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華英成語合璧字集

A MANDARIN-ROMANIZED

DICTIONARY
OF CHINESE

—BY—

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for China (C. L. S.), Shanghai.

(On the same principle as G. C. Stent's Vocabulary.)

2ND EDITION.

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—
1907.

Gift of Mr. Arthur Sanderson

To you

1880

7126
M145
1907

WILLIAM T. SANDERSON

1880

TO THE USER OF THIS DICTIONARY.



Plan.—This is practically a phrase-book in which *Mandarin* so largely predominates as to justify the name "Romanized-Mandarin Dictionary." In the first column is found the pronunciation, according to the most widely accepted system of Romanization (Wade's), of some 4,500 Chinese characters, ninety-five per cent. of which are followed by a group of characters, which when affixed to the introductory character, constitute a phrase, either *Mandarin*, or more rarely *Wên-li*. The order of letters in the English alphabet determines the order in which the syllables are printed, not only for the initials but also for all the phrases arranged under each character. (In this edition the old order of hs—ssü, ts—at end is changed to natural order, and u precedes ü instead of following, in harmony with other recent authorities.) The most numerous group under a tone comes first in order, with the single character, requiring infrequent reference at the end. Next to the Romanized stands the radical and any other ways of writing the character.

In the second column, opposite the corresponding sound, are found the appropriate Chinese character or characters. The first character of a group is followed by a figure, a letter, a second figure and a letter. The first figure refers the reader, if he cares, to the page of Giles' Chinese-English Dictionary, on which the character is found, while the letters a, b, c will enable him to locate the column which contains it. The second figure and letters show the page and column in Williams' Dictionary in the same way. Thus users of Giles or Williams may at once refer to them for fuller information without the labor of searching in their radical indexes.

Thirdly, opposite the Chinese is found a necessarily brief definition. In some cases references to other sources of information are appended, either to the four authorities named below or to notes at the end of the volume. To economise space (tzŭ) 子 is printed after each single character which may have that enclitic without

perceptible difference in meaning. The word "same" means that the meaning is the same as the previous entry.

Fourthly, after many of the definitions are found in brackets romanized words and phrases, cognate or parallel to those definitions. These, which even the beginner can readily turn up, will conduct to fresh fields and enlarged knowledge.

The Romanization.—The system followed is that known as Wade's, which practically holds the field in Chinese dictionaries. A comparative table of systems in use is prefixed.

The Tones.—These are corrected according to Goodrich and Giles. An attempt, only partially successful, has been made to show the tones as modified by meaning.

Contents of Dictionary.—While *Kuan-hua* preponderates, a number of *Wên-li* phrases are also allowed a place, especially if common in the speech of scholars. As to which are *Kuan-hua* and which *Wên-li* the student must ask his teacher, or better trust his own ears. There are about seven thousand more phrases now inserted than in the first revision.

Use of Dictionary.—Its chief use is held to be to aid the learner in acquiring the SPOKEN language (both sound and written form). He is cautioned, however, that not every phrase here should be indiscriminately learned and used. As ARTHUR H. SMITH says: "Let him test acquisitions like bank notes to see if they will pass!" Speaking generally each person must use his own judgment as to what phrases he shall finally incorporate into his own *working* vocabulary. By careful listening and questioning teachers and others, he can usually decide correctly as to what to use and what to lay aside.

The learner having heard a word, or better a phrase, will find this Dictionary come to his aid even in the absence of a teacher: 1st, that he may understand what he has heard; 2nd, that he may ascertain its written form without laborious searching in Radical Indexes and huge dictionaries; and 3rd, that he may at the same time find a group of phrases more or less related to the one he has just heard.

To suppose a case: the learner has *heard* the expression 安居樂業. If he can, from hearing, judge that the first sound is *An*, he turns at once to *An*, and under it he finds the phrase in question together with its relatives, and at the same time a ready road to larger dictionaries. To suppose another case: in *reading* he finds the character 安. If he knows its sound, he may at once find it and its group as in the preceding case. But if he does not recognise it, a reference to the Radical Index at the back will at once show where the character and its group are to be found.

Contractions.

- M. = Mateer's Lessons (1st edition).
 R. = Mayers' Chinese Reader's Manual.
 G. = ,, Chinese Government.
 W. = Williams' Middle Kingdom.

For Radicals, Index, Notes and Tables, see end of book.

MEMOIR

— OF —

GEORGE CARTER STENT

While belonging to the British Legation Escort in Peking in 1869, Mr. Stent first discovered a taste for the study of Chinese, chiefly in its colloquial form, and his aptitude and perseverance received their first encouragement from Mr. (afterwards Sir Thomas) Wade, British Minister to Peking, himself famous for his *自適集* or Colloquial Lessons and other works on Chinese. Mr. Stent then joined the Foreign Customs Service, serving successively at Chefoo, Shanghai, Wenchow, and Swatow. Early in 1882 he was appointed to Takow, Formosa, and in May, 1883, he became assistant-in-charge of the Customs at that port, which post he continued to hold till 1st September, 1884, the day of his death.

His chief literary work was his "Chinese and English Vocabulary in the Pekingese Dialect." He early showed a taste for colloquial novels, and began making a collection of phrases on the plan now so well-known, and followed in all subsequent editions. The first edition came out in 1871 and the second in 1877. Its popularity was evident from the beginning. In 1874 he also published a "Chinese and English Pocket Dictionary."

He was a member of the China Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, to whose Journal he contributed three papers (see Vol. VII and XI). In "Scraps from my Sabretache" he described some of his early experiences as a soldier in India. His "Jade Chaplet", "Fanning the Grave", etc., show that he had considerable skill as a versifier and translator. Mr. Stent's career in China and his literary achievements furnish a good example of what can be accomplished—with perseverance, enthusiasm, and good sense—even by one who has failed to enjoy the advantage of a liberal education.

[Condensed from *Journal of China Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society* for the year 1885.]

COMPARATIVE ROMANIZATIONS.

<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>	<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>
A	A	O	A, Nga	Ch'ua	Ch'ih		Ch'wa
Ai	Ai	Ai; ngai	Ai, Ngai	Chuai	"		Chwai
An	An	An; ngan	An, Ngan	Ch'uai	"	Chwai	Ch'wai
Ang	"	"	Ang	Chuan	"	Chwen	Chwan
Ao	Ao	Ngao	Ao	Ch'uan	"	Ch'wen	Ch'wan
Cha	Chah	Cha	Cha	Chuang	"	Chwang	Chwang
Ch'a	Ch'ah	Ch'a	Ch'a	Ch'uang	"	Ch'wang	Ch'wang
Chai	"	"	Chai	Chui	"	"	Chwei
Ch'ai	"	"	Ch'ao	Ch'ui	"	"	Ch'wei
Chan	"	Chan; chen	Chan	Chun	Chuen	Chun	Chun
Ch'an	"	Ch'an; ch'en	Ch'an	Ch'un	Ch'uen	Ch'un	Ch'un
Chang	"	"	Chang	Chung	Chong	Chung	Chung
Ch'ang	"	"	Ch'ang	Ch'ung	Ch'ong	Ch'ung	Ch'ang
Chao	"	"	Chao	Chü	Chüh	Küh	Chü
Ch'ao	"	"	Ch'ao	Ch'ü	Ch'üh	K'üh	Ch'ü
Chê	Chae	Chê	Chei, Chê	Chüan	Chüen	Küan; tsüen	Chüen
Ch'ê	Ch'ae	Ch'ae	Ch'ê	Ch'üan	Ch'üen	K'üen; ts'uen	Ch'üen
Chei				Chüeh	"	Küeh; tsüeh	Chüe
Chên	Chen	Chăn; ch'eng	Chên	Ch'üeh	"	K'üeh; ts'üeh	Ch'üe
Ch'ên	Ch'en	Ch'an	Ch'ên	Chün	Chüin	Kiün	Chün
Chêng	Cheng	Ching	Chêng	Ch'un	Ch'ün	K'ün; ts'ün	Ch'un
Ch'êng	Ch'eng	Ch'ing	Ch'êng	È	Eh	Ngoh	E, Oă
Chi	Chih	Kih; tsih	Chi	Ën	En	Ngăn	Ën
Ch'i	Ch'ih	K'ih; ts'ih	Ch'i	Êng			Êng
Chia	Chiah	Kiah	Chia	Èr			Èr
Ch'ia	"	K'ia	Ch'ia	Fa	Fah	Fa	Fa
Ch'ial	K'iai	Ch'iai	Ch'ial	Fan	"		Fan
Chiang	"	Kiang; tsiang	Chiang	Fang	"		Fang
Ch'iang	"	K'iang; ts'iang	Ch'iang	Fei	"	Féi	Fei
Chiao	"	Kiao; tsiao	Chiao	Fên	Fen	Făn	Fên
Ch'iao	"	K'iao; ts'iao	Ch'iao	Fêng	Feng	Fung	Fêng
Chieh	{ Chie; Chieh	Tsié; tsieh	Chie	Fo	Feo	Feu	Foă
Ch'ieh	"	Ts'ieh; k'ieh	Ch'ie	Fou	Fu	Fu	Fou
Chien	"	Tsien; kien	Chien	Ha	"		Ha
Ch'ien	"	Ts'ien; k'ien	Ch'ien	Hai	"	Hai	Hai
Chih	Chih	Chih	Ch'i	Han	"	"	Han
Ch'ih	Ch'ih	Ch'ih	Ch'ih	Hang	"	"	Hang
Chin	"	Tsin; kin	Chin	Hao	"	"	Hao
Ch'in	"	Ts'in; k'in	Ch'in	Hê			Hê, hei
Ching	"	Tsing; king	Ching	Hei	Heh	Hoh	Hei
Ch'ing	"	Ts'ing; k'ing	Ch'ing	Hên	Hen	Hăn	Hên
Chiu	"	Kiu	Chiu	Hêng	Heng	Hăng	Hêng
Ch'iu	"	K'iu	Ch'iu	Hou	Heo	Heu	Hou
Chiung	Chiung	Kiüng	Chiung	Hsi	"	Hi; si	Hsi
Ch'iuung	Ch'iuung	K'iuung	Ch'iuung	Hsia	"	Hia	Hsia
Cho	Choh	Cho	Choă	Hsiang	"	Hiang; siang	Hsiang
Ch'o	Ch'oh	Ch'o	Ch'oă	Hsiao	"	Hiao; siao	Hsiao
Chou	Cheo	Cheu	Chou	Hsieh	"	Hieh; sich	Hsie
Ch'ou	Ch'eo	Ch'eu	Ch'ou	Hsien	"	Hien; sien	Hsien
Chu	Chuh	Chê	Chu	Hsin	"	Hin; sin	Hsin
Ch'u	Ch'uh	Ch'u	Ch'u	Hsing	"	Hing; sing	Hsing
Chua	"	Chwa	Chwa	Hsiu	"	Hiu; siu	Hsiu

<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>	<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>
Hsiung	Hsiung	Hiung	Hsiung	K'uang	Kuah	K'wang	K'wang
Hsü	Hsiuh	Hsü	Hsü	Kuei	"	Kwéi	Kwei
Hsüan	Hsüen	Hüen ; süen	Hsüen	K'uei	"	K'wéi	K'wei
Hsüeh	Hsüe	Hüe	Hsüe	Kun	Kuen	Kwun	Kun
Hsün	Hsuin	Hiun ; siün	Hsün	K'un	K'uen	Kw'un	K'un
Hu	"		Hu	Kung	Kong	Kung	Kung
Hua	Hua	Hwah	Hwa	K'ung	K'ong	K'ung	K'ung
Huai	"	Hwai	Hwai	Kuo	Kueh	Kwoh	Kwoä
Huan	"	Hwan	Hwan	K'uo	K'ueh	K'woh	K'woä
Huang	"	Hwang	Hwang	La	La	La	La
Hui	Huei	Hwui	Hwei	Lai	"	"	Lai
Hun	Huen	Hwun	Hun	Lan	"	"	Lan
Hung	Hong	Hung	Hung	Lang	"	"	Lang
Huo	Huh	Huh ; hwuh } hwoh }	Hwoä	Lao	"	"	Lao
I	Ih	Yih	I	Lê	Leh	Lê	Lê
Jan	Ran	Jan	Jan	Lei	Lui	Léi	Lei
Jang	Rang	Jang	Jang	Lêng	Leng	Läng	Lêng
Jao	Rao	Jao	Jao	Li	Li	Li	Li
Jê or Jô	Reh	Jeh	Jê, Joä	Lia	"	"	Lia
Jên	Ren	Jän	Jên	Liang	"	"	Liang
Jêng	Reng	Jäng	Jêng	Liao	"	"	Liao
Jih	Rih	'Rh	Ji	Lieh	"	Lieh ; lüeh	Lie
Jou	Reo	Jeu	Jou,	Lien	"	"	Lien
Ju	Ruh	Juh	Ju	Lin	"	"	Lin
Juan	Ruan	Jwan	Jwan	Ling	"	"	Ling
Jui	Rui	Jui	Jwei	Liu	"	"	Liu
Jun	Ruen	'Jun	Jun	Lo	Loh	Lo	Loä
Jung	Rong	Jung	Jung	Lou	Leo	Leu	Lou
Ka	"	"	Ka	Lu	Lu	Lu	Lu
Kai	"	"	Kai	Luan	"	Luan	Lwan
K'ai	"	"	K'ai	Lun	Luen	Lun	Lun
Kan	"	"	Kan	(or lün)	"	"	"
K'an	"	"	K'an	Lung	Long	Lung	Lung
Kang	"	"	Kang	Lü	Lüh	Lu	Lü
K'ang	"	"	K'ang	Lüan	Luan	Lwan ; lüen	Lüen
Kao	"	"	Kao	Lüeh	"	Lueh	Lioä
K'ao	"	Koh	K'ao	Lün	"	"	Lün
Kê	"	K'oh	Kê	Ma	Ma	Ma	Ma
K'ê	"	"	K'ê	Mai	"	"	Mai
Kei	"	"	Kei	Man	"	"	Man
Kên	Ken	'än	Kên	Mang	"	"	Mang
K'ên	K'en	K'än	K'ên	Mao	"	"	Mao
Kêng	Keng	Käng	Kêng	Mei	"	Méi	Mei
K'eng	K'eng	K'äng	K'êng	Mên	Men	Män	Mên
Kou	Keo	Keu	Kou	Mêng	Meng	Mäng ; mung	Mêng
K'ou	K'eo	K'eu	K'ou	Mi	Mi	Mieh ; mé	Mi
Ku	Kuh	Ku	Ku	Miao	"	"	Miao
K'u	K'uh	K'u	K'u	Mieh	"	"	Mie
Kua	Kuah	Kwah.	Kwa	Mien	"	"	Mien
K'ua	"	K'wa	K'wa	Min	"	"	Min
Kuai	"	Kwai	Kwai	Ming	"	"	Ming
K'uai	"	K'wai	K'wai	Miu	"	"	Miu
Kuan	"	Kwan	Kwan	Mo	Mo	Mo	Moä
K'uan	"	K'wan	K'wan	Mou	"	Meu	Mou
Kuang	"	Kwang	Kwang	Mu	Muh	Mu	Mu
				Na	Nah	Nali ; noh	Na

<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>	<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>
Nai	Nah	Nah ; noh	Nai	P'ou	P'eo	P'eu	P'ou
Nan	"	"	Nan	Pu	"	"	Pu
Nang	"	"	Nang	P'u	"	"	P'u
Nao	"	"	Nao	Sa	Sah	Sa	Sa
Nê	"	"	"	Sai	"	"	Sai
				San	"	"	San
Nei	Nui	Nei	Nei	Sang	"	"	Sang
Nên			Nên	Sao	"	"	Sao
Nêng	Neng	Năng	Nêng	Sê	Seh	Sê	Sê
Ni	Ni	Ni	Ni	Sên	"	"	Sên
Niang	"	"	Niang	Sêng	"	Săng	Sêng
Niao	"	"	Niao	Sha	"	Sha	Sha
Nieh	"	"	Nie	Shai	"	"	Shai
Nien	"	"	Nien	Shan	"	"	Shan
Nin	"	"	Nin	Shang	"	"	Shang
Ning	"	"	Ning	Shao	"	"	Shao
Niu	"	"	Niu	Shê	Sheh	Shê	Shê
No	"	"	Noă	Shên	"	Shăn	Shên
Nou	"	Neu	Nou	Shêng	"	Shăng;shing	Shêng
Nu	"	"	Nu	Shih	Shi	Shi ; sh'	Shi
Nuan	"	Nwan	Nun	Shou	Sheo	Sheu	Shou
Nun	Nuen	Nün	"	Shu	"	Shu	Shu
Nung	Nong	Nung	Nung	Shuai	"	Shwai	Shwai
Nü	"	"	Nü	Shuan	"	Shwan	Shwan
Nüeh	"	"	Nüe	Shuang	"	Shwang	Shwang
Ou	Eo	Ngeu	Ou	Shui	"	"	Shwei
Pa	Pa	Pa	Pa	Shun	Shuen	Shun	Shwn
P'a	"	"	P'a	Shuo	Shoh	Shoh;shwoh	Shwoă
Pai	"	"	Pai	So	"	"	Soă
P'ai	"	"	P'ai	Sou	"	"	Sou
Pan	"	"	Pan	Su	"	"	Su
P'an	"	"	P'an	Suan	"	"	Swan
Pang	"	"	Pang	Sui	"	"	Swei
P'ang	"	"	P'ang	Sun	Suen	"	Sun
Pao	"	"	Pao	Sung	Song	"	Sung
P'ao	"	"	P'ao	Szũ	Sĩ	"	Sĩ
Pei	"	P'ei	Péi	Ta	Tah	"	Ta
P'ei	"	P'úi	P'úi	T'a	T'ah	"	T'a
Pên	"	Păn	Pên	Tai	"	"	Tai
P'ên	"	P'ăn	P'ên	T'ai	"	"	T'ai
Pêng	"	Pang	Peng	Tan	"	"	Tan
P'êng	"	P'ăng	P'eng	T'an	"	"	T'an
Pi	"	Pi	Pi	Tang	"	"	Tang
P'i	"	P'í	P'í	T'ang	"	"	T'ang
Piao	"	"	Piao	Tao	"	"	Tao
P'iao	"	"	P'iao	T'ao	"	"	T'ao
Pieh	"	"	Pie	Tê	Teh	Tê	Tê
P'ieh	"	"	P'ie	T'ê	T'eh	Tê'h	T'ê
Pien	"	"	Pien	Tei	"	"	"
P'ien	"	"	P'ien	T'ei	"	"	"
Pin	"	"	Pin	Têng	Teng	Tăng	Têng
P'in	"	"	P'in	T'êng	T'eng	T'ăng	T'êng
Ping	"	"	Ping	Ti	Ti	Ti	Ti
P'ing	"	"	P'ing	T'i	T'i	T'i	T'i
Po	"	"	Poă	Tiao	"	"	Tiao
P'o	"	"	P'oă	T'iao	"	"	T'iao

<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>	<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>
Tieh	Tie	Tié	Tie	Tsun	Tsuen	Tsun	Tsun
T'ieh	"	"	T'ie	Ts'un	Ts'uén	Ts'un	Ts'un
Tien	"	"	Tien	Tsung	Tsong	Tsung	Tsung
T'ien	"	"	T'ien	Ts'ung	Ts'ong	Ts'ung	Ts'ung
Ting	"	"	Ting	Tu	Tuh	Tu	Tu
T'ing	T'ing	T'ing	T'ing	T'u	T'uh	T'u	T'u
Tiu	Tiu	Tiu	Tiu	Tuan	"	Twan	Twan
To	Toh	To	Toă	T'uan	"	T'wan	T'wan
T'o	T'oh	T'o	T'oă	Tui	"	"	Twei
Tou	"	"	Tou	T'ui	"	"	T'wei
T'ou	"	"	T'ou	Tun	Tuen	Tun	Tun
Tsa	Tsah	Tsa	Tsa	Tung	Tong	Tung	Tung
Ts'a	Ts'ah	Ts'ah	Ts'a	T'ung	T'ong	T'ung	T'ung
Tsai	"	"	Tsai	Tzŭ	Tsŭ	Tsz'	Tsŭ
Ts'ai	"	"	Ts'ai	T'zŭ	Ts'ŭ	Ts'z	Ts'ŭ
Tsan	"	"	Tsan	Wa	Uah	Wah	Wa
Ts'an	"	"	Ts'an	Wai	Uai	Wai	Wai
Tsang	"	"	Tsang	Wan	Uan	Wan	Wan
Ts'ang	"	"	T'sang	Wang	Uang	Wang	Wang
Tsao	"	"	Tsao	Wei	Uei	Wéi ; wi	Wei
Ts'ao	"	"	Ts'ao	Wên	Uen	Wân	Wên
Tsê	Tseh	Tsê	Tsê	Wêng	O	Ngo	Wêng
T'sê	Ts'eh	Ts'ê	Ts'ê	Wo		O	Wo
Tsei			Tsei	Wu	U	Wu	Wu
Tsên	Tsen	Tsân	Tsên	Ya	Ia	Ya	Ya
Ts'ên	Ts'en	Tsan	Ts'ên	Yai	Iai	Yai	Yai
Tsêng	Tseng	Tsâng ; chǎng	Tsêng	Yang	Iang	Yang	Yang
Ts'êng	Ts'eng	Ts'âng ; ch'ǎng	Ts'ên	Yao	Iao	Yao	Yao
Tso	Tsoh	Tso	Tsoă	Yeh	Ieh	Yeh	Yeh
Ts'o	Ts'oh	"	Ts'oă	Yen	Ien	Yen	Yen
Tsou	Tseo	"	Tsou	Yin	Yin	Yin	Yin
T'sou	Ts'eo	"	Ts'ou	Ying	Ing	Ying	Ying
Tsu	Tsuh	Tsu	Tsu	Yu	Yu	Yu	Yu
Ts'u	Ts'uh	Ts'u	Ts'u	Yung	Iong	Yung	Yung
Tsuan	"	Tswan	Tswan	Yŭ	Iuh	Yuh	Yŭ
Ts'uan	"	Ts'wan	Ts'wan	Yüen	Uen	Yuen	Yüan
Tsui	"	"	Tswei	Yüe	Üeh	Yueh	Yüeh
T'sui	"	"	Ts'wei	Yün	Üin	Yun	Yün

MANDARIN-ROMANIZED

DICTIONARY OF CHINESE

A¹

AI¹

A ¹ (o ¹)	阿	1a643a	affirmative particle (2, 3, 4.)	[G. 11.
u ⁴ -ko ¹	阿哥		sons of the emperor; elder brothers (Manchoo).	
a ¹ -kung ¹ -tzu ³	阿公子		the eldest son of a nobleman.	
a ¹ -lo ² -han ⁴	阿羅漢		an arhat or Lo Han.	
a ¹ -ma ¹	阿媽		a nurse; father.	
a ¹ -t'i ⁴	阿嚏		to sneeze (ta ³ t'i ⁴ fén ¹).	
a ¹ -wei ⁴	阿魏		asafetida.	
a ³	阿	1b643a	exclamation of doubt.	
a ³ -shén ² -mo ¹	阿甚麼		ha! what! what are you hawing at?	
a ⁴ -mi ² -t'o ² -fo ³	阿彌陀佛		Amida Buddha.	
a ¹ (o ¹)	阿	2a644a	final particle, generally interrogative.	
a ¹ -jé ⁴	阿熱		oppressively hot.	
a ¹	阿	2a1082o	dirty.	
a ¹ -tsa ¹	阿		dirty. See ang ¹ tsang ² (wu ¹ hui ⁴).	
AI ¹	哀	2b619a	compassion, pity, grief, love.	
ai ² -chang ⁴	哀杖		staff carried in funeral processions.	
ai ¹ -chao ⁴	哀召		edict announcing the death of an emperor.	
ai ¹ -chi ²	哀極		extreme grief.	
ai ¹ -ch'i ⁴	哀泣		to lament, to weep.	
ai ¹ -ch'i ⁴ -in ²	哀求		to entreat piteously, to implore.	
ai ¹ -êrh ² -pu ⁴ -shang ¹	哀而不傷		mournful yet not distressing (music).	
ai ¹ -hao ²	哀號		loud lamentation.	
ai ¹ -kao ⁴	哀告		to make a piteous report; to entreat.	
ai ¹ -k'ên ³	哀懇		to earnestly entreat.	
ai ¹ -k'u ¹	哀哭		to weep, to lament.	
ai ¹ -lê ⁴	哀樂		grief and joy.	
ai ¹ -lien ³	哀憐		to pity, to commiserate (k'o ³ lien ³).	
ai ¹ -shên ⁴	哀甚		extreme grief.	
ai ¹ -shêng ¹	哀聲		the sound of grief or pity.	
ai ¹ -tsai ¹	哀哉		alas!	
ai ¹ -ts'an ³	哀慘		pitiful, affecting (k'o ³ lien ³).	

ai ¹ -t'ung ⁴	哀慟	extreme grief.
ai ¹ -t'ung ⁴ -p'o ⁴ -ch'ieh ⁴	哀慟迫切	extreme grief.
ai ¹ -tzu ³	哀子	an orphan boy, a motherless child (ku ¹). [(1,3,4).
ai ¹	口 噯	an exclamation of pleasure, surprise, pain or anger
ai ¹ -ya ¹	噯呀	alas! oh dear! oh! dear me!
ai ¹	口 歎	an interjection, a sound of reply; to sigh (also 3).
ai ¹ -k'o ³ -hsi ¹	唉可惜	alas!
ai ¹ -t'an ⁴	唉歎	a sigh, to sigh (t'an ⁴ hsi ²)
ai ¹ -ti ¹ -i ¹ -shêng ¹	唉的一聲	heaved a sigh (t'an ⁴ liao ³ i ¹ shêng ¹).
ai ¹ -tsên ³ -mo ³ -yang ⁴	唉怎麼樣	oh dear! how's that?
ai ¹ -ying ¹ -shêng ¹	唉應聲	a sound of assent.
ai ¹	噯	exclamation.
ai ¹ -yu ¹	噯呦	an exclamation, alas!

AI ³	手 挨	to receive, to suffer; side by side, M, 204 (also 1).
ai ³ -chi ³	挨擠	to press, to crowd (yung ³ chi ³).
ai ³ -chi ³ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	挨擠不動	unable to press through crowd.
ai ³ -chi ⁴ -k'uo ³	挨及國	Egypt (伊及).
ai ³ -chien ³	挨肩	shoulder to shoulder.
ai ³ -chên ¹ -ssü ⁴ -chên ¹	挨金似金	next to gold like gold (fig.).
ai ³ -cho ² -p'ai ³ -tî ¹	挨着排的	side by side in regular order.
ai ³ -cho ² -t'z'ü ⁴ -hsü ³	挨着次序	in regular order.
ai ³ -k'ao ⁴	挨靠	to rely upon.
ai ³ -lêng ³ -shou ³ -tung ⁴	挨冷受凍	to suffer great cold.
ai ³ -ma ⁴	挨罵	to receive abuse (shou ⁴ ju ⁴).
ai ³ -mên ³ -ch'á ³	挨門查	a house to house search (sou ¹).
ai ³ -ming ³ -pu ³ -yung ⁴	挨名補用	to fill vacancies in order of names.
ai ³ -o ⁴	挨餓	to be hungry, to come to want (jên ³ chi ¹) [pao ³].
ai ³ -pao ³	挨保	to be surety for candidates at examinations (lin ³
ai ³ -ta ³	挨打	to receive a beating.
ai ³ -t'á ¹ -tso ¹ -shên ⁴	挨他作甚	why do you press close to him?
ai ³ -t'á ¹ -un ¹	挨村	neighboring villages; to receive abuse.
ai ³ -t'z'ü ⁴	挨次	in order.
ai ³ -t'z'ü ⁴ -lun ³ -lün ³	挨次輪流	in regular rotation.
ai ³ -t'z'ü ⁴ -tiên ³ -ming ³	挨次點名	to check off names in order.
ai ³	土 埃	dust (t'u ³).
ai ³ -ch'ên ³	埃塵	dust, dirt (ch'ên ² t'u ³).
ai ³ -kou ⁴	埃垢	same.

AI ³	矮 矮	a dwarf, low, short (shên ¹ liang ⁴ , kao ¹ ai ²).
ai ³ -fang ³	矮房	a low house or room.
ai ³ -hsiao ³	矮小	low, short, stunted.
ai ³ -t'ai ³	矮臺	a low stage, terrace, or gallery.

ai³-tun¹-tun¹-ti¹ai³-tzu³矮墩墩的
矮子

too low, dumpy.

a dwarf (ts'ou² tzü³, hsi⁴ kao¹ t'iao⁴).AI⁴

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ai⁴ai⁴-cho³-ch'ing²-mien⁴ai⁴-cho³-feng¹-su²ai⁴-ho²-fang¹ai⁴-k'ou²ai⁴-ni³-ho²-kan¹ai⁴-pu⁴-cho²ai⁴-shih⁴ai⁴-shou²ai⁴-wo³-ti⁴-shih⁴ai⁴-yü³ai⁴

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ai⁴-hsi²ai⁴-hsi²-kuang¹-yin¹ai⁴-hsi²-p'ü²-jou⁴ai⁴-hsiao³-p'ien⁴-i²ai⁴-i⁴ai⁴-jen²-ju²-chi³ai⁴-min²-ju²-tzu²ai⁴-mu⁴ai⁴-ping⁴ai⁴-tai⁴-kao¹-miao²ai⁴-t'ai²-kang⁴ai⁴-ts'ai²ai⁴-wu⁴ai⁴ (yeh⁴)ai⁴-miao⁴ai⁴ai⁴

言 請 12S1b10S0a

請 廟

艸 艾 3c620a

草 隘 1266b2b

to obstruct, to hinder, to interfere with.

same (pu⁴ ai⁴ ti¹, fang¹ ai⁴).

to interfere with friendly feelings.

to interfere with usage or custom.

of what consequence? what harm?

unbecoming language, something unpleasant to

how does it concern you?

cannot matter to (pu⁴ ai⁴ shih⁴).

to obstruct an affair, to be an obstacle,

interferes with my hand.

it interferes with my affairs.

unpleasant to the eye (ch'ou³ lou⁴). [(ch'in¹ ai⁴).

tolike, to love; to be wont, to be subject to. M.145.

to love, to pity; to be sparing of; love.

to economise time.

to care for the health.

fond of petty gains.

willing, inclined (yüan⁴ i⁴).

to love your neighbor as yourself.

to love the people as sons (an official).

fond of, e. g., persons, doctrine, etc.

subject to illness.

fond of praise (fig.).

fond of argument, or contradiction.

to covet wealth, miserly (t'an¹ ts'ai²).

to be careful of an article.

to visit; a guest.

to visit the temples (an official-act).

mugwort, artemisia.

a defile, also yai⁴.AN¹an¹-chai²an¹-chia¹an¹-ch'iang¹-hsi⁴an¹-chih⁴an¹-chih⁴-hao²-liao³an¹-ch'in³an¹-ching⁴an¹-chü¹-lê⁴-yeh⁴

安 4c620a

安宅

安家

安腔戲

安置

安置好了

安寢

安靖

安居樂業

quiet, repose; where, how (lúan⁴).

a peaceful house.

to suitably provide for your-family, such as

Anhui music.

to place in a quiet state.

to arrange satisfactorily.

to sleep comfortably, tranquil sleep.

peace and quiet (p'ing² an¹).

to live tranquilly and prosperously.

an ¹ -chun ¹ g ¹	安重	calmly, steadily.
an ¹ -fang ⁴	安放	to put in a safe place or position.
an ¹ -fung ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴	安放不下	cannot put in a safe place.
an ¹ -fên ⁴	安分	to be satisfied in one's own sphere,
an ¹ -fên ⁴ -shou ⁴ -chi ³	安分守己	live peaceably doing one's duty.
an ¹ -fu ²	安扶	to protect, to support.
an ¹ -fu ⁴ -tsun ¹ -jung ³	安富尊榮	wealthy and honored.
an ¹ -hsi ²	安息	to rest peacefully.
an ¹ -hsi ² -hsiang ¹	安息香	Gum Benjamín.
an ¹ -hsi ² -jih ⁴	安息日	a day of rest, the Christian sabbath (i ³ pai ⁴ [jih ⁴]).
an ¹ -hsi ² -yu ²	安息油	oil of Gum Benjamín.
an ² -hsia ⁴	安下	prepared, ready.
an ¹ -hsiang ²	安祥	calmly, steadily.
an ¹ -hsiang ² -t'ai ¹ -p'ing ²	安享太平	to enjoy tranquillity, e. g., the Empire (kuo ² [t'ai ⁴ min ² an ¹]).
an ¹ -hsieh ¹	安歇	to rest from labour, to repose, to sleep.
an ¹ -hsien ²	安閒	repose and leisure (k'ung ¹ êrh ²).
an ¹ -hsin ¹	安心	to compose one's mind.
an ¹ -hsin ¹ -k'êng ¹ -hai ⁴	安心坑害	intentionally injuring others.
an ¹ -hsin ¹ -pu ⁴ -cho ²	安心不善	cannot be at ease.
an ¹ -hsin ¹ -pu ⁴ -shan ⁴	安心不善	intentionally doing evil.
an ¹ -hui ¹	安徽	name of a province in China. W. I. 103.
an ¹ -jan ²	安然	in a state of repose, tranquilly.
an ¹ -jan ² -tzü ⁴ -tsai ⁴	安然自在	at ease.
an ¹ -k'ang ¹	安康	heartly, robust (chuang ⁴ shih ²).
an ¹ -k'ên ²	安肯	very willing; are you willing to?
an ¹ -kuei ⁴	安桂	Cochin Chinese cinnamon (jou ⁴ kuei ⁴).
an ¹ -lé ⁴	安樂	ease and pleasure (yen ⁴ lē ⁴).
an ¹ -mên ²	安門	a peaceful gate (i. e., house).
an ¹ -mien ²	安眠	to sleep peaceably.
an ¹ -min ²	安民	to tranquillize the people.
an ¹ -ming ⁴	安命	contented with one's lot.
an ¹ -nan ² -kuo ²	安南國	Cochin China.
an ¹ -nêng ² -ju ² -tz'ü ³	安能如此	how can it be thus?
an ¹ -ning ²	安寧	tranquil, in a state of repose.
an ¹ -p'ai ²	安排	to arrange, to set in order.
an ¹ -p'ai ² -t'o ³ -tang ¹	安排妥當	to arrange satisfactorily.
an ¹ -pên ²	安本	Amban, Chinese Resident in Thibet.
an ¹ -p'in ²	安貧	contented in poverty.
an ¹ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴	安不上	cannot place upon.
an ¹ -shên ¹	安身	in good health.
an ¹ -shên ²	安神	to dedicate a new idol, to enshrine.
an ¹ -shên ² -chu ² -p'ai ²	安神主牌	to set up ancestral tablet, and dot it.
an ¹ -shêng ¹	安生	comfort, orderly, quiet (of children).

an ⁴ -ling ² -hsia ⁴ -hu ⁴	安丁下戶	to take up residence.
an ¹ -ting ⁴	安定	at rest, tranquil, settled.
an ¹ -t'o ³	安妥	composed, steady, secure, safe.
an ⁴ -tsang ⁴	安葬	to set down safely, to arrange.
an ¹ -tso ⁴	安坐	to sit comfortably.
an ¹ -tun ⁴	安頓	to bury (mai ² tsang ⁴).
an ¹ -t'ung ³	安童	servant boys (shih ² huan ⁴ jên ²).
an ¹ -wei ⁴	安慰	to soothe, to console, to comfort.
an ¹ -wên ³	安穩	steady, firm, stable, sound.
an ¹ -wên ³ -chiao ²	安穩覺	sound sleep.
an ¹ -ying ²	安營	to encamp.
an ¹ -ying ² -hsia ⁴ -hai ⁴	安營下寨	to encamp.
an ¹ -yü ²	安寓	to lodge.
an ¹ (t'ü)	鞞	a saddle.
an ¹ -ch'an ⁴	鞍轡	saddle-flaps.
an ¹ -ch'iao ²	鞍橋	pommel and hind-spoon of a saddle.
an ¹ -ch'ien ² -ma ² -hou ⁴	鞍前馬後	bustling, busy, officious.
an ¹ -hsin ¹ -tzu ²	鞍心子	the seat of a saddle.
an ¹ -t'ü ⁴	鞍屉	the pad under a saddle.
an ¹	庵	[ku ¹ an ¹].
an ¹ -chü ²	庵主	a cottage; a Buddhist nunnery or convent (ni ²)
an ¹ -t'ang ²	庵堂	the principal of a Buddhist nunnery
an ¹	人	a convent; central hall for idols.
an ¹ -ch'ün ²	俺	I myself (colloquial) (also with 們).
an ¹ -ch'ün ²	鳥	quail. (i ¹ chih ¹).
an ¹ -ch'ün ² -tou ⁴	鸚鵡鬥	quails fight.
an ¹	口	gobble up. Also nan.
AN ⁴ (or ên)	手	to press with the hand; to examine; according to.
an ⁴ -ch'a ²	按察	to examine.
an ⁴ -ch'a ² -shih ²	按察使 (司)	a provincial judge. G. 267. (nich ¹ t'ai ²).
an ⁴ -cho ²	按著	according to (chao ⁴ cho ²).
an ⁴ -cho ² -li ² -hsing ²	按著禮行	to act according to propriety.
an ⁴ -cho ² -li ² -shuo ¹	按著理說	to speak according to reason.
an ⁴ -fa ²	按法	according to law.
an ⁴ -hsia ⁴	按下	to press down (read ên).
an ⁴ -li ⁴	按例	according to law.
an ⁴ -mo ²	按摩	to shampoo.
an ⁴ -pan ² -yen ²	按板眼	keeping proper time in music.
an ⁴ -pên ² -fên ⁴	按本分	according to one's duty.
an ⁴ -ping ¹	按兵	to stop the advance of troops.
an ⁴ -ping ¹ pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	按兵不動	to station troops permanently.
an ⁴ -ping ¹ -pu ⁴ -fa ¹	按兵不發	to locate troops without moving.
an ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chiu ⁴ -pan ¹	按部就班	to follow the prescribed order.

an ⁴ -yüan ⁴		按院	the yamên of a provincial judge (nieh ⁴ t'ai ¹).
an ⁴	木	案 5c622b	an official table; a case in law (kao ³ an ⁴).
an ⁴ -chieh ³		案結	the completion of a case (liao ³ an ⁴).
an ⁴ -chien ⁴		案件	a law case, an affair brought before a magistrate.
an ⁴ -chien ⁴ -wei ⁴ -ch'ing ¹		案件未清	the cases are not yet settled.
an ⁴ -ch'ing ²		案情	the circumstances of a case.
an ⁴ -cho ¹		案桌	a long narrow table.
an ⁴ -chüan ⁴		案卷	records of a case.
an ⁴ -hsüan ²		案懸	to remand a case.
an ⁴ -k'ao ³		案考	to examine.
an ⁴ -pan ³		案板	a chopping board.
an ⁴ -shou ³		案首	first on list of 童生 (under-graduates).
an ⁴ -yu ²		案由	the circumstances of a case (shih ⁴ ch'ing ²).
an ⁴ -yüan ²		案元	head of the list.
an ⁴	日	暗 6b622a	gloomy, dark, secretly, mentally.
an ⁴ -an ⁴ -ti ¹		暗暗的	stealthily, secretly (ming ² ming ² ti ¹).
an ⁴ -chien ⁴ -nan ² -fang ²		暗箭難防	the secret arrow cannot be guarded against.
an ⁴ -chien ⁴ -shang ¹ -jên ²		暗箭傷人	to secretly injure a person.
an ⁴ -chung ¹		暗中	in secret, by stealth.
an ⁴ -fang ²		暗訪	an underhand or secret enquiry (ssü ¹ fang ²).
an ⁴ -hai ⁴		暗害	to secretly injure one.
an ⁴ -hao ⁴		暗號	a privaté or secret signal.
an ⁴ -hsiang ³		暗想	to contemplate, to meditate (mo ⁴ hsiang ³).
an ⁴ -hsiao ⁴		暗笑	to laugh inwardly.
an ⁴ -li ³ -ts'ang ² -tao ¹		暗裡藏刀	to secrete a knife.
an ⁴ -ma ²		暗碼	cipher, e. g., for telegrams.
an ⁴ -mei ⁴		暗昧	gloomy, dark.
an ⁴ -mei ⁴ -p'ü ⁴ -ming ²		暗昧不明	obscure.
an ⁴ -shih ⁴		暗室	a dark room.
an ⁴ -suan ⁴		暗算	to plot (mou ²).
an ⁴ -tao ⁴		暗道	secret sects.
an ⁴ -ti ⁴		暗地	a dark place; underhand, clandestinely.
an ⁴	言	諳 6c621b	skilled in, fully acquainted with.
an ⁴ -lien ⁴		諳練	experienced, Imperial tutors.
an ⁴	山	岸 7a622c	a beach, a bank, a shore (hai ³ yen ²).
an ⁴ -tou ²		岸陡	the bank is steep.
ANG ¹	骨	髒 2a1082c	dirty (wu ¹ hui ⁴).
ang ¹ -tsang ¹		髒髒	dirty (a ¹ tsai ¹).
ANG ²	日	昂 7c2a	to raise, to elevate, to increase.
ang ² -ang ² -ch'i ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		昂昂氣像	a pompous manner (ta ⁴ mu ² ta ⁴ yang ⁴).
ang ² -kuei ⁴		昂貴	rising in price, high in price (chia ⁴ ch'ien ²).

- AO³ (*Giles*¹) 火 熬 S**624a**
 ao²-ch'êng²-ho² 熬成河
 ao²-ch'êng²-kao⁴ 熬成膏
 ao²-ch'êng²-p'ò³ 熬成婆
 ao²-chien¹ 熬前
 ao²-chiu³ 熬酒
 ao²-chou¹ 熬粥
 ao²-h'u¹-lai³ 熬出來
 ao²-i¹-ao¹ 熬一熬
 ao²-jih⁴-yūeh⁴ 熬日月
 ao²-lan⁴-liao³ 熬爛了
 ao²-p'i²-chiao¹ 熬皮膠
 ao²-pu⁴-kuo⁴ 熬不過
 ao²-pu⁴-lan² 熬不爛
 ao²-ta⁴-yen¹ 熬大煙
 ao²-t'ang¹ 熬湯
 ao²-yeh⁴ 熬夜
 ao² 廣 廢 S**624c**
 ao² 是 遶 S**624a**
 ao² 魚 熬 O**624c**
 ao² 支 熬 S**623c**
- AO³ (*tzü*³) 衣 襖 9**624c**
 a proud quilted coat (p'i³ ao³).
- AO⁴ 人 傲 S**625a**
 ao⁴-ch'i⁴ 傲氣
 ao⁴-hsing⁴ 傲性
 ao⁴-jung³ 傲容
 ao⁴-nun⁴ 傲慢
 ao⁴-nio⁴ 傲虐
 ao⁴ 大 奧 9**625b**
 ao⁴-miao⁴ 奧妙
 ao⁴-miao⁴-fa³-tzu³ 奧妙法子
 ao⁴-miao⁴-wu²-ch'iun³ 奧妙無窮
 ao⁴ 心 懊 9**625a**
 ao⁴-hui³ 懊悔
 ao⁴ 水 澳 9**625b**
 ao⁴-mén² 澳門
 ao⁴ 邑 鄂 8**40c628a**
- CHA¹ 手 扎 10**a7b**
 chu¹-chên¹ 扎鍼
 cha²-chêng¹-pu⁴-chu⁴ 扎掙不住
- to boil, to decoct, to distil, awake through the
 became a river (gradually). [night (chiu², p'uo⁴)].
 to simmer till it becomes thick, e. g., opium.
 to simmer down to a mother-in-law.
 "boil and fry," to decoct, to harass, to worry.
 to distil spirits.
 to make congee.
 relieved from anxiety or worry.
 to give it a boil.
 to work diligently a long time.
 boiled to rags, cooked thoroughly.
 to make glue.
 unable to endure (ch'ih¹ pu⁴ chu⁴).
 cannot boil to rags.
 to prepare opium for smoking.
 to boil soup.
 to work at night (ta² yeh⁴, ta² ao²).
 granary (ts'ang¹).
 to ramble.
 a big seafish.
 proud, haughty, uncivil,
 a quilted coat (p'i³ ao³).
 proud (chiao¹ ao⁴).
 a proud, haughty temper.
 a proud, haughty disposition.
 a haughty carriage or appearance.
 to treat with scorn or haughtiness; uncivil.
 proud and tyrannical (pao⁴ nio⁴).
 mysterious, abstruse.
 marvellous.
 a mysterious plan.
 infinite mystery.
 to repent, to regret (hou⁴ hui³).
 same (t'ung⁴ hui³).
 a high bank or shore, a bay.
 Macao. W. I. 170.
 Hupeh. (or o).
 to thrust; to pluck up; to tie (and 2).
 acupuncture in Chinese surgery.
 cannot make the effort, cannot endure (the pain).

cha ¹ -chui ¹		扎猪	to stick a pig.
cha ¹ -êrh ³ -to ³		扎耳朶	to pierce the ear.
cha ¹ -ju ² -tzũ ³		扎筏子	to make a raft.
cha ¹ -kuan ¹		扎花	to make artificial flowers (chih ³ cha ¹).
cha ¹ -lan ⁴ -liao ³		扎爛了	pricked to pieces.
cha ¹ -mêng ³ -tzũ ³		扎猛子	to dive.
cha ¹ -pang ³		扎綁	to bind together.
cha ¹ -p'o ⁴		扎破	to prick a hole in.
cha ¹ -shang ¹		扎傷	to stab.
cha ¹ -shih ²		扎實	strong, robust.
cha ¹ -t'ou ⁴ -liao ³		扎透了	pricked through.
cha ¹ (tsa)	系	紮 ^{10c7a}	tie up, wind, bind; also tsa ¹ .
cha ¹ -chiao ³		紮脚	to bind the feet of girls.
cha ¹ -chîn ¹		紮巾	to tie up, a turban.
cha ¹ -ts'ai ³ -lou ²		紮綵樓	to erect hangings like a tower.
cha ¹ -ts'ai ³ -shêng ²		紮綵繩	the cord used in decorative hangings.
cha ¹ -yin ² -p'an ²		紮營盤	troops lying in quarters.
cha ¹	水	渣 ^{11a3a}	grounds, dregs.
cha ¹ -ts'ao ³		渣草	river weeds, etc.
cha ¹ -tzũ ³		渣滓	grounds, dregs.
cha ¹	口	喳 ^{11a3a}	to chirrup; to reply; yes, sir.
cha ¹	足	踏 ^{11a4a}	to walk through (e. g., mud).
cha ¹	木	楂 ^{12c3a}	a sour red fruit, a species of haw (shan ¹ cha ¹).
cha ¹	手	扞 ^{13b3c}	to expand, open out.
cha ¹ -sha ¹ -shou ³		扞抄手	[straits. (chih sha) to hold up the hands in despair or in
CHA ²	門	閘 ^{11b8b}	a gate, a pass, a canal lock.
cha ² -ho ³		閘河	the lock river, e. g., Grand Canal
cha ² -k'ou ³		閘口	the entrance to a pass or canal lock.
cha ² -kuan		閘官	officer in charge of a pass or lock.
cha ² -lan ³		閘欄	street barriers.
cha ² -mên ²		閘門	a canal gate, a lock.
cha ² -pan ³		閘板	a lock, big gate sill-board.
cha ² -shang ¹ -shui ³		閘上水	to dam water.
cha ²	火	炆 ^{13c8c}	to fry in oil, lard, etc., (chien ¹ , ch'ao ³).
cha ² -chiao-liao ³		炆焦了	fried crisp.
cha ² -kao ¹		炆糕	a kind of cake fried in oil.
cha ² -ti ¹ -pu ⁴ -ts'ui ⁴		炆的不脆	not fried crisp enough.
cha ²	木	札 ^{10b7a}	a despatch from a superior (wên ² shu ¹).
cha ² -(tzũ)	竹	劄 ^{11b7c}	same (shu ¹ cha ²).
cha ² -fu ⁴		劄復	a reply to the petition of an inferior officer.
cha ² -wên ²		劄文	a despatch from a superior.
cha ²	片	插 ^{15c8b}	shutters of shop (p'ai ³ ch'ui ¹).

cha ² -pan ²	金	插板	same.	
cha ²		鑿	knife for cutting fodder.	
cha ² -tao ¹		鑿刀	same.	
cha ² -ts'ao ²		鑿草	to cut fodder with such a knife.	
CHA ³	手	炸 ^{12a40a}	a span (i ¹ t'o ³). Goodrich = 折 ³ .	
cha ³ -(tzü)		炸 ^{13c8b}	coal, nut coal or coal in bits (² , ⁴) (mei ² , t'an ⁴).	
cha ³ -p'o ⁴	日	炸破	burst to pieces.	
cha ³		眨 ^{12b8c}	to wink, to blink.	
cha ³ -pa ¹ -yen ³	虫	眨巴眼	same (i ¹ chan ³ yen ³).	
cha ³ -yen ³		眨眼	same (chi ² yen ³).	
cha ³	虫	蚱 ^{12a959a}	name of a fish; an insect; fly-blown.	
cha ³ -mêng ³		蚱蜢	a sort of locust, or grasshopper (ma ² cha ³).	
CHA ⁴	丩	乍 ^{11c4a}	suddenly, unexpectedly, hastily.	
cha ⁴ -chien ⁴		乍見	to see unexpectedly, or for the first time.	
cha ⁴ -chin ⁴		乍進	to enter hastily.	
cha ⁴ -chin ⁴ -ch'êng ²		乍進城	when you first enter the city.	
cha ⁴ -fu ⁴		乍富	sudden wealth, upstart riches.	
cha ⁴ -han ² -cha ⁴ -lêng ³		乍寒乍冷	sudden cold spells, e. g., in disease.	
cha ⁴ -hui ⁴		乍會	to meet unexpectedly or for the first time.	
cha ⁴ -i ¹ -k'ai ¹ -k'on ²		乍一開口	on first opening one's mouth.	
cha ⁴ -lêng ³ -cha ⁴ -jé ⁴		乍冷乍熱	sudden alternations of heat and cold	
cha ⁴ -li ² -k'ai ¹		乍離開	suddenly leave.	
cha ⁴ -mêng ³ -ti ¹		乍猛的	suddenly.	
cha ⁴ -shêng ¹ -chien ⁴ -mien ⁴		乍生見面	on first meeting a stranger.	
cha ⁴ -shêng ¹ -pu ⁴ -shu ²		乍生不熟	a new acquaintance.	
cha ⁴ -tao ⁴		乍到	to arrive unexpectedly.	
cha ⁴ -tao ⁴ -ching ¹ -chung ¹		乍到京中	when you first come to Peking.	
cha ⁴ -t'ui ⁴		乍退	to retire hastily.	
cha ⁴ -wên ²		乍聞	to hear for the first time, or suddenly.	
cha ⁴		言	詐 ^{12a4b}	false, deceitful, fraudulent.
cha ⁴ -ch'êng ¹			詐稱	fraud, to obtain fraudulently (o ³ cha ⁴).
cha ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴			詐次	to deceive or startle by lies.
cha ⁴ -wei ¹	木	詐僞	false, deceitful (kuei ² cha ⁴).	
cha ⁴		柵 ^{11c42c}	a railing, a barrier.	
cha ⁴ -lan ²		柵欄	same.	
cha ⁴	木器	榨 ^{12b4c}	an oil press (chiu ³ cha ⁴).	
CH'A ¹	工	差 ^{15a5a}	difference, mistake, error. See ch'ai ²	
ch'a ¹ -chiao ²		差脚	an outsider, a straggler.	
ch'a ¹ -chi ¹ -hao ² -li ²		差之毫釐	a trifling difference.	
ch'a ¹ -ch'ih ²		差池	a mistake, an error.	

ch'a¹-i¹-tien³-érh³ 差一點兒
 ch'a¹-i⁴ 差異
 ch'a¹-pu⁴.to¹ 差不多
 ch'a¹-tê²-yüan³ 差得遠
 ch'a¹-to¹ 差多
 ch'a¹-ts'o⁴ 差錯
 ch'a -tzü⁴ 差字
 ch'a¹-yu³-hsien⁴ 差有限
 ch'a¹ 手插 16c9b
 ch'a¹-ch'i²-tzü³ 插旗子
 ch'a¹-ch'ih⁴ 插翅
 ch'a¹-cho³-shou³ 插著手
 ch'a¹-hsieh³-ting³-mên³ 插血訂盟
 ch'a¹-hua⁴ 插話
 ch'a -kuan¹ 插關
 ch'a¹-shang³.ts'ao³-piao¹ 插上草標
 ch'a¹-shê² 插舌
 ch'a¹-shui³ 插水
 ch'a¹-tsui³ 插嘴
 ch'a¹ 言 16a8b
 ch'a¹ 叉 14a5a
 ch'a¹-shou³ 叉手
 ch'a¹ 手 14a5a
 ch'a¹-cho³-yao¹ 叉着腰

a slight difference.
 strange, out of the common.
 nearly the same, almost. M. 138.
 very different, very far short.
 a great difference or mistake.
 mistaken, erroneous.
 a wrong character (ts'o⁴ tzü⁴).
 a little difference.
 to stick into, to pierce.
 to stick up a flag.
 to fix on wings, to fly.
 arms akimbo.
 to seal a treaty with blood.
 to put in one's word, to intermeddle.
 a bolt, a door-bar ; to bolt (mên² shuan¹).
 to fix up a straw sign.
 to put in one's word, to intermeddle.
 to wade in water.
 to put in one's word, to intermeddle.
 to be verbose.
 to clasp the hands ; a fork.
 to clasp the hands.
 to pick up with fork or fingers,
 with arms akimbo.

CH'A² 艸 16b5a
 ch'a²-chi¹ 茶
 ch'a²-chiao³ 茶几
 ch'a²-chien¹ 茶脚
 ch'a²-ch'ien² 茶尖
 ch'a²-ch'ih³ 茶錢
 ch'a²-ching 茶匙
 ch'a²-ch'ing¹ 茶鏡
 ch'a²-chin³ 茶青
 ch'a²-chuan¹ 茶酒
 ch'a²-ch'uan² 茶傳
 ch'a²-fung² 茶船
 ch'a²-hu² 茶房
 ch'a²-hu²-t'ao⁴ 茶壺 套
 ch'a²-hu²-tsui³ 茶壺 嘴
 ch'a²-hua¹ 茶花
 ch'a²-kang¹-tzü³ 茶缸 子
 ch'a²-kao⁷ 茶膏

tea (p'ao⁴, ch'i³, k'ai¹, tao⁴).
 a tea-poy.
 the bottom of the tea-pot (the best).
 to drink tea ; refreshment.
 cumshaws to bearers of presents.
 a tea-spoon.
 dark-colored spectacles.
 olive, or bronze colour.
 tea and wine.
 tea in form of compressed bricks.
 a metal saucer for tea-pot.
 attendants in yamên for making tea for guests.
 a tea-pot.
 a tea-cosy.
 the spout of a tea-pot.
 the camellia.
 a tea-cup.
 a sort of opium cure used by the sect (Tsai Li).

ch'a ² -kuan ²	茶館	a tea shop.
ch'a ² -mo ⁴	茶末	broken tea-leaf, tea-dust.
ch'a ² -p'an ²	茶盤	a tea-saucer, or tray.
ch'a ² -pei ¹	茶杯	a tea-cup (ch'a ² wan ²).
ch'a ² -p'ing ³	茶瓶	a tea-bottle or canister.
ch'a ² -shih ²	茶師	a tea-inspector, a tea-taster.
ch'a ² -shui ³	茶水	tea, tea infused.
ch'a ² -t'ieh ²	茶碟	a tea-saucer.
ch'a ² -t'ing ²	茶亭	a tea-house
ch'a ² -t'o ²	茶托	small metal salver or saucer for tea-cups.
ch'a ² -tsang ⁴	茶罐	the cylindrical piece inside the tea-pot.
ch'a ² -wan ²	茶碗	a tea-cup.
ch'a ² -yeh ⁴	茶葉	tea (in leaf).
ch'a ²	木查	[as following].
ch'a ² -ch'a ²	查察	to examine, to search, to investigate (this same
ch'a ²	查察	to examine into details, as a magistrate.
ch'a ² -chao ²	查查	to examine, e. g., judicially; to discover,
ch'a ² -chih ¹	查查	to make search for.
ch'a ² -ch'u ¹	查查	to detect; detectives
ch'a ² -fang ³	查查	to discover.
ch'a ² -ho ²	查查	to search out (hsün ² fang ⁴).
ch'a ² -k'an ⁴	查查	to examine and tally.
ch'a ² -k'ao ²	查查	to look into closely.
ch'a ² -ming ²	查查	to examine (k'ao ³ ch'a ²).
ch'a ² -shou ¹	查查	to ascertain.
ch'a ² -to ²	查查	examined and receipted.
ch'a ² -wén ⁴	查查	to examine and decide.
ch'a ² -yüan ⁴	查查院	to investigate.
ch'a ²	手搽	a court of justice at Peking.
ch'a ² -fên ²	搽粉	to smear (also 搽, ts'a ¹ , ch'a ²).
ch'a ² -kan ² -ching ⁴	搽乾淨	to smear pigment, to powder, to paint. (See
ch'a ² -pu ⁴ -tiao ⁴	搽不掉	to wipe clean.
ch'a ²	街縫	cannot rub out, e. g., inkstain.
		flaws (ch'i ² ko ⁴ ch'a ²).
CH' A ⁴	山岔	to branch off; to miss.
ch'a ⁴ -liao ² -ch'i ⁴ -liao ²	岔了氣了	to have a stitch (pain) in the side (here ch'a ²)
ch'a ⁴ -lu ⁴	岔路	to lose one's way, diverging paths.
ch'a ⁴	木杈	a forked branch, a stump.
ch'a ⁴ -chih ¹	杈枝	a forked branch, a stump.
ch'a ⁴ -cho ² -mén ²	杈着門	the door barred.
ch'a ⁴ -tzu ²	杈子	a cheval-de-frise.
ch'a ⁴	衣杈	skirt of a robe.
ch'a ⁴ -k'u ⁴	杈褲	outside half-pants (t'ao ⁴ k'u ⁴).

ch'a⁴ 言 詫 17c6c
 ch'a⁴-i⁴ 詫 異
 ch'a⁴-i⁴-tê²-hên³ 詫 異 得 很
 ch'a⁴ 刹 17b9a

to talk big, to brag.
 to be amazed (hsi¹ ch'i³).
 greatly amazed.
 Buddhist monastery.

CHAI 齋 齋 18b10a
 ch'ai¹-chieh⁴ 齋 戒
 ch'ai¹-chieh⁴-mu⁴-yü⁴ 齋 戒 沐 浴
 ch'ai¹-fan⁴ 齋 飯
 ch'ai¹-kung¹ 齋 公
 ch'ai¹-kung¹ 齋 工
 ch'ai¹-sêng¹-pai⁴-fo² 齋 僧 拜 佛
 ch'ai¹-sêng¹-tao⁴ 齋 僧 道
 ch'ai¹-su¹-so³ 齋 宿 所
 ch'ai¹-t'ang² 齋 堂
 ch'ai¹ 手 摘 18a959a
 ch'ai¹-an¹-tzü³ 摘 鞍 子
 ch'ai¹-hsi⁴-ch'ü⁴-pa⁴ 摘 下 去 罷
 ch'ai¹-kuo³-tzü³ 摘 菓 子
 ch'ai¹-mao⁴-tzü³ 摘 帽 子
 ch'ai¹-ting³ 摘 頂
 ch'ai¹-t'o¹ 摘 脫
 ch'ai¹-t'ou² 摘 頭
 ch'ai¹-yu² 摘 牙
 ch'ai¹-yin⁴ 摘 印
 ch'ai¹ 人 側 1154a957a
 ch'ai¹-êrh³-êrh²-t'ing¹ 側 耳 而 聽
 ch'ai¹-fang² 側 房
 ch'ai¹-lêng² 側 稜
 ch'ai¹-lien³ 側 臉
 ch'ai¹-lou⁴ 側 陋
 ch'ai¹-shou³ 側 首
 ch'ai¹-wai¹-t'ang²-cho² 側 歪 躺 着
 ch'ai¹-wo⁴ 側 臥

fasting; a study, a shop.
 to fast, to guard against; an amulet.
 to fast and purify one's self (Mencius).
 to fast, vegetable diet (ch'ih¹ chai¹).
 attendants in temples, women pilgrims.
 same.
 to support the Buddhist faith.
 to give meals to Buddhist and Taoist priests.
 name of a room for fasting in Confucian temple,
 the refectory in a Buddhist temple.
 to pluck, to pull off. See tsê².
 to unsaddle.
 take it down!
 to gather fruit.
 to take off the cap (mien² kuan²). [meanor].
 to take away a mandarin's button for misde-
 to withdraw, to abscond.
 to take off the head-gear.
 to pull a tooth (hao² fa³).
 to deprive of office (ko² chih²).
 oblique, to lean or lie on one side; mean. (See ts'ê⁴).
 to incline the ear and listen.
 a side room, a concubine.
 inclined, uneven (p'ien¹ hsieh²),
 a side face, a profile.
 of low rank, mean, vile.
 to half turn the head.
 to lie on one's side.
 same.

CHAI² (tzü) 宅 19a959c
 ch'ai²-chao⁴ 宅 兆
 ch'ai²-fang² 宅 房
 ch'ai²-shê⁴ 宅 舍
 ch'ai²-ti⁴ 宅 第
 ch'ai²-yüan² 宅 園
 ch'ai² 手 擇 1152a958b
 ch'ai²-chu¹-lai² 擇 出 來

house, a family, a home, a grave; to fix, to settle.
 to divine respecting a grave and the day of burial.
 a family mansion.
 a house, a cottage (kuan¹ chai²).
 a mansion, a house, an apartment.
 courtyard of a house (or 院).
 choose. Also=tsê³. See 摘, chai¹ or tsê⁴.
 to pick out.

ch'ai²-jih⁴-t'ü³ 擇日子
 ch'ai²-kan⁴-ching⁴-liao³ 擇乾淨了
 ch'ai²-ko⁴-k'ung⁴-êrh³ 擇個空兒
 ch'ai²-tiao³-ch'ü⁴-pa⁴ 擇了去罷
 ch'ai²-pu³-k'ai¹-k'ung⁴ 擇不開空

to choose (a lucky) day.
 all picked.
 to choose a time of leisure.
 pick it out!
 cannot get leisure (ch'ou² k'ung⁴ rh).

CHAI³ 穴 窄 19b959a
 ch'ai³-chin³ 窄緊狹
 ch'ai³-hsia² 窄狹
 ch'ai³-hsiao³ 窄小
 ch'ai³-lin¹-lin¹-ti² 窄溜溜的
 ch'ai³-pa¹ 窄巴
 ch'ai³-tao⁴ 窄道
 ch'ai³ 人 仄 1153a959b
 ch'ai³-shêng¹ 仄聲

narrow, compressed, straitened
 narrow and tight, compressed (k'uan³ ch'o⁴),
 confined, narrow.
 narrow (liang⁴ sao⁴).
 quite narrow, contracted.
 narrow, contracted
 a narrow road.
 oblique tone—also tsô⁴, chô⁴.
 the oblique tones.

CHAI⁴ 人 債 18b10b
 ch'ai⁴-chu² 債主人
 ch'ai⁴-jên² 債人
 ch'ai⁴-lei² 債累
 ch'ai⁴-to¹-pu⁴-ch'ou² 債多不愁
 ch'ai⁴ (tzü) 案 19c10b
 ch'ai⁴-cha⁴ 案柵
 ch'ai⁴-chu² 案主
 ch'ai⁴-mên² 案門

to owe, to be in debt (ch'ien⁴).
 a creditor (yao⁴ chang⁴).
 a debtor (huan⁴ ch'ai⁴).
 involved in debt [them.
 when your debts are many you do not grieve over
 an enclosure, a fort (Houan = walled village).
 a stockade,
 a head or chief of bandits.
 the gate of a stockade.

CH'AI¹ 工 差 15a5a
 ch'ai¹-ch'ien² 差遣
 ch'ai¹-ch'ih² 差池
 ch'ai¹-i⁴ 差役
 ch'ai¹-jên² 差人
 ch'ai¹-kuan³ 差官
 ch'ai¹-p'ai⁴ 差派
 ch'ai¹-shang⁴ 差上
 ch'ai¹-shih² 差使
 ch'ai¹-shih²-ti¹-jên² 差使的人
 ch'ai¹-wei² 差委
 ch'ai¹-wu⁴ 差務
 ch'ai¹ 手 拆 20a960b
 ch'ai¹-fan²-t'ü² 拆房子
 ch'ai¹-hsi² 拆洗
 ch'ai¹-hsin⁴ 拆信
 ch'ai¹-huai⁴ 拆壞

to send, the messenger sent. See ch'ai¹, tz'ü¹.
 to send, to depute.
 mistake, error (ts'o⁴).
 official servants; runners.
 a messenger (t'ing¹ ch'ai¹): [gate.
 an official on service—special, an official dele.
 to send on service (tang¹ ch'ai¹).
 a messenger, a yamên runner.
 any kind of employment.
 a person despatched on any business.
 to depute, to send (wei² yüan²).
 public business or employment.
 to break open, to pull down, to demolish.
 to pull down a house.
 to take off and wash.
 to break open a letter.
 to break to pieces.

ch'ai¹-hui³ 拆毀
ch'ai¹-i¹-shang¹ 拆衣裳
ch'ai¹-k'ai¹ 拆開
ch'ai¹-san⁴ 拆散
ch'ai¹-shê² 拆折
ch'ai¹-tuan⁴ 拆斷
ch'ai¹-tzü⁴ 拆字
ch'ai¹ 金 釵^{20b11a}
ch'ai¹-ch'uan⁴ 釵釧
ch'ai¹-ch'ün² 釵裙
ch'ai¹-huan² 釵環
ch'ai¹-tsan¹ 釵簪

to pull down, to demolish.
 to unrip clothes.
 to break or tear open.
 to scatter, to disperse.
 to break, to destroy.
 to break asunder.
 fortune telling by dissection of characters.
 a large pin, a bodkin.
 hair pins and armlets, ornaments.
 the female sex.
 hair pins and earrings, ornaments.
 head ornaments for women.

CH'AI² 木 柴^{20b11a}
ch'ai²-huo³ 柴火
ch'ai²-huo³-to³ 柴火朶
ch'ai²-i¹-pa¹ 柴一把
ch'ai²-i¹-tan⁴ 柴一擔
ch'ai²-mi³ 柴米
ch'ai²-mi³-fu¹-ch'i¹ 柴米夫妻
ch'ai²-t'an⁴ 柴炭
ch'ai²-ts'ao³ 柴草
ch'ai² 豸 豺^{21a11b}
ch'ai²-lang³ 豺狼
ch'ai²-lanj²-tang¹-tao⁴ 豺狼當道
ch'ai² 3 4 冊^{1154b42b}

fuel firewood (p'i¹ ch'ai²).
 same.
 stack of fuel.
 a bundle of fuel.
 same.
 "fuel and rice," means of living,
 marriage of convenience.
 wood and charcoal, fuel.
 fuel.
 the wolf.
 wolf, truculent.
 fig. of bad officials,
 register, record. Also ts'ê⁴.

CH'AI³ 足 跣^{1122b1034b}
ch'ai³-huai⁴-liao³ 跣壞了
ch'ai³-pien³-la¹ 跣匾喇

tread on. Also ts'ai³, tz'ü³.
 ruined by trampling.
 trampled flat.

CHAN¹ 卜 占^{21a43a} 估
chan¹-hsien¹ 占先
chan¹-k'o⁴ 占課
chan¹-kua⁴ 占卦
chan¹-kua⁴-suan⁴-ming⁴ 占卦算命
chan¹-pu³ 占卜
chan¹-pu⁴-ling³ 占不靈
chan¹-suan⁴ 占算
chan¹-ti⁴-pu⁴ 占地步
chan¹-yen³ 占驗
chan¹ 水 沾^{22a43a}
chan¹-ch'ao³ 沾潮

to divine, to cast lots; to encroach; to wait.
 to assume the precedence.
 to tell fortunes (chao⁴).
 to divine, to cast lots (k'o⁴ kua⁴).
 to cast lots and calculate fortunes.
 to divine, to cast lots (suan⁴ ming⁴).
 failure of a divination.
 to divine, to cast lots.
 to take advantage of (ch'en⁴ chi¹ hui⁴).
 the verification of prognostics.
 to moisten, to be affected by.
 damp, moist.

[See chan⁴

chan¹-chih³
 chan¹-ên¹
 chan¹-jan³
 chan¹-jun⁴
 chan¹-kuang¹
 chan¹-ni³
 chan¹-shih¹
 chan¹-shou³
 chan¹-shou⁴-huang³-ên¹
 chan¹-yü³
 chan¹ 米
 chan¹-kao⁴-shih⁴
 chan¹-lien³
 chan¹-t'ieh¹
 chan¹ 毛 {
 chan¹ (tzu³) { 氈
 chan¹-mao⁴-tzu³ { 氈帽子
 chan¹-t'an³ { 氈毯子
 chan¹-wa⁴-tzu³ { 氈襪子
 chan¹ 目 { 瞻
 chan¹-wang⁴ [yang³] 瞻望
 chan¹-yang³-chan¹ 瞻仰瞻仰

沾執
 沾恩
 沾染
 沾潤
 沾光
 沾泥
 沾濕
 沾手
 沾受 皇恩
 沾雨
 粘 830a634b
 粘告示
 粘連
 粘貼
 毡 22c43b
 氈
 氈帽子
 氈毯子
 氈襪子
 瞻 22b44b
 瞻望
 瞻仰瞻仰

obstinate, narrow-minded (ku³ tao¹ jou⁴).
 to receive favours.
 steeped in, saturated, infected, contaminated.
 imbued, bedewed. [tage.
 with your kind permission, to gain some advan-
 soiled with mud (chien⁴ ni³).
 damp, moist.
 to dip in, get a share.
 to receive Imperial favor.
 moistened by rain.
 paste, to paste, adhesive; a supplement. See nien³
 to paste up a proclamation.
 to attach to, supplementary.
 to paste up or on.
 felt.
 same (ti⁴ chan¹),
 felt caps or hats.
 druggets and carpets.
 felt stockings.
 look up to, respect.
 look up to, respect.
 to look for, respect (polite).

CHAN³ 尸 展 23b44o
 chan³-ch'ih⁴
 chan³-chuan³
 chan³-hsien⁴
 chan³-k'ai¹
 chan³-k'ai¹-ti⁴-pu⁴
 chan³-k'an⁴
 chan³-mei³
 chan³-pu⁴
 chan³-sung⁴
 chan³-ts'ai³
 chan³ 車 斬 24b12a
 chan³-chia³ [ch'ih³]
 chan³-chiao³-ling³-
 chan³-ch'ü⁴-shou³-chi³
 chan³-chüeh³
 chan³-sha¹
 chan³-shou³ [chung⁴]
 chan³-shou³-shih⁴-
 chan³-sui⁴

展 23b44o
 展翅
 展轉
 展限
 展開
 展開地步
 展看
 展眉
 展布
 展誦
 展才
 斬 24b12a
 斬絞
 斬絞凌遲
 斬去首級
 斬決
 斬殺
 斬首
 斬首示衆
 斬碎

to open, to spread out, to expand.
 to spread the wings.
 repeatedly, again and again; to revolve.
 to extend the limit (k'uan¹ hsien⁴).
 to open out.
 to extend the space.
 to open and look, to inspect, to examine.
 "to expand the eyebrows," to look cheerful.
 to open or spread out.
 to open and read.
 to open one's powers.
 to behead, to cut asunder, to cut up (ko¹ shou³),
 beheading and strangling.
 decapitation, strangling, death by inches.
 to decapitate a rebel.
 to behead immediately (jü⁴ chüch³).
 to kill by beheading.
 to behead (k'an³ nao³ tai⁴).
 to decapitate in terrorem.
 to cut up, to mince.

chan ³ -t'ou ³	斬頭	to behead (wu ³ hsing ³).	
chan ³ -ts'ao ³ -ch'u ² -kên ¹	斬草除根	cut off the grass and remove the root.	
chan ³ -tsui ⁴	斬罪	a capital crime.	
chan ³ -tuan ⁴	斬斷	to cut asunder.	
chan ³ -yao ¹ -ch'u ² -hsieh ³	斬妖除邪	exorcising.	
chan ³	手攬 ^{23c44c}	to bind up, to wipe away.	
chan ³ -pu ⁴	攬布	dish-cloth.	
chan ³	車輓 ^{23c44c}	to turn as a wheel, to turn half round. See nien ³ .	
chan ³ -chuan ³ -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹	輓轉不開	cannot be done.	
chan ³ -chuan ³ -t'êng ² -no ²	輓轉騰挪	turning and moving in all directions,	
chan ³	皿盞 ^{24a12a}	a cup, numerative of lamps, etc.	
CHAN⁴	立	站 ^{21b13a}	to stand up, standing-still, to stop.
chan ⁴ -ch'í ³ -lai ²		站起來	to stand up, stand up.
chan ⁴ -chia ⁴		站枷	a standing cangue.
ch'an ¹ -chiao ³		站腳	a foothold.
chan ⁴ -chu ⁴		站住	to stop (t'ing ³ chu ⁴).
chan ⁴ -chuan ¹		站磚	to punish (women) by standing heel and toe on [brick.
chan ⁴ -fang ³		站房	to occupy house or room.
chan ⁴ -li ⁴		站立	to stand up, to stand well.
chan ⁴ -lung ²		站籠	the cage punishment.
chan ⁴ -pan ¹		站班	the standing attendants.
chan ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'í ³ -lai ²		站不起來	cannot stand up.
chan ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴		站不住	cannot remain standing.
chan ⁴ -pu ⁴ -lao ²		站不牢	not strong enough to stand.
chan ⁴ -lao ⁴		站道	a stage of a journey.
chan ⁴ -t'ou ²		站頭	same (p'ou ⁴ chan ⁴ tsou ³).
chan ⁴ -tu ² -fang ³		站獨房	to be sole occupant of a room (in inn).
chan ⁴ -wên ³ -liao ²		站穩了	standing, firmly.
chan ⁴	日	暫 ^{24c946a}	a short time, temporary, the time being.
chan ⁴ -chieh ⁴		暫借	a temporary loan.
chan ⁴ -ch'ieh ³		暫且	temporarily, for a short time.
chan ³ -chu ⁴		暫住	to stop for a time (chi ⁴ chu ⁴).
chan ⁴ -hou ⁴		暫候	to wait for a short time.
chan ⁴ -hsieh ¹		暫歇	to rest for a short time.
chan ⁴ -liu ¹		暫留	to leave for a time.
chan ⁴ -pieh ²		暫別	to separate from a friend for a short time.
chan ⁴ -shih ²		暫時	a short time, a little while (ch'uing ³ k'ou ⁴).
chan ⁴ -têng ³		暫等	to wait a while (têng ³ i ¹ têng ³).
chan ⁴	戈	戰 ^{25a45c}	to fight; a battle; to dread, to tremble.
chan ⁴ -ch'ang ²		戰場	the field of battle.
chan ⁴ -ch'ê ¹		戰車	a war chariot.
chan ⁴ -chên ⁴		戰陣	in battle array.

chan ⁴ -ching ¹ -ching ¹ -ti ¹	戰兢兢的	tremblingly.
chan ⁴ -ch'uan ²	戰船	a war junk (t'ieh ³ chia ³ ch'uan ²).
chan ⁴ -chū ⁴	戰懼	alarmed, to tremble with fear.
chan ⁴ -ku ³	戰鼓	a battle drum.
chan ⁴ -li ⁴	戰慄	trembling with fear.
chan ⁴ -ma ³	戰馬	a war-horse.
chan ⁴ -pai ⁴	戰敗	to be defeated in battle.
chan ⁴ -piao ³	戰表	a written challenge to fight.
chan ⁴ -shêng ⁴	戰勝	to gain the victory (sai ² chan ⁴ pai ² shêng ⁴).
chan ⁴ -shu ¹	戰書	a written challenge to fight.
chan ⁴ -tou ³ -tou ² -ti ¹	戰抖抖的	tremblingly (ta ² lêng ³ chan ⁴).
chan ⁴ -tou ⁴	戰鬥	fighting and quarreling.
chan ⁴ -ts'ê ⁴	戰策	strategy in war.
chan ⁴	糸 綻 ^{24c12c}	a hole, a slit, a rent, a seam opened, to open.
chan ⁴ -hsien ⁴	綻線	frayed, unravelled, to fray.
chan ⁴ -hua ¹	綻花	an opening flower.
chan ⁴ -liao ³ -hsüeh ¹ -ti ³	綻了鞋底	an opening at the sole of the boot.
chan ⁴ -lieh ⁴	綻裂	to tear a garment, to rip open a seam.
chan ⁴	木 棧 ^{23c12b}	a warehouse, storehouse or godown.
chan ⁴ -fang ³	棧房	same.
chan ⁴ -huo ⁴	棧貨	to store goods.
chan ⁴	水 湛 ^{25a12c}	clear, soak in.
chan ⁴ -ên ¹	湛恩	to receive grace.
chan ⁴ -hsin ¹	湛新	new, brand-new (ts'ü ⁴ hsin ¹).
chan ⁴ -lu ⁴	湛露	dew.
chan ⁴	人 佔 ^{21b45b}	[See chan ¹ . to grasp at, to encroach on, to covet, to usurp.
chan ⁴ -jên ² -ch'i ¹ -nü ²	佔人妻女	to take one's wife by force.
chan ⁴ -jên ² -t'ien ² -ti ⁴	佔人田地	to usurp one's land.
chan ⁴ -p'ien ⁴ -i ³	佔便宜	to take advantage of anything.
chan ⁴ -shang ⁴ -fêng ¹	佔上風	to get the advantage of. [some].
chan ⁴	廿 蘸 ^{25b12c}	to dip into (baptism by immersion according to).
chan ⁴ -shou ³	蘸手	to dip the hand in.
chan ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -hui ² -li ³	蘸在水裡	to dip into the water.

CH'AN ¹	手 攪 ^{25c13a}	to mix up, to mingle; to support.
ch'an ¹ -ch'i ³	攪起	to lift up, to support (fu ² ch'i ³).
ch'an ¹ -ch'iang ³ -hsing ¹	攪搶星	a comet (sao ⁴ chou ³ hsing ¹).
ch'an ¹ -fu ³	攪扶	to support, to assist (pung ¹ chu ⁴).
ch'an ¹ -ho ²	攪合	to mix together (chiuo ³ ho ²).
ch'an ¹ -ho ²	攪和	to mix, mixed; cordial, friendly, social.
ch'an ¹ -hsiao ³ -ch'ien ³	攪小錢	mix bogus cash with good.
ch'an ¹ -k'ang ¹ -shih ³	攪糠	mix chuff and water (adulteration).
ch'an ¹ -lia ² -li ² -shui ³	攪了假	mixed false (with true).

sh'an¹-shang³-ch'ü⁴
ch'an¹-tsa²

擡上去
攪雜

to raise up by the arm.
to mix up, to blend.

CH'AN²

cn'an²-ch'ung²

ch'an²-lan²

ch'an²-tsui³-jén²

ch'an²-tsui³-lao³-p'o³

ch'an²

ch'an²-chu⁴

ch'an²-jao²

ch'an²-mien²

ch'an²-shang⁴

ch'an²-shén¹

ch'an²-shou³

ch'an²-t'ou²

ch'an²-tsu²

ch'an²

ch'an²-ching¹

ch'an²-fang²

ch'an²-hsin¹

ch'an²-lin²

ch'an²-t'ang²

ch'an²-yü³

ch'an² (ts'an)

ch'an²-pang⁴

ch'an²-yen²

ch'an²

ch'an²-kung¹-ché²-kuei⁴

ch'an²-su¹

ch'an²

ch'an²-pu⁴-chih¹-hsüeh³

食

饑 26b14a

饑 虫

饑 懶

饑 嘴 人

饑 嘴 老婆

糸 纏 26b46b

纏 住

纏 繞

纏 綿

纏 上

纏 身

纏 手

纏 頭

纏 足

示

禪 27a751b

禪 經

禪 房

禪 心

禪 林

禪 堂

禪 語

言

讒 26a13c

讒 謗

讒 言

虫

蟾 26c751a

蟾 宮 折 桂

蟾 酥

虫

蟬 27b751c

蟬 不 知 雪

greedy, gluttonous, gormandize.

"a ravenous insect," a glutton.

gluttonous and lazy.

a glutton (hao⁴ ch'ih¹ lan³ tso⁴).

a gluttonous wife.

to wind round; to bind to, to tie, to wrap up.

to wind round.

same.

to wrap round, to intertwine.

to wind up or round.

bound by obligations or ties; ties,

much involved.

a turban, turbaned.

to bind the feet (women) (or 脚) (pao¹ chiao³,

meditation, contemplation, abstraction.

Buddhist books (fo² ching¹).

Buddhist rooms,

a contemplative mind.

a Buddhist temple.

a hall for Buddhist worship.

the Buddhist prayers.

traduce, slander.

to slander.

slanderous words. See ts'an².

striped toad.

fig. to get M.A.

sort of venereal medicine from toad's head.

a cicada.

fig. a booby.

CH'AN³

ch'an³-ch'ü¹

ch'an³-mei⁴

sh'an³

ch'an³-fu²

ch'an³-hu⁴

ch'an³-shêng¹

ch'an³-yeh⁴

ch'an³ (tzü)

言

諂 27c47a

諂 屈

諂 媚

生

產 28a14a

產 婦

產 戶

產 生

產 業

金

鏟 28b14b

to flatter, to servilely praise, flattery, adulation.

to fawn, to cringe.

flattery, flattering, to cajole (pa¹ chieh², fêng⁴

to produce, to bear; an estate, property.

a lying-in woman.

the passage from the womb at child-birth.

to give birth to a child (t'ai¹).

an estate, property, a living.

a shovel, to cut into.

[kwo² chiao³].

CH'AN ⁴	心	懺 ^{28c14o}	to repent of (hui ³ kai ³).
ch'an ⁴ -tsui ⁴		懺罪	to repent of, to atone for sin.
ch'an ⁴	頁	顛 ^{23a45a}	to tremble, unsteadily.
ch'an ⁴	革	鞞 ^{27a47o}	saddle flaps (an ¹ ch'an ⁴).
CHANG ¹	弓	張 ^{31c22a}	a leaf or sheet, to stretch, to spread out; a sur- [name.]
chang ¹ -ch'ou ³ -tsui ³		張著嘴	to open the mouth.
chang ¹ -k'ou ³		張口	to open the mouth.
chang ¹ -k'ou ³ -chieh ³ -shé ³		張口結舌	nothing to say.
chang ¹ -k'ou ³ -ch'iu ³ -jên ³		張口求人	to open the mouth and beg a favor.
chang ¹ -k'uang ³		張狂	boastful, arrogant (k'ua ¹ k'ou ³).
chang ¹ -kung ¹ -shé ⁴ -chien ⁴		張弓射箭	archery.
chang ¹ -lo ² -chang ¹ -lo ³		張羅張羅	to help, to publish, to collect money.
chang ¹ -pi ⁴ -k'ai ¹ -tsui ³		張不開嘴	cannot open the mouth
chang ¹ -san ¹ -li ³ -ssü ⁴		張三李四	somebody (name unknown); Brown, Jones, and
chang ¹ -san ³		張傘	to open an umbrella.
chang ¹ -tsui ³ -shang ¹ -jên ³		張嘴傷人	as soon as he opens his mouth he injures another.
chang ¹ -wang ³ -li ³ -chao ⁴		張王李趙	the four commonest Chinese names.
chang ¹ -yang ³		張揚	to spread abroad, to make a display.
chang ¹	立	章 ^{20b22c}	rules, regulations, laws; section, a chapter.
chang ¹ -ch'êng ³		章程	regulations, laws (t'iao ³ kuei ¹).
chang ¹ -chieh ³		章節	chapters and verses (of a book).
chang ¹ -chih ³		章旨	the leading idea of the chapter.
chang ¹ -chü ⁴		章句	chapters and verses.
chang ¹ -fa ³		章法	phrases, method of composition.
chang ¹	三	彰 ^{30a23b}	elegant composition; to manifest.
chang ¹ -ming ³		彰明	to show, to manifest.
chang ¹ -shan ⁴ [(shan ⁴)		彰善	to exhibit goodness.
chang ¹ -shan ⁴ -ch'an ³ -o ⁴		彰善癉惡	to proclaim the good and punish the evil.
chang ¹ -yang ³		彰揚	to make manifest.
chang ¹	木	樟 ^{30a23b}	camphor (ch'ao ³ nao ³).
chang ¹ -mu ⁴		樟木	camphor wood.
chang ¹ -nao ³		樟腦	camphor.
chang ¹ (tzu ⁴)	鹿	麋 ^{30c23o}	the musk deer (shé ⁴ lu ⁴).
CHANG ³	長	長 ^{36b27b}	to grow, to extend. See ch'ang ² .
chang ³ -chien ⁴ -shih ³		長見識	to increase knowledge, especially by experience.
chang ³ -chin ⁴		長勁	to increase in strength.
chang ³ -hin ⁴		長進	to make progress.
chang ³ -ch'uang ¹		長瘡	to have a sore.
chang ³ -fang ³		長房	the eldest son.
chang ³ -mao ³		長毛	to become mouldy or mildewed.
chang ³ -pan ¹		長班	followers, servants (kên ¹ pan ¹ ti ¹).

<i>chang³.pei³</i>	長輩	seniors, superiors.
<i>chang³.pu²</i>	長醜	to have a white scum, or mother, <i>e. g.</i> , on vinegar.
<i>chang³.ta⁴</i>	長大	to grow up.
<i>chang³.té².hao³.k'an⁴</i>	長得好	is good looking (<i>mei²</i>).
<i>chang³.té².ku².kuai⁴</i>	長得古怪	grotesque looking.
<i>chang³.téng¹</i>	長燈	to light the lamp (<i>tien³ téng³</i>).
<i>chang³.tzi³</i>	長子	the eldest son (<i>ta⁴ ér²</i>).
<i>chang³.yu⁴</i>	長幼	elder and younger.
<i>chang³</i>	手掌	the palm of the hand, to superintend, to control.
<i>chang⁵.ch'êng⁴</i>	掌秤	to superintend weighing.
<i>chang².chia⁴</i>	掌家	to rule the family.
<i>chang¹.chiao⁴</i>	掌教	the principal of a college, head of church.
<i>chang³.ch'ih³</i>	掌尺	head-workman.
<i>chang³.ch'üan²</i>	掌權	one with full powers.
<i>chang³.hsing².ti¹</i>	掌刑的	torturers, beaters, etc., in <i>yamèns</i> .
<i>chang³.kuan³</i>	掌管	to control, to manage, to preside.
<i>chang³.kuan³.chia¹.wu⁴</i>	掌管家務	to look after family affairs.
<i>chang³.kuei⁴.ti¹</i>	掌櫃的	manager of a shop, a shopman.
<i>chang³.li³</i>	掌理	to manage, to control.
<i>chang³.pan¹</i>	掌班	general manager of a troupe.
<i>chang³.pien¹.ti¹</i>	掌鞭的	a carter (<i>kan³ ch'ê¹ ti¹</i>).
<i>chang³.pu⁴.kuan³</i> [<i>chü¹</i>]	掌簿官	the recording angel in Chinese Hades.
<i>chang³.shang⁴.ming²</i>	掌上明珠	a pearl in the palm, i. e., a son.
<i>chang³.tso⁴.ti¹</i>	掌作的	head-workman, boss (<i>chang³ ch'ih³</i>),
<i>chang³.wo⁴.ping¹.ch'üan²</i>	掌握兵權	to have control over the army.
<i>chang³.yao⁴.shih²</i>	掌鑰匙	keeper of the keys; a warder.
<i>chang³.yin</i>	掌印	to keep the seal.
<i>chang³.yin⁴.fu¹.jên²</i>	掌印夫人	the mandarin's wife who keeps the seal.
<i>chang³.yüan⁴.hsüeh².shih⁴</i>	掌院學士	Chancellor of the Hanlin. G. 202.
<i>chang³</i>	革鞞	a horse-shoe (<i>ting⁴ chang³</i>).

CHANG⁴	貝 賬	31b24b	an account, a bill.
<i>chang⁴.ch'ing¹.liao³</i>	賬清了		the account is settled.
<i>chang⁴.chu³.ér²</i>	賬主兒		a creditor (<i>t'ao³ chang⁴</i>).
<i>chang⁴.fang²</i>	賬房		compradore's office.
<i>chang⁴.m⁴</i>	賬目		bills, debts, accounts.
<i>chang⁴.mu⁴.pu⁴.ch'ing¹</i>	賬目不清		accounts not clear.
<i>chang⁴.pên³</i>	賬本		an account book.
<i>chang⁴.pu⁴</i>	賬簿		same (<i>liu² shui³ chang⁴</i>).
<i>chang⁴.tan¹</i>	賬單		a bill, an account (<i>suán⁴ chang⁴</i>).
<i>chang⁴.wei³</i>	賬尾		the balance of an account.
<i>chang⁴</i>	一丈	33a25b	a measure (10 Chinese feet = 11 feet, 9 inches)
<i>chang⁴.ch'ih³</i>	丈尺		measurement.

[Eng.]

chang ⁴ -fu ¹	丈夫	an eminent or good person, a husband (ta ⁴ chang ⁴
chang ⁴ -jên ³	丈人	a wife's father, term of respect for an old [fu ⁴]-
chang ⁴ -liang ³	丈量	to measure, as land, etc. [person.
chang ⁴ -mu ³	丈母	a wife's mother.
chang ⁴ -mu ³ -niang ³	丈母娘	same.
chang ⁴	肉瘻	脹 31b24c
chang ⁴ -pao ³	脹飽	swelling of the stomach.
chang ⁴ -li ¹ -huang ¹	脹的荒	the stomach swelled through eating.
chang ⁴ -tu ⁴	脹肚	very much swollen in the stomach.
chang ⁴	人仗	swelling of the stomach.
chang ⁴ -cho ³ -pên ³ -shih ⁴	仗着本事	to depend on ; to fight.
chang ⁴ -cho ³ -yu ³ -ch'ien ³	仗着有錢	to depend on one's ability.
chang ⁴ -i ⁴ -su ¹ -ts'ai ³	仗義疏財	to rely on one's wealth.
chang ⁴ -shih ⁴	仗勢	relies on right and despises wealth
chang ⁴ -shih ⁴ -ch'i ³ -jên ³	仗勢欺人	to depend on influence or power.
chang ⁴ (tzü)	帳	using influence to oppress another.
chang ⁴ -fang ³	帳房	curtains (lien ³ tzü ³ , wei ³ man ⁴).
chang ⁴ -kou ³	帳鉤	a tent.
chang ⁴ -man ⁴	帳幔	a curtain hook.
chang ⁴ -ting ³	帳頂	bed-curtains.
chang ⁴	水漲	a bed curtain top, a tester.
chang ⁴ -ch'ao ³	漲潮	the rising of water, to overflow.
chang ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	漲起	flood tide (iao ⁴ ch'ao ³).
chang ⁴ -chia ⁴	漲價	rising of water.
chang ⁴ -fa ³	漲發	rise in price (ang ³ kuei ⁴).
chang ⁴ -man ³	漲滿	overflow of water.
chang ⁴ -ta ⁴ -shui ³	漲大水	rising and filling up with water.
chang ⁴	木杖	river in high flood.
chang ⁴ -chia ³	杖枷	a staff; to beat with the bamboo.
chang ⁴ -pa ¹ -shih ³	杖八十	to beat and put in the wooden collar. [chan ²]
chang ⁴ -ta ³	杖打	to inflict eighty blows with heavy bamboo (ch'ih ³)
chang ⁴ -tsé ³	杖責	to beat with the bamboo.
chang ⁴	障	the punishment of the bamboo.
chang ⁴ -yen ³ -fa ³	障眼法	to separate; a barricade.

CH'ANG¹

ch'ang ¹ -chi ⁴	女娼	a prostitute.
ch'ang ¹ -mên ³	娼妓	same (piao ³ tzü ³).
ch'ang ¹ -yu ¹ -li ⁴ -tsu ³	娼門	family or descendants of prostitutes.
ch'ang ¹	娼優隸卒	prostitutes, actors, runners and jailors (disquali-
ch'ang ¹	犬猖	fierce, wild, frightened. [fied classes),
ch'ang ¹ -k'uang ²	猖狂	wild, crazy behaviour (tien ¹ k'uang ²).
ch'ang ¹	昌	abundant, affluent, increasing in strength.
ch'ang ¹ -ming ³	昌明	splendid.

ch'ang ¹ -shêng ⁴	唱盛	prosperous, thriving.
ch'ang ¹	廿 菖	a water-plant, used for making paper, a rush,
ch'ang ¹ -p'u ²	菖蒲	the calamus or sweet flag.
CH'ANG²	巾 常	35a740b constantly, frequently, usual, common.
ch'ang ² -ch'ang ²	常常	constantly, commonly.
ch'ang ² -chien ⁴	常見	constantly seeing.
ch'ang ² -chün ³	常久	great length of time, in perpetuity.
ch'ang ² -fan ⁴	常飯	common fare, pot-luck.
ch'ang ² -fu ²	常服	common clothes (pien ⁴ i ¹).
ch'ang ² -hsing ² -li ³	常行禮	common courtesy.
ch'ang ² -hsing ⁴	常性	perseverance (hêng ² hsin ¹).
ch'ang ² -jên ²	常人	common person (p'ing ² ch'ang ²).
ch'ang ² -jên ³ -chiu ³ -nai ⁴	常忍久耐	long suffering.
ch'ang ² -kuei ¹	常規	common custom.
ch'ang ² -kung ¹ [wang ³	常工	long-term laborers.
ch'ang ² -lai ² -ch'ang ²	常來常往	constant intercourse.
ch'ang ² -pu ⁴ -ch'ang ²	常常不常	again and again.
ch'ang ² -shih ²	常常時	commonly.
ch'ang ² -shih ⁴	常常事	every-day affairs.
ch'ang ² -sui ²	常常隨	an attendant; to constantly accompany.
ch'ang ² -tsê ²	常常則	the standard, the common rule.
ch'ang ² -yu ³	常有	there are frequently, of frequent occurrence.
ch'ang ²	長 長	36b27b long, length, excelling. See chang ² .
ch'ang ² -ch'êng ²	長城	the great wall of China.
ch'ang ² -chiang ¹	長江	"the long river," the Yang-tzü-chiang.
ch'ang ² -ch'iang ¹	長槍	long-handle spear.
ch'ang ² -chieh ⁴ -ch'ai ¹	長解差	strict escort of prisoner.
ch'ang ² -chin ²	長久	great length of time, in perpetuity.
ch'ang ² -chiu ³ -kn ⁴	長主顧	an old customer.
ch'ang ² -ch'u ³	長處	good qualities (tuan ³ ch'u ³).
ch'ang ² -ch'ung ²	長虫	snakes (shê ²).
ch'ang ² -fa ³ -tsei ² [t'an ⁴	長髮賊	the long haired rebels, e. g., the T'ai-p'ings,
ch'ang ² -hsü ¹ -tuan ³	長吁短嘆	to sigh, to lament.
ch'ang ² -kêng ¹	長庚	name of evening star (ch'i ³ ming ² hsing ¹).
ch'ang ² -kung ¹	長工	constant work, work by the year (jih ⁴ kung ¹).
ch'ang ² -mao ² [sui ⁴	長毛	long hair; the T'ai-p'ing rebels.
ch'ang ² -ming ⁴ -pai ³	長命百歲	longevity.
ch'ang ² -ping ¹	長兵	long weapons, e. g., spears.
ch'ang ² -shan ¹ -shan ¹ -ti ¹	長山山的	extremely long.
ch'ang ² -shé ²	長舌	talkative (la ³ la ³ pu ⁴ hsiu ¹).
ch'ang ² -shêng ¹	長生	long life.
ch'ang ² -shêng ¹ -kuo ³	長生菓	ground-nuts, pea-nuts (lo ⁴ hua ¹ shêng ¹).

ch'ang ² -shêng ¹ -pu ⁴ -lao ³	長生不老	immortality of Taoism,
ch'ang ² -shou ⁴	長壽	old age (kao ¹ shou ⁴).
ch'ang ² -shou ⁴ -chü ²	長壽菊	the marigold.
ch'ang ² -tuan ³	長短	long and short, length, merits and defects.
ch'ang ² -yeh ⁴	長夜	death, the grave.
ch'ang ²	人 償	to repay, to recompense, to revenge.
ch'ang ² -chai ⁴	償債	to pay a debt (huan ⁴ chai ⁴).
ch'ang ² -ch'ien ²	償錢	to repay money.
ch'ang ² -huan ³	償還	to make up or pay a debt.
ch'ang ² -ming ⁴	償命	to answer with one's life, life for life, (ti ² ch'ang ²).
ch'ang ² (t'ü)	丙 腸	the intestines, the bowels (liu ⁴ fu ³ , wu ³ tsang ⁴).
ch'ang ² -chih ⁴	腸痔	inner piles.
ch'ang ² -luan ⁴	腸斷	the heart to break, heartbroken.
ch'ang ²	土 場	an enclosure, an arena, a place for exercising, etc.
ch'ang ² -chung ¹	場中	in the arena (chan ⁴ ch'ang ²).
ch'ang ² -mien ⁴	場面	a stage; in public, publicly (fa ³ ch'ang ²).
ch'ang ² -shih ⁴	場試	examinations.
ch'ang ² -yüan ⁴	場院	a court-yard, a parade-ground; a farm-yard.
ch'ang ²	口 { 嘗	to taste, prove, past.
ch'ang ²	{ 嚐	same.
ch'ang ² -i ¹ -tien ³ -rh ³	嚐一點兒	taste a little.

CH'ANG ³ 支 [huan ²	敞	35c28a	high level land; open; to display.
ch'ang ³ -hsiung ¹ lou ⁴	敞胸	敞露懷	to disclose one's feelings.
ch'ang ³ -k'ai ¹ -mên ³	敞開門		open the door wide.
ch'ang ³ (t'ü)	廣 廠	35c28a	an open shed, a yard (as a bricklayer's, etc.).
ch'ang ³ -hsin ³	廠心		to expose the breast.
ch'ang ³ -huan ³	廠懷		same.
ch'ang ³ -liang ⁴	廠亮		bright, open, cheerful.
ch'ang ³ -ti ⁴	廠地		a yard (as a carpenter's, etc.).

CH'ANG ⁴ 巾	暢	38b29a	to grow; to increase; joy, contentment.
ch'ang ⁴ -k'uai ⁴	暢快		pleasure, happiness (hsi ³ lë ⁴).
ch'ang ⁴ -mao ⁴	暢茂		to grow; luxuriantly.
ch'ang ⁴	口 唱	34b28b	to sing; to carol, give the word.
ch'ang ⁴ -ch'ü ¹ -tiao ⁴	唱出調		to sing out a tune.
ch'ang ⁴ -ch'ü ¹	唱曲		to sing songs (pang ¹ t'zū ³ ch'ang ¹).
ch'ang ⁴ -êrh ⁴ -huan ²	唱二黃		to sing slowly (theatricals).
ch'ang ⁴ -ho ²	唱和		to sing and to respond, a duet.
ch'ang ⁴ -hsi ³	唱戲		singing and playing; theatricals.
ch'ang ⁴ -hsi ³ -ti ¹ -t'ui ³	唱戲的腿		in an actor legs count.
ch'ang ⁴ -ko ²	唱歌		to sing songs.
ch'ang ⁴ -ou ³ -ou ³ -ti ¹	唱嗶嗶的		singing in a low voice, humming.

ch'ang ⁴ -pang ¹ -tzü ³	唱柳子	to sing rapidly.
ch'ang ⁴ -pên ³	唱本	a song book.
ch'ang ⁴ -shih ¹	唱詩	to sing hymns (ko ¹ shih ¹)
ch'ang ⁴ -tan ⁴ -ti ¹	唱旦的	personator of female parts in plays.
ch'ang ⁴	人 倡 ^{34a28c}	to guide, to lead ; a leader.
ch'ang ⁴ -chüan ¹	倡捐	leader of the government subscriptions.
ch'ang ⁴ -luan ⁴	倡亂	a ringleader of any disturbance.
ch'ang ⁴ -shuai ⁴	倡率	to lead, a leader.
ch'ang ⁴ -sui ²	倡隨	a follower ; to follow the leader.
CHAO¹	手 招 ^{39a31b}	to invite, to beckon, to call ; a hand-bill.
chao ¹ -ch'êng ³	招承	to confess, to acknowledge.
chao ¹ -chia ⁴	招架	to fence off, to ward off an opponent.
chao ¹ -ch'in ¹	招親*	to invite a person to marry one's daughter.
chao ¹ -chün ¹ -mai ³ -ma ³	招軍買馬	to raise troops and buy horses.
chao ¹ -fang ²	招房	office for writing of evidence in yamên.
chao ¹ -fêng ¹	招風	to make a breeze, extravagant. [(Peking).
chao ¹ -hu ¹	招呼	to beckon and call, to call to, to hail, look after
chao ¹ -hun ²	招魂†	to call the spirit of a deceased relative.
chao ¹ -huo ⁴	招禍	to bring on trouble, etc. (ch'uang ³ huo ⁴).
chao ¹ -jê ²	招惹	to provoke, to aggravate.
chao ¹ -jên ⁴	招認	to acknowledge, to confess.
chao ¹ -k'ao ³	招考	to invite entries for the examinations.
chao ¹ -mu ⁴	招募	to enlist soldiers.
chao ¹ -nü ³ -hsü ⁴	招女婿	See 招親.
chao ¹ -p'ao ²	招牌	a sign-board (huang ³ tzü ³).
chao ¹ -p'ei ²	招賠	to confess and make amends.
chao ¹ -ping ¹	招兵	to recruit, to raise troops (mu ⁴ ping ¹).
chao ¹ -ping ¹ -chü ⁴ -chiang ⁴	招兵聚將	to prepare for war.
chao ¹ -shang ¹ -chü ²	招商局	China Merchants' S. S. Co. G. 327.
chao ¹ -shon ³	招手	to beckon ; to sell stock-in-trade and good-will.
chao ¹ -t'ieh ¹	招帖	a hand-bill, an advertisement.
chao ¹ -tsai ¹	招災	to invite disaster.
chao ¹ -ts'ai ² -t'ung ² -tzü ²	招財童子	the little good of wealth (of shopkeepers).
chao ¹ -tsui ¹	招租	"to let" (as this house "to let") (or 召).
chao ¹ -tsui ⁴	招罪	to acknowledge an offence (p'ei ² pu ⁴ shih ⁴).
chao ¹ -yao ²	招搖	to cause a disturbance, to swagger.
chao ¹ -yao ² -chuang ⁴	招搖撞騙	to raise a row and rob.
chao ¹ -yin ³	招引	to introduce.
chao ¹ -yung ³	招勇	enlist militia (chao ¹ mu ⁴). [(or fourth tone).
chao ¹	口 召 ^{38c35b}	an imperial summons, to call upon, to summon
chao ¹ -ch'ên ²	召臣	to summon a minister.
chao ¹ -chien ²	召見	to summon, to cite to appear (yin ³ chien ⁴).

* Note 1.

† Note 2

<i>chao¹-t a¹-lai²</i>	召他來	summon him to come.
<i>chao¹</i>	日昭 ^{39c31a}	bright, luminous, manifested.
<i>chao¹-chang¹</i>	昭彰	a manifest display.
<i>chao¹-ming³</i>	昭明	bright, luminous, manifested.
<i>chao¹-yang²-ju²-jih⁴</i>	昭陽如日	bright as the sun.
<i>chao¹-yang²-kung¹</i>	昭陽宮	palace of the Empress.
<i>chao¹</i>	月朝 ^{41a32b}	the morning. See <i>ch'ao²</i> .
<i>chao¹-hsi¹</i>	朝夕	morning and evening (<i>tsao² wan³</i>).
<i>chao¹-huo²-mu⁴-ssü³</i>	朝活暮死	ephemeral insects.
CHAO²	廿 著 ^{265a90b}	to become, to manifest, to cause. See <i>cho³</i> .
<i>chao²-chi²</i>	著急	eager, over-eager, anxious, urgent.
<i>chao²-ching¹</i>	著驚	alarmed, startled (<i>ch'ih¹ ching¹</i>).
<i>chao²-érh³</i>	著著兒	move in chess (<i>hsia⁴ ch'i²</i>).
<i>chao²-érh²-pu⁴-ts'o⁴</i>	著兒不錯	that is quite correct.
<i>chao²-ling⁴</i>	著令	to set forth an order.
<i>chao²-mang³</i>	著忙	to be in haste.
<i>chao²-shang⁴</i>	著上	to put on, e. g., salt on food.
<i>chao²</i>	火 燂 ^{41c31a}	to kindle, to apply fire to.
<i>chao²-pu⁴-chao³</i>	燂不著	will not kindle, e. g., wet wood.
CHAO³	手 找 ^{42b34a}	to seek, to supply what is deficient.
<i>chao³-ch'a²-érh³</i>	找錯兒	to look for flaws.
<i>chao³-ch'ien²</i>	找錢	to change money, to give change.
<i>chao³-cho²-liao³</i>	找着了	found.
<i>chao³-ch'u¹-lai²</i>	找出來	found out.
<i>chao³-hsün²</i>	找尋	to seek (<i>hsün² chao³</i>).
<i>chao³-huan²</i>	找還	to repay.
<i>chao³-hui²-lai²-liao³</i>	找回來了	found and returned.
<i>chao³-jên²-ti¹-ts'o⁴</i>	找人的錯	to peck at people (<i>ch'ui¹ mao³ ch'iu² tz'ü²</i>).
<i>chao³-mên²-lu⁴</i>	找門路	to seek for means of livelihood.
<i>chao³-p'iao⁴-tzü²</i>	找票子	to change a note.
<i>chao³-pien⁴-liao³</i>	找遍了	to search everywhere.
<i>chao³-pu³</i>	找補	to patch, to supply deficiency.
<i>chao³-pu⁴-cho³</i>	找不着	can't find.
<i>chao³-shang⁴-mên²-lai²</i>	找上門來	to come in search of
<i>chao³-shih⁴</i>	找事	to raise a row, to look for work.
<i>chao³-t'a¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	找他去	to go and find him.
<i>chao³-to¹-shao³</i>	找多少	how much do I owe you?
<i>chao³-t'ou²-hsiang⁴</i>	找頭向	to look for a job.
<i>chao³-ts'o⁴-fêng⁴</i>	找錯縫	to look out for others' faults.
<i>chao³</i>	爪 爪 ^{42a34a}	nails of the fingers or toes, claws, talons (<i>chua³</i>).
<i>chao³-ya²</i>	爪牙	claws and teeth, "tooth and nail."

CHAO ⁴	火	照 ^{40a35c}	to illumine, to reflect light; according to, as usual (p'ing ⁵ ch'ang ³).
chao ⁴ -ch'an ³		照常	to look in a glass.
chao ⁴ -ching ⁴ -tzu ³		照鏡子	as of old, as before. M. 263.
chao ⁴ -chiu ⁴		照舊	according to (an ⁴ cho ³).
chao ⁴ -cho ²		照着	to photograph, photography.
chao ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		照相	a despatch; to write officially (equal rank).
chao ⁴ -hui ⁴		照會	to look (as in a glass).
chao ⁴ -i ¹ -chao ⁴		照一	the sunflower (hsiang ⁴ jih ⁴ k'uei ²).
chao ⁴ -jih ⁴ -k'uei ²		照口葵	to take care of, to look after or at.
chao ⁴ -k'an ⁴		照看	to take care of, to look after, to patronise.
chao ⁴ -ku ⁴		照顧	same.
chao ⁴ -kuan ³		照管	to oversee, to superintend.
chao ⁴ -li ⁴		照例	to superintend the management of.
chao ⁴ -liao ⁴		照料	according to law.
chao ⁴ -liao ⁴ -pan ⁴ -li ³		照料辦理	to throw a light on.
chao ⁴ -liang ⁴ -érh ²		照亮兒	to look at one's self in a glass.
chao ⁴ -lien ³		照臉	to see face to face, e. g., parties before marriage.
chao ⁴ -mien ⁴		照面	{ keeper of the seal. G. 296, or secretary in high provincial yamén.
chao ⁴ -mo ³		照磨	a wall before a door, serving as a screen (ying ⁴ a cheval-glass. [pi ⁴).
chao ⁴ -pi ⁴		照壁	whereas, etc., opening phrase in despatches, etc.
chao ⁴ -shên ¹ -ching ⁴		照身鏡	do it according to the pattern.
chao ⁴ -tê ²		照得	the rays or beams of the sun.
chao ⁴ -yang ⁴ -tso ⁴		照樣作	to take care of, to look after (chao ¹ hu ¹).
chao ⁴ -yao ⁴		照耀	a presage, an omen; a million (chi ² hsiung ¹).
chao ⁴ -ying ⁴		照應	the mass of the people.
chao ⁴	儿	兆 ^{42c34c}	an omen (yū ⁴ chao ⁴).
chao ⁴ -mîn ²		兆民	to declare, to proclaim; a proclamation.
chao ⁴ -t'ou ²		兆頭	an imperial decree (shêng ⁴ chih ³).
chao ⁴	言	詔 ^{39c35b}	a cover, to cover, a shade, to shade, lamp-shade.
chao ⁴ -chih ³		詔旨	a pall.
chao ⁴ (tzu)	网	罩 ^{43a34c}	ladle.
chao ⁴ -kuan ¹		罩棺	a skimmer.
chao ⁴	竹	箴 ^{42b34c}	to row, an oar (yao ³ lu ²)
chao ⁴ -li ²		箴籬	same. See tiao ⁴ .
chao ⁴	木	櫂 ^{43a34b}	
chao ⁴		棹 ^{43a34b}	
CH'AO ¹	走	超 ^{43c36a}	to step over, to excel, to surpass, to precede.
ch'ao ¹ -ch'ün ³		超羣	to excel all.
ch'ao ¹ -hü ¹ -ch'ü ² -lei ⁴		超乎其類	surpassing all of its kind (pa ² ts'ui ⁴).
ch'ao ¹ -pa ²		超拔	to excel, to rise over the heads of others.
ch'ao ¹ -shêng ¹		超陞	to be promoted rapidly over others.

ch'ao¹-t'ei⁴.i¹ 超特一
 ch'ao¹-t'eng³ 超等
 ch'ao¹-tu⁴ 超度
 ch'ao¹-tu⁴-wang³-jên³ 超度亡人
 ch'ao¹-yüel⁴ 超越
 ch'ao¹ 手抄 44a36b
 ch'ao¹-ch'i³-lai³ 抄起來
 ch'ao¹-chia¹ 抄家
 ch'ao¹-chia¹-mieh⁴-mên² 抄家滅門
 ch'ao¹-chi³ 抄紙
 ch'ao¹-ch'ih² 抄持
 ch'ao¹-cho³-chin⁴-tsou³ 抄着近走
 ch'ao¹-chuang¹ 抄莊
 ch'ao¹-hsieh³ 抄寫
 ch'ao¹-shu¹ 抄書
 ch'ao¹-t'eng² 抄謄
 ch'ao¹ 口吵 44a37c
 ch'ao¹-jang¹ 吵嚷
 ch'ao¹-nao⁴ 吵鬧

CH'AO¹ 月 朝 41a32b
 ch'ao²-ch'ên² 朝臣
 ch'ao²-ch'eng⁴ 朝政
 ch'ao²-ch'ien² 朝前
 ch'ao²-chu¹ 朝珠
 ch'ao²-fu³ 朝服
 ch'ao²-ho⁴ 朝賀
 ch'ao²-ho⁴-ch'ün¹-wang² 朝賀君王
 ch'ao²-hou⁴ 朝後
 ch'ao²-hsien¹-kuo² 朝鮮國
 ch'ao²-hui⁴ 朝會
 ch'ao²-i¹-ch'ao³-kuan¹ 朝衣朝冠
 ch'ao²-kung¹ 朝綱
 ch'ao²-k'ao² 朝考
 ch'ao²-shan¹-pai⁴-ting² 朝山拜頂
 ch'ao²-tai⁴ 朝代
 ch'ao²-t'ien¹ 朝天
 ch'ao²-t'ing³ 朝廷
 ch'ao²-tou³ 朝斗
 ch'ao²-ts'an¹ 朝參
 ch'ao²-tung¹ 朝東
 ch'ao²-yang³ 朝陽
 ch'ao² 水潮 45a37b

first class, best of all.
 first class in the honors' list.
 to pray for souls of dead (Buddhist).
 to pray for the dead.
 to excel or surpass others.
 to copy; to confiscate, to seize; to search.
 to raise up.
 to confiscate house and property (mieh⁴ tsu²).
 confiscation and extermination, e. g., for treason.
 to make paper.
 to get, to rake up for.
 to go the near way.
 wholesale house.
 to copy (t'eng³).
 to copy a book.
 to copy.
 to wrangle.
 noise of loud voices.
 to wrangle, to brawl (ta³ ch'ao¹).

the court, the sovereign, a dynasty. See *chao*¹.
 court-officers.
 politics (kuo² ch'eng⁴).
 to go forward, facing forward.
 court-necklace of pearls.
 court-dress.
 [casion.
 to congratulate the Emperor on any festive oc-
 to congratulate the sovereign.
 to go back, facing backwards.
 Corea (kao¹ li⁴ kuo²).
 court levée.
 court cap and robes.
 the court, the palace. [G. 473.
 an examination at the Court for the Hanlin.
 to worship the deity on the top of the mountain.
 a dynasty.
 to worship heaven; to have an audience.
 the court (kung¹ ting²).
 to worship the northern star.
 to have an audience with the emperor.
 to face the east (and so, west, north, south).
 facing the south.
 the tide, damp, moist.

ch'ao²-chang³ 潮長 the tide rising.
 ch'uo²-chang⁴ 潮漲 high tide.
 ch'uo²-ch'i⁴ 潮氣 damp air, damp (shih¹ ch'i⁴).
 ch'ao²-chou¹ 潮州 the *fu* of which *Swatow* is the port.
 ch'ao²-kun¹ 潮乾 damp and dry.
 ch'ao²-luo⁴-liao³ 潮落了 the tide is falling.
 ch'ao²-nao³ 潮騰 camphor (chang¹ nao¹) (from Ch'ao Chou).
 ch'ao²-p'ing² 潮平 high water.
 ch'ao²-shih¹ 潮濕 damp.
 ch'ao²-shui³ 潮水 the tide.
 ch'ao²-t'ui⁴ 潮退 low water.
 ch'ao² 巢 窠 [etc.
 ch'ao²-hsueh⁴ 窠穴 a bird's nest, a nest of robbers, a den of thieves,
 h'ao²-wo¹ 窠窩 a den of thieves, etc.
 a bird's nest (ch'ao, on tree; wo, on ground).

CH'AO³ 火炒^{44b37b} to fry or roast in a pan with constant stirring,
 h'a o³-chi¹-tan⁴ 炒雞蛋 to scramble eggs.
 ch'ao³-chiao¹-liao³ 炒焦了 roasted crisp.
 ch'ao³-lu¹ 炒糊了 burnt, as in frying.
 ch'ao³-hua²-sheng¹ 炒花生 to roast pea-nuts.
 ch'ao³-i¹-p'an²-jou⁴ 炒一盤肉 to fry a dish of meat.
 ch'ao³-jou⁴ 炒肉 to fry meat (chien¹ cha²).
 ch'ao³-kua¹-tzü⁴ 炒瓜子 to roast melon seeds.
 ch'ao³-kuo¹ 炒鍋 a frying pan.
 ch'ao³-mi³ 炒米 to roast rice.
 ch'ao³-mien⁴ 炒麵 to roast flour.
 ch'ao³-shao² 炒杓 a small frying pan.
 ch'ao³-lou¹-tzü³ 炒豆子 to roast beans.
 ch'ao³-ts'ai⁴ 炒菜 to roast vegetables.

CH'AO⁴ 金鈔^{44c37c} government money orders or notes.
 ch'ao⁴-ch'ien² 鈔錢 paper money, notes.
 ch'ao⁴-p'iao⁴ 鈔票 government notes.

CHÉ¹ 遮^{46a38a} to cover over, to screen, to conceal, stop.
 ché¹-chia⁴ 遮架 to parry, to ward off.
 ché¹-ch'ou³ 遮醜 to conceal one's shame.
 ché¹-chu⁴ 遮住 shaded.
 ché¹-hsiu¹-érh² 遮羞兒 to hide one's shame.
 ché¹-kai⁴ 遮蓋 to cover over.
 ché¹-kai⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴ 遮蓋不住 cannot cover up.
 ché¹-kuo⁴-lien³-ch'ü⁴ 遮過臉去 (he) covered his face over.
 ché¹-lan² 遮攔 to stop, to hinder, to intercept.

chê¹-man²
 chē¹-pi⁴
 chē¹-shên¹-fa¹
 chē¹-tang³
 chē¹-yên³
 chē¹-yên³
 chē¹
 chē²

遮瞞
 遮蔽
 遮身法
 遮擋
 遮掩
 遮簷
 虫螫 46c769c
 蔗 45c39b

to hide, to conceal, to screen.
 to hide, to conceal.
 the trick of becoming invisible.
 to impede, to oppose.
 to screen, to conceal.
 protecting eaves.
 to sting (shih¹).
 sugar cane (kan¹ chē¹).

CHÊ²
 chē²-chéng⁴
 chē²-fu³
 chē²-hua¹
 chē²-i²-pan⁴
 chē²-kan¹
 chē²-k'ou⁴
 chē²-mo³
 chē²-shou⁴
 chē²-suan⁴
 chē²-sun³
 chē²-t'êng³
 chē²-tsui⁴
 chē²-luan⁴
 chē²-tui⁴

手才
 折 47a40a
 折證
 折福
 折花
 折一半
 折乾
 折扣
 折磨
 折壽
 折算
 折損
 折騰
 折罪
 折斷
 折兌

to break off, to deduct, to diminish. See shē².
 to act as umpire or referee.
 to lessen blessings, to discount happiness.
 to pluck a flower (ts'ai³ hua¹).
 to break off one-half.
 to substitute a sum of money for presents.
 to discount (k'ou⁴ suan⁴, k'ou⁴ k'ou⁴)
 to ill-treat, ill-treatment; worry, anxiety.
 to injure one's chances of long life.
 to average, to aggregate.
 to injure.
 to spoil, to ruin; to squander (t'i⁴ têng⁴).
 to lessen guilt by counterbalancing merits.
 to break off or asunder.
 retail, barter, for sale.

oñ²
 chē²-ch'ai¹
 chē²-chi³
 c'ê²-tsou⁴
 chē²-tzu³
 chē²
 chē²-wo¹
 chē²-yên³-rh³
 chē²

手才
 摺 48b41b
 摺差
 摺紙
 摺奏
 摺子
 車 輻 50c42b
 輻窩
 輻眼兒
 輻者

to fold up, paper folded up, a despatch; a pleat.
 a courier (p'ao³ hsin⁴).
 to fold up paper (t'ieh²).
 a memorial addressed to the emperor.
 an official document sent to the emperor; native
 a track, a wheel-rut, a foot-print. [receipt book,
 a track, a wheel-rut.
 same.

CHÊ⁴
 chē⁴-chien⁴-sh⁴
 chē⁴-chien⁴-tung¹-hsi¹
 chē⁴-chū¹-hua⁴
 chē⁴-chung³
 chē⁴-érh²
 chē⁴-hsieh¹
 chē⁴-hsieh¹-ko⁴
 chē⁴-hui⁴-érh³
 chē⁴-i¹-hsiang¹

是這這
 這件事
 這件東西
 這句話
 這種
 這兒
 這些
 這些
 這兒
 這會
 這兒
 這

same.
 a particle, with other words.
 this (person or thing) (chē⁴).
 this affair or business.
 this thing.
 this word or expression.
 this kind.
 here.
 these.
 same.
 this time.
 this long while.

ché⁴.i¹-t'ou²-érh³
 ché⁴.ko⁴
 ché⁴.ko⁴-jén³
 ché⁴.ku⁴-tan^g¹-érh³
 ché⁴.ko⁴.ti⁴.mien⁴
 ché⁴.k'uai⁴-érh³
 ché⁴.li³
 ché⁴.mo¹
 ché⁴.mo¹-cho²
 ché⁴.mo¹-i¹-lai³
 ché⁴.mo¹-pan⁴-pa⁴
 ché⁴.mo¹-yang⁴
 ché⁴.pên³-shu¹
 ché⁴.pien¹
 ché⁴-téng³
 ché⁴-tsao³-wan³
 ché⁴-tsung¹
 ché⁴-yang⁴
 ché⁴
 ché⁴-chiung¹

這一頭兒
 這個人
 這個人當兒面
 這塊兒
 這裏
 這裏着
 這裏來
 這麼辦罷
 這麼樣
 這本
 這邊
 這等
 這早晚
 這宗
 這樣
 浙^{47c41a}
 浙江

this end.
 this.
 this man.
 at this juncture.
 under these circumstances.
 here.
 same.
 thus.
 same.
 in these circumstances,
 let us do it this way !
 thus, in this way.
 this book.
 here, on this side.
 this sort.
 at present, just now.
 this kind or class.
 this sort, thus.
 name of a river.
 province of Chekiang. W. I. 114.

CH-Ê¹ (tzü) 車
 ch'ê¹-chang⁴-jén³
 ch'ê¹-chang⁴-tzü³
 ch'ê¹-ch'ang³
 ch'ê¹-ché³
 ch'ê¹-chia⁴
 ch'ê¹-chiao⁴
 ch'ê¹-chou²
 ch'ê¹-ch'uang³
 ch'ê¹-fan¹
 ch'ê¹-fei¹-yen²
 ch'ê¹-fu¹
 ch'ê¹-fu¹-t'iao³
 ch'ê¹-hang³
 ch'ê¹-hu⁴
 ch'ê¹-hsia²
 ch'ê¹-hsiang¹-tzü³
 ch'ê¹-i³
 ch'ê¹-kung¹
 ch'ê¹-liang⁴
 ch'ê¹-lun²
 ch'ê¹-mén²

車^{49b39a}
 車仗人
 車帳子
 車廠
 車轍
 車駕
 車轎
 車軸
 車牀
 車翻
 車飛檐
 車夫
 車輻條
 車行
 車戶
 車轄
 車箱子
 車尾
 車弓
 車輛
 車輪
 車門

a carriage, cart, or wheel-barrow (i¹ liang⁴ ch'ê¹),
 carters (chang³ pien¹ ti¹),
 sun awning of a cart.
 a cart, factory.
 a wheel-rut.
 a carriage, a cart.
 carts and sedans.
 an axletree.
 lathe (or 架),
 the cart upsets.
 side awnings to cart.
 a carter (kan³ ch'ê¹ ti¹).
 spokes of wheel.
 office for hiring carts and animals.
 a carter.
 lynch-pin, catches beneath to fix box to axle.
 the inside of a cart.
 projection behind a cart for baggage, etc.
 the arched top to a cart.
 carts (hua² ch'ê¹, fêng¹ ch'ê¹).
 cart wheels (ku¹ lun², ku¹ lu⁴).
 cart gate.

ch'ê¹-pa⁴-shih⁴
 ch'ê¹-p'an⁴-tzū³
 ch'ê¹-p'an⁴-tzū³
 sh'ê³-p'êng³
 ch'ê¹-wang³
 ch'ê¹-wei²
 ch'ê¹-wei²-tzū³
 ch'ê¹-yūan²
 ch'ê¹

車把勢
 車盤子
 車襠子
 車棚
 車輞
 車帷
 車圍子
 車轅
 確^{50a40b}

good driver-ship.
 the front seat of a cart for driver.
 shoulder straps on barrow.
 awning in front of cart.
 fellow.
 curtains of a cart (or 車幔).
 cloth covering on carts.
 hills or shafts. (Also 沿子, yen² tzū³).
 button of sixth-grade (opaque white).

CH'Ē³ 手才擡

ch'ê³-ch'i³-lai³
 ch'ê³-ch'i³-ta⁴-ch'i³
 ch'ê³-hui⁴-liao³
 ch'ê³-huang³
 ch'ê³-la¹
 ch'ê³-p'êng²-la¹-ch'ien⁴
 ch'ê³-pu⁴-tung⁴
 ch'ê³-shang⁴
 ch'ê³-shê²-t'ou³
 ch'ê³-shou³
 ch'ê³-sui⁴

扯^{50c40b}
 扯起來
 扯起大旗
 扯壞了
 扯謊
 扯拉
 扯篷拉絳
 扯不動
 扯上
 扯舌頭
 扯手
 扯碎

to pull, to drag, to tear (ssü¹ lan⁴).
 same.
 haul up the big flag.
 torn to pieces.
 to tell lies (sa¹ huang³).
 same (tung¹ ch'ê³ hsi¹ la¹). [rope.]
 to assist, "pull the sail, and drag the towing
 cannot tear.
 to hoist up.
 tattling.
 reins; to pull by the hand,
 to tear to pieces.

CH'Ē⁴ 手才

ch'ê⁴-ti³-kên¹-chiu¹
 ch'ê⁴-t'ien¹
 ch'ê⁴-yeh⁴-pu⁴-shui⁴
 ch'ê⁴
 ch'ê⁴-ch'ü⁴
 ch'ê⁴-hui³
 ch'ê⁴-huo³
 ch'ê⁴-k'ai¹
 ch'ê⁴-liao³-fan⁴-pa⁴
 ch'ê⁴-ping¹-ch'üan²
 ch'ê⁴-shui³-na²-yü³
 ch'ê⁴
 ch'ê⁴-ch'ien¹
 ch'ê⁴-chou²
 ch'ê⁴
 ch'ê⁴-ti³ { t'êng⁴-ch'ing¹
 } ch'ên²

徹^{50a42a}
 徹底根究
 徹天
 徹夜不睡
 撤^{50b42a}
 撤去
 撤回
 撤火
 撤開
 撤了飯罷
 撤兵權
 撤水掣魚
 掣^{51a66b}
 掣簽
 掣肘
 澈^{50c42b}
 澈底澄清

pervious, to penetrate, penetration; intelligent.
 to thoroughly investigate.
 to rise to heaven (t'ou⁴ ch'ê³).
 all night long sleepless.
 to remove, to put aside, to reject, to send away.
 to put away, to remove, to exclude, supersede (an
 to recall; to put back. [officer].
 to remove the fire.
 to reject, to put away from, to exclude,
 remove the dinner!
 to take away his control of the soldiers. [fish.
 to remove the water from a pond and catch the
 to drag, to pull; to draw lots.
 to draw lots (nien¹ chiu¹, ch'ou¹ ch'ien¹).
 "pull elbow," to impede, to hinder, to embarrass.
 clear, pure, to search.
 to sift to the bottom.

CHĒN¹ 目真

ch'ên¹-ch'êng⁴

真^{51b15a}
 真正

true, sincere, real.
 real, genuine, exactly.

chèn¹-chêng⁴-hao³-jên² 真正好人
 chèn¹-chia³ 真假
 chèn¹-chia³-nan³-pien⁴ 真假難辨
 chèn¹-ch'ieh⁴ 真切
 c'ên¹-êrh²-yu⁴-chên¹ 真而又真
 chên¹-hao³ 真好
 chên¹-hsin¹-shih³-i⁴ 真心實意
 chên¹-hua⁴ 真話
 chên¹-jên² 真人
 chên¹-jung²-mao⁴ 真容貌
 chên¹-ko²-ti¹ 真各的
 chên¹-kuo³ 真果
 chên¹-li³ 真理
 chên¹-shên² 真神
 chên¹-shih³ 真實
 chên¹-shih⁴-hao³-yu³ 真是好友
 chên¹-tao⁴ 真道
 chên¹-tsai³ 真宰
 chên¹-ts'ai³ 真材
 chên¹-ts'ao²-li⁴-chuang⁴ 真草隸篆
 chên¹-yu³-jê⁴-hsin¹ 真有熱心
 chên¹ 針^{54a15c}
 c'ên¹ 鍼
 chên¹-chiao³-hsi¹ 鍼脚稀
 chên¹-chien¹ 鍼尖
 chên¹-chien¹-hsiao¹-t'ieh³ 針尖削鉄
 chên¹-chih⁴ 針灸
 chên¹-hsien⁴ 鍼線
 chên¹-hsien⁴-huo² 針線活
 chên¹-hsiu⁴ 鍼繡
 chên¹-pi²-êrh² 鍼鼻兒
 chên¹-tien⁴-tzü³ 鍼墊子
 chên¹-t'ou²-hsien⁴-nao³ 鍼頭線腦
 chên¹-yen³ 鍼眼
 chên¹ (chêng) 貝 貞^{53b73a}
 chên¹-chieh³ 貞節
 chên¹-chieh²-p'ai²-fang¹ 貞節牌坊
 chên¹-chieh³ 貞潔
 chên¹-lieh⁴ 貞烈
 chên¹-nü³ 貞女
 chên¹ 玉 珍^{52c15b}
 chên¹-cku¹ 珍珠
 chên¹-chu¹-han⁴-shan¹ 珍珠汗衫

a bona fide good man.
 true and false, the truth of anything.
 it is hard to distinguish true and false.
 true, sincere.
 absolutely true.
 really good.
 great sincerity.
 the truth.
 a phantom of a man (Taoist term).
 a correct likeness.
 true! right!
 really, truly.
 true doctrine.
 true god.
 true, sincere.
 verily a good friend.
 true doctrine.
 first cause, God.
 one possessing useful qualities. [594.
 round, running, li, seal (4 kinds of writing) W. I.
 truly zealous.
 a needle (ch'uan¹ chên¹, jên⁴ chên¹).
 same.
 stitches far apart (fêng² mi⁴ hang²).
 the point of a needle, a swindler, a cheat.
 parsimonious (fig.).
 acupuncture and cauterisation.
 needles and thread, to sew, needle work.
 needle-work.
 to embroider, embroidery.
 the eye of a needle.
 pin or needle cushion.
 odds and ends of sewing.
 the eye of a needle; a boil on the eye.
 virtuous, chaste, pure, uncorrupted. [(kuo³ fu⁴).
 a chaste widow, a widow who does not marry again
 arches to chaste widows.
 pure, virgin purity (t'ung² nü³).
 inflexibly upright or virtuous.
 a virtuous woman; a virgin.
 precious, valuable, important.
 pearls, real pearls.
 a sort of shirt.

chên ¹ -ku ¹ -mao ²	珍珠毛	unborn lamb skin.
chên ¹ -chu ¹ -mi ³	珍珠米	maize.
chên ¹ -ku ¹ -tien ³	珍珠點	"pearl drops," the <i>fleur-de-lis</i> .
chên ¹ -chung ⁴	珍重	to value; take care of yourself.
chên ¹ -ksiu ¹ -mei ³ -wei ⁴	珍饈美味	dainties, delicacies (shan ¹ chên ¹ hai ³ wei ⁴).
chên ¹ -pao ³	珍寶	precious, valuable.
chên ¹	言 診 53a17b	[pulse, to examine, to look at, to verify; to feel the
chên ¹ -chih ⁴	診 治	to cure.
chên ¹ -mo ⁴	診 脈	to feel the pulse (p'ing ² mo ⁴ , hao ⁴ mo ⁴).
chên ¹	斗 斟 54c16a	to pour out; to deliberate and adjust.
chên ¹ -chiu ³	斟 酒	to pour out wine.
chên ¹ -cho ³	斟 酌	to deliberate, to consult (shang ¹ i ⁴ , cho ³ i ⁴).
chên ¹	木 榛 53c16b	the hazel.
chên ¹ -jang ³	榛 齧	the kernel of the hazel nut.
chên ¹ -jên ²	榛 仁	same.
chên ¹ -tzü ³	榛 子	the hazel nut.
chên ¹	竹 箴 54a16a	a probe, to probe; custom, rule.
chên ¹ -yen ²	箴 言	warning words; the book of Proverbs.
chên ¹	示 禱 53c73c	a favourable prognostic.
chên ¹ -hsiang ²	禱 祥	same (chi ³ chao ⁴).
chên ¹ (tzü)	石 碓 砧 55a16b	an anvil.
CHÈN ³	木 枕 55a16c	a pillow (ch'u ³).
chên ³ -ku ³	枕 骨	the occiput.
chên ³ -t'ao ⁴	枕 套	a pillow-case.
chên ³ -t'ou ²	枕 頭	a pillow (mên ² chên ³).
chên ³ (tzü)	疔 疹 53a17b	a skin disease, a kind of rash, pock.
CHÈN ⁴	金 鎮 52a17c	to keep down, to repress, to rule; a market town.
chên ⁴ -chiang ¹	鎮 江 市	Chinking, treaty port on Yang-tzû.
chên ⁴ -shih ⁴	鎮 市	a market, a bazaar.
chên ⁴ -shou ³	鎮 守	to guard.
chên ⁴ -shou ³ -ti ⁴ -fang ¹	鎮 守 地方	to guard, e. g., a pass.
chên ⁴ -t'ai ³	鎮 台	brigade general. G. 441 (hsieh ² t'ai ²).
chên ⁴ -tien ⁴	鎮 店	a market, a market town.
chên ⁴ -wu ⁴	鎮 物	[on roofs, counteractors (of evil influences, etc.), e. g., placed
chên ⁴ -ya ¹	鎮 壓	to keep down, to suppress.
chên ⁴	陣 陣 56c19b	to arrange, to form in ranks; the army; a gust.
chên ⁴ -chên ⁴ -ti ¹	陣 陣 的	time after time, repeatedly.
chên ⁴ -ch'ien ² -tui ⁴ -ti ²	陣 前 對 敵	to fight in the front rank.
chên ⁴ -ping ¹	陣 兵	to quarter troops.
chên ⁴ -shang ⁴	陣 上	in battle (chan ⁴).
chên ⁴ -shih ⁴	陣 勢	position of troops, etc.

chên ⁴ -t'ü ²		陣圖		plan of a battle.
chên ⁴ -wang ³		陣亡		to be killed in battle.
chên ⁴	雨	震	56b18b	to shake, to agitate; a shock.
chên ⁴ -ching ¹		震驚		to strike with alarm.
chên ⁴ -érh ³		震耳		startling sound.
chên ⁴ -lei ³		震雷		a clap of thunder (p'i ¹ lei ²).
chên ⁴ -nu ⁴		震怒		thundering anger.
chên ⁴ -ssü ³		震死		death by sudden shock.
chên ⁴ -tan ⁴		震旦		a Buddhist name for China.
chên ⁴ -ti ⁴		震地		to shake the earth; an earthquake. [chên ⁴].
chên ⁴ -tung ⁴		震動		shock caused by earthquake or thunder (ti ⁴
chên ⁴ -ya ¹		震壓		to keep down by fear.
chên ⁴	手 才	振	56a18b	to move, to agitate, to raise, to stimulate, to save.
chên ⁴ -chiu ⁴		振救		to save, to rescue.
chên ⁴ -hsing ¹		振興		to cause, to prosper.
chên ⁴ -shua ¹ -ching ¹ -shên ²		振刷精神		to rouse one's spirit (tou ³ sou ³ ching ¹ shên ²).
chên ⁴ -tso ⁴		振作		to excite, to stimulate, to arouse.
chên ⁴ -tung ⁴		振動		to excite, to agitate (chi ¹ fa ¹).
chên ⁴	貝	賑	56b18c	to relieve, to give, to bestow in charity.
chên ⁴ -chi ¹		賑饑		to relieve the famishing (fang ⁴ chên ⁴).
chên ⁴ -chi ⁴		賑濟		to bestow in charity (chou ¹ chi ⁴).
chên ⁴ -hsü ⁴		賑恤		to relieve and compassionate.
chên ⁴	月	朕	55c18a	I, We (of royalty, used by the emperor alone).
chên ⁴ -chih ¹		朕知		{ We know (originally a common word, but appropriated by Chin Shih Huang).
chên ⁴	女 娣	娠	56a736c	to be pregnant (also shên ¹).
chên ⁴	鳥	鴆	53b18a	poisonous, deadly.
chên ⁴	酉	醜		same.
CH'ÊN ¹	口	噉	56c19a	to speak angrily, to scold.
ch'ên ¹ -hsien ²		噉嫌		anger and dislike.
ch'ên ¹ -kuai ⁴		噉怪		to sternly rebuke, to censure gravely.
ch'ên ¹	目	瞋	57a19a	to stare with anger or dislike.
ch'ên ¹ -nu ⁴		瞋怒		to stare with anger.
CH'ÊN ² (t-zü)	臣	臣	57a20a	a minister, a statesman, a public servant.
ch'ên ² -huan ⁴		臣宦		officers of government generally (chung ¹ ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -liao ²		臣僚		same (chün ¹ ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -pu ⁴ -ch'ên ²		臣不臣		when the minister is false to his duty.
ch'ên ² -tsai ³		臣宰		a minister of state.
ch'ên ²	土	塵	59a20a	dust; dissipation, pleasure; carnal, worldly.
ch'ên ² -ai ³		埃		dust (hung ² ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -fan ²		塵凡		mortals.

ch'ên ² -hui ¹	塵	dust, ashes.
ch'ên ² -sha ¹	沙	dust, sand.
ch'ên ² -t'ou ³	頭	dusty (pao ⁴ t'u ³).
ch'ên ² -t'u ²	塗	"dust and mud," the age, the world.
ch'ên ² -t'u ³	土	dust (ai ¹ ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -wei ³	尾	a duster, a fly-beater
ch'ên ² -wu ¹	污	to soil with dust.
ch'ên ² 水 沈	沈	to sink, to cause to sink; weighty.
ch'ên ² -an ⁴	案	to put off a case with a view to dropping it.
ch'ên ² -chung ⁴	重	weighty, sedate.
ch'ên ² -hsi ¹	西	(sun) sinks in the West.
ch'ên ² -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	下	to sink (lao ⁴ hsia ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
ch'ên ² -hsiang ¹	香	garroo wood, lign aloes (sink in water).
ch'ên ² -lun ²	淪	to perish in hades.
ch'ên ² -mi ² -pu ⁴ -fan ³	迷	irrevocably sunk, e. g., in vice.
ch'ên ² -mou ⁴	沒	sunk, perished.
ch'ên ² -shui ⁴	睡	fast or deep sleep (shui ⁴ shu ³ liao ³).
ch'ên ² -ssü ¹	思	to think deeply.
ch'ên ² -t'an ² -su ⁴ -chiang ⁴	檀	four sorts of incense.
ch'ên ² -ti ³	底	to sink to the bottom.
ch'ên ² -tien ¹ -tien ¹ -ti ¹	顛	very heavy, bending carrying pole.
ch'ên ² -tsui ⁴	醉	very drunk (ho ³ tsui ⁴).
ch'ên ² -yin ²	吟	bass singing; to bethink.
ch'ên ² -yin ² -pu ⁴ -yü ³	吟	muttering to one's self (tzü ⁴ yen ² tzü ⁴ yü ³).
ch'ên ² 草 陳	陳	to state to; a long time; old, stale (chiu ⁴).
ch'ên ² -liang ² [mi	糧	old grain.
ch'ên ² -liang ² -ch'ên ² .	陳	old grain, e. g., in granaries.
ch'ên ² -lich ⁴	列	arrange, set forth in detail.
ch'ên ² -ming ²	明	to state clearly (ming ² yen ²).
ch'ên ² -p'i ²	皮	dried orange peel.
ch'ên ² -shê ⁴	設	curious (imperial).
ch'ên ² -shuo ²	說	to set forth in detail.
ch'ên ² -su ⁴	訴	to state clearly.
ch'ên ² -tsi ¹	的	old (chiu ⁴ ti ¹).
ch'ên ² -ts'u ⁴	醋	fine old vinegar.
ch'ên ² -tzü ³	子	[71c31] a small kind of orange (chü ² tzü ³), properly 橙子
ch'ên ² 辰	辰	a period of time, the Chinese hour 7 to 9 A. M.
ch'ên ² -shih ²	時	7 to 9 o'clock A. M. (hsing ¹ ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -yüeh ⁴	月	the third month. See note 32.
ch'ên ² 宸	宸	the imperial apartments.
ch'ên ² -kung ¹	宮	the retired imperial palace.
ch'ên ² 日	晨	the morning; bright, clear (tsao ³ ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -hsing ¹	星	the morning star (chi ¹ ssü ch'ên ²).

- ch'ên²-hun¹ 晨昏 morning and evening.
- CH'ÊN³ 石 礮^{59c21b} sand mixed with things, gritty.
 ch'ên³-ti¹-huang³ 礮的慌 extremely gritty (han² ch'ên²).
- CH'ÊN⁴ 走 趁 趁^{59b21b} to embrace (an opportunity) to avail one's self
 ch'ên⁴-chi¹-hui⁴ 趁機會 to take advantage of an opportunity.
 ch'ên⁴-fêng¹ 趁風 to avail one's self of the wind. [to advantage.
 ch'ên⁴-huang² 趁行 to cut prices, to watch the market and buy or sell
 ch'ên⁴-hsin¹ 趁心 to do anything when in the mood for it.
 ch'ên⁴-k'ung⁴-êrh² 趁空兒 to avail one's self of leisure.
 ch'ên⁴-shui³-ho²-ni³ 趁水和泥 avail of the water to mix mud.
 ch'ên⁴-tsao³-êrh² 趁早兒 to take time by the forelock.
 ch'ên⁴-yüan⁴ 趁愿 to avail one's self of his willingness.
 ch'ên⁴ 衣 襯 襯^{60a22a} inner garments; to lie beneath.
 ch'ên⁴-i¹ 襯衣 inner garments (p'ei² ch'ên¹). [through.
 ch'ên⁴-chih³ 襯紙 fly-leaf, or sheet to prevent ink from soaking
 ch'ên⁴ 禾 稱^{56c76a} fitting, suitable. See ch'êng¹.
- CH'ENG¹ 彳 征 征^{62a74a} to go; to subjugate, to put down; to levy taxes.
 chêng¹-chan⁴ 征戰 to fight a battle.
 chêng¹-c'ü³ 征取 to levy duties; to capture.
 chêng¹-fa³ 征伐 to subjugate, to attack.
 chêng¹-fu³ 征服 to conquer.
 chêng¹-pi³ 征比 a clerk of the taxes in a magistrate's yamên.
 chêng¹-ping¹ 征兵 troops sent to subjugate a place.
 chêng¹-shou¹ 征收 to collect duties.
 chêng¹-t'ao³ 征討 to claim, to demand. [M. 415.
 chêng¹ 爪 爭 爭^{63b29a} to wrangle, to quarrel, to contest, to litigate.
 chêng¹-chan⁴ 爭戰 to contend in battle.
 chêng¹-ch'ao¹ 爭吵 to wrangle (ta³ ch'ao¹).
 chêng¹-ch'ü⁴ 爭氣 energy.
 chêng¹-ching⁴ 爭競 to wrangle (fên¹ chêng¹).
 chêng¹-fei³ 爭肥 rolling fat. M. 415 (p'ang⁴).
 chêng¹-hsieh¹ 爭些 nearly (ch'a¹ pu⁴ to¹).
 chêng¹-k'ou³-ch'ü⁴ 爭口氣 to wrangle about words (k'ou³ chiao¹).
 chêng¹-kuang¹ 爭光 very bright.
 chêng¹-kung¹ 爭功 to strive for merit.
 chêng¹-liang⁴ 爭亮 exceedingly bright.
 chêng¹-lun³ 爭論 to argue, to dispute.
 chêng¹-mai³-chêng¹-mai 爭買爭賣 to bid against one another (p'ai¹ mai⁴).
 chêng¹-ming²-to²-li⁴ 爭名奪利 striving for fame and gain.
 chêng¹-nao⁴-ch'ü³-lai³ 爭鬧起來 to begin wrangling and fighting.

chêng ¹ -sung ⁴	爭訟	a lawsuit (kuan ¹ ssü ¹).
chêng ¹ -to ²	爭奪	to seize.
chêng ¹ -tou ⁴	爭鬪	quarrelling and fighting.
chêng ¹ -tsui ²	爭嘴	to take part in a squabble, etc.
chêng ¹	艸 蒸	hot vapour, steam; to boil.
chêng ¹ - chêng ¹ - jih ⁴ -	蒸蒸日上	daily rising higher and higher.
chêng ¹ - jé ⁴ [shang ⁴]	蒸熱	steaming hot.
chêng ¹ - jou ⁴	蒸肉	to boil or steam meat.
chêng ¹ - lung ²	蒸籠	a steamer (for steaming food).
chêng ¹ - man ² - t'ou ²	蒸饅頭	to steam, i. e., cook native bread.
chêng ¹ - mo ²	蒸饅	same (liu ⁴ mo ²).
chêng ¹	彳 徵	evidence, to witness, to prove, to substantiate.
chêng ¹ - chao ¹	徵召	to summon.
chêng ¹ - shou ¹ - fu ⁴ - shui ⁴	徵收賦稅	to collect duties (k'ai ¹ chêng ¹).
chêng ¹ - yen ⁴	徵驗	proved; accomplished.
chêng ¹	目 睜	to open the eyes wide, to stare.
chêng ¹ - pu ⁴ - k'ai ¹ - yen ²	睜不開眼	cannot open one's eyes.
chêng ¹ - yen ²	睜眼	to stare (k'ai ¹ yen ² , têng ⁴ yen ² , fu ¹ tai ¹)
chêng ¹	竹 箏	a kite; a musical instrument (fêng ¹ chêng ¹).

CHÈNG ²	支 整	whole, complete, entire; to repair, to adorn.
chêng ² - ch'í ²	整齊	to put in order, to arrange things.
chêng ² - chih ⁴	整治	to repair, to put in order (hsiu ⁴ li ²).
chêng ² - chuang ⁴	整壯	regular, whole.
chêng ² - í ¹	整衣	to arrange one's dress.
chêng ² - í ¹ - t'ien ¹	整天	an entire day (ch'êng ² t'ien ¹ chia ¹).
chêng ² - jun ²	整容	to put in order the appearance.
chêng ² - lí ²	整理	to repair, to manage.
chêng ² - lí ² - chia ¹ - wu ⁴	整理家務	to manage the household affairs.
chêng ² - nien ² - chêng ² -	整年整月	a completed year and month.
chêng ² - t'ao ⁴ [yüeh ⁴]	整套	the whole, complete.
chêng ² - t'í ¹ - p'ó ⁴ - t'í ¹	整的破的	the whole and the broken (hu ¹ lun ²).
chêng ² - t'ien ¹ - chia ¹	整天家	the whole day long; continually.
chêng ²	手 拯	to raise, rescue. Also ch'êng ² .
chêng ² - chiu ⁴ - wan ⁴ - min ²	拯救萬民	to save all men.

CHÈNG ¹	止 正	correct, straight, regular; the first, the principal
chêng ⁴ - oh ²	正己	to rectify one's self.
chêng ⁴ - chia ⁴	正教	the orthodox religion (among Mahomedans).
chêng ⁴ - chien ¹	正間	the middle room facing the south.
chêng ⁴ - ch'ih ²	正直	correct, regular, straight (chên ¹ chêng ⁴).
chêng ⁴ - ch'ín ²	正寢	a man's sleeping apartment.
chêng ⁴ - ching ⁴	正經	kind, honest (tuan ¹ chêng ⁴).

[[chên¹].

chêng ⁴ -chung ¹ -hsia ⁴ -huai ³	正中下懷	to just suit one's ideas.
chêng ⁴ -fa ³	正法	capital punishment.
chêng ⁴ -fan ³	正反	right side, and wrong side.
chêng ⁴ -fang ²	正房	a principal room ; a lawful wife (or 室).
chêng ⁴ -fu ⁴	正副	the principal, and the second.
chêng ⁴ -hao ³	正好	apropos, just time.
chêng ⁴ -hao ⁴	正號	literary appellation.
chêng ⁴ -ho ² -shih ⁴	正合式	exactly suitable.
chêng ⁴ -hsi ¹	正西	straight west (so E. N. S.).
chêng ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	正項	regular or legal amount of money.
chêng ⁴ -hsieh ²	正邪	straight and crooked ; moral and depraved.
chêng ⁴ -hsin ¹ -hsiu ¹ -shên ¹	正心修身	to rectify the heart and regulate the body.
chêng ⁴ -k'o ¹	正料	the regular examinations for graduates.
chêng ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -lai ³	正過來	to set straight (tao ³ kuo ⁴ lai ²).
chêng ⁴ -li ³	正理	right principle or reason.
chêng ⁴ -lu ⁴	正路	the right, or straight road or way.
chêng ⁴ -mao ³	正卯	6 o'clock A. M.
chêng ⁴ -mén ²	正門	the central gate.
chêng ⁴ -mien ⁴	正面	the right side of a thing.
chêng ⁴ -p'ai ⁴	正派	respectable, exemplary.
chêng ⁴ -sé ²	正色	the standard color, a grave countenance.
chêng ⁴ -shih ³	正使	chief envoy, messenger, servant, etc.
chêng ⁴ -shih ⁴	正事	regular public business (kung shih ⁴).
chêng ¹ -shih ⁴ -chêng ⁴ -	正事正辦	proper things should be properly done.
chêng ⁴ -shih ⁴ -shih ² -hou ⁴	正是時候	just at the right time (ch'ia ⁴ tang ¹).
chêng ⁴ -shuo ¹	正說	just as he was speaking.
chêng ⁴ -ta ⁴	正大	important, weighty.
chêng ⁴ -ta ⁴ -kuang ¹ -ming ²	正大光明	important and illustrious, e. g., a religion.
chêng ⁴ -t'ai ⁴ -t'ai ⁴	正太太	principal wife (official).
chêng ⁴ -tang ¹	正當	exact.
chêng ⁴ -tang ¹ -chung ¹	正當中	in the exact middle.
chêng ⁴ -tang ¹ -nien ²	正當年	in one's prime, young.
chêng ⁴ -t'ang ²	正堂	the principal officer of a district ; a principal
chêng ⁴ -tao ¹ -tsou ³	正道走	to go the direct road.
chêng ⁴ -tsai ⁴	正在	just as, just at.
chêng ⁴ -tsung ¹	正宗	straight-forward, correct.
chêng ⁴ -tui ⁴	正對	just opposite ; to exactly agree.
chêng ¹ -wai ²	正歪	straight and aslant.
chêng ⁴ -wei ⁴	正位	the principal station or seat.
chêng ⁴ -wu ³	正午	exactly noon (shang ³ wu ²).
chêng ⁴ -wu ³ -liang ¹ -k'o ⁴	正午兩刻	half-past twelve P. M.
chêng ⁴ -yao ⁴	正要	just about to.
chêng ⁴ -yen ² -li ⁴ -sé ⁴	正顏厲色	gravely.

[room.

ch'eng⁴-yin⁴-kuan¹ 正印官
 ch'eng⁴-yüeh⁴ 正月
 ch'eng⁴ 支 政^{62b76a}
 ch'eng⁴-chiao⁴ 政教
 ch'eng⁴-chih⁴ 政治
 ch'eng⁴-fu³ 政府
 ch'eng⁴-ling⁴ 政令
 ch'eng⁴-shih⁴ 政事
 ch'eng⁴ 手 才 掙^{63c30a}
 ch'eng⁴-ch'ien³ 掙錢
 ch'eng⁴-k'ai¹ 掙開
 ch'eng⁴-lai² 掙來
 ch'eng⁴-tuan⁴ 掙斷
 ch'eng⁴ 言 証^{62c76b}
 ch'eng⁴ 証^{65b76b}
 ch'eng⁴-chien⁴ 証見
 ch'eng⁴-chih² 証質
 ch'eng⁴-chü¹ 証據
 ch'eng⁴-ming² 証明
 ch'eng⁴-shih² 証實
 ch'eng⁴-yen⁴ 証驗
 ch'eng⁴ 疰 症^{62b76b}
 ch'eng⁴-hou⁴ 症候

the regular territorial mandarins with square seals.
 the first month in the Chinese year (正, 1st tone).
 to regulate, to rule, by government.
 official admonitions to the people.
 the art of government.
 the government.
 the orders of government (kuo² ch'eng⁴).
 national affairs, politics.
 to make an effort, to try, to struggle; to earn.
 to earn money.
 to get rid of or free from.
 to earn, to win.
 got free from, as horse from halter.
 to bear witness to, to prove, to verify.
 same.
 to witness; a witness.
 cross-examination (tui⁴ chih²).
 proof (p'ing³ chü⁴)
 to prove clearly.
 to affirm.
 proof, verification.
 illness, sickness, disease.
 same (ping⁴ ch'eng⁴).

CH'ENG¹ 手 才 撐 撐^{66b30a}
 ch'eng¹-ch'ü²-lai² 撐起來
 ch'eng¹-ch'uan² 撐船
 ch'eng¹-tu⁴ 撐渡
 ch'eng¹ 禾 稱 稱^{65c76a}
 ch'eng¹-chiang¹ 稱獎
 ch'eng¹-hsien⁴ 稱羨
 ch'eng¹-hu¹ 稱呼
 ch'eng¹-sung⁴ 稱頌
 ch'eng¹-tê³-ch'ü³ 稱得起
 ch'eng¹-tsan² 稱讚
 ch'eng¹-yang² 稱揚
 ch'eng¹ 食 餽^{66b30b}
 ch'eng¹-huai⁴-liao³ 餽壞了
 ch'eng¹ (t=ü) 木 撐^{66b30b}

to push with a pole, to scull or row, prop.
 to set upright, to prop up.
 to pole or row a boat (yao² lu²).
 to pole across a river; to intrigue. [ch'ên⁴.
 to weigh; to designate; to compliment. See
 to praise (k'ua¹ chiang³, tsan⁴ mei³).
 to designate, to style.
 to praise, to admire.
 to praise, to extol.
 is fit to bear the name.
 to praise, to commend.
 to praise, to admire.
 to eat much (ch'an² tsui²).
 the stomach overloaded and hence disordered.
 to prop, a shore; rung of a chair.

CH'ENG² (t=ü) 口 呈^{67a79a}
 ch'eng²-ch'ing²-k'ai¹ 呈請開缺
 ch'eng²-chuan² [ch'üeh¹ 呈狀

a statement, a petition; to present, to state to.
 to ask to be allowed to resign.
 to hand in an indictment.

ch'êng²-fu³ 成法
 ch'êng²-fo² 成佛
 ch'êng²-ho²-shih⁴-t'í³ 成何事體
 ch'êng²-hsien² 成仙
 ch'êng²-hun¹ 成婚
 ch'êng²-i¹ 成衣
 ch'êng²-jên³ 成人
 ch'êng²-kung¹ 成功
 ch'êng²-lien⁴ 成殮
 ch'êng²-ming⁴ 成名
 ch'êng²-pao¹ 成包
 ch'êng²-p'í³ 成正
 ch'êng²-sê⁴ 成色
 ch'êng²-shên³ 成神
 ch'êng²-shih¹ 成事
 ch'êng²-shih⁴-pu⁴-tsu² 成事不足
 ch'êng²-shih⁴-tsai¹-t'ien¹ 成事在天
 ch'êng²-t'ien¹-chia¹ 成天家
 ch'êng²-ting¹ 成丁
 ch'êng²-wên² 成文
 ch'êng²-wên²-tí¹-ch'ien² 成文的錢
 ch'êng²-yang⁴ 成樣
 ch'êng² 土城 70a77o
 ch'êng²-ch'iang² 城牆
 ch'êng²-chiao³ 城脚
 ch'êng²-ch'ih³ 城池
 ch'êng²-hao³ 城壕
 ch'êng²-hsiang¹ 城廂
 ch'êng²-huang³ 城隍
 ch'êng²-ts'í²-kuan¹-wai⁴ 城裏關外
 ch'êng²-lou³ 城樓
 ch'êng²-mên² 城門
 ch'êng²-shou²-ying² 城守營
 ch'êng²-to³-k'ou² 城垛口
 ch'êng²-wên⁴ 城甃
 ch'êng² 言誠 70c78a
 ch'êng²-hsin¹ 誠心
 ch'êng²-i⁴ 誠意
 ch'êng²-jan²-pu¹-ts'oi⁴ 誠然不錯
 ch'êng²-k'ung³ 誠恐
 ch'êng²-p'á⁴ 誠怕
 ch'êng²-shih² 誠實
 ch'êng²-shih²-tai⁴-jén² 誠實待人

the regular method.
 to become a Buddha.
 what sort of conduct is that!
 to become an immortal (Taoist).
 to marry, consummation of marriage. [fêng²].
 "to make clothes," a tailor or clothier (ts'at²
 to be or become a man (fa¹ shên¹).
 to perfect a good work, to complete one's merit.
 to complete all funeral ceremonies (pin⁴ tsang⁴,
 to gain a name, to become famous. [chuang¹ lao²].
 by the package; wholesale.
 a whole piece of cloth. [dice.
 purity of color, e. g., in silver; to win in throwing
 to become a god.
 to complete an affair.
 cannot accomplish.
 the disposing of events is of Heaven,
 continually.
 to complete the age of sixteen; an adult.
 to finish a composition.
 a lot of cash (jo⁴ kan¹).
 in good taste.
 a city wall, a walled town or city (i¹ tso⁴ ch'êng³).
 the wall of a city (t'u³ ch'êng²).
 the foot of a city wall (or 根).
 moat or ditch round a city.
 same.
 city and suburbs.
 tutelary god of a city. M. 198.
 city and suburbs.
 the tower above the gate of a walled city.
 the gate of a city.
 a garrison, a commandant.
 embrasures on top of wall.
 the enceinte of a city gate.
 pure, honest, sincere, truth, sincerity.
 sincerity (ch'ih⁴ hsin¹).
 one's real intentions, purposely.
 undoubtedly so.
 really afraid.
 same.
 sincere and honest; truly; real.
 to treat men sincerely.

ch'eng²-tê³ 誠得
 ch'eng²-tsei²-ling³ 誠則靈
 ch'eng² 皿 盛 971b772a
 ch'eng²-fan⁴ 盛飯
 ch'eng²-man³ 盛滿
 ch'eng²-pu⁴-chu⁴-hua⁴ 盛不住話
 ch'eng²-pu⁴-hsia⁴ 盛不下
 ch'eng²-shu³-pu⁴-lou⁴ 盛水不漏
 ch'eng² 丿 乘 71a772a
 ch'eng²-ch'ao² 乘潮
 ch'eng²-ch'ê¹ 乘車
 ch'eng²-ch'î¹-êrh²-ju⁴ 乘機而入
 ch'eng²-ch'î¹-hui⁴ 乘機會
 ch'eng²-chiao⁴ 乘橋
 ch'eng²-fa³ 乘法
 ch'eng²-fêng¹ 乘風
 ch'eng²-hsü¹ 乘虛
 ch'eng²-liang² 乘涼
 ch'eng²-ma³ 乘馬
 ch'eng² 禾 程 67c79a
 ch'eng²-t'ü² 程途
 ch'eng²-tzü³ 程子
 ch'eng² 一 丞 68b78c
 ch'eng²-hsiang⁴ 丞相

very, exceedingly. M. 37.
 efficacious if you are sincere (e. g., the gods).
 to put into ; to contain, to receive. See shêng⁴.
 to hold food.
 to fill up.
 cannot keep a secret.
 cannot contain all.
 no leak, all profit and no loss.
 to ascend ; to avail one's self of. num. of sedans.
 to take advantage of the tide.
 to get into cart (shêng¹ chü¹).
 to seize the chance and go in. [(ch'ên⁴ chi¹ hui⁴).
 to embrace an opportunity, as to circumstances.
 to get into a sedan.
 multiplication.
 to take advantage of a fair wind.
 to take advantage of deficiency, etc.
 to take an airing.
 to mount a horse. [measure.
 to travel ; a road, a stage, a limit ; a pattern ; a
 a stage in a journey (i¹ chan⁴ lu⁴).
 several days, a long time.
 to second, to assist ; an assistant (hsien⁴ ch'eng²).
 a minister of state, a prime minister (tsai⁴
 [hsiang⁴).

CH'ENG³ 心 懲 懲 72a79c
 ch'eng³-chih⁴ 懲治
 ch'eng³-o⁴ 懲惡
 ch'eng³-pan⁴ 懲辦
 ch'eng³ 疋 逞 68a80a
 ch'eng³-ch'iang² 逞強
 ch'eng³-cho²-chü³-hsing¹ 逞着酒興
 ch'eng³-hsüing¹ 逞兇
 ch'eng³-nêng² 逞能
 ch'eng³ 手 拈 拯 64b75b
 ch'eng³-chü⁴ 拯救

to repress, to curb, to caution, to correct.
 same.
 to admonish the evil.
 to punish crime, punishment of crime.
 presumptuous, forward, precipitate. [extremes.
 forward, presumptuous ; brave, heroic ; to push to
 a drunken brawl.
 to act outrageously. [might.
 forward, overweening ability ; to try with all the
 to lift up ; to save. See chêng³.
 to save (ta¹ chiu⁴).

CH'ENG³ (tzü) 禾 秤 72b80c
 ch'eng³-hsing¹ 秤星
 ch'eng³-kun¹ 秤杆
 ch'eng³-kou¹-tzü³ [man³ 秤勾子
 ch'eng³-p'ing²-tou³ 秤平斗滿
 ch'eng³-t'o⁴ 秤砣

steelyard (to weigh = 1st tone) (t'ien¹ p'ing²).
 marks on the weighing-stick.
 a weighing-stick.
 hook at the end of weighing-stick.
 strict honesty in business.
 the weight used for the steelyard.

ch'eng¹-yen²

秤鹽

to buy salt (retail).

CHI¹ (tzū³)

木机

機^{73a333b}

a machine, a loom, to revolve, springs, motives.

chū¹-ch'í⁴

機器

a machine.

chū¹-ch'í⁴-chū³

機器局

an arsenal or machine-shop.

chū¹-ch'í⁴-ling³-lí⁴

機巧伶俐

very clever.

chū¹-chū⁴-tzū³

機杼子

shuttle of loom (杼 also = shu).

chū¹-fang²

機房

a weaver's shop.

chū¹-hsin¹-tso⁴-o⁴

機心作惡

intentional wickedness.

chū¹-hui⁴

機會

opportunity.

chū¹-kuan¹

機關

springs in machinery; an opinion. [(pi⁴ mi⁴).

chū¹-mí⁴

機密

secret, close, secretly; a secret spring or cause

chū¹-mou²

機謀

an artifice.

chū¹-pien⁴

機變

clearness in speech (bad sense), plausible, crafty.

chū¹-pu⁴

機布

foreign cloth.

chū¹

言

譏^{73c334b}

to ridicule, to satirize, to slander.

chū¹-ch'í⁴-iao⁴

譏諷

to ridicule (hsiao⁴ hua⁴).

chū¹-feng³

譏諷

to flatter, to cajole.

chū¹-tz'ü⁴

譏刺

to ridicule.

chū¹

食飢

饑^{73c334b}

scarcity, dearth, famine, want, hunger.

chū¹-chin³

饑饉

famine (chien⁴ nien³).

chū¹-cho³-kan¹-shih³

饑者甘食

when you are hungry, everything is good to eat.

chū¹-han²

饑寒

hungry and cold.

chū¹-huang¹

饑荒

famine.

chū¹-k'ó³

饑渴

hungry and thirsty.

chū¹-o⁴

饑餓

hungry, famished.

chū¹

佳

雞^{74c334c}

chicken, fowl, gallinaceous birds (i¹ chih¹).

chū¹

鳥

雞

same.

chū¹-chao³-feng¹

雞爪瘋

species of paralysis.

chū¹-chao³-lan³

雞爪蘭

name of a flower.

chū¹-chao³-tzū³

雞爪子

a fowl's claw.

chū¹-chiao⁴

雞叫

cock-crow, clucking of hens.

chū¹-chiao⁴-i¹-pien⁴

雞叫一遍

the cock crows once, i. e., for the first time.

chū¹-chien¹

雞姦

unnatural crime, sodomy.

chū¹-ch'uan³-pu⁴-chung¹

雞犬不驚

a feeling of absolute security.

chū¹-ch'uan³-pu⁴-liu³

雞犬不留

utter extermination (in war).

chū¹-kuan¹-hua¹

雞冠花

the cockscomb flower.

chū¹-kuan¹-tzū³

雞冠子

the comb of a cock.

chū¹-luan³

雞卵

hens' eggs.

chū¹-mao³

雞毛

hens' feathers.

chū¹-mao³-pao⁴

雞毛報

an urgent despatch.

chū¹-ming¹

雞鳴

crowing of a cock.

chū¹-pien⁴

雞片

sliced chicken.

chi ¹ -ssü ¹ -ch'ên ³	鷄司晨	the cock heralds the dawn.
chi ¹ -su ⁴ -tzü ³	鷄嗉子	the crop of a fowl.
chi ¹ -tan ⁴	鷄蛋	hens' eggs (chi ¹ tzü ³).
chi ¹ -tan ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	鷄蛋青	white of an egg.
chi ¹ -tan ⁴ -huang ³	鷄蛋黃	yolk of an egg.
chi ¹ -tan ⁴ -kao ¹	鷄蛋糕	sponge cake.
chi ¹ tan ⁴ -k'o ¹ -rh	鷄蛋壳兒	shell of an egg.
chi ¹ -tan ⁴ -p'êng ⁴ -shan ¹	鷄蛋碰山	fig. a certain smash,
chi ¹ -tzü ³	鷄子	hens' eggs (tan ⁴).
chi ¹ yen ³	鷄眼	"fowls' eyes," warts, corns (yü ² yen ³).
chi ¹	糸 績	77b986c to wind silk; meritorious deeds; business, affairs.
chi ¹ fang ³	績紡	to spin, to wind.
chi ¹ -kung ¹	績功	merit (kung ¹ lao ⁴).
chi ¹ lao ² -ch'êng ² -chi ²	績勞成疾	to become ill through toil.
chi ¹ -shih ⁴	績事	an affair.
chi ¹	手才 擊	81c395b to strike, to beat; to rush against.
chi ¹ -chang ³	擊掌	to strike with the hand.
chi ¹ -ku ³	擊鼓	to beat a drum (lei ² ku ³).
chi ¹ -kung ¹	擊攻	to attack an enemy.
chi ¹ -p'o ⁴	擊破	to attack and defeat.
chi ¹ -ta ³	擊打	to beat.
chi ¹ -yüan ¹	*擊究	[wrongs (han ³ yüan ²).
chi ¹	禾 稽	83b335b to strike the drum to call attention to one's
chi ¹ -ch'a ²	稽察	to examine into, to beat; to compare; to bow.
chi ¹ -sang ³	稽顙	to examine, to inspect. [notices].
chi ¹ -shou ³	稽首	to prostrate while in mourning (on funeral
chi ¹	水 激	83c395a same
chi ¹ -ch'êng ² -shih ⁴ -tuan ¹	激成事端	water rushing past rocks; gratitude; to rouse.
chi ¹ -fa ¹	激發	to stir up trouble.
chi ¹ -li ⁴	激勵	to egg on, to stimulate (kan ² chi ¹ pu ⁴ chin ⁴).
chi ¹ -lieh ³	激烈	to stimulate, to excite.
chi ¹ pien ⁴ -jên ² -hsin ¹	激變人心	to rouse the feelings.
chi ¹	禾 積	77a986c to force people into rebellion. [(chu ⁴ shou ¹).
chi ¹ -chiü ³	積久	to accumulate, to collect together, to hoard
chi ¹ -ch'ü ³	積儲	hoarded up for a long time.
chi ¹ -chiü ⁴	積聚	to gather together, an obstruction in the bowels,
chi ² -fa ² -chi ² -shou ⁴	積福積壽	to accumulate, to gather together (shou ¹ ts'ang ²).
chi ¹ -hsü ⁴	積蓄	to lay up happiness and longevity.
chi ¹ -kung ¹ -tê ²	積功德	to pile up, to accumulate.
chi ¹ -shan ⁴	積善	to store up merit.
chi ¹ -shao ³ -ch'êng ² -to ¹	積少成多	to accumulate virtue (Buddhist).
chi ¹ -shu ¹	積書	small savings make large gains.
chi ¹ -tê ²	積德	a collection of books (ts'ang ² shu ¹).
		to store up virtue (Buddhist).

<i>chi¹-ts'ai²</i>	積財	to accumulate wealth.
<i>chī²-tsan³</i>	積贊	to hoard up.
<i>chi¹-ts'ao³-ts'un²-liang³</i>	積草存糧	to provide fodder for war.
<i>chi²-ya¹</i>	積壓	to pile up.
<i>chi² yin¹-kung¹</i>	積陰功	to store up secret merits.
<i>chi¹</i>	土基	a foundation, to found; a patrimony; a possession.
<i>chi¹-kên⁴</i>	根基	a foundation; a good constitution.
<i>chi¹-tu¹</i>	基督	Christ.
<i>chi¹-wei²</i>	基圍	banks to prevent a river overflowing.
<i>chi¹-yeh⁴</i>	基業	patrimony, possessions (ch'an ³ yeh ⁴).
<i>chi¹</i>	肉肌	the human flesh, the body.
<i>chi¹-fu⁴</i>	肌膚	the body, the skin.
<i>chi¹-pa¹</i>	肌巴	the male organ of generation.
<i>chi²-shou⁴-mien⁴-huang²</i>	肌瘦面黃	the body thin, and the face pallid; emaciated.
<i>chi¹</i>	水汲	to draw water out of a well, to draw forth.
<i>chī¹-shui³</i>	汲水	to draw water (ta ³ shui ³).
<i>chi¹</i>	竹箕	a sieve or winnowing basket; name of a star
<i>chi¹-hsing¹</i>	箕星	the star Sagittarius.
<i>chi¹</i>	几几	a small table (cho ¹ tzū ³).
<i>chi¹-an⁴</i>	几案	a bench or table.
<i>chi²</i>	角觚	horns, antlers.
<i>chi¹ chiao¹</i>	觚角	horns, reentering corner.
<i>ci¹</i>	足跡	a footprint, a track, a trace.
<i>chi¹</i>	迹	same.
<i>chi¹-tsung²</i>	迹蹤	a trace (tsung ¹ chi ¹).
<i>chi¹</i>	乙乩	to divine by means of sand (fu ² luan ³).
<i>chi¹-pu³</i>	*乩卜	same.
<i>chi¹</i>	口唧	the noise of many voices.
<i>chi¹-chī¹-ku¹-ku¹</i>	唧唧咕咕	clamour, noise.
<i>chi¹</i>	石礮	stone steps, any steps; an impediment.
CHI²	口吉	auspicious, fortunate, lucky, good (chên ⁴).
<i>chi²-chao⁴</i>	吉兆	a favourable omen (hsiang ¹ chao ⁴).
<i>chi²-ch'ing⁴</i>	吉慶	happiness and joy.
<i>chi²-hsiang³</i>	吉祥	happiness and bliss, auspicious, lucky.
<i>chi² hsing¹</i>	吉星	a lucky star.
<i>chi² hsing¹-kao¹-chao⁴</i>	吉星高照	may a lucky star shine on you from aloft.
<i>chi²-hsiang¹</i>	吉凶	auspicious and inauspicious, good and evil.
<i>chi²-jên³-t'ien¹-hsiang⁴</i>	吉人天相	Heaven aids the good man.
<i>chi²-jih⁴</i>	吉日	a lucky day (hsüan ³ tsé ² chi ³ jih ⁴).
<i>chi²-li⁴</i>	吉利	auspicious (words).
<i>chi²-shih⁴</i>	吉事	a fortunate affair.
<i>chi²-ti⁴</i>	吉地	Imperial tombs.

chi ²	卽	卽 ^{82b984a}	now, immediately, then, near; urgent; it. M. [475, 482.
chi ² -huo ⁴		卽或	even if, even in case.
chi ² -jih ⁴		卽日	this day, this very day.
chi ² -k'o ⁴		卽刻	immediately, at once (li ⁴ k'o ⁴).
chi ² -pien ⁴		卽便	even if, even in case.
chi ² -shih ²		卽時	immediately.
chi ² -shih ² -chien ¹		卽時間	supposing it to be for a moment.
chi ² -shih ⁴		卽是	that is, just so, the same as.
chi ² -su ²		卽速	with speed, urgently, instantly.
chi ² -tsao ³		卽早	early, in good season, beforehand.
chi ² -tz'ü ³		卽此	just this, only this.
chi ² -wu ³		卽午	near or just noon.
chi ² -yung ⁴		卽用	to use immediately.
chi ²	木	極 ^{80b393a}	the utmost, the farthest point, extreme. M. 396.
chi ² -ch'ing ¹ . ch'ü ³		極清楚	very clear.
chi ² -ch'ü ³		極處	the acme, the extreme of.
chi ² -hao ³		極好	extremely good, excellent (shên ⁴ hao ³).
chi ² -hao ³ -k'an ⁴		極好看	very good-looking.
chi ² -lê ⁴		極樂	extremely delighted.
chi ² -mei ³		極美	most excellent or beautiful.
chi ² -miao ⁴		極妙	most admirable.
chi ² -nan ²		極難	exceedingly difficult.
chi ² -ta ⁴		極大	the greatest (t'ai ⁴ chi ²).
chi ² -t'ö ³ -tang ¹		極妥當	extremely safe, extremely satisfactory.
chi ² -yu ¹ -ch'ou ²		極憂愁	extremely sad.
chi ²	心	急 ^{84b393c}	hurried, anxious, hasty, pressed, embarrassed.
chi ² -chêng ⁴		急症	an acute disease.
chi ² -hou ¹ -hou ¹ -ti ¹		急齁齁的	breathless emotion.
chi ² -hsing ⁴		急性	impatient disposition.
chi ² -huang ³		急慌	hasty, anxious (chao ² chi ²).
chi ² -man ²		急忙	hasty (su ²).
chi ² -nan ⁴		急難	a strait, an emergency.
chi ² -pêng ¹ -pêng ¹ -ti ¹		急綑綑的	bursting with rage (ch'ü ⁴ ti ¹ lüan ⁴ pêng ⁴).
chi ² -p'o ⁴		急迫	pressed, urged.
chi ² -ssü ³		急死	hurried to death.
chi ² -tsao ⁴		急燥	perturbed, excited.
chi ² -ts'ü ⁴		急促	hurried.
chi ² -yung ⁴		急用	a pressing need.
chi ²	疒	疾 ^{87a983b}	sudden illness, any sickness; quick; a trouble.
chi ² -huan ⁴		疾患	grieved, troubled.
chi ² -ping ⁴		疾病	in bad health, illness (ping ⁴ chêng ⁴).
chi ² -su ²		疾速	hasty, rapid.
chi ²	又	及 ^{78b394a}	arriving at, up to; and, at, to; to connect with.

<i>chi²-chih⁴</i>	及至	when. M. 421.
<i>chi²-i¹-nien³</i>	及一年	as long as a year.
<i>chi²-ti⁴</i>	及第	the highest grade in an examination.
<i>chi²</i>	二亟 ^{80b393a}	haste, prompt; urgently
<i>chi²-su³</i>	亟速	hastily, speedily, urgently, in a hurry.
<i>chi²</i>	糸級 ^{79a394c}	series, steps, or degrees; a grade; classed, sorted.
<i>chi²-chieh¹</i>	級階	a step, steps (t'ai ² chieh ¹).
<i>chi²</i>	佳集 ^{85c985a}	to collect, to assemble; a market.
<i>chi²-chung⁴</i>	集衆	a multitude.
<i>chi²-hui⁴</i>	集會	to assemble together, to congregate (kan ³ chi ²).
<i>chi²</i>	竹籍 ^{85a985c}	a list; a book; the place one's ancestors belonged
<i>chi²-kuan⁴</i>	籍貫	a person's birth-place (shu ¹ chi ²). [to.
<i>chi²-kuan⁴-pu⁴-ch'ing¹</i>	籍貫不清	uncertain origin (of a person).
<i>chi²</i>	艸蒺 ^{87a984a}	gorse (ko ² chên ¹).
<i>chi²-li²</i>	蒺藜	gorse, caltrop.
<i>chi² (tzu)</i>	禾稷 ^{85b987b}	panicked millet:
CHI ²	么幾 ^{72b333a}	some, several, a few; how many? about, nearly.
<i>chi²-chi²-hu¹</i>	幾手	almost, nearly, about. M. 133. (ch'a ¹ pu ⁴ to).
<i>chi²-ch'u⁴</i>	幾處	how many places? (or a few p.).
<i>chi²-chü⁴-hua⁴</i>	幾句話	a few sentences.
<i>chi²-ch'rh³</i>	幾而	when? whenever.
<i>chi²-fên⁴</i>	幾分	several parts, some, a portion.
<i>chi²-fên⁴-pu⁴-hsin⁴</i>	幾分不信	to believe only a part.
<i>chi²-hsia⁴-chung¹</i>	幾下鐘	what o'clock?
<i>chi²-hu¹</i>	幾手	almost (shu ⁴ chi ²).
<i>chi²-hui²</i>	幾回	several times; how often?
<i>chi²-huo³</i>	幾夥	how many?
<i>chi²-jih⁴</i>	幾日	how many days? several days.
<i>chi²-ko⁴</i>	幾個	how many? several, some. M. 114. [hardly ever.
<i>chi²-kung¹</i>	幾工	how many days' work? with a negat. rarely,
<i>chi²-ming³</i>	幾名	several persons; how many persons?
<i>chi²-nien³</i>	幾年	how many years? several years.
<i>chi²-shih²</i>	幾十	several tens.
<i>chi²-shih²</i>	幾時	when? what time? M. 231.
<i>chi²-shih²-lai³-ti¹</i>	幾時來的	when did you come? (to ¹ tsan ¹ lai ³ ti ¹).
<i>chi²-sui</i>	幾歲	how old are you? (to a child) (kao ¹ shou ⁴).
<i>chi²-tlen³-chung¹</i>	幾點鐘	what is the time? (by the clock).
<i>chi²-t'ien¹</i>	幾天	several days; how many days?
<i>chi²-to¹</i>	幾多	how many? (to ¹ shao ³).
<i>chi²-tsan</i>	幾階	when? (to ¹ tsan ¹).
<i>chi²-tz'ü⁴</i>	幾次	several times; how many times?
<i>chi²-yang⁴</i>	幾樣	how many kinds (or a few k.).

chi ³	手	擠	75c964b	to push, to press upon, to crowd.
chi ³ -chu ⁴ -la ¹		擠住喇		pressed tightly.
chi ³ chu ⁴ -shou ³ -liao ³		擠住手了		hand closed tight; "hard up."
chi ³ -ku ³		擠鼓		to wink (chia ¹ ku ³).
chi ³ -nai ³		擠奶		to milk, <i>e. g.</i> , a cow (lo ³ niu ² nai ³).
chi ³ p' o ⁴ -la ¹		擠破喇		bruised by pressing.
chi ³ -pu tung ⁴		擠不動		can't budge (for the crowd).
chi ³ -shui ³		擠水		to force up water, as with pump.
chi ³ -ssü ³ -liao ³		擠死了		crushed to death (in a crowd).
chi ³ -tê ² -huang ³		擠得慌		extremely crowded.
chi ³ -yen ³		擠眼		to wink the eye (chia ¹ ku ³ , cha ⁴ yen ³).
chi ³ yung ³		擠擁		to press upon, to crowd.
chi ³ -yung ³ -pu ⁴ -t'ou ⁴		擠擁不透		impassably crowded (yung ³ chi ³ pu ⁴ t'ou ⁴).
chi ³	己	己	87b337a	one's self, private, selfish.
chi ³ -ch'in ¹		己親		one's self; one's relatives.
chi ³ -shên ¹		己身		one's own body or person.
chi ³	丙	脊	84c986a	the spine, a ridge, the <i>back</i> of anything, top ridge [of roof.
chi ³ -liang ³		脊梁		the spine, the back (also niang),
chi ³ -liang ³ -ku ³		脊梁骨		same.
chi ³ -pei ⁴		脊背		the back.
chi ³	戈	戟	89a392b	a lance, a spear, a trident.
chi ³	魚	鯽	83b984c	name of a small fish; the bream.
chi ³	網	擣	76b964b	to squeeze out with the hand.
chi ³ -ch'ü ³ -chih ¹ -lai ²		擣出汁來		to press the juice out.
chi ³ (tzü)	虫	蟻	73b337c	a nit.
chi ³	糸	給	88c393c	give—See kei ³ .
CHI ¹	言	記	87c340b	to remember, to recollect, to know, to record.
chi ¹ -chang ⁴		記賬		to put down to one's account.
chi ¹ -ch'ing ¹		記清		a distinct recollection, to remember clearly.
chi ¹ -ch'ou ³		記仇		to hold a grudge.
chi ¹ -chui ⁴		記住		to hold in memory.
chi ¹ hao ¹ -êrh ³		記號		to mark a mark or sign; a mark or sign.
chi ¹ hsün ¹		記心		memory.
chi ¹ hsing ⁴		記性		memory, recollection.
chi ¹ lu ⁴		記錄		to record.
chi ¹ -ning ²		記名		to record name of, to make a list of persons.
chi ¹ nien ⁴		記念		to remember, think of (wang ⁴ chi ⁴).
chi ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'ing ¹		記不清		cannot clearly recall.
chi ¹ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -lai ³		記不過來		cannot remember it.
chi ¹ -shih ¹ pu ⁴		記事簿		a log-book or diary.
chi ¹ -tê ²		記得		to remember.
chi ¹ -tsai ⁴		記載		to put or record in history, essay, etc.

chi ⁴ -ts'ɔ ⁴		記錯	incorrectly remembered.
chi ⁴	言	計90b338a	to reckon, to calculate, to plan; a stratagem.
chi ⁴ -chiao ⁴		計較	to consult, to argue; to compare.
chi ⁴ -chung ⁴		計重	the amounts.
chi ⁴ -k'ai ² -chang ⁴ -mu ⁴		計開賬目	reckon up the accounts.
chi ⁴ -mou ²		計謀	to scheme, to plot (kuei ³ chi ⁴ to ¹ tuan ¹).
chi ⁴ -pu ³		計簿	an account book.
chi ⁴ -suan ⁴		計算	to reckon, to calculate, to count.
chi ⁴ -tien ³		計點	to reckon, to count.
chi ⁴ -ts'ɛ ⁴		計策	any plan; strategy, contrivance.
chi ⁴	寄	寄74b339a	temporarily, to entrust with, to send by, to lodge.
chi ⁴ -chiao ¹		寄交	to transmit, to send by post. [indulge.
chi ⁴ -ch'ing ³		寄情	to addict one's self to, to take delight in, to
chi ⁴ -chi ¹		寄居	to dwell temporarily in a place (chan ⁴ chi ¹),
chi ⁴ -chi ¹ -t'ai ¹ -kuo ³		寄居他國	to stop in another state.
chi ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		寄去	to send to.
chi ⁴ -fung ⁴ -ch'ü ³ -lai ²		寄放起來	to deposit with anyone.
chi ⁴ -hsin ⁴		寄信	to send a letter by a person (shao ¹ hsün ⁴).
chi ⁴ -i		寄意	to send one's wishes by a person.
chi ⁴ -mai ¹		寄賣	to commission a person to sell.
chi ⁴ -shêng ¹		寄生	a parasite; a flatterer.
chi ⁴ -shêng ¹ -ts'ao ³		寄生草	parasitic plants.
chi ⁴ -sung ⁴		寄送	to send.
chi ⁴ -t'oi ²		寄託	to entrust with, to commission.
chi ⁴ -ts'un ² -yin ² -liang ³		寄存銀兩	to deposit silver.
chi ⁴ -yü ⁴		寄寓	to lodge temporarily
chi ⁴	示	祭89b965b	to sacrifice the gods; to worship.
chi ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		祭器	sacrificial utensils or vessels.
chi ⁴ -chiu ³		祭酒	a Libationer of the Imperial Academy.
chi ⁴ -chu ³		祭主	the director in offering sacrifices.
chi ⁴ -ju ³ -tsai ⁴		祭如在	to sacrifice as if present.
chi ⁴ -lü ⁴ -k'ou ²		祭路口	sacrifice at cross-roads (e. g., in epidemic).
chi ⁴ -sao ³		祭掃	to sacrifice at the tombs of relatives.
chi ⁴ -shên ²		祭神	to sacrifice to the gods.
chi ⁴ -ssü ²		祭司	an overseer of sacrifices, a priest.
chi ⁴ -ssü ⁴		祭祀	to sacrifice and worship.
chi ⁴ -tao ³		祭禱	to sacrifice and pray.
chi ⁴ -tien ⁴		祭奠	to pour out wine in sacrifice.
chi ⁴ -tien ⁴ -wang ² -ling ³		祭奠亡靈	sacrifices to the soul of the departed.
chi ⁴ -t'ien ¹		祭天	to sacrifice to Heaven. [yeh ³]
chi ⁴ -tsao ⁴		祭竈	to make offerings to the kitchen God (tsao ⁴
chi ⁴ -tsü ³		祭祖	to sacrifice to ancestors (tsu ³ tsung ¹).
chi ⁴ -wên ²		祭文	a written prayer read at a sacrifice.

chi ⁴	↔	寂 ^{89b985b}	silent, still, quiet, repose.
chi ⁴ -chi ⁴ -wu ² -shéng ¹		寂寂無聲	very quiet.
chi ⁴ -ching ⁴		寂靜	perfect stillness.
chi ⁴ -jan ² -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴		寂然不動	in a state of inactivity.
chi ⁴ -mo ⁴		寂寞	solitary.
chi ⁴	手	技 ^{108a347c}	expert in arms, skillful; talent, ability.
chi ⁴ -ch'iao ³		技巧	artful, clever, ingenious.
chi ⁴ -néng ²		技能	ability, talent.
chi ⁴	糸	緝 ^{107a988a}	to pursue closely, to seize, to bind
chi ⁴ -huo ⁴		緝獲	to pursue and seize.
chi ⁴ -pu ³		緝捕	to apprehend.
chi ⁴ -tao ⁴		緝盜	to capture thief (pu ³ pan ¹).
chi ⁴		繼 ^{93a338b}	a line of succession, successively, hereditary.
chi ⁴ -fu ⁴		繼父	a step-father (kuo ⁴ chi ⁴).
chi ⁴ -l.sien ³		繼弦	second wife.
chi ⁴ -hsü ⁴		繼續	a widower marrying again.
chi ⁴ -mu ³		繼母	a step-mother.
chi ⁴ -p'ei ⁴		繼配	second wife (hou ⁴ hun ¹).
chi ⁴ -shih ³		繼室	second wife.
chi ⁴ -ssü ⁴		繼嗣	to adopt a son.
chi ⁴	无	既 ^{91b339b}	finished, ended; since, having. M. 309.
chi ⁴ -jan ²		既然	since, as it is, or, if it be already so.
chi ⁴ -jan ² -ju ² -tz'ü ³		既然如此	since it is so or thus.
chi ⁴ -shih ⁴		既是	namely.
chi ⁴ -tsai ¹		既在	same.
chi ⁴ -wang ³ -pu ⁴ -chiu ⁴		既往不咎	let bygones be bygones.
chi ⁴	木	棘 ^{92b392c}	a thorny bush used for making fences, to fence.
chi ⁴ -ch'iang ²		棘牆	a thorny fence (ching ¹ chi ⁴).
chi ⁴ -jên ²		棘人	'the mourner' on funeral cards.
chi ⁴ -li ⁴		棘刺	thorns, burrs (ching ¹ chi ⁴).
chi ⁴ -shou ²		棘手	to meddle, to get into a scrape; difficult.
chi ⁴	糸	繫 ^{121a181a}	to connect, to tie, to bind; related to. See hsi ⁴ .
chi ⁴ -chieh ¹ -shih ⁴		繫結實	tied firmly.
chi ⁴ -chin ³ -liao ³		繫緊了	tied tightly.
chi ⁴ -huo ² -k'ou ⁴		繫活扣	to tie a slip-knot.
chi ⁴ -tai ⁴		繫帶	to tie a sash.
chi ⁴	心	忌 ^{88b340c}	to dislike, to envy, to fear, to shun, to avoid.
chi ⁴ -ch'én ²		忌辰	a sacrifice on the anniversary of any one's death.
chi ⁴ -hên ³		忌恨	to hate
chi ⁴ -hui ⁴		忌諱	superstitious avoiding of things, words, etc.
chi ⁴ -jih ⁴		忌日	the day of a Emperor's or Empress's death, also a
chi ⁴ -k'ou ²		忌口	to abstain from food, to fast (chin ⁴ , shih ²). [friend's.
chi ⁴ -shih ² -shéng ¹ -léng ³		忌食生冷	to avoid eating and grow cold.

chi ⁴ -t'u ³		忌賭	to quit gambling.
chi ⁴ -yen ¹		忌烟	to break off opium habit.
chi ³	糸	紀 87b337a	to record, to arrange and number; age.
chi ⁴ -lu ⁴		紀錄	to place on record.
chi ⁴ shih ⁴		紀事	to make a memorandum.
chi ¹	水 彳	濟 76a964c	to assist, to be beneficial to.
chi ⁴ -k'u ³ -nan ⁴		濟苦難	to aid the distressed (chou ¹ chi ⁴).
chi ⁴ -p'in ²		濟貧	to assist the poor.
chi ³ -shih ⁴ -an ¹ -min ³		濟世安民	to help the age and pacify the people.
chi ⁴	女	妓 81a341b	singing girls, prostitutes.
chi ⁴ -chia ³		妓家	prostitutes (ch ⁴ ang ¹ chi ⁴).
chi ⁴ -nū ³		妓女	same.
chi ⁴	女	嫉 87a984a	jealousy, envy, aversion, hatred.
chi ⁴ -tu ⁴		嫉妬	envy, envious, jealous; to envy (tu ⁴ chi ⁴).
chi ⁴	子	季 91a339c	the seasons, the last month of each quarter.
chi ⁴ -ch'ün ¹		季春	the end of spring.
chi ⁴ -nieu ³		季年	the end of the year.
chi ⁴	刀 刂	劑 75c964c	to adjust, a dose (of medicine).
chi ⁴	足 跡 迹	蹟 77c985b	to bequeath; traces, footprints. See tsung ¹ chi ⁴ .
chi ⁴	尸 屐	屐 81b392c	wooden pattens for muddy weather (ni ² chi ⁴).
chi ⁴	髻 髻	髻 86c338c	dressed hair of Chinese women.
chi ⁴ -huan ³		髻囊	same.
chi ⁴	阜	際 90a965c	time, period, juncture, crisis, opportunity.

CH ⁴ I ¹	一 柒	七 101b937b	seven (1 before 1, 2, 3; 2 before 4) written = 柒.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ch ⁴ ang ² -pa ¹ -luan ²		七長八短	long and short, scandal (shih ⁴ fei ¹). [yam ⁶ u.
ch ⁴ i ¹ ch ⁴ i ² -pa ¹ -k'ou ⁴		七折八扣	seven or eight parts in ten, <i>e. g.</i> , squeezes in
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ch ⁴ eng ⁴		七政	"the seven rulers"—sun, moon, and five planets.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ch ⁴ i ¹		七七	"seven sevens" of mourning.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ch ⁴ iao ² -t'u ²		七巧圖	a puzzle, consisting of seven pieces of paste board—
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ch ⁴ iao ⁴		七竅	"the seven holes"—eyes, ears, nostrils and mouth.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ch ⁴ iao ⁴ -lou ⁴ -k'ung ¹		七竅露空	the seven openings with upward turn, <i>e. g.</i> ,
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ch ⁴ ing ³		七情	"the seven passions." R. 332 [Confucius.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ch ⁴ u ¹		七出	seven reasons for divorce according to Confu.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -chua ¹ -pa ¹ -na ³		七抓八拏	snatch and grab, meddle with. [cianism. R. 330,
ch ⁴ i ¹ -hsi ¹		七夕	the 7th evening of the 7th month. See Note 6.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -hsien ²		七弦	a sort of banjo.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -hsing ²		七星	"the seven stars," Charles's wain.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -hsing ¹ -pa ³ -chien ¹		七星寶劍	two-edged sword, ornamented with copper rivets.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -hsiung ²		七雄	seven nobles of the Contending Kingdoms.
ch ⁴ i ¹ -jih ⁴ -lai ² -su ⁴		七日來復	recurrence of the 7th day (Sabbath?).
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ku ³ -pa ¹ -ch'a ⁴		七股八杈	at loose ends, tangled (luan ⁴ ch ⁴ i ⁴ pa ¹ tsao ¹).
ch ⁴ i ¹ -ling ² -pu ¹ -lo ⁴		七零八落	scattered about in all directions.

ch'1-pa ¹ -ch'eng ² -érh ²	七八成兒	seven or eight chances out of ten in favor.
ch'1-shih ²	七十	seventy.
ch'1-shou ³ -pa ¹ chiao ³	七手八腳	too many cooks spoil the broth.
ch'1-ta ⁴ -pa ¹ hsiao ³	七大八小	different sizes.
ch'1 ² tsui ³ -pa ¹ -shé ³	七嘴八舌	conflicting opinions, a tattler's gossip.
ch'1 ² .tung ¹ -pa ¹ -hsi ¹	七東八西	in disorder (luan ⁴ ch'1 pa ¹ tsao ¹).
ch'1 ² -yen ² -pa ¹ -yü ³	七言八語	conflicting opinions.
ch'1 ² -wa ¹ -pa ¹ -niu ³	七歪八扭	crooked, bent out of shape.
ch'1 ² -yüeh ⁴ .ch'1 ²	*七月七	the 7th day of the 7th month, a Chinese holiday.
ch'1 ²	女妻	a wife.
ch'1 ² -ch'ieh ⁴	妻妾	wives and concubines.
ch'1 ² -érh ² -lao ³ .hsiao ³	妻兒老小	the entire family.
ch'1 ² -fang ²	妻房	"wife's house," a wife (chia ¹ chüan ⁴).
ch'1 ² -nü ²	妻女	a wife and daughter.
ch'1 ² -ti ⁴	妻弟	a brother-in-law.
ch'1 ² -tzü ³	妻子女子	wives and children; a wife (chia ¹ li ³
ch'1 ²	水漆	varnish, lacquer (yu ² ch'1 ² Chiang ⁴).
ch'1 ² -ch'1 ²	漆器	lacquer ware.
ch'1 ² -hei ¹	漆黑	jet black (read ch'ü ¹ bei ¹).
ch'1 ² -kuo ⁴	漆貨	lacquered goods.
ch'1 ² -lu ⁴	漆綠	green paint.
zh'1 ² -shu ⁴	漆樹	the varnish tree.
ch'1 ² -yno ³ -jén ³	漆咬人	varnish poisons (some) people.
ch'1 ²	月期	a fixed period, a set time, a time agreed on.
ch'1 ² -fu ²	期服	one year's mourning (for uncles or elder brothers).
ch'1 ² -man ²	期滿	expiration of a time.
ch'1 ² -wan ⁴	期望	to expect.
ch'1 ² -yüeh ⁴	期月	the space of a month.
ch'1 ²	欠欺	to deceive, to impose on, to insult.
ch'1 ² -chün ¹	欺君	to deceive one's sovereign.
ch'1 ² -fu ⁴	欺負	to insult.
ch'1 ² -hung ³	欺哄	to deceive by falsehood.
ch'1 ² -juan ² -p'a ⁴ -ying ⁴	欺軟怕硬	insulting the weak but fearing the strong.
ch'1 ² -ku ¹ -mieh ⁴ -kua ³	欺孤滅寡	cruelty towards widows and orphans.
ch'1 ² -p'ien ⁴	欺騙	to cheat.
ch'1 ² -shan ⁴ -p'a ⁴ -o ⁴	欺善怕惡	insulting the good and afraid of the bad. [k'o ⁴ .
ch'1 ² -shên ¹ y ¹	欺生	to insult, or impose on strangers (tso ⁴ chia ¹ ch'1 ²
ch'1 ² -t'ien ¹ -ta ⁴ .tsui ⁴	欺天大罪	the great sin of insulting Heaven.
ch'1 ² -wu ³	欺侮	to deceive, to impose on, to insult.
ch'1 ² -ya ¹	欺壓	to impose on, to oppress (hung ³ p'ien ⁴).
ch'1 ²	凄	intense cold; grief.
ch'1 ² -ch'1 ²	凄凄	intense cold; lonely (ling ² ting ¹).
ch'1 ² lêng ³	凄冷	cold; lonely (lêng ³ ch'ing ¹).

* Note 6.

ch ¹ -liang ²		凄凉	cold; solitary.
th ¹	心	悽 ^{94b966a}	pain, sorrow, grief, commiseration.
ch ¹ -kan ²		悽感	to commiserate.
ch ¹ -pei ¹		悽悲	to compassionate (tz ¹ ü ² pei ¹).
ch ¹ -ts'an ²		悽慘	sorrowful, melancholy.
ch ¹	木	棲 ^{94b788c}	a roost, to roost or perch; a dwelling place to rest.
ch ¹ -chih ²		棲止	
ch ¹ -f'u ² -so ³		棲流所	a refuge for vagrants.
ch ¹ -shên ¹		棲身	a place of abode.
ch ¹	水	沏 ^{102a977c}	to pour boiling water on tea, to make tea.
ch ¹ -ch'a ²		沏茶	to make tea (p'ao ⁴ , k'a ¹ , tao ⁴).
ch ¹ -ch'a ² -lai ²		沏茶來	make the tea and fetch it.
ch ¹ (tsu ¹)	口	噓 ^{1169a1014c}	whispers.
ch ¹ -ch'i ¹ -cha ¹ -cha ¹		噓噓嗒嗒	whispering and chattering.
ch ¹	脚	葺 ^{107a988c}	to repair, put in order.
ch ¹ -li ²		葺理	to repair, to cultivate (hsin ¹ li ²).
ch ¹	山	崎 ^{95a342a}	steep, abrupt (tou ³).
ch ¹ -ch'ü ¹		崎嶇	rough and irregular as a mountain path.
CH ¹	齊	齊 ^{105a966b}	even, regular, correct, complete; to adjust.
ch ¹ -chang ⁴		齊賬	to collect all accounts,
ch ¹ -ch'ing ²		齊整	orderly, even, neat, complete.
ch ¹ -chi ²		齊集	assembled together, e. g., students for examination.
ch ¹ -chia ¹		齊家	to regulate a family (li ³ chia ¹).
ch ¹ -chia ¹ -chih ⁴ -kuo ²		齊家治國	to govern the family and rule the State.
ch ¹ -ch'ieh ²		齊截	even, regular, all ready.
ch ¹ -ch'üan ²		齊全	complete, regular.
ch ¹ -chung ¹		齊中	the middle.
ch ¹ -lang ² -pa ⁴ -shih ⁴		齊行霸市	to unite to keep up prices, to "corner."
ch ¹ -hsin ¹ -ho ² -i ⁴		齊心合力	of one heart and one mind.
ch ¹ -hsin ¹ -nu ² -li ⁴		齊心努力	unanimous use of strength.
ch ¹ -ko ⁴ -ch'a ¹		齊各(個)斃	snapped off square in two.
ch ¹ -kuo ²		齊國	the modern Shantung, so called in Confucius' [time]
ch ¹ -mei ² -kun ⁴		齊眉棍	a fencing staff.
ch ¹ -pei ⁴ -piao ³		齊備了	completed, prepared, ready
ch ¹ -shêng ⁴	[ti ¹	齊盛	correct, exact, regular.
ch ¹ -shuang ¹ shuang ¹		齊雙雙的	one after another, in close succession.
ch ¹	大	奇 ^{94c344c}	extraordinary, strange, surprising, wonderful.
ch ¹ -chi ⁴		奇計	surprising stratagems.
ch ¹ -ch'iao ³		奇巧	strange, clever, ingenious (hsi ¹ ch'ü ²).
ch ¹ -ch'ü ¹ -i ⁴ -wai ⁴		奇出意外	most surprising.
ch ¹ -hsi ¹		奇邪	strange, out of the way, singular.
ch ¹ -hsing ² -kuai ⁴ -chuang ¹		奇形怪狀	singular looking, outlandish.

ch'i ² -huo ⁴	奇貨	rare commodities,
ch'i ² -i ⁴	奇異	singular looking (ch'u ¹ ch'i ²),
ch'i ² -kuai ¹	奇怪	strange, odd, surprising, curious, ; how strange!
ch'i ² -nan ² -tzü ³	奇男子	a clever lad.
ch'i ² -shih ⁴	奇事	a strange affair, a miracle
ch'i ² -shu ¹	奇書	a curious book,
ch'i ² -shu ⁴	奇數	odd numbers (ou ³ shu ⁴).
ch'i ² -ssü ¹ -miao ⁴ -hsiang ²	奇思妙想	wonderful thoughts or ideas.
ch'i ² -ts'u ²	奇才	remarkable talents.
ch'i ²	馬騎 95c345a	to ride any animal astride (k'ua ⁴ ma ³).
ch'i ² -ch'ing ¹ -niu ²	騎青牛	i. e., Lao Chun who so rode to the West.
ch'i ² -fêng ⁴ -yin ⁴	騎縫印	stamp on the joining of two identical documents,
ch'i ² -hu ² -nan ⁴ -hsia ⁴	騎虎難下	fig. an awkward predicament.
ch'i ² -lo ⁴ -t'o ²	騎駱駝	riding a camel.
ch'i ² -ma ³ -clao ³ -ma ³	騎馬找馬	ride a horse to seek a horse (ridiculous).
ch'i ² -mu ⁴ -lü ²	騎木驢	terrible punishment of a woman in yaméns.
ch'i ² -shê ⁴	騎射	mounted archery.
ch'i ² -shêng ¹ -k'ou ³	騎牲口	to ride an animal.
ch'i ²	入 其 97c342c	he, she, it, its, the, that, they. M. 427.
ch'i ² -chung ¹	其中	in the midst of.
ch'i ² -jên ²	其人	that man, the man.
ch'i ² -nei ⁴ -chung ¹	其中	among, in the midst of.
ch'i ² -shih ²	其實	the fact, truly ; but.
ch'i ² -ti ⁴	其地	this place.
ch'i ² -tz'ü ⁴	其次	the next.
ch'i ² -yü ²	其餘	the remainder, the rest (shêng ³ hsia ⁴ ti ¹).
ch'i ²	木 (棋 99a343a)	the game of chess (hsiang ⁴ ch'i ²).
ch'i ²	棋	same.
ch'i ² -chü ²	棋局	a chess-board arranged for playing. [matched.
ch'i ² -fêng ⁴ -tui ⁴ -shou ³	棋逢對手	the chess-player meeting his match ; well
ch'i ² -p'an ²	棋盤	a chess-board.
ch'i ² -p'an ² -ling ³	棋盤頭	collar worn by women.
ch'i ² -shih ⁴	棋勢	a chess-board arranged for playing.
ch'i ² -tzü ³	棋子	a chess-man.
ch'i ² (tzü)	方旗 100a344b	a flag, banner, or standard ; a tribe, a clan.
ch'i ² -chuang ¹ -han ⁴	旗粧漢粧	Tartar or Chinese? large or small feet?
ch'i ² -ho ⁴ [chuang ¹	旗號	a signal flag.
ch'i ² -jên ¹	旗人	banner-men. G. 379.
ch'i ² -kan ¹	旗杆	a flag-staff.
ch'i ² -kan ¹ -tou ³	旗杆斗	the peck measure halfway up flag-staffs,
ch'i ² -p'ai ² -kuan ¹	旗牌官	an ensign ; a messenger.
ch'i ²	示 祈 96c345c	to pray, to supplicate, to call upon, to invoke.
ch'i ² -ch'iu ²	祈求	to entreat, to supplicate.

ch'i ² -fu ²	祈	福	to pray for blessings.
ch'i ² -tao ³	祈	禱	to pray (tao ³ kao ⁴).
ch'i ² -tz'ü ⁴	祈	賜	to beg for a gift.
ch'i ² -tz'ü ¹ -hui ³ -yin ¹	祈	賜	please favor me with a reply.
ch'i ² -wan ⁴	祈	望	to hope, to trust that.
ch'i ² -yü ³	祈	雨	to pray for rain (ch'iu ² yü ³).
ch'i ²	山	岐	108a345a a celebrated hill; to diverge, to branch off.
ch'i ² -fêng ¹		岐	峰
ch'i ² -lu ⁴		岐	路
ch'i ²	月	臍	105c966o the navel.
ch'i ² -tai ¹ -tzü ³		臍	帶子
ch'i ² (tzü)	田	畦	106a179b small beds or plots of ground.
ch'i ²	示	祇	106b345b respect, awe, veneration.
ch'i ²	鹿	麒	99c344b one of four fabulous animals (unicorn?).
ch'i ² -lin ³		麟	same.
CH'1 ³	走	起	104a347a to get up; to commence. M. 70, 360.
ch'i ² -ch'êng ³		起	程
ch'i ² -ch'êng ³ -chuan ¹ -ho ³		起	承轉合
ch'i ² -chia ⁴		起	價
ch'i ² -chiao ² -ao ⁴		起	驕傲
ch'i ² -ch'ien ²		起	前
ch'i ² -ch'ien ³		起	錢
ch'i ² -chien ⁴		起	見
ch'i ² -ch'u ¹		起	初
ch'i ² -chü ¹		起	居
ch'i ² -fêng ¹		起	風
ch'i ² -han ⁴		起	旱
ch'i ² -hai ³		起	席
ch'i ² -hsien ¹		起	先
ch'i ² -hsin ⁴		起	鬻
ch'i ² -hsing ³		起	行
ch'i ² -huo ² -p'ao ⁴		起	火砲
ch'i ² -huo ⁴		起	貨
ch'i ² -huo ⁴ -tan ¹		起	貨單
ch'i ² -i ⁴		起	意
ch'i ² -kên ¹		起	根
ch'i ² -kung ¹		起	工
ch'i ² -lai ²		起	來
ch'i ² -ma ³		起	馬
ch'i ² -ming ³		起	名
ch'i ² -na ³ -li ³ -lai ³		起	那裏
ch'i ² -p'ao ⁴		起	泡
			to start on a journey. M. 600.
			to raise the price (ang ² kuei ⁴).
			to begin proud thoughts.
			at first, from the first.
			to draw money, e. g., from a bank (chih ¹ ch'ien ²).
			for the sake of, object to view.
			in the beginning, at first (mo ⁴ hou ⁴).
			means of living.
			the wind rises.
			start on land journey, to come by land (han ⁴ lu ⁴).
			concluding the banquet.
			in the beginning. [trouble.
			to start strife; origin of quarrel, occasion of
			to start on a journey (chien ⁴ hsing ³).
			rockets.
			to discharge cargo.
			a discharge permit, a bill of lading.
			to harbor a thought.
			from the first, primarily.
			to begin work (tung ⁴ kung ¹).
			to get up.
			[M 165
			to start off (officials), e. g., Grand Examinee
			to name, to designate.
			where do you come from? (ta ³ na ³ li ³ lai ³).
			to raise blisters, bubbles, etc. (liao ³ ch'iang ⁴

ch¹i³-ping¹ 起兵
 ch¹i³-po³ 起駁
 ch¹i³-sh¹h¹u¹ 起身
 ch¹i³ s¹h¹i⁴ 起誓
 ch¹i³-shou³ 起首
 ch¹i³-shou³ 起手
 ch¹i³-t'ou³ 起頭
 ch¹i³-tsang¹ 起賊
 ch¹i³-tsao³-sh¹ui⁴-wan³ 起早睡晚
 ch¹i³-tso⁴ 起坐
 ch¹i³-yen³ 起眼
 ch¹i³ 豈 106a346c
 ch¹i³-kan³ 豈敢
 ch¹i³-k'ên³ 豈肯
 ch¹i³-nên²-ju³-tz'ü³ 豈能如此
 ch¹i³-pu⁴-chih¹ 豈不知
 ch¹i³-yu³-pu⁴-k'o³ 豈有不可
 ch¹i³-yu³-tz'ü³-li³ 豈有此理
 ch¹i³ 口啓 108c347c
 ch¹i³-chê³ 啟者
 ch¹i³-chih¹ 啟知
 ch¹i³-ch'ih³ 啟齒
 ch¹i³-mêng³ 啟蒙
 ch¹i³-ming²-hsing¹ 啟明星
 ch¹i³ 言 82a392b
 ch¹i³-chieh¹-wan³-an⁴ 訖結完案
 ch¹i³-yen⁴ 訖驗
 ch¹i³ 乙 102a395a
 c¹i³-fu² 乞伏
 ch¹i³-ka³ 乞丐
 ch¹i³ 疋 425c204c
 ch¹i³-chin¹ 迄今

CH¹4 气 102b348b
 ch¹i⁴-chi¹ 氣機
 ch¹i⁴-ch'ih³ 氣質
 ch¹i⁴-ch'iu² 氣球
 ch¹i⁴-chuan⁴ 氣壯
 ch¹i⁴-ching⁴-shên³-t'ien² 氣靜神恬
 ch¹i⁴-ch'üeh³ 氣絕
 ch¹i⁴-ch'ung¹-tou³-niu² 氣冲斗牛
 ch¹i⁴-fên⁴-fên⁴-ti¹ 氣忿忿的
 ch¹i⁴-hên⁴ 氣恨

to raise troops, to put troops in motion.
 to transfer a cargo from one boat to another.
 to start on a journey, to move off.
 to take an oath (tu³ chou⁴).
 the beginning.
 pick pocket (pai² na² shou³)
 the beginning.
 to recover stolen goods.
 rising early, and going late to bed; hard toil,
 conduct, behaviour (tung¹ ching⁴).
 considerable, worthy of notice.
 how? M. 444 (yen¹).
 how dare I? (polite) (pu⁴ kan³ tang⁴)
 how can one be willing?
 how can it be so?
 why don't you know? how not know?
 certainly, there is no reason why.
 out of the question (polite).
 to open, to explain, to inform, to instruct,
 this is to begin—at beginning of letters.
 to inform.
 to open the mouth (and begin a subject).
 to instruct, to teach the young or ignorant.
 the morning star (ch'ang² kêng¹).
 to finish, finished, ended, done.
 to settle a case, the case is settled.
 an examination finished.
 to beg, to entreat; to give.
 to beg, prostrate.
 to beg, beggars (yao⁴ fan⁴ ti¹).
 to reach or extend to; finally, at last. See *hsi*².
 till now (ju² chin¹).

air, breath, vapor; temper, anger.
 steam engine (c i¹ ch'ü⁴).
 temper, disposition.
 a balloon.
 firm, undaunted, boldness, fortitude.
 a calm and generous disposition.
 exhausted, without life.
 great anger, rage (see below).
 very angry (see below).
 animosity, rage, anger; to hate.

ch'i⁴-hêng⁴-hêng¹-ti³ 氣諱諱的
 ch'i⁴-hou⁴ 氣候
 ch'i⁴-hsi² 氣息
 ch'i⁴-hsiang⁴ 氣像
 ch'i⁴-hsin¹-fêng¹ 氣心瘋
 ch'i⁴-hsing⁴ 氣性
 ch'i⁴-hsüeh⁴ 氣血
 ch'i⁴-jên² 氣人
 ch'i⁴-lei²-po² 氣瘵疰
 ch'i⁴-li⁴ 氣力
 ch'i⁴-mi²-hsin¹ 氣迷心
 ch'i⁴-mo⁴ 氣脈
 ch'i⁴-p'ai⁴ 氣派
 ch'i⁴-pu¹-fên⁴ 氣不忿
 ch'i⁴-sü² 氣色
 ch'i⁴-sü⁴-pu¹-chéng⁴ 氣色不正
 ch'i⁴-ssü³ 氣死
 ch'i⁴-ssü³-jen² 氣死人
 ch'i⁴-têng¹ 氣燈
 ch'i⁴-ti¹-ch'êng²-ping⁴ 氣的成病
 ch'i⁴-ti¹-luan⁴-pêng⁴ 氣的亂降
 ch'i⁴-tiao⁴ 氣調
 ch'i⁴-tuan² 氣短
 ch'i⁴-wei⁴-r²h² 氣味兒
 ch'i⁴-yün⁴ 氣運
 ch'i⁴ 口 { 器 110a349a
 ch'i⁴ 器 具
 ch'i⁴-chü⁴ 器 械
 ch'i⁴-hsieh⁴ 器 量
 ch'i⁴-liang² 器 皿
 ch'i⁴-min² 器 材
 ch'i⁴-ts'ai² 器 物
 ch'i⁴-wu⁴ 器 用
 ch'i⁴ 木 乘 109b349a
 ch'i⁴-an⁴-chiu⁴-kuang¹ 乘 暗 就 光
 ch'i⁴-chi²-kuei¹-chên¹ 乘 假 歸 真
 ch'i⁴-chiu⁴-huan⁴-hsin¹ 乘 舊 換 新
 ch'i⁴-chüeh² 乘 絕
 ch'i⁴-ch'üeh⁴ 乘 却
 ch'i⁴-fei⁴ 乘 廢
 ch'i⁴-hsieh²-kuei¹-chéng⁴ 乘 邪 歸 正
 ch'i⁴-hsien⁴ 乘 嫌

bursting with rage.
 a division of fifteen days. See Note 21.
 "the breath stopped," to expire.
 appearance.
 anger producing insanity.
 temper, disposition (p'i² ch'i⁴).
 "breath and blood," the constitution.
 to enrage a person.
 crazy, cranky
 strength, speed (as of a steamer).
 goitre.
 constitution.
 style, pomp, pretension.
 unable to restrain one's anger (see below).
 complexion.
 complexion not proper color.
 to die of anger.
 to anger one to death.
 a gas light or lamp.
 got ill from anger.
 hopping mad.
 rhythm, time.
 shortness of breath.
 flavour, taste, relish.
 luck, used of the state's prosperity (yün⁴ ch'i⁴).
 any utensil or instrument; ability.
 same (pu⁴ ch'êng² ch'i⁴).
 utensils, furniture (chia¹ chü⁴).
 military weapons, arms (chün¹ ch'i⁴).
 generous.
 a vessel, utensil or instrument.
 materials (ts'ai² liao⁴).
 materials.
 any kind of utensil, or instrument.
 to break off; to throw away, to abandon.
 to come out of darkness into light.
 to abandon the false and revert to the true.
 to reject the old and adopt the new.
 to cast off, to reject.
 to cast off.
 to throw away, to waste.
 to reject the heretical and become orthodox.
 to leave, to abandon, to reject with disdain.

<i>ch'í³-kuan¹</i>	官		to give up office (hsieh ³ jên ⁴).
<i>ch'í⁴-shé³</i>	棄捨		to abandon, to discard.
<i>ch'í⁴-shih⁴</i>	棄世		"to reject the world," to die.
<i>ch'í⁴</i>	大契	100c349a	a bond, a deed, a cheque; friends.
<i>ch'í⁴-chiao¹</i>	契交		intimate friendship.
<i>ch'í⁴-ch'üan⁴</i>	契券		a deed or bond, proof, written evidence.
<i>ch'í⁴-fu⁴</i>	契父		a bond or adopted father.
<i>ch'í⁴-nan³</i>	契男		an adopted male or son.
<i>ch'í⁴-wei³</i>	契尾		a stamped appendix to a title deed, shewing
<i>ch'í⁴-yo¹</i>	契約		a deed or bond.
<i>ch'í⁴-yu³</i>	契友		intimate friends.
<i>ch'í⁴</i>	水泣	109c396b	to shed tears, to weep silently (k'u ¹).
<i>ch'í⁴-hsüeh⁴</i>	泣血		{ "to weep blood," to weep bitterly (con-
<i>ch'í⁴-hsüeh⁴-chi⁴-sang³</i>	泣血稽顙		ventional phrase on mourning cards).
<i>ch'í⁴-k'u¹</i>	泣哭		bitter grief (funeral notice).
<i>ch'í⁴</i>	戈戚	97a987a	to weep, to cry (t'í ⁴ k'u ¹ lien ² lien ²).
<i>ch'í⁴-i³</i>	戚誼		mournful, sorry; angry; related to, relations,
<i>ch'í⁴-shu³</i>	戚屬		relatives (ch'in ¹ ch'í ⁴).
<i>ch'í⁴</i>	石砌	102a967b	relatives.
<i>ch'í⁴-ch'iang³</i>	砌牆		to raise in layers (as a wall).
<i>ch'í⁴-yen¹-t'ung³</i>	砌烟筒		to build a wall (lei ³ ch'iang ³).
<i>ch'í⁴-yung³-lu⁴</i>	砌甬路		to build up a chimney.
<i>ch'í⁴</i>	人企	109a349b	to make a raised path.
			to stand erect, anxious.
CHIA¹	家	111c351c	a house, family or home; a sect.
<i>chia¹-chai²-pu⁴-an¹</i>	家宅不安		the home is unquiet.
<i>hia¹-ch'an³</i>	家產		family property or estates, patrimony.
<i>chia¹-ch'an³-chin⁴-chieh²</i>	家產盡絕		the family property all exhausted.
<i>chia¹-chang³</i>	家長		the head of a family (tung ¹ chua ¹).
<i>chia¹-ch'ang²-fan⁴</i>	家常飯		every-day fare, pot-luck (pien ⁴ fan ⁴).
<i>chia¹-ch'ang²-hua⁴</i>	家常話		common conversation.
<i>chia¹-ai⁴-ang²-li³-tuan³</i>	家長里短		gossip (shih ⁴ fei ¹).
<i>chia¹-chi¹-pu⁴</i>	家機布		home woven cloth.
<i>chia¹-chia¹-hu⁴-hu⁴</i>	家家戶戶		every family.
<i>chia¹-chiang⁴</i>	家將		family retainers.
<i>chia¹-chia¹-pu⁴-yen²</i>	家教不嚴		family government lax.
<i>chia¹-ch'iao³</i>	家雀		a sparrow.
<i>chia¹-chieh³</i>	家姐		my eldest sister.
<i>chia¹-chu³</i>	家主		master of a family.
<i>chia¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	家去		to go home.
<i>chia¹-chüan⁴</i>	家眷		family wife and children.
<i>chia¹-chün¹</i>	家君		master or father of a family.

<i>chia¹-chung¹</i>	家中	in the family.
<i>chia¹-fu²</i>	家法	the regulations of the house.
<i>chia¹-fan¹-chai²-lüan⁴</i>	家翻宅亂	house topsy-turvy.
<i>chia¹-fu⁴</i>	家父	my father.
<i>chia¹-hsia⁴</i>	家下	wife; wife and children.
<i>chia¹-hsiang¹</i>	家鄉	one's native place.
<i>chia¹-hsiao²</i>	家小	wife; wife and children.
<i>chia¹-hsin¹</i>	家信	a family letter, a home letter
<i>chia¹-hsiung²</i>	家兄	my elder brother (ko ¹ ko ¹).
<i>chui¹-jên²</i>	家人	a domestic.
<i>chia¹-jên²-fu⁴-tzü²</i>	家人婦子	all the persons of a family, wife and children.
<i>chia¹-k'ou²</i>	家口	the people of a house; a wife.
<i>chia¹-li²</i>	家裏	at home, in the family; a wife (ch'i ¹ tzü ²).
<i>chia¹-miao⁴</i>	家廟	ancestral temple.
<i>chia¹-nu²</i>	家奴	one's slaves.
<i>chia¹-pang¹</i>	家邦	one's country, etc.
<i>chia¹-p'in²</i>	家貧	in poverty (the whole family).
<i>chia¹-p'o⁴-jên²-wang²</i>	家破人亡	ruined in person and estate.
<i>chia¹-p'u²</i>	家僕	domestics.
<i>chia¹-p'u³</i>	家譜	family tree.
<i>chia¹-shih⁴</i>	家世	worldly concerns of a family.
<i>chia¹-shih⁴-pu⁴-hao²</i>	家世不好	worldly concerns of a family unprosperous.
<i>chia¹-shu¹</i>	家書	a family letter.
<i>chia¹-ssü¹</i>	家私	family property or estates.
<i>chia¹-tang¹</i>	家當	wealth (ts'ai ² pai ²).
<i>chia¹-t'ang²</i>	家堂	the family hall, or gods.
<i>chia¹-tao⁴</i>	家道	style of living, rate of expenditure.
<i>chia¹-tao⁴-pu⁴-ho²</i>	家道不和	family discord.
<i>chia¹-ting¹</i>	家丁	a domestic, a slave (chia ¹ p'u ²).
<i>chia¹-t'ing²</i>	家庭	a family, a home.
<i>chia¹-tsei²-nan¹-fang²</i>	家賊難防	a thief in the family is hard to guard against.
<i>chia¹-tz'ü²</i>	家慈	my mother.
<i>chia¹-wu⁴</i>	家務	household affairs.
<i>chia¹-yeh⁴</i>	家業	family property or estates.
<i>chia¹-yen²</i>	家嚴	my father.
<i>chia¹-yüan¹</i>	家冤	family grievance.
<i>chia¹</i>	力加	to add to, additional, more, to increase.
<i>chia¹-chi²</i>	加級	to promote in rank.
<i>chia¹-chien²</i>	加減	to add and to diminish (ch'êng ² fa ³ , ch'u ² fa ³).
<i>chia¹-chien²-ch'êng²</i>	加減乘除	add, subtract, multiply, and divide.
<i>chia¹-ch'ien²</i>	加錢	additional money, to give more money.
<i>chia¹-chin²-pan⁴-li²</i>	加緊辦理	to manage with extra care.
<i>chia¹-ên¹</i>	加恩	to confer favour, to exercise kindness to.

<i>chia¹-fa³</i>	加	method of adding, addition in mathematics
<i>chia¹-hsien²</i>	加銜	nominal rank, titular dignity.
<i>chia¹-hsing²</i>	加刑	to inflict punishment.
<i>chia¹-i¹-pei¹</i>	加一倍	to double the number or quantity.
<i>chia¹-k'o¹</i>	加科	extra duty.
<i>chia¹-kuan¹</i>	加官	to promote in office (<i>shêng¹ kao¹ kuan¹</i>).
<i>chia¹-kuan¹-chin⁴-chüeh²</i>	加官進爵	may your rank be increased.
<i>chia¹-kuan¹</i>	加冠	to add the cap at marriage, foreign coronation.
<i>chia¹-kung¹</i>	加工	extra work.
<i>chia¹-li⁴</i>	加利	additional interest (<i>li⁴ hsi²</i>).
<i>chia¹-mien³</i>	加勉	increasingly energetic.
<i>chia¹-pei⁴</i>	加倍	to double.
<i>chia¹-pei⁴-p'ei²-huan²</i>	加倍賠還	to repay double.
<i>chia¹-san¹-chi²</i>	加三級	to promote three steps (official).
<i>chia¹-shih²-pei⁴</i>	加十倍	ten times more.
<i>chia¹-t'ien¹</i>	加添	to add, to increase.
<i>chia¹-to¹-hsieh¹</i>	加多些	give a little more.
<i>chia¹-to¹-shao³</i>	加多少	how much more will you give?
<i>ehia¹-tsêng¹</i>	加增	to increase, to enhance (<i>tsêng¹ t'ien¹</i>).
<i>chia¹</i>	大夾	double; to nip, nippers; near to.
<i>chia¹-ao²</i>	夾襖	a lined coat.
<i>chia¹-chên³</i>	夾疹	a rash, small pox; flea bites.
<i>chia¹-chien³</i>	夾剪	nippers, snuffers, shears.
<i>chia¹-ch'ih²</i>	夾持	to support on each side by holding.
<i>chia¹-ku³</i>	夾鼓	to wink (<i>chi² yen³</i>).
<i>chia¹-kun⁴</i>	夾棍	an instrument of torture for the ankles.
<i>chia¹-kung¹</i>	夾攻	to attack on both sides.
<i>chia¹-la⁴-hua¹</i>	夾蠟花	to snuff a candle.
<i>chia¹-pan³</i>	夾板	hames (part of harness).
<i>chia¹-pan³-ch'uan²</i>	夾板船	sailing vessels.
<i>chia¹-pan³-tzü²</i>	夾板子	an instrument of torture; castanets.
<i>chia¹-pang⁴</i>	夾棒	an instrument of torture.
<i>chia¹-tai⁴</i>	夾帶	to carry secretly about one, to smuggle.
<i>chia¹-tao⁴-êrh²</i>	夾道兒	a ravine, a pass, a passage.
<i>chia¹-ti¹-tan¹-ti¹</i>	夾的單的	double and single (<i>e. g.</i> , clothing). See <i>chia²</i>
<i>chia¹-tsa²</i>	夾雜	to mix, to blend, mixed, confused.
<i>chia¹-tsai⁴-li³-mien⁴</i>	夾在裏面	to place between two, <i>e. g.</i> , leaves of book.
<i>chia¹-tsai⁴-shu¹-li³</i>	夾在書裡	to put within the leaves of a book.
<i>chia¹</i>	佳	good, excellent, fine, beautiful.
<i>chia¹-ch'êng²</i>	佳城	ancestral tombs.
<i>chia¹-ch'ü¹</i>	佳期	an auspicious time.
<i>chia¹-chieh²</i>	佳節	festival or holiday times.
<i>chia¹-ching³</i>	佳景	a fine landscape, a beautiful prospect.

<i>chia¹-hua¹</i>	佳話	good or fine language.
<i>chia¹-i⁴</i>	佳意	a good idea.
<i>chia¹-jên³</i>	佳人	a beautiful woman.
<i>chia¹-li⁴</i>	佳麗	handsome, beautiful, fine, elegant.
<i>chia¹-mes³</i>	佳美	handsome, beautiful.
<i>chia¹-miao⁴</i>	佳妙	excellent, admirable.
<i>c'ia¹-pi³</i>	佳筆	excellent handwriting.
<i>chia¹-tso⁴</i>	佳作	good workmanship, good compositions.
<i>chia¹-yin²</i>	佳音	a good voice; good news.
<i>chia¹</i>	嘉	good, excellent; to commend, to praise.
<i>chia¹-ch'ing⁴</i>	嘉慶	Emperor Chia Ch'ing (1796-1821 A. D.).
<i>chia¹-pin¹</i>	嘉賓	respected guests.
<i>chia¹-p'ing²-yüeh⁴</i>	嘉平月	the 12th moon (1a ⁴ yüeh ⁴).
<i>chia¹-wei¹</i>	嘉味	fine flavor (tzü ¹ wei ⁴).
<i>chia¹-yao²</i>	嘉饈	excellent cuisine.
<i>chia¹</i>	傢	household furniture, utensils.
<i>chia¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	傢器	same.
<i>chia¹-chü⁴</i>	傢具	household effects.
<i>chia¹-huo³</i>	傢伙	same.
<i>chia¹-shih³</i>	傢什	utensils (ch'ü ⁴ chü ⁴)
<i>chia¹-shih³</i>	傢使	same.
<i>chia¹</i>	木	the wooden collar worn by Chinese criminals.
<i>chia¹-hao⁴</i>	枷號	to be put in the "collar."
<i>chia¹-hao⁴-shih⁴-chung⁴</i>	枷號示衆	to cangue as a warning to all. [free.
<i>chia¹-man³-chai²-fang⁴</i>	枷滿責放	when the time of cangue is up, whip and set
<i>chia¹-shih⁴</i>	枷示	to cangue as a warning to others.
<i>chia¹-ta³</i>	枷打	to beat and put in the "collar."
<i>chia¹</i>	手	to carry under the arm, to conceal.
<i>chia¹-cho²-thu¹-pao¹</i>	挾着書包	clasping a bundle of books under the arm.
<i>chia¹-chi¹</i>	挾制	oppress, coerce.
<i>chia¹-tai⁴</i>	挾帶	to carry under the arm.
<i>chia¹</i>	禾	to sow, to plant.
<i>chia¹-sê⁴</i>	稼穡	to sow and to reap.
<i>chia¹</i>	衣	surplice of Buddhist priest.
<i>chia¹-sha¹</i>	袈裟	same.
CHIA²	頁	the jaws (sai ¹ lien ³).
<i>chia²-hsü¹</i>	頰鬚	the whiskers (hu ² tzü ³).
<i>chia²</i>	衣袷	double, lined (garment) (mien ² , tan ³).
<i>chia²-i¹-fu⁴</i>	袷衣服	lined clothing.
<i>chia²-k'u⁴</i>	袷褲	a lined pants.
<i>chia²-p'uo²-chia²-kua⁴</i>	袷袍袷褂	lined gown and lined coat.
<i>chia²-pei⁴</i>	袷被	a lined quilt.

- CHIA⁸** 入 假 115c352c
chia³-chieh⁴ 假借
chia³-chuang¹ 假粧
chia³-ch'ung¹ 假充
chia³-hua⁴ 假話
chia³-i⁴ 假意
chia³-jên²-chia³-i⁴ 假仁假義
chia³-ju² 假如
chia³-kung¹-chi³-ssü¹ 假公濟私
chia³-mao⁴-wei²-shan⁴ 假冒爲善
chia³-nieh¹ 假捏
chia³-shih³ 假使
chia³-ssü¹-wen² 假斯文
chia³-tso⁴ 假做
chia³ 田 甲 116c355a
chia³-chang³ 甲長
chia³-chou⁴ 甲冑
chia³-ping¹ 甲兵
chia³-tzu³ 甲子
- CHIA⁴** 女 嫁 111c354b
chia⁴-ch'ü³ 嫁娶
chia⁴ chuang¹ 嫁粧
chia⁴ huo⁴ 嫁禍
chia⁴-lien² 嫁奩
chia⁴-nü³ 嫁女
chia⁴-tzu⁴ 嫁資
 人 價 118a353a
chia⁴-chang³-liao³ 價長了
chia⁴-ch'ien² 價錢
chia⁴-ch'ien²-ang² 價錢昂
chia⁴-ch'ien²-chien⁴ 價錢賤
chia⁴-ch'ien²-chung⁴ 價錢重
chia⁴-ch'ien²-kuei⁴ 價錢貴
chia⁴-ch'ien²-p'ien²-i² 價錢便宜
chia⁴-ch'ien²-p'ing³ 價錢平
chia⁴-ch'ien²-ti¹ 價錢低
chia⁴-ch'ien²-to¹-shao³ 價錢多少
chia⁴-chih² 價值
chia⁴-kao¹ 價高
chia⁴-lien² 價廉
chia⁴-nên⁴ 價嫻
chia⁴-shih³ 價實
- false; leave of absence (4th tone); to borrow. to falsely borrow; evasion; to borrow or lend. to pretend (jên⁴ chên¹). ~ to falsely represent, etc. falsehood, lies (hsia⁴ hua⁴). designedly misleading. hypocritical (see below). if, suppose that it be (or 若) (shê⁴ ju², t'ang³ ju²). helping one's self under pretence of public spirit, hypocrite. to fabricate (nieh¹ tsao⁴). suppose for example (t'ang³ ju²). a make-believe scholar. to feign, to pretend. to begin, the first; armour, scales; finger nails. headman of a tithing; village elder (hsiang¹ à suit of armour (k'ai³ chia⁴). [chang³]. mailed soldiers. one of the diagrams (kuei⁴ chia³ tzü³). [chia¹]. to marry (applied to the woman) (ch'ü², ch'êng² marriage generally (yin¹ yian²). a marriage portion, bridal presents (p'in⁴ li³). to lay blame on another person. a marriage portion, wedding presents. to give a daughter in marriage. dowry, bridal presents. value, the price of anything. the price has risen. value, price, cost. a high price, dear. a low price, cheap. a high price, dear. same (yen² pu⁴ êrh⁴ chia⁴). a reasonable price. an even price. a low price (p'ien⁴ i²). what is the price? the price, the value of. a high price, dear. a moderate price the price tender (easy). a fair price, true prices.

chia ⁴ -yin ²	價銀		the price of.
chia ⁴ -ying ⁴	價硬		the price is firm.
chia ⁴	架	木 115a353c	a stand (as a book or flower stand, etc.).
chia ⁴ -chih ¹ -t'ao ²	架枝桃		the oleander.
chia ⁴ -hua ¹	架花		to prop or support flowers.
chia ⁴ -nung ⁴	架弄		to put on airs, to bounce; affected style.
chia ⁴ pu ⁴ .chu ⁴	架不住		cannot support (a weight).
chia ⁴ -shih ⁴	架式		configuration or style of things (ch'i ¹ p'ai ⁴).
chia ⁴ -so ¹	架唆		to egg on (t'iao ¹ so ¹).
chia ⁴ -tzū ³ -ta ⁴	架子大		giving one's self airs (ta ⁴ mu ² ta ⁴ yang ⁴).
chia ⁴	駕	馬 114b353b	a carriage, a cart; a term of respect; the emperor.
chia ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	駕車		a cart or carriage (lao ² chia ⁴).
chia ⁴ -ch'ien ²	駕前		in presence of the emperor.
chia ⁴ -hia ⁴	駕下		palace officials (kung ¹ chin ⁴).
chia ⁴ -lin ²	駕臨		your arrival (tang ³ chia ⁴).
chia ⁴ -ma ²	駕馬		riding (ch'i ² ma ²).
chia ⁴ -pêng ¹	駕崩		the death of an emperor.
chia ⁴ -sung ⁴	駕訟		embark on legal proceedings (t'iao ¹ tz'ü ²).
chia ⁴ -yün ²	駕雲		to ride on the clouds.
chia ⁴	莢	鐘 111b356c	Pods of leguminous plants.
chia ⁴ -ming ²	莢		a kind of medicine.

CH'IA ¹	手	招 118c358a	to nip between the finger and thumb.
ch'ia ¹ -chien ¹ -tzū ³	招尖子		to browbeat, to share illicit gains.
ch'ia ¹ -chien ¹ -ch'u ¹ -sê ⁴	招尖出色		excelling others.
ch'ia ¹ -chih ²	招指		to reckon on the fingers (ch'ü ¹ chih ² chi ⁴).
ch'ia ¹ -chu ¹ -sang ³ -tzū ³	招住		to seize by the throat.
ch'ia ¹ -ch'ü ⁴ -t'ou ² -wei ³	招去		seizing head and tail.
ch'ia ¹ -chüeh ² -nien ⁴ .	招訣		to use incantations.
ch'ia ¹ -hua ¹ [chou ⁴]	招花		to pluck a flower (ts'ai ² hua ¹).
ch'ia ¹ -i ¹ -to ³ -hua ¹	招一		to pluck a flower.
ch'ia ¹ -p'o ⁴ -liao ³	招破了		pinched till the blood comes.
ch'ia ¹ -pu ¹ -ch'i ²	招不齊		unequal, uneven, not fitted evenly.
ch'ia ¹ -ssü ³ -liao ³	招死了		choked to death with the fingers.
ch'ia ¹ -suan ⁴ -ch'ia ¹ -suan ⁴	招算		to reckon on the fingers.
ch'ia ¹ -ts'ao ³ -mao ⁴ -tzū ³	招草帽子		to plait strawbraid for hats.
ch'ia ¹ (tzū)	卡	卜 118b940b	a pass, a barrier; clasp of belt. See k'a ¹ .
ch'ia ¹ -chu ¹ -liao ³	卡住了		held fast between two objects.
ch'ia ¹ -fang ²	卡房		a kind of guard-house (p'u ⁴).
ch'ia ¹ -lu ⁴	卡路		an important pass, a guard-house.

CH'IA ⁴	心	恰 119a357a	fortunately, opportunely, at the exact moment.
ch'ia ⁴ -ch'iao ³	恰巧		in the nick of time, in exact coincidence.

ch'ia⁴-hao³
 ch'ia⁴-sai⁴
 ch'ia⁴-ssü⁴
 ch'ia⁴-tang¹
 ch'ia⁴-tui⁴
 ch'ia⁴-yao⁴
 ch'ia⁴-yü¹

恰好
 恰襄
 恰似
 恰當
 恰對
 恰要
 恰遇

fortunately, opportunely.
 to rival, to compare favourably, even better.
 like, resembling, the same as, as if (hsiang⁴ ssü⁴).
 in nick of time, apposite.
 to exactly agree.
 just about to, etc.
 to meet opportunely.

CHIANG¹

水 彳

江 119c362a

chiang¹-hoi³
 chiang¹-ho²
 chiang¹-hsi¹
 chiang¹-hsi¹-la²
 chiang¹-hsin¹
 chiang¹-hu²
 chiang¹-hu²-k'o⁴
 chiang¹-mi²
 chiang¹-nan²
 chiang¹-nan²-chü²
 chiang¹-ning²
 chiang¹-shan¹
 chiang¹-su¹

江海
 江河
 江西
 江西刺
 江心
 江湖
 江湖客
 江米
 江南
 江南菊
 江寧
 江山
 江蘇

a river, especially the Yang-tsze (ho³).
 rivers and seas, the waters, marine.
 rivers in general.
 the province of Kiang-si. W. I., 111.
 the China-aster.
 in the centre of a river.
 rivers and lakes; far traveled (p'ao² chiang¹ hu²).
 a tramp, vagrant.

chiang¹ 寸 將 取

將 120c967a

chiang¹-chi⁴-chiu⁴-chi⁴
 chiang¹-ch'ü³-lai²
 chiang¹-chiang¹-ti¹
 chiang⁴-chih²
 chiang¹-chin⁴
 chiang¹-chiu⁴
 chiang⁴-chün¹
 chiang¹-hsi¹
 chiang⁴-hsiang⁴
 chiang¹-jên²-ta²-ssü³
 chiang¹-kou⁴ [tsui⁴
 chiang¹-kung¹-chê²-
 chiang¹-kung¹-pu³-kuo⁴
 chiang¹-lai²
 chiang¹-ling⁴
 chiang⁴-shuai⁴
 chiang¹-ts'ai²
 chiang¹-wan³
 chiang¹-wu²-tso⁴-yu³
 chiang¹-yao⁴-ch'ü⁴

將計就計
 將起來
 將將的
 將指
 將近
 將就
 將軍
 將息
 將相
 將人打死
 將殼
 將功折罪
 將功補過
 將來
 將令
 將帥
 將纔
 將晚
 將無作有
 將要去

a glutinous rice. [hui].
 the province of Kiang-nan (Kiang-su and An-
 the China-aster.
 Nanking. W. I., 100.
 the empire (to² chiang¹ shan¹).
 the province of Kiang-su. W. I., 99. [M. 68, 133.
 to take, to receive, to accommodate; to order.
 to meet plot with plot.
 auxiliary of progressive idea.
 just, just as.
 the thumb (ta⁴ mu³ chih²).
 near, close by. [chiu¹].
 to accommodate, to put up (chiu⁴ fu³, cf. chiang³
 a general (in this sense 4th tone).
 about to stop.
 generals and ministers of state (tsai³ hsiang⁴).
 to kill a man (or 把 for 將).
 just enough.
 to make amends for sin by merit.
 to make amends for sin by merit,
 hereafter, in future.
 an order from a general. [shuai⁴].
 a Tartar general, a commander-in-chief (yuan²
 immediately, at once, just now.
 towards evening (pang⁴ wan³).
 to fabricate out of nothing (nich¹ tso⁴).
 about to go.

chiung ¹ -yao ⁴ .pu ⁴ -hao ³	將要不好	the affair is on the point of becoming ugly,
chiung ⁴ -yeh ³	將爺	a general, a commander-in-chief (4).
chiung ¹ -ying ² -k'o ³	將迎客	an elderly woman of the groom's friends. M. 172.
chiung ¹	水 漿 120b968a	syrup, any thick fluid, pus, starch; to starch.
chiung ¹ -fên ³	漿粉	starch in powder form.
chiung ¹ -hsi ³ .i ¹ -shang ¹	漿洗衣裳	to wash and starch clothes (note order of 漿洗).
chiang ¹ -shui ³	漿水	starch (liquid).
chiang ¹	姜 122c363b	ginger.
chiang ¹	薑	same.
chiang ¹ -chih ¹	薑汁	ginger syrup (t'ang ² chiang ¹).
chiang ¹ -huang ³	薑黃	turmeric (huang ³ chiang ¹ fên ³).
chiang ¹ -shui ³	薑水	ginger water, ginger tea.
chiang ¹ -ya ³	薑芽	ginger shoots.
chiang ¹	田 疆 123a363a	a boundary, frontier or limit.
chiang ¹ -chie ¹ .4	疆界	same (hsin ¹ chiang ¹).
chiang ¹ -t'u ³	疆土	same.
chiang ¹	系 韁 221b363a	a bridle.
chiang ¹ -shêng ³	韁繩	bridle reins, end of a halter, etc.
chiang ¹	豆 豇 119c363c	beans, pulse.
chiang ¹ -tou ⁴	豇豆	a kind of long bean.
chiang ¹ -tou ⁴ -chiao ² -êr ¹ .2	豇豆角兒	a kidney-bean pod.
chiang ¹	姜 123a362b	name.
chiang ¹ shang ⁴ -fu ⁴	姜尙父	father of Chinese gods. M. 292. Chiang ¹ T'ai ⁴ [Kung ¹]
chiang ¹ -t'ai ⁴ -kung ¹	姜太公	same.
chiang ¹ -tsü ³ -ya ²	姜子牙	same.
chiang ¹	人 僵 122b362c	to lie down, stretched out, prostrate.
chiang ¹ shih ¹	僵屍	a stiffened corpse (shih ¹ shou ³).

CHIANG ³	言 講 123c363c	to speak, to discourse, to explain; explanation
chiang ³ -chia ¹ -ch'ien ²	講價錢	to discuss the price with the seller (huan ³ chia ⁴).
chiang ³ -chieh ³	講解	to explain, as a commentary. [Buddhist].
chiang ³ -ching ¹ -shuo ¹ -fa ²	講經說法	to expound the Canon and declare the Law
chiang ³ ch'ing ²	講情	to intercede for another.
chiang ³ -chiu ¹	講究	particular, fastidious (cr. chiang ¹ chiu ⁴).
chiang ³ -chui ¹ -t'ou ²	講究頭	worth talking about.
chiang ³ fa ²	講法	mode of explanation; definition.
chiung ³ -ho ²	講和	to mediate, to negotiate, to pacify (shuo ¹ ho ²).
chiang ³ -hua ⁴	講話	to talk, to discuss, discourse (shuo ¹ hua ⁴).
chiang ³ -kuan ¹ -hua ⁴	講官話	to talk mandarin.
chiang ³ -li ³	講理	to discuss reason, to argue a question.
chiang ³ lun ⁴	講論	to talk of, to discourse about.
chiang ³ lun ⁴ -ping ¹ -fa ²	講論兵法	to explain military science.
chiang ³ -ming ²	講明	to declare, to speak plainly.

chiang³-ming²-shuo¹ 講明說開
 chiang³ pu-t'ou¹ [k'ai¹] 講不透
 chiang³-shu¹ 講書
 chiang³ shu¹-t'ang³ 講書堂
 chiang³-shuo¹ 講說
 chiang³ ta³ 講打
 chiang³-t'an³ 講談
 chiang³-te²-ch'ü⁴ 講得來
 chiang³-ti²-lai³ 講定了價
 chiang³-ting¹-li⁰-chia³ 講東講西
 chiang³ tung¹-chiang³ 大獎 121c968a
 chiang³-ch'üan¹ 獎勸
 chiang³-li⁴ 獎屬
 chiang³-shang³ 獎賞
 chiang³ 水 港 124a364b
 chiang³-k'ou³ 港口 122a968b
 chiang³ 木 槳 123b364a
 chiang³ (tzü) 肉 脛 123c364a
 chiang³ 耒 耨 123c364a
 chiang³-ti⁴ 耨地

CHIANG⁴ 阜 降 124c364c
 chiang⁴-chi³ 降級
 chiang⁴-chih³ 降旨
 chiang⁴-fan² 降凡
 chiang⁴-fu² 降福
 chiang⁴-fü² 降服
 chiang⁴-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴ 降下去
 chiang⁴-hsia⁴-lai² 降下來
 chiang⁴-hsiang¹ 降香
 chiang⁴-hsin¹-hsiang¹ 降心相從
 chiang⁴-huo⁴ [ts'ung²] 降禍
 chia²-g²-ko² 降革
 chiang⁴-lin² 降臨
 chiang⁴-pai³-hsung² 降百祥
 chiang⁴-san¹-chi² 降三級
 chiang⁴-shêng¹ 降生
 chiang⁴-shêng¹ 降升
 chiang⁴-shih⁴ 降世
 chiang⁴-shuang¹ 降霜
 chiang⁴-tsai¹ 降災
 chiang⁴-yü³ 降雨

to state clearly and unequivocally.
 to expound superficially only.
 to explain books.
 a preaching chapel.
 to speak, to discourse.
 to abuse and beat.
 to chat, to converse.
 it may be said.
 able to say or express.
 the price is fixed.
 to talk in an irrelevant way.
 to assist; to encourage, to commend, to praise.
 to encourage by praise (k'ua¹ chiang³)
 to stimulate by praise (kuo¹ chiang³).
 to encourage by rewards (shang³ ssü⁴). [harbour, drain, a passage for water, an arm of the sea, a port or harbour, the mouth of a passage (hai³ an oar (lu³). [k'ou³].
 callosities on the feet.
 to plow and sow.
 to plough land (kêng¹ ti⁴).
 to descend, to condescend. See hsiang².
 to degrade in rank (lin² jên⁴).
 to issue an imperial decree (shêng⁴ chih³).
 an incarnation, deity coming to place of mortals happiness sent by Heaven. [(lin² fan²).
 one year's mourning, mourning for one's superior. [riors.
 to descend, to come down; to receive from laka wood; to burn incense. [superiors.
 to condescend.
 calamity sent by Heaven (t'ien¹ tsai¹).
 to degrade, to deprive of rank.
 to condescend, to descend (lin² fan²).
 happiness sent by Heaven.
 to degrade three steps (official).
 to give birth to, given by Heaven, to be born into this descending and ascending. [world from another. incarnation.
 falling of dew (shuang² chiang⁴).
 to send down calamities.
 to rain (hsia⁴ yü³).

chiang ⁴	酉	醬	122a968b	a kind of pickle made from pulse, etc.; soy,
chiang ⁴ -chiang ¹		醬		ginger preserved in soy.
chiang ⁴ -fang ¹		醬		an oilman's shop.
chiang ⁴ -kua ¹ -tzu ³		醬		pickled melons.
chiang ⁴ -pai ⁴ -ts'ai ⁴		醬		pickled cabbage.
chiang ⁴ -tou ⁴ -fu ³		醬		pickled bean-curd.
chiang ¹ -ts'ai ⁴		醬		pickled vegetables.
chiang ⁴ -yn ²		醬		soy, bean sauce.
chiang ⁴ -yüan ²		醬		an oilman's shop.
chiang ⁴	工	匠	124b968c	a mechanic, an artificer, a maker of, a worker in,
chiang ⁴ -hsin ¹		匠		a person with an inventive genius. [bourer.
chiang ⁴ -i ⁴		匠		workman attached to public offices, etc.; a la-
chiang ⁴ -jên ²		匠		a workman, an artificer, a mechanic.
chiang ⁴	糸	絳	124b364c	deep red, crimson.
chiang ⁴ -sha ¹		絳		crimson gauze.
chiang ⁴ -tzu ³		絳		dark crimson.
chiang ⁴ (tzu)	米	糲	124c365c	flour and water, paste (hu ³ piao ²).
chiang ⁴ -ch'ou ² -ma ³ -tzu ³		糲		a person thickly pock-marked.
chiang ⁴ -hu ³		糲		paste, starch.
chiang ⁴	人	倅	124b364b	obstreperous.
chiang ⁴ -hai ³ -tzu ³		倅		unruly, contumacious child (sa ¹ p'o ¹).
chiang ⁴ -han ⁴		倅		pigheaded man.
chiang ⁴ -hua ⁴		倅		obstinate words.
chiang ⁴ -tsui ³		倅		contumacious in speech.
CH'IANg ¹	木	槍	125c968a	a lance or spear of wood.
ch'iang ¹ -chien ¹		槍		point of a spear, etc.
ch'iang ¹ -kan ³		槍		handle of a spear.
ch'iang ¹ -shou ³		槍		a hired substitute at examinations.
ch'iang ¹ -tao ¹ -ju ⁴ -k'u ⁴		槍		(fig.) a time of peace.
ch'iang ¹ -t'i ⁴		槍		a hired substitute at examinations.
ch'iang ¹ -tsuan ¹		槍		the butt-end of a spear, etc.
ch'iang ¹	金	鎗	125c968b	a musket, firearms in general; a lance or spear.
ch'iang ¹ -chi ¹ -tzu ³		鎗		the lock of a gun (yang ² ch'iang ¹).
ch'iang ¹ -chia ⁴ -tzu ³		鎗		an arm-rack.
ch'iang ¹ -p'ao ¹		鎗		small arms and artillery.
ch'iang ¹ -t'an ⁴ -tzu ³		鎗		a ramrod.
ch'iang ¹ -tao ¹ -chien ⁴		鎗		"guns, knives, swords, and spears," arms.
ch'iang ¹ -tzu ³ -rh ² [chi ³		鎗		shot, bullets.
ch'iang ¹ -yuo ⁴		鎗		gunpowder (huo ³ yao ⁴).
ch'iang ¹	虫	蜣	126b365b	a kind of beetle, a cockroach, the dung-beetle,
ch'iang ¹ -lang ²		蜣		same (shih ² k'o ¹ lang ²). [tunes, accent.
ch'iang ¹	肉	腔	126b365c	puffed up with wind, vain, conceited, empty;

ch'iang ¹ -k'ou ³ -hao ³	腔口好	his voice is well modulated.
ch'iang ¹ -tiao ¹	腔調	in tune, harmonizing; tunes, airs.
ch'iang ¹ -tzu ³	腔子	a vain, conceited person; headless.
ch'iang ¹	羊羴	sheep skeleton.
ch'iang ¹	足踉蹌	quick, to step quickly; to fence, fencing.
CH'ANG²	牆	a wall (ying ³ pi ⁴ , ch'êng ² ch'iang ²).
ch'iang ² -chi ¹	牆基	the foundation of a wall.
ch'iang ² -chiao ³	牆脚	same.
ch'iang ² -ch'ü ²	牆厨	a cupboard in wall.
ch'iang ² -kên ¹ -ti ³ -hsia ⁴	牆根底下	the foot of a wall.
ch'iang ² -ku ³	牆鼓	the wall bulges out.
ch'iang ² -pi ⁴	牆壁	walls generally (inner).
ch'iang ² -tao ³ -ch'ü ² -t'ui ¹	牆倒齊推	everyone has a shove at a falling wall (meta- a buttress. [phorical].
ch'iang ² -to ³ -tzu ³	牆垛子	walls generally (outer) (shan ¹ ch'iang ²)
ch'iang ² -yüan ²	牆垣	strong, overbearing, good. (Also 3.) M. 142.
ch'iang ²	弓彊強	rousing one's self to energy (tou ³ sou ¹ ching ¹ to fight fiercely, able to fight. [shên ²].
ch'iang ² -cha ² -chêng ¹	強扎掙着	to take by force.
ch'iang ² -chan ⁴ [cho ²	強戰	a rape; to commit a rape.
ch'iang ² -chêng ¹	強爭	a rape against the will.
ch'iang ² -chien ¹	強姦	to repress by violence.
ch'iang ² -chien ¹ -pu ⁴ -ts'ung ²	強姦不從	to covet, to desire.
ch'iang ² -chih ⁴	強治	strong (chuang ⁴ shih ³ shih ² ti ¹).
ch'iang ² -ch'ü ²	強求	a violent person; a clever person.
ch'iang ² -chuang ⁴	強壯	to force one's self, to endure.
ch'iang ² -jên ²	強人	strong and weak.
ch'iang ² -jên ³	強忍	better than (ch'iang ² ssü ⁴).
ch'iang ² -jo ⁴	強弱	to settle a matter by force.
ch'iang ² -ju ²	強如	to bully, to bluster.
ch'iang ² -kuan ³	強管	to detain by force.
ch'iang ² -liang ²	強良	to take by force, to usurp.
ch'iang ² -liu ²	強留	to force, to compel.
ch'iang ² -pa ⁴	強霸	to forcibly carry out.
ch'iang ² -p'ai ⁴	強派	to force, to compel.
ch'iang ² -pan ⁴	強辦	to secure an efficient soldiery.
ch'iang ² -pi ¹	強逼	flourishing, prosperous, puissant, e.g. , a kingdom.
ch'iang ² -ping ¹	強兵	acids.
ch'iang ² -shêng ⁴	強盛	better than, to surpass.
ch'iang ² -shui ³	強水	to rouse with æ effort.
ch'iang ² -ssü ⁴	強似	robbers, banditti (hsiang ³ ma ³).
ch'iang ² -ta ³ -ching ¹ -shên ²	強打精神	to demand.
ch'iang ² -tao ⁴	強盜	
ch'iang ² -t'ao ³	強討	

ch'iang ² tsei ²	強賊	robbers, banditti.
ch'iang ² tsui ²	強嘴	unmannerly, asseverate.
ch'iang ² yao ⁴	強要	to demand, to insist on having.
ch'iang ²	薔薇	a red rose (mei ² kuei ⁴).
ch'iang ² wei ²	薔薇	climbing rose.
CH-IANG ³	手搶	to rob by violence; to stand opposed to; to
ch'iang ³ chieh ²	搶劫	[snatch. to rob, to plunder, highway robbery.
ch'iang ³ cho ² mai ³	搶着買	to buy at auction.
ch'iang ³ ch'ü ⁴	搶去	to snatch away (to ² ch'ü ⁴).
ch'iang ³ hsien ¹ [feng ¹	搶先	to struggle for precedence, unmannerly.
ch'iang ³ liao ³ shang ³	搶了上風	stole the advantage (fig.)
ch'iang ³ liao ⁴	搶掠	to plunder, burglary
ch'iang ³ ning ³	搶擰	to seize, to wrench.
ch'iang ³ tao ⁴	搶盜	robbery, brigandage (hsiang ³ mu ³).
ch'iang ³ to ²	搶奪	to rob, to plunder (t'o ² ta ⁴)
ch'iang ³ tsui ³	搶嘴	unmannerly, forward to talk.
CH-IANG ⁴	戈	a prop, to prop (as a house, wall, etc.).
ch'iang ⁴ mu ⁴	戈木	a prop, a support, scaffolding.
ch'iang ⁴	口	to cough, to irritate the throat, to smoke out.
ch'iang ⁴ ch'ü ² hie ²	口噴出血來	coughed up blood.
	[tsi ²	
CHIAO ¹	亠	interchange, intercourse, to blend; to give to.
chiao ¹ chan ⁴	交戰	conflict, meet in battle.
chiao ¹ chia ⁴	交價	to pay the price of an article.
chiao ¹ chieh ¹	交接	intercourse, receive and entertain.
chiao ¹ chieh ² p'eng ² yu ²	交朋友	to form friendship; to become intimate with.
chiao ¹ chieh ³	交節	the establishment of spring (li ⁴ ch'un ¹).
chiao ¹ chieh ⁴	交界	adjoining boundaries.
chiao ¹ chieh ⁴ pei ¹	交界碑	a boundary tablet.
chiao ¹ ch'ih ³	交齒	dovetailed, interlocking.
chiao ¹ ch'ing ²	交情	mutual affection or friendship.
chiao ¹ ch'ing ² chung ⁴	交情重	the friendship is weighty.
chiao ¹ ch'ü ¹	交出	to deliver up.
chiao ¹ fu ⁴	交付	to transfer, to pass over, to hand to.
chiao ¹ hao ³	交好	to form friendship; friends.
chiao ¹ ho ²	交和	mutual friendship.
chiao ¹ ho ³	交合	two armies opposed to each other, sexual com-
chiao ¹ hu ⁴	交互	mutually connected or blended together.
chiao ¹ huan ²	交還	to return, to hand back.
chiao ¹ hui ²	交回	to deliver back.
chiao ¹ hui ⁴	交會	to meet, to join, conjunction.

<i>chiao¹-yeh⁴</i>		蕉葉		palm leaves.
<i>chiao¹</i>	木	椒 135a970c		pepper (hu ² chiao ¹ , cn'in ² chiao ¹).
<i>chiao¹-fèn²</i>		椒粉		ground pepper.
<i>chiao¹-nién⁴</i>		椒麵		same.
<i>chiao¹</i>	水	澆 133a368c		to sprinkle (as in watering flowers, etc.).
<i>chiao¹ ch'uan²</i>		澆船		to water the boat's timbers.
<i>chiao¹-hua¹</i>		澆花		to water flowers.
<i>chiao¹-kuan⁴</i>		澆灌		to sprinkle, to water.
<i>chiao¹-lu⁴-lu²</i>		澆轆轤		to work a windlass for drawing water.
<i>chiao¹-p'iao²</i>		澆瓢		a ladle for washing decks.
<i>chiao¹-shui²</i>		澆水		to sprinkle water.
<i>chiao¹-ti⁴</i>		澆地		to water fields.
<i>chiao¹</i>	肉	膠 134c368c		glue, to glue; adherence to (shui ² chiao ¹).
<i>chiao¹-chan¹-ti¹</i>		膠粘的		to stick with glue. [tive] (ju ² chiao ¹ ssü ⁴ ch'ü ¹).
<i>chiao¹-ch'i¹-hsiang¹-t'ou²</i>		膠漆相投		sticking together like glue and varnish (figura-
<i>chiao¹</i>	馬	驕 134a368b		proud, haughty, arrogant, ungovernable.
<i>ch'uo¹-ao⁴</i>		驕傲		same (ch'i ² chiao ¹ ao ⁴).
<i>chiao¹-k uang²</i>		驕狂		proud and violent.
<i>chiao¹-tsung⁴</i>		驕縱		overbearing.
<i>ch'ao¹</i>	邑	郊 131b367c		waste land outside a city, the country.
<i>chiao¹ shé⁴</i>		郊社		a country altar.
<i>chiao¹ wai⁴</i>		郊外		in the country.
<i>chiao¹</i>	虫	蛟 131a367b		a scaly dragon, the crocodile.
<i>chiao¹-lung²</i>		蛟龍		a kind of dragon; crocodiles and dragons.
<i>chiao¹-shu²</i>		蛟屬		of the crocodile species.
<i>chiao¹</i>	魚	鮫 131c368a		a kind of dog-fish or shark. [chiao ¹].
<i>chiao¹</i>	足	跣 ○ ○		the bones of the leg, to stumble, to trip (shuai ²
<i>chiao¹</i>	艸	菱 131a367b		a kind of grass; dried grass.
<i>chiao¹</i>	口	噉 ○ ○		to eat, to chew, to bite.
<i>chiao¹-ya²</i>		噉牙		disputatious, querulous.
<i>chiao¹</i>	石	礁 132b970c		half-tide rocks, shoal rocks.
<i>chiao¹-shih²</i>		礁石		shoals, hidden rocks.
CHIAO² (<i>tsü</i>)	口	嚼 233b997a		to bite, to chew; a bit or bridle (chüch ²).
<i>chiao²-kuo¹</i>		嚼過		outlay, living.
<i>chiao²-pu¹-lan⁴</i>		嚼不爛		cannot masticate it.
<i>chiao²-pu¹-tung⁴</i>		嚼不動		the teeth make no impression by chewing.
<i>chiao²-shé²-t'ou²</i>		嚼舌頭		to cewh the tongue.
<i>chiao²-yung⁴</i>		嚼用		living, expenditure.
CHIAO³	肉月	脚 136c410a		the foot, the bottom.
<i>chiao³</i>		脚		same (pao ¹ -chiao ³).
<i>chiao³-chang²</i>		脚掌		the sole of the foot.

chiao²-ch'ê¹
 chiao³-ch'êng²
 chiao³-chi¹-yen²
 chiao³-chia¹
 chiao³-chien¹
 chiao³-ch'ien²
 chiao³-chih²-t'ou²
 chiao³-hsia⁴
 chiao³ hsin¹
 chiao³-kên¹
 chiao³-li¹-ta⁴
 chiao³-liao³
 chiao³-lu²
 chiao³-lû²
 chiao³-mien⁴
 chiao³-pei⁴
 chiao³-po²-tzû³
 chiao³-sê¹
 chiao³-shou³
 chiao³-ta²-tzû³
 chiao³-t'a¹-ch'ê¹
 chiao³-têng⁴
 chiao³-ti²-hsia⁴
 chiao³-tu³
 chiao³-tz'ü¹ (ts'ai)
 chiao³-yen²
 chiao³
 chiao³-ho²
 chiao³-hun⁴
 chiao³-i¹-t'ien¹
 chiao³-jiao³
 chiao³-kang¹
 chiao³-lüan⁴
 chiao³-lüan⁴-jên²-hsin¹
 chiao³-nao⁴
 chiao³-si¹ih⁴-chiao³-fei¹
 chiao³-tun⁴
 chiao³-yün²
 chiao³
 chiao³-hsing¹
 chiao³-k'ou²
 chiao³-shu¹

腳車
 腳程
 腳鵝眼
 腳價
 腳尖
 腳錢
 腳指頭
 腳下
 腳心
 腳跟
 腳力大
 腳鐐
 腳爐
 腳馱
 腳面
 腳背
 腳脖子
 腳色
 腳手
 腳搭子
 腳踏車
 腳櫈
 腳底下
 腳肚
 腳趾
 腳眼
 手攪
 攪和
 攪混
 攪一天
 攪擾
 攪缸
 攪亂
 攪亂人心
 攪鬧
 攪是非
 攪動
 攪勻
 角
 角
 角星
 角口
 角梳

treadles or wheels worked by foot.
 to journey on foot.
 corns on the feet.
 coolie hire, freightage.
 point of the foot.
 hire of men or animals.
 toes.
 now, this spot.
 the hollow of the foot.
 the heel, the sole of the foot.
 his influence is great.
 feet-irons, fetters (shon² k'ao²).
 a foot-stove.
 a donkey for riding.
 the instep.
 same.
 the ankle.
 occupation, or rôle.
 scaffolding; disposition; shoes and stockings.
 a foot-stool (tz'ü² têng⁴).
 a bicycle.
 a foot stool (tsu² chi¹).
 under foot.
 the calf of the leg.
 the floor (ti⁴ pan²).
 ankles (huai² tzu² ku²).
 to stir up, to excite, to disturb, to annoy.
 to mix, to stir (ch'an ho²).
 to excite confusion.
 on a spree for the day.
 to disturb, to perplex (hsin¹ chiao¹).
 (trial by water, the water-test; to stir up the
 water in the kang.
 to derange, to cause confusion or disorder
 to disturb people's hearts.
 to delight in bustle, life, gaiety, etc.
 argumentative; to sow dissension (t'iao² so¹)
 to disturb (ta² chiao³).
 to mix evenly.
 [See chüeh¹.
 a horn; a quarter, a ten-cent piece; a corner
 a Chinese constellation.
 to wrangle with (k'ou² chiao²).
 a horn comb (mu⁴ shu¹).

<i>chiao³</i>	犬	狡	130b369a	artful, crafty, cunning, perverse, disorderly.
<i>chiao³-hua²</i>		狡		artful, cunning.
<i>chiao³ lai⁴</i>		狡		prevaricate, shifty.
<i>chiao³-t'u¹-san¹-hsueh⁴</i>		狡	兔三穴	an artful person, prepared with means of escape.
<i>chiao³</i>	糸	絞	130c369b	to wrap round and twist, to strangle.
<i>chiao³-chien¹-hou⁴</i>		絞	監候	one in prison awaiting death by strangulation.
<i>chiao³-chin³-hsieh³</i>		絞	緊些	bind it a little tighter (<i>pang³ chieh² shih²</i>).
<i>chiao³-chu⁴</i>		絞	住	to twist, twisted.
<i>chiao³-chuang¹</i>		絞	樁	[windlass on canal lock.
<i>chiao³-ssü³</i>		絞	死	stake, bound to which criminals are strangled,
<i>chiao³-tsui⁴</i>		絞	罪	death by strangulation (<i>lê⁴ ssü³</i>).
<i>chiao³</i>	刀	勦	136b971a	the punishment of strangulation.
<i>chiao³-lao²</i>		勦	勞	to cut off, to destroy, to exterminate ; to fatigue.
<i>chiao³-mieh⁴</i>		勦	滅	to weary, to fatigue.
<i>chiao³-tsai²</i>		勦	賊	to exterminate, to totally destroy. [<i>mên²</i>].
<i>chiao³</i>	糸	繳	137c370a	to destroy rebels or banditti (<i>ch'ao¹ chia¹ mieh⁴</i>)
<i>chiao³-hsiao¹</i>		繳	銷	to return to, to pay to, hand in, to deliver up.
<i>chiao³-hui³</i>		繳	回	to cancel.
<i>chiao³</i>	白	皎	130c369b	to return, to hand back to.
<i>chiao³-huang²</i>		皎	黃	bright white ; pure.
<i>chiao³-lan²</i>		皎	藍	bright yellow.
<i>chiao³-pai³</i>		皎	白	bright blue (<i>êrh² lan²</i>).
<i>chiao³</i>	矢	矯	133c370b	very white.
<i>chiao³-ch'ianj²</i>		矯	強	to feign ; to force,
<i>chiao³</i>	人	僥	137a368b	to make false pretences, unreasonable.
<i>chiao³-hsing⁴</i>		僥	倖	lucky (<i>yün⁴ ch'í⁴</i>).
<i>chiao³</i>	疝	疝	138b371a	happy chance, luck.
<i>chiao³-ch'ang²-sha¹</i>		疝	腸	a colic with gripes.
<i>chiao³</i>	金	鉸	131c372c	cholera (<i>huo⁴ lian⁴ chêng⁴</i>).
<i>chiao³-chih³-hua¹</i>		鉸	紙花	a spade, shovel or hoe ; a hinge ; scissors.
<i>chiao³-i¹-shang¹</i>		鉸	衣裳	to cut out paper flowers,
<i>chiao³ (tzu)</i>	食	餃	131c372c	to cut out clothes.
<i>ekiao³</i>	金	鉸	137c370a	pastry containing minced meat, a mince pie.
				to cut with shears.

[[also 1].

CHIAO ⁴	支	教	135b372a	to teach, to command ; a doctrine, a sect. M. 179
<i>chiao⁴-ch'ang²</i>		教	場	a drill-ground (or 較).
<i>chiao⁴-chung¹-jên²</i>		教	中人	a member of the church.
<i>chiao⁴-hsi²</i>		教	習	a teacher, a professor.
<i>chiao⁴-hsiao²</i>		教	學	to teach, instruction.
<i>chiao⁴-hsun⁴</i>		教	訓	to teach, to instruct.
<i>chiao⁴-hua⁴</i>		教	化	to instruct, to convert, instruction, conversion.
<i>chiao⁴-hui³</i>		教	會	a church.
<i>chiao⁴-i¹-ching² pai³</i>		教	一儼百	teaching one warns a hundred.

<i>chiao¹-kai³</i>	教給	to teach, instruct.
<i>chiao⁴-kuan¹</i>	教官	government teachers.
<i>chiao¹-kuan³</i>	教館	a school house, to teach a school.
<i>chiao⁴-lien⁴</i>	教練	to drill, as troops (ts'ao ¹ lien ⁴).
<i>chiao⁴-mên³</i>	教門	a sect; disciples.
<i>chiao⁴-shih¹</i>	教師	teacher of a religion (or 士).
<i>chiao¹-shou⁴</i>	教授	director of studies in a <i>fu</i> (山長).
<i>chiao¹-shu¹</i>	教書	to teach.
<i>chiao¹-shu¹-ti¹</i>	教書的	a schoolmaster.
<i>chiao⁴-so¹</i>	教唆	to instigate, to sow discord.
<i>chiao⁴-t'ang²</i>	教堂	a church (building).
<i>chiao¹-tsun¹</i>	教遵	to advise; advice.
<i>chiao¹-tiao⁴</i>	教調	to correct, to admonish.
<i>chiao¹-tu²</i>	教讀	to teach, to instruct.
<i>chiao¹-t'u²-ti¹</i>	教徒的	to teach pupils.
<i>chiao⁴-wai¹-jên³</i>	教外人	not a member of the church.
<i>chiao¹-wo³-k'an⁴</i>	教我	in my opinion (tsai ⁴ wo ³ k'an ⁴).
<i>chiao⁴-yii⁴</i>	教諭	official director of studies in a <i>hsien</i> . G. 472.
<i>chiao⁴-yu³</i>	教友	a church member (fêng ⁴ chiao ¹).
<i>chiao⁴</i>	叫	to call, to bid, to order; to cause: to name.
<i>chiao⁴-chang¹-êrh²</i>	叫張兒	to give the hint in card-playing.
<i>chiao⁴-chuan⁴-liao³</i>	叫轉了	mispronounced; to call back.
<i>chiao⁴-han³</i>	叫喊	to call out loudly, to bawl (han ¹ chiao ⁴).
<i>chiao⁴-hang²</i>	叫行	to call out the market price.
<i>chiao⁴-hao³-êrh²</i>	叫好兒	to give a cheer, to applaud.
<i>chiao⁴-hsing³</i>	叫醒	to awaken.
<i>chiao⁴-hu¹</i>	叫呼	to call to or for.
<i>chiao⁴-hua⁴-tzu³</i>	叫化子	a beggar (ch'i ³ kai ⁴).
<i>chiao¹-huan⁴</i>	叫喚	to call out; cry of animals.
<i>chiao⁴-huan⁴-shên²-mo¹</i>	叫喚甚麼	what is he calling about? (derisive).
<i>chiao⁴-hun²</i>	*叫魂	to call the spirit of a sick child.
<i>chiao⁴-kou³-yao²-liao³</i>	叫狗咬了	the dog bit him (passive use of <i>chiao⁴</i>). M. 123.
<i>chiao⁴-lü²</i>	叫驢	a jack-ass (ts'ao ³ lü ²).
<i>chiao⁴-mên³</i>	叫門	to call or knock at a door (p'ai ¹ mên ²).
<i>chiao¹-pai²</i>	叫白	to call colloquially, i. e., mispronounce.
<i>chiao⁴-p'o⁴-sang³-tzi³</i>	叫破嗓子	to shout one's self hoarse.
<i>chiao⁴-pu⁴-ying¹-t'a¹</i>	叫不應他	I call him but can get no response.
<i>chiao¹-shên²-mo¹</i>	叫甚麼	what is it called?
<i>chiao¹-shih¹-chia⁴</i>	叫市價	to call out the market price.
<i>chiao⁴-t'a¹-lai²</i>	叫他來	call him, tell him to come (ch'ing ³ t'a ¹ lai ²).
<i>chiao⁴-tso⁴</i>	叫做	called, designated (ming ² chiao ⁴).
<i>chiao⁴-wo³</i>	叫我	call me; cause me to—.
<i>chiao⁴ (tzi)</i>	車轎	sedan-chair (i ¹ ting ³ , i ¹ ch'êng ² , i ¹ tso ⁴).

chiao⁴-ch'ē¹
chiao⁴-fu¹
chiao⁴-i¹-tā³
chiao⁴-kan¹
chiao⁴-lien³
chiao⁴-pan¹
chiao⁴-tan³
chiao⁴-ting³
chiao⁴-wei³
chiao⁴
chiao⁴-chuan³
chiao⁴-chun³
chiao⁴-liang⁴
chiao⁴-pi³
chiao⁴-to¹
chiao⁴-tui⁴
chiao⁴
chiao⁴-chêng⁴
chiao⁴-chêng⁴-wa⁹-o³
chiao⁴-tao¹-shou³
chiao⁴-ting⁴
chiao⁴-yü⁴
chiao⁴
chiao⁴ (tāi)
chiao⁴
chiao⁴ (tāi)

輜車
 輜夫
 輜衣子
 輜杆
 輜簾
 輜班
 輜担
 輜頂
 輜圍
 車較
 較轉
 較准
 較量
 較比
 較多
 較對
 木校
 校正
 校正無訛
 校刀手
 校訂
 校尉

車

木

酉

穴

見

酉

sedans and carts ; a covered cart (North China).
 sedan-bearers.
 lining of a sedan.
 sedan poles.
 chair screen.
 sedan-bearers (t'ai² chiao⁴ ti¹).
 short pole for rest (chair).
 the top of a sedan, the knob on top of sedan.
 curtains of a sedan.
 to compare, to wrangle, to argue.
 to equivocate.
 to equalize, to adjust.
 to compare.
 to compare (pi³ chiao⁴).
 comparatively more.
 to compare.
 to examine, to compare; a rank. See *hsiao⁴*.
 to revise, to correct.
 I have compared them and find no error.
 foot-swordsmen.
 to revise, to correct.
 a military rank, master controller ; chair-bearers.
 { to burn incense, to pray ; a widow marry-
 ing again.
 a pit, a hole, a cavern, a cellar (ti¹ yin⁴ tzu³).
 to awaken, to attend, to perceive. See *chüeh²*.
 bicarbonate of soda ; yeast (mien⁴ chiao⁴).

CH'IAO¹

支

ch'iao¹-ch'iao¹-ta³-ta³
ch'iao¹-ch'ing⁴
ch'iao¹-ku³
ch'iao¹-lo²
ch'iao¹-mu⁴-yü²
ch'iao¹-mên²
ch'iao¹-pang¹
ch'iao¹-shan¹-chên⁴-hu³
ch'iao¹-sui⁴
ch'iao¹-ta³
ch'iao¹-t'ung²-p'ai³
ch'iao¹
ch'iao¹-ch'o²-chiao²-rh²
ph'iao¹

敲
 敲打打
 敲磬
 敲鼓
 敲鑼
 敲木魚
 敲門
 敲梆
 敲山震虎
 敲碎
 敲打
 敲銅牌
 足躡
 躡著脚兒
 金筴
 鉢

to strike, to beat, to knock (as at a door).
 repeatedly rapping. [musical stone].
 to beat the inverted bell in temples (lit.,
 to beat a drum (lei¹ ku³).
 to beat a gong (shai¹ lo³).
 to beat the wooden fish (priests begging).
 to knock at a door (p'ai¹ mên²).
 to beat the watchman's rattle.
 fig. to seek to frighten.
 to break in pieces.
 to knock, to beat,
 to beat a brass tablet.
 to raise the feet, to nurse the leg.
 to cross the legs.
 a shovel, spade or hoe.

足

金

ch'iao ³ -nü ³ -chieh ³ -chieh ³	巧女姐姐	weaveress goddess, believed to be clever in a clever talking parrot. [needle-work,
ch'iao ³ -tsui ³ -pu ³ -ko ¹	巧嘴八哥	specious or pompous style of speech,
ch'iao ³ -yen ³ -hua ¹ -yü ³	巧言花語	fine words and captivating countenance,
ch'iao ³ -yen ³ -ling ³ -sé ⁴	巧言令色	the seventh moon. See Note 38.
ch'iao ³ -yüeh ⁴	巧月	a sparrow, any small birds (ch'üeh ⁴).
ch'iao ³	雀	a bird-cage.
ch'iao ³ -lung ³	雀籠	small birds.
ch'iao ³ -niao ³	雀鳥	the magpie (ch'üeh ³).
ch'iao ³	鳥	the magpie's nest.
ch'iao ³ -ch'uo ³	鳥巢	to smoke, to soil.
ch'iao ³	火	

CH'IAO ⁴	心十	悄悄	quietly, secretly, privately; anxious.
ch'iao ⁴ -ch'iao ⁴ -r ^h -ti ¹		悄悄兒的	same.
ch'iao ⁴ -k'uei ³		悄悄窺	to peep stealthily, [chiao ³].
ch'iao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shêng ¹ -r ^h		悄悄不聲兒	stealthily without noise (nieh ¹ shou ³ nieh ¹
ch'iao ⁴	人	悄悄	handsome, pretty, elegant.
ch'iao ⁴ -chêng ¹		悄悄爭	same.
ch'iao ⁴ -chia ¹ jên ³		悄悄佳人	a handsome woman.
ch'iao ⁴ -ching ¹		悄悄精	experienced. [twit.
ch'iao ⁴ -p'í ³		悄悄皮	nice-looking, tasty, well dressed; to tease, to
ch'iao ⁴ -p'í ³ -hua ⁴	[ti ¹	悄悄皮話	witty words, twitting, sarcastic.
ch'iao ⁴ -shêng ¹ -shêng ¹		悄悄生	brisk, graceful.
ch'iao ⁴	手才	撬撬	to raise, to prize or use leverage, to force open.
ch'iao ⁴ -k'ai ¹		撬開	to force or prize open.
ch'iao ⁴ -k'ai ¹ -mên ³		撬開門	to force open a door.
ch'iao ⁴	穴	竅	a hole, an aperture, an opening, mind.
ch'iao ⁴ -yen ³		竅眼	an aperture.
ch'iao ⁴ (tzü)	革鞘	鞘	a sheath, a scabbard; wooden logs to carry treas- [ure.
ch'iao ⁴	言諷	譏	to ridicule=諷.
ch'iao ⁴	人	俶	silly, ill.

CHIEH ¹	手才	接	to take, to receive, to catch; to come in succes- [sion.
chieh ¹ -ch'ai ¹ -shih ³		接差使	the duty of receiving official.
chieh ¹ -chia ⁴		接駕	to meet the Emperor.
chieh ¹ -ch'iang ¹		接腔	to join in a chorus.
chieh ¹ -chiu ⁴		接就	to accommodate, to agree,
chieh ¹ -fêng ¹		接風	to welcome back.
chieh ¹ -fêng ¹ chiu ³		接風酒	feast of welcome.
chieh ¹ -hsi ¹		接續	to connect, in connection with, supplementary.
chieh ¹ -ku ³ -chiang ⁴		接骨匠	"bone catchers," surgeons.
chieh ¹ -lien ³		接連	to unite, to connect, united, joined.
chieh ¹ -lien ³ -pu ⁶ -luan ⁴		接連不斷	uninterrupted succession.

chieh¹-pan¹
 chieh¹-shêng¹
 chieh¹-shêng¹-p'o²
 ehieh¹-shou³
 chieh¹-shou⁴
 ehieh¹-sung⁴
 chieh¹-ta⁴-jên²
 chieh¹-tai⁴
 chieh¹-yin²
 chieh¹-yin⁴
 chieh¹-ying⁴
 chieh¹ 行 街 143b359a
 chieh¹-cha² 街 閘
 chueh¹-ch'ien² 街 前
 chieh¹-fang¹ 街 坊
 chieh¹-shang⁴ 街 上
 chieh¹-shih⁴ 街 市
 chieh¹-tao⁴ 街 道
 chieh¹-tao⁴-t'ing¹ 街 道 廳
 chieh¹ 白 皆 143c358a
 chieh¹-ch'üan² 皆 全
 chieh¹-jan² 皆 然
 chieh¹-shih⁴ 皆 是
 chieh¹-t'ung² 皆 同
 chieh¹ 手 才 揭 145a378a
 ehieh¹-ch'i³-lai² 揭 起 來
 chieh¹-fêng¹ 揭 封
 chieh¹-kao⁴ 揭 告
 chieh¹-k'ai² 揭 開
 chieh¹-pan² 揭 挪
 chieh¹-t'ieh³ 揭 帖
 chieh¹-luan³ 揭 短
 ehieh¹-wa³-fang²-wu¹ 揭 瓦 房 屋
 chieh¹ 阜 土 { 階 144a358c
 chieh¹ 階 級
 chieh¹-chi³ 禾 稽 144b357b
 chieh¹ 禾 稽 粘 148b975b
 chieh¹ (tzü) 疔 癩

接班
 接生
 接生婆
 接手
 接受
 接送
 接大人
 接待
 接引
 接印
 接應
 行街
 街閘
 街前
 街坊
 街上
 街市
 街道
 街道廳
 白皆
 皆全
 皆然
 皆是
 皆同
 手才揭
 揭起來
 揭封
 揭告
 揭開
 揭挪
 揭帖
 揭短
 揭瓦房屋
 阜土
 階級
 禾稽粘
 禾稽疔癩

to take one's turn on duty.
 a midwife, to attend as a midwife.
 a midwife (shou¹ shêng¹).
 an accomplice, a receiver.
 to accept, to receive.
 to meet and to escort back,
 to meet a high official.
 to receive, to entertain.
 to lead, to conduct, to guide. [seal.
 to receive the seal of office, to take over the
 to support; a support, a reserve.
 a street.
 a street barrier.
 in the street.
 a neighborhood; neighbors (lin³ chü¹).
 in, on, or up the street.
 a market street.
 public roads or ways.
 an inspector of roads, &c.
 all, the whole of (tu¹).
 same.
 all the same.
 all are (chü¹ shih⁴, tu¹ shih⁴).
 all alike, altogether. [take off.
 to raise up, to be answerable; to state to; to
 to raise up.
 to strip the paper from a door officially sealed.
 to reveal and accuse, to prosecute.
 to strip off, drop it! put it down!
 to publish the list (t'ai² pang²).
 an accusation; a placard (mo⁴ t'ou² t'ieh³).
 to shew up one's shortcomings.
 to remove the tiles from a roof.
 stairs, steps, a step, a degree in rank.
 same (t'ai² chieh¹).
 a step, a grade.
 stalks; to husk grain (mai⁴ chieh¹).
 a sore, an ulcer, a tumour.

CHIEH² 系 結 146b376a
 chieh²-an⁴ 結 案
 chieh²-chang⁴ 結 賬
 chieh²-chiao¹ 結 交

[bind (also 1, 3).
 to tie; a knot; fixed, formed; to contract, to
 to close a law case (liao³ chieh²).
 to finish an account,
 to become intimate friends (chiao¹ ch'ing²).

chieh ² -chieh ² -shé ²	結舌	a stammerer (chieh ² pa ¹).	[riage.
chieh ² -ch'in ¹	結說	to become related, to form relationship by mar-	
chieh ² -ch'ou ²	結仇	to contract enmity or hatred (hsieh ² ch'ou ²).	
chieh ² -chü ²	結局	the finish off, the conclusion.	
chieh ² -kuo ²	結果	the outcome, the finish.	
chieh ² -kuo ² tzu ²	結果子	to bear fruit.	
chieh ² -lei ²	結累	to become entangled in, joined for ever.	
chieh ² -liao ²	結了	there's an end of it.	
chieh ² -mên ²	結盟	to swear, to vow, to take an oath (ch'í ² shih ⁴).	
chieh ² -pa ¹	結吧	to stutter (k'ou ² ch'ih ⁴).	
chieh ² -shên ² -chí ¹ -shí ¹	結繩記事	to knot a cord (ancient method of record).	
chieh ² -shih ²	結實	the forming of fruit after the blossom; firm, strong.	
chieh ² -shu ⁴	結束	to tie up.	
chieh ² -tang ²	結黨	to form a party or cabal (fên ¹ mên ²).	
chieh ² -ts'ai ²	結彩	cloth or paper hangings ornament.	
chieh ² -tzü ²	結子	to produce seed.	
chieh ² -yüan ¹	結冤	to make an enemy.	
chieh ² -yüan ⁴	結怨	to contract enmity (hsieh ² ch'ou ²).	
chieh ²	竹節	147c974a a joint, a limit, a period, a feast day; chaste; the twenty-four seasons or terms, a term. See temperance (see below). [Note 21.]	
chieh ² -ch'í ⁴	節氣		
chieh ² -chih ⁴	節制		
chieh ² -fu ⁴	節婦	a chaste wife (shou ³ chieh ²).	
chieh ² -hou ⁴	節候	period of the twenty-four terms.	
chieh ² -hsiao ⁴	節孝	chaste and faithful widowhood.	
chieh ² -i ²	節儀	rites and ceremonies.	
chieh ² -liao ⁴	節略	an abridgment, a précis.	
chieh ² -lieh ⁴	節烈	chaste, inflexible virtue (lieh ⁴ nü ²).	
chieh ² -ling ⁴	節令	a period of fifteen days. See Note 21.	
chieh ² -mu ⁴	節目	divisions, classifications, outline (mu ¹ lu ⁴).	
chieh ² -tu ⁴	節度	temperance.	
chieh ²	戈截	151a975b to cut asunder, to cut off, to cut to pieces.	
chieh ² -chu ⁴	截住	to stop, to intercept.	
chieh ² -chu ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴ -lu ⁴	截住去路	to stop or intercept in one's journey.	
chieh ² -hsia ⁴ -t'í ²	截下題	a theme with the end cut off.	
chieh ² -k'ai ¹	截開	to cut off, to separate.	
chieh ² -lu ⁴	截路	cut off communications, e. g., as robbers do.	
chieh ² -lan ²	截欄	to intercept (tuan ⁴ lu ⁴).	
chieh ² -pu ⁴	截布	to buy cloth (ts'ui ² chien ²).	
chieh ² -sha ¹	截殺	to cut off and slaughter.	
chieh ² -shang ² -t'í ²	截上題	a theme with the beginning omitted.	
chieh ² -tuan ⁴	截斷	a partition; to cut off.	
chieh ²	手才	149b976a to overcome; prompt, quick, rapid in action.	
chieh ² -kang ¹	捷網	a rapid outline or sketch, etc.	

<i>chieh²-mu⁴</i>	捷目	a rapid outline or sketch, etc. (mu ⁴ lu ⁴).
<i>chieh²-pao⁴</i>	捷報	an express announcing a victory, etc.
<i>chieh²-pien⁴</i>	捷便	convenient, brief, labor-saving (fang ¹ pien ⁴).
<i>chieh²-tsu²-hsien¹-têng¹</i>	捷足先登	the most active will win (complimentary).
<i>chieh²</i>	水潔	pure, chaste, clear, clean (kan ¹ ching ⁴).
<i>chieh²-ching⁴</i>	潔淨	pure and clean.
<i>chieh²-hsin¹</i>	潔心	a pure heart (ch'ing ¹ hsin ¹).
<i>chieh²-pai²</i>	[chia ¹ 潔白	pure white (chia ²).
<i>chieh²-pai³-ch'uan²</i>	潔白傳家	a clean family line.
<i>chieh²-shou³</i>	潔手	to go to the W. C. (also 解手).
<i>chieh²</i>	刀劫	to carry off by force, to assail, to attack.
<i>chieh²-fa³-ch'any²</i>	劫法場	a "rescue" from the execution ground.
<i>chieh²-huang²-kang⁴</i>	劫皇楨	to intercept things destined for imperial use,
<i>chieh²-shu⁴</i>	劫數	fatal calamity.
<i>chieh²-tao⁴</i>	劫盜	robbers, banditti (ch'iang ³ tao ⁴).
<i>chieh²-to²</i>	劫奪	to rob, to plunder.
<i>chieh²</i>	立竭	to try to the utmost, the highest degree, extreme.
<i>chieh²-chin⁴</i>	竭盡	extremely, to the utmost.
<i>chieh²-li⁴</i>	竭力	the utmost exertion of strength.
<i>chieh²</i>	石碣	a stone tablet (shih ² pei ¹).
<i>chieh²-p'ai²</i>	碣牌	same.
<i>chieh²-shih²</i>	碣石	a sort of granite.
<i>chieh²</i>	人傑	virtue, talent; a hero or heroine; proud.
<i>chieh²-hsing⁴</i>	傑性	an heroic disposition (hao ² chieh ²).
<i>chieh²</i>	羊羶	a ram, deer's skin.
<i>chieh²</i>	言訐	accuse, divulge.
<i>chieh²-tuan³</i>	訐短	expose shortcomings.
<i>chieh²</i>	手拮	pressed, straits—also 拮.
<i>chieh²-chü¹</i>	拮据	embarrassed, perplexed.
CHIEH³	角解	to extricate, to unloose, to liberate, to open.
<i>chieh³</i>	解	same.
<i>-chieh³-ch'ai¹</i>	解差	guards, policemen, constables; escort.
<i>chieh³-ch'üan⁴</i>	解勸	to explain and admonish.
<i>chieh³-fa²</i>	解法	meaning, explanation.
<i>chieh³-fa²</i>	解乏	to rest one's self.
<i>chieh³-fêng¹</i>	解風	[chieh ¹ fêng ¹].
<i>chieh³-hên⁴</i>	解恨	complimentary feast to returned traveller (also
<i>chieh³-ho²</i>	解和	to make up, to mediate, to appease hatred,
<i>chieh³-hsia⁴</i>	解下	to settle amicably.
<i>chieh³-i¹</i>	解衣	to untie.
<i>chieh³-i²-huo⁴</i>	解疑	to untie or unloose clothing.
<i>chieh³-k'ai¹</i>	解開	to resolve doubts.
		to untie, to explain.

<i>chieh³-k'o³</i>	解渴	to quench thirst.	
<i>chieh³-mên⁴</i>	解悶	to drive away care, melancholy,	[(<i>san⁴ mên⁴</i>), or loneliness]
<i>chieh³-mêng⁴</i>	解夢	to interpret a dream.	
<i>chieh³-niu³-tzü³</i>	解鈕子	to unbutton.	
<i>chieh³-p'ei⁴</i>	解配	to escort (prisoners) (<i>chieh⁴ sung⁴</i>),	
<i>chieh³-pu⁴-c'ä'z¹</i>	解不出	unable to explain, etc.	
<i>chieh³-pu⁴-k'ä'z¹</i>	解不開	same.	
<i>chieh³-pu⁴-k'ä'z¹</i>	解不透	cannot explain fully.	
<i>chieh³-pu⁴-t'ou⁴ (hsieh)</i>	解不散	to untie, to unloose.	
<i>chieh³-san⁴</i>	解散	to send to the provincial capital as prisoners.	
<i>chieh⁴-shêng³</i>	解省	to abolish enmity.	
<i>chieh³-shih⁴-yüan³-ch'ou³</i>	解釋冤仇	to ease one's self; to urinate.	
<i>chieh³-shou³</i>	解手	to explain; explanation, meaning.	
<i>chieh³-shuo¹</i>	解說	to send (under a guard).	
<i>chieh⁴-sung⁴</i>	解送	to unloose the sash.	
<i>chieh³-tai⁴-tzü³</i>	解帶子	to atone for error by apology.	
<i>chieh³-tsui⁴</i>	解罪	an antidote.	
<i>chieh³-tu³</i>	解毒	escort, guard.	
<i>chieh⁴-tzü³</i>	解子	chief of the <i>chü-jên</i> ; 2nd <i>han-lin</i> rank. G. 472.	
<i>chieh⁴-yüan²</i>	解元	an elder sister (properly <i>tzü</i>).	
<i>chieh³</i>	女 { 姊	same (<i>hsiao³ chieh³</i>)	
<i>chieh³</i>	女 { 姐	a brother-in-law, an elder sister's husband.	
<i>chieh³-chang⁴</i>	姐丈	an elder sister, a general term for women.	
<i>chieh³-chieh³</i>	姐姐	a brother-in-law, an elder sister's husband.	
<i>chieh³-fu¹</i>	姐夫	sisters (<i>mei⁴ mei⁴</i>).	
<i>chieh³-mei⁴</i>	姐妹		
CHIEH⁴	入 借	154c973b	
<i>chieh⁴-ch'ien³</i>	借錢	to borrow, or lend; to pretend, fictitious.	
<i>chieh⁴-chu³</i>	借主	to borrow or lend money (<i>fang⁴ chang⁴</i>).	
<i>chieh⁴-chu³-chang⁴-chu³</i>	借主賬主	a debtor.	
<i>chieh⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	借去	debtor and creditor.	
<i>chieh⁴-i⁴</i>	借意	to lend (<i>ch'ien⁴ chang⁴</i>).	
<i>chieh⁴-ju³</i>	借如	metaphor, comparison.	
<i>chieh⁴-kei³</i>	借給	suppose for example, for instance (<i>chia³ ju²</i>)	
<i>chieh⁴-k'ou³-chêng¹-tuan¹</i>	借口爭端	to lend.	
<i>chieh⁴-kuang⁴</i>	借光	to cause another to defend you.	
<i>chieh⁴-lai²</i>	借來	"to borrow light," by your leave, please, allow	[<i>me</i>]
<i>chieh⁴-ming³</i>	借名	to borrow.	
<i>chieh⁴-shih⁴-wei³-o⁴</i>	借勢為惡	to pretend, to make a pretence of.	
<i>chieh⁴-shou⁴</i>	借壽	to rely on influence to work evil. [parent's life.	
<i>chieh⁴-shui³-hsing³-chou¹</i>	借水行舟	to borrow old age, as a filial son seeks to prolong	
<i>chieh⁴-tai⁴</i>	借貸	to borrow water to float the boat, i. e., money	
<i>chieh⁴-tai⁴-pu⁴-sui⁴</i>	借貸不遂	to borrow; a loan.	
		cannot succeed in borrowing.	

chieh⁴-k'ao¹-sha¹-jên³ *借刀殺人
chieh⁴-tung¹-hsi¹ 借東西
chieh⁴-tzü⁴ 借字
chieh⁴-wên⁴ 借問
chieh⁴-yung⁴ 借用
chieh⁴ 戈 戒^{154a360a}
chieh⁴-chih³ 戒指
chieh⁴-ch'ih³ 戒尺
chieh⁴-fang¹ 戒方
chieh⁴-chiu³ 戒酒
chieh⁴-ho²-shang⁴ 戒和尚
chieh⁴-k'ou³ 戒口
chieh⁴-sé⁴ 戒色
chieh⁴-sha¹ 戒殺
chieh⁴-tu³ 戒賭
chieh⁴-yen³ 戒烟
chieh⁴ 言 誠^{154c360b}
chieh⁴-ch'üan⁴ 誠勸
chieh⁴-ming⁴ 誠命
chieh⁴ 阜 隔^{652a427c}
chieh⁴-êrh⁴-p'ien⁴-san¹ 隔二騙三
chieh⁴-lin² 隔鄰
chieh⁴-pi³-rh² 隔壁兒
chieh⁴-san¹-t'iao⁴-êrh⁴ 隔三跳二
chieh⁴-tuan⁴ 隔斷
chieh⁴ 人 介^{152c360b}
chieh⁴-i⁴ 介意
chieh⁴-pao³ 介保
chieh⁴ 艸 芥^{153b360c}
chieh⁴-fên⁴ 芥粉
chieh⁴-mien⁴ 芥麪
chieh⁴-mo⁴ 芥末
chieh⁴-ts'ai⁴ 芥菜
chieh⁴-tzü³ 芥子
chieh⁴ 疒 疥^{153b361a}
chieh⁴-ch'uang¹ 疥瘡
chieh⁴-hsüan³ 疥癬
chieh⁴-nêng² 疥膿
chieh⁴-tu² 疥毒
chieh⁴ 田 界^{153a361a}
chieh⁴-hsien⁴ 界限
chieh⁴-shang⁴ 界上
chieh⁴-shih³ 界石

to induce others to do for fear of consequences to
 to borrow or lend things. [one's self.]
 a bond, an I. O. U.
 to enquire civilly.
 to borrow for use.
 avoid, to be cautious (negative injunctions).
 "watch finger," finger-rings (pan¹ chih³).
 a ferule, a ruler.
 same.
 to discontinue wine (tuan⁴ chiu³).
 a regularly ordained priest.
 to fast (ch'ih¹ chai¹).
 to leave off debauchery.
 to abstain from taking life.
 to give up gambling.
 to break off opium (tuan⁴ yin³). [See 戒⁴.
 orders, injunctions; to enjoin, to command.
 advice, admonition. [junctions),
 commandments, e. g., the Ten C. (positive in-
 to separate, separated, apart from. See ko².
 by fits and starts, by spells.
 neighbours.
 next-door neighbours (lin² chü¹).
 by fits and starts, by spells.
 a partition; to partition, to separate,
 a guest; respectable, independent; stage business.
 to be careful, attentive or diligent (pu⁴ tsu³
 an agricultural officer's assistant. [chieh⁴ i⁴].
 mustard.
 same.
 same.
 mustard (with food).
 the mustard plant, mustard.
 mustard seed.
 the itch (chang³ chieh⁴).
 itch sores.
 the ringworm.
 pus from itch sores.
 itch infection.
 a boundary, a frontier, a ridge, a limit; to limit.
 limit, limitation (shih⁴ chieh²).
 on the frontiers, etc. (ta¹ chieh¹).
 a boundary stone.

* Note 9.

ch'ieh ⁴ -liao ³ -lai ² -ti ¹	竊了來的	got by stealing
ch'ieh ⁴ -tao ⁴	竊盜	to steal ; a petty thief.
ch'ieh ⁴	女 妾 158b977b	a concubine (ch'ie ¹ tzu ³ , p'ien ¹ fang ²).
ch'ieh ⁴ fei ¹	妾妃	same (fei ¹ p'iu ¹).
ch'ieh ⁴ -hsiao ³	妾小	same (inferior).
CHIEN¹	女 奸 164b381a	deceitful, villainous, traitorous, selfish.
chien ¹ -cha ⁴	奸詐	false, deceitful, treacherous, disloyal.
chien ¹ -ch'ên ²	奸臣	a traitorous minister or official (chung ¹ ch'ên ²).
chien ¹ -chi ¹	奸計	a villainous plot or scheme (chi ¹ mou ²).
chien ¹ -chiao ³	奸狡	villainous, cunning, wily.
chien ¹ -ch'iao ³	奸巧	crafty, cunning, malicious.
chien ¹ -hsi ¹ -	奸細	an enemy's spy (tso ⁴ hsien ¹ , t'an ⁴ tzü ³).
chien ¹ -hsiang ⁴	奸相	a traitorous minister.
chien ¹ -hsieh ²	奸邪	corrupt, wicked.
chien ¹ -hsien ³	奸險	villainous, malevolent.
chien ¹ -hsiung ²	奸雄	[man, a traitor with the outward semblance of a good
chien ¹ -hua ²	奸猾	villainous, cunning, wily.
chien ¹ -kuai ³	奸拐	to deceive and kidnap.
chien ¹ -ning ⁴	奸佞	crafty, specious, plausible, malicious.
chien ¹ -o ⁴	奸惡	villainous, villainy.
chien ¹ -tang ³	奸黨	a treasonable cabal.
chien ¹ -tao ⁴ -hsieh ² -yin ²	奸盜邪淫	robbers and prostitutes.
chien ¹ -tsei ²	奸賊	a villain.
chien ¹	Ⅲ 監 166a387a	to inspect ; a prison ; revise (also 4).
chien ⁴ -ch'a ²	監察	to examine, to inspect.
chien ¹ -chin ⁴	監禁	to put in prison.
chien ¹ -fan ⁴	監犯	a prisoner (ch'in ² fan ⁴).
chien ¹ -hou ⁴ -chiao ⁴	監候絞	awaiting in jail the punishment of strangulation.
chien ¹ -lao ²	監牢	a prison (nan ² lao ²).
chien ¹ -lao ² -yii ⁴	監牢獄	same.
chien ¹ -pi ¹	監斃	to die in prison.
chien ¹ -shêng ¹	監生	G.274 a purchased B. A. (i ² shêng ¹ , hsiu ⁴ ts'ai ²).
chien ¹ -shou ³	監守	a superintendent or overseer ; to look after.
chien ¹ -shou ³ -tzü ¹ -tao ⁴	監守自盜	set to watch, but stealing yourself.
chien ¹ -tsu ²	監卒	gaoler (chin ⁴ tsu ²).
chien ⁴ -tu ¹	監督	to superintend ; a bishop (one of the terms for).
chien ¹ -ya ¹	監押	to keep in custody.
chien ¹ -yü ⁴	監獄	a prison.
chien ¹	女 姦 167a381a	fornication, adultery, seduction ; to intrigue.
chien ¹ -ch'ing ²	姦情	fornication, adultery.
chien ¹ -fu ¹	姦夫	an adulterer or fornicator.
chien ¹ -fu ⁴	姦婦	an adulteress.

chien ¹ -hsieh ³	姦邪		obscene, impure, intriguing and unprincipled.
chien ¹ -kuei ³	姦宄		traitorous plots; villains.
chian ² -yin ³	姦淫		adultery, fornication (yin ³ lüan ⁴).
chien ¹	土堅	163b380a	solid, firm, hard, stout, robust, determined.
chien ¹ -chuang ¹	壯堅		strong, robust, hale, hearty.
chien ¹ -hsin ¹	心堅		a firm or stout heart.
chien ¹ -hsin ⁴	信堅		firm belief; to confirm. (Episcopal.)
chien ¹ -i ⁴	意堅		a firm intention (t'ieh ³ chu ³ i ⁴).
chien ¹ -ku ⁴	固堅		strong, firm, durable, firmly (chuang ⁴ shih ²).
chien ¹ -lao ³	牢堅		strong, firm, lasting, durable (cha ¹ shih ²).
chien ¹ -li ⁴	立堅		to establish firmly.
chien ¹ -shih ³	實堅		hard, solid, strong; correct, proper.
chien ¹ -shou ³	守堅		to guard safely (k'au ¹ shou ³).
chien ¹ -ting ⁴ -pu ⁴ -i ³	定不移堅		firmly fixed.
chien ¹ -ying ¹	硬堅		firm, unbending (ying ⁴ pang ³ pang ³ ti ¹).
chien ¹	火煎	162c977a	to fry, to decoct; vexation, annoyance.
chien ¹ -cha ³	煎炒		to fry.
chien ¹ -ch'ao ³	炒心煎		same.
chien ¹ -hsin ¹	心煎		vexed in mind, anxious, worried (hsin ¹ chiao ¹).
chien ¹ -ping ³	餅煎		to fry cakes.
chien ¹ -t'ang ¹	湯煎		to prepare a drink, <i>e. g.</i> , for the sick.
chien ¹ -yao ⁴	藥煎		to decoct medicine (p'ei ⁴ yao ⁴).
chien ¹ -yü ³	魚煎		to buy fish.
chien ¹	肉肩	164a380c	the shoulders; to sustain.
chien ¹ -pang ³ -tzü ³	子肩		the shoulders.
chien ¹ -pei ⁴	背肩		the back of the shoulders.
chien ¹ -pei ⁴ -hsing ² -li ³	行李背肩		baggage light enough to be carried on back.
chien ¹ -pei ⁴	臂肩		the arms (ko ³ po ³).
chien ¹ -t'iao ¹	挑肩		carried on shoulders (k'ang ²).
chien ¹ -t'ou ³	頭肩		shoulders.
chien ¹	小尖	164b977b	tapering, pointed; a point, a tip or end; sharp.
chien ¹ -fêng ¹ -shan ¹	山峯尖		a sharp-peaked mountain (fêng ¹).
chien ¹ -li ¹	利尖		sharp point, clever.
chien ¹ -liu ¹ -liu ¹ -ti ¹	溜溜的尖		quite sharp, very penetrating.
chien ¹ -tao ¹	刀尖		a sharp-pointed knife (li ⁴ tao ¹).
chien ¹	艱	165c382a	difficult, distressing, dangerous.
chien ¹ -hsien ³	險艱		difficult and dangerous (wei ² hsien ³).
chien ¹ -hsin ⁴	辛艱		miserable (k'un ⁴ k'u ³ liu ³ li ³).
chien ¹ -k'u ³	苦艱		same.
chien ¹ -k'u ³ -pei ⁴ -ch'ang ³	嘗艱苦		I have had experience of troubles.
chien ¹ -k'un ⁴	困艱		distressing, extreme distress.
chien ¹ -nan ²	難艱		difficult, distress (tao ⁴ nan ⁴).
chien ¹ -wei ²	危艱		danger, risk (wei ² hsien ³).

<i>chien</i> ¹	門	間	160c381b	a space between ; to separate (4th tone).
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>huo</i> ⁴		間或		occasionally, in case. M. 478.
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>liang</i> ⁴ - <i>'rh</i> ² - <i>ta</i> ⁴		間量兒大		a great interval or space (applied to rooms).
<i>chien</i> ⁴ - <i>pi</i> ⁴		間壁		a partition wall (ko ² pi ¹).
<i>chien</i> ⁴ - <i>pi</i> ⁴ - <i>ti</i> ¹		間壁的		neighbours, separated only by a partition.
<i>chien</i> ⁴ - <i>luan</i> ⁴		間斷		breaks, intervals, intermission.
<i>chien</i> ¹	入	兼	165a382b	together, both.
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>ai</i> ⁴		兼愛		universal love (of the philosophers).
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>hsia</i> ²		兼轄		to have control over more than one post.
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>kuan</i> ³		兼管		to have control over more than one office or post.
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>li</i> ³		兼理		same.
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>ping</i> ⁴		兼并		to connect together, to monopolise.
<i>chien</i> ¹	竹	箋	159a978a	ornamental note paper.
<i>chien</i> ¹	片	牋	159a978a	same.
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>cha</i> ¹		牋扎		a letter (hsin ⁴ yin ¹).
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>chih</i> ³		牋紙		note paper.
<i>chien</i> ¹	金	鐫	167a1012a	to engrave, to carve ; a style or chisel.
<i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>k'o</i> ⁴ - <i>t'u</i> ² - <i>chang</i> ¹		鐫刻圖章		to cut out a stamp.
<i>chien</i> ¹	牛	犍	160b382b	a bull (mang ² nin ²).

CHIEN³	減	減	162b383b	to break off, to lessen, to lighten.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>chia</i> ⁴		減價		to reduce or lower the price.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>ch'ing</i> ¹		減輕		to reduce in size, weight, etc.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>ch'ü</i> ¹ - <i>i</i> ¹ - <i>pan</i> ⁴		減去一半		to diminish one-half.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>fa</i> ³		減法		subtraction in arithmetic.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>li</i> ⁴		減利		to lower the interest.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>mien</i> ³		減免		to reduce, e. g., a tax (chüan ¹ mien ³).
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>pan</i> ⁴		減半		reduce by a half.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>pi</i> ³ - <i>hsich</i> ³		減筆寫		to write in abbreviated form.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>shao</i> ³		減少		to lessen, to diminish.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>sun</i> ³		減損		to infringe on another's rights, to prejudice.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>têng</i> ³		減等		to lower degrees as punishment.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>têng</i> ³ - <i>ling</i> ⁴ - <i>tsui</i> ¹		減等定罪		degrade and fix a penalty.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>(tzu)</i>	刀	剪	163b978b	scissors ; to cut with scissors (i ¹ pa ³).
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>chiao</i> ³		剪刀		cut by scissors.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>jung</i> ²		剪絨		velvet (hui ² hui ² jung ²).
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>k'ai</i> ¹		剪帛		to cut with scissors.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>la</i> ⁴ - <i>hua</i> ¹		剪蠟花		to snuff a candle.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>tao</i> ¹		剪刀		scissors.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>t'ou</i> ² - <i>fa</i> ³		剪頭髮		to cut the hair (ti ⁴ t'ou ²).
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>ts'ai</i> ²		剪裁		to cut out, to arrange, to plan, to manage.
<i>chien</i> ³ - <i>yang</i> ³ - <i>mao</i> ²		剪羊毛		to shear wool.
<i>chien</i> ³	人	儉	167c387c	moderate, sparing, economical, saving, niggardly.

chien ³ -chieh ³	儉	economical, to economize.
chien ³ -liu ⁴	吝	parsimonious, stingy (lin ⁴ sê ⁴).
chien ³ -pao ³	儉	same.
chien ³ -shao ³	儉	economical, sparing, frugal (tzü ³ hsi ³).
chien ³ -shêng ³	儉	economy, thrift, saving (tso ⁴ chia ¹).
chien ³ -yung ⁴	儉	economical, frugal (shao ³ ch'ih ¹ chien ³ yung ⁴).
chien ³	手才	to bind, to restrict; to search, to find; to compose.
chien ³ -ch'a ²	檢	to inspect, to examine.
chien ³ -ch'ai ³	檢	to collect firewood.
chien ³ -ch'ang ³ .ti ¹	檢	stage-waiters; gleauers.
chien ³ -ch'i ³ -lai ³	檢	to pick up.
chien ³ -ch'iu ³ .ti ¹	檢	rag-pickers, etc.
chien ³ shên ⁴ -mo ³	檢	what have you found?
chien ³ -shu ⁴	檢	to bind (pang ³).
chien ³ -yen ⁴ -shih ¹ -shou ³	檢	to view the body (post mortem).
chien ³	竹	to bridge, to diminish, to retrench; to survey.
chien ³ -chih ³	簡	plainly, distinctly.
chien ³ chieh ³ [chüeh ³	簡	short, concise.
chien ³ -chien ³ -chüeh ³ .	簡	glibly (yu ³ tsui ³ hua ² shê ³).
chien ³ -ch'üeh ³	簡	a quiet post (official).
chien ³ -kang ¹ -chieh ³ -tuan ¹	簡	a succinct summary.
chien ³ -lien ⁴	簡	to try by experiment (shih ⁴ yen ³).
chien ³ -man ⁴	簡	disrespectful (man ⁴ tai ⁴).
chien ³ -pieu ¹	簡	to arrange materials, and compose a book.
chien ³ -pien ³	簡	more convenient, less troublesome; clean, plain.
chien ³	手	to choose, to select, to discriminate.
chien ³ -ching ⁴	揀	pure, selected, clarified.
chien ³ -hsüan ³	揀	to choose, to select.
chien ³ -p'ai ¹	揀	to select and send (official's).
chien ³ -tsü ³	揀	to choose, to select.
chien ³	鹼	a kind of salt, soda.
chien ³ -ti ¹	鹼	salt soil.
chien ³ -t'u ²	鹼	same.
chien ³	金	to gild, to wash with gold, etc. (tu ⁴ chin ¹ yin ³).
chien ³ -chin ¹	鍍	to gild, to wash with gold.
chien ³ -yin ³	鍍	ware washed with silver.
chien ³	繭	the cocoon of the silk-worm (tsan ²).
chien ³ -ch'ou ²	繭	coarse silk serge.
chien ³	木	to look over.
chien ³ -tien ³	手	to look over, oversee.
chien ³	撈	to cut, to divide asunder; sharp-pointed.
chien ³ -ch'u ²	撈	to cut, to deduct
chien ³ -ts'ao ² -ch'u ² -kên ¹	撈	to exterminate, to cut up root and branch.

<i>chien³</i>	木	東 168c384a	visiting card ; to select.
<i>chien³-shu¹</i>		東書	notes, letters.
<i>chien³-t'ieh³</i>		東帖	visiting cards ; a note.
CHIEN⁴	見	見 169b385b	[M. 347, 279.
<i>chien⁴-chang³</i>		見長	to see, to perceive, to notice, to be impressed by.
<i>chien⁴-chêng⁴</i>		見証	to make progress (<i>chang³ chin⁴</i>).
<i>chien⁴-chêng⁴-wo³-shih⁴</i>		見証我是	a witness, proof (<i>k'ou³ kung¹</i>).
<i>chien⁴-chiao⁴</i>		見教	proof that I—.
<i>chien⁴-chien⁴</i>		見見	to tell, inform ; information.
<i>chien⁴-chien⁴-hsieh³</i>		見見血	to introduce ; to visit (<i>yin¹ chien⁴</i>).
<i>chien⁴-ching³-shêng¹</i>		見景生情	to carry through to the bitter end.
<i>chien⁴-ch'ing¹[ch'ing²</i>		見輕	to adapt one's self to circumstances. [<i>kung¹</i>].
<i>chien⁴-ch'uan¹</i>		見穿	to be or seem better (of illness) (see <i>chien⁴</i>
<i>chien⁴-fêng¹</i>		見風	stands wear (<i>shou⁴ ch'uan¹</i>).
<i>chien⁴-fêng¹-liu²-lei³</i>		見風流淚	to venture out in the wind.
<i>chien⁴-hao³</i>		見好	a wind in the face causes water in the eyes.
<i>chien⁴-hsi³</i>		見喜	to be or seem better (of illness).
<i>chien⁴-hsiao³</i>		見小	to be pleased.
<i>chien⁴-hsiao⁴</i>		見笑	of a niggardly mind (<i>lin⁴ sê⁴</i>).
<i>chien⁴-hsiao⁴</i>		見效	laughable, to be laughed at (<i>k'o³ hsiao⁴</i>).
<i>chien⁴-hsneh³-chi²-hui³</i>		見血即回	(the medicine) is effective.
<i>chien⁴-huo³</i>		見火	very easy to get rid of.
<i>chien⁴-ko⁴.kao¹-ti¹</i>		見個高低	to be touched by fire.
<i>chien⁴-kuai³</i>		見怪	to see who is the better man.
<i>chien⁴-kung¹</i>		見功	to think it strange.
<i>chien⁴-li³</i>		見禮	to be better (illness).
<i>chien⁴-liang⁴</i>		見諒	to be polite (<i>kung¹ ching⁴</i>).
<i>chien⁴-mien⁴</i>		見面	excuse me (<i>yu³ tsui⁴ yn³ tsui⁴</i>).
<i>chien⁴-mien⁴-chih¹-ch'ing²</i>		見面之情	to have interview with, a <i>têlê a têlê</i> (<i>hui⁴ mien⁴</i>).
<i>chien⁴-pu⁴.cho²-t'a¹</i>		見不著他人	a calling acquaintance.
<i>chien⁴-pu⁴-tê².jen²</i>		見不得人	cannot see him (<i>wang⁴ pu⁴ chien⁴</i>).
<i>chien⁴-pu⁴-tê²-shui²</i>		見不得水	not fit to be seen (<i>ch'ou³ lou¹ pu⁴ k'an¹</i>).
<i>chien⁴-sha¹</i>		見殺	is injured if exposed to water.
<i>chien⁴-shang¹</i>		見傷	to be killed.
<i>chien⁴-shao¹</i>		見燒	to be wounded.
<i>chien⁴-shên²-chien⁴-kuei³</i>		見神見鬼	lasts well (firewood or fuel).
<i>chien⁴-shih⁴</i>		見識	sick deliriums, very uncertain.
<i>chien⁴-shih⁴-mien⁴</i>		見世面	knowledge, experience (<i>ching⁴ lien⁴</i>). [<i>kuang³</i>].
<i>chien⁴-t'ien¹</i>		見天	to have seen the world ; experience (<i>ching¹ lien⁴</i>
<i>chien⁴-tso¹</i>		見做	every day, daily (<i>t'ien¹ t'ien¹</i>).
<i>chien⁴-tuan³</i>		見短	a tedious job (of work).
<i>chien⁴-wang⁴</i>		見旺	to treat lightly (<i>ch'ing¹ k'an⁴</i>).
			to be prosperous (<i>hsing¹ wang⁴, hsing¹ lung³</i>).

chien ⁴ -iœn ²	見	閑	observation.
chien ⁴ -yin ³	見	影	to see a trace or indication of.
chien ⁴ -yüan ⁴	見	怨	to be hated.
chien ⁴	紳 卅	荐	to introduce, to recommend.
chien ⁴		薦	same.
chien ⁴ -chü ³		薦	one who recommends.
chien ⁴ -chü ³		薦	to recommend (pao ³ chü ³ , chü ³ chien ⁴).
chien ⁴ -chüan ⁴		薦	a letter of introduction.
chien ⁴ -hsien ³ -shêng ¹		薦	to recommend a teacher.
chien ⁴ -hsin ⁴		薦	a letter of recommendation.
chien ⁴ -lai ³		薦	to come recommended.
chien ⁴ -shu ³		薦	a letter of introduction.
chien ⁴	具	賤	mean, low, cheap (pei ¹ chien ⁴).
chien ⁴ -chia ⁴		賤	cheap (chia ⁴ ch'ien ³ ti ¹ , p'ieu ² i ³).
chien ⁴ -hsing ⁴		賤	my humble name is—(polite) (kuoi ⁴ hsing ⁴).
chien ⁴ -huo ⁴		賤	cheap goods.
chien ⁴ -jên ³		賤	a mean person (hsia ⁴ tso ⁴ jên ³ têng ³).
chien ⁴ -ku ³ -l'ou ³		賤	effeminate, foppish; you fop!
chien ⁴ -mai ⁴ pu ⁴ -shé ¹		賤	sell cheap for cash.
chien ⁴ -nei ⁴		賤	my wife (depreciatory) (cho ¹ ching ¹).
chien ⁴	竹	箭	an arrow, stem of a plant.
chien ⁴ -chien ¹		箭	the point of an arrow.
chien ⁴ -chu ¹		箭	the hedge-hog (tz'ü ⁴ wei ¹).
chien ⁴ -hu ²		箭	a case for bow and arrows.
chien ⁴ -kau ¹		箭	the shaft of an arrow.
chien ⁴ -ling ³ -tzü ³		箭	the feather of an arrow.
chien ⁴ -po ³ -tzü ³		箭	target for archers.
chien ⁴ -tai ⁴		箭	a quiver.
chien ⁴ -tang ³ -tzü ³		箭	a target.
chien ⁴ -t'ing ³ -tzü ³		箭	a watch-house.
chien ⁴ -to ³		箭	a target.
chien ⁴ -yen ³		箭	sore pimples, syphilitic sores.
chien ⁴	水	漸	gradually, by slow degrees, by little and little.
chien ⁴ -chien ⁴		漸	same.
chien ⁴ -chien ⁴ -chang ³ -ta ⁴		漸	to grow gradually.
chien ⁴ -chin ⁴		漸	advance.
chien ⁴	金	鑒	a mirror, to reflect light; a precept.
chien ⁴		鑑	same.
chien ⁴ -ch'a ²		鑑	to reflect, to consider, accuser.
chien ⁴ -chao ⁴		鑑	to reflect.
chien ⁴ -shu ¹		鑑	historical books (t'ung ² chien ⁴).
chien ⁴	言	諫	to remonstrate, to reprove, to censure.
chien ⁴ -ch'ên ³		諫	an official reprover, ancient title of censor (yü ⁴ [shih ⁴]) (184-9)

* Note 10.

chien ⁴ -chün ¹	諫君	to censure a sovereign.
chien ⁴ -hsing ² -yen ² -t'ing ²	諫言聽	to reprove conduct and be heard.
chien ⁴ -i ³ -tai ¹ -fu ¹	諫議大夫	the public reprover.
chien ⁴ -shuo ¹	諫說	to reprove, to remonstrate (tsé ² pei ⁴).
chien ⁴	建 160a386b	to establish, to build, to found (kai ³ tsao ⁴).
chien ⁴ -hsiu ¹	建修	to repair (hsiu ¹ li ³ , chêng ³ chih ⁴ , shou ¹ shih ² ,
chien ⁴ -kung ¹	建功	to establish one's merit (li ⁴ kung ¹). [shih ² t'ê ²].
chien ⁴ -kung ¹ -li ⁴ -yeh ⁴	建功立業	to found (as an empire, family, etc., ch'uang ⁴
chien ⁴ -kuo ²	建國	to establish a kingdom. [ch'êng ² shih ⁴ yeh ⁴].
chien ⁴ -li ⁴	建立	to found, to establish (ch'uang ⁴ tsao ⁴).
chien ⁴ -tsao ⁴	建造	to build, to found, to invent.
chien ⁴ -tu ¹	建都	to build a capital.
chien ⁴ -yen ¹	建烟	Foochow tobacco.
chien ⁴	健 160b386b	strong, robust, indefatigable.
chien ⁴ -chuang ⁴	健壯	same (cha ¹ shih ² , chieh ² shih ² , chien ¹ kn ⁴), [shih ⁴].
chien ⁴ -tsu ²	健卒	an able-bodied soldier; a stout fellow (chuang ⁴
chien ⁴	僭 170c980b	to overstep; to assume, erroneous.
chien ⁴ -fèn ⁴	僭分	to usurp, unwarrantable (yüeh ⁴ li ³).
chien ⁴ -kuo ⁴	僭過	to overstep, to surpass.
chien ⁴ -tsun ¹	僭尊	usurpation of honors; to encroach.
chien ⁴ -wang ⁴	僭妄	blasphemy, presumption (hsieh ⁴ tu ⁴).
chien ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	僭越	to overstep, to surpass (chan ⁴ jên ² t'ien ² li ⁴).
chien ⁴	水 濺 159c979c	to splash, to spatter.
chien ⁴ -i ¹ -shên ¹ -ni ²	濺一身泥	splashed all over with mud.
chien ⁴ -ni ²	濺泥	to splash with mud.
chien ⁴ -shui ³	濺水	to splash with water.
chien ⁴	食 餞 159b979c	to salt rice; a farewell meal; to present.
chien ⁴ -hsing ³	餞行	a farewell meal, or entertainment.
chien ⁴ -kua ¹	餞瓜	preserved melon.
chien ⁴ -kuo ³	餞菓	preserved fruit.
chien ⁴ -li ²	餞禮	to make a farewell present.
chien ⁴ -pieh ²	餞別	farewell banquet.
chien ⁴	足 踐 159b979b	to tread or trample upon.
chien ⁴ -t'a ¹	踐壞	to destroy, or corrupt
chien ⁴ -t'a ⁴	踐踏	to tread down (chia ³ tz'ü).
chien ⁴	人 件 170c386a	an individual article, topic or affair; one, a, an,
chien ⁴ -(lien ⁴ -tu ¹ -nêng ²)	件件都能	expert in everything.
chien ⁴	水 澗 161b387a	a mountain stream, a rivulet.
chien ⁴ -hou ¹	澗溝	same.
chien ⁴ -(tzu)	金鋼 162a387a	a kind of mace, the iron of an axle-tree.
chien ⁴ -(tzu)	毛毬	shuttlecock (t'ü ⁴ chien ⁴ 'rh).
chien ⁴	欠 欠 160b ○	same.
chien ⁴	欠 欠 165b388c	famine.

ch'ien ¹ -nien ³	歉年	a famine year (chi ¹ huang ¹).
chien ⁴	刀劍 16Sa3SSa	a straight double-edged sword (pao ³ ch'ien ⁴).
CH' IEN ¹	十仟 千 174c9S0a	a thousand, earnestly.
ch'ien ¹ -ch' i ² -pai ¹ -kuai ⁴	千奇百怪	very strange.
ch'ien ¹ -ch'in ¹	千金	"a thousand pieces of gold," your daughter.
ch'ien ¹ -ch'in ¹ -cha ³	千斤 閘	a portcullis.
ch'ien ¹ -ch'iu ¹	千秋	"a thousand autumns," your birthday.
ch'ien ¹ -ch'ün ¹ -wan ⁴ -ma ³	千軍萬馬	countless armies.
ch'ien ¹ -ch'n ¹ -wan ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	千恩萬謝	a thousand thanks.
ch'ien ¹ -fang ¹	千方	versatile, versatility.
ch'ien ¹ fang ¹ -pai ³ -chi ⁴	千方百計	by hook or by crook (kuei ³ chi ⁴ to ¹ tuan ¹).
ch'ien ¹ -hsin ¹ -wan ⁴ -k u ³	千辛萬苦	extreme hardship.
ch'ien ¹ ku ³	千古	ancient times, all antiquity, forever.
ch'ien ¹ li ³ -ching ⁴	千里鏡	a telescope.
ch'ien ¹ -li ³ -ma ³	千里馬	a fleet horse.
ch'ien ¹ -li ³ -yen ³	千里眼	a telescope.
ch'ien ¹ -min ² wan ⁴ -hu ⁴	千民萬戶	the people, everybody.
ch'ien ¹ -mu ⁴ -tao ¹	千木明	wood pecker.
ch'ien ¹ nien ³	千年	a thousand years.
ch'ien ¹ -nien ³ -hung ³	千年紅	the bachelor's button.
ch'ien ¹ -pai ³	千百	one thousand one hundred, above a thousand.
ch'ien ¹ -pien ¹ -wan ⁴ -hua ⁴	千變萬化	changeable, kaleidoscopic.
ch'ien ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -shih ³	千片石	talc.
ch'ien ¹ -shan ¹ -wan ⁴ -shui ³	千山萬水	far and wide.
ch'ien ¹ -shu ⁴ -ti ³	千數地	about 1,000 li.
ch'ien ¹ -ssü ¹ -pai ⁴ -hsiang ²	千思百想	full of thoughts (shui ⁴ ssü ¹ mäng ⁴ hsiang ²).
ch'ien ¹ -sui ¹	千歲	"thousand years," a title of kings and princes.
ch'ien ¹ -tao ¹ -wan ⁴ -kuai ³	千刀萬剮	punishment by hacking process (ling ² ch'ih ²).
ch'ien ¹ -t'iao ² -min ⁴ -chi ¹	千條妙計	a splendid plan.
ch'ien ¹ -t' o ³ -wan ⁴ -tang ¹	千妥萬當	very secure, perfectly satisfactory.
ch'ien ¹ -tsung ³	千總	a lieutenant (pai ³ fu ¹ chang ³).
ch'ien ¹ -tzu ¹ -wän ³	千字文	[book, the "Thousand Character Classic," name of a ten millions, by all means.
ch'ien ¹ -wan ⁴	千萬	don't on any account (tuan ¹ hu ¹ pu ⁴ k'o ³).
ch'ien ¹ -wan ⁴ -pu ¹	千萬不	respectful, yielding, humble, quiet, humility.
ch'ien ¹	言謙 174b3S9b	humble and agreeable.
ch'ien ¹ -ho ³	謙和	humble, obsequious, cringing, sycophantic.
ch'ien ¹ -hsü ¹	謙虛	humble (tzu ¹ ch'ien ¹).
ch'ien ¹ -hsün ⁴	謙遜	to respectfully decline anything, yielding, polite.
ch'ien ¹ jang ⁴	謙讓	humble and modest.
ch'ien ¹ -kung ¹	謙恭	humble and meek, lowly.
ch'ien ¹ -pei ¹	謙卑	the humble shall be benefited.
ch'ien ¹ -shou ⁴ -i ³	謙受益	

ch'ien ¹ -t'ui ⁴	謙退	retiring, modest, polite.
ch'ien ¹ -tz'ü ²	謙詞	an expression of humility.
ch'ien ¹ 是迂摘	遷 173c980c	[alter. to ascend, to move to, to remove, to shift, to
ch'ien ¹ -chiu ¹	遷 柩	to remove a coffin.
ch'ien ¹ -chiu ⁴	遷 就	to accommodate (chiang ¹ chiu ⁴).
ch'ien ¹ -chü ¹	遷 居	to remove to another dwelling.
ch'ien ¹ -hsi ²	遷 徙	to remove.
ch'ien ¹ -i ²	遷 移	same.
ch'ien ¹ -min ²	遷 民	to remove the people from one region to another.
ch'ien ¹ -nu ⁴ -yü ² -jên ²	遷 怒 於人	transfer your anger to another.
ch'ien ¹ -tsang ⁴	遷 葬	to move a grave.
ch'ien ¹ -tu ¹	遷 都	to remove the court or capital.
ch'ien ¹ -ying ²	遷 營	to remove a camp.
ch'ien ¹ 金 鉛	鉛 175b1136b	lead, black lead (kuau ⁴ ch'ien ¹),
ch'ien ¹ -fên ¹	鉛 粉	white lead (pai ² ch'ien ¹).
ch'ien ¹ -hsi ²	鉛 錫	lead and tin, inferior pewter.
ch'ien ¹ -hu ²	鉛 壺	a leaden pot.
ch'ien ¹ -k'uai ¹	鉛 塊	lead in pigs.
ch'ien ¹ -kung ²	鉛 礦	a lead mine.
ch'ien ¹ -pan ²	鉛 板	lead type, stereotype.
ch'ien ¹ -pi ²	鉛 筆	a lead pencil.
ch'ien ¹ -p'ien ⁴	鉛 片	sheet lead.
ch'ien ¹ -sha ¹ -tzü ²	鉛 沙 子	buck-shot.
ch'ien ¹ -shai ² -tzü ²	鉛 骰 子	loaded dice.
ch'ien ¹ -tzü ²	鉛 子	bullets, shot.
ch'ien ¹ -tzü ⁴	鉛 字	lead type.
ch'ien ¹ -wan ² -tzü ²	鉛 丸 子	bullets, shot.
ch'ien ¹ * 竹	籐 籤	slips of wood, used for drawing lots, &c.
ch'ien ¹	籐 籤 172a981b	same (ch'ou ¹ ch'ien ¹ , nien ² chiu ¹).
ch'ien ¹ -p'iao ⁴	籐 票	a warrant (hsin ⁴ p'iao ⁴).
ch'ien ¹ -t'ung ²	籐 筒	the case used when drawing lots.
ch'ien ¹ -tzü ²	籐 子	slips of wood used for drawing lots, labels.
ch'ien ¹ -ya ²	籐 押	to affix a signature.
ch'ien ¹ -ya ² -fang ²	籐 押 房	[ments. an office in yamên for countersigning all docu-
ch'ien ¹ -yü ²	籐 語	the answer to those who draw lots in temples,
ch'ien ¹ 牛	牽 172c388a	to pull, to drag, to lead (la ¹) see 牽 ⁴ . [etc.
ch'ien ¹ -fei ² -niu ²	牽 肥 牛	to seize for ransom (fig.).
ch'ien ¹ -kua ⁴	牽 挂	to hold in suspense.
ch'ien ¹ -lien ²	牽 連	to connect, in connection with, to involve.
ch'ien ¹ -niu ² -hsing ¹	牽 牛 星	a constellation in Aquila.
ch'ien ¹ -shé ⁴	牽 涉	to be implicated in.
ch'ien ¹ -t'ou ² -lao ² -p'o ²	牽 頭 老 婆	an old procuress.
ch'ien ¹ -iou ² -kua ⁴ -ssü ⁴	牽 五 掛 四	catching house after house—of fires.

* Note 11.

ch'ien ¹	心	愆	174a389a	failure, fault, crime, excess.
ch'ien ¹ .ch'i ³		愆期		failure to the time appointed.
ch'ien ¹ .fa ³		愆罰		to punish a crime.
ch'ien ¹ .kuo ⁴		愆過		a crime, a fault (tsui ⁴ ch'ien ¹).
ch'ien ¹ .yu ³		愆尤		error, transgression.
ch'ien ¹	手扌	摻	173b980b	to graft; to stick into.
ch'ien ¹ .tzū ³ .shou ³		摻子手		tidewaiters (Foreign Customs).
ch'ien ¹	革	鞮	173a981a	a swing.
ch'ien ¹ .ch'iu ¹		鞮鞞		same (ch'iu ¹ ch'ien ¹).
ch'ien ¹ (tzū)	巾	幟	172a981c	label (t'ieh ¹).
CH'IEN²	金 艹	錢	176a982b	copper coin, money, tenth of a tael, a mace.
ch'ien ² .ch'ao ⁴		錢鈔		bank-notes (huan ⁴ ch'ien ²).
ch'ien ² .cho ¹ .tzū ³		錢桌子		a money table, a bank.
ch'ien ² .chū ³		錢局		a mint, a bank.
ch'ien ² .chū ³ .tzū ³		錢局子		same.
ch'ien ² .ch'uan ⁴ [liao ³		錢串		cash strings; a centipede (i ¹ ch'uan ¹ ch'ien ²).
ch'ien ² .ch'uan ⁴ .luan ⁴ .		錢串斷了		the cash string is broken.
ch'ien ² .chuang ¹		錢莊		a money-changer's; a bank.
ch'ien ² .hang ³		錢行		market price of cash; a bank.
ch'ien ² .ku ³		錢穀		treasury accountant (shih ¹ yeh ³).
ch'ien ² .kuei ⁴		錢櫃		a cash box (yin ² k'u ⁴).
ch'ien ² .liang ³		錢糧		taxes, revenue (wan ² liang ²).
ch'ien ² .lung ³		錢龍		a centipede (mao ³ ch'ung ² , pai ³ tsu ⁵).
ch'ien ² .nêng ³ .t'ung ¹ .	[shên ³	錢能通神		money can move the gods.
ch'ien ² .pan ³		錢板		grooved board for counting cash.
ch'ien ² .p'iao ⁴ .tzū ³		錢票子		bank notes (huan ⁴ p'iao ⁴).
ch'ien ² .p'u ⁴		錢舖		a bank.
ch'ien ² .ta ¹ .tzū ³		錢搭子		purse, bag for holding cash, etc. [handed over,
ch'ien ² .ti ⁴ .liang ³ .ch'ing ¹		錢地兩清		the money has all been paid, and the land all
ch'ien ² .ts'ai ³		錢財		money, wealth (ts'ai ³ li ⁴).
ch'ien ² .t'ung ³		錢筒		a long bamboo tube for keeping cash in.
ch'ien ² .yen ³		錢眼		the hole in a cash.
ch'ien ²	刀	前	176c981c	in front of, before, in time or place; to advance.
ch'ien ² .ch'ang ³		前塲		a stage (hsi ⁴ t'ai ³).
ch'ien ² .ch'ao ²		前朝		the last dynasty, a former dynasty. [ch'êng ²).
ch'ien ² .ch'êng ²		前程		advancement, promotion, rank (i ¹ pu ⁴ ch'ien ²
ch'ien ² .ch'i ¹ .ssū ¹ .t'ien ¹		前期四天		four days before the time.
ch'ien ² .chieh ⁴		前街		the street on south side (hou ⁴ chieh ¹).
ch'ien ² .chin ⁴		前進		to enter before, advancement.
ch'ien ² .ch'ou ³		前仇		a former enmity.
ch'ien ² .ch'ü ⁴		前去		to go before.
ch'ien ² .ch'rh ³		前兒		day before yesterday (tso ² t'ien ¹).

ch'ien ² -hou ⁴	前後		before and behind ; nearly, about. M. 64.
ch'ien ² -hsieh ¹ -jih ⁴ -tzu ⁴	前前些日子		some days ago.
ch'ien ² -jên ²	前人		a predecessor.
ch'ien ² -jih ⁴	前日		the day before yesterday.
ch'ien ² -ko ² -pu ⁴ -t'ang ²	前閣部堂		imperial grand secretariat or chancellerie.
ch'ien ² -lai ²	前來		to come before or into the presence of,
ch'ien ² -mien ⁴	前面		before the face.
ch'ien ² -nien ²	前年		the year before last.
ch'ien ² -pan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	前半天		forenoon (shang ⁴ wu ²).
ch'ien ² -pei ¹	前輩		having the precedence ; former generations.
ch'ien ² -sau ¹ -hou ⁴ -ssü ⁴	前三後四		first this and then that.
ch'ien ² -shih ⁴	前世		the former life ; living, life.
ch'ien ² -ssü ¹ -lou ⁴ -hsiang ³	前思後想		to turn over in one's mind ; to desire.
ch'ien ² -wu ³ -nien ²	前五年		five years ago.
ch'ien ² -yang ³ -hou ⁴ -lo ³	前仰後合		lurching back and forth, e. g., drunk.
ch'ien ² -yin ³	前引		a guide.
ch'ien ² -yüeh ⁴	前月		the month before last, in former months.
ch'ien ²	乙	598c311c	male ; heaven ; the northwest. See kan ¹ .
ch'ien ² -ch'ing ¹ -kung ¹	乾清宮		one of the Palaces, Peking.
ch'ien ² -ch'ing ¹ -mên ²	乾清門		one of the Palace gates.
ch'ien ² -fu ⁴ .k'un ¹ -mu ³	乾父坤母		heaven is father, earth is mother. [female.
ch'ien ² -k'un ¹	乾坤		sun and moon ; heaven and earth ; male and
ch'ien ² -lung ²	乾隆		fourth Emperor of present dynasty (1736-96
ch'ien ² -wei ² -nan ²	乾爲男		ch'ien is male. [A.D.]
ch'ien ² -wei ² -t'ien ¹	乾爲天		ch'ien is heaven.
ch'ien ²	虔	178a390b	firm, determined, sincere, respectful, devout.
ch'ien ² -ch'êng ²	虔誠		reverential, respectful, devout (ch'êng ² shih ⁴).
ch'ien ² -hsin ¹	虔心		a stout heart ; devout.
ch'ien ²	拈手	173a389c	to nip, to seize (ch'ia ¹).
ch'ien ² -chu ¹	拈住		seized firmly, as with forceps.
ch'ien ² -k'ou ³	拈口		to hold one's tongue.
ch'ien ² -kuo ⁴ -lai ²	拈過來		to take with nippers.
ch'ien ² -ting ¹ -tzu ³	拈釘子		to pull out a nail (hao ² fa ³).
ch'ien ²	水 滲	177c982b	to ford, to enter deeply, to cross ; to abscond.
ch'ien ² -chu ⁴	潛住		to live secluded.
ch'ien ² -t'ao ²	潛逃		to slink off, to abscond.
ch'ien ² (tzü)	金 鉗	173b389c	nippers, pincers (nieh ⁴ tzü ³).
CH' IEN ³	水 淺	175c982c	shallow, superficial, slightly.
ch'ien ³ -chien ⁴	淺見		slight experience (chien ⁴ shih ⁴).
ch'ien ³ -chih ¹	淺知		superficial knowledge of anything.
ch'ien ³ -chin ¹	淺近		plain and easy, slight knowledge.
ch'ien ³ -érh ² -i ⁴ -chien ⁴	淺而易見		easy to understand.

ch'ien³-hsiao² 淺學
 ch'ien³-i⁴-ssü¹ 淺意思
 ch'ien²-liao³-ch'uan³ 淺了船
 ch'ien²-pao² 淺薄
 ch'ien²-sha¹-t'an¹ 淺沙灘
 ch'ien²-shén¹ 淺深
 ch'ien²-shui³ 淺水
 ch'ien²-yen²-sé⁴ 淺顏色
 ch'ien³ 是 遣 178b390c
 ch'ien³-p'ai⁴ 遣派
 ch'ien³-san⁴ 遣散
 ch'ien³-shih³ 遣使
 ch'ien³-shu⁴ 遣戍
 ch'ien³-sung⁴ 遣送

a slight degree of learning,
 superficial meaning.
 in shallow water, aground.
 mean.
 a shoal, a bar at river's mouth.
 shallow and deep; how deep? is it deep?
 shallow water,
 a slight or faint colour.
 to send, to commission.
 to send, as servants, etc.
 to discharge, to dismiss.
 to send a person; a messenger, an envoy. [iers.
 to banish, to exile, to send troops to the front.
 to send (p'ai⁴ ch'ai¹).

CH·IEN⁴ 欠 欠 178c391b
 ch'ien⁴-an¹ 欠安
 ch'ien⁴-chai⁴ [ch'ien³ 欠債
 ch'ien⁴-chai⁴-huan²- 欠債還錢
 ch'ien⁴-chang⁴ 欠賬
 ch'ien⁴-chiao⁴ 欠教
 ch'ien⁴-ch'ien² 欠錢
 ch'ien⁴-ch'ien²-tai¹-wan³ 欠錢大王
 ch'ien⁴-chu²-t'rh³ 欠主兒
 ch'ien⁴-hsiang⁴ 欠項
 ch'ien⁴-hsiao³-hsi² 欠學習
 ch'ien⁴-huo³ 欠火
 ch'ien⁴-kung¹ 欠功
 ch'ien⁴-shao³ 欠少
 ch'ien⁴-sh'án¹ 欠身
 ch'ien⁴-t'a¹-ti¹-chai⁴ 欠他的債
 ch'ien⁴-tan¹ 欠單
 ch'ien⁴-t'ieh¹ 欠帖
 ch'ien⁴-yü³ 欠雨
 ch'ien⁴ 系 絳 173a388b
 ch'ien⁴-fu¹ 絳夫
 ch'ien⁴-ma³ 絳馬
 ch'ien⁴-pan³ 絳板
 ch'ien⁴-shou³ 絳手
 ch'ien⁴ 手 才 捧 172c○
 ch'ien⁴-kuo⁴-lai² 捧過來
 ch'ien⁴-ma³ 捧馬
 ch'ien⁴-shou³ 捧手

to owe; deficient, wanting.
 uncomfortable, unwell (pu⁴ shu¹ fu²).
 to owe, to be in debt, debts.
 let one who owes pay the money.
 to owe, indebted.
 ill-bred (shao³ chiao⁴ hsiün⁴).
 to owe money (chieh⁴ ch'ien²).
 a princely debtor.
 a debtor.
 a debt.
 deficient in learning and practice.
 too little of the fire (cooking).
 wanting in diligence.
 deficient.
 to rise and bow.
 to owe him.
 a bill, an account, a promissory note.
 promissory note.
 to lack rain.
 to unravel; a tow-rope; to pull, to drag, to lead.
 trackers, boat-towers.
 to lead a horse.
 yoke at end of tracker's line.
 a mediator, a negotiator, an arbitrator; trackers.
 to lead, to pull, to drag, to tow.
 to pull over.
 to lead a horse,
 hand in hand, to lead.

<i>ch'ien⁴</i>	山	嵌 ^{173b389c}	to inlay.
<i>ch'ien⁴-hsiang¹</i>		嵌鑲	same.
<i>ch'ien⁴-pao³-shih²</i>		嵌寶石	to inlay precious stones.
<i>ch'ien⁴-yin²-chiang⁴</i>		嵌銀匠	a workman who inlays silver, etc.
<i>ch'ien¹-</i>	艸	茜 ^{179c983a}	name of a plant used for dyeing red.
<i>ch'ien⁴-ts'ao³</i>	艸	茜草	same.
CHIH¹	矢	知 ^{180c53a}	to know, to perceive; to cause to know, to tell.
<i>chih¹-ch'ih³</i>		知己	an intimate friend (<i>hsiang¹ hao³</i>).
<i>chih¹-chiu³-p'êng¹-yu³</i>		知己朋友	an intimate or bosom friend.
<i>chih¹-chiu³-chih¹-pi²</i>		知己知彼	mutual, intimate (<i>hsin¹ fu³ p'êng² yu³</i>).
<i>chih¹-ch'iao³</i>		知巧	clever, ingenious.
<i>chih¹-ch'ih³</i>		知恥	to feel ashamed.
<i>chih¹-chin⁴-chih¹-t'ui⁴</i>		知進知退	initiated, experienced, shrewd, no novice.
<i>chih¹-chou²</i>		知州	a district magistrate. G. 284.
<i>chih¹-ch'ü⁴</i>		知趣	to know the flavor, a sense of the fitness of
<i>chih¹-ch'üeh²</i>		知覺	to perceive, to observe.
<i>chih¹-ch'üeh⁴</i>		知確	positive, precisely.
<i>chih¹-fa³-fan⁴-fa³</i>		知法犯法	intentional transgression. (<i>pên³ fu⁴</i>).
<i>chih¹-fu³</i>		知府	a magistrate, prefect of department. G. 281.
<i>chih¹-hsiao³</i>		知曉	to know, to understand.
<i>chih¹-hsien⁴</i>		知縣	a district magistrate. G. 289. (<i>pên³ hsien⁴</i>).
<i>chih¹-hsin¹</i>		知心	congenial, likeminded.
<i>chih¹-hsiu¹</i>		知羞	to feel ashamed.
<i>chih¹-hui⁴</i>		知會	a despatch; to inform, to communicate.
<i>chih¹-hui³</i>		知慧	wisdom (<i>ts'ung¹ ming²</i>).
<i>chih¹-kuo⁴-pi²-kai³</i>		知過必改	known faults must be amended.
<i>chih¹-pu⁴-tao⁴</i>		知不知道	don't know (<i>pu⁴ chih¹ tao⁴</i>).
<i>chih¹-shih²</i>		知識	knowledge, experience.
<i>chih¹-shih²-wei⁴-k'ai¹</i>		知識未開	understanding not yet opened.
<i>chih¹-tao⁴</i>		知道	to know (<i>hsiao³ tê²</i>).
<i>chih¹-tao⁴-liao³</i>		*知道了	it is known, I know it; "noted" at end of de-
<i>chih¹-ts'o⁴</i>		知錯	to know or acknowledge one's faults.
<i>chih¹-tsu²</i>		知足	to be content, to satisfy.
<i>chih¹-yin¹-p'êng¹-yu³</i>		知音朋友	an intimate friend.
<i>chih¹-</i>	支	支 ^{192c54a}	a branch, to branch off, to send; to use; to pay.
<i>chih¹-ch'êng¹</i>		支撐	to prop up.
<i>chih¹-ch'ien²</i>		支錢	to pay money in advance, to draw money.
<i>chih¹-chih¹-tung⁴-tung⁴</i>		支支動動	requiring constant looking after.
<i>chih¹-ch'ih²</i>		支支持	to make excuses; to withstand, to bear up against.
<i>chih¹-ch'ih²-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>		支支持不住	unable to hold one's own.
<i>chih¹-chu⁴</i>		支柱	a support, a pillar.
<i>chih¹-ch'ü⁴</i>		支去	to send.

chih ¹ -fêng ⁴	支俸	to pay a salary in advance.
chih ¹ -hui ⁴	支會	a branch church.
chih ¹ -kei ³	支給	to give, to pay to.
chih ¹ -ko ⁴ -jih ⁴ -tzu ³	支個日子	enough to keep me for a day.
chih ¹ -lai ²	支來	to bring.
chih ¹ -li ²	支離	evasive.
chih ¹ -p'ai ⁴	支派	branch of a family; to send.
chih ¹ -shih ³	支使	to use, to employ, to defray; to send.
chih ¹ -tzu ³	支子	a branch of a family.
chih ¹ -wu ²	支吾	to make excuses (t'ui ¹ tz'ü ²).
chih ¹ -ying ⁴	支應	to wait on (tz'ü ³ hou ⁴).
chih ¹ -yung ⁴	支用	to use, to employ; expenditure.
chih ¹	糸 織	to weave.
chih ¹ -chi ¹	織機	a loom; to weave.
ehih ¹ -fang ³	織紡	to reel or spin silk or cotton.
chih ¹ -hsi ²	織蓆	to weave or make mats.
chih ¹ -nü ³	織女	the star <i>vega</i> in <i>Lyra</i> ; the goddess of weaving.
chih ¹ -pu ¹	織布	to weave cloth.
chih ¹ -tse ² -ching ¹ -chih ⁴	織得精緻	beautifully woven.
chih ¹	手 才 摺	to prop up, to support, to uphold.
chih ¹ -ch'i ² -lai ²	摺起來	to prop up.
chih ¹ -ch'uang ¹ -hu ⁴	摺窗戶	to prop up a window.
chih ¹ -mu ⁴ -mao ¹	摺木貓	to set a rat-trap.
chi ¹	虫 蜘蛛	the spider.
chih ¹ -chu ¹	蜘蛛	same.
chih ¹ -chu ¹ -ch'uang ¹	蜘蛛瘡	a kind of ringworm.
chih ¹ -ch'au ¹ -wang ³	蜘蛛網	a spider's web.
chih ¹ (tzu)	木 梔	a fruit used for dyeing saffron colour.
chih ¹ -tzu ³ -hua ¹	梔子花	name of a white flower.
chih ¹	肉 脂	grease, fat, lard, cosmetic.
chih ¹ -fên ³	脂粉	cosmetics in general.
chih ¹ -se ⁴	脂色	rouge.
chih ¹ -yu ³	脂油	lard, pork fat
chih ¹	' 之	sign of the possessive-
chih ¹ -hu ³ -ché ³ -yek ³	之乎者也	empty particles, fig., e. g., pedantry.
chi ¹ -tzu ³	之	a bride.
chih ¹	艸 苙	a sort of grass.
chih ¹ -lan ³	苙蘭	name of a flower.
chih ¹ -ma ³	苙麻	sesamum seed.
chih ¹ -ma ² -yu ⁴	苙麻油	sesamum oil.
chih ¹ -ts'ao ³	苙草	a sort of grass.
chih ¹ (tzu)	木 枝	the branches of a tree. Numerative of flowers,
chih ¹ -shao ¹	枝稍	twigs, the end of a branch.

[etc.

<i>chih¹-yeh⁴</i>		枝葉	branches and leaves.
<i>chih¹</i>	肉 肢	肢 193c55a	the limbs (ssü ¹ chih ¹ pai ³ t'í ³).
<i>chih¹-t'ü³</i>		肢體	the limbs and body.
<i>chih¹</i>	隹 只	隻 192b69b	single, alone, one of a pair. Num. of ships, etc. [M. 89.
<i>chih¹-shên¹-tu²-i¹</i>		隻身獨一	a single solitary individual.
<i>chih¹-ying²-ku¹-hung²</i>		隻影孤鴻	fig. a solitary great man.
<i>chih¹</i>	口	吱○ 55c	sound, noise.
<i>chih¹-chih¹</i>		吱吱	a panting noise.
<i>chih¹-chih¹-ti¹-hsiang³</i>		吱吱的响	noise of panting.
<i>chih¹ (tzü)</i>	水	汁 183b67b	gravy, juice, sap ; rich, luscious, juicy.
<i>chih¹-chiang¹</i>		汁漿	gravy.
<i>chih¹-shui³</i>		汁水	juice, e. g., of a melon.
<i>chih¹</i>	己	卮 191b55b	a siphon ; a wine vessel.
CHIH² (tzü)	女 侄	姪 186c68b	a nephew or niece.
<i>chih²-fu⁴</i>		姪婦	a nephew's wife.
<i>chih²-hsü⁴</i>		姪婿	a niece's husband.
<i>chih²-nü³</i>		姪女	a niece.
<i>chih²-sun¹</i>		姪孫	a nephew's children.
<i>chih²-tzü³</i>		姪子	a nephew.
<i>chih²</i>	土 執	執 184c67a	to grasp, to seize, to apprehend, to retain
<i>chih²-chang³</i>		執掌	to superintend ; a superintendent.
<i>chih²-chao⁴</i>		執照	a passport (hu ⁴ chao ⁴).
<i>chih²-chêng⁴</i>		執正	impartial, even.
<i>chih²-ch'ih²</i>		執持	to hold on to.
<i>chih²-ch'ou²</i>		執籌	to draw lots ; a lottery keeper (nien ¹ chiu ¹).
<i>chih²-chü¹</i>		執拘	obstinate, perverse, a wrangling manner.
<i>chih²-fa²</i>		執法	a strict adherence to the law.
<i>chih²-i¹</i>		執意	firm purpose, full intention.
<i>chih²-li³</i>		執理	to manage affairs ; a manager.
<i>chih²-mi²-pu¹-wu⁴</i>		執迷不悟	incorrigible infatuation (chan ¹ chih ²).
<i>chih²-nü⁴</i>		執拗	obstinate, self-willed, stubborn (wan ² kêng ³).
<i>chih²-shih⁴</i>		執事	to manage affairs ; paraphernalia of officials.
<i>chih²-shou³</i>		執守	to guard, to maintain.
<i>chih²-shou³</i>		執手	to grasp one's hand ; to salute.
<i>chih²-shou³-t'ung²-hsing²</i>		執手同行	to walk hand in hand together.
<i>chih²-t'ieh¹</i>		執帖	card bearer in Yamên.
<i>chih²-ying¹</i>		執應	to look after, to wait upon.
<i>chih²-yu³</i>		執友	a father's friend, a comrade.
<i>chih²</i>	耳 職	職 186a70a	to direct, to control, to manage ; office ; an officer.
<i>chih²-fên⁴</i>		職分	official rank ; duties of one's office.
<i>chih²-hsien²</i>		職銜	brevet rank.
<i>chih²-kung⁴</i>		職貢	duties, tribute, presents (kung ⁴).

chih²-ming⁴
chih²-shih⁴
chih²-shou³
chih²-yüan³
chih² 目直
chih²-chéng⁴
chih²-chéng⁴-wu²-ssü¹
chih²-chih²
chih²-chüeh²
chih²-hua⁴
chih²-k'uai⁴
chih²-li¹
chih²-li⁴-chih¹-chou¹
chih²-li⁴-t'ung²-chih¹
chih²-nien³-nien³-ti¹
chih²-pa¹-pa¹-ti¹
chih²-pu⁴-ch'i³-lai²
chih²-shih⁴
chih²-shu¹-shu⁴-ti¹
chih²-shuai⁴
chih²-shuang³
chih²-ta³-chih²
chih²-tao⁴
chih²-ting³-tao⁴
chih²-t'ing¹-t'ing¹-ti¹
chih²-yen²
chih²-yen²
chih² 人值
chih²-ch'ien²
chih²-hsiung¹-huo¹
chih²-jih⁴
chih²-to¹-shao³-ch'ien²
chih²-pan¹
chih²-pu⁴-chih²
chih²-shih⁴
chih²-t'ü²
chih² 貝質
chih²-ch'êng³
chih²-ming³
chih²-shih³
chih²-tung¹
chih²-tui⁴
chih² 木

職名
 職事
 職守
 職員
 直 189c70c
 直正
 直正無私
 直直
 直絕
 直話
 直快
 直隸
 直隸知州
 直隸同知
 直碾機的
 直巴巴的
 直不起來
 直事
 直豎豎的
 直率
 直爽
 直打直
 直道
 直頂倒
 直挺挺的
 直言
 直眼
 直值 190a59c
 直值錢
 直值凶禍
 直值日
 直值多少錢
 直值班
 直值不值
 直值事
 直值得
 直質 195b68a
 直質成
 直質明
 直質實
 直質當
 直質對
 直 190b71a

a kind of visiting card (p'ien⁴ tzü³).
 an office, an employment.
 to hold office under government.
 an official (generally of low rank) (kuan¹ yüan²).
 straight, direct, upright, correct, proper.
 exact and straight.
 perfectly upright, perfect integrity.
 directly, entirely (kêng³ chih²).
 direct, point blank, entirely.
 straightforward talk (kêng³ chih²).
 straightforward, frank.
 the province of Chih-li. W. I. 60.
 prefect of independent department. G. 234.
 independent sub-prefect.
 very straight.
 straightforward, frank.
 unable to stand upright, crooked.
 upright in business.
 upright, studded with upright points, serried.
 straightforward, open-hearted,
 straightforward, candid.
 straightforward without turning.
 a straight road; correct doctrine,
 right up to (i¹ chi²).
 stiff and straight, e. g., a corpse.
 straightforward talk.
 to stare, look blank, dismayed (têng⁴ cho² yen³).
 the price, worth, cost, or value of; to manage,
 it is worth money.
 to meet with severe misfortune.
 one's day for duty.
 what is it worth?
 to take one's turn on duty.
 frequently; is it worth the money?
 the president of a society.
 to cost, it is worth while,
 original; to substantiate; a pledge; to examine.
 to complete, to perfect.
 correct and clear.
 plain and sincere (p'u² shih²).
 a licensed pawnshop (tang⁴ p'u⁴).
 comparison, to compare.
 to plant.

chih ²	馬 隴 巒	191b68b	to attain, to succeed.
CHIH³	手 才	指 183b57c	the finger ² , the toe ² ; to point ² , to refer to ² .
chih ³ -chi ¹ -ma ⁴ -kou ³	指 雞 罵 狗		to revile one over the shoulders of another (see [below])
chih ² -chia ³	指 甲		finger nails.
chih ² -chia ¹ -t'ao ⁴	指 甲 套		finger-nail cases.
chih ² -chia ³ -ts'ao ³	指 甲 草		the China balsam.
chih ³ -chiao ⁴	指 教		to point out, to correct, to reprove, to teach
chih ² -ch'ou ¹	指 戳		to make signs, gestures.
chih ² -ch'u ¹	指 出		to point out.
chih ² -hui ¹	指 指 揮		to point out; police magistrate. G. 343.
chih ² -jih ⁴ -kao ¹ -shêng ¹	指 日 高 陞		may you rapidly rise (to official).
chih ³ -ming ²	指 名		to nominate.
chih ³ -ming ²	指 明		to define, to report.
chih ³ -nan ² -ch'ê ¹	指 南 車		a legendary cart which was to act as a compass.
chih ³ -nan ² -chên ¹	指 南 針		needle of a compass; a compass.
chih ³ -po ²	指 駁		to correct, to reprove, to direct. [person.]
chih ³ -sang ¹ -ma ⁴ -huai ²	指 桑 罵 槐		"point at mulberry, abuse ash," to talk at a proof; to affirm.
chih ³ -shih ²	指 實 使		to point out, to direct.
chih ³ -shih ³	指 說		to denote.
chih ³ -shuo ¹	指 說 點		to point out, to direct.
chih ² -t'ien ²	指 點		to point out, to direct.
chih ² -t'ou ²	指 頭		fingers or toes.
chih ² -t'ou ² -chieh ²	指 頭 節		finger joint.
chih ² -t'ou ² -chien ¹	指 頭 尖		tip of finger.
chih ² -t'ou ² -i ¹ -mei ²	指 頭 一 枚		one finger.
chih ² -t'ou ² -ting ¹	指 頭 疔		whitlow.
chih ² -t'ou ² -tu ³	指 頭 肚		face of finger.
chih ² -tung ¹ -shuo ¹ -hsi ¹	指 東 說 西		to make insinuations.
chih ² -wang ⁴	指 望		to desire, to hope (p'an ⁴ wang ⁴). [article.]
chih ² -wu ¹ -shuo ¹ -chia ⁴	指 物 說 價		name a price according to the quality of the
chih ² -yin ³	指 引		to direct, to lead, to guide.
chih ²	系 帶 紙	194c56c	paper.
chih ² -cha ¹	紙 扎		all kinds of things burnt in honor of the dead.
chih ² -chang ¹	紙 張		stationery.
chih ² -ché ¹	紙 遮		kittysols, paper umbrellas.
chih ² -ch'ien ²	紙 錢		paper money.
chih ² -ch'ih ¹ -mo ⁴	紙 吃 墨		the ink "runs" on the paper.
chih ² -chin ¹	紙 筋		paper pulp used for strengthening mortar.
chih ² -huan ¹	紙 花		artificial flowers.
chih ² -jên ² -chih ² -ma ³	紙 人 紙 馬		paper men and horses.
chih ² -k'ou ⁴ (ch'üeh ⁴) tzu ³	紙 殼 子		paste-board (pei ⁴ tzu ³).
chih ² -k'ou ²	紙 鏢		paper ingots (for worship).

<i>chih³-na⁴-hsiang¹-k'o⁴</i>	紙碼香鏢	paper, incense, etc., used in religious ceremonies.
<i>chih³-mei²-tzū³</i>	紙煤子	a pipe-light of paper.
<i>chih³-mien³</i>	紙撚	a twisted paper cord, a lamp lighter, allumette.
<i>chih³-p'ai²</i>	紙牌	playing cards.
<i>chih³-pei⁴-tzū³</i>	紙禱子	paste-board.
<i>chih³-pi³</i>	紙筆	paper and pens.
<i>chih³-pi⁴-mo⁴-yen⁴</i>	紙筆墨硯	writing materials.
<i>chih³-p'ei²-tzū³</i>	紙皮子	paper covers for books, etc.
<i>chih³-po⁴</i>	紙箔	sheets of tin-foil for burning at graves and in
<i>chih³-shan⁴</i>	紙扇	paper fans.
<i>chih³</i>	口 只	only, merely, but, just, then. M. 117, 488
<i>chih³-chian⁴</i>	只	only see, only saw, just look.
<i>chih³-chih¹</i>	只	I only know.
<i>chih³-hao³-ju³-tz'ü³</i>	只好如此	only good like this.
<i>chih³-k'an⁴</i>	只看	only look, just observe.
<i>chih³-k'o³</i>	只可	it will just do.
<i>chih³-ku⁴</i>	只顧	mind, nothing but.
<i>chih³-kuan³</i>	只管	just try, only think of, only attend to.
<i>chih³-p'a⁴</i>	只怕	but, lest, I only fear, probably.
<i>chih³-shih⁴</i>	只是	just is, it is only.
<i>chih³-s'ih⁴-i¹-chien⁴</i>	只是一件	but it must be borne in mind.
<i>chih³-tang¹</i>	只得	I supposed, but.
<i>chih³-tē²</i>	只得	obliged to, having no alternative.
<i>chih³-tsai⁴-yēn³-ch'ien²</i>	在此眼前	merely, before one's eyes.
<i>chih³-tz'ü³-i¹-chia¹</i>	在此一家	there is only this one family.
<i>chih³-yao⁴</i>	只要	only (even if).
<i>chih³-yu³</i>	只有	only wish.
<i>chih³-yüan⁴</i>	只願	there is merely, only have.
<i>chih³</i>	止	to stop, to desist, to be still, to rest.
<i>chih³-chu⁴</i>	止住	to cease, to stop.
<i>chih³-chu⁴-chiao³-pu⁴</i>	止住脚步	came to a halt.
<i>chih³-hsi²</i>	止息	to cease, to stop.
<i>chih³-k'o³</i>	止渴	to quench thirst.
<i>chih³-liu²</i>	止留	to detain.
<i>chih³-pu⁴-chu⁴-lei⁴</i>	止不住淚	cannot restrain the tears.
<i>chih³-t'êng³-yao⁴</i>	止疼藥	painkiller (medicine).
<i>chih³</i>	木 积	192a57b bramble.
<i>chih³-chi⁴</i>	积棘	thorns (ching ¹ chi ⁴).
<i>chih³-ch'üeh⁴</i>	积殼	kind of medicine (skin of foregoing).
<i>chih³-shih³</i>	积實	kind of medicine (dried seeds of foregoing).
<i>chih³</i>	日 旨	183b57c the meaning; imperial will, orders (shōng ⁴ chih ³).
<i>chih³-i⁴</i>	旨意	imperial will; purport.
<i>chih³</i>	指 繡	a5865q1 to embroider (chēn ¹ hsiu ⁴).

CHIH⁴ 水 ㄉ
 chih⁴-chang³
 chih⁴-chia¹
 chih⁴-hao³
 chih⁴-hsin¹
 chih⁴-kuo²
 chih⁴-kuo²-an¹-pan¹
 chih⁴-li³
 chih⁴-liao³
 chih⁴-luan⁴
 chih⁴-ping⁴
 chih⁴-pu⁴-hao³
 chih⁴-ssü³
 eh⁴-tsui⁴
 chih⁴-yü⁴
 chih⁴
 chih⁴-ch⁴
 chih⁴-chih²
 chih⁴-chin²
 chih⁴-ch'in¹
 chih⁴-chung¹
 chih⁴-hao³
 chih⁴-hou⁴
 chih⁴-hsia⁴
 chih⁴-hsiao³
 chih⁴-hsiang¹-hao³
 chih⁴-hsiang¹-hou⁴
 chih⁴-kung¹-wu²-ssü¹
 chih⁴-kung¹-t'ang²
 chih⁴-pien⁴
 chih⁴-pu⁴-chi⁴
 chih⁴-pu⁴-hao³
 chih⁴-shang⁴
 chih⁴-shao³
 chih⁴-shên⁴-t'ang²
 chih⁴-shêng⁴
 chih⁴-ssü³-pu⁴-pien⁴
 chih⁴-ta⁴
 chih⁴-to¹
 chih⁴-yü²
 chih⁴
 chih⁴-chi²
 chih⁴-chih¹

治 189a59b
 治 掌
 治 家
 治 好
 治 心
 治 國
 治 國 安邦
 治 理
 治 療
 治 亂
 治 病
 治 不 好
 治 不 死
 治 罪 獄
 治 至 186b60c
 至 契
 至 直
 至 近
 至 親
 至 終
 至 好
 至 厚
 至 下
 至 小
 至 相 好
 至 相 厚
 至 公 無 私
 至 公 堂
 至 便 濟
 至 不 好
 至 上
 至 少 堂
 至 慎 堂
 至 聖
 至 死 不 變
 至 大
 至 多
 至 於
 至 致 187c58c
 致 極
 致 知

to heal, to cure, to put in order, to direct.
 to govern, to keep in order.
 to manage a family.
 to cure (ch'üan² yü⁴).
 to regulate one's mind.
 to govern a country.
 to govern the nation successfully.
 to regulate, to keep order, to restore order.
 to cure. [rebellion.
 order and disorder, to restore order, to put down
 to cure a disease (liao³ ping⁴).
 cannot cure. [with.
 to treat a patient so that he dies; to make away
 to punish (hsing² fa²).
 to try those committed to prison.
 to arrive at, to, till; as to, respecting, M. 37.
 very intimate (chih¹ chi³).
 most true (shih² shih² tsai⁴ tsai⁴).
 very near, the nearest.
 nearly related.
 at the last, after all (mo⁴ mo⁴ liao³ êrh).
 the best (ting³ hao³).
 intimate friend.
 the lowest.
 the smallest.
 intimate friends.
 same.
 perfectly just, e. g., God.
 Hall of Grand Examiner.
 most convenient.
 at the very least; very bad; the worst.
 the worst.
 the highest.
 at the least.
 the hall behind the Grand Examiner.
 perfectly holy.
 firm until death.
 the greatest.
 at the most.
 as to, respecting; to come to, arrive at. M. 421.
 to go to; to come to; to tend to; the cause.
 to carry out to the utmost.
 to extend knowledge to underlying principles.

<i>chih⁴-i⁴</i>	致意	to inform (kao ⁶ su ⁴).
<i>chih⁴-lê⁴</i>	致樂	to take delight in.
<i>chih⁴-lî⁴</i>	致力	to exert strength (shih ³ chin ⁴ 'rh).
<i>chih⁴-ming⁴</i>	致命	to devote one's life in a cause, fatal.
<i>chih⁴-shih⁴</i>	致仕	to resign office.
<i>chih⁴-yüan³</i>	致遠	to go to ; or come from a distance.
<i>chih⁴</i>	日智 181c58b	wise ; wisdom, knowledge, skill, talent, ability.
<i>chih⁴-cho³</i>	智者	a wise person.
<i>chih⁴-hui⁴</i>	智慧	perfect wisdom (ts'ung ¹ ming ³).
<i>chih⁴-liao⁴</i>	智畧	cleverness, shrewdness.
<i>chih⁴-ming³</i>	智明	knowledge, wisdom.
<i>chih⁴-mou²</i>	智謀	shrewdness, cleverness.
<i>chih⁴-yung³</i>	智勇	talented and brave.
<i>chih⁴</i>	刀制 196c59a	to regulate, to direct, to rule ; to make, invent.
<i>chih⁴-chün¹</i>	制軍	{ to regulate troops ; your excellency (to Governor-General. G. 273).
<i>chih⁴-fa²</i>	制法	rules, laws, regulations (fa ⁴ tu ⁴).
<i>chih⁴-fu²</i>	制服	three years' mourning ; to reduce to obedience,
<i>chih⁴-fu²</i>	制伏	to subdue.
<i>chih⁴-ling¹</i>	制令	rules, laws, regulate (uing ⁴ ling ⁴).
<i>chih⁴-shu¹</i>	制書	an imperial command.
<i>chih⁴-t'ü¹-ti¹-ch'êng⁴</i>	制他的秤	to test his scales. [(fu ³ t'ai ²).
<i>chih⁴-t'ai³</i>	制臺	a governor general ; your excellency. G. 273
<i>chih⁴-tu⁴</i>	制度	to form rules ; rules, laws, management, direction.
<i>chih⁴-tsai⁴</i>	制宰	to rule, to direct.
<i>chih⁴-tsao⁴</i>	制造	to create, to form, to invent
<i>chih⁴-tsao⁴</i>	制作	to invent, to make, to do (ch'uang ⁴ tsao ⁴).
<i>chih⁴</i>	心志 197b61b	inclination, will, resolution, determination.
<i>chih⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	志氣	resolution, determination (li ³ chih ² ch'ü ⁴ chuang ⁴).
<i>chih⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	志向	ambition ; direction of one's will, inclination.
<i>chih⁴-i⁴</i>	志意	the will, purpose.
<i>chih⁴-jo⁴</i>	志弱	weak-minded.
<i>chih⁴-liang³</i>	志量	ambition, ambitious.
<i>chih⁴-shu¹</i>	志書	a local history or topography.
<i>chih⁴</i>	网四置 190c60a	to purchase ; to place ; to appoint.
<i>chih⁴-chia¹-huo³</i>	置傢伙	to buy furniture.
<i>chih⁴-chih¹-pu⁴-wên⁴</i>	置之不問	to disregard.
<i>chih⁴-i¹-fu³</i>	置衣服	to buy clothes.
<i>chih⁴-mai³</i>	置買	to purchase (ti ² liang ²).
<i>chih⁴-pan⁴</i>	置辦	to arrange, to buy.
<i>chih⁴-t'ien²-mai²-ti⁴</i>	置田買地	to buy land, to add field to field.
<i>chih⁴</i>	手才 191b71c	to throw, to throw away. See jên ² .
<i>chih⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	擲去	to throw away.

chih ⁴ -hsia ⁴	擲下	to throw down; to give to
chih ⁴ -huan ²	擲還	to return, to give back.
chih ⁴ -hui ²	擲回	to throw back, to reject a petition.
chih ⁴ -shai ² -tzu ³	擲骰子	to throw dice.
chih ⁴ -shang ¹	擲傷	to wound by throwing at.
chih ⁴	水 滯 196b00b	to obstruct; stoppage.
chih ⁴ -chu ⁴	滯住	impeded (lan ² tsu ³).
chih ⁴ -liu ²	滯流	to impede the course of a river, etc.
chih ⁴ -ko ²	滯隔	to obstruct, to hinder.
chih ⁴ -ping ⁴	滯病	costive.
chih ⁴	言 識 誌 198a61c	to remember, to record; historical records.
chih ⁴ -ming ²	誌銘	to record on a grave-stone.
chih ⁴ -shih ²	誌石 (制石)	stone used in military examinations. M. 339.
chih ⁴ -wên ²	誌文	a record.
chih ⁴	痔 196a60c	hemorrhoids, piles.
chih ⁴ -ch'uang ¹	痔瘡	same (lou ⁴ ch'uang ¹).
chih ⁴ -lou ¹	痔漏	same (bleeding).
chih ⁴	火 炙 194a69c	to broil, to warm, to heat.
chih ⁴ -ch'ao ³	炙炒	to broil.
chih ⁴ -fa ³	炙法	cautery.
chih ⁴ -huo ³	炙火	to warm at a fire.
chih ⁴	衣 製 197a59b	to make, to form; to decide, to regulate.
chih ⁴ -tsao ⁴	製造	to make, to form, to invent.
chih ⁴ -tsao ⁴ -chü ²	製造局	a factory or arsenal.
chih ⁴	穴 窒 188a69a	to impede, to hamper, to embarrass.
chih ⁴ -ai ⁴	窒礙	to obstruct, to hinder (fang ¹ ai ⁴).
chih ⁴	糸 緻 188a59a	fine, delicate, soft, elegant, effeminate.
chih ⁴ -mi ⁴	緻密	secret, close; minute, fine.
chih ⁴	火 痣 197c61c	a mole, a spot.
chih ⁴ -chi ⁴	痣記	the mark of a mole.
chih ⁴	貝 贄 185b61b	to make a present (tsêng ⁴ , k'uei ⁴).
chih ⁴ -chien ⁴ -li ³	贄見禮	present of homage, or fee to a teacher.
chih ⁴	隹 雉 192c60b	a pheasant.
chih ⁴ -chi ¹	雉雞	same.
chih ⁴ -chi ¹ -wei ³	雉雞尾	the longtail-feathers of the pheasant.
CH'IH ¹	口 { 吃	to eat, to drink, to bear; to stammer.
ch'ih ¹	{ 喫 199c396a	same.
ch'ih ¹ -ch'a ²	喫茶	to drink tea (ho ¹ ch'a ²).
ch'ih ¹ -chai ¹	喫齋	to fast, to refrain from animal food (pa ¹ chai ¹).
ch'ih ¹ -chin ³	喫緊	{ urgent, highly important, very necessary
ch'ih ¹ -chin ⁴	喫訪	{ (yao ⁴ chin ³). [strain comes.
		to tell, to be of service; the point where the

ch'ih ¹ -ching ¹	噢驚	to be startled (hsia ⁴ wo ³ i ¹ t'iao ⁴).
ch'ih ¹ -chiu ³	噢酒	to drink wine.
ch'ih ¹ -ch'u'an ¹ -êrh ⁴ -tzu ¹	噢穿二字	food and raiment.
ch'ih ¹ -ch'u'an ¹ -tu ⁴ -yung ⁴	噢穿度用	food and raiment for daily use.
ch'ih ¹ -fan ⁴	噢飯	to eat rice, to take any meal.
ch'ih ¹ -fêng ⁴ -lu ⁴	噢俸祿	to draw salary (hsiu ¹ chin ¹).
ch'ih ¹ -ho ¹	噢喝	to eat and drink.
ch'ih ¹ -ho ¹ p'iao ³ -tu ³	噢喝嫖賭	gluttony, debauchery and gambling.
ch'ih ¹ -ho ¹ -yen ⁴ -lê ⁴	噢喝宴樂	gluttony, etc.
ch'ih ¹ -hun ¹	噢葷	to eat meat, onions, etc., viz., ch'ih ¹ chai ¹ above.
ch'ih ¹ -k'u ³	噢苦	to suffer distress.
ch'ih ¹ -k'uei ¹	噢虧	to suffer loss; to bear an injury.
ch'ih ¹ -li ⁴	噢力	stands the strain.
ch'ih ¹ -liang ³	噢糧	soldiers.
ch'ih ¹ -mi ³ -ta ⁴ -ch'ung ⁴	噢米大蟲	sc. a Buddhist priest.
ch'ih ¹ -mo ⁴	噢墨	(the paper) absorbs ink.
ch'ih ¹ -p'u ⁴ -liao ³	噢怕了	eaten to disgust.
ch'ih ¹ -pao ³ -liao ³	噢飽了	satiated with food (ho ¹ tsu ² la).
ch'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³	噢不起	cannot afford to eat (such food).
ch'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	噢不住	cannot endure it.
ch'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -fu ²	噢不服	(that food) don't agree with me.
ch'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ¹	噢不下去	cannot get the food down.
ch'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -lai ³	噢不來	cannot eat.
ch'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -kuan ⁴	噢不慣	not used to eating (such and such a dish).
ch'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'o ¹ -hua ⁴	噢不刻化	failure to digest after eating.
ch'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	噢不了	unable to eat the whole.
ch'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	噢不得	not eatable; unable to eat.
ch'ih ¹ -shih ³	噢食	viands, fare, victuals (k'ou ³ liang ²).
ch'ih ¹ -su ⁴	噢蔬	to eat vegetables, as Buddhist priests do.
ch'ih ¹ -to ¹ -shao ³ -shui ³	噢多少水	how much water does (the boat) draw?
ch'ih ¹ -ts'u ⁴	噢醋	to be jealous (chi ⁴ tu ⁴).
ch'ih ¹ -tu ² -mo ³	噢獨鑊	the gain is mine alone.
ch'ih ¹ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	噢東西	to eat (anything).
ch'ih ¹ -yu ³ -pa ¹ -k'uei ¹	噢啞吧虧	to suffer loss, and be quiet about it.
ch'ih ¹ -ya ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -yen ¹	噢鴉片烟	to smoke opium (hsi ¹ yen ¹).
ch'ih ¹ -yao ⁴	噢藥	to take medicine.
ch'ih ¹ -yen ¹	噢烟	to smoke opium, or tobacco (ch'ui ¹ ta ⁴ yen ²).
ch'ih ¹ -yen ³ -ch'ien ² -k'uei ¹	噢眼前虧	suffer patent loss.
ch'ih ¹	目	blear-eyed, sore eyes.
ch'ih ¹ -ma ³ -hu ³	眊	eyes blurred and dim.
ch'ih ¹	口	to intimidate, to frighten.
ch'ih ¹ -li ¹ -i ¹ -shêng ¹	哧的一聲	to shout out.
ch'ih ¹	鳥	owl (yeh ⁴ mao ¹ tzü ³).

ch'ih¹-hsiao¹

鴞鵂

owl (yeh⁴ mao¹ tzü³).CH'IH²

手才

持 202c64c

to grasp, to seize, to hold fast.
to hold fast.ch'ih²-chu⁴

持

住

to hold one's opinion.

ch'ih²-i⁴

持

意

to grasp, to seize, to hold to one's opinion.

ch'ih²-mên¹

持

捫

to be impartial (kung¹ p'ing²).ch'ih²-p'ing²

持

平

to keep fast hold of, to maintain.

ch'ih²-shou³

持

守

to grasp a knife (pa⁴ tao¹).ch'ih²-tao¹

持

刀

foolish, simple, idiotic.

ch'ih²

𠃉

痴

198b62a

same (tai¹).ch'ih²

癡

201b62a

infatuation, a foolish hankering after. [(hsü¹ tu²).ch'ih²-ch'an²

癡

纏

I have grown up a fool (so many years, ans. to age).

ch'ih²-chung³

癡

長

infatuation, a foolish hankering after.

ch'ih²-ch'ing³

癡

情

a foolish lover, a debauchee.

ch'ih²-ch'ing²-tzü³

癡

情

子

to pine after the unattainable.

ch'ih²-hsin¹-wang⁴-hsiang³ 癡心妄想

癡

心

妄

想

ch'ih²-sha³

癡

傻

silly, idiotic, stupid (han¹).ch'ih²-tui¹

癡

狀

silly, idiotic, stupid; an idiot.

ch'ih²-tzü³

癡

子

an idiot, a simpleton (pan⁴ tiao⁴ tzü³).ch'ih²

遲

遲

203c64b

to delay, slow, dilatory, late.

ch'ih²-huan³

遲

緩

slow (man⁴).ch'ih²-liang²-t'ien¹

遲

兩

天

two days later.

ch'ih²-liu²

遲

留

to put off, to procrastinate, to postpone.

ch'ih²-man⁴

遲

慢

dilatory, dawdling; to postpone (lai² te³ ch'ih²).ch'ih²-tun⁴

遲

鈍

slow in thought or action.

ch'ih²-wu⁴

遲

悞

to ruin or fail through unpunctuality, to neglect.

ch'ih²-yen²

遲

延

to put off, to defer, to delay (tan¹ wu⁴, tan¹ ko¹).ch'ih²

馬

馳

203b64a

to gallop, to ride on horseback; rapid.

ch'ih²-ch'ü¹

馳

驅

to gallop (p'ao³, tien¹).ch'ih²-hsing²

馳

行

to walk or gallop fast; to do quickly.

ch'ih²-i⁴

馳

驛

mounted couriers, express.

ch'ih²-ma³

馳

馬

a running horse.

ch'ih²

竹

管

200c63b

a bamboo stick; to beat, to chastise. [p'än³).ch'ih²-chang⁴

管

杖

the light and the heavy bamboo (ta⁴ pan³, hsiao⁴ch'ih² (tzü) 水

池

203a63c

a pond, pool, tank or moat.

ch'ih²-t'ung²

池

塘

a pond.

ch'ih² (tzü)

七

匙

979a760a

a spoon, a key. See shih² (yao⁴ shih²).CH'IH³

耳

耻

205a65a

shame, ashamed.

ch'ih³

耻

同

same (hsiu¹ ch'ih³, k'uei⁴, hai⁴ sao⁴). [hua⁴).ch'ih³-hsiao⁴

耻

笑

to ridicule, to put to shame (chi¹ ch'iao⁴, hsiao⁴ch'ih³-hsin¹

耻

心

a feeling of shame.

ch'ih³-ju⁴

耻

辱

disgrace, shame.

ch'ih ³	人	侈	19Sc65b	profuse, prodigal, extravagant.
ch'ih ³ -fei ⁴		侈費		same (k'uang ² fei ⁴ , lang ⁴ fei ⁴).
ch'ih ³ -shê ¹		侈奢		same.
ch'ih ³ -ssü ⁴		侈肆		extravagant.
ch'ih ³	齒	齒	204a65c	the teeth; one's age.
ch'ih ³ -pai ² -ch'un ² -hung ²		齒白唇紅		"teeth white, lips red," beautiful.
ch'ih ³ -ya ²		齒牙		teeth (ya ² ch'ih ³).
ch'ih ³	戶	尺	204b71a	the Chinese foot (14 $\frac{1}{10}$ inches English).
ch'ih ³ -chang ⁴		尺丈		the length of, measurement (ts'ai ² ch'ih ³).
ch'ih ³ -ts'un ⁴		尺寸		feet and inches, the length of, measurement.
ch'ih ³ -tu ²		尺牘		a book containing forms for letters, etc.
ch'ih ³ -tu ⁴		尺度		a degree; measurement.
ch'ih ³	口	嗤	200b63b	laugh heartily.

CH'IH ⁴	赤	赤	201c72a	carnation, flesh color; naked.
ch'ih ⁴ -chiao ³		赤脚		bare feet (kuang ¹ chia ³).
ch'ih ⁴ -chün ¹		赤金		pure gold (Giles=copper).
ch'ih ⁴ -hsiao ² -tou ⁴		赤小豆		a kind of red bean (ch'êng ² hsin ¹).
ch'ih ⁴ hsin ¹		赤心		sincere, earnest.
ch'ih ⁴ -hung ²		赤紅		blood red.
ch'ih ⁴ -hung ² -lien ³ -êrl ²		赤紅臉兒		a red face.
ch'ih ⁴ -mu ⁴		赤木		sapan wood for dyeing red.
ch'ih ⁴ -pai ³ -li ⁴		赤白痢		dysentery, a flux, a discharge.
ch'ih ⁴ -shên ¹	[chia ¹	赤身		the naked body, naked (iou ⁴ t'ia ²).
ch'ih ⁴ -shou ³ -ch'êng ² -		赤手成家		a self-made rich man.
ch'ih ⁴ -shou ³ -k'ung ¹ -		赤手空拳		"naked hand, empty fist," empty-handed.
ch'ih ⁴ -tai ³	[ch'üan ²	赤帶		a red discharge peculiar to women.
ch'ih ⁴ -tan ³		赤胆		brave, heroic.
ch'ih ⁴ -tao ⁴		赤道		the equator.
ch'ih ⁴ -t'ang ²		赤糖		brown sugar (hung ² t'ang ²).
ch'ih ⁴ -t'ia ²		赤體		the naked body, naked.
ch'ih ⁴ -t'iao ² -t'iao ² -ti ¹		赤條條的		stark-naked.
ch'ih ⁴ -tzu ³		赤子		an infant.
ch'ih ⁴	食	飭	199a73a	to enjoin, to adjust; compact, firm.
ch'ih ⁴ -ch'a ²		飭察		to order an inspection.
ch'ih ⁴ -ch'ai ¹		飭差		to give orders to the runners.
ch'ih ⁴ -ling ¹		飭令		a command.
ch'ih ⁴ -pu ²		飭補		to send an officer to fill a vacancy.
ch'ih ⁴ -shou ¹		飭授		to bestow official rank.
ch'ih ⁴	力	勅	199b72c	imperial orders or decrees.
ch'ih ⁴ -fêng ¹		勅封		especially appointed by the emperor.
ch'ih ⁴ -ling ⁴		勅令		imperial orders.
ch'ih ⁴ -ming ¹		勅命		same.

ch'ih⁴-shu¹ 勅書
 ch'ih⁴-tz'ü⁴ 勅賜
 ch'ih⁴ 斤 斥^{201a72b}
 ch'ih⁴-chu¹ 斥逐
 ch'ih⁴-ko² 斥革
 ch'ih⁴-ma⁴ 斥罵
 ch'ih⁴-tsê⁴ 斥責
 ch'ih⁴ 羽 翅^{205a66c}
 ch'ih⁴-pang³.rh² 翅膀兒
 ch'ih⁴ 口 叱^{199b72c}

written imperial order, letters patent, creden-
 bestowed by the emperor. [tials.
 to expel, to drive away, to eject; to scold,
 to expel.
 to degrade, to discharge.
 to abuse, to scold.
 to rebuke.
 wings, fins.
 same.
 to hoot at, to scold.

CHIN¹ 金 金^{207c398b}
 chin¹-an¹ 金安
 chin¹-ch'ai¹ 金釵
 chin¹-chan²-hua¹ 金盞花
 chin¹-chan³-tzü³ 金展子
 chin¹-ch'ao² 金朝
 chin¹-chên¹.ts'ai⁴ 金針菜
 chin¹-chi¹.na⁴ 金雞納
 chin¹-chi¹-na⁴-shuang¹ 金雞納霜
 chin¹-ch'ien² 金錢
 chin¹-ch'ien²-chü² 金錢菊
 chin¹-ch'ien²-pao⁴ 金錢豹
 chin¹-chih¹-yü⁴-yeh⁴ 金枝玉葉
 chin¹-chün³ 金井
 chin¹-chün³-yü⁴-tsang⁴ 金井玉葬
 chin¹-chün⁴ 金鏡
 chin¹-chu¹ 金珠
 chin¹-ch'rang¹ 金瘡
 chin¹-chung¹-chao⁴ 金鐘罩
 chin¹-chung¹-yü¹-ch'ing⁴ 金鐘玉磬
 chin¹-chung¹-hua¹ 金盞花
 chin¹-hsien⁴ 金線
 chin¹-hsing¹ 金星
 chin¹-huang²-sé⁴ 金黃色
 chin¹-kung¹-ching¹ 金剛經
 chin¹-kang¹-shih² 金剛石
 chin¹-kang¹-tsuan⁴ 金剛鑽
 chin¹-kang¹-tz'ü¹ 金剛刺
 chin¹-k'o⁴.tzü³ 金鏢子
 chin¹-k'ou³-chüeh² 金口訣
 chin¹-k'ou³-yü⁴-yen² 金口玉言
 chin¹-ku¹-pang⁴ 金箍棒

gold, any metal, money,
 welfare, health.
 a gold hair-pin.
 the marigold.
 a kind of hawkweed.
 the Golden Dynasty (1115 to 1235 A. D.).
 dried lily flowers.
 cinchona.
 quinine.
 gold coin.
 name of yellow chrysanthemum,
 spotted leopard.
 the branches of the royal family.
 a grave (fên² mu⁴).
 a grand burial.
 "golden mirror," the moon.
 gold and pearls.
 wounds made by edged weapons.
 a nimbus; a "glory."
 imperial gong.
 the common marigold.
 gold thread.
 "gold star," the star Venus.
 orange colour.
 a Buddhist Sutra called Diamond Classic.
 the diamond, adamant.
 a diamond-pointed drill,
 sarsaparilla.
 small pieces of gold.
 fortune telling by writing.
 Imperial utterances.
 a fabulous weapon (in Hsi-yu-chi).

<i>chin¹-kuan¹</i>	金棺	a grand coffin.
<i>chin¹-kung³</i>	金礦	gold mines.
<i>chin¹-lien²-hua¹</i>	金蓮花	the golden water-lily.
<i>chin¹-ling³</i>	金陵	ancient name of Nanking.
<i>chin¹-luan²-tien⁴</i>	金鑾殿	Emperor's Grand Audience Hall.
<i>chin¹-p'ai²</i>	金牌	(ancient) Emperor's warrant on wood.
<i>chin¹-pang³-t'i²-ming³</i>	金榜題名	on the successful M. A. list.
<i>chin¹-po⁴</i>	金箔	imitation gold paper for worship, tinsel.
<i>chin¹-pu⁴-huan⁴</i>	金不換	not to be exchanged for gold, very precious.
<i>chin¹-sha¹</i>	金沙	gold dust.
<i>chin¹-shan¹</i>	金山	California (old), also Australia (new).
<i>chin¹-shih²-liang²-yen²</i>	金石良言	good advice is like gold or medicine.
<i>chin¹-ssü¹-ho²-yeh⁴</i>	金絲荷葉	a kind of flower.
<i>chin¹-tiao¹</i>	金貂	a kind of marten.
<i>chin¹-ting³-tzu³</i>	金頂子	a gilt button.
<i>chin¹-tzü¹-chao¹-p'ai²</i>	金字招牌	a shop sign in gilt characters.
<i>chin¹-yeh⁴</i>	金葉	gold leaf.
<i>chin¹-yin³</i>	金銀	gold and silver, money.
<i>chin¹-yin²-hua¹</i>	金銀花	the honey-suckle.
<i>chin¹-yin²-ts'ai²-pao³</i>	金銀財寶	money and valuables.
<i>chin¹-yin²-t'ung²-t'ieh³</i>	金銀銅鐵	gold, silver, brass and iron.
<i>chin¹-yü²</i>	金魚	gold fish.
<i>chin¹-yü⁴</i>	金玉	gold and jade
<i>chin¹</i>	人今 ^{207a398a}	now, the present time (hsien ⁴ chin ¹ , ju ² chin ¹).
<i>chin¹-ch'ao²</i>	今朝	the present dynasty.
<i>chin¹-rh²</i>	今兒	to-day.
<i>chin¹-h²-hou⁴</i>	今以後	henceforth, from this time forward.
<i>chin¹-jih⁴</i>	今日	to-day.
<i>chin¹-ku³</i>	今古	modern and ancient (po ² ku ³ t'ung ² chin ¹).
<i>chin¹-ku³-ch'i¹-kuan⁴</i>	今古奇觀	書名 "strange sights, ancient and modern."
<i>chin¹-mien²</i>	今年	this year (pên ³ nien ²)
<i>chin¹-pu⁴-ju³-ku³</i>	今不如古	modern times are inferior to ancient
<i>chin¹-shêng¹</i>	今生	this life, the present life, this age.
<i>chin¹-shih²</i>	今時	the present time.
<i>chin¹-shih⁴</i>	今世	this age, the present age.
<i>chin¹-t'ien¹</i>	今天	to-day.
<i>chin¹-t'ien¹-hao³-jé⁴</i>	今天好熱	it is very hot to-day (fa ¹ tsao ⁴).
<i>chin¹-tsao³</i>	今早	this morning.
<i>chin¹-yeh⁴</i>	今夜	to-night.
<i>chin¹</i>	竹筋 ^{207a397c}	tendons, muscles; inclination.
<i>chin¹-ku³</i>	筋骨	muscle and bone; related to.
<i>chin¹-ku³-t'êng³</i>	筋骨痛	rheumatism.
<i>chin¹-t'i²-shuai¹-pai⁴</i>	筋力衰敗	strength wasted away.

<i>chin¹-p¹i²-li⁴-chin¹</i>	筋疲力盡	strength exhausted.
<i>chin¹-lou³</i>	筋斗	a somersault (ta ³ kên ¹ t'ou ²).
<i>chin¹</i>	水 浸 ^{224b989c}	[sorb.] to soak, to saturate, to steep, to drench, to ab-
<i>chin¹-jun⁴</i>	浸潤	to saturate.
<i>chin¹-li³</i>	浸禮	baptism (according to Baptists) (hsi ³ li ³).
<i>chin¹-li³-hui⁴</i>	浸禮會	the Baptist body.
<i>chin¹-shih¹</i>	浸濕	wet, soaked.
<i>chin¹-t'ou⁴</i>	浸透	to soak thoroughly.
<i>chin¹ (ching¹)</i>	津 ^{224b988a}	[ching ¹]; a ford, a creek, a rivulet; to overflow (t'ien ¹)
<i>chin¹-chin¹-yu³-wei⁴</i>	津津有味	I like it more and more.
<i>chin¹-t'ieh¹</i>	津貼	extra money-squeeze.
<i>chin¹-yeh⁴</i>	津液	saliva.
<i>chin¹</i>	斤 ^{206a397a}	a catty (1½ pds. avoird.).
<i>chin¹-liang³</i>	斤兩	catties and ounces, weight.
<i>chin¹</i>	力 觔 ^{206a397a}	[axc.] the Chinese pound or catty (1½ English pounds);
<i>chin¹-liang³</i>	觔兩	“catties and ounces,” weight.
<i>chin¹</i>	衣 衿 ^{209b398a}	the overlap of a coat.
<i>chin¹-hsiung¹-ti⁴</i>	襟兄弟	a brother-in-law (chieh ⁴ fu ¹).
<i>chin¹</i>	巾 ^{209c397a}	a napkin, a kerchief, a head-dress.
<i>chin¹-kuo⁴</i>	巾 幘	womenkind;
<i>chin¹-p¹a⁴</i>	巾 帕	a napkin, a kerchief, a head-dress (shou ³ chin ¹).
CHIN³	人 僅 ^{209c399c}	only, hardly, barely, just about.
<i>chin³-chin³</i>	僅僅	merely, simply, barely.
<i>chin³-chin³-fu³-yung⁴</i>	僅僅敷用	barely sufficient for what is wanted.
<i>chin³-k³o³</i>	僅僅可	scarcely, barely, it will just do.
<i>chin³-kou⁴</i>	僅僅够	barely sufficient, just enough.
<i>chin³</i>	言 謹 ^{210b399b}	care and attention, respect, veneration, awe.
<i>chin³-chi⁴-tsai⁴-hsin¹</i>	謹記在心	reverently remember.
<i>chin³-chi⁴</i>	謹具	respectfully present.
<i>chin³-fng²-tao⁴-tsei³</i>	謹防盜賊	carefully guard against thieves.
<i>chin³-hsüan³</i>	謹選	to select carefully.
<i>chin³-shên⁴</i>	謹慎	cautious, careful, wary.
<i>chin³-shou³</i>	謹守	to carefully guard, to carefully attend to one's
<i>chin³-tsun¹</i>	謹遵	to respectfully obey.
<i>chin³-yên²-shên⁴-hsing²</i>	謹言慎行	careful of words and acts.
<i>chin³</i>	人 儘 ^{211b989a}	extreme farthest, exhausted, ail. M. 396.
<i>chin³-chi¹</i>	儘之	continuously, indefinitely.
<i>chin³-hsien¹</i>	儘先	the very first.
<i>chin³-liang⁴</i>	儘量	to carry to the uttermost, to exhaust.
<i>chin³-liu⁴-t'ou²</i>	儘溜頭	at the extreme end of the street.
<i>chin³-mo⁴-hou⁴-liao³</i>	儘末了	at the very last.
<i>chin³-shang³-i¹ou²</i>	儘上頭	at the very top.

<i>chin²-ti³-hsia⁴</i>		儻	底		at the very bottom.
<i>chin³-tung¹</i>		儻	東		extreme east.
<i>chin³</i>	糸	緊	緊	211c399b	tight, compressed; urgent, strict.
<i>chin³-ai³-cho²</i>		緊	挨		close to.
<i>chin³-ch'ên⁴</i>		緊	趁		diligent, energetic (yin ¹ ch'ín ²).
<i>chin³-chi²</i>		緊	急		urgent, pressing (ts'ui ¹ pi ²).
<i>chin³-chi²-kung¹-wên²</i>		緊	急	公文	most urgent public despatches.
<i>chin³-kên¹-cho²</i>		緊	跟	着	following hard behind (chui ¹ kau ³).
<i>chün³-mi⁴</i>		緊	密		close, secret (yen ² mi ⁴).
<i>chin³-pang³-pang³-ti¹</i>		緊	綁	綁的	full and tight, pinching tight.
<i>chin³-ts'ui¹</i>		緊	催		pressing hard.
<i>chin³-ts'ou⁴</i>		緊	湊		collecting with might and main.
<i>chin³-yao⁴</i>		緊	要		important, necessary (yao ⁴ chin ³ , pu ⁴ ta ⁴ chin ³).
<i>chin³</i>	金	錦	錦	212a399a	figured or flowered silk.
<i>chin³-hsiu⁴</i>		錦	繡		[hsiu ⁴].
<i>chin³-shang⁴-t'ien¹-hua¹</i>		錦	上	添花	embroidery, in gold, silk, etc. (chên ¹ hsien ⁴ ,
<i>chin³-yen²</i>		錦	言		to improve, to beautify superfluously.
<i>chün³</i>	食	饑	饑	210c400b	flowery or complimentary language.
					a scarcity of vegetables, a dearth (chien ⁴ nien ²).
CHIN⁴	辵	近	近	206b401b	near (time or place), recently.
<i>chin⁴-chieh⁴-pi³-êrh³</i>		近	隔		near neighbors.
<i>chin⁴-ch'in¹-mi⁴-yu³</i>		近	親	密友	near relatives and intimate friends.
<i>chin⁴-ch'u⁴</i>		近	處		a near place.
<i>chün⁴-hsieh¹</i>		近	些		a little nearer (ch'ao ⁴ chin ⁴ tsou ³).
<i>chün⁴-jih⁴</i>		近	日		recently, lately (hsiang ⁴ lai ²).
<i>chin⁴-lai²</i>		近	來		same.
<i>chin⁴-lin²</i>		近	鄰		near neighbours, neighbouring.
<i>chin⁴-mi⁴</i>		近	密		intimate, familiar.
<i>chin⁴-pien¹-ti⁴-fang¹</i>		近	邊	地方	near the borders (pien ¹ chieh ⁴).
<i>chün⁴-shih²</i>		近	時		recently (kang ¹ ts'ai ²).
<i>chin⁴-shih⁴-yen³</i>		近	視	眼	near-sighted (yen ³ hua ¹ liao ³).
<i>chin⁴-tao⁴</i>		近	到		recently arrived.
<i>chin⁴-yüeh⁴-yüan³-lai²</i>		近	悅	遠來	when those near are pleased, those distant come
<i>chin⁴</i>	辵	進	進	212c990b	to enter, to ascend, to make progress. M 94.
<i>chin⁴-ch'ang²</i>		進	場		to go in for examination (k'ao ³ ch'ang ²), [(ju ⁴).
<i>chin⁴-ch'êng²-ch'ü⁴</i>		進	城	去	to go into the city.
<i>chün⁴-chiao⁴</i>		進	教		to enter the church (ju ⁴ chiao ⁴).
<i>chün⁴-ching¹</i>		進	京		to go to Peking (shang ⁴ ching ¹).
<i>chin⁴-chung¹-yin³-chien¹</i>		進	京	引見	to go to Peking for audience.
<i>chin⁴-h'ü⁴</i>		進	去		to go in (ju ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
<i>chin⁴-fa¹</i>		進	發		to despatch, to proceed.
<i>shin⁴-hsiang³</i>		進	進	香	to offer incense.
<i>chin⁴-hsiang⁴</i>		進	進	項	income, receipts (ju ⁴ ch'ien ⁴).

chin⁴-hsien⁴

chin⁴-hsüeh²

chin⁴-i²

chin⁴-k'ou³

chin⁴-kung⁴

chin⁴-lai³

chin⁴-piao²

chin⁴-pu⁴

chin⁴-shang⁴

chin⁴-shih⁴

chin⁴-t'ui⁴

chin⁴-t'ui⁴-liang³-nan²

chin⁴-yin³-shih²

chin⁴

chin⁴-chieh¹

chin⁴-ch'ing²

chin⁴-chüeh²

chin⁴-chung¹

chin⁴-hsiao⁴

chin⁴-hsin¹

chin⁴-hsin¹-chieh²-li⁴

chin⁴-jen³-shih⁴

chin⁴-li⁴

chin⁴-mei³

chin⁴-pên³-fên⁴

chin⁴-shan⁴-chin³-mei³

chin⁴

chin⁴-ch'êng²

chin⁴-chi⁴

chin⁴-chieh⁴

chin⁴-chih³

chin⁴-huo⁴

chin⁴-ling⁴

chin⁴-ping¹

chin⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴

chin⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴-hsiao⁴

chin⁴-shih²

chin⁴-li⁴

chin⁴-tsu²

chin⁴-t'u²

chin⁴-yo¹

chin⁴

進獻

進學

進益

進口

進貢

進來

進表

進步

進上

進士

進退

進退

進欲

進食

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力 勁

兩難

210c989a

力竭

人事

力美

本分

善盡美

209a400b

住

不住

笑

218a407b

{ to hand to, to present to (to a superior)
{ (ch'êng² shang⁴).

to attain B. A. degree. G. 469 (hsiu⁴ ts'ai²).

improvement, progress (chang³ chin⁴).

to enter a port, imports (ch'u¹ k'ou³ shui⁴).

to present tribute (ma⁴ kung⁴).

to come in ; come in.

a letter accompanying tribute.

to go ahead (mai⁴ pu⁴).

to go to the capital as tribute.

the 3rd literary degree. G. 473 (hai⁴ chin⁴ shih⁴).

“enter and retire,” to introduce and to put back.

difficult to advance or retire, a dilemma (tso³ yu⁴

to eat and drink. (liang³ nan³).

the extreme, to exhaust, to empty. M. 275, 468

all, the whole, every one.

with the utmost feeling.

ended, used up ; completely.

extremely loyal.

most dutiful.

with the whole heart.

with all the heart and strength. [ming⁴).

to do one's duty as a man (t'ing¹ t'ien¹ yu²

to exert all one's strength.

most excellent.

to fully perform one's duty.

most good, most excellent.

to forbid, to hinder, to ward off. M. 347.

the forbidden city in Peking (tzü³ chin⁴ ch'êng²).

unlucky things which are forbidden.

to prohibit (fan⁴ chin⁴).

to forbid, to prohibit, to stop.

contraband goods (ssü¹ hu⁴).

prohibitory orders, laws and prohibitions.

imperial body-guards (ch'in¹ ping¹).

cannot refrain from.

cannot refrain from laughter.

to fast, refrain from eating (ch'ih¹ chai¹).

forbidden ground, prohibited places (chung⁴ ti⁴).

a jailer, a turnkey (chien¹ tsu²).

to forbid slaughter of animals in time of drought.

a prohibitory notice.

strong, strength ; violent, overbearing.

chín ⁴ -li ⁴		勁力
chín ⁴ -tao ² -tao ² -ti ²		勁搗搗的
chín ⁴	糸	緝 ^{212c990a}
chín ⁴ -shên ¹		緝紳
chín ⁴ -shên ¹ -lu ⁴		緝紳錄
chín ⁴	火	燼 ^{211b989b}
chín ⁴ -liao ³		燼了
chín ⁴ -yü ³		燼餘
chín ⁴	日晉	晉 ^{212b990a}
chín ⁴ -ch'ao ¹		晉朝
chín ⁴ -fêng ¹		晉封
chín ⁴ -kuo ³		晉國
chín ⁴	女	於 ^{207b401a}
chín ⁴	口	噤 ^{209b400c}
chín ⁴ -k'ou ³ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴		噤口不食
chín ⁴	彳	凜 ^{209b401a}

strength (li⁴ liang⁴).
quite vigorous, buxom.
red-colored silk; a sash, a girdle; to gird.
gentry, literati (shên¹ shih⁴).
the civil service guide-book.
the remains, the snuff of a candle, ashes.
entirely out (as a fire).
an overplus, a remainder.
ancient name of Shansi.
the Chin dynasty (265 A. D.—420 A. D.).
to bestow posthumous honors upon.
modern Shansi.
a wife's sisters.
difficult to speak.
lockjaw preventing eating
(打冷凜 a cold shiver).

CH-IN ¹	見	親 ^{213a991a}
ch'in ¹ ai ⁴		親愛
ch'in ¹ -ch'i ⁴		親戚
ch'in ¹ -ch'i ⁴ -p'êng ¹ -yu ³		親戚朋友
ch'in ¹ -chia ¹		親家
ch'in ¹ -chia ¹ -mu ³		親家母
ch'in ¹ -ehiao ¹		親交
ch'in ¹ -chin ⁴		親近
ch'in ¹ -chüan ⁴		親眷
ch'in ¹ -ch'üeh ⁴		親確
ch'in ¹ -fang ³ -chin ⁴ -chih ⁴		親房近支
ch'in ¹ -fi ⁴ -mu ³		親父母
ch'in ¹ -hou ⁴		親厚
ch'in ¹ -hsiang ¹ -ti ⁴		親兄弟
ch'in ¹ -jê ⁴		親熱
ch'in ¹ -kung ¹		親供
ch'in ¹ -mi ⁴		親密
ch'in ¹ -mu ⁴		親睦
ch'in ¹ -p'êng ¹		親朋
ch'in ¹ p'êng ¹ -hou ⁴ -yu ³		親朋厚友
ch'in ¹ -pi ³ hsih ³ -ti ²		親筆寫的
ch'in ¹ -ping ¹		親兵
ch'in ¹ -shên ¹		親身
ch'in ¹ -shêng ¹ -ti ²		親生的
ch'in ¹ -shih ⁴		親事
ch'in ¹ -shou ³ -tzü ⁴ -tsao ⁴		親手自造

nearly related; affection; one's own.
to love dearly.
relatives in general.
relatives and friends.
parents of a married couple.
the mother-in-law of the children.
affectionate, intimate, dear friends.
intimate, closely related to.
one's own family (chia¹ chüan⁴).
clear, distinct, well-defined.
a near relative.
one's own parents (shuang¹ ch'in¹).
intimate (chih¹ chi³).
brothers by the same parents (t'ung² pao¹ ti⁴ [hsiang¹]).
very intimate.
one's own written statement.
intimate, familiar.
kind, friendly (ho³ mu⁴).
relatives and friends.
friends and relatives.
written with one's own hand.
imperial troops, body-guard.
one's self, one's own person.
one's own child.
a marriage alliance.
made by ourselves (advertisement).

ch'in ¹ -shu ¹	親疏	near and far (friends).
ch'in ¹ -shu ²	親叔	a paternal uncle (father's younger brother).
ch'in ¹ -shu ³	親屬	relatives.
ch'in ¹ -tsu ²	親族	kindred, clan, blood relations.
ch'in ¹ -tsu ³	親祖	a paternal grandfather.
ch'in ¹ -tsui ³	親嘴	a kiss, to kiss (wên ³ tsui ³).
ch'in ¹ -tsui ³ -rh ² -shuo ¹	親嘴兒說	to speak positively.
ch'in ¹ -tzū ⁴	親自	one's self (tzū ⁴ chi ³ ko ⁴ 'rh).
ch'in ¹ -wang ²	親王	prince of the blood.
ch'in ¹ -yang ³	親養	one's own child.
ch'in ¹ -yu ³	親友	relatives and friends.
ch'in ¹	欠欽 ^{217c401a}	thoughtful; respect; grand, imperial.
ch'in ¹ -ch'ai ¹	欽差	an imperial envoy, a minister, an ambassador.
ch'in ¹ -ch'ai ¹ -ta ¹ -ch'ên ²	欽差大臣	same (ch'üan ² ch'üan ² ta ⁴ ch'ên ²).
ch'in ¹ -chia ¹	欽加	added by Imperial order.
ch'in ¹ -ching ⁴	欽敬	to honour, to respect, to venerate.
ch'in ¹ -fan ⁴	欽犯	a state prisoner.
ch'in ¹ -fêng ⁴	欽奉	to receive with profound respect.
ch'in ¹ -ming ⁴	欽命	an imperial decree (shêng ⁴ chih ³).
ch'in ¹ -tien ³	欽點	one of the Han-lin (selected by the Emperor).
ch'in ¹ -t-ien ¹ -chien ¹	欽天監	Imperial astrologer.
ch'in ¹ -ting ⁴	欽定	fixed by Imperial authority.
ch'in ¹ -tz'ü ³	*欽此	respect this (at end of Imperial Decrees).
ch'in ¹ -tz'ü ⁴	欽賜	granted by royal licence.
ch'in ¹	人 侵 ^{214c991b}	to enter gradually, to invade secretly; to plunder.
ch'in ¹ -chan ⁴	侵佔	to encroach (chan ⁴).
ch'in ¹ -chün ⁴	侵近	to encroach upon, to come near to.
ch'in ¹ -fa ²	侵伐	to invade.
ch'in ¹ -fan ⁴	侵犯	to encroach.
ch'in ¹ -hai ³	侵害	to injure.
ch'in ¹ -p'an ⁴	侵叛	rebellion, usurpation.
ch'in ¹ -to ²	侵奪	to usurp, to seize upon, to invade and plunder.
ch'in ¹ -t'un ¹ -ju ⁴ -chi ³	侵吞入己	to appropriate another's property to one's own [use.

CH'IN²

ch'in ²	心 勤 ^{216a402c}	diligent, sedulous, laborious.
ch'in ²	力 勤 ^{216a402b}	same.
ch'in ² -chien ³	勤儉	diligent and economical.
ch'in ² -chün ³	勤謹	diligently attentive (yin ¹ ch'in ²).
ch'in ² -hang ²	勤行	waiters, attendants, small tradesmen,
ch'in ² -hsiao ³	勤學	to learn diligently.
ch'in ² -k'u ³	勤苦	painstaking.
ch'in ² -kung ¹	勤工	to work diligently; a diligent workman,
ch'in ² -lao ²	勤勞	laborious.

ch'in ² -mín ³	勤敏	diligent and active, smart.
ch'in ² -néng ² -pu ³ -cho ¹	勤能補拙	diligence can make up for stupidity.
ch'in ² -niang ² -tzu ³	勤娘子	an industrious woman; the convolvulus.
ch'in ² -shén ⁴	勤慎	careful, diligent, attentive (hsiao ³ hsin ¹).
ch'in ² -shih ⁴	勤士	a diligent scholar (kung ¹ fu ¹ ch'un ²).
ch'in ² -tso ⁴	勤做	to do diligently.
ch'in ² -wén ³	勤問	to ask diligently.
ch'in ²	衣衾 216c402a	a coverlet, bedding; a shroud, a pall.
ch'in ² -chên ³	衾枕	coverlet and pillows.
ch'in ² -ju ⁴	衾褥	bedding.
ch'in ² -pei ¹	衾被	bedding (p'u ⁴ kai ¹).
ch'in ² -tan ¹	衾單	a shroud, a pall, (i ¹ ch'in ² , kuan ¹ kuo ³ , chao ⁴
ch'in ²	玉琴 217a402c	a dulcimer, a lute, a harp (t'an ² ch'in ²).
ch'in ² -ch'i ² -shu ¹ -hua ⁴	琴棋書畫	lute, chess, books, painting (fine arts).
ch'in ² -sê ⁴	琴瑟	"harps and lutes," harmony.
ch'in ² -sê ⁴ -chung ¹ -ku ³	琴瑟鐘鼓	musical instruments.
ch'in ² -yün ⁴	琴韻	the music of a harp.
ch'in ² -yün ⁴ -shu ¹ -shêng ¹	琴韻書聲	music and reading.
ch'in ²	手才擒 216b402a	to take, to seize, to apprehend.
ch'in ² -chu ⁴ -liao ³	擒住了	seized, apprehended.
ch'in ² -hu ³	擒虎	to catch a tiger. [huo ⁴].
ch'in ² -huo ⁴	擒獲	to apprehend, to arrest, to seize, to take (ua ²
ch'in ² -na ²	擒拿	same.
ch'in ²	禾秦 215b991c	name of a feudal state and dynasty.
ch'in ² -chiao ¹	秦椒	pepper (hu ² chiao ¹).
ch'in ² -chin ⁴ -lien ² -mêng ³	秦晉聯盟	an alliance between the Ch'in and Chin States
ch'in ² -kuo ²	秦國	modern-Shensi and Kansu.
ch'in ² -shih ² -huang ³	秦始皇	first Emperor of united China. R. 183.
ch'in ² -ti ¹	秦地	Shansi.
ch'in ²	艸甘芹 215b403a	celery, parsley.
ch'in ² -cho ²	芹酌	to invite one to drink, a feast given to success.
ch'in ² -ts'ai ⁴	芹菜	celery, parsley.
ch'in ² -ya ²	芹芽	celery sprouts.
ch'in ²	內禽 216b402a	birds generally (niao ³ , fei ¹ ch'in ² tsou ² shou ⁴).
ch'in ² -shou ⁴	禽獸	birds and beasts, animals generally.
ch'in ²	口噙 216b402b	to hold in the mouth (hsien ²).
ch'in ² -k'ou ³ -li ³	噙口裡	to hold in the mouth.
ch'in ² -k'ou ³ -ch'ien ²	噙口錢	the cash put in a dead man's mouth.

CH'IN³

ch'in ³ -tsai ²	寢息 215a991c	to sleep, to rest; a bed chamber.
ch'in ³ -kung ¹	寢宮	to rest, to sleep (an ¹ mien ²)
ch'in ³ -miao ⁴	寢廟	sleeping apartments in the palace.
		ancestral temple.

ch'in³-pu⁴-ning³
ch'in³-pu⁴-yü³
ch'in³-shih²
ch'in³-shih⁴

寢不寧
寢不語
寢不食
寢室

no rest in sleep.
not to talk in bed (Confucius' rule).
sleep and food.
a bed-chamber (wo⁴ fan³).

CH'IN⁴
ch'in⁴

口 (哕) 214b992b
口 (嘔)

to vomit (of animals only), to belch out (vile same (yüeh¹)).

CHING¹

系經 經 218b404b

ching¹-ch'ang³
ching¹-ch'êng²
ching¹-chi⁴
ching¹-chih⁴
ching¹-chuan⁴
ching¹-fei⁴
ching¹-hsien⁴
ching¹-hsin¹
ching¹-kuan³
ching¹-kuo⁴
ching¹-li⁴
ching¹-lien⁴
ching¹-lo⁴
ching¹-lun³
ching¹-lun²
ching¹-mo⁴
ching¹-pi⁴
ching¹-shang¹
ching¹-shih²
ching¹-shih³
ching¹-shih³-tzu³-chi²
ching¹-shou³
ching¹-shou³-ti¹
ching¹-shu¹
ching¹-shui²
ching¹-ssü³
ching¹-tien³
ching¹-t'ing¹
ching¹-to¹-chien¹-kuang³
ching¹-tu⁴
ching¹-wei¹
ching¹-wo³-ti¹-shou³
ching¹-yen²-chiang³-
ching¹-ying³ [kuan¹

經常
經承
經紀
經治
經傳
經費
經線
經心
經管
經過
經歷
經練
經絡
經論
經綸
經脈
經閉
經商
經時
經史
經史子集
經手
經手的
經書
經水
經死
經典
經應
經多見廣
經度
經緯
經我的手
經筵講官
經營

[talk].
to vomit (of animals only), to belch out (vile same (yüeh¹)).
[tend.
past; religious and classical books; to superin-
unchanging, constant (e.g., eternal principles).
a purveyor; a chief clerk.
brokers; experience, detective skill.
to manage (pan⁴ li³).
Chinese classics and commentary.
allowances, current expenses.
meridian lines.
to take care, to give heed.
(my) business to look after. [ced.
to pass by; that which is past; to have experien-
to pass over; a secretary (see ching¹ t'ing¹).
experience (chien⁴ shih⁴).
the blood-vessels.
to classify, to arrange; a regular series.
threads, principles.
veins and arteries (ching³ hsieh³ kuau³).
a stoppage of the menses.
a trader, a merchant.
the time of the menses; past the time.
the ancient classics and history.
canon, history, philosophy and miscellaneous.
to manage, to do one's self,
brokers, managers.
classical books (wu² ching¹).
the menses (t'ien¹ kuei³).
suicide by hanging (shang³ tiao⁴).
quotations from the classics.
a Commissary of Records. G. 295.
wide experience.
meridians of longitude or 綫.
warp and woof.
to pass through my hands.
an Imperial Expositor of the Classics.
trade, hawking (ying² shêng¹).

<i>ching¹</i>	米	精 ^{220a992a}	pure, fine, spiritual; clear, ether, breath, life, spirit.	bright; essence, [semen. M. 411.
<i>ching¹-ch'i⁴</i>		精氣	clever, skilful.	
<i>ching¹-ch'iao³</i>		精巧	beautiful, fine, elegant.	
<i>ching¹-chih⁴</i>		精緻	extremely light.	
<i>ching¹-ch'ing¹</i>		精輕	strong, powerful, athletic.	
<i>ching¹-chuang⁴</i>		精壯	loyal, patriotic.	
<i>ching¹-chung⁷</i>		精忠	extremely fat (animals).	
<i>ching¹-fei²</i>		精肥	subtle, fine.	
<i>ching¹-hai⁴</i>		精細	very turbid.	
<i>ching¹-hun⁴</i>		精混	refinement upon refinement.	
<i>ching¹-i²-ch'iu²-ching²</i>		精益求精	lean flesh, good meat.	
<i>ching¹-jou⁴</i>		精肉	money all spent, in a state of destitution.	
<i>ching¹-kuang¹</i>		精光	failure of strength and spirits.	
<i>ching¹-li⁴-shuai¹</i>		精力衰	fine, ethereal, spiritual; a spirit.	
<i>ching¹-ling²</i>		精靈	close, compact; minute.	
<i>ching¹-mi⁴</i>		精密	admirable.	
<i>ching¹-miao⁴</i>		精妙	clear, intelligent.	
<i>ching¹-ming²</i>	[kan ⁴	精明	clever, experienced in business.	
<i>ching¹-ming²-ch'iang²</i>		精明強幹	picked men, trained troops	
<i>ching¹-ping¹</i>		精兵	very thin.	
<i>ching¹-pao²</i>		精薄	animal spirits; healthy, hearty (tou ³ sou ³ ching ¹)	[shên ² .
<i>ching¹-shên²</i>		精神	(he) looks brighter than he really is.	
<i>ching¹-shên²-wai⁴-lu⁴</i>		精神外露	very moist or damp.	
<i>ching¹-shih²</i>		精濕	to accustom, to habituate.	
<i>ching¹-shou²</i>		精熟	very poor, emaciated.	
<i>ching¹-shou⁴</i>		精瘦	brisk, lively, energetic.	
<i>ching¹-shuang³</i>		精爽	insipid, tasteless.	
<i>ching¹-tan⁴-ti¹</i>		精淡的	fine and coarse.	
<i>ching¹-ts'u¹</i>		精粗	very short.	
<i>ching¹-luan²</i>		精短	used to, practised in.	
<i>ching¹-t'ung¹</i>		精通	minute, small, abstruse.	
<i>ching¹-wei¹</i>		精微	to startle, to alarm, to astonish; startled.	
<i>ching¹</i>	馬	驚 ^{222c403a}	a term (in the second month). See Note 21.	
<i>ching¹-ché¹</i>		驚整	to astonish.	
<i>ching¹-ch'i²</i>		驚奇	to frighten, frightened.	
<i>ching¹-chü⁴</i>		驚懼	alarm, affright, dismay.	
<i>ching¹-huang²</i>		驚慌	to frighten, to startle (hsia ⁴ hu ¹).	
<i>ching¹-hsia⁴</i>		驚嚇	surprised, astonished.	
<i>ching¹-hsieh²</i>		驚駭	dangerous (wei ² hsien ²).	
<i>ching¹-hsien²</i>		驚險	taken by surprise.	
<i>ching¹-i⁴</i>		驚異	a kind of rattle.	
<i>ching¹-kuei¹</i>		驚閨	to frighten, to alarm, alarmed.	
<i>ching¹-kung³</i>		驚恐		

- ching¹-p'a⁴ 驚怕
 ching¹-p'o⁴ 驚迫
 ching¹-ssü³ 驚死
 ching¹-t'ang³-mu⁴ 驚堂木
 ching¹-t'ien¹-tung⁴-ti⁴ 驚天動地
 ehing¹-tung⁴ 驚動
 ching¹-wei³ 驚危
 ching¹-ya⁴ 驚訝
 ching¹-yen³ 驚眼
 ching¹ 京 221a403c
 ching¹-chao¹ 京兆
 ehing¹-ch'êng³ 京城
 ching¹-ch'iang¹ 京腔
 ching¹-ch'ien³ 京錢
 ching¹-kuan¹ 京官
 ching¹-k'ung⁴ 京控
 ching¹-kuo³ 京菓
 ching¹-li³ 京裏
 ching¹-pao⁴ 京報
 ching¹-shih¹ 京師
 ching¹-tu¹ 京都
 ching¹-yang⁴ 京樣
 ching¹ 方 旌 223a993b
 ehing¹-ch'i³ 旌旗
 ching¹-ch'i³-liu³ 旌旗流
 ching¹-piao³ 旌表
 ching¹ 艸 荆 223b403b
 ehing¹-ch'ai¹ 荆釵
 ching¹-chên¹ 荆榛
 ching¹-chi 荆棘
 ching¹-chieh⁴ 荆芥
 ching¹-shu⁴ 荆樹
 ching¹-t'iao³-k'uang¹ 荆條筐子
 ching¹ 矛 矜 224a405a
 ching¹-chang³ 矜張
 ching¹-k'ua¹ 矜誇
 ching¹-lien² 矜憐
 ching¹-shih⁴ 矜式
 ching¹ 几 兢 225b405a
 ching¹-ching⁴-yeh⁴-yeh⁴ 兢兢業業
 ching¹-chü⁴ 兢懼
 ching¹ 日 更 615b321b
 ching¹-fang³ 更房
- afraid, startled, frightened, affright.
 threaten.
 to frighten to death.
 clapper used by magistrates, readers, etc.
 to surprise the world; bombast.
 to disturb, to startle,
 to alarm, to excite, to affright, to arouse.
 to startle, to astonish, startled.
 to stir up a craving for, to excite, desire.
 the capital, city where the sovereign resides.
 the metropolis, place of the imperial residence.
 the capital city, Peking (pei³ ching¹).
 Peking twang or accent.
 one real cash counted as two.
 metropolitan officials.
 lawsuits carried to Peking, appeals.
 Peking fruits.
 in the capital.
 the *Peking Gazette*.
 the residence of the imperial court.
 same. [hsing¹].
 stylish (the capital setting the fashion) (shih²)
 a banner; to signalize; to illustrate.
 a flag or banner.
 the waving of a banner.
 a monument, mark of distinction,
 a kind of thorny bush.
 thorn hair-pins used by the poor.
 thorn trees (chih³ chi⁴).
 thorns, brambles.
 thorny plants.
 thorn tree.
 a basket made of osiers.
 to compassionate, to regret.
 to boast (k'ua¹ k'ou²).
 to boast, to brag.
 to compassionate, to pity, pitiful (lien³ min³).
 to reverence, to admire.
 anxious, uneasy, cautious, watchful.
 very careful.
 trembling, anxious (chan⁴ ching¹ ching³ ti¹).
 the night watches. See kêng¹.
 a watchman's house.

<i>ching¹-fu¹</i>		更夫	a watchman (ta ³ ching ¹ ti ¹).
<i>ching¹-ku³</i>		更鼓	a watchdrum.
<i>ching¹</i>	耒	耒	to plow. See <i>kéng¹</i> .
<i>ching¹-chung²</i>	耕	耕種	plowing and sowing.
<i>ching¹-niu³</i>		耕牛	the plowing ox.
<i>ching¹-tu⁴-ch¹'uan²-chia¹</i>		耕讀傳家	farmer-scholars for generations.
<i>ching¹</i>	魚	鯨	whale (ch'ing ²).
<i>ching¹-yü³</i>		鯨魚	whale. [<i>kéng</i> .]
<i>ching¹ (t'ä)</i>	米	粳	rice produced on dry soil, common rice. Also
<i>ching¹-m³</i>		粳米	same.
<i>ching¹</i>	虫	蜻	dragon fly (ma ³ lang ²).
<i>ching¹-t'ing¹</i>		蜻蜓	same.
<i>ching¹</i>	日	睛	the pupil of the eye (yen ² ching ¹ chu ¹)
<i>ching¹</i>	水	津	a ford, a creek, a rivulet. See <i>chin¹</i> .
<i>ching¹</i>	日	晶	bright, clear, crystal (<i>shui³ ching¹</i>).
<i>ching¹</i>	菁	菁	the flower of the leek.
CHING³	二	井	a well; 900 <i>mu</i> (Chinese acres) (一 口 井).
<i>ching³ ch'üan³</i>		井泉	wells and springs.
<i>ching³ k'ow³</i>		井口	the mouth of a well.
<i>ching³-lu⁴-lu²</i>		井轆轤	a windlass for raising water.
<i>ching³-pien¹ chi¹-shui³</i>		井邊汲水	(fig.) easy.
<i>ching³ shên¹</i>		井深	the well is deep.
<i>ching³-shui³</i>		井水	well water.
<i>ching³-t'ai³ 'rh³</i>		井臺兒	the edge of a well.
<i>ching³ li³-hsia⁴</i>		井底下	the bottom of a well:
<i>ching³-t'ien²</i>		井田	600 <i>mu</i> (acres).
<i>ching³-t'ung³</i>		井桶	lining of a well.
<i>ching³</i>	日	景	view, prospect, appearance, circumstances.
<i>ching³-chao⁴</i>		景教	Nestorian church (so called on the Hsi An tablet).
<i>ching³-chih⁴</i>		景緻	view, prospect, scenery (<i>shan¹ shui³</i>).
<i>ching³-k'uan⁴</i>		景况	condition, circumstances (<i>kuang¹ ching³</i>).
<i>ching³-t'ai³-lan³</i>		景泰藍	cloisonné, enamel ware.
<i>ching³</i>	人	警	to warn, to caution, to forbid, to guard against.
<i>ching³-chiao¹</i>		警教	to warn.
<i>ching³-chieh⁴</i>		警戒	to caution, to warn.
<i>ching³-hsing³</i>		警省	to awake to an understanding of. [<i>wên²</i>].
<i>ching³-shih⁴ -wên³</i>		警世文	words to warn the age—tracts (<i>ch'üan⁴ shih⁴</i>)
<i>ching³-tung⁴</i>		警動	to startle, to alarm, to trouble a person.
<i>ching³</i>	頁	頸	neck. See <i>kéng</i> .
<i>ching³-hsiang⁴</i>		頸項	neck.
CHING⁴	支	敬	sedate, respectful; to respect, to venerate

[kung¹ ching⁴].

ching ⁴ -ai ⁴	敬愛	to venerate, to love
ching ⁴ -chih ² -hsi ³ -yen ²	敬治喜筵	presents on joyful occasions.
ching ⁴ -chin ³	敬謹	sedate, respectful.
ching ⁴ -chiu ³	敬酒	to hand a person wine (cho ² eh ^u ³).
ching ⁴ -chung ⁴	敬重	to honour, to respect.
ching ⁴ -ch'ung ²	敬崇	to pay great respect or veneration to.
ching ⁴ -fēng ⁴	敬奉	to worship.
ching ⁴ -fu ²	敬服	to respect or esteem.
ching ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ³	敬父母	to reverence parents (hsiao ⁴ ching ⁴). [it.
ching ⁴ -hsi ¹	敬惜	to gather up carefully as paper with writing on
chung ⁴ -hsi ¹ -tzu ⁴ -chih ²	敬惜字紙	to carefully dispose of lettered paper.
ching ⁴ -i ⁴	敬意	expression of respect, a present (pn ⁴ ch'eng ² [ching ⁴ i ⁴].
ching ⁴ -lao ³	敬老	to respect the aged.
ching ⁴ -pai ⁴	敬拜	to reverence, to worship.
ching ⁴ -shēn ³	敬神	to venerate the gods (pai ⁴ shēn ²).
ching ⁴ -siu ¹	敬書	to respect books.
ching ⁴ -sung ⁴	敬送	respectfully present.
ching ⁴ -tsun ¹	敬遵	to respectfully obey.
ching ⁴ -wei ⁴	敬畏	to venerate, to honour.
ching ⁴	水 淨 225c994c	to wash clean; clean, pure. M. 497.
ching ⁴ -chieh ¹ -hu ³	淨街虎	a bully who clears the street.
ching ⁴ -chieh ²	淨潔	clean (kan ¹ ching ⁴).
ching ⁴ -chung ⁴	淨重	net weight.
ching ⁴ -hsi ³	淨洗	to cleanse (hsi ³ ching ⁴).
ching ⁴ -kan ¹ -kan ¹ -ti ¹	淨乾乾的	clear of, exempt from.
ching ⁴ -li ⁴ -li ⁴ -ti ¹	淨立立的	clear of encumbrance.
ching ⁴ -lo ⁴ -lo ⁴ -ti ¹	淨落落的	same.
ching ⁴ -shui ³	淨水	clear water (t'ien ² shui ³ , k'u ³ shui ³).
ching ⁴	青 靜 226a994b	silence, stillness, calm, quiet, repose.
ching ⁴ -ch'iao ³ -ch'iao ³	靜悄悄的	very still.
ching ⁴ -ching ⁴ -rh ² [ti ¹	靜靜兒	quiet, silent (tung ⁴ ching ⁴).
ching ⁴ -hsi ²	靜息	to rest, to stop.
ching ⁴ -hsien ²	靜閒	rest, quiet, repose, leisure.
ching ⁴ -mi ⁴	靜密	still, silent, close, secret.
ching ⁴ -ssü ¹	靜思	to think quietly.
ching ⁴ -t'ing ¹	靜聽	to listen carefully
ching ⁴	土 境 224c405c	a boundary or border; one's lot, place or position.
ching ⁴ -chieh ⁴	境界	a boundary or frontier (plen ¹ chieh ⁴).
ching ⁴ -yü ⁴	境遇	condition, circumstances.
ching ⁴ (tzü)	金 鏡 225a406c	a looking glass, a mirror.
ching ⁴ -chuang ¹	鏡粧	a lady's dressing-case.
ching ⁴ -hsia ³	鏡匣	a looking glass case (po ¹ li ² ching ⁴).
ching ⁴ -lien ²	鏡奩	a dressing case used by females.

ching ⁴	立	竟 ^{224b406b}	then, at last, finally; to the utmost. M. 364.
ch'ing ⁴ -jan ² -ju ² -tz'ü ³		竟然如此	it is thus after all.
ching ⁴ -kan ³		竟敢	do you dare?
ching ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chih ²		竟不知	finally I don't know.
ching ⁴ -pu ⁴ -li ² -t'a ¹		竟不理他	not pay least attention to.
ching ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴		竟不是	after all it is not so.
ching ⁴ -tzü ⁴		竟不自	actually, after all, nevertheless,
ching ⁴	是	逕 ^{219b407a}	to pass directly.
ch'ing ⁴ -ch'ing ²		逕情	a straight-forward disposition.
ching ⁴ -ch'ü ¹		逕曲	straight and crooked.
ching ⁴ -t'ing ²		逕庭	to go remotely apart, removed from each other.
ching ⁴	冫	清 ^{219b994a}	cold, intense cold.
ching ⁴ -ching ⁴		清靜	silent, solitary.
ching ⁴ -liang ²		清涼	cool, refreshing.
ching ⁴	立	競 ^{225b407c}	to strive, to wrangle, quarrelsome.
ching ⁴ -chang ²		競張	uproar, noisy, quarrelling.
ching ⁴	立	靖 ^{219c994c}	to regulate; order, peace, tranquillity (an ² [ching ⁴]).
ching ⁴	彳	徑 ^{218a407a}	a by-road, a footpath; direct; the diameter.
CH'ING ¹	車	輕 ^{226b407c}	light; to esteem light, to treat lightly; levity.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'iao ³		輕巧	nimble, handy.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'iao ⁴		輕俏	low, light.
ch'ing ¹ -chien ⁴		輕賤	light and worthless.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'ing ² -ti ¹		輕輕的	lightly, gently.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'iu ²		輕裘	light fur clothing.
ch'ing ¹ -chü ³ -wang ⁴ -lung ⁴		輕舉妄動	a rash and reckless enterprise.
ch'ing ¹ -chung ⁴		輕重	"light and heavy," weight; baggage.
ch'ing ¹ -i ⁴		輕易	easy to effect; lightly, thoughtlessly.
ch'ing ¹ -i ¹ -pu ⁴		輕易不	rarely (hsi ¹ han ²).
ch'ing ¹ -jên ² -hung ⁴ -chi ³		輕人重己	he despises others but exalts himself.
ch'ing ¹ -k'an ⁴		輕看	to despise, to look down upon (chung ⁴ k'an ⁴).
ch'ing ¹ -k'uang ²		輕狂	levity, dissipated, irregular conduct.
ch'ing ¹ -man ⁴		輕慢	to treat disrespectfully.
ch'ing ¹ -pao ²		輕薄	light, levity; a prostitute.
ch'ing ¹ -shêng ¹ -shêng ¹	[ti ¹]	輕生	quite light, or tender.
ch'ing ¹ -shêng ¹ -tzü ⁴ -chin ⁴		輕生自盡	suicides.
ch'ing ¹ -shêng ²		輕省	light, unburdened, flippant.
ch'ing ¹ -shih ⁴		輕視	to esteem lightly (miao ³ shih ⁴).
ch'ing ¹ -tai ⁴		輕待	to treat lightly or slightingly.
ch'ing ¹ -t'iao ¹		輕佻	frivolous, trifling.
ch'ing ¹ -yen ³ -luan ⁴ -yü ³		輕言亂語	frivolous gabble.
ch'ing ¹	青	青 ^{226c995a}	sky-coloured, azure, pale, wan, green; young.
ch'ing ¹ -chih ¹ -lü ⁴ -yeh ⁴		青枝綠葉	green branches and green leaves.

ch'ing ¹ -ch'un ¹	青春	young, youthful ; years of one's age.
ch'ing ¹ -fan ²	青礬	copperas, green alum.
ch'ing ¹ -fu ²	青帙	copper cash.
ch'ing ¹ -hsü ¹ -hsü ¹ -ti ¹	青須	somewhat dark, discolored.
ch'ing ¹ -huang ²	青黃	a greenish yellow, pallid.
ch'ing ¹ -hung ² -tsao ⁴ -pai ²	青紅皂白	blue, red, black and white ; good and bad.
ch'ing ¹ -i ¹	青衣	dark clothing, the common blue of the masses; olives.
ch'ing ¹ -kuo ³	青菓	olives.
ch'ing ¹ -lien ² -sé ⁴	青蓮色	dark lilac or peach blossom colour.
ch'ing ¹ -lou ²	青樓	brothels (yao ² tzü ²).
ch'ing ¹ -lu ⁴	青綠	lapis lazuli.
ch'ing ¹ -lung ²	青龍	green dragon—geomantic term (pai ² hu ²).
ch'ing ¹ -mei ²	青梅	green plums.
ch'ing ¹ -miao ²	青苗	the growing crops.
ch'ing ¹ -nien ²	青年	young, in youth (nien ² ch'ing ¹).
ch'ing ¹ -p'i ²	青皮	a certain medicine.
ch'ing ¹ -shan ¹ -lü ⁴ -shui ³	青山綠水	green hills and blue water.
ch'ing ¹ -shan ¹ -tzü ³	青衫子	the heroine (in a tragedy, &c.).
ch'ing ¹ -shih ²	青石	granite (lei ³ shih ²).
ch'ing ¹ -ssü ¹ -ssü ¹ -ti ¹	青絲	very green.
ch'ing ¹ -t'ai ¹	青苔	moss, mossy.
ch'ing ¹ -t'ien ¹	青天	a clear blue sky, heaven.
ch'ing ¹ -tou ⁴	青豆	green peas.
ch'ing ¹ -ts'ao ³	青草	green grass.
ch'ing ¹ -yen ³	青鹽	soda (chien ³).
ch'ing ¹ -yen ³ -le'an ⁴ -t'ai ¹	青眼看他	to regard with consideration or respect.
ch'ing ¹ -yün ⁹ -tê ² -lu ⁴	青雲得路	to get a path on the green clouds.
ch'ing ¹	水清	pure, limpid, clear, transparent, cold.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'a ² -kung ¹ -hou ⁴	清茶	(on invitation) I wait your coming, etc.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'ao ²	清朝	the pure dynasty (title of the present one, 1904).
ch'ing ¹ -ch'ên ²	清晨	break of day.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'ên ²	清塵	to cleanse from dust.
ch'ing ¹ -chi ²	清吉	perfect felicity.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'i ⁴ -shên ¹	清氣升天	clear air goes up to heaven.
ch'ing ¹ -chiêh ²	清潔	pure, clean.
ch'ing ¹ -ching ⁴	清淨	clear, pure (kan ¹ ching ⁴).
ch'ing ¹ -ching ⁴	清靜	silent, solitary.
ch'ing ¹ -chiu ³	清酒	clear, e. g., good wine.
ch'ing ¹ -cho ²	清濁	clear and muddy, plain and obscure.
ch'ing ¹ -cho ² -pu ⁴ -fên ¹	清濁不分	clear and muddy indistinguishable.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'u ³	清楚	clear, distinct ; settled (ming ² ming ²).
ch'ing ¹ -ch'üan ²	清泉	clear springs.
ch'ing ¹ -chün ⁴	清俊	delicately beautiful, graceful.

ch'ing ¹ -fêng ¹	清風	a cold wind (liang ² fêng ¹).
ch'ing ¹ -fêng ¹ -hsi ¹ -yü ²	清風細雨	clear breezes and gentle rain.
ch'ing ¹ -ho ² -yüeh ⁴	清和月	the fourth month. See Note 32.
ch'ing ¹ -hsiang ¹	清香	fragrant.
ch'ing ¹ -hsien ³	清閒	tranquil, undisturbed, leisure.
ch'ing ¹ -hsin ¹	清心	a pure heart.
ch'ing ¹ -hsin ¹ -kua ³ -yü ⁴	清心寡欲	to purify the heart and diminish the appetites.
ch'ing ¹ -hsin ¹	清饑	savoury, tasty food.
ch'ing ¹ -hsiu ⁴	清秀	graceful, elegant.
ch'ing ¹ -hua ⁴	清話	the Manchu language.
ch'ing ¹ -huo ³ -san ² -tu ²	清火散毒	[perse poison. (medicine) can dissipate inflammation and dis-
ch'ing ¹ -kuan ¹	清官	an uncorrupted official (tsang ¹ kuan ¹).
ch'ing ¹ -kuan ¹ -pei ²	清官碑	a stone in honor of a good official.
ch'ing ¹ -lêng ³	清冷	very cold; solitary.
ch'ing ¹ -liao ³ -chang ⁴	清了賬	all accounts settled.
eh'ing ¹ -liang ²	清涼	clear and cool.
ch'ing ¹ -liang ⁴	清亮	clear and bright.
ch'ing ¹ -lien ³	清廉	pure, uncorrupt
ch'ing ¹ -ming ²	清明	the feast of the tombs; a term. See Note 21.
ch'ing ¹ -pai ²	清白	plain, intelligible; pure and white.
ch'ing ¹ -shuang ³	清爽	pure and pleasing; perfect health; a good style.
ch'ing ¹ -shui ³	清水	clear water (ching ⁴ shui ² , hun ⁴ shui ³).
ch'ing ¹ -ssü ² -shui ³	清似水	as clear as water.
ch'ing ¹ -tan ¹	清單	memo of accounts, invoice.
ch'ing ¹ -tan ⁴	清淡	poor; pure.
ch'ing ¹ -wên ²	清文	the Manchu literature.
ch'ing ¹ -ya ³	清雅	beautiful, fine, elegant,
ch'ing ¹ -yu ¹	清幽	quiet, secluded, lonely.
ch'ing ¹	傾	to subvert.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'êng ² [mao ⁴	傾城	the ruin of a city, as Helen of Troy.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'êng ² -chih ² -	傾城之貌	beauty which can overthrow a city.
ch'ing ¹ -chia ¹	傾家	to lose everything, to ruin one's family.
ch'ing ¹ -chia ¹ -pai ² -ch'an ²	傾家敗產	ruin one's family and property.
ch'ing ¹ -kwo ² -chiang ⁴ -	傾國將軍	a general who ruins his country.
ch'ing ¹	卿	a president of one of the "Boards."
ch'ing ¹ -hsiang ⁴	卿相	ministers of state (tsai ³ hsiang ⁴).

CH'ING² 心 情 227c996a

ch'ing ² -ai ⁴	情	affection, love.
ch'ing ² -ch'ang ²	情	affection, attachment.
ch'ing ² -ch'ang ²	情	affection, feeling.
ch'ing ² -chi ²	情	chagrin.
ch'ing ² -chi ² -tzu ⁴ -chin ⁴	情急自盡	committed suicide under excitement.

<i>ch'ing²-chi²-wei²-tao³</i>	情急為禱	pray in extremity.
<i>ch'ing²-chieh³</i>	情節	particulars.
<i>ch'ing²-ch'ü⁴</i>	情趣	taste, relish (<i>wei⁴ tao⁴</i>).
<i>ch'ing²-chuang⁴</i>	情狀	appearance (<i>hsing² chuang⁴</i>).
<i>ch'ing²-fên⁴</i>	情分	affection, feelings.
<i>ch'ing² hou⁴</i>	情厚	a kind disposition.
<i>ch'ing²-i²</i>	情誼	favor, kindness; friendship.
<i>ch'ing²-i⁴</i>	情義	affection, disinterestedness, kindness.
<i>ch'ing²-i⁴</i>	情意	affectionate, kind.
<i>ch'ing²-hsing²</i>	情形	condition, circumstances.
<i>ch'ing²-hsing⁴</i>	情性	natural feeling.
<i>ch'ing²-jên²</i>	情人	an affectionate person, a lover.
<i>ch'ing²-lang²</i>	情郎	same.
<i>ch'ing²-li³</i>	情理	reason, sense; the whole aspect of a case.
<i>ch'ing²-li³-chih³-wai⁴</i>	情理之外	unreasonable.
<i>ch'ing²-li³-pu⁴-fu²</i>	情理不符	the circumstances and the reason do not agree.
<i>ch'ing²-mien¹</i>	情面	“face,” influence.
<i>ch'ing²-mien¹-nan²-ch'üeh⁴</i>	情面難却	the circumstances make it hard to decline.
<i>ch'ing²-pi⁴</i>	情弊	irregularity; mean, disgraceful.
<i>ch'ing²-pu⁴-tzu⁴-chin¹</i>	情不自禁	the feelings do not restrain themselves.
<i>ch'ing²-t'ou²-i⁴-ho²</i>	情投意合	suited to each other perfectly.
<i>ch'ing²-yu²</i>	情由	circumstances (<i>shih² ch'ing²</i>).
<i>ch'ing²-yu³-k'o²-yüan²</i>	情有可原	allowance may be made.
<i>ch'ing²-yü¹</i>	情慾	venereal desire, lust.
<i>ch'ing²-yüan⁴</i>	情願	to wish, to desire, to be willing (<i>k'ên²</i>).
<i>ch'ing²-yüan⁴-i⁴</i>	情願意	same (<i>kan¹ hsin¹</i>).
<i>ch'ing²</i>	日晴	a cloudless sky, clear, fine.
<i>ch'ing²-ho²</i>	晴和	mild, pleasant, warm, genial.
<i>ch'ing²-jih⁴</i>	晴日	a clear day, fine weather.
<i>ch'ing²-liao³-t'ien¹</i>	晴了天	the day has become fine.
<i>ch'ing²</i>	手擎	to raise with the hand, to lift high; to salute.
<i>ch'ing²-ch'üan²</i>	擎拳	to salute with folded hands,
<i>ch'ing²-t'ien¹-chu⁴</i>	擎天柱	a pillar of the sky—a statesman.
<i>ch'ing²-shou⁴</i>	擎受	to receive respectfully.
<i>ch'ing²</i>	具賄	to receive, to come into possession of.
<i>ch'ing²-chia¹-ch'an³</i>	賄家產	receive one's patrimony.
<i>ch'ing²</i>	魚鯨	whale. Also <i>ching²</i> .

CH-ING³

<i>ch'ing³-an¹</i>	言請	to request, to invite, to ask with courtesy.
<i>ch'ing³-an¹-wên⁴-hao³</i>	請安問好	to salute, to enquire a person's health, etc.
<i>ch'ing³-ch'ä²</i>	請茶	to enquire a person's health, etc.
<i>ch'ing³-chiao⁴</i>	請教	please take tea.
		[(<i>ling³ chiao⁴</i>).
		to ask for information or advice; please tell me

ch'ing³.ch'ih¹.fan⁴ 請吃飯
 ch'ing³.chiu³ 請酒
 ch'ing³.fa¹.ping¹ 請發兵
 ch'ing³.fêng¹.chien⁴ 請風鑑
 ch'ing³.fêng¹.san¹.tai⁴ 請封三代
 ch'ing³.hsiang¹ 請香
 ch'ing³.hsien¹ 請仙
 ch'ing³.hsien¹.shêng¹ 請先生
 ch'ing³.hsing².ming² 請刑名
 ch'ing³.hsün⁴ 請訓
 ch'ing³.hui² 請回
 ch'ing³.kao⁴ 請告
 ch'ing³.k'o⁴ 請客
 ch'ing³.liang³.pien⁴.pa⁴ 請兩便罷
 ch'ing³.liu².pu⁴ 請留步
 ch'ing³.liu².yang³ 請留養
 ch'ing³.ming⁴ 請命
 ch'ing³.mu³.niang² 請姥娘
 ch'ing³.ni².p'ei³.k'o⁴ 請你陪客
 ch'ing³.pu⁴.tao⁴ 請不到
 ch'ing³.pu⁴.tung⁴ 請不動
 ch'ing³.shêng¹.chü¹ 請陞車
 ch'ing³.shang⁴.tso⁴ 請上坐
 ch'ing³.shih⁴ 請示
 ch'ing³.shou¹.shêng¹. 請收生婆
 ch'ing³.t'a¹.lai² 請他來
 ch'ing³.tui⁴.fu² 請大夫
 ch'ing³.tao³.han².shê³ 請到寒舍
 ch'ing³.tao⁴.shu¹.fang³ 請到書房
 ch'ing³.tao⁴.wei².chih³ 請到為止
 ch'ing³.t'ieh¹ 請帖
 ch'ing³.t'ing¹.hsi⁴ 請聽戲
 ch'ing³.tso⁴ 請坐
 ch'ing³.tsou⁴ 請奏
 ch'ing³.tsui¹ 請罪
 ch'ing³.wên⁴ 請問
 ch'ing³.yin¹.yang².hsien⁴ 請陰陽先
 ch'ing³ 頃 230a422a
 ch'ing³.k'o⁴ 頃刻
 ch'ing³.k'o⁴.chiu⁴.tao⁴ 頃刻就到
 ch'ing³.mu³ 頃畝
 ch'ing³.t'ien² 頃田
 ch'ing³.yüeh⁴ 頃閱

please come to your meal !
 please take wine.
 to beg for soldiers.
 to invite a physiognomist. [generations.
 beg (the Emperor) to ennoble ancestors for three
 to buy incense (and so with all things offered the
 to invoke genii or fairies. [gods).
 to engage a teacher (ku⁴ kung¹ jên²).
 to employ a secretary of criminal law.
 to ask for instructions.
 please return, good day, good bye (kao³ tz'ü²).
 to announce, please tell me.
 to have a feast (pai³ chiu² hsi²). [leaving).
 don't let us stand on ceremony (by guest on
 please do not escort me farther.
 beg that his life be spared for sake of his parents.
 to request commands, to ask permission.
 to call a midwife.
 invite you to bear the guests company.
 cannot get him to come.
 cannot move him by invitations.
 please go into your carriage !
 please take the upper seat.
 to ask mandarin for instructions or orders.
 to call a midwife.
 request him to come (chiao⁴ t'a¹ lai²).
 to call a doctor.
 please come to my poor abode.
 please come to the study.
 stop only after we get him here.
 invitation card.
 please listen to the play.
 pray be seated, please take a seat.
 to report to the emperor.
 to confess a fault ; to ask for punishment.
 to enquire, please tell me.
 to call a professor of geomancy.
 a hundred mu³ ; cautious, careful ; a moment,
 a short time, temporarily (chan⁴ shih²).
 will be here in a moment.
 land, soil, acres.
 a hundred mu³.
 to glance at cursorily.

ch'ing ³	木	繫 ^{232a408c}	a tall hemp used for rope.
ch'ing ³ -ma ²		蔴	same.
CH'ING ⁴	心	慶 ^{231c409c}	excellent, beneficial, happy, blessed.
ch'ing ⁴ -chia ¹ -chieh ²		嘉節	festival congratulations.
ch'ing ⁴ -ho ⁴		慶賀	to congratulate (tao ⁴ hsi ³).
ch'ing ⁴ -ho ⁴ -yüan ² -tan ⁴		慶賀元旦	new year's congratulations.
ch'ing ⁴ -hsi ³		慶喜	to congratulate and rejoice, to felicitate.
ch'ing ⁴ -hsin ¹ -nien ²		慶新年	new year's congratulations.
ch'ing ⁴ -kung ¹		慶功	congratulations on being rewarded.
ch'ing ⁴ -shang ³ -chung ¹		慶賞中秋	congratulations on the 15th of the 8th moon.
ch'ing ⁴ -shang ³ -hua ¹		慶賞花燈	illuminations on festivals.
ch'ing ⁴ -shou ⁴		慶壽	congratulations on an old person's birthday.
ch'ing ⁴ -tiao ⁴		慶弔	congratulations and condolences (tiao ⁴ sang ¹).
ch'ing ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴		慶賜	congratulations on being rewarded, etc.
ch'ing ⁴	石	磬 ^{231b409a}	a musical stone used as a bell; inverted bell in
ch'ing ⁴ -yin ¹		磬音	the sound of the ch'ing ⁴ .
ch'ing ⁴	缶	罄 ^{231c408c}	an empty jar; exhausted.
ch'ing ⁴ -chin ⁴		罄淨	exhausted, used up, finished.
ch'ing ⁴ -ching ⁴		罄盡	all gone.
CHIU ¹	穴	究 ^{237b415b}	to investigate, to scrutinize; finally, at last.
chiu ¹ -ch'a ²		究察	to examine, to investigate.
chiu ¹ -ch'i ² -shih ²		究其實	in point of fact, after all.
chiu ¹ -chiang ³		究講	to examine, to investigate.
chiu ¹ -chih ⁴		究治	to examine and punish.
chiu ¹ -ching ⁴		究竟	after all, at last, finally (tao ⁴ ti ³).
chiu ¹ -ch'ing ³ -wên ⁴ -shih ⁴		究情問事	to investigate an affair; inquisitive. [gate,
chiu ¹ -chui ¹		究追	recover stolen goods by prosecution; to investi-
chiu ¹ -pan ⁴		究辦	to investigate and settle a case.
chiu ¹ -shu ² -pu ⁴ -ho ⁴		究屬不合	after all it is not suitable.
chiu ¹ -wên ⁴		究問	to investigate, to interrogate.
chiu ¹	口	咎 ^{241b415b}	error, fault, transgression, crime.
chiu ¹ -lei ²		咎戾	same (chi ⁴ wang ³ pu ⁴ chiu ⁴).
chiu ¹ -tsui ⁴		咎罪	a crime, a criminal.
chiu ¹	手	摯 ^{235b998b}	to seize, to grasp, to gather, to pull up.
chiu ¹ -hsia ¹ -i ² -liu ³		揪下一緒	to catch one strand.
chiu ¹ -hui ² -lai ²		揪回來	caught and brought back.
chiu ¹ -pien ⁴ -tzu ³		揪辮子	to catch hold of the queue.
chiu ¹ -t'a ¹ -lai ²		揪他來	grasp him and bring him here.
chiu ¹ -t'ou ² -ts'ai ³ -fa ³		揪頭採髮	to grapple with.
chiu ¹	糸	糾 ^{238b414b}	twist, involve.
chiu ¹ -heng ⁴ -sha ¹ -jên ²		糾衆殺人	to collect a mob and commit murder.

chiu¹-ho⁴ 料合
 chiu¹ 鳥鳩 鳩 238a412a
 chiu¹-neng³-huan⁴-yu³ 鳩能喚雨
 chiu¹ 木 柩 239b415c
 chiu¹ 門 闔 241c412c
 chiu¹ 闔

CHIU³ 西 酒 236a999b
 chiu³-cha¹-tzü³ 酒渣
 chiu³-chêng⁴ 酒政
 chiu³-ch'i⁴ 酒氣
 chiu³-ch'ien³ 酒錢
 chiu³-chih¹ 酒厄
 chiu³-ch'ü³ 酒釀
 chiu³-chung¹ 酒盅
 chiu³-fan¹ 酒坊
 chiu³-fêng¹ 酒瘋
 chiu³-fêng²-chih⁴-chi³ 酒逢知己
 chiu³-hou⁴-wu³-tê⁴ 酒後無德
 chiu³-hsi³ 酒席
 chiu³-hsing¹ 酒興
 chiu³-hsing³ 酒醒
 chiu³-hu³ 酒壺
 chiu³-jou⁴ 酒肉
 chiu³-jou⁴-p'ên¹-yu³ 酒肉朋友
 chiu³-kang¹ 酒缸
 chiu³-kuan³ 酒館
 chiu³-k'uang² 酒狂
 chiu³-kuei³ 酒鬼
 chiu³-li⁴ 酒力
 chiu³-liang⁴ 酒量
 chiu³-lien³ 酒帘
 chiu³-liu⁴-tzü³ 酒溜子
 chiu³-lou³ 酒樓
 chiu³-lou³ 酒簍
 chiu³-lou⁴-tzü³ 酒漏子
 chiu³-nang²-fan⁴-tai⁴ 酒囊飯袋
 chiu³-nêng³-ch'êng³-shih⁴ 酒能成事
 chiu³-pao³ 酒保
 chiu³-pei¹ 酒杯
 chiu³-ping³ 酒餅
 chiu³-p'ing³ 酒瓶
 chiu³-p'u⁴ 酒舖

to bring (people) together. [pan¹ chin¹].
 a pigeon, a dove; to assemble; to rest (ko¹ tzü³)
 the pigeon can call raiu.
 a corpse in a coffin (ling³ chiu¹).
 a lottery, a ballot, a teetotum, a humming-top.
 same (nien¹ chiu¹).
 any kind of fermented liquors (shao³ chiu³).
 sediment of wine.
 a cup-bearer at court.
 (breath) smelling of wine.
 bonus to employée; a cumshaw (k'ao⁴ lao⁴).
 a wine siphon, a wine vessel.
 a ferment for making spirits.
 a small wine cup.
 a distillery.
 delirium tremens (chiu³ k'uang², fa²-chiu³ fêng¹).
 wine given an intimate friend.
 after wine, no virtue.
 a dinner, a banquet.
 exhilarated with drink.
 to recover from the effects of drink.
 a wine pot.
 "wine and meat," a dinner.
 sunshine friends.
 a wine jar.
 an eating house, a wine-shop, tavern.
 delirium tremens.
 a tippler, a sot.
 the strength of wine.
 a person's capacity for wine.
 a tavern sign (a flag).
 a funnel (chiu³ lou⁴ tzü³).
 a wine-shop; restaurant.
 a wine basket.
 a funnel.
 "wine bag, rice sack," a worthless person.
 wine can complete affairs.
 a tavern waiter.
 a wine cup or glass.
 a ferment for making spirits.
 a wine bottle.
 a wine shop (kuan³, lou³, tien⁴).

chiu³.sê⁴
 chiu³.sê⁴.chih¹.t'u²
 chiu³.sê⁴.ts'ai².ch'i⁴
 chiu³.ssü⁴
 chiu³.t'an⁴.tzü³
 chiu³.t'i³
 chiu³.tien⁴
 chiu³.ts'ai⁴
 chiu³.tsao¹.tzü³
 chiu³.tsêng⁴
 chiu³.tsui⁴.fan⁴.pao³
 chiu³.tsun⁴
 chiu³.t'u³
 chiu³.wo¹
 chiu³
 chiu³.ch'êng⁵
 chiu³.chiang¹
 chiu³.ch'ing¹
 chiu³.chiu³
 chiu³.chiu³.ho².shu⁴
 chiu³.chiu³.hsiao¹.han³
 chiu³.chiu³.kuei¹.i¹
 chiu³.chou¹
 chiu³.chou¹.ssü⁴.hai³
 chiu³.ch'üan²
 chiu³.ch'ung²
 chiu³.ho²
 chiu³.hsiao¹.yün².wai⁴
 chiu³.hsing²
 chiu³.ko⁴
 chiu³.liu²
 chiu³.mên²
 chiu³.pei⁴.tzü³
 chiu³.p'in³
 chiu³.shih²
 chiu³.ssü³.i¹.shêng¹
 chiu³.tai⁴
 chiu³.t'ien²
 chiu³.tsu²
 chiu³.yüeh⁴.chiu³
 chiu³
 chiu³.ch'ung²

酒色
 酒色之徒
 酒色財氣
 酒肆
 酒罈子
 酒提
 酒店
 酒菜
 酒糟子
 酒甑
 酒醉飯飽
 酒罇
 酒徒
 酒窩
 乙 九^{237a413a}
 九城
 九江
 九卿
 九九
 九九合數
 九九消寒
 九九歸一
 九州
 九州四海
 九泉
 九重
 九合
 九霄雲外
 * 九刑
 九個
 九流
 九門
 九輩子
 † 九品
 九十
 九死一生
 † 九代
 九天
 九族
 九月九
 久^{238c413c}
 久長

" wine and women," dissipation, debauchery.
 a debauchee.
 wine, lust, avarice, passion.
 a wine shop.
 a wine jar (wêng⁴).
 a kind of wine ladle.
 an inn, a public-house.
 " wine and vegetables," a dinner.
 remains of malt.
 a distiller's vat.
 to have eaten and drunk one's fill.
 a wine bottle.
 a sot, a tippler, a drunkard.
 dimples in the cheeks.
 nine (written on bills, etc., 玖).
 a name of Peking.
 Kiukiang (opened 1858).
 ministers, palace officials. R. 342.
 { numbering, arithmetic, eighty-one; the eighty-
 \ one days of winter.
 a multiplication table, as far as 9 times.
 the cold is over. [ti³].
 finally, at last (chiu¹ ching⁴, chung¹ chiu³, tao⁴)
 the nine provinces, everywhere. R. 340.
 i. e., China.
 " nine springs," hell; the grave (huang² ch'üan²).
 " nine heavens"—the throne hall.
 universal (p'u² t'ien¹ hsia⁴).
 in the heavens beyond the clouds.
 the nine Chinese punishments.
 nine.
 the nine schools of philosophy.
 a name of Peking.
 the nine generations. See Note 17.
 the nine ranks or grades. R. 344.
 ninety, nine or ten (shih² ko⁴ pa¹ ko⁴).
 a very narrow escape of one's life.
 the nine generations.
 the nine divisions of Buddhist paradise.
 the nine generations.
 ch'ung² yang² festival (重陽節).
 a long time, lasting.
 same (hao³ chiu³).

* Note 15.

† Note 16.

‡ Note 17.

chiu³-chia⁴-pu⁴-kuei¹ 久假不歸
 chiu³-chiao¹ 久交
 chiu³-chun⁴ 久住
 chiu³-êr¹h²-chiu³-chih¹ 久而久之
 chiu³-êr¹h²-tū¹-ming² 久而自明
 chiu³-fan²-chih¹-ti⁴ 久反之地
 chiu³-hun⁴ 久旱
 chiu³-hou⁴-to¹-shih² 久候多時
 chiu³-hou⁴ 久後
 chiu³-i³ 久已
 chiu³-kuan⁴ 久慣
 chiu³-liu² 久留
 chiu³-mu⁴ 久慕
 chiu³-pieh³ 久別
 chiu³-pu⁴-lai²-wang³ 久不來往
 chiu³-wei² 久違
 chiu³-wên² 久聞
 chiu³-yang³ 久仰
 chiu³-yūan³ 久遠
 chiu³ 鍾廿 (非^{239b414a})
 chiu³ 非 (非
 chiu³-huang³ 非黃
 chiu³-ts'ui⁴ 非菜
 chiu³ 玉九 玖^{239a413c}

a thing borrowed a long time is not returned.
 a long intercourse.
 to live long in one place.
 as time went on.
 time will make it plain.
 a place long noted for rebelliousness.
 a long drought.
 a long delay.
 afterwards.
 long since, for a long time.
 long accustomed to.
 to keep a long time.
 long thought on with regard.
 long separated.
 long without any intercourse. [(shao³ chien⁴).
 same, said by friends on meeting after separation
 I have long heard of (complimentary).
 I have long desired to meet you (complimentary).
 a long time, lasting, for ever.
 leeks, scallions.
 same (ts'ung¹).
 same.
 leeks, scallions.
 nine, a kind of jade.

CHIU⁴ 支 救^{239c415a}
 chiu⁴-chi² 救急
 chiu⁴-chi²-hui²-shêng¹ 救急回生
 chiu⁴-chi²-liang²-fang¹ 救急良方
 chiu⁴-chi⁴ 救濟
 chiu⁴-chia⁴ 救駕
 chiu⁴-chu³ 救主
 chiu⁴-ch'u¹-shui³-huo³ 救出水火
 chiu⁴-hsing¹ 救星
 chiu⁴-hu⁴ 救護
 chiu⁴-hu⁴-ch'uan³ 救護船
 chiu⁴-huo³ 救火
 chiu⁴-huo³-ti¹ 救火的
 chiu⁴-jên² 救人
 chiu⁴-jên²-chi¹-chi² 救人之急
 chiu⁴-k'u³ 救苦
 chiu⁴-ming⁴ 救命
 chiu⁴-ming⁴-chih¹-ên¹ 救命之恩

to succor, to rescue, to save, to cure (chou¹ chi⁴).
 to remove embarrassment, to tide over difficulty.
 it quickly restores to life, e.g., a medicine.
 a good prescription for severe disease.
 to relieve, to succor (ch'êng³ chiu⁴).
 to rescue the emperor.
 the Saviour (Jesus Christ).
 to save from fire and flood.
 a rescue.
 to rescue, to save, to succor.
 a life boat.
 to extinguish a fire, to save from fire.
 firemen (tsou³ liao³ shui³ liao³).
 to rescue a person
 to succor in extremity.
 to relieve from distress.
 to save life; save life! murder!
 the favor of saving one's life.

chiu ⁴ -nan ²	救難	to relieve from difficulty.
chiu ⁴ -pa ²	救拔	to save, to rescue
chiu ⁴ -ping ¹	救兵	a rescuing army.
chiu ⁴ -shêng ¹ -chü ²	救生局	a life-saving institution.
chiu ⁴ -shêng ¹ -ch'uan ²	救生船	a life-boat.
chiu ⁴ -shih ⁴	救世	to save the age or world.
chiu ⁴ -ying ⁴	救應	to help, to succor.
chiu ⁴ -yüan ²	救援	to help.
chiu ⁴	尤	[M. 32, 104, 527.
chiu ⁴ -chi ²	就	to approach, consequently, then; to complete
chiu ⁴ -chiao ⁴ -t'a ¹ -lai ²	就急他來	to suit the emergency, to meet the case (chien ⁴ call him at once. [ching ² shêng ¹ ch'ing ²).
chiu ⁴ -fu ²	就俯	to accommodate to, to make the best of. (chiang ⁴
chiu ⁴ -lai ²	就來	I will come immediately (ma ² shang ⁴). [chiu ⁴
chiu ⁴ -pien ⁴	就便	then it will be convenient.
chiu ⁴ -shih ⁴	就是	consequently it is, it is just.
chiu ⁴ -shou ²	就手	along with, while one's hand is in.
chiu ⁴ -shou ² -ch'ü ⁴ -tso ⁴	就手去做	go and do it at your convenience.
chiu ⁴ -ta ¹	就搭	to make a thing answer.
chiu ⁴ -ta ² -cho ²	就打著	even if—even on the supposition.
chiu ⁴ -tê ² -liao ²	就得了	will do very well.
chiu ⁴ -ti ¹ -chêng ⁴ -fa ²	就地正法	to execute summarily.
chiu ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -chê ⁴ -rh ²	就在這兒	it is here.
chiu ⁴ -t'zû ²	就此	now, then, instantly.
chiu ⁴	舊	[(ku ² , ch'ên ²).
chiu ⁴ -chang ¹	舊章	old (applied to time, persons, places or things)
chiu ⁴ -chiao ¹	舊交	the ancient regulations.
chiu ⁴ -chih ⁴	舊制	an old acquaintanceship.
chiu ⁴ -chin ¹ -shan ¹	舊金山	the ancient practice.
chiu ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴ -hsin ¹ -lai ²	舊去新來	California (hsin ¹ chin ¹ shan ¹).
chiu ⁴ -hao ²	舊好	the old goes, and then the new comes.
chiu ⁴ -huo ² -ch'ü ⁴	舊夥計	former friendship, etc.
chiu ⁴ -i ¹	舊衣	old partners or comrades.
chiu ⁴ -jih ⁴	舊日	old clothes (ku ⁴ i ¹ p'u ⁴).
chiu ⁴ -li ⁴	舊例	in old or former times.
chiu ⁴ -liu ²	舊留	an old precedent.
chiu ⁴ -nien ²	舊年	to have kept a long time.
chiu ⁴ -ping ⁴	舊病	last year (kuo ⁴ nien ² , ch'ü ⁴ nien ²).
chiu ⁴ -ping ⁴ -fu ⁴ -fa ¹	舊病復發	an old complaint.
chiu ⁴ -shih ²	舊時	the recurrence of an old complaint.
chiu ⁴ -shih ⁴	舊事	in old or former times.
chiu ⁴ -wu ⁴	舊物	an old matter.
chiu ⁴ -yang ⁴	舊樣	old things (ku ² tung ²).
chiu ⁴ -yo ⁴	舊約	old style.
		the Old Testament.

chiu ⁴ -yu ³		舊友		an old friend.
chiu ⁴	日	舅 ^{241a414b}		a maternal uncle (shu ²).
chiu ⁴ -chin ⁴		舅舅		same (shu ² shu ²).
chiu ⁴ -fu ⁴		舅父		same.
chiu ⁴ -ku ¹		舅姑		a husband's father and mother.
chiu ⁴ -ma ¹		舅媽		a mother's brother's wife.
chiu ⁴ -mu ³		舅母		same.
chiu ⁴ -shêng ¹ -nü ³		舅甥女		uncle and niece.
chiu ⁴ (tzu)	日	臼 ^{240c414c}		a mortar (ch'u ³).
chiu ⁴	广 廐	廐 ^{241b415c}		a stable (ma ³ hao ⁴).
CH'IU ¹	禾 隴	秋 ^{242a1000a}		autumn (ch'un ¹ ch'in ¹ ssü' chi').
ch'iu ¹ -chêng ¹ -kuan ¹		秋正官		officials of Board of Punishment.
ch'iu ¹ -chi ⁴		秋季		the autumn season.
ch'iu ¹ -ching ³		秋景		the autumn harvest.
ch'iu ¹ -fên ¹		秋分		the autumnal equinox; a term. See Note 21.
ch'iu ¹ -fêng ¹ -liang ³		秋風涼		autumn winds are cold.
ch'iu ¹ -hai ³ -t'ang ³		秋海棠		a sort of flower.
ch'iu ¹ -ho ³		秋禾		autumn crops.
ch'iu ¹ -hou ⁴		秋後		in the autumn, after li ⁴ ch'iu ¹ , [criminals.
ch'iu ¹ -mao ⁴		秋帽		cloth hat worn in autumn.
ch'iu ¹ -shên ³		秋審		the autumnal assizes.
ch'iu ¹ -shou ¹		秋收		autumn harvest.
ch'iu ¹	革	鞞 ^{243a1001b}		crupper (chon ¹ kun ⁴).
ch'iu ¹ -ch'ien ¹		鞞鞞		a swing (as used by children).
ch'iu ¹ -ch'ien ¹ -chia ⁴ -tzu ³		鞞鞞架子		the frame of a swing.
ch'iu ¹ -p'ei ⁴		鞞轡		reins (chiang ¹ shêng ²).
ch'iu ¹	一 坵	丘 ^{243b416a}		a mound; a name of Confucius (邱) (read mou).
ch'iu ¹ -ling ³		丘陵		a mound, an eminence.
ch'iu ¹ -tzu ³		丘子		a brick grave above ground.
ch'iu ¹ -tsai ⁴ -ch'êng ³ -hsia ⁴		坵在城下		the grave-mound is beneath the city-wall.
ch'iu ¹ -tsai ⁴ -i ⁴ -ti ⁴	土	坵在義地		the grave-mound is in the cemetery.
ch'iu ¹	虫	蚯 ^{243b416b}		earth-worm.
ch'iu ¹ -yin ³		蚯蚓		same.
ch'iu ¹	木	楸 ^{242c1001a}		catalpa tree, like walnut.
ch'iu ¹	魚 鮓	鮓 ^{243a1001b}		a kind of eel (ui ³ ch'iu ¹).
CH'IU ³	水	求 ^{243c416b}		to supplicate, to entreat, to invite, to seek.
ch'iu ³ -ch'ang ³ -ming ⁴		求長命		to desire a long life.
ch'iu ³ -chieh ⁴		求借		to beg, to borrow.
ch'iu ³ -ch'ien ¹		求籤		to divine by drawing slips of wood. See Note 11
ch'iu ³ -ch'in ¹ -kao ⁴ -yu ³		求親告友		to appeal to relatives and friends.
ch'iu ³ -ch'ing ³		求情		to ask for a person's influence, to ask a favor.

ch'iu ² -ch'ing ³	求請	to entreat (ai ¹ kao ⁴).
ch'iu ² -chin ⁴	求救	to intercede for, to beg to be saved, etc.
ch'iu ² -ch'iu ⁴ -wu ² -mên ³	求救無門	unable to save one's self.
ch'iu ² -ch'ian ² -tsê ³ -pei ⁴	求全責備	to find fault with because not perfection.
ch'iu ² -ên ¹	求恩	to beg favour.
ch'iu ² -fu ³	求福	to pray for happiness.
ch'iu ² -fu ³ -mien ³ -huo ⁴	求福免禍	to pray for happiness, and escape misfortune.
ch'iu ² -hsien ¹ -chia ¹	求仙家	to invoke fairies, etc.
ch'iu ² -hun ¹	求婚	to solicit an alliance.
ch'iu ² -jao ³	求饒	to beg forgiveness.
ch'iu ² -jên ³	求人	to entreat of a person.
ch'iu ² -kiao ⁴	求告	to pray (tao ³ kao ⁴).
ch'iu ² -ko ⁴ -jên ² -ch'ing ²	求個人情	to ask for a person's influence.
ch'iu ² -kung ¹ -ming ²	求功名	to seek for distinction at examination.
ch'iu ² -li ⁴	求利	to seek for profit.
ch'iu ² -ming ³	求名	to seek fame or reputation.
ch'iu ² -pang ¹	求幫	to beg for help.
ch'iu ² -pu ⁴ -tê ³	求不得	to intercede in vain, entreaty of no avail.
ch'iu ² -shang ³	求賞	to beg for a reward.
ch'iu ² -shên ³	求神	to entreat the gods.
ch'iu ² -ssü ⁴	求嗣	to use means, by prayer, etc., to obtain an heir.
ch'iu ² -t'ien ¹	求天	to entreat Heaven.
ch'iu ² -ts'ai ²	求財	to seek wealth.
ch'iu ² -tsei ³ -tê ² cho ²	求則得着	ask and ye shall receive (from Mencius).
ch'iu ² -tzü ³	求子	to pray for a son.
ch'iu ² -yü ³	求雨	to pray for rain (ch'i ² yü ³).
ch'iu ²	囚 ^{245b811b}	to imprison, to fetter; a prison, a criminal.
ch'iu ² -ch'ê ¹	囚車	a prison cart.
ch'iu ² -chin ⁴	囚禁	to confine in a cage or prison.
ch'iu ² -fan ⁴	囚犯	a prisoner, a criminal (chien ⁴ fan ⁴)
ch'iu ² -lung ³	囚籠	a cage for criminals.
ch'iu ² -ti ¹ -huang ¹	囚的慌	"cabined, cribbed, confined."
ch'iu ²	是 ^{245a417b}	to join, to unite.
ch'iu ² -ho ²	是合	same
ch'iu ²	玉球 ^{244c417b}	a globe, an orb, a sphere (ti ch'iu ²).
ch'iu ² (tzü)	毛球 ^{244b417a}	a ball (such as children play with).
ch'iu ²	衣裘 ^{244c416c}	fur clothing.
CH'IU ³	米糗 ^{245c418a}	cooked rice.
ch'iu ³ -liang ²	糗糧	cured dry grain.
CHIUNG ³	穴窘 ^{246a419b}	straitened, embarrassed, pressed
chiung ³ -ch'ü ⁴ -liao ³	窘住了	very poor.

chiung³-po¹ 窘迫
 chiung³ 迥迥 247c422b
 chiung³-pu⁴·hsiang⁴-
 [t'ung²] 迥不相同

CH'IUNG² 穴 窮 窮 246c420b
 ch'iung²-chi²-liao³ 窮極了
 ch'iung²-chia¹ 窮家
 ch'iung²-chia¹-fu¹-lu¹ 窮家富路
 ch'iung²-hia¹ 窮究
 ch'iung²-êrh²-cha⁴-fu⁴ 窮兒乍富
 ch'iung²-fa² 窮乏
 ch'iung²-han⁴ 窮漢
 ch'iung²-han⁴-shih⁴ 窮漢市
 ch'iung²-h-siang¹ 窮相
 ch'iung²-huo⁴-t'an¹ 窮貨攤
 ch'iung²-jên² 窮人
 ch'iung²-jih⁴-tzu³ 窮日子
 ch'iung²-k'u³ 窮苦
 ch'iung²-k'un⁴ 窮困
 ch'iung²-pu⁴-kuo⁴-t'a¹ 窮不過他
 ch'iung²-pu⁴-liao³-ni³ 窮不了你
 ch'iung²-shih²-kuang¹ 窮時光
 ch'iung²-suan¹ 窮酸
 ch'iung²-tao⁴-ti³-la¹ 窮到底喇
 ch'iung² 穴 穹 穹 246b420a
 ch'iung²-ts'ang¹ 穹蒼
 ch'iung² 玉 瓊 瓊 247c421c
 ch'iung²-chou¹ 瓊州

very poor.
 unlike, far apart.
 by no means alike.

to exhaust, extremity; poor (p'iu²),
 extremely poor (ming¹ ch'iung²)
 a poor family. [money.
 at home poor, abroad you must have plenty of
 to thoroughly investigate (chui¹ chiu¹).
 upstart riches.
 impoverished, extremely poor (p'in² han²).
 a poor man.
 poor man's market (cheapest goods).
 poverty-stricken appearance.
 variety stand.
 a poor person.
 poor living (kuo⁴ ch'iung² jih⁴ tzu³).
 wretched, miserable, squalid.
 exhausted; in straits.
 can't be poorer than he.
 can't make you poor.
 in poor circumstances,
 the poor man's garlic (i. e., cheap food).
 extreme of poverty.
 high; heaven.
 the heavens (ts'ang¹ t'ien¹).
 a beautiful kind of jade (yü¹ ch'i⁴).
 Hai-nan, an island off Kuang-tung.

CHO¹ 木 { 桌 248a82a
 cho¹ 桌 248b82a
 cho¹-ch'ün³ 桌裙
 cho¹-i¹-tzu³ 桌衣子
 cho¹-i³ 桌椅
 cho¹-mien⁴ 桌面
 cho¹-tan¹ 桌單
 cho¹-têng¹ 桌燈
 cho¹-têng¹-i¹-tui⁴ 桌燈一對
 cho¹-wei¹ 桌帷 (桌圍)
 cho¹ 手 拙 拙 249b83c
 cho¹-chi⁴ 拙計
 cho¹-ch'iao³ 拙巧
 cho¹-:hien⁴-shih² 拙見識

a table (pa¹ hsien¹ cho¹, k'ang⁴ cho¹, i³ cho¹).
 same.
 hanging cloth in front of table, e.g., in yamens.
 a table cover.
 tables and chairs.
 the top of a table.
 a table cover.
 a table lamp.
 a pair of table lamps.
 a table cover (Chinese).
 unskilful, unable to learn, stupid (ch'un²).
 a stupid plan.
 stupid and clever.
 stupid comprehension (modest).

cho¹-ching¹ 拙荆
 cho¹-pên⁴ 拙笨
 cho-pi³ 拙筆
 cho¹-tsu³-pên⁴-sai¹ 拙嘴笨腮
 cho¹ 才 捉 250a82b
 cho¹-chien¹ 捉姦
 cho¹-chü⁴-liao³ 捉住了
 cho¹-huo⁴ 捉獲
 cho¹-na³ 捉拿
 cho¹-nung⁴ 捉弄
 cho¹-shou³ 捉手
 cho¹-tao¹ 捉刀
 cho¹-tsai³ 捉賊
 cho¹-yao¹ 捉妖
 cho¹ 水 涿 250a82c

"a dull thorn," my wife.
 stupid (yü¹ cho¹).
 [manship.
 "an unskilful pen," a bad writer, my poor pen-
 a bungler in speech.
 to grasp, to seize, to lay hold of (chü¹),
 to seize an adulterer.
 grasped.
 to arrest, to apprehend.
 to seize, to apprehend
 to meddle or busy one's self with.
 to grasp the hand.
 to grasp a knife or sword.
 to apprehend a thief or rebel.
 to seize evil spirits
 flowing down in drops, trickling.

CHO² 濁 250b83a
 cho²-ch'i⁴ 濁氣
 cho²-ch'i⁴-wei²-ti⁴ 濁氣爲地
 cho²-chih⁴ 濁志
 cho²-ch'ing¹ 濁清
 cho²-shui³ 濁水
 cho²-t'an³ 濁痰
 cho² 羊 着 248c80a
 cho² 艸 廿 著 265a90b
 cho²-chin³ 著緊
 cho²-chun³-k'o³-chü¹ 著準可據
 cho²-i⁴ 著意
 cho²-jên² 著人
 cho²-jên²-ch'ü⁴ 著人去
 cho²-jên²-lai² 著人來
 cho²-lao⁴ 著落
 cho²-li⁴ 著力
 cho² ling⁴ 著令
 cho²-shih³ 著實
 cho²-shih⁴ 著事
 cho²-shui³ 著水
 cho² 酉 酌 250c81b
 cho²-chü³ 酌酒
 cho²-i⁴ 酌義
 cho²-liang³ 酌量
 cho²-to² 酌奪
 cho² 玉 琢 250a82c

thick, foul, muddy water ; obscure (hun⁴).
 blind with rage.
 the turbid elements make the earth.
 to commit suicide.
 muddy and clear.
 muddy water.
 mucus, phlegm. [chao².
 to order, to command ; it is so, yes. M: 50. See
 same.
 diligent, energetic (yin¹ ch'in²).
 undoubtedly.
 intentionally (t'ei⁴ i⁴).
 (a disease) is infectious.
 to tell a person to go (chiao⁴ t'a¹ lai²).
 to tell a person to come.
 resting place, home ; dependence.
 to exert one's strength (shên¹ chin⁴, shih² chin⁴).
 to set forth an order.
 really, truly (shih² tsai⁴).
 to get into trouble.
 to get wet (shih¹ tzü⁴ tzü⁴ ti¹)
 to pour out wine ; to consult, to deliberate.
 to pour out wine (ching⁴ chü³).
 to think over, deliberate (shang¹ liang⁴).
 to consult, to deliberate (chên¹ cho²).
 same (shang¹ i⁴). [ts'o².
 to work precious stones, to cut, to carve See

- cho²-mo² 琢磨
 cho² (t-zü) 金 鑄 250b83a to work jewels, to rub, to polish.
 cho²-t'ou² 鑄頭
 cho² 水 濯 250c83b bracelet (chui⁴ tzü², êrh³ huan²).
 cho²-shou² 濯手 same.
 cho²-tzu⁴ 濯足 to wash, to cleanse, to purify (hsi²).
 to wash the hands.
 to wash the feet.
- CHO⁴ 卓 卓 24Sa82a lofty, eminent.
 cho⁴-jan³-t-zü⁴-li⁴ 卓然自立 profound and self-established.
 cho⁴-yüeh⁴-jên²-ch'ün³ 卓越人羣 excelling the mass of men.
- CH⁰1 戠 戠 302a84c to stab, to pierce, to stamp.
 ch'o¹-chi⁴ 戠記 impression of a stamp. viséd ; a chop.
 ch'o¹-pao² 戠薄 to taunt, to tease.
 ch'o¹-t-zü⁴ 戠子 a stamp, e.g., personal name.
 ch'o¹-yin⁴ 戠印 a stamp (small officials), to stamp (kuan⁴ yin⁴).
- CH⁰2 手 擗 302a84c to strike, to push, to jar, to harpoon.
 ch'o²-li²-o²-shou³ 擗了手 to jar the hand.
 ch'o²-p'ên⁴ 擗碰 to rush against ; a collision.
 ch'o²-sha² 擗紗 to embroider (hsiu⁴).
- CH⁰4 糸 綽 252b84a slow ; wide, roomy, extensive (k'uan¹ ch'o⁴).
 ch'o⁴-ch'o⁴-yu³-yü² 綽綽有餘 abundant, full.
 ch'o⁴-hao⁴ 綽號 a nickname, a fancy, name (wai⁴ hao⁴).
 ch'o⁴ (ch'u) 角 觸 276a99b to gore, to thrust, to hit against ; to excite.
 ch'o⁴-fan⁴ 觸犯 to offend purposely.
 ch'o⁴-mu⁴-ching¹-hsin¹ 觸目驚心 to strike the eye and rouse the mind, e.g., a book.
 ch'o⁴-nu⁴ 觸怒 to excite to anger.
 ch'o⁴-ta⁴-hung¹-hsiao² 觸大哄小 angering adults and cheating children.
 ch'o⁴-tung⁴ 觸動 to stir up, quicken, provoke.
 ch'o⁴-tung⁴-hsin¹-chi¹ 觸動心機 to excite the heart.
- CHOU¹ 口 周 253b47a to go around, to surround ; to complete
 chou¹-chang¹ 周張 repeatedly, again and again ; hastily.
 chou¹-ch'ao² 周朝 the Chou dynasty (from B. C. 1122, to B. C. 255).
 chou¹-chê³ 周折 an angle.
 chou¹-chêng⁴ 周正 to straighten ; to complete ; correct, complete
 chou¹-chi⁴ 周濟 (賙) to assist, to bestow, to supply, to receive (fang⁴
 chou¹-ch'üan³ 周全 to complete, complete (ch'êng² ch'üan²). [chêu⁴).
 chou¹-êrh²-fu⁴-shih² 周而復始 to begin again.
 chou¹-hsüan² 周旋 to circulate, to go round, to bring matters round,
 chou¹-i¹ 周易 the I King of Chou Kung (Book of Changes).

<i>chou¹-kung¹</i>	周公	4th son of Wên Wang, a sage. R. 20.
<i>chou¹-liu²</i>	周流	to rove about, to wander (mo ² yu ²). [cins.
<i>chou¹-liu²-lieh⁴-kuo²</i>	周流列國	traversing various countries (usually of Confu-
<i>chou¹-liu²-shih⁴-chih⁴</i>	周流世界	to roam over the world.
<i>chou¹-mi¹</i>	周密	close, compact, crowded; secret (ch'ou ² mi ⁴).
<i>chou¹-pei⁴</i>	周備	fully prepared (ch'i ² pei ⁴).
<i>chou¹-pien⁴</i>	周徧	to extend to every place.
<i>chou¹-shên¹</i>	周身	all round the body (hun ⁴ shên ¹).
<i>chou¹-tao⁴</i>	周到	everywhere; entire, complete; considerate.
<i>chou¹.tao⁴</i>	周道	a royal road or way.
<i>chou¹-wei²</i>	周圍	all round; to surround, surrounding.
<i>chou¹</i>	週 <small>是 週</small>	to revolve, to circulate, to turn round.
<i>chou¹-chuan²-pu⁴-k'ai⁴</i>	週轉不開	can't make ends meet.
<i>chou¹-lin²</i>	週流	to revolve, to circulate.
<i>chou¹-nien²</i>	週年	revolving years, anniversary.
<i>chou¹-sui⁴</i>	週歲	a full year.
<i>chou¹-wei</i>	週圍	to surround, all round.
<i>chou¹</i>	州 <small>川</small>	a division, a department.
<i>chou¹-fu²</i>	州府	departments and prefectures; a region.
<i>chou¹-hsien⁴.kuan¹</i>	州縣官	a district magistrate (chih ¹ chou ¹).
<i>chou¹-li³</i>	州里	a neighbourhood (lin ² li ³).
<i>chou¹-p'an⁴</i>	州判	second class assist. department magistrate.
<i>chou¹-t'ung²</i>	州同	first class assist. department magistrate.
<i>chou¹</i>	舟 <small>舟</small>	a boat (ch'uan ² , fang ¹ chou ¹).
<i>chou¹-ch'ê¹</i>	舟車	boats and carts, land and water carriage.
<i>chou¹-p'êng²</i>	舟篷	the mat covering of a boat.
<i>chou¹-shan¹</i>	舟山	the island of Chusan off Chekiang province.
<i>chou¹</i>	米 <small>粥</small>	rice water and gruel, congee (la ⁴ pa ¹ chou ¹).
<i>chou¹-sh'ang²</i>	粥廠	{ a shed in which congee is distributed to the poor.
<i>chou¹</i>	水 <small>洲</small>	an island, a continent.
<i>chou¹-tao³</i>	洲島	islands (hai ³ tao ³).
<i>chou¹</i>	言 <small>譏</small>	jest, rail; also <i>tsou</i> ¹ .
<i>chou¹-huan²</i>	譏 <small>譏</small>	exaggerations and lies.
CHOU²	女 <small>妯</small>	brothers' wives (sao ²).
<i>chou²-li³</i>	妯娌	wives of the eldest and second son.
<i>chou²-(tzu)</i>	車 <small>軸</small>	an axle-tree, a roller. Numerative of pictures.
CHOU³ (ch'u)	竹 <small>箒</small>	a broom (t'iao ³ chou ³ , sao ⁴ chou ³).
<i>chou³</i>	巾 <small>帚</small>	same.
<i>chou³-(tzu)</i>	肉 <small>肘</small>	the elbow (ko ¹ pang ³ chou ³).
<i>chou³-yeh⁴</i>	肘 <small>腋</small>	under the armpit; the side (ko ³ yeh ⁴).

CHOU ⁴	糸	縐 ^{254c962b}	a kind of crape ; ruffled.
chou ⁴ -ch'ou ³		縐綉	crape silk.
chou ⁴ -sha ¹		縐紗	crape.
chou ⁴ -tzü ³		縐子	folds, wrinkles, etc.
chou ⁴ -wên ²		縐紋	the marks of folding.
chou ⁴	皮	皺 ^{254b962c}	wrinkles in anything, frowns.
chou ⁴ -ché ³		皺摺	wrinkles.
chou ⁴ -mei ²		皺眉	to frown, frowning, melancholy, dejected.
chou ⁴ -mien ⁴		皺面	a wrinkled face.
chou ⁴ -wên ²		皺紋	wrinkles.
chou ⁴	口	呪	to curse, to imprecate, to recite spells, to pray.
chou ⁴ -ma ⁴		呪罵	to abuse, to curse, to revile, to rail,
chou ⁴ -sung ⁴		呪誦	recitative ; to chaunt.
chou ⁴ -ssü ³ -t'a ¹		呪死	curse him to death.
chou ⁴ -t'u ³		呪詛	to curse (tu ³ chou ⁴ , nien ⁴ chou ⁴).
chou ⁴ -yü ³		呪語	curse, spells.
chou ⁴	日	晝 ^{255c50b}	daylight, in the day time (pai ² chou ⁴).
chou ⁴ -ch'in ³		晝寢	to sleep in the day time (very lazy).
chou ⁴ -yeh ¹		晝夜	day and night.
chou ⁴ -yeh ⁴ -chia ¹ -kung ¹		晝夜加工	extra work, night and day.
chou ⁴ -yeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -an ¹		晝夜不安	no rest night or day.
chou ⁴ -yeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -fên ⁴		晝夜不分	night and day without distinction.
chou ⁴	革	鞣 ^{255b49c}	the crupper of a saddle.
chou ⁴ -kun ⁴		鞣棍	a wooden stick used as crupper.
chou ⁴	糸	紂 ^{255b49b}	name.
chou ⁴ -wang ³		紂王	[1122. R. 22 most infamous tyrant of Chinese history. B. C.
chou ⁴	冑	冑 ^{255a49c}	a helmet ; descendants, posterity ; long after.
chou ⁴ -tzü ³		冑子	the eldest son (chang ³ tzü ³).
chou ⁴	宀	宙 ^{255a49c}	the earth, the universe ; all ages (yü ³ chou ¹).
CH'OU ¹	手	抽 ^{256b50a}	to pull out, to take from, to draw forth.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'ü ²		抽查	to examine one article of a lot.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'i ¹		抽氣	to gasp, to pant.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'ien ¹		抽籤	to draw lots (ch'ê ⁴ ch'ien ¹ , nien ¹ chiu ¹).
ch'ou ¹ -chin ¹		抽筋	cramps, convulsions (ch'ou ¹ i ¹ chên ⁴ fêng ¹).
ch'ou ¹ -chin ¹ -p'o ⁴ -p'i ²		抽筋剝皮	fig. extortion (lê ⁴ so ³).
ch'ou ¹ -ch'ü ¹		抽出	to select (pa ² ch'ü ³ jên ³ ts'ai ²).
ch'ou ¹ -ch'ü ²		抽除	to exclude.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'ü ²		抽取	to select one out of a lot.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		抽趣	to help.
ch'ou ¹ -fün ⁴		抽分	to take percentage.
ch'ou ¹ -füng ¹		抽瘋	to have a fit (hun ¹ kuo ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
ch'ou ¹ -füng ¹		抽豐	to make a gift in order to get one.

<i>ch'ou¹-hsi²</i>	抽息	to sob (ta ³ ch'ou ¹ ta ²).
<i>ch'ou¹-hsien²</i>	抽閒	to get leisure.
<i>ch'ou¹-hsien⁴</i>	抽線	to pull out threads
<i>ch'ou¹-i¹-chên⁴-fêng¹</i>	抽一陣瘋	to have a convulsion (chuan ³ chin ¹).
<i>ch'ou¹-k'ung¹-rh²</i>	抽空兒	to find time.
<i>ch'ou¹-lêng³-tzî³</i>	抽冷子	suddenly, unexpectedly (hu ¹ jan ²).
<i>ch'ou¹-liang²-luan⁴-ch'ou¹</i>	抽樑換柱	remove a beam and substitute a pillar.
<i>ch'ou¹-liao³</i>	抽了	shrunk (of wood) (ch'iao ² ku ²).
<i>ch'ou¹-pa²</i>	抽拔	to rescue, to deliver.
<i>ch'ou¹-pao¹</i>	抽剝	to extort, exact with severity.
<i>ch'ou¹-shên¹</i>	抽身	to retire, to take one's self off; to get up (t'ou ¹ [shên ¹]).
<i>ch'ou¹-shui⁴</i>	抽稅	to levy a tax (wan ² shui ⁴)
<i>ch'ou¹-ssü¹</i>	抽絲	to reel silk.
<i>ch'ou¹-t'a¹-i¹-pien¹</i>	抽他一鞭	give him a lash.
<i>ch'ou¹-t'i⁴</i>	抽屜	a drawer.
<i>ch'ou¹-t'i⁴-cho¹</i>	抽屜桌	a table with a drawer.
<i>ch'ou¹-t'ou²</i>	抽頭	a drawer; a "squeeze," commission.
<i>ch'ou¹-tzü³</i>	抽子	a watch-case, a purse or pouch.
<i>ch'ou¹-yang²-chiao¹-[fêng¹</i>	抽羊角瘋	to have an epileptic fit.
<i>ch'ou¹-yên¹</i>	抽煙	to smoke tobacco (hsi ¹ yén ¹ , ch'ih ¹ yén ¹).
<i>ch'ou¹</i>	手才擩	to grasp, crumple up.
<i>ch'ou¹-ch'i³-lai²</i>	擩起來	to crumple up.
<i>ch'ou¹-pu⁴-ch'i³-lai²</i>	擩不起來	cannot crumple up
<i>ch'ou¹</i>	瘰	convalescent, well, cured.
<i>ch'ou¹-yü⁴</i>	瘰愈	same (ch'üan ² yü ⁴).

CH'OU²	糸	{ 紬 256b51c	woven silk.
<i>ch'ou²</i>		{ 綢 258a51c	same. See <i>chou⁴</i> .
<i>ch'ou²-i¹-shang¹</i>		綢衣裳	silk clothes.
<i>ch'ou²-kua⁴</i>		綢褂	a silk coat.
<i>ch'ou²-mao⁴</i>		綢帽	silk caps.
<i>ch'ou²-sha¹</i>		綢紗	silk and gauze.
<i>ch'ou²-tuan⁴</i>		綢緞	silk and satin, silk stuffs.
<i>ch'ou²</i>	心	愁 257c963a	melancholy, mournful, sorry.
<i>ch'ou²-ch'ang²</i>		愁腸	same (fa ¹ ch'ou ²).
<i>ch'ou²-ch'ing²</i>		愁窮	to lament over one's poverty.
<i>ch'ou²-fan²</i>		愁煩	anxious, apprehensive (ssü ¹ lü ⁴)
<i>ch'ou²-jên²</i>		愁人	to be vexatious.
<i>ch'ou²-k'u³</i>		愁苦	distressed (hsin ¹ chiao).
<i>ch'ou²-jung³</i>		愁容	a sorrowful countenance
<i>ch'ou²-mei²-pu⁴-chan³</i>		愁眉不展	{ lowering eyebrows, a melancholy expression,
<i>ch'ou²-mén⁴</i>		愁悶	{ (so ³ mei ² t'ou ² mei ² t'ou ² pu ⁴ chan ³).
			grieved, sorry, melancholy, sad.

<i>ch'ou²-ssü¹-wang⁴-hsian³</i>	愁思妄想	moping fancies.
<i>ch'ou²-ssü³</i>	愁死	to die of grief.
<i>ch'ou²</i>	酬 酬	to return the compliment, to give an equivalent.
<i>ch'ou²-ên¹</i>	酬恩	to thank.
<i>ch'ou²-ên¹-chi⁴</i>	酬恩祭	the thank-offering (of the Jews).
<i>ch'ou²-hsieh⁴</i>	酬謝	to return thanks.
<i>ch'ou²-k'ô⁴</i>	酬客	to return an invitation, etc.
<i>ch'ou²-lao²</i>	酬勞	to reward for services performed.
<i>ch'ou²-pan⁴</i>	酬報	to repay, to requite.
<i>ch'ou²-ta¹</i>	酬答	to compensate, to recompense.
<i>ch'ou²-ying⁴</i>	酬應	same (ying ⁴ ch'ou ²).
<i>ch'ou²</i>	入 仇	to unite; a pair; hatred, animosity; proud enemies.
<i>ch'ou²-chia¹</i>	仇家	animosity, hatred (yüan ¹ ch'ou ² , hsieh ² ch'ou ²).
<i>ch'ou²-hên⁴</i>	仇恨	an enemy.
<i>ch'ou²-jên²</i>	仇人	enmity as deep as the sea.
<i>ch'ou²-shên¹-ssü⁴-hai³</i>	仇深似海	an enemy, enemies.
<i>ch'ou²-ti³</i>	仇敵	to wrangle, to fight; to hate, hatred; an enemy.
<i>ch'ou²</i>	言 讐	enmity ought to be laid aside.
<i>ch'ou²-i¹-chieh³</i>	讐宜解	to withstand, to oppose.
<i>ch'ou²-tang³</i>	讐播	revenge, vengeance (paô ⁴ ch'ou ²).
<i>ch'ou²-ying⁴</i>	讐應	enmity, hatred.
<i>ch'ou²-yüan⁴</i>	讐怨	a company, a party, companion.
<i>ch'ou²</i>	入 儔	same class of companions.
<i>ch'ou²-lei¹</i>	儔類	companions (t'ung ² pan ⁴).
<i>ch'ou²-pan⁴</i>	儔伴	companions, to reckon, to plain; a tally; a
<i>ch'ou²</i>	竹 籌	to consider.
<i>ch'ou²-hua⁴</i>	籌畫	counters in games.
<i>ch'ou²-ma³</i>	籌碼	to plot, to scheme.
<i>ch'ou²-mou²</i>	籌謀	to oversee; an overseer.
<i>ch'ou²-pan⁴</i>	籌辦	to supply army estimates.
<i>ch'ou²-pei⁴-ping¹-hsiang³</i>	籌備兵餉	to reckon, to count.
<i>ch'ou²-suan⁴</i>	籌算	a plan, a scheme (mou ²).
<i>ch'ou²-ts'ê⁴</i>	躊躇	irresolute, undecided, wavering.
<i>ch'ou²</i>	足 躊	same (ch'u ² ch'u ²).
<i>ch'ou²-ch'u²</i>	躊躇	irresolute, making no progress.
<i>ch'ou²-ch'u²-pu⁴-chin⁴</i>	躊躇不進	in a quandary, undecided (liang ³ k'o ³ chih.
<i>ch'ou²-ch'u²-pu⁴-ting⁴</i>	躊躇不定	disappointed; deceived.
<i>ch'ou²</i>	心 惆	undecided, vacillating.
<i>ch'ou²-chung⁴</i>	惆悵	thick, close together (hsi ¹ la ¹ la ¹ ti ¹).
<i>ch'ou²</i>	禾 稠	thick paste.
<i>ch'ou²-chiang⁴-tzu³</i>	稠子	thick porridge.
<i>ch'ou²-chou¹</i>	稠粥	close, thick, dense.
<i>ch'ou²-mi⁴</i>	稠密	

CH'OU ³	一	丑 ^{259b52b}	horary character; 1 to 3 o'clock, A.M.
ch'ou ³ -rh ²		丑兒	a comedian, a jester (hsiao ³ ch'ou ³).
ch'ou ³ -shih ²		丑時	1 to 3 o'clock A.M.
ch'ou ³ -yüeh ⁴		丑月	the 12th month. See Note 32
ch'ou ³	酉	醜 ^{258c52c}	ugly, deformed, hateful, offensive; to detest.
ch'ou ³ chü ^m ⁴		醜俊	ugly and handsome.
ch'ou ³ -lou ⁴		醜酒	ugly, ill-favoured (ai ⁴ yen ³).
ch'ou ³ -lou ⁴ -pu ⁴ -k'an ¹		醜陋不堪	very ugly.
ch'ou ³ -mei ³		醜美	ugly and handsome.
ch'ou ³ -ming ²		醜名	a disgraceful reputation.
ch'ou ³ -nü ²		醜女	an ugly women.
ch'ou ³ -o ⁴		醜惡	very ugly.
ch'ou ³ -shih ⁴		醜事	a disgraceful affair.
ch'ou ³ -t'ai ⁴		醜態	an ugly thing.
ch'ou ³	目	睇 ^{257c963b}	to look, to see (ch'iao ²).
ch'ou ³ -ch'u ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -i ¹		睇出便宜	saw a chance to make gain.
ch'ou ³ -chun ² -liao ³		睇準了	saw with certainty.
ch'ou ³ -leng ⁴ -tzu ³		睇陵子	to look askance.
ch'ou ³ -pu ⁴ -chien ⁴		睇不見	I cannot see it.
ch'ou ³ -t'ai ¹ -i ¹ -yen ³		睇他一眼	to take a look (scornful, etc.) (ti ⁴ ko ⁴ yen ³ sè ¹).

CH'OU ⁴	自	臭 ^{259b52c}	scent, perfume, smell, stink, stinking.
ch'ou ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		臭氣	stinking atmosphere, a bad smell.
ch'ou ⁴ -ch'un ¹ -shu ⁴		臭椿樹	ill smelling ailantus.
ch'ou ⁴ -ch'ung ²		臭虫	the bed-bug (ko ⁴ tsao ¹).
ch'ou ⁴ -hsing ¹		臭腥	rancid, tainted.
ch'ou ⁴ -hung ¹ -hung ¹ -ti ¹		臭轟轟的	very rank, stinking, noisome.
ch'ou ⁴ -lan ⁴		臭爛	rotten, decayed (hsiu ³ huai ⁴).
ch'ou ⁴ -ming ²		臭名	bad reputation.
ch'ou ⁴ -shan ¹		臭羶	rank, frowsy, fetid.
ch'ou ⁴ -tsui ³		臭嘴	vile language.
ch'ou ⁴ -wei ⁴		臭味	stink, effluvia.

CHU ¹	木	朱 ^{263a85a}	vermilion, red (also <i>shu</i>).
chu ¹ -hsi ¹		朱熹	[A. D 1130-1200.
chu ¹ -hung ² -sè ⁴		朱紅色	the standard commentator on the Classics. R. 25,
chu ¹ -i ¹		朱衣	bright red colour.
chu ¹ -i ¹ -shên ²		朱衣神	red clothes, [ch'ang].
chu -sè ⁴		朱色	the attendant on the God of Literature (Wên-
chu ¹ -t'ao ²		朱桃	vermilion colour.
chu ¹ -tzu ³ -chia ¹ -hsün ⁴		朱子家訓	a very red kind of cherry.
chu ¹ -ying ⁴		朱櫻	"family instruction" by Chu Fu-tzu.
chu ¹ (tzi)	玉	珠 ^{263a85b}	a sort of cherry.
			a pearl, a bead R 24 (chên ¹ chu ⁴).

<i>chu¹-hua¹</i>	珠花	pearl flowers.
<i>chu¹-i¹-eh¹-uan⁴</i>	珠一串	a string of pearls.
<i>chu¹-i¹-k'o¹</i>	珠一顆	one pearl.
<i>chu¹-kuan¹</i>	珠冠	female caps hanging with pearls (kuan ¹ mien ²).
<i>chu¹-lan²</i>	珠蘭 (茶)	the Chloranthus; name of a tea.
<i>chu¹-lien²</i>	珠簾	a screen.
<i>chu¹-pao³</i>	珠寶	pearls and precious stones.
<i>chu¹-pao³-shih⁴</i>	珠寶市	market for gems.
<i>chu¹-pao³-yü⁴-ch'i⁴</i>	珠寶玉器	pearls and jewelry.
<i>chu⁴</i>	石 硃 ^{264a36a}	vermilion, Imperial (yin ² chü ¹)
<i>chu¹-chüan⁴</i>	硃卷	red essays, those of successful candidates.
<i>chu¹-hung²-sé⁴</i>	硃紅色	vermilion colour.
<i>chu¹-hung²-ting³-tai¹</i>	硃紅頂戴	vermilion red button.
<i>chu¹-pi³</i>	硃筆 (or 朱)	a vermilion pencil, the imperial pencil.
<i>chu¹-p'i¹</i>	硃批	the imperial reply.
<i>chu¹-shu¹</i>	硃砂	cinnabar.
<i>chu¹</i>	犬 豬 ^{265b37b}	the pig, swine.
<i>chu¹-ch'üan⁴</i>	豬圈	a pig-sty or pen.
<i>chu¹-hény¹</i>	豬哼	a pig's grunt.
<i>chu¹-i¹-chih¹</i>	豬一隻	one pig.
<i>chu¹-jou⁴</i>	豬肉	pork (ta ⁴ jou ⁴).
<i>chu¹-kon³</i>	豬狗	pigs and dogs.
<i>chu¹-kun³</i>	豬頂	hog roots up (the earth).
<i>chu¹-li³-chi³</i>	豬裡脊	pork tender-loin.
<i>chu¹-mao²</i>	豬毛	pig's bristles.
<i>chu¹-mac²-ts'ai⁴</i>	豬毛菜	sort of plant.
<i>chu¹-pa²-chieh⁴</i>	豬八戒	laughable character in Hsi Yu Chi M. 211.
<i>chu¹-p'ai²-ku³</i>	豬排骨	pork chops.
<i>chu¹-tzü³</i>	豬子	a young pig.
<i>chu¹-wo¹</i>	豬窩	a pig-sty.
<i>chu¹-yang²</i>	豬羊	pigs and sheep
<i>chu¹-yu²</i>	豬油	lard.
<i>chu¹</i>	言 諸 ^{265c86c}	many, all, the whole of, every (chuu ²).
<i>chu¹-ch'in¹-yu³</i>	諸親友	all relatives and friends.
<i>chu¹-ch'u⁴</i>	諸處	every place, all places.
<i>chu¹-fan²</i>	諸凡	all, everything.
<i>chu¹ hon²</i>	諸侯	nobles or princes of feudal states.
<i>chu¹-i¹</i>	諸醫	"all the doctors," the faculty.
<i>chu¹-jên²</i>	諸人	all persons.
<i>chu¹-ko²-liang⁴</i>	諸葛亮	famous general of antiquity. M. 211. (A. D. 181-
<i>chu¹-k'o¹</i>	諸客	the whole of the guests.
<i>chu¹-kung¹</i>	諸公	all the gentlemen.
<i>chu¹-kuo²</i>	諸國	all kingdoms.

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famous general of antiquity. M. 211. (A. D. 181-

the whole of the guests.

all the gentlemen.

all kingdoms.

chu¹-pan¹ 般
chu¹-p in²-míng²-ch'a² 諸品茗茶
chu¹-shih⁴ 諸事
chu¹-shih⁴-sui²-hsin⁴ 諸事遂心
chu¹-ti⁴-tzü³ 諸弟子
chu¹-lo¹-tsui⁴-o⁴ 諸多罪惡
chu¹-tzü³-pai³-chua¹ 諸子百家
chu¹-wei⁴ 諸位
chu¹-wei⁴-ch'in¹-péng¹ 諸位親朋
chu¹-yang⁴-hua¹-ts'ao³ 諸樣花草
chu¹ 言誅 264b86b,
chu¹-lu⁴ 誅戮
chu¹-mieh⁴ 誅滅
chu¹ 虫 蠶 蛛 264b86b
chu¹-chu¹-wang³ 蛛蛛網
chu¹ 木 株 263b85b
chu-shou³ 株守

every kind or sort.
 all sorts of famous teas.
 everything.
 may all go as you desire!
 all pupils or juniors.
 all sorts of crime.
 philosophers of the various schools.
 all the gentlemen.
 my friends!
 all sorts of flowers.
 to put to death, to destroy, to kill.
 to behead, execute.
 to utterly exterminate.
 the spider (*chih¹ chu¹*).
 a spider's web.
 the trunk of a tree. Numerative of trees.
 in obscurity, unabl'e to come to the front.

CHU² (*tzü*) 竹 269a95a
chu² chü¹ 竹鷄
chu²-ch'i⁴ 竹器
chu²-chieh² 竹節
chu²-chien³ 竹簡
chu²-chien⁴ 竹箭
chu²-chih³ 竹紙
chu²-ch'ing¹ 竹青
chu²-ch'uang² 竹牀
chu²-fu¹-jén² 竹夫 人
chu²-huang² 竹黃
chu²-i⁴-tzü³ 竹椅子
chu²-kan⁴ 竹竿
chu³-kan⁴ 竹杆
chu²-kan¹-fa² 竹杆筏
chu²-kang⁴ 竹杠
chu²-lien²-tzü³ 竹簾 子
chu²-lin² 竹林
chu²-mi¹-tzü³ 竹篾 子
chu²-pan³ 竹板
chu²-p'ei⁴ 竹披
chu²-pi⁴ 竹堊
chu²-pu⁴ 竹布
chu²-sun³ 竹筍
chu²-t'ung² 竹筒

the bamboo (60 varieties).
 the snipe.
 bamboo ware.
 the joints of bamboo.
 bamboo slips (formerly used for books).
 bamboo arrows.
 bamboo-made paper.
 bamboo skin or bark (a medicine).
 bed made of bamboo.
 bed, leg-rest in hot weather.
 the tabasheer drug.
 a bamboo chair.
 bamboo canes.
 a bamboo pole or stick.
 a bamboo raft.
 a bamboo pole (for carrying).
 a bamboo screen.
 a bamboo grove (name of an ancient club).
 thin flat slips of bamboo.
 bamboo sticks (split).
 split bamboo.
 a bamboo fence or wall.
 bamboo cloth-cotton texture.
 bamboo shoots.
 a bamboo tube (answers the purpose of a till).

chu²-yeh⁴-ch'ing¹ 竹葉青
 chu² 竹築 266b96b
 chu²-h'êng² 築城
 chu²-j'ang² 築房
 chu²-t a² 築塔
 chu² t'an² 築壇
 chu²-t'an²-hsien⁴-chi⁴ 築壇獻祭
 chu² 火燭 燭 266b97a
 chu²-chao⁴ 燭照
 chu²-chien² 燭剪
 chu²-hua¹ 燭花
 chu² yen⁴ 燭燄
 chu²-ying² 燭影
 chu² 是 逐 267b97c
 chu²-ch'u¹ 逐出
 chu²-ch'u¹-kuei³ 逐出鬼

a kind of wine.
 to build walls or houses (kai⁴, hsiu¹, tsoa⁴).
 to build a city wall.
 to build a house.
 to build a pagoda.
 to erect an altar.
 to erect an altar and sacrifice. [chu²].
 a candle; the light of candle; to illumine (la⁴
 to illumine.
 snuffers (la⁴ nieh⁴ (zŭ²)).
 charred wick of candle.
 flame of candle. [candle.
 "light and shadow," the light thrown by a
 to expel, to drive away; to attend to each in
 to expel (nien³ ch'u¹ ch'ü⁴). [turn.
 to drive out devils.

CHU³ (tzu) 主 260a87c
 chu³-chang¹ 主 張
 chu³-chi⁴ 主 祭
 chu³-chia¹ 主 家
 chu³-chih⁴ 主 治
 chu³-hu⁴ 主 戶
 chu³-hun¹ 主 婚
 chu³-i⁴ 主 意
 chu³-jên² 主 人
 chu³-jih⁴ 主 日
 chu³-k'ao³ 主 考
 chu³-ku⁴ 主 顧
 chu³-kung¹ 主 公
 chu³ ling⁴ 主 令
 chu³-mou² 主 謀
 chu³-mu² 主 母
 chu³-pi³ 主 筆
 chu³-pin¹ 主 賓
 chu³-pu⁴ 主 簿
 chu³-pu⁴-tê² 主 不 得
 chu³ p'u² 主 僕
 chu³-p'u²-êrh¹-jên² 主 僕 二 人
 chu³-shih⁴ 主 事
 chu³-shou² 主 守
 chu³ tsai³ 主 宰

[cipal].
 a lord, master or sovereign; the chief, the prin-
 to manage, to direct; opinion, will.
 the leader in sacrificing.
 head of a family.
 to rule, to govern, to regulate.
 well-to-do farmer (fu⁴ hu¹, ts'ai² chu³).
 promoter of a marriage (mei³ jèu²).
 decision, will, determination; a plan, a method.
 a host, a master (tung¹ chia¹, chang³ kuei¹ ti¹).
 the Lord's day, Sabbath (an¹ hsi¹ jih⁴). [yŭan⁴].
 imperial examiner of students (i. 479 (hsiao²
 a patron, a protector; a customer (chao⁴ ku⁴).
 a lord, a master, a prince; your highness.
 to order (fên¹ fu⁴).
 a scheme, a project.
 a mistress.
 an editor.
 host and guest. [istrate.
 a record keeper, an accountant; a small mag-
 I cannot take it on me to decide or manage.
 master and servant.
 the master and his servant (going together).
 (manager, a second-class Ass. Sec. in Board
 } (tang¹ chia¹).
 to keep, to guard, to protect; a keeper, etc.
 to rule, to control; the Supreme; a ruler.

<i>chu³</i>	手才	拄 ^{261cSSb}	to prop, to support; a prop, a support.
<i>chu³-chang⁴</i>		拄杖	to walk with a stick for support; a crutch.
<i>chu³-kuai³</i>		拄拐	to walk with a stick; a stick, a crutch (kuai ³ [chang ⁴]).
<i>chu³-kun⁴</i>		拄棍	
<i>chu³</i>	口囑	囑 ^{266b96c}	to direct, to enjoin, to give orders or directions to.
<i>chu³-fu⁴</i>		囑咐	to order, to enjoin, to bid (fên ¹ fu ⁴).
<i>chu³-huang²-tao¹-hei¹</i>		囑黃道黑	a tattler.
<i>chu³-shu⁴</i>		囑書	a parent's will (left at death) (i ² ming ⁴).
<i>chu³-t'o¹</i>		囑託	to tell or request to do.
<i>chu³</i>	火	煮 ^{264c88c}	to boil, to decoct; boiled, decocted (ao ² , p'ao ⁴).
<i>chu³</i>		煮	same (ch'ui ¹).
<i>chu³-fan⁴</i>		煮飯	to boil rice.
<i>chu³-jou⁴</i>		煮肉	to boil meat (tun ⁴ jou ⁴).
<i>chu³-lan⁴-liao³</i>		煮爛了	boiled too much.
<i>chu³-shou²-liao³</i>		煮熟了	boiled properly or sufficiently.
<i>chu³-t'ou⁴-liao³</i>		煮透了	boiled thoroughly.
<i>chu³-t'u³</i>		煮土	to boil opium (ao ² t'u ³).

CHU ⁴	人	住 ^{261a89b}	to inhabit, to dwell; to stop, to cease. M. 192.
<i>chu⁴-chai³</i>		住宅	a residence (chai ² tzü ³).
<i>chu⁴-ch'eng³</i>		住城	to live in a city.
<i>chu⁴-chia⁴</i>		住家	a private house.
<i>chu⁴-ch'ih²</i>		住持	to manage; to reside in (priests)
<i>chu⁴-ch'u⁴</i>		住處	a residence, one's dwelling place (hsia ⁴ ch'u ⁴)
<i>chu⁴-fang-ti¹</i>		住房的	occupant of a room.
<i>chu⁴-hsia⁴</i>		住下	to reside; to stop, to cease.
<i>chu⁴-hsiang¹</i>		住鄉	to live in a village.
<i>chu⁴-hsiu³ (hsü)</i>		住宿	to stay a night.
<i>chu⁴-kung¹-mên²</i>		住公門	to live in a yamêu.
<i>chu⁴-liao³-chi¹-t'ien¹</i>		住了幾天	staid a few days.
<i>chu⁴-liao³-k'ou³</i>		住了口	stopped the mouth, stop your mouth.
<i>chu⁴-miao⁴</i>		住廟	to reside in a temple.
<i>chu⁴-mu²</i>		住目	to fix the eyes on.
<i>chiu⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>		住不住	cannot stay.
<i>chu⁴-pu⁴-k'ai¹</i>		住不開	insufficient room to accommodate.
<i>chu⁴-shou²</i>		住手	to stop the hand, to cease working.
<i>chu⁴-t'ou²</i>		住頭	staying time (tai ⁴ t'ou ²).
<i>chu⁴-tsai¹-shui²-chia¹</i>		住在誰家	with whom are you staying?
<i>chu⁴-tsui³</i>		住嘴	to stop eating.
<i>chu⁴-t'ien⁴</i>		住店	to stay at an inn.
<i>chu⁴-ya²-mên²</i>		住衙門	to be in public employ.
<i>chu⁴</i>	力	助 ^{268a90b}	to help; aid, succor, help, assistance (pang ⁴).
<i>chu⁴-chên⁴</i>		助陣	aid in battle.

chu ⁴ -ch'ien ³		助錢	to assist with money.
chu ⁴ -li ⁴		助力	to assist manually.
chu ⁴ -mang ²		助忙	to assist when one is busy (pang ¹ mang ²).
chu ⁴ -pei ⁴		助臂	to lend a hand.
chu ⁴ -shih ⁴		助事	a "helper."
chu ⁴ (tzū)	木	柱 ^{261c89c}	a post or pillar; to support, to sustain.
chu ⁴ -chiao ³		柱腳	the foot of a pillar (ming ² chu ⁴).
chu ⁴ -ting ² -shih ³		柱頂石	stone base of a pillar.
chu ⁴ -tun ¹		柱墩	same.
chu ⁴	言	註 ^{262a90a}	to make notes, to explain; a commentary.
chu ⁴ -chang ⁴		註賬	to charge on an account (hsieh ³ chang ⁴).
chu ⁴ -chieh ³		註解	a commentary, an explanation (hsiao ³ chu ⁴).
chu ⁴ -ming ²		註明	to make clear.
chu ⁴ -shu ¹		註書	to make notes on books.
chu ⁴ -ts'ə̀ ¹		註冊	a commentary.
chu ⁴ -tzū ³		註子	a commentary, notes.
chu ⁴	水	注 ^{262c89c}	water flowing; to illustrate, to fix eyes on.
chu ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		注向	to tend towards.
chu ⁴ -i ¹		注意	to pay attention to, to be attentive.
chu ⁴ -ming ²		注明	to comment upon.
chu ⁴ -mu ¹ -wang ⁴ -t'ien ³		注目望天	fixedly gazing up to heaven.
chu ⁴	馬	駐 ^{262b89b}	[cantonments. to halt and rest; an encampment, [ministers, etc.
chu ⁴ -cha ³		駐劄	to reside, to station at, e. g., garrisons, foreign
chu ⁴ -fang ²		駐防	bannermen quartered in the provinces. G. 417.
chu ⁴ -fang ² -ch'ing ³		駐防城	a city in which bannermen are quartered.
chu ⁴ -tsa ¹ (cha ¹)		駐紮	to be stationed at.
chu ⁴	示	祝 ^{267c95c}	praises, thanksgivings; to pray.
chu ⁴ -fu ²		祝福	to pray for a blessing upon.
chu ⁴ -hsieh ⁴		祝謝	to give thanks to God.
chu ⁴ -kao ⁴		祝告	to pray (tao ³ kao ⁴).
chu ⁴ -pan ³		祝版	the board on which prayers are inscribed.
chu ⁴ -shou ⁴		祝壽	birthday congratulations (ch'ing ³ shou ⁴).
chu ⁴ -tao ³		祝禱	to pray.
chu ⁴ -tsan ¹		祝讚	to praise, to offer thanksgivings (tsan ¹ mei ²).
chu ⁴	金	鑄 ^{268c90c}	to cast metal.
chu ⁴ -ch'ien ³		鑄錢	to cast money (kuan ¹ lu ²).
chu ⁴ -chiu ² -ling ³		鑄九鼎	the nine tripods made by King Yü.
chu ⁴ -chung ¹		鑄鐘	to cast a bell.
chu ⁴ -p'ao ⁴		鑄砲	to cast cannon.
chu ⁴ -t'ieh ³ -chü ²		鑄鐵局	metal-casting factory.
chu ⁴ -yin ⁴ -chü ²		鑄印局	the official seal foundry in Peking.
chu ⁴ (tzū)	竹	箸 ^{268a90b}	chopsticks (k'uai ⁴ tzū ³).
chu ⁴		筴 ^{265a}	same.

ch'c ⁴ -h'ih ²		筴	匙	chopsticks and spoons.
chu ⁴ -lung ² tzu ³		筴	筴子	a chopstick case (k'uai ⁴ lung ² tzu ³).
chu ⁴	貝	貯	貯	to accumulate, to store up, to hoard;
chu ⁴ -k'u ⁴		貯	庫	store in the treasury.
chu ⁴ -shou ¹		貯	收	to store up (chi ¹ hsü ¹).
chu ⁴ -ts'ang ²		貯	藏	same.
chu ⁴ -ts'un ²		貯	存	same.
chu ⁴	虫	蛀	蛀	a kind of book worm.
chu ⁴ -lan ⁴ -liao ³		蛀	爛了	eaten by worms or insects.
chu ⁴ -liao ³ -k'u ¹ -lung ²		蛀	了窟窿	eaten a hole through (worms).
chu ⁴ -mu ¹ -ch'ung ²		蛀	木蟲	a wood-boring insect. [chu ⁴ hsiang ¹].
chu ⁴	火	炷	炷	a lamp wick. Numerative of incense sticks (i ¹
chu ⁴	艸	著	著	clear, publish. See cho ² .
chu ⁴	竹	筴	筴	bamboo, 天竺國, India.
chu ⁴	米	粥	粥	gruel, congee. See chou ¹ .

CH'U ¹	口	出	出	to go forth or out; to produce, to beget. M. 94.
ch'u ¹ -ch'ā ⁴		出	出	contre-temps, accident.
ch'u ¹ -ch'an ²		出	產	natural products (t'u ³ ch'an ²).
ch'u ¹ -ch'ang ²		出	場	to leave the/examination hall.
ch'u ¹ -ch'êng ⁴		出	征	to go to war (ta ³ chang ⁴ , ch'u ¹ shih ¹).
ch'u ¹ -ch'êng ²		出	城	to go out of the city.
ch'u ¹ -ch'î ²		出	奇	extraordinary (hsi ¹ han ²).
ch'u ¹ -ch'î ⁴		出	氣	vent for anger, aspirated (character) [ch'î ⁴].
ch'u ¹ -chia ¹		出	家	to become a priest. (hsiao ¹
ch'u ¹ -chia ¹ -ti ¹		出	家的	priests (ho ² shang ⁴).
ch'u ¹ -chia ⁴		出	嫁	to marry out a daughter.
ch'u ¹ -chia ⁴ -î ¹		出	嫁的	a wife (ch'î ¹ tzü ³).
ch'u ¹ -chiang ⁴		出	將	a general; the exit of stage directions.
ch'u ¹ -chiang ⁴ -ju ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		出	將入相	exit and ingress (of stage).
ch'u ¹ -chia ⁴		出	教	to put out of the church.
ch'u ¹ -ch'iao ⁴		出	鞘	out of the scabbard.
ch'u ¹ -chieh ¹		出	街	to go in the street, to go from home.
ch'u ¹ -chieh ²		出	結	to arrange and draw up a settlement.
ch'u ¹ -ch'ien ²		出	錢	to expend money.
ch'u ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		出	去	to go out.
ch'u ¹ -ch'üeh ³		出	決	day of execution.
ch'u ¹ -ch'üeh ¹		出	缺	to make a vacancy (pu ³ ch'üeh ¹).
ch'u ¹ -chu ³ -î ¹		出	主意	to put forth an idea or plan; to resolve
ch'u ¹ -ch'u ²		出	處	origin, factory.
ch'u ¹ -chung ⁴		出	衆	to rise superior to all others, great eminence
ch'u ¹ -fan ³		出	凡	to rise above the generality.
ch'u ¹ -han ⁴		出	汗	to perspire (liu ² han ⁴).

ch' u ¹ -hsi ²	出息	to make profit; interest, benefit (li ⁴ hsi ²).
ch' u ¹ -hsiang ¹	出相	worthy of note, remarkable.
ch' u ¹ -hsiao ²	出學	to leave school; to become an M. A.
ch' u ¹ -hsien ⁴	出現	to appear, to come forth.
ch' u ¹ -hsing ²	出行	to go on a journey (ch' u ¹ mên ²).
ch' u ¹ -i ¹ -chien ⁴ -shih ⁴	出一件事	something happened.
ch' u ¹ jên ² -i ¹ -wai ¹	出人意外	unexpected.
ch' u ¹ ju ⁴	出入	to go out and in.
ch' u ¹ -ju ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -chang ¹	出入清賬	receipts and payments cleared off.
ch' u ¹ -ju ⁴ -kuan ¹ -mên ²	出入關門	in going out or in shut the door.
ch' u ¹ -ko ²	出格	to issue a notice; out of rule.
ch' u ¹ -ko ²	出閣	to marry (of the woman) (chieh ² ch' in ¹).
ch' u ¹ -k'ou ²	出口	to leave a port (chin ⁴ k'ou ²).
ch' u ¹ -k'ou ² -shui ⁴	出口稅	export duty.
ch' u ¹ -ku ⁴ -i ¹	出估衣	to sell second-hand clothing.
ch' u ¹ -kung ¹	出恭	to go to stool (lu ¹ shih ³ , chieh ³ shou ³).
ch' u ¹ -lai ²	出來	to come out.
ch' u ¹ lei ⁴ -pa ² -ts'ui ¹	出類拔萃	to excel.
ch' u ¹ -li ⁴	出力	to exert strength, to serve the state.
ch' u ¹ -liau ²	出了	to happen, to occur.
ch' u ¹ -lin ¹	出賃	to let (as a house, etc.) (chao ¹ tsu ¹).
ch' u ¹ -ma ²	出馬	to go to war; a doctor's visit.
ch' u ¹ -mai ¹	出賣	for sale, to sell (shou ⁴).
ch' u ¹ -mên ²	出門	to go abroad or out; get married (woman).
ch' u ¹ -mên ² -chien ⁴ -hsi ²	出門見喜	as soon as you go out may you see joy.
ch' u ¹ -mên ² -pai ⁴ -k'ou ¹	出門拜客	to go out and pay visits.
ch' u ¹ -ning ² -ti ¹	出名的	famous, noted, celebrated.
ch' u ¹ -pang ²	出榜	to publish the list of successful men.
ch' u ¹ -p'iao ⁴	出票	to issue a summons, bill, etc.
ch' u ¹ -pin ⁴	出殯	a funeral, to carry to the grave (pin ⁴ lien ⁴).
ch' u ¹ -ping ¹	出兵	to go to war, to engage in battle.
ch' u ¹ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	出來	cannot come out.
ch' u ¹ -sê ⁴	出色	above the average, proficient.
ch' u ¹ -shu ⁴	出廈	a verandah, or projecting roof. [shang ⁴].
ch' u ¹ -shang ⁴	出上	I will sacrifice or give up (for the sake of) (huo ⁴)
ch' u ¹ -shang ⁴ -ming ⁴	出上命	I will risk my life for it.
ch' u ¹ -shên ¹	出身	to spring from, to come from; to enter on career.
ch' u ¹ -shênj ¹	出聲	to call out, to make a noise.
ch' u ¹ -shih ¹	出師	to go to war; to finish an apprenticeship.
ch' u ¹ -shih ⁴	出仕	to leave home for public service.
ch' u ¹ -shih ⁴	出世	to be born; to die.
ch' u ¹ -shih ⁴	出示	to issue a proclamation.
ch' u ¹ -shou ² -jên ²	出首人	an informer (chien ¹ hsi ⁴).

ch' u¹-ssü⁴
 ch' u¹-t'an¹
 ch' u¹-tang⁴
 ch' u¹-tê³-hsü²
 ch' u¹-t'i²
 ch' u¹-t'iao⁴
 ch' u¹-tien³
 ch' u¹-t'ien¹-hua¹
 ch' u¹-tou⁴
 ch' u¹-t'ou²
 ch' u¹-t'ou²-lou⁴-mien⁴
 ch' u¹-t'ou²-ti¹
 ch' u¹-tui⁴
 ch' u¹-wai⁴
 ch' u¹-wai⁴-tso⁴-kuan¹
 ch' u¹-ya²
 ch' u¹-yang²
 ch' u¹-yü²
 ch' u¹-yü²-mien²-ch' iang²
 ch' u¹-yü²-tzü⁴-jan²
 ch' u¹-yü²-wu²-nai⁴
 ch' u¹-yüan³-mên²
 ch' u¹ 刀 初 271b91a
 ch' u¹-ch' i³
 ch' u¹-ch' i³
 ch' u¹-ch'iao¹
 ch' u¹-ch'ien⁴-mien⁴
 ch' u¹-ch'ing¹ (or kêng¹)
 ch' u¹-fu²
 ch' u¹-hsiao²
 ch' u¹-hsing⁴
 ch' u¹-hsün²
 ch' u¹-hui⁴
 ch' u¹-hun¹
 ch' u¹-i¹
 ch' u¹-k'ai¹
 ch' u¹-lai²
 ch' u¹-mo⁴
 ch' u¹-sun²-jih⁴
 ch' u¹-shêng¹
 ch' u¹-shih²
 ch' u¹-shih²-chien¹
 ch' u¹-t'zû⁴

出 嗣
 出 攤
 出 當
 出 得 俗
 出 題
 出 糶
 出 典
 出 天 花
 出 痘
 出 頭
 出 頭 露 面
 出 頭 的
 出 隊
 出 外
 出 外 做 官
 出 芽
 出 洋
 出 於
 出 於 勉 强
 出 於 自 然
 出 於 無 奈
 出 遠 門
 初 幾
 初 起
 初 交
 初 見 面
 初 更
 初 伏
 初 學
 初 性
 初 旬
 初 會
 初 婚
 初 一
 初 開
 初 來
 初 末
 初 三 日
 初 生
 初 十
 初 時 間
 初 次

to give a child to another.
 to arrange a stand.
 to pawn out.
 to escape being ordinary (literary).
 to set a theme.
 to sell grain (ti³ liang² shih²). [gage].
 the person who mortgages his property, to mort-
 to have the small-pox (shêng¹ hua¹).
 to have small-pox (出 疹子) [bility].
 to put one's self forward, to bear the responsi-
 to appear in public (of women) (p'ao¹ t'ou² lou⁴ [mien']).
 an informer.
 to march out in order; to go to war.
 to go abroad.
 to go abroad as an official.
 put forth buds (fa¹ ya²).
 to export to foreign countries.
 to proceed from,
 proceeding from restraint,
 spontaneous, natural.
 cannot be helped.
 to go on a distant journey.
 to begin, the commencement, at first.
 what day of the month is it? (in the first decade)
 the beginning (ch' i³ ch' u¹, tang¹ ch' u¹). [ance
 commencement of friendship; or first acquaint-
 the first meeting of two persons,
 the first watch (about 9 to 11 P.M.) (ting⁴ kêng¹).
 the first term after midsummer.
 to begin one's studies.
 original or natural disposition (pên² hsing¹).
 the first decade of the month
 the first meeting (cha⁴ chien').
 a first marriage.
 the first of the month.
 open for the first time.
 just come, newly arrived.
 beginning and end (pên² mo⁴).
 the third day of the moon.
 just born.
 the tenth of the month.
 at first, in the beginning.
 the first time.

ch'u¹.tz'ü¹.chien⁴.mien⁴ 初次見面 the first time of meeting. [See shu¹.
 ch'u¹ (shu) 木樞 1002a92a a hinge; central, indispensable, fundamental.

CH'U ³	阜	除 ^{272c92c}	to exclude, to deduct, to subtract.
ch'u ³ .ch'ih ¹		除支	to deduct payment.
ch'u ³ .ch'ih ¹		除治	to set to rights.
ch'u ³ .ch'ü ⁴		除去	to annul, to remove.
ch'u ³ .ch'üeh ⁴		除却	to annul.
ch'u ³ .fu ³		除法	division (arithmetic) (chia ¹ , chien ³ , ch'èng ²).
ch'u ³ .fei ¹		除非	except, to except.
ch'u ³ .fu ²		除服	to lay aside mourning (man ³ fu ²).
ch'u ³ .hai ⁴		除害	to exclude what is hurtful or injurious.
ch'u ³ .hsi ¹		除夕	New Year's Eve.
ch'u ³ .hsiao ¹		除銷	to abrogate, to cancel.
ch'u ³ .jih ⁴		除日	the last day of the year.
ch'u ³ .k'ai ¹		除開	to open out, to remove.
ch'u ³ .kên ¹		除根	to eradicate (wa ¹ miao ² tuan ⁴ kên ¹).
ch'u ³ .liao ³ .t'ai ¹		除了他	exclude him, leave him out (ch'u ² fei ¹).
ch'u ³ .mieh ⁴		除滅	to utterly destroy.
ch'u ³ .mien ³		除免	to dispense with; to excuse, to forgive.
ch'u ³ .ming ²		除名	to cut off a name.
ch'u ³ .nu ⁴ .ko ⁴ .wai ⁴		除那個外	excepting that.
ch'u ³ .pa ²		除拔	to cut off; to pull up; to select.
ch'u ³ .pao ⁴ .an ¹ .liang ³		除暴安良	{ to root out the law-breakers, that good citizens may have peace. [p'i ²].
ch'u ³ .p'i ²		除皮	to deduct the tare and find net weight (p'ao ²
ch'u ³ .shu ³		除暑	to pass from the heated term.
ch'u ³ .tiao ⁴		除掉	to dispense with,
ch'u ³ .tz'ü ³ .i ² .wai ⁴		除此以外	not including this.
ch'u ³ .yu ³		除莠	to exclude the worthless.
ch'u ³	耒	耨 ^{272a93c}	to cultivate; agriculture, husbandry; to assist.
ch'u ³ .kêng ¹		耨耕	to till, to cultivate.
ch'u ³ .lien ²		耨鎌	a kind of scythe.
ch'u ³	金鎚	鋤 ^{272a93b}	a hoe (ch'üeh ²).
ch'u ³ .pan ²		鋤板	the head of a hoe
ch'u ³ .ti ⁴		鋤地	to hoe the ground (p'ang ² ti ⁴)
ch'u ³ .t'ou ²		鋤頭	hoe.
ch'u ³	广厨	廚 ^{272c93a}	a kitchen, cook-house, a slaughter-house.
ch'u ³ .fang ²		廚房	same.
ch'u ³ .tsao ⁴		廚灶	a cooking stove, a furnace (lu ² tzü ²).
ch'u ³ .tzü ³		廚子	a cook (ta ⁴ shih ⁴ fu ⁴).
ch'u ³	足躄	躄 ^{272c93b}	undecided, irresolute, embarrassed.
ch'u ³ .ch'ou ²		躄躄	uncertain, irresolute, making no progress.

ch'u ² -ch'u ²		踟躇	undecided, irresolute, embarrassed (êrh ⁴ êrh ⁴ [hu ² hu ²]).
ch'u ² -ch'u ² -pu ⁴ -ting ⁴		踟躇不定	same.
ch'u ²	木	櫥 ○ ○	a cupboard, press, cabinet or wardrobe.
ch'u ² -kuei ⁴		櫥櫃	same (ii ⁴ kuei ⁴ , wo ⁴ kuei ⁴).
ch'u ²	艸 芻	芻 273b91c	the young of any birds; grass, hay.
ch'u ² -ni ²		芻尼	a name of the magpie (hsi ³ ch'iao ²).
ch'u ² -ts'ao ³		芻草	grass, weeds.
ch'u ²	隹 鷄	雛 273c93b	the young of any birds; a greenhorn.
ch'u ² -chi ²		雛鷄	a young chicken.
ch'u ²	齒 齣	齣 271c459b	[formances, a piece, a section. Num. of theatrical per-
ch'u ²	足 躑	躑 273c93b	undecided, irresolute (ch'ou ² ch'u ² pu ⁴ ting ⁴).
CH'U ³	人	儲 274a93a	to collect, to accumulate, to hoard.
ch'u ³ -chi ⁴		儲濟	stored up in readiness to relieve distress.
ch'u ³ -chün ¹		儲君	the heir apparent (t'ai ⁴ tzü ³).
ch'u ³ -shou ¹		儲收	to collect, to hoard (chi ¹ hsi ⁴).
ch'u ³	木	楚 275b94a	plain, distinct, clear, sharp, defined.
ch'u ³ -chih ³		楚紙	a fine kind of white paper.
ch'u ³ -kuo ²		楚國	ancient kingdom of Ch'u, modern Hukuaug.
ch'u ³ -shên ³		楚省	Hupei.
ch'u ³	木	楮 273c93c	mulberry (sang ¹ shu ⁴).
ch'u ³ -chih ³		楮紙	paper made of mulberry.
ch'u ³ -sang ¹		楮桑	species of mulberry.
ch'u ³	木	杵 274b93c	a pestle, a beater (chiu ⁴).
CH'U ⁴	處 處 處	處 274b94c	a place, a circumstance; to stop, to rest. M. 265.
ch'u ⁴ -chih ⁴		處制	to regulate.
ch'u ⁴ -chih ⁴		處治	to set to rights, punish, e.g., official.
ch'u ⁴ -ch'u ⁴		處處	every place (tao ⁴ ch'u ⁴).
ch'u ⁴ -fên ⁴		處分	the punishment of official delinquency.
ch'u ⁴ -hsin ¹		處心	intentionally, of purpose (t'ei ⁴ i ⁴).
ch'u ⁴ -kuun ³		處館	to fill the position of a teacher or clerk.
ch'u ⁴ -nü ³		處女	a maiden (kuei ¹ nü ³).
ch'u ⁴ -p'in ² ch'iung ²		處貧窮	to occupy the station of a poor man.
ch'u ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsia ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		處不下	cannot be arranged. [21.
ch'u ⁴ -shu ³		處暑	"stopping of heat," one of the terms. See Note
ch'u ⁴ -so ³		處所	a place, occasion (so ³ tsai ⁴).
ch'u ⁴	田	畜 275c98c	any domesticated animals. See hsi ² .
ch'u ⁴ -lei ⁴		畜類	the domestic kind of animals (tsou ³ shou ⁴)
ch'u ⁴ -shêng ¹		畜生	domestic animals, a brute; you brute!
ch'u ⁴	目	叢 276a99c	upright, straight; to raise, eminent.
ch'u ⁴ -têng ¹		叢燈	to raise a lamp.
ch'u ⁴	心 忪	忪 276a99b	timorous, shrinking.

<i>ch'u⁴-shih⁴</i>		怵事		apprehensive of trouble.
<i>ch'u⁴-t'í⁴</i>		怵惕		apprehensive.
CHUA ¹	手 才	抓 ^{276c32a}		to scratch, to seize, to grab.
<i>chua¹-chiao²</i>		抓角		tufts of hair left on child's head.
<i>chua¹-chiu¹</i>		抓鬮		to draw lots (<i>nien¹ chiu¹, ch'ou¹ ch'ien¹</i>).
<i>chu¹-chu⁴</i>		抓住		to grab, to grasp, to claw.
<i>chua¹-chu⁴-li³.la¹</i>		抓住理喇		grasped the doctrine firmly.
<i>chua¹-êr³.nao³.sai¹</i>		抓耳撓腮		scratching one's ears and cheeks (fig.).
<i>chu¹-i¹-pa⁴</i>		抓一把		to grab a handful.
<i>chua¹.i¹-pa⁴-ni²</i>		抓一把泥		took up a handful of earth.
<i>chua¹-jên²</i>		抓人		to arrest a man.
<i>chu¹-liao³-lien³</i>		抓了臉		to scratch one's face.
<i>chua¹-p'o⁴</i>		抓破		to tear with the hand, e. g., scratching.
<i>chua¹-tsei³</i>		抓賊		to capture thieves (<i>pu³ i¹</i>).
<i>chua¹.tu³</i>		抓賭		to capture gamblers.
<i>chua¹-yang³</i>		抓癢		to scratch one's self.
<i>chua¹-yao⁴-ts'ai²</i>		抓藥材		to buy medicines. (<i>hsin² yao⁴</i>)
<i>chua¹</i>	髮 髻	髻 ^{277a111b}		mode of braiding a girl's hair.
<i>rhua¹-chí⁴</i>		髻髻		mode of dressing a girl's hair. [of.
<i>chua¹</i>	手 才	搨 ^{276b111a}		to beat; to avail one's self of, to take advantage
<i>chua¹.ku³</i>		搨鼓		to beat a drum (<i>lei³ ku³</i>).
CH'UA ¹ (<i>hu</i>)	欠	炎 ^{507b233c}		sudden, abrupt, startled; to sniff, to growl.
<i>ch'ua¹.hsi¹</i>		炎如		to sniff.
<i>ch'ua¹.t'í¹.i¹-shéng¹</i>		炎的一聲		a roaring sound.
CHUAI ³	足	踉○		to limp, to waddle.
<i>chuai³</i>	車	輓○		to bump or jolt (as a cart on an uneven road).
CHUAI ⁴	手 才 曳	拽 ^{563b282c}		to draw, to pull, to drag; throw away. See
<i>chuai⁴.lu¹</i>		拽拉		to draw, to pull, to drag. [yeh ⁴ .
CH'UAI ¹	手 才	攪 ^{277c112a}		to thump; to put into the bosom.
<i>ch'uai¹-ch'í²-lai²</i>		攪起來		put it in your pocket (<i>chuang¹ yao¹ li²</i>).
<i>ch'uai¹-cho²-shou²</i>		攪着手		to put hands in sleeves (<i>hsiu⁴ shou²</i>).
<i>ch'uai¹-huai²-li³</i>		攪懷裏		to put in your bosom.
<i>ch'uai¹-mien⁴</i>		攪麵		to knead dough (<i>kan³ mien⁴</i>).
CH'UAI ³	手 才	揣 ^{277b112b}		to feel, to grope, to try; to measure.
<i>ch'uai³.mo²</i>		揣摩		to feel for; to estimate, to guess, to conjecture.
<i>rh'uai³.mo¹</i>		揣摸		same (<i>ssü¹ so⁴</i>).
<i>ch'uai³.mo²-tê².cho²</i>		揣摸得着		to succeed in feeling after (mentally).

- ch'uai³-tu⁴ 揣度 to estimate.
- CH'UAI⁴ 足 踹 277b11c
 ch'uai⁴-juan³-so³ 踹 輓索 to beat or stamp with the foot; the heel.
 ch'uai⁴-lian³-i¹-chiao³ 踹 了一脚 to walk the slack rope.
 ch'uai⁴-ssü³ 踹 死 stamped the foot (to⁴ chiao³).
 to stamp to death (ts'ai³ ssü³ liao³).
- CHUAN¹ 寸 耑 專 278a116a
 chuan¹-ai⁴-shuo¹-huang³ 專 愛說謊 singly, solely, specially, in particular.
 chuan¹-ch'êng² [yeh¹ 專 誠 專 誠 誠 拜 謁 specially fond of lying.
 chuan¹-ch'êng²-pai⁴ 專 誠 拜 謁 devoted sincerity; singleness of purpose.
 chuan¹-chih⁴ 專 志 專 志 專 志 專 志 with full determination (chü¹ hsin¹).
 chuan¹-ch'üan² 專 權 sole control.
 chuan¹-hsin¹ 專 心 enthusiastic, with the whole heart
 chuan¹-hsin¹-chih⁴-chih⁴ 專 心 致 志 singleness and fixedness of purpose (Mencius).
 chuan¹-hui⁴-ch'ih¹-tsui² 專 會 吃 嘴 a specialty for free meals.
 chuan¹-hui⁴-hung¹-p'ien¹ 專 會 哄 騙 special talent for deceiving.
 chuan¹-i¹ 專 一 to apply the mind to one thing.
 chuan¹-i⁴ 專 意 close application or attention.
 chuan¹-k'ao⁴-tzü¹-chi³ 專 靠 自 己 sole trust in 'one's self.
 chuan¹-l⁶ 專 力 a special application of strength.
 chuan¹-mén² 專 門 a specialist, an expert.
 chuan¹-shuo¹ 專 說 to speak of specially.
 chuan¹-têng³ 專 等 waiting for specially; particular sorts.
 chuan¹-wei² 專 爲 on purpose (t'eit⁴ i⁴).
 chuan¹-wu⁴ 專 務 close application to business.
 chuan¹ 石 (磚 278c117a bricks, tiles, or flags.
 chuan¹ 瓦 (甃 甃 甃 甃 same (p'i¹ k'uai⁴).
 chuan¹-ti⁴ 甃 地 a brick floor.
 chuan¹-t'ou³ 甃 頭 bricks.
 chuan¹-wa³ 甃 瓦 bricks and tiles.
 chuan¹-yuo² 甃 窰 a brick-kiln.
 chuan¹ 而 端 279c116a the origin or source; singly, solely, special.
- CHUAN³ 車 轉 278c117b
 chuan³-chin¹ 轉 筋 to turn round or about, to transport; (also 4).
 chuan³-ch'iu² 轉 求 spasms, convulsions, cramps (ch'ou¹ i¹ chên⁴
 chuan³-hsüny⁴ 轉 向 to intercede for. [fêng¹].
 chuan³-hui² 轉 回 to lose one's bearings, to become confused.
 chuan³-hui²-chia¹-hsian¹ 轉 回 家 鄉 to turn round.
 chuan³-hui²-lai² 轉 回 來 returned home.
 chuan³-huo⁴-wei²-fu² 轉 禍 爲 福 to turn back.
 chuan³-kuo⁴-lai² 轉 過 來 to turn misfortune into happiness.
 to turn around.

chuan³-liao³-ko⁴-ch'üan¹ 轉了個圈
 chuan³-lien³ 轉臉
 chuan⁴-lu⁴-tsou² 轉路走
 chuan³-mai¹ 轉賣
 chuan³-nien² 轉年
 chuan³-pei⁴ 轉背
 chuan³-pün³-yü⁴-shih³ 轉本御史
 chuan³-ping³-t'ieh¹ 轉稟帖
 chuan³-shên¹ 轉身
 chuan⁴-shêng¹ 轉生
 chuan³-sung⁴ 轉送
 chuan⁴-ti⁴ 轉遞
 chuan⁴-tung⁴ 轉動
 chuan⁴-wan¹ 轉灣
 chuan⁴-wan¹-mo⁴-chiao¹ 轉彎抹角
 chuan³-yen³ 轉眼
 chuan³-yün⁴ 轉運
 chuan²-yün⁴-chü² 轉運局

to make a circuit. [(yüan³ shang⁴ lien³).
 to get out of a difficulty without loss of face
 to go by a round about way.
 to resell.
 next year (ning² nien²).
 to turn round, to turn back.
 a censor who forwards memorials for others.
 to transmit a petition.
 to send on, to pass on.
 transmigration (t'o¹ shêng¹).
 to turn the body (fan³ shòu¹).
 to transfer, to forward on.
 to revolve, to turn over
 to wind about, to go round a corner.
 a road with many turnings (wan¹ ch'ü¹).
 to turn the eyes.
 change in luck; retransport goods.
 an office for retransport of goods.

CHUAN⁴ 賺 賺 賺
 chuan⁴-ch'ien² 賺錢
 chuan⁴-jên² 賺人
 chuan⁴-t'a¹-t'í¹ 賺他的
 chuan⁴-t'ou² 賺頭
 chuan⁴ 竹 篆 篆
 chuan⁴-shu¹ 篆書
 chuan⁴-tzu⁴ 篆字
 chuan⁴ 手 撰 撰
 chuan⁴-chih⁴ 撰制
 chuan⁴-tzu⁴ 撰字
 chuan⁴-wên³ 撰文
 chuan⁴ 食 饗 饗
 chuan⁴ 人 傳 傳

to earn money by trade, etc., to undersell.
 to earn money (cr. Ch'uan¹ ch'ieu²).
 to cheat a person.
 to make money out of him.
 something gained, profit.
 the seal character; a seal.
 books or documents in the seal character.
 the seal character.
 to arrange, to prepare; to make, to compose.
 to compose.
 same.
 to compose literature, etc.
 food; provisions, victuals (yung⁴ chuan⁴).
 See ch'uan².

CH'UAN¹ 穿 穿 穿
 ch'uan¹-cha¹ 穿紮
 ch'uan¹-ch'ao²-fu⁴ 穿朝服
 ch'uan¹-chên¹ 穿針
 ch'uan¹-ching³ 穿井
 ch'uan¹-chü¹ 穿裙
 ch'uan¹-ch'u¹-mên²-tzu³ 穿出門子
 ch'uan¹-êrh³ 穿耳
 ch'uan¹-fang²-jue⁴-hu⁴ 穿房入戶

to put on, to dress; to bore, to enter, to insert.
 to dress up, to trick out.
 to wear court robes.
 to thread a needle (jên⁴ chên¹).
 to dig or bore a well (wa¹ ching³).
 to wear a skirt.
 to frequent bawdy houses (kuang⁴ yao³ tzu³).
 to bore the ears (cha¹ êrh³ to³).
 to have the run of a house.

- ch'uan¹-hsiao⁴ 穿孝
 ch'uan¹-hsieh² 穿鞋
 ch'uan¹-hsin¹-ching⁴ 穿心鏡
 ch'uan¹-hsing²-tien⁴ 穿行店子
 ch'uan¹-hsüeh¹-tzü³ 穿靴子
 ch'uan¹-hsüeh⁴-êrh²-ju⁴ 穿穴而入
 ch'uan¹-huan⁴ 穿換
 ch'uan¹-hung²-kua⁴-lü⁴ 穿紅掛綠
 ch'uan¹-i¹-ching⁴ 穿衣鏡
 ch'uan¹-i¹-fu² 穿衣服
 ch'uan¹-i¹-shang¹ 穿衣裳
 ch'uan¹-k'au³-chiu³ 穿鎧甲子
 ch'uan¹-k'u⁴-tzü³ 穿褲子
 ch'uan¹-kuan⁴ 穿貫
 ch'uan¹-kung¹-wei⁴-shih⁴ 穿宮內侍
 ch'uan¹-lang² 穿廊
 ch'uan¹-mang³-p'ao² 穿蟒袍
 ch'uan¹-pi²-tzü³ 穿鼻子
 ch'uan¹-pu⁴-ch'i² 穿不起
 ch'uan¹-pu⁴-chu⁴ 穿不住
 ch'uan¹-shan¹-chia³ 穿山甲
 ch'uan¹-shang⁴ 穿上
 ch'uan¹-su⁴-fu⁴ 穿素服
 ch'uan¹-tai¹ 穿戴
 ch'uan¹-t'ang²-ta¹-sha⁴ 穿堂大廈
 ch'uan¹-t'ieh²-tang¹ 穿迭當
 ch'uan¹-t'ou⁴ 穿透
 ch'uan¹-wa²-tzü³ 穿襪子
 ch'uan¹-wang³ 穿往
 ch'uan¹ 川 川 川 [ts'ai² 280c119a
 ch'uan¹-kuang²-yao⁴- 川廣藥材
 ch'uan¹-lien²-chih³ 川連紙
 ch'uan¹-liu²-pu⁴ hsi³ 川流不息
- to wear mourning (chü¹ sang¹).
 to put on shoes.
 a large mirror ; a dressing glass.
 an inn with gates at both sides.
 to put on boots.
 to go through a hole and enter.
 intimate (friends or business) (lai² wang³).
 gaily dressed (women).
 a dressing glass.
 to put on clothes (shou⁴ ch'uan¹).
 same.
 to wear a suit of armor.
 to put on trousers (t'un⁴ k'u¹).
 to string, to connect.
 (即太監) a eunuch.
 a hall, a passage (kuo¹ t'ing¹).
 to wear court robes.
 to bore a hole in the nose.
 cannot afford to wear.
 unable to put on.
 a species of ant-eater (a medicine)
 to put on (clothes).
 to wear ordinary clothes (pien⁴ i¹).
 "wear on the body and head," apparel
 large open halls.
 to put on properly (dress).
 to penetrate.
 to put on stockings.
 to come and go, intimate.
 a channel for water, mountain streams
 drugs from Szechuan and Canton.
 a good quality of note paper.
 a constant stream, constantly.
- CH'UAN² 舟 船 282c120a
 ch'uan²-ao⁴ 船澳
 ch'uan²-ch'ang³ 船廠
 ch'uan²-ch'ao⁴ 船鈔
 ch'uan²-ch'ao⁴-yin² 船鈔銀
 ch'uan²-ch'ên²-liao³ 船沉了
 ch'uan²-chia¹ 船家
 ch'uan²-fan¹-liao³ 船翻了
 ch'uan²-chih¹ 船隻
- a boat, or vessel of any kind (p'ai² ch'uan²)
 a dock (ch'uan² wu³).
 a ship-yard, a navy-yard.
 tonnage dues.
 same.
 the ship sank.
 the crew of a vessel.
 the ship was upset.
 vessels, ships (pai² tu⁴).

ch'uan²-ch³ [liao³ 船主] 船主
 ch'uan²-ch'uang¹-ch'i² 船裝齊了
 ch'uan²-hang² 船行戶
 ch'uan²-hu⁴ 船戶貨
 ch'uan²-huo⁴ 船貨
 ch'uan²-i¹-chih¹ 船一隻
 ch'uan²-k'ao¹-ma³-t'ou² 船靠碼頭
 ch'uan²-mao² 船錨
 ch'uan²-mien⁴ 船面
 ch'uan²-p'ing² 船篷
 ch'uan²-pu⁴-t'ou² 船埠頭
 ch'uan²-shang³-fu³-to⁴ 船上扶舵
 ch'uan²-shang³-ti¹-k'o 船上的客
 ch'uan²-shên¹ 船身
 ch'uan²-t'iao⁴-pan³ 船跳板
 ch'uan²-to⁴ 船舵
 ch'uan²-tsai¹ 船載
 ch'uan²-ts'ang¹ 船艙
 ch'uan²-wei² 船桅
 ch'uan²-wei³ 船尾
 ch'uan²-wu³ 船塢
 ch'uan² 人傳 傳^{2S2a119c}
 ch'uan²-chi³-ni³ 傳給你
 ch'uan²-ch'i³-hou⁴-shên³ 傳齊候審
 ch'uan²-chün-pao³ 傳家寶
 ch'uan²-chiao⁴ 傳教
 ch'uan²-chiao⁴-ti¹ 傳教的
 ch'uan²-chih³ 傳旨
 ch'uan²-fa² 傳法
 ch'uan²-hsia⁴ 傳下
 ch'uan²-hsin⁴ 傳信
 ch'uan²-hsün⁴ 傳訊
 ch'uan²-hua⁴ 傳話
 ch'uan²-i¹ 傳驛
 ch'uan²-jan³-chéng¹ 傳染症
 ch'uan²-jên² 傳人
 ch'uan²-k'ai¹-yao³-yen² 傳開謠言
 ch'uan²-kung¹ 傳供
 ch'uan²-ling¹ 傳令
 ch'uan²-lin²-hou⁴-tai¹ 傳流後代
 ch'uan²-ming² 傳名
 ch'uan²-ming⁴ 傳命
 ch'uan²-pao⁴ 傳報

the captain or owner of a vessel (kuan³ ch'uan² [ti¹]).
 the vessel has finished loading.
 a shipping office.
 a super-cargo or agent, crew.
 the cargo of vessel,
 one ship.
 the ship moors at the jetty.
 the ship's anchor.
 the deck of a ship.
 sails of a vessel.
 the port.
 to hold the rudder.
 a vessel's passengers,
 the hull.
 the gang-plank,
 a vessel's rudder (pu⁴ to').
 cargo.
 a vessel's hold, or cabins.
 a mast.
 the stern,
 a dry dock.
 [chuan⁴].
 to transmit, to hand down, to propagate. See
 to tell you.
 to summon all the parties and wait trial.
 to hand down family heir-loom; name of a book.
 to propagate religion (ch'uan⁴ jên²).
 one who propagates religion.
 to publish imperial decrees.
 to teach methods, etc.
 to hand down (i² lin², tsu³ ch'uan²).
 to proclaim new (on warrants).
 to send for and interrogate.
 to interpret, to deliver a message, etc. [shih⁴]¹.
 a mounted courier, an express.
 a contagious or infectious disease,
 to order a person to come.
 to spread false reports (pu⁴ san⁴ yao³ yen²).
 interpreter of patois of witnesses or criminals.
 to issue orders.
 handed down to posterity.
 to spread abroad your fame.
 to publish a decree or order.
 to announce.

ch'uan ² -pien ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴	傳遍天下	universally preached or made known,
ch'uan ² -shih ⁴ -jên ²	傳事人	a go-between, a manager for others (chung ¹ jên ²).
ch'uan ² -shou ⁴	傳授	to deliver or communicate to; to teach,
ch'uan ² -shu ¹	傳書	to transmit by books.
ch'uan ² -shu ⁴	傳述	to narrate.
ch'uan ² -shuo ¹	傳說	to hand down or transmit by tradition.
ch'uan ² -sung ⁴	傳送	to send to, to transmit.
ch'uan ² -tao ⁴	傳道	to promulge good doctrines or principles,
ch'uan ² -ti ⁴	傳遞	to pass from one to the other, to transmit,
ch'uan ² -tien ⁴ -pao ⁴	傳電報	to send a telegram.
ch'uan ² -wei ⁴	傳位	to transmit the throne to (fu ⁴ ch'uan ² tzü ³).
ch'uan ² -wên ²	傳聞	to declare to, to tell.
ch'uan ² -yang ² -mei ³	傳揚美名	to spread abroad your fair fame,
ch'uan ² (tzü ³)	木椽	beams, rafters.

CH'UAN ³	舛	舛 ^{283c120c}	error, erroneous; to contradict.
ch'uan ³ -o ²	舛訛		deceived. [kung ¹].
ch'uan ³ -po ³	舛駁		contradictory, e. g., evidence (tui ⁴ chili ² , k'ou ²
ch'uan ³ -ts'o ⁴	舛錯		erroneous, mistaken, error.
ch'uan ³ -wu ³	舛忤		obstinate, perverse, opposing.
ch'uan ³	喘	喘 ^{281a120c}	to pant, to breathe short and thick.
ch'uan ³ -ch'i ⁴	喘氣		panting, to pant (k'o ² sou ⁴ , fa ¹ ch'uan ³).
ch'uan ³ -ch'uan ³	喘喘		same.
ch'uan ³ ho ¹ -ho ¹ -ti ¹	喘呵呵的		breathing hard, out of breath.
ch'uan ³ -hsi ²	喘息		panting, to pant.
ch'uan ³ -hsü ¹ -hsü ¹ -ti ¹	喘噓噓的		breathless, breathing hard.
ch'uan ³ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	喘不上氣		cannot get one's breath.
ch'uan ³ -t'í ¹ -huang ¹	喘的慌		same.

CH'UAN ⁴	串	串 ^{283c121b}	to connect, to string together; string.
ch'uan ⁴ -ch'ang ²	串腸		to pass through the bowels or mind.
ch'uan ⁴ -ch'ang ² -tu ²	串腸毒藥		fatal poison.
ch'uan ⁴ -ch'ien ²	串錢		to string cash (i ¹ ch'uan ⁴ ch'ien ²).
ch'uan ⁴ -chu ¹	串珠		a reference book, marginal reference.
ch'uan ⁴ -kuan ⁴	串貫		to string.
ch'uan ⁴ -kung ¹	串供		evidence leagued together.
ch'uan ⁴ -ling ²	串鈴		a bell in the shape of a ring.
ch'uan ⁴ -mên ² -tzü ³	串門子		to visit, to gad about.
ch'uan ⁴ -mou ²	串謀		to intrigue.
ch'uan ⁴ -p'ao ⁴	串炮		a string of crackers (huo ³ pien ¹ , pien ¹ p'ao ⁴ , pao ⁴
ch'uan ⁴ -t'ung ¹	串通		to pass through; to secretly inform.
ch'uan ⁴ -t'ung ²	串同		to connect together.
ch'uan ⁴	金釧	釧 ^{281a121a}	an armlet, a bracelet (cho ²).

ch'uan⁴-ch'ai¹
ch'uan⁴-tsan¹

釧釵
釧簪

armlets and hair-pins.
same.

CHUANG¹

衣裝^{285a113b}

chuang¹-ch'ê¹
chuang¹-ch'is²-liao³
chuang¹-ch'iang¹
chuang¹-ch'uan²
chuang¹-hsiang¹
chuang¹-huo⁴
chuang¹-k'ou³-tai⁴
chuang¹-kuei⁴
chuang¹-kuo³
chuang¹-lao²
chuang¹-man²-liao³

裝車
裝齊了
裝槍
裝船
裝箱
裝貨
裝口袋
裝櫃裏
裝老
裝滿了

to put into, to pack, to contain,
to put into or load a cart.
all loaded on,
to load a gun.
to load a vessel.
to pack a box.
to pack goods.
to fill a bag.
to sort and count the day's sales.
to dress a corpse. [(ch'êng² lien⁴).
to dress a parent or grandparent for burial
filled completely

chuang¹-shu⁴
chuang¹-ting⁴
chuang¹-tsai⁴
chuang¹-yao¹-li³
chuang¹-yen¹
chuang¹-yün⁴

裝束
裝釘
裝棧
裝腰裡
裝菸
裝運

to dress,
to bind (books).
to contain, to load a cargo.
to put in the pocket.
to fill a pipe with tobacco,
to load, and transport.

chuang¹
chuang¹

庄 { 庄^{284a112c}
庄^{285b112a}

chuang¹-ch'an²-ti³-t'u²
chuang¹-chia¹
chuang¹-chia¹-han⁴
chuang¹-chia¹-jên²
chuang¹-ching⁴
chuang¹-hu⁴
chuang¹-nung²
chuang¹-t'ien²

庄產地土
庄稼
庄稼漢
庄稼人
庄敬
庄戶
庄農
庄田

farm-house, homesteads, a warehouse; sedate.
sedate—used for preceding.
property, real and personal.
crops in general (ho² chia¹)
a villager, a rustic.
same.
serious, respectful.
a rustic, a farmer.
agricultural.
'farmhouses and fields,' farms.

chuang¹-t'ou²
chuang¹-ts'un¹
chuang¹-tzu²
chuang¹-yen²
chuang²-yün²

庄頭
庄村
庄子
庄園

the head of a farm.
a village.
a homestead; a compound.
grave, sedate
a farm-yard (or 院).

chuang¹
chuang¹

女粧 { 粧^{284b113a}
米粧^{284b113a}

chuang¹-chia²
chuang¹-ch'iang¹
chuang¹-ch'ing²
chuang¹-hia²
chuang¹-hsiu¹

粧假
粧腔
粧窮
粧匣
粧修

a lady's toilet; dressed, to feign.
same.
to pretend, to make believe (chia² mau⁴).
affected talk; fulsetto.
to feign poverty.
a lady's dressing case.
to dress (as the hair).

chuang¹-hu²-tu² 粧糊塗 to pretend to be stupid. [p'in⁴ li³].
 chuang¹-lien² [shu³ 粧奩 a lady's toilet ; a bride's portion (chia⁴ chuang⁴
 chuang¹-lung²-chuang¹ 粧聾粧僂 to feign deafness and idiocy.
 chuang¹-mo²-tso⁴-yang⁴ 粧模作樣 to pretend, to feign.
 chuang¹-pan⁴ 粧扮 dress ; to dress generally, to decorate.
 chuang¹ ping⁴ 粧病 to sham illness.
 chuang¹ pu⁴-t'ing¹-chien⁴ 粧不聽見 to pretend not to hear.
 chuang¹-shih² 粧飾 to ornament, to gloss over.
 chuang¹-shui⁴ 粧睡 to feign sleep.
 chuang¹-tien³ 粧點 to decorate, to gloss over.
 chuang¹-tz'ü⁴ 粧欠 your ladyship (in letters).
 chuang¹ (tzü³) 木 樁 285c113c a post. Numerative of affairs (chüeh²).

CHIJANG³ 大 裝 285a113c large, thick, stout.

CHUANG⁴ 土 壯 284c114a strong, robust, flourishing.
 chuang⁴-chien⁴ 壯健 stout, robust, strong, hale.
 chuang⁴-chih⁴ 壯志 firmness, determination, strength of mind.
 chuang⁴-ch'iang² 壯强 strong, robust.
 chuang⁴-chuang⁴ 壯壯 same (p'ang⁴ fei²).
 chuang⁴-fei² 壯肥 strong and stout, portly.
 chuang⁴-hsin¹ 壯心 firmness, strength of mind.
 chuang⁴-jên² 壯人 a strong person.
 chuang⁴-jo⁴ [ti² 壯弱 strong and weak.
 chuang⁴-lang²-lung²- 壯郎郎的 very strong. [(miao⁴ ling²).
 chuang⁴-nien² 壯年 the years of manhood (from twenty to thirty)
 chuang⁴-pin¹ 壯班 official guard, a section of the ya-i. M. 221.
 chuang⁴-shêng⁴ 壯盛 vigorous health, high health.
 chuang⁴-shih²-shih²-ti² 壯實實的 quite strong, robust. [and so (chien⁴ tsu²).
 chuang⁴-shih⁴ 壯士 able bodied men or soldiers ; a good fellow ; so
 chuang⁴-t'a¹-ti¹-tan³ 壯他的膽 to strengthen his courage,
 chuang⁴-ting¹ 壯丁 a robust, able bodied man, an adult,
 chuang⁴-yung³ 壯勇 militia.
 chuang⁴ 犬 狀 284b114a exterior appearance, fashion, form.
 chuang⁴-kun⁴ 狀棍 a petifogging attorney (sung⁴ kun⁴).
 chuang⁴-mao⁴ 狀貌 the countenance ; a full countenance.
 chuang⁴-shih¹ 狀師 an attorney, a lawyer.
 chuang⁴-t-z'ü³ 狀子 an accusation, a petition (kao⁴ chuang⁴).
 chuang⁴-t-z'ü² 狀詞 same.
 chuang⁴-yüan² 狀元 chief of the Han⁴-lin² literati. G. 474. [(p'êng⁴)
 chuang⁴ 手 才 撞 286a114b to beat, to rush against ; to seize ; to swindle
 chuang⁴-an⁴ 撞案 a case of assault.
 chuang⁴-cho² 撞着 to dash against (ch'uang³).

<i>chuang⁴-chien⁴</i>	撞見	to rush into one's presence ; to meet suddenly.
<i>chuang⁴-chung¹</i>	撞鐘	{ to strike a bell (with a mallet) ; pitch at the { <i>motte</i> (<i>yao²ling²</i>).
<i>chuang⁴-k'oi¹</i>	撞磕	[results. to run against (ghosts or devils) with baleful
<i>chuang⁴-kuei³</i>	撞撞鬼	to meet a devil.
<i>chuang⁴-mien²</i>	撞撞門	to dash against the door.
<i>chuang⁴-p'eng⁴</i>	撞撞碰	to run against.
<i>chuang⁴-p'ien⁴</i>	撞撞騙	to swindle, to defraud, to cheat.
<i>chuang⁴-tao³</i>	撞撞倒	to knock down (<i>pan⁴ tao³</i>).
<i>chuang⁴-yii⁴</i>	撞撞遇	to meet suddenly.

CH'UANG¹ 片 窗 窗 { 聽^{287a115a}

<i>ch'uang¹</i>	窗 窓	a window.
<i>ch'uang¹-chang³-tzü³</i>	窗 帳 子	same.
<i>ch'uang¹-chih³</i>	窗 紙	window curtains (<i>hu² ch'uang¹ hu⁴</i>).
<i>ch'uang¹-ching⁴</i>	窗 鏡	window paper.
<i>ch'uang¹-hsia⁴</i>	窗 下	window panes.
<i>ch'uang¹-hsiu¹-ti⁴</i>	窗 兄 弟	at one's studies, &c. (<i>t'ung² ch'uang¹</i>),
<i>ch'uang¹-hu⁴</i>	窗 戶	school-fellows, fellow-students.
<i>ch'uang¹-ko¹-mu⁴</i>	窗 櫺 木	a window.
<i>ch'uang¹-k'o⁴</i>	窗 課	the wooden plate above a window.
<i>ch'uang¹-kuang⁴</i>	窗 框	at one's studies.
<i>ch'uang¹-lien²</i>	窗 簾	the frame of a window.
<i>ch'uang¹-ling²</i>	窗 樞	a window screen (inner).
<i>ch'uang¹-sha¹</i>	窗 紗	the lintel of a window, a window frame.
<i>ch'uang¹-ta²-tzü³</i>	窗 搭 子	gauze for covering window frames.
<i>ch'uang¹-t'ai²</i>	窗 臺	a window screen (outer).
<i>ch'uang¹-yen³</i>	窗 眼	a window sill.
<i>ch'uang¹-yu³</i>	窗 窻	window ventilators.
<i>ch'uang¹</i>	瘡 瘡	school-fellows, fellow-students (<i>t'ung² ch'uang¹</i>).
<i>ch'uang¹-chéng⁴</i>	瘡 症	any sore or ulcer (<i>chih⁴ ch'uang¹</i>).
<i>ch'uang¹-kou³</i>	瘡 口	same.
<i>ch'uang¹-lou⁴</i>	瘡 癩	the mouth of a sore.
<i>ch'uang¹-nung²</i>	瘡 膿	a kind of running sore (<i>lou⁴ ch'uang¹</i>).
<i>ch'uang¹-pa¹</i>	瘡 疤	pus.
<i>ch'uang¹-pan²</i>	瘡 癩	a scar or scab of a sore.
<i>ch'uang¹-tu²</i>	瘡 毒	a scar, a scab (<i>pu¹ lu¹</i>).
		the virus of a wound.

CH'UANG² 床 { 床^{287a115c}

<i>ch'uang²</i>	床 牀	a bed or couch (<i>k'ang⁴</i>).
<i>ch'uang²-chan¹</i>	牀 氈	same (<i>i¹ p'u⁴ ch'uang²</i>).
<i>ch'uang²-chang⁴-tzü³</i>	牀 帳 子	blankets (<i>jung²</i>).
<i>ch'uang²-hsi¹</i>	牀 席	bed curtains (upper).
		the matting of a bed.

ch'uang²-p'u⁴
 ch'uang²-shang⁴
 ch'uang²-t'u⁴
 ch'uang²-wei²

牀鋪
 牀上
 牀榻
 牀幃

bedding, bed and bedding.
 on the bed.
 a bed, a couch.
 bed curtains (lower).

CH'UANG³

門 闖 287c21c

ch'uang³-chên⁴
 ch'uang³-chîn⁴ [p'o¹
 ch'uang³-hsi⁴-shan²-
 ch'uang³-hun¹-tso⁴
 ch'uang³-huo⁴
 ch'uang³-ju⁴
 ch'uang³-kuan¹
 ch'uang³-mên²
 ch'uang³-mên² tzü³
 ch'uang³-yüeh⁴

闖陣
 闖進
 闖下山坡
 闖婚作
 闖禍
 闖入
 闖關
 闖門
 闖門子
 闖越

to rush suddenly out or in, precipitately.
 to precipitate a battle.
 to rush in suddenly, to intrude.
 ran down a hill.
 to marry without ceremony.
 to court misfortune (chao¹ huo⁴).
 to burst one's way in.
 to evade the customs.
 to gad about (ch'uan⁴ mên² tzü³).
 to burst in at a gate (chuang⁴ mên²).
 to rush over.

CH'UANG⁴ 刀 刀 剗

創 286b116c

ch'uang⁴-ch'ên²-shih⁴.
 ch'uang⁴-chien¹ [yeh⁴
 ch'uang⁴-kuo²-chi¹
 ch'uang⁴-li⁴
 ch'uang⁴-li¹-ta⁴-kung¹
 ch'uang⁴-shih¹
 ch'uang⁴-shih⁴-chi⁴
 ch'uang⁴-shih⁴-i³-lai²
 ch'uang⁴-tê²-hên²-hao³
 ch'uang⁴-ti³-p'u⁴
 ch'uang⁴-tsao⁴
 ch'uang⁴-tso⁴
 ch'uang⁴-yeh⁴
 ch'uang⁴-yeh⁴-huang². [ti⁴

創成事業
 創建
 創國基
 創立
 創立大功
 創始
 創世記
 創世以來
 創得狠好
 創底鋪
 創造
 創作
 創業
 創業皇帝

to begin first; to make, to invent, to found.
 to found an estate.
 to found.
 to lay the foundation of a country.
 to found.
 great merit of founding.
 to commence any undertaking, to found.
 Genesis.
 from the creation until now.
 to get on well in business, etc.
 to come to bottom quilt, e.g., the end of tether.
 to make at first, to invent, to create,
 same.
 to lay the foundation of a family, etc.
 the emperor who founded a dynasty.

CHUI¹

追 追 288c100a

chui¹-chui¹
 chui¹-chui¹-ch'ing¹-ch'u³
 chui¹-ch'iu²
 chui¹-ch'u¹-lai²
 chui¹-fêng¹
 chui¹-hsiang³
 chui¹-hui²
 chui¹-hui³-ch'ien³-fei²
 chui¹-hui³-pu⁴-chi²

追究
 追究清楚
 追求
 追出來
 追封
 追想
 追回
 追悔
 追悔不及

to escort, to follow after, to pursue.
 to search out (ch'iuang² chui¹).
 to investigate clearly.
 to investigate.
 to trace out, to follow up.
 posthumous bestowment of titles.
 to reflect upon.
 to run after, to recall (chui¹ nien⁴).
 to feel remorse for past faults.
 useless to repent.

chui¹-i⁴
 chui¹-kan²
 chui¹-nien⁴
 chui¹-pi³-t'ai⁴-chin³
 chui¹-pu⁴-hui²-lai²
 chui¹-pu⁴-tao³
 chui¹-ssü³-chi²-kuo⁴
 chui¹-sung⁴
 chui¹-tsang¹
 chui¹-wên⁴
 chui¹-yüan³
 chui¹ 金 錐 2SSb100b
 chui¹-tsuan³-pu⁴-tung⁴ 錐 鑽 不 動
 chui¹-t'zü⁴-ku³ 錐 刺 股
 chui¹ 手 推 1201c926a
 chui¹-lun⁴ 推 論

to call to mind.
 to run after, to pursue, to overtake.
 to reflect on.
 followed up too closely.
 cannot trace out. [matter (kan³ pu⁴ shang⁴).
 can't catch him up, can't get to the bottom of
 to reflect upon one's faults.
 to accompany, to escort. .
 to recover booty.
 to examine severely.
 to sacrifice to one's parents (shòu⁴ chung¹).
 an awl, a point; a trifle.
 unable to pierce with an awl.
 (Su Chin) pierced his thigh with an awl to study.
 to search; to infer. See t'ui¹.
 to infer, to deduce.

CHUI⁴ 土 墜 290a101b
 chui⁴-ch'êng²-êrh²-wang³ 墜 城 而 亡
 chui⁴-hsia⁴ 墜 下
 chui⁴-hsing¹-hsing¹ 墜 星 星
 chui⁴-lao⁴ or lo⁴ 墜 落
 chui⁴-ma³ 墜 馬
 chui⁴-shih³ 墜 石
 chui⁴-t'ai¹ 墜 胎
 chui⁴-tsai⁴-ching²-lê² 墜 在 井 裡
 chui⁴-tzü³ 墜 子
 chui⁴ 具 贅 289c101c
 chui⁴-hsü⁴ 贅 婿
 chui⁴-lei⁴ 贅 累
 chui⁴ 糸 繩 289a101b
 chui⁴-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴ 繩 下 去
 chui⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴ 繩 不 住
 chui⁴-shêng³ 繩 繩

to slide down, to descend; falling, descending.
 fell over the city wall and was killed.
 to fall down.
 falling stars (tsai³ hsing¹).
 to fall down.
 to fall from a horse.
 a make-weight at end of string. [ch'an³).
 an abortion, a miscarriage, a falling womb (hsiao³
 fell into the well.
 small ear drops (cho² t'ou², êrh³ huan²).
 repetition, tautology; to connect.
 a son-in-law who lives with his wife's family.
 to encumber, to vitiate (lei⁴ chui⁴).
 cord, to suspend.
 to let it down.
 cannot be suspended.
 to let down a rope.

CH·UI¹ 口 吹 290c101a
 ch'ui¹-ch'ü¹
 ch'ui¹-hai²-lo² 吹 氣
 ch'ui¹-hsiao¹ 吹 海 螺
 ch'ui¹-hsü¹ 吹 簫
 ch'ui¹-hsü¹ 吹 噓
 ch'ui¹-hsü¹-ch'ui¹-hsü¹ 吹 噓 吹 噓
 ch'ui¹-hu¹ 吹 呼
 ch'ui¹-hu²-lu² 吹 葫 蘆

to blow, blowing (also 4).
 to breathe, whistle as steamer (ch'uan³ ch'ü⁴).
 to blow a conch.
 to play on the flageolet. [(chien⁴ chü³).
 "to blow softly," to praise, to recommend
 same.
 to talk loud, to storm at.
 to vociferate (lian³ chia⁴),

ch'ui ¹ -hu ² -tzü ³	吹鬍子	to vociferate (han ³ chiao ⁴).
ch'ui ¹ -huo ³	吹火	to blow a fire (shan ¹ huo ³).
ch'ui ¹ -k'ai ¹	吹開	to blow open.
ch'ui ¹ -k'ou ³ -chih ¹ -li ⁴	吹口之力	very easy (ch'ui ¹ shon ²).
ch'ui ¹ -ku ² -liao ³	吹臙了	to blow out into a round shape.
ch'ui ¹ -ku ² -shou ³	吹鼓手	musicians.
ch'ui ¹ -kuan ³ -tzü ³	吹管子	a blow-pipe.
ch'ui ¹ -la ³ -pa ¹	吹喇叭	to blow on a trumpet.
ch'ui ¹ -liao ³	吹了	enough! no more about it! (la ¹ tao ³ , suan ⁴ la ¹ [pa ⁴]).
ch'ui ¹ -mao ² -ch'iu ² -t'zü ³	吹毛求疵	to magnify trifling faults, to carp, to cavil.
ch'ui ¹ -mieh ⁴	吹滅	to blow out, to extinguish.
ch'ui ¹ -niu ² -ti ¹	吹牛的	a braggart, a boaster.
ch'ui ¹ -p'ang ²	吹噓	to brag, to boast (tzü ⁴ man ³).
ch'ui ¹ -pu ¹ -hsiang ³	吹不響	can't bring a sound out of it (e. g., instrument).
ch'ui ¹ -shêng ²	吹笙	to play on the pipes.
ch'ui ¹ -shao ⁴	吹哨	to whistle.
ch'ui ¹ -shou ³	吹手	musicians (ku ³ yo ⁴).
ch'ui ¹ -ta ³	吹打	"blowing and beating," music.
ch'ui ¹ -ta ⁴ -yen ¹	吹大煙	to smoke opium.
ch'ui ¹ -t'an ²	吹彈	wind and stringed instruments.
ch'ui ¹ -tao ³	吹倒	to blow down.
ch'ui ¹ -têng ¹	吹燈	to blow out a lamp; enough! no more about it!
ch'ui ¹ -têng ¹ -san ⁴ -huo ³	吹燈散夥	to make an end of it.
ch'ui ¹ -ti ² -tzü ³	吹笛子	to play the flute.
ch'ui ¹	火炊 ^{291a102a}	to boil, to cook, to steam (chü ³ , chêng ¹ , p'êng ¹).
ch'ui ¹ -chou ³	炊籌	a whisk to use in washing dishes.
ch'ui ¹ -ping ³	炊餅	to cook cakes.

CH'UI ²	土垂 ^{291a102a}	to hang down, to suspend (tiao ⁴).
ch'ui ² -ai ⁴	垂愛	condescending regard.
ch'ui ² -ên ¹	垂恩	condescending kindness.
ch'ui ² -ku ⁴	垂顧	to regard condescendingly.
ch'ui ² -lao ³	垂老	to approach old age.
ch'ui ² -lei ⁴	垂淚	to shed tears (liu ² lei).
ch'ui ² -lien ²	垂憐	condescending compassion.
ch'ui ² -lien ² -t'ing ¹ -chéng ⁴	垂簾聽政	to listen to politics behind the curtain, e.g., the
ch'ui ² -liu ²	垂柳	the drooping willow.
ch'ui ² -ming ³ -wan ⁴ -shih ⁴	垂名萬世	everlasting good name.
ch'ui ² -nien ¹	垂念	to speak kindly of.
ch'ui ² -shih ⁴	垂世	to hand down to succeeding generations.
ch'ui ² -shou ³	垂手	to let the hands hang down.
ch'ui ² -shou ³ -êrh ³ -té ³	垂手而得	to get without effort.
ch'ui ² -shou ³ -sang ⁴ -chi ⁴	垂首喪氣	hung his head in deep grief.

ch'ui ² -t'ing ¹	垂聽	to condescend, to listen to (as prayer).
ch'ui ² -t'ou ²	垂頭	to hang down the head (ti ¹ t'ou ²).
ch'ui ² -wei ²	垂危	in imminent danger; near the death (lin ³ wei ²).
ch'ui ² -yang ² -liu ³	垂楊柳	weeping aspen and willow.
ch'ui ² 手才	搥 291c102c	to strike (as a drum, bell, etc.).
ch'ui ² -hsiung ¹	搥胸	to beat the breast in anger or grief.
ch'ui ² -ku ³	搥鼓	to beat the drum (lei ⁴ ku ³).
ch'ui ² -yao ¹	搥腰	to thump the back (a sort of shampooing).
ch'ui ² 才	捶 289b100c	to beat, to cudgel.
ch'ui ² -pu ⁴ -shih ³	捶布石	stone for beating clothes on, a mangle. M. 194.
ch'ui ² (tzu)	金鎚 289b102b	a mallet, a hammer; to beat, to strike.
ch'ui ² (tzu)	金錘 289c102c	the weight on a steel yard (ch'êng ⁴ to ⁴).
ch'ui ² 木椎	槌 291c102c	mallet, reject.
ch'ui ² -i ² -shang ¹	槌衣裳	to mangle clothing.
CHUN ¹ 言	諄 292a103a	to explain, to inculcate, to earnestly impress on.
chun ¹ -ch'ieh ⁴	諄切	carefully, emphatically.
chun ¹ -chun ¹	諄諄	same.
CHUN ³ 水	準 292c104a	[M. 326 (hsū ²) (see chun ³ below). to approve, to allow, to grant; to adjust, to fix.
chun ³ -chang ¹ -chéng ²	準章程	fixed regulations.
chun ³ -ch'êng ²	準成	accurate, trusty, absolute.
chun ³ -ch'êng ⁴	準秤	adjusted scales.
chun ³ -ch'i ²	準其	to allow, to permit.
chun ³ -chin ¹ -liang ³	準斤兩	adjusted weights.
chun ³ -êrh ² -yu ⁴ -chun ³	準而又準	most assuredly.
chun ³ -hsin ⁴	準信	a reliable news.
chun ³ -hsing ²	準行	certainly; to sanction.
chun ³ -hua ¹	準話	the truth.
chun ³ -jê ² -luan ⁴ -tzu ²	準惹亂子	sure to provoke a row.
chun ³ -lai ²	準來	sure to come.
chun ³ -pei ⁴	準備	to prepare (yū ¹ pei ⁴).
chun ³ -po ³	準駁	approval and disapproval.
chun ³ -pu ⁴ -chun ³	準不準	is it allowed or not? is it certain or not?
chun ³ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	準不來	certainly will not come.
chun ³ -shêng ²	準繩	a marking line.
chun ³ -tang ¹	準常	certain, sure.
chun ³ -t'ou ²	準頭	accuracy of aim, definite object.
chun ³ -tsei ²	準則	a rule, or standard.
chun ³ -tso ⁴	準奏	to grant permission to memorialize.
chun ³ -yao ⁴ -ai ² -ti ²	準要挨打	sure to get a beating.
chun ³ -yu ² -ling ² -yen ⁴	準有靈驗	verily it is efficacious.
chun ³ 7	准 292b103c	to authorise, to grant.

chun³-chuang⁴

淮狀

to allow the filing of a plaint.

CH'UN¹日 春^{293a104a}

spring; wantonness, sensual.

ch'un¹-ch'ao²

春潮

spring tides.

ch'un¹-ch'i⁴

春季

the spring season.

ch'un¹-ch'i⁴

春祭

spring sacrifice at graves.

ch'un¹-ch'iu³

春酒

new year's festivities.

ch'un¹-ch'iu¹

春秋

spring and autumn; age. [Annals. W. I. 647. Spring and Autumn

ch'un¹-ch'iu¹-ssü⁴-ch'i⁴ 春秋四季

the four seasons.

ch'un¹-ch'ü² [shou¹

春橘

spring orange.

ch'un¹-chung⁴-ch'iu¹- 春種秋收

spring for sowing and autumn for reaping.

ch'un¹-fang¹

春坊

a certain rank; a palace.

ch'un¹-f'ên¹

春分

the middle of spring, one of the twenty-four [terms.

ch'un¹-f'êng¹

春風

spring breezes; sexual intercourse.

ch'un¹-han²

春寒

the cold of spring.

ch'un¹-hsia⁴-ch'iu¹-tung¹ 春夏秋冬

spring, summer, autumn and winter.

ch'un¹-hsiao¹

春宵

spring clouds.

ch'un¹-hsin¹

春心

wantonness, lust (t'an¹ sê⁴, yin² hsin¹).ch'un¹-hua¹

春花

spring flowers.

ch'un¹-hua⁴

春畫

obscene pictures.

ch'un¹-kuan¹

春官

the Board of Rites; a rank (li³ pu⁴).ch'un¹-kung¹

春宮

obscene pictures or figures.

ch'un¹-mêng⁴

春夢

"spring dreams," visionary, not real.

ch'un¹-niu³

春牛

the spring ox. Note 104 (ying² ch'un¹).ch'un¹-nuan³-hua¹-k'ai¹ 春暖花開

the flowers open in the warm spring.

ch'un¹-t'ien¹

春天

a spring day, spring weather.

ch'un¹-wang²-yüeh⁴

春王月

the first month. See Note 32 (ch'ung¹ yüeh⁴).ch'un¹-yao⁴

春藥

aphrodisiacs.

ch'un¹-yü³

春雨

spring rains (hsi⁴ yü³).ch'un¹木 椿^{293c104b}

a long-lived tree; father.

ch'un¹-hsüan¹-ping⁴-

椿萱並茂

parents both alive and well.

ch'un¹-shu⁴ [mao⁴

椿樹

a long-lived tree.

ch'un¹-t'ang²

椿堂

your father; old age.

ch'un¹鳥 鶉^{1007c783c}a quail (an¹ ch'un¹).CH'UN²口 (唇^{294a783a}

the lips.

ch'un²

唇 唇

same (tsui³ ch'un²).ch'un²-ch'ih³-chih¹-pang¹ 唇齒之邦

neighboring states with identical interests.

ch'un²-hsiao⁴

唇笑

to laugh, to smile.

ch'un²-hung²-ch'ih³-pai² 唇紅齒白

"lips red and teeth white," beautiful.

ch'un²-shê²

唇舌

"lips and tongue," plausible, eloquent.

ch'un²-wang²-ch'ih³-han² 唇亡齒寒

fig. the loss of one state is the loss of the other.

ch'un²糸 純^{1008b783b}pure, unmixed, honest. See shun².

ch'un ² -hou ⁴	純厚	morally sound, sincere, honest.
ch'un ² -hsiao ⁴	純孝	truly filial.
ch'un ² -hsin ¹ -yung ⁴ -kung ¹	純心用工	to work with assiduity.
ch'un ² -i ¹ -wu ² -wei ¹	純一無偽	pure, genuine, unadulterated.
ch'un ² -i ¹ -pu ⁴ -tsa ²	純一不雜	pure, unmixed.
ch'un ² -pai ² -yen ² -sé ⁴	純白顏色	pure white.
ch'un ² -shan ⁴ -wu ² -o ¹	純善無惡	perfectly holy and good. See <i>shun</i> ² .
ch'un ² -ts'ui ¹	純粹	pure, beautiful.
ch'un ² -yin ¹ -wu ² -yang ²	純陰無陽	wholly given to darkness, e. g., devils,
ch'un ²	酉醜 醇	respectful; wine. See <i>shun</i> ² .

CH'UN ³	虫 蠢	293c105b	stupid.
ch'un ³ -cho ¹	蠢拙		stupid (yü ¹ cho ¹).
ch'un ³ -p'ên ⁴	蠢笨		same.
ch'un ³ -ts'ai ¹	蠢才		simplicity, stupidity.
ch'un ³ -tsü ³	蠢子		a simpleton, a stupid.

CHUNG ¹	中	294b105a	the middle, inner; among, in; hit, attain (4th [tone]).
chung ¹ -chéng ⁴	中正		upright.
chung ¹ -chéng ⁴	中証		a witness (k'ou ³ kung ¹).
chung ¹ -ch'êng ⁴	中丞		a title of a governor (hsün ³ fu ³).
chung ¹ -chien ¹	中間		in the middle, within, between.
chung ¹ -shien ⁴	中見		a witness.
chung ¹ -chih ³	中指		the middle finger.
chung ¹ -chü ³	中酒		intoxicated or ill from the effects of drink (ho ² [tsui ⁴]).
chung ¹ -ch'iu ¹	中秋		mid-autumn.
chung ¹ -chü ³ -jên ²	中舉人		to obtain the literary grade of <i>chü-jên</i> (chin ⁴ [hsiao ²]).
chung ¹ -chün ¹	中軍		a military secretary.
chung ¹ -chung ¹ -tí ¹	中中的		middling, passable, so-so, nothing extra.
chung ¹ -fan ⁴	中飯		mid-day meal.
chung ¹ -fêng ¹ -pu ⁴ -yü ³	中瘋不語		to get a stroke of paralysis (pau ⁴ shên ¹ pu ⁴ sui ²).
chung ¹ -fu ²	中伏		midsummer, the middle of the hot season.
chung ¹ -han ²	中寒		ill from cold; to take cold (tung ⁴ cho ²).
chung ¹ -hsi ¹	中西		China and Western nations (t'ai ⁴ hsi ¹).
chung ¹ -hsia ⁴	中下		middling and inferior.
chung ¹ -hsin ¹	中心		[hearted].
chung ¹ -hsün ²	中旬		the centre, the middle; in the heart; good-10th to 20th of every month, the middle decade.
chung ¹ -hua ³	中華		China (chung ¹ kuo ³ , chung ¹ yüan ²).
chung ¹ -huo ³	中伙		all, the whole, everyone.
chung ¹ -i ¹	中衣		underclothing.
chung ¹ -i ⁴	中意		to hit one's wish, to like (ju ³ i ⁴).
chung ¹ -jên ²	中人		[jên ²].
chung ¹ -ku ³	中古		a go-between, a negociator, a mediator (pao ² middle ages of China (about 1100 B. C.)).

<i>chung⁴-kuei³-chi¹</i>	中詭計	caught by a ruse.
<i>chung¹-kuo⁴</i>	中國	China.
<i>chung⁴-liao³</i>	中了	succeeded, hit the mark.
<i>chung⁴-liao³-chi³-ming²</i>	中了幾名	what was his place on the list?
<i>chung⁴-liao³-hsieh²-ch⁴'i¹</i>	中了邪氣	possessed by evil influences.
<i>chung¹-liu²</i>	中流	middle of a stream; a middling sort of person.
<i>chung¹-lü²</i>	中呂	1st month of the year; beginning of spring.
<i>chung¹-nien²</i>	中年	middle age.
<i>chung¹-pao³</i>	中保	a mediator, a surety.
<i>chung¹-pien¹</i>	中邊	within and without, inside and outside.
<i>chung⁴-pu⁴-chung⁴</i>	中不中	hit or not? succeeded or not?
<i>chung⁴-pu⁴-tê²</i>	中不得	cannot hit; unable to attain.
<i>chung⁴-shang¹</i>	中傷	to receive a wound (<i>pei⁴ shang¹</i>).
<i>chung¹-shang⁴</i>	中上	midday, noon.
<i>chung¹-shih²</i>	中時	same (<i>shang⁴ wu³</i>).
<i>chung⁴-shu³</i>	中暑	ill from the influence of heat.
<i>chung¹-shu⁴</i>	中數	"the middle number," five.
<i>chung¹-t'ang²</i>	中堂	"middle of the hall," a minister of state, a cen-
<i>chung¹ tao⁴</i>	中道	half way; incomplete.
<i>chung¹-tao⁴-êrh²-fei¹</i>	中道而廢	went half way and failed.
<i>chung¹-tao⁴-êrh²-hsing²</i>	中道而行	to go in the middle of the road.
<i>chung¹-tên³</i>	中等	the middle class.
<i>chung¹-ti¹</i>	中的	to hit the mark.
<i>chung¹-t'ien¹</i>	中天	noon tide of prosperity.
<i>chung¹-t'ing¹</i>	中聽	worth hearing (<i>t'ing¹ t'ou²</i>).
<i>chung¹-tu²</i>	中毒	to be accidentally poisoned (<i>fu² tu²</i>).
<i>chung¹-wai¹</i>	中外	within and without; native and foreign.
<i>chung¹-wu³</i>	中午	noon (<i>shang⁴ wu³</i>).
<i>chung¹-yang¹</i>	中央	in the centre, the middle.
<i>chung¹-yüan²</i>	中原	China.
<i>chung¹-yung¹</i>	中庸	[W. I. 653.] the due medium; name of one of the Four Books.
<i>chung¹-yung⁴</i>	中用	capable, efficient.
<i>chung¹</i>	心忠	295c106a honest, loyal, faithful, upright, patriotic.
<i>chung¹-ch'ên²</i>	忠臣	a loyal or faithful minister.
<i>chung¹-hien¹</i>	忠奸	loyal and disloyal.
<i>chung¹-hou⁴</i>	忠厚	faithful, honest, loyal.
<i>chung¹-hsiao⁴</i>	忠孝	filial, dutiful.
<i>chung¹-hsien²-tz'ü²</i>	忠賢祠	temple dedicated to loyal officials.
<i>chung¹-hsin¹</i>	忠心	a faithful heart.
<i>chung¹-hsin¹-pao⁴-kuo²</i>	忠心報國	rewarding his country by loyalty.
<i>chung¹-hsin⁴</i>	忠信	faithful.
<i>chung¹-i¹</i>	忠義	honest and upright.
<i>chung¹-liung²</i>	忠貞	honest, virtuous, conscientious.

<i>chung¹-lieh⁴</i>	忠烈	faithful and devoted.
<i>chung¹-shu¹</i>	忠恕	[compendiously put].
<i>chung¹-yen²-ni⁴-êrh³</i>	忠言逆耳	honest and just, magnanimous. (Confucianism)
<i>chung¹-yung³</i>	忠勇	honest words grate upon the ear.
<i>chung¹</i>	衷	loyal and devoted.
<i>chung¹-ch'ang²</i>	衷腸	justice, equity, fairness; just, right.
<i>chung¹-ch'ang²-hur⁴</i>	衷腸話	the heart, the mind, the conscience.
<i>chung¹-chéng⁴</i>	衷正	conscientious language.
<i>chung¹-hsin¹</i>	衷心	just, right, correct.
<i>chung¹.i¹</i>	衷衣	a good heart.
<i>chung¹ (tzi)</i>	金鐘	inner clothing
<i>chung¹-ai⁴</i>	鐘愛	a cup; to like.
<i>chung¹-pei¹</i>	鐘杯	to like, to love.
<i>chung¹</i>	鐘	a cup (chiu ³ chung ¹).
<i>chung¹-ku³</i>	鐘鼓	a bell, a clock (chuang ¹ chung ¹).
<i>chung¹-ku³-ch'i²-ming²</i>	鐘鼓齊鳴	bells and drums (ling ³ tang ¹).
<i>chung¹-lou²</i>	鐘樓	bells and drums sounding together.
<i>chung¹-pu²</i>	鐘擺	a bell or clock tower (ku ³ lou ²).
<i>chung¹-piao³</i>	鐘表	pendulum.
<i>chung¹-piao³-chiang⁴</i>	鐘表匠	clocks and watches.
<i>chung¹-shéng¹</i>	鐘聲	watch makers, etc.
<i>chung¹</i>	終	the sound of a bell.
<i>chung¹-chao¹</i>	終朝	the end, the close, <i>finis</i> ; to end, to terminate.
<i>chung¹-chao¹-mei³-ji⁴</i>	終朝每日	the whole day; every day.
<i>chung¹-chiu³</i>	終久	the whole of each day.
<i>chung¹-jan²</i>	終然	a long time.
<i>chung¹-jih⁴</i>	終日	finally, at last.
<i>chung¹-jih⁴-pu⁴-shih³</i>	終日不食	a whole day; every day.
<i>chung¹-jih⁴-yu¹-ch'ou²</i>	終日憂愁	not to eat for a whole day.
<i>chung¹-kuei¹-wu²-yu³</i>	終歸無有	grieving the live long day.
<i>chung¹-mo⁴</i>	終末	ending in nothingness.
<i>chung¹-pu⁴-wu¹</i>	終不悟	the extremity, the very last.
<i>chung¹-shén¹</i>	終身	never to the last perceived.
<i>chung¹-shén¹-mei²-tso⁴</i>	終身沒作	to the end of life; never in one's life.
<i>chung¹-shén¹-ta⁴-shih⁴</i>	終身大事	I never did in my life.
<i>chung¹-shih³</i>	終始	the most important affair of a life-time.
<i>chung¹-shih⁴</i>	終世	beginning and ending; always.
<i>chung¹-sui⁴</i>	終歲	the whole of one's life; to close one's life.
<i>chung¹-yang³</i>	終養	last year.
<i>chung¹-yao⁴-ai².o⁴</i>	終要挨餓	[death.]
<i>chung¹-yeh⁴-pu⁴-ch'in³</i>	終夜不寢	retire from office to care for aged parents till
<i>chung¹ (tzi)</i>	皿盞	must surely suffer hunger.
<i>chung¹</i>	虫齧	not to sleep all night.
		a cup, wine cup (chiu ³ chung ¹).
		a kind of locust or grasshopper.

CHUNG³ 冢^{29Sc107a}
 chung³-chün¹ 冢君
 chung³-tsai¹ 冢宰
 chung³-tzu³ 冢子
 chung³ 土塚^{299a107b}
 chung³-fên² 塚墳
 chung³-ling² 塚陵
 chung³-mu⁴ 塚墓
 chung³-t'u³ 塚土
 chung³ 肉月腫^{297c107b}
 chung³-chang⁴ 腫脹
 chung³-ch'i³-lai² 腫起來
 chung³-ku³-ping⁴ 腫鼓病
 chung³-t'êng² 腫疼
 chung³-ts'u¹ 腫粗

a mound, a peak ; great.
 an old term for a sovereign.
 a prime minister (tsai³ hsiang⁴).
 great ; the first-born son (chang³ tzu³).
 a tomb, a grave, a hillock.
 a tomb, a grave (i⁴ chung³, mai²).
 imperial tombs (yü' tsang⁴).
 a tomb or grave (fên² mu⁴).
 a mound of earth, an altar.
 to swell, a swelling ; inflated, puffed up.
 to swell.
 to swell up (ku³ ch'i³ lai² liao³).
 dropsy.
 swollen and painful.
 swollen greatly.

CHUNG⁴ 重^{296b108a}
 chung⁴-chia⁴ 重價
 ch'ung²-ch'ing⁴ 重慶
 ch'ung²-ch'u¹ [tieh² 重出
 ch'ung²-ch'ung²-tieh² 重重疊疊
 chung²-fu² 重復
 chung²-l.siu¹ 重修
 ch'ung²-i¹-ch'ung² 重一重
 chung⁴-jên⁴ 重任
 chung⁴-ju²-t'ai¹-shan¹ 重如泰山
 chung⁴-k'an⁴ 重看
 chung⁴-lao² 重勞
 ch'ung²-lao⁴ 重落
 chung⁴-li⁴ 重力
 ch'ung²-liao³ [hsing⁴ 重了
 ch'ung²-nang²-ch'ung² 重名重姓
 chung⁴-pa¹-pa¹-ti¹ 重巴巴的
 chung⁴-pao³ 重寶
 chung⁴-ping¹ 重病
 ch'ung² san¹-tao¹-ssz⁴ 重三道四
 chung⁴-shung¹ 重重傷
 ch'ung²-sheng¹ 重重生
 chung⁴-ta⁴ 重大
 chung⁴-tai⁴ 重待
 chung⁴-tan⁴ 重擔
 chung⁴-ti⁴ 重地
 chung⁴-t'o¹ 重託

[ch'ung².
 heavy, severe ; to repeat (with aspirate). See
 a high price (ang² kuei⁴).
 open port in Ssu Ch'uan on Yang-tzü.
 to come out or re-appear twice.
 piled up, in layers, strata.
 to repeat, repetition.
 to revise, rebuild.
 to repeat.
 an onerous post.
 as heavy as Mt. Tai.
 to respect, to esteem highly (ch'ing¹ k'an⁴).
 I have put you to great trouble (lao² chia⁴).
 relapse of illness (ping⁴ fan⁴ la¹).
 great strength.
 repeated (tieh² tz'ü⁴).
 same name and surname.
 very weighty, emphatic.
 copper cash (large).
 a severe illness.
 garrulous, repetitious (la³ la³ pu⁴ hsiu¹, fan²
 a severe wound.
 regeneration (tsai⁴ tsa⁴ fu⁴ hsin¹).
 important (yao⁴ chin³).
 to treat well (hou⁴ tai⁴).
 a heavy load.
 important ground, applied to any official pre-
 to put great confidence in.

[hsü⁴].

[cinct.

<i>chung⁴-tsai⁴</i>	重載	a heavy cargo.
<i>chung⁴-tsui³</i>	重罪	heavy punishment, or sin.
<i>chung²-yang²</i>	重陽	the 9th day of the ninth moon (picnic weather).
<i>chung⁴-yung⁴</i>	重用	to depend upon, to have confidence in.
<i>chung⁴</i>	禾種 ^{297b107c}	to plant or sow; seed, kind (third tone)
<i>chung⁴-chuang¹-chia⁴</i>	種庄稼	to cultivate crops.
<i>chung¹-chuang¹-t'ien²</i>	種庄田	to cultivate the fields.
<i>chung¹-chung²-rh²</i>	種種兒	to sow seed (sa ³ chung ² , po ³ chung ²).
<i>chung²-irh²</i>	種兒	seed; to beget children (shêng ¹ tzü ³).
<i>chung¹-hsia⁴-huo⁴-kên²</i>	種下禍根	he sowed a root of future trouble.
<i>chung⁴-hua¹</i>	種花	to plant or cultivate flowers; to vaccinate.
<i>chung²-lei⁴</i>	種類	a species, a sort (yang ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>chung⁴-niu²-tou⁴</i>	種牛痘	to vaccinate, vaccination.
<i>e'ung¹-pan¹-tzü³</i>	種斑子	to vaccinate (shêng ¹ hui ¹).
<i>chung¹-shun⁴-tê²-fu³</i>	種善得福	he that soweth good will get happiness.
<i>chung⁴-shu⁴</i>	種樹	to plant trees (tsai ¹ shu ⁴).
<i>chung⁴-ti⁴</i>	種地	to sow or cultivate land.
<i>chung²-tzü³</i>	種子	seed; to beget four children.
<i>chung³-yang⁴</i>	種樣	species, sort, kind.
<i>chung¹</i>	目眾甲 ^{299a108c}	all, the whole of, every; many, a multitude.
<i>chung⁴-chieh¹</i>	眾皆	all, the whole, every (tu ¹).
<i>chung⁴-hsiu¹-ti¹</i>	眾兄弟	all brothers, the whole of the brethren.
<i>chung⁴-jên²</i>	眾人	every one, the whole of them; every person.
<i>chung⁴-jü²-shu³-mu⁴</i>	眾人屬目	cynosure, seen by all.
<i>chung¹-k'ou³-ao¹-ao¹</i>	眾口嗷嗷	the clamor of many voices.
<i>chung¹-k'ou³-ju²-i¹</i>	眾口如一	all were agreed.
<i>chung¹-k'ou³-nan²-t'iao¹</i>	眾口難調	it is impossible to suit everybody.
<i>chung¹-k'ou³-t'ung²</i>	眾口同音	all were agreed.
<i>chung⁴-shêng³</i> [yin ¹	眾生	all living creatures.
<i>chung⁴-to¹</i>	眾多	very many, abundant.
<i>chung⁴-wei⁴</i>	眾位	all the gentlemen.
<i>chung⁴</i>	人仲 ^{295c103c}	the second; a younger brother.
<i>chung⁴-ch'iu¹</i>	仲秋	the second month in autumn.
<i>chung⁴-fu⁴</i>	仲父	a father's younger brother.
<i>chung⁴-sia⁴</i>	仲夏	the second month in summer.
<i>chung⁴-ni²</i>	仲尼	Confucius.

CH'UNG¹	几克	充 ^{300c109a}	to fill; to fulfil, to act as, to play the part of.
<i>ch'ung¹-chi¹</i>		充饑	to satisfy hunger.
<i>ch'ung¹-chéng⁴-chung¹</i>	[jên ²	充正經人	to pretend to be a respectable man.
<i>ch'ung¹-chün¹</i>		充軍	to banish, to transport (ten years) (chün ¹ tsui ⁴).
<i>ch'ung¹-érh³</i>		充耳	to stop the ears (sai ⁴ érh ³).
<i>ch'ung¹-fa¹</i>		充發	to banish, banishment (3 years) (liu ³ t'u ³).

ch'ung ¹ -hao ³ -jên ²	充好人	to pretend to be a good man.
ch'ung ¹ -i ⁴	充役	to act as runner.
ch'ung ¹ -li ⁴	充吏	to fill the office of a runner (yu ² i ⁴).
ch'ung ¹ -man ³	充滿	to fill, filled.
ch'ung ¹ -ming ² -mao ⁴	[chi ² 充名胃籍	[poses. to usurp name and address for nefarious purposes.
ch'ung ¹ -ping ¹	充兵	to serve as a soldier (tang ⁴ ping ²).
ch'ung ¹ -shih ²	充實	stuffed, made solid; full, filled; rich. [ch'ung ¹].
ch'ung ¹ -shu ⁴	充數	to pretend, to make believe; to make up (chia ² representing, filling the place of, to serve as.
ch'ung ¹ -tang ¹	充當	able to fulfil, act as, do, etc.
ch'ung ¹ -te ² -kuo ⁴	充得過	to serve as, to fill the place of, etc.
ch'ung ¹ tso ⁴	充作	a sufficiency, ample.
ch'ung ¹ -tsu ²	充足	to banish (seven years) (t'u ² tsui ⁴).
ch'ung ¹ -t'u ²	充徒	a sufficiency, ample.
ch'ung ¹ -ying ²	充盈	to pretend to be wealthy.
ch'ung ¹ -yu ² -h'ien ² -ti ²	充有錢的	to boil or burst over (as water); to wash away.
ch'ung ¹	沖	same.
ch'ung ¹	水	沖
ch'ung ¹ -ch'a ²	沖茶	to infuse tea (p'ao ⁴ ch'a ²).
ch'ung ¹ -chuang ⁴	沖撞	to offend a person, to run up against.
ch'ung ¹ -fa ¹	沖發	to break out/again, to relapse.
ch'ung ¹ -hsiao ¹ -han ⁴	沖霄漢	to rise towards heaven.
ch'ung ¹ -k'ai ¹ -shui ² -tao ⁴	沖開水道	to cause a ditch to open out.
ch'ung ¹ -ling ²	沖齡	youth, young (miao ⁴ ling ²).
ch'ung ¹ -p'o ¹	沖破	to defeat; to burst over (as water).
ch'ung ¹ -san ⁴	沖散	to disturb a company.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ai ¹ -ho ² -an ⁴	沖塌河岸	to destroy the banks of a river by overflowing.
ch'ung ¹ -tao ² -liao ²	沖倒了	fell down by overflowing of water.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ien ¹	沖天	to rise towards heaven (t'ao ¹ t'ien ¹).
ch'ung ¹ -t'ien ¹ -chao ¹	沖天招牌	a very lofty sign-board.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ien ¹ -chih ⁴	沖天志	a heaven-soaring ambition.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ien ¹ -kuan ¹	沖天冠	古時皇帝帽子, a lofty cap.
ch'ung ¹ -tou ² -niu ²	沖斗牛	rising to the stars.
ch'ung ¹ -tung ⁴	沖動	to shake, to move.
ch'ung ¹	行衝	a pathway; to rush against (chuang ⁴ , ch'uang ²).
ch'ung ¹ -ch'ü ² -ta ⁴ -lu ⁴	衝衢大路	a great road.
ch'ung ¹ -chuang ⁴	衝撞	to butt against, to treat rudely.
ch'ung ¹ -fan ² -p'i ² -nan ²	衝繁疲難	populous, busy, wearying, difficult (office).
ch'ung ¹ -fan ⁴	衝犯	to sin by running against (a spirit).
ch'ung ¹ -san ⁴	衝散	to charge, to scatter, to rout.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ou ⁴	衝透	to dash through.
ch'ung ¹ -t'u ¹	衝突	to rush against suddenly.
ch'ung ¹ -t'u ²	衝塗	a public road.
ch'ung ¹ -yao ⁴ -ti ⁴ -fang ¹	衝要地方	an important point.

ch'ung¹ 心 忡 忡^{300a109b}

grieved, mournful, distressed.

CH·UNG² 里 重^{296b108a}

to repeat, in duplicate. See chung⁴.

ch'ung²-chü⁴ 重 句

a repeated clause, e. g., a chorus (tiōh² chü⁴).

ch'ung²-ch'u¹ 重 出

to come out, to reappear twice.

ch'ung²-ch'ung² [tiēh² 重 重

to repeat.

ch'ung²-ch'ung²-tiēh²- 重 重 疊 疊

piled up, in layers, strata.

ch'ung²-fu² 重 復

to repeat.

ch'ung²-hsin¹ 重 新

made new again.

ch'ung²-hsiu² 重 修

to revise, to repair.

ch'ung²-i¹-ch'ung² 重 一 重

to repeat.

ch'ung²-liao³ 重 了

repeated.

ch'ung¹-lo⁴ 重 落

a relapse of illness.

ch'ung²-mên²-pi⁴-hu⁴ 重 門 閉 戶

many doors all closed.

ch'ung²-san¹-tao⁴-ssü¹ 重 三 道 四

garrulous, repetitions.

ch'ung²-shêng¹ 重 生

regeneration (Buddhist and Christian).

ch'ung²-t'ung² 重 瞳

俗傳舜王目有重瞳 a double pupil in eye.

ch'ung²-yang² 重 陽

{ the 9th day of the 9th month, a festival
{ (picnic weather).

ch'ung²-yang⁴-êrh² 重 樣 兒

several of same sort.

ch'ung² (tzu) 虫 { 虫^{301b110a}

general term for insects and reptiles.

ch'ung² 虫 { 蟲

same.

ch'ung²-ch'ih²-ya² 虫 吃 牙

an aching tooth (Chinese theory).

ch'ung²-chü⁴ 虫 蛀

insects gnaw.

ch'ung²-i² 虫 蟻

"reptiles and ants," creeping things.

ch'ung²-lei⁴ 虫 類

the insect and reptile class.

ch'ung²-lei⁴-lun² 虫 類 論

entomology. -

ch'ung²-pi⁴ 虫 部

the insect and reptile class.

ch'ung²-ti²-liao³ 虫 打 了

injured by worms.

ch'ung² 山 崇^{301b110c}

lofty, eminent, noble, dignified, honourable.

ch'ung²-chao¹ 崇 朝

in the morning (tsao³ ch'ên²).

ch'ung²-kao¹-fu⁴-kuei⁴ 崇 高 富 貴

eminently rich and honorable.

ch'ung²-pai⁴ 崇 拜

to worship, to venerate.

ch'ung²-ssü⁴-kuei²-shên² 崇 祀 鬼 神

to adore and sacrifice to spirits.

CH·UNG³ 寵 寵^{301c110b}

affection, love, regard; a favourite.

ch'ung³-ai⁴ 寵 愛

love, ardent affection; to make a favourite of.

ch'ung³-ch'ên² 寵 臣

a favourite minister.

ch'ung³-ch'ieh⁴ 寵 妾

a favourite concubine.

ch'ung³-fei¹ 寵 妃

a favourite royal concubine.

ch'ung³-hsi² 寵 錫

a favor graciously bestowed.

ch'ung³-hsin⁴-ch'ên²- 寵 信 臣 宰

to trust in one's ministers.

ch'ung³-hu⁴ 寵 祐

gracious help; blessings.

CH'UNG ⁴ (<i>tsü</i>)	金銃	301b111a	a small cannon, a ginal.	
ch'ung ⁴	才撞	30Ca111c	to push, to stir up.	
ch'ung ⁴	支聚	302a111b	to enter abruptly; to nod.	
ch'ung ⁴ -shih ³	聚食		to "sponge" a meal.	
ch'ung ⁴ -tun ³	聚肫		to nod (k'o ² shui ⁴).	
CHÜ ¹	尸 尻 屮	居	306a437a	to dwell, to reside; to sit, to rest, to stop; to do.
chü ¹ -an ¹		居安		to dwell at ease (an ¹ chü ¹ lé ⁴ yeh ⁴).
chü ¹ -chia ¹ -jên ² -téng ³		居家人等		the whole family.
chü ¹ -chien ¹ -nan ² -chung ¹		居艱難中		in the midst of distress.
chü ¹ -chu ⁴		居住		to live, to dwell, to reside.
chü ¹ -ch'u ⁴		居處		a dwelling place, one's abode, a residence (hsia ⁴
chü ¹ -hsin ¹		居心		concentration, bent upon (chuan ¹ hsin ¹).
chü ¹ -hsin ¹ -ho ² -jên ³		居心何忍		intentional (wickedness).
chü ¹ -jan ³		居然		proud and unsociable, off hand, simply.
chü ¹ -kuan ¹		居官		to fill or hold office.
chü ¹ -kuan ¹ -ti ¹		居官的		officials (tso ⁴ kuan ¹).
chü ¹ -min ²		居民		resident population.
chü ¹ -pi ⁴ -tsé ² -lin ²		居必擇鄰		[neighbors, in taking a residence you must choose your
chü ¹ -sang ¹		居喪		in mourning' (ch'uan ¹ hsiao ⁴ , ting ¹ yu ¹).
chü ¹ -shih ⁴		居士		a retired scholar.
chü ¹ -wu ² -ch'iu ² -an ¹		居無求安		he did not ask for comfort in his dwelling.
chü ¹	手 扌	拘	303a438b	to seize, to lay hold of, to embrace; adhesive (la ¹),
chü ¹ -an ⁴ -hsin ⁴ -chiu ⁴		拘案訊究		to arrest and hale to court for examination.
chü ¹ -ch'ien ¹		拘牽		to drag.
chü ¹ -chih ²		拘執		to grasp; obstinate.
chü ¹ -chin ¹		拘禁		to confine in one place.
chü ¹ -chin ³		拘謹		diligent, careful (yin ¹ ch'in ²).
chü ¹ -chin ³		拘緊		to restrain, to keep in order.
chü ¹ -chiu ⁴		拘究		to arrest and put on trial.
chü ¹ -chu ⁴ -liao ³		拘住了		controlled.
chü ¹ -kuan ³		拘管		to restrain, to check, to control.
chü ¹ kuan ³ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴		拘管不住		cannot control.
chü ¹ -lüan ³		拘攣		bent, numbed (of fingers).
chü ¹ -na ³		拘拿		to seize, to apprehend.
chü ¹ -ni ³		拘泥		to be bigoted; indifferent to, reticent.
chü ¹ -pan ⁴		拘板		stiff, pigheaded.
chü ¹ -shu ⁴		拘束		to restrain, to be careful (yo ¹ shu ⁴).
chü ¹ -shu ⁴		拘數		to fix a number, estimate.
chü ¹	人	俱	308c438b	all, the whole of; together with, both.
chü ¹ -ch'üan ²		俱全		complete, the whole.
chü ¹ -i ² -ch'ü ² -pei ⁴		俱已齊備		all is ready or prepared.
chü ¹ -ko ⁴		俱各		every one.

chü¹-ko⁴-p'ing²-an¹ 俱各平安
 chü¹-shih⁴ 俱是
 chü¹-shih⁴-hsin¹-ti¹ 俱是新的
 chü¹-shih⁴-hsü⁴-huang³ 俱是虛謊
 chü¹-shih⁴-ju²-tz'ü³ 俱是如此
 chü¹-shou¹ 俱收
 chü¹-tu¹ 俱都
 chü¹-tu¹-ch'ü²-pei⁴ 俱都齊備
 chü¹-tu¹-mieh¹-ching⁴ 俱都滅淨
 chü¹-yu³-tsui⁴-kuo⁴ 俱有罪過
 chü¹ 車 車 49b39a
 chü¹-ma³-ch'ing¹-fei³ 車馬輕肥
 chü¹-ma³-ying²-mén² 車馬盈門
 chü¹ 疔 疔 305a1009a
 chü¹-yung¹ 疔 疔 303b43Sc
 chü¹ (tzü) 馬 馬

all were at peace.
 both or all are right (chieh¹ shih⁴, tu¹ shih⁴).
 all are new.
 all is untrue.
 all is just so.
 all received.
 all, the whole of, every one.
 everything complete.
 everything was blotted out.
 all is sin.
 ch'ê, cart, so read in wên-li.
 light carts and fat horses.
 gates crowded with visitors.
 an old sore; deeply-rooted faults.
 ulcers (liu³ tzü³, fên³ tzü³).
 colt, a young horse, donkey or mule.

CHÜ²

chü²-chia¹ 戶 局 303c456a
 chü²-mien⁴ 局 局 家
 chü²-p'ien⁴ 局 局 面
 chü²-shên¹ 局 局 紳
 chü²-shih⁴ 局 局 式
 chü²-shih⁴ 局 局 勢
 chü²-wai⁴ 局 局 外
 chü² 菊 菊 304b457a
 chü²-chiu³ 菊 菊 酒
 chü²-yueh⁴ 菊 菊 月
 chü² (tzü) 木 橘 309a457c
 chü²-chiu³ 橘 橘 酒
 chü²-ho³ 橘 橘 核
 chü²-huang² 橘 橘 紅
 chü²-p'ü³ 橘 橘 皮
 chü²-ping³ 橘 橘 餅
 chü²-tzü³ 橘 橘 子

a manufactory; an office; all.
 head of gambling hell.
 elegant, genteel.
 to conspire together to defraud (mou² p'ien⁴).
 members of a (Tithing office or similar) Board.
 style, fashion (yang⁴ shih⁴).
 position of the game outlook (ti⁴ wei⁴).
 an outsider, a looker on (wai⁴ hang², li⁴ pa t'ou²).
 the chrysanthemum (yüeh chü² hua¹).
 name of a kind of wine (shao¹ chiu³).
 "chrysanthemum month" (9th). See Note 32.
 the pomelo, the orange (kan¹ tzü³, ch'ên² tzü³).
 orange wine.
 orange pips.
 dried orange peel—for coughs.
 same.
 dried orange.
 a bitterish orange.

CHÜ³

chü³-ai¹ 日 舉 309b439a
 chü³-ch'ü³ 舉 舉 哀
 chü³-chia¹ 舉 舉 起
 chü³-chien⁴ 舉 舉 家
 chü³-chien⁴-hsien²-ts'ai 舉 舉 薦賢才
 chü³-chien⁴-shêng¹-yüan² 舉 舉 監生員

to lift up, to raise; to introduce.
 to cry out, "to lift up the voice," weep.
 to raise, to lift up (hsien¹ ch'ü³ lai²).
 the whole family (ho² chia¹).
 to recommend, to introduce to notice (pao³ chü³)
 to recommend very able men.
 lower rank graduates (M. A. and B. A.).

chü³-ch'ien¹-chin¹-ting³ 舉千斤鼎
 chü³-chih³ 舉止
 chü³-hsiao⁴-lien² 舉孝廉
 chü³-hsing²-kuo²-chéng⁴ 舉行國政
 chü³-jên² 舉人
 chü³-jên²-hsiu⁴-ts'ai² 舉人秀才
 chü³-jên²-yao⁴-ming⁴ 舉人要命
 chü³-mu⁴ 舉目
 chü³-mu⁴-wu²-ch'in⁴ 舉目無親
 chü³-puo³ 舉保
 chü³-pao⁴ 舉報
 chü³-pu⁴ 舉步
 chü³-pu⁴-tung⁴ 舉不動
 chü³-shih⁴ 舉世
 chü³-shou³ 舉手
 chü³-shou³-chih¹-lao⁴ 舉手之勞
 chü³-tung¹ 舉動
 chü³-tzü³ 舉子

fig. great strength [ching⁴
 "motion and rest," conduct, behaviour (tung⁴
 M.A. (hsiao⁴ lien² fang¹ chéng⁴).
 to manage the government. [472 (hsiao⁴ lien²).
 to recommend a person; a provincial grad. G.
 graduates.
 to get M.A. requires Fate (chung⁴ chü³).
 to raise the eyes (chéng¹ yen³).
 lonely.
 to recommend, to guarantee.
 to report, to give an account of.
 to make a move, to step, to start.
 cannot be lifted up (t'ai² pu⁴ tung⁴).
 the whole world (p'u³ t'ien¹ hsia⁴).
 to raise the hand (yang² shou³).
 i. e., very easy.
 a person's conduct or behaviour (hsing² chih³).
 literary men (shên¹ shih⁴).

CHÜ⁴ 金 鋸 307a441c
 chü - chiung⁴ 鋸匠
 chü⁴-chieh⁴-fên¹-shên¹ 鋸鮮分身
 chü⁴-ch'ih³ 鋸齒
 chü⁴-k'ai¹ 鋸開
 chü⁴-liao⁴ 鋸料
 chü⁴-mien⁴ 鋸麵
 chü⁴-mo⁴-tzü³ 鋸末子
 chü⁴-t'iao² 鋸條
 chü⁴-tuan⁴ 鋸斷
 chü⁴-wan³-ti¹ 鋸碗的
 chü⁴-ya² 鋸牙
 chü⁴ 耳 聚 311b1010b
 chü⁴-ch'éng²-tang³ 聚成黨
 chü⁴-chi² 聚集
 chü⁴-chi²-fei³-t'u² 聚集匪徒
 chü⁴-ch'ih² 聚齊
 chü⁴-ching¹-hui⁴-shên² 聚精會神
 chü⁴-chü¹ 聚居
 chü⁴-chung⁴ [kuan¹ 聚衆
 chü⁴-chung⁴-k'ang⁴- 聚衆抗官
 chü⁴-hui⁴ 聚會
 chü⁴-lien⁴ 聚斂
 chü⁴-pao³-p'én² 聚寶盆

a saw, to saw (la¹ chü⁴).
 a sawyer.
 (閻王廟偶像) sawn to pieces (in Hades).
 the teeth of a saw.
 to saw, to saw in two.
 a vice to set a saw with.
 sawdust.
 same.
 the blade of a saw.
 to saw in two.
 crockery menders.
 tooth of saw.
 to assemble, to collect; an assemblage.
 to collect a band of confederates (chieh² tang³).
 to assemble, to collect.
 to assemble outlaws.
 all assembled (ch'ih² chih²).
 to gather together all one's wits.
 to dwell together.
 to assemble in numbers (ch'éng² ch'ün²).
 to collect a mob and oppose the officials.
 to assemble.
 to collect together; to extort. [wealth.
 a fabulous dish, the source of inexhaustible

chū ¹ -san ⁴	聚散	to meet and scatter again.
chū ⁴ -shao ⁴ -ch'êng ² -to ¹	聚少成多	by collecting little you amass much.
chū ⁴ -shou ³ -hsün ⁴ -wên ⁴ *	聚首詢問	a tête-à-tête (hui ⁴ hua ⁴).
chū ⁴ -shou ³ -hsiang ¹ -t'an ²	聚首相談	same.
chū ⁴ -tu ³	聚賭	to assemble people for gambling.
chū ⁴	手 拒	307b441a to oppose, to resist, to ward off, to prevent.
chū ⁴ -chüeh ³	拒絕	to cut off all communication
chū ⁴ -k'ang ⁴	拒抗	to resist, disobedient (wu ³ ni ⁴).
chū ⁴ -pu ³	拒捕	to resist apprehension (as robbers, etc.).
chū ⁴ -ti ²	拒敵	to oppose an enemy.
chū ⁴	入 具	308b440a arranged, prepared, placed together; to write.
chū ⁴ -ch'êng ²	具呈	to present a petition (ti ⁴ ch'êng ² , ti ⁴ ping ²).
chū ⁴ -chiao ³ -chuang ⁴	具繳狀	same.
chū ⁴ -chieh ³	具結	to draw up and sign a settlement.
chū ⁴ -chuang ¹ -kao ⁴ -jên ²	具狀告人	to send in a complaint against a person.
chū ⁴ -hsien ⁴ -chuang ⁴	具限狀人	to give a bond in court to pay within the time.
chū ⁴ -kao ⁴ -chuang ⁴ -jên ²	具告狀人	to send in a complaint against a person.
chū ⁴ -ling ³	具領	fully take in; to receive in full.
chū ⁴ -ping ³	具稟	to petition, to hand in a report (ping ³ pao ⁴).
chū ⁴ -pao ³ -chuang ⁴	具保狀	to file a security.
chū ⁴ -t'ieh ³ -ch'ing ³ -k'o ⁴	具帖請客	to send an invitation card.
chū ⁴ -wên ²	具文	an official document; unalterable.
chū ⁴	心 惡 懼	311a440c fear, apprehension, dread (k'ung ⁴).
chū ⁴ -nei ⁴	懼內	to fear a wife (to be henpecked).
chū ⁴ -p'a ⁴	懼怕	afraid, to fear (hai ⁴ p'u ⁴).
chū ⁴ -wang ³ -fa ³	懼王法	to respect the law.
chū ⁴	手 據	310b442b depending on, according to, relying on.
chū ⁴ -ch'ing ³ -tai ⁴ -tsou ⁴	據情代奏	according to circumstance memorialize for me.
chū ⁴ -li ³ -kung ¹ -tuan ¹	據理公斷	decide the case justly and fairly.
chū ⁴ -ni ³ -shuo ¹	據你說	according to what you say.
chū ⁴ -shih ³	據實	judging from the facts.
chū ⁴ -shih ³ -shên ¹ -su ⁴	據實申訴	plead and defend according to truth.
chū ⁴ -shou ³	據守	to maintain, to guard.
chū ⁴ -shou ³ -ch'êng ³ -ch'ih ³	據守城池	to guard the city.
chū ⁴ -tz'u ³ -k'an ⁴ -lai ²	據此看來	on the grounds (i ³ wo ³ k'an ⁴ lai ²).
chū ⁴	口 句	302c440b a sentence, a phrase, a term, a word, a line.
chū ⁴ -chū ⁴	句句	each sentence, every word (tien ³ chū ⁴).
chū ⁴ -chū ⁴ -chên ⁴ -chih ³	句句鎮紙	weighty words (essay).
chū ⁴ -fa ³ -ch'ing ¹ -ch'u ⁴	句句法清楚	fluency of language.
chū ⁴ -tuan ⁴	句段	sentence and paragraphs.
chū ⁴	工 巨	307b440c great, large, vast; numerous, infinite, numbers.
chū ⁴ -an ⁴	巨案	a very important lawsuit.
chū ⁴ -fu ⁴	巨富	very rich (fu ⁴ tsu ³).

chü⁴-hung²
 chü⁴-k'ou³
 chü⁴-k'ou⁴
 chü⁴-p'i³
 chü⁴-shih⁴
 chü⁴-tao⁴
 chü⁴-wan⁴
 chü⁴
 chü⁴-mo³
 chü⁴-pu⁴
 chü⁴
 chü⁴-jan³

巨紅
 巨口
 巨寇
 巨擘
 巨室
 巨竈
 巨萬
 矢矩^{307c439c}
 模矩
 步矩
 遽^{310c442c}
 遽然

crimson (hung² tiu¹ tiu¹ ti¹).
 "a large mouth," to boast.
 a numerous banditti (ta⁴ mu⁵ chih² t'ou²).
 the thumb; the greatest person among many.
 a large house; gentry.
 a powerful robber (tao⁴ chih¹).
 a myriad, myriads, infinite.
 a square; a rule, a pattern; a law, usage.
 a pattern (kuei¹ chü⁴).
 a stately walk (mai⁴ ssü⁴ fang¹ pu⁴).
 hurried; suddenly (hu¹ jan²).
 same.

CH'Ü¹
 ch'ü¹-~h²
 ch'ü¹-chih²
 ch'ü¹-chih²-fên⁴-ming²
 ch'ü¹-ching⁴-l.siao³-lu⁴
 ch'ü¹-ch'ü¹-wan¹-wan¹
 ch'ü¹-êrh²
 ch'ü¹-fu⁴
 ch'ü¹-hsieh²
 ch'ü¹-hsin¹-ti¹
 ch'ü¹-hsing²
 ch'ü¹-liu²-kuai³-wan¹
 ch'ü¹-pei⁴
 ch'ü¹-tiao⁴
 ch'ü¹-tzü³
 ch'ü¹-tz'ü²
 ch'ü¹-wan¹
 ch'ü¹
 ch'ü¹-chi³
 ch'ü¹-chi²-ts'ung⁴-jên²
 ch'ü¹-chih²-chi⁴
 ch'ü¹-chih²-i¹-suan⁴
 ch'ü¹-ch'ing²
 ch'ü¹-êrh²-pu⁴-shên¹
 ch'ü¹-hsi²
 ch'ü¹-hsin¹
 ch'ü¹-hsin¹-pu⁴-mai²
 ch'ü¹-hsin¹-pu⁴-mai²
 ch'ü¹-liang⁴
 ch'ü¹-pei⁴

日 曲^{311c458a}
 曲折
 曲直
 曲直分明
 曲徑小路
 曲曲彎彎
 曲兒
 曲阜
 曲斜
 曲心的
 曲行
 曲流拐灣
 曲背
 曲調
 曲子
 曲詞
 曲彎
 尸 屈^{313b458c}
 屈己
 屈己從人
 屈指計
 屈指一算
 屈情
 屈而不伸
 屈膝
 屈心
 屈心不買
 屈心不賣
 屈量
 屈背

crooked, bent, oppressed; songs (wan¹).
 crooks and turns; complications.
 crooked and straight. [straight.
 to clearly distinguish the crooked from the
 zigzag by-paths.
 winding, curving (ch'ü¹ wai³ pa¹ niu³).
 songs. [226.
 where the grave of Confucius is (Shantung), M.
 obliquely.
 deceitful (kuei³ cha⁴).
 crooked ways.
 zigzag. [yao⁴).
 curvature of the spine, humpbacked (lo² kuo¹
 song tunes.
 songs (ch'ü³ êrh).
 old songs or tales.
 a turn, a bend, a curve, a winding.
 to stoop, to crouch, to submit; bent; injustice.
 to bend one's self, to humble one's self.
 to bend and submit to others.
 to reckon on or by the fingers.
 reckoning on or by the fingers.
 oppression, injustice (wei² ch'ü¹, ch'ü¹ wang³).
 crooked and cannot be straightened,
 to bend the knee (kuei⁴ hsiu⁴).
 rascally.
 if there is fraud, we will not buy.
 if there is fraud, we will not sell.
 to have drunk too sparingly.
 to bend the back (wan¹ yao¹).

ch'ü ¹ -shên ¹	屈伸	to-bend and to straighten.
ch'ü ¹ -shên- [shih ⁴	屈身	to bend the body.
ch'ü ¹ -shên ¹ -ch'iang ⁴ -	屈身降世	humbled himself and came to the world.
ch'ü ¹ -ssü ³	屈死	untimely death, done to death (yao ¹ ming ⁴).
ch'ü ² -ssü ³ -kuei ³	屈死鬼	the spirit of one wrongly put to death.
ch'ü ¹ -ta ³ -ch'êng ³ -chao ¹	屈打成招	to beat a man until he confesses as required to wrong him. [although falsely]
ch'ü ¹ -l'a ¹	屈他	to be seated too low for one's rank.
ch'ü ¹ -tso ⁴	屈坐	I beg of you, sir.
ch'ü ¹ -tsun ⁴	屈尊	to consent, to submit.
ch'ü ¹ -t'ung ³	屈從	injustice, oppression (shou ⁴ ch'ü ¹).
ch'ü ¹ -wang ³	屈枉	to oppress good men (yüan ⁴ ch'ü ¹).
ch'ü ² -wang ³ -hao ³ -jên ²	屈枉好人	to walk, to go, to run after, to aspire to.
ch'ü ¹ 走趨	趨 313b1010a	to desire good luck, and avoid bad.
ch'ü ¹ -chi ² -pi ⁴ -hsiung ¹	趨吉避凶	to hasten towards.
ch'ü ¹ -fu ⁴	趨赴	to go ahead.
ch'ü ¹ -hsing ²	趨行	to run after gain (t'u ² li ⁴).
ch'ü ¹ -li ⁴	趨利	to run after gain and avoid loss.
ch'ü ¹ -li ⁴ -pi ⁴ -hai ⁴	趨利避害	to go ahead.
ch'ü ¹ -tsou ³	趨走	to run to meet.
ch'ü ¹ -ying ³	趨迎	a store-room ; to separate ; small, petty, trifling.
ch'ü ¹	區 314b442a	{ to separate, to distinguish and decide ; a dwelling.
ch'ü ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	區處	small, petty, trifling ; I (in polite language).
ch'ü ¹ -ch'ü ¹	區區	a small, petty state.
ch'ü ¹ -ch'ü ¹ -hsiao ³ -kuo ³	區區小國	to separate.
ch'ü ¹ -pieh ²	區別	worms, maggots.
ch'ü ¹ (t'ü)	虫 蛆 312a1010b	same (hun ⁴ shih ³ ch'ung ²).
ch'ü ¹ -ch'ung ²	蛆虫	worms, crickets.
ch'ü ¹	虫 蚰 312a458b	the fighting cricket.
ch'ü ¹ -ch'ü ¹	蚰蚰	common earth-worm.
ch'ü ¹ -shan ⁴	蚰善	a worm.
ch'ü ¹ -yin ³	蚰蚓	to gallop, to lash or flog.
ch'ü ¹	馬 駢 駢 314c443a	to drive out.
ch'ü ¹ -chü ⁴	駢逐	to exorcise evil spirits.
ch'ü ¹ -chü ⁴ -hsieh ² -kuei ²	駢逐邪鬼	to drive out.
ch'ü ¹ -ch'ü ²	駢除	to expel evil and avert plagues.
ch'ü ¹ -hsieh ² -pi ⁴ -wên ¹	駢邪避瘟	to gallop a horse (p'ao ³ ma ³).
ch'ü ¹ -ma ³	駢馬	to advance troops.
ch'ü ¹ -ping ¹	駢兵	the human body (shên ¹ t'i ³).
ch'ü ¹	身 軀 314c443a	rugged, hilly, mountainous.
ch'ü ¹	山 嶺 314b443a	
CH·Ü ¹	水 渠 315c444a	a drain, a gutter.

ch'ü²-kou¹	渠溝	a large drain, e. g., for irrigation.
ch'ü² (tzü) 麥麴麵	麴 ^{312a458b}	a ferment for making spirits.
ch'ü²-nieh⁴	麴藥	yeast for fermenting liquor.
ch'ü²-shêng¹	麴生	spirits, wine.
CH'Ü³	又 取 ^{316a1010c}	to fetch, to bring, to take; to covet; to select.
ch'ü³-an⁴-shou³	取案首	to come off at the head of the list.
ch'ü³-chai⁴	取債	to take or exact a debt (t'ao⁴ chang⁴).
ch'ü³-chi²-li⁴	取吉利	to bring good luck.
ch'ü³-ch'ü²	取其	to take for, to consider as. M. 427,
ch'ü³-ch'iao³	取巧	to invent an ingenious plan.
ch'ü³-chieh⁴	取借	to borrow money.
ch'ü³-ch'ien²	取錢	to fetch money, to draw money from bank.
ch'ü³-chih¹-pu⁴-chin⁴	取之不盡	cannot be exhausted.
ch'ü³-chih¹-yu³-tao⁴	取之有道	there is a proper way to take.
ch'ü³-ch'u¹	取出	to take out.
ch'ü³-ch'ü²	取除	to take away, to deduct.
ch'ü³-ch'ü⁴	取去	to take away.
ch'ü³-fa³	取法	to take example from others.
ch'ü³-hsiao⁴	取笑	to ridicule (ch'ih³ hsiao⁴).
ch'ü³-hsin¹	取信	to take or fetch a letter; to walk in faith.
ch'ü³-hsin⁴-yü²-jên²	取信於人	to demand faith in a man.
ch'ü³-hui²	取回	to take back, to withdraw.
ch'ü³-huo³	取火	to strike fire.
ch'ü³-huo³-ching⁴	取火鏡	a burning-glass.
ch'ü³-ju⁴	取入	to bring in.
ch'ü³-k'uei³	取魁 (OF 中)	to be chosen—as at an examination.
ch'ü³-kuo⁴	取過	to take or bring over to.
ch'ü³-kuo⁴-shu¹-lai²	取過書來	bring a book here.
ch'ü³-lai²	取來	to bring, to fetch.
ch'ü³-lê⁴	取樂	to covet or pursue pleasure (tso⁴ lê⁴).
ch'ü³-li⁴	取利	to covet profit or gain (t'ü² li⁴).
ch'ü³-ming³	取名	“to take a name,” to covet notoriety.
ch'ü³-mo⁴-ts'ai⁴	取末菜	the dandelion (po¹ po¹ ting¹).
ch'ü³-p'ɿ	取拔	to select, to choose (pa¹ ch'ü³ jên² ts'ai⁴).
ch'ü³-p'iao⁴	取票	a cheque.
ch'ü³-pu⁴-shang³	取不上	to be unsuccessful in the competition.
ch'ü³-shê³	取捨	to take, and to part with.
ch'ü³-shêng⁴	取勝	to gain a victory (huo⁴ shêng⁴).
ch'ü³-shih⁴	取士	“to select a scholar,” to take a degree.
ch'ü³-shu³	取贖	to redeem, to take out of pawn.
ch'ü³-sung⁴	取送	to take, and to present.
ch'ü³-têng¹	取燈	to light a lamp; a match (yang² huo³, tzü³ lai³ [huo³]).

ch'ü³-ts'ai³
 ch'ü³
 ch'ü³.ch'ü³
 ch'ü³.ch'ieh⁴
 ch'ü³.ch'in¹
 ch'ü³.ch'in¹.kuo⁴.men²
 ch'ü³.fu⁴.jen²
 ch'ü³.hsi².fu⁴
 ch'ü³.p'in⁴

取才
 女娶 316b1011a
 娶妻
 娶妾
 娶親
 娶親過門
 娶婦人
 娶媳婦
 娶聘

to make use of talents,
 to marry a wife (chia⁴, ch'êng² chia¹).
 same.
 to marry a concubine (p'ien¹ fang²).
 to marry a woman.
 to bring home the bride to her husband.
 to marry a wife (lao² p'o²).
 same.
 same.

CH'Ü⁴
 ch'ü⁴-ai⁴
 ch'ü⁴-chia-kuei¹-chên¹
 ch'ü⁴.ch'ü⁴
 ch'ü⁴.érh².fu⁴.fan³
 ch'ü⁴.hou⁴
 ch'ü⁴.kuan¹
 ch'ü⁴.kuo⁴
 ch'ü⁴.lai²
 ch'ü⁴.lu⁴
 ch'ü⁴.ni².ti¹.pa⁴
 ch'ü⁴.nien²
 ch'ü⁴-o⁴.ts'ung².shan⁴
 ch'ü⁴-pa⁴
 ch'ü⁴-pu⁴.ch'ü⁴
 ch'ü⁴-pu⁴-té²
 ch'ü⁴.shéng¹
 ch'ü⁴.shih³
 ch'ü⁴.shih⁴
 ch'ü⁴.sui⁴
 ch'ü⁴.tiao⁴
 ch'ü⁴-t'ou³
 ch'ü⁴.tso⁴.shên⁴.ma¹
 ch'ü⁴.wên²

去 312b445a
 去礙
 去假歸真
 去處
 去而復返
 去後
 去官
 去過
 去來
 去路
 去你的罷
 去去年
 去惡從善
 去罷
 去不得
 去聲
 去使
 去世
 去歲
 去掉
 去頭
 去作甚麼
 去文

to go, to go away; past, gone, former. M. 25.
 to remove an impediment.
 to abandon the false and return to the true.
 a place to go to; a place, occasion.
 to go and return again.
 subsequently (tsai³ hou⁴).
 to leave the public service (kuan² huai⁴ la).
 been, gone; altered, reformed.
 going and coming; having been.
 a road to escape.
 mind your own business!
 last year, former years (nien² ch'ien²).
 to reform (kai³ o⁴ ts'ung² shan⁴).
 go! begone! be off! let's go!
 will you go?
 unable to go, impossible to go (or 去不了).
 the sinking or departing tone (4th).
 a messenger sent. [hsia⁴ shih⁴)
 to go out of the world, to die (hsieh⁴ shih⁴)
 last year.
 to get rid of, to remove.
 worth going to (k'au⁴ t'on²).
 what are you going to do?
 a despatch sent.

ch'ü⁴
 ch'ü⁴.ch'ü⁴
 ch'ü⁴.hua⁴
 ch'ü⁴.té².hên³
 ch'ü⁴.wei⁴
 ch'ü⁴
 ch'ü⁴.chi¹-hui⁴
 ch'ü⁴-pien¹
 ch'ü⁴.yen³.kunn¹.k'an⁴

走
 趣 316b1011b
 趣處
 趣話
 趣得很
 趣味
 見 覷 311a110c
 覷機會
 覷邊
 覷眼觀看

pleasure, gratification, enjoyment, relish.
 enjoyment, happiness (lé⁴ ch'ü⁴).
 a jest (hsiao⁴ hua⁴).
 very amusing (k'o² hsiao⁴).
 an agreeable flavor.
 to spy, to peep, to look slyly.
 to watch for an opportunity.
 to spy about the frontiers.
 to peep, to look slyly.

• Note 20.

CHÜAN¹ 手才 捐^{317b449b}
chüan¹-ch'ien³ 捐錢
chüan¹-ch'ien³-ch'êng² 捐前程
chüan¹-ch'ü¹ 捐軀
chüan¹-hsiang³ 捐項
chüan¹-kuan¹ [chao⁴] 捐官
chüan¹-kuan¹-ch'ih¹ 捐官執照
chüan¹-kung¹-ming² 捐功名
chüan¹-ming⁴ 捐命
chüan¹-na⁴ 捐納
chüan¹-pan¹ [shên¹] 捐班
chüan¹-pang³-ch'w¹ 捐榜出身
chüan¹-shu¹ 捐輸
chüan¹-tsu²-hua¹-yang⁴ 捐足花樣
chüan¹-tzü¹ 捐資
chüan¹ 鳥 鷓鴣^{318a450a}
chüan¹-hua¹ 鷓鴣花
chüan¹ 虫 蠲^{318a450a}
chüan¹-mien³ 蠲免
chüan¹ 水 澗^{317b450a}

to subscribe for a public purpose (cr. chuan⁴).
 to subscribe money.
 purchase rank.
 to sacrifice one's life (shê³ shêu¹).
 subscriptions.
 to purchase office.
 to purchase an official passport.
 to purchase a title.
 to throw away one's life (p'in¹ ming⁴).
 to contribute in aid of the government.
 holders of purchased rank.
 to begin official life by purchase.
 to subscribe.
 to purchase the highest title.
 a subscription, to subscribe money.
 a kind of cuckoo.
 the azalea (tu⁴ chüan¹ hua¹).
 to lay by, to put aside; to remit.
 to remit (as taxes).
 a brook, a stream, a rill.

CHÜAN³ 手才 捲^{319a450b}
chüan³-ch'ü³ 捲起
chüan³-ch'ü³-lai² 捲起來
chüan³-chiao¹ 捲角
chüan³-chieh²-shih³ 捲結寔
chüan³-hsiu⁴ 捲袖
chüan³-hua⁴ 捲畫
chüan³-liao³-p'ü¹-kai⁴ 捲了鋪蓋
chüan³-lien²-tzü³ 捲簾子
chüan³-lien²-ch'ao²-san⁴ 捲簾朝散
chüan³-p'êng² 捲棚
chüan³-shang⁴ 捲上
chüan³-shou³ 捲手
chüan³ (tzü) 食 餠^{319b451b}

to roll up; to gather in; the fist.
 to roll up (as paper).
 roll it up (ch'an² ch'ü³ lai²).
 to turn up the corners, to make dog's ears.
 roll tightly.
 to tuck or roll up the sleeves.
 to roll up a picture.
 rolled up one's bedding.
 to roll up a screen.
 roll up the screen, and the court is over.
 to roll up a mat awning.
 to roll up.
 the fist; to double the fist (ch'uan³ t'ou²).
 wafer rolls.

CHÜAN⁴ 口已 卷^{318c450b}
chüan⁴-ch'ih³ 卷紙
chüan⁴-êrh⁴ 卷二
chüan⁴-hsiang¹ 卷箱
chüan⁴-mas³ 卷毛
chüan⁴-tai⁴ 卷袋
chüan⁴-tsê⁴ 卷冊

scroll, a section, a chapter, chüan³, roll up.
 essay paper.
 the second chapter.
 box to take into examination hall.
 curly hairs, animals (hui³ mao³).
 a book bag, a satchel.
 record, archives.

chüan ⁴ -t-zü ³	卷子	a scroll, a book.
chüan ⁴	人 倦	318c450c fatigue, weariness, lassitude.
chüan ⁴ -tai ⁴	倦怠	fatigued, weary, lazy (k'un ⁴ chüan ⁴).
chüan ⁴ -to ⁴	倦惰	same.
chüan ⁴	目 眷	318b450c affection for; a family, near relations.
chüan ⁴ -ch'ün ²	眷親	near relations (ch'ün ² ch'ü ⁴).
chüan ⁴ -ku ⁴	眷顧	to regard kindly.
chüan ⁴ -lün ²	眷戀	to regard with affection (lien ⁴ lien ⁴ pu ⁴ shé ⁴).
chüan ⁴ -nien ⁴	眷念	to think of with affection.
chüan ⁴ -shu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shao ³	眷屬不少	very large family.
chüan ⁴ -tsu ³	眷族	relatives (pên ³ chia ¹).
chüan ⁴ (tzu)	糸 絹	318a451b lutestring; a handkerchief, a napkin.
chüan ⁴ -ch'ou ³	絹紬	lutestring; a thin cheap silk.
chüan ⁴	口 圈	319c451a a pen, or inclosure (see next).

CH'ÜAN ¹	口 圈	319c451a a circle, to encircle. See chüan ⁴ .
ch'üan ¹ -ch'üan ¹	圈	to put a circle around.
ch'üan ¹ -t-zü ³	圈椅子	a bow-backed chair (lin ³ ch'üan ¹ i ² t-zü ³).
ch'üan ¹ -lung ³	圈籠	to surround, to entrap.
ch'üan ¹ -t'ao ⁴	圈套	a snare.
ch'üan ¹ -lien ³	圈點	"circles and dots," periods and commas.
ch'üan ¹ -lien ³ -wéu ² -chian ³	圈點文章	to punctuate an essay.
ch'üan ¹ -t-zü ³	圈子	a trap, a snare.

CH'ÜAN ²	入 全	320c1013b all, the whole of, complete, entire; to complete. [M 468.]
ch'üan ² -chia ¹	全家	the whole family (chü ² chia ¹).
ch'üan ² -chieh ³	全節	able to do anything, to do all.
ch'üan ² -chiu ¹	全就	completed.
ch'üan ² -cho ¹ -chiu ³ -hsi ²	全棹酒席	a first class feast (nan ³ han ⁴ chiu ³ hsi ²).
ch'üan ² -ch'u ¹ -mên ² -la ³	全出門喇	all gone out.
ch'üan ² -ch'üan ²	全權	complete authority, full powers (as plenipoten- [tiary.]
ch'üan ² -ch'üan ² -ta ⁴ -ch'ên ²	全權大臣	Minister Plenipotentiary.
ch'üan ² -chuang ¹ -hao ³ -liao ²	全裝好了	all put aboard.
ch'üan ² -fên ⁴ -chuang ¹ -lien ³	全分粧奩	a complete lady's outfit.
ch'üan ² -fu ² -k'uei ¹ -chia ⁴	全副盔甲	a complete suit of armor.
ch'üan ² -huan ² -jên ²	全環人家	a family with no essential member wanting.
ch'üan ² -jan ² [chia ¹]	全然	altogether.
ch'üan ² -jên ³	全人	the perfect man.
ch'üan ² -lu ⁴ -chih ³ -shih ⁴	全路職勢	all the paraphernalia, e. g., for wedding.
ch'üan ² -mei ³	全美	altogether good.
ch'üan ² -mei ² -jên ² -pan ⁴	全沒人辦	no one to manage it.
ch'üan ² -mei ² -tsai ⁴ -chia ¹	全沒在家	all away from home.
ch'üan ² -nêng ³	全能	complete ability, almighty (wu ² so ³ pu ⁴ nêng ²).

ch'üan ² -p'an ² -tzü ³	全盤子	the whole affair.
ch'üan ² -pei ¹	全備	fully provided, all ready (ch'i ³ pei ⁴)
ch'üan ² -pu ⁴	全部	complete volume.
ch'üan ² -shan ⁴	全善	wholly good.
ch'üan ² -shih ⁴	全是	the whole is, they all are (tu ¹ shih ⁴).
ch'üan ² -tsai ⁴ -ch'i ² -nei ⁴	全在其內	all included.
ch'üan ² -tsai ⁴ -ni ³ -la ³	全在你咧	it all depends on you.
ch'üan ² -tu ¹	全都	all, the whole of.
ch'üan ² -wan ²	全完	to finish, to complete, all finished (yüan ² ch'üan ²).
ch'üan ² -wu ²	全無	none at all.
ch'üan ²	水 泉	a spring, the source of a stream.
ch'üan ² -sh'ih ²	泉池	a spring of water.
ch'üan ² -ching ³	泉井	spring and wells.
ch'üan ² -shui ³	泉水	spring water.
ch'üan ² -t'ou ²	泉頭	the fountain-head.
ch'üan ² -yeu ³	泉眼	"a spring's eye," a spring.
ch'üan ² -yüan ²	泉源	springs.
ch'üan ²	手 拳	the closed hand, the fist.
ch'üan ² -chiao ³	拳脚	boxing and wrestling.
ch'üan ² -fa ²	拳法	the art of boxing.
ch'üan ² -pang ⁴	拳棒	boxing and stick playing.
ch'üan ² -shih ¹	拳師	a professor of boxing.
ch'üan ² -t'ou ²	拳頭	the fist.
ch'üan ²	木 權	weight, authority; to balance, to weigh.
ch'üan ² -ch'ên ²	權臣	an influential minister, an imperial favorite.
ch'üan ² -hêng ²	權衡	power; to weigh, deliberate upon.
ch'üan ² -nên ²	權能	authority, power.
ch'üan ² -pien ⁴	權變	versatile, ingenious (hsing ² ch'üan ²).
ch'üan ² -ping ⁴	權柄	power, influence; baton of office (shih ⁴ li ¹).
ch'üan ² -shih ⁴	權勢	authority, power, influence (pên ³ shih ⁴).
ch'üan ² -tang ¹	權當	to consider as if, to feign (i ³ wei ²).
ch'üan ²	疔 痊	to cure, cured, convalescent, recovered.
ch'üan ² -yü ⁴	痊愈	to recover, to get better.
ch'üan ²	足 踉	the legs drawn up, or doubled under
ch'üan ² -t'ui ³	踉腿	to double up, or draw in the legs.
ch'üan ²	頁 頰	the cheek bones.
ch'üan ² -ku ²	頰骨	same.
ch'üan ² -ku ² -kao ¹	頰骨高	cheek-bones high.

CH'ÜAN³

ch'üan ³ -fei ⁴	犬 吠	the dog (kou ³).
ch'üan ³ -ma ³ -chih ¹ -lao ⁴	犬馬之勞	the dog barks.
ch'üan ³ -shou ³ -yeh ⁴	犬守夜	services rendered by dog and horse.
		the dog watches at night.

ch'üan ³ -tzu ³	犬子	a whelp, a pup.
ch'üan ³ -yao ³	犬咬	the dog bites, or barks.
CH'ÜAN ⁴ 力劝	勸 ^{321c453c}	to advise, to exhort, to admonish, to instruct.
ch'üan ⁴ -chiao ¹	勸教	same (ch'üan ² chiao ⁴)
ch'üan ⁴ -chieh ³	勸解	to advise and explain to, to mediate,
ch'üan ⁴ -chieh ⁴	勸戒	to warn, to caution.
ch'üan ⁴ -chieh ⁴ -ya ¹ -p'ien ⁴	勸戒鴉片	to exhort people to leave off opium.
ch'üan ⁴ -chien ⁴	勸諫	to advise or admonish a superior.
ch'üan ⁴ -chüan ¹	勸捐	to call on people to subscribe, or pay a tax.
ch'üan ⁴ -ho ²	勸和	to persuade or advise to mutual agreement.
ch'üan ⁴ -hua ⁴	勸化	to convert (chiao ⁴ hua ⁴).
ch'üan ⁴ -hua ⁴ -wan ⁴ -min ²	勸化萬民	to disciple all nations
ch'üan ⁴ -jên ³ -ho ² -mu ⁴	勸人和睦	to exhort people to be at peace.
ch'üan ⁴ -mien ⁴	勸勉	to urge, to stimulate (mien ³ li ⁴).
ch'üan ⁴ -pu -hsing ³ -t'a ¹	勸不醒他	cannot arouse him from his lethargy (pu ³ wu ⁴).
ch'üan ⁴ -shan ⁴	勸善	to preach morality.
ch'üan ⁴ -s'an ⁴ -kuei ¹ -kuo ⁴	勸善規過	to exhort people to turn over a new leaf.
ch'üan ⁴ -shih ⁴ -wên ²	勸世文	tracts (ching ³ shih ⁴ wên ²).
ch'üan ⁴ -t'a ¹ -tso ⁴	勸他作	advise him to do it.
ch'üan ⁴ -wei ⁴	勸慰	to soothe, to console.
ch'üan ⁴	力券 ^{319b453b}	a deed, a bond, an agreement, a proof.
ch'üan ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	券契約	same.
ch'üan ⁴ -yo ¹	券約	same.
CHÜEH ¹ 手才	撮 ^{323b485a}	to snap, to break off, or asunder.
ch'üeh ¹ -shê ² -liao ³	撮折了	broken off.
ch'üeh ¹	口噘 ^{323a446c}	to purse the lips, to pout.
ch'üeh ¹ -tsui ³	噘嘴	to pout the lips (min ³ tsui ³ hsiao ⁴).
CHÜEH ² 糸	絕 ^{323c1011a}	cut off, broken off, interrupted, terminated.
ch'üeh ² -ch'ang ² -pu ³	絕長補短	to take from the long to add to the short.
ch'üeh ² -chiao ¹ [tuan ³	絕交	breach of friendship (tuan ⁴ lai ³ wang ³).
ch'üeh ² -ch'ing ³ [i ⁴	絕情	no feelings; breach of friendship.
ch'üeh ² -ch'ing ³ -ch'üeh ²	絕情絕義	no sense of right, etc.
ch'üeh ² -chün ⁴	絕俊	perfectly beautiful (chun ⁴ mei ³).
ch'üeh ² -hsi ⁴	絕細	extremely fine, minute.
ch'üeh ² -hsiao ⁴	絕笑	extremely laughable.
ch'üeh ² -hu ⁴	絕戶	an heirless old man.
ch'üeh ² -i ⁴	絕義	breach of friendship.
ch'üeh ² -i ⁴	絕意	estranged
ch'üeh ² -i ³ -ssü ³ -chan ⁴	絕意死戰	fight to the death.
ch'üeh ² -jên ³ -t'ui ¹ -shên ⁴	絕入太甚	very deeply estranged.

chüeh²-kaol¹	絕高	extremely high.
chüeh²-liang²	絕糧	without food.
chüeh²-ün²	絕倫	to cut off from any class ; to surpass.
chueh²-mi⁴	絕密	extremely fine, delicate.
chüeh²-miao⁴	絕妙	most admirable.
c'üeh²-ming⁴	絕命	death (sang¹ ming⁴).
chüeh²-pi⁴	絕壁	a lofty wall.
chüeh²-pu⁴-lsiang¹-kan¹	絕不相干	nothing to do with.
c'ien²-ssü⁴	絕嗣	no heirs.
chüeh²-ting¹	絕丁	same.
chüeh²-tzū³-tuan⁴-sun¹	絕子斷孫	without posterity.
chüeh² 水 决 決	決 324b, 447b	to flow ; to settle, to decide, decided, determined.
chüeh²-chi⁴	決既	determined, decided, bent on.
chüeh²-ch'ü⁴	決去	determined to go.
chüeh²-ho²-k'ou³	決河口	the river has burst its banks (ho² k'ai¹ k'ou²).
chüeh²-i⁴	決意	to determine, fixed intention.
chüeh²-jan²	決然	determined (i³ ting⁴).
chüeh²-k'o⁴	決課	a final or test examination. M. 539.
chüeh²-mo³-jên²-hsin¹	決沒人信	absolutely no one will believe.
chüeh²-pu⁴	決不	determined not to.
chüeh²-pu⁴-kai³-hsin⁴	決不該信	ought not to believe.
chüeh²-pu⁴-k'ên²-ts'ung¹	決不肯從	utterly unwilling to follow.
chüeh²-pu⁴-k'uan¹-tai⁴	決不寬貸	determined not to forgive.
chüeh²-pu⁴-nêng²	決不能	cannot possibly.
chüeh²-pu⁴-shih⁴-ché⁴	決不是這	certainly is not this.
chüeh²-pu⁴-shih²-yen²	決不食言	determined not to eat one's words.
chüeh²-ting⁴	決定	quite certain, certainly, positively.
chüeh² tsui⁴	決罪	capital punishment (jê⁴ chüeh²).
chüeh²-tuan⁴	決斷	to settle, to decide, decided, determined.
c'üeh²-wu²-hou⁴-huan⁴	決無後患	assuredly no after regrets.
chüeh²-wu²-tz'u³-shih⁴	決無此事	there is no such thing.
chüeh²-yuo⁴	決要	to insist upon.
chüeh² 見 覺 覺	覺 232c, 410c	to perceive, to be sensible of, to feel. See chiao¹.
chüeh²-chih¹	覺知	to perceive, to know.
chüeh²-chih²	覺直	correct, upright.
chüeh²-ching¹	覺驚	to feel or manifest alarm.
chüeh²-cho²-fa¹-k'uei⁴	覺着發愧	feeling ashamed.
chüeh²-ho²-hai⁴-hsin¹	覺着害羞	to feel ashamed.
chüeh²-cho²-hén³-jê⁴	覺着很熱	feeling it very hot.
chüeh²-cho²-ma²-mu²	覺着麻木	feeling numb.
chüeh²-cho²-mo²-ts'o⁴	覺着沒錯	feeling that I have no fault.
chüeh²-cho²-pu¹-t'o³	覺着不妥	feeling it unsatisfactory.
chüeh²-hsiao³	覺曉	to know, to understand.

chüeh ² -hun ²	覺魂	senses common to men and animals (ling ² hun ²).
chüeh ² -ming ²	覺明	intelligent, wise.
chüeh ² -pu ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	覺不出來	cannot perceive or feel it.
chüeh ² -tê ²	覺得	to feel, to be sensible of.
chüeh ² -t'êng ²	覺疼	to feel pain.
chüeh ² -ti ⁴ -hên ³ -lei ²	覺的很累	feels it very embarrassing.
chüeh ² -ti ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'a ⁴	覺的不差	I perceive there is no mistake.
chüeh ² -iou ⁴	覺悟	to be roused to a sense of.
chüeh ²	手才掘	to dig (as a hole, well, etc.).
chüeh ² -ching ²	掘井	to dig a well (wa ¹ , t'ao ¹).
chüeh ² -ch'u ¹ -chin ¹ -kung ²	掘出金礦	to dig out a grave.
chüeh ² -fên ²	掘墳	to dig a grave.
chüeh ² -ho ² -yin ³ -shui ²	掘河引水	to dig a river and bring in water.
chüeh ² -k'ai ¹	掘開	to dig open (p'ao ² k'ai ¹).
chüeh ² -k'êng ¹	掘坑	to dig a pit (wan ¹ t'u ²).
chüeh ² -lung ² -t'an ¹	掘龍潭	to dig up the dragon pool (in drought). M 531.
chüeh ² -tao ⁴ -shui ² -kou ¹	掘道水溝	to dig a drain.
chüeh ² -t'u ²	掘土	to dig the ground (p'ao ² ti ⁴).
chüeh ²	人倔	perverse, refractory, obstinate.
chüeh ² -chian ¹	倔	same.
chüeh ² -c'i'ian ²	倔強	same.
chüeh ² -p'i ² -ch'i ²	倔脾氣	sulky disposition.
chüeh ² -sang ⁴	倔喪	churlish.
chüeh ²	爪爵	a wine cup; rank, nobility, high office (chiao ²).
chüeh ² -lu ⁴	爵祿	rank and pay (fêng ⁴ lu ⁴).
chüeh ² -wei ⁴	爵位	official rank, nobility, position, rank (kuan ⁴ [chüeh ²]).
chüeh ²	角	a horn; a corner; a quarter. See chiao ² .
chüeh ² -sê ⁴	角色	line, rôle (of player).
chüeh ² -shu ²	角黍	a three-cornered pudding made from rice.
chüeh ²	足蹶	to jump, to leap; to stumble; a horse's hoof.
chüeh ² liao ¹ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	蹶撩起來	to kick.
chüeh ² -tzu ²	蹶子	a horse's hoof.
chüeh ² -tzu ² -t'i ⁴ -shang ¹	蹶子踢傷	to wound by kicking.
chüeh ²	言訣	a keepsake, parting words.
chüeh ² -chi ³	訣計	parting words.
chüeh ² -ch'iao ⁴	訣竅	clue, rationale (t'ou ² hsi ⁴).
chüeh ²	金鏃	a hoe, pickaxe (ch'u ²).
chüeh ² -pa ¹	鏃把	the handle of a hoe.
chüeh ² -t'ou ²	鏃頭	a pick or hoe.
chüeh ²	肉月脚	foot. See chiao ² .
chüeh ² (tzu) 木槩	槩	a wooden peg (chuang ⁴).
chüeh ² -ping ⁴	槩柄	same.
chüeh ²	口嗟	to sigh, to lament.

<i>chüeh²-t'an⁴</i>	嗟嘆	to sigh, to pity (t'an ⁴ hsi ¹).
CHÜEH⁴ 刀懸剛	屨 ^{323a446b}	to urge, to press upon, to compel to.
<i>chüeh⁴-chê²-liao³</i>	屨折了	to break off, broken off.
<i>chüeh⁴</i>	矢 ^{325c445b} 屨	short (as dress) (tuan ³ chüeh ⁴).
CHÜEH¹ 缶	缺 ^{326b448c}	a deficiency, a want; to vacate; a vacancy-
<i>ch'üeh⁴-chiao¹</i>	缺角	short of a corner, defect.
<i>ch'üeh¹-ch'ien⁴</i>	缺欠	shortcoming.
<i>ch'üeh¹-ch'ien⁴-jên²-ch'ing³</i>	缺欠人情	deficient in humanity.
<i>ch'üeh¹-ch'ih²-ch'uan¹</i>	缺吃穿	lack of food and clothing.
<i>ch'üeh¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	缺去	to break off.
<i>ch'üeh¹-fên⁴</i>	缺分	a post, an office (jên ⁴).
<i>ch'üeh¹-i²-shih²</i>	缺衣食	without food or clothing.
<i>ch'üeh¹-ju²</i>	缺乳	without milk (in breasts).
<i>ch'üeh¹-k'uei¹</i>	缺虧	deficient (k'uei ¹ ch'ien ⁴).
<i>ch'üeh¹-o²</i>	缺額	short in allowance or number (tuan ³ shu ⁴).
<i>ch'üeh¹-pên³-ch'ien²</i>	缺本錢	to lack or lose capital.
<i>ch'üeh¹-shao³</i>	缺少	few, deficient.
<i>ch'üeh¹-shui³</i>	缺水	deficient in water.
<i>ch'üeh¹-tien⁴</i>	缺玷	a flaw (hsia ² tz'ü ¹ , mac ³ ping ⁴).
<i>ch'üeh¹-ts'an²</i>	缺殘	ruined.
<i>ch'üeh¹-tuan³</i>	缺短	short, deficient.
CHÜEH² 癘	癘 ^{326c375a}	lameness.
<i>ch'üeh²-liao³</i>	癘了	lame, to limp.
<i>ch'üeh²-t'ui³</i>	癘腿	a lame leg, lame.
<i>ch'üeh²-tzü³</i>	癘子	a lame person, a cripple (ts'an ³ chi ³).
CHÜEH⁴ (ch'io) 卩	却 ^{234a411a}	but, nevertheless, then, really; to refuse. M.
<i>ch'üeh⁴</i>	卻	same (tan ⁴ , nai ³).
<i>ch'üeh⁴-chih¹-pu⁴-kung¹</i>	卻之不恭	rude to refuse it.
<i>ch'üeh⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	卻去	to turn away.
<i>ch'üeh⁴-pu⁴-chih¹</i>	卻不知	therefore or really do not know.
<i>ch'üeh⁴-shih⁴</i>	卻是	it is nevertheless the fact that,
<i>ch'üeh⁴-shih⁴-wei²-ho²</i>	卻是爲何	why?
<i>ch'üeh⁴-shuo¹</i>	卻說	it is truly said or they say.
<i>ch'üeh⁴-yu²-i²-chien⁴</i>	卻有一件	but there is one thing.
<i>ch'üeh⁴-yu⁴-lai²</i>	卻又來	there now, well now, but see here. M. 316.
<i>ch'üeh⁴-yüan²-lai²</i>	卻原來	in fact it was so.
<i>ch'üeh⁴</i>	石 確 ^{235a411b}	certainly, really, truly, assuredly, in fact.
<i>ch'üeh⁴-chên¹</i>	確真	really true.
<i>ch'üeh⁴-ch'ing²</i>	確情	true circumstances (p'ing ² chi ⁴).

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ch'üeh¹·chü¹ 確據
 ch'üeh¹·hain¹ 確信
 ch'üeh¹·jan² 確然
 ch'üeh¹·shih² 確實
 ch'üeh¹ 闕 327a448a
 ch'üeh¹·i² 闕疑
 ch'üeh¹ 殼 235a412a
 ch'üeh¹ 雀 139a997b
 ch'üeh¹ 手 689a492c

positive proof.
 trustworthy information.
 positively so, assuredly.
 really, truly.
 imperial; deficient; disrespectful; a gate.
 to doubt; to be less doubtful.
 shell, e. g., of egg.
 bird, sparrow. See ch'iao².
 seize with claws (also huo⁴, kuo⁴).

CHÜN¹ 軍 329a419a
 chün¹·ch'ang² 軍場
 chün¹·chi¹ 軍機
 chün¹·chi¹·ch'u⁴ 軍機處
 chün¹·ch'ü¹ 軍器
 chün¹·ch'ü¹·k'u⁴ 軍器庫
 chün¹·chia¹ 軍家
 chün¹·ch'ing³ 軍情
 chün¹·chuang¹ 軍裝
 chün¹·fa² 軍法
 chün¹·fan⁴ 軍犯
 chün¹·hsiang³ 軍餉
 chün¹·hui¹ 軍需
 chün¹·kung¹ 軍功
 chün¹·lao²·t'u²·fan¹ 軍徒犯
 chün¹·lei² 軍壘
 chün¹·ling² 軍令 森嚴
 chün¹·ling²·sen¹·ye²
 chün¹·mên² 軍門
 chün¹·mín² 軍民
 chün¹·shih¹ 軍師
 chün¹·shih¹ 軍士
 chün¹·t'ai²·hsiao⁴·li⁴ 軍台効力
 chün¹·t'ao² 軍逃
 chün¹·tsui⁴ 軍罪
 chün¹·wu⁴ 軍務
 chün¹·ying² 軍營
 chün¹ 君 327c418a
 chün¹·chang³ 君長
 chün¹·ch'ên² 君臣
 chün¹·ch'ü¹·min²·pa² 君七民八
 chün¹·chu² 君主
 chün¹·chün¹ 君君

an army, 12,500 men; a soldier; a general.
 a parade-ground, a battleground (chia⁴ ch'ang²).
 the General Council, a council of war.
 the Grand Council. G. 133.
 implements of war (kan¹ ko⁴, ping¹ jên⁴).
 armory.
 a soldier, soldiers.
 the circumstances of the army.
 soldiers' uniforms.
 military laws.
 military offenders.
 soldiers' pay.
 military equipments, pay, etc. (ping¹ hsiang³).
 military distinction.
 various banished criminals.
 a military wall, a breastwork, fortifications.
 military orders (hao⁴ ling⁴).
 military law is very strict.
 epistolary designation for a T'ü²·Lu¹.
 the military and the people.
 a military or civil leader of troops.
 a soldier, soldiers (tang¹ ping¹).
 to labor on the military post-roads.
 escaped soldiers, deserters (t'ao² ping¹).
 military crimes meriting banishment.
 military affairs.
 an encampment (ying² p'an²).
 a sovereign, a king; a good man, a gentleman.
 superiors (kuan¹ chang³).
 prince and minister.
 to divide up, to distribute.
 the sovereign of a country (min² chu²).
 to fulfil the duties of a prince

chün¹-mín² 君民
 chün¹-míng²-ch'én²-lián² 君明臣良
 chün¹-míng⁴ 君命
 chün¹-míng⁴-tsai¹-shên¹ 君命在身
 chün¹-pu⁴-chün¹ 君不君
 chün¹-san¹-mín²-ch'í² 君三民七
 chün¹-shang⁴ 君上子
 chün¹-tzü³ 君子
 chün¹-tzü³-ku⁴-ch'íung³ 君子固窮
 chün¹-tzü³-tzü⁴-chung⁴ 君子自重
 chün¹-tsun¹-ch'én²-pei¹ 君尊臣卑
 chün¹-wang² 君王
 chün¹-wang²-hou²-pai² 君王侯伯
 chün¹-wei²-ch'én²-kang⁴ 君爲臣綱
 chün¹ 土 均^{330c418b}
 chün¹-ch'í² 均齊
 chün¹-chuan¹ 均磚
 chün¹-fên¹ 均分
 chün¹-í¹ 均一
 chün¹-í⁴ 均意
 chün¹-k'ó³ 均可
 chün¹-lá¹ 均拉
 chün¹-mai³-chün¹-mai⁴ 均買均賣
 chün¹-p'íng³ 均平
 chün¹-ta¹-hu⁴ 均大戶
 chün¹-t'an¹ 均攤
 chün¹-tiao⁴ 均調
 chün¹-yao²-ch'ai² 均徭冊
 chün¹-yün² 均勻
 chün¹ 全 鉤 鈞^{331a418c}
 chün¹-an¹ 鈞安
 chün¹-míng⁴ 鈞命

the sovereign and the people.
 good prince, good minister.
 the order of a prince.
 the King's orders are on me.
 the prince is not prince.
 to divide up, to distribute.
 the sovereign (huang² shang⁴). [add 人].
 a good man, a gentleman, the superior man (or
 the superior man is bound to be poor.
 the ideal man is self-respecting.
 the prince is honorable, the minister modest.
 the sovereign.
 King and nobles.
 the sovereign is the minister's cord.
 equal, equality, in equal parts, impartial.
 even and regular, well adjusted.
 all brick (in a wall).
 to divide equally, impartial.
 both or all equally; an average.
 an impartial feeling.
 all can equally do.
 to strike an average.
 fair trade (kung¹ tao⁴).
 impartial, equal, in equal parts. [grain, etc.
 in time of famine to appropriate a rich man's
 to pay one's share.
 impartial, equal, in equal parts.
 a sort of land sale register,
 impartial, equal.
 thirty catties, one-fourth of a picul; large.
 great happiness or comfort. (Complimentary.)
 your behests or orders. (Complimentary.)

CHÜN⁴ 人 俊^{329c1020a}
 chün⁴-chiéh³ 俊傑
 chün⁴-ch'iao⁴ 俊俏
 chün⁴-hsü⁴ 俊秀
 chün⁴-jên²-wu⁴ 俊人物
 chün⁴-mei³ 俊美
 chün⁴-shih⁴ 俊士
 chün⁴-ya³ 俊雅
 chün⁴ 邑 郡^{331c419c}
 chün⁴-chü² 郡主

great talent, excellence; good-looking, elegant.
 great talents; a person of great talent.
 elegant, graceful.
 elegant and talented; a scholar (young).
 a refined looking man (ssü¹ wên² jên²).
 elegant, graceful, beautiful.
 eminent and virtuous scholars; a scholar (old).
 graceful, elegant.
 a district, a populous place. [degree.
 a daughter of an imperial prince of the first

chün⁴-i⁴ 郡邑
 chün⁴-mu⁴ 郡牧
 chün⁴-shou³ 郡守
 chün⁴-tsai³ 郡宰
 chün⁴-wang³ 郡王
 chün⁴ 立 竣 330a1001a
 chün⁴ 馬 駿 330b1019c

“districts and cities,” a city.
 a Prefect (chih¹ fu³).
 a Prefect.
 same.
 a prince (2nd class) (ch'in¹ wang³).
 to complete, to finish, finished, completed, done,
 a fine looking horse.

CH'ÜN³ 羊 { 群 331c420a
 ch'ün³ 羣 臣
 ch'ün³-ch'én³ 羣 鶴
 ch'ün³-hao² 羣 賢
 ch'ün³-hsien² 羣 朋
 ch'ün³-p'êng³ 羣 生
 ch'ün³-shêng³ 羣 黨
 ch'ün³-tang³ 羣 羊
 ch'ün³-yang³ 羣 友
 ch'ün³-yu³ 羣 友
 ch'ün³ (tzu) 衣 霜 裘 裙 332a420b
 ch'ün³-ch'ai¹ [kon¹ 裙 紉
 ch'ün³-hsia⁴-shuang¹ 裙 下 雙 勾
 ch'ün³-tai⁴ 裙 帶

a flock, a herd, a crowd; comrades, companions,
 same.
 the body of ministers (ch'én³ liao³).
 a flock of storks; a crowd of celebrities,
 a host of good men.
 companions (t'ung³ pan⁴).
 mankind.
 a clan, kind or sort.
 a flock of sheep.
 friends and associates.
 a short skirt worn by women (wei³ ch'ün³).
 “skirts and ornaments,” women.
 bound feet.
 a skirt sash.

Ê group. See O.

ÉN¹ 心 恩 334a623a
 én¹-ai⁴ 恩 愛
 én¹-ai¹-fu¹-ch'i¹ 恩 愛 夫 妻
 én¹-ch'ing³ 恩 情
 én¹-chü³-jên³ 恩 舉 人
 én¹-chu³ 恩 主
 én¹-chung⁴ 恩 重
 én¹-chung⁴-ju²-shan¹ 恩 重 如 山
 én¹-ch'ung³ 恩 寵
 én¹-hui⁴ 恩 惠
 én¹-i⁴ 恩 義
 én¹-jên³ 恩 人
 én¹-kao¹ 恩 膏
 én¹-k'o¹ 恩 科
 én¹-kung³ 恩 貢
 én¹-shé⁴ 恩 赦
 én¹-shên¹-ssü⁴-hai³ 恩 深 似 海
 én¹-shih¹ 恩 師
 én¹-shih⁴ 恩 試
 én¹-tê³ 恩 德

grace, favor, bounty, kindness, goodness,
 affection, love (connubial).
 an affectionate couple.
 kindness, affection.
 a special examination graduate.
 a benefactor (shan¹ chu³, shih¹ chu³),
 great favour.
 very great grace (hung³ én³).
 gracious favor.
 grace, kindness, favour.
 kindness and righteousness.
 a patron, a benefactor.
 rich favours conferred. [G. 467.
 examinations specially allowed by the emperor.
 a degree attained at the special examinations,
 gracious pardon. [G. 471.
 favor as deep as the sea.
 my kind patron.
 special examinations in honor of public events.
 benignity, beneficence, kindness.

ên ¹ -tien ³	恩典	great favour, kindness or bounty.
ên ¹ -tsé ²	恩澤	grace, kindness, favour.
ên ⁴	手 搵 1247c1042b	to press the hand upon, to keep down (or 按), pressing down.
ên ⁴ -cho ²	搵 著	to press or keep down.
ên ⁴ -chu ⁴	搵 住	to keep a person down by force.
ên ⁴ -tao ³	搵 倒	
ÊRH ²	儿 兒 334b720a	a son, a child; a particle of sound.
êrh ² -ch'a ²	兒 茶	cutch (extract of catechu).
êrh ² -fu ¹	兒 夫	a husband (chang ⁴ fu ¹).
êrh ² -hsi ²	兒 媳	a son and his wife, a daughter-in-law.
êrh ² -k'uei ²	兒 葵	the sunflower; the anemone (hsiang ⁴ jih ⁴ k'nei ²).
êrh ² -lang ³	兒 郎	a son; a soldier; a husband.
êrh ² -lo ²	兒 騾	a he-mule (ts'ao ³ lü ²)
êrh ² -mu ³	兒 馬	a stallion (k'o ⁴ ma ³ , mu ³ ma ³).
êrh ² -nü ⁴	兒 女	boys and girls, children.
êrh ² -nü ³ -man ³ -t'ang ³	兒 女 滿堂	a house full of children.
êrh ² -sun ¹	兒 孫	sons and grandsous, posterity (tzü ³ sun ¹).
êrh ² -t'ung ²	兒 童	a boy (hai ² t'ung ²).
êrh ² -tzü ³	兒 子	a boy, a son.
êrh ²	而 而 335c719a	and, as, but, on the contrary M. 400.
êrh ² -ch'ieh ³	而 且	also, moreover, besides (ping ⁴ ch'ieh ³).
êrh ² -chin ¹	而 今	at present, now (ju ² chin ¹).
êrh ² -hou ⁴	而 後	henceforth.
êrh ² -i ³	而 已	that, and nothing else; finished.
êrh ² -k'uang ²	而 况	also, moreover, besides.
ÊRH ³	耳 耳 334c720b	the ear; handles (as of a box, etc.).
êrh ³ -cha ¹	耳 喳	a whisper in the ear.
êrh ³ -chên ³	耳 枕	an ear pillow.
êrh ³ -chui ⁴	耳 墜	ear-rings.
êrh ³ -fang ²	耳 房	a side room (t'ao ⁴ fang ²).
êrh ³ -hsing ⁴	耳 性	capacity to hear.
êrh ³ -huan ²	耳 環	ear-rings (cho ² t'ou ² , chui ⁴ tzü ³).
êrh ³ -juan ³	耳 軟	credulous.
êrh ³ -kua ¹ -tzü ³	耳 刮 子	to slap the ear, etc., a slap of the ear.
êrh ³ -li ⁴	耳 力	the power of hearing.
êrh ³ -lung ²	耳 聾	deaf, deafness.
êrh ³ -lung ² -k'ou ³ -ch'ih ¹	耳 聾 口 吃	deaf and dumb.
êrh ³ -mên ²	耳 門	a single-leaved door; a side door.
êrh ³ -mîng ²	耳 鳴	a ringing in the ears.
êrh ³ -mu ⁴	耳 目	"ears and eyes," spies.
êrh ³ -pa ¹ -tzü ³	耳 巴 子	cheek bones, the side face.

êrh⁴-lai³
 êrh⁴-lai²-lai³
 êrh⁴-lan³
 êrh⁴-liang³
 êrh⁴-mao²-p'i²-ao³
 êrh⁴-pa⁴-shou³
 êrh⁴-pai³-wu³
 êrh⁴-san¹
 êrh⁴-shih³
 êrh⁴-shih²-chi³
 êrh⁴-shih²-pa¹-hsü⁴
 êrh⁴-shü²-ssü¹-hsiao¹
 êrh⁴-t'ao⁴-ch'ê¹
 êrh⁴-tsê³
 êrh⁴-tz'ü¹
 êrh⁴-wei⁴
 êrh⁴-wu³-pu⁴-tang⁴
 êrh⁴-wu³-yen³
 êrh⁴-ya³
 êrh⁴-yüeh⁴
 êrh⁴
 êrh⁴-shih³

貝式

二來
 二來來
 二藍
 二兩
 二毛皮襖
 二把手
 二五
 二三十
 二二十
 二十幾
 二十八宿
 二二十四孝
 二套車
 二則
 二次位
 二五不當
 二五眼
 二衙
 二月
 貳貳拾

發 339c121c

發脹
 發潮
 發急
 發籍
 發起
 發家
 發傲
 發覺
 發酵
 發怯
 發簽
 發遣
 發罪犯
 發酒瘋
 發呪
 發愁
 發出
 發憤
 發喘

in the second place, next, secondary (êrh⁴ tsê⁴),
 a widow marrying a second husband (kai³ chia⁴),
 navy blue.
 two taels or ounces.
 a skin-coat with medium length wool. [tzü³].
 four handled barrow for two men (hsiao³ ch'ê⁴)
 a simpleton.
 two or three.
 twenty. [(ch'ü¹ chi³, shih¹ chi³).
 what is the day of the month? (in 3rd decade)
 the twenty-eight signs of the Zodiac. R. 356.
 the twenty-four Paragons of Filial Piety.
 a two-horse carriage or cart.
 in the second place, next.
 twice (êrh⁴ hui⁴, tsao¹, t'ang¹).
 two or both gentlemen.
 mean, shabby.
 same (e.g., goods) (hsing² huc⁴).
 assistant magistrate of a district.
 the second month.
 two.
 twenty.

FA¹
 fa¹-chang⁴
 fa¹-ch'ao³
 fa¹-chi²
 fa¹-chi²
 fa¹-ch'i³
 fa¹-chia¹
 fa¹-chiao¹-ao⁴
 fa¹-chiao³
 fa¹-chiao⁴
 fa¹-ch'ieh⁴
 fa¹-ch'ien¹
 fa¹-ch'ien³
 fa¹-ch'ien³-tsui⁴-fan⁴
 fa¹-chü³-fêng¹
 fa¹ chow⁴
 fa¹-ch'ou²
 fa¹-ch'u¹
 fa¹ ch'u⁴
 fa¹-ch'uan²

发

to send, to issue forth, to spring up. M. 186.
 to be distended, to feel a sense of fulness.
 to be or become damp and mouldy.
 to get excited or anxious.
 to get rich, to lay up money.
 to spring up, to raise.
 to enrich one's family.
 to be or grow proud.
 suddenly became aware.
 to raise, ferment; baking powder.
 to be or become timorous.
 to issue a warrant.
 to send into exile.
 to forward a criminal.
 delirium tremens.
 to curse, to imprecate (tu³ chou⁴).
 to be or become melancholy.
 to send forth.
 to dread, to shrink from.
 short of breath.

<i>fa¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	發去	to send away.
<i>fa¹-fên⁴</i>	發奮	ardour, energy, activity; to be energetic.
<i>fa¹-fên⁴-wang⁴-shih²</i>	發憤忘食	to work with such ardor, as to forget my food.
<i>fa¹-fêng¹</i>	發風	to be in heat (animals).
<i>fa¹-fêng¹</i>	發瘋	leprosy; crazy (lai ⁴ ch'uang ¹).
<i>fa¹-fu³</i>	發福	to be in good health; stout.
<i>fa¹-fu⁴</i>	發付	to send, to despatch
<i>fa¹-han⁴</i>	發汗	to perspire (ch'ü ¹ han ⁴).
<i>fa¹-hang²</i>	發行	to sell wholesale.
<i>fa¹-hei¹</i>	發黑	to be blackish.
<i>fa¹-hsien⁴</i>	發現	to become manifest, aroused (of conscience).
<i>fa¹-hsieh⁴</i>	發洩	to let out, to work off.
<i>fa¹-hsin¹-k'ou³-t'êng³</i>	發心口疼	dyspeptic.
<i>fa¹-hsü¹</i>	發虛	to feel languid or exhausted.
<i>fa¹-hua²</i>	發猾	to be up to tricks, artful.
<i>fa¹-huai⁴</i>	發壞	to spoil, to develop vicious practices.
<i>fa¹-huang²</i>	發黃	to be or become yellow.
<i>fa¹-huang³</i>	發慌	to be flurried or agitated.
<i>fa¹-hui²</i>	發回	to send back.
<i>fa¹-hun¹</i>	發昏	to faint (hun ¹ kuo ⁴ ch'ü ⁴ , ch'ou ¹ fêng ¹).
<i>fa¹-hung²</i>	發紅	to be or to become red.
<i>fa¹-huo²</i>	發火	to get angry.
<i>fa¹-huo⁴</i>	發貨	to send goods.
<i>fa¹-jê⁴</i>	發熱	fever, feverish (fa ¹ shao ¹).
<i>fa¹-juan²-jou⁴</i>	發軟弱	to grow weak, to betray weakness.
<i>fa¹-kan¹</i>	發乾	to be or feel dry.
<i>fa¹-kei²</i>	發給	to send out, to issue.
<i>fa¹-k'o¹</i>	發科	to graduate at public examinations.
<i>fa¹-k'o⁴</i>	發客	to gain custom, to sell to customers.
<i>fa¹-kuan¹-chia⁴</i>	發官價	official price (half that of the people).
<i>fa¹-k'uang²</i>	發狂	to be conceited or proud.
<i>fa¹-lai²</i>	發來	forwarded, come to hand.
<i>fa¹-lai⁴</i>	發瘰	to shew one's badness.
<i>fa¹-lan²</i>	發懶	to be lazy, languid, disinclined.
<i>fa¹-lao⁴</i>	發落	to dispose of.
<i>fa¹-lêng²</i>	發冷	ague, aguish (fa ¹ yao ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>fa¹-lêng²-fa¹-jê⁴</i>	發冷發熱	fever and ague, remittent fever.
<i>fa¹-lêng⁴</i>	發陵	to be absent-minded, to stare idiotic like (fa ¹ [tai ¹]).
<i>fa¹-li⁴-hai⁴</i>	發利害	to grow severe, to make ado.
<i>fa¹-li⁴-shih⁴</i>	發利市	prosperous day's business.
<i>fa¹-liang²</i>	發涼	to become cold, to feel cold.
<i>fa¹-liang⁴</i>	發亮	to appear lustrous, to shine (fang ⁴ kuang ¹).
<i>fa¹-liao³-mao²</i>	發了毛	afraid, frightened.

<i>fa¹-lo⁴</i>	發落	to settle, to decide, to sentence.
<i>fa¹-lián⁴</i>	發亂	to become confused.
<i>fa¹-ma²</i>	發麻	to be or become numb (ma ² mu ⁴).
<i>fa¹-mai⁴</i>	發賣	for sale; to sell or expose to sale.
<i>fa¹-mai⁴-huo⁴-wu⁴</i>	發賣貨物	to offer goods for sale.
<i>fa¹-mei²</i>	發霉	to be or become damp and mouldy.
<i>fa¹-mên⁴</i>	發悶	to feel gloomy, sense of uneasiness.
<i>fa¹-mien⁴</i>	發麪	yeast, ferment for raising pastry (mien ⁴ chiao ⁴).
<i>fa¹-mien⁴-man²-t'ou²</i>	發麪饅頭	a yeast bread.
<i>fa¹-mien⁴-ping³</i>	發麪餅	a yeast cake.
<i>fa¹-ming⁴</i>	發命	to issue a decree or order (shêng ⁴ chih ²).
<i>fa¹-mien²</i>	發粘	viscid.
<i>fa¹-nu⁴</i>	發怒	to be angry (nao ² nu ⁴).
<i>fa¹-pan³</i>	發板	to be or feel stiff, intractable.
<i>fa¹-p'an²-ch'an²</i>	發盤纏	to provide travelling expenses.
<i>fa¹-pao³</i>	發飽	to have feeling of distention, flatulence.
<i>fa¹-pên⁴</i>	發笨	to become stiff, to grow clumsy.
<i>fa¹-p'iao⁴</i>	發票	to issue a warrant, advertisement of business.
<i>fa¹-ping¹</i>	發兵	to go to war; to march an army (tiao ⁴ ping ¹).
<i>fa¹-ping⁴</i>	發病	to fall sick.
<i>fa¹-sang²</i>	發喪	to bury (pin ¹ tsang ⁴).
<i>fa¹-shao¹</i>	發燒	to be in a raging fever, to be hot (fa ¹ jê ⁴).
<i>fa¹-shên¹</i>	發身	to become an adult (ch'êng ² jên ²).
<i>fa¹-shêng¹-wan⁴-wu⁴</i>	發生萬物	to bring forth all things.
<i>fa¹-shih⁴</i>	發誓	to swear, to vow, (ch'í ³ shih ⁴).
<i>fa¹-shih⁴</i>	發市	to make sales, to have customers.
<i>fa¹-suan¹</i>	發酸	to be or become sour.
<i>fa¹-sung⁴</i>	發送	to attend a funeral.
<i>fa¹-ta²</i>	發達	to rise in life (fa ¹ chia ¹).
<i>fa¹-tai¹</i>	發獸	to stare stupidly (chêng ¹ yen ²).
<i>fa¹-tan¹</i>	發單	to send a bill, to issue a permit.
<i>fa¹-t'iao²</i>	發條	a coiled spring, a spring (huang ³).
<i>fa¹-tou²</i>	發抖	to tremble (tou ² sou ²).
<i>fa¹-ts'ai²</i>	發財	to become rich, to get wealth (tê ² ts'ai ²),
<i>fa¹-tsao⁴</i>	發燥	to get excited, the day is sultry.
<i>fa¹-tso⁴</i>	發作	to become, to break out, as illness.
<i>fa¹-wang⁴</i>	發旺	to flourish.
<i>fa¹-wang⁴-chün¹-t'ai²</i>	發往軍台	to condemn to the post-roads.
<i>fa¹-wei¹</i>	發威	to stand on one's dignity.
<i>fa¹-wu¹</i>	發烏	to be a dull black (instead of shining), as varnish.
<i>fa¹-ya²</i>	發芽	to put up a shoot.
<i>fa¹-yao⁴-tzi²</i>	發瘧子	to have fever and ague, intermittent fever.
<i>fa¹-ying⁴</i>	發硬	to be or become hard (kang ¹ ying ⁴).

<i>fi¹-yüan⁴</i>	發愿		to vow (ch'i ³ shih ⁴).
<i>fi¹-yün⁴</i>	發暈		to be or feel dizzy.
<i>fi¹</i>	人伐	33Sc122b	to strike; to reduce, to cut down; to destroy.
<i>fi¹ ch'ou⁴</i>	伐紂		to punish Chou (a tyrant).
<i>fi¹-chung¹-yüan²</i>	伐中原		to punish China.
<i>fi¹-kuo²</i>	伐國		to subject a country.
<i>fi¹-mu⁴</i>	伐木		to cut down timber.
<i>fi¹-ping¹</i>	伐冰		to break ice.
<i>fi¹-shu¹</i>	伐樹		to cut down a tree (k'an ³ shu ⁴).
<i>fi¹-tao³-liao³</i>	伐倒了		felled (of a tree).
<i>fi¹-tsui⁴</i>	伐罪		to punish an offence.

FA²	水彳灑	法	338a123a	method, law; punishment (3, 4). M. 282.
<i>fa⁴-ch'ang³</i>		法場		an execution ground (ssü ³ ti ⁴).
<i>fa⁴-ch'i⁴</i>		法器		musical instruments used by priests.
<i>fa⁴-chih⁴</i>		法制		laws.
<i>fa⁴-hao⁴</i>		法號		your name? (asking Buddhist priest).
<i>fa³-kuan¹</i>		法官		a priest exorcist.
<i>fa⁴-kuo²</i>		法國		France.
<i>fa⁴-lan²</i>		法藍		enamel.
<i>fa⁴-lan²-hsi¹</i>		法蘭西		France.
<i>fa⁴ ling⁴</i>		法令		commands, orders.
<i>fa⁴-lü⁴</i>		法律		laws, statutes.
<i>fa²-lun³</i>		法輪		the wheel of the law, emblem of Buddhism.
<i>a²-ma²</i>		法碼		standard weights.
<i>fa⁴-mên²</i>		法門		a temple gate, Buddhists (shan ¹ mên ²).
<i>fa⁴-ming²</i>		法名		same as <i>fa⁴-hao⁴</i> above.
<i>fa²-ming⁴</i>		法命		commands, orders.
<i>fa²-shên³-shih¹-ye¹</i>		法審師爺		law secretary in yamêns (hsing ³ ming ² , ch'ien ³ [ku ³]).
<i>fi²-shih⁴</i>		法式		methods, plans.
<i>fi²-shu⁴</i>		法術		tricks, black art (hsieh ³ shu ⁴).
<i>fa⁴-t'ieh³</i>		法帖		a copy head; a specimen of good writing.
<i>fa⁴-tsé²</i>		法則		rules, regulations, method, patterns.
<i>fa⁴-tu⁴</i>		法度		same (chang ¹ ch'êng ²).
<i>fa⁴-tzu³</i>		法子		a plan, a method, a way out of a difficulty.
<i>fa⁴-wang³</i>		法王		King of the law—Buddha (fo ³ yeh ⁴).
<i>fa²-wang³</i>		法網		execution of the laws.
<i>fi⁴-wên²</i>		法文		the French text.
<i>fa²</i>	网	罰	341a122c	to punish, to fine, to censure; punishment [hsing ² fa ²].
<i>fi²-ch'ien²</i>		罰錢		to fine (k'ou ⁴ kung ¹ ch'ien ²).
<i>fa²-fêng⁴</i>		罰俸		to forfeit one's pay.
<i>fa²-fêng⁴-liu⁴-yüeh⁴</i>		罰俸六月		to forfeit six months' pay.
<i>fa²-hsian⁴</i>		罰項		fines.

<i>fa²-k'uan³</i>	罰款	fines.
<i>fa² kuei⁴</i>	罰跪	to punish by kneeling.
<i>fa²-kun⁴</i>	罰棍	condemn to be scourged.
<i>fa²-liang³</i>	罰糧	to fine, to cut one's pay (as soldiers).
<i>fa²-liao³-pu¹-ta³</i>	罰了不打	if you fine, you must not beat.
<i>fa²-mi³</i>	罰米	to fine in rice.
<i>fa²-ni³-i¹-pei¹</i>	罰你一杯	to fine you a cup (of wine) as forfeit.
<i>fa²-tsui⁴</i>	罰罪	to punish an offence (shou ⁴ fa ²).
<i>fa²-yin²</i>	罰銀	to fine.
<i>fa²</i>	乏 ^{340c122c}	weary, fatigued, tired; to spoil, to injure.
<i>fa²-fei¹-yung⁴</i>	乏費用	out of money (epistolary).
<i>fa²-hai²-tzu³</i>	乏孩子	a silly child.
<i>fa²-hui¹</i>	乏灰	exhausted ash of opium resmoked by beggars.
<i>fa²-k'un⁴</i>	乏困	weary; sleepy; in distress (shih ³ té ³ huang ¹).
<i>fa²-mei²</i>	乏煤	exhausted coal, cinders.
<i>fa²-ti⁴</i>	乏地	exhausted soil.
<i>fa² tzu⁴-chih³</i>	乏字紙	paper without writing on it.
<i>fa² (tzu³)</i>	竹筏 ^{339a122b}	a raft (cha ¹ fa ² tzu ³).
<i>fa²-tu⁴</i>	筏渡	a raft, a ferry boat (mu ⁴ p'ai ¹ , pai ³ tu ⁴).

FA³	髮 ^{339b121a}	the hair of the head.
<i>fa³-chien¹-chih³</i>	髮箋紙	a sort of fine paper.
<i>fa³-ch'ih⁴</i>	髮赤	red hair; a little child.
<i>fa³-kuan¹</i>	髮髻	the tonsure of Taoist priest.
<i>fa³-shih³</i>	髮室	the first wife.

FAN¹	番 ^{341b123a}	a time, a turn, a repetition of; wild, barbarous.
<i>fan¹-ch'ieh²</i>	番茄	the tomato (k'an ¹ shih ⁴).
<i>fan¹-i⁴</i>	番役	policeman, constables (pu ³ i ⁴).
<i>fan¹-kuei³</i>	番鬼	“foreign devil,” a foreigner (abusive) (yang ³ [kuei ³ tzu ³]).
<i>fan¹-pang¹</i>	番邦	foreign or barbarous countries (i ⁴ pang ¹).
<i>fan¹-seng¹</i>	番僧	a Lama priest (la ³ ma ¹ seng ¹).
<i>fan¹-shih²-chu²</i>	番石竹	the dianthus or pink.
<i>fan¹-t'an¹</i>	番攤	gambling game of South China. W. I. 825.
<i>fan¹-tzu³</i>	番子	a thief catcher, a policeman (pu ³ pan ¹).
<i>fan¹</i>	翻 ^{342a124a}	to fly backwards and forwards; to turn over.
<i>fan¹-an⁴</i>	翻案	to rejudge a case.
<i>fan¹-ch'ei¹</i>	翻車	a spring net for snaring birds.
<i>fan¹-chiang¹-chiao³-hai³</i>	翻江攪海	very disorderly.
<i>fan¹-chin¹-tou³</i>	翻筋斗	to turn somersaults (tsai ¹ kên ¹ t'ou ²).
<i>fan¹-fei¹</i>	翻飛	to fly backwards and forwards.
<i>fan¹-hua¹-yang²-mei²</i>	翻花楊梅	a buboe.
<i>fan¹ kai⁴-fang²-wu¹</i>	翻蓋房屋	to re-build a house.

<i>fan¹.k'ai¹-shu¹</i>	翻開書	to open and turn over the leaves.
<i>fan¹.kung¹</i>	翻供	to retract one's testimony in court.
<i>fan¹.kuo⁴-lai²</i>	翻過來	turn upside down.
<i>fan¹-lai².fu²-ch'ü⁴</i>	翻來覆去	tumbling or tossing about, restless.
<i>fan¹.lien³</i>	翻臉	to change countenance (with anger).
<i>fan¹.lung⁴</i>	翻弄	to toss about.
<i>fan¹-mien⁴-wu²-ch'ing²</i>	翻面無情	lost cordiality and became estranged.
<i>fan¹-shên¹-chiao⁴</i>	翻身覺	turn over in sleep.
<i>fan¹-t'êng³</i>	翻騰	topsy turvy; to fly about (tien ³ tao ³).
<i>fan¹-tiao⁴</i>	翻掉	turning over and over; in any case (hêng ² shu ⁴).
<i>fan¹-tsui³</i>	翻嘴	tattling.
<i>fan¹-tsui³.hsiao²-shé²</i>	翻嘴學舌	to retract one's words.
<i>fan¹-wei⁴</i>	翻胃	turned one's stomach (or 反).
<i>fan¹.yen³</i>	翻眼	to change looks, to play false.
<i>fan¹</i>	巾 帆 ^{343b} 126b	the sail of a vessel.
<i>fan¹-p'êng²</i>	帆篷	a sail (p'êng ²).
<i>fan¹.pu⁴</i>	帆布	canvas.
<i>fan¹</i>	糸 繙 ^{342a} 124b	to translate; to turn over.
<i>fan¹.i⁴</i>	繙譯	to translate, to interpret.
<i>fan¹-i⁴-kuan¹</i>	繙譯官	official interpreter (t'ung ¹ shih ⁴).
<i>fan¹</i>	幡 ^{341c} 124b	a long flag, streamer.
<i>fan¹-ch'i²</i>	幡旗	same.

FAN³

凡 几

凡^{343a}126a

<i>fan³-ch'ang²</i>	凡常	all, commonly; common; mortal; vulgar. M. 82.
<i>fan³-chien¹</i>	凡間	common, ordinary. [chien ¹].
<i>fan³-fu¹</i>	凡夫	among the common mass; the world (shih ⁴)
<i>fan³-fu¹-su¹-tzu²</i>	凡夫俗子	a common person.
<i>fan³-jên³</i>	凡人	a common, vulgar person (p'i ³ fu ¹).
<i>fan³-li⁴</i>	凡例	all men, everybody; mortals.
<i>fan³-lun⁴</i>	凡論	general rules; an introduction to a book (hsü ⁴).
<i>fan³-mu²</i>	凡目	in general terms.
<i>fan³-shih⁴</i>	凡事	general and particular.
<i>fan³ shih⁴-t'ou³-nan²</i>	凡事頭難	everything (i ³ ch'ieh ⁴ so ³ yu ³).
<i>fan³-shih⁴</i>	凡世	beginnings are always difficult.
<i>fan³-so²-yu³</i>	凡所有	the world (shih ⁴ chieh ⁴).
<i>fan³-t'ai¹</i>	凡胎	everything, everybody, all which are.
<i>fan³-tiao⁴-hsi⁴</i>	凡調戲	of human birth.
<i>fan³-wu⁴</i>	凡物	a certain kind of theatrical music.
<i>fan³-yao⁴</i>	凡要	everything.
<i>fan³-yu³</i>	凡有	the most important of the whole.
<i>fan³</i>	火 煩 ^{344a} 125b	everybody, everything; wherever there is, etc.
<i>fan³-h'i⁴</i>	煩氣	to trouble, troubled, annoying, vexing; grieved.

troublesome.

<i>fan</i> ² - <i>chia</i> ⁴	煩	駕		I trouble you, sir (lao ³ chia ⁴).
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>chiao</i> ¹	煩	交		may I trouble you to deliver it?
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>hsü</i> ⁴	煩	絮		repetitions, tautological (ch'ung ² san ⁴ tao ¹ ssü ⁴).
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>jao</i> ³	煩	擾		to vex, to annoy, annoyed.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>lao</i> ²	煩	勞		to trouble, to annoy, to bother, to inconvenience.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>mên</i> ⁴	煩	悶		grieved, vexed, annoyed, sorry.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>nan</i> ²	煩	難		to regard as a difficulty, troubled.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>nao</i> ³	煩	惱		vexation, annoyance, distressed in mind.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>so</i> ³	煩	瑣		to give trouble to.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>so</i> ⁴	煩	數		troublesome, vexing.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>tai</i> ⁴ - <i>t'zũ</i> ³ - <i>hsin</i> ⁴	煩	帶	此信	please convey this letter (epistolary).
<i>fan</i> ²	糸	繁	343c125b	numerous, multifarious, confused.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>ch'üeh</i> ¹	繁	缺		a busy official post.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>hua</i> ²	繁	華		festivities, gaiety, show, pomp.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>hua</i> ² - <i>shih</i> ⁴ - <i>chieh</i> ⁴	繁	華	世界	<i>gloria mundi</i> , this vain world.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>shêng</i> ⁴	繁	盛		abundant.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>to</i> ¹	繁	多		multitudinous.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>tsa</i> ²	繁	雜		multifarious.
<i>fan</i> ²	石	礬	344a126a	alum (pai ² fan ²).
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>chih</i> ³	礬	紙		paper sized with alum.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>shih</i> ³	礬	石		alum.
<i>fan</i> ²	艸	藩	342c125a	a boundary, a frontier.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>t'ai</i> ²	藩	臺		superintendent of finances. Provincial Treas-
<i>fan</i> ²	艸	蕃	342b125a	luxuriant vegetation. [surer. G. 275 (pu ⁴ chêng ⁴).
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>shêng</i> ¹	蕃	生		to generate, to bear, to produce.
<i>fan</i> ²	火	燔	341c124c	to roast for sacrifice.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>chi</i> ⁴	燔	祭		burnt sacrifice.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>jou</i> ⁴	燔	肉		roast meat for sacrifice.
<i>fan</i> ² - <i>tsang</i> ⁴	燔	葬		burial by burning.

FAN³

<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>an</i> ⁴	又	反	344b126c	to turn, to return; contrary to.
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>chao</i> ⁴	反	案		to send back a case for rehearing (ting ⁴ an ⁴).
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>chao</i> ⁴	反	掉		to row back, to back water. See <i>tiao</i> ⁴ .
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>chêng</i> ⁴	反	照		to reflect back right; a looking-glass.
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>ch'iang</i> ¹	反	正		the wrong and the right side.
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>chiao</i> ⁴	反	腔		to turn the tune, to get the better of.
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>h'ieh</i> ⁴	反	教		defection from one's religion, etc. (pei ⁴ chiao ⁴).
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>chien</i> ⁴ - <i>hi</i> ⁴	反	切		the syllabic mode of spelling in native dictio-
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>ho</i> ² - <i>shuo</i> ¹	反	間	計	a device to alienate friends. [varies.
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>chuan</i> ³	反	著	說	on the contrary said.
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>fêng</i> ¹	反	轉		to turn round.
<i>fan</i> ³ - <i>fu</i> ²	反	風		a contrary wind (ting ³ fêng ¹).
	反	復		again and again.

<i>fan¹-fu²</i>	反覆	backwards and forwards ; to repeat.
<i>fan³-fu²-pu⁴-ting¹</i>	反覆不定	{ unsettled, wavering ; coming and going (ch'ou ² ch'u ² pu ⁴ ting ⁴).
<i>fan³-hsing⁴</i>	反性	to become unruly, cantankerous.
<i>fan³-hui²</i>	反回	to return back.
<i>fan³-hui⁴</i>	反悔	to withdraw ; repent.
<i>fan³-ku²</i>	反骨	the bump of rebellion.
<i>fan³-k'ou⁴</i>	反寇	rebels, robbers, banditti (tao ⁴ k'ou ⁴).
<i>fan³-kuo⁴-lai²</i>	反過來	to turn over ; to reform (tao ³ kuo ⁴ lai ²).
<i>fan³-lan²-huan²-t'ung²</i>	反老還童	to be or become young again.
<i>fan³-luan⁴</i>	反亂	rebellion, confusion, anarchy.
<i>fan³-mien⁴</i>	反面	to turn cold shoulder ; wrong side of.
<i>fan³-mu⁴</i>	反目	to turn eyes away ; to squabble, to quarrel.
<i>fan³-p'an⁴</i>	反叛	to desert, to revolt, to rebel ; a rebel.
<i>fan³-ping⁴</i>	反病	to have a relapse (huan ⁴ ping ⁴).
<i>fan³-pu⁴-ju²-ch'u¹</i>	反不如初	not equal to what he was at first.
<i>fan³-shên¹</i>	反身	to turn round (standing or lying) (chuan ³ -shên ¹).
<i>fan³-tao³</i>	反到	to upset, upset ; on the contrary.
<i>fan³-tao⁴-shuo¹</i>	反到說	on the contrary said.
<i>fan³-ts'ê⁴</i>	反側	rebellious, unsettled, wavering.
<i>fan³-tsei²</i>	反賊	rebels.
<i>fan³-tao⁴</i>	反坐	to take place of accused—penalty of false charge.
<i>fan³-wei²-pu⁴-mei²</i>	反爲不美	to turn good into bad.
<i>fan³-wei⁴</i>	反胃	to turn the stomach. Also 翻.
<i>fan³</i>	返 ^是	to return, to come back, to revert to.
<i>fan³-chao¹</i>	返照	to reflect back light.
<i>fan³-hui²</i>	返回	to return back.

FAN⁴	犬	犯 ^{346b128b}	[M. 244, to rush against, to offend, to violate, the laws.
<i>fan⁴-an⁴</i>		犯案	to commit a crime (fan ⁴ an ⁴).
<i>fan⁴-chan³-tsui⁴</i>		犯斬罪	to commit a capital crime (fan ⁴ ssü ³ tsui ⁴).
<i>fan⁴-ch'ao²</i>		犯潮	to get damp (fa ⁴ ch'ao ²).
<i>fan⁴-chiao²</i>		犯剝	confiscation.
<i>fan⁴-chien¹-yin²</i>		犯姦淫	to commit adultery.
<i>fan⁴-chin⁴</i>		犯禁	to violate prohibitions.
<i>fan⁴-ching⁴</i>		犯境	to break bounds.
<i>fan⁴-chung⁴-sang¹</i>		犯重喪	to choose a fatal day for burial.
<i>fan⁴-fa²</i>		犯罰	to commit crime.
<i>fan⁴-fa²</i>		犯法	to violate the laws.
<i>fan⁴-jên²</i>		犯人	criminals.
<i>fan⁴-jên²-chi⁴-hui⁴</i>		犯人忌諱	to violate the taboo. Note 40.
<i>fan⁴-jên²-i¹-ming²</i>		犯人一名	a criminal, one criminal.
<i>fan⁴-k'o¹</i>		犯科	to offend against the laws.

fan ⁴ -kuan ¹	犯官	a rebel officer.
fan ⁴ -kuei ¹	犯規	to infringe customs (yüeh ⁴ li ³).
fan ⁴ -li ⁴	犯例	to break the laws.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -ch'ang ² -kuei ¹	犯了場規	to break the rules of the examination.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -chiu ¹ -ping ⁴	犯了舊病	a relapse of the old trouble.
fan ⁴ -liu ³ -chung ⁴ -o ⁴	犯了衆惡	guilty of all sorts of evil.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -kuei ¹ -chü ³	犯了規矩	transgression of custom.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -p'i ² -ch'ü ⁴	犯了脾氣	an outbreak of temper.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -t'ang ² -kuei ¹	犯了堂規	to violate the practice of the bench.
fan ⁴ -lü ⁴	犯律	to break the laws.
fan ⁴ -pien ¹	犯邊	to invade, to cross the frontiers (an enemy).
fan ⁴ -ping ⁴	犯病	to have a relapse. Also 反.
fan ⁴ -shang ⁴	犯上	to offend one's superiors.
fan ⁴ -shêng ⁴ -kui ⁴	犯聖諱	to violate the taboo (in names).
fan ⁴ -shih ³	犯事	to get into trouble.
fan ⁴ -ssü ¹	犯私	to break the laws.
fan ⁴ -ssü ¹ -liang ²	犯思量	to set people wondering.
fan ⁴ -ssü ³	犯死	to risk one's life.
fan ⁴ -ssü ³ -tsui ⁴	犯死罪	to be guilty of a crime deserving death.
fan ⁴ -t'a ¹ -ti ¹ -ping ⁴	犯他的病	to offend him.
fan ⁴ -ti ⁴	犯地	to invade a territory.
fan ⁴ -tsui ⁴	犯罪	to commit a crime.
fan ⁴ -wan ² -ja ²	犯王法	to break the laws.
fan ⁴ -yeh ⁴	犯夜	to be out after hours without a passport.
fan ⁴	販 ^{345b127b}	to traffic, to deal in; a dealer, a hawker.
fan ⁴ -huo ⁴	販貨	traffic in goods.
fan ⁴ -liang ²	販糴	to deal in corn.
fan ⁴ -ma ²	販馬	to deal in horses.
fan ⁴ -mai ⁴	販賣	to buy and sell, traffic.
fan ⁴ -mai ⁴ -jên ² -k'ou ³	販賣人口	to trade in human beings.
fan ⁴ -mai ⁴ -tzu ² -nü ³	販賣子女	to trade in boys and girls.
fan ⁴ -tzu ³	販子	dealers, pedlers (shang ¹ ku ²).
fan ⁴ -yün ⁴	販運	to transport, to convey.
fan ⁴	飯 ^{345b127b}	boiled rice; food in general; a meal.
fan ⁴ -an ⁴ -tzü ³	飯案子	booth at fairs for sale of food.
fan ⁴ -chien ¹	飯尖	a meal; to take a snack (on the road).
fan ⁴ -kuun ³	飯館	an eating house, a restaurant (fan ⁴ p'u ⁴).
fan ⁴ -kuo ¹	飯鍋	the kettle or pot in which food is cooked.
fan ⁴ -liang ²	飯量	capacity for eating, appetite (chiu ³ liang ²).
fan ⁴ -shü ¹	飯食	food (shih ² wu ¹).
fan ⁴ -shu ² -liao ³	飯熟了	the food is cooked.
fan ⁴ -tai ⁴	飯袋	a rice-bag, a glutton (chiu ² uang ²).
fan ⁴ -tan ¹	飯單	a napkin or bib.

貝販

食

fan ⁴ -t'ang ¹	飯湯	rice water in which food has been cooked.
fan ⁴ -ts'ai ⁴	飯菜	rice and vegetables, food.
fan ⁴ -tsün ⁴	飯甑	a rice boiler or steamer.
fun ⁴ -wan ³	飯盥	a rice-bowl.
fun ⁴	水 汎 汎	to float, to flow; to swirl; to open (as flowers).
fan ⁴ -yen ²	汎言	vague expressions.
fun ⁴	竹 範	a mould, a pattern; a rule, usage or custom.
fan ⁴ -ch'ang ²	範常	a constant law or usage.
fan ⁴ -mo ²	範模	a mould or pattern.
fun ⁴	木 梵	name.
fun ⁴ -wang ² -ching ¹	梵王經	the Sutra of Fan-wang, father of Buddha.
fan ⁴ -yü ²	梵語	Sanscrit.
fan ⁴	針 廿 范	grass, herbage; a surname.

FANG ¹	方	方 ^{347a132a}	square; then; a region or quarter; a prescription.
fang ¹ -chang ⁴	方丈		a Buddhist monastery; an abbot.
fang ¹ -chêng ⁴	方正		full, plump, broad, upright.
fang ¹ -ch'ieh ²	方且		then, forthwith.
fang ¹ -chin ¹	方今		at the present time (ju ² chin ¹).
fang ¹ -cho ¹	方桌		a square table (pa ¹ hsien ¹ cho ¹).
fang ¹ -chou ¹	方舟		Noah's ark (so called).
fang ¹ -chuan ¹	方輓		square brick, or tile for paving.
fang ¹ -fa ²	方法		means, plans, methods.
fang ¹ -hsiang ⁴	方向		direction taken or to be taken.
fang ¹ -hsiang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tui ⁴	方向不對		the bearings not right.
fang ¹ -hsien ²	方顯		'tis then apparent, etc.
fang ¹ -lu ²	方壺		square tea-pot.
fang ¹ -k'o ³	方可		then it will do.
fang ¹ -mien ⁴	方面		the face of a square; position; imposing.
fang ¹ -mien ⁴ -ta ⁴ -êr ¹	方面大耳		i. e., handsome. [(mu ⁴ lu ⁴).
fang ¹ -mu ⁴	方目		a square on the chess board; index of a book
fang ¹ -yai ⁴	方伯		a financial commissioner.
fang ¹ -pao ³	方寶		square ingot sycee (yüan ² pao ³).
fang ¹ -pien ⁴	方便		general advantage; convenient (pien ⁴ i ⁴).
fang ¹ -ti ¹	方的		square (yüan ² ti ¹).
fang ¹ -ts'ai ²	方纔		just now. M. 161 (kang ¹ ts'ai ²).
fang ¹ -ts'un ⁴	方寸		"the square inch," the heart.
fang ¹ -tzü ³	方子		a doctor's prescription (k'ai ¹ fang ¹ tzü ³).
fang ¹ -tzü ⁴	方字		the square character.
fang ¹ -wai ⁴	方外		out of the bounds, beyond (o ² wai ⁴).
fang ¹ -wei ⁴	方位		location, situation.
fang ¹ -yen ²	方言		local dialect (hsiang ¹ t'an ²).
fang ¹ -yüan ²	方圓		square and round; all round.

<i>fang</i> ¹	女	妨 ^{348b133b}	to impede, to interfere with; an obstacle. [tsu ²].
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ai ⁴		妨礙	objection, obstacle, hindrance; to hinder (lan ²
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ch'i ¹		妨妻	(a day) unlucky for the bride.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -fu ¹		妨夫	(a day) unlucky for the husband.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -hai ⁴		妨害	to cause some detriment to. [state.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -hsien ² -ping ⁴	[kuo ²]	妨賢病國	a hindrance to good men and a curse to the
<i>fang</i> ¹ -shih ⁴		妨事	{ consequence, hindrance; generally with a
			{ negative (ai ⁴ shih ⁴).
<i>fang</i> ¹ (tzü)	土	坊 ^{348b133b}	a street, a ward, a shop (tso ¹ fang ¹).
<i>fang</i> ¹ -kuan ¹		坊官	a petty police magistrate.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -li ³		坊里	yamên of foregoing.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -piao ³		坊表	a good example.
<i>fang</i> ¹	艸	芳 ^{349b133c}	fragrant plants. fragrant; agreeable, pleasing.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ch'un ¹		芳春	a prosperous spring.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -mei ³		芳美	delicate, delicious; beautiful.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ming ²		芳名	a good reputation (hao ³ ming ² shêng ¹).
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ts'ao ²		芳草	fragrant herbs.

FANG²

阜 卩

防^{350a134b}

a bank; to guard, to keep off, to defend.

*fang*²-ch'i¹

防飢

to provide against famine.

*fang*²-chin⁴

防禁

to forbid, to prohibit.

*fang*²-fan⁴

防範

preventive rules, etc.

*fang*²-fêng¹

防風

to guard against flatulency, caraway seeds.

*fang*²-hsien²

防閑

to obstruct.

*fang*²-hu⁴

防護

to guard against.

*fang*²-pei⁴

防備

to guard against, to make preparation for.

*fang*²-pi⁴

防避

to take shelter, to seek refuge.

*fang*²-shên¹

防身

self-defence.

*fang*²-shou³

防守

to guard, to defend.

*fang*²-tsei²

防賊

to guard against thieves, etc.

*fang*²-tu²

防堵

a defence, to guard against.

*fang*²-wei¹

防微

to guard against.

*fang*² (tzü)

戶

房^{348c134a}

a room, a house, an office.

*fang*²-ch'an²

房產

household property, etc.

*fang*²-ch'i⁴

房契

deed of a house, a lease.

*fang*²-chiea¹

房間

a room, rooms.

*fang*²-ch'ien²

房錢

house rent.

*fang*²-chu²

房主

landlord (tung¹ chia¹).*fang*²-hsü¹-hsing¹-mao³

房虛星昴

the 4 stars in the almanac corresponding to Sun- [days.

*fang*²-k'o¹

房科

an office.

*fang*²-li⁴

房吏

writers in yamêns.

*fang*²-lin²

房樑

the cross beams of a house.

*fang*²-tao³-wu¹-t'a¹

房倒屋塌

general destruction of houses, e.g., by a flood.

<i>fung²-ting³</i>	房頂	roof of a house.
<i>fung²-tung¹</i>	房東	the landlord of a house.
<i>fung²-wu¹</i>	房屋	"house and rooms," the house, buildings.
<i>fung²-yen³</i>	房檐	eaves of a house.

FANG³ 人仿彷彿	做 ^{351a134c}	to copy, to imitate, imitation.
<i>fung³-chan⁴</i>	做照	to copy, to imitate (hsiao ⁴ fa ²).
<i>fung³-chih²</i>	做紙	copy slips.
<i>fung³-ch'üan¹</i>	做圈	a circular paper-weight.
<i>fung³-hoiao⁴</i>	做效	like, according to, in imitation of.
<i>fung³-ko²</i>	做格	copy slips (t'ieh ¹).
<i>fung³-p'p'n³</i>	做本	a copy-book.
<i>fung³-ying³</i>	做影	copy slips.
<i>fung³</i>	言訪 ^{349c134c}	to enquire, to search for or out; to deliberate.
<i>fung³-h'a²</i>	訪查	to make enquiry into.
<i>fung³-ch'a² ti¹-ch'üeh⁴</i>	訪查的確	to find out for certain.
<i>fung³-chien⁴</i>	訪見	to visit any one.
<i>fung³-chih¹</i>	訪知	to ascertain on enquiry
<i>fung³-ch'üeh⁴</i>	訪確	to ascertain the truth.
<i>fung³-hsien³</i>	訪賢	to search for worthy persons (to fill offices, etc.).
<i>fung³-tao⁴</i>	訪道	to search for the true Doctrine.
<i>fung³-wên⁴</i>	訪問	to enquire into, to ask about.
<i>fung³-yu³</i>	訪友	to seek for friends.
<i>fung³</i>	采紡 ^{349b135a}	to make thread, to spin, to twist.
<i>fung³-ch'ê¹-tzu³</i>	紡車子	a spinning-wheel
<i>fung³-chi¹</i>	紡績	to spin thread.
<i>fung³-chih¹</i>	紡織	to spin and weave.
<i>fung³-ch'ou²</i>	紡網	reeled pongee.
<i>fung³-hsien⁴</i>	紡線	to spin thread (chih ¹ pu ⁴).
<i>fung³-hua¹</i>	紡花	to spin cotton
<i>fung³-mi-n²-hua¹</i>	紡棉花	same.
<i>fung³-ssü¹-ch'ou²</i>	紡絲紬	to make silk thread.
<i>fung³</i>	彳 彷彿 ^{348b135a}	like, resembling, similar, seeming as if, same (lei ⁴ ssü ⁴).
<i>fung³-fu³</i>	彳 彷彿	like, resembling, similar, seeming as if, same.
<i>fung³</i>	彳 彷彿	like, resembling, similar, seeming as if, same.
<i>fung³-fu³</i>	彳 彷彿	like, resembling, similar, seeming as if, same.

FANG⁴ 支	放 ^{350b135b}	to place, to put down; to release, to let go.
<i>fung⁴-chai⁴</i>	放債	to lend money (chieh ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
<i>fung⁴-chang⁴</i>	放賑	to lend money as a business, to sell on credit.
<i>fung⁴-chên⁴</i>	放賑	to distribute relief in famine times (chou ⁴ chi ⁴).
<i>fung⁴-ch'ia¹-tzu³</i>	放卡子	escorts, guards to travellers or treasure (pu ³
<i>fung⁴-ch'iang¹</i>	放鎗	to fire a gun (tien ³ p'ao ⁴). [piao ⁴ ti ¹].

<i>fang⁴-chieh⁴</i>	放戒	to absolve, to discontinue fasting, etc. (k'ai ¹ [chai ¹]).
<i>fang⁴-chu²</i>	放猪	a swineherd.
<i>fang⁴-ch'u¹</i>	放出	to let out.
<i>fang⁴-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	放出去	same
<i>fang⁴-fan⁴</i>	放飯	to distribute food to poor.
<i>fang⁴-fêng¹-chêng¹</i>	放風箏	to fly a kite.
<i>fang⁴-ho²-lêng¹</i>	放河燈	to start off floating lanterns. See Note 24.
<i>fang⁴-hsia⁴</i>	放下	to put, let or lay down (ko ¹ hsia ⁴).
<i>fang⁴ hsia⁴-lien²-tzü³</i>	放下簾子	let down the screen.
<i>fang⁴-hsieh³</i>	放血	to bleed.
<i>fang⁴-hsin¹</i>	放心	to make one's mind easy (k'uan ¹ huai ²).
<i>fang⁴-hsin¹-pu⁴-hsia⁴</i>	放心不下	unable to make one's mind easy.
<i>fang⁴-hsing²</i>	放行	to allow to go, to let pass.
<i>fang⁴-hsing²-tan¹-tzü³</i>	放行單子	a release permit.
<i>fang⁴-hsüeh²</i>	放學	to dismiss or close school for a time.
<i>fang⁴-hu¹-ssü¹-hai³</i>	放乎四海	to extend everywhere, wide reputation.
<i>fang⁴-hua¹</i>	放花	to let off fireworks.
<i>fang⁴-hua¹-lêng¹</i>	放花燈	to set off fancy lights.
<i>fang⁴-huo³</i>	放火	to set fire to, to set on fire.
<i>fang⁴-k'ai¹</i>	放開	to liberate, to let go. to disperse (shih ⁴ fang ⁴).
<i>fang⁴-k'ai¹-sang³-tzü³</i>	放開嗓子	to open your throat (and yell).
<i>fang⁴-kao⁴</i>	放告	to receive indictments (yamên).
<i>fang⁴-kao⁴-p'ai²</i>	放告牌	a notice of dates for presenting suits.
<i>fang⁴-kei³</i>	放給	to issue, to give out, to pay.
<i>fang⁴-kuang¹</i>	放光	to glisten (fa ¹ liang ¹).
<i>fang⁴-kung¹</i>	放工	to dismiss the workmen (for the day).
<i>fang⁴-k'ung¹</i>	放空	to go or travel empty, as ship, cart, etc.
<i>fang⁴-lai⁴</i>	放賴	to become obstreperous, to play off.
<i>fang⁴-lêng³-chien⁴</i>	放冷箭	to secretly injure (an ⁴ chien ⁴ shang ¹ jên ²).
<i>fang⁴-liang³-ko⁴-p'ao¹</i>	放兩個炮	to fire two shots.
<i>fang⁴-ma³</i>	放馬	to let a horse run free.
<i>fang⁴-mai⁴-miao²</i>	放麥苗	to let cattle eat the sprouts of wheat.
<i>fang⁴-niü²</i>	放牛	to herd cattle, to pasture cattle.
<i>fang⁴-p'ai²</i>	放牌	to release batches of candidates at examinations.
<i>fang⁴-pao⁴-chu²</i>	放爆竹	to let off crackers, etc.
<i>fang⁴-p'ao⁴</i>	放砲	to fire cannon (k'ai ¹ p'ao ⁴).
<i>fang⁴-pei¹-shêng¹</i>	放悲聲	to utter a mournful cry.
<i>fang⁴-p'i¹</i>	放僻	profligate, dissolute, abandoned, licentious.
<i>fang⁴-p'i⁴</i>	放屁	to break wind.
<i>fang⁴-ping¹-hsiang³</i>	放兵餉	to give the soldiers pay.
<i>fang⁴-pu⁴-hsia⁴</i>	放不下	unable to put down.
<i>fang⁴-shé⁴</i>	放赦	to forgive, to pardon (shé ⁴ mien ²).
<i>fang⁴-shêng¹-ta⁴-k'u¹</i>	放聲大哭	to raise a loud wail.

<i>fang⁴-shêng¹</i>	放生	to let go living creatures. Note 23.
<i>fang⁴-shou¹</i>	放收	to disburse and to receive.
<i>fang⁴-shou²</i>	放手	to let go one's hold.
<i>fang⁴-shou²-pu⁴-tê²</i>	放手不得	unable to let go one's hold.
<i>fang⁴-shui²-t'ing¹</i>	放水燈	to start off floating lanterns. Note 24.
<i>fang⁴-sung¹</i>	放鬆	to release, to let go (sa ¹ shou ²).
<i>fang⁴-ssû²</i>	放肆	dissolute, to commit disorderly acts.
<i>fang⁴-ta⁴-kuan¹</i>	放高官	to be appointed a high official.
<i>fang⁴-tan²-t'zû²</i>	放膽子	to pluck up one's courage (ta ⁴ ch'í ² tan ² lai ²).
<i>fang⁴-tang⁴</i>	放蕩	profligate, loose, irregular; to give away.
<i>fang⁴-tang⁴-pu⁴-chû¹</i>	放蕩不拘	to be profligate.
<i>fang⁴-tiao¹</i>	放刁	to grow refractory, or obstreperous.
<i>fang⁴-tsai²</i>	放賊	to liberate thieves.
<i>fang⁴-tsung⁴</i>	放縱	to give full liberty, to give loose to.
<i>fang⁴-t'zû¹</i>	放恣	loose, dissipated, unrestrained.
<i>fang⁴-yang²</i>	放羊	to tend sheep.
<i>fang⁴-yen⁴-k'on²</i>	放焄口	releasing souls from Purgatory (Buddhist).
<i>fang⁴-ying¹-fu⁴-jên²</i>	放鷹婦人	a certain sort of bad woman.
FEI¹	非	非 ^{351b136b}
<i>fei¹-ch'ang²</i>	非常	not; wrong, false; low, vicious. M. 344.
<i>fei¹-chê⁴-pu⁴-chieh²</i>	非這不解	uncommon, out of the common.
<i>fei¹-ch'ih¹-chi²-ho¹</i>	非吃即喝	an indispensable.
<i>fei¹-fan²</i>	非凡	"not eating, then drinking," a worthless person.
<i>fei¹-li²</i>	非離	uncommon.
<i>fei¹-li²</i>	非禮	unless, without.
<i>fei¹-li²-wu²-shih⁴</i>	非禮勿視	indecent, impudent.
<i>fei¹-li²-wu²-t'ing¹</i>	非禮勿聽	blameless in seeing.
<i>fei¹-li²-wu²-yen²</i>	非禮勿言	blameless in hearing.
<i>fei¹-li²-wu²-tung⁴</i>	非禮勿動	blameless in speaking.
<i>fei¹-p'í¹</i>	非僻	blameless in action.
<i>fei¹-p'iao²-chi²-tu²</i>	非嫖即賭	profligate, abandoned.
<i>fei¹-shih⁴</i>	非是	a profligate (ch'ih ¹ ho ¹ p'iao ² tu ²).
<i>fei¹-t'í²</i>	非體	not real; hollow; to conceal; to blame.
<i>fei¹-t'ung²-hsiao²-k'o²</i>	非同小可	disrespectable.
<i>fei¹-t'ung²-hsün²-ch'ang²</i>	非同尋常	important (yao ⁴ chin ²).
<i>fei¹-t'zû²-pu⁴-hsing²</i>	非此不行	exceptional.
<i>fei¹-wu²</i>	非無	cannot do without this.
<i>fei¹-yii²</i>	非語	not that there isn't—, there is
<i>fei¹</i>	飛	indiscreet or false language.
<i>fei¹-ch'án¹</i>	飛叉	to fly, to flee, to go swiftly.
<i>fei¹-chiao²</i>	飛脚	a sort of trident or three-pronged fork.
<i>fei¹-ch'ien¹-huc²-p'iao⁴</i>	飛箭火票	swift of foot; a mode of kicking.

<i>fei¹-ch'ien²-tung⁴-chi²</i>	飛潛動植	the 4 kingdoms of living things. M. 601.
<i>fei¹-ch'in²</i>	飛禽	birds generally (niao ³).
<i>fei¹-ch'in²-tsou³-shou⁴</i>	飛禽走獸	birds and beasts.
<i>fei¹-ch'üan³</i>	飛拳	quick at boxing.
<i>fei¹-fan²</i>	飛拳	burnt alum. [of fortune telling (tsei ² hsing ¹).
<i>fei¹-hsing¹</i>	飛星	"flying star," a shooting star or meteor; method
<i>fei¹-k'uai⁴</i>	飛快	very fast.
<i>fei¹-pai²-t'i³</i>	飛白體	characters written as if with insufficient ink.
<i>fei¹-p'ao³</i>	飛跑	to run swiftly, to flee, to fly.
<i>fei¹-pi³</i>	飛筆	"flying pencil," quick writing.
<i>fei¹-pien¹</i>	飛鞭	"flying whip," a kind of mace.
<i>fei¹-shu³</i>	飛鼠	"flying rat," the bat (pien ¹ fu ²).
<i>fei¹-t'êng²</i>	飛騰	to fly upwards.
<i>fei¹-tsei²</i>	飛賊	flying rebels.
<i>fei¹-wu³</i>	飛舞	rapid gymnastics.
<i>fei¹-yen²</i>	飛簷	awnings on side of cart.
<i>fei¹-yen²-tsou³-pi⁴</i>	飛簷走壁	a good scaler of wall, etc.; a house-breaker.
<i>fei¹-yen⁴</i>	飛雁	the wild goose.
<i>fei¹-ying¹</i>	飛鷹	to fly hawks.
<i>fei¹ (tzü)</i>	女妃	royal concubines; the heir apparent's wife.
<i>fei¹-pin¹</i>	妃嬪	royal concubines.
<i>fei¹</i>	系緋	dark red (p'in ³ hung ²).
<i>fei¹-hung²</i>	緋紅	scarlet red, red as a beet.

FEI²	肉月	肥	354a137a	fat (animals, not men); rich, fit loosely (p'ang ⁴).
<i>fei²-chi³</i>		肥己		to benefit one's self.
<i>fei²-chu¹</i>		肥猪		a fat pig.
<i>fei²-chuan⁴</i>		肥壯		stout, lusty, robust.
<i>fei²-jou⁴</i>		肥肉		fat meat.
<i>fei²-ma³</i>		肥馬		a good-conditioned horse.
<i>fei²-ma³-ch'ing¹-ch'iu²</i>		肥馬輕裘		a wealthy condition (fig.).
<i>fei²-mei³-chih¹-ti⁴</i>		肥美之地		good soil, fine country.
<i>fei²-p'ang⁴</i>		肥胖		large, fat, fleshy, stout, portly.
<i>fei²-shou⁴</i>		肥瘦		fat and lean.
<i>fei²-t'ou²-ta⁴-êrh³</i>		肥頭大耳		plump head and big ears.
<i>fei²-tsao⁴</i>		肥皂		the mimosa; native soap (i ² tzü ³).
<i>fei²-tsê²</i>		肥澤		fat and glossy, sleek.
<i>fei²-t'u³</i>		肥土		rich soil.

FEI³	匚	匪	352c137c	not, not right; vagabonds, banditti.
<i>fei³-fan⁴</i>		匪犯		a criminal connected with banditti.
<i>fei³-jên²</i>		匪人		vagabonds.
<i>fei³-lei³</i>		匪類		vagabonds, banditti.

<i>fei³-t'u²</i>		匪徒	vagabonds, banditti.
<i>fei³</i>	羽	翡翠 ^{352b140a}	variegated; a kind of kingfisher.
<i>fei³-ts'ui³</i>		翡翠	the variegated kingfisher; the emerald.
<i>fei³-yü⁴</i>		翡翠玉	a variegated kind of jade.
<i>fei³</i>	言	誹 ^{352c138b}	to calumniate, to backbite, to slander, to libel.
<i>fei³-pang⁴</i>		誹謗	same (hui ³ pang ⁴).
<i>fei³</i>	艸 廿	菲 ^{352b138a}	deficient, scanty, sparing in food, fasting.
<i>fei³-i³</i>		菲儀	a meagre, scanty present.
<i>fei³ (tzu²)</i>	木 栲	榲 ^{352a138b}	hazel-shaped nuts.
FEI⁴	貝	費 ^{355a139a}	expense, use of, waste of. [ch'ien ⁴].
<i>fei⁴-ch'ien³</i>		費錢	expenditure; wasteful in expenditure (hua ⁴)
<i>fei⁴-chin⁴.rh³</i>		費勁兒	to expend energy.
<i>fei⁴-chin⁴-hsin¹-li⁴</i>		費盡心力	have exhausted every thought.
<i>fei⁴-chou¹-chuan⁴</i>		費周轉	to waste much effort.
<i>fei⁴.ch'un²-shé</i>		費唇舌	to waste one's breath, to haggle.
<i>fei⁴.hsin¹</i>		費心	to give or cause trouble; thanks.
<i>fei⁴.hsin¹-ssü¹</i>		費心思	expend thought.
<i>fei⁴-kung¹</i>		費工	laborious.
<i>fei⁴-li⁴</i>		費力	to waste one's strength; bad (of a child),
<i>fei⁴.li⁴-hai²-tzu³</i>		費力孩子	a bad child.
<i>fei⁴-shih²</i>		費時	a waste of time.
<i>fei⁴-ts'ai²</i>		費財	to waste money or wealth.
<i>fei⁴.ts'ai²-liao⁴</i>		費材料	a waste of material.
<i>fei⁴-ya²-chin¹</i>		費牙勁	to waste one's breath.
<i>fei⁴-yen²</i>		費眼	to dry or hurt the eyes.
<i>fei⁴-yung⁴</i>		費用	to spend, expenditure.
<i>fei⁴</i>	水 澗	沸 ^{354c139b}	bubbling, raging.
<i>fei⁴-ch'u¹-lai³</i>		沸出來	boiled over.
<i>fei⁴-shui³</i>		沸水	boiling water (k'ai ¹ shui ³).
<i>fei⁴</i>	广	廢 ^{354b138c}	to annul, to lay aside, to disuse, to abandon.
<i>fei⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>		廢棄	to abandon.
<i>fei⁴-chih³</i>		廢紙	waste paper.
<i>fei⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>		廢去	to abolish (mo ³ ch'ü ⁴).
<i>fei⁴-hua⁴</i>		廢話	empty words, irrelevant talk.
<i>fei⁴-huai⁴</i>		廢壞	to spoil, to ruin.
<i>fei⁴-jên²</i>		廢人	a reprobate, an abandoned person; a cripple.
<i>fei⁴-kuan¹</i>		廢官	to dismiss an official (kuan ¹ huai ⁴ la).
<i>fei⁴-liao²-t'a¹</i>		廢了他	destroy it.
<i>fei⁴-shih³</i>		廢弛	going to ruin.
<i>fei⁴-hiao¹</i>		廢掉	to destroy or annul.
<i>fei⁴-wang³</i>		廢王	to depose a king.
<i>fei⁴-iou⁴</i>		廢物	worthless, a useless thing.

<i>fei⁴</i>	疔	癩 ^{354b138c}	chronic, incurable.
<i>fei⁴-jên²</i>		癩人	an incurable.
<i>fei⁴-ping⁴</i>		癩病	an incurable complaint.
<i>fei⁴ (t-ü)</i>	疔	癩 ^{354c139a}	prickly heat, pimples.
<i>fei⁴-tu²-picn⁴-ch'uang¹</i>		癩毒變瘡	the virus of prickly heat turned to a sore.
<i>fei⁴-tzŭ³-cha¹-jên²</i>		癩子扎人	prickly heat pricks one.
<i>fei⁴ (t-ü)</i>	肉月	肺 ^{355b139c}	the lungs; mysterious, secret.
<i>fei⁴-fu³</i>		肺腑	the lungs; the bowels.
<i>fei⁴-yung¹</i>		肺癰	an abscess on the lungs.
<i>fei⁴</i>	口	吠 ^{355c140c}	to bark (as a dog) (yao ³).
[4th tone].			
FÈN ¹	刀	分 ^{356a129a}	to divide; a share, one-tenth, a candareen (noun)
<i>fên¹-ch'ân³</i>		分產	to divide up property.
<i>fên¹-chêng¹</i>		分爭	to dispute, to contest (k'ou ³ chiao ¹).
<i>fên¹-ch'êng²-sé⁴</i>		分成色	to distinguish good from bad.
<i>fên¹-chia¹</i>		分家	to divide family property.
<i>fên¹-chieh³-fên¹-chieh³</i>		分解	to explain.
<i>fên¹-ch'ien²</i>		分錢	to divide money; subscription mouey.
<i>fên¹ chih¹</i>		分枝	to divide into branches
<i>fên¹-chün¹-lu²</i>		分金爐	a smelting-pot to test gold.
<i>fên¹-ch'ing¹-chung⁴</i>		分輕重	to distinguish light and heavy.
<i>fên¹-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴</i>		分出去	divided out to.
<i>fên¹-chü¹</i>		分居	to live separately.
<i>fên²-fa¹-hou⁴-pu³</i>		分發	sent out to await office.
<i>fên¹-fei²</i>		分肥	to divide the spoils (fên ¹ tsang ¹ pu ⁴ p'ing ²).
<i>fên¹-fu³</i>		分府	a sub-prefect; to divide family property.
<i>fên¹-hao²-pu⁴-ts'o⁴</i>		分毫不錯	exactly right.
<i>fên¹-hao³-tai³</i>		分好歹	to distinguish good from bad.
<i>fên¹-hou⁴-po²</i>		分厚薄	to distinguish thick from thin.
<i>fên¹-hsien⁴</i>		分縣	a sub-magistrate in <i>hsien</i> .
<i>fên¹-hsin¹</i>		分心	a divided or distracted mind.
<i>fên¹-huo⁴</i>		分貨	to share goods.
<i>fên¹-i¹-fên⁴</i>		分一分	to give or receive one's share.
<i>fên¹-k'ai¹</i>		分開	to divide, to open, to separate, to distinguish.
<i>fên¹-kao¹-ti¹</i>		分高低	to distinguish good from bad.
<i>fên¹-kei³</i>		分給	to disburse, to lay out.
<i>fên¹-li²</i>		分離	to separate, to leave; separated.
<i>fên¹-li²-hao²-ssü¹</i>		分釐毫絲	portions of a tael, beginning with 釐 of a mace and
<i>fên¹-li³</i>		分理	to separate, to divide.
<i>fên¹-liang³</i>		分兩	"candareens and taels," weight.
<i>fên¹-liang³-yüan⁴-chü⁴</i>		分兩院住	to live in separate courts.
<i>fên¹-liang²</i>		分量	weight, heft.
<i>fên¹-lu⁴</i>		分路	to go different roads.

fĕn ¹ -mĕn ² -chĭeh ¹ -tang ³	分門結黨	to form parties and cabals.
fĕn ¹ -mĕn ² -pieh ² -hu ⁴	分門別戶	to separate, of families or sects.
fĕn ¹ -mien ³	分婉	child-birth (ch'an ³ shĕng ¹).
fĕn ¹ -ming ³	分明	to distinguish; clearly, evidently, manifestly.
fĕn ¹ -nei ⁴	分內	included in one's duty.
fĕn ¹ -nei ⁴ -chih ¹ -shih ⁴	分內之事	the duties of one's situation (pĕn ³ fĕn ⁴).
fĕn ¹ -p'ai ⁴	分派	to apportion duties, to appoint, to arrange.
fĕn ¹ -piao ³	分表	to disperse, to distribute.
fĕn ¹ -pieh ²	分別	to separate, to distinguish, to differ.
fĕn ¹ -pieh ² -hao ³ -tai ³	分別好歹	to distinguish good from bad.
fĕn ¹ -pien ⁴	分辨	to discriminate, to distinguish.
fĕn ¹ -pien ⁴ -shih ⁴ -fei ¹	分辨是非	to discuss right and wrong.
fĕn ¹ -po ¹	分撥	to detach, to appoint.
fĕn ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'ing ² -ch'u ³	分不清楚	cannot be clearly divided.
fĕn ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'u ³	分不出	unable to distinguish.
fĕn ¹ -pu ⁴ -p'ing ³	分不平	unequally divided, unequal.
fĕn ¹ -san ⁴	分散	to disperse, to distribute.
fĕn ¹ -shang ⁴ -hsia ⁴	分上下	to distinguish high from low, or good from bad.
fĕn ¹ -shĕn ¹ -fa ³ -ĕrh ²	分身法兒	a trick to be in two places at once.
fĕn ¹ -shou ²	分手	to separate from a friend.
fĕn ¹ -so ³ -tang ¹ -jan ²	分所當然	fitting, proper.
fĕn ¹ -sun ¹ -pu ⁴ -lung ⁴	分絲不動	not to budge a feather's weight.
fĕn ¹ -su ¹	分司	petty magistrate under District Magistrate.
fĕn ¹ -su ⁴	分訴	to go into the details of a grievance.
fĕn ¹ -tĕ ³ -ch'u ¹	分得出	able to distinguish.
fĕn ¹ -tĕng ³ -ti ⁴	分等第	to distinguish grades.
fĕn ¹ -ti ⁴ -chün ¹ -yün ³	分的均勻	divided equally.
fĕn ¹ -t'ai ³	分財	to divide wealth.
fĕn ¹ -tsang ¹ -pu ⁴ -p'ing ³	分賊不平	to divide the booty unjustly.
fĕn ¹ -t'ai ³ -t'ing ² -t'z'ü ⁴	分層次	to act orderly or in order.
fĕn ¹ -tso ⁴	分作	to divide, to parcel out.
fĕn ¹ -tsun ¹ -pei ¹	分尊卑	to distinguish the superior from the inferior.
fĕn ¹ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	分東西	to divide things.
fĕn ¹ -t'z'ü ¹	分資	subscription tickets.
fĕn ¹ -t'z'ü ⁴ -hsü ⁴	分次序	in order, in rotation.
fĕn ¹ -wai ⁴	分外	extraordinary; extra (duty, etc.) (o ² wai ⁴).
fĕn ¹ -wei ⁴	分位	social standing; condition.
fĕn ¹ -wĕn ³	分文	a fraction.
fĕn ¹ -yang ¹	分秧	separate young sprouts of grain.
fĕn ¹ -yn ¹	分憂	to share another's sorrows, to sympathise.
fĕn ¹ -yüan ⁴ -chin ⁴	分遠近	to distinguish near and far.
fĕn ¹	分	to talk rapidly, to sputter; to order.
fĕn ¹ -fu ⁴	吩咐	to order, to command, to charge (ming ⁴ ling ⁴).

fĕn ¹ -fu ¹ -t'á ¹	吩附他	order him.
fĕn ¹	糸 紛 358c129b	perplexed, confused; hurry, bustle; many.
fĕn ¹ -fĕn ¹	紛紛	numerous, abundant; rejoiced.
fĕn ¹ -fĕn ¹ -i ⁴ -lun ⁴	紛紛議論	dissensions in council.
fĕn ¹ -fĕn ¹ -pu ⁴ -i ⁴	紛紛不一	numerous and different, confused.
fĕn ¹ -luan ⁴	紛亂	confused.
fĕn ¹	气 氛 358a129c	fume, vapour; noxious, pernicious, pestilential.
fĕn ¹ -ch'ĕn ²	氛塵	rebels.
fĕn ¹ -ch'i ⁴	氛氣	fume, vapour.
fĕn ¹	艸 芬 359b129b	the fragrance of flowers, herbs, etc.
fĕn ¹ -fang ¹	芬芳	same.

FĒN ²	土 冢 359c130b	a grave, a tomb (tsang ⁴ mai ²).
fĕn ²	墳	same (mu ⁴).
fĕn ² -ch'ien ² -shao ¹ -chih ²	墳前燒紙	to burn paper money in front of tombs.
fĕn ² -ch'ien ² -shao ¹ -hua ⁴	墳前燒化	same.
fĕn ² -chu ²	墳燭	a great light.
fĕn ² -mu ⁴	墳墓	a grave, a tomb, a sepulchre (chin ⁴ ching ²).
fĕn ² -tí ⁴	墳地	a graveyard, a cemetery, a burial-ground.
fĕn ² -ying ²	墳塋	a grave, tomb (ying ² tí ⁴).
fĕn ² -yüan ⁴	墳院	a graveyard, a cemetery.
fĕn ²	火 焚 359b130b	to burn, to set on fire (shao ¹).
fĕn ² -chih ²	焚紙	to burn paper money.
fĕn ² -hsiang ¹	焚香	to burn incense (shao ¹ hsiang ¹).
fĕn ² -hua ⁴	焚化	to burn paper money.
fĕn ² -hui ³ -liao ³	焚毀了	burnt up.
fĕn ² -shao ¹	焚燒	to set on fire, to burn.
fĕn ² -shu ¹ -k'êng ¹ -ju ²	焚書坑儒	to burn the books and bury the scholars (as Ch'in [shih-huang]).

FĒN ³	米 粉 358b131a	meal, flour, powder, paint; to whitewash.
fĕn ³ -ch'iang ²	粉牆	to whitewash a wall; a whitewashed wall.
fĕn ³ -chuang ¹ -érh ²	粉裝兒	a cosmetic box.
fĕn ³ -hsien ⁴	粉線	a chalk line (used by tailors, etc.).
fĕn ³ -hung ²	粉紅	flesh, salmon or blush colour (shui ³ hung ²).
fĕn ³ -hung ² -ting ² -tai ⁴	粉紅頂戴	salmon color button (official).
fĕn ³ -mien ⁴	粉面	to rouge or powder.
fĕn ³ -mien ⁴ -t'ü ³	粉麪子	flour of any kind.
fĕn ³ -nĕn ⁴	粉嫩	blooming, fair or ruddy.
fĕn ³ -pi ³	粉壁	a whitewashed wall.
fĕn ³ -p'i ²	粉皮	vermicelli (fĕn ³ t'iao ²).
fĕn ³ -shĕn ¹ -sui ⁴ -ku ²	粉身碎骨	grind him to powder.
fĕn ³ -shih ⁴	粉飾	to decorate, to ornament, to gloss over.
fĕn ³ -shua ¹ -yang ² -fang ²	粉刷洋房	whitewash foreign houses.

<i>fèn³-ssü¹</i>	粉	絲		vermicelli.
<i>fèn³-sui⁴</i>	粉	碎		all in pieces, fine as powder
<i>fèn³-l'iao²</i>	粉	條		vermicelli (<i>fèn³ ssü¹</i>).
<i>fèn³-l'ou²</i>	粉	頭		"a painted head," a prostitute.
<i>fèn³-l'uan³</i>	粉	團		cakes made of bean or rice flour.
<i>fèn³-tz'ü⁴</i>	粉	刺		a wen (<i>jou⁴ liu² tzü³</i>).
FÈN⁴	大	奮	360b132b	impetuous, vehement, to shake.
<i>fèn⁴-chên⁴</i>		奮	震	to shake, to quake (<i>chên⁴ tung⁴</i>).
<i>fèn⁴-chî¹</i>		奮	擊	to dash against (<i>chuang⁴</i>).
<i>fèn⁴-ch'ü³</i>		奮	起	to mount up (<i>t'êng²</i>).
<i>fèn⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>		奮	氣	angry; to rouse one's passions (<i>nao³ nu⁴</i>).
<i>fèn⁴-fui¹</i>		奮	發	to rush or burst forth.
<i>fèn⁴-fei¹</i>		奮	飛	to fly precipitately.
<i>fèn⁴-li⁴</i>		奮	力	to exert one's strength (<i>mien³ li⁴</i>).
<i>fèn⁴-li⁴-kung¹-ch'êng²</i>		奮	力	attack the city eagerly.
<i>fèn⁴-li⁴-sha¹-tsei³</i>		奮	力	diligently destroy bandits.
<i>fèn⁴-mien³</i>		奮	勉	energy, vigour.
<i>fèn⁴-yung³</i>		奮	勇	to rouse courage.
<i>fèn⁴</i>	米	糞	360c132a	excrement, filth, manure (<i>shih³ niao⁴</i>).
<i>fèn⁴-ch'a¹</i>		糞	叉	a dung fork.
<i>fèn⁴-ch'ü¹</i>		糞	蛆	manure worms or maggots.
<i>fèn⁴-k'êng¹</i>		糞	坑	a manure pit.
<i>fèn⁴-k'uang¹</i>		糞	筐	a manure basket.
<i>fèn⁴-ti⁴</i>		糞	地	to manure the ground.
<i>fèn⁴-t'u³</i>		糞	土	to manure the ground; manure (<i>ta⁴ fên⁴</i>).
<i>fèn⁴-t'u³-chih¹-ch'iang²</i>		糞	土	a mud wall.
<i>fèn⁴</i>	心	憤	360a131c	grief, anger, indignation; zeal.
<i>fèn⁴-chih⁴</i>		憤	志	zeal, zealous (<i>fa¹ fên⁴</i>).
<i>fèn⁴-chih⁴-lu¹-shu¹</i>		憤	志	zealous in studying.
<i>fèn⁴-fa¹</i>		憤	發	zealous, ardent.
<i>fèn⁴-hên⁴</i>		憤	恨	angry, resentment.
<i>fèn⁴-li³</i>		憤	力	to exert strength.
<i>fèn⁴-nu⁴</i>		憤	怒	wrathful, indignant (<i>nao³ nu⁴</i>).
<i>fèn⁴</i>	心	忿	357c131b	anger, indignation, resentment, hatred.
<i>fèn⁴-hên⁴</i>		忿	恨	indignation resentment.
<i>fèn⁴-nu⁴</i>		忿	怒	anger, angry; vexation, vexed (<i>nao³ nu⁴</i>).
<i>fèn⁴</i>	人	份	357c ○	portion, lot, share, allotment.

FÈNG¹	屬 , 風	風	360c155a	the wind; usage, custom.
<i>fêng¹-ch'ê¹</i>		風	車	windmill.
<i>fêng¹-ch'ê¹-hua¹</i>		風	車	the passion flower.
<i>fêng¹-chêng¹</i>		風	箏	a kite.

<i>fèng¹-ch'í⁴</i>	風氣	the air; custom, fashion.
<i>fèng¹-ch'in²</i>	風琴	organ, concertina, etc. (t'an ² ch'in ²).
<i>fèng¹-ching³</i>	風景	view, prospect.
<i>fèng¹-ching⁴</i>	風鏡	wind-goggles.
<i>fèng¹-ch'ing¹-yüeh⁴</i>	風清月朗	fine breeze and bright moon.
<i>fèng¹-ch'ing²</i>	風情	graceful, attractive, bewitching, seductive
<i>fèng¹-ch'uang¹</i>	風窗	a window for ventilation, or outer door.
<i>fèng¹-ch'ui¹</i>	風吹	a breath of wind; to blow; a hint or intimation.
<i>fèng¹-ch'ui¹-jih⁴-shai⁴</i>	風吹日晒	constantly exposed to wind and sun.
<i>fèng¹-ch'ui¹-ts'ao³-tung⁴</i>	風吹草動	figurative, e. g., any slight warning.
<i>fèng¹-ch'ui¹-yün²-san⁴</i>	風吹雲散	when the wind blows, clouds disperse.
<i>fèng¹-han²</i>	風寒	a cold, the wind is cold.
<i>fèng¹-hsi²</i>	風息	the wind has ceased.
<i>fèng¹-hsia²</i>	風匣	"a wind box," bellows.
<i>fèng¹-hsiang¹</i>	風箱	same.
<i>fèng¹-hsin⁴</i>	風信	the direction of the wind.
<i>fèng¹-hua¹-hsüeh¹-yüeh⁴</i>	風花雪月	the usual themes of poetry.
<i>fèng¹-hua⁴</i>	風化	to influence by example.
<i>fèng¹-huo³</i>	風火	to blow a fire.
<i>fèng¹-k'uai⁴</i>	風快	as fleet as the wind.
<i>fèng¹-kuang¹</i>	風光	custom, use.
<i>fèng¹-lang⁴</i>	風浪	wind and waves.
<i>fèng¹-liang²</i>	風涼	cool, the wind is cool.
<i>fèng¹-lieh⁴</i>	風烈	a strong wind; inflexible in doing one's duty, etc.
<i>fèng¹-ling³</i>	風領	a sort of hood.
<i>fèng¹-liu²</i>	風流	pleasure and gaiety; graceful.
<i>fèng¹-liu²-liu²-ti¹</i>	風流颯的	airy, chilly.
<i>fèng¹-liu²-ts'ai²-tzü³</i>	風流才子	stylish young fellows.
<i>fèng¹-lu²</i>	風爐	a portable fire-place.
<i>fèng¹-mao³</i>	風毛	fur border or facing.
<i>fèng¹-mao⁴</i>	風帽	a wind cap.
<i>fèng¹-mao⁴</i>	風冒	a cold in the head.
<i>fèng¹-mên²</i>	風門	wind-shutters.
<i>fèng¹-p'êng²</i>	風篷	a sail.
<i>fèng¹-po¹</i>	風波	wind and waves.
<i>fèng¹-pu⁴-shun⁴</i>	風不順	a contrary wind; unfavourable, unpleasant.
<i>fèng¹-shêng¹</i>	風聲	rumour, tidings, reputation, fame.
<i>fèng¹-shih¹</i>	風濕	"wind and damp," rheumatism (chin ¹ ku ² t'êng ²).
<i>fèng¹-shuang¹-k'u³</i>	風霜苦	hardships of the road; weather beaten.
<i>fèng¹-shui²</i>	風水	"wind and water," position, geomancy
<i>fèng¹-shui²-hsien¹-sheng¹</i>	風水先生	a geomancer (êrh ⁴ chai ² hsien ¹ shêng ¹).
<i>fèng¹-shun⁴</i>	風順	the wind favourable (ting ² fêng ²).
<i>fèng¹-ssü²</i>	風絲	a breath of wind.

<i>fēng¹-su³</i>	風俗	custom, usage, manners (kuei ¹ chū ⁴).
<i>fēng¹-t'iao³</i>	風調	the wind moderate.
<i>fēng¹-t'iao³-yü³-shun⁴</i>	風調雨順	prosperous, favourable.
<i>fēng¹-tsung¹-chi¹</i>	風踪跡	the effects of a wind.
<i>fēng¹-t'u³-jên³-ch'ing³</i>	風土人情	manners and customs.
<i>fēng¹-wei³-sung¹</i>	風尾松	the poplar, the aspen (yang ² shu ⁴).
<i>fēng¹-wên³</i>	風聞	hearsay, rumour (êrh ³ wên ²).
<i>fēng¹-ya³</i>	風雅	graceful, elegant.
<i>fēng¹-yen²-feng¹-yü³</i>	風言風語	floating rumours, hearsay.
<i>fēng¹-yü³</i>	風雨	wind and rain.
<i>fēng¹-yü³-chiao¹-tso¹</i>	風雨交作	wind and rain together.
<i>fēng¹-yü³-piao³</i>	風雨表	barometer (han ² shu ³ piao ³).
<i>fēng¹-yü³-pu⁴-chih³</i>	風雨不止	cannot stay for wind or rain, e. g., couriers.
<i>fēng¹</i>	封 ^{366a157a}	to seal or close; an envelope; to proclaim.
<i>fēng¹-chiang¹</i>	封疆	to close a frontier.
<i>fēng¹-chiang¹-ta⁴-li⁴</i>	封疆大吏	the high provincial officials.
<i>fēng¹-chin⁴</i>	封禁	to seal up.
<i>fēng¹-chüeh⁴</i>	封爵	to confer a title or rank.
<i>fēng¹-ho³</i>	封河	to close a river by frost.
<i>fēng¹-hou²-pai¹-hsiang⁴</i>	封侯拜相	to become a minister.
<i>fēng¹-kuan¹-tsêng¹-chih²</i>	封官贈職	to bestow office and titles, e. g., Emperor.
<i>fēng¹-jên²</i>	封人	an officer placed to guard the frontier.
<i>fēng¹-kao⁴</i>	封誥	to bestow rank on wives.
<i>fēng¹-k'ou³</i>	封口	to close up or seal.
<i>fēng¹-k'ou³-hsin⁴</i>	封口信	a sealed letter.
<i>fēng¹-kuan¹</i>	封官	to appoint to office.
<i>fēng¹-mên²</i>	封門	to seal up a door.
<i>fēng¹-pi¹</i>	封批	the writing on government seals; decrees, orders.
<i>fēng¹-p'i²</i>	封皮	paper labels for sealing.
<i>fēng¹-sang¹</i>	封喪	a certain attendant at funerals.
<i>fēng¹-shên²</i>	封神	to deify, to canonise. Note 25.
<i>fēng¹-shên²-chun²-chiang⁴</i>	封神斬將	making gods and beheading generals (fig.).
<i>fēng¹-shên²-pang³</i>	封神榜	the list of deified beings.
<i>fēng¹-shên²-yen³-i⁴</i>	封神演義	a famous book on the gods.
<i>fēng¹-shu¹</i>	封書	to seal a letter.
<i>fēng¹-so³</i>	封鎖	to lock up and seal. (Note order.)
<i>fēng¹-t'ao⁴</i>	封套	an envelope, a paper bag.
<i>fēng¹-t'iao³</i>	封條	paper labels for sealing.
<i>fēng¹-tsêng⁴</i>	封贈	to confer office or title on one's father, etc.
<i>fēng¹-t'ung³</i>	封筒	an envelope.
<i>fēng¹-yin⁴</i>	封印	to close yamên for the new year's holidays.
<i>fēng¹</i>	豐 ^{365c157c}	rich, affluent, abundant, flourishing.
<i>fēng¹-fu⁴</i>	豐富	rich, affluent.

fèng ¹ .fu ⁴	豐阜	abundant.
fèng ¹ .hèng ²	豐亨	same.
fèng ¹ .hou ⁴	豐厚	thick, substantial, rich.
fèng ¹ .man ³	豐滿	abundant, plentiful.
fèng ¹ .mien ²	豐年	a plentiful year, a good harvest.
fèng ¹ .shèng ⁴	豐盛	full, plentiful, abundant.
fèng ¹ .shou ¹	豐收	an abundant harvest.
fèng ¹ .shou ²	豐熟	an abundant harvest (mien ² ching ³ hao ³).
fèng ¹ .tsu ²	豐足	ample.
fèng ¹ .ying ²	豐盈	same.
fèng ¹ .yü ⁴	豐裕	abundant.
fèng ¹	瘋 ^{360a156a}	insane, insanity, paralysis.
fèng ¹ .hua ⁴	瘋話	ravings, gibberish.
fèng ¹ .kou ³ .yao ³	瘋狗咬	the bite of a mad dog.
fèng ¹ .mo ⁴ .tzu ³	瘋沫子	froth indicating mania.
fèng ¹ .p'ao ³	瘋跑	to run like mad.
fèng ¹ .ping ⁴	瘋病	paralysis, palsy.
fèng ¹ .t'an ³	瘋癱	same.
fèng ² .tien ³	瘋顛	lunatic, silly (tien ¹ k'uang ²).
fèng ¹ .tzu ³	瘋子	a madman, a maniac.
fèng ¹	蜂 ^{364a156c}	a bee or wasp.
fèng ¹ .ché ¹	蜂螫	the sting of a bee.
fèng ¹ .ché ¹ kou ³ .yao ³	蜂螫狗咬	the bee stings, the dog bites.
fèng ¹ .chên ¹	蜂針	a bee's sting.
fèng ¹ .feng ²	蜂房	a bee-hive.
fèng ¹ .mi ¹	蜂蜜	honey.
fèng ¹ .ning ⁴ .mi ⁴	蜂釀蜜	bees store honey.
fèng ¹ .nu ²	蜂奴	the slaves of the bee.
fèng ¹ .wang ²	蜂王	the king bee.
fèng ¹ .wo ¹	蜂窩	a bee's nest or hive.
fèng ¹ .yung ¹	蜂擁	to swarm forward.
fèng ¹ .yung ¹ .érh ² .chih ⁴	蜂擁而至	pressed forward in swarms.
fèng ¹	丰 ^{363c156b}	fine, healthy; pleasing, plump, jolly
fèng ¹ .i ²	丰儀	an easy, fine manner, graceful, respectable.
fèng ¹ .ts'ai ²	丰采	a pleasant or fine countenance.
fèng ¹ .tzu ¹ .chün ⁴ .hsiü ⁴	丰姿俊秀	pleasant, graceful, elegant, accomplished.
fèng ¹ .yün ¹	丰韻	a mellow pleasing sound or voice.
fèng ¹	金鋒 ^{364a157a}	the point of a weapon; the van of an army.
fèng ¹ .jên ⁴	鋒刃	point and edge (chien ¹).
fèng ¹ .k'uai ⁴	鋒快	sharp as a spear point.
fèng ¹ .mang ²	鋒鋌	the point of a weapon.
fèng ¹ .ti ²	鋒鏑	the point of a weapon; the van of an-army.
fèng ¹	山峰 ^{363c156b}	the peak or point of a hill.

- fèng*¹ 峯 363c156b same.
- fèng*¹-ling³ 峯嶺 "mountain peak of tops," mountains.
- fèng*¹ 邑 卩 豐 366a158a name.
- f'èng*¹-tu¹-ch'èng³ 豐都城 Hades.
- fèng*¹ 火 烽 363c156c a beacon fire-place.
- fèng*¹-huo³-ssü¹-ch'í³ 烽火四起 beacon-lights appeared on all sides.
- f'èng*¹-huo³-t'ai³ 烽火臺 a beacon (lang³ yen¹ tun¹).
- FÈNG³** 逢 逢 364b158b to meet, to occur; to oppose. M. 164.
- fèng*³-chi³ 逢集 on the day of the market.
- fèng*³-hsi³ 逢喜 to meet with good fortune
- fèng*³-hsiung¹-hua⁴-chi³ 逢凶化吉 bad fortune changed to good (hua⁴ hsiung³ wei³ [p'ing²]).
- fèng*³-nien²-kuo⁴-chieh³ 逢年過節 various holidays
- fèng*³-shan¹-k'ai¹-lu⁴ 逢山開路 to open roads over mountains.
- fèng*³-shuang¹ 逢雙 on the even days, e. g., markets.
- fèng*³-tan¹ 逢單 on the odd days e. g., markets.
- fèng*³-wu³-p'ai³-shih³ 逢五排十 on every 5th and 10th, e. g., markets.
- fèng*³-ying³ 逢迎 to cringe; to go out to meet any one. [(= *fèng*⁴)
- fèng*³ 縫 364c158c to sew; a seam, an opening, crack or fissure.
- fèng*³-chi³-chên¹ 縫幾針 to sew a few stitches.
- fèng*³-ch'iu²-ti¹ 縫窮的 poor women who sew in the streets for a living.
- fèng*³-hsieh³ 縫鞋 to make shoes.
- fèng*³-hsien⁴ 縫線 to sew; sewing thread.
- fèng*³-i¹-shang¹ 縫衣裳 to hem or stitch clothes.
- fèng*³-k'ou³-tzu³ 縫口子 to bribe (officials, etc.) (hui⁴ lu⁴).
- fèng*³-lien²-pu³-chan⁴ 縫縫補綻 to mend and patch.
- fèng*³-mi⁴-hang³ 縫密行 to sew with fine stitches (chên¹ chiao¹ hsi¹).
- fèng*³-pu³ 縫補 to mend and patch.
- FÈNG³** 言 諷 363a159c to recite, to rehearse, to chaunt; metaphor.
- fèng*³-ching¹-ch'í²-tao³ 諷經祈禱 to chant liturgies and pray.
- fèng*³-shih¹ 諷詩 to recite poetry (nien⁴ shih¹).
- fèng*³-sung⁴ 諷誦 to chaunt, to recite.
- fèng*³-tz'ü⁴ 諷刺 to ridicule, to point at; metaphor.
- FÈNG⁴** 大 奉 365a159a to receive or offer to; to attend or obey.
- fèng*⁴-ch'á² 奉茶 to hand tea (to guest) (hsien⁴ ch'á²).
- fèng*⁴-ch'èng³ 奉承 to flatter (ch'au³ mei⁴).
- fèng*⁴-chiao⁴ 奉教 to receive instruction (ju⁴ chiao⁴).
- fèng*⁴-chih³ 奉旨 to receive the imperial will or orders.
- fèng*⁴-chih³-chín⁴-ching¹ 奉旨進京 to go to Peking by Imperial order.
- fèng*⁴-chih³-hsiang¹-shih⁴ 奉旨鄉試 an M.A. examination by Imperial authority.
- fèng*⁴-chih³-hui¹-shih⁴ 奉旨會試 a doctor's examination by Imperial authority.

fèng⁴-ch'iu² 奉求
 fèng⁴-ch'üan⁴ 奉勸
 fèng⁴-chün¹ 奉君
 fèng⁴-hou⁴ 奉候
 fèng⁴-hsien⁴ 奉獻
 fèng⁴-hsien⁴ 奉憲
 fèng⁴-huan² 奉還
 fèng⁴-i¹ 奉揖
 fèng⁴-jao³ 奉擾
 fèng⁴-kuan¹ 奉官
 fèng⁴-kung¹-shou³-fa¹ 奉公守法
 fèng⁴-lü³ 奉祿
 fèng⁴-ming⁴ [chün¹ 奉命
 fèng⁴-ming⁴-chiang 奉命將軍
 fèng⁴-ming⁴-ch'u¹-chéng¹ 奉命出征
 fèng⁴-pai⁴ 奉拜
 fèng⁴-p'an¹ 奉攀
 fèng⁴-p'ei² 奉陪
 fèng⁴-shang⁴ 奉上
 fèng⁴-shih⁴ 奉勢
 fèng⁴-shih⁴ 奉事
 fèng⁴-sung⁴ 奉送
 fèng⁴-t'ien¹ 奉天
 fèng⁴-t'ien¹-fü³ 奉天府
 fèng⁴-t'ien¹-ch'êng²-yün¹ 奉天承運
 fèng⁴-t'ien¹-hsing²-tao⁴ 奉天行道
 fèng⁴-t'o¹ 奉託
 fèng⁴-yang² 奉養
 fèng⁴-yü⁴ 奉諭
 fèng⁴ 人 俸^{365c159c}
 fèng⁴-hsiang³-ch'u⁴ 俸餉處
 fèng⁴ lü⁴ 俸祿
 fèng⁴-lü⁴-hsien¹-pao³ 俸祿鮮薄
 fèng⁴-man³ 俸滿
 fèng⁴-mi³ 俸米
 fèng⁴-yin² 俸銀
 fèng⁴ 鳥 鳳^{363a159b}
 fèng⁴-hsi¹-wu²-t'ung² 鳳棲梧桐
 fèng⁴-hsien¹-hua¹ 鳳仙花
 fèng⁴-huang² 鳳凰
 fèng⁴-huang²-lou² 鳳凰樓
 fèng⁴-kuan¹ 鳳冠

to request, to entreat.
 to receive exhortations of a superior.
 to receive the orders of one's sovereign.
 to pay one's respects.
 to offer up, to present to a parent, etc.
 to receive from a superior.
 to return with thanks, to repay in full.
 to make a bow (tso¹ i¹).
 to have the honor, to trouble you.
 to be officially licensed or appointed.
 I observe this law under orders. [lien²].
 to receive emoluments; emoluments (yang²
 to receive the commands of a superior (ch'ui¹
 a general by Imperial orders. [ch'ieu²].
 to go and punish by Imperial orders.
 to worship, to adore, to pay respects to.
 I venture to drag you (a form of invitation).
 to bear one company.
 ordered by the Emperor.
 to flatter the powerful.
 to serve or wait on a superior.
 to accompany; to have the honor to send or give.
 Manchuria.
 Moukden.
 entrusted by Heaven with the care of.
 preach by Heaven's command.
 to request one to execute a commission (pai¹ t'o²).
 { to support and comfort one's parents (kung⁴
 { yang²).
 to receive instruction or orders from superiors.
 government salaries.
 commissariat office. [lien²].
 government salaries, official emolument (yang²
 a small salary.
 official's time up.
 government allowance of rice.
 salary.
 the phoenix; the empress. R. 40.
 the phoenix perches on the dryandra.
 the China balsam.
 the phoenix, felicitous omen.
 盛京, Moukden.
 a bride's coronet (kuan¹ mien²)-

fĕng⁴-mĕn³ 鳳輦
 fĕng⁴-t'ou²-hsieh³ 鳳頭鞋
 fĕng⁴-yĕn³-chū² 鳳眼竹

phoenix cart (of Empress).
 ornamented ladies' shoes.
 a sort of bamboo.

FO³ 人 佛 367b153b
 fo²-chiao⁴ 佛教
 fo²-fa³ 佛法
 fo²-hsiang⁴ 佛像
 fo²-hsin¹ 佛心
 fo²-k'an¹ 佛龕
 fo²-ku³ 佛骨
 fo²-mĕn² 佛門
 fo²-mĕn² t'í⁴-tsū³ 佛門弟子
 fo²-piao³ 佛表
 fo²-shou³ 佛手
 fo²-shou³-lu⁴ 佛手露
 fo²-t'a³ 佛塔
 fo²-tsu³ 佛祖
 fo²-yeh³ 佛爺

Buddha (shih⁴ chia¹ mu² ni²).
 Buddhism, the doctrine of Buddha (shih⁴ chia⁴).
 Buddhist rules, codes or laws.
 Buddhist images.
 i. e., a pure heart.
 little shrine of Buddha.
 bone of Buddha-relics.
 the religion of Buddha (or 道).
 a disciple of Buddha (sha¹ mi¹).
 yellow paper for gods.
 "Buddha's hand," a kind of citron.
 a sort of wine.
 a Buddhist pagoda.
 Buddha (a⁴ mi² t'o³ fo³).
 same.

FOU² (fu) 水 浮 369b140a
 fou²-ch'ĕn² 浮沉
 fou²-ch'ĕn² 浮塵
 fou²-ch'ĭ¹-chang⁴ 浮記賬
 fou²-ch'iao³ 浮橋
 fou²-chū⁴ 浮住
 fou²-hua² 浮華
 fou²-lū² 浮來
 fou²-lū²-chan⁴-ch'ü¹ 浮來暫去
 fou²-liang² 浮梁
 fou²-p'iao² 浮漂
 fou²-p'iao²-p'iao¹-t'í¹ 浮漂的
 fou²-p'ing² ts'ao³ 浮萍草
 fou²-shĕng¹-jo⁴-mĕng⁴ 浮生若夢
 fou²-shih³ 浮石
 fou²-shui³ 浮水
 fou²-t'on³ 浮頭
 fou²-ts'ai² 浮財
 fou²-tsao¹ 浮藻
 fou²-ts'un² 浮存
 fou²-yĕn² 浮言
 fou²-yü² 浮餘
 fou²-yün² 浮雲

to float, to swim; light, buoyant (p'iao⁴).
 floating and sinking, unsettled.
 dust (hui¹ ch'ĕn²).
 daily accounts (liu² shui¹ chang⁴).
 a floating bridge.
 to reside temporarily at a place (chi⁴ chū⁴).
 "floating brilliancy," superficial show (hua¹ hua¹ [shih⁴ chieh⁴]).
 to come occasionally.
 to come and go by fits and starts.
 a floating bridge.
 levity.
 very unsubstantial.
 duckweed.
 life passes away like a dream.
 pumice stone.
 to swim (read fu) (hui⁴ shui³).
 flotsam.
 uncertain riches.
 volatile.
 to live for a time at a place.
 "floating words," rumour, hearsay.
 superfluous, unnecessary; surplus.
 floating clouds, light clouds.

<i>fu²-ta⁴-liang⁴-ta¹</i>	福大量大	if your happiness is great, so is your patience.
<i>fu²-tê²</i>	福福德	happy and virtuous.
<i>fu²-t'ei¹</i>	福福地	a prosperous place; Heaven.
<i>fu²-t'zū⁴-t'ien¹-lai²</i>	福自天來	blessings come from Heaven.
<i>fu²-yin¹</i>	福福音	the Gospel.
<i>fu²-yin⁴</i>	福福蔭	blessings through ancestors.
<i>fu²-yüan²-shan⁴-ch'ing⁴</i>	福緣善慶	the good are rewarded.
<i>fu²</i>	人伏 377cl52a	to prostrate; to hide, an ambush, an ambush.
<i>fu²-ch'a³</i>	伏查	to humbly examine into.
<i>fu²-ch'i²</i>	伏祈	to humbly pray or supplicate.
<i>fu²-ch'i⁴</i>	伏氣	to be satisfied, submit (hsiang ⁴ fu ²).
<i>fu²-hsi¹-shih⁴</i>	伏羲氏	an Emperor (2953-2838 B.C.).
<i>fu²-hsiang³</i>	伏想	to humbly think.
<i>fu²-la⁴</i>	伏臘	summer and winter (hsia ⁴ t'ien ⁴).
<i>fu²-luan³</i>	伏卵	to sit on eggs.
<i>fu²-ping¹</i>	伏兵	troops lying in ambush, an ambush (mei ² fu ²).
<i>fu²-ssü¹</i>	伏思	to humbly consider.
<i>fu²-t'ê⁴</i>	伏地	to prostrate on the ground; an ambush.
<i>fu²-t'ien¹</i>	伏天	hot season (July 19—August 18) (pi ⁴ shu ³).
<i>fu²-wang⁴</i>	伏望	to humbly hope.
<i>fu²-wei²</i>	伏惟	to humbly consider.
<i>fu²-wo¹</i>	伏窩	to sit on eggs as a bird (pao ⁴ tan ⁴).
<i>fu²</i>	手扶 371bl44c	to assist, to support, to hold up, to protect.
<i>fu²-chi¹</i>	扶乩	to divine by sand. See Note 4.
<i>fu²-ch'i²</i>	扶起	to raise or help up (ch'an ¹ ch'i ²).
<i>fu²-ch'i²-lai²</i>	扶起來	same.
<i>fu²-ch'ik²</i>	扶持	to hold up, to assist, to support.
<i>fu²-chu⁴</i>	扶助	same.
<i>fu²-chu⁴</i>	扶住	to support, to hold up.
<i>fu²-luan²</i>	扶鸞	to divine by sand, <i>planchette</i> . Note 4.
<i>fu²-puo³</i>	扶保	to protect, to support.
<i>fu²-sang¹</i>	扶桑	country where sun rises (according to Chinese).
<i>fu²-shou³</i>	扶手	to support by the hand.
<i>fu²</i>	月報 服 392b152c	to use; to assist; to submit, to obey; clothes.
<i>fu²-chih⁴</i>	服制	regulations for wearing mourning (ch'u ² fu ²).
<i>fu²-chih⁴-tsai⁴-shên¹</i>	服制在身	wearing mourning.
<i>fu²-chung¹-shêng¹-tzu³</i>	服中生子	to have a son while in mourning (a great crime).
<i>fu²-chung⁴</i>	服衆	to conciliate popular feeling.
<i>fu²-fu²</i>	服法	to submit to the law.
<i>fu²-kuan³</i>	服管	I submit to his authority.
<i>fu²-man³</i>	服滿	expiration of mourning.
<i>fu²-nei⁴-na⁴-ch'ieh¹</i>	服內納妾	[parents].
<i>fu²-shih⁴</i>	服侍	to take a concubine when in mourning for
		to serve, to wait upon (shih ⁴ fêng ⁴).

<i>fu²-shih⁴.ti¹</i>	服侍的	servants.
<i>fu²-shih⁴</i>	服事	to serve, to wait on (shih ⁴ fêng ⁴).
<i>fu²-shui³.t'u³</i>	服水土	acclimated, to stand the climate.
<i>fu²-ts'ung¹</i>	服從	to submit and comply (kuei ¹ fu ² , pu ⁴ fu ³ ch'í ⁴).
<i>fu²-tu²</i>	服毒	to take poison (chung ⁴ tu ²).
<i>fu²-yao⁴</i>	服藥	to take medicine (hsia ⁴ yao ⁴).
<i>fu² (and 4)</i>	西覆	on the contrary; to subvert.
<i>fu²-ch'a²</i>	覆查	to re-examine.
<i>fu²-fan³</i>	覆反	to subvert; to repeat, to return.
<i>fu²-hui³</i>	覆回	to reply.
<i>fu²-ming⁴</i>	覆命	to give an account how orders have been ex- [euted.
<i>fu²-shang⁴</i>	覆上	to cover over, e.g., gilding.
<i>fu²-shên³</i>	覆審	to re-investigate.
<i>fu²-chou⁴</i>	覆試	final or test examination for M.A.
<i>fu²-shui³-nan²-shou¹</i>	覆水難收	you can't gather up spilt water.
<i>fu²-tsai⁴.chuh¹-ên¹</i>	覆載之恩	favor, such as God's or the Emperor's.
<i>fu²-ya¹</i>	覆壓	to overthrow.
<i>fu²</i>	竹符	spells, charms; to agree or tally.
<i>fu²-chieh³</i>	符節	a tally, a check (ch'ou ²).
<i>fu²-ch'ien²-yen²</i>	符前言	to fulfil a promise.
<i>fu²-chou⁴</i>	符咒	spells, charms, incantations.
<i>fu²-ho²</i>	符合	a contract; a tally; to reconcile.
<i>fu²-hsin⁴</i>	符信	seal of office; official credentials.
<i>fu²-lu⁴</i>	符籙	books on magic.
<i>fu²-pan³</i>	符板	a tally, a check; a warrant.
<i>fu²-yin⁴</i>	符印	seal of office; official credentials (pu ⁴ yin ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>fu²</i>	弓弗	opposed to, no, not (fou ³).
<i>fu²-ch'êng³</i>	弗成	not complete.
<i>fu²-ching⁴-fu²-ui⁴</i>	弗敬弗愛	neither respect nor love.
<i>fu²-hsiao²</i>	弗學	not to learn.
<i>fu²-nêng²</i>	弗能	unable.
<i>fu²</i>	支專敷	ample, sufficient; to diffuse, to spread.
<i>fu²-chiao⁴</i>	敷教	to diffuse instruction,
<i>fu²-pu⁴</i>	敷佈	to extend everywhere.
<i>fu²-shih¹</i>	敷施	to distribute, to spread everywhere.
<i>fu²-yu²</i>	敷油	to rub oil on.
<i>fu²</i>	蚶	a kind of mallow; beautiful.
<i>fu²-jung²</i>	芙蓉	beautiful.
<i>fu²-jung²-ching⁴</i>	芙蓉鏡	a looking-glass (fancy name).
<i>fu²-jung²-hua¹</i>	芙蓉花	African marigold, mimosa.
<i>fu²-jung²-kao¹</i>	芙蓉糕	prepared opium.
<i>fu²</i>	虫	the butterfly; copper money.
<i>fu²-ch'ung²</i>	蚨虫	butterfly (hu ² tieh ²).

<i>fu²-tich²</i>		蝶		the butterfly (hu ² tich ²).
<i>fu²</i>	虫	蝠	380a150b	a flying rat or squirrel, a bat (pien ¹ fu ²).
<i>fu²-shu²</i>		鼠		same.
<i>fu²</i>	系	縛	373a141a	to tie, to bind fast.
<i>fu²-chi³-chih¹-li⁴</i>		雞之力		(fig.) very weak.
<i>fu²-chu⁴</i>		縛住		to tie, to bind fast.
<i>fu² pang³</i>		縛綁		same.
<i>fu²</i>	鳥	鳧	382a144b	wild ducks (ya ¹).
<i>fu²-ch'iu²</i>		鳧裘		clothes made of wild ducks' down.
<i>fu²-tz'u²</i>		鳧茨		duckweed.
<i>fu² ya¹</i>		鳧鴨		wild ducks.
<i>fu²</i>	艸	茯	378b152b	China root.
<i>fu²-ling²</i>		茯苓		same.
<i>fu²</i>	車	輻	380a151a	spokes of a wheel (see ch'ü ¹).
<i>fu²-t'iao³</i>		輻條		spokes of a wheel.
<i>fu² (tzü)</i>	衣	袱	378b152c	a square cloth for wrapping bundles (pao ¹ fu ²).
<i>fu²</i>	巾	形	374b153c	like, resembling, seeming as if.
<i>fu²</i>		髮	375a154a	the hair in disorder; like, resembling (fang ³ fu ²).
<i>fu²</i>	巾	幅	379a150c	a roll of cloth, silk, paper, etc.; a picture.
<i>fu²</i>	人	俘	373c143a	to capture in war; a prisoner, a captive.
FU³	广	府	376a145b	a house, a palace; a store; a prefecture. W. I. 58.
<i>fu³-an⁴-shou³</i>		府案首		the first man in a prefectural examination.
<i>fu³-ch'ü³</i>		府丞		Vice-Governor of Peking.
<i>fu³ chou¹-hsien⁴</i>		府州縣		the various grades of cities.
<i>fu³-hsiao³</i>		府學		a prefectural school.
<i>fu³ hsien⁴-kuan¹</i>		府縣官		district and prefectural mandarins.
<i>fu³-k'ao³</i>		府考		prefectural examination of students.
<i>fu³-k'u⁴</i>		府庫		a treasury, a depôt.
<i>fu³-shang¹</i>		府上		place of abode; your mansion (kuei ⁴ fu ³).
<i>fu³-shang¹-tu¹-hao³</i>		府上都好		are your family all well?
<i>fu³-shu⁴</i>		府署		a prefectural yamen.
<i>fu³-tsun¹</i>		府尊		a Prefect; your honor (pên ³ fu ³).
<i>fu³-ya²-mên³</i>		府衙門		a Prefect's office.
<i>fu³-yin³</i>		府尹		Governor of Peking (and Moukden).
<i>fu³</i>	人類	俯	376b146a	to bend the head, to look down; to condescend.
<i>fu³-ch'ü⁴</i>		俯察		to condescendingly examine.
<i>fu³-chün⁴</i>		俯就		to make the best of, to adapt (chiang ¹ chiu ⁴).
<i>fu³-chün³</i>		俯准		condescend to allow, graciously authorise.
<i>fu³-fu²</i>		俯伏		to fall prostrate, to crouch.
<i>fu³ shou³</i>		俯首		to bend the head (ti ¹ t'ou ³).
<i>fu³-shou³-mo⁴-hsiang³</i>		俯首默想		to droop the head and think.
<i>fu³-ssü¹</i>		俯思		same.

<i>fu³-yang³</i>		俯仰		to bend, and to raise the head.
<i>fu³</i>	肉	腐 ^{376c145c}		rotten, corrupted; corruption (tou ⁴ fu ³).
<i>fu³-hsing²</i>		腐刑		the punishment of castration.
<i>fu³-hsin³</i>		腐朽		rotten (hsiu ³ huai ¹).
<i>fu³-ju²</i>		腐儒		"a rotten scholar," a dolt; superficial.
<i>fu³-ju³</i>		腐乳		a kind of milk made from beans.
<i>fu³-lan⁴</i>		腐爛		rotten.
<i>fu³-pai⁴</i>		腐敗		rotten, putrid.
<i>fu³-ts'ao³-wei²-ying²</i>		腐草爲螢		rotten straw makes fire-flies.
<i>fu³</i>	手	撫 ^{383b145b}		to soothe, to pacify, to conciliate.
<i>fu³-chang³</i>		撫掌		to clap the hands (p'ai ¹ chang ³).
<i>fu³-chien⁴</i>		撫劍		to grasp a sword.
<i>fu³-ch'in²</i>		撫琴		to play the organ.
<i>fu³-hsi¹</i>		撫卹		to soothe, to compassionate; to relieve.
<i>fu³-ku¹</i>		撫孤		to relieve orphans.
<i>fu³-piao¹</i>		撫標		Governor's troops (chih ⁴ t'ai ²).
<i>fu³ t'ai²</i>		撫臺		governor of a province; a governor's court. G. [274.
<i>fu³-tzü⁴</i>		撫字		to soothe; soothing words (an ¹ wei ⁴).
<i>fu³-wei⁴</i>		撫慰		to soothe, to pacify.
<i>fu³-yang³</i>		撫養		to cherish, to foster.
<i>fu³-yü³</i>		撫育		same.
<i>fu³-yüan¹</i>		撫院		a vice-governor; court of a vice-governor.
<i>fu³</i>	車	輔 ^{372b146b}		to help, to assist.
<i>fu³-ch'u⁴</i>		輔助		same (pang ¹ chu ⁴).
<i>fu³-hsiang⁴</i>		輔相		mutual assistance; ministers of state.
<i>fu³-jen²</i>		輔仁		mutual help.
<i>fu³-pao³</i>		輔保		to guarantee, mutual guarantee; to assist.
<i>fu³-pi⁴</i>		輔弼		to assist; an assistant; ministers of state.
<i>fu³-tso³</i>		輔佐		to assist, to second.
<i>fu³ (tzü)</i>	斤	斧 ^{384a147a}		an axe or hatchet; to cut with an axe.
<i>fu³-chin¹</i>		斧斤		an axe or hatchet.
<i>fu³-hsiao¹</i>		斧削		to lop off with an axe, to correct and revise.
<i>fu³-t'ou²</i>		斧頭		the head of an axe, an axe.
<i>fu³ tsan⁴</i>		斧鑿		axe (hammer) and chisel.
<i>fu³-tsao² (tso)</i>		斧鑿		hammer and chisel.
<i>fu³</i>	滑	黻 ^{378c155a}		embroidered, figured, flowered; to embroider.
<i>fu³</i>		黻 ^{372c146c}		same.
<i>fu³-hsiu⁴</i>		黻繡		embroidered, figured, flowered.
<i>fu³</i>	用	甫 ^{372a146a}		great; many; a head; an appellation; just now.
<i>fu³-tao⁴</i>		甫到		just arrived.
<i>fu³ (pu)</i>	口	哺 ^{372b714c}		to feed as a child, with milk, pap, etc. (wei ⁴).
<i>fu³-ju³</i>		哺乳		to suckle, to feed with milk.
<i>fu³-tsa¹</i>		哺啞		to feed with milk, etc., to suckle.

fu³.yang³ 哺養
 fu³ 肉月 腑^{376c145c}
 fu³.tsang⁴ 腑臟
 fu³ 金 釜^{384a147a}
 fu³.t'ai³ 釜臺
 fu³ 肉月 脯^{372b146c}

to nourish with milk, etc.
 the abdominal viscera (liu⁴ fu⁴).
 same (wu³ tsang⁴).
 a cooking pan.
 a chimney, a flue (tsao³ tu³).
 dried meat.

FU⁴ 彳 復^{381a151a}
 fu⁴-chêng⁴ 復正
 fu⁴.chiu⁴ 復舊
 fu⁴-ch'ou³ 復讎
 fu⁴-ch'u¹ 復初
 fu⁴-chuan³ 復轉
 fu⁴-fan³ 復返
 fu⁴ hsin¹ 復新
 fu⁴-hsing¹ 復興
 fu⁴-huan² 復還
 fu⁴-hao² 復活
 fu⁴-lai² 復來
 fu⁴ shêng¹ 復生
 fu⁴-yüan³ 復元
 fu⁴-yüan³ 復原 (圓)
 fu⁴-yu⁴ 復又
 fu⁴ 肉月 腹^{380c151b}
 fu⁴-chang⁴ 腹脹
 fu⁴-chung² 腹中
 fu⁴-kao³ 腹稿
 fu⁴-man³ 腹滿
 fu⁴-man⁴ 腹悶
 fu⁴-nei⁴-chi³-o¹ 腹內饑餓
 fu⁴-t'êng³ 腹疼
 fu⁴ 人 付^{375a147c}
 fu⁴-chi⁴ 付寄
 fu⁴-chiao¹ 付交
 fu⁴.ch'ien² 付錢
 fu⁴-ch'ing¹ 付清
 fu⁴-ch'ü⁴ 付去
 fu⁴-hsin¹ 付信
 fu⁴-kai³ 付給
 fu⁴-tao⁴ 付到
 fu⁴ t'o¹ 付托 (託)
 fu⁴-yii³ 付與
 fu⁴ 阜 附^{377b147e}

to return ; again, reiterated ; to reply, to retort.
 to straighten again.
 as of old.
 to take revenge.
 to begin again, to go back to the beginning.
 to return.
 to return, to repeat, reiterated.
 to renew (tsai⁴ tsao⁴).
 to recover prosperity.
 to repay, to return.
 to return to life.
 to come again.
 to return to life.
 to get back to health.
 to begin again (huan² yüan²).
 again, reiterated.
 the bowels ; trusted friends.
 a swelling of the stomach (p'êng³ mên⁴).
 in the belly, or heart.
 to compose in the mind (as poetry, etc.).
 the stomach full (tu⁴ pao³).
 melancholy, sad ; uncomforable.
 feeling hungry.
 pain in the stomach.
 to give or deliver to ; to send to ; to suggest.
 to send to.
 to deliver over to.
 to hand money to.
 all paid over.
 to send to.
 to send a letter (shao¹ hsin⁴).
 to give to.
 handed over to.
 to commission, to engage a person to do some-
 to give to. [thing.]
 near ; a supplement ; to join ; to depend on.

fu⁴-chin⁴
 fu⁴-chin⁴-chū¹-min²
 fu⁴-êrh²-êrh²-tao⁴
 fu⁴-ho²
 fu⁴-hsü⁴
 fu⁴-huo⁴
 fu⁴-hui⁴
 fu⁴-kuei³
 fu⁴-lu⁴
 fu⁴-pien¹
 fu⁴-shên¹
 fu⁴-shêng¹
 fu⁴-shou⁵
 fu⁴-ts ung⁴
 fu⁴
 fu⁴-chih⁴
 fu⁴-hsi²
 fu⁴-hui⁴
 fu⁴-jên⁴
 fu⁴-kao⁴
 fu⁴-lu⁴-ming²-yen⁴
 fu⁴-san¹
 fu⁴-shên³
 fu⁴-t'ê³
 fu⁴-yen⁴
 fu⁴
 fu⁴-chia¹-long³
 fu⁴-chia¹-t'ü³-ti⁴
 fu⁴-êrh²-hao⁴-li³
 fu⁴-êrh²-wu²-chiao¹
 fu⁴-hou⁴
 fu⁴-hu⁴
 fu⁴-jên²-chia¹
 fu⁴-jün⁴-wu¹
 fu⁴-kuei⁴
 fu⁴-kuei¹-hua¹
 fu⁴-kuei³-jên²
 fu⁴-kuei³-p'in⁴-chien⁴
 fu⁴-kuei³-tsai¹-t'ien¹
 fu⁴-kuo²
 fu⁴-kuo²-ch'iang²-ping¹
 fu⁴-pu⁴-liao³-t'ê¹
 fu⁴-t'ai³-t'ai³-ti¹

附近居民道
 附近居民道
 附耳而道
 附和
 附續貨會
 附會鬼錄
 附錄編身
 附身生手
 附手從
 附從
 走 赴 384b149a
 赴至
 赴席
 赴會
 赴任
 赴告
 赴鹿鳴宴
 赴喪
 赴省
 赴體
 赴宴
 富 380b148c
 富家郎
 富家子弟
 富而好禮
 富而無驕
 富厚
 富戶
 富人
 富潤屋
 富貴
 富貴花
 富貴人
 富貴貧賤
 富貴在天
 富國
 富強兵
 富不能了
 富態他的

near, neighbouring (ch'ao¹ cho² chiu⁴ tso³).
 the neighbouring residents.
 whispered into his ear.
 to follow slavishly.
 to append, to supplement; a supplement.
 to ship goods (tsai¹ huo⁴).
 to add to; to echo the words of another.
 possessed by a devil.
 a supplement, an appendix (mu⁴ lu⁴).
 same.
 possessed by (devil).
 a B.A. graduate (hsiu⁴ ts'ai², wên² shêng⁴).
 to join hands.
 to follow, to submit to.
 to go to, to hasten to.
 to go towards; arrived.
 to go to a banquet.
 to go to a meeting.
 to go to one's post (shang¹ jên⁴).
 to go to inform.
 to attend the M. A. feast.
 to attend a funeral (sung⁴ pin⁴).
 to repair to the capital (provincial).
 possessed of a spirit; hysterics.
 to go to a banquet (yen⁴ hsi²).
 rich, affluent; riches; to enrich (ch'üang²).
 sons and brothers of a wealthy family.
 same (kao¹ liang² tzu³ ti⁴).
 the rich are fond of rites.
 rich without pride (difficult of attainment).
 very opulent (k'uan¹ ch'ô⁴).
 a wealthy man, family or house.
 a wealthy person.
 a rich man's house.
 riches and honours, wealthy.
 the peony (mu³ tan¹).
 a rich person; a high official.
 rich and poor.
 riches and honor depend on Heaven.
 to enrich a nation; a rich nation.
 to enrich the kingdom and strengthen the army.
 it will not make him rich.
 a genteel, well-to-do look.

<i>fu⁴-tsu²</i>	富足	ample wealth.
<i>fu⁴-wêng¹</i>	富翁	a wealthy old gentleman.
<i>fu⁴-yu²</i>	富有	rich.
<i>fu⁴-yu²-ssü⁴-hai²</i>	富有四海	boundless wealth.
<i>fu⁴-yu²-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>	富有天下	a millionaire.
<i>fu⁴-yü⁴</i>	富裕	a surplus of wealth.
<i>fu⁴</i>	副 刀 卍	a second, an assistant; to assist; a pair, a pack
<i>fu⁴-chiang⁴</i>	副將	a rank similar to adjutant-general.
<i>fu⁴-ch'in¹-ch'ai¹</i>	副欽差	assistant minister; <i>chargé d'affaires</i> .
<i>fu⁴-chu²-k'ao³</i>	副主考	assistant grand-examiner.
<i>fu⁴-êrh⁴</i>	副貳	an assistant.
<i>fu⁴-ling⁴-shih⁴-kuan¹</i>	副領事官	a vice-consul (<i>ling⁴ shih⁴ kuan¹</i>).
<i>fu⁴-pang³</i>	副榜	a graduate rather below a <i>chü-jên</i> . G. 472.
<i>fu⁴-shih³</i>	副使	the second in an embassy or commission.
<i>fu⁴-shuai⁴</i>	副帥	assistant commander-in-chief (<i>yüan² shuai⁴</i>).
<i>fu⁴-tu¹-t'ung³</i>	副都統	a lieutenant-general.
<i>fu⁴-tu¹-yü⁴-shih³</i>	副都御史	assistant censor.
<i>fu⁴-yeh³</i>	副爺	common name for a sergeant. G. 448.
<i>fu⁴</i>	父 父	a father; a title of respect. Rad. 88.
<i>fu⁴-chai⁴-tzü³-huan⁴</i>	父子還債	the son must pay his father's debts.
<i>fu⁴-ch'in¹</i>	父親	one's father.
<i>fu⁴-ch'uan²-tzü³</i>	父子傳	the father hands it down to his son.
<i>fu⁴-ku³-mu³-jou⁴</i>	父子骨肉	parental contribution to bodies of offspring.
<i>fu⁴-liao³</i>	父老	elders.
<i>fu⁴-ming⁴</i>	父命	a father's orders.
<i>fu⁴-mu³</i>	父母	father and mother (<i>shuang¹ ch'in¹</i>).
<i>fu⁴-mu³-kuan¹</i>	父母官	district and prefectural magistrates.
<i>fu⁴-mü²-shuang¹-ch'üan²</i>	父母全	both parents still living (<i>tieh¹ niang²</i>).
<i>fu⁴-mu³-tsai⁴</i>	父母在	while both parents are alive.
<i>fu⁴-pu⁴-fu⁴</i>	父不父	fathers failing in their duties.
<i>fu⁴-sang⁴</i>	父喪	his father is dead.
<i>fu⁴-t'ai³</i>	父台	district magistrate.
<i>fu⁴-tso⁴-tzü³-shu⁴</i>	父子作述	what the father makes, the son speaks of.
<i>fu⁴-tzü³</i>	父子	father and son.
<i>fu⁴-tz'ü³</i>	父子慈	the affection of a father.
<i>fu⁴-yeh⁴-tzü³-ch'ing²</i>	父子業	the son inherits his father's property.
<i>fu⁴-yen²-mu³-tz'ü³</i>	父嚴母慈	father strict, mother compassionate.
<i>fu⁴</i>	負 負	to bear on the back; to turn the back on.
<i>fu⁴-chai⁴</i>	負債	to be in debt (<i>ch'ien⁴ chai⁴</i>).
<i>fu⁴-ch'ien⁴</i>	負欠	same.
<i>fu⁴-ch'ing²</i>	負情	ungrateful (<i>ku¹ fu⁴</i>).
<i>fu⁴-ch'ü¹</i>	負屈	to be oppressed; injustice (<i>yüan¹ ch'ü¹</i>).
<i>fu⁴-ên¹</i>	負恩	ungrateful (<i>wang⁴ ên¹</i>).

<i>fu⁴-hsin¹</i>	負心	ungrateful (<i>wang⁴ ên¹</i>).	[lovers].
<i>fu⁴-hsin¹-tsei²</i>	*負心賊	“ungrateful thief” (an expression used by	
<i>fu⁴-i⁴</i>	負義	to abuse kindness, to render evil for good.	
<i>fu⁴-jên⁴</i>	負任	a burden; a responsibility; to fail in one's duty.	
<i>fu⁴-pai⁴</i>	負敗	loss, defeat.	
<i>fu⁴-pei⁴</i>	負背	to turn the back on; to carry on the back.	
<i>fu⁴-tui⁴-chih¹-ên¹</i>	負戴之恩	parent's love.	
<i>fu⁴-tan¹</i>	負擔	to bear or carry a burden (<i>pei⁴ fu⁴</i>).	
<i>fu⁴-wei³</i>	負違	to rebel, to oppose; to turn from.	
<i>fu⁴-yu¹</i>	負憂	sorrowful; to fail in one's mourning duties.	
<i>fu⁴</i>	具 賦 385a149b	to exact, exactions, tribute; to receive; a poem.	
<i>fu⁴-hsing⁴</i>	賦性	the natural disposition (<i>ping³ fu⁴</i>).	
<i>fu⁴-lien⁴</i>	賦歛	to levy taxes.	
<i>fu⁴-pu⁴</i>	賦布	to spread out.	
<i>fu⁴-shih¹</i>	賦詩	poems and odes, two kinds of poetry.	
<i>fu⁴-shui⁴</i>	賦稅	taxes, impost.	
<i>fu⁴-yü²</i>	賦予	to implant, implanted; to give.	
<i>fu⁴</i>	女 嬃 婦 385b149b	a wife, a housewife; any married woman.	
<i>fu⁴-chieh²</i>	婦節	a wife's fidelity.	
<i>fu⁴-jên²</i>	婦人	a wife, women generally.	
<i>fu⁴-jung²</i>	婦容	feminine deportment or behaviour.	
<i>fu⁴-hui²-t'ai¹</i>	婦懷胎	a pregnant woman.	
<i>fu⁴-hui²-yün⁴</i>	婦懷孕	same.	
<i>fu⁴-kung¹</i>	婦工	the work or duties of a wife.	
<i>fu⁴-mao⁴</i>	婦貌	feminine appearance or behaviour.	[mên ²].
<i>fu⁴-nü³</i>	婦女	“wives and daughters,” women (<i>niang² 'rh</i>	
<i>fu⁴-shun⁴</i>	婦順	the obedience of a wife.	
<i>fu⁴-tao⁴</i>	婦道	women, wives (self styled).	
<i>fu⁴-tê²</i>	婦德	the virtues of a wife.	
<i>fu⁴-ts'ung²</i>	婦從	the obedience of a wife (<i>san¹ ts'ung² ssü⁴ tê²</i>).	
<i>fu⁴-tzu³</i>	婦子	wife and children.	
<i>fu⁴-yen²</i>	婦言	the mode of speaking becoming to a wife.	
<i>fu⁴</i>	手 才 拂 374c154b	to brush, to dust; to oppose, to thwart; perverse.	
<i>fu⁴-ch'ên²</i>	拂塵	to brush away dust.	
<i>fu⁴-jên²-chih¹-hsing⁴</i>	拂人之性	to thwart a person's disposition.	
<i>fu⁴-lei³</i>	拂戾	perverse, obdurate, obstinate.	
<i>fu⁴-lei³</i>	拂淚	to wipe away tears.	
<i>fu⁴-lü⁴</i>	拂慮	to drive away care.	
<i>fu⁴-shih⁴</i>	拂拭	to dust off, to wipe away.	
<i>fu⁴</i>	人 傅 373a147b	a tutor, an instructor; to apply, to lay on.	
<i>fu⁴-jên³</i>	傅粉	to apply rouge, to paint the face.	
<i>fu⁴-hui³</i>	傅會	to bring together, to make to agree.	
<i>fu⁴-yen²-sê³</i>	傅顏色	to lay on colours.	

- fu⁴-yu²* 傅油 to apply oil, to anoint (see *fu² yu²*).
fu⁴ 阜 阜 370a141c a mound of earth. Rad. 170.
fu⁴-shêng⁴ 阜盛 full, complete.
fu⁴-ts'ai² 阜財 to make wealth (*fa¹ ts'ai²*).
fu⁴ 衣 複 381a152a lined or double clothes; double; to repeat.
fu⁴-hsing⁴ 衣 複姓 double surname.
fu⁴ 香 馥 381a151c fragrant; fragrance.
fu⁴-hsiang¹ 香 馥香 same (*p'ên⁴ hsiang¹*).
fu⁴ 口 附 375b147c to order, to enjoin; to blow (*fân¹ fu⁴*).
fu⁴-ch'u² 口 附囑 to order, to enjoin.
fu⁴ 言 訃 384b149a an announcement of death to friends, etc.
fu⁴-wên² 言 訃聞 to hear of a death by letter.
fu⁴ 馬 駙 376a148a an extra horse, harnessed alongside.
fu⁴-ma² 馬 駙馬 an Imperial son-in-law.
fu⁴ (p'u¹) 人 仆 384b148c to fall prostrate.
fu⁴-tao².tsai¹-ti⁴ 人 仆倒在地 to fall prostrate on the ground.
fu⁴ 水 洑 378b152b to swim.
fu⁴-shui² 水 洑水 to swim (also *fou² 浮 shui²*).
- HA¹** 口 哈 386a218a to laugh loudly; to yawn; to sip; to gargle.
ha¹-ha¹.ta⁴-hsiao⁴ 哈哈大笑 to laugh loudly.
ha¹-ha¹-ti¹.hsiao⁴ 哈哈的笑 to laugh heartily.
ha¹-hsi² 哈哈息 to gasp, to gape, to yawn (*ta² ha¹ hsi²*).
ha¹-la².ni² 哈哈喇呢 heavy flannel.
ha¹-la².pa¹ 哈哈喇吧 shoulder-blades (*chien¹ pang² tzü²*).
ha¹-la².pu⁴ 哈哈喇布 broad-cloth (*k'a¹ la¹*).
ha¹-pa¹-kou² 哈哈吧狗 pug-nosed Peking dog.
ha¹-shan² 哈哈閃 to yawn.
ha¹-ta².mên² 哈哈達門 a gate of Peking.
- HA²** 虫 蝦 429a182c a frog. See *hsia¹*.
ha²-ma¹ 蝦蟆 a frog, a toad.
- HAI¹ (k'o)** 口 咳 626b160a an exclamation.
hai¹-sou⁴ 咳嗽 a cough; to cough (*k'o² sou⁴*).
hai¹-shêng² 咳聲 the exclamation *hai¹*.
hai¹-l'an² 咳痰 to cough up phlegm; phlegm.
- HAI² (tzü)** 子 孩 386b160a a child, children generally.
hai²-ch'i⁴ 孩氣 childish; inexperienced.
hai²-ch'ih⁴ 孩赤 an infant, a child.
hai²-érh²-ch'a² 孩兒茶 Terra Japonica; Mimosa Catechu.
hai²-érh²-chien⁴-shih² 孩兒見識 no more experience than a child.

hai²-érh²-hua¹ 孩兒花
 hai²-érh²-ssü⁴-i¹ 孩兒似的
 hai²-t'¹i³ 孩提
 hai²-t'ung² 孩童
 hai²-tzü³-k'u¹ 孩子哭
 hai²-tzü³-sa¹-p'o¹ 孩子撒潑
 hai²-tzü³-t'ao²-ch'i⁴ 孩子淘氣
 hai²-tzü³-t'ieh¹ 孩子爹
 hai²-wa¹ 孩娃
 hai² 是还 還 515b244c
 hai²-ch'ien⁴-to¹-shao³ 欠多少
 hai²-mo²-ch'ih¹-fan⁴ 還沒吃飯
 hai²-mo²-hsiang³-ch'i³ 還沒想起
 hai²-mo²-lai² 還沒來
 hai²-mo²-wan²-shih⁴ 還沒完事
 hai²-pu⁴-ch'êng²-jên⁴ 還不承認
 hai²-pu⁴-chih¹-tsu² 還不知足
 hai²-pu⁴-kou⁴ 還不穀
 hai²-pu⁴-p'a¹ 還不怕
 hai²-yu³ 還有
 hai²-yu³-i¹-ko⁴ 還有一個
 hai²-yu³-to¹-shao³ 還有多少

Terra Japonica; Catechu.
 like a child.
 children.
 a child, a baby.
 the child cries.
 the child makes a disturbance.
 the child is naughty.
 my husband.
 a female boy.
 still, even, now, yet, also. See *huan*².
 how much still owing?
 not yet taken our meal.
 did not think of it.
 not come yet.
 not yet finished.
 still refuses to confess.
 still unsatisfied?
 still not enough.
 still fears not.
 there is still, still have.
 there is one yet.
 how many more are there

HAI³ 水 海 387a160b
 hai³-ch'ao³ 海潮
 hai³-chiao¹-t'ien¹-ya² 海角天涯
 hai³-ch'ing²-jü² 海鯨魚
 hai³-ch'uan² 海船
 hai³-fang² 海防
 hai³-fêng² 海風
 hai³-hsien²-ho²-tan⁴ 海鹹河淡
 hai³-kou³ 海狗
 hai³-k'ou³ 海口
 hai³-k'ou⁴ 海寇
 hai³-ku³ 海股
 hai³-kuan¹ 海關
 hai³-kuan¹-tao⁵ 海關道
 hai³-k'uo⁴-t'ien¹-k'ung¹ 海闊天空
 hai³-liang² 海量
 hai³-lo² 海螺
 hai³-lo² 海驪
 hai³-lung² 海龍
 hai³-lung²-wang² 海龍王

the sea.
 the tide.
 the horizon (t'ien¹ pien¹).
 whales.
 sea-going vessels.
 coast-guard or defence.
 a sea-breeze.
 the sea is briny, rivers are fresh.
 "the sea-dog," the seal.
 a sea-port.
 pirates.
 a gulf.
 the Customs; Superintendent of Customs.
 the Customs' Taotai.
 vast abilities.
 broad-minded; honorable; self-control.
 a sea-shell.
 the beaver.
 the sea-otter.
 Chinese Neptune.

<i>hai²-ma³</i>	海馬	the sea-horse.
<i>hai²-ma²-ya³</i>	海馬牙	sea-horse teeth.
<i>hai²-ma⁴</i>	海罵	to abuse indiscriminately (<i>ma⁴ chieh¹</i>).
<i>hai²-pien¹</i>	海邊	the sea-coast.
<i>hai²-pin¹</i>	海濱	same.
<i>hai²-shang¹-fang¹</i>	海上方	a foreign prescription.
<i>hai²-shên¹</i>	海參	bêche de mer, sea-slugs.
<i>hai²-shên¹-chiu³-hsi²</i>	海參酒席	a feast of which sea-slugs is the central dish.
<i>hai²-shih⁴</i>	海市	"sea-market," a mirage; groundless; imagination.
<i>hai²-shih⁴-shan¹-mêng²</i>	海誓山盟	an everlasting covenant.
<i>hai²-t'a³</i>	海獺	the sea-otter.
<i>hai²-tai⁴</i>	海帶	sea-weed.
<i>hai²-t'ang³-hua¹</i>	海棠花	name of a flower.
<i>hai²-t'ang³-kuo³</i>	海棠菜	a kind of cherry-apple.
<i>hai²-tao³</i>	海島	an island.
<i>hai²-tao⁴</i>	海盜	pirates.
<i>hai²-ts'ai⁴</i>	海菜	agar-agar, sea-weed.
<i>hai²-tsai³</i>	海賊	pirates.
<i>hai²-tzü³</i>	海子	a park in Peking.
<i>hai²-wai⁴-ch'i³-t'an²</i>	海外奇談	strange sea tales.
<i>hai²-wan¹</i>	海灣	a bay (<i>ao⁴</i>).
<i>hai²-wei⁴</i>	海味	a delicacy of the sea (<i>shan¹ chên¹ hai³ wei⁴</i>).
<i>hai²-wu²-pien¹</i>	海無邊	the boundless sea.
<i>hai²-yao¹</i>	海腰	a strait.
<i>hai²-yen³</i>	海沿	the sea-coast.

HAI⁴

<i>hai⁴-ch'i³</i>	害己	to hurt, to injure; injurious, hurtful.
<i>hai⁴-ch'u⁴</i>	害處	to injure one's self; to commit suicide.
<i>hai⁴-chung⁴</i>	害衆	injuries.
<i>hai⁴-hsiang¹-ssü¹</i>	害相思	to injure persons generally, to injure many.
<i>hai⁴-hsiang¹-ssü¹-ping⁴</i>	害相思病	to be love-sick,
<i>hai⁴-hsing⁴-ming⁴</i>	害性命	same.
<i>hai⁴-hsiu¹</i>	害羞	to kill.
<i>hai⁴-jê⁴</i>	害熱	shame, to feel ashamed,
<i>hai⁴-jên³</i>	害人	to suffer from heat (<i>chung⁴ shu³</i>).
<i>hai⁴-jên² li⁴-ch'i³</i>	害人利己	to injure a person (<i>sun³ hai⁴</i>).
<i>hai⁴-lêng³</i>	害冷	to injure others and benefit one's self.
<i>hai⁴-min³</i>	害民	to suffer from cold (<i>chung⁴ han¹</i>).
<i>hai⁴-ming⁴</i>	害命	to injure the people.
<i>hai⁴-p'a⁴</i>	害怕	to kill a person.
<i>hai⁴-ping⁴</i>	害病	afraid, to feel afraid (<i>chü⁴ p'a⁴</i>).
<i>hai⁴-sao⁴</i>	害臊	to become sick (<i>huan⁴ ping⁴, fan³ ping⁴</i>).
		shame, to be ashamed (<i>hsiu¹ ch'ih³</i>).

<i>hai⁴-ssü³-jén²</i>	害死人	to injure a person so as to cause death.
<i>hai⁴ t'ä¹-ti¹-p'ä⁴</i>	害他的怕	to be afraid of him.
<i>hai⁴</i>	上 亥 ^{386a161a}	horary character; 9 to 11 o'clock P. M.
<i>hai⁴-k'o⁴</i>	亥刻	9 to 11 o'clock P. M.
<i>hai⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	*亥月	the tenth moon.
<i>hai⁴</i>	心 恹 ^{386b161c}	sorrowful, anxious.
<i>hai⁴-yen³</i>	恹眼	to suffer with one's eyes.
<i>hai⁴</i>	口 嗜 ^{388a161c}	alack, hai ya!
<i>hai⁴-k'o³-hsi³</i>	嗜可惜	alack!
HAN¹	心 憨 ^{390b162a}	simple, silly, daft; goitre.
<i>han¹-hou⁴</i>	憨厚	simple, honest (lao ³ shih ²).
<i>han¹-pao³</i>	憨包	a blockhead, a ninny.
<i>han¹-po³</i>	憨脖	goitre.
<i>han¹-tan⁴</i>	憨蛋	fool, stupid, idiot (pan ⁴ tiao ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>han¹-t'ou²-lang³</i>	憨頭郎	a blockhead, an unsophisticated person.
<i>han¹</i>	酉 酣 ^{388b162a}	half-intoxicated, elevated, cheerful, merry, jolly.
<i>han¹-shui¹</i>	酣睡	to sleep heavily through drink.
<i>han¹-tsui⁴</i>	酣醉	half-drunk, elevated, hilarious.
<i>han¹-yin³</i>	酣飲	to drink till half-intoxicated.
<i>han¹</i>	頁 預 ^{389b162b}	slow, tardy, dawdling, dilatory.
<i>han¹-man⁴</i>	預慢	same (man ¹ han ¹).
<i>han¹-ta⁴-mien⁴</i>	預大面	a broad face; impudent, shameless.
<i>han¹</i>	鼻 鼾 ^{389c162b}	to snore.
HAN²	口 含 ^{391a162b}	to hold in the mouth; to restrain, to repress.
<i>han²-ch'én³</i>	含矜	disgraceful.
<i>han²-hén⁴</i>	含恨	to cherish resentment.
<i>han²-hsiao⁴</i>	含笑	to repress a laugh, to smile.
<i>han²-hsiao⁴-hua¹</i>	含笑花	the magnolia.
<i>han²-hsiü¹</i>	含羞	to feel ashamed, to blush.
<i>han²-hu³</i>	含糊	to mutter; to keep silent, reticent, stolid; in-
<i>han²-jén³</i>	含忍	to bear, to put up with, to endure, enduring.
<i>han²-ju⁴</i>	含入	to enter; to put in.
<i>han²-jung³</i>	含容	to endure, to put up with (pao ¹ han ²).
<i>han²-k'ou³</i>	含口	to hold in the mouth (hsien ²).
<i>han²-lei⁴</i>	含淚	to refrain from shedding tears (liu ² lei ⁴).
<i>han²-lien⁴</i>	含斂	to prepare corpse for burial (ch'êng ² lien ⁴).
<i>han²-lou⁴</i>	含露	to refrain from disclosing.
<i>han²-nu⁴</i>	含怒	to refrain one's anger; cherish anger.
<i>han²-pi³</i>	含筆	to put the point of a pencil in mouth.
<i>han²-t'u³</i>	含吐	to spit out, to blurt out.
<i>han²-yüan¹</i>	含冤	to bear injustice, etc. (cf. han ³ yüan ¹).

han ² :	寒 ^{391c163b}	cold; poor.
han ² -chan ⁴	寒戰	to tremble with cold.
han ² -chi ²	寒疾	a sort of ague, a cold (yao ⁴ chi ²).
han ² -ch'i ⁴	寒氣	cold air.
han ² -chia ¹	寒家	a poor family (p'iu ²).
han ² -ch'uang ¹	寒窗	a poor student.
han ² -fêng ¹	寒風	a cold wind (liang ² fêng ¹).
han ² -hsin ¹	寒心	fearful; cold; disheartened at ingratitude.
han ² -hsüan ¹ -ti ¹ -hua ⁴	寒暄的話	formal enquiries in a letter.
han ² -i ¹	寒衣	winter clothing.
han ² -jê ⁴	寒熱	cold and hot, fever.
han ² -jê ⁴ -wang ¹ -lai ²	寒熱往來	intermittent fever; a year.
han ² -ju ²	寒儒	a poor scholar.
han ² -k'u ³	寒苦	"cold and bitter," poor, poverty (p'in ² han ²).
han ² -kuan ¹	寒官	a poor post (official).
han ² -la ²	寒來	the approach of cold weather.
han ² -lêng	寒冷	cold; winter.
han ² -liang ²	寒涼	cold, cool; autumn.
han ² -lu ⁴	寒露	"cold dew," the ninth month. See Note 21.
han ² -mao ²	寒毛	the down on a woman's face; hair on the skin.
han ² -shih ²	寒食	a term (day before the ch'ing'-ming ² festival).
han ² -shih ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -shên ¹	寒士出身	famous as a poor student. [Note 21.]
han ² -shu ²	寒暑	cold and heat.
han ² -shu ² -piao ²	寒暑表	a thermometer (fêng ¹ yü ² piao ²).
han ² -so ⁴	寒縮	retiring, bashful (mien ² t'ien ²).
han ² -t'ien ¹	寒天	cold weather.
han ² -wang ⁴ -shu ³ -lai ²	寒往暑來	cold passes and heat comes.
han ² -ya ¹	寒鴉	crows (white breasted).
han ² -yao ²	寒窰	a disused kiln.
han ²	水 冫 涵 ^{390b163a}	to soak; to bear; to treat leniently, to look over.
han ² -liang ⁴	涵量	to treat leniently (k'uau ¹ tai ⁴).
han ² -pao ¹	涵包	to be lenient (pao ¹ han ²).
han ² -yang ²	涵養	to cherish; liberal, lenient; self-control.
han ² -yung ²	涵容	lenient, forgiving, liberal.
han ²	函 函 函 ^{390b163a}	a letter, an envelope; to infold; armour.
han ² -hsin ⁴	函信	a letter.
han ² -ku ² -kuan ¹	函谷關	pass to Shansi.
HAN ²	罕 ^{389a164a}	rare, scarce, few, unfrequent (hsi ¹ han ²).
han ² -chien ⁴	罕見	rarely seen.
han ² -tao ⁴	罕到	rarely come to hand.
han ² -wên ²	罕聞	rarely heard of.
han ² -yen ²	罕言	reticent, of few words.

han³-yu³
 han³-yu³-ti¹-shih⁴
 han³ 口
 han³-chiao⁴
 han³-chiu⁴-ming⁴
 han³-hsing³-liao³
 han³-kan¹-liao³-sang³
 han³-pu⁴-hui²-lai²
 han³-ti¹-ch' a⁴-sheng¹
 han³-yüan¹

罕有
 罕有的事
 喊 392c164a
 喊叫
 喊救命
 喊醒了
 喊乾了
 喊不回來
 喊的岔聲
 喊冤

there is rarely, seldom have.
 a rare thing.
 to vociferate, to call loudly, to call to.
 to vociferate, to call loudly (hu¹ han³).
 shouting "murder!"
 called awake.
 shouted his throat dry.
 cannot be called back.
 called till my voice cracks.
 to cry for justice in yamen (su⁴ yüan¹).

HAN⁴ 水 彡 漢 393a164b
 han⁴-chang⁴
 han⁴-chao³
 han⁴-ch' i⁴
 han⁴-chiang¹
 han⁴-chien¹
 han⁴-chuang¹
 han⁴-chuang¹-ta³-pan⁴
 han⁴-chiün¹
 han⁴-chiün¹-ch' i²-jên²
 han⁴-jên²
 han⁴-k' ou³
 han⁴-ping¹
 han⁴-shih⁴
 han⁴-shou⁴-t' ing²-hou⁴
 han⁴-tzu³
 han⁴-wên²

漢 393a164b
 漢丈
 漢朝
 漢氣
 漢江
 漢奸
 漢妝
 漢裝
 漢軍
 漢軍
 漢人
 漢人
 漢口
 漢兵
 漢室
 漢壽亭侯
 漢子
 漢文

the Milky Way; name of a dynasty; a Chinese stature (shên¹ liang⁴).
 the Han dynasty (B. C. 206—A. D. 220).
 bold, manly, defiant.
 the river Han,
 a Chinese spy (tso⁴ hsien⁴, chien¹ hsi⁴).
 Chinese style of female dress.
 Chinese style of dress.
 the Chinese bannermen.
 Chinese Bannermen,
 a Chinese (one of the people).
 Hankow.
 Chinese troops.
 Han dynasty (man³ han⁴).
 i. e., Kuan Ti, God of War.
 a Chinese; a man; a husband.
 Chinese literature.
 perspiration, sweat (ch' u¹ han⁴).
 a sash, a girdle.
 perspiring freely.
 sweat pouring down one's face.
 perspiring freely, quite moist.
 the short hair on cuticle.
 prickly heat (fei⁴ tzu³).
 a sweat shirt.
 sweat has soaked through.
 a sweat shirt.
 shame, a feeling of shame (hai⁴ sao⁴).
 dry, drought, want of rain (t' ien¹ han⁴).
 the nasturtium.
 drought and locusts.
 drought and inundation,

han⁴ 水 彡 汗 388c165b
 han⁴-chin¹
 han⁴-chin¹-chin¹-ti¹
 han⁴-liu²-man³-mien⁴
 han⁴-lu⁴-lu⁴-ti¹
 han⁴-mao³
 han⁴-pan¹
 han⁴-shan¹
 han⁴-t' a¹-liao³
 han⁴-t' a¹-tzu³
 han⁴-yen³
 han⁴ 日 旱 389c164c
 han⁴-chin¹-lien²
 han⁴ huang³
 han⁴-lao¹

汗 388c165b
 汗巾
 汗巾
 汗流
 汗流
 汗露
 汗毛
 汗斑
 汗衫
 汗衫
 汗衫
 汗衫
 汗顏
 旱 389c164c
 旱金蓮
 旱蝗
 旱澇

han ⁴ -lu ⁴		旱路	roads (shui ² lu ⁴).
han ⁴ -pa ²		旱魃	demon of drought.
han ⁴ -tao ⁴ .kêng ¹ -mî ²		旱稻梗米	dry land paddy.
han ⁴ -t'ien ⁴		旱天	drought, dry season.
han ⁴ -tsai ¹		旱災	visitation of drought.
han ⁴ -yen ¹		旱烟	tobacco smoked dry <i>vs.</i> water-pipe.
han ⁴	手才	撼 ^{393a} 166c	to move, to shake, to excite.
han ⁴ -lung ⁴		撼動	same.
han ⁴ -yao ²		撼搖	same.
han ⁴	羽	翰 ^{392b} 166b	a pencil; a letter; composition, literature.
han ⁴ -lin ²		翰林	"pencil grove," a Han-lin graduate (tien ² han ⁴
han ⁴ -lin ² .yüan ⁴		翰林院	the Han-lin college at Peking. G. 201. [lin ²].
han ⁴ -mo ⁴		翰墨	pencil and ink; literature.
han ⁴ -wan ² -chih ¹ -ts'ai ²		翰苑之才	the talents of a (future) Han-lin
han ⁴	口呖	和 ^{106a} 254c	with, together with, to join with See ho ² .
han ⁴ -pieh ² -jên ²		和別人	with another person.
han ⁴ -t'a ¹		和他	with him.
han ⁴ -wo ²		和我	with me (kên ¹ wo ² ch'ü ⁴).
han ⁴	心忮	悍 ^{390a} 165a	cruel.
han ⁴ -fu ⁴		悍婦	a virago, a vixen (p'o ⁴ fu ⁴ , tiao ¹ lao ² p'o ²).
han ⁴	金釧	針 ^{390a} 165a	to solder (hsi ²).
han ⁴	心	憾 ^{392c} 166c	resentful, vexed at.
han ⁴ -hên ⁴		憾恨	resentful hate.
han ⁴	石	研 ^{389a} 165a	sort of stone.
han ⁴ -pai ² .yü ⁴		碑白玉	white marble.

HANG ¹	石	碓 ^{393c} 168a	a rammer; to ram ground down for building.
hang ¹ -hao ⁴		碓號	the beater's song (signal given for blow).
hang ¹ -ko ¹		碓歌	the song of beaters.

HANG ²	行	行 ^{476a} 207b	a class, kind, sort, series; a row, a rank.
hang ² -ch'êng ⁴		行秤	steelyard with standard weight (t'ien ² p'ing ²).
hang ² -chi ²		行幾	which brother are you?
hang ² -chia ¹		行家	class, profession, men of trade, etc. (tsai ⁴ hang ²).
hang ² -ch'ing ²		行情	custom of the trade; price.
hang ² -fan ¹		行販	to trade, to buy and sell (mai ² mai ⁴).
hang ² -huo ⁴		行貨	inferior or second hand goods.
hang ² -i ¹ -fu ²		行衣服	to stitch clothes (fêng ²).
hang ² -k'uan ²		行欸	column in a book.
hang ² -kuei ¹		行規	hong regulations; brokerage.
hang ² -lieh ⁴		行列	all in a row.
hang ² -shang ¹		行商	a merchant (shang ² ku ²).
hang ² -shih ⁴		行市	market price.

<i>hang²-tang¹</i>	行當	occupation (shou ³ i ⁴).
<i>hang²-t'ou²</i>	行頭	head of a firm (tung ¹ chia ¹).
<i>hang²-tzü²</i>	行子	a tribe, a set, a fellow (contemptuous).
<i>hang²-wu²</i>	行伍	rank and file (tui ⁴ wu ²).
<i>hang²</i>	木 杭	name of a place.
<i>hang²-chou¹</i>	杭州	Hangchow, capital of Chekiang. W. I. 117.
HANG⁴	已 巷	side street, lane. See <i>hsiang⁴</i> .
HAO¹	艸 卮 蒿	asparagus; tansy; worthless, of no-account.
<i>hao¹-ts'ao²</i>	蒿草	jungle.
<i>hao¹-tzu²</i>	蒿子	jungle; tansy; a worthless person.
HAO²	毛 毫	a small hair; fine, trifling; a weight.
<i>hao²-fa³-wu²-han⁴</i>	毫髮無憾	am extremely willing.
<i>hao²-fa³-wu²-i²</i>	毫髮無疑	not the slightest doubt.
<i>hao²-li²</i>	毫厘	a small degree, the least, the slightest.
<i>hao²-li²-pu⁴-shuang³</i>	毫釐不爽	exact to a hair.
<i>hao²-mo⁴</i>	毫末	petty, trifling.
<i>hao²-pu⁴-jên²</i>	毫不可忍	not bear the slightest.
<i>hao²-pu⁴-jung²</i>	毫不容	not allow the least.
<i>hao²-wu²-hsiang¹-kan¹</i>	毫無相干	not the least connection with.
<i>hao²-wu²-kan¹-shê⁴</i>	毫無干涉	same
<i>hao²-wu²-k'o³-ch'ü²</i>	毫無可取	not a single good point.
<i>hao²-wu²-kou⁴-fan⁴</i>	毫無過犯	blameless.
<i>hao²-wu²-shan¹-chuan⁴</i>	毫無善狀	entirely devoid of a virtuous appearance.
<i>hao²-wu²-ying²-hsiang⁴</i>	毫無影像	without the least shadow.
<i>hao²</i>	豕 豪	brave, heroic, martial, warlike; talented.
<i>hao²-ch'i⁴</i>	豪氣	a brave disposition.
<i>hao²-ch'iang²</i>	豪強	heroic, brave; hero.
<i>hao²-chieh²</i>	豪傑	a hero (ying ¹ hsiung ²).
<i>hao²-fu⁴</i>	豪富	well off.
<i>hao²-hêng⁴</i>	豪橫	unreasonable dependence on power, etc. [shih ⁴].
<i>hao²-hsia²</i>	豪俠	chivalric, Quixotic; a hero.
<i>hao²</i>	土 壕	a ditch, a moat (kou ¹).
<i>hao²-k'êng¹</i>	壕坑	city moat.
<i>hao²-kou¹</i>	壕溝	same.
<i>hao²</i>	手 扠 (鐮) 扠	to compare, to estimate; to pull out.
<i>hao²-fa²</i>	扠髮	to pull out the hair.
<i>hao²</i>	日 昊	a bright summer sky, the sky, Heaven
<i>hao²-t'ien¹</i>	昊天	summer; Heaven.
<i>hao²-t'ien¹-shang⁴-ti⁴</i>	昊天上帝	Heaven; God.
<i>hao² (ho)</i>	鳥 鶴	a kind of crane. R. 52 (hsien ¹ hao ²).

HAO ¹	女	好 ^{397c171o}	good ; very ; to like, to be addicted to (4th tone). [M. 173, M. 176.]
hao ³ -chi ² -liao ²		好極了	exceedingly good.
hao ³ -chi ² -tz'u ⁴		好幾次	a good many times.
hao ³ -ch'ih ² -lan ² -tso ⁴		好吃懶做	lazy glutton (ch'an ² tsui ³ jên ²).
hao ³ -ching ² -k'uang ⁴		好景兒	a pleasant prospect ; a good time.
hao ³ -chiu ²		好久	a long while.
hao ³ -chiu ²		好酒	addicted to drink (tsui ⁴).
hao ⁴ -chiu ² -sê ⁴		好酒色	addicted to profligacy.
hao ³ -ch'iu ² -chuan ⁴		好運傳	the Fortunate Union, a novel.
hao ⁴ -ch'u ² -t'ou ³		好出頭	fond of putting yourself forward.
hao ³ -ch'u ⁴		好處	advantage, benefit (i ² ch'u ⁴).
hao ⁴ -ch'uan ² -hao ⁴ -tai ⁴		好穿好戴	fond of dressing.
hao ³ -ch'üeh ¹		好缺	a good vacancy.
hao ³ -fêng ¹ -su ²		好風俗	a good custom (kuei ¹ chü ⁴).
hao ³ -fêng ¹ -shui ²		好風水	a good position, e. g., for a house, grave, etc.
hao ³ -han ⁴ -tzü ³		好漢子	a good man ; a stout Chinese.
hao ³ -hao ³ -ti ⁴		好好的	quietly, peacefully (un ¹ shêng ¹).
hao ⁴ -hai ³		好喜	to like, to be addicted to.
hao ³ -hsiang ⁴		好像	just like, as if, for instance (p'i ⁴ jo ⁴).
hao ³ -hsiao ²		好學	good or easy to learn ; devoted to learning.
hao ³ -hsiao ⁴		好笑	very laughable (k'o ³ hsiao ⁴).
hao ³ -hsieh ¹		好些	a good many ; a little better.
hao ³ -hsieh ¹ -ko ⁴		好些個	a good many.
hao ⁴ -hsien ²		好閒	lazy, to lounge, to loaf.
hao ⁴ -hsien ² -yu ³		好閒遊	fond of sauntering.
hao ³ -hsin ¹		好心	kind, good hearted.
hao ³ -hsin ¹ -liao ² -i ⁴		好心好意	with the best intentions (hao ³ p'i ² ch'i ⁴).
hao ³ -hsing ¹ -ch'ing ²		好性情	a good natural disposition. [(lang ⁴ fei ⁴).
hao ¹ -hua ² -ch'ien ²		好花錢	to spend too much money or to like to, etc.
hao ³ -hua ⁴		好話	good language, sensible talk.
hao ³ -hui ¹ -ch'i ⁴		好穢氣	very bad stench.
hao ³ hun ⁴ -chang ⁴ -jên ²		好混賬人	a fine rascal !
hao ² -huo ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chien ⁴		好貨不賤	good articles are not cheap.
hao ³ -jê ⁴		好熱	very hot.
hao ³ -jê ¹ -nao ⁴		好熱鬧	a great bustle, fête, etc. ; to like gaiety, etc.
hao ³ -jên ²		好人	a good man (shan ⁴ jên ²).
hao ³ -jih ⁴		好日	a birthday, a holiday, a good day ; good weather.
hao ³ -ju ⁴		好如	very like ; as good as.
hao ³ -jung ² -i ⁴		好容易	precious easy (ironical) (mei ³ mao ⁴).
hao ³ -k'an ⁴		好看	good-looking ; to like looking at (4).
hao ³ -lêng ³		好冷	very cold.
hao ⁴ -li ⁴		好利	covetous, fond of gain ; good profit (3).
hao ³ -liao ²		好了	finished, ready.

hao ³ -liao ³ -mo ² -yu ³	好了沒有	are you better?
hao ³ -miao ⁴	好妙	excellent, admirable.
hao ³ -miao ⁴ -suan ⁴	好妙算	a most excellent stratagem (chi ¹ mou ⁴).
hao ³ -ming ³	好名	a good name; a lover of fame; ambitious.
hao ³ -ming ⁴	好命	a good destiny.
hao ⁴ -nien ⁴ -ching ¹	好念經	fond of reading prayers.
hao ⁷ -pi ³	好比	for instance.
hao ³ -p'i ³ -ch'i ⁴	好脾氣	good tempered.
hao ⁴ -p'iao ³	好嫖	addicted to profligacy.
hao ³ -pu ⁴ -hao ³	好不好	is it good? will it do? do you like it?
hao ³ -pu ⁴ -nai ⁴ -fan ²	好不耐煩	without any patience.
hao ⁴ -sü ⁴	好色	addicted to debauchery, dissolute.
hao ⁴ -sha ¹	好殺	the very best.
hao ⁴ -shan ⁴ -wu ¹ -o ⁴	好善惡惡	to love good and hate evil.
hao ³ -shao ¹	好燒	to burn well; to draw, as a stove.
hao ³ -shên ⁴	好慎	carefully (hsiao ³ hsin ¹).
hao ³ -shêng ¹	好生	carefully, attentively.
hao ⁴ -shêng ¹ -chih ¹ -tê ²	好生之德	virtue of loving production, e. g., Heaven.
hao ³ -shih ³	好使	usable, handy for use.
hao ³ -shih ⁴	好事	meritorious act (kung ¹ tê ²).
hao ³ -shih ⁴	好事	fond of affairs.
hao ³ -shih ⁴ -hao ³	好是好	it is no doubt good, <i>but</i> —; really good.
hao ³ -shou ³ -i ⁴	好手藝	a good handicraftsman.
hao ³ -shuang ¹ -k'uai ⁴	好爽快	very well in health; very cheerful, jolly
hao ⁴ -shui ³ -ts'uo ³ -chiao ⁴	好睡早覺	fond of going early to bed.
hao ³ -shuo ¹	好說	you are welcome; you say well; thanks
hao ⁴ -shuo ¹ -hua ⁴	好說話	fond of talking.
hao ¹ -ssü ¹	好似	very like, closely resembling.
hao ³ -sui ¹ -shih ⁴ -hao ³	好雖是好	although it is good, <i>yet</i> —.
hao ³ -ta ³	好打	a good thrashing (tu ³ i ¹ tun ⁴).
hao ³ -ta ⁴	好大	very large; pompous.
hao ³ -ta ⁴ -chia ¹ -tzu ³	好大架子	a loud pretentious fellow (ta ⁴ mu ⁴ ta ⁴ yang).
hao ³ -tai ³	好歹	good and bad.
hao ³ -tai ³ -pu ⁴ -têng ³	好歹不等	various qualities.
hao ³ -tê ² -hên ³	好得狠	very or exceedingly good.
hao ³ -tê ² -li ⁴ -hai ⁴	好得利害	"dangerously good," exceedingly good.
hao ³ -t'i ³ -mien ⁴	好體面	very fine.
hao ³ -t'ien ¹	好天	fine weather, a fine day,
hao ³ -t'ien ² -ch'i ⁴	好天氣	fine weather.
hao ³ -to ¹	好多	a good many, very many, numerous,
hao ³ -to ¹ -ti ¹	好多的	same.
hao ³ -ts'ai ³ -ch'i ⁴	好彩氣	good fortune (yün ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
hao ³ -tsui ³	好嘴	"a good mouth," fluency of speech, loquacity.

hao ³ -wa ²	好哇	how do you do ?
hao ⁴ -wu ³ -i ⁴	好武藝	fond of martial pursuits ; good military capacity.
hao ³ -yen ³ -hao ³ -yü ³	好言好語	excellent words.
HAO⁴	号	號 396b173b
hao ⁴ -ch'i ²	號	旗
hao ³ -ch'i ⁴	號	泣
hao ⁴ -chün ¹	號	軍
hao ⁴ -fang ³	號	房
hao ⁴ -fo ³	號	佛
hao ⁴ -i ¹	號	衣
hao ⁴ -ling ⁴	號	令
hao ⁴ -ma ³	號	嗎
hao ⁴ -mo ⁴	號	脉
hao ⁴ -p'ao ⁴	號	砲
hao ⁴ -pu ⁴	號	簿
hao ³ -t'ao ² -ta ⁴ -k'u ⁴	號	咷 大 哭
hao ³ -t'ien ¹	號	天
hao ⁴ -t'ou ³	號	頭
hao ⁴ -t'ung ³	號	筒
hao ⁴	水 彳	汜 399a172c
hao ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	浩	氣
hao ⁴ -jan ² -chih ³ -ch'i ⁴	浩	然 之 氣
hao ⁴ -ta ⁴	浩	大
hao ⁴ -tang ⁴	浩	蕩
hao ⁴	白	皓 399a172b
hao ⁴ -pai ³	皓	白
hao ⁴ -shou ³	皓	首
hao ⁴ -yūsh ⁴	皓	月
hao ⁴	耨	耗 396a173a
hao ⁴ -chien ³	耗	減
hao ⁴ -fei ⁴	耗	費
hao ⁴ -kan ¹ -liao ³	耗	乾 了
hao ⁴ -ti ¹ -ching ⁴ -kuang ¹	耗	自 淨 光
hao ⁴ -tzu ³	耗	子
hao ⁴ -tzu ³ -k'u ¹ -lung ³	耗	子 窟 窿
HÊ		See HO.
HEI¹	黑	黑 399c218c
hei ¹ -an ⁴	黑	暗
hei ¹ -an ⁴ -an ⁴ -ti ¹	黑	暗 暗 的
hei ¹ -ch'ai ¹ -i ⁴	黑	差 役
hei ¹ -chih ¹ -ma ³	黑	芝 蔴
		black, dark, sombre ; night.
		dark.
		dark, darkly.
		a certain class of police (tsao ⁴ pan ⁴).
		Indian sesame.

hei¹-fêng¹ 黑風
 hei¹-hsia⁴ 黑下
 hei¹-hsin¹ 黑心
 hei¹-hua⁴ 黑話
 hei¹-huo⁴ 黑貨
 hei¹-jên³ 黑人
 hei¹-kan¹-k'u¹-shou⁴ 黑乾枯瘦
 hei¹-ko¹-hsing¹ 黑絡星
 hei¹-kou³ 黑狗
 hei¹-ku¹-tung¹ 黑姑冬
 hei¹-lan²-ting³-tai⁴ 黑藍頂戴
 hei¹-lu⁴ 黑綠
 hei¹-lu⁴-lu⁴-ti¹ 黑碌碌的
 hei¹-lung²-chiang¹ 黑龍江
 hei¹-mien⁴ 黑麵
 hei¹-mo⁴ 黑墨
 hei¹-mo⁴-hu²-yen³ 黑墨糊眼
 hei¹-mo⁴-wu¹-tsui³ 黑墨烏嘴
 hei¹-pai² 黑白
 hei¹-pai²-pu⁴-fên¹ 黑白不分
 hei¹-shêng¹-k'ou³ 黑牲口
 hei¹-t'ang² 黑糖
 hei¹-tao⁴-jih⁴ 黑道日
 hei¹-tou⁴ 黑豆
 hei¹-tsao³ 黑棗
 hei¹-wu¹-wu¹-ti¹ 黑烏烏的
 hei¹-yeh⁴ 黑夜
 hei¹-yen¹ 黑烟

a dark dust storm.
 night time (yeh⁴ chien¹).
 black at heart, evil.
 dark language, secret dialect, e. g., of thieves.
 "black goods," opium; smuggled goods (ssü¹
 a guilty official who hides his identity. [huo⁴).
 sallow and shrivelled (huang² p'i³ kua¹ shou⁴).
 a blemish, a fleck.
 black dog (which eats the sun at eclipse).
 just before daybreak; dark.
 dark blue button
 bottle green.
 quite dark, discolored,
 the Amoor.
 dark flour.
 black ink.
 blotted, defaced.
 same.
 black and white; good and bad.
 fig. stupid.
 euphemism for pig among Mahomedans.
 dark sugar.
 an unpropitious day (huang² tao⁴ jih⁴).
 black beans.
 black dates
 jet black.
 "black night," night.
 "black smoke," opium (ta⁴ yen¹).

HĒN² (tzŭ) 疔 痕 400c167a
 hên²-chi⁴ 痕跡

a scar, a mark, a trace; ripples, wrinkles, etc.
 scars of wounds, traces of, etc. (tsung¹ chi⁴).

HĒN³ 彳 { 很 400a167b
 hên³ 犬 { 狠 400b167b
 hên³-chien⁴-chang³ 很見長進
 hên³-hso³ [chin⁴ 狠好
 hên³-hsiao³ 狠小
 hên³-hsin¹ 狠心
 hên³-k'u³ 狠苦
 hên³-nan³ 狠難
 hên³-pa¹-pu¹-ti¹ 狠巴的
 hên³-pu⁴-hao³ 狠不好
 hên³-shao³ 狠少

very, extremely. M. 37.
 same.
 shews great progress.
 very good (hao³ tê² hên³).
 very small. [fixed
 harsh, pitiless, remorseless; mind-unalterably
 extremely bitter; very miserable.
 very difficult.
 very severe, malicious.
 very bad.
 very few.

hêng²-an¹-shu⁴-ssü⁴ 橫三豎四
 hêng⁴-shih⁴ 橫事
 hêng⁴-shu⁴ 橫豎
 hêng²-shuo¹-shu⁴-shuo¹ 橫說豎說
 hêng⁴-ssü³ 橫死
 hêng²-t'ang³-shu⁴-wo⁴ 橫躺豎臥
 hêng⁴-tiu¹-tiu¹-ti¹ 橫丟丟的
 hêng² 心小恆 恒 402b169c
 hêng²-ch'an³ 恒產
 hêng²-chin⁴ 恒勁
 hêng²-ch'ing² 恒情
 hêng²-chiu³ 恒久
 hêng²-hsiang¹ 恒相
 hêng²-hsin¹ 恒心
 hêng²-hsing¹ 恒星
 hêng⁴-jén³-chiu³-nai⁴ 恒忍久耐
 hêng² 行衡 衡 401a169b
 hêng²-p'ing² 衡平
 hêng²-shan¹ 衡山
 hêng² 上亨 亨 400c169a
 hêng²-t'ung¹ 亨通

this way and that way, back and forth.
 misfortune, trouble. [(fan¹ tia⁴).
 horizontal and perpendicular; on no account
 inconsistent talk.
 an untimely death (yao¹ ming⁴).
 to lollop, to lounge.
 reckless, violent.
 constant, continual, of long continuance.
 patrimony; property, income.
 perseverance.
 one's general disposition; propensity.
 enduring for a long time or for ever.
 constant intercourse.
 perseverance, constancy.
 fixed stars.
 everlasting patience.
 crosswise; the beam of a balance,
 a pair of scales (t'ien¹ p'ing²).
 a famous mountain in Hunan,
 successful; persevering; extensive.
 persevering; going through with a thing.

HÈNG⁴ 言諱 諱 402c170c

to look at angrily; to berate.

HO¹ (hé) 口喝 403a216b
 ho¹-ch'a² 喝茶
 ho¹-chiu³ 喝酒
 ho¹-feng¹ 喝風
 ho¹-shui³ 喝水
 ho¹-ta⁴-shêng¹ 喝大聲
 ho¹-tao⁴ 喝道
 ho¹ tao⁴-tzü³ 喝道子
 ho¹-t'ang¹ 喝湯
 ho¹-ts'ai³ 喝采
 ho¹-tsu²-liao³ 喝足了
 ho¹-tsui⁴ 喝醉
 ho¹-ya²-pa¹-chiu³ 喝啞吧酒
 ho¹ 口呵 403c215a
 ho¹-ch'ien⁴ 呵欠
 ho¹-fêng⁴ 呵奉

a shout, an angry exclamation; to drink.
 drink tea.
 to drink wine (yin³ chiu³).
 drink wind, e. g., vanity.
 drink water.
 to shout loudly, to bawl (han³ chia⁴).
 shouting said.
 men who precede officials to clear the way, etc.
 to drink soup.
 to applaud, to encore.
 have drunk enough (ch'ih¹ pao³ la).
 to get drunk (t'ung¹ yin³).
 to sit silent drinking wine.
 to expel the breath.
 a gape, a yawn (ha¹ hsi²).
 to flatter, to act the sycophant (ch'an³ mei⁴).

HO² 口合 407a217b
 ho²-chang³ 合掌

to close, to join, to pair, to agree, to harmonise.
 to close or clasp the hands.

ho³-ché³
 ho³-chü³
 ho³-chung⁴-kuo³
 ho³-êrh²-wei³.i¹
 ho³-fa³
 ho³-fêng⁴
 ho³-hao³
 ho³-hsin¹
 ho³-hu¹-tz'ü³
 ho³-hui⁴
 ho³-huo³
 ho³-i¹-ta³-suan⁴
 ho³-i³
 ho³-i⁴
 ho³-kai¹
 ho³-k'ou³
 ho³-k'ou³-t'ung²-shêng¹
 ho³-kuei¹-chü⁴
 ho³-kung⁴
 ho³-li³
 ho³-lung³-ch'i³-lai³
 ho³-mei³
 ho³-mén³
 ho³-mou³
 ho³-mu⁴
 ho³-ou³
 ho³-pên³
 ho³-pi³
 ho³-shih⁴
 ho³-shou³
 ho³-suan⁴
 ho³-tang¹
 ho³-tuo⁴-li³
 ho³-tsui⁴-i¹-k'uai³
 ho³-tsang⁴
 ho³-t'ung³
 ho³-wei³
 ho³-wo⁴-li¹-shih⁴
 ho³-yeh⁴
 ho³-yen³
 ho³-yung⁴
 ho³
 ho³-ch'ang³

合轍
 合局
 合衆國
 合而爲一
 合法
 合縫
 合好
 合心
 合手此
 合會
 合夥
 合一打算
 合宜
 合意
 合該
 合口
 合口同聲
 合規矩
 合共
 合理
 合攏起來
 合美
 合門
 合謀
 合目
 合偶
 合本
 合璧
 合式
 合手
 合算
 合當
 合道理
 合在一塊
 合葬
 合同
 合圍
 合戔的式
 合頁
 合眼
 合用
 何
 何嘗

(cart wheels) fit the ruts.
 partnership in trade; completion, **completed**.
 the United States of America (mei³ kuo³).
 to bring into one.
 according to law, legal, lawful,
 the edges of the crack fitted together.
 friendly, agreeable. [ssü¹].
 of one mind, to agree with one's views (tui⁴ hsin¹)
 agreeing with this.
 to assemble together.
 to become partners (ta¹ huo³ chi⁴)
 to estimate, to calculate, to plan.
 fit, proper.
 to suit one's views.
 it is destiny (ming⁴)
 to shut the mouth; of one opinion (in speech).
 with one voice (i¹ k'ou³ t'ung² yin¹).
 according to custom, usage or propriety.
 to make up the sum total; all united.
 reasonable, right.
 to unite many together, to aggregate.
 cordial, friendly (ho³ mu⁴).
 to shut the door; a family.
 to conspire (t'ung² mou³).
 to close the eyes (pi⁴ yen³).
 to pair, to unite in pairs.
 to unite capital.
 side by side.
 to fit, to suit; proper. [dient.
 equals in ability, etc., to close the hand; obe.
 to add together, to reckon the sum of.
 ought, should, proper to.
 reasonable, right.
 to join together.
 to be buried together.
 a government contract; an agreement.
 to enclose on all sides.
 it suits me.
 hinges.
 to close the eyes (pi⁴ yen³).
 to suit, to answer the purpose intended.
 who? what? which? how? why? M. 451.
 why? when? for what reason?

人 404c215c

* Note 33.

ho ² -chih ⁴ -ju ² -tz'ü ³	何至此	why carry it to this extent?
ho ² -ch'u ³ -tz'ü ³ -yen ³	何出此言	why do you utter such words?
ho ² -fang ¹	何妨	what objection? etc.
ho ² -hsing ⁴ -ho ² -ming ²	何姓何名	what is your name and surname?
ho ² -i ³	何以	how shall we? etc
ho ² -jên ² -chien ⁴ -chéng ⁴	何人見証	whose evidence is this?
ho ² -ju ²	何如	how? in what manner (tsên ² yang ⁴).
ho ² -kan ¹	何干	what concern? what business with?
ho ² -kan ³	何敢	how dare?
ho ² -k'an ¹	何堪	how can I? how worthy to? how adequate?
ho ² -ku ⁴	何故	why? on what account? wherefore?
ho ² -k'u ²	何苦	why? what occasion?
ho ² -k'u ³ -lai ³	*何苦來	how unfortunate! why take the trouble?
ho ² -k'uang ⁴	何况	how much more also? how able thus to?
ho ² -nêng ²	何能	how able to?
ho ² -pi ⁴	何必	what need or necessity? who must?
ho ² -p'in ³ -chi ²	何品級	what rank or degree?
ho ² -pu ⁴	何不	why not? to be sure, why shouldn't?
ho ² -shih ²	何時	at what time?
ho ² -shih ⁴	何事	what affair?
ho ² -tê ² -ho ² -nêng ²	何德何能	what virtue, what ability?
ho ² -têng ³	何等	what sort?
ho ² -tsai ⁴	何在	at what place? where?
ho ² -ts'êng ²	何曾	how can? how able to?
ho ² -tsu ²	何足	what need? why?
ho ² -tsu ² -kua ⁴ -ch'ih ³	何足掛齒	don't mention it (polite).
ho ² -wang ³	何往	where are you going?
ho ² -wei ²	何爲	why? wherefore? what are you doing?
ho ² -wu ⁴	何物	what or which thing?
ho ² -yüan ² -ku ⁴	何緣故	why?
ho ² -yung ⁴	何用	of what use?
ho ²	水 403c215b	a river (chiang ¹).
ho ² -an ⁴	河岸	the bank of a river.
ho ² -ch'ien ³	河淺	the river is shallow.
ho ² -ch'u ¹ -ts'ao ²	河出槽	the river overflows its banks.
ho ² -hsin ¹	河心	the bottom or channel of the river.
ho ² -k'ai ¹ -k'ou ²	河開口	there is a breach in the river banks.
ho ² -kou ¹	河溝	dry bed of a torrent, gulch.
ho ² -k'ou ²	河口	the mouth of a river.
ho ² -li ³ -wu ² -yü ²	河裏無魚	there is no fish in the river.
ho ² -lu ⁴	河路	river travel (han ⁴ lu ⁴).
ho ² -nan ²	河南	the province of Honan. W. I. 97.
ho ² -pa ⁴	河壩	a dike, break-water.

ho²-pie¹	河邊	the river side.
ho²-shên²	河深	the river is deep.
ho²-shên²	河身	body, or "volume" of a river.
ho²-t'an¹	河灘	shallows, rapids in river.
ho²-tao⁴	河道	banks or bed of a river,
ho²-têng¹	河燈	river-lamps.
ho²-ti¹	河堤	dyke on river bank.
ho²-wan¹	河灣	bend in the river.
ho²-yen²	河沿	the bank of a river; along the river's bank.
ho²	荷 卮	the lotus or water-lily; to hear, to sustain.
ho²-ch'ih²	荷池	a water-lily pond.
ho²-fu²-ch'ü³	荷芙葉	marsh-mallows.
ho²-hua¹	荷花	the lotus blossom.
ho²-hua²	荷華	same.
ho²-lan²-kuo³	荷蘭國	Holland.
ho²-lan²-shu³	荷蘭薯	the European potato (shan¹ yao³ t'bu²'rh).
ho²-lan²-shui³	荷蘭水	soda-water.
ho²-puo¹	荷包	a purse, a small bag.
ho²-yeh⁴	荷葉	leaves of the lotus.
ho²-yüeh⁴	荷月	"water-lily month." the 6th month. See Note 32
ho²	和 口齋味	mild, agreeing, peaceful, harmony. See han².
ho²-ch'ih⁴	和氣	friendly feeling, goodwill.
ho²-ch'ih⁴-chih¹-hsiang²	和氣致祥	goodwill is the best goodluck.
ho²-êrh²-liu³	和而流	following the current, pliable.
ho²-fêng¹-kan¹-yü³	和風甘雨	seasonable winds and rains.
ho²-huo³	和好	to reconcile, to agree.
ho¹-ho²	和合	to agree; harmonious union.
ho² hsi²	和息	to make up a quarrel, to become reconciled.
ho²-hsi²-ch'êng²-tzū³	和息呈子	statement handed in, when case is settled out of
ho²-hsieh³	和諧	connubial harmony. [court.
ho²-mei³	和美	peaceable, harmonious.
ho²-mu⁴	和睦	friendly; amity, friendship.
ho²-mu⁴-hsiang¹-li³	和睦鄉里	on friendly terms with your neighbors.
ho²-u²	和泥	to mix earth with water.
ho²-p'ing³	和平	even tempered.
ho²-shang⁴	和尚	a Buddhist priest (sêng¹, pi⁴ ch'iu¹).
ho²-shun⁴	和順	agreeable, complaisant, obliging.
ho²-t'a¹	和他	with him (hsiang⁴ t'a¹).
ho²-yen²-yüeh⁴-sé⁴	和顏悅色	a pleasant, smiling countenance.
ho²-yüeh⁴	和悅	delighted, happy, pleased.
ho²-yüeh⁴	和約	a treaty.
ho²-yün³	和勻	to mix properly or equally.
ho²-wei²-kuei⁴	和爲貴	harmony is of chief importance.

ho ² -wo ³ -i ¹ -t'ung ³		和我一同	together with me.
ho ²	門	闔 408c218b	a door, to shut, to cover; all, a whole family.
ho ² -chai ³		闔宅	a whole family (chū ³ -chia ¹).
ho ² -ch'ao ³		闔朝	military and civil officers of the court.
ho ² -chia ¹		闔家	a whole family (t'uan ² yūan ²).
ho ² -chia ¹ -huan ¹ -lê ⁴		闔家歡樂	the whole family enjoying themselves.
ho ² (hu)	木	核 409a234a	a kernel; a walnut; to calculate; the facts.
ho ² -ch'a ²		核查	to thoroughly examine; to come to the facts.
ho ² -jén ³		核仁	the kernel of nuts.
ho ² -suan ⁴		核算	to calculate (ta ³ suan ⁴).
ho ² -t'ao ³		核桃	the walnut (hu ³ t'ao ³).
ho ² -to ³		核奪	to ascertain the facts.
ho ²	禾	禾 405c254a	crops in general.
ho ² -chia ¹		禾稼	same (chuang ¹ chia ¹).
ho ² -miao ³		禾苗	the young blade of corn.
ho ² -pu ⁴ -shih ³		禾下實	grain not filled.
ho ² -shu ³		禾熟	the corn is ripe, ripe corn.
ho ² -shu ³		禾黍	millet (hsiao ³ mi ³ tzū ³).
ho ² -sui ⁴		禾穗	an ear of corn.
ho ² -t'ien ²		禾田	corn field.
ho ²	衣	褐 403b217a	coarse woollen cloth; plush; an outer garment.
ho ² -f'u ¹		褐夫	a poor person.
ho ² -shan ¹		褐衫	a coarse shirt.
ho ² (tzū)	皿	盒 408a218a	{ a small box; to cover over; a cover (hsia ³ , hsiang ¹).
ho ² -kai ⁴		盒盖	lid of a box.
ho ²	西	覈 409a220c	to examine, to investigate; to verify.
ho ² -ch'a ³		覈查	to examine, to investigate.
ho ²	日	曷 403a216a	why? why not?
ho ² -shêng ⁴ -hsin ¹ -wei ³		曷勝欣慰	I am highly delighted.
HO ⁴	赤	赫 409b219a	bright, fiery; a great reputation.
ho ⁴ -ho ⁴		赫赫	great reputation.
ho ⁴ -ho ⁴ -yu ³ -ming ³		赫赫有名	same.
ho ⁴ -hsien ³		赫顯	brilliantly displayed.
ho ⁴ -ming ³		赫明	to burn brightly or clearly.
ho ⁴ -nu ⁴		赫怒	very angry.
ho ⁴	貝	賀 110c216c	to congratulate; congratulations; to receive
ho ⁴ -ch'ing ⁴		賀慶	to congratulate; congratulation (ch'ing ⁴ ho ⁴).
ho ⁴ -fang ²		賀房	the office of congratulations in yamēns.
ho ⁴ -hao ⁴		賀號	to give extra name in compliment.
ho ⁴ -hsi ³		賀喜	to congratulate.
ho ⁴ -hsin ¹ -niēn ³		賀新年	new year's congratulations.

ho ⁴ -jên ² -shêng ¹ -kuan ¹	賀人陞官	congratulate on official promotion.
ho ⁴ -jên ² -shêng ¹ -tzu ³	賀人生子	congratulate on birth of a son.
ho ⁴ -lao ³	賀勞	to reward merit.
ho ⁴ -li ⁴	賀吏	the clerks of the office of congratulation.
ho ⁴ -shou ⁴	賀壽	birthday congratulation (shêng ¹ jih ⁴).
ho ⁴	土壑	the bed of a torrent ; a ditch, a pit, a pond.
ho ⁴ -kou ¹	壑溝	a ditch.
ho ⁴ -ti ³	壑底	the bed of a ditch, etc.
ho ⁴ (hao)	水澆涸	water dried up ; exhausted.
ho ² -ché ² ,	涸轍	same.

HOU ¹	鼻	齁	411a174a	to snore ; very, extremely.
hou ¹ -ch'í ⁴ -hsi ³		齁氣息		stiflingly rank (shan ¹ hsing ⁴).
hou ¹ -ch'ou ⁴		齁臭		stinking.
hou ¹ -han ⁴		齁肝		to snore (ta ³ hu ¹ lu ³).
hou ¹ -hsien ³		齁鹹		extremely salt, briny salt.
hou ¹ -hsing ¹		齁腥		stiflingly rank.
hou ¹ -k'u ³		齁苦		dreadfully bitter.
hou ¹ -ping ⁴		齁病		asthma.
hou ¹ -sao ¹		齁燥		very rancid.
hou ¹ -suan ¹		齁酸		very sour.

HOU ³	人	侯	411b174a	the 2nd rank of nobility, a marquis
hou ² -chüeh ³		侯爵		same.
hou ² -po ²		侯伯		2nd and 3rd rank of noblemen.
hou ² -wei ⁴		侯位		the rank of a marquis.
hou ² -yeh ³		侯爺		a marquis.
hou ²	犬	猴	412a174b	the monkey (hsing ¹ hsing ¹).
hou ² -ching ¹		猴精		clever, sharp, shrewd.
hou ² -érh ³		猴兒		the monkey.
hou ² -érh ³ -ssü ⁴ -ti ³		猴兒似的		like a monkey.
hou ² -hsiang ⁴		猴像		resembling a monkey.
hou ² -hsing ²		猴形		the figure of a monkey.
hou ² -k'uai ⁴		猴快		quick, agile, sharp (min ³ chieh ²).
hou ² -t'ou ² -hou ³ -nao ³		猴頭猴腦		as ugly as a monkey.
hou ²	口	喉	411b174c	the windpipe, the gullet, the throat.
hou ² -lung ³		喉嚨		same (sang ³ tzü ³).
hou ² (tzü)	疔	瘡	412a174c	a spot, a pimple, a wart.

HOU ³	口	吼	413a175a	the lowing of oxen ; an angry tone ; asthmatic.
hou ² -chiao ⁴		吼叫		to bawl out (ho ¹ tao ³).
hou ² -ti ¹ -í ¹ -shêng ¹ ,		吼的一聲		roared out (hu ¹ han ³).

HOU ⁴	厂	厚 ⁴ 13a176b	thick ; weighty ; great, liberal, generous, kind, honest, sincere, true.
hou ⁴ -ch'êng ²		厚誠	generous wine.
hou ⁴ -chiu ²		厚酒	thick and heavy ; liberal and steady.
hou ⁴ -chung ⁴		厚重	great kindness.
hou ⁴ -ên ¹		厚恩	to lavish, to go to extra expense.
hou -fei ⁴		厚費	a liberal present.
hou ⁴ -li ³		厚禮	brazen-faced (ssü ³ p'i ² lai ⁴ lieu ²).
hou ⁴ -lien ³		厚臉	liberal salary or emoluments.
hou ⁴ -lü ⁴		厚祿	thick, thin ; liberal, stingy ; kind, ungracious,
hou ⁴ -pao ²		厚薄	a liberal marriage portion.
hou ⁴ -p'in ⁴		厚聘	a great victory, a great advantage over.
hou ⁴ -shêng ⁴		厚勝	to treat a person liberally and kindly.
hou ⁴ -tai ⁴		厚待	liberal.
hou ⁴ -tao ⁴		厚道	the virtuous have felicity.
hou ⁴ -tê ² -tsai ⁴ -fu ²		厚德載福	quite thick. generous
hou ⁴ -tun ¹ -tun ¹ -ti ¹		厚敦敦的	honor this, and despise that.
hou ⁴ -t'zũ ³ -po ² -pei ²		厚此薄彼	savoury (k'ai ¹ k'ou ² wei ⁴).
h -u ⁴ -wei ⁴		厚味	shameless, brazen-faced ; good-looking
hou ⁴ -yen ²		厚顏	after, behind, in time or place ; posterity.
hou ⁴	彳	後 ⁴ 13b175c	a greenroom.
hou ⁴ -ch'ang ²		後塲	descendants (miao ² i ⁴).
hou ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		後繼	the street on the north side vs. the south.
hou ⁴ -chieh ¹		後街	day after to-morrow.
hou ⁴ -êrh ³		後兒	dynasty of the After Han (221—264 A. D.).
hou ⁴ -han ⁴		後漢	the back.
hou ⁴ -hsin ¹		後心	descendants ; supplementary.
hou ⁴ -hsü ⁴		後續	to regret, to repent (hui ² kai ²).
hou ¹ -hui ²		後悔	repentance is too late.
hou ¹ -hui ² -h'ih ²		後悔遲	too late for repentance.
hou ⁴ -hui ² -pu ⁴ -chi ¹		後悔不期	we shall meet again,
hou ⁴ -hui ² -yu ² -ch'ü ²		後悔會	a second marriage.
hou ⁴ -hun ¹		後婚	posterity.
hou ⁴ -i ⁴		後裔	same.
hou ⁴ -jên ²		後人	the day after to-morrow.
hou ⁴ -jih ⁴		後日	afterwards, hereafter.
hou ⁴ -lai ²		後來	a second marriage.
hou -lao ² -p'ò ²		後老婆	a step-mother.
hou ⁴ -ma ¹		後媽	a back-door.
hou ⁴ -mên ²		後門	behind.
hou ⁴ -mien ⁴		後面	the hindmost.
hou ⁴ -mo ⁴ -i ²		後末尾	a step-mother.
hou ⁴ -mu ³		後母	afternoon.
hou -pan ⁴ -t'ien ¹		後半	

hou ⁴ -pei ⁴	後輩	after generations, those that come after.
hou ⁴ -pien ¹	後邊	behind.
hou ⁴ -shang ³	後晌	afternoon; evening.
hou ⁴ -shêng ¹	後生	a young man, a lad, children, young folks.
hou ⁴ -shêng ¹ -k'o ³ -wei ⁴	後生可畏	the young are to be revered.
hou ⁴ -shih ⁴	後世	after generations; succeeding generations.
hou ⁴ -shou ³	後手	afterwards.
hou ⁴ -ssü ⁴	後嗣	an heir; children and grandchildren, descend. [ants. descendants, posterity.]
hou ⁴ -ssü ⁴ -tzu ³ -sun ¹	後嗣子孫	descendants, posterity.
hou ⁴ -lai ¹	後代	after generations.
hou ⁴ -t'ai ³	後臺	a greenroom.
hou ⁴ -tang ¹ -ch'ê ¹	後轎車	special cart used by high officials in Peking.
hou ⁴ -tao ⁴ -ti ¹	後到的	came afterwards.
hou ⁴ -t'ien ¹	後天	the day after to-morrow
hou ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -pu ⁴ -tsu ³	後天不足	his body is weak.
hou ⁴ -t'ing ³	後庭	the anus; a back hall.
hou ⁴ -t'ou ²	後頭	behind, after.
hou ⁴ -t'ou ² -yu ³ -ché ³	後頭有轍	the cart leaves a rut as a warning.
hou ⁴	人候	time; to wait; to expect; to enquire; to protect.
hou ⁴ -chin ¹ -yin ¹	候佳音	I await your answer.
hou ⁴ -cho ³	候著	waiting (têng ³ hou ⁴).
hou ⁴ -ch'üeh ¹	候缺	to wait for a vacancy.
hou ⁴ -hü ⁴	候駕	I await your coming (in invitations).
hou ⁴ -hsü ³ -chiu ²	候許久	to wait a long time.
hou ⁴ -hüün ³	候選	to await selection (of officials); expectant.
hou ⁴ -hsüün ³ -chih ¹ -hsien ⁴	候選知縣	expectant district magistrate.
hou ⁴ -jên ³	候人	an usher, a person in waiting.
hou ⁴ -kuang ¹	候光	I await your company.
hou ⁴ -mo ⁴	候脉	to feel the pulse (hao ⁴ mo ⁴ , p'ing ³ mo ⁴).
hou ⁴ -ni ³ -ch'ih ¹ -fan ⁴	候你吃飯	I will pay for your dinner.
hou ⁴ -pu ³	候補	to wait to fill a vacancy, expectant official.
hou ⁴	后	after, behind; a queen, a prince, a governor.
hou ⁴ -fei ¹	后妃	queens, and royal concubines.
hou ⁴ -t'ou ³	后頭	behind, after.
hou ⁴ -t'u ³	后土	Imperial Earth
HSI ¹	西	the west; European.
hsi ¹ -ch'uan ¹	西川	a name of Jehol (熱河), summer palace.
hsi ¹ -fu ³	西法	European method.
hsi ¹ -fung ¹	西方	the west.
hsi ¹ -hsi ³	西席	a teacher, cr. tung ¹ chia ¹ .
hsi ¹ -hu ³	西湖	the western lakes (in Chekiang).
hsi ¹ -hu ³ -ching ³	西湖景	peep-shows (la ⁴ yang ³ p'ien ⁴).

<i>hsi¹-hu²-lu³</i>	西葫蘆	a kind of pumpkin or gourd.
<i>hsi¹-hung²-shih⁴-tzu³</i>	西紅柿子	the tomato.
<i>hsi¹-jên²</i>	西人	Europeans; natives of Shansi.
<i>hsi¹-kua¹</i>	西瓜	the water-melon.
<i>hsi¹-kua¹-p'í³</i>	西瓜皮	melon-rind; a cap.
<i>hsi¹-kuo²</i>	西國	western countries, Europe.
<i>hsi¹-ling²</i>	西陵	western imperial tombs.
<i>hsi¹-nan²</i>	西南	south-west.
<i>hsi¹-pei³</i>	西北	north-west.
<i>hsi¹-p'í²-êrh⁴-huang⁴</i>	西皮二簧	Anhui music.
<i>hsi¹-pien¹</i>	西邊	on the west side, westward.
<i>hsi¹-pien⁴-mên³</i>	西便門	west small gate (Peking).
<i>hsi¹-pin¹</i>	西賓	a teacher in a family of <i>tung¹-ch'ui¹</i> (his patron).
<i>hsi¹-ssü¹</i>	西司	Provincial Judge (<i>nieh⁴ t'ai²</i>).
<i>hsi¹-t'ien¹</i>	西天	Paradise of the Buddhists.
<i>hsi¹-ts'ai¹</i>	西崽	a servant.
<i>hsi¹-tsang⁴</i>	西藏	Thibet. W. I. 237.
<i>hsi¹-tsang⁴-la³-ma¹</i>	西藏喇嘛	Thibetan lamas.
<i>hsi¹-yang²</i>	西洋	the western ocean; foreign countries; Portugal.
<i>hsi¹-yang²-ching³</i>	西洋景	peep-shows.
<i>hsi¹-yu⁴ chi⁴</i>	西遊記	Travels in the West (popular novel). M. 230.
<i>hsi¹-yü⁴</i>	西域	western regions, Europe, Mohammedan states.
<i>hsi¹-yü⁴-hui²-hui²</i>	西域回回	Mohammedans of the west.
<i>hsi¹</i>	希	few, rare, seldom, unfrequent; to hope. M. 410.
<i>hsi¹-ai³</i>	希矮	very low.
<i>hsi¹-chai³</i>	希窄	excessively narrow (<i>chai³ pa⁴</i>).
<i>hsi¹-ch'í²</i>	希奇	wonderful (<i>ch'u¹ ch'í²</i>).
<i>hsi¹-han³</i>	希罕	rare.
<i>hsi¹-hua³</i>	希滑	slippery.
<i>hsi¹-juan³</i>	希軟	very soft, limber.
<i>hsi¹-k'o⁴</i>	希客	a rare guest.
<i>hsi¹-la⁴</i>	希臘	Greece.
<i>hsi¹-lêng³-ch'ing¹</i>	希冷	very cool, lonesome.
<i>hsi¹-li⁴-ni²</i>	希利尼	Grecian.
<i>hsi¹-nên⁴</i>	希嫩	exceedingly tender.
<i>hsi¹-pai²-lai³</i>	希伯來	Hebrew.
<i>hsi¹-p'o⁴</i>	希破	all in tatters (<i>p'o⁴ lan⁴</i>).
<i>hsi¹-shou⁴</i>	希壽	an old man (70 years of age).
<i>hsi¹-sui⁴</i>	希碎	in bits; all in shinders.
<i>hsi¹-t'u²</i>	希圖	to scheme; to hope for.
<i>hsi¹-tun⁴</i>	希鈍	miserably dull.
<i>hsi¹-wang⁴</i>	希望	to hope for (<i>chih³ wang⁴</i>).
<i>hsi¹</i>	希	open, apart; few; careless, inattentive, remiss.

hsi ¹ -ch'i ³	稀奇	wonderful, strange.
hsi ¹ -ch'ou ³	稀稠	thickness, consistency, viscosity.
hsi ¹ -fan ⁴	稀飯	congee-porridge.
hsi ¹ -han ³	稀罕	rare (ch'ing ¹ i ⁴ pu ⁴).
hsi ¹ -la ¹ -la ¹ -ti ¹	稀拉拉的	few and far between
hsi ¹ -lan ⁴	稀爛	cooked very soft.
hsi ¹ -liu ¹ -liu ¹ -ti ¹	稀溜溜的	quite thin, flowing.
hsi ¹ -mi ⁴	稀密	sparse and dense, open and close
hsi ¹ -shao ³	稀少	scarce, few.
hsi ¹ -shou ⁴	稀瘦	very poor.
hsi ¹ -su ³	稀疏	open, apart.
hsi ¹ -sung ¹ -p'ing ³ -ch'ang ³	稀鬆平常	insignificant, immaterial.
hsi ¹	口 噱 418c178a	to laugh, to giggle, to titter.
hsi ¹ -hsi ¹ -ho ¹ -ho ¹	嘻嘻哈哈	giggling and laughing.
hsi ¹ -hsi ¹ -ka ¹ -ka ¹	嘻嘻嘎嘎	same.
hsi ¹ -hsiao ⁴	嘻嘻笑	to giggle and laugh.
hsi ¹	女 嬉 418c178a	to play, to frolic, to ramble; handsome, pretty.
hsi ¹ -hsi ⁴	嬉戲	childish play, romping.
hsi ¹ -hsiao ⁴	嬉笑	to make fun, to giggle; playing and laughing.
hsi ¹ wan ³	嬉玩	to frolic, to play pranks.
hsi ¹ -yu ³	嬉遊	a pleasure excursion.
hsi ¹	口 氣 吸 422c203c	to inspire, to inhale, to draw in; to drink.
hsi ¹ -ch'i ⁴	吸氣	to draw in the breath.
hsi ¹ -ch'i ¹ -t'ung ³	吸氣筒	an air-pump.
hsi ¹ -i ¹ -k'ou ³ -yen ¹	吸一口煙	to take a smoke.
hsi ¹ -li ⁴	吸力	power of attraction.
hsi ¹ -t'ieh ³ -shih ³	吸鐵石	loadstone (tz'ü ² shih ³).
hsi ¹ -ya ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -yen ¹	吸鴉片烟	to smoke opium.
hsi ¹ -yen ¹	吸烟	to smoke tobacco or opium (ch'ou ¹ yen ¹ , ch'ih ¹ [yen ¹]).
hsi ¹ -yin ³	吸飲	to sip.
hsi ¹	火 燄 熙 422a177c	flourishing, prosperous, harmonizing; bright
hsi ¹ -ho ³	熙和	flourishing and harmonizing.
hsi ¹ -kuang ¹	熙光	splendour.
hsi ¹	夕 421c804a	the evening; inclined, at right angles.
hsi ¹ -jih ⁴	夕日	the last day of the year; the setting sun.
hsi ¹ -shih ⁴	夕室	a house not at right angles; a dark room.
hsi ¹ (chi)	木 棲 栖 415b788c	a perch, a roost; to perch; to rest, to desist.
hsi ¹ -chih ³	栖止	to stop, to cease.
hsi ¹	日 智 皙 晰 416a802c	clear, bright, distinct; to explain clearly.
hsi ¹ -ning ³	晰明	clear, bright, explicit.
hsi ¹	羊 羲 420a177b	name of the founder of the Chinese monarchy.
hsi ¹ -nung ³ -huang ³ -ü ⁴	羲農皇帝	Hsi-Nung (the first Chinese monarch) B. C. 2737.
hsi ¹	牛 犧 420a177b	victims for sacrifice.

hsi ¹ -shêng ¹	犧牲	same.
hsi ¹ -shêng ¹ .so ⁸	犧牲所	place of Sacrifice.
hsi ¹	巾 席	a mat ; a repast, an entertainment.
hsi ¹ -shang ⁴ -k'o ⁴ .man ³	席上客滿	a feast with many guests.
hsi ¹	牛 犀	the rhinoceros.
hsi ¹ -chiao ³	犀角	rhinoceros horn (a medicine).
hsi ¹ -niu ³	犀牛	a rhinoceros.
hsi ¹	大 奚	how? why? a servant, an attendant.
hsi ¹	水 溪	a mountain stream.
hsi ¹	火 熹	hot, burning, heat ; to roast, to boil.
hsi ¹	入 兮	a tone of interrogation or admiration (poetry).
HSI ³	習	to practise, to accustom ; to repeat ; custom.
hsi ² -ch'ung ³	習重	to reiterate, to repeat.
hsi ² -êrh ² -pu ⁴ -ch'á ³	習而不察	to adopt without investigation.
hsi ² -hsiao ³	習學	to learn and practice what one learns.
hsi ² -jan ² -chêng ³ -hsing ⁴	習染成性	habits become disposition.
hsi ² -kuan ⁴	習慣	accustomed to, used to, versed in, expert at.
hsi ² -lien ⁴	習鍊	to practise,
hsi ² -shou ³	習熟	perfect.
hsi ² -su ²	習俗	custom, usage ; accustomed to,
hsi ² -tzü ⁴	習字	to learn or practise characters.
hsi ²	心 惜	regard, affection ; to pay, to regret ; sparing.
hsi ² -ai ⁴	惜愛	to pity, to compassionate.
hsi ² -ch'ien ³	惜錢	to spare or save money (chien ⁴ shêng ³).
hsi ² -fu ²	惜福	to make sparing use of prosperity.
hsi ² -kuang ¹ -yin ¹	惜光陰	to be sparing of time.
hsi ² -lao ² -lien ² -p'in ²	惜老憐貧	to pity the old and poor.
hsi ² -nien ⁴	惜念	to pity, to compassionate.
hsi ² -p'i ² -ai ⁴ -jou ⁴	惜皮愛肉	self-indulgent.
hsi ² -shên ¹	惜身	to take care of one's self (ai ⁴ hsi ² p'i ² jou ⁴).
hsi ² -tzü ⁴ -chih ³	惜字紙	to spare written paper (ching ⁴ hsi ² tzü ⁴ chih ³).
hsi ² -tzü ⁴ -hui ¹ -kuan ³	惜字會館	a guild for collecting written paper.
hsi ²	心 息	to breathe, to desist ; to increase ; interest.
hsi ² -chêng ¹ -pa ⁴ -sung ⁴	息爭罷訟	cease fighting and lawsuits.
hsi ² -ch'ien ³	息錢	interest money.
hsi ² -chih ³	息止	to stop, to cease.
hsi ² -li ⁴	息利	interest (li ⁴ hsi ²).
hsi ² -nu ⁴	息怒	to appease anger (hsiao ¹ ch'í ⁴).
hsi ² -ping ¹ -an ¹ -min ²	息兵安民	to cease war and pacify the people.
hsi ²	衣 襲	in succession ; to inherit ; hereditary ; to receive.
hsi ² -ch'ü ²	襲取	to do unknown to one ; to lift up.
hsi ² -shüeh ³	襲爵	hereditary rank.

<i>hsi² en¹</i>	襲恩		to receive favour.
<i>hsi²-feng¹</i>	襲封		hereditary title, etc.
<i>hsi²-kuan¹</i>	襲官		hereditary office.
<i>hsi²-shou⁴</i>	襲受		to receive (as favour, etc.).
<i>hsi²-yin⁴</i>	襲蔭		to inherit a title.
<i>hsi²</i>	金	錫 426a803b	tin; to confer, to bestow; to receive (han ⁴).
<i>hsi²-ch'i⁴</i>	錫器		tin ware.
<i>hsi²-chiang⁴</i>	錫匠		a tinker, a plumber (hsiao ⁸ lu ³ chiang ⁴).
<i>hsi²-en¹</i>	錫恩		to bestow grace.
<i>hsi²-hu³</i>	錫壺		a pewter pot.
<i>hsi²-la⁴-ling³-tzū³</i>	錫鐵頂子		pewter knob on sedan chair.
<i>hsi²-po⁴</i>	錫箔		tin foil.
<i>hsi²</i>	日	昔 421a802a	formerly, a long time ago, anciently
<i>hsi²-fei¹-chin¹-shih⁴</i>	昔非今是		formerly not so, but now it is so.
<i>hsi²-jih⁴</i>	昔日		on a former day.
<i>hsi²-mien³</i>	昔年		in former years.
<i>hsi²</i>	火	熄 415c804a	to extinguish fire, etc.
<i>hsi²-mieh⁴</i>	熄滅		same.
<i>hsi³</i>	女	媳 415c804a	a wife, a married woman; a daughter-in-law.
<i>hsi²-fu⁴</i>	媳婦		same.
<i>hsi²</i>	心	悉 424a804c	to investigate thoroughly; entirely, all; minutely.
<i>hsi²-chih¹</i>	悉知		to know fully, to know all.
<i>hsi²</i>	肉	膝 424b804c	knees.
<i>hsi²-hsia⁴</i>	膝下		children.
<i>hsi² (tzü)</i>	簾	423b804c	a mat.
HSI³	口	喜 418b180a	pleasure, joy; to felicitate; to desire, to wish.
<i>hsi³-ai⁴</i>	喜愛		to delight in, to take pleasure in.
<i>hsi³-chao⁴¹</i>	喜詔		edict announcing the accession of a new emperor.
<i>hsi³-chao⁴</i>	喜兆		joyful omen (chi ³ li ⁴).
<i>hsi³-ch'i⁴-ying³-mén³</i>	喜氣盈門		may joy fill your doors!
<i>hsi³-chiao⁴</i>	喜轎		the bridal chair.
<i>hsi³-ch'iao³</i>	喜鵲		the magpie (ch'u ³ ni ²).
<i>hsi³-chiu³</i>	喜酒		wine drunk in congratulation.
<i>hsi³-ch'u¹-wang⁴-wai⁴</i>	喜出望外		joy beyond all expectation.
<i>hsi³-hao¹</i>	喜好		to delight in.
<i>hsi³ hsiao⁴</i>	喜笑		to smile with pleasure.
<i>hsi³-hsiao⁴-yen²-k'ai¹</i>	喜笑顏開		face expansive with smiles.
<i>hsi³ hsin¹</i>	喜欣		pleased, delighted.
<i>hsi³-hsin¹-yen⁴-ku³</i>	喜新厭故		too fond of novelty.
<i>hsi³-hsin⁴</i>	喜信		joyful news.
<i>hsi³-huan¹</i>	喜歡		to like, to feel pleasure in.
<i>hsi³-jung³</i>	喜容		a pleased countenance; a portrait.

hsi ³ -lé ⁴	喜樂	joy, delight, to rejoice (k'uai ⁴ ló ⁴).
hsi ³ -néng ⁴	喜夢	a pleasant dream.
hsi ³ -nu ⁴	喜怒	pleasure and displeasure, joy and anger.
hsi ³ -pao ⁴ -san ⁴ -yüan ³	喜報三元	joyful news of a triple first at examinations.
hsi ³ -ping ⁴	喜病	sickness of pregnancy.
hsi ³ -sé ⁴	喜色	a joyful countenance (ho ² yen ³ yüeh ⁴ sé ⁴).
hsi ³ -shih ⁴	喜事	a joyful event or affair.
hsi ³ -tai ⁴ -kao ³ -mao ⁴	喜戴高帽	fond of praise.
hsi ³ -ti ³ -mo ² -fa ³	喜的沒法	beside one's self with joy.
hsi ³ -tzü ³	*喜子	a species of spider (chih ¹ chu ³ wang ³).
hsi ³ tzu ¹ -tzu ¹ -ti ¹	喜孜孜的	covered with smiles, very happy.
hsi ³ tzu ¹ -t'ien ¹ -lai ²	喜自天來	joy coming from heaven; unexpected pleasure.
hsi ³ -yüeh ⁴	喜悅	gratified, pleased, delighted.
hsi ³	水 洗	to wash, to cleanse (cho ³).
hsi ³ ch'ên ³	洗塵	to wash away the filth—of the world.
hsi ³ -ch'êng ³	洗城	to raze a city, to clear it of inhabitants [p'ó ⁴].
hsi ³ -ch'ü ⁴ -tsui ⁴ -o ⁴	洗去罪惡	to wash away his sins. (kung ¹
hsi ³ -hsin ¹	洗心	to cleanse the heart, to reform.
hsi ³ -i ¹ ko ⁴ -tsao ³	洗一個澡	to have a bath.
hsi ³ -i ¹ -shang ¹	洗衣服	to wash clothes (ts'ó ¹ i ¹ shang ¹).
hsi ³ -kan ¹ -ching ⁴ -á ¹	洗乾淨他	to wash it clean.
hsi ³ -li ³	洗禮	rite of baptism (chin ¹ li ³).
hsi ³ -lien ³	洗臉	to wash the face.
hsi ³ -lien ³ -p'ên ³	洗臉盆	a wash-hand basin.
hsi ³ -pa ¹	洗把	to wash.
hsi ³ -po ¹	洗剝	to strip.
hsi ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'ing ³	洗不清	cannot be washed clean.
hsi ³ -pu ⁴ -tiao ⁴	洗不掉	can't wash out, e. g., a stain.
hsi ³ -san ⁴	洗三	washing on 3rd day of new born child.
hsi ³ -shou ³	洗手	to wash the hands, to reform.
hsi ³ -shua ¹	洗刷	to wash and scrub.
hsi ³ -t'ou ³	洗頭	to wash the head.
hsi ³ -tsao ³	洗澡	to have a bath (mu ⁴ yü ⁴).
hsi ³ -tsao ³ -t'ang ²	洗澡塘	a public bath.
hsi ³ -yüan ¹	洗冤	to wash away injuries; redress, satisfaction.
hsi ³	示 禧	auspicious, felicitous; happy, blissful.
hsi ³ -ch'ing ⁴	禧慶	felicitous (chi ³ li ⁴)
hsi ³ -ho ⁴	禧賀	to felicitate; auspicious (ch'ing ⁴ ho ⁴).
hsi ³ -nien ²	禧年	New Year's joy.
hsi ³ -shih ⁴	禧事	an auspicious event.
hsi ³ (ch'í ⁴)	是 迄	to reach to, to extend to, to, till; finally. See [ch'í ³ .
hsi ³ -chin ¹	迄今	till now.
hsi ³ -ching ⁴	迄竟	finally, at last.

hsi ³	彳	徙 ^{422b789b}	to change, to remove; removed, transported.
hsi ³ -ch'ien ¹		徙遷	to shift one's place of abode
hsi ³ -i ³		徙移	a shift, to remove.
hsi ³	玉璽	璽 ^{425a790a}	imperial or national seal.
HSI ⁴	糸	細 ^{427a790b}	fine, small, petty, trifling, delicate.
hsi ⁴ -ch'α ²		細察	to examine minutely (hsiang ³ hsi ⁴).
hsi ⁴ -chiang ³		細講	to go into detail.
hsi ⁴ -chih ⁴		細緻	fine, beautiful.
hsi ⁴ -chih ⁴ -shou ³		細緻手	a hand delicately shaped,
hsi ⁴ -chiu ²		細究	to carefully investigate.
hsi ⁴ -chüeh ² -lan ⁴ -yen ⁴		細嚼爛咽	to slowly masticate,
hsi ⁴ -ch'ui ¹ -hsi ⁴ -ta ³		細吹細打	low gentle music.
hsi ⁴ -hsi ⁴		細細	carefully, minutely.
hsi ⁴ -hsiao ³		細小	petty, trifling.
hsi ⁴ -hsin ¹		細心	attentive,
hsi ⁴ -hsin ¹ -ch'uar ² -mo ¹		細心揣摸	to carefully reflect upon.
hsi ⁴ -hsing ³		細行	trifling conduct; very attentive.
hsi ⁴ -juan ³		細軟	fine and soft.
hsi ⁴ k'an ⁴		細看	to look carefully or closely.
hsi ⁴ -kao ¹ -t'iao ³		細高姚	slender and tall.
hsi ⁴ -kou ³		細狗	a greyhound.
hsi ⁴ -ku ⁴		細故	a trifle.
hsi ⁴ -mi ⁴		細密	small, delicate.
hsi ⁴ -mien ⁴		細麪	fine flour.
hsi ⁴ -ni ⁴		細膩	(skin) fine.
hsi ⁴ -p'i ² -pai ³ -jou ⁴		細皮白肉	youthful beauty.
hsi ⁴ -pu ⁴		細布	fine cloth.
hsi ⁴ -shui ³ -ch'ang ³ -liu ³		細水長流	economical (chien ³ shêng ³).
hsi ⁴ -shuo ¹		細說	to explain or tell in detail.
hsi ⁴ t'ien ⁴		細甜	very sweet (kan ¹ t'ien ²).
hsi ⁴ -tso ⁴		細作	a spy (chien ¹ hsi ⁴ , tao ⁴ hsien ⁴).
hsi ⁴ -ts'u ¹		細粗	fine and coarse.
hsi ⁴ -wei ²		細微	small, minute; particular.
hsi ⁴ -yao ¹		細腰	a slender waist.
hsi ⁴ -yü ³		細雨	fine gentle rain (ch'ing ¹ fêng ¹ hsi ⁴ yü ³).
hsi ⁴	戈	戲 ^{420b180c}	theatricals, a play; to play, to sport, to trifle.
hsi ⁴ -ch'ang ³		戲場	a theatre.
hsi ⁴ -fa ³		戲法	sleight-of-hand tricks, juggling-
hsi ⁴ -li ⁴		戲戲	to laugh, to have fun.
hsi ⁴ -hsiang ¹		戲箱	trunks containing actors' dresses, hence = <i>dresser</i> .
hsi ⁴ -hsiao ⁴		戲笑	to ridicule, to laugh at.
hsi ⁴ -i ¹		戲衣	theatrical clothes.

hsi ⁴ -i ² .ch'u ³	戲一齣	one theatrical play.
hsi ⁴ -lou ²	戲樓	a theatre.
hsi ⁴ -lung ⁴	戲弄	to mock, to trifle and use familiarities with.
hsi ⁴ -pan ¹	戲班	a theatrical troupe.
hsi ⁴ -pao ⁴	戲報	a theatrical announcement (placard),
hsi ⁴ -pen ³	戲本	theatrical books (ch'ang ⁴ pên ³).
hsi ⁴ -p'o ² -tzü ³	戲婆子	an actress.
hsi ⁴ -shua ³	戲耍	to play, to trifle, to pass the time idly.
hsi ⁴ -t'ai ²	戲臺	a stage for theatrical performances.
hsi ⁴ -tan ¹	戲單	programme of performance.
hsi ⁴ -tan ⁴	戲旦	personator of female parts (ch'ang ⁴ tan ⁴ ti ¹).
hsi ⁴ -t'an ²	戲談	to jest, to joke (wan ² shua ³).
hsi ⁴ -tu ³	戲賭	to play games of chance.
hsi ⁴ -tzü ³	戲子	an actor.
hsi ⁴ -wu ² -i ¹	戲無益	theatricals are useless.
hsi ⁴ -yen ²	戲言	a jest; to jest, to joke.
hsi ⁴ -yüan ²	戲園	a theatre within an enclosure.
hsi ⁴	人係	417b181b concern, consequences; related to, belonging to,
hsi ⁴ -ch'in ¹	係親	related to, connected (ch'in ¹ shu ³).
hsi ⁴ -ku ⁴	係故	to be an old friend.
hsi ⁴ -lei ³	係累	to bind, bound.
hsi ⁴ -lian ³	係戀	bound in affection, ardent attachment.
hsi ⁴ -shih ⁴	係世	relating to the age.
hsi ⁴ -shu ²	係屬	connected with, related to, belonging to.
hsi ⁴ -yu ³	係友	friendly relations.
hsi ⁴	糸繫	421a181a to connect, to let down. Also chi ⁴ .
hsi ⁴ .ch'uan ³	繫船	to moor a vessel (k'ao ⁴ ch'uan ²).
hsi ⁴ -êrh ²	繫兒	a hooped handle (t'i ² hsi ⁴ êrh ²).
hsi ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	繫下去	to let down, as by a rope.
hsi ⁴ -hsü ⁴	繫續	connected, joined.
hsi ⁴ -lien ²	繫聯	to follow; to depend on circumstances.
hsi ⁴ -ma ³	繫馬	to tie up a horse (shuan ¹ ma ³).
hsi ⁴ -nien ⁴	繫念	longing thoughts.
hsi ⁴ -shang ⁴ -tai ⁴ -tzü ³	繫上帶子	to tie a girdle, or garter.
hsi ⁴	虫蟋	421a804c the fighting cricket (tsao ⁴ chi ¹).
hsi ⁴ -shua ³	蟋蟀	same.
hsi ⁴	糸系	417b181a to connect, connected; relation to; in succession.
hsi ⁴ -chi ⁴	系繼	to be connected.
hsi ⁴ -chi ⁴	系繫	to tie together.
hsi ⁴ (ch'i ⁴)	阜隙	109c396b crack, quarrel.

hsia ¹ -ch'ung ¹	瞎充	muddle, blundering.	
hsia ¹ -han ⁴	瞎漢	a blind or ignorant person (Chinese).	
hsia ¹ -hu ² -nao ⁴	瞎胡鬧	to make a disturbance.	
hsia ¹ -hua ⁴	瞎話	lies, falsehood (ch'ê ³ huang ³).	
hsia ¹ -i ¹ yen ³	瞎一眼	blind of one eye.	
hsia ¹ -ku ¹ -êrh ³	瞎姑兒	blind singing-women.	
hsia ¹ -lai ⁴	瞎賴	to accuse, to lay the blame on.	
hsia ¹ -mêng ³	瞎蠅	a horse-fly, gaddy.	
hsia ¹ -tzü ³	瞎子	a blind person.	
hsia ¹ -yen ³	瞎眼	blind (shih ¹ mu ⁴).	
hsia ¹	魚虫 {	蝦 ^{429b182c}	crabs, prawns, shrimps, lobsters.
hsia ¹		蝦 ^{429a182c}	same. See <i>ha</i> ² .
hsia ¹ -chiang ⁴	蝦醬	shrimp sauce.	
hsia ¹ -hsieh ⁴	蝦蟹	shrimps and crabs, crabs.	
hsia ¹ -hsü ¹	蝦鬚	the feelers of shrimps.	
hsia ¹ -jên ³	蝦仁	shelled lobsters.	
hsia ¹ -k'ang ¹	蝦糠	shrimp's husks.	
hsia ¹ -mi ³	蝦米	dried prawns or shrimps (without husks).	
hsia ¹ -p'i ³ -tzü ³	蝦皮子	shrimp's husks.	
hsia ¹ -yu ³	蝦油	shrimp oil.	

HSIA ²	車	轄 ^{430a185c}	to regulate, to govern.
hsia ² -chih ⁴		轄制	to rule over, to coerce.
hsia ² -han ³ -mu ³		轄罕木	a sort of <i>cheval-de-frise</i> .
hsia ² -kuan ³		轄管	to regulate, to govern.
hsia ²	犬	狹 ^{430c186a}	compressed, narrow, circumscribed.
hsia ² -ai ⁴		狹隘	narrow.
hsia ² -chai ³		狹窄	narrow (chai ³ hsia ²).
hsia ² -hsiao ³		狹小	small, narrow.
hsia ² -tao ⁴		狹道	a narrow road.
hsia ²	人	俠 ^{144b356b}	chivalric, generous, disinterested.
hsia ² -ch'i ⁴		俠氣	a generous disposition.
hsia ² -i ⁴		俠義	chivalric, Quixotic, brave (hao ³ chieh ³).
hsia ² lieh ⁴		俠烈	chivalrous, brave.
hsia ²	雨	霞 ^{429a182a}	a halo, vapour; red sky, variegated clouds.
hsia ² -kuang ¹		霞光	a halo.
hsia ² -kuang ¹ -wan ⁴ -tao ⁴		霞光萬道	glowing rays shine in all directions, e.g., sunset.
hsia ² -p'ei ⁴		霞帔	a cloak, a sleeveless mantle.
hsia ² -ts'ai ³		霞彩	variegated clouds (yün ³ hsiao ¹).
hsia ²	玉	瑕 ^{428c183a}	fractured, split, cracked; a flaw, error, fault.
hsia ² -lieh ⁴		瑕裂	a split or rent (fêng ⁴).
hsia ² -ts'ü ¹		瑕疵	a weak point, a blemish (mao ³ ping ⁴ , ch'üeh ³).
hsia ²	日	暇 ^{428c184b}	leisure, unoccupied, disengaged (k'ung ¹ êrh).

*hsia*²-*jih*⁴ 暇日
*hsia*²-*shih*² 暇時
*hsia*² 匣 430b185a
*hsia*²-*chung*¹ 匣中
*hsia*² 犬 狎 430b185a
*hsia*²-*chi*⁴-*yin*²-*chiu*² 狎妓飲酒
*hsia*² 遯 428b182a
*hsia*² 金 鑄 430b185c

a day of leisure.
 leisure time (*hsien*² *shih*²).
 a small case or box; a quiver (*ho*², *hsiang*¹).
 in the box.
 to caress, toy with.
 debauchery and drunkenness.
 remote.
 lynch-pin of cart.

HSIA⁴ 一 下 431c183b
*hsia*⁴-*ch'ang*² 下場
*hsia*⁴-*chai*⁴ 下寨
*hsia*⁴ *ch'ê*¹ 下車
*hsia*⁴-*chên*⁴ 下陣
*hsia*⁴-*ch'i*² 下棋
*hsia*⁴-*ch'i*⁴ 下氣
*hsia*⁴-*chiao*⁴ 下轎
*hsia*⁴-*chiang*⁴ 下降
*hsia*⁴-*chien*⁴ 下賤
*hsia*⁴-*chien-jên*² 下賤人
*hsia*⁴-*chin*² 下緊
*hsia*⁴-*ch'u*⁴ 下處
*hsia*⁴-*ch'ü*⁴-*pa*⁴ 下去罷
*hsia*⁴-*ch'uan*² 下船
*hsia*⁴-*ch'uang*² 下牀
*hsia*⁴-*êrh*⁴-*kuei*⁴ 下二櫃
*hsia*⁴-*fan*² 下凡
*hsia*⁴-*hei*² 下黑
*hsia*⁴-*ho*²-*hsi*²-*tsao*² 下河洗澡
*hsia*⁴-*ho*²-*mo*¹-*yü*² 下河摸魚
*hsia*⁴-*hsia*⁴-*li*²-*pai*⁴ 下下禮拜
*hsia*⁴-*hsiang*¹ 下鄉
*hsia*⁴-*hsiao*² 下學
*hsia*⁴-*hsüeh*² 下雪
*hsia*⁴-*hsün*² 下旬
*hsia*⁴-*hu*⁴ 下戶
*hsia*⁴-*hui*² 下回
*hsia*⁴-*i*²-*jên*² 下役人
*hsia*⁴-*jên*² 下人
*hsia*⁴-*k'ou*² 下口
*hsia*⁴-*kuan*¹ 下官
*hsia*⁴-*lai*² 下來
*hsia*⁴-*lei*⁴ 下淚

[M. 72.]
 below, to descend; inferior, mean; the next.
 to go up for examination; to quit work to eat,
 to go into camp, etc. [exit of theatre.]
 to get out of a carriage.
 a rear rank.
 to play chess (*liu*⁴ *po*²).
 a meek temper (*jou*² *ho*²).
 to get out of a sedan-chair.
 to descend.
 mean, vile (*ch'ou*² *shih*⁴).
 menials, etc.
 diligent; (rain) is falling heavily.
 lodgings, the place where one lives.
 go down.
 to disembark.
 to get up (or from off) a bed.
 a clerk who pockets money.
 to descend into the world; incarnation (*shih*⁴).
 at night, at dark (*yeh*⁴ *chien*¹).
 to bathe in a river.
 to go into a river to feel for fish.
 the week after next.
 to go into the country (*vs.* town).
 to quit going to school.
 to snow.
 the latter decade of each month.
 to settle in a place (*lo*⁴ *hu*⁴).
 the next time.
 servants, menials (*shih*² *huan*⁴).
 servants, menials.
 to bite (e. g., a dog) (*yao*²).
 I (an official).
 to come down.
 to weep, to shed tears (*liu*² *lei*⁴).

<i>hsia⁴-li⁴</i>	下力	to work energetically (ch'u ⁴ li ⁴).
<i>hsia⁴-liao³-chia⁴-tzu³</i>	下了架子	played out, come to end of his tether.
<i>hsia⁴-lien²</i>	下聯	the 2nd in order of a pair of scrolls.
<i>hsia⁴-liu²</i>	下流	abandoned, depraved.
<i>hsia⁴-lo⁴</i>	下落	a residence, a place of shelter, a lodging.
<i>hsia⁴-lou²</i>	下樓	to come down stairs (lou ² t'i ¹).
<i>hsia⁴-lu⁴</i>	下露	the dew falls.
<i>hsia⁴-ma²</i>	下馬	to dismount from a horse.
<i>hia⁴-ma²-p'ai²</i>	下馬牌	notice of arrival (of Literary Chancellor).
<i>hsia⁴-ma²-wei¹-feng¹</i>	下馬威風	suddenly frighten a man.
<i>hsia⁴-mao²</i>	下錨	to drop anchor (wan ¹ ch'uan ²).
<i>hsia⁴-min²</i>	下民	the people (po ² hsing ⁴).
<i>hsia⁴-pa²</i>	下巴	the chin (or 頰).
<i>hsia⁴-pa²-k'o¹-érh²</i>	下巴頰兒	same (ti ⁴ ko ²).
<i>hsia⁴-pan¹</i>	下班	to come off duty.
<i>hsia⁴-pan⁴-t'ien¹</i>	下半天	the afternoon.
<i>hsia⁴-pao²-tzü³</i>	下雹	a fall of hail, to hail.
<i>hsia⁴-pi²</i>	下筆	to begin to write.
<i>hsia⁴-pien²</i>	下邊	the bottom (ti ²).
<i>hsia⁴-p'in⁴</i>	下聘	to send marriage presents (of the male).
<i>hsia⁴-p'in⁴-li³</i>	下聘禮	same (chia ⁴ chuang ¹).
<i>hsia⁴-p'ing²</i>	下平	the lower even tone (2nd). [book].
<i>hsia⁴-pu⁴</i>	下部	the lower extremities, the last section (as of a
<i>hsia⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	下不去	unable to go down, unable to answer or do.
<i>hsia⁴-pu⁴-hsia⁴</i>	下不下	unable to descend.
<i>hsia⁴-pu⁴-lai²</i>	下不來	unable to come down; ashamed, vexed, annoyed.
<i>hsia⁴-shan¹</i>	下山	to descend from a mountain.
<i>hsia⁴-shan⁴-mo⁴</i>	下扇磨	the nether millstone.
<i>hsia⁴-shên¹</i>	下身	the lower parts of the body, the generative parts.
<i>hsia⁴-shih⁴</i>	下世	to come into the world; to die (ch'ü ⁴ shih ⁴).
<i>hsia⁴-shou²</i>	下手	to begin to act, to put one's hand to.
<i>hsia⁴-shou²</i>	下首	to bend the head; the lower place (at table, etc.).
<i>hsia⁴-shu²</i>	下屬	subordinates.
<i>hsia⁴-shuang¹</i>	下霜	a frost.
<i>hsia⁴-shu²</i>	下水	to go into the water; down stream (of a boat).
<i>hsia⁴-shu²-ch'uan²</i>	下水船	a down-stream boat.
<i>hsia⁴-t'a⁴</i>	下榻	to go to bed (shui ⁴ chiao ⁴).
<i>hsia⁴-t'ai¹</i>	下胎	an abortion.
<i>hsia⁴-tan⁴</i>	下蛋	to lay an egg.
<i>hsia⁴-t'ang⁴</i>	下輪	the next time.
<i>hsia⁴-ti¹-fang¹</i>	下地方	to become a prostitute (ch'ang ¹ chi ⁴).
<i>hsia⁴-ti¹-tao¹-huo²</i>	下地作活	to go to the fields and work.
<i>hsia⁴-ti¹-yü⁴</i>	下地獄	to go to prison or hell.

<i>hsia⁴-tieh³-ch'ing³-k'ou⁴</i>	下帖請客	to send out invitations (<i>fu⁴ hsi³</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-tien³-kung¹-fu³</i>	下點工夫	to spend a little time.
<i>hsia⁴-tien⁴</i>	下店	to take up quarters in an inn.
<i>hsia⁴-t'ou⁴-liao³</i>	下透了	rain enough to soak the ground.
<i>hsia⁴-tsang⁴</i>	下葬	to bury (<i>mai² tsang⁴</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-tso⁴</i>	下作	low, immoral, or mean conduct (<i>pei³ chien⁴</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-tso⁴-jên²-têng³</i>	下作人等	immoral people.
<i>hsia⁴-tzu⁴</i>	下次	the next time.
<i>hsia⁴-wan³</i>	下晚	evening (<i>wan³ shang⁴</i>)
<i>hsia⁴-wên⁴</i>	下問	to ask of inferiors, etc., to request.
<i>hsia⁴-wu³</i>	下午	the afternoon (<i>hsia⁴ pan⁴ t'ien¹</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-wu⁴</i>	下霧	mist, the mist falls.
<i>hsia⁴-yeh⁴-na²-tsei⁴</i>	下夜拿賊	to take thieves at night
<i>hsia⁴-yü²-ti¹</i>	下餘的	the remainder (<i>shêng⁴ hsia⁴</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-yü³</i>	下雨	to rain, it rains, rain falls.
<i>hsia⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	下月	next month.
<i>hsia⁴-yüeh⁴ (yao⁴)</i>	下藥	to give medicine (<i>fu² yao⁴</i>).
<i>hsia⁴</i>	夏	summer (<i>ch'un¹ hsia⁴ ch'iu¹ tung¹</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-ch'ao³</i>	夏朝	the Hsia dynasty (B. C. 2205--B. C. 1818).
<i>hsia⁴-chih⁴</i>	夏至	the summer solstice (a term). See Note 21.
<i>hsia⁴-jih⁴</i>	夏日	a summer's day.
<i>hsia⁴-jih⁴-k'ou³-wei⁴</i>	夏日可畏	summer sun is to be feared.
<i>hsia⁴-k'u¹-ts'ao³</i>	夏枯草	name of a grass.
<i>hsia⁴-pu⁴</i>	夏布	summer cloth, grass-cloth (<i>ko² pu⁴</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-t'ien¹</i>	夏天	summer time.
<i>hsia⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	夏月	the summer months.
<i>hsia⁴-yün²-ch'ü¹-fêng¹</i>	夏雲奇峯	summer clouds are like peaks.
<i>hsia⁴</i>	口唬	to intimidate, to startle; startled, frightened.
<i>hsia⁴</i>	口嚇	same (<i>ching¹ chü¹</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-ho¹</i>	嚇喝	to order (in a domineering tone).
<i>hsia⁴-ho¹-ch'iao²-rh²</i>	嚇喝雀兒	to frighten birds; a scare crow.
<i>hsia⁴-lu¹</i>	嚇呼	to threaten (<i>ching¹ hsia⁴</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-pao³-liao³</i>	嚇跑了	frightened into flight.
<i>hsia⁴-p'o⁴-zan³-tzü³</i>	嚇破膽子	frightened to death.
<i>hsia⁴-sha³-liao³</i>	嚇傻了	to frighten the wits out of one.
<i>hsia⁴-ssü³-jên²</i>	嚇死人	to frighten a person to death (<i>ching¹ ssü³ jên²</i>).
<i>hsia⁴-wo³-i¹-t'iao⁴</i>	嚇我一跳	made me jump with fright, startled me.
<i>hsia⁴</i>	言	lies.
<i>hsia⁴-hua⁴</i>	言話	same (<i>ch'ê³ huang³</i>).
<i>hsia⁴</i>	廈	see <i>sha⁴</i> .
<i>hsia⁴</i>	洽	also <i>ch'ia⁴</i> .

hsiang ¹ -ai ⁴	相愛	to love one another.
hsiang ¹ -ch'ên ⁴	相稱	in harmony with one another.
hsiang ¹ -chêng ¹	相爭	to compete, to quarrel, to fight.
hsiang ¹ -chi ⁴	相繼	to compete, to quarrel, to fight.
hsiang ¹ -ch'i ⁴	相契	consecutively, in succession.
hsiang ¹ -chia ¹	相交	mutual friendship (chia ¹ ch'ing ²).
hsiang ¹ -chieh ¹	相接	to associate; friendship; to mutually give,
hsiang ¹ -chien ⁴	相見	to mutually receive.
hsiang ¹ -chien ⁴ -hên ⁴ -wan ³	相見恨晚	an interview (hui ⁴ mien ⁴).
hsiang ¹ -chin ⁴	相近	sorry we did not meet earlier.
hsiang ¹ -ch'in ¹ -hsiang ¹	相親相愛	near (ch'ao ¹ chin ⁴).
hsiang ¹ -ching ¹ -hsiang ¹	相敬相信	to love one another.
hsiang ¹ -ch'iu ²	相求	to mutually respect and trust.
hsiang ¹ -ch'u ³	相處	to beg, to entreat.
hsiang ¹ -ch'uan ²	相傳	to make acquaintance.
hsiang ¹ -fun ²	相反	to transmit, to hand down.
hsiang ¹ -fêng ¹	相逢	contrary, <i>vice-versa</i> .
hsiang ¹ -fu ²	相符	to meet after a time, to meet.
hsiang ¹ -fu ²	相扶	to correspond (tui ⁴ fu ¹).
hsiang ¹ -fu ² -ch'ih ²	相扶持	to support, to assist.
hsiang ¹ -hao ³	相好	mutually support each other.
hsiang ¹ -hao ³ -p'ên ²	相好朋友	a friend, an acquaintance (p'êng ² yu ²).
hsiang ¹ -ho ²	相合	same (chih ¹ chi ²).
hsiang ¹ -hou ⁴	相厚	to join together, to correspond.
hsiang ¹ -hsi ² -fu ⁴	相媳婦	familiar, friendly.
hsiang ¹ -hsiang ⁴	相向	to be particular about one's daughter-in-law,
hsiang ¹ -hsin ⁴	相信	fronting each other, opposite, <i>vis-a-vis</i> .
hsiang ¹ -hsing ²	相形	to believe.
hsiang ¹ -hsi ⁴	相叙	the external figure; to compare
hsiang ¹ -hui ⁴	相會	to chat together (hsi ⁴ t'an ²).
hsiang ¹ -i ¹ -hsiang ¹	相一相	to meet (yo ¹ hui ⁴).
hsiang ¹ -i ²	相宜	to look.
hsiang ¹ -kan ¹	相干	befitting, right, ought, proper; advantageous.
hsiang ¹ -ko ²	相隔	involved in, to have to do with, concerned with.
hsiang ¹ -kuan ¹	相關	separated.
hsiang ¹ -kung ¹	相公	mutual connection.
hsiang ¹ -kuo ²	相國	a minister of state; a lad; a catamite; actors.
hsiang ¹ -lien ²	相連	to act as prime minister; a prime minister.
hsiang ¹ -lien ² -tzu ⁴	相連字	to join, to connect, to unite; joined, connected.
hsiang ¹ -mien ⁴ -li ¹	相面的	connected characters, <i>words</i> .
hsiang ¹ -mao ⁴	相貌	a physiognomist.
hsiang ¹ -nü ² -hsü ⁴	相女婿	likeness in general.
hsiang ¹ -pang ¹	相幫	to be particular about one's son-in-law.
		to help, to assist.

<i>hsiang¹-pao⁴</i>	相報	recompense, to recompense, to repay.
<i>hsiang¹-p'ao¹</i>	相拋	to abandon (p'ieh ¹ hsia ⁴).
<i>hsiang¹-p'ei²</i>	相陪	to bear one company.
<i>hsiang¹-pieh²</i>	相別	to separate, to depart (li ² pieh ²).
<i>hsiang¹-ping⁴</i>	相並	to join, to correspond.
<i>hsiang¹-shang¹</i>	相商	to deliberate, to consult.
<i>hsiang⁴-shêng¹</i>	相聲	to mimic, mimicry.
<i>hsiang¹-shi¹</i>	相識	mutually acquainted.
<i>hsiang⁴-shou²</i>	相手	palmists.
<i>hsiang¹-ssü⁴</i>	相似	the same, like, resembling (lei ⁴ ssü ⁴).
<i>hsiang¹-ta³</i>	相打	to combat (ta ³ chang ⁴).
<i>hsiang¹-tai⁴</i>	相待	to treat or behave to.
<i>hsiang¹-t'an²</i>	相談	to confer with.
<i>hsiang¹-tang¹</i>	相當	proportionate; to suit, suitable, good.
<i>hsiang¹-tê²</i>	相得	pleased, suited.
<i>hsiang¹-ts'an¹</i>	相叅	several persons meeting for a consultation.
<i>hsiang¹-tui⁴</i>	相對	opposite one another; agreeing together (tui ⁴ [chin ⁴ rh]).
<i>hsiang¹-t'ung²</i>	相同	similar, like (ssü ⁴).
<i>hsiang¹-tz'ü⁴</i>	相次	in order; one after the other; to look at in order.
<i>hsiang⁴-yeh²</i>	相爺	a prime minister (tsai ³ hsiang ⁴).
<i>hsiang¹-ying¹</i>	相應	to correspond, corresponding.
<i>hsiang¹-ying²</i>	相迎	to meet, to welcome.
<i>hsiang¹-yii²</i>	相與	mutual, mutually; a friend, an acquaintance.
<i>hsiang¹-yii²-p'êng²-yu²</i>	相與朋友	a friend, friends.
<i>hsiang¹-yii⁴</i>	相遇	to meet (ying ² chieh ²).
<i>hsiang¹</i>	香 ^{436al188a}	fragrant; fragrance, incense, scent 186th radical.
<i>hsiang¹-an⁴</i>	香案	an incense table. See Note 47.
<i>hsiang¹-chi¹</i>	香几	a small incense table.
<i>hsiang¹-chiang²</i>	香港	Hongkong (lit. fragrant lagoon).
<i>hsiang¹-ch'ien⁴</i>	香錢	presents to priest.
<i>hsiang¹-ch'iu²</i>	香球	a scent-bag.
<i>hsiang¹-ch'ou⁴</i>	香臭	good and bad smell, fragrance and stench.
<i>hsiang¹-ch'uan⁴-chu¹</i>	香串珠	a string of fragrant beads.
<i>hsiang¹-ch'ui¹</i>	香椿	the sweet smelling ch'un tree (ch'ou ⁴ ch'un ¹),
<i>hsiang¹-ho²-pao¹</i>	香荷包	scented purses.
<i>hsiang¹-huo²</i>	香火	incense and paper money.
<i>hsiang¹-ko²</i>	香閣	ladies' apartments (kuei ² fang ²),
<i>hsiang¹-k'o⁴</i>	香客	pilgrims.
<i>hsiang¹-kua¹</i>	香瓜	the melon.
<i>hsiang¹-kuei¹</i>	香閨	ladies' apartments (maidens).
<i>hsiang¹-liao⁴</i>	香料	perfumery.
<i>hsiang¹-lw²</i>	香爐	an incense pot or vase, a censur.
<i>hsiang¹-mei⁴</i>	香墨	scented ink.

<i>hsiang¹-mu⁴</i>	香木	fragrant wood.
<i>hsiang¹-nang³</i>	香囊	a scent bag.
<i>hsiang¹-niu²-p'²i²</i>	香牛皮	Russia leather.
<i>hsiang¹-nung³</i>	濃	high flavoured.
<i>hsiang¹-pai³</i>	柏	the cypress.
<i>hsiang¹-p'ên⁴-p'ên⁴-ti¹</i>	香噴噴的	deliciously fragrant.
<i>hsiang¹-p'ien⁴-ch'a²</i>	香片茶葉	a highly-scented tea, from Anhui.
<i>hsiang¹-shui¹ [yen⁴</i>	香水	liquid scents.
<i>hsiang¹-sui⁴</i>	香葵	coriander, caraway.
<i>hsiang¹-tao⁴-mi²</i>	香稻米	a sort of rice.
<i>hsiang¹-t'ao³</i>	香桃	the lemon.
<i>hsiang¹-t'ien³</i>	香甜	sweet or pleasant to the taste; sweet (sleep)
<i>hsiang¹-t'sui⁴</i>	香菜	a sort of vegetable.
<i>hsiang¹-wei⁴</i>	香味	fragrant flavour (wei ⁴ tao ⁴).
<i>hsiang¹-yu³</i>	香油	sweet or scented oil (in China made of sesame).
<i>hsiang¹-yüan³</i>	香圓	the lemon (綠 yüan also used).
<i>hsiang¹</i>	邑 卅	a village, the country, a province; 12,000 families.
<i>hsiang¹-chang³</i>	鄉長	a village elder (shê ⁴ chang ³).
<i>hsiang¹-ch'in¹</i>	鄉親	residents of same neighborhood.
<i>hsiang¹-hsia⁴</i>	鄉下	in the country.
<i>hsiang¹ hsüeh³</i>	鄉學	a village school.
<i>hsiang¹-huan⁴</i>	鄉宦	a country gentleman.
<i>hsiang¹-i³</i>	鄉誼	fellow-townsmen.
<i>hsiang¹ li³</i>	鄉里	a village (chang ³ ts'un ¹).
<i>hsiang¹-min²</i>	鄉民	villagers.
<i>hsiang¹-shên¹</i>	鄉紳	a country gentleman (shên ¹ shih ⁴). [G. 467.
<i>hsiang¹-shih⁴</i>	鄉試	provincial examinations for the degree of chü-jên.
<i>hsiang¹-t'an²</i>	鄉談	a local dialect (fang ¹ yen ²).
<i>hsiang¹-tang³</i>	鄉黨	a village clan.
<i>hsiang¹-tao⁴</i>	鄉導	a guide.
<i>hsiang¹ ts'un¹</i>	鄉村	a village.
<i>hsiang¹-tuan³</i>	鄉團	local militia or volunteers (t'uan ² lien ⁴).
<i>hsiang¹-yo¹</i>	鄉約	a village constable. See Note 48.
<i>hsiang¹-yüan⁴</i>	鄉愿	an impostor.
<i>hsiang¹-yung³</i>	鄉勇	"village braves," soldiers (not bannermen) (i ⁴ [ping ²]).
<i>hsiang¹</i>	廂 卅35b791a	side apartments.
<i>hsiang¹-fang³</i>	廂房	a side room (êrh ³ fang ²).
<i>hsiang¹-huang²-ch'i²</i>	廂黃旗	the yellow banner; yellow bannerman's locality. [G. 379.
<i>hsiang¹-hung²-ch'i²</i>	廂紅旗	the red banner; red bannerman's locality. G. 379.
<i>hsiang¹-lan²-ch'i²</i>	廂藍旗	{ the blue banner; blue bannerman's locality. [G. 379.
<i>hsiang¹-pai²-ch'i²</i>	廂白旗	the white banner; white bannerman's locality.
<i>hsiang¹ (ts'ü)</i>	竹箱	a box, chest or trunk; a small room (ho ²).

hsiang¹-fang³ 箱房
hsiang¹-kai⁴ 箱蓋
hsiang¹-kuei⁴ 箱櫃
hsiang¹ 金鑲 438b79Ic
hsiang¹-ch'ien⁴ 鑲嵌
hsiang¹-hsieh² 鑲鞋
hsiang¹-pien¹ 鑲邊
hsiang¹-ya² 鑲牙
hsiang¹-yen² 鑲沿
hsiang¹-yün²-chien¹ 鑲雲肩
hsiang¹ 湘 435c791b

a granary.
 a box lid (ho³ kai⁴).
 boxes and cupboards.
 a border; to border; to inlay.
 same.
 to bind or border shoes.
 a border; to border.
 to put in false teeth.
 a border; to border.
 ornamental collar (woman's).
 River in Hunan; Hunan.

HSIANG² 言 詳 433c792a
hsiang²-ch'a² 詳察
hsiang²-hsi⁴ 詳細
hsiang²-jên⁴ 詳認
hsiang²-ko² 詳革
hsiang²-ming³ 詳明
hsiang²-pao⁴ 詳報
hsiang²-ping³ 詳稟
hsiang²-ts'an¹ 詳參
hsiang²-wên⁴ 詳問
hsiang² 庠 438c792b
hsiang²-hsü¹ 庠序
hsiang²-shêng¹ 庠生
hsiang² 阜 降 124c364c
hsiang²-fu² 降服
hsiang²-fu² 降伏
hsiang²-yao¹ 降妖
hsiang² 示 祥 433c792a
hsiang²-ju⁴ 祥瑞
hsiang²-yün³ 祥雲

explicitness, clearness; to report,
 to examine minutely.
 minutely, in detail; details (ti³ hsi⁴).
 to know minutely.
 to degrade; to impeach.
 explicit, clear; to explain.
 to report to, a superior.
 same.
 to reflect, to consider, to denounce.
 to enquire into all the particulars.
 a school, an almshouse; a provincial graduate,
 a school or college.
 a graduated *hsiu-ts'ai* (wên² shêng¹).
 to cause to submit; to submit. See *chiang⁴*.
 to subdue; to submit.
 to keep in subjection; to submit.
 to capture a devil.
 an auspicious omen; good fortune (chi² li⁴).
 prosperous condition (of a state, etc.).
 good clouds.

HSIANG³ 心 想 435b792b
hsiang³-ch'ü³ 想想
hsiang³-ch'ü³-lai² 想想來
hsiang³-chia¹ 想想家
hsiang³-ch'ing²-to⁴-li³ 想想情度理
hsiang³-ch'u¹ 想想出
hsiang³-fa²-t'ü³ 想想法子
hsiang³-hsiang⁴ 想想像
hsiang³-hsü³ 想想許
hsiang³-i¹-hsiang³ 想想

to think, to consider; a thought; to hope.
 to call to mind, to advert to.
 same.
 to think of one's home with longing (ssü¹ chia¹).
 much reflection.
 to think out a case. [fn³].
 to devise a plan, e. g., out of a difficulty (shêng¹
 an idea, imagination.
 I presume, it may be, probably.
 consider, give a thought, reflect, think over.

hsiang ³ -lai ² -hsiang ²	想來想去	consider, give a thought, reflect, think over.
hsiang ³ -mai ² [ch'ü ⁴	想埋	to consider to one's self, to think over.
hsiang ³ -nien ⁴	想念	to reflect, to consider.
hsiang ³ -pi ⁴	想必	I suppose, I presume.
hsiang ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ³	想不起	unable to call to mind, I did not think.
hsiang ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ² -lai ²	想不起來	same (liao ⁴ pu ⁴ tao).
hsiang ³ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴	想不到	unanticipated, I did not think (pu ⁴ liao ⁴).
hsiang ³ -ssü ¹	想想	to think of, to consider; to love.
hsiang ³ -ssü ¹ -ping ¹	想想病	love-sick.
hsiang ³ -s-ü ³	想死	to die of love.
hsiang ³ -tao ⁴	想到	to think of, to anticipate.
hsiang ³ -t'ou ²	想頭	having an inventive faculty.
hsiang ³ -t'ou ² -t'ai ⁴ -ta ⁴	想頭太大	notions too grand (ta ⁴ mu ² ta ⁴ yang ⁴).
hsiang ³ -wang ⁴	想望	to expect (p'an ⁴ wang ⁴).
hsiang ² -wo ³	想我	to miss me, to long for me (k'o ³ hsiang ³).
hsiang ³	上 享 440a189b	to receive; to enjoy; to offer up.
hsiang ³ -chi ⁴	享祭	to accept offerings, as the gods.
hsiang ³ -fu ²	享福	to enjoy happiness or prosperity (na ⁴ fu ²).
hsiang ³ -kuo ²	享國	to reign, reigned; to enjoy the country.
hsiang ³ -shou ⁴	享受	to enjoy; to receive.
hsiang ³ -shou ⁴	享壽	to enjoy old age; longevity (kao ¹ shou ⁴).
hsiang ³ -yung ⁴	享用	to enjoy the use of.
hsiang ³	口 响 437b189c	sound, noise, a signal, a call.
hsiang ³	音 { 響	same (ch'ui ¹ pu ⁴ hsiang ³).
hsiang ³ -ch'ü ⁴	響器	musical instruments (yo ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
hsiang ³ -ch'ing ² -ü ² -t'ien ¹	響晴的天	a clear bright day.
hsiang ³ -hao ⁴	響號	a signal, a call.
hsiang ³ -kan ¹	響乾	snapping dry, dry as tinder (kan ¹ pa ² pa ² ti ¹).
hsiang ³ -liang ⁴	響亮	bright, clear.
hsiang ³ -ma ³	響馬	highway robbers (mounted) (ch'iang ² tao ⁴).
hsiang ³ -ming ²	響明	bright, clear.
hsiang ³ -tan ⁴	響蛋	a child's rattle.
hsiang ³ -ts'ui ⁴	響脆	prompt, decided.
hsiang ³ -lung ⁴	響動	noise, sound (shêng ¹ yin ¹)
hsiang ³ -yin ¹	響音	sound.
hsiang ³	口 嚮 438a190c	to lead to; direct to; towards to (used for 向).
hsiang ³ -hsien ¹	嚮先	towards the front, forwards.
hsiang ³ -pei ⁴	嚮背	towards the back, backwards (ch'ao ³ hou ⁴).
hsiang ³	食 饗 437c189c	a sacrifice; to sacrifice; to entertain, banquet.
hsiang ³ -chi ⁴	饗祭	a sacrifice; to sacrifice.
hsiang ³ -fan ⁴	饗飯	sacrificial rice, etc.
hsiang ³ -kung ¹	饗供	a sacrifice (chi ⁴ ssü ⁴).
hsiang ³	食 餉 440a190a	soldier's pay or rations; duties, taxes (piung ¹ [hsiang ³]).

<i>hsiang³-ch'iao⁴</i>	餉鞘	wooden cases (logs) for conveyance of treasure.
HSIANG⁴	口 向 ^{439b190b}	towards, facing.
<i>hsiang⁴-ch'ien²</i>	向前	to advance forward (ch'ao ³ ch'ien ²).
<i>hsiang⁴-ch'ien²-ch'ü⁴</i>	向前去	same.
<i>hsiang⁴-cho²</i>	向著	facing (ch'ao ² , tui ⁴ cho ²).
<i>hsiang⁴-hou⁴</i>	向後	in future, henceforth.
<i>hsiang⁴-hsien¹</i>	向先	before, recently.
<i>hsiang⁴-huo²-ti¹</i>	向活的	to favor the living (as official in murder case).
<i>hsiang⁴-jih⁴</i>	向日	on a former day.
<i>hsiang⁴-jih⁴-k'uei²</i>	向日葵	the sunflower (chao ⁴ jih ⁴ k'uei ²).
<i>hsiang⁴-lai²</i>	向來	heretofore, a while past.
<i>hsiang⁴-na³-fang¹</i>	向那方	in what direction?
<i>hsiang⁴-na³-fang¹</i>	向那方	in that direction.
<i>hsiang⁴-nan²</i>	向南	facing the south (ch'ao ² nan ²).
<i>hsiang⁴-nien²</i>	向年	former years.
<i>hsiang⁴-pei¹</i>	向背	front and rear.
<i>hsiang⁴-shui²-kao⁴-su⁴</i>	向誰告訴	whom will I tell?
<i>hsiang⁴-t'a¹</i>	向他	to be partial to him (p'ien ¹ hsiang ⁴).
<i>hsiang⁴-t'a¹-shuo¹</i>	向他說	said to him (ho ² t'a ¹ shuo ¹).
<i>hsiang⁴</i>	人 像 ^{440c793b}	{ like, resembling, similar, likeness; to imi- tate. M. 269.
<i>hsiang⁴-hsing²</i>	像形	resemblance, likeness; hieroglyphics.
<i>hsiang⁴-mao⁴</i>	像貌	likeness in general, the countenance.
<i>hsiang⁴-pu⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	像不像	is it like? does it resemble?
<i>hsiang⁴-shên²-mo¹</i>	像甚麼	what is it like?
<i>hsiang⁴-shêng¹</i>	像生	life-like (huo ² hsien ⁴).
<i>hsiang⁴-shih⁴</i>	像是	it seems.
<i>hsiang⁴-ssü³</i>	像似	like, similar to, resembling (i ¹ mu ² ssü ⁴ yang ⁴).
<i>hsiang⁴-yung⁴</i>	像樣	like the pattern; good, handsome.
<i>hsiang⁴</i>	象 象 ^{440b792c}	the elephant; heavenly bodies.
<i>hsiang⁴-ch'i²</i>	象棋	chess with 32 pieces.
<i>hsiang⁴-nu²</i>	象奴	a mahout.
<i>hsiang⁴-ya²</i>	象牙	elephant's tusks, ivory.
<i>hsiang⁴-ya²-ch'i⁴</i>	象牙器	ivory ware.
<i>hsiang⁴-ya²-ch'uany²</i>	象牙床	ivory bed.
<i>hsiang⁴-ya²-k'uai⁴-tzü³</i>	象牙筷子	ivory chopsticks.
<i>hsiang⁴</i>	頁 項 ^{441a191b}	the neck; kind, sort; item, thing (po ² kêng ³ [tzü ³]).
<i>hsiang⁴-kêng³</i>	項頸	the neck.
<i>hsiang⁴-ling³</i>	項領	the lower part of the neck.
<i>hsiang⁴ (tzü)</i>	己 巷 ^{441b190c}	a lane or street (also hang).
<i>hsiang⁴-k'ou³</i>	巷口	the entrance to a lane (hu ² t'ung ⁴).
<i>hsiang⁴ (tzu)</i>	木 橡	chestnut oak.

HSIAO ¹	水 彳	消 ^{442c793a}	to thaw, to melt, to digest, to dissipate.
hsiao ¹ -ch'ang ²		消場	a mart, a market (shih ⁴ ching ³).
hsiao ¹ -ch'i ⁴		消氣	to abate one's anger, to become reconciled,
hsiao ¹ -chien ³		消減	to diminish, to fall off, to lessen.
hsiao ¹ -ch'ou ² -chieh ³	[mên ⁴	消愁解悶	to dissipate ennui and grief (san ⁴ mên ⁴).
hsiao ¹ -ch'u ²		消除	to abolish.
hsiao ¹ -chung ³		消腫	to diminish a swelling.
hsiao ¹ -fei ⁴		消費	waste, to waste.
hsiao ¹ -hên ²		消恨	to appease enmity (hsieh ³ ch'ou ²).
hsiao ¹ -hsi ³		消息	news, tidings, intelligence (hsin ⁴ hsi ³).
hsiao ¹ -hsiao ² -hsing ¹	[érh ²	消消性兒	to cool off anger.
hsiao ¹ -hsien ³		消閑	to saunter about, to kill time (yu ² kuang ⁴).
hsiao ¹ -hua ⁴		消化	to dissolve, to melt, to digest,
hsiao ¹ -hua ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴		消化不動	indigestion.
hsiao ¹ -hua ²		消魂	to lose one's wits.
hsiao ¹ -huo ⁴		消貨	the sale or disposal of goods,
hsiao ¹ -jou ⁴		消肉	to fall away in flesh.
hsiao ¹ -mieh ⁴		消滅	to extinguish.
hsiao ¹ -san ⁴		消散	to disperse by medicine.
hsiao ¹ -shih ²		消食	to digest one's food (k'o ¹ hua ⁴ pu ⁴ tung ⁴).
hsiao ¹ -shih ² -hua ⁴ -tan ²		消食化痰	to promote digestion and clear the passages.
hsiao ¹ -shou ⁴		消售	the sale of goods; to sell off, to diminish by sale.
hsiao ¹ -t'ing ³		消停	to wait a little (shao ³ t'ing ³).
hsiao ¹ -tsui ⁴		消罪	to take away sin or guilt.
hsiao ¹ (hsüeh)	刀 刂	削 ^{444a810a}	to care, to cut, to pare, to scrape.
hsiao ¹ -chih ²		削職	to degrade to a lower rank (ko ² chih ²).
hsiao ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		削去	to subtract, to deduct.
hsiao ¹ -fa ²		削髮	to shave the head (t'i ⁴ t'on ²).
hsiao ¹ -fa ² -wei ² -sêng ²		削髮爲僧	to shave the head and become a priest.
hsiao ¹ -liao ² -ling ² -tan ²		削了頂戴	to deprive of the button (ko ² liao ² ting ²).
hsiao ¹ -pi ²		削筆	to sharpen a pencil.
hsiao ¹ -p'i ²		削皮	to scrape off the skin.
hsiao ¹ -tzu ⁴		削字	to engrave characters (k'o ⁴ t'u ⁴ chiang ⁴).
hsiao ¹	石	硝 ^{443b793c}	saltpetre, nitre.
hsiao ¹ -ch'ang ²		硝廠	saltpetre works.
hsiao ¹ -ch'iang ² -shui ²		硝礮水	nitric acid.
hsiao ¹ -huang ²		硝磺	saltpetre, nitre.
hsiao ¹ -p'i ²		硝皮	to tan hides.
hsiao ¹ -shih ²		硝石	a stony kind of nitre.
hsiao ¹	雨	霽 ^{443c794b}	vapor, clouds; sleet; a halo; Heaven.
hsiao ¹ -han ⁴		霽漢	Milky way (t'ien ² ho ²).
hsiao ¹ -hsüeh ²		霽雪	sleet and snow.
hsiao ¹ -yün ²		霽雲	clouds, vapour (wu ² ch'i ⁴).

hsiao ¹	馬	驕	444c191o	bold, enterprising, daring.
hsiao ¹ -ch'i ² -hsiao ⁴		驕驕校		a military rank equivalent to major.
hsiao ¹ -yung ³		驕勇		bold, daring, enterprising.
hsiao ¹	足	逍	443b794b	to saunter, to stroll for pleasure.
hsiao ¹ -ch'ien ³		逍遣		same (liu ² ta ³ liu ³ ta ³).
hsiao ¹ -yao ³		逍遙		same.
hsiao ¹	金	銷	443c793b	to expend; to dissipate, to melt.
hsiao ¹ -ch'ai ¹		銷差		finished the public business.
hsiao ¹ -chiao ³ -ti ¹		銷腳的		a chiropodist.
hsiao ¹ -ch'ien ³		銷錢		to expend money (hua ¹ ch'ien ³).
hsiao ¹ -chin ¹ -ta ⁴ -tzü ⁴		銷金大字		larger letters washed with gold.
hsiao ¹ -han ² -hua ¹		銷寒花		the acacia.
hsiao ¹ -hun ² -ch'iao ³		銷魂橋		the Lose-wits Bridge of Hades.
hsiao ¹	木	梟	445c192a	to hang the human head on a pole.
hsiao ¹ -hsiung ³		梟雄		brave, heroic, martial; barbarous, savage.
hsiao ¹ -niao ³		梟鳥		name of a bird.
hsiao ¹ -shou ³		梟首		the head of an offender hung on a pole.
hsiao ¹ -shou ³ -shih ⁴ -chung ⁴		梟首示衆		to expose a head <i>in terrorem</i> .
hsiao ¹	木	枵	445b192a	hollow, thin.
hsiao ¹ -pao ³		枵薄		thin.
hsiao ¹	宀	宵	442o794a	night.
hsiao ¹ -hsing ³		宵行		to travel by night; the glow-worm.
hsiao ¹	艸	蕭	445a794c	reduced, impoverished, indigent.
hsiao ¹ -t'iao ³		蕭條		same
hsiao ¹	竹	簫	445a794c	a kind of flageolet
hsiao ¹	口	嗥	446c192b	to howl or roar.
HSIAO ²	子	學	493a209a	to learn, to practise, to study. See <i>hsüeh²</i> .
hsiao ² -chêng ⁴		學政		provincial examiner of schools. G. 323.
hsiao ² -ch'êng ³ -liao ³		學成了		to have learnt.
hsiao ² -ching ¹		學經		to study the classics.
hsiao ² -chiu ⁴		學究		a man of letters (ssü ¹ wên ³).
hsiao ² -fa ³		學法		to study methods, etc.
hsiao ² -hao ³		學好		to learn good.
hsiao ² -hsi ³		學習		"to learn and practise," to exercise.
hsiao ² -hsiei ³		學寫		to learn to write (lin ² t'ieh ¹). [(pu ⁴ ts'ai ²)
hsiao ² -hsü ² -ts'ai ³ -ch'ien ³		學虛才淺		insignificant talents (self-depreciatory answer)
hsiao ² -hua ⁴		學話		to learn a language.
hsiao ² -hua ⁴		學畫		to learn to paint.
hsiao ² -hua ⁴		學壞		to learn evil.
hsiao ² -hui ⁴		學會		to succeed in learning to do.
hsiao ² -kuan ¹		學官		a district examiner of schools.
hsiao ² -kuan ¹ -hua ⁴		學官話		to learn the Mandarin language.

hsiao ² -kuei ¹	學規	rules of the school, graduation fee.
hsiao ² -li ³	學禮	to learn manners.
hsiao ² -mai ³ -mai ⁴	學買賣	to learn a business.
hsiao ² -pu ⁴ -lai ³	學不來	unable to learn.
hsiao ² -shé ²	學舌	tattling.
hsiao ² -shéng ¹ -i ⁴	學生意	to learn a business.
hsiao ² -shou ³ -i ⁴	學手藝	to learn a profession or trade.
hsiao ² -shu ¹	學書	to study, to write.
hsiao ² -shuo ¹	學說	to learn to speak.
hsiao ² -suan ⁴	學算	to learn to reckon. [323.
hsiao ² -t'ai ³	學臺	a provincial examiner of schools; a judge. G.
hsiao ² -t'an ³	學彈	to learn to play on a stringed instrument.
hsiao ² -tao ⁴	學道	to study reason.
hsiao ² -tê ² -lai ³	學得來	able to learn
hsiao ² -t'u ³	學徒	an apprentice (t'u ² ti ⁴).
hsiao ² -tzu ⁴	學字	to learn characters.
hsiao ² -wên ⁴	學問	learning, knowledge.
hsiao ² -wên ⁴ -ti ¹ -jên ³	學問的人	a learned man. [323.
hsiao ² -yüan ⁴	學院	a provincial examiner of schools; a judge. G.

HSIAO ³	小	小, 441b795a	small, trifling, mean; I, me. 42nd radical.
hsiao ³ -an ¹ -tzi ³ -ch'ê ¹	小鞍子車	小, 鞍子車	a common or private cart (not official) (hou ⁴ premature birth (chui ⁴ t'ai ¹). [taug ¹ ch'ê ¹].
hsiao ³ -ch'an ³	小產	小, 產	examination for the 1st or lowest degree (hsiu ⁴ a wheel-barrow (êrh ¹ pa ⁴ shou ³). [ts'ai ¹].
hsiao ³ -ch'ang ³	小場	小, 場	a chicken.
hsiao ³ -ch'ê ¹ -tzi ³	小車子	小, 車子	a narrow-minded person.
hsiao ³ -chi ¹ -rh ³	小鷄兒	小, 鷄兒	mean-spirited (ta ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
hsiao ³ -ch'i ⁴	小器	小, 器	the small feet of Chinese women
hsiao ³ -ch'i ⁴	小氣	小, 氣	Miss, a young lady (ku ³ niang ³).
hsiao ³ -chiao ³	小腳	小, 腳	illicit cash; cash, one of which counts as two.
hsiao ³ -chieh ³	小姐	小, 姐	the little finger. [women.
hsiao ³ -ch'ien ²	小錢	小, 錢	"small golden lilies," small feet of Chinese
hsiao ³ -chih ³	小指	小, 指	the Chinese multiplication table.
hsiao ³ -chin ¹ -lien ²	小金蓮	小, 金蓮	a wife's younger brother.
hsiao ³ -chin ³ -chiu ³	小九九	小, 九九	low comedy man.
hsiao ³ -chiu ⁴ -tzi ³	小舅子	小, 舅子	a sucking pig, a small pig.
hsiao ³ -ch'ou ³ -êrh ²	小丑兒	小, 丑兒	a note, explanation, comment.
hsiao ³ -chu ¹	小豬	小, 豬	smallness, inferiority.
hsiao ³ -chu ⁴	小註	小, 註	you young brute!
hsiao ³ -ch'u ⁴	小處	小, 處	comic songs.
hsiao ³ -ch'u ⁴ -shêng ¹	小畜生	小, 畜生	small dog—demeaning term for your son
hsiao ³ -ch'ü ³ -êrh ³	小曲兒	小, 曲兒	common soldiers, privates.
hsiao ³ -ch'üan ³	小犬	小, 犬	
hsiao ³ -chün ¹	小軍	小, 軍	

hsiao ³ -êrh ³	小兒	I, or me (used by a son).
hsiao ³ -fu ²	小腹	the lower part of the belly.
hsiao ³ -hai ² -tzu ³	小孩子	a child (hai ² t'í ²).
hsiao ³ -han ²	小寒	"little cold," one of the terms. See Note 21.
hsiao ³ -lian ⁴ -tzu ³	小蓮子	a boy, a young man; small of stature.
hsiao ³ -hsiao ³ -ti ¹	小小的	very small (wei ¹).
hsiao ³ -shieh ³	小寫	small text.
hsiao ³ -hsien ²	小嫌	a petty dislike.
hsiao ³ -hsin ¹	小心	take care! mean-spirited, cowardly (hao ³ shên ⁴).
hsiao ³ -hsing ⁴ -êrh ³	小性兒	a petty nature (k'ò ¹ pò ¹).
hsiao ³ -hsüeh ³	小雪	"small snow," a term. See Note 21.
hsiao ³ -lu ⁴	小戶	a poor person; the vagina.
hsiao ³ -huo ³ -tzu ³	小夥子	a youth, a stripling.
hsiao ³ -i ²	小遺	urine, to pass urine (uiao ⁴).
hsiao ³ -i ² -tzu ³	小姨子	a wife's younger sister.
hsiao ³ -i ² -ssü ¹	小意思	of no value, e. g., depreciatory of a present.
hsiao ³ -jên ²	小人	a blackguard; common people; a youth.
hsiao ³ -jung ²	小絨	flannel.
hsiao ³ -k'an ⁴ -jên ²	小看人	to despise another (miao ³ shih ⁴).
hsiao ³ -k'ang ¹	小康	well-to-do.
hsiao ³ -k'ò ³ -k'ò ³ -ti ¹	小可可的	a neat fit, close fitting (k'ò ³ t'í ³).
hsiao ³ -kou ³	小狗	a puppy; you whelp!
hsiao ³ -k'ou ³	小口	young in age (of animals).
hsiao ³ -ku ¹ -niang ³	小姑娘	a little girl.
hsiao ³ -kung ¹	小工	unskilled laborer, e. g., mason's hod-carrier.
hsiao ³ -lu ² -chiang ⁴	小爐匠	a travelling tinker.
hsiao ³ -lu ⁴ -huo ⁴	小路貨	stolen goods (tsang ¹ wu ⁴).
hsiao ³ -lueh ³ -êrh ²	小掠兒	a pick pocket.
hsiao ³ -ma ² -tzu ³	小蔴子	cummin, a pock marked boy.
hsiao ³ -ma ³ -rh ²	小馬兒	coolies, lictors, runners (ya ² i ⁴).
hsiao ³ -ma ² -ma ⁴	小買賣	a petty retail business.
hsiao ³ -mai ⁴	小麥	wheat (ta ⁴ mai ⁴ , barley).
hsiao ³ -man ³	小滿	"small full," one of the terms. See Note 21.
hsiao ³ -mei ⁴ -mei ⁴	小妹妹	my sister, my youngest sister.
hsiao ³ -mi ³ -tzu ³	小米子	millet.
hsiao ³ -min ²	小民	the common people, the poor.
hsiao ³ -ming ²	小名	name given to a child when a month old.
hsiao ³ -mo ¹ -shou ²	小摸手	a petty thief (p'a ² êrh ² shou ²).
hsiao ³ -ni ¹	小呢	cloth, cassimeres.
hsiao ³ -niang ² -tzu ³	小娘子	one's wife, my wife (young).
hsiao ³ -nü ³ -jên ²	小女人	a concubine (ch'ieh ⁴).
hsiao ³ -pai ² liên ³	小白臉	a young catamite.
hsiao ³ -pan ² -tzu ³	小板子	a small bamboo for punishment.

hsiao ³ -p'ien ¹	小偏	a concubine.
hsiao ³ -pien ⁴	小便	"the lesser convenience," to make water; urine.
hsiao ³ -pien ⁴ -pu ⁴ -t'ung ¹	小便不通	stoppage of urine.
hsiao ³ -p'o ²	小婆	a concubine (ch'ieh ⁴).
hsiao ³ -pu ⁴ -yen ² -ti ¹	小不言的	an affair of no consequence.
hsiao ³ -shan ¹	小衫	a short shirt or shift.
hsiao ³ -shêng ¹	小生	premature birth; role, of "young gentleman."
hsiao ³ -shêng ¹ -li ³	小生理	petty retail trade.
hsiao ³ -shêng ¹ -êr ³	小聲兒	low tones, whispers (tu ¹ nung ¹).
hsiao ³ -shih ⁴	小事	a trifling affair.
hsiao ³ -shih ⁴ -ch'ing ³	小事情	same (or 事體).
hsiao ³ -shou ³	小手	close fist (k'o ¹ po ¹).
hsiao ³ -shu ² -tzü ⁶	小叔子	a husband's younger brother.
hsiao ³ -shu ³	小暑	"little heat," one of the terms. See Note 21.
hsiao ³ -shui ² -ya ¹	小水鴨	teal.
hsiao ³ -shuo ³	小說	small talk, trifling talk.
hsiao ³ -shou ¹ .ti ¹ .shu ¹	小說的書	novels, light reading.
hsiao ³ -ssü ¹	小厮	a servant boy, my servant.
hsiao ³ -tan ⁶	小膽	cowardly (hsiu ⁴ p'o ⁴ tan ³ tzü ⁶).
hsiao ³ -tan ⁴	小旦	a boy who personates females in theatricals.
hsiao ³ -tao ⁴	小盜	a petty pilferer.
hsiao ³ .ti ¹	小的	a servant; L.
hsiao ³ -ti ⁴	小第	L.
hsiao ³ -t'i ² -ta ⁴ -tso ⁴	小題太作	much ado about nothing.
hsiao ³ -tien ³ -tien ³ -ti ¹	小點點的	quite small, tiny.
hsiao ³ -ts'a ³ -tzü ³	小崽子	you young animal! etc. (abusive)
hsiao ³ -tsei ³	小賊	a petty thief, a pilferer.
hsiao ³ -tu ⁴ -tzü ³	小肚子	the lower part of the belly
hsiao ³ -tui ⁴ -tzü ³	小隊子	a mandarin's body-guard.
hsiao ³ -t'ui ³	小腿	the lower part of the leg.
hsiao ³ -tzü ³	小子	children; a son.
hsiao ³ -yü ³ -ling ³	小羽綾	imitation Orleans, lastings.
hsiao ³ -ya ¹	小押	small pawnshops (tang ⁴ p'u ⁴).
hsiao ³ -yüeh ⁴	小月	premature birth (hsiao ³ ch'an ³).
hsiao ³	日曉	[stand. light, clear; the morning; to know, to under-
hsiao ³ -chi ⁴	曉之	inform him; I know.
hsiao ³ -hsing ² -yeh ⁴ -hsiu ¹	曉行夜宿	to start at dawn, and stop at night.
hsiao ³ -jih ⁴	曉日	the morning.
hsiao ³ -ming ³	曉明	to understand clearly; day-break.
hsiao ³ -pu ⁴ -tê ³	曉不得	cannot know, do not know.
hsiao ³ -shih ⁴	曉事	able, clear-headed.
hsiao ³ -tê ³	曉得	to comprehend, to understand (chih ¹ tuc ⁴).
hsiao ³ -yü ⁴	曉諭	a clear proclamation.

HSIAO ⁴	子	孝 ^{446a193b}	filial, dutiful ; obedience ; mourning clothes.
hsiao ⁴ -ch'in ¹		孝觀	obedience to parents.
hsiao ⁴ -ching ¹		孝經	Book of filial piety.
hsiao ⁴ -ching ⁴		孝敬	dutiful and respectful.
hsiao ⁴ -ching ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴		孝敬不到	to fail in duty to parents or superiors.
hsiao ⁴ -ching ⁴ -shang ¹		孝敬上司	to give a superior a present of money.
hsiao ⁴ -fu ³	[ssü ¹	孝服	mourning clothes (ch'uan ¹ hsiao ⁴).
hsiao ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ³		孝父母	dutiful to parents.
hsiao ⁴ -hsin ¹		孝心	a dutiful mind.
hsiao ⁴ -hsing ³		孝行	dutiful conduct.
hsiao ⁴ -i ¹		孝衣	mourning clothes.
hsiao ⁴ -lien ³		孝廉	degree equivalent to M. A. G. 472 (chü ³ jên ³).
hsiao ⁴ -lien ³ -fang ¹ -chéng ⁴		孝廉方正	worthies of literature, a grade. G. 478.
hsiao ⁴ -shun ⁴		孝順	dutiful and submissive.
hsiao ⁴ -t'i ⁴		孝悌	duty to parents and superiors.
hsiao ⁴ -tzu ³		孝子	a dutiful son, a filial son.
hsiao ⁴ -yang ³		孝養	to dutifully nourish parents (kung ¹ yang ³).
hsiao ⁴ -yu ³		孝友	respectful to friends.
hsiao ⁴	竹	笑 ^{447a795b}	to smile, to laugh, to be pleased ; to ridicule.
hsiao ⁴ -ha ¹ -ha ¹		笑哈哈	to laugh heartily.
hsiao ⁴ -hsi ¹ -hsi ¹		笑嘻嘻	to smile, to titter, to giggle.
hsiao ⁴ -hua ⁴		笑話	to ridicule, to jest ; jests (chi ¹ ch'iao ⁴).
hsiao ⁴ -hua ⁴ -jên ³		笑話人	to ridicule a person (kai ³ jên ³).
hsiao ⁴ -jên ³		笑人	to ridicule a person.
hsiao ⁴ -jung ²		笑容	a laughing countenance.
hsiao ⁴ -jung ² -k'o ³ -chü ³		笑容可掬	of very pleasing face.
hsiao ⁴ -li ³ -ts'ang ² -tao ¹		笑裏藏刀	a dagger hidden under a smiling face.
hsiao ⁴ -liao ³ -i ¹ -hsiao ⁴		笑了一笑	laughed, gave a laugh.
hsiao ⁴ -lien ³		笑臉	a smiling face (yüeh ⁴ mu ⁴).
hsiao ⁴ -mi ³ -mi ³ -li ¹		笑咪咪的	a pleasant smile, a broad grin.
hsiao ⁴ -mien ⁴		笑面	a smiling face.
hsiao ⁴ -mien ⁴ -hu ³		笑面虎	a treacherous person.
hsiao ⁴ -p'o ⁴ -ch'un ²		笑破唇	to crack one's lips with laughing.
hsiao ⁴ -shuo ¹		笑說	laughing said.
hsiao ⁴ -t'an ²		笑談	laughing and chatting.
hsiao ⁴ -tê ³ -huang ¹		笑得慌	sore with laughing.
hsiao ⁴ -t'ou ² -êr ³		笑頭兒	laughable, a subject for laughter.
hsiao ⁴ -tuan ⁴ -tu ³ -ch'ang ³		笑斷肚腸	to split one's sides with laughing.
hsiao ⁴	力	効 ^{447c193c}	to exert one's self ; effects, proofs.
hsiao ⁴ -kung ¹		効功	meritorious results.
hsiao ⁴ -lao ³		効勞	to exert one's strength ; labour, pains ; to drudge,
hsiao ⁴ -li ⁴		効力	to exert one's strength (mien ³ li ⁴).
hsiao ⁴ -li ⁴ -shu ² -tsui ⁴		効力贖罪	to redeem yourself by future good-conduct.

[to oblige.

to exert one's strength ; labour, pains ; to drudge,

to exert one's strength (mien³ li⁴).

to redeem yourself by future good-conduct.

<i>hsiao⁴-yung⁴</i>		効用	to labor for, to serve.
<i>hsiao⁴</i>	支	效 ^{4+8a193o}	like; to imitate; efficacious.
<i>hsiao⁴-fa²</i>		效法	to imitate a pattern.
<i>hsiao⁴-yen⁴</i>		效驗	verification; result, efficacy (ling ² yen ⁴).
<i>hsiao⁴</i>	口	歙 ^{44c795o}	to hiss, to whistle, to roar (shao ⁴). [(k'nei ³ lei ³).
<i>hsiao⁴-érh³</i>		歙兒	a puppet-show (similar to Punch and Judy)
<i>hsiao⁴-ming³</i>		歙鳴	to roar.
<i>hsiao⁴</i>	木	校 ^{130a373a}	school house; imperial body-guard. See <i>chiao⁴</i> .
<i>hsiao⁴-wei⁴</i>		校衛	imperial cavalcade.
<i>hsiao⁴-yü⁴</i>		校禦	a standard-bearer.
<i>hsiao⁴</i>	肉	肖 ^{142c795o}	to imitate, to follow in the footsteps or ways of.
<i>hsiao⁴-tzü³</i>		肖子	an obedient child (hsiao ⁴ ching ⁴).
HSIEH¹	欠	歇 ^{44Sc195a}	to desist, to stop, to rest, to leave off.
<i>hsieh¹-ch'i⁴</i>		歇棄	to stop, to rest.
<i>hsieh¹-chih³</i>		歇止	to stop (t'ing ² chih ³).
<i>hsieh¹-chü⁴</i>		歇住	to remain, to stop.
<i>hsieh¹-chü⁴-k'ou³</i>		歇住口	to stop one's mouth (eating or speaking).
<i>hsieh¹-fu³</i>		歇伏	to rest during hot season (<i>fu² t'ien¹</i>) (<i>pi⁴ shu³</i>).
<i>hsieh¹-hsi³</i>		歇息	to cease, to stop, to rest.
<i>hsieh¹-hsi³</i>		歇宿	to stop and rest (or <i>hsü</i>).
<i>hsieh¹-i¹-hsieh¹</i>		歇一歇	rest a while, stop a bit.
<i>hsieh¹-i¹-hsi³</i>		歇一宿	to rest a night.
<i>hsieh¹-kung¹</i>		歇工	to stop work (<i>pa⁴ kung¹, t'ing² kung¹</i>).
<i>hsieh¹-kuo⁴-fa⁴-lai³</i>		歇過乏來	to have or feel rested
<i>hsieh¹-liang²</i>		歇涼	to rest and cool off.
<i>hsieh¹-shang³</i>		歇晌	to stop for noon rest (<i>ta³ chien¹</i>).
<i>hsieh¹-shou³</i>		歇手	to desist from an undertaking.
<i>hsieh¹-tien⁴</i>		歇店	an inn.
<i>hsieh¹-ting¹</i>		歇頂	bald-headed (<i>t'u¹ tzü³</i>).
<i>hsieh¹-tsui³</i>		歇嘴	to stop the mouth; hold your tongue!
<i>hsieh¹-yeh⁴</i>		歇業	to stop business, to fail (<i>p'ei³ pên³</i>).
<i>hsieh¹ (tzü)</i>	虫	蝎 ^{44Sc195b}	the scorpion.
<i>hsieh¹-chê¹</i>		蝎螫	the sting of a scorpion.
<i>hsieh¹-hu²-tzü³</i>		蝎虎子	house lizard.
<i>hsieh¹-tu²</i>		蝎毒	the venom of a scorpion.
<i>hsieh¹-tzü³-kou²-tzü³</i>		蝎子勾子	a scorpion's sting
<i>hsieh¹-t'ü⁴</i>		蝎刺	same.
<i>hsieh¹</i>	二	些 ^{449a796a}	few, some, a little of, slightly. M. 2
<i>hsieh¹-hao³-i⁴</i> [<i>ah'ing²</i>]		些好意	a little good will.
<i>hsieh¹-hsiao³-shih⁴</i>		些小事	a small, unimportant affair.
<i>hsieh¹-hsiao³-shih⁴-t'ü²</i>		些小事體	a trifling matter.
<i>hsieh¹ hsien²-hua⁴</i>		些閒話	a little chat (<i>t'an² t'an²</i>).

hsieh¹-hsü¹ 些須
 hsieh¹-hsü¹-l³-wu⁴ 些須禮物
 hsieh¹-lai³-hsiao³-ch'ü¹ 些來小去
 hsieh¹-shih⁴ 些事
 hsieh¹-wei¹ 些微
 hsieh¹ (tzü) 木 楔 449a798c

HSIEH² 斗 斜 449c796b
 hsieh²-chieh¹ 斜街
 hsieh²-fêng¹ 斜風
 hsieh²-hêng⁴ 斜橫
 hsieh²-lêng² 斜稜
 hsieh²-tui⁴ 斜對
 hsieh²-wai¹ 斜歪
 hsieh²-wên²-pu⁴ 斜紋布
 hsieh²-yen³ 斜眼
 hsieh² 革 鞮 鞋 450a187a
 hsieh²-chang³ 鞋掌
 hsieh²-hou⁴-kên¹ 鞋後根
 hsieh²-i¹-chih¹ 鞋一隻
 hsieh²-i¹-shuang¹ 鞋一雙
 hsieh²-k'ên³-wa⁴-tzü³ 鞋啃襪子
 hsieh²-lien³ 鞋臉
 hsieh²-pang³ 鞋磅
 hsieh²-shua¹-tzü³ 鞋刷子
 hsieh²-ti³ 鞋底
 hsieh²-tso⁴-t'iao³ 鞋坐條
 hsieh²-wa⁴ 鞋襪
 hsieh²-yeh²-pa² 鞋葉拔
 hsieh² 十 叶 協 450c195b
 hsieh²-chên⁴ 協鎮
 hsieh²-ho³ 協和
 hsieh²-kung¹ 協恭
 hsieh²-li⁴ 協力
 hsieh²-pan⁴ 協辦
 hsieh²-pao³ 協保
 hsieh²-t'ai² 協台
 hsieh² 邑 卩 邪 451b796b
 hsieh²-clêng⁴ 邪正
 hsieh²-ch'i⁴ *邪氣
 hsieh²-chiao⁴ 邪教
 hsieh²-fa³ 邪法
 hsieh²-hsin¹ 邪心

a little time; a small portion of any commodity.
 a trifling present.
 a very little, the least bit.
 a little business; a trifling affair (shao¹ wei¹)
 a trifle, in a small degree, slightly. M. 535.
 a wooden peg (chuang¹ chüeh²).

sloping, aslant, oblique, away (chêng⁴).
 a side street.
 a side wind.
 slanting, oblique (from the horizontal).
 aslant (tsê¹).
 not quite opposite.
 sloping, aslant, oblique, awry.
 drills, jeans, twills.
 squint-eyed.
 shoes, slippers (hsüeh¹).
 leather strap for beating criminals.
 the heel of a shoe.
 one shoe.
 one pair of shoes.
 the shoe rubs a hole in the sock.
 the seam in front.
 the uppers of a shoe.
 a shoe-brush.
 the sole of a shoe.
 a leather-edging to the sole.
 shoes and stockings.
 a shoe-loop, to pull it on by.
 harmony, cordiality; with respect; submissive.
 commandant of a garrison, town-major.
 harmonious, to unite in harmony.
 mutual respect, united respect.
 united strength.
 an assistant, to assist.
 to co-operate with the local constable (ti⁴ pao³).
 a colonel. G. 442 (chên⁴ t'ai²).
 deflected, bad, vicious, depraved, obscene, lewd
 false and true, good and bad, etc.
 possessed of a spirit, mad (kuei³ fu⁴ cho²).
 heretical teaching.
 conjuring tricks, sorcery.
 a depraved mind.

* Note 51.

hsiēh²-liao³ 邪了
 hsiēh²-mo²-wai⁴-tao⁴ 邪魔外道
 hsiēh²-nien⁴ 邪念
 hsiēh²-p'i⁴ 邪僻
 hsiēh²-ping⁴ 邪病
 hsiēh²-pu⁴-ch'in¹-chēng¹ 邪不侵正
 hsiēh²-shēn² 邪神
 hsiēh²-shih⁴ 邪事
 hsiēh²-shou³ 邪手
 hsiēh²-shu⁴ 邪術
 hsiēh²-shuo¹ 邪說
 hsiēh²-tao⁴ 邪道
 hsiēh²-ti⁴-fang¹ 邪地方
 hsiēh²-wei¹ 邪味
 hsiēh²-wu⁴ 邪物
 hsiēh²-yin² 邪淫
 hsiēh³ 手 携 攜 122a179c
 hsiēh³-chūan⁴ 携眷
 hsiēh³-ling³ 携領
 hsiēh³-shou³ [hsing² 携手
 hsiēh³-shou³-t'ung²- 携手 同行
 hsiēh³-tai⁴ 携帶
 hsiēh³ (chiu) 手 才 挾 111a356b
 hsiēh³-chih⁴ 挾制
 hsiēh³-ch'ou³ 挾仇
 hsiēh³-hsien³ 挾嫌
 hsiēh³-kao⁴ 挾告
 hsiēh³ 肉 脊 脇 451a195c
 hsiēh³-ku³ 脇骨
 hsiēh³-pang³ 脇膀
 hsiēh³ 言 齟 諧 452a187a
 hsiēh³-ho³ 諧和
 hsiēh³-shēng¹ 諧聲
 hsiēh³ (chieh) 入 借 143c358a
 hsiēh³ (hui) 馬 駭 450a187c

haunted (of a house). [tso³ tao⁴].
 heretical and diabolical doctrines (p'ang² mēn²
 evil thoughts.
 lewd, licentious, profligate, corrupt.
 epilepsy (yang² chiao³ fēng¹).
 the evil cannot injure the good,
 false gods, etc.
 vices.
 a profligate ; onanism.
 magical arts, magic (fa² shu⁴, huan⁴ shu⁴).
 corrupt speaking.
 heretical doctrines.
 a haunted place ; a brothel ; a gambling house.
 a bad odor, a stench (ch'ou⁴ wei¹).
 ghosts, etc. ; anything bad.
 obscene, impure, profligate, licentious.
 to take by the hand, to lead (also hsi).
 to bring one's family with one.
 to lead.
 to take by the hand, to lead.
 to walk hand in hand together.
 to bring along with one.
 to clasp under the arm ; to cherish.
 to oppress.
 to be enemies, to have a grudge at (chieh² ch'ou²).
 estrange, to have a spite at (chieh² yüan¹).
 to accuse at law, especially maliciously (kao⁴
 ribs (lei⁴ p'ang² ku³). [chuang⁴].
 same.
 same.
 to be in accord.
 in accord.
 phonetic characters
 together with.
 alarmed, startled (ch'ih¹ ching¹).

HSIEH³ 寫 452b796c
 hsiēh³-chang¹-fang²- 寫張房契
 hsiēh³-chung⁴ [ch'i⁴ 寫賬
 hsiēh³-chēn¹ 寫真
 hsiēh³-ch'ēng²-chuang⁴ 寫呈狀
 hsiēh³-fa³ 寫法
 hsiēh³-hsi⁴ 寫戲

to write, to sketch, to paint.
 to draw up a lease.
 to keep accounts.
 to paint a person's likeness (miao² hsiēh³).
 to write out an accusation.
 penmanship (pi³ chi¹).
 to invite or hire a theatrical troupe.

hsieh³-hsin⁴ 寫心
 hsieh³-hsin⁴ 寫信
 hsieh³-hsin⁴-kei³ 寫信給
 hsieh³-i¹-fêng¹-hsin⁴ 寫一封
 hsieh³-i⁴ 寫意
 hsieh³-pu⁴-tê²-tzü⁴ 寫不得字
 hsieh³-shan⁴-tzü³ 寫扇子
 hsieh³-shu¹ 寫書
 hsieh³-t'u¹ 寫禿
 hsieh³-tui⁴-lien³ 寫對聯
 hsieh³-tzü⁴ 寫字
 hsieh³ 血
 hsieh³-ch'i⁴ 血氣
 hsieh³-ch'i⁴-fang¹-kang¹ 血氣方剛
 hsieh³-ch'i⁴-wei⁴-ting⁴ 血氣未定
 hsieh³-chieh² 血竭
 hsieh³-han⁴ 血汗
 hsieh³-hsin¹ 血心
 hsieh³-kuan³ 血管
 hsieh³-luo² 血癆
 hsieh³-liao⁴ 血料
 hsieh³-lin²-lin²-ti² 血淋淋的
 hsieh³-liu³ 血流
 hsieh³-lou⁴ 血漏
 hsieh³-mo⁴ 血脈
 hsieh³-p'ên² 血盆
 hsieh³-shan¹-pêng¹ 血山崩
 hsieh³-shui³ 血水

to disburden the heart, to put off one's mind.
 to write a letter (k'ai¹ hsin⁴),
 to write to.
 to write a letter.
 to have or give an idea (as in painting).
 unable to write (through illness, etc.).
 to write on fans.
 to write a letter.
 written bald—a Chinese pen blunted.
 to write antithetical couplets.
 to write.
 blood. See *hsieh⁴*.
 "blood and breath," the constitution.
 the very prime of youthful strength.
 before the constitution is fixed. [ous.substance.
 dragon's blood; hair of the head; a kind of resin-
 "blood and sweat," labour, pains.
 affection, warmheartedness, sympathy.
 a blood-vessel.
 spitting of blood (t'u³ hsieh⁴).
 to make water-proof by using pig's blood, etc.
 dripping blood, a solemn oath.
 blood flows.
 an issue of blood.
 the arteries, consanguinity.
 a vessel used by Chinese women at childbirth.
 an excess of menses (yüeh⁴ ching¹).
 blood and water; the blood weak or watery.

HSIEH⁴ 言 謝 454a797a
 hsieh⁴-ch'ü⁴ 謝去
 hsieh⁴-chüeh² 謝絕
 hsieh⁴-ên¹ 謝恩
 hsieh⁴-hsieh⁴ 謝謝
 hsieh⁴-i¹ 謝醫
 hsieh⁴-i² 謝儀
 hsieh⁴-k'o⁴ 謝客
 hsieh⁴-kuo⁴ 謝過
 hsieh⁴-pieh² 謝別
 hsieh⁴-shang³ 謝賞
 hsieh⁴-shih⁴ 謝世
 hsieh⁴-t'ieh¹ 謝帖
 hsieh⁴-yü³ 謝雨

to thank, to decline; to die.
 to leave, to take leave.
 to cut off intercourse; to retire.
 to be thankful for favours.
 thanks, thank you (to¹ hsieh⁴).
 a doctor's fee (ma³ ch'ien²).
 return presents, thank-offering. (tang³ chia⁴).
 to decline a visit (on plea of being engaged, etc.)
 to confess a fault (jên⁴ tsui⁴).
 to take leave.
 to thank one for a gift.
 to die (ch'ü¹ shih⁴).
 card of thanks; notice of reward.
 to thank (the gods) for rain (ch'i² yü³),

hsieh⁴ 卸^{455a797b}
 hsieh⁴-ch'ê¹ 卸車
 hsieh⁴-chiao³ 卸脚
 hsieh⁴-chuang⁴ 卸狀
 hsieh⁴-huo⁴ 卸禍
 hsieh⁴-huo⁴ 卸貨
 hsieh⁴-jên⁴ 卸任
 hsieh⁴-shêng¹-k'ou³ 卸牲口
 hsieh⁴-shih⁴ 卸事
 hsieh⁴-shih⁴ 卸仕
 hsieh⁴-tan⁴ 卸擔
 hsieh⁴-tsai³ 卸載
 hsieh⁴-yin⁴ 卸印
 hsieh⁴ 水 瀉^{452c797c}
 hsieh⁴-tu³ 瀉肚
 hsieh⁴-t'u³ 瀉吐
 hsieh⁴-yao⁴ 瀉藥
 hsieh⁴ 水 泄^{568b282b}
 hsieh⁴-hsieh⁴ 泄瀉
 hsieh⁴-li⁴ 泄痢
 hsieh⁴-lou⁴ 泄露
 hsieh⁴ 水 洩^{450b798b}
 hsieh⁴-ch'i⁴ 洩氣
 hsieh⁴-lou⁴ 洩漏
 hsieh⁴-lou⁴-t'ien¹-chi¹ 洩漏天機
 hsieh⁴-ti³ 洩底
 hsieh⁴ 衣 褻^{454c798c}
 hsieh⁴-fu³ 褻服
 hsieh⁴-i¹ 褻衣
 hsieh⁴-man⁴ 褻慢
 hsieh⁴-tu⁴ 褻瀆
 hsieh⁴ 虫 蟹^{453c187b}
 hsieh⁴-huang³ 蟹黃
 hsieh⁴-jou⁴ 蟹肉
 hsieh⁴-kêng¹ 蟹羹
 hsieh⁴-yen³ 蟹眼
 hsieh⁴ 心 懈^{453b187c}
 hsieh⁴-sung¹ 懈鬆
 hsieh⁴-tai¹ 懈怠
 hsieh⁴ 角 解^{151c359b}
 hsieh⁴-pu⁴-k'ui¹ 解不開
 hsieh⁴ 木 械^{454c188b}
 hsieh⁴-tou⁴ 械鬪

to unload, to put off; to unloose; to lay down
 to unload a cart, to unharness a horse, etc.
 to unload goods carried for others, [(t'ao⁴ ch'ê¹).
en déshabillé. [trouble.
 to rid one's self of a calamity, to get out of
 to discharge cargo.
 to give up office; term of office expired.
 to unhitch the animal (t'ao⁴ shêng¹ k'ou³)
 to give up or desist from an affair.
 to resign an office (hsieh⁴ jên³).
 to lay down a burden.
 to unload or discharge cargo.
 to resign the seal, to resign office.
 purging, dysentery; to drain.
 a dysentery (li⁴ chi³).
 purging and vomiting.
 a purgative (tu³ yao⁴).
 to ooze, to drip, to leak; bowel complaint.
 to leak out.
 a laxation of the bowels (p'ao³ tu²).
 to reveal, to disclose.
 to leak, to ooze out; to lessen.
 to be satisfied, to be appeased.
 to disclose; to ooze out.
 to disclose secrets of Heaven.
 to be mortified, to betray one's antecedents
 rags; to defile; disrespectful.
 ragged, dirty clothes; mourning clothes,
 inner clothing.
 to treat with contumely.
 to blaspheme (chien⁴ wang⁴).
 the crab (p'ang² hsieh⁴).
 the spawn of crabs.
 the flesh of crabs.
 crab soup.
 "crab's eyes," bubbles on boiling water
 idle, lazy, negligent.
 loose, lax.
 indolent, lazy (lan³ to⁴).
 unloose, fall off. See *chieh³*.
 cannot explain it.
 general name for weapons (chün¹ ch'i⁴).
 to fight with weapons,

<i>hsieh⁴</i>	糸 綫 ^{450b799a}	rope (lei ³ hsieh ⁴).
HSIEN¹	儿 先 ^{455a799a}	before, early ; to begin ; in the first place.
<i>l.sien¹-chao⁴</i>	先兆	a presage, an omen (yü ⁴ chao ⁴).
<i>hsien¹-chien⁴</i>	先見	a prognostic, a sign ; to foresee.
<i>hsien¹-chien⁴-chih¹</i>	先見之明	the intelligence of a seer.
<i>hsien¹-ch'ien²</i>	先前	formerly (ts'ung ² ch'ien ²).
<i>hsien¹-chih¹</i>	先知	foreknowledge, prior knowledge of.
<i>hsien⁴-chih¹</i>	先知	a prophet.
<i>hsien¹-chüeh²</i>	先覺	same.
<i>hsien¹-chün¹</i>	先君	my late father ; the late sovereign.
<i>hsien¹-fu⁴</i>	先父	my deceased father (hsien ¹ k'ao ²).
<i>hsien¹-hou⁴</i>	先後	before and after ; about.
<i>hsien¹-hsien²</i>	先賢	former worthies.
<i>hsien¹-hsing²-kuan³</i>	先行官	an official who prepares the way for a high
<i>hsien¹-jên²</i>	先人	a person deceased ; ancestors.
<i>hsien¹-ju²</i>	先儒	the scholars of past ages.
<i>hsien¹-k'ao³</i>	先考	a deceased father.
<i>hsien¹-ko¹-cho²-pa⁴</i>	先擱着罷	let it be for a bit !
<i>hsien¹-ku³</i>	先古	the ancients ; in ancient times.
<i>hsien¹-nan⁴-hou⁴-i⁴</i>	先難後易	beginning is hard, the easy comes after.
<i>hsien¹-nien²</i>	先年	in previous years.
<i>hsien¹-pi³</i>	先妣	a deceased mother.
<i>hsien¹-pu⁴-hsien¹</i>	先不先	well ! well ! unexpected turn of affairs.
<i>hsien¹-san¹ nien²</i>	先三年	three years before.
<i>hsien¹-shêng¹</i>	先生	a teacher, a master, a tutor ; sir.
<i>hsien¹-shih¹</i>	先師	Confucius, a deceased master, etc.
<i>hsien¹-shih⁴</i>	先世	the former life, a former generation.
<i>hsien¹-shuo¹</i>	先說	to foretell.
<i>hsien¹-t'ien¹</i>	先天	one's natural physical endowments.
<i>hsien¹-t'ou²</i>	先頭	once upon a time, formerly M. 337.
<i>hsien¹-t'ou²-li¹</i>	先頭裏	same (ts'ung ² ch'ien ²).
<i>hsien¹-tsou³</i>	先走	to go or walk first
<i>hsien¹-tsu²</i>	先祖	ancestors (tsu ³ tsung ¹).
<i>hsien¹-yao⁴</i>	先要	the first thing required or necessary. [hsien ¹].
<i>hsien¹ (tzu¹)</i>	人 僊 ^{456a799b}	genii, fairies of Taoism and Buddhism (hu ²
<i>hsien¹-chia¹</i>	仙家	same (shên ² hsien ¹).
<i>hsien¹-ching³</i>	仙景	a beautiful prospect, a fairy scene.
<i>hsien¹-fa³</i>	仙法	conjuring tricks.
<i>hsien¹-fêng¹-tao⁴-ku³</i>	仙風道骨	a living immortal (hsien ¹ hsien ¹).
<i>hsien¹-hao²</i>	仙鶴	the crane (t'ien ¹ hao ²).
<i>hsien¹-jên²</i>	仙人	genii, fairies, immortals.
<i>hsien¹-jên²-chang³</i>	仙人掌	"fairy palms," the cactus, the pricklypear.

hsien¹-jên²-ch'üan² 仙人拳
 hsien¹-nü² 仙女
 hsien¹-shu² 仙鼠
 hsien¹-tan¹ 仙丹
 hsien¹ 魚鱗 鮮^{457b}800c
 hsien¹-hsieh³ 鮮血
 hsien¹-hua¹ 鮮花
 hsien¹-hung² 鮮紅
 hsien¹-jou⁴ 鮮肉
 hsien¹-kuo³-tzi³ 鮮菓子
 hsien¹-liu¹-liu¹-ti¹ 鮮溜溜的
 hsien¹-ming³ 鮮明
 hsien¹-shao³ 鮮少
 hsien¹-t'ien² 鮮甜
 hsien¹-ts'ai⁴ 鮮菜
 hsien¹-wei⁴ 鮮味
 hsien¹-yü² 鮮魚
 hsien¹ 手才 掀^{456c}196b
 hsien¹-ch'i³-lai² 掀起來
 hsien¹-fan¹-liao³ 掀翻了
 hsien¹-fang²-tzu³ 掀房子
 hsien¹-k'ai¹ 掀開
 hsien¹-lien²-tzu³ 掀簾子
 hsien¹-pu⁴-tung⁴ 掀不動
 hsien¹ 暹 暹^{455c}800c
 hsien¹-lo² 暹暹
 hsien¹ 禾和 秈^{456c}799b
 hsien¹ 金銑^{456a}801b
 hsien¹ 沐 杓^{456c}196c

"genii fists," a round kind of cactus.
 a fairy, fairies.
 "fairy rats," bats (pien¹ fu²).
 the philosopher's stone (lien⁴ tan¹).
 fresh, as opposed to dried; rare, few (3rd tone).
 fresh blood.
 fresh-cut flowers.
 bright red, blood red.
 fresh meat.
 fresh fruit (shui³ kuo³ tzu³).
 quite fresh, delicious.
 bright, clear, fresh-looking (hsin¹ hsien¹).
 few, rare.
 freshly sweet.
 fresh vegetables.
 fresh tasting.
 fresh fish.
 to raise, to lift up.
 same.
 to lift up and turn over.
 to tear the roof off a house.
 to raise up, to pull open (as curtains, etc.).
 to raise a screen or curtain.
 unable to lift or move.
 Siam; the sun rising with splendour.
 Siam.
 a common rice-plant.
 a shovel or spade; to burnish.
 a wooden shovel.

HSIEN² 門 閒^{459b}198a
 hsien²-ch'üan²-mên⁴-chiu³ 閒茶悶酒
 hsien²-ch'ü⁴ 閒氣
 hsien²-ching⁴ 閒靜
 hsien²-chu⁴ 閒住
 hsien²-chü¹ 閒居
 hsien²-hsia² 閒暇
 hsien²-hua⁴ 閒話
 hsien²-jên² 閒人
 hsien²-kua⁴ 閒聒
 hsien²-kuang⁴ 閒逛
 hsien²-k'ung⁴ 閒空
 hsien²-min² 閒民

[(k'ung⁴).
 leisure, unoccupied, idle, loitering; empty
 when idle drink tea, when sad drink wine.
 needless anger, not in my own quarrel.
 leisure, quiet, rest, repose (an¹ ching⁴).
 retired, disengaged, at leisure.
 disengaged, at leisure; retired from business.
 leisure, unoccupied time.
 leisure talk, chat.
 disengaged persons; beggars, vagrants.
 idle talk, chit-chat (la¹ kua⁴).
 to stroll about.
 nothing to do, leisure.
 unemployed persons; beggars, vagrants.

hsien ² -pu ⁴	閒步		to saunter, to stroll (hsien ² yu ²).
hsien ² -pu ⁴ chu ⁴	閒不住		busy, unable to find time (ku ⁴ pu ⁴ tsh ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
hsien ² -san ⁴	閒散		to relax, relaxation; sinecures.
hsien ² -shih ²	閒時		leisure time, to rest from an affair, etc.
hsien ² -shih ⁴	閒事		anything extraneous to duty (hsia ² shih ²).
hsien ² -shu ¹	閒書		light books (hsiao ³ shuo ¹).
hsien ² -t'an ²	閒談		to chat, to gossip.
hsien ² -tê ² -rh ²	閒得兒		beggars (yao ⁴ fan ⁴ ti ¹).
hsien ² -têng ² -rh ²	閒等兒		same.
hsien ² -ti ⁴	閒地		vacant land.
hsien ² -tsa ²	閒雜		idle, disreputable.
hsien ² -tso ⁴ -hsien ² -shua ²	閒坐閒耍		idle, frivolous.
hsien ² -tso ⁴ -hsien ² -wan ⁴	閒坐閒玩		same.
hsien ² -yen ²	閒言		leisure talk, chat.
hsien ² yu ²	閒游		to stroll (kuang ⁴ ching ²).
hsien ² -yü ²	閒語		leisure talk, chat.
hsien ²	鹹	鹹 460c198c	salt taste; salted, preserved in brine (yen ²).
hsien ² -chan ⁴ -chan ⁴ -ti ¹	鹹湛的		quite salt.
hsien ² -chin ¹ -chin ¹ -ti ¹	鹹津津的		same.
hsien ² -jou ⁴	鹹肉		salt meat.
hsien ² -k'u ³	鹹苦		acid, bitter, briny.
hsien ² -shui ²	鹹水		salt water (tan ⁴).
hsien ² -tan ⁴	鹹淡		salt and fresh.
hsien ² -ts'ai ⁴	鹹菜		salted vegetables.
hsien ² -yü ²	鹹魚		salt fish (hsien ¹ yü ²).
hsien ²	嫌	嫌 458a197a	aversion, dislike, prejudice, suspicion, disdain.
hsien ² -ch'ü ⁴	嫌氣		disgust (t'ao ³ jên ² hsien ²).
hsien ² -ch'ü ⁴	嫌棄		to throw away in disdain, to reject.
hsien ² -ch'ing ¹	嫌輕		of very little account, etc.
hsien ² -i ²	嫌疑		dislike and suspicion, suspicious (i ² huo ⁴).
hsien ² -lu ⁴ -t'ai ⁴ -yüan ³	嫌路太遠		objected to the length of the road.
hsien ² -p'in ² -an ⁴ -fu ⁴	嫌貧愛富		to slight the poor and pay court to the rich.
hsien ² -shao ²	嫌少		to reject on account of insufficiency. [hsien ²].
hsien ²	賢	賢 461c197a	virtuous, moral, worthy, a term of respect (shêng ⁴
hsien ² -ch'ü ¹	賢妻		virtuous wife.
hsien ² -ch'ü ¹	賢契		one's juniors (a term of respect) (lao ³ ti ⁴).
hsien ² -hsiao ⁴ -p'ai ² -fang	賢孝牌坊		an arch to the memory of the good and filial.
hsien ² -hsien ² -i ⁴ -sé ⁴	賢賢易色		to love virtue, as you do beauty.
hsien ² -hsiung ¹	賢兄		worthy younger brother. M. 514.
hsien ² -hsü ⁴	賢婿		worthy son-in-law (nü ³ hsü ⁴).
hsien ² -hui ⁴	賢慧		good qualities, virtuous, discreet. [jên ²].
hsien ² -jên ²	賢人		a sage, a virtuous man, sages, worthies (shêng ⁴
hsien ² -liang ²	賢良		good, virtuous, etc. (liang ² shan ⁴).

<i>hsien²-yü²</i>		賢愚		the great and small—of mankind.
<i>hsien²</i>	門	閑	460a198b	to defend, to be well trained (used for 閑).
<i>hsien²-hsi²</i>		閑習		accustomed to, trained, broken in.
<i>hsien²-jén²</i>		閑人		“leisure men,” vagrants, idlers, etc.
<i>hsien²-mang²</i>		閑忙		disengaged and busy.
<i>hsien²-san⁴</i>		閑散		disbanded (as troops); disengaged.
<i>hsien²</i>	女	嫻	159c198b	accomplished, genteel; skilled in, accustomed to.
<i>hsien²-hsi²</i>		嫻習		accustomed to, trained, broken in.
<i>hsien²-shou⁴</i>		嫻熟		perfect in, versed in, accustomed to.
<i>hsien²-ya²</i>		嫻雅		elegant, genteel, accomplished.
<i>hsien²</i>	口	啣	(嚙)161a199b	to hold in the mouth, or between the teeth (tiao ⁴).
<i>hsien²-tsai⁴-k'ou²-li²</i>		啣在口裏		same (or 嚙裏).
<i>hsien²-yüan⁴</i>		啣怨		to harbour resentment (han ² yüan ⁴).
<i>hsien²</i>	口	咸	460b198c	all, the whole of, totally; universal, everywhere.
<i>hsien²-chi²</i>		咸集		all or the whole assembled.
<i>hsien²-chien⁴</i>		咸見		seen by every one; all seen.
<i>hsien²-feng¹</i>		咸豐		Emperor of China from 1851-1862 A. D.
<i>hsien²</i>	水 习 次	涎	461a982a	slaver, drivel; to long, to covet (yen, nien, ch'ien).
<i>hsien²-i¹</i>		涎衣		a slobbering bib.
<i>hsien²-mo⁴</i>		涎沫		saliva (t'u ⁴ mo ⁴).
<i>hsien²-p'i²-lai⁴-lien²</i>		涎皮賴臉		shameless effrontery (ssü ³ p'i ² lai ⁴ lien ²).
<i>hsien²-t'an²</i>		涎痰		slaver and phlegm.
<i>hsien²</i>	糸	緘	162c383b	to seal, silent (also chien ¹).
<i>hsien²-feng¹</i>		緘封		to seal up.
<i>hsien²-k'ou²-wu²-yen²</i>		緘口無言		to seal one's lips and say nothing.
<i>hsien²-mo⁴</i>		緘默		to keep silence.
<i>hsien²</i>	弓	弦	458c197b	string of an instrument; the chord of an arc.
<i>hsien²-chi¹</i>		弦機		a spring, springs.
<i>hsien²-kung¹</i>		弦弓		to string a bow (t'an ²).
<i>hsien²-tzü²</i>		弦子		a lute.
<i>hsien² (tzü)</i>	糸	絃	459a197c	string of a musical instrument.
<i>hsien²-ko¹</i>		絃歌		playing and singing.
<i>hsien²</i>	金	銜	460c199a	a bit; to control; brevet rank (kuan ¹ hsien ²).
HSIEN³	阜	險	457a200b	danger, dangerous, difficult.
<i>hsien³-cha⁴</i>		險詐		to backbite (hui ² pang ⁴).
<i>hsien³-cha⁴-hsiao²-jén²</i>		險詐小人		a backbiter; a blackguard.
<i>hsien³-ch'u⁴</i>		險處		a dangerous place (wei ² hsien ²).
<i>hsien³-chung¹</i>		險中		in the midst of danger.
<i>hsien³-hsieh¹-ssü³-liao²</i>		險些死了		I was very nearly killed.
<i>hsien³-k'ou²</i>		險口		a dangerous pass, etc.
<i>hsien³-o⁴</i>		險惡		vicious, malevolent, dangerous.
<i>hsien³-shih⁴</i>		險事		a dangerous or difficult affair.

hsien³-ti⁴
 hsien³-tsu³
 hsien³-yao⁴
 hsien³ 頁顯
 hsien³-ch'ing¹
 hsien³-érh³-i⁴-chien⁴
 hsien³-hsien⁴
 hsien³-jan²
 hsien³-kan³
 hsien³-kuei⁴
 hsien³-liang⁴
 hsien³-ling³
 hsien³-lou⁴
 hsien³-ming²
 hsien³-shou²-tuan⁴
 hsien³-ta³
 hsien³-wei²-ch'ing⁴
 hsien³-yüeh⁴ (yao)

險地
 險阻
 險要
 顯 462a199c
 顯青
 顯而易見
 顯現
 顯然
 顯乾
 顯貴
 顯亮
 顯靈
 顯露
 顯明
 顯手段
 顯達
 顯微鏡
 顯耀

a dangerous place.
 a dangerous place or obstacle.
 perilous, an important position.
 apparent, visible, conspicuous, to manifest.
 brilliant blue.
 obvious.
 to manifest.
 evident.
 snapping dry (kan¹ pa¹ pa¹ ti¹).
 evident wealth, etc.
 clear, manifest.
 to display efficacy (the gods).
 to come out, as the truth.
 brightly displayed, conspicuous (fa¹ hsien⁴).
 to display one's skill.
 prosperous; illustrious.
 the microscope.
 illustrious.

HSIEN⁴ 犬獻
 hsien⁴-ch'a²
 hsien⁴-chi⁴
 hsien⁴-chien⁴
 hsien⁴-ch'in²
 hsien⁴-chü³
 hsien⁴-kung²
 hsien⁴-li³
 hsien⁴-pao³
 hsien⁴-shang⁴
 hsien⁴-tao¹
 hsien⁴
 hsien⁴
 hsien⁴-chou⁴
 hsien⁴-hua¹
 hsien⁴-kung¹
 hsien⁴-lü³
 hsien⁴-pu⁴
 hsien⁴
 糸 線 463b801c
 綫
 綫
 綫花
 綫工
 綫樓步
 玉 現 463c201c
 現成的
 現錢
 現錢不賒
 現吃現做
 現今

to offer to, to hand or present to; offerings.
 to hand tea to one (fêng⁴ ch'a²).
 to sacrifice (chi⁴ ssü¹).
 to present a sword.
 to toady, to ingratiate one's self.
 to offer one wine.
 to make a report of one's services.
 to make presents.
 to make presents of valuables.
 to offer up (kung⁴ shang⁴).
 to make a present of a sword.
 thread; a clue, a trace; a fuse; a streak.
 same.
 cord crape.
 cotton for making thread.
 a spy (tso⁴ hsien⁴).
 thread, fibres of thread.
 a stitch, stitches.
 to become visible; now, the present time. See [hsüan⁴].
 ready; ready made (as clothes, etc.) (ting⁴ tso⁴).
 ready money.
 ready money and no credit (a shop placard)
 to prepare food after it is ordered.
 now, the present time (tang¹ chin¹).

<i>hsien⁴-huo²</i>	現活	life-like, natural.
<i>hsien⁴-shih²</i>	現時	at present, just now.
<i>hsien⁴-shih⁴-hsien⁴-pao⁴</i>	現世現報	a present retribution (<i>huo² cho¹ huo² na²</i>).
<i>hsien⁴-tsai⁴</i>	現在	now, at present. M. 334
<i>hsien⁴-yung⁴-hsien⁴-mai³</i>	現用現買	to buy as needed.
<i>hsien⁴</i> 阜卩	陷	to fall into, to sink, to involve. See <i>hsüan⁴</i> .
<i>hsien⁴-ching³</i>	阱	to fall into a pit.
<i>hsien⁴-hui⁴</i>	害	to involve in injury, to cause one to fall.
<i>hsien⁴-k'êng¹</i>	坑	a pitfall; to fall into a pit (<i>tiao⁴</i>).
<i>hsien⁴-ni⁴</i>	溺	to be infatuated, to have fallen into.
<i>hsien⁴-tsui⁴</i>	罪	to be involved in crime (<i>lien² lei⁴</i>).
<i>hsien⁴</i> 禾	縣	a district (5th in order). K. I. 53.
<i>hsien⁴-ch'êng¹</i>	丞	an assistant district magistrate.
<i>hsien⁴-ch'êng²</i>	城	the chief town in a district.
<i>hsien⁴-fu⁴-mu³</i>	父母	popular name of <i>chih¹ hsien⁴</i> . [dates.
<i>hsien⁴-k'ao³</i>	考	a district magistrate's examination of candi-
<i>hsien⁴-kuan¹</i>	官	a district magistrate. G. 289 (<i>chih¹ hsien⁴</i>).
<i>hsien⁴-li⁴</i>	吏	clerks, secretaries of foregoing.
<i>hsien⁴-ling⁴</i>	令	a district magistrate.
<i>hsien⁴-shu³</i>	署	a district magistrate's office.
<i>hsien⁴-t'ai⁴-yeh³</i>	太爺	a district magistrate.
<i>hsien⁴-tsun¹</i>	尊	a district magistrate; your worship.
<i>hsien⁴-ya²-mên²</i>	衙門	a district magistrate's office.
<i>hsien⁴</i> 心	憲	a ruler; to deliver laws to; well educated.
<i>hsien⁴-chin⁴</i>	禁	a government prohibition.
<i>hsien⁴-shu¹</i>	書	the official almanack (<i>huang² li⁴</i>).
<i>hsien⁴-t'ai²</i>	臺	a mandarin (of high rank). Your excellency.
<i>hsien⁴-t'ien¹</i>	天	the supreme authorities.
<i>hsien⁴</i> 阜卩	限	limit, limited.
<i>hsien⁴-ch'i¹</i>	期	limited time; a given date (<i>jih⁴ ch'i¹</i>).
<i>hsien⁴-liang²</i>	量	a measure, a limit; an estimate.
<i>hsien⁴-man³</i>	滿	time expired.
<i>hsien⁴-nei⁴</i>	內	within the limit.
<i>hsien⁴-t'ai¹-san¹-t'ien¹</i>	他三天	give him three days, e.g., to find the thief.
<i>hsien⁴</i> 羊嘆	羨	to desire; to praise, to admire; overplus.
<i>hsien⁴-mei²</i>	美	to admire, to praise.
<i>hsien⁴-mu⁴</i>	慕	to admire, to respect, to be very fond of (<i>ai⁴ mu⁴</i>).
<i>hsien⁴</i> 艸卩	莧	spinach.
<i>hsien⁴-ts'ai⁴</i>	菜	same.
<i>hsien⁴-ts'ao³</i>	草	same.
<i>hsien⁴ (tzü)</i> 食	餡	any kind of stuffing for pastry, etc., to stuff.
<i>hsien⁴-er¹-ping²</i>	兒餅	cake with stuffing.
<i>hsien⁴-pao¹-tzü²</i>	包子	a fruit or meat pudding, etc.

HSIN ¹	心 忡 忡	心 ^{466a806b}	the centre, the heart, mind, motives, affections.
<i>hsin¹-ch'ang³</i>		心腸	the heart.
<i>hsin¹-chi¹</i>		心機	thought, anxiety, contrivances.
<i>hsin¹-chih⁴</i>		心志	the will.
<i>hsin¹-chiao¹</i>		心焦	worried, vexed (<i>chiao³ jao³</i>).
<i>hsin¹-ch'iao³</i>		心巧	contrivances; clever (<i>ling² li⁴</i>).
<i>hsin¹-ch'iao⁴</i>		心竅	openings in the heart, intelligence.
<i>hsin¹-ch'ieh⁴</i>		心怯	timorous (<i>hsiao³ tan³</i>).
<i>hsin¹-ching¹</i>		心經	Classic of the Heart (virtue book).
<i>hsin¹-ching¹-jou⁴-t'iao⁴</i>		心驚肉跳	dreadfully frightened.
<i>hsin¹-ching¹-tan³-chan⁴</i>		心驚膽戰	same (<i>hsia⁴ p'o⁴ tau³ tzü³</i>).
<i>hsin¹-chung¹</i>		心中	in the heart.
<i>hsin¹-chung¹-luan⁴-t'iao⁴</i>		心中亂跳	beating or palpitation of the heart.
<i>hsin¹-fu²</i>		心腹	the bosom; intimate.
<i>hsin¹-fu²-hua⁴</i>		心腹話	confidential, sincere words.
<i>hsin¹-fu²-k'ou³-fu²</i>		心服口服	full assent, cordial approval.
<i>hsin¹-fu²-p'êng³-yu³</i>		心腹朋友	a bosom friend (<i>chih¹ chi³</i>).
<i>hsin¹-hén⁴</i>		心恨	animosity; indignant,
<i>hsin¹-hsia⁴</i>		心下	in the mind; at heart.
<i>hsin¹-hsiang³</i>		心想	to think, thought (<i>ssü¹ hsiang³</i>).
<i>hsin¹ hsin¹-t'an³-t'ê⁴</i>		心忐忑	tremour, palpitation of the heart
<i>hsin¹-hsing⁴</i>		心性	temper, disposition (<i>p'i³ ch'i⁴</i>).
<i>hsin¹-hsiang¹</i>		心胸	the heart, the mind,
<i>hsin¹-hua¹-k'ai¹</i>		心花開	blossoming of hope.
<i>hsin¹-huai²</i>		心懷	the bosom in the heart.
<i>hsin¹-huai²-o⁴-nien⁴</i>		心懷惡念	cherishing evil thoughts,
<i>hsin¹-huo²-érh²-juan³</i>		心活耳軟	a credulous disposition.
<i>hsin¹-i¹</i>		心意	thought, aspiration.
<i>hsin¹-ju²-ch'êng⁴</i>		心如秤	heart like a steel-yard—good judgment.
<i>hsin¹-juan³</i>		心軟	tender-hearted, lenient.
<i>hsin¹-kan¹</i>		心肝	"heart and liver," sweetheart; the heart,
<i>hsin¹-k'an³</i>		心坎	the pit of the stomach; the heart
<i>hsin¹-kao¹</i>		心高	of lofty aims or aspirations, independent.
<i>hsin¹-kao¹-ch'i⁴-ao⁴</i>		心高氣傲	proud to excess.
<i>hsin¹-k'ou³</i>		心口	"heart's mouth," the breast, pit of stomach.
<i>hsin¹-k'ou³-hsiang¹-ying⁴</i>		心口相應	to say what one thinks.
<i>hsin¹-k'ou³-ju²-i¹</i>		心口如一	heart and mouth as one; speaking and mind.
<i>hsin¹ k'ou³-t'êng²</i>		心口疼	a pain in the pit of the stomach, e. g., dyspepsia.
<i>hsin¹-li³</i>		心裏	in the heart.
<i>hsin¹-li³-nan²-shou⁴</i>		心裏難受	feeling badly.
<i>hsin¹-li³-pu⁴-fu²</i>		心裏不服	dissatisfied with.
<i>hsin¹-li⁴</i>		心力	mental strength, exertions of all sorts.
<i>hsin¹-ling²</i>		心靈	intellectual (<i>ling² li⁴</i>).

hsin ¹ -ling ² -shên ² -hu ³	心領神會	very clever.
hsin ¹ -ling ² -shou ³ -min ³	心靈手敏	intellectual, clever.
hsin ¹ -luan ⁴	心亂	the mind disturbed.
hsin ¹ -man ³ -i ⁴ -tsu ²	心滿意足	self-confident.
hsin ¹ -man ³ -i ⁴ -luan ⁴	心忙意亂	feeling much perturbed.
hsin ¹ -nei ⁴	心內	in the heart
hsin ¹ -p'ing ² -ch'i ⁴ -ho ²	心平氣和	peaceful disposition.
hsin ¹ -pu ⁴ -p'ing ³	心不平	discontented, anxious.
hsin ¹ -pu ⁴ -tsai ¹	心不在	inattentive.
hsin ¹ -shang ⁴ -jên ²	心上人	your sweetheart.
hsin ¹ -shên ²	心神	the mind, the wits.
hsin ¹ -shên ² -pu ⁴ -ting ⁴	心神不定	wandering in thought (hsin ¹ pu ⁴ tsai ⁴).
hsin ¹ -shih ⁴	心事	affairs of the heart; the mind set upon.
hsin ¹ -shu ⁴	心術	principles, disposition; ability.
hsin ¹ -ssü ¹	心思	thoughts of the mind; an inventive imagination.
hsin ¹ -ssü ¹ -ching ¹ -ch'iao ²	心思精巧	an inventive, ingenious mind.
hsin ¹ -tai ³	心夕	evil dispositioned, bad-hearted.
hsin ¹ -tao ⁴ -shên ² -chih ¹	心到神知	the gods know sincerity (in worshipper).
hsin ¹ -ti ⁴	心地	the heart, the moral nature.
hsin ¹ -t'iao ⁴	心跳	palpitation of the heart.
hsin ¹ -t'ien ²	心田	the heart, as source of affections and purposes.
hsin ¹ -t'ou ²	心頭	the heart; in the heart, the mind.
hsin ¹ -t'ou ² -i ¹ -ho ²	心投意合	congenial dispositions and tastes (tui ⁴ chin ⁴).
hsin ¹ -tsui ⁴	心醉	the mind intoxicated, enraptured, fascinated.
hsin ¹ -t'ung ¹	心痛	grieved at heart.
hsin ¹ -t'ung ¹ -ch'i ² -ch'iao ²	心通七竅	perfect intelligence.
hsin ¹ -t'ü ² -mien ¹ -juan ³	心慈面軟	a tender heart and a soft face,
hsin ¹ -wo ³	心窩	the pit of the stomach (hsin ¹ k'an ³). [tsai ⁴].
hsin ¹ -vou ³ -êrh ⁴ -yung ⁴	心無二用	cannot think of two things at once (hsin ¹ pu ⁴
hsin ¹ -yen ³	心眼	the heart's core; intelligence.
h-in ¹ -i ¹ -yüan ² -i ¹ -ma ³	心猿意馬	the thoughts are quick (fig.).
hsin ¹ -yüan ⁴	心願	to wish, desire.
hsin ¹	斤新	fresh, new, recent; renew, to renovate.
hsin ¹ -ch'ên ³	新陳	fresh and stale.
hsin ¹ -ch'en ² -pu ⁴ -chieh ¹	新陳不接	when the-old is done and the new not yet in.
hsin ¹ -chéng ¹	新正	1st moon of the new year.
hsin ¹ -ch'i ²	新奇	new and strange, novel, rare (ch'u ¹ ch'i ²).
hsin ¹ -ch'iao ³	新巧	new and curious, novel.
hsin ¹ -chia ¹ -p'o ¹	新加坡	Singapore. [557.
hsin ¹ -chiang ¹	新疆	New Dominion. (Sungaria and Kashgaria). G.
hsin ¹ -chieh ²	新節	the new year; 15th of the 1st moon
hsin ¹ -ehin ¹ shan ¹	新金山	Australia (chiu ⁴ chin ¹ shan ¹ , California).
hsin ⁴ -chin ⁴	新近	recently.

<i>hsin¹-chiu⁴</i>	新舊	new and old, recently and long since, etc.
<i>hsin¹-ch'un¹</i>	新春	the beginning of spring.
<i>hsin¹-fu⁴</i>	新婦	a bride.
<i>hsin¹-hsi²-fu⁴</i>	新媳婦	same.
<i>hsin¹-hsi³</i>	新禧	new year's congratulations.
<i>hsin¹-hsien¹</i>	新鮮	fresh, recent.
<i>hsin¹-hsien¹-yü²</i>	新鮮魚	fresh fish.
<i>hsin¹-hun¹</i>	新娘	a bride (<i>hsi² fu⁴</i>).
<i>hsin¹-i¹</i>	新異	new and strange, novel, etc. (<i>hsi¹ ch'i²</i>).
<i>hsin¹-jên²</i>	新人	a bridegroom or bride.
<i>hsin¹-k'o⁴</i>	新客	a new comer.
<i>hsin¹-ku¹-yeh²</i>	新姑爺	bridegroom.
<i>hsin¹-lai²-ti¹</i>	新來的	recently arrived.
<i>hsin¹-lang²</i>	新郎	a bridegroom
<i>hsin¹-niang²-tzü³</i>	新娘子	bride.
<i>hsin¹-nien²</i>	新年	the new year (<i>kuo⁴ nien²</i>).
<i>hsin¹-nü²-hsü⁴</i>	新女婿	bridegroom.
<i>hsin¹-shêng¹-ti¹</i>	新生的	new born.
<i>hsin¹-tao⁴-jêu⁴</i>	新到任	recently arrived at his post.
<i>hsin¹-tao⁴-ti¹</i>	新到的	recently arrived.
<i>hsin¹-wên²</i>	新聞	news (<i>hsin⁴ hsi²</i>).
<i>hsin¹-wên²-chih³</i>	新聞紙	a newspaper (<i>jih⁴ pro⁴</i>).
<i>hsin¹-yo¹</i>	新約	New Testament.
<i>hsin¹-yüeh⁴</i>	新月	the first month (<i>chêng¹ yüeh⁴</i>).
<i>hsin¹</i>	欠忻欣 ^{463a204a}	joy, pleasure, delight; laughing for joy.
<i>hsin¹-ch'ang⁴</i>	欣暢	merry, delight; pleasure, ecstasy.
<i>hsin¹-fêng¹</i>	欣逢	the pleasure of meeting.
<i>hsin¹-hsi³</i>	欣喜	to rejoice, to be delighted.
<i>hsin¹-hsien⁴</i>	欣羨	delight and admiration.
<i>hsin¹-huan¹</i>	欣歡	extremely pleased (<i>huan¹ hsi²</i>).
<i>hsin¹-jan²</i>	欣然	pleased, delighted.
<i>hsin¹</i>	辛辛 ^{467bS06a}	acrid; bitter; grievous.
<i>hsin¹-k'u³</i>	辛苦	miserable; weary, tired; affliction, trouble.
<i>hsin¹-k'u³-ch'ien²</i>	辛苦錢	cumshaw.
<i>hsin¹-k'u³-hsin¹-k'u³</i>	辛苦辛苦	a salutation to returned travellers.
<i>hsin¹-wei⁴</i>	辛味	a hot, or acrid taste.
<i>hsin¹</i>	薪薪 ^{463cS06b}	fuel, firewood.
<i>hsin¹-shui³</i>	薪水	stipend (<i>hsiu¹ chin¹, shu⁴ hsin¹</i>).
HSIN ²	寸尋 ^{498bS07a}	to ask for, to seek; to entreat. See <i>hsün²</i> .
<i>hsin²-ch'a²</i>	尋查	to examine, to search.
<i>hsin²-chao³</i>	尋找	to seek, to search.
<i>hsin²-chien⁴</i>	尋見	found.

<i>hsin²-chiu⁴</i>	究	to investigate thoroughly (ch'au ² k'ao ²).
<i>hsin²-ch'iu²</i>	尋	to seek for ; to entreat.
<i>hsin²-fang³</i>	尋	to search enquiringly.
<i>hsin²-mi⁴</i>	尋	to seek, to search.
<i>hsin²-pu⁴-chao²</i>	尋不	unable to find (chao ² pu ⁴ chao ²).
<i>hsin²-pu⁴-chien⁴</i>	尋不見	to search and not find ; I cannot find it
<i>hsin²-ssü¹</i>	尋	to reflect, to consider (ts'un ² ssü ¹).
<i>hsin²-ssü³</i>	尋	to seek for death, to endeavour to commit sui-
<i>hsin²-tê²-chao³</i>	尋得	able to find. [cide (shang ³ tiao ⁴).
<i>hsin²-yüch⁴</i>	尋藥	to get medicine (chua ¹ yao ⁴ ts'ai ²).

HSIN⁴	人	信 ^{469a807c}	true, truth ; to trust ; a letter.
<i>hsin⁴-ching¹</i>		信經	the Apostles' Creed.
<i>hsin⁴-chu²-ti¹-jên²</i>		信主的人	a believer in the Lord.
<i>hsin⁴-chü²</i>		信局	a post-office (yu ² chêng ⁴ chü ²).
<i>hsin⁴-ch'ên²</i>		信臣	an envoy, a trustworthy minister.
<i>hsin⁴-fêng¹</i>		信封	an envelope.
<i>hsin⁴-fu¹</i>		信夫	a letter carrier (p'ao ² hsin ⁴).
<i>hsin⁴-fu²</i>		信服	to believe, to trust.
<i>hsin⁴-hsi²</i>		信息	news (hsin ¹ wên ²).
<i>hsin⁴-hsin¹</i>		信心	a trustful heart ; trustworthy.
<i>hsin²-kao²</i>		信稿	draft of a letter (ts'ao ² kao ²).
<i>hsin⁴-k'ou²-shuo¹</i>		信口說	to speak at random.
<i>hsin⁴-ma³ yu²-chiang¹</i>		信馬遊韁	to give a horse his head.
<i>hsin⁴-p'ao⁴</i>		信砲	a signal gun.
<i>hsin⁴-p'i²</i>		信皮	the envelope or outside of a letter.
<i>hsin⁴-p'iao⁴</i>		信票	a warrant to arrest (t'ang ² p'iao ⁴).
<i>hsin⁴-pu¹</i>		信步	to ramble, to stroll (liu ¹ ta ³ liu ¹ ta ²)
<i>hsin⁴-pu⁴-chi²</i>		信不及	incredible ; not to rely on.
<i>hsin⁴-shih²</i>		信石	arsenic (p'i ¹).
<i>hsin⁴-shih²</i>		信實	sincere, faithful.
<i>hsin⁴-shih⁴</i>		信士	a convert, a believer.
<i>hsin⁴-tao⁴</i>		信道	to believe a doctrine or sect.
<i>hsin⁴-tê²</i>		信德	truth, faith.
<i>hsin⁴-tsai¹</i>		信哉	how true !
<i>hsin⁴-yin¹</i>		信音	news, a letter (i ¹ fêng ¹ hsin ⁴).

HSING¹	日	星 ^{471a808a}	a star ; a spark.
<i>hsing¹-ch'ên²</i>		星辰	the morning star ; sun, moon, and stars.
<i>hsing¹-hsiang⁴</i>		星象	groups of stars.
<i>hsing¹-hsing¹</i>		星星	stars, numerous.
<i>hsing¹-hsing¹-tien²-tien²</i>		星星點點	scattered, sparse, minute.
<i>hsing¹-i¹-li⁴</i>		星一粒	one star (or 一顆).

<i>hsing</i> ¹ -i ² -tou ³ -chuan ³	星移斗轉	the flight of time.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -lo ⁴ -ti ⁴	星落地	a star falls to the ground
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -shih ⁴	星士	a fortune-teller, an astrologer, an astronomer.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -su ²	星宿	constellations (êrh ⁴ shih ² pa ¹ hsi ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -su ² -hai ³	星宿海	the source of the Yellow River.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -t ai ³	星臺	an observatory (kuan ¹ hsing ¹ ti ¹).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -tou ³	星斗	the stars.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -yeh ⁴	星夜	“starry night,” night-time.
<i>hsing</i> ¹	日興 興 472c205a	{ to arise; to allow; to delight in; flourish - ing (1st and 4th tones).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -chi ³	興積	to collect together.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -ch' i ³	興起	to arise, to get up.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -chü ³	興舉	to promote, to recommend (chü ³ chien ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -fei ⁴	興廢	flourishing and the reverse, etc.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -hui ⁴	興會	in high spirits (kao ¹ hsing ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -kung ¹	興工	to begin work.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -li ⁴	興立	to stand up.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -li ⁴ -ch' u ² -hai ⁴	興利除害	revives trade and removes evils (of an official).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -lung ²	興隆	flourishing; to flourish.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -pai ⁴	興敗	flourishing and the reverse, etc.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -pu ⁴ -k' ai ¹	興不開	cannot make it prosper.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -shêng ⁴	興盛	to flourish, to become full.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -shih ²	興時	fashionable (shih ² hsing ²).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -shuai ¹	興衰	prosperous and unprosperous, etc.
<i>hsing</i> ⁴ -t' ou ²	興頭	joyousness, bustle, etc. (jê ⁴ nao ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -wang ⁴	興旺	to prosper, prosperous.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -yü ³	興雨	to begin to rain.
<i>hsing</i> ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	興悅	to be delighted with.
<i>hsing</i> ¹	肉腥 腥 472b809a	raw meat; unpleasant smell, stinking.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -ch' i ⁴	腥穢	foul air, a frowzy smell (shan ¹ wei ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -hui ⁴	腥穢	filthy (wu ¹ hui ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -jou ⁴	腥肉	raw meat (shêng ¹).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -sao ⁴	腥臊	tainted; raw meat
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -shan ¹	腥羶	tainted, unpleasant smell of sheep, goats, mut- [ton, etc.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -wei ⁴	腥味	unpleasant flavour, tainted.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -yü ¹	腥魚	raw fish.
<i>hsing</i> ¹	犬猩 猩 472b809b	a kind of monkey (its blood used for dyeing red).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -hsing ¹	猩猩	same (hou ² êrh ²).
<i>hsing</i> ¹	香馨 馨 473b206a	to be fragrant (p'ên ⁴ hsiang ¹).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -hsiang ¹	馨香	same.
<i>hsing</i> ¹	心个惺 惺 472a809a	intelligent.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -wu ⁴	惺悟	to become aware; to realise.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ -wu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -lai ²	惺悟過來	same.

HSING ²	行	行 ^{474c207b}	to walk ; to go ; to do, to act ; to allow.
hsing ² -ché ³	行者	行者	a walker ; walking ; a young priest (Buddhist).
hsing ² -ch'êng ²	行程	行程	to travel. [ching ⁴].
hsing ² -chih ³	行止	行止	"going and stopping," conduct, behaviour (tung ⁴)
hsing ² -chih ³ -pu ⁴ -hao ³	行止不好	行止不好	bad conduct, misbehaviour.
hsing ² -chih ³ -tuan ³ -fang ¹	行止端方	行止端方	correct conduct (chü ³ chih ³).
hsing ² -chiu ³ -ling ⁴	行酒令	行酒令	a token in wine drinking.
hsing ² -ch'uan ³	行船	行船	to go on board ship, to set sail, to travel by boat.
hsing ² -ch'üan ²	行權	行權	to act exceptionally to suit circumstances.
hsing ² -chuang ¹	行裝	行裝	baggage.
hsing ² -ch'uang ³	行床	行床	sexual intercourse.
hsing ² -fang ¹ -pien ⁴	行方便	行方便	to bestow alms, etc.
hsing ² -fang ²	行房	行房	sexual intercourse.
hsing ² -hao ³	行好	行好	to do good and charitable acts.
hsing ² -hsiang ¹	行香	行香	to worship the gods.
hsing ² -hsiang ¹ -[miao ⁴]	行香拜廟	行香拜廟	to worship in temples.
hsing ² -hsing ¹	行星	行星	the planets (hêng ² hsing ¹).
hsing ² -hsing ²	行刑	行刑	to use punishments.
hsing ² -hsing ¹	行兇	行兇	to murder, to act wickedly and recklessly.
hsing ² -hsü ²	行許	行許	possibly.
hsing ² -huo ⁴	行貨	行貨	inferior goods (êrh ⁴ wu ³ yen ³).
hsing ² -i ¹	行醫	行醫	healing (i ¹ tao ⁴).
hsing ² -jên ²	行人	行人	a passenger, a traveller (k'o ⁶ lü ²).
hsing ² -kao ¹	行高	行高	to mount high.
hsing ² -kung ¹	行宮	行宮	Emperor's travelling lodges.
hsing ² -lé ⁴ -t'u ²	行樂圖	行樂圖	a portrait (chao ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
hsing ² -li ³	行李	行李	baggage.
hsing ² -li ³	行禮	行禮	to pay compliments ; to make obeisance.
hsing ² -li ⁴	行立	行立	walking and standing still.
hsing ² -lu ⁴	行路	行路	to go along a road, to travel.
hsing ² -lü ³	行旅	行旅	a traveller.
hsing ² -ma ³	行馬	行馬	cheval-de-frise ; a circus ; to walk a horse.
hsing ² -nang ³	行囊	行囊	a travelling bag.
hsing ² -pu ⁴ -hsing ²	行不到	行不到	will it do ?
hsing ² -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴	行不善	行不善	had not arrived at or gone to, etc.
hsing ² -shan ⁴	行商	行商	to perform meritorious acts (kung ¹ tê ²).
hsing ² -shung ¹	行商	行商	a travelling merchant (huo ⁴ lang ³).
hsing ² -shih ⁴	行事	行事	to do some work or service.
hsing ² -shu ¹	行書	行書	running hand (ts'ao ³ tzü ⁴).
hsing ² -shui ²	行水	行水	to go with the stream.
hsing ² -t'ai ³	行臺	行臺	official lodging place.
hsing ² -tao ⁴	行道	行道	to be righteous
hsing ² -t'ou ³	行頭	行頭	theatrical clothes, properties, etc.

<i>hsing²-tsai⁴</i>	行在	where the Court is when on its travels? [note.
<i>hsing²-tsou³</i>	行走	to travel; to move; to be employed as a subordi-
<i>hsing²-tsung¹</i>	行蹤	marks of travel on road.
<i>hsing²-lung⁴</i>	行動	conduct, behaviour; of emperor, to journey.
<i>hsing²-wei²</i>	行圍	to go hunting (ta ³ lieh ⁴).
<i>hsing²-wei²</i>	行爲	conduct, behaviour, actions, deeds, practice
<i>hsing²-wên²</i>	行文	a despatch sent; to write.
<i>hsing²-yü⁴</i>	行寓	halting place of the Court.
<i>hsing²-yüan³-tzü⁴-erh³</i>	行遠自邇	to proceed from the near to the far.
<i>hsing²</i>	刀 刑	punishment; pattern (wu ³ hsing ²).
<i>hsing²-chang⁴</i>	刑杖	beating with the heavy bamboo.
<i>hsing²-chü⁴</i>	刑具	implements of punishment.
<i>hsing²-fa³</i>	刑罰	to punish; punishment; a rule (chih ⁴ tsui ⁴).
<i>hsing²-fa³-li⁴-hai⁴</i>	刑罰利害	a severe punishment; to punish severely.
<i>hsing²-fa³</i>	刑法	punishment; laws.
<i>hsing²-fang²</i>	刑房	[Hsing ² -pu ⁴ , a local division of clerks, corresponding to the legal secretary in yamên.
<i>hsing²-mung²-shih¹-yeh²</i>	刑名師爺	same. [G. 160.
<i>hsing²-ping³-shih¹-yeh²</i>	刑票師爺	the Board of Punishments at Peking. G. 157.
<i>hsing²-pu⁴</i>	刑部	the President of the Board of Punishments.
<i>hsing²-pu⁴-shang⁴-shu¹</i>	刑部尙書	Vice-President of the Board of Punishments.
<i>hsing²-pu⁴-shih⁴-lung²</i>	刑部侍郎	to examine by torture,
<i>hsing²-wên⁴</i>	刑問	form, figure, shape, body, appearance; to shew.
<i>hsing²</i>	形	a tangible form, style, appearance.
<i>hsing²-ch'hi¹</i>	形跡	suspicious appearances and movements.
<i>hsing²-chi¹-k'o³-i²</i>	形跡可疑	appearance, form (ch'ing ² chuang ⁴).
<i>hsing²-chuang⁴</i>	形狀	figure, resemblance.
<i>hsing²-hsiang⁴</i>	形像	geometry.
<i>hsing²-hsiao³</i>	形學	to display.
<i>hsing²-hsien²</i>	形現	appearance; to describe, to mimic.
<i>hsing²-jung²</i>	形容	odd fantastic appearance.
<i>hsing²-jung²-ku³-kuai⁴</i>	形容古怪	admirably represented or described.
<i>hsing²-jung²-miao⁴</i>	形容妙	appearance, state of (jung ² mao ¹).
<i>hsing²-mao¹</i>	形貌	aspect, outline, configuration.
<i>hsing²-shih⁴</i>	形勢	substance; the body.
<i>hsing²-t'ê³</i>	形體	form, appearance.
<i>hsing²-yang⁴</i>	形樣	substance and shadow, form, etc.
<i>hsing²-ying³</i>	形影	to manifest without.
<i>hsing²-yü³-wai⁴</i>	形於外	

HSING ³	目 省	971a743b
<i>hsing³-ch'ä²</i>	省察	to enquire, to examine. See shêng ³ .
<i>hsing³-ch'in¹</i>	省親	same.
<i>hsing³ wu⁴</i>	省悟	to visit one's parents.
		to understand, to perceive. See hsing ¹ wu ⁴ ,

<i>hsing³</i>	醒	172b809c	to awaken, to be roused.
<i>hsing³-ch'i³</i>	醒起		same.
<i>hsing³-chiu³</i>	醒酒		to rouse from a drunken sleep, etc.
<i>hsing³-shih⁴-chih³-yen³</i>	醒世之言		words to rouse the age.
<i>hsing³-shih⁴-t'u³</i>	醒世圖		a picture to rouse the age.
<i>hsing³-wu⁴-kuo⁴-lai³</i>	醒悟過來		to realise one's error.
<i>hsing³</i>	手才擤	476b203b	to blow the nose (with a handkerchief or fingers).
<i>hsing³-nung⁴</i>	擤膿		mucus, discharge from the nose.
<i>hsing³-pi³-tzü³</i>	擤鼻子		to blow the nose.
HSING⁴:	心卜	性	471b809c
<i>hsing⁴-ao⁴</i>		性傲	disposition, temper, qualities, properties.
<i>hsing⁴-chi³</i>		性急	arrogant, haughty, proud (<i>chiao¹ ao⁴</i>).
<i>hsing⁴-ch'ing³</i>		性情	hasty temper.
<i>hsing⁴-hsiang³-chin⁴</i>		性相近	disposition, temper; the passions.
<i>hsing⁴-ju³-lich⁴-huo³</i>		性如烈火	men's dispositions are nearly alike.
<i>hsing⁴-li³</i>		性理	a fiery disposition.
<i>hsing⁴-ming⁴</i>		性命	natural propensities; nature, metaphysics.
<i>hsing⁴-ming⁴-man³-pao³</i>		性命難保	life (<i>huo² ming⁴</i>).
<i>hsing⁴-pên³-shan⁴</i>		性本善	in imminent danger, cannot live.
<i>hsing⁴-t'i³</i>		性體	man's nature is good at birth. [ch'i ⁴].
<i>hsing⁴-tzü¹</i>		性姿	disposition, temper; natural propensities (<i>p'i³</i>)
<i>hsing⁴</i>	干	幸	disposition; natural propensities.
<i>hsing⁴-êrh³</i>		幸而	lucky, fortunate, luckily, fortunately; affection.
<i>hsing⁴-hsi³</i>		幸喜	fortunately, luckily.
<i>hsing⁴-k'uei³</i>		幸虧	luckily, happily.
<i>hsing⁴-lin³</i>		幸臨	same (<i>chiao³ hsing⁴</i>).
<i>hsing⁴-mêng³</i>		幸蒙	fortunately you came; arrival of the emperor.
<i>hsing⁴-tsai¹-lé⁴-huo⁴</i>		幸災樂禍	luckily.
<i>hsing⁴</i>	女	姓	470c810b
<i>hsing⁴-ming³</i>		姓名	delighting in the ills of your enemy.
<i>hsing⁴-p'u³</i>		姓譜	family name, surname.
<i>hsing⁴-shên²-ming³-shui²</i>		姓甚名誰	surname and name.
<i>hsing⁴-shên²-mo¹</i>		姓甚麼	biography, a genealogical tree (<i>chia¹ p'u³</i>).
<i>hsing⁴-shih⁴</i>		姓氏	what is his full name?
<i>hsing⁴ (tzü)</i>	木	杏	477a209a
<i>hsing⁴-huang³</i>		杏黃	what name? what is your name? (<i>kuei⁴ hsing⁴</i>)
<i>hsing⁴-jên³</i>		杏仁	a surname, clan name.
<i>hsing⁴-kan¹</i>		杏乾	the apricot or almond.
<i>hsing⁴-lin³</i>		杏林	amber, amber colour.
<i>hsing⁴-t'an³-shê⁴-chiao¹</i>		杏壇設教	almonds, apricot kernels.
<i>hsing⁴-yen³</i>		杏眼	dried apricots.
<i>hsing⁴-yüeh⁴</i>		杏月	an apricot orchard.
			to preach at Hsing Tan (Confucius).
			"apricot eyes," almond eyes.
			"apricot month," the 2nd month. See Note 32.

hsing⁴ 人 倖^{470b208c} sycophantic, servile; to obtain unexpectedly
 hsing⁴-tê² 倖得 to obtain by improper means. [(chiao² hsing⁴).
 hsing⁴ 頁 顛 凶 顛^{477a808c} the top or crown of the head.
 hsing⁴-mên² 顛門 the fontanelle in a baby's head (t'ien¹ ling² kai⁴).

HSIU¹ 人 脩 修^{478c811a} to direct, to regulate, to put in order, to repair.
 hsiu¹-chên¹ 修真 to cultivate the principles of reason and religion.
 hsiu¹-chên¹-yang²-hsing⁴ 修真養性 to cultivate purity and nourish the nature.
 hsiu¹-chêng² 修整 to repair, to mend (ch'ung² hsiu²).
 hsiu¹-ch'êng² 修城 to repair, or build the city-wall.
 hsiu¹-ch'iao² 修橋 to repair bridges.
 hsiu¹-ch'iao²-pu²-lu⁴ 修橋補路 "repair bridges and mend roads," philanthropic.
 hsiu¹-chih⁴-shu¹ 修志書 to compile a topography or local history.
 hsiu¹-chu² 修築 to build.
 hsiu¹-ch'u² 修鋤 to cultivate (land).
 hsiu¹-han² 修函 to carefully compose a letter.
 hsiu¹-hsia⁴ 修下 to manage, to regulate, etc.
 hsiu¹-hsien¹ 修仙 to attain to immortality (Taoist).
 hsiu¹-hsing² 修行 to cultivate moral conduct.
 hsiu¹-kai² 修改 to revise (chêng² chih⁴).
 hsiu¹-kai² 修蓋 to repair, to rebuild (shan¹ kai²).
 hsiu¹-li² 修理 to direct, to regulate, to repair,
 hsiu¹-li²-chung¹-piao² 修理鐘表 to repair watches, etc.
 hsiu¹-li²-yen²-ching⁴ 修理眼鏡 to repair spectacles.
 hsiu¹-lien⁴ 修煉 to practise the austerities of an ascetic.
 hsiu¹-miao 修廟 to repair a temple.
 hsiu¹-piao²-wên² 修表文 to write a despatch (wên² shu¹).
 hsiu¹-pien² 修匾 to prepare a tablet.
 hsiu¹-p'in² 修品 to cultivate good conduct or behaviour.
 hsiu¹-pu² 修補 to repair, to mend. [nature.
 hsiu¹-shên¹ yang²-hsing⁴ 修身養性 to regulate the body, to improve one's moral
 hsiu¹-shih⁴ 修飾 to seek to reach Nirvana (nieh¹ p'an²).
 hsiu¹-shu¹ 修書 to adorn, to make.
 hsiu¹-tao⁴ 修道 to carefully compose a letter.
 hsiu¹-tê² 修德 to cultivate the principles of reason and religion.
 hsiu¹-tsao⁴ 修造 to cultivate virtue, to be well-behaved.
 hsiu¹-yin¹-kung¹ 修陰功 to build, to repair.
 hsiu¹ 人 休^{477c210a} to do good by stealth (chi¹ tê²).
 hsiu¹-ch'î¹ 休妻 to cease, to stop, to rest; to divorce, to repudiate.
 hsiu¹-ch'î⁴ 休棄 to divorce a wife.
 hsiu¹-chien⁴ 休覘 to abandon, to repudiate, to resign.
 hsiu¹-ch'ü² 休止 don't look! to make ashamed M. 214.
 休止 to stop, to desist from.

hsiu ¹ -chih ⁴ ;	休致	to resign office (through age, etc.).
hsiu ¹ -hsi ²	休息	to rest as from toil.
hsiu ¹ -kuai ⁴	休怪	don't think it strange, etc.
hsiu ¹ -mei ³	休美	beautiful.
hsiu ¹ -p' a ⁴ -t' a ¹	休怕他	don't be afraid of him !
hsiu ¹ -shou ³	休手	to desist from any work. [shu ¹].
hsiu ¹ -shu ¹	休書	a bill of divorce (obtained by the husband) (li ²)
hsiu ¹ -shuo ¹	休說	'don't speak !
hsiu ¹ -tang ¹	休當	don't imagine, etc.
hsiu ¹ -tē ³	休得	need not, don't.
hsiu ¹ -t' i ³	休提	don't mention it ! a puppet show (pieh ²).
hsiu ¹ -to ¹ -shuo ¹	休多說	don't talk so much !
hsiu ¹ -tz' u ³	休此	give up this ! don't do this ! I live here.
hsiu ¹ -wēn ⁴	休問	don't ask !
hsiu ¹ -yao ⁴	休要	I don't want !
hsiu ¹	羞 羊 羞	shame, ashamed ; to blush.
hsiu ¹ -ch' ih ³	羞恥	shame, ashamed (hui ⁴ sao ⁴ , ch' ih ³ hsiiao ⁴).
hsiu ¹ -fēn ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -chin ⁴	羞忿自盡	to commit suicide through shame.
hsiu ¹ -hsiao ¹	羞削	to make ashamed ; shame (pao ⁴ k' uei ⁴).
hsiu ¹ -hua ¹	羞花	"shame flowers," beautiful, lovely.
hsiu ¹ -jēn ³	羞人	to abash or shame a person.
hsiu ¹ -ju ⁴	羞辱	to abuse, to revile ; shame.
hsiu ¹ -k' uei ⁴	羞愧	ashamed, abashed ; to abash.
hsiu ¹ -liao ³	羞了	abashed (mien ³ t' ien ³).
hsiu ¹ -lin ⁴	羞吝	to feel shame.
hsiu ¹ -ts' an ³	羞慚	ashamed (ts' an ³ k' uei ⁴).
hsiu ¹ -o ⁴ -chih ¹ -hsin ¹	羞惡之心	a feeling of shame at evil.
hsiu ¹	脔 脔	dried meat ; the salary of teachers, etc.
hsiu ¹ -chin ¹	脔金	the salary of teachers, etc (fēng ⁴ lu ⁴ , hsin ¹ shui ³).
hsiu ¹	食膳膾 膾	dainty viands ; to nourish, to feel (shan ⁴).

HSIU ³	宿 1025a823o	a night ; to rest. See su ² .
hsiu ³ -ch' ang ¹	宿娼	to spend the night with prostitutes.
hsiu ³ -ch' ang ¹ -p' iao ² -	宿娼嫖妓	same.
hsiu ³ -hsi ³	宿昔	formerly, in older times.
hsiu ³ -i ¹ -hsiu ³	宿一宿	to rest a night.
hsiu ³ -jih ⁴	宿日	in past days.
hsiu ³ -liao ³ -i ¹ -yeh ⁴	宿了一夜	to rest a night.
hsiu ³ -no ⁴	宿諾	to break one's promise (shih ¹ hsin ⁴).
hsiu ³ -shou ³	宿守	to keep guard at night.
hsiu ³ -lien ⁴	宿店	an inn ; to rest at an inn (hsieh ¹ tien ⁴).
hsiu ³ -yüan ⁴	宿怨	an old resentment.
hsiu ³	木 朽	to rot ; rotten, stinking, offensive, forgotten.

<i>hsiu²-mu⁴</i>	朽木	rotten wood (fu ³ hsiu ²).
<i>hsiu²-huai⁴</i>	朽壤	decayed, spoilt.
<i>hsiu²-lan⁴</i>	朽爛	decayed, spoilt (ch'ou ⁴ lan ⁴).
HSIU⁴	禾	秀 ^{479c811c}
<i>hsiu⁴-ch'ei⁴</i>	秀氣	fine, elegant, fair, splendid, beautiful; shoots, enlightened; an enlightened man, elegance.
<i>hsiu⁴-êrh²-pu⁴-shih²</i>	秀而不實	flourishing but without kernel.
<i>hsiu⁴-i¹</i>	秀衣	elegant or fine clothes.
<i>hsiu⁴-liu²</i>	秀流	graceful, elegant, etc.
<i>hsiu⁴-mei²</i>	秀美	beautiful, handsome.
<i>hsiu⁴ shih⁴</i>	秀士	lowest title of literary graduates (B.A.).
<i>hsiu⁴-su⁴</i>	秀穗	the ears of corn.
<i>hsiu⁴-ts'ai²</i>	秀才	same. G. 469. chien ⁴ shêng ² , chin ⁴ hsiao ²).
<i>hsiu⁴-ts'ai²-i¹-hsing⁴</i>	秀才一幸	passing for B. A. is all luck.
<i>hsiu⁴-ya²</i>	秀雅	beautiful, refined.
<i>hsiu⁴</i>	系	繡 ^{480b811c}
<i>hsiu⁴</i>		繡 ^{480b811c}
<i>hsiu⁴-chiang⁴</i>	繡匠	embroiderers.
<i>hsiu⁴-chin¹-mang³.p'ao²</i>	繡金蟒袍	a robe spangled with gold.
<i>hsiu⁴-ch'iu²</i>	繡球	the geranium; hydrangea.
<i>hsiu⁴-fang²</i>	繡房	a young lady's boudoir.
<i>hsiu⁴-hsieh²</i>	繡鞋	embroidered shoes.
<i>hsiu⁴-hua¹</i>	繡花	to embroider flowers.
<i>hsiu⁴-huo⁴</i>	繡貨	embroidered goods.
<i>hsiu⁴-ko²</i>	繡閣	a boudoir (kuei ¹ ku ²).
<i>hsiu⁴-nü²</i>	繡女	an imperial concubine; maidens, spinsters, girls.
<i>hsiu⁴-tun¹</i>	繡墩	"the embroidered hillock," a cushion, an ot-
<i>hsiu⁴ (tzu)</i>	衣袖	a sleeve, a cuff. [toman,
<i>hsiu⁴-chén¹-shu¹</i>	袖珍書	pocket (sleeve) editions.
<i>hsiu⁴-k'ou²</i>	袖口	the mouth of a sleeve.
<i>hsiu⁴-li²</i>	袖裡	in or up the sleeve.
<i>hsiu⁴-liao²</i>	袖了	sleeved, to have put up one's sleeve.
<i>hsiu⁴-shou²</i>	袖手	to put the hands in the sleeves; indifferent to,
<i>hsiu⁴-shou²-p'ang²</i>	袖手傍觀	not to concern one's self about. (ch'uai ¹ cho ² shou ²).
<i>hsiu⁴-t'ou²-êrh²</i>	袖頭兒	the turn-up of a cuff.
<i>hsiu⁴-tsou²-liao²</i>	袖走了	went off without doing anything.
<i>hsiu⁴</i>	金鏽	鏽 ^{480b811c}
HSIUNG¹	兄	兄 ^{481a213a}
<i>hsung¹-chang²</i>	兄長	an elder brother; a term of respect.
<i>hsung¹-hsien¹-ti⁴-hou²</i>	兄兄弟後	a senior, Sir.
<i>hsung¹-k'uan¹-ti⁴-jên²</i>	兄寬弟忍	first the elder brother, then the younger.
		[the elder brother should be generous and the younger patient.

hsiung¹-t'ai³ 兄台
 hsiung¹-ti⁴ 兄弟
 hsiung¹-ti⁴-mên³ 兄弟們
 hsiung¹-tzu³-ti⁴-kung¹ 兄友弟恭
 hsiung¹ 凶 181b213b
 hsiung¹-chao⁴ 凶兆
 hsiung¹-fu³ 凶服
 hsiung¹-hsin⁴ 凶信
 hsiung¹-hsing¹ 凶星
 hsiung¹-huang¹ 凶荒
 lviung¹-ming⁴ 凶命
 hsiung¹-nien³ 凶年
 hsiung¹-shên³-fu⁴-t'it³ 凶神附體
 hsiung¹-shih⁴ 凶事
 hsiung¹ 凡 + 兇 481c213c
 hsiung¹-fan⁴ 兇犯
 hsiung¹-hên³ 兇狠
 hsiung¹-hêng⁴ 兇橫
 hsiung¹-hsien³ 兇險
 hsiung¹-hsin¹ 兇心
 hsiung¹-mêng³ 兇猛
 hsiung¹-nio¹ 兇虐
 hsiung¹-o⁴ 兇惡
 hsiung¹-pao⁴ 兇暴
 hsiung¹-sha¹ 兇殺
 hsiung¹-shou³ 兇手
 hsiung¹-t'u² 兇徒
 hsiung¹ 肉 { 胸 482a214a
 hsiung¹ 胸
 hsiung¹-ch'ien³ 胸前
 hsiung¹-chung¹ [tao¹ 胸中
 hsiung¹-chung¹-huai² 胸中懷刀
 hsiung¹-ko³ 胸膈
 hsiung¹-p'u²-tzû³ 胸膈子
 hsiung¹-t'ang² 胸膛

"eminent brother," a term of respect.
 a younger brother (ko¹ ko¹).
 brothers. [younger respectful.
 the elder brother should be friendly and the
 calamity, adversity ; evil, inauspicious (chi³).
 a bad omen or sign.
 mourning clothes (hslao⁴ i¹).
 bad news.
 a malignant star.
 famine (chien⁴ nien²).
 an unhappy fate.
 a bad year, e. g., famine, war, etc.
 a bad spirit enters the body.
 a calamitous affair.
 cruel, malevolent. (凶 also used.)
 a murderer.
 hatred.
 ferocious, brutal, vicious.
 dangerous, malignant.
 a malevolent heart.
 fierce (mêng³ liêh⁴). [feriors.
 cruel, barbarous, inhuman (superiors to in-
 cruel and wicked malevolent, inhuman.
 same (ts'ian² pao³).
 to murder ; murder.
 a murderer.
 same.
 the breast.
 same.
 same.
 in the mind or breast.
 treachery (chien¹ cha⁴).
 diaphragm, the feelings.
 the breast.
 the chest, the breast.

HSIUNG³ 雄 482b214b
 hsiung³-chi¹ 雄雞
 hsiung³-chiu¹-chiu¹-ti¹ 雄赳赳的
 hsiung³-chuang⁴ 雄狀
 hsiung³-chuang⁴ 雄壯
 hsiung³-hsin¹ 雄心
 hsiung²-huang² 雄黃

male, masculine ; martial, heroic.
 the cock (p'in³ chi¹).
 swaggering, bully-air.
 a martial appearance.
 brave, strong (ying¹ hsiung²).
 heroic, noble-minded.
 red sulphur (liu² huang²).

<i>hsiung²-ts'ai³</i>	雄才	a master-hand.
<i>hsiung²-tz'ü³</i>	雄雌	male and female (of birds).
<i>hsiung²-wu³</i>	雄武	martial, military ardour.
<i>hsiung²</i>	熊 <small>火 ㄨㄥ</small>	the bear.
<i>hsiung²-chang³</i>	熊掌	bear's paws (a great delicacy in China).
<i>hsiung²-êrh³-shan</i>	熊耳山	Bears' Ear Hill in Hunan.
<i>hsiung²-tan³</i>	熊胆	bear's gall (a medicine used for fevers).
HSÜ¹	虚 <small>483b227a</small>	empty, void, vacant; vain.
<i>hsü¹-cha⁴</i>	虚詐	false, deceitful (<i>chia³ chuang¹</i>).
<i>hsü¹-cha⁴-pu⁴-shih³</i>	虚詐不實	same.
<i>hsü¹-chang¹-shêng¹</i>	虚張聲勢	to pretend to what one has not.
<i>hsü¹-chia³</i> , [<i>shih⁴</i>]	虚假	false, fictitious.
<i>hsü¹-ch'ing²-chia³-i⁴</i>	虚情假意	hollowness and falsity.
<i>hsü¹-chuan⁴</i>	虚傳	a false account, a legend.
<i>hsü¹-fang²-hsing¹-mao³</i>	虚房星昴	these stars in almanac shew our Sundays.
<i>hsü¹-fo²</i>	虚浮	vague, unsubstantial (<i>fou³ hua³</i>).
<i>hsü¹-hsin¹</i>	虚心	humbleness of mind; false-hearted
<i>hsü¹-hsin¹-hsia⁴-ch'i⁴</i>	虚心下氣	meek and submissive.
<i>hsü¹-hua¹-shih⁴</i>	虚華市	"Vanity Fair."
<i>hsü¹-hua¹-shih⁴</i>	虚華世	this empty and vain age.
<i>hsü¹-huo³</i>	虚火	an empty grate; hungry.
<i>hsü¹-jo⁴</i>	虚弱	weak, delicate.
<i>hsü¹-k'ung¹</i>	虚空	empty, hollow.
<i>hsü¹-ming³</i>	虚名	an empty name, a spurious reputation.
<i>hsü¹-shih³</i>	虚實	empty and full; false and true.
<i>hsü¹-t'ao⁴</i>	虚套	empty compliments of etiquette (<i>t'ao⁴ hua⁴</i>).
<i>hsü¹-t'i³-mien⁴</i>	虚體面	a false respectability.
<i>hsü¹-tu⁴</i>	虚度	to do to no purpose; to waste time.
<i>hsü¹-tu⁴-kuang¹-yin¹</i>	虚度光陰	to waste time (<i>tan⁴ yen³</i>). [<i>chang³</i>].
<i>hsü¹-tu²-wu²-shih³</i>	虚度五十	I have lived vainly 50 years (polite) (<i>ch'ih⁴</i>).
<i>hsü¹-t-zü³</i>	虚子	swells, rowdies, etc.
<i>hsü¹-t-zü¹-yen³</i>	虚字眼	a particle in grammar.
<i>hsü¹-wên³</i>	虚文	formal writing.
<i>hsü¹-ying¹-ku⁴-shih⁴</i>	虚應故事	to follow a mere routine (or 了 for 應).
<i>hsü¹</i>	須 <small>484b818a</small>	requisite, necessary; must; to expect. M. 285.
<i>hsü¹-shih⁴</i>	須是	it must be (<i>i¹ ting⁴</i>).
<i>hsü¹-tang¹</i>	須當	must (<i>pi⁴ tê²</i>).
<i>hsü¹ tê²</i>	須得	same.
<i>hsü¹-yao⁴</i>	須要	must, necessary, etc.
<i>hsü¹-yü³</i>	須臾	in a moment, for a little while.
<i>hsü¹-yung⁴</i>	須用	needed for use, necessary articles.
<i>hsü¹</i>	心 卹 郵 恤 <small>485a825c</small>	to pity, to compassionate, to love; mournful.

hsü ¹ -chêng ⁴		恤政	a benevolent government.
hsü ¹ -ku ¹		恤孤	to pity the orphan (hsi ¹ lao ³ lien ² p'in ²).
hsü ¹ -ku ¹ -chü ³		恤孤局	orphan asylum.
*hsü ¹ -lien ²		恤憐	to compassionate (lien ¹ min ²).
hsü ¹ -min ²		恤憫	same.
hsü ¹	髭	鬚	the moustache (hn ² hsü ¹).
hsü ¹ -fu ³		鬚髮	"moustache and hair," a male.
hsü ¹ -mei ² -chang ⁴ -fu ¹		鬚眉丈夫	respectable, goodlooking (a man).
hsü ¹ -shu ¹		鬚梳	a moustache comb. See note 53.
hsü ¹	田	畜	to feed, to nourish; to collect together. See ch'ü ⁴ .
hsü ¹ -ma ³		畜馬	to breed horses.
hsü ¹ -tê ³		畜德	to cherish virtue.
hsü ¹ -yang ³		畜養	to feed, to nourish, to support.
hsü ¹	戈	戍	horary character; 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.
hsü ¹ -shih ²		戍時	7 to 9 o'clock P. M.
hsü ¹ -yüeh ⁴		戍月	the ninth month. See Note 32.
hsü ¹	雨	需	to use, to employ; necessary.
hsü ¹ -yung ⁴		需用	to use, to employ; necessary things.
hsü ¹	口	噓	to blow softly; to speak in behalf of. [hsü ¹ ti ³].
hsü ¹ -hu ¹		噓呼	to exhale and to inhale; to call (ch'uan ³ hsü ¹).
hsü ¹ -liao ² -shou ³		噓了手	to blow on one's hand.
hsü ¹	肉	胥	all inferior clerks; runners.
hsü ¹ -i ⁴		胥役	police runners (ya ² i ⁴).
HSÜ ²	彳	徐	sedate, grave, slow (a surname).
hsü ² -hsü ² -érh ² -lai ²		徐而來	coming in a grave dignified manner.
hsü ² -t'ü ²		徐圖	to deliberate, to devise.
hsü ²	亻	徐俗	see su ² .
HSÜ ³	言	許	to allow, to promise; much; probably. M. 374.
hsü ³ -chin ⁴		許進	to enter, to advance; to allow to enter.
hsü ³ -chiu ²		許久	a very long time.
hsü ³ -hsia ⁴		許下	to promise, promised (ying ¹ hsü ³).
hsü ³ -hsin ⁴		許信	to believe.
hsü ³ -hun ¹		許婚	to affiance, to betroth.
hsü ³ -k'ü ²		許可	to allow (jang ⁴ jung ²).
hsü ³ -no ⁴		許諾	to promise.
hsü ³ -p'ei ⁴		許配	to betroth a girl (p'in ⁴ ting ⁴).
hsü ³ -p'in ⁴		許聘	to betroth, to affiance.
hsü ³ -t'á ¹ -wei ² -ch'í ¹		許他爲妻	betroth her for a wife.
hsü ³ -tê ²		許得	possibly, may be.
hsü ³ -to ¹		許多	a great many (jo ⁴ kan ³).
hsü ³ -yo ¹		許約	to agree to.

hsü³-yüan⁴

許願

to aver, to vow, to swear (ch'i³ shih⁴).

HSÜ⁴

又敘

叙^{487c819b}

to converse, to chat,

hsü⁴-ch'ing²

叙情

to converse of affection, etc.

hsü⁴-han²-wên¹

叙寒温

“ chat about cold and heat ” (general topics).

hsü⁴-hsü²-chia¹-ch'ang²

叙叙家常

to chat about every-day matters.

hsü⁴-hua⁴

叙話

to converse, conversation.

hsü⁴-lun⁴

叙論

to discourse in order.

hsü⁴-shih⁴

叙事

to chat about affairs.

hsü⁴-t'an²

叙談

to chat, to gossip, to converse.

hsü⁴-t'an²-hsü⁴-t'an²

叙談叙談

same.

hsü⁴

糸

續^{488b823b}

to connect, a continuation ; to join. [hun¹].

hsü⁴-ch'ü²

續娶

to widower marrying again (hou⁴ hsü⁴, hou⁴

hsü⁴-fan²

續煩

prosy, boring (fan² hsü⁴).

hsü⁴-hsien²

續絃

to marry again.

hsü⁴-yüeh⁴

續約

supplementary convention.

hsü⁴

糸

絮^{488b819c}

gossamer, willow down ; prolix, talkative,

hsü⁴-fan²

絮繁

repetitions, weariness (fan² hsü⁴).

hsü⁴-hsü⁴

絮絮

to quilt.

hsü⁴-hua¹

絮花

raw cotton, to line with cotton wool.

hsü⁴-mien²-tzu³

絮綿子

silk floss in sheets, quilting.

hsü⁴-pei⁴

絮被

a quilted coverlet.

hsü⁴-shang⁴

絮上

to quilt.

hsü⁴-tao¹-tao¹

絮叨叨

talkative, prosy (la³ la³ pu⁴ hsiu¹).

hsü⁴

土

婿^{483a790c}

a daughter's husband, a son-in-law.

hsü⁴

女

婿^{483a790c}

same (nü³ hsü⁴).

hsü⁴-chia¹

婿家

a son-in-law's family. [cedence.

hsü⁴

广

序^{488a819b}

order, series, arrangement ; the order of pre-

hsü⁴-ch'ih³

序齒

“ in order of teeth,” by seniority.

hsü⁴-chüeh³

序爵

in order of rank.

hsü⁴-pan¹

序班

a detachment in its order.

hsü⁴

糸

緒^{488a819c}

the clue ; connect (t'on² hsü⁴). [hsü¹ 恤].

hsü⁴

巾

郵^{485a825c}

to feel sorry, to pity, to compassionate (see

hsü⁴ (su)

艸

蓓^{1025b825a}

clover (mu⁴ hsü⁴).

hsü⁴

艸

蓄^{486a99a}

lay up, rear (chi¹ hsü⁴).

hsü⁴-liang²

蓄粮

to store up grain.

HSÜAN¹

宀

宣^{490c820a}

to proclaim, to declare, to read loudly.

hsüan¹-chao⁴

宣詔

to proclaim the imperial will.

hsüan¹-chiang²-fu²-yin¹

宣講福音

to preach the Gospel (ch'uan² tao⁴).

hsüan¹-chih³

宣旨

to proclaim the imperial will (shêng⁴ chih³).

hsüan¹-ch'u¹

[chih³]

宣出

to proclaim, to declare.

hsüan¹-ch'uan⁴-shêng⁴

宣傳聖旨

to promulgate an edict.

hsüan ¹ -hua ⁴		宣化	to diffuse renovating principles.
hsüan ¹ -kao ⁴		宣誥	to proclaim, proclamation.
hsüan ¹ -lai ²		宣來	to call, call him here ; bid him come.
hsüan ¹ -lou ⁴		宣露	to expose to view.
hsüan ¹ -pien ⁴		宣徧	to extend everywhere (ch'uan ² pien ⁴ t'ien ¹ hsia ⁴).
hsüan ¹ -yang ³		宣揚	to spread, to promulgate.
hsüan ¹	口	喧 ^{491a231a}	clamour, noise, uproar.
hsüan ¹ -ch'ao ¹		喧吵	clamour, noise, outcry, vociferation (ch'ao ¹ nao ⁴).
hsüan ¹ -hua ²		喧譁	clamor, noise.
hsüan ¹ -jang ³		喧嚷	clamour of many voices.
hsüan ¹ -nao ⁴		喧鬧	high words, noise, uproar. [hsüan ¹ t'ien ¹].
hsüan ¹ -t'ien ¹ -chén ⁴ -ti ⁴		喧天震地	filling heaven and shaking earth (noise) (lo ² ku ²
hsüan ¹ -ts'ao ¹		喧嘈	clamor, noise, outcry, vociferation.
hsüan ¹	言	誼 ^{491b231a}	uproar of many voices, clamorous, noisy ; false.
hsüan ¹ -hu ¹		誼呼	to bawl out loudly.
hsüan ¹ -jang ³		誼讓	uproar, clamorous, noisy.
hsüan ¹ -lung ⁴		誼弄	to befool, to cajole (lu ² nung ⁴).
hsüan ¹ -tu ²		誼讀	to read a proclamation, etc.
hsüan ¹	車	軒 ^{45Sb196a}	a handsome cart ; a pleasant comfortable room.
hsüan ¹ -ch'ang ³		軒廠	large airy rooms.
hsüan ¹ -t'ü ³		軒子	a comfortable room.
hsüan ¹	日	暄 ^{491a231b}	light, spongy ; warm.

HSÜAN ²	心	懸 ^{491c232b}	to suspend, suspense ; separate.
hsüan ² -ch'ü ³ -lai ²		懸起來	to hang up (tiao ⁴ , kua ⁴).
hsüan ² -chüeh ³		懸絕	as far different as possible, altogether different.
hsüan ² -chüeh ³ -pu ⁴ -t'ung ³		懸絕不同	different altogether.
hsüan ² -hsin ¹		懸心	to be in suspense (kua ⁴ nien ⁴).
hsüan ² -ko ²		懸隔	separated by space.
hsüan ² -kua ⁴		懸掛	to hang up, to suspend ; in suspense.
hsüan ² -k'ung ¹		懸空	to suspend in vacuo, speculation.
hsüan ² -nien ⁴		懸念	to be in suspense about.
hsüan ² -liang ³		懸梁	to suspend from a beam ; suicide by hanging.
hsüan ² -shang ²		懸上	to hang up.
hsüan ² -shu ¹	[ts'ai ³	懸殊	very different.
hsüan ² -t'eng ¹ -chieh ¹ -		懸燈結彩	lamps and cloth-hangings (on gay occasions),
hsüan ² -yang ³		懸羊	the sloth.
hsüan ²	方 [k'uan ¹	旋 ^{4S9a821a}	to revolve ; afterwards (also 4th tone).
hsüan ² -ch'ien ² -chuan ² -		旋乾轉坤	revolutions of heaven and earth.
hsüan ² -chuan ²		旋轉	to revolve ; to return.
hsüan ² -feng ¹		旋風	a whirlwind (yang ² chiao ³ feng ¹).
hsüan ² -hua ¹		旋花	the convolvulus.
hsüan ² -wen ²		旋紋	curling, rippling, wrinkled (chou ⁴ ché ²).

<i>hsüan</i> ² -wo ¹		旋窩	a whirlpool.
<i>hsüan</i> ²	玄玄	玄 ^{489c231c}	black, sombre, gloomy.
<i>hsüan</i> ² -ching ¹ -shih ³		玄精石	carbonate of lime.
<i>hsüan</i> ² -li ³		玄理	abstruse principles.
<i>hsüan</i> ² -mên ²		玄門	Taoists (tao ⁴ chiao ⁴).
<i>ñsüan</i> ² -miao ⁴		玄妙	abstruse, mystic (ao ⁴ miao ⁴).
<i>hsüan</i> ² -ming ² -fên ³		玄明粉	sulphate of soda, salts.
<i>hsüan</i> ² -mo ⁴		玄默	still and meditative.
<i>hsüan</i> ² -sun ¹		玄孫	a great-great grandchild.
<i>hsüan</i> ² -t'ien ¹ -shang ⁴ -t'ü ⁴		玄天上帝	God of Heaven.
<i>hsüan</i> ²	目	眩 ^{490a232a}	shifting the eyes continually, dizzy. [yen ³].
<i>hsüan</i> ² -hua ¹		眩花	near-sighted, to see indistinctly (chin ⁴ shih ³).
<i>hsüan</i> ² -mu ⁴		眩目	theshift the eyes; the eyes dazzled; near-sighted.

HSÜAN³	疔	癬 ^{458a801a}	a skin disease, ringworm (also <i>hsien</i>).
<i>hsüan</i> ³ -chieh ⁴		癬疥	"ringworm and itch," of no importance.
<i>hsüan</i> ³ -ch'uang ¹		癬瘡	ringworm.
<i>hsüan</i> ³	疋疋	選 ^{492a821c}	to choose, to select (also 4th tone).
<i>hsüan</i> ³ -min ²		選民	elect people, e. g., the Jews.
<i>hsüan</i> ³ -pa ²		選拔	to choose, to select.
<i>hsüan</i> ³ -shih ⁴		選士	"to select a scholar," to confer a degree
<i>hsüan</i> ³ -tsé ²		選擇	to choose, to select.
<i>hsüan</i> ³ -tsé ² -chi ³ -jih ⁴		選擇吉日	to choose a lucky day.

HSÜAN⁴ (tzü) 木棧	植 ^{491a232c}	a shoemaker's last.	
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴ -chuang ¹	植椿	a last, boot-trees.	
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴ -t'ou ²	植頭	a last.	
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴	行街	to brag, puffed up.	
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -hsüan ⁴ -li ⁴	街天街地	exaggerated, bombastic.	
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴	玉 [mai ³]	現 ^{463c201b}	now, at present. See <i>hsien</i> ⁴ .
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴ -yung ⁴ -hsüan ⁴		現用現買	to buy as needed.
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴	風	颳 ^{489b821c}	a whirlwind.
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴ -fêng ¹		颳風	same (yang ³ chiao ³ fêng ¹).
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴	金	錠 ^{489b822a}	to turn on a lathe.
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴ -ch'uang ²		錠床	the part of a lathe which holds the knife
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴ -p'i ²		錠皮	to cut off the outer layer in a lathe.
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴ -yüan ²		錠圓	to turn it round on a lathe.
<i>hsüan</i> ⁴	卓卩	陷 ^{462c202b}	to fall into, to sink. to involve. See <i>hsien</i> ⁴

HSÜEH¹ (tzü) 革鞞	靴 ^{493a229a}	boots (hsieh ²).
<i>hsüeh</i> ¹ -hsieh ²	靴鞋	boots and shoes.
<i>hsüeh</i> ¹ -i ¹ -shuang ¹	靴一雙	boots, one pair.
<i>hsüeh</i> ¹ -mao ⁴	靴帽	boots and hats.

hsüeh ¹ -wa ⁴	靴襪	boots and stockings.
HSÜEH ²	子學 ^{493a209a}	to study, to learn; to imitate. See <i>hsiao</i> ² .
hsüeh ² -chang ³	學掌	a monitor, head boy at school.
hsüeh ² -chêng ⁴	學政	a literary chancellor. G. 323.
hsüeh ² -êrh ² -chih ¹ -chih ¹	學而知之	knowledge attained by learning.
hsüeh ² -fang ³	學房	a school.
hsüeh ² -hao ³ -shih ⁴	學好事	to learn to do well.
hsüeh ² -hsi ³	學習	to learn by practice (<i>yen</i> ³ hsi ⁴).
hsüeh ² -hsiao ⁴	學校	a government school.
hsüeh ² -huai ⁴	學壞	to learn evil.
hsüeh ² -kuan ¹	學官	a school-inspector.
hsüeh ² -kuan ³	學館	a school.
hsüeh ² -kuei ¹	學規	rules of a school, fees of B.A.
hsüeh ² -mai ² -mai ⁴ -ti ¹	學買賣的	apprentices (in trade).
hsüeh ² -man ³ -liao ³	學滿了	finished apprenticeship.
hsüeh ² -ming ³	學名	school name (<i>ju</i> ³ ming ²).
hsüeh ² -pu ⁴ -hui ⁴	學不會	cannot learn.
hsüeh ² -shêng ¹	學生	a pupil, a scholar, a student; catamites.
hsüeh ² -shih ¹	學師	a teacher or school master.
hsüeh ² -shih ⁴	學士	a learned man; a title of office; a doctor.
hsüeh ² -t'ang ³	學堂	a school.
hsüeh ² -t'ü ³	學徒	an apprentice, to be an apprentice (<i>t'ü</i> ² ti ⁴).
hsüeh ² -tzu ¹	學費	teacher's fees, tuition (<i>hsiu</i> ¹ chin ¹)
hsüeh ² -wên ⁴	學問	learning, knowledge.
hsüeh ² -yüan ⁴	學院	[G. 323. a literary chancellor; office of a <i>hsüeh</i> ² yüan ⁴ .
hsüeh ²	目	to look eagerly (<i>p'ieh</i> ¹ <i>p'ieh</i> ¹ <i>ch'iao</i> ²).
hsüeh ² -mu ⁴	目	to take a look.
HSÜEH ³	雨雪 ^{494a820a}	snow; to whiten; to clear one's self; to revenge.
hsüeh ³ -ch'ih ³	雪耻	to revenge, to wipe out disgrace.
hsüeh ³ -ching ³	雪景	a snow covered landscape.
hsüeh ³ -hên ⁴	雪恨	to have revenge (<i>pao</i> ⁴ <i>ch'ou</i> ²).
hsüeh ³ -hsi ³	雪洗	to wash clean.
hsüeh ³ -hua ¹	雪花	"snow flowers," flakes of snow (<i>hsia</i> ⁴ <i>hsüeh</i> ³).
hsüeh ³ -hua ⁴	雪化	the melting of snow.
hsüeh ³ -pai ² -ti ¹	雪白	white as snow, of snowy whiteness,
hsüeh ³ -p'ien ⁴	雪片的	snow flakes (<i>o</i> ² <i>mao</i> ² <i>ta</i> ⁴ <i>p'ien</i> ⁴).
hsüeh ³ -shuang ¹	雪霜	snow and frost.
hsüeh ³ -yüan ¹	雪冤	"to snow grievances," to have satisfaction.
HSÜEH ⁴	穴	a hole, a den, a cave, a grave (<i>tung</i> ⁴).
hsüeh ⁴ -ch'ing ² -hao ³	穴情好	the surroundings of the grave are good.

hsüeh⁴-chü¹
 hsüeh⁴-chung³-lou²-i⁴
 hsüeh⁴-tao⁴
 hsüeh⁴-ts'ang²
 hsüeh⁴
 hsüeh⁴-chan⁴
 hsüeh⁴-ch'i⁴
 hsüeh⁴-chieh²
 hsüeh⁴-lin²-lin³-ti¹
 hsüeh⁴-mo⁴

血

穴居
 穴中螻蟻
 穴道
 穴藏
 血
 血
 血戰
 血氣
 血竭
 血淋淋的
 血脈

to dwell in caves.
 mole crickets in a hole.
 a grave; a subterranean passage (fên² mu⁴).
 concealed in a cave; a receptacle.
 blood. See *hsieh*³.
 to fight to the death.
 constitution; animal passions.
 dragon's blood (a kind of resin).
 dripping with blood (used of a strict vow).
 the blood; relationship.

[smoke.

HSÜN¹ 火 烟 燻
 hsün¹-ch'eng¹
 hsün¹-chi¹
 hsün¹-ch'u¹-lai²
 hsün¹-f'eng¹
 hsün¹-hei¹
 hsün¹-hsi¹
 hsün¹-hsiang¹
 hsün¹-jou⁴
 hsün¹-la⁴
 hsün¹-ssü³
 hsün¹-t'ou⁴-la¹
 hsün¹-wên²-tzü³
 hsün¹-yao⁴
 hsün¹
 hsün¹-ch'én²
 hsün¹-chüeh²
 hsün¹-kung¹
 hsün¹-lao²
 hsün¹-lieh⁴
 hsün¹
 hsün¹-ts'ao³
 hsün¹
 hsün¹-hsün¹-ta⁴-tsui⁴

力 助

艸 廿

酉

燻
 燻蒸
 燻雞
 燻出來
 燻風
 燻黑
 燻夕
 燻香
 燻肉
 燻臘
 燻死
 燻透喇
 燻蚊子
 燻藥
 勳勳
 勳臣
 勳爵
 勳功
 勳勞
 勳烈
 薰薰
 薰草
 醺醺
 醺大醉

vapor, fumes, steam, evaporation, to scent, to steamy vapour after rain, etc.
 smoked chicken.
 to force, as flowers.
 southerly winds.
 to blacken with smoke (yen¹ hsün¹).
 late in the evening.
 to disinfect by burning herbs, etc.
 to smoke meat.
 smoke meat.
 to be asphyxiated.
 thoroughly smoked.
 to smoke out mosquitoes.
 an inhalent, e. g., chloroform or ether.
 merit, meritorious.
 a meritorious minister.
 rank by merit.
 great merit (kung¹ lao²).
 reward of merit; meritorious service.
 inflexible merit.
 fragrance of flowers.
 fragrant herbs or plants.
 intoxicated (tsui⁴).
 hopelessly drunk.

HSÜN² 彳
 vsün²-ch'iang²-tsou³
 hsün²-fu³
 hsün²-hsün²-shan⁴-yu⁴
 hsün²-huan²
 hsün²-kuei¹-tao⁴-chü³
 hsün²-li³

循
 循牆走
 循法
 循循善誘
 循環
 循規蹈矩
 循理

to act agreeably to, to acquiesce in, to follow.
 to follow along the wall.
 to obey the laws.
 to teach men in the proper sequence.
 to circulate.
 to follow rules and regulations.
 agreeably to reason.

hsün²-liang³	循	真	docile (liang³ shau⁴).
hsün²	巡	498a813a	to cruise, to go the rounds.
hsün²-an⁴	巡	按	a vice governor.
hsün²-ch'a³.	巡	察	to go rounds (as a watch, etc.) (ai² mèn² ch'a²).
h sün²-chien³	巡	檢	an officer in charge of a patrol, etc.
hsün²-ch'uan²	巡	船	a cruiser. [fu³]. G. 272.
hsün²-fu³	巡	撫	to soothe, to console; governor of a province (tu¹
hsün²-i⁴	巡	役	police, revenue officers.
hsün²-lo²	巡	邏	to cruise, to patrol, to go round as a watchman.
hsün²-pu³	巡	捕	a sort of constable or policeman.
hsün²-pu³-fang²	巡	捕房	police-station.
hsün²-pu³-t'ing¹	巡	捕廳	same.
hsün²-shao⁴-ch'uan²	巡	哨船	a cruiser.
hsün²-shih⁴	巡	視	to reconnoitre; to pay a visit of inspection.
hsün²-shou³	巡	守	to inspect the various districts.
hsün²-shou⁴	巡	狩	emperor's tour of inspection.
hsün²-yeh⁴	巡	夜	watchmen (ta³ ching¹).
hsün²-ying²	巡	營	night guards; outposts.
hsün²	尋	498b807a	to seek, to investigate; constantly. See <i>hsün³</i> .
hsün²-ch'ang³	尋	常	commonly, constantly (p'ing³ ch'ang²)
hsün²-chao³	尋	找	to seek for.
hsün²-ch'ên¹	尋	喚	to provoke (jê³).
hsün²-hsiang³	尋	想	to study, to consider, to reflect.
hsün²-pu⁴-chao³	尋	不著	cannot be found.
hsün²-shih⁴	尋	事	to make trouble.
hsün²-sü¹	尋	思	to study, to consider, to reflect.
hsün²-t'an⁴	尋	探	to seek, to search.
hsün²-tuan³-chien⁴	尋	短見	suicided
hsün²-wu²-h'ang²	尋	無常	suicided.
hsün²	犬	狗	to connive at, connivance (also 徇).
hsün²-ch'ing³	狗	情	to befriend, to take one's part, to connive at.
hsün²-pi⁴	狗	庇	to connive at, to take one's part, to screen.
hsün²-sü¹	狗	私	private, selfish, underhand.
hsün²-sü¹-yü⁴	狗	私慾	selfish.
hsün²	日	旬	a decade (either of days or years).
hsün²-jih⁴	旬	日	ten days.
hsün²-wei⁴	旬	內	within ten days.
hsün²-wai⁴	旬	外	more than ten days.

HSÜN⁴	言	訓	497c212c
hsün⁴-chiao⁴	訓	教	to instruct, to teach, to exhort, to persuade.
hsün⁴-chieh²	訓	誡	to instruct, to teach (chiao⁴ hsün⁴).
hsün⁴-hui⁴	訓	誨	the same.
			to teach.

<i>hsün⁴-lien⁴</i>	訓	練	to drill, to practise (ts'ao ¹ lien ⁴).
<i>hsün⁴-mêng³</i>	訓	蒙	to instruct the young.
<i>hsün⁴-míng⁴</i>	訓	命	special instructions.
<i>hsün⁴-tao⁴</i>	訓	導	a sub-director of studies. G. 306.
<i>hsün⁴-tien³</i>	訓	典	maxims of wisdom.
<i>hsün⁴-tzü³</i>	訓	子	to exhort a son, to train one's children
<i>hsün⁴</i>	歹	殉 ^{496c814b}	to desire; to be ready to die for.
<i>hsün⁴-ch'ien²</i>		殉	to resist to the death, e.g., women.
<i>hsün⁴-ch'iu²</i>		殉	to pursue greedily.
<i>hsün⁴-li⁴</i>		殉	to follow after gain (t'u ² li ⁴).
<i>hsün⁴-míng³</i>		殉	to be desirous of fame (ch'iu ² míng ²).
<i>hsün⁴-nan²</i>		殉	resolution, to die in one's duty.
<i>hsün⁴-sé⁴</i>		殉	to be addicted to lust (t'an ¹ sé).
<i>hsün⁴-tsang⁴</i>		*殉	to be buried alive; to be buried with (huo ² mai ²).
<i>hsün⁴</i>	水	汎 ^{499a808a}	a military station; to guard, to protect; speed.
<i>hsün⁴-ch'êng²</i>		汎	to guard a city; a garrison city.
<i>hsün⁴-so³</i>		汎	a military post, a guard house.
<i>hsün⁴-ti⁴</i>		汎	an outpost or patrol station.
<i>hsün⁴</i>	走	迅 ^{499b808a}	speedy, sudden, quick, hasty, expeditious.
<i>hsün⁴-chi²</i>		迅	swift, fleet (k'uai ⁴).
<i>hsün⁴-lei²</i>		迅	quick as thunder.
<i>hsün⁴-su²</i>		迅	expeditious, prompt, speedy.
<i>hsün⁴-tien⁴</i>		迅	quick as lightning.
<i>hsün⁴</i>	言	訊 ^{499a808b}	to interrogate, to examine judicially.
<i>hsün⁴-chiu¹</i>		訊	to investigate thoroughly.
<i>hsün⁴-fang³</i>		訊	to investigate, to enquire into.
<i>hsün⁴-kao⁴</i>		訊	to make known, to intimate.
<i>hsün⁴-tsui⁴</i>		訊	to examine a criminal (shên ³ wên ⁴).
<i>hsün⁴-wên⁴</i>		訊	to enquire into, to interrogate.
<i>hsün⁴</i>	言	詢 ^{497b812c}	to enquire, to investigate; to contrive, to scheme.
<i>hsün⁴-shih</i>		詢	to deliberate on affairs.
<i>hsün⁴-ssü¹</i>		詢	to skulk, to shirk (one's work, etc.).
<i>hsün⁴-wên⁴</i>		詢	to enquire, to question.
<i>hsün⁴-jang⁴</i>		詢	to yield, to give place to.
<i>hsün⁴</i>	走	遜 ^{499c829c}	humble, respectful, complaisant, retiring.
<i>hsün⁴-chih⁴</i>		遜	humble determination; an obedient wife.
<i>hsün⁴-shun⁴</i>		遜	respectful, complaisant, yielding.

HU ¹	口	呼 ^{500a221a}	in, at, with, from, to; a note of interrogation
<i>hu¹-fêng¹-huan³-yü³</i>		呼	to summon wind and rain—as magicians do.
<i>hu¹-han³</i>		呼	to call out loudly, to bawl out.
<i>hu¹-hu¹-shui⁴-liao³</i>		呼	a deep sleep.
<i>hu¹-hai¹</i>		呼	to exhale, and to inhale.

hu¹-hsi¹-chih¹-chien¹ 呼息之間
 hu¹-huan¹ 呼喚
 hu¹-lai²-huan⁴-ch'ü⁴ 呼來喚去
 hu¹-shih³ 呼使
 hu¹-t'ien¹-chiao⁴-ti⁴ 呼天叫地
 hu¹-ying¹-pu⁴-ling² 呼應不靈
 hu¹ 心 忽 502b267a
 hu¹-ch'ü²-hu¹-lao¹ 忽起忽落
 hu¹-hu¹ 忽忽
 hu¹-hu¹-yu¹ 忽忽悠
 hu¹-huan² 忽恍
 hu¹-jan² 忽然
 hu¹-jan²-chien¹ 忽然間
 hu¹-liao⁴ 忽略
 hu¹-ming²-hu¹-mieh⁴ 忽明忽滅
 hu¹ 口 囑 502a267b
 hu¹-lun² 囑囑
 hu¹-lun²-shui⁴ 囑囑睡
 hu¹-lun²-t'ün¹ 囑囑吞
 hu¹-lun²-t'ün¹-tsao³ 囑囑吞棗
 hu¹ 食 餬 504b222c
 hu¹-k'ou² 餬口
 hu¹ 心 中 惚 502c267b
 hu¹ 手 乎 500a224a
 hu¹ (or hsiao¹) 口 唬 448a192b

HU² 肉月 胡 502c221c
 hu²-ch'an² 胡纏
 hu²-chiang³ 胡講
 hu²-chiao¹ 胡椒
 hu²-ch'in² 胡琴
 hu²-chou¹ 胡謔
 hu²-ch'ui¹-luan⁴-ta² 胡吹亂打
 hu²-hsing² 胡行
 hu²-hun⁴ 胡混
 hu²-jên² 胡人
 hu²-li¹-ma³-li¹ 胡哩嗎哩
 hu²-ma² 胡麻
 hu²-nao⁴ 胡鬧
 hu²-nao⁴-chü² 胡鬧局
 hu²-nao⁴-pa¹-k'ai¹ 胡鬧八開
 hu²-nung⁴ 胡弄

in a breath of time (sha⁴ shih² chien¹).
 to call to or for.
 to keep one running to or fro.
 to order about.
 "to invoke heaven and call earth," to bawl out.
 though called, no response.
 to forget, to despise; carelessly, suddenly.
 sudden rise and as sudden fall
 disregarding.
 a whirligig, a merry-go-round.
 suddenly startled.
 suddenly, unexpectedly (mêng² jan²).
 suddenly (mêng² ku¹ ting¹ ti¹).
 carelessness, indifference; to despise,
 e. g., a flash light-house.
 whole, complete; in the gross
 same (chêng² ti¹ p'o⁴ ti¹).
 to sleep in one's clothes.
 to swallow whole (yen⁴ hsia⁴ ch'ü⁴)
 figurative, e. g., to read without digesting.
 gruel, food, sustenance, subsistence; to subsist.
 {subsistence, sustenance; to get a livelihood
 { (ku⁴ k'ou²).
 doubt, hesitation, uncertainty; small, minute.
 in, at, with, from, to; a note of interrogation-
 scare (hsia⁴ hu¹).

blindly, wildly, recklessly; a street or lane,
 to talk nonsense.
 to talk absurdly.
 pepper (ch'in² chiao¹).
 a sort of fiddle.
 to talk wildly.
 to rave and knock things about.
 careless, reckless; carelessly.
 a loafer, an idler.
 Mongolians (mêng² ku²).
 recklessly, heedlessly (mao⁴ shih¹).
 linseed (chih¹ ma²).
 an unreasonable outbreak; bosh.
 a fraud.
 a cheat, a humbug, to act deceitfully
 to deceive, to cheat (lung² yü²).

hu ² -shuo ¹	胡說	to speak recklessly or absurdly.
hu ² -shuo ¹ -pa ¹ -tao ⁴	胡說霸道	to talk outrageously.
hu ² -ssü ¹ -luan ⁴ -hsiang ³	胡思亂想	random, disorderly thoughts.
hu ² -sui ⁴	胡荽	coriander, caraway.
hu ² -ta ³ -luan ⁴ -ch'iao ¹	胡打亂敲	discordant sounds.
hu ² -t'ao ²	胡桃	a walnut (ho ² t'ao ²).
hu ² -ti ¹	胡地	Mongolia (mêng ² ku ³).
hu ² -tso ⁴ -fei ¹ -wei ²	胡作非爲	reckless living.
hu ² -yen ² -luan ⁴ -yü ³	胡言亂語	to talk nonsense.
hu ²	湖 水	a lake.
hu ² -chou ⁴	湖縐	a kind of silk gauze.
hu ² -k'ou ³	湖口	the entrance to a lake.
hu ² -kuang ³	湖廣	the provinces of Hu-nan and Hu-pei
hu ² -nan ²	湖南	the province of Hu-nan. W. I. 146.
hu ² -pei ³	湖北	the province of Hu-pei. W. I. 142.
hu ² -pien ²	湖邊	the margin of a lake.
hu ² -pin ⁴	湖濱	same.
hu ² -ssü ¹	湖絲	silk (from Hu-chou).
hu ²	糊 米	paste, 粳 paste (piao ³).
hu ² -ch'iang ²	糊牆	to paper a wall.
hu ² -chou ¹	糊謔	to talk at random (also 胡).
hu ² -ch'uang ¹	糊窗	to paper a window.
hu ² -fêng ⁴	糊縫	to paste up a crack.
hu ² -lai ²	糊來	to act the fool, to make much ado about nothing.
hu ² -piao ³ -chiang ⁴	糊裱匠	paper hangers.
hu ² -tuo ³	糊倒	to act up badly, to extort money; make excuses.
hu ² -t'u ²	糊塗	dull, stupid, thick-headed
hu ²	狐 犬	the fox; suspicious.
hu ² -chia ³ -hu ³ -wei ¹	狐假虎威	fox pretending to the tiger's majesty.
hu ² -ch'iu ²	狐裘	a fox-skin coat.
hu ² -ch'ün ² -kou ³ -tang ³	狐羣狗黨	wicked comrades.
hu ² -hsien ¹	狐仙	a fairy fox.
hu ² -i ²	狐疑	to hesitate, to demur, to doubt; suspicion.
hu ² -li ⁴	狐狸	the fox.
hu ² -li ⁴ -ching ¹	狐狸精	bewitching, as a fox.
hu ² -mei ⁴	狐媚	artful and seducing.
hu ² -p'êng ² -kou ³ -tang ³	狐朋狗黨	a bad lot, evil society.
hu ² -yeh ²	狐爺	fairy fox.
hu ²	虫 蝴	the butterfly.
hu ² -tieh ²	蝴蝶	same (fu ² tieh ²).
hu ² -tieh ² -hua ¹	蝴蝶花	the iris or fleur-de-lis.
hu ² -tieh ² -mei ²	蝴蝶梅	"butterfly prune," the heartsease or pansy.
hu ² (tzu)	士 壺	a pot of any kind.

hu ² -kai ⁴	壺蓋	the lid of a pot.
hu ² -t'í ² -hsi ⁴	壺提繫	the handle of a kettle.
hu ² -tsui ³	壺嘴	the spout of a kettle.
hu ²	鉤 葫	a pumpkin or gourd.
hu ² -lu ²	葫蘆	a pumpkin, a calabash.
hu ² -lu ² -chia ⁴	葫蘆架	a frame for gourds.
hu ² -lu ² -huang ³ -tzu ³	葫蘆棍子	"the sign of the calabash," a spirit shop sign.
hu ² -mu ² -yu ²	葫蒜油	oil of garlic and leeks.
hu ²	行 衢	a street or lane.
hu ² -t'ung ⁴	衢衢	same.
hu ²	髻 鬚	the beard, the whiskers (wu ³ hsi ¹).
hu ² -hsü ¹	鬚鬚	whiskers and moustache, beard generally.
hu ² -shu ¹	鬚梳	a comb for moustaches.
hu ²	角 斛	a square corn measure (ten 斗).
hu ² -lou ³	斛斗	corn measures.
hu ²	玉 瑚	coral (shan ¹ hu ²).
hu ² -yü ⁴	瑚玉	coral and jade.
hu ²	犬 猴	a kind of monkey (hou ³ êrh ³).
hu ² -yüan ³	猴 猿	same.
hu ²	火 俗 焯	to scorch, to burn (shao ¹ chiao ¹ liao ³).
hu ²	目 矚	to see obscurely (ma ³ hu ¹).
HU ³	虎 虎	the tiger. R. 60 (iao ³ hu ³).
hu ³ -chang ³	*虎撐	a quack medicine dealer's signal.
hu ³ -chao ³	虎爪	tiger's claws (medicine, etc.).
hu ³ -chia ⁴	虎駕	majestic, awful (officials) (wei ¹ wu ³)
hu ³ -chiang ⁴	虎將	a brave soldier.
hu ³ -hsiao ⁴	虎嘯	the roar of a tiger; the tiger roars.
hu ³ -k'ou ³	虎口	the space between thumb and forefinger.
hu ³ -k'ou ³ -po ⁴ -shih ³	虎口擊食	fig. a dangerous job.
hu ³ -ku ²	虎骨	tiger's bones (medicine used for rheumatism).
hu ³ -lang ³	虎狼	"tiger wolf," fierce, cruel.
hu ⁴ -pei ⁴ -hsiung ² -yao ¹	虎背熊腰	exceedingly stout, lusty, strong, etc.
hu ³ -p'í ² -ju ¹ -tzu ²	虎皮褥子	a tiger skin mattress.
hu ³ -t'ou ² -cho ¹ -shih ¹	虎頭提虱	fig. a daring act.
hu ³ -t'ou ² -p'ai ²	虎頭牌	tiger-head shields.
hu ³ -t'ou ² -shé ² -wei ³	虎頭蛇尾	fig. inglorious ending.
hu ³ -wei ¹	虎威	majestic, awful.
hu ³	玉 琥	amber.
hu ³ -po ⁴	琥珀	same.
hu ³ -po ⁴ -chu ¹	琥珀珠	amber beads.
HU ⁴	言 護	to assist, to guard, to protect, to save.

hu ⁴ -chao ⁴	護照	
hu ⁴ -ch'êng ² -ho ²	護城河	
hu ⁴ -chieh ⁴ -ch'ai ¹	護解差	
hu ⁴ -ch'ih ²	護持	
hu ⁴ -chün ¹	護軍	
hu ⁴ -chung ⁴	護衆	
hu ⁴ -fêng ¹	護封	
hu ⁴ -hsin ¹ -ching ⁴	護心鏡	
hu ⁴ -jih ⁴	護日	
hu ⁴ -kuo ² -an ¹ -min ²	護國安民	
hu ⁴ -kuo ² -chiang ¹ -chun ¹	護國將軍	
hu ⁴ -pao ¹	護包	
hu ⁴ -pi ⁴	護庇	
hu ⁴ -p'iao ⁴	護票	
hu ⁴ -shên ¹ -ching ⁴	護身鏡	
hu ⁴ -shên ¹ -fu ²	*護身符	
hu ⁴ -shou ³	護手	
hu ⁴ -shou ²	護守	
hu ⁴ -shu ¹	護書	
hu ⁴ -sung ⁴	護送	
hu ⁴ -t'i ¹	護梯	
hu ⁴ -t'ean ³	護短	
hu ⁴ -wei ⁴	護衛	
hu ⁴ -yu ⁴	護佑	
hu ⁴	二 互	506c226c
hu ⁴ chiao ¹	互交	
hu ⁴ -hsiang ¹	互相	
hu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -chéng ¹ -tou ⁴	互相爭鬧	
hu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -ch'êng ⁴ -tsan ⁴	互相稱讚	
hu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -k'ung ¹ -kao ⁴	互相控告	
hu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -lai ² -wang ⁴	互相來往	
hu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -pang ¹ -chuw ⁴	互相幫助	
hu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -tui ¹ -wei ³	互相推委	
hu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -ts'an ¹ -k'ao ³	互相參考	
hu ⁴ -huan ⁴	互換	
hu ⁴	戶	505c225a
hu ⁴ -fang ²	戶房	
hu ⁴ -k'ou ²	戶口	
hu ⁴ -pan ²	戶版	
hu ⁴ -pu ⁴	戶部	
hu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴ -shu ¹	戶部尙書	
hu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴ -lang ²	戶部侍郎	
hu ⁴ -ta ⁴ -ting ¹ -to ¹	戶大丁多	

a passport (chih² chao⁴),
 a city moat (hao²),
 a lighter escort of prisoner.
 to support, to assist. [ping¹].
 outposts; a military rank; a body-guard (ch'in¹)
 to aid the masses, philanthropic.
 to seal securely—as a letter.
 a breastplate.
 an eclipse (jih⁴ shih²),
 to protect the state and give the people peace,
 a general, the bulwark of the state.
 collar (of draught animal).
 to protect.
 a passport.
 a small mirror worn as a charm. Note 36.
 a charm, a talisman (p'ei⁴ ching¹).
 "protect-hand," a sword-hilt.
 to guard, to protect.
 a sealed letter; a portfolio, a card-case.
 to escort, to convoy (pao² piao¹ ti¹).
 a stair-case (lou² t'ei¹)
 to hide shortcomings (cr. chieh¹ tuan²).
 to protect, to defend.
 to protect.
 mutual, reciprocal; to blend, blending.
 mutual, reciprocal.
 same.
 to wrangle, to fight.
 mutually praise.
 mutually accuse at law.
 exchanging visits.
 mutually help.
 mutually making excuses.
 to mutually compare and examine.
 exchange; to exchange.
 a door, an opening, a hole, an orifice, a family.
 a local Board of revenue.
 "mouths in a house," family; population.
 a register of population (min² chi²).
 the Board of Revenue at Peking. G. 154.
 president of the Board of Revenue.
 Vice-President of the Board Revenue.
 a very numerous family

* Note 37.

hu⁴-ts'ε'⁴ 戶册
 hu⁴ 示 祐 506b225a
 hu⁴-fu³ 祐福
 hu⁴-pao³ 祐保
 hu⁴-yu⁴ 祐佑
 hu⁴ 戶 扈 506a225c
 hu⁴-ts'ung³ 扈從
 hu⁴-ts'ung³-ti³ 扈從的
 hu⁴ 竹 笏 502b267c
 hu⁴-pan³ 笏板
 hu⁴ 心中 怙 506b226a
 hu⁴ 糸 縠 504c267c

a register of population.
 happiness, blessings, prosperity; protection.
 felicity, blessings.
 prosperous, prosperity; protection.
 same.
 the tail; to follow; a following, an escort.
 to escort, to accompany (pao³ piao¹ ti).
 an escort.
 audience tablet in ancient times.
 same.
 to rely on, to presume on.
 fine silk gauze.

HUA¹ 艸 什 華 花 509a239a
 hua¹-an⁴ 花案
 hua¹-chang⁴-rh³ 花杖兒
 hua¹-ch'i² 花旗
 hua¹-ch'i²-pu⁴ 花旗布
 hua¹-chia³ 花甲
 hua¹-chia³-tzu³ 花架子
 hua¹-chiang⁴ 花匠
 hua¹-chiao¹ 花椒
 hua¹-chiao⁴ 花轎
 hua¹-chieh³ 花姐
 hua¹-chien¹ 花箋
 hua¹-chien³-jung² 花剪絨
 hua¹-ch'ien² 花幾
 hua¹-chih¹ 花枝
 hua¹-ching⁴ 花鏡
 hua¹-chu² 花燭
 hua¹-ch'uan² 花船
 hua¹-êrh³-shih⁴ 花兒市
 hua¹-fei⁴ 花費
 hua¹-hsiang⁴ 花香
 hua¹-hsiao¹ 花消
 hua¹-hsin¹ 花心
 hua¹-hu¹ 花戶
 hua¹-hua¹-ch'i³ 花起
 hua¹-hua¹-ta³-ta¹ 花花搭搭
 hua¹-hua¹-shih⁴-chieh⁴ 花花世界
 hua¹-hung² 花紅
 hua¹-hung²-liu³-lu⁴ 花紅柳綠
 hua¹-hung²-sê⁴ 花紅色

flowers; dissipation, pleasure; indistinct vision.
 adultery cases in court.
 trellis work.
 the American flag.
 domestics, American drills.
 the cycle of 60 years.
 a flower-stand.
 a florist.
 Cayenne pepper (hu² chiao¹).
 bridal chair (ts'ai² chiao⁴).
 a prostitute (ch'ang¹ ch'i¹).
 ornamental note paper.
 velvets, velveteens.
 to spend money.
 a flower stem or branch.
 glasses for old folks.
 wedding candles.
 pleasure boats (used for brothels).
 flower-market.
 expenditure.
 the fragrance of flowers (shê⁴ hsiang¹).
 expense, outlay.
 the centre of a flower.
 the people; granary keeper.
 adultery cases.
 chequered.
 a dissolute age. [article.
 scarlet (e. g., button); bonus, reward as for lost
 beautifully colored.
 variegated colors,

<i>hua¹-i¹</i>	花衣	flowered clothes.
<i>hua¹-ju³</i>	花蕊	the centre of a flower, petals of a flower.
<i>hua¹-jung²-mei³-mao⁴</i>	花容美貌	as beautiful as a flower.
<i>hua¹-k'ai¹</i>	花開	an opened flower; in full blossom.
<i>hua¹-k'ai²-hua¹-hsieh¹</i>	花開花卸 <small>(謝)</small>	when the flower opens, it falls.
<i>hua¹ kao¹</i>	花餅	a kind of cake.
<i>hua¹-k'ou³</i>	花口	"flowery mouth," loquacious, eloquent.
<i>hua¹-ku³</i>	花鼓	licentious plays (women actors).
<i>hua¹-kuan¹-t'zū²</i>	花官詞	adultery cases.
<i>hua¹-kung¹-tzū³</i>	花公子	a gay, dissipated young man.
<i>hua¹-lan²</i>	花欄	a support for flowers.
<i>hua¹-lao⁴</i>	花落	the fall of a flower.
<i>hua¹-ling²</i>	花翎	a peacock's feather, plume on official's hat
<i>hua¹-mei²</i>	花眉	a kind of thrush (pai ² ling ²).
<i>hua¹-ming²-ts'ê¹</i>	花名冊	a register, a list of adherents.
<i>hua¹-niu²</i>	花牛	a spotted cow.
<i>hua¹-pai⁴-ts'ai¹</i>	花白菜	the cauliflower.
<i>hua¹-pan⁴</i>	花瓣	the petals of a flower.
<i>hua¹ p'ên²-tzū³</i>	花盆子	a flower-pot.
<i>hua¹-p'ing³</i>	花瓶	a flower vase.
<i>hua¹-p'ing³</i>	花屏	an embroidered wind-screen (p'ing ³ fông ¹).
<i>hua¹-p'o²</i>	花婆	a flower woman.
<i>hua¹-pu¹</i>	花布	fancy or figured calicoes.
<i>hua¹-shao¹</i>	花稍	handsome clothes; gorgeous.
<i>hua¹-shêng¹</i>	花生	ground nuts, pea-nuts.
<i>hua¹-shêng¹-ping³</i>	花生餅	ground nut cakes (ch'ang ² shêng ¹ kuo ³).
<i>hua¹-ta²</i>	花搭	chequered.
<i>hua¹-tan⁴</i>	花旦	an actor painted like a young lady.
<i>hua¹-têng¹</i>	花燈	colored lanterns.
<i>hua¹-hsieh⁴</i>	花卸	the flowers have dropped off.
<i>hua¹-t'ing¹</i>	花廳	a reception room.
<i>hua¹-t'ing²-tzū³</i>	花亭子	a summer-house.
<i>hua¹-t'my³</i>	花艇	a pleasure barge.
<i>hua¹-to²-êrh²</i>	花朶兒	a bud, buds.
<i>hua¹-tung⁴-tzū³</i>	花洞子	flower vaults in green houses.
<i>hua¹-t'ung³</i>	花童	a girl.
<i>hua¹-ts'ao³</i>	花草	"flowers and grass," vegetation.
<i>hua¹-ts'ao³-shu⁴-mu⁴</i>	花草樹木	trees and flowers generally.
<i>hua¹-tzū³</i>	花子	a beggar (ch'i ³ kai ⁴).
<i>hua¹-wang²</i>	花王	the peony.
<i>hua¹-ya¹</i>	花押	a mark, a signature, monogram.
<i>hua¹-yang²-pu⁴</i>	花洋布	chintz, printed cottons.
<i>hua¹-yang⁴</i>	花樣	money spent to secure office (hui ⁴ lu ⁴).

hua ¹ -yen ² -ch'iao ¹ -yü ³	花言巧語	pompous or specious style of speech.
hua ¹ -yüan ¹ -ch'ien ⁰	花窠錢	to waste money.
hua ¹ -yüan ² -tzu ⁰	花園子	a flower garden.
hua ¹ -yung ⁴	花用	to expend, expenditure.
hua ¹	巾	a ripping sound.
hua ¹ -lu ¹ -i ¹ -shêng ¹	轆拉一聲	same.
HUA²	水	
hua ² -ch'ê ²	滑車	smooth, slippery, sharp; a drug; soapstone.
hua ² -ching ¹	滑精	a pulley.
hua ² -ch'uan ²	滑拳	nocturnal emissions.
hua ² -hsiao ²	滑學	to play at guess-fingers (morra).
hua ² -ko ² -chin ¹ -t'ou ²	滑個勛斗	to play truant (t'ao ² hsiao ²).
hua ² -ku ² -tou ²	滑骨頭	slipped and turned a somersault.
hua ² -kun ⁴	滑棍	a slippery stick, a sharper.
hua ² -li ⁴	滑利	a sharper (kuang ¹ kun ⁴).
hua ² -liu ² -liu ² -t'i ¹	滑流流的	a sharper.
hua ² -sê ⁴	滑澁	muddy, slushy, slippery.
hua ² -shê ²	滑舌	smooth, and rough (lu ⁴ sô ⁴).
hua ² -shih ²	滑石	"a smooth tongue," plausible, specious.
hua ² -t'ai ⁴	滑汰	soap-stone.
hua ² -t'ang ⁴	滑鐺	slippery, smooth.
hua ² -tao ³	滑倒	smooth, slippery, finished.
hua ² -tsê ²	滑澤	to slip down.
hua ² -tsui ³	滑嘴	slippery, smooth.
hua ²	華	"slippery lips," plausible, specious, eloquent.
hua ² -han ¹	華翰	flowers; elegant, brilliant, variegated.
hua ² -hsia ⁴	華夏	"flowery pencil," a letter written by another.
hua ² -kuo ³	華國	"flowery summer," China.
hua ² -li ⁴	華麗	China (chung ¹ kuo ² , chung ¹ yüan ²).
hua ² -mei ³	華美	beautiful, elegant.
hua ² -pien ¹	華邊	beautiful, splendid; splendour.
hua ² -shê ¹ -shê ¹ -ti ¹	華奢奢的	"flowered border," a dollar.
hua ² -shih ²	華實	showy, garish.
hua ² -shou ³	華首	"flowers and fruit," show and reality.
hua ² -tan ⁴	華旦	grey-headed (pai ² fa ³).
hua ² -têng ¹	華燈	a birthday (shêng ¹ jih ⁴).
hua ² -ts'ai ³	華彩	an ornamented lamp.
hua ²	猾	brilliant, variegated.
hua ² -li ⁴	猾吏	artful, crafty, lying, deceitful, disorderly.
hua ² -nung ⁴	猾弄	unscrupulous yamên clerks.
hua ² (tzu)	刀	to deceive, to misguide.
hua ²	金	a small boat; to pole a boat; a hook, a catch.
	鏟	a spade, plow-point, or share.

hua² 言 嘩 譁 511a240a

hubbub.

HUA⁴ 七 化 508b240b

hua⁴-chai¹ 化齋

hua⁴-ch'êng³ 化成

hua⁴-ch'ien³ 化錢

hua⁴-fei⁴ 化費

hua⁴-hsiao¹ 化消

hua⁴-hsien³-wei²-p'ing³ 化險為平

hua⁴-hsuing¹-wei²-chi² 化凶為吉

hua⁴-hsüeh² 化學

hua⁴-jên²-ch'u¹-chia¹ 化人出家

hua⁴-pao³ 化寶

hua⁴-pu⁴-k'ai¹ 化不開

hua⁴-pu⁴-shih¹ 化布施

hua⁴-shêng¹ 化生

hua⁴-tzü³ 化子

hua⁴-wai⁴ 化外

hua⁴-yüan² 化緣

hua⁴-yüan²-ch'ung²-hsiu¹ 化緣重修

hua⁴ 言 論 話 512b240c

hua⁴-hsia²-tzü³ 話匣子

hua⁴-li³-yu³-hua⁴ 話裡有話

hua⁴-pai⁴-jên² 話敗人

hua⁴-ping⁴ 話柄

hua⁴-pu⁴-hsü¹-ch'uai⁴ 話不虛傳

hua⁴-pu⁴-t'ou²-chi¹ 話不投機

hua⁴-shuo¹ 話說

hua⁴-yü³ 話語

hua⁴-tao¹-tao¹ 話叨叨

hua⁴-t'iao²-tzü³ 話條子

hua⁴-to¹-pu⁴-t'ien² 話多不甜

hua⁴ 田 画 畫 511b241a

hua⁴-chiang⁴ 畫匠

hua⁴-chung¹-yu³-s'ih¹ 畫中有詩

hua⁴-fu² 畫符

hua⁴-fu²-nien⁴-chou⁴ 畫符念咒

hua⁴-hua⁴ 畫畫

hua⁴-hua⁴-ti¹ 畫畫的

hua⁴-hui⁴ 畫會

hua⁴-i¹ 畫一

hua⁴-i¹-pu⁴-êrh⁴ 畫一不二

hua⁴-kung¹ 畫工

to change; transformation; to convert.
 priests begging (mu⁴ hua⁴).
 to reform completely, to civilize thoroughly.
 to spend money; to solicit money.
 to dissipate, to expend.
 to melt or consume; to digest.
 delivered from perils (fêng² hsiung¹ hua⁴ chi²).
 convert ill luck into good.
 chemistry.
 to induce a person to enter the priesthood.
 a compound of silver in use at Tientsin.
 won't digest, won't dissolve (k'o¹ hua⁴ pu⁴ tung⁴)
 to take up subscriptions for repair of temples.
 transformation birth.
 a beggar (ch'i³ kai⁴).
 outside pale of civilization.
 to solicit subscriptions for temples, etc.
 to solicit subscriptions for repair of temples.
 language, speech, conversation.
 a chatter-box.
 there is something kept back.
 to backbite a person (hui³ pang⁴).
 "handle of speech," a subject for conversation.
 no false tradition.
 words which do not hit the mark.
 the story goes; it is said.
 conversation; to utter.
 prosy talk (la³ la³ pu⁴ hsin¹).
 phrases.
 too many words are distasteful.
 to draw or paint; a picture.
 a painter, an artist. [suggesting a poem].
 Wang Wei's poetry and painting (a picture
 to write charms.
 to write charms and recite incantations.
 to paint pictures.
 an artist.
 to picture in the-mind, conceive (mo⁴ hui⁴).
 "draw one line," to act by one rule.
 "one price only" (or 劃).
 an artist.

hua⁴-kung¹
 hua⁴-la¹
 hua⁴-mèi²
 hua⁴-ping³-ch'ung¹-chi¹
 hua⁴-pu⁴-li²-ch'iang³
 hua⁴-shē³-t'ien²-tsu³
 hua⁴ shên²-chou³
 hua⁴-t'ang³
 hua⁴-tao⁴-wei⁴-chi⁴
 hua⁴-t'í-tz'ü³-hsien⁴
 hua⁴-tien⁴
 hua⁴-t'u²
 hua⁴-tung⁴-tiao¹-liang³
 hua⁴-ya³

畫供
 畫拉
 畫眉
 畫餅充飢
 畫不離牆
 畫蛇添足
 畫神軸
 畫堂
 畫道爲記
 畫地自限
 畫店
 畫圖
 畫棟雕樑
 畫押

to own to, to sign, to endorse.
 to scratch off, to scribble.
 a kind of thrush; to paint the eyebrows. [etc.]
 a painting of a cake satisfies hunger (i.e., does not,
 i. e., two things are mutually indispensable.
 (fig.) exaggeration.
 a scroll on which is a god.
 a drawing room; a picture gallery.
 to draw a line for a mark.
 to make a rule for oneself.
 a picture-shop.
 a painting.
 painting and carving beams.
 to sign, to affix one's signature.

HUAI³ 心小怀
 huai³-ch'ou³
 huai³-ch'uai³
 huai³-chung¹
 huai³-hên⁴
 huai³-hsiang³
 huai³-hsing³
 huai³ hui¹
 huai³-i²
 huai³-kuei³-t'ai³
 huai³ li³
 huai³-nien⁴
 huai³-pao⁴
 huai³-t'ai¹
 huai³ te³
 huai³-t'ou³
 huai³-yün⁴
 huai³ (木) 槐
 huai³-chiao¹
 huai³-hua¹
 huai³-tou¹
 huai³
 huai³-tzü³-ku³
 huai³-wan¹-rh³
 huai³ 水

懷^{514a243a}
 懷仇
 懷搗
 懷中
 懷恨
 懷想
 懷刑
 懷惠
 懷疑
 懷鬼胎
 懷憂
 懷念
 懷抱
 懷胎
 懷德
 懷頭
 懷孕
 木槐^{513b243}
 槐角
 槐花
 槐豆
 足踝^{521c240b}
 踝子骨
 踝彎
 水淮^{514b243c}

to cherish in the breast; the bosom.
 to cherish hatred.
 to stick in breast of one's coat (ch'uai¹ huai³ li³).
 in the bosom.
 to conceive a dislike.
 to think, to cherish a thought.
 to dread punishment.
 to conceive a liking for.
 to doubt (i² huo¹)
 to have an evil scheme in one's heart.
 in the bosom.
 to harbour thoughts of.
 to carry in the bosom; to embrace (lou³ chu⁴).
 to be pregnant (shou⁴ yün⁴).
 to cherish virtue.
 ends of a coffin, an end piece (tu³ t'ou³).
 to be pregnant.
 a kind of ash tree.
 pods of the ash,
 blossoms of the ash (used as a dye).
 seed of the ash (used as a medicine).
 the ankle; alone, single.
 the ankle-bone, the ankle (chiao³ jen³).
 obliquely; a corner (kuai³ wan¹ êrh¹)
 a large river in Honan and Anhui¹.

HUAI⁴ 土壞
 huai⁴-ch'u⁴

土壞^{513c244a}
 壞處

to injure, to spoil, to break, to ruin.
 bad points (tuan³ ch'u⁴).

• Note 38.

huai⁴-ch'uan² 壞船
 huai⁴-i⁴ 壞意
 huai⁴-jên² 壞人
 huai⁴-jên²-ming²-chieh² 壞人名節
 huai⁴-kên¹ 壞根
 huai⁴-ku³-t'ou² 壞骨頭
 huai⁴-lia³-liang²-hsin¹ 壞了良心
 huai⁴-ming² 壞名
 huai⁴-mu⁴ 壞木
 huai⁴-shih⁴ 壞事
 huai⁴-shih⁴-yu³-yü² 壞事有餘
 huai⁴-t'a¹-ti¹-shih⁴ 壞他的事
 huai⁴-tan⁴ 壞蛋
 huai⁴-ti¹-fang⁴ 壞地方
 huai⁴-tung¹-hsi¹ 壞東西
 huai⁴-tzü³ 壞子

a wreck.
 evil thoughts.
 to ruin a person ; a bad person.
 to destroy a man's name.
 to spoil the root.
 a rascal.
 conscience is corrupted.
 to destroy one's reputation, disrepute.
 rotten wood.
 to injure or ruin an affair, wickedness,
 there is a superfluity of evil.
 to ruin his business.
 a spoilt egg, bad man (hun⁴ tan⁴).
 a bad place.
 to break or destroy things.
 a spoiled child.

HUAN¹ 犬 歡 歡 516a244a
 huan¹-ch'ang⁴ 歡暢
 huan¹-hsi³ 歡喜
 huan¹-hsi³-pu⁴-chin⁴ 歡喜不盡
 huan¹-hsin¹ 歡心
 huan¹-hsin¹ 歡欣
 huan¹-lé⁴ 歡樂
 huan¹-lé⁴-kuo⁴-tu⁴ 歡樂過度
 huan¹-p'ao³ 歡跑
 huan¹-p'eng⁴-luan⁴-t'iao⁴ 歡跳亂跳
 huan¹-t'ien¹-hsi³-ti⁴ 歡天喜地
 huan¹-yen³-pien¹-nu⁴ 歡顏變怒
 huan¹-yüeh⁴ 歡悅
 huan¹ 犬* 獾 516b244b
 huan¹ 豸 獾
 huan¹-p'í²-ju⁴-tzu³ 獾皮褥子
 huan¹ 馬 驢 516b244

satisfaction, joy, pleasure, delight.
 pleased, delighted, pleasure, delight.
 to rejoice, to delight in (hsi³ huan¹).
 extremely delighted (hsi³ ch'u¹ wang⁴ wai⁴).
 a delighted mind.
 to rejoice, delight in.
 to make merry ; delight, satisfaction (hsi³ lé⁴).
 rejoicing beyond bounds.
 to run fast.
 jumping for joy.
 no bounds to his joy.
 their joy was turned to anger.
 pleased, delighted.
 the badger (the fat is used for burns, etc.).
 same.
 a badgers' skin bed-rug. [huan¹].
 the frisking or playing of a horse (fresh) (sa¹)

HUAN² 還 還 還 515b244c
 huan²-chai⁴ 還債
 huan²-chang⁴ 還賬
 huan²-chia¹ 還家
 huan²-chia⁴ 還價
 huan²-ch'ien² 還錢
 huan²-ch'ing¹ 還清
 huan²-hsiang¹ 還鄉

to return, to repay. See hai³
 to pay a debt.
 to repay debts.
 to return home (chia¹ ch'ü⁴). [an offer.
 to beat down price ; to change the price, to make
 to pay.
 to pay off, to pay in full.
 to go home.

huan²-hun² 還魂
 huan²-k'ou² 還口
 huan²-lai² 還來
 huan²-pa⁴-liao³ 還罷了
 huan²-pai⁴ 還拜
 huan²-su² 還俗
 huan²-shou² 還手
 huan²-tai⁴-cho⁴ 還帶着
 huan²-tsai⁴ 還在
 huan²-yang² 還在陽
 huan²-yu²-i¹-chien⁴ 還有一件
 huan²-yüan² 還元
 huan²-yüan⁴ 還願
 huan²-chai⁴ 還債
 huan² 玉環 515a245b
 huan²-chui⁴ 環墜
 huan²-jao⁴ 環繞
 huan²-pao⁴ 環抱
 huan²-p'ei⁴ 環佩
 huan² 影釵 516a246a
 huan² 金釵 515c245b

return of the spirit to earth after death.
 to talk back.
 to come again.
 passable, sufficient.
 to return a visit (hui³ pai⁴).
 to leave or be turned out of the priesthood.
 to return blow for blow.
 and moreover, furthermore (ping⁴ ch'ieh³).
 still living.
 to go back to the light of the upper world.
 there is still another item.
 fully restored to health.
 to pay one's vow (fu⁴ yüan²).
 to pay one's debts (ch'ang² chai⁴).
 a ring, a circle; to encircle, to surround.
 ear-rings.
 to go round about, to encircle.
 to enfold, to embrace.
 an ornament worn by ladies,
 a female slave or servant (ya¹ huan²).
 ring, bracelet.

HUAN³ 系緩 517b247c
 huan² chi³ 緩急
 huan³-hsien⁴ 緩限
 huan³-i¹-t'ien¹ 緩一天
 huan³-man⁴ 緩慢
 huan³-ping¹-chih¹-chi⁴ 緩兵之計
 huan³-pu⁴-tang¹-ch'ei¹ 緩步當車

slow, dilatory, careless; to delay, to postpone.
 slow and quick.
 to extend a limit of time.
 to postpone for a day.
 slow (ch'ih² man⁴).
 the trick of delaying the enemy's troops.
 an easy pace is as good as a carriage.

HUAN⁴ 手才換 518a249a
 huan⁴-chi⁴ 換季
 huan⁴ ch'ien² 換錢
 huan⁴-hsin¹-ti¹ 換新的
 huan⁴-huo⁴ 換貨
 huan⁴-i¹-fu² 換衣服
 huan⁴-i¹-shang¹ 換衣裳
 huan⁴-i⁴ 換易
 huan⁴-liao³-pa⁴ 換了罷
 huan⁴-pan² 換班
 huan⁴-p'iao⁴ 換票
 huan⁴-pu⁴-hui²-lai³ 換不回來
 huan⁴-shang⁴ 換上

to shift, to remove, to exchange. [for each.
 to change the seasons, i e., the official dress
 to change money.
 to exchange new for old.
 to exchange, to barter.
 to change the clothes.
 same.
 to exchange, to barter
 change it!
 to relieve guard.
 to change notes.
 cannot be restored,
 to change (as clothes, etc.).

huan⁴-t'ieh¹ 換帖
 huan⁴-ting²-tai¹ 換頂戴
 huan⁴-yin²-tzü³ 換銀子
 huan⁴ 喚 51Sa248c
 huan⁴-hsing³-mi²-t'u² 喚醒迷途
 huan⁴-jên² 喚人
 huan⁴-kou³ 喚狗
 huan⁴-t'a¹-lai² 喚他來
 huan⁴-t'ou³ 喚頭
 huan⁴-yü³ 喚雨
 huan⁴ 宦 51Sc248a
 huan⁴-chia¹ 宦家
 huan⁴-hai³ 宦海
 huan⁴-kuan¹ 宦官
 huan⁴-mên² 宦門
 huan⁴-mên²-kung -tzü³ 宦門公子
 huan⁴-nang² 宦囊
 huan⁴-t'u² 宦途
 huan⁴ 心 患 519b248a
 huan⁴-ch'u⁴ 患處
 huan⁴-nan⁴ 患難
 huan⁴-ping⁴ 患病
 huan⁴ 火 煥 518c249a
 huan⁴-jan²-chan⁴-hsin¹ 煥然湛新
 huan⁴-jan²-i¹-hsin¹ 煥然一新
 huan⁴ 幻 519a248b
 huan⁴-shu⁴ 幻術
 huan⁴-yao¹ 幻妖
 huan⁴ 瘓 518c248b
 huan⁴-ping⁴ 瘓病

to change a note; sworn brothers (mêng² hsiung¹
 to change one's button, i. e., be promoted. -[ti⁴].
 to change money (tui⁴ huan⁴).
 to call, to bid; to name.
 to awaken the erring (chiao⁴ hsing³).
 to call to a person to come.
 to call a dog.
 call him here, call him!
 a sign (a barber's) for making a sound with.
 to call for rain, as witches, etc.
 a government servant; an officer; a eunuch.
 an official family (kuan¹ huan⁴ chia¹).
 official career.
 a government officer; a eunuch.
 an official family.
 sons of officials (shao³ yeh²).
 "a mandarin purse," official perquisites,
 official career.
 evil, fault, calamity, misfortune, grief,
 misfortunes, calamities (tsai¹ nan⁴).
 difficulties, misfortunes.
 to be afflicted with disease (fan³ ping⁴, hai⁴ ping⁴).
 blaze, flame; bright, light.
 resplendently new.
 same.
 artifice, sleight of hand; magical arts.
 magical arts (hsieh³ shu⁴).
 sleight of hand; magic,
 palsy, paralysis on the right side.
 same (pan⁴ shên¹ pu⁴ sui²).

HUANG¹ 艸 荒 519c250a
 huang¹-ch'ang² 荒場
 huang¹-ch'í⁴ 荒棄
 huang¹-chiao¹ 荒郊
 huang¹-chiao¹-yeh³-wai⁴ 荒郊野外
 huang¹-han⁴ 荒旱
 huang¹-k'ung¹ 荒空
 huang¹-luan⁴ 荒亂
 huang¹-nien² 荒年
 huang¹-su¹ 荒疎
 huang¹-t'ang² [yen² 荒唐
 huang¹-t'ang²-chih¹ 荒唐之言

wild, barren; a wilderness; drought (yeh²).
 a deserted yard.
 to set aside.
 a wilderness (k'uang⁴ yeh³).
 the desert.
 drought and famine
 empty, waste.
 wild disorder.
 a year of dearth (chien⁴ nien²).
 to neglect, to disuse.
 wide, unlimited; to exaggerate; lies.
 exaggerated language; lies (tan⁴ wang⁴)

huang¹-ti⁴ 荒地
 huang¹-ts'ao³ 荒草
 huang¹-ts'un¹ 荒村
 huang¹ 心 ↑ 慌 520b253c
 huang¹-chung¹ 慌張
 huang¹-hu¹ 慌惚
 huang¹-huang¹-pu⁴-ting⁴ 慌慌不定
 huang¹-luan¹ 慌亂
 huang¹-mang² 慌忙
 huang¹-shon³-mao⁴-chio³ 慌手胃脚
 huang¹-su¹ 慌疎
 huang¹-su² 慌速
 huang¹ 走 走 521b251a
 huang¹ 肉 肉 519c250b

barren ground.
 jungle, wilderness.
 country villages.
 confused, hurried, fluttered, agitated.
 hurried, flurried.
 vague, uncertain, fluttered, unsettled.
 unsettled, uncertain.
 confused, agitated, fluttered.
 agitated, hurried, fluttered.
 headlong haste (mao⁴ shih¹).
 agitated.
 hasty, hurried.
 unoccupied (hsien² k'ung⁴).
 vitals, also read mang².

HUANG² 日 皇 520b250b
 huang²-ch'ao³ 皇朝
 huang²-ch'êng² 皇城
 huang²-ch'in¹-kuo²-chiu⁴ 皇親國舅
 huang²-ch'ing¹ 皇清
 huang²-ên¹-hao¹-tang⁴ 皇恩浩蕩
 huang²-ên¹-ta⁴-shê⁴ 皇恩大赦
 huang²-hou¹ 皇后
 huang²-hua¹-kuan³ 皇華館
 huang²-jêu² 皇仁
 huang²-kung¹ 皇宮
 huang²-li⁴ 皇曆
 huang²-ling² 皇陵
 huang²-ling² 皇靈
 huang²-shang⁴ 皇上
 huang²-t'ai⁴-hou⁴ 皇太后
 huang²-t'ai⁴-tzü³ 皇太子
 huang²-ti⁴ 皇帝
 huang²-t'ien¹ 皇天
 huang²-t'ien¹-hou⁴-ti⁴ 皇天后帝
 huang²-t'ing² 皇庭
 huang²-tsu² 皇族
 huang² 黃 521c252a
 huang²-ch'i² 黃旗
 huang²-chiang¹ 黃韁
 huang²-chiang¹ 黃薑
 huang²-chiang¹-fên³ 黃薑粉
 huang²-ch'ien²-chih³ 黃錢紙

Imperial, august, majestic.
 the present dynasty.
 the Imperial City (tzü³ chin⁴ ch'êng²).
 Emperor's relatives by marriage.
 the present dynasty.
 the Emperor's grace is boundless.
 a general Imperial amnesty.
 the empress. G. 2.
 an Imperial Rest-House for ambassadors.
 imperial benevolence.
 the imperial palace.
 almanac (shih² hsien⁴ shu¹).
 the imperial burial-place.
 imperial coffin (containing corpse).
 the emperor of China. G. 1 (t'ien¹ tzü³).
 the empress, the empress mother. G. 3.
 the heir apparent. G. 10.
 the emperor. G. 1.
 imperial heaven, Heaven.
 Great Heaven and Sovereign Earth.
 the imperial palace (ch'ao³ t'ing²).
 the imperial kindred.
 yellow (201st radical).
 the yellow banner; the Danish flag.
 a yellow bridle.
 turmeric.
 curry powder.
 yellow paper money (used at the new year).

huang ² -chin ¹	黃金	"yellow metal," gold.
huang ² -chin ¹ -wan ⁴ -liang ³	黃金萬兩	10,000 ounces of gold,
huang ² -chin ¹ -yin ⁴	黃金印	a gold seal.
huang ² -chin ¹ -tsei ²	黃巾賊	yellow cap rebels (A.D. 184).
huang ² -chin ¹ -tso ⁴ -lian ⁴	黃巾作亂	same.
huang ² -ch'in ²	黃苓	a sort of medicine.
huang ² -chiu ³	黃酒	yellow wine.
huang ² -chü ² -hua ¹	黃菊花	yellow asters.
huang ² -ch'üan ²	黃泉	hades, the grave (chiu ³ ch'üan ²).
huang ² -ch'üan ² -lu ⁴	黃泉路	same (yin ¹ chien ¹).
huang ² -chung ³	黃腫	jaundice.
huang ² -ch'ung ³	黃虫	the locust (ma ³ cha ³).
huang ² -fêng ¹	黃風	a yellow wind or dust-storm.
huang ² -fêng ¹	黃蜂	the wasp.
huang ² -fêng ¹ -fang ²	黃蜂房	a wasp's nest.
huang ² -fêng ¹ -wo ¹	黃蜂窩	same.
huang ² -ho ²	黃河	the Yellow River. W. I. 18.
huang ² -hsiang ¹	黃香	resin.
huang ² -hua ¹ -nü ³	黃花女	a virgin.
huang ² -hua ¹ -ts'ao ³	黃花草	a kind of yellow flag.
huang ² -hui ¹ -sê ¹	黃灰色	a dark drab colour.
huang ² -hun ¹	黃昏	twilight.
huang ² -i ¹ -sêng ¹	黃衣僧	priests with Imperial (yellow) dress.
huang ² -k'ou ² -ju ⁴ -tzü ³	黃口孺子	a child under 4 years.
huang ² -kua ¹	黃瓜	the cucumber.
huang ² -la ⁴	黃臘	yellow beeswax.
huang ² -lien ²	黃蓮	gentian, wormwood.
huang ² -lung ¹ -lung ² -ti ¹	黃騰騰的	pale yellow.
huang ² -ma ³ -kua ⁴	黃馬褂	Yellow Riding Jacket, given by Emperor G.
huang ² -mên ⁴ -chi ¹	黃悶雞	chicken cooked in a certain way.
huang ² -mên ⁴ -yü ²	黃悶魚	fish cooked in a certain way.
huang ² -nên ⁴ -nên ⁴ -ti ¹	黃嫩嫩的	pale yellow.
huang ² -ni ²	黃泥	clay, earth.
huang ² -pai ³	黃柏	yellow cedar.
huang ² -p'i ² -kua ¹ -shou ⁴	黃皮刮瘦	yellow and thin (hei ¹ kan ¹ k'u ¹ shou ⁴).
huang ² -piao ³	黃表	yellow paper, for burning to the gods.
huang ² -sha ¹	黃沙	yellow sand.
huang ² -shêng ¹ -shêng ¹	黃生生的	light yellow, a yellow tinge.
huang ² -tai ⁴ -tzü ³	黃帶子	"yellow girdles," members of the imperial [family.
huang ² -tan ¹	黃丹	yellow lead.
huang ² -tan ⁴	黃疸	jaundice, rust on wheat.
huang ² -t'an ²	黃檀	yellow sandalwood.
huang ² -tao ⁴	黃道	zodiac, ecliptic (ch'ih ⁴ tao ⁴).

huang ² -tao ⁴ -jih ⁴	黃道日	a propitious day for anything (chi ² jih ⁴).
huang ² -ti ⁴	黃帝	the Yellow Emperor (2698 B. C.).
huang ² -ts'ê ⁴	黃冊	the imperial register; record of age.
huang ² -t'u ³	黃土	yellow earth, loam, clay.
huang ² -t'ung ³	黃銅	brass
huang ² -ya ² -ts'ai ⁴	黃芽菜	cabbage.
huang ² -yang ² -mu ⁴	黃楊木	a sort of wood.
huang ² -yu ²	黃油	butter (nai ² yu ³).
huang ² 心 忪	惶	fear, apprehension, terror (fa ¹ huang ⁵)
huang ² -ju ³	惶擾	perturbation, fear and disturbance.
huang ² -k'uei ⁴	惶愧	fear, dread.
huang ² -k'ung ³	惶恐	fearful, apprehensive, perturbed, anxious.
huang ² -po ⁴	惶迫	alarmed and distressed, perturbed.
huang ² 虫 蝗	蝗	the locust (ma ³ cha ³).
huang ² -cha ³	蝗蚱	same.
huang ² -ch'ung ³	蝗虫	same.
huang ² 火 煌	煌	blaze, flame; bright, dazzling, splendid.
huang ² -kuang ¹	煌光	bright, dazzling.
huang ² 魚 鱈	鱈	the sturgeon.
huang ² -lin ² -yü ³	鱈鱗魚	same.
huang ² 疒 瘡	瘡	the yellow jaundice.
huang ² 几 凰	凰	the female of the phoenix (fêng ⁴ huang ²).
huang ² 石 磺	磺	brimstone (liu ² huang ²).
huang ² 竹 簍	簍	reed, spring, catch, wards of lock.
huang ² 黃 蠟	蠟	yolk of an egg.
HUANG ² 言 謊	謊	falsehood, lies; the asking price.
huang ² -cha ⁴	謊詐	false, double tongued.
huang ² -hua ⁴	謊話	falsehood; to tell lies.
huang ² -p'ien ⁴	謊騙	to deceive by falsehood (ch'ê ³ huang ³).
huang ² -yen ²	謊言	lies, falsehood (hsia ⁴ hua ⁴).
huang ² 心 忪	恍	wild, mad, flustered.
huang ² -hu ¹	恍惚	confused, blurred.
huang ² -jan ² -ta ⁴ -wu ⁴	恍然大悟	the meaning flashed upon him
huang ²	惺	uncertain, unsettled.
huang ² -huang ² -êrh ³	惺惺兒	at times.
huang ² -huang ² -tang ⁴ -tang ⁴	惺惺湯湯	jolting and shaking.
huang ² -t'êng ² -huang ²	惺疼	intermittent pain.
huang ² 巾 [huo ³]	幌	a curtain, a screen; a sign.
huang ² -tzu ³	幌子	a sign (of a house, etc.) (chao ¹ p'ai ²).
huang ² -wei ²	幌帷	curtains.
huang ² 火 煇	煇	to shine, to dazzle; shining, dazzling; to flash
huang ² -ming ²	煇明	bright, dazzling.

- huang³-yen³ 焜眼 to dazzle the eyes (yao⁴ yen³).
- HUI¹ 手 揮 524c260b to point out, to direct; to wipe, to scatter.
hui¹-ch'ei⁴ 揮棄 to throw away.
hui¹-chin¹-ju²-t'u³ 揮金如土 to scatter money like dirt.
hui¹-hao² 揮毫 to write quickly; to commence writing
hui¹-lei⁴ 揮淚 to wipe away tears (ts'a¹ lei⁴)
hui¹-pi³ 揮筆 to write quickly; to commence writing
hui¹-sa³ 揮洒 to sprinkle; to let fall tears; to write quickly.
hui¹-san⁴ 揮散 to scatter, to disperse, to dismiss.
hui¹-shou³ 揮手 to direct.
hui¹ 火 灰 525a260a [hui¹].
hui¹-ch'ên² 灰塵 ashes, dust; lime; lavender or slate color (shih²
hui¹-ch'ei⁴-t'i¹ 灰砌的 laid in lime (a wall).
hui¹-chin⁴ 灰燼 embers; to give up as hopeless.
hui¹-hsien⁴ 灰線 a marking line (black) (mo⁴ tou³ tzü³)
hui¹-hsin¹ 灰心 to despair, despair.
hui¹-hsin¹-shih¹-chih⁴ 灰心失志 in despair,
hui¹-sê⁴ 灰色 ash color, drab.
hui¹-shu³ 灰鼠 the grey squirrel,
hui¹-shu³-p'ei³ 灰鼠皮 grey squirrel skins.
hui¹-tou¹ 灰兜 a bricklayer's hod (a kind of bag).
hui¹-tou³-tzü³ 灰斗子 a box for keeping a marking line in.
hui¹-t'ou²-t'u³-lien³ 灰頭土臉 a dirty face.
hui¹-t'u³ 灰土 ashes and dirt, dirt.
hui¹ 行 徽 525c261a urgent, important; to understand.
hui¹-chou¹ 徽州 a town in Anhui province.
hui¹-mei⁴ 徽墨 ink from Anhui (famous).
hui¹-pan¹ 徽班 the Anhui style of singing at theatres.
hui¹ 車 輝 525a260b brightness, splendour, dazzling.
hui¹-huang² 輝煌 bright, dazzling (ts'an⁴ lan⁴)
hui¹-kuang¹ 輝光 bright, light, splendid, gay.
hui¹ 麻 麾 526a261a a colour or standard; to signalise; an umbrella.
hui¹-hsia⁴ 麾下 beneath the banner, soldiers under a general; a [general].
- HUI² 口 回 回 526a261b to return; to turn round; a chapter; a time.
hui²-chia¹ 回家 to return home (huan² chia¹). [M. 96.
hui²-ching⁴ 回敬 to return the compliment.
hui²-ch'ü⁴ 回去 to go back.
hui²-chuan³ 回轉 to turn round; to return.
hui²-fu³ 回府 to return home.
hui²-fu⁴ 回復 to return; to reply to.
hui²-hui² 回回 a Mohammedan (ko³ chiao⁴).

hui ³ -hui ² -chiao ⁴	回回教	the Mohammedan religion.
hui ³ -hui ² -jung ²	回回絨	fustians.
hui ³ -hsi ¹	回西	to die. (Buddhist term.)
hui ³ -hsiang ³	回想	to reflect, to recollect, to recall.
hui ³ -hsin ¹	回心	to repent, to reform (hui ³ kai ³).
hui ³ -hsin ¹ -chuan ³ -i ⁴	回心轉意	to think better of, to repent.
hui ³ -hsin ⁴	回信	reply to a letter.
hui ³ -hua ⁴	回話	an answer brought by an inferior.
hui ³ -huan ⁴	回換	to exchange, to send back.
hui ³ -i ⁴	回憶	to recollect; to reflect.
hui ³ -jung ³	回絨	fustians.
hui ³ -kuang ¹ -fan ³ -chao ⁴	回光返照	the sun's rays thrown back, e. g., at setting.
hui ³ -kuo ²	回國	to return to one's kingdom (home).
hui ³ lai ²	回來	to return, to come back; come back!
hui ³ -lai ² -tsai ⁴ -shuo ¹	回來再說	we will talk of that by and by.
hui ³ -li ³	回禮	to return a salute; a return present.
hui ³ -lu ⁴	回祿	a sort of fire demon, the god of fire (huo ³ shên ³).
hui ³ -Lun ³	回輪	to reverse the engines.
hui ³ mao ²	回毛	curly hair (chüan ³ mao ²).
hui ³ -pai ⁴	回拜	to return a visit (ta ¹ pai ⁴ , huan ³ pai ⁴).
hui ³ -pao ⁴	回報	an answer, a reply.
hui ³ -p'ien ⁴ -tzü ³	回片子	a card in acknowledgment.
hui ³ -ping ³	回稟	an answer, a reply.
hui ³ -shu ¹	回書	to reply to a letter.
hui ³ -ssü ¹	回思	to reflect, to reconsider, to revolve in the mind.
hui ³ -ta ²	回答	to reply, to answer; a reply.
hui ³ -tang ⁴	回當	to redeem a pledged article.
hui ³ -t'ou ² -hou ⁴ -ku ⁴	回頭後顧	to look back; to repent.
hui ³ -t'ou ² -shih ⁴ -an ⁴	回頭是岸	repent and salvation is at hand.
hui ³ -tsui ²	回嘴	to answer back, to retort.
hui ³ -tzü ²	回子	a Mohammedan (abusive).
hui ³ -wên ²	回文	a despatch in reply.
hui ³ 是 迴	迴	to turn round, to return.
hui ³ -hsieh ³ -kuan ³	迴血管	veins (ching ¹ mo ⁴).
hui ³ -huan ³	迴環	to revolve, to go round.
hui ³ -lu ⁴	迴路	a way of escape, a means of retreat.
hui ³ -T'i ⁴	迴避	to retire, to withdraw, to avoid.
hui ³ 茴 廿	茴	fennel, aniseed.
hui ³ -hsiang ³	茴香	same.
hui ³ 虫	虺	a venomous serpent.
hui ³ -shê ³	虺蛇	a certain venomous snake.
HUI ³ 心 小 悔	悔	to regret, to repent; repentance (ao ⁴ hui ³).

hui³-hén⁴
 hui³-kai³
 hui³-kai³-ch'ien²-fei¹
 hui³-kuo⁴
 hui³-lai⁴
 hui³-lin⁴
 hui³-tsui⁴
 hui³-tsui⁴-kai³-kuo⁴
 hui³
 hui³-ch'í⁴
 hui³-hui⁴
 hui³-mieh⁴
 hui³-shang¹
 hui³
 hui³-pang⁴-shêng⁴-hsien²
 hui³
 hui³-fên²

悔恨
 悔改
 悔改前非
 悔過
 悔賴
 悔吝
 悔罪
 悔罪改過
 毀 530a262c
 毀棄
 毀壞
 毀滅
 毀傷
 毀 530a262c
 毀謗聖賢
 火 530a262c
 燬
 焚

to repent, to be sorry, to be vexed with one's self
 to repent, to reform (hou⁴ hui⁵),
 repent of former sins.
 to repent a fault.
 to repudiate.
 sorrow, grief, distress ; regret, remorse.
 to repent of sin.
 repent and reform.
 to break, to ruin, to destroy ; to slander.
 to destroy and cast away.
 to destroy.
 to exterminate utterly.
 to wound, to injure, to hurt.
 to defame, vilify.
 slandering the sages and worthies (shau⁴ pang⁴).
 to burn, to set fire to
 same (fên² shao¹).

HUI⁴ 日会
 hui⁴-chang³
 hui⁴-chê³-pu⁴-nan³
 hui⁴-chêng⁴
 hui⁴-chi²
 hui⁴-ch'í¹
 hui⁴-chien⁴
 hui⁴-chin⁴-shih⁴
 hui⁴-chu³
 hui⁴-fei³
 hui⁴-ho²
 hui⁴-hsien²
 hui⁴-kuo⁴-ti¹
 hui⁴-í⁴
 hui⁴-í⁴
 hui⁴-k'ó⁴
 hui⁴-kuan³
 hui⁴-kuo⁴
 hui⁴-kuo⁴-jih⁴-tzü³
 hui⁴-mien⁴
 hui⁴-mo⁴
 hui⁴-pin¹-k'ó⁴
 hui⁴-ping³
 hui⁴-pu⁴
 hui⁴ pu⁴-hui⁴

會 528b264b
 會長
 會者不難
 會正
 會集
 會期
 會見
 會進士
 會主
 會匪
 會合
 會銜
 會貨的
 會議
 會意
 會客
 會館
 會過
 會過日子
 會面
 會末
 會賓客
 會稟
 會簿
 會不

to unite, to assemble ; an association, a club.
 head of a society ; priest.
 not hard, if you know how.
 the president, or chairman.
 to assemble.
 time of meeting.
 to have seen or met ; to meet.
 to pass for chin⁴ shih⁴.
 president of a society.
 a band of robbers.
 to assemble together.
 to write titles, as in joint memorial.
 a commercial.
 to meet for deliberation.
 to understand the meaning of.
 to receive visitors.
 a club-house, a club, a guild.
 seen, met
 able to economise.
 to visit, to meet (chien⁴ mien⁴). [ciatory].
 the humblest member of the society (self-depre-
 to meet with guests.
 a joint petition.
 the account book of a club.
 are you able to ? can you ? (of acquired ability).

hui⁴-shao⁴ 會哨
 hui⁴-shên³ 會審
 hui⁴-shên²-ya³-mén² 會審衙門
 hui⁴-shih⁴ 會試
 hui⁴-shou³ 會首
 hui⁴-shui³ 會水
 hui⁴-shuo¹ 會說
 hui⁴-tan¹ 會單
 hui⁴-t'ang³ 會堂
 hui⁴-tien³ 會典
 hui⁴-tso⁴ 會做
 hui⁴-tsou⁴ 會奏
 hui⁴-t'ung³ 會同
 hui⁴-tzu³ 會子
 hui⁴-yu³ 會友
 hui⁴-yüan³ 會元
 hui⁴ 匯 匚 俗 匯 529b263b
 hui⁴-p'iao⁴ 匯票
 hui⁴-p'iuo⁴-chuan¹ 匯票莊
 hui⁴-shui³ 匯水
 hui⁴-ts'ai³ 匯菜
 hui⁴-tui⁴-chü³ 匯兌局
 hui⁴-tui⁴-chuan¹ 匯兌莊
 hui⁴-tui⁴-fei⁴ 匯兌費
 hui⁴ 禾 繪 529b265b
 hui⁴-hsieh³-hsiao³-hsiang⁴ 繪寫小像
 hui⁴-hua⁴ 繪畫
 hui⁴-shih⁴-hou⁴-su⁴ 繪事後素
 hui⁴-su⁴ 繪塑
 hui⁴ 心 慧 529c265b
 hui⁴-hsing⁴ 慧性
 hui⁴-ming³ 慧明
 hui⁴ (wei) 禾 穢 1244b1056a
 hui⁴-ch'ü⁴ 穢氣
 hui⁴-wu¹ 穢污
 hui⁴-wu⁴ 穢物
 hui⁴ 心 惠 530b264a
 hui⁴-ai⁴ 惠愛
 hui⁴-hsia⁴ 惠下
 hui⁴-shun⁴ 惠順
 hui⁴ 艸 蕙 530b264b
 hui⁴ 蕙香

a council of officials.
 to assemble and investigate.
 the Mixed Court at Shanghai.
 the Peking general examination of *chu-jên*; to president of a society. [pass as *chin-shih*. M. 502.
 to swim (*fou² shui³*).
 able to speak.
 a money order, a cheque, a bill of exchange.
 a meeting-house.
 the institutes of the empire.
 able to do or make.
 a joint memorial to the Throne.
 to assemble together; united with.
 a little while.
 a member of a society.
 chief of the *chin³-shih⁴*.
 whirling waters; a bill of exchange.
 a bill of exchange.
 an exchange bank.
 commission on bill of exchange.
 a certain way of cooking. M. 432.
 an exchange office.
 an exchange bank.
 loss by exchange.
 to sketch or paint pictures; to embellish.
 drawing small portraits.
 to paint or draw a picture.
 { (論語) the business of laying on the colors follows the preparation of the plain ground.
 to paint; to sketch a likeness.
 quick perception; intelligent, clever (*ts'ung¹ [ming²]*).
 intelligent disposition.
 clear perception (*chih⁴ hui⁴*).
 dirt, filth; dirty, filthy, indecent, lewd.
 a nasty effluvia.
 filthy, dirty, indecent (*wu¹ hui⁴*).
 a filthy thing.
 gracious, kind, obliging, liberal.
 affectionate, loving (*ên¹ hui⁴*).
 to treat inferiors kindly.
 to accord with; to treat kindly.
 a fragrant plant (a species of *epidendrum*).
 the fragrance of the *hui*.

hui ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -ts'ao ³	蕙香草	the epidendrum.
hui ⁴ -lan ²	蕙蘭	orchid.
hui ⁴	彙 彙 531b1056b	a collection ; a class or series ; to class.
hui ⁴ -chi ²	彙集	a collection of books.
hui ⁴ -mao ² -tz'ü ⁴	彙毛刺	a kind of porcupine or hedgehog (tz'ü ⁴ wei ⁴).
hui ⁴	賄 賄 529b263a	a bribe ; to bribe ; riches, opulence.
hui ⁴ -ho ²	賄和	to bribe persons to condone a case (mai ² hui ⁴).
hui ⁴ -lu ⁴	賄賂	to bribe, bribes, bribery (fêng ² k'ou ² tzü ²).
hui ⁴ -lu ⁴ -kuan-chang ³	賄賂官長	to bribe officials.
hui ⁴	十 卉 531b263a	a general term for grass, herbs, etc.
hui ⁴ -ts'ao ³	卉草	same.
hui ⁴	虫 蟪 530c264b	a kind of cricket or locust.
hui ⁴ -ku ¹	蟪姑	same.
hui ⁴	言 諱 531c266a	to shun, to avoid ; to dread (pi ⁴ hui ⁴).
hui ⁴ -ming ³	* 諱名	sacred name ; name given after death.
hui ⁴	日 晦 527c263c	the last day of the moon, unlucky.
hui ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	晦氣	bad luck (yün ² ch'i ⁴).
hui ⁴	言 諭 528a264a	to teach, to admonish.
hui ⁴ -jên ² -pu ⁴ -chuan ⁴	誨人不倦	to teach without wearying (Confucius).
hui ⁴	彗 彗 941a328c	a broom, a besom (t'iao ² chou ²).
hui ⁴ -hsing ¹	彗星	a comet (sao ⁴ chou ² hsing ¹).

HUN ¹	日 昏 532b267a	twilight, dusk, obscure, dull, gloomy, dim.
hun ¹ -an ⁴	昏暗	dark, cloudy, dusk, obscure.
hun ¹ -chün ¹	昏君	a tyrant (ming ² chün ¹).
hun ¹ -hua ¹	昏花	specks fitting before the eyes.
hun ¹ -hun ¹ -ch'ên ² -ch'ên ²	昏昏沉沉	thick, misty.
hun ¹ -kuo ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	昏過去	to faint (fa ¹ hun ¹).
hun ¹ -luan ⁴	昏亂	confused, stupid.
hun ¹ -mi ²	昏迷	in a fit ; infatuated, etc.
hun ¹ -nao ³	昏腦	dull-brains (abusive).
hun ¹ -ting ⁴ -ch'ên ² -shêng ³	昏定晨省	night and morning ask for parent's health.
hun ¹ -t'ou ²	昏頭	dull-pate (abusive).
hun ¹ -yeh ⁴	昏夜	night (huang ² hun ¹).
hun ¹ -yün ⁴	昏暈	to faint (hun ¹ kuo ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
hun ¹	女 婚 532c268a	marriage ; a bridegroom.
hun ¹ -chia ¹	婚家	the bridegroom's family.
hun ¹ -chia ⁴	婚嫁	to marry a man (p'in ⁴ chia ⁴).
hun ¹ -ch'in ¹	婚親	relations by marriage (the wife's family).
hun ¹ -ch'ü ²	婚娶	to marry a woman.
hun ¹ -lî ³	婚禮	marriage ceremonies.
hun ¹ -p'ei ⁴	† 婚配	to mate, to marry as slaves.
hun ¹ -shu ¹	婚書	a marriage contract.

* Note 40.

† Note 41

hun¹-yin¹ 婚姻
 hun¹-yin¹-chih¹-li³ 婚姻之禮
 hun¹ 葷 葷 533c268a
 hun¹-hsing¹ 葷腥
 hun¹-su⁴ 葷素
 hun¹-ts'ai⁴ 葷菜
 hun¹ 心中惛 惛 533a268b
 hun¹-mi³ 惛迷
 hun¹-mi³-pu⁴-hsing³ 惛迷不醒
 hun¹ 目 昏 533a268b
 hun¹-an⁴ 昏暗
 hun¹-hei¹ 昏黑

bridegroom and bride
 the nuptial rites.
 meat diet; strong savoured food.
 fish or meat diet.
 meat diet, and vegetable diet (ch'ih¹ huu¹)
 meat diet; strong savoured food
 confused ideas; forgetfulness.
 same.
 abject state of mental confusion.
 dull eyes or mind.
 dull and dark.
 dark.

HUN² 鬼 魂 534c269b
 hun²-fei¹-t'ien¹-wai⁴ 魂飛天外
 hun²-ling² 魂靈
 hun²-mao⁴ 魂冒
 hun²-p'o⁴ 魂魄
 hun²-pu⁴-fu⁴-t'í³ 魂不附體
 hun²-yu²-hsiang⁴-wai⁴ 魂遊象外
 hun² 食 餠 餠 533c269a
 hun²-t'un³ 餠 餠

shade, manes, spirit, ghost or soul.
 a trance.
 soul or spirit (ling² hun²).
 frightened, panic struck.
 the soul's two divisions.
 soul and body parted, e. g., with fear.
 in a trance (hun¹ mi²)
 fritters, flat round cakes of pork.
 same.

HUN⁴ 水 混 混 533a268c
 hun⁴-cho² 混濁
 hun⁴-hou⁴ 混厚
 hun⁴-jan²-t'ien¹-li³ 混然天理
 hun⁴-lün²-cho² 混圖著
 hun⁴-ming³ 混名
 hun⁴-shang⁴ 混上
 hun⁴-shên¹ 混身
 hun⁴-shên¹-shang⁴-hsia⁴ 混身上下
 hun⁴-t'ien¹-ch'iu² 混天球
 hun⁴-tsa² 混雜
 hun⁴-tun⁴ 混沌
 hun⁴ 水 混 混 534a269c
 hun⁴-chang⁴-tung¹-hsi¹ 混賬東西
 hun⁴-ch'ung¹ 混充
 hun⁴-fan⁴-ch'ih¹ 混飯吃
 hun⁴-hsing¹-tzü³ 混星子
 hun⁴-kuei³ 混鬼
 hun⁴-liao³-i¹-nien² 混了一年
 hun⁴-luan⁴ 混亂

muddy, polluted; mingled; the whole of. M. 228.
 muddy, polluted (wu¹ hui⁴).
 generous, liberal.
 the all-embracing laws of Heaven.
 in the lump, by the lot, wholesale (hu¹ lun²).
 a nickname.
 complete, whole, entire
 the whole body.
 the whole body (chou¹ shên¹, pien⁴ shên¹).
 a celestial globe.
 mixed up or together (nan² nü³ hun⁴ tsa²).
 chaos, chaotic; in one mass, the whole. [idle life.
 water mingled in confusion; muddy; dull; an
 a stupid disorderly thing (abusive).
 to deceive.
 to live from hand to mouth.
 a loafer, a rowdy, a humbug
 a ruffian.
 dragged out a year's time.
 in great confusion, tumbled together.

<i>hun⁴-ming²</i>	混名	a nickname (<i>wai⁴ hao⁴</i>).
<i>hun⁴-nao⁴</i>	混鬧	clamour, confused uproar.
<i>hun⁴-p'ao²</i>	混跑	to run helter-skelter.
<i>hun⁴-pu⁴-hsia⁴-ch'ü¹</i>	混不 <small>下</small> 去	cannot get along.
<i>hun⁴-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	混不 <small>過</small> 去	same.
<i>hun⁴-sha¹</i>	混殺	to kill indiscriminately.
<i>hun⁴-shih⁴</i>	混事	confused matters; work together.
<i>hun⁴-shih⁴-chieh⁴</i>	混世	a disordered generation.
<i>hun⁴-shih⁴-mo²-wang²</i>	混世魔王	nickname of Ch'êng Yao Chin.
<i>hun⁴-shui³</i>	混水	muddy water (<i>ch'ing¹ shui³</i>).
<i>hun⁴-shui³-yii²</i>	混水魚	a fish of muddy waters.
<i>hun⁴-shuo¹</i>	混說	to talk at random (<i>hu² shuo¹</i>).
<i>hun⁴-tan⁴</i>	混蛋	a bad egg (<i>huai⁴ tan⁴</i>).
<i>hun⁴ t'ang²</i>	混堂	a public bath-house (<i>hsi³ tsao² t'ang²</i>).
<i>hun⁴-t'ou²</i>	混頭	time for shifting along.
<i>hun⁴-tsa²</i>	混雜	to mix; mixed, bleeded.
<i>hun⁴-tun⁴</i>	混沌	chaos, chaotic.

HUNG¹	火 紅	烘 ^{536a235a}	to dry by a fire (<i>pei⁴ kan¹</i>).
<i>hung¹-huo²</i>		烘火	a flame, to dry.
<i>hung¹-k'ao²</i>		烘烤	to warm.
<i>hung¹-lu²-tzu³</i>		烘爐子	a portable stove.
<i>hung¹-ping²</i>		烘餅	name of a cake.
<i>hung¹-wu¹-tzu³</i>		烘屋子	to warm the room.
<i>hung¹</i>	車	轟 ^{539a234a}	roar, rattle, rumbling, to drive off.
<i>hung¹-chi¹</i>		轟擊	to peal, to bombard.
<i>hung¹-hung¹-lieh⁴-lieh⁴</i>		轟轟烈烈	the din and rush of great display; imposing.
<i>hung¹-lei²</i>		轟雷	the roar of thunder.
<i>hung¹-ssü³</i>		轟死	to blow up.
<i>hung¹-t'a¹-liao²-ch'êng²</i>		轟場了城	blew up the city wall,

HUNG²	禾 紅	紅 ^{537a235b}	red.
<i>hung²-ch'a²</i>		紅茶	black tea.
<i>hung²-ch'ên²</i>		紅塵	"the world," as defiling.
<i>hung²-ch'i²-pao⁴-chieh²</i>		紅旗報捷	the red flag announces victory.
<i>hung²-ch'ih⁴-ch'ih⁴-ti¹</i>		紅赤赤的	red as red can be (<i>hung² tiu¹ tiu¹</i>).
<i>hung²-chuan¹</i>		紅靛	red brick; figurative sense unfavorable.
<i>hung²-fan²</i>		紅礬	arsenic (<i>hsin⁴ shih²</i>).
<i>hung²-fên³-chia¹-jên²</i>		紅粉佳人	a handsome girl with powdered face.
<i>hung²-hsin¹</i>		紅心	the bull's-eye; hopeful.
<i>hung²-hua¹</i>		紅花	red flowers, saffron.
<i>hung²-huang²-pu⁴-fên¹</i>		紅黃不分	a stupid person.
<i>hung²-jih⁴</i>		紅日	a propitious day; sunrise.

hung ² -jī ⁴ -tung ¹ -shéng ¹	紅日東升	the red sun ascends in the east.
hung ² -k'ou ³ -pai ² -ya ²	紅口白牙	fine-looking.
hung ² -lan ²	紅藍	a kind of purple.
hung ² -liang ²	紅糧	millet.
hung ² -liao ² -lien ²	紅了臉	blushed (mien ² t'ien ²).
hung ² -liao ² -yen ² -liao ²	紅了眼了	eyes red with anger or covetousness.
hung ² -lien ² -fan ⁴	紅臉飯	hard labor.
hung ² -lien ² -han ⁴	紅臉漢	a red-faced fellow.
hung ² -lo ² -po ²	紅蘿蔔	radishes, carrots.
hung ² -mao ²	紅毛	red hair (a nickname given to foreigners).
hung ² -mu ⁴	紅木	red wood.
hung ² -pai ²	紅白	red and white, pink; good and bad, etc.
hung ² -p'ai ²	紅牌	a port clearance.
hung ² -pao ² -shih ²	紅寶石	the ruby.
hung ² -p'u ⁴ -p'u ⁴ -ti ²	紅鋪鋪的	rosy.
hung ² -sê ⁴	紅色	red, vermilion.
hung ² -shih ⁴	紅事	a wedding (pai ² shih ⁴).
hung ² -shu ²	紅薯	the sweet potato (ti ⁴ kua ²).
hung ² -tai ⁴ -tzü ²	紅帶子	badge of collateral branches of Imperial family.
hung ² -tan ¹	紅丹	red lead.
hung ² -tan ¹	紅單	a port clearance (modern name).
hung ² -t'ang ²	紅糖	brown sugar (ch'ih ⁴ t'ang ²).
hung ² -ting ²	紅頂	a red 'button'.
hung ² -tiu ¹ -tiu ¹ -ti ²	紅丟丟的	blood red.
hung ² -tsao ²	紅棗	red dates.
hung ² -t'u ²	紅土	red clay.
hung ² -tzü ²	紅紫	light and dark red, a reddish brown.
hung ² -yen ² -po ² -ming ⁴	紅顏薄命	beautiful women are often short lived.
hung ² -ying ¹	紅纓	red tassel on official caps.
hung ² -yü ⁴	紅諭	the advance orders of an official proceeding to
hung ²	鴻 536c236a	a large kind of wild goose; a stork; great, vast.
hung ² -ên ¹	鴻恩	great favor.
hung ² -hao ²	鴻鶴	the stork; the wild goose.
hung ² -hsi ²	鴻禧	great prosperity, happiness, etc.
hung ² -pien ⁴	鴻便	convenient opportunity for sending a letter.
hung ² -yen ⁴	鴻雁	the wild goose.
hung ² -yen ⁴ -ch'uan ⁴ -shu ⁴	鴻雁傳書	a wild goose carries a letter.
hung ²	宏 538a237b	great, vast, wide, extensive (k'uan ¹ hung ²).
hung ² -ên ¹	宏恩	great kindness or favours.
hung ² -ta ⁴	宏大	same (ên ¹ chung ⁴ ju ² shan ¹).
hung ²	水 洪 535c236a	a torrent; an inundation; great, vast, extensive.
hung ² -ên ¹	洪恩	great favour.
kung ² -fu ²	洪福	great happiness.

hung²-shui³ 洪水
 hung² 黃 糞 536b236b
 hung²-hsiao² 糞 學
 hung²-mên²-hsiu⁴-ts'ai³ 糞 門 秀才

the flood, a flood.
 a Confucian temple (shêng⁴ miao⁴).
 same.
 a B.A.

HUNG³ 言 { 誑 535b238
 hung³ 口 { 哄 535b238a
 hung³-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴ 哄 出 去
 hung³-hai²-tzü³ 哄 孩 子
 hung³-lung⁴-chü³ 哄 弄 局
 hung³-p'ien⁴ 哄 騙
 hung³-t'ai¹-lai² 哄 他 來
 hung³-t'ang² 哄 堂
 hung³-tsung³-t'ai¹ 哄 德 他
 hung³-yu⁴ 哄 誘
 hung³ 水 汞 536c238a

to cheat, to deceive, to beguile, to persuade.
 same.
 to coax or drive out.
 to coax a child.
 a den of rascals.
 to cheat, to beguile (mi² huo⁴).
 humbug him into coming.
 when all the runners refuse duty.
 to deceive him into doing it.
 to induce, to beguile.
 quicksilver, mercury, cinnabar.

HUNG⁴ 門 閨 536a238b
 hung⁴-jang³ 閨 嚷
 hung⁴-k'ai¹-kou² 閨 開 狗
 hung⁴ 閨 536a238b

to squabble, to quarrel ; to excite, to fight.
 uproar, clamour.
 to drive away the dog.
 a street or lane.

HUO¹ 刀 剗 539c257b
 huo¹-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴-liao³ 剗 出 去 了
 huo¹-shang⁴ 剗 上
 huo¹-shang⁴-ming⁴ 剗 上 命
 huo¹-tsui³ 剗 嘴
 huo¹-tzü³ 剗 子
 huo¹ 谷 豁 541a258b
 huo¹-chieh³ 豁 解
 huo¹-la³-i⁴-shêng¹ 豁 喇 一 聲
 huo¹-mien³ 豁 免
 huo¹-ta³ 豁 達
 huo¹ 禾 穫 540a257b

to cut, to reap.
 abandoned, cut his acquaintance.
 to risk, to sacrifice (ch'u¹ shang⁴).
 risk life.
 a hare-lip.
 a sort of plough, a man with hare-lip.
 enlarged, liberal ; to open, to expand.
 to explain.
 a crashing sound.
 to generously pardon (shé⁴ mien³).
 thorough magnanimity ; energy.
 to reap.

HUO² 水 活 542a258c
 huo²-chi⁴ 活 計
 huo²-chin⁴-ssü³-ch'u¹ 活 進 死 出
 huo²-cho¹-huo²-na² 活 捉 活 拿
 huo²-fo² 活 佛
 huo²-hsieh³ 活 血
 huo²-hsien¹ 活 鮮
 huo²-hsien⁴ 活 現

alive, living ; moving, moveable ; cheerful.
 changing plans ; work ; to work ; partner.
 he went in alive and came out dead.
 immediate retribution (hsien⁴ shih⁴ hsien⁴ pao⁴).
 a living Buddha.
 to stimulate the circulation.
 fresh as life, perfectly fresh.
 life-like, vivid (hsiang⁴ shêng¹).

huo ² -hua ¹	活話	moveable words, i. e., unreliable.
huo ² -hai ⁴ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	活害東西	an ever present trouble; bothersome child.
huo ² -jên ²	活人	a living person.
huo ² -k'ou ² -ch'í ⁴	活口氣	words which leave the matter open.
huo ² -k'ou ⁴ -êrh ²	活扣兒	a running or slip-knot (ko ¹ ta ²).
huo ² -mai ³	活埋	to bury alive (hsün ⁴ tsang ⁴).
huo ² -ming ⁴	活命	life; to give life (hsing ⁴ ming ⁴).
huo ² -na ²	活拿	to take prisoner (ch'in ² na ²).
huo ² -pan ³	活板	moveable types.
huo ² -p o ¹ -p' o ¹ -ti ¹	活潑潑的	most lively, active.
huo ² -pu ⁴ -ch'ang ⁴	活不長	it will not live long.
huo ² -pu ⁴ -liao ³	活不了	it will not live.
huo ² -shih ⁴ -shou ⁴ -jên ²	活世壽人	I give life and old age (a doctor's advertisement).
huo ² -shui ³	活水	running water (ssü ³ shui ³).
huo ² -t'ao ⁴	活套	of general application, what will fit anything.
huo ² -ti ¹	活的	alive, living.
huo ² -t' o ¹ -hsiang ⁴ -t' a ¹	活脫像他	striking resemblance to him.
huo ² -tung ⁴	活活動	alive, animate; moveable.
huo ² -tzü ⁴	活字	moveable types; a substantive.
huo ² -yen ³ -êrh ² -chien ⁴	活兒見	vivid, realistic.

HUO³ m 火 火^{542c255c}

huo ³ -chang ⁴	火杖	fire, fiery; heat, fever; to burn.
huo ³ -ch'i ¹	火鷄	a poker (either of wood or iron),
huo ³ -ch'í ¹	火漆	the turkey.
huo ³ -ch'í ⁴	火氣	sealing-wax.
huo ³ -chia ¹	火家	cholera; fever; caloric.
huo ³ -chieh ²	火結	corpse burners. See Note 42.
huo ³ -chien ⁴	火箭	indigestion (hsin ¹ k'ou ³ t'êng ³).
huo ³ -chih ³	火紙	a swift arrow, lighted arrow.
huo ³ -ching ⁴	火鏡	touch-paper.
huo ³ -ch'iu ³	火球	a burning-glass.
huo ³ -chu ²	火燭	same.
huo ³ -chung ³	火種	fire and candles.
huo ³ -ch'ung ² -r'k ³	火虫兒	tinder.
huo ³ -fên ³	火焚	glow-worms, fire-flies.
huo ³ -fu ¹	火夫	to set on fire, to burn with fire.
huo ³ -hsing ¹	火星	a cook (ch'u ² tzü ³).
huo ³ -hsing ⁴	火性	a spark, sparks; the planet Mars.
huo ³ -hua ⁴	火化	fiery temper, passionate.
huo ³ -jou ² -mu ⁴	火揉木	to transmute by fire.
huo ³ -jung ²	火絨	to bend wood by the application of fire.
huo ³ -kuan ³	火管	tinder.
		flint, tinder, and steel.

huo ³ -kuan ⁴	火罐	a cup used for cupping.
huo ³ -kuang ¹	火光	flames, brightness of fire, candle-light
huo ³ -kung ¹	火力	to attack with fire; inflammation,
huo ³ -li ⁴	火力	the power of fire,
huo ³ -liao ³ -mei ³ -mao ³	火燎眉毛	the fire scorched his eye-brows
huo ³ -liao ³ -ti ⁴	火燎的	blackened by fire.
huo ³ -lien ³	火鑊	a steel
huo ³ -lu ²	火爐	a fireplace, a furnace.
huo ³ -lun ² -ch'ê ¹	火輪車	railway train, or locomotive.
huo ³ -lun ² -ch'uan ³	火輪船	steamer.
huo ³ -miao ³	火苗	the flame of a fire.
huo ³ -pa ¹	火把	a torch.
huo ³ -p'ai ³	火牌	an express, sent to arrest a criminal, etc.
huo ³ -p'ao ⁴	火砲	cannon, artillery.
huo ³ -p'ei ³	火盆	chafing dish.
huo ³ -p'iao ⁴	火票	despatch at express speed.
huo ³ -shang ⁴ -chia ¹ -yu ²	火上加油	i. e., add fuel to the flames.
huo ³ -shao ¹	火燒	to burn with fire, a kind of bun (shao ¹ ping ⁴).
huo ³ -shih ²	火食	cooked provisions.
huo ³ -shih ² -hsiang ¹ -tzü ³	火食箱子	a hamper for provisions.
huo ³ -shih ²	火石	flints.
huo ³ -shih ² -fên ³	火石粉	chalk, lime.
huo ³ -su ³	火速	with the speed of fire.
huo ³ -ting ¹ -ch'uang ¹	火疔瘡	prickly heat (fei ⁴ tzü ³).
huo ³ -t'ou ² -chün ¹	火頭軍	a cook.
huo ³ -t'ui ³	火腿	hams.
huo ³ -tsai ¹	火災	the calamity of fire.
huo ³ -tsang ⁴	*火葬	to burn the corpse; cremation.
huo ³ -wang ⁴	火旺	a hot fire.
huo ³ -yao ³	火窰	a furnace.
huo ³ -yao ³	火藥	"the medicine," gunpowder.
huo ³ -yao ⁴ -chü ³	火藥局	a powder factory.
huo ³ -yen ¹	火烟	tobacco (nan ⁴ yen ¹).
huo ³ -yen ⁴	火燄	flame of fire.
huo ³ -yu ²	火油	kerosene (mei ² yu ³)
huo ³ -yü ³	火語	"fiery words," passionate language.
huo ³	人伙	542c255c household furniture.
huo ³ -chang ³	伙長	mates in merchant ships.
huo ³ -shih ³	伙食	living, fare, subsistence.
huo ³ -shih ² -lan ² -tzü ³	伙食籃子	a provision basket.
huo ³	夥	542c255b many, numerous; a party, a company; partners.
huo ³ -chang ³	夥長	the senior partner; a chief mate
huo ³ -chi ⁴	夥計	a partner, assistant, or comrade.

huo²-ch'ih¹-huo³-p'ien⁴ 夥吃夥騙
 huo³-chū¹ 夥居
 huo³-pan⁴ 夥伴
 huo³-tang² 夥黨
 huo³-tao⁴ 夥盜

to combine in fraud and share proceeds.
 to live together, as a mess (b'ung² ts'uan⁴).
 a partner, a comrade.
 a cabal, a party.
 a party of robbers.

HUO⁴ 貝 貨^{544a256c}
 huo⁴-chén¹-chia⁴-shih² 貨真價實
 huo⁴-chia⁴ 貨價
 huo⁴-huan⁴-huo⁴ 貨換貨
 huo⁴-hui⁴ 貨賄
 huo⁴-kao¹ 貨高
 huo⁴-lang² 貨郎
 huo⁴-lu⁴ 貨賂
 huo⁴-mai⁴ 貨賣
 huo⁴-mai⁴-shih²-chia¹ 貨賣識家
 huo⁴-mai⁴-ying¹-shih² 貨賣應時
 huo⁴-tan¹ 貨單
 huo⁴-tao⁴-chia⁴-hui² 貨到價回
 huo⁴-ti¹ 貨低
 huo⁴-ts'ai² 貨財
 huo⁴-wu⁴ 貨物
 huo⁴-wu¹-tan¹ 貨物單

goods, merchandise ; to deal.
 goods genuine, and price fair (a shop placard).
 price of goods.
 an exchange of commodities,
 a bribe, bribes (hui⁴ lu⁴).
 fine quality of goods.
 a pedlar of women's wares.
 to bribe, bribes.
 to sell.

huo⁴ 戈 或^{541a259b}
 huo⁴-chê² 或者
 huo⁴-hao²-huo⁴-tai² 或好或歹
 huo⁴-jên² 或人
 huo⁴-shih⁴ 或是
 huo⁴-ta⁴-huo⁴-hsiao² 或大或小
 huo⁴-tao²-huo⁴-wan² 或早或晚
 huo⁴-wang²-huo⁴-lai² 或往或來
 huo⁴-wei¹ 或謂
 huo⁴-yu³-huo⁴-wu² 或有或無
 huo⁴-yüeh¹ 或曰
 huo⁴ 心 惑^{541b259c}
 huo⁴-êrh⁴-huo⁴-san¹ 惑二惑三
 huo⁴-hsin¹ 惑心
 huo⁴-lung⁴ 惑弄
 huo⁴ 犬 獲^{540a258b}
 huo⁴-chu⁴ 獲住
 huo⁴-ên¹ 獲恩
 huo⁴-li⁴ 獲利
 huo⁴-shêng⁴ 獲勝

goods sell according to season.
 an invoice, a bill of sale.
 i. e., a brisk trade.
 bad articles (êrh⁴ wu² yen²).
 goods as chattels.
 merchandise, goods, wares.
 an invoice, a bill of sale.
 uncertain, perhaps, or, either, if. M. 135.
 perhaps, probably.
 whether good or bad.
 a certain person (mou² jên²).
 perhaps it is.
 whether large or small.
 whether early or late.
 either coming or going.
 somebody said, one says.
 perhaps there is, perhaps not,
 one says.
 to doubt, to suspect ; to delude, to misguide.
 undecided.
 to doubt, to suspect ; doubtful.
 to befool.
 to capture, to apprehend ; to obtain.
 to capture, to apprehend (shêng¹ ch'iu²).
 to obtain favour (mêng² ên¹).
 to get profit.
 to gain the victory.

huo⁴-tê³ 獲得
 huo⁴-tsei³ 獲賊
 huo⁴-tsui⁴ 獲罪
 huo⁴-tsui⁴-yü²-t'ien¹ 獲罪於天
 huo⁴ 示 禍 540c256b
 huo⁴-fu² 禍福
 huo⁴-hai⁴ 禍害
 huo⁴-huan⁴ 禍患
 huo⁴-kên¹ 禍根
 huo⁴-nieh⁴ 禍孽
 huo⁴-pu⁴-tan¹-tî³ 禍不單得
 huo⁴-tao⁴-lin⁴-t'ou² 禍到臨頭
 huo⁴-ts'ung¹-k'ou²-ch'ü¹ 禍從口出
 huo⁴ 手才 擡 544c257b
 huo⁴-chiao⁴ 擡較
 huo⁴-fu²-shou³ 擡覆手
 huo⁴-mien⁴ 擡麪
 huo⁴ 疔 疔 544c257a
 huo⁴-luan⁴-ping⁴ 疔亂病

to obtain.
 to apprehend a thief (pu³ tsei³).
 to commit a crime; to sin against.
 to sin against Heaven.
 evil, injury, misery, calamity, misfortune.
 adversity and prosperity, misery and happiness.
 injury; to involve in trouble.
 calamity, misfortune, adversity.
 origin of calamity, etc.
 calamity or misery induced.
 calamities never come singly. [provokes calamity,
 the calamity ready to fall, i. e., rash speech
 calamity comes from the mouth.
 to direct, to point out; to persuade, to seduce.
 to compare.
 to wave the hand backward and forward.
 to prepare flours.
 a kind of colic or cholera.
 cholera morbus.

I¹ 一 壹 545c1095c
 i¹-cha³ 一拏
 i¹-cha³-yen³ 一眨眼
 i¹-ch'a¹-pan⁴-ts'o⁴ 一差半錯
 i¹-chan³-têng¹ 一盞燈
 i¹-chan³-yen³ 一展眼
 i¹-chang¹-hua⁴ 一張畫
 i¹-chang¹-ch'uang² 一張床
 i¹-ch'ang²-kuan¹-ssü¹ 一場官司
 i¹-ch'ang¹-pai²-ho 一倡百和
 i¹-ch'ang²-yii³ 一場雨
 i¹-chao⁴ 一兆
 i¹-chên⁴-fêng¹ 一陣風
 i¹-ch'êng² 一程
 i¹-ch'êng⁴ 一秤
 i¹-ch'êng⁴-chiao⁴ 一乘轎
 i¹-chi³-chih¹-ssü¹ 一己之私
 i¹-chi⁴ 一記
 i¹-chi⁴ 一及
 i¹-chi⁴-yao⁴ 一劑藥
 i¹-ch'i² 一齊
 i¹-ch'i² 一起
 i¹-ch'i²-i¹-lo⁴ 一起一落

[on bills, etc.
 a, one; at once; the whole, the written form
 a span (5 Chinese inches).
 in the twinkling of an eye.
 a mistake, peccadillo.
 a lamp.
 in the twinkling of an eye.
 a picture (paper, chair).
 a bed.
 a law-suit,
 all following one leader.
 one rain-fall.
 a million.
 a gust of wind (fit of ague).
 a long time.
 one hundred catties.
 a sedan chair.
 selfishness.
 twelve years.
 right up to.
 a dose of medicine (i¹ fu⁴ yao⁴).
 all at once, all together.
 of same set or company.
 rising and falling by turns.

i ¹ -ch ⁴ -i ⁴ -erh ³	一氣兒	in collusion.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -i ⁴ -kuan ⁴ -t'ung ¹	一氣貫通	one idea pervading all.
i ¹ -chia ¹ -i ¹ -hu ⁴	一家一戶	a single family.
i ¹ -chia ⁴ -chung ¹	一架鐘	a clock (i ¹ kua ⁴ piao ³).
i ¹ -chia ⁴ liang ³	一架樑	one beam.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -iang ¹ -yang ³	一控羊	one carcase of mutton.
i ¹ -chieh ² -tzü ³	一截子	a piece, a strip.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -ieh ⁴	一切	all, the whole of.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -ieh ⁴ -so ³ -yu ³	一切所有	same (fan ² so ³ yu ³).
i ¹ -chien ¹ -wu ¹	一間屋	a room. M. 172.
i ¹ -chien ⁴ -i ¹ -shang ¹	一件衣裳	a garment.
i ¹ -chien ⁴ -wu ⁴	一件物	an article, a thing.
i ¹ -chien ⁴ -yin ³ -tzü ³	一件銀子	a small piece of sycee.
i ¹ -chien ⁴ -chih ¹ -ti ⁴	一箭之地	a bow-shot.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -ien ¹	一千	a thousand.
i ¹ -chih ¹ -pi ³	一枝筆	a pencil or pen (i ¹ kuan ³ pi ³).
i ¹ -chih ¹ -ch ⁴ -uan ²	一隻船	a ship.
i ¹ -chih ¹ -ping ¹	一支兵	a body of troops.
i ¹ -chih ²	一直	straight.
i ¹ -chih ² -ti ¹	一直的	straight away (chien ² chih ²).
i ¹ -chih ² -wên ² -shu ¹	一紙文書	a despatch (i ¹ chüeh ² wên ² shu ¹).
i ¹ -chin ¹	一斤	a catty (1½ pounds English).
i ¹ -ching ¹	一經	as soon as.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -iu ⁴	一秋	an autumn; one year.
i ¹ -cho ¹ -k'o ⁴	一棹客	a table of guests.
i ¹ -cho ³	一着	a move, as in chess.
i ¹ -chou ¹	一週	once round, all round; a year.
i ¹ -chou ² -hua ⁴	一軸畫	a picture (roll).
i ¹ -chu ¹ -shu ⁴	一株樹	a tree.
i ¹ -chu ⁴ -hsiang ¹	一炷香	a stick of incense.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -u ² -hsi ⁴	一齣戲	a theatrical performance, one play.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -u ⁴ -fang ² -tzü ³	一處房子	a house.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -uan ⁴ -chu ¹ -tzü ³	一串珠子	a string of pearls.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -uan ⁴ -ch ⁴ -ien ²	一串錢	a string of cash.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -uan ⁴ -yüan ⁴ -tzü ³	一串院子	one court-yard.
i ¹ -chuang ¹ -shih ⁴ -ch ⁴ -ing ³	一樁事情	an affair.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -uang ² -ju ⁴ -tzü ³	一床褥子	a mattress.
i ¹ -ch ⁴ -uang ² -pei ⁴ -tzü ³	一牀被子	one bed-coverlet.
i ¹ -chü ² -i ¹ -tung ⁴	一舉一動	in the whole department.
i ¹ chü ² -liang ³ -tê ²	一舉兩得	to kill two birds with one stone.
i ¹ chü ⁴ -hua ⁴	一句話	a sentence.
i ¹ -chüan ² -pu ⁴	一捲布	a roll of cloth.
i ¹ -chüan ⁴ -shu ¹	一卷書	a scroll, a book.

<i>i¹-ch'uan²-jên²-tsai⁴</i>	一船人載	a boatload of passengers.
<i>i¹-chüeh³</i>	一角	(North) 25 cents. (South) 10 cents.
<i>i¹-chüeh²-wên²-shu¹</i>	一角文書	one despatch.
<i>i¹-chun³</i>	一準	certain.
<i>i¹-ch'un¹</i>	一春	a spring, a year.
<i>i¹-chung¹-shui³</i>	一盅水	a cup of water.
<i>i¹, chung³</i>	一種	a kind, a same kind.
<i>i¹-ch'ün³</i>	一羣	a flock or herd.
<i>i¹-êrh⁴</i>	一二	a little, a trifle; all.
<i>i¹-fan¹</i>	一番	once.
<i>i¹-fang¹</i>	一方	a whole neighbourhood; ten thousand (in money).
<i>i¹-fang²-t'u²-shu¹</i>	一方圖書	a map of a place.
<i>i¹-fêng¹-hsin⁴</i>	一封	a letter.
<i>i¹-fêng¹-la⁴-chu³</i>	一封蠟燭	a package of candles.
<i>t¹-fêng¹-yin²</i>	一封銀	fifty taels.
<i>i¹-fu²</i>	一伏	a decade of days (in summer). See <i>fu² t'ien¹</i> .
<i>i¹-fu²-ch'ien²</i>	一伏錢	a copper coin; a string of cash.
<i>i¹-fu⁴-chien¹-chih³</i>	一副箋紙	a sheet of note paper.
<i>i¹-fu⁴-huan²-tzü³</i>	一幅環子	a pair of ear-rings.
<i>i¹-fu⁴-i¹-chéng¹</i>	一副正	a deputy and his principal.
<i>i¹-fu⁴-yao⁴</i>	一副藥	one dose of medicine (<i>i¹ chi⁴ yao⁴</i>).
<i>i¹-hang³</i>	一行	a class, one class, sort, etc.
<i>i¹-hao⁴-shu¹</i>	一號書	one lesson (assigned).
<i>i¹-hêng⁴-ch'iao²</i>	一橫橋	a bridge.
<i>i¹-ho²-kuan¹-fên³</i>	一盒官粉	one box of white cosmetic.
<i>i¹-ho²-mên²-tzü³</i>	一合門子	one door (2-leaved).
<i>i¹-ho²-ts'ao³</i>	一合草	one feed of straw.
<i>i¹-hsi¹-hua⁴</i>	一夕話	a long story, a yarn.
<i>i¹-hsia⁴</i>	一夏	a summer; a year.
<i>i¹-hsia⁴ tzü³</i>	一下子	at one time.
<i>i¹-hsiang⁴</i>	一向	hitherto, heretofore, a while past.
<i>i¹-hsiang⁴</i>	一項	one sort or kind.
<i>i¹-hsieh¹</i>	一些	a little of.
<i>i¹-hsien⁴-chih¹-lu⁴</i>	一線之路	the least possible opening or chance
<i>i¹-hsin¹</i>	一心	the whole heart.
<i>i¹-hsin¹-tsai⁴-shang¹</i>	一心在上	intense application to one thing.
<i>i¹-hsin¹-wu²-êrh⁴</i>	一心無二	single minded.
<i>i¹ hsing¹-chih¹-huo³</i>	一星之火	a spark of fire.
<i>i¹.hsing¹-i¹-tien³</i>	一星一點	a very tiny speck.
<i>i¹.hsing⁴</i>	一姓	of the same surname.
<i>i¹-hu²-shui³</i>	一壺水	one potful of water.
<i>i¹-huang³-r¹h³</i>	一煨兒	a flash; a moment (<i>i¹ sha⁴ shih³</i>).
<i>i¹ hui²</i>	一回	once, a section of a book.

<i>i¹-hui³-érh²</i>	一會兒	a short space of time.
<i>i¹-huo³</i>	一夥	a company, the same company or set.
<i>i¹-i¹</i>	一一	one by one.
<i>i¹-jên³-shên¹</i>	一人深	water deep enough to cover your head.
<i>i¹-jih⁴</i>	一日	a day, one day.
<i>i¹-jih⁴-i¹-chou¹</i>	一日一周	one revolution daily.
<i>i¹-ju⁴-mên³</i>	一入門	once enter the door.
<i>i¹-kai⁴</i>	一概	all, the whole of.
<i>i¹-kan³-ch⁴-iang¹</i>	一桿鎗	a spear, a musket.
<i>i¹-kên¹-wei³-kan¹</i>	一根桅杆	a mast.
<i>i¹-ko⁴</i>	一個	one.
<i>i¹-ko¹-jên³</i>	一個人	a man, one man.
<i>i¹-ko¹-pan⁴-ko⁴</i>	一個半個	an occasional one, a few.
<i>i¹-k⁴-o¹-mai⁴-tzü³</i>	一科麥子	a tuft of growing wheat.
<i>i¹-k⁴-o¹-shu⁴-mu⁴</i>	一棵樹木	a tree.
<i>i¹-k⁴-o¹-chu³-tzü³</i>	一顆珠子	a pearl.
<i>i¹-k⁴-o¹-yin²-tzu³</i>	一顆銀子	a piece of sycee
<i>i¹-k⁴-o⁴</i>	一刻	a quarter of an hour.
<i>i¹-k⁴-ou³-ch⁴-i⁴</i>	一口氣	a breach, a fit of anger.
<i>i¹-k⁴-ou³-jên³</i>	一口人	a man.
<i>i¹-k⁴-ou³-kuan¹-ts⁴-ai³</i>	一口棺材	a coffin.
<i>i¹-k⁴-ou³-liang³-shê²</i>	一口兩舌	double-tongued.
<i>i¹-k⁴-ou³-shui³</i>	口水	a mouthful of water.
<i>i¹-k⁴-ou³-t⁴-ung²-yin¹</i>	一口同音	with unanimous voice (<i>ho³ k⁴-ou³ t⁴-ung² shêng¹</i>).
<i>i¹-k⁴-ou³-tzu³</i>	一口子	a man, a husband.
<i>i¹-ku³-tao⁴</i>	一股道	a road.
<i>i¹-ku³-tsei³</i>	一股賊	a gang of thieves.
<i>i¹-kua⁴-ch⁴-ien³</i>	一掛錢	one complete string of cash.
<i>i¹-kua⁴-ch⁴-uan³-tzu³</i>	一掛椽子	a complete set of rafters.
<i>i¹-kua⁴-piao³</i>	一掛表	one watch (<i>i¹ chia⁴ chung¹</i>).
<i>i¹-k⁴-uai³-érh²</i>	一塊兒	together with.
<i>i¹-k⁴-uai³-t⁴-u³</i>	一塊土	a piece of land.
<i>i¹-k⁴-uai³-yang²-ch⁴-ien³</i>	一塊洋錢	one dollar (<i>i¹ yüan³</i>).
<i>i¹-kuan¹-pan⁴-chih³</i>	一官半職	a petty official.
<i>i¹-luan³-pi³</i>	一管筆	a pen or pencil.
<i>i¹-k⁴-un³-ts⁴-ung¹</i>	一細葱	a bundle of onions.
<i>i¹-kung⁴</i>	一共	all, the whole of, sum total.
<i>i¹-lai²</i>	一來	in the first place, firstly.
<i>i¹-lai²-i¹-wan²</i>	一來一往	coming and going, intercourse.
<i>i¹-lao²-yung³-i⁴</i>	一勞永逸	once toil and everlasting rests.
<i>i¹-lei⁴</i>	一類	the same class.
<i>i¹-li³-lu⁴</i>	一里路	a distance of one li.
<i>i¹-li³-li⁴</i>	一里地	same.

i ¹ -li ⁴	一例	one rule.
i ¹ -li ⁴	一力	with the whole strength.
i ¹ -li ⁴ -mi ³	一粒米	a grain of rice.
i ¹ -liang ³	一兩	a tael, an ounce.
i ¹ -làng ⁴ -ch'ê ³	一輛車	a cart.
i ¹ -liang ⁴ -ping ¹	一亮兵	500 soldiers.
i ¹ -lien ²	一連	in close succession, together with.
i ¹ ling ³ -hsi ³	一領蓆	a mat.
i ¹ -liu ¹ -fang ² -tzū ³	一溜房子	a row of houses.
i ¹ -liu ¹ -yen ¹ -tsou ³	一溜烟走	to hurriedly depart.
i ¹ -liu ²	一流	the same kind.
i ¹ -liu ³ -hsien ⁴	一絡線	a skein of thread.
i ¹ -lou ³ -yu ³	一籃油	a basket of oil.
i ¹ -lu ⁴ -huo ⁴	一路貨	the same quality of goods.
i ¹ -lu ⁴ -p'ing ³ -an ¹	一路平安	may you have a safe journey.
i ¹ -lu ² -huo ³	一爐火	one fire (in stove).
i ¹ -lu ⁴ -shang ⁴	一路上	during the whole journey.
i ¹ -lü ² -t'ou ² -fa ³	一縷頭髮	a lock of hair.
i ¹ -lü ⁴	一律	the same law or rule.
i ¹ -man ³ -to ¹ -shao ³	一滿多少	how many altogether ?
i ¹ -mei ² -chih ²	一枚指	one finger.
i ¹ -mên ² -ch'in ¹ -shih ⁴	一門親事	a marriage.
i ¹ -mên ² -i ¹ -hsing ⁴	一門一姓	of the same kindred.
i ¹ -mien ⁴	一面	one while; on the one hand.
i ¹ -mien ⁴ -chih ¹ -chiao ¹	一面之交	a one-sided acquaintance.
i ¹ -mien ⁴ -chih ¹ -tz'ü ²	一面之詞	a one-sided story.
i ¹ -mien ⁴ -ku ³	一面鼓	one drum.
i ¹ -mo ⁴	一磨	once.
i ¹ -mu ² -i ¹ -yang ⁴	一模一樣	the very same.
i ¹ -mu ² -ssü ¹ -yang ⁴	一模似樣	same.
i ¹ -mu ³ -so ³ -shêng ¹	一母所生	of the same mother
i ¹ -mu ³ -t'ung ² -pao ¹	一母同胞	same.
i ¹ -mu ⁴ -liao ³ -jan ²	一目了然	he saw it at a glance.
i ¹ -nan ³	一拊	a span (classifier).
i ¹ -nan ² -i ¹ -nü ³	一男一女	one of each sex.
i ¹ -nan ² -pan ⁴ -nü ³	一男半女	a few in a family
i ¹ -nien ² -ssü ⁴ -chi ⁴	一年四季	one year of four seasons.
i ¹ -nien ² -tao ⁴ -t'ou ²	一年到頭	the whole year round.
i ¹ -pa ¹	一把	a handful
i ¹ -pa ¹ -chang ³	一把掌	a cuff (with the hand).
i ¹ -pa ¹ -tao ¹ -tzü ³	一把刀子	a knife.
i ¹ pai ³	一百	a hundred.
i ¹ -p'ai ² -ping ¹ -jên ²	一排兵	one rank of soldiers

i ¹ -pan ¹	一般	alike, the same, of the same sort, etc.
i ¹ -pan ¹ -ta ⁴	一般大	of the same size.
i ¹ -pan ¹ -jên ²	一班人	a company of men.
i ¹ -p'an ² -ch'i ²	一盤棋	a game of chess.
i ¹ -p'an ² -kun ³	一盤滾	a roller.
i ¹ -p'an ² -ts'ai ¹	一盤菜	a dish of food.
i ¹ -pang ¹ -ch'uan ²	一幫船	a fleet of ships.
i ¹ -pau ² -chih ¹ -li ⁴	一磅之力	assistance, a lift.
i ¹ -pao ¹ -t'ang ²	一包糖	a package of sugar.
i ¹ -pao ¹ -tsai ¹ -nei ⁴	一包在內	everything included, no extras.
i ¹ -pei ¹ -chiu ²	一杯酒	a cup of wine.
i ¹ -pei ¹ -tsū ²	一輩子	a whole life-time.
i ¹ -pên ² -hsi ⁴	一本戲	a day's theatrical performance.
i ¹ -pên ² -shu ¹	一本書	a book, a volume.
i ¹ -pi ² -chang ⁴	一筆賬	an account.
i ¹ -pi ² -hua ⁴	一筆畫	a stroke of the pen.
i ¹ -pi ² -kou ¹ -hsiao ¹	一筆勾消	all cancelled (of a debt).
i ¹ -p'i ² -ma ²	一匹馬	a horse.
i ¹ -p'i ² -pu ⁴	一疋布	a piece or bale of cloth.
i ¹ -piao ¹ -ping ¹	一標兵	a body of troops.
i ¹ -pien ¹	一邊	on one side.
i ¹ -pien ⁴	一遍	once.
i ¹ -p'ien ¹	一篇	especially, particularly; inclined to.
i ¹ -p'ien ¹ -wên ² -chang ¹	一篇文章	a piece of composition.
i ¹ -p'ien ¹ -hao ² -hsin ¹	一片好心	a good heart.
i ¹ -p'ien ¹ -p'o ² -hsin ¹	一片婆心	same.
i ¹ -p'in ² -ju ² -hsi ²	一貧如洗	very poor.
i ¹ -ping ⁴	一併	the whole together, all.
i ¹ -p'o ⁴ -liang ² -pan ⁴	一破兩半	torn in halves.
i ¹ -pu ⁴	一步	a step.
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'ien ² -ch'êng ²	一步前程	a step of official honor.
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -i ¹ -pu ⁴	一步一步	step by step.
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -ti ⁴	一步田地	a favorable concurrence.
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -yün ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	一步運氣	same.
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -shu ¹	一部書	a book or work; a category.
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -ya ¹ -chung ⁴	一不壓衆	one cannot withstand the majority.
i ¹ -p'u ¹ -na ⁴ -hsin ¹	一撲納心	to give the whole mind to.
i ¹ -p'u ¹ -k'ang ⁴	一鋪炕	a stove-bed.
i ¹ -sha ⁴ -shih ²	一霎時	in a twinkling (i ¹ huang ² 'rh ⁴).
i ¹ -shao ⁴ -jên ² -ma ²	一哨人馬	a squad of soldiers.
i ¹ -shan ⁴ -mo ⁴	一扇磨	a millstone.
i ¹ -shan ⁴ -mén ²	一扇門	the leaf of a door.
i ¹ -shang ⁴ -shou ²	一上手	at first, at the outset.

i ¹ -shên ¹ -i ² -shang ¹	一身衣裳	a suit of clothes.
i ¹ -shên ¹ -ní ³	一身泥	covered with mud.
i ¹ -shêng ¹	一生	all one's life.
i ¹ -shêng ¹ -i ¹ -shih ⁴	一生一死	same.
i ¹ -shih ²	一時	inadvertently ; a time ; sometimes.
i ¹ -shih ² -chien ¹	一時間	in a moment.
i ¹ -shih ² -chih ¹ -fên ⁴	一時之忿	a moment's wrath.
i ¹ -shih ²	一十	a ten.
i ¹ -shou ³ -ch'êng ² -kuan ³	一手承管	solely responsible for.
i ¹ -shou ³ -shih ¹	一首詩	a stanza.
i ¹ -shuang ¹ -hsieh ³	一雙鞋	a pair of shoes (i ¹ chih ¹ hsieh ²).
i ¹ -shun ¹ -pai ² -shun ⁴	一順百順	very smooth, suitable.
i ¹ -so ³ -fang ² -tzü ³	一所房子	a house.
i ¹ -sui ⁴ -mai ⁴ -tzü ³	一穗麥子	an ear of wheat.
i ¹ -ssü ⁴	一似	the same as, resembling.
i ¹ -ta ⁴ -hsieh ³	一大些	a great deal.
i ¹ -ta ⁴ -pa ³	一大把	a big handful.
i ¹ -tai ⁴ -yen ¹	一袋烟	a pipe of tobacco.
i ¹ -tai ⁴	一帶	all along, the whole row, etc.
i ¹ -ta ⁴ -ti ⁴ -fang ¹	一帶地方	a neighbourhood.
i ¹ -t'ai ² -hsi ⁴	一臺戲	a theatrical performance on one staging
i ¹ -t'ai ² -shih ² -ho ³	一擡食盒	one set of trays for presents.
i ¹ -tan ⁴	一旦	some morning ; suddenly.
i ¹ -tan ⁴ -shui ³	一擔水	2 pails of water.
i ¹ -t'an ² -chih ³	一擡酒	one jar of wine.
i ¹ -t'ang ³	一輪	a time, a turn (or 週).
i ¹ -tao ¹ -chih ³	一刀紙	one quire of paper.
i ¹ -tao ⁴ -ch'iao ³	一道橋	one bridge.
i ² -tao ⁴ -chich ¹	一道街	a street.
i ² -tao ⁴ -fêng ⁴	一道縫	a crack, a rent.
i ¹ -tao ⁴ -tien ⁴ -kuang ¹	一道電光	a flash of lightning.
i ¹ -tao ⁴ -wên ⁴	一道罅	a crack in crockery.
i ¹ -t'ao ⁴ -hua ⁴	一套話	a long story, uninterrupted talk.
i ¹ -t'ao ⁴ -shu ¹	一套書	volumes of books in one wrapper.
i ¹ -ti ³ -shui ²	一滴水	a drop of water.
i ¹ -ti ³ -i ¹ -hui ²	一抵一回	turn about.
i ¹ -ti ⁴ -i ¹ -tien ¹	一遞一天	day about.
i ¹ -t'i ³	一體	one body.
i ¹ -tiao ⁴	一調	a tune.
i ¹ -t'iao ² -kou ³	一條狗	a dog (i ¹ chih ¹ kou ³).
i ¹ -t'iao ² -k'u ¹ -tzü ³	一條褲子	a pair of trowsers (as we say).
i ¹ -t'iao ² -lu ⁴	一條路	a road, a way.
i ¹ -t'iao ² -pan ³ -têng ⁴	一條板櫈	one stool.

<i>i¹-t'ieh¹-kao¹-yao⁴</i>	一貼膏藥	a sheet or piece of sticking plaster.
<i>i¹-t'ien¹</i>	一天	a day, one day.
<i>i¹-t'ien¹-tao⁴-wan³</i>	一天到晚	the whole day long.
<i>i¹-tien¹-i¹-tao⁴</i>	一頓一倒	lengthwise and crosswise.
<i>i¹-tien¹-chung¹</i>	一點鐘	one o'clock (i hsia ⁴ chung ¹).
<i>i¹-tien¹-rh²</i>	一點兒	a little, a drop (of water).
<i>i¹-tien¹-pu⁴-t'so¹</i>	一點不錯	exactly right.
<i>i¹-ting¹-tien¹-rh²</i>	一丁點兒	little bit of a—, tiny.
<i>i¹-ting¹-mao⁴-tzu³</i>	一頂帽子	a cap or hat (sedan chair).
<i>i¹-ting⁴</i>	一定	positively, assuredly, certain.
<i>i¹-ting⁴-chih¹-kuei¹</i>	一定之規	a fixed rule.
<i>i¹-ting⁴-yin²-tzu³</i>	一錠銀子	an ingot of silver.
<i>i¹-t'ing¹-chiu¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	一聽就去	go immediately on being called.
<i>i¹-to³-hua¹</i>	一朵花	a flower.
<i>i¹-to³-ch'iang²</i>	一垛牆	a wall.
<i>i¹-t'ou³</i>	一度	length of both arms extended.
<i>i¹-t'ou²-lü²</i>	一頭驢	a donkey.
<i>i¹-tsao¹</i>	一遭	a turn, a time.
<i>i¹-tsao³-tsou³</i>	一早走	to start off early.
<i>i¹-tsao³-i¹-wan³</i>	一早一晚	either in the morning or the evening.
<i>i¹-tsai²</i>	一則	in the first place (i ¹ lai ²)
<i>i¹-ts'eng²</i>	一層	story by story, step by step.
<i>i¹-ts'eng²-yüan⁴</i>	一層院	a courtyard.
<i>i¹-ts'o⁴-miao⁴</i>	一座廟	a temple.
<i>i¹-ts'o⁴-t'a³</i>	一座塔	a pagoda.
<i>i¹-ts'o⁴-êrh¹-wu⁴</i>	一錯二悞	wrongly.
<i>i¹-tui⁴</i>	一堆	along with.
<i>i¹-tui⁴-t'u³</i>	一堆土	a heap of dirt.
<i>i¹-tsun¹-fo²</i>	一尊佛	an image of Buddha.
<i>i¹-tsun¹-p'ao⁴</i>	一尊砲	a cannon.
<i>i¹-tsun¹-p'ing²</i>	一尊瓶	a large vase
<i>i¹-tsun¹-p'u²-sa¹</i>	一尊菩薩	one idol.
<i>i¹-tsung¹</i>	一宗	one class or tribe; a lot, a deal.
<i>i¹-tsung³</i>	一總	all, the whole of.
<i>i¹-tu¹-lu¹</i>	一啣	a bunch, e.g., of fruit.
<i>i¹-tu⁴-tzu³-ch'ü⁴</i>	一肚子氣	a fit of anger.
<i>i¹-tuan¹-shih¹</i>	一端事	an affair.
<i>i¹-t'uan²-ho²-ch'ü⁴</i>	一團和氣	uniformly agreeable.
<i>i¹-t'uan²-huo³</i>	一團火	a bit or ball of fire.
<i>i¹-tui¹-t'u³</i>	一堆土	a heap of earth.
<i>i¹-tui¹</i>	一對	a pair.
<i>i¹-tui¹-yen⁴</i>	一對雁	a brace of wild geese.
<i>i¹-tun⁴-fan⁴</i>	一頓飯	a meal (a beating).

i ¹ -tung ¹	一冬	a winter ; a year.
i ¹ -t'ung ¹ -ku ³	一通鼓	one roll of the drum.
i ¹ -t'ung ²	一同	together with.
i ¹ -t'ung ³	一統	the whole, all.
i ¹ -t'ung ³ -pei ¹	一統碑	a stone tablet.
i ¹ -t'ung ³ -yu ³	一桶油	one cask of oil.
i ¹ -t'ü ¹	一次	once (tsao ¹ , i ¹ pien ⁴).
i ¹ -wan ³ -fan ⁴	一碗飯	a bowl of rice.
i ¹ -wan ⁴	一萬	a myriad, ten thousand.
i ¹ -wei ³ -yü ²	一尾魚	a fish (i t'iao ³ yü ²).
i ¹ -wei ⁴ -k'o ⁴	一位客	a guest, a visitor.
i ¹ -wei ⁴ -ti ¹	一味	simply, one single purpose, always.
i ¹ -wei ⁴ -yao ⁴	一味藥	one ingredient (drugs).
i ¹ -wên ² -ch'ien ³	一文錢	a cash (fên ¹ wên ² ch'ien ³).
i ¹ -wo ⁴	一握	a handful.
i ¹ -wu ³ -k'o ³ -ch'ü ³	一無可取	nothing good in him.
i ¹ -wu ³ -so ³ -té ³	一無所得	nothing to get.
i ¹ -wu ³ -i ¹ -shih ³	一五十一	the whole state of the case.
i ¹ -yang ⁴	一樣	the same, like.
i ¹ -yao ¹ -ch'ün ³	一腰裙	one apron.
i ¹ -yeh ⁴	一夜	one night, the whole night.
i ¹ -yeh ⁴ -shu ¹	一頁書	one page of a book.
i ¹ -yen ³ -nan ² -chin ⁴	一言難盡	it's a long story.
i ¹ -yen ³ -wei ³ -ting ⁴	一言爲定	fixed by a word.
i ¹ -yen ³ -ching ³	一眼井	a well.
i ¹ -ying ¹ -chü ¹ -ch'üan ²	一應俱全	complete in every line (signboard).
i ¹ -yüan ²	一員	an official (kuan ¹).
i ¹ -yüan ²	一元	a dollar (i ¹ k'unai ¹ yang ² ch'ien ²).
i ¹ -yüek ⁴	一月	a month.
i ¹ -yüeh ⁴ -i ¹ -yüan ²	一月一圓	one month of the moon.
i ¹	西醫	to heal, to cure, to treat ; a doctor.
i ¹ -chia ¹	醫家	medical practitioners (tai ⁴ fu ¹).
i ¹ -chih ⁴	醫治	to heal, to cure (t'iao ³ chih ⁴ , liao ⁴ chih ⁴).
i ¹ -chih ⁴ -ping ⁴	醫治病	to cure sickness.
i ¹ -chih ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsiao ⁴	醫治不效	the treatment is not successful.
i ¹ -chin ¹	醫金	doctor's fees (ma ³ ch'ien ²).
i ¹ -fa ³	醫法	the art of healing.
i ¹ -mên ²	醫門	the medical profession ; medical practitioners.
i ¹ -ping ⁴ -yüan ⁴	醫院	a hospital (yang ² ping ⁴ yüan ⁴).
i ¹ -p'o ³ -t'ü ³	醫婆	female doctors (quacks who cure by charms, etc.).
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -lai ³	醫不來	incurable.
i ¹ -shêng ¹	醫生	a doctor, a physician (tai ⁴ fu ¹).
i ¹ -shih ¹	醫師	same.

i ¹ -shih ⁴	醫事	the business of healing.
i ¹ -shih ⁴	醫士	a doctor of medicine.
i ¹ -tao ⁴	醫道	the system of medicines.
i ¹ -tê ² -lai ²	醫得來	able to cure.
i ¹ -t'iao ³	醫調	to heal, to cure (ch'üan ² yü ⁴).
i ¹	衣 冑	clothes; a cover, cloak, case, shell or skin.
i ¹ -chia ⁴	衣架	a clothes rack or horse.
i ¹ -chin ¹	衣襟	clothing.
i ¹ -ch'in ² -kuan ¹ -kuo ³	衣衾 棺槨	expensive shroud and coffin.
i ¹ -ching ⁴	衣鏡	a dressing-room mirror (ch'uan ¹ i ¹ ching ⁴).
i ¹ -ch'u ²	衣厨	a clothes-press.
i ¹ -fu ²	衣服	clothes (i ¹ shang ¹).
i ¹ -hsiang ¹	衣箱	a clothes-chest.
i ¹ -hsien ⁴	衣線	thread.
i ¹ -kuan ¹	衣冠	"clothes and cap," full dressed.
i ¹ -kuan ¹ -ch'i ² -ch'u ²	衣冠齊楚	properly dressed.
i ¹ -kuan ¹ -ch'in ² -shou ⁴	衣冠禽獸	a beast in clothes, a brutish man.
i ¹ -kuan ¹ -chung ¹ -jên ²	衣冠中人	a well dressed, or respectable person.
i ¹ -mao ⁴	衣帽	"clothes and cap," full dressed, clothing.
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -chê ¹ -t'í ³	衣不遮體	clothes insufficient to cover body.
i ¹ -p'u ⁴	衣舖	a clothier's shop (ku ¹ i ¹ p'u ⁴).
i ¹ -shan ¹	衣衫	a single coat, clothing.
i ¹ -shang ¹	衣裳	clothes.
i ¹ -shih ³	衣食	food and clothes, a livelihood.
i ¹	人 依	to rely on, to trust to; as, according to (see 倚, i ²).
i ¹ -cho ²	依着	relying on, trusting to; leaning against.
i ¹ -chiu ⁴	依依	as before, as of old; formerly.
i ¹ -hsü ⁴	依依	according to rank or seniority (hsü ⁴ ch'ih ²).
i ¹ -i ³	依倚	to depend upon, to rely on.
i ¹ -i ² -pu ⁴ -shê ³	依依不捨	to cling to, unable to part from.
i ¹ -jan ²	依然	as before, as of old; formerly.
i ¹ -jên ² -tso ⁴ -huo ²	依人作活	to depend on other people for a livelihood.
i ¹ -lai ⁴	依賴	to depend on, reliance on.
i ¹ -li ³ -êrh ² -hsing ³	依禮而行	to act according to right or propriety.
i ¹ -lü ⁴	依律	according to law.
i ¹ -lüan ⁴	依戀	fondly attached to home, friends, etc.
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -i ¹	依不依	will you permit it or not (chun ² pu ⁴ chun ²).
i ¹ -shih ²	依實	polite for "to eat heartily."
i ¹ -su ¹	依隨	to follow, to acquiesce.
i ¹ -tuo ⁴	依道	according to reason, reasonable.
i ¹ -ts'ung ²	依從	to comply, to consent; to obey.
i ¹ -yün ²	依允	to comply, to consent, to allow.
i ¹	人 伊	he, she, it, they, that person or thing.

i ¹ -i ²		伊	553b1097a	I-li, province of Chinese Turkestan. W. I. 215.
i ¹ -nien ²		伊年		that year.
i ¹ -têng ²		伊等		they, them, those.
i ¹	手	揖	553b1097a	to fold the hands and bow; to yield (tsou ⁴ i ¹).
i ¹ -jang ⁴		揖讓		to yield.
i ¹ -kung ²		揖拱		to fold the hands and bow.
i ¹	羽	翳	551c271c	a film or skin over the eye; to cover, to hide.
i ¹ -mao ²		翳毛		the eyelashes (yen ² chieh ¹ mao ²).
i ¹	衣	裔	553b284a	descendants, posterity (miao ² i ¹). [No 5. (chia ²).
i ¹	乙	乙	545b1096b	second of the Ten Stems; "So and So." Radical
I ²	走	遺	558a277c	to leave, to bequeath; a will, a bequest; to lose.
i ² -ai ⁴		遺愛		bequeathed affection.
i ² -ch ⁴ 'i ⁴		遺棄		to abandon, to give up; forsaken, abandoned.
i ² -ching ¹		遺精		involuntary emission of semen.
i ² -chu ²		遺囑		commands left by a dying person.
i ² -ch ⁴ 'uan ²		遺傳		tradition, fable.
i ² -ch ⁴ 'üeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shao ²		遺卻		many omissions.
i ² -hsia ⁴		遺下		to bequeath, bequeathed.
i ² -hsia ⁴ -hou ⁴ -huan ⁴		遺下後患		to bequeath trouble.
i ² -hsün ⁴		遺訓		dying instructions.
i ² -i ²		遺遺		leisurely, easy; self-satisfied.
i ² -lei ⁴		遺類		posterity.
i ² -liu ² -chih ⁴ -chin ¹		遺留至今		handed down to the present day (ch ⁴ 'uan ² hsia ⁴ ,
i ² -lou ⁴		遺漏		to leave out, to omit.
i ² -ming ⁴		遺命		dying commands, a will (chu ² sbu ¹).
i ² -mao ⁴		遺尿		involuntary discharge of urine.
i ² -mien ⁴		遺念		a keepsake.
i ² -shih ¹		遺失		loss; to lose, to mislay, overlooked.
i ² -shu ¹		遺書		a will.
i ² -t'í ²		遺體		to inherit; the body bequeathed by parents.
i ² -wang ⁴		遺忘		forgotten; to neglect.
i ² -yen ²		遺言		dying commands.
i ² -yü ²		遺餘		superfluity, superabundance.
i ²	女	姨	554b277b	a wife or mother's sisters, an aunt.
i ² -êr ¹		姨兒		maternal aunt (unmarried).
i ² -fu ¹		姨夫		a wife's sister's husband.
i ² -ma ¹ -chieh ¹ -mei ⁴		姨媽姐妹		mother's sisters, aunt.
i ² -mu ²		姨母		same.
i ² -niang ²		姨娘		same.
i ² -p'ó ²		姨婆		a husband's mother's sisters.
i ² -tzu ²		姨子		a wife's sisters.
i ²	禾	移	555c274a	to remove, to change, to alter; to forward to.

i ² -ch'ien ¹	移遷	to remove.
i ² -chū ¹	移居	to remove one's place of residence.
i ² -hsi ²	移徙	removed; to remove.
i ² -huu ¹ -chieh ¹ -mu ⁴	移花接木	to graft a flower upon a tree.
i ² -ping ⁴	移病	to communicate an infection; to cure sickness.
i ² -shu ¹	移書	to transmit a letter. [jan ³ ping ⁴].
i ² -tzu ¹	移咨	to send an official document to an equal.
i ²	人 儀	a rite, a ceremony, a rule, a pattern; correct.
i ² -chieh ²	儀節	a master of ceremonies (li ³ shêng ¹). [officials.
i ² -chu ⁴	儀注	rules to govern meetings of civil and military
i ² -jung ²	儀容	correct manners, deportment; forms, ceremo-
i ² -li ²	儀禮	rites, ceremonies, observances. [nies.
i ² -mên ²	儀門	one of the yamên doors.
i ² -wên ²	儀文	external deportment.
i ² -piao ³ -fei ¹ -fan ²	儀表非凡	uncommonly fine looking.
i ²	皿 益	to increase, to benefit, benefit, advantage.
i ¹ -chia ¹	益加	to increase, more and more.
i ⁴ -chi ¹ /i ⁴ -hui ⁴	益智會	old name of Educational Association.
i ¹ -chin ⁴	益進	to advance, to improve (chang ² chin ⁴).
i ² -ch'u ⁴	益處	benefit, advantage (hao ³ ch'u ⁴).
i ² -fa	益發	all the more.
i ² -shên ²	益甚	in a very high degree.
i ² -to ¹	益多	abundant; more and more.
i ²	正 疑	to doubt; to guess, to suppose; doubt, suspicion.
i ² -an ⁴	疑案	a disputed case.
i ² -hsin ¹	疑心	to doubt, to suspect; suspicious.
i ² -hsin ¹ -fêng ¹	疑心瘋	hypochondria.
i ² -hu ²	疑狐	to doubt, to suspect.
i ² -huo ⁴	疑惑	to doubt, to suspect; undecided.
i ² -ping ⁴	疑病	disease of doubt, suspicious.
i ²	心 小 怡	to please; pleasure, joy, harmonious.
i ² -ho ²	怡和	cordial, cordiality.
i ² -ho ² -yang ² -hang ²	怡和洋行	Jardine, Matheson and Co.
i ² -e ⁴	怡色	a pleasing countenance.
i ² -yüeh ⁴	怡悅	delighted.
i ²	貝 賂	to leave or be left to, to bequeath.
i ² -i ²	賂遺	to give, to transfer, to hand down, to bequeath.
i ²	走 逸	ease, leisure, idle; to lose; to abandon; to set
i ² -ch'iu ²	逸囚	to liberate prisoners. [free.
i ² -min ²	逸民	retired and unemployed people; lazy persons.
i ²	宜	fit, right, proper, ought; business, an affair.
i ² -jan ²	宜然	suitable, proper, fitting, becoming.
i ² -jên ²	宜人	title of wives of officers of the 5th rank.

i ²	大	夷	554a276c	distant, barbarian, foreigner.
i ² -jén ²		夷人		a foreigner; a barbarian (fan ¹ pang ¹).
i ² -ti ²		夷狄		same.
i ²	言	誼	548a281a	a friend, a disinterested friend; virtue, goodness.
i ² -yu ²		誼友		a disinterested friend.
i ² (tzǔ)	肉月	胰	554c276a	soap (fei ² tsau ¹).
i ² -chih ¹		胰脂		same.
i ²	貝	貲	558c274c	to transfer rank to one's father or ancestors.
i ² -fêng ¹		貲封		same.
i ²	人	佾	569a1097c	a row of dancers in Chou dynasty.
i ² -shêng ¹		佾生		a B.A. in merit, though not admitted.
i ²	走辵	迤	559a274c	the side, to extend towards.
i ²	人	佚	568c1097b	peaceful, ease, rest, retirement.
i ²	言	詣	569b284b	to go to, to arrive at, to, at.
I ³	人呂	以	561a278a	to use; the cause; towards. M. 424.
i ³ -chi ²		以及		together with, and also.
i ³ -ch'í ¹		以期		in order that, to the end that, in hope of, etc.
i ³ -ch'iang ² -yu ⁴ -jo ⁴		以強壓弱		to use strength to oppress the weak.
i ³ -ch'ien ²		以前		before, in front of.
i ³ -chih ² -pao ⁴ -yüan ⁴		以直報怨		to reward hatred with justice (Confucius).
i ³ -chih ⁴		以致		and cause, so that, etc.
i ³ -chih ⁴ -ju ² -tz'ü ³		以致如此		and so brought things to this pass.
i ³ -ch'ing ¹ -ch'ien ⁴ -k'uan ²		以清欠款		in order to clear off indebtedness.
i ³ -hou ⁴		以後		after, behind.
i ³ -hsien ¹		以先		before, previous.
i ³ -hsin ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -chiao ¹		以信相交		to be sincere in friendship.
i ³ -i ⁴ -wei ² -li ⁴		以義爲利		to regard righteousness as profit.
i ⁴ -wei ⁴		以內		inside of, within.
i ³ -shan ⁴ -shêng ¹ -o ⁴		以善勝惡		to overcome evil with good.
i ³ -shang ⁴		以上		above, on the top.
i ³ -shih ⁴		以勢		by power or influence.
i ³ -tao ¹		以刀		with a knife.
i ³ -tao ¹ -sha ¹ -jên ²		以刀殺人		to kill a person with a knife.
i ³ -tao ⁴ -hua ⁴ -jên ²		以道化人		to civilize by doctrine.
i ³ -tê ² -pao ⁴ -yüan ⁴		以德報怨		to return good for evil.
i ³ -ting ⁴ -tz'ü ³ -an ⁴		以定此案		in order to close this case (law).
i ³ -wai ⁴		以外		to except; beyond.
i ³ -wei ²		以爲		in order that; to the end that; to esteem as.
i ³ -yen ² -hsiang ¹ -ch'üan ⁴		以言相勸		to mutually exhort.
i ³	已	已	562a278c	finished, ended, done, past; to decline.
i ³ -ch'êng ²		已成		already completed.
i ³ -ching ¹		已經		already. M. 17, 461.

i ³ -ching ¹ -wan ² -liao ³	已經完了	already finished.
i ¹ -chiu ³	已久	of long standing, for a long time.
i ³ -kuo ⁴ -liao ³	已過了	already past.
i ³ -man ³	已滿了	already full, already expired.
i ³ -pi ⁴	已畢	finished.
i ³ -ting ⁴	已定	already decided.
i ¹ -shên ²	已甚	very excessive.
i ³ -tso ⁴	已做	already done.
i ³ -wang ³	已往	already past.
i ³	手才 擬 556c280a	to decide. See ni ³ .
i ³ -i ⁴	擬議	to propose for deliberation, submit to Emperor.
i ³ -ting ⁴	擬定	to form a judgment, to decide.
i ³ -tsui ⁴	擬罪	to sentence (ting ⁴ tsui ⁴).
i ³ -tu ⁴	擬度	to estimate (tu ⁴ liang ⁴).
i ³	人 倚 548a279a	to lean against, to depend upon.
i ³ -chung ⁴	倚仗	to depend upon, to lean against, reliance on.
i ³ -cho ¹	倚桌	a low table on a divan (k'ang ⁴ uho ¹).
i ³ -ch'iang ² -ya ⁴ -jo ⁴	倚強壓弱	to rely on strength to oppress the weak.
i ³ -i ¹	倚依	to depend on.
i ³ -k'ao ⁴	倚靠	same.
i ³ -kuan ¹ -chang ⁴ -shih ⁴	倚官仗勢	relying on official influence (chang ⁴ shih ⁴ li ⁴).
i ³ -lai ⁴	倚賴	to depend upon, to lean against.
i ³ -lan ² -kun ¹	倚欄杆	leaning on a balustrade.
i ³ -mên ³	倚門	to lean against a door.
i ³ -p'ang ³	倚傍	to lean or recline against; to draw near.
i ³ -shih ⁴	倚勢	to depend on power or influence.
i ³ -shih ⁴ -li ⁴	倚勢力	same.
i ³ -shih ⁴	倚恃	to depend upon, reliance on, dependence upon.
i ³ -wo ³ -k'an ⁴ -lai ³	倚我看來	in my estimation (chü ⁴ tz'ü ³ k'an ⁴ lai ²).
i ³	虫 蟻 560b279c	the ant (ma ³ i ³).
i ³ -ch'iu ¹	蟻丘	an ant-hill.
i ³ -ch'ung ³	蟻虫	the ant.
i ³ -hsing ² -hsiang ¹	蟻行鄉	a ball or colony of ants.
i ³ -wo ¹	蟻窩	ant-hill.
i ³ -yang ³	蟻獨	an ant.
i ³ (tzü)	木 椅 548b279b	a chair
i ³ -k'ao ⁴ -tzü ³	椅靠子	the back of a chair.
i ³ -p'i ¹	椅披	a piece of red cloth hung over a chair.
i ² -ta ¹	椅搭	same.
i ³ -tien ⁴ -tzü ³	椅墊子	a chair cushion (tso ⁴ ju ³).
i ³ (tzü)	尸 尾 1243b1051a	the tail, the end. See wei ³ .
i ³ -pa ¹	尾巴	same.
i ³	矢 矣 563a279a	final particle; affirmation.

I ⁴	羊	義	559a280b	good, proper, disinterested, righteous; justice, government relief to the poor (fang ⁴ chên ⁴).
i ⁴ -chên ⁴		義	賑	heroism, patriotism, chivalry.
i ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		義	氣	right rule of conduct, etiquette.
i ⁴ -chieh ³		義	節	a public well.
i ⁴ -ching ³		義	井	a public graveyard, a potter's field.
i ⁴ -chung ³		義	塚	his rectitude is as firm as a mountain.
i ⁴ -chung ⁴ -ju ² -shun ¹		義	重如山	an adopted son.
i ⁴ -êrh ³		義	兒	a man of high principles (lieh ⁴ shih ⁴).
i ⁴ -fu ¹		義	夫	an adopted father (kan ¹ tieh ¹).
i ⁴ -fu ⁴		義	父	a virtuous wife.
i ⁴ -fu ⁴		義	婦	friendly, harmonious.
i ⁴ -ho ²		義	和	chivalrous, disinterested, quixotic.
i ⁴ -hsia ²		義	俠	a free or public school.
i ⁴ -hsüeh ³		義	學	the meaning of anything; good-hearted.
i ⁴ -i ⁴		義	意	a righteous man.
i ⁴ -jên ²		義	人	a funeral association.
i ⁴ -kang ⁴		義	杠	proper, correct.
i ⁴ -li ³		義	理	adopted daughter, a slave-girl.
i ⁴ -nü ³		義	女	volunteer troops (hsiang ¹ yung ³).
i ⁴ -ping ¹		義	兵	an eminent scholar or soldier, a knight-errant.
i ⁴ -shih ⁴		義	士	righteous, good, virtuous.
i ⁴ -tê ²		義	德	a public cemetery.
i ⁴ -ti ⁴		義	地	land tilled for benefit of poor.
i ⁴ -t'ien ²		義	田	a public granary.
i ⁴ -ts'ang ¹		義	倉	a public free ferry (pai ² tu ⁴).
i ⁴ -tu ⁴		義	渡	an adopted son (kuo ⁴ chi ⁴).
i ⁴ -tzü ³		義	子	unrighteous wealth.
i ⁴ -wai ⁴ -chih ¹ -ts'ui ²		義	外之財	to discuss, to consult, to deliberate, to plan.
i ⁴	言	議	560b280c	(French) Chamber of Deputies.
i ⁴ -chêng ⁴ -chü ²		議	政局	a Prince Regent.
i ⁴ -chêng ⁴ -wang ²		議	政王	regulations the result of discussion.
i ⁴ -ch'ü ¹ -chung ¹ -ch'êng ⁴		議	出章程	to consult and decide on penalty (the Boards).
i ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		議	處	consider what honors should be bestowed.
i ⁴ -hsü ⁴		議	恤	to debate, to discuss, to consult (shang ¹ i ⁴).
i ⁴ -lun ⁴		議	論	many different views.
i ⁴ -lun ⁴ -fên ¹ -fên ¹		議	論紛紛	cannot be discussed.
i ⁴ -lun ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴		議	論不到	to agree on.
i ⁴ -ming ²		議	明	a senate, a ministry.
i ⁴ -shih ⁴ -t'ing ¹		議	事廳	a written agreement.
i ⁴ -tan ¹		議	單	to deliberate and determine.
i ⁴ -ting ⁴		議	定	to choose, to select.
i ⁴ -tsê ²		議	擇	to deliberate and report to the Throne.
i ⁴ -tsou ⁴		議	奏	

i ⁴ -yüan ⁴		議院		parliament.
i ⁴	心 意	意	549a282c	meaning, purpose, motive, intention, ideas, etc.
i ⁴ -chien ⁴		意見		an idea, an opinion.
i ⁴ -chien ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ho ³		意見不合		opinions differing.
i ⁴ -hsiang ³		意思		to think.
i ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		意向		intention, end in view.
i ⁴ -hui ⁴		意會		to conceive mentally, to imagine.
i ⁴ -i ⁴ -ssü ¹ -ssü ¹		意思		undecided, irresolute (êrh ⁴ êrh ⁴ hu ¹ hu ¹).
i ⁴ -liao ³ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴		意料不到		cannot be conjectured.
i ⁴ -ma ³		意馬		ardour, zeal, enthusiasm.
i ⁴ -man ³ hsin ¹ -təu ³		意滿心足		satisfied.
i ⁴ -ssü ¹		意思		thoughts, intentions, will, meaning.
i ⁴ -t'ai ⁴		意態		exhibition of thought, ideas, reflections.
i ⁴ -ts'un ³		意存		on purpose, intentionally; wishes, desires.
i ⁴ -wai ⁴		意外		beyond what one thought of, unexpected.
i ⁴ -wai ⁴ -chih ¹ -hsiang ³		意外之想		unthought of idea (hsiang ³ pu ⁴ tao ⁴).
i ⁴ -yüan ⁴		意願		a wish, a desire.
i ⁴	心 小	憶	550a1093a	to think, to consider, to reflect, to remember.
i ⁴ -chi ⁴		憶		to recollect (chi ⁴ nien ⁴).
i ⁴ -hsi ³		憶昔		to remember old times.
i ⁴ -huai ³		憶懷		to bear in mind.
i ⁴ -nien ⁴		憶念		to reflect, to consider, to bear in mind.
i ⁴ -ssü ¹		憶思		same.
i ⁴	田	異	566a281c	different from, separated; strange, odd, unusual.
i ⁴ -ch'ang ³		異常		strange, unusual, out of the common.
i ⁴ -chao ⁴		異兆		a strange omen.
i ⁴ -chi ⁴ -ch' i ³ -shih ⁴		異蹟奇事		miracles and strange events.
i ⁴ -ch' i ³		異奇		to be surprised at; strange (ch'a ⁴ i ⁴).
i ⁴ -hsiang ³		異鄉		a different village.
i ⁴ -shiang ⁴ -p'u ³ -pi ³		異香撲鼻		a peculiar incense strikes the nose.
i ⁴ -'siang ⁴		異象		different, a vision.
i ⁴ -hsin ¹		異心		estranged minds, hearts not well affected.
i ⁴ hsing ⁴		異姓		a different surname.
i ⁴ -hsing ⁴ -t'ung ² -chü ¹		異姓同居		of different surname, though living together.
i ⁴ -jên ³		異人		strangers; magicians.
i ⁴ -ning ²		異能		uncommon abilities.
i ⁴ -pang ¹		異邦		a foreign country (fan ¹ pang ¹).
i ⁴ -ts'uo ³ -ch' i ³ -hua ¹		異草奇花		rare plants and flowers.
i ⁴ -tuan ¹		異端		depraved, opposed to principle; heresy.
i ⁴ -wei ³		異違		to oppose.
i ⁴ -yang ⁴		異樣		of a different sort.
i ⁴ -yen ² -i ⁴ -fu ³		異言異服		strange language and strange clothes
i ⁴ -yü ¹		異域		another place; a foreign country.

i ⁴	艸	藝	567b293b	profession, business, trade, art, science; ability.
i ⁴ -ching ¹		藝精		ability, clever, scientific.
i ⁴ -nêng ²		藝能		talent, ability, skill.
i ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ya ¹ -shén ¹		藝不壓身		equal to the task.
i ⁴ -yeh ⁴		藝業		talent, skill.
i ⁴	彳	役	567c1095b	to send on service; inferior employés (ya ² i ⁴).
i ⁴ -ch'ai ¹		役差		to send on government service (ch'ai ¹ i ⁴).
i ⁴ -fu ¹		役夫人		inferior employés.
i ¹ -jên ²		役使		same.
i ⁴ -shih ²		役使		to send on messages (ch'ai ¹ shih ²).
i ⁴	手	抑	568c1093a	to oppress; perhaps, either, whether, or, if.
i ⁴ -huo ⁴		抑或		or, whether, perhaps, if.
i ⁴ -huo ⁴ -ju ² -tz'ü ²		抑或如此		or perhaps thus.
i ⁴ -lé ⁴		抑勒		to control, to restrain
i ⁴ -sun ²		抑損		to injure, to oppress, to repress.
i ⁴	一	亦	553c1093b	also, moreover, likewise, besides (yeh ²).
i ⁴ -hao ²		亦好		also good.
i ⁴ -jan ²		亦然		also, moreover, likewise, besides.
i ⁴ -k'o ³ -i ³		亦可矣		also do, also right.
i ⁴ -shuo ¹		亦說		likewise said.
i ⁴	言	譯	565a1094b	to translate; a translator, an interpreter.
i ⁴ -chiang ²		譯講		to translate, to explain the meaning. [ing.
i ⁴ -i ⁴		譯義		to translate the meaning; the translated mean-
i ⁴ -kuan ¹		譯官		an official interpreter (fan ¹ i ⁴ kuan ¹).
i ⁴ -yin ¹		譯音		to translate the sound.
i ⁴ -shu ¹		譯書		translate books.
i ⁴	馬	驛	565a1094b	post; to post; government couriers.
i ⁴ -chan ⁴		驛站		pcst stations (yu ² chêng ⁴ chü ²).
i ⁴ -kuan ²		驛館		a post-house.
i ⁴ -ma ²		驛馬		post-horses.
i ⁴	聿	肄	569b284c	practised in, versed in, well acquainted with.
i ⁴ -hsi ²		肄習		to render familiar (hsi ² kuan ⁴).
i ⁴ -lao ²		肄勞		to labour (lao ² k'u ²).
i ⁴ -yeh ⁴		肄業		to study a profession.
i ⁴	日	易	565a281b	alteration, change, to exchange, easy.
i ⁴ -ching ¹		易經		Book of Changes. W. I. 627.
i ⁴ -hsin ⁴		易信		easy of belief, credulous (êrl ³ to ² jüan ²).
i ⁴	糸	繹	564c1094b	the utmost; unceasingly, uninterruptedly.
i ⁴ -ch'üung ²		繹窮		to exhaust.
i ⁴	大	奕	553c1093b	a long time, of long continuance; to play.
i ⁴ -ch'i ²		奕棋		to play chess (hsia ⁴ ch'i ²).
i ⁴	羽	翼	566c1093c	wing, the flanks; to assist.
i ⁴ -chang ²		翼長		a colonel (ts'an ¹ chang ⁴).

i ⁴ -ch'ih ³		翼翅	wings (ch'ih ⁴ pang ³).
i ⁴	八	億 ^{550a1093c}	100,000; an indefinite number.
i ⁴ -chao ⁴		億兆	100,000,000,000; the million, the-people.
i ⁴ -wan ⁴ wan ⁴		億萬萬	numberless.
i ⁴	疒	疫 ^{568a1095c}	an epidemic, plague, pestilence.
i ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		疫氣	a pestilential vapour.
i ⁴ -ping ⁴		疫病	an epidemic (wên ¹ i ⁴).
i ⁴	弋	弋 ^{547a1094c}	an arrow, a dart; to shoot.
i ⁴ -ch'ü ³		弋取	to take hold of.
i ⁴ -huo ⁴		弋獲	to lay hold of at once.
i ¹	邑	邑 ^{563b1096c}	a town, a city.
i ⁴ -hsien ⁴		邑縣	a district city.
i ⁴ jên ³		邑人	citizens.
i ⁴ -tsai ³		邑宰	a ruler of a city, a magistrate.
i ⁴	糸	縊 ^{564b284b}	to strangle, to hang one's self.
i ¹ ssü ³		縊死	to hang one's self (shang ³ tiao ⁴).
JAN ³	火 no	然 ^{570a285a}	yes, really, truly, naturally; done; is, am.
jan ² -êrh ³		然而	but, nevertheless. M. 257.
jan ² -fou ³		然否	whether so or not; uncertain; is it so or not?
jan ² -hou ⁴		然後	then, afterwards.
jan ² -tsé ³		然則	consequently, just the same.
jan ² -yeh ³		然也	it is so.
jan ²	火	燃 ^{570b285b}	to light, to burn, to kindle (tien ³ têng ¹).
jan ² -huo ³		燃火	to light a fire (shêng ¹ huo ³).
jan ² -mei ³ -chih ¹ -chi ²		燃眉之急	in utmost need (fig.)
jan ² -têng ¹ -fo ³		燃燈佛	one of the Buddhas.
jan ²	彡	鬚 ^{570c285b}	the beard, the hair of the face.
jan ² -hsü ¹		鬚鬚	beard and moustache (hu ³ hsü ¹).
jan ² -wüny ¹		鬚翁	an old man.
JAN ³	木	染 ^{570c286b}	to dye, to stain, to affect, to infect, to pollute,
jan ³ -ch'ên ²		染塵	worldly (hung ³ ch'ên ²).
jan ³ -fang ¹		染坊	a dye-shop.
jan ³ -huang ³ -ch'üan ²		染黃泉	"dyed in the yellow spring," dead.
jan ³ -huang ³ -sha ¹		染黃沙	dead.
jan ³ -i ¹ -jan ³		染一染	to give a thing a dye.
jan ³ -i ¹ -shang ¹		染衣裳	to dye clothes; soiled or dyed clothes.
jan ³ ping ⁴		染病	to affect with disease (chan ¹ jan ³).
jan ³ -pu ⁴		染布	to dye clothes.
jan ³ -pu ⁴ -chiang ⁴		染布匠	a dyer.
jan ³ -tien ⁴		染店	dye-shop.
jan ³ -iou ¹		染污	to pollute (wu ¹ hui ⁴).

JANG³ 手才 攘^{571c290a}
jang³-ch'ang³ 攘場
jang³-ch'u³ 攘除
jang³-lin²-chih¹-chi¹ 攘鄰之鷄
jang³-pei⁴ 攘臂
jang³-yang² 攘羊
jang³ 口 嚷^{571b291a}
jang³-jang³ 嚷嚷
jang³-nao⁴ 嚷鬧
jang³ (tzu) 瓜 瓢^{571c290c}

to reject, to throw away ; to seize, to steal.
 to winnow the chaff from the grain.
 to reject.
 to steal a neighbour's fowls.
 to eject a person by force.
 to steal sheep (t'ou¹).
 altercation, wrangling, noise of many voices.
 noise of many voices ; to blab, to let out secrets.
 to quarrel, to wrangle, to make a row.
 { the edible part of a melon ; the inside, the
 core (jên² tzū³).

JANG⁴ 言 讓^{572a291c}
jang⁴-cho²-yu³-yü² 讓着有餘
jang⁴-chiu³ 讓酒
jang⁴-i¹-pu⁴ 讓一步
jang⁴-jên² 讓人
jang⁴-k'o⁴ 讓客
jang⁴-lu⁴ 讓路
jang⁴-t'a¹-chin⁴-lai² 讓他進來
jang⁴-to¹-shao³ 讓多少
jang⁴-tsai⁴-shang⁴-tso⁴ 讓在上坐
jang⁴-tso⁴ 讓坐
jang⁴-wei⁴ 讓位
jang⁴-wo³-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴ 讓我過去

complaisant, polite, yielding, to yield.
 by yielding you get more than you want.
 to invite to drink wine,
 stand aside !
 to politely invite a person ; to excuse.
 to invite a guest.
 to give place in passing on a road.
 beg him to come in.
 what discount will you allow ?
 invite to the seat of honor.
 to press a person to be seated.
 to yield a place or seat (t'ui⁴ wei⁴),
 allow me to pass.

JA0³ 食 饒^{573a292a}
jao²-kuo⁴-shu⁴-tz'ü⁴ 饒過數次
jao²-liao³-t'a¹ 饒了他
jao²-liao³-wo³-pa⁴ 饒了我罷
jao²-ming⁴ 饒命
jao²-ni³-ché⁴-tz'ü⁴ 饒你這次
jao²-shu⁴ 饒恕
jao²-t'a¹-i¹-lun⁴ 饒他一頓
jao²-t'ou² 饒頭

overplus, excess ; to spare, to excuse.
 forgiven several times.
 forgive him (shé⁴ mien³).
 forgive me !
 to spare life (hei¹ shên¹).
 let you off this time.
 to forgive.
 to accept a meal from him.
 overplus, excess, supplementary (yü² shêng⁴)

JA0³ 手才 擾^{573b292c}
jao²-hai⁴ 擾害
jao²-hai⁴-li²-min² 擾害黎民
jao²-lūan⁴ 擾亂

to put to trouble ; confusion, disorder.
 to disturb, to throw into confusion.
 to disturb the people.
 to stir up confusion or disorder (chiao³ hun⁴).

JAO⁴ 迂 遶^{573a292o}
jao²-cho²-tsou³ 遶着走

to go about or around, to surround.
 to go round (ch'ao¹ cho² chin⁴ tsou³).

jao⁴-k'on³-ling⁴ 透口令
 jao⁴-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴ 透不過去
 jao⁴-wan¹-rh³ 透彎兒
 jao⁴-yüan³ 透遠
 jao⁴ 糸 繞 572c292c
 jao⁴-chu⁴ 繞住
 jao⁴-i¹-tz'u⁴ 繞一次

rigmaroles, catch talk, jingles.
 cannot be evaded by detour.
 to go round a corner (kuai³ wan¹).
 a long way round.
 to wind silk (same as 透).
 to stop by tying.
 to go round once.

JÊ³ 心 惹 581b293a
 jê³-cho³ 惹惹
 jê³-sh'ou²-jên² 惹仇人
 jê³-ch'u¹-shih⁴ 惹出事
 jê³-hsien³ 惹嫌
 jê³-huo²-shao²-shên¹ 惹火燒身
 jê³-huo⁴ 惹禍
 jê³-jên²-hsiao⁴ 惹人笑
 jê³-luan⁴-êrh² 惹亂兒
 jê³-jên²-ma⁴ 惹人罵
 jê³-nao³ 惹惱
 jê³ nu⁴ 惹怒
 jê³-shih⁴-fei¹ 惹是非
 jê³-t'ü¹-pu⁴-ch'ü³ 惹他不起
 jê³-yen⁴ 惹厭

to stimulate, to excite, to induce.
 hiccougling; aggravating.
 to make enemies.
 to provoke something unpleasant.
 to provoke dislike or suspicion (t'ao³ jên² hsien²).
 to stir up fire and burn one's self.
 to bring calamities on one's self.
 to cause people to laugh.
 to get one self into trouble.
 provoke people to revile.
 to provoke to anger.
 same.
 to stir up mischief (t'iao² so¹).
 dare not provoke him.
 to provoke dislike, aversion, etc.

JÊ⁴ 火 熱 熱 581c293a
 jê⁴-ch'ang² 熱腸
 jê⁴-ch'ang²-ch'ang²-ti¹ 熱腸腸的
 jê⁴-ch'ê¹ 熱車
 jê⁴-ch'ü⁴ 熱氣
 jê⁴-ch'ü⁴-t'êng²-t'êng² 熱氣騰騰
 jê⁴-chin³ 熱酒
 jê⁴-chüeh² 熱決
 jê⁴-ho² 熱河
 jê⁴-hsin¹ 熱心
 jê⁴-hu¹-hu¹-ti¹ 熱呼呼的
 jê⁴ hun²-shên¹-han⁴ 熱渾身汗
 jê⁴-nao⁴ 熱鬧
 jê⁴-ping⁴ 熱病
 jê⁴-sha¹-jên² 熱殺人
 jê⁴-ssü²-jên² 熱死人
 jê⁴-t'êng²-t'êng²-ti¹ 熱騰騰的
 jê⁴-t'ien¹ 熱天

warm, hot; ardent, affectionate (wên¹, nuan³).
 affectionate (ch'in¹ jê⁴).
 quite eager, yearning.
 a smart cart.
 steam, hot vapour.
 hot air ascends.
 hot wine.
 immediate execution of criminal (chüeh² tsui⁴).
 Jehol, one of the Imperial Summer Palaces.
 { affectionate; an ardent mind, a warm
 { heart; zeal.
 quite warm, comfortable.
 heated till in a big sweat.
 noise, bustle, clamour, noisy, bustling.
 fever (shao¹ ping⁴).
 unbearably hot (tsao⁴ jê⁴).
 same.
 steaming hot.
 hot weather; a hot day; summer (fu² t'ien¹).

JĒN²	人 亻	人 ^{577a286a}	human beings, a man. M. 125.
jĕn²-chia¹		人家	human beings, persons, families.
jĕn²-ch'iang²-ma³-chuang⁴		人強馬壯	troops in excellent condition, also metaph.
jĕn²-chien¹		人間	mankind (fan² chien¹).
iân²-ch'ing²		人情	the human feelings; kindness; a present.
jĕn²-chung¹		人中	the raphis, middle of upper lip.
jĕn²-chung¹-huang³		人中黃	a kind of medicine (excrement).
jĕn²-chung¹-pai²		人中白	medicine (urine).
jĕn²-fan⁴		人犯	a criminal, accused persons.
jĕn²-ho²		人和	popular; a favourite.
jĕn²-hsiang⁴		人像	a likeness (chao⁴ hsiang⁴).
jĕn²-hsin¹-pu⁴-tsu³		人心不足	man's heart is never satisfied.
jĕn²-jĕn²		人人	all men, everybody, every one.
jĕn²-jĕn²-tu¹-yu³		人人都有	all have.
jĕn²-k'ou⁴		人客	a visitor, a guest.
jĕn²-k'ou³		人口	persons, human beings, individuals.
jĕn²-k'un⁴-ma³-fa²		人困馬乏	troops utterly worn out, also metaph.
jĕn²-lao³-hsi¹-tzū³		人老惜子	the old dote on their offspring.
jĕn²-lei⁴		人類	mankind
jĕn²-li⁴		人力	man's or human strength or ability.
jĕn²-lün³		人倫	the five relations of mankind. See <i>wu² lün²</i> .
jĕn²-ma³		人馬	man and horse, troops generally.
jĕn²-mao⁴		人貌	the human countenance (hsiaug⁴ mao⁴).
jĕn²-ming⁴		人命	a human life, a case of life and death.
jĕn²-ming⁴-kuan¹-t'ien¹		人命關天	a man's life is in the care of Heaven.
jĕn²-p'in²-chih⁴-tuan³		人貧志短	when poor, resolution fails (a proverb).
jĕn²-p'in³		人品	a person's conduct or manner (p'in² hsing⁴).
jĕn²-p'in³-tuan³-fang¹		人品端方	conduct upright.
jĕn²-shĕn²		人身	a man's body.
jĕn²-shĕn¹		人參	ginseng.
jĕn²-shĕn²		人神	man's spirit.
jĕn²-shih⁴		人氏	a person's place, name or family.
jĕn²-tao⁴		人道	the principles of human conduct.
jĕn²-ting¹		人丁	a man.
jĕn²-ting⁴-shih²-hou⁴		人定時候	when all the world was at rest.
jĕn²-to¹-shih⁴-chung⁴		人多勢衆	numbers count, e.g., in fight.
jĕn²-ts'ai²		人才	ability, talent (ts'ai² fĕn⁴).
jĕn²-ts'ai²-liang³-k'ung¹		人財兩空	thief and his booty both gone.
jĕn²-tzū³		人子	a son of man; Christ.
jĕn²-wang²-chia¹-pai⁴		人亡家敗	utter ruin of a family.
jĕn²-wu⁴		人物	men and all other created things, mankind.
jĕn²-ya²-tzū³		人牙子	a slave dealer.
jĕn²-yüan²		人員	officials (kuan¹ yüan²).

jĕn²	人 仁	578b287a	humane, humanity, benevolence, charity.
jĕn²-ai⁴	仁愛		benevolence, charity, kind-hearted.
jĕn²-chĕng⁴	仁政		humane government.
jĕn²-che²-shou⁴	仁者壽		the benevolent man lives long.
jĕn²-che²-wu²-ti²	仁者無敵		the benevolent have no enemies.
jĕn²-chūn¹	仁君		a humane prince (ming² chūn¹).
jĕn²-én¹	仁恩		loving grace.
jĕn²-rh²	仁兒		a seed, a kernel.
jĕn²-fu⁴	仁父		an adopted father (i⁴ fu⁴).
jĕn²-hsin¹	仁心		a benevolent heart.
jĕn²-hsien⁴	仁憲		a just official; the authorities.
jĕn²-hsiung¹-ti⁴	仁兄弟		sworn friend (mĕng² hsiung¹ ti⁴).
jĕn²-hui⁴	仁惠		benevolence, charity.
jĕn²-i⁴	仁義		benevolence and justice, honest.
jĕn²-i⁴-liang³-ch'üan²	仁義兩全		love and justice both preserved.
jĕn²-i⁴-lien²-ch'ih³	仁義廉恥		charity and modesty.
jĕn²-mun⁴	仁民		benevolence to the people.
jĕn²-té²	仁德		benevolence, charity, mercy.
jĕn²-tzū²	仁子		a seed, a kernel (jaug³ tzū²).
jĕn²-tz'ü²	仁慈		benevolence, kindness, kind-hearted, feeling.
jĕn²-wĕn²	仁聞		famous for benevolence, a benevolent character.
jĕn²-yen²	仁研		arsenic (p'i⁴ shuang³).
jĕn²	士 壬	575c287b	astronomical character; north; black; water.

JĒN³	心 忍	574c287c	to bear patiently, to endure; fortitude, patience.
jĕn³-chi¹	忍飢		to bear hunger (ai² c⁴).
jĕn³-ch'í⁴-t'ün¹-shĕng¹	忍氣吞聲		to smother one's indignation.
jĕn³-cho²-pa⁴	忍着能		be patient!
jĕn³-hsin¹	忍心		hard-hearted, callous to suffering, etc.; patient.
jĕn³-hsin¹-hai⁴-li³	忍心害理		to steel one's heart, and destroy reason.
jĕn³-hsing⁴	忍性		a patient disposition.
jĕn³-jn³-pao⁴-ch'ou²	忍辱報仇		to put up with insult now, in order to future [revenge].
jĕn³-nai⁴	忍耐		to endure, to put up with, patient (nai⁴ fan²).
jĕn³-pu⁴-chu⁴	忍不住		unable to endure, etc.
jĕn³-pu⁴-té²	忍不住		unable to endure (nai⁴ pu⁴ chu⁴).
jĕn³-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴	忍不過去		cannot be put up with (pu⁴ nai⁴ fan²).
jĕn³-suon⁴	忍受		to endure.
jĕn³-wei²-kao¹	忍爲高		patience is a virtue.

JĒN⁴	人 任	575c289c	a trust, a post, an office. M. 218.
jĕn⁴-chung⁴	任重		an important trust.
jĕn⁴-hsing⁴	任性		determined, resolute; selfish.
jĕn⁴-hsing⁴-jĕn³-wei²	任性忍爲		to act in arbitrary manner.

jĕn⁴-i⁴
 jĕn⁴-i⁴-so³-wei²
 jĕn⁴-k'ou³-hu²-shuo¹
 jĕn⁴-mo¹
 jĕn⁴-maⁿ²-t'ing¹-shĕng¹
 jĕn⁴-ming⁴-yu²-t'ien¹
 jĕn⁴-ni¹
 jĕn⁴-p'ing²
 jĕn⁴-p'ing²-ni³-pa⁴
 jĕn⁴-p'ing²-t'a¹-shuo¹
 jĕn⁴-shang⁴
 jĕn⁴-shĕn²-ma¹
 jĕn⁴-shui¹
 jĕn⁴-ts'ung¹
 jĕn⁴-ts'ung¹-ni³
 jĕn⁴-tzŭ⁴-i⁴
 jĕn⁴-yun⁴
 jĕn⁴
 jĕn⁴-chĕn¹
 jĕn⁴-chĕn¹-pan⁴-li³
 jĕn⁴-chĕn¹-ti¹-pan⁴
 jĕn⁴-chien⁴
 jĕn⁴-ch'in¹
 jĕn⁴-chun³-liao³
 jĕn⁴-fa²
 jĕn⁴-pao³
 jĕn⁴-p'iao⁴
 jĕn⁴-pu⁴-ch'ing¹
 jĕn⁴-pu⁴-ch'u¹-lai²
 jĕn⁴-pu⁴-ch'üan²
 jĕn⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴
 jĕn⁴-shĕng¹
 jĕn⁴-shih⁴
 jĕn⁴-ta³
 jĕn⁴-tĕ²
 jĕn⁴-tĕ²-tzŭ⁴
 jĕn⁴-ting⁴
 jĕn⁴-ts'ŏ⁴
 jĕn⁴-tsui⁴
 jĕn⁴
 jĕn⁴-rh²
 jĕn⁴-fĕng¹-k'uai⁴
 jĕn⁴

任意
 任意所為
 任口胡說
 任麼
 任滿聽墜
 任命由天
 任你
 任憑
 任憑你罷
 任憑他說
 任上
 任甚麼
 任誰
 任從
 任從你
 任自意
 任用
 言認 575a289a
 認真
 認真辦理
 認真的辦
 認見
 認親
 認準了
 認罰
 認保票
 認不清
 認不出來
 認不全
 認不是
 認不生
 認識
 認打
 認得
 認得字
 認定
 認錯
 認罪
 刀 刃 574a288b
 刃兒
 刃鋒快
 糸 紉 574b289a

to indulge one's self, selfish.
 same.
 to talk bosh (hu² shuo¹ pa⁴ tao⁴).
 in this way.
 when the term expires, wait promotion.
 fate depends on Heaven.
 as you please.
 at liberty to; trusting in, confiding in.
 suit yourself!
 let him talk!
 one's post, at one's post.
 anything, no matter what. M. 218.
 no matter who (pu⁴ chŭ¹).
 at liberty to; trusting in, confiding in.
 do as you please.
 to indulge one's self, selfish.
 use it as you like.
 to recognise, to know, to be acquainted with.
 with diligence, diligently; to acknowledge.
 to act according to facts.
 to take energetic action.
 to recognize.
 to be sanguine, to be certain.
 to recognise with certainty.
 to admit that one deserves punishment.
 a graduate security for candidate (lin³ pao³).
 to acknowledge the bill or note.
 cannot make out for certain.
 cannot make him out.
 do not recognize all the characters.
 to acknowledge one's fault.
 to recognise one to be stranger, as child or dog.
 to know, to be acquainted with.
 to admit you deserve a beating.
 to know.
 to know characters (shih⁴ tzŭ⁴).
 make up one's mind.
 to apologize, to acknowledge one's error.
 to confess one's guilt (hsieh⁴ kao⁴).
 the edge of a knife, etc.; dangerous.
 the edge of a knife, etc.
 sharp point and edge.
 to thread, as a needle.

- jĕn⁴-chĕn¹* 紉針 to thread a needle (ch'uan¹ chĕu¹).
jĕn⁴ (shĕn) 禾稔 578c288b corn ears, ripe grain.
jĕn⁴-ku³ 稔穀 grain in ear, ripe grain; good crops.
jĕn⁴ (shĕn, chĕn) 木葢 55a737c the mulberry fruit.
- JĒNG¹** 手才 { 扔 579b291b to throw, to throw away (p'ao¹ p'ieh¹).
jĕng¹ { 擲 191b71c same. See *chiĕ⁴*.
jĕng¹-ch'ĭ⁴ 擲棄 to throw away, to abandon.
jĕng¹-ch'ü⁴ 擲去 to throw away.
jĕng¹-hai³-tzu³ 擲孩子 to lose a baby by death.
jĕng¹-hsiu⁴ 擲下 to throw down.
jĕng¹-liao³-t'ā¹ 擲了他 throw it away?
jĕng¹-shai³-tzu³ 擲骰子 to throw dice.
jĕng¹-shang¹ 擲傷 to wound by throwing.
jĕng¹-shih³-t'ou³ 擲石頭 to throw stones.
jĕng¹-tiao⁴ 擲掉 to throw aside.
jĕng¹-tsai⁴-tĭ⁴ 擲在地 to throw on the ground.
- JĒNG³** 人 仍 579a291a again, still as before, same as formerly, M. 263.
jĕng³-chiu⁴ 仍舊 as of old, as formerly.
jĕng³-chiu⁴-huan³-shih⁴ 仍舊還是 after all, still.
jĕng³-fu⁴ 仍復 again, as before. [before.
jĕng³-jan³ 仍然 still, yet, continuing the same, as formerly, as
jĕng³-shih⁴-pu⁴-t'ing¹ 仍是不聽 as disobedient as ever.
jĕng³-tao⁴-ch'ien³-chĕ² 仍蹈前轍 again treading in the old paths.
- JIH⁴ (tzu¹)** 日 日 579c293b the sun; the day. R. 75.
jih⁴-ch'ang² 日長 the days long or lengthening.
jih⁴-ch'ang²-t'ien¹-hsien⁴ 日長添線 in long days more can be spun.
jih⁴-chao⁴ 日照 an umbrella or parasol, the sun shining.
jih⁴-chi²-yüeh⁴-lei⁴ 日積月累 gradually increasing as time goes on.
jih⁴-chi⁴-pu⁴ 日記簿 log-book, diary.
jih⁴-ch'ĭ¹ 日期 a day, a date (hsien⁴ ch'ĭ¹).
jih⁴-chien⁴-tsĕng¹-chang³ 日見增長 to increase daily.
jih⁴-chin⁴-tou³-chin¹ 日進斗金 may a peck of gold come in daily.
jih⁴-chin³ 日久 many days, a long time.
jih⁴-chiu³-nien³-shĕn¹ 日久年深 a long time.
jih⁴-ch'ü¹ 日出 sunrise.
jih⁴-ĕrh³-man³ 日耳曼 Germany (tĕ² kuo²).
jih⁴-fei⁴ 日費 daily expenditure.
jih⁴-hsia⁴ 日下 these past few days.
jih⁴-hsin¹-yüeh⁴-shĕng⁴ 日新月盛 constant flourishing.

jih ⁴ -jih ⁴	日日	every day, daily (t'ien ¹ t'ien ¹ , chien ⁴ t'ien ²).
jih ⁴ -k'ò ⁴	日課	a daily task.
jih ⁴ -kuang ¹	日光	the light of the sun; daylight
jih ⁴ -kuei ¹	日晷	a sun-dial.
jih ⁴ -kung ¹	日工	work done by the day (ch'ang ² kung ¹).
jih ⁴ -lao ⁴	日落	sunset (p'ing ² hsi ¹).
jih ⁴ -lun ²	日輪	the sun's disc.
jih ⁴ -mou ⁴	日沒	the sun sets (jih ¹ lao ⁴).
jih ⁴ -mu ⁴	日暮	day and night; evening (before the sun sets).
jih ⁴ -nuan ²	日暖	the sun is warm.
jih ⁴ -pao ⁴	日報	daily paper.
jih ⁴ -pên ²	日本	Japan (tung ¹ yang ²).
jih ⁴ -p'ing ² -hsi ¹	日平西	the sun level with the west, the sun setting.
jih ⁴ -shih ²	日食	an eclipse of the sun.
jih ⁴ -shih ²	日蝕	same.
jih ⁴ -t'ou ²	日頭	the sun (t'ai ⁴ yang ²).
jih ⁴ -ts'ê ⁴	日側	the sun declining to the westward.
jih ⁴ -tuan ²	日短	the days short or shortening.
jih ⁴ -tzü ² -pao ²	日子薄	poor; difficulty in getting.
jih ⁴ -tzü ² -tuan ²	日子短	the days are short.
jih ⁴ -wang ⁴ -yüeh ⁴ -lai ²	日往月來	the flight of time.
jih ⁴ -yeh ⁴	日夜	day and night (chou ⁴ yeh ⁴).
jih ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	日月	the sun and moon; days and months
jih ⁴ -yüeh ⁴ -hsing ¹ -ch'ên ²	日月星辰	sun, moon, and stars.
jih ⁴ -yüeh ⁴ -ho ² -pi ⁴	日月合璧	sun and moon in conjunction (lucky)
jih ⁴ -yüeh ⁴ -ju ² -so ¹	日月如梭	time flies, as the shuttle (kuang ¹ yin ¹ ssü-chien ⁴).
jih ⁴ -yung ⁴	日用	daily expenditure, daily use.

JO ⁴ (jê)	卅廿	若	580c296a	if, as. M. 35 552.
jo ⁴ -kan ¹		若		countless, numerous; so much (hsü ² to ¹)
jo ⁴ -lun ⁴		若論		if it be argued, as regards, with reference to, etc.
jo ⁴ -nai ²		若乃		as to, but as to.
jo ⁴ -pu ⁴		若不		if not.
jo ⁴ -pu ⁴ -jan ²		若不是		if not so.
jo ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴		若不是		if it is not.
jo ⁴ -shih ⁴		若是		if, if it is.
jo ⁴ -shih ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hao ²		若是	不好	if it is not good.
jo ⁴ -yao ⁴		若要		if you want, etc.
jo ⁴ -yu ²		若有		if there are, if you have, etc.
jo ⁴	弓	弱	582a295a	weak, delicate, fragile (jüan ²).
jo ⁴ -chih ²		弱質		a weak constitution.
jo ⁴ -kuan ¹		弱冠		a young man from sixteen to twenty years of age
jo ⁴ -pu ⁴ -li ² -ch'iang ²		弱敵	強	weak, unable to resist the strong (a proverb).

* Note 56.

JOU ³	木	柔 582b294a	soft, tender, pliable, gentle (wên ¹ jou ³).
jou ² -ho ³		柔和	mild, forbearing.
jou ² -jo ⁴		柔弱	pliable, soft, flexible.
jou ² -juan ³		柔軟	same.
jou ² .k'o ⁴ -kang ³		柔克剛	the soft can wear away the hard.
jou ² -mao ²		柔毛	soft hair; sheeps' wool.
jou ² -mien ³		柔綿	easy-going, compliant.
jou ² -shun ⁴		柔順	yielding.
jou ² -yü ³		柔語	soft speech.
jou ² -yüan ³ -jên ³		柔遠 人	to show kindness to men from afar.
jou ²	手 才	揉 582b294c	to rub between the hands; to bend by fire.
jou ² -liao ³		揉了	finished, settled, manipulated.
jou ² -ts'o ¹		揉搓	to rub between the hands; to worry.
jou ²	足	蹂 582c295a	to tread, to stamp; misfortune, calamity.
jou ² -chien ⁴		蹂踐	to trample on (chien ⁴ t'a ⁴).

JOU ⁴	月 肉	肉 583a300b	meat, flesh.
jou ⁴ -an ⁴ -tzü ³		肉案子	a butcher's block or table.
jou ⁴ -chia ⁴ -tzü ³		肉架子	a butcher's shop.
jou ⁴ -hsing ³		肉刑	punishments consisting in mutilation.
jou ⁴ -kao ⁴ -shih ⁴		肉告示	a tattler.
jou ⁴ -kuei ⁴		肉桂	cinnamon (tou ⁴ k'ou ⁴).
jou ⁴ -k'ou ⁴		肉蔻	nutmegs.
jou ⁴ -lai ¹ -lai ¹ -ti ¹		肉糙的	gross, lubberly. M. 500.
jou ⁴ -liu ² -tzü ³		肉瘤子	a wen, a tumor (fên ³ tz'ü ³).
jou ⁴ -ma ³		肉癩	the flesh creeps.
jou ⁴ -pao ¹ -tzü ³		肉包子	meat dumpling.
jou ⁴ -p'ien ⁴		肉片	a slice or slices of meat.
jou ⁴ -p'u ⁴		肉舖	a butcher's shop.
jou ⁴ -shên ³		肉身	the body.
jou ⁴ -shik ⁴		肉市	a meat market, shambles.
jou ⁴ -ssü ¹		肉絲	shreds of lean meat.
jou ⁴ -tê ² -huang ³		肉得慌	lazy, lifeless (lan ³ to ⁴).
jou ⁴ -ting ⁴		肉疔	an ulcer, a chancre.
jou ⁴ -t'ou ³		肉頭	male adulterer.
jou ⁴ -wan ² -tzü ³		肉丸子	meat balls.
jou ⁴ -yen ³		肉眼	"flesh eyes," dull sighted, blind (abusive).
jou ⁴ -yen ³ -fan ³ -t'ai ¹		肉眼凡胎	a mortal man.

JU ³	女	如 583c297a	[M. 381.]
ju ² -chiao ¹ -ssü ⁴ -ch'i ¹		如膠似漆	inseparably joined together (fig.).
ju ² -chin ⁴		如今	now, at present.

<i>ju²-chin¹-ti¹-jên²</i>	如今的人	men of the present day.
<i>ju²-ch'ü¹</i>	如初	as at first, as before.
<i>ju²-fa²-p'ao¹-chi⁴</i>	如法泡製	concocted correctly (drugs).
<i>ju²-ho²</i>	如何	as what? how.
<i>ju²-ho²-shih⁴-hao²</i>	如何是好	how will it do?
<i>ju²-hsin¹</i>	如心	according to one's mind, satisfactory.
<i>ju²-hsiung¹</i>	如兄	like an elder brother.
<i>ju²-hua⁴-êrh²-ch'êng²</i>	如話而成	no sooner said than done.
<i>ju²-i⁴</i>	如意	agreeable to one's wishes, as you like it; a
<i>ju²-i⁴-ts'ao³</i>	如意草	trefoil, clover, shamrock.
<i>ju²-jan²</i>	如然	if, if it is, etc.
<i>ju²-jih⁴-chi⁴-shêng¹</i>	如日之升	like the rising of the sun to the zenith.
<i>ju²-jo⁴</i>	如若	if, as if, like as.
<i>ju²-ku⁴</i>	如故	same.
<i>ju²-kuan¹-ju²-fu³</i>	如官如府	perfectly satisfactory.
<i>ju²-kuo³</i>	如果	if indeed, in case.
<i>ju²-lai²-fo²</i>	如來佛	an honorary title of the Buddhas.
<i>ju²-miung⁴</i>	如命	according to order.
<i>ju²-shih⁴</i>	如是	thus, so.
<i>ju²-mêng⁴-ch'ü¹-hsing³</i>	如夢初醒	as if recently awakened from a dream.
<i>ju²-shih⁴-êrh²-hsing²</i>	如式而行	to do according to pattern.
<i>ju²-shu³-chi²-t'ä¹</i>	如數給他	give him according to the number.
<i>ju²-t'ang¹-p'ao¹-hsüeh³</i>	如湯潑雪	like water spilt in snow.
<i>ju²-ti⁴</i>	如弟	like a younger brother.
<i>ju²-tsai⁴-ch'ü²-shang⁴</i>	如在其上	as if upon it.
<i>ju²-t'ung²</i>	如同	like.
<i>ju²-tz'ü²</i>	如此	thus, as this, in this manner.
<i>ju²-tz'ü²-fang¹-hao³</i>	如此方好	in this manner, and then it will be well.
<i>ju²-tz'ü²-k'an⁴-lai²</i>	如此看來	thus we see, from which it appears.
<i>ju²-tz'ü²-pan⁴-li²</i>	如此辦理	managed thus.
<i>ju²-yüeh¹-chi⁴-hêng²</i>	如月之恒	like the steadfastness of the moon.
<i>ju²</i>	人儒	learned, a scholar, literati; a Confucianist.
<i>ju²-chê³</i>	儒者	men of the learned professions generally.
<i>ju²-chia¹</i>	儒家	scholars; Confucianists.
<i>ju²-chiao⁴</i>	儒教	Confucianism (shêng ⁴ chiao ⁴).
<i>ju²-chiao⁴-chi⁴-shou⁴</i>	儒教之首	Confucius.
<i>ju²-hsüeh²-lao³-shih¹</i>	儒學老師	Director of studies.
<i>ju²-hsüeh²</i>	儒學	a Director of studies.
<i>ju²-i¹</i>	儒醫	a learned physician.
<i>ju²-jên²</i>	儒人	men of the learned professions generally.
<i>ju²-shih⁴</i>	儒士	same.
<i>ju²-shih⁴-tao¹</i>	儒釋道	Confucianism, Buddhism, and Taoism.
<i>ju²-ya³</i>	儒雅	learned, elegant, accomplished.

JU ³	乙	乳 ^{587b298b}	milk ; the breasts ; to suck.
ju ³ -chih ¹		乳汁	milk (nai ³).
ju ³ -fu ²		乳哺	to give the breast, to suckle.
ju ³ -hsiang ¹		乳香	olibanum, frankincense. [(hsieh ³ ming ³).
ju ³ -ming ²		乳名	"milk name," name given a few days after birth
ju ³ -mu ³		乳母	"milk mother," a wet-nurse, a foster-mother.
ju ³ -nai ³		乳孀	the breast ; milk,
ju ³ -niang ³		乳娘	a wet-nurse.
ju ³ -yü ⁴		乳嫗	a wet-nurse (nai ³ ma ¹).
ju ³	水	汝 ^{583c299c}	you, your.

JU ⁴	入	入 ^{586c299a}	to enter, to put in, to receive.
ju ⁴ -chang ⁴		入賬	receipts (chin ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
ju ⁴ -ch'ang ³		入場	"to enter the arena," to be examined.
ju ⁴ -lien ⁴		入殮	to put the body in the coffin.
ju ⁴ -ch'ang ³ -k'ao ³ -shih ⁴		入場考試	to enter the arena for examination.
ju ⁴ -ch'ao ² -mien ⁴ -chün ¹		入朝面君	to have an audience.
ju ⁴ -chi ²		入籍	to acquire citizenship.
ju ⁴ -chiao ⁴		入教	to enter the church (fäng ⁴ chiao ⁴).
ju ⁴ -ch'ien ³		入錢	receipts (chin ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
ju ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		入去	to enter (chin ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
ju ⁴ -chui ⁴		入贅	to marry and live with the wife's family. [Note 1.
ju ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		入相	door on left (theatre).
ju ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		入項	income.
ju ⁴ -hsiao ³		入學	[B.A. (chin ⁴ hsiao ³).
ju ⁴ -hua ³		入華	"to enter on learning," to attain the first grade
ju ⁴ -kao ¹ -mang ²		入膏肓	to invade or enter China.
ju ⁴ -k'ao ³		入考	disease has reached fatal stage,
ju ⁴ -k'ou ³ -huo ⁴		入口貨	to be examined for a degree.
ju ⁴ -k'ou ⁴		入寇	imports.
ju ⁴ -kuan ¹		入官	to invade (of rebels).
ju ⁴ -li ³ -mien ⁴		入裡面	to be confiscated to government.
ju ⁴ -mén ³		入門	to go inside or within.
ju ⁴ -nu ⁴		入幕	to enter a door ; to commence study.
ju ⁴ -nei ¹ ti ⁴		入內地	a secretary (tso ⁴ mu ⁴).
ju ⁴ -p'an ⁴		入泮	to go into the interior.
ju ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chin ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		入不進	to gain the degree of <i>hsiu⁴ ts'ai³</i> .
ju ⁴ -shan ¹ -hsin ¹ -hsing ³		入山修行	cannot enter.
ju ⁴ -shang ¹ -ko ⁴ -ming ²		入上個名	to go to the mountains and be a hermit,
ju ⁴ -shéng ¹		入聲	to enter one's name.
ju ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -hsin ¹ -li ³		入在心裏	the entering tone.
ju ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -nei ⁴		入在內	to enter the heart.
ju ⁴ -wea ⁴		入味	put it within.
			interested, appreciative.

- ju⁴ 辰 辱 586a299c to insult, to shame, to disgrace, to defile.
 ju^{3,4}-ch'ien⁴-jên² 辱賤人 to disgrace a person.
 ju⁴-ch'in¹ 辱親 to disgrace one's parents.
 ju^{3,4}-kuo² 辱國 disgrace one's country.
 ju⁴-ma⁴ 辱罵 to insult and revile (ling² ju⁴)
 ju^{3,4}-mu^{2,4}-liao³-t'ao¹ 辱沒了他 put him to utter shame.
 ju⁴-shên¹ 辱身 to disgrace one's self
 ju⁴ (tzu) 衣 褥 586b300a a mattress, a mat.
 ju⁴-t'ao⁴ 褥套 a bed-bag (used when travelling) (pei' t'ao⁴)
 ju⁴-tien⁴ 褥墊 a cushion, a pad (tso⁴ ju⁴).
- JUAN³** 車 { 輓 588a305b soft, flexible, yielding, weak.
 juan³ 軟 588b same.
 juan³-ch'ieh⁴ 軟怯 timid, weak.
 juan³-ho²-ho²-ti¹ 軟和和的 quite soft, yielding.
 juan³-hsin¹-ti¹-jên² 軟心的人 soft hearted.
 juan³-jo⁴ 軟弱 weak, feeble.
 juan³-lei⁴ 軟肋 the floating ribs.
 juan³-lien²-chih³ 軟簾紙 a kind of writing paper.
 juan³-lien²-tzu³ 軟簾子 a flexible door-screen.
 juan³-mao⁴-t'z' 軟帽子 soft hat.
 juan³-mei² 軟煤 manufactured coal (of coal dust and clay).
 juan³-p'êng²-tzu³ 軟棚子 barber's sheds, places for boys, etc. (catamites).
 juan³-t'í¹ 軟梯 a rope ladder.
 juan³-ying⁴ 軟硬 soft and hard.
 juan³-ying⁴-pu⁴-ch'ih¹ 軟硬不吃 cross-grained (person).
- JUI³** 艸 卅 { 萼 589a301b petals, centre of a flower.
 jui³ 蕊 same.
 jui³ 蕊 same.
 jui³-pang³ 蕊榜 a list of chin-shih graduates.
- JUI⁴** 玉 瑞 589b782b an auspicious omen, good fortune, blessings.
 jui⁴-ch'í⁴ 瑞氣 an auspicious omen, good fortune, blessings.
 jui⁴-ch'í⁴-ch'ien¹-t'iao² 瑞氣千條 glowing rays, e.g., of setting sun.
 jui⁴-hsiieh³ 瑞雪 seasonable snow. [(chi² jih⁴).
 jui⁴-jih⁴ 瑞日 an auspicious day; good or pleasant weather
 jui⁴-kuo² 瑞國 Sweden (瑞典).
 jui⁴ 金 銳 589b302a a pointed weapon; sharp, keen, piercing
 jui⁴-ch'í⁴ 銳氣 valour.
 jui⁴-li⁴ 銳利 sharp, pointed and sharp.
 jui⁴-min³ 銳敏 acute, keen, vigorous, sharp.
 jui⁴ 目 叡 睿 589c301c clever, profound.

jui⁴-chih⁴

睿智

great wisdom.

JUN⁴

門 閏 589c302a

an intercalary month ; an additional one.

jun⁴-chih³

閏 歲

six-fingered, an additional finger.

jun⁴-liang²-ko⁴-yüeh⁴

閏 兩 個月

to intercalate two months.

jun⁴-sui⁴

閏 指

an intercalary year.

jun⁴-yüeh⁴

閏 月

an intercalary month.

jun⁴

水 潤

潤 590a302b

moist, to moisten, to instil into ; to benefit.

jun⁴-tsé³

潤 澤

moist, to moisten, to enrich with moisture.

jun⁴-yü³

潤 雨

to moisten with rain.

JUNG²

木 榮 590c1146b

honor, rank, glory ; gay, brilliant.

jung²-ch'ung²

榮 寵

to love, to honour.

jung²-hua²

榮 華

splendour, splendid, glorious.

jung²-hua²-fu⁴-kuei⁴

榮 華 富 貴

splendour, riches, and honours.

jung²-hua²-shu⁴

榮 華 樹

name of a beautiful flowering tree.

jung²-ju⁴

榮 辱

honour and disgrace.

jung²-kuang¹

榮 光

splendour, glorious.

jung²-kuei¹

榮 歸

to retire honorably from public life.

jung²-ming²

榮 名

a glorious name.

jung²-tsung¹-yao⁴-tsu³

榮 宗 耀 祖

to do honor to one's ancestors.

jung²-wei¹

榮 威

glory, honour ; noble-looking.

jung²-yao⁴

榮 耀

brilliant, splendid.

jung²

戈 戎

戎 591b303a

a weapon ; to campaign ; military.

jung²-chuang¹

戎 裝

military clothing, equipments, military array.

jung²-fu²

戎 服

military clothing (hao⁴ i¹).

jung²-hang²

戎 行

the army, the ranks.

jung²-i¹

戎 衣

military clothes.

jung²-ping¹

戎 兵

military weapons (ping¹ jên⁴).

jung²-iou³

戎 伍

the ranks, the army (tui⁴ wu³).

jung²

糸 絨

絨 591c303b

velvet, cloth, worsted flannel, coarse silk.

jung²-hsien⁴

絨 線

silk thread.

jung²-hua¹

絨 花

silk embroidered flowers.

jung²-hua¹-shu⁴

絨 花 樹

silk tree (acacia).

jung²-mao²

絨 毛

wool.

jung²-mien²-pu⁴

絨 綿 布

woollen and cotton mixtures, lustres, etc.

jung²-t'an²-tzü³

絨 毯 子

woollen rug.

jung²-tzü⁴

絨 字

characters made of velvet.

jung²

毛 氈

氈 591c303c

felt, cloth.

jung²-chan¹-tzü³

氈 毯 子

felt rugs.

jung²-hsieh²

氈 鞋

felt shoes.

jung²-mao⁴

氈 帽

felt hats.

jung²

容

容 592a1146c

the countenance, aspect ; to countenance. See [yung².

<i>jung³-chih³</i>	容止	carriage, address, behaviour.
<i>jung³-hsiang⁴</i>	容像	a portrait (chao ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
<i>jung³-i⁴</i>	容易	easy.
<i>jung³-jang⁴</i>	容讓	polite, complaisant, yielding.
<i>jung³-jèn²-chih¹-liang⁴</i>	容人之量	capacity for bearing with others.
<i>jung³-jèn²-ti¹-kuo⁴</i>	容人的過	to forgive people's faults.
<i>jung³-jèn³</i>	容忍	to endure, to tolerate.
<i>jung³-liu³</i>	容留	to allow to remain.
<i>jung³-mao⁴</i>	容貌	figure, appearance, countenance or aspect.
<i>jung³-na⁴</i>	容納	to receive and contain, to endure, to tolerate.
<i>jung³-p'ing³</i>	容稟	to allow to petition.
<i>jung³-pu⁴-hsia⁴</i>	容不下	not large enough to hold it.
<i>jung³-shu⁴</i>	容恕	to forgive, to pardon (shé ⁴ mien ³ , jao ³ shu ⁴).
<i>jung³-t'i³</i>	容體	a person's figure and manner (hsiang ⁴ mao ⁴).
<i>jung³-wo²-chi²-t'ien¹</i>	容我幾天	grant me a few days.
<i>jung³-yen²</i>	容顏	the countenance.
<i>jung³</i>	人傭	1322b1148a to serve for hire; to hire.
<i>jung³-jèn²</i>	傭人	a person hired (ku ⁴ kung ¹).
<i>jung³ kung¹</i>	傭工	to hire for labour; hired labour.
<i>jung³-lin⁴</i>	傭賃	to be let out for hire (ch'u ¹ lin ⁴).
<i>jung³</i>	木榕	592c1147a the bastard banyan.
<i>jung³-ch'êng²</i>	榕城	Foochow.
<i>jung³-shu⁴</i>	榕樹	banyan tree.
<i>jung³</i>	金鎔	593a1147a to mould, to smelt.
<i>jung³-hua⁴</i>	鎔化	to melt metal.
<i>jung³</i>	虫融	593b1147b to blend. Also <i>yung</i> .
<i>jung³-ho²</i>	融和	mixed together.
<i>jung³-hua⁴</i>	融化	to melt, destroy.
<i>jung³-hui¹-kuan⁴-t'ung¹</i>	融會貫通	brought together and thoroughly understood.
<i>jung³</i>	卅廿荅	593a1147a African marigold (fu ² jung ²).
<i>jung³</i>	卅荅	590b304a tinder; horn; thick, confused (lu ⁴ jung ²),
JUNG³	宀 冗	593b304b odds and ends; scattered; hurried.
<i>jung³-sei⁴</i>	冗費	extra expenditure.
<i>jung³-kuan¹</i>	冗官	officers off duty or not employed.
<i>jung³-li⁴</i>	冗吏	same.
<i>jung³-ping¹</i>	冗兵	extra troops.
<i>jung³-shih²</i>	冗食	sinecures.
<i>jung³-shih²-chih¹-yüan²</i>	冗食之員	officers who hold sinecures.
<i>jung³-tsa²</i>	冗雜	confused, scattered.
<i>jung³</i>	毛毳	593c303c down, fur; to fledge.
<i>jung³-chi¹</i>	毳雞	a chicken (fledgling).
<i>jung³-muo²</i>	毳毛	fine soft hair, down, fur.

<i>jung³-yü³</i>	翫羽	down.
KA¹	口 嘎 ^{593a357c}	noise of chirping birds, laughter, etc.
<i>ka¹-chih¹-i¹-shêng⁴</i>	嘎吱一聲	there was a crash.
<i>ka¹-niu⁴</i>	嘎謔	eccentric, queer
<i>ka¹-pêng¹-ts'ui⁴</i>	嘎棚籠	very brittle (ts'ui ⁴ shêng ¹ shêng ¹ ts'ui ⁴).
<i>ka¹-ka¹</i>	嘎嘎	imitation of a certain sound
<i>ka¹</i>	嘎 ○ ○	(used in combination following).
<i>ka¹-la¹-êrh³</i>	嘎拉兒	a corner, e. g., of a room (Pekingese).
K'A¹	嘎 ^{593a357c}	noise of laughter.
<i>ka¹-k'a¹</i>	嘎嘎	same.
<i>ka¹-k'a¹-ti¹-hsiao⁴</i>	嘎嘎的笑	a roar of laughter.
<i>ka¹-pa¹</i>	嘎巴	an angle, a fork of a tree (mu ⁴ ch'a ¹).
<i>ka¹-pa¹-tang¹</i>	嘎巴襠	fork of the trousers.
<i>k'a¹-tsa²-tsü³</i>	嘎雜子	cross-grained man; bastard.
<i>ka¹ (ch'ia)</i>	卜 卡 ^{118b940b}	a pass, a barrier, a station, a guard house. [ch'ia ¹ . See
<i>ka¹-fung³</i>	卡房	a guard-house (kuan ¹ ch'ia ¹).
<i>ka¹-lun³</i>	卡倫	a Customs' barrier.
<i>ka¹-lu⁴</i>	卡路	an important pass.
<i>ka¹ (or hâ)</i>	口 哈 ^{386a218a}	sound of laughter.
<i>ka¹-la¹</i>	哈喇	broad-cloth (ha ¹ la ¹ , ta ⁴ ni ²).
KAI¹	言 該 ^{594b306a}	to owe; ought, shouts, right, proper.
<i>kai¹-chan³</i>	該斬	ought to be beheaded.
<i>kai¹-chang⁴-ti¹</i>	該賬的	a debtor (chai ⁴ jên ²).
<i>kai¹-ch'ien³</i>	該錢	to owe money.
<i>kai¹-ch'ien³-pu⁴-huan³</i>	該錢不還	refusing to pay your debts.
<i>kai¹-ch'ien⁴</i>	該欠	to owe.
<i>kai¹-cho³</i>	該著	ought, right, proper; owing, to owe.
<i>kai¹-jan³</i>	該然	ought, right, proper.
<i>kai¹-pan¹</i>	該班	one's turn on duty.
<i>kai¹-pu⁴-kai¹</i>	該不該	should you or not? expecting negative.
<i>kai¹-pu⁴-i⁴-ch'iu³</i>	該部議處	let the said Board consult and settle case.
<i>kai¹-pu⁴-i⁴-tsou⁴</i>	該部議奏	let the said Board consult and report.
<i>kai¹-sha¹-ti¹</i>	該殺的	ought to die, a good for nothing.
<i>kai¹-ssü³</i>	該死	same.
<i>kai¹-ta³</i>	該打	deserves a beating.
<i>kai¹-ta³-chü⁴-ta³</i>	該打就打	merits a beating and gets it.
<i>kai¹-ta⁴-ch'ên³</i>	該大臣	the said high official.
<i>kai¹-t'a¹-ju³-ts'ü³</i>	該他如此	thus is his fate (ming ⁴).
<i>kai¹-t'a¹-ti¹</i>	該他的	to owe him.
<i>kai¹-to¹-shao³</i>	該多少	how much is owing? etc.

kai¹-tang¹
 kai¹-tang¹-ho²-tsui⁴
 kai¹-ying¹

該當
 該當何罪
 該應

ought, should, it is my duty (polite).
 what penalty should be given?
 ought (ying¹ kai¹).

KAI³ 支 改^{595a307a}
 kai³-ch'ao²-huan⁴-ti⁴ 改朝換帝
 kai³-ch'eng⁴ 改正
 kai³-ch'i¹ 改期
 kai³-chia⁴ 改嫁
 kai³-chuan¹-i¹-fu² 改裝衣服
 kai³-hang² 改行
 kai³-hsiao¹ 改削
 kai³-hsieh²-kuei¹-ch'eng⁴ 改邪歸正
 kai³-hsing⁴ 改形
 kai³-huan⁴ 改換
 kai³-i² 改移
 kai³-i⁴ 改易
 kai³-jên² 改人
 kai³-jih⁴ 改日
 kai³-jih⁴-lai² 改日來
 kai³-jih⁴-tsai⁴-chien⁴ 改日再見
 kai³-jung² 改容
 kai³-kuo⁴ 改過
 kai³-kuo⁴-tzü⁴-hsin¹ 改過自新
 kai³-ming² 改名
 kai³-ming²-huan⁴-hsing⁴ 改名換姓
 kai³-o⁴-ts'ung²-shan⁴ 改惡從善
 kai³-pien⁴ 改變
 kai³-sê⁴ 改色
 kai³-t'ou²-huan⁴-mien⁴ 改頭換面
 kai³-tsao⁴ 改造
 kai³-tun⁴ 改頓

to change, to alter, to reform.
 a change of dynasty.
 to reform, to correct, to alter.
 to change the date.
 to marry a second husband (êrh⁴ lai² lai²).
 to adopt a disguise.
 to change one's trade or occupation.
 to amend and erase.
 to change from corrupt to right courses.
 to alter in appearance, etc.
 to change.
 to shift, to remove.
 to alter.
 to banter a person.
 another day, some other time.
 come some other day.
 I'll see you again shortly, good bye!
 to change colour (through sickness).
 to reform, to amend; reformation, altered.
 to reform, to become a new man.
 to change one's name.
 same.
 to reform, to turn over a new leaf.
 to change, to alter.
 to change colour, changed colour.
 "alter head change face," to disguise one's self.
 to additionally do, to rebuild.
 to change regular diet.

KAI⁴ 艸 卮 蓋 { 蓋^{595b307c}
 kai⁴ 蓋
 kai⁴-ch'ien¹ 蓋
 kai⁴-chu¹-wo¹ 蓋猪窩
 kai⁴-'rh² 蓋兒
 kai⁴-fang²-tzü³ 蓋房子
 kai⁴-kai⁴-t'ou² 蓋蓋頭
 kai⁴-miao⁴-chu²-t'a³ 蓋廟築塔
 kai⁴-pei¹-wo¹ 蓋被窩
 kai⁴-pu¹-yen² 蓋不掩

to cover; a cover; to build.
 same.
 to screen a fault.
 to built a pigsty.
 a cover.
 to build a house (hsiu¹ kai⁴).
 to cover the head with the bed clothes,
 to build temples and rear pagodas,
 to pull up the bed clothes.
 to cover incompletely.

kai⁴-shang⁴ 蓋上
kai⁴-shang⁴-kai⁴ 蓋上蓋
kai⁴-shih⁴-chih⁴-ts'ai³ 蓋世之才
kai⁴-shih⁴-wu²-shuang¹ 蓋世無雙
kai⁴.ti⁴-êrh²-lai² 蓋地而來
kai⁴-ting³-rh² 蓋頂兒
kai⁴-t'ou² 蓋頭
kai⁴-yen³-liao³ 蓋掩了
kai⁴ 木 { 樑^{596a307b}
 概
kai⁴-chun³-hsing² 概准行
kai⁴-hsing² 概行
kai⁴-hsing²-huo⁴-mien³ 概行豁免
kai⁴-hsing³-mien³-shui⁴ 概行免稅
kai⁴-pu⁴-chun³-hsing² 概不准行
kai⁴-pu⁴-shê²-chang⁴ 概不除賑
kai⁴-pu⁴-shih¹-shê³ 概不施捨
kai⁴ 一 句 丐^{596a307a}
kai⁴-tzü³ 丐子
kai⁴ 頁 蓋^{598b309c}

to cover,
 to put on the cover.
 talents which overtop all others.
 no match in the whole world.
 coming on like a flood (o. g., men, insects).
 to roof or cover a house.
 a bride's head-dress (mien³ liu²).
 to cover up completely, to conceal.
 collectively, generally; a strike; to level.
 same (ta⁴ kai⁴).
 allowed everywhere.
 all will answer; everywhere.
 a general pardon.
 all exempted from duty.
 will not be allowed anywhere.
 gives credit to no one.
 never gives charity.
 to beg.
 a beggar (ch'i³ kai⁴).
 fontanelle (t'ien¹ ling² kai⁴).

K'AI¹ 門 開^{596b303a}
k'ai¹-cha² 開
k'ai¹-chui¹ 開齋
k'ai¹-ch'ai¹ 開差
k'ai¹-ch'ai¹ 開拆
k'ai¹-ch'ai¹-shu¹-hsin⁴ 開拆書信
k'ai¹-chang¹ 開張
k'ai¹-chang⁴ 開帳
k'ai¹-ch'ê²-tzü³ 開車子
k'ai¹-chéng¹ 開徵
k'ai¹-ch'i¹ 開襖
k'ai¹-chia¹ 開枷
k'ai¹-chiang³ 開講
k'ai¹-ch'iang¹ 開腔
k'ai¹-ch'iang¹ 開鎗
k'ai¹-ch'ien² 開錢
k'ai¹-chih⁴ 開智
k'ai¹-chin⁴ 開禁
k'ai¹-chüan⁴ 開卷
k'ai¹-ch'üan³ 開拳
k'ai¹-ch'uan³ 開船
k'ai¹-ch'üeh¹ 開缺

to open, unloose; to begin. M: 190.
 to open the sluice.
 to break fast, i.e., cease the practice (fang⁴ [chieh⁴].
 to send a runner anywhere.
 to break open.
 to break open a letter.
 to beg.
 to open an account.
 to drive aside to let another pass.
 to begin collection of taxes.
 opening at the side of coat, a gusset (or chieh¹ to release from the wooden collar. [or hsieh⁴].
 to explain, to begin to expound.
 to begin to sing (theatre).
 to fire, to open fire on,
 to give out money, to pay off.
 to open (the people's) minds,
 to remove restrictions or prohibitions,
 to begin one's studies,
 to cuff, to box.
 to set sail, etc.
 to leave a post vacant.

k'ai ¹ -ên ¹	開恩	to be gracious, to show favor.
k'ai ¹ -fa ¹	開發	to disperse, to distribute.
k'ai ¹ -fan ⁴	開飯	to set forth or serve a meal (pai ³ fan ⁴).
k'ai ¹ -fang ⁴	開放	to release, to liberate.
k'ai ¹ -fang ¹ -tzu ³	開方子	to write a prescription.
k'ai ¹ -fang ¹ -pien ⁴	開方便	to begin charity.
k'ai ¹ -hang ³	開行	to open a firm.
k'ai ¹ -ho ²	開河	to open the river (bound by frost).
k'ai ¹ -hsiao ¹	開消	to expend, to dispose of; to manage, to settle.
k'ai ¹ -hsin ¹ -chieh ³ -mên ⁴	開心解悶	to cheer up and dispel ennui (san ⁴ mên ⁴).
k'ai ¹ -hsin ⁴	開信	to write a letter (hsieh ³ hsin ⁴).
k'ai ¹ -hua ¹	開花	an opening flower.
k'ai ¹ -hua ¹ -p'ao ⁴	開花砲	a gun which throws a shell.
k'ai ¹ -huai ²	開懷	joyful.
k'ai ¹ -huang ¹	開荒	to break up ground for cultivation.
k'ai ¹ -k'ên ³ -t'i ⁴	開墾地	to plough new land.
k'ai ¹ -k'o ¹ -ch'ü ³ -shih ⁴	開科取士	to examine and select scholars.
k'ai ¹ -k'ou ³	開口	to open the mouth, to commence speaking.
k'ai ¹ -k'ou ³ -wei ⁴	口味	appetizing (hou ⁴ wei ⁴).
k'ai ¹ -k'u ⁴ -tung ¹	開褲襠	child's split-pants.
k'ai ¹ -kuan ¹	開關	to open and shut; to open the gates of the city.
k'ai ¹ -kuang ¹	開光	dedication of temple with theatricals, etc.
k'ai ¹ -k'uang ⁴	開壙	to dig a grave.
k'ai ¹ -kung ¹	開弓	to draw a bow.
k'ai ¹ -kuo ²	開國	to inaugurate a dynasty (ch'uang ⁴ kuo ² chi ¹).
k'ai ¹ -kuo ² -yüan ² -hsün ¹	開國元勳	ministers who found a state.
k'ai ¹ -k'uo ⁴	開闊	clear-headed, judicious.
k'ai ¹ -k'uo ⁴ -hua ⁴	開闊話	judicious words.
k'ai ¹ -lieh ⁴	開列	to arrange in a row; to make out a list of.
k'ai ¹ -lieh ⁴ -yü ³ -hou ⁴	開列于後	stated in order as follows.
k'ai ¹ -lien ²	開鍊	to begin to reap.
k'ai ¹ -lien ³	開險	to shave and dress the hair as a married woman.
k'ai ¹ -lu ⁴ -hsien ¹ -fêng ¹	開路先鋒	to open a path in battle.
k'ai ¹ -mên ²	開門	to open a door, open the door!
k'ai ¹ -mêng ²	開蒙	to enter school for first time.
k'ai ¹ -p'ang ²	開嘮	to boast (k'ua ¹ k'ou ³).
k'ai ¹ -pao ¹	開包	to open a bundle; to get obstreperous, etc.
k'ai ¹ -p'ao ⁴	開砲	to begin cannonade (fang ⁴ p'ao ⁴). [i ³ lai ²].
k'ai ¹ -p'ü ⁴ -l'ai ²	開闢以來	from the foundation of the world (ch'uang ⁴ shih ⁴ cannot open.
k'ai ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹	開不開	cannot open.
k'ai ¹ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	開不得	must not be opened.
k'ai ¹ -p'u ⁴ -ta ¹ -c'i ²	開鋪大吉	a lucky period for opening a shop (a placard)
k'ai ¹ -sun ³	開傘	to open an umbrella.

<i>k'ai¹-shan⁴-mén²</i>	開善門
<i>k'ai¹-shih⁴</i>	開市
<i>k'ai¹-shih⁴-ta⁴-chi²</i>	開市大吉
<i>k'ai¹-shih⁴</i>	開釋
<i>k'ai¹-shou³</i>	開手
<i>k'ai¹-shui²</i>	開水
<i>k'ai¹-so⁴</i>	開鎖
<i>k'ai¹-tan¹</i>	開單
<i>k'ai¹-t'ang¹-chiang³-tao⁴</i>	開堂講道
<i>k'ai¹-tao¹</i>	開刀
<i>k'ai¹-tao⁴</i>	開道
<i>k'ai¹-tao⁴</i>	開導
<i>k'ai¹-tê³</i>	開得
<i>k'ai¹-têng¹</i>	開燈
<i>k'ai¹-t'ien¹-p'í⁴-tí⁴</i>	開天闢地
<i>k'ai¹-t'ou³</i>	開頭
<i>k'ai¹-tu³</i>	開賭
<i>k'ai¹-tuan¹</i>	開端
<i>k'ai¹-t'ui³</i>	開腿
<i>k'ai¹-t'ung¹</i>	開通
<i>k'ai¹-wei⁴</i>	開味
<i>k'ai¹-yao⁴-fung¹</i>	開藥方
<i>k'ai¹-yen³</i>	開眼
<i>k'ai¹-yin⁴</i>	開印

to be benevolent, philanthropic, etc. (山門 also [used] to open a shop or market.)
 a lucky day for opening a shop or market.
 to release, to let go (shih⁴ fang⁴).
 to begin; to open the hand.
 to boil water, boiling water (chu³, kun³ shui¹).
 to unlock, to release.
 to make out a bill.
 to open a hall and preach,
 to open a knife; to kill.
 to open a way, to clear the way; forerunner.
 to explain clearly, to instruct.
 able to open.
 to begin smoking opium (hsi¹ ta⁴ yen¹).
 the creation.
 at first (ch'í³ ch'u¹).
 to gamble, to open a den (tu³ po²).
 the first principles.
 to stretch the legs, at full speed,
 clear-headed, judicious (ts'ung¹ ming²). [wei⁴].
 to enjoy one's self, to have an appetite (k'ai¹ k'ou³)
 to write a prescription (k'ai¹ fang¹ tzü³).
 to open the eyes, to be up to, to gain experience.
 { "to open the seal," to recommence business (official). }

K'AI' (<i>ch'iai</i>)	木	楷	119b362b
<i>k'ai³-hsieh³</i>		楷寫	
<i>k'ai³-shu¹</i>		楷書	
<i>k'ai³</i>	心	忼	598b309b
<i>k'ai³-t'an⁴</i>		慨嘆	
<i>k'ai³</i>	金	鎧	598a308c
<i>k'ai³-chia³</i>		鎧甲	
<i>k'ai³</i>	几	凱	597c308c
<i>k'ai³-ko¹</i>		凱歌	

round text; a pattern, a mould, an example.
 round text; to write legibly.
 same.
 generous, magnanimous, liberal (ta⁴ fang¹).
 oh, dear! what a pity!
 armor, mail.
 armor (k'uei¹ chia³).
 a victory.
 a triumphal song.

KAN'	乙	乾	598c311c
<i>kan¹-chê²</i>		乾折	
<i>kan¹-ch'in¹-ch'i¹</i>		乾親戚	
<i>kan¹-ching⁴</i>		乾淨	
<i>kan¹-êrh²-tzu³</i>		乾兒子	
<i>kan¹-fan⁴</i>		乾飯	
<i>kan¹-kan⁴</i>		乾旱	

dry, dried up. See *ch'ien²*.
 to substitute, to commute, e.g., presents (chê³ [kan¹])
 a sort of adopted relative.
 clean, tidy.
 adopted son (informal) (i⁴ tzü³).
 dry food, i. e., rice without gravy.
 drought.

kan ¹ -k'u ¹	乾枯	withered (tiao ¹ hsieh ⁴).
kan ¹ -kuo ³ -tzü ³	乾菓子	dried fruits.
han ¹ -li ³	乾禮	dry presents, i.e., money (shui ³ li ³).
kan ¹ -liang ³	乾糧	dry bread, or provision carried by travellers.
kan ¹ -liao ³ -sang ³ -tzü ³	乾了嗓子	parched throat.
kan ¹ -lieh ⁴ -liao ³	乾裂了	cracked from dryness.
kan ¹ -ma ¹	乾媽	an adopted mother ; a procuress, a bawd.
kan ¹ -pa ¹ -pa ¹ -ti ¹	乾巴巴的	very dry ; stern (hsien ³ kan ¹).
kan ¹ -shih ¹	乾濕	dry and wet.
kan ¹ -tieh ¹	乾爹	an adopted father (informal) (i ⁴ fu ⁴).
kan ¹ -ts'ei ⁴	乾菜	dry vegetables.
kan ¹ -tsao ⁴	乾燥	dry, parched (pêng ⁴ ts'ui ⁴).
kan ¹ -ts'ao ³	乾草	hay, dried millet straw.
kan ¹ -t'u ³	乾土	dry land.
kan ¹ -yüeh ¹	乾噁	to retch (o ⁴ hsin ¹).
kan ¹	干	a shield ; concern, consequences ; crime, offence.
kan ¹ -chéng ⁴	干證	to depose ; a witness (chien ⁴ chéng ⁴).
kan ¹ -chü ³	干己	which concerns one's self.
kan ¹ -chü ⁴	干咎	to be guilty, to bear the guilt.
kan ¹ -ch'ü ²	干求	to entreat, to beg.
kan ¹ -fan ⁴	干犯	to trespass, to offend.
kan ¹ -hsi ⁴	干係	consequences, concern, implication, complicity [kuan ¹ hsi ⁴].
kan ¹ -hsiu ¹	干休	to settle, to finish, to drop. [(chün ¹ ch'ü ⁴).
kan ¹ -ko ¹	干戈	shields and spears, warlike weapons ; war
kan ¹ -lien ²	干連	to implicate, implicated.
kan ¹ -shé ⁴	干涉	same.
kan ¹ -tsui ⁴	干罪	to bear the penalty.
kan ¹	甘	sweet, pleasant, agreeable ; voluntary, willing.
kan ¹ -ché ¹	甘蔗	sugar-cane.
kan ¹ -chieh ³	甘結	a voluntary engagement.
kan ¹ -hsin ¹	甘心	an easy mind ; free will, willingly. M. 145.
kan ¹ -hsin ¹ -ch'ing ² -yüan ⁴	甘心情願	perfectly willing.
kan ¹ -hsin ¹ -lé ⁴ -i ⁴	甘心樂意	gladly willing.
kan ¹ -k'u ³	甘苦	sweet and bitter. [t'ien ² lai ²].
kan ¹ -k'u ³ -pei ⁴ -ch'ang ³	甘苦備嘗	to have experienced sweet and bitter (k'u ³ chin ⁴
kan ¹ -lin ²	甘霖	seasonable rain (hsi ³ yü ³).
kan ¹ -lu ⁴	*甘露	sweet dew ; favour.
kan ¹ -mei ³	甘美	delicious, luscious.
kan ¹ -shui ³	甘水	fresh or sweet water.
kan ¹ -su ⁴	甘肅	the province of Kan-suh. W. I. 152.
kan ¹ -t'ien ²	甘甜	sweet (hsi ⁴ t'ien ²).
kan ¹ -ts'ao ³	甘草	liquorice.
kan ¹ -wei ⁴	甘味	a sweet flavour (wei ⁴ tao ⁴).

Note 57.

<i>kan¹-yen²-mi⁴-yü³</i>	甘言蜜語	honeyed words.
<i>kan¹-yü³</i>	甘雨	refreshing rain.
<i>kan¹</i>	肝 <small>肉月</small>	the liver.
<i>kan¹-ch'ang²</i>	肝腸	to think of, to bear in mind.
<i>kan¹-fei⁴</i>	肝肺	liver and lungs.
<i>kan¹-huo²-shêng⁴</i>	肝火盛	apt to get angry.
<i>kan¹-tan³</i>	肝膽	the liver and gall.
<i>kan¹</i>	疔 <small>疔</small>	a sort of spreading sore, venereal sores.
<i>kan¹-chi¹</i>	疔積	rickets, atrophy.
<i>kan¹-ch'uang¹</i>	疔瘡	venereal sores, ulcers.
<i>kan¹ (tzü)</i>	木 柑 <small>601c311b</small>	a kind of orange (chü ² , ch'ên ²).
<i>kan¹-p'ü³</i>	柑皮	orange peel.
<i>kan¹ (tzü)</i>	木 杆 <small>600b310b</small>	a stick, a post, a flag-staff; railings.
<i>kan¹ (tzü)</i>	竹 竿 <small>601b310b</small>	a bamboo stick (chu ² kan ¹).
<i>kan¹</i>	水 汔 <small>602a311b</small>	to boil thick.
<i>kan¹-shui³-t'ung³</i>	汔水桶	dirty water-bucket.
KAN³	心 感 <small>602c312b</small>	grateful; to move, to influence, to affect.
<i>kan³-chi¹</i>	感激	grateful (chi ¹ fa ¹).
<i>kan³-chi¹-pu⁴-chin⁴</i>	感激不盡	extremely grateful.
<i>kan³-ch'ing³</i>	感情	gratitude, grateful feelings.
<i>kan³-ên¹</i>	感恩	to be grateful for favours, to feel obliged.
<i>kan³-ên¹-pu⁴-chin⁴</i>	感恩不盡	to be everlastingly grateful.
<i>kan³-ên¹-pu⁴-wang⁴</i>	感恩不忘	always remembering with gratitude.
<i>kan³-hsieh⁴</i>	感謝	to be grateful.
<i>kan³-hua⁴</i>	感化	to reform, to regenerate, to be converted.
<i>kan³-mao⁴</i>	感冒	to have caught cold (fêng ¹ mao ⁴).
<i>kan³-nien⁴</i>	感念	grateful.
<i>kan³-p'ei⁴</i>	感佩	to gratefully remember.
<i>kan³-tai¹ wu²-chi⁴</i>	感戴無既	inexpressibly grateful
<i>kan³-tê²</i>	感德	grateful, to excite virtue.
<i>kan³-tung⁴</i>	感動	to move or influence the feelings, to affect.
<i>kan³-ying¹-p'ien¹</i>	感應篇	Book of Rewards and Punishments (Taoist).
<i>kan³-ying¹-pu⁴-shuang³</i>	感應不爽	rewards and punishments unerring.
<i>kan³-yün⁴-êrh²-shêng¹</i>	感孕而生	to conceive supernaturally and bear.
<i>kan³</i>	支 敢 <small>602b312a</small>	to venture, to dare; daring, bold, rash, M. 374, sure enough.
<i>kan³-ch'ing³</i>	敢情	I venture to come.
<i>kan³-lai³</i>	敢來	I venture to drag you to my house (kao ¹ p'an ¹).
<i>kan³-p'an¹</i>	敢攀	willing to guarantee.
<i>kan³-pao³</i>	敢保	of course, really.
<i>kan³-shih⁴</i>	敢是	I did it, I dare to do it.
<i>kan³-tang¹</i>	敢當	I did it, I venture to do it.
<i>kan³-tso⁴</i>	敢做	

kan ³ -tso ¹ -kan ³ -wei ²	敢作敢爲	dares to act and to bear (for 作 also 做) (wu ² so ² [pu ⁴ wei ²]).
kan ³ -tzū ⁴	敢自	of course, really.
kan ³ -wên ⁴	敢問	I venture to ask.
kan ³	走趕	to pursue, to run after, to endeavour to overtake.
kan ³ -chai ¹	趕齋	(Buddhist) quickly eat.
kan ³ -ch'ê ¹ -ti ¹	趕車的	a carter (chang ³ pien ¹ ti ¹).
kan ³ -chū ²	趕集的	to attend a market.
kan ³ -chiao ² -ti ¹	趕腳的	driver of hired animal, e. g., a donkey.
kan ³ -chin ³	趕緊	quickly, at once (ma ³ shang ¹).
kan ³ -chin ¹ -ch'êng ² -lai ²	趕進城來	to drive into the city.
kan ³ -cho ² -ch'ün ² -yang ²	趕着羣羊	driving a flock of sheep.
kan ³ -chū ²	趕逐	to drive out, to expel.
kan ³ -ch'u ¹ -ch'êng ² -ch'u ⁴	趕出城去	driven out of the city.
kan ³ -ch'u ¹ -chiao ⁴ -wai ⁴	趕出教外	expelled from the church.
kan ³ -ch'u ² -liao ³	趕出了	driven out.
kan ³ -ch'u ¹ -ssü ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	趕出寺去	an expelled priest.
kan ³ -hui ² -lai ²	趕回來	to hurry back.
kan ³ -hui ⁴	趕會	to attend a fair.
kan ³ -k'ao ³	趕考	to go to examination.
kan ³ -k'ao ³ -p'êng ²	趕考棚	booths at examination times.
kan ³ -k'o ¹	趕科	to attend the examinations.
kan ³ -kuei ³	趕鬼	to drive out devils, exorcism (sung ⁴ sui ⁴ ti ¹).
kan ³ -k'uai ⁴	趕快	to pursue quickly.
kan ³ -lai ² -kan ³ -ch'u ⁴	趕來趕去	driven hither and thither.
kan ³ -lu ⁴	趕路	to travel quickly.
kan ³ -lü ² -ti ¹	趕驢的	a donkey driver.
kan ³ -lung ³	趕攏	to curry favor, to coax (pa ¹ chieh ²).
kan ³ -mang ³ -cho ² -ch'ü ⁴	趕忙着去	to go post-haste.
kan ³ -ming ² -t'ien ¹ -shuo ¹	趕明天說	speak of it to-morrow (ming ² t'ien ¹ tsai ⁴ shuo ¹).
kan ³ -pu ¹ -shang ⁴	趕不上	unable to overtake or do, etc.
kan ³ -pu ¹ -shang ⁴ -ch'êng ²	趕不上城	can't get in before closing of gates.
kan ³ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴ -t'ang ⁴	趕不上邊	came late.
kan ³ -shang ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	趕上去	to pursue after (nien ³ pu ⁴ shang ⁴ , chui ⁴ pu ⁴ tao ⁴).
kan ³ -tao ⁴	趕到	to overtake, by the time, when. M. 421
kan ³ -tê ² -shang ⁴	趕得上	able to overtake.
kan ³ -tsao ³	趕早	very early on the road.
kan ³ -tsai ³	趕賊	to pursue a thief.
kan ³ -wan ³	趕晚	to go late when travelling
kan ³	木 橄	olive.
kan ³ -lan ³	橄欖	same.
kan ³ -lan ³ -shan ¹	橄欖山	Mount of Olives.
kan ³	手 擀	to roll out, as dough.
kan ³ -mien ⁴ -chang ⁴	擀麵杖	rolling pin.

- kan³ (tzu) 木 桿 601b312c a post, a flag-staff. Numerative of spears, etc.
- KAN⁴** 干 幹 599b313b business; to manage, to transact, to do: ability.
 kan⁴-ch'én² 幹 臣 a talented minister.
 kan⁴-pan⁴ 幹 辦 to transact, to manage.
 kan⁴-pu⁴-lai² 幹 不 來 unable to manage.
 kan⁴-shên²-ma¹ 幹 甚 麼 what are you doing? why?
 kan⁴-shih⁴ 幹 事 to manage an affair.
 kan⁴-tê²-lai² 幹 得 來 able to manage.
 kan⁴-ying²-shêng¹ 幹 營 生 to work.
 kan⁴-yüan³ 幹 員 an able official (néng³ yüan³).
- K'AN¹** 土 堪 604a314a [bear. tolerable; able for, adequate; worthy of; to
 k'an¹-i² 堪 宜 fit, proper.
 k'an¹-jên⁴ 堪 任 adequate to sustain.
 k'an¹-k'an¹-tí¹ 堪 堪 的 just the thing, suitable; quickly,
 k'an¹-k'o² 堪 可 tolerable, adequate.
 k'an¹-k'o⁴ 堪 克 adequate to, able or competent for.
 k'an¹-tang¹ 堪 當 worthy of; ought to be.
 k'an¹-yung⁴ 堪 用 useful, serviceable.
 k'an¹-yü³-hsien¹-shêng¹ 堪 輿 先生 a geomancer.
 k'an¹ 刀 刊 刊 604c314a to cut, to carve, to engrave.
 k'an¹-k'o⁴ 刊 刻 to engrave, to cut (as types).
 k'an¹-mu⁴ 刊 木 to fell timber; to carve wood.
 k'an¹-pan³ 刊 板 to cut blocks for printing.
 k'an¹-tzu⁴ 刊 字 to cut character in wood.
 k'an¹ 龕 龕 605a314c a niche; a small room; a pagoda.
- K'AN³** 土 埧 坎 605b315a a pit; precipice; a threshold.
 k'an³-k'êng¹ 坎 坑 a pit, den or cave (tung⁴).
 k'an³-k'o¹ 坎 坳 uneven, irregular.
 k'an³-kua⁴ 坎 卦 one of the diagrams.
 k'an³-kung¹ 坎 宮 the north.
 k'an³ 石 砍 605a315b to cut, to chop, to fell (ko¹, ch'ieh⁴ tuan⁴).
 k'an³-chien¹-rh² 砍 肩 兒 a waistcoat without sleeves (pei⁴ hsin¹).
 k'an³-fü²-shu⁴-mu⁴ 砍 伐 樹 木 to cut down timber.
 k'an³-hsia⁴-lai² 砍 下 來 to cut down.
 k'an³-k'uai⁴ 砍 快 prompt, peremptory.
 k'an³-liao³-i¹-hsia⁴ 砍 了 一 下 gave a cut.
 k'an³-nco³-tai⁴ 砍 斃 袋 decapitate (chan³ shou³).
 k'an³-p'o⁴-liao³ 砍 破 了 cut open.
 k'an³-pu¹-k'ai¹ 砍 不 開 cannot cut open.

<i>k'an³-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>	砍不動	unable to cut.
<i>k'an³-shu⁴</i>	砍樹	to cut down a tree (fa ¹ shu ⁴).
<i>k'an³-ssü³</i>	砍死	to cut down and kill.
<i>k'an³-t'a¹-i¹-tao¹</i>	砍他一刀	gave him a cut with a knife.
<i>k'an³-tê²-tung⁴</i>	砍得動	able to cut.
<i>k'an³</i> 手	砍 ^{605a315b}	to strike, or throw stones at.
<i>k'an³-kou³</i>	砍狗	throw a stone at a dog.
<i>k'an³-p'u⁴-la¹</i>	砍破喇	'smashed.
<i>k'an³-t'a¹-i¹-chuan¹</i>	砍他一磚	hurl a brick at it.
<i>k'an³ (chien¹)</i> 木	檻 ^{461b200c}	railings; threshold of a door (cha ⁴ lan ²).
<i>k'an³-ch'é¹</i>	檻車	a sort of cage cart for prisoners.
<i>k'an³</i> 人	侃 ^{605c315a}	straightforward speech (chien ³ chih ³ ; kêng ³ same.
<i>k'an³-k'an³</i>	侃侃	same.
<i>k'an³-yen³</i>	侃言	straightforward and earnest words.
K'AN⁴ 目 翰 看	看 ^{603b316b}	to look, to see, to observe. M. 538 (kuan ¹ k'an ⁴).
<i>k'an⁴-ch'ü¹-hui⁴</i>	看機會	seize an opportunity.
<i>k'an⁴-ch'ü¹-lai²</i>	看起來	judging from appearance.
<i>k'an⁴-chia¹-kou³</i>	看家狗	a watch-dog.
<i>k'an⁴-chieh¹-ti¹</i>	看街的	"a looker after streets," a policeman.
<i>k'an⁴-chien⁴</i>	看見	to see.
<i>k'an⁴-chien¹-kuo⁴</i>	看見過	seen.
<i>k'an⁴-ch'ien² kuci⁴</i>	看錢鬼	a miser (shou ³ ch'ien ² nu ²).
<i>k'an⁴-ch'ing¹-liao³</i>	看輕了	to esteem lightly; to dishonour (k'an ⁴ pu ⁴ ch'ü ³).
<i>k'an⁴-cho²-pan⁴</i>	看着辦	to act according to circumstances (sui ² shih ⁴).
<i>k'an⁴-cho²-jung²-i¹</i>	看着容易	is easy to look at.
<i>k'an⁴-cho²-tung¹-hsi¹</i>	看着東西	guarding the things.
<i>k'an⁴-chüan⁴-tzü³</i>	看卷子	inspector of essays at examinations.
<i>k'an⁴-chun³-liao³</i>	看準了	to be correct in judging.
<i>k'an⁴-chung¹</i>	看中	pleased with, prefer.
<i>k'an⁴-feng¹-shui³</i>	看風水	to exercise the geomantic art.
<i>k'an⁴-feng¹-shih³-ch'uan²</i>	看風駛船	to sail according to the wind.
<i>k'an⁴-hai²-tzü³</i>	看孩子	to take care of a child.
<i>k'an⁴-hsi⁴</i>	看戲	to look at theatricals.
<i>k'an⁴-hua¹</i>	看花	to look at flowers.
<i>k'an⁴-i¹-k'an⁴</i>	看一看	to have a look, take a look, just look (ch'ou ² t'a ¹ [i ¹ yen ³]).
<i>k'an⁴ jê⁴-nao⁴</i>	看熱鬧	to look at any bustle, gaiety, etc.
<i>k'an⁴-ku¹</i>	看顧	to look after, to take care of.
<i>k'an⁴-kuan³</i>	看管	to look after, to manage.
<i>k'an⁴-kuan⁴-liao³</i>	看慣了	used to seeing.
<i>k'an⁴-kuang¹-ching³</i>	看光景	act according to circumstances.
<i>k'an⁴-kuo⁴</i>	看過	seen.
<i>k'an⁴-liao³-k'an⁴</i>	看了看	to look again and again.

<i>k'an¹-mên²-ti¹</i>	看門的	a gatekeeper, a porter (<i>pa⁴ mên² ti¹</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-ming²-pai²</i>	看明白	to see clearly.
<i>k'an⁴-mo⁴</i>	看脈	to feel the pulse (<i>hao⁴ mo⁴, p'ing² mo⁴</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-pan³-kuan¹</i>	看班官	a lock-up keeper.
<i>k'an⁴-ping⁴</i>	看病	to attend to a case of illness (<i>ch'iao² ping⁴</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-ping⁴-ti¹-jên²</i>	看病的	doctors; patients (<i>i¹ shêng¹</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-p'o⁴</i>	看破	to see through an affair, to look thoroughly.
<i>k'an⁴-p'o⁴-chi¹-kuan¹</i>	看破機	to see through the trick.
<i>k'an⁴-p'o⁴-hung³-chên²</i>	看破紅塵	to see through the vanity of this world.
<i>k'an⁴-pu⁴-ch'i³</i>	看不起	to despise, to look down upon (<i>miao³ shih⁴</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-pu⁴-chien⁴</i>	看不見	unable to see, invisible.
<i>k'an⁴-pu⁴-ch'ing¹-ch'u²</i>	看不清楚	cannot see clearly.
<i>k'an⁴-pu⁴-ch'u⁴-u¹</i>	看不出	illegible, can't make out.
<i>k'an⁴-pu⁴-ming²-pai²</i>	看不明白	cannot understand (a book).
<i>k'an⁴-pu⁴-tao⁴-ti²</i>	看不到底	can't see to the bottom.
<i>k'an⁴-pu⁴-tê²</i>	看得	not fit to be seen
<i>k'an⁴-pu⁴-t'ou⁴</i>	看不透	can't see through, or to the bottom.
<i>k'an⁴-shih⁴</i>	看柿	the tomato (<i>fan¹ ch'ieh²</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-shih⁴-ts'o⁴-shih⁴</i>	看勢作事	to act as the circumstances require (<i>k'an⁴ cho²</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-shou²</i>	看守	to keep guard, to look after (<i>pa⁴ shou²</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-shu¹</i>	看書	to read books (<i>tu² shu¹</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-tai¹-iao³</i>	看呆了	lost in admiration.
<i>k'an⁴-tai⁴</i>	看得	to treat (well or ill), to behave to.
<i>k'an⁴-tê²-chien⁴</i>	看得見	able to see, visible.
<i>k'an⁴-tê²-ch'ih¹ tai¹</i>	看得癡呆	lost in admiration.
<i>k'an⁴ tê²-ch'u¹</i>	看得出來	able to see.
<i>k'an⁴-tê²-lai²</i>	看得來	to discover; legible.
<i>k'an⁴-ti¹-chên¹</i>	看得真	seen clearly.
<i>k'an⁴-t'ou²</i>	看頭	something worth seeing,
<i>k'an⁴-t'ou⁴</i>	看透	to see through.
<i>k'an¹-ts'ui²-nu²</i>	看財奴	miserly, a miser (<i>shou² ch'ien² nu²</i>).
<i>k'an⁴-wan²-liao³</i>	看完了	finished seeing.
<i>k'an⁴-wang⁴</i>	看望	to visit, to interview (<i>hui⁴ mien⁴</i>).
<i>k'an¹-wu¹-tzu³</i>	看屋子	to guard the room.
<i>k'an¹-ya¹</i>	看押	to look after, to keep in custody.
<i>k'an¹-ya¹-ch'i¹-lai²</i>	看押起來	arrest him and detain in custody.
<i>k'an⁴-yen²</i>	看眼	to be a spectator.
<i>k'an⁴-ying²-ti⁴</i>	看塋地	to select site for grave (geomancy).
<i>k'an⁴</i>	力	investigate.
<i>k'an⁴-chang⁴-ti⁴-mou²</i>	勘丈地	to measure land.
<i>k'an⁴-fêng¹-shu³</i>	勘風水	geomancy.

<i>kang¹-chêng⁴</i>	剛正	firmness, resolution, fortitude.
<i>kang¹-ch'iang³</i>	剛強	violent, rough, brutal, coarse, headstrong.
<i>kang¹-chih³</i>	剛直	straightforward, upright.
<i>kang¹-chih⁴</i>	剛志	firmness, resolution, intrepidity, fortitude.
<i>kang¹-chih⁴</i>	剛至	that very moment arrived.
<i>kang¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	剛去	just gone.
<i>kang¹-jou³</i>	剛柔	hard and soft ; firm and yielding ; odd and even.
<i>kang¹-kang¹</i>	剛剛	just now. M. 161.
<i>kang¹-kou⁴-yung⁴</i>	剛毅用	just enough for use.
<i>kang¹-kuo⁴-liao³</i>	剛過了	just passed by.
<i>kang¹-lai²</i>	剛來	just come (ts'ai ³ lai ³).
<i>kang¹-lieh⁴</i>	剛烈	overbearing.
<i>kang¹-pao⁴</i>	剛暴	brutal obstinacy, overbearing (tiao ¹ p'i ³).
<i>kang¹-pi⁴-tzü⁴-yung⁴</i>	剛復自用	stubborn and self-opinioned
<i>kang¹-ta⁴</i>	剛大	firmness, resolution, intrepidity, fortitude.
<i>kang¹-tao⁴</i>	剛到	just arrived
<i>kang¹-ts'ai²</i>	剛纔	just now, but a moment ago. M. 161.
<i>kang¹-ts'ai²-lai²-liao³</i>	剛纔來了	just come (fang ⁴ ts'ai ²).
<i>kang¹-ts'ai²-tao²-liao³</i>	剛纔到了	just arrived.
<i>kang¹-ying⁴</i>	剛硬	headstrong, obstinate, unyielding, hard.
<i>kang¹-yung³</i>	剛勇	brave, determined.
<i>kang¹</i>	糸綱 607b319c	the large cord of a net ; to regulate, to control.
<i>kang¹-ch'ang³</i>	綱常	moral obligations (san ¹ kang ¹ wu ³ ch'ang ³).
<i>kang¹-chi⁴</i>	綱紀	to regulate, to control ; index of a book.
<i>kang¹-chien⁴</i>	綱鑑	history (shih ³ chi ⁴).
<i>kang¹-ling³</i>	綱領	a head, a director, a bond, a connecting idea.
<i>kang¹-mu⁴</i>	綱目	a general outline of history, etc.; a head.
<i>kang¹</i>	金鋼 607b319b	steel (tieh ³).
<i>kang¹-chia³-wên²-tzü³</i>	鋼甲蚊子	"mosquito" gunboats.
<i>kang¹-pi³</i>	鋼筆	steel pens.
<i>kang¹-tao¹</i>	鋼刀	a steel knife.
<i>kang¹-t'iao²</i>	鋼條	a bar of steel.
<i>kang¹-tsuan⁴</i>	鋼鑽	a steel drill.
<i>kang¹-yen³</i>	鋼眼	eye for drawing out wire.
<i>kang¹</i>	缶缸 606a319a	a large earthenware vessel, a vat.
<i>kang¹-i¹-k'ou³</i>	缸一口	a vat.
<i>kang¹-kai⁴</i>	缸蓋	a vat cover.
<i>kang¹-p'ên³</i>	缸盆	vats and basins.
<i>kang¹-wa³-shih⁴</i>	缸瓦市	a mart for vats and tiles.
<i>kang¹-wêng⁴</i>	缸甕	a vat.
<i>kang¹-yao³</i>	缸窑	a kiln for burning vats.
<i>kang¹</i>	肉月 肛 606b319b	the rectum, the anus,
<i>kang¹-mên²</i>	肛門	same.

- KANG³** 山 崗 606c318a the ridge or top of a mountain, a mound.
- KANG⁴** 木 (橫 606b569b a porter's pole; pole of a sedan chair; to carry.
杠 606a319a same. (See *k'ang³*).
杠橋梁 a small bridge.
杠房 funeral paraphernalia shop.
杠杠 to carry on a pole (by two men).
杠不動 unable to carry or move (with a pole).
杠不動 the rainbow. (Also *kung, chiang, hung.*)-
虫 虹 536b the rainbow came out.
火 虹出來了 the rainbow came out.
爛 607a319c to temper steel.
- K'ANG¹** 广 康 607c320a peace, repose, comfort, strength.
k'ang¹-ch'iang² stout, hearty, vigorous.
k'ang¹-chien⁴ robust, hearty (*ch'iang² chuang⁴*). [1723.
k'ang¹-hsi¹ the celebrated emperor K'ang-hsi. (A.D. 1662-
k'ang¹-hsi¹-tzü⁴-tien² 康熙字典 K'ang-hsi's dictionary. W. I. 672.
k'ang¹-ning² 康甯 repose, tranquillity.
k'ang¹-t'ai⁴ 康太 same.
k'ang¹ 米 糠 608a320a the husk of grain, chaff.
- K'ANG³** 手 才 攪 擱 扛 606a319b to carry as on shoulders (*t'ai²*).
k'ang³-chia¹ 扛枷 to wear wooden collar.
k'ang³-pu⁴-tung⁴ 扛不動 unable to carry it.
k'ang³ 心 小 慷 608a320b firm, generous.
k'ang³-k'ai³-i¹-ch'i⁴ 慷慨義氣 generous and patriotic.
k'ang³-k'ai³-ti¹-hên² 慷慨的很 most noble.
- K'ANG⁴** 手 才 抗 608c321a to resist, to oppose, to thwart, to disobey.
k'ang⁴-chai⁴-pu⁴-ch'ang⁴ 抗債不償 to refuse to pay a debt.
k'ang⁴-chia⁴ 抗價 to keep up the price, not sell for less.
k'ang⁴-chiü⁴ 抗拒 to disobey, disobedience; to thwart, to oppose.
k'ang⁴-k'ou³-tai¹ 抗口袋 to carry bags; a coolie.
k'ang⁴-liang² 抗糧 to resist or evade the paying of taxes.
k'ang⁴-ni⁴ 抗逆 to resist, disobey.
k'ang⁴-ti² 抗敵 to oppose, to resist.
k'ang⁴-tuan⁴-pu⁴-tsun¹ 抗斷不遵 oppose the decisions of the official.
k'ang⁴ 火 炕 608c320c a stove bed; to dry by a fire.
k'ang⁴-chan¹ 炕氈 a rug on a kang.
k'ang⁴-ch'uang² 炕牀 to warm a bed; a warm bed.
k'ang⁴-han⁴ 炕旱 dry weather, drought.
k'ang⁴-hsi² 炕蓆 the mat on a stove bed.
k'ang⁴-huo² 炕火 to dry or warm by a fire (*pei⁴ kan¹*).

k'ang⁴-i¹-k ang¹
 k'ang⁴-lu²-t zū³
 k'ang⁴-nien⁴-t zū³
 k'ang⁴-p'ui²-ch'a⁴
 k'ang⁴-p'ing²
 k'ang⁴-pu⁴
 k'ang⁴-tung⁴
 k'ang⁴-yen⁴
 k'ang⁴
 k'ang⁴-cho¹
 k'ang⁴-ch'uang²

炕一炕
 炕爐子
 炕面子
 炕排櫃
 炕屏
 炕布
 炕洞
 炕沿
 匠
 匠
 匠棹
 匠牀

to dry or warm by a fire (pei⁴ kan¹).
 a heating stove.
 top of a stove bed.
 wainscoting of stove-bed.
 four-leaved screen.
 to spread out cloth to dry.
 the flues in a stove-bed.
 the edge of a stove-bed.
 the divan in guest room.
 the low table on the divan (i³ cho¹).
 divan.

匠 608b320c

KAO¹ 高高
 kao¹ ai³
 kao¹-ai³-pu⁴-têng³
 kao¹ang²
 kao¹-ao⁴
 kao¹-chao⁴-têng¹
 kao¹-ch'uo¹
 kao¹-chia⁴
 kao¹-ch'iang²
 kao¹-chiao³-pu⁴
 kao¹-chiao³-tan⁴-t zū³
 kao¹-ch'iao²
 kao¹-chien⁴
 kao¹-ch'in¹-kuei²-yu³
 kao¹-chung⁴
 kao¹-hang²
 kao¹-hsiung¹
 kao¹-hsien²
 kao¹-hsing⁴
 kao¹-hsing⁴
 kao¹-hsing⁴-ta⁴-ming²
 kao¹-i¹-tso⁴
 kao¹-jên²
 kao¹-kang¹-hsia⁴-wa¹
 kao¹-kao¹-ti¹
 kao¹-k'ou³-wei⁴
 kao¹-kuan¹-hsien³-chüch²
 kao¹-kuei⁴
 kao¹-kuo¹-jên²-t'ou²
 kao¹-li¹-chih³
 kao¹-li¹-jên²-shên¹

高 609a324a
 高矮 不等
 高 昂
 高 傲
 高 照燈
 高 超
 高 價
 高 強
 高 脚步
 高 脚擔子
 高 翹
 高 見
 高 親 貴友
 高 中
 高 行
 高 香
 高 賢
 高 興
 高 姓
 高 姓 大名
 高 一 作
 高 人
 高 崗 下 窪
 高 高 的
 高 口 味
 高 官 顯 爵
 高 貴
 高 過 人 頭
 高 麗 紙
 高 麗 人 參

high, eminent, tall ; good (189th radical).
 tall and short ; (high and low).
 different heights.
 rising higher, ambitious.
 haughty, ambitious.
 ornamental lantern.
 to exceed others.
 high in price.
 better and better, improving.
 high stepping.
 a load tied up close to the pole.
 stilts.
 your opinion (polite).
 your honorable friends and relations,
 to pass high on the list.
 high in price.
 long incense sticks,
 an eminent person.
 elated, pleased, great pleasure (pai⁴ hsing⁴).
 "lofty surname," what is your name ?
 what is your name and surname ? (kuei⁴ hsing⁴).
 superior to others.
 a tall person ; an eminent person.
 hills and valleys.
 lofty, very tall, or high (hsi¹ kao¹ t'iao³).
 extremely savoury, highly seasoned.
 your honorable rank ?
 honorable.
 higher than a man's head.
 Korean paper.
 Korean ginseng.

<i>kuo¹-li⁴-kuo²</i>	高麗國	Corea (chao ³ hsien ¹ kuo ²).
<i>kuo¹-liang³</i>	高粱	millet.
<i>kuo¹-liang²</i>	高糧	the tall grain, i. e., millet.
<i>kuo¹-liang³-chiu³</i>	高糧酒	whiskey made from millet.
<i>kuo¹-lou²-ta⁴-sha⁴</i>	高樓大廈	a mansion.
<i>kuo¹-mao¹-tzu³</i>	高帽子	tall cap, i. e., great honor.
<i>kuo¹-ming³</i>	高名	great reputation; what is your name?
<i>kuo¹-ming⁴-jen²</i>	高命人	a lucky man.
<i>kuo¹-p'an¹</i>	高攀	I have the honour of his acquaintance.
<i>kuo¹-pei¹</i>	高卑	high and low (tsun ¹ pei ¹).
<i>kuo¹-p'eng²-man³-tso⁴</i>	高朋滿座	a room full of respected friends.
<i>kuo¹-shan¹-chü²-h²-ting³</i>	高山絕頂	very lofty mountains.
<i>kuo¹-shao¹-shao¹-ti¹</i>	高梢梢的	quite high, lofty.
<i>kuo¹-shên¹-liang²-ê²-h²</i>	高身量兒	tall in person (hsi ⁴ kao ¹ t'iao ³).
<i>kuo¹-shêng¹</i>	高升	lofty promotion.
<i>kuo¹-shêng¹-kuo¹-shêng¹</i>	高升高升	please add more wine money! (runners).
<i>kuo¹-shêng¹</i>	高聲	in a loud voice.
<i>kuo¹-shêng¹-lang³-sung⁴</i>	高聲朗誦	to read in loud clear voice.
<i>kuo¹-shou³</i>	高手	to forgive, to look over; a person of great ability.
<i>kuo¹-shou⁴</i>	高壽	"lofty ago," what is your age? (to elderly people).
<i>kuo¹-tu⁴</i>	高大	lofty.
<i>kuo¹-t'ai²-kuei¹-shou³</i>	高抬貴手	please overlook the offence (fig.).
<i>kuo¹-t'an²</i>	高談	"lofty talk," pomposity; to declaim.
<i>kuo¹-t'ang²</i>	高堂	father and mother; a mother-in-law.
<i>kuo¹-têng¹-hsia⁴-liang⁴</i>	高燈下亮	a high lamp casts its light far.
<i>kuo¹-ti¹</i>	高低	high and low, the height of.
<i>kuo¹-tiao⁴-hsi⁴</i>	高調戲	high-noted music.
<i>kuo¹-ts'ai³</i>	高才	great ability.
<i>kuo¹-tsu³</i>	高祖	ancestors of the 4th degree.
<i>kuo¹-tsung⁴</i>	高聳	high, elevated.
<i>kuo¹-t'u³</i>	高徒	an excellent student.
<i>kuo¹-wei⁴</i>	高位	a high station.
<i>kuo¹</i>	膏	fat, lard; greasy; rich food; a plaster.
<i>kuo⁴-ch'ê¹</i>	膏車	to grease the cart (4th tone).
<i>kuo¹-ên¹</i>	膏恩	rich favours.
<i>kuo¹-fei³</i>	膏肥	fat, greasy.
<i>kuo¹-hua³</i>	膏滑	greasy, slippery.
<i>kuo¹-huo³</i>	膏火	"fat and fire," allowance to students.
<i>kuo¹-liang³</i>	膏粱	rich food.
<i>kuo¹-liang³-jên²-chia¹</i>	膏粱人家	a wealthy person.
<i>kuo¹-liang³-tzu³-ti⁴</i>	膏粱子弟	sons of a rich person (fu ⁴ chia ¹ tzu ³ ti ⁴).
<i>kuo¹-lu⁴</i>	膏露	genial dews.
<i>kuo¹-mang³</i>	膏盲	dangerously ill, incurable (properly <i>huang</i>)

[(ju⁴ kao³ mang²).

<i>kao¹-sao¹</i>		膏燥		lard,
<i>kao¹-tsé²</i>		膏澤		rich, moist ; rich favours.
<i>kao¹-yao⁴</i>		膏藥		plaster (for sores, etc.).
<i>kao¹-yu²</i>		膏油		to grease the cart.
<i>kao¹ (tzü)</i>	羊	羔	610b325b	a lamb, a kid.
<i>kao¹-ch'iu²</i>		羔裘		a lamb-skin coat.
<i>kao¹-yung²</i>		羔羊		a lamb (yang ² kao ¹).
<i>kao¹</i>	米	糕	610c325b	a kind of steamed pudding ; a bait ; gruel.
<i>kao¹</i>	食	糕	610c325b	same (chi ¹ tan ⁴ kao ¹).
<i>kao¹-kan¹</i>		糕乾		a pudding (made of rice-flour).
<i>kao¹-ping²</i>		糕餅		a pudding (made of glutinous rice-flour).
<i>kao¹</i>	竹	篙	610a324c	bamboo pole, a pole on boats.
KAO³ (tzü)	禾	藁	610a325c	straw ; draft of a document, original copy.
<i>kao³-an⁴</i>		藁案		official papers, archives of an office, clerk of
<i>kao³-fung²</i>		藁房		an office for archives. [records.
<i>kao³-kung¹</i>		藁公		a clerk of records.
<i>kao³-shu¹</i>		藁書		draft of a letter, etc. (ts'ao ³ kao ³).
<i>kao³-ti²-tzü²</i>		藁底子		same.
<i>kao³</i>	木	槁	609c325c	dry, rotten (tsao ¹).
<i>kao³-k'u¹</i>		槁枯		rotten, decayed.
<i>kao³</i>	糸	縞	610a326a	plain, white, unadorned ; plain white silk.
<i>kao³-j¹</i>		縞衣		white clothes ; mourning clothes.
<i>kao³-su⁴</i>		縞素		plain white ; lavender colour (mourning).
KAO⁴	口	告	611a326b	to tell, to inform, to announce, to order.
<i>kao⁴-chi¹-tien¹-chia⁴</i>		告幾天假		to ask a few days' leave of absence.
<i>kao⁴-chia⁴</i>		告假		leave of absence ; to request leave.
<i>kao⁴-chieh³</i>		告解		" confession " in Roman Catholic Church.
<i>kao⁴-chih¹</i>		告知		to inform (kao ⁴ su ⁴). [(k'ung ⁴ kao ⁴).
<i>kao⁴-chung⁴</i>		告狀		an accusation, an indictment ; to prosecute.
<i>kao⁴-chün⁴</i>		告竣		to announce the completion.
<i>kao⁴-chung¹-yang⁴</i>		告終養		to apply to resign, to care for aged parents.
<i>kao⁴-hsie⁴</i>		告謝		to inform, to announce ; to return thanks.
<i>kao⁴-hsiu¹</i>		告休		to intimate resignation.
<i>kao⁴-jan²</i>		告饒		to apologize, to beg pardon.
<i>kao⁴-iên²</i>		告人		to accuse or prosecute a person, to tell a person,
<i>kao⁴-kuan¹</i>		告官		to bring a case before an official.
<i>kao⁴-lao²-huan²-chia¹</i>		告老還家		to apply to resign on account of age (kuei ¹ lai ²).
<i>kao⁴-pai²</i>		告白		a notice, a notification, a placarded notice.
<i>kao⁴-pei⁴</i>		告備		to announce the completion of a thing.
<i>kao⁴-pieh²</i>		告別		to take leave.
<i>kao⁴-pien⁴</i>		告便		to ask leave to perform the offices of nature.

k'ao³-t'ung²
 k'ao³-wên²
 k'ao³-wên⁴
 k'ao³-wu³
 k'ao³-yen⁴
 k'ao³-yüan⁴
 k'ao³
 k'ao³-chi¹
 k'ao³-chiao¹
 k'ao³-chih²
 k'ao³-huo³
 k'ao³-i¹-k'ao³
 k'ao³-i¹-k'ao³-shou³
 k'ao³-i¹-shang¹
 k'ao³-jou⁴
 k'ao³-mien⁴-pao¹
 k'ao³-mu⁴
 k'ao³-ping³
 k'ao³-shou³
 k'ao³-tien³-hsin¹
 k'ao³
 k'ao³-hsün⁴
 k'ao³-ku³
 k'ao³-ta³
 k'ao³-wên⁴
 k'ao³-wên⁴-k'ou³-kung¹

火

手才

考童
 考文
 考問
 考武
 考驗
 考院
 烤613b327b
 烤雞
 烤焦
 烤直
 烤火
 烤一烤
 烤一烤手
 烤衣裳
 烤肉
 烤麵包
 烤木
 烤餅
 烤手
 烤點心
 拷613a327b
 拷訊
 拷鼓
 拷打
 拷問
 拷問日供

an undergraduate at examinations.
 to examine civil candidates.
 to enquire into, to examine.
 to examine military candidates.
 to examine.
 the examination hall (kung⁴ yüan⁴).
 to warm, to toast, to roast.
 to roast a fowl.
 to burn in baking.
 to straighten bent wood by heat.
 to warm by a fire.
 to warm, to roast, to toast.
 to warm the hands.
 to warm clothes by the fire.
 to roast meat.
 to toast bread.
 to bend wood by heat.
 to bake a cake.
 to warm the hands.
 to bake cakes.
 to beat, to torture.
 to examine by torture.
 to beat a drum (lei⁴ ku³).
 to beat, to torture.
 to examine by torture.
 to torture in order to force evidence,

K'AO⁴
 k'ao⁴-chên³
 k'ao⁴-ch'ò³
 k'ao⁴ ch'ò³-tzu⁴-chi¹
 k'ao⁴-ch'uan³
 k'ao⁴ i³
 k'ao⁴-jé²-chia¹
 k'ao⁴-lai⁴
 k'ao⁴ pu⁴-chu⁴
 k'ao⁴-shan¹-ch'ih¹-shan¹
 k'ao⁴-shui³-ch'ih¹-shui³
 k'ao⁴-t'ê²-chu⁴
 k'ao⁴-t'ien¹-ch'ih¹ fan⁴
 k'ao⁴-t'ou²
 k'ao⁴
 k'ao⁴-lao⁴

非

靠612b327c
 靠枕
 靠著
 靠自己
 靠船
 靠椅
 靠人家
 靠賴
 不住
 靠山吃山
 靠水吃水
 靠得住
 靠天吃飯
 靠頭
 犒勞612a327c

牛

to lean against, to depend on, to trust to.
 to lean on a pillow.
 leaning against, depending on.
 relying on one's self.
 to moor a boat.
 a chair with a back.
 to depend on a person.
 to rely upon (i³ lai⁴).
 not to be depended on.
 adapt yourself to circumstances.
 same.
 to be depended on (p'ing² hsin⁴).
 trust in Heaven for food.
 a support, as the back of a chair.
 to grant rewards, to feast workmen. [ch'ien²).
 feast or extra donation to workmen (chiu³)

k'ao⁴-shang³ 犒賞
 k'no⁴-shang³-san¹-chün¹ 犒賞三軍
 k'ao⁴ (tzü) 金 銖 ○ ○

to give rewards.
 a largess to the army.
 manacles (shou³ k'ao⁴)

KEI³ 禾 給 S8c393c
 kei³-jén²-shih³-huan⁴ 給 人 使 喚
 kei³-ko⁴-p'ing³-chü⁴ 給 個 憑 據
 kei³-ní³-k'o¹-t'ou³ 給 你 磕 頭
 kei³-ní³-shuo¹-hua⁴ 給 你 說 話
 kei³-pieh²-jén² 給 別 人
 kei³-pu⁴-ch'í³-liao³ 給 不 起 了
 kei³-shih⁴-chung¹ 給 事 中
 kei³-shih⁴-pu⁴-kei³ 給 是 不 給
 kei³-t'a¹-tí¹ 給 他 的
 kei³-wo³ 給 我
 kei³-wo³-hsieh³ 給 我 寫
 kei³-wo³-mai³ 給 我 買
 kei³-wo³-pa⁴ 給 我 罷
 kei³-wo³-tao⁴ 給 我 做
 kei³-yin⁴ 給 印

to give; to, for (also *chi*). M. 62. 179, (t'zü⁴).
 to give him to use.
 to give a proof
 I will knock my head to you.
 to speak to you.
 to give another person.
 cannot afford to give.
 supervising censors.
 whether you give or not, will *not* give.
 to give him.
 give me.
 write for me (dative. M. 62).
 buy for me.
 give it me.
 do it for me.
 to affix a seal.

KÊ and K'Ê. See KO and K'O.

K'EN¹ 木 根 613c317a
 kên¹-chi¹ 根 基
 kên¹-chiao³ 根 脚
 kên¹-chiu¹ 根 究
 kên¹-érh²-li³ 根 兒 裏
 kên¹-miv² 根 苗
 kên¹-mo⁴ 根 末
 kên¹-pên³ 根 本
 kên¹-pên³-lai³-li⁴ 根 本 來 歷
 kên¹-shao¹ 根 稍
 kên¹-shên¹-yeh⁴-mao⁴ 根 深 葉 茂
 kên¹-tí³ 根 底
 kên¹-tzü³-ying⁴ 根 子 硬
 kên¹-ya² 根 芽
 kên¹-yüan² 根 源
 kên¹-yu² 根 由
 kên¹ 足 跟 614c317b
 kên¹-chê⁴-l'í³-tsou³ 跟 這 裏 走
 kên¹-ch'ien² 跟 前
 kên¹-ch'ien²-yu³-tzü³ 跟 前 有 子
 kên¹-cho³ 跟着

the root of a tree; source, origin, foundation.
 the foundation, the origin of.
 foundation, e. g., of wall.
 to investigate thoroughly.
 in the root.
 shoots, sprouts; origin, source.
 root and topmost bough; beginning and end.
 root, source or origin.
 origin and history.
 root and branches, beginning and end of.
 when root is deep, leaves are numerous.
 the bottom, to the bottom; origin, source, cause.
 dangerous characters.
 sprouts, shoots, origin, source.
 origin, source, cause (pên³ yüan²).
 same (ch'ing² yu²).
 the heel; to follow, to accompany.
 to go this way.
 before; in front of (of child and parent)
 I have sons.
 following.

kên ¹ -i ⁴	跟役	servants, followers.
kên ¹ -jên ² -hsiao ³	跟人學	to learn from anyone.
kên ¹ -kuan ¹ -ti ³	跟官的	followers of an official
kên ¹ -ma ³ -jên ²	跟馬人	running footmen, horse followers (ting ³ ma ³ ti ¹).
kên ¹ -ni ³ -yao ⁴	跟你要	to require from you.
kên ¹ -pan ¹ -ti ¹	跟班的	a servant, a follower (chang ³ pan ²).
kên ¹ -pu ¹ -shang ⁴	跟不上	cannot keep up to.
kên ¹ -shui ² -hsiao ³ -shui ²	跟誰學誰	we imitate our associates.
kên ¹ -sui ²	跟隨	to accompany, to follow.
kên ¹ -wo ³ -ch'ü ⁴	跟我去	go with me (han ⁴ wo ³).

KĒN⁴ 艮 艮 613b317c
 kên⁴-ying⁴-ying⁴ ti¹ 艮硬硬的

one of 8 Diagrams ; hard.
 gluey, tough.

KĒN³ 肉月 肯 614b324a
 k'ên³-hsü³ 肯許
 k'ên³ 手才 措 614c324b
 k'ên³-lê⁴ 措勒
 k'ên³-t'un¹ 措吞
 k'ên³ 心 懇 615a318a
 k'ên³-ch'ü³ 懇祈
 k'ên³-ch'ieh⁴ 懇切
 k'ên³-ch'iu² 懇求
 k'ên³-ên¹ 懇恩
 k'ên³ 土 墾 615a318a
 k'ên³-li⁴ 墾力
 k'ên³-ti⁴ 墾地
 k'ên³ 口 啃 614c324c
 k'ên³-ts'ao³ 啃草

[yüan⁴].
 to wish, to be willing, to choose to (ch'ing²
 willing to consent, agreeable.
 to oppress, to extort.
 to extort money, to squeeze (lê⁴ so³)
 to monopolise.
 to beg, to entreat, to request earnestly.
 to beg earnestly.
 earnest, urgently entreat.
 to beseech, to entreat.
 to importune a favour.
 to bring waste ground into cultivation,
 to exert strength.
 newly cultivated land (k'ai¹ k'ên³).
 to gnaw, to nibble, to bite.
 to nibble grass.

KĒN⁴ 衣 褶 614c318c

gusset under the arm.

KĒNG¹ 日 更 615b321b
 k'eng¹-chéng⁴ 更正
 k'eng¹-chia¹-pai²-pei⁴ 更加百倍
 k'eng¹-ch'iang³ 更强
 k'eng¹-chien¹ 更兼
 k'eng¹-fung² 更房
 k'eng¹-fu¹ 更夫
 k'eng¹-hsiang¹ 更香
 k'eng¹-kuan⁴ 更換
 k'eng¹-i¹ 更衣

[142].
 to alter ; night watches ; more. See ching¹ ti¹. M.
 to reform.
 a hundred fold more.
 better, stronger.
 in addition, besides, moreover,
 watchman's room.
 a watchman (ta³ ching¹ ti¹).
 incense to mark the night watches.
 to change, to alter, to exchange.
 to change one's clothes (huan⁴ i¹ fu²).

kēng ¹ -kai ³	更改	to change, to alter, to transform.
kēng ¹ -ku ³	更鼓	watchman's drum.
kēng ⁴ -li ⁴ -hai ⁴	更利害	still worse, more severe.
kēng ¹ -lou ³	更樓	a watch tower.
kēng ¹ -lou ⁴	更漏	a clepsydra or water time-keeper.
kēng ¹ -ming ³	更名	to change one's name.
kēng ¹ -ming ³ -kai ³ -hsing ⁴	更名改姓	to change one's name and surname.
kēng ¹ -pien ⁴	更變	to change, to alter.
kēng ¹ -shên ¹ -yeh ⁴ -ching ⁴	更深夜靜	in the deep stillness of the night.
kēng ⁴ -zé ² -chin ³ -shên ¹	更得謹慎	we must be still more careful.
kēng ⁴ -to ¹	更多	more, a greater number or quantity.
kēng ¹	耒 耕 ^{617a322b}	to till, to plough, to cultivate.
kēng ¹ -chung ⁴	耕種	to plough and sow, to cultivate.
kēng ¹ -niu ³	耕牛	a plough bullock.
kēng ¹ -niu ² -chan ⁴ -ma ³	耕牛戰馬	the peaceful ox and the war-horse.
kēng ¹ -non ⁴	耕耨	agricultural operations, cultivation.
kēng ¹ -ti ⁴	耕地	to plough land (li ² ti ⁴ , chiang ³ ti ⁴).
kēng ¹	羊 羹 ^{617a322a}	broth, soup.
kēng ¹ -ch'ih ³	羹匙	a soup-ladle or spoon (t'iao ³ kēng ¹).
kēng ¹ -t'ang ¹	羹湯	soup, broth.
kēng ¹ -tiéh ³	羹碟	a soup-plate.
kēng ¹	庚 ^{616c321a}	one's age; 7th of the 天干.
kēng ¹ -chin ¹	庚金	the west.
kēng ¹ -hsin ¹ -chin ¹	庚辛金	term in geomancy.
kēng ¹ -nien ³	庚年	year of one's birth; one's age.
kēng ¹ -t'ieh ¹	庚帖	a paper containing the 8 natal characters.
kēng ¹	禾 稷	a kind of rice, common rice.
kēng ¹	稷	same.
kēng ¹ -mi ³	稷米	same.
KĒNG ³	耿 ^{617b323a}	bright, straightforward, resolute.
kēng ³ -chieh ⁴	耿介	alone, single.
kēng ³ -chih ³	耿直	straightforward (k'an ³ yen ³).
kēng ³ -kēng ³	耿耿	firm, resolute, determined.
kēng ³ -kuang ¹	耿光	bright, clear.
kēng ³	哽 ^{615c322c}	the gullet; a stoppage in the throat; sobbing,
kēng ³ -kēng ³	哽哽	to sob.
kēng ³ -yeh ¹	哽噎	to sob, sobbing.
kēng ³ -yen ⁴	哽咽	same.
kēng ³ (kên)	二 互 ^{617b323b}	an extreme limit; from.
kēng ³ -ku ³ -chih ⁴ -chin ¹	互古至今	from of old till now.
kēng ³ -ku ³ i ¹ -jên ²	互古一人	Kuan Ti, so called.
kēng ³ -ku ³ -i ² -lai ³	互古以來	from the highest antiquity.

kĕng ³	艸 廿	莖 ^{219b170c}	the stem of plants, flowers, etc.
kĕng ³	頁	頸 ^{219b406}	the neck (po ³ kĕng ³).
kĕng ³ -hsiang ⁴		頸項	same.
kĕng ³	土	埂 ^{615c322b}	a bank, a ridge, a footpath.
kĕng ³ (tzŭ)	木	梗 ^{616a322b}	stem of a plant, flower, etc., blunt, obstinate.
kĕng ³ (tzŭ)	糸	纒 ^{616b322c}	a rope (shĕng ² tzŭ ²).
KĒNG ¹ (tzŭ)	土	坑 ^{617c323a}	a pit, a hole (tung ⁴).
k'ĕng ¹ -hai ⁴		坑害	to hurt, to injure, to entrap.
k'ĕng ¹ -jĕn ³		坑人	to do people mischief.
k'ĕng ¹ -k'an ³		坑坎	a pit, hole, den or cavern; a dip in a road.
k'ĕng ¹ -k'ĕng ¹ -wa ¹ -wa ¹		坑坑窪窪	full of holes and hollows.
k'ĕng ¹ -p'ien ⁴		坑騙	to entrap, to cheat.
k'ĕng ¹ -sha ¹		坑砂	manure cakes.
k'ĕng ¹ -wa ¹		坑窪	a ¹ pit.
KO ¹	手 才	攞 ^{619c426b}	to put down, to place (fang ⁴ hsia ⁴).
ko ¹ -chĕng ⁴ -liao ³		攞正了	placed straight.
ko ¹ -chi ⁴		攞記	to be anxious about (tien ⁴ huai ²).
ko ¹ -ch'i ⁴ -lai ³		攞起來	to put aside, to remove.
ko ¹ -ch'ien ³		攞淺	to strand, to run aground or ashore (as a vessel).
ko ¹ -chŭ ³		攞局	a gambling establishment, "a hell."
ko ¹ -hsia ⁴		攞下	to put down.
ko ¹ -i ² -pien ⁴		攞一邊	to lay aside.
ko ¹ -k'ai ¹		攞開	to remove (ch'ĕ ⁴).
ko ¹ -mu ⁴		攞木板	the plate above the door or window.
ko ¹ -pan ³		攞板	a shelf (shu ¹ chia ⁴).
ko ¹ -pu ⁴ -chŭ ⁴		攞不住	unable to discontinue or leave off.
ko ¹ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴		攞不下	unable to put down or in.
ko ¹ -tsai ³ -cho ¹ -shang ⁴		攞不在上	put it on the table.
ko ¹ -tsai ³ -na ³ -li ³		攞在那裏	where shall I put it?
ko ¹ -tsai ³ -ti ⁴ -hsia ⁴		攞在地下	put it on the ground.
ko ¹ -wĕn ³ -tang ⁴		攞在穩當	placed firmly.
ko ¹	刀	割 ^{621a428c}	to cut, to cut off; to wound, to injure, to ruin
ko ¹ -chi ¹		割雞	to kill a fowl (tsai ³ chi ¹).
ko ¹ -chi ³ -chin ¹ -jou ⁴		割幾斤肉	to buy a few catties of meat.
ko ¹ -ch'i ² -chieh ²		割齊截	to cut off evenly.
ko ¹ -i ² -k'uai ⁴		割一塊	to cut off a piece.
ko ¹ -jou ⁴		割肉	to cut meat, to buy meat.
ko ¹ -k'ai ¹		割開	to cut open (p'ou ³ k'ai ¹).
ko ¹ -li ³		割禮	circumcision.
ko ¹ -mai ⁴ -tŭ ³		割麥子	to reap wheat.
ko ¹ -p'ĕng ⁴		割烹	"cut and fry," viands.

[k'an³, ch'ieh⁴].

ko ¹ shé ³	割捨	to sever, to part with.
ko ¹ -shé ³ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴	割捨不下	cannot part with.
ko ¹ -shih ⁴	割勢	to castrate (shan ⁴).
ko ¹ -shou ³	割首	to decapitate (chan ³ shou ³).
ko ¹ -tí ⁴	割地	to cut off territory.
ko ¹ -t'ou ² -huan ⁴ -ting ³	割頭換頂	confusing two things together.
ko ¹ -tuan ⁴	割斷	to cut asunder.
ko ¹	口 哥 620b423a	an elder brother.
ko ¹ ér ^h -liá ³	哥兒倆	two brothers, both brothers.
ko ¹ ér ^h -mên ¹	哥兒們	brothers (hsiang ¹ tí ⁴).
ko ¹ -ko ¹	哥哥	an elder brother.
ko ¹ -lao ³ -hui ⁴	哥老會	a famous secret society.
ko ¹ -sao ³	哥嫂	an elder brother's wife; elder brother and his [wife.]
ko ¹	欠 哥 620c423a	to sing, to chant songs.
ko ¹ -ch'ang ⁴	歌唱	to sing.
ko ¹ -ch'ü ¹	歌曲	to sing songs.
ko ¹ -hsiao ⁴	歌笑	to sing and laugh.
ko ¹ -pên ³	歌本	a song (ch'ang ⁴ pên ³).
ko ¹ -shih ¹	歌詩	to sing hymns.
ko ¹ -sung ⁴	歌誦	to chant.
ko ¹ -wu ³	歌舞	to sing and dance.
ko ¹ -yac ³	歌謠	to lampoon in verse.
ko ¹	肉 月 髁 肘 621a427b	the elbow, armpit.
ko ¹ -chih ¹ -wo ¹	肘窩	the armpit.
ko ¹ -hsing ¹ -ér ^h ⁴	肘星兒	a defect, fault (mao ³ ping ⁴).
ko ¹ -pang ³ -chou ³	肘膀	the elbow.
ko ¹ -pang ³ -chou ³ -wan ¹	肘膀彎	the bend in the elbow.
ko ¹ -pei ⁴	肘臂	the upper arm.
ko ¹ -po ³	肘膊	forearm (chien ¹ pang ³ tzü ³).
ko ¹ -po ³ -chou ³ -ér ^h ³	肘膊兒	the armpit.
ko ¹ -yeh ⁴	肘腋	same.
ko ¹	疔 620c427b	pimples, boils; silly, idiotic.
ko ¹ -ch'ih ¹	疔	silly, idiotic, foolish.
ko ¹ -ta ³	疔瘡	a knot (as in string), a knob of a cap, etc.; a [scar.]
ko ¹	戈 621c489a	a lance, a spear (kan ¹ ko ¹).
ko ¹ -mou ³	戈矛	same.
ko ¹ (tzü)	鳥 鴿 621c428b	the pigeon or dove (pan ¹ chiu ¹)
ko ¹	口 咯 618b553a	to cough, to hawk. See lo ⁴ .
ko ¹ -chih ¹	咯吱	to creak, hum.
ko ¹	足 跔 621a427c	thumping noise.
ko ¹ -têng ⁴ -cho ³ -tsou ³	跔躓着走	to go jolting along
KO ³	木 格 61Sc426c	a bound or rule; to understand; to reach.

ko ² -chih ⁴	格致	researches, especially in natural science.
ko ² -chên ¹	格針	thorns (chi ² li ²).
ko ² -li ⁴	格例	a statute or rule (t'iao ³ li ⁴).
ko ² -shih ⁴	格式	a form, a pattern (yang ⁴ shih ⁴).
ko ² -tzū ⁴ -chih ³	格字紙	ruled paper.
ko ² -wai ⁴	格外	extraordinary, enormous; out of rule.
ko ² -wai ⁴ -chia ¹ -ên ¹	格外加恩	extraordinary grace.
ko ² -wai ⁴ -shih ¹ -ên ¹	格外施恩	same.
ko ² -wai ⁴ -ta ⁴	格外大	extraordinarily large (hao ⁴ ta ⁴).
ko ² -wu ⁴ -ju ⁴ -mên ³	格物入門	elementary physics.
ko ²	隔 <small>ㄍㄛˊ</small>	separated, apart from. See <i>chieh⁴</i> .
ko ² -ch'iang ² -kao ⁴ -chuan ⁴	隔牆告狀	going to law under difficulties.
ko ² -ch'iang ² -lin ² -shê ³	隔牆鄰舍	next door neighbors.
ko ² -chiao ⁴	隔教	Mohammedan religion (hui ² hui ² chiao ⁴).
ko ² -chih ¹ -ko ² -chih ¹	隔肢隔肢	to tickle (yang ²).
ko ² -fêng ¹	隔風	to keep out wind, e. g., cloth (t'ou ⁴ fêng ¹).
ko ² -ho ²	隔河	separated by the river.
ko ² -i ¹ -tao ⁴ -chieh ¹	隔一道街	separated by a street, in the next street.
ko ² -k'ai ¹	隔開	to separate or put apart.
ko ² -nien ² -ti ¹ -shih ⁴	隔年的事	next year's affairs.
ko ² -pi ³	隔壁	a partition wall; next-door neighbours (chien ⁴ [pi ³]).
ko ² -pi ³ -lin ² -shê ⁴	隔壁鄰舍	next-door neighbours.
ko ² -san ¹ -t'iao ⁴ -lia ³	隔三跳兩	by fits and starts, irregularly.
ko ² -shan ⁴	隔扇	a screen, or movable partition.
ko ² -têng ⁴	隔饅	to hiccup.
ko ² -ti ¹ -yüan ³	隔的遠	far apart.
ko ² -tuan ⁴ -liao ³	隔斷了	shut off, to separate.
ko ²	革 <small>ㄍㄜˊ</small>	to flay; to degrade, to reject; hide.
ko ² -chih ⁵	革職	to degrade an official (chai ¹ yin ⁴).
ko ² -chih ² -liu ² -jên ⁴	革職留任	rank taken away, but left at post.
ko ² -ch'u ²	革除	to reject, to deduct.
ko ² -ch'ü ⁴ -ting ³ -tai ⁴	革去頂戴	to take away the bottom (hsiao ¹ liao ³ ting ³).
ko ² -fêng ⁴ -liu ² -jên ⁴	革俸留任	docked of salary, but left at post.
ko ² -kuan ¹	革官	to degrade official.
ko ² -liao ³ -ting ³ -êrh ³	革了頂兒	to have taken away the bottom.
ko ² -mien ⁴	革面	"to flay the face," to reform thoroughly.
ko ² -mien ⁴ -hsi ³ -hsin ¹	革面洗心	to thoroughly reform.
ko ² -ming ⁴ -tung ³	革命黨	the revolutionary party.
ko ² -t'ui ⁴	革退	to degrade and discharge, to reject.
ko ² (ka)	蛤 <small>ㄍㄝˊ</small>	cockles, clams, oysters, mussels, etc
ko ² -fên ³	蛤粉	powder made from oyster shells (a medicine).
ko ² k'o ³	蛤壳	cockle shells.
ko ² -ku ⁴	蛤固	crabbed disposition, fierce.

<i>ko²-li⁴</i>		蛤蜊	species of clam.
<i>ko²-pa¹-ko³-pa¹</i>		蛤吧蛤吧	to crack, to crepitate.
<i>ko²-pang⁴</i>		蛤蚌	oysters (pêng ³ ko ²).
<i>ko²-pang⁴-p'¹i³</i>		蛤蚌皮	oyster shells.
<i>ko²-tzü³</i>		蛤子	a frog; clams (ha ² ma ¹).
<i>ko²-tzü³-jou⁴</i>		蛤子肉	clams (without shell).
<i>ko²</i>	艸 廿	葛 ^{622b428c}	creeping plants.
<i>ko²⁴-kên¹</i>		葛根	a sort of medicine.
<i>ko²-pu⁴</i>		葛布	a kind of grass cloth (hsia ⁴ pu ⁴).
<i>ko²-t'êng³</i>		葛藤	creepers; complications.
<i>ko²-ts'ao³</i>		葛草	the plant of which grass cloth is made.
<i>ko²</i>	門	閣 ^{619b426a}	an upper room; a council chamber.
<i>ko²-hsia⁴</i>		閣下	sir, master, you (tsun ¹ chiu ⁴).
<i>ko²-lao²-tsai³-hsiang⁴</i>		閣老宰相	secretary of state under Ming emperors.
<i>ko²</i>	口	隔 ^{622a428a}	to belch; unable to swallow.
<i>ko²-chéng⁴</i>		隔症	vomiting; colic.
<i>ko²-yeh¹</i>		隔噎	unable to swallow.
<i>ko² (tzü)</i>	木	榻 ^{622a428a}	a partition, a screen; a press or case.
<i>ko²-shan⁴</i>		榻扇	a folding screen.
<i>ko²</i>	肉 月	膈 ^{622a428a}	the breast, the diaphragm.
<i>ko² (o)</i>	口	呃 ^{36a2c}	a sound of repletion, to belch, to chirp.
KO⁴ (2, 3)	口	各 ^{618a426b}	each, every, various.
<i>ko⁴-ch'u⁴</i>		各處	everywhere.
<i>ko⁴-ch'u⁴-ko⁴-tao⁴</i>		各處各道	every place.
<i>ko⁴-fang²-ko⁴-wu¹</i>		各房各屋	every house and room.
<i>ko⁴-hang³</i>		各行	every trade.
<i>ko⁴-hsiang⁴</i>		各項	every sort or kind.
<i>ko⁴-hsing³-ch'i³-tao⁴</i>		各行其道	each go his own road.
<i>ko⁴-jên²</i>		各人	each person, every one.
<i>ko⁴-jên²-ti¹</i>		各人的	one's private or personal property (t'i ³ chi ³).
<i>ko⁴-ko⁴</i>		各各	every one; each singly.
<i>ko⁴-kuan³-ch'i²-shih⁴</i>		各管其事	each attends to his own affairs.
<i>ko⁴-kuan³-i¹-t'iao²</i>		各管一條	each mind his own or one affair.
<i>ko⁴-kuei¹-ko⁴-sé⁴</i>		各歸各色	sorted according to color.
<i>ko⁴-kung¹-i¹-tz'ü²</i>		各供一詞	each to tell a different story (in evidence).
<i>ko⁴-kuo²</i>		各國	each or every country
<i>ko⁴-mên²-ko²-hu⁴</i>		各門各戶	every family.
<i>ko⁴-pei⁴</i>		各襟	pieces of cloth glued together.
<i>ko⁴-pu¹-hsiang¹-jao³</i>		各不相擾	mutually refuse invitations.
<i>ko⁴-sé⁴</i>		各色	various colors, variegated; every kind.
<i>ko⁴-shêng³</i>		各省	all the provinces.
<i>ko⁴-shih⁴</i>		各式	every sort.

ko⁴-ti⁴-fang¹ 各地方
 ko⁴-tzū⁴ 各自
 ko⁴-tzū⁴-ko⁴-érh² 各自各兒
 ko⁴-tzū⁴-liu²-shên² 各自各留神
 ko⁴-tzū⁴-sui²-pien⁴ 各自各隨便
 ko⁴-yang⁴ 各樣
 ko⁴-yang⁴-chü⁴-ch'üan² 各樣俱全
 ko⁴-yang⁴-tu²-yu² 各樣都有
 ko⁴-yao⁴-hsiao³-hsin¹ 各要小心
 ko⁴-yu²-ch'i²-nêng² 各有其能
 ko⁴-yu²-i²-lu⁴ 各有一路
 ko⁴-yu²-i²-shuo¹ 各有一說
 ko⁴-yu²-so²-ch'ang² 各有所長
 ko⁴ 竹个箇
 ko⁴ 人
 ko⁴-chung¹-jên² 箇中人
 ko⁴-iuan⁴-ko⁴ 箇換箇
 ko⁴-ko⁴ 箇箇
 ko⁴-ko⁴-ju²-tz'ü² 箇箇如此
 ko⁴-pan⁴-yüeh⁴ 箇半月
 ko⁴-tzü²-ta⁴ 箇子大
 ko⁴ 虫 蛇 621a427a
 ko⁴-tsao² 蛇蛋
 ko⁴ 手才 搗 622c429b

every place.
 one's self.
 by one's self.
 let each take care.
 let each follow his own convenience.
 each or every sort.
 to have of every sort.
 same.
 we must each be careful.
 each has his special ability.
 singular, sui generis
 each has a different tale
 each has his own strong point.
 a piece, a particle-numerative. M. 2.
 same.
 middlemen in this affair of ours.
 to exchange piece for piece.
 all, every one.
 every one thus.
 a month and a half.
 of tall stature (shên¹ liang⁴)
 an insect.
 a flea (t'iao² tsao², ch'ou² ch'ung²).
 to sew together parts of a garment; twist a rope.

K'Ō¹ 禾 科 624c424a
 k'o¹-ch'ang² 科場
 k'o¹-chia² 科甲
 k'o¹-chia²-ch'u¹-shên¹ 科甲出身
 k'o¹-chü² 科舉
 k'o¹-fang² 科房
 k'o¹-k'ao² 科考
 k'o¹-p'ai⁴ 科派
 k'o¹-shih² 科食
 k'o¹-shui⁴ 科稅
 k'o¹-tao⁴ 科道
 k'o¹-tao⁴-kuan¹ 科道官
 k'o¹-ti⁴ 科第
 k'o¹-t'iao² 科條
 k'o¹-tou²-ch'ang² 科斗 虫
 k'o¹-tou²-tzü⁴ 科斗字
 k'o¹-tsui⁴ 科罪
 k'o¹-tuan⁴ 科斷

practice, profession; class, series; a rank.
 examination arena.
 having 2nd and 3rd degrees.
 to enter official life via the examinations.
 provincial examination of chü-jên.
 an office in a yamên.
 provincial examination. G. 472.
 compulsory service or taxation.
 sacrificial leavings.
 taxation by compulsion.
 a censor's yamên.
 a censor (yü⁴ shih²).
 having literary degrees (2ud or 3rd).
 the rules observed at the literary examinations.
 the toad (ha² ma¹).
 the toad character,
 to decide and punish, to judge, to sentence.
 to examine and decide.

k'0¹ 刀 刻^{626a430a}
 k'0¹-hua⁴-pu⁴-tung⁴ 刻化不動
 k'0¹-ku³ ming³-hsin¹ 刻骨銘心
 k'0¹-k'u³-jên³ 刻苦人
 k'0¹-pan³ 刻板
 k'0¹-pao³ 刻剝
 k'0¹-po¹ 刻薄
 k'0¹-pu⁴-yung²-huan³ 刻不容緩
 k'0¹-t'u²-shu¹ 刻圖書
 k'0¹-tzu⁴-chiang⁴ 刻字匠
 k'0¹ 石 磕^{627a430c}
 k'0¹-ko⁴-hsiang³-t'ou³ 磕個响頭
 k'0¹-k'0¹-pa¹-pa¹ 磕磕巴巴
 k'0¹-k'0¹-pan⁴-pan⁴ 磕磕絆絆
 k'0¹-p'êng⁴ 磕碰
 k'0¹-t'ou³ 磕頭
 k'0¹ yen¹-hui¹ 磕烟灰
 k'0¹ 手才 撞^{627a430c}
 k'0¹-ko⁴-hsi¹-lan¹ 撞個稀爛
 k'0¹-pien¹-liao³ 撞扁了
 k'0¹-shang¹-liao³ 撞傷了
 k'0¹-sui¹-liao³ 撞碎了
 k'0¹ 木 棵 ○ ○
 k'0¹ 禾 稞^{625b425c}
 k'0¹ 頁 顆^{625c425a}
 k'0¹ 刻^{626b160a}
 k'0¹ 士 殼 { 壳^{626c412a}
 k'0¹ 殼
 k'0¹ 支 可^{624b425c}
 k'0¹-ta³ 可打
 k'0¹ 土 坳^{624a425b}

to cut into, to carve. See k'0¹.
 unable to digest (hsiao¹ hua⁴ pu⁴ tung⁴).
 engraved on my bones and heart.
 oppressive, tyrannical (ts'an³ jên³).
 to cut type blocks.
 to use injuriously and insultingly, to ill-treat.
 to extort, to oppress; avaricious, overbearing.
 the fixed time must not be postponed.
 to engrave a map, or private seal.
 a type-cutter.
 to knock, to thump (ta³ p'ai¹).
 to knock your head till it sounds on the floor.
 stammering (chieh² pa¹).
 trembling, tottering from age.
 to knock, to bump. [erence.
 "bump head," the Chinese highest mark of rev-
 to knock the ashes out of a pipe.
 to strike, pat, beat.
 broken to pieces.
 to flatten.
 injured by a blow.
 to smash to pieces.
 numerative of trees.
 wheat, grain.
 a bead. Numerative of beads, grain, etc.
 the lower part of the face, the chin.
 shell, skin, husk (also ch'üeh⁴).
 same.
 to thump, to beat lightly.
 to knock out, as ashes from a pipe.
 uneven, rough.

K'0³ (hai) 口 咳^{626b429c}
 k'0³-sou⁴ 咳嗽
 k'0³-sou⁴-fa¹-ch'uan³ 咳嗽發喘
 k'0³ 目 瞌^{627a430c}
 k'0³-shui⁴ 瞌睡
 k'0³ (ch'ia) 手才 掙^{629a} ○
 k'0³-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴ 掙出去

to cough, a cough.
 cough, to cough (hai¹ sou⁴).
 asthma and cough.
 sleepy, worn out.
 sleepy, drowsy (ch'ang⁴ tun³).
 to seize.
 drag him away!

K'0³ 口 可^{623b425a}
 k'0³-ai¹ 可哀
 k'0³-ai⁴ 可愛

may, can, might, could; fit, proper. M. 545.
 lamentable.
 amiable, worthy to be loved, loveable.

k'ŏ ³ -ch'iang ²	可牆	along the whole wall.
k'ŏ ³ -ch'iao ³	可巧	fortunately.
k'ŏ ³ -chien ⁴	可見	able to see, visible; whence it is evident.
k'ŏ ³ -chih ³	可止	that which may be dispensed with.
k'ŏ ³ -ch'in ¹ -chin ⁴	可親近	attractive.
k'ŏ ³ -ching ⁴	可敬	worthy of respect, respectable.
k'ŏ ³ -ch'ü ³	可取	worthy, good qualities.
k'ŏ ³ -ch'ü ⁴ -ch'iao ³ -ch'iao ³	可去瞧瞧	we may go and have a look.
k'ŏ ³ -fou ³	可否	whether possible or not.
k'ŏ ³ -hên ⁴	可恨	worthy of detestation, detestable (k'ŏ ³ wu ⁴).
k'ŏ ³ -hsi ³	可惜	alas! lamentable, pitiable.
k'ŏ ³ -hsi ² -liao ³ -êrh ³	可惜了兒	pity, a pity to waste.
k'ŏ ³ -hsi ³	可喜	true cause for joy.
k'ŏ ³ -hsiao ⁴	可笑	laughable (chien ⁴ hsiao ⁴).
k'ŏ ³ -hsin ¹	可心	after one's heart.
k'ŏ ³ -hsin ¹ -k'ŏ ³ -i ⁴	可心可意	according to one's heart.
k'ŏ ³ -hsin ⁴	可信	credible.
k'ŏ ³ -hsing ³	可行	may be done.
k'ŏ ³ -i ³	可疑	suspicious, doubtful.
k'ŏ ³ -i ³	可以	may, can, it will do.
k'ŏ ³ -i ³ -pu ⁴ -p'ü ⁴	可以不必	not absolutely necessary, can be dispensed with.
k'ŏ ³ -jên ²	可人	a competent person.
k'ŏ ³ -k'an ¹ -tê ² -lai ³	可看得來	visible, able to see.
k'ŏ ³ -k'ao ⁴	可靠	trustworthy.
k'ŏ ³ -k'ou ³	可口	good to eat, palatable.
k'ŏ ³ -k'ua ⁴	可誇	praiseworthy.
k'ŏ ³ -kuan ¹	可觀	worth seeing.
k'ŏ ³ -liao ³ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	可了不得	terrible (liao ³ pu ⁴ tê ²).
k'ŏ ³ -lien ²	可憐	pitiable.
k'ŏ ³ -lien ³ -wo ³	可憐我	pity me! (ai ¹ ts'an ³).
k'ŏ ³ -liu ²	可留	deserving to be spared.
k'ŏ ³ -nao ³	可惱	provoking, aggravating.
k'ŏ ³ -p'ä ⁴	可怕	to be feared.
k'ŏ ³ -p'ing ²	可憑	reliable, it may be relied on.
k'ŏ ³ -pu ⁴ -k'ŏ ³	可不是	may or can it be done or not?
k'ŏ ³ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	可不是麼	to be sure, right, correct, certainly. M. 521,
k'ŏ ³ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴ -mo ³	可不是麼	is it not right?
k'ŏ ³ -pu ⁴ -tsao ³ -liao ³	可不是早了	how late it is!
k'ŏ ³ -shên ²	可身	a good fit (k'ŏ ³ t'ü ²).
k'ŏ ³ -shih ⁴	可是	but, however,
k'ŏ ³ -l'an ⁴	可嘆	deplorable, sad.
k'ŏ ³ -tao ⁴	可道	every road.
k'ŏ ³ -tao ⁴ -yu ³ -jên ²	可道有人	the whole road full of people.

k'o³-tê³
 k'o³-t'o¹
 k'o³-t'i³
 k'o³-t'ing¹
 k'o³-tsêng⁴
 k'o³-tsun¹
 k'o³-wan²-liao³
 k'o³-wei⁴
 k'o³-wu¹
 k'o³-yao⁴-hsiao³-hsin¹
 k'o³-yüan²
 k'o³-yung⁴
 k'o³ 水 ㄩ
 k'o³-hsiang³
 k'o³-ssü³
 k'o³-lê³-huang¹
 k'o³ 艸 廿

可得
 可託
 可體
 可聽
 可憎
 可尊
 可完了
 可畏
 可惡
 可要小心
 可原
 可用
 渴 629a430a
 渴想
 渴死
 渴得慌
 苛 624b215b

must, M. 218.
 reliable (k'ao⁴ tê³ chu⁴).
 a good fit (of clothes) (hsiao³ k'o³ k'o³ ti¹).
 worth hearing.
 abominable.
 worthy of honor.
 finished.
 dreadful, fearful.
 detestable, abominable.
 you must mind what you are about.
 excusable (yüan² liang⁴).
 of use.
 thirsty; anxious to obtain, to long for.
 to anxiously expect, longingly think upon.
 die of thirst.
 extremely thirsty.
 petty, annoy (also ho).

K'O⁴ ㄩ
 k'o⁴-chan⁴
 k'o⁴-ch'i⁴
 k'o⁴-huo⁴
 k'o⁴-jên²
 k'o⁴-kuan³
 k'o⁴-lü³
 k'o⁴-pu⁴-li²-huo⁴
 k'o⁴-pu⁴-sung⁴-k'o⁴
 k'o⁴-shang¹
 k'o⁴-shê⁴
 k'o⁴-sui⁴
 k'o⁴-t'ang²
 k'o⁴-t'ao⁴-hua⁴
 k'o⁴-tien⁴
 k'o⁴-t'ing¹
 k'o⁴-tsai³
 k'o⁴-wu¹-tzi³
 k'o⁴-yeh²
 k'o⁴-yü¹
 k'o⁴ 言
 k'o⁴-ch'i³
 k'o⁴-ch'ian⁴
 k'o⁴-kua⁴
 k'o⁴-shih¹

客 628b429a
 客棧
 客氣
 客貨
 客人
 客官
 客族
 客不離貨
 客不送客
 客商
 客舍
 客歲
 客堂
 客套話
 客店
 客廳
 客載
 客屋子
 客爺
 客寓
 客課 625b425b
 課期
 課勸
 課卦
 課詩

a guest, a visitor; a stranger, a traveller.
 a lodging-house.
 modest, retiring, diffident; formal, conventional.
 a merchant's goods, merchandise.
 a visitor, a guest; a traveller.
 an official who is a guest.
 a stranger, a traveller.
 the merchant must not leave his untended goods.
 guests do not escort guests.
 a travelling merchant, a commercial traveller.
 a traveller's or guest's room; lodgings.
 the by-gone year.
 a guest hall.
 mere complimentary phrases.
 an inn, a lodging house.
 a visitor's room.
 merchandise.
 a traveller's room.
 a guest; a traveller; a lodger.
 a lodging for travellers, etc., an hotel.
 to examine; to attempt; to plan; to counsel
 the time of examination.
 to exhort, to advise.
 form of divination (chan¹ pu²).
 to make verses.

k'o ⁴ -shih ⁴		課試	to try, to experiment (shih ⁴ yeu ⁴).
k'o ⁴ -shui ⁴		課稅	a tax or duty.
k'o ⁴ -t'ung ³		課筒	a tube used in fortune-telling.
k'o ⁴ -wên ²		課文	to compose, composition.
k'o ⁴	刀	刻 ^{626a430a}	time, 15 minutes. See k'o ¹ .
k'o ⁴ -hsia ⁴		刻下	now.
k'o ⁴ -jih ⁴		刻日	a fixed day.
k'o ⁴ -lou ⁴		刻漏	a clepsydra or water time-keeper.
k'o ⁴ -sou ¹		刻搜	to annoy, to act vexatiously to.
k'o ⁴	儿	克 ^{627b430b}	to be able, competent to, to subdue
k'o ⁴ -ch'î ³		克己	to overcome one's self (cheap).
k'o ⁴ -ch'î ³ fu ⁴ -l'î ³		克己復禮	to deny one's self and return to propriety.
k'o ⁴ -chien ⁴ -k'o ⁴ -ch'in ³		克儉克勤	very thrifty and diligent.
k'o ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴ -ssü ¹ -yü ⁴		克去私慾	to overcome the passions
k'o ⁴ -chuang ⁴		克壯	overpowering force.
k'o ⁴ -k'an ¹		克堪	adequate to, able or competent for; to sustain
k'o ⁴ -tang ¹		克當	to sustain.
k'o ⁴	刀 月 尅	剋 ^{627c430b}	to overcome, to subdue; to injure, to kill.
k'o ⁴ -ch'î ¹		剋期	an appointed time; to appoint a day.
k'o ⁴ -fa ¹		剋伐	to transport, to banish,
k'o ⁴ -k'ou ⁴		剋扣	to deduct, to discount (ché ² k'ou ⁴).
k'o ⁴ -tsé ²		剋擇	to choose a propitious day.
k'o ⁴	馬	騾 ^{625c425c}	a mare (êrh ² ma ²).
k'o ⁴ -lo ³		騾	a she-mule
k'o ⁴ -lü ³		騾	a she-ass.
k'o ⁴ -ma ³		騾馬	a mare,
k'o ⁴ (tzü)	金	鏹 ^{625c489c}	small silver ingots.
KOU ¹	勺	勾 ^{629b328a}	a hook, to hook, to entice, to exclude.
kou ¹ -chang ⁴		勾賬	to cancel an account.
kou ¹ -chieh ²		勾結	to entangle, to implicate.
kou ¹ -ch'ing ²		勾情	intrigue, liaison (ssü ¹ t'ung ²).
kou ¹ -chüeh ²		勾除	to reject.
kou ¹ fu ²		勾扶	to plaster.
kou ¹ -chüeh ²		勾決	to sentence to death (ch'u ¹ chüeh ²).
kou ¹ -ch'uan ⁴		勾串	to draw into a conspiracy.
kou ¹ -hsiao ¹		勾消	to cancel.
kou ¹ -hun ²		勾魂	to bewitch (mi ² hun ²).
kou ¹ -ta ¹ -shang ⁴ -liao ³		勾搭上了	formed an illicit connection.
kou ¹ -tang ¹		勾當	a job, affairs, business (bad sense)
kou ¹ -t'ung ¹		勾通	to be in a plot.
kou ¹ -tzü ³		勾子	a hook.
kou ¹ -yin ²		勾引	to entice, to inveigle (yin ² yu ²).

kou ¹	金鉤	鉤 ^{630a328b}	a hook, a sickle; a spear; to hook, to detain.
kou ¹ -chih ³		鉤止	to detain.
kou ¹ -chih ⁴		鉤致	to cause, to induce, to influence.
kou ¹ -chu ⁴		鉤住	to hook fast.
kou ¹ -ta ¹ -lien ² -huan ³		鉤搭連環	closely linked together in evil.
kou ¹ -t'i ¹		鉤梯	a hook ladder, a scaling ladder.
kou ¹	手	拘 ^{630a328b}	to hook, to adhere to, to grasp, to restrain.
kou ¹ -ch'ien ¹		拘牽	to drag along.
kou ¹ -chih ³		拘執	to grasp.
kou ¹ -ch'uan ⁴ -lai ³ -ti ¹		拘串來的	obtained by collusion with.
kou ¹ -liao ² -t'a ¹ -lai ³		拘了他來	drag him here! beguile him here.
kou ¹ -liu ³		拘留	to detain, to keep.
kou ¹ -mo ³ -ch'iang ³ -feng ⁴		拘抹牆縫	to plaster up the cracks in wall.
kou ¹ -na ³		拘拿	to seize; to apprehend.
kou ¹ -shou ³		拘手	be partners with, etc.
kou ¹ -shu ⁴		拘束	to restrain.
kou ¹ -t'ung ¹		拘通	to entice, to inveigle.
kou ¹	水	溝 ^{632a328c}	a gutter, a drain, a sewer, a ditch, a moat,
kou ¹ -h'ih ³		溝池	a ditch, a moat.
kou ¹ -ch'ü ³		溝渠	ditches, gutters, drains.
kou ¹ -ho ⁴		溝壑	"gutters and edges," banks of a ditch, etc.
kou ¹ -man ³ -hao ² -p'ing ³		溝滿壕平	high flood in the water-courses.
kou ¹ -yen ²		溝沿	banks of gutters, etc.

KOU ³	犬	狗 ^{630b329b}	the dog (ch'üan ³).
kou ³ -chang ⁴ -jên ² -shih ⁴		狗仗人勢	a dog relies on his master's influence.
kou ³ -ch'in ⁴		狗嘔	the dog vomits.
kou ³ -fei ⁴		狗吠	the dog barks (kou ³ yao ³).
kou ³ -fei ⁴		狗肺	villainous.
kou ³ -hsieh ³ -p'ên ¹ -t'ou ³		狗血噴頭	furious reviling.
kou ³ -hsiung ³		狗熊	the black bear.
kou ³ -pa ³ -shih ⁴		狗把勢	boast, all talk and no do.
kou ³ -p'i ⁴		狗屁	trash, bosh (abusive).
kou ³ -shih ³ -ch'ung ³		狗食虫	the fire fly; worms (in children).
kou ³ -t'ou ³ -t'z'ü ³		狗豆子	"dog beans," ticks.
kou ³ -t'ou ³ -shu ³ -ch'ieh ⁴		狗偷鼠竊	stealing on the sly
kou ³ -tsao ³		狗蚤	the flea (ko ⁴ tsao ³).
kou ³ -t'ui ³ -ya ³ -i ⁴		狗腿衙役	nick name for yamên runners
kou ³ -tung ⁴ -rh ³		狗洞兒	dog's hole (cut in doors).
kou ³ -t'z'ü ³		狗子	the flea; dog!
kou ³ -ya ³		狗牙	dog's teeth.
kou ³ -ya ³ -t'ao ¹ -t'z'ü ³		狗牙條子	dog-teeth edging
kou ³ -yao ³		狗咬	the bite of a dog, the dog barks.

kou³ 艸 廿 苟^{631b329a} hurried, precipitate ; to catch fish.
 kou³-ch'ieh³ 苟且 disreputable, careless, illicit intercourse.
 kou³-chien³ 苟儉 stingy, skinflint.
 kou³-ho² 苟合 illicit intercourse.
 kou³ 木 枸^{630b329b} a fruit, a kind of medlar.

KOU⁴ 弓 夠^{633a} enough (tsu²).
 kou⁴ 夕 够^{631c331b} same.
 kou⁴-ch'ih¹-ti¹ 够吃的 enough to support one.
 kou⁴-pén³ 够本 selling at cost price,
 kou⁴-san¹-shih² 够三十 exactly thirty.
 kou⁴-t'a¹-shou⁴-ti¹ 够他受的 all that he can bear (of suffering).
 kou⁴-yung⁴-liao³ 够用了 enough for use.
 kou⁴ 土 垢^{632c330a} filth, dirt, mud, scurf, impurity.
 kou⁴-mien⁴ 垢面 dirty face.
 kou⁴-wu¹ 垢污 filth, dirt.
 kou⁴ 手 拈^{632a330b} to pull, drag, to draw ; to scheme, to plot.
 kou⁴-cho²-liao³ 拈着了 able to reach,
 kou⁴-pu⁴-cho² 拈不着 unable to reach.
 kou⁴-pu⁴-shang⁴-lai³ 拈不上來 not able to reach up to.
 kou⁴-tsao³-érh² 拈棗兒 to pick dates.
 kou⁴-yüan⁴ 拈怨 to bring dislike on one's self.
 kou⁴ 貝 購^{632c330b} to seek ; to buy.
 kou⁴-mai³ 購買 to buy.
 kou⁴-pan⁴ 購辦 to buy up, e. g., wholesale.
 kou⁴ 言 詢 詬^{633a330a} to reproach, rail at.
 kou⁴-ma⁴ 詬罵 to rail at, revile.
 kou⁴ 女 姤^{633a330b} meeting, occurring, coming in contact.

K'OU¹ 手 拈^{633b331a} to lift up ; to pull, drag, or dig out.
 k'ou¹-ch'í³-lai³ 拈起來 to raise up (as clothes).
 k'ou¹-hsin¹ wa¹-tan³ 拈心挖膽 much alarmed (hsia⁴ p'o⁴ tan³ tzü³).
 k'ou¹-í¹ 拈衣 to lift up the clothes.
 k'ou¹-ping³-ch'ih¹ 拈餅吃 to sponge upon others.
 k'ou¹-p'o⁴-liao³ 拈破了 to work a hole with a nail,
 k'ou¹-pu⁴-ch'u¹-lai³ 拈不出來 unable to get hold of it.
 k'ou¹-pu⁴-tung⁴ 拈不動 cannot scratch a hole.
 k'ou¹ 刀 剔^{633b331a} to pick out with a knife,

K'OU³ 口 口^{633c331b} the mouth. Numerative of persons, etc.
 k'ou³-chun¹ 口占 to dictate to an amanuensis ; to recite,
 k'ou³-chan¹-ti¹ 口占的 an improvisatore. See Note 59.
 k'ou³-ch'í⁴ 口氣 speech, sentiments. See Note 60.

k'ou ³ -chiao ¹	口角	quarrel, dispute (fen ¹ cheng ¹).
k'ou ³ -chiao ¹ -tzü ⁴ -yen ³	口角字眼	a term applied to particles.
k'ou ³ -chih ¹	口枝	a mimic, a ventriloquist.
k'ou ³ -ch'ih ¹	口吃	to stammer (chieh ³ pa ¹)
k'ou ³ -ch'ih ³	口齒	the teeth; speech, utterance.
k'ou ³ -ch'ih ³ -hao ³	口齒好	good speech, clear enunciation,
k'ou ³ -ch'ing ¹ -ti ¹	口輕的	young age of animals.
k'ou ³ -ch'ou ⁴	口臭	foul-mouthed.
k'ou ³ -ch'uang ¹	口瘡	a gumboil.
k'ou ³ -chüeh ³	口訣	a charm (words).
k'ou ³ fu ⁴	口腹	food, necessities.
k'ou ³ -hao ⁴	口號	a watch-word, a pass-word.
k'ou ³ -hsiao ³	口小	young in age (of animals).
k'ou ³ -hua ⁴	口話	style of speech.
k'ou ³ -kung ¹	口供	evidence, deposition, confession, of a criminal
k'ou ³ -l ³	口裏	in the mouth.
k'ou ³ -liang ³	口糧	food, provisions (ch'ih ¹ shih ² , kuo ³ liang ³).
k'ou ³ -pei ³	口北	Mongolia; beyond the frontiers (k'ou ³ wai ⁴ ,
k'ou ³ -pu ⁴ -wên ³ -tang ¹	口不穩當	inclined to lying. [mêng ² ku ³],
k'ou ³ -shê ²	口舌	"mouth and tongue," altercation.
k'ou ³ -shê ² -li ⁴ -pien ⁴	口舌利便	specious, plausible, loquacious.
k'ou ³ -shih ⁴ -hsin ¹ -fei ¹	口是心非	deceitful, double-faced.
k'ou ³ -tai ⁴	口袋	a bag or sack.
k'ou ³ -t'iao ²	口條	the tongue of animals (for food) (shê ² t'ou ²).
k'ou ³ -ling ¹	口疔	a sore behind the neck.
k'ou ³ -t'ou ³	口頭	flavor, talk.
k'ou ³ -t'ou ³ -chiao ¹ -rh ³	口頭交兒	a mere verbal acquaintance.
k'ou ³ -t'ou ³ -ti ¹ -hua ⁴	口頭的話	mere compliment, common talk.
k'ou ³ -t'ou ³ -yü ² -érh ²	口頭語兒	a common saying, a pet phrase.
k'ou ³ -ts'ai ²	口才	eloquence (pien ⁴ shih ⁴).
k'ou ³ -tsou ⁴	口奏	to state verbally to the emperor.
k'ou ³ -tz'ü ²	口詞	oral, verbal language. [t'ou ³].
k'ou ³ -tz'ü ³	口子	a jetty; a port; a breach in river banks (ma ³
k'ou ³ -wai ⁴	口外	beyond the frontiers; out of port; Mongolia.
k'ou ³ -wei ⁴ -rh ²	口味的	taste, flavour (wei ⁴ tao ⁴).
k'ou ³ -yin ¹	口音	pronunciation.
k'ou ³ -yüan ⁴	口愿	a verbal vow.

K'OU ⁴	叩	G34c333a	to strike, to tap, to knock; to ask, to discuss.
k'ou ⁴ -chien ⁴	叩見		to visit a superior.
k'ou ⁴ -ch'ing ³	叩請		to request.
k'ou ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	叩謝		to thank with much earnestness.
k'ou ⁴ -mên ²	叩門		to knock at a door (p'ai ¹ mên ²).

k'ou ⁴ -ping ³	叩稟		to humbly petition.
k'ou ⁴ -shou ³	叩首		to bump the head in salutation.
k'ou ⁴ -t'ou ³	叩頭		same (k'o ¹ t'ou ³).
k'ou ⁴	手才敏	扣 ^{635a332a}	to strike, to hit, to knock against; to deduct,
k'ou ⁴ -ch'ê ¹		扣車	official impressing of carts.
k'ou ⁴ -chu ⁴		扣住	to take, to seize.
k'ou ⁴ -ch'u ³		扣除	to deduct, subtract.
k'ou ⁴ -ch'uan ³		扣船	impressing of boats.
k'ou ⁴ -kung ¹ -ch'ien ³		扣工錢	to cut one's wages.
k'ou ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -liao ³		扣過了	it is already subtracted.
k'ou ⁴ -liu ³		扣留	to keep, to detain, to deduct.
k'ou ⁴ -mên ³		扣門	to knock at a door.
k'ou ⁴ -niu ³		扣鈕	to button, to clasp.
k'ou ⁴ -pa ¹ -liang ³		扣八兩	deduct eight taels.
k'ou ⁴ -pu ⁴		扣布	a narrow kind of cotton—T-cloths.
k'ou ⁴ -shang ⁴		扣上	to cover over.
k'ou ⁴ -shu ⁴		扣數	the sum deducted.
k'ou ⁴ -shui ³		扣水	discount.
k'ou ⁴ -suan ⁴		扣算	to calculate and deduct (ohê ³ k'ou ⁴).
k'ou ⁴ -ti ³ -tzū ³		扣底子	deducting discounts.
k'ou ⁴ -tzū ³		扣子	a button (see 鈕, next entry).
k'ou ⁴	金	釦 ^{635b332b}	to ornament or inlay with gold, etc.; a button.
k'ou ⁴ -mên ³		釦門	a button loop (niu ³ k'ou ⁴).
k'ou ⁴ -p'an ⁴		釦襟	same.
k'ou ⁴ -pi ² -tzū ³		釦鼻子	a button loop.
k'ou ⁴	冠	冠	robbers, banditti; to pillage.
k'ou ⁴	冠	冠 ^{635c332b}	same (tao ⁴ k'ou ⁴).
k'ou ⁴ -ch'ou ³		冠讎	an enemy.
k'ou ⁴ -tang ³		冠黨	banditti, rebels.
k'ou ⁴ -tsei ³		冠賊	same.
k'ou ⁴	料	蔻 ^{635c332c}	the nutmeg (tou ⁴ k'ou ⁴).
k'ou ⁴ -jên ³		蔻仁	same.

KU ¹	女	姑 ^{38b432a}	a father's or husband's sisters; a girl, a maiden. <i>just nearly</i>
ku ¹ -chih ⁴ -wu ⁴ -lun ³		姑置勿論	to drop the subject.
ku ¹ -ch'ieh ³		姑且	for a time.
ku ¹ -chiu ⁴		姑舅	cousins.
ku ¹ -fu ¹		姑夫	a father's sister's husband.
ku ¹ -hsi ³		姑息	indulgent, forgiving; to spoil, as a child.
ku ¹ -ku ¹		姑姑	a father's sister's aunts.
ku ¹ -ku ¹ -tzū ³		姑姑子	a nun (ni ² ku ¹).
ku ¹ -ma ¹		姑媽	a father's elder sister.
ku ¹ -mu ³		姑母	a father's sisters, aunts.

ku ¹ -nai ² -nai ³	姑奶奶	a great-aunt (a girl having married is called so).
ku ¹ -niang ²	姑娘	Miss, a girl, a young lady (hsiao ³ chieh ³).
ku ¹ -niang ² -mên ¹	姑娘們	ladies, girls, you ladies, the ladies.
ku ¹ -niên ⁴	姑念	to take into consideration.
ku ¹ -piao ² -ti ⁴ -hsiang ¹	姑表弟兄	cousins.
ku ¹ -piao ³ -tzü ³ -mei ⁴	姑表姊妹	father's sister's daughters and sons.
ku ¹ -sao ³	姑嫂	sisters-in-law.
ku ¹ -su ¹	姑蘇	Soochow.
ku ¹ -t'ai ⁴ -t'ai ⁴	姑太太	an elderly lady's title in her own family.
ku ¹ -tzü ³ -an ¹	姑子庵	a Buddhist nunnery.
ku ¹ -yeh ²	姑爺	a father's sister's husband; a son-in-law.
ku ¹	子孤	an orphan; single, alone, solitary; destitute.
ku ¹ -ai ¹ -tzü ³	孤哀子	an orphan; a child bereft of both parents.
ku ¹ -chang ² -nan ² -ming ²	孤掌難鳴	a single palm cannot make a noise.
ku ¹ -chia ¹	孤家	I, the emperor.
ku ¹ -chou ¹	孤舟	a single boat.
ku ¹ -érh ²	孤兒	an orphan boy, a fatherless boy.
ku ¹ -fên ²	孤墳	a lonely grave.
ku ¹ -hun ² -hui ⁴	孤魂會	a society for help of orphaned souls.
ku ¹ -ku ¹ -tan ¹ -tan ¹	孤孤單單	orphanlike; isolated, alone (kuan ¹ kua ³ ku ¹ tu ²).
ku ¹ -k'u ² -jên ²	孤苦人	one with no relatives.
ku ¹ -kua ²	孤寡	orphans and widows; a lonely widow.
ku ¹ -li ¹ -jên ²	孤立人	alone, unassisted.
ku ¹ -nü ²	孤女	an orphan girl, a fatherless girl.
ku ¹ -p'in ²	孤貧	lonely and poor, destitute.
ku ¹ -shan ¹	孤山	a solitary rock.
ku ¹ -shên ¹	孤身	a solitary individual, a person alone.
ku ¹ -shên ¹ -wu ² -k'ao ⁴	孤身無靠	without any support, alone in the world.
ku ¹ -shuang ¹	孤孀	a forlorn widow, orphans and widows.
ku ¹ -tan ¹	孤單	isolated, lonely, orphanlike.
ku ¹ -ting ¹ -ting ¹	孤丁丁	same.
ku ¹ -tu ²	孤獨	alone, solitary; without relations.
ku ¹ -tzü ³	孤子	a fatherless boy, an orphan.
ku ¹ -tzü ³ -liu ² -yang ²	孤子留養	a murderer spared to support his mother.
ku ¹	人估	to value, to reckon, to conjecture, to price.
ku ¹ -chi ⁴	估計	to reckon, to conjecture.
ku ¹ -chia ⁴	估價	to estimate the price.
ku ⁴ -i ¹ -p'u ⁴	估衣鋪	a = old clothes shop.
ku ⁴ -liang ²	估量	to conjecture, to reckon (liao ⁴ ku ⁴).
ku ¹ -mo ¹	估摸	to conjecture, to imagine.
ku ¹ -ts'ai ¹	估猜	to conjecture; to regard doubtfully.
ku ¹ -toui ¹ -mai ² -ti ¹	估堆買的	bought in the lump.
ku ¹	水沽	to buy; to sell; to lessen, to retrench, to abridge.

ku¹-chiu³
 ku¹-hsü-ming¹
 ku¹ 口
 ku¹-nang¹
 ku¹-tu¹-êrh²
 ku¹ 竹籤
 ku¹-hsi³-tsao²-p'ên²
 ku¹-mu¹-t'ung³
 ku¹ 辛
 ku¹-fu⁴
 ku¹-fu⁴-ên¹-tien³
 ku¹-fu⁴-kuang¹-yin¹
 ku¹ 車
 ku¹-lu⁴
 ku¹ 艸 廿
 ku¹ 虫 蚯

沽酒
 沽虛名
 咕 636c
 咕 囉
 咕都兒
 箍 640c431c
 箍洗澡盆
 箍木桶
 辜 637b432c
 辜負
 辜負恩典
 辜負光陰
 軛 637b432c
 軛 轆
 菇 639a432a
 咕 637b431b

to sell wine.
 to get credit to which one is not entitled.
 to mutter.
 to mutter, to speak to one's self.
 buds of flowers, etc. (ya²).
 a hoop, to hoop.
 to hoop a bath-tub.
 to hoop a barrel.
 fault, crime, guilt; to oppose.
 to be ungrateful for or to.
 to be ungrateful.
 to waste time.
 a carriage. See ku³ lun².
 a wheel; to revolve, to go round (lun² tzü³).
 a gourd, pumpkin or melon; fungus.
 mole cricket (螻蛄 lou² ku¹).

KU³ 口
 ku³-chi¹
 ku³-chi⁴-êrh²
 ku³-chiao⁴
 ku³-ch'ien²
 ku³-chin¹
 ku³-chung³
 ku³-êrh²-tz'ü²
 ku³-jên²
 ku³-ku²-ti¹
 ku³-kuai⁴
 ku³-lai²-ti¹
 ku³-lai²-yu³
 ku³-li³
 ku³-miao⁴
 ku³-pa¹
 ku³-pan³-p'ei²-ch'ü⁴
 ku³-pei³-k'ou³
 ku³-shêng⁴-jên²
 ku³-shih¹
 ku³-shih²-hou⁴
 ku³-shih⁴
 ku³-shu¹
 ku³-tiao²
 ku³-tien³
 ku³-tung³

古 636a432c
 古跡
 古記兒
 古教
 古錢
 古今
 古塚
 古兒詞
 古人
 古古的
 古怪
 古來的
 古來有
 古禮
 古廟
 古巴
 古板脾氣
 古北口
 古聖人
 古詩
 古時候
 古事
 古書
 古調
 古典
 古董

old, ancient; long ago; antiquity, remote (chin⁴).
 traces of antiquity, ruins, etc.
 old tales, records, etc.
 ancient doctrines or principles.
 ancient cash.
 ancient and modern.
 an ancient grave.
 old tales, legends, etc.
 the ancients.
 old, ancient.
 strange, curious, odd, monstrous.
 ancient.
 have been of old.
 an old custom.
 an ancient temple.
 Cuba.
 old-fashioned, bigoted, obtuse.
 a pass to Mongolia.
 the ancient sages.
 an ancient ode.
 ancient times, old times,
 old affairs.
 ancient books.
 an ancient tune.
 maxims from historical works or fables (tien³).
 curios, old curiosities, antiquities.

[ku⁴].

ku ³ -tung ² -êrh ²	古董兒	curios, old curiosities, antiquities.
ku ³ -tung ² -p'w ⁴	古董鋪	a curiosity shop.
ku ³ -tung ² -wan ² -ch'í ⁴	古董玩器	curios.
ku ³ -t'ung ²	古銅	a bronze antique.
ku ³ -tzu ⁴ 1	古字	ancient characters.
ku ³ -tzu ⁴ 2	古瓷	old porcelain.
ku ³ -wan ²	古玩	curiosities, antiques.
ku ³ -wan ² -ch'í ⁴	古玩器	same.
ku ³ -wang ²	古往	of old, in olden times.
ku ³ -wang ² -chin ¹ -lai ²	古往今來	past and present.
ku ³ -wên ²	古文	ancient literature.
ku ³ -yao ²	古窑	an old furnace; old China ware.
ku ³ -yü ³	古語	an old saying, a proverb.
ku ³	骨 <small>041a454b</small>	a bone.
ku ³ -chieh ²	骨節	joints of the bones, the joints.
ku ³ -hsüen ⁴	骨血	"bone and blood," one's children.
ku ³ -jou ⁴	骨肉	"bone and flesh," near relationship.
ku ³ -ko ²	骨格	the features (hsiang ⁴ mao ⁴).
ku ³ -li ⁴	骨力	vigorous (style of penmanship).
ku ³ -lou ² -k'u ¹	骨骸 <small>估</small>	a skeleton.
ku ³ -p'ai ²	骨牌	dominoes.
ku ³ -shih ¹	骨屍	a corpse (shih ¹ shou ³).
ku ³ -shou ⁴ -ju ² -ch'ai ²	骨瘦如柴	as thin as a stick.
ku ³ -su ¹ -jou ⁴ -ma ²	骨酥肉麻	paralysed (with fright).
ku ³ -su ¹	骨髓	bones and marrow; marrow.
ku ³ -t'í ²	骨體	a skeleton.
ku ³ -t'ou ²	骨頭	a bone, bones.
ku ³ -t'ou ² -chieh ² -rh ²	骨頭節兒	the joints.
ku ³	鼓 <small>042a431a</small>	a drum; a measure; a star; a state.
ku ³ -chang ²	鼓掌	to clap the hands.
ku ³ -chang ² -ta ⁴ -hsiao ⁴	鼓掌大笑	to clap the hands and laugh loudly.
ku ³ -ch'í ² -lai ² -liao ²	鼓起來了	bulged out.
ku ³ -chia ¹ -tzü ²	鼓架子	a drum stand.
ku ³ -ch'in ²	鼓琴	to play on the dulcimer; harmony, concord.
ku ³ -huang ²	鼓簧	"pipe and drum," to deceive by specious language.
ku ³ -li ¹	鼓勵	"drum to exertion," to stimulate, to excite.
ku ³ -lo ²	鼓鑼	drums and gongs.
ku ³ -lou ²	鼓樓	a drum tower (chung ¹ lou ²).
ku ³ -pan ² -chêng ⁴ -chuan ⁴	鼓板正傳	to talk seriously.
ku ³ -p'êng ² -p'êng ² -li ¹	鼓膨膨的	quite distended, plump, round.
ku ³ -sü ⁴	鼓瑟	"drums and harps," to play on the harp.
ku ³ -shou ³	鼓手	a drummer.
ku ³ -tung ⁴	鼓動	to stimulate, to excite to rouse.

ku⁴-sha¹
ku⁴-shih⁴
ku⁴-so⁴
ku⁴-lien³
ku⁴-ts'ü³
ku⁴-wên⁴
ku⁴
ku⁴-ch'êng³
ku⁴-chi³
ku⁴-chih¹
ku⁴-chih³
ku⁴-i³
ku⁴-jan³
ku⁴-lou⁴
ku⁴-pên³-pao³-yüan³
ku⁴-shou³
ku⁴-ts'ü³
ku⁴
ku⁴-ch'ê¹
ku⁴-chiao³
ku⁴-ch'uan³
ku⁴-hao³-liao³
ku⁴-jên²-k'an¹-shou³
ku⁴-kug¹-jên³
ku⁴-mu⁴
ku⁴-pu⁴-ch'u¹-lai³
ku⁴-t'o³-liao³
ku⁴
ku⁴-chia¹
ku⁴-ch'ien³-ku⁴-hou⁴
ku⁴-eh³
ku⁴-hou⁴
ku⁴-hsü⁴
ku⁴-k'an⁴
ku⁴-k'o⁴
ku⁴-k'ou³
ku⁴-lien²-mien⁴
ku⁴-nien⁴
ku⁴-pu⁴-tê²-ch'ü⁴
ku⁴-tsui³
ku⁴
ku⁴-lu⁴-kuo¹
ku⁴

故殺
故事
故似
故典
故此
故問
固
固城
固疾
固知
固執
固意
固然
固陋
固本保元
固守
固辭
雇
雇車
雇脚
雇船
雇好了
雇人看守
雇工人
雇募
雇不出來
雇妥了
顧
顧家
顧前顧後
顧主
顧後
顧恤
顧看
顧客
顧口
顧臉面
顧念
顧不得去
顧嘴
金
金錫
錫路鍋
手
手摺

murder with malice aforethought.
an old affair ; a legend, a story.
because of this,
historical precedent (tien³ ku⁴).
wherefore, therefore.
ask intentionally.
hard, solid, stony, firm, obstinate, constant.
defences, outworks of a city.
a chronic disease.
I will know ; determined to know.
obstinate.
purposely, with fixed intention, determined.
certainly, unquestionably, positively
rude, vulgar, ignorant, uninformed,
to protect one's constitution.
to maintain firmly ; to strengthen defences.
to refuse firmly ; on account of that.
to hire, to obtain labour for money (lin⁴).
to hire a cart,
to hire coolies or conveyances.
to hire a vessel,
hired successfully.
to hire a man as caretaker.
to hire labourers ; a labourer.
to hire (as soldiers) (chao¹ ping¹).
cannot be hired.
hired satisfactorily.
to look at ; to regard ; to care for.
to look out for one's family.
i.e., very careful.
a customer.
regard for consequences.
to pity.
to look at, to look after.
a customer, a visitor.
to look out for a subsistence (hu³ k'ou³).
to have regard to face.
to think upon, to consider.
can't find time to go (tieh² pu⁴ tê³ ch'ü⁴).
to look for a living.
to pour metal into cracks, to caulk.
to mend old kettles,
to dig ; to stir.

ku⁴-yung²-pu⁴-tung⁴ 搨擁不動

can't wriggle or stir (yung² chi³ pu⁴ t'ou⁴).

K'U¹

口

哭^{645a455a}

to weep, to cry loudly (ai¹ k'u¹).

k'u¹ lou²-ku²

哭起來

to burst out crying, to begin to cry.

k'u¹-ch'i⁴

哭泣

to cry, to weep.

k'u¹-hsi¹o⁴

哭笑

crying and laughing, hysterical.

k'u¹-huang²-t'ien¹

哭皇天

to call on heaven for aid.

k'u¹-jên²

哭人

to weep for a man.

k'u¹-k'u¹-t'i²-t'i²

哭哭啼啼

weeping and lamentation.

k'u¹-sang¹

哭喪

to wail for the dead.

k'u¹-shên²-mo²

哭甚麼

what are you crying for?

k'u¹-shên¹g¹

哭聲

the sound of weeping.

k'u¹-ssü²

哭死

to cry to death.

k'u¹-ssü²-k'u¹-huo²

哭死哭活

to weep bitterly.

k'u¹-t'ien¹-k'u¹-ti⁴

哭天哭地

to weep bitterly (hao² t'ao² ta⁴ k'u¹).

k'u¹-yeh²-wu²-i²

哭也無益

no use to cry about it.

k'u¹

→

窟^{645c455a}

a hole, a cave or cavern, rat-hole.

k'u¹-hsüeh⁴

窟穴

to dig a hole; a hole or cavern.

k'u¹-lung²

窟窿

a hole.

k'u¹-lung²-yen²

窟窿眼

mouth of the hole.

k'u¹

木

枯^{644a436a}

rotten wood, a dead tree; decayed, rotten.

k'u¹-kan¹

枯乾

dried up.

k'u¹-shou⁴

枯瘦

lean, shrivelled.

k'u¹-shu⁴

枯樹

a dead tree.

k'u¹

骨

骷^{645a436a}

a skeleton; the shoulder blade; the collar-bone.

k'u¹-lou²

骷髏

a skeleton.

k'u¹-lou²-ku²

骷髏骨

same.

k'u¹

骨

髑^{1190b922a}

skull (Giles = tu).

k'u¹-ch'i³ lai²

髑髏骨

the skull.

K'U³

艸 卅

苦^{644b436b}

bitter, unpleasant, distressing, painstaking.

k'u³-ch'ai¹

苦差

hard service.

k'u³-chi²

苦急

urgent.

k'u³-chi²-liao²

苦極了

extremely hard or distressing.

k'u³-ch'ieh⁴

苦切

misery, distress, wretchedness.

k'u³-chin⁴-t'ien²-lai²

苦盡甜來

bitter ended comes the sweet.

k'u³-ch'üung²

苦窮

wretchedly poor (p'in² han²).

k'u³-chu²

苦主

the injured person or party.

k'u³-ch'u²

苦楚

bitterness, sorrow.

k'u³-ch'üan⁴

苦勸

to severely lecture, etc.

k'u³-hai²-wu²-pien¹

苦海無邊

the sea of woe is shoreless.

k'u³-han²

苦寒

wretchedly poor, poverty, etc.

k'u³-hsian¹g⁴

苦像

a woe-begone expression.

k'u ³ -hsin ² -jên ²	苦心人	a very diligent man.
k'u ³ -huan ⁴	苦患	distressing, bitter.
k'u ³ -k'ou ³ -hsiang ¹ -ch'üan ⁴	苦口相勸	to lecture soundly.
k'u ³ -k'ou ³ -liang ² -yen ³	苦口良言	good advice harshly delivered.
k'u ³ -k'u ³ -ai ¹ -kao ⁴	苦苦哀告	bitterly entreat.
k'u ³ -kung ¹	苦功	hard labor.
k'u ³ -la ⁴ -la ⁴ -ti ¹	苦辣辣的	very bitter.
k'u ³ -lê ⁴	苦勒	to distress, to molest, to ill-use; to oppress.
k'u ³ -liao ³ -wo ³ -liao ³	苦了我了	this does me a great injustice.
k'u ³ -mai ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	苦賣菜	sowthistle, dandelion, hawkweed.
k'u ³ -ming ⁴	苦命	a bitter fate, a wretched lot in life.
k'u ³ -nan ⁴	苦難	misery, calamity (huan ⁴ nan ⁴).
k'u ³ -nao ³	苦惱	trouble.
k'u ³ -pa ² -k'u ³ -yeh ⁴	苦拔	to do one's utmost for.
k'u ³ -pin ⁹ -k'u ³ -chih ⁴	苦病苦治	bad disease needs bitter remedy
k'u ³ -pu ⁴ -k'o ² -nai ⁴	苦不可耐	unendurable poverty.
k'u ³ -p'u ⁴ -k'o ² -yen ³	苦不可言	unspeakable agony.
k'u ³ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ti ¹	苦不過的	extreme of misery.
k'u ³ -shih ⁴ -liang ² -yao ⁴	苦是良藥	good medicine is bitter.
k'u ³ -shou ³ -ch'ing ¹ -kuei ¹	苦守清規	woman strictly chaste.
k'u ³ -shui ³	苦水	bitter water (t'ien ² shui ³).
k'u ³ -ssü ⁴ -huang ² -lien ³	苦似黃連	as bitter as wormwood.
k'u ³ -ssü ³	苦死	to die of grief, trouble, etc.
k'u ³ -tai ⁴ -t'a ¹	苦待他	to maltreat him.
k'u ³ -tan ³	苦膽	the gall; courage.
k'u ³ -t'ien ² -suan ¹ -la ⁴	苦甜酸辣	bitter, sweet, sour, and acrid.
k'u ³ -tsai ⁴ -hsi ¹ -li ³	苦在心裡	he keeps his troubles to himself.
k'u ³ -ts'ai ⁴	苦菜	the sowthistle, dandelion, hawkweed.
k'u ³ -ts'an ¹ -ts'an ² -ti ¹	苦參參的	bitter, as ginseng, decidedly bitter.
k'u ³ -tu ² -hun ² -chu ¹ an ¹	苦讓寒窗	a poor student suffers.
k'u ³ -wei ⁴	苦味	a bitter taste (wei ⁴ tao ⁴).

K'U ¹	广	庫 646a436o	a treasury, a store house (fu ² k'u ⁴).
k'u ⁴ -fang ²		庫房	a treasurer; a treasury or storehouse.
k'u ⁴ -ku ¹ n ¹		庫官	treasury officer.
k'u ⁴ -li ⁴		庫吏	a treasury-clerk.
k'u ⁴ -p'ing ² -yin ³		庫平銀	silver according to Treasury scale.
k'u ⁴ -ta ⁴ -shih ²		庫大使	a treasurer, keeper of provincial yamên. G. 297.
k'u ⁴ -ting ¹		庫丁	treasury labourers.
k'u ⁴ -t'ing ¹		庫廳	a treasury keeper. G. 297.
k'u ⁴ (t'z'ü)	衣袴	袴 646b437b	trowsers, drawers, pantaloons.
k'u ⁴		褲	same.
k'u ⁴ -tai ¹ -t'z'ü ³		褲帶子	a trowser's belt or string.

k'u⁴-tang²
 k'u⁴-t'ui²
 k'u⁴-t'ui³-tai⁴-rl²
 k'u⁴-yao¹
 k'u⁴ 西 酷^{645b456b}
 k'u⁴-hao⁴
 k'u⁴-hsing², k'iao³-ta³
 k'u⁴-jê⁴
 k'u⁴-li⁴

褲襠
 褲腿
 褲腿帶兒
 褲腰
 酷
 酷好
 酷刑拷打
 酷熱
 酷吏

the seat of trousers.
 the legs of trousers.
 strings for tying the legs of trousers,
 a waist-belt.
 cruel, tyrannical (ts'an² pao⁴).
 to have a passion for.
 cruel punishments and tortures.
 very hot.
 cruel underlings.

KUA¹, 刀 刮 刮^{647b469a}
 kua¹-ching⁴
 kua¹-cho²
 kua¹-ch'ü⁴-p'i²-mao²
 kua¹-hsiao¹
 t'ua¹-hsiao¹-chia⁴-ch'ien²
 kua¹-i¹-shang²
 kua¹-kou⁴
 kua¹-lien²
 kua¹-mo²
 kua¹-mu⁴
 kua¹-sha¹
 kua¹-tao¹-tzü³
 kua¹-t'ou²-pi³-tzü³
 kua¹-tzü⁴
 kua¹ 瓜 瓜^{646b466a}
 kua¹-fên¹
 kua¹-jang³
 kua¹-ko²
 kua¹-kuo³
 kua¹-t'ien²
 kua¹-tzü³
 kua¹-tzü³-lien²
 kua¹ 風 刮^{648a470a}
 kua¹-ch'ên²-liao³
 kua¹-ching¹-liao³-t'ien¹
 kua¹-fan¹-liao³
 kua¹-fêng¹
 kua¹-hsüan⁴-fêng¹
 kua¹-pu¹-k'ai¹-t'ien¹
 kua¹-ta⁴-fêng¹
 kua¹ 虫 蝸^{648c466c}
 kua¹-niu²

刮淨
 刮著
 刮去皮毛
 刮削
 刮削價錢
 刮衣裳
 刮垢
 刮臉
 刮摩
 刮木
 刮痧
 刮刀子
 刮頭篦子
 刮字
 瓜
 瓜分
 瓜瓢
 瓜葛
 瓜菜
 瓜田
 瓜子
 瓜子臉
 颶
 颶沉了
 颶晴了天
 颶翻了
 颶風
 颶颶風
 颶不開天
 颶大風
 蝸牛

to scrape, to pare off, to rub off (hsiao¹).
 even, smooth.
 a carter's cry—look out!
 to scrape off skin and hair.
 to scrape or pare off.
 to abate the price of anything.
 to brush clothes (shua¹ i¹ shang²).
 to scrape off the dirt.
 to shave the face (t'i⁴ t'ou²).
 to scrape or pare off, to rub off.
 to plane wood.
 to scarify for cholera.
 a razor.
 a fine comb for the head.
 to erase or scratch out characters.
 cucumbers, melons, gourds, etc.
 to partition, e. g., China.
 the edible inside of melons.
 concerned, implicated.
 melons and fruit, fruit generally.
 melon land.
 melon seeds.
 an oval face; handsome (applied to women),
 to blow; a strong wind.
 foundered in storm.
 wind has cleared the sky.
 capsized by the wind.
 to blow, windy (sou¹ sou¹ ti¹ fêng¹).
 to blow a whirlwind.
 (wind) fails to clear the sky.
 to blow a gale or typhoon.
 a snail.
 same.

- kua¹* 鳥舌 648b469c the rook (lao³ kua¹, lao³ ya¹).
kua¹ 刀 刀 647a466b to slice, to cut out.
kua¹ (kua) 耳 耳 647c469b clamor, din.
kua¹-tê³-huang¹ 話得慌 unpleasantly affected by the noise.
- [M. 117.]
- KUA³** 寡 寡 648c467a few, little; seldom, rarely; alone; a widow.
kua³-ch'i¹ 寡妻 a rare wife.
kua³-chū¹ 寡居 to live in widowhood; to live alone.
kua³-chūn¹ 寡君 our sovereign (the one sovereign).
kua³-fu⁴ 寡婦 a widow (shuang¹ fu⁴).
kua³-ho³ 寡合 to join in society rarely.
kua³-jên³ 寡人 I, myself, the sovereign (the single person).
kua³-mū³ 寡母 a widow.
kua³-pu⁴-tî²-chung⁴ 寡不敵衆 the few cannot oppose the many.
kua³-tî² 寡德 possessed of but little virtue.
kua³-wên³ 寡聞 to have heard but little; unacquainted.
kua³-yên³ 寡言 to speak little, reticent.
kua³-yü¹ 寡慾 few desires (ch'ing¹ hsin¹ kua³ yü⁴).
kua³ 刀 刀 648b466c to hack to pieces; to cut the flesh from the bones.
kua³-ch'u¹-t'a¹-lai³ 剛他出來 cut him to pieces!
kua³-ssü³ 剛死 to hack to death.
kua³-tsui⁴ 剛罪 to punish by hacking to death (ling³ ch'ih³).
- KUA⁴** 手 手 { 挂 649b467b to suspend, to hang up; to be separated by.
kua⁴ same.
kua⁴-chang³ 掛鞦 (32b24) to shoe an animal (ting⁴ ma³ chang³).
kua⁴-chang⁴ 掛帳 to run a bill, to buy on credit (la¹ chang⁴).
kua⁴-chang'-tzu³ 掛帳子 to hang up curtains.
kua⁴-ch'ao²-chui¹ 掛朝珠 to wear court beads
kua⁴-ch'ê¹ 掛車 a pulley, a block.
kua⁴-ch'i³ 掛起 to hang up, to suspend (tiao⁴ ch'i³ lai³).
kua⁴-ch'i³-lai³ same.
kua⁴-chien⁴ 掛劍 to wear a sword.
kua⁴-ch'ien¹ 掛牽 to think of, to regard.
kua⁴-ch'ien⁴ 掛欠 to hang up one's score.
kua⁴-ch'ih³ 掛齒 "to hang on the teeth," to speak of.
kua⁴-chui⁴-liao³ 掛住了 held up, to hold up.
kua⁴-ch'u¹-p'ai²-tzu³ 掛出牌子 the notice of the appointment is hung out.
kua⁴-hao⁴ 掛號 to register, e. g., name.
kua⁴-hsiao⁴ 掛孝 to wear mourning (ch'uan¹ hsiao⁴).
kua⁴-hsin¹ 掛心 "suspended heart," suspense, anxiety
kua⁴-hua¹ 掛花 to dress gaily or in bright colors (ch'uan¹ hung³
kua⁴-hua⁴ 掛畫 to hang up a picture. [kua⁴ iü⁴].

kua⁴-huang³-tzü³ 掛幌子
 kua⁴-hung³ 掛掛紅
 kua⁴-i³ 掛掛意
 kua⁴-kuan³ 掛掛冠
 kua⁴-lien²-tzü³ 掛掛簾子
 kua⁴ lü⁴ 掛掛慮
 kua⁴-mien⁴ 掛掛麪
 kua⁴-mien⁴ 掛掛念
 kua⁴-mien⁴ t'ai¹ 掛掛念他
 kua⁴-pien³ 掛掛匾
 kua⁴-p'ing³ 掛掛屏
 kua⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴ 掛掛不住
 kua⁴-shang⁴ 掛掛上
 kua⁴-shih¹-p'iao⁴ 掛掛失票
 kua⁴-shuai⁴ 掛掛帥
 kua⁴-têng¹ 掛掛燈
 kua⁴-ts'ai³ 掛掛彩
 kua⁴-wei³-tzü³ 掛掛帷子
 kua⁴-wu⁴ 掛掛誤
 kua⁴-yin⁴ 掛掛印
 kua⁴ 卜 卦 649b467c
 kua⁴-ho³ 卦 卦盒
 kua⁴-ming⁴ 卦 卦命
 kua⁴-ming⁴-hsien¹-shêng¹ 卦 卦命先生
 kua⁴-p'an³-tzü³ 卦 卦盤子
 kua⁴-wei⁴ 卦 卦位
 kua⁴ 穴 罨 罨 649a467a
 kua⁴-ai⁴ 罨 罨碍
 kua⁴-hsin¹ 罨 罨心
 kua⁴-huai³ 罨 罨懷
 kua⁴ (tsü) 衣 袂 650a468b
 kua⁴ 言 言 649a467a
 kua⁴-wu⁴ 言 言 誤

to hang up a sign-board (chao¹ p'ai²).
 to decorate for festal occasions (kua⁴ ts'ai³).
 anxious thoughts; to be in suspense.
 "to hang up the hat," to resign office.
 to suspend a screen (ch'ui³ lien²).
 suspense.
 long strips of dough boiled in soup.
 suspense; anxious, thoughtful (hsüan² hsin¹).
 to feel anxious about him.
 to hang up a tablet, as doctors do.
 to hang up a screen.
 cannot hang upon.
 to hang up.
 to advertise a lost bank note.
 to become commander-in-chief (yüan³ shuai⁴).
 to hang up a lamp; a hanging lamp.
 to decorate for festal occasions.
 to hang curtains.
 to trouble, to involve in.
 to become commander-in-chief.
 a prognostic; divination, to divine; the diagrams.
 a lottery case or box.
 to tell fortunes (suan⁴ kua⁴).
 a fortune-teller (suan⁴ ming⁴).
 a dish for throwing lots in.
 a divination diagram.
 to hook on to; to fall into a net; to rush against.
 to affect, concern.
 to think of, to regard.
 to be anxious about.
 an outercoat.
 impose on, deceive.
 to mislead.

K'UA¹ 言 誇 650b468a
 k'ua¹-chang¹ 誇 誇張
 k'ua¹-chiang³ 誇 誇獎
 k'ua¹-fu⁴ 誇 誇富
 k'ua¹-hai³-k'ou³ 誇 誇海口
 k'ua¹-k'ou³ 誇 誇口
 k'ua¹-kung¹ 誇 誇功
 k'ua¹-tsan⁴ 誇 誇讚
 k'ua¹-tsui³ 誇 誇嘴

to boast, to brag, boasting.
 same.
 to praise one's self or another (tsan⁴ mei³).
 the boast of one's wealth.
 to boast, to brag.
 same (chang¹ k'uang²).
 to boast one's merits.
 to praise, to extol.
 to brag.

k'ua¹-tzu³

誇子

a broad speaking person ; brogue, *patois*.

K'UA⁴

肉月髀

膀^{650b468b}

legs, thighs or hips.

k'ua⁴-hsia⁴

膀下

between the legs, under the thigh.

k'ua⁴-ku³

膀骨

the hip-bones.

k'ua⁴-ku³-chiu⁴

膀骨白

acetabulum.

k'ua⁴-tang¹-li³

膀當裡

the space between the thighs.

k'ua⁴-tzu³

膀子

same.

k'ua⁴

足

跨^{650c468b}

to bestride, to pass over ; to surpass.

k'ua⁴-ch'ê¹-yen³

跨車沿

to sit on the shaft of a cart.

k'ua⁴-hai³

跨海

on the coast ; to coast ; to cross the sea.

k'ua⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴

跨過去

to pass over.

k'ua⁴-liang³

跨樑

a cross beam.

k'ua⁴-ma³

跨馬

to bestride a horse (ch'i³ ma³).

k'ua⁴-tao¹

跨刀

to wear a sword.

k'ua⁴-tzu³-ch'uan³

跨子船

houseboat for travelling on rivers.

KUAI¹

厶

乖^{651a470a}

eccentric, strange, extraordinary ; very.

kuai¹-chang¹

乖張

unreasonable (tiao¹ pi³).

kuai¹-ch'iao³

乖巧

clever, ingenious, artful (ch'i³ kuai⁴).

kuai¹-ch'uan³

乖舛

mistaken, error.

kuai¹-hua³

乖滑

crafty.

kuai¹-i⁴

乖異

strange, odd, unaccountable.

kuai¹-k'ou³

乖口

eloquent, plausible, glib (k'ou³ ts'ai³).

kuai¹-kuai¹

乖乖

a kiss (ch'in¹ tsui³).

kuai¹-kuai¹-ti¹

乖乖的

keep quiet ! (to children).

kuai¹-lei³

乖戾

perverse.

kuai¹-nin⁴

乖謬

same.

kuai¹-p'ü⁴

乖僻

perverse, bad.

KUAI³

手才

拐^{651a470a}

to swindle, to kidnap ; to turn.

kuai³-chou³

拐肘

the elbow.

kuai³-ch'ü⁴

拐去

to kidnap, to swindle.

kuai³-fan⁴

拐販

to kidnap and sell.

kuai³-hui³-lai³

拐回來

to turn back.

kuai³-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴

拐過去

to go round (jao⁴ wan¹).

kuai³-p'ien⁴

拐騙

to swindle, to defraud ; to beguile, to decoy,

kuai³-tai⁴

拐帶

to kidnap, to swindle.

kuai³-tzu³

拐子

a kidnapper, a swindler.

kuai³-wan¹-rh³

拐彎兒

a corner, to turn a corner (huai³ wan¹ rh³).

kuai³

木

拐^{651a470}

a staff, a stick (with a handle).

kuai³-chang⁴

拐杖

same.

kuai³-kun⁴

拐棍

a long stick, a crutch.

<i>kuai³-pang⁴</i>	拐棒	a stick, a staff.
KUAI⁴ 心中怪	怪 ^{651b470b}	strange; to blame; very (ch'i ³ kuai ⁴).
<i>kuai⁴-ching¹</i>	怪精	supernatural.
<i>kuai⁴-hao³</i>	怪好	very good.
<i>kuai⁴-hsing⁴</i>	怪性	a strange disposition.
<i>kuai⁴-i⁴</i>	怪異	strange, singular, monstrous, unnatural.
<i>kuai⁴-jên²</i>	怪人	a singular or strange person.
<i>kuai⁴-k'ü³</i>	怪苦	very bitter.
<i>kuai⁴-la⁴</i>	怪辣	very pungent.
<i>kuai⁴-li⁴-luan⁴-shên³</i>	怪力亂神	[avoided by Confucius].
<i>kuai⁴-mou³-kuai⁴-yang⁴</i>	怪模怪樣	strange, strength, disorder, spirits (subjects
<i>kuai⁴-nan²</i>	怪難	very strange appearance.
<i>kuai⁴-pu⁴-té²</i>	怪不得	very hard.
<i>kuai⁴-pu⁴-té³-wo³</i>	怪不得我	no wonder that.
<i>kuai⁴-sê⁴-ti¹</i>	怪澁的	must not blame me.
<i>kuai⁴-shih⁴</i>	怪事	very rough to the taste.
<i>kuai⁴-suan¹</i>	怪酸	a strange affair.
<i>kuai⁴-tao⁴</i>	怪道	very sour.
<i>kuai⁴-tsai¹</i>	怪哉	strange! strange to say.
<i>kuai⁴-wu⁴</i>	怪物	strange!
<i>kuai⁴-yao¹</i>	妖怪	a monster, a monstrosity.
		bogy, apparition (yao ¹ ching ¹).

K'UAI³ 手擱	擱 ^{652a471a}	to wipe, to rub; to scratch; to carry on the arm.
<i>k'uai³-k'uang¹-tzü³</i>	擱筐子	to carry a basket on arm.
<i>k'uai³-lan²-tzü³</i>	擱籃子	same.
<i>k'uai³-p'o⁴-la¹</i>	擱破喇	scratched a wound.
<i>k'uai³-yang³-yang³</i>	擱癢癢	to scratch as itching (nao ³ yang ³).

K'UAI⁴ 心忡	快 ^{652a471a}	fast, quickly, soon, shortly; sharp; cheerful
<i>k'uai⁴-ch'ang⁴</i>	快暢	delightful, happy, comfortable.
<i>k'uai⁴-ch'ê¹</i>	快車	a fast cart.
<i>k'uai⁴-ch'iang¹</i>	快鎗	quick firing guns.
<i>k'uai⁴-hsüeh¹</i>	快靴	fastboots with thin soles.
<i>k'uai⁴-huo²</i>	快活	lively, cheerful; delight.
<i>k'uai⁴-k'ou³</i>	快口	quick, hasty in speech.
<i>k'uai⁴-k'uai⁴</i>	快快	make haste! be quick.
<i>k'uai⁴-lai³</i>	快來	come quickly!
<i>k'uai⁴-lai²-liac³</i>	快來了	he will soon come.
<i>k'uai⁴-lê⁴</i>	快樂	pleased, delighted (hsi ³ lê ⁴).
<i>k'uai⁴-lê⁴</i>	快利	smart, expert; sharp, a keen edge.
<i>k'uai⁴-ma³-ch'ing¹-tao¹</i>	快馬輕刀	a sprightly superficial style.
<i>k'uai⁴-man⁴</i>	快慢	quick and slow, the speed of.

[(su² su²).

k'uai ⁴ -mang ³ -ch'ü ⁴	快忙去	go quickly !
t'uai ⁴ -pan ¹	快班	thief catchers, policemen.
k'uai ⁴ -tang ¹	快當	prompt, quick.
k'uai ⁴ -tao ¹	快刀	a sharp knife.
k'uai ⁴ -t'ou ³	快頭	a head lictor or constable.
k'uai ⁴ -tsui ³ -k'uai ⁴ -shê ³	快嘴快舌	too ready to talk.
k'uai ⁴ (tzuñ) 竹	筴 ^{652b} ○	chopsticks,
k'uai ⁴ -lung ³ -tzu ³	筴籠子	a case for chopsticks.
k'uai ⁴ 土	塊 ^{652c471c}	a bit, a piece ; doltish. Num. of land, etc. M. 66.
k'uai ⁴ -jan ³	塊然	doltish, stupid, ignorant.
k'uai ⁴ -jan ³ -i ³ -iou ⁴	塊然一物	a doltish, stupid thing.

KUAN ¹ 宀	官 ^{653a472a}	an officer, official, government ; the senses, mandarin's residence.
kuan ¹ -chai ³	官宅	official messengers, servants, etc.
kuan ¹ -ch'ai ¹	官差	the authorities.
kuan ¹ -chang ³	官長	official arena.
kuan ¹ -ch'ang ³	官場	official cart.
kuan ¹ -ch'ê ¹	官車	maxims for the guidance of officials.
kuan ¹ -chên ¹	官箴	official price (less than that of others).
kuan ¹ -chia ⁴	官價	official pay.
kuan ¹ -ch'ien ³	官錢	an official appointment ; officials.
kuan ¹ -chih ³	官職	official foot-measure.
kuan ¹ -ch'ih ³	官尺	if long in office you will be rich.
kuan ¹ -chiu ³ -tzu ⁴ -fu ⁴	官久自富	to draw official salary (yang ³ lien ³).
kuan ¹ -chü ¹	官居	official rank.
kuan ¹ -chüeh ³	官爵	the law.
kuan ¹ -fa ³	官法	carbonate of lead (poisonous).
kuan ¹ -fên ³	官粉	official salaries (fêng ⁴ lu ⁴).
kuan ¹ -fêng ⁴	官俸	an officer, a mandarin.
kuan ¹ -fu ¹	官夫	official clothing.
kuan ¹ -fu ²	官府	an official residence.
kuan ¹ -fu ³	官衙	brevet rank, full title of an official (p'in ³ chih ³).
kuan ¹ -hsien ³	官銜	a board with title of official on it.
kuan ¹ -hsien ³ -p'ai ³	官銜牌	the mandarin dialect.
kuan ¹ -hua ⁴	官話	the official loses his office.
kuan ¹ -huai ³ -liao ³	官壞了	a gentleman ; a gentleman's family.
kuan ¹ -huan ⁴	官宦	official people.
kuan ¹ -huan ⁴ -jên ³ -chia ¹	官宦人家	official clothing (pu ³ fu ³).
kuan ¹ -i ¹ -shung ¹	官衣裳	an official ; my husband ; prostitutes.
kuan ¹ -jên ³	官人	rank bestowed on women. See kao ⁴ -ming ³ .
kuan ¹ -kao ⁴	官話	mule guests (t'ang ³ k'o ⁴).
kuan ¹ -k'o ⁴	官客	government officers.
kuan ¹ -li ⁴	官吏	

kuan¹-liao² 官僚
 kuan¹-lu² 官爐
 kuan¹-lu⁴ 官路
 kuan¹-lu⁴ 官綠
 kuan¹-lu⁴ 官祿
 kuan¹-mao⁴ 官帽
 kuan¹-mei² 官媒
 kuan¹-ming² 官名
 kuan¹-pan²-rh² 官板兒
 kuan¹-pan²-ch'ien² 官板錢
 kuan¹-pao⁴-ssü¹-ch'ou² 官報私仇
 kuan¹-pi⁴ 官婢
 kuan¹-pi⁴-min²-pien⁴ 官逼民變
 kuan¹-p'in² 官品
 kuan¹-ping¹ 官兵
 kuan¹-shih⁴ 官事
 kuan¹-shih⁴-kuan¹-pan² 官事官辦
 kuan¹-shou² 官守
 kuan¹-so² 官所
 kuan¹-shu² 官署
 kuan¹-ssü¹ 官司
 kuan¹-ssü¹-ta²-shu¹ 官司打輸
 kuan¹-ssü¹-ta²-ying² 官司打贏
 kuan¹-ssü¹ 官司私
 kuan¹-t'ai¹-t'ai⁴ 官太太
 kuan¹-t'ang² 官塘
 íuan¹-t'i² 官體
 kuan¹-t'ing¹ 官廳
 kuan¹-ts'ao² 官曹
 kuan¹-wên²-shu¹ 官文書
 kuan¹-ya² 官衙
 kuan¹-yang⁴ 官樣
 kuan¹-yen² 官鹽
 kuan¹-yin² 官銀
 kuan¹-yin⁴ 官印
 kuan¹-yüan⁴ 官員
 kuan¹-yüin⁴ 官運
 kuan¹ 見 觀 656a474a
 kuan¹-chên⁴ 觀陣
 kuan¹-ch'i⁴-hsiang⁴ 觀氣象
 kuan¹-ch'i²-mien⁴ 觀其面
 kuan¹-hsi⁴ 觀戲

a fellow officer.
 a mint,
 a government road.
 Saxon green.
 official income.
 the official hat.
 female police officers, matron of gaol (mei² p'o²).
 officials; official name.
 cash, copper money; official editions.
 cash minted by government.
 an official who avenges private grudges.
 assistant female police officers.
 misgovernment leads to rebellion.
 the rank of officers, civil or military.
 government troops, soldiers.
 official affairs.
 official business should be managed by officials.
 to hold office; the office held.
 a government office.
 same.
 a law-suit, to go to law.
 to lose a law-suit.
 to win a law-suit.
 public and private, etc.
 a mandarin wife.
 public reservoir of water,
 the respectability becoming a mandarin.
 a government office,
 officers of government generally.
 government despatches.
 a government office (ya² mên²).
 official dignity, genteel, gentlemanly.
 government salt.
 one's salary; to draw official salary.
 seal of office, official credential, one's name.
 officers of government generally.
 chance of preferment,
 { to look; external appearance; a Taoist temple
 (temple=4th tone).
 to inspect the ranks, to look at a battle.
 to note physiognomy.
 physiognomy (hsiang⁴ mien⁴).
 to look at theatricals or sports.

kuan¹-hsiang⁴-t'ai² 觀象臺
 kuan¹-hsing¹ 觀星
 kuan¹-hsing¹-ti¹ 觀星的
 kuan¹-k'an⁴ 觀看
 kuan⁴-ssü⁴ 觀寺
 kuan¹-têng¹ 觀燈
 kuan¹-wang⁴ 觀望
 kuan¹-yin¹ 觀音
 kuan¹-yin¹-p'u²-sa¹ 觀音菩薩
 kuan¹ 門關關 657a472o
 kuan¹-ai¹ 關碍
 kuan¹-ai⁴-tu⁴-k'ou² 關隘渡口
 kuan¹-chao⁴ 關照
 kuan¹-ch'ia¹ (k'a) 關卡
 kuan¹-chieh² 關節
 kuan¹-ch'ieh⁴ 關切
 kuan¹-chin¹ 關津
 kuan¹-ch'uang³-hu⁴ 關窗戶
 kuan¹-fang² 關防
 kuan¹-fêng⁴ 關俸
 kuan¹-fu¹-tzu³ 關夫子
 kuan¹-hsi⁴ 關係
 kuan¹-k'ou² 關口
 kuan¹-lan²-yeh² 關老爺
 kuan¹ li² 關裏
 kuan¹-mên² 關門
 kuan¹-mên²-jen²-shih² 關門嚴實
 kuan¹-mo⁴ * 關脈
 kuan¹ shü⁴ 關涉
 kuan¹-shuo¹ 關說
 kuan¹-ti⁴ 關帝
 kuan¹-t'ou² 關頭
 kuan¹-tung¹ 關東
 kuan¹ 魚 658b473b
 kuan¹-chü¹ 鯉居
 kuan¹-fu¹ 鯉夫
 kuan¹-kua²-ku¹-tu² 鯉寡孤獨
 kuan¹-kun⁴ 鯉棍
 kuan¹ 冠 658b473c
 kuan¹-chê² 冠者
 kuan¹-chin¹ 冠巾
 kuan¹-li² 冠禮
 kuan¹-mien² 冠冕

an observatory.
 astronomy (t'ien¹ wên²).
 astronomers (li⁴ chia¹).
 to look, to observe.
 a Taoist temple, and Buddhist monastery.
 to look at the lamps (on the 15th of 1st month).
 to look with expectation; remiss, negligent.
 the goddess of mercy
 the goddess of mercy (Buddhist).
 to shut, to bar; suburb; to concern; a bolt,
 to affect, to be prejudicial to.
 a strategic ferry.
 a passport; to look after (hu⁴ chao⁴, chih² chao⁴).
 a Customs' barrier.
 must be done.
 related, connected.
 passes and fords.
 to shut a window, shut the window!
 concerns, consequence; a seal.
 to draw one's pay.
 the god of war. R. 92.
 to concern, to affect, to implicate; result.
 a border Custom house; a pass.
 the god of war. R. 92.
 in the suburbs.
 to shut a door, shut the door! fail in business.
 to shut the door closely.
 the neighbourhood of the pulse.
 to concern, to affect, to implicate.
 to refer, to allude to, to use influence for.
 the god of war. R. 92.
 a bond; a juncture.
 Manchuria. W. I. 187 (liao² tung¹).
 an old bachelor; a widower.
 to live alone; a widower.
 a widower.
 widowers, widow, orphans and heirless.
 a widower; a bachelor.
 a cap, a crown; to cap; to dress female's hair.
 to attain majority; capping.
 a cap, a head-dress (fêng⁴ kuan¹).
 the ceremony of capping, attaining majority.
 a crown, coronet.

* Note 62.

kuan¹-mien²-t'ung²- 冠冕堂皇
 kuan¹-shung¹[huang²] 冠裳
 kuan¹-shih⁴ 冠世
 kuan¹-shou³ 冠首
 kuan¹-tai⁴ 冠戴
 kuan¹-t'ü³ 冠子
 kuan¹ 木 棺^{654b472}
 kuan¹-chao⁴ 棺罩
 kuan¹-huai²-t'ou² 棺懷頭
 kuan¹-kuo³ 棺槨
 kuan¹-ts'ai² 棺材
 kuan¹ 心 小 懼^{655c476a}
 kuan¹-hsi³ 懼喜
 kuan¹-hsin¹ 懼心
 kuan¹-hsin¹ 懼欣
 kuan¹-yüeh⁴ 懼悅
 kuan¹ 影 髻 ○ ○

with all the ceremony of full dress.
 "caps and robes," fine clothes.
 "to cap the age," superior talents.
 to dress female's hair.
 to put on the cap; to dress smart; fine clothes.
 a woman's head-dress.
 a coffin; to close or shut up.
 a pall.
 end piece of a coffin (tu³ t'ou²).
 a coffin and its shell.
 a coffin (shou⁴ mu⁴).
 joy, pleasure, delight, satisfaction (huau¹).
 same.
 a delighted mind.
 joy, pleasure, delight, satisfaction.
 same.
 tonsure of a Taoist priest.

KUAN³ 竹 管^{654c474c}
 kuan³-chang⁴-ti¹ 管賬的
 kuan³-chia¹-ti¹ 管家的
 kuan³-chiao⁴ 管教的
 kuan³-ch'uan²-ti¹ 管船的
 kuan³-fan⁴ 管飯
 kuan³-ho²-ch'ih¹-shui³ 管河吃水
 kuan³-hsia² 管轄
 kuan³-hsia⁴ 管下
 kuan³-hsien²-shih⁴ 管閒事
 kuan³-hsü³ 管許
 kuan³-kung³ 管工
 kuan³-li³ 管理
 kuan³-ling³ 管領
 kuan³-pao¹ 管包

a tube; to rule, to control. Num. of pens, etc.
 accountant.
 a majordomo, a steward, etc.
 to keep in order, to correct.
 captain of a boat (ch'uan² chu³).
 to provide with food, as workmen.
 if you superintend a river, live off it.
 to regulate, to govern.
 under authority; accountable.
 to mind or manage other people's difficulties.
 probably, quite likely (ta⁴ yo¹).
 to superintend work.
 to manage, to take care of.
 to govern, to rule.
 guarantee.

kuan³-pao¹-hui²-huan⁴ 管包回換
 kuan³-pao³ 管保
 kuan³-pu⁴-chu⁴-t'ai¹ 管不住他
 kuan³-shan¹-shuo¹-ch'ai² 管山燒柴
 kuan³-shih⁴ 管事
 kuan³-shih⁴-ti¹ 管事的
 kuan³-shu⁴ [huan⁴] 管束
 kuan³-t'iao¹-kuan³ 管挑管換
 kuan³-yüeh⁴ 管箭

{ exchange guaranteed (of goods) (pao¹ kuan³ { lai² hui²).
 to guarantee.
 can't manage or control him.
 if you have charge of a mountain, live off it.
 to manage affairs.
 a steward, butler or housekeeper.
 to restrain, to check, to control (yo¹ shu⁴),
 may be exchanged if unsatisfactory.
 fives.

kuan³ 舌 { 館 655b475b
 kuan³ 館 驛
 kuan³⁻ⁱ 館 舍
 kuan^{3-shé} 館 舍
 kuan³ 肉 脰 脰 655a475a

a tea or eating house, an inn; a hall; a school.
 same.
 post-houses (i⁴ kuan³).
 a lodging house.
 a duct in body,

KUAN⁴ 貝 貫 659a475c
 kuan^{4-ch'ien} 貫 錢
 kuan^{4-ch'uan} 貫 串
 kuan^{4-chung} 貫 中
 kuan^{4-chung} 貫 衆
 kuan^{4-t'u>g} 貫 通
 kuan⁴ 心 ↑ 慣 659b476a
 kuan^{4-cho²-t'a¹} 慣 着 他
 kuan^{4-hsi²} 慣 習
 kuan^{4-hsing} 慣 性
 kuan^{4-huai²-liao³} 慣 壞 了
 kuan^{4-hui²-sa¹-huang³} 慣 會 撒 謊
 kuan^{4-ning} 慣 弄
 kuan^{4-shn²} 慣 熟
 kuan^{4-t'ei²} 慣 賊
 kua⁴ 水 ↓ 灌 635c476a
 kuan^{4-chiang¹} 灌 漿
 kuan^{4-ch'ien¹} 灌 鉛
 kuan^{4-chiu²} 灌 酒
 kuan^{4-chü⁴} 灌 聚
 kuan^{4-i¹-ku²-chiu²} 灌 一 壺 酒
 kuan^{4-hui²} 灌 水
 kuan^{4-shü²} 灌 死
 kuan^{4-lui⁴} 灌 醉
 kuan^{4-yao⁴} 灌 藥
 kuan⁴ 鳥 鵲 657a476c
 kuan^{4-ch'iao²} 鵲 鵲
 kuan⁴ (t'ü) 缶 罐 656a476b

to string, to connect; to involve, to implicate.
 to string cash (ch'uan⁴ ch'ien²).
 to string, to connect.
 to hit the centre.
 the whole together; a disinfectant,
 to pass through; to understand.
 accustomed to, practised in, used to.
 accustom him to it.
 to be accustomed to, inured in (hsi² kuan⁴).
 an indulgent disposition.
 spoiled (as a child), spoiled through indulgence.
 in the habit of lying.
 practised in.
 fully acquainted with, thoroughly versed in.
 an old thief.
 to drink; to flow; to assemble, to collect to-
 [gether.
 to pour liquid mortar into interstices.
 to insert lead into silver.
 to press one to drink wine (jang⁴ chiu²).
 to assemble (chü⁴ hui⁴).
 to buy a pot of wine.
 to water (as flowers); to blow water into meat.
 to strangle by pouring water into mouth.
 to make drunk, thoroughly drunk.
 to force medicine down the throat.
 the crane.
 rooks, magpies.
 a tea cannister; a jar, mug or jug.

K'UAN¹ 宀 寬 659c477a
 k'uan^{1-chai²} 寬 窄
 k'uan^{1-chéng¹} 寬 徵
 k'uan^{1-ch'i¹} 寬 期
 k'uan^{1-chin²-tai⁴} 寬 緊 帶
 k'uan^{1-ch'uo⁴} 寬 綽
 k'uan^{1-én¹} 寬 恩
 k'uan^{1-fang²-ta⁴-wu¹} 寬 房 大 屋

broad, wide, roomy; liberal, forgiving, large,
 [easy.
 broad and narrow, the breadth of.
 to give more time to pay taxes (k'ai¹-chéng¹).
 to extend a time limit.
 an elastic belt.
 comfortable, in easy circumstances.
 extensive benevolence; to forgive.
 large, roomy apartments (kao¹ lou² ta⁴ sha⁴).

<i>k'uan¹-hai³-ta⁴-liang⁴</i>	寬海大量	broad-minded, generous.
<i>k'uan¹-hsin¹</i>	寬心	to make the mind easy.
<i>k'ung¹-hsin¹-wan²</i>	寬心丸	sedative pill.
<i>k'uan¹-hsien⁴</i>	寬限	to enlarge the time allowed.
<i>k'uan¹-huai²</i>	寬懷	to be easy in mind (<i>fang⁴ hsin¹</i>).
<i>k'uan¹-huan³</i>	寬緩	liberal; slowly.
<i>k'uan¹-hung²</i>	寬宏	broad and extensive.
<i>k'uan¹-hung²-ta⁴-liang⁴</i>	寬洪大量	broad-minded, generous (<i>ta⁴ fang¹</i>).
<i>k'uan¹-i¹-fu²</i>	寬衣服	take off upper garments in hot weather.
<i>k'uan¹ jao²</i>	寬饒	indulgent, forgiving.
<i>k'uan¹-jung²</i>	寬容	indulgent, liberal.
<i>k'uan¹-kuang³</i>	寬廣	extensive, large, broad.
<i>k'uan¹-k'uo⁴</i>	寬闊	same.
<i>k'uan¹-mien³</i>	寬免	gracious remission, to forgive.
<i>k'uan¹-p'ao²-ta⁴-hsiu⁴</i>	寬袍大袖	large robe and sleeves.
<i>k'uan¹-pei¹-chai³-yung⁴</i>	寬備窄用	large preparations, and small outlay.
<i>k'uan¹-shu⁴</i>	寬恕	to excuse, to forgive (<i>jao³ shu⁴</i>).
<i>k'uan¹-ta⁴</i>	寬大	extensive, large.
<i>k'uan¹-ta⁴-wu²-pien¹</i>	寬大無邊	large, boundless.
<i>k'uan¹-tai⁴</i>	寬待	to treat leniently (<i>han² liang⁴</i>).
<i>k'uan¹-tai⁴</i>	寬貸	to forgive.
<i>k'uan¹-tsung¹</i>	寬縱	to be easy going.
<i>k'uan¹-yu⁴</i>	寬宥	to forgive.
<i>k'uan¹-yü⁴</i>	寬裕	liberal, kind, abundant.
<i>k'uan¹-yung²-ch'ien²</i>	寬永錢	a certain sort of old cash.

[detain.

K'UAN³

<i>k'uan³</i>	欠 { 款	660b477b	real, sincere, affectionate; to extend to; to same.
<i>k'uan³-ch'ü¹</i>	款		a wrong, a difficulty.
<i>k'uan³-hsiang⁴</i>	款		larger and smaller items; expenditure.
<i>k'uan³-i¹-fu²</i>	款	服	to take off clothes (<i>t'o¹ i¹ shang¹</i>).
<i>k'uan³-k'o⁴</i>	款	客	to treat a guest well.
<i>k'uan³-lin²</i>	款	留	to detain hospitably.
<i>k'uan³-shih⁴</i>	款	式	a specimen, a pattern (<i>yang⁴ shih⁴</i>).
<i>k'uan³-shih⁴</i>	款	事	an affair (<i>shih⁴ t'i³</i>).
<i>k'uan³-tai⁴</i>	款	待	to treat well, good treatment, to entertain.
<i>k'uan³-tai⁴-k'o⁴</i>	款	待客	to treat a guest well.

KUANG¹

<i>kuang¹-chao⁴</i>	光	661a478a	light, shining; plain, naked; barely, only. M.
<i>kuang¹-chiao³</i>	光		to illumine (<i>chao⁴ liang⁴</i>).
<i>kuang¹-ching³</i>	光		naked feet; a swindler (<i>ch'ih⁴ chiao³</i>).
	光		{ prospect, scenery; circumstances, state of; { time (<i>ching³ k'uang⁴</i>).

[117.

kuang¹-cho²-chi²-liang² 光着春梁
 kuang¹-hsien³ 光顯緒
 kuang¹-hsü⁴ 光緒
 kuang¹-hua¹ 光花
 kuang¹-hua² 光華
 kuang¹-hui¹ 光輝
 kuang¹-jun⁴ 光潤
 kuang¹-kun⁴ 光棍
 kuang¹-kun⁴-han⁴ 光棍漢
 kuang¹-kun⁴-pei⁴-ch'u² 光棍背鋤
 kuang¹-lang² 光朗
 kuang¹-liang⁴ 光亮
 kuang¹-liao² 光了
 kuang¹-lin² 光臨
 kuang¹-liu¹-liu¹-ti¹ 光溜溜的
 kuang¹-ming² [ta⁴ 光明
 kuang¹-ming²-ch'eng⁴- 光明正大
 kuang¹-sê⁴-ting¹-rh² 光色丁兒
 kuang¹-sê⁴-yen²-sê⁴ 光色顏色
 kuang¹-shên¹ 光身
 kuang¹-shih² [ti¹ 光射
 kuang¹-t'ang²-t'ang²- 光堂堂的
 kuang¹-tao⁴ 光道
 kuang¹-t'ien¹-hua⁴-jih⁴ 光天化日
 kuang¹-t'ou² 光頭
 kuang¹-ts'ai² 光彩
 kuang¹-tsê² 光澤
 kuang¹-tsung¹-yao⁴-tsu² 光宗耀祖
 kuang¹-yao⁴ 光耀
 kuang¹-yen⁴ 光豔
 kuang¹-yin¹ 光陰
 kuang¹-yin¹-ssz⁴-chien⁴ 光陰似箭
 kuang¹ 水 冫 洸 661c478b
 kuang¹-tang⁴ 洸蕩
 kuang¹ 月 肉 胱 661c478b

stripped or bare to the waist, bare backed.
 to manifest, to display.
 the present Emperor (1903).
 plain and flowered, bright, gay.
 bright, light, splendid, gay.
 same.
 bright, glossy.
 "bare stick," a swindler, a pettifogger (hua² li⁴).
 an unmarried male.
 name of bird from its note.
 bright, spotless, unblemished.
 bright, splendid, lustrous, lustre.
 destitute, stripped, naked.
 visit of esteemed guest.
 stark naked (ch'ih⁴ shên¹ lou⁴ t'i²).
 bright, light, splendid; intelligent.
 above board and straightforward.
 naked, in a state of nudity.
 same.
 naked, the naked body.
 beam or rays of light.
 very smooth, sleek.
 the ecliptic.
 in broad daylight.
 a bald head; bare-headed (t'u¹ tzi²).
 splendid, brilliant, gay, light, elegant.
 glossy, glittering.
 to render one's family illustrious, etc.
 resplendent; respectable.
 bright and fair, splendid, gay.
 bright and shady; time.
 time flies like an arrow (jih⁴ yüeh⁴ ju² so²).
 sparkling water.
 to wobble, to slop over.
 the bladder (niao⁴ pao¹).

KUANG³ 广 廣 662a478c
 kuang³-chiao¹ 廣交
 kuang³-chou¹-fu² 廣州府
 kuang³-hsi² [sh'ik⁴ 廣西
 kuang³-hsing²-shan⁴- 廣行善事
 kuang³-huo⁴ 廣貨
 kuang³-kao¹ 廣膏

large, great, wide, extensive; to extend.
 an extensive acquaintance.
 Canton.
 the province of Kuang-hsi. W. I. 176.
 extensive charity.
 goods from Canton and Kuang-hsi.
 Canton opium, opium paste prepared for smok-

[Ing.

kuang³ k'ou⁴ 廣扣
kuang³-k'uo⁴ 廣闊
kuang³-o² 廣額
kuang³-pu⁴-fu²-yin¹ 廣布福音
kuang³-ta⁴ 廣大
kuang³-t'u² 廣土
kuang³-tung¹ 廣東

Canton buttons.
 broad, extensive.
 to extend or enlarge a fixed number.
 extensive evangelization.
 extensive, large ; many.
 foreign opium, i. e., from Canton. [shêng³].
 province of Kuang Tung. W. I. 158 (yüeh,

KUANG⁴ 走 辵 逛 662a480b
kuang⁴-ching² 逛景
kuang⁴-kuang⁴-ch'ü⁴ 逛逛去
kuang⁴-miao⁴ 逛廟
kuang⁴-shan¹ 逛山
kuang⁴-têng¹ 逛燈
kuang⁴-t'ou² 逛頭
kuang⁴-yao²-tzu³ 逛窰子

to walk for pleasure, to stroll.
 to stroll for recreation.
 to take a walk (liu² ta³).
 to visit temples on fête days.
 to stroll on mountains.
 to view the illuminations.
 worth visiting.
 to frequent brothels (ch'uan¹ ch'u¹ mên² tzu³).

K'UANG¹ 匡 匡 662b479a
k'uang¹-chiu⁴ 匡救
k'uang¹-fang¹ 匡方
k'uang¹-t'ien¹-hsia⁴ 匡天下
k'uang¹ 言 詎 663a480a
k'uang¹-hung³ 詎哄
k'uang¹-lai²-liao³ 詎來了
k'uang¹-p'ien⁴ 詎騙
k'uang¹-tsui³-ch'ih¹ 詎嘴吃
k'uang¹ (tzu³) 竹 筐 662c479a

square ; right, to rectify ; to assist.
 to rescue, to save.
 square ; regular. [hsia⁴].
 to bring the empire into order (p'ing² t'ien¹
 to lie, to deceive, cheat (p'ien⁴).
 to deceive, to cheat.
 to coax him to come.
 to defraud by falsehood, to humbug.
 to live by deceitful speech.
 a large basket without cover (lan² tzu³).

K'UANG² 犬 狂 663a479c
k'uang²-ao⁴ 狂傲
k'uang²-ch'ü⁴ 狂氣
k'uang²-ch'ik² 狂癡
k'uang²-ch'üan³ 狂犬
k'uang²-fêng¹ 狂風
k'uang²-ping⁴ 狂病
k'uang²-shih⁴ 狂士
k'uang²-tsao⁴ 狂躁
k'uang²-t'u² 狂徒
k'uang²-wang⁴ 狂妄
k'uang²-yen² 狂言
k'uang² 言 誑 663b479b
k'uang²-hua⁴ 狂話

mad, madness, insanity ; proud, ambitious.
 conceited, supercilious ; arrogant, proud.
 arrogant insolence.
 silly, foolish, conceited.
 a mad dog ; a conceited person.
 a furious gale of wind (pao⁴ fêng²).
 hysterics.
 a pedant ; an enthusiast.
 incoherent, extravagant.
 a profligate (ch'ih³ shê¹).
 fits of passion or madness.
 extravagant talk.
 lies, falsehood ; levity of speech ; incoherence.
 deceitful language.

k'uang²-yen²	誑言	extravagant talk, falsehood.
K'UANG⁴	日曠	clear, bright, vacant; distant.
k'uang⁴-fei⁴	曠費	waste, prodigality.
k'uang⁴-fu²	曠夫	an old bachelor; an unemployed person.
k'uang⁴-jih⁴	曠日	a long time.
k'uang⁴-lo²	曠隔	far separated.
k'uang⁴-kang¹	曠功	to neglect one's duty.
k'uang⁴-tang⁴	曠蕩	to swagger, to strut, etc.
k'uang⁴-yeh³	曠野	desert, wilderness, the country (huang¹ chiao¹).
k'uang⁴	二况	more, further, moreover, still, besides. M. 506.
k'uang⁴-ch'ieh³	况且	same (ping⁴ ch'ieh³, êrh² ch'ieh³, shang⁴ ch'ieh³).
k'uang⁴ (tsh)	木框	the end of a coffin; the frame of door or window.
k'uang⁴	目眶	the socket of the eye.
KUEI¹	止归	to belong to, to revert to; to add to.
kuei¹-ch'¹	歸期	after all, finally. M. 364 (chiu¹ ching⁴).
kuei¹-chua¹	歸家	to return home; to die.
kuei¹-chia²-ch'êng³	歸佳城	"return to the excellent city," to be buried.
kuei¹-ch'¹u²	歸除	division and subtraction, arithmetic.
kuei¹-ch'¹u⁴	歸處	a home; to return to a place.
kuei¹-fu²	歸法	multiplication, arithmetic.
kuei¹-fu²	歸服	to revert to; to submit (fu² ts'ung¹).
kuei¹-hsiang³	歸降	to surrender (t'ou² hsiang²).
kuei¹-hsiang⁴-chu²	歸向主	to return to the Lord.
kuei¹-huan²	歸還	to send back, to repay.
kuei¹-kên¹	歸根	in the end, finally.
kuei¹-kuan¹	歸官	to be confiscated to government (ju⁴ kuan¹).
kuei¹-lai²	歸來	to return.
kuei¹-lao²	歸老	[chia¹]. to resign office on account of age (kao⁴ lao² huan²).
kuei¹-ning²	歸甯	a bride visiting her parents after her nuptials.
kuei¹-pên³-huan²-yüan²	歸本還原	to restore to the original.
kuei¹-pên³-sa²-li²	歸本撒利	to put capital to interest.
kuei¹-shun⁴	歸順	to return and submit to.
kuei¹-t'ien¹	歸天	[(pêng¹ chia⁴). "to return to heaven," to die (the emperor)]
kuei¹-tsung¹	歸宗	to be readmitted into the family.
kuei¹-wei⁴	歸位	to die (the emperor), to go back to one's seat.
kuei¹	見規	compasses; rule, custom, usage; a fee; to rule.
kuei¹-chêng⁴	規正	to adjust exactly.
kuei¹-chüen⁴	規諫	to admonish; rules.
kuei¹-chü⁴	規矩	"compasses and rule," custom, usage, conduct; [fees.]
kuei¹-hua⁴	規畫	to mark.
kuei¹-kuei¹-chü⁴-chü⁴	規規矩矩	very careful of custom, very proper (fêng¹ su²).

kuei ¹ -kno ⁴	規	過	to reprove (tsé ² pei ⁴).	[law.
kuei ¹ -mo ³	規	模	the external appearance, deportment; a rule, a	
kuei ¹ -mou ²	規	謀	a scheme (chi ¹ mou ²).	
kuei ¹ -t'iao ³	*規	條	regulations (t'iao ² kuei ¹).	
kuei ¹ -tu ⁴	規	度	a plan, a measure or rule.	
kuei ¹	門	閨	ladies' private apartments.	
kuei ¹ -fang ³		閨	same	
kuei ¹ -hsiu ⁴		閨	maidens, women generally.	
kuei ¹ -ko ³		閨	ladies' private apartments.	
kuei ¹ -k'un ¹		閨	a virtuous, accomplished woman.	
kuei ¹ -k'un ³		閨	feminine, whatever belongs to woman.	
kuei ¹ -mên ²		閨	door leading to the ladies' apartment; maidens.	
kuei ¹ -nü ³		閨	a maiden, an unmarried woman (ch'u ⁴ nü ³).	
kuei ¹ -wei ²		閨	"inner apartment curtains," sexual intercourse.	
kuei ¹	龜	龜	the tortoise (pieh ¹ , wang ² pa ¹).	
kuei ¹ -k'o ¹		龜	tortoise shell.	
kuei ¹ -k'wei ²		龜	nightshade.	
kuei ¹ -kung ¹		龜	a cuckold.	
kuei ¹ -pan ³		龜	tortoise shell.	
kuei ¹ -pei ¹ -chin ³		龜	embroidery like tortoise back marks.	
kuei ¹ sun ¹		龜	abusive epithet.	
kuei ¹	圭	圭	a kind of sceptre.	
kuei ¹ -yü ⁴		圭	a jade sceptre.	
kuei ¹	日	晷	a sun-dial.	
KUEI ³ (tzü)	鬼	鬼	a ghost, spirit, demon or devil.	
kuei ³ -chich ² -jih ⁴ -tzü ³		鬼	清明 七月十五 十月初一 festival of the dead.	
kuei ³ -fu ⁴ -cho ²		鬼	devil-possessed (hsieh ³ ch'i ⁴).	
kuei ³ -hua ⁴		鬼	soliloquy.	
kuei ³ -hun ³		鬼	a ghost, a spirit.	
kuei ³ -hun ⁴		鬼	to be fool.	
kuei ³ -huo ³		鬼	"demon fire," ignis-fatuus, will o' the wisp.	
kuei ³ -k'u ¹ lang ² -hao ²		鬼	crying and shrieking (quarreling).	
kuei ³ -kuai ⁴		鬼	supernatural, uncanny (yao ¹ ching ³).	
kuei ³ -lien ³		鬼	a mask.	
kuei ³ -mo ²		鬼	evil spirits.	
kuei ³ -nan ² -na ²		鬼	a clever rascal.	
kuei ³	言	詭	to reprimand, to blame; to deceive, to insult,	
kuei ³ -cha ⁴		詭	artful, deceitful.	
kuei ³ -chi ¹ -to ¹ -tuan ¹		詭	full of stratagems.	
kuei ³ -hni ³		詭	to defame, to backbite (hui ³ pang ⁴).	
kuei ³ -xui ²		詭	a trifling offence; sycophantic.	
kuei ³ -tz'ü ³		詭	lying words.	

<i>kuei³</i>	宄	宄 ^{668b483c}	conspiracies, traitorous plots ; a traitor.
<i>kuei³-chien¹</i>		宄奸	traitorous plots ; villains.
<i>kuei³-chien¹</i>		宄姦	traitorous plots ; villains ; to ravish.
<i>kuei³</i>	癸	癸 ^{668c483a}	one of the ten stems.
<i>kuei³-shui³</i>		癸水	the menses (t'ien ¹ ching ¹).
KUEI⁴	且	貴 ^{669b484a}	dear, valuable ; honorable, high, noble.
<i>kuei⁴-chia³-tzi³</i>		貴甲子	how old are you ? (to middle-aged).
<i>kuei⁴-chia⁴</i>		貴價	a high price.
<i>kuei⁴-chien⁴</i>		貴賤	noble and base ; dear and cheap, etc.
<i>kuei⁴-chou¹</i>		貴州	the province of Kueichou. W. I, 178.
<i>kuei⁴-ch'u⁴</i>		貴處	"honourable place," your place.
<i>kuei⁴-chung⁴</i>		貴重	valuable, honorable, respectable (ch'ing ¹ k'an ¹).
<i>kuei⁴-fu³</i>		貴府	your home (fu ³ shang ³).
<i>kuei⁴-hsi³</i>		貴席	what is your office ? (to yamên assistants).
<i>kuei⁴-hsien⁴</i>		貴縣	a magistrate ; your native hsien city.
<i>kuei⁴-hsing⁴</i>		貴姓	what is your name ? (tsun ¹ hsing ⁴).
<i>kuei⁴-hsing⁴-kao¹-ming³</i>		貴姓高名	what is your name and surname ?
<i>kuei⁴-hu¹</i>		貴手	to value, to regard as valuable.
<i>kuei⁴-huo⁴</i>		貴貨	valuable goods.
<i>kuei⁴-jên³</i>		貴人	imperial concubines ; respectable persons.
<i>kuei⁴-jên³-yü³-ch'ih³</i>		貴人語遲	the words of the upper class come slowly.
<i>kuei⁴-kan⁴</i>		貴幹	what is your business ?
<i>kuei⁴-kêng¹</i>		貴庚	what is your age ? (up to 40).
<i>kuei⁴-k'oi¹</i>		貴科	what was your class ? (to degree men).
<i>kuei⁴-kuo³</i>		貴國	your country.
<i>kuei⁴-shêng³</i>		貴省	to which province do you belong ?
<i>kuei⁴-t'ing¹-shih⁴-shui³</i>		貴東是誰	who is your honorable master ?
<i>kuei⁴-wu⁴</i>		貴物	valuable things.
<i>kuei⁴-yeh⁴</i>		貴業	what profession or trade are you ?
<i>kuei⁴-yang⁴</i>		貴恙	your disease is ?
<i>kuei⁴-yü³</i>		貴寓	where are your lodgings ?
<i>kuei⁴-yü³-tsai⁴-na³</i>		貴寓在那	where is your honorable abode ? (fu ³ shang ⁴).
<i>kuei⁴ (tzu)</i>	木	櫃匣櫃	a box, press, counter, cabinet, or wardrobe.
<i>kuei⁴-ch'ou¹-t'í⁴</i>		櫃抽屜	the drawer of a counter, a till.
<i>kuei⁴-fang²</i>		櫃房	a counting house (chang ³ kuei ⁴ ti ¹).
<i>kuei⁴-hsiang¹</i>		櫃箱	wardrobes and boxes.
<i>kuei⁴-t'ai³</i>		櫃臺	counter of a shop.
<i>kuei⁴-t'ung³</i>		櫃桶	a table or counter drawer, a till.
<i>kuei⁴</i>	木	桂 ^{667b484b}	cassia, the cinnamon tree. R. 94.
<i>kuei⁴-chih¹</i>		桂枝	cinnamon (jou ⁴ kuei ⁴).
<i>kuei⁴-hua¹</i>		桂花	the olea fragrans.
<i>kuei⁴-hua¹-pu⁴</i>		桂花布	spotted stuffs.

kuei ⁴ -hua -yu ²	桂	花油	cassia oil.
kuei ⁴ -p' ⁱ 2	桂	皮	cassia-bark.
kuei ⁴ -p' ⁱ 2-yu ³	桂	皮油	cassia oil.
kuei ⁴ -shu ⁴	桂	樹	the cinnamon tree.
kuei ⁴ -tai ⁴	桂	帶	silk ribbons.
kuei ⁴ -tzü ³	桂	子	cassia buds.
kuei ⁴ -yüan ²	桂	圓	lung-ngan.
kuei ⁴ -yüan ² -jou	桂	圓肉	lung-ngan pulp (without the stones).
kuei ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	桂	月	cassia month, the 8th month. See Note 32.
kuei ⁴	足	跪	669b484c to kneel.
kuei ⁴ -chieh ¹	跪	接	to receive on the knees.
kuei ⁴ -hsia ⁴	跪	下	to kneel down (ch'ü ¹ hsi ²).
kuei ⁴ -hsiang ¹	跪	香	to kneel while a stick of incense burns out.
kuei ⁴ -kuan ¹	跪	官	to kneel before the official.
kuei ⁴ -mên ² -ch'ing ³ -tsui ⁴	跪	門請罪	to kneel at one's door and beg punishment.
kuei ⁴ -pai ⁴	跪	拜	to kneel and bow.
kuei ⁴ -tao ³	跪	倒	to kneel down.
kuei ⁴ -t'ieh ² -lien ³ -tzi ³	跪	鐵鍊子	to kneel on chains (illegal punishments)
kuei ⁴	刀	割	670b485a to cut or break asunder.
kuei ⁴ -tzi ³	割	子	an executioner (tao ¹ fu ³ shou ³).
kuei ⁴ -tzi ³ -shou ³	割	子手	same.
kuei ⁴	玉	瑰	667b482c a pearl; rare; precious; extraordinary (mei ² kuei ⁴)

K'UEI ¹	戇	虧	671b486a to fail, to lose, to lessen; injure, defect.
k'uei ¹		虧	same.
k'uei ¹ -ch'ien ⁴		虧欠	to be in debt; deficient of.
k'uei ¹ -fu ⁴		虧負	to fail; to desert or abandon.
k'uei ¹ -hsin ¹		虧心	to lose heart, wicked; ungrateful.
k'uei ¹ -hsin ¹ -shih ⁴		虧心事	unprincipled conduct, discreditable affair.
k'uei ¹ -k'ung ¹		虧空	default, failure of payment.
k'uei ¹ -liao ³ -liang ² -hsin ¹		虧了良心	conscienceless conduct.
k'uei ¹ -liao ³ -ni ³ -liao ³		虧了你了	thanks to you (hsing ⁴ k'uei ¹).
k'uei ¹ -p'ei ²		虧賠	to make up a deficiency or loss.
k'uei ¹ -sun ³		虧損	to injure, to fail; an injury, failure.
k'uei ¹ -tou ³		虧斗	short measure, to lose measure.
k'uei ¹	皿	盔	671a487a a helmet; general term for vessels.
k'uei ¹ -chia ³		盔甲	helmet and mail, armour (k'ai ³ chia ³).
k'uei ¹ -t'ou ³		盔頭	a helmet, a head-dress (t'ou ² k'uei ¹).

K'UEI ¹	鬼	奎	魁	762c486b great, eminent; the head, headmost, worst.
k'uei ² -shou ³			魁手	a head, a chief, a foreman.
k'uei ² -shou ³			魁首	a head, a chief, facile princeps.
k'uei ² -shuai ⁴			魁帥	a general-in-chief (yuan ² shuai ⁴).

k'uei ² -tɕ ⁴		魁大	great, eminent.
k'uei ² -uei ³		魁偉	gigantic, stalwart, great in stature.
k'uei ² -tɕ ³		魁武	same (ta ⁴ shên ¹ liang ⁴).
k'uei ² -yüan ³		魁元	a chief of the chü-jên; a head, a chief (hui ⁴ yüan ³).
k'uei ²	穴	窺	to peep, to spy, to look furtively.
k'uei ² -k'an ⁴		窺看	same.
k'uei ² -shih ⁴		窺視	to pry into, to look narrowly.
k'uei ² -t'an ⁴		窺探	to spy.
k'uei ² -tzu ⁴		窺伺	to waylay.
k'uei ²	艸 廿	葵	the mallow, the sun-flower. [k'uei ²].
k'uei ² -hua ¹		葵花	the sun-flower (chao ⁴ jih ⁴ k'uei ² , hsiang ⁴ jih ⁴
k'uei ² -shan ⁴		葵扇	palm leaf fans.
k'uei ²	手 才	揆	to surmise, to conjecture, to guess, to calculate.
k'uei ² -tu ⁴		揆度	to estimate, to measure, to conjecture (tu ⁴ liang ⁴).
k'uei ²	大 奎	奎	between the legs; in the midst of.
k'uei ² -hsing ¹		奎星	the constellation of Andromeda.
k'uei ² -hsing ¹ -ko ²		奎星閣	hall for worship of god of literature.

K'UEI ³	人	傀	strange, extraordinary; monstrous, great.
k'uei ³ -lei ³		傀儡	puppets, dolls; an ill-looking person.

K'UEI ⁴	食	饋	food, victuals; to prepare food; to present to [(see below 餽). to make presents.
k'uei ⁴ -lɕ ³		饋禮	food, victuals.
k'uei ⁴ -shih ²		饋食	to present to.
k'uei ⁴ -sung ⁴		饋送	to hand medicine to.
k'uei ⁴ -yao ⁴		饋藥	to sigh, to groan.
k'uei ⁴	口	喟	same (t'an ⁴ hsi ³).
k'uei ⁴ -jan ³		喟然	same.
k'uei ⁴ -t'an ⁴		喟嘆	shame, ashamed, abashed, conscience-stricken.
k'uei ⁴	心 小 媿	媿	ashamed (hsiu ¹ k'uei ⁴).
k'uei ⁴ -hui ³		媿悔	a sacrifice; presents of food.
k'uei ⁴		餽	

KUN ³	水 𠵼	滾	water bubbling or boiling; to roll, to flow,
kun ³ -jé ⁴		滾熱	boiling hot.
kun ³ -k'ai ¹		滾開	to boil, to bubble; be off with you!
kun ³ -kang ¹ -shui ³		滾崗水	water falling over hills, etc.
kun ³ -kun ³		滾滾	water flowing or rolling along.
kun ³ -lai ³		滾來	to come rolling along.
kun ³ -pa ⁴		滾罷	clear out! (abusive).
kun ³ -shui ³		滾水	boiling water (k'ai ¹ shui ³).
kun ³ -tao ¹ -jou ⁴		滾刀肉	obstinate, pig-headed (chan ¹ chih ³).
kun ³ (tzu)	車	輓	to roll, a stone roller for-threshing floors.

- KUN⁴** (*tzū*) 木 棍^{674b495b} a stick, a club.
kun⁴-fei³ 棍匪 a swindler, a sharper, a bully (*kuang¹ kun⁴*).
kun⁴-pang⁴ 棍棒 a club (*kuai³ chang⁴*).
kun⁴-p'ien⁴ 棍騙 to defraud (*hung³ p'ien⁴*).
kun⁴-tu³ 棍打 to beat with a stick.
kun⁴-t'u³ 棍徒 a swindler, a sharper, a bully.
- K'UN¹** 日 昆^{675b494a} together, at the same time; an elder brother.
k'un¹-ch'iang¹ 昆腔 name of a class of tunes.
k'un¹-chuang⁴ 昆壯 robust, stalwart. [ti⁴].
k'un¹-chung⁴ 昆仲 brothers, an elder and second brother (*hsiung²*).
k'un¹-mīng²-hū³ 昆明湖 a lake in the Palace grounds (Peking).
k'un¹-tī⁴ 昆弟 an elder and a younger brother.
k'un¹ 土壘 坤^{675a495a} the earth; inferior; compliance, obedience.
k'un¹-kuai⁴ 坤卦 the diagram *k'un*.
k'un¹-mēn³ 坤門 women generally (*fu⁴ tao⁴*).
k'un¹-mu³ 坤母 mother earth; a mother (*ch'ien² k'un¹*).
k'un¹-tao⁴ 坤道 female; earth; moon; female principles.
k'un¹-wei²-tī⁴ 坤為地 the earth is mother.
k'un¹ 土 壘^{676c495b} a path in the ladies' apartments of the palace.
k'un¹-fan⁴ 壘範 behaviour or acquirements of ladies.
k'un¹ 山 崑^{675b494a} name.
k'un¹-lun³-shan¹ 崑崙山 Koulkun mountains.
k'un¹-shan⁴-p'ien⁴-yū⁴ 崑崙山片玉 a piece of jade from Koulkun mountains.
k'un¹ 虫 蝨 蜈^{675b494a} insects.
k'un¹-ch'ung³ 蜈蟲 insects, including crabs, lizards, etc.
k'un¹ 影 髻^{676c495a} leafless, bare.
k'un¹ shu⁴ 髻樹 to trim trees.
- K'UN³** 手才 捆^{676a495c} to take; to beat; to tie, to bind (*pang³*),
k'un³-ch'ī³-lai³ 捆起來 to tie up.
k'un³-pang³ 捆綁 to tie, to bind (*shuan¹*).
k'un³-shang⁴ 捆上 same.
k'un³-tzu³ 捆子 a bundle, e.g., of firewood.
k'un³ 糸 細^{676b496a} to weave (*chih¹*).
k'un³-chih¹ 細織 same.
k'un³-pang³ 細綁 to tie, to bind (*shuan¹*).
k'un³ 門 閭^{676b496b} door posts; ladies' apartments (*kuai¹ ko³*).
k'un³-nei⁴ 閭內 within the threshold.
k'un³-wai⁴ 閭外 without the threshold.
- K'UN⁴** 口 困^{675b496b} fatigued, exhausted; weak, poor.
k'un⁴-ch'eng² 困城 besiege, blockade a city (*wei³ jao⁴*).

<i>k'un²-ch'iu²</i>	困窮	exhausted ; very poor (p'in ² han ²).
<i>k'un⁴-chu⁴</i>	困住	to surround ; to weaken, to disable.
<i>k'un⁴-chüan⁴</i>	困倦	fatigued, wearied (lei ⁴ liao ³).
<i>k'un⁴-érh²-pu⁴-hsiao²</i>	困而不學	to be stupid and not learn.
<i>k'un⁴-fa²</i>	困乏	fatigued, wearied (p'i ² chüan ⁴).
<i>k'un⁴-k'u³</i>	困苦	in distress, very poor (p'in ² han ²).
<i>k'un⁴-k'u³-liu²-li²</i>	困苦流離	in distress and scattered abroad.
<i>k'un⁴-liao²-chiao³</i>	困了覺	aslept.
<i>k'un⁴-shou²</i>	困守	surrounded, besieged.
<i>k'un⁴-ssü²</i>	困死	to kill by too close confinement.
<i>k'un⁴-wei²</i>	困圍	surrounded, besieged.
<i>k'un⁴</i>	目 瞋 ^{676a496}	to nod, to doze (k'o ² shui ⁴).
KUNG¹	工 ^{676c460b}	work ; to work ; a workman, a mechanic.
<i>kung¹-ch'êng²</i>	工程	work ; to work ; public works.
<i>kung¹-chia⁴</i>	工價	price of work, wages.
<i>kung¹-chiang⁴</i>	工匠	an artisan.
<i>kung¹-ch'ien²</i>	工錢	wages.
<i>kung¹-ch'ih¹-tsü⁴</i>	工尺字	the notes in music.
<i>kung¹-fang²</i>	工房	a workshop, etc.
<i>kung¹-fu¹</i>	工夫	work, labour ; leisure ; business (k'ung ⁴ rh),
<i>kung¹-jên²</i>	工人	a labourer, an artisan.
<i>kung¹-k'o⁴</i>	工課	work, a task.
<i>kung¹-pao¹-kung¹</i>	工包工	workmen go security for workmen.
<i>kung¹-pu⁴</i>	工部	the Board of Works at Peking. G. 158.
<i>kung¹-pu⁴-chü²</i>	工部局	Municipal Council at Shanghai.
<i>kung¹-ling¹</i>	工丁	a laborer, a mechanic.
<i>kung¹</i>	力 功 ^{677b460c}	merit, meritorious service ; work.
<i>kung¹-ch'ên²</i>	[chin ⁴] 功臣	a meritorious minister.
<i>kung¹-ch'êng²-ming²</i>	功成名就	merit attained.
<i>kung¹-fu¹</i>	功夫	meritorious employment ; rank ; work.
<i>kung¹-fu¹-ch'un²</i>	功夫純	very diligent (ch'in ² shih ⁴).
<i>kung¹-hsiao⁴</i>	功效	merit, meritorious results, efficacious (medicine).
<i>kung¹-hsün¹</i>	功勳	an exploit, an achievement ; great merit.
<i>kung¹-k'o⁴</i>	功課	a task, work, service, employment.
<i>kung¹-kuo⁴</i>	功過	the meritorious and the unworthy.
<i>kung¹-lao²</i>	功勞	merit, meritorious service.
<i>kung¹-lieh⁴</i>	功烈	meritoriously enterprising, dashing.
<i>kung¹-ling⁴</i>	功令	the laws (lü ⁴ li ⁴ , lü ⁴ fa ²).
<i>kung¹-ming²</i>	功名	merit and fame ; rank ; a reward ; a degree.
<i>kung¹-p'ai²</i>	功牌	a badge of merit (given to soldiers).
<i>kung¹-pu⁴-ti²-kuo⁴</i>	功不抵過	{ merits do not counterbalance demerits (chiang ¹ { kung ¹ ch'ê ² tsui ⁴).

<i>kung¹-tê²</i>	功德	merit, virtuous deeds, meritorious virtue.
<i>kung¹-yeh⁴</i>	功業	merit, an achievement; success.
<i>kung¹-yung⁴</i>	功用	effect, use, activity, power in action.
<i>kung¹</i>	支攻 ^{677c461a}	to assault, to attack; to rouse; to put in order.
<i>kung¹-ch'êng¹</i>	攻城	to assault or storm a city.
<i>kung¹-chi¹</i>	攻擊	to attack, to assault.
<i>kung¹-chieh²</i>	攻劫	to capture by assault.
<i>kung¹-chih⁴</i>	攻至	to reach to, to arrive at.
<i>kung¹-ch'ü³</i>	攻取	to capture, to seize.
<i>kung¹-hsi²</i>	攻習	practised in (<i>lien⁴ hsi²</i>)
<i>kung¹-p'o⁴</i>	攻破	to carry by assault, to take by storm.
<i>kung¹-p'o⁴-ch'êng²-ch'ih³</i>	攻破城池	to carry a city by storm.
<i>kung¹-sha¹</i>	攻殺	to assault, to storm, to charge.
<i>kung¹-shu¹</i>	攻書	to study (<i>tu¹ shu¹</i>).
<i>kung¹-ta³</i>	攻打	to attack, to assault.
<i>kung¹-yü²-i⁴-tuan¹</i>	攻於異端	to spend time (attack?) strange doctrines (<i>Lun-</i>
<i>kung¹</i>	入公 ^{679b459a}	public; just, fair, equitable; general; male.
<i>kung¹-ch'ai¹</i>	公差	official employees.
<i>kung¹-chéng²-lien³-ming²</i>	公正廉明	just, correct, clean, clear (official).
<i>kung¹-chia¹</i>	公家	the imperial family.
<i>kung¹-chu²</i>	公主	a princess.
<i>kung¹-chü²</i>	公局	office, Board.
<i>kung¹-chüeh²</i>	公爵	the first of the five ranks of nobility, a duke.
<i>kung¹-fa³</i>	公法	laws of a nation.
<i>kung¹-fei⁴</i>	公費	public expenditure.
<i>kung¹-fu²</i>	公服	official clothing (<i>k'uan¹ i¹</i>). [quires.
<i>kung¹-ho²</i>	公侯	1st and 2nd ranks of nobility, dukes and mar-
<i>kung¹-hsin¹</i>	公心	public spirited (<i>i⁴ ch'ü⁴</i>).
<i>kung¹-hsing²</i>	公行	official clothing (<i>kuan¹ i¹</i>). [quires.
<i>kung¹-i⁴</i>	公議	1st and 2nd ranks of nobility, dukes and mar-
<i>kung¹-jan²</i>	公然	publicly, in the market; just.
<i>kung¹-jên²</i>	公人	arbitrator, official underlings (<i>chung¹ jên²</i>).
<i>kung¹-kan¹</i>	公幹	public affairs, official business.
<i>kung¹-kuan³</i>	公館	a public office, private house of officials.
<i>kung¹-kung¹</i>	公公	a woman's husband's father; just, fair.
<i>kung¹-kung¹-êrh²-li¹</i>	公公兒的	justly, equitably.
<i>kung¹-li³</i>	公理	to manage fairly; fair, just.
<i>kung¹-li³-hui⁴</i>	公理會	Congregational Body.
<i>kung¹-li⁴</i>	公利	fair profit, just gain.
<i>kung¹-lun⁴</i>	公論	to discuss fairly, public discussion.
<i>kung¹-mên²</i>	公門	official gate.
<i>kung¹-mên²-li³</i>	公門裏	yamên people.
<i>kung¹-mu³</i>	公母	male and female; father and mother.

<i>zung¹-mu²-lia³</i>	公母	father and mother ; husband and wife.
<i>kung¹-pan⁴</i>	公辦	to manage equitably.
<i>kung¹-pien⁴</i>	公便	just and expedient.
<i>kung¹-p'ing³</i>	公平	fair, just, equitable.
<i>kung¹-p'ing²-chiao¹-i⁴</i>	公平交易	strict fairness in business.
<i>kung¹-p'o³</i>	公婆	a husband's father and mother.
<i>kung¹-shih³</i>	公使	an envoy, one sent on public business.
<i>kung¹-shih⁴</i>	公事	public affairs or business.
<i>kung¹-shih⁴-kung¹-pan⁴</i>	公事公辦	public affairs should be strictly managed.
<i>kung¹-shu³</i>	公署	a public office.
<i>kung¹-so³</i>	公所	public offices.
<i>kung¹-ssü¹</i>	公司	to manage public business ; a public company.
<i>kung¹-ssü¹-chü³</i>	公司局	a municipal council.
<i>kung¹-ssü¹-kuan³</i>	公司館	hall of a public company.
<i>kung¹-ssü¹</i>	公私	public and private ; just and selfish, etc.
<i>kung¹-t'an¹</i>	公攤	a public rating.
<i>kung¹-t'ang³</i>	公堂	a public hall in a yamên.
<i>kung¹-tao⁴</i>	公道	just, equitable, fair ; justice, justly, cheap.
<i>kung¹-teng³</i>	公等	you, gentlemen.
<i>kung¹-teng³</i>	公燈	a lantern for use on public occasions.
<i>kung¹-t'ung³-shang³-i⁴</i>	公同商議	conjointly deliberate.
<i>kung¹-tsu³-ta⁴-jen³</i>	公祖大人	your worship, the prefect (pên ³ fu ³).
<i>kung¹-tsü³</i>	公子	a nobleman's son, a young gentleman
<i>kung¹-wên⁴</i>	公問	equitably examined.
<i>kung¹-wu⁴</i>	公務	public business.
<i>kung¹-yeh³</i>	公爺	an earl ; 5th prince.
<i>kung¹-yen¹</i>	公煙	first class opium.
<i>kung¹-yung⁴-chih¹-wu⁴</i>	公用之物	things for public or general use.
<i>kung¹</i>	宮	a palace ; a temple ; a dwelling.
<i>kung¹-chin⁴</i>	宮禁	the prohibited imperial chambers.
<i>kung¹-ch'in³</i>	宮寢	a bedchamber for ladies.
<i>kung¹-chüeh¹</i>	宮闕	door of the palace.
<i>kung¹-hsing³</i>	宮刑	the punishment of castration.
<i>kung¹-nü³</i>	宮女	ladies of palace, female attendants.
<i>kung¹-o³</i>	宮娥	same.
<i>kung¹-o²-ts'ai³-nü³</i>	宮娥彩女	same.
<i>kung¹-pao³</i>	宮保	Guardian of the Heir Apparent. G. 142.
<i>kung¹-p'i¹</i>	宮辟	emasculation, castration.
<i>kung¹-shih⁴</i>	宮室	imperial apartments ; a house, a dwelling.
<i>kung¹-tien⁴</i>	宮殿	large hall in the palace.
<i>kung¹-t'ing³</i>	宮庭	the palace (ch'ao ² t'ing ²).
<i>kung¹-yüan⁴</i>	宮院	same.
<i>kung¹</i>	人	to give, to depose (1st tone) sacrifice, nourish

(4th).

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<i>kung¹-chao¹</i>	供招		to confess, to own to a crime, etc. (k'ou ³ kung ¹).
<i>kung⁴-ch'í⁴</i>	供器		utensils of worship.
<i>kung¹-chih²</i>	供職		to resume official duties.
<i>kung⁴-ch'o¹</i>	供檯		table for offerings.
<i>kung¹-fêng⁴</i>	供奉		to present, to supply, to tender, to dedicate.
<i>kung¹-hsien⁴</i>	供獻		to present or supply.
<i>kung¹-kei³</i>	供給		to give to, to supply with.
<i>kung⁴-ou³-hsiang⁴</i>	供偶像		to worship idols.
<i>kung¹-p'an¹</i>	供攀		to depose and implicate others.
<i>kung⁴-shên²-fo²</i>	供神佛		to worship Buddha, etc.
<i>kung¹-shih¹</i>	供事		clerks, copyists.
<i>kung⁴-tsu³-shih¹</i>	供祖師		to worship ancestors.
<i>kung¹-tz'ü²</i>	供詞		to give evidence, to depose.
<i>kung⁴-yang³</i>	供養		to support, to nourish one's parents.
<i>kung⁴-yang⁴</i>	供養		to offer in sacrifice (fêng ⁴ yang ²).
<i>kung¹</i>	弓	673c461b	a bow; cover to a carriage; a land measure.
<i>kung¹-chien⁴</i>	弓箭		bow and arrows, an arrow.
<i>kung¹-chien⁴-shou³</i>	弓箭手		archers.
<i>kung¹-hsieh²</i>	弓鞋		women's shoes (bow-shaped).
<i>kung¹-hsien²</i>	弓弦		a bowstring.
<i>kung¹-kung¹-yao¹</i>	弓弓腰		a hunchback (wan ¹ yao ¹).
<i>kung²-pei¹-êrh³</i>	弓背兒		the back of a bow, an arch.
<i>kung¹-shang⁴-hsien²</i>	弓上弦		to string a bow; to prepare.
<i>kung¹-shih¹</i>	弓矢		bow and arrows, archery.
<i>kung¹-tao¹-shih²</i>	弓刀石		bow, sword, and stone (exercised by the military).
<i>kung¹</i>	心恭	681e462a	courteous, sedate, serious, respectful, reverent.
<i>kung¹-ching⁴</i>	恭敬		courteous, respectful. [tial,
<i>kung¹-êrh²-yu³-li³</i>	恭而有禮		respectful and polite.
<i>kung¹-fêng⁴</i>	恭奉		to receive with due respect.
<i>kung¹-ho⁴</i>	恭賀		to congratulate (ch'ing ⁴ ho ⁴).
<i>kung²-hou⁴-t'ai²-chia⁴</i>	恭候台駕		to respectfully wait your honor.
<i>kung¹-hsi³</i>	恭喜		to congratulate (tao ⁴ hsi ³).
<i>kung¹-iu⁴</i>	恭錄		to respectfully copy out.
<i>kung¹-têng⁴</i>	恭凳		a commode (ma ³ t'ung ³).
<i>kung¹</i>	身躬	679b461c	the body; one's self, one's own person.
<i>kung¹-hsing²</i>	躬行		to do one's self.
<i>kung¹-shên¹</i>	躬身		to bend the body; politeness.
<i>kung¹</i>	虫	680b460a	the centipede (wu ² kung ¹).
KUNG³	升	683b463a	to salute by folding the hands (55th radical).
<i>kung³</i>	手才	682a463b	same.
<i>kung³-chuo⁴</i>	拱照		to afford protection.
<i>kung³-li⁴</i>	拱立		to stand with the hands folded.

- kung³-pieh³* 拱別 a make a salutation on leaving.
kung³-shou³ 拱手 to fold the hands in salutation.
kung³-shou³-tso⁴-i¹ 拱手作揖 to fold the hands and salute.
kung³ (tzū) 石鑛 礦 a mine.
kung³-hui¹ 礦灰 lime (shih³ hui¹).
kung³-shih¹ 礦師 a mining engineer.
kung³ 虫 蟻 to wriggle, to root; insects (cut).
kung³-ti⁴ 蟻地 (hog) roots up the ground.
- KUNG⁴** 入 共 680c464b collectively, generally, all; with. M. 463.
kung⁴-chi⁴ 共計 the sum total; the whole number reckoned up.
kung⁴-ch'ien³ 共錢 the total amount of money, the sum total.
kung⁴-ho³ 共合 all united.
kung⁴-lai³-wang³ 共來往 to have regular business with.
kung⁴-shih⁴ 共事 to have business together.
kung⁴-tsung³ 共總 all together, the whole collectively, all.
kung⁴-t'ung³ 共同 same.
kung⁴-yu³-to¹-shao³ 共有多少 how much together.
kung⁴ 貝 貢 678b464a tribute merit, to offer up.
kung⁴-ch'a² 貢茶 tribute tea.
kung⁴-chin⁴-fang¹-wu⁴ 貢進方物 to send the products of a region, as tribute.
kung⁴-ch'ou² 貢紬 silk sent as tribute, fine silk.
kung⁴-chu² 貢燭 candles for ceremonial uses.
kung⁴-fün³ 貢粉 tribute sugar.
kung⁴-fu⁴ 貢賦 tribute, taxes (ch'ien² liang²).
kung⁴-ko³ 貢葛 a kind of fine grass cloth (hsia⁴ pu⁴).
kung⁴-p'in³ 貢品 articles of tribute.
kung⁴-shang⁴ 貢品上 to offer up to (hsien⁴ shang⁴).
kung⁴-shêng¹ 貢生 a senior licentiate (B.A.). G. 471 (lin³ shêng¹).
kung⁴-luan⁴ 貢緞 tribute satin, fine satin.
kung⁴-tz'ü⁴ 貢賜 to present, to bestow. [(k'ao³ yüan⁴).
kung⁴-yüan⁴ 貢院 the place for examining graduates (provincial)
- K'UNG¹** 穴 空 683b464a empty, to empty, great, leisure (4th).
k'ung¹-ch'uan³ 空船 an empty boat.
k'ung¹-eh'üan³ 空拳 the empty fist; poor.
k'ung¹-chung¹ 空中 in the firmament; the sky.
k'ung¹-chung¹-lou²-ko³ 空中樓閣 castles in the air.
k'ung¹-rh² 空兒 leisure (kung¹ fu¹).
k'ung¹-fang⁴-cho³ 空放着 empty, useless, worthless.
k'ung¹-hsiang³-fa¹-ts'ai² 空想發財 to vainly wish for riches.
k'ung¹-hsien² 空閒 unoccupied, at leisure.
k'ung¹-hain² 空心 a vacant mind; an empty stomach.

k'ung¹-hsing²-jên² 空行人
 k'ung¹-hsü¹ 空虛
 k'ung⁴-i¹-ko² 空一格
 k'ung¹-jên² 空一人
 k'ung¹-k'ou² 空人口
 k'ung¹-k'ou²-wu²-p'ing¹ 空口無憑
 k'ung¹-k'uang⁴ 空曠
 k'ung¹-mên² 空門
 k'ung¹-pei⁴ 空背
 k'ung¹-shên¹ 空身
 k'ung¹-shou² 空手
 k'ung¹-t'an² 空談
 k'ung⁴-ti⁴ 空地
 k'ung¹-tui⁴ 空對
 k'ung¹-tzü² 空子
 k'ung¹-wu¹-tzü² 空屋子
 k'ung¹-yen² 空言

a traveller without any baggage.
 empty, cleaned out, void.
 leave a column blank.
 empty handed, nothing but the person.
 "empty mouth," no proof, no evidence,
 words alone being no proof (deeds).
 waste, void.
 gate of Nirvana.
 to stand to "attention."
 to stand to "attention;" nothing on the person.
 empty handed; poor.
 boast, empty talk.
 vacant ground.
 vainly, uselessly (wang² jan²).
 a stupid, a dolt.
 an empty room.
 empty talk.

K'UNG³ 子 孔 684c465b
 k'ung³-ch'iao² 孔雀
 k'ung³-ch'iao²-mao² 孔雀毛
 k'ung³-ch'iao²-ling²-tzü² 孔雀翎子
 k'ung³-ch'iao²-p'ing² 孔雀屏
 k'ung³-ch'iao⁴ 孔竅
 k'ung³-fang¹-hsiung¹ 孔方兄
 k'ung³-fu¹-tzü² 孔夫子
 k'ung³-hsüeh⁴ 孔穴
 k'ung³-mên² 孔門
 k'ung³-shêng⁴-jên² 孔聖人
 k'ung³-tao⁴ 孔道
 k'ung³-tzü² 孔子

a hole, an orifice, very. Confucius. R 100.
 the peacock (hua¹ ling²).
 peacock's feathers.
 the peacock's feather worn by mandarins, G. 460.
 a peacock's feather screen.
 openings, pores, ducts,
 (fig.) a cash.
 Confucius. (557-479 B. C.).
 a hole, a cavern.
 Confucianists; the family of Confucius.
 Confucius the sage.
 a highway; a drain; Confucian principles.
 Confucius. W. I. 658.

K'UNG⁴ 心 恐 684c422b
 k'ung⁴-ch'ü² 恐其
 k'ung⁴-chü⁴ 恐懼
 k'ung⁴-k'ou²-wu²-p'ing² 恐口無憑
 k'ung⁴-p'a⁴ 恐怕
 k'ung³-wei⁴-pi⁴-jan² 恐未必然
 k'ung⁴ 手 控 684b465c
 k'ung⁴-kao⁴ 控告

fear, alarm; suspicion. M. 377.
 I fear, lest, probably. M. 377.
 fear, apprehension, alarm, affright; suspicion.
 lest words should be no proof (in documents).
 I fear, lest, probably. M. 377.
 I'm afraid it is not so.
 to strike; to pull, to draw; to accuse, to impeach.
 to accuse (kao⁴ chuang⁴).

KUO'¹ 金 鍋 686b489a
 kuo¹-kai⁴-rh² 鍋蓋兒

a cooking pan or pot.
 lid of a cooking pan,

kuo¹-ko¹-tzü³ 鍋痞子
 kuo¹-pu¹ 鍋疤
 kuo¹-pa¹-rh³ 鍋把兒
 kuo¹-ping³ 鍋餅
 kuo¹-t'ai² 鍋臺
 kuo¹-tsuo⁴ 鍋灶
 kuo¹ 虫 蝸 686a492b
 kuo¹-kuo¹-rh³ 蝸 蝸兒
 kuo¹ 邑 郭 686a492

fur, crust adhering to a pan.
 same.
 handle of a pan.
 a large circular bannock
 the brickwork round a copper or cooking pan.
 same.
 a sort of locust.
 same.
 suburbs, a waste, a common; a town.

KUO² 口 國 685b491a
 kuo²-chang⁴ 國丈
 kuo²-chêng¹ 國徵
 kuo²-chêng⁴ 國政
 kuo²-chi⁴ 國計
 kuo²-chia¹ 國家
 kuo²-chia¹-t'ai⁴-p'ing³ 國家太平
 kuo²-chu³ 國主
 kuo²-fu³ 國法
 kuo²-fei⁴ 國費
 kuo²-fêng¹ 國風
 kuo²-hao⁴ 國號
 kuo²-k'o⁴ 國科
 kuo²-mu³ 國母
 kuo²-pien⁴ 國變
 kuo²-puo³ 國寶
 kuo²-shih³ 國史
 kuo²-shih³-kuan³ 國史館
 kuo²-shui⁴ 國稅
 kuo²-t'ai⁴-min²-an¹ 國泰民安
 kuo²-t'ang³ (nu²) 國帑
 kuo²-t'i³ 國體
 kuo²-tu⁴ 國度
 kuo²-tzü³-chien¹ 國子監
 kuo²-yung⁴-pu⁴-tsu³ 國用不足

a country, state or kingdom (pang¹).
 Emperor's father-in-law.
 Government revenue.
 administration of government.
 the finances of a country; politics.
 the state, the government.
 the state at peace.
 the lord of a country, a king.
 the laws of the state.
 the national expenditure.
 the customs of a country.
 the designation of a sovereign or reign.
 the national revenue.
 the empress (huang² hou⁴).
 a revolution.
 copper coin, cash.
 historical records (shih³ chi⁴).
 the Record office at Peking. (G. 215).
 the revenue of a country.
 a general peace (t'ien¹ hsia⁴ t'ai⁴ p'ing³).
 the national treasury.
 the reputation of a country.
 a kingdom.
 the national college at Peking.-- G. 247.
 national revenue insufficient.

KUO³ 木 果 687c489a
 kuo³-êrh³ 果兒
 kuo³-ho³ 果盒
 kuo³ hsien⁴-êrh³ 果餡兒
 kuo³-jan³ 果然
 kuo³-kan³ 果敢
 kuo³-p'un³ 果盤

[M. 393.
 really, truly; to exceed, to overcome; bear fruit.
 eggs (Peking) (chi¹ tzü³).
 a box for fruit.
 the inside of a fruit.
 certainly, indeed, truly, really, positively.
 bold, venturesome, daring.
 a fruit plate.

kuo³-pu⁴-jun³
kuo³-shih³
kuo³ 艸 廿 688b489b
kuo³-mu⁴
kuo³-mu⁴-yüan³
kuo³-p'in³
kuo³-shih³
kuo³-shu⁴
kuo³-t'an¹
kuo³-tzü³
kuo³-yüan²-tzü³
kuo³ 衣 裹 688c490a
kuo³-chiao³
kuo³-liang²
kuo³ 木 椽 榔 686b492b

KUO⁴ 是 1
kuo⁴-ch'êng⁴
kuo⁴-chi⁴
kuo⁴-chiang¹
kuo⁴-chiang¹
kuo⁴-ch'iao²
kuo⁴-chieh²
kuo⁴-ch'iang²-jih⁴-tzü³
kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴
kuo⁴-fa²
kuo⁴-fan⁴
kuo⁴-fên⁴
kuo⁴-hai³
kuo⁴-ho²
kuo⁴-ho²-ch'ai¹-ch'iao³
kuo⁴-hou⁴
kuo⁴-hsien¹
kuo⁴-huo²
kuo⁴-i⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴
kuo⁴-jên²
kuo⁴-jih⁴-tzü³
kuo⁴-k'o⁴
kuo⁴-kuan¹
kuo⁴-liang²
kuo⁴-liao²-ch'ü⁴
kuo⁴-lu⁴-ts'ai²-shên²
kuo⁴-lü⁴

果不然
 果實
 菓木園
 菓木園
 菓品
 菓實樹
 菓攤子
 菓園子
 裹脚糧
 裹脚糧
 木椽榔
 過 686b490b
 過 秤
 過 繼
 過 江
 過 獎
 過 橋
 過 節
 過 窮日子
 過 去
 過 法
 過 犯
 過 分
 過 海
 過 河
 過 河拆橋
 過 後
 過 仙
 過 活
 過 意不去
 過 人
 過 日子
 過 客
 過 關
 過 量
 過 了期
 過 路財神
 過 慮

really, in fact. M. 393.
 certainly, truly, really; a kernel.
 fruit of any kind.
 fruit trees.
 an orchard.
 fruits generally.
 fruit; result; the fruit formed; a kernel.
 fruit trees (shu⁴ liang³ tzü³).
 a fruit-stall,
 fruit.
 an orchard.
 to swathe, to bandage, to bundle up; a bundle.
 to bind the feet (as Chinese women) (ch'an² tsu²).
 provisions for the road, etc. (k'ou² liang²).
 shell of coffin (kuan¹ kuo³).

[M 96 (yüeh⁴).

to pass, to exceed; past; perfect tense; error.
 to be weighed.
 to be adopted (i⁴ tzü³).
 to cross a river (tu⁴ chiang¹).
 excessive praise (self-depreciatory).
 to cross a bridge.
 to pass the bounds of decorum; the new year
 to be a poor man. [(yüeh⁴ li²).
 to pass by, bygone.
 mode of living.
 a sin, a transgression (tsui⁴).
 beyond one's duty, excessive.
 to cross the sea.
 to cross a river.
 destroy the bridges behind you.
 afterwards.
 "to pass over to the fairies," to die.
 to get one's living.
 cannot get over the idea.
 beyond others, extraordinary.
 to get a livelihood.
 a passing traveller.
 to pass Customs (ch'uang³ kuan¹).
 beyond the ordinary capacity.
 having passed the time.
 a windfall.
 over anxious.

<i>kuo⁴-mên²</i>	過門		to be married—of girls (ch ⁴ u ¹ mên ²).
<i>kuo⁴-mu⁴-pu⁴-wang⁴</i>	過目不忘		glance over and not forget.
<i>kuo⁴-nien²</i>	過年		the new year, next year (hsin ¹ nien ² , lai ² nien ²).
<i>kuo⁴-p'in²</i>	過品		to exceed one's rank or sphere; excessive.
<i>kuo⁴-p'in⁴</i>	過聘		to send the marriage gift (p'in ⁴ li ²).
<i>k'uo⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	過不去		unable to pass; unable to bear; unable to subsist.
<i>kuo⁴-shih¹</i>	過失		a fault, an error.
<i>kuo⁴-shih⁴</i>	過世		"to pass from the world," to die (ch'ü ⁴ shih ⁴).
<i>kuo⁴-tang¹</i>	過當		excessive, more than what is proper.
<i>kuo⁴-t'ang²</i>	過堂		to be tried by the magistrate.
<i>kuo⁴-té²-ch'ü⁴</i>	過得去		able to pass; able to bear; able to subsist.
<i>kuo⁴-to¹</i>	過多		excessive in number or quantity.
<i>kuo⁴-t'ing¹</i>	過庭		a large passage way (ch'uan ¹ lang ²).
<i>kuo⁴-tsai⁴-hang²</i>	過載行		guild for handling boat cargoes.
<i>kuo⁴-t'so⁴</i>	過錯		fault, error.
<i>kuo⁴-tu⁴</i>	過度		to exceed, excessive, etc.
<i>kuo⁴-tu⁴</i>	過渡		to cross a ferry.
<i>kuo⁴-yin¹-yü²</i>	過陰雨		appearance of rain which passes.
<i>kuo⁴-yin²</i>	過癮		to satisfy the craving, e. g. for opium.
<i>kuo⁴-yu²-pu⁴-chi²</i>	過猶不及		to exceed is the same as not to come up to.
<i>kuo⁴-yü¹</i>	過於		excessive, M. 59.
<i>kuo⁴-yü⁴</i>	過愈		to exceed, excessive.
<i>kuo⁴ (kua)</i>	耳聒	647c469b	noise of talking, hubbub.
<i>kuo⁴-tê²-huang¹</i>	聒得慌		tired of the clatter or din.
<i>kuo⁴-ts'ai²</i>	聒睬		to notice, to heed (li ² hui ⁴).
K'UO⁴	門闊	闊	689b493a
<i>k'uo⁴-chia¹-chu²</i>		闊家	
<i>k'uo⁴-ta⁴</i>		闊大	
<i>k'uo⁴-yüan²</i>		闊遠	
<i>k'uo⁴</i>	手才	擴	689c493c
<i>k'uo⁴-ch'ung¹</i>		擴充	
<i>k'uo⁴-ta⁴</i>		擴大	
LA¹	手才	拉	690c497a
<i>la¹-chang⁴</i>		拉賬	
<i>la¹-ch'ê¹</i>		拉車	
<i>la¹-ch'ê²</i>		拉扯	
<i>la¹-la¹-ch'ê²-ch'ê²</i>		拉拉扯扯	
<i>la¹-chieh²-shih²</i>		拉結實	
<i>la¹-ch'ien⁴</i>		拉篷	
<i>la¹-chü²-ku²</i>		拉主顧	
<i>la¹-chü⁴</i>		拉鋸	
			to pull, to draw, to drag; to break, to destroy
			to run up an account (kua ⁴ chang ⁴).
			to draw a cart.
			to pull, to drag, to draw, to implicate,
			to work into each other's hands.
			draws heavily (as a cart in ruts).
			to track a vessel, to tow.
			to draw or get a customer.
			to work a two-handed saw.

la ¹ -chuai ⁴	拉拽	to pull, to drag, to draw.
la ¹ -ch'uan ³	拉船	to haul a boat.
la ¹ -érh ⁴ -chiao ³ -tzü ³	拉二脚子	to act as second fireman.
la ¹ -fêng ¹ -hsia ³	拉風櫃	to work a bellows.
la ¹ -fêng ¹ -hsiang ¹	拉風箱	same.
la ¹ -hu ³ -ch'in ³	拉胡琴	to play the violin.
la ¹ -huai ⁴	拉壞	to spoil by pulling about.
la ¹ -k'ou ³ -tzü ³	拉口子	to offer bribes (hui ⁴ lu ⁴).
la ¹ -kua ⁴	拉聒	to tell yarns, chit-chat.
la ¹ -kung ³	拉弓	to draw the bow, to shoot.
la ¹ -k'ung ⁴	拉空	to run into debt.
la ¹ -la ¹	拉攏	noise of breaking.
la ¹ -lo ⁴	拉落	to spill, to scatter (sa ³).
la ¹ -lung ³	拉攏	to bring a thing about; to delay.
la ¹ -mai ³ -mai ³	拉買賣	to ply for hire—carts.
la ¹ -mei ³	拉煤	to mine coal.
la ¹ -mo ³	拉磨	to turn the millstone.
la ¹ -p'êng ³	拉篷	to haul up the sail.
la ¹ -p'i ²	拉疲	dilatory (man ¹ han ¹).
la ¹ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	拉不了	unable to pull or draw.
la ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'u ²	拉不出	unable to pull out.
la ¹ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	拉不動	cannot move it.
la ¹ -shé ² -t'ou ³	拉舌頭	to carry tales on one, to slander.
la ¹ -shih ³	拉屎	to go to stool (ch'u ¹ kung ¹).
la ¹ -shou ³	拉手	to take hold of the hand.
la ¹ -s'ou ³ -ti ¹ -shih ⁴	拉手的事	an affair of mutual benefit.
la ¹ -sü ¹	拉絲	to draw out silk, to dilly-dally.
la ¹ -ta ⁴ -hua ⁴	拉大畫	peep-shows.
la ¹ -t'a ¹ -i ¹ -pa ³	拉他一把	to give him a pull.
la ¹ -tao ³	拉倒	to pull down; of no consequence, never mind.
la ¹ -t'ao ⁴	拉套	to pull in the traces (of an animal).
la ¹ -tê ³ -liao ³	拉得了	able to draw.
la ¹ -t'i ⁴ -shên ¹ -érh ³	拉替身兒	to get hold of substitute, e.g., the drowned.
la ¹ -tuan ³ -érh ³	拉短兒	to ply for short fares.
la ¹ -yang ² -p'ien ⁴	拉洋片	peep shows of foreign scenes (hsi ¹ hu ² ching ³).
la ¹ -ying ⁴ -kung ¹	拉硬弓	to draw the stiff bow.
la ¹	手才擗	擗 691a497c
la ¹ -ch'ih ³	手才擗	擗 690b498b
la ¹ -p'o ⁴	手才擗	擗 690b498b
la ¹	手才擗	擗 690b498b
la ¹ -tzü ³	米糲	糲 717b523a
la ¹	米糲	糲 690b498c
la ¹	米糲	糲 690b498c

- la¹ 口 喇^{690a498b} a final. See la³.
- LA² 刀 刺^{690a498a} to cut. See ts'ü⁴ (ko¹, k'an³, ch'ieh⁴).
 la²-hsia⁴ 刺下 to cut off, to amputate.
 la²-jou⁴ 刺肉 to cut meat.
 la²-p'o⁴-liao³ 刺破了 cut so that blood flows.
 la²-pu⁴-k'ai¹ 刺不開 cannot cut open.
 la²-pu⁴-tung⁴ 刺不動 knife makes no impression on.
 la²-shou³ 刺手 to cut one's hand.
 la²-tuan⁴-la¹ 刺斷喇 cut off.
 la³ 是 邋^{691c497c} slovenly, untidy, dirty.
 la³-t'a¹ 邋邋 same.
- LA³ 口 喇^{690a498b} loquacity; to chat.
 la³-k'ou²-tzü³ 喇口子 to offer bribes (hui⁴ lu⁴).
 la³-lu³ 喇喇 loquacity (ch'ung³ san¹ tao⁴ ssü⁴).
 la³-la³-pu⁴-hsiu¹ 喇喇不休 unceasing chatter (hsü⁴ tao¹ tao¹).
 la³-ma¹ 喇嘛 the Lama priests (sêng¹).
 la³-ma¹-miao⁴ 喇嘛廟 a Lama temple.
 la³-pa¹ 喇叭 a military trumpet (pieh³ li⁴, hao² t'ung³).
 la³-pa¹-tsui³ 喇叭嘴 the mouth of a trumpet; loquacious.
 la³-tsui³ 喇嘴 to boast, to brag.
- LA⁴ 肉 月 腊^{691a497b} the winter sacrifice
 la⁴-jou⁴ 臘肉 salt meat.
 la⁴-mei² 臘梅 a sort of flower.
 la⁴-pa¹-chou¹ 臘八粥 congee eaten on the 8th of the 12th month.
 la⁴-ya¹ 臘鴨 salt ducks.
 la⁴-yüeh⁴ 臘月 the 12th month, the winter month. See *Note 32*.
 la⁴ 辛^{90b498c} sharp, pungent, acrid, hot.
 la⁴-chiao¹ 辣椒 pepper, the chili or capsicum (hu² chiao¹).
 la⁴-shih² 辣實 dangerous, cruel (ts'an² pao⁴).
 la⁴-shou³ 辣手 dangerous, cruel.
 la⁴-su⁴-su⁴-ti¹ 辣辣辣的 tingling sharp, quite pungent.
 la⁴-suan⁴ 辣蒜 garlic.
 la⁴-ts'ung¹ 辣葱 onions.
 la⁴-wei¹-rh² 辣味兒 acrid flavour.
 la⁴ 虫 蜡^{691b497b} wax, beeswax; waxed; a sort of resin.
 la⁴-ch'ien¹-tzü¹ 蜡扦子 tall candlestick, on altars, etc.
 la⁴-chih³ 蜡紙 glazed paper.
 la⁴-chou² 蜡燭 a candle, a wax candle.
 la⁴-nich⁴-tzü³ 蜡鐵子 a candle snuffer.
 la⁴-shu⁴ 蜡樹 the wax tree.

la⁴-t'ai²
 la⁴-têng¹
 la⁴-yu²
 la⁴ 紳 卅
 la⁴-êrh²
 la⁴-hsia⁴
 la⁴-hsiang⁴
 la⁴-liao³
 la⁴-liao³-i¹-ko⁴
 la⁴ 金

蠟臺
 蠟燈
 蠟油
 落 748b553b
 落兒
 落下
 落項
 落了
 落了一箇
 落鐵 691c498a

a kind of high candlestick.
 a candle ; a candlestick.
 wax and oil, the dripping of a candle. [and la⁴.
 to leave out or behind ; to put down. See lao⁴
 error, fault, misdemeanour ; subsistence.
 to leave out or behind.
 income (chin⁴ hsiang⁴).
 left behind, forgotten.
 leave out one, left one behind.
 tin, copper, pewter.

LAI² 人 來
 lai²-che²-pu⁴-chü⁴
 lai²-che²-pu⁴-shan⁴
 lai²-ch'ü⁴
 lai²-han²
 lai²-hui²-ti³-tsou³
 lai²-hsi⁴-i¹-fêng¹
 lai²-hsi⁴-mo²-yu³
 lai²-jên²
 lai²-k'o⁴
 lai²-lai²-lai²
 lai²-lai²-wang³-wang³
 lai²-li⁴
 lai²-liao³
 lai²-liao³-mo²-yu³
 lai²-liao³-mo¹
 lai²-lin²
 lai²-lu⁴
 lai²-lu⁴-pu⁴-ming²
 lai²-mien²
 lai²-p'ai⁴
 lai²-pu⁴-chi²
 lai²-pu⁴-lai²-ti¹
 lai²-pu⁴-liao³
 lai²-pu⁴-tê²
 lai²-shêng¹
 lai²-shih²
 lai²-shih³
 lai²-shih⁴
 ai²-tao⁴
 lai²-tao⁴-chê⁴-rh²
 lai² tê³-chi²

來 692a498c
 來者不拒
 來者不善
 來去
 來函
 來回的走
 來信一封
 來信沒有
 來人
 來客
 來來來
 來來往往
 來歷
 來了
 來了沒有
 來了麼
 來臨
 來路
 來路不明
 來年
 來派
 來不及
 來不來的
 來不了
 來不得
 來生
 來時
 來使
 來世
 來到
 來到這兒
 來得急

to come ; nearly ; to effect. M. 25, 316.
 he can come if he likes.
 he is a bad man, it has a bad origin.
 to come and go.
 the letter which has come.
 going backward and forward.
 then came one letter.
 any word or not?
 a messenger, a person come.
 a guest, a visitor.
 help yourselves ! (at feasts).
 frequent intercourse.
 the origin and progress of a thing ; circum-
 come, came. [stances.
 has it come? etc.
 has it come? have you come? hollo! are you here?
 to draw near (condescension of the deity).
 the source (yüan² pên³).
 antecedents not clear.
 next year (kuo⁴ nien²).
 symptomatic.
 not practicable in the time. [tung⁴).
 at every chance, on all occasions (tung⁴ pu⁴
 unable to come.
 same.
 the life to come.
 the future.
 a messenger who comes.
 the life to come.
 to arrive at.
 come here ! come here.
 urgent, pressing ; came hurriedly.

<i>lai²-tê²-ch'ih²</i>	來得遲	came late.
<i>lai²-tê²-chin²</i>	來得緊	came hurriedly.
<i>lai²-tê²-ch'in²</i>	來得勤	came frequently.
<i>lai²-tê²-k'uai⁴</i>	來得快	came quickly.
<i>lai²-tê²-tsao²</i>	來得早	to have come early.
<i>lai²-tê²-ts'ou⁴-ch'iao²</i>	來得湊巧	arrived opportunely.
<i>lai²-t'ou²</i>	來頭	source, origin, that from which a thing proceeds.
<i>lai²-tsung¹-ch'ü⁴-chi⁴</i>	來踪去跡	the traces of coming and going.
<i>lai²-tz'ü²</i>	來此	come here! come here.
<i>lai²-wang²</i>	來往	coming and going, intercourse (ch'uan ¹ huan ⁴).
<i>lai²-wên²</i>	來文	a despatch received, a despatch that comes.
<i>lai²-wu²-ying²</i>	來無影	came mysteriously, e. g., a spirit.
<i>lai²-ya¹</i>	來呀	come here!
<i>lai²-yu²</i>	來由	the original cause, source, origin (kên ¹ yu ²).
<i>lai²</i>	勸 徠	to encourage, to meet.
<i>lai²-tai¹-ch'ou⁴</i>	徠 默 臭	a clown.
<i>lai²</i>	舞 廿	name of a plant the leaves of which are edible.
<i>lai²-ts'ao²</i>	菜 草	same.

LAI⁴	疥 瘰	癩 693c500b	a virulent disorder; a sore head; itch; scabs.
<i>lai⁴-ch'uang¹</i>		瘰 瘡	a sort of itch, blotches.
<i>lai⁴-hsüan²</i>		癩 癬	a spreading sore.
<i>lai⁴-ping⁴</i>		癩 病	leprosy.
<i>lai⁴-tai²</i>		癩 歹	unkempt, dirty.
<i>lai⁴</i>	貝 頤	賴 693b500a	to lean on, to trust to; to deny.
<i>lai⁴-hun¹</i>		賴 婚	to break off marriage engagement.
<i>lai⁴-i¹-ch'iu²-shih²</i>		賴 衣 求 食	to sorn'on others for a living.
<i>lai⁴-pao⁴</i>		賴 抱	to sit on an empty nest.
<i>lai⁴-pieh²-jên²</i>		賴 別 人	to throw the blame on another.
<i>lai⁴-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>		賴 不 過 去	can't get out of it.
<i>lai⁴</i>	貝	賚 693a500a	to give, to confer, to bestow on an inferior.
<i>lai⁴-yü²</i>		賚 子	same.
<i>lai⁴</i>	力	勸 692c500a	toil, also ch'ih ⁴ .

LAN²	手 宇	攔 694b501b	to stop, to intercept.
<i>lan²-chiao⁴</i>		攔 轎	to stop a chair and present petition.
<i>lan²-chieh¹</i>		攔 街	to stop the passage of a street.
<i>lan²-chieh²</i>		攔 截	to stop, to intercept.
<i>lan²-chu¹</i>		攔 住	same.
<i>lan²-lu⁴</i>		攔 路	to obstruct the thoroughfare.
<i>lan²-lu¹-hu²</i>		攔 路 虎	obstruction—unrecognised character so called.
<i>lan²-tang²</i>		攔 擋	to stop, to intercept.
<i>lan²-tang²-pu⁴-chü⁴</i>		攔 擋 不 住	unable to intercept.

- lan²-tang²-tê²-chu⁴ 攔擋得住
lan²-tsu³ 攔阻
lan²-yuo¹ 攔腰
lan²-yii² 攔輿
lan²-yii⁴ 攔御
lan² 艸 卅 蘭 695b501b
lan²-chiao³-êrh² 蘭角兒
lan²-hua¹ 蘭花
lan²-shê¹ 蘭奢
lan² 水 彳 瀾 694c501b
lan²man⁴ 瀾漫
lan²-shui³ 瀾水
lan² 卅 藍 696b502a
lan²-fan² 藍礬
lan²-hua¹-shou³-chin¹ 藍花手巾
lan²-hua¹-tou⁴ 藍花荳
lan²-shan¹ 藍衫
lan²-shêng¹-shêng¹-ti¹ 藍生生的
lan²-tien⁴ 藍靛
lan² (tzü) 竹 籃 696b502b
lan²-k'uang¹ 籃筐
lan² 衣 襪 696c502a
lan²-lii⁴ 襪褸
lan² 木 欄 694a501a
lan²-kan¹ 欄杆
lan² 鬃 鬣 696c502b
- LAN³ 手才 攬 697a502c
lan³-ch'ü³ 攬取
lan³-fêng¹ 攬風
lan³-p'u¹ 攬撲
lan³-tao⁴ 攬稻
lan³-tao⁴-shên¹-shang⁴ 攬到身上
lan³-ts'as⁴ 攬采
lan³ 心 小 懶 697c503b
lan³-jên² 懶人
lan³-san⁴ 懶散
lan³-tai⁴ 懶怠
lan³-tai¹ tung⁴-t'an² 懶怠動彈
lan³ to⁴ 懶惰
lan³-ts'ai⁵-tzü³ 懶崽子
lan³-tung⁴ 懶動
lan² 見 覽 覽 697a502c
- able to stop or intercept.
to impede, to prevent, to hinder [fang¹ ai⁴].
to gird the waist.
to stop a mandarin's chair—to present petition.
to stop the Emperor's car, as suppliant.
the epidendrum.
the larkspur.
the epidendrum.
to praise, to flatter.
streams flowing and mixing together, thick [water.
heavy showers of rain; an inundation,
muddy, turbid water.
blue.
blue alum (pai² fan²).
blue figured handkerchiefs.
broad beans.
"blue shirt," a hsiu ts'ai.
bright blue.
indigo.
a basket with handle (k'uang¹ tzü³).
baskets with and without handles.
ragged, tattered; a single coverlet,
same.
a rail, a railing, a balustrade.
same.
a horse's mane; hair rising up; long hair.
- to hoard up, to grasp at everything.
to seize, to grasp, to take more than one ought.
(boat) keeps close to the wind.
to seize, to grasp; to beat.
to reap.
got involved in it.
to seize; to monopolize.
idle, lazy, indolent, negligent, remiss.
an idler.
idle and careless.
negligent, careless, remiss; unwilling, loth to [hsielr⁴ tai⁴].
loth to work, lazy.
idle, lazy.
an idle young scamp, a lazy young animal.
unwilling to move, idle, lazy.
to look at, to observe, to inspect.

<i>lan³ kuan¹</i>		覽觀	to look at (kuan ¹ k'an ⁴).
<i>lan³-pi⁴</i>		覽畢	to have looked or inspected.
<i>lan³-shih⁴</i>		覽視	to observe, to look at, to inspect.
<i>lan³</i>	木	欖 ^{697a503a}	the olive (kan ³ lan ³).
<i>lan³-jên²</i>		欖仁	olive seeds
<i>lan³</i>	女	婪 ^{697b502b}	covetous, greedy; fraud, extortion (t'an ¹).
<i>lan³-so³</i>		婪索	to extort greedily (lê ⁴ so ³).
<i>lan³-tsang¹</i>		婪贓	to hoard up or amass by extortion.
<i>lan³</i>	水	淥 ^{697b503a}	to ripen (persimmons) by steeping in hot water.
LAN⁴	火	爛 ^{695a503o}	clear, bright; boiled to rags; to break, to tear.
<i>lan⁴-chih¹-ma²</i>		爛芝麻	spoilt sesamum; rotten, useless,
<i>lan⁴-chih³</i>		爛紙	waste paper.
<i>lan⁴-i¹</i>		爛衣	ragged clothes (p'o ⁴ i ¹).
<i>lan⁴-ch'ü⁴-jung²-mao³</i>		爛去茸毛	singe off the pin feathers.
<i>lan⁴-jou⁴</i>		爛肉	meat boiled to rags (as we say).
<i>lan⁴-t'on²-ch'uang¹</i>		爛頭瘡	a scabby head,
<i>lan⁴-tsui³-chiao¹</i>		爛嘴角	to scorch one's lips,
<i>lan⁴-tsui⁴</i>		爛醉	very drunk (tsui ⁴ hsün ¹ hsün ¹ ti ¹).
<i>lan⁴-yen³-pien¹</i>		爛眼邊	blear-eyed (ch'ih ¹ ma ³ hu ³).
<i>lan⁴</i>	水	濫 ^{696a503b}	a drain; to overflow; superficial; to exceed.
<i>lan⁴-chiao¹</i>		濫交	to make friends at random.
<i>lan⁴-chih³</i>		濫支	to branch out; to expend too much.
<i>lan⁴-h'ü³</i>		濫取	to take too much.
<i>lan⁴-hsieh³</i>		濫寫	to scribble.
<i>lan⁴-hsing²</i>		濫刑	excessive torture.
<i>lan⁴ shih⁴</i>		濫事	unimportant affairs.
<i>lan⁴-yung⁴</i>		濫用	to use profusely.
<i>lan⁴</i>	乙 乱	亂 ^{758c570c}	to confuse, to disorder; to regulate. See <i>luan⁴</i> .
<i>lan⁴-ch'ên²</i>		亂臣	an efficient minister.
<i>lan⁴-shih⁴</i>		亂世	anarchy.
<i>lan⁴</i>	糸	纜 ^{697b503c}	big rope, hawser (shêng ² tzü ³).
LANG³	犬	狼 ^{698b505a}	the wolf; the name of a plant; to swindle.
<i>lung² c'ung²-hu³-pau⁴</i>		狼蟲虎豹	wild animals generally.
<i>lang²-hsin¹</i>		狼心	"wolf's heart," wolf-hearted, merciless.
<i>lang²-hsin¹-kon³-fei⁴</i>		狼心狗肺	cruel and unscrupulous.
<i>lung²-hu³</i>		狼虎	"wolves and tigers," ravenous, fierce, cruel.
<i>lang²-jên²</i>		狼人	to swindle a person.
<i>lang²-o⁴</i>		狼惡	cruel (ts'an ² pao ⁴).
<i>lang²-pei⁴</i>		狼狽 (872b)	a wolf; in ruins, disorderly; poor.
<i>lang²-p'i³</i>		狼皮	wolf skin.
<i>lung²-ts'ai³ tzu³</i>		狼崽子	the wolf's progeny.

<i>lang²-tu²</i>		狼毒		cruel.
<i>lang²-t'un¹-hu³-yen⁴</i>		狼吞虎咽		fig. swallowing people's property.
<i>lang²-wo¹</i>		狼窩		a wolf's den.
<i>lang²-yen¹</i>		狼烟	698b	a beacon (signal of rebellion).
<i>lang²-yen¹-ti⁴-tung⁴</i>		狼煙地動		fierce fighting.
<i>lang²-yen¹-tun¹</i>		狼烟墩		pile of wolf dung anciently used in beacons.
<i>lang²-yen³-shu³-mei³</i>		狼眼鼠眉		wicked-looking.
<i>lang²</i>	邑卩顯	郎	699b504a	a complimentary term applied to persons; a son.
<i>lang²-chün¹</i>		郎君		my husband; a young student. [(tai ⁴ fu ¹).
<i>lang²-chung¹</i>		郎中		senior secretary of one of the boards; a doctor
<i>lang² (tzü)</i>	广	廊	699b504a	apartments built east and west; passages, porch,
<i>lang²-fang²</i>		廊房		apartments built east and west. [verandah.
<i>lang²-miao⁴</i>		廊廟		a palace (kung ¹).
<i>lang²-tzu³-ti³-hsia⁴</i>		廊子底下		under the verandah.
<i>lang²-yen²</i>		廊簷		the eaves of the verandah.
<i>lang²</i>	木	榔	699c504b	the betel nut (pin ¹ lang ²).
<i>lang²</i>	虫 蟻	螂	699c504b	the beetle (shih ³ k'o ¹ lang ²).
<i>lang²</i>	玉 環	瑯	698c504c	a whitish stone.

LANG³	月	朗	699a505b	clear, bright; lofty.
<i>lang³-chao⁴</i>		朗照		to solicit assistance; the moon; bright, clear.
<i>lang³-yao⁴</i>		朗耀		bright, clear.

LANG⁴	水 洩	浪	698b505c	waves; unsettled; profligate, dissipated.
<i>lang⁴-fei⁴</i>		浪費		to waste, wasteful, extravagant (ch'ih ³ shê ¹ ,
<i>lang⁴-hua¹-lang⁴-fei⁴</i>		浪花浪費		wasteful expenditure. [shê ¹ fei ⁴).
<i>lang⁴-shui³</i>		浪水		waves; semen (female).
<i>lang⁴-tang⁴</i>		浪蕩		profligate, dissipated.
<i>lang⁴-t'ou²</i>		浪頭		waves, crests of waves (po ¹ lang ⁴).
<i>lang⁴-tzü³</i>		浪子		a prodigal (tang ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>lang⁴-yung⁴</i>		浪用		extravagant.

LAO¹	手 才	撈	701b507b	to drag out of the water, to take or hook up.
<i>lao¹-ch'i³</i>		撈起		to pull out of the water.
<i>lao¹-hui²-lai²-lu¹</i>		撈回來喇		recovered, got back.
<i>lao¹-mao²-ti¹</i>		撈毛的		a pimp.
<i>lao¹-pên³</i>		撈本		to get one's money back.
<i>lao¹-pu⁴-cho²</i>		撈不着		have no chance or opportunity.
<i>lao¹-shang⁴-lai²-liao³</i>		撈上來了		pulled up from the water.
<i>lao¹-yü²</i>		撈魚		to fish (tiao ⁴ yü ²).

LAO³	力 勞	勞	701c507a	to give trouble to; to toil, to labor; wearied.
<i>lao³-chi⁴</i>		勞瘵		consumption, sickness from over anxiety.

lao²-chia⁴ 勞駕
 lao²-chin¹ 勞金
 lao²-érh²-wu²-kung¹ 勞而無功
 lao²-fa² 勞乏
 lao²-hsin¹ 勞心
 lao²-hsin¹-kxo⁴-tu⁴ 勞心過度
 lao²-k'u² 勞苦
 lao²-k'u²-huan⁴-nan⁴ 勞苦患難
 lao²-k'un⁴ 勞困
 lao⁴-lai⁴ 勞賚
 lao²-li⁴ 勞力
 lao²-lu⁴ 勞碌
 lao²-rain²-shang¹-ts'ai¹ 勞民傷財
 lao²-nin²-chia⁴ 勞憊
 lao²-ping⁴ 勞病
 lao²-shén² 勞神
 lao²-tung⁴ 勞動
 lao² 牢 702a507c
 lao²-chi⁴ 牢記
 lao²-chi⁴-pu⁴-wang⁴ 牢記不忘
 lao²-chien¹ 牢監
 lao²-k'ao⁴ 牢靠
 lao²-ku⁴ 牢固
 lao²-lung² 牢籠
 lao²-lung²-chi⁴ 牢籠計
 lao²-t'ou²-chin⁴-tsu² 牢頭禁卒
 lao²-tso⁴ 牢作
 lao²-wèn² 牢穩
 lao²-yü⁴ 牢獄
 lao² 癆 701b509a
 lao²-chéng⁴ 癆症
 lao²-chi² 癆瘵
 lao²-ping⁴ 癆病
 lao²-ping⁴-ch'iang¹-tzu² 癆病腔子
 lao²-ping⁴-ti²-tzu² 癆病底子
 lao²-shang¹ 癆傷
 lao² 𠵼 702b507c
 lao² 𠵼
 lao²-lao²-tao¹-tao¹ 𠵼𠵼叨叨
 lao²-tao¹ 𠵼叨

to give trouble or annoyance to ; thank you (fan² "labour gold," wages ; to recompense. [chia⁴]).
 trouble without result.
 trouble, labour ; weary.
 mental labour, labour of mind.
 to overwork oneself.
 toilsome labour, fatigue ; distress.
 difficulties and distress, misfortunes.
 wearied by labour, fatigued.
 to encourage by rewards.
 bodily labour.
 hard work, labour, toil.
 to weary the people and waste their money.
 I am giving you trouble,
 consumption, sickness from over anxiety.
 to weary oneself.
 to give trouble or annoyance to, to disturb.
 a prison, a pen or fold ; lasting, strong.
 to have a strong recollection.
 to firmly fix in the memory.
 a prison (chien¹ lao²).
 firm.
 strong, firm.
 a cage, a prison.
 a scheme to deceive a person.
 a turnkey (chien¹ tsu²).
 to do or make strongly.
 steady, fixed.
 a prison (nan² lao²).
 emaciated, consumptive, declining.
 consumption, inflammation of the lungs.
 same.
 same.
 a person with consumption.
 the original disease is consumption.
 to injure oneself by over exertion.
 noise, clamor.
 same.
 noisy, clamorous ; to find fault.
 noise, clamour ; to find fault.

LAO³ 老 老 699c508a
 lao²-chang⁴ 老丈

[chiu⁴].
 old, venerable, a term of respect. M. 414 (ch'én², you, old gentleman.

<i>lao³-ch'ang²</i>	老長	very long.
<i>lao³-ch'ên²</i>	老臣	a venerable minister.
<i>lao³-ch'êng²</i>	老成	experienced, discreet.
<i>lao³-ch'í⁴</i>	老契	an old friend ; a whoremonger ; an original deed.
<i>lao³-chiang¹-rh²</i>	老將	soldiers not belonging to either of the banners.
<i>lao³-chiang¹-hu²</i>	老江湖	experienced traveller.
<i>lao³-ch'ien¹</i>	老牽	pimps.
<i>lao³-ch'in¹</i>	老親	father and mother, parents (shuang ¹ ch'in ¹).
<i>lao³-chün¹</i>	老君	the founder of the Taoist sect. R. 110.
<i>lao³-fu¹</i>	老夫	I, me.
<i>lao³-fu¹-lao³-ck'í¹</i>	老夫老妻	an aged couple.
<i>lao³-fu¹-jên²</i>	老夫娘子	elderly wife of mandarin.
<i>lao³-fu¹-tzü²</i>	老夫子	venerable teacher, sir.
<i>lao³-hsi¹</i>	老西	a Shansi man.
<i>lao³-hsien¹-shêng¹</i>	老先生	venerable teacher or sir.
<i>lao³-hu²</i>	老虎	the tiger ; the stocks (like those of Europe).
<i>lao³-hu²-p'êng²</i>	老虎棚	brothel hut by the road side.
<i>lao³-huo⁴-chi⁴</i>	老夥計	an old partner.
<i>lao³-jên²</i>	老人	an elderly person.
<i>lao³-jên²-chia¹</i>	老人家	father and mother, parents, an elderly person.
<i>lao³-jo⁴</i>	老弱	old and weak.
<i>lao³-jo⁴-ts'an²-ping¹</i>	老弱殘兵	useless soldiers.
<i>lao³-kao¹</i>	老高	ever so high (t'ing ² kao ³).
<i>lao³-ku¹-niang²</i>	老姑娘	an old maid ; the youngest girl of a family.
<i>lao³-kua¹</i>	老話	the rook (wu ¹ ya ¹).
<i>lao³-kung¹</i>	老公	a eunuch ; an old man.
<i>lao³-kung¹-kung¹</i>	老公公	a father-in-law (son's wife styles him-so).
<i>lao³-kung¹-tsu²</i>	老公祖	Your Excellency, the "Taotai."
<i>lao³-kung¹</i>	老宮	a eunuch (yen ¹).
<i>lao³-lai²-shao³</i>	老來少	[debauchee.] a beautiful plant with variegated leaves, old
<i>lao³-lao³</i>	老老	a maternal grandmother.
<i>lao³-liao³</i>	老了	old, aged.
<i>lao³-lien⁴</i>	老練	old and experienced (ching ¹ lien ⁴).
<i>lao³-lien⁴-wên³-p'ó²</i>	老練穩婆	an experienced midwife (chieh ¹ shêng ¹ p'ó ²).
<i>lao³-ma¹</i>	老媽	a female servant, a nurse
<i>la³-ma¹-ma¹</i>	老媽媽	same.
<i>lao³-mai⁴-liao³</i>	老邁了	old, aged.
<i>lao²-mei²-k'an⁴-chien⁴</i>	老沒看見	I have not seen you for a long time, etc. (chü ³
<i>lao³-mí²</i>	老米	old rice.
<i>lao³-mo⁴-chien⁴-kuo⁴</i>	老沒見過	have not seen for a long time.
<i>lao³-nai³-nai³</i>	老奶奶	a father's mother, a grandmother.
<i>lao³-nên⁴</i>	老嫩	tough and tender ; old and young.
<i>lao³-niang²</i>	老娘	a mother (elderly).

lao ³ -niang ³ -p'ò ³	老娘婆	a midwife (chieh ¹ shêng ¹ p'ò ²).
lao ³ -nien ³	老年	an old person, old in years.
lao ³ -nien ² -hsiung ¹	老年兄	"old brother," a term of respect used by officials.
lao ³ -pa ¹ -shih ⁴	老把事	experienced hand.
lao ³ -pan ¹ -chang ³	老班長	head of a class of runners,
lao ³ -pan ³	老板	captain of a boat (lao ³ ta ⁴).
lao ³ -pan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	老半天	a long time.
lao ³ -pan ⁴	老伴	wife,
lao ³ -pei ⁴	老輩	grandfather, ancestors (tsu ³ tsung ¹).
lao ³ -po ³ -fu ⁴	老伯父	a paternal uncle.
lao ³ -p'ò ² -rh ²	老婆兒	an old woman, a wife.
lao ³ -p'ò ³ -tzū ³	老婆子	samó.
lao ³ -pu ⁴	老不	never.
lao ³ -pu ⁴ -hsieh ¹ -hsin ¹	老不歇心	though old, does not rest.
lao ³ -pu ⁴ -lai ³	老不來	never comes.
lao ³ -sé ⁴	老色	a deep colour.
lao ³ -shan ¹ -yü ⁴ -tsui ³	老山玉嘴	a valuable jade mouth-piecc.
lao ³ -shac ⁴	老少	old and young, the whole of a family.
lao ³ -shac ⁴ -mien ²	老少年	a beautiful plant with variegated leaves.
lao ³ -shac ⁴ -ta ⁴ -hsiao ³	老少大小	old and young.
lao ³ -shêng ¹	老生	old graduates; in theatricals, the long-beard.
lao ³ -shêng ¹ -tzū ³	老生子	the youngest child.
lao ³ -shih ¹	老師	an instructor; an imam; superintendent. [263.
lao ³ -shih ²	老實	honest (as a man); without-vice (as a horse).
lao ³ -shih ⁴ -pu ⁴ -yao ⁴	老是不	persistently refuses to have.
lao ³ -shou ³	老手	"an old hand," experienced.
lao ³ -shou ¹	老壽	an old person, person over 70 years of age.
lao ³ -shou ⁴ -hsing ¹	老壽星	the star of longevity.
lao ³ -shu ³	老鼠	a rat, a mouse (hao ⁴ tzū ³).
lao ³ -shu ³ -tung ⁴	老鼠洞	rat trap.
lao ³ -shu ³ -k'ên ³	老鼠啃	the rat gnaws.
lao ³ -sou ³	老叟	venerable sir, reverend sir. [(lao ³ pan ³).
lao ³ -ta ⁴	老大	elder brother; a chief, a head (as head boatman)
lao ³ -ta ⁴ -jên ³	老大人	your venerable excellency.
lao ³ -t'ai ³	老台	venerable sir.
lao ³ -t'ai ³ -t'ai ⁴	老太	an old lady, mother-of an-official.
lao ³ -t'ai ⁴ -yeh ³	老太爺	father of an officer.
lao ³ -tan ⁴	老旦	the rôle of "old woman" in theatricals.
lao ³ -ti ¹ -érh ³	老的兒	the old folks.
lao ³ -ti ⁴	老弟	my young friend (hsien ³ ch'í ⁴).
lao ³ -t'ien ¹ -yeh ³	老天爺	"the old lord of Heaven," the Supreme Being.
lao ³ -tou ³	老斗	sodomites; theatrical tutors, etc,
lao ³ -t'ou ² -érh ³	老頭兒	an old man (disrespectful).

lao³-t'ou²-tzü³ 老頭子
 lao³ tsao³ 老早
 lao³-tung¹-chia¹ 老東家
 lao³-tzü³ 老子
 lao³-tzü³-niang² 老子娘
 lao³-wêng¹ 老翁
 lao³-ya¹ 老鴉
 lao³-yeh² 老爺
 lao³-yeh²-miao⁴ 老爺廟
 lao³-yeh²-rh² 老爺兒
 lao³-yu⁴ 老幼
 lao³-yüan¹ 老冤
 lao³-yüan² 老圓
 lao³-yüan³ 老遠
 lao³ 女姆
 lao³-t'ao³ 姥姥

an old man (disrespectful).
 long since, very early.
 a master,
 father; the founder of the Taoist sect. R. 110.
 parents (shuang¹ ch'in¹).
 old man, patriarch of the family.
 the ringed raven, a rook, a crow (wu¹ ya¹).
 "old lord," sir, a gentleman; a term of respect.
 Kuanti temple.
 "the old gentleman," the sun.
 old and young.
 a person constantly cheated or oppressed.
 turtle (pieh¹).
 ever so far.
 grandmother on the mother's side.
 same.

LAO⁴ 艸 艸 落 748b553b
 lao⁴-ch'ao² 落潮
 lao⁴-hsia¹ 落下
 lao⁴-hsia⁴-lei⁴ 落下淚
 lao⁴-hsia⁴-lei⁴-lai² 落下淚來
 lao⁴-hsia⁴-liao³ 落下了
 lao⁴-hsia⁴-ta⁴-yü³ 落下大雨
 lao⁴-k'ung¹ 落空
 lao⁴-lao⁴-shih²-shih² 落落實實
 lao⁴-lei⁴ 落淚
 lao⁴-liu² 落流
 lao⁴-pang³ 落榜
 lao⁴-pang³-t'ung³-shêng¹ 落榜童生
 lao⁴-r³ 落筆
 lao⁴-p'ing² 落平
 lao⁴-p'ing²-shui³ 落平水
 lao⁴-pu⁴-hsia⁴ 落不下
 lao⁴-pu⁴-liao³ 落不了
 lao⁴-t'ai¹ 落胎
 lao⁴-ti⁴ 落地
 lao⁴-tso⁴ 落坐
 lao⁴ 水 瀆 瀆 701c508c
 lao⁴-han⁴ 瀆旱
 lao⁴-huan⁴-liao³ 瀆壞了
 lao⁴-ssü³ 瀆死
 lao⁴-t'ien¹ 瀆天

to sink, to fall, to settle, to set. See *la⁴* and *lo⁴*.
 low water, ebb tide (chang⁴ ch'ao²).
 to fall, to settle (as a bird).
 to weep, to shed tears (liu² lei⁴).
 same.
 fell, settled, alighted.
 a heavy fall of rain (hsia⁴ t'ou⁴).
 to come to naught.
 very steady, firm (wên³ tang¹).
 the falling of tears, to weep.
 low ebb, with the ebb tide.
 an M.A. who failed to pass.
 a "plucked" student.
 to commence writing; to leave off writing.
 low water, low ebb.
 low water.
 unable to fall or settle.
 unable to settle; not to eat.
 a falling womb, an abortion.
 to fall to earth, to be born (of infants).
 to sit down.
 to sink in water; running water; an inundation.
 flood and drought.
 spoilt by an inundation (yen¹ pai⁴).
 to drown (yen¹ ssü³).
 excessive rains.

lao ⁴	火 烙	702b553a	to burn ; a red-hot iron point ; red-hot, burning.
lao ⁴ -chiao ¹ -liao ³	烙 焦 了		burnt, dried up.
lao ⁴ -hu ³ -liao ³	烙 爛 了		same.
lao ⁴ -hung ³ -liao ³	烙 紅 了		red-hot.
lao ⁴ -i ¹ -shang ¹	烙 衣 裳		to iron clothes.
lao ⁴ -ping ³	烙 餅		a sort of pancake.
lao ⁴ -p'ing ² -chéng ⁴	烙 平 正		iron it evenly.
lao ⁴ -t'ieh ³	烙 鐵		an iron (for ironing clothes) (yün ⁴ tou ³).
lao ⁴ -t'ieh ³ -yin ⁴	烙 鐵 印		a brand.
lao ⁴ -yin ⁴	烙 印		to brand, to sear.
lao ⁴	糸 絡	747c553a	a net ; silk or hemp thread. See lo ⁴ .
lao ⁴ -i ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chūeh ³	絡 繹 不 絕		one after the other, in uninterrupted succession.
lao ⁴ -tzū ³	絡 子		netted case.
lao ⁴ -wang ³	絡 網		a net, net work on the top of a sedan, etc.
lao ⁴	酉 酪	747c553b	cream ; a liquor made from milk.
lao ⁴ -chiang ⁴	酪 醬		a kind of soy.
LĒ ⁴	力 勒	747a509b	to bind, to coerce, to bridle, to restrain (or lei).
lè ⁴ -chu ³	勒 住		to check, to restrain.
lè ⁴ -chuan ⁴	勒 賺		to extort, to "squeeze."
lè ⁴ -chūan ¹	勒 捐		enforced subscriptions.
lè ⁴ -hshiu ¹	勒 休		to force to stop ; to suspend an officer.
lè ⁴ -k'ên ⁴	勒 措		to extort, to "squeeze."
lè ⁴ -ling ⁴	勒 令		to insist upon, to force to do, to expect done at [once.
lè ⁴ -ma ³	勒 馬		to check or stop a horse ; to bridle a horse.
lè ⁴ -pei ¹	勒 碑		to engrave on stone (shih ³ t'ou ³ tso ⁴ ti ¹).
lè ⁴ -pi ¹	勒 逼		to force, to compel (ch'iang ³ pi ¹).
lè ⁴ -pi ¹ -jên ² -ming ⁴	勒 逼 人 命		to force one to commit suicide.
lè ⁴ -ping ¹	勒 兵		to stay or check the advance of troops.
lè ⁴ -p'o ⁴ -liao ³	勒 破 了		cut., e. g., by a bit.
lè ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	勒 不 住		cannot rein in with bit and bridle.
lè ⁴ -shih ³	勒 石		to engrave on stone.
lè ⁴ -so ³	勒 索		to extort, to "squeeze."
lè ⁴ -ssū ³	勒 死		to strangle (chiao ³ ssū ³).
lè ¹	木 樂	749a554a	joy, delight, pleasure. See yo ¹ (hsi ³ lè ¹).
lè ⁴ -chi ³ -liao ³	樂 極 了		extremely delighted.
lè ¹ -chi ³ -shêng ¹ -pei ¹	樂 極 生 悲		excessive joy is akin to grief
lè ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	樂 處		cause for joy (ch'ü ⁴ ch'u ⁴).
lè ⁴ -êrh ³ -wang ³ -fan ³	樂 而 忘 返		so joyful as to forget to return.
lè ¹ -i ³ -wang ³ -yu ¹	樂 以 忘 憂		in joy to forget griefs.
lè ⁴ -i ⁴	樂 意		pleased (ju ² i ⁴).
lè ⁴ -i ⁴ -chūan ³ -shu ¹	樂 意 捐 輸		pleased to subscribe.
lè ⁴ -shêng ¹ -p'ing ¹	樂 昇 平		enjoying prosperity and tranquility.

- lé⁴-lé²-hén³*
lé⁴-yeh⁴
- 樂得狠
 樂業
- highly delighted.
 content with one's lot (an¹ chū¹ lé⁴ yeh⁴).
- LEI²
- lei²-chū¹*
lei²-kung¹
lei²-shén³
lei²-ta³-ti¹
lei²-tien⁴
lei²-tien⁴-chiao¹-tso¹
lei²-t'ing³-chih¹-nu⁴
lei²-tsu³
lei²-t'ung³
lei²
- 雨
 雷
 雷擊
 雷公
 雷神
 雷打的
 雷電
 雷電交作
 雷霆之怒
 雷祖
 雷同
 手才搗
 播
 播鼓
 播鼓搥鑼
 播硯
 羸
 羸堆
- 703b510a
 704a510b
 705a511a
- thunder, a loud noise; to echo, to reiterate
 struck by thunder; to blast; blast you! (abusive).
 god of thunder,
 the god of thunder
 blasted; blast you! you blasted —!
 thunder and lightning.
 thunder and lightning together.
 a towering passion, e. g., of the Emperor.
 god of thunder.
 to plagiarise, to copy.
 to strike, to rub, to grind, to pound.
 to beat a drum (chua¹ ku³).
 beating drums and gongs (lo² ku³ hsüan t'ien¹).
 to rub Chinese ink on the slab (yen² t'ai³).
 lean, infirm (shou⁴).
 wearisome; feeble, doting.
- LEI³
- lei³-ch'iang²*
lei³-shih³
lei³-shih²-shan¹
lei³
lei³ lao⁴
lei³-lei³-lao⁴-lao⁴
lei³
lei³-hsieh⁴
lei³
lei³
- 土礪
 壘
 壘牆
 壘石
 壘石山
 石
 磊
 磊落
 磊磊落落
 系
 縲
 縲綫
 耒
 耒
 人
 人
- 704b512a
 705b511b
 703b510c
 705a512b
 704b511a
- a wall, a rampart, a fence; piled up; reiterated.
 to build a wall (ch'i⁴ ch'iang³).
 a heap of stones, stones piled up.
 artificial mountains.
 rocks or stones piled up.
 unsettled, wavering; irregular, uneven.
 same.
 to bind with ropes.
 in bonds.
 a plough (li³).
 to injure, to destroy; puppets (k'uei³ lei³).
- LEI⁴
- lei⁴-chi²*
lei⁴-chui⁴
lei⁴-hsin¹-ti¹-shih⁴
lei⁴-lei³-ju²-tz'ü³
lei⁴-lei³-tsa²-tsa²
lei⁴-liao³
lei⁴-shih⁴
lei⁴-sui²
lei⁴-lé²-hén³
- 系
 累
 累及
 累贅
 累心的事
 累累如此
 累累雜雜
 累了
 了事
 累隨
 累得狠
- 703a511c
- [and 3rd tones].
 to implicate, to embarrass, to trouble (also 2nd
 to implicate.
 troublesome, boring, embarrassing, (lo² so¹).
 a troublesome affair.
 repeatedly like this.
 very multifarious and troublesome.
 hard worked, fatigued (k'un⁴ fa²).
 to embarrass affairs; multitudinous affairs.
 to perseveringly follow.
 very embarrassed, troubled or tired.

lei ⁴ -tè ² -huang ¹	累得慌	very embarrassed, troubled or tired
lei ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴	累次	time after time, repeatedly, often (lü ³ tz'ü ⁴).
lei ⁴	水 泪	tears, weeping (liu ² lei ⁴).
lei ⁴ -chu ¹	淚珠	tears.
lei ⁴ -chu ¹ -kun ³ -kun ³	淚珠滾滾	copious tears raining down.
lei ⁴ -chu ¹ -tí ¹ -tí ¹	淚珠滴滴	the dropping of pearly tears.
lei ⁴ -hên ²	淚痕	traces of tears.
lei ⁴ -hsia ⁴	淚下	to drop tears, to weep.
lei ⁴ -ju ² -yü ³	淚如雨	tears like rain.
lei ⁴ -ju ² -yung ² -ch'üan ³	淚如湧泉	tears flowed like a fountain.
lei ⁴ -liu ² -man ² -sai ¹	淚流滿腮	cheeks bedewed with tears.
lei ⁴ -sa ² -hsiung ¹ -ch'ien ³	淚洒胸前	tears falling down the breast.
lei ⁴ -wang ¹	淚汪	to weep bitterly.
lei ⁴ -wang ¹ -wang ¹ -ti ¹	淚汪汪的	weeping bitterly (hao ² t'ao ² ta ⁴ k'u ¹).
lei ⁴	手 才	to strike a drum; to rub, to grind; to reprimand.
lei ⁴	搯	same.
lei ⁴ -ch'üan ⁴	搯勸	to reprimand severely.
lei ⁴ -ku ³	搯鼓	to beat or roll a drum (ch'ui ku ³ , ch'iao ¹ ku ³).
lei ⁴ -yen ²	搯研	to rub Chinese ink on the slab
lei ⁴	頁 類	class, species, kind, sort, category, genus.
lei ⁴ -hu ² -na ⁴ -ko ⁴	類乎那個	like that.
lei ⁴ -ssü ⁴	類似	resembling, as if, same as (fang ³ fu ²).
lei ⁴ -t'ui ¹	類推	to reason by analogy.
lei ⁴ -t'ung ²	類同	resembling, as if, same as.
lei ⁴ -tz'ü ²	類此	like this.
lei ⁴	人 儻	idle, lazy; sickly; bending down.
lei ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	儻懈	weakly, delicate.
lei ⁴ -ping ⁴ -la ¹	儻病喇	ill through over-exertion.
lei ⁴ -ssü ² -jên ²	儻死人	to kill with weariness.
lei ⁴ -tí ¹ -huang ¹	儻的慌	very tired
lei ⁴	月 肉 脅	the ribs, the sides. Also read chin ² .
lei ⁴ -p'ang ² -ku ²	肋旁骨	ribs (hsieh ² pang ²).
lei ⁴ -t'iao ²	肋條	the ribs.
lei ⁴	酉 酌	to pour wine upon the ground in sacrifice.
lei ⁴ -chiu ²	酌酒	same.
LĒNG ²	木 楞	edge and corner.
lêng ² -chia ¹	楞加	Ceylon.
lêng ² -chiao ¹	楞角	edge and corner.
lêng ² -jêng ⁴	楞縫	peccadilloes.
lêng ² -mu ⁴	楞木	floor joists.
lêng ² -t'ou ² -ch'ing ¹	楞頭青	pig-headed, stupid, doltish.
lêng ² -yen ² -ch'ing ¹	楞嚴經	famous Buddhist <i>sūtra</i> .

lêng²lêng²

稜 706b506a
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rafters, square beams; an edge.

an edge; a corner. (Also called *ling*².)LĒNG³

7 冷 706c506b

lêng³-ch'i¹-kung¹-hsin¹ 冷氣攻心lêng³-ch'ing¹ 冷清lêng³-chiu³ 冷酒lêng³-han⁴ 冷汗lêng³-ho¹-ho¹-ti¹ 冷呵呵的lêng³-hua⁴ 冷話lêng³-hsiao⁴ 冷笑lêng³-hsin¹ 冷心lêng³-jé⁴ 冷熱lêng³-jé⁴-pu⁴-yün² 冷熱不勻lêng³-k'o⁴ 冷客lêng³-ku¹-ting¹-ti¹ 冷孤丁的lêng³-lêng³-ch'ing¹-ch'ing¹ 冷冷清清lêng³-liao³ 冷了lêng³-liao³-ni¹ 冷了呢lêng³-lo⁴ 冷落lêng³-ping¹-ping¹ 冷冰冰lêng³-pu⁴-fang² 冷不防lêng³-shou² 冷手lêng³-sou¹-sou¹-ti¹ 冷颼颼的lêng³-tan⁴ 冷淡lêng³-té²-hèn³ 冷得狠l'ing³-tê²-li⁴-hai⁴ 冷得利害lêng³-t'ien¹ 冷天lêng³-t'ien¹-ch'i⁴ 冷天氣lêng³-tsai⁴-san¹-chiu³ 冷在三九l'ng³-tzü³ 冷子lêng³-tzü³ 冷字lêng³-yen²-lêng³-yü³ 冷言冷語lêng³-yen³ 冷眼

cold, frigid, indifferent; still, clear, pure.

cold air attacking the heart.

lonely, dull (ch'i¹ liang²).

cold wine.

a cold sweat (ch'u¹ han⁴).

shivering with cold.

rude language.

a sneer, a smile of derision (ch'ih³ hsiao⁴).

cold-hearted, a cold heart.

[ture. cold and hot; indifferent and zealous; tempera-unequal cold and heat.

to ill-treat a guest (tai⁴ man⁴).suddenly, unexpectedly (mêug² ku¹ ting¹ ti¹).

very quiet and lonesome.

cold.

if it is cold; is it cold?

dull, dismal; cool; distant.

cold as ice, icy cold.

suddenly, unexpectedly (hu jan² chien¹).

a new hand.

whistling cold, quite chilly, piercing

"cold and insipid," coolness, indifference.

very cold.

dreadfully cold.

a cold day.

cold weather.

it is cold in the 3 nines (winter).

sleet (pao² tzi³).an unusual character (shêng¹ tzü⁴).

rude, unmannerly language.

to look helplessly or coldly.

LĒNG⁴

目 陵 706b506b

lêng⁴-chéng¹-chéng¹-ti¹ 陵暎暎的lêng⁴-lêng⁴-têng⁴-têng⁴ 陵陵瞪瞪l'ng⁴-yen³ 陵眼to stare at (têng⁴ cho² yen³).

a sullen look, a sinister expression.

staring.

to stare; staring eyes.

LI¹

口 哩 707b518c

a final sound.

LI ³	佳	離 ^{711a517a}	to leave, to separate; from, distant from.
li ² -an ¹ -hsia ⁴ -ma ³		離鞍下馬	to dismount.
li ² -ché ⁴ ·rh ² -chin ⁴		離這兒近	not far from here, near-here.
li ² -ché ⁴ ·rh ² -yüan ³		離這兒遠	distant from here, far from here.
li ² -chia ¹		離家	to leave home.
li ² -chien ⁴		離閭	dissension, to separate friends.
li ² -ch'ü ⁴		離去	to leave, to separate.
li ² -ch'uang ²		離床	to get up; to recover; convalescent.
li ² -ho ³		離合	to separate and to join.
li ² -hsi ²		離溪	to play, to romp; badinage.
li ² -hsiang ¹		離鄉	away from home.
li ² -hsin ¹ -li ² -tê ³		離心離德	divided in heart and practice.
li ² -k'ai ¹		離開	to leave, to separate.
li ² -k'ai ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		離開去	same.
li ² -kua ⁴		離卦	one of the diagrams; the dragon.
li ² -kung ¹ chêng ¹ -wei ⁴		離宮正位	Emperor or god of fire.
li ² -liao ³		離了	separated.
li ² -nien ² -chin ⁴ -liao ³		離年近了	near the new year.
li ² -p'an ⁴		離叛	to emigrate; to abscond; to desert, to rebel.
li ² -pieh ³		離別	to separate, to leave, to go away from (t'zũ [pieh ²].
li ² -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹		離不開	unable to part with.
li ² -pu ¹ -liao ³		離不了	cannot part with.
li ² -san ⁴		離散	to be scattered (liu ² li ²).
li ² -shu ¹		離書	a deed of divorce (by mutual consent) [shu ¹].
li ² -t'ü ² -k'ai ¹		離得開	able to part with.
li ² -tso ⁴		離坐	to get up from one's seat.
li ²	牛	犁 ^{710a515b}	a plough; to plough, to cultivate.
li ² -chang ⁴		犁杖	the handle of a plough.
li ² -hua ²		犁鏟	coulter.
li ² -pa ¹ -yü ³		犁把雨	about a furrowful of rain.
li ² -ping ⁴		犁柄	the handle of a plough.
li ² -tao ¹		犁刀	a coulter.
li ² -t'ien ²		犁田	to plough the land (kêng ¹ ti ⁴).
li ²	木	梨 ^{710a515c}	the pear (see li ² , plum).
li ² -hua ¹		梨花	pear blossom.
li ² -kao ¹		梨膏	fruit dipped in melted sugar.
li ² -kuo ³		梨菓子	pears.
li ² -tzü ³		梨子	same.
li ² -yüan ² -tzü ² -ti ⁴		*梨園子弟	players, comedians (hsi ⁴ tzü ³).
li ²	黍	黎 ^{714a515a}	black hair; many, numerous; all; daybreak,
li ² -min ²		黎民	"the black-haired people," the Chinese.
li ² -min ² -pai ² -hsing ⁴		黎氏百姓	the Chinese people.
li ² -ming ²		黎明	day-break.

li²-ming²-chi³-ch'í³ 黎明即起
 li² 厂 厘 707b516a
 li² 瓦 里 釐 713c516
 li²-chin¹ 釐 金
 li²-fén⁴ 釐 分
 li² 狸 犬 狸 707c518a
 li²-mao¹ 狸 猫
 li² 鳥 鵲 712b518a
 li²-huang²-ch'iao³ 鵲 黃雀
 li² 黑 鷲 714a515a
 li²-hua¹ 鷲 花
 li² 玉 璣 璃 710c515b

LI³ 亦 礼 禮 714b520b
 li³-chi⁴ 禮 記
 li³-chiek³ 禮 節
 li³-ch'ing¹-i⁴-chung⁴ 禮 輕 義 重
 li³-fa² 禮 法
 li³-fang² 禮 房
 li³-hsiang⁴ 禮 相
 li³-hsing⁴ 禮 性
 li³-i² 禮 儀
 li³-i⁴ 禮 義
 li³-i⁴-lien²-ch'ih³ 禮 義 廉 恥
 li³-jang⁴ 禮 讓
 li³-jên² 禮 人
 li³-lu⁴-pu⁴-tao¹ 禮 路 不到
 li³-mao⁴ 禮 貌
 li³-pai⁴ 禮 拜
 li³-pai⁴-chi³ 禮 拜 幾
 li³-pai⁴-ssü⁴ 禮 拜 寺
 li³-pai⁴-t'ang² 禮 拜 堂
 li³-pai⁴-t'ien¹ 禮 拜 天
 li³-pu⁴ 禮 部
 li³-shang⁴-wang⁴-lai² 禮 尚 往來
 li³-shêng¹ 禮 生
 li³-tan⁴ 禮 單
 li³-t'ieh¹ 禮 帖
 li³-to¹-pi⁴-cha³ 禮 多 必 詐
 li³-to¹-pu⁴-kuai⁴ 禮 多 不 怪
 li³-tsang⁴ 禮 葬
 li³-wu⁴ 禮 物
 li³-yo⁴ 禮 樂

to get up at day-break.
 to subject, to regulate, to govern; -copper coin.
 same.
 likin, or tax on goods.
 few, scarce, scanty, smallest of all.
 the fox, the wild-cat (hu³ li²).
 the wild-cat.
 the mango bird.
 same.
 a dark sallow colour.
 brindled (pan¹ tien³).
 glass; gloss; glare (po¹ li²).
 rites, ceremonies; politeness, propriety, decorum.
 the book of Rites. W. I. 643-647.
 etiquette (ying⁴ ch'ou²).
 though the gift is trifling, the goodwill is great.
 politeness, decorum; ceremonies, etc.
 department in yamêns. Cf. li³-pu⁴ below.
 master of ceremonies at funerals.
 politeness, etiquette.
 rites and observances; politeness.
 decorum; civilization.
 the four principles of morals.
 complaisant, polite.
 a master of ceremonies. See Note 55,
 wanting in politeness.
 polite, politeness, manners.
 to worship; Sunday, the Sabbath.
 what day of the week is it?
 a Mahomedan temple or mosque.
 a place of worship (Protestant).
 Sunday (an¹ hsi² jih⁴).
 the Board of Ceremonies at Peking. G. 155.
 social intercourse cannot be one-sided.
 a master of ceremonies. See Note 55 (i² chieh²).
 an inventory accompanying presents,
 same.
 over politeness conceals deceit.
 no one is offended at too much courtesy
 to bury with funeral rites (pin⁴ tsang⁴).
 presents.
 ceremonial music (as at weddings, etc.).

li ³	玉	理 ^{707c519a}	reason, right, principle ; to manage, to regulate.
li ³ -chêng ⁴		理正	the argument is fair ; to set right.
li ³ -chia ¹		理家	to regulate the family (ch'í ³ chia ¹).
li ³ -chih ² -ch'í ⁴ -chuang ⁴		理直氣壯	my cause good, and will firm (chih ⁴ ch'í ⁴).
li ³ -ho ³		理合	right, proper, suitable.
li ³ -hui ⁴		理會	to observe, to notice (kuo ⁴ ts'ai ³).
li ³ -lun ¹		理論	to reason, to argue.
li ³ -p'ien ¹		理偏	the reasoning is forced.
li ³ -shih ⁴		理是	you are right, etc.
li ³ -shih ⁴ -kuan ¹		理事官	Consuls (Chinese).
li ³ -so ³ -tang ¹ -jan ³		理所當然	quite in accord with right (tang ¹ jan ³ chih ³ lí ³)
li ³ -t'á ¹		理他	to notice him.
li ³ -tang ¹		理常	right, proper, in duty bound.
li ³ -tang ¹ -ju ² -tz'ü ³		理當如此	this is according to right.
li ³ -wên ²		理文	veins or streaks, grain in wood, vein in marble.
li ³ -wên ⁴		理問	law secretary.
li ³ -ying ¹		理應	right, proper.
li ³	衣	裡 ^{708c519b}	the inside of anything, in, within.
li ³		裏	same.
li ³ -chi ³ -jou ⁴		裏脊肉	the tender-loin.
li ³ -chien ¹ -wai ⁴ -ts'ao ³		裏奸外曹	foes within and without.
li ³ -kou ¹ -wai ⁴ -lien ³		裏鈎外連	collusion between inside and outside, treachery.
li ³ -mien ⁴		裏面	inside, within.
li ³ -pun ¹ -tzü ³		裏班子	inner yamên followers, etc.
li ³ -piao ³		裏表	inside and outside.
li ³ -pien ¹		裏邊	inside, within.
li ³ -to ⁴		裏舵	port the helm (the left).
li ³ -t'ou ²		裏頭	inside, within.
li ³ -tsou ³		裏走	turn to the left.
li ³ -tzü ³		裏子	lining of clothes, etc.
li ³ -wai ⁴		裏外	inside and outside.
li ³ -wai ⁴ -ho ³ -shih ⁴		裏外合式	suitable on all sides.
li ³ -wai ⁴ -nêng ²		裏外能	all sorts of ability.
li ³ -wai ⁴ -shou ⁴ -ti ³		裏外受敵	opposition within and without.
li ³ -ying ¹ -wai ⁴ -ho ³		裏應外合	collusion between inside and outside.
li ³	屨	履 ^{715b520a}	shoes, slippers ; to shoe ; to tread, to-walk. Also [lü ³].
li ³ -hsien ³		履險	to tread in danger.
li ³ -hsin ⁴		履信	to walk in the path of truth.
li ³ -hsing ³		履行	to walk, to tread.
li ³ -li ⁴		履歷	pedigree, etc.
li ³ -lê ³		履德	to walk in the path of virtue.
li ³ -ti ³		履底	the sole of a shoe.
li ³ (tzü)	木	李 ^{709a520a}	plums (see li ³ , pear).

li ³ -hua ¹		李花	plum blossom.
li ³	里	里 707a518b	Chinese mile ($\frac{1}{3}$ of English); a lane.
li ³ -chang ³		里長	a kind of village headborough (hsiang ¹ yo ³).
li ³ -shé ⁴		里社	a village altar; a place of assembly.
li ³	女	婁 707c518c	a brother's wife (chou ² li ³).
li ³	魚	鯉 708c519c	the carp.
LI ⁴			[name.
li ⁴	止	歷 712b537a	same as next; so written to avoid an Emperor's
li ⁴ -chieh ¹		歷階	to calculate, to pass through, successive.
li ⁴ -chieh ²		歷節	progressive steps.
li ⁴ -jih ⁴		歷日	to act according to rule, etc.
li ⁴ -lai ² -mo ⁴ -yu ⁴		歷來沒有	a diary, a journal (jih ⁴ chi ⁴ pu ⁴).
li ⁴ -li ⁴		歷歷	hitherto there have not been.
li ⁴ -lien ⁴		歷練	arranged in order; constantly, incessantly.
li ⁴ -luan ⁴		歷亂	experienced.
li ⁴ -nien ²		歷年	confused.
li ⁴ -nien ² -chang ⁴		歷年賬	progressive years,
li ⁴ -tai ⁴		歷代	a ledger.
li ⁴ -tai ⁴ -ti ⁴ -wang ²		歷代帝王	successive generations:
li ⁴	日	曆 712b537a	successive emperors. [bodies.
li ⁴ -chia ¹		曆家	signs of the heavens, motions of the heaven
li ⁴ -fu ²		曆法	astronomers (kuan ¹ hsing ¹ ti ¹).
li ⁴ -jih ⁴		曆日	rules for astronomical calculations.
li ⁴ -shu ¹		曆書	an almanack (huang ² li ⁴).
li ⁴ -shu ⁴		曆數	same.
li ⁴	立	立 715c538b	astronomical calculations.
li ⁴ -ai ⁴		立愛	erect; to establish, instantly.
li ⁴ -chi ⁴		立繼	to implant love; to prefer; to adopt.
li ⁴ -chi ⁴ -tan ¹		立繼單	to adopt a son (kuo ⁴ chi ⁴),
li ⁴ -chia ¹		立家	an adoption certificate.
li ⁴ -chien ⁴		立見	to establish one's family.
li ⁴ -chih ³		立止	immediately seen.
li ⁴ -chih ⁴		立志	to come to a stand, to stop.
li ⁴ -ch'iu ¹		立秋	to fix one's resolution (ting ⁴ chih ⁴).
li ⁴ -shu ⁴		立住	the beginning of autumn, a term. See Note 21.
li ⁴ -chü ²		立拒	to stand up; to erect.
li ⁴ -chüeh ²		立決	standing press.
li ⁴ -ch'üan ⁴		立券	summary execution (jê ⁴ chüeh ²).
li ⁴ -ch'un ¹		立春	to make an agreement (ch'i ⁴).
li ⁴ -fa ² -k'uan ¹		立罰款	the beginning of spring, a term. See Note 21.
li ⁴ -fa ²		立法	to make rules for fines
li ⁴ -fên ¹ -shu ¹		立分書	to establish a law.
			to make a distribution of property by agreement.

<i>li⁴-hao⁴-kên¹-chî¹</i>	立好根基	to lay a good foundation.
<i>li⁴-ho²-t'ung²</i>	立合同	to form a partnership in trade, etc.
<i>li⁴-hsia⁴</i>	立下	to establish, to found.
<i>li⁴-hsia⁴</i>	立夏	the beginning of summer, a term. See <i>Note 21</i> .
<i>li¹-hsin²</i>	立心	to resolve, to determine; to make up one's mind.
<i>li⁴-hun¹-shu¹</i>	立婚書	to make marriage contract.
<i>li⁴-i¹-pên²-chang⁴</i>	立一本賬	to open an account book.
<i>li⁴-jên²-p'in³</i>	立人品	to establish a good character.
<i>li⁴-kan¹-chien⁴-ying³</i>	立竿見影	fig. set up a pole and it will cast a shadow.
<i>li⁴-ko⁴-chang¹ ch'êng²</i>	立個章程	to make rules.
<i>li⁴-k'o⁴</i>	立刻	directly, immediately, instantly. M. 482 (ch'ing ⁴ [k'o ⁴]).
<i>li⁴-k'o⁴-chiu⁴-lai²</i>	立刻就來	I will come immediately.
<i>li⁴-k'o⁴-chiu⁴-tso⁴</i>	立刻就做	I will do it directly.
<i>li⁴-kuei⁴</i>	立櫃	a press, a wardrobe (ch'u ³ kuei ⁴ , wo ⁴ kuei ⁴).
<i>li⁴-kung¹</i>	立功	to establish one's merit.
<i>li⁴-kuo³</i>	立國	to found or establish a country (ch'uang ⁴ kuo ³).
<i>li¹-ming³</i>	立名	to establish a reputation.
<i>li¹-mu⁴</i>	立木	to plant a piece of wood.
<i>li¹-pu¹-t'ou³</i>	立巴頭	a green-horn (chü ³ wai ⁴ , wai ⁴ hang ³).
<i>li¹-pi¹</i>	立逼	to urge, to force, to compel.
<i>li⁴-pi⁴-chang⁴-hsia⁴</i>	立斃杖下	he died under the bamboo.
<i>li⁴-pien⁴-tzü³</i>	立癖子	the queue to stand up with fright.
<i>li⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>	立不住	cannot stand firmly.
<i>li¹-shung¹-i⁴</i>	立生意	to set up in business.
<i>li¹-shêng¹-tzü³</i>	立生祠	to erect temple to the living.
<i>li⁴-shih²</i>	立時	instantly, immediately (ch'ing ⁴ k'o ⁴).
<i>li⁴-shih²-chien⁴-kung¹</i>	立時見功	at once efficacious.
<i>li⁴-shui³</i>	立水	rain (yü ³ shui ³).
<i>li⁴-t'an³</i>	立壇	to erect an altar.
<i>li⁴-tê³</i>	立德	to establish virtue (li ⁴ kung ¹).
<i>li⁴-ting⁴</i>	立定	directly, immediately, instantly.
<i>li⁴-ting⁴-chih⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	立定志向	to form a fixed resolve.
<i>li¹-ting⁴-chian³-pu⁴</i>	立定腳步	to fix the feet firmly.
<i>li⁴-ting⁴-chu³-i⁴</i>	立定主意	to make up one's mind.
<i>li⁴-tsai⁴-lang¹-chung¹</i>	立在當中	to stand in the middle.
<i>li⁴-tung¹</i>	立冬	the beginning of winter; a term. See <i>Note 21</i> .
<i>li⁴-wên²-shu¹</i>	立文書	to write a deed or other document.
<i>li⁴-yeh⁴</i>	立業	to found a patrimony,
<i>li¹-yo¹</i>	立約	to make an agreement.
<i>li⁴</i>	力	strength, nerve, vigour, power, spirit, effort.
<i>li⁴-ch'î⁴</i>	力氣	strength, vigour, spirit.
<i>li⁴-ch'iang³</i>	力強	robust, strong (chuang ⁴ shih ²).
<i>li⁴-chien⁴</i>	力健	same.

li ⁴ -chūan ⁴	力倦	wearied, fatigued (k'un ⁴ chūan ⁴).
li ⁴ -hsiao ³	力學	to learn assiduously (ch'in ² hsiao ³).
li ⁴ -hsing ²	力行	to practise sedulously (yen ³ hsi ²).
li ⁴ -liang ⁴	力量	strength of body or mind, talent, capacity.
li ⁴ -pao ²	力薄	deficiency of strength, weak.
li ⁴ -p'í ³	力劈	to split, to rend, to divide.
li ⁴ -pien ⁴	力辯	to argue strenuously.
li ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tsu ⁴	力不足	strength is insufficient.
li ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ts'ung ¹ -hsin ¹	力不從心	strength not equal to the will.
li ⁴ -shuai ¹	力衰	worn out.
li ⁴ -ta ⁴ -wu ² -ch'íung ²	力大無窮	great strength.
li ⁴ -t'ien ²	力田	to labour in the fields.
li ⁴ -tso ⁴	力作	to do with earnest endeavour.
li ⁴	刀利 709b521b	a sharp hedge or point; acute; profit, interest.
li ⁴ -chí ²	利己	to benefit oneself.
li ⁴ -ch'ien ²	利錢	interest, profit, gain.
li ⁴ -hai ⁴	利害	profit and injury; dangerous, formidable, severe.
li ⁴ -hai ⁴ -tê ² hên ²	利害得狠	very severe or dangerous.
li ⁴ -hsi ²	利息	profit on trade; interest on money.
li ⁴ -i ²	利益	advantage, gain, profit.
li ⁴ -k'ou ²	利口	"sharp mouth," loquacious; quick at repartee.
li ⁴ -ling ⁴ -chih ⁴ -hun ³	利令智昏	blinded by greed.
li ⁴ -lo ²	利羅	clean, quick, smart, sharp.
li ⁴ -lu ⁴	利路	means of living, occupation.
li ⁴ -pao ²	利薄	little profit.
li ⁴ -shang ³ -kun ² -li ⁴	利上滾利	compound interest.
li ⁴ -shí ¹	利市	a good market.
li ⁴ -tao ¹	利刀	a sharp knife (k'uai ⁴ tao ¹).
li ⁴ -wu ⁴	利物	to do good to others; useful articles. [stern.
li ⁴	厲 717a522c	a grindstone; to grind, to rob; sharp, severe,
li ⁴ -fêng ¹	厲風	a violent wind; a severe custom.
li ⁴ -min ²	厲民	to oppress the people.
li ⁴ -ping ¹	厲兵	to sharpen weapons; brave troops.
li ⁴ -sé ⁴	厲色	to become grave.
li ⁴ -shêng ¹	厲聲	to speak sharply or sternly, etc. [severe.
li ⁴	木 栗 717c539a	the chestnut; firm, enduring; commanding;
li ⁴ -kuo ³	栗菓	the chestnut.
li ⁴ -tzü ³	栗子	chestnuts (see li ³ , li ²).
li ⁴ -tzü ³ -kao ¹	栗子糕	cake made of chestnuts.
li ⁴	戶 戾 719a523b	crime, fault; perverse, crooked; to stoop; to
li ⁴ -chih ³	戾止	to stop.
li ⁴ -pieh ³	戾瀈	distorted, awry (wai ¹).
li ⁴	心 慄 718a539b	fear, apprehension, dread.

<i>li³-chü⁴</i>		慄		fear, apprehension, dread.
<i>li⁴-lieh⁴</i>		慄		a cold bitter wind.
<i>li⁴</i>	力	勵	717a523a	[courage]. to exert one's strength; to stimulate, to en-
<i>li⁴-ching³</i>		勵	精	to stimulate, to excite.
<i>li⁴-min³</i>		勵	民	to encourage the people.
<i>li⁴</i>	口	吏	720a522a	a magistrate, a recorder, a writer; a ruler.
<i>li⁴-hsiang⁴-li⁴</i>		吏	向吏	officials are partial to officials.
<i>li⁴-k'o¹</i>		吏	科	civil office of a yamên.
<i>li⁴-mu⁴</i>		吏	目	inspector of police.
<i>li⁴-pu¹</i>		吏	部	the Board of Civil Offices at Peking. G. 153.
<i>li⁴-pu⁴-shang⁴-shu¹</i>		吏	部尚書	the President of the Board of Civil Office.
<i>li⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴-lang³</i>		吏	部侍郎	Vice-President of same.
<i>li³-pu⁴-t'ien¹-kuan¹</i>		吏	部天官	President of the Board of Civil Office. [Peking.
<i>li⁴-yüan³</i>		吏	員	officials formerly clerks in Government Boards,
<i>li⁴</i>	人	例	720b521c	laws, regulations, amendments, bye-laws (lü ⁴ li ⁴).
<i>li⁴-t'iao³</i>		例	條	laws.
<i>li⁴-ying³-ju² tz'ü³</i>		例	應如此	the law ought to be thus.
<i>li⁴</i>	求	隸	720a524a	attendants in public offices; to be attached to,
<i>li⁴-shu¹</i>		隸	書	the official style of writing, introduced A D. 200.
<i>li⁴-tsu³</i>		隸	卒	attendants, jailers, etc. (chin ⁴ tsu ²).
<i>li⁴</i>	艸	荔	718c522c	a kind of rush for making brooms of,
<i>li⁴-chih¹</i>		荔	支	the lichee (a well known fruit).
<i>li⁴</i>	水	瀝	713a537b	dripping of water, to drop, to pour out.
<i>li⁴-hsieh³</i>		瀝	血	toshed one's blood, blood dropping from a wound.
<i>li⁴</i>	鹿	麗	711c524b	elegant, graceful, beautiful, good, fair; flowery.
<i>li⁴-mei³</i>		麗	美	beautiful (hua ³ li ⁴).
<i>li⁴</i>	米	糲	717b523a	coarse food, the refuse of pounded rice.
<i>li⁴-mi³</i>		糲	米	the refuse of rice.
<i>li⁴</i>	人	俐	709c521c	clever, ingenious (ling ³ li ⁴).
<i>li⁴-shu⁴</i>		痢	束	in order, satisfactory.
<i>li⁴</i>	疝	痢	710b521c	a purging, dysentery or flux.
<i>li⁴-chi²</i>		痢	疾	same (hsieh ⁴ tu ²).
<i>li⁴</i>	艸	莉	710b516a	name of a plant, and of a flower; thorns, burrs.
<i>li⁴-hua¹</i>		莉	花	a kind of jessamine (mo ⁴ li ⁴).
<i>li⁴</i>	竹	籬	711b517b	a hedge, a fence made of bamboo.
<i>li⁴-pa¹</i>		籬	笆	same.
<i>li⁴</i>	雨	霹	713b537c	noise of thunder (p'ü ¹ li ⁴).
<i>li⁴</i>	米	粒	716b539a	a grain of rice; food, particularly rice.
<i>li⁴</i>	艸	藜	714b515b	a stem, a branch, fork or prong; a plant.
LIA ³	人	倆	720b526b	familiar abbreviation of liang ³ , two, both.
<i>lia³-jên³</i>		倆	人	two or both men (äth ⁴ jên ³).
<i>lia³-sa¹</i>		倆	三	two or three.

lia³-shih²-ch'ên³lia³-yüeh⁴倆時辰
倆月

two 2-hour periods.

two months.

LIANG²

良

良^{721c524a}liang²-chang³liang²-ch'ên²liang²-chiang⁴liang²-chiang¹liang²-chih¹liang²-chiu³liang²-fang¹liang²-hsin¹liang²-i¹liang²-jên² [chiang⁴liang²-kung¹-ch'iao³-liang²-ma³liang²-min²liang²-nêng³liang²-p'êng³liang²-shan⁴liang²-t'ien¹liang²-yao⁴liang²-yen¹liang²-yu³liang²-yüan²liang²-yüeh⁴liang²

米糶

liang²-chi²liang²-ch'u¹-tao⁴liang²-chüan¹liang²-fu⁴liang²-hang²liang²-hsiang³liang²-mi³liang²-mi³-t'ai⁴-kuei⁴liang²-shih²liang²-shih²-fan⁴liang²-shih⁴liang²-t'ai³liang²-tan¹liang²-tao⁴liang²-t'uan²liang²-ts'ao³

良長

良辰

良將

良姜

良知

良久

良方

良心

良醫

良人

良工巧匠

良馬

良民

良能

良朋

良善

良田

良藥

良言

良友

良員

良月

糧^{721c524c}

糧集

糧儲道

糧捐

糧賦

糧行

糧餉

糧米

糧米太貴

糧食

糧食販

糧市

糧臺

糧石

糧道

糧團

糧草

good, virtuous, naturally good, to be able to do. a superior.

a fortunate-day or hour.

a commander-in-chief (yüan³ shuai⁴, Chiang⁴ galangal, the ginger family. [chün¹].

to know naturally.

a long time.

a good prescription.

a good heart; conscience-(t'ien¹ liang²),

a first-rate physician.

a good man or woman; my husband.

good workman.

a good horse (one without vice) (shan⁴ ma³),

good people, respectable people.

capable, able to do, natural capability.

a good friend.

good, virtuous, naturally good.

a fertile or productive field.

good medicine.

good advice.

a good moral friend¹

good officials, etc.

the tenth month.

grain; a daily ration; pay of troops.

a corn exchange or market.

a Grain Intendant. G. 278.

gifts of grain to government.

land tax for military purposes.

the market price of grain; a grain firm,

rations for troops.

grain, rice.

grain is too dear.

grain.

grain broker.

a corn market; market price of grain.

the place of the-colors in the-camp.

grain in general.

a Grain Intendant: G. 278.

cakes of grain.

grain and straw, etc., forage, provender.

liang² 里 量 ^{721b526b}
 liang²-chai³ 量 窄
 liang²-hsiao³ 量 小
 liang²-i¹-liang³ 量 一 量
 lian²-ju⁴-wei²-ch'u¹ 量 入 爲 出
 liang²-li¹-êrh²-hsing² 量 力 而 行
 liang²-liang²-shih³ 量 糧 食
 liang²-ti⁴ 量 地
 liang²-ti¹-kuang³ 量 的 廣
 liang²-t'ien¹-ch'ih³ 量 天 尺
 liang²-ts'ai²-ch'ie²-yung⁴ 量 才 取 用
 liang² 涼
 liang²-ch'a³ 涼 茶
 liang²-ch'i⁴ 涼 氣
 liang²-ching⁴-ching⁴-ti¹ 涼 淨 淨 的
 liang²-chiu³ 涼 酒
 liang²-fên³ 涼 粉
 liang²-fêng¹ 涼 風
 liang²-han⁴ 涼 汗
 liang² hsi² 涼 蓆
 liang²-i¹-liang³ 涼 一 涼
 liang²-jê⁴ 涼 熱
 liang²-k'ai¹-shui³ 涼 開 水
 liang²-k'un¹ 涼 快
 liang²-mao⁴ 涼 帽
 liang²-pao¹ 涼 薄
 liang²-p'êng³ 涼 棚
 liang²-san³ 涼 傘
 liang²-sên¹-sên¹-ti¹ 涼 森 森 的
 liang²-shuang¹ 涼 爽
 liang²-shui³ 涼 水
 liang²-ts'ai⁴ 涼 菜
 liang²-yin¹-yin¹-ti¹ 涼 陰 陰 的
 liang² 米
 liang²-chieh¹ 梁 稽
 liang²-mi³ 梁 米
 liang² 木 { 梁 ^{722b525b}
 liang² 木 { 樑 ^{722c525c}
 liang²-chu⁴ 樑 柱
 liang²-lin³ 樑 檁

a measure; to measure. to calculate the capacity.
 poor judgment.
 narrow views.
 to measure.
 to regulate expenditure by receipts.
 measure your action by your strength.
 dry measure; to measure grain.
 to measure land; land measure (chang⁴ liang²).
 broad views.
 rod for measuring heaven.
 to use men according to their talent.
 cool, cold (lêng³).
 cold tea.
 cold air.
 lonely.
 cold wine.
 a kind of jelly.
 a cool wind (han² fêng¹).
 a cold sweat.
 a mat for warm weather.
 to let a thing cool.
 cold and hot.
 cold boiled water.
 cool and pleasant.
 a summer hat.
 meagre, sparing, stingy.
 an awning.
 a sun shade, parasol or umbrella.
 quite cool, chilly.
 cool and refreshing, pleasantly cool.
 cold water.
 a salad.
 quite cool, chilly.
 millet (kao¹ liang²).
 millet stalks.
 millet and rice, grain.
 the spine; a horizontal beam.
 same.
 beams and pillars.
 beams and cross-beams.

LIANG³ 入 兩 面 兩 ^{720c526a}
 liang³-ch'ie¹ 兩 訖

two, both, a pair, a few; an ounce, a tael.
 both sides clear (of accounts).

<i>liang³-ch'í²-chien¹</i>	兩歧間	in two different directions.
<i>liang³-chia¹-chien¹</i>	兩夾間	in between two things.
<i>liang³-chian¹</i>	兩江	the provinces of Kiangsu and Anhui.
<i>liang³-chien¹</i>	兩間	“heaven and earth,” man, everything.
<i>liang³-chien¹-fang²-tzú³</i>	兩間房子	two rooms or houses.
<i>liang³-chih¹-chí¹</i>	兩隻雞	two chickens.
<i>liang³-chih¹-ch'uan²</i>	兩隻船	two boats.
<i>liang³-ch'in¹</i>	兩親	parents (shuang ¹ ch'in ¹).
<i>liang³-ch'ing¹</i>	兩清	both sides square (accounts)
<i>liang³-ch'üan²</i>	兩全	all, the whole.
<i>liang³-ch'üan³-ch'í²-mei³</i>	兩全齊美	advantageous to both sides.
<i>liang³-êrh²-ch'ui²-chien¹</i>	兩耳垂肩	pendulous ears, e.g., Confucius.
<i>liang³-ho²-shih⁴</i>	兩合式	agreeable to both sides.
<i>liang³-hsiu⁴-li³</i>	兩下裡	both parties; on both sides.
<i>liang³-hsiang¹-ch'ing²</i>	兩相情願	both parties are willing.
<i>liang³-hsiao²</i>	兩學	[in a hsien. (教諭, 訓導) Director and sub-director of studies
<i>liang³-hsiu⁴-ch'ing¹-fêng¹</i>	兩袖清風	literary pauper of good parts.
<i>liang³-hu²</i>	兩湖	Hupei and Hunan.
<i>liang³-hu²-tsung³-tu³</i>	兩湖總督	governor-general of the Liang Hu.
<i>liang³-i²</i>	兩儀	heaven and earth. R. 293.
<i>liang³-ko⁴</i>	兩個	two, both.
<i>liang³-k'ou³-chih¹-chien¹</i>	兩可之間	having two courses open; in a dilemma (ch'ou ²
<i>liang³-k'ou³-tzü²</i>	兩口子	husband and wife.
<i>liang³-kuang³</i>	兩廣	Kuang Tung and Kuang Hsi provinces.
<i>liang³-pai¹-chü¹-shang¹</i>	兩敗俱傷	both sides beaten and all injured.
<i>liang³-pang³</i>	兩榜	to take both 2nd and 3rd degrees.
<i>liang³-pien⁴</i>	兩便	let us drop ceremony.
<i>liang³-pu⁴-chao³</i>	兩不找	to trade even, no boot.
<i>liang³-pu⁴-hsiang⁴-kan¹</i>	兩不相干	no connection between them.
<i>liang³-shih⁴-wei²-jên²</i>	兩世爲人	passed through great tribulation.
<i>liang³-ssü¹</i>	兩司	Judge and Treasurer.
<i>liang³-ta⁴</i>	兩大	heaven and earth.
<i>liang³-tung¹-êrh⁴-i⁴</i>	兩當二意	a mistake, a misunderstanding.
<i>liang³-t'ien¹</i>	兩天	a few days.
<i>liang³-t'ou²</i>	兩頭	both ends.
<i>liang³-t'ou²-mang²</i>	兩頭忙	busy at both ends.
<i>liang³-tsao¹-shu²</i>	兩遭熟	both well acquainted.
<i>liang³-tsao⁴</i>	兩造	plaintiff and defendant; male and female.
<i>liang³-wei⁴</i>	兩位	two gentlemen, etc.
<i>liang³-wei⁴-hsien¹-shêng¹</i>	兩位先生	two teachers, etc.
<i>liang³-yang⁴</i>	兩樣	different; both ways; two sorts
<i>liang³-yang⁴-tu¹-yu²</i>	兩樣都有	some of both sorts.
<i>liang³-yüan⁴</i>	兩院	the governor-general and the governor.

LIANG ¹	日	晾 ^{723b527c}	to air or dry in the sun.
liang ⁴ -i ¹ -liang ⁴		晾一晾	to air a thing in the sun.
liang ⁴ -kan ¹ -liao ²		晾乾了	aired or dried properly.
liang ⁴ -shai ⁴		晾晒	to air or dry in the sun.
liang ⁴	上	亮 ^{723c526c}	clear, bright, open (ming ²).
liang ⁴ -chiao ⁴		亮橋	an open sedan-chair.
liang ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -pu ⁴		亮青布	glazed cotton.
liang ⁴ -lan ² -ting ² -tai ⁴		亮藍頂戴	transparent blue button.
liang ⁴ -ming ²		亮明	clear, bright.
liang ⁴ -sao ⁴	[ti ¹	亮艷	light, roomy.
liang ⁴ -t'ang ² -t'ang ²		亮堂堂的	very bright.
liang ⁴ -tzü ³		亮子	a body of 500 soldiers.
liang ⁴	言	諒 ^{723b527a}	to believe, to confide in, to trust; to suppose.
liang ⁴ -ch'ing ²		諒情	to examine into the circumstances of a case.
liang ⁴ -hsiang ²		諒想	probably, suppose (ta ⁴ yo ¹).
liang ⁴ -lai ²		諒來	to trust or confide in, to believe; to think.
liang ⁴ -pi ⁴		諒必	to examine; to throw light on; probably.
liang ⁴ pi ⁴ -ju ² -tz'ü ³		諒必如此	I think it must necessarily be thus.
liang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chien ⁴ -kuai ⁴		諒不見怪	I trust you will not think me rude.
liang ⁴	車	輛 ^{721a526b}	a pair of wheels; cart. Numeral of carts.
liang ⁴ (liao) 手	才	掠 ^{768b547b}	to rob, to take by violence; to punish. See <i>liao</i> ⁴ .

LIAO ¹	手	才	揀 ^{724b527c}	to grasp, to manage, to lift up; to cure.
liao ¹ -ch'i ² -lai ²		揀起來	to pull or raise up.	
liao ¹ -chiao ¹		揀交	to make a friendship (chiao ¹ p'êng ² yu ²).	
liao ¹ -chih ⁴		揀治	to manage, to control, to regulate; to cure.	
liao ¹ -i ¹ -shang ¹		揀衣裳	to raise the clothes.	
liao ¹ -jên ²		揀人	to pull a person about in play.	
liao ¹ -li ²		揀理	to manage, to control, to regulate,	
liao ¹ -pien ¹		揀邊	to hem.	
liao ¹ -ping ⁴		揀病	to cure sickness.	
liao ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹ -shou ²		揀不開手	cannot let go.	
liao ¹ -shui ²		揀水	to throw up water by the hand.	

LIAO ²	是	遼	725a527a	remote, distant, far off.
liao ² -ho ²		遼河		the Liao river in Manchuria.
liao ² -k'uo ⁴		遼闊		extensive.
liao ² -tung ¹		遼東		Manchuria. W. I. 187 (kuan ¹ tung ¹).
liao ² -wang ¹		遼望		look far off.
liao ² -yüan ²		遼遠		distant, remote, far off.
liao ²	→	寥	724a528c	empty, vacant, wide; silent, solitary.
liao ² -lang ²		寥廓		a vast portico.
liao ² -lao ⁴		寥落		solitary and deserted.

<i>liao²-liao²-wu²-pan⁴</i>	寥寥無伴
<i>liao²</i>	耳聊 ^{726b528b}
<i>liao²-chai¹-chih⁴-i⁴</i>	聊齋志異
<i>liao²-lai⁴</i>	聊賴
<i>liao²-lang⁴</i>	聊浪
<i>liao²-piao³-ts'un⁴-hsin¹</i>	聊表寸心
<i>liao²</i>	人僚 ^{724a527b}
<i>liao²-shu³</i>	僚屬
<i>liao²-yu³</i>	僚友
<i>liao²</i>	療 ^{724c530c}
<i>liao²-chi¹</i>	療饑
<i>liao²-chih⁴</i>	療治
<i>liao²-ping⁴</i>	療病
<i>liao²-yii⁴</i>	療愈
<i>liao²-yung¹</i>	療癰
<i>liao²</i>	尸屨 ^{724b528a}
<i>liao²</i>	察 ^{724b527b}
<i>liao²-fang²</i>	察房

silent and solitary, without a companion, carelessly, anyhow; a desire, a wish. name of popular novel.

to depend on, dependence on, dissolute, licentious; to let run to waste. for a time manifest my feelings.

a companion, a comrade, a colleague. same.

same.

to cure; the practice of medicine,

to allay hunger.

to cure.

to cure illness.

convalescent, well, cured.

to cure an abscess.

membrum virile.

a fellow-officer; a small window.

a public office; a room in which officers meet.

[234, 17.

LIAO ³	了 ^{726b529c}
<i>liao³-an⁴</i>	了案
<i>liao³-chieh²</i>	了結
<i>liao³-chien⁴</i>	了見
<i>liao³-jan²</i>	了然
<i>liao³-jan²-ming²-pai²</i>	了然明白
<i>liao³-liao³</i>	了了
<i>liao³-liang⁴</i>	了亮
<i>liao³-pu⁴-ch'êng²</i>	了不成
<i>liao³-pu⁴-liao³</i>	了不了
<i>liao³-pu⁴-tê²</i>	了不得
<i>liao³-shih⁴</i>	了事
<i>liao³-shou³</i>	了手
<i>liao³-tang¹</i>	了當
<i>liao³-luan⁴</i>	了斷
<i>liao³-wu⁴</i>	了悟
<i>liao³-yüan⁴</i>	了願
<i>liao³</i>	火燎 ^{724c529b}
<i>liao³-chiang¹-p'ao⁴</i>	燎漿泡
<i>liao³-kuang¹</i>	燎光
<i>liao³-yüan²</i>	燎原
<i>liao³</i>	目瞭 ^{724c529c}
<i>liao³-chien⁴</i>	瞭見
<i>liao³-liang⁴</i>	瞭亮

final particle; finished; intelligent; fixed, M.

to close a case at law.

to finish, to terminate; to die.

to see clearly.

certainly, evidently, clearly (*i¹ mu⁴ liao³ jan³*).

to understand clearly.

completely finished; clear, distinct.

intellectual brightness, sense.

unable to complete; no help for it, etc.

unable to finish; irreparable, irretrievable.

irretrievable, irreparable, no help for it.

to conclude an affair.

to finish, to bring one's work to an end.

finished or arranged well.

the decision of a case, decide definitively.

to understand clearly.

to obtain one's wish, to finish what one wishes.

beacon-lights; a hanging-lamp.

a blister, raised by burn.

beacon light.

a fire (as of a jungle, etc.).

good eye-sight, able to see to a distance.

to see.

intelligent.

<i>liao³-wang⁴</i>	瞭望	to look off.
<i>liao³ (t-zü)</i>	金鏡 725b528b	fetters, irons, silver; fine white metal [liac ³]. [chiao ³]
LIAO⁴ (lüeh)	田	
<i>liao⁴</i>	{ 畧 768a547a	a boundary; to partition, to share; to plan.
<i>liao⁴-chieh⁴</i>	畧 畧	same.
<i>liao⁴-ch'iu²</i>	畧 畧	a border, a boundary (pien ¹ chieh ⁴).
<i>liao⁴-ch'ü³</i>	畧 畧	to seek after.
<i>liao⁴-liao⁴</i>	畧 畧	to take a few; to select.
<i>liao⁴-lu⁴</i>	畧 畧	a little; to reflect.
<i>liao⁴-pao³</i>	畧 畧	a road, a way.
<i>liao⁴-tao⁴</i>	畧 畧	a little, a trifle; trifling, etc.
<i>liao⁴-ti⁴</i>	畧 畧	principles.
<i>liao⁴-to¹</i>	畧 畧	to seize territory (chan ⁴ fèu ² -t'ien ¹ ti ⁴).
<i>liao⁴-t'ung²</i>	畧 畧	rather many or more.
<i>liao⁴-yu³</i>	畧 畧	generally, for the most part; the same; all alike.
<i>liao⁴-yung⁴</i>	畧 畧	only a few.
<i>liao⁴</i>	米 料 725c530b	to use but a little. [sider.]
<i>liao⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	料 器	to measure; to calculate, to estimate; to con-
<i>liao⁴-chu¹</i>	料 珠	glass-ware (liu ² li ²).
<i>liao⁴-chü⁴</i>	料 鋸	glass beads.
<i>liao⁴-hsiang³</i>	料 想	to set a saw.
<i>liao⁴-huo⁴</i>	料 貨	to reflect, to consider, to deem.
<i>liao⁴-i²-liao⁴</i>	料 一料	glass-ware.
<i>liao⁴-ku⁴</i>	料 估	to calculate.
<i>liao⁴-li³</i>	料 理	to estimate, to calculate (ku ⁴ liang ²).
<i>liao⁴-li¹</i>	料 力	to manage, to attend to (pau ⁴ li ³).
<i>liao⁴-liang²</i>	料 量	to estimate one's strength (liang ² li ⁴ erh ² hsing ²).
<i>liao⁴-pu⁴-tao⁴-tz'ü³</i>	料 不 到 此	to measure.
<i>liao⁴-p'u⁴</i>	料 舖	could not have thought of this.
<i>liao⁴-shih⁴-pu⁴-tao⁴</i>	料 事 不 到	a glass-ware shop; a forage shop.
<i>liao⁴-shou²-cho²</i>	料 手 鐲	beyond what one thought of.
<i>liao⁴-t'ou⁴-shih⁴-chieh⁴</i>	料 透 世 界	bangles, glass armlets or bracelets.
<i>liao⁴-ts'ai²</i>	料 材	to see through this world.
<i>liao⁴-wu⁴</i>	料 物	materials (ts'ai ² liao ⁴).
<i>liao⁴</i>	手 才 拏 763c547c	materials; glass-ware.
<i>liao⁴</i>	{ 拏	to seize, to lay down; to pull together.
<i>liao⁴-ch'ü³</i>	拏 拏	same.
<i>liao⁴-hsiang²-ch'ien²</i>	拏 拏	to seize.
<i>liao⁴-liao⁴</i>	拏 拏	to give or leave a present for the priest.
		to rob, to plunder (ch'iang ² tao ⁴).
LIEH¹	口 咧 727b531c	a final particle.
<i>wch¹-lieh¹</i>	咧 咧	same.

lieh¹-tsui³

咧嘴

to grimace, to mimic.

LIEH⁴

刀

列 727a531a

to separate, to distinguish; to arrange in order.

lieh⁴-chên⁴

列陣

to place in order, to form in ranks,

lieh⁴-ch'êng³

列成

to arrange properly.

lieh⁴-kung¹

列公

you, gentlemen, all you gentlemen,

lieh⁴-kuo²

列國

the various kingdoms.

lieh⁴-tsai²-hou⁴-t'ou²

列在後頭

enumerated below.

lieh⁴-tso⁴-ch'i²-tz'ü¹

列坐其次

to sit in order.

lieh⁴-wei⁴

列位

you, gentlemen (chu¹ wei⁴).

火

烈 727b531a

ardent, impetuous, enthusiastic, daring, fierce.

lieh⁴-chih⁴

烈志

resolution, determination, etc.

lieh⁴-fêng¹

烈風

a violent wind (k'uang² fêng¹).

lieh⁴-fu⁴

烈婦

a chaste wife; widow who does not marry again.

lieh⁴-hsing⁴

烈性

energetic, energy.

lieh⁴-huo³

烈火

a fierce fire.

lieh⁴-k'u³

烈苦

very bitter.

lieh⁴-mêng³

烈猛

ferocious, fierce (mêng³ lieh⁴).

lieh⁴-nü³

烈女

a maiden, a virgin, virtuous women (shou³ [chieh²]).

lieh⁴-shih⁴

烈士

a patriot, a hero (i⁴ ch'i⁴).

衣

裂 727c531c

to tear, to split, to crack; remnants of cloth, etc.

lieh⁴-i¹

裂衣

torn clothes (p'o⁴ i¹).

lieh⁴-k'ai¹

裂開

to crack, to split, to burst.

lieh⁴-p'o⁴

裂破

broken, torn.

lieh⁴-wên²

裂紋

a crack.

lieh⁴

力

劣 728b560a

weak, infirm, feeble; just enough, barely sufficient. [cient.

lieh⁴-chi¹

劣跡

traces of faults, proof of misconduct.

lieh⁴-chüeh⁴

劣駮

obstinate, big-headed, wilful, vicious.

lieh⁴-po²

劣薄

weak, feeble; without ability.

犬

獵 728c532b

to hunt wild animals, to pursue.

lieh⁴-hu⁴

獵戶

hunters (ta³ lieh⁴).

lieh⁴-kou²

獵狗 (犬)

a hunting dog.

lieh⁴-shou⁴

獵獸

to hunt wild animals.

走

趔 727c531c

to slip, to stumble (shih¹ chiao³, tieh² tao³).

lieh⁴-ch'ieh¹

趔趔

same (ta² lieh⁴ ch'ieh¹).

LIEN³

辮

連 729a532a

to connect, to unite, to join; even. M. 305.

lien²-ch'an²-pu⁴-tuan⁴

連纏不斷

unbroken connection.

lien²-chia²-tai⁴-chên¹

連假帶真

both true and false.

lien²-chiao⁴-ch'i²-shêng¹

連叫幾聲

called out several times in succession

lien²-chieh¹

連接

to affix, to join together.

lien²-chieh²

連捷

to overcome, to win successive victories.

lien²-chin²

連襟

a wife's sister's husband, brother-in-law.

<i>lien²-chuang¹-hui⁴</i>	連莊會	an association of villages.	[(first place).
<i>lien²-chung⁴-san¹-yüan²</i>	連中三元	to gain the three highest degrees in succession	
<i>lien²-hao⁴</i>	連號	connected shops; numbers in regularity,	
<i>lien²-ho²</i>	連合	united together.	
<i>lien²-hsin¹-jou⁴</i>	連心肉	the flesh next the heart.	
<i>lien²-huan²-pao³</i>	連環保	to give security one for another.	
<i>lien²-huan²</i>	連環	to link, to connect; several rounds or links.	
<i>lien²-huo³</i>	連夥	in partnership (huo ³ chi ⁴).	
<i>lien²-jên²-tai⁴-ma³</i>	連人帶馬	both men and horse.	
<i>lien²-kên¹-pa³</i>	連根拔	to tear out even the root.	
<i>lien²-k'o¹</i>	連科	to gain successive degrees (2nd and 3rd).	
<i>lien²-lei¹</i>	連累	to implicate, to entangle, to involve (t'o ¹ lei ⁴).	
<i>lien²-li³</i>	連理	intimate, friendly (shu ² shih ⁴).	
<i>lien²-li⁴</i>	連利	quick.	
<i>lien²-lien²</i>	連連	joined together, in succession (ch'ien ¹ lien ⁴).	
<i>lien²-lien²-pu⁴-tuan⁴</i>	連連不斷	in uninterrupted succession.	
<i>lien²-mang³</i>	連忙	instantly, hastily, at once.	
<i>lien²-nan²-tai⁴-nü³</i>	連男帶女	both male and female.	
<i>lien²-nien²-pu⁴-shou¹</i>	連年不收	successive bad harvests	
<i>lien²-pao³</i>	連保	a number of joint-securities,	
<i>lien²-p'in⁴-hu²-tzu³</i>	連鬚子	side whiskers,	
<i>lien²-pu⁴-shang⁴</i>	連不上	it does not join on.	
<i>lien²-san¹-tao⁴-ssü⁴</i>	連三倒四	in close succession.	
<i>lien²-shêng¹-kuei²-tzu³</i>	連生貴子	two successive famous sons.	
<i>lien²-shêng¹-san¹-chi¹</i>	連陞三級	promoted three times in succession.	
<i>lien²-shou³</i>	連手	a connexion which is a help.	
<i>lien²-shu³</i>	連屬	related to.	
<i>lien²-t'a¹</i>	連他	he also.	
<i>lien²-t'a¹-tai⁴-wo³</i>	連他帶我	he and I.	
<i>lien²-ting¹</i>	連登	to ascend in succession (e. g., in examinations).	
<i>lien²-tung¹</i>	連東	several shops owned by one master.	
<i>lien²-yel⁴-kan²-huo³,⁴</i>	連夜趕活	to work successive nights.	
<i>lien²-yin¹-yü³</i>	連陰雨	continuous rains.	
<i>lien²</i>	蓮 卅 7.30a533a	the lotus or water-lily.	
<i>lien²-fên³</i>	蓮粉	ground lotus roots, arrowroot.	
<i>lien²-hua¹</i>	蓮花	the lotus blossom.	
<i>lien²-hua¹-ch'ih²</i>	蓮花池	a lily-pond.	
<i>lien²-hua¹-ching¹</i>	蓮花經	a famous Buddhist Classic.	
<i>lien²-hua¹-t'ang²</i>	蓮花塘	a lotus pond.	
<i>lien²-jou⁴</i>	蓮肉	water-lily seeds.	
<i>lien²-mü³</i>	蓮米	lotus seeds.	
<i>lien²-on²-ho³</i>	蓮藕	the lotus.	
<i>lien²-p'êng²</i>	蓮蓬	the lotus head containing the seed.	

lien ² -tzü ³		蓮子	water-lily seeds, lotus nuts.
lien ²	耳	聯 ^{731b533b}	to join, to connect, to unite; to arrange.
lien ² -chieh ³		聯捷	to pass examinations one after the other.
lien ² -ch'ün ³		聯羣	to flock together.
lien ² -ho ³		聯合	to attach, to join.
lien ² -hang ²		聯行	{ to combine, as tradesmen to keep up prices, etc. (ch'i ² hang ² pa ⁴ shih ⁴).
lien ² -kuan ⁴		聯貫	strung together.
lien ² -lo ⁴ -i ¹ -p'ien ⁴		聯絡一片	to bind together in one bundle.
lien ² -mien ² -pu ⁴ -tuan ⁴		聯綿不斷	surely connected together.
lien ² -ming ² -pao ³ -chuan ⁴		聯名保狀	joint bail.
lien ² -shou ³		聯手	united strength.
lien ² -shu ³		聯屬	related to, connected with.
lien ² -yin ¹		聯姻	a connection by marriage.
lien ²	心 忡	憐 ^{733b534a}	[love. compassion, pity; to pity, to commiserate; to
lien ² -ai ⁴		憐愛	to love; kind-hearted.
lien ² -hsi ²		憐惜	to sympathize.
lien ² -hsü ¹		憐恤	to compassionate, to pity -(ching ¹ lien ²).
lien ² -min ³		憐憫	same.
lien ² -nien ⁴		憐念	same.
lien ² -p'in ³		憐貧	to pity the poor.
lien ²	广	廉 ^{730c534a}	a corner; economical; pure, uncorrupted.
lien ² -chieh ³		廉節	moderate, sparing; unavaricious, not grasping.
lien ² -ch'ih ³		廉恥	modest, bashful (li ³ i ⁴ lien ² ch'ih ³).
lien ² -shih ⁴		廉士	a disinterested person.
lien ²	金 鏈	鏈 ^{733b533b}	a chain; connected, locked together; to link.
lien ² -huan ²		鏈環	linked.
lien ² -huan ² -kun ⁴		鏈環棍	a sort of flail.
lien ² (tzü) 竹帘		簾 ^{731a534b}	a screen, a curtain (chang ⁴).
lien ² -lung ³		簾攏	same.
lien ² -nei ⁴		簾內	within the screen, private.
lien ² -wai ⁴		簾外	without the screen, public.
lien ²	金 鐮	鐮 ^{731b534c}	a hook, a sickle.
lien ² -pa ¹ -rh ³		鐮把兒	the handle of a sickle.
lien ² -tao ¹ -tzü ³		鐮刀子	a hook, a sickle.
lien ²	巾	帘 ^{731b533c}	a booth, a flag hung up where liquors are sold.
lien ² -mêng ²		帘盟	to swear eternal friendship.
lien ² -tsung ¹		帘宗	to join, as one family having the same surname.
lien ²	肉 月	腓 ^{730c534c}	the sides of the leg.
lien ² -jou ⁴		腓肉	the calf of the leg.
lien ²	大	奩 ^{731c533c}	a toilet box, a lady's toilet.
lien ² -ching ⁴		奩敬	words on present to bride's parents.
lien ² -i ²		奩儀	money given to a bride.

- LIEN³ 肉月 臉^{732a535a} the cheek, the face; reputation.
 lien³-fa¹-liao³-hung³ 臉發了紅 to colour up, to blush.
 lien³-han³ 臉罕 shameless (ssü³ p'i³ lai⁴ lien³).
 lien³-hung³-liao³ 臉紅了 blushing, the face red.
 lien³-juan³ 臉軟 considerate, soft-hearted.
 lien³-mien⁴ 臉面 the face, influence.
 lien³-mien⁴-fa¹-kuang¹ 臉面發光 bright countenance.
 lien³-mien⁴-ch'ien³ 臉面錢 "face" money.
 lien³-p'ên³ 臉盆 "face basin," a wash-hand basin.
 lien³-p'i³-hou⁴ 臉皮厚 "face skin thick," shameless.
 lien³-p'i³ pao³ 臉皮薄 bashful (mien³ t'ien³)
 lien³-shang⁴-fa¹-fu³ 臉上發福 a prosperous look.
 lien³-shang⁴ mu³-kuang¹ 臉上沒光 lost face, disgraced (tiu¹ lien³).
 lien³-suan¹ 臉酸 a sour looking face, crabbed looking.
 lien³-tan¹ 臉單 bashful (mien³ t'ien³).
 lien³-tan⁴-rh³ 臉蛋兒 the cheeks (sai¹ pang¹ tzü³).
 lien³ 手才 搥^{729c535o} to take, to remove.
 lien³-tsai⁴-i¹-k'uai⁴ 搥在一塊 to gather together.
 lien³-t'u³ 搥土 to clear away earth.
- LIEN⁴ 糸 練^{733a536a} to experiment, to learn by experience,
 lien⁴-ch'u¹-lai³-ti¹ 練出來的 successfully practised.
 lien⁴-chün¹-tui⁴ 練軍隊 specially drilled troops (t'uan³ lien⁴).
 lien⁴-fu² 練服 one year's mourning for an uncle or aunt, etc.
 lien⁴-hai³ 練習 to practise, practised in.
 lien⁴-pa¹-shih⁴ 練把式 to practice gymnastics.
 lien⁴-ping¹ 練兵 to drill troops (ta'ao¹ ping¹).
 lien⁴-ta³ 練達 to practise, experienced.
 lien⁴-ti³-pu⁴-tao⁴ 練的不到 not well enough drilled.
 lien⁴-tsai⁴-i¹-ch'u⁴ 練在一處 to tie up together.
 lien⁴-wu³ 練武 to drill troops,
 lien⁴-yüeh⁴ 練閱 to inspect troops,
 lien⁴-yung³ 練勇 to drill militia.
 lien⁴ 火 煉^{732c536b} to melt, to refine metals by fire.
 lien⁴-ch'i⁴ 煉氣 to refine the vital principle,
 lien⁴-chu¹-yu³ 煉猪油 to try pork fat.
 lien⁴-shih³-pu¹-t'ien¹ 煉石補天 to melt stones and mend the skies, as Nü Wa did,
 lien⁴-tan¹ [kang¹ 煉丹 to prepare the magic drug--of immortality,
 lien⁴-t'ieh³-ch'êng¹ 煉鐵成鋼 iron melted becomes steel (fig.).
 lien⁴ 金 鍊^{733a536b} to melt metals, to refine, to purify; matured.
 lien⁴-chün¹ 鍊金 to melt or refine gold.
 lien⁴-shou³ 鍊熟 experienced.
 lien⁴ 支 斂^{732b534c} to amass, to hoard up; to harvest, to reap.

<i>lien⁴-chí¹</i>	斂跡	to conceal one's self.
<i>lien⁴-ch'ien²</i>	斂錢	to collect money.
<i>lien⁴-chü⁴</i>	斂聚	to collect together; to extort avariciously.
<i>lien⁴-pai²-chia¹-so³</i>	斂百家鎖	to collect a certain charm for child.
<i>lien⁴-ping¹-chü⁴-chiang⁴</i>	斂兵聚將	to gather soldiers and generals (for war).
<i>lien⁴-sé⁴</i>	斂蓄	to hoard up; miserly, niggardly (<i>lin⁴ sé⁴</i>).
<i>lien⁴-ts'ung²</i>	斂藏	to hoard up (<i>chi¹ hsü⁴</i>).
<i>lien⁴</i>	戀心小	warm affection for, attachment to. See <i>lüan²</i> .
<i>lien⁴-ai⁴</i>	戀愛	to love tenderly (<i>ai⁴ hsi²</i>).
<i>lien⁴-chü⁴</i>	戀妓	a hankering after prostitutes.
<i>lien⁴-chia¹</i>	戀家	to be a stay-at-home.
<i>lien⁴-chiu³</i>	戀酒	overfond of wine.
<i>lien⁴-chu⁴-shên¹-tzu³</i>	戀住身子	bound by a hankering after.
<i>lien⁴-lien⁴-pu⁴-shé⁴</i>	戀戀不舍	hankering after, unable to part with.
<i>lien⁴-mu⁴</i>	戀幕	to hanker after.
<i>lien⁴-sé⁴</i>	戀色	lecherous.
<i>lien⁴-té²-chu⁴-jên²</i>	戀得住人	can captivate men (orator).
<i>lien⁴</i>	殮 731c535c	to dress the dead, to enshroud (<i>ch'êng² lien⁴</i>).
<i>lien⁴-chü⁴</i>	殮具	various things used when coffining a corpse.
<i>lien⁴-mai²</i>	殮埋	to bury, to inter.
<i>lien⁴-tsang⁴</i>	殮葬	same (<i>pin⁴ tsang⁴</i>).

LIN²

臣

臨 734b540c

<i>lin²-chên⁴</i>	臨陣	to descend to; to approach; about to (<i>chiang⁴</i>).
<i>lin²-chên⁴-mo²-ch'iang¹</i>	臨陣磨槍	about to enter into action.
<i>lin²-ch'í¹</i>	臨期	sharpening sword on entering battle (too late).
<i>lin²-chün⁴</i>	臨近	near the time.
<i>lin²-chung¹</i>	臨終	to draw near (of time), approach.
<i>lin²-fan²</i>	臨凡	about to die.
<i>lin²-fang¹</i>	臨塲	to come down to earth (<i>chiang⁴ lin²</i>).
<i>lin²-hsia⁴</i>	臨下	neighbouring places, close vicinity.
<i>lin²-hsing³</i>	臨行	to descend to the people.
<i>lin²-jên²</i>	臨人	about to start.
<i>lin²-k'o³-chüeh¹-ching³</i>	臨渴掘井	neighbours, approaching persons.
<i>lin²-lai²</i>	臨來	to dig a well when thirsty—too late (<i>lai² pu⁴ chi¹</i>).
<i>lin²-liao²-rh²</i>	臨了兒	about to come.
<i>lin²-mo⁴-mo⁴-liao³</i>	臨末末了	at last, after all, at the end.
<i>lin²-p'ên²</i>	臨盆	at the very end.
<i>lin²-pu⁴-tao⁴</i>	臨不到	near confinement. See <i>Note 52</i> .
<i>lin²-shih²</i>	臨時	cannot draw near.
<i>lin²-shih⁴-k'ao⁴-chi²</i>	臨事靠急	near the time.
<i>lin²-ssü³</i>	臨死	when the test comes.
<i>lin²-ta⁴</i>	臨大	about to die, at the point of death.
		great.

lin ² -t'ieh ¹		臨帖		to copy from-copy-slips.
lin ² -t'ou ²		臨頭		to come to a head.
lin ² -tsou ²		臨走		about to go.
lin ² -wei ²		臨危		about to die (ch'ui ² wei ²).
lin ²	邑 阝 隣	鄰	735b541b	near to, connected; neighbors; 5 families.
lin ² -chü ¹		隣居		a neighbour.
lin ² -fêng ¹		鄰封		neighboring districts (hsien).
lin ² -kuo ²		鄰國		neighbouring countries.
lin ² -li ³		鄰里		neighbouring villages.
lin ² -li ² -hsiang ¹ -tang ³		鄰里鄉黨		neighbours and fellow-villagers.
lin ² -pang ¹ -hsiang ¹ -chu ⁴		鄰邦相助		neighboring states mutually help.
lin ² -shé ⁴		鄰舍		neighbours.
lin ² -ts'un ¹		鄰村		neighbouring villages.
lin ²	魚	鱗	735c541c	the scales of fishes.
lin ² -chia ³		鱗甲		fish-scales.
lin ² -ch'ung ³		鱗蟲		snakes and dragons.
lin ² -lei ⁴		鱗類		the fish class.
lin ² -pu ⁴		鱗部		same.
lin ² -shé ²		鱗蛇		a boa constrictor (mang ³ ch'ung ²).
lin ² -wu ⁴		鱗物		the scaly tribes.
lin ²	水 冫	淋	734a540b	water dripping, to drip, to wet, to soak; a pool.
lin ² -ch'ih ¹		淋池		a pool, a pond.
lin ² -chiu ³		淋酒		to strain wine.
lin ² -hua ¹		淋花		to water flowers (chiao ¹ hua ¹).
lin ² -hui ¹		淋灰		to slake lime; to leach-ashes.
lin ² -li ⁴		淋瀝		moistened, thoroughly wet, dripping wet.
lin ² -lin ²		淋淋		slight rain.
lin ² -shih ¹ -liao ³		淋濕了		wet through.
lin ² -shui ³		淋水		to filter water.
lin ² -t'ou ⁴ -liao ³		淋透了		soaked with rain.
lin ² -ts'u ⁴		淋醋		to make vinegar.
lin ² -yü ³		淋雨		to be drenched with rain; to rain.
lin ²	鹿 麋	麟	736a541c	a large stag (fabulous); splendour, light. G. 127.
lin ² -chih ³		麟趾		a son and heir.
lin ² -fêng ⁴ -kuei ¹ -lung ²		麟鳳龜龍		the chilin, phoenix, tortoise, dragon. [was born].
lin ² -t'u ¹ -yü ⁴ -shu ¹		麟吐玉書		the chilin spat out a slip of jade (when Confucius
lin ² (t'ü)	木 林	林	733c540a	a grove, a wood, a forest, a clump of trees; many.
lin ² -hsia ⁴		林下		an official who has retired.
lin ² -mu ⁴		林木		groves, trees in a grove (shu ⁴ lin ² t'ü ³).
lin ²	雨	霖	734b540b	abundant, genial rain (kan ¹ lin ²).
lin ² -yü ³		霖雨		genial showers.
lin ²	疒	痲	734a540b	diseases of the bladder, gravel, stone.
lin ² -chéng ⁴		痲症		same.

- lin³ 走 遴 735b542c to walk or act with difficulty; stingy; to desire.
lin²-hsüan³ 遴 選 to select carefully.
- LIN³ 廩 廩 736a542a a public granary; name of an office.
lin³-lu⁴ 廩 祿 allowances of government to inferior graduates.
lin³-pao³ 廩 保 { a surety for the respectability of a candidate
(jên⁴ pao³).
- lin³-shan⁴ 廩 膳 allowances of government to inferior graduates.
lin³-shêng¹ 廩 生 a literary graduate (*hsiu⁴ ts'ai¹*). G. 470 (pu³ lin³).
lin³ (tzŭ) 木 標 736b542b a cross-beam, purlin.
lin³-ch'uan³ 標 椽 cross-beams and rafters.
- LIN⁴ 口 悛 吝 736b542b mean, niggardly, stingy, sparing; ashamed, [sorry].
lin⁴-hsi² 吝 惜 saving, sparing, economical (*chien³ shêng³*).
lin⁴-se⁴ 吝 嗇 mean, niggardly, stingy, sparing, frugal.
lin⁴-ts'ai²-pu⁴-s'ê³ 吝 吝 吝 吝 吝 吝 parsimonious.
lin⁴ 具 吝 財 不 捨 736c636c to rent a house, to pay for the loan of anything.
lin⁴-chia¹-huo³ 賃 傢 伙 to hire furniture (ku⁴).
lin⁴-fang²-tzŭ³ 賃 房 子 to rent a house (tsu¹ fang² tzŭ³).
- LING² 雨 灵 靈 739a543a. [cious].
ling²-chi¹ 靈 機 spiritual, subtle, ethereal, intelligent; efficacious.
ling²-ch'i⁴ 靈 氣 the faculties.
ling²-ch'iao³ 靈 巧 efficacy; ethereal, spiritual.
ling²-ch'iao⁴ 靈 竅 ingenious, clever (min³ chieh²).
ling²-ch'iao⁴ 靈 竅 cleverness.
ling²-ch'ien¹ 靈 筊 quick-witted, smart, gifted.
ling²-ch'ien² 靈 籤 divination slips in temples (ch'ou¹ ch'ien¹).
ling²-chih¹-ts'ao³ 靈 前 靈 芝 草 before the coffin or ancestral tablet.
ling²-chiu¹ 靈 柩 the plant of immortality (a fungus).
ling²-hui⁴ 靈 樞 corpse (shih¹ shou³).
ling²-hun² 靈 慧 quick perception, intelligent.
ling²-miao⁴ 靈 魂 the soul (hun² ling², chiao³ hun²).
ling²-ming² 靈 妙 ingenious, clever, extremely intelligent.
ling²-p'ai² 靈 明 clear, intelligent; the soul, the mind. [wei⁴].
ling²-pien⁴ 靈 牌 the tablet of a deceased person. See Note 2 (p'ai² clever).
ling²-pien⁴ 靈 便 versatile (yüan² t'ung¹).
ling²-shan⁴ 靈 善 good, handy.
ling²-tan¹ 靈 丹 life preserving pills.
ling²-t'ang³ 靈 堂 the place for worshipping ancestral tablets.
ling²-t'u² 靈 徒 your (clever) pupil.
ling²-tung⁴ 靈 動 an inventive, ingenious mind, intelligent.
ling²-wei⁴ 靈 位 the tablet of a deceased person. See Note 2.

ling ² -yen ⁴	靈驗		efficacious, a miracle (hsiao ⁴ yen ¹),
ling ² -ying ⁴	靈應		a sure response to prayer.
ling ²	人伶	737a544b	clever; alone; to play, to act the buffoon.
ling ² -ch'iao ³	伶巧		clever, ingenious.
ling ² -jên ²	伶人		a buffoon, a clown; a musician.
ling ² -kung ¹	伶工		musicians.
ling ² -li ⁴	伶俐		[ch'iao ³], clever, intelligent, quick of apprehension (hsin ¹
ling ² -pien ⁴	伶便		handy, convenient (fang ¹ pieu ¹).
ling ² -shih ⁴ -ling ² -ting ¹	伶式伶行		tottering, carefully.
ling ² -ting ¹	伶丁		alone and disconsolate (ch'i ¹ liang ²).
ling ² -ya ² -li ⁴ -ch'ih ³	伶牙俐齒		eloquence, eloquent, glib, plausible.
ling ²	雨零	738a545b	small rain; the residue; fractional, odd numbers.
ling ² -ch'ien ²	零錢		odd cash.
ling ² -hsing ¹	零星		[neous scattered, odds and ends, fragments, miscella.
ling ² -hua ¹ -fei ⁴	零花費		sundry expenses.
ling ² -lao ⁴	零落		the fall of the leaf; poor, poverty.
ling ² -mai ⁴	零賣		to retail, to sell in small quantities.
ling ² -sui ⁴	零碎		odds and ends, fragments, miscellaneous.
ling ² -ting ¹	零丁		solitary, unprotected, disconsolate.
ling ² -wu ² -ko ⁴	零五個		and five (of numbers).
ling ² -wu ⁴	零物		odds and ends of things.
ling ²	艸廿菱	740b544a	the water chestnut (pi ² hsi ¹ , lêng ² chia ¹).
ling ² -chiao ³	菱角		the water chestnut.
ling ² -hua ¹ -ching ⁴	菱花鏡		a looking glass, a toilet glass.
ling ² -hua ¹ -mi ³	菱花米		kernel of the water chestnut.
ling ²	凌	739c543c	ice; to insult, to put to shame; struck with fear.
ling ² -ch'ih ²	凌遲		{ death by hacking to pieces (for patricide). (Also 凌廟).
ling ² -jên ²	凌人		a person to take care of ice; to insult a person.
ling ² -ju ⁴	凌辱		to disgrace, to insult, abuse, to dishonour, etc.
ling ² -nio ⁴	凌虐		to tyrannize over (pao ⁴ nio ⁴).
ling ² -pi ⁴	凌逼		to insult, to tyrannize over, to oppress, to extort.
ling ² -shih ⁴	凌室		an ice-house.
ling ² -yin ¹	凌陰		same.
ling ²	阜卅陵	740b543c	the imperial tombs; high, eminent; to aspire to
ling ² -ch'in ³	陵寢		imperial tombs (huang ² ling ²).
ling ² -ch'iu ¹	陵邱		same.
ling ² -hsia ⁴	陵下		to tyrannize over inferiors.
ling ² -hu ⁴	陵戶		keepers of the imperial tombs.
ling ² (t:ũ)	糸綾	740a544a	a fine sort of silk, damask silk,
ling ² -chüan ⁴	綾絹		silk gauze.
ling ² -lo ²	綾羅		same.
ling ² -lo ² -tuan ⁴ -p'i ²	綾羅緞疋		silk and satin,

<i>ling² (tzǔ)</i>	羽	翎	737b545a	wings, feathers, peacock's feathers.
<i>ling²-kuan³</i>		翎管		quills; a tube for containing the feathers in a hat.
<i>ling²-mao²</i>		翎毛		feathers.
<i>ling²</i>	齒	齡	738b545c	the teeth; the years of a person's age.
<i>ling²-nien²</i>		齡年		the years of one's age (a young person).
<i>ling²-shou⁴</i>		齡壽		the years of one's age (elderly); 90 years of age.
<i>ling²-sui⁴</i>		齡歲		the years of one's age.
<i>ling²</i>	玉	玲	737b544c	to tinkle.
<i>ling²-lung²</i>		玲瓏		elegant, regular in appearance.
<i>ling²-lung²-pao¹-t'a³</i>		玲瓏寶塔		an elegant pagoda.
<i>ling²</i>	金	鈴	738a545b	a small bell; empty words.
<i>ling²-tang¹</i>		鈴鐺		a bell (small) (chung ¹).
<i>ling² (tzǔ)</i>	木	櫺	739c544b	the cross-bars of windows.
<i>ling²</i>	虫	蛉	738a545a	a flying insect like a mosquito (pai ² ling ³).
<i>ling²</i>	耳	聆	737c545a	to hear.
LING ³	頁	領	738b545c	a collar, the neck, to govern, to direct.
<i>ling³-chên⁴</i>		領賑		to receive famine relief (fang ⁴ chên ¹).
<i>ling³-chiang³</i>		領港		to pilot a vessel.
<i>ling³-chian³-ti¹</i>		領港的		a pilot.
<i>ling³-chiao¹</i>		領教		may I ask? to receive instruction (ch'ing ³ chiao ¹).
<i>ling³-ch'ien²</i>		領錢		to receive money.
<i>ling³-chi³-i⁴</i>		領旨意		to receive the Emperor's will.
<i>ling³-ch'ing²</i>		領情		to be indebted to (mêng ² ch'ing ²).
<i>ling³-fan⁴</i>		領飯		to take food in famine times.
<i>ling³-hsi³</i>		領洗		to receive baptism.
<i>ling³-hsieh⁴</i>		領謝		to accept with thanks.
<i>ling³-hsiu⁴</i>		領袖		"collar and cuffs," the best hand, the manager.
<i>ling³-i¹-tzǔ³</i>		領衣子		the pieces put down the front and back of a
<i>ling³-lu⁴</i>		領錄		a record. [coat.
<i>ling³-lu⁴</i>		領路		to show one the road.
<i>ling³-ming⁴</i>		領命		to receive commands; I receive your commands.
<i>ling³-no⁴</i>		領諾		to assent, to promise.
<i>ling³-pan¹</i>		領班		the head of runners.
<i>ling³-ping¹</i>		領兵		to lead troops; a general.
<i>ling³-ping¹-yüan²-shuai⁴</i>		領兵元帥		a generalissimo.
<i>ling³-p'ing³</i>	[jén ⁴	領憑		testimonials, credentials, to receive credentials.
<i>ling³-p'ing²-shang⁴</i>		領憑上任		receive credentials and go to one's post.
<i>ling³-shang³</i>		領賞		to receive rewards.
<i>ling³-shih⁴-kuan¹</i>		領事官		a Consul.
<i>ling³-shou¹</i>		領收		to receive, to accept.
<i>ling³-shou⁴</i>		領受		same.
<i>ling³-tai⁴</i>		領帶		to lead, to direct.

ling³-tai⁴-yin³-chien⁴ 領帶引見
 ling³-t'iao¹ 領條
 ling³-t'ou²-érh³ 領頭兒
 ling³-tso¹-ti¹ 領作的
 ling³ 凜凜 740c542b
 ling³-tsun¹ 凜凜
 ling³ 山嶺 739a546b

to lead into the imperial presence.
 binding round collar.
 a leader.
 done under guidance.
 to shiver with cold.
 tremblingly obey! (proclamations).
 a mountain top (fêng¹ ling³).

LING⁴ 人 令 736c546b
 ling⁴ 令
 ling⁴-ai⁴ 令愛
 ling⁴-chéng⁴ 令正
 ling⁴-chéng⁴-fu¹-jén³ 令正夫人
 ling⁴-ch'í² 令旗
 ling⁴-chien⁴ 令箭
 ling⁴-ch'ien¹-chin¹ 令千金
 ling⁴-chih² 令姪
 ling⁴-hsing² 令行
 ling⁴-hsiung¹ 令兄
 ling⁴-jén³-hsiu¹-ch'ih³ 令人羞耻
 ling⁴-jén³-k'o²-hén⁴ 令人可恨
 ling⁴-jén³-shéng¹-ch'í⁴ 令人生氣
 ling⁴-kao¹-t'ang² 令高堂
 ling⁴-k'un¹-chung⁴ 令昆仲
 ling⁴-kung¹-tsü³ 令公子
 ling⁴-lang² 令郎
 ling⁴-mei⁴ 令妹
 ling⁴-shu³ 令叔
 ling⁴-sun¹ 令孫
 ling⁴-t'an³ 令坦
 ling⁴-t'ang² 令堂
 ling⁴-ti⁴ 令弟
 ling⁴-tsun¹ 令尊
 ling⁴-tsun¹-wéng¹ 令尊翁
 ling⁴-tz'ü³ 令慈
 ling⁴-wén³ 令聞
 ling⁴ 另 740c546c
 ling⁴-ch'ing³-kao¹-ming² 另請高明
 ling⁴-chü¹ 另居
 ling⁴-ch'ü³ 另娶 [fa²]
 ling⁴-hsiang³-shan⁴- 另想善法
 ling⁴-hai³-i¹-chang¹ 另寫一張
 ling⁴-huán⁴ 另換

to order, to cause, law; your honored. M. 179.
 same.
 your daughter.
 a wife, your wife (to a teacher).
 same.
 a signal flag to direct the movement of troops.
 an arrow used to direct or levy troops, etc. G.
 your daughter. [736c.
 your cousin or nephew.
 to order to do; to act justly or well.
 your elder brother.
 to abash, to cause shame to a person.
 to cause people to hate him.
 to make people angry.
 your father and mother.
 your worthy brothers.
 your son.
 same.
 your sister.
 your uncle.
 your grandson.
 your son-in-law.
 your mother.
 your younger brother.
 your father.
 same.
 your mother.
 a good character.
 additional, besides, moreover; another.
 to engage another high scholar
 to live separate or apart.
 to take another wife.
 devise another good plan.
 to write a separate copy.
 to change for another.

ling ⁴ -jêr. ²	另人	another person.
ling ⁴ -jih ⁴	另日	another day (kai ³ jih ⁴).
ling ⁴ -kai ³ -mên ³ -t'ing ³	另改門庭	to change (fig.).
ling ⁴ -mai ³ -hao ³ -ti ¹	另買好的	buy other good ones.
ling ⁴ -t'ou ³ -mên ² -lu ⁴	另投門路	to seek another employment.
ling ⁴ -tso ⁴	另做	make another.
ling ⁴ -wai ⁴	另外	besides, exclusive of, additionally; separately.
ling ⁴ -wai ¹ -chia ¹ -ch'ien ³	另外加錢	extra money added.
ling ⁴ -yen ³ -hsiang ¹ -l'an ¹	另眼相看	special regard for each other.
ling ⁴ -yu ³	另有	there is another.
ling ⁴ -yu ³ -i ¹ -fan ¹	另有一番	there is another matter.
ling ⁴ -yu ³ -pan ⁴ -fa ²	另有辦法	there is another way of doing it.
ling ⁴ -yu ³ -pieh ² -ch'ing ²	另有別情	there are other circumstances.

LIU ¹	水 溜	溜 ^{743a550a}	to flow gently; to issue forth. M. 415.
liu ¹ -fêng ⁴ -jên ³	溜奉人		to flatter.
liu ¹ -hung ¹ -jên ³	溜哄人		same.
liu ¹ -hsieh ³	溜血		to bleed.
liu ¹ -kou ¹ -tzũ ³	溜溝子		a sycophant (pa ¹ chieh ³).
liu ¹ -kuang ¹ -êrh ²	溜光兒		a slippery customer.
liu ¹ -nung ²	溜膿		to discharge pus.
liu ¹ -p'ing ²	溜平		perfectly smooth.
liu ¹ -shu ⁴ -shu ⁴ -ti ¹	溜豎豎的		staring, glaring.
liu ¹ -ta ³ -liu ¹ -ta ³	溜打溜打		to take a walk, to stroll (mo ² yu ²).

LIU ²	水 流	流 ^{741b549a}	to flow, to glide; to descend; the course of.
liu ² -ch'ang ¹	流娼		a prostitute (ch'ang ¹ chi ⁴).
liu ² -chih ¹	流支		rivulets.
liu ² -chuan ³	流轉		to wander backwards and forwards.
liu ² -ch'uan ²	流傳		handed down, etc.
liu ² -fang ¹ -pai ³ -shih ⁴	流芳百世		a fragrant name for a hundred generations.
liu ² -han ⁴	流汗		to sweat (ch'u ¹ han ⁴).
liu ² -hsieh ³	流血		to bleed.
liu ² -hsing ¹	流星		[[tsei ² hsing ¹]- a meteor; strings and balls, used by jugglers, etc
liu ² -k'ou ⁴	流寇		brigands, banditti (tao ⁴ k'ou ⁴).
liu ² -kuang ⁴	流逛		to walk, to ramble, to stroll (mo ² yu ²).
liu ² -lei ⁴	流淚		to shed tears (han ² lei ⁴).
liu ² -li ² -shih ¹ -so ³	流離失所		homeless, vagrant.
liu ² -lien ²	流連		to delay one's departure.
liu ² -liu ²	流流		slowly, glidingly, gently.
liu ² -liu ² -ti ¹ -fêng ¹	流流的風		a gentle breeze (sou ¹ sou ¹ ti ¹ fêng ¹).
liu ² -lo ⁴	流落		to stray, to wander, to stroll.
liu ² -min ²	流民		vagrants, tramps, vagabonds (or 氓 mang ²).

liu ² -ming ² -ch'ien ¹ -ku ³	流名千古	everlasting fame.
liu ² -pai ² -tai ⁴	流白帶	the whites.
liu ² -ping ¹	流冰	to skate (p'ao ³ ping ¹).
lin ² -p'ing ² -ti ⁴	流平地	the level ground (p'ing ² yūan ²).
liu ² -pu ⁴ -tieh ²	流不迭	(water) can't flow away.
liu ² -sha ¹	流沙	shifting sands.
lin ² -shui ³	流水	flowing water (t'ang ³ shui ³).
liu ² -shui ³ -chang ⁴	流水賬	day-book; current accounts.
liu ² -shui ³ -hsi ³	流水席	a succession of guests.
lin ² -tang ⁴	流蕩	to wander, to rove about.
liu ² -tang ⁴ -chu ² -i ⁴	流蕩主意	without resolution or purpose.
liu ² -tsei ²	流賊	roving banditti.
liu ² -tsui ⁴	流罪	banishment for life.
liu ² -t'iu ²	流徒	banishment (ch'ung ¹ chūn ¹).
liu ² -yen ²	流言	rumor (yao ² yen ²).
liu ² -yen ² -lei ⁴	流眼淚	to let fall tears.
liu ²	玉璣	a pearl, a bead; vitreous, glazed; shining, bright.
liu ² -ch'iu ²	琉球	the Loochoo islands.
liu ² -ch'iu ² -kuo ²	琉球國	same.
liu ² -li ²	琉璃	a pearl, a bead; glazed, shining, bright, glossy.
liu ² -li ² -ch'ang ³	琉璃廠	a celebrated street in Peking for books, etc.
liu ² -li ² -chu ¹	琉璃珠	glass beads; swells, flash characters.
liu ² -li ² -lu ¹ -pa ¹	琉璃喇叭	a strass trumpet.
liu ² -li ² -p'ing ²	琉璃瓶	a dark bottle.
liu ² -li ² -wa ³	琉璃瓦	glazed tiles.
liu ² -li ² -yao ²	琉璃窑	a kiln for strass.
liu ²	石硫	sulphur, brimstone.
liu ² -huang ²	[shui ³] 硫黃	same.
liu ² -huang ² -ch'iang ²	硫黃強水	sulphuric acid.
liu ² -huang ² -mien ⁴ -tzu ³	硫黃麪子	flour of brimstone.
liu ² -huang ² -mo ⁴	硫黃末	same.
liu ²	田畝畱	to stop, to keep, to delay; slowly; a long time.
liu ² -ch'ing ²	留情	to make allowance for social ties, etc.
liu ² -chiu ³	留久	to detain long, a length of time.
lin ² -chu ⁴	留住	to keep, to detain.
lin ² chüeh ²	*留訣	a parting keepsake, parting words.
liu ² -ji ²	留髮	"to leave hair," the tonsure of a Taoist priest.
liu ² -hou ⁴ -shou ³	留後手	to leave for posterity.
lin ² -hsia ⁴	留下	to take care of; to keep.
liu ² -hsia ⁴ -i ² -yen ²	留下遺言	to leave behind a will.
lin ² -hsin ¹	留心	careful, carefully; to apply the mind to.
liu ² -hsin ¹ -pan ⁴ -shih ⁴	留心辦事	mind what you are about; to manage carefully.
lin ² -hsin ¹	留宿	to keep for the night.

liu²-i²
 liu²-i⁴
 liu²-jên⁴
 liu²-k'ô⁴
 liu²-k'ung¹-êrh²
 liu²-lien²-pu⁴-shê³
 liu²-liün⁴-pu⁴-shê³
 liu²-mén²
 liu²-ming²
 liu²-pieh²
 liu²-pien⁴-tzü³
 liu²-ping¹
 liu²-pu⁴
 liu²-pu⁴-chu⁴
 liu²-shén²
 liu²-tí⁴-pu⁴
 liu²-tsai⁴-hsin¹
 liu²-yang³
 liu²
 liu²-huo³
 liu²-yüeh³
 liu² (tzü)
 liu²-ch'uang¹
 liu²
 liu²-ma³
 liu²-ta³-liu²-ta³
 liu²
 liu²
 liu²

遺留
 留意
 留任
 留客
 留空
 留連
 留戀
 留門
 留名
 留別
 留辮
 留兵
 留步
 留不
 留神
 留地
 留步
 留在
 留心
 留養
 木 榴
 榴火
 榴月
 瘤
 瘡
 遯
 遯馬
 遯打
 遯打
 劉刀
 方旒
 風

to leave, to bequeath.
 to notice (li³ hui⁴).
 to retain in office under censure.
 to detain a guest, e. g., over night.
 to leave a space.
 cannot spare him.
 loth to part with.
 keep the door open-until I come.
 to immortalize.
 a parting keepsake.
 to grow a queue.
 to keep troops, to garrison.
 restrain your steps! (to host escorting guest).
 unable or unwilling to detain.
 to take care, to bear in mind.
 to leave an opportunity.
 to bear in mind; bear in mind!
 keep and rear him.
 the pomegranate.
 the pomegranate blossom.
 "pomegranate moon," 5th month. See Note 32.
 a swelling, a tumour, a wen.
 same (chü¹ yang¹).
 to linger or lurk about, to saunter (tou⁴ liu²).
 to lead a horse up and down.
 to stroll for pleasure (kuang⁴).
 a weapon; to kill; to arrange; good.
 pennants (mien³ liu²).
 sighing of the wind.

LIU³
 liu³-chih¹-jan²-i¹
 liu³-ch'üan¹-i³
 liu³-hsiang⁴ (or hang)
 liu³-hsü⁴
 liu³-lin²
 liu³-t'iao²
 liu³-t'iao²-k'uang¹-tzü³
 liu³-t'iao²-pu⁴
 liu³-yeh⁴-mei²
 liu³

木 柳
 柳汁
 柳圈
 柳巷
 柳絮
 柳林
 柳條
 柳條
 柳條
 柳葉
 糸 綵

the willow.
 to become a B. A. (chin⁴ hsiao⁴).
 arm-chair.
 "willow lane," brothels.
 willow down.
 willow groves.
 a willow wand or switch.
 baskets of willow osier.
 dimities, quiltings.
 "willow leaf eye-brows," handsome eye-brows.
 a strand, one hundred silk threads, a lock, a tress.

LIU⁴ 八 陸 六

six. See liu⁴. Written 陸.

liu⁴-ch'i¹-jên² 六七人
 liu⁴-ch'u⁴ 六六者
 liu⁴-fang² 六六房
 liu⁴-fû² 六六腑
 liu⁴-ho² 六合
 liu⁴-hsün² 六旬
 liu⁴-i⁴ 六六蓼
 liu⁴-ko⁴ 六六個
 liu⁴-k'o¹ 六六科
 liu⁴-ku² 六六穀
 liu⁴-lêng²-tzu² 六六楞子
 liu⁴-liu⁴ 六六律
 liu⁴-lü⁴ 六六律
 liu⁴-po² 六六博
 liu⁴-pu⁴ 六六部
 liu⁴-shen⁴-mên² 六六扇門
 liu⁴-shih² 六六
 liu⁴-shih²-hua¹-chia² 六六花甲
 liu⁴-shu² 六六書
 liu⁴-ting¹-liu⁴-chia² 六六丁六甲
 liu⁴-ts'ai²-tzu² 六六才子
 liu⁴-ts'ao² 六六曹
 liu⁴-yüeh⁴-liu⁴ 六六月六
 liu⁴ 食 餾 743b549c
 liu⁴-mo² 餾 饌
 liu⁴ 阜 陸 744a562a

six or seven men.
 the six kinds of domestic animals. R. 322.
 the Six Departments in a yamèn. [der, etc.].
 the abdominal viscera (stomach, intestines, blad-
 { "6 points" —east, west, south, north, above
 { and below.
 six decades of days or years, a complete cycle.
 the six departments of knowledge.
 six.
 the six offices at Peking (of censors). G. 188.
 the six kinds of grain. R. 324.
 hexagonal.
 six times six, thirty-six.
 the six upper musical accords.
 to play at chess (hsia⁴ ch'i²).
 the 6 Boards in Peking. G. 153-159.
 a door of six leaves.
 sixty.
 a cycle of sixty years.
 the six classes of characters.
 Taoist gods of darkness and light.
 name of a certain book.
 the public offices of censors.
 6th of 6th moon.
 to steam rice or bread.
 same (chêng² mo²).
 six. See *lu*⁴.

LO¹ 手才虜 擄 744c557a
 lo¹-ch'i²-hsiu⁴-tzu² 擄起袖子
 lo¹-ch'ü⁴ 擄去
 lo¹-ch'ü⁴-ping¹-ch'uan² 擄去兵船
 lo¹-liao⁴ 擄掠
 lo¹-tao⁴-pieh²-kuo² 擄到別國

to tuck up; to take captive; to seize.
 to tuck up the sleeves.
 to seize, to plunder.
 to capture war-ships.
 to seize, to plunder.
 to carry captive to another kingdom.

LO² 虫 螺 745a551b
 lo²-shih¹ 螺 師
 lo²-ssü¹ 螺 絲
 lo²-ssü¹-tao¹ 螺 絲 刀
 lo²-ssü¹-ting¹ 螺 絲 釘
 lo² 馬 贏 騾 745a551b
 lo²-ma² 騾 馬
 lo²-ma²-ch'êng²-ch'ün² 騾 馬 成 羣

a shell-fish, a kind of periwinkle or whilk.
 same.
 a screw.
 screw-driver.
 a screw.
 a mule.
 mules and horses.
 a great many horses and mules.

lo ² -ma ² -shih ⁴		騾馬市	a horse and mule market.
lo ² -to ¹		騾馱	a mule's load.
lo ² -to ⁴ -chiao ⁴		騾馱橋	mule-litter (shan ² tzü ³).
lo ²	网四罗	羅 745b550a	a net; a sort of silk; to arrange in order.
lo ² -ching ¹		羅經	a compass (ting ⁴ nan ² chên ¹).
lo ² -ch'üan ¹ -i ³		羅圈椅	an arm-chair.
lo ² -han ⁴		*羅漢	Buddhist deities.
lo ² -kuo ¹		羅鍋	humpbacked, a humpback.
lo ² -lieh ⁴		羅列	spread out, arranged.
lo ² -ma ² -kuo ³		羅馬國	Roman Empire.
lo ² -mien ⁴		羅麪	to sift flour.
lo ² -p'an ²		羅盤	a compass (ting ⁴ nan ² chên ¹).
lo ² -pu ¹ -i ¹ -shang ¹		羅布衣裳	gauze clothing.
lo ² -san ³		羅傘	official or state umbrella.
lo ² -ti ³		羅底	the silk bottom of a sieve.
lo ² -wang ³		羅網	a net (wang ³ lo ²).
lo ² -wên ²		羅紋	gauze, silk; impress of the finger; wrinkles.
lo ²	金	鐃 746b551b	a gong.
lo ² -ch'ui ²		鐃槌	a stick to beat a gong with.
lo ² ku ³		鐃鼓	gongs and drums.
lo ² -ku ³ -hsüan ¹ -t'ien ¹		鐃鼓喧天	the din of gongs and drums (lei ³ ku ³ shai ¹ lo ²).
lo ² -kuo ¹		鐃鍋	a cooking-pan (shallow).
lo ²	竹	籬 746a551a	bamboo basket for carrying on a pole.
lo ² -k'uang ¹		籬筐	same.
lo ² -shai ¹		籬篩	a sieve.
lo ²	口	囉 746a551a	a tone, note; prattle of a child; troublesome,
lo ² -li ³ -lo ² -so ¹		囉裏囉唆	prolonged and confused, complicated,
lo ² -so ¹		囉唆	troublesome, annoying (lei ⁴ chui ⁴).
lo ²	入	儻 746a551a	superior ability; strong, active; clever.
lo ²	卮	蘿 746b551b	the turnip; a sort of creeper; to entwine; moss
lo ² -po ¹		蘿葡	the turnip. [(t'êng ² lo ²).
lo ²	辮	邏 746b552c	to cruise, to patrol; a patrol; to surround (hsün ² [lo ²]
LO ²	手才	掙 728a560b	to pluck, to take hold of; to rob, to feel.
lo ² -ju ³		掙乳	to draw milk, to milk (as a cow),
lo ² -kuan ³ -rh ²		掙管兒	onanism.
lo ² -niu ² -nai ³		掙牛奶	to milk a cow (chi ³ nai ³).
lo ²	衣裸	裸 746c551c	naked (ch'ih ⁴ shên ¹).
lo ² -ch'ung ³		裸蟲	"naked insects," the human species (naked).
lo ² -shên ¹		裸身	stark naked, the naked body.
lo ²	疔	癩 745a552c	a gathering, a fester,
lo ² -li ⁴		癩癧	scrofula.
lo ²	才手	攞 746a552b	to split, to rend; to take, to choose, to select.

* Note 6b.

† Note 67.

- lo² 口 略 618b553a noise of wrangling, disputing; a final sound. See [ko¹]
- LO⁴ 艸 卍 落 748b553b to let fall, to fall, to drop. See *lao⁴* and *la⁴*.
- lo⁴-chiao³ 脚 落脚 to rest the legs (ta¹ ta¹ chiao³).
- lo⁴-fei⁴ 落 落 落 to set aside, to abolish.
- lo⁴-hu⁴ 落 落 落 落 戶 an emigrant, to take up residence (hsia⁴ hu⁴).
- lo⁴-hua¹ 落 落 落 落 花 falling of flowers (tiao¹ hsieh⁴).
- lo⁴-hua¹-liu²-shui³ 落 落 落 流水 happy-go-lucky.
- lo⁴-hua¹-shêng¹ 落 落 花生 ground-nuts, pea-nuts (ch'ang² shêng¹ kuo³).
- lo⁴-k'uan³ 落 落 欸 落 欸 to affix your name to scrolls, etc. (of the writer)
- lo⁴-lei⁴ 落 落 淚 落 淚 to drop tears, to weep (liu² lei⁴). [only].
- lo⁴-ma³ 落 落 馬 to fall from a horse.
- lo⁴-mo⁴ 落 落 墨 "to drop ink," to write.
- lo⁴-mo⁴ 落 落 寞 "fallen into silence," decayed.
- lo⁴-pang³ 落 落 榜 unsuccessful candidates.
- lo⁴-pên³-ch'ien³ 落 落 本 錢 to advance capital.
- lo⁴-p'o⁴ 落 落 魄 no energy, utterly, without life or spirit.
- lo⁴-pi³ 落 落 筆 to begin to write.
- lo⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴ 落 落 不是 to have fault found with.
- lo⁴-shui³ 落 落 水 to fall into water; water sinks or falls.
- lo⁴-shui³-ch'ui¹-shih³ 落 落 水 出 石 figurative for "the truth will out."
- lo⁴-ti⁴ 落 落 地 to fall to earth, e. g., new-born child.
- lo⁴-ti⁴-p'ao⁴ 落 落 地 砲 a bomb-shell.
- lo⁴-ti⁴ 落 落 第 fails to pass for *chin shih*
- lo⁴-ting⁴-yin² 落 落 定 銀 to pay earnest-money.
- lo⁴ 駝 駝 駝 駝 748a553b the camel.
- lo⁴-t'o³ 駝 駝 駝 same.
- lo⁴-t'o³-jung³ 駝 駝 絨 camel's wool.
- lo⁴-t'o³-mao² 駝 駝 毛 camel's hair.
- lo⁴-t'o³-yao¹ 駝 駝 腰 hump-back (lo⁴ kuo¹).
- lo⁴ 摞 摞 摞 744c552b to pile up.
- lo⁴-li⁴ 摞 摞 利 steady (wên² tang¹).
- lo⁴-tsai⁴-i¹-k'uai⁴ 摞 摞 在一塊 to pile together, as bricks.
- lo⁴ (tsü) 糸 絡 絡 747c553a a net; threads; blood vessels. See *lao⁴*.
- LOU³ (tsü) 木 樓 樓 750a513a an upper story, a tower.
- lou³-fang³ 樓 樓 房 a house with an upper story.
- lou³-hsia⁴ 樓 樓 下 a ground floor.
- lou³-ko³ 樓 樓 閣 an upper chamber.
- lou³-mên³-Lou¹-ch'uang¹ 樓 門 樓 窗 doors and windows of fine house.
- lou³-shang⁴ 樓 樓 上 up-stairs, in an upper story.
- lou³-shang⁴-lou² 樓 樓 上 樓 the mallow; three-storied, many-storied.
- lou³-t'ai³-tien⁴-ko³ 樓 樓 臺 殿 閣 fine buildings.

lou ² -t'i ¹		樓梯	751a513b	a staircase (hu ⁴ t'i ¹).
lou ²	骨	骸	751a513c	the skull (tu ² lou ²).
lou ² -ku ³		骸骨		the skull (nao ³ kai ⁴).
lou ²	耒	耩	750b513c	a dibbling machine.
lou ²	虫	螻	750c513c	mole cricket.

LOU ³	手 扌	摟	750a513b	to draw, to pull, to drag; to embrace, to enfold.
lou ¹ -ch'ai ² -huo ³		摟柴		to rake fuel together.
lou ² -cho ² -hai ² -tzü ³		摟着孩子		to carry a child in arms.
lou ³ -cho ³		摟著		to embrace, embracing.
lou ³ -chu ⁴		摟住		to hold fast in the arms (huai ³ pao ⁴).
lou ³ -ch'u ³ -tzü ³		摟處子		to elope with a virgin.
lou ¹ -fên ⁴ -ti ¹		摟糞的		to collect manure.
lou ² -i ¹ -shang ¹		摟衣裳		to hold up the dress.
lou ¹ -pao ¹ -êrh ² -ti ¹		摟包兒的		one who carries children about.
lou ³ -pao ⁴		摟抱		to embrace, enfold.
lou ¹ -t'ou ² -i ¹ -kang ⁴		摟頭一槓		a blow on the head.
lou ² -tsai ⁴ -huai ² -chung ¹		摟在懷中		to embrace, to hold to one's bosom.
lou ¹ -tsai ⁴ -t'a ¹ -shou ³		摟在他手	750b514a	to embrace.
lou ³ (tzü)	竹	篋		a bamboo basket, a hamper (lan ³ tzü ³).
lou ³ -k'uang ¹		篋		same.

LOU ⁴	水 氵	漏	751a514b	to leak, to drip, to ooze; to let out, to disclose.
lou ⁴ -chih ¹		漏卮		a syphon.
lou ⁴ -fang ³ -tzü ³		漏房子		a leaky house.
lou ⁴ -hsia ⁴		漏下		to drip down; to leave behind.
lou ⁴ -hsieh ⁴		漏洩		to leak; to let out a secret (hsieh ⁴ lon ⁴).
lou ⁴ -k'o ⁴		漏刻		a water time keeper.
lou ⁴ -kuei ⁴		漏櫃		leakages in the till (pilfering).
lou ⁴ -k'ung ⁴		漏空		to be off one's guard (lêng ³ pu ⁴ fang ³).
lou ⁴ -pi ³		漏筆		an omission from an account.
lou ⁴ -shao ³		漏勺		a cullender, a strainer.
lou ⁴ -shao ³ -wai ³ -shui ²		漏勺昏水		of no advantage, nothing gained.
lou ⁴ -t'ien ¹		漏天		to leak, as a roof, the sky showing through.
lou ⁴ -tzü ³		漏子		a funnel (liu ² shui ³).
lou ⁴ -wang ³		漏網		to escape out of the net, to escape (as a criminal).
lou ⁴	雨	露	752b557c	to disclose, to discover, to divulge. See lu ⁴ .
lou ⁴ -cho ³ -jou ⁴		露着肉		his skin is seen through his clothes.
lou ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -jai ³		露出來		to disclose, to discover. [ch'u ¹ shih ³].
lou ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -ma ³ -chiao ³		露出馬脚		to be found out; to show one's hand (lo ⁴ shui ³
lou ⁴ -liao ³ -hsiang ⁴		露了像		the appearance is revealed.
lou ⁴ -liao ³ -hsien ⁴ -tzü ³		露了餡子		fig. the cat is out of the bag.
lou ⁴ -liao ³ -pai ²		露了白		the thing is revealed.

lou ⁴ -mien ⁴		露面	to show or disclose the face.
lou ⁴ -mien ⁴ -ts'ang ² -ssü ¹		露面藏私	deceit.
lou ⁴ -t'i ³		露體	to expose the naked body (ch'ih ⁴ shên ¹).
lou ⁴ -t'ien ¹		露天	exposed to the sky; clear sky through rain clouds.
lou ⁴ -t'ou ²		露頭	to show the head.
lou ⁴	疔 瘻	瘻 750b514b	[etc. an ulcer, a swelling, an old sore, <i>fistula in ano</i> , same (chih ⁴ ch'uang ¹).
lou ⁴ -ch'uang ¹		瘻 瘡	same.
lou ⁴ -yung ¹		瘻 癰	same.
lou ⁴	卑 仄	陋 751a514c	ngly; low, mean; petty, obscure; a dirty alley.
lou ⁴ -chien ⁴		陋 賤	base, mean (ch'ou ² lou ⁴).
lou ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		陋 巷	a narrow lane, an alley (hu ² t'ung ⁴).
LU ¹	口	磨 ○ ○ 557a	speech; to flatter; to speak indistinctly.
lu ¹ -liao ² -tsui ³		噘了嘴	pout out the lips (ch'ueh ¹ tsui ³).
LU ²	火 炉	爐 754c555a	a stove, a fireplace, a furnace (tsao ⁴).
lu ² -fang ²		爐 房	a mint; a government assay shop.
lu ² -hui ¹		爐 灰	ashes.
lu ² -t'iao ²		爐 條	the bars of a grate.
lu ² -t'ou ²		爐 頭	overseer in a mint or foundry.
lu ² -tsao ⁴		爐 灶	a kitchen stove.
lu ² -tzu ³		爐 子	a fireplace.
lu ²	肉 月	臙 755b555b	the skin; arranged in order; to report.
lu ² -chang ⁴		臙 脹	the stomach swollen.
lu ² -chên ⁴		臙 陣	spread out; arranged-
lu ² -tsü ⁴		臙 叙	set in order.
lu ² -lich ² -t'iao ² -kuan ³		臙 列 條 欸	the items in order.
lu ² -yen ²		臙 言	to hand down sayings, to communicate maxims.
lu ²	广	廬 754c555a	a cottage, a mat hut.
lu ² -fang ²		廬 房	same.
lu ² -shê ⁴		廬 舍	same.
lu ²	艸 升 芦	蘆 755b555c	a kind of reeds (wei ³ lu ²).
lu ² -hsi ²		蘆 席	reed mats.
lu ² -hua ¹		蘆 花	the flowers of reeds.
lu ² -kên ¹		蘆 根	reed roots (a medicine).
lu ² -tzu ³		蘆 子	reeds.
lu ² -tzu ³ -ts'ao ²		蘆 子 草	reeds partially grown.
lu ² -wei ³		蘆 葦	reeds, rushes.
lu ² -wei ⁴		蘆 蒼	a sort of medicine.
lu ²	車	轆 755c555c	a windlass to draw water; a block, a pulley.
lu ² -chou ²		轆 軸	axle of a windlass.
lu ² -lu ²		轆 轆	a windlass (see lu ⁴ lu ²).
lu ²	金	鑪 554c	stove, a caesar.

lu ²	其體	顛	755c556a	the head, the skull, the forehead.
LU ³		鹵	756a556a	salt, natural salt ; coarse, rude.
lu ² -mang ⁵		鹵莽		rough, careless, abrupt, uncivil, rude.
lu ² -yen ²		鹵鹽		natural salt.
lu ² -yü ²		鹵魚		salted fish.
lu ²	水	滷	756b556b	salt land, bitter, salt.
lu ² -chi ¹		滷雞		salted chicken.
lu ² -hsia ¹		滷蝦		a kind of shrimp sauce ; salted shrimps.
lu ² -mien ⁴		滷麵		vermicelli with thick gravy.
lu ² -shui ²		滷水		lye (used in making bean curd, etc.).
lu ² -t'ang ² -tzu ³		滷湯子		same.
lu ²	魚	魯	754a556c	stupid, dull, blunt ; mixed, confused ; Shantung, Shantung.
lu ² -kuo ²		魯國		a native of Shantung.
lu ² -kuo ² -jén ²		魯國人		dull, stupid, blunt (yü ¹ cho ¹ , ch'un ² pên ⁴).
lu ² -mang ²		魯莽		vulgar, ill-behaved, unmannerly.
lu ² -tun ⁴		魯鈍		a large oar, a scull.
lu ²	木櫓	櫓	754a557a	a large oar, a scull.
lu ²	石	礮	756b556b	sand, pebbles, shingle.
LU ⁴	足	路	751c557a	a road, a track, a path, a passage, a way.
lu ⁴ -an ⁴		路案		a case of highway robbery.
lu ⁴ -cha ² -jén ² -ch'ou ²		路窄人稠		the road is narrow and people many.
lu ⁴ -ch'êng ²		路程		route by which a person travels.
lu ⁴ -ch'êng ² -tan ¹		路程單		a road-guide.
lu ⁴ -chi ⁴		路祭		sacrifice by road side.
lu ⁴ -chieh ²		路截		highway-robbery (tuan ⁴ lu ⁴ chieh ² ching ⁴).
lu ⁴ -chin ²		路緊		road is dangerous.
lu ⁴ -ching ⁴		路徑		a road, a cross-road or short cut.
lu ⁴ -ching ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shu ²		路徑不熟		not familiar with the road.
lu ⁴ -ching ⁴ -pu ⁴ -t'ung ¹		路徑不通		no thoroughfare.
lu ⁴ -ching ⁴ -jén ² -hsi ¹		路靜人稀		very few people about on the roads.
lu ⁴ -chiu ²		路酒		a parting glass, stirrup cup.
lu ⁴ -chiü ¹ -mai ⁴ -tang ⁴		路費賣當		cheats, quacks, etc.
lu ⁴ -fei ⁴		路費		travelling expenses (p'an ² ch'an ²).
lu ⁴ -jén ²		路人		traveller, outsider.
lu ⁴ -kuo ⁴		路過		to pass through a place.
lu ⁴ -pi ⁴		路斃		one found dead on the road.
lu ⁴ -p'iao ⁴		路票		a way-bill.
lu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ² -i ²		路不拾遺		not to pick up things dropped-(golden age).
lu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -t'ung ²		路不通		the road is not passable.
lu ⁴ -sé ⁴		路澁		same.
lu ⁴ -tao ²		路倒		the dead body of an outcast.

lu⁴-t'ing¹
 lu⁴-t'u²
 lu⁴-t'u²-yao²-yüan³
 lu⁴-tuan⁴-jên²-hsi¹
 lu⁴-yao²
 lu⁴-yin²
 lu⁴-yü⁴
 lu⁴-yüan³
 lu⁴ 入陸
 lu⁴-ch'u⁴
 lu⁴-chüan⁴
 lu⁴-ku²
 lu⁴-pu⁴
 lu⁴ 阜阜
 lu⁴-hsü⁴
 lu⁴-hsü⁴-lai²-ti¹
 lu⁴-lu⁴
 lu⁴-tao⁴
 lu⁴-ti⁴-hsing²-chou¹
 lu⁴ 禾
 lu⁴-chu²
 lu⁴-i¹
 lu⁴-i¹-lang²
 lu⁴-lin²
 lu⁴-p'ao²
 lu⁴-po¹
 lu⁴-ya¹
 lu⁴-ying²
 lu⁴ 金
 lu⁴-chi²
 lu⁴-mu⁴
 lu⁴-san¹-tz'ü⁴
 lu⁴-shih¹-i¹-shou²
 lu⁴-ti⁴
 lu⁴ 鹿
 lu⁴-chi¹-chiao¹
 lu⁴-chiao¹
 lu⁴-chiao¹-ts'ai⁴
 lu⁴-chin¹
 lu⁴-jung²
 lu⁴-ming²-yen⁴
 lu⁴ 戈

路燈
 路途
 路途遙遠
 路斷人稀
 路遙
 路引
 路遇
 路遠
 六畜
 六畜
 六畜
 六部
 陸績
 陸績來的
 陸路
 陸道
 陸地行舟
 綠竹
 綠衣郎
 綠柳
 綠袍
 綠波
 綠鴨
 綠營
 錄籍
 錄目
 錄三次
 錄詩一首
 錄第
 鹿
 鹿犄角
 鹿角
 鹿角菜
 鹿筋
 鹿茸
 鹿鳴宴
 戮

lamps to show the road.
 roads (tao⁴ lu⁴).
 the way is very long.
 a state of anarchy.
 the road is far.
 a passport, a route, a guide for the road,
 to meet one on the road.
 the road is long.
 six. See liu⁴.
 the six kinds of domestic animals. R. 322.
 relative, kindred.
 the six kinds of grain, grain in general. R. 324.
 the six Boards at Peking. G 153-159.
 six; dry land; in succession. See liu⁴.
 following in succession.
 coming in succession.
 dry land, a road by land, a land journey.
 following in succession; dice.
 a road by land (han⁴ lu⁴).
 row a boat on land—impossible.
 green. See lü⁴.
 green bamboo.
 "green clothes," a chief of the Han-lin.
 a chief of the Han-lin.
 the green willow; willow green.
 green robe worn by a Han-lin chief.
 green waves, spring waves.
 wild ducks.
 Chinese troops (not bannermen); barracks.
 to transcribe, to record; a record; a list or
 a record, a register (ts'ê⁴). [index.
 an index (mu⁴ lu⁴).
 three times recorded for merit (an-official).
 to copy a stanza.
 a series, an order, a list; to record.
 the deer.
 antlers.
 deers' horns.
 a sort of vegetable.
 deers' sinews.
 young deers' horns (medicine).
 a banquet to successful M.A.'s.
 to kill, to execute; to hack, to mangle; to

lu ⁴ -chü ¹	戮	誅	to kill, to exterminate.
lu ⁴ -mín ²	戮	民	to injure or oppress the people.
lu ⁴ -shih ¹	*戮	尸	to behead a corpse (one who has died in prison).
lu ⁴	雨	露 752b557c	dew. See <i>lou</i> ⁴ .
lu ⁴ -chü ¹		露 珠	"dew pearls," dew drops.
lu ⁴ -shui ³		露 水	dew.
lu ¹ -shui ³ -fu ¹ -ch'í ¹		露 水 夫 妻	illicit intercourse.
lu ⁴	石	碌 753a563c	uneven, rocky, uneven ground; small; busy.
lu ⁴ -lu ⁴		碌 碌	no ability, stupid; busy.
lu ¹ -lu ⁴ -wu ³ -nêng ³		碌 碌 無 能	stupid, with no ability.
lu ⁴	示	祿 753b563a	blessedness; emoluments, official income.
lu ⁴ -chüeh ²		祿 尊	rank and pay (fêng ⁴ lu ⁴).
lu ⁴ -wei ⁴ -kao ¹ -shêng ¹		祿 位 高 陞	may pay and rank be increased.
lu ⁴	鳥	鶩 752c558a	a kind of pelican, a heron.
lu ⁴ -ssü ¹		鶩 鶩	same.
lu ⁴ -ssü ¹ -pu ³ -fu ²		鶩 鶩 補 服	[fect. the eastern egret, breast decoration of sub-pre-
lu ⁴	車	輓 757b562c	a pulley, a block.
lu ⁴ -lu ²		輓 轆	a windlass for raising water.
lu ⁴	貝	賂 751c557b	to bribe (hui ⁴ lu ⁴).
lu ⁴	毛	氍 747a551c	a sort of hair or woollen cloth (Thibetan).
lu ⁴	金	鑼 752b558c	to stop up, plug (ku ⁴ lu ⁴ kuo ¹).
LÜ ³	馬	驢 765c558a	the donkey.
lü ² -ch'é ⁴	+	驢 車	a donkey cart; a grasshopper.
lü ² -chiao ⁴		驢 叫	the bray of a donkey.
lü ² -chü ¹ -tzu ³	肉	驢 駒 子	a young donkey.
lü ³ -ma ³		驢 馬	donkeys and horses.
lü ² -ming ²		驢 鳴	the bray of a donkey.
lü ² -p'í ³		驢 皮	obstinate, mulish.
LÜ ³	方	旅 766a559b	a stranger, a guest, brothers; an assemblage.
lü ² -hsing ²		旅 行	to travel.
lü ³ -k'ó ⁴		旅 客	a visitor, a guest, a trader.
lü ³ -shé ⁴		旅 舍	an inn (tien ⁴).
lü ² -shun ⁴		旅 順	to go straight or direct.
lü ³ -shun ⁴ -k'ou ³		旅 順 口	Port Arthur (Manchuria).
lü ³ -tao ¹		旅 道	a road.
lü ³ -tien ⁴		旅 店	an inn (k'ó ⁴ chan ⁴).
lü ³ -yü ⁴		旅 寓	an inn, a lodging house.
lü ³	屢	屢 764b559c	many times, repeatedly, frequently (lei ⁴ tz'ü ⁴).
lü ³ -chan ⁴		屢 戰	frequent battles.
lü ³ -i ⁴		屢 易	frequently changing.
lü ³ -li ³		屢 屢	constantly, continually, time after time.

* Note 68.

十 車 Pronounced chü.

lü³-shêng⁴ 屢勝
 lü³-shih⁴-lü³-yen⁴ 屢試屢驗
 lü³-tsao¹-hsiung¹-hsieng³ 屢遭凶險
 lü³-t'zú⁴ 屢次
 lü³ 口 呂 764a559a
 lü³-sung⁴ 呂宋
 lü³-sung⁴-p'iao⁴ 呂宋票
 lü³-tung⁴-pin⁴ 呂洞賓
 lü³-tsu¹-t'zú⁴ 呂祖祠
 lü³ 人 侶 765a559a
 lü³-hsing³ 侶行
 lü³-pan⁴ 侶伴
 lü³ 糸 縷 764b559c
 lü³-ma⁴ 麻
 lü³ 肉 月 脊 766a559b
 lü³-li⁴ 脊力

to gain frequent victories.
 (or 效) as often as you try it, it will succeed.
 oft in perils. [tz'ü]¹.
 several times, repeatedly, often. M. 298 (t'ieh³)
 the spine; notes in music.
 Manila, Spain.
 Manila lottery tickets.
 one of the Eight Immortals,
 temple to Lü Tung-pin.
 an associate, a companion, a fellow-traveller.
 to go in company with another.
 companions, associates.
 silk thread (ssü¹ lsieng⁴).
 silk and flax thread.
 the spine, backbone; strength.
 main strength, great strength.

LÜ¹ 彳 律 766c564a
 lü⁴-fa³ 律法
 lü⁴-li⁴ 律例
 lü⁴-lü³ 律呂
 lü⁴-t'iao³ 律條
 lü⁴ 糸 綠 766b563b
 lü⁴-chu³ 綠竹
 lü⁴-fan³ 綠礬
 lü⁴-tou⁴ 綠豆
 lü⁴ 心 慮 765b560a
 lü⁴-hsiang³ 慮想
 lü⁴-nien⁴ 慮念
 lü¹ 水 澆 765b560c
 lü⁴-shui³-cha¹ 澆水渣
 lü⁴-shui³-lo³ 澆水羅
 lü⁴ 衣 襪 764c559c
 lü⁴-lieh⁴ 襪裂

statutes, laws; to record; to distinguish.
 laws.
 statutes, laws, laws in general. Penal Code.
 the notes of music (six sharp and six flat).
 laws, statutes.
 green. See *lü⁴*.
 green bamboo.
 green vitriol.
 green beans.
 to think; thoughts, anxiety, concern; to desire.
 anxious; to think with anxiety.
 anxious thoughts (ssü¹ lü⁴).
 to strain.
 strain off the sediment.
 a cloth to strain liquids through; a filter.
 folds, pleats; ragged, tattered clothes,
 spoiled or torn clothes.

LUAN² 金 鑾 758a570a
 luan²-chia⁴ 鑾駕
 luan²-chia⁴-k'u⁴ 鑾駕庫
 luan²-i²-wei⁴ 鑾儀衛
 luan²-ling³ 鑾鈴
 luan²-lien⁴ 鑾殿
 luan² 鳥 鸞 758a570b
 luan²-chi¹ 鸞鷄

an imperial carriage; bells. [nalia].
 the imperial carriage; state or official parapher-
 imperial state carriage department in Peking.
 imperial equipage department.
 carriage bells. [dience].
 the imperial hall where the emperor gives au-
 a fabulous bird.
 a kind of pheasant.

<i>luan²-fêng⁴</i>	鸞鳳	male and female ; sexual intercourse.
LUAN³ (<i>tzü</i>)	卵	eggs of birds, testicles of animals, roes of fishes.
<i>luan³-i⁴</i>	卵翼	to cherish, to nourish.
<i>luan³-pao¹-tzü³</i>	卵包子	the scrotum.
<i>luan³-shêng¹</i>	卵生	produced from an egg, oviparous.
<i>luan³-tan⁴</i>	卵蛋	eggs.
LUAN⁴	乙乱	to confuse, to disorder ; confusion. See <i>lan⁴</i> ,
<i>luan⁴-chi¹-ssü¹-chih⁴</i>	亂極思治	at the height of disorder we think of peace.
<i>luan⁴-ch¹-i¹-pa¹-tsao¹</i>	亂七八糟	topsy-turvy (<i>ch¹-i¹ tung¹ pa¹ hsi¹</i>).
<i>luan⁴-hung¹-hung¹-ti¹</i>	亂吐吐的	confused noise and uproar.
<i>luan⁴-jang¹-luan⁴-chiao⁴</i>	亂嚷亂叫	uproarious noises.
<i>luan⁴-ju²-ma²</i>	亂如麻	as confused as hemp.
<i>luan⁴-lün²</i>	亂倫	incest.
<i>luan⁴-pan³-ch¹-u²-ssü³</i>	亂板處死	beaten to death.
<i>luan⁴-p¹-ao³</i>	亂跑	to run wildly about.
<i>luan⁴-shih⁴-mo³-wang³</i>	亂世魔王	a world-disturbing devil.
<i>luan⁴-shuo¹-ti¹</i>	亂說的	to babble, to talk incoherently.
<i>luan⁴-ssü¹-t¹-ou³</i>	亂絲頭	silk refuse ; a blockhead.
<i>luan⁴-t'an³</i>	亂談	confused chatting.
<i>luan⁴-t'an³-ch'iang¹</i>	亂彈腔	noise without tune.
<i>luan⁴-tao³</i>	亂搗	in disorder, unquiet.
<i>luan⁴-tao⁴</i>	亂道	same.
<i>luan⁴-t'ou²-hsü⁴</i>	亂頭緒	tangled ; to lose the clue (<i>mo³ t'ou² hsü⁴</i>).
<i>luan⁴-ts'ai³-kang³-tzü³</i>	亂材岡子	poor man's burial ground.
<i>luan⁴-tzü³</i>	亂子	a disturbance.
<i>luan⁴-ts'ao³-i¹-pan¹</i>	亂草一般	as confused as grass.
LÜAN³	手才	to tie, to bind, to attach as by ligatures.
<i>lüan²</i>	心恋	warm affection for, attachment to. See <i>lien⁴</i> .
LÜEH⁴	田略	a little, in general. See <i>liao⁴</i> .
<i>lüeh⁴-têng³-i¹-têng³</i>	畧等一等	wait a little.
<i>lüeh⁴-ti'en¹-tien³-érh³</i>	畧添點兒	add a very little.
<i>lüeh⁴-wei^{1a}-chih¹-tao⁴</i>	畧微知道	a slight knowledge.
<i>lüeh⁴</i>	手才	to plunder. See <i>liang⁴</i> .
LUN³	手才	to choose ; to connect, to join ; to wield. See <i>lün²</i> ,
<i>lün²-ch'iang¹-wu²-chien⁴</i>	掄槍舞劍	brandishing spear and sword.
<i>lün²-ch'üan²</i>	掄拳	to flourish the fists.
<i>lün²-hsüan⁴-jên³-ts'ai³</i>	掄選人才	to select men of ability.
<i>lün² ta³</i>	掄打	to swing, to flourish, e.g., a whip.

<i>lun²-tsé²</i>	撿	擇	to choose, to select.		
<i>lun²-ts'ai²</i>	撿	才	to select men of ability.		
<i>lun²-ts'ai²</i>	撿	材	to select materials.		
<i>lun²-yüan²</i>	撿	元	to come out first at an examination.		
<i>lun²</i>	車	輪	760b566a a wheel; large, great; north and south. See <i>lün²</i> .		
<i>lun²-chuan²</i>		輪	轉	to go through a series.	
<i>lun²-ch'uan²</i>		輪	船	a steamer.	
<i>lun²-huan⁴</i>		輪	換	to change alternately; to serve in turn.	
<i>lun²-hui²</i>		輪	迴	"turn of the wheel," to die, transmigration.	
<i>lun²-liu²</i>		輪	流	to change alternately; to serve in turn.	
<i>lun²-liu²-k'an¹-shou²</i>		輪	流	看守	to mount guard by turns.
<i>lun²-pan¹</i>		輪	班	to serve in turn.	
<i>lun²-tzu²</i>		輪	子	a wheel (<i>ku¹ lun²</i>).	
<i>lun²-yüeh⁴</i>		輪	月	alternate months.	
<i>lun²</i>	糸	綸	759c566a to wind silk; to classify, to adjust. See <i>lün²</i> .		
<i>lun²-hsü⁴</i>		綸	絮	a clue, a thread.	
<i>lun²-shêng²</i>		綸	繩	a fishing line.	
<i>lun² (or lim)</i>	山	崑	崑	759b565b Kunlun mountains (Koulkun).	
<i>lun² (lán)</i>	口	圖	圖	759b565b whole. See <i>hu¹ lun²</i> .	
<i>lun² (lün)</i>	水	淪	淪	759c565c lost. See <i>ch'ên² lün²</i> .	

LUN ⁴	言	論	760a566c to discuss, to consult, to reason. See <i>lün⁴</i> .			
<i>lun⁴-ch'ang⁴-lun⁴-tuan²</i>		論	長	論	短	to canvass the merits and demerits.
<i>lun⁴-chéng⁴</i>		論	政			to discuss politics.
<i>lun²-ch'i²-ché⁴-ko⁴</i>		論	起	這	個	with reference to this.
<i>lun⁴-chin²</i>		論	斤			by the pound.
<i>lun⁴-kung²</i>		論	工			work done by the day.
<i>lun²-kung¹-lun⁴-kuo⁴</i>		論	功	論	過	to estimate the merit or demerit—of official.
<i>lun⁴-lai²-lun²-ch'ü⁴</i>		論	來	論	去	to consider in all its bearings.
<i>lun⁴-li²</i>		論	理			to reason or argue, to be reasonable (<i>chiang² li²</i>).
<i>lun⁴-pn⁴-lun⁴-li²</i>		論	不	論	理	unreasonable argument.
<i>lun²-sui⁴-shu⁴</i>		論	歲	數		according to age.
<i>lun⁴-tao⁴</i>		論	道			to discourse on right principles.
<i>lun⁴-tao⁴</i>		論	到			as to, with reference to. M. 421.
<i>lun²-ting⁴</i>		論	定			to settle.
<i>lun²-tuan⁴</i>		論	斷			same.
<i>lun²-yü²</i>		論	語			[656. the Discourses or Analects of Confucius. W. I.]

LÜN ² (<i>lun</i>)	車	輪	760b566a a wheel; large, great; north and south.	
<i>lün²-chuan²</i>		輪	轉	to revolve, to circulate.
<i>lün²-ch'uan²</i>		輪	船	a steam vessel.
<i>lün²-hui²</i>		輪	迴	the doctrine of metempsychosis (<i>t'o¹ shêng¹</i>).
<i>lün²-liu²</i>		輪	流	to serve in turn or alternately.

<i>lün²-liu²-chih²-jih⁴</i>	輪流值日	to serve alternate days.
<i>lün²</i>	人倫 759a565a	species, class, kindred, relation; right, proper.
<i>län²-ch'ang²</i>	倫常	"relations and virtues." See 五倫 and 五常.
<i>lün²-li³</i>	倫理	proper, right.
<i>lün²-tu²</i>	倫敦	London.
<i>lün²-ts'ü⁴</i>	倫次	order, in order.
<i>lün²</i>	手才造 輪 759b565b	to choose, to connect, to join together. See <i>lun²</i> .
<i>lün²</i>	口 輪 759b565b	round, complete, entire (lu ¹ lun ²).
<i>lün²</i>	糸 綸 759c566a	to wind silk; to classify, to adjust. See <i>lun²</i> .
<i>lün²</i>	水 淪 759c565c	eddy, whirl, lost.
<i>lün²</i>	水 淋 734a540b	to get wet. Also <i>lin²</i> .
<i>lün²-liao³-i¹-su⁴</i>	淋了一宿	rained on for a whole night.
LÜN⁴ (lun)	言 論 760a566c	to discuss, to consult. See <i>lun⁴</i> .
LUNG³	龍 龍 760c567a	the dragon; imperial. R. 141. 212th radical.
<i>lung²-chao³</i>	龍爪	dragon's claws; the emperor's hands,
<i>lung²-chao³-huai²</i>	龍爪槐	a sort of locust tree.
<i>lung²-ching¹-hu²-mu⁴</i>	龍睛虎目	fierce looking.
<i>lung²-ch'uan²</i>	龍船	dragon boats in 5th of 5th moon festival. [816. W. I.
<i>lung²-ch'üan²-chien⁴</i>	龍泉劍	swords from Lungch'uan,
<i>lung²-ch'uang²</i>	龍床	the imperial bed.
<i>lung²-fêng⁴-ch'êng²-hsiang³</i>	龍鳳呈祥	very auspicious.
<i>lung²-fêng⁴-ping³</i>	龍鳳餅	wedding cake.
<i>lung²-fêng⁴-shan⁴</i>	龍鳳扇	a fan with dragons and phoenixes.
<i>lung²-hsing²-hu³-pu⁴</i>	龍行虎步	majestic movements.
<i>lung²-hsing⁴</i>	龍性	spirited, mettlesome (of horses).
<i>lung²-hsü²-ts'ai⁴</i>	龍鬚菜	asparagus.
<i>lung²-hu³-pang³</i>	龍虎榜	the list published of successful M.A. graduates.
<i>lung²-i¹</i>	龍衣	imperial robes.
<i>lung²-kan¹-fêng⁴-sui³</i>	龍肝鳳髓	delicious viands.
<i>lung²-ku²</i>	龍骨	a keel.
<i>lung²-kua⁴</i>	龍挂	a water-spout.
<i>lung²-lin³</i>	龍鱗	the dragon's scales.
<i>lung²-mên²</i>	龍門	gate of examination hall.
<i>lung²-mo⁴</i>	龍脈	the dragon's pulse.
<i>lung²-nü³</i>	龍女	a wonderful daughter.
<i>lung²-p'ao²</i>	龍袍	imperial robe.
<i>lung²-pi³</i>	龍筆	the imperial pencil.
<i>lung²-shê²</i>	龍蛇	dragons and serpents; flourishes (in writing).
<i>lung²-shê²-hun⁴-tsa³</i>	龍蛇混雜	dragons and snakes mixing promiscuously.
<i>lung²-shêng¹-fêng⁴-yang</i>	龍生鳳養	his parents are very high-born.
<i>lung²-shêng¹-lung²</i>	龍生龍	like produces like.

lung ² -t'ai ² -t'ou ²	龍抬頭	on the 2nd of the 2nd moon-
lung ² -tan ³	龍膽	gentian.
lung ² -tan ³ -ts'ao ³	龍胆草	a sort of medicine.
lung ² -t'ou ² -kuai ² -chang ⁴	龍頭拐杖	a staff with dragon's head.
lung ² -tzü ² -lung ² sun ¹	龍子龍孫	wonderful children.
lung ² -wang ³	龍王	dragon king, god of rain.
lung ² -wei ⁴	龍位	the imperial throne.
lung ² -yen ²	龍涎	the dragon's spittle.
lung ² -yen ² -ta ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	龍顏大悅	the imperial face showed much joy.
lung ² -yen ²	龍眼	"dragon's eyes," lung-ngan; the imperial glance.
lung ² -yen ² -jou ⁴	龍眼肉	lung-ngan pulp.
lung ² -yen ² -yü ²	龍眼魚	a kind of spotted gold-fish.
lung ²	阜 隆	763b567c [rich. imperial, high, eminent, glorious; abundant.
lung ² -hou ⁴	隆厚	thick, substantial; wealthy.
lung ² -kuei ⁴	隆貴	noble.
lung ² -shêng ⁴	隆盛	full, abundant.
lung ² -to ¹	隆多	numerous, abundant.
lung ² -tung ¹	隆冬	the depth of winter.
lung ²	革 籠	763b568c a bridle.
lung ² -chiang ²	籠經	same.
lung ² -t'ou ²	籠頭	same.
lung ² -tsui ²	籠嘴	a muzzle, to muzzle.
lung ²	竹 籠	762c568a a cage, a basket; to hoard up; to monopolize.
lung ² -lo ⁴	籠絡	to entice, to tempt; to negotiate.
lung ² -t'i ⁴	籠屉	a steamer for cooking things in.
lung ²	耳 聾	763a568b deaf, deafness (ya ³ pa ²).
lung ² -êrl ² -to ²	聾耳朵	same.
lung ² -tzü ² -ta ² -ch'a ²	聾子打岔	a deaf man misunderstanding.
lung ²	火 爇	○ ○ fire; to light; to warm.
lung ² -huo ⁴	爇火	to light a fire (shêng ² huo ³).
lung ² -lu ² (tzü)	爇爐	to light the stove.
lung ² -p'ên ² -t'an ⁴ -huo ²	爇盆炭火	light a dish of charcoal.
lung ²	月 朧	762b568a confused, drowsy; fat.
lung ² -fei ²	朧肥	fat (p'ang ⁴).
lung ²	口 朧	761c568a throat (hou ² lung ²).
lung ²	穴 窿	762a567c a hole (k'u ¹ lung ²).

LUNG ³	手 攏	762a568c to collect together, to grasp, to seize.
lung ³ -t'ai ¹ -ti ¹ -hsin ¹	攏他的心	to guess his intention.
lung ³ -t'ou ²	攏頭	to comb the head.
lung ³ -tsung ²	攏總	total, altogether.
lung ³ -tzü ²	攏子	a woman's comb.
lung ³ -yung ²	攏攏	to collect or crowd together.

lung ³	阜 隴	隴 763b568c ₂	a bank, a dyke, a ridge,
lung ³ -hsi ¹		隴西	S. E. corner of Kansu,
lung ³ -hsi ¹ -shih ⁴		隴西氏	the family 李.
lung ³ -huo ⁴		隴貨	to monopolize goods,
lung ³ -tuan ⁴ ⁴		隴斷	to monopolize.
lung ³ -tzu ²		隴子	a bank, a dyke.
lung ³	人 侏	侏 764a569c ₂	ignorant, stupid, silly; to do.
lung ³ -yü ² ²		侏愚	to make a fool of, etc.
lung ³	土 壟	壟 762a568c ₁	a grave, a mound, a hillock.
lung ³ -ch'iu ² ²		壟丘	same.
lung ³	木 櫪	櫪 762b568a ₂	a cage; a railing.
LJNG ⁴	升 弄	弄 763c569b ₂	see nung ⁴ .
LÜO ⁴	手 扌	掠 768b547b ₁	to rob, to plunder, to take by violence. [liang ⁴ . See
lüo ⁴ -ch'ü ² ²		掠取	to take by violence (lo ¹ lüo ⁴).
lüo ⁴ -min ²		掠民	to oppress, and extort from the people.
lüo ⁴ -to ²		掠奪	to rob, to plunder, to take by violence.
MA ¹	女	媽 770a572a ₂	mama, mother, dame.
ma ¹ -ma ¹		媽媽	mama, mother.
ma ¹ -ma ¹ -tzu ² ²		媽媽子	a dame; dame.
ma ¹	虫 蟆	蟆 771a571b ₁	the frog (ha ² ma ¹).
ma ¹	亥 麼	麼 803b602c ₁	interrogative particle. See mo ¹ .
MA ²	麻	麻 771a571a ₁	hemp; numbness,
ma ² -ch'iao ² -érh ²		麻雀兒	sparrow.
ma ² -fan ²		麻繁	cantankerous.
ma ² -hsien ⁴		麻綫	hemp thread.
ma ² -ku ¹ -hsien ¹		麻姑仙	a female immortal.
ma ² -liao ³		麻了	numb, asleep (as the hand or foot).
ma ² -ma ² -mu ⁴ -mu ⁴		麻麻木木	same.
ma ² -mu ⁴		麻木	same.
ma ² -su ⁴ -su ⁴ -ti ²		麻慄慄的	petrified by fright; quaking.
ma ² -tao ¹		麻刀	chopped rope for mixing with mortar.
ma ² -tzu ³		麻子	hemp seeds, pock-marks,
ma ² -tzu ³ -érh ²		麻子兒	pock-marks.
ma ²	艸 苧	苧 771b571b ₁	hemp.
ma ² -fan ² -pu ⁴		苧帆布	canvas, sailcloth.
ma ² -hua ¹		苧花	twist (made of dough), crullers,
ma ² -i ¹		苧衣	linen clothes,
ma ² -li ⁴ -mu ⁴		苧栗木	teak.
ma ² -li ⁴ -shu ⁴ -pan ³		苧栗樹板	teak planks.

<i>ma²-liao³-hua¹</i>	藤了花	threadbare, frayed (as clothes).
<i>ma²-lien²</i>	藤蓮	coarse hempen sacking.
<i>ma²-lien²-pu⁴</i>	藤蓮布	same.
<i>ma²-pu⁴</i>	藤布	linen.
<i>ma²-shang³</i>	藤繩	hempen string or cord.
<i>ma²-tai⁴</i>	藤袋	a sack, a linen bag.
<i>ma²-tzü³-rñ³</i>	藤子兒	hemp seed.
<i>ma²-tzü³-yu²</i>	藤子油	hemp seed oil.
<i>ma²</i>	目	to see indistinctly.
<i>ma²-hu¹</i>	目曆曆	same.
MA³	馬	
<i>ma³-an¹-tzü³</i>	馬鞍子	the horse.
<i>ma³-ch'a¹-i³</i>	馬叉椅	a saddle.
<i>ma³-chang³</i>	馬鞦韆	a camp or folding stool.
<i>ma³-ch'é¹</i>	馬車	horse-shoes.
<i>ma³-ch'é³-shou³</i>	馬手	horses and carts; farmer's large cart.
<i>ma³-ch'ien²</i>	馬戔	reins, bridle.
<i>ma³-ch'ien²-k'o⁴</i>	馬前課	a doctor's fee.
<i>ma³-ch'ih³-hsien⁴</i>	馬齒莧	auguries before a journey.
<i>ma³-fan⁴-tzü³</i>	馬販子	spinach
<i>ma³-fang²</i>	馬房	a horse dealer.
<i>ma³-fung⁴-nan²-shan¹</i>	馬放南山	a stable.
<i>ma³-feng¹</i>	馬蜂	i. e., a time of peace.
<i>ma³-feng¹-wo¹</i>	馬蜂窩	the horse-fly, hornet, a wasp.
<i>ma³-feng¹-yao¹</i>	馬蜂腰	a wasp's nest; honey-combed (as a gun).
<i>ma³-fu¹</i>	馬夫	wasp-waisted (of men).
<i>ma³-hao⁴</i>	馬號	a groom.
<i>ma³-hou⁴-k'o⁴</i>	馬後課	a stable.
<i>ma³-i¹</i>	馬衣	wise after the event.
<i>ma³-i³-érh³</i>	馬尾兒	horse clothes.
<i>ma³-i³-pa¹</i>	馬尾把	horse hair, horse tails.
<i>ma³-i³-tsuan³</i>	馬尾纂	same.
<i>ma³-i³-lo²</i>	馬尾羅	false hair worn by women.
<i>ma³-ju⁴</i>	馬褥	a horse-hair sieve (for flour).
<i>ma³-k'ou²</i>	馬口	a pad, seat of a Chinese saddle.
<i>ma³-k'ou⁴-t'ieh³</i>	馬口鐵	mouth of the urethra.
<i>ma³-kua⁴</i>	馬褂	tin plates.
<i>ma³-k'uai⁴</i>	馬快	a short coat, a riding jacket.
<i>ma³-lang³</i>	馬螂	runners, thief-catchers.
<i>ma³-lê⁴</i>	馬勒	a dragon-fly (ching ¹ t'ing ⁴).
<i>ma³-li⁴</i>	馬利	a bridle, reins.
<i>ma³-lien²-hua¹</i>	馬蓮花	quickly.
		a sort of wild blue-flag.

ma³-liu² 馬流
 ma³-lu⁴ 馬路
 ma³-ma³-li⁴-li⁴ 馬馬利利
 ma³-niu²-yang² 馬牛羊
 ma³-pa¹-shih⁴ 馬把勢
 ma³-p'u² 馬爬
 ma³-p'ai²-tzü² 馬牌子
 ma³-pang⁴ 馬棒
 ma³-p'êng² 馬棚
 ma³-p'i³ 馬匹
 ma³-piao² 馬表
 ma³-pieh¹ 馬籠
 ma³-pien¹ tzü² 馬鞭子
 ma³-pu⁴-chien⁴ 馬步箭
 ma³-pu⁴-t'i¹ 馬不踢
 ma³-pu⁴-ling⁴-t'i² 馬不定蹏
 ma³-sa¹-huz¹ 馬撒歡
 ma³-shang¹ 馬上
 ma³-shang¹-chao²-ma³ 馬上找馬
 ma³-shung¹-chiu⁴-lai² 馬上就來
 ma³-shang¹-tso⁴ 馬上做
 ma³-shao²-ts'ai⁴ 馬杓菜子
 ma³-shua¹-tzü² 馬刷子
 ma³-shou²-ch'iang¹ 馬手鎗
 ma³-tao⁴-ch'êng²-kung¹ 馬到成功
 ma³-têng⁴ 馬蹬
 ma³-t'i² 馬蹄
 ma³-t'i²-fên² 馬蹄粉
 ma³-t'i²-su¹ 馬蹄酥
 ma³-t'ou²-tiao⁴-êrh² 馬頭調兒
 ma³-tu³-tai⁴ 馬肚帶
 ma³-ts'uan⁴ 馬驢
 ma³-ts'ao² 馬槽
 ma³-ts'ê⁴ 馬策
 ma³-tui⁴ 馬隊
 ma³-t'ung² 馬桶
 ma³-wei³-sung¹ 馬尾松
 ma³-ying¹ 馬膺
 ma³-yu²-lou⁴-t'i³ 馬有漏蹄
 ma³ 石碼
 ma³-nao² 碼礮
 ma³-t'ou² 碼頭
 ma³-tzü² 碼子

dissolute, profligate.
 a high-road, roads generally.
 quickly.
 cattle.
 horse breaking or training ; a horse-trainer.
 a curry-comb.
 a mounted courier.
 a large cudgel carried by mounted robbers.
 a shed for horses.
 horses.
 hunting-case watch.
 horse-leeches.
 a horsewhip.
 horse and foot archery.
 the horse does not kick.
 without cessation.
 the horse prances, rushes about in play.
 on horse back, quickly, at once.
 absence of mind.
 I will come immediately.
 to do anything quickly.
 name of a milky sort of weed.
 a horse-brush.
 carbines.
 no sooner there than done ; promptly.
 stirrup irons.
 a horses' hoof ; water-chestnuts,
 arrowroot.
 cakes made of arrowroot.
 the name of a tune.
 a girth or surcingle.
 the horse prances.
 a horse trough, a manger.
 a horsewhip.
 cavalry.
 a commode.
 horse-tail pine.
 a girth, a breastplate.
 the horse's footing is unsteady.
 the carnelian ; weights ; a yard.
 the carnelian.
 a jetty, a mart on a river.
 weights.

ma ³ -tzu ⁴		碼字	the weighing character ; standard weights.
ma ³ -i ⁵	玉	瑪 770b572b	the carnelian.
ma ³ -nao ³		瑪瑙	same.
ma ³ -nao ³ -chu ¹		瑪瑙珠	carnelian beads.
ma ³	虫	蚂 770c572b	a leech ; the ant.
ma ³ -cha ³		蚂蚱	the locust, the grasshopper.
ma ³ -feng ¹		蚂蜂	a hornet.
ma ³ -i ³		蚂蟥	the ant.
ma ³ -i ² -pu ⁴		蚂蟥布	cottonades or cottons unclassified.
ma ³ -shē ³ -tzu ³		蚂蛇子	a kind of lizard.
ma ³	疒	麻 771b571b	the small-pox, the measles.
ma ³ -chéng ⁴		痲症	the measles.
ma ³ -feng ¹		痲瘋	leprosy.
ma ³ -tzu ³		痲子	the small-pox ; a pock-marked person.
ma ³	口	嗎 770a572b	an interrogative particle. M. 20.
MA ⁴	网	罵 770b572b	to rail, to abuse, to revile.
ma ⁴ -chi ³ -chi ³ -ti ¹		罵唧唧的	continual scolding.
ma ⁴ -chieh ¹		罵街	to get drunk and abuse anybody.
ma ⁴ -ma ⁴ -lieh ³ -lieh ³		罵罵咧咧	constantly railing.
ma ⁴ -ming ²		罵名	an execrated name.
ma ⁴ -ming ² -ch'ien ¹ -tsai ³		罵名千載	forever execrated name.
ma ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'ieh ³ -k'ou ³		罵不絕口	to curse without ceasing.
ma ⁴ -t'ā ¹ -i ³ -tun ⁴		罵他一頓	give him a scolding.
ma ⁴ (tzu)	衣	禡 770b572c	paper effigy of a god.
MAI ³	土	埋 770a573a	to bury, to conceal ; to lay up. See man ³ .
mai ³ -fu ³		埋伏	an ambush, an ambuscade.
mai ³ -jên ³		埋人	to bury a person ; to conceal a person.
mai ³ -mo ⁴		埋沒	to conceal, to hide.
mai ³ -t'ou ³		埋頭	to pretend not to know.
mai ³ -t'ou ³ -mai ³ -nao ³		埋頭埋腦	same.
mai ³ -tsang ⁴		埋葬	to bury, to inter.
mai ³ -ts'ang ²		埋藏	to conceal, to hoard in secret, to store up.
mai ³ -tui ¹		埋堆	to heap up.
MAI ³	貝	買 772b573c	to buy, to purchase.
mai ³ -chien ⁴		買賤	to buy cheap.
mai ³ -chu ³		買主	the purchaser.
mai ³ -feng ¹		買奉	to curry favor with, to bribe.
mai ³ -fu ² -jên ³ -hain ¹		買服人心	to capture people's hearts, e. g., unfairly.
mai ³ -hui ⁴		買賄	to bribe.
mai ³ -k'o ⁴		買客	a customer.

mai³-mai⁴
 mai³-mai⁴-jên²
 mai³-mai⁴-liao³-liao³
 mai³-mai⁴-p'ei²-liao³
 mai³-ming²
 mai³-pan⁴
 mai³-pu⁴-ch'i³
 mai³-pu⁴-lai²
 mai³-pu⁴-liao³
 mai³-pu⁴-tao⁴
 mai³-shang²-tang¹-la¹
 mai³-shou⁴
 mai³-shu¹-fu²-êrh²
 mai³-ti¹-kung¹-ming²
 mai³-ti¹-p'ien⁴-i⁴
 mai³-ting⁴
 mai³-t'ing²-tang¹-liao³
 mai³-tsui³-ch'ih¹
 mai³-t'ung¹-la¹

買賣人
 買賣倒了
 買賣賠了
 買賣名
 買辦
 買不起
 買不來
 買不
 買不到
 買不上
 買受
 買舒服
 買功
 買的
 買的便宜
 買定
 買停
 買嘴
 買通

to buy and sell, to trade.
 a trader.
 failed in business.
 the business is a failure.
 to buy a name, to try to obtain notoriety.
 a compradore.
 unable to buy, unable to afford it.
 can't be had for money.
 unable to buy. [sought].
 cannot buy (referring to absence of article)
 cheated in a purchase.
 to acquire by purchase.
 to purchase ease.
 bought degrees.
 bought cheap.
 bought, and bargain fixed.
 bought, and settled.
 to make a living by talking.
 purchased outright (bribery)-

MAI⁴
 mai⁴-ch'ang⁴-ti¹
 mai⁴-ch'i³-lai²
 mai⁴-ch'i⁴
 mai⁴-chien⁴
 mai⁴-chu³
 mai⁴-ch'ü⁴
 mai⁴-fan⁴
 mai⁴-fang⁴-tsui⁴-jên²
 mai⁴-hsieh⁴-ti¹
 mai⁴-hua¹-p'o²
 mai⁴-i⁴-ti¹
 mai⁴-jên²-ch'ing²
 mai⁴-kuai¹
 mai⁴-kuan¹
 mai⁴-kuei⁴
 mai⁴-kuo²
 mai⁴-lang²-yen¹
 mai⁴-li⁴
 mai⁴-nung⁴
 mai⁴-pu⁴-liao³
 mai⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü¹-ch'ü⁴
 mai⁴-pu⁴-tung⁴

賣
 賣唱
 賣起
 賣契
 賣賤
 賣主
 賣去
 賣飯
 賣放
 賣罪
 賣的
 賣花
 賣婆
 賣藝
 賣人
 賣情
 賣乖
 賣官
 賣貴
 賣國
 賣煙
 賣力
 賣弄
 賣不
 賣不
 賣不

to sell.
 a street minstrel.
 to begin to sell; to rise in price.
 a bill of sale.
 to sell cheap.
 the seller.
 to sell off.
 to sell food.
 to release a criminal for money
 acrobats.
 a flower-woman.
 an athlete, a tumbler, an acrobat.
 to make a show of kindly feeling.
 to make a boast
 to sell offices in the state.
 to sell at a high price.
 to sell one's country.
 a braggart (fig.).
 to work as a coolie, etc.
 to betray, to befool; to swagger, to show off
 unable to sell.
 can't sell off.
 can't find sale for goods.

man²-chō² 瞞着
man²-hsin¹-mei³-chi³ 瞞心昧己
man²-hung² 瞞瞞
man²-liao³ 瞞了
man²-liao³-sui⁴-shu⁴ 瞞了歲數
man²-mei⁴ 瞞昧
man²-p'ien⁴ 瞞騙
man²-pu⁴-chu⁴-ni³ 瞞不住你
man²-pu⁴-kuo⁴ 瞞不過
man²-tê²-kuo⁴ 瞞不得過
man²-ts'ang² 瞞藏
man² 土 埋 772a573a
man²-ts'ang² 埋藏
man²-yüan⁴ 埋怨
man² 虫 蠻 775c574a
man²-i³ 蠻夷
man²-jên² 蠻人
man²-tzü³ 蠻子
man²-yü³ 蠻語
man² 食 饅 775b575a
man²-t'ou² 饅頭
man² (wan) 艸 苣 1231a1040c
man²-ching¹ 苣菁

to deceive, to hoodwink, etc.
 to deceive and muddle one's self.
 to blind, to deceive.
 to deceive, to hoodwink, etc.
 deceived as to his age.
 deceived, blinded, concealed.
 to beguile, to deceive, to cheat.
 you cannot be deceived.
 unable to deceive.
 able to deceive.
 dishonest concealment of anything.
 to conceal, to harbour. See *mai²*.
 to conceal, to hide.
 to harbour resentment (*pao⁴ yüan⁴*).
 rude, barbarous, unreasonable; barbarians.
 barbarians.
 same (*nan² man² tzü³*).
 same.
 barbarous talk.
 cakes, bread, a dumpling.
 bread, loaves of bread.
 a kind of turnip.
 a sort of turnip, a beet.

MAN³ 水 滿 773c575b
man³-chuo¹-sun³ 滿招損
man³-chieh¹-yao²-yen² 滿街謠言
man³-ch'ien² 滿錢
man³-chou¹ 滿洲
man³-ch'u⁴ 滿處
man³-fu² 滿福
man³-fu² 滿服
man³-fu⁴-wên²-chang¹ 滿腹文章
man³-han⁴ 滿漢
man³-han⁴-chiu²-hsi² 滿漢酒席
man³-hsin¹ 滿心
man³-hsin¹-yüan⁴-i⁴ 滿心願意
man³-hsing² 滿行
man³-jil⁴ 滿日
man³-k'ou³-hu² shuo² 滿口胡說
man³-li³ 滿理
man³-lien²-hsiao⁴-jung² 滿臉笑容
man³-lien²-p'ei²-hsiao⁴ 滿臉陪笑

full, completed, enough, sufficient. M. 228.
 pride brings loss.
 the street filled with evil reports.
 the full number on each string of cash.
 Manchou, Tartary. [tao⁴ ch'u⁴).
 from place to place, everywhere (*pien⁴ ch'u⁴*),
 complete blessedness.
 expiration of mourning (*ch'u² fu²*).
 full of learning.
 Manchoos and Chinese,
 dinners in Chinese and Manchoo styles.
 the whole heart.
 wholly desirous.
 will do excellently, will fill the bill.
 the whole day. [shuo¹ pa⁴ tao⁴.
 the mouth full of nonsense and absurdity (*hu²*)
 all the right on his side.
 a face wreathed with smiles.
 a face full of smiles.

<i>man³-liu²</i>	滿流	full tide.
<i>mun³-man²-ti</i>	滿滿的	full.
<i>man²-mien⁴</i>	滿面	the whole face.
<i>man²-mien⁴-hung²-kuan¹</i>	滿面紅光	a face covered with a ruddy light.
<i>man²-mien⁴-liu²-han⁴</i>	滿面流汗	the whole face covered with perspiration.
<i>man²-mien²</i>	滿年	a whole year.
<i>man²-shên¹</i>	滿身	the whole body (chou ¹ shên ¹ , hun ⁴ shên ¹).
<i>man²-shên¹-chieh⁴-ch'uang¹</i>	滿身疥瘡	covered with itch.
<i>man²-shih²</i>	滿實	completely full.
<i>man²-ta³-man²-suan⁴</i>	滿打滿算	full calculations.
<i>man²-ti⁴</i>	滿地	all over the ground (pien ⁴ ti ⁴).
<i>man²-ti⁴-ch'uang¹-chia¹</i>	滿地莊稼	the land covered with harvest.
<i>man²-t'ien¹-hsing¹-lou²</i>	滿天星斗	a very clear sky.
<i>man²-lou²-fên²-hsiang¹</i>	滿斗焚香	plenty of incense.
<i>man²-lu²-wei²-ch'ü⁴</i>	滿肚委曲	full of a sense of injustice.
<i>man²-wu¹</i>	滿屋	the whole room.
<i>man²-wu¹-hsiang¹-ch'i⁴</i>	滿屋香氣	the room is full of incense scent.
<i>man²-yen²-ma²³-hu¹</i>	滿眼昏許	his eyes are blurred.
<i>man²-ying¹-man²-hsü²</i>	滿應滿許	profuse promises.
<i>man²-ying²</i>	滿盈	full.
<i>man²-yüan⁴-hua¹-ts'ao²</i>	滿院花草	a court full of flowers, etc.
<i>man²-yüeh⁴</i>	滿月	a full month; a full moon (yüan ² yüeh ⁴).

MAN⁴	心小	慢 774c576a	slowly, leisurely, easily; disrespectful, rude
<i>man⁴-cho²</i>		慢	slowly, gently, etc.
<i>man⁴-hsing⁴</i>		慢	a slow, easy disposition.
<i>man⁴-man⁴</i>		慢	slowly; stop a little.
<i>man⁴-man⁴-li¹</i>		慢	slowly, leisurely (ch'ih ² man ⁴).
<i>man⁴-pu⁴-ching¹-hsin¹</i>		慢	wanting in care.
<i>man⁴-tai⁴</i>		慢	to treat haughtily or discourteously (tai ⁴ hao ²).
<i>man⁴-yu¹-yu¹-ti¹</i>		慢	quite slowly, self-possessed.
<i>man⁴</i>	水 滂 湯	漫 775a576b	filled with water, flood; set loose.
<i>man⁴-liu²</i>		漫	full tide (ch'ao ² shui ²).
<i>man⁴-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'iao²</i>		漫	(the water) does not rise above the bridge.
<i>man⁴-shui²</i>		漫	slack water.
<i>man⁴-shuo¹</i>		漫	do not say so; to speak at random, unreason-
<i>man⁴-wu⁴</i>		漫	smearred, soiled.
<i>man⁴</i>	土	漫 774b576c	to cover, as with plaster.
<i>man⁴-chuan¹</i>		漫	to pave with bricks.
<i>man⁴-ti⁴</i>		漫	to cover the earth, e. g., with brick.
<i>man⁴-ti⁴-pan²</i>		漫	to lay boards down for a floor.
<i>man⁴-yung²-lu⁴</i>		漫	to make a raised walk.
<i>man⁴</i>	金	漫 775b576c	a trowel.

<i>man⁴-i¹-man⁴</i>		鏝—鏝		
<i>man⁴ (tzǔ)</i>	巾	幔	774c576a	to plaster with a trowel. a curtain, a screen (chang ⁴).
MANG³	心 斗	忙	775c578c	busy, hurried, fluttered ; occupation.
<i>mang²-chung¹-yu³ ts'ou⁴</i>		忙中有錯		an error through haste.
<i>mang²-h-ien²</i>		忙閒		occupation and leisure.
<i>mang²-huo²-huo²-ti¹</i>		忙活活的		quite busy, pressed with work.
<i>mang²-li²-t'ou⁴-hsien²</i>		忙裏偷閒		to snatch a little leisure.
<i>mang²-liang²</i>		忙糧		extra taxes.
<i>mang²-liao³</i>		忙了		busied.
<i>mang²-luan⁴</i>		忙亂		fluttered, hurried, confused, etc.
<i>mang²-mang²</i>		忙忙		hurried, flurried (tsu ² jan ²).
<i>mang²-mang²-lu⁴-lu⁴</i>		忙忙碌碌		to bustle, in a bustle.
<i>mang² mang²-ti¹</i>		忙忙的		hurried, flurried, in a bustle.
<i>mang²-po⁴</i>		忙追		very busy or flurried.
<i>mang²-pu⁴-kuo⁴-lai²</i>		忙不過來		I have no time for (ku ⁴ pu ⁴ tê ²).
<i>mang²-pu⁴-tieh²</i>		忙不迭		cannot get through with (tieh ² pu ⁴ tê ²).
<i>mang²-shên²-ma¹</i>		忙甚麼		what are you in a hurry about ?
<i>mang²-tao²-tao²-ti¹</i>		忙匆匆的		in a hurry (ma ³ shang ¹).
<i>mang²-tê²-hên²</i>		忙得很		very busy.
<i>mang²-tsu²</i>		忙卒		in a bustle, to bustle.
<i>mang²</i>	艸 卅	芒	776b578c	a beard of grain ; a sharp point,
<i>mang²-chung⁴</i>		芒種		bearded grain ; a term. See Note 21.
<i>mang²-mang²-jan²</i>		芒芒然		hurriedly, in confusion.
<i>mang²-shên²</i>		芒神		master of husbandry ; clay figure at spring [festival.
<i>mang²</i>	石 卅	礞	776b579a	saltpetre (hsiao ¹).
<i>mang²-hsiao¹</i>		礞硝		crude saltpetre.
<i>mang²</i>	牛	牯	776c578b	a bull.
<i>mang²-niu²</i>		牯牛		same.
<i>mang²</i>	金	鎗	776c579a	point of a weapon.
<i>mang²</i>	目 卅	盲	776a609b	severe illness ; the thorax ; indistinctness of vis- [ion.
<i>mang²</i>	艸 卅	茫	776b578c	uncertainty, vagueness, doubt ; vastness.
MANG³	虫	蟒	777a579c	the boa-constrictor.
<i>mang³-ch'ün²</i>		蟒裙		a petticoat worn by mandarins (from 5th grade [up].
<i>mang³-ch'ung²</i>		蟒蟲		the boa-constrictor.
<i>mang³-lung²-i¹</i>		蟒龍衣		Imperial robes.
<i>mang³-p'ao²</i>		蟒袍		a mandarin's robes.
<i>mang³-p'i²</i>		蟒皮		skin of python (used on violins).
<i>mang³-shê²</i>		蟒宅		the boa-constrictor.
<i>mang³</i>	艸 卅	莽	777a579b	brushwood, jungle ; tangled, disorderly, con- [fused.
<i>mang³-chuang⁴</i>		莽撞		carelessly, recklessly, disorderly, rude.

MAO ²	毛	778a580a	hair, feathers, down, hair on eye-brows.
mao ² -ch'ien ³	毛錢		thin, imperfect cash.
mao ² -chui ¹ -tzü ³	毛錐子		a Chinese pen.
mao ² -ch'ung ³	毛蟲		caterpillar.
mao ² -fa ³	毛髮		hair.
mao ² -hai ² -êrh ³	毛孩兒		children (boys or girls) who have not yet shaved.
mao ² -ku ² -sung ³ -jan ³	毛骨悚然		horror struck.
mao ² -kuan ³	毛管		quills.
mao ² -k'ung ³	毛孔		pores of the skin.
mao ² -lü ² -tzü ³	毛驢子		a young donkey.
mao ² -nü ³	毛女		a young woman whose face has not yet been [shaved.
mao ² -pao ¹	毛包		helpless, without resource.
mao ² -pien ¹ -chih ³	毛邊紙		brown writing paper
mao ² -ping ⁴	毛病		fault, blemish, crime (hsia ³ tz'ü ¹ , ko ¹ hsing ⁴ [êrh ⁴].
mao ² -pu ⁴	毛布		ginghams.
mao ² -sé ⁴	毛色		depreciation of silver.
mao ² -shao ¹	毛稍		a hair's point; a trifle.
mao ² -shên ³ -shên ³	毛似		to feel a shudder (ch'ih ¹ ching ¹)
mao ² -shih ⁴	毛柿		camogon wood.
mao ² -tai ¹ -tai ¹ -ti ¹	毛呆呆的		harum-scarum (tsao ⁴ chi ³).
mao ² -t'ai ³	毛毯		hair or skin rugs.
mao ² -t'ao ⁴ -êrh ²	毛道兒		the lie or quality of a fur.
mao ² -t'ou ² -chih ³	毛頭紙		a sort of cheap paper
mao ² -ts'ao ³	毛草		coarse.
mao ²	貓	777b581b	the cat (also 1st tone).
mao ² -êrh ² -t'ou ²	貓兒頭		the owl (yeh ⁴ mao ¹ tzü ³).
mao ² -êrh ² -yen ³	貓兒眼		cat's-eye beads.
mao ² -lou ³	貓狗		cats and dogs.
mao ² -k'ü ¹ -hao ⁴ -tzü ³	貓哭耗子		the cat mourning for the rat—false sympathy.
mao ² -lao ² -ch'ih ¹ -tzü ³	貓老吃子		the old cat deserts its offspring.
mao ² -shu ³ -t'ung ² -mien ²	貓鼠同眠		collusion of thieves and officers.
mao ² -t'ou ² -wa ³	貓頭瓦		cat's-head tiles.
mao ² -t'ou ² -ying ¹	貓頭鷹		the horned owl.
mao ² -t'ung ⁴ -rh ²	貓洞兒		hole cut in doors for convenience of cats.
mao ² -yen ³ -chu ¹	貓眼珠		"cat's eye beads," a kind of precious stone.
mao ²	金	777c581b	an anchor.
mao ² -hsia ⁴ -liao ²	金下了		the anchor is dropped.
mao ² -lan ³	金纜		a cable.
mao ² -pên ³	金本		an anchor, a hawser.
mao ² -p'iao ¹	金漂		an anchor's buoy.
mao ²	艸	779a581a	reeds, rushes; a water-closet.
mao ² -fang ³	茅房		a reed hut; reeds, rushes.
mao ² -kên ¹	茅根		a medicine.

mao²-lu² 茅蘆
 mao²-sai¹ 茅塞
 mao²-ssü⁴ 茅廛
 mao²-ts'ao³ 茅草
 mao²-wu¹ 茅屋
 mao² 方 旄 778c580c
 mao²-ko¹ 旄戈

a water-closet.
 obstructing rushes (metaphorical).
 a water-closet (or privy).
 reeds, rushes (not full grown).
 a hut made of reeds
 a tail, used as a sort of banner ; a flag.
 a lance with a flag or tail at top.

MAO³ 日 卯 卯 779b581c
 mao³-ch'i¹ 卯期
 mao³-k'o⁴ 卯刻
 mao³-pu⁴ 卯簿
 mao³-shih² 卯時
 mao³-sun³ 卯榫
 mao³-tzu²-kung¹ 卯子工
 mao³-yüeh⁴ 卯月
 mao³ 日 昴 779b582a
 mao³-hsing¹ 昴星

horary character, 5 to 7 A. M. a period ; a mortise.
 dates of morning roll call (tien³ mao³).
 5 to 7 o'clock A.M.
 a register of employés, a muster-roll.
 5 to 7 o'clock A.M.
 mortise and tenon.
 work done by the day.
 the second moon. See note 32.
 see following.
 the Pleiades.

MAO⁴ 冒 冒 779c582b
 mao⁴-chi³ 冒籍
 mao⁴-ch'o⁴ 冒觸
 mao⁴-ch'ung¹ 冒充
 mao⁴-ch'ung¹-tzu⁴-hao⁴ 冒充字號
 mao⁴-fan⁴ 冒犯
 mao⁴-fan⁴-jên² 冒犯人
 mao⁴-fêng¹-yü³ 冒風雨
 mao⁴-hsien³-ti¹-shih⁴ 冒險的事
 mao⁴-jê⁴-ch'i⁴ 冒熱氣
 mao⁴-jên⁴ 冒認
 mao⁴-kao⁴ 冒告
 mao⁴-liao³-fêng¹ 冒了風
 mao⁴-ling³-ch'ien³-liang³ 冒領錢糧
 mao⁴-mao⁴-ti¹ 冒冒的
 mao⁴-mei⁴ 冒味
 mao⁴-ming³ 冒名
 mao⁴-ming³-ting³-t'i⁴ 冒名頂替
 mao⁴-p'ien⁴-jên²-ts'ai³ 冒騙人財
 mao⁴-pu⁴-t'ung¹ 冒不通
 mao⁴-shih¹ 冒失
 mao⁴-shih⁴-kuei³ 冒失鬼
 mao⁴-ssü³ 冒死
 mao⁴-t'i⁴ 冒替

blindly, rashly, heedlessly ; to assume.
 a pretender, under false colors.
 to give offence inconsiderately.
 to falsely act as.
 to feloniously use a firm's name.
 to offend inconsiderately, to affront.
 to affront a person.
 to brave wind and rain.
 a risky affair, a brave-danger-matter.
 hot air rises out (of it).
 to claim falsely.
 to accuse falsely.
 to have caught cold (tung⁴ cho³)
 to receive taxes by false representations.
 suddenly ; very nearly, about.
 blindly, ignorantly, rashly. [(ting³ ti⁴).
 to forge a name, to assume another's reputation
 to impersonate another.
 to rob a man by deceit.
 unexpectedly, unawares (meng³ ku¹ ting¹ ti¹).
 rash, heedless (hu² li¹ ma³ li¹).
 a rash fool.
 to brave death, to rush rashly on death.
 to falsely assume another's place and act for him.

mao⁴-ting³ 冒頂
 mao⁴-yen¹ 冒烟
 mao⁴ (t-ä) 巾 帽 780a582c
 mao⁴-chia⁴ 帽架
 mao⁴-chiang⁴ 帽匠
 mao⁴-chiek²-rh² 帽結 兒
 mao⁴-hu²-rh² 帽盒 兒
 mao⁴-ko¹-ta² 帽疙 瘩
 mao⁴-k'uei¹ 帽盔
 mao⁴-pien⁴-t-ü³ 帽辮 子
 mao⁴-p'u⁴ 帽舖
 mao⁴-tai⁴ 帽帶 店
 mao⁴-lien⁴ 帽店 頂
 mao⁴-ting³ 帽頂
 mao⁴-yen³ 帽沿
 mao⁴-ying¹-t-ü³ 帽纓 子
 mao⁴ 艸 廿 茂 779c589b
 mao⁴-lin³ 茂林
 mao⁴-shên¹ 茂生
 mao⁴-shên⁴ 茂盛
 mao⁴-t'êng²-t'êng² 茂騰 騰
 mao⁴-ts'ai³ 茂才
 mao⁴ 貌 兒 貌 777b582a
 mao⁴-lou⁴ 貌陋
 mao⁴-mei³ 貌美
 mao⁴-t'ang²-t'ang³ 貌堂 堂
 mao⁴ 玉 瑁 784a586c
 mao⁴ 水 滗 780a582c
 mao⁴-chiang¹-êrh² 滗漿 兒
 mao⁴ 貝 貿 779c589c
 mao⁴-i⁴ 貿易

to falsely assume another's place and act for him.
 the throat parched, smoke issues forth, to smoke
 a hat or cap. [(as a stove).
 hat-rack.
 a hatter.
 knot on the top of a cap (small).
 a hat box.
 knot on the top of a cap (large).
 a hat block or mould ; a hat.
 straw braid.
 a hatter's shop.
 a cap string, a chin strap.
 a hatter's shop.
 the knob or button on a cap.
 the rim of a cap.
 tassel of a hat.
 umbrageous, luxuriant, flourishing, strong.
 a thick grove of trees.
 to grow luxuriantly. [(hsing¹ wang⁴).
 to flourish, to abound, flourishing, abundant
 luxuriant growth.
 splendid talents.
 air, manner, figure, countenance (hsiang⁴ mao⁴).
 of vulgar appearance, ugly.
 of handsome appearance, elegant, handsome.
 handsome appearance,
 tortoise-shell (玳 |).
 to rise and overflow.
 the sap is oozing out.
 to deal, to trade, to barter, to buy or sell.
 trade, barter (shêng¹ i⁴, mai³ mai⁴).

MEI² 木 梅 780c584a
 mei²-hsiang¹ 梅香
 mei²-hua¹ 梅花
 mei²-hua¹-ch'iao³ 梅花雀
 mei²-hua¹-ch'iao³ 梅花鵲
 mei²-hua¹-lu⁴ 梅花鹿
 mei²-hua¹-ling¹ 梅花疔
 mei²-hunj²-chih³ 梅紅紙
 mei²-su¹-wan² 梅蘇丸
 mei² 水 沒 807b606a
 mei²-ch'ang²-kuo⁴ 沒嘗 過

prunes, plums, the prune species.
 common name for a slave-girl.
 plum blossom.
 the avadavat.
 same.
 spotted deer.
 syphilitic sores.
 Chinese red paper.
 a sort of pill.
 not, there is not ; to die, to perish. See mo⁴ & mu²
 never tasted.

<i>mei²-chia⁴-ti¹-jên²</i>	沒架的人	person of no consequence.
<i>mei²-ch'iao²-chien⁴</i>	沒瞧見面	have never seen.
<i>mei²-chien¹-kuo⁴-mien⁴</i>	沒見過面	never saw him before.
<i>mei²-chien⁴-shih⁴</i>	沒見識	has no experience.
<i>mei²-ch'ien²</i>	沒錢	out of money.
<i>mei²-chih⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	沒志氣	without ambition.
<i>mei⁴-ch'u¹-hsi³</i>	沒出息	useless.
<i>mei²-fa³-tzü⁵</i>	沒法子	there is no help for it, etc.
<i>mei²-hsiang³-ch'ü³-lai²</i>	沒想起來	didn't think of it.
<i>mei²-hsiang³-tao⁴</i>	沒想到	same.
<i>mei²-hsin¹-hsiang¹</i>	沒心胸	conscienceless.
<i>mei²-k'ai¹-kuo⁴-yen³</i>	沒開過眼	never had his eyes opened.
<i>mei²-liao³</i>	沒了	dead ; gone, used up, no more.
<i>mei²-lien³-chien⁴-jên³</i>	沒臉見人	no "face" to see anyone.
<i>mei²-lien²-ch'ih³</i>	沒廉耻	shameless.
<i>mei²-mao²-ping⁴</i>	沒毛病	has no defect.
<i>mei²-nai⁴-ho³</i>	沒奈何	irremediable, no resource, no help for it (wu ⁴ [nai ⁴ ho ³]).
<i>mei²-nien⁴-kuo⁴-shu¹</i>	沒念過書	have never gone to school.
<i>mei²-p'ü²-lai⁴-lien³</i>	沒皮賴臉	utterly shameless.
<i>mei²-shên²-mo¹</i>	沒甚麼	nothing.
<i>mei²-t'ing¹-kuo⁴-tao⁴</i>	沒聽過道	have never heard the "doctrine".
<i>mei²-to³-chi²</i>	沒聽及	did not get out of the way in time,
<i>mei²-to¹-shao³</i>	沒多少	not many.
<i>mei² ts'ai¹-ta⁴-liao⁴</i>	沒材大料	a big nincompoop.
<i>mei²-ying³-rh²</i>	沒影兒	not a shadow of, not a sign or vestige of.
<i>mei²-yu³</i>	沒有	not to have, there is not,
<i>mei²-yu³-chih⁴</i>	沒有治	impracticable.
<i>mei²-yu³-lao⁴-rh²</i>	沒有落了	no luck or success (in trade, etc.).
<i>mei²-yu³-üao³</i>	沒有了	none.
<i>mei²-yu³-shên²-mo¹</i>	沒有甚麼	nothing.
<i>mei²-yu³-ti¹-hua⁴</i>	沒有話	impossible !
<i>mei²</i>	目眉 781a585a	the eye-brows.
<i>mei²-ch'ing¹-mu⁴-hsiu¹</i>	眉清目秀	handsome, beautiful.
<i>mei²-k'ai¹-yen³-hsiao⁴</i>	眉開眼笑	a happy, cheerful expression.
<i>mei²-lai²-yen³-ch'ü⁴</i>	眉來眼去	exchange of glances—lovers.
<i>mei²-mao²</i>	眉毛	eye-brows.
<i>mei²-mu⁴</i>	眉目	eye-brows and eyes.
<i>mei²-p'ü²</i>	眉批	notes at top of the page.
<i>mei²-shou⁴</i>	眉壽	eye-brows which promise longevity.
<i>mei²-t'ou²</i>	眉頭	the eye-brows.
<i>mei²-t'ou²-pu⁴-chan³</i>	眉頭不展	eye-brows knitted with care (ch'ou ² mei ² pu ⁴ [chan ³]).
<i>mei²-yen²</i>	眉眼	eye-brow and eyes ; outline, plan.
<i>mei²</i>	女媒 782a585b	a go-between to arrange marriages.

- mei²-chien³ 媒 東
 mei²-jên³ 媒 人
 mei²-li³ 媒 理
 mei²-pin¹ 媒 賓
 mei²-p'o² 媒 婆
 mei²-shuo² 媒 妁
 mei² 火 煤 782b585c
 mei²-ch'ang³ 煤 廠
 mei²-ch'i⁴ 煤 氣
 mei²-hé¹-tzu³ 煤 黑 子
 mei²-kung³ 煤 礦
 mei²-mi³ 煤 米
 mei²-mi³-ch'ai²-t'an⁴ 煤 米 柴 炭
 mei²-shan¹ 煤 山
 mei²-t'an⁴ 煤 炭
 mei²-t'ou² 煤 頭
 mei²-tsü³ 煤 子
 mei²-yao³ 煤 窰
 mei²-yen¹ 煤 烟
 mei²-yu² 煤 油
 mei² 玉 玫 782a584c
 mei²-kuei⁴ 玫 瑰
 mei²-kuei⁴ 玫 桂
 mei² 雨 霉 781a584b
 mei²-lan⁴ 霉 爛
 mei²-t'ien¹ 霉 天
 mei² 木 楣 781c585a
 mei² 木 枚 782a584c
 MEI³ 羊 美 782c586a
 mei³-chih¹-chi³ 美 之 極
 mei³-ching³ 美 景
 mei³-chiu³ 美 酒
 mei³-ch'üeh¹ 美 缺
 mei³-érh²-chung⁴-t'ing¹ 美 耳 中 聽
 mei³-hao³ 美 好
 mei³-jên² 美 人
 mei³-jên²-t'u³ 美 人 圖
 mei³-k'ou³-hsiang¹-t'ien² 美 口 香 甜
 mei³-kuo² 美 國
 mei³-li⁴ 美 麗
 mei³-mao⁴ 美 貌
 mei³-miao⁴ 美 妙
 the papers in an engagement (kêng¹ t'ieh¹).
 a go-between to arrange marriages.
 same.
 same.
 a female go-between, official, ya-i (kuan¹ mei³),
 a go-between in arranging marriages.
 coal (cha³ tzu³).
 a coal-yard.
 gas.
 a driver of coal-camels (Peking).
 a coal-mine.
 coals and rice; means of living.
 coals, rice and fuel; means of living.
 Coal Hill in Peking.
 coal and charcoal.
 coal in lumps (ying⁴ mei³).
 soot, allumette.
 a coal-pit.
 lamp-black.
 kerosene (huo³ yu², yang² yu²).
 a red stone.
 a red stone; mignonette (yüeh⁴ chi³ hua¹).
 the rose (ch'iang² wei³).
 humid, mouldy (fa¹ mei²).
 decayed and mouldy.
 the mouldy weather of May and June.
 top or lintel of a door; ribs of a ship. [gag.
 a sapling, a switch; a numeral particle, one; a

<i>mei³-pu⁴-k'o³-yen³</i>	美不可言	inexpressibly fine.
<i>mei³-sè⁴</i>	美色	handsome appearance.
<i>mei³-shih⁴</i>	美士	an elegant scholar.
<i>mei³-shih⁴</i>	美事	a good thing.
<i>mei³-t'an³</i>	美談	pleasant chat.
<i>mei³-tí⁴</i>	美地	fine land, splendid land.
<i>mei³-tsai⁴-ch'i²-chung¹</i>	美在其中	a beautiful combination.
<i>mei³-ts'ai³</i>	美才	great talent, etc.
<i>mei³-wei⁴</i>	美味	luscious, delicious.
<i>mei³-yen³</i>	美言	good words.
<i>mei³-yü⁴</i>	美玉	beautiful jade.
<i>mei³</i>	母 每	each, every ; always, constantly.
<i>mei³-ch'ang³</i>	每常	constantly, continually.
<i>mei³-êrh³-ch'ih⁴</i>	每兒	all, every one.
<i>mei³-fêng³-san¹</i>	每逢	every third (day).
<i>mei³-hui³</i>	每回	each time.
<i>mei³-i¹-chien⁴-shih⁴</i>	每一件事	each matter.
<i>mei³-jên²-i¹-fîn¹</i>	每人一分	each man a share (ko ⁴ jên ²).
<i>mei³-jih⁴</i>	每日	every day, each day.
<i>mei³-mei³</i>	每每	frequently, on every occasion, continually.
<i>mei³-mu²-ti⁴</i>	每畝地	each acre.
<i>mei³-nien³</i>	每年	every year.
<i>mei³-shih⁴</i>	每事	each or every affair.
<i>mei³-tao⁴-nien²-hsia⁴</i>	每到年下	at the end of each year.
<i>mei³-t'ien¹</i>	每天	each or every day.
<i>mei³-tz'ü⁴</i>	每次	on each occasion.
<i>mei³-yüeh⁴</i>	每月	every month.
<i>mei³-yüeh⁴-to¹-shao³</i>	每月多少	how much a month ?

MEI ⁴ (<i>tsü</i>)	女 妹	783a586b	young sisters.
<i>mei⁴-chang⁴</i>	妹丈		a younger sister's husband, a brother-in-law.
<i>mei⁴-fu¹</i>	妹夫		same.
<i>mei⁴-mei⁴</i>	妹妹		younger sisters (chieh ³ mei ⁴).
<i>mei⁴</i>	女 媚	781c586c	flattering, wheedling, seductive, smiling.
<i>mei⁴-ch'itan²</i>	媚權		to flatter power.
<i>mei⁴-huo⁴</i>	媚惑		to deceive by flattery (ch'an ³ mei ⁴).
<i>mei⁴-jên²</i>	媚人		to flatter a person.
<i>mei⁴-t'ai⁴</i>	媚態		flattering, seductive manner, a mincing gait.
<i>mei⁴-yen²-mei⁴-yü³</i>	媚言媚語		flattering words.
<i>mei⁴</i>	日 昧	783a587b	stupid, dull, obscure.
<i>mei⁴-ch'i³-lai³</i>	昧起來		to hide, secrete.
<i>mei⁴-liang²</i>	昧良		ungrateful (wang ⁴ ên ¹).
<i>mei⁴-shuang³</i>	昧爽		early in the morning, day-break.

mei ⁴ -tung ¹ -hsi ²	味東西	to embezzle things.
mei ⁴ -yin ² -tzu ³	味銀子	to embezzle money.
mei ⁴	目 昧 ^{783b587c}	dullness of sight, indistinctness of vision.
mei ⁴ -mu ⁴	目 昧目	same.
mei ⁴	目 寐 ^{783b587a}	to close the eye, to rest, to doze, to sleep.
mei ⁴ -ch'in ³	寐 寢	to sleep, to rest.
mei ⁴	目 寐 ^{780c587b}	anxiety, care (also <i>hui</i>).
mei ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	寐 氣	ill-luck (tao ³ mei ²).
MĒN ²	手 捫 ^{785b577b}	to take hold of, to feel; to shake; to stamp.
mĕn ² -hsin ²	捫 心	to lay the hand on the heart.
mĕn ² -shih ²	捫 虱	to crack lice.
mĕn ²	人 們 ^{785a577a}	plural particle. M. 7, 573.
MĒN ²	門 門 ^{784a576a}	a gate, a door, an entrance; a class, a profession.
mĕn ² -ch'ai ¹ -kuan ¹	門 插關	the bolt of a door.
mĕn ² -chĕn ³	門 枕	stone support under door frame.
mĕn ² -ch'i ³	門 旗	a leader's flag; a gate-flag.
mĕn ² -chuang ¹ -huo ⁴	門 莊貨	cheap goods exposed before the door.
mĕn ² -ch'uang ¹	門 窗	doors and windows (ch'uang ¹ hu ⁴).
mĕn ² -chün ¹	門 軍	a guard at a gate.
mĕn ² -fĕng ¹	門 風	reputation (of a family).
mĕn ² -fĕng ¹	門 縫	the crack of a door.
mĕn ² -hsia ⁴	門 下	in the family; a disciple.
mĕn ² -hsin ¹	門 心	the centre of a door, the panel.
mĕn ² -hsü ⁴	門 婿	son-in-law (nü ³ hsü ⁴).
mĕn ² -hu ⁴	門 戶	a door; a family; an entrance, a pass.
mĕn ² -hu ⁴ -ts'ŭ ³ -tzu ³	門 戶 冊子	a list of the inmates of a house.
mĕn ² -huan ² -tzu ³	門 環子	knocker of a door.
mĕn ² -jĕn ²	門 人	a disciple, a pupil (t'u ³ ti ⁴).
mĕn ² -k'ai ¹ -liao ³	門 開 了	the door is open.
mĕn ² -k'an ³	門 檻	threshold of a door (k'an, also <i>hsien</i> , <i>chien</i>).
mĕn ² -k'ou ³ -rh ³	門 口 兒	the entrance to a door, a porch.
mĕn ² -kuan ¹	門 關	the bolt of a door.
mĕn ² -kuan ¹ -liao ³	門 關 了	the door is shut.
mĕn ² -k'uang ⁴	門 框	the side posts of a door.
mĕn ² -kuei ¹	門 規	fees to door-keepers.
mĕn ² -kung ¹	門 公	a gate-keeper (pa ⁴ mĕn ²).
mĕn ² -li ³	門 裏	indoors, within the door.
mĕn ² -li ⁴	門 吏	a gate-keeper (yamĕn).
mĕn ² -lien ³	門 簾	door-screens.
mĕn ² -lou ² (tzu ³)	門 樓	story over city-gate.
mĕn ² -lu ⁴	門 路	an opening; occupation, introduction (t'ou ² [hsiang ⁴]).

mên²-meī³ 門楣
 mên²-mien⁴ 門面
 mên²-p'ai³ 門牌
 mên²-pao¹ 門包
 mên²-pu⁴ 門簿
 mên²-shan⁴-tzū³ 門扇子
 mên²-shang⁴ 門上
 mên²-shên² 門神
 mên²-shêng¹ 門生
 mên²-shih⁴ 門市
 mên²-shou³ 門首
 mên²-shuan¹ 門門
 mên²-so⁴-shang⁴-liao³ 門鎖上了
 mên²-tang¹-hu⁴-tui⁴ 門當戶對
 mên²-tao⁴ 門道
 mên²-ti⁴ 門第
 mên²-ting¹ 門丁
 mên²-t'ing² 門庭
 mên²-t'u³ 門徒
 mên²-tun¹ 門墩
 mên²-tun¹-hu³ 門墩虎
 mên²-tzū³ 門子
 mên²-wai⁴ 門外
 mên²-ya³ 門牙

the lintel of a door,
 the front of a door or shop. [door,
 a census, list of persons in a house put on the
 gate-keeper's perquisites (mên² kuei¹),
 a visitor's book at the door,
 the leaf of a door.
 a porter, a gate-keeper (pa⁴ mên²).
 the gods of a door (supposed to guard the house).
 pupils, disciples (t'u² ti⁴).
 street frontage of a shop,
 a porchway, an entrance.
 a big bar across the door.
 the door is locked.
 a suitable marriage (yin¹ yüan²).
 occupation (shih⁴ yeh⁴).
 reputation, social position.
 a door-keeper.
 the house, the family, etc.
 pupils, disciples.
 stone at side under door frame.
 stone tiger by doorway. [etc.
 lineal descendants, slaves, gatemen, retainers,
 out of doors, outside the door.
 front teeth.

MĒN⁴ 心 懣 們 悶 785a577c
 mên⁴-ch'í⁴ 悶氣
 mên⁴-chu⁴-liao³ 悶住了
 mên⁴-chüan⁴ 悶倦
 mên⁴-hsin⁴ 悶心
 mên⁴-huo³ 悶火
 mên⁴-jé⁴ 悶熱
 mên⁴-jên² 悶人
 mên⁴-kuan⁴ 悶確
 mên⁴-mên⁴ 悶悶
 mên⁴-mên⁴-pu⁴-lé⁴ 悶悶不樂
 mên⁴-ssü³ 悶死
 mên⁴-té²-hên³ 悶得狠
 mên⁴-té²-huang²¹ 悶得慌
 mên⁴-tso⁴ 悶坐

sorry, grieved, melancholy, sad.
 low spirits, dumps (sao⁴ hsing⁴).
 he is puzzled, he can't answer.
 wearied; grieved, melancholy.
 to close the hands in prayer.
 to cover up the fire with ashes,
 stifling hot.
 a melancholy person; to deceive a person.
 a sealed-up jar.
 sorry, grieved, melancholy, sad.
 very melancholy (kao¹ hsing⁴).
 to suffocate to death,
 exceedingly sorry.
 dull, sad, ennuī.
 sitting in silence.

MĒNG¹ 心 忪 懼 懷 787a610b
 mêng¹-mêng¹ 懷懷

obscure, undiscerning; afraid.
 an ignorant appearance, stupid looking.

- mèng¹-tung³ 樓 撞
 mèng¹ 水 濛 786b608c
 mèng¹-mèng¹ 濛 濛
 mèng¹-sung¹-yü³ 濛 滋 雨
 mèng¹ 目 矇 786b609a
 mèng¹-han⁴ 矇 汗
 mèng¹-hun⁴ 矇 混
 mèng¹-liang⁴ 矇 亮
 mèng¹ 日 矇 786b608c
 mèng¹-lung² 矇 朧
 to receive; dark, dull, obscure; ignorant.
 mist, thick, foggy; drizzling-rain, Scotch mist.
 same.
 drizzling rain.
 dull, obscure, indistinct; blind; -ignorant.
 medicine to stupefy.
 confused, in confusion.
 break of day (t'ien¹ ming²).
 dawn.
 dim light before dawn; to deceive (t'ien¹ mèng²) [lung²].
- MÈNG³ 艸 廿 蒙 785c608a
 mèng²-ch'ing³ 蒙 情
 mèng²-ên¹ 蒙 恩
 mèng²-hsün⁴ 蒙 訓
 mèng²-hung³-jén³ 蒙 哄 人
 mèng²-jén² 蒙 人
 mèng²-ku³ 蒙 古
 mèng²-kuan³ 蒙 館
 mèng²-kuo³ 蒙 裹
 mèng²-mei⁴-wu³-chih⁴ 蒙 昧 無 知
 mèng²-pi⁴ 蒙 蔽
 mèng²-shang²-i¹-ts'êng³ 蒙 上 一 層
 mèng²-t'ou²-kai⁴-lien³ 蒙 頭 蓋 臉
 mèng²-t'ung² 蒙 童
 mèng² 艸 廿 萌 787c579a
 mèng²-chao⁴ 萌 兆
 mèng²-hsiang³ 萌 想
 mèng²-nien⁴ 萌 念
 mèng²-t'iao³ 萌 條
 mèng²-ya³ 萌 芽
 mèng² (ming) 盟 787c579b
 mèng²-hsiung¹ 盟 兄 弟
 mèng²-hsiung¹-ti⁴ 盟 兄 弟
 mèng²-shih⁴ 盟 誓
 mèng²-ti⁴ 盟 弟
 mèng²-yo¹ 盟 約
 to receive a favour from an equal (ling² ch'ing³).
 to receive favours (from superior) (shou⁴ êu¹).
 to receive instruction (k'ai¹ mèng²).
 to humbug.
 to humbug a person.
 Mongolia (k'ou³ wai⁴).
 a school for young children.
 to wrap (pao¹ ch'i³ lai²).
 in dense ignorance.
 to hoodwink (hung³ p'ien⁴).
 to cover the head and face.
 ignorant lad, i.e., a pupil of mine (vs. ling² t'u²).
 plants budding, to bud, to germinate.
 the first sign of budding or incipient action.
 the first risings of thought.
 same.
 to put forth twigs.
 to put forth buds or shoots (fa¹ ya²).
 an oath; to vow, to swear.
 sworn brothers.
 same (pai⁴ pa³ tzü³).
 oaths, vows; to swear, to vow.
 sworn brothers.
 a treaty, a compact (ho³ yo¹ or yüeh⁴).
- MÈNG³ 犬 猛 788a610a
 mèng³-chuang¹ 猛 撞
 mèng³-hsing⁴ 猛 性
 mèng³ hu³ 猛 虎
 mèng³-jan³ 猛 然
 fierce, cruel, savage, courageous, vehement.
 to fiercely rush into.
 fierce disposition.
 a fierce tiger, a tiger; brave, ferocious.
 suddenly, rapidly. M. 322 (hu¹ jan³).

méng ² -jén ²	猛人	a ferocious person.
méng ³ -kou ³	猛狗	a savage dog.
méng ³ -ku ¹ -ting ¹ -ti ¹	猛狐釘的	suddenly (lêng ³ ku ¹ ting ¹ ti ¹).
méng ³ -lieh ⁴	猛烈	ferocious, brutal, brave (hsiang ¹ -méng ³).
méng ³ -shou ⁴	猛獸	a fierce beast.
méng ³	虫 螻	a gnat; tadpoles.
méng ³ -ch'ung ²	螻虫	same.
MÉNG⁴	子 孟 788a580c	the beginning of; *senior, superior, large, great.
méng ⁴ -ch'iu ¹	孟秋	the first month of autumn.
méng ⁴ -ch'un ¹	孟春	the first month of spring.
méng ⁴ -fu ¹ -tzu ³	孟夫子	Mencius.
méng ⁴ -hsia ⁴	孟夏	the first month of summer.
méng ⁴ -k'o ¹	孟軻	Mencius (B. C. 372-289).
méng ⁴ -lang ⁴	孟浪	careless.
méng ⁴ -mu ³ -san ¹ -ch'ien ¹	孟母三遷	the mother of Mencius moved three times.
méng ⁴ -mu ³ -tsé ² -lin ³	孟母擇鄰	the mother of Mencius selected her neighbors.
méng ⁴ -tung ¹	孟冬	the first month of winter.
méng ⁴ -tzu ³ (méng ⁴ k'o ¹)	孟子	Mencius; last of the "Four Books." R. 153.
méng ⁴	夕 夢 夢	a dream; to dream; obscure.
méng ⁴ -chao ⁴	夢兆	some prognostic in a dream (yü ⁴ chao ⁴).
méng ⁴ -chien ¹	夢間	in a dream (tso ⁴ méng ⁴).
méng ⁴ -chien ⁴	夢見	to see in a dream.
méng ⁴ -hsiang ³	夢想	dreaming thoughts, reveries.
méng ⁴ -hsiang ³ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴	夢想不到	should never have dreamed of.
méng ⁴ -hua ⁴	夢話	visionary language; ravings of a dream.
méng ⁴ -i ¹ -ch'ang ³	夢一場	a dream; the present world.
méng ⁴ -mei ⁴	夢寐	to dream; dreamy, visionary.
méng ⁴ -ya ¹	夢魘	the nightmare (ya ¹ shui ¹).
MI²	迷 迷 789a589a	to puzzle, to stupefy; stupid; deceived; to lose.
mi ² -chéng ⁴	迷症	a sort of idiocy.
mi ² -hun ²	迷魂	deceived, puzzled, bewildered (kou ¹ hun ²).
mi ² -hun ² -chén ⁴	迷魂陣	infatuated.
mi ² -hun ² -t'ang ¹	迷魂湯	draught of oblivion (in transmigration).
mi ² -huo ⁴	迷惑	to be deceived, deluded (yin ³ yu ⁴).
mi ² -lu ⁴	迷路	to have lost the road, way, place, etc.
mi ² -hsin ¹	迷心	infatuation.
mi ² -hu ¹ -hu ¹	迷忽忽	foolish, absent-minded.
mi ² -shih ¹	迷失	to lose, to stray (shih ¹ mi ²)
mi ² -t'u ³	迷途	to have lost the road, way, place, etc.
mi ²	彌 彌	to reach, to extend to, to spread everywhere.
mi ² -feng ¹	彌封	to paste slip over name, e. g., on essay.

<i>mí²-fēng⁴</i>	彌縫	to mend ; to fill up a crack.
<i>mí²-lè¹-fo³</i>	彌勒佛	a Buddha still to come.
<i>mí²-lè⁴-yūan⁴</i>	彌勒院	a Buddhist temple.
<i>mí²-pu³</i>	彌補	to fill up.
<i>mí²-yüeh⁴</i>	*彌月	a boy born thirty days ; a full month.
<i>mí²</i>	言謎	a riddle, a puzzle, an enigma ; to puzzle
<i>mí²-yin³</i>	謎隱	a riddle, an enigma.
<i>mí²-yü³</i>	謎語	same (ts'ai ¹ mí ²).
<i>mí² (míeh)</i>	竹篾	bamboo skin ; small.
<i>mí²-hsi²</i>	篾蓆	a mat made of bamboo-skin.
<i>mí²-hsiang¹-tsü³</i>	篾箱子	a bamboo box.
<i>mí²-tsü³</i>	篾子	the bamboo ribs of a fan.
MI³	米	米 788b590b
<i>mí²-chou¹</i>	米粥	rice ; seeds (i ¹ li ⁴ mí ²).
<i>mí²-chu¹</i>	米珠	congee, rice gruel.
<i>mí²-fan⁴</i>	米飯	"rice pearls," rice.
<i>mí²-fēn³</i>	米粉	cooked rice or millet.
<i>mí²-jén³</i>	米仁	rice flour.
<i>mí²-k'ang¹</i>	米糠	pearl barley.
<i>mí²-li⁴</i>	米粒	rice husks or chaff.
<i>mí²-liang²</i>	米糧	rice.
<i>mí²-mien⁴</i>	米麪	food in general, rations (liang ² shih ³).
<i>mí²-sè⁴-i¹-sīang¹</i>	米色衣裳	rice and flour, rice flour.
<i>mí²-shéng¹</i>	米升	straw colored clothing.
<i>mí²-t'ang¹</i>	米湯	a rice measure (about 1 catty 12 ounces).
<i>mí²-tien⁴</i>	米店	congee ; flattery.
<i>mí²-lou³</i>	米斗	a rice shop.
<i>mí²</i>	非靡	a rice measure (10 shéng).
<i>mí²-li⁴</i>	靡麗	to scatter, extravagant, selfish ; not having, etc.
<i>mí²-man⁴</i>	靡漫	beautiful, elegant.
<i>mí²-mí²</i>	靡靡	vague, loose.
<i>mí²-wu²</i>	靡無	slowly, leisurely ; obedient.
<i>mí²</i>	目眯	not.
<i>mí²-yen³</i>	眯眼	[eyes. blinded, obscured, closed ; to dislike ; saud in eyes blinded (with dust).
MI⁴	密	密 791a596a
<i>mí⁴-cha²</i>	密劄	thick, close, secret ; still, silent, profound.
<i>mí⁴-ch'én²</i>	密陳	a secret despatch.
<i>mí⁴-hou⁴</i>	密厚	a secret statement to, e. g., the Throne.
<i>mí⁴-mí⁴-shih²-shih²</i>	密密實實	close or intimate friendship.
<i>mí⁴-mí⁴-tsa²-tsa²</i>	密密雜雜	very closely, thickly.
<i>mí⁴-shih⁴</i>	密室	many and multifarious (lei ¹ lei ⁴ tsa ² tsa ²).
		a secret or private apartment.

mi⁴-yen² 密言
 mi⁴-yu³ 密密友
 mi⁴-yü⁴ 密密諭
 mi⁴-yün²-pu⁴-yü⁴ 密密雲不雨
 mi⁴ 虫 蜜 790c596b
 mi⁴-chien⁴ 蜜餞
 mi⁴-chih¹ 蜜汁
 mi⁴-fang² 蜜房
 mi⁴-fêng¹ 蜜蜂
 mi⁴-la⁴ 蜜蠟
 mi⁴-li³ t'iao²-yu³ 蜜裡調油
 mi⁴-po¹-lo² 蜜菠蘿
 mi⁴-t'ien¹ 蜜甜
 mi⁴-t'o²-sêng¹ 蜜陀僧
 mi⁴-tsui¹ 蜜嘴
 mi⁴-wo¹ 蜜窩
 mi⁴-yü³ 蜜語
 mi⁴ 米 糜 789c590a
 mi⁴-chow¹ 糜粥
 mi⁴-fei⁴ 糜費
 mi⁴-lan⁴ 糜爛
 mi⁴ pai⁴ 糜敗
 mi⁴-san⁴ 糜散
 mi⁴ 見 覓 790c596c
 mi⁴-fang³ 覓訪
 mi⁴-han⁴ 覓汗
 mi⁴-jên² 覓人
 mi⁴-so³ 覓索

secrets, private talk.
 an intimate friend (chih¹ chi³ p'êng² yu³).
 a secret decree.
 dense clouds hold no rain.
 honey ; sweet ; flattering.
 comfits, preserves, sweetmeats.
 honey, syrup.
 the honey-combs.
 the honey bee, the bee (huang² fêng¹).
 bees-wax.
 to mix oil in honey (fig.).
 the pine-apple, the jack fruit (po¹ lo² mi⁴).
 sweet as honey (kan¹ t'ieu²).
 litharge.
 flattering, specious (ch'an² mei⁴).
 cells ; a beehive.
 "sweet talk," flattery.
 congee, rice-water ; scum ; entirely.
 congee, rice-gruel.
 to waste, to spend extravagantly (k'uang² fei⁴).
 boiled to rags ; harrassed, oppressed.
 completely ruined.
 scattered, dispersed, wasted.
 to seek for, to search ; to enquire after.
 to enquire after.
 a hired man (ku⁴ kung¹ jên²).
 to search for a person ; to hire a man.
 to search ; to enquire ; to entreat.

MIAO¹ 口 喵 ○ ○
 miao²-miao¹-chiao⁴- 喵喵叫喚
 [huan¹]
 MIAO² 艸 廿 苗 792a591a
 miao²-ho² 苗禾
 miao²-hua²-shih² 苗華實
 miao²-i⁴ 苗裔
 miao²-tzu³ 苗子
 miao² 手 才 描 792a591c
 miao²-chin¹ 描金
 miao²-chin¹-kuei⁴ 描金櫃
 miao²-ch'ing²-hsieh³- 描情寫景
 miao²-hsieh³ [ching³] 描寫
 miao²-hua⁴ 描畫

mew of a cat.
 mewling of a cat.
 sprouts, shoots, first budding of any plants.
 young corn, blades of corn.
 blade, flower, and fruit.
 descendants (hou⁴ ssü⁴).
 barbarians (a race in Ssü-ch'uan, etc.).
 to paint, to draw, to sketch, to pourtray.
 to gild figures, to gild on porcelain.
 a gilt box.
 to describe emotions and write of scenery.
 to sketch, to trace.
 to paint a picture.

- miao²-lung²-ko²* 描紅格
miao²-lung²-mo¹-tsü³ 描紅模子
miao²-mei³ 描眉
miao²-tsü⁴ 描字
 red characters for children to copy.
 to write with black ink over red characters
 to paint the brows.
 to copy writing, to trace characters.
- MIAO³** 艸 廿 藐^{793a592b}
miao³-hsiao³ 藐小
miao³-shih⁴ 藐視
miao³-shih⁴-jên² 藐視人
miao³ 水 洩^{792c592a}
miao³-mang² 洩茫
miao³-mang²-wu²-p'ing² 洩茫無憑
miao³-miao³ 洩渺
miao³ 木 杪^{792b592b}
 small, petty; contemptuous.
 same.
 contempt; to despise (k'an⁴ pu⁴ ch'i³).
 to despise a person (ch'ing¹ k'an⁴).
 small; white; glittering; vast, indistinct.
 an immense distance, boundless; indistinct.
 baseless,
 boundless, indistinct.
 the highest point of a tree, a twig; small.
- MIAO⁴** 女 妙^{792b592b}
miao⁴-ch'ü⁴ 妙計
miao⁴-ch'ü⁴ 妙奇
miao⁴-ch'ü⁴-t'ü¹ 妙奇的
miao⁴-chüeh⁴ 妙絕
miao⁴-fa³ 妙法
miao⁴-jên² 妙人
miao⁴-ling² chi²-ho² 妙齡幾何
miao⁴-nien² 妙年
miao⁴-pu⁴-k'o³-yen² 妙不可言
miao⁴-shün² 妙甚
miao⁴-shou² 妙手
miao⁴-shou²-hui²-ch'un¹ 妙手回春
miao⁴ 广 庙 廟^{793a592c}
miao⁴-chu³ 廟主
miao⁴-hao⁴ 廟號
miao⁴-huo⁴ 廟貨
miao⁴-t'ang² 廟堂
miao⁴-yü³ 廟宇
 admirable, excellent, good, delicate, fine.
 a capital plan.
 admirable! wonderful!
 admirably, wonderfully.
 admirable!
 an admirable plan.
 a beautiful or excellent person. [nien²].
 how old are you; (to young persons) (chuang⁴
 at the best time of life, youthful.
 indescribably wonderful.
 admirable in the extreme.
 an admirable skillful hand, a clever hand.
 compliment to a doctor (on a tablet).
 a temple (ssü⁴ yüan⁴).
 the lay manager of a temple.
 posthumous name of an emperor.
 fairings; trumpery; rubbish; worthless.
 hall of audience in the palace; a temple.
 a Taoist temple, temples in general (ni² kuan¹).
- MIEH¹** 口 咩 咩^{793b583b}
mieh¹-mieh¹ 咩咩
mieh¹ 乜^{793b583b}
mieh¹-hsieh²-cho²-yen² 乜斜着眼
 bleating of sheep
 same.
 eyes crossing.
 squint-eyed.
- MIEH⁴** 水 威 滅^{793c593a}
mieh⁴-chih⁴-ch'ü⁴ 滅志氣
mieh⁴-chüeh² 滅絕
 to extinguish, to exterminate.
 to weaken one's resolution.
 to exterminate.

mieh⁴-hsi² 滅息
 mieh⁴-huo³ 滅火
 mieh⁴-k'ung³-tsü³ 滅孔子
 mieh⁴-kuo² 滅國
 mieh⁴-liao³ 滅了
 mieh⁴-liao³-mei³-yu³ 滅了沒有
 mieh⁴-mei³ 滅沒
 mieh⁴-mên³ 滅門
 mieh⁴-mên²-chiu³-tsu⁴ 滅門九族
 mieh⁴-pu⁴-liao³ 滅不了
 mieh⁴-té²-liao³ 滅得了
 mieh⁴-têng¹ 滅燈
 mieh⁴-tsu² 滅族
 mieh⁴-wang³ 滅亡
 mieh⁴ 竹篾 793c593c

to extinguish.
 to extinguish a fire or light.
 to abolish the influence of Confucius.
 to destroy a country.
 extinguished, etc.
 is it extinguished?
 to extinguish; dead. [liem] (ch'ao¹ chia¹).
 the whole of a family exterminated (for rebel-
 to wholly exterminate a family.
 unable to extinguish, etc.
 able to extinguish, etc.
 to put out a candle or lamp (ch'ui¹ têng¹).
 to cut off a whole family or clan (for rebellion)
 exterminated, annihilated, dead. [(ch'ao¹ chia¹),
 splints. See mi².

MIEN² 木 棉 794b594a
 mien²-ao³ 棉襖
 mien²-fun²-pu⁴ 棉帆布
 mien²-hsieh³ 棉鞋
 mien²-hsien⁴ 棉線
 mien²-ksü⁴ 棉絮
 mien²-hua¹ 棉花
 mien²-hua¹-pu⁴ 棉花布
 mien²-i¹-fu² 棉衣服
 mien²-i¹-shang¹ 棉衣裳
 mien²-k'u⁴ 棉褲
 mien²-p'ao²-tsü³ 棉袍子
 mien²-pei⁴-t'ai¹-rh² 棉被胎兒
 mien²-tsü³ 棉子
 mien²-tsü³-ping³ 棉子餅
 mien²-tsü³-yu² 棉子油
 mien²-yü³-ling² 棉羽綾
 mien² 綿 794c593a
 mien²-ch'ang² 綿長
 mien²-chih³ 綿紙
 mien²-ch'ou³ 綿綢
 mien²-hsien⁴ 綿線
 mien²-juan³ 綿轉
 mien²-li⁴ 綿力
 mien²-lien²-chih³ 綿連紙
 mien²-mien² 綿綿
 mien²-ska¹ 綿紗

cotton.
 a wadded coat.
 cotton duck.
 wadded shoes (wêng¹ hsieh²).
 cotton thread, sewing cotton.
 cotton, down; to quilt.
 raw cotton.
 cotton cloth, calico.
 cotton clothes (chia¹ tan¹).
 same.
 wadded trousers.
 wadded gown.
 cotton bed quilts.
 cotton seed.
 cotton seed cakes.
 cotton seed oil.
 cotton lastings.
 cotton; floss silk; connected; enduring; thick; [weak.
 lasting, perpetual.
 coarse paper.
 fine silk, colored silk.
 silk thread.
 soft, pliant, flexible.
 weak, of little strength.
 soft sort of paper.
 small, minute; lasting, perpetual.
 fine muslin.

<i>mien³.ssü¹</i>	綿絲	silk thread, sewing silk.
<i>mien².tzü³</i>	綿子	silk quilting.
<i>mien³.yang²</i>	綿羊	the sheep (shan ¹ yang ²).
<i>mien².yang².jung³</i>	綿羊絨	foreign woollen cloth.
<i>mien²</i>	目眠	to shut the eyes, to sleep; confused, bewildered.
<i>mien².hsia⁴</i>	眠下	to lie down (t'ang ³ hsia ⁴).
<i>mien².mu⁴</i>	眠目	to close the eyes.
<i>mien².shui⁴</i>	眠睡	to sleep (an ¹ mien ²).
<i>mien².wo⁴</i>	眠臥	same.

MIEN³	儿	免 ^{796b594b}	to avoid, to dispense with; to prevent, to stop.
<i>mien³.chan⁴</i>		免戰	to avoid a battle.
<i>mien³.chan⁴.ch'i³</i>		免戰旗	a flag of truce.
<i>mien³.chan⁴.p'ai²</i>		免戰牌	a flag of truce (tablet of wood).
<i>mien³.chien⁴</i>		免見	to decline seeing (tang ³ chiu ⁴).
<i>mien³.chih²</i>		免職	to put out of office.
<i>mien³.ch'ü⁴</i>		免去	to reject.
<i>mien³.hsing²</i>		免行	to abrogate, to abolish, to repeal.
<i>mien³ hsiang².chiu⁴.fa³</i>		免行舊法	to abolish old laws.
<i>mien³.k'oi¹.tsun¹.k'ou³</i>		免開口	I give no credit, please don't ask.
<i>mien³.kuan¹</i>		免官	to remove from office.
<i>mien³.kuan¹</i>		免冠	to put off the cap (chai ¹ mao ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>mien³.lao²</i>		免勞	to prevent trouble (shêng ³ shih ⁴).
<i>mien³.li³</i>		免禮	to remit the ceremony.
<i>mien³.liao³</i>		免了	don't use it, dispense with it.
<i>mien³.pu⁴.liao³.ti¹</i>		免不了的	can't be avoided.
<i>mien³.pu⁴.tê³</i>		免不得	indispensable, etc.
<i>mien³.shê⁴</i>		免赦	to forgive (shê ⁴ mien ³ , jao ³ shu ⁴).
<i>mien³.shui⁴.chih².chao⁴</i>		免稅執照	an "exemption certificate."
<i>mien³.shui⁴.tan¹</i>		免稅單	same.
<i>mien³.tê³</i>		免得	to avoid, lest.
<i>mien³.t'o²</i>		免脫	to put away, to escape, to avoid.
<i>mien³.tsu¹</i>		免租	to remit rent or taxes on account of bad crops.
<i>mien³.ts'u⁴</i>		免醋	to put no vinegar in food.
<i>mien³.tsui⁴</i>		免罪	to forgive an offence, to absolve from guilt.
<i>mien³.wei³</i>		免桅	to let down the mast.
<i>mien³</i>	力	勉 ^{797a594b}	to use effort, to endeavour; to urge to, to stimulate, effort, force, compulsion; to force.
<i>mien³.ch'iang²</i>		勉強	to urge to goodness.
<i>mien³.jên².wei³.shan⁴</i>		勉人爲善	to exert one's strength.
<i>mien³.li⁴</i>		勉力	strenuous effort; to urge to strenuous exertion
<i>mien³.li⁴</i>		勉厲	exert yourself to study hard.
<i>mien³.li⁴.nien⁴.shu¹</i>		勉厲念書	strenuous effort; to urge to exertion.
<i>mien³.li⁴</i>		勉勵	

<i>mien³-mien³-ch'iang²</i>	勉勉强强	constant effort, force, compulsion.
<i>mien³</i> 心 <small>[ch'iang²]</small>	恹恹	shy, timid; to consider.
<i>mien³-huai³</i>	恹懷	to think of, to bear in mind,
<i>mien³-nien⁴</i>	恹念	same.
<i>mien³-t'ien³</i>	恹慚	shy, timid, bashful (<i>han³ so⁴</i>).
<i>mien³</i>	糸 緬	name.
<i>mien³-tien⁴</i>	緬甸	Burma.
<i>mien³ (wan)</i>	女 婉	to bear a child; effeminate; slow, sauntering.
<i>mien³-shêng¹</i>	婉生	to bear a child.
<i>mien³</i>	冂 冕	crown, diadem.
<i>mien³-liu³</i>	冕旒	a crown, e. g., bridal.

MIEN⁴	面	面	794c595a.	the face, the surface; the front, towards.
<i>mien⁴-ch'ao²-li³</i>		面	朝裏	inside out.
<i>mien⁴-chiang³</i>		面	講	discuss verbally.
<i>mien⁴-chien⁴</i>		面	見	to visit; to see.
<i>mien⁴-ch'ien²</i>		面	前	before, in front of.
<i>mien⁴-ch'ih⁴</i>		面	赤	a red face; to blush, to colour up.
<i>mien⁴-ch'ing³</i>		面	請	to personally request.
<i>mien⁴-chün²</i>		面	君	to have an audience of the emperor (<i>yin³ chien⁴</i>).
<i>mien⁴-hsiang⁴</i>		面	像	a portrait (<i>chao⁴ hsiang⁴</i>).
<i>mien⁴-hsieh⁴</i>		面	謝	to thank one personally.
<i>mien⁴-hsü⁴</i>		面	叙	to chat (<i>t'an² t'an²</i>).
<i>mien⁴-i¹</i>		面	衣	"face clothes," a veil.
<i>mien⁴-jou²</i>		面	柔	"face soft," bashful, sheepish, soft-hearted.
<i>mien⁴-juan³</i>		面	軟	same.
<i>mien⁴-k'ung³</i>		面	孔	ears, eyes, nostrils, and mouth; the face.
<i>mien⁴-lao⁴</i>		面	絡	"face net," a veil.
<i>mien⁴-mao⁴</i>		面	貌	the countenance.
<i>mien⁴-mao⁴-hsiang¹-tui⁴</i>		面	貌相對	face to face, <i>vis-a-vis</i> .
<i>mien⁴-mén³</i> <small>[kuan¹]</small>		面	門	the forehead (<i>o³ t'ou²</i>).
<i>mien⁴-mien⁴-hsiang¹</i>		面	面相觀	looking at one another.
<i>mien⁴-mu⁴</i>		面	目	"face and eyes," the face.
<i>mien⁴-p'í²-hou⁴</i>		面	皮厚	barefaced, shameless.
<i>mien⁴-sé⁴</i>		面	色	complexion, countenance.
<i>mien⁴-sé⁴-pai²</i>		面	色白	pale-faced.
<i>mien⁴-shan⁴</i>		面	善	well acquainted with a person.
<i>mien⁴-shang⁴</i>		面	上	the surface.
<i>mien⁴-shang²-t'ai⁴-lêng³</i>		面	上太冷	too cold and formal.
<i>mien⁴-shang³-wu³-kuang¹</i>		面	上無光	I lose credit or prestige.
<i>mien⁴-shêng¹</i>		面	生	a stranger whom we do not know by face.
<i>mien⁴-shêng¹-t'ao³-pao³</i>		面	生討保	identification required (bank note).
<i>mien⁴-shih⁴</i>		面	試	a trial at examinations.

<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>shu</i> ²	面熟	one whose face is familiar.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>tai</i> ⁴ - <i>hsia</i> ⁴ - <i>jung</i> ²	面帶夏容	a face like summer.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>tsou</i> ⁴	面奏	to state verbally to the-emperor.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>tui</i> ⁴ - <i>mien</i> ⁴	面對面	face to face.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>tzü</i> ³	面子	facing, the outside of clothing ; social status.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>tzü</i> ³ - <i>ch'ing</i> ² - <i>érh</i> ³	面子情兒	a merely outside friendship.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>yu</i> ² - <i>hsi</i> ² - <i>sé</i> ⁴	面有喜色	a joyful countenance.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>yu</i> ² - <i>k'uei</i> ² - <i>sé</i> ⁴	面有愧色	a shamefaced appearance.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>yü</i> ⁴ - <i>jén</i> ²	面譽人	to flatter a person before his face,
<i>mien</i> ⁴	麵	796a595c flour ; vermicelli,
<i>mien</i> ⁴	麵	same.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>an</i> ⁴	麵案	a kneading-board, a trencher.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>chang</i> ⁴	麵杖	a rolling-pin.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>chiang</i> ⁴	麵醬	a sort of sauce made of flour.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>chiao</i> ⁴	麵酵	yeast (fa ¹ mien ⁴).
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>chin</i> ¹	麵筋	a kind of hash made of flour ; dough, dumplings.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>fan</i> ⁴	麵飯	virtuals composed of flour.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>fén</i> ³	麵粉	flour.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>hsi</i> ⁴	麵細	fine flour.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>hui</i> ¹	麵灰	slaked lime.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>man</i> ² - <i>t'ou</i> ²	麵饅頭	wheaten bread.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>puo</i> ²	麵包	same.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>pao</i> ² - <i>kan</i> ¹	麵包乾	biscuits.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>p'ien</i> ⁴	麵片	slices of dough.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>ping</i> ³	麵餅	wheaten cakes.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>shih</i> ²	麵食	virtuals made of flour.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>tan</i> ⁴	麵蛋	mealy.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>t'ang</i> ¹	麵湯	soup made of flour.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>t'iao</i> ²	麵條	slips of dough boiled.
<i>mien</i> ⁴ - <i>ts'u</i> ¹	麵粗	coarse flour.

MIN²

民 797b597a

<i>min</i> ² - <i>chi</i> ²	民籍	the people, subjects of a country.
<i>min</i> ² - <i>chien</i> ¹	民間	a register of the people (hu ⁴ pan ²).
<i>min</i> ² - <i>ch'ing</i> ²	民情	among the people.
<i>min</i> ² - <i>ch'ing</i> ² - <i>pu</i> ⁴ - <i>an</i> ¹	民情不安	popular feeling.
<i>min</i> ² - <i>chu</i> ³	民主	popular feeling restless.
<i>min</i> ² - <i>chu</i> ³ - <i>kuo</i> ³	民主國	President of a Republic.
<i>min</i> ² - <i>chuang</i> ⁴	民壯	a Republic.
<i>min</i> ² - <i>fung</i> ²	民房	local militia (hsiang ¹ yung ²).
<i>min</i> ² - <i>fu</i> ¹	民夫	private houses, as opposed to government,
<i>min</i> ² - <i>fu</i> ⁴ - <i>mu</i> ³	民父母	forced labourers (by government).
<i>min</i> ² - <i>jén</i> ³	民人	“father and mother of the people,” a <i>magis</i> . the people, one of the people.

<i>ming²-ch'iang¹-i⁴-to²</i>	明槍易躲	an open spear is easy to avoid.
<i>ming²-chih¹-ku⁴-fan⁴</i>	明知故犯	with full knowledge, to intentionally transgress.
<i>ming²-chih¹-ku⁴-wén⁴</i>	明知故問	to quiz, not for information, but to embarrass.
<i>ming²-ch'in¹-an⁴-tsung⁴</i>	明擒暗縱	openly make prisoner, and secretly release.
<i>ming²-ching⁴-an¹-nung⁴</i>	明敬暗弄	to injure under guise of honor.
<i>ming²-ching¹-chin⁴-shih⁴</i>	明經進士	a graduate (chin ⁴ shih ⁴) so called.
<i>ming²-ching⁴-kao¹-hsūan²</i>	明鏡高懸	fig. very wise.
<i>ming²-ch'iu¹ (ch'iu)</i>	明柩	the coffin.
<i>ming²-chu⁴</i>	明柱	a free pillar.
<i>ming²-ch'ü⁴-yeh⁴-lai²</i>	明去夜來	e. g., the stars, darkness has come.
<i>ming²-chün¹</i>	明君	a good sovereign (huan ¹ chün ¹ , jên ² chün ¹).
<i>ming²-érh²-ko⁴</i>	明兒個	to-morrow.
<i>ming²-fan²</i>	明礬	alum (pai ² fan ²).
<i>ming²-hsien²-i⁴-chien⁴</i>	明顯易見	self-evident, clear.
<i>ming²-huang² [ti¹</i>	明黃	bright yellow, jonquil.
<i>ming²-huang²-huang²</i>	明晃晃的	dazzling bright.
<i>ming²-huo²</i>	明夥	daring robbers, burglars, etc.
<i>ming²-huo²-chih²-chang⁴</i>	明火執仗	armed robbers with torches (hsiang ² ma ²).
<i>ming²-jên²</i>	明人	the man of light, a wise man.
<i>ming²-jih⁴</i>	明日	to-morrow.
<i>ming²-ju²-ching⁴</i>	明如鏡	as clear as in a mirror.
<i>ming²-kuang¹</i>	明光	bright, glittering, dazzling.
<i>ming²-kung¹</i>	明公	gentlemen, open and honorable, a professor of
<i>ming²-lang²</i>	明朝	bright, brightness, clear.
<i>ming²-lang²-yen²-chien⁴</i>	明瞭眼見	evidently, palpably (mu ⁴ tu ² yen ² chien ⁴).
<i>ming²-li²-ti¹-jên²</i>	明理的人	a man who understands reason.
<i>ming²-liang⁴</i>	明亮	bright, splendid.
<i>ming²-ling²</i>	明陵	the Ming tombs.
<i>ming²-lün²-t'ang²</i>	明倫堂	a hall in the temple of Confucius.
<i>ming²-ming²</i>	明明	clear, bright, evident, plain.
<i>ming²-ming²-pai²-pai²</i>	明明白白	same (ch'ing ¹ ch'ü ²).
<i>ming²-ming²-shih⁴</i>	明明是	it is evidently.
<i>ming²-mu⁴</i>	明目	bright eyes.
<i>ming²-mien²</i>	明年	next year
<i>ming²-pai²</i>	明白	to understand, to comprehend. M. 302.
<i>ming²-pai²-jên²</i>	明白人	an intelligent man.
<i>ming²-pien⁴</i>	明辨	to distinguish clearly.
<i>ming²-shêng¹-an⁴-chiang⁴</i>	明陞暗降	apparent promotion, but real-degrading.
<i>ming²-shuo¹</i>	明說	to state clearly, etc.
<i>ming²-tan⁴</i>	明旦	to-morrow morning early.
<i>ming²-t'ang²</i>	明堂	hall of audience.
<i>ming²-t'ien¹</i>	明天	to-morrow.
<i>ming²-t'ien¹-chien⁴</i>	明天見	I'll see you to-morrow; good day.

<i>ming²-t'ien¹-tsai⁴-shuo¹</i>	明天再說	let's discuss it to-morrow again.
<i>ming²-wang⁴-wang⁴-ti¹</i>	明旺旺的	very clear.
<i>ming²-wu⁴</i>	明悟	talent, genius (t'ien ¹ fên ⁴ kao ¹) (yao ⁴ yao ⁴ ti ¹).
<i>ming²-yen³</i>	明言	a lucid statement, to state clearly.
<i>ming²-yen⁴</i>	明驗	a clear proof (ch'ên ³ ming ⁴).
<i>ming²-yüeh⁴</i>	明月	the bright moon; next month.
<i>ming²</i>	名	a name, a title; to name; nominal (hsing ⁴ ming ²).
<i>ming²-ch'ü⁴</i>	名器	a famous article.
<i>ming²-ch'ü⁴</i>	名氣	reputation.
<i>ming²-chiao⁴</i>	名叫	called (such a name).
<i>ming²-chieh³</i>	名節	upright.
<i>ming²-ch'uan²-ch'ien¹</i>	名傳千古	an everlasting fame.
<i>ming²-ch'ui²-pu⁴-hsiu¹</i>	名垂不休	his fame handed down forever.
<i>ming²-fên¹</i>	名分	duty (pên ³ fên ⁴).
<i>ming²-fên⁴-hsiang¹</i>	名分相關	fame and duty are related.
<i>ming²-hao⁴</i>	名號	name, epithet, title, designation.
<i>ming²-hsien⁴-chi³</i>	名賢集	sayings of wise men (a book).
<i>ming²-i¹</i>	名醫	a famous physician (i ¹ shêng ¹).
<i>ming²-jên²</i>	名人	famous men.
<i>ming²-jên²-tzü⁴-hua⁴</i>	名人字畫	writing by famous men.
<i>ming²-ju²</i>	名儒	a celebrated scholar.
<i>ming²-kuan¹</i>	名官	a famous official.
<i>ming²-kuan¹-tz'ü²</i>	名官祠	a temple sacred to the memory of famous officials.
<i>ming²-li⁴</i>	名利	fame and profit.
<i>ming²-li⁴-chien¹-ch'uan²</i>	名利兼全	name and fame together.
<i>ming²-li⁴-liang²-t'ü²</i>	名利兩途	fame and profit the two roads.
<i>ming²-mu⁴</i>	名目	register book (of name).
<i>ming²-p'ien⁴</i>	名片	a visiting card (p'ien ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>ming²-pu⁴-hsü¹-ch'uan²</i>	名不虛傳	a true reputation.
<i>ming²-sê⁴</i>	名色	substantiality and reality.
<i>ming²-shan¹-ta⁴-ch'uan¹</i>	名山大川	famous mountains and big rivers.
<i>ming²-shêng¹</i>	名聲	fame, reputation (shêng ¹ ming ²).
<i>ming²-shêng¹-pu⁴-hao²</i>	名聲不好	a bad reputation.
<i>ming²-shih⁴</i>	名士	a noted person.
<i>ming²-t'ieh³</i>	名帖	a visiting card.
<i>ming²-tzü³</i>	名子	a name (hsing ⁴).
<i>ming²-tzü⁴</i>	名字	name (of person).
<i>ming²-wang⁴</i>	名望	famous, celebrated.
<i>ming²-wu⁴</i>	名物	a mark of distinction.
<i>ming²-yang²-ssü¹-hai³</i>	名揚四海	a fame spread abroad in China.
<i>ming²</i>	金銘	to engrave, to write, to publish, to record.
<i>ming²-chi⁴-tsai⁴-hsin¹</i>	銘記在心	engraved on the mind.
<i>ming²-chin¹</i>	銘金	to engrave on gold.

ming ² -ching ¹	銘旌	a flag bestowed on deserving persons.
ming ² -kan ³	銘感	to record one's gratitude.
ming ² -hsin ¹ -k'o ⁴ -ku ²	銘心刻骨	to engrave on the heart and bones.
ming ² -k'o ⁴	銘刻	to engrave.
ming ² -kung ¹	銘功	to publish or record one's merit.
ming ² -ming ²	銘名	to record one's name.
ming ²	冥 801a600b	obscure, dull, gloomy, dark; a spirit.
ming ² -fu ³	冥府	the earth, the grave (huang ² ch'üan ²).
ming ² -hai ³	冥海	the deep sea.
ming ² -i ¹	冥衣	paper clothes (burnt at one's death).
ming ² -wan ² -pu ⁴ -ling ³	冥頑不靈	doltish (han ¹ t'ou ³ lang ²).
ming ²	鳴 802a598a	the cry of any bird or animal; a sound; to sound.
ming ² -chin ¹	鳴金	to sound the gong, to beat the "retreat."
ming ² -ch'un ¹	鳴春	the cry of any bird.
ming ² -ku ³	鳴鼓	to beat a drum (lei ² ku ³).
ming ² -lo ³	鳴鑼	to strike a gong (shai ¹ lo ³).
ming ² -lo ³ -ch'ang ¹ -tao ⁴	鳴鑼唱道	with sound of gongs, as at a wedding.
ming ² -lo ³ -chi ¹ -ku ³	鳴鑼擊鼓	beating of gongs and drums.
ming ² -lo ³ -hsiang ³ -ku ³	鳴鑼響鼓	clanging cymbals, and rattling-drums.
ming ² -shêng ¹	鳴聲	sound of any kind.
ming ² -yüan ¹	鳴冤	to call attention to one's injuries (han ² yüan ¹).
ming ²	辨 廿	tea of any sort.
ming ² -ch'a ³	茗茶	same.
ming ²	酉 酉	drunk.
ming ² -ting ¹ -ta ⁴ -tsui ⁴	酩酊大醉	dead drunk.

MING ⁴	口 命 802a601b	fate, lot, destiny; life; an-order.
ming ⁴ -an ⁴	命案	a case of murder.
ming ⁴ -ch'ang ³	命長	long life, old age (shou ⁴).
ming ⁴ -chin ⁴	命盡	near death, about to die (lin ² wei ²).
ming ⁴ -ch'üang ³	命窮	in bad circumstances.
ming ⁴ -chung ¹ -yu ³ -êrh ²	命中有兒	fated to have sons.
ming ⁴ -hao ³	命好	a good fortune.
min ⁴ -hsiu ¹	命休	to die (ssü ³).
ming ⁴ -ling ⁴	命令	orders, commands, precepts (fên ¹ fu ⁴).
ming ⁴ -lun ⁴	命論	to discourse on fate.
ming ⁴ -mên ³	命門	an anatomical point between the kidneys.
ming ⁴ -pao ³	命薄	a "thin fate," ill-fated.
ming ⁴ -pu ⁴ -kao ¹	命不高	no luck.
ming ⁴ -pu ⁴ -yu ² -jên ²	命不由人	fate does not depend on man.
ming ⁴ -tu ³	命獨	a person without any family or relatives.
ming ⁴ -tuan ³	命短	a short life.
ming ⁴ -yu ² -t'ien ¹ -ting ⁴	命由天定	fate is fixed by Heaven.

* Note 70.

ming⁴-yün⁴

命運

destiny, fate (yün⁴ ch'í⁴).

MIU⁴ 言 [ching¹ 謬^{803a601a}
miu⁴-chih⁴-shêng⁴- 謬^{803a601a} 解^{803a601a} 聖^{803a601a} 經^{803a601a}

error, fallacy (also miao⁴, niu⁴).
to wrest the Scriptures.

MO¹

手 { 摹^{810c605a}
摸^{805a603c}

to feel, to touch, to grasp; a form, a pattern.
same.

mo¹

摸^{810c605a} 着^{810c605a} 黑^{810c605a} 走^{810c605a}

to grope one's way in the dark.

mo¹-fang³

摸^{810c605a} 做^{810c605a}

a copy, a form, a pattern.

mo¹-hsia¹-êrh³

摸^{810c605a} 瞎^{810c605a} 兒^{810c605a}

fumbling about like a blind man.

mo¹-hsieh³

摸^{810c605a} 寫^{810c605a}

to draw a likeness.

mo¹-mên²

摸^{810c605a} 門^{810c605a}

to be up to the ropes (tung³ chü²).

mo¹-pên³-tuan³

摸^{810c605a} 本^{810c605a} 緞^{810c605a}

flowered satin.

mo¹-pu⁴-chao³

摸^{810c605a} 不^{810c605a} 着^{810c605a}

unable to make out, nonplussed.

mo¹-pu⁴-ch'ing¹

摸^{810c605a} 不^{810c605a} 清^{810c605a}

can't distinguish clearly.

mo¹-shou³

摸^{810c605a} 手^{810c605a}

sleeve-bargaining.

mo¹-so¹

摸^{810c605a} 搽^{810c605a}

to feel or try with the hand; to dawdle.

mo¹-so¹

摸^{810c605a} 搥^{810c605a}

to rub with the hand, to feel.

mo¹-tê²-cho³

摸^{810c605a} 得^{810c605a} 着^{810c605a}

can make it out.

mo¹-t'ou²-hsü⁴

摸^{810c605a} 頭^{810c605a} 緒^{810c605a}

find the clue (lüan⁴ t'ou² hsü⁴).

mo¹-yü²

摸^{810c605a} 魚^{810c605a}

to feel about in the water for fish.

mo¹

模^{803b602c} ○ ○

dimness, indistinct.

mo¹-hu³

模^{803b602c} 糊^{803b602c}

same.

mo¹-mo¹-hu²-hu²

模^{803b602c} 模^{803b602c} 糊^{803b602c} 糊^{803b602c}

same.

me¹

麻^{803b602c} 麼^{803b602c}

麼^{803b602c}

interrogative particle. See ma¹

MO²

石礮

磨^{804a602a}

to grind, to rub; to afflict; a stone, a mill.

mo²-chuan¹-tui¹-fêng⁴

磨^{804a602a} 輒^{804a602a} 對^{804a602a} 縫^{804a602a}

fig. very apt or fitting.

mo²-chuan⁴

磨^{804a602a} 轉^{804a602a}

to loaf, to loiter.

mo²-fang²

磨^{804a602a} 房^{804a602a}

a mill-room.

mo²-kuan¹

磨^{804a602a} 官^{804a602a}

a miller.

mo²-kuang¹

磨^{804a602a} 光^{804a602a}

to burnish.

mo²-kuang¹-ti¹

磨^{804a602a} 光^{804a602a} 的^{804a602a}

burnished.

mo²-kung¹-fu¹

磨^{804a602a} 功^{804a602a} 夫^{804a602a}

to dawdle over work (ts'êng⁴ kung¹).

mo⁴-kuo⁴-lai²

磨^{804a602a} 過^{804a602a} 來^{804a602a}

to turn round, as a cart (⁴ in this sense).

mo²-li⁴

磨^{804a602a} 厲^{804a602a}

to grind, to sharpen; to discipline, to reform.

mo²-liao³-ti¹-p'ao⁴

磨^{804a602a} 了^{804a602a} 的^{804a602a} 泡^{804a602a}

blisters caused by rubbing.

mo²-lien⁴

磨^{804a602a} 鍊^{804a602a}

to work or study hard.

mo²-mien⁴

磨^{804a602a} 麪^{804a602a}

to grind flour.

mo²-ming²

磨^{804a602a} 明^{804a602a}

to burnish.

mo²-ming²-ti¹

磨^{804a602a} 明^{804a602a} 的^{804a602a}

burnished.

mo²-mo⁴

磨^{804a602a} 墨^{804a602a}

to rub Chinese ink (yen² mo⁴).

mo²-p'an²

磨^{804a602a} 盤^{804a602a}

the nether millstone.

mo²-p'an²-ling³ 磨盤領
 mo²-pu⁴-k'ai¹-lien³ 磨不開臉
 mo²-shih² 磨石
 mo²-tao¹-shih³ 磨刀石
 mo²-ti¹-feng¹-k'ai⁴ 磨的鋒快
 mo²-ts'én⁴ 磨蹭
 mo²-ya² 磨牙
 mo²-yu² 磨遊
 mo² 手 摩 803b602a
 mo²-nung⁴ 摩弄
 mo²-so¹ 摩挲
 mo² 鉤 廿 磨 803c602c
 mo²-ku¹ 磨菇
 mo² 鬼 魔 803c602b
 mo²-kuei³ 魔鬼
 mo²-wang³ 魔王
 mo² (tsü) 木 模 811a605a
 mo²-fan⁴ 模範
 mo²-yang⁴ 模樣
 mo² 言 談 805c605b
 mo² 食 饅 804b602b
 mo²-mo³ 饅饅

a collar worn by women.
 cannot avoid loss of "face."
 a whetstone, a grindstone, a millstone.
 a whetstone, a grindstone,
 sharpened to a very keen edge.
 to fumble; to be lazy. [wrangle.
 to grind the teeth, to chatter; to dispute, to
 to saunter about (liu¹ ta³ liu¹ ta³).
 to feel, to touch; to rub, to grind; to press.
 to feel and play with.
 to rub with the hand, to feel, to dally.
 a mushroom.
 same.
 a spirit, demon or devil,
 evil spirits, the-devil.
 king of devils.
 a mould, a pattern. See mu².
 a model.
 manner, mode, appearance, style; a pattern.
 well organized plans, plans fully matured and
 steamed cakes. [settled.
 same.

MO³ 手 字 抹 806b604b
 mo³-chiao³ 抹角
 mo³-cho¹-tzu³ 抹桌子
 mo³-ch'ü⁴ 抹去
 mo³-lu²-teng⁴ 抹糊瞪
 mo³-i¹-lien³-hé¹ 抹一臉黑
 mo³-keng³ 抹頸
 mo³-ling³ 抹零
 mo³-mien⁴-nou³-ch'ing³ 抹面無情
 mo³-p'ai² 抹牌
 mo³-po³-tzu³ 抹脖子
 mo³-shang³-lien³-yu² 抹上點油
 mo³-tui⁴ 抹兌
 mo³-tzu³ 抹子
 mo³-tzu⁴ 抹字

to rub, to brush; to obliterate; to cleanse
 to go round or turn a corner (kuai³ wan¹).
 to wipe the table.
 to abolish (fei⁴ ch'ü⁴).
 very stupid.
 rubbed his face all black.
 to cut one's throat.
 to deduct the odd number of cash.
 to treat with cold indifference.
 to play cards (ta² p'ai², tou⁴ p'ai²).
 to cut one's throat,
 rub on a little oil.
 to settle debts for one another.
 a trowel (ni³ pan³).
 to blot out characters.

MO⁴ 木 末 806a604a
 mo⁴-chang¹ 末章
 mo⁴-chieh² 末節
 mo⁴-chü⁴ 末句

afterwards, at last, dust (chung¹ mo⁴).
 the last chapter.
 the last verse, the end of a twig.
 the last clause.

mo⁴-hou⁴
 mo⁴-jih⁴
 mo⁴-mo⁴-liao³-rh²
 mo⁴-nien²
 mo⁴-shih⁴
 mo⁴-tzu³
 mo⁴-tz'ü⁴
 mo⁴-wei³
 mo⁴-wei⁴
 mo⁴ 土
 mo⁴-chi⁴-wei⁴-kan¹
 mo⁴-ch'ih²
 mo⁴-hei¹
 mo⁴-hui⁴
 mo⁴-shui³
 mo⁴-shui³-he²
 mo⁴-lou³-tzu³
 mo⁴-yen⁴
 mo⁴-yü²
 mo⁴ 黑
 mo⁴-chi⁴
 mo⁴-hsiang³
 mo⁴-hsieh³
 mo⁴-jan³
 mo⁴-mo⁴-wu³-shêng²
 mo⁴-mo⁴-wu³-yen²
 mo⁴-mu⁴
 mo⁴-nien⁴
 mo⁴-shih⁴
 mo⁴-ssü³
 mo⁴-tao³
 mo⁴-tso⁶
 mo⁴-yi²
 mo⁴-yu⁴
 mo⁴ (mu⁴) 艸
 mo⁴-ch'ü³-hsieh²-nien⁴
 mo⁴-ch'iu²-jên²
 mo⁴-ch'ou²
 mo⁴-fei²
 mo⁴-fei¹-t'a²
 mo⁴-fei¹-ya²
 mo⁴-hsiao⁴-jên²-p'in²
 mo⁴-jo⁴

末後
 末日
 末末了兒
 末年
 末世
 末子
 末次
 末尾
 末位
 墨 80Sa604c
 墨迹未乾
 墨池
 墨黑
 墨會
 墨水
 墨水 盒子
 墨斗 子
 墨硯
 墨魚
 默 807-605b
 默記
 默想
 默寫
 默然
 默默無聲
 默默無言
 默慕
 默念
 默示
 默思
 默禱
 默坐
 默陰
 默佑
 莫 804b603a
 莫起邪念
 莫求人
 莫愁
 莫非
 莫非他
 莫非鴉
 莫笑人貧
 莫若

afterwards, at last.
 the last day, e. g., of world, dynasty, etc.
 the end, afterwards, at last, after all (chih⁴
 the close of one's life. [chuang²].
 last age; end of a person, dynasty, or the world.
 dust, of any kind, e. g., of tea.
 the last occasion.
 the rear, the hind part.
 the last seat.
 ink; black, obscure.
 the inkstains not yet dry.
 the hollow for water on a Chinese-ink-slab.
 jet black (ch'ü¹ hei¹).
 to conceive mentally-(hua⁴ hui⁴).
 ink (fluid).
 an inkstand.
 carpenter's marking box and line (hui¹ hsien⁴).
 an ink-stone (yen⁴ t'ai²).
 cuttle fish.
 silent, silently, still; dark; thoughtfully.
 to inwardly remember, to bear in mind.
 to contemplate.
 to write out from memory.
 silently, thoughtfully.
 in solemn silence.
 silently, thoughtfully, without a word.
 to conceive mentally, to ponder over,
 to think silently, to contemplate.
 revelation (divine).
 silent reflection
 secret prayer.
 to sit in silence.
 still, silent, gloomy.
 to secretly protect..
 no, not, do not, negative; a cessation of. M. 214.
 do not harbor evil thoughts.
 do not depend on others.
 a prostitute; don't be sad!
 isn't it? certainly is, certainly (wu² fei¹).
 it certainly is he; is it really him?
 morphia.
 do not laugh at poverty.
 much better, nothing like, the best way, etc.

mo ⁴ -ku ² m ² -hsien ² -shih ⁴	莫管閑事	do not interfere with other people's affairs,
mo ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -yü ² -ts'ü ³	莫過於此	there is nothing beyond this.
mo ⁴ -lun ² -jên ² -fei ¹	莫論人非	do not discuss people's faults.
mo ⁴ -ni ⁴ -chih ¹ -chiao ¹	莫逆之交	an uninterrupted friendship.
mo ⁴ -pu ⁴	莫不	nothing but, the best, very proper.
mo ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	莫不是	it is certainly; isn't it? quite right.
mo ⁴ -ta ⁴ -ti ¹ -ên ¹	莫大的恩	unbounded grace.
mo ⁴ -t'an ² -kuo ² -shih ⁴	莫談國事	do not discuss politics (notice in Peking tea-
mo ⁴ -ting ⁴	莫定	uncertain.
mo ⁴ -tso ⁴	莫作	do not do it.
mo ⁴ -tung ⁴ t'an ¹ -hsin ¹	莫動貪心	do not covet.
mo ⁴ -ts'ü ³ -wei ² -shên ⁴	莫此爲甚	nothing is more so than this.
mo ⁴ -wei ²	莫爲	do not do it.
mo ⁴ -wei ²	莫謂	do not say.
mo ⁴ -wên ⁴ -ch'ien ² -ch'êng ²	莫問前程	do not ask for a man's rank.
mo ⁴	水 沒 807b606a	not, there is not; to die. See <i>mei²</i> and <i>mu²</i> .
mo ⁴ -êrh ⁴ -chü ⁴ -hua ⁴	沒二句話	not two ways about it.
mo ⁴ -nai ¹ -ho ²	沒奈何	no help for it (wu ² nai ⁴).
mo ⁴ -shih ⁴	沒事	nothing to do, no trouble
mo ⁴ -shu ⁴	沒數	innumerable.
mo ⁴ -t'ou ² -t'ieh ¹	沒頭帖	anonymous placards (chieh ¹ t'ieh ²).
mo ⁴ -yao ⁴	沒藥	myrrh.
mo ⁴	艸 什 茉莉 806c604b	the jessamine.
mo ⁴ -li ³ -hua ¹	茉莉花	same.
mo ⁴	肉 豚 脈 807a584a	the pulse, veins, arteries; streaks (or mai).
mo ⁴	脈	same.
mo ⁴ -an ⁴	脈案	"pulse case," a written medical opinion.
mo ⁴ -lo ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -lien ²	脈絡相連	the main and branch blood vessels.
mo ⁴	寞 805a603b	silent, silence, stillness, quiet.
mo ⁴ -lo ⁴	寞落	fallen into decay.
mo ⁴	膜 805b603	a film membrane; to soothe, to touch delicately.
mo ⁴	水 漠 805b603b	a sandy desert, floating sands (sha ¹ mo ⁴).
mo ⁴ -(tzu)	水 沫 806b604b	scum, spittle, slaver (t'u ⁴ mo ⁴).
MOU ²	言 謀 808c507a	to plan, to plot, to devise, to consult.
mou ² -chi ⁴	謀計	to plot, to scheme, etc.
mou ² -ch'üan ²	謀權	to devise, to plan, to plot for power, etc.
mou ² -fan ²	謀反	high treason, to plot a rebellion.
mou ² -hai ⁴	謀害	to plot to injure.
mou ² -ho ²	謀合	to plan.
mou ² -hua ⁴	謀畫	to sketch out.
mou ² -i ¹ -shih ¹	謀衣食	to work for a living.
mou ² -i ¹	謀議	to plot, to scheme.

mou² liao⁴ 謀略
 mou²-lü⁴ 謀慮
 mou²-mo⁴ 謀謀
 mou²-p'an⁴ 謀叛
 mou²-sha¹ 謀殺
 mou²-shih⁴ 謀士
 mou²-shih⁴ 謀事
 mou²-shih⁴-tsai⁴-jên² 謀事在人
 mou²-shih² 謀食
 mou²-suan⁴ 謀算
 mou²-tao⁴ 謀道
 mou²-ts'ai²-hai¹-ming⁴ 謀財害命
 mou²-ts'ê⁴ 謀策
 mou²-yung²-chien¹-ch'üan² 謀勇兼全
 mou² 牛 牟 809b587c
 mou²-ni² 牟尼
 mou² 人 侏 809c588a
 mou² (mao) 矛 矛 779a587b

military strategy, plan of a campaign.
 to scheme.
 to plan, to devise, to arrange and settle.
 to conspire.
 to plot a murder; to murder; murder.
 a counsellor of state (ta⁴ hsiao² shih⁴).
 to plan an affair.
 men may plan (but God performs).
 to scheme for a living.
 to plot.
 to enquire concerning doctrine.
 to murder for gain.
 to plan.
 strategy and bravery both together.
 usurp, surpass.
 Buddha (shih⁴ chia¹ mou² ni²).
 same sort or class.
 a spear.

MOU³ 木 么 某 808c588b
 mou³-chia¹ 某某家
 mou³-ch'ü⁴ 某某處
 mou³-jên² 某某人
 mou³-jên²-shui² 某某人誰
 mou³-jih⁴ 某某日
 mou³-nien² 某某年
 mou³-shih⁴ 某某氏
 mou³-ti⁴ fang¹ 某某地方
 mou³-tso⁴-ti¹ 某某做的
 mou³-ts'un¹ 某某村
 mou³-yüeh⁴ 某某月
 mou³ 田 畝 809c588b
 mou³ 牛 牡 813c588c
 mou³ 一 丘 243b416a

certain (as a certain person, etc.), so and so.
 I, me.
 a certain place; what place?
 a certain person, so-and-so; who?
 so and so.
 a certain day; what day?
 a certain year; what year?
 Mrs. so and so; of what family?
 a certain place.
 I did it! what did it?
 a certain village; what village?
 a certain month; what month?
 (Chinese) acre (mu³).
 male (of quadrupeds) also mu².
 Confucius name (properly ch'iu¹).

MOU¹ 心 懋 809b589a

great, energetic.

MU² 水 彳 沒 807b606a
 mu² 木 模 811a605a
 mu²-tzū³ 模子
 mu²-yang⁴ 模樣
 mu² 手 摹 810c605a
 mu² 歹 殍 810a606c

not, there is not; to end, to die. See mei² and mo⁴.
 a mould, a pattern. See mo².
 same.
 manner, mode, appearance, style; a pattern.
 write over copy. See mo².
 to die. Also mo⁴.

mu ²	言 謨	S05c605b	consult, imitate. Also mo ² .
MU³	母 母	S11a605c	mother; the female.
mu ³ -chiao ¹	母 教		a mother's instructions.
mu ³ -ch'in ¹	母 親		mother, a mother.
mu ³ -chiu ⁴	母 舅		maternal uncles.
mu ³ -hou ⁴	母 后		the empress (huang ² hou ²).
mu ³ -hsiang ¹	母 香		mother cloves (ting ¹ hsiang ¹).
mu ³ -i ²	母 姨		maternal aunts.
mu ³ -nü ³	母 女		mother and daughter (niang ² êrh ² lia ³).
mu ³ -ting ¹ -hsiang ¹	母 丁 香		mother cloves.
mu ³ -tzü ³	母 子		mother and son; principal and interest.
mu ³ -tz'ü ²	母 慈		maternal tenderness.
mu ³	女 媯	S11b606a	schoolmistress, elderly widow, a matron. Also [lao ² .
mu ³	女 媯		same.
mu ³ -fu ⁴ -jên ³	媯 婦 人		a matron, a schoolmistress.
mu ³ -mu ³	媯 姥		a motherly person, a matron.
mu ³ -nü ³	媯 女		a schoolmistress, governess.
mu ³ -shih ¹	媯 師		same.
mu ³	牛 牡	S13c588c	the male of animals; a bolt. Also mou ² .
mu ³ -ma ³	牡 馬		a stallion (êrh ² ma ³).
mu ³ -p'in ³	牡 牝		male and female of animals.
mu ³ -tan ¹ -hua ¹	牡 丹 花		the peony (p'in ³ tan ¹).
mu ³ -yang ²	牡 羊		a ram.
mu ³	田 畝	S09c588b	the Chinese acre. Also mou ² .
mu ³ -shu ⁴	畝 數		acres.
mu ³	手 才 踮 拇	S11b588c	a finger, the thumb; the great toe.
mu ³ -chan ⁴	拇 戰		a game by guessing the number of fingers held [up.
mu ³ -chih ³	拇 指		the thumb; the great toe (ta ⁴ mu ³ chih ³).
MU⁴	木 木	S12a607b	wood; a tree (75th radical).
mu ⁴ -ch'a ¹	木 杈		the fork of a tree (k'a ¹ pa ¹).
mu ⁴ -chang ⁴	木 杖		a club, a bludgeon.
mu ⁴ -ch'ang ⁴ -tzü ³	木 廠 子		a timber yard.
mu ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	木 器		wood-ware.
mu ⁴ -chiang ⁴	大 匠		a carpenter.
mu ⁴ -chin ³ -hua ¹	木 槿 花		name of a flower (hibiscus).
mu ⁴ -êrh ³	木 耳		fungus, mushroom.
mu ⁴ -hsiang ¹	木 香		putchuck.
mu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -hua ¹	木 香 花		the white rose.
mu ⁴ -hsien ¹	木 楸		wooden shovel.
mu ⁴ -hing ¹	木 星		the planet Jupiter.
mu ⁴ -jên ³	木 人		a wooden image.

mu ¹ -kou ³ -tzü ³	木狗子	wooden handcuffs.-(shou ³ k'ao ⁴),
mu ⁴ -kua ¹	木瓜	the quince.
mu ⁴ -kun ⁴	木棍	a club, a bludgeon.
mu ⁴ -kung ¹	木工	a carpenter.
mu ⁴ -liao ⁴	木料	timber.
mu ⁴ -mao ¹	木貓	"wooden cat," a rat-trap.
mu ⁴ -ou ³	木偶	a wooden image.
mu ⁴ -ou ³ -jên ³	木偶人	a wooden image; a blockhead.
mu ⁴ -pa ¹	木扒	a wooden rake.
mu ⁴ -p'ai ³	木牌	a raft (fa ² tzü ³).
mu ⁴ -pan ³	木板	a plank.
mu ⁴ -pan ³ -lien ³	木板簾	venetian blinds.
mu ⁴ -p'ên ³	木盆	a wood bowl.
mu ⁴ -p'ien ⁴	木片	chips of wood.
mu ⁴ shih ¹	木虱	a wood-louse, a bug.
mu ⁴ -shu ¹	木梳	a large wooden comb (pi ³ tzü ³).
mu ¹ -t'an ⁴	木炭	charcoal.
mu ⁴ -tiao ¹ -ni ² -su ⁴	木雕泥塗	wood carved and mud moulded (gods).
mu ⁴ -to ²	木鐸	a wooden bell-clapper.
mu ⁴ -t'ou ³	木頭	wood, timber.
mu ⁴ -t'ou ² -tso ⁴ -t'ü ³	木頭做的	made of wood.
mu ⁴ -t'ung ³	木桶	a barrel, a commode.
mu ⁴ -wei ²	木桅	spars, masts.
mu ⁴ -yü ²	木魚	[priests. the hollow wooden fish beaten by Buddhist
mu ⁴	目	812c:607a the eye; to designate; the principal; the index.
mu ⁴ -ch'ien ³	目前	before one's eye; at present.
mu ⁴ -chin ¹	目今	now (hsien ⁴ tsai ⁴).
mu ⁴ -chung ¹ -wu ² -jên ³	目中無人	supercilious, conceited, contemptuous.
mu ⁴ -hsia ⁴	目下	"beneath the eye," at present, now.
mu ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ch'i ³ -shên ¹	目下起身	to start at once.
mu ⁴ -hun ¹	目昏	dizziness, indistinct vision, dimness of sight.
mu ⁴ -hun ¹ -pu ⁴ -ming ³	目昏不明	same.
mu ⁴ -jên ³	目仁	the pupil of the eye.
mu ⁴ -k'ung ¹ -i ¹ -ch'ieh ¹	目空一切	everything is vanity.
mu ⁴ -li ⁴	目力	strength of sight.
mu ⁴ -lu ⁴	目錄	index of a book, a list of items, an inventory
mu ⁴ -ming ³	目明	eyes clear.
mu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chuan ³ -ching ¹	目不轉睛	staring fixedly.
mu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsieh ² -shih ⁴	目不邪視	his eye does not look at evil.
mu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ³ -ting ¹	目不識丁	an ignoramus.
mu ⁴ -tu ³ -yen ³ -chien ⁴	目睹眼見	[chien ⁴). seen with one's own eyes (ming ² lang ³ yen ³
mu ⁴ -wu ² -fa ³ -chi ³	目無法紀	he has no law before his eyes.
mu ⁴ -wu ² -tsun ¹ -chang ⁴	目無尊長	his eye respects not superiors.

mu ⁴	牛	牧	S11c607c	a shepherd, a herd, a pastor ; to oversee ; to feed.
mu ⁴ -ch'ang ²		牧場		a pen, a fold.
mu ⁴ -ma ²		牧馬		to keep horses,
mu ⁴ -niu ²		牧牛		to keep cows.
mu ⁴ -po ²		牧伯		overseer, governor.
mu ⁴ -shih ¹		牧師		pastor (Protestant) (chiao ⁴ shih ¹).
mu ⁴ -shu ⁴		牧豎		a poor lad ; a catamite.
mu ⁴ -ssü ¹		牧司		an overseer.
mu ⁴ -t'ung ²		牧童		a shepherd's boy, etc.
mu ⁴ -yang ²		牧羊		to keep sheep,
mu ⁴ -yang ²		牧養		to feed, to nourish,
mu ⁴	心	慕	S10c606b	to respect, to esteem, to admire ; devotion for-
mu ⁴ -ai ⁴		慕愛		to love ; devotiou for,
mu ⁴ -chün ¹		慕君		to respect the sovereign,
mu ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ²		慕父母		to love or respect one's parents,
mu ⁴ -tao ⁴		慕道		to be fond of doctrine.
mu ⁴	土	墓	S10b606c	a grave, tomb, a hillock (fên ² mu ⁴).
mu ⁴ -pei ¹		墓碑		a tombstone.
mu ⁴ -yü ⁴		墓域		limits of a grave.
mu ⁴	日	暮	S10c606b	evening, night.
mu ⁴ -ku ² -ch'ên ² -chung ¹		暮鼓晨鐘		the evening drum and morning bell.
mu ⁴ -nien ²		暮年		old age, declining years.
mu ⁴ -yeh ⁴		暮夜		same.
mu ⁴	力	募	S10b606c	to hire, to enrol ; to call upon, to invite, to beg.
mu ⁴ -hua ⁴		募化		subscriptions collected by priests (hua ⁴ chai ¹).
mu ⁴ -hua ⁴ -ch'ung ² -hsi ¹		募化重修		to raise money for repair of temples.
mu ⁴ -hua ⁴ -hing ¹ -kung ¹		募化興工		collecting for repair of temples.
mu ⁴ -hua ⁴ -shih ² -fang ¹		募化十方		to collect subscriptions every where. [(chao ² mu ⁴).
mu ⁴ -ping ¹		募兵		to invite to join the army, to call out volunteers
mu ⁴ -yüan ²		募緣		appeals made for subscriptions by priests.
mu ⁴	巾幘	幕	S10b603b	a curtain or screen ; a private secretary (shih ¹
mu ⁴ -fu ²		幕府		an encampment ; a military secretary. [yeh ²).
mu ⁴ -k'o ⁴		幕客		a private secretary (tso ¹ mu ⁴).
mu ⁴ -pin ¹		幕賓		same.
mu ⁴ -wei ²		幕幃		a screen, a curtain.
mu ⁴ -yu ²		幕友		a friend who acts as private secretary.
mu ⁴	水	沐	S12c607c	to wash ; to enrich ; to receive favours.
mu ⁴ -ên ¹		沐恩		to receive favours (mêng ² ên ¹).
mu ⁴ -shou ²		沐手		to wash the hands.
mu ⁴ -yü ⁴		沐浴		to wash and bathe, to bathe (hsi ³ tso ²).
mu ⁴	禾	穆	S13b608b	grain ; grandeur ; respect ; pleased ; cordial.
mu ⁴ -han ² -mo ⁴ -tê ²		穆罕默德		Mohamet.
mu ⁴ -ho ²		穆和		harmonious, cordial.

mu⁴-mu⁴
 mu⁴ 目
 mu⁴-ch'in²
 mu⁴-ho²
 mu⁴-lin²
 mu⁴ 脚
 mu⁴-hsü⁴

穆穆 813c608c
 睦睦 睦親 睦和 睦隣
 昔昔 813b607b
 苜苜

respectful ; careful.
 friendly, cordial, kind ; true ; attached to,
 affectionate ; attached to one's parents.
 friendly, cordial (ho² mu⁴).
 agreement among neighbours.
 clover.
 same.

NA¹ 口 哪 835a611b

interrogative particle ; final sound ; -expletive.

NA² 手拿 拏 814b610a
 na²
 na²-ch'a²-tang¹-chiu³
 na²-ch'i²-chia⁴-tzü³
 na²-ch'iang¹-tso²-shih⁴
 na²-chin²-chu²-i⁴
 na²-chu⁴
 na²-ch'u²
 na²-ch'u¹-lai²
 na²-ch'ü⁴
 na²-chun²-liao³
 na²-hua⁴-chi-t'ä¹
 na²-huo⁴
 na²-huo⁴-tao⁴-fan⁴
 na²-jên²-ti¹-ts'o⁴
 na²-k'ai¹
 na²-kuo⁴-lai²
 na²-lai²
 na²-liao³-ch'ü⁴
 na²-liao³-ch'ü⁴-liao³
 na²-min²-fu¹
 na²-nieh¹
 na²-pu⁴-chao²
 na²-pu⁴-chin⁴
 na²-pu⁴-chu⁴-ch'ien²
 na²-pu⁴-kuan⁴
 na²-pu⁴-tao⁴
 na²-pu⁴-tung⁴
 na²-pu⁴-wan²
 na²-shou²-tso²-té²
 na²-ta⁴-chia⁴-êrh²
 na²-ta⁴-tao¹
 na²-tao⁴

拏茶當酒
 拿起架子
 拏腔作勢
 拏緊主意
 拏住
 拏出
 拏出來
 拏去
 拏準了
 拏話激他
 拏獲盜犯
 拏人的錯
 拏開
 拏過來
 拏來
 拏了去
 拏了去了
 拏民夫
 拏捏
 拏不着
 拏不盡
 拏不住錢
 拏不慣
 拏不到
 拏不動
 拏不完
 拏手作得
 拏大價兒
 拏大刀
 拏到

to lay hold of, to seize. M. 27.
 same.
 to look on tea as wine.
 to exact oneself. [adopts to you.
 to "squeeze" a man according to the tone he
 to make up one's mind.
 to take, to grasp, to seize.
 to take out, to abstract.
 same.
 to take away.
 to take accurate aim, to correct.
 say something to stir him up.
 to apprehend, to seize (ch'in² huo⁴).
 to capture criminals.
 to pick out people's shortcomings,
 take away.
 bring here.
 to bring.
 to take away.
 taken away.
 to press men to labour.
 to scheme ; to malingering ; to manipulate.
 unable to seize.
 can't take them all at once,
 can't keep hold of cash,
 not used to holding.
 can't arrest, e. g., a thief.
 can't lift off the ground.
 can't take all.
 able to do.
 to overcharge.
 to flourish aloft the big cutlass (milit. exam.),
 to apprehend ; to bring.

na ² -tao ¹ -lai ²	拿刀來	fetch a knife.
nu ² -tê ² -chao ²	拿得着	able to seize.
na ² -ting ⁴ -chu ² -i ⁴	拿定主意	to come to a decision.
na ² -tsei ²	拿賊	to apprehend a thief.
na ² -tsei ² -li ¹	拿賊的	a thief-catcher (pu ³ pan ¹).
na ² tung ¹ -wang ⁴ -hsi ¹	拿東忘西	to take up one thing and forget another.
na ² -wên ⁴	拿問	to seize and examine.
na ² -wo ² -ti ¹ -hsieh ²	拿我的邪	to find fault with me.

NA ³	色	那 ^{S14a610c}	what? how? where? See na ⁴ .
na ³ -êrh ² -ni ¹		那兒呢	how is that; where is it?
na ³ -êrh ² -li ¹		那兒的	where?
na ³ -êrh ² -li ¹ -hua ⁴		那兒的話	what sort of talk? nothing of the kind.
na ³ -hui ² -mo ⁴ -shuo ¹		那回沒說	I <i>always</i> mentioned it.
na ³ -i ¹ -ko ⁴		那一個	which one? which? M. 107.
na ³ li ³		那裡	where?
na ³ -li ² -yeh ³ -yu ³		那裡也有	they are everywhere.

NA ⁴		那 ^{S14a610}	that. See na ³ .
na ⁴ -hsieh ¹		那些	those.
na ⁴ -ho ² -yung ⁴ -shuo ¹		那何用說的	that goes without saying, of course.
na ⁴ -i ³ -chin ⁴ -ti ¹		那已就的	that is certain.
na ⁴ -i ³ -k'uai ⁴ -êrh ²		那一塊兒的	there, that place.
na ⁴ -i ³ -ting ⁴ -ti ¹		那已定的	that is certain.
na ⁴ -i ³ -tsai ⁴ -ti ¹		那已在的	same.
na ⁴ ko ⁴		那個	that.
na ⁴ -k'uai ⁴		那塊	that one, that piece; there.
na ⁴ -li ³		那裡	that place, there. M. 22.
na ⁴ -mo ¹		那麼	thus.
na ⁴ -mo ¹ -yang ⁴		那麼樣	thus, in that way.
na ⁴ -yang ⁴		那樣	that sort or style.
na ⁴ -yeh ³ -hao ³		那也好	that is the next best thing.
na ⁴	禾	納 ^{S15c611a}	within; to put into; to give; to receive.
na ⁴ -chien ⁴		納諫	to receive censure or reproof.
na ⁴ -ch'ien ²		納錢	to receive money; to pay money.
na ⁴ -ch'ung ³		納寵	to get a concubine.
na ⁴ -fu ²		納福	to enjoy happiness (hsiang ³ fu ²).
na ⁴ -han ³		納喊	to make a noise, hubbub, to vociferate, etc.
na ⁴ -han ³		納罕	to be surprised.
na ⁴ -hsiang ²		納降	to submit, to give in to (t'ou ³ hsiang ²).
na ⁴ -hsiang ²		納餉	to pay taxes.
na ⁴ -kung ⁴		納貢	to pay tribute (chin ⁴ kung ⁴).
na ⁴ -liang ²		納涼	to take an airing.

na⁴-liang² 納糧
 na⁴-mên⁴ 納悶
 na⁴-shui⁴ 納稅
 na⁴ 手才 捺^{S16a611a}
 na⁴-ti³-tzu³ 捺底子
 na⁴ 衣 衲^{S16a611a}
 na⁴-i¹ 衲衣

to pay taxes (wan² liang²).
 sorrowful, melancholy.
 to pay duties.
 to press upon with the hand ; to quilt.
 to quilt the soles of shoes.
 a robe of the Buddhist priests (chia¹ sha¹).
 same.

NAI³ 丿 迺迺
 nai³-fu⁴ 乃父
 nai³-jo⁴ 乃若
 nai³-jo⁴-shih⁴ 乃若是
 nai³-lang² 乃郎
 nai³-shih⁴ 乃是
 nai³-tsu³ 乃祖
 nai³ 女孃 奶^{S16c613a}
 nai³ 孃
 nai³-ch' a² 孃茶
 nai³-cho²-hai²-tzu³ 孃着孩子
 nai³-chu¹ 孃猪
 nai³-chüan² 孃捲
 nai³-ma¹-rh² 孃媽兒
 nai³-ming² 孃名
 nai³-nai³ 孃孃
 nai³-nai³-rh² 孃孃兒
 nai³-niang² 孃娘
 nai³-niu² 孃牛
 nai³-p' i² 孃皮
 nai³-p' o² 孃婆
 nai³-tou⁴-fu³ 孃豆腐
 nai³-t' ou² 孃頭
 nai³-tzu³ 孃子
 nai³-yu² 孃油
 nai³ 迺迺
 nai³-mi³ 迺密

in, at, is, am, was, but, doubtless. M. 312.
 your father, etc.
 as to, but as to.
 but as it is.
 a son, his son.
 but is, yes.
 your grandfather, etc.
 milk ; the female breast ; to suckle.
 same.
 tea with milk in it.
 suckling a child.
 a sucking pig.
 cream (Chinese).
 a wet-nurse.
 milk-name (given one month after birth).
 a paternal grandmother ; a term of respect.
 a wife, a mother (Manchoo).
 a wet-nurse (ju² niang²).
 a milch-cow, a cow.
 cream.
 a wet-nurse.
 cheese.
 the nipple of the breast.
 the breasts.
 butter (huang² yu²).
 in ; at. Same as 乃.
 thick ; numerous.

NAI⁴ 大奈 奈^{S17a613b}
 nai⁴-ho² 奈何
 nai⁴-ho²-ch'iao² 奈何橋
 nai⁴-t' a¹-ho² 奈他何
 nai⁴-wu² 奈無
 nai⁴ 耐^{S17b613c}
 nai⁴-cho² 耐着

the crab-apple ; a remedy ; a disjunctive particle
 how able to ? unable to do. M. 541.
 No-Alternative Bridge in Hades.
 how able to manage him ? unable to do it.
 no help for it, unavoidable, etc. (wu² nai⁴).
 patient ; to bear, to endure ; to forbear.
 patiently.

nai⁴-fan²
nai⁴-hsing⁴-êrh²
nai⁴-jên²
nai⁴-k'ou²
nai⁴-lêng²
nai⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴
nai⁴-shih²

耐煩
耐性兒
耐忍口
耐冷
耐不住
耐時

to put up with annoyance or-trouble.
a patient disposition.
to endure, to put up with, forbearing.
forbearing in language, etc.
to stand the cold.
can't put up with (jên² pu⁴ tē²).
to bear the ills of the time.

NAN² 佳難

nan²-cho²-pu⁴-hui⁴
nan²-chu⁴-liao²
nan²-ch'u⁴
nan²-hsiang¹-nan²-ti⁴
nan²-i²-ch'u¹-k'ou²
nan²-i²-hsiang¹-ch'u²
nan²-i²-hui²-ta¹
nan²-i²-ts'ê⁴-tu⁴
nan²-i²-wei²-ch'ing²
nan²-jên²
nan²-jung²
nan²-k'an¹
nan²-k'an⁴
nan²-k'u²
nan²-kuo⁴
nan²-li²-nan²-shê²
nan⁴-miao²-nan²-hua⁴
nan²-min²-t'ao²-huang¹
nan²-nien⁴
nan²-pan⁴
nan²-pao²
nan²-pu⁴-chu⁴-t'ê²
nan²-shang⁴-nan²
nan²-shih⁴
nan²-shou⁴
nan²-shuo²
nan²-tang¹
nan²-tao⁴
nan²-tao⁴-shuo¹
nan²-tê²
nan²-tê²-hên²
nan²-t'ing¹
nan²-tso⁴
nan²-tso²

難^{818c614a}
難者不會
難住了
難處
難兄弟
難以出口
難以相處
難以回答
難以測度
難以爲情
難忍
難容堪
難看苦
難過
難離難捨
難描難畫
難民逃荒
難念
難辦
難保
難不住他
難上難
難事
難受
難說
難當道
難道說
難得很
難聽
難做
難走

difficult ; difficulty, distress ; grievous
it is hard if you do-not know how.
difficult ; no remedy.
difficulties.
it is difficult to be a younger or-elder brother.
difficult to speak about.
difficult to arrange.
difficult to answer.
hard to comprehend.
you are too kind.
difficult to bear.
inexcusable.
intolerable.
hard to see, grievous to look at ; ugly.
difficulty, distress, suffering.
sad, in straits.
hard to part with.
cannot be portrayed.
distressed refugees.
hard to think upon.
difficult to manage.
can't guarantee.
can't trouble him.
extreme difficulty.
a difficult affair.
hard to bear, distressed.
it is hard to say ; you don't mean to say ?
hard to bear ; difficult to do.
it is hard to say ; you don't mean to say ? M. 444.
you don't mean to say so.
difficult to obtain ; seldom, rare.
very difficult.
hard or disagreeable to hear.
difficult to do.
bad travelling, difficult to go.

nan²-wei³ 難爲
 nan²-wei²-ni³-la¹ 難爲你喇
 nan²-wên⁴ 難聞
 nan²-yang³-huo² 難養活
 nan² 十 南 ^{817c614b}
 nan²-ch'ê¹ 南車
 nan²-chî³ 南極
 nan²-chêng¹-pei³-chan⁴ 南爭北戰
 nan²-ch'iang¹-pei³-tiao⁴ 南腔北調
 nan²-chîng¹ 南京
 nan²-chiu³ 南酒
 nan²-fang¹ 南方
 nan²-hsi³ 南席
 nan²-hsueh² 南學
 nan²-k'o¹-mêng⁴ 南柯夢
 nan²-kua¹ 南瓜
 nan²-kuo³ 南裸
 nan²-lao² 南牢
 nan²-man³ 南蠻
 nan²-mien⁴ 南面
 nan²-pei³ 南北
 nan²-pên⁴-pei³-p'ao³ 南奔北跑
 nan²-pien¹ 南邊
 nan²-sha¹-pei³-chan⁴ 南殺北戰
 nan²-tow¹-fu³ 南豆腐
 nan²-yang²-ta⁴-ch'ên² 南洋大臣
 nan²-ying²-pei³-ch'iu¹ 南營北求
 nan² 田 男 ^{819b614b}
 nan²-chüeh² 男爵
 nan²-êrh² 男兒
 nan²-fu⁴ 男婦
 nan²-hun¹-nü³-chia⁴ 男婚女嫁
 nan²-jên² 男人
 nan²-kêng¹-nü³-chih¹ 男耕女織
 nan²-nü³ 男女
 nan²-nü³-hun⁴-tsa² 男女混雜
 nan²-pan¹-nü³-chuang¹ 男扮女妝
 nan²-sé⁴ 男色
 nan²-tao⁴-nü³-ch'ang¹ 男盜女娼
 nan²-tso³-nü³-yu⁴ 男左女右
 nan²-ts'ai²-nü³-mao⁴ 男才女貌
 nan²-tzü³ 男子
 nan²-yin¹ 男陰

to molest, to annoy ; to oppress ; difficult to do.
 I am troubling you too much !
 hard or disagreeable to hear.
 very poor.
 south.
 the compass (ting⁴ nan² chên¹).
 the south pole.
 constantly quarreling with neighbors,
 a foreign brogue.
 Nankiug.
 wine from Shaoshing.
 the southern regions, in the south.
 a feast of southern delicacies.
 a school.
 a day-dream, fantastic dream.
 a sort of melon.
 pastry (tien³ hsin¹).
 a prison (chien¹ lao²).
 southern barbarians.
 towards or facing the south ; the emperor.
 north and south (as we say).
 to hurry hither and thither.
 the south side, in the south.
 furiously slaying (one's enemies).
 southern bean-curd. [ta⁴ ch'ên²].
 Superintendent of Southern Trade (pei³ yang²
 in straits for money.
 male ; fifth title of nobility, a baron.
 fifty title of nobility, a baron.
 a male child.
 men and women.
 man marries, woman is married.
 a man ; a husband (hsiung² tz'ü²).
 men till and women weave.
 male and female, men and women, husband and
 promiscuous mingling of sexes. [wife.
 men dressed in women's clothes.
 sodomy, unnatural crime.
 bad children.
 male on left, female on right.
 male clever and female pretty (couple).
 a boy, youth, a male, a man ; a husband.
 the male generative organ.

- nan² 木 楠^{S18b614c} a kind of cedar.
 nan²-mu⁴ 楠木 same.
 nan² 口 喃^{S18b615a} to chatter.
 nan²-ni² 喃呢 same.
- NAN³ (tzu) 虫 喃^{G6b615b} immature locusts.
 nan³ 口 喃^{Ga621c} to gobble up. Also an¹.
- NANG¹ (nung) 口 嚶^{S87c642b} to mutter; unintelligible jargon; much talk.
 nang¹-nang¹ 嚶嚶 to mutter, muttering (tu¹ nang¹).
- NANG² 口 囊^{S20a615a} a purse, a bag, a sack; to hold in a bag.
 nang²-chung¹ 囊中 in a bag.
 nang²-p'ao⁴ 囊泡 soft, spongy, porous (hsüan¹).
 nang²-tai⁴ 囊袋 a money-bag, a purse (pu⁴ tai⁴).
- NANG³ 手才擻 擻^{S20b615c} to thrust in, to fill.
 nang³ ssü²-jén² 擻死人 stabbed to death.
 nang³ 食 饞^{S38b642b} to eat, to force to eat, to eat ravenously.
 nang³-sang³ 饞擻 to gorge or gobble (t'u¹ hsia⁴).
 nang³ 鼻 饞^{S20b615c} a stoppage of the nose; a nasal twang.
 nang³-pi²-tzi² 饞鼻子 same.
- NAO¹ 心才慄 慄 ○ ○ worthless.
- NAO³ 手才擻 擻^{S20b617b} to scratch; to fidget; to twist; to vex.
 nao³-cho⁴ 擻着 fidgeting or fingering, fiddling with.
 nao³-hsin¹ 擻心 to disturb the mind.
 nao³-luan⁴ 擻亂 to pervert; to disturb; to throw into-confusion.
 nao³-p'oa⁴ 擻破 to scratch and tear.
 nao³-t'ou² 擻頭 to scratch the head; difficult to manage.
 nao³-ts'ai⁴ 擻菜 scrape vegetables.
 nao³-yang³ 擻癢 itching, to scratch an itch (k'uai⁴).
 nao³ 金 鏡^{S20c616a} small cymbals.
 nao³-kou¹ 鏡鈎 a double pronged hook.
 nao³-po⁴ 鏡鈸 small cymbals.
- NAO³ 心才惱 惱^{S21a617a} vexation, shame, indignation; trouble.
 nao³-ch'i⁴ 惱氣 anger, indignation.
 nao³-hên⁴ 惱恨 spite; bother! curse!
 nao³-nu⁴ 惱怒 extreme anger, rage (shêng¹ ch'i⁴).
 nao³-shui³ 惱誰 with whom are you angry?
 nao³-tsui⁴-hsin¹-i³ 惱在心裡 irritation inside,

nao ³	肉	腦	821a617a	brains ; glossy ; soft ; camphor.
nao ³ -chiang ¹		腦漿		brains.
nao ³ -kai ⁴		腦蓋		the cranium, the top of the head (lou ² ku ³).
nao ³ -kua ¹ -tzü ³		腦瓜子		the head.
nao ³ -mén ² -tzü ³		腦門子		the forehead (o ²)
nao ³ -tai ⁴		腦袋		"brain-bag," the head.
nao ³ -tai ⁴ -t'êng ²		腦袋疼		the head-ache.
nao ³ -tzü ³		腦子		the brains.
nao ³	玉	腦	821a617b	the carnelian, agate (ma ³ nao ³).

NAO ⁴	門	鬧	821b617a	hustle, noise, confusion ; to scold.
nao ⁴ -chi ¹ -huang ¹		鬧飢荒		to make a disturbance.
nao ⁴ -chiao ⁴		鬧教		to make trouble with the missions.
nao ⁴ -cho ² -wan ⁴		鬧着玩		playing the fool.
nao ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -shih ⁴ -lai ²		鬧出事來		to create a disturbance.
nao ⁴ -chung ¹		鬧鐘		an alarm-clock.
nao ⁴ -huai ³ -liao ³		鬧壞了		spoiled.
nao ⁴ -hsi ⁴		鬧戲		improper plays (farces, etc.).
nao ⁴ -ko ⁴ -mo ⁴ -lien ³		鬧個沒臉		lost "face."
nao ⁴ -kuei ³		鬧鬼		to lie ; to deceive.
nao ⁴ -kung ¹ -ming ¹		鬧功名		to work for a degree.
nao ⁴ -luan ⁴ -tzü ³		鬧亂子		to make a disturbance (sa ¹ yeh ³).
nao ⁴ -p'i ² -ch'i ⁴		鬧脾氣		to exhibit temper (shih ³ p'i ² ch'i ⁴).
nao ⁴ -sang ² -tzü ³		鬧嗓子		a sore-throat epidemic.
nao ⁴ -shih ⁴		鬧市		a busy market.
nao ⁴ -shih ⁴		鬧事		to create a disturbance.
nao ⁴ -tê ² -hsiung ¹		鬧的兇		to make a fearful row.
nao ⁴ -tê ² -li ⁴ -hai ⁴		鬧得利害		a terrible uproar.
nao ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -ch'i ⁴		鬧天氣		unseasonable weather.
nao ⁴ -tu ⁴ -tzü ³		鬧肚子		bowel trouble (p'ao ³ tu ⁴)
nao ⁴ -tung ⁴ -fang ²		鬧洞房		chaffing the bride at weddings.
nao ⁴ -wan ²		鬧玩		to play, to romp.
nao ⁴ -yao ¹ -ching ¹		鬧妖怪		the spooks are about.
nao ⁴ (tzü)	石	礪	821a617a	impure sal-ammoniac (poisonous).

NEI ⁴	入	內	822a618a	inside, internal ; included in (li ³).
nei ⁴ -chai ²		內宅		inner apartments.
nei ⁴ -chien ⁴		內監		a eunuch, eunuchs (lao ³ kung ¹).
nei ⁴ -chih ²		內姪		cousins or nephews by the mother's side.
nei ⁴ -chih ² -nü ³		內姪女		cousins or nieces by the mother's side.
nei ⁴ -ch'in ¹		內親		wife's relations.
nei ⁴ -chu ⁴		內助		your wife.
nei ⁴ -chung ¹		內中		in the midst, among them.

nei ⁴ -hang ³	內行	versed in the secrets of a business.
nei ⁴ -ho ³ -wai ⁴ -shun ⁴	內和外順	friendly on all sides.
nei ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	內相	a eunuch, eunuchs.
nei ⁴ -hsin ³	內心	the heart.
nei ⁴ -jôn ²	內人	"the inner person," a wife, my wife.
nei ⁴ -kang ³ -wai ⁴ -jou ² ³	內剛外柔	velvet glove on iron hand.
nei ⁴ -ko ³	內閣	{ "the inner council," a privy councillor. M. 134 (ko ³ lao ³ , tsai ³ hsiang ⁴).
nei ⁴ -k'o ³	內科	internal practice, physic (wai ⁴ k'o ³).
nei ⁴ -kuei ⁴	內櫃	the back part of the shop.
nei ⁴ -kung ¹	內公	a eunuch, eunuchs.
nei ⁴ -kung ¹	內宮	in the palace.
nei ⁴ -li ³	內裏	within; the particulars.
nei ⁴ -nang ³	內囊	private affairs; one's family.
nei ⁴ -ping ⁴	內病	internal disease.
nei ⁴ -san ¹ -ch'i ³	內三旗	[choos]. Household Division of the three banners (Mau-
nei ⁴ -shang ³ -ping ⁴	內傷病	internal disease.
nei ⁴ -shên ⁴	內腎	kidneys.
nei ⁴ -shih ²	內石	barrenness in women
nei ⁴ -shih ¹	內侍	a eunuch, eunuchs,
nei ⁴ -shih ⁴ -ch'ên ²	內侍臣	chamberlain.
nei ⁴ -shih ⁴	內室	a bedchamber.
nei ⁴ -shu ⁴	內豎	a domestic; a eunuch; a slave; a catamite.
nei ⁴ -ti ¹	內弟	wife's younger brother.
nei ⁴ -ti ⁴	內地	inland, the interior.
nei ⁴ -ts'ui	內才	a theorist, not a practical man.
nei ⁴ -tzū ³	內子	a courtier's wife, a wife, my wife.
nei ⁴ -wai ⁴	內外	inside and outside; native and foreign.
nei ⁴ -wai ⁴ -liang ³ -k'o ¹	內外兩科	the practice of physic and surgery.
nei ⁴ -wu ¹	內屋	an inner chamber.
nei ⁴ -wu ⁴ -fu ³	內務府	a yamen for the supply of goods to the palace.
nei ⁴ -ying ⁴	內應	traitors (in camp, etc.).
nei ⁴ -yu ¹ -u zū ⁴ -huan ⁴	內憂外患	troubles within and without.
NĒN ⁴ (nun)	女嫵	fresh, tender, soft; young; small, fine (ying ⁴).
nĕn ⁴ -ch'iao ³ -ch'iao ⁴ -ti ²	嫩俏俏的	soft, fresh, youthful.
nĕn ⁴ -hsi ⁴	嫩細	small and delicate.
nĕn ⁴ -jou ⁴	嫩肉	tender meat.
nĕn ⁴ -ku ³ -l'ou ³	嫩骨頭	small bones.
nĕn ⁴ -p'i ²	嫩皮	soft fur or skin.
nĕn ⁴ -sĕ ⁴	嫩色	a delicate tint or colour.
nĕn ⁴ -shou ³	嫩手	soft hands.
nĕn ⁴ -yu ³	嫩芽	delicate shoots.

NĒNG ²	肉 能	能 ^{822c616a}	able to, competent, can; ability, power (hui ⁴).
nĕng ² -chĕ ² -pu ⁴ -wan ¹		能拆不灣	can break, not bend.
nĕng ² -chĕ ² -to ¹ -lao ²		能者多勞	the capable man has most to do.
nĕng ² -ch'ia ¹ -hu ⁴ -suan ⁴		能招會算	possessing mathematical ability.
nĕng ² -ch'ih ¹ -nĕng ² -ho ¹		能吃能喝	able to eat and drink.
nĕng ² -ch'ü ¹ -nĕng ² -shĕn ¹		能屈能伸	may bend and may straiten.
nĕng ² -i ³		能以	able to.
nĕng ² -jĕn ²		能人	an able person.
nĕng ² -kan ⁴		能幹	power, ability.
nĕng ² -kou ⁴		能殼	can, able to.
nĕng ² -nai ⁴		能耐	ability, talent.
nĕng ² -shih ⁴		能事	able to manage affairs.
nĕng ² -shuo ¹		能說	able to talk, eloquent (k'ou ⁸ ts'ai ²).
nĕng ² -shuo ¹ -hui ¹ -tao ⁴		能說會道	with speaking ability.
nĕng ² -suan ⁴		能算	able to calculate.
nĕng ² -ta ¹ -nĕng ² -hsiao ³		能大能小	capable of expansion and contraction.
nĕng ² -tao ⁴		能道	eloquent.
nĕng ² -wei ²		能爲	ability, talent.
nĕng ² -yüan ²		能員	an able official (kan ⁴ yüan ²).
nĕng ² -yu ² -ch'ih ¹ -ho ²		能有幾何	how many can there be?
nĕng ²	水 濃	濃 ^{838a642a}	mud, muddy, thick. See <i>nung²</i> .
nĕng ² -ch'a ²		濃茶	strong tea (yen ⁴ ch'a ²).
nĕng ² -shui ⁴		濃睡	a deep or sound sleep (ch'ĕn ² shui ⁴).
nĕng ² -tan ⁴		濃淡	thick and thin (of liquids).
nĕng ² -t'ang ¹		濃湯	thick soup.
nĕng ² -yü ³		濃雨	heavy rain.
nĕng ² (<i>nung</i>)	肉 膿	膿 ^{838a643b}	matter, corruption, pus.
nĕng ² -ch'uang ¹		膿瘡	an abscess.
nĕng ² -chung ³		膿腫	a purulent sore, an ulcer.
nĕng ² -hsieh ³		膿血	purulent matter.
nĕng ² -pao ¹		膿胞	a pustule filled with matter.

NĒNG⁴ (*ning*) 水 濁 灣^{832c637c} muddy, sloppy, miry, slippery with mud.

NI¹ 口 呢 呢^{823b630a} interrogative final particle; cloth; if. M. 43, 237.
 ni¹-jung²-hsien⁴ 呢絨線 woolen yarn.

NI² 水 泥 望 泥^{823b630b} mud, muddy, thick; clammy; bigoted; rotten.
 ni²-ch'ia⁴ 泥屨 mud-clogs or pattens.
 ni²-ch'iang² 泥牆 a mud wall; to plaster a wall.
 ni²-chin¹ 泥金 gilding; splashed with gold.
 ni²-ch'iu¹ 泥鰍 fresh-water eel (shan⁴ yü²).
 ni²-jĕn² 泥人 clay figures of people.

ni ² -man ⁴	泥	a plasterer's trowel.
ni ² -nêng ⁴	泥濘	muddy, impassable with mud.
ni ² -ou ³	泥偶	clay images.
ni ² -pi ⁴	泥壁	a mud wall.
ni ² -shui ³	泥水	mud and water, muddy water.
ni ² -shui ³ -chuang ¹ -chia ¹	泥水莊稼	the dirty farmer.
ni ² -shui ³ -huo ³	泥水活	mason's work.
ni ² -su ⁴ -ti ³	泥塑的	formed of clay (an image).
ni ² -tao ¹	泥刀	a trowel (mo ³ tzü ³).
ni ² -t'u ³	泥土	dirt, mud.
ni ² -wa ³ -chiang ⁴	泥瓦匠	a bricklayer.
ni ²	土 泥	mud (same as 泥).
ni ² -chuan ¹	泥甃	unburnt bricks, adobe.
ni ² -pan ³	泥板	a trowel.
ni ² -p'i ¹	泥坯	unburnt bricks, adobe.
ni ² -shui ³ -chiang ⁴	泥水匠	a bricklayer or plasterer.
ni ² -t'u ³	泥土	dirt, mud.
ni ²	尸 尼	a nun or Buddhist priestess; stopped; fixed.
ni ² -ch'iu ¹ -shan ¹	尼邱山	name of the mountain where Confucius was born.
ni ² -ku ¹	尼姑	a Buddhist nun,
ni ² -ku ¹ -an ¹	尼姑庵	nunnery.
ni ² -sêng ³	尼僧	a Buddhist nun,

NI³

人你

ni ³ -chê ⁴ -ko ⁴ -jên ²	你	you, thou.
ni ³ -ching ⁴ -wo ³ -ai ⁴	你這個人	you (severe).
ni ³ -hsing ⁴ -shên ⁴ -ma ¹	你敬我愛	mutual respect.
ni ³ -k'ai ⁴ -cho ² -pa ⁴	你姓甚麼	what is your name?
ni ³ -ken ¹ -ch'ien ³	你看着罷	just as you like.
ni ³ -ko ⁴ -jên ²	你跟人	your sons.
ni ³ -k'uai ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	你快去	you yourself.
ni ³ -luo ³	你老	you go quickly.
ni ³ -lao ³ -jên ² -chia ¹	你老人家	my good sir.
ni ³ -mên ¹	你們	you, venerable sir!
ni ³ -mên ¹ -chung ⁴ -jên ²	你們衆人	you (plural) êrh ³ têng ³).
ni ³ -mên ¹ -liá ³	你們倆	all you people.
ni ³ -mên ¹ -li ¹	你們的	you two, both of you.
ni ³ -nu ⁴	你的	your, yours.
ni ³ -ti ¹	你的	you, sir.
ni ³ -pu ⁴ -hsiao ³ -tê ²	你不曉得	your, yours.
ni ³ -t'hou ³ -pu ⁴	你走罷	you don't know.
ni ³ -tung ¹ -wo ³ -hsi ¹	你東我西	you go!
ni ³ -uo ²	你我	estranged people avoid each other.
		you and I.

ni³-wo²-pu⁴-tui⁴
 ni³-yen²-wo²-yü³
 ni³
 ni³-chun²-liao²
 ni³-i⁴
 ni³-pi³
 ni³-ting⁴
 ni³-t'ou³
 ni³-tsou⁴
 ni³-tsui⁴-ming²

你我不對
 你言我語
 手擬 556c280a
 擬准了
 擬議
 擬筆
 擬定
 擬妥
 擬奏
 擬罪名

you and I don't agree,
 conversation. [See i³.
 to purpose, to intend; to decide; to suggest,
 decided to allow it.
 to propose, to suggest; to decide.
 to write at pleasure,
 to decide, to settle.
 same.
 settle a case and report to the throne.
 to fix punishment.

NI⁴ 水 习 次 溺 824c635c
 ni⁴-ai⁴
 ni⁴-chiu³
 ni⁴-hsin⁴-ku²-kuai⁴
 ni⁴-nü³
 ni⁴-shui³
 ni⁴-ssü³
 ni⁴-yü²-ming²-li⁴
 ni⁴
 ni⁴-fei³
 ni⁴-fêng¹
 ni⁴-liao⁴
 ni⁴-liao²-pu⁴-tao⁴
 ni⁴-liu²
 ni⁴-lün²
 ni⁴-t'ien¹-che²-wang²
 ni⁴-tu⁴
 ni⁴-tzu³
 ni⁴
 ni⁴-hên⁴-tsai⁴-hsin¹
 ni⁴-ming²
 ni⁴-ming²-chieh¹-t'ieh¹
 ni⁴-ming²-hsin⁴
 ni⁴-pi⁴
 ni⁴-sang¹
 ni⁴-tao²-wei²-ch'ieh⁴
 ni⁴-ts'ang²
 ni⁴-wei¹
 ni⁴-yüan⁴
 ni⁴
 ni⁴-fan²
 ni⁴-hei⁴

溺愛
 溺酒
 溺信 古怪
 溺女
 溺水
 溺死
 溺於名利
 逆 825b636b
 逆匪
 逆風
 逆料
 逆料 不到
 逆流
 逆倫
 逆天 者亡
 逆度
 逆子
 匿 824c635a
 匿恨 在心
 匿名
 匿名 揭帖
 匿名 信
 匿避
 匿喪
 匿盜 爲竊
 匿藏
 匿微
 匿怨
 膩 825c631c
 膩煩
 膩細

weak, foolish; to fall in, to be sunk into. See
 foolishly fond of, to doat on, blind attachment to.
 fond of drink.
 superstitious.
 to drown daughters.
 to be drowned in water (yen¹ ssü³).
 to drown; infanticide by drowning.
 occupied only with thoughts of wealth and fame.
 disobedient, rebellious, contrary to, opposed to.
 rebels, banditti, etc.
 a contrary wind (ting² fêng¹).
 to anticipate, to conjecture.
 cannot be conjectured.
 against the stream.
 patricide, fratricide, incest, etc.
 those who oppose Heaven perish.
 to consider beforehand.
 a rebellious son (wu².ni⁴ pu⁴ hsiao⁴).
 to hide; hidden, clandestine; to abscond
 secret resentment.
 to conceal the name, anonymous.
 an anonymous placard (mo⁴ t'ou² t'ieh¹).
 an anonymous letter.
 to avoid; to lie concealed.
 official hiding the death of his parents,
 concealed robbery is theft (ch'ieh⁴).
 to conceal.
 to hide, to conceal.
 to harbour hate or resentment (man² yüan⁴).
 fat, glossy, smooth, oily; congealed.
 disgusted with.
 glossy, fine, smooth.

[See i³.

[niao⁴.

- ni⁴ (tāz) 黍 粉 S26a636b Chinese putty.
- NIANG²** 女 孃 娘 S26a631a a mother, any woman.
 niang²-chia¹ 孃 家 娘 家 a wife's family.
 niang²-êrh²-lia² 孃 兒 倆 娘 兒 倆 mother and daughter.
 niang²-rh²-mên¹ 孃 兒 們 娘 兒 們 women, a woman (fu⁴ tao⁴).
 niang²-niang² 孃 娘 孃 娘 ladies, women.
 niang²-niang²-miao⁴ 孃 娘 廟 孃 娘 廟 the Grandam Temple.
 niang²-tzū³ 孃 子 孃 子 a female either married or not, a wife.
- NIANG⁴** 酉 釀 S26c631c to excite, to ferment.
 niang⁴-chien³ 釀 奸 釀 奸 to foment conspiracy, etc.
 niang⁴-chiu³ 釀 酒 釀 酒 to ferment or make wine.
 niang⁴-ch'u¹-jên²-ming⁴ 釀 出 人 命 釀 出 人 命 resulted in a murder.
 niang⁴-huo⁴ 釀 禍 釀 禍 to bring on woe or misery.
 niang⁴-mi⁴ 釀 蜜 釀 蜜 bee makes honey.
- NIAO³** 鳥 鳥 S26c632a a bird, birds generally.
 niao³-chi⁴ 鳥 跡 鳥 跡 "bird foot-prints," fancy style of writing.
 niao³-chiao⁴-huan⁴ 鳥 叫 喚 鳥 叫 喚 the singing of a bird.
 niao³-ch'iang¹ 鳥 鎗 鳥 鎗 a fowling piece.
 niao³-luan³ 鳥 卵 鳥 卵 a bird's egg.
 niao³-uing² 鳥 鳴 鳥 鳴 the cry of a bird.
 niao³-shou⁴ 鳥 獸 鳥 獸 birds and beasts.
 niao³-tan⁴ 鳥 蛋 鳥 蛋 bird's eggs.
 niao³-wo¹ 鳥 窩 鳥 窩 a bird's nest.
- NIAO⁴** 水 彳 爻 溺 S24c635c urine; to pass urine. See ni⁴.
 niao⁴-sui¹ 溺 尿 溺 尿 same.
 niao⁴ 尸 尿 S27b632c urine; to pass urine. See sui¹.
 niao⁴-chieh³ 尿 結 尿 結 strangury.
 niao⁴-ch'uang² 尿 床 尿 床 to wet the bed (as children, etc.).
 niao⁴-hu² 尿 壺 尿 壺 a chamber utensil (pieh¹ tzū³).
 niao⁴-kang¹ 尿 缸 尿 缸 a private urinal in offices.
 niao⁴-k'ang⁴ 尿 炕 尿 炕 to wet the bed (as children, etc.).
 niao⁴-k'êng¹ 尿 坑 尿 坑 a urinal, a pit for urine.
 niao⁴-pao¹ 尿 胞 尿 胞 the bladder.
 niao⁴-p'ên³ 尿 盆 尿 盆 a chamber utensil.
 niao⁴-t'ung³ 尿 桶 尿 桶 a urinal, a wooden urine tub.
- NIEH¹** 手 才 理 捏 S27c633a to hold with the fingers; to rub, to knead.
 nieh¹-cho³ 捏 着 捏 着 holding in the fingers.
 nieh¹-nung⁴ 捏 弄 捏 弄 to mould, to knead, to work up.

- nieh¹-pao⁴* 捏報
nieh¹-shou³-nieh¹-chiao³ 捏手捏脚
nieh¹-tsao⁴ 捏造
nieh¹-tsao⁴-yao²-yen² 捏造謠言
nieh¹-tso⁴ 捏做
nieh¹-tz'ü²-kao⁴-jên² 捏詞告人
nieh¹-wo⁴-wo⁴ 捏握握
nieh¹ 手才 揼 828a633a
nieh¹-hua¹ 揼花
nieh¹-kuo³-tz'ü³ 揼菓子
nieh¹-pu⁴-ch'ü³-lai³ 揼不起來
nieh¹-pu⁴-chu⁴ 揼不住
nieh¹ 水 洇 827c633b
nieh¹-lan³ 洇藍
nieh¹-p'an² 洇盤
- NIEH²* 木 呆 1044b619b
nieh²-tzü³ 呆子
- NIEH⁴* 木 梟 828c1080c
nieh⁴-fa³ 梟法
nieh⁴-sü¹ 梟司
nieh⁴-t'ai³ 梟臺
nieh⁴ (yeh) 子 孽 829a1081b
nieh⁴-chang⁴ 孽賬
nieh⁴-chung³ 孽種
nieh⁴-k'ü³ 孽苦
nieh⁴ (tzü) 金 鑷 828c632c
nieh⁴ 足 躡 828b632b
nieh⁴-shou³-nieh⁴-chiao³ 躡手躡脚
- NIEN¹* 手 拈 829c634a
nien¹-chiu¹ 拈鬮
nien¹-hua¹ 拈花
nien¹-hsiang¹ 拈香
nien¹-chuan³ 拈轉
nien¹-pi³ 拈筆
nien¹-shu¹ 拈書
nien¹-ting¹-tzü² 拈釘子
- NIEN²* 千 年 830a634a
nien²-chang³ 年長
nien²-ch'ên²-jih⁴-chü² 年深日久
- to forge a statement, to make a false return.
 stealthily (ch'iao⁴ pu⁴ shêng¹ êrh²),
 to forge, to fabricate.
 to invent false stories.
 to forge, to fabricate.
 to accuse a person falsely (wu¹ kao⁴).
 to lie, to make a false statement.
 to nip with the fingers. See *nien³*.
 to gather flowers (ts'ai³ hua¹).
 to gather fruit (chai¹ kuo³ tzü³).
 cannot pick up,
 cannot take up, e. g., with tongs.
 slime; to defile.
 opaque blue, e. g., button.
 Nirvana.
- silly, idiotic, foolish. See *tai¹*
 an idiot, a simpleton (ch'ih² tai¹).
- a target; the post of a door; a rule, a law; a
 a law or rule. [judge.]
 a provincial judge. G. 276.
 same. G. 276. (hsi¹ ssü¹).
 crime, guilt; retribution; to waste (tsui⁴ nieh⁴).
 a debt of guilt; consequences of guilt.
 illegitimate, bastard.
 suffering on account of sin.
 tweezers, nippers, forceps, tongs, snuffers, etc.
 to tread.
 moving hands and feet gingerly.
- [(or 2nd tone).
 to pluck, to pick; to take hold of with the fingers
 to draw lots; to spin a tee-totum (ch'ê⁴ ch'ien¹).
 to pluck flowers.
 to burn incense (in the hand).
 to twist, to stir, to spin.
 to take up one's pen.
 to take up a book, to turn over the leaves.
 to make nails.
- a year, years.
 the elder.
 after lapse of time. Ch'ên = shên.

nien ² -ch'eng ²	年成	the year, the crops, etc.
nien ² -ch'eng ² -hao ³	年成好	a good year for crops, etc.
nien ² -chi ⁴	年紀	years, time, years of age, a person's age.
nien ² -chi ⁴ -to ¹ -ta ⁴	年紀多大	how old are you? (kao ¹ shou ⁴).
nien ² -chich ²	年節	the new year, winter holidays.
nien ² -ch'ien ²	年前	previous years.
nien ² -ching ²	年景	the appearance of the year.
nien ² -ching ² -hao ³	年景好	crops will be good (feng ¹ shou ¹).
nien ² -ch'ing ¹ -ti ¹	年輕的	young in years, youthful.
nien ² -fu ⁴	年富	"rich in years," middle aged, in one's prime.
nien ² -fu ⁴ -li ⁴ -ch'iang ²	年富力強	youth and strength, in one's prime.
nien ² -hao ⁴	年號	date of the year.
nien ² -hsia ⁴	年下	the first month, the close of the year.
nien ² -hsiung ¹	年兄	a fellow-student (t'ung ² ch'uang ¹).
nien ² -kao ¹	年高	advanced in years.
nien ² -kao ¹ -yu ² -tē ³	年高德	to attain a good age on account of virtue.
nien ² -keng ¹	年庚	year of one's birth, how old are you?
nien ² -lao ²	年老	one advanced in years.
nien ² -li ³	年禮	new year presents.
nien ² -mai ⁴	年邁	one advanced in years.
nien ² -mao ⁴	年貌	youth and beauty.
nien ² -nien ²	年年	every year, annual.
nien ² -piao ³	年表	chronological table.
nien ² -shao ³	年少	young, youthful.
nien ² -shou ⁴	年壽	aged.
nien ² -sui ⁴	年歲	years.
nien ² -ti ³ -hsia ⁴	年底下	the end of the year.
nien ² -t'ou ²	年頭	beginning of the year; crops.
nien ² -t'ou ² -yüeh ⁴ -chin ⁴	年頭月盡	the end of year and month.
nien ² -yu ⁴	年幼	young in years (shao ⁴ nien ²).
nien ² -yüeh ⁴	年月	years and months; lapse of time; the first month.
nien ²	黏	paste; to paste, to make, to adhere.
nien ² -ch'ung ²	黏虫	caterpillars, blight (mao ³ ch'ung ²).
nien ² -hu ² -hu ² -ti ¹	黏糊糊的	very sticky.
nien ² -hsien ²	黏涎	to run at the mouth, to drivel; to covet.
nien ² -m ²	黏米	glutinous rice.
nien ² -pu ³	黏補	to paste over wrong character, to rewrite it.
nien ² -t'ü ⁴ -t'ü ⁴ -ti ¹	黏漬漬的	disagreeably sticky.
nien ²	米黏	paste, any glutinous substance; to paste. See [chan ¹ .]
nien ² -chu ⁴	粘住	to adhere.
nien ² -kan ¹ -tsü ²	粘杆子	a stick with bird-lime on it for catching birds.
nien ² -kao ¹	粘糕	a kind of pudding.
nien ²	魚黏	bull-head fish.

- nien²-yü²* 鮎魚 bull-head fish.
nien²(yen²) 水；次 涎 461a982a spittle, saliva. See *hsien²*.
- NIEN³** 車 輦 831b535b the imperial chariot; near the Emperor,
nien³-hsia⁴ 輦下 near the court.
nien³-lu⁴ 輦路 way through the palace; near the court.
nien³-tao⁴-érh² 輦道兒 same.
nien³ 手才 攆 831b634c to expel, to turn out, to drive out,
nien³-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴ 攆出去 same (chu² ch'ü¹),
nien³-p'ao³-liao³ 攆跑了 driven out and ran away,
nien³-pu⁴-k'ai¹ 攆不開 unable to expel.
nien³-tê²-k'ai¹ 攆得開 able to expel.
nien³ tsou³-liao³ 攆走了 expelled and gone.
nien³ (t'ü) 石 碾 831b634c a stone roller (either for fields or grain).
nien³-ch'uan² 碾船房 boat-shaped iron mortar in drug-stores.
nien³-fäng² 碾房 milling room.
nien³-ku³-t'ü³ 碾穀子 to thresh out millet by rolling.
nien³-mo⁴-t'ü³ 碾磨子 a mill-stone.
nien³-mi³ 碾米 to husk rice by rolling.
nien³ 手才 揀 831a633a to nip with the fingers; to fell. See *nien¹*.
nien³-fei³ 揀匪 rebels, banditti in North China,
nien³-hsien⁴-ch'ou² 揀線綢 twist thread silk.
nien³-kên¹-shêng²-t'ü³ 揀根繩子 a knotted rope.
nien³-nien³-chuan³-érh² 揀揀轉兒 to twist a thing around.
nien³-pu⁴-tung⁴ 揀不動 can't be twisted.
nien³-tsei² 揀賊 mounted bandits of North China.
nien³ 走 趁 831a635a to pursue.
nien³-pu⁴-shang¹ 趁不上 can't catch up to (kan³ pu⁴ shang⁴).
nien³ 手才 撚 831b634c to roll in the fingers, to twist.
nien³-chih³-nien³ 撚紙撚 to make paper lights of twisted paper.
nien³ 車 輾 23c44c to roll on, e. g., a cart, and crush. See *chan³*.
- NIEN⁴** 心 念 830c635b to think, to study, to consider; to read, to recite.
nien⁴-ching¹ 念經 to pray or chant prayers.
nien⁴-chou⁴ 念咒 to recite charms (tu³ chou⁴). [rosary.
nien⁴-chu¹ 念珠 to count beads, as Catholics or Buddhists; a
nien⁴-érh⁴-nien²-shu¹ 念二年書 to study for two years.
nien⁴-fo² 念佛 to recite the O-mi-to-fo, etc.; to purr,
nien⁴-hui⁴ 念會 to memorize, to master.
nien⁴-nien¹-pu⁴-wang⁴ 念念不忘 in constant remembrance.
nien⁴-san¹-tao⁴-ssü¹ 念念三倒四 to find fault, to croak.
nien⁴-shih¹ 念詩 to recite verses (fêng³ sung⁴).
nien⁴-shu¹ 念書 to study, to read books (tu³ shü¹),

<i>nien⁴-shu²-liao³</i>	念熟了	learned by heart.
<i>nien⁴-sung⁴</i>	念誦	to recite, to chant.
<i>nien⁴-t'ou²</i>	念頭	cogitations, thoughts.
<i>nien⁴-tsū¹.t'ai¹-tsū¹</i>	念茲在茲	fix your attention on what you are doing.
NIN²	心	
<i>nin²-na⁴</i>	您 S31c636b 您納	you, sir. M. 222 (a polite term). same.
NING²	寧 S32c637a	
<i>ning²</i>	寧	rest, tranquillity; to prefer. M. 591, 594. same.
<i>ning²-ching⁴</i>	甯靜	tranquillity, peace.
<i>ning²-k'én³</i>	甯肯	better, rather. M. 591.
<i>ning²-k'o³</i>	甯可	it is better, better to, much rather.
<i>ning²-k'o³.pu⁴-tso⁴</i>	甯可不做	much rather not do it. M. 591.
<i>ning².po¹</i>	甯波	Ningpo.
<i>ning².pu⁴</i>	甯不	rather not, prefer not to, etc.
<i>ning²-ssǎ³</i>	甯死	rather die, better die, to prefer dying.
<i>ning²-yüan⁴</i>	甯願	I would rather, I wish or desire.
NING²	手才 擰 S32c637c	[fusion. to twist, to wrench, to pull; to throw into con- to sprain or twist the foot. to spoil by tampering with. twisted till dry. to sprain or twist the hand. to make a lantern out of twisted wire.
<i>ning²-chiao³</i>	擰脚	
<i>ning²-huai⁴</i>	擰壞	
<i>ning²-kan¹-liao³</i>	擰乾了	
<i>ning²-shon³</i>	擰手	
<i>ning²-t'ung¹-lung³</i>	擰燈籠	
NING⁴	凝 S33a637a	[fix. to freeze, to coagulate; to perfect, to finish; to to congeal, to freeze (tung ⁴). same.
<i>ning⁴-chieh³</i>	凝結	
<i>ning⁴ chü⁴</i>	凝聚	an embryo.
<i>ning⁴-t'ai¹</i>	凝胎	[urtee. eloquent, specious, insinuating; quick at rep- "eloquent mouth," smooth-tongued, plausible. traitors, a treasonable cabal (chien ¹). [ity.
<i>ning⁴</i>	人 佞 S33a637c	
<i>ning⁴-k'ou³</i>	佞口	
<i>ning⁴-tang³</i>	佞黨	
NIO⁴ (nüeh)	虐 S33b638a	tyrannical, unfeeling, harsh, fierce, cruel; calain- to oppress the people (pao ⁴ nio ⁴).
<i>nio⁴-min²</i>	虐民	
NIU¹	女 妞 S34a638b	a girl (nü ²).
NIU²	牛 牛 S33b638a	the ox.
<i>niu²-ch'ê²</i>	牛車	ox-cart.
<i>niu²-chiao¹</i>	牛角	buffalo horns.
<i>niu²-chin¹</i>	牛筋	buffalo sinews.

<i>niu²-ch'üan⁴</i>	牛圈	a bullock pen.
<i>niu²-chuang²</i>	牛庄	Newchwang, open port in Manchuria.
<i>niu²-f'ing¹</i>	牛蜂	the hornet.
<i>niu²-hou²</i>	牛吼	the lowing of oxen.
<i>niu²-hsi²-ts'ao³</i>	牛膝草	hyssop.
<i>niu²-huang²</i>	牛黃	cow bezoar.
<i>niu² hsi¹</i>	牛宿	ninth zodiacal constellation—Capricornus.
<i>niu²-i¹-pa¹</i>	牛尾把	ox-tail.
<i>niu²-jou⁴</i>	牛肉	beef.
<i>niu²-jou⁴-p'a²</i>	牛肉爬	a beef-steak.
<i>niu² ju³</i>	牛乳	cow's milk.
<i>niu²-k'eng³</i>	牛頸	stiff-necked, obstinate (chan ¹ chih ²).
<i>niu²-lang²</i>	牛郎	a $\beta\gamma$ in Aquila; the god of agriculture.
<i>niu²-li²-lo²-ma³</i>	牛驢騾馬	four draught animals.
<i>niu²-ma³</i>	牛馬	oxen and horses, cattle.
<i>niu²-mang²</i>	牛芒	ploughing oxen; ox-boys.
<i>niu²-mao²-yü³</i>	牛毛雨	"cow's hair rain," fine rain.
<i>niu²-ming²</i>	牛鳴	lowing of oxen.
<i>niu²-nai³</i>	牛奶	cow's milk.
<i>niu²-nai³-kao¹</i>	牛奶膏	condensed milk.
<i>niu²-nai³-p'i²</i>	牛奶皮	cream.
<i>niu²-nai³-ping³</i>	牛奶餅	"milk cakes," cheese.
<i>niu²-nai³-yu²</i>	牛奶油	butter.
<i>niu²-pai³-yeh⁴</i>	牛百葉	tripe.
<i>niu²-p'eng²</i>	牛棚	a cattle-shed.
<i>niu²-p'i²-ku³</i>	牛皮鼓	a drum of ox-hide.
<i>niu²-p'i²-t'eng¹-lung²</i>	牛皮燈籠	lantern of ox-hide, fig., a stupid fellow.
<i>niu²-pieh¹</i>	牛蜃	leeches.
<i>niu²-shé²-t'ou²</i>	牛舌頭	ox-tongue; the common dock,
<i>niu²-so¹</i>	牛梭	wooden yoke.
<i>niu²-tou³</i>	牛斗	a star; high; heaven.
<i>niu²-tou⁴</i>	牛痘	vaccine.
<i>niu²-ts'ai³</i>	牛崽	a calf (chü ¹).
<i>niu²-tu²</i>	牛犢	same.
<i>niu²-yang²</i>	牛羊	oxen and sheep.
<i>niu²-yu²</i>	牛油	animal tallow, beef fat.

NIU ³	手才	扭 834b639b	to twist, to wring, to wrench; to grasp.
<i>niu³-chieh²</i>		扭結	to twist; to grapple.
<i>niu³-chuan³-kuo⁴-lai²</i>		扭轉過來	he turned around.
<i>niu³-i¹-niu³</i>		扭一扭	to give a twist.
<i>niu³-kan¹</i>		扭乾	to wring dry (as clothes).
<i>niu³-kuo⁴-lien³-ch'ü⁴</i>		扭過臉去	he turned round his face.

<i>niu³-liao³-po³-tzū³</i>	扭了脖子	he twisted his neck round.
<i>niu³-liao³-yao³-la³</i>	扭了腰喇	twisted his waist
<i>niu³-nieh³</i>	扭捏	to twist ; wriggle, to flounce.
<i>niu³-niu³-nieh³-nieh³</i>	扭扭蹩蹩	twisting and squirming.
<i>niu³-niu³-p'a³-p'a³</i>	扭扭扒扒	same.
<i>niu³-sung⁴</i>	扭送	to seize and bring a person into court.
<i>niu³-t'ou³-chiu⁴-tsou³</i>	扭頭就走	turned his head and went off.
<i>niu³-tzū³</i>	扭子	a corkscrew.
<i>niu³</i>	鈕 <small>834c638o</small>	a button ; a knob (k'ou ⁴).
<i>niu³-k'ou³</i>	鈕口	a button-hole.
<i>niu³-k'ou⁴</i>	鈕扣	a button, buttons.
<i>niu³-p'an⁴-tzū³</i>	鈕襪子	a button-loop.

NIU⁴ (<i>yao</i>)(<i>ao</i>) 手才	拗 <small>1276a1077a</small>	to seize, to grasp, to drag ; to break, perverse.
<i>niu⁴-ch'i⁴</i>	拗氣	opinionated, quarrelsome.
<i>niu⁴-hsing⁴</i>	拗性	a perverse disposition.
<i>niu⁴-pieh³</i>	拗別	a cantankerous disposition.
<i>niu⁴-pu⁴-kuo⁴-lai³</i>	拗不過來	there is no bringing him round or over.
<i>niu⁴-t'ien¹-êrh³-hsing³</i>	拗天而行	to act contrary to Heaven.
<i>niu⁴-tzū³</i>	拗子	a perverse, refractory child.
<i>niu⁴ (miu)</i>	言 謬 <small>803a601a</small>	perverse, contrary, mistaken, erroneous, fallacious. [cious.
<i>niu⁴-vou⁴</i>	謬誤	an error, a mistake (ts'o ⁴).
<i>niu⁴-yen³</i>	謬言	falsehood, lies.
<i>niu⁴</i>	血 衄 <small>834c640b</small>	to bleed at the nose ; to wound with sharp weapon. [ons.
<i>niu⁴-pi³</i>	衄鼻	to bleed at the nose.

NO²	手才	挪 <small>835a639a</small>	to shift, to remove ; to rub.
<i>no²-chieh⁴</i>		挪借	to borrow.
<i>no²-i⁴-no²</i>		挪一挪	to shift anything (pan ¹ no ²).
<i>no²-i³</i>		挪移	to shift, to remove ; to misapply.
<i>no²-k'ai¹</i>		挪開	to shift, to remove.
<i>no²-pu⁴-k'ai¹</i>		挪不開	unable to remove.
<i>no²-tê²-k'ai¹</i>		挪得開	able to remove.
<i>no²-tsai⁴-pieh³-ch'u⁴</i>		挪在別處	shift it to another place.
<i>no²-tung⁴</i>		挪動	to remove.
<i>no²-wo¹</i>		挪窩	to change place or residence, to stir.

NO⁴	言	諾 <small>835b640a</small>	to answer, to assent, to promise, yes, approbation.
<i>no⁴-no⁴</i>		諾諾	same.
<i>no⁴</i>	心小	懦 <small>835c640a</small>	imbecile, infirm of purpose, weak, timid, fearful.
<i>no⁴-fu¹</i>		懦夫	an imbecile, one of no ability.
<i>no⁴-jo⁴</i>		懦弱	imbecile, incompetent, of no ability, weak (juan ³).
<i>no⁴</i>	米種	糯 <small>835c639c</small>	glutinous rice.

- no¹-mi³ 糯米 glutinous rice.
 no⁴-mi²-chow¹ 糯米粥 glutinous rice soup.
 no⁴-mi²-niang⁴-chiu³ 糯米釀酒 wine made from glutinous rice.
 no⁴ mi³-nien²-kao¹ 糯米年糕 a new year's cake made of glutinous rice.
 no¹-mi²-t'ang² 糯米糖 sugar made from glutinous rice.
 no⁴-mi³-yüan²-hsiao¹ 糯米元宵 a new year's cake of glutinous rice.
- NOU⁴** 耨 耨 S36a618b a hoe; to weed, to dress a field (ch'u² ti⁴).
 nou⁴-k'eng¹ 耨耕 to hoe and plough, to cultivate.
- NU³** 女 奴 S36b640a a slave.
 nu³-chia¹ 奴家 a slave, slaves; I (used by women).
 nu³-pi⁴ 奴婢 a female slave.
 nu³-p'u² 奴僕 a slave, a servant.
 nu³-t'i'ai² 奴才 a slave; I (used by women).
 nu³ 力 努 S36c641b to exert one's strength, effort, exertion.
 nu³-cho²-chin⁴-érh² 努着力兒 using the utmost strength.
 nu³-li⁴ 努力 to exert one's strength.
 nu³-liao³-li⁴ 努了力 to have exerted strength.
 nu³ shang¹-t'u¹-hsüeh³ 努傷吐血 blood spitting due to overexertion.
 nu³-tsui³ 努嘴 to make a sign by pursing the lips.
 nu³ 弓 弩 S36c641a a crossbow.
 nu³-chien⁴ 弩箭 a crossbow arrow.
 nu³-kung¹ 弩弓 a crossbow.
 nu³-t'un² 弩彈 pellet of a crossbow.
 nu³ 巾 帑 S1065c362a a treasury. See t'ang³ (kuo² t'ang³).
 nu³-hsiang⁴ 帑項 treasure for imperial purposes.
 nu³-yin² 帑銀 same.
- NU¹** 心 怒 S36c641c anger, passion, to be angry with.
 nu¹-ch'i¹ 怒氣 anger, rage, passion.
 nu⁴-ch'i⁴-lai² 怒氣來 to get angry.
 nu⁴-ch'i⁴-wei⁴-hsi² 怒氣未息 his anger not yet over.
 nu⁴-ch'ung¹-ch'ung¹ 怒冲冲 in a great rage, very angry (ch'i⁴ ti¹ luan⁴ p'eng⁴).
 nu¹-ch'uag¹-kuan¹ 怒冲冠 same.
 nu⁴-hên⁴ 怒恨 anger, resentment, hatred.
 nu⁴-hên⁴-hên'-ti¹ 怒恨恨的 thoroughly angry.
 nu⁴-nu⁴-hêng²-mei² 怒目橫眉 angrily eyeing each other.
 nu¹-nu⁴-hsiang¹-shih⁴ 怒目相視 same.
 nu⁴-nao⁴ 怒惱 anger, rage.
- NÜ³** 女 女 S38b641a a woman, a daughter, unmarried woman.
 nü³-chên¹-tzu³ 女真子 a sort of medicine (tonic).

nü³-chung¹-chung⁴-fu¹ 女中丈夫
 nü³-chung¹-yao²-shun⁴ 女中堯舜
 nü³-êrh³ 女兒
 nü³-êrh²-ching⁴ 女兒經
 nü³-êrh²-chiu³ 女兒酒
 nü³-êrh²-lao³ 女兒癆
 nü³-hai²-rh³ 女孩兒
 nü³-hsi⁴ 女戲
 nü³-hsü⁴ 女婿
 nü³-jên³ 女人
 nü³-kuan¹ 女冠
 nü³-kung¹ 女工
 nü³-la³-ma¹ 女喇嘛
 nü³-liu² 女流
 nü³-séng¹ 女僧
 nü³-sun¹ 女孫
 nü³-tan⁴ 女旦
 nü³-tang⁴-tzu³ 女檔子
 nü³-tao⁴-shih⁴ 女道士
 nü³-tzu³ 女子
 nü³-wu¹ 女巫
 nü³-yin¹ 女陰

a masculine woman,
 a female paragon Empress,
 a girl, a young woman.
 the Girls' Classic.
 a sort of very old wine.
 nymphomania, consumption,
 a female child, a girl.
 an actress.
 a son-in-law.
 a woman, a wife.
 a Taoist nun ; a woman's cap.
 women's work.
 Mongolian or Thibetan Buddhist nuna.
 womankind.
 Buddhist nuns (ni² ku¹).
 a grand-daughter.
 an actress.
 women ballad singers.
 a Taoist nun,
 a girl, a young woman, a daughter.
 a witch, a sorceress.
 the vagina.

NUAN³ (nan) 日 暖^{837b643a}
 nuan³-ho² 暖和
 nuan³-mao⁴ 暖帽
 nuan³-t'ien¹-ch'í⁴ 暖天氣
 nuan³ 火 煖^{837b643b}
 nuan³-ch'í⁴ 煖氣
 nuan³-ho² 煖和
 nuan³-huo³ 煖火

warm, genial, mild, gentle, bland (wên¹, jê⁴).
 warm, genial, mild.
 the winter cap.
 warm, or mild weather.
 warm, warmth of fire,
 warm vapour (wên¹ feng¹).
 warm.
 to warm at a fire (k'ao³ huo³).

NÜEH⁴ (nio) 虐 虐^{833b638a}
 nüeh⁴-tai⁴-jên² 虐待人
 nüeh⁴ 言 譎^{477b210b}

maltreat.
 to oppress people.
 to ridicule, to jest.

KUNG³ 辰 農^{837c642b}
 kung²-chia¹ 農家
 kung²-fu¹ 農夫
 kung²-sang¹ 農桑
 kung²-shih⁴ 農事
 kung²-ting¹ 農丁
 kung² 水 濃^{838a642a}

a countryman ; to cultivate, to plant, to sow.
 farm laborers (kung¹ jên³).
 a countryman, a husbandman.
 agriculture and the mulberry.
 agricultural affairs.
 a countryman, a husbandman.
 thick, rich, strong (of fluids). See néng³.

<i>nung²-hou⁴</i>	濃厚	thick, as fluids.
<i>nung²-mei²-ta⁴-yen³</i>	濃眉大眼	heavy eyebrows and large eyes.
<i>nung²-ni²</i>	濃泥	thick mud.
<i>nung²-shui⁴</i>	濃睡	deep sleep.
<i>nung²-tan⁴</i>	濃淡	deep and faint, thick and thin or watery.

NUNG⁴ 升 弄 736c569b [lung].
nung⁴-chia³-ch'êng³-chên¹ 弄假成真 to make, to prepare; performing, doing (also to turn false into true.
nung⁴-ch'iao³ 弄巧 to affect to be clever.
lung⁴-ch'iao³-fan³-cho¹ 弄巧反拙 to bungle a clever thing.
lung⁴-ch'ien² 弄錢 to make money dishonestly.
lung⁴-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴ 弄出去 to make off with.
lung⁴-fan¹-liao¹ 弄翻喇 upset.
nung⁴-fan⁴ 弄飯 to cook rice.
nung⁴-hao³-liao³ 弄好了 got ready.
nung⁴-huai⁴ 弄壞 to spoil by meddling with; to aggravate.
lung⁴-liao³-ch'ü⁴-liao³ 弄了去了 gone, lost.
lung⁴-liao³-lai² 弄了來 to get hold of.
nung⁴-shên²-nung⁴-kuei³ 弄神弄鬼 to work on gods and devils, as sorcerers.
nung⁴-shu²-liao³ 弄熟了 cooked thoroughly.
nung⁴-sung³ 弄聾 to cozen, to dupe.
nung⁴-ts'ai¹ 弄菜 to cook or prepare food.
nung⁴-wa³ 弄瓦 a daughter (fig.).
lung⁴-wan⁴-i⁴-êrh³ 弄玩意兒 a play with a toy.
lung⁴-yin²-tzü² 弄銀子 to make money dishonestly.
nung⁴ 手才 擰 821c617 to prop, to handle, to push down.

O¹ 阜 阿 1a643a an exclamation. See a¹ (or ê).
o¹-mi²-t'ô²-fo² 阿彌陀佛 Amida Buddha.
o¹-niang³ 阿娘 a mother.
o¹ 阿屙 840a644 to defecate.
o¹-shih³ 屙屎 same.

O² 人 俄 839a627a hasty; momentary, suddenly.
o²-ch'ing³ 俄頃 an instant, a moment.
o²-jan³ 俄然 suddenly (ou³ jan³).
o²-kuo³ 俄國 Russia.
o²-lo²-ssü¹ 俄羅斯 same.
o²-lun²-tai⁴ 俄倫袋 long-sleeved jacket with fancy border.
o² 鳥 鵝 333a627b the goose.
o²-chang³ 鵝掌 goose feet.
o²-jung³ 鵝絨 goose down.

o ² -ling ² -huan ⁴	鵝翎管	goose quills.
o ² -ling ² -pi ³	鵝翎筆	quill pens.
o ² -ling ² -shan ⁴	鵝翎扇	a goose feather fan.
o ² -mao ²	鵝毛	goose feathers
o ² -mao ² -ta ⁴ -hsūeh ³	鵝毛大雪	great flakes of snow.
o ² -mao ² -ta ⁴ -p'ien ⁴	鵝毛大片	big snow-flakes.
o ² -t'ou ²	鵝頭	a prominent forehead; goose-head, stupid,
o ³	言 謊 說 333a626a	mistaken, erroneous, false, untrue; to excite,
o ² -cha ⁴	說 詐	to make false statements.
o ³ -ch'a ¹	說 差	a mistake, an error.
o ² -chuan ⁴	說 傳	to propagate falsehood or error.
o ² -ts'o ⁴	說 錯	a mistake, an error.
o ² -yao ²	說 謠	idle stories, rumours.
o ² -yen ²	說 言	unfounded declarations (yao ² yen ²).
o ³	頁 額 類 333b628c	the forehead; a fixed number; incessant,
o ² -chiao ¹	類 角	the temples.
o ² -niung ²	類 娘	a mother.
o ² -ping ¹	類 兵	a fixed number of troops.
o ² -shang ⁴	類 上	on the brow.
o ² -shu ⁴	類 數	a fixed number.
o ² -ling ²	類 頂	the top of the head (t'ien ¹ ling ² kai ⁴).
o ² -t'ou ²	類 頭	forehead (mien ⁴ mên ²).
o ² -wai ⁴	類 外	beyond the fixed number (fên ⁴ wai ⁴).
o ² -wai ⁴ -shêng ¹ -chih ¹	類 外 生 枝	an extra branch put forth.
o ³	虫 蛾 332b627b	the moth.
o ³ -ch'ung ²	蛾 虫	same.
o ² -mei ²	蛾 眉	ladies' eyebrows (also use 娥).
o ²	女 娥 332a627a	good, excellent, beautiful.
o ² -nü ²	娥 女	a beautiful woman.
o ³	山 峨 339a627a	high.
o ² -mei ² -shan ¹	峨 眉 山	a peak in Szechuan.
o ³	口 誅 哦 332a627a	to chant, to hum.
o ³	戈 我 1250c627c	I also (wo ²).
O ⁴ (also ¹)	心 惡 1259c1063b	vicious, wicked, coarse. See <i>wu</i> ¹ .
o ⁴ -chi ²	惡 疾	an incurable disease.
o ⁴ -ch'í ⁴	惡 氣	offensive smell.
o ⁴ -ch'ou ²	惡 醜	repulsive, forbidding.
o ⁴ -ch'uang ¹	惡 瘡	a filthy sore, venereal sores.
o ⁴ -fêng ¹	惡 風	a destructive wind.
o ⁴ -fêng ¹ -lou ⁴ -su ³	惡 風 陋 俗	vile customs.
o ⁴ -hên ¹ -hên ³	惡 狠 狠	spiteful, vicious, brutal, savage.

o³-hsin¹-(3 this sense) 惡心
 o⁴-jên² 惡人
 o⁴-k'ou³-shang¹-jên³ 惡口傷人
 o⁴-k'u³ 惡苦
 o⁴-kuan⁴-man³-ying³ 惡貫滿盈
 o⁴-k'uei³ 惡魁
 o⁴-kun⁴ 惡棍
 o⁴-pa⁴ 惡霸
 o⁴-pa¹-pa¹-ti¹ 惡巴巴的
 o⁴-shih⁴ 惡事
 o⁴-shou⁴ 惡獸
 o⁴-su³ 惡俗
 o⁴-ta³ 惡打
 o⁴-ts'ao³ 惡草
 o⁴-tu³ 惡毒
 o⁴-t'u³ 惡徒
 o⁴-yen² 惡言
 o⁴ 食 餓 332b627c
 o⁴-huai⁴-liao³ 餓壞了
 o⁴-liao³ 餓了
 o⁴-liao³-ni¹ 餓了呢
 o⁴-pu⁴-o⁴ 餓不餓
 o⁴-pu⁴-ssü³ 餓不死
 o⁴-shou⁴-liao³ 餓瘦了
 o⁴-ssü³ 餓死
 o⁴-ssü³-kuei³ 餓死鬼
 o⁴-ti¹-hsin¹-huang¹ 餓的心慌
 o⁴-ti¹-mo³-chin⁴ 餓的沒勁
 o⁴-tuan⁴-ssü¹-t'ou³ 餓斷絲頭
 o⁴ (tzü) 車 輓 841a629o
 o⁴ 魚 鱷 333c628
 o⁴-yü² 鱷魚

a bad heart; to vomit, to retch (kan¹ yüeh²),
 a bad person.
 to abuse a person.
 pungently bitter (k'u³ ssü⁴ huang³ lien²).
 cup of iniquity full.
 leader in evil.
 vagabonds; ruffians, villains, etc.
 same.
 very evil.
 a wicked business.
 a fierce beast.
 an abuse, a corrupt custom.
 to beat cruelly (pao⁴ ta³).
 weeds, noxious plants.
 cruel, brutal (pao⁴ nio⁴).
 a bad vicious person.
 abusive coarse language.
 hungry, hunger, famine.
 prostrated by hunger.
 hungry (chi¹ o⁴).
 are you hungry? if hungry.
 are you hungry?
 will not die of starvation.
 thin from want of food.
 starved to death.
 starved demons or spirits.
 nervous from hunger.
 weak from starvation or hunger.
 term in reference to cocoon.
 a yoke (niu² so¹ tzü³).
 crocodile.
 a crocodile.

OU¹ 毆 842a626a
 ou¹-pi⁴ 毆斃
 ou¹-shang¹ 毆傷
 ou¹-ssü³ 毆死
 ou¹-ta³ 毆打
 ou¹ 言 謳 842b625c
 ou¹-ch'ang⁴ 謳唱
 ou¹-ko¹-sun⁴-tsan⁴ 謳歌頌讚
 ou¹-yin³ 謳吟
 ou¹-yung³ 謳詠

to beat, to strike with fist; a club.
 to beat to death.
 to wound by beating.
 to beat to death.
 to beat, to fight with fists, to box (ta³ chia⁴).
 to sing (ch'ang⁴).
 to sing.
 to sing hymns of praise.
 to sing.
 same.

OU³ 人 偶^{842b626a}
 ou³-érh² 偶爾
 ou³-ho³ 偶合
 ou³-hsi⁴ 偶戲
 ou³-hsiang⁴ 偶像
 ou³-jan³ 偶然
 ou³-jan²-ti³ 偶然的
 ou³-jên³ 偶人
 ou³-lei³-tzi³ 偶子
 ou³-shu⁴ 偶數
 ou³-yu⁴-so³-kan³ 偶有所感
 ou³-yü⁴ 偶遇
 ou³ 艸 藕^{842c626c}
 ou³-chieh² 藕節
 ou³-fên³ 藕粉
 ou³-ho²-sé⁴ 藕荷色
 ou³-sé⁴ 藕色
 ou³-sü¹ 藕絲
 ou³-ya³ 藕芽
 ou³ 火 煙^{842a626c}
 ou³-yen¹ 煙煙

an image; accidental; to unite; two, a pair.
 suddenly, accidentally, by chance.
 to unite, union.
 performance of puppets, etc. (k'uei³ lei³).
 an image (p'u² sa¹).
 suddenly, accidentally, occasionally.
 casual.
 an image, a statue, [iei³].
 puppets (similar to our Punch and Judy) (k'uei³
 even numbers (ch'i² shu⁴).
 if perchance there should be any influence.
 to meet by chance or accidentally.
 the lotus or water-lily root.
 joints of the lotus root.
 lily root flour, a kind of arrowroot (ma³ t'i² fên¹).
 lotus-root color.
 lotus-root color.
 the fibrous roots of the water lily.
 taper-fingers of a lady (fig.).
 heat and drought.
 smoke issues out of it.

OU⁴ 水 漚^{842a626c}
 ou⁴-huai⁴ 漚壞
 ou⁴-jou² 漚柔
 ou⁴-lan⁴-liao³ 漚爛了
 ou⁴-ma³ 漚麻
 ou⁴-pien⁴-yen²-sé⁴ 漚髮顏色
 ou⁴-tien⁴ 漚靛
 ou⁴-t'ou⁴-liao³ 漚透了
 ou⁴-tsao¹-liao³ 漚糟了
 ou⁴ 口 囁^{841c626a}
 ou⁴-ch'i⁴ 囁氣
 ou⁴-fun² 囁煩
 ou⁴-t'u³ 囁吐
 ou⁴ 心 悞^{842a625a}

(also 1).
 to steep, to saturate, to soften by steeping
 spoiled by-soaking.
 to soften by soaking.
 softened to rottenness.
 to soak hemp.
 changed color by soaking.
 to soak indigo leaves in vat.
 soaked through
 rotten through steeping.
 to prattle; to be pleased; to vomit (also 1 and 3).
 to aggravate or provoke to anger.
 to cause one to vomit.
 to vomit.
 to provoke; respectful, reverential.

PA¹ 八 捌 八^{843a647a}
 pa¹-ch'êng² 八成
 pa¹-ch'i² 八旗
 pa¹-c'iao¹ 八角
 pa¹-chiao¹.yu² 八角油
 pa¹-ch'ün⁴-ma³ 八駿馬

[843c].
 eight (1 before 1, 2, 3; 2 before 4) (written 捌)
 eight chances out of ten in favor of.
 the eight banners at Peking. G. 379.
 star aniseed; eight-cornered.
 aniseed oil.
 eight sorts of fine horses.

<i>pa¹-fang¹</i>	八方	the eight points of the-compass.
<i>pa¹-fén⁴</i>	八分	eight-tenths ; probably.
<i>pa¹-hang²-shu¹</i>	八行書	Chinese note paper.
<i>pa¹-hsien¹</i>	八仙	the eight [†] immortals. R. 338.
<i>pa¹-hsien¹-ch'ing⁴</i>	八仙慶壽	the eight immortals celebrate your birthday.
<i>pa¹-hsien¹-cho¹</i>	八仙桌	square-dining table for eight persons (<i>fang¹cho¹</i>).
<i>pa¹-k'ai¹</i>	八開	the eighth of a dollar, sixpence.
<i>pa¹-ko¹</i>	八哥	the raven.
<i>pa¹-ko⁴</i>	八個	eight.
<i>pa¹-ko⁴-tzü⁴-r'h²</i>	† 八個字兒	·the eight characters. R. 329.
<i>pa¹-ku³-wén³-chang¹</i>	八股文章	usual essay with its eight parts.
<i>pa¹-kua⁴</i>	八卦	{ the eight diagrams ; the eight points of the compass. R. 333.
<i>pa¹-liang³-pan⁴-chin¹</i>	八兩半斤	six of one and half a dozen of the-other.
<i>pa¹-mien⁴</i>	八面	on every side, at all points.
<i>pa¹-mien⁴-chien⁴-kuang¹</i>	八面見光	reflects light on all sides.
<i>pa¹-mien⁴-fêng¹</i>	八面風	a wind from all points of the compass.
<i>pa¹-mien⁴-ling²-lung²</i>	八面玲瓏	open on all sides.
<i>pa¹-pa¹</i>	八八	eight times eight, sixty-four.
<i>pa¹-pao³-r'h²</i>	† 八寶兒	a succulent plant.
<i>pa¹-pan¹-liu⁴-fang²</i>	八班六房	the runners and clerks.
<i>pa¹-shih²</i>	八十	eighty.
<i>pa¹-t'ai¹-pa¹-ch'ua¹</i>	八擡八插	eight chair-bearers and eight supporters.
<i>pa¹-t'ao⁴</i>	八套	toilet necessaries.
<i>pa¹-tou³-chih¹-ts'ai²</i>	八斗之才	fig. of transcendent talents.
<i>pa¹-t'uan²-hua¹</i>	八團花	[dress. the eight embroidered circles on Manchoo- bride's]
<i>pa²-tzü⁴</i>	八字	the eight characters. See Note 72.
<i>pa¹-tzü⁴-mei²</i>	八字眉	eyebrows like the figure eight.
<i>pa¹-tzü⁴-ying³-pi³</i>	八字影壁	a screen-wall with the corners cut away.
<i>pa¹-yin¹</i>	八音	eight sorts of musical instruments.
<i>pa¹-yin¹-ch'in²</i>	八音琴	musical boxes.
<i>pa¹-yin¹-ho²</i>	八音盒	same.
<i>pa¹</i>	己 巴	843c644a the crust which forms inside a boiler ; to adhere.
<i>pa¹-chang³</i>	巴掌	the open hand, the palm.
<i>pa¹-chieh²</i>	巴結	{ to exert one's self ; to cringe, to fawn, servile { (<i>k'an³lung³</i>).
<i>pa¹-chieh¹-kung¹-ming²</i>	巴結功名	to strive for a degree.
<i>pa¹-chieh¹-pu⁴-shang⁴</i>	巴結不上	cannot reach by any effort.
<i>pa¹-chieh²-ti¹</i>	巴結的	a parasite, a sycophant. (<i>ch'an³mei⁴, liu¹kou²</i>).
<i>pa¹-pu⁴-néng²</i>	巴不能	would that.
<i>pa¹-pu⁴-tê²</i>	巴不得	to wish ; I wish ! may it be ! oh, that ! M. 387.
<i>pa¹-ti⁴</i>	巴地	Batavia.
<i>pa¹-tou⁴</i>	巴荳	croton oil bean.

* Note 71.

† Note 72.

‡ Note 73.

pa¹-lou⁴-yu² 巴 荳 油
 pa¹-t'u²-lu³ 巴 圖 魯
 pa¹ 口 吧 844a644b
 pa¹-hua⁴ 吧 話
 pa¹-kon³ 吧 狗
 pa¹-pa¹-ni¹ 吧 吧 呢
 pa¹ 艸 卮 845a644b
 pa¹-chiao¹ 芭 蕉
 pa¹-chiao¹-shan⁴ 芭 蕉 扇
 pa¹-chiao¹-yeh⁴ 芭 蕉 葉
 pa¹ 疒 疤 844c644b
 pa¹-la¹ 疤 癩
 pa¹-lien³ 疤 臉
 pa¹ 手 扌 扌 846c649a
 pa¹-cho²-ch'iang³-t'ou³ 扒 着 牆 頭
 pa¹-cho²-shu⁴-chih¹ 扒 着 樹 枝
 pa¹-fang²-tzü³ 扒 房 子
 pa¹-i¹-shang¹ 扒 衣 裳
 pa¹-p'i² 扒 皮
 pa¹-tsai⁴ 扒 載
 pa¹ 口 叭 843b646c
 pa¹ (tzü) 把 846c646
 pa¹ 竹 筴 845a644c
 pa¹ 玉 琶 847a646b

croton oil.
 the order Baturu for military prowess.
 dumb; wide mouthed (ya³ pa¹).
 the lisping accents of childhood,
 Peking lap-dog (ha¹ pa¹ kou³).
 obstinate, perverse.
 plantain palm.
 the palm, the plantain.
 a palm leaf fan.
 palm leaves.
 a scar, a cicatrix.
 same (pan¹ hên², shang¹ hên²).
 a scarred face. [climb
 to pull out, to eradicate; to split, to rend; to
 catching hold of the top of the wall.
 catching hold of a branch.
 to pull down a house.
 to strip off his clothes (forcibly).
 to take the peelings off.
 to lighten ship by casting cargo-overboard.
 to open the mouth.
 a handle, a rake.
 li⁴ pa¹, hedge.
 p'i² p'a¹ guitar.

PA³ 手 扌 扌 845b647b
 pa²-ch'u¹ 拔 出
 pa²-ch'ü³-jên³-ts'ai³ 拔 取 人 才
 pa²-ch'ü⁴-ling²-tzü³ 拔 去 翎 子
 pa²-chuang⁴-yüan² 拔 狀 元
 pa²-kang¹-yen³ 拔 鋼 眼
 pa²-kên¹ 拔 根
 pa²-kung⁴ 拔 貢
 pa²-li⁴ 拔 力
 pa²-lo²-pu² 拔 蘿 蔔
 pa²-mai⁴-tzü³ 拔 麥 子
 pa²-pu⁴-ch'u¹-t'ui³ 拔 不 出 腿
 pa²-shang⁴-lai³ 拔 上 來
 pa²-shui³ 拔 水
 pu²-tuo¹ 拔 刀
 pu²-tuo⁴-liao³-shu⁴ 拔 倒 了 樹
 pu²-ts'ui⁴ 拔 萃
 pa²-yang¹ 拔 秧

to pull out of or up; to excel; to raise.
 to abstract, to extract.
 to select the men of talent,
 stripped of his feather.
 a chief of the Hanlin.
 to settle by trial who is the stronger.
 to root up, to eradicate.
 to promote to a higher literary degree. G. 471.
 to exert all one's strength.
 to pull turnips.
 to pull wheat out by the roots.
 can't extricate one's legs.
 to pull up (as water from a well).
 to draw water.
 to draw a sword.
 pulled down a tree.
 to exceed all one's fellows (ch'u¹ lei⁴ pa² ts'ui⁴).
 to pull young rice (for transplanting).

PA ³ (tzu)	革	靶	845a645b	target.
PA ⁴	手	把	844b644c	to take, to grasp; a handle. M. 66, 68 (also 1 [and 3]).
pa ⁴ -an ¹ -ch ⁴ un ²		把	把鶴鷄	to train a quail.
pa ⁴ -chai ¹		把	把齋	to practice vegetarianism (ch ⁴ ih ¹ chai ¹).
pa ⁴ -chai ² -mên ²		把	把宅門	private gate keeper.
pa ⁴ -ch ⁴ ih ²		把	把持	to monopolize, to engross, to hold fast.
pa ⁴ -mên ²		把	把門	to act as gate-keeper (k ⁴ un ¹ mên ²).
pa ⁴ -mên ² -kuan ¹ -shang ⁴		把	把門關上	shut the door. M. 68.
pa ⁴ -ping ⁴		把	把柄	a handle; to grasp; to engross; to be able to.
pa ⁴ -shih ⁴		把	把勢	athletic exercises, gymnastics, etc.
pa ⁴ -shou ³		把	把守	to guard, to hold fast.
pa ⁴ -su ⁴		把	把素	to practice vegetarianism.
pa ⁴ -tuo ¹		把	把刀	to grasp a knife or sword; to divide spoil, etc.
pa ⁴ -to ⁴		把	把舵	to steer.
pa ⁴ -'sung ³		把	把總	a lieutenant. G. 448.
pa ⁴ -tzu ³		把	把子	athletic exercises, gymnastics, fencing, etc. (tu ³ [pa ¹ shih ⁴]).
pa ⁴	網	罷	846a645c	to desist, to stop; enough; a final sound. M. 148.
pa ⁴ -chih ²		罷	罷職	to suspend from office (ko ² chih ²).
pa ⁴ -hsiu ¹		罷	罷休	to cease, to pay no attention to.
pa ³ -kuan ¹		罷	罷官	to suspend from office.
pa ⁴ -kung ¹		罷	罷工	to leave off work (hsieh ¹ kung ¹).
pa ⁴ -liao ³		罷	罷了	enough! it is ended! no more about it! (suan ⁴ [liao ³ pa ⁴]).
pa ⁴ -shih ⁴		罷	罷市	{ to stop trade (to get rid of obnoxious taxes, etc.) (ch ⁴ i ² hang ² pa ⁴ shih ⁴).
pa ⁴	雨	霸	845c645b	to domineer; to usurp, to encroach upon.
pa ⁴ -chan ⁴ -liang ³ -min ²		霸	霸佔良民	to usurp over good subjects.
pa ⁴ -chan ⁴ -t'it ⁴ -t'it ³		霸	霸占地土	to usurp land.
pa ⁴ -ch ⁴ i ²		霸	霸氣	audacity, disregard of right.
pa ⁴ -shih ⁴		霸	霸市	to control or "corner" the market.
pa ⁴ -tuo ⁴		霸	霸道	to encroach, to usurp; to domineer.
pa ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴		霸	霸天下	the rule by force over the whole country.
pa ⁴ -wang ² -pien ¹		霸	霸王鞭	"kind Pa's scourge," a kind of cactus.
pa ⁴	土	壩	846a645c	an embankment (also 埧).
pa ⁴ -kang ³		壩	壩	same (ho ² ti ¹).
pa ⁴ -lén ²		壩	壩	same.
pa ⁴	父	爸	844c645b	pa, a father; an aged person.
pa ⁴ -fu ⁴		爸	爸爸	a father.
pa ¹ -pa ⁴		爸	爸爸	papa, father (t'ieh ¹ t'ieh ¹).
pa ⁴	弓	把	844a645b	the grasp of a bow.
pa ⁴	耒	耙	847a645a	a drag, harrow. Also p'a.
pa ⁴ -ho ² -shang ⁴		耙	耙和尚	to harrow a priest to death.
pa ⁴ -ch ⁴ ih ²		耙	耙齒	the teeth of harrow.

- pa⁴-ti⁴ 耙地 to rake the ground.
- P'A¹ 玉 琶 S47a646b a stringed instrument (or p'a³).
 p'a¹ 足 趺 S46c646c to fall (³ to creep).
 p'a¹-hsia⁴ 趺下 to fall prostrate.
- P'A³ 足 { 跣 S47a646c to climb; to creep, to crouch, to grovel.
 p'a³ { 跣 S46c646 same.
 p'a¹-ch'ên³ 跣城 to scale the city-wall.
 p'a¹-ch'i³-lai³ 跣起來 to get up
 p'a¹-ch'iang³ 跣牆 to scale a wall.
 p'a²-ch'iang²-hu³ 跣牆瑚 the Virginian creeper.
 p'a²-chiao³-tzu³ 跣角子 creepers (crabs on human beings).
 p'a¹-cho³-lao³-hu³ 跣着老虎 a crouching tiger.
 p'a²-ch'ung³ 跣虫 a creeping insect.
 p'a²-êrh²-shou³ 跣兒手 pickpocket (hsiao² lüeh³ rh, san¹ chih¹-shou³).
 p'a²-hsia⁴ 跣下 to crouch!
 p'a²-hsing³ 跣行 to crawl along.
 p'a¹-kan¹-êrh² 跣杆兒 to climb a pole.
 p'a²-shan¹-hu³ 跣珊瑚 "climbing coral," the Virginian creeper.
 p'a¹-shan¹-hu³ 跣山虎 Virginian creeper.
 p'a¹-shan¹-yüeh⁴-ling³ 跣山越嶺 crossing hills and ranges.
 p'a²-shang¹-ch'ü⁴ 跣上去 to climb up.
 p'a¹-shang⁴-shu⁴-ch'ü⁴ 跣上樹去 to crawl up a tree.
 p'a² 爪 爬 S46a649b to scrape, to scratch, to crawl; to creep.
 p'a²-ch'i³-lai³ 爬起來 to creep up.
 p'a²-hsia⁴ 爬下 to creep down.
 p'a²-shou³ 爬手 to scratch the hand.
 p'a²-shu⁴ 爬樹 to climb a tree.
 p'a²-yang³ 爬癢 to scratch a part that itches.
 p'a² 耒 { 耒 S47a645a a rake or harrow; to rake. Also pa⁴.
 p'a² { 耒 same.
- P'A⁴ 心 巾 怕 S46a647b to fear, to imagine. M. 377.
 p'a⁴-ch'ien²-p'a⁴-hou⁴ 怕前怕後 to be afraid of everything.
 p'a⁴-chü⁴ 怕懼 to fear.
 p'a⁴-hsiu² 怕羞 to feel shame, to blush.
 p'a⁴-p'o²-êrh³ 怕婆兒 henpecked man (chü⁴ nei⁴).
 p'u⁴-shên²-mo¹ 怕甚麼 what are you afraid of?
 p'a⁴-ssü³ 怕死 to fear death.
 p'a¹-tê²-hên³ 怕得很 extremely afraid.
 p'a⁴ (tzu⁴) 巾 帕 S46b646 a handkerchief; a turban (shou³ p'a⁴).

PAI ¹	手才	{ 搯 ^{852b649c}	to break off or open (see next character).
<i>pai¹-t' tien³-rh³</i>		拚一點兒	break off a little.
<i>pai¹-k'ai¹</i>		拚開	to break open.
<i>pai¹-liang³-pan⁴</i>		拚兩半	to break in half.
<i>pai¹-liao³-i¹-k'uai⁴</i>		拚了一塊	broke off a piece.
<i>pai¹</i>	手	擘 ^{922b710b}	break a part with the hand. Also <i>po¹</i> .
<i>pai¹-kua¹-lou⁴-tzü³</i>		擘瓜露子	to break the melon and reveal the seeds.
<i>pai¹-liang³-pan⁴</i>		擘兩半	to break into two with the hands.
PAI ²	白	白 ^{847b706c}	white; clear, manifest; in vain. See <i>po²</i> .
<i>pai²-ch'ieh²-tzü³</i>		白茄子	the egg-plant.
<i>pai²-ch'ien¹</i>		白鉛	spelter.
<i>pai²-chin¹</i>		白金	silver.
<i>pai²-ching⁴</i>		白淨	fair-faced, a clear complexion,
<i>pai²-cho³</i>		白濁	gonorrhœa, gleet.
<i>pai²-chou⁴</i>		白晝	day-time, broad daylight.
<i>pai²-ch'ü⁴-liao³</i>		白去了	went for nothing.
<i>pai²-fa³</i>		白髮	white hair; elderly.
<i>pai²-fan²</i>		白礬	alum.
<i>pai²-fei⁴-kung¹-fu¹</i>		白費工夫	useless waste of time.
<i>pai²-fei⁴-shih⁴</i>		白費事	trouble in vain.
<i>pai²-hsiao⁴-lao²</i>		白効勞	to work for nothing.
<i>pai²-hu²-lao³-t'ou³</i>		白鬚老頭	a white-headed old man.
<i>pai²-hu³</i>		白虎	white tiger (term in geomancy).
<i>pai²-hua¹-hua¹-ti³</i>		白花花的	abundance of white flowers.
<i>pai²-hua⁴</i>		白話	patois, local dialect,
<i>pai²-hui¹</i>		白灰	lime.
<i>pai²-i¹</i>		白衣	common clothes; white clothing; of no-rank.
<i>pai²-jao³</i>		白饒	to have forgiven in vain.
<i>pai²-jén²</i>		白人	a common person.
<i>pai²-jih⁴</i>		白日	day-time, broad daylight.
<i>pai²-kei³</i>		白給	to give for nothing.
<i>pai²-la⁴-kun⁴</i>		白蠟棍	ash poles, stripped of bark.
<i>pai²-la⁴-shu⁴</i>		白蠟樹	ash saplings.
<i>pai²-lai²-i¹-t'ang¹</i>		白來一湯	came once for nothing.
<i>pai²-lan³</i>		白攪	a sort of olive.
<i>pai²-lien²-chiao⁴</i>		白蓮教	the White Lily Sect (treasonable).
<i>pai²-lien³</i>		白臉	male dramatic characters (traitors, etc.).
<i>pai²-lien³-érh²-lang²</i>		白臉兒狠	fig. wicked man.
<i>pai²-lien³-mien⁴</i>		白臉面	fair-faced, a clear complexion.
<i>pai²-ling³</i>		白綾	a kind of silk.
<i>pai²-ling²</i>		白翎	the sand fly; a kind of thrush (<i>hua¹ mei²</i>).
<i>pai²-lu⁴</i>		白露	white dew, one of the terms. See Note 21.

<i>pai²-ma³-i³</i>	白螞蟻	a white ant ; a good for nothing.
<i>pai³-mao²</i>	白毛	mould.
<i>pai³-mi³</i>	白米	white rice, new rice.
<i>pai²-mien⁴</i>	白麪	white flour.
<i>pai³-na²-shou³</i>	白拿手	pickpocket, sneak-thief (ch ³ i ³ shou ³).
<i>pai³-pai³-ts'ai⁴</i>	白白菜	the dandelion (po ¹ po ¹ ting ¹).
<i>pai²-pao³</i>	白寶	unalloyed silver, currency.
<i>pai³-p'ao³-i²-t'ang⁴</i>	白跑一邊	to have your trip for nothing.
<i>pai²-p'eng¹-pai³-p'ien⁴</i>	白崩白騙	deceit practised in vain.
<i>pai³-pu³</i>	白醅	mother on vinegar, etc.
<i>pai³-pu⁴</i>	白布	white shirtings.
<i>pai²-sé⁴</i>	白色	a white colour.
<i>pai²-sé⁴-pu⁴</i>	白色布	white shirtings.
<i>pai³-shêng¹-shêng¹-tí¹</i>	白生生的	quite white, fair.
<i>pai²-shih⁴</i>	白事	a funeral.
<i>pai³ shu³</i>	白薯	a sort of yam.
<i>pai³-shui³</i>	白水	plain water vs. tea.
<i>pai³-shuo¹</i>	白說	talking in vain.
<i>pai²-sung⁴</i>	白送	given for nothing.
<i>pai²-ta³-suan⁴</i>	白打算	calculated in vain.
<i>pai²-tai⁴</i>	白癩	the whites.
<i>pai³-tai⁴</i>	白帶	same.
<i>pai³-tan¹</i>	白丹	white lead.
<i>pai³-t'an²</i>	白檀	white sandalwood.
<i>pai²-t'ang³</i>	白糖	white sugar (hung ³ t'ang ²).
<i>pai³-t'i²-pu⁴</i>	白提布	white brocades.
<i>pai³-t'ieh³</i>	白鐵	tin.
<i>pai³-tien³-pu⁴</i>	白點布	white-spotted shirtings.
<i>pai³-t'ien¹</i>	白天	day-time, broad daylight.
<i>pai²-ting¹</i>	白丁	a common man ; a useless person ; without a [degree.
<i>pai³-ting¹-hsiang¹</i>	白丁香	avadavat's dung (a medicine).
<i>pai³-t'ing¹-t'ing¹</i>	白聽聽	hear free of charge.
<i>pai²-t'u²</i>	白徒	a private individual.
<i>pai³-ts'ai⁴</i>	白菜	cabbage.
<i>pai²-t'ung³</i>	白銅	pewter.
<i>pai²-tzü⁴</i>	白字	an erroneous character, though of same sound.
<i>pai³-wén³</i>	白文	the text of any book.
<i>pai²-wu¹</i>	白屋	a poor man's house.
<i>pai³-wu¹</i>	白烏	the white crow.
<i>pai²-yen²-sé⁴</i>	白顏色	white colour.
<i>pai² yen³-k'an⁴-t'a¹</i>	白眼看他	to regard with scorn ; to despise.
<i>pai²-yin³</i>	白銀	silver.
<i>pai³-yü³</i>	白魚	a kind of moth that destroys clothes, etc., a fish.

pai²-yü⁴ 白玉
 pai²-yü⁴-t'ang² 白玉堂
 pai² 入 伯^{917c707b}
 pai²-shu²-hsiung¹-ti⁴ 伯叔兄弟

white jade.
 the fleur-de-lis ; great hall in a mandarin's house.
 father's elder brother.
 i. e., the whole family.

PAI³ 白 百^{849a707b}
 pai³-chan⁴-pai³-shêng⁴ 百戰百勝
 pai³-chia¹-hsing⁴ 百家姓
 pai³-ch'iao³-pai³-néng² 百巧百能
 pai³-érh³-pa¹-shih² 百兒八十
 pai³-fa¹-pai³-chung⁴ 百發百中
 pai³-fu¹-chang³ 百夫長
 pai³-ho³ 百合
 pai³-jih⁴-hung² 百日紅
 pai³-liao³ 百寮
 pai³-kuan¹ 百官
 pai³-nien²-chih¹-hou⁴ 百年之後
 pai³-nien²-pu⁴-yü⁴ 百年不遇
 pai³-pan¹ 百般
 pai³-sui⁴ 百歲
 pai³-shih²-ko⁴ 百十個
 pai³-shih²-pu⁴-chiu⁴ 百事不就
 pai³-shih²-t'ung³ 百事通
 pai³-shou⁴ 百獸
 pai³-shu⁴-ch'ien² 百數錢
 pai³-tsu² 百足
 pai³-tsung³ 百總
 pai³-wan⁴ 百萬
 pai³-wan⁴-chih¹-fu⁴ 百萬之富
 pai³-yeh-ch'uang 百頁窗
 pai³ 木 柏^{918a708a}
 pai³ 柏
 pai³-hsiang¹-mu⁴ 柏香木
 pai³-mu⁴ 柏木
 pai³-shu⁴ 柏樹
 pai³-sung¹ 柏松
 pai³-yu² 柏油
 pai³ 手 才 擺^{849c648a}
 pai³-chên⁴ 擺陣
 pai³-ch'i² 擺齊
 pai³-chia⁴-tzu³ 擺架子
 pai³-chih⁴ 擺治
 pai³-chiu³-hsi¹ 擺酒席

a hundred ; many ; all. See *po*¹.
 invariably victorious.
 the Book of Surnames.
 all kinds of ability.
 80 or 100.
 invariably successful.
 a centurion.
 the tuberose.
 a flower blooming for a hundred days.
 all the officers of government.
 same (wên² wu² pai³ kuan¹).
 after death (ssü³ hou⁴).
 an exceedingly rare occurrence.
 many kinds, various.
 the hundredth day of a child's life.
 upwards of 100.
 unsuccessful in everything.
 expert at everything.
 wild animals, beasts (tsou³ shou⁴).
 about a hundred cash.
 the centipede.
 a lieutenant (ch'ien¹ tsung³).
 "a hundred myriads," countless numbers.
 exceedingly wealthy.
 venetian blinds.
 the cypress ; large, great ; to urge.
 same.
 the cedar.
 the cypress.
 the cypress tree.
 cypress and fir.
 vegetable tallow.
 to shake ; to spread ; to separate, to distribute
 to arrange the ranks, e. g., for battle.
 arranged evenly, properly, etc.
 to make a display.
 to operate on, to torture,
 to give a feast (shé⁴ chiu³ hsi¹),

<i>pai³-cho³-tí³</i>	擺檯的	a waiter, or table boy.
<i>pai³-fan⁴</i>	擺飯	to spread a table; lay the table! (for meals).
<i>pai³-hsia⁴</i>	擺下	arranged, spread out.
<i>pai³-i³-shang¹</i>	擺衣裳	to rinse or wash clothes (hsi ³ pa ¹).
<i>pai³-k'ai¹</i>	擺開	to set out, to arrange (p'ai ³ k'ai ¹).
<i>pai³-liao³-i³-cho³</i>	擺了一棹	to lay a table for meals.
<i>pai³-lich⁴</i>	擺列	to array, to arrange in order or ranks.
<i>pai³-nung⁴</i>	擺弄	to busy one's self about, to meddle or play with.
<i>pai³-pu⁴</i>	擺佈	to spread out, to arrange, to torture.
<i>pai³-pu⁴-k'ai¹</i>	擺不開	unable to arrange for want of space.
<i>pai³-p'u³-érh³</i>	擺鋪兒	to arrange, e. g., a table cloth.
<i>pai³-shang⁴</i>	擺上	to spread, to arrange.
<i>pai³-shé⁴</i>	擺設	to set out, to arrange, to place; an ornament.
<i>pai³-shou³</i>	擺手	to wave the hands (in token of dissent, etc.).
<i>pai³-ta⁴-chia⁴-tzu³</i>	擺大架子	to put the arms akimbo.
<i>pai³-t'ai³</i>	擺臺	set the table.
<i>pai³-t'an¹</i>	擺攤	to spread out wares for sale.
<i>pai³-ti³-shih⁴</i>	擺的是	arranged quite properly.
<i>pai³-tu⁴</i>	擺渡	to ferry over; a ferry (i ⁴ tu ⁴).
<i>pai³-yang⁴-tzu³</i>	擺樣子	to arrange in a certain way.
<i>pai³-yen⁴</i>	擺宴	to spread a banquet (pai ³ chiu ³ hsi ³).

PAI⁴

支退

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<i>pai⁴-chang⁴</i>	敗仗	to break, to spoil, to ruin; defeat.
<i>pai⁴-chén⁴</i>	敗陣	defeat, to lose a battle.
<i>pai⁴-chia¹</i>	敗家	same.
<i>pai⁴-chia¹-tzi³</i>	敗家子	to ruin one's family (p'o ⁴ chia ¹).
<i>pai⁴-chiang⁴</i>	敗將	spendthrift son (lang ⁴ tzu ³).
<i>pai⁴-che³-tsei³</i>	敗者賊	a defeated general.
<i>pai⁴-chün¹-chih¹-chiang⁴</i>	敗軍之將	defeated soldiers turn robbers.
<i>pai⁴-fēng¹-su²</i>	敗風俗	the general of a defeated army.
<i>pai⁴-hsing⁴</i>	敗興	to corrupt public manners; corrupt manners.
<i>pai⁴-hu⁴</i>	敗戶	to mar one's pleasure, prospects, etc. (kao ⁴ hsing ⁴).
<i>pai⁴-hua⁴-shang¹-fēng¹</i>	敗化傷風	to ruin one's family; a ruined family.
<i>pai⁴-huai⁴</i>	敗壞	injurious to morals.
<i>pai⁴-huai⁴-mên²-fēng¹</i>	敗壞門風	corrupt; to destroy.
<i>pai⁴-jou⁴</i>	敗肉	ruined in character and respectability.
<i>pai⁴-liao³</i>	敗了	stale meat.
<i>pai⁴-liao³-pên³-rh³</i>	敗了本兒	beat, defeated, ruined, spoiled.
<i>pai⁴-liu³-ts'an³-hua¹</i>	敗柳殘花	to lose in trade, loss in trade (p'ei ³ liao ³ pên ³).
<i>pai⁴-lo⁴</i>	敗落	fig. beauty faded, e. g., woman.
<i>pai⁴-lou⁴</i>	敗露	ruined, spoiled.
<i>pai⁴-mieh⁴</i>	敗滅	discovered, ruined.
		to ruin; ruined, gone, destroyed.

<i>pai⁴-pei³</i>	敗北	to be defeated.
<i>pai⁴-shih⁴</i>	敗事	to ruin an affair; an affair ruined.
<i>pai⁴-sun³</i>	敗損	to ruin, to destroy.
<i>pai⁴-tsou³</i>	敗走	to be routed.
<i>pai⁴-tzü³</i>	敗子	a spendthrift (<i>lang⁴ tzü³</i>).
<i>pai⁴-tzü³-hui³-t'ou²</i>	敗子回頭	return of the prodigal.
<i>pai⁴-wang³</i>	敗亡	destroyed, dead.
<i>pai⁴</i>	拜 手 拜	to bow, to salute; to worship; to visit.
<i>pai⁴-chieh³</i>	拜節	to visit and congratulate on festivals, etc.
<i>pai⁴-chien⁴</i>	拜見	to pay a visit, to go to see a person.
<i>pai⁴-chu⁴</i>	拜祝	to pray, to offer up prayers.
<i>pai⁴-fên²</i>	拜墳	to worship at the graves (<i>shang⁴ fên²</i>).
<i>pai⁴-fo³</i>	拜佛	to worship Buddha.
<i>pai⁴-fu³</i>	拜服	to submit, to own allegiance to.
<i>pai⁴-ho⁴</i>	拜賀	to congratulate (<i>ch'ing¹ ho⁴, tao⁴ hsi⁴</i>).
<i>pai⁴-hou⁴</i>	拜候	to call upon, to visit.
<i>pai⁴-hsia³</i>	拜匣	a case to hold visiting-cards.
<i>pai⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	拜相	a minister of state (<i>tsai³ hsiang⁴</i>).
<i>pai⁴-hsieh⁴</i>	拜謝	to return a compliment.
<i>pai⁴-hui⁴</i>	拜會	to assemble on ceremony; ceremonial visits.
<i>pai⁴-i¹</i>	拜揖	to bow (<i>tso⁴ i¹</i>).
<i>pai⁴-k'o⁴</i>	拜客	to visit a person; to wait on a visitor (<i>pai⁴ wang⁴</i>).
<i>pai⁴-ling³</i>	拜領	to accept with courtesy.
<i>pai⁴-mêng³</i>	拜盟	to swear brotherhood.
<i>pai⁴-miao⁴</i>	*拜廟	official worship at temples
<i>pai⁴-mien³</i>	拜年	new year's congratulations.
<i>pai⁴-pa³-t'ü³</i>	拜把子	to take an oath, to vow; sworn brothers (<i>hsiang¹ ti⁴</i>).
<i>pai⁴-pai⁴</i>	拜拜	to salute (as women).
<i>pai⁴-pei³-tou³-hsing¹</i>	拜北斗星	to worship the Dipper.
<i>pai⁴-pieh³</i>	拜別	to take leave (<i>kao⁴ tz'ü²</i>).
<i>pai⁴-sao³</i>	拜掃	to worship at the graves of relatives.
<i>pai⁴-shang⁴</i>	拜上	to salute superiors.
<i>pai⁴-shên³</i>	拜神	to worship the gods.
<i>pai⁴-shih¹</i>	拜師	to pay respects to tutor, on becoming his pupil.
<i>pai⁴-shou³</i>	拜手	to bow down to one's hands.
<i>pai⁴-shou⁴</i>	拜壽	to visit a person on his birthday.
<i>pai⁴-t'ang³</i>	拜堂	ceremonial worship of bride and bridegroom.
<i>pai⁴-t'ieh³</i>	拜帖	a visiting card (<i>ming³ p'ien³, p'ien⁴ tzü³</i>).
<i>pai⁴-tien⁴</i>	拜墊	a cushion or hassock.
<i>pai⁴-t'ien¹-ti⁴</i>	拜天地	worship of heaven and earth at marriage.
<i>pai⁴-t'o²</i>	拜托	kindness of so and so, to request (<i>fêng⁴ t'o¹</i>).
<i>pai⁴-tsu³-tsung¹</i>	拜祖宗	to worship ancestors.
<i>pai⁴-tz'ü²</i>	拜辭	to take leave.

<i>pai⁴-wan⁴-shou⁴</i>	拜萬壽	to perform homage on the emperor's birthday.
<i>pai⁴-wang⁴</i>	拜望	to pay respects to.
<i>pai⁴-yeh⁴</i>	拜謁	to visit, to pay one's respects to.
<i>pai⁴-yu³</i>	拜友	to visit a friend.
<i>pai⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	拜月	to worship the moon.
<i>pai⁴</i>	禾 稗 ^{850a648c}	tares; small, minute.
<i>pai⁴-kuan¹</i>	稗官	a minor office; romances.
<i>pai⁴-shuo¹</i>	稗說	a novel; careless chat, to talk carelessly.
<i>pai⁴-ts'ao³</i>	稗草	green tares; darnel.
<i>pai⁴</i>	心 憊 ^{851a648c}	wearied, exhausted, extreme lassitude.
<i>pai⁴-lai⁴</i>	憊賴	slatternly, filthy; vixenish.
<i>pai⁴-lei³</i>	憊累	wearied, exhausted, extreme lassitude.
P'AI¹	手 拍 ^{924b711b}	to clap, to pat, to strike, to touch; to inveigle
<i>p'ai¹-an⁴</i>	拍案	to strike the table.
<i>p'ai¹-an⁴-ching¹-ch'i³</i>	拍案驚奇	to strike the table in astonishment.
<i>p'ai¹-chang¹</i>	拍張	shuttlecock.
<i>p'ai¹-chang³</i>	拍掌	to clap the hands (to bind a bargain, etc.).
<i>p'ai¹-cho¹-tzü³</i>	拍棹子	to strike the table.
<i>p'ai¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	拍去	to inveigle away.
<i>p'ai¹-hua¹-tzü³</i>	拍花子	kidnappers (kuai ³ tai ⁴).
<i>p'ai¹-mai⁴</i>	拍賣	to sell by auction.
<i>p'ai¹-mên³</i>	拍門	to knock at a door (ch'iao ¹ mên ³).
<i>p'ai¹-pa¹-chang³</i>	拍巴掌	to hit a slap.
<i>p'ai¹-p'a²-mu⁴</i>	拍爬木	a flail.
<i>p'ai¹-pan³</i>	拍板	castanets.
<i>p'ai¹-pu⁴-hsiang³</i>	拍不響	emits no sound if struck.
<i>p'ai¹-shou³</i>	拍手	to clap the hands.
<i>p'ai¹-ta³</i>	拍打	to tap, to pat.
<i>p'ai¹-ta³-p'ai¹-ta³</i>	拍打拍打	to tap, to rap.
<i>p'ai¹-tung¹-rh³</i>	拍東兒	to clap the hands (he who stands treat).
<i>p'ai¹-wang³-tzü³</i>	拍網子	a bird-trap, a snare, a gin.
P'AI³	片 牌 ^{851b649b}	a warrant, a permit, a card; an arch; a shield.
<i>p'ai³-fung¹</i>	牌坊	a tablet; a memorial arch; a monument.
<i>p'ai³-ku³</i>	牌骨	the ribs; mutton—or pork-chops.
<i>p'ai³-lou²</i>	牌樓	a memorial arch (p'ai ³ fang ¹).
<i>p'ai³-pang³</i>	牌榜	a tablet, a notice board.
<i>p'ai³-p'iao⁴</i>	牌票	a written order, a warrant.
<i>p'ai³-pien³</i>	牌匾	a tablet, a signboard.
<i>p'ai³-pien³-yin³-tzü³</i>	牌匾銀子	Imperial allowance to M. A's.
<i>p'ai³-shih⁴</i>	牌示	a notification (kao ⁴ shih ⁴).
<i>p'ai³-t'ou³</i>	牌頂	the head man.

[(k'o¹).

p'ai ³ -tun ⁴	牌盾	a shield (tun ⁴ p'ai ³).
p'ai ³ -tzü ³	牌子	a ticket, a label.
p'ai ³ -wei ⁴	牌位	tablet of a deceased person. See Note 2 (ling ² [wei ⁴]).
p'ai ³	手排	to arrange in order, to settle; to push.
p'ai ³ -ch'a ⁴	排插	wainscoting of stove-bed.
p'ai ³ -ch'ang ²	排場	to do properly or in order; elegant.
p'ai ³ -chên ⁴	排陣	to draw up in line of battle.
p'ai ³ -ch'i ²	排齊	all arranged in order.
p'ai ³ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	排起來	to arrange, to settle.
p'ai ³ -chieh ²	排解	to arrange, to settle; to explain.
p'ai ³ -ch'uan ²	排船	to build a boat.
p'ai ³ -fan ⁴	排飯	to spread a meal; set the table!
p'ai ³ -hang ²	排行	in what order do you stand? (age).
p'ai ³ -hang ² -ti ⁴ -wu ³	排行第五	I am the fifth (age).
p'ai ³ -hsi ⁴	排戲	to arrange theatricals.
p'ai ³ -hsiang ³ -an ⁴	排香案	to arrange the incense table. See Note 57.
p'ai ³ -k'ai ¹	排開	to spread, to arrange (pai ³ k'ai ¹).
p'ai ³ -lieh ⁴	排列	to arrange, to put in order, to spread-out.
p'ai ³ -nan ² -chieh ³ -fên ¹	排難解紛	to settle difficulties between people.
p'ai ³ -pan ¹ -shih ⁴ -li ⁴	排班侍立	to arrange attendants on each side.
p'ai ³ -ping ¹	排兵	to draw up troops in order or ranks.
p'ai ³ -tui ⁴	排隊	same.
p'ai ³ -tzü ⁴	排字	to set up type.
p'ai ³ -yen ² -chên ⁴ -shih ⁴	排演陣勢	to exhibit the form of battle.
P'AI ⁴	水 派	to send, appoint; to distribute; to branch off.
p'ai ⁴ -ch'ai ¹	派差	to send, to appoint (ch'ien ³ p'ai ⁴).
p'ai ⁴ -cho ²	派著	same.
p'ai ⁴ -ch'u ¹	派出	sent out.
p'ai ⁴ -fên ¹	派分	to diverge, to branch off, distribute.
p'ai ⁴ -kuan ¹	派官	to appoint an official.
p'ai ⁴ -kung ¹ -k'o ⁴	派功課	to assign lessons.
p'ai ⁴ -pao ³	派保	a second or sub-security for a candidate.
p'ai ⁴ -pieh ²	派別	to diverge, to branch off, to distribute.
p'ai ⁴ -ping ¹	派兵	to detach troops.
p'ai ⁴ -po ¹	派撥	to allot to every one their several duties.
p'ai ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	派不是	to set forth another's faults.
p'ai ⁴ -t'an ¹	派攤	to contribute <i>pro rata</i> .
p'ai ⁴ -ting ⁴	派定	to settle.
p'ai ⁴ -t'ou ²	派頭	the scale on which a thing is done.

<i>pan¹-huan³</i>	般還	to go to and fro (p'an ³).
<i>pan¹-ta⁴-pan¹-hsiao³</i>	般大般小	some large, some small.
<i>pan¹-ts'ü⁴</i>	般賜	to confer.
<i>pan¹-yang⁴</i>	般樣	sort, kind.
<i>pan¹</i>	手才搬	to shift, to remove, to put away.
<i>pan¹-chia¹</i>	搬家	[dence. to remove furniture, etc., to change one's resi-
<i>pan⁴-ch'ien¹</i>	搬遷	to shift, to remove.
<i>pan¹-chih³</i>	搬指	a thumb-ring (chieh ⁴ chih ³),
<i>pan¹-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	搬出去	carried out.
<i>pan¹-ch'ü³</i>	搬取	to shift, remove.
<i>pan¹-hsia⁴-lai³</i>	搬下來	remove down.
<i>pan¹-huo⁴-hsia⁴-ch'uan³</i>	搬貨下船	to put goods on board ship.
<i>pan¹-i¹-pa¹-i³</i>	搬一把椅	bring a chair.
<i>pan¹-i³</i>	搬移	to shift, to remove.
<i>pan¹-kung¹-ta¹-chien⁴</i>	搬弓搭箭	archery.
<i>pan¹-lai²-pan¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	搬來搬去	to carry to and fro.
<i>pan¹-no³</i>	搬挪	to shift, to remove.
<i>pan¹-nung⁴</i>	搬弄	to carry tales; constantly shift things.
<i>pan²-jo¹</i>	搬撥	to put everything in its proper place.
<i>pan²-pu⁴-tao³</i>	搬不倒	a self-righting doll.
<i>pan¹-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>	搬不動	cannot be budged.
<i>pan¹-sung⁴</i>	搬送	to accompany, to escort.
<i>pan¹-tao⁴-pieh³-ch'ü⁴</i>	搬到別處	remove to another place.
<i>pan¹-tou⁴</i>	搬鬪	to squabble, to strive; to egg on; to excite.
<i>pan¹-tsui³</i>	搬嘴	to wrangle, to quarrel; altercation (pan ⁴ tsui ³).
<i>pan¹-tung¹-hsi¹</i>	搬東西	to carry things (to another place).
<i>pan¹-yün⁴</i>	搬運	to transport, to convey, to remove.
<i>pan¹-yün⁴-liang³-hsiang³</i>	搬運糧餉	to convey military stores.
<i>pan¹</i>	玉班	a troop; a rank, a row; class, a set; a turn.
<i>pan¹-fang²-tsü³</i>	班房子	a messenger's room.
<i>pan¹-jên³</i>	班人	a company of men.
<i>pan¹-kuan³-mên³</i>	班館門	inspector of prisoners.
<i>pan¹-mao¹</i>	班貓	cantharides.
<i>pan¹-pieh³</i>	班別	to distinguish (fên ¹ pieh ³).
<i>pan¹-shih⁴</i>	班師	to retreat with troops.
<i>pan¹-tsü³</i>	班子	a company of actors or runners.
<i>pan¹-ts'ü⁴</i>	班次	a regular gradation, in steps.
<i>pan¹-wei⁴</i>	班位	a rank, a row, a regular gradation.
<i>pan¹</i>	文斑	streaks, stripes; spotted; variegated.
<i>pan¹-chiu¹</i>	斑鳩	a species of partridge; a pigeon.
<i>pan¹-chu²-lien³</i>	斑竹簾	a screen of spotted bamboo.
<i>pan¹-i¹</i>	斑衣	variegated clothes; theatrical costumes.
<i>pan¹-pan¹-tien³-tien³</i>	斑斑點點	speckled and spotted.

pan¹-sê⁴ 斑色
 pan¹-tien² 斑點
 pan¹-wên² 斑文
 pan¹ 頁 頒 854c651a
 pan¹-chao⁴-ko⁴-shêng³ 頒詔各省
 pan¹-hsing² 頒行
 pan¹-fu¹ 頒發
 pan¹-pai² 頒白
 pan¹-ping² 頒兵
 pan¹-shih² 頒師
 pan¹-sung⁴ 頒送
 pan¹-tz'ü⁴ 頒賜
 pan¹ 疔 癩 854a650b
 pan¹-hên² 癩痕
 pan¹-tien² 癩點
 pan¹ 鳥 分 859a130a
 pan¹-chiu² 分鳩

variegated colours,
 striped and spotted,
 streaks. [confer.]
 to send away, to disperse; to disseminate; to
 Imperial Proclamation to all the provinces,
 to publish, e. g., an edict.
 to bestow, to confer, to present
 a white head—one old man,
 to march back an army.
 same.
 to bestow, to confer, to present.
 to distribute to all, to bestow.
 a scar, marks, marks of the small-pox,
 same (pa¹ la¹).
 a scar or mark,
 wild pigeon.
 same,

PAN² 木 板 852c651a
 pan²-ch'ang² 板廠
 pan²-ch'iang² 板牆
 pan²-ch'iao²-shuang¹ 板橋霜
 pan²-chih⁴ 板滯
 pan²-kuei⁴ 板櫃
 pan²-pi⁴ 板壁
 pan²-piao² 板表
 pan²-p'ien⁴ 板片
 pan²-shang⁴-ting⁴-ting¹ 板上釘釘
 pan²-têng⁴ 板凳
 pan²-tzü³ 板子
 pan²-tzü³-hao³ 板子好
 pan²-ya² 板牙
 pan²-yen³ 板眼
 pan² 片 版 853a651b
 pan²-chi² 版籍
 pan²-p'ai² 版牌
 pan²-p'an⁴ 版判
 pan²-t'u² 版圖

a plank, a board; a register.
 a wood yard.
 a wooden fence or wall.
 fig. evanescent.
 a slow uninventive mind; stagnant.
 a press, cabinet or wardrobe,
 a wooden fence or wall.
 slabs.
 small boards.
 immovable (fig.).
 a stool, form or bench (wu⁴ t'êng⁴ tzü³).
 a flat bamboo cudgel used for beating offenders.
 the type is clear.
 grinders (ts'ao² ya²)
 the "bones" which mark time in plays,
 same as 板.
 a register of population (min² chi²).
 same.
 to unite, to join; a notice, a placard,
 a map, a plan (ti⁴ t'u²).

PAN⁴ 十 半 854c651c/
 pan⁴-chiao¹-yin⁴ 半角印
 pan⁴-chieh² 半截
 pan⁴-chün¹ 半斤

half. [two.]
 a cheque, half the impress of a stamp taken by
 a half, a large piece (of something broken).
 half a catty,

<i>pan⁴-chín¹-pa²-liang³</i>	半斤八兩	six of one and half a dozen of the other.
<i>pan⁴-ch'un¹</i>	半春	slightly indecent pictures,
<i>pan⁴-chung¹-yao¹</i>	半中腰	the waist.
<i>pan⁴-han¹-tzū³</i>	半憨子	a half idiot.
<i>pan⁴-han³-pan⁴-t'u⁴</i>	半含半吐	half-concealed, half-confessed.
<i>pan⁴-hsien¹-chih¹-t'i³</i>	半仙之體	an etherealized body.
<i>pan⁴-hsin¹-pu⁴-chiu⁴</i>	半新不舊	the worse for wear.
<i>pan⁴-hsin⁴-pan⁴-i²</i>	半信半疑	half-believing, half-doubting.
<i>pan⁴-hsüan³-k'ung¹</i>	半懸空	in mid-air.
<i>pan⁴-jên³-pan⁴-kuoi³</i>	半人半鬼	half human, half ghost.
<i>pan⁴-jih⁴</i>	半日	half a day.
<i>pan⁴-ko⁴</i>	半箇	half.
<i>pan⁴-k'o¹</i>	半刻	a little while, a brief space.
<i>pan⁴-kung¹-pan⁴-ssü¹</i>	半公半私	half public, half private.
<i>pan⁴-k'ung¹</i>	半空	in mid-air.
<i>pan⁴-lu⁴</i>	半路	half-way.
<i>pan⁴-lu⁴-fu¹-ch'i¹</i>	半路夫妻	married in middle life.
<i>pan⁴-lun²-ming²-yüeh⁴</i>	半輪明月	half moon.
<i>pan⁴-ming²-pan⁴-an⁴</i>	半明半暗	half clear and half dark.
<i>pan⁴-mien²</i>	半年	half a year, six months.
<i>pan⁴-pai³</i>	半百	half a hundred; fifty years of ago.
<i>pan⁴-pao³</i>	半飽	half satisfied (with food).
<i>pan⁴-pei⁴-tzü¹</i>	半輩子	a middle-aged person.
<i>pan⁴-pi⁴-tien⁴</i>	半壁店	a very small inn.
<i>pan⁴-piao¹-tzü³</i>	半彪子	a fool, a crack-brain.
<i>pan⁴-pien¹</i>	半邊	on one side.
<i>pan⁴-p'ing³-tzü³-ts'u⁴</i>	半瓶子醋	a half and half scholar.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-tao⁴-rh³</i>	半不道兒	not half the way.
<i>pan⁴-shang⁴</i>	半晌	half-a-day, a long time.
<i>pan⁴-shih³</i>	半時	a little while.
<i>pan⁴-shui⁴-ts'un³-p'iao⁴</i>	半稅存票	a 'half drawback.'
<i>pan⁴-shên⁴-pu⁴-sui³</i>	半身不隨	one side paralysed, hemiplegia (chung ⁴ fêng ¹ pu ⁴ [yü ³]).
<i>pan⁴-shêng¹</i>	半生	middle-aged.
<i>pan⁴-shêng¹-pu³-shu³</i>	半生不熟	half-ripe, half-cooked.
<i>pan⁴-ssü³-pu⁴-huo³</i>	半死不活	dead and alive, lifeless (tai ¹ ssü ³ pu ⁴ huo ³).
<i>pan⁴-tao⁴-êrh³</i>	半道兒	half the way.
<i>pan⁴-liao⁴-tzü³</i>	半吊子	a half-witted fellow, simpleton.
<i>pan⁴-lien³</i>	半點	"half-a-drop," the least, the merest trifle;
<i>pan⁴-t'ien¹</i>	半天	"half-a-day," a long time.
<i>pan⁴-tsai³</i>	半載	half a year.
<i>pan⁴-t'u²-êrh²-fei⁴</i>	半塗而廢	to break down half-way.
<i>pan⁴-tzü³</i>	半子	a son-in-law.
<i>pan⁴-yeh⁴</i>	半夜	"half the night," midnight.

<i>pan⁴-yin¹-pan⁴-yang³</i>	半陰半陽	half black, half white.
<i>pan⁴-yin¹-pan⁴-ch'ing³</i>	半陰半晴	half clear and half cloudy.
<i>pan⁴-yü³-tzü³</i>	半語子	a stutterer.
<i>pan⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	半月	half a month.
<i>pan⁴</i> 辛办	辦 ^{856a652b}	to administer, to manage, to transact, to do.
<i>pan⁴-an⁴</i>	辦案	to deal with cases, lawsuits, etc.
<i>pan⁴-ch'ai¹-ti¹-jên²</i>	辦差的人	those transacting official business.
<i>pan⁴-chéng⁴-ching⁴-shih⁴</i>	辦正經事	to do respectable things.
<i>pan⁴-ch'êng²</i>	辦成	way of managing; the conditions.
<i>pan⁴-chih⁴</i>	辦置	to get ready; to provide, to procure.
<i>pan⁴-hung²-shih⁴</i>	辦紅事	to manage a marriage.
<i>pan⁴-huo⁴</i>	辦貨	to buy or import goods.
<i>pan⁴-kung¹-shih⁴</i>	辦公事	to transact official business
<i>pan⁴-li³</i>	辦理	to manage, to administer (<i>liao⁴ li³</i>).
<i>pan⁴-li³-pu⁴-shan⁴</i>	辦理不善	to mismanage.
<i>pan⁴-liao³</i>	辦了	managed, transacted
<i>pan⁴-mei³-pan⁴</i>	辦沒辦	have you transacted it?
<i>pan⁴-pai²-shih⁴</i>	辦白事	to manage a funeral,
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-ch'êng²</i>	辦不成	unsuccessful.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-ch'i³</i>	辦不起	cannot afford to do.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-lai²</i>	辦不來	unable to be done, impracticable.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-pan⁴</i>	辦不辦	will you manage it? etc.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-tao⁴</i>	辦不到	unable to manage, impracticable.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-t'o³</i>	辦不妥	mismanaged.
<i>pan⁴-sang¹-shih⁴</i>	辦喪事	to manage a funeral.
<i>pan⁴-shan⁴-hui⁴</i>	辦善會	to run a charitable society.
<i>pan⁴-shan⁴-shih⁴</i>	辦善事	to do good works.
<i>pan⁴-shên²-mo¹-shih⁴</i>	辦甚麼事	what affair are you engaged in?
<i>pan⁴-shih⁴</i>	辦事	to manage affairs,
<i>pan⁴-shih⁴-ch'ing²</i>	辦事情	same.
<i>pan⁴-shih⁴-pu⁴-kung¹</i>	辦事不公	to manage unfairly.
<i>pan⁴-tê²-lai²</i>	辦得來	able to do, practicable.
<i>pan⁴-ti¹-hên²-kung¹</i>	辦的很公	he managed very justly.
<i>pan⁴-t'o³</i>	辦妥	to manage satisfactorily.
<i>pan⁴-tsui⁴</i>	辦罪	to punish.
<i>pan⁴-t'uan²-lien⁴</i>	辦團練	to have militia drills.
<i>pan⁴-wan²-liao³</i>	辦完了	finished, transacted.
<i>pan⁴-yen²-hsi³</i>	辦筵席	to manage a feast.
<i>pan⁴</i> 手扮	扮 ^{854b652c}	to dress up, to dress one's person.
<i>pan⁴-hsi⁴</i>	扮戲	to dress in character.
<i>pan⁴-ku²-shih⁴</i>	扮故事	old style dress on the stage.
<i>pan⁴-min²-ssü¹-fang⁴</i>	扮民私訪	to investigate <i>incognito</i> .
<i>pan⁴-tso⁴</i>	扮作	to make up for, to personate.

pan⁴-yen³ 扮演
 pan⁴ 系 絆 855c652a
 pan⁴-chiao³ 絆脚
 pan⁴-chu⁴ 絆住
 pan⁴-chu⁴-t'³ni³-liao³ 絆住腿了
 pan⁴-ma³-so³ 絆馬索
 pan⁴-tao³-liao³ 絆倒了
 pan⁴ 辛 辯 905b68Sc
 pan⁴-lun⁴ 辯論
 pan⁴-sung⁴ 辯訟
 pan⁴-tsui³ 辯嘴
 pan⁴ 人 伴 855a652a
 pan⁴-chia⁴ 伴駕
 pan⁴-hsin¹ 伴宿
 pan⁴-lang³ 伴郎
 pan⁴-li³ 伴侶
 pan⁴-p'o² 伴婆
 pan⁴ 手才 拌 855b654b
 pan⁴-liang²-ts'ai⁴-êrl² 拌凉菜兒
 pan⁴-shang⁴-ts'ao³-liao³ 拌上草料
 pan⁴-hui³ 拌水
 pan⁴-tu³-t-zê³ 拌肚子
 pan⁴-yün² 拌勻
 pan⁴ 瓜 瓣 856a652c

to "make up" in theatricals, to dress in a loop, a sort of lasso; to trip up. [character. to strike the foot against. to trip up; to prevent, to hinder. his legs were entangled. a lasso. to trip and fall. to dispute, to debate, to quarrel. See pien⁴. to discuss, to debate, to controvert. to dispute, to debate. to wrangle, to quarrel. a partner, an associate, a companion; to follow. attendants of the emperor. to watch by a corpse night before burial. groomsman at weddings. an associate. female coroner (kuan¹ mei³ p'o³). to separate; to throw away. a cold salad. to mix straw and grain. to mix water with fodder. pork tripe salad to mix evenly. the section of a melon, orange, etc., petals.

P'AN¹ 手扳 攀 855u653a
 p'an¹-ch'ê² 攀扯
 p'an¹-chi⁴ 攀躋
 p'an¹-kuei⁴ 攀桂
 p'an¹-kung¹ 攀弓
 p'an¹-p'u⁴-ch'i¹ 攀不起
 p'an¹-p'u⁴-tao⁴ 攀不到
 p'an¹-yün³ 攀援
 p'an¹ 水 汧 潘 857b653c

to drag, to draw, to pull, to lead; to climb. to implicate, to drag into matter. to climb up. to attain an M.A. degree; to marry a wife. to draw a bow (la¹ kung¹). can't afford to be friends with. unable to climb or reach up to; cannot-mul in. to climb up to anything; to attach to. dregs; spots on the face.

P'AN² (tzü) 皿 盤 856c653c
 p'an²-ch'a² 盤查
 p'an²-ch'a²-chien¹-kuei³ 盤查奸宄
 p'an²-ch'a²-hsing²-jên² 盤查行人
 p'an²-ch'an² 盤纏
 p'an²-ch'iang¹ 盤鎗
 p'an²-ch'ien² 盤錢
 p'an²-ch'ü¹ 盤曲

a vessel, tub, dish, plate, etc., to coil up. to examine, to search. to question bad characters. to question travellers. travelling expenses. to twist the barrel of a gun (to make it). travelling expenses. coiled up as a snake.

p'an²-fei⁴ 盤費
 p'an²-hsiang¹ 盤香
 p'an²-huan²-chi¹-jil⁴ 盤桓幾日
 p'an²-jao⁴ 盤繞
 p'au²-kang⁴-t-ü³ 盤橫子
 p'an²-k'ang⁴ 盤炕
 p'an²-kn³-shik⁴ 盤古氏
 p'an²-lu⁴ 盤路
 p'an²-lung¹ 盤弄
 p'an²-pien⁴-t-ü³ 盤辮子
 p'an²-shang⁴ 盤上
 p'an²-tao³ 盤倒
 p'an²-tao⁴ 盤道
 p'an²-tao⁴-rh² 盤道兒
 p'an²-t-ü³ 盤子
 p'an²-t-ü³-rh'êng⁴ 盤子秤
 p'an²-t-ü³-wan³ 盤子碗
 p'an²-wên⁴ 盤問
 p'an²-yii² 盤盂
 p'an² 足躐 盤 S57a653c
 p'an²-cho² 盤着
 p'an²-hsi²-ta³-tso⁴ 盤膝打坐
 p'an²-t'ni³ 盤腿
 p'an²-t'ui²-tso⁴-cho² 盤腿坐着
 p'an² 虫 蟠 S57c653b
 p'an²-t'ao³ 蟠桃
 p'an²-t'ao³-hui⁴ 蟠桃會
 p'an² 石 磐 S57a654a
 p'an²-shih² 磐石
 p'an² 木 槃 S56b654a

travelling expenses.
 coiled incense stick.
 to stroll about a few days.
 to wind or circle round.
 to coil round the bar (gymnastics).
 to build a stove-bed.
 Chinese Adam. Note 75.
 a road up a mountain.
 to use up, to harass.
 to coil the queue around the head (wan⁴ pien⁴ [tzi³]).
 to wind up, to coil round.
 to overthrow in argument.
 to discuss doctrine.
 a winding road.
 a tub, vessel, plate, dish, etc.
 a balance with pans,
 dishes and bowls.
 to interrogate
 a basin, cup or bowl.
 to sit cross-legged, to squat.
 squatting, sitting cross-legged.
 to sit cross-legged.
 same.
 sitting cross-legged.
 to coil around spirally.
 whorled peach.
 a feast in Paradise.
 a huge rock, firm.
 a huge rock, solid rock,
 a tray (t'o¹ p'an²).

P'AN⁴ 刀 判 S58b654b
 p'an⁴-rh² 判兒
 p'an⁴-fang³ 判做
 p'an⁴-ho² 判合
 p'an⁴-kuan¹ 判官
 p'an⁴-pieh²-chi²-hsiung¹ 判別吉凶
 p'an⁴-shu¹ 判書
 p'an⁴-tuan⁴ 判斷
 p'an⁴-tuan⁴-an⁴-chien⁴ 判斷案件
 p'an⁴-yen¹ 判言
 p'an⁴-yü³ 判語
 P'an⁴ 又 叛 S55c652a

to decide, to judge; to divide (shên³ p'an⁴),
 the recording angels (Buddhist).
 to mark copy writing—as good or bad,
 conjunction, union.
 the recording angels (Buddhist).
 to decide between good and evil omens,
 book containing record of criminal cases, etc.
 to determine, to decide.
 to decide a case in law.
 the sentence after decision, judgment.
 same.
 to separate from, to revolt, to desert, to emigrate.

p'an⁴-fei³ 叛匪
 p'an⁴-luan⁴ 叛亂
 p'an⁴-ni⁴ 叛逆
 p'an⁴-tsei³ 叛賊
 p'an⁴ 日 盼 S58c654o
 p'an⁴-hsiang³ 盼望
 p'an⁴-ni³-lai² 盼你來
 p'an⁴-t'on² 盼頭
 p'an⁴-wang⁴ 盼望
 p'an⁴-yii³ 盼雨
 p'an⁴ 水 泮 S58b654b
 p'an⁴-ch'ih³ 泮池
 p'an⁴ (t-ü) 衣 襟 S58a654o

rebels (fan³ luan⁴).
 rebellion and anarchy.
 insurrection, rebellion; rebels,
 rebels,
 to hope, to expect, to look towards or for,
 to long for, to hope.
 longing for your coming (k'o³ lsiang³).
 something to hope for.
 to hope, to expect (chih³ wang⁴).
 to long for rain.
 the chief college of a State (ju⁴ p'an⁴).
 semi-circular pool in Confucian temple.
 a loop, a catch; a sash; chin-strap.

PANG¹ 巾 幫 { 幫 S59b657a
 pang¹ 幫
 pang¹-ch'iang¹ 幫腔
 pang¹-ch'ien² 幫錢
 pang¹-ch'u⁴ 幫助
 pang¹-ch'u⁴-t'i³ 幫助的
 pang¹-êrh²-t'on² 幫兒頭
 pang¹-hu²-ch'ih¹-shih² 幫虎吃食
 pang¹-kuan¹ 幫官
 pang¹-i²-chü⁴-hua¹ 幫一句話
 pang¹-jên²-ta³-chia¹ 幫人打架
 pang¹-kung¹ 幫工
 pang¹-mang² 幫忙
 pang¹-pan⁴ 幫辦
 pang¹-pu³ 幫補
 pang¹-pu⁴-ch'ü¹ 幫不起
 pang¹-pu⁴-liaw²-ch'ien² 幫不了錢
 pang¹-shou² 幫手
 pang¹-t'ao⁴ 幫套
 pang¹-ts'ou⁴-p'an²-ch'au² 幫湊盤纏
 pang¹-tsui³ 幫嘴
 pang¹-yen² 幫言
 pang¹ 邑 邦 S59a656a
 pang¹-chi¹ 邦畿
 pang¹-chia¹ 邦家
 pang¹-chün¹ 邦君
 pang¹-jên² 邦人
 pang¹-kuo² 邦國
 pang¹-wu²-tao 邦無道

to help, to assist.
 same.
 chorons; choristers.
 to assist with money.
 to help, to assist (ch'an¹ fu²).
 an assistant, an abetter.
 name of a kind of beetle.
 fig. helping a tiger to a meal.
 a helper to the official.
 to put in a word in favor of.
 to help another to fight
 to assist in work (not wanting payment)
 to help with any extra work, as at busy times.
 to assist in managing; an assistant.
 to aid, to help.
 cannot afford to help.
 cannot assist with money.
 an assistant.
 leading-mule or mules of a team.
 help in getting together travelling expenses.
 to take part with one in an altercation.
 to assist by speaking.
 a country, state or nation (kuo²).
 the Imperial capital.
 the reigning family; the state.
 a king (chün¹ wang²).
 the people of a country.
 a state, a nation, nations generally.
 a state in which injustice is rampant.

pang¹-yu⁴-tao⁴
pang¹ (tzu) 木 邦有道
pang¹-cho¹ 梆
pang¹-pang¹ 梆
pang¹-tzu³-ch'iang¹ 梆子腔
pang¹-tzu³-mien⁴ 梆子麵

a state which has right prevailing,
 a watchman's rattle or clapper.
 a small narrow table.
 the sound of a rattle or clapper,
 castanet, of slow airs (theatres).
 flour of Indian corn,

PANG³ 糸 綁 ^{S59c657c}
pang³ ch' i³-lai² 綁起來
pang³-chieh²-shih² 綁結實
pang³-chu⁴ 綁住
pang³-shang⁴ 綁上
pang³-ti²-chin³ 綁的緊
pang³-t'ui³ 綁腿
pang³-t'ui³-tai⁴ 綁腿帶
pang³ 木 榜 ^{S60a657b}

to tie, to bind (k'un³).
 to tie up, to bind.
 to securely bind (chiao³ chin³ hsieh³).
 tied tightly.
 to tie up, to bind.
 tied tightly.
 to bind the legs.
 a garter for the legs.
 a list of successful candidates,
 to flog, to bastinado.
 to flog; to plunder (with violence).
 on the published list as a successful candidate.
 a notice, a proclamation, etc.
 an example, a pattern.
 second of the literati at the *Han-lin* examination,
 to bind shoes, shoe-binding.

pang³-ch'ih¹ 榜
pang³-liao⁴ 榜掠
pang³-shang⁴ 榜上
pang³-wen² 榜文
pang³-yang⁴ 榜樣
pang³-yen³ 榜眼

same.
 same.
 to hoard a vessel; two vessels side by side.
 same.
 a boatman accustomed to the water.
 the shoulders; the hips, the thighs (chien¹ pang³).
 "shoulders and arms," help, assistance,
 broad shoulders and great strength,
 the shoulders.
 hip, thigh or shoulder bones,

pang³ 系 綳 ^{S60b657c}
pang³-hsieh² 綳鞋
pang³-li³ 綳履
pang³ 舟 榜 ^{S60b657c}
pang³-ch'uan² 榜船
pang³-jên² 榜人
pang³ 骨 髑 ^{S60b657b}
pang³-j. ei¹ 髑臂
pang³-ta⁴-li¹-kuan¹ 髑大力寬
pang³-tzu³ 髑子
pang³-tzu³-ku³ 髑子骨

PANG⁴ 言 謗 ^{S60b657c}
pang⁴-hui³ 謗毀
pang⁴-shu¹ 謗書
pang⁴-tiao¹ 謗刁
pang⁴-tu⁴-shêng⁴-tao⁴ 謗讒聖道
pang⁴-yen² 謗言
pang⁴ (tzu) 木 棒 ^{S59c657c}
pang⁴-ch'ui² 棒槌
pang⁴-ta³ 棒打

to backbite, to villify, to slander.
 to calumniate (hui³ pang⁴).
 a scurrilous pamphlet.
 to backbite.
 to revile the Holy Religion,
 slander.
 a drumstick, a staff, stick, or cudgel,
 a beater used in washing clothes,
 to beat with a cudgel,

- pang*⁴ 虫 { 蚌 S59a657o the oyster. See *pêng*³.
*pang*⁴ 蚌 same (ko² li⁴).
*pang*⁴-ko³ 蚌蛤 same.
*pang*⁴-k'o¹ 蚌殼 oyster shells.
*pang*⁴ 人 傍 S61a658b near. Also *p'ang*³.
*pang*⁴-wan³ 傍晚 near evening.
- P'ANG¹** 肉 胖 S61c658c stout, fleshy, fat; large; ugly. See *p'ang*⁴.
*p'ang*¹-chang⁴ 胖脹 a swelled stomach; swollen; putrid.
*p'ang*¹-chung³ 胖腫 swollen (as a finger, etc.).
*p'ang*¹-fœ² 胖肥 fat, lusty.
*p'ang*¹-hsiao³-êrh² 胖小兒 a fat little son.
*p'ang*¹-tun¹-tun¹-ti¹ 胖敦敦的 excessively fat.
*p'ang*¹ 石 磅 S61a658a imitation of English pound.
- P'ANG³** 方 旁 S60c658b the sides; by the sides; near to.
*p'ang*³-ch'a¹-hua¹ 旁插花 flower on side of head.
*p'ang*³-ch'iu² 旁求 to seek everywhere.
*p'ang*³-ch'u¹ 旁出 diverging from the side (as a bye-road).
*p'ang*³-ch'u¹ 旁處 another or neighbouring place.
*p'ang*³-jên² 旁人 a bystander; to accompany.
*p'ang*³-jo⁴-wû²-jên² 旁若無人 proud, conceited.
*p'ang*³-kuan¹ 旁觀 to look on.
*p'ang*³-kuan¹-che³ 旁觀者 a looker on.
*p'ang*³-mên² tso²-tao⁴ 旁門左道 heretical sects.
*p'ang*³-ming² 旁明 near down.
*p'ang*³-pien¹ 旁邊 the side; by the side of.
*p'ang*³-pien¹-ti¹ 旁邊的 by the side of.
*p'ang*³-pien¹-ti¹-jên² 旁邊的人 bystander.
*p'ang*³-pu⁴-hsiang¹-kan¹ 旁不相干 no one else's business.
*p'ang*³-tao⁴-êrh² 旁道兒 a diverging road.
*p'ang*³ tso⁴ 旁坐 to sit by the side of.
*p'ang*³ wan³ 旁晚 near evening (read *pang*⁴).
*p'ang*³-wû³ 旁午 near noon (read *pang*⁴).
*p'ang*³ 人 傍 S61a658b the sides; to approach to; to lean against; left.
*p'ang*³-cho² 傍着 to draw near to; to recline against.
*p'ang*³-chou¹-li⁴ 傍州例 the same style, fashion, etc.
*p'ang*³-jên² 傍人 bystanders; to depend on a person.
*p'ang*³ 肉 膀 S61b658c the loins, the groin.
*p'ang*³-kuang¹ 膀胱 the bladder.
*p'ang*³ 虫 螃 S61b659b a crab, crabs.
*p'ang*³-hsieh⁴ 螃蟹 same.
*p'ang*³ 金 鏟 S61b658a to scrape off; to rake.

<i>p'ang².ti⁴</i>	鏟地	to hoe over the ground (ch'u ² ti ⁴).
<i>p'ang²</i>	口 榜 S61a ○	to boast; to backbite.
P'ANG⁴	肉 胖 S61c659c	stout, fleshy, fat; large. See <i>p'ang⁴</i> .
<i>p'ang⁴-hai²</i>	胖孩	a plump child (fei ²).
<i>p'ang⁴-jên²</i>	胖人	a stout person.
<i>p'ang⁴-shou⁴</i>	胖瘦	fat and lean, stout and thin.
<i>p'ang⁴-t'î²-hên³</i>	胖得狠	very stout.
<i>p'ang⁴-t'ü³</i>	胖子	a stout person.
PAO¹	勺 包 S62b663a	a bundle; to wrap up, to enclose.
<i>pao¹-ch'ê¹</i>	包車	to guarantee carts.
<i>pao¹-ch'î³-lai²</i>	包起來	to wrap up (mêng ² kuo ³).
<i>pao¹-chiao³</i>	包脚	to bind the feet, as Chinese girls (ch'an ² chiao ³).
<i>pao¹-chin¹-tî¹</i>	包金的	gilt with gold (tu ⁴ chin ¹).
<i>pao¹-ch'uan¹</i>	包船	to guarantee boats.
<i>pao¹-chuang¹</i>	包莊	a storehouse, a shed; to guarantee, to warrant.
<i>pao¹-chung³</i>	包種	Powehong (tea).
<i>pao¹-rh²</i>	包兒	a bundle, a parcel.
<i>pao¹-fui⁴</i>	包飯	to contract for food.
<i>pao¹-fêng¹</i>	包封	a sealed enclosure.
<i>pao¹-fui²</i>	包袱	a bundle, a wrapper.
<i>pao¹-han²</i>	包含	to contain in the mouth; to say nothing, reticent.
<i>pao¹-han³</i>	包涵	to bear with patiently (pao ¹ jung ³).
<i>pao¹-hsiu³-fang²-wu¹</i>	包修房屋	to contract for repairing a house.
<i>pao¹-jung²</i>	包容	to bear with patiently.
<i>pao¹-kuan³</i>	包管	to warrant, to guarantee, to be answerable for.
<i>pao¹-kuan³-lai²-hui²</i>	包管來回	{ privilege of returning goods if unsuitable (kuan ³ { pao ¹ hui ² huan ⁴).
<i>pao¹-kuan³-wu²-shih⁴</i>	包管無事	to guarantee there will be no trouble.
<i>pao¹-kung¹</i>	包工	piece work, to work by the job.
<i>pao¹-kuo³</i>	包裹	to wrap up or round; a parcel.
<i>pao¹-lan³</i>	包攬	to monopolize; a broker.
<i>pao¹-lan³-hsien²-shih⁴</i>	包攬閒事	to meddle with what does not concern.
<i>pao¹-lan³-t'zu²-sung⁴</i>	包攬詞訟	to undertake responsibility of another's lawsuit.
<i>pao¹-ling³</i>	包領	to be security for any one.
<i>pao¹-man²-cho²</i>	包瞞着	conceited.
<i>pao¹-pan⁴</i>	包辦	to undertake, to transact.
<i>pao¹-pan⁴-chiu³-hsi²</i>	包辦酒席	to contract for feasts.
<i>pao¹-p'ei²</i>	包賠	to compensate; compensation; to guarantee.
<i>pao¹-pi⁴</i>	包庇	to protect, to shelter.
<i>pao¹-sung¹-hsin⁴-wên²</i>	包送信文	to undertake to forward letters.
<i>pao¹-ta²-t'ing¹</i>	包打聽	detectives, spies (tso ⁴ hsin ⁴).

pao¹-ti²-kuang³ 包的廣
 pao¹-t'ou² 包頭
 pao¹-t'ou²-ti² 包頭的
 pao¹-ts'ang² 包藏
 pao¹-ts'uo² 包漕
 pao¹-tzu² 包子
 pao¹-yüan² 包元
 pao¹-yung¹ 包用
 pao¹ 胞
 pao¹-chieh² 胞姐
 pao¹-hsin¹ 胞兄
 pao¹-hsin¹-ti⁴ 胞兄弟
 pao¹ i¹ 胞衣
 pao¹-mei¹ 胞妹
 pao¹-ti¹ 胞弟
 pao¹ 衣襖
 pao¹-chiang² 襖獎
 pao¹-jên¹ 襖封
 pao¹-pien² 襖貶
 pao¹ 刀 剝
 pao¹-ch'ü⁴ 剝去
 pao¹-ch'ü⁴-p'i²-mao² 剝去皮毛
 pao¹-li⁴-tzu² 剝栗子
 pao¹-p'i² 剝皮
 pao¹-yang² 剝羊

因

刀

艸

雨

人

胞 S63a663b
 襖 S65a663b
 剝 919a70Sb
 薄 921a705a
 薄厚
 薄一點兒
 薄人
 薄禮人
 薄落人
 薄待人
 薄淡
 雹 S63b70Sc
 雹水
 雹神廟

includes a great deal.
 a wrapper for the head ; to wrap the head.
 men who personate women.
 to be stored up or contained ; to conceal.
 to guarantee the grain-tribute.
 a dumpling, a pudding. [lot.
 to include all the lot ; to be responsible for the
 to guarantee a thing to be suitable.
 the womb (t'ai² i¹).
 an elder sister by the same parents.
 an elder brother by the same parents.
 brothers by the same parents (t'ung² pao¹).
 the womb.
 a younger sister by the same parents.
 a younger brother by the same parents.
 to praise, to commend ; large garments.
 to praise, to extol.
 to promote after death.
 praise and blame, to criticize ; fault-finding.
 to flay. See po¹.
 same.
 to flay skin and hair.
 to shell a chestnut.
 to peel, to skin.
 to flay a sheep.

Pao² 艸 薄
 pao²-hon⁴ 薄厚
 pao²-i¹-tien²-rh² 薄一點兒
 pao²-jên² 薄人
 pao²-li² 薄禮
 pao²-lo⁴-jên² 薄落人
 pao²-tu⁴-jên² 薄待人
 pao²-tan⁴ 薄淡
 pao² (tzu²) 雨 雹
 pao²-piung¹ 雹水
 pao²-shên²-miao⁴ 雹神廟

thin, light, poor, bad ; few ; single. See po².
 thin and thick.
 a little thinner.
 prostitutes.
 poor presents
 prostitutes (ch'ang¹ chi⁴)
 to treat people slightly.
 thin, weak.
 hail (lêng³ tzu³).
 hail-stones.
 temple of the God of Hail.

Pao³ 人 保
 pao³-chang¹ 保長
 pao³-chêng¹ 保正
 pao³-ch'êng¹ 保呈
 pao³-chia¹ 保家

to nourish, to protect ; to guarantee.
 a kind of constable or overseer, a head-man
 head borough (ti⁴ pao³)
 a security, a guarantee.
 a surety, one who is answerable, a bail.

pao³-chia³ 保甲
 pao³-chia³-chü³ 保甲局
 pao³-chia⁴ 保駕
 pao³-chieh³ 保結
 pao³-cho² 保着
 pao³-ch'u¹-lai² 保出來
 pao³-chü³ 保舉
 pao³-ch'üan² 保全 [ming⁴
 pao³-ch'üan²-shêng¹- 保全生命
 pao³-chuang⁴ 保狀
 pao³-chung⁴ 保重
 pao³-chung⁴-shên¹-t'ü³ 保重身體
 pao³-hao³ 保好
 pao³-hu⁴ 保護
 pao³-huo³ 保活
 pao³-jên³ 保人
 pao³-kuan³ 保管
 pao³-lin³ 保廩
 pao³-ling³ 保領
 pao³-pên³ 保本
 pao³-pi⁴ 保庇
 pao³-piao¹-ti¹ 保標的
 pao³-pu⁴-chü⁴ 保不住
 pao³-pu⁴-ting⁴ 保不定
 pao³-shên¹ 保身
 pao³-shou³ 保守
 pao³-tan¹ 保單
 pao³-t'iao¹-t'ü³ 保條子
 pao³-ting⁴ 保定
 pao³-tson⁴ 保奏
 pao³-ts'un² 保存
 pao³-yang³ 保養
 pao³-yu¹ 保佑
 pao³ 食 飽 S63b664c
 pao³-fan⁴ 飽飯
 pao³-han⁴-t'ü³ 飽漢子
 pao³-hsüeh² 飽學
 pao³-ku³-ku³-ti¹ 飽鼓鼓的
 pao³-man³ 飽滿
 pao³-man³-fêng¹-ying² 飽滿豐盈
 pao³-nuan³ 飽暖
 pao³-shih² 飽食
 pao³-shih²-chung¹-jih¹ 飽食終日

tithing system.
 the office of tithing system.
 an imperial guardian; to escort the emperor.
 a contract, a bond.
 to be security for.
 answerable or responsible for.
 to recommend; to be security for (chien⁴ chü³).
 to preserve entire.
 to preserve life.
 to give security.
 to take care of yourself (to a friend).
 to take care of one's person.
 keep safe. [(shou³ hu⁴).
 to protect, to succour, to preserve, to guard
 to guarantee life.
 a security, a bail.
 to guarantee. [tions.
 the graduate security for students at examina-
 to secure, to guarantee.
 letters of guarantee, etc.
 to protect.
 escort, convoy, guards (fang⁴ ch'ia¹ tzü³).
 cannot guarantee.
 cannot certainly assure.
 to take care of one's person, to nurse one's self.
 to defend.
 a written guarantee, a warranty.
 same.
 properly guaranteed, etc.
 to recommend to the Throne—for reward.
 to preserve.
 to protect, to preserve.
 to protect.
 to eat to fullness, satiated, indolent.
 a full hearty meal, satiated (ho¹ tsu² liao³).
 a man satisfied with food.
 "full of learning," well read, learned.
 bulging, distended, bellied.
 to eat to the full (ch'ih¹ pao³).
 satisfied fully with food.
 full and warm, fed and clothed.
 a full hearty meal, satiated.
 satiated the whole day.

pao⁴-yüan⁴ 抱怨
 pao⁴ 土報 報 866b665o
 pao⁴-ch'ang² 報償
 pao⁴-chih¹ 報知
 pao⁴-ch'ou² 報讎
 pao⁴-ch'ou²-hsüeh³-hên⁴ 報仇雪恨
 pao⁴-ên¹ 報恩
 pao⁴-hsi³ 報喜
 pao⁴-hsin⁴ 報信
 pao⁴-hsin⁴-ti¹ 報信的
 pao⁴-huo⁴-tan¹ 報貨單
 pao⁴-ko⁴-hsin⁴ 報個信
 pao⁴-k'o⁴ 報客
 pao⁴-kuan¹ 報官
 pao⁴-miao⁴ 報廟
 pao⁴-ming²-shang⁴-ts'ê⁴ 報名上册
 pao⁴-sang¹ 報喪
 pao⁴-shih⁴-pu⁴-shuang¹ 報事不爽
 pao⁴-shui⁴ 報稅
 pao⁴-ta² 報答
 pao⁴-tan¹ 報單
 pao⁴-tao⁴ 報盜
 pao⁴-tao⁴ 報道
 pao⁴-tao⁴-ti¹ 報道的
 pao⁴-t'iao³ 報條
 pao⁴-t'ieh¹ 報帖
 pao⁴-tzu³ 報子
 pao⁴-ying⁴ 報應
 pao⁴-yüan⁴ 報怨
 pao⁴ 日 曬 暴 865c666a
 pao⁴-chuan⁴ 暴傳
 pao⁴-fa¹-huo³-yen³ 暴發火眼
 pao⁴-fêng¹ 暴風
 pao⁴-k'o⁴ 暴客
 pao⁴-lieh⁴ 暴烈
 pao⁴-mên³ 暴猛
 pao⁴-nio⁴ 暴虐
 pao⁴-nio⁴-chih¹-chun¹ 暴虐之君
 pao⁴-nu⁴ 暴怒
 pao⁴-ping⁴ 暴病
 pao⁴-ta³ 暴打
 pao⁴-tsao⁴-ju²-lei² 暴打如雷
 pao⁴-t'u³ 暴土

to feel resentment (mai² yüan⁴).
 to announce, to report to ; to repay, to requite.
 to revenge, to avenge.
 to acquaint, to inform.
 to revenge, to avenge.
 to avenge oneself.
 to be grateful, to make a return for favours
 to congratulate (ch'ing⁴ ho⁴, tao⁴ hsi³).
 to announce, to tell news.
 a letter carrier.
 an "application," a permit.
 to bring news.
 to announce a visitor.
 to inform the magistrate,
 burn paper at temple on a death.
 to register your name.
 to announce a death.
 unerring report.
 to pay duties on moving goods.
 to recompense, to make a return ; to retort.
 a paper announcing something, a report.
 to report a theft.
 to announce, to inform.
 an informant.
 a notice, as of honor-conferred.
 same.
 a placard ; a scout.
 to recompense, to make a return.
 to take revenge.
 fierce, passionate, cruel ; a storm, a tempest.
 instantaneous, suddenly, etc.
 fierce prominent eyes.
 a violent wind (k'uang² fêng¹).
 robbers, desperadoes.
 terrific—as a storm.
 brutal, ferocious.
 to tyrannize over.
 a tyrant.
 fierce anger.
 sudden illness.
 to beat violently (o⁴ tá²).
 fierce as thunder.
 dust flying in air, e. g., travelling.

- pao⁴-yü³ 暴雨 a violent shower, heavy rain.
 pao⁴ 火爆 S66b666c the sound of fireworks, to fizz; fireworks.
 pao⁴-chu³ 爆竹 fireworks, crackers (pien¹ pao⁴, huo³ pien¹).
 pao⁴-chang¹ 爆燄 a fire-cracker.
 pao⁴-lieh⁴ 爆裂 cracked, chapped.
 pao⁴-mei³ 爆煤 crackling coal.
 pao⁴ 魚鮑 S63b665a stinking fish; a surname; awabi.
 pao⁴-yü² 鮑魚 stinking fish; awabi.
 pao⁴-yü²-k'oi¹ 鮑魚壳 clam shells.
 pao⁴ (tzü) 金刨 刨 S62c665b a plane (also 刨).
 pao⁴-ch'uang²-tzu³ 刨床子 the frame of a plane.
 pao⁴ 水瀑 S66a71Sa heavy rain.
 pao⁴-pu⁴ 瀑布 waterfall.
 pao⁴-pu¹-ch'üan² 瀑布泉 waterfall spring.
 pao⁴ 日曝 S66c666c fierce heat.
 pao⁴-jê⁴ 曝熱 excessively hot.
 pao⁴-jih⁴-ju²-huo³ 曝日如火 the sun as hot as fire.
 pao⁴ 豹 S62a665b the leopard, panther, etc.
 pao⁴-lu³ 豹虎 leopards and tigers (lang² ch'ung² hu² pao⁴).
 pao⁴ 孵 孵 S64a665b hatching.
 pao⁴-wo¹ 窩 (hen) sitting.
- P'AO¹** 手才 抛 S6Sb666a to throw; to let go; to put down; to spread-out.
 p'ao¹-ch'ü⁴ 拋棄 to cast away, to reject (jêng¹, p'ieh¹).
 p'ao¹-chia²-sh'ih¹-yeh¹ 拋家失業 to leave home and abandon property.
 p'ao¹-ch'ü⁴ 拋去 to throw away, to abandon.
 p'ao¹-chuan¹-yin²-yü¹ 拋磚引玉 to cast a brick and get jade (fig.).
 p'ao¹-fei⁴ 拋費 to squander, extravagance (ch'ih³ shê¹).
 p'ao¹-mao² 拋錨 to cast anchor.
 p'ao¹-p'ieh¹ 拋撇 to reject, to throw away or aside.
 p'ao¹-sa¹ 拋撒 to separate, to distribute.
 p'ao¹-san¹ 拋散 to squander, extravagance.
 p'ao¹-shê³ 拋捨 to reject, to abandon. [t'ou² lou⁴ mien⁴].
 p'ao¹-t'ou²-lou⁴-mien⁴ 拋頭露面 to expose one's self to view (said of women) (ch'u¹
 p'ao¹-ch'ü⁴-hung²-ch'ên² 拋棄紅塵 to reject the world.
 p'ao¹ 肉脬 S68c666b bladder (shui² p'ao¹).
 p'ao¹ 肉胞 S63a663b placenta. See pao¹.
- P'AO²** 刀 刨 S62c665b to dig, to hoe; to plane, to pare off.
 p'ao²-ch'ü¹ 刨出 to dig up.
 p'ao²-ch'ü¹-lai² 刨出來 same.
 p'ao²-ch'ü¹-ling²-érh² 刨去零兒 to throw off the fractional amount.
 p'ao²-hua¹-tzü³ 刨花子 wood shavings.

p'ao²-kên¹-êrh³ 刨根兒
 p'ao²-kên¹-wên⁴-ti³ 刨根問底
 p'ao²-k'êng¹ 刨坑
 p'ao²-p'i² 刨皮
 p'ao²-têng⁴ 刨凳
 p'ao²-ti⁴ 刨地
 p'ao²-tzū³ 刨子
 p'ao²-wa¹ 刨挖
 p'ao² 口 咆 867a666c
 p'ao²-hsiao¹ [t'ang² 咆 哮
 p'ao²-hsiao¹-kung¹ 咆 哮 公 堂
 p'ao²-hsiao¹-shih¹-tzū³ 咆 哮 獅 子
 p'ao² (tzū) 衣 袍 868a667a
 p'ao²-kua⁴ 袍 褂
 p'ao²-tai⁴-hsi⁴ 袍 帶 戲
 p'ao²-t'ao⁴ 袍 套
 p'ao² 火 炮 867b667a
 p'ao²-chih⁴ 炮 製
 p'ao²-lao⁴ 炮 烙
 p'ao²-lien⁴-yao⁴-ts'ai³ 炮 煉 藥 材
 p'ao² (tzū) 鹿 麋 868b667b

to dig out the root.
 to ferret out the particulars.
 to dig a hole or pit. [(ch'u² p'i²).
 to deduct weight of bag, etc., to find net weight
 a carpenter's bench,
 to dig the ground (chüeh³ k'ai¹).
 a curry comb.
 to dig up or out.
 to roar, bluster.
 roaring, blustering.
 disorderly behaviour in court.
 a roaring lion.
 a long outer garment,
 outer coat (men's).
 plays in which official robes are worn.
 an overcoat. [Also pao¹.
 to roast, to burn, to bake; a cannon; a rocket.
 to compound medicines, to decoct.
 to roast a person alive (an ancient punishment).
 to bake raw drugs.
 a kind of deer (spotted).

PAO³ 足 跑 868a667b
 p'ao³-chang⁴-ti¹ 跑 賬 的
 p'ao³-chên¹ 跑 鍼
 p'ao³-chiang¹-hu² 跑 江 湖
 p'ao³-ch'iao² 跑 橋
 p'ao³-hai³ 跑 海
 p'ao³-huan⁴-ch'uan²-ti¹ 跑 旱 船 的
 p'ao³-hang²-shih⁴-ti¹ 跑 行 市 的
 p'ao³-hsi⁴-liao³-t'ui³ 跑 細 了 腿
 p'ao³-hsieh⁴-ti¹ 跑 辮 的
 p'ao³-hein⁴ 跑 信
 p'ao³-hui²-lai²-liao³ 跑 回 來 了
 p'ao³-hung²-ch'i² 跑 紅 旗
 p'ao³-i¹-shên¹-han⁴ 跑 一 身 汗
 p'ao³-k'ai³ 跑 開
 p'ao³-kêng³-tzū³ 跑 埂 子
 p'ao³-lu⁴ 跑 路
 p'ao³-ma³ 跑 馬
 p'ao³-ma³-ch'ang² 跑 馬 場
 p'ao³-ma³-shih²-chien⁴ 跑 馬 射 箭
 p'ao³-pao⁴-ti¹ 跑 報 的

to run, to run away, to race; to evacuate,
 debt collectors,
 to run a seam.
 an extensive traveller.
 e. g., priests at funerals.
 carters.
 to disport a ship-shape in procession,
 compradores, etc.
 run till legs are thin.
 circus riders (mai⁴ hsieh⁴ ti¹).
 a messenger, a courier.
 came racing back.
 to announce a victory.
 ran so as to be wet with sweat.
 to run from.
 military practice on horseback in the furrow,
 a messenger, a runner, to travel.
 to gallop, to race; nocturnal emissions,
 a race-course.
 mounted archery.
 a mounted messenger or courier.

- p'ao³-ping¹ 跑冰 to skate; to run on ice (liu³ ping¹),
 p'ao³-pu⁴-ch'ü¹-ch'üan¹ 跑不出圈 cannot escape from the circle.
 p'ao³-pu⁴-k'ai¹ 跑不開 can't run so as to get away.
 p'ao³-pu⁴-liao³-la¹ 跑不了喇 cannot escape.
 v'ao³-pu⁴-tung⁴ 跑不動 unable to run or go.
 p'ao³-t'an¹ 跑灘 to pass quickly over, e. g., quicksand.
 p'ao³-t'ang³-r'h³-ti³ 跑堂兒的 an eating-house waiter.
 p'ao³-tê²-k'uai⁴ 跑得快 to run fast.
 p'ao³-tien¹-tien¹-ti¹ 跑顛顛的 running in breathless haste.
 p'ao³-t'o¹ 跑脫 to run off or away.
 p'ao³-tu⁴ 跑肚 looseness, a bowel complaint (hsieh⁴ li⁴).
 p'ao³-t'ui³ 跑腿 to run.
- P'AO⁴** 水 泡 S67b667c bubbles, blisters, pustules; to soak (chu³, ao³),
 p'ao⁴-ch'a² 泡茶 an infusion of tea; to make tea (ch'i¹ ch'a²).
 p'ao⁴-ch'i⁴ 泡氣 froth.
 p'ao⁴-êrh² 泡兒 a bubble, blister (shui³ p'ao⁴).
 p'ao⁴-mi³-chu³-fan⁴ 泡米煮飯 to soak rice and, boil it.
 p'ao⁴-shih¹ 泡濕 to moisten.
 p'ao⁴-t'ou⁴ 泡透 soaked thoroughly.
 p'ao⁴-tsai¹-p'ên³-li³ 泡在盆裏 soak it in the basin.
 p'ao⁴ 石砲 礮 S68c667b a cannon (ch'iang¹).
 p'ao⁴-ch'ê¹ 礮車 a gun carriage.
 p'ao⁴-chia⁴ 礮架 same.
 p'ao⁴-chü² 礮局 arsenal.
 p'ao⁴-ch'uan² 礮船 a gun-boat.
 p'ao⁴-hua²-tzu³ 礮划子 river gun-boat.
 p'ao⁴-shou³ 礮手 a gunner, an artilleryman.
 p'ao⁴-t'ai² 礮臺 a battery; a fortress.
 p'ao⁴-tui⁴ 礮隊 a company of artillery.
 p'ao⁴-tzu³-r'h² 礮子兒 shot, cannon balls.
 p'ao⁴-wei⁴ 礮位 cannons, guns.
- PEI¹** 十卑 卑 S69a668b low, lowly, inferior, mean, base.
 pei¹-chien⁴-ti¹ 卑賤的 abject cringing, servile, mean.
 pei¹-chih³ 卑職 "low office," I, used by inferior officials.
 pei¹-ch'u⁴ 卑處 my humble place is — (chien⁴ hsing⁴).
 pei¹-ch'ü¹ 卑屈 mean, servile, cringing; to cringe.
 pei¹-jang⁴ 卑讓 humble, lowly; to humbly decline.
 pei¹-lou⁴ 卑陋 mean, vile, vulgar, low (ch'ou³ lou⁴).
 pei¹-ma²-tzu³ 卑蔴子 castor-oil seed.
 pei¹-ma²-yu² 卑蔴油 castor-oil.
 pei¹-pei¹ 卑卑 very mean.

<i>pei¹-pei¹-ch'ü¹-ch'ü¹</i>		卑卑屈屈	mean, servile, cringing; to cringe.
<i>pei¹-pei⁴</i>		卑輩	inferiors, low class of persons,
<i>pei¹-pi⁴</i>		卑鄙	mean, vile, vulgar, low.
<i>pei¹-wei¹</i>		卑微	low, mean, base.
<i>pei¹-wu¹</i>		卑污	base, filthy, mean.
<i>pei¹-yu⁴</i>		卑幼	a junior.
<i>pei¹</i>	心	悲 ^{871a668a}	mournful, sad; sympathy; to pity, to sympathize.
<i>pei¹-ai¹</i>		悲哀	to compassionate, to deplore (tz'ü ² pei ¹).
<i>pei¹-ch'ü¹</i>		悲淒	mournful, sad, melancholy.
<i>pei¹-ch'ieh⁴</i>		悲切	same.
<i>pei¹-ch'o⁴</i>		悲悼	same.
<i>pei¹-ch'ou³</i>		悲愁	same.
<i>pei¹-hsi³-chiao¹-chi³</i>		悲喜交集	grief and joy in rapid succession.
<i>pei¹-shang¹</i>		悲傷	sad, melancholy (ai ¹ chi ³).
<i>pei¹-t'an⁴</i>		悲嘆	sad, distressed.
<i>pei¹-t'i²</i>		悲啼	to weep silently.
<i>pei¹-tsai¹</i>		悲哉	alas (ai ¹ tsai ¹).
<i>pei¹-ts'an³</i>		悲慘	melancholy, mournful; to mourn.
<i>pei¹-t'ung⁴</i>		悲痛	to weep bitterly (ai ¹ t'ung ²).
<i>pei¹</i>	石	碑 ^{869b668c}	a stone tablet (large and small) (i ¹ t'ung ³ pei ¹).
<i>pei¹-chi⁴</i>		碑記	inscription on a stone tablet.
<i>pei¹-chieh²</i>		碑碣	stone tablets (large and small).
<i>pei¹-lou²</i>		碑樓	a pavilion over a pei ¹ .
<i>pei¹-wên²</i>		碑文	the inscription on a tablet.
<i>pei¹-yin¹-t'i²-ming²</i>		碑陰題名	names written on back of stone.
<i>pei¹</i>	阜	陂 ^{870a704a}	a bank; a dam; a shore.
<i>pei¹-ch'ih²</i>		陂池	an artificial pond.
<i>pei¹ (tzü)</i>	木	盃 ^{871b668a}	a cup (wan ³).
<i>pei¹-ming²-hou¹-hsü¹</i>		杯茗候叙	with cups and tea I await you.
<i>pei¹</i>	人	俾 ^{869a669a}	to enable, to follow, to give; to benefit. See pi ⁴ .
<i>pei¹-tê²</i>		俾得	to enable to obtain or do.

PEI³

<i>pei³-ch'ên²</i>	七	北 ^{870a709a}	north; to oppose, to retreat; perverse.
<i>pei³-chi²</i>		北辰	North Pole Star.
<i>pei³-ching¹</i>		北極	the north pole.
<i>pei³-ching¹-ch'êng²</i>		北京	the northern capital, Peking. K. I. 60.
<i>pei³-fang¹</i>		北京城	the city of Peking.
<i>pei³-fang¹</i>		北方	the north.
<i>pei³-hsing¹</i>		北星	the north star.
<i>pei³-k'ou³</i>		北口	Mongolia (k'ou ³ wai ⁴).
<i>pei³-mien²</i>		北面	northerly; to have an audience with the emperor.
<i>pei³-mien¹-ên²-ch'ao²</i>		北面而朝	to have an audience with the emperor.
<i>pei³-mo⁴</i>		北貊	aborigines on the north.

<i>pei³-pien¹-r^hk²</i>	北邊兒	the north side, in the north.
<i>pei³-ping¹-yang²</i>	北冰洋	North Arctic Ocean.
<i>pei³-ti²</i>	北狄	Northern Ti tribes.
<i>pei³-lou³</i>	北斗	Charles's-wain.
<i>pei³-lou³-hsing¹</i>	北斗星	same.
<i>pei³-yang²-ta⁴-ch'ên²</i>	北洋大臣	Superintendent of Trade for northern ports.
PEI⁴	衣	
<i>pei⁴-chia¹-so²-lei⁴</i>	被 ^{S69c669c} 家所累	to endure, to bear, to cover. M. 128.
<i>pei⁴-ch'ü¹</i>	被屈	embarrassed by home affairs.
<i>pei⁴-ch'ing²-so²-kan³</i>	被情所感	wronged.
<i>pei⁴-fú⁴</i>	被負	moved by the circumstances.
<i>pei⁴-huo³-so²-shao¹</i>	被火所燒	to sustain, to bear, to endure.
<i>pei⁴-i⁴</i>	被議	burnt by fire.
<i>pei⁴-jên² so²-hai¹</i>	被人所害	an official talked about by other officials.
<i>pei⁴-ju⁴</i>	被褥	injured by some one.
<i>pei⁴-kao⁴</i>	被告	coverlet and mattress bedding.
<i>pei⁴-ko¹</i>	被擱	a defendant.
<i>pei⁴-kua⁴</i>	被掛	a low cabinet for bedding on <i>k'ang</i> .
<i>pei⁴-lei⁴</i>	被累	to become involved in another's affair.
<i>pei⁴-li³</i>	被裏	harassed, reduced to poverty (<i>lien² lei⁴</i>).
<i>pei⁴-liao²-shui³-tsai¹</i>	被 ^了 水災	the lining of a coverlet.
<i>pei⁴-lo¹</i>	被擄	suffered from flood.
<i>pei⁴-mien⁴</i>	被面	a captive; to be made captive.
<i>pei⁴-na²</i>	被拿	the outside or face of a coverlet.
<i>pei⁴-nan⁴-ti¹-jên²</i>	被難的人	to be apprehended (<i>cho³ na²</i>).
<i>pei⁴-pia³</i>	被表	a sufferer.
<i>pei⁴-shang¹</i>	被傷	the outside or face of a coverlet.
<i>pei⁴-shih⁴-so²-ch'an³</i>	被事所纏	to receive a wound, to be wounded (<i>chung⁴</i> 中 [shang ¹]).
<i>pei⁴-t'á¹-ti¹-shang¹</i>	被他的傷	entangled by business.
<i>pei⁴-t'á¹-t'ing¹-chien⁴</i>	被他聽見	hurt by him.
<i>pei⁴-t'á¹-tsé⁴-fá²</i>	被他責罰	he overheard it.
<i>pei⁴-tan¹</i>	被單	finned and beaten by him.
<i>pei⁴-t'ai¹</i>	被胎	a sheet, a coverlet.
<i>pei⁴-tao⁴</i>	被盜	a cotton bed-quilt.
<i>pei⁴-t'ao⁴</i>	被套	to be robbed.
<i>pei⁴-tsei³-t'ou²-ch'ü⁴</i>	被賊偷去	bedding-bag (<i>ju⁴ t'ao⁴</i>).
<i>pei⁴-tzü³</i>	被子	a thief stole it away.
<i>pei⁴-wo¹</i>	被窩	coverlet.
<i>pei⁴-wo¹-ju⁴-tzü³</i>	被窩褥子	upper clothing of a bed.
<i>pei⁴</i>	背 ^{S70b669a}	bedding and mattress, bedding.
<i>pei⁴-chi²</i>	背集	{ the back; to turn the back upon; to oppose { (also 1st=carry on back).
		the days on which there is no market (<i>yü⁴ chi²</i>).

pei ⁴ -ma ³		備馬	to saddle and bridle a horse.
pei ⁴ -pan ⁴		備辦	to make ready, to prepare.
pei ⁴ -ping ¹		備兵	to prepare troops.
pei ⁴ -shang ⁴ -lü ²		備上驢	get the ass ready.
pei ⁴	人	倍	a multiple; to double; low, vulgar; to oppose.
pei ⁴ -chia ¹		倍加	twice as much; to add to.
pei ⁴ -chia ¹ -chéng ⁴ -su ⁴		倍加整肅	to put it in extra good order.
pei ⁴ -li ⁴		倍利	double profit.
pei ⁴ -p'an ⁴		倍判	to rebel (fan ³ p'an ⁴).
pei ⁴ -ping ¹		倍兵	to increase or double troops.
pei ⁴ -tao ⁴		倍道	to make double stages in a journey.
pei ⁴	火	焙	to dry with fire; to hatch eggs with fire.
pei ⁴ -hu ² -liao ³		焙糊了	burnt, scorched.
pei ⁴ -kan ¹		焙乾	fire dried (hu ² huo ³)
pei ⁴ -luan ³		焙卵	to hatch eggs with fire.
pei ⁴ -shou ² -liao ³		焙熟了	properly cooked.
pei ⁴	衣	裨	to give to; to assist; to supply; to benefit.
pei ⁴ -chiang ⁴		裨將	an adjutant-general.
pei ⁴ -i ²		裨益	to benefit.
pei ⁴ -pu ³		裨補	to assist.
pei ⁴	心	悻	perverse, disobedient, rebellious; anarchy.
pei ⁴ -ju ⁴ -pei ⁴ -ch'u ¹		悻入悻出	obtained unfairly and lost unfairly.
pei ⁴ -li ³ -érh ² -hsing ²		悻理而行	acting contrary to what is right,
pei ⁴ -niu ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ³		悻謬父母	rebellious against parents.
pei ⁴ -ni ⁴		悻逆	refractory.
pei ⁴ -p'an ⁴		悻叛	to revolt, to rebel.]
pei ⁴	輩	輩	a generation; a sort, a class, a series; a company.
pei ⁴ -chang ³		輩長	superiors, seniors (chang ³ pei ⁴).
pei ⁴ -rh ² -ta ⁴		輩兒大	a grandfather; superiors, seniors. [(pao ³ pei ⁴).
pei ⁴	貝	貝	pearls; valuable, precious; a duke; tortoise shell
pei ⁴ -lé ⁴		貝勒	a duke (3rd rank of princes) (Manchoo).
pei ⁴ -to ⁴ -lo ² -ching ¹		貝多羅經	Buddhist Scriptures.
pei ⁴ -tzū ¹		貝資	wealth, property.
pei ⁴ -tzū ²		貝子	a duke (4th rank of princes) (Manchoo).
pei ⁴ -yeh ⁴		貝葉	Buddhist Scriptures.
pei ⁴ -yü ⁴		貝玉	gems and valuables.
pei ⁴ (pi)	禾	秕	grain not come to perfection, empty grain.
pei ⁴ -k'ang ⁴		秕糠	empty grain and chaff.
pei ⁴ -tzu ³		秕子	grain not come to perfection, empty grain.
pei ⁴	方	旆	banners, streamers, flags.
pei ⁴ -ch'i ²		旆旗	same.
pei ⁴	肉	臂	the fore-arm, the arm in general.
pei ⁴ -chou ³		臂肘	same (ko ¹ pei ⁴).

pei⁴ 犬牙 狽^{872b670b}
 pei⁴ (tzu) 衣 縞 被 積^{871a669c}
 pei⁴ (pi⁴) 女 婢^{869b675c}

P'EI¹ 手 才 披^{892b678a}
 p'ei¹-chia³-tai⁴-so³ 披 枷 帶 鎖
 p'ei¹-chia³ 披 甲
 p'ei¹-chia³-tai⁴-tao¹ 披 甲 帶 刀
 p'ei¹-chih² 披 執
 p'ei¹-fa³ 披 髮
 p'ei¹-hung² 披 紅
 p'ei¹-i¹-shang¹ 披 衣 裳
 p'ei¹-kua⁴ 披 掛
 p'ei¹-lan³ 披 覽
 p'ei¹-ma³ 披 蓆
 p'ei¹-ma⁵-mêng²-hui² 披 蓆 蒙 灰
 p'ei¹-ma⁵-tai⁴-hsiao⁴ 披 蓆 帶 孝
 p'ei¹-mi² 披 靡
 p'ei¹-na⁴ 披 衲
 p'ei¹-san⁴-cho²-t'ou² 披 散 着 頭
 p'ei¹-shu¹ 披 書
 p'ei¹-shu⁴-ching¹ 披 樹 精
 p'ei¹-so¹-i¹ 披 蓆 衣
 p'ei¹-t'ou²-sa⁴-fa³ 披 頭 散 髮
 p'ei¹ 口 呸^{874b671a}
 p'ei¹-pu⁴-hai⁴-sao⁴ 呸 不 害 臊
 p'ei¹-t'u⁴ 呸 唾
 p'ei¹ 肉 胚 胚^{895a671c}
 p'ei¹-hun⁴ 胚 渾
 p'ei¹-t'ai¹ 胚 胎
 p'ei¹ 一 不^{874b671a}
 p'ei¹-yün⁴ 不 運

P'EI² 阜 陪^{874a672b}
 p'ei²-cho²-ni³-ch'ü⁴ 陪 着 你 去
 p'ei²-chi⁴ 陪 祭
 p'ei²-chu⁴ 陪 助
 p'ei²-êrh⁴ 陪 貳
 p'ei²-fang² 陪 房
 p'ei²-hsiao⁴ 陪 笑
 p'ei²-k'o⁴ 陪 客
 p'ei²-pan⁴ 陪 伴
 p'ei²-pin¹ 陪 賓

jerboa ; embarrassment. See iang²-pei⁴.

paste-board (pia³).

maid-servant.

[cover. See p'ei¹.

to carry on one's person ; to open, to spread ; to wearing a collar and lock (criminal).

to put on armour.

put on armour and sword.

in full uniform.

dish-combed hair.

to wear red clothing.

to throw the clothes on carelessly.

in full uniform.

to open and read.

to put on sackcloth.

sackcloth and ashes.

clad in sackcloth mourning.

an army routed.

to put on the priest's robe.

dishevelled hair.

to open a book.

a tree-rooting sprite.

(fig.) marry a prostitute and live on her earnings.

dishevelled hair (p'êng² sung¹).

[poo! a tone of insult, defiance, or contempt ; psha !

Bah ! you are not ashamed !

to spit at (t'u⁴ mo⁴).

an unformed mass, an embryo ; clouds, vapours.

an unformed mass (as floating clouds).

an embryo of one month ; incomplete, unfinished.

great.

great luck.

to bear company ; to second ; to double.

I shall bear you company thither.

the person assisting at an act of worship.

to assist (pang¹ chu⁴).

a deputy, an assistant, a second.

side rooms ; bridesmaid.

to greet with a smile.

to keep a visitor company.

to bear one company, to be comrade to.

to attend upon, to keep a person company.

p'ei²-shang⁴-ti⁴ 陪上帝
 p'ei²-sung⁴ 陪送
 p'ei²-ts'én¹ 陪親
 p'ei²-tso⁴ 陪坐
 p'ei² 貝 陪 873c672b
 p'ei²-ch'ien²-huo⁴ 賠錢貨
 p'ei²-ch'ien²-ti¹-shih⁴ 賠錢的事
 p'ei²-chuan⁴ 賠賺
 p'ei²-hua⁴ 賠話
 p'ei²-huan² 賠還
 p'ei²-ko⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴ 賠個不是
 p'ei²-k'uei¹ 賠虧
 p'ei²-lei² 賠累
 p'ei²-li² 賠禮
 p'ei²-liao¹-pén³-rh² 賠了本兒
 p'ei²-mien⁴-ch'u²-tzu³ 賠麵厨子
 p'ei²-pu³ 賠補
 p'ei²-pu⁴-ch'í² 賠不起
 p'ei²-pu⁴-shih⁴ 賠不是
 p'ei²-sung⁴ 賠送
 p'ei²-tien⁴ 賠墊
 p'ei²-tsêng⁴ 賠贈
 p'ei²-tsui⁴ 賠罪
 p'ei² 土 培 873 b672a
 p'ei²-mén²-sai¹-hu⁴ 培門塞戶
 p'ei²-t'u³ 培土
 p'ei²-yang³ 培養
 p'ei²-yung³ 培壅
 p'ei² 土坯 坯 895a671b

the mate of Shang Ti. [ents.
 to accompany a guest when leaving; bridal pres-
 to double, to second, additional illustration.
 to sit with a person.
 to make up a deficiency or loss; to restore.
 (fig.) daughters—a loss,
 a losing affair
 losing and gaining.
 to apologise with a word.
 to repay.
 to make an apology.
 to lose; to suffer, to fail in.
 involved by pecuniary losses.
 to make an apology.
 to lose in trade, etc. (pai⁴ liao³ pén³).
 a cook who pays for spoilt flour.
 to compensate; compensation, indemnity.
 unable to indemnify, compensate, etc.
 to make an apology (jên⁴ tsui⁴).
 to give as a free gift (the woman's dowry).
 to make up a deficiency.
 to lose and to make or gain.
 to make an apology. [roots.
 to assist, to nourish, to benefit, to put earth to
 to block up the doors.
 to put earth on.
 to nourish, to support
 to put mould to the roots of plants (tsai¹ p'ei²).
 pile up earth. Also p'í¹.

P'EI⁴ 人 佩 875a670o
 p'ei⁴-chien⁴ 佩劍
 p'ei⁴-ching¹ 佩經
 p'ei⁴-fu² 佩服
 p'ei⁴-tai¹ 佩帶
 p'ei⁴-tao¹ 佩刀
 p'ei⁴-yao¹-tao¹ 佩腰刀
 p'ei⁴ 酉 配 875b672o
 p'ei⁴-cho³ 配着
 p'ei⁴-chiin¹ 配軍
 p'ei⁴-ho² 配合 [miao⁴
 p'ei⁴-hsiang³-shêng⁴- 配享聖廟
 p'ei⁴-hun¹-yin¹ 配婚姻

to respect, to esteem, to admire; to gird.
 to gird on a sword, to wear a sword
 a spell or charm (hu⁴ shên² fu²)
 to regard, to respect (piu¹ fu²).
 things attached to girdle.
 to gird on a sword.
 same. [mate
 to mate, to match; a pair; to pair; an equal, a
 to match.
 banishment.
 to join together, to unite, harmonious.
 the worthies in Confucian temple.
 to make a match, to marry.

p'ei ⁴ -ou ³		配偶	to be mated with; well matched; husband and
p'ei ⁴ -i ¹ -ko ⁴ -lai ³		配一個來	fetch me another to match it. [wife.]
p'ei ¹ -pu ¹ -yao ⁴ -slih ²		配把鑰匙	to fit a key to the lock.
p'ei ¹ -pu ¹ -ch'i ³		配不起	cannot afford to keep company with.
p'ei ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shang ³		配不上	it does not match.
p'ei ⁴ -t'u ¹ -êrh ³		配搭兒	an accompaniment.
p'ei ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -ti ⁴		配天地	the equal of Heaven and earth. [animals.]
p'ei ⁴ -tui ⁴		配對	to couple, to pair, to mate, to copulate (as
p'ei ⁴ -yao ⁴		配藥	to make up medicines. (also 霜).
p'ei ⁴	水	沛 ^{875a673b}	abundant showers; increasing; large; sudden
p'ei ⁴ -jan ³		沛然	suddenly, overwhelmingly, precipitate.
p'ei ⁴ -jan ³ -hsia ⁴ -yü ³		沛然下雨	to rain heavily or suddenly.
p'ei ⁴ -tsé ²		沛澤	marshy, swampy; great favour.
p'ei ⁴	玉	珮 ^{875a670c}	a girdle, or sash with stones attached to it.
p'ei ⁴ -huan ³		珮環	an ornament of jade worn on the breast.
p'ei ⁴ -yü ⁴		珮玉	jade ornaments attached to the girdle.
p'ei ⁴	車	轡 ^{875c673a}	reins (ma ³ ch'ê ³ shou ³).
p'ei ⁴ -t'ou ²		轡頭	same.
p'ei ⁴	巾	帔 ^{874a673c}	a kind of vest, a cape.
p'ei ⁴ -chien ¹		帔肩	same.
p'ei ⁴ -ch'ün ¹		帔裙	a petticoat or skirt.
P'EN ¹	大	奔 ^{876a655a}	to run; hurry, precipitation (tung ¹ p'ao ³ hsi ¹
pên ¹ -ch'ü ¹	奔	奔出	to run out or abroad.
pên ¹ -lai ² -pên ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		奔來奔去	to run hither and thither.
pên ¹ -mang ²		奔忙	running in haste, hurried, busy, bustling.
pên ¹ -ming ⁴		奔命	to run for one's life.
pên ¹ -pei ³		奔北	to retreat, to run away [bustle.]
pên ¹ -po ¹		奔波	"running waves," to run about, to hurry, to
pên ¹ -po ¹ -lao ² -lu ⁴		奔波勞碌	the bustle and toil of life.
pên ¹ -san ⁴		奔散	run away and dispersed.
pên ¹ -t'ou ²		奔頭	something worthy of pursuit, aim.
pên ¹ -tsou ³		奔走	to run away, to flee, to abscond.
pên ¹ -tsou ³ -t'ien ¹ -yai ²		奔走天涯	to scour the earth.
pên ¹ (tzü)	金	鐻 ^{876b655a}	an adze.
pên ¹ -chü ⁴		鐻鋸	adze and saw.
pên ¹ -tsao ²		鐻鑿	adze and chisel.
pên ¹ -tsao ² -fu ³ -chü ⁴		鐻鑿斧鋸	carpenter's tools.
pên ¹	具	賁 ^{876b677c}	rage, anger; ardent, impetuous.
pên ¹ -nu ⁴		賁怒	anger, rage.
P'EN ³	木	本 ^{876b655b}	root, origin; a document; this; I, my, our. M.
pên ³ -ch'ao ²		本朝	the present dynasty. [360.]

<i>pĕn³-chia¹</i>	本家	blood relations
<i>pĕn³-ch'ien²</i>	本錢	capital ; prime cost.
<i>pĕn³-fĕn⁴</i>	本分	duty, duties of one's station, etc.
<i>pĕn³-fu³</i>	本府	I (the prefect) (<i>chih¹ fu³</i>).
<i>pĕn³-hsien⁴</i>	本縣	I (the district magistrate) (<i>ch'ih¹ hsien⁴</i>).
<i>pĕn³-hsin¹</i>	本心	original intention.
<i>pĕn³-hsing⁴</i>	本姓	one's original surname before adoption.
<i>pĕn³-hsing⁴</i>	本性	the disposition (<i>p'i² ch'í⁴</i>).
<i>pĕn³-jĕn²</i>	本人	the proper person, I.
<i>pĕn³-kai¹</i>	本該	it ought.
<i>pĕn³-kai¹-ju²-l'zĕ³</i>	本該如此	it is properly so.
<i>pĕn³-ku'¹-chih¹-jung²</i>	本固枝榮	when the root is firm, the branch flourishes.
<i>pĕn³-kuo²</i>	本國	one's native country.
<i>pĕn³-lai²</i>	本來	original, originally (<i>yüan³ lai²</i>).
<i>pĕn³-lai²-mien⁴-mu⁴</i>	本來面目	the original features, the natural expression.
<i>pĕn³-li⁴</i>	本利	capital and interest.
<i>pĕn³-li⁴-tao⁴-shĕng¹</i>	本立道生	when the root is fixed, doctrine is produced.
<i>pĕn³-ming²</i>	本名	one's own name (<i>hsing⁴ ming²</i>).
<i>pĕn³-mo⁴</i>	本末	root and branch ; beginning and end (<i>ch'u¹ mo⁴</i>).
<i>pĕn³-nien²</i>	本年	this year (<i>chin¹ nien²</i>).
<i>pĕn³-pu⁴-t'ang²</i>	本部堂	I, the governor (<i>hsün² fu³</i>).
<i>pĕn³-sĕ⁴</i>	本色	original colour, unbleached.
<i>pĕn³-sĕ⁴-yang²-pu⁴</i>	本色洋布	grey shirtings.
<i>pĕn³-shĕn¹</i>	本身	I, myself.
<i>pĕn³-shih³</i>	本始	the origin, the beginning.
<i>pĕn³-shih⁴</i>	本事	ability (<i>ch'üan³ ping⁴</i>).
<i>pĕn³-shih⁴</i>	本是	are, is, am.
<i>pĕn³-ta⁴-li⁴-k'uan¹</i>	本大利寬	a big principal produces big interest.
<i>pĕn³-tang¹</i>	本當	ought, should.
<i>pĕn³-ti⁴</i>	本地	one's native place.
<i>pĕn³-ti⁴-fang¹</i>	本地方	one's native place (<i>chia¹ hsiang¹</i>).
<i>pĕn³-ti⁴-jĕn²</i>	本地人	a native of a place.
<i>pĕn³-ti⁴-nĕng²</i>	本地能	a local man of ability.
<i>pĕn³-ts'uo³</i>	本草	"roots and grasses," an herbal.
<i>pĕn³-ts'uo³-kang¹-mu⁴</i>	本草綱目	name of a botanical work.
<i>pĕn³-tsu²-l'i¹-jĕn²</i>	本族的人	he belongs to the original clan.
<i>pĕn³-t'u⁴</i>	本務	one's own business.
<i>pĕn³-yang²</i>	本洋	the Spanish silver dollar
<i>pĕn³-yeh⁴</i>	本業	one's own profession.
<i>pĕn³-yin³</i>	本銀	capital ; prime cost.
<i>pĕn³-yüeh⁴</i>	本月	the current month.

pên⁴-hno⁴
 pên³-jén²
 pên⁴-kung¹
 pên⁴-niao³-hsien⁴-hsing²
 pên⁴-shou³-pên⁴-chiao³
 pên⁴-tê²-hên³
 pên⁴-ts'ai¹
 pên⁴
 pên⁴-i¹-pên⁴-shih²

笨貨
 笨人
 笨工
 笨鳥 先行
 笨手笨脚
 笨得狠
 笨才
 笨透 876a655c
 透衣透食

fig. a clumsy booby.
 a clumsy, unwieldy person ; a stupid.
 an unskilled workman.
 the clumsy bird must start early (fig.).
 clumsy in hand and foot.
 very stupid (ch'un³ pên⁴).
 thick-headed, stupid ; bad recollection.
 hasten for or to.
 to scramble for a living.

PĒN¹ 口味歎
 p'ên¹-ch'i⁴
 p'ên¹-ch'u¹-lai³
 p'ên¹-fên⁴
 p'ên¹-hsiang¹
 p'ên¹-hu²
 p'ên¹-pu⁴
 p'ên¹-shui³
 p'ên¹-yün²-liao³
 p'ên¹-yün²-t'u¹-wu⁴

噴 877c656b
 噴氣
 噴出來
 噴糞
 噴香
 噴壺
 噴布
 噴水
 噴勻了
 噴雲吐霧

to puff out, to snort, to spurt ; to hoot.
 to puff and blow ; to fret and rage.
 to puff out.
 to abuse people ; filthy language.
 to smell agreeably, pleasant odour.
 a watering-pot. [etc.]
 to squirt water over clothes previous to ironing,
 to spurt water out of the mouth.
 to spirt evenly over a thing.
 fig. to smoke opium.

PĒN³ (tzü) 皿
 p'ên³-k'ou²-rh²
 p'ên³-tzü³-wan²-êrh²

盆 877b656a
 盆口兒
 盆子 盆兒

a cup, basin, jar, pitcher, tub, etc.
 the mouth/of a vessel.
 basins and bowls.

PĒNG¹ 山
 pêng¹-chéng⁴
 pêng¹-chia⁴
 pêng¹-lieh⁴
 pêng¹-lou⁴
 pêng¹-tai⁴
 pêng¹-t'an¹
 pêng¹
 pêng¹-chin³
 pêng¹-kung¹
 pêng¹-kung¹-tzü³
 pêng¹
 pêng¹-p'ien⁴
 pêng¹-tzü³-shou³
 pêng¹
 pêng¹
 pêng¹
 pêng¹

崩 878b659a
 崩症
 崩駕
 崩裂
 崩漏
 崩帶
 崩埤
 弓 弮 878b659b
 弮緊
 弮弓
 弮弓子
 弓 弮 878a660a
 弮騙
 弮子手
 弮 878b659b
 弮 878b659c
 弮 878c659c
 弮 878a660a

to collapse ; ruined ; rushing down.
 constant flow of the menses.
 the death of an emperor (pin¹ t'ien¹).
 to break open (as a wound).
 constant flow of the menses.
 menses and whites.
 a bank broken down.
 full, stretched or spread out ; a strong bow.
 stretched tight.
 to draw a bow to the full extent.
 arched front of a cart.
 to stretch ; to draw a bow ; to stretch and let go.
 to cheat, to swindle (hung³ p'ien¹).
 a swindler (p'ien⁴ tzü³ shou³).
 dropsy ; swelling of the stomach.
 to tie, to bind, to fasten, to tighten.
 same.
 to baste (clothing).

- P'ĒNG³ 虫 蚌 ^{859a657c} the oyster. See pang⁴.
 p'êng³-ko³ 蚌 蛤 same (ko³ li⁴).
- P'ĒNG⁴ 走 迸 ^{878a660c} to jump off the ground, to saunter, to rove.
 p'êng⁴-kan¹ 迸 乾 dry as tinder (kan¹ pa¹ pa¹ ti¹).
 p'êng⁴-san⁴ 迸 散 to flee in all directions.
 p'êng⁴-t'iao⁴ 迸 跳 to jump, to jump about (t'iao⁴ p'êng⁴).
 p'êng⁴-ts'ui⁴ 迸 脆 brittle as glass (kan¹ tsuo⁴).
 p'êng⁴ 土 崩 ^{878a} ○ to put into a grave.
- P'ĒNG¹ 火 烹 ^{881b660a} to fry, to boil. [ch'a²].
 p'êng¹-ch'a² 烹 茶 to make tea, to boil the water for tea (shao¹
 p'êng¹-lien⁴ 烹 煉 to decoct.
 p'êng¹-t'ang¹ 烹 湯 to make soup.
 p'êng¹-tsai³ 烹 宰 "boiling and killing," the business of a cook.
 p'êng¹-yü² 烹 魚 boil a fish.
 p'êng¹ 勺 甸 ○ ○ an explosion, a report.
 p'êng¹ 水 洶 洶 ^{879c660a} noise of dashing water.
 p'êng¹ 石 砰 ^{880b660c} crash of falling rock.
- P'ĒNG² 竹 篷 篷 ^{880c661b} a main-sail, any sail; an awning of any kind.
 p'êng²-fan² 篷 帆 sail cloth, canvas.
 p'êng²-shêng² 篷 繩 rigging.
 p'êng²-wei² 篷 桅 a mast.
 p'êng²-tzü² 篷 子 an awning; a sail.
 p'êng² 月 朋 ^{879b661c} a friend, an acquaintance (hsiang¹ hao²).
 p'êng²-pi² 朋 比 a cabal, a party of intriguers.
 p'êng²-tang² 朋 黨 same.
 p'êng²-yu² 朋 友 a friend, an acquaintance.
 p'êng²-yu²-chih¹-pang¹ 朋 友 之 邦 a friendly nation.
 p'êng² 肉 膨 膨 ^{880a662b} a swelling of the stomach; swollen, bloated.
 p'êng²-chang⁴ 膨 脹 a swelling of the stomach, dyspepsia.
 p'êng²-mén⁴ 膨 悶 puffed out, uncomfortable, dyspepsia.
 p'êng² 鳥 朋 ^{879c661c} a fabulous bird (the roc).
 p'êng²-fei¹-wan⁴-li² 朋 飛 萬 里 fig. risen to high office.
 p'êng²-niao³ 朋 鳥 a fabulous bird.
 p'êng² 木 棚 棚 ^{879c662a} a shed or covering (generally mat).
 p'êng²-chiang⁴ 棚 匠 mat-shed builders.
 p'êng²-pan³-tzü³ 棚 板 子 a foreign floor, or joists (ti⁴ pan²).
 p'êng²-p'u¹ 棚 舖 a mat-shop.
 p'êng² 艸 蓬 蓬 ^{880c661a} a kind of flag; disorder; luxuriant.
 p'êng²-hao¹ 蓬 蒿 sort of grass.
 p'êng²-iai²-shan¹ 蓬 萊 山 fairy land.

p'êng²-sung¹ 蓬鬆
 p'êng²-t'ou²-kou⁴-mien⁴ 蓬頭垢面
 p'êng² 石 礪 879c661a
 p'êng²-sha¹ 礪砂
 p'êng² 三 彭 880a662a

disheveled hair (p'ei¹ t'ou² sa⁴ fa³),
 tousy head and dirty face.
 borax.
 same.
 to be strong and handsome.

P'ÉNG³ 手 才 捧 881a159a
 p'êng³-chiu³-ching³-k'ò⁴ 捧酒敬客
 p'êng³-chüeh²⁴ 捧爵
 p'êng³-ch'ou⁴-chiao³ 捧臭脚
 p'êng³-hsiang¹ 捧香
 p'êng³-pai² 捧帛
 p'êng³-shui²-yin³ 捧水飲
 p'êng³-ting⁴ 捧定
 p'êng³-t'ò¹ 捧托
 p'êng³-wan³ 捧碗

to hand up, to hold up with both hands.
 to respectfully offer wine to a guest.
 to hold the wine-cup in both hands.
 fig. to do a man's dirty work.
 to hold incense in both hands.
 to hold the silk in both hands at worship.
 to drink or lap out of the hands.
 to hand up.
 same.
 to carry a bowl with both hands (tuan¹ p'én²).

P'ÉNG⁴ 石 碰 碰 881c662c
 p'êng⁴-chi¹-hui⁴ 碰機會
 p'êng⁴-ch'iao³-liao³ 碰巧了
 p'êng⁴-chien⁴ 碰見
 p'êng⁴-chien⁴-kuei³-la¹ 碰見鬼喇
 p'êng⁴-luai⁴ 碰壞
 p'êng⁴-ko⁴-kên¹-t'ou² 碰個跟頭
 p'êng⁴-ming⁴ 碰命
 p'êng⁴-ming⁴-pa⁴ 碰命罷
 p'êng⁴-p'ò⁴ 碰破
 p'êng⁴-pu⁴-chien⁴ 碰不見
 p'êng⁴-pu⁴-tung⁴ 碰不動
 p'êng⁴-ssü³-liao² 碰死了
 p'êng⁴-t'i² 碰題
 p'êng⁴-ting¹-tzū² 碰釘子
 p'êng⁴-t'ou² 碰頭
 p'êng⁴-t'ou²-sa²-yeh³ 碰頭撒野
 p'êng⁴-yün¹-ch'í⁴ 碰運氣

to run against, to come in contact with.
 to hit upon an opportunity.
 occasionally, very likely.
 to meet, to encounter (yü⁴ chien⁴).
 I have struck a spirit.
 to break by coming into collision.
 hit against and turn over
 to run the risk, to take one's chance.
 let them take their chances!
 to break by violent contact with; collision.
 cannot find, e. g., a friend.
 cannot be moved by hitting.
 death by a collision.
 to hit the theme in the examination hall.
 to get into trouble.
 to kotow; to meet.
 uncivil, rude.
 to have the luck (good and bad).

PI¹ 逼 逼 逼 882a692b
 pi¹-ch'ü¹ 逼取
 pi¹-jén² 逼人
 pi¹-lé⁴ 逼勒
 pi¹-min²-wei²-tao⁴ 逼民爲盜
 pi¹-ming⁴ 逼命
 pi¹-po⁴ 逼迫

to press, to urge, to compel, to oppress.
 to extort.
 to oppress people
 to distress, to molest, to ill-use, to compel.
 to force people to become robbers by oppression.
 to force to commit suicide. Note 76.
 to press, to constrain, to urge, to compel.

<i>pi¹-wén⁴</i>	逼問		to interrogate, to cross-question.
PI² (<i>tzū</i>)	鼻	鼻 SS2b677a	the nose.
<i>pi²-ch'í⁴</i>		鼻泣	"nose weeping," running from the nose.
<i>pi²-ch'ih⁴</i>		鼻痔	polypi growing in the nose.
<i>pi²-ch'ih⁴-érh²</i>		鼻翅兒	lobes of the nostrils.
<i>pi²-ch'ing¹-lien³-chung³</i>		鼻青臉腫	nose blackened and face swollen (fighting).
<i>pi²-chun³</i>		鼻準	the tip of the nose.
<i>pi²-hsí².ju².lei³</i>		鼻息如雷	breathing like thunder.
<i>pi²-k'ung³</i>		鼻孔	the nostrils.
<i>pi²-k'ung³-yen³.rh³</i>		鼻孔眼兒	same.
<i>pi²-liang².rh³</i>		鼻梁兒	the bridge of the nose.
<i>pi²-niu⁴</i>		鼻衄	bleeding at the nose.
<i>pi²-sai²</i>		鼻塞	nose stuffed as with a cold.
<i>pi²-t'í⁴</i>		鼻涕	running from the nose, snivel.
<i>pi²-tsu³</i>		鼻祖	the founder of the family.
<i>pi²-tzū³.nan⁴</i>		鼻子鱧	nose stopped up.
<i>pi²-tzū³.yen³</i>		鼻子眼	the nostrils.
<i>pi²-yen³</i>		鼻烟	snuff.
<i>pi²-yen³-ho³</i>		鼻烟盒	a snuff-box.
<i>pi²-yen³-lu².rh³</i>		鼻烟壺兒	snuff-bottles used by Chinese.
<i>pi² (tzū)</i>	竹篦	篦 SS4c676a	a small-tooth comb.
<i>pi²-min³</i>		篦	combs and brushes.
<i>pi²-shu¹</i>		篦梳	small and large tooth combs (mu ⁴ shu ¹).
<i>pi²</i>	脾甘	脾 SS25a710b	the water-chesnut.
<i>pi²-hsi</i>		荸薺	water-chesnuts (lêng ³ chiao ¹).
PI³	比	比 SS3c674a	to compare, to correspond; to equal. M. 269.
<i>pi³-an⁴</i>		比案	to beat runners for non-arrest.
<i>pi³-ch'ai¹</i>		比差	calling runners to account.
<i>pi³-chê-kêng¹-ta⁴</i>		比這更大	still larger than this.
<i>pi³-chiao⁴</i>		比較	to compare (ts'an ¹ k'ao ³).
<i>pi⁴-ch'iu¹</i>		比丘	a begging Buddhist priest (ho ³ shang ⁴).
<i>pi⁴-ch'iu¹.ni²</i>		比丘尼	Buddhist nuns (ni ² ku ¹).
<i>pi³-ch'üan³-chiao³</i>		比拳脚	to box.
<i>pi³-fan¹</i>		比方	a comparison, an analogy, for instance (pi ³ yü ⁴).
<i>pi³-hsia⁴-yu³.yü²</i>		比下有餘	better than the lower.
<i>pi³-hsien⁴</i>		比限	to urge payment of taxes.
<i>pi³-i¹-pi³</i>		比一比	to compare.
<i>pi³-jên²-ch'iang³</i>		比人強	better than others.
<i>pi³.ju²</i>		比如	for instance (pi ⁴ ju ²).
<i>pi³.kuo²</i>		比國	Belgium.
<i>pi³.lei⁴</i>		比類	to compare.

pi ³ -li ⁴	比例	to compare, to adjust.
pi ³ -mu ⁴ -yü ³	比目魚	the sole.
pi ³ -pi ³	比比	to compare.
pi ³ -ping ⁴	比並	to put in comparison,
pi ³ -p'ing ²	比評	to criticise.
pi ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ³	比不起	not to be compared with.
pi ³ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴	比不過	same.
pi ³ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	比不來	same.
pi ³ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴	比不上	same.
pi ³ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴ -t'a ¹	比不上他	cannot compare with him.
pi ³ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	比不得	not to be compared with.
pi ³ -sang ¹ -ma ⁴ -huai ²	比桑罵槐	fig. indirect abuse.
pi ³ -shang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tsu ²	比上不足	not equal to on comparison.
pi ³ -shih ⁴	比拭	to compete with.
pi ³ -shou ³ -shuo ¹	比手說	to talk on the fingers.
pi ³ -t'ü ³	比體	man and wife ; of equal rank.
pi ³ -tso ⁴	比作	to compare.
pi ³ -wu ³	比武	to contest military skill.
pi ³ -yü ⁴	比喻	a simile, a comparison, metaphor (pi ³ fang ¹).
pi ³	竹筆	a pen, a pencil.
pi ³ -chi ¹	筆跡	"pencil's footprints," handwriting.
pi ³ -chia ⁴	筆架	a pen or pencil stand.
pi ³ -chien ¹ -rh ²	筆尖兒	the point of a pen or pencil.
pi ³ -chih ²	筆直	straight as a line.
pi ³ -fa ³	筆法	handwriting.
pi ³ -feng ¹	筆鋒	the tip of a pen.
pi ³ -hsia ⁴ -liu ² -ch'ing ²	筆下留情	when you write, allow for circumstances.
pi ³ -ju ² -tao ¹	筆如刀	a pen as incisive as a knife.
pi ³ -kêng ¹	筆耕	"to plough with the pen," to be a schoolmaster.
pi ³ -kuan ³	筆管	the handle of a pen or pencil.
pi ³ -li ⁴	筆力	"strength of pen," firm handwriting (ku ³ li ⁴).
pi ³ -mao ⁴ -rh ²	筆帽兒	a pen-case, cap for protecting the point.
pi ³ -mo ⁴	筆墨	pen, and ink ; composition.
pi ³ -suan ⁴	筆算	to calculate with the pen.
pi ³ -shêng ¹	筆升	a pencil stand or measure.
pi ³ -tu ⁴ -ju ² -ch'uan ²	筆大如椽	a pen as big as a rafter.
pi ³ -t'ao ⁴	筆套	the sheath to preserve the brush.
pi ³ -t'ieh ¹ -shih ⁴	筆帖式	Manchu term for clerk. G. 181.
pi ³ -t'u ¹ -liao ²	筆禿了	the pen has the point worn away.
pi ³ -t'ung ²	筆筒	the pencil tube or case.
pi ³ -wei ³	筆尾	the point of a pencil.
pi ³ -yen ⁴	筆硯	pen and ink-slab (yen ⁴ t'ai ²).
pi ³	彳 彼	that person, place or thing ; to exclude.

<i>pi³-jén³</i>	彼人
<i>pi³-shih³</i>	彼時
<i>pi³-t'z'ü³</i>	彼此
<i>pi³-t'z'ü³-hsiang¹-ai⁴</i>	彼此相愛
<i>pi³-t'z'ü³-pang¹-chu⁴</i>	彼此幫助
<i>pi³-t'z'ü³-pi³ t'z'ü³</i>	彼此彼此
<i>pi³-t'z'ü³-t'an²-hsin¹</i>	彼此談心
<i>pi³-t'z'ü³-t'an²-lun⁴</i>	彼此談論
<i>pi³-t'z'ü³-tu¹-hao³</i>	彼此都好
<i>pi³-t'z'ü³-t'ung²-hsin¹</i>	彼此同心
<i>pi³ (tzü)</i>	米稅 粃
<i>pi³-k'ang¹</i>	粃糠
<i>pi³</i>	女 妣

that person.
 at that time, previously. [us.
 that and this? you and I; both of them; both of
 to love one another.
 to be mutually helpful,
 the same to you (reply to compliment).
 a heart-to-heart talk.
 to have a chat together.
 you and I both well,
 mutually unanimous,
 chaff,
 chaff, or fig. worthless.
 a deceased mother.

<i>PI⁴</i>	元 上	避	SS6a675b
<i>pi⁴-ch'én³-chu¹</i>		避塵珠	
<i>pi⁴-ch'ing³-chiu⁴-chung⁴</i>		避輕就重	
<i>pi⁴-fêng²</i>		避風	
<i>pi⁴-hsieh²</i>		避邪	
<i>pi⁴-hsien²-i³</i>		避嫌疑	
<i>pi⁴-hui⁴</i>		避諱	
<i>pi⁴-huo³-chu¹</i>		避火珠	
<i>pi⁴-huo⁴</i>		避禍	
<i>pi⁴-nan⁴</i>		避難	
<i>pi⁴-ni⁴</i>		避匿	
<i>pi⁴-mien²-t'z'ü³</i>		避枯子	
<i>pi⁴-shu³</i>		避暑	
<i>pi⁴-shui³-chu¹</i>		避水珠	
<i>pi⁴-tsui⁴</i>		避罪	
<i>pi⁴-wén³-hsiang¹</i>		避蚊香	
<i>pi⁴-yü³</i>		避雨	
<i>pi⁴</i>	必	必	SS2c692c
<i>pi⁴-ching⁴</i>		必竟	
<i>pi⁴-hao³</i>		必好	
<i>pi⁴-hsü¹</i>		必須	
<i>pi⁴-jan³</i>		必然	
<i>pi⁴-jan²-chih¹-k'ü³</i>		必然之理	
<i>pi⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>		必不能	
<i>pi⁴-pu⁴-néng²</i>		必不能	
<i>pi⁴-t'ê²</i>		必得	
<i>pi⁴-t'ê²-ju²-t'z'ü³</i>		必得如此	
<i>pi⁴-t'ê²-t'ü¹</i>		必得的	
<i>pi⁴-ting⁴</i>		必定	

to avoid, to shun, to retire from.
 charm *vs.* dust.
 avoiding the light and going to the heavy.
 to avoid wind or draughts.
 to avoid uncanny influences.
 avoid dislike and suspicion,
 to hide; to avoid use of personal name.
 charm *vs.* fire.
 avoid calamity.
 to avoid difficulty (t'ao³ nan⁴).
 to abscond, to hide one's self.
 a tout, a decoy (in gambling, etc.).
 to avoid the heat (hsieh¹ fu²).
 charm *vs.* drowning.
 to escape after committing some crime.
 mosquito-killer.
 to take shelter from rain.
 must, requisite, necessarily. M. 32, 285.
 it must be so.
 it must be good.
 must, is sure to (hsü¹ t'ê³).
 positively (i¹ ting⁴).
 a self-evident principle,
 will not go.
 absolutely impossible.
 must positively, assuredly must.
 must be so.
 must positively.
 certainly.

pi⁴-ting⁴-ti¹
 pi⁴-wu²-tz'ü³-li²
 pi⁴-yao⁴
 pi⁴-yao⁴-pan⁴
 pi⁴-yu²-chih¹-lu⁴
 pi⁴-yu³
 pi⁴-yu³-ti¹-shih⁴
 pi⁴
 pi⁴-chi²
 pi⁴-chi³
 pi⁴-ching⁴
 pi⁴-hsing¹
 pi⁴
 pi⁴-ch'u⁴
 pi⁴-i¹
 pi⁴-kuo²
 pi⁴-lu²
 pi⁴-p'ou⁴
 pi⁴-tsu²
 pi⁴-wu¹
 pi⁴-ya²-mên²
 pi⁴-yu³
 pi⁴
 pi⁴-chê²
 pi⁴-chu⁴-ch'i⁴-la¹
 pi⁴-hu⁴
 pi⁴-hu⁴-tu²-shu¹
 pi⁴-k'ou²-wu²-yen²
 pi⁴-kuan¹
 pi⁴-mên²
 pi⁴-mên²-pu⁴-na⁴
 pi⁴-mên²-ssü¹-kuo⁴
 pi⁴-mi⁴
 pi⁴-mu⁴
 pi⁴-sai⁴
 pi⁴-sai⁴-pu⁴-t'ung¹
 pi⁴-ts'ang²
 pi⁴-yen³
 pi⁴-yüeh⁴-hsiu¹-hua¹
 pi⁴
 pi⁴-fu¹
 pi⁴-lin⁴
 p.⁴-lou⁴

必定的
 必無此理
 必要
 必要辦
 必由之路
 必有
 必有的事
 田 畢 889a692a
 畢集
 畢幾
 畢竟
 畢星
 支 徹 886c675c
 徹處
 徹衣
 徹國
 徹廬
 徹破
 徹族
 徹屋
 徹衙門
 徹友
 門 閉 888c676c
 閉 閉
 閉住氣喇
 閉戶
 閉戶讀書
 閉口無言
 閉關
 閉門
 閉門不納
 閉門思過
 閉密
 閉目
 閉塞
 閉塞不通
 閉藏
 閉眼
 閉月羞花
 邑 鄙 888b674c
 鄙夫
 鄙吝
 鄙陋

certainly.
 there is no such principle.
 must do, absolutely, necessary ; important.
 must do.
 you must go *this way*.
 must be, assuredly is, etc.
 an inevitable thing.
 the end, close, termination ; at last ; finished.
 all together.
 English long ells. (Also use 嘩囉.)
 at last, finally (chiu¹ ching⁴).
 the constellation Hyades.
 mean, vile, bad ; ragged ; poor ; spoiled ; my, *our*.
 "vile place," my place.
 ragged clothes.
 my country.
 my cottage (shê⁴ hsia⁴).
 ragged, spoiled,
 my humble family.
 my house.
 my humble yamên.
 my poor friend.
 to close, to shut ; to screen ; to conceal ; to store.
 animals that become torpid during the winter.
 the breath obstructed.
 to shut the door (kuan¹ mên²).
 to shut the door and study (to sport the oak).
 complete silence.
 to close the passes.
 to shut a door.
 to refuse to receive visitors (tang³ chia⁴).
 to shut the door and reflect on one's faults.
 close, secret (chi¹ mi⁴).
 to close the eyes.
 to close, to shut, to stop up.
 stopped up.
 to store ; to conceal ; to close.
 to close the eyes (ho² yen³). [flowers to blush.
 (beauty) which causes the moon to hide and
 vulgar, coarse, rustic ; low, mean, vicious ; to
 a rustic, a clown. [despise.
 mean, niggardly, stingy.
 mean-spirited, vulgar-minded (ch'ou² lcu⁴).

pi ⁴ -po ³	鄙薄	to despise.
pi ⁴ -yeh ³	鄙野	coarse, clownish, rustic (ch'un ³ pên ⁴).
pi ⁴	庇	to cover over, to shelter; to lodge, to reside.
pi ⁴ -fu ² -yin ⁴	庇福	to be under the protection of wealth or power.
pi ⁴ -hu ⁴	庇護	to secretly help, to connive at, to protect.
pi ⁴ -min ³	庇民	to protect the people.
pi ⁴ -tuan ³	庇短	to screen one's own fault (hu ⁴ tuan ³).
pi ⁴ -yu ⁴	庇佑	protection and support; to protect.
pi ⁴	石碧	blue or azure stones; a green stone, jade, jasper.
pi ⁴ -hai ³	碧海	the green sea.
pi ⁴ -lo ⁴	碧落	the blue heaven, the first or highest heaven.
pi ⁴ -lü ⁴	碧綠	dark green.
pi ⁴ -sê ⁴	碧色	green (lü ⁴).
pi ⁴	弊	fault, crime; to extort; to squeeze.
pi ⁴ -ping ⁴	弊病	to extort, to squeeze; fault (mao ³ ping ⁴).
pi ⁴ -tuan ¹	弊端	fault, crime, extortion. [dead.
pi ⁴	支斃	to suppress; to be killed; to die, to fall down
pi ⁴ -ming ⁴	斃命	to be killed or die in prison, etc.
pi ⁴ -ssü ³	斃死	to kill, to destroy.
pi ⁴ (tzü)	土壁	a wall, a partition wall; defences.
pi ⁴ -lei ³	壁壘	a military wall; a breastwork.
pi ⁴ -li ⁴	壁立	"bare walls," poverty.
pi ⁴	弓弼	to assist; to add to; double.
pi ⁴ -chiao ⁴	弼教	aids to instruction.
pi ⁴ -fu ⁴	弼傅	a tutor in the imperial family.
pi ⁴	人俾	to give; to allow; to enable; to benefit. See pei ³ .
pi ⁴ -i ²	俾益	to benefit.
pi ⁴	阜陛	steps, steps leading to the imperial throne.
pi ⁴ -chien ⁴	陛見	to have an audience of the emperor.
pi ⁴ -hsia ⁴	陛下	the emperor; your majesty.
pi ⁴	升弊	ruined; distressed; corrupt, fraudulent; wearied.
pi ⁴ -ping ⁴	弊病	incurable disease.
pi ⁴	女婢	female slaves or servants.
pi ⁴ -p'u ²	婢僕	same.
pi ⁴	禾秘	secret, private, also <i>mi</i> .
pi ⁴	尸屣	the vagina, vulva.
pi ⁴	玉璧	an auspicious stone.
pi ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	璧謝	fig. declined with thanks
pi ⁴	卽卽	conceal.
pi ⁴ (or p'i ⁴)	心悞	perverse (kang ¹ pi ⁴).
P'I ¹	刀劈	to split, to tear, to rend, to divide.
pi ⁴ -ch'ai ³	劈柴	split wood, firewood; to split wood,

p' i¹.k'ai¹
 p' i¹.k'ai¹-liang³.pan⁴
 p' i¹.k'ung¹
 p' i¹-lien³
 p' i¹-p'o⁴
 p' i¹-sui⁴
 p' i¹ 手才搵
 p' i¹-chéng¹
 p' i¹-chiang³
 p' i¹-chuang⁴
 p' i¹-chun³
 p' i¹-chung¹-liao³
 p' i¹-fa¹
 p' i¹-hsiao¹
 p' i¹-hui³
 p' i¹-liao³-huo⁴-wu⁴
 p' i¹-mien⁴
 p' i¹-pa¹-tzü⁴
 p' i¹-p'an⁴
 p' i¹-po³
 p' i¹-p'ing³
 p' i¹-shên³
 p' i¹-shih¹
 p' i¹-shou³-to²
 p' i¹-shu¹
 p' i¹-tien³
 p' i¹-tsui³-pa¹-tzü³
 p' i¹-tzü¹-chü⁴
 p' i¹-wên²-chang⁴
 p' i¹ 石礮
 p' i¹-shih³
 p' i¹-shuang¹
 p' i¹-shuang¹-shih³
 p' i¹-tu²
 p' i¹ 土
 p' i¹-ch'ang²
 p' i¹-k'uai⁴
 p' i¹-mu²-tzü³
 p' i¹-tzü³
 p' i¹ 人
 p' i¹-ching⁴
 p' i¹-lou⁴
 p' i¹ 雨

劈開兩半
 劈開兩半
 劈空
 劈臉
 劈破
 劈碎
 批 893b679a
 批正
 批講
 批狀
 批准
 批中了
 批發
 批削
 批回
 批了貨物
 批面
 批八字
 批判
 批駁
 批評
 批審
 批示
 批手奪
 批書
 批點
 批嘴把子
 批字據
 批文章
 砒 894a679a
 砒石
 砒霜
 砒霜石
 砒毒
 坯 895a671b
 坯場
 坯塊
 坯模子
 坯子
 僻 890c694a
 僻靜
 僻陋
 霹 891c694b

to split open, to cleave.
 to split in two.
 to invent or fabricate a story; fabrications.
 to aim blows at the face.
 to split or break; to speak plainly.
 to split up.
 to write; to cuff; to officially reply, to notify, a [petition.
 to correct a book.
 to explain; to criticise; to censure.
 official decision on a petition.
 to grant a petition.
 "passed."
 to sell, especially retail.
 to correct and revise.
 an official reply.
 bought goods to arrive.
 to slap the face.
 a method of fortune-telling.
 a written decision or sentence of government.
 to reverse a judgment, to refute.
 to criticise; to censure (shan¹ kai³).
 to endorse a judgment upon the record.
 a proclamation, to reply officially.
 to snatch.
 to criticise a book (ting⁴ shu¹).
 to criticise and mark (an essay).
 to slap the mouth or face.
 to write up legal document as proof.
 to criticize an essay.
 arsenic (hsin⁴ shih³).
 same.
 same.
 same.
 same.
 unburnt bricks; to stop or fill up (also p'ei).
 a bricklayer's yard.
 unburnt bricks (chuan¹).
 a brick-mould.
 rough unfinished materials.
 unfrequented, lonely, quiet; mean, low, de- [praved.
 lonely, quiet, unfrequented.
 vulgar, low.
 the shock and noise of thunder, earthquake, etc.

p'i ¹ -lei ²	霹雷	clap or noise of thunder (chên ⁴ lei ²).
p'i ¹ -li ⁴	霹霹	rapid claps of thunder. [See p'ei ² .
p'i ¹	手才	to open; to cover over; to pull off; to break.
p'i ¹ -mo ³	披摩	to smooth, to stroke; to explain minutely.
p'i ¹ -shu ¹	披書	to open a book; to criticise a book.
P'I ²	皮	skin, hide, bark; a case, a wrapper.
p'i ² -ao ³	皮襖	a fur coat.
p'i ² -ao ³ -ch'ien ³	皮襖錢	douceur to beggars.
p'i ² -ch' i ⁴	皮器	leather articles.
p'i ² -chiao ¹	皮膠	glue (shui ³ chiao ¹).
p'i ² -chiang ⁴	皮匠	a worker in leather.
p'i ² -hsiang ¹	皮箱	a skin trunk.
p'i ² -hsiu ⁴	皮袖	fur cuffs.
p'i ² -hsüeh ¹ -tzu ³	皮靴子	leather boots.
p'i ² -i ¹	皮衣	fur-lined clothes.
p'i ² -jou ⁴	皮肉	skin and flesh; the flesh.
p'i ² -ju ⁴ -tzu ³	皮褥子	a skin mattress.
p'i ² -k'ai ¹ -jou ⁴ -chan ⁴	皮開肉綻	beaten most severely (o ⁴ ta ³).
p'i ² -lai ⁴	皮賴	shameless (ssü ³ p'i ² lai ⁴ lien ²).
p'i ² -lien ³	皮臉	barefaced, shameless.
p'i ² -ling ¹ -tzu ³	皮領子	a fur collar.
p'i ² -mao ³	皮毛	skin and hair, hair, fur.
p'i ² -nang ³	皮囊	"skin bag," the carcass, the body.
p'i ² -pa ¹ -chang ³	皮巴掌	flat leather for beating on mouth.
p'i ² -pan ³ -rh ³	皮板兒	the leather side of a fur.
p'i ² -pao ¹	皮包	packing; the foreskin.
p'i ² -pao ¹ -jou ⁴ -t' i ³	皮包肉體	the human body.
p'i ² -pao ¹ -ku ³	皮包骨	very thin, emaciated.
p'i ² -pien ¹ -tzu ³	皮鞭子	a leather whip.
p'i ² -sung ¹ -jou ⁴ -chin ³	皮鬆肉緊	skin loose, and flesh tight.
p'i ² -tai ¹ -tzu ³	皮袋子	a small leather bag.
p'i ² -tai ¹ -tzu ³	皮帶子	a leather girdle, harness.
p'i ² -tan ⁴	皮蛋	preserved ducks' eggs.
p'i ² -t'an ³	皮毯	skin rugs.
p'i ² -t'iao ³	皮條	strips of leather, thongs, etc.
p'i ² -tzu ³	皮子	skin, leather, fur.
p'i ² -yen ² t'iao ³	皮沿條	leather binding.
p'i ²	疲	[tude. fatigued, wearied, exhausted; weakness, lassi-
p'i ² -chüan ⁴	疲倦	tired, fatigued (k'un ⁴ fa ²).
p'i ² -ch'ieh ⁴ -ti ¹	疲怯的	cowardly, spiritless.
p'i ² -fa ²	疲乏	tired, fatigued
p'i ² -huan ³	疲緩	dilatory slovenly, inertly.

p'i ² -juan ³		疲軟	lassitude, debilitated, weak.
p'i ² -kén ²		疲根	a vicious appetite, dyspepsia.
p'i ² -k'un ⁴		疲困	tired, fatigued.
p'i ² -la ¹ -la ¹ -ti ¹		疲拉拉的	dilatory, lax (man ¹ han ¹).
p'i ² -ma ³		疲馬	a jaded horse.
p'i ² -wan ²		疲玩	remiss, careless, inattentive.
p'i ²	肉	脾 ^{895b680a}	spleen, stomach.
p'i ² -ch'i ⁴		脾氣	disposition, temper (p'in ³ hsing ⁴).
p'i ² -ch'i ⁴ -kuai ³ -ku ¹		脾氣拐孤	a cantankerous disposition.
p'i ² -ch'i ¹ -nan ² -i ⁴		脾氣難易	the disposition is unchangeable.
p'i ² -han ³		脾寒	fever and ague, a chill.
p'i ² -hsieh ⁴		脾泄	a sort of dysentery (li ⁴ chi ²).
p'i ² -hsing ⁴		脾性	disposition.
p'i ² -hsü ¹ -wei ⁴ -jo ⁴		脾虛胃弱	the spleen empty and stomach weak.
p'i ² -ping ⁴		脾病	enlargement of the spleen.
p'i ² -shên ⁴		脾腎	the kidneys, the spleen and kidneys.
p'i ² -shih ¹		脾濕	diseased condition of spleen.
p'i ² -wei ⁴		脾胃	the stomach, the intestines
p'i ² -wei ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ho ²		脾胃不和	spleen and stomach out of harmony.
p'i ²	玉	琵琶 ^{894b679b}	a sort of guitar.
p'i ² -pa ¹		琵琶	saine.
p'i ² -pa ¹ -ku ³		琵琶骨	the collar-bone (so ¹ po ² ku ³).
p'i ²	手才	擗 ^{891a694b}	to bend; to break, to pluck off; to open.
p'i ² -k'ai ¹		擗開	to break open.
p'i ² -p'o ⁴		擗破	to break.
p'i ²	疝	癖 ^{891b694c}	a craving appetite; spitting of phlegm; indigestion.
p'i ² -hsing ⁴		癖性	a craving disposition.
p'i ² -ping ⁴		癖病	indigestion, constipation, costiveness.
p'i ²	木	枇 ^{893c679b}	a fruit (the loquat).
p'i ² -pa ¹		枇杷	the biwa (a fruit of Central China).
P'13	疋	疋 ^{895c695b}	a piece, a bale. Number of pieces of cloth, etc.
p'i ²	匹	匹 ^{891c695a}	one of a pair; number of horses.
p'i ² -fu ¹		匹夫	a married man, a husband; brute!
p'i ² -fu ⁴		匹婦	a married woman, a wife
p'i ² -ou ³		匹偶	to correspond, to agree; a pair; husband and wife. [wife.]
p'i ² -p'i ⁴		匹配	a husband and wife; a pair, a couple.
p'i ²	疝	痞 ^{895a681a}	a gathering, a stoppage; dyspepsia.
p'i ² -chéng ⁴		痞症	a swelling of the stomach.
p'i ² -chi ²		痞積	indigestion, constipation, costiveness.
p'i ² -man ³		痞滿	fullness, a stoppage; no appetite.

p'i ⁴ -fang ¹	譬方	a comparison, for instance (pi ³ fang ¹).
p'i ⁴ -jo ⁴	譬若	just like, for instance (hao ³ hsiang ⁴).
v'i ⁴ -ju ²	譬如	a comparison, a metaphor, for instance.
p'i ⁴ -pi ²	譬比	same (pi ³ ju ²).
p'i ⁴ -yü ⁴	譬喻	metaphor, comparison.
p'i ⁴	尸 彙 屁	S93b681b the posteriors; to break wind (fang ⁴ p'i ⁴).
p'i ⁴ -k'ou ³	屁口	the anus.
p'i ⁴ -ku ³	屁股	the buttocks, the breech.
p'i ⁴ -ku ³ -yen ³ -rk ³	屁股眼兒	the anus.
p'i ⁴	門 關	S91c694b burst forth, open up.
PIAO ¹	木 標	S96a681a to date, to punctuate; a signal; a warrant.
piao ¹ -ch'ê ¹	標車	convoy carts, hired to protect travellers.
piao ¹ -ch'i ²	標旗	a signal flag.
piao ¹ -ch'iang ¹	標槍	a signal gun.
piao ¹ -ch'ien ¹	標籤	a magistrate's warrant.
piao ¹ -chih ⁴	標緻	pretty, handsome, lovely, etc.
piao ¹ -chun ³	標準	to set an example; a sign or signal.
piao ¹ -hsia ⁴	標下	under one's authority, troops (not bannermen).
piao ¹ -hsieh ³ -jih ⁴ -ch'i ²	標寫日期	to date clearly.
piao ¹ kan ³	標桿	a beacon pole.
piao ¹ -ming ³	標名	to publish names (of deserving persons, etc.).
piao ¹ -pang ³	標榜	to publish; to set an example; to become noto.
piao ¹ -shih ⁴ -chung ⁴ -jên ³	標示衆人	to publish to all. [rious.
piao ¹ -wên ³ -shu ²	標文書	to date and punctuate an official document.
piao ¹	手 才 標	S96a683c to strike, to beat; to fall; to signalize.
piao ¹ -ch'i ³	標旗	to signalize with a flag.
piao ¹ -fu ¹	標夫	one who tries the depth of water.
piao ¹	肉 臃	S96c682a sleek and fat, stout, fat.
piao ¹ -fei ³	臃肥	same.
piao ¹ -man ³	臃滿	same.
piao ¹ -man ³ jow ⁴ -fei ²	臃滿肉肥	very fat (animals).
piao ¹	彡 彪	S97a703a veins, streaks, streaked; a small tiger.
piao ¹ -ping ³	彪柄	elegant and clear style.
piao ¹ -tzu ³	彪子	a mischievous person.
PIAO ³	衣 表	S97a682b a watch, to show; a statement; the outside.
piao ³ -chang ¹	表章	a-statement.
piao ³ -chi ⁴	表記	a keepsake.
piao ³ -chiang ⁴	表匠	a watch-maker.
piao ³ -chieh ³	表姐	a mother's brother's elder daughters.
piao ³ -chieh ³ -mei ⁴	表姐妹	a mother's brother's daughters, cousins.
piao ³ -chih ³	表姪	grandsons of paternal aunts.

piao³-ch'in¹
piao³-ch'u¹
piao³-hsiung¹-ti⁴
piao³-huang²
piao³-i⁴
piao³-i⁴
piao³-li³
piao³-lien⁴
piao³-mei⁴
piao³-ming²
piao³-pai²
piao³-pen³
piao³-piao³
piao³-po²
piao³-shu²1
piao³-ts'ou⁴
piao³-tzü⁴
piao³-wu⁴
piao³-yang²
piao³-yang⁴
piao³
piao³-hu²
piao³-hu²-chiang⁴
piao³-hua⁴
piao³-tzü⁴
piao³
piao³-tzü³

表親
 表出
 表兄弟
 表兄
 表篋
 表義
 表異
 表裏
 表鍊
 表妹
 表明
 表白
 表本
 表表
 表伯
 表叔
 表奏
 表字
 表物
 表揚
 表樣
 衣 裱
 裱糊
 裱糊匠
 裱書
 裱字
 女 婊
 婊子

relations by the mother's side.
 to manifest abroad.
 male first cousins by the mother's side.
 springs, or works of watch.
 to justify.
 to mark out the difference.
 outside and inside ; outer garment and lining
 a watch-chain.
 a mother's brother's younger daughters.
 to state clearly.
 same.
 a statement.
 to speak of, to state.
 sons of paternal grand-aunts.
 same.
 to memorialize the Emperor.
 a fancy name or style.
 a keepsake, a proof, etc.
 to make clear.
 an example, a pattern.
 to paste ; to mount, as scrolls.
 to paste ; to paper (as a room).
 a paper-hanger.
 to paste up or mount pictures.
 to paste up characters.
 a prostitute (ch'ang¹ chi⁴).
 same.

PIAO⁴
piao⁴-chiao¹

魚 鰾
 鰾膠

fish-glue ; gelatine.
 fish-glue and glue from hides.

P'IAO¹
p'iao¹-fêng¹
p'iao¹-hsiéh³
p'iao¹-lin²
p'iao¹-p'iao¹-yao²-yao²
p'iao¹-sa³
p'iao¹-sai¹
p'iao¹-tai¹
p'iao¹-tang⁴
p'iao¹-yao²
p'iao¹-yün²
p'iao¹ 34

風 飄
 飄風
 飄雪
 飄流
 飄搖搖
 飄灑
 飄擡
 飄帶
 飄蕩
 飄網
 飄雲
 水 漂
 漂

to whirl around ; a whirlwind ; to fall.
 a whirlwind (hsüan⁴ fêng¹).
 the whirling of snow when falling.
 hither and thither ; uncertain.
 to whirl and shake.
 graceful, airy, jaunty.
 same.
 a pennant.
 a swagger, to strut ; to float, to sail.
 floating on the wind ; self-satisfied.
 floating clouds.
 tossing about, agitated (as by the wind) ; to float

[(fon²).

tossing about, agitated (as by the wind) ; to float

<i>p'iao²-hsi³-pai²-pu⁴</i>	漂洗白布
<i>p'iao³-kan¹-ching⁴ liao³</i>	漂乾淨了
<i>p'iao¹-ko⁴-ssü³-shih¹</i>	漂個死屍
<i>p'iao⁴-liang⁴</i>	漂亮
<i>p'iao¹-liu².liao³</i>	漂流了
<i>p'iao¹-liu²-tsai⁴-wai⁴</i>	漂流在外
<i>p'iao²-pai³</i>	漂白布
<i>p'iao²-pai²-pu³</i>	漂白布
<i>p'iao²-pu⁴</i>	漂布
<i>p'iao¹-shui³</i>	漂水
<i>p'iao¹-tsai¹-shui³-mien⁴</i>	漂在水面
<i>p'iao¹-yang³</i>	漂洋
<i>p'iao¹-yang³-kuo⁴-hai³</i>	漂洋過海
<i>p'iao⁴-yang²-pu⁴</i>	漂洋布

to wash and bleach white cloth.
bleached clean.
floated a corpse.
bright, fresh, smart.
drifted about.
a prodigal abroad.
to bleach; bleached.
bleached linen or calico, white shirting.
to bleach linen.
to swim, to float.
to float on the water.
to navigate.
to drift over the sea; to travel.
white shirtings.

P'IAO ²	女	嫖	898b683b
<i>p'iao²-ch'ang¹-hsü¹-chi⁴</i>		嫖娼宿妓	
<i>p'iao²-k'o⁴</i>		嫖客	
<i>p'iao²-lai²-ti¹-ping⁴</i>		嫖來的病	
<i>p'iao²-piao³-tzü³</i>		嫖婬子	
<i>p'iao²-shé⁴</i>		嫖舍	
<i>p'iao²-tang⁴-tzü³</i>		嫖蕩子	
<i>p'iao²-tu³</i>		嫖賭	
<i>p'iao²</i>	瓜	瓢	898c683b

levity, lightness, profligacy; prostitute.
going with harlots.
a debauchee, a whoremonger.
venereal disease.
to have intercourse with prostitutes.
a brothel.
a profligate.
addicted to women and play, profligacy.
a calabash.

P'IAO ⁴	示	票	899a684a
<i>p'iao⁴-ch'ai¹</i>		差	
<i>p'iao⁴-chuang¹</i>		庄	
<i>p'iao⁴-pan³</i>		板	
<i>p'iao⁴-shou³</i>		手	
<i>p'iao⁴-tzü³</i>		子	
<i>p'iao⁴-wên²</i>		文	
<i>p'iao⁴</i>	金	鏢	899a683b
<i>p'iao⁴-ch'iang¹</i>		鏢鎗	

[rant.
to give a money order; a pawnbroker's ticket; a warrant to give a warrant to a police officer; a warrant, a bank which handles exchange notes, etc.
a block for printing money orders or notes.
theatrical amateurs.
a money order, a note.
[note.
a kind of passport, the writing on warrant or a shaft; a weapon; point of a knife, etc.
an iron-pointed spear.

PIEH ¹	心	懣	900a685a
<i>pieh¹-ch'i⁴</i>		懣氣	
<i>pieh¹-mén⁴</i>		懣悶	
<i>pieh¹-pu-chu⁴</i>		懣不住	
<i>pieh¹-tê²-huang¹</i>		懣得慌	
<i>pieh¹</i>	龜	鼈	900a685b-
<i>pieh¹-yü²</i>		龜魚	
<i>pieh¹-tan¹</i>		龜蛋	

vicious, bad; sad, mournful; hasty temper.
to draw or hold in the breath.
sad, melancholy, mournful.
cannot stand my grief.
sick at heart.
a species of tortoise, the turtle.
same (kuei¹).
"tortoise's egg," a bastard (wang² pa¹)

pieh¹ 癥 900a685b
pieh¹-tzi³ 癥子

to suppress, to keep down ; a burst swelling.
a urinal.

PIEH¹ 刀 別 900b684a
 pieh²-chia¹ 別家
 pieh²-chien⁴-hsiao⁴ 別見笑
 pieh²-chih⁴ 別緻
 pieh²-ch'u⁴ 別處
 pieh²-ch'ü⁴ 別去
 pieh²-hao⁴ 別號
 pieh²-hou⁴ 別後
 pieh²-hsün²-mên²-lu⁴ 別尋門路
 pieh²-hü²-ssü¹-hsiang³ 別胡思想
 pieh²-huang¹-ch'uan² 別慌船
 pieh²-jên² 別人
 pieh²-ko⁴-jên² 別人
 pieh²-ku²-tiao⁴ 別古調
 pieh²-kuai⁴ 別怪
 pieh²-kuai⁴-wo³ 別怪我
 pieh²-kuan³-wo³ 別管我
 pieh²-kuo⁴-chiang³ 別過獎
 pieh²-li² ch'ou² 別離愁
 pieh²-mang² 別忙
 pieh²-ming² 別名
 pieh²-p'ä⁴-jên²-hsiao⁴ 別怕人笑
 pieh²-shêng¹-ch'i⁴ 別生氣
 pieh²-shêng¹-shih⁴-tuan¹ 別生事端
 pieh²-shuo¹-hua⁴ 別說話
 pieh²-ti¹ 別題
 pieh²-t'i²-t'a¹-liao³ 別題他了
 pieh²-tso⁴ 別做
 pieh²-tung⁴ 別動
 pieh²-tzü⁴-yen³ 別字眼
 pieh²-wei²-fei¹ 別爲非
 pieh²-yang⁴ 別樣
 pieh²-yu³ 別有
 pieh²-yu³-t'ien¹-ti⁴ 別有天地

to separate, to leave ; another ; don't. M. 214.
 do not !
 do not laugh (form of apology).
 (or 致) very eccentric.
 elsewhere, another place.
 don't go ! gone.
 your literary name ?
 after parting.
 do not seek a way out.
 do not think nonsense.
 do not rock the boat
 another person, other persons.
 same.
 impracticable contradiction.
 don't think it strange.
 don't be angry with me.
 don't interfere with me.
 don't flatter me so.
 the sorrow of parting.
 not so fast.
 another name, an alias.
 do not fear men's ridicule.
 don't be angry.
 do not make trouble.
 do not speak !
 another, different.
 do not mention him !
 don't do it.
 don't disturb, don't stir !
 to altercate, to quarrel (k'ou³ chiao¹),
 do not do evil.
 another kind, a different sort.
 else, other, beside.
 another state of existence altogether.

PIEH³ 牙 癯 890a685c
 pieh³-tsui³-tzü³ 癯嘴子
 pieh³ 角 簞 890b693b
 pieh³-li⁴ 簞栗
 pieh³ 牙 癯 890a685c

decay ; distorted ; toothless.
 a toothless person.
 a horn (hao⁴ t'ung³, la³ pa¹).
 a Tartar horn, trumpet.
 shrivelled.

pieh³-cho²-tu⁴-tū³ 瀉着肚子
pieh³ 日 晒 S99c685c

a shrivelled stomach.
dry in the sun.

P'IEH¹ 手 撇 901a686a

to skim, to throw; to abandon; to strike; to wipe.

p'ieh¹-ch'ei⁴ 撇棄

to cast away.

p'ieh¹-ch'ing¹ 撇清

to abandon entirely.

p'ieh¹-hsia⁴-liao³ 撇下了

abandoned; left, bequeathed.

p'ieh¹-hsieh³ 撇邪

supercilious, conceited, foppish.

p'ieh¹-hui² 撇回

to throw back.

p'ieh¹-k'ai¹ 撇開

to set aside; to forget.

p'ieh¹-ko¹-hai²-tū³ 撇個孩子

an orphan child.

p'ieh¹-liao³-tung¹-hsi¹ 撇了東西

to abandon or forget things.

p'ieh¹-mo⁴-tū³ 撇沫子

to skim off scum (while cooking).

p'ieh¹-pu⁴-liao⁴ 撇不掉

cannot give up.

p'ieh¹-t'o¹ 撇脫

to reject, to skim off.

p'ieh¹-tsai¹-na²-rh² 撇在那兒

where did you leave? etc.

p'ieh¹-tuan⁴ 撇斷

to sever, to divide.

p'ieh¹-yu² 撇油

to skim off fat (while cooking).

p'ieh¹ 瞥 901b686b

to glance at (hsüeh² mu⁴).

p'ieh¹-p'ieh¹-ch'iao³ 瞥瞥 901b686b

same (sa² mu⁴).

p'ieh¹ 水 澈 901b686b

rippling, pure.

p'ieh¹-ching⁴-liao³ 澈淨了

rippling, pure.

p'ieh¹-t'ang¹ 澈湯

to skim off the top of the soup.

p'ieh¹-yu² 澈油

very fine oil.

PIEN¹ 是 邊 邊 904a686a

side, border, frontier, edge, etc.

p'ien¹-ch'êng² 邊城

a city on the frontier.

p'ien¹-chiung¹ 邊疆

a frontier, a border.

p'ien¹-ch'iang² 邊牆

the Great Wall (wan¹ li³ ch'ang² ch'êng²).

p'ien¹-chieh⁴ 邊界

a frontier, a border, a boundary.

p'ien¹-ching⁴ 邊境

the frontier.

p'ien¹-huan⁴ 邊患

distress or trouble on the frontier.

p'ien¹-i⁴ 邊邑

a border city.

p'ien¹-kuan¹ 邊關

a frontier pass.

p'ien¹-pi³-yeh³-jên² 邊鄙野人

wild men of the frontier.

p'ien¹-sai⁴ 邊塞

a boundary, a frontier pass.

p'ien¹-t'ao⁴ 邊套

side or leading mule of a cart.

p'ien¹-ti⁴ 邊地

the borders, the frontiers.

p'ien¹-t'ing⁴ 邊庭

a frontier barrier or guardhouse.

p'ien¹-wai⁴ 邊外

beyond the Great Wall.

p'ien¹-yen² 邊沿

along the bank, the edge.

p'ien¹ (tzü) 鞭 903c687a

a whip, a lash, a rod; to whip, to flog.

p'ien¹-chiang¹ 鞭 韁

whip and reins.

<i>pien¹-kan¹</i>	鞭杆	a whip-handle.
<i>pien¹-p'ao⁴</i>	鞭礮	fire-crackers (huo ³ pien ¹ , pao ⁴ chu ³).
<i>pien¹-pei⁴</i>	鞭背	to flog a criminal.
<i>pien¹-p'u¹</i>	鞭撲	to lash, to flog.
<i>pien¹-shao¹</i>	鞭稍	the lash of a whip, the end of a whip-lash.
<i>pien¹-tu³</i>	鞭撻	to beat with the whip.
<i>pien¹-ta³-kun⁴-ch'ui²</i>	鞭打棍捶	lashed and flogged.
<i>pien¹</i>	糸 編 902b687a	to weave, to fabricate; to plait; to compose.
<i>pien¹-chieh³</i>	編結	to tie, to bind.
<i>pien¹-fa³</i>	編髮	to plait the hair.
<i>pien¹-hao⁴</i>	編號	a list of signs of firms, a <i>hang²</i> list.
<i>pien¹-hsi¹</i>	編修	to compile a literary work; a rank in the <i>Han-tu</i> .
<i>pien¹-ju⁴</i>	編入	to enlist, to enrol; enrolled.
<i>pien¹-ko⁴-ch'ü³-êr³</i>	編個曲兒	to compose a song.
<i>pien¹-lien²</i>	編連	to piece, to join; to weave.
<i>pien¹-mu⁴</i>	編木	a raft (cha ¹ fa ² tzi ³).
<i>pien¹-ti¹-huang³</i>	編的謊	falsely composed (a tale).
<i>pien¹-tsao⁴-ti¹</i>	編造的	composed, written (a book).
<i>pien¹-ts'ê⁴</i>	編冊	a list, a register, an inventory.
<i>pien¹</i>	虫 蝠 902b687a	a species of bat.
<i>pien¹-fu²</i>	蝙蝠	same.

PIEN³	戶 扁 901c687b	flat; a tablet; low, small.
<i>pien³-ch'iao³ (ch'ieh³)</i>	扁鵲	study of medicine.
<i>pien³-shih²</i>	扁食	meat-dumpling.
<i>pien³-tan³</i>	扁担	a porter's pole (flat).
<i>pien³-tan³-hsi⁴</i>	扁担戲	puppets, Punch and Judy (k'uei ³ lei ³).
<i>pien³-t'ao²</i>	扁挑	the flat peach.
<i>pien³-ti¹</i>	扁的	flat.
<i>pien³-tou⁴</i>	扁豆	green peas, a kind of bean.
<i>pien³-tsan¹</i>	扁簪	flat hair-pins.
<i>pien³</i>	貝 賤 904b688a	to cast off; to censure; to injure; to dispraise.
<i>pien³-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	賤下去	degraded.
<i>pien³-kuan¹-wei²-min³</i>	賤官爲民	to discharge an official.
<i>pien³-t'ui⁴</i>	賤退	to discharge from office.
<i>pien³</i>	匚 匾 902a687c	a sign-board; a board or tablet; flat.
<i>pien³-lien³</i>	匾聯	tablets (horizontal and perpendicular).
<i>pien³-o²</i>	匾頌	a honorary tablet.
<i>pien³</i>	艸 菹 902c687c	a sort of bean.
<i>pien³-tou⁴-chiao³</i>	菹豆角	a trailing bean pod.

PIEN⁴	人 便 903a688a	convenient; cheap; used to; then, M. 581. See
<i>pien⁴-chia¹</i>	便家	a wealthy family, the rich (hsiao ³ k'ang ¹).

[p'ien².

<i>pien⁴-chieh³</i>	便捷	convenient.
<i>pien⁴-chung³</i>	便中	when convenient.
<i>pien⁴-fan⁴</i>	便飯	common every-day food (<i>chia¹ ch'ang² fan⁴</i>).
<i>pien⁴-hsi³</i>	便習	accustomed to (<i>hsi³ huan⁴</i>).
<i>pien⁴-hu³</i>	便壺	a chamber utensil (<i>yeh⁴ hu³</i>).
<i>pien⁴-i¹</i>	便衣	undress, as opposed to uniform.
<i>pien⁴-i¹-pien⁴-mao⁴</i>	便衣便帽	in civilian dress.
<i>pien⁴-i⁴-hsing³-shih⁴</i>	便宜行事	a Plenipotentiary (大臣).
<i>pien⁴-i³</i>	便宜	advantageous; suitable, proper.
<i>pien⁴-i⁴</i>	便易	convenient and easy (<i>faug¹ pien⁴</i>).
<i>pien⁴-jên³</i>	便人	to take advantage of a person; to benefit a person.
<i>pien⁴-k'o³</i>	便可	then you may, thus you may, thus it will do.
<i>pien⁴-li⁴</i>	便利	convenient, safe.
<i>pien⁴-mên³</i>	便門	a side door (<i>êrh³ mên³</i>).
<i>pien⁴-shih⁴</i>	便是	that is, then it is.
<i>pien⁴-shih⁴-fu³</i>	便是福	that is happiness.
<i>pien⁴-tang¹</i>	便當	convenient, safe, comfortable.
<i>pien⁴-tso⁴</i>	便坐	to sit at ease.
<i>pien⁴</i>	遍	everywhere; a time, a turn.
<i>pien⁴</i>	遍	same.
<i>pien⁴-chao³-ssü⁴-fang²</i>	遍照四方	light cast in all directions.
<i>pien⁴-chieh¹</i>	遍街	the whole street.
<i>pien⁴-ch'u⁴</i>	遍處	every place (<i>man³ ch'u⁴</i>).
<i>pien⁴-ch'u⁴-yu³-hsing³</i>	遍處遊行	tonring for pleasure.
<i>pien⁴-kao⁴</i>	遍告	to inform everyone.
<i>pien⁴-kao⁴-wan⁴-fang¹</i>	遍告萬方	to give notice to all the world.
<i>pien⁴-man³-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>	遍滿天下	throughout the entire world.
<i>pien⁴-shên¹</i>	遍身	the whole body (<i>hun⁴ shên¹</i>).
<i>pien⁴-ti⁴</i>	遍地	everywhere, every place (<i>man³ ti⁴</i>).
<i>pien⁴-tsou³</i>	遍走	to go everywhere.
<i>pien⁴</i>	辨	[pute. to cut asunder, to divide; to distinguish; to dis-
<i>pien⁴-hao³-tai³</i>	辨好歹	to distinguish between good and bad.
<i>pien⁴-lun⁴</i>	辨論	to discuss, to dispute.
<i>pien⁴-ming³</i>	辨明	to distinguish clearly.
<i>pien⁴-pieh³</i>	辨別	to distinguish (<i>fên¹ pien⁴</i>).
<i>pien⁴-pu⁴-ch'u¹</i>	辨不出	unable to discriminate.
<i>pien⁴-shang⁴-hsia⁴</i>	辨上下	to distinguish good from bad.
<i>pien⁴-shuo¹</i>	辨說	to discuss, to dispute.
<i>pien⁴</i>	辯	to discriminate; to judge; to dispute. See <i>pan⁴</i> .
<i>pien⁴-li³</i>	辯理	to argue the right or wrong of a thing.
<i>pien⁴-lun⁴</i>	辯論	to controvert; to argue, to discuss, to dispute.
<i>pien⁴-po³</i>	辯駁	to contradict; to dispute.
<i>pien⁴-shih⁴</i>	辯士	an orator,

pien⁴-shih⁴-fei¹ 辯是非
 pien⁴-tao³ 辯倒才
 pien⁴-ts'ai² 辯才
 pien⁴ 言變 905b689a
 pien⁴-hsi⁴-fa³·rh² 變戲法兒
 pien⁴-hua⁴ 變化
 pien⁴-huan⁴ 變幻
 pien⁴-i⁴ 變易
 pien⁴-kên¹ 變更
 pien⁴-ku⁴ 變故
 pien⁴-kua⁴ 變卦
 pien⁴-liao³-fa³-ma³ 變了法碼
 pien⁴-liao³-hsiang⁴ 變了向
 pien⁴-liao³-hsin¹ 變了心
 pien⁴-liao³-yang⁴-êrh² 變了樣兒
 pien⁴-lüan⁴-shih⁴-fei¹ 變亂是非
 pien⁴-mai⁴ 變賣
 pien⁴-mao⁴ 變貌
 pien⁴-sê⁴ 變色
 pien⁴-tan⁴ 變蛋
 pien⁴-t'î³ 變體
 pien⁴-t'ien¹ 變天
 pien⁴-tun⁴ 變動
 pien⁴-t'ung¹ 變通
 pien⁴-yen²-sé⁴ 變顏色
 pien⁴ (tzü) 糸 辨 905a689a
 pien⁴-fu³ 辨髮
 pien⁴-lien⁴-tzü³ 辨辮子
 pien⁴-pien⁴-tzü³ 辨辮子
 pien⁴-shêng²-êrh² 辨繩兒
 pien⁴ 弁 904c689c
 pien⁴-ping¹ 弁兵
 pien⁴ 卜 904c688b

to discriminate between true and false.
 to convince, to overcome in argument (po² tao³).
 ability to argue. [tion.
 a change, an alteration; to change; an insurrec-
 sleight of hand.
 to change, to transform, to metamorphose.
 sudden changes, illusions (ch'ien¹ pien⁴ wan⁴
 to change, to alter [hua⁴).
 same.
 unforeseen occurrence, accident,
 to change one's mind.
 changed his mind.
 to have lost one's bearings.
 changed one's disposition or views.
 changed the form or style.
 utter confusion of right and wrong.
 to sell off, to turn into money.
 changed appearance.
 to change colour.
 preserved duck's eggs. [eto.).
 an altered form (as of a letter, character, person,
 the weather changes.
 to move, to remove.
 accommodating.
 to change colour.
 the pigtail or Chinese queue; to plait.
 to plait the hair.
 braid in the queue.
 to plait the pigtail (ta³ pien⁴ tzü³).
 the string in the queue.
 military officers; a cap.
 petty officers and privates.
 hurry, perturbed; all; a rule.

P' IEN¹ 人 偏 906a689a
 p'ien¹-ai⁴ 偏愛
 p'ien¹-ch'ên² 偏沉
 p'ien¹-chêng⁴ 偏正
 p'ien¹-ch'iao³ 偏巧
 p'ien¹-chieh³ 偏解
 p'ien¹-chien⁴ 偏見
 p'ien¹-ch'ih¹-p'ien¹-ho¹ 偏吃偏喝
 p'ien¹-chui⁴ 偏墜

to lean towards, inclined; specially. M. 312, 472
 strong partiality.
 heavier on one side than the other.
 slanting and upright; partial and impartial.
 unfair cleverness.
 particular, as opposed to universal.
 a partial view; to view partially.
 eating and drinking alone.
 the swelling of one testicle.

<i>p'ien¹-fang¹</i>	偏方	a good prescription.
<i>p'ien¹-fang²</i>	偏房	a concubine (ch'ieh ⁴).
<i>p'ien¹-hsiang¹</i>	偏相	inclined, partial, to side with.
<i>p'ien¹-hsiang⁴</i>	偏向	partiality (hsiang ⁴ t'a ¹).
<i>p'ien¹-hsieh²</i>	偏斜	inclined, oblique.
<i>p'ien¹-hsin¹</i>	偏心	prejudiced.
<i>p'ien¹-hsin¹-yen¹</i>	偏心眼	prejudiced mind.
<i>p'ien¹-i²</i>	偏倚	to lounge.
<i>p'ien¹-ko⁴-hsiang⁴-ko⁴</i>	偏個向個	unfair to all of them.
<i>p'ien¹-k'ou²-yü²</i>	偏口魚	the sole.
<i>p'ien¹-k'u¹</i>	偏枯	[shên ¹ pu ⁴ sui ²]. decayed on one side, paralysis of one side (pau ⁴
<i>p'ien¹-kuo⁴-liao²</i>	偏過了	"I have eaten," answer to usual salutation.
<i>p'ien¹-li²</i>	偏離	to diverge, to incline,
<i>p'ien¹-li²</i>	偏理	a forced or one-sided argument. [ch'uang ¹].
<i>p'ien¹-lou⁴</i>	偏漏	fistula in perineo or ano (chih ¹ -ch'uang ¹ , lou ⁴
<i>p'ien¹-pei²</i>	偏北	inclined to the north, i. e., not due north.
<i>p'ien¹-p'i⁴</i>	偏僻	depraved, askew, out of the way.
<i>p'ien¹-p'ien¹</i> [ch'iao ²	偏偏	especially, particularly (t'ê' i ⁴).
<i>p'ien¹-p'ien¹-ts'ou⁴</i>	偏偏巧	as luck would have it.
<i>p'ien¹-pu⁴-t'ing¹-hua⁴</i>	偏不聽話	make a point of not listening to advice.
<i>p'ien¹-sha⁴</i>	偏廈	a side room.
<i>p'ien¹-ssü²</i>	偏私	selfish, partiality, bias.
<i>p'ien¹-tai⁴</i>	偏待	to treat unfairly.
<i>p'ien¹-t'êng²-êrh²-nü²</i>	偏疼兒女	partiality for one's children.
<i>p'ien¹-t'ou²-t'êng²</i>	偏頭疼	a head-ache on the side.
<i>p'ien¹-tsai¹-i¹-p'ang²</i>	偏在一旁	to one side.
<i>p'ien¹-tso⁴</i>	偏坐	to sit on one side.
<i>p'ien¹-tu⁴</i>	偏度	degrees of longitude.
<i>p'ien¹-yao⁴</i>	偏要	bent on having, determined to have
<i>p'ien¹</i>	竹篇	a page, a leaf, a section; a publication.
<i>p'ien¹-chang¹</i>	竹篇章	pages and chapters.

P·IEN⁴ 人便 903a638a cheap. See *p'ien⁴* (chien⁴).
p'ien²-i² 便宜 same.

P·IEN² 言 907a690c to boast, to brag; specious. artful.
p'ien²-jên² 言人 to impose on a person (hung² p'ien⁴).
p'ien²-t' a¹-ts'ai²-nêng² 言他才能 to deceive an able man.
p'ien²-tsui² 言嘴 deceitful lips.

P·IEN⁴ 片 905c690c a piece, a slice, a slip, a leaf, the half.
p'ien⁴-chih² 片紙 a visiting card.

p'ien⁴ han³
 p'ien⁴-k'o⁴
 p'ien⁴-pai³
 p'ien⁴-p'ien⁴-ti³
 p'ien⁴-shih³
 p'ien⁴-shih³
 p'ien⁴ tuan⁴
 p'ien⁴-tzu³
 p'ien⁴-yen²
 p'ien⁴-yün³
 p'ien⁴ 馬騙 騙907b691c
 p'ien⁴-chiang¹-kuo⁴- 騙江過海
 p'ien⁴-ch'ü⁴ [hai² 騙去
 p'ien⁴-jên²-ts'ai² wu⁴ 騙人財物
 p'ien⁴-liao³-ch'ü⁴ 騙了去
 p'ien⁴-ma³ 騙馬
 p'ien⁴-tzu³-shou³ 騙手
 p'ien⁴ 刀 刀 副006c690c
 p'ien⁴-jou⁴ 副肉
 p'ien⁴-tao¹ 副刀

a short note, a line.
 a little time, a moment,
 gonorrhœa (pai² cho³).
 in slips or strips.
 a moment, a little while (sha⁴ shih³ chien¹),
 slate.
 full sentences.
 a visiting card (chih³ ming²).
 "sliced words," reticent; a few words.
 striped clouds.
 to defraud, to swindle; to leap on horseback
 to cross rivers and seas.
 to inveigle from (k'uang²).
 to cheat people out of their money.
 inveigled from.
 to leap on horseback; a gelding.
 a swindler (pêng¹ tzu³ shou³).
 to slice, to pare.
 to slice meat (ch'ieh⁴ jou⁴),
 a knife, a carving-knife.

PIN¹ 貝賓賓 賓907c695a
 pin¹-chu³ 賓主
 pin¹-fu² 賓服
 pin¹-k'o⁴ 賓客
 pin¹-p'êng³ 賓朋
 pin¹-t'ien¹ 賓天
 pin¹ 木槓 槓908c695c
 pin¹-lang³ 槓榔
 pin¹-lang²-kao¹ 槓榔膏
 pin¹ 金 鎖908b695b
 pin¹-t'ieh³ 鎖鐵
 pin¹ 女 嬪909b697b
 pin¹-fêi¹ 嬪妃
 pin¹ 水瀕 瀕908a695b

a guest, a visitor; a stranger; to submit.
 guest and host.
 to respect; to submit (p'ei⁴ fu³).
 guests, visitors.
 same.
 to die (of an Emperor) (pêng¹ chia⁴).
 the betel-nut.
 Penang; the betel-nut.
 gambier.
 fine steel.
 very fine steel for swords
 imperial concubines; handsome, beautiful.
 imperial concubines.
 a shore, a bank, a beach.

PIN⁴ 殯 殯908a696c
 pin⁴-ku² 殯骨
 pin⁴-lien⁴ 殯殮
 pin⁴-tsang⁴ 殯葬
 pin⁴ 影鬢 鬢908b696c
 pin⁴-chiao³-rh² 鬢角兒
 pin⁴ fu³ 鬢髮

a funeral; to perform funeral rites; to bury.
 to bury a bone.
 to bury, to inter (ch'êng² lien⁴).
 to bury, a funeral (ch'u¹ pin⁴, fa¹ sang¹).
 the hair on the temples, the temples.
 the temples.
 the hair on temples.

P'IN ¹	手 拚	S57c653a	reject, risk. Also p'an ⁴ . See p'in ⁴ below.
P'IN ³	貝 貧	909a697a	poor, poverty (ch'jung ²), poor and mean.
p'in ³ -chien ⁴	貧 賤		poor and mean.
p'in ³ -ch'iu ³	貧 窮		very poor poverty.
p'in ³ -êrh ² -cha ⁴ -fu ⁴	貧 而 乍 富		sudden riches after poverty.
p'in ³ -êrh ² -lé ⁴	貧 而 樂		poor and yet happy.
p'in ³ -êrh ² -wu ³ -ch'an ³	貧 而 無 詔		poor and yet refraining from flattery.
p'in ³ -fa ²	貧 乏		in poverty.
p'in ³ -fu ⁴	貧 富		poverty and riches.
p'in ³ -fu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -têng ³	貧 富 不 等		poor and rich.
p'in ³ -han ³	貧 寒		poor, destitute (k'un ⁴ k'u ³).
p'in ³ -jên ³	貧 人		a poor person.
p'in ³ -k'u ³	貧 苦		poverty; poor, miserable.
p'in ³ -shih ⁴	貧 士		a poor scholar (han ² ju ³).
p'in ³ -tsui ² -o ⁴ -shé ²	貧 嘴 惡 舌		a poor man's tongue is evil.
P'IN ³	木 榲	909c697a	apple.
p'in ³ -kuo ³	榲 菓		same.
P'IN ³	口 品	909c697c	kind, rank, degree; rule; limit; to arrange.
p'in ³ -ch'a ²	品 茶		to sip tea.
p'in ³ -chi ²	品 級		grade, official grade, rank, degree (kuan ¹ hsien ³).
p'in ³ -chi ² -shih ²	品 級 石		a stone on which official rank is recorded.
p'in ³ -chih ²	品 職		grade, rank.
p'in ³ -chiu ³	品 酒		to taste wine
p'in ³ -ch'u ² -lai ³	品 出 來		to form an estimate (tu ⁴ liang ⁴).
p'in ³ -hsin ¹	品 心		to test a man's heart.
p'in ³ -hsing ²	品 行		conduct, behaviour, actions (hsing ² wei ³).
p'in ³ -hsing ² -tuan ¹ -fang ¹	品 行 端 方		conduct unexceptionable.
p'in ³ -hsing ⁴	品 性		disposition (p'i ² ch'i ⁴).
p'in ³ -hung ³	品 紅		aniline red.
p'in ³ -jên ³ -shih ¹ -fei ¹	品 人 是 非		to decide a person's merits or demerits.
p'in ³ -ko ³	品 格		rule, manner; natural disposition (good).
p'in ³ -lei ⁴	品 類		sort, class, species; to classify.
p'in ³ -mao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ts'o ⁴	品 貌 不 錯		face very good looking.
p'in ³ -p'ing ³	品 評		to classify, to arrange critically; to criticise.
p'in ³ -t'í ³	品 題		to commend critically.
p'in ³ -t'á ¹ -wei ⁴	品 滋 味		to sample, to try the taste of.
p'in ³ -wu ⁴	品 物		various articles; to sort things.
P'IN ³	牝	910a697c	female; female of animals, etc.; the vagina.
p'in ³ -chi ²	牝 雞		the hen (hsing ² chi ¹).
p'in ³ -hu ⁴	牝 戶		the vagina.
p'in ³ -ma ³	牝 馬		a mare.

p'in³-mu³
p'in³-tan²
p'in³-tzu⁴
p'in³-yang³

牝牡
牡丹
牝字
牝羊

male and female of animals.
shrub peony (mu³ tan¹ hua¹).
the female of animals.
the ewe.

P'IN⁴

耳 聘 916a702c

p'in⁴-chia⁴
p'in⁴-ch'ü³
p'in⁴-hsü³
p'in⁴-li³
p'in⁴-ting⁴-hsia⁴
p'in⁴-ting⁴-ti¹
p'in⁴-ting⁴-wei²-ch'i¹
p'in⁴-t'ou³
P'in⁴
p'in⁴-ch'ü⁴
p'in⁴ ming⁴
p'in⁴-liao³-ming⁴

手 才

聘 嫁
聘 娶
聘 許
聘 禮
聘 定 下
聘 定 的
聘 定 爲 妻
聘 頭
拚 拚
拚 拚
拚 拚
拚 拚

[ents.
to request, to ask ; to betroth ; marriage pres-
betrothal and marriage (hun¹ chia⁴).
to marry a woman.
to betroth, betrothed. [chuang⁴).
betrothal presents, presents (of male) (chia⁴
to betroth, betrothed.
the girl betrothed.
to betroth as wife.
a concubine, a mistress. [(also pin¹, p'an⁴).
to brush, to sweep away, to reject ; to grasp
to throw away.
to risk one's life (I'll lose my life, but I'll do it!).
risked his life (chüan¹ ming⁴, huo¹ shang⁴).

PING¹

入 兵 910c698c

ping¹-ch'ai¹
ping¹-ch'ê¹
ping¹-ch'ê¹
ping¹-chia³
ping¹-chiang⁴
ping¹-ch'iang²-ma²-chuang⁴
ping¹-ching¹-liang²-tsu²
ping¹-ch'uan³
ping¹-fan³-tsei²-lian⁴
ping¹-fang²
ping¹-fu²
ping¹-hsiang³
ping¹-hsieh⁴
ping¹-huang¹-ma³-luan⁴
ping¹ jên⁴
ping¹-k'o¹
ping¹-kuan¹
ping¹-lai²-chiang⁴-tang³
ping¹-ma²-sü¹
ping¹-o³
ping¹-pei⁴-tao⁴
ping¹-pu⁴
ping¹-pu⁴-yen⁴-cha⁴

兵 差
兵 車
兵 器
兵 甲
兵 將
兵 强 馬 壯
兵 精 粮 足
兵 船
兵 反 賊 亂
兵 房 符
兵 符 餉
兵 械
兵 荒 馬 亂
兵 刃
兵 科
兵 官
兵 來 將 搆
兵 馬 司
兵 額 道
兵 備 道
兵 部
兵 不 厭 詐

soldier, army ; weapons ; to attack.
soldiers and police.
a war-chariot.
military weapons.
armour.
soldiers and general.
troops of all kinds in fine order.
troops and supplies perfect.
a man-of-war.
troops in revolt and rebels rampant.
department in yamên like Board of War, Peking.
a dispatch or order (wên² shu¹).
pay and rations of troops.
military weapons, arms, stores, etc.
confusion of routed troops.
military weapons (chün¹ ch'ü⁴).
military examinations.
an officer in the army.
it takes a general to stop troops.
a low civil rank (police magistrate). G. 343.
the fixed number of soldiers.
a tao-t'ai (with troops at his command). G. 280.
the " Board of War " at Peking. G. 156.
all is fair in war.

<i>ping¹-shu¹</i>	兵書	military books; dispatches, etc.
<i>ping¹-shu¹-chan⁴-ts'ê⁴</i>	兵書戰策	books on the art of war.
<i>ping¹-ting¹</i>	兵丁	a soldier, soldiers (chün ¹ chia ¹).
<i>ping¹-to¹-chiang⁴-kuang³</i>	兵多將廣	an extensive military organization.
<i>ping¹-t'ou²</i>	兵頭	a commanding officer of any rank.
<i>ping¹-ts'ê⁴</i>	兵策	military tactics or strategy (t'ao ¹ liao ⁴).
<i>ping¹-tsu²</i>	兵卒	a soldier.
<i>ping¹-wei¹</i>	兵威	military prestige.
<i>ping¹-ying²</i>	兵營	a military camp or garrison (ying ² p'an ²).
<i>ping¹-yung³</i>	兵勇	soldiers (regulars and militia).
<i>ping¹</i>	冰 冰	ice.
<i>ping¹</i>	冰	same.
<i>ping¹-cha²-wên³-êrh³</i>	冰炸紋兒	lines like cracked ice.
<i>ping¹-chiao⁴</i>	冰窖	an ice pit or house.
<i>ping¹-ch'ing¹</i>	冰清	pure and simple; clear as ice.
<i>ping¹-ch'ing¹-shui³-lêng³</i>	冰清玉潔	“clear as ice, cold as water,” pure, simple; [ly.]
<i>ping¹-ch'ing¹-yü⁴-chich²</i>	冰清玉潔	clear as ice and pure as jade.
<i>ping¹-ch'uang²</i>	冰床	an ice sledge.
<i>ping¹-chui¹</i>	冰錐	an ice awl.
<i>ping¹-han²</i>	冰寒	cold as ice, icy cold.
<i>ping¹-hsiang¹</i>	冰箱	ice-chest.
<i>ping¹-hsiao¹</i>	冰消	the thawing or melting of ice.
<i>ping¹-hsiao¹-wa³-chieh²</i>	冰消瓦解	the end of a thing (figurative).
<i>ping¹-hsieh²</i>	冰鞋	“ice shoes,” skates.
<i>ping¹-jên²</i>	冰人	a go-between (mei ² jên ²).
<i>ping¹-k'ai¹</i>	冰開	a thaw of ice.
<i>ping¹-k'uai⁴</i>	冰塊	hail.
<i>ping¹-liang²</i>	冰涼	cold as ice, icy cold.
<i>ping¹-ling²-rh²</i>	冰凌兒	icicles.
<i>ping¹-pao²</i>	冰霽	hail.
<i>ping¹-p'ien⁴</i>	冰片	camphor, baroos; ice; a piece of ice (ch'ao ² nao ²).
<i>ping¹-shan¹</i>	冰山	an ice mountain
<i>ping¹-shih⁴</i>	冰室	an ice-house.
<i>ping¹-shui²</i>	冰水	ice water.
<i>ping¹-t'ang²</i>	冰糖	sugar candy.
<i>ping¹-tê²-huang¹</i>	冰得慌	very cold.
<i>ping¹-tung⁴</i>	冰凍	frozen hard (tung ⁴ ti ¹ shih ² tsai ⁴).
<i>ping¹-tung¹-san¹-ch'ih¹</i>	冰凍三尺	“frozen three feet,” a length of time.
<i>ping¹-yang²</i>	冰洋	the Arctic Ocean.
<i>ping¹</i>	木 檳	the betel-nut (pin ¹ lang ²).
<i>ping¹-lang²</i>	檳榔	same.
<i>ping¹-lang²-i¹</i>	檳榔衣	betel-nut husk.
<i>ping¹-lang²-wên²-êrh²</i>	檳榔紋兒	markings of betel-nut kernel.

<i>ping⁴.kên⁴</i>	病根	the root of a disease.
<i>ping⁴.ku⁴</i>	病故	to die of disease.
<i>ping⁴.k'u³</i>	病苦	misery.
<i>ping⁴.néng²-chao²-jên²</i>	病能著人	the disease is infectious.
<i>ping⁴.ping⁴-yang⁴-yang⁴</i>	病病恙恙	unwell, ailing.
<i>ping⁴.ssü³</i>	病死	to die of disease.
<i>ping⁴-tao²-tsai⁴-ch'uang²</i>	病倒在床	sick and took to bed.
<i>ping⁴-tê²-hên²</i>	病得狠	extremely sick.
<i>ping⁴-tê²-li⁴-hai⁴</i>	病得利害	dangerously ill.
<i>ping⁴-t'î²</i>	病體	sickness, illness.
<i>ping⁴-tsai⁴-ch'ui²-wei²</i>	病在垂危	illness reached fatal stage.
<i>ping⁴-wei²</i>	病危	sickness, illness.
<i>ping⁴-yü¹-liao³</i>	病愈了	restored to health (or 癒).
<i>ping⁴-yüan²</i>	病源	the cause or origin of a complaint.
<i>ping⁴</i>	干并竝並 { 并 一 (並	911b700a together with ; united ; and also, moreover ; all same.
<i>ping⁴.ch'ê¹</i>	並車	to ride together in a carriage, etc.
<i>ping⁴.ch'î²</i>	並起	to rise unanimously.
<i>ping⁴.ch'î²-lai²</i>	並起來	to place side by side.
<i>ping⁴.ch'ieh²</i>	並且	moreover, besides, and further (k'uang ⁴ ch'ieh ²).
<i>ping⁴.chien¹</i>	並肩	shoulder to shoulder, side by side (ai ² chien ¹).
<i>ping⁴.fei¹</i>	並非	not, by no means, not by any means.
<i>ping⁴.hêng²</i>	並行	to walk together or abreast.
<i>ping⁴.li⁴</i>	並力	with united strength.
<i>ping⁴-ma²</i>	並馬	to ride on horseback in company.
<i>ping⁴-mu²-tsai⁴-chia¹</i>	並沒在家	truly not at home.
<i>ping⁴-p'ai²-cho²</i>	並排着	placed together.
<i>ping⁴-pan⁴</i>	並伴	together, side by side.
<i>ping⁴.pu⁴-chik⁴-yü²</i>	並不致於	so as not to come to that.
<i>ping⁴.pu⁴-hao³</i>	並不好	all are bad.
<i>ping⁴.pu⁴-hui²-ka²</i>	並不悔改	he did <i>not</i> repent.
<i>ping⁴.pu⁴-shih⁴</i>	並不是	it certainly is not, not at all, not by any means.
<i>ping⁴-t'ou²-lien²</i>	並頭蓮	two lilies on one stem ; united ; coition.
<i>ping⁴.wu²-êrh²-ch'u⁴</i>	並無二處	no two places possible.
<i>ping⁴ (tzü)</i>	木榘	912b700b a handle ; having the control of ; authority.
P'ING¹ (p'êng)	石 砵	880b701a a noise, a rumbling noise (as of stones falling).
<i>p'ing¹.k'o¹</i>	砵 磳	a rumbling noise, a noise like thunder.
P'ING²	干 平	914a701a even, level ; tranquil ; to level ; equal.
<i>p'ing²-an¹</i>	平安	peace, tranquillity.
<i>p'ing²-an¹-wu²-shih⁴</i>	平安無事	the entire absence of trouble.
<i>p'ing².ch'ang²</i>	平常	common, usual (hsü ² ch'ang ²).

p'ing ² -chéng ⁴	平正	level, even ; just.
p'ing ² -ch'í ²	平齊	level, even ; peaceful.
p'ing ² -ch'í ³ -p'ing ² -tso ⁴	平起平坐	rise together and sit down together.
p'ing ² -ch'ien ¹ -hsing ²	平肩行	to go side by side.
p'ing ² -ch'ih ⁴	平治	to regulate.
p'ing ² -ch'ih ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴	平治天下	to regulate the empire.
p'ing ² -chun ² -fên ⁴ -liang ²	平準分兩	weighed correctly.
p'ing ² -fên ⁴	平分	to divide equally.
p'ing ² -fêng ¹	平風	a gentle breeze.
p'ing ² -fang ³	平房	houses with tileless roofs.
p'ing ² -fu ²	平服	to subjugate.
p'ing ² -fu ²	平復	restored to one's usual health, etc.
p'ing ² -ho ²	平和	harmonious.
p'ing ² -hsi ¹	平西	westering (sun).
p'ing ² -hsin ¹ -ching ⁴ -ch'í ²	平心靜氣	very peaceful.
p'ing ² -hsing ²	平行	of equal rank ; to go side by side.
p'ing ² -i ⁴	平易	easy (jung ² i ⁴).
p'ing ² -jih ⁴	平日	on common occasions.
p'ing ² -kuang ¹ -ching ⁴	平光鏡	a lens giving parallel rays ; kind of spectacles.
p'ing ² -k'ung ¹	平空	commonly, constantly ; unexpectedly.
p'ing ² -mie ¹ -tsei ² -k'ou ¹	平滅賊寇	to quell and destroy brigands.
p'ing ² -min ²	平民	the ordinary people, e.g., as distinct from the
p'ing ² -ming ²	平明	near day-break. [Christians.]
p'ing ² -lung ⁴	平浪	a smooth sea.
p'ing ² -pai ²	平白	common, usual.
p'ing ² -pei ⁴	平輩	the same generation of the family.
p'ing ² -p'ing ² -t'í ¹	平平的	level, even, smooth, tranquil.
p'ing ² -p'ing ² -wu ² -ch'í ²	平平無奇	nothing uncommon, ordinary.
p'ing ² -shang ³ -ch'ü ⁴ -ju ⁵	平上去入	the four tones.
p'ing ² -shên ¹	平身	to get up (from a kneeling posture).
p'ing ² -shêng ¹	平生	naturally, usually.
p'ing ² -shêng ¹	平聲	the even tone.
p'ing ² -shih ²	平時	generally, commonly, ordinarily.
p'ing ² -su ⁴	平素	heretofore ; till now.
p'ing ² -t'ai ²	平臺	a terrace ; side rooms.
p'ing ² -tan ⁴	平澹	even, smooth ; harmonious.
p'ing ² -t'an ³	平坦	level, even (as a road).
p'ing ² -t'an ³ -ta ⁴ -lu ⁴	平坦大路	the smooth high road.
p'ing ² -têng ³	平等	of equal rank.
p'ing ² -t'í ⁴	平地	level ground, a plain.
p'ing ² -tiao ⁴ -hsi ⁴	平調戲	even-note, a music.
p'ing ² -ting ⁴	平定	steady, sober, tranquil.
p'ing ² -ting ⁴ -kan ³ -ko ¹	平定干戈	to come to an agreement and end the war,

p'ing ² -tsé ⁴ (chai)	平仄	the even and deflected tones.
p'ing ² -yang ² -ta ⁴ -lu ⁴	平陽大路	the open high road.
p'ing ² -yüan ²	平原	a level plain or common.
p'ing ²	憑	to lean or depend on; proof; at the pleasure of.
p'ing ² 心焉辨	憑	same. M. 218.
p'ing ² -chang ⁴	憑仗	to lean against; to depend upon.
p'ing ² -chêng ⁴	憑證	proof, evidence; to prove.
p'ing ² -chêng ⁴ -tí ¹	憑證的	proof, evidence of; a witness.
p'ing ² -chü ⁴	憑據	proof, evidence of.
p'ing ² -hsin ¹	憑心	to act according to conscience.
p'ing ² -hsin ⁴	憑信	trustworthy (k'ao ⁴ té ³ chu ⁴).
p'ing ² -í ³	憑依	to trust to.
p'ing ² -k'ou ³ -shuo ¹	憑口說	an unsupported assertion.
p'ing ² -k'ung ¹	憑空	foundationless, without grounds.
p'ing ² -li ³	憑理	depending on right.
p'ing ² -liang ² -hsin ¹	憑良心	according to conscience.
p'ing ² -ni ³	憑你	as you please (sui ³ ni ³ pien ⁴).
p'ing ² -ni ³ -shuo ¹	憑你說	according to what you say, as you say.
p'ing ² -shên ² -mo ³	憑甚麼	what proof have you? etc.
p'ing ² -tan ¹	憑單	a paper for reference; a certificate; a [proof.]
p'ing ² -t'ieh ³ -ch'ü ³	憑帖	a note, a money order (p'iao ⁴)
p'ing ² -yin ⁴	憑印	proof seal, sign manual.
p'ing ² 言	評	to discuss, to deliberate; to criticise; to arrange.
p'ing ² -i ⁴	評議	to discuss, and deliberate.
p'ing ² -lun ⁴	評論	to discuss.
p'ing ² -mo ⁴	評脈	to feel the pulse (hao ⁴ mo ⁴).
p'ing ² -p'ing ³ -lí ³	評評理	to discuss, come to an understanding.
p'ing ² -ting ⁴	評定	to decide, to arbitrate.
p'ing ² -yüeh ⁴ -shih ¹ -	評閱詩文	to review poems and essays.
p'ing ² 戶	屏	to cover, to screen; to reject; to put away.
p'ing ² -ch'ü ⁴	屏氣	to hold one's breath; to forbear.
p'ing ² -ch'ü ⁴	屏去	to reject, to put away (yen ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
p'ing ² -fêng ¹	屏風	a screen (hua ¹ p'ing ²).
p'ing ² -mén ²	屏門	a door-screen.
p'ing ² 艸	萍	a sort of water lichen or moss.
p'ing ² -shui ³ -hsiang ¹	萍水相逢	a first meeting; to meet unexpectedly.
p'ing ² -ts'ao ³ [fêng ²	萍草	water lichen, moss.
p'ing ² (tzi) 瓦	瓶	a bottle, a vase.
p'ing ² -sai ⁴ -rh ²	瓶塞兒	a stopper, a cork.
p'ing ² -tsu ³	瓶梓	a bottle-cork.
p'ing ² (p'in) 艸	蘋	the apple.
p'ing ² -kuo ³	蘋菓	same.
p'ing ² 木	檳	apple. Also p'in ² .

p'ing²-kuo²-kan¹-êrh² 櫛果乾兒
 p'ing²-kuo²-lû⁴ 櫛果綠

dried apples.
 apple-green.

PO¹ 水 叉 波^{917a703a}
 po¹-lan² 波瀾
 po¹-lang⁴ 波浪
 po¹-lêng²-kai⁴-rh² 波棧蓋兒
 po¹-mo⁴ 波沫
 po¹-p'uo⁴-rh² 波泡兒
 po¹-ssü¹-kuo² 波斯國

waves; a ruffled surface.
 waves (chopping); to talk at random.
 waves.
 the kneecap, the knee.
 crests of waves, surf, comb.
 wave bubbles or crests.
 Persia.

PO¹ 玉 玻^{917a704b}
 po¹-li² 玻璃
 po¹-li²-chan³ 玻璃盞
 po¹-li²-ching⁴ 玻璃鏡
 po¹-li²-chuan¹ 玻璃磚
 po¹-li²-ho² 玻璃盒
 po¹-li²-liao² 玻璃料
 po¹-li²-pei¹ 玻璃盃
 po¹-li²-p'ien⁴ 玻璃片
 po¹-li²-p'ing²-rh² 玻璃瓶兒
 po¹-li²-têng¹ 玻璃燈

glass.
 same (liu² li²).
 a glass bowl.
 a looking-glass.
 window-glass.
 a glass jar.
 glass-ware.
 a drinking glass, a tumbler.
 window-glass.
 glass bottles or vases.
 a glass lamp.

PO¹ 手 才 撥^{919c708c}
 po¹-chêng⁴ 撥
 po¹-chi² ni²-tien³ 撥正
 po¹-ch'ien² 撥給你點
 po¹-ch'ü⁴ 撥錢
 po¹-ch'u¹ 撥去
 po¹-chuan³-jên²-hsin¹ 撥出
 po¹-ch'uan² 撥轉人心
 po¹-chun³-liao³ 撥船
 po¹-hsiang⁴ 撥準了
 po¹-huai¹-liao³ 撥項
 po¹-k'ai¹ 撥壞了
 po¹-k'ai¹-mên² 撥開門
 po¹-kei³ 撥給
 po¹-ko⁴-jên²-lai² 撥個人來
 po¹-la¹ 撥擱
 po¹-la¹-k'ai¹ 撥擱開
 po¹-lai²-ti¹ 撥來的
 po¹-lang⁴-ku² 撥浪鼓
 po¹-ma³ 撥馬
 po¹-ping¹ 撥兵
 po¹-po¹-chuan³-chuan³ 撥撥轉轉

to separate; to disperse; to reject; to regulate.
 to correct, to set right.
 give you a little.
 to transfer money.
 to reject, to expel; remove.
 to give out; to take out, to abstract.
 to bring men's hearts around to the true path.
 lighters.
 distributed evenly.
 to transfer money.
 pulled to pieces.
 to open out; to reject; get away! be off!
 to pry open a door.
 to give out, to disburse.
 to send a person (ch'ai¹ jên² lai²).
 to turn over and examine or sort; to spread out.
 to separate; to open out.
 got by transfer.
 a kind of small drum.
 to turn a horse.
 to remove troops.
 to make to turn round.

po ¹ -sung ⁴		撥送	to despatch troops, etc.; to remove.
po ¹ -shên ¹ -chin ¹		撥身金	to transfer one's wages.
po ¹ -Lao ⁴ -wan ³ -li ³		撥到碗裏	transferred to the cup.
po ¹ -yün ² -chien ⁴ -jih ⁴		撥雲見日	fig. open the clouds and see the sun.
po ¹	刀 刀	剝 剝	to flay, to peel, to scrape off. See pao ¹ .
po ¹ -ch'ü ¹ -lai ²		剝出來	to extort.
po ¹ -lo ⁴		剝落	to flay.
po ¹ -min ²		剝民	"to flay the people" (to oppress them).
po ¹ -p'i ²		剝皮	to peel, to skin.
po ¹ -p'i ² -t'ing ¹		剝皮廳	a swindle (jocular).
po ¹ -p'i ² -ts'ao ³ -hsüan ¹		剝皮草喧	to flay and stuff with straw.
po ¹	食 餅	餅 餅	cakes, biscuits.
po ¹ po ¹		餅 餅	same.
po ¹ -po ¹ -ting ¹		餅 餅丁	the dandelion (pai ² pai ² ts'ai ⁴).
po ¹	金 鉢	鉢 鉢	a sacrificial vessel, priest's alms dish.
po ¹ -yü ²		鉢 孟	same.
po ¹	艸 廿	菠 菠	cabbage; a fruit.
po ¹ -lo ³		菠 蘿	the pineapple.
po ¹ -lo ³ -mi ⁴		菠 蘿蜜	the jack-fruit.
po ¹ -ts'ai ⁴		菠 菜	winter cabbage; spinach.
po ¹	艸 廿	葡 葡	turnips (lo ³ po ¹).
po ¹ (pai)	手 璧	璧 璧	to open, to break a cake.
PO ²	艸 廿	薄 薄	stingy; contemptuous; peppermint. See pao ² .
po ² -ch'ing ²		薄 情	wanting in right feeling.
po ² -ho ³		薄 荷	peppermint.
po ² -ho ³ -yeh ⁴		薄 荷 葉	peppermint leaf.
po ² -ho ³ -yu ²		薄 荷 油	peppermint oil.
po ² -hsing ²		薄 行	contemptuous, improper conduct.
po ² -hsing ⁴		薄 倖	to treat a wife slightly.
po ² -jên ² -i ⁴		薄 仁 義	to offend.
po ² -mien ⁴		薄 面	very nervous.
po ² -ming ⁴		薄 命	a poor destiny (of ill-success in life).
po ² -shên ² -shêng ¹ -t'i ¹		薄 生 生 的	quite thin, delicately thin. [shih ⁴].
po ² -shih ⁴		薄 視	to view slightly or contemptuously (miao ³
po ² -tai ⁴		薄 待	to treat shabbily.
po ² -t'i ⁴		薄 地	barren ground.
po ²	十 博	博 博	extensive; profound; to traffic; to jest, to play.
po ² -êrh ³ -pu ⁴ -ching ¹		博 而 不 精	wide knowledge, but not deep.
po ² -h'iao ²		博 學	extensive learning.
po ² -i ² -hsiao ⁴		博 一 笑	to raise a laugh by saying something witty.
po ² -i ⁴		博 弈	to play at chess (hsia ⁴ ch'i ²).
po ² -ku ² -t'ung ² -chin ¹		博 古 通 今	equally at home in ancient and modern learning.

<i>po²-shih¹</i>		博施	922a708b	extensive liberality.
<i>po²-shih⁴</i>		博士		a doctor of the Academy of Learning.
<i>po²-wu²-yüan⁴</i>		博物院		a museum.
<i>po²-wên²</i>		博聞		great scholarship.
<i>po²-ya³</i>		博雅		profound knowledge and elegance.
<i>po²</i>	駁	駁	922a708b	to contradict ; contradictory, diverse ; freckled.
<i>po²-chêng⁴</i>		駁政		criticise acts of government.
<i>po²-chia⁴</i>		駁價		to object to the price.
<i>po²-ch'uan²</i>		駁船		to load from one to another vessel ; a cargo boat.
<i>po²-hui²</i>		駁回		to contradict a person ; to refuse.
<i>po²-hui³</i>		駁毀		to detract from.
<i>po²-k'ou²</i>		駁口		to contradict a person (t'ai³ kang⁴).
<i>po²-pang⁴</i>		駁謗		to detract from.
<i>po²-ping¹</i>		駁兵		to remove troops.
<i>po²-pu⁴-tao⁴</i>		駁不倒		cannot be contradicted.
<i>po²-tao⁴</i>		駁倒		to overthrow in argument (pien⁴ tao⁴).
<i>po²-wên²</i>		駁文		to contradict, to declare incorrect.
<i>po²</i>	人	伯	917c707b	[ity. an uncle ; a senior, a superior ; 3rd rank of nobil- chief, doyen.
<i>po²-chu³</i>		伯主		3rd rank of nobility, an earl.
<i>po²-chüeh²</i>		伯翁		a father's elder brother, an uncle.
<i>po²-fu⁴</i>		伯父		an elder brother.
<i>po²-hsiung¹</i>		伯兄		to manage, to control.
<i>po²-li³</i>		伯理		a father's elder brother's wife, an aunt.
<i>po²-mu³</i>		伯母		uncle on the father's side.
<i>po²-shu²</i>		伯叔		a hundred. See <i>pai³</i> .
<i>po²</i>	白	百	849a707b	name of an edible bulb. [shu⁴ min²).
<i>po²-ho²</i>		百合		"the hundred surnames," the people (li² min²,
<i>po²-hsing⁴</i>		百姓		the neck, the navel.
<i>po² (tzü)</i>	肉	脖	919b718c	the navel.
<i>po²-ch'ü²</i>		脖臍		nape of neck.
<i>po²-hsiang⁴</i>		脖項		the neck (hsiang⁴ kêng²).
<i>po²-kên²-tzü³</i>		脖頸子		white. See <i>pai²</i> .
<i>po²</i>	白	白	849a707c	
PO³	手	播	920a703c	to winnow ; to remove ; to sow ; to scatter.
<i>po²-ch'ü²</i>		播棄		to put or throw away ; to reject.
<i>po²-chung³</i>		播種		to scatter or sow seeds (sa³ chung³, chung⁴ chung²).
<i>po²-mi³</i>		播米		to winnow rice (jang³ ch'ang²).
<i>po²-nung⁴</i>		播弄		to dupe, to deceive, to beguile (hu² nung⁴).
<i>po²-pai²-ku³</i>		播百穀		to sow the different kinds of grain.
<i>po²-yang³</i>		播揚		to spread abroad, to disseminate.
<i>po²</i>	竹	筥	925c705b	a basket-tray.
<i>po²-lo²</i>		筥籠		a basket-tray (to feed animals in).

- PO⁴ 竹 簾 917c704o a wicker dust-pan, a sort of winnowing basket.
 po⁴-chi¹ 簾 箕 same.
 po⁴-yang² 簾 揚 to winnow.
 po⁴-yang³ 簾 颶 same.
 po⁴ (p'o⁴) 迫 迫 918b708a extreme, urgent, pressing; to embarrass.
 po⁴-chi² 迫 急 same (chao³ chi²).
 po⁴-ch'ieh⁴ 迫 切 decisive, pressing, urgent; to compel.
 po⁴ 金 鉞 913c706a leaf of paper foil for worship (hsi² po⁴).
 po⁴ 竹 箔 618c706a a splint door-screen.
 po⁴ 金 鈸 921c709o cymbals (nao³ po⁴).
 po⁴ 肉 膊 920c706b the arm; dried meat (po⁴ lêng² kai⁴ erh²).
 po⁴ 水 泊 918c707c shore, to anchor.
- P'O¹ 頁 頗 923c705a very, extremely; rather; doubt, suspicion.
 p'o¹-chia¹ 頗 佳 extremely good.
 p'o¹-chiao⁴ 頗 覺 to know, to understand.
 p'o¹-chih¹ 頗 知 to know, understand.
 p'o¹-chiu³ 頗 久 a very long time.
 p'o¹-ch'ieh⁴ 頗 切 exceedingly.
 p'o¹-hia³ 頗 好 extremely good; to be very fond of.
 p'o¹-hsiang¹ 頗 香 very fragrant (p'ên⁴ hsiang¹).
 p'o¹-hsiuo³ 頗 曉 to know, to understand.
 p'o¹-k'o³ 頗 可 it will do extremely well.
 p'o¹-to¹ 頗 多 very many or much.
 p'o¹-yu³ 頗 有 pretty well supplied.
 p'o¹-yu³-ch'ü⁴ 頗 有 趣 very pleasant.
 p'o¹-yu³-wo⁴-êrh² 頗 有 味 兒 very fragrant.
 p'o¹ (tzü) 土 坡 922c704a a mound, a bank, a hill.
 p'o¹-k'an³ 坡 坎 same.
 p'o¹-ti⁴ 坡 地 level land.
 p'o¹ 水 潑 925b710a to sprinkle, to scatter, to shower; water drip-
 p'o¹-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴ 潑 出 去 spill it out. [ping.
 p'o¹-ch'u¹-ti³-shui³ 潑 出 的 水 water spilt.
 p'o¹-fu⁴ 潑 婦 a vixen (han⁴ fu⁴).
 p'o¹-mo⁴ 潑 墨 "scatter ink," to sketch; to scribble.
 p'o¹-p'o¹-yüan⁴-tzü³ 潑 潑 院 子 to sprinkle the court-yard.
 p'o¹-shui³ 潑 水 to sprinkle water (sa³ shui³).
- P'O² 女 婆 923c704b a woman, an old woman; a mother.
 p'o²-chia¹ 婆 家 a family, husband's mother.
 p'o²-chiao¹-rh² 婆 角 兒 "old women," in theatricals.
 p'o²-hsi² 婆 媳 a son's mother and wife, mother and daughter.
 p'o²-hsin¹ 婆 心 a motherly heart (i¹ p'ien⁴ p'o² hsin¹).

<i>p'ó²-mu³</i>	婆母	a mother-in-law.
<i>p'ó²-niang³</i>	婆娘	a wife; an old lady
<i>p'ó²-p'ó³</i>	婆婆	a husband's mother.
<i>p'ó²-p'ó³-ma¹-ma¹</i>	婆婆媽媽	effeminate.
<i>p'ó² p'ó²-niang²-niang²</i>	婆婆娘娘	same.
<i>p'ó²-p'ó²-chia¹</i>	婆婆家	a husband's family.
P'O⁴	石	
<i>p'ó⁴-chan⁴-tsou³</i>	破站走	to break; to tear; to ruin; found out; defeated.
<i>p'ó⁴-chan⁴</i>	破綻	to exceed the usual day's journey.
<i>p'ó⁴-chên⁴</i>	破陣	a hole, a rent; a fault.
<i>p'ó⁴-chi⁴</i>	破計	to break the ranks; to gain a victory.
<i>p'ó⁴-chia¹</i>	破家	to defeat a plot.
<i>p'ó⁴-chia¹-pai⁴-ch'an³</i>	破家敗產	to ruin a family (pai ⁴ chia ¹).
<i>p'ó⁴-chieh³</i>	破解	to ruin the family and its property.
<i>p'ó⁴-chieh⁴</i>	破戒	to explain clearly.
<i>p'ó⁴-ch'ien²</i>	破錢	to break the rules of a fast.
<i>p'ó⁴-ch'ü²-ch'ing²-mien⁴</i>	破除情面	to expend upon; to waste money.
<i>p'ó⁴-fa³</i>	破法	to disregard friendship.
<i>p'ó⁴-fei⁴-liao³</i>	破費了	a method of solving the difficulty.
<i>p'ó⁴-fei⁴-liao²-ni³</i>	破費了你	wasted, extravagant.
<i>p'ó⁴-f'ing¹-shui³</i>	破風水	I am causing you trouble; thank you.
<i>p'ó⁴-fu²</i>	破腹	to spoil the luck.
<i>p'ó⁴-huai⁴</i>	破壞	to make a clean breast, to confide in, to tell all.
<i>p'ó⁴-i¹-shang¹</i>	破衣裳	to break to pieces.
<i>p'ó⁴-k'ou³</i>	破口	to tear clothes; torn clothes.
<i>n'ó⁴-k'ou³-ta⁴-ma⁴</i>	破口大罵	to abuse, to rail, to scold (k'ou ³ chiao ¹).
<i>p'ó⁴-kua¹</i>	破瓜	furious reviling.
<i>p'ó⁴-lan⁴</i>	破爛	to deflour a maid.
<i>p'ó⁴-lieh⁴</i>	破裂	torn.
<i>p'ó⁴-mi²</i>	破謎	same.
<i>p'ó⁴-miao⁴</i>	破廟	to solve a riddle (ts'ai ¹ mi ²).
<i>p'ó⁴-pai⁴</i>	破敗	a ruined temple.
<i>p'ó⁴-pei⁴-tzü³</i>	破被子	ruined (as a person, family, or state),
<i>p'ó⁴-p'i²</i>	破皮	a torn coverlet.
<i>p'ó⁴-pi⁴-liao³</i>	破不了	to break the skin—by a blow.
<i>p'ó⁴-shang¹-f'eng¹-sü³</i>	破傷風死	it will not break.
<i>p'ó⁴-shuo¹</i>	破說	cold in a wound resulting fatally,
<i>p'ó⁴-sui⁴</i>	破碎	to speak fully or plainly.
<i>p'ó⁴-t'ü⁴-yü⁴</i>	破地獄	to break in pieces.
<i>p'ó⁴-t'ou²-hsieh¹</i>	破頭楔	to break open Purgatory—Buddhist.
<i>p'ó⁴-ts'ai²</i>	破財	a wedge driven into a crack (metaphor.).
<i>p'ó⁴-tsui³</i>	破嘴	to squander wealth.
		to make one's mouth sore by talking.

<i>p'o⁴-tu⁴</i>		破肚		violent purging.
<i>p'o⁴</i>	玉	珀	024c710b	amber.
<i>p'o⁴-mo⁴</i>		珀末		amber powder (a medicine).
<i>p'o⁴</i>	鬼	魄	924c711c	a spirit, the spirit, the animal soul; form, figure.
<i>p'o⁴-ju⁴-yü²-ti⁴</i>		魄入於地		the (material) soul enters the earth.
POU³	刀	剖	926c673c	to rip, to cut open, to split asunder.
<i>p'ou³-fu³</i>		剖符		to divide a cheque.
<i>p'ou³-fu³-ming²-hsin¹</i>		剖腹明心		to lay bare the inmost heart.
<i>p'ou³-fu³-yen²-yün⁴</i>		剖腹驗孕		to open the belly to inspect the embryo.
<i>p'ou³-hsin¹</i>		剖心		to open one's heart, to confide in.
<i>p'ou³-hsin¹-li⁴-tan³</i>		剖心瀝膽		same.
<i>p'ou³-hsin¹-wa¹-yen³</i>		剖心剜眼		to cut out the heart and gouge out eyes.
<i>p'ou³-k'ai¹</i>		剖開		to cut open (as a melon, etc.).
<i>p'ou³-ko¹</i>		剖割		same.
<i>p'ou³-p'an⁴</i>		剖判		to decide in judgment (p'an ⁴ tuan ⁴).
<i>p'ou³-tuan⁴</i>		剖斷		to decide in judgment, to sentence.
PU¹	日	晡	927c712a	3 to 5 o'clock P.M.
<i>pu¹-shih²</i>		晡時		same.
PU²	酉	醜	928c718a	mother on vinegar.
PU³	手	捕	927b714c	to seize, to apprehend; to strike; to pursue.
<i>pu³-feng¹-cho¹-ying³</i>		捕風捉影		fig. vain effort.
<i>pu³-huo⁴</i>		捕獲		to seize, to apprehend.
<i>pu³-i⁴</i>		捕役		constables, policemen.
<i>pu³-mieh⁴</i>		捕滅		to suppress.
<i>pu³-na²</i>		捕拿		to seize, to apprehend.
<i>pu³-niao³</i>		捕鳥		to catch birds.
<i>pu³-pan¹</i>		捕班		the thief catchers of a yamén.
<i>pu³-tao⁴</i>		捕盜		to apprehend robbers.
<i>pu³-t'ing¹</i>		捕廳		a District Police Magistrate. G. 294.
<i>pu³-tsei²</i>		捕賊		to apprehend thieves, etc.
<i>pu³-yü²</i>		捕魚		to catch fish (tiao ⁴ yü ²).
<i>pu³</i>	衣	補	927c712b	to mend, to repair; to add on; to fill up
<i>pu³-ch'ên⁴</i>		補襯		rags used for making pasteboard.
<i>pu³-ch'ien²-ti³-tzü³</i>		補錢底子		to make good deficiency of count in cash.
<i>pu³-ch'ü⁴</i>		補救		to rectify shortcomings.
<i>pu³-hu⁴</i>		補助		to help, to assist.
<i>pu³-ch'üeh¹</i>		補缺		to fill up a vacancy.
<i>pu³-fu²</i>		補服		official clothing (kuan ¹ 1').
<i>pu³-hsieh²</i>		補瀉		tonics and purgatives.

pu ³ -hsieh ³	補鞋	to mend shoes.
pu ³ -hsieh ⁴	補血	to invigorate the blood.
pu ³ -huan ²	補還	to repay, to make up a loss to.
pu ³ -i ¹ -shang ¹	補衣裳	to mend or patch clothes.
pu ³ -i ²	補益	to help, to assist, to benefit.
pu ³ -k'u ¹ -lung ³	補窟窿	to mend a hole.
pu ³ -kua ⁴	補褂	official robe.
pu ³ -lien ²	補纏	to mend clothes.
pu ³ -lin ²	補廩	to become lin ² -shêng ¹ .
pu ³ -lu ⁴	補路	to mend roads.
pu ³ -pao ⁴	補報	robes with official badges.
pu ³ -shang ⁴	補上	to add to or on.
pu ³ -ting ⁴	補釘	a patch on clothes.
pu ³ -tsu ²	補足	to make up a deficiency.
pu ³ -tzü ³	補子	square or round emblems of rank on official robe.
pu ³ -yao ⁴	補藥	tonic medicine.
pu ³	卜	to divine.
pu ³ -i ³ -chüeh ² -i ²	卜以決疑	to divine to remove doubt.
pu ³ -l'o ⁴	卜課	the business of divination by diagrams.
pu ³ -kua ¹	卜卦	to divine, to foretell.

PU ⁴	一	不	926c717a	not.	M. 525
pu ⁴ -ai ⁴		不愛		averse to, to dislike.	
pu ⁴ -ai ⁴ -hsi ²		不愛惜		averse to, careless about.	
pu ⁴ -ai ⁴		不礙		unimportant, of no concern.	
pu ⁴ -ai ⁴ -shih ⁴		不礙事		an unimportant affair, it makes no difference.	
pu ⁴ -an ¹		不安		uneasy, uncomfortable.	
pu ⁴ -an ¹ -fên ⁴		不安分		disorderly conduct.	
pu ⁴ -ch'a ¹		不差		no difference, alike.	
pu ⁴ -ch'ang ² -chüu ³		不長久		not for any length of time.	
pu ⁴ -chêng ⁴		不正		incorrect, awry.	
pu ⁴ -ch'êng ²		不成		incomplete; eh? what?	
pu ⁴ -ch'êng ² -ch'i ⁴		不成器		does not amount to anything in life. [donor].	
pu ⁴ -ch'êng ² -ching ⁴ -i ⁴		不成敬意		an inadequate expression of respect (said by a hard case).	
pu ⁴ -ch'êng ² -p'i ² -ch'i ⁴		不成脾氣		worthless.	
pu ⁴ -ch'êng ² -ts'ai ² -liao ⁴		不成材料		does not acknowledge.	
pu ⁴ -ch'êng ² -jên ⁴		不承認		contrary to my hopes.	
pu ⁴ -ch'êng ² -wang ⁴		不承望		not time to, not in time, not up to.	
pu ⁴ -chi ²		不及		inferior.	
pu ⁴ -chi ⁴		不濟		uneven, unlike (ch'i ³ chieh ²).	
pu ⁴ -ch'i ²		不齊		bad.	
pu ⁴ -ch'iang ²		不强		unfriendly.	
pu ⁴ -chiao ¹ -yau ³		不交友			

pu ⁴ -chieh ¹ -pu ⁴ -lien ²	不接不連	disconnected.
pu ⁴ -chieh ² -k'o ³	不解渴	will not assuage thirst.
pu ⁴ -chien ⁴	不見	to lose, lost; invisible, not to see.
pu ⁴ -chien ⁴ -ch'í ²	不見其	not likely, scarcely think, dubious.
pu ⁴ -chien ⁴ -chia ¹	不見佳	to see no excellence in.
pu ⁴ -chien ² -ch'ou ²	不見醜	not to be put to shame.
pu ⁴ -chih ¹ -hau ² -tai ²	不知好歹	knows not good or bad.
pu ⁴ -chih ¹ -hsiu ¹ -ti ¹	不知羞的	barefaced, shameless.
pu ⁴ -chih ¹ -pu ⁴ -chiao ²	不知不覺	insensibly, unconsciously.
pu ⁴ -chih ¹ -tao ⁴	不知道	not to know, I don't know.
pu ⁴ -chih ²	不止	does not stop, not only, more than.
pu ⁴ -chih ⁴ -yü ²	不至於	so as not, not to the extent of.
pu ⁴ -chin ² -shên ⁴	不謹真	careless, inattentive, lazy, negligent.
pu ⁴ -chin ¹ -jên ² -ch'ing ⁴	不近人情	eccentric.
pu ⁴ -chin ⁴ -li ⁴	不盡力	does not exert himself to the full extent.
pu ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -ch'u ²	不清楚	indistinct.
pu ⁴ -chiu ²	不久	not long, before long.
pu ⁴ -cho ² -i ⁴	不着意	not careful.
pu ⁴ -chu ⁴ -ti ¹	不住的	incessantly, unceasingly.
pu ⁴ -chiu ¹	不拘	no matter which or what (jên ⁴ shui ¹).
pu ⁴ -chü ² -pu ⁴ -chü ¹	不拘不拘	no matter, make yourself easy.
pu ⁴ -chuan ¹ -hsin ¹	不專心	does not apply himself.
pu ⁴ -ch'üan ²	不全	incomplete.
pu ⁴ -chiuo ²	不覺	insensible to, not to feel, perceive, etc.
pu ⁴ -chun ²	不准	to disallow.
pu ⁴ -chun ²	不準	it is not certain.
pu ⁴ -chun ² -ch'êng ²	不準成	not certain, not sure.
pu ⁴ -chun ¹	不中	won't do, no use; dying.
pu ⁴ -chung ¹ -t'ing ¹	不中聽	unseemly language.
pu ⁴ -chung ¹ -yung ⁴	不中用	useless.
pu ⁴ -chung ¹	不忠	disloyal (chien ¹).
pu ⁴ -ch'ung ² -yang ⁴	不重樣	no two alike.
pu ⁴ -fu ² -ti ¹ -shih ⁴	不合法的事	lawless conduct.
pu ⁴ -fan ¹	不凡	uncommon; not vulgar; not mortal.
pu ⁴ -fang ¹	不妨	don't be apprehensive, no matter,
pu ⁴ -fang ² -pei ⁴	不防備	unprepared, unguarded, suddenly.
pu ⁴ -fan ²	不凡	uncommon.
pu ⁴ -fên ¹ -pei ² -tz'ü ³	不分彼此	to have no separate interests (ideal friendship).
pu ⁴ -fên ¹	不忿	angry, indignant, cannot but be angry.
pu ⁴ -fu ²	不服	to differ with.
pu ⁴ -fu ² -ch'ü ⁴	不服氣	same.
pu ⁴ -hao ²	不好	not good, bad.
pu ⁴ -hao ² -ch'ih ¹	不好吃	not good to eat.

pu⁴-hao³-ch'ui¹-k'ou² 不好出口
 pu⁴-hao³ i¹-ssü¹ 不好意思
 pu⁴-hao³-k'an³ 不好看
 pu⁴-hao³-kuo⁴ 不好過
 pu⁴-hao³-shuo¹ 不好說
 pu⁴-hao³-t'ing¹ 不好聽
 pu⁴ ho²-shih⁴ 不合式
 pu⁴-ho² 不和
 pu⁴-hsi⁴-hsin¹ 不細心
 pu⁴-hsi² 不惜
 pu⁴-hsiang¹-kan¹ 不相干
 pu⁴-hsiang² 不祥
 pu⁴-hsiang⁴ 不像
 pu⁴-hsiang⁴-yang⁴ 不像樣
 pu⁴-hsiao¹-hua⁴ 不消化
 pu⁴-hsiao³-hsin¹ 不小心
 pu⁴-hsiao³-tê² 不曉得
 pu⁴-hsiao⁴ 不效
 pu⁴-hsiao⁴ 不孝
 pu⁴-hsiao⁴ 不肖
 pu⁴-hsin⁴ 不信
 pu⁴-hsin⁴-fu² 不信服
 pu⁴-hsü² 不許
 pu⁴-hsing² 不行
 pu⁴-hsing⁴ 不幸
 pu⁴-hsü¹ 不須
 pu⁴-hui²-kai² 不悔改
 pu⁴-hui⁴ 不會
 pu⁴-i¹-t'a¹ 不依他
 pu⁴-i⁴ 不意
 pu⁴-i¹-shih² 不一時
 pu⁴-i¹-ting⁴ 不一定
 pu⁴-i¹-yang⁴ 不一樣
 pu⁴-jan² 不然
 pu⁴-jang⁴ 不讓
 pu⁴-jên² 不忍
 pu⁴-jên⁴ 不認
 pu⁴-jên⁴-tê² 不認得
 pu⁴ jên⁴-chang⁴ 不認賬
 pu⁴-jên⁴-te²-t'a¹ 不認得他
 pu⁴-jen⁴-tsui¹ 不認罪
 pu⁴-jung²-f'ên¹-shuo¹ 不容分說
 pu⁴-ji⁴ 不日

had better not be uttered.
 do not like to, do not feel at liberty to,
 ill-looking
 hard to make a living, unwell.
 not fit to speak of, improper to mention.
 unfit to hear; sad to hear.
 to disagree; to misfit.
 to disagree, unfriendly.
 is not careful.
 regardless or unmindful of.
 never mind, of no consequence.
 unlucky.
 not like or resembling.
 inferior, indifferent.
 does not digest (k'o¹ hua⁴ pu⁴ tung⁴).
 careless, inattentive.
 I don't know.
 not to exert one self. [hsiao⁴].
 disobedient, unfilial, undutiful (wu³ ni⁴ pu⁴
 degenerate, disobedient.
 to disbelieve, I don't believe it.
 to mistrust, to disbelieve.
 to disallow.
 it will not do or answer.
 unluckily; mishap.
 unfortunately, inopportunisty.
 does not repent.
 unable to (acquired ability) (pu⁴ nêng²).
 to disallow, to withstand, to demand satisfaction.
 inadvertently, without any idea of, etc.
 needless, unnecessary, before long.
 uncertain, unsettled, not settled.
 unlike, different.
 not so; on the contrary.
 to disallow, not to yield.
 impatient.
 to deny, to disavow, not so; not to know; un-
 not to know. [willing].
 do not acknowledge the account.
 I do not recognise him.
 does not confess the crime.
 do not need to speak.
 not many days, before long.

pu ⁴ -jo ⁴	不若	better ; rather ; nothing like.
pu ⁴ -ju ³	不如	not as, not so good as, better so and so, not like.
vu ⁴ -jung ³	不容	not to allow or encourage.
pu ⁴ -jung ² -i ⁴	不容易	not easy, difficult.
pu ⁴ -kai ¹	不該	ought not.
pu ⁴ -kan ¹ -ching ⁴	不乾淨	dirty, unclean, not clean (wu ¹ hui ⁴).
pu ⁴ -kan ³	不敢	dare not, not to venture, I dare not.
pu ⁴ -kan ³ -tang ¹	不敢當	thank you ; I could not venture to.
pu ⁴ -kan ³ -tzu ⁴ -chuan ¹	不敢自專	dare not take the responsibility.
pu ⁴ -kan ⁴	不幹	does not undertake, quits the job.
pu ⁴ -k'an ¹	不堪	unworthy ; incompetent.
pu ⁴ -k'an ¹ -ti ¹	不堪的	insufferable.
pu ⁴ -k'an ¹ -yung ⁴	不堪用	not fit to use.
pu ⁴ -kao ¹	不高	not lofty ; bad.
pu ⁴ -k'en ³	不肯	unwilling, to refuse, I will not (pu ⁴ yüan ¹ i ⁴).
pu ⁴ -k'o ³	不可	ought not, should not, do not.
pu ⁴ -k'o ³ -ju ² -tz'ü ³	不可如此	must be so.
pu ⁴ -kou ⁴	不穀	insufficient (pu ⁴ tsu ³).
pu ⁴ -ku ⁴	不顧	to disregard.
pu ¹ -k'uai ⁴	不快	slow ; unwell ; to dislike ; uncomfortable.
pu ⁴ -kuan ¹	不關	does not concern, nothing to-do with, no matter.
pu ⁴ -kuan ³	不管	to disregard, to neglect.
pu ⁴ -kuan ³ -shih ⁴	不管事	of no importance ; to neglect-affairs.
pu ⁴ -kuan ³ -t'a ¹	不管他	let him alone.
pu ⁴ -kuan ⁴	不慣	unaccustomed.
pu ⁴ -kuei ¹	不歸	not to belong to
pu ⁴ -kung ¹ p'ing ³	不公平	unjust, unfair.
pu ⁴ -kung ¹ -tao ⁴	不公道	same.
pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴	不過	not exceeding, only, merely.
pu ⁴ -lang ² -pu ⁴ -yu ⁴	不稂莠	neither one thing nor the other.
pu ⁴ -lao ³ -shih ³	不老實	dishonest, vicious.
pu ⁴ -leng ³	不冷	not cold
pu ⁴ -li ³	不離	"not far from," good ; inseparable.
pu ⁴ -li ³	不理	to disregard, not to care for.
pu ⁴ -li ³ -hui ⁴	不理會	unconcerned, to take no notice of, to disregard.
pu ⁴ -li ³ -shih ⁴	不理事	to neglect business.
pu ⁴ -li ⁴	不立	not to manage properly.
pu ⁴ -liao ⁴	不料	unexpected, unthought of, etc.
pu ⁴ -lin ⁴	不吝	unsparing, not niggardly.
pu ⁴ -liu ² -shén ³	不留神	want of care.
pu ⁴ -lun ⁴	不論	no matter.
pu ¹ -miung ³ -pai ³	不明白	unintelligent ; not to know.
pu ¹ -mou ³ -érh ² -ho ⁴	不謀而合	undesigned coincidence.

pu ⁴ -mu ⁴	不睦	unfriendly.
pu ⁴ -nai ⁴ -fan ³	不耐煩	unable to bear.
pu ⁴ -nêng ³	不能	unable to, cannot (pu ⁴ hui ⁴).
pu ⁴ -nêng ³ -ch'ü ⁴	不能去	unable to go.
pu ⁴ -nêng ³ -hu ³ -kai ³	不能悔改	cannot repent.
pu ⁴ -nêng ³ -kou ⁴	不能毅	unable to, unwilling.
pu ⁴ -nêng ³ -pu ⁴ -tso ⁴	不能不作	cannot but do it, impossible not to do it.
pu ⁴ -nu ⁴	不怒	angry, indignant.
pu ⁴ -pa ³ -lao ³	不把牢	rickety, unstable, shaky.
pu ⁴ -p'a ⁴	不怕	don't be afraid, don't fear.
pu ⁴ -p'a ⁴ -ti ¹	不怕的	audacious, fearless.
pu ⁴ -p'ei ⁴	不配	ought not; not a match for.
pu ⁴ -pi ³	不比	not to be compared with.
pu ⁴ -pi ⁴	不必	it is not necessary, you need not.
pu ⁴ -pi ⁴ -shêng ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	不必生氣	you need not get angry.
pu ⁴ -pien ⁴	不便	inconvenient, inexpedient.
pu ⁴ -pien ⁴ -i ³	便宜	same.
pu ⁴ -p'ing ³	不平	uneven; unjust, unfair.
pu ⁴ -san ¹ -pu ⁴ -ssü ⁴	不三不四	neither one thing nor the other.
pu ⁴ -sêng ¹ -pu ⁴ -hsü ³	不僧不俗	neither bonze nor layman.
pu ⁴ -shao ³	不少	not few, many.
pu ⁴ -shê ¹	不賒	no trust, no credit.
pu ⁴ -shê ³	不捨	to stay by, not to leave.
pu ⁴ -shên ³ -ma ¹ -ta ⁴	不甚麼大	not very large.
pu ⁴ -shêng ⁴ -jên ⁴	不勝任	not equal to the duties of one's post.
pu ⁴ -shih ²	不時	not any fixed time; constantly.
pu ⁴ -shih ² -t'ai ³ -chü ³	不識抬舉	does not know when he is well treated.
pu ⁴ -shih ⁴ -pu ⁴ -yin ³	不食不飲	without eating or drinking.
pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	不是	a fault; it is not so, it is not right.
pu ⁴ -shih ⁴ -mo ³	不是麼	is it not?
pu ⁴ -shih ⁴ -ché ⁴ -yang ⁴	不是這樣	not in this manner.
pu ⁴ -shih ⁴ -wan ⁴ -ti ¹	不是玩的	it is no joke, i. e., quite serious.
pu ⁴ -shou ²	不熟	uncooked; unacquainted with.
pu ⁴ -shou ⁴ -t'ou ²	不受頭	to refuse to submit.
pu ⁴ -shu ¹ -fu ²	不舒服	uncomfortable, unwell (ch'ien ⁴ an ¹).
pu ⁴ -shun ⁴ -yen ³	不順眼	not in good taste.
pu ⁴ -shuo ¹ -li ³	不說理	does not speak reasonably.
pu ⁴ -suan ⁴ -t'a ²	不算他	take steps to punish him.
pu ⁴ -sung ⁴	不送	I will not accompany you (to guest).
pu ⁴ -ssü ³ -pu ¹ -huo ²	不死不活	neither dead nor alive.
pu ⁴ -ta ¹ -ying ¹	不答應	to refuse, to demur, to resent.
pu ⁴ -ta ³ -chao ⁴ -mien ⁴	不打照面	avoiding, e. g., a dun.
pu ⁴ ta ³ -chin ³	不大緊	unimportant, of no consequence (kan ³ chin ³).

pu⁴-ta⁴-li²
 pu⁴-ta⁴-pu⁴-hsiao³
 pu⁴-tan⁴
 pu⁴-tan⁴-ché⁴-yang⁴
 pu⁴-tang¹
 pu⁴-tê²
 pu⁴-tê²-i³
 pu⁴-tê²-i⁴
 pu⁴-tê²-kung¹-fu¹
 pu⁴-tê²-k'ung⁴
 pu⁴-tê²-pu⁴
 pu⁴-tê²-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴
 pu⁴-t'ê⁴
 pu⁴-têng³
 pu⁴-t'í²
 pu⁴-t'ien³
 pu⁴-ting⁴
 pu⁴-t'ing¹
 pu⁴-t'ing³-tang¹
 pu⁴-to¹-chi²-ko⁴
 pu⁴-t'o³
 pu⁴-t'o³-tang¹
 pu⁴-tsai⁴
 pu⁴-tsai⁴-ché⁴-êrh²
 pu⁴-tsai⁴-chia¹
 pu⁴-tsai⁴-hua⁴-hsia⁴
 pu⁴-tsai⁴-nei⁴
 pu⁴-ts'ai²
 pu⁴-ts'ê⁴
 pu⁴-ts'ê⁴-ti¹-shih⁴
 pu⁴-ts'êng¹
 pu⁴-tso⁴
 pu⁴-ts'o⁴
 pu⁴-tsu²
 pu⁴-tsu²-chiek⁴-i⁴
 pu⁴-tsu²-ku⁴-ch'ih²
 pu⁴-ts'ung²
 pu⁴-tu²
 pu⁴-tuan⁴
 pu⁴-tui¹
 pu⁴-tui¹-chin⁴-êrh²
 pu⁴-tui¹-shou²
 pu⁴-t'ung³

不離
 不大不小
 不但
 不但這樣
 不當
 不當得已
 不當得意
 不當工夫
 不當空
 不當不去
 不特
 不特等
 不提
 不腆
 不定
 不聽
 不停當
 不多幾個
 不妥當
 不在
 不在這兒
 不在家
 不在話下
 不在內
 不才
 不測
 不測的事
 不會
 不做
 不錯
 不足
 不足介意
 不足掛齒
 不從
 不獨
 不斷
 不對
 不對
 不手
 不

not far off, all right-(ch'a¹ pu⁴ to¹),
 neither large nor small; good, suitable.
 not only (pu⁴ t'ê⁴).
 not only so.
 ought not.
 cannot. [source.
 unavoidable, no help for it, obliged to, no re-
 to fail in a scheme,
 engaged, not at leisure.
 same.
 cannot but, unavoidable, etc.
 cannot but go, must go.
 not only (pu⁴ tan⁴).
 not to wait; nearly, about.
 to suppress, to make no mention of.
 unsubstantial; deficient, wanting.
 not certain, uncertain.
 not to listen or attend to.
 disorderly, irregular.
 not many.
 unsafe.
 same.
 not at home, not here; dead.
 not here.
 not at home, abroad.
 not worth mentioning.
 not inside, not among them, not included.
 not clever (hsiao² hsü³ ts'ai² ch'ien³).
 unable to fathom.
 a mysterious affair.
 not yet; have not; eh? what?
 not to do.
 it is not wrong, it is so, quite right, no mistake.
 insufficient, deficient (pu⁴ kou⁴).
 indifferent to.
 not worth mentioning (modest).
 not to allow or consent.
 not only, not merely.
 always, continually, without interruption.
 to disagree, not to agree or tally.
 not congenial.
 no match for.
 not to understand, I don't understand.

<i>pu⁴-t'ung¹</i>	不通	no thoroughfare, not to get through ; solid.
<i>pu⁴-t'ung²</i>	不同	not the same, different.
<i>pu⁴-t'ung²-tsung¹</i>	不同宗	namesakes (not of same family).
<i>pu⁴-tzu²-hsi⁴</i>	不仔細	careless (<i>pu⁴ hsiao³ hsin⁴</i>).
<i>pu⁴-wei²</i>	不為	not because of or on account of, etc.
<i>pu⁴-wei²</i>	不惟	not only.
<i>pu⁴-wên²</i>	不穩	unstable, unsteady, unsafe.
<i>pu⁴-yao⁴</i>	不要	don't, I don't want, not necessary.
<i>pu⁴-yao⁴-chin³</i>	不要緊	unimportant, of no consequence.
<i>pu⁴-yao⁴-lien³</i>	不要臉	shameless (<i>ssü³ p²'i² lai¹ lien³</i>).
<i>pu⁴-yen²-pu⁴-yü²</i>	不言不語	not a word to say.
<i>pu⁴-ying⁴</i>	不應	not to reply, allow, consent, etc.
<i>pu⁴-ying⁴-kai¹</i>	不應該	ought not, should not, not proper to.
<i>pu⁴-ying⁴-shou⁴</i>	不應受	I ought not to accept it.
<i>pu⁴-yo¹-êrh²-t'ung²</i>	不約而同	agreement without consultation.
<i>pu⁴-yu²-ti¹</i>	不由的	without cause (<i>wu² yüan² wu² ku⁴</i>).
<i>pu⁴-yüan⁴-i⁴</i>	不願意	unwilling, undesirous of (<i>pu⁴ k'ên²</i>).
<i>pu⁴-yung⁴</i>	不用	don't use ; useless (<i>pu⁴ chung¹</i>).
<i>pu⁴-yung⁴-hsin¹</i>	不用心	careless, to bestow no attention on.
<i>pu⁴</i>	止步	[of. a pace ; to pace, to walk, to go on foot ; the way
<i>pu⁴-chan⁴</i>	步戰	to fight on foot.
<i>pu⁴-ch'i²</i>	步騎	to walk and ride ; infantry and cavalry.
<i>pu⁴-chien⁴</i>	步箭	foot archery.
<i>pu⁴-chün¹</i>	步軍	infantry.
<i>pu⁴-chün¹-t'ung¹-ling³</i>	步軍統領	Commandant of Gendarmerie in Peking.
<i>pu⁴-hsia¹</i>	步下	on foot.
<i>pu⁴-hsia¹-ti¹</i>	步下的	a pedestrian (<i>ti¹ hsia⁴ tsou⁴</i>).
<i>pu⁴-hsing²</i>	步行	to go on foot.
<i>pu⁴-hsing²-rh²-tsou²</i>	步行兒	same.
<i>pu⁴-hsing²-ti¹-ping¹</i>	步行的兵	infantry.
<i>pu⁴-kung¹</i>	步弓	a measure of five feet.
<i>pu⁴-li³</i>	步履	on foot.
<i>pu⁴-liang³</i>	步量	to measure by stepping.
<i>pu⁴-nien²</i>	步輦	a sedan-chair (imperial) (<i>chiao⁴</i>).
<i>pu⁴-ping¹</i>	步兵	infantry.
<i>pu⁴-pu⁴</i>	步步	step by step.
<i>pu⁴-pu⁴-têng¹-kao¹</i>	步步登高	go higher step by step,
<i>pu⁴-shih¹</i>	步師	to move an army (<i>t'iao⁴ ping¹</i>).
<i>pu⁴-t'a⁴-ti⁴-mou³</i>	步踏地畝	to measure land by pacing.
<i>pu⁴-tao⁴</i>	步道	a foot-path.
<i>pu⁴-t'ou³</i>	步頭	a landing place.
<i>pu⁴-tui⁴</i>	步隊	infantry.
<i>pu⁴</i>	市布	cotton fabrics ; to spread, to arrange ; to infer.

<i>pu⁴-c'êng⁴</i>	布政	a provincial treasurer. G. 275 (fau ³ t'ai ²).
<i>pu⁴-chêng⁴-shih³</i>	布政使	same.
<i>pu⁴-chêng⁴-ssü¹</i>	布政司	a treasurer's office; provincial treasurer,
<i>pu⁴-i⁴</i>	布衣	cotton clothing; a private individual.
<i>pu⁴-kuo²</i>	布國	Prussia (tê ² kuo ²). Also 布路斯.
<i>pu⁴-la¹-la¹-ti¹</i>	布拉拉的	intensive of unpleasant excess. M. 503.
<i>pu⁴-pai² (or po)</i>	布帛	cloth and silk.
<i>pu⁴-p'i³</i>	布疋	cloth, cotton fabrics.
<i>pu⁴-p'u⁴</i>	布舖	a linen draper's shop.
<i>pu⁴-san³</i>	布傘	cotton umbrellas.
<i>pu⁴-san⁴-yao³-yen³</i>	布散謠言	to disseminate baseless rumors.
<i>pu⁴-shih¹</i>	布施	to bestow charity (chou ¹ chi ⁴).
<i>pu⁴-tai⁴</i>	布袋	a pocket.
<i>pu⁴-tien⁴</i>	布店	a draper's shop.
<i>pu⁴-tzü⁴-ti¹</i>	布漬的	intensive of unpleasant excess. M. 503.
<i>pu⁴-tz'ü¹-ti¹</i>	布刺的	same. M. 503.
<i>pu⁴-yin-tzü³</i>	布印子	a dyer's counter to mark cloth.
<i>pu⁴</i>	人佈	929b713c to extend; extensive, filling the whole place.
<i>pu⁴-chên⁴</i>	佈陣	to parade troops.
<i>pu⁴-chih⁴</i>	佈置	to place in order, to prepare.
<i>pu⁴-kai⁴</i>	佈蓋	to spread out.
<i>pu⁴-kao⁴-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>	佈告天下	to publish to the world.
<i>pu⁴-man³-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>	佈滿天下	circulated all over the empire.
<i>pu⁴-sun⁴-liu³-yen³</i>	佈散流言	to spread idle rumors.
<i>pu⁴-shih¹</i>	佈施	subscriptions for some good purpose.
<i>pu⁴-ta³</i>	佈達	to communicate information to,
<i>pu⁴-yün³</i>	佈雲	the sky overspread with clouds. [strike.
<i>pu⁴</i>	手才	902b714a to disperse, to scatter; to expand; to feel; to
<i>pu⁴-chung³</i>	拈種	to sow seed.
<i>pu⁴-pai³</i>	拈擺	to injure a person in some way; to befool.
<i>pu⁴ (tzü)</i>	竹簿	928b714a a memorandum or account book, a register, etc.
<i>pu⁴-chang⁴</i>	簿賬	an account book.
<i>pu⁴-shu¹</i>	簿書	a memorandum book, register.
<i>pu⁴-ts'ê⁴-tzü³</i>	簿册子	a register.
<i>pu⁴</i>	邑部	929c714b tribe, class, genus; list, category; a public court.
<i>pu⁴-lei⁴</i>	部類	a class, a tribe.
<i>pu⁴-shou³</i>	部首	heads of categories; radicals. [Board, G. 160.
<i>pu⁴-t'ang³</i>	部堂	Governor-General, Viceroy, or President of a
<i>pu⁴-yüan³</i>	部院	Vice-President of a Board—Governor of a [Province,
<i>P'U¹</i>	手才	932a710b to strike, to flog, to pat; to grasp; to fall.
<i>p'u¹-hu³-tiê³</i>	撲蝴蝶	to catch butterflies.
<i>p'u¹-k'ung¹</i>	撲空	to go on a fruitless errand.

p'u¹-kuo⁴-lai² 撲過來
 p'u¹-lêng²-i¹-shêng¹ 撲楞一聲
 p'u¹-lien²-ti¹-jé⁴ 撲臉的熱
 p'u¹-ma⁴-cha² 撲螞蚱
 p'u¹-mieh⁴ 撲滅
 p'u¹-tuo⁴-lien²-shang⁴ 撲到臉上
 p'u¹-tên²-o²-rh² 撲燈蛾兒
 p'u¹-pi² 撲鼻
 p'u¹-t'ou² 撲頭
 p'u¹-t'ou²-kai⁴-lien² 撲頭蓋臉

came rushing on.
 a bang or crashing sound.
 heat which is so great as to strike the face,
 to catch grasshoppers.
 to exterminate, to extinguish.
 to strike against the face, e. g., dust.
 the moth.
 "hit nose," to affect the olfactory nerves.
 something to resort to, dependence.
 to hide away the head and face.

P·U² 人 僕 932a717c
 p'u²-ch'ü¹ 僕區
 p'u²-fu⁴ 僕夫
 p'u²-fu⁴ 僕婦
 p'u²-jên² 僕人
 p'u²-li⁴ 僕隸
 p'u²-pi⁴ 僕婢
 p'u²-p'u² 僕僕
 p'u²-ts'un² 僕從
 p'u² 蒲 卍 931c715b
 p'u²-hsi² 蒲席
 p'u²-kung¹-ying¹ 蒲公英
 p'u²-pang⁴-rh² 蒲棒
 p'u²-pao¹-tzü² 蒲包
 p'u²-sun² 蒲筍
 p'u²-shan⁴ 蒲扇
 p'u²-tien⁴-tzü² 蒲墊
 p'u²-t'uan² 蒲團
 p'u²-ts'ao² 蒲草
 p'u² 木 樸 932b710c
 p'u²-su⁴ 樸素
 p'u²-shi⁴ 樸實
 p'u² 卍 931b715c
 p'u²-t'ao² 葡萄
 p'u²-t'ao²-chiu² 葡萄酒
 p'u²-t'ao²-kam¹-tzü² 葡萄乾
 p'u² 卍 932c716a
 p'u²-sa¹ 菩薩
 p'u²-t'i²-hsin¹ 菩提心
 p'u²-t'i²-shu⁴ 菩提樹

to follow ; to comply ; to belong to ; a servant: I.
 I, me.
 servants.
 female servants.
 vassal, servant (nu² p'u²).
 the lictors in a yamên.
 male and female domestics.
 troublesome, annoying ; pressing, urgent.
 attendants, followers, escort.
 rushes of which mats are made.
 a rush mat.
 the dandelion (po¹ po¹ ting¹).
 rush blossoms or heads.
 a sort of rush basket.
 rush shoots (eatable).
 rush fan.
 a rush hassock.
 same.
 rushes. [honest.
 unfinished utensils, untouched wood ; plain,
 simple, plain.
 plain, honest.
 the vine.
 grapes.
 grape wine.
 raisins.
 syllable used in transliterating Buddhist words.
 an idol (ou² hsiang²).
 bôdhi, supreme wisdom of the Buddhists.
 Pipul tree of the Buddhists.

P·U³ 日 普 933a716a

[alike.
 universal, great, pervading, day everywhere

p'u²-chao⁴-ssü⁴-fang¹ 普照四方
 p'u²-chi⁴-yüan⁴ 普濟院
 p'u²-chiu⁴-chung⁴-shêng¹ 普救衆生
 p'u².l³.p'u².rh² 普裏普兒
 p'u².pien⁴ 普遍
 p'u²-shih⁴-ên¹-hui⁴ 普施恩惠
 p'u²-shih⁴.ti²-jên² 普世的人
 p'u².t'ien²-hsia⁴ 普天下
 p'u²-t'un² 普通
 p'u²-yü² 普雨

to illumine all quarters.
 a home or asylum for poor people,
 to save all living beings (Kuan Yin).
 all, every one, the whole.
 in all parts, on all sides; full.
 to exercise wide-extended charity.
 the people of the whole world.
 universal, all over the world or empire.
 all, the whole, to have passed through all.
 rain everywhere, vs. a local shower.

p'u² 言 譜 933b712c

{ a register; a treatise; biography; a list; a certificate.

p'u²-chi² 譜籍
 p'u².hsi⁴ 譜系
 p'u²-t'ieh² 譜牒

a list, a table, a genealogical table.
 a family register (chia¹ p'u²).
 a genealogical table.

p'u² 水 溥 931b716a

great, large; to disperse; pervading everywhere,
 full; in all parts, on all sides
 same.

p'u²-pien⁴ 溥遍

p'u²-man² 溥滿

p'u² 水 浦 913b716b

a creek, an inlet; a stream; a bend.
 the bank of a creek.

p'u²-pien⁴ 浦邊

P'U⁴ (tzü) 否 舖 931c716c

a shop; P'U² to arrange¹.

p'u⁴ 金 舖 931u715a

same.

p'u¹-chan²-pu⁴-k'ai¹ 舖展不開

can't be spread out.

p'u¹-chang²-t'ai¹-kuo⁴ 舖張太過

too much extolled.

p'u¹-ch'ên⁴ 舖陳

to spread abroad, to arrange.

p'u¹-ch'uang² 舖床

to make the bed, to spread the bedding.

p'u¹-hsi² 舖蓆

to spread a mat.

p'u¹-hu⁴ 舖戶

shop people.

p'u¹-kai⁴ 舖蓋

one's bedding (ch'in² pei⁴),

p'u¹-k'ai¹ 舖開

to spread out.

p'u¹-kuai⁴ 舖櫃

shop case.

p'u¹-la¹ 舖拉

spread out with the hands, widespread.

p'u¹-pai² 舖排

to arrange; to consider; a stage or temple waiter.

p'u¹-pao² 舖保

a tradesman's guarantee, i. e., good.

p'u¹-shang⁴-tien⁴-tzu² 舖上墊子

put a cushion on it.

p'u¹-t'an²-tzu² 舖毯子

to spread a rug or carpet.

p'u¹-ti² 舖底

shop fixtures (shêng¹ ts'ai²).

p'u¹-tien⁴ 舖店

a shop, shops.

p'u¹-tien⁴ 舖墊

household furniture (cushion, etc.).

p'u¹ 土 堡 864c664c

a small citadel or fort, a station, a post, defences.

p'u¹-to'un¹ 堡村

same (ch'ia¹ faug²).

- SA¹ 手才 撒 934a721b
 sa¹-chang⁴-t'ieh¹-tzū³ 撒賬帖子
 sa¹-chiao³-chiu⁴-p'ao⁴ 撒脚就跑
 sa¹-chih³-ch'ien² 撒紙錢
 sa¹-chuen⁴ 撒箭
 sa¹-chiu³-fêng¹ 撒酒瘋
 sa²-chung¹ 撒種
 sa¹-fang⁴ 撒放
 sa¹-huan¹ 撒歡
 sa¹-huang² 撒謊
 sa¹-huang²-tiao⁴-p'i³ 撒謊調疲
 sa²-k'ai¹ 撒開
 sa¹-k'ai¹-t'ui³ 撒開腿
 sa¹-la⁴ 撒賴
 sa¹-liao³-niao⁴ 撒了尿
 sa¹-p'o¹ 撒潑
 sa²-sha¹-tzū³ 撒砂子
 sa¹-shou³ 撒手
 sa¹-sui² 撒尿
 sa¹-tai⁴ 撒袋
 sa¹-t'ieh¹ 撒帖
 sa¹-ts'un¹ 撒村
 sa²-wang¹ 撒網
 sa²-yao²-yen³ 撒謠言
 sa¹-yeh³ 撒野
 sa¹ 足 躐 934b722b
 sa¹-chiao³ hsieh² 躐脚鞋
 sa¹-cho²-hsieh² 躐着鞋
 sa¹-la¹ 躐拉
 sa¹ 叁 一 三 936a723a
 sa¹-ch'ien² 三錢
 sa¹-jên² 三人
 sa¹-liu³ 三倆
- SA² 目 瞷 934b722a
 sa²-mu⁴ 瞷目
 to glance at.
 same (p'ieh¹ p'ieh¹ ch'iao²)
- SA³ 水 灑 { 洒 934c731a
 sa² 灑
 sa²-chin¹ 灑金
 sa²-lei¹-êrh²-pieh² 灑淚而別
 sa²-sao³ 灑掃
 sa²-shui³ 灑水
 to sprinkle water; to scatter; to wash.
 same.
 sprinkled with gold.
 shed tears and said good-bye.
 "to sprinkle and sweep," to cleanse.
 to sprinkle water (p'o¹ shui³).

<i>sa³-t'o¹</i>	灑脫		careless, free and easy.
<i>sa³-t'ou⁴-ch'ung³</i>	灑豆虫		a sort of locust.
SA⁴	卅 薩	934c721a	transliteration of a sanscrit syllable (p'u ² su ⁴)
SAI¹	肉	{ 腮 936a722a	the jaws, the-side of the face.
<i>sai¹</i>		{ 腮	same.
<i>sai¹-chia³</i>		腮頰	the cheeks, the jaws (chia ³).
<i>sai¹-lien³</i>		腮臉	same.
<i>sai¹-pang¹-tzu³</i>		腮勝子	same.
SAI³	手才	摠 935c722c	choose, to select, to move, to agitate.
SAI⁴ (sé)	土	塞 935b728o	to fill, to close, to stop; a cork, to cork, a pass.
<i>sai⁴-chu⁴</i>		塞住	to close or cork up.
<i>sai⁴-rh³</i>		塞兒	a stopper, a cork.
<i>sai⁴-érh³-pu⁴-t'ing¹</i>		塞耳不聽	to shut the ears and refuse to hear.
<i>sai⁴-k'ou³</i>		塞口	to stop a hole or one's mouth; a pass, a barrier.
<i>sai⁴-man³</i>		塞滿	to fill up, to cram; filled.
<i>sai⁴-pei³</i>		塞北	the north; Mongolia.
<i>sai⁴-shang⁴</i>		塞上	to stop up, to cork up, etc.
<i>sai⁴-shih³</i>		塞實	solid, filled.
<i>sai⁴-tao⁴-rh³</i>		塞道兒	to stop up a road.
<i>sai⁴-t'ou³-rh³</i>		塞頭兒	corks, stoppers.
<i>sai⁴-tsé³</i>		塞責	to slur over, to do carelessly, to keep up ap-
<i>sai⁴-tzu³</i>		塞子	a cork (p'ing ³ tsu ³).
<i>sai⁴-yen³-liao³</i>		塞嚴了	corked tight.
<i>sai⁴</i>	↗	賽 935c723	to rival, to compete with, to contend for.
<i>sai⁴-chên¹-cha¹</i>		賽針扎	"pins and needles", pricking sensation.
<i>sai⁴-chên¹-tí²</i>		賽真的	resembling the true.
<i>sai⁴-hui⁴</i>		賽會	religious ceremony or exhibition in honor of the
<i>sai⁴-p'ao³</i>		賽跑	to race (for a prize).
<i>sai⁴-pi³</i>		賽比	to compete, to rival.
<i>sai⁴-shên³</i>		賽神	religious procession in honor of the gods.
<i>sai⁴-shêng⁴</i>		賽勝	to strive for the victory, to emulate.
<i>sai⁴-tsou³-ma³</i>		賽走馬	horse-racing.
SAN¹	厶	叁 936a723a	three (long form of 三).
<i>san¹-shih³</i>		叁拾	thirty.
<i>san¹</i>	一	三 936a723a	three. See <i>sa¹</i> .
<i>san¹-ch'u¹-liang³-ku³</i>		三攸兩股	several strands.
<i>san¹-ch'ang³</i>		三場	the 3 sessions of the examinations.
<i>san¹-chieh⁴</i>		三界	heaven, earth and man; above, below and be.
<i>san¹-chiao³</i>		三角	triangular; three quarters.

[idol.

]

[pearances.

]

[gods.

]

[tween.

]

san¹-chiao⁴ 三教
 san¹-chiao³-mao²-rh² 三脚毛兒
 san¹-ch'ien¹-liang²-tiao⁴ 三二千兩吊
 san¹-chih¹-shou³ 三隻手
 san¹-chih¹-yü³ 三指雨
 san¹-ch'in¹-liu⁴-ku⁴ 三親六故
 san¹-ch'in¹-ssü⁴-yu³ 三親四友
 san¹-ch'in¹g¹ 三清
 san¹-chiu³ 三九
 san¹-chou¹-nien² 三週年
 san¹-ch'üan²-ch'i²-mei³ 三全七美
 san¹-ch'un¹-liu³ 三春柳
 san¹-chün¹ 三軍
 san¹-fu² 三伏
 san¹-hsia⁴-chung¹ 三下鐘
 san¹-hsin¹-êrh⁴-i⁴ 三心二意
 san¹-hsing¹ 三星
 san¹-hsün² 三旬
 san¹-huan²-chiu³-chuan³ 三環九轉
 san¹-huang² 三皇
 san¹-hun²-ch'i²-p'o⁴ 三魂七魄
 san¹-jê²-t'ung²-hsing⁴ 三人同行
 san¹-kang¹ 三綱
 san¹-kang¹-wu³-ch'ung² 三綱五常
 san¹-kao¹-liang³-ti¹ 三高低
 san¹-ko⁴ 三個
 san¹-k'o⁴ 三刻
 san¹-ku³ 三鼓
 san¹-kuang¹ 三光
 san¹-kuei⁴-chiu³-k'ou¹ 三跪九叩
 san¹-kung¹ 三公
 san¹-kung¹-liu⁴-yüan⁴ 三宮六院
 san¹-kuo²-chih⁴ 三國志
 san¹-liang³-ko⁴ 三兩個
 san¹-liu³ 三絡
 san¹-mei²-liu⁴-chêng⁴ 三媒六証
 san¹-mien⁴-jen²-ming² 三面言明
 san¹-nai⁴ 三奈
 san¹-nien²-wu³-tsai³ 三五年載
 san¹-pai¹-chiu³-k'ou¹ 三拜九叩
 san¹-pan³ 三板
 san¹-pao³ 三寶
 san¹-pei⁴-tzü³ 三輩子

Buddhism, Taoism and Confucianism. R. 298.
 boxing and wrestling.
 two or three thousand cash.
 a pickpocket (p'a² êrh² shou³).
 three finger depths of rain.
 various friends and relatives,
 same.
 "the three pure" (Taoist deities).
 27 days after solstice, coldest in winter.
 3rd anniversary.
 most excellent.
 a beautiful feathery plant, a kind of acacia.
 a general; the army.
 the 3 divisions of the hot season.
 3 o'clock.
 undecided. [life.
 "three stars"—happiness, emoluments and long
 three decades; one month; thirty years of age.
 adaptation to circumstances. [and Huang Ti.
 the 3 Mythical Emperors—Fu Hsi, Shên Neng
 three souls and seven essences. [to learn).
 when 3 men walk together (there is something
 prince and minister, father and son, husband and
 the 3 Bonds and 5 Constant Virtues. [wife.
 some low and some high.
 three.
 three quarters of an hour.
 "three drums," midnight.
 "three lights," the sun, moon and stars. [tion.
 "three kneels and nine knock-heads," prostra-
 three Ministers.
 Emperor's Palace.
 History of the Three Kingdoms. R. 299.
 two or three.
 "three tresses," moustache and beard.
 proofs necessary in marriages.
 buyer, seller and broker all clearly spoken.
 capoor catchery.
 three or four years.
 "three bows and nine knock-heads," prostration.
 "three planks," a boat.
 "three precious" (Buddhist deities). R. 300.
 three generations.

san¹-p'êng³-ssü¹-yu³ 三朋四友
 san¹-piao³-hsin¹ 三表新
 san¹-pu⁴-ch'iu² * 三不不求
 san¹-pu⁴-kuei¹-chia¹ 三不歸家
 san¹-san¹-chien⁴-chiu³ 三三見九
 san¹-shao¹ 三燒
 san¹-shê⁴-rh² 三設兒
 san¹-shêng¹-yu⁴-hsing⁴ 三生有幸
 san¹-shih² 三十
 san¹-shih⁴ 三十式
 san¹-ssü² 三司
 san¹-ssü¹ 三恩
 san¹-ssü¹ 三絲
 san¹-(ai)⁴ 三代
 san¹-tien²-chung² 三點鐘
 san¹-t'ien¹-wn²-jih⁴ 三天五日
 san¹-ting²-chia² 三鼎甲
 san¹-ts'ai¹ 三才
 san¹-ts'un⁴-chin¹-lien² 三寸金蓮
 san¹-tsung¹-puo² 三宗寶
 san¹-ts'ung²-ssü⁴-tê² 三從四德
 san¹-tzü² 三字
 san¹-tzü⁴-ching¹ 三字經
 san¹-tzü⁴ 三次
 san¹-wan² 三王
 san¹-wei⁴-i¹-t'ü² 三位一體
 san¹-wu¹-sh'êng²-ch'ün² 三五成羣
 san¹-wu³-t'ien¹ 三五天
 san¹-ya² 三衙
 san¹-yen²-liang³-chü⁴ 三言兩句
 san¹-yüan² 三元

various friends.
 facing, lining, and wadding all new.
 the three not to be had by entreaty.
 death, poverty, riches (fig.).
 three times three are nine.
 samshoo, brandy (shao¹ chiu³).
 a vase and two bottles for sacrificial purposes.
 good fortune for three lives,
 thirty.
 ear-pick, tooth-pick, and tweezers.
 treasurer, judge, and salt commissioner.
 "three thinks," think thrice, be careful.
 shreds of 3 kinds of meat, a ragout.
 father, grandfather, and great-grandfather.
 3 o'clock.
 three or four days, a few days.
 a Senior Wrangler.
 "three powers"—heaven, earth, and man.
 "three-inch golden lilies," small feet of women.
 flint, steel, and tinder,
 the duties and virtues of women. R. 303. [77.
 "three tzü"—sons, whiskers, and silver. See Note
 the "Three Character Classic."
 three times, thrice.
 Yü Wang, Tang Wang, Wu Wang.
 the Trinity.
 3 or 4 make a crowd,
 3 or 4 days,
 subordinate of the district magistrate,
 a few words (chi² chü⁴ hua⁴).
 the 3 head of list in 3rd degree examination,

SAN³ 食糞 餼 938b723c
 san³-fan⁴ 餼飯
 san³ 人繖 傘 938b724a
 san³-shan⁴ 傘扇

well boiled rice (till each grain separates).
 same.
 an umbrella, a parasol; to cover, to shade off.
 umbrellas and fans used by officials, etc.

SAN⁴ 支 散 937c724b
 san³-ch'ü⁴-chung⁴-jên² 散給衆人
 san³-ch'ien² 散錢
 san³-cho²-yao¹-érh² 散着腰兒
 san³-chou¹ 散州
 san⁴-fang⁴ 散放

to disperse, to scatter, to let go (also 3 and 4).
 to give to the multitude.
 scattered cash.
 with the loins ungirt.
 a Department dependent on a Prefecture.
 to distribute (as pay, alms, etc.).

* Note 77.

san⁴-hsüeh³
 san⁴-hui⁴
 san³-huo³
 san⁴-k'ai¹
 san⁴-kuan³
 san⁴-kung¹
 san³-liao³-pan¹
 san⁴-lu⁴-t'eng¹
 san⁴-mên⁴
 san⁴-pu⁴
 san³-pu⁴-k'ai¹
 san³-pien⁴-ssü⁴-fang¹
 san⁴-t'ai²
 san³-yao⁴
 san⁴-yung³

散學
 散會
 散夥
 散開
 散館
 散工
 散班
 散了
 散路
 散燈
 散悶
 散步
 散不開
 散四方
 散徧
 散臺
 散藥
 散勇

to dismiss school
 to break up an assembly.
 to dissolve partnership, to quit.
 to disperse, to scatter, to distribute.
 a Han-lin graduate sent on government employ.
 finished work, to dismiss from work.
 the troupe has broken up.
 scatter road lamps (funerals).
 to dispel melancholy, etc. (hsiao¹ ch'ien³).
 to stroll about.
 cannot be scattered.
 to scatter in all directions,
 theatre breaks up.
 medicinal powders
 disbanded troops.

SANG¹

口 喪 938b725b

sang⁴-ch'ei¹
 sang⁴-ch'ei⁴
 sang⁴-ch'ei⁴
 sang⁴-chia¹
 sang⁴-chia¹-chih¹ ch'üan³
 sang¹-chin⁴
 sang¹-chin⁴-t'ien¹-liang²
 sang¹-chü¹
 sang¹-fu²
 sang¹-fu⁴
 sang⁴-huu⁴
 sang²-li³
 sang⁴-liang²-hsin¹
 sang¹-mên²
 sang⁴-ming²
 sang⁴-ming²
 sang⁴-ming⁴
 sang⁴-shih¹
 sang¹-shih⁴
 sang⁴-tan³
 sang⁴-tan³-shih¹-chih⁴
 sang¹-tiao⁴
 sang¹-tzü³
 sang⁴-wang²
 sang⁴
 sang¹-fei¹

喪妻
 喪氣
 喪器
 喪家
 喪家之犬
 喪盡
 喪天良
 喪居
 喪服
 喪父
 喪話
 喪禮
 喪良心
 喪門
 喪名
 喪明
 喪命
 喪失
 喪事
 喪胆
 喪胆
 喪志
 喪掉
 喪子
 喪亡
 木桑
 飛

to die ; to destroy ; to lose ; to fail ; to mourn.
 lost his wife.
 ill-omened ; down-hearted, dejected.
 the coffin with the dead body in it,
 to ruin one's family (pai⁴ chia¹)
 a homeless dog (fig.).
 to lose entirely, e.g., conscience.
 absolutely lost to all right feeling.
 in mourning.
 mourning clothes.
 lost his father.
 ill-omened words.
 funeral rites.
 to lose virtue or principle.
 unlucky, ill-omened.
 to lose reputation (chüeh² ming⁴).
 blind.
 to lose one's life
 to lose, to fail, to miss ; to die.
 funeral affairs.
 afraid, to be disheartened.
 afraid, to be disheartened (pai⁴ hsing⁴).
 to lose.
 to lose a son.
 to die.
 the mulberry tree ; old age.
 the wren.

- sang*¹-jên⁴ 桑椹 mulberries.
*sang*¹-pai²-p'i² 桑白皮 a sort of medicine.
*sang*¹-p'i²-chih³ 桑皮紙 paper made from mulberry bark.
*sang*¹-ts'an² 桑蠶 mulberry and silk-worm (trade).
*sang*¹-t'ien² 桑田 a mulberry orchard.
*sang*¹-tzü³ 桑梓 mulberry and cedar; one's native place.
*sang*¹-yeh⁴ 桑葉 mulberry leaves.
*sang*¹-yü² 桑榆 the mulberry and elm; evening; old age.
- SANG³** (tzu) 口 噪 939a724c the throat.
*sang*³-tzü³-ya³-liao³ 噪子啞了 hoarse, e.g., through speaking.
*sang*³-tzü³-yen³ 噪子眼 the gullet (hou² lung³).
*sang*³ (tzu) 頁 頰 939b725a the front; the middle of the forehead.
- SAO¹** 馬 騷 940a726a to fidget; agitated; mournful.
*sao*¹-jao³ 騷擾 to harass, to disturb, to fidget (ta³ chiao³).
*sao*¹-jên³ 騷人 a poet (tsao⁴ shih¹ ti¹).
*sao*¹ 手 搔 940a726a to scratch.
*sao*¹-nao³-êrh³ 搔腦兒 to scratch the head.
*sao*¹-shou³-wên⁴-t'ien¹ 搔首問天 to scratch the head, and ask Heaven.
- SAO³** 手 掃 939c726c to brush, to sweep; to cast away; to suppress.
*sao*³-ch'ên³ 掃塵 to sweep up dust.
*sao*³-ching⁴-liao³ 掃淨了 swept clean.
*sao*⁴-chou³ 掃帚 a broom (t'iao³ chou³).
*sao*⁴-chou³-hsing¹ 掃帚星 a comet (hui⁴ hsing¹).
*sao*³-ch'u² 掃除 to sweep away; to reject.
*sao*³-fang² 掃房 to sweep the house (at new year).
*sao*³-fên³ 掃墳 to sweep the tombs at ancestral worship.
*sao*³-hui¹ 掃灰 to sweep up ashes.
*sao*⁴-hsing⁴ 掃興 "sweep away pleasure," a reverse of fortune.
*sao*³-ko⁴-ching¹-kuang¹ 掃個精光 swept clean.
*sao*³-mieh⁴-liao³ 掃滅了 swept out of existence.
*sao*³-mu⁴ 掃墓 to sweep the tombs (in spring and autumn).
*sao*⁴-pa³ 掃把 a broom.
*sao*³-pien¹-kuan¹ 掃邊關 to clear the frontiers.
*sao*³-sao³ 掃掃 to brush, to sweep.
*sao*³-shu⁴ 掃數 to clear off an account.
*sao*³-shua¹ 掃制 to brush, to sweep.
*sao*³-tang⁴ 掃蕩 to clear off rebels, etc.
*sao*³-t'í⁴ 掃地 to sweep the ground.
*sao*³-t'ing¹-sao³-t'ing¹ 掃聽掃聽 to thoroughly enquire.
*sao*³ (tzu) 女 嫫 嫫 940b726c an elder brother's wife (chou³ li³, shên³).

sao³-fu⁴-jén³
sao³-sao³

嫂婦人
嫂嫂

your wife—familiar term among friends.
an elder brother's wife.

SAO⁴

肉臊 臊^{941a726b}

sao¹-ch'í⁴

臊氣

ashamed; fat, lard; tainted meat,
the smell of a person perspiring.

sao¹-ch'ou¹-nan²-wén³

臊臭難聞

unbearable stench.

sao¹-hu²

臊狐

a fox; the smell of a fox (hu² lí⁴).

sao¹-jou⁴

臊肉

tainted meat.

sao⁴-k'u¹-la¹

臊哭喇

chagrined to tears.

sao¹-shu³

臊鼠

a sort of ferret.

sao⁴-ssü³

臊死

to die of shame (hai¹ sao⁴).

sao¹-ta²-tzü³

臊韃子

a stinking Tartar.

sao¹-tí⁴-huang¹

臊的慌

rank-smelling.

sao⁴

高 籛^{941a727c}

light and roomy (liang⁴ sao⁴).

sao⁴

口啼噪 噪^{940c727b}

the chirping of birds; the hum of voices.

SĒ⁴

色 色^{941b727a}

color, quality, kind; sexual pleasure. See shai¹.

sé⁴-chí⁴-shih⁴-k'ung⁴

色即是空

everything is easy; all is vanity.

sé⁴-lao³

色癆

debility through onanism or women.

sé¹-lí⁴-nei⁴-jén³³⁴

色厲內荏

stern exterior, but inwardly timid

sé¹-mi³

色迷

infatuation, hankering after women.

sé⁴-pu⁴

色布

coloured cotton cloth.

sé⁴

水澀 澀^{942c728b}

rough to the taste; rough, rugged, rippled.

sé¹-shih⁴-tzü⁴

澀柿子

astringent persimmon.

sé⁴-tao⁴-liao³-ya³

澀倒了牙

very astringent.

sé⁴-tu³

澀肚

costive, constipated.

sé¹-wei⁴

澀味

rough to the taste.

sé⁴-yao⁴

澀藥

astringent medicines.

sé⁴

口 嗇^{942a728a}

niggardly; frugal, saving, sparing; to covet.

sé¹-chang⁴

嗇賬

a stingy account.

sé⁴-fu³

嗇夫

a miser, a niggard.

sé¹-k'o¹

嗇刻

niggardly, miserly (shou³ ch'ien³ nu²).

sé⁴-lin⁴

嗇吝

same (lin⁴ sé⁴).

sé⁴-tí³-hén³

嗇的很

very stingy.

sé⁴-yen³

嗇言

sparing of words, reticent.

sé⁴

禾 穡^{942b728a}

to reap, to gather; saving, avaricious.

sé⁴-fu¹

穡夫

husbandmen.

sé⁴

水澀 澀^{942b728b}

rough, opposite of smooth.

sé⁴

玉 瑟^{941b728b}

a kind of harp; numerous, many; stern (ch'in³ sé⁴).

SĒN¹

木 森^{942c734a}

umbrageous, luxuriant; abundant; majestic.

sén¹-sén¹

森森

deep, dense, umbrageous.

sĕn¹-yĕn²

森嚴

very severe, stern, dignified, rigorous.

SĒNG¹人僧^{943a725a}Buddhist priests (ho² shang⁴, pi⁴ ch'iu¹).sĕng¹-chia¹

僧家

same.

sĕng¹-i¹

僧衣

Buddhist priest's robes.

sĕng¹-jĕn²

僧人

Buddhist priests (sha¹ mĕn²).sĕng¹-lu⁴-sɔ̃¹

僧錄司

[G. 492. *yamĕn* for the management of Buddhist priests.]sĕng¹-mao⁴

僧帽

Buddhist priest's headdress.

sĕng¹-mĕn²

僧門

Buddhism.

sĕng¹-ni¹

僧尼

Buddhist priests and nuns.

sĕng¹-su²

僧俗

spiritual and secular; priests and laymen.

sĕng¹-tao⁴

僧道

Buddhist and Taoist priests.

sĕng¹-tao⁴-iou²-yūan²

僧道無緣

no affinity with Buddhists and Taoists—on doors.

SHA¹水沙^{943c730a}

sand, pebbles, small stones, dust.

sha¹-chi¹

沙鷄

grouse.

sha¹-ho²

沙河

a river of sand—dry.

sha¹-kuo²

沙鍋

a coarse earthenware cooking-pan or dish.

sha¹-li²

沙梨

the sweet pear.

sha¹-li²-tĕng⁴-chin¹

沙裏澄金

to wash gold from sand.

sha¹-lin²

沙淋

the gravel.

sha¹-mĕn²

沙門

Buddhist priests (sĕng¹ jĕn²).sha¹-mi¹

沙彌

Buddhist priests (boys).

sha¹-mo⁴

沙磨

to rasp, e.g., with sand paper.

sha¹-mo⁴

沙漠

a desert, the Sha-mo desert.

sha¹-pu⁴

沙布

very thin gauze.

sha¹-shi¹

沙石

pebbles, small stones.

sha¹-t'an¹

沙灘

a sandy beach; a desert.

sha¹-t'ung²

沙糖

soft sugar, powdered sugar.

sha¹-t'ĕng²

沙藤

rattans.

sha¹-tiao⁴-tzu²

沙吊子

an earthen pot for decocting drugs.

sha¹-t'u²

沙土

sandy places.

sha¹-t'u²-ti⁴

沙土地

same.

sha¹-tzu²

沙子

sand; small shot.

sha¹-wo¹-tzu²

沙窩子

a sandy tract, a pocket in the sand

sha¹-yĕn²

沙眼

small holes, honeycomb (in metal).

sha¹糸紗^{943b730c}

crape, gauze.

sha¹-chang⁴-tzu²

紗帳子

a gauze curtain.

sha¹-eh'uang¹

紗窗

gauze windows.

sha¹-i¹-fu²

紗衣服

crape clothes.

sha¹-kua⁴

紗褂

a crape robe.

sha¹-mao⁴

紗帽

a crape cap (anciently worn by officials).

sha¹-p'ao²

紗袍

a crape robe.

sha ¹ -têng ¹		紗燈		gauze lanterns.
sha ¹	火	煞	945a732a	to kill, to murder; to die; to seize; to overcome.
sha ¹		殺	944b731a	same.
sha ¹ -ch'í ⁴	火	殺氣		desire for blood, sanguinary, bloodthirsty.
sha ¹ -chín ² -liao ³		殺緊了		to tie very tight, as a rope.
sha ¹ -chín ⁴	火	殺盡		to exterminate; to depopulate.
sha ¹ -hai ⁴		殺害		to kill, to slaughter.
sha ¹ -jên ²	火	殺人		to kill a person; a person killed.
sha ¹ -jên ² -ch'ang ² -ming ⁴		殺人償命		for murder, life must be paid.
sha ¹ -jên ² -hsiung ¹ -shou ³	火	殺人兇手		a murderer.
sha ¹ -jên ² -lüeh ³ -wu ⁴		殺人掠物		to kill and rob.
sha ¹ -liao ³	火	殺了		killed, murdered.
sha ¹ -liao ³ -ti ¹ -jên ²		殺了的人		a person killed.
sha ¹ -lu ⁴	火	殺戮		to slay, to slaughter.
sha ¹ -pai ⁴ -liao ³		殺敗了		overthrown in battle.
sha ¹ -shang ²	火	殺傷		to kill.
sha ¹ -shêng ¹		殺生		to kill animals for food.
sha ¹ -shêng ¹ -hai ⁴ -ming ⁴	火	殺生害命		taking life (t'u ³ tu ³ shêng ¹ ling ³).
sha ¹ -ssü ³		殺死		to kill, to murder.
sha ¹ -t'iao ² -hsüeh ³ -lu ⁴	火	殺條血路		to cut out a bloody path.
sha ¹ -t'ui ⁴		殺退		to kill and disperse, to rout.
sha ¹ -wei ¹	火	殺威		severe, harsh.
sha ¹ (shan)		木	杉	949a733c
sha ¹ -kan ¹	木	杉竿		a pine pole.
sha ¹ -kao ¹		杉篙		an oar of pine or deal.
sha ¹ -kao ¹	木	杉高		fir scaffold-poles.
sha ¹ -mu ⁴		杉木		fir, pine.
sha ¹ -sung ¹	木	杉松		same.
sha ¹		石	砂	943b730a
sha ¹ -jên ²	石	砂仁		cardamoms (tou ⁴ k'ou ⁴).
sha ¹ -lin ²		砂淋		stone in the bladder, the gravel.
sha ¹	魚	鱈	943c730c	a shark.
sha ¹ -yü ² -p'í ²		鱈魚皮		shagreen, shark's skin.
sha ¹	米	抄	943b730b	coarse.
sha ¹ -t'ang ²		抄糖		coarse sugar.
sha ¹	木	梁	944a730b	a pear.
sha ¹ -kuo ² -li ²		梁果梨		the sweet pear.
sha ¹	衣	袈裟	944b730c	(chia) sha ² Buddhist priest's surplice.
sha ¹ (sa ¹ so ¹)		手拏抄	1012a814	to open (as a flower).

SHA³ 人 傻 945b731b
 sha³-ch'ih¹-sha³-ho⁴ 傻吃傻喝
 sha³-ch'ih³ 傻癡

idiotic, crazed, stupid.
 eating and drinking, as idiots do.
 idiotic—(ch'ih³ tai¹).

- sha³-hiao² 傻小
 sha³-hiao⁴ 傻笑
 sha³-jên² 傻人
 sha³-shuo¹ 傻說
 sha³-tzu² 傻子
 idiote (han¹),
 a silly laugh, or giggle.
 a dolt, a book.
 to talk foolishly, nonsense.
 an idiot.
- SHA⁴ 厦厦 厦 431c184a
 sha⁴-mên² 厦門
 sha⁴-yen² 厦簷
 sha⁴ 雨 雲 945c732c
 sha⁴-sha⁴-yü²-shêng¹ 雲雲雨聲
 sha⁴-shih²-chien¹ 雲時間
 sha⁴ 刀 刺 943b731c
 sha⁴ 衣 襪 945a732b
 a front room or hall (open).
 Amoy.
 projecting eaves, or roof supported by pillars.
 fine rain, a slight shower.
 the sound of light rain. [(p'ien⁴ shih²).
 "a slight shower's time," a short time, a moment
 to nip; to pierce, to stab.
 edges of a seam; to sew up a seam.
- SHAI¹ (tzu) 竹筴篩 篩 946a732a
 shai¹-chi¹ 篩箕
 shai¹-ching¹-liao² 篩淨了
 shai¹ 手 搥 946a732c
 shai¹-lo² 搥鑼
 shai¹-lo²-lei²-ku² 搥鑼播鼓
 shai¹ 胃 釀 946b759a
 shai¹-chin² 釀酒
 a sieve, a strainer; to sift, to strain.
 a corn sieve.
 sieved clean.
 to beat or roll, as a gong, etc.
 to beat a gong (ch'iao¹ lo²).
 to beat gongs and drums. [divide.
 to warm, as wine; to purify; to separate, to
 to warm wine.
- SHAI³ 色 色 941b727a
 shai³ (tzu) 骨 骰 946b876c
 shai³-p'ên² 骰盆
 shai³-tzu²-chü² 骰子局
 colour. See sé⁴.
 dice.
 a dice-box or bowl.
 a dicing den.
- SHAI⁴ 晒 晒 946b733a
 shai⁴ 日 曬 946a733a
 shai⁴-hei¹-liao² 曬黑了
 shai⁴-i¹-shang¹ 曬衣裳
 shai⁴-kan¹ 曬乾
 shai⁴-liang² 曬糧
 shai⁴-t'ai² 曬臺
 shai⁴-ti¹-huang¹ 曬的慌
 shai⁴-yang²-êrh² 曬陽兒
 to air in the sun; scorching rays of the sun,
 same.
 sun-burnt (liang⁴ shai⁴).
 to dry or air clothes in the sun.
 to dry in the sun.
 to dry grain in the sun. [vited.
 a drying ground; guests not arriving when in-
 too sunny.
 to sun oneself.
- SHAN¹ 山 山 946c733a
 shan¹-cha¹ 山楂
 shan¹-ch'a² 山茶
 shan¹-chang² 山長
 hills, mountains.
 haws.
 wild tea,
 Chief Director of Provincial College. G. 491.

shan ¹ -chang ³ -ti ¹ -kao ¹	山長的高	the mountain is high (shan ¹ shêng ¹ ti ¹ kao ¹).
shan ¹ -chên ¹ -hai ³ -wei ⁴	山珍海味	rare delicacies.
shan ¹ -chi ¹	山鷄	a pheasant (yeh ³ chi ¹).
shan ¹ -ch'iang ³	山牆	the end walls of a house.
shan ¹ -chiao ³	山脚	the foot of a hill.
shan ¹ -chien ¹	山尖	the top or summit of a hill.
shan ¹ -chien ⁴	山澗	a ravine, a mountain stream.
shan ¹ -ch'ien ²	山前	on the south of the mountain,
shan ¹ -ch'ing ¹ -shui ¹ -hsiu ⁴	山青水秀	fine scenery.
shan ¹ -ch'ou ³	山綢	undyed silk, pongee.
shan ¹ -ch'ou ³	山主	benefactor of temples (shih ¹ chu ³).
shan ¹ -ch'uan ¹	山川	hills and streams.
shan ¹ -ch'uan ¹ -hu ² -hai ³	山川湖海	i. e., the empire.
shan ¹ -chuang ¹	山莊	a temporary burial-ground for strangers.
shan ¹ -chung ¹	山中	in the mountains.
shan ¹ -hai ³ -ching ⁴	山海經	a wonder-book.
shan ¹ -hai ³ -kuan ¹	山海關	Shanhaikuan,
shan ¹ -ho ³	山河	mountains and rivers; a country.
shan ¹ -ho ² -shang ⁴	山和尚	"mountain priest," a species of sandpiper.
shan ¹ -hou ⁴	山後	on the north of the mountain.
shan ¹ -hsi ¹	山西	the province of Shan-si, W. I. 94.
shan ¹ -hsüeh ³	山穴	a cave in the ground or on the-hill side.
shan ¹ -huo ⁴	山貨	woodwaré; articles of bamboo, etc.
shan ¹ -jang ³ -kuai ¹ -chiao ⁴	山嚷怪叫	raving and storming.
shan ¹ -jên ³	山人	raving and storming. life mountaineers; a poet; a person fond of a. ura
shan ¹ -kang ³	山崗	a ravine, a gully.
shan ¹ -kao ¹ -shui ¹ -ti ¹	山高水低	if the hills are high, the waters are low.
shan ¹ -kên ¹	山根	the foot of a hill.
shan ¹ -ku ³	山谷	hills and valleys; a valley.
shan ¹ -kuo ³	山菓	wild fruits.
shan ¹ -k'ou ³	山口	a pass.
shan ¹ -ko ¹	山歌	mountain songs, ballads.
shan ¹ -li ³ -hung ³	山裏紅	species of hawthorn.
shan ¹ -lin ²	山林	a mountain forest; hills and forest.
shan ¹ -ling ³	山嶺	hills and mountains; hill tops.
shan ¹ -lu ⁴	山路	a mountain road.
shan ¹ -mên ²	山門	the gate of a temple.
shan ¹ -nan ² -hai ³ -pei ³	山南海北	i. e., good location.
shan ¹ -pêng ¹ -ti ⁴ -lêh ⁴	山崩地裂	a cataclysm.
shan ¹ -p'o ²	山坡	mountain slopes.
shan ¹ -shêng ¹ -ti ¹ -kao ¹	山生的高	the mountains are high.
shan ¹ -shui ³	山水	mountains and rivers; scenery (ching ³ chih ⁴).
shan ¹ -tao ⁴	山道	a mountain road.

shan ¹ -lou ¹ -tzu ³	山兜子	a pocket in the hills.
shan ¹ -t'ou ²	山頭	the top of a mountain.
shan ¹ -tso ³	山左	Shantung
shan ¹ -tung ¹	山東	the province of Shantung. W. I. 180.
shan ¹ -tung ⁴	山洞	a cave.
shan ¹ -tzu ³ -chiang ⁴	山子匠	grotto-makers.
shan ¹ -tzu ³ -shih ³ -rh ³	山子石兒	grottos, rockery.
shan ¹ -wo ¹ -tzu ³	山窩子	a mountain dell.
shan ¹ -yang ³	山羊	the goat (mien ³ yang ³).
shan ¹ -yang ³ -mao ³	山羊毛	goat's hair.
shan ¹ -yao ⁴	山藥	the yam.
shan ¹ -yao ⁴ -t'ou ² -rh ³	山藥頭兒	the foreign potato.
shan ¹ -yeh ³	山野	wild mountainous places.
shan ¹ -yeh ³ -jên ³	山野人	mountaineers.
shan ¹ -yo ⁴	山岳	mountains, mountainous.
shan ¹ -yu ⁴	山右	Shansi.
shan ¹ -yü ⁴	山芋	a kind of yam (ti ⁴ pao ¹).
shan ¹ -yü ⁴ -t'ou ² -rh ³	山芋頭兒	the foreign potato.
shan ¹	刀	to cut out, to cancel, to revise and correct.
shan ¹ -ch'ü ²	刪	to reject, to expunge.
shan ¹ -chu ¹	刪	to cut a boar.
shan ¹ -ch'ü ¹	刪	to cut out, to expunge.
shan ¹ -huang ¹	刪	to cut up rank weeds, etc.
shan ¹ -hsiao ¹	刪	to pare off.
shan ¹ -kai ³	刪	to expunge and alter, to revise and correct (p' ⁱ 2).
shan ¹ -k'ai ¹	刪	to cut out, to expunge.
shan ¹ -lien ² -tao ¹	刪	a hook, a sickle, a scythe.
shan ¹ -ma ³	刪	to geld a stallion.
shan ¹ -niu ²	刪	to cut a bull.
shan ¹ -shih ¹ -ting ⁴ -li ³	刪	[Ritual. (Confucius) edited the Odes and settled the
shan ¹ -ting ⁴	刪	to revise, revised.
shan ¹ -yang ³	刪	to cut a ram.
shan ¹	玉	coral.
shan ¹ -hu ³	珊瑚	same.
shan ¹ -hu ³ -chih ¹	珊瑚枝	coral branch.
shan ¹ -hu ³ -chu ¹	珊瑚珠	coral beads.
shan ¹ -hu ³ -ch'ung ³	珊瑚蟲	coral insect.
shan ¹ -hu ³ -tao ³	珊瑚島	coral island.
shan ¹ -hu ³ -ting ³ -tzu ³	珊瑚頂子	a coral "button."
shan ¹	火	[fire. to excite; to delude; to make a flame, to set on
shan ¹ -huo ³	煽火	to light a fire.
shan ¹ -huo ⁴	煽惑	to delude (mi ³ huo ⁴).
shan ¹	手	to fan; to brush off; to agitate.

shan ¹ -i ¹ -shan ¹	搨一搨	to fan (see shan ⁴).
shan ¹ -k'ai ¹ -liao ³	搨開了	to brush aside.
shan ¹ -shan ⁴ -tzu ³	搨扇子	to fan with a fan.
shan ¹	羊羴	smell of animals, rank, frowzy, foetid.
shan ¹ -hsing ¹	羴腥	smell of meat or fish (hou ¹ ch' i ⁴ hsi ³).
shan ¹ -wei ⁴	羴味	smell of meat (hsing ¹ wei ⁴).
shan ¹ -yang ³	羴羊	frowsy sheep.
shan ¹ (tzu)	衣衫	a shirt or shift.
shan ¹ -ch'un ³	衫裙	"shift and petticoats," women's clothes.
shan ¹	刀刈	to mow, to cut down.
shan ¹ -ch'u ³ -ts'ao ³ -mu ⁴	刈除草木	to cut down grass and brushwood.
shan ¹ -tao ¹	刈刀	scythe.
SHAN ³ (tzu)	舛苦	[chiao ⁴]. rude mule litter covered with matting (lo ² t' o ⁴)
SHAN ³	閃	a flash ; instantaneously ; to shun ; to peep (to ³).
shan ³ -ch'ou ³	閃綱	shot silk.
shan ³ k'ai ¹	閃開	to evade, to pop off (to ³ pi ⁴).
shan ³ -kuang ¹	閃光	a gleam ; to gleam, to flash.
shan ³ -liao ³ -yao ¹	閃了腰	sprained his waist.
shan ³ -mén ³	閃門	to peep out of a door.
shan ³ -mu ⁴	閃目	to glance the eye.
shan ³ -pi ⁴	閃避	to avoid, to shun.
shan ³ -shen ¹	閃身	to dodge, to step aside.
shan ³ -tao ⁴	閃道	to get out of the road ; clear the way
shan ³ -tien ⁴	閃電	flashing of lightning ; lightens.
shan ³ -tsai ⁴ -i ¹ -pien ¹	閃在一邊	to slip aside.
shan ³ -tuan ⁴	閃緞	shot satin.
shan ³ -yen ³	閃眼	to flash the eye, to glance.
shan ³	阜	name of a province.
shan ³ -hsi ¹	陝西	Shen-si. W. I. 148.
shan ³ -kan ¹	陝甘	Shen-si and Kan-su.
SHAN ⁴	口善	virtuous, moral, good, mild, gentle.
shan ⁴ -ch'i ³ -ma ³	善騎馬	skill in horsemanship, to ride well.
shan ⁴ -ch'iu ²	善求	to beg in an honorable way.
shan ⁴ -chü ³	善舉	virtuous deeds.
shan ⁴ -ch'üan ⁴	善勸	to exhort to good deeds.
shan ⁴ -chung ¹	善終	a good end, a comfortable death.
shan ⁴ -fa ³	善法	a good plan, an excellent method.
shan ⁴ -hsin ¹ -fa ¹ -tung ⁴	善心發動	his natural goodness was stirred.
shan ⁴ -hsing ³	善行	to do good actions.
shan ⁴ -hsing ⁴	善性	good disposition.

shan ⁴ -hsiu ³	善饕	excellent fare, dainties.
shan ³ -hui ⁴	善會	a subscription.
shan ⁴ -jén ³	善人	a good or moral man.
shan ⁴ -kuan ¹	善觀	to thoroughly know.
shan ⁴ -li ³	善理	to manage well or properly.
shan ⁴ -liang ³	善良	mild, gentle, virtuous, conscientious; goodwill.
shan ⁴ -ma ³	善馬	a gentle horse (one without vice); a gelding.
shan ⁴ -mên ² -nan ³ -k'ai ¹	善門難開	it is awkward to begin charity.
shan ⁴ -mên ² -nan ² -pi ⁴	善門難閉	it is difficult to leave off giving charity.
shan ⁴ -mou ³	善謀	an excellent contrivance.
shan ⁴ -nan ² -hein ⁴ -nü ³	善男信女	good men and believing women—the devout.
shan ⁴ -néng ³	善能	able to do thoroughly.
shan ⁴ -o ⁴	善惡	virtue and vice, virtuous and vicious, good and [evil]
shan ⁴ -p'u ¹ -ying ³	善撲營	able to wrestle, etc.; athletes.
shan ⁴ -shan ² -wu ⁴ -o ⁴	善善惡惡	to love goodness and hate vice.
shan ⁴ -shih ³	善射	a good archer.
shan ⁴ -shih ⁴	善士	an eminent scholar; a good man.
shan ⁴ -shou ³	善手	an adept, a proficient.
shan ⁴ -tê ³	善德	virtuous, moral; virtue, morality.
shan ⁴ -ts'ê ⁴	善策	a good plan.
shan ⁴ -wei ² -jén ³	善爲人	to behave well, to act morally.
shan ⁴ -wei ² -shuo ¹ -tz'ü ³	善說辭	clever at intercession.
shan ⁴ -yen ² -hsiang ¹ -ch'üan ⁴	善言相勸	to use good words in mutual exhortation.
shan ⁴ -yu ³ -shan ⁴ -pao ⁴	善有善報	the good have a good reward.
shan ⁴ -yu ⁴ -jén ³	善誘人	a good mode of guidance for people.
shan ⁴ -yü ³ -jén ³ -chiao ¹	善與人交	good at intercourse.
shan ⁴ -yü ³ -jén ³ -t'ung ³	善與人同	good at dealing with others.
shan ⁴ -yü ⁴ -jén ³ -chien ⁴	善欲人見	good we wish others to see.
shan ⁴	肉饌	the emperor's meals; good cuisine.
shan ⁴ -chuan ⁴	膳饌	good cuisine.
shan ⁴ -fang ³	膳房	imperial kitchen.
shan ⁴ -jou ⁴	膳肉	good meat.
shan ⁴	手擅	to venture, to dare, to presume, to assume, 948b753b
shan ⁴ -chin ⁴	擅進	to presume to enter.
shan ⁴ -ch'üan ³	擅權	on one's own authority.
shan ⁴ -kan ³	擅敢	to venture to act on one's own authority.
shan ⁴ -tso ⁴	擅做	to venture to do.
shan ⁴ -tzü ¹ -chuan ¹ -ch'üan ³	擅自專權	to usurp authority.
shan ⁴ -tzü ¹ -tso ⁴ -chu ³	擅自作主	to act without authority.
shan ⁴	言訕	to backbite, to slander, to villify, to libel. 947c734c
shan ⁴ -pan ⁴	訕謗	same (hui ³ pang ⁴).
shan ⁴ -shang ⁴	訕上	to backbite one's superiors.
shan ⁴	戶扇	a fan; leaf of a door. 948a753a

shan⁴-t'ao⁴-r²h² 扇套兒
 shan⁴-ku³-tzu³ 扇股子
 shan⁴-m⁴-tzu³ 扇篋子
 shan⁴ 疝 疝 947c734a
 shan⁴-ch'ü⁴ 疝氣
 shan⁴ 魚鯉鱧 鱧 951b753a
 shan⁴-yü³ 鱧魚
 shan⁴ 馮 馮 948b753c
 shan⁴-ma³ 馮馬
 shan⁴ 水 汕 947c734a
 shan⁴-t'ou² 汕頭
 shan⁴ 言 誦 948b753b
 shan⁴-kuo⁴-jén³-hsin¹ 誦惑人心
 shan⁴ 貝 贍 949a753c
 shan⁴-yang³-pu⁴-ch'ü³ 贍養不起
 shan⁴ 虫 蠶 蟻 951b753a
 shan⁴ 禾 繕 951b752a

a fan case.
 ribs of a fan.
 same (or mieh).
 wind in the stomach ; a belly rupture.
 rupture, stricture.
 the eel (ui³ ch'iu¹).
 same.
 to geld a horse or ram, etc.
 to geld a horse.
 a wicker basket for catching fish.
 Swatow.
 to instigate, to seduce to, to impose upon.
 to seduce men's hearts.
 give, aid.
 cannot afford to rear or support.
 earth-worm.
 write out, copy.

SHANG¹ 人 傷 954c739c
 shang¹-ch'ing² 傷情
 shang¹-ch'o⁴ 傷觸
 shang¹-ch'u⁴ 傷處
 shang¹-fêng¹ 傷風
 shang¹-fêng¹-hua⁴ 傷風化
 shang¹-fêng¹-pai⁴-tê² 傷風敗德
 shang¹-hai⁴ 傷害
 shang¹-han² 傷寒
 shang¹-han²-ping⁴ 傷寒病
 shang¹-hên² 傷痕
 shang¹-ho²-ch'ü⁴ 傷和氣
 shang¹-hsin¹ 傷心
 shang¹-kan² 傷感
 shang¹-ko² 傷格
 shang¹-k'ou² 傷口
 shang¹-liao³-fêng¹ 傷了風
 shang¹-lien³ 傷臉
 shang¹-ming² 傷名
 shang¹-ming⁴ 傷命
 shang¹-ping⁴ 傷病
 shang¹-shu² 傷暑
 shang¹-sun² 傷損
 shang¹-t'ien¹-hai⁴-li³ 傷天害理
 shang¹-ts'ai² 傷財

to wound, to injure, to hurt ; grieved, distressed.
 to hurt one's feelings.
 to offend, to wound the feelings
 an injured place.
 to catch cold ; to spoil a custom,
 injurious to public morals,
 injurious to morals.
 to wound, to injure.
 to catch cold (chung⁴ han²).
 a feverish cold, typhus or typhoid fever,
 the scar of a wound (pa¹ la¹).
 to injure cordial relations.
 deeply grieved, distressed in mind,
 same.
 injurious to the recognised rules.
 the mouth of a wound.
 to have caught cold (fêng¹ mao⁴).
 to injure one's own reputation.
 to injure one's reputation.
 "to wound life," to kill.
 to become sick.
 to catch cold in summer ; to suffer from heat,
 to hurt, to injure.
 contrary to divine laws.
 to waste property, squander money.

shung¹-ts'an³ 傷慘
 shang¹ 商 口 賣 954b739a
 shang¹-ch'ao³ 商朝
 shung¹-cho³ 商酌
 shang¹-i⁴ 商議
 shang¹-i⁴-t'a¹ 商議他
 shang¹-jên³ 商人
 shang¹-ku³ 商賈
 shang¹-liang⁴ 商量
 shang¹-lū³ 商旅
 shang¹-yin¹ 商音
 shang¹ 衣 裝 954a740b

sorrowful, melancholy, sad (ju¹ ch'ou²).
 a trader, a merchant; to consult, to deliberate.
 the Shang dynasty (B. C. 1766-1154).
 to deliberate, to consult. [i⁴].
 to deliberate, to consult, to concert a plan (cho³)
 to consult with him.
 merchant.
 merchants and shopkeepers.
 to consult, to deliberate, to concert.
 a travelling merchant.
 one of the musical tones.
 clothes, a petticoat; to screen off (i¹ shang¹)

SHANG³ 具 賞 954a740c
 shang³-ch'ien³ 賞錢
 shang³-fa³ 賞罰
 shung³-hsin¹-yüeh⁴-mu⁴ 賞心悅目
 shung³-kei³ 賞給
 shang³-kei³-jên³ 賞給人
 shang³-lao³ 賞勞
 shang³-lien³ 賞臉
 shang³-shan⁴-fa²-o⁴ 賞善罰惡
 shang³-ssü⁴ 賞賜
 shang³ 日 响 953b741a
 shang³-liao³ 响了
 shang³-liao³-t'ien¹ 响了天
 shang³-t'ien¹ 响天
 shang³-wu³ 响午
 shang³-wu³-ta⁴-ts'o⁴ 响午大錯
 shang³-wu³-ts'o⁴-liao³ 响午錯了

[praise].
 to confer, to bestow, to grant, to reward; to
 to bestow money.
 to reward and to fine.
 to reward the heart and please the eye.
 to give, to bestow.
 to bestow on a person.
 to reward merit (k'ao⁴ shang³). [quat.
 to condescend, to give "face" by granting re-
 to reward the good and punish the bad.
 to confer, to grant; a present, a gift.
 noon.
 same.
 same.
 same.
 same (in Peking pronounced shang-hu).
 long past noon.
 past noon.

SHANG⁴ 一 上 952a741a
 shang⁴-ch'ao³ 上朝
 shang⁴-ch'ê¹ 上車
 shang⁴-chên⁴ 上陣
 shang⁴-chi⁴ 上祭
 shang⁴-chi³ 上集
 shung⁴-ch'i¹-chün¹ 上欺君
 shang⁴-chiao⁴ 上轎
 shang⁴-chieh³ 上街
 shang⁴-ch'ien³-ch'ü⁴ 上前去
 shang⁴-chin³ 上緊
 shang⁴-chin⁴ 上進

up, upon, on, in; to go up; superior. M. 72.
 to go to court (yin³ chien⁴).
 to ascend one's cart.
 to go to battle; to charge.
 to go to a sacrifice.
 to go to a fair or market (kan³ chi⁴).
 to deceive one's prince.
 to get into a sedan.
 to go up the street.
 forward, onward; to go to the front.
 diligent, pushing (yin¹ ch'in³).
 to make progress.

shang ³ -ching ¹	上京	to go to Peking (chin ⁴ ching ¹).
shang ³ -ch'ü ⁴	上去	to go up ; go up.
shang ³ -ch'uan ³	上船	to embark.
shang ⁴ -chung ¹ -hsia ⁴	上中下	[ferior]. beginning, middle, end ; superior, middling, in-
shang ⁴ -fang ²	上房	the principal room.
shang ⁴ -fên ²	上墳	to visit one's cemetery.
shang ⁴ -fêng ¹ -kuan ¹ -ssü ¹	上風官司	a sure case.
shang ⁴ -fêng ¹ -t'ou ² -érh ²	上風頭兒	a man who seizes the best of anything.
shang ⁴ -hai ²	上海	Shanghai.
shang ⁴ -ho ² -hsia ⁴ -mu ⁴	上和下睦	elder and younger friendly.
shang ⁴ -hsia ⁴	上下	about, more or less, nearly, above and below
shang ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -mang ²	上下芒	spring and autumn taxes. [hsiang ¹].
shang ³ -hsiang ¹	上香	to go to burn incense ; to burn incense (chin ⁴
shang ³ -hsien ²	上弦	to wind up (as a watch, etc).
shang ⁴ -hsien ⁴	上憲	the superior officers of government.
shang ³ -hsing ² -hsia ⁴	上行下效	the lower will imitate the upper.
shang ³ -hsüeh ²	上學	to go to school.
shang ⁴ -hsün ²	上旬	the first ten days of every moon.
shang ⁴ -hsün ² -hsia ⁴	上旬下旬	the first and last decades of every moon.
shang ⁴ -huang ²	上皇	the reigning emperor's predecessor.
shang ⁴ -hui ²	上回	the last time ; previous occasion.
shang ⁴ -hui ⁴	上會	to assemble ; to go to a meeting (kan ³ hui ⁴).
shang ⁴ -huo ³	上火	to get excited.
shang ⁴ -i ¹	上衣	upper clothing.
shang ⁴ -jên ²	上人	a superior (official or otherwise),
shang ⁴ -jên ⁴	上任	to proceed to one's post or office.
shang ⁴ -k'ou ⁴ -tzi ²	上扣子	to fasten, to buckle, to button.
shang ⁴ -ku ³	上古	high antiquity, former ages (Shen Nung's day)
shang ⁴ -kuan ¹	上官	high officials.
shang ⁴ -kuan ¹	上關	to go to office.
shang ³ -kuei ⁴	上貴	to honour the noble.
shang ³ -kung ¹	上工	to begin work.
shang ⁴ -kung ⁴	上供	to sacrifice.
shang ⁴ -liang ² -pu ⁴ -chéng ¹	上樑不正	the main beam not straight.
shang ⁴ -liao ² -nien ² -chi ⁴	上了年紀	advanced in years.
shang ³ -lou ²	上樓	to ascend to an upper story.
shang ⁴ -lü ²	上驢	to mount a donkey.
shang ³ -ma ³	上馬	to mount a horse.
shang ³ -ma ³ -ch'ien ²	上馬錢	a doctor's fee.
shang ⁴ -ma ³ -shih ²	上馬石	a stone for mounting horses.
shang ⁴ -mên ²	上門	to close a door (kuan ¹ mên ²).
shang ⁴ -mên ² -ya ²	上門牙	upper front teeth.
shang ⁴ -mêng ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -mêng ⁴	上孟下孟	1st and 2nd halves of Mencius' works.

shang ⁴ -miao ⁴	上廟	to go to a temple.
shang ¹ -mien ⁴	上面	on the top, on the surface.
shang ³ -na ³ -érh ³	上那兒	where are you going?
shang ⁴ -nien ³	上年	last year.
shang ⁴ -niu ⁴	上謬	a contradictor.
shang ⁴ -pan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	上半天	the forenoon (t'ou ³ pan ⁴ tien ¹).
shang ⁴ -pan ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	上半月	the past half month.
shang ¹ -p'ín ³	上本	to present an official document to a superior.
shang ¹ -piao ³	上臃	grow fat.
shang ¹ -piao ³ -hsien ⁴	上表弦	to wind up a watch.
shang ⁴ -pien ¹	上邊	on the top.
shang ⁴ -p'in ³	上品	first-class.
shang ⁴ -p'ing ³	上平	one of the Chinese tones.
shang ⁴ -p'o ¹ -rh ³	上坡兒	to ascend a hill.
shang ⁴ -pu ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	上不去	unable to ascend.
shang ⁴ -p'ü ⁴ -k'uei ¹ -chün ¹	上不虧君	not to be wanting to one's prince.
shang ⁴ -pu ¹ -shang ⁴	上不上天	unable to; not suitable or fitting.
shang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -yüan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	上不怨天	not to bear a grudge <i>vs.</i> Heaven.
shang ⁴ -pu ⁴	上部	the beginning of a book.
shang ⁴ -sè ⁴	上色	excellent.
shang ³ -shan ¹	上山	to ascend a hill.
shang ¹ -shan ⁴	上善	to exalt; to esteem excellent.
shang ⁴ -shan ⁴ -mo ³	上扇磨	the upper millstone.
shang ¹ -shang ⁴ -shuan ¹	上上門	put up the bolt
shang ⁴ -shên ¹ -i ¹	上身衣	upper clothing.
shang ¹ -shing ¹ [t'ang ²	上聲	one of the Chinese tones.
shang ¹ -shing ¹ -t'ien ¹	上升天堂	to ascend to Heaven.
shang ⁴ -shih ⁴	上世	high antiquity, former ages, ancient times.
shang ⁴ -shou ⁴	上壽	to make birthday presents; extreme old age.
shang ¹ -shu ⁴	上樹	to climb a tree.
shang ³ -shu ⁴ -t'iao ⁴ -ching ³	上樹跳井	ways of suicide, by hanging or drowning.
shang ¹ -shui ³ -ch'uan ²	上水船	a boat going up stream.
shang ⁴ -shui ⁴ -tan ¹	上稅單	a "duty memo."
shang ⁴ -suan ⁴	上算	profitable, paying.
shang ⁴ -sü ¹	上司	one's official superior.
shang ⁴ -ssü ¹ -jih ⁴	上巳日	3rd day of 3rd moon.
shang ⁴ -ta ³	上達	to increase in intelligence.
shang ⁴ -tang ⁴	上當	to get cheated.
shang ⁴ -t'a ¹ -ti ¹ -tang ⁴	上他的當	to get cheated by him.
shang ⁴ -t'ang ³	上膛	roof of the mouth.
shang ⁴ -t'ang ³	上堂	to go before the court.
shang ⁴ -t'ang ⁴	上輪	the last time.
shang ⁴ -t'ung ³ -jêr ²	上等人	the upper classes.

shang ⁴ -ti ⁴	上帝	Supreme Ruler ; God.
shang ³ -tiao ⁴	上吊	to hang one's self (ching ¹ ssü ³).
shang ⁴ -tien ⁴	上殿	to ascend the hall of audience.
shang ³ -t'ien ¹	上天	to ascend to heaven ; God.
shang ⁴ -t'ou ²	上頭	on the top.
shang ¹ -tsai ⁴ -kao ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	上在高處	to go up high.
shang ⁴ -ts'ui ⁴	上菜	to put the dishes on the table.
shang ⁴ -ts'ang ¹	上蒼	Heaven.
shang ⁴ -ts'ê ⁴	上冊	to insert in an inventory ; beginning of a list, etc.
shang ⁴ -t'u ¹ -hsia ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	上吐下瀉	vomiting and purging.
shang ³ -tung ⁴	上凍	to freeze (of rivers).
shang ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴	上次	the last time, previous occasion.
shang ¹ -wei ⁴	上位	the seat of honor.
shang ¹ -wu ¹	上屋	the upper or best room.
shang ¹ -wu ³	上午	the forenoon.
shang ¹ -ya ² -mên ²	上衙門	to go to the yamên
shang ⁴ -yang ²	上洋	Shanghai ; on the sea.
shang ³ -yin ⁴	上印	to go to one's office or post.
shang ⁴ -yü ¹	上諭	an imperial edict or mandate.
shang ⁴ -yüan ² -jih ⁴	上元日	1st of the 1st moon.
shang ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	上月	last month
shang ¹ -yün ² -t'ü ¹	上雲梯	"to ascend the cloud ladder," to be promoted.
shang ⁴	小 尙	953b741c to esteem, to control ; eminent ; still, yet ; nearly.
shang ¹ -chan ⁴ -tou ⁴	尙戰鬪	fond of fighting.
shang ⁴ -ch'ieh ³	尙且	[êrh ² ch'ieh ³].
shang ⁴ -ch'ih ³	尙齒	and if further, still, moreover (k'uang ¹ ch'ieh ³ ,
shang ⁴ -chüeh ²	尙尊	to respect the aged.
shang ⁴ -hsin ¹	尙心	to respect rank.
shang ⁴ -hsing ⁴	尙姓	to set one's heart or mind on ; an aspiring mind.
shang ⁴ -i ¹	尙衣	your esteemed name ? (kuei ⁴ hsing ⁴).
shang ⁴ -k'o ³	尙可	the imperial clothes.
shang ⁴ -lun ⁴	尙論	still possible.
shang ⁴ -shu ¹	尙書	fond of discussion. [160 (shih ⁴ lang ²).
shang ⁴ -tê ²	尙德	a chancellor ; president of one of the Boards. G.
shang ⁴ -tsai ¹ -liang ³ k'o ³	尙在兩可	to respect the virtuous or virtue.
shang ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -wei ⁴ -ting ⁴	尙在未定	the matter is still in doubt.
shang ¹ -wei ³ -shang ¹ -li ¹ n ¹ n ²	尙未商量	not yet settled.
shang ⁴ -wang ⁴	尙望	not yet consulted about.
		to greatly hope.

SHAO¹

禾 稍 956c746b

shao¹³-ch'ü¹-tien³

稍差點

slightly, gradually ; rather.

shao¹-hao³

稍好

slightly in error.

shao¹-hsia³

稍暇

rather better.

a little leisure (k'ung⁴ êrh).

shao ¹ -huan ³	稍緩	to delay, to postpone, to tarry, a while, etc.
shao ¹ -k'o ³	稍可	tolerable.
shao ¹ -p'ing ¹	稍平	a bit smooth.
shao ¹ -shao ¹	稍稍	by little and little, gradually.
shao ¹ -shih ⁴	稍事	a small affair (hsiao ³ pu ⁴ yen ² ti ¹).
shao ¹ -tai ⁴	稍待	to wait a bit (têng ² i ¹ lui ³).
shao ¹ -têng ³ -p'ien ⁴ -shih ⁴	稍等片時	stop a little while.
shao ¹ -t'ing ³	稍停	to stop a while.
shao ¹ -wei ¹	稍微	slightly. M. 535 (hsieh ¹ wei ¹).
shao ¹³ -tso ⁴ -tso ⁴	稍稍坐坐	be seated for a little.
shao ¹	火燒	to burn, to roast; to boil (hu ² , fên ²).
shao ¹ -ch'a ²	燒茶	to boil tea (p'êng ¹ ch'a ²).
shao ¹ -ch'êng ³ -hui ¹	燒成灰	to burn to ashes.
shao ¹ -chi ¹	燒鷄	to roast a fowl.
shao ¹ -chiao ¹ -liao ³	燒焦了	burnt (as food) (hu ²).
shao ¹ -chih ³	燒紙	to burn paper at funerals, etc.; to mourn.
shao ¹ -chiu ³	燒酒	whisky, ardent spirits (sau ¹ shao ¹).
shao ¹ -chu ¹	燒豬	to roast pig.
shao ¹ -chuan ¹	燒磚	to burn bricks.
shao ¹ -hsia ²	燒霞	clouds of reddish tinge.
shao ¹ -hsiang ¹	燒香	to burn incense (fên ² hsiang ¹ , chin ⁴ hsiang ¹).
shao ¹ -hsiang ¹ -pa ¹³	燒香疤	to burn the head for initiation.
shao ¹ -hua ⁴	燒化	to burn up, to consume with fire.
shao ¹ -hui ³	燒燬	to burn up, to consume.
shao ¹ -huo ³	燒火	to light a fire (tien ³ huo ³ , shêng ¹ huo ³).
shao ¹ -jou ⁴	燒肉	to roast meat.
shao ¹ -k'ang ⁴	燒炕	to warm the stove-bed.
shao ¹ -k'ao ³	燒烤	to bake and to roast.
shao ¹ -kuo ¹	燒鍋	to warm the kettle.
shao ¹ -liao ⁴	燒料	clouded glass.
shao ¹ -ping ³	燒餅	name of a round wheaten cake (huo ³ shao ¹).
shao ¹ -ping ⁴	燒病	fever (jê ⁴ p'ing ⁴).
shao ¹ -shên ¹ -liao ³ -p'ao ⁴	燒身潦泡	body blistered with burns.
shao ¹ -shui ³	燒水	to heat water.
shao ¹ -ssü ²	燒死	to burn to death.
shao ¹ -ti ¹ -huang ²	燒的慌	uncomfortably hot.
shao ¹ -ti ¹ -mei ² -fei ⁴	燒的煤費	wasteful consumption of coal.
shao ¹ -ti ¹ -t'ung ¹ -hung ²	燒的通紅	heated red-hot.
shao ¹ -wa ³	燒瓦	to burn tiles,
shao ¹ -ya ¹	燒鴨	roast duck.
shao ¹ -yao ³	燒窯	a kiln; to fire a kiln.
shao ¹	手捎	to take, to carry.
shao ¹ -hsin ⁴	捎信	to send a letter.

<i>shao¹-lai²-liao³</i>	捎來了	sent hither.
<i>shao¹-shu¹-ch'i⁴-hsin⁴</i>	捎信寄信	to send letters.
<i>shao¹-tai⁴</i>	捎帶	to convey, to include as one of the party.
<i>shao¹ (tzü)</i>	木梢	the tip of a branch; a rudder.
<i>shao¹-kung¹</i>	梢公	a helmsman (to ⁴ kung ¹).
<i>shao¹</i>	竹管	a bucket (mu ⁴ t'ung ³).
<i>shao¹-ku¹</i>	管箍	the hoop on a bucket.
<i>shao¹</i>	舟梢	stern of a boat.
SHAO³ (so)	勺	a spoon, a ladle; to ladle out.
<i>shao²-shui³ (tzü)</i>	勺水	to ladle out water (yao ³ shui ³).
<i>shao³-tzü³</i>	勺子	a spoon.
<i>shao³</i>	芍	a medicine; a kind of peony.
<i>shao²-yao⁴</i>	芍藥	a medicine.
<i>shao³-yao⁴-hua⁴</i>	芍藥花	a kind of peony (mu ³ tan ¹ hua ¹).
<i>shao³ (tzü)</i>	木杓	a spoon, a ladle.
SHAO³	小	few, less, not much, slightly; young; to owe.
<i>shao³-chia¹-wu²-yeh⁴</i>	少家無業	utterly friendless and poor.
<i>shao³-chiao⁴-hsün⁴</i>	少教訓	ill-bred, unmannerly.
<i>shao³-chien⁴</i>	少見	I have seen very little of you.
<i>shao³-chien⁴-to¹-kuai⁴</i>	少見多怪	the less you see, the stranger things are.
<i>shao³-ch'ien²</i>	少錢	to owe money (ch'ien ⁴ ch'ien ²).
<i>shao³-ch'ih¹-chien³-yung⁴</i>	少吃儉用	economy and frugality (chien ³ shéng ³).
<i>shao³-ch'ih¹-mu¹-ch'uan³</i>	少吃沒穿	without the necessities of life.
<i>shao³-ch'ih¹-to¹-t'ien²</i>	少吃多甜	[better. if you eat sparingly, the flavor will be all the
<i>shao⁴-ch'ing¹</i>	少卿	a censor (yü ⁴ shih ²).
<i>shao³-ch'ing³</i>	少頃	a short time.
<i>shao³-érh⁴-kua³-shuang¹</i>	少二寡雙	no second, i. e., superlative.
<i>shao⁴-fu⁴</i>	少婦	a young woman.
<i>shao⁴-fu⁴</i>	少傅	[G. 141. the instructor of the eldest son of the emperor.
<i>shao³-hsieh¹</i>	少些	a little less, not so much.
<i>shao³-hsü³</i>	少許	a very little, a few, not much.
<i>shao³-jo⁴</i>	少若	if a little.
<i>shao³-kei³-ch'ien³</i>	少給錢	to give less cash.
<i>shao³-k'o⁴</i>	少刻	a little while (ch'ing ³ k'o ⁴).
<i>shao³-lu¹-pu⁴-mai⁴</i>	少喇不賣	will not sell for less.
<i>shao³-liao³</i>	少了	to abate, to lessen.
<i>shao⁴-nai³-nai³</i>	少奶奶	a mandarin's son's wife.
<i>shao⁴-nien²</i>	少年	young in years, young.
<i>shao⁴-nien²-tzü³-ti¹</i>	少年子弟	young people.
<i>shao⁴-nü³</i>	少女	a young girl.
<i>shao⁴-pao³</i>	少保	Junior Guardian of the heir apparent. G. 142.

shao ³ .p'ei ⁴	少陪		please excuse me (guest on leaving).
shao ³ .pu ⁴ -liao ³	少不	了	unable to do with less, indispensable.
shao ³ .pu ⁴ -tê ³	少不得		same.
shao ³ -shuo ¹ -hua ⁴	少說話		same.
shao ³ -tên ³ -p'ien ⁴ -shih ³	少等片時		wait a little.
shao ³ -ti ¹ -shih ³ -hou ⁴	少的時候		when young, in youth (nien ³ yu ⁴).
shao ³ -t'ien ¹ -wu ² -jih ⁴	少天無日		no time left.
shao ³ t'ing ²	少停		in a little time, wait a bit (hsiao ¹ t'ing ²).
shao ³ -t'ou ² -ch'üeh ¹ -wei ³	少頭缺	尾	imperfect, defective.
shao ⁴ -yao ⁴ -wên ² -tang ⁴	少要穩當		youth should be steady.
shao ³ -yeh ²	少爺		a mandarin's son (kuan ⁴ mên ² kung ¹ tzü ³),
shao ³ -yu ² -ti ¹ -shih ⁴	少有的事		a rare thing (hsi ¹ han ³).

SHAO ⁴	口	哨	956a747a	to whistle; loquacious; pointed; an outpost.
shao ⁴ -chang ⁴		哨長		a military official (small).
shao ⁴ -ch'uan ³		哨船		"a whistling vessel," a revenue cruiser.
shao ⁴ -rh ²		哨兒		mouthpiece of a trumpet, etc.
shao ⁴ -kuan ¹		哨官		a military lieutenant.
shao ⁴ -p'u ⁴		哨堡		an outpost, a fort, an entrenchment.
shao ⁴ -t'an ⁴		哨探		a spy, a scout; to spy, to reconnoitre.
shao ⁴ -tsung ³		哨總		officer in command of a patrol.
shao ⁴	水	灑	956c746c	to sprinkle, to dash water, water dashing [against.
shao ⁴ -shih ¹ -liao ³		灑濕了		wet with rain, etc.
shao ⁴	糸	紹	957c746b	to connect, to continue in succession.
shao ⁴ -chiu ³	[kao ¹	紹酒		wine from Shao-hsing-fu.
shao ⁴ -hsing ¹ -hsiang ¹ -		紹興		Shao-hsing cakes.

SHĒ ¹	貝	賒	958b747a	to credit, to trust, to give credit; to owe.
shĕ ¹ -chang ⁴		賒賬		credit, trust, to credit.
shĕ ¹ -chieh ⁴ -wu ² -mên ²		賒借無門		no way of getting credit.
shĕ ¹ -ch'ien ⁴		賒欠		to owe, debt.
shĕ ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		賒去		to sell on credit.
shĕ ¹ -lai ²		賒來的		taken on credit.
shĕ ¹ -ti ²		賒的		on credit or trust.
shĕ ¹	大	奢	958b747a	extravagant, prodigal, wasteful, widespread.
shĕ ¹ -chien ³		奢儉		extravagant and economical.
shĕ ¹ -ch'ih ³		奢侈		extravagant, prodigal, wasteful.
shĕ ¹ -fei ⁴		奢費		same (lang ⁴ fei ⁴).
shĕ ¹ -hua ²		奢華		same.

SHĒ ¹	舌	舌	959b749a	the tongue, tongue of a bell, buckle, etc.
shĕ ² -chan ⁴ -ch'ün ³ -ju ²		舌戰羣儒		to argue with the hosts of scholars.
shĕ ² -chien ¹		舌尖		the tip of the tongue.

shé²-chien⁴ 舌劍
 shé²-kan¹-ch'un²-chiao¹ 舌乾脣焦
 shé²-kéng¹ 舌耕
 shé²-pien⁴-chih¹-shih⁴ 舌辨之士
 shé²-t'ou² 舌頭
 shé² 手 折 47a40a
 shé²-ch'üeh⁴ 折却
 shé²-liao³-pên³ 折了本
 shé²-ping¹ 折兵
 shé²-sun³ 折損
 shé² 虫 蛇 958c747b
 shé²-hsing³ 蛇行
 shé²-hsing³-érh²-chin⁴ 蛇行而進
 shé²-k'o¹ 蛇壳
 shé²-t'ou²-ch'uang¹ 蛇頭瘡
 shé²-t'ou²-t'ing¹ 蛇頭疔
 shé²-t'un¹-hsiang⁴ 蛇吞象
 shé² 貝 賂 749c
 shé²-pên³ 賂本
 shé²-tou² 賂斗

“tongue sword,” to injure by backbiting.
 mouth dry through excessive speaking.
 “to plough with the tongue,” a teacher.
 an arguer, a sophist.
 the tongue (k'ou² t'iao²).
 to break off, to diminish, to fail, to lose. See *ché²*.
 to cut off, to break off, etc.
 to lose in business.
 to cut off troops.
 to fail, to lose, to spoil.
 a snake, a serpent (ch'ang² ch'ung²).
 snake-like in movement; to crawl.
 he advanced with side-long gait.
 snake-skin.
 a fester on the finger, a whitlow.
 same.
 fig. to overestimate one's powers.
 to lose in trade.
 to lose on an investment.
 to lose measure, to fall short.

SHĒ³ 手 捨 960a748a
 shé³-chi²-wei⁴-jén³ 捨己爲人
 shé³-ch'í⁴ 捨棄
 shé³-chin⁴-t'u²-yüan³ 捨近圖遠
 shé³-fan⁴-fang¹-shéng¹ 捨飯放生
 shé³-liao³-hai²-tzū³ 捨了孩子
 shé³-lien² 捨臉
 shé³-ming⁴ 捨命
 shé³-pên³ 捨本
 shé³-pu⁴-liao³ 捨不得了
 shé³-pu⁴-tê² 捨不得
 shé³-shên¹ 捨身
 shé³-ssü³ 捨死
 shé³-ssü³-p'in¹-ming⁴ 捨死拼命

to allow to go, to part with, to reject
 to sacrifice one's self for others.
 to forsake, to abandon, to cast off.
 to sacrifice the near for the remote.
 to dispense food and release the doomed,
 abandoned a child
 brazen-faced.
 to give one's life.
 to neglect the main thing.
 unable to part with.
 same.
 to throw away life.
 same.
 same.

SHĒ⁴ 言 設 960c750a
 shé⁴-chi⁴ 設計
 shé⁴-chiao¹ 設教
 shé⁴-chiu³-hsi² 設酒席
 shé⁴-fa³ 設法
 shé⁴-hsi² 設席
 shé⁴-hsü⁴ 設序

to place, to establish, to suppose. M. 381.
 to contrive, to plan.
 to instruct.
 to spread a banquet (pai³ chiu³ hsi²).
 to institute a law; to scheme, to plan.
 to prepare an entertainment.
 to arrange in order.

shĕ⁴-huo⁴ 設
shĕ⁴-jo⁴ 設
shĕ⁴-ju² 設
shĕ⁴-kuan¹-fĕn¹-chĭh² 設官分職
shĕ⁴-mou² 設謀
shĕ⁴-li¹ 設立
shĕ⁴-pai² 設擺
shĕ⁴-pai²-pai²-shĕ⁴ 設擺擺設
shĕ⁴-shĕn¹-ch'au²-tĭ⁴ 設身處地
shĕ⁴-shĭh² 設使
shĕ⁴-yen⁴ 設宴
shĕ⁴ 設
shĕ⁴-chĭh² 赦
shĕ⁴-fang⁴ 赦放
shĕ⁴-kuo⁴ 赦過
shĕ⁴-mien² 赦免
shĕ⁴-liao⁴ 赦掉
shĕ⁴-tsui¹ 赦罪
shĕ⁴-yu⁴ 赦宥
shĕ⁴ 射
shĕ⁴-chien⁴ 射
shĕ⁴-chien⁴-tĭ⁴ 射箭的
shĕ⁴-che² 射者
shĕ⁴-kuang² 射光
shĕ⁴-li¹ 射利
shĕ⁴-pu⁴-chien⁴ 射步箭
shĕ⁴-tĭ⁴ 射的
shĕ⁴-ying²-tĕng¹ 射影燈
shĕ⁴ 舍
shĕ⁴-chĭh² 舍姪
shĕ⁴-chĭh² 舍止
shĕ⁴-ch'in¹ 舍親
shĕ⁴-chū¹ 舍居
shĕ⁴-hsia⁴ 舍下
shĕ⁴-mei² 舍妹
shĕ⁴-tĭ⁴ 舍弟
shĕ⁴ 社
shĕ⁴-chang² 社長
shĕ⁴-chi²-nan²-puo² 社稷難保
shĕ⁴-chi²-t'an² 社稷壇
shĕ⁴-jih⁴ 社日
shĕ⁴-shĕn² 社神
shĕ⁴-t'an² 社壇

亦

𠂔

舌

示

if, provided.
supposing, if.
same (t'ang³ jo⁴, chiu² ju²).
to distinguish officials.
to plot, to scheme.
to erect, to constitute, to institute, to establish.
to spread out, to arrange.
to arrange ornaments. [liang⁴].
to put one's self in the place of another (t'ĭ²
suppose, if for instance.
to spread a banquet.
to forgive, to remit, to release; forgiveness.
an edict of pardon.
to pardon, to forgive.
to overlook faults.
to absolve, to pardon, to forgive (fang⁴ shĕ⁴).
to forgive (jao² shu⁴).
to pardon offences.
to forgive, to excuse.
to shoot an arrow; to dart, to aim. See-shĭh².
to shoot an arrow.
an archer.
shooting with the arrow, archery; an archer.
luminous; to shoot or dart rays, to shine.
aiming after gain (t'u² li⁴).
to shoot on foot as archers, infantry archers.
to hit the bull's eye of a target.
magic lantern.
a cottage, a shed; to stop, to rest, to lodge; my.
a younger nephew.
to stop, to rest.
my relations.
to lodge; my house (pi⁴ lu²).
my cottage, my home.
a younger sister.
my younger brother (ko⁴ ko¹). [186].
a local deity; a society; an altar; a parish R.
a village elder, a headborough (hsiang¹ chang²).
cannot protect the empire.
altars of the land and grain.
sacrificial days.
altar of the spirit of the earth.
an altar.

shĕ⁴ 水 涉^{958b750b}
 shĕ⁴-chī³ 涉己
 shĕ⁴-shih⁴ 涉世
 shĕ⁴-shui³ 涉水
 shĕ⁴-sung⁴ 涉訟
 shĕ⁴ 鹿 麝^{960b749c}
 shĕ⁴-hsiang¹ 麝香
 shĕ⁴-lu⁴ 麝鹿

to ford, to pass through; to involve, to implicate.
 to concern one's self (kan¹ shĕ⁴).
 to pass through the world.
 wade through water.
 litigation by two; defendant in a case.
 the musk deer.
 musk.
 the musk deer (chang¹).

SHĒN¹ 身 身^{961c735b}
 shĕn¹-chia¹-hsing⁴-ming⁴ 身家性命
 shĕn¹-chia¹-pu¹-ch'ing¹ 身家不清
 shĕn¹-chia⁴ 身價
 shĕn¹-ch'ien² 身
 shĕn¹-ch'in¹ 身
 shĕn¹-ch'ü¹ 身
 shĕn¹-fĕn⁴ 身
 shĕn¹-fĕn⁴-kao¹ 身分高
 shĕn¹-fĕn⁴-ti¹ 身分低
 shĕn¹-hou⁴-ti¹-shih⁴ 身後的事
 shĕn¹-hsiao³-li⁴-po³⁴ 身小力薄
 shĕn¹-hsin¹ 身心
 shĕn¹-ku⁴ 身故
 shĕn¹-li⁴ 身力
 shĕn¹-liang⁴ 身量
 shĕn¹-pu⁴-tzŭ⁴-yu² 身不自由
 shĕn¹-ssŭ³-jĕn²-wang³ 身死人亡
 shĕn¹-t'í³ 身體
 shĕn¹-t'í³-ch'ing¹-chien⁴ 身體輕健
 shĕn¹-t'í³-k'uei³-wei³ 身體魁偉
 shĕn¹-ts'ui³ 身材
 shĕn¹-tzŭ³ 身子
 shĕn¹-tzŭ³-juan³-jo⁴ 身子軟弱
 shĕn¹-yŭn⁴ 身孕
 shĕn¹ 田 申^{962c736a}
 shĕn¹-hsin⁴ 申信
 shĕn¹-k'o⁴ 申刻
 shĕn¹-ming² 申明
 shĕn¹-ming⁴ 申命
 shĕn¹-su⁴ 申訴
 shĕn¹-shih² 申時
 shĕn¹-wĕn² 申文
 shĕn¹-yŭeh⁴ 申月

the body, trunk of a tree, etc., one's self.
 one's life and lives of one's family.
 disqualified classes (examinations)
 wages.
 previous to attainment of human form.
 salary, wages; the price of a slave (hsin¹ shui³).
 the body.
 rank; quality, degree, grade, situation.
 of high rank.
 of low rank.
 an affair after death.
 a small body is weak.
 body and mind.
 to die (ping⁴ ku⁴).
 bodily strength.
 height of the body (ko⁴ tzŭ³ ta⁴).
 no control of yourself.
 dead.
 the body.
 the body feeling light and elastic, bodily [strength].
 a very large body.
 the body.
 the body; semen.
 bodily weakness.
 pregnant.
 3 to 5 o'clock P.M.; to explain, to repeat,
 to convey information.
 3 to 5 o'clock P.M.
 to explain clearly.
 to repeat a command.
 to defend one's self in lawsuit.
 3 to 5 o'clock P.M.
 an explanatory document.
 the 7th month. See Note 32,

shĕn ¹	人	伸 ^{963a736b}	to extend to, to stretch-out; to explain; to re-
shĕn ¹ -cho ² -po ² -tzū ³		伸着脖子	stretching out the neck. [peat.]
shĕn ¹ -k'ui ¹		伸開	to stretch out.
shĕn ¹ -k'ui ¹ -t'ui ³		伸開腿	to stretch the legs.
shĕn ¹ -lan ³ -yao ¹		伸懶腰	to stretch (as when yawning).
shĕn ¹ -li ³		伸理	to clear up a cause.
shĕn ¹ -ming ²		伸明	to explain clearly.
shĕn ¹ -ming ¹		伸命	to repeat a command.
shĕn ¹ -pu ⁴ -chih ²		伸不直	unable to straighten; unable to procure justice
shĕn ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'ui ¹ -shou ³		伸不出手	cannot stretch out the hand.
shĕn ¹ -shĕ ² -t'ou ³		伸舌頭	put out your tongue.
shĕn ¹ -shou ² -ch'üan ² -shou ³		伸手拳手	two articles borne in processions.
shĕn ¹ -so ¹		伸縮	to expand and to contract.
shĕn ¹ -shou ³		伸手	to stretch out the hand.
shĕn ¹ -t'ou ² -t'an ¹ -nao ³		伸頭探腦	stretching out the head and poking into things.
shĕn ¹ -t'ui ³		伸腿	to stretch the legs.
shĕn ¹ -yüan ¹		伸冤	to redress a grievance.
shĕn ¹ (ch'ĕn)	水	深 ^{964b736a}	deep, profound; very, extremely.
shĕn ¹ -ch'a ²		深查	to investigate thoroughly.
shĕn ¹ -ch'ang ²		深長	deep and long.
shĕn ¹ -ch'ien ³		深淺	"deep and shallow," the depth of.
shĕn ¹ -ch'ik ¹ -ch'ü ² -hsiang ²		深知其詳	to know all details thoroughly.
shĕn ¹ -chiu ¹		深究	to investigate thoroughly.
shĕn ¹ -chiu ³		深深	a very long time.
shĕn ¹ -hao ³		深好	to like very much.
shĕn ¹ -hou ⁴		深厚	abstruse, profound in knowledge.
shĕn ¹ -hsiao ³		深學	deeply learned (po ² hsiao ³).
shĕn ¹ -hsiu ⁴		深信	to believe fully.
shĕn ¹ -hsin ⁴ -pu ⁴ -i ²		深信不疑	undoubting faith
shĕn ¹ -k'ĕng ¹		深坑	a deep pit.
shĕn ¹ -kou ² -lou ² -chien ⁴		深溝陡澗	deep valleys and gorges.
shĕn ¹ -mi ⁴		深密	thick, dense, close.
shĕn ¹ -miao ⁴		深妙	admirable.
shĕn ¹ -ming ² -lai ² -i ⁴		深明來意	I comprehend why he comes.
shĕn ¹ -ming ² -ta ⁴ -i ⁴		深明大義	clearly understands great doctrines.
shĕn ¹ -mou ² -yüan ³ -lū ⁴		深謀遠慮	deep and far seeing schemes.
shĕn ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'o ² -lō ⁴ -ĕ ⁴		深不可測	unfathomable.
shĕn ¹ -shui ³		深水	deep water.
shĕn ¹ -t'ung ¹		深通	to thoroughly understand, etc.
shĕn ¹ -wei ¹		深微	abstruse, profound.
shĕn ¹ -yüan ¹		深淵	a deep abyss.
shĕn ¹	△ 糞	參 ^{1140c735a}	to mix, to blend; to be concerned with. See ts'ung ¹ .
shĕn ¹ -chin ¹		參筋	"seaweed and sinows," good cuisine.

- shên¹-chín¹-hsi² 參筋席
shên¹-hsing¹ 參星
shên¹ 口 呻^{963a736c}
shên¹-ch'ien⁴ 呻欠
shên¹-yin² 呻吟
shên¹ 糸 紳^{964a736c}
shên¹-chín¹ 紳衿
shên¹-shih⁴ 紳士
shên¹-shu⁴ 紳束
- a banquet.
the constellation Orion ; Hesperus.
to rehearse, to recite ; to sigh, to moan, to yawn.
to yawn (ta³ shu¹ shên¹).
to sigh, to moan, to lament ; to hum.
a sash, a girdle ; to girt ; gentry.
the literary class, the gentry.
a scholar, a gentleman (chín⁴ shên¹).
to bind.
- SHÊN² 示 神^{963a737a}
shên²-ch'ai¹-kuei²-shih³ 神差鬼使
shên²-ch'í¹ 神跡
shên²-ch'í¹-mo⁴-ts'ei⁴ 神機莫測
shên²-ch'í¹-ying² 神機營
shên²-ch'í¹ 神氣
shên²-ch'ing¹ méng⁴-wéi³ 神清夢穩
shên²-chu² 神主
shên²-ch'u¹-kuei²-mu⁴ 神出鬼沒
shên²-fu⁴ 神父
shên²-hsiang⁴ 神像
shên²-hsien¹ 神仙
shên²-hsin¹ 神心
shên²-hun² 神魂
shên²-jên² 神人
shên²-jên²-kung²-fèn⁴ 神人共憤
shên² jên²-kung²-yüeh⁴ 神人共悅
shên²-kuei² 神鬼
shên²-ling² 神靈
shên²-ming² 神明
shên²-mu¹-ju²-tien⁴ 神目如電
shên²-nung² 神農
shên²-p'ai² 神牌
shên²-ssü¹ 神思
shên²-t'ai¹ 神胎
shên²-tao⁴-shé⁴-chiao¹ 神道設教
shên²-t'ung¹-kuang²-ta⁴ 神通廣大
- spirits, animal spirits ; spiritual, divine ; God.
supernatural emissaries.
"God's footsteps," miracles.
the designs of the gods are inscrutable.
Peking field force.
the spirit, eagerness, expression.
when the spirit is pure, dreams are tranquil.
an ancestral tablet (p'ai² wei⁴).
marvellous, astonishing.
priest (Roman Catholic) (or 巫).
an idol,
fairies, genii, etc.,
the spirit of man.
spirit and soul, the spiritual part of man, the spirits. [soul].
gods and men with equal zeal.
gods and men are equally pleased.
spirits and devils.
spiritual, the spirit, the soul ; the gods.
intellect, intellectual, intelligent.
the eyes of the gods are like lightning.
legendary Emperor B. C. 2838.
tablet dedicated to a deceased person.
the thoughts ; intellect, intelligent,
celestial birth (fan² t'ai¹).
to use gods to teach the people (I Ching).
exceedingly clever.
- SHÊN³ 審^{966b738a}
shên³-an⁴ 審案
shên³-ch'a² 審察
shên³-chiu¹ 審究
shên³-ch'u¹-chên¹-ch'ing² 審出真情
- to investigate ; to try ; to judge.
a judicial case ; to try a case.
to judge and examine.
to investigate thoroughly (yen² chiu¹).
to investigate and discover the real facts.

shên³-hsün⁴	審訊	to try, to investigate; a judicial enquiry.
shên³-liang⁵	審量	to judge, to form an estimate of.
shên³-ming²	審明	to decide, to judge.
shên³-ming²-hsiang²	審明詳報	to investigate clearly and report in detail.
shên³-p'an⁴	審判	to judge, to decide; judgment.
shên³-pien⁴	審辯	to discriminate.
shên³-shih⁴	審事	to judge or try any affair.
shên³-tsei²	審賊	to examine a thief.
shên³-tuan⁴	審斷	to adjudge a case.
shên³-wên⁴	審問	to examine judicially, to investigate.
shên³ (tzü)	女孀	{ a father's younger brother's wife; a sister-in-law.
shên³-mu³	孀母	a father's younger brother's wife, an aunt.
shên³-niang³	孀娘	same (lao³).
shên³-shên³	孀孀	a younger brother's wife; a wet-nurse.
shên³-shên³-sao³-sao³	孀孀嫂嫂	sisters-in-law (chou³ li³).
shên³	人伈	aghast, horrified, shuddering (t'an³ t'an³ t'ê⁴ t'ê⁴).
SHĒN⁴	廿 甚	extremely, very; what? M. 396.
shên⁴-chi³	甚急	much excited.
shên⁴-chiao³-hsiu³-k'uei⁴	甚覺羞愧	feel very much ashamed.
shên⁴-chiao³-wan²-wei⁴	甚覺無味	very tasteless.
shên⁴-chih⁴	甚至	so that. M. 584.
shên⁴-hao³	甚好	extremely good (chi³ hao⁴).
shên⁴-k'ü³	甚苦	very bitter.
shên⁴-mo²	甚麼	what! M. 43.
shên⁴-pu⁴-hsiang¹-i³	甚不相宜	most unsuitable.
shên⁴-pu⁴-k'o³-chiao¹	甚不可交	on no account fit for intercourse.
shên⁴-pu⁴-tê⁴-i⁴	甚不得意	much against one's will.
shên⁴-pu⁴-yung⁴-hsin³	甚不用心	very remiss.
shên⁴-shan⁴	甚善	very virtuous.
shên⁴-shih²	甚實	really, truly, certainly.
shên⁴-shih⁴	甚是	truly is, really are, is extremely, etc.
shên⁴-ta⁴	甚大	very great.
shên⁴-to¹	甚多	very much or many, plenty.
shên⁴-yü²-tao⁴-tsei²	甚於盜賊	worse than robbers.
shên⁴-yian³	甚遠	very distant (yao³ yüan³).
shên⁴	心 慎	careful, cautious, attentive; respectful; thoughtful. [ful.
shên⁴-chung¹-chui¹	慎終追遠	i, e., truly filial.
shên⁴-chung⁴	慎重	heedful, circumspect.
shên⁴-hsing²	慎行	careful, attentive in doing (chin³ shên⁴).
shên⁴	腎	the kidneys; the testicles; to lead, to induce.
shên⁴-kan¹	腎肝	kidneys and liver.

shén⁴-nang² 腎囊
 shén⁴-tzū³ 腎子
 shén⁴ 水 滲^{964c739b}
 shén⁴-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴-liao³ 滲下去了
 shén⁴ shui³ 滲水

the scrotum.
 the testicles.
 to leak, to soak into, to absorb.
 leaked through.
 to leak water.

SHĒNG¹ 生 生^{967a742a}
 shēng¹-ch'an³ 生產
 shēng¹-chang³ 生長
 shēng¹-ch'ên² 生辰
 shēng¹-ch'êng² 生成
 shēng¹-ch'i⁴ 生計
 shēng¹-ch'i⁴ 生氣
 shēng¹-ch'iang¹ 生薑
 shēng¹-ch'ien² [hou⁴ 生前
 shēng¹-ch'ien²-ssü³- 生前死後
 shēng¹-chih¹-fa¹-yeh⁴ 生枝發葉
 shēng¹-ch'ih¹-pai²-na² 生吃白拿
 shēng¹-ch'in² 生擒
 shēng¹-ch'in²-huo²⁴-cho¹ 生擒活捉
 shēng¹-cho¹-huo²⁴-na² 生捉活拿
 shēng¹-ch'ü¹ 生出
 shēng¹-ch'ü¹-lai² 出來
 shēng¹-ch'ü¹-ya²-êrh² 生出芽兒
 shēng¹-ch'uang¹ 生瘡
 shēng¹-êrh² 生兒
 shēng¹-êrh²-chih¹-chih¹ 生而知之
 shēng¹-fa¹-tzü³ 生法子
 shēng¹-hsi² 生息
 shēng¹-hsin² 生心
 shēng¹-hua¹ 生花
 shēng¹-huo² 生活
 shēng¹-huo³ 生火
 shēng¹-i⁴ 生意
 shēng¹-jên² 生人
 shēng¹-jih⁴ 生日
 shēng¹-k'o⁴ 生客
 shēng¹-la¹-ying⁴-chuai⁴ 生拉硬拽
 shēng¹-lai²-ti⁴ 生來的
 shēng¹-lao³-ping⁴-ssü³ 生老病死
 shēng¹-li³ 生理
 shēng¹-liao³-ch'a²-êrh² 生了似兒
 shēng¹-ling² 生靈

to bear, to be born; life; unripe; raw.
 to bring forth, to give birth to.
 to be born and to grow up; born and bred.
 one's birthday.
 by birth, natural (t'ien¹ shēng¹, t'ien¹ jan²),
 a livelihood.
 to be angry; breath (nao³ nu⁴).
 green ginger.
 during life.
 during life and after death.
 put forth branches and leaves.
 i. e., utterly worthless person.
 to capture (huo⁴ chu¹).
 capture him alive.
 to capture alive.
 to produce, to bring forth.
 same.
 produce buds.
 to break out in sores.
 to bear a son.
 intuitional knowledge.
 to hit on a plan.
 to bear, to produce.
 to be careful of.
 to have small-pox.
 living; work; to get a living.
 to kindle a fire (lung² huo²).
 trade, business (ying² shēng¹).
 a stranger.
 one's birthday.
 a perfect stranger.
 to draw the stiff bow for the first time.
 congenital.
 birth, old age, sickness and death.
 commerce, trade.
 to meet with a *contratemp.*
 living creatures.

shêng ¹ -ming ⁴	生命	life.
shêng ¹ -ping ⁴	生病	to fall ill (huan ⁴ ping ⁴).
shêng ¹ -p'ing ³	生平	throughout life.
shêng ¹ -pu ⁴ -ju ² -ssü ³	生不如死	death is better than life.
shêng ¹ -shêng ¹ -pu ⁴ -i ³	生生不已	ceaseless reproduction of life.
shêng ¹ -shih ⁴	生事	to make trouble, to get into difficulty.
shêng ¹ -shih ⁴	生世	to be born into the world.
shêng ¹ -shou ³	生熟	raw, cooked; unripe, ripe; savage, reclaimed.
shêng ¹ -shou ³	生手	a beginner, a novice.
shêng ¹ -ssü ³	生死	birth and death, life and death.
shêng ¹ -ssü ³ -huo ⁴ -fu ³	生死禍福	the four springs of human actions.
shêng ¹ -ssü ³ -kuan ¹ -t'ou ³	生死關頭	a matter of life or death.
shêng ¹ -su ³	生疎	unused to.
shêng ¹ -t'êng ³	生疼	acutely painful.
shêng ¹ -t'ieh ³	生鐵	cast iron.
shêng ¹ -t'ien ¹ -hua ¹	生天花	to have small-pox.
shêng ¹ -t'ung ³	生銅	copper ore.
shêng ¹ -ts'ai ³	生財	to produce wealth, shop fixtures, outfit (p'u ⁴ ti ³).
shêng ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	生菜	lettuce, salad in general.
shêng ¹ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	生東西	raw things.
shêng ¹ -tzu ³	生子	to bear a son; a young man.
shêng ¹ -wai ⁴	生外	odd, singular, eccentric.
shêng ¹ -wu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ts'ê ⁴	生物不測	doctrine of creation is inscrutable.
shêng ¹ -yai ³	生涯	trade, business.
shêng ¹ -yao ⁴	生藥	unprepared medicines (as herbs, etc.).
shêng ¹ -yü ⁴	生育	to bear children.
shêng ¹ -yüan ³	生員	a literary graduate of the rank of hsiu-ts'ai.
shêng ¹	声	sound, noise, tone, voice; to speak; to state; to same. [praise.
shêng ¹	II 聲 970a771b	
shêng ¹ -chang ¹	聲張	to bruit about, to noise abroad.
shêng ¹ -ch'êng ¹	聲稱	to declare, to tell, to say; to praise.
shêng ¹ -chia ⁴	聲價	to make a show of one's attainments.
shêng ¹ -chiao ¹	聲教	instruction.
shêng ¹ -ming ³	聲名	reputation, fame (ming ³ ch'í ⁴).
shêng ¹ -shih ⁴	聲勢	great influence, power or rank.
shêng ¹ -shuo ³	聲說	fond of gossip, loquacious, talkative.
shêng ¹ -tiao ⁴	聲調	voice, tune.
shêng ¹ -wên ³	聲聞	fame, report (fêng ¹ wên ³).
shêng ¹ -yin ¹	聲音	sound of any kind.
shêng ¹ -yin ¹ -chien ¹	聲音尖	voice is sharp.
shêng ¹ -yü ⁴	聲譽	praise and reputation.
shêng ¹	+ 升 969c771a	
shêng ¹ -chiang ⁴	升降	a measure, a pint; to advance; to rise. to rise and fall, to ascend and descend.

shêng ¹ -chiao ⁴	升	to get into chair (formal and official).
shêng ¹ -chieh ¹	升階	to go up steps; to be promoted.
shêng ¹ -hsia ²	升遐	to ascend to the distant land—to die.
shêng ¹ -shang ⁴	升上	to ascend up.
shêng ¹ -t'ang ²	升堂	to go to office or court.
shêng ¹ -t'êng ²	升騰	to rise, to ascend.
shêng ¹ -t'ien ¹	升天	to ascend to heaven.
shêng ¹ -tou ³	升斗	dry measure, pints and pecks.
shêng ¹	阜	to rise, to ascend; to advance; to be promoted.
shêng ¹ -chieh ¹	陞階	to ascend steps; to be promoted.
shêng ¹ -chū ¹	陞車	please ascend your conveyance!
shêng ¹ -kao ¹ -kuan ¹	陞高官	to be promoted to high rank.
shêng ¹ -kuan ¹	陞冠	to take off one's hat.
shêng ¹ -shang ⁴	陞上	to go up.
shêng ¹ -tso ⁴	陞座	to ascend a throne (têng ¹ wei ⁴).
shêng ¹	甥	a sister's son; a daughter's children or husband.
shêng ¹ -êrh ²	甥兒	a sister's son (wai ⁴ shêng ¹).
shêng ¹ -chiū ⁴	甥舅	a daughter's son and a mother's brother
shêng ¹ -nü ²	甥女	a sister's daughter.
shêng ¹ -sun ¹	甥孫	a daughter's children.
shêng ¹	牛	cattle, beasts.
shêng ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	牲畜	same (ch'ü ⁴ lei ⁴).
shêng ¹ -k'ou ³	牲口	same (t'ou ² huó ⁴).
shêng ¹ -k'ou ³ -ching ¹	牲口驚了	animal took fright.
shêng ¹	竹	a musical instrument, pipes.
shêng ¹ -hsiao ¹	笙	pipes and flageolets.
shêng ¹ -kuan ² -ti ² -tzu ³	笙簫	pipes, clarionets and flutes.
shêng ¹	日	to ascend; the sun ascending; tranquil, peaceful.
shêng ¹ -p'ing ²	昇平	tranquil, peaceful.
shêng ¹ -t'ien ¹	昇天	to ascend to heaven.
SHĒNG ² (tzu)	糸	string, rope.
shêng ² -mo ⁴	繩墨	"string ink," a marking line; rules.
shêng ² -so ²	繩索	cord, rope.
SHĒNG ³	目	a province; to diminish; to save. See <i>hsing</i> ² .
shêng ³ -ch'êng ²	省城	the provincial capital.
shêng ³ -chüen ²	省儉	economical, economy.
shêng ³ -ch'ien ² -ti ¹	省錢的	saving of money, economy.
shêng ³ -fei ⁴	省費	economical and extravagant; to save outlay.
shêng ³ -fên ⁴	省分	a provincial post.
shêng ³ -hsia ⁴	省下	to save, to spare; saved.
shêng ³ -hsieh ³	省寫	to abbreviate in writing; very terse style.

shĕng³-hsin¹
 shĕng³-hui⁴ [liao³
 shĕng³-kung¹-chien³-
 shĕng³-kung¹-fu¹
 shĕng³-li⁴
 shĕng³-pien¹
 shĕng³-pu⁴-hsia⁴
 shĕng³-sé⁴
 shĕng³-shih⁴
 shĕng³-wĕn³
 shĕng³-yu³-tĕng¹
 shĕng³-yung⁴

省心
 省會
 省工減料
 省工夫
 省力
 省便下
 省不
 省嗇
 省事
 省文
 省油燈
 省用

trouble-saving, good.
 the metropolis of a province.
 to save in work and material.
 to save trouble.
 to spare one's strength.
 to save trouble, to facilitate,
 cannot be left over or saved.
 to be sparing or stingy (lin⁴ sé⁴).
 to avoid trouble (mien³ lao³).
 an abbreviated mode of writing (chien³ pi¹ hsiĕh³).
 to save oil (lamp).
 to be frugal in expenditure.

SHĒNG⁴ Ⅲ 盛 971b772c

shĕng⁴-ching¹
 shĕng⁴-chuan⁴
 shĕng⁴-ĕn¹
 shĕng⁴-hsing¹
 shĕng⁴-k'ai¹-shih¹-hou⁴
 shĕng⁴-mei³
 shĕng⁴-shĕ⁴
 shĕng⁴-shih⁴
 shĕng⁴-shuai¹
 shĕng⁴-ta⁴
 shĕng⁴-tĕ³
 shĕng⁴-tien³
 shĕng⁴-to¹
 shĕng⁴-yeh⁴
 shĕng⁴

盛京
 盛饌
 盛恩
 盛興
 盛開時候
 盛美
 盛設
 盛世
 盛衰
 盛大
 盛德
 盛典
 盛多
 盛業

abundant, affluent; great. See ch'ĕng³.
 Liao Tung; Moukden.
 excellent and plentiful cuisine.
 abundant kindness.
 liked or used by every one.
 time of full bloom.
 full and excellent.
 extensive ménu.
 a period of plenty, a prosperous age.
 prosperity and decline.
 great; abundant.
 great virtue.
 great favour or kindness; special regulation.
 abundant, plentiful.
 prosperous, flourishing.

耳 聖 972a773b

shĕng⁴-ch'ao³
 shĕng⁴-chi¹
 shĕng⁴-chiao⁴
 shĕng⁴-chiao¹-hui⁴
 shĕng⁴-chih³
 shĕng⁴-ching¹
 shĕng⁴-chu³
 shĕng⁴-chün¹
 shĕng⁴-ĕn¹
 shĕng⁴-hsien³
 shĕng⁴-jĕn³
 shĕng⁴-kung¹-hui³
 shĕng⁴-lan³
 shĕng⁴-king³

聖朝
 聖跡
 聖教
 聖教會
 聖旨
 聖經
 聖主
 聖君
 聖恩
 聖賢
 聖人
 聖公
 聖覽
 聖靈

sacred, sainted, holy, virtuous; wise; a sage.
 the present dynasty.
 miracles (ch'ĕ¹ shih³)
 Confucianism (ju² chiao⁴).
 the Holy Church.
 the imperial will or mandate (chih³ i⁴).
 sacred books; the Bible.
 "sacred lord," the Emperor.
 a good Emperor (ning² chün¹).
 sacred favour; holy grace.
 holy virtuous men, saints and worthies.
 a sage; Confucius.
 the Holy Catholic Church (Protestant)
 the sacred glance.
 the Holy Spirit.

shêng ⁴ -lu ⁴	錄	聖錄
shêng ⁴ -mên ²	門	聖門
shêng ⁴ -miao ⁴	廟	聖廟
shêng ⁴ -shang ⁴	上	聖上
shêng ⁴ -shên ²	神	聖神
shêng ⁴ -shu ¹	書	聖書
shêng ⁴ -tao ⁴	道	聖道
shêng ⁴ -tê ²	德	聖德
shêng ⁴ -yü ⁴	諭	聖諭
shêng ⁴ -yu ⁴ -kuang ³ -hsün ⁴	聖諭廣訓	聖諭廣訓
shêng ⁴	刀	剩
shêng ⁴ -ch'ien ²	剩	剩錢
shêng ⁴ -fan ⁴	剩	剩飯
shêng ⁴ -hsia ⁴	剩	剩下
shêng ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ling ³ -sui ⁴	剩	剩下零碎
shêng ⁴ -i ¹ -pan ⁴	剩	剩一半
shêng ⁴ -tê ² -to ¹ -shao ³	剩	剩得多少
shêng ⁴	力	勝
shêng ⁴ -chang ⁴	勝	勝仗
shêng ⁴ -ch'iang ²	勝	勝強
shêng ⁴ -fu ⁴	勝	勝負
shêng ⁴ -jên ⁴	勝	勝任
shêng ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ch'ou ² -ti ²	勝	勝過仇敵
shêng ⁴ -pai ⁴	勝	勝敗
shêng ⁴ -pai ⁴ -wei ⁴ -fên ¹	勝	勝敗未分
shêng ⁴ -shu ⁴	勝	勝數
shêng ⁴ -ssü ⁴	勝	勝似
shêng ⁴ -ssü ⁴ -wo ³	勝	勝似我
shêng ⁴ -ti ⁴	勝	勝地

sacred writings, the Bible.
 the school of Confucius, Confucianism.
 temple of Confucius (hung² hsiao³).
 the Emperor (huang² ti⁴).
 the Holy Spirit.
 the Bible.
 the Holy doctrine.
 the virtues of a sage.
 "the sacred edict," imperial edict.
 amplification of the sacred edict.
 to remain, the remainder, the overplus; not only.
 surplus money (yü² ch'ien²).
 food left over.
 there remains; left over (ying² yü²).
 remnants left over.
 one-half remains over.
 how much remains?
 to conquer, to win; to be superior to; to raise.
 to conquer, to win a battle (ta³ shêng⁴ chang⁴).
 superior to; excellent.
 victorious and defeated, victory and defeat.
 to be adequate to the duties of an office.
 overcame (his) enemies.
 victorious and defeated, victory and defeat.
 issue of the battle yet doubtful.
 a limited number.
 superior, better, surpassing.
 better than I, superior to me;
 a fine site.

SHIH ¹	大	失	980a769a
shih ¹ -ch'a ²	失	失察	
shih ¹ chi ²	失	失機	
shih ¹ -chia ¹	失	失家	
shih ¹ -chiao ³	失	失脚	
shih ¹ -chiao ⁴ -hsün ⁴	失	失教訓	
shih ¹ -chieh ²	失	失節	
shih ¹ -chien ² -tien ³	失	失檢點	
shih ¹ -ching ⁴	失	失敬	
shih ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	失	失去	
shih ¹ -ch'u ¹	失	失出	
shih ¹ -ch'uan ²	失	失傳	
shih ¹ -ch'ün ²	失	失羣	

to lose, to miss, to fail, to neglect, to err.
 negligent, remiss, to fail in examining.
 to miss an opportunity.
 without a home.
 to make a misstep.
 uninstructed.
 to lose chastity (through rape, etc.).
 careless.
 I beg your pardon for my rudeness (yu³ tsui⁴).
 to lose anything.
 lost.
 to lose the tradition of.
 to wander away from the flock.

shih ¹ -érh ² -fu ⁴ -tê ³	失而復得	lost and found again.
shih ¹ -fang ³	失防	to neglect providing or guarding against.
shih ¹ -ho ²	失和	to disagree, to declare war.
shih ¹ -hsin ⁴	失信	breach of trust or promise.
shih ¹ -hsüeh ⁴	失血	to lose blood, loss of blood; to spit blood.
shih ¹ -hun ²	失魂	to faint; to lose heart, to fear.
shih ¹ -huo ³	失火	to catch fire.
shih ¹ -jên ²	失人	to lose a (good) servant.
shih ¹ -jung ²	失容	to be disconcerted.
shih ¹ -k'ou ²	失口	a slip of the tongue.
shih ¹ -li ³	失禮	breach of etiquette.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -chi ¹ -hui ⁴	失了機會	lost an opportunity.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -kuan ¹ -chih ³	失了官職	to have lost official rank.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -shên ²	失了神	inattentive.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -tao ⁴	失了盜	to have had robbers in the house.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -t'ei ² -t'ung ³	失了體統	lost dignity.
shih ¹ -lo ⁴	失落	to lose.
shih ¹ -lou ⁴	失漏	to lose, to forget.
shih ¹ -lou ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -chi ¹	失漏天機	to reveal the secrets of Heaven.
shih ¹ -mi ²	失迷	to lose possession of, lost.
shih ¹ -ming ⁴	失命	to lose one's life (sang ⁴ ming ⁴).
shih ¹ -mu ⁴	失目	blind (shuang ¹ shih ¹ mu ⁴).
shih ¹ -p'an ⁴ -wang ⁴	失盼望	to lose hope, to despair.
shih ¹ -p'ei ²	失陪	excuse my leaving you.
shih ¹ -san ⁴	失散	scattered.
shih ¹ -sang ¹ -hsing ⁴ -ming ⁴	喪失性命	to lose life.
shih ¹ -shên ¹	失身	to lose chastity (through rape, etc.).
shih ¹ -shên ¹ -fên ⁴	失身分	to lose respectability.
shih ¹ -shên ²	失神	to be absent in mind, to be careless.
shih ¹ -shih ²	失時	out of luck.
shih ¹ -shih ⁴	失事	to mistake in some transaction.
shih ¹ -shou ²	失手	to mistake; a slip of the hand.
shih ¹ -shou ³ -ch'êng ² -ch'ih ³	失守城池	to lose a city.
shih ¹ -shou ³ -ch'a ¹ -chiao ²	失手差脚	to make a mistake, carelessness.
shih ¹ -tan ¹	失單	a list of things lost, a "claim."
shih ¹ -tsu ²	失足	to slip, a slip of the foot.
shih ¹ -wang ²	死亡	lost; to die.
shih ¹ -wang ⁴	失望	to lose hope, despair, disappointment.
shih ¹ -wei ⁴	失位	to lose a throne or office.
shih ¹ -wu ² -pu -kuan ³	失物不管	not responsible for loss.
shih ¹ -yen ²	失言	a slip of the tongue.
shih ¹ -yü ² -t'iao ² -yang ⁴	失於調養	to fail to properly care for
shih ¹	方施	to use; to act; to arrange; to confer.

shih ¹ -chan ³	施展	to display, to spread out, to expand.
shih ¹ -chang ²	施張	same.
shih ¹ -chi ⁴	施濟	to bestow a charitable donation (chou ¹ chi ⁴),
shih ¹ -chiao ⁴	施教	to teach, to propagate doctrines (shê ⁴ chiao ⁴).
shih ¹ -chu ³	施主	a donor, a contributor or subscriber (shan ¹ chu ³).
shih ¹ -ên ¹	施恩	to confer a favour (ên ¹ chu ³).
shih ¹ -fang ¹ -ch'iang ¹	施放鎗砲	to discharge guns.
shih ¹ -hsi ³	施洗	to baptize (chin ⁴ li ³).
shih ¹ -hsing ²	施行	to grant, to allow (chun ³ hsing ²).
shih ¹ -i ¹ -yüan ⁴	施醫院	a charity hospital.
shih ¹ -li ³	施禮	to pay respects to; to perform rites.
shih ¹ -pu ⁴	施佈	to bestow in charity, alms.
shih ¹ -shê ³	施捨	same.
shih ¹ -shê ⁴	施舍	to relinquish.
shih ¹ -wei ³	施爲	actions, conduct.
shih ¹ -yü ³	施與	to confer, to bestow.
shih ¹	水 { 溼 ^{978b770b}	wet, damp, moist.
shih ¹	濕	same.
shih ¹ -ch'ao ³	濕潮	very wet.
shih ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	濕氣	damp air, moisture (ch'ao ³ ch'ü ⁴).
shih ¹ -jun ⁴	濕潤	to moisten; to benefit.
shih ¹ -la ¹ -la ¹ -ti ¹	濕拉拉的	dripping wet.
shih ¹ -shêng ¹	濕生	generated by moisture,
shih ¹ -shêng ¹ -ch'ung ³	濕生虫	the wood-louse,
shih ¹ -ti ⁴	濕地	damp ground.
shih ¹ -t'ou ⁴	濕透	wet through (t'a ¹ t'ou ⁴).
shih ¹ -tu ²	濕毒	wet poison.
shih ¹ -t'ü ¹ -t'ü ⁴ -ti ¹	濕漬漬的	dripping wet (cho ² shui ³).
shih ¹	巾 師 ^{974c758a}	[metropolis. a master, a teacher, a leader; an army; a teacher.
shih ¹ -chang ⁴	師長	the teacher's laziness.
shih ¹ -chih ¹ -to ⁴	師之惰	instructions from teacher or master.
shih ¹ -ch'uan ²	師傳	war-vessels, men-of-war.
shih ¹ -ch'uan ²	師船	a master, a teacher, an instructor.
shih ¹ -fu ⁴	師傅	self-opinionated,
shih ¹ -hsin ¹ -t'ü ⁴ -yung ⁴	師心自用	a senior pupil.
shih ¹ -hsiung ²	師兄	wife of an educated man.
shih ¹ -niang ²	師娘	same.
shih ¹ -mu ³	師母	witches and sorcerers.
shih ¹ -p'o ² -tuan ¹ -kung ¹	師婆 瑞公	a junior pupil.
shih ¹ -ti ⁴	師弟	a teacher, an instructor.
shih ¹ -tsun ¹	師尊	master and apprentice, teacher and scholar.
shih ¹ -t'u ³	師徒	sophistry, a plausible tale.
shih ¹ -tz'ü ³	師詞	

shih¹-wu¹ 師巫
 shih¹-yeh³ 師爺
 shih¹-yen²-tao⁴-tsun¹ 師嚴道尊
 shih¹ 言詩 973a759a
 shih¹-chia¹ 詩家
 shih¹-ching¹ 詩經
 shih¹-chü⁴ 詩句
 shih¹-ch'ü¹ 詩曲
 shih¹-chung²-yu³-hua⁴ 詩中有畫
 shih¹-fu⁴-wên²-chang¹ 詩賦文章
 shih¹-jên³ 詩人
 shih¹-ko¹ 詩歌
 shih¹-liao⁴ 詩料
 shih¹-pu⁴-l²-yün⁴ 詩不離韻
 shih¹-shu¹ 詩書
 shih¹-t'an² 詩壇
 shih¹-t'i² 詩題
 shih¹-tz'ü²-ko¹-fu⁴ 詩詞歌賦
 shih¹-wên² 詩文
 shih¹-yün⁴ 詩韻
 shih¹-yün⁴-chi²-ch'êng² 詩韻集成
 shih¹ 食飾 974b707b
 shih¹-ch'ü⁴ 飾器
 shih¹-fei¹ 飾非
 shih¹-yen² 飾言
 shih¹ 尸屍 973c757c
 shih¹-ch'in¹ 屍親
 shih¹-ku³ 屍骨
 shih¹-shên¹ 屍身
 shih¹-shou³ 屍首
 shih¹ 尸尸 973b757a
 shih¹-shou³ 尸首
 shih¹-wei⁴ 尸位
 shih¹ (tzü) 犬獅 975b758b
 shih¹-hou³ 獅吼
 shih¹-tzü²-têng¹ 獅子燈
 shih¹ (tzü) 虫蠹 977c728c
 shih¹-to¹-pu⁴-yao³ 虱多不咬
 shih¹ 竹筮 979c759
 shih¹ 虫螞 975b758b

a sorceress (wu¹ p'o³). [mu⁴].
 a private assistant, an unofficial assistant (tso⁴
 if the teacher is strict, the teaching is respected.
 poetry, verse, an ode.
 poets.
 Book of Odes. W. I. 636.
 poetry, an ode.
 songs.
 his odes are like pictures.
 poetry and essays.
 a poet.
 verses, songs.
 methods of writing verses.
 poetry cannot dispense with rhyme.
 Book of Odes and Book of History.
 a place to meet and compose verses.
 subject or theme for an ode.
 odes, tales, songs and poems.
 poetry and literature.
 rhyme, rhymings of poetry.
 "aids to verse making."
 to adorn, to paint, to brighten; to wipe.
 weapons; ornaments.
 to screen, to gloss over.
 to gloss over; to prevaricate, to equivocate.
 a corpse.
 relatives of the deceased.
 "corpse and bone," a corpse (ssü³-shih¹),
 a corpse.
 same.
 a corpse; to arrange, to set in order.
 "corpse and head," a corpse.
 to occupy a position without fulfilling its duties.
 the lion.
 the roar of a lion.
 lion-lamps at new year's.
 a louse, lice.
 when lice are numerous they do not bite.
 to divine.
 cockles, whilks, periwinkles. See ssü¹.

SHIH³ 十 981c763b
 shih³-chi³ 十幾

ten.
 what day of the month is it? (in second decade).

shih ² -chi ³ -ko ⁴	十幾個	above ten, in the teens.
shih ² -chia ³ -p'ai ²	十家牌	a board with names of ten families on it,
shih ² -chieh ⁴	十誠	the decalogue.
shih ² -chih ³	十指	the ten fingers.
shih ² -chin ³ -hsiao ³ -ts'ai ⁴	十錦小菜	fancy dishes.
shih ² -chin ³ -tou ⁴ -fu ³	十錦豆腐	bean-curd mixed with various ingredients.
shih ² -ch'üan ²	十全	complete, perfect.
shih ² -ch'üan ² -ti ¹	十全的	completely.
shih ² -êrh ⁴ -chih ¹	十二支	the twelve astronomical branches.
shih ² -êrh ⁴ -shih ³	十二時	twelve divisions of the day.
shih ² -êrh ⁴ -shu ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	十二屬相	the twelve animals whereby ages are reckoned.
shih ² -fên ⁴	十分	all, complete, perfect.
shih ² -fên ⁴ -chih ¹ -i ¹	十分之一	one-tenth.
shih ² -fên ⁴ -hao ³	十分好	very good, perfectly good.
shih ² -fên ⁴ -ta ⁴	十分大	very large.
shih ² -jên ³	十人	ten men.
shih ² -kan ¹	十干	the ten astronomical stems. See t'ien ¹ -kan ¹ .
shih ² -ko ⁴	十個	ten.
shih ² -ko ⁴ -chih ² -t'ou ³	十個指頭	ten fingers.
shih ² -ko ⁴ -pa ¹ -ko ⁴	十個八個	eight or ten.
shih ² -li ³ -ch'ang ³ -t'ing ³	十里長亭	a rest-house every ten li.
shih ² -lai ² -ko ⁴ [hsia ⁴	十來個	nearly ten.
shih ² -nien ² -ch'uang ¹ -	十年窗下	ten years fellow-students.
shih ² -o ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shê ⁴	*十惡不赦	the ten unpardonable crimes.
shih ² -pa ¹ -lo ³ -han ⁴	十八羅漢	the eighteen Arhans of Buddhism.
shih ² -pa ¹ -shêng ³	十八省	the 18 Provinces of China Proper. G. 31.
shih ² -ta ⁴ -o ⁴	十大惡	the ten unpardonable crimes. R. 349.
shih ² -t'ien ¹ -pan ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	十天半月	ten or fifteen days.
shih ² -tsu ² -wên ² -yin ²	十足紋銀	the purest silver.
shih ² -t'iao ² -chieh ⁴	十條誠	the Ten Commandments.
shih ² -tzu ⁴ -chia ⁴	十字架	a cross, the cross.
shih ² -tzu ⁴ -chieh ¹	十字街	cross-street.
shih ² -tzu ³ -chia ³ -ch'êng ³	十子九成	nine out of ten grow and mature.
shih ² -yang ⁴ -ching ³	十樣景	ten wonders to see.
shih ² -yu ³ -pa ⁴ -chiu ³	十有八九	eight or nine chances in ten.
shih ²	手	ten; to pick up, to collect; to put in order.
shih ² -ch'i ³ -lai ²	拾起來	to pick up.
shih ² -chin ¹ -pu ⁴ -mei ³	拾金不昧	not to embezzle gold picked up.
shih ² -lou ⁴ -tzu ³	拾漏子	to trip up (in speech).
shih ² -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	拾不起來	unable to pick up.
shih ² -tê ²	拾得	to regulate, to repair, to put in order; to find.
shih ² -tê ² -shih ² -tê ²	拾得拾得	to regulate, to repair, to put in order.
shih ² -to ⁴	拾掇	same.

shih ²	人	什 982a768o	ten; two files of five men each; a thing; an
shih ² -chang ⁴		什長	commander of ten soldiers. [utensil.
shih ² -ch'i ⁴		什器	household utensils.
shih ² -chien ⁴		什件	goods, chattels; mountings (brass, etc.).
shih ² -mo ²		什麼	what thing? what?
shih ² -mo ² -shih ⁴		什麼事	what affair.
shih ² -pu ⁴ -hsien ²		什不聞	men personating women, strolling players.
shih ² -wu ⁴		什物	household utensils; sundries, things.
shih ² -wu ⁴ -tan ¹		什物單	an inventory, a catalogue.
shih ²	日	時 970b759b	time; one of the seasons; an hour; an occasion.
shih ² -ch'ang ²		時常	constantly, continually.
shih ² -ch'ên ²		時辰	an hour (Chinese, two hours English).
shih ² -ch'ên ² -ch'iao ²		時辰鵲	a canary bird.
shih ² -ch'ên ² -hsiang ¹		時辰香	joss-sticks.
shih ² -ch'ên ² -piao ²		時辰表	a watch, watches.
shih ² -ch'i ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hao ²		時氣不好	the season is bad.
shih ² -chieh ²		時節	time, season.
shih ² -chia ¹		時家	same.
shih ² -fên ¹		時分	time, season.
shih ² -hou ⁴		時候	same.
shih ² -hsia ⁴		時下	at present, just now.
shih ² -hsien ⁴ -shu ¹		時憲書	imperial almanac (huang ² li ⁴).
shih ² -hsing ²		時興	the fashions; seasonable (ching ¹ yang ⁴).
shih ² -k'o ⁴		時刻	incessantly. M. 298,
shih ² -kuang ¹		時光	times, seasons.
shih ² -lai ²		時來	when the time comes.
shih ² -lai ² -yün ⁴ -chuan ⁴		時來運轉	prosperous.
shih ² -ling ¹		時令	the seasons, time.
shih ² -ling ⁴ -chêng ⁴		時令症	epidemic.
shih ² -p'ai ⁴		時派	the prevailing fashion, the mode.
shih ² -pu ⁴ -k'o ² -shih ¹		時不可失	the time should not be lost.
shih ² -pu ⁴ -lai ²		時不來	if the occasion does not serve.
shih ² -shih ²		時時	constantly, always.
shih ² -shih ² -k'o ⁴ -k'o ⁴		時時刻刻	incessantly.
shih ² -shih ⁴		時勢	the times, state of affairs.
shih ² -tao ⁴		時道	the seasons.
shih ² -yang ⁴		時樣	fashion, mode of the time.
shih ² -yün ⁴		時運	luck, good fortune (yün ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
shih ²	石	石 982b766a	a stone, stones, rocks; a measure. See tan ¹ .
shih ² -ch'ang ¹ -p'u ²		石菖蒲	the calamus or sweet flag.
shih ² -chi ¹		石磯	stone steps.
shih ² -chiang ⁴		石匠	a stone-mason.
shih ² -chiao ¹		石礁	shoals, reefs.

<i>shih²-chou⁴-tzü³</i>	石皺子	the pink.
<i>shih²-chu⁴</i>	石柱	stone pillars.
<i>shih²-chuang¹</i>	石樁	a stone beacon.
<i>shih²-ch'uang²</i>	石床	a stone bed.
<i>shih²-chung¹-chih¹-huo³</i>	石中之火	the fire in the flint.
<i>shih²-hsieh⁴</i>	石蟹	petrified crabs (medicine).
<i>shih²-hsüeh⁴</i>	石穴	an artificial cave or grotto.
<i>shih²-hua¹-ts'ai⁴</i>	石花菜	agar-agar, seaweed.
<i>shih²-huang²</i>	石黃	hartall, orpiment, yellow lead.
<i>shih²-hui¹</i>	石灰	lime.
<i>shih²-jên²</i>	石人	a stone statue.
<i>shih²-i¹</i>	石衣	"stone clothes," moss.
<i>shih²-kao¹</i>	石羔	gypsum, plaster of Paris.
<i>shih²-k'uai⁴</i>	石塊	stone in pieces.
<i>shih²-lan²-kan¹</i>	石欄杆	stone balustrades.
<i>shih²-liao²</i>	石料	rough unhewn stone.
<i>shih²-lin²</i>	石淋	stone in the bladder.
<i>shih²-lu⁴</i>	石綠	malachite, copper ore.
<i>shih²-lu⁴</i>	石路	a stone causeway.
<i>shih²-ma³</i>	石馬	a stone horse.
<i>shih²-nü³</i>	石女	a barren woman.
<i>shih²-pan³</i>	石板	a stone floor; stone slabs.
<i>shih²-pei¹</i>	石碑	a stone tablet.
<i>shih²-p'ien⁴</i>	石片	stone slabs.
<i>shih²-shih¹-tzü³</i>	石獅子	stone lions.
<i>shih²-shou⁴</i>	石獸	a stone animal.
<i>shih²-t'ai¹</i>	石胎	a barren womb.
<i>shih²-t'ai¹</i>	石苔	moss.
<i>shih²-t'an²</i>	石壇	a stone altar.
<i>shih²-tao⁴</i>	石道	a stone road, a pavement.
<i>shih²-t'ien²</i>	石田	stony land.
<i>shih²-t'ou²</i>	石頭	a stone, stones.
<i>shih²-t'ou²-tso⁴-t'i¹</i>	石頭鑿的	made of stone.
<i>shih²-t'ou²-tzü³-êrh²</i>	石頭子兒	pebbles.
<i>shih²-tui¹</i>	石堆	a pile of stones.
<i>shih²-tun¹</i>	石墩	blocks of stone before gates.
<i>shih²-yai² (ai²)</i>	石崖	a rocky cliff.
<i>shih²</i>	實	solid, full, true, real, really; reality, facts.
<i>shih²-ch'ing²</i>	實情	facts of the case (ch'ing ² yu ²).
<i>shih²-ch'u¹-i⁴-wai⁴</i>	實出意外	truly unexpected.
<i>shih²-chü⁴</i>	實據	proofs, facts (p'ing ² chü ⁴).
<i>shih²-ch'üeh¹</i>	實缺	substantive appointment.
<i>shih²-hsi⁴</i>	實係	actual, really is.

shih ² -hsin ¹ -shih ⁴ -i ⁴	實心實意	for the express purpose,
shih ² -hsin ¹ -ti ¹	實心的	cordially, sincerely.
shih ⁴ -hsü ¹	實虛	solid and hollow.
shih ² -hua ⁴	實話	truth.
shih ² -hui ⁴	實惠	true benevolence.
shih ² -jên ⁴	實任	substantive appointment.
shih ⁴ -nan ² -jên ² -shou ⁴	實難忍受	verily cannot be endured.
shih ² -pang ¹ -shih ⁴ -ti ³	實幫實底	genuine in all respects.
shih ² -pu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -man ²	實不相瞞	truly without mutual deceit.
shih ² -shih ² -lo ⁴ -lo ⁴	實實落落	real, plain, substantial.
shih ² -shih ² -tsai ⁴ -tsai ⁴	實實在在	real, true, truly; very.
shih ² -shih ⁴	實事	facts.
shih ² -hou ⁴	實授	substantive appointment (official).
shih ² -shu ³	實屬	really belongs to, really is.
shih ² -shu ⁴	實數	the full complement.
shih ² -shuo ¹	實說	to tell or speak the truth.
shih ² -ta ² -shih ²	實打實	perfectly true
shih ² -t'ieh ⁴	實貼	to post up, as a proclamation.
shih ² -tsai ⁴	實在	really, truly (ch'ieh ¹ tang ¹).
shih ² -tuan ¹ -ch'u ¹ -tai ²	實出來	to say out the truth.
shih ² -tzü ⁴	實字	'full' words, concretes vs. hsü tzü
shih ² -yen ²	實言	the truth.
shih ² -yu ² -ch'ü ² -shih ⁴	實有其事	truly a fact.
shih ²	食	to eat, to drink, to feed; food.
shih ² -ch'ü ⁴	食氣	a disease caused by excess of food,
shih ² -fan ⁴	食飯	to eat rice.
shih ² -ho ²	食盒	a hamper, a provision basket.
shih ² -jên ² -ti ¹	食人的	a cannibal.
shih ² -jou ⁴	食肉	to eat meat.
shih ² -ku ³	食穀	to live upon grain.
shih ²⁴ -kuan ³	食管	the œsophagus.
shih ² -lu ⁴	食祿	to be employed by government (as soldiers)
shih ²⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'ung ¹ -chi ¹	食不充飢	food not enough to satisfy hunger.
shih ²⁴ -pu ⁴ -kan ¹ -wei ⁴	食不甘味	his food has no relish.
shih ²¹ -pu ⁴ -yii ³	食不語	(Confucius) did not speak during meals.
shih ² -shui ³	食水	to drink water.
shih ² -wu ² -ch'iu ² -pao ³	食無求飽	in eating did not seek repletion.
shih ² -wu ⁴	食物	eatables.
shih ² -yen ²	食言	to eat one's words, to retract (ch'ieh ³ pu ⁴ shih ²)
shih ² -yen ⁴	食厭	satisfied, satiated.
shih ²	實	really, truly, it is so, indeed; merely, only.
shih ² -ch'ing ²	實情	facts of the case.
shih ² -chü ⁴	實據	proofs, facts (p'ing ³ chü ⁴)

<i>shih²-ju²-tz'ü³</i>		寔如此	really thus; merely thus.
<i>shih²</i>	寸	射 ^{960a749a}	to shoot an arrow, to dart, to aim. See <i>shé²</i> .
<i>shih²-chien⁴</i>		射箭	to shoot arrows.
<i>shih²-ku³-tz'ü³</i>		射鵠子	to hit a target with an arrow.
<i>shih²-pu⁴-chien⁴</i>		射步箭	to shoot arrows on foot.
<i>shih²-pu⁴-cho⁴</i>		射不着	can't hit with arrow.
<i>shih²-ti¹-ch'iu²</i>		射地球	a ball at which mounted archers practice.
<i>shih²-ti¹-hên³-wên³</i>		射的很穩	shot very steadily.
<i>shih²</i>	矢	矢 ^{980a760c}	[swear. an arrow, a dart; straightforward; to vow; to straight as an arrow.
<i>shih²-chih³</i>		矢直	to vow, to swear (ch'i ³ shih ⁴).
<i>shih²-k'ou³</i>		矢口	to throw stones.
<i>shih²-shih³</i>		矢石	the pomegranate.
<i>shih²</i>	木	栢 ^{983a39c}	same.
<i>shih²-liu³</i>		栢榴	eclipse, to eat up gradually (jih ⁴ shih ²).
<i>shih²</i>	虫	蝕 ^{984c67a}	a key; a small spoon. See <i>ch'ih²</i> (yao ⁴ shih ²).
<i>shih² (tzü)</i>	七	匙 ^{979a760a}	

SHIH³	人	使 ^{972c761b}	to send; to use; to cause; to answer. M. 130, 179.
<i>shih³-ch'ên²</i>		使臣	an envoy, an ambassador.
<i>shih³-ch'ien²</i>		使錢	expenses, expenditure.
<i>shih³-chin⁴-rh²</i>		使勁兒	to exert strength, to make an effort (cho ² li ¹).
<i>shih³-che²</i>		使者	a person sent, a messenger.
<i>shih³-fei¹</i>		使費	expenses, expenditure, cost, charges.
<i>shih³-hsin¹ yung⁴-hsin¹</i>		使心用心	diligent.
<i>shih³-hsin¹-yuny⁴ i¹</i>		使心用意	to take pains.
<i>shih³-hsing²</i>		使行	to put into action.
<i>shih³-hsing²-tzü³</i>		使性子	to get angry.
<i>shih³-huai⁴-liao³</i>		使壞了	spoilt by using.
<i>shih³-huan⁴</i>		使喚	[hsia ⁴ i ⁴ jên ²]. to employ a servant or to be employed as one
<i>shih³-hui⁴-lu⁴</i>		使賄賂	to bribe (mai ³ hui ⁴).
<i>shih³-i¹</i>		使役	a servant.
<i>shih³-jên²</i>		使人	a messenger, a person sent (ch'ai ¹ jên ²).
<i>shih³-jên²-ch'ü⁴</i>		使人去	to send a messenger or person.
<i>shih³-ko¹-shou²-yen³</i>		使個手眼	to swindle by some device.
<i>shih³-kuai¹-nung¹-ch'iao³</i>		使乖弄巧	to employ guileful arts.
<i>shih³-kuan⁴</i>		使官	an envoy, an ambassador (ch'in ch'ai ¹).
<i>shih³ ling¹</i>		使令	to order, to command; to send; to cause.
<i>shih³-ming⁴</i>		使命	same.
<i>shih³-nu²-huan⁴-pei⁴</i>		使奴喚婢	ordering about your slaves.
<i>shih³-nü³</i>		使女	a maid-servant.
<i>shih³-pan¹-tzü³</i>		使絆子	to trip one up.
<i>shih³-pi⁴</i>		使婢	a female servant.
<i>shih³ p'i²-c'hi⁴</i>		使脾氣	to get angry (nao ⁴ p'i ² ch'i ⁴).

shih ³ -pu ⁴ -ch ⁴ -u ³ -ch ⁴ -ü ⁴	使不出去	it cannot be used.
shih ³ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	使不了	it will not answer.
shih ³ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	使不得	same.
shih ³ -pu ⁴ -t'ung ¹	使不通	it will not pass current.
shih ³ -so ⁴	使唆	to instigate, to sow discord (t'iao ³ so ⁴).
shih ³ -sui ⁴ -liao ³	使碎了	reduced to atoms.
shih ³ -tê ²	使得的	will it do? it will do.
shih ³ -tê ² -/uang ¹	使的慌	tired, used up (fa ² k'un ⁴).
shih ³ -ti ¹ -tung ¹ -hs.	使的東西	things used
shih ³ -t'u ²	使徒	an apostle.
shih ³ -wan ² -liao ³	使完了	finished, ended, used.
shih ³ -yeu ³ -sê ⁴	使眼色	to gl'e, to glance.
shih ³ -yung ⁴	使用	to employ, to use; expense.
shih ³	口 史	972b760b history
shih ³ -chi ⁴	史記	history, historical records (kang ⁴ chien ⁴)
shih ³ -kuan ¹	史官	writers of history employed by government
shih ³ -pî ¹	史筆	historical style.
shih ³ -shu ¹	史書	histories (二十四史).
shih ³	尸 屎	973c760c human excrement, ordure (fên' t'u ³ , ta' fên ⁴).
shih ³ -k'êng ¹	屎坑	a necessary.
shih ³ -k'o' lang ³	屎螂	dung beetle.
shih ³ -niao ⁴	屎尿	filth, dung, and urine.
shih ³ -t'ung ³	屎桶	a close stool (kung' têng ¹ , ma ³ t'ung ³).
shih ³	女 始	985b761a the beginning, to begin; then; to the end that.
shih ³ -ch'ü ¹	始初	the beginning, at first.
shih ³ -chung ¹	始終	beginning and ending, from beginning to end.
shih ³ -chung ¹ -ju ³ -i ¹	始終如一	beginning and ending the same.
shih ³ -êrh ³	始而	at first.
shih ³ -mo ⁴	始末	same.
shih ³ -tso ⁴	始作	to do at first.
shih ³ -tsu ³	始祖	first ancestor, founder of a house, etc. (yü' n ²).
shih ³	豕 豕	985b760c the hog, bristles (chü ⁴).
shih ³ -chü ¹	豕猪	the hog.
shih ³ -tsung ¹	豕鬃	the mane or bristles of a hog.
shih ³	馬 駛	972c760b haste, hurry, speed, fleet, first; to hasten.
shih ³ -ch'uan ³	駛船	a fast sailing ship.
shih ³ -ma ³	駛馬	a fleet horse.
SHIH ⁴	人 侍	975c761c to wait upon; to be near to, to receive; to follow.
shih ⁴ -ch'ên ³	侍臣	attendant officers, courtiers.
shih ⁴ -chiung ³ [shih ⁴	侍講	imperial readers (5th grade). G. 206.
shih ⁴ -chiang ³ -hsieh ² .	侍講學士	same. (4th grade). G. 204.
shih ⁴ -chiao ¹ -shêng ¹	侍教	a patron of a teacher thus calls himself

shih⁴-ch'ieh⁴ 侍妾
 shih⁴-f'ing⁴ 侍奉
 shih⁴-f'u² 侍服
 shih⁴-tang² 侍郎
 shih⁴ li¹ 侍立
 shih⁴-nü³ 侍女
 shih⁴-pei⁴ 侍婢
 shih⁴-sh'eny¹ 侍生
 shih⁴-shih² 侍食
 shih⁴-ts'è⁴ 侍側
 s'ih⁴-tso⁴ 侍坐
 shih⁴-tu²-hsiao²-shih⁴ 侍讀學士
 shih⁴-wei⁴ 侍衛
 shih⁴] 事 986b764c
 shih⁴-chang² 事長
 shih⁴-ch'êng²-liao³ 事成
 shih⁴-chi² 事急
 shih⁴ ch'ing² [pai⁴ 事情敗
 shih⁴-ch'ing²-ch'êng² 事情成
 shih⁴-ch'u³ 事主
 shih⁴-chün¹ 事君
 shih⁴-f'eng⁴ 事奉
 shih⁴-fu⁴-mu³ 事父母
 shih⁴-huan³-yn³-pien⁴ 事緩有變
 shih⁴-mang² 事忙
 shih⁴-nan²-tso¹ 事難作
 shih⁴ pu⁴-sui²-hsin¹ 事不遂心
 shi⁴-s'ih² 事實
 shih⁴-shih⁴ 事事
 shih⁴-s'ih⁴-chou⁴-tao⁴ 事事周到
 shih⁴-shih⁴-ju²-i¹ 事事如意
 shih⁴-ta¹-shih⁴-h'iao³ 事大事小
 shih⁴-tao⁴-ch'è² chien¹ 事到其間
 shih⁴-t'è² 事體
 shih⁴-wu⁴ 事務
 shi⁴-yeh⁴ 事業
 shih⁴-yn³-ch'ien²-ting⁴ 事有前定
 shih⁴ — 世 983b763c
 shih⁴-ch'ên² 世塵
 shih⁴-chia¹ 世家
 shih⁴-chiao³ 世交
 shih⁴-chieh⁴ 世界
 shih⁴-chien¹ 世間

"waiting concubines," handmaids, etc.
 to attend on, to wait upon (fu² shih⁴).
 same.
 a vice-president. G. 161 (shang⁴ shu⁴).
 to stand by in waiting.
 a concubine, a handmaid.
 female servants, waiting women.
 elders, seniors.
 the younger eat at one side.
 to stand near; to wait upon.
 the younger sit on one side.
 a Reader of the Hanlin College.
 imperial body-guard. G. 97. [serve.
 affairs, action; business, concern, service; to
 a manager.
 an affair completed.
 anxious about it.
 an affair, affairs, concern, business, action.
 whether the affair succeeds or fails.
 a prosecutor; an employer; to serve a master.
 to serve one's sovereign.
 to serve (fu² shih⁴).
 to dutifully attend on one's parents.
 a thing delayed may change.
 very busy.
 a difficult affair to do.
 the affair does not suit me.
 the reality of affairs, the facts,
 everything or affair.
 everything is complete.
 everything to one's mind.
 whether the matter be small or great.
 the affair has already reached this stage.
 a matter, concern, affair or business.
 actions, business, concerns, affairs,
 employment, profession, business, affairs; ability.
 everything is already fixed by fate.
 an age, a generation, thirty years; mankind,
 the world; the present state of existence.
 an ancient family.
 a senior, an elder.
 the world (fan² shih⁴).
 the world, human affairs (fan² chien¹),

shih⁴-chih²-kuan¹ 世職官
 shih⁴-chih⁴ 世治
 shih⁴-ch'ing² 世情
 shih⁴-hsi² 世襲
 shih⁴-hsi²-chüeh²-wei⁴ 世襲爵位
 shih⁴-hsi¹ 世系
 shih⁴-hsiu² 世兄
 shih⁴-jên² 世人
 shih⁴-jên²-chieh¹-cho² 世人皆濁
 shih⁴-jên²-chieh¹-tsui⁴ 世人皆醉
 shih⁴-lu⁴ 世路
 shih⁴-luan⁴ 世亂
 shih⁴-mien⁴ 世面
 shih⁴-pai⁴ 世伯
 shih⁴-p'u¹ 世僕
 shih⁴-shang⁴ 世上
 shih⁴-shih⁴ 世事
 shih⁴-su² 世俗
 shih⁴-tai⁴ 世代
 shih⁴-t'ai⁴-jên²-ch'ing² 世態人情
 shih⁴-t'ai⁴-yên²-liang² 世態炎涼
 shih⁴-t'oi⁴ 世道
 shih⁴-tso¹-shuai¹-wei¹ 世道衰微
 shih⁴-tzu³ 世子
 shih⁴ 日 是 978b702b
 shih⁴-a² 是阿
 shih⁴-chê⁴-ko⁴ 是這個
 shih⁴-ch'in¹-kua⁴-tsin¹ 是是親掛心
 shih⁴-fei¹ 是非
 shih⁴-fei¹-chih¹-hsin¹ 是非之心
 shih⁴-fei¹-k'ing¹ 是非坑
 shih⁴-fei¹-t'i¹-jên² 是非的人
 shih⁴-fou² 是否
 shih⁴-i² 是以
 shih⁴-ku⁴ 是故
 shih⁴ 釋 985b767b
 shih⁴-chia¹-mu²-ni² 釋迦牟尼
 shih⁴ chiu⁴ 釋教
 shih⁴-fang⁴ 釋放
 shih⁴-f'ên¹-ming² 釋分明
 shih⁴-hên⁴ 釋恨
 shih⁴-i² 釋疑
 shih⁴-i⁴ 釋義

hereditary office or official rank.
 the world in a state of peace.
 the customs of the age.
 hereditary.
 hereditary rank.
 genealogy.
 term of address to my father's friend.
 mankind.
 all men are filthy.
 the people of the world are all drunk.
 the customs and fashions of the world.
 the world in anarchy.
 new and strange things, the world.
 old uncle, used in writing.
 hereditary slaves.
 in the world.
 worldly affairs.
 the customs of the age.
 generations of men; age after age; genealogy.
 the way of the world.
 the behaviour of the world is now hot, now cold.
 the world, the course of events.
 men's morals are deteriorated.
 sons of princes.
 is, yes, am, are, right, straight, direct; that; this.
 it is so indeed, aye, yes, to be sure.
 it is that.
 relatives are more interested.
 right and wrong; tittle-tattle, scandal.
 i. e., conscience.
 a gambling hell.
 a busy-body.
 yes and no; is it or not?
 hence, so, therefore.
 on this account, therefore.
 to free; to melt, to explain; Buddhism.
 Shakyamuni; Buddha (fo²).
 Buddhism (fo² chiu⁴).
 to release, to discharge, to acquit (fang⁴ k'ai¹).
 to explain clearly.
 to disperse animosity.
 to dismiss doubts.
 an explanation of the meaning.

shih⁴-jan²-yü²-huai² 釋然於懷
 shih⁴-pên³-mo⁴ 釋本末
 shih⁴-shih⁴ 釋氏
 shih⁴-shou³ 釋手
 shih⁴-tao⁴ 釋道
 shih⁴-tsui⁴ 釋罪
 shih⁴-yüan¹ 釋冤
 shih⁴ 言 識 977b770a
 shih⁴-chia¹-ming²-kung¹ 識家明公
 shih⁴-chien⁴ 識見
 shih⁴-chu³ 識主
 shih⁴-huo⁴ 識貨
 shih⁴-jên² 識人
 shih⁴-jên⁴ 識認
 shih⁴-tî³ 識禮
 shih⁴-mien⁴ 識面
 shih⁴ p'o⁴ 識破
 shih⁴-tê² 識得
 shih⁴-t'ou⁴ 識透
 shih⁴-tzü⁴ 識字
 shih⁴ 心 恃 975c761c
 shih⁴-ch'iang² 恃強
 shih⁴-lî⁴ 恃力
 shih⁴-nêng² 恃能
 shih⁴-shih⁴ 恃勢
 shih⁴-tiao¹ 恃刁
 shih⁴-ts'ai² 恃財
 shih⁴ 示 示 981a763b
 shih⁴-chih¹ 示知
 shih⁴-chung⁴ 示衆
 shih⁴-hsia⁴ 示下
 shih⁴-i⁴ 示意
 shih⁴-jên² 示人
 shih⁴-ming² 示明
 shih⁴-yü⁴-ch'ên³-min² 示諭臣民
 shih⁴ 言 試 986a765a
 shih⁴-ch'ang² 試嘗
 shih⁴-chin¹-shih² 試金石
 shih⁴-k'an⁴ 試看
 shih⁴-lien⁴ 試煉
 shih⁴-lien¹-chin¹-yin² 試煉金銀
 shih⁴-shih⁴-ta⁴-hsiao³ 試試大小
 shih⁴-shou³ 試手

feeling easy in mind
 to explain fully.
 the Buddhist sect.
 to release, to let go.
 Buddhism and Taoism.
 to acquit (shê⁴ tsui⁴).
 to remove ill-will or enmity.
 to recognise, to know, to distinguish.
 an intelligent person.
 experience.
 a proficient in, one acquainted with.
 a knowledge of merchandise.
 to know a person, to read a person's character.
 to perceive, to know, to distinguish.
 to be familiar with, forms, rites, etc.
 to know by sight.
 to know all about.
 able to comprehend or know; to know.
 to know thoroughly.
 to know characters (jên⁴ tzu¹). [ssü⁴.
 to trust to, depending on; to presume on. See
 to trust to strength.
 same.
 to depend on ability.
 to rely on power or influence.
 to assume in an obstinate manner.
 to depend on wealth. [fest (kao⁴ shih⁴).
 a proclamation; to declare, to proclaim, to mani-
 to proclaim, to declare.
 to proclaim to all.
 to order; orders, instructions.
 to inform (him).
 to admonish mankind.
 to proclaim fully.
 to proclaim to ministers and people. [to use.
 to try, to experiment; to examine, to compare;
 to taste and try.
 a touchstone.
 to try and see if a thing will do.
 to test.
 to test gold and silver.
 to try the size.
 to try, to practise.

shih⁴-t'an¹
 shu⁴-yen³
 shih⁴-yen⁴
 shih⁴-yüan⁴
 shih⁴-yung⁴
 shih⁴
 shih⁴-chia⁴
 shih⁴-ching³
 shih⁴-ching³-jên²
 shih⁴-fu³
 shih⁴-hua⁴
 shih⁴-k'ou²-ri²
 shih⁴-k'uai⁴
 shih⁴-li¹
 shih⁴-mien⁴
 shih⁴-p'ing²
 shih⁴-shang⁴
 shih⁴ yü³
 shih⁴
 shih⁴-chieh⁴
 shi⁴-ming⁴
 shih⁴ pu⁴-liang³-li⁴
 shih⁴-shih⁴
 shih⁴ s'ü³ shou³
 shih⁴-yen²
 shih⁴ yüan⁴
 shih⁴-yüeh⁴
 shih⁴
 shih⁴-jan²
 shih⁴-lai²
 shih⁴-ts'ai²
 shi⁴-wang³
 shih⁴-yi²
 shih⁴
 shih⁴-lin²
 shih⁴-nü²
 shih⁴-mung²-kung¹-shang¹
 shih⁴-tsu²
 shih⁴-tzü³
 shih⁴
 shih⁴-cho²
 shih⁴-kou⁴
 shih⁴-lei⁴

試探
 試演
 試驗
 試院
 試用
 市
 市價
 市井
 市井人
 市脯
 市話
 市口兒
 市僧
 市利
 市面
 市平
 市上
 市語
 誓
 誓戒
 誓命
 誓不兩立
 誓師
 誓死守
 誓言
 誓愿
 誓約
 適
 適然
 適來
 適纔
 適往
 適有
 士
 士林
 士女
 士農工商
 士卒
 士子
 拭
 拭棹
 拭垢
 拭淚

temptation.
 to make trial, to practice; to compete.
 to examine (chien³ lien⁴).
 the triennial examination.
 on probation before advancing to expectant rank.
 a market, a shop; to trade; vulgar, vicious, low.
 market price.
 a fair, a market.
 idlers, loafers.
 a hawker of meat.
 street talk; low language.
 a market.
 a market broker,
 profit in trade.
 state of trade.
 the scale of the market.
 in the market.
 low language; private language of shops.
 an oath; to swear, to bind solemnly; commanded.
 to caution, to warn.
 to command.
 I swear that one of us shall die.
 to swear to conquer or die.
 swear to maintain it till death.
 a vow, an oath.
 to swear to do.
 to contract.
 [go to.
 just now; presently; suddenly; certainly; to
 suddenly, accidentally, by chance.
 near at hand; just now.
 then, at that time, just now.
 to go to.
 to happen accidentally.
 a learned man, a scholar: a soldier; a proficient.
 "a forest of scholars," the learned generally.
 men and women.
 scholars, husbandmen, mechanics and merchants,
 a follower; infantry.
 a scholar, a lettered man.
 to wipe, to dust off, to rub, to cleanse.
 to wipe a table.
 to wipe off dirt.
 to wipe away tears (ts'ai³ lei⁴).

巾

言

是

士

手 拭

974a762o

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<i>shih⁴-tao¹</i>		拭刀		to wipe or clean a knife.
<i>shih⁴</i>	弑	弑	986b765b	to murder a superior in ago or office,
<i>shih⁴-chiün¹</i>		弑君		a regicide; regicide.
<i>shih⁴-chu³</i>		弑主		to assassinate a master; as assassin,
<i>shih⁴-fu⁴</i>		弑父		a parricide; parricide.
<i>shih⁴-hsüung¹</i>		弑兄		a fratricide; fratricide.
<i>shih⁴</i>	力	勢	987a765c	influence, authority, power, circumstances,
<i>shih⁴-li⁴</i>		勢力		strength, power, influence.
<i>shih⁴-p'ai</i>		勢派		scale, e. g., of a building,
<i>shih⁴-pu⁴-liang³-li⁴</i>		勢不兩立		mutually exclusive.
<i>shih⁴-ta⁴-ya¹-jên²</i>		勢大壓人		influence crushes men,
<i>shih⁴-t'ou²</i>		勢頭		the prospect.
<i>shih⁴-ya¹</i>		勢壓		to put down with authority.
<i>shih⁴</i>	口	嗜	981b765a	[in. to relish, to take pleasure in, to desire, to indulge
<i>shih⁴-chiü³-sê⁴</i>		嗜酒色		to be addicted to wine and debauchery,
<i>shih⁴-k'ou³-fu²</i>		嗜口腹		epicurean, fond of good living.
<i>shih⁴-yin¹</i>		嗜音		fond of music.
<i>shih⁴-yü⁴</i>		嗜慾		to lust after, to desire (ssü ¹ yü ⁴),
<i>shih⁴</i>	見	視	981b763b	[ceive. to look, to behold, to teach, to examine; to re-
<i>shih⁴-érh²-pu⁴-chien⁴</i>		視而不見		to look at, but not to see.
<i>shih⁴-ssü³-ju²-kuei¹</i>		視死如歸		to regard death as a return home.
<i>shih⁴-ts'ai²-ju²-ming⁴</i>		視財如命		regard riches as vital.
<i>shih⁴-wang⁴</i>		視望		to view, to behold.
<i>shih⁴-yüan³</i>		視遠		to see to a distance; to contemplate,
<i>shih⁴</i>	木	柿	974b763a	a red pulpy fruit, the persimmon: the tomato,
<i>shih⁴-kan¹</i>		柿乾		dried Indian dates.
<i>shih⁴-ping³</i>		柿餅		dried persimmon.
<i>shih⁴-shuang¹</i>		柿霜		the bloom of persimmon (a medicine).
<i>shih⁴</i>	人	仕	987c762a	an official; to serve; to fill an official situation,
<i>shih⁴-huan⁴</i>		仕宦		officials.
<i>shih⁴-pan³</i>		仕版		an official; an official register.
<i>shih⁴-t'u²</i>		仕途		official career.
<i>shih⁴-tzü³</i>		仕子		imperial catamites (formerly).
<i>shih⁴</i>	走	逝	988a764b	to depart; to return to; to die,
<i>shih⁴-che³</i>		逝者		a dead person.
<i>shih⁴-wang⁴</i>		逝亡		to depart this life.
<i>shih⁴</i>	宀	室	984c770b	[a grave. a house, a room, apartments; a family; a wife,
<i>shih⁴-chia¹</i>		室家		a household, a family.
<i>shih⁴-jên²</i>		室人		a wife.
<i>shih⁴</i>	弋	式	985c767c	fashion, rule, law; a pattern; to measure, to fit.
<i>shih⁴-yang⁴</i>		式樣		manner, fashion, pattern (yang ⁴ shih ⁴).
<i>shih⁴</i>	口	甯	988b765b	only; to stop, to desist (also <i>chih</i>).
<i>shih⁴</i>	氏	氏	985a763a	family name (especially women's); kindred, clan.

shih ⁴	言 證 謚	9S9a764b	an epitaph, a eulogy; posthumous titles.
SHOU ¹	支 収 卦	收 989b754a	to collect; to receive, to take; to put away.
shou ¹ -chang ⁴		收 賬	to receive payment of a bill.
shou ¹ -ch'êng ²		收 成	a good harvest gathered in.
shou ¹ -chi ²		收 集	to collect together.
shou ¹ -ch'î ² -la ¹		收 齊 喇	received in full.
shou ¹ -ch'î ² -lai ²		收 起 來	to keep.
shou ¹ -ch'î ⁴		收 訖	received in full.
shou ¹ -ch'ien ²		收 錢	to receive or collect money.
shou ¹ -ch'ing ¹		收 清	received in full.
shou ¹ -chuan ⁴ -kuan ¹		收 卷 官	receiver of essays.
shou ¹ -chuang ² -chia ¹		收 庄 稼	to reap the crops.
shou ¹ -ch'ü ²		收 取	to collect together.
shou ¹ -ch'ü ² -t'ien ² -tsu ¹		收 取 田 租	to take rent for land.
shou ¹ -fang ²		收 房	to take woman servant as concubine.
shou ¹ -fang ⁴		收 放	to receive and to disburse.
shou ¹ -hao ⁴ -êrh ²		收 號 兒	a receipt-mark on bank-notes.
shou ¹ -hsia ⁴		收 下	to receive, received.
shou ¹ -hsin ¹		收 心	to keep the mind; to improve, to reform.
shou ¹ -hui ²		收 回	to receive back.
shou ¹ -ju ⁴		收 入	to receive.
shou ¹ -ko ² -wu ² -ku ²		收 割 五 穀	to harvest the crops.
shou ¹ -kung ¹		收 工	to quit work.
shou ¹ -liao ² -ch'ang ² -la ¹		收 了 場 喇	finished.
shou ¹ -liao ² -mai ² -mai ⁴		收 了 買 賣	closed the business.
shou ¹ -liao ² -t'an ¹ -êrh ²		收 了 攤 兒	to take in your stand.
shou ¹ -lien ²		收 斂	to harvest; to collect taxes; to put away, to [store.
shou ¹ -liu ²		收 留	to retain, to keep; to give hospitality for a time.
shou ¹ -mai ²		收 埋	to lay up, to store, to put away.
shou ¹ -mai ² -huo ⁴ -wu ⁴		收 買 貨 物	to buy goods.
shou ¹ -na ⁴		收 納	to receive, to accept.
shou ¹ -pi ⁴		收 畢	all received.
shou ¹ -ping ¹		收 兵	to house troops; to retire.
shou ¹ -pu ⁴ -hui ² -lai ²		收 不 回 來	cannot get back.
shou ¹ -shêng ¹		收 生	to act as midwife (chich ¹ shêng ¹).
shou ¹ -shêng ¹ -p'o ²		收 生 婆	a midwife.
shou ¹ -shih ²		收 拾	to mend, to put to rights; to prepare.
shou ¹ -shou ⁴ -li ² -wu ⁴		收 受 禮 物	to accept presents.
shou ¹ -shu ²		收 贖	to receive a ransom, to accept a fine.
shou ¹ -shui ⁴ -mien ² -chao ⁴		收 稅 免 照	an exemption certificate.
shou ¹ -shui ⁴ -tan ¹		收 稅 單	a duty paid certificate, a "duty sheet."
shou ¹ -shui ⁴ -ti ¹		收 稅 的	a revenue officer.

shou¹-tan¹ 收單
 shou¹.tē²-yen²-yen² 收得嚴嚴
 shou¹-t'iao² 收條
 shou¹.t'ieh¹ 收帖
 shou¹-tsai⁴-ts'ang¹-li² 收在倉裏
 shou¹-ts'ang² 收藏
 shou¹-tsu¹ 收租
 shou¹-tsu⁴ 收足
 shou¹-ts'un² 收存
 shou¹.t'u²-ti⁴ 收徒弟
 shou¹-yang⁴-tsū³-nü³ 收養子女
 shou¹-yin² 收銀

a receipt.
 received most carefully.
 receipt.
 a receipt.
 to store in the granary.
 to lay by, to store up (chi¹ hsü⁴).
 a rent collector ; to receive rent.
 full amount received.
 to keep, to retain.
 to receive pupils.
 to maintain children.
 to receive or collect money.

SHOU² 火 熟 997b780a
 shou²-chiao¹-liao³ 熟焦了
 shou²-chu²-ku⁴ 熟主戶
 shou²-fan⁴ 熟飯
 shou²-hsi² 熟習
 shou² hsi³ 熟悉
 shou²-jên² 熟人
 shou²-jou⁴ 熟肉
 shou²-lan⁴-liao³ 熟爛了
 shou²-lien⁴ 熟練
 shou²-niu²-p'i² 熟牛皮
 shou²-shih⁴ 熟識
 shou²-shih⁴ 熟事
 shou²-shou³ 熟手
 shou²-t'ieh³ 熟鐵
 shou²-t'ou⁴-la¹ 熟透喇
 shou²-ts'ai⁴ 熟菜
 shou²-t'ung³ 熟銅
 shou²-yao⁴ 熟藥
 shou²-yen¹ 熟烟

ripe ; cooked ; well versed in ; intimate. See shu².
 cooked to crisp.
 an old customer.
 cooked victuals.
 conversant with, well acquainted with.
 practised, accustomed to.
 acquaintances.
 cooked meat.
 boiled to rags.
 experienced, conversant, accustomed to.
 dressed leather.
 well acquainted.
 a familiar thing.
 an experienced hand.
 wrought iron.
 thoroughly cooked.
 cooked vegetables or food.
 manufactured copper.
 prepared medicine.
 prepared tobacco.

SHOU³ 手 手 990a754b
 shou³-chang³ 手掌
 shou³-ch'ao¹ 手抄
 shou³-chi²-yen³-k'uai⁴ 手急眼快
 shou³-chia³ 指甲
 shou³-chiang³ 手腳
 shou³-ch'iang¹ 手鎗
 shou³-chiao³ 手脚
 shou³-chiao³-pu⁴-hsien² 手脚不閑

the hand.
 the palm of the hand.
 manuscript copy.
 quick of eye and hand.
 finger nails (chih² chia³).
 callosities on the hand.
 a pistol.
 "hands and feet," assistants.
 always on the move.

shou ³ -ch'iao ³	手巧	skilful, ingenious.
shou ³ -chieh ²	手節	the knuckles of the hand.
shou ³ -chih ²	手執	to hold in the hand.
shou ³ -ch'ih ³	手指	the fingers.
shou ³ -chih ³ -t'ou ²	手指頭	samo.
shou ³ -chin ¹	手巾	a napkin, a handkerchief, a towel.
shou ³ -chung ¹ -wu ² -ch'ien ³	手中無錢	no ready money.
shou ³ -fa ²	手乏	poor, poverty, misery.
shou ³ -fa ²	手法	sleight of hand.
shou ³ -hsia ⁴	手下	dependents, under authority.
shou ³ -hsia ⁴ -liu ² -ch'ing ³	手下留情	to leave a little allowance.
shou ³ -hsin ¹	手心	the palm of the hand.
shou ³ -i ⁴	手藝	handicraft (hang ² tang ¹).
shou ³ -k'ao ⁴	手铐	manacles (mu ⁴ kou ² tzü ⁴).
shou ³ -k'ou ⁴	手扣	handcuffs.
shou ³ -kuai ³	手拐	a walking stick.
shou ³ -k'un ⁴	手困	poor, miserable.
shou ³ -kung ¹	手工	handicraft, handiwork.
shou ³ -lx ¹ -hou ² -érh ³	手拉手兒	mutually helpful.
shou ³ -nung ³ -chiao ³ -huang ³	手忙脚慌	to bustle, bustling
shou ³ -mo ³	手摹	signature made with the finger. See Note 67 (lo ³ [wên ³]).
shou ³ -na ² -cho ³	手拿	to take with the hand.
shou ³ -nei ⁴ -kung ¹ -kung ¹	手內空	without a cash.
shou ³ -p'ia ⁴	手帕	handkerchiefs.
shou ³ -pei ⁴	手臂	the arm.
shou ³ -pei ¹	手背	the back of the hand.
shou ³ -p'in ³	手本	a visiting card (officials).
shou ³ -p'ü ² -pu ⁴ -ts'o ⁴	手筆不錯	his penmanship is good.
shou ³ -po ² -tzu ³	手脖子	wrist.
shou ³ -pu ¹ -w'u ³	手不穩	light-fingered.
shou ³ -suny ³	手鬆	a spendthrift.
shou ³ -tao ⁴ -ping ¹ -ch'u ²	手到病除	an excellent doctor.
shou ³ -t'ao ⁴ -rh ²	手套兒	gloves.
shou ³ -t'ou ² -ch'iao ³	手頭巧	skilful with the hand, ingenious.
shou ³ -luan ⁴	手段	handicraft; ability, skill.
shou ³ -tsu ²	手足	"hand and feet," united, brothers.
shou ³ -tsu ² -ti ¹ -hsiung ¹	手足弟兄	united as brothers, brothers.
shou ³ -tsuan ¹	手鑽	an auger, a gimlet.
shou ³ -wan ⁴ -tzu ³	手腕子	the wrist.
shou ³ -wün ²	手紋	the lines of the hand.
shou ³ -wu ² -tsu ⁴ -tao ⁴	手舞足蹈	gesticulating with hands and feet.
shou ³ -yün ³	手眼	manoeuvre, wire pulling.
shou ³ -yin ⁴	手印	signature made with the thumb. See Note 67 (lo ³ wên ³).

<i>shou³-yüan²</i>	手援	to lead by the hand.
<i>shou³</i>	守 <small>991b755o</small>	to guard, to keep, to maintain, to protect.
<i>shou³-chai²</i>	守齋	to fast, abstinence.
<i>shou³-chên¹</i>	守貞	to maintain chastity inviolate; chastity, chaste.
<i>shou³-chên¹-tî¹</i>	守貞的	a virgin, a maid.
<i>shou³-ch'êng²</i>	守城	to guard a city (k'an ¹ shou ³).
<i>shou³-chî³</i>	守己	self-control.
<i>shou³-chia¹</i>	守家	to look after one's family, to stop at home.
<i>shou³-chiel³</i>	守節	to maintain chastity inviolate; continent, chaste,
<i>shou³-chiel³-tî¹</i>	守節的	a widow not marrying again; chaste,
<i>shou³-ch'ien²-nu²</i>	守錢奴	a miser (k'an ¹ ts'ai ³ nu ²).
<i>shou³-chî⁴</i>	守制	to be in mourning—for parents.
<i>shou³-cho²-jên²</i>	守着人	to be constantly with a man.
<i>shou³-fû³</i>	守法	to keep, or obey the laws (tsun ¹ fa ³).
<i>shou³-fên⁴</i>	守分	to keep one's duties.
<i>shou³-fêng³</i>	守風	detained by wind.
<i>shou³-fû³</i>	守府	common name of a major (yu ² chî ¹).
<i>shou³-hou⁴</i>	守候	to wait for; to take care of; in attendance,
<i>shou³-hou⁴-hui²-wen²</i>	守候回文	despatch requiring answer.
<i>shou³-hsiao⁴</i>	守孝	to watch over deceased parents; to mourn,
<i>shou³-hsün²-tao⁴</i>	守巡道	intendant of circuit. G. 280 (tao ⁴ t'ai ²).
<i>shou³-hu⁴</i>	守護	a guard, to protect (pao ³ hu ⁴),
<i>shou³-huo²-kua³</i>	守活寡	a grass widow.
<i>shou³-kêng¹</i>	守更	to keep watch.
<i>shou³-k'ou²-ju²-p'ing²</i>	守口如瓶	to guard the mouth like a bottle.
<i>shou³-kua³</i>	守寡	a widow who does not marry again (lieh ⁴ nü ²).
<i>shou³-kuei¹-chü³</i>	守規矩	to observe the customs.
<i>shou³-kung¹</i>	守宮	a lizard; eunuchs.
<i>shou³-pa³</i>	守把	to guard, to look after.
<i>shou³-pei⁴</i>	守備	a military officer, a major. G. 446.
<i>shou³-pên²-fên⁴</i>	守本分	to keep to one's duties.
<i>shou³-pien¹</i>	守邊	to guard the frontier.
<i>shou³-ping¹</i>	守兵	foreign police.
<i>shou³-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>	守不住	unable to hold or maintain.
<i>shou³-sang¹</i>	守喪	to watch a corpse.
<i>shou³-shên¹</i>	守身	to preserve chastity, e. g., widows.
<i>shou³-shên¹-wei⁴-ta⁴</i>	守身為大	to preserve chastity is the main thing.
<i>shou³-shih¹</i>	守屍	to watch a corpse.
<i>shou³-shui³</i>	守水	to be detained by high water.
<i>shou³-su⁴-an¹-ch'ang²</i>	守素安常	model of propriety.
<i>shou³-sui⁴</i>	守歲	to watch for the new year.
<i>shou³-ssü³-shan⁴-tao⁴</i>	守死善道	faithful unto death.
<i>shou³-tî²-chu⁴</i>	守得住	to hold fast, to maintain; able to maintain,

shou²-ting⁴
 shou²-yeh⁴
 shou²-yeh⁴
 shou²-yeh⁴.ch'üan²
 shou²-yü⁴

守定
 守業
 守夜
 守夜犬
 守禦

to maintain firmly.
 a look after one's patrimony.
 to watch at night.
 watch-dog ; a miser.
 on service for garrison duty.

SHOU⁴
 shou⁴-ch'ü⁴
 shou⁴-chiao⁴
 shou⁴-cho²
 shou⁴-chieh⁴
 shou⁴-ch'ih¹
 shou⁴-ching¹
 shou⁴-ch'üung²
 shou⁴-ch'ü¹
 shou⁴-ch'uan¹
 shou⁴-ün¹
 shou⁴-fü²-shou⁴ ta²
 shou⁴-fing¹-han²
 shou⁴-hai¹
 shou⁴-hsi²
 shou⁴-hsiang²
 shou⁴-hu⁴
 shou⁴-jê⁴
 shou⁴-jên².ch'ü¹-fü⁴
 shou⁴-jên².ch'ien²-ts'ai²
 shou⁴-jên²-chil²-t'o¹
 shou⁴-jên²-ling²-ju²
 shou⁴-ju⁴
 shou⁴-k'ü²
 shou⁴-lei¹
 shou⁴-nan⁴
 shou⁴-ping⁴
 shou⁴-pu⁴-tê²
 shou⁴-shang⁴
 shou⁴-shih⁴
 shou⁴-t'ien¹-ming⁴
 shou⁴-t'ai¹
 shou⁴-t'ing¹
 shou⁴-tsou²
 shou⁴-tsui⁴
 shou⁴-tung⁴
 shou⁴-wei²-ch'ü¹

又 受 992b756c
 受氣
 受教
 受戒
 受吃
 受驚
 受窮
 受屈
 受穿
 受恩
 受罰 受打
 受風 寒
 受害
 受洗
 受享
 受賄
 受熱
 受人 欺 負
 受人 人 錢 財
 受人 人 之 託
 受人 人 之 辱
 受辱
 受苦
 受累
 受難
 受病
 受不 得
 受傷
 受室 命
 受天
 受胎
 受聽
 受走
 受罪
 受凍
 受委 屈

[M. 204.
 to receive, to accept ; to contain ; to endure.
 to be subject to or put up with a person's anger.
 to receive instruction (fêng⁴ chiao⁴).
 to receive, receiving.
 to fast, to do penance, as a priest.
 nice, tasty, palatable.
 to have had a fright.
 to suffer poverty.
 to suffer injustice (pei⁴ ch'ü¹).
 stands wear well (chien⁴ ch'uan²).
 to receive favor (mêng² ün¹).
 beaten and fined.
 to be exposed to cold and winds.
 to suffer injury.
 to be baptized.
 to enjoy.
 to take bribes.
 to suffer heat.
 to be insulted by others.
 to receive people's money.
 to receive a commission from a person.
 to be maltreated.
 to be disgraced, to suffer disgrace.
 to suffer bitterness.
 to endure trouble ; to be involved in.
 to suffer distress or difficulty (tsou⁴ nan⁴).
 to suffer illness (huan⁴ ping⁴).
 unable to endure, etc.
 to receive a wound.
 to take a wife, to marry (ch'ü³ ch'ü¹). [peror.
 to receive the decrees of Heaven or of the Em-
 to become pregnant.
 pleasant to hear (chung¹ t'ing¹).
 takes long to travel.
 to be put in prison ; to bear hunger, cold, etc.
 to freeze with cold.
 to be treated unjustly.

shou ⁴ -wei ² -hsien ³	受危險	to undergo peril.
shou ⁴ -yeh ⁴	受業	to receive instruction.
shou ⁴ -yüan ¹	受冤	to suffer injustice (shou ⁴ ch'ü').
shou ⁴ -yün ⁴	受孕	to become pregnant (huai ³ t'ai ¹).
shou ⁴ -yung ⁴	受用	comfortable, at ease (shu ¹ t'an ³).
shou ⁴	士壽	old age, great age, long life, longevity.
shou ⁴ -chin ⁴ -tsé ² -wang ²	壽盡則亡	when your longevity is done you die,
shou ⁴ -chiu ³	壽酒	a birthday entertainment.
shou ⁴ -chung ¹	壽終	died.
shou ⁴ -hsing ¹	壽星	the star of longevity.
shou ⁴ -i ¹	壽衣	grave clothes (sung ⁴ lao ³ i ¹).
shou ⁴ -kao ¹ -té ² -ta ⁴	壽高德大	great age (accompanies) great virtue.
shou ⁴ -li ³	壽禮	birthday presents.
shou ⁴ -mien ⁴	壽麵	vermicelli eaten on birthdays.
shou ⁴ -mu ⁴	壽木	a coffin (kuan ¹ ts'ai ²).
shou ⁴ -pan ³	壽板	coffin wood.
shou ⁴ -pi ² -uan ² -shan ¹	壽比南山	longevity like the southern mountain,
shou ⁴ -shan ² -shih ³	壽山石	a sort of veined marble.
shou ⁴ -shih ⁴ -liang ² -i ¹	壽世良醫	an appellation of eminent physicians,
shou ⁴ shu ⁴	壽數	old age, age.
shou ⁴ -tan ⁴	壽誕	an old person's birthday.
shou ⁴ -t'ao ²	壽桃	cakes presented on an old person's birthday.
shou ⁴ -t'ung ² -shan ¹ -yue ⁴	壽同山岳	longevity like the hills.
shou ⁴ -wu ⁴	壽物	birthday presents.
shou ³	首首	the head; chief, first, beginning; to lead; a [leader.
shou ³ -chi ²	首級	the head of a decapitated rebel.
shou ³ -chiao ³ -hua ¹	首角花	the hollyhock.
shou ³ -hsien ¹	首先	the first.
shou ³ -hsien ⁴	首縣	the magistracy in which the Prefect resides.
shou ³ -hu ⁴	首戶	the leading farmer in a village.
shou ³ -hui ⁴	首會	the head of a society.
shou ³ -kao ⁴	首告	an informer.
shou ⁴ -ling ³	首領	the head.
shou ³ -shêng ¹	首生	first born.
shou ³ -shih ¹	首飾	women's head ornaments.
shou ³ -shih ⁴ -jên ³	首事人	committee of management.
shou ³ -ts'ung ²	首從	the principal and accomplices.
shou ³ -wei ³	首尾	the head and tail; the beginning and end.
shou ³ -wei ³ -hsiang ¹ -ying ¹	首尾相應	all alike from beginning to end; to arrange ranks.
shou ⁴ -wei ⁴	首位	principal seat.
shou ⁴	瘦	thin, lean, emaciated.
shou ⁴ -fei ²	瘦肥	lean and fat.
shou ⁴ -hsiao ¹	瘦削	thin, emaciated.

- shou⁴-hsiao³ 瘦小 lean, emaciated, diminutive.
 shou⁴-i¹ 瘦衣 tight-fitting clothes.
 shou⁴-jou⁴ 瘦肉 lean meat.
 shou⁴-ma³ 瘦馬 a poor horse.
 shou⁴-sun³ 瘦損 emaciated.
 shou⁴-ti⁴ 瘦地 barren land.
 shou⁴ 犬獸 994a756b wild beasts of any kind, a quadruped (tsou³ [shou⁴]).
 shou⁴-chung¹-chih¹-wang³ 獸中之王 the tiger.
 shou⁴-i¹ 獸醫 a veterinary surgeon.
 shou⁴-lei⁴ 獸類 the class of wild animals.
 shou⁴-ma³ 獸馬 wild horses.
 shou⁴ pu⁴ 獸部 natural history.
 shou⁴-t'ou³ 獸頭 heads of animals (porcelain, etc.) or roofs.
 shou⁴ 手授 993a757a to give or deliver to.
 shou⁴-ming⁴ 授命 to transmit an ordinance.
 shou⁴-shou⁴ 授受 to give and to receive.
 shou⁴-tu³ 授讀 to give instruction.
 shou⁴-tu³-ti¹ 授讀的 an instructor, a preceptor.
 shou⁴ 口售 993c756b to sell; to part with; to recompense; to respond.
 shou⁴-chia⁴ 售價 the price or value of what is sold.
 shou⁴-chih³ 售直 same.
 shou⁴-ch'u¹ 售出 to sell (mai³ mai⁴).
- SHU¹ 日書 994a774a books, writings, letters; to-write.
 shu¹-an⁴-tzu³ 書案子 a study table.
 shu¹-cha¹ 書扎 a letter.
 shu¹-chai¹ 書齋 a study.
 shu¹-chi⁴ 書籍 books.
 shu¹-ch'i³ 書啟 to teach, to instruct.
 shu¹-ch'i³-hsien¹-shêng¹ 書啟先生 an official writer, a scrivener.
 shu¹-ch'i⁴ 書契 books, memoranda; a bond.
 shu¹-chia⁴-tzu³ 書架子 book-shelves (ko¹ pan³)
 shu¹-chien³ 書柬 a formal letter; composition of a letter.
 shu¹-ch'ien¹ 書簽 a label on books.
 shu¹-ching¹ 書經 Book of Records; historical classics. W. I. 633.
 shu¹-fa³ 書法 method or manner of writing.
 shu¹-fung³ 書房 a library.
 shu¹-fêng¹ 書封 an envelope.
 shu¹-hsiang¹ 書香 redolent of books, scholastic.
 shu¹-hsiang¹-chih¹-chia¹ 書香之家 a literary family.
 shu¹-hsin¹ 書信 a note or letter.
 shu¹-hua⁴-ch'in³-ch'i³ 書畫琴棋 four polite arts.
 shu¹-ko³-tzu³ 書櫃 a book-shelf.

shu¹-kuan³
 shu¹-kuei⁴
 shu¹-li⁴
 shu¹-ming³
 shu¹-mo⁴
 shu¹-nu⁴
 shu¹-pun¹
 shu¹-pan⁴
 shu¹-p'an⁴
 shu¹-pên³
 shu¹-p'ei²
 shu¹-p'ien¹
 shu¹-p'u⁴
 shu¹-shêng¹
 shu¹-shou²
 shu¹-tai¹-tzü³
 shu¹-t'ao⁴
 shu¹-ti³
 shu¹-t'ü²
 shu¹-ts'ê⁴
 shu¹-ts'ê⁴
 shu¹-t'ung³
 shu¹-wei³
 shu¹-yeh⁴
 shu¹-yüan⁴
 shu¹
 shu¹-chia¹
 shu¹-ch'ien²
 shu¹-chin⁴
 shu¹-ko⁴-ching¹-kuang¹
 shu¹-liao³-i²-chên⁴
 shu¹-shui⁴
 shu¹-su²
 shu¹-tung¹-rê²
 shu¹-ying²
 shu¹-yen²-li⁴
 shu¹
 shu¹-chan²
 shu¹-ch'ang⁴
 shu¹-chin¹-ho³-hsieh³
 shu¹-fu²
 shu¹-hain¹-ti¹-shih⁴
 chu¹-hsü²

書館
 書櫃
 書吏
 書名
 書墨
 書目
 書班
 書辦
 書判
 書本
 書皮
 書篇
 書舖
 書生
 書手
 書子
 書套
 書底
 書題
 書冊
 書策
 書僮
 書尾
 書頁
 書院
 車輸 995a775a
 輸家
 輸錢
 輸盡
 輸個精光
 輸了一陣
 輸稅
 輸粟
 輸東兒
 輸贏
 輸眼力
 舒舒 996c774a
 舒展
 舒暢
 舒筋和血
 舒服
 舒心的事
 舒徐

a library, a reading room.
 a book-case.
 clerks, copyists.
 the title of a book; to write one's name.
 book (printed or written).
 the index of a book.
 clerks, copyists.
 same.
 written official decision or sentence.
 books.
 the cover of a book.
 the leaf of a book.
 a book shop.
 a student; I.
 clerks, copyists.
 students, book-worms.
 a case or cover for books.
 scholarship.
 a theme, a text, a subject.
 books generally.
 to write in a book; to write one's ideas, etc.
 a school-room servitor.
 the end of a book or letter.
 the leaf of a book.
 a college, a school. G. 491.
 to lose, to ruin, to exhaust; to offer; to present to.
 a loser in gambling.
 to lose money in gambling.
 to exhaust; to carry; to the utmost; to lose all.
 to lose every cash in gambling.
 to have lost a battle (pai⁴ chên⁴).
 to pay duties or taxes (wan² shui⁴).
 to transmit corn.
 the loser in betting.
 to lose and to win, to lose or win.
 to be mistaken.
 open, unrolled; to open; ease, order, comfort.
 to open, to expand.
 cheerfulness.
 to keep up the tone of the system.
 comfortable, in easy circumstances.
 a matter of good cheer.
 in order; slowly.

- shu¹-hsü⁴ 舒緒 a clue (t'ou² hsiü⁴).
 shu¹-huai³ 舒懷 to relax; cheerfulness.
 shu¹-huan³ 舒緩 inattentive, remiss, slow (man¹ han¹).
 shu¹-mei²-chan²-yen³ 舒眉展眼 a cheerful countenance.
 shu¹-san⁴ 舒散 open; wide; scattered; at one's ease.
 shu¹-t'an¹-p'ing²-liao³ 舒攤平了 to spread out evenly.
 shu¹-t'an³ 舒坦 comfortable.
 shu¹ 木 梳 994c775c a comb; to comb.
 shu¹-chuang¹ 梳粧 to comb and dress; toilet duties.
 shu¹-hsi³ 梳洗 to wash and comb.
 shu¹-hsi³-ta³-pan⁴ 梳洗打扮 to dress.
 shu¹-nao³-tai⁴ 梳腦袋 to comb the head.
 shu¹-pi³ 梳篦 a small-tooth comb; large and small-tooth combs.
 shu¹-shu¹-pien⁴-tzü³ 梳梳辮子 to comb the queue.
 shu¹-t'ou²-hsi³-lien³ 梳頭洗臉 wash the face and comb the hair.
 shu¹ 疋 疎 疎 1023c775b coarse. See su¹.
 shu¹-t'ung¹-pu⁴-k'ai¹ 疎通不開 cannot clear out, e.g., a river.
 shu¹-yüan³ 疎遠 distant, as relatives.
 shu¹ 歹 殊 995c776a [kill].
 shu¹-i⁴ 殊異 very; to exceed; to distinguish; to wound; to very different.
 shu¹-pu⁴-chih¹ 殊不知 don't you know, whereas in fact.
 shu¹ 戣 梭 戣 997a776a a weapon; a spear; to sink.
 shu¹ 木 樞 樞 1002a92a axis, pivot, cardinal.
 shu¹-niu³ 樞紐 a pivot, axis.
- SHU²** 貝 贖 998c781b to ransom, to redeem, to reclaim, to atone for, same.
 shu²-ch'u¹-lai² 贖出來 to ransom from punishment.
 shu²-hsing² 贖刑 to ransom.
 shu²-hui² 贖回 to ransom.
 shu²-pu⁴-ch'i²-liao³ 贖不起了 cannot afford to redeem it.
 shu²-shên¹ 贖身 to redeem the body (from prostitution).
 shu²-tang⁴ 贖當 to redeem anything out of pawn (hui² tang⁴).
 shu²-tsui⁴ 贖罪 to pay ransom for a crime, to atone.
 shu² 又 叔 996a779c a father's younger brother, an uncle (chiu⁴).
 shu²-chih³ 叔姪 uncle and nephew.
 shu²-fu⁴ 叔父 an uncle, a junior uncle.
 shu²-hsiung¹-ti⁴ 叔兄弟 cousins.
 shu²-mu³ 叔母 an uncle's wife, an aunt.
 shu²-pai²-hsiung¹-ti⁴ 叔伯兄弟 older male cousin of same surname.
 shu²-sao³-lia³ 叔嫂倆 younger brother and wife of elder brother.
 shu²-shu² 叔叔 a husband's younger brother, an uncle.
 shu²-ti⁴ 叔弟 a cousin, contraction of shu pai hsiung ti.
 shu² 水 淑 996b779c limpid, pure; virtuous; accomplished.

shu²-ch'í⁴ 淑氣
 shu²-jên² 淑人
 shu²-nü³ 淑女
 shu²-shan⁴-chün¹-tzu³ 淑善君子
 shu²-tê² 淑德
 shu² 火 熟 997b780a
 shu²-hsi²-shih¹-shu¹ 熟習詩書
 shu²-hsi³ 熟悉
 shu²-jên² 熟人
 shu²-lien⁴ 熟練
 shu²-nêng²-shêng¹-ch'iao³ 熟能生巧
 shu²-pu⁴-chiang³-li³ 熟不講禮
 shu²-shih⁴ 熟識
 shu²-ssü¹-shên²-ch'u⁴ 熟思審處
 shu² 子 孰 997a780a
 shu²-nêng²-wu²-kuo⁴ 孰能無過
 shu²-shih⁴-shu²-fei¹ 孰是孰非
 shu² 禾 稊 998a779a
 shu²-chieh¹ 稊稽

pure air, fine weather, the clear air of spring.
 wife of a 3rd grade mandarin.
 a virtuous female; an accomplished woman.
 a pure and virtuous gentleman.
 female virtue.
 ripe; cooked; mature. See *shou*².
 versed in the Odes and History.
 proficient.
 one with whom we are well acquainted
 proficient.
 man well up can plan well.
 familiar friends do not stand on ceremony.
 conversant with.
 ponder well, judge and punish.
 who, which, what.
 who can be without faults?
 who is right and who wrong?
 millet.
 kaoliang stalks.

SHU³ 日 暑 999a776b
 shu³-ch'í⁴ 暑氣
 shu³-fu² 暑伏
 shu³-jê⁴ 暑熱
 shu³-jê⁴-t'ien¹ 暑熱天
 shu³-yüeh⁴ 暑月
 shu³ 网 署 999a778c
 shu³-chih⁴ 署置
 shu³-ch'in¹-ch'ai¹ 署欽差
 shu³-jên⁴ 署任
 shu³-li³ 署理
 shu³-li⁴-ssü¹-yüan² 署吏司員
 shu³-nei⁴-tang¹-ch'ai¹ 署內當差
 shu³-pan⁴ 署辦
 shu³-shih⁴ 署事
 shu³ 尸 屬 屬 998b780c
 shu³-hsia⁴ 屬下
 shu³-hsiang⁴ 屬相
 shu³-huo³ 屬火
 shu³-k'o⁴ 屬客
 shu³-kuo² 屬國
 shu³-ma³-ti¹ 屬馬的
 shu³-pu⁴-cho²-ni³ 屬不著你

hot weather, sun heat.
 hot air.
 the hot season (fu² t'ien¹).
 hot weather.
 same.
 "hot-moon,"—the 6th moon.
 a public office; acting temporarily; the 8th month.
 to place in office temporarily.
 a *chargé d'affaires*, acting minister.
 a provisional appointment (shih² shou⁴).
 to administer provisionally (tai⁴ li³).
 clerks, runners, etc., of a yamên.
 to be on duty within the yamên.
 to administer provisionally (shih² jên⁴).
 same (for shorter time). [to; is.
 class, relation, kindred; connected; to belong
 dependents, those under one's authority.
 the 12 Animals used with the 12 Branches.
 a disease allied to fire. [Note 81.
 guests, visitors.
 dependent states or countries.
 I belong to the horse. See Note 81.
 it is none of your business.

shu ³ -shên ² -ma ¹ -ti ¹	屬甚麼的		what do you belong to? Note 81.
shu ³ -shui ³ -kuan ³	屬誰管		under whose jurisdiction?
shu ² -t'a ¹ -ta ⁴	屬他大		he is the biggest (or eldest).
shu ³ -t'o ¹	屬托		to commit to one's charge.
shu ³ -wo ³	屬我		it belongs to me.
shu ³ -yin ¹	屬陰		a hidden disease.
shu ³	鼠	鼠 999b776b	rats, mice, squirrels (lao ³ shu ³).
shu ³ -k'u ¹	鼠窟		a rat-hole.
shu ³ -pei ⁴	鼠輩		a pilferer, a petty thief (p'a ² êrh ² shou ³).
shu ³ -p'i ³	鼠皮		squirrel skins.
shu ³ -ts'uan ⁴ -êrh ³ -ch'ü ⁴	鼠竄而去		skulked off.
shu ³ -lu ⁴ -chi ¹ -ch'ang ²	鼠肚鷄腸		fig. paltry, narrow.
shu ³ -yen ³	鼠眼		"rat's eyes," a furtive stealthy look.
shu ³	薏	薏 996b780a	general term for pulse.
shu ³ -su ³	薏粟		pulse and grain.
shu ³	薏藟	薏藟 999b776a	a sort of yam (hung ² shu ³).
shu ³ -yü ⁴	藟芋		same.
shu ³	黍	黍 999b776c	millet.
shu ³ -chiao ³	黍角		name of a three-cornered pudding.
shu ³ -mi ³	黍米		millet.
shu ³	蜀	蜀 998a780c	ancient name of Ssü-ch'üan.
shu ³ -shu ³	蜀黍		sorghum, kaoliang.

SHU ⁴	木	樹 1001c777b	a tree, to erect, to plant.
shu ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	樹杈		the fork of a tree.
shu ⁴ -chang ³ -ti ¹ -wang ⁴	樹長的旺		the tree has grown luxuriantly.
shu ⁴ -chiao ¹	樹膠		gum or resin from trees.
shu ⁴ -chi ¹ /1	樹脂		the gum of trees.
shu ⁴ -chih ¹	樹汁		the sap of trees.
shu ⁴ -chih ²	樹枝		the branch of a tree.
shu ⁴ -chuan ³	樹樁		a stump.
shu ⁴ -hung ³ -tzü ³	樹行子		a row of trees, orchard (kuo ³ mu ⁴ yüan ²).
shu ⁴ -lao ³ -chiao ¹ -shao ¹	樹老焦稍		when a tree is old, the branch withers.
shu ⁴ -li ⁴	樹立		to plant; to set upright.
shu ⁴ -kên ¹ -2'rh ²	樹根兒		the root of a tree.
shu ⁴ -kua ⁴	樹掛		the rime on trees.
shu ⁴ -lin ² -tzü ³	樹林子		a forest.
shu ⁴ -mu ⁴	樹木		trees generally.
shu ⁴ -mu ⁴ -lin ² -lang ²	樹木林廊		groves and trees.
shu ⁴ -mu ⁴ -muo ⁴ -shêng ⁴	樹木茂盛		very luxuriant woods
shu ⁴ -pên ²	樹本		the root of a tree.
shu ⁴ -p'i ²	樹皮		the bark of a tree.
shu ⁴ -shuo ²	樹梢		topmost twigs.

shu ⁴ -shên ²	樹身	the trunk of a tree.
shu ⁴ -ta ⁴ -chao ¹ -fêng ¹	樹大招風	tall trees invite the wind.
shu ⁴ -ta ⁴ -tzū ⁴ -chih ²	樹大自直	fig. a big tree is of course straight.
shu ⁴ -t'ing ²	樹挺	the bough of a tree.
shu ⁴ -tun ²	樹木	a stump, a block of wood.
shu ⁴ -yeh ⁴	樹葉	leaves of a tree, foliage.
shu ⁴ -yin ²	樹陰	the shade of a tree (yin ² liang ² êrh ²).
shu ⁴	豎 {	1001a777c
shu ⁴		
shu ⁴ -ch'a ⁴ -ch'a ⁴ -ti ²	豎杈杈的	studded with branches, rugged.
shu ⁴ -ch'i ² -kan ¹	豎旗杆	to set up a flag-pole.
shu ⁴ -ch'i ²	豎起	to put up, to erect (as a pole, etc.).
shu ⁴ -chih ²	豎直	perpendicular, upright.
shu ⁴ -chu ⁴	豎柱	an upright pillar.
shu ⁴ -ju ²	豎儒	a mean worthless scholar.
shu ⁴ -li ⁴	豎立	to erect, to establish.
shu ⁴ -pei ¹	豎碑	to erect a tablet (li ⁴ pei ¹).
shu ⁴ -ti ²	豎的	upright, perpendicular (hêng ² ti ²).
shu ⁴ -tzū ³	豎子	a stupid boy; an inferior low person; a catamite.
shu ⁴ -yen ²	豎眼	to stare in anger or contempt.
shu ⁴	广	1000c778b
shu ⁴ -chü ² -shih ⁴		
shu ⁴ -chi ²	庶幾	nearly, about, almost (chi ² hu ¹).
shu ⁴ -ch'u ¹	庶出	children by concubines.
shu ⁴ -hu ¹	庶乎	almost, nearly, about.
shu ⁴ -jên ²	庶人	the common people.
shu ⁴ -min ²	庶民	same (po ² hsing ⁴).
shu ⁴ -tzū ³	庶子	the sons of concubines, an illegitimate child.
shu ⁴	支	1000a777b
shu ⁴ -ch'ang ⁴		
shu ³ -ch'ien ²	數錢	to count cash.
shu ⁴ -chiu ²	數九	winter. M. 556.
shu ⁴ -chu ¹	數珠	beads used by priests, a rosary (su ⁴ -chu ¹).
shu ³ -hao ² -liao ²	數好了	all counted.
shu ³ -huang ² -tao ⁴ -hei ²	數黃道黑	to go over and over with variations.
shu ³ -i ¹ -shu ³	數一數	count them.
shu ³ -jih ⁴ -wei ⁴ -chien ⁴	數日未見	did not see for some days.
shu ³ -ko ⁴ -shu ³ -êrh ²	數個數兒	count the number.
shu ³ -kuo ⁴	數過	to lecture, to berate.
shu ⁴ -mu ⁴	數目	numerals, numbers, the number of; an account.
shu ⁴ -pu ⁴	數簿	an account-book (chang ⁴ pu ⁴)
shu ³ -pu ⁴ -k'o ³ -t'ao ²	數不可逃	calamity cannot be escaped.
shu ³ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -lai ²	數不過來	cannot be counted.

shu ³ -shih ² -ko ⁴		數十個	several tens of.
shu ³ -ts'o ⁴		數錯了	counted wrongly.
shu ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴		數次	several times.
shu ⁴	木	束 ^{995b779b}	[su ² . to tie up; to restrain, to coerce; a bundle. See
shu ⁴ -ho ²		束禾	a sheaf of corn; to bind corn.
shu ⁴ -hsiu ¹		束脩	the stipend of a teacher or school master (hsin ¹
shu ⁴ -i ²		束儀	presents to teachers. [siui ³ , hsiu ¹ chiu ¹].
shu ⁴ -k'un ³		束網	to tie up.
shu ⁴ -shou ² -wu ² -ts'é ⁴		束手無策	without resource.
shu ⁴ -tai ⁴		束帶	to tie on a girdle.
shu ⁴	是	述 ^{997c779a}	[su ⁴ . to narrate, to relate, to state; to publish. See
shu ⁴ -ch'ên ²		述陳	to set forth, to state to.
shu ⁴ -êrh ² -pu ⁴ -tso ⁴		述而不作	a transmitter not a maker (Confucius).
shu ⁴ -ku ² -tz'ü ²		述古詞	to tell old legends.
shu ⁴ -ming ²		述明	to narrate, to make clear.
shu ⁴ -ming ⁴		述命	to explain a decree; to publish an order.
shu ⁴ -shuo ²		述說	to proclaim, to publish.
shu ⁴	心	恕 ^{1000c778a}	to show mercy, to forgive, to excuse; indulgent.
shu ⁴ -jung ²		恕容	to forgive, to excuse (jao ² shu ⁴ , shê ⁴ mien ²).
shu ⁴ -kuo ⁴		恕過	forgive my fault! forgive me!
shu ⁴ -tao ⁴		恕道	the doctrine of reciprocity.
shu ⁴ -tsui ⁴		恕罪	to forgive sin.
shu ⁴	行	術 ^{997c778a}	path, road, way, method, device, artifice, plan.
shu ⁴ -hsiao ²		術學	tricks, schemes, devices (chi ⁴ mou ²).
shu ⁴	戈	戍 ^{1001b777c}	sent to the frontiers, banishment, transportation.
shu ⁴ -pien ¹		戍邊	sent to the frontier as a punishment.
shu ⁴	嗽	陳 ^{995c779b}	to rinse the mouth; loquacity.
shua ¹ -yen ² -sé ⁴	嗽	陳口	to rinse the mouth (sou ⁴ k'ou ²).

SHUA ¹	刀	刷 ^{1002b785a}	a brush; to brush, to scrub, cleanse; to put
shua ¹ -ch'ih ²	刷	刷	to put away disgrace.
shua ¹ -chou ²	刷	刷	a scrubbing brush.
shua ¹ -hsi ²	刷	刷	to brush and wash, to scrub.
shua ¹ -hsieh ²	刷	刷	to brush shoes.
shua ¹ -hsüeh ¹ -tzü ²	刷	刷靴子	to brush boots.
shu ² -hui ¹	刷	刷	to whitewash.
shua ¹ -i ¹ -shang ¹	刷	刷衣裳	to brush clothes.
shua ¹ -kan ¹ -ching ⁴ -liao ²	刷	刷乾淨了	brushed clean.
shua ¹ -kwo ¹	刷	刷鍋	to wash the kettle.
shua ¹ -ma ²	刷	刷馬	to groom a horse.
shua ¹ -p'ao ²	刷	刷	a curry comb.
shua ¹ -pai ²	刷	刷白	to whitewash
shua ¹ -yen ² -sé ⁴	刷	刷顏色	to paint.

[away.

- shua¹-yin⁴* 刷印 to print.
- SHUA²** 耍
shua²-ch'i³-tao¹-lai³ 耍起刀來 to play, to trifle, to amuse; to fence; to gamble.
shua²-ch'ien² 耍錢 to begin playing with a sword.
shua²-ch'ien²-kuei³ 耍錢鬼 to gamble for money (tu³ po³).
shua²-fei³-lei⁴ 耍匪類 a confirmed gambler.
shua²-hou²-rh²-ti¹ 耍猴兒的 to sow one's wild oats,
shua²-hsi⁴ 耍戲 "to play the monkey," to play, to lark, to romp.
shua²-hsiao⁴ 耍笑 to play, to trifle, to pass the time idly, etc.
shua²-tsü¹-tzü³ 耍虛子 to joke, banter.
shua²-kuei³ 耍鬼 a gambler.
shua²-lan³ 耍懶 to indulge indolent habits.
shua²-lei³-tzü³ 耍傀儡子 to work puppets (k'uei³ lei³).
shua²-ma²-ch'ien²-chien⁴ 耍馬前箭 to do eye-service.
shua²-nao⁴ 耍鬧 to create a disturbance (nao⁴ luan⁴ tzü³).
shua²-nung⁴-jén² 耍弄人 to make sport of and deceive.
shua²-p'an²-tzü³ 耍盤子 a juggler with plates.
shua²-pang⁴ 耍棒 to fence; surly, cantankerous, fractious,
shua²-p'i²-ch'i⁴ 耍脾氣 to create a disturbance.
shua²-shih⁴-li⁴ 耍勢力 to make a display of influence.
shua²-shou³-i⁴ 耍手藝 to practise a craft.
shua²-tao¹ 耍刀 to fence, sword play.
shua²-tsa²-wan⁴-i⁴ 耍襍玩 to do a general juggler.
shua²-tsui³ 耍嘴 to chaff.
shua²-wan²-ti¹ 耍碗的 a juggler with bowls.
- SHUA⁴** 水 瀾 1004a786c sound of falling rain; to rinse. See *shuan¹*.
shua⁴-hsi³ 瀾洗 to rinse.
shua⁴-liao³-i¹-shéng¹ 瀾了一聲 the sound of falling rain.
shua⁴-shua⁴-ta⁴-yü³ 瀾瀾大雨 sound of heavy rain.
- SHUAI¹** 衣 衰 1002c785a to wear out, decay, decayed; weak.
shuai¹-hsi² 衰朽 rotten, decayed.
shuai¹-jo⁴ 衰弱 weak, feeble, debilitated.
shuai¹-lao² 衰老 old, worn out, decayed.
shuai¹-li⁴ 衰力 worn out strength.
shuai¹-luan⁴-chih¹-shih⁴ 衰亂之世 an age of decay and disorder.
shuai¹-mai⁴ 衰邁 decay, decayed.
shuai¹-mu⁴ 衰暮 old, worn out.
shuai¹-pai⁴ 衰敗 ruined, decayed, worn out.
shuai¹-shih⁴ 衰世 a decayed age or world.
shuai¹-t'ui¹ 衰頹 decay.

- shuai¹-wei¹ 衰微 dwindled away, decayed.
- SHUAI³ 手 摔 1003b785b to throw or dash down.
 shuai³-chiao¹ 摔 跌 to wrestle
 shuai³-hsia⁴-jên²-lai³ 摔 下 人 來 (horse) threw him off.
 shuai³-hsia⁴-lai³-liao³ 摔 下 來 了 thrown, e. g., from a horse.
 shuai³-hsia⁴-ma³-lai³ 摔 下 馬 來 thrown from a horse.
 shuai³-kên¹-t'ou² 摔 根 頭 to fall head over heels (tsai¹ kên¹ t'ou²).
 shuai³-liao³-chia¹-huo² 摔 了 傢 伙 threw down the dishes and broke them.
 shuai³-liao³-i¹-i⁴ 摔 了 一 地 flung to earth.
 shuai³-p'ou⁴ 摔 破 to dash down and break.
 shuai³-pu⁴-tao⁴-wo³ 摔 不 倒 我 cannot throw me down.
 shuai³-shou¹-chiu⁴-tsou² 摔 手 氣 走 flung up his hand and went off—angry.
 shuai³-shuai³-ta³-ta³ 摔 摔 打 打 to throw things about in a temper.
 shuai³-ssü³-liao³ 摔 死 了 dashed to death.
 shuai³ sui⁴ 摔 碎 to throw down and break in pieces.
 shuai³-ta²-shuai¹-ta³ 摔 打 摔 打 to throw down, to fling the arms, to strut.
 shuai³-tao³ 摔 倒 to dash down.
 shuai³-tzü³ 摔 子 to lay eggs (insects); to spawn.
 shuai³ 用 甩 ○ 785c to fling.
- SHUAI⁴ 支 率 1003a786a naturally careless; active; generally, promptly.
 shuai⁴-ch'ang³ 率 常 in general, generally.
 shuai⁴-chên¹ 率 真 to speak the truth.
 shuai⁴-érh³ 率 爾 sudden, hasty.
 shuai⁴-hsien¹ 率 先 to go on before.
 shuai⁴-hsing⁴ 率 性 to follow one's own disposition.
 shuai⁴-jan² 率 然 suddenly, hastily.
 shuai⁴-ling³ 率 領 to lead on.
 shuai⁴-ping³ 率 兵 to lead troops.
 shuai⁴-shih¹ 率 師 to lead on an army.
 shuai⁴-yu²-chiu⁴-chang¹ 率 由 舊 章 to do according to precedent or as formerly.
 shuai⁴ 巾 帥 1003c785c a leader, a general, a commander-in-chief (yüan²
 shuai⁴-ch'ü¹ 帥 旗 the flag of a commander-in-chief. [shuai⁴].
 shuai⁴-fu³ 帥 府 a general's quarters.
 shuai⁴-ling⁴ 帥 令 the orders of a commander-in-chief.
 shuai⁴-tzü¹-ch'ü¹ 帥 字 旗 the flag of a commander-in-chief.
 shuai⁴ 虫 蟀 1013b774c the fighting cricket.
 shuai⁴-hsi¹ 蟀 蟋 same (ch'ü¹ ch'ü¹).
- SHUAN¹ 手 拴 1003c786a to tie up (k'un³ pang³).
 shuan¹-ch'ü¹ 拴 車 to keep a cart or a carriage.
 shuan¹-chü⁴ 拴 住 tied up.

<i>shuan</i> ¹ -k'un ²	拴捆	to tie, to bind (tightly).
<i>shuan</i> ¹ -liao ³ -t'ao ⁴ -érh ²	拴了套兒	to tie a loop.
<i>shuan</i> ¹ -ma ³ -chuang ¹	拴馬樁	a post for fastening horses to.
<i>chuan</i> ¹ -pu ¹ -chui ⁴ -hsin ¹	拴不住心	his mind is not fixed.
<i>shuan</i> ¹ -shang ⁴	拴上	to tie up.
<i>shuan</i> ¹ -shêng ¹ -k'ou ³	拴牲口	to tie up animals.
<i>shuan</i> ¹ -shêng ² -tzü ³	拴繩子	string for tying up.
<i>shuan</i> ¹ -wa ² -wa ²	拴娃娃	to tie a clay-baby in temple, in hope of a child.
<i>shuan</i> ¹	水	to rinse. See <i>shua</i> ⁴ .
<i>shuan</i> ¹ -kan ¹ -ching ⁴	涮乾淨	to rinse clean.
<i>shuan</i> ¹	門櫃廣	the beam used to bar doors.

SHUANG¹	佳双	雙 1004b787b	a pair, a brace; to double.
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -ch'in ¹	[<i>sung</i> ⁴	雙親	parents (ch'in ¹ fu ⁴ mu ³).
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -ch'ü ² -shuang ¹	雙娶雙送	escort of two at weddings.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -ch'üan ²	雙全	in possession of everything desirable; all.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -ch'ü ² -shuang ¹ -tu ²	雙吹雙打	a pair of musicians needed.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -fu ¹ -yen ² -rh ²	雙扶浴兒	runners on either side of shafts of cart	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -hsi ²	雙喜	two auspicious events (of any sort).	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -hsi ² -lin ² -mên ²	雙喜臨門	may double joys descend upon you.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -hsing ⁴	雙姓	double surname.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -kuai ³	雙拐	a crutch on both sides.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -kuan ¹	雙關	a double meaning.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -lu ⁴	雙陸	double sixes; dice.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -ming ³	雙名	double name.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -pang ⁴ -tzü ³	雙棒子	"pair of drumsticks," twins.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -pao ¹	雙胞	to bear twins.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -pao ⁴	雙抱	twins.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -shêng ¹	[<i>tzü</i> ³	雙生	same.
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -shêng ¹ -kuei ⁴	雙生貴子	two twins destined to high office.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -shih ¹ -mu ⁴	雙失目	blind of both eyes (tan ¹ yen ² hsia ²).	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -shou ³	雙手	both hands.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -shu ⁴	雙數	an even number (tan ¹ shu ⁴).	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -t'ai ¹	雙胎	to bear twins.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -tao ¹	雙刀	a pair of swords (used by one person).	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -ts'êng ²	雙層	double.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -ts'êng ² -hua ¹	雙層花	a double-blossomed flower.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -yen ² -hua ¹ -ling ²	雙眼花翎	double-eyed peacock.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -yen ² -ching ⁴	雙眼鏡	opera or field glasses (Binocle).	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -yüeh ⁴ -tan ¹ -yüeh ⁴	雙月單月	even and odd months.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹	雨霜	1005a787a frost, cold, grave; a crystallization.	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -chiang ⁴	霜降	"frost's descent," a term. See <i>Note 21</i> .	
<i>shuang</i> ¹ -érh ²	霜兒	bloom (as on fruit).	

shuang ¹ -hsüeh ³	霜雪	frost and snow.
shuang ¹ -lu ⁴	霜露	frost and dew, hoar frost.
shuang ¹	女孀	a widow, widowed (kua ³ fu ⁴).
shuang ¹ -chü ¹	孀居	to live alone (as a widow).
shuang ¹ -fu ⁴	孀婦	a widow.
shuang ¹	石礮	arsenic (hsin ⁴ shih ² p'ü ³).
SHUANG³	爽	1005a787c
shuang ³ -cho ² -lien ² -rh ²	爽着點兒	lively, cheerful, to please; to miss. quicker! be quick! look sharp!
shuang ³ -hsin ¹	爽心	grateful to the heart.
shuang ³ -hsin ⁴	爽信	to fail in one's promise (shih ¹ hsin ⁴). [ful.
shuang ³ -k'uai ⁴	爽快	brisk, frank, hearty, cheerful, pleasant, delight-
shuang ³ -li ⁴	爽利	same.
shuang ³ -shên ³	爽神	in good health, hearty.
shuang ³ -shih ¹	爽失	to lose, to miss.
shuang ³ -shuang ³ -jan ²	爽爽然然	with ease, promptly.
shuang ³ -shuang ³ -ti ¹	爽爽的	brisk, lively.
shuang ³ -tang ¹	爽當	prompt, quick.

SHUI³	誰	1006b781a	who? whose? what? M. 80.
shui ³ -chia ¹	誰家		of what family? whose?
shui ³ -ch'iao ¹ -mên ²	誰敲門		who knocks at the door?
shui ³ -chih ¹	誰知		to my surprise. M. 484.
shui ³ -jên ²	誰人		what person? who?
shui ³ -kên ¹ -cho ² -ni ³	誰跟着你		who is with you?
shui ³ -k'ên ³	誰肯		they are all unwilling.
shui ³ -lai ² -liao ²	誰來了		who has come?
shui ³ -liao ²	誰料		to my surprise. M. 484.
shui ³ -mên ²	誰們		who? plural.
shui ³ -nên ² -kou ⁴	誰能		who is able to? who can?
shui ³ -nên ² -mu ² -kuo ⁴	誰能沒過		who can be faultless?
shui ³ -nên ² -yung ⁴ -shui ²	誰能用誰		any one may use any one else.
shui ³ -pu ⁴ -chih ¹	誰不知		who doesn't know that...?
shui ³ -pu ⁴ -hui ⁴ -tso ⁴	誰不會做		who cannot do it? any one can do it.
shui ³ -pu ⁴ -yüan ¹ -i ⁴	誰不願意		they all are unwilling.
shui ³ -shih ⁴ -shui ² -fei ¹	誰是誰非		who is right and who is wrong?
shui ³ -ti ¹	誰的		whose? with negative—no one's.
shui ³ -ti ¹ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	誰的不是		whose fault is it?
shui ³ -wai ⁴ -wai ⁴ -t'ou ²	誰在外頭		who is outside?
shui ³ -ych ³ -pu ⁴ -hsing ²	誰也不行		no one would do.

SHUI³	水	1005b781c	water.
shui ³ -chan ⁴	水戰		a sea fight.

shui ³ -chang ² -ch'uan ² -kao ¹	水長船高	the boat rises with the water (figurative).
shui ³ -chang ² -ho ² -fa ¹	水長河發	flooding of rivers.
shui ³ -chang ⁴	水漲	to flow in; flood tide.
shui ³ -ch'ê ¹	水車	a water-wheel (for irrigation).
shui ³ -chi ¹	水鷄	"water-fowl," teal.
shui ³ -chiao ¹	水膠	glue (cr. shui ¹ chiao ⁴ =sleep).
shui ³ -chiao ²	水脚	fare by water.
shui ³ -chiao ³ -i ⁴	水脚役	trackers, towers (of boats).
shui ³ -chih ²	水卮	a water siphon.
shui ³ -ch'ih ²	水池	a pond, a tank.
shui ³ -chin ⁴ -o ² -fei ¹	水盡鷓飛	(fig.) bankrupt.
shui ³ -chin ⁴ -shan ¹ -ch'ung ²	水盡山窮	fig. utter extremity.
shui ³ -chin ⁴ -yü ² -fei ¹	水盡魚飛	(fig.) supplies failing, he runs away.
shui ³ -ching ¹	水晶	crystal.
shui ³ -ching ¹ -shih ²	水晶石	same.
shui ³ -ching ¹ -shih ² -tsui ³	水晶石嘴	valuable crystal mouth-piece.
shui ³ -ching ¹ -ting ² -tai ⁴	水晶頂戴	a crystal button.
shui ³ -ching ¹ -yen ³ -ching ⁴	水晶眼鏡	crystal spectacles.
shui ³ -ch'ing ¹ -wu ² -yü ²	水清無魚	fig. cannot conceal
shui ³ -chün ¹ -kuan ¹	水軍官	a naval officer.
shui ³ -chung ¹ -yüeh ⁴	水中月	the moon (reflected) in the water.
shui ³ -chung ²	水腫	the dropsy.
shui ³ -fu ¹	水夫	a water-carrier.
shui ³ -hao ⁴	水涸	dried up (of rivers, etc.).
shui ³ -hên ²	水痕	ripples.
shui ³ -hsieh ⁴	水瀉	diarrhoea, looseness.
shui ³ -hsien ¹ -hua ¹	水仙花	"water fairy flower," the narcissus.
shui ³ -hsin ¹ -t'ing ²	水心亭	a kiosque in the middle of the water.
shui ³ -hsing ¹	水星	Mercury.
shui ³ -hsing ⁴	水性	unstable, capricious disposition.
shui ³ -hu ²	水壺	a kettle.
shui ³ -hung ²	水紅	light red (fên ³ hung ²).
shui ³ -huo ³	水火	water and fire.
shui ³ -huo ³ -wu ² -ch'ing ²	水火無情	fire and water don't agree.
shui ³ -kang ¹	水缸	a water vat.
shui ³ -k'êng ¹	水坑	a water-hole, a pond.
shui ³ -ko ² -liang ² -t'ing ²	水閣涼亭	cool pavilions, etc.
shui ³ -kou ¹	水溝	a canal, a gutter.
shui ³ -ku ³	水鼓	dropsy in abdomen.
shui ³ -kuai ⁴	水怪	a water-sprite.
shui ³ -kuan ⁴	水罐	water-pitcher.
shui ³ -kun ³	水滾	bubbling or boiling of water (k'ai ¹).
shui ³ -kuo ³	水菓	fresh fruits (hsien ¹ kuo ³).

shui ³ -la ¹ -la ¹ -ti ¹	水拉拉的	sopping wet.
shui ³ -lao ⁴ ch'u ¹ -shih ³	水落出石	the water falls and reveals the stones (figurative).
shui ³ -li ³	水禮	presents of food, as opposed to money (kan ¹ li ³).
shui ³ -liu ² -ch'u ¹	水流出	to ebb or flow out.
shui ³ -lu ⁴ -p'ing ³ -an ¹	水陸平安	I wish you a pleasant journey.
shui ³ -lu ⁴	水路	[water. canals and rivers; a journey by water; road by a pump, a fire-engine.
shui ³ -lung ³	水龍	when the water is full then it overflows.
shui ³ -man ³ -tsei ³ -i ⁴	水滿則溢	a corpse floating on the water.
shui ³ -mien ⁴ -fou ³ -shih ¹	水面浮屍	divers.
shui ³ -mo ¹ -tzü ³	水摸子	a water-mill.
shui ³ -mo ⁴	水磨	froth, foam.
shui ³ -mo ⁴ -tzü ³	水沫子	blubberfish, sea-blubber.
shui ³ -mu ³	水母	both plasterer and carpenter.
shui ³ -mu ⁴ -liang ³ -tso ¹	水木兩作	a water buffalo; snails.
shui ³ -niu ³	水牛	mutual help.
shui ³ -pang ¹ -yü ²	水撈魚	a bubble; a sponge; the chicken pox.
shui ³ -p'ao ⁴	水泡	a water vessel.
shui ³ -p'ü ³	水盆	pen which needs water (han ⁴ pi ³).
shui ³ -pi ³	水筆	a calabash for ladling water.
shui ³ -p'iao ³	水瓢	a water bottle.
shui ³ -p'ing ³	水瓶	a water-level.
shui ³ -p'ing ² -ch'ih ³	水平尺	the ripple or waves on water.
shui ³ -po ¹	水波	waves.
shui ³ -po ¹ -lang ⁴	水波浪	a good complexion.
shui ³ -sé ⁴ hao ³	水色好	a bucket (mu ⁴ t'ung ³).
shui ³ -shao ¹	水筲	men-of-war's men.
shui ³ -shih ¹	水師	a naval officer.
shui ³ -shih ¹ kuan ¹	水師官	damp, wet, moist.
shui ³ -shih ¹	水濕	sailors, seamen.
shui ³ -shou ³	水手	the otter.
shui ³ -t'ä ³	水獺	green lichen on water.
shui ³ -t'ai ¹	水苔	a cataract of water
shui ³ -t'an ³	水潭	a pond, a tank.
shui ³ -t'ang ³	水塘	a way by water.
shui ³ -tao ⁴	水道	a vain attempt (fig.).
shui ³ -ti ³ -lao ² -yüeh ⁴	水底撈月	liquid indigo.
shui ³ -tiên ⁴	水靛	water calamities (such as floods, etc.).
shui ³ -t'ai ¹	水災	water plants (edible).
shui ³ -ts'ai ⁴	水菜	water plants.
shui ³ -ts'ao ³	水草	"water thieves," pirates.
shui ³ -tsei ³	水賊	"water and earth," climate.
shui ³ -t'u ³	水土	climate don't agree with.
shui ³ -t'u ³ -pu ⁴ -fu ³	水土不服	

shui ³ -t'ui ⁴	水退	low water.
shui ³ -t'ung ³	水桶	a water cask ; buckets.
shui ³ -wan ¹	水灣	a bay.
shui ³ -wang ¹ -wang ¹ -ti ²	水汪汪的	very bright.
shui ³ -wên ²	水紋	water marks in crystal.
shui ³ -yin ²	水銀	quicksilver.
shui ³ -yen ¹	水烟	the tobacco smoked in water pipes.
shui ³ -yen ¹ -tai ⁴	水烟袋	the water pipe.
shui ³ -yü ⁴	水玉	crystal.
shui ³ -yüan ²	水源	a spring, a fountain (ch'üan ² yüan ²).

SHUI⁴

禾 稅 1006c782c

shui ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	稅契	revenue, taxes, duties.
shui ⁴ -ch'ien ²	稅錢	to have a deed registered.
shui ⁴ -chü ² -tzü ³	稅局子	revenue, duties.
shui ⁴ -hsiang ³	稅餉	a revenue office.
shui ⁴ -kuan ¹	稅關	duties, revenue.
shui ⁴ -kuan ²	稅館	Custom House.
shui ⁴ -li ⁴	稅吏	a Customs' office.
shui ⁴ -tan ¹	稅單	an officer of the Customs.
shui ⁴ -tsé ²	稅則	a "duty memo."
shui ⁴ -wu ⁴	稅務	tariff.
shui ⁴ -wu ⁴ -ssü ¹	稅務司	revenue or Customs' affairs.
shui ⁴ -yin ²	稅銀	a Commissioner of Customs.

目 睡 1007a782b

shui ⁴	睡	to sleep.
shui ⁴ -chao ² -liao ³	睡着了	asleep.
shui ⁴ -chiao ⁴	睡覺	to sleep (cr. shui ³ chiao ¹ =glue).
shui ⁴ -chiao ³ -t'ai ⁴ -ssü ¹	睡覺太死	sleeps too heavily.
shui ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -t'ien ²	睡香甜	sweet sleep.
shui ⁴ -hsing ²	睡醒	asleep or awake ; to wake up.
shui ⁴ -i ¹ -shui ⁴	睡一睡	to have a sleep (ta ³ tun ²).
shui ⁴ -shang ³ -chiao ³	睡晌覺	to take a noon siesta.
shui ⁴ -k'ang ⁴	睡炕	to sleep on a k'ang.
shui ⁴ -liao ³	睡了	slept.
shui ⁴ -mêng ⁴	睡夢	to dream ; a dream.
shui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chao ³	睡不着	unable to sleep.
shui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -cho ² -chiao ⁴	睡不着覺	cannot sleep.
shui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ho ² -yen ²	睡不合眼	same.
shui ⁴ -wu ⁴ -ning ²	睡不寧	cannot rest easily.
shui ⁴ -shu ² -liao ³	睡熟了	slept soundly (ch'ên ² shui ⁴).
shui ⁴ -ssü ¹ -mêng ⁴ -hsiang ³	睡思夢想	thinking of it awake and asleep.
shui ⁴ -tsao ³ -chiao ⁴	睡早覺	to go to bed early.
shui ⁴	玉 瑞 589b782b	a jade tablet (also jui).

<i>shui⁴-kuo⁴</i>	瑞國	Sweden.
<i>shui⁴-tien³-kuo³</i>	瑞典國	Sweden.
SHUN³	糸	1008b783b
<i>shun³-hou⁴</i>	純厚	silk thread; pure; ripe. See <i>ch'un²</i> .
<i>shun³-hsiao⁴</i>	純孝	liberal, generous.
<i>shun³-i¹</i>	純一	truly filial.
<i>shun³-i¹-pu⁴-êrh⁴</i>	純一不二	pure; sincere.
<i>shun³-li⁴</i>	純麗	unmixed, no two-sorts, unadulterated, beautiful.
<i>shun³-pai³</i>	純白	pure and white.
<i>shun³-su⁴</i>	純素	same.
<i>shun³-sui⁴</i>	純粹	pure, good, beautiful; unmixed, of the same sort.
<i>shun³-ta⁴</i>	純大	great.
<i>shun³</i>	酉醴	1007b783b
<i>shun³-chin³</i>	醇謹	wine, cordials; respectful, attentive. See <i>ch'un³</i> .
<i>shun³-chiu³</i>	醇酒	careful, attentive. cordials, wine.
SHUN⁴	頁	1007c784a
<i>shun⁴-chien¹</i>	順	obedient; accompanying; to obey; to suit.
<i>shun⁴-chih¹-huang²-shan¹</i>	順治	criminal connection with consent.
<i>shun⁴-ch'ing²</i>	順情	first Emperor of present dynasty (1644-1662).
<i>shun⁴-ch'ing²-shun⁴-li³</i>	順情順理	to harmonize with one's feelings.
<i>shun⁴-fêng¹</i>	順風	proper, reasonable.
<i>shun⁴-fêng¹-ch'i²</i>	順風旗	a fair wind.
<i>shun⁴-fêng¹-êrh³</i> [sung ⁴	順風耳	a flag for fair wind.
<i>shun⁴-fêng¹-hsiang¹</i>	順風相送	fond of listening to tittle-tattle.
<i>shun⁴-fêng¹-ta³-ch'i²</i>	順風打旗	may favouring breezes accompany you. Note 82.
<i>shun⁴-hsin¹</i>	順心	trim your sails according to breeze (figurative).
<i>shun⁴-k'ou³-shuo¹</i>	順口說	to agree with one's wishes.
<i>shun⁴-li⁴</i>	順利	to prosper, prosperous.
<i>shun⁴-liu³</i>	順流	to flow with the tide; harmonizing with.
<i>shun⁴-lu⁴</i>	順路	to follow a road.
<i>shun⁴-mao²-lü²</i>	順毛驢	(fig.) nice if you suit him.
<i>shun⁴-pien⁴</i>	順便	a favourable opportunity, convenient, opportuna
<i>shun⁴-shih⁴</i>	順適	right, proper, as rule requires.
<i>shun⁴-shui³</i>	順水	with the stream.
<i>shun⁴-shui³-liu²</i>	順水流	to go with the stream.
<i>shun⁴-shu²-t'ui²-chou¹</i>	順水推舟	to go with the crowd (fig.).
<i>shun⁴-ssü²-shun⁴-liu³</i>	順絲順絡	very suitable.
<i>shun⁴-tung¹</i>	順當	right, proper, smoothly going.
<i>shun⁴-tao¹</i>	順刀	a two-edged sword.
<i>shun⁴-t'ien¹-cho²-ch'ang¹</i>	順天者昌	those who follow heaven prosper.
<i>shun⁴-t'ien¹-fu³</i>	順天府	Prefecture in which Peking is.

shun ⁴ -ts'ung ²	順從		to agree, to comply, to obey.
shun ⁴	目	瞬 1009a784c	to wink, glance.
shun ⁴ -hsi ¹² -chi ¹ -chien ⁴	瞬息之間		in the twinkling of an eye.
shun ⁴	舜	舜 1008c784b	name of an Emperor. R. 183 (2255-2205 B. C.).
shun ⁴ -mu ⁴ -ch'ung ² -t'ung ²	舜目重瞳		Shun had double pupils.
shun ⁴ -wei ² -chi ¹ -hsiao ⁴	舜為至孝		Shun was the acme of filial piety.

SHUO ¹	言說	1009b788a	to speak, to converse ; to scold.
shuo ¹ -ch'ang ² -tao ⁴ -tuan ³	說長道短		to criticize failings, gossip.
shuo ¹ -ch'ia ² -lai ²	說起來		to speak of, to mention.
shuo ¹ -chi ¹	說知		to inform, to acquaint one.
shuo ¹ -ch'ing ²	說情		to solicit kindness, to intercede.
shuo ¹ -cho ² -wan ⁴	說着玩		joking.
shuo ¹ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	說出來		to describe.
shuo ¹ -feng ² -hua ⁴	說瘋話		to talk like a lunatic.
shuo ¹ -hao ³	說好		to come to an agreement.
shuo ¹ -han ⁴ -shu ¹	說漢書		to be a professional story-teller.
shuo ¹ -ho ²	說合		to arrange, to mediate.
shuo ¹ -hsi ² -fu ⁴	說媳婦		to negotiate for a wife (mei ² jên ²).
shuo ¹ -hsia ¹ -hua ⁴	說瞎話		to tell lies (ch'ê ³ huang ³).
shuo ¹ -hsiang ⁴ -shêng ¹	說相聲		wits, mimics.
shuo ¹ -hsiao ⁴	說笑		to talk and laugh.
shuo ¹ -hua ⁴	說話		to speak.
shuo ¹ -hua ⁴ -tiao ⁴ -ti ³	說話掉底		inconsistency.
shuo ¹ -huang ³ -hua ⁴	說謊話		to tell lies.
shuo ¹ -i ¹ -pu ⁴ -êrh ⁴	說一不二		stick to what we say.
shuo ¹ -k'ai ¹	說開		to enlarge on, to settle by exhortation.
shuo ¹ -lai ² -shuo ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	說來說去		circumlocution.
shuo ¹ -mei ²	說媒		to act as go between for marriage.
shuo ¹ -mêng ⁴ -hua ⁴	說夢話		to talk in one's sleep.
shuo ¹ -ming ² -pai ³	說明白了		spoken clearly, e. g., a bargain.
shuo ¹ -pai ² -liao ³	說白了		to mispronounce.
shuo ¹ -p'o ⁴	說破		to speak out, to tell all.
shuo ¹ p'o ⁴ -liao ³ -tsui ³	說破了嘴		talked till he cracked his lips.
shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -chin ⁴	說不盡		can't exhaust by speaking.
shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	說不清		unable to explain clearly.
shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'u ¹	說不出		can't say out.
shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -hao ³	說不好		cannot succeed in making bargain.
shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -t'á ¹	說不過他		cannot get the better of in talk.
shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	說不過去		can't be said (in argument).
shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	說不來		unable to explain or speak out.
shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	說不了		not finished speaking ; unable to explain.
shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴ -lai ²	說不上來		can't say.

shuo¹-pu⁴-tê²
 shuo¹-shên²-ma¹
 shuo¹-shii⁴-jên³
 shuo¹-shu¹-ti¹
 shuo¹-shu¹-ti¹-tsui³
 shuo¹-shui²-ni⁴
 shuo¹-shuo¹-hsiao⁴-shiao¹
 shuo¹-t a¹
 shuo¹-t a¹-i¹-tun⁴
 shuo¹-tao⁴
 shuo¹-tao⁴
 shuo¹-tao⁴-ti³
 shuo¹-tê³
 shuo¹-tê³-hao³
 shuo¹-tê³-yu³-lî³
 shuo¹-t'ieh¹-êrh²
 shuo¹-t'ou⁴-liao³
 shuo¹-ts' o⁴-liao³
 shuo¹-tsou³-chui⁴-tsou³
 shuo¹-tsu³
 shuo¹-tsui³-ta³-tsui³
 shuo¹-wan³
 shuo¹-wên³
 shuo¹
 shuo¹-jih⁴
 shuo¹-wang⁴
 shuo¹-yüeh⁴

說不得
 說甚麼
 說事人
 說書的
 說書的嘴
 說誰呢
 說說笑笑
 說他
 說他一頓
 說道
 說到
 說到底
 說得好
 說得有理
 說帖兒
 說透了
 說錯了
 說走就走
 說嘴
 說嘴打嘴
 說完
 說文
 朔
 朔日
 朔望
 朔月

not to be mentioned—as improper,
 what do you say ?
 middleman (chung¹ jên³).
 reciters of tales, etc.
 in a story teller lips count.
 whom are you speaking of ?
 chatting and laughing.
 speak to him, scold him (ma⁴ t'a¹).
 give him a scolding.
 he said ; to say ; it is said ; said.
 to speak of.
 told to the end or bottom.
 said ; to say.
 you say well ; it is rightly said. [sible.
 there is reason in what you say, you speak sen-
 an unsealed memo.
 thoroughly explained.
 I spoke in a mistake.
 can go at once.
 to boast, boastful ; eloquent,
 to go back on one's words.
 to finish speaking.
 a famous Dictionary of Antiquity. [See so⁴.
 1st day of each moon ; to begin, to commence.
 the 1st day of the new moon (ch'u¹ i¹).
 1st and 15th of each moon.
 the 10th month.

SO¹
 so¹-hung³
 so¹-shih⁴
 so¹-sung⁴
 so¹-t'iao¹
 so¹-tsung⁴
 so¹
 so¹-hsiao³
 so¹-po³-ku³
 so¹-po³ tsü³
 so¹-t'ou²-so¹-nao³
 so¹-luan³
 so¹ (tsü)
 so¹-pu⁴
 so¹ yü³

口 唆 1012b815a
 唆吐
 唆事
 唆訟
 唆挑
 唆聳
 糸 縮 1011c780b
 縮小
 縮脖子
 縮脖子
 縮頭縮腦
 縮短
 木 梭 1012c814o
 梭布
 梭魚

to make mischief.
 to seduce by false representations.
 to incite a quarrel.
 to cause to accuse ; to sow discord, to make mis-
 to make mischief, to sow discord (t'iao¹ so¹).
 to instigate to by false representations,
 to collapse, to contract, to pucker up, to shrink,
 to contract.
 the collarbone (p'i² pa¹ ku³).
 a contracted neck, short-necked.
 a contracted neck ; unwilling to do, to back out,
 contracted.
 a weaver's shuttle,
 narrow cotton fabric, nankeen
 shuttle-fish.

- so¹ 艸 蓑 1012c814a rain-coat.
 so¹-i¹ 蓑衣 1011c774a grass rain-clothes.
 so¹ 手 擦 1011c774a to feel with the hand; to infer; to draw slowly.
 so¹ 手 { 搽 1012a814a to pat, to stroke, to rub.
 so¹ 抄 same.
- SO² 支 數 1000a777a troublesome. See *shu*⁴.
- SO³ 糸 縲 縲 索 1011b815a to drag; to extort; to bind; a string; a law.
- so³-chieh³ 結 connected.
 so³-hsing⁴ 索性 might as well, let us just.
 so³-lien³ 索連 connected.
 so³-t'ao³ 索討 to demand, to extort.
 so³-tzü³ 索子 string.
 so¹⁴-yao¹-chang⁴-mu⁴ 索要賬目 to demand payment of accounts.
 so³ 玉 瑣 瑣 1012c815c small, minute, trifles, small things; broken stones.
 so³-so³ 瑣瑣 broken up into small particles, low, mean.
 so³-shih⁴ 瑣瑣事 minute, petty, trifling affairs. [pieces.
 so³-sui⁴ 瑣瑣碎 importunate, troublesome; beaten into small
 so³ 金 鎖 鎖 1013a815b a lock; to lock; to fetter; rings; a chain.
 so³-ch'i³-lai³ 鎖起來 to lock,
 so³-hsü³ 鎖鬚 bolt of door.
 so³-huang³ 鎖簧 wards of a lock,
 so³-i¹-pa⁴ 鎖一把 one lock.
 so³-lien³ 鎖鍊 fetters, chains.
 so³-mei²-t'ou³ 鎖眉頭 to knit the brows, to frown (ch'ou² mei³ pu⁴ [chan³]).
 so³-mên³ 鎖門 to lock a door.
 so³-na³ 鎖拿 to capture and fetter.
 so³-pang³ 鎖綁 to bind and fetter (note Chinese order).
 so³-pang³ 鎖榜 lowest on list,
 so³-shang⁴ 鎖上 to lock,
 so³-shang⁴-liao³ 鎖上了 locked.
 so³-shang⁴-mên³ 鎖上門 lock the door! to lock a door,
 so³ t'ou³ 鎖頭 a lock.
 so³-tzü³-chia³ 鎖子甲 chain armour.
 so³-ya¹ 鎖押 to fetter and imprison. [109.
 so³ 戶 所 1013c817b a place; a cause; a means; relative pronoun. M.
 so³-chien⁴-so³-wên⁴ 所見所聞 what is seen and heard.
 so³-i³ 所以 therefore, on that account. M. 201.
 so³-i³-jan² 所以然 the cause by which, a cause (yüan³ k'ü⁴).
 so³-ju⁴ 所入 income, that which comes in (chin⁴ hsiang⁴),
 so³-niên⁴-kuo⁴-t'í¹ 所念過的 what was read.
 so³-sinuo¹-li¹-hua⁴ 所說的話 what was said.

so ³ -ssü ¹ -lo ³ -shih ⁴	所司何事	what do you manage ?
so ³ -ssü ¹ -so ³ -hsiang ³	所思想	all his thoughts.
so ³ -tsai ¹	所在	a cause ; a place ; wherever (ch'u ⁴ so ³).
so ³ tso ⁴ -so ³ -wei ³	所作所爲	all his acts and conduct.
so ³ -ts'ung ²	所從	derivation, source.
so ³ -wang ¹ -ho ² -ch'u ⁴	所往何處	where are you going ?
so ³ -wang ⁴ -ho ² -fang ¹	所往何方	same.
so ³ -wei ⁴	所爲	on account of this, because of that, etc.
so ³ -yen ² -so ² -hsing ²	所言所行	words and deeds.
so ² -yu ²	所有	wherever there is, are, etc.

SO ⁴	水	溯	1027b817b	to look back ; a river ; flowing ; to think.
so ⁴	月	朔	1011a773b	to begin ; first day of the moon. See <i>shuo</i> ⁴ .
so ⁴ -fang ¹		朔方		the northern region.
so ⁴ -feng ¹		朔風		the north wind.
so ⁴ -feng ¹ -lin ³ -lin ³		朔風凜凜		intensely cold, bitter cold wind.
so ⁴ jih ⁴		朔日		the first day of the moon.
so ⁴ -tan ⁴		朔旦		early on the first day of the moon.
so ⁴ -wang ⁴		朔望		the 1st and 15th of the Chinese moon.
so ⁴ -yüeh ⁴		朔月		the 10th month.

SOU ¹	手	搜	1014c755a	to search, as the person, etc., to shake.
so ¹ -ch'a ²		搜查		to search (as the person, etc.).
so ¹ -chi ²		搜檢		same.
so ¹ -chien ² -ta ⁴ -ch'ên ²		搜檢大臣		the searchers of candidates in Peking.
so ¹ -ch'iu ²		搜求		to investigate thoroughly.
so ¹ -ch'u ¹		搜出		to search out, to discover.
so ¹ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²		搜出來		to have discovered.
so ¹ -hsün ³		搜尋		to search, to seek.
so ¹ -huo ⁴		搜獲		to arrest and search.
so ¹ -i ¹ -sou ¹		搜一搜		to search—as police do.
so ¹ -kên ¹ -êrh ²		搜根兒		to investigate the root.
so ¹ -lo ³		搜羅		to make researches, to forage for meals.
so ¹ -na ³		搜拏		to search for and seize (as robbers, etc.).
so ¹ -pien ¹ -liao ³		搜遍了		searched everywhere.
so ¹ -pu ²		搜捕		to search and arrest.
so ¹ -so ¹		搜索		to search.
so ¹	食	餽	1015b755b	spoiled, tainted (as provisions).
so ¹ -ch'ou ⁴ -nan ² -wên ²		餽臭難聞		bad smell of tainted food.
so ¹ -fan ⁴		餽飯		spoiled rice (through being kept too long, etc.).
so ¹	風	颼	1015a755b	sound of the wind.
so ¹ -kan ¹ -liao ³		颼乾了		the cold wind has dried up the water.
so ¹ -sou ¹ -li ¹ -fêng ¹		颼颼的風		sound of the wind.

ssü ¹ -yi ⁴	厮役	servants, menials (to officials).
ssü ¹	手撕 1018a835a	to tear, to split, to cut asunder; to rouse.
ssü ¹ -k'ai ¹	撕開	to tear apart.
ssü ¹ -lan ⁴	撕爛	to tear up, to spoil by tearing.
ssü ¹ -p'o ⁴	撕破	same.
ssü ¹ ssü ¹ -la ¹ -la ¹	撕斯拉拉	griping, as colic.
ssü ¹ -ta ³	撕打	to fight, to struggle.
ssü ¹ -ta ³ -tou ⁴ -ou ¹	撕打鬥毆	fiercely fighting.
ssü ¹	鳥鸞 1017b835c	a sort of pelican used for fishing (lu ⁴ ssü ¹).
ssü ¹	虫獅 975b758b	a cockle, a whilk; a screw. See shih ¹ .
SSŪ ³	歹 死 1019a836a	to die. M. 555.
ssü ³ -chan ⁴	死戰	to fight to the death.
ssü ³ -chi ¹ -êrh ³	死記兒	a retentive memory.
ssü ³ -chung ¹ -ch'iu ² -huo ³	死中求活	to beg for one's life.
ssü ³ -êrh ² -fu ² -shêng ¹	死而復生	dead but returned to life.
ssü ³ -êrh ² -ho ² -chü ⁴	死而何懼	why fear death?
ssü ³ -êrh ³ -wu ² -hui ³	死而無悔	to die without regret.
ssü ³ -êrh ³ -wu ² -yüan ⁴	死而無怨	to die without hate.
ssü ³ -fa ² -tzü ³	死法子	a fixed plan.
ssü ³ -hou ⁴	死後	after death (pai ³ nien ² chih ¹ hou ⁴).
ssü ³ -hsin ¹ -t'ai ¹ ti ⁴	死心塌地	to give up all thought of.
ssü ³ -hsin ¹ -yen ³ .'rh ³	死心眼兒	intensely stupid.
ssü ³ -hui ¹	死灰	dead ashes.
ssü ³ -huo ³	死活	dead or alive; will he live or not? determined to.
ssü ³ -jên ²	死人	a dead person.
ssü ³ -jih ⁴	死日	the day of one's death.
ssü ³ -li ³ -t'ao ² -shêng ¹	死裡逃生	a narrow escape from death.
ssü ³ -liao ³	死了	dead.
ssü ³ -pai ² -ti ¹	死白的	"deadly white," a livid complexion; to insist.
ssü ³ -p'i ² -lai ⁴ -lien ³	死皮賴臉	shameless fellow (hou ⁴ lien ³ , hsien ² p'i ² lai ⁴ lien ³).
ssü ³ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	死不了	it will not die, etc.
ssü ³ -sang ¹	死喪	to die; funeral affairs.
ssü ³ -shang ¹	死傷	mortally wounded.
ssü ³ -shêng ¹	死生	dead or alive.
ssü ³ -shêng ¹ -yu ³ -ming ⁴	死生有命	there is destiny whether one lives or dies.
ssü ³ -shih ¹	死屍	a corpse.
ssü ³ -shou ³	死守	to maintain till death.
ssü ³ -shou ³ -wei ² -ch'êng ³	死守危城	to defend a city to the death.
ssü ³ -shui ³	死水	dead or stagnant water; money, etc., lying idle.
ssü ³ -t'ai ¹	死胎	dead-born.
ssü ³ -ti ¹ -kuo ² ti ¹	死的活的	fixed and movable.
ssü ³ -ti ¹ -pu ⁴ -ming ²	死的不明	a death under suspicious circumstances

ssŭ ³ tsi ⁴	死地	execution ground (fa ⁴ ch'ang ³).
ssŭ ³ .l'ing ³ .l'ing ³ .ti ¹	死挺挺的	quite motionless, inflexible.
ssŭ ³ -tsai ¹ -l'ai ¹ -shou ³	死在他手	to meet death at his hands.
ssŭ ³ -tsui ¹	死罪	sentenced to death.
ssŭ ³ -wong ³	死亡	dead.
ssŭ ³ -yang ¹	死樣	death-like, inanimate.
ssŭ ³ -yu ² -yü ² .ku ¹	死有餘辜	death leaves some guilt unexpiated.
SSŪ ⁴	四	four.
ssŭ ⁴ -ch'ên ² -pa ¹ -tsai ³	四臣八宰	officers of the court.
ssŭ ⁴ -chi ¹	四季	the four seasons.
ssŭ ⁴ -chi ¹ -hua ¹	四季花	flowers of the four seasons.
ssŭ ⁴ .ch'i ³	四起	to rise on all sides.
ssŭ ⁴ -chiao ¹	四教	the four studies proper to woman. <i>Note.</i>
ssŭ ⁴ -chih ¹	四肢	the limbs (human).
ssŭ ⁴ -chih ¹ -pai ² -t'ü ³	四肢百體	the body and all its parts.
ssŭ ⁴ -chih ¹	四直	square; a map.
ssŭ ⁴ -shih ⁴ -fên ¹ -ming ³	四至分明	the four boundaries clearly defined.
ssŭ ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	四處	all around, everywhere.
ssŭ ⁴ .ch'ü ⁴ -fêng ¹ -wên ²	四處風聞	it is reported or rumoured everywhere.
ssŭ ⁴ -ch'üan ¹	四川	the province of Ssü-ch'üan. W. I. 154.
ssŭ ⁴ -fang ¹	四方	square; the four points of the compass; all round, square.
ssŭ ⁴ -fang ¹ -ti ¹	四方的	"the four seas," everywhere.
ssŭ ⁴ -hai ³	四海	within the four seas, i.e., in China. R. 305.
ssŭ ⁴ -hai ³ -chih ¹ nei ⁴	四海之內	all round; everywhere; in every place.
ssŭ ⁴ -hsia ⁴	四下	"four open," quarter of a dollar, a shilling.
ssŭ ⁴ -k'ai ¹	四開	four.
ssŭ ⁴ -ko ⁴	四箇	ssŭ ya, assistant to District Magistrate.
ssŭ ⁴ -lao ³ -yeh ³	四老爺	four beams and eight pillars.
ssŭ ⁴ -liang ² -pa ¹ -chu ⁴	四梁八柱	the neighbors on four sides of you.
ssŭ ⁴ -lin ²	四鄰	four roads; on all sides.
ssŭ ⁴ -lu ⁴	四路	all round, everywhere, on all sides.
ssŭ ⁴ -mien ⁴	四面	a cube; everywhere.
ssŭ ⁴ -mien ⁴ -pa ¹ -fang ¹	四面八方	all the people.
ssŭ ⁴ -min ²	四民	"four precious—" paper, pen, ink and ink slab.
ssŭ ⁴ -pao ³	四寶	four sides, on all sides.
ssŭ ⁴ -pian ¹	四邊	firm, substantial.
ssŭ ⁴ -p'ing ² -pa ¹ -wên ²	四平八穩	name of a kind of deer; a worthless person.
ssŭ ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsiang ⁴ -rh ²	四不像	dispersed all over the place.
ssŭ ⁴ -san ⁴	四散	four times four, sixteen.
ssŭ ⁴ -ssŭ ⁴	四四	the four tones. R. 303.
ssŭ ⁴ -shêng ¹	四聲	four modes of birth.
ssŭ ⁴ -shêng ¹	四生	

ssü ⁴ -shih ²	四十	forty.
ssü ⁴ -shih ²	四時	the four seasons.
ssü ⁴ -shu ¹	四書	the Four Books, R. 309.
ssü ⁴ -ta ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -wang ²	四大天王	the four Heavenly kings of Buddhist Temples.
ssü ⁴ -tê ²	四德	the four virtues. <i>Note</i> 83.
ssü ⁴ -t'î ²	四體	the four parts of the body. <i>Note</i> .
ssü ⁴ -t'ung ¹ -pa ¹ -ta ²	四通八達	[ception, a thoroughfare; in every direction; clear per-
ssü ⁴ -wai ⁴ -pa ¹ -hsiang ⁴	四通八向	in every direction.
ssü ⁴ -wai ⁴ -ti ¹ -jên ²	四外的人	an outsider.
ssü ⁴ -wei ²	四維	the four corners of the earth or 禮義廉恥.
ssü ⁴ -ya ²	四衙	assistant to District Magistrate (pu ² t'ing ¹).
ssü ⁴	肆	four; noisy, riotous dissolute; error; extreme.
ssü ⁴ -chi ²	肆極	the utmost degree.
ssü ⁴ -shên ¹	肆伸	to stretch out.
ssü ⁴ -shih ²	肆拾	forty.
ssü ⁴	人似	resembling, as, as if; class. M 269 [ssü ⁴ ch'í ⁴].
ssü ⁴ -ch'í ¹ -ju ² -chiao ¹	似漆如膠	a very close and abiding connection (ju ² chiao ¹)
ssü ⁴ -ch'í ¹ -fei ¹ -ch'í ¹	似癡非癡	seeming a fool, but not really one.
ssü ⁴ -fei ¹	似非	it appears wrong.
ssü ⁴ -hsing ²	似形	resembling in form or appearance.
ssü ⁴ -hu ¹	似乎	as if, like, resembling; to seem.
ssü ⁴ -lei ⁴	似類	resembling (lei ⁴ ssü ⁴).
ssü ⁴ -pu ⁴ -nêng ²	似不能	as if unable.
ssü ⁴ -shih ⁴	似是	it appears right.
ssü ⁴ -shih ⁴ -êrh ² -fei ¹	似是而非	specious, fallacious.
ssü ⁴ -shui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shui ⁴	似睡不睡	half-asleep.
ssü ⁴ -ti ¹	似的	like, similar to; colloquial enclitic. M. 269.
ssü ⁴ -ju ² -jo ⁴ -wu ²	似有若無	as if it were, but it is not.
ssü ⁴	口嗣	[learn. to succeed; succession; posterity, children; to
ssü ⁴ -chün ²	嗣君	the new king.
ssü ⁴ -hou ⁴	嗣後	hereafter.
ssü ⁴ -hsü ⁴	嗣續	posterity.
ssü ⁴ -tzü ²	嗣子	an adopted son (i ¹ tzü ²).
ssü ⁴	寺	[nastery. a temple, a ha ¹ , a chamber; a eunuch; a m-
ssü ⁴ -jên ²	寺人	eunuchs (yen ¹).
ssü ⁴ -kuan ¹	寺官	same.
ssü ⁴ -yüan ⁴	寺院	Buddhist monasteries (miao ⁴).
ssü ⁴	心恃	to depend on, to trust to. See shih ⁴ .
ssü ⁴ -li ⁴	恃力	to trust to strength.
ssü ⁴ -nêng ²	恃能	to depend on ability.
ssü ⁴	示祀	to sacrifice to gods or departed friends.
ssü ⁴ -hsien ¹ -jên ²	祀先人	to sacrifice to the departed (chi ⁴ ssü ⁴).
ssü ⁴ -hsien ¹ -kung ²	祀先公	to sacrifice to one's ancestors.

ssü ¹ -k'ing ³ -tzü ³	祀孔子	to sacrifice to Confucius.
ssü ¹ -shang ⁴ -t'ü ⁴	祀上帝	to sacrifice to Heaven.
ssü ¹ wên ² -miao ⁴	祀文廟	to sacrifice in the Scholar's Temple.
ssü ¹	巳	astronomical and horary character; 9 to 11 A.M.
ssü ¹ -shih ²	巳時	9 to 11 o'clock A.M.
ssü ¹ -yüeh ⁴	巳月	the fourth month See Note 32.
ssü ¹	馬	team of four horses.
ssü ¹ -m'ü ³ -nan ² -chui ¹	駟馬難追	a team of four horses cannot recall (a word).
ssü ¹ -pu ⁴ -chi ⁴ -shü ²	駟不及舌	four horses cannot overtake (the tongue).
ssü ¹	食飢	to feed.
ssü ⁴ -yang ³	飼養	to feed, to nourish.
ssü ⁴	俟	to await, to stay; to expect; until.
ssü ⁴ -hou ⁴	俟候	to wait for.
ssü ¹	女	a brother's wife.
SSU ¹	蘇	plentiful, cheerful; to desist; to revive.
su ¹ -chou ¹	蘇州	Soochow. W. I. 103.
su ¹ -hang ³	蘇杭	Soochow and Hangchow.
su ¹ -ho ³ -hsiang ²	蘇合香	storax.
su ¹ -ho ² -yu ²	蘇合油	rose maloes, storax.
su ¹ -mu ⁴	蘇木	Brazil wood; sapan wood.
su ¹ -ta ³	蘇打	bicarbonate of soda.
su ¹ -tzü ³	蘇子	maloes' seed (medicine).
su ¹ -ych ⁴	蘇葉	maloes' leaves (medicine).
su ¹ -yu ²	蘇油	a kind of oil made of a small seed.
su ¹	酥	a preparation of butter and flour; no energy.
su ¹ -juan ³	酥軟	no strength or energy; apathetic; weary, faint.
su ¹ -kuo ² -tzü ³	酥饅子	short-cakes. [tighed.]
su ¹ -ts'ui ⁴	酥脆	very crisp, brittle (ts'ui ⁴ shêng ¹ shêng ¹ ti ¹).
su ¹ -yu ²	酥油	butter (huang ² yu ²).
su ¹	疎	distant, far, careless, remiss, lax (also shu ¹).
su ¹	疎	same.
su ¹ -ch'in ¹	疎親	distant and near; to treat relatives distantly.
su ¹ -êrh ² -pu ⁴ -lou ⁴	疎而不漏	though wide apart, will not leak.
su ¹ -hsieh ⁴	疎懈	idle, careless (lan ²).
su ¹ -hu ¹	疎忽	to forget; carelessness.
su ¹ -lan ³	疎懶	idle, lazy, careless.
su ¹ -lin ²	疎林	a glade.
su ¹ -mi ⁴	疎密	open and close together.
su ¹ -yüan ³	疎遠	very distant, remote.
su ¹	甦	to revive, to resuscitate, resuscitation.
su ¹ -hsing ³	甦醒	same.
su ¹	蔬	vegetable food; a grain.

- su¹ fan⁴
 su¹ 禾 蔬飯 1023b816b coarse food, vegetable food.
 to collect; to revive.
- SU² 人 俗 1022c822o common, vulgar, inelegant; manners, customs.
 su²-ch'í⁴ 俗氣 annoyance, commonplace.
 su²-chia¹ 俗家 a common family.
 su²-ch'uan² 俗傳 俗傳話 vulgar tradition.
 su²-hua⁴ 俗話 the common, or vulgar dialect.
 su²-jèn² 俗人 a common vulgar person.
 su²-lou⁴ 俗陋 俗陋論 vulgar, low; bad customs.
 su²-lun⁴ 俗論 to talk the common talk.
 su²-shih⁴ 俗事 a commonplace affair.
 su²-t'an² 俗談 俗談子 to talk the common talk.
 su²-tzü² 俗子 a low, common person.
 su²-wu⁴ 俗物 a commonplace thing; a vulgar low person.
 su²-yü² 俗語 a common saying, a proverb; vulgar dialect.
 su²-yü²-shuo¹-ti¹ 俗語說的 the common saying is.
 su² 宿 1025a823c a star, a constellation. See *hsiu¹* (hsü).
- su⁴-ch'ang¹-p'iao²-chi⁴ 娼嫖妓 spending the night with prostitutes.
 su²-chiu² 宿酒 *seedy* from the effects of drink.
 su²-hsing¹ 宿星 a star, a constellation.
 su⁴-liao³-i¹-su⁴ 宿了一宿 to spend a night.
 su²-shih² 宿食 ill from overeating.
- su² 是 速 1024b823a quick, haste, hurried, promptly (k'uai⁴).
 su²-ch'êng² 速成 to complete quickly.
 su²-su² 速速 quick, quickly, hastily.
- SU⁴ 糸 素 1026a816b white, plain, simple; original state of.
 su⁴-ch'ang¹ 素常 habitually, usually (*hsi¹ han²*).
 su⁴-chu¹ 素珠 beads used by priests, etc., a rosary (*shu⁴ chu¹*).
 su⁴-fu² 素服 white or plain clothes.
 su⁴-hsi² 素昔 usually, generally.
 su⁴-hsing² 素行 formerly, heretofore, former action.
 su⁴-hsing⁴ 素性 natural disposition.
 su⁴-jih⁴ 素日 commonly, daily
 su⁴-kuan⁴ 素冠 white cap of mourning.
 su⁴-lai² 素來 heretofore (*hsiang⁴ lai²*).
 su⁴-pai²-pu⁴ 素白布 white shirtings.
 su⁴-pu⁴-hsiang¹-shih⁴ 素不相識 previously not acquainted.
 su⁴-sê⁴-pu⁴ 素色布 dyed shirtings.
 su⁴-sha¹ 素紗 white or plain crape.
 su⁴-sã¹ 素絲 white silk.
 su⁴-tan⁴-tan⁴-ti¹ 素淡的 chaste and plain.

su⁴-ts'ai⁴
 su⁴-ts'an¹-shih¹-wei⁴
 su⁴-wang³
 su⁴-wei⁴
 su⁴-wei⁴-érh²-hsing⁴
 su⁴-wu²-lai²-wang³
 su⁴
 su⁴-ching⁴
 su⁴-ching⁴
 su⁴-jan²-ch'í²-ching⁴
 su⁴ yen²
 su⁴
 su⁴-ch'êng²
 su⁴-chuang⁴
 su⁴-ping⁴
 su⁴-shuo¹-chung¹-ch'ang²
 su⁴-tsui⁴
 su⁴-yüan¹
 su⁴
 su⁴-ch'ou³
 su⁴-hsi²
 su⁴-hsing¹
 su⁴-hsing¹-yeh⁴-mei⁴
 su⁴-hui¹
 su⁴-nieh⁴
 su⁴-shih¹-yin¹-yüan²
 su⁴-tso²
 su⁴-yeh⁴
 su⁴-yeh⁴-chih²-chü⁴
 su⁴
 su⁴-hsiang⁴
 su⁴-ou³
 su⁴
 su⁴
 su⁴
 su⁴
 su⁴ (tzü)
 su⁴

素菜
 素餐尸位
 素王位
 素位
 素位而行
 素無來往
 肅肅 1025c822a
 肅敬
 肅靜
 肅肅然起敬
 肅肅嚴
 肅訴 1026cS17a
 訴呈狀病
 訴說衷腸
 訴罪冤
 夙夙 1027a822b
 夙仇
 夙昔
 夙興
 夙興夜寐
 夙慧
 夙孽
 夙世姻緣
 夙早
 夙夜
 夙夜祗懼
 塑 1027aS17a
 塑像
 塑偶
 述 997c779a
 粟 1025b823a
 束 995b779b
 素 1026b817a
 夙 1024b823b

plain food, vegetable food.
 an idler not worth his food.
 the Throneless King—Confucius.
 to attend to one thing only or properly.
 according to the usual plan; to act a negative part.
 no habitual intercourse.
 dread, fear, awe, respect, reverence; courteous.
 respect.
 stillness, solitude.
 very quiet, and respectful.
 stern, rigid, severe.
 to tell, to inform, to state, to accuse; calumny,
 to defend an accusation; counter accusation.
 to make an accusation (kao⁴ chuang⁴).
 to complain of sickness.
 to tell all that is in their heart.
 to accuse; to confess a crime.
 to tell one's grievances, to complain (han² yüan¹).
 early in the morning.
 an ermyty coming from a previous life.
 formerly.
 to get up early in the morning.
 late to bed and early to rise.
 naturally intelligent.
 retribution for evil in a previous birth.
 a match ordained in a previous life.
 early in the morning.
 early and late.
 fearing early and late.
 to make or mould an image; a clay idol.
 a clay image (ni² su⁴ ti¹).
 same (uu⁴ tiao¹ ti¹).
 to narrate. See shu⁴.
 maize, Indian corn; small saud.
 to tie up; to restrain; a sheaf, a bundle. See shu⁴.
 crop of bird (niao²).
 to tremble with fear.

SUAN¹
 suan¹-hoin¹
 suan¹-lmin⁴-ts'ai²
 suan¹-jên²
 suan¹-juan³

酸 1027c833a
 酸心
 酸秀才
 酸人
 酸軟

sour; grieved, afflicted, disagreeable. [stomach.
 grieved, distressed; a sour rising from the
 a penurious graduate.
 a misanthrope.
 feeble, debilitated.

suan¹-ku³-nang²-ti¹ 酸咕嚕的
 suan¹-k'uang² 酸任
 suan¹-la¹-la¹-ti¹ 酸拉拉的
 suan¹-la⁴ 酸辣
 suan¹-mei² 酸梅
 suan¹-mei²-shui³ 酸梅水
 suan¹-mei²-t'ang¹ 酸梅湯
 suan¹-pai³-ts'ai⁴ 酸白菜
 suan¹-pi² 酸鼻
 suan¹-pu⁴-tzü⁴-ti¹ 酸布漬的
 suan¹-san¹-liu³ 酸三柳
 suan¹-t'ien²-k'u³-la⁴ 酸甜苦辣
 suan¹-ts'u⁴ 酸醋
 suan¹-tzü³-hang² 酸子行
 suan¹-tzü⁴-tzü⁴-ti¹ 酸漬漬的

a grumbler.
 haughty, supercilious.
 disagreeably sour.
 sour and acrid or sharp.
 a sour kind of prune.
 a drink similar to limejuice made of the prune.
 same.
 sour cabbage.
 "sour nose," grieved, distressed.
 quite sour (tzü, also read chi).
 sorrel.
 sour, sweet, bitter and acrid; the troubles of life.
 vinegar.
 scholars.
 quite sour.

SUAN⁴ 竹筭 算 1028a833b

suan⁴-chang⁴ 算賬
 suan⁴-chi⁴ 算計
 suan⁴-chi¹-pieh²-jên² 算計別人
 suan⁴-chi⁴-pu⁴-tao⁴ 算計不到
 suan⁴-ch'i³-lai² 算起來
 suan⁴-chin⁴-tsé²-ssü³ 算盡則死
 suan⁴-fa² 算法
 suan⁴-hsing²-liao³ 算了
 suan⁴-k'o³-jü³ 算可以
 suan⁴-kua⁴ 算卦
 suan⁴-kua⁴-ti¹ 算卦的
 suan⁴-lai²-suan⁴-ch'ü⁴ 算來去
 suan⁴-liao³ 算了(罷)
 suan⁴-ming⁴ 算命
 suan⁴-ming⁴-ti¹ 算命的
 suan⁴-p'an² 算盤
 suan⁴-p'an²-shou³ 算盤手
 suan⁴-p'an²-tzü³ 算盤子
 suan⁴-pu⁴-liao³ 算不了
 suan⁴-pu⁴-shang⁴ 算不上
 suan⁴-pu⁴-tê² 算不得
 suan⁴-pu⁴-tui⁴ 算不對
 suan⁴-shên²-mo¹ 算甚麼
 suan⁴-shou³ 算手
 suan⁴-s'iu⁴ 算數
 suan⁴-shu⁴ 算術

to reckon, to calculate, to number,
 to calculate, to reckon an account,
 to calculate, to plan.
 to plot against anyone.
 bad financing.
 to reckon up, to enumerate.
 when his years are all reckoned, he'll die.
 method of counting, arithmetic.
 it will do.
 same.
 to calculate fortunes.
 a fortune-teller (suan⁴ ming⁴ ti¹).
 to reckon backwards and forwards.
 that'll do, no more about it, never mind.
 to tell fortunes.
 a fortune-teller.
 an abacus or reckoning board.
 a good reckoner.
 the counters of the abacus.
 unable to reckon; of no importance.
 unable to reckon up.
 same.
 not to reckon correctly.
 of what consequence? of no account.
 an accountant.
 to reckon up an account.
 arithmetic.

- suan⁴* 艸 1028c833c garlic,
suan⁴-chiu¹-tzu³ 臼子 a garlic mortar.
suan⁴-ch'ui²-tzu³ 槌子 a garlic pounder.
suan⁴-luan³ 卵 "garlic eggs," garlic.
suan⁴-miao² 苗 shoots of garlic.
suan⁴-pan⁴ 瓣 the quarters of garlic.
suan⁴-t'ou² 頭 "garlic heads," garlic.
- SUI¹** 佳 雖 1029b826a though, although, supposing it to be, M. 254
sui¹-jan² 然 雖然 same.
sui¹-shih⁴-yung⁴-hsin¹ 是 雖是用心 although he was diligent.
sui¹-tsé² 則 雖則 though.
sui¹ 尸 尿 827b832 urine; to pass urine. See *niao⁴*.
sui¹-pao¹ 尿 尿胞 the bladder.
sui¹ 糸 綬 1092b826b traces of a carriage; tranquil.
- SUI²** 阜 隨 1030a826c to yield; following after. M. 482.
sui²-chang²-sui²-hsia⁴ 隨 長隨下 rising and falling.
sui²-chi¹-ying⁴-pien⁴ 隨 機應變 to adapt one's self to circumstances.
sui²-chi¹ 隨 即 at once, forthwith.
sui²-ch'i¹ 隨 其 to follow; to let, to allow.
sui²-chiu⁴ 隨 就 forthwith, without delay.
sui²-ch'ue⁴-êrh²-an² 隨 處而安 to be happy anywhere.
sui²-chung⁴ 隨 衆 to do as the rest do.
sui²-feng¹-tao³ 隨 風倒 to follow the crowd, to acquiesce.
sui²-ho² 隨 和 pliable, a trimmer.
sui²-ho²-ch'uan² 隨 河船 a tramp boat; figurative of a man.
sui²-hou⁴ 隨 後 forthwith, at once.
sui²-hou⁴-chiu⁴-tao⁴ 隨 後就到 will follow shortly after.
sui²-hsin¹ 隨 心 as you wish or fancy.
sui²-hsing² 隨 行 to follow after as a servant.
sui²-hu⁴ 隨 護 to escort.
sui²-hu⁴-ti¹ 隨 護的 an escort, a body-guard (pao³ piao¹ ti¹).
sui²-i¹-bi²-shih⁴ 隨 意的事 something after one's heart.
sui²-jên²-i⁴ 隨 人意 to follow one's desires.
sui²-kan²-cho³ 隨 趕着 at once, forthwith.
sui²-k'ou²-shuo¹ 隨 口說 to speak whatever comes into your head.
sui²-lai²-sui²-hua¹ 隨 來隨花 spend the money as soon as it comes.
sui²-lai²-sui²-yung² 隨 來隨用 use it as it arrives.
sui²-ni¹ (or ts'ui) 隨 你 as you please (p'ing² ni³).
sui² ni³-pien⁴ 隨 你便 as you please, suit your convenience.
sui²-nien²-ch'ih²-fan⁴ 隨 年吃飯 eat according to the harvest.
sui²-nien²-ch'uan¹-i¹ 隨 年穿衣 clothe according to the crops.

<i>sui²-pien⁴</i>	隨便	to follow one's convenience; as you please.
<i>sui²-shên¹</i>	隨身	with me, e. g., on my person, as spectacles.
<i>sui²-shih²</i>	隨時	immediately, forthwith, at once.
<i>sui²-shih⁴</i>	隨侍	escort, followers (<i>kên¹ pan¹ ti</i>).
<i>sui²-shih⁴</i>	隨勢	according to circumstances (<i>k'an⁴ cho³ pan⁴</i>).
<i>sui²-shih²-sui²-ti⁴</i>	隨時隨地	same.
<i>sui²-shou³</i>	隨手	easily handled, at once, while the hand is in.
<i>sui²-t'á¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	隨他去	let him go if he likes.
<i>sui²-tê²-sui²-shih¹</i>	隨得隨失	lost as soon as gotten.
<i>sui²-ti⁴</i>	隨地	anywhere.
<i>sui²-tsai⁴</i>	隨在	according to place you are in.
<i>sui²-ts'ung²</i>	隨從	to accompany, to follow (<i>fu⁴ ts'ung²</i>).
<i>sui²-t'ung²</i>	隨同	to accompany, to walk with.
<i>sui²-yü⁴-êrh²-an¹</i>	隨遇而安	to be happy whatever may befall.
<i>sui²</i>	送	to accompany, to follow, to succeed; finally; [next.
<i>sui²-hsin¹</i>	送心	to follow one's own way or convenience.
<i>sui²-kên¹</i>	送跟	to follow.
<i>sui²-ts'ung²</i>	送從	to follow, to accompany.
<i>sui²-wo³-lai²</i>	送我來	follow me, accompany me.

SUI³

骨

髓 1030b827a

marrow (*ku³ sui³*).*sui³-hai³*

髓海

"the marrow sea," the brain.

SUI⁴

止歲旦岁

歲 1023c827b

the year; the harvest; the planet Jupiter,

sui⁴-ch'êng²

歲成

the acts of the year.

sui⁴-chin⁴-shih⁴

歲進士

granted on account of age.

sui⁴-chung¹

歲終

the end of the year.

sui⁴-fêng¹

歲豐

a prosperous year (for harvest, etc.).

sui⁴-hsing¹

歲星

the planet Jupiter (*mu⁴ hsing¹*).*sui⁴-hsiung¹*

歲凶

a bad year (for harvest, etc.).

sui⁴-k'ao²

歲考

triennial test examination for B. A.'s.

sui⁴-k'ou³

歲口

age of an animal.

sui⁴-kung⁴

歲貢

a grade of the B. A.'s. G. 471.

sui⁴-shih²

歲時

times and seasons.

sui⁴-shou³

歲首

beginning of the year.

sui⁴-shu⁴-r'rh³

歲數

the years of a person's age.

sui⁴-sui⁴-p'ing²-an¹

歲歲平安

may you enjoy peace every year.

sui⁴-wan²

歲晚

new year's eve, last night of the year.

sui⁴-yüeh⁴

歲月

length of time.

sui⁴

石

碎 1031c827c

fragments, broken; miscellaneous articles,

sui⁴-hno⁴

碎貨

small miscellaneous goods,

sui⁴-p'ô⁴

碎破

broken into small pieces

sui⁴-tsui³-tzü²

碎嘴子

a chatterbox.

- sui*⁴-yin² 碎銀 broken bits of silver.
*sui*⁴ 米粹 1031c828a unmixed, pure, all the same; complete.
*sui*⁴-ch'üan² 粹全 whole, entire.
*sui*⁴ 薺 1029c826a caraway; coriander (yüan² sui⁴).
*sui*⁴ (tzü) 禾穗 1032a827c ears of corn, flowers and fruits of grasses.
*sui*⁴ (tzü) 禾穗 1032a827b tassels, fringes.
*sui*⁴ 示 祟 1032a828c gambols, pranks; evil influences (of spirits).
- SUN¹** 子 孫 1032b829a a grandchild.
*sun*¹-hou²-êrh² 孫猴兒 leading character of Hsi-yu-chi.
*sun*¹-nü² 孫女 a granddaughter.
*sun*¹-ta⁴-shêng⁴ 孫大聖 the leading character of the Hsi-yu-chi.
*sun*¹-wu⁴-k'ung¹ 孫悟空 same.
- SUN³** 手 損 1033b829b to injure, to spoil; to lessen; to lose.
*sun*³-ch'ü⁴ 損處 injury, detriment.
*sun*³-hai⁴ 損害 to injure.
*sun*³-huai⁴ 損壞 to break, to destroy, to injure, to spoil. [of.
*sun*³-i² 損益 injury and advantages, the relative advantages
*sun*³-jên²-li⁴-chi³ 損人利己 to injure a person, to benefit one's self.
*sun*³-shang¹ 損傷 to bruise, to injure.
*sun*³-shou⁴ 損壽 to curtail one's life (chê³ shou⁴).
*sun*³-yin¹ 損陰 to stealthily injure.
*sun*³ 竹 { 筍 1033a813b bamboo shoots (edible).
*sun*³ 筍 same.
*sun*³-chien¹ 筍尖 the tops of bamboo shoots.
*sun*³-p'ien⁴ 筍片 pieces of bamboo shoots.
*sun*³-yu² 筍芽 bamboo shoots.
*sun*³ 木 榦 榦 1033c829c a tenon (mao³ sun³).
- SUNG¹** 木 松 1034a830a the fir or pine.
*sun*¹-chu²-mei² 松竹梅 evergreens (fig.).
*sun*¹-chü¹-yu²-ts'un² 松菊猶存 the pine and the aster appear to last.
*sun*¹-hsiang¹ 松香 resiu (huang² hsiang¹).
*sun*¹-hua¹ 松花 pine tree flowers.
*sun*¹-hua¹-ma²-nao³ 松花瑪瑙 cornelian with pine flower marks.
*sun*¹-mu⁴ 松木 pine, fir.
*sun*¹-pai³ 松柏 the fir and cypress.
*sun*¹-shu³ 松鼠 the squirrel.
*sun*¹-shu⁴ 松樹 the fir-tree.
*sun*¹-tzi³ 松子 fir cones or seeds.
*sun*¹-ya¹-niao³ 松鴉鳥 a kind of jay; a mina.
*sun*¹-yu² 松油 pine tree oil.

<i>sung¹</i>	鬆	鬆	1034b830b	loose, easy, slack, lax, dishevelled.
<i>sung¹-chin³</i>	鬆	緊		loose and tight.
<i>sung¹-huan³</i>	鬆	緩		to slacken, to loosen.
<i>sung¹-k'ai¹</i>	鬆	開口		to loosen, to slack off.
<i>sung¹-k'ou³</i>	鬆	口		to yield assent, to concede.
<i>sung¹-liao³-chin⁴-êrh²</i>	鬆	了筋兒		relaxed his efforts.
<i>sung¹-pien⁴-tzh³</i>	鬆	辮子		a loosely plaited queue.
<i>sung¹-shou³</i>	鬆	手		to let go (sa ¹ shou ³).
<i>sung¹-tien³</i>	鬆	點		loose it a little, a little slacker.
<i>sung¹-pang³</i>	鬆	綁		to release, to let go, to untie.
<i>sung³</i>	立	竦	1034c831b	to shudder, horror; respect, awe, fear; to raise.
<i>sung³-jan³</i>	竦	然		horror, dread.
<i>sung³-t'ij³</i>	竦	體		the flesh creeping on one's bones.
<i>sung³-tung⁴</i>	竦	動		to be agitated, horrified.
<i>sung³</i>	耳	聳	1035a832a	to incite, egg on.
<i>sung³-chien¹-so¹⁴-pei⁴</i>	聳	肩縮背		high shoulders and narrow back.
<i>sung³-tung⁴</i>	聳	動		to trouble.

SUNG ⁴	送	送	1035b832a	to send; to carry to; to present; to accompany.
<i>sung⁴-chi³-wo³-ti¹</i>	送	給我的		presented to me.
<i>sung⁴-chia⁴</i>	送	嫁		a present on marriage of a daughter.
<i>sung⁴-chih¹-hui⁴-ti¹</i>	送	知會的		a messenger, a courier. [ding.]
<i>sung⁴-ch'in¹</i>	送	親		a bride's family accompanying her to her wed-
<i>sung⁴-ch'ing³</i>	送	情		to escort on the way.
<i>sung⁴-chung¹</i>	送	終		to gather round a death-bed.
<i>sung⁴-fun⁴</i>	送	飯		to send food.
<i>sung⁴-fo²-kuei¹-tien⁴</i>	送	佛歸殿		escort Buddha back to his temple.
<i>sung⁴-hsiao²</i>	送	學		to send to school.
<i>sung⁴-hsin⁴</i>	送	信		to carry news or letters.
<i>sung⁴-hsing²</i>	送	行		a farewell visit.
<i>sung⁴-huan³</i>	送	還		to send back.
<i>sung⁴-hui²</i>	送	回		sent back.
<i>sung⁴-hui²-niang²-chia¹</i>	送	回娘家		escorted back to mother's house.
<i>sung⁴-kan¹-li³</i>	送	乾禮		to give a money present.
<i>sung⁴-k'o⁴</i>	送	客		to accompany a guest at leaving.
<i>sung⁴-kuan¹</i>	送	官		to send in to the authorities, as a thief.
<i>sung⁴-kuei³-ti¹</i>	*送	鬼的		exorcists, conjurers.
<i>sung⁴-lai²-ti¹</i>	送	來的		sent thither.
<i>sung⁴-lao³-i¹</i>	送	老衣		shroud for burial (shou ⁴ i ¹).
<i>sung⁴-li³</i>	送	禮		to make presents.
<i>sung⁴-liao³</i>	送	了		presented; sent; accompanied.
<i>sung⁴-p'an²-ch'uan¹</i>	送	盤川		to present with travelling expenses.
<i>sung⁴-pieh²</i>	送	別		to accompany a little way and take leave.

* Note 79.

sung⁴-pin⁴ 送殯
 sung⁴-sang² [niang²] 送喪
 sung⁴-shêng¹-niang²- 送生娘娘
 sung⁴-shêng¹-tsang⁴-ssü² 送生葬死
 sung⁴-shui³-li³ 送水禮
 sung⁴-sui⁴-li¹ 送祟的
 sung⁴-ssü³ 送死
 sung⁴-lao⁴-mou³-ch'ü³ 送到某處
 sung⁴-tung¹-hsi¹ 送東西
 sung⁴-tzü³ p'u²-sa¹ 送子菩薩
 sung⁴-wang³-ying²-lai² 送往迎來
 sung⁴-wu³-ni⁴-tzü³ 送送忤逆子
 sung⁴-ying² 送迎
 sung⁴ 言 誦 1034c832b
 sung⁴-hsi² 誦習
 sung⁴-lun⁴ 誦論
 sung⁴-shih¹ 誦詩
 sung⁴-shih¹-t'ü²⁴-shü¹ 誦詩讀書
 sung⁴-shuo¹ 誦說
 sung⁴-tu² 誦讀
 sung⁴ 言 訟 1033c832c
 sung⁴-kao⁴ 訟告
 sung⁴-kun⁴ 訟棍
 sung⁴-shih¹ 訟師
 sung⁴-t'ü² 訟辭
 sung⁴-yü⁴ 訟獄
 sung⁴ 頁 頌 1034a832c
 sung⁴-ch'êng¹ 頌稱
 sung⁴-mei³ 頌美
 sung⁴-tsan⁴ 頌讚
 sung⁴-yang²-mei³-ming² 頌揚美名
 sung⁴ 宋 1035a831c
 sung⁴-ch'ü⁴-t'o³ 宋朝
 sung⁴-hsiao² 宋學
 sung⁴-ju² 宋儒
 sung⁴-tzu⁴ 宋字
 sung⁴-yü⁴ 宋玉

to attend a funeral (fu⁴ sang²).
 same.
 the goddess who bestows children.
 the living bury the dead.
 presents other than money.
 conjurers, exorcists. See Note 79 (kan³ kuei³).
 to attend a funeral.
 to send to a certain place.
 to give or send articles, e. g., as presents.
 the goddess who sends offspring.
 speed the parting, welcome the coming (guest).
 to send an unfilial son to the yamên.
 to take leave and to welcome.
 to recite, to chant; a recitative; to discuss.
 to learn by heart.
 to discourse.
 to recite poetry.
 read odes, etc.
 to relate.
 to recite, to read aloud.
 to tell, to report; strife, contention, litigation.
 to accuse before a magistrate.
 a petifogger (chuang¹ kun⁴).
 a lawyer.
 an indictment, an accusation.
 litigations, civil and criminal actions.
 to praise, to extol.
 same.
 to praise (tsan⁴ mei³).
 same.
 to extol.
 a surname.
 the Sung dynasty (A. D. 960—A. D. 1280).
 the learning of the Sung dynasty.
 scholars of the Sung dynasty.
 the style of type in ordinary books,
 the Chinese Adonis. Note 78.

TA¹
 ta¹-hua⁴
 ta¹-li³
 ta¹-pai⁴
 ta¹-pao⁴
 竹 答 1038c841a
 答話
 答禮
 答拜
 答報

to reply, to answer; to recompense; to sustain.
 an answer; to parley.
 return presents or compliments.
 to return a visit (hui³ pai⁴).
 to recompense.

ta ² -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴	答不上	cannot give an answer to.		
tu ¹ -shan ⁴	答訛	to mislead, to deceive, etc.		
tu ¹ -shu ¹	答書	a reply to a letter (hui ² hsin ⁴).		
ta ¹ -tao ⁴	答道	to reply, to answer.		
tu ¹ -tui ⁴ -pu ¹ -shang ⁴	答對不上	cannot make answer.		
ta ¹ -ying ¹	答應	to reply, to assent (hui ² ta ¹).		
tu ¹	手搭	to add to; to raise; to build; to lean upon.		
ta ¹ -chieh ¹	搭界	to join boundaries (chieh ⁴ shang ⁴).		
ta ¹ -ch'iao ³	搭橋	to build a bridge.		
tu ¹ -chiu ⁴	搭救	to help, to assist, to support (ch'eng ³ chiu ⁴).		
ta ¹ -chu ⁴	搭住	to take up a temporary lodging.		
ta ¹ -ch'uan ³	搭船	to hire a vessel (several persons).		
ta ¹ -huo ¹ -chi ⁴	搭夥計	to become partners (ho ² huo ³).		
ta ¹ -huo ³ -ch'ih ¹ -fan ⁴	搭夥吃飯	to eat together.		
ta ¹ -la ¹ -i ³ -pa ¹	搭拉尾巴	a tail hanging down.		
ta ¹ -pang ¹ -tso ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	搭幫坐車	to travel in company by cart.		
ta ¹ -p'ei ⁴	搭配	to copulate (as animals).		
ta ¹ -p'êng ³	搭棚	to build a matshed.		
tu ¹ -shang ⁴	搭上	to add to.		
ta ¹ -shou ³	搭手	"to add the hand," to assist.		
ta ¹ -ta ¹ -chiao ³	搭腳	to rest your legs (lo ⁴ chiao ³).		
ta ¹ -tsai ⁴ -shêng ³ -shang ¹	搭在繩上	to attach to a rope.		
ta ¹ -ts'ai ³ -chiang ⁴	搭採匠	scaffold-builders.		
tu ¹	耳垂	pendant, to hang down; large ears.		
ta ¹ -la ¹	耷拉	to hang down (ch'ui ²).		
ta ¹ -la ¹ -cho ³	耷拉着	hanging down, pendant.		
ta ¹ (tzu)	衣褶	a bag, wallet or purse.		
ta ¹ -lien ² -pu ⁴	褶裥布	drilling (cloth).		
ta ¹ -pao ¹	褶包	a sash, a girdle.		
TA ³	是	達	1038a840b	intelligent; to know; to inform; passing through.
ta ² -chi ¹		達知		to notify, to give information.
ta ² -che ²		達者		an intelligent person (t'ung ¹ ta ³).
ta ² -hsin ⁴		達信		to send letter or message.
ta ² -tzu ³		達子		Tartars, Mongolians.
ta ²	牙	搭	1039b841	a knot; a sore, a scab (ko ¹ ta ¹).
TA ³	手	打	1039c839a	to strike, to beat, to lash, to fight; doing. M. 353.
tu ² -ch'a ¹ -ch'a ¹		打嗝		to whisper.
tu ² -ch'ai ³		打柴		to cut firewood (p'i ¹ ch'ai ³).
tu ² -chan ⁴		打戰		to fight; to tremble.
ta ² -chan ⁴ -chan ⁴		打戰戰		to tremble (tou ² sou ³).
ta ² -chan ⁴ p'iao ³		打戰表		a challenge to fight.

ta ³ -chang ³	鼓掌	to clap the hands (p'ai ¹ chang ³).
ta ³ -chang ⁴	打仗	to fight (chêng ¹ chên ⁴).
ta ³ -ch'ang ²	打場	to thresh corn.
ta ³ -ch'ang ² -tzŭ ³	打場子	to clear a space for exercise, tumbling, etc.
ta ³ -ch'ao ¹	打吵	to wrangle.
ta ³ -chia ⁴ -tou ⁴ -ou ³	打架鬪毆	to fight with blows.
ta ³ -chia ⁴	打架	to fight (tou ⁴).
tu ³ -chia ⁴ -pu ⁴ -mai ⁴	打價不賣	won't sell if we beat down the price.
ta ³ -chiang ⁴ -tzŭ ³	打鏡子	to make paste.
tu ³ -ch'iang ²	打腔	to agree with, to put in a word to help.
ta ³ -chiao ³	打醮	religious rites.
ta ³ -chiao ³	打攪	to trouble (sao ¹ jao ³)-
ta ³ -ch'iang ² -fang ⁴ -p'ao ⁶	打鎗放礮	to fire off guns and cannon.
ta ³ -chieh ³ -tzŭ ³	打結子	to tie a knot.
ta ³ -chien ¹ -r ³ h ³	打筆兒	to play at shuttlecock with hand or foot.
tu ³ -chien ¹	打尖	{ to take a snack at noon, to take refreshment, as on a journey.
ta ³ -ch'ien ¹ -r ³ h ³	打千兒	to kneel on one knee (a soldier's salute).
ta ³ -ch'ien ² -shih ¹	打前失	to stumble (ta ³ lieh ⁴ ch'ieh ¹).
ta ³ -ching ¹	打更	to watch.
ta ³ -ching ¹ -ti ¹	打更的	a watchman.
tu ³ -ch'iu ¹ -ch'ien ¹	打鞦韆	to swing (as children).
ta ³ -ch'iu ³	打球	to play ball, ten-pins, billiards, etc.
ta ³ -cho ² -han ⁴ -san ³	打着旱傘	with a sun-shade up.
ta ³ -ch'ou ¹ -fêng ¹	打抽豐	to make a gift to get return.
ta ³ -ch'ou ¹ -ta ³	打抽搭	to sob (ch'ou ¹ hsï ²).
ta ³ -ch'ü ⁴	打趣	to tickle with jokes.
ta ³ -ch'üan ³	打拳	to box.
ta ³ -ch'ün ² -chia ⁴	打羣架	a free fight, many participants.
ta ³ -chung ³	打種	to copulate (as animals); to sow seed ³ .
tu ³ -êr ³ -cha ¹	打耳墮	to whisper.
ta ³ -fa ¹	打發	to send.
ta ³ -fa ¹ -t'a ¹ -tsou ³	打發他走	to send him away.
ta ³ -ha ¹ -hsi ²	打哈息	to gape, to yawn, to gasp.
ta ³ -hang ¹	打碓	to beat the ground firm with a pounder.
tu ³ -hê ¹ -yen ³ -p'ao ⁴	打黑眼泡	to solve a difficulty.
tu ³ -hsiang ¹ -t'an ²	打鄉談	to converse in the local dialect.
tu ³ -hsieh ⁴ -pa ² -k'uai ⁴	打卸入塊	slow process of death.
ta ³ -hsien ³ -ti ¹	打閉的	a beggar; to beg (t'ao ³ fan ⁴ . ch'i ³ kai ⁴).
ta ³ -hsin ¹ -li ³	打心裏	of set purpose, sincerely.
ta ³ -hu ¹	打呼	to snort, to snore.
ta ³ -hu ¹ -lu ³	打呼嚕	to snore.
ta ³ -hua ¹ -hua ³ -shao ⁴	打花花哨	to get off your jokes (ironical).

tu ² -huai ⁴	打壞	to break.
tu ² -luang ² -hun ¹	打黃昏	to go in the dusk.
ta ² -huo ²	打火	to strike a light; to put out a fire.
tu ² -huo ² -shih ³	打伙食	to mess together (t'ung ² ts'uan ⁴).
tu ² -i ¹ -ch'üan ²	打一拳	to give a blow with the fist.
ta ² -i ¹ -hsia ¹	打一下	to give a blow.
ta ² -i ¹ -kung ³	打一躬	to bow, to salute (tso ⁴ i ⁴).
ta ² -i ¹ -tun ⁴	打一頓	to give him a beating.
ta ² -jên ²	打人	to beat people (ou ¹ ta ²).
ta ² -k'ai ¹	打開	to open, to break open (p'i ¹ k'ai ¹).
ta ² -kao ¹ -hsing ⁴	打高興	to spoil the fun.
ta ² -kên ¹ -t'ou ²	打跟頭	to tumble, to throw somersaults (chin ¹ tou ²).
ta ² -k'êng ¹	打坑	to dig a grave.
ta ² -ko ⁴ -ch'ên ² -r'h ²	打個沉兒	stop a bit!
ta ² -ko ⁴ -shih ¹ -chêng ⁴	打個失怔	startled.
ta ² -ko ¹ -ta ¹	打疙瘩	to tie a knot (ta ² chieh ² tzü ²).
ta ² -ko ²	打呢	to hiccup, to belch.
ta ² -ko ⁴ -têng ⁴	打個蹬	to wait a bit, to make a halt.
ta ² -ko ⁴ -tu ² -r'h ²	打個賭兒	to bet.
ta ² -ko ⁴ -tun ² -r'h ²	打個盹兒	to nap, to doze.
ta ² -ku ²	打鼓	to beat a drum (lei ⁴ ku ² , ch'iao ¹ ku ²).
ta ² -kua ⁴	打卦	to divine, to draw lots (chan ¹ pu ²).
ta ² -k-an ¹ -ssü ¹	打官司	to go to law, to accuse (k'ung ⁴ kao ⁴).
ta ² -kuan ¹ -ssü ¹ -ti ²	打官司的	an accuser (yüan ⁴ kao ⁴).
ta ² -kun ² -r'h ²	打滾兒	to roll on the ground (as animals).
ta ² -kun ⁴	打棍	to cudgel (military punishment).
ta ² -kung ¹	打工	to set to work.
ta ² -kung ¹ -ma ⁴ -p'o ²	打公罵婆	utterly unfilial towards parents-in-law.
ta ² -lan ⁴	打爛	to break.
ta ² -lei ²	打雷	to thunder.
ta ² -léng ² -ching ¹ -s ²	打冷驚	all at once, suddenly (or 戰 ⁴).
ta ² -liang ⁴	打量	to measure; to estimate; to consider.
ta ² -liang ⁴ -ta ² -liang ⁴	打量打量	same.
ta ² -liao ² -pu ⁴ -fu ²	打了不罰	beating exempts from fine.
ta ² -lieh ⁴ -ch'ieh ¹	打趑趄	to stumble.
ta ² -lieh ⁴ -j ²	打獵	to go hunting (ta ² wei ²).
ta ² -ma ⁴	打罵	blows and abuse.
ta ² -ming ²	打鳴	to announce the morning, as the cock.
ta ² -mo ²	打磨	to grind; to repair a grindstone.
ta ² -na ² -li ² -lai ²	打那裏來	whence did you come?
ta ² -nao ⁴	打鬧	to create a disturbance, to fight.
ta ² -pa ¹ -shih ⁴	打把勢	feats of strength or arms; to box, etc. (or 式).
ta ² -pai ⁴	打敗	defeat; to defeat.

ta ³ -pai ⁴ -chang ⁴	打敗仗	to be defeated in battle.
ta ³ -p'ai ³	打牌	to play cards (mo ³ p'ai ³).
ta ³ -pan ² -tzü ³	打板子	to beat with the bamboo.
tu ³ -pan ⁴	打扮	to dress or ornament one's person.
tu ³ -pan ⁴ -ta ² -pan ⁴	打扮打扮	same.
tu ³ -p'an ³ -tso ⁴	打盤坐	to sit cross-legged in meditation.
tu ³ -pao ¹	打苞	to bud.
tu ³ -pao ³ -ko ³	打飽呃	to hiccup.
ta ² -pao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -p'ing ³	打抱不平	to vindicate the oppressed.
tu ³ -pien ⁴ -tzü ³	打辮子	to plait the pigtail (pien ⁴ pien ⁴ tzü ³).
tu ³ -p'o ⁴	打破	to tear, to break.
ta ² -p'o ⁴ -t'ou ² -hsieh ¹	打破頭楔	to drive in a wedge (metaphorical).
ta ² -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ³	打不起	unable to strike or rouse, etc.
ta ² -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ³ -lai ³	打不起來	same.
ta ² -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -t'a ²	打不過他	cannot thrash him in a fight.
tu ³ -san ³	打掃	to brush, to sweep.
tu ³ -sao ³ -ta ² -sao ³	打掃打掃	same.
tu ³ -shan ¹	打扇	to fan (another).
ta ² -shên ³ -ti ¹	打牲的	sportsmen.
ta ² -shên ³ -chang ⁴	打勝仗	to conquer in battle.
tu ³ -shou ³ -mo ¹	打手摹	to sign by the impress of the thumb. See Note 67.
tu ³ -shou ³ -shih ⁴	打手勢	to talk with the fingers.
ta ² -shu ¹ -shên ¹	打舒身	to stretch (as when yawning).
tu ³ -shui ³	打水	to draw water from a well, etc.
tu ³ -suan ⁴	打算	to suppose, to guess, to estimate, to-reckon,
tu ³ -suan ⁴ -p'an ³	打算盤	to reckon on the abacus (ho ² suan ¹).
tu ² -ssü ³	打死	to kill by a blow.
ta ² -ssü ³ -t'a ¹	打死他	to kill him.
ta ² -t'a ¹ -i ¹ -tun ⁴	打他一頓	give him a beating.
ta ² -t'an ⁴	打探	to enquire, to ascertain, to-explore.
ta ² -tao ³	打倒	to knock down.
ta ² -téng ⁴ -mi ³ -êrh ³	打燈謎兒	to guess lantern riddles.
ta ² -ti ¹	打堤	to build a dyke.
ta ² -t'ü ¹ -pan ¹	打踢絆	to stumble.
ta ² -t'ü ¹ -fên ¹	打嚏噴	to sneeze.
ta ² -t'ieh ¹ -ma ⁴ -niang ³	打爹罵娘	the unfilial son ill-treats his parents.
tu ³ -tien ³	打典	to bribe (hui ⁴ lu ⁴).
ta ² -tien ³	打點	to look after, to make ready, to arrange.
tu ³ -tien ³ -hsing ³ -li ³	打點行李	to get the baggage ready.
ta ² -tien ³ -ta ² -tien ³	打點打點	same.
tu ³ -t'ieh ³ -ti ¹	打鐵的	a blacksmith.
tu ³ -ting ⁴ -chu ² -i ⁴	打定主意	to make up one's mind.
ta ² -t'ing ¹	打聽	to enquire; to listen.

ta ³ -t'ing ¹ -ta ³ -t'ing ¹	打聽打聽	to enquire; to listen.
ta ³ -t'ing ³	打挺	stretch in anger, e. g., a-child.
ta ³ -t'ou ² -rh ³	打頭兒	a head, an overseer, etc.
ta ³ -t'ou ² -chên ⁴	打頭陣	vanguard.
ta ³ -tsa ² -rh ² -ti ¹	打雜兒的	a coolie.
ta ³ -ts'ao ³ -ching ¹ -shê ³	打草驚蛇	to frighten out of cover (figurative).
ta ³ -ts'ao ³ -kao ³	打草稿	to make a rough draft.
ta ³ -tsui ³	打嘴	to slap the mouth; to be disgraced.
ta ³ -tsui ³ -pa ¹	打嘴把	to slap the mouth.
ta ³ -tu ³	打賭	to bet (tu ³ po ²).
ta ³ -tuan ⁴	打斷	to break asunder or off; no consequence.
ta ³ -tun ³ -rh ³	打盹兒	to nod, to doze (shui ⁴ chiao ⁴)
ta ³ -tung ⁴	打動	to excite, to move.
ta ³ -wei ³	打圍	to hunt or shoot game (ta ³ lieh ⁴).
ta ³ -yao ⁴	打藥	a purgative (hsieh ⁴ yao ⁴).
ta ³ -yeh ³ -shih ²	打野食	to pick up a living disreputably.
ta ³ -yin ⁴	打印	to stamp.
ta ³ -yu ²	打油	to buy oil.
ta ³ -yu ² -fei ³	打遊匪	a villainous tramp.
ta ³ -yü ²	打魚	to catch fish (with a net).
ta ³ -yü ² -ti ¹	打魚的	a fisherman (tiao ⁴ yü ² , lao ¹ yü ²).
TA ⁴	大	great; long; to enlarge.
ta ⁴ -a ¹ -ko ¹	大阿哥	eldest son of the Emperor or of a prince, [parent.
ta ⁴ -an ¹ -rh ² -ch'ê ¹	大鞍兒車	official cart (hou ⁴ tang ¹ ch'ê ¹).
ta ⁴ -ch'ai ¹	大差	annual execution of criminals at Peking.
tu ⁴ -chang ⁴ -fu ¹	大丈夫	a great or good man, an eminent person.
ta ⁴ -ch'ang ³	大場	examination for 2nd and 3rd degrees.
ta ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	大車	a large cart, a waggon.
ta ⁴ -ch'ên ²	大臣	a minister of state (tsai ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
ta ⁴ -ch'ê ¹ -tan ³ -lai ³	大起膽來	to brace up courage (fang ⁴ tan ³).
ta ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	大氣	genteel, aristocratic.
ta ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	大器	a person of great ability (hsiao ³ ch'ê ¹).
ta ⁴ -ch'ê ¹ -wan ³ -ch'êng ³	大器晚成	great utensils are late in completion (figurative)
ta ⁴ -chia ¹	大家	a great or wealthy family; the whole of, all
ta ⁴ -chia ¹ -huo ³ -rh ³	大家夥兒	all, the whole of, every one of them. [parties.
ta ⁴ -chia ¹ -wan ⁴ -rh ³	大家玩兒	general romping or playing.
ta ⁴ -chiang ⁴ -chün ¹	大將軍	a great general, commander-in-chief.
ta ⁴ -chiang ¹	大江	a great river, the Yang-tzü.
ta ⁴ -chiao ⁴	大教	religion of the majority of the Chinese.
ta ⁴ -chiao ⁴ -han ³	大叫喊	to shout, to bellow.
ta ⁴ -ch'iao ³ -jo ⁴ -cho ¹	大巧若拙	great cleverness like folly.
ta ⁴ -chih ¹ -jo ⁴ -yü ¹	大智若愚	great wisdom seems folly.

ta ⁴ -chieh ³	大姐	the eldest sister.
ta ⁴ -chien ⁴ -hsiao ³ -chien ⁴	大建小建	month with 30 and 29 days (盡 properly).
ta ⁴ -ch'ien ² -t'ien ²	大前天	three days ago.
ta ⁴ -chin ¹	大襟	the overlap of a coat ; a bib.
ta ⁴ -ching ¹ -hsiao ³ -kuai ⁴	大驚小怪	i. e., a nervous person.
ta ⁴ -ch'ing ²	大青	smalts, gambier, a mineral green.
ta ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	大清	"great pure," name of the present-dynasty.
ta ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -ch'ao ²	大清朝	the Manchu dynasty (1583—).
ta ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -kuo ²	大清國	China, under the Manchu dynasty.
ta ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -lü ⁴ -li ⁴	大清律例	the law of China (name of the book).
ta ⁴ -chiu ⁴ -tzu ³	大舅子	a wife's elder brother.
ta ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	大處	that which is great or important.
ta ⁴ -chung ⁴	大衆	all, the whole crowd.
ta ⁴ -ên ¹	大恩	great bounty or favor (hung ³ ên ¹).
ta ⁴ -êrh ³ -tzu ³	大兒子	the eldest son.
ta ⁴ -fa ¹ -ts'ai ³	大發財	to get very wealthy.
ta ⁴ -fa ¹ -fa ¹ -ti ¹	大發發的	quite large, extra large.
ta ⁴ -fan ²	大凡	all, every, the whole taken individually.
ta ⁴ -fan ³	大方	genteel, generous (k'uan ¹ hung ² ta ⁴ liang ⁴).
ta ⁴ -fang ⁴ -pei ¹ -shêng ³	大放悲聲	a loud cry of sorrow.
ta ⁴ -fang ⁴ -wu ² -chü ¹	大放無拘	recklessly.
ta ⁴ -fên ⁴	大糞	human ordure (shih ³).
ta ⁴ -fêng ¹	大風	a great wind, a typhoon.
ta ⁴ -fêng ¹ -shui ³	大風水	a good position.
ta ⁴ -fêng ¹ -tzu ³	大風子	lucraban seed.
ta ⁴ -fo ² -ssü ⁴	大佛寺	Temple of Buddha.
ta ⁴ -fu ² -p'i ³	大腹皮	betel-nut husk.
ta ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ³	大父母	heaven and earth ; the emperor.
ta ⁴ -han ²	大寒	"great cold," of the terms. See Note 21.
ta ⁴ -han ⁴	大旱	a great drought.
ta ⁴ -hsi ¹ -yang ²	大西洋	the Atlantic Ocean.
ta ⁴ -hsiao ³	大小	first of the "Four Books." W. I. 652.
ta ⁴ -hsiao ³	大小	"great and small," the size of.
ta ⁴ -hsiao ¹ -hua ⁴	大笑話	a big joke.
ta ⁴ -hsi ³	大寫	large text ; a senior clerk.
ta ⁴ -hsien ³	大賢	a man of great virtue.
ta ⁴ -hsieh ³ -ch'i ² -nêng ²	大顯奇能	to manifest wonderful power.
ta ⁴ -hsien ⁴	大限	"the great limit," death.
ta ⁴ -hain ² -huan ² -ti ⁴	大行皇帝	His departed majesty (Death).
ta ⁴ -hsüeh ² -shih ⁴	大學士	Secretary of the Grand Council. G. 135. [21.
ta ⁴ -hsüeh ³	大雪	a great fall of snow ; great snow, a term. See Note
ta ⁴ -hu ⁴	大戶	a rich family (fu ⁴ hu ⁴)
ta ⁴ -hua ⁴	大話	to boast, boasting.

<i>ta⁴-huang²</i>	大黃	rhubarb (read <i>tai</i>).
<i>ta⁴-huang²-li⁴</i>	大皇曆	the imperial almanack (<i>hsien⁴ shu⁴</i>).
<i>ta⁴-huang²-shang⁴</i>	大皇上	His majesty the Emperor.
<i>ta⁴-huang²-ti⁴</i>	大皇帝	same.
<i>ta⁴-hung²-ch'iao³</i>	大紅巧	the nasturtium.
<i>ta⁴-hung²-sé⁴</i>	大紅色	crimson.
<i>ta⁴-huo³</i>	大伙	a chief mate.
<i>ta⁴-huo⁴-lin⁴-shên¹</i>	大禍臨身	a great calamity has come on me.
<i>ta⁴-i⁴</i>	大意	chief idea; confident.
<i>ta⁴-i⁴-ssü¹</i>	大意思	the general idea.
<i>ta⁴-jên³</i>	大人	a great man; your excellency.
<i>ta⁴-jou⁴</i>	大肉	pork (<i>chu¹ jou⁴</i>).
<i>ta⁴-ju³-ch'üan³</i>	大如拳	as large as the fist.
<i>ta⁴-kai⁴</i>	大概	generally, probably, chiefly; an outline. M 260.
<i>ta⁴-k'ai¹</i>	大開	wide open.
<i>ta⁴-ko¹</i>	大哥	elder brother.
<i>ta⁴-ku¹</i>	大沽	Taku, the port of Tientsin.
<i>ta⁴-ku¹-niang³</i>	大姑娘	eldest daughter.
<i>ta⁴-kua⁴</i>	大褂	a long coat.
<i>ta⁴-kuan¹-chieh²-mu¹</i>	大關節	the general outline.
<i>ta⁴-kuan¹-yüan³</i>	大官員	high rank officials.
<i>ta⁴-kuei¹-nü³</i>	大閨女	a great girl (one fit for marriage).
<i>ta⁴-kung¹</i>	大恭	"great respect," to evacuate.
<i>ta⁴-kung¹</i>	大工	master-workman, as opposed to assistant.
<i>ta⁴-kung¹-wu²-ssü¹</i>	大公無私	just and equal.
<i>ta⁴-kung⁴</i>	大共	the whole.
<i>ta⁴-lao³-yeh³</i>	大老爺	[<i>trate</i>]. a title of respect, your honour (to <i>hsien</i> magis-
<i>ta⁴-liang⁴</i>	大諒	most likely, probably (<i>liang⁴ pi⁴</i>).
<i>ta⁴-liao⁴</i>	大略	generally, general outline, generally speaking.
<i>ta⁴-liao⁴-hsiang¹-chin⁴</i>	大略相近	generally speaking; nearly the same.
<i>ta⁴-liao⁴</i>	大料	aniseed star.
<i>ta⁴-lien²-pu⁴</i>	大蓮布	American drill.
<i>ta⁴-lu⁴</i>	大鹿	"the great deer," the red deer.
<i>ta⁴-lu⁴-k'ou³</i>	大路	the middle of the road.
<i>ta⁴-ma¹</i>	大媽	an aunt, father's elder brother's wife.
<i>ta⁴-ma²</i>	大麻	hemp.
<i>ta⁴-ma²-jên³</i>	大麻仁	hempseed.
<i>ta⁴-ma⁴</i>	大罵	violent reviling.
<i>ta⁴-mai³-mai⁴</i>	大買賣	a great business or trade.
<i>ta⁴-mai⁴</i>	大麥	barley.
<i>ta⁴-mao⁴-ya⁴-t'ou²</i>	大帽壓頭	to severely repress, e. g., juniors by seniors.
<i>ta⁴-mên²</i>	大門	the great gate, the front door.
<i>ta⁴-mên²-hu⁴</i>	大門戶	a great or wealthy family.

ta ⁴ .mi ³	大米	rice, as opposed to millet (<i>hsiao mi</i>).
ta ⁴ .ming ³	大名	a great name or reputation.
ta ⁴ .mu ² .ta ⁴ .yang ⁴	大模大樣	an ostentatious manner (ang ² ang ² ch'i ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
ta ⁴ .mu ² .chih ² .t'ou ²	大拇指頭	the thumb.
tu ⁴ .mu ² .chiao ³ .chih ³	大拇腳指	the great toe.
ta ⁴ .nan ⁴	大難	a great calamity.
tu ⁴ .ni ²	大呢	broadcloth (k'a ² la ¹).
tu ⁴ .ni ² .kuo ³	大坭國	Denmark.
ta ⁴ .niang ³	大娘	an aunt, father's elder brother's wife.
ta ⁴ .niu ² .r'h ³	大妞兒	a great girl.
ta ⁴ .pa ³	大擺	to swagger.
ta ⁴ .pa ³ .tzu ³	大伯子	a husband's elder brother.
ta ⁴ .p'ai ³	大牌	a grand chop or clearance.
ta ⁴ .pan ¹	大班	supercargo; head constable, thief-catchers.
ta ⁴ .pan ⁴	大半	the greater part, the biggest half. M. 260.
ta ⁴ .pang ² .hsi ⁴	大梆戲	noisy style of music.
ta ⁴ .pan ¹ .lan ³	大包袱	to contract for doing anything.
ta ⁴ .p'ao ⁴	大砲	cannon, artillery.
ta ⁴ .p'en ³	大盆	to be brought to bed, confinement. See Note 52.
tu ⁴ .p'ei ³	大筆	"a large pencil," good writing or composition.
ta ⁴ .pi ⁴ .chih ¹ .nien ³	大比之年	year of Peking examinations.
ta ⁴ .pien ⁴	大便	"great convenience," to evacuate.
ta ⁴ .pien ⁴ .pu ⁴ .t'ung ¹	大便不通	constipation.
ta ⁴ .pien ⁴ .ying ⁴	大便硬	costive.
ta ⁴ .ping ¹	大兵	"grand army," imperial troops.
ta ⁴ .po ² .r'h ³	大伯兒	a husband's elder brother, an uncle.
ta ⁴ .pu ⁴ .ch'ei ³	大不起	cannot exceed in greatness.
ta ⁴ .pu ⁴ .hsiang ¹ .t'ung ²	大不相同	not at all alike, entirely different, very unlike.
ta ⁴ .pu ⁴ .liao ³	大不了	it cannot be big.
ta ⁴ .pu ⁴ .ta ⁴	大不大	is it large or not?
ta ⁴ .pu ⁴ .t'ung ³	大不同	very unlike, entirely different.
ta ⁴ .sao ³	大嫂	the eldest brother's wife; term of respect (shên ³).
ta ⁴ .shan ¹	大衫	a long shirt or gown.
ta ⁴ .shu ⁴	大廈	a big portico.
ta ⁴ .shé ⁴	大赦	a general pardon granted by the Emperor.
tu ⁴ .shêng ¹ .i ⁴	大生意	a great business.
ta ⁴ .shêng ¹ .chiao ⁴ .han ²	大聲叫喊	to shout, to bellow, to roar out.
ta ⁴ .shih ¹ .fu ⁴	大師傅	head-cook, a steward (ch'u ² tzü ³).
ta ⁴ .shih ⁴	大勢	condition, circumstances.
ta ⁴ .shih ⁴	大事	important affairs; great affairs of state.
ta ⁴ .shou ²	大熟	a good crop.
ta ⁴ .shou ² .ta ⁴ .chiao ³	大手腳	extravagant.
ta ⁴ .shu ²	大暑	"great heat," a term. See Note 21

ta ⁴ -shui ³	大水	high water ; an inundation.
ta ⁴ -ssü ¹ -wu ⁴	大司務	a cook ; a master of any profession, etc.
ta ⁴ -ta ⁴	大大	an aunt, father's elder brother's wife.
ta ⁴ -ta ⁴ -ti ¹	大大的	very large, greatly.
ta ⁴ -tan ³	大膽	bravery, courage (tan ³ liang ³).
ta ⁴ -t'an ³ -tzü ³	大彈子	a cannon ball.
ta ⁴ -t'ang ³	大堂	principal hall in a yamên. etc.
ta ⁴ -tao ⁴	大道	the highway, the high road.
ta ⁴ tao ⁴ -shêng ¹ -ts'ai ²	大道生財	the high road to wealth (placarded in shops).
ta ⁴ -tao ⁴ -wei ² -kung ¹	大道維公	only the great doctrine is just.
ta ⁴ -tê ²⁴	大德	a man of great virtue.
ta ⁴ -tê ² -hên ³	大得狠	very large.
ta ⁴ -tien ³	大典	great favour or bounty ; great affairs of state.
ta ⁴ -t'ing ¹	大廳	a great hall, a guest's hall.
ta ⁴ -t'ing ⁴	大艇	a chop-boat.
ta ⁴ -t'ou ² -ts'ai ⁴	大頭菜	salted turnips.
ta ⁴ -ts'ai ² -hsiao ³ -yung ⁴	大材小用	waste or misuse of materials or talent.
ta ⁴ -tsao ³	大棗	a kind of date or plum.
ta ⁴ -ts'ao ³	大草	liquorice root ; running hand.
ta ⁴ -ts'u ¹ -mai ¹	大粗麥	a coarse kind of barley.
ta ⁴ tsui ¹ -êrh ² -kuei ¹	大醉而歸	to get dead drunk and go home.
ta ⁴ -tsung ¹ -êrh ²	大宗兒	the larger proportion.
ta ⁴ -t'ui ³	大腿	thigh.
ta ⁴ -tun ³	大薏	all the more.
ta ⁴ t'ung ² -hsiao ³ -i ⁴	大同小異	only slightly different.
ta ⁴ -tzü ² -ta ¹ -pei ¹	大慈悲	of great compassion, e. g., Kuan Yin.
ta ⁴ -wan ¹ -hua ¹	大彎花	the convolvulus.
ta ⁴ -yang ¹ -ko ¹	大秧歌	songs sung by men on stilts.
ta ⁴ -yang ⁴ -yang ⁴ -ti ¹	大樣樣的	very large, ample.
ta ⁴ -yao ² -ta ⁴ -pai ³	大搖大擺	a great swagger.
ta ⁴ -yeh ²	大爺	a paternal uncle, a father's elder brother.
pa ⁴ -yen ¹	大烟	opium (ying ¹ su ⁴ hua ¹ , ya ⁴ p'ien ⁴).
ta ⁴ -yen ¹ -ch'iang ¹	大烟鎗	pipe used in smoking opium.
ta ⁴ -yen ¹ -kuei ²	大烟鬼	an opium sot.
ta ⁴ -yen ¹ -yin ³	大烟癮	the craving for opium.
ta ⁴ -yen ² -pu ¹ -ts'an ²	大言不慙	though he speaks big, he will not come short.
ta ⁴ -yen ⁴	大鴈	the wild goose.
ta ⁴ -ying ¹ -kuo ³	大英國	England.
ta ⁴ -yo ¹	大約	[liang ⁴ hsiang ³]. most probably, for the most part ; nearly, about
ta ⁴ -yo ¹ -mo ²	大約模	to estimate, to calculate.
ta ⁴ -yu ³ -nien ²	大有年	a prosperous harvest.
ta ⁴ -yu ³ -i'-ch'u ⁴	大有益處	is very advantageous.
ta ⁴ -yu ³	大雨	a heavy shower, heavy rain (p'ei ⁴ jan ² ta ⁴ yü ³).

- ta⁴-yü³-shih²-hsing³ 大雨時行 the 6th month
 ta⁴-yung³-jo⁴-ch'ieh³ 大勇若怯 great bravery is like timidity.
- T'A¹**
- t' a¹-fang¹ 人 他 1042b840a he, him, it, her, that
 t' a¹-ho³-wo³ 他 方 another quarter.
 t' a¹-hsiang¹ 他 和 我 he and I.
 t' a¹-jên² 他 鄉 another region.
 t' a¹-jih⁴ 他 人 another man, a third person, that person (read t' o).
 t' a¹-kên¹-wo³ 他 日 another day (read t' o).
 t' a¹-lia³ 他 跟 我 he and I.
 t' a¹-liang³-ko⁴ 他 倆 they two.
 t' a¹-mên¹ 他 們 same.
 t' a¹-mên¹-ti¹ 他 們 的 they them.
 t' a¹-na³-ko⁴-jên³ 他 那 個 人 theirs.
 t' a¹-ti¹ 他 的 that person.
 t' a¹-tzü⁴-ch'ü³ 他 自 己 his, hers, its.
 t' a¹ 土 塌 1042c843a he himself.
 t' a¹-liang³ 塌 梁 (樑) to sink down (t'an¹ t'a¹).
 t' a¹-liao³-yang⁴-la¹ 塌 了 秧 喇 the main beam has fallen (fig.).
 t' a¹-liao³-yao³ 塌 了 窖 the paddy has been flattened down.
 t' a¹-t'ien¹-ta⁴-huo⁴ 塌 天 大 禍 the cellar has fallen in.
 t' a¹ 是 盪 1043a843b a calamity as great as if the heavens fell.
 t' a¹-la³ 盪 盪 to spoil, to injure; a hurried, hasty step.
 t' a¹ 水 盪 1043a842c careless and slovenly, untidy (sa¹ cho³ hsieh²).
 t' a¹-t'ou⁴ 盪 透 to moisten.
 soaked through, e. g., sweat.
- T'A³**
- t' a³-kan¹ 犬 獺 1043c844a the otter.
 獺 肝 otter's liver (a medicine).
- T'A⁴**
- t' a⁴ 手 搨 1041b843c to take a rubbing, to scrawl.
 t' a⁴ 土 塔 1043b843c a pagoda, a spire.
 t' a⁴ 木 榻 1042c843a a couch, a bed (ch'uang³).
 t' a⁴ (tzü) 手 撻 1038b844a to strike, to beat, to chastise.
 t' a⁴ 足 踏 1042a842b to trample on. [tombs in shrine.
 t' a⁴-ch'ing¹-érh³ 踏 青 兒 to step on the green grass, to worship at the
 t' a⁴-hsüeh³-hsün³-mei³ 踏 雪 尋 梅 to go out in the snow to look for plums.
 t' a⁴ 水 澆 1043c844b to moisten, soak into.
 t' a⁴ 足 躓 1044a844c to slip when walking.
- TAI¹**
- tai¹ 木 { 呆 1044b619b silly, idiotic, foolish. (Also nieh²).
 tai¹ 犬 { 獸 same (han¹, ch'ih² tai¹).
 tai¹-tsü³ 獸 子 an idiot, a simpleton.

TAI ³	歹	歹 ^{1044b844a}	bad, vicious (o ⁴ jêu ²).
tai ³ -jên ²		歹人	a bad man (hao ³ tai ²).
TAI ¹	人	代 ^{1044c844a}	a generation, an age; for, instead of.
tai ¹ -chiao ³		代脚	to give one a lift (on the road, etc.).
tai ¹ -ch'iu ²		代求	to intercede for, to beg for.
tai ¹ -ch'üan ²		代權	delegated authority.
tai ¹ -jên ⁴		代任	to act as substitute (official).
tai ¹ -kuan ³		代館	to teach in place of.
tai ¹ lao ²		代勞	to do for one.
tai ¹ -li ³ -shih ⁴ -ti ¹		代理事的	an agent.
tai ¹ -mai ³ -tsa ² -huo ⁴		代買雜貨	to buy sundries for another.
tai ¹ -pan ⁴		代辦	a deputy; to depute.
tai ¹ -pi ²		代筆	a writer for others.
tai ¹ -shou ³		代手	to lend a hand.
tai ¹ -shu ¹ -ti ¹		代書的	sort of attorney.
tai ¹ -tang ¹		代當	to do in place of.
tai ¹ -t'í ⁴ -ch'ái ³ -shih ³		代替差使	acting as locum tenens (official).
tai ¹ -tien ⁴		代墊	to pay for another person.
tai ¹ -tso ⁴		代作	to act or do for another,
tai ¹ -wei ⁴		代爲	instead of, in behalf of.
tai ¹ -yin ⁴		代印	to act for another official.
tai ¹	巾	帶 ^{1045b846b}	[carry. a girdle; ribbon, tape; to lead; to bring; to
tai ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		帶去	to carry off.
tai ¹ -hsin ⁴		帶信	to carry a letter.
tai ¹ -hui ² -lai ²		帶來	to bring back.
tai ¹ -t'í ⁴ -t'iao ²		帶一條	a bandage.
tai ¹ -ko ⁴ -hao ³ -ch'ü ⁴		帶一個好去	convey my respects to.
tai ¹ -ko ⁴ -hao ³ -érh ²		帶一個好兒	to convey one's respects to another.
tai ¹ -ko ⁴ -jên ²		帶個人	to take a man with you.
tai ¹ -k'ou ³ -ping ⁴		帶口病	bad peculiarity of speech.
tai ¹ -lai ²		帶來	to bring.
tai ¹ -lei ⁴		帶累	to encumber, to impede.
tai ¹ -ling ³		帶領	to direct, to take under one's charge.
tai ¹ -ling ³ -yin ³ -chien ⁴		帶領引見	to be led into the presence of the Emperor.
tai ¹ -ping ¹ -ti ¹		帶兵的	a troop leader.
tai ¹ -pu ³ -liao ³ -lai ²		帶不了來	could not bring.
tai ¹ -shang ¹		帶傷	to be wounded.
tai ¹ -shu ¹		帶書	to carry a letter.
tai ¹ -shui ³ -rên ²		帶水人	a pilot.
tai ¹ -tao ⁴ -rh ²		帶道兒	to guide.
tai ¹ -tao ⁴ -ti ¹		帶道的	a guide (ling ³ lu ⁴).
tai ¹ -hiao ⁴		帶掉	to neutralize, to vitiate.

tai ⁴ -tien ² -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	帶點東西	take some (food) with you.
tai ⁴ -t'uo ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tso ⁴	帶作不作	to dilly-dally.
tai ⁴ -tui ⁴ -ti ¹	帶隊的	a leader of troops.
tai ⁴ -tzū ³	帶子	a ribbon, a sash, a girdle, a belt,
tai ⁴	待	to wait, provided against; to behave to. M. 133
tai ⁴ -ch'êng ³	待承	to treat well.
tai ⁴ -hao ³	待好	to behave well to (man ⁴ tai ⁴).
tai ⁴ -hou ² -ch'in ¹ -yu ²	待候親友	to entertain friends and guests.
tai ⁴ -hou ⁴	待厚	to treat generously.
tai ⁴ -i ¹ -hui ⁴ -rh ³	待一會兒	wait a little.
tai ⁴ -jê ² -ch'in ¹ -jê ⁴	待人親熱	to treat a person cordially.
tai ⁴ -k'o ⁴	待客	to wait on guests (ying ² chieh ¹).
tai ⁴ -liang ³ -t'ien ¹	待兩天	wait a couple of days.
tai ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hao ³	待不好	to behave badly to.
tai ⁴ -shih ³	待時	wait for the time; don't hurry (têng ³ i ¹ têng ²).
tai ⁴ -t'ou ³	待頭	time for staying.
tai ⁴ -yao ⁴	待要	will (futurity)
tai ⁴	怠	[cilious. slow, lazy, negligent, careless, remiss; super-sluggish and lazy.
tai ⁴ -huan ³	怠緩	
tai ⁴ -man ⁴	怠慢	to neglect; negligent; disrespectful (lêng ³ k'o ⁴).
tai ⁴ -to ⁴	怠惰	indolent, lazy.
tai ⁴ -wan ⁴	怠玩	careless, lazy, inattentive (lan ³ to ⁴).
tai ⁴	戴	to wear on the head; to bear; to sustain; to occur.
tai ⁴ -ching ⁴ -tū ³	戴鏡子	to wear spectacles.
tai ⁴ -hua ¹ -êrh ³	戴花兒	to wear flowers.
tai ⁴ -ling ³ -tū ³	戴翎子	to wear a feather.
tai ⁴ -mao ⁴ -tū ³	戴帽子	to wear a hat or cap.
tai ⁴ -p'ei ⁴ -t'ou ²	戴轡頭	to put a bridle on a horse, etc.
tai ⁴ -shou ³ -shih ⁴	戴首飾	to wear head ornaments.
tai ⁴ -ling ³ -rh ³	戴頂兒	to wear the button.
tai ⁴ -yex ³ -ching ⁴	戴眼鏡	to wear glasses.
tai ⁴	大	large, great. See 6a ⁴ .
tai ⁴ -huang ³	大黃	rhubarb.
tai ⁴ -fu ¹	大夫	a doctor (i ¹ shêng ¹).
tai ⁴ -wang ³	大王	a freebooter; snake worshipped by Chinese.
tai ⁴	殆	to begin; to approach; nearly, about to; dan-nearly exhausted. [gerous.
tai ⁴ -chin ⁴	殆盡	
tai ⁴ -ssū ³ -pu ⁴ -huo ³	殆死不活	half dead and alive (pan ⁴ ssū ³ pu ⁴ huo ³).
tai ⁴	疳	the whites.
tai ⁴ -ping ⁴	疳病	same.
tai ⁴	袋	a bag, a purse; a sash; a cover for books.
tai ⁴	貸	to borrow; to lend; to confer, to give; to forgive.
tai ⁴ -chieh ⁴	貸借	to lend (chieh ⁴ ch'ien ²).

<i>tai⁴</i>	玉 瑤	玳瑁 1045a845a	tortoise-shell.
<i>tai⁴-mao⁴</i>		玳瑁	same.
<i>tai⁴</i>	黑 黛	黛 1045b845c	painted eyebrows; to paint the eyebrows.
T'AI¹	肉 胎	胎 1049a847a	the womb; pregnancy; a fœtus.
<i>t'ai¹-ch'ien³ ch'an⁴-hou⁴</i>		胎前產後	during pregnancy and after child birth.
<i>t'ai¹-hsing³</i>		胎形	the figure of the embryo in the womb.
<i>t'ai¹-i¹</i>		胎衣	the womb.
<i>t'ai¹-lai²-hung³</i>		胎來洪	born in affluence.
<i>t'ai¹-li³-tai⁴-ti¹</i>		胎裏帶的	congenital, e. g., deformity.
<i>t'ai¹-luan³-shih¹-hua⁴</i>		胎卵濕化	the four kinds of birth.
<i>t'ai¹-pao¹</i>		胎胞	the womb.
<i>t'ai¹-shêng¹</i>		胎生	viviparous, born from the womb.
<i>t'ai¹-tung⁴</i>		胎動	the movement of a child in the womb.
<i>t'ai¹-yün⁴</i>		胎孕	conception, pregnancy (shên ¹ yün ¹ , yün ⁴ yü ⁴).
<i>t'ai¹</i>	艸	苔 1049b848a	moss, lichens.
<i>t'ai¹-lei⁴</i>		苔類	the class of mosses and lichens in Chinese botany.
T'AI²	手	抬 1048b848a	to carry on the shoulders, to lift, to raise; to same (k'ang ² , pei ⁴). [move.]
<i>t'ai²</i>		擡起來	carry, to lift up.
<i>t'ai²-ch'ü³-lai³</i>		擡價	to raise the price.
<i>t'ai²-chia⁴</i>		擡鎗	large two-man gun, gingal.
<i>t'ai²-ch'iang¹</i>		擡轎	to carry a sedan.
<i>t'ai²-chiao⁴</i>		擡着罷	let us carry it!
<i>t'ai²-cho²-pa⁴</i>		擡舉	to exalt, to lift up, to praise; conceited.
<i>t'ai²-chü³</i>		擡回去	carry it back.
<i>t'ai²-hui²-ch'ü⁴</i>		擡扛	to carry on a pole, to contradict, to argue.
<i>t'ai²-kang⁴</i>		擡閤	spectacular procession in honor of the gods.
<i>t'ai²-ko²</i>		擡手	to beg forgiveness.
<i>t'ai²-kuei⁴-shou³</i>		擡榜	to publish the examination lists.
<i>t'ai²-pang³</i>		擡不起來	unable to raise.
<i>t'ai²-pu⁴-ch'ü³-lai²</i>		擡不動	can't carry because too heavy.
<i>t'ai²-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>		擡手動脚	hands and feet in action.
<i>t'ai²-shou³-tung⁴-chiao³</i>		擡頭	to raise the head.
<i>t'ai²-t'on²</i>		擡頭見喜	New Year's congratulations on placard.
<i>t'ai²-t'ou²-chien⁴-hsi³</i>		擡頭字	capital letter. G, 121—128. Note 83.
<i>t'ai²-t'ou²-tzü⁴</i>		擡台 1048c847a	eminent; a title, sir.
<i>t'ai²</i>	口	台	for your Honor's inspection (epistolary).
<i>t'ai²-chao⁴</i>		台照	Daiji—lowest order of Mongolian nobility
<i>t'ai²-chi²</i>		台吉	for your information (epistolary).
<i>t'ai²-ch'ü³</i>		台啟	you, sir (ko ² hsia ⁴).
<i>t'ai²-chia⁴</i>		台駕	steps to high building, ascent.
<i>t'ai²-chieh¹</i>		台階	

t'ai ² -ch'ien ²	台前	before the bench (judge,
t'ai ² -fu ²	台甫	your honored name, sir,
t'ai ² -hsia ⁴	台面	honored Sir.
t'ai ² -mien ⁴	台面	the face of anything; in public.
t'ai ² -ming ⁴	台命	exalted decree, your orders.
t'ai ² (tzu)	至	a terrace, a stage, a gallery.
t'ai ² -wan ¹ -tao ²	臺灣島	Formosa.
T'AI ⁴	大	large, great; excessive, too; much. M. 59.
t'ai ⁴ -ai ²	太太矮	too low.
t'ai ⁴ -chi ²	太太極	eternal; the first principle, the Great Extreme.
t'ai ⁴ -chi ² -t'u ²	太太極圖	plan of the Great Extreme; heaven and earth.
t'ai ⁴ -chien ⁴	太太監	a eunuch (yen ¹ ko ¹).
t'ai ⁴ -ch'u ¹	太太初	the first beginning (of the world).
t'ai ⁴ -fu ¹ -jên ²	太太夫人	mother of an official.
t'ai ⁴ -fu ⁴	太太傅	a royal preceptor. G. 133.
t'ai ⁴ -hao ⁴ -fei ⁴	太太耗費	too extravagant.
t'ai ⁴ -hou ⁴	太太后	the Emperor's mother.
t'ai ⁴ -hsi ²	太太息	very ancient; in remote antiquity. ? ?
t'ai ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	太太下去	too hard to be overlooked.
t'ai ⁴ -hu ² -tu ⁴	太太糊塗	too stupid.
t'ai ⁴ -i ¹ -yüan ⁴	太太醫院	Imperial School of Medicine.
t'ai ⁴ -kuo ¹	太太高	too high.
t'ai ⁴ -ku ²	太太古	very ancient.
t'ai ⁴ -k'ung ¹	太太空	heaven.
t'ai ⁴ -kuo ⁴	太太過	excessive, over, more than enough; great fault.
t'ai ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -fên ¹	太太過分	too excessive.
t'ai ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -yü ²	太太過逾	same.
t'ai ⁴ -lao ²	太太牢	ox, so called at sacrifices.
t'ai ⁴ -lao ² -yeh ²	太太老爺	the father of official, etc.
t'ai ⁴ -lêng ² -t'ai ⁴ -jê ⁴	太太冷太熱	too cold, too hot.
t'ai ⁴ -li ² -hai ⁴	太太利害	very severe.
t'ai ⁴ -pao ²	太太保	a guardian; a royal preceptor. G. 139.
t'ai ⁴ -p'ing ²	太太平	peace, peaceful, tranquil, general, peace.
t'ai ⁴ -p'ing ² -ch'ê ¹	太太平車	a four-wheeled farmer's cart.
t'ai ⁴ -p'ing ² -yang ²	太太平洋	the Pacific ocean.
t'ai ⁴ -p'ing ² -yao ⁴	太太平藥	a mild medicine.
t'ai ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsiao ² -hsin ¹	太太不小心	very careless.
t'ai ⁴ -shan ¹ -i ² -tzu ²	太太山椅子	high-backed arm-chair.
t'ai ⁴ -shang ⁴	太太上	the Emperor's father; the Supreme.
t'ai ⁴ -shang ⁴ -lao ² -chün ¹	太太上老君	the founder of the Taoist sect.
t'ai ⁴ -shao ²	太太少	too few.
t'ai ⁴ -shên ⁴	太太甚	excessive, too greatly, to exceed.

t'ai ⁴ -shêng ³ -chien ³	太省儉	too economical.
t'ai ⁴ -shih ¹	太師	a royal preceptor.
t'ai ⁴ -shih ¹ -i ³	太師椅	high-backed arm-chair.
t'ai ⁴ -shih ³	太史	the president of historiographers.
t'ai ⁴ -shih ³ -ti ⁴	太史第	a Hanlin.
t'ai ⁴ -shih ⁴ -yung ² -i ⁴	太史容易	it is very easy, or too easy.
t'ai ⁴ -sui ⁴	太歲	a great year ; a year god. M. 608.
t'ai ⁴ -ta ⁴	太太	too large.
t'ai ⁴ -t'ai ⁴	太太	an old lady, a lady, a mandarin's wife ; ladyship.
t'ai ⁴ -to ¹	太多	too much, too many.
t'ai ⁴ -tsu ¹	太祖	oldest ancestor of a clan.
t'ai ⁴ -tsung ¹	太宗	founder of T'aug dynasty.
t'ai ⁴ -tzü ³	太子	the heir apparent ; sons of the Emperor G. 10,
t'ai ⁴ -tzü ³ -shao ³ -pao ³	太子少保	Junior guardian of the heir apparent. G. 142.
t'ai ⁴ -yang ²	太陽	the sun ; the temples (jih ⁴ t'ou ²).
t'ai ⁴ -yeh ²	太爺	your worship.
t'ai ⁴ -yin ¹	太陰	the moon (yüeh ⁴ liang ⁴).
t'ai ⁴	水 泰	great, large, excessive ; liberal.
t'ai ⁴ -hsi ¹ -kuo ³	泰西國	Western or European nations.
t'ai ⁴ -shan ¹	泰山	a celebrated hill in Shantung.
t'ai ⁴ -yün ⁴	泰運	a good destiny or time. [idea.
t'ai ⁴	心 態	to reflect ; behaviour, gait, manner, figure ; an
t'ai ⁴ -tu ⁴	態度	behaviour, gait, manner.
t'ai ⁴	水 汰	to rinse, to wash out ; excessive.
TAN ¹	口單 單	alone, one, single, odd, only ; a bill. M. 117 (tu ³).
tan ¹ -chang ¹	單張	a tract or sheet.
tan ¹ -cho ¹	單檯	a single table.
tan ¹ -han ³	單寒	thin and cold ; poor and distressed.
tan ¹ -i ¹	單衣	clothes without lining
tan ¹ -i ¹ -shang ¹	單衣裳	same (chia ¹ , mien ²).
tan ¹ -jên ² -tu ² -ma ³	單人獨馬	a solitary horseman ; alone, solitary.
tan ¹ -jih ⁴ -shuang ² -jih ⁴	單口雙日	the odd and even days.
tan ¹ -mên ² -tu ² -hu ⁴	單門獨戶	the only family of the name in the place.
tan ¹ -pao ²	單薄	thin, poor, weak, deficient.
tan ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -êrh ²	單片兒	a tract or sheet of paper.
tan ¹ -shan ¹	單衫	a single garment, a shirt.
tan ¹ -shan ⁴ -mên ²	單扇門	a single-leaved door.
tan ¹ -shêng ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -t'ai ¹	單賸下他	he alone was left.
tan ¹ -shu ⁴	單數	an odd number (shuang ¹ shu ⁴).
tan ¹ -shou ³	單首	the head of a bill.
tan ¹ -shuang ¹	單雙	single and double ; odd and even
tan ¹ -ssü ³ -ping ⁴	單思病	love-sickness (hsiang ³ ssü ³ ping ⁴).

<i>tan¹-tan¹</i>	單單	one ; only, merely.
<i>tan¹-tan¹-rh²-ti²</i>	單單兒的	only, nothing more than—, merely ; one.
<i>tan¹-t'ao⁴-ch'ê¹</i>	單套車	cart drawn by one animal.
<i>tan¹-t'ieh¹</i>	單帖	a bill, a note.
<i>tan¹-tu²</i>	單獨	alone, single.
<i>tan¹-tzu²</i>	單子	a bill, a note, etc.
<i>tan¹-wei²</i>	單尾	the end of a bill.
<i>tan¹-wei¹</i>	單爲	specially, simply.
<i>tan¹-yen²-hsia²</i> [<i>yüeh⁴</i>]	單眼瞎	one-eyed (<i>shuang¹ shih¹ mu⁴</i>).
<i>tan¹-yüeh⁴-shuang¹</i>	單月雙月	the odd and even moons.
<i>tan¹</i>	手擔	a pole ; to bear on shoulders ; a load.
<i>tan¹-chang⁴</i>	擔杖	a pole for carrying.
<i>tan¹-ch'êng²</i>	擔承	to undertake an affair.
<i>tan¹-ch'î²-lai²-la¹</i>	擔起來	to be responsible for.
<i>tan¹-ching¹</i>	擔驚	to be frightened.
<i>tan¹-ching¹-shou⁴-p'ia⁴</i>	擔驚受怕	in a state of fear and alarm.
<i>tan¹-cho²-tsu⁴-ming²</i>	擔着罪名	you also are involved in the accusation.
<i>tan¹-fu⁴</i>	擔負	to bear, to sustain.
<i>tan¹-hsien¹</i>	擔險	to undertake a dangerous affair.
<i>tan¹-puo²</i>	擔呆	to be security for any one.
<i>tan¹-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>	擔不動	too heavy to carry.
<i>tan¹ shih⁴</i>	擔水	to bear responsibility (<i>ch'êng² tang¹</i>).
<i>tan¹-shui²</i>	擔水待	to carry water with pole and pails (<i>t'iao¹ shui²</i>).
<i>tan¹-tai⁴</i>	擔待	to bear, to put up with, to endure.
<i>tan¹-tai⁴</i>	擔代	to take on oneself to.
<i>tan¹-tan⁴</i>	擔擔	to carry a load.
<i>tan¹-tang¹</i>	擔當	to endure, to bear.
<i>tan¹-tang¹-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>	擔當不住	unable to endure, unbearable (<i>ch'ih¹ pu⁴ chu⁴</i>).
<i>tan¹-tang¹-tê²-chu⁴</i>	擔當得	able to endure, bearable.
<i>tan¹ tē² ch'î²</i>	擔得起	can sustain or bear up.
<i>tan¹ yu¹</i>	擔憂	to bear sorrow.
<i>tan¹</i>	丹	pills ; red, carnation ; a red stone.
<i>tan¹-chu¹</i>	丹朱	red
<i>tan¹-chu¹</i>	丹珠	same.
<i>tan¹-hsin¹</i>	丹心	a sincere heart.
<i>tan¹-hung²</i>	丹紅	red
<i>tan¹-kuei⁴</i>	丹桂	cinnamon.
<i>tan¹-kuo²</i>	丹國	Denmark.
<i>tan¹-sha¹</i>	丹砂	cinnabar, vermilion.
<i>tan¹-t'ien²</i>	丹田	pubic region.
<i>tan¹-wan²</i>	丹丸	boluses, pills.
<i>tan¹</i>	身耽	to loiter, delay.
<i>tan¹-fan²-yu¹</i>	耽煩憂	anxious, worried.

<i>tan¹-ko¹</i>	耽擱	to loiter, to delay (ch ⁴ ih ³ wu ⁴).
<i>tan¹-lé⁴</i>	耽樂	excessive delight (in a bad sense).
<i>tan¹-tai⁴</i>	耽待	to look over, to be lenient with (pao ¹ han ³).
<i>tan¹-tan¹</i>	耽耽	a fierce look ; to covet.
<i>tan¹-wu⁴</i>	耽悞	to delay, to take up time, to neglect, to mar.
<i>tan¹-wu⁴-pu⁴-liao³</i>	耽誤不了	unable to delay ; I will not neglect it.
<i>tan¹-yen²</i>	耽延	to delay (yen ² huan ³).
<i>tan¹</i>	耳耽	pendant ears ; excessive indulgence.

TAN³ (tzu)	肉胆	1054b851a	the gall ; courage, bravery.
<i>tan³</i>	膽	1053b851a	same.
<i>tan³-chan⁴</i>	膽戰		to trouble, afraid, fearful.
<i>tan³-chan⁴-hsin¹-ching¹</i>	膽戰心驚		extremely nervous.
<i>tan³-ch⁴'i⁴</i>	膽氣		bravery, courage.
<i>tan³-ch⁴'ieh⁴</i>	膽怯		afraid, fearful.
<i>tan³-ch⁴'ing¹</i>	膽青		bile, gall.
<i>tan³-rh²</i>	膽兒		the gall ; courage, bravery.
<i>tan³-han³</i>	膽寒		frightened, startled (hsia ⁴ p'o ⁴ tan ³).
<i>tan³-hsiao³</i>	膽小		cowardly.
<i>tan³-hsü¹</i>	膽虛		afraid, frightened, timid.
<i>tan³-kan³</i>	膽敢		intrepid, daring.
<i>tan³-liang³</i>	膽量		bravery, courage (ta ⁴ tan ³).
<i>tan³-lao⁴</i>	膽落		the courage to fail.
<i>tan³-lieh⁴</i>	膽裂		afraid, frightened.
<i>tan³-pao¹</i>	膽胞		the gall bladder.
<i>tan³-ta⁴</i>	膽大		bold, daring, brave.
<i>tan³-ta⁴-hsin¹-hsiao³</i>	膽大心小		bold yet careful.
<i>tan³-yung³</i>	膽勇		courage, bravery.
<i>tan³</i>	手担	1054b851a	to strike or brush aside. Same as 擔.
<i>tan³-ch⁴'ên²</i>	担塵		to brush away dust.
<i>tan³-i¹-tan³</i>	担一担		to dust, to give a thing a dusting.
<i>tan³-tzu³</i>	担子		a feather brush or duster.
<i>tan³</i>	手擲	1056b857c	to dust, a duster (also t'an ⁴).
<i>tan³-ch⁴'ü⁴-ch⁴'ên²-t'ü³</i>	擲去塵土		to brush off the dust.

TAN⁴	水淡	1054c853b	weak, thin, watery, insipid ; pale.
<i>tan⁴-chieh²</i>	淡潔		clear, clean, distinct.
<i>tan⁴-ch⁴'ing¹</i>	淡青		plain blue.
<i>tan⁴-êrh²-pu¹-yên⁴</i>	淡而不厭		insipid, but not rejecting it.
<i>tan⁴-êrh²-wu²-wei⁴</i>	淡而無味		insipid.
<i>tan⁴-hung²</i>	淡紅		plain red (e. g., official button).
<i>tan⁴-jung²</i>	淡容		pale, insipid, no colour in the face,
<i>tan⁴-pao²</i>	淡薄		poor, thin, indifferent, tasteless.

tan ⁴ -sé ⁴ -tí ¹	淡色的	lightly coloured.
tan ⁴ -tan ⁴ -ju ² -shui ³	淡淡如水	tasteless as water.
tan ⁴ -tan ⁴ -pao ² -pao ²	淡淡薄薄	poor, thin, tasteless, indifferent.
tan ⁴ -ts'ai ⁴	淡菜	dried mussels.
tan ⁴	人但	only; especially; but, as soon as. M. 117, 257.
tan ⁴ -chih ³	但只	only, not only, but.
tan ⁴ -fan ³	但凡	whenever; whoever; whatever, all whatsoever.
tan ⁴ -jan ³	但然	but, but it is.
tan ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chih ¹	但不知	but I do not know.
tan ⁴ -pu ⁴ -k'o ³	但不可	but it will not do to—, but you cannot—, etc.
tan ⁴ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴	但不過	only, merely, not more than—, etc.
tan ⁴ -shih ⁴	但是	but, but it is.
tan ⁴ -gao ⁴ -ju ² -tz'ü ²	但要如此	but it must be so.
tan ⁴ -yu ² -i ¹ -chien ⁴	但有一件	but it must be borne in mind.
tan ⁴ -yüan ⁴ -ju ² -tz'ü ²	但願如此	would that it may be so.
tan ⁴	言誕	1054c852c
tan ⁴ -ch'ên ²	誕辰	a birthday; incoherent; to lie; great; wide.
tan ⁴ -jih ⁴	誕日	a birthday (shêng ¹ jih ⁴).
tan ⁴ k'uo ⁴	誕闊	same.
tan ⁴ -shih ³	誕時	to extend, to make wide.
tan ⁴ -ta ⁴	誕大	the natal hour.
tan ⁴ -wang ¹	誕妄	to enlarge, to make much of.
tan ⁴ -yü ⁴	誕育	to boast extravagantly, to lie.
tan ⁴	虫蛋	to nourish, to bring up.
tan ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	蛋青	1055a851c
tan ⁴ -luang ²	蛋黃	eggs of any kind (chi ¹ tzu ³).
tan ⁴ -k'o ¹ -rh ³	蛋壳兒	the white of an egg.
tan ⁴ -luan ³	蛋卵	the yolk of an egg.
tan ⁴	日旦	the shell of an egg.
tan ⁴ -hsi ¹	旦夕	eggs.
tan ⁴ -mu ⁴	旦暮	morning; clear, bright; first day of the year,
tan ⁴	水澹	1053a855c
tan ⁴ -jung ³	澹容	morning and evening.
tan ⁴ -shui ³	澹水	same.
tan ⁴	石石	still, tranquil; appearance of water.
tan ⁴ -tou ³ -shêng ¹ -ko ³	石斗升合	a placid countenance.
tan ⁴	心憚	1051b852c
tan ⁴	疳疸	1054b852a
tan ⁴	鹵齷	1055a853c
tan ⁴	石	1053a766a
tan ⁴ -tou ³ -shêng ¹ -ko ³	石斗升合	a picul of 100 catties (also read shik ³).
tan ⁴	心憚	grain measures.
tan ⁴	疳疸	dread, shirk.
tan ⁴	鹵齷	1054b852a
tan ⁴	鹵齷	1055a853c
tan ⁴	石	1053a766a
tan ⁴ -tou ³ -shêng ¹ -ko ³	石斗升合	a picul of 100 catties (also read shik ³).
tan ⁴	心憚	grain measures.
tan ⁴	疳疸	dread, shirk.
tan ⁴	鹵齷	1054b852a
tan ⁴	鹵齷	1055a853c
T'AN ¹	貝貪	1057b853a
t'an ¹ -ai ⁴	貪愛	to covet, to desire; avaricious.
t'an ¹ -ch'ih ¹	貪吃	to be fond of, to desire.
		gluttonous.

<i>t'an¹-chiu³</i>	貪酒	addicted to wine.
<i>t'an¹-chüeh²-mou⁴-wei⁴</i>	貪爵慕位	coveting rank and office.
<i>t'an¹-hsiang²</i>	貪想	to long for, covetous.
<i>t'an¹-hsien⁴</i>	貪羨	to covet, to be fond of.
<i>t'an¹-hsin¹</i>	貪心	to covet, covetous.
<i>t'an¹-hung²-ch'ên²</i>	貪紅塵	addicted to worldly pleasures.
<i>t'an¹-kuan¹-wu¹-li⁴</i>	貪官汚吏	covetous officials and underlings.
<i>t'an¹-kung¹-shih¹-chi⁴</i>	貪功失計	coveting glory but lost his chance.
<i>t'an¹-lan³</i>	貪婪	covetous, avaricious, greedy.
<i>t'an¹-li⁴</i>	貪利	avaricious.
<i>t'an¹-lin⁴</i>	貪吝	covetous, avaricious.
<i>t'an¹-lüan⁴</i>	貪戀	covetous, grasping, unwilling to part with.
<i>t'an¹-ming²</i>	貪名	ambitious of fame, etc.
<i>t'an¹-mo⁴</i>	貪墨	"to covet ink," corruption and bribery.
<i>t'an¹-nü²-sé⁴</i>	貪女色	lustful.
<i>t'an¹-p'ien²-i²</i>	貪便宜	to covet an advantage,
<i>t'an¹-sé⁴</i>	貪色	lustful, lascivious, etc.
<i>t'an¹-shêng¹-p'a⁴-ssü²</i>	貪生怕死	clinging to life.
<i>t'an¹-shih²-hao⁴-chiu²</i>	貪食好酒	a glutton and wine-bibber.
<i>t'an¹-shui⁴</i>	貪睡	too fond of sleep.
<i>t'an¹-tao¹</i>	貪叨	addicted to.
<i>t'an¹-tê²-wu²-yen¹</i>	貪得無厭	insatiable/covetousness,
<i>t'an¹-t'ou²</i>	貪頭	the object of desire.
<i>t'an¹-ts'ai²</i>	貪財	to covet riches, avaricious (ai ⁴ ts'ai ²).
<i>t'an¹-ts'ai²-hai⁴-ming⁴</i>	貪財害命	preferring money to life,
<i>t'an¹-tsang¹</i>	貪賊	grasping, covetous (official).
<i>t'an¹-tsang¹-mai¹-ra¹</i>	貪賊賣法	corrupt and avaricious official.
<i>t'an¹-tsang¹-shou⁴-hu⁴</i>	貪賊受賄	a corrupt official who covets the "spoils."
<i>t'an¹-t'u²</i>	貪圖	to covet.
<i>t'an¹-t'u²-pu⁴-tsu²</i>	貪圖不足	covetous and dissatisfied,
<i>t'an¹-wan⁴</i>	貪玩	fond of play.
<i>t'an¹-wang⁴</i>	貪望	to desire, to covet.
<i>t'an¹-wu¹</i>	貪污	grasping, covetous.
<i>t'an¹-yin²</i>	貪淫	lustful.
<i>t'an¹-yü⁴</i>	貪欲	to desire, to covet, to lust after.
<i>t'an¹-yü⁴</i>	貪慾	lustful.
<i>t'an¹</i>	手攤	to contribute to ; to open, to spread out ; a staff.
<i>t'an¹-chiao³</i>	攤繳	to pay by instalments.
<i>t'an¹-ch'ien²</i>	攤錢	to subscribe money according to a ratio.
<i>t'an¹-fên⁴-tzu²</i>	攤分	to contribute, to subscribe, to divide up as money.
<i>t'an¹-k'ai¹</i>	攤開	to unfold, to open, spread out.
<i>t'an¹-p'ai⁴</i>	攤派	to apportion loss to each.
<i>t'un¹-p'ei²</i>	攤賠	to subscribe in order to make up a loss.

t'an ¹ -tzu ³		攤子	a stall (for fruit, etc.).
t'an ¹	尸	攤 1058b854a	paralysis, palsy, contraction of muscles.
t'an ¹ -fêng ³		瘋攤	palsy (fêng ³ t'an ¹).
t'an ¹ -huan ⁴		癱瘓	paralysis.
t'an ¹ -liao ³		癱了	unable to move the body.
t'an ¹ -ping ⁴		癱病	paralysis (fêng ³ t'an ¹).
t'an ¹ -tzu ³		癱子	a paralytic person.
t'an ¹	土	坍 1058b853c	broken, ruined, broken down.
t'an ¹ -t'a ¹		坍塌	same.
t'an ¹ (tzu)	水	灘 1058b854a	rapids, sand bank.
[bullet.]			
T'AN ¹	弓	彈 1051a852b	to play on a stringed instrument; a pellet, a
t'an ² -chih ³		彈指	to snap or crack the fingers.
t'an ² -ch'in ²		彈琴	to play on the dulcimer (fêng ¹ ch'iu ²).
t'an ² -hsien ² -tzu ³		彈絃子	to play on the lute.
t'an ² -hui ³		彈灰	dust (hui ¹ ch'ên ²).
t'an ² -hua ¹		彈花	to bow cotton.
t'an ² -kung ¹		彈弓	to draw a bow; a bullet-bow.
t'an ² -mo ⁴ -hsien ⁴		彈墨線	to strike a line with a string; a carpenter's line.
t'an ² -p'i ² -pa ¹		彈琵琶	to play on the guitar.
t'an ² -tzu ³		彈子	shot, bullets.
t'an ² -wan ²		彈丸	a bullet, a pellet, etc.
t'an ² -wan ² -chih ¹ -ti ⁴		彈丸之地	a small bit of land; a small place.
t'an ² -ya ¹		彈壓	to keep down, to suppress.
t'an ²	尸	痰 1055c855b.	phlegm (t'u ⁴).
t'an ² -ch'i ⁴		痰氣	asthma.
t'an ² -ch'uan ³		痰喘	an asthmatic affection.
t'an ² -ho ³		痰盒	a spittoon (t'u ⁴ mo ⁴ ho ³).
t'an ² -hsien ²		痰涎	phlegm.
t'an ² -mi ² -hsin ¹ -ch'iao ⁴		痰迷心竅	half-crazy.
t'an ² -sang ⁴ -érh ²		痰噪兒	a hoarse croupy throat.
t'an ² -sou ⁴		痰嗽	to cough up phlegm.
t'an ² -yung ³		痰壅	the death rattle.
t'an ²	言	談 1055c855b	to chat, to gossip, to converse; to dispute; chi-
t'an ² -chiang ³		談講	to converse, to chat.
t'an ² -hsiao ⁴		談笑	to chat and laugh.
t'an ² -hsin ¹		談心	to give vent to one's feeling.
t'an ² -lun ⁴		談論	to converse, to chat; conversation.
t'an ² -t'an ²		談談	converse, chat (la ¹ kuu ⁴).
t'an ² -t'ien ¹ -lun ⁴ -ti ⁴		談天論地	to talk on all kinds of subjects.
t'an ²	木	檀 1059a854c	sandalwood (ch'ên ² hsiang ¹).
t'an ² -hsiang ¹		檀香	incense made of sandalwood.
t'an ² hsiang ¹ -ch'i ⁴		檀香器	sandalwood ware.

[chat.]

- t'an²-hsiang¹-mu⁴* 檀香木 sandalwood.
t'an²-hsiang¹-shan¹ 檀香山 Honolulu.
t'an²-mu⁴ 檀木 sandalwood.
t'an²-pan³ 檀板 a kind of castanets.
t'an² 土坛 壇 1059a854b an altar; an arena (chi⁴ ssü⁴).
t'an²-ch'ang² 壇場 an altar; a place for altars.
t'an²-shê⁴ 壇社 altars.
t'an² 水潭 潭 1056c855a name of a river; deep; great.
t'an²-fu³ 潭府 your house (fu³ shang⁴).
t'an²-shui³ 潭水 deep water.
t'an² (tzü) 缶罇罇 罇 1056c855c a wine bottle or jar (chiu³ t'an⁴ tzü³).
t'an² 手 揮 揮 1051b852b to tap, to dust; to thrum. See *tan²*.
- T'AN³** 土 坦 1058c856b a level plain; even; wide; composed.
t'an³-fu³ 坦腹 big-bellied; your son-in-law.
t'an³-hsü⁴ 坦婿 your son-in-law (nü³ hsü⁴).
t'an³-jan³ 坦然 composed, comfortable.
t'an³-jan³-wu²-chü⁴ 坦然無懼 without slightest fear.
t'an³-p'ing³ 坦平 level, smooth.
t'an³ 衣襖 袒 1058c856b to embrace, to enfold; a fold, a pleat; to bare.
t'an³-fu³ 袒服 to partially take off a garment.
t'an³-hu⁴ 袒護 to protect, to assist, to screen (pao³ hu⁴).
t'an³-mien³ 袒免 to make bare, to disclose.
t'an³ 心 志 1058c856b afraid, timorous; inconstant.
t'an³-t'an³-t'ê⁴-t'ê⁴ 志志忑忑 tremour; timid; vacillating; palpitation.
t'an³ (tzü) 毛 毬 毬 1055b856a a rug, a carpet (ti⁴ t'an³).
- T'AN⁴** 手 探 1057a853b to examine, to pry; to try (also 1).
t'an⁴-chih¹ 探知 to ascertain, to find out.
t'an⁴-ch'in¹ 探親 to visit one's parents or relations.
t'an⁴-cho³-shên¹-tzü³ 探着身子 body stretched for.
t'an⁴-hsien¹ 探先 early, in anticipation of.
t'an⁴-hsin⁴ 探信 to enquire for news (hsiao¹ hsi²).
t'an⁴-hua¹ 探花 third highest of the literati. G. 476 (pang³ yen³).
t'an⁴-k'uei⁴ 探窺 to peep, to spy, to pry.
t'an⁴-lu⁴ 探路 to explore the road, e. g., to see if passable.
t'an⁴-ma³ 探馬 a scout.
t'an⁴-nang³-ch'ü³-wu⁴ 探囊取物 very easy (figurative).
t'an⁴-ping⁴ 探病 to enquire after a sick person's health.
t'an⁴-sang¹-tiao⁴-chi⁴ 探喪弔祭 funeral proprieties.
t'an⁴-shih⁴ 探試 to try, to essay (shih⁴ t'an⁴).
t'an⁴-shui³ 探水 to try the depth of water with a pole.
t'an⁴-t'an⁴-k'ou³-ch'ü⁴ 探探口氣 to 'sound,' to find out the feelings.

t'an4-t'ou2-ao1-nao3 探頭縮腦
 t'an4-t'ing1 探聽
 t'an4-t'ing1-t'an4-t'ing1 探聽探聽
 t'an4-tzū2 探子
 t'an4-tz'it4 探伺
 t'an4-wang4 探望
 t'an4-wēn2 探聞
 t'an4-wēn4 探問
 t'an4-yang3-hsi2-fu4 探養媳婦
 t'an4-yu3 探友
 t'an4 欠嘆 { 歎 1058a857b
 t'an4 嘆 嘆息
 t'an4-hsi2 嘆惜
 t'an4-hsi2 嘆羨
 t'an4-hsien4 嘆羨
 t'an4-i1-k'om3-ch'it4 嘆一口氣
 t'an4-liao3-i1-shēng1 嘆了一聲
 t'an4-mei3 嘆美
 t'an4-tz'it4 嘆辭
 t'an4 火炭 1055b857a
 t'an4-cha1 炭渣
 t'an4-ching4 炭散
 t'an4-hui1 炭灰
 t'an4-huo3 炭火

to listen stealthily.
 to spy, to enquire about ; to listen.
 same. [hsi4].
 a spy, a scout ; a ramrod (tso4 hsien4, ckien2)
 to enquire into ; to listen stealthily.
 to enquire, to ascertain
 "to pry and hear," to find out by enquiry.
 to enquire (ta3 t'ing1). [hsi2 fu4].
 girl brought up for wife for son (t'uu2 yang3)
 to visit a friend.
 a sigh, a long breath ; to sigh, to moan.
 same (ai1 k'u1).
 to sigh, to regret (k'uei4 t'an4).
 to sigh and lament, to regret.
 to utter aspirations of praise ; to admire.
 to heave a sigh.
 heaved a sigh.
 admire, applaud ; admiration.
 an interjection.
 charcoal, coals (mei3).
 cinders.
 a present.
 charcoal or wood-coal ashes.
 a charcoal fire.

TANG1 田 當 1059c857a
 tang1-ch'ai1 當差
 tang1-ch'ai1-shih3 當差使
 tang1-ch'ang2 當場
 tang1-ch'ao2-i1-p'in3 當朝一品
 tang1-chēn1 當真
 tang1-ch'êng2 當成
 tang1-chia1 當家
 tang1-chia1-ti1 當家的
 tang1-chien2.'rh2 當問兒
 tang1-chin1 [shang4] 當今
 tang1-chin1-huang2 當今皇上
 tang1-chin3 當緊
 tang1-ch'u1 當初
 tang1-chū3-cho3-mi3 當局者迷
 tang1-chung1 當中
 tang1-érh2 當兒
 tang1-hsia4 當下

[M. 240].
 to suit ; ought ; to represent, to pawn (4th).
 to be employed officially.
 same.
 openly, publicly.
 ministers of the highest rank.
 is it really a fact ? it is a fact. M. 393.
 to treat ; to represent, to make.
 to control, to be "boss."
 a husband ; an overseer, a bailiff.
 in the middle.
 now, the present time (hsien4 tsai4).
 the present Emperor.
 important (yao4 shin3).
 original ; at first, in the beginning.
 those in the affair may be at sea.
 in the middle (chung1 yang1).
 point of time ; opening, gap.
 now, immediately.

<i>tang¹-hsien¹</i>	當先	in the front ; formerly.
<i>tang¹-hsien⁴</i>	當現	now ; the proper time.
<i>tang¹-i¹-tang</i>	當一當	to pledge, to pawn ; to compare.
<i>tang¹-i¹-shang¹</i>	當衣裳	to pawn clothes.
<i>*tang¹.i⁴</i>	當意	pleased with, acceptable.
<i>tang¹-jan²-chih²-li³</i>	當然之理	moral truth (li ³ so ³ tang ¹ jan ²).
<i>tang¹-jih⁴</i>	當日	to-day ; on that day.
<i>tang¹-kuan¹</i>	當官	before the official (at law).
<i>tang¹-kuei¹</i>	當歸	smallage ; Apium Graveolens.
<i>tang¹-mien⁴</i>	當面	face to face, openly, in presence of ; before one's
<i>tang¹-mien⁴-hui²-fu⁴</i>	當面回覆	to answer by personal presence.
<i>tang¹-mien⁴-t'o²-fu⁴</i>	當面託付	to personally entrust to.
<i>tang¹-mien³</i>	當年	in former years ; this year.
<i>tang¹-p'iao⁴</i>	當票	a duplicate, a pawnbroker's ticket.
<i>tang¹-ping¹</i>	當兵	to become a soldier (ping ¹ ting ¹).
<i>tang¹-ping¹-ti¹</i>	當兵的	a soldier, soldiers.
<i>tang¹-pu⁴-ch'ü²</i>	當不起	unequal to the responsibility.
<i>tang¹-p'u⁴</i>	當舖	a pawn-shop.
<i>tang¹-shên²-mo¹-ch'ai¹</i>	當甚麼差	what office do you hold ?
<i>tang¹-shih²</i>	當時	at that or this time.
<i>tang¹-shih²-hên³-hao³</i>	當時很好	very good at that time.
<i>tang¹-shih²-kuo⁴-fu²</i>	當時禍福	present weal or woe.
<i>tang¹-shih²-ch'ien²</i>	當時十錢	large Peking cash=10 smaller cash.
<i>tang¹-shih³</i>	當始	at the beginning.
<i>tang¹-tang⁴</i>	當當	to pawn, to pledge.
<i>tang¹-t'ang³</i>	當堂	in open court.
<i>tang¹-tien⁴</i>	當店	a pawn-shop.
<i>tang¹-t'ien¹</i>	當天	this day, to-day.
<i>tang¹-t'ou²</i>	當頭	an article for pawning.
<i>tang¹-ts'ao²-rh²-ti¹</i>	當槽兒的	a wine-shop or eating-house waiter, etc. [kuan ¹].
<i>tang¹-tso⁴</i>	當做	to represent, to stand for.
<i>*tang¹-yang²</i>	當陽	sun in mid-heaven ; in the sun.
<i>tang¹-yu²-tso¹-wu²</i>	當有無	to ignore.
<i>tang¹</i>	金鐘	the sound of a drum or gong.
<i>tang¹-tang¹</i>	鐘鐘	same.
<i>tang¹</i>	車轆	pegs in axle of cart (hou ⁴ tang ¹ ch'ê ¹).
<i>tang¹</i>	玉璫	pendant jewels.
<i>tang¹</i>	衣褶	seat of trousers (k'u ⁴ tang ¹).

TANG ³	手攔	搗	1061a358c	to oppose, to withstand, to impede ; to beat.
<i>tang³</i>		攔		same.
<i>tang³-chia⁴</i>		攔駕		to profess not to wish to receive a visitor.
<i>tang³-cho²-liang⁴-cho²</i>		攔亮著		to stand in the light.

<i>tang³-cho³-tao⁴-êrh³</i>	攔	着道兒	stopping the road.
<i>tang³-chui⁴</i>	攔	攔住人	to stop, to obstruct, to impede.
<i>tang³-jên³</i>	攔	攔人	to stop a person.
<i>tang³-yen³-liao³</i>	攔	攔嚴了	strictly stopped.
<i>tang³</i>	黑	黨 1061c858b	a gang or band; associates; to involve.
<i>tang³-chung³</i>		黨中	in the gang, among the band, etc.
<i>tang³-jên³</i>		黨人	a cabal, a clique (fên ¹ mên ³ chieh ¹ tang ³).

TANG⁴	沖	湯 1062b859a	vast, dissolute.
<i>tang⁴-shui³</i>		湯水	running water.
<i>tang⁴-tzu³</i>		湯子	a profligate (lang ⁴ tzu ³).
<i>tang⁴</i>	木	樑 1061b859a	a frame; cross-beams.
<i>tang⁴-fang³</i>		樑房	Registry department of a Board.

T'ANG¹	水	湯 1063a860a	broth, soup, gravy, sauce, hot water.
<i>t'ang¹-ch'il³</i>		湯匙	a soup ladle.
<i>t'ang¹-jou⁴</i>		湯肉	boiled meat.
<i>t'ang¹-ping³</i>		湯餅	dumplings (flat).
<i>t'ang¹-t'uan³</i>		湯圓	dumplings (round).
<i>t'ang¹-yao⁴</i>		湯藥	broth and medicines, medicines in draught.
<i>t'ang¹</i>	虫	螳 1064c861c	a kind of locust.
<i>t'ang¹-lang³</i>		螳螂	same.
<i>t'ang¹</i>	走	趨 1062c860b	to wade.
<i>t'ang¹-shui³</i>		趨水	to wade through water (ch'a ¹ shui ³).

T'ANG³	土	堂 1063c860b	a hall, a temple, a mansion.
<i>t'ang³-ch'ien³</i>		堂前	front of a hall, parents.
<i>t'ang³-chung³</i>		堂中	in the hall.
<i>t'ang³-hsiung¹-ti⁴</i>		堂兄弟	cousins generally.
<i>t'ang³-k'o⁴</i>		堂客	female guests (kuan ¹ k'o ⁴).
<i>t'ang³-k'ou³</i>		堂口	ability to state or plead a case in court.
<i>t'ang³-kuei¹-yen³-su⁴</i>		堂規嚴肅	the rules of the house are very strict.
<i>t'ang³-kuan¹</i>		堂官	chief of one of the six Boards; a head waiter (tang ³ [ts'ao ² 'rh ² ti ¹]).
<i>t'ang³-ming³</i>		堂名	family-hall name.
<i>t'ang³-p'iao⁴</i>		堂票	warrant (hsin ¹ p'iao ⁴).
<i>t'ang³-shang⁴</i>		堂上	in the hall, in court.
<i>t'ang³-t'ang³</i>		堂堂	good-looking, handsome, etc.
<i>t'ang³-t'ang³-nian³-tzu³</i>		堂堂男子	a respectable gentlemanly person.
<i>t'ang³-tzu³</i>		堂子	a brothel; a bath; a waiter, a hall.
<i>t'ang³-tzu³-mei⁴</i>		堂姊妹	female first cousins on father's side.
<i>t'ang³-wu¹</i>		堂屋	a house generally.
<i>t'ang³-yü⁴</i>		堂諭	a minute or order of court.
<i>t'ang³</i>	口	唐 1065a861a	dissolute; to boast; name of a dynasty.

t'ang²-ch'ao²	唐朝	the T'ang dynasty (from A.D. 620 to A.D. 906).
t'ang²-jên²	唐人	a Chinese (han⁴).
t'ang²-sai⁴	唐塞	to make excuses ; to slur over.
t'ang²-shan¹	唐山	China.
t'ang²-shih¹	唐詩	the Odes of T'ang (A.D. 618-907).
t'ang²-tsung²-tan¹	唐總單	a Chinese " cargo-certificate."
t'ang²-t'u¹	唐突	rash, sudden, precipitate, hasty.
t'ang²	手 僂 搪	1065b861b to ward off a blow ; to stretch, to extend.
t'ang²-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴	搪不過去	unable to parry.
t'ang²-sai⁴	搪塞	to make excuses, to put off ; as payment, etc.
t'ang²-t'o¹	搪拖	to evade, to impose on by false promises.
t'ang²-t'u¹	搪突	sudden, abrupt, hasty.
t'ang²	米 饴 糖	1065b861c sugar, candy, honey.
t'ang²-chiang¹	糖薑	preserved ginger (in sugar).
t'ang²-hu²-lu²	糖葫蘆	candied fruit on bamboo.
t'ang²-kuo¹	糖瓜	sugared melons.
t'ang²-kuo²	糖菓	preserves, preserved fruits.
t'ang²-pao¹	糖包	a bag of sugar.
t'ang²-shuang¹	糖霜	crystals of sugar.
t'ang²-shui²	糖水	treacle.
t'ang²	土 塘	1065b861b a pond or pool.
t'ang²-ch'ih²	塘池	same.
t'ang²-hao¹	塘蒿	celery.
t'ang²	肉 膛	1064c861a the centre of the breast (hsiung¹ t'ang²).
t'ang²-êrh²	膛兒	the centre, the inside, within the-space.
t'ang²-k'ou²	膛口	the muzzle of, the mouth of, the entrance to.
t'ang²	木 棠	1063b861a name of a kind of pear.
t'ang²-li²	棠梨	same.
T'ANG²	身 躺	1063b862b to lie down, to recline.
t'ang²-cho²	躺著	lying down.
t'ang²-hsia⁴	躺下	to lie down (mien² hsia⁴).
t'ang²-hsiang¹	躺箱	a clothes-box.
t'ang²-pu⁴-hsia⁴	躺不下	unable to lie down.
t'ang²-tsai⁴-ch'uang²	躺床上	to lie on a bed.
t'ang²-tsai⁴-ti⁴-hsia⁴	躺地下	to lie on the ground.
t'ang²-wo⁴	躺臥	to lie down and sleep.
t'ang²	車 軸	1063c862c a time, a turn ; an axle ; a ruled line.
t'ang²-chou²	軸	an axle.
t'ang²-êrh²	軸兒	a line ; a track or path for horses to practise on.
t'ang²-rh²-ti¹-ma³	軸兒的馬	a horse used to the " track." Note 85.
t'ang²-tzŭ²	軸子	a line ; a track, or path, etc.
t'ang²-tzŭ²-ma³	軸子馬	a horse used to the " track." See Note 85.

t'ang ³	人	倘	1063b862a	if, but if, should, should it be, suppose.
t'ang ³	人	儻	1065a861c	same (shé ⁴ jo ³ , chia ³ jo ³).
t'ang ³ -hu ³		儻		same.
t'ang ³ -huo ⁴		或		same.
t'ang ³ -jau ³		儻		same.
t'ang ³ -jo ⁴		儻		same.
t'ang ³ -ju ³		儻		same.
t'ang ³ -lai ³ -chih ¹ -wu ⁴		儻	來之物	coming by accident, e. g., money.
t'ang ³ -yu ³ -pieh ³ -jên ³		儻	有別人	if there is another person.
t'ang ³	水	淌	35a28b	to flow ; waves.
t'ang ³ -kou ³		淌	溝	a drain.
t'ang ³ -pu ⁴ -liao ⁴		淌	不掉	(water) can't flow away.
t'ang ³ -shui ³		淌	水	flowing water; water flows (liu ³ shui ³).
t'ang ³	巾	帑	1065c862a	a treasury. See Nu ³ (k'u ⁴).
T'ANG ⁴	火	燙	1063a862	to scald ; a bath.
t'ang ⁴ -ch'a ³ -shui ³		燙	茶水	boiling water for tea.
t'ang ⁴ -jê ⁴ -liao ³		燙	熱了	scalding hot.
t'ang ⁴ -liao ³ -p'ao ⁴ -rh ³		燙	了泡兒	scald blisters.
t'ang ⁴ -shou ³		燙	手	to scald the hand.
t'ang ⁴ -tê ³ -huang ¹		燙	得慌	scalding hot.
t'ang ⁴ -lou ³		燙	斗	a smoothing iron.
t'ang ⁴	皿	盪	1062a859c	tossing about, unsteady, agitated: a bath-tub.
t'ang ⁴ -p'an ³		盪	盤	a bath-tub (hsi ³ tsa ³).
t'ang ⁴ -tzu ³		盪	子	a tailor's chalk-line.
t'ang ⁴	金	錫	○862c	to smooth.
TAO ¹ (t-ü)	刀	刀	1069a865a	a knife, a sword.
tao ¹ -ch'a ¹		刀	叉	knives and forks.
tao ¹ -ch'iao ⁴ -rh ³		刀	鞘兒	a sheath, a scabbard.
tao ¹ -chien ¹		刀	尖	the point of a knife.
tao ¹ -fing ¹		刀	鋒	the point of a sword.
tao ¹ -fu ³ -shou ³		刀	斧手	executioners (kuei ⁴ tzü ³ shou ³).
tao ¹ -hu ⁴ -shou ³		刀	護手	a sword-hilt.
tao ¹ -jên ⁴		刀	刃	the edge of a knife or sword.
tao ¹ -k'ou ³		刀	口	same.
tao ¹ k'ou ³ tun ⁴		刀	口鈍	the edge of the knife is dull.
tao ¹ -k'ua ⁴		刀	快	the knife is sharp.
tao ¹ -li ¹		刀	利	same.
tao ¹ -pa ¹		刀	把	the handle of a knife or sword.
tao ¹ -pei ⁴		刀	背	the back of a knife or sword.
tao ¹ p'ü ³ -hsien ¹ -shêng ¹		刀	筆先生	pungent writer, framer of indictments.
tao ¹ -ping ¹ ssü ¹ -ch'ü ³		刀	兵四起	war arises on every hand.

<i>tao¹-shang¹</i>	刀傷	a cut or wound (from a kuife, etc.).
<i>tao¹-shao²</i>	刀勺	"knives and spoons," kitchen hardware.
<i>tao¹</i>	叨	to talk; to eat; to desire, to covet; addicted to.
<i>tao¹-ai⁴</i>	叨愛	"desirous of your love," desirous.
<i>tao¹-chiao¹</i>	叨教	desirous of instruction.
<i>tao¹-ên¹</i>	叨恩	"to eat bounty," to receive bounty.
<i>tao¹-jao³</i>	叨擾	"thanks," at end of feast.
<i>tao¹-kuang¹</i>	叨光	to solicit one's favour or custom; by your leave.
<i>tao¹-lan⁴</i>	叨濫	my covetousness is insatiable; to desire to do.
<i>tao¹-mêng²</i>	叨蒙	thanks for undeserved benefits; I am obliged to same.
<i>tao¹-mu⁴</i>	叨沐	[you.
<i>tao¹-tao¹</i>	叨叨	loquacious, prosy.

TAO³	手搗	搗	1069c866a	to pound, to beat.
<i>tao³-fan¹-liao³</i>		搗翻了		to thwart.
<i>tao³-i¹</i>		搗衣		to beat clothes when washing them.
<i>tao³-kuei³</i>		搗鬼		"to pound the devil," to soliloquize.
<i>tao³-lan⁴</i>		搗爛		to beat to pieces.
<i>tao³-pai³</i>		搗白		to gossip.
<i>tao³-sui⁴</i>		搗碎		to beat to pieces.
<i>tao³-tui⁴</i>		搗碓		to beat (as rice to take off the husk). [(also 4).
<i>tao³</i>	人	倒	1070b866b	to upset; to pour; to fall; yet. M. 244, 312.
<i>tao³-ch'a²</i>		倒茶		to pour out tea.
<i>tao³-chang⁴</i>		倒賬		to restore an overcharge.
<i>tao³-ch'é¹</i>		倒車		to back up a cart.
<i>tao³-chên¹</i>		倒針		to back-stitch.
<i>tao³-ch'i²-lü²</i>		倒騎驢		to ride a donkey face to tail.
<i>tao³-ch'i⁴</i>		倒氣		to gasp (ch'ou ¹ hsi ²).
<i>tao³-chiao²</i>		倒嚼		to chew the cud (as cows).
<i>tao³-ch'u¹</i>		倒出		to pour out.
<i>tao³-ch'u¹-lai³</i>		倒出來		same.
<i>tao³-chüan³</i>		倒捲		to roll up backwards.
<i>tao³-chüan⁴</i>		倒圈		a cattle epidemic.
<i>tao⁴-hao³</i>		倒好		is yet good, is still good.
<i>tao⁴-fan³-liao³</i>		倒反了		on the contrary. M. 312.
<i>tao⁴-hsüan²</i>		倒懸		inverted, hung upside-down; to suffer injustice.
<i>tao³-huan⁴</i>		倒換		to exchange.
<i>tao³-kuo⁴-lai²</i>		倒過來		turned over, turn end for end (fan ² kuo ⁴ lai ²).
<i>tao³-liao³</i>		倒了		fell down; upside down.
<i>tao³-liu²-rh²</i>		倒了兒		a siphon.
<i>tao³-mei²</i>		倒眉		to have ill-luck (mei ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
<i>tao³-pu⁴-liao³</i>		倒了了		it will not fall, etc.
<i>tao³-t'a¹</i>		倒塌		to fall down; thrown down.

tao ³ -lao ³ -ch'ing ³	倒倒情	to return kindness.
tao ³ -lao ³ -hsien ³ -hsien ³	倒倒險險	unsteady.
tao ³ -tien ⁴	倒店	to vacate an inn for another guest.
tao ³ -tsai ¹ -ts'ung ¹	倒栽葱	upside down (fig.).
tao ³ -tsai ⁴ -ch'uang ³ -shang ¹	倒在床上	to lie down in bed.
tao ³ -ts'ao ³	倒草	to chew the cud.
tao ³ -ts'o ⁴	倒座	rooms facing the main buildings.
tao ³ -t'ui ⁴	倒退	to step back, to retire.
tao ³ -wo ⁴	倒臥	to lie down; to drop dead (with cold, <small>[etc.]</small> , hunger,
tao ³ -yin ² -tzu ³	倒臥子	to pour silver into moulds,
tao ³ -yn ³	倒有	still there is, there is yet.
tao ³ -yün ⁴	倒運	ill-luck; a change of luck (tao ³ mei ²).
tao ³	手搗	to reel, to wind; to beat, to pound.
tao ³ -hsien ⁴	搗線	to reel or wind silk.
tao ³ -pa ¹	搗把	to buy when cheap in anticipation of a <small>[price]</small> rise in
tao ³ -sü ¹	搗絲	to wind silk.
tao ³	示禱	to pray, to entreat, to supplicate.
tao ³ -kao ⁴	禱告	same (ch'i ² tao ³ , ch'iu ² kao ⁴).
tao ³ -chu ⁴	禱祝	same.
tao ³ (t'zū)	山島	an island (hai ³ tao ³).
TAO ⁴	是道	road, way; to speak; reason.
tao ⁴ -chiao ⁴	道教	the doctrine of Taoism.
tao ⁴ -chieh ³	道解	to explain (chieh ³ shuo ¹).
tao ⁴ -hang ³	道行	skill in any art, craft or vice.
tao ⁴ -hsü ³	道喜	to congratulate (ch'ing ⁴ ho ⁴).
tao ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	道謝	to thank (kan ² hsieh ⁴).
tao ⁴ -hsiao ² -hsien ¹ -shêng ¹	道學先生	an exemplary gentleman.
tao ⁴ -hsiao ² -yüan ⁴	道學院	a college (theological).
tao ⁴ -i ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -chiao ¹	道義相交	conscientiousness and duty together.
tao ⁴ -jên ²	道人	a Taoist.
tao ⁴ -kuan ¹	道官	an official in charge of Taoist temples, priest, etc.
tao ⁴ -kuan ¹ -ku ³ -chin ¹	道冠古今	(the sage's) doctrine caps all ages.
tao ⁴ -li ³	道理	right principles, reason, right.
tao ⁴ -lu ⁴	道路	roads and ways, a way.
tao ⁴ -nao ³	道惱	condolence in case of death (tiao ⁴ sang ¹).
tao ⁴ -p'ao ²	道袍	a Taoist priest's robe.
tao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ³ -i ¹	道不拾衣	{ if clothing were dropped on the road no one would pick it up, i. e., golden age.
tao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -yüan ¹ -jên ²	道不遠人	the way is not far from any man.
tao ⁴ -shih ³	道時	the seasons.
tao ⁴ -shih ⁴	道士	a Taoist priest (ho ³ shang ¹).
tao ⁴ -ta ³	道達	to mediate; to inform, to state

tao ⁴ -t'ai ³	道臺	intendant of circuit. G. 280 (shou ³ hsün ² tao ⁴).
tao ⁴ -t'an ²	道談	to converse, to chat.
tao ⁴ -tao ⁴ -to ¹	道道多	well-informed (t'ung ¹ ta ²).
tao ⁴ -té ² -ching ¹	道德經	classic of Tao, ascribed to Lao-tzü.
tao ⁴ -t'ing ¹ -t'u ² -shuo ¹	道聽途說	rumours, scandal ; it is all over the place.
tao ⁴ -t'u ²	道途	a road.
tao ⁴	刀 到	to arrive ; to go or come ; to reach to. M. 195.
tao ⁴ -chi ² -ch'u ⁴	到極處	to the last degree.
tao ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	到處	every place, everywhere (man ² ch'u ⁴ , pien ⁴ [ch'u ⁴]).
tao ⁴ -kuo ⁴	到過	to have been.
tao ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -mei ² -yu ³	到過沒有	have you been there ?
ao ⁴ -liao ³	到了	arrived.
tao ⁴ -liao ³ -r'h ²	到了兒	at last, after all. M. 364.
tao ⁴ -liao ³ -mei ² -yu ³	到了沒有	is it or he, arrived ? etc.
tao ⁴ -mo ⁴ -liao ³	到末了	at the last.
tao ⁴ -na ⁴ -r'h ² -ch'ü ⁴	到那兒去	where are you going ?
tao ⁴ -na ⁴ -r'h ² -ch'ü ⁴	到那兒去	go there !
tao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	到不了	unable to arrive.
tu ⁴ pu ⁴ -liao ³ -tí ³	到不了底	can't get to the bottom of (chui ¹ pu ⁴ tao ⁴).
tao ⁴ -shou ³	到手	to come to hand, to receive.
tao ⁴ -so ³ -i ³ -jan ³	到所以然	uttermost (tao ⁴ chi ² ch'u ⁴)
tao ⁴ -lé ² -liao ³	到底了	able to arrive. [ever (chiu ¹ ching ⁴).
tao ⁴ -ti ³	到底	to the bottom ; at last, after all ; yet, still, how-
tao ⁴ -ti ⁴	到此	down to the ground ; to the place.
tao ⁴ -tz'ü ³	到此	up to this time, till this time ; to this place, etc.
tao ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴ -jih ⁴	到此日	till next day.
tao ⁴ -yüeh ⁴ -t'ou ² -r'h ²	到月頭兒	till the beginning of the month.
tao ⁴ (tz'ü)	禾 稻	rice, paddy,
tao ⁴ -k'ang ¹	稻糠	husks of rice (dust, etc., after threshing rice).
tao ⁴ -mi ³	稻米	rice.
tao ⁴ -p'i ² -tz'ü ³	稻皮子	rice husks.
tao ⁴ -ts'ao ³	稻草	rice straw.
tao ⁴	皿 盜	to rob, to plunder, to pilfer, to steal.
tao ⁴ -chih ¹	盜跖	a famous robber.
tao ⁴ -ch'ieh ⁴	盜竊	to steal, to pilfer.
tao ⁴ -ch'ü ² -ts'ai ² -wu ⁴	盜取財物	to steal property.
tao ⁴ -k'ou ⁴	盜寇	pillagers, thieves, rebels, etc.
tao ⁴ -tsei ²	盜賊	a thief, thieves (ch'iang ³ tao ⁴).
tao ⁴ -wu ⁴	盜物	to steal things.
tao ⁴	寸 導	to guide, to direct, to point out ; to induce.
tao ⁴ -yin ³	導引	to lead, to guide, to direct (yin ³ tao ⁴).

<i>tao¹-ch'ien²</i>	掏錢	to hand out money.
<i>tao¹-ching³</i>	掏井	to clean out a well (<i>wa² ching²</i>).
<i>t'ao¹-ch'u²-lai²</i>	掏出來	to pull out of.
<i>t'ao¹-érh²-to³</i>	掏耳朵	to pick the ears.
<i>t'ao¹-kou¹</i>	掏溝	to clean out a drain.
<i>t'ao¹-shui³</i>	掏水	to bale out water (<i>yao² shui³</i>).
<i>t'ao¹</i>	水 滔	to flow; water gradually rising.
<i>t'ao¹-t'ao¹-pu⁴-tuan⁴</i>	滔滔不斷	unceasing flow.
<i>t'ao¹-t'ao¹-shui³-liu³</i>	滔滔水流	rising and flowing of water.
<i>t'ao¹-t'ao¹-wu²-ch'iu²</i>	滔滔無窮	unceasing flow.
<i>t'ao¹-t'ien¹</i>	滔天	rising to heaven (<i>ch'ung¹ t'ien¹</i>).
<i>t'ao¹-t'ien¹-ta⁴-huo⁴</i>	滔天大禍	an awful calamity.
<i>t'ao¹</i>	韋袋 韜	a quiver, a sheath or scabbard; wide, broad.
<i>t'ao¹-kuang¹</i>	韜光	possessing ability but kept to one's self.
<i>t'ao¹-liao⁴</i>	韜畧	tactics, stratagems, devices (<i>ping¹ ts'é⁴</i>).
<i>t'ao¹</i>	糸緙 條	fringe, edging; a plaited sash
<i>t'ao¹-t'ü³</i>	條子	same.
<i>t'ao¹-t'ü³-pien⁴</i>	條子辮	silk braided in the queue.
T'AO²	是逃 逃	to run away, to abscond, to escape.
<i>t'ao²-ch'ü⁴</i>	逃去	to run away.
<i>t'ao²-fan³-ti¹</i>	逃反的	fleeing rebels.
<i>t'ao²-fan⁴</i>	逃犯	an escaped prisoner.
<i>t'ao²-hsiao²</i>	逃學	a truant (<i>hua² hsiao²</i>).
<i>t'ao²-hsiu²</i>	逃兇	an escaped murderer.
<i>t'ao²-huang¹</i>	逃荒	to leave a place on account of famine, etc.
<i>t'ao²-jên²</i>	逃人	fugitives (as from prison or a lost battle).
<i>t'ao²-ming⁴</i>	逃命	to fly for one's life.
<i>t'ao²-nan⁴</i>	逃難	an escape from difficulty or distress (<i>pi⁴-nan⁴</i>).
<i>t'ao²-ni⁴</i>	逃匿	to abscond, to run away.
<i>t'ao²-p'ao³</i>	逃跑	to run, to fly (as a prisoner).
<i>t'ao²-pi⁴</i>	逃避	to avoid, to shun.
<i>t'ao²-ping¹</i>	逃兵	deserters (soldiers) (<i>chün¹ t'ao²</i>).
<i>t'ao²-pu⁴-ch'u¹</i>	逃不出	cannot escape.
<i>t'ao²-pu⁴-t'o¹</i>	逃不脫	unable to escape.
<i>t'ao²-san⁴</i>	逃散	to disperse (as fugitives).
<i>t'ao²-shê³</i>	逃捨	to desert.
<i>t'ao²-shêng¹</i>	逃生	to fly for one's life.
<i>t'ao²-to³</i>	逃躲	to run away and hide one's self
<i>t'ao²-tsou³</i>	逃走	to run away.
<i>t'ao²-tsuan⁴</i>	逃竄	to fly from one place to another-(as fugitives);
<i>t'ao²-tun⁴</i>	逃遁	to skulk off.
<i>t'ao²-wang³</i>	逃亡	fled, run away; to abscond.

- t'ao² (t'zǎ) 木 桃 1072aS70a the peach.
 t'ao²-ho² 桃核 peach stones.
 t'ao²-hua¹-chih³ 桃花紙 peach-blossom paper.
 t'ao²-hua¹-fên¹ 桃花粉 peach-blossom cosmetic.
 t'ao²-hua¹-lang⁴ 桃花浪 a profligate.
 t'ao²-hua¹-shui² 桃花水 water in spring from snow melting, etc.
 t'ao²-hua¹-yün⁴ 桃花運 peach-blossom destiny. Note 86.
 t'ao²-hung² 桃紅 peach red.
 t'ao²-jên² 桃仁 peach kernels.
 t'ao²-li³ 桃李 "peaches and plums," to recommend a person.
 t'ao²-sai¹-hsing⁴-yen² 桃腮杏眼 peach cheeks and apricot eyes.
 t'ao²-yüan² 桃園 a peach orchard.
 t'ao²-yüeh⁴ 桃月 "peach month," the 3rd month. See Note 32.
 t'ao² 水 淘 1073cS70a to wash rice; to scour; to stir; to excite.
 t'ao²-ch'í⁴ 淘氣 to make mischief; mischievous; to fidget; fidgetty
 t'ao²-ching³ 淘井 to clean out a well (t'ao¹ ching³). [(sa¹ p'ó¹).
 t'ao²-ching⁴-liao³ 淘淨了 cleaned out.
 t'ao²-mi³ 淘米 to wash rice.
 t'ao²-sha¹-chien⁴-chin¹ 淘沙見金 scour sand for gold.
 t'ao²-shên² 淘神 mischievous.
 t'ao²-yang²-kou¹ 淘陽溝 to dig an open ditch.
 t'ao² 阜 陶 1074aS69b a furnace; earthenware; to melt; to transform.
 t'ao²-ch'í⁴ 陶器 earthenware.
 t'ao²-hua⁴ 陶化 to melt (as metals).
 t'ao²-yang³ 陶養 to nourish; to admonish.
 t'ao² 艸 萄 1073cS69c the grape (p'u² t'ao²).
 t'ao²-chiu² 萄酒 wine made of grapes.
 t'ao²-kan¹ 萄乾 raisins, dried grapes.
 t'ao²-t'êng² 萄藤 the grape vine.
- T'AO³ 言 討 1074bS71a to demand; to direct; to seek.
 t'ao³-chai⁴-kuei² 討債鬼 a spirit which claims a debt.
 t'ao³-chan⁴ 討戰 to excite to war; to go to battle.
 t'ao³-chang⁴ 討賬 to demand one's money, to collect accounts.
 t'ao³-ch'ing² 討情 to ask favors.
 t'ao³-ch'in² 討求 to seek for; to entreat.
 t'ao³ fan⁴ 討飯 "demand rice," to beg.
 t'ao³-fan⁴-ti¹ 討飯的 beggars (yao⁴ fan⁴ ti¹, ch'í³ kai⁴).
 t'ao³-jao² 討饒 to partake of a feast.
 t'ao³-jao³ 討擾 to cause trouble or confusion (ta³ chiao³).
 t'ao³-jên²-hsi²-huan¹ 討人喜歡 to seek to please people.
 t'ao³-jên²-hsien² 討人嫌 to cause persons to feel dissatisfaction, etc.
 t'ao³-l'uei⁴ 討愧 to be ashamed (pao³ k'uei⁴).

t'ao³-lun⁴
 t'ao³-pao³
 t'ao³-shang³
 t'ao³-ta³
 t'ao³-tsei²
 t'ao³-yao⁴
 t'ao³-yen⁴

論
 討保
 討賞
 討打
 討賊
 討要
 討厭

to correct (as a letter), to scrutinize, to search to require a guarantee or bail. [into].
 to ask for a reward or gratuity.
 itching for a beating.
 to exterminate thieves.
 to demand, to press for.
 to cause dislike or disgust.

T'AO⁴

大

套 1074c871b

t'ao⁴-ch'ê¹
 t'ao⁴-chien¹-êrh³
 t'ao⁴-ch'üan³
 t'ao⁴-êrh⁴-t'ao⁴-ch'ê¹
 t'ao⁴-fang²-tzu³
 t'ao⁴-hua⁴
 t'ao⁴-i¹
 t'ao⁴-k'u⁴
 t'ao⁴-kuan¹
 t'ao⁴-liao³-ch'ü⁴
 t'ao⁴-ma³
 t'ao⁴-ma³.kan¹
 t'ao⁴-pan³
 t'ao⁴-pei⁴-lang³
 t'ao⁴-tzu³
 t'ao⁴-yen³
 t'ao⁴-yen²-pu⁴.hsü⁴

套車
 套兒
 套拳
 套二套車
 套房
 套子
 套話
 套衣
 套褲
 套棺
 套了去
 套馬
 套馬杆
 套板
 套背
 套子
 套言
 套言不叙

an envelope, a case; a noose; a head-stall.
 to harness, to get a cart ready (hsieh⁴ ch'ê¹).
 a small study.
 to box, to practice boxing.
 to harness up a 2-mule-cart.
 a room opening into another (êrh³ fang²).
 compliments of the day, etc; cross-examination
 outer clothing, overcoats. [hsü¹ t'ao⁴].
 leggings, overalls (ch'u⁴ k'u⁴).
 a shell, an outer coffin.
 wormed out.
 to lasso a horse.
 a lasso. planks.
 printing in two colours on one page; coffin
 stranglers, garotters.
 a noose, snare for catching birds.
 compliments of the day.
 needn't pass compliments (proceed to business).

TÉ²

千

得 1075a872a

té²-ch'i²-so³-tsai⁴
 té²-chin⁴
 té²-chiu⁴
 té²-chuan⁴
 té²-ch'ung³
 té²-êrh²-fu¹-shih¹
 té²-hsiang⁴
 té²-hsin¹-ying¹-shou³
 té²-i¹.wang⁴-êrh⁴
 té²-i⁴
 té²-i⁴-wang²-yen³
 té²-k'ung⁴-êrh³
 té²-kuo⁴-ch'ieh³-kuo⁴
 té²-li
 té²-liao³

得其所
 得斤
 得救
 得賺
 得寵
 得而復失
 得項
 得心應手
 得一望二
 得意
 得意忘言
 得空
 得兒
 得過
 得且過
 得利
 得了

to get, to have, to succeed, to do. See *tei*³. M. [133].
 he has got to his place (Mencius).
 advantageous application of strength.
 to be saved.
 to earn, to gain.
 to be in favor, to be indulged.
 to get and lose again.
 advantages, emoluments, perquisites,
 the hand responds to the heart.
 to gain one, and then want two.
 to get one's wish.
 when he got his wish he forgot his words.
 to have leisure for.
 to evade, to shirk.
 to get profit or advantage.
 enough! all right!

tê²-liao²-p'ien²-i¹
 tê²-liao³-to¹-shao³
 tê²-mêng²-ên¹
 tê²-ping⁴
 tê²-pu⁴-chao²
 tê²-pu⁴-chin¹-pu⁴
 tê²-shêng⁴
 tê²-shih¹
 tê²-shih²
 tê²-shou³
 tê²-shou³-hsi⁴
 tê²-ti³-pu⁴
 tê²-t'ien¹-hsia⁴
 tê²-uo⁴
 tê²-t'ui²
 tê²-tsuì¹
 tê²-tsuì¹-liao³-ni³
 tê²-tzū³
 tê²-wei¹
 tê²-yü²-wang²-ch'üan²
 tê² 彳 德 107Ga871a
 tê²-hsing⁴
 tê²-hua¹-liu²-hsing²
 tê²-kno²
 tê²-li⁴-fêng¹

得了便宜
 得了多少
 得得蒙恩
 得得病
 得得不着
 得得步進步
 得得勝
 得得失
 得得時
 得得手
 得得手戲
 得得手地步
 得得天下
 得得道
 得得財
 得得罪
 得得罪了你
 得得子
 得得位
 得得魚忘筌
 德 德行
 德化流行
 德國
 德風

obtained advantages.
 how much have you obtained ?
 to receive grace.
 to become sick (huan⁴ ping⁴).
 unable to obtain or succeed.
 still forward.
 to vanquish, to conquer. [out ?
 gain or loss; success or failure; how will it turn
 in luck; in favor.
 to get an opportunity or advantage.
 great ability.
 to have made a fortune.
 to get the throne.
 to discover the true doctrine.
 to make money, to obtain wealth (fa¹ ts'ui⁴).
 to offend; to beg pardon (tui⁴ pu⁴ ch'ü³).
 I beg your pardon.
 to have a son born to me.
 to obtain a seat, situation or throne.
 (fig.) get the fish and forget the creel.
 virtue, kindness; abundance.
 virtuous conduct.
 spread of beneficent influence.
 Prussia (pu⁴ kuo²).
 telephone.

TĒ⁴

牛

特 1077b872a
 特薦
 特遣
 特旨
 特求指示
 特出存票
 特夫
 特婦
 特意
 特意作的
 特來
 特立
 特示
 特授
 特特的
 特此
 特為

t'ê⁴-chüen⁴
 t'ê⁴-ch'ien³
 t'ê⁴-chih³
 t'ê⁴-ch'iu²-chih¹-shih⁴
 t'ê⁴ ch'u¹ ts'un²-p'iao⁴
 t'ê⁴-fu¹
 t'ê⁴-fu⁴
 t'ê⁴-i⁴
 t'ê⁴-i⁴-tso⁴-ti¹
 t'ê⁴-lai³
 t'ê⁴-lî⁴
 t'ê⁴-shih⁴
 t'ê⁴-shou⁴
 t'ê⁴-t'ê¹-ti¹
 t'ê⁴-tz'ü³
 t'ê⁴-wei²

special, particular; on purpose. M. 472.
 to specially recommend, etc.
 specially despatched.
 a special decree.
 specially ask for guidance.
 a "special drawback."
 my husband.
 my wife.
 purposely, intentionally (ch'u³ hsin¹).
 done on purpose (p'ien¹ p'ien¹, chuan¹-wei¹).
 to come purposely.
 to stand alone.
 a special proclamation.
 to specially appoint an official.
 specially, particularly.
 only concerns this, especially this.
 specially to, in order particularly.

t'é ⁴ -wei ³ -ché ⁴ -ko ⁴	特爲這個	specialy applies to this.
t'é ⁴ -wei ³ -ti ³ -shih ⁴	特爲的是	specialy, on purpose to. [doubt.
t'é ⁴	心忒	special, particular; to exceed; to change; to
t'é ⁴	心忒	infirm of purpose, timidity, palpitation.
TEI ¹ (ti)	金鑷	a point; tweezers.
TEI ³	彳得	must, must be, must have. See t'é ³ .
tei ³ -yu ³	得有	must be or have.
T EI ²	頁頽	broken down. Also t'ui ² .
t'ei ² -pai ⁴	頽敗	in ruins, broken down.
T'ÉNG ¹	登	to ascend; to place higher (shêng ¹).
t'êng ¹ -an ⁴	登岸	to ascend a bank; to go on shore.
t'êng ¹ -ch'êng ³	登程	to commence a journey.
t'êng ¹ -chi ¹	登基	to ascend a throne.
t'êng ¹ -chi ²	登極	same.
t'êng ¹ -chi ⁴	登記	to record.
t'êng ¹ -chou ¹	登州	T'êng-chow in Shantung.
t'êng ¹ -kao ¹	登高	to ascend high; festival 9th of 9th moon.
t'êng ¹ -kao ¹ -tzu ⁴ -pi ¹	登高自卑	to gradually rise.
t'êng ¹ k'o ¹	登科	to gain the M.A. degree (chung ⁴ 中 chü ⁴).
t'êng ¹ -k'ung ¹	登空	to fly aloft (t'êng ² k'ung ¹).
t'êng ¹ -lung ² -wei ⁴	登龍位	to ascend the imperial throne.
t'êng ¹ -mén ² -pa ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	登門拜謝	I have come to return thanks.
t'êng ¹ -mén ² -jên ⁴ -ts'o ⁴	登門認錯	to go to and confess fault.
t'êng ¹ -pang ¹	登榜	to obtain literary rank (as chü-jên, etc.).
t'êng ¹ -shan ¹	登山	to ascend a hill.
t'ung ¹ -shan ¹ -p'a ² -ling ²	登山爬嶺	ascending mountains (bad road).
t'êng ¹ -shih ² -chien ¹	登時	in a moment, in no time (sha ¹ shih ² chien ¹).
t'êng ¹ -t'ai ² -yen ² -hsi ¹	登臺演戲	to mount the stage and rehearse.
t'êng ¹ -t'an ² -pai ⁴ -chiang ⁴	登壇拜將	to mount the altar and worship the general.
t'êng ¹ -t'i ¹ -p'a ² -kao ¹	登梯爬高	to mount the ladder, and climb high.
t'êng ¹ -t'ien ¹	登天	to ascend to heaven.
t'êng ¹ -wei ⁴	登位	to ascend the throne (shêng ¹ tso ⁴).
t'êng ¹	火燈	a light, a lamp, a lantern.
t'êng ¹ -chao ⁴ -rh ³	燈罩兒	a lamp shade.
t'êng ¹ -chieh ³	燈節	the feast of lanterns on the 15th of the first moon.
t'êng ¹ -chu ³ -hui ¹ -huang ²	燈燭輝煌	brilliant lights.
t'êng ¹ -ch'ui ¹ -t'ung ³	燈吹筒	a blow-pipe (used by silver-smiths, etc) [made.
t'êng ¹ -hsin ¹ -ts'ao ³	燈心草	the wick of a lamp; rushes of which wicks are
t'êng ¹ -hu ³	燈虎	riddle on lanterns.

têng ¹ -hua ¹	燈花	a lamp wick.
têng ¹ -huo ³	燈火	the light of a lamp.
têng ¹ -kua ⁴ -i ³	燈掛椅	a high-backed chair.
têng ¹ -lung ²	燈籠	a lantern.
têng ¹ -lung ² -fu ²	燈籠夫	the official's lantern-bearers.
têng ¹ -lung ² -k'u ⁴ -tzū ³	燈籠褲子	pants in tatters.
têng ¹ -mi ² -r'h ²	燈謎兒	riddles, puzzles, enigmas.
têng ¹ -o ² -tzū ³	燈蛾子	the common candle moth (p'u ¹ têng ¹ o ²).
têng ¹ -t' a ³	燈塔	a light-house.
têng ¹ -t' ai ²	燈臺	a lamp post or stand.
têng ¹ -t' i ²	燈題	a riddle, an enigma.
têng ¹ -ts' ao ³	燈草	lamp-wicks; rushes of which wicks are made.
têng ¹ -yu ²	燈油	lamp oil.

TÈNG³

竹

等 1079b863b

têng ³ -chī ²	等級	to wait; class, kind. M. 574 (hou ⁴).
têng ³ -cho ² -ming ² -jih ⁴	等着明日	a rank, a degree.
têng ³ -hou ⁴	等候	wait till to-morrow.
têng ³ -hsiang ⁴	等項	to wait for.
têng ³ -hsien ²	等閒	sorts, kinds.
têng ³ -i ¹ -hui ² -r'h ²	等一會兒	common, ordinary.
têng ³ -i ¹ -têng ³	等一等	wait a little.
têng ³ -lei ¹	等類	same.
têng ³ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴	等不上	and such like.
têng ³ -pu ⁴ -li ¹	等不的 (得)	can't wait for.
têng ³ -ssū ⁴	等俟	cannot wait.
têng ³ -tai ¹	等待	to wait, to stay.
têng ³ -tao ⁴ -ming ² -r'h ²	等到明兒	same.
têng ³ -têng ³	等等	wait till to-morrow.
têng ³ -têng ³ -pu ⁴ -i ¹	等等不一	and such, and such. M. 574.
têng ³ -t' i ⁴	等等第	same.
têng ³ -tz' ũ ⁴ -jih ⁴	等等次日	in proper succession or order.
têng ³ -yang ⁴	等樣	wait till to-morrow.
têng ³ -yin ¹	等因	kinds, sorts.
têng ³ -yü ²	等語	and such like causes.
têng ³ (tzū)	戛	at end of a quotation.

[p'ing²).small steelyard for weighing money (t'ien¹)TÈNG⁴

目

瞪 1078c864c

têng ⁴ -cho ² -yen ³	瞪着眼	to open the eyes wide, to stare.
têng ⁴ -ch' i ³ -yen ³ -lai ²	瞪起眼來	staring, to stare (chih ² yen ³).
têng ⁴ yen ³	瞪眼	to raise the eyes and stare.
têng ⁴	澄	to stare (chêng ¹ yen ³).
têng ⁴ -ch' ieh ²	澄茄	clear, limpid; still pure water. (Also ch'êng ²).

水

澄 71c78b

cubeb.

têng ⁴ -ch'ing ³	澄清	to cleanse ; limpid, clear.
têng ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	澄出去	strained out or clarified. (Also ch'êng ³).
têng ⁴ -kan ¹ -liao ³	澄乾了	cleared out.
têng ⁴ (tzü)	金 鐙 1079a864b	stirrup irons.
têng ⁴ (tzü)	几 凳 1079a863c	a stool, a form, a bench.
têng ⁴	石 磴 1078a864a	stone steps, stairs ; lofty, precipitous.
T'ĒNG ²	言 騰 1080c864a	to ascend ; to lift ; to transfer. M. 495.
t'êng ² -ch'ing ² -ti ¹	騰清的	to copy clearly ; clearly copied.
t'êng ² -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	騰出來	to copy out (ch'uo ¹ t'êng ²).
t'êng ² -hsieh ³	騰寫	to copy.
t'êng ² -hsieh ³ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	騰寫出來	same.
t'êng ² -lu ⁴	騰錄	a copyist.
t'êng ² -shu ¹	騰書	to copy a letter, etc.
t'êng ²	疔 疼 1081a865b	pain, sore ; kindly feeling, affection, love.
t'êng ² -ai ⁴	疼愛	to love tenderly, fond ; to take an interest in.
t'êng ² -pu ⁴ .t'êng ²	疼不疼	is it painful? etc.
t'êng ² -ssü ¹ -ssü ¹ -ti ¹	疼絲絲的	very painful.
t'êng ² -ssü ³	疼死	to die of grief, pain or love.
t'êng ² -t'ung ⁴	疼痛	pain, in pain ; to love tenderly.
t'êng ² (tzü)	竹 籐 1080b864a	cane.
t'êng ² -ch'ü ⁴	籐器	rattan ware.
t'êng ² -hsien ⁴	籐線	strips of cane.
t'êng ² -huang ²	籐黃	gamboge.
t'êng ² -jou ⁴	籐肉	split rattans.
t'êng ² -p'ai ²	籐牌	a cane shield (tun ⁴ p'ai ²).
t'êng ² -p'ai ² -shou ³	籐牌手	sword and shield soldiers.
t'êng ²	馬 鞍 騰 1080c864c	to ascend, to rise ; to lift ; to transfer. M. 495.
t'êng ² -fung ²	騰房	to remove from a house (notice to quit).
t'êng ² -k'ung ¹	騰空	to ascend to the sky (têng ¹ k'ung ¹).
t'êng ² -no ²	騰挪	to transfer.
t'êng ² -shou ³	騰手	to free for other work.
t'êng ² -yün ² -chia ⁴ -wu ⁴	騰雲駕霧	mounted on the clouds.
t'êng ² (tzü)	艸 籐 1080c865a	cane, vines, creepers.
t'êng ² -lo ² -shu ⁴	籐蘿樹	the wistaria.
T'ĒNG ¹	木 櫪 1079a863c	a stool or bench (pan ³ t'êng ⁴ or têng ⁴).
TI ¹	人 亘 低 1081b877b	low, mean ; to droop, to bend.
ti ¹ -ang ³	低昂	low and high.
ti ¹ -chia ⁴	低價	low in price (chien ⁴).
ti ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	低處	a low place, inferiority.
ti ¹ -hsia ⁴	低下	low, mean.

ti¹-hsia⁴-ti¹-jên² 低下的人
 ti¹-h¹ti² 低回
 ti¹-i¹-ko²-hsieh² 低一格寫
 ti¹-la¹-la¹-ti¹ 低拉拉的
 ti¹-p¹'in³ 低品
 ti¹-san¹-hsia¹-s²ũ⁴ 低三下四
 ti¹-shêng¹ 低聲
 ti¹-shêng¹-hsia⁴-ch¹'i⁴ 低聲下氣
 ti¹-shou²-hsia¹-hsin¹ 低首下心
 ti¹-ti¹-shuo¹ 低低說
 ti¹-t'ou² 低頭
 ti¹-t'ou²-han⁴ 低頭漢
 ti¹-wa¹ 低窪
 ti¹-wei¹ 低僞
 ti¹-wei¹²-hsia⁴-chien⁴ 低微下賤
 ti¹-yen² 低言
 ti¹ 水 滴 10S3b901c
 ti¹-ch'ü¹n¹ 滴出
 ti¹-li⁴ 滴瀝
 ti¹-li¹n¹-li¹n¹-ti¹ 滴溜溜的
 ti¹-lou⁴ 滴漏
 ti¹-shui³ 滴水
 ti¹-shui³-ch'êng²-ping¹ 滴水成冰
 ti¹-ta³ 滴打
 ti¹-ti¹ 滴滴
 ti¹-ti¹-ta³-ta³ 滴滴打打
 ti¹ 阜 堤 10S3a377a
 ti¹ 土 堤 10S2c877a
 ti¹-ai² 堤埃
 ti¹-an⁴ 堤岸
 ti¹-fang² 堤防
 ti¹-niu²-tzũ³ 堤牛子
 ti¹ 白 的 10S8b900a
 ti¹-ch'üeh⁴ 的確
 ti¹-hsin⁴ 的信
 ti¹-jan² 的然
 ti³-pi³ 的筆

a menial, a servant.
 to bend the head and revolve in the mind.
 one space lower down.
 overcome with grief.
 a low class.
 at the beck and call of others.
 a low tone of voice.
 meek and submissive.
 to be submissive.
 to speak low, to whisper. [fu³ shou²].
 to bend or hang down the head (ch'ui² t'ou²),
 a man who walks with his head down.
 a low-lying place.
 fictitious, not real, not genuine.
 humble, mean.
 to whisper.
 a drop; to drop, to drip.
 to leak or drip out (lou⁴).
 to drop, to drip.
 round, bulging, glaring.
 to leak or drip out.
 the dropping of water.
 "dropping water becomes ice," very cold.
 to drop, to drip.
 same.
 same. [bridge].
 an embankment, a shore; a limit; a fence; a
 same.
 an embankment (ho² pa⁴).
 bank of a river or canal (ho² ti¹).
 barriers, defences; to guard against.
 piles of earth on top of dyke.
 sign of the possessive; real. M. 10, 46, 57, 92.
 true; certain.
 true; belief.
 clear, easily perceived.
 an autograph.

TI² 女 嫡 10S3a901c
 ti²-ch'ü¹ 嫡妻
 ti²-hsiung¹ 嫡兄
 ti²-mu³ 嫡母
 ti²-shih⁴ 嫡室

the lawful wife.
 same.
 elder brothers (when concubines have younger).
 a wife (addressed by a concubine's children).
 a lawful wife.

ti ² -shu ⁴	嫡庶	wife and concubine.
ti ² -ti ⁴	嫡弟子	younger brothers (when concubine has older).
ti ² -tzü ³	嫡子	the children of the lawful wife, legitimate children.
ti ²	敵	an opponent, an enemy; an equal; to oppose. [dren.
ti ² -chan ⁴	敵戰	to fight in battle.
ti ² -chu ⁴	敵住	to oppose, to withstand (ch'ou ² ti ²).
ti ² -kuo ²	敵國	an enemy's country; an independent country.
ti ² -lou ²	敵樓	a citadel.
ti ² -p'ei ⁴	敵配	an equal, a match, a pair.
ti ² -ping ¹	敵兵	the enemy's troops.
ti ² -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -t a ¹	敵不過他	cannot oppose him successfully.
ti ² -shou ³	敵手	an equal, a match for.
ti ² -tang ³	敵擋	to oppose, to withstand.
ti ² -t'i ³	敵體	equals; husband and wife.
ti ²	手抵	to oppose; to butt; to substitute; to bear; to [arrive.
ti ² -chang ³	抵掌	to clap the hands (p'ai ¹ chang ⁴).
ti ² -chang ⁴	抵賬	to settle an account, to outset (suan ⁴ chang ⁴).
ti ² -ch'ang ³	抵償	to forfeit one's life (ch'ang ² ming ⁴).
ti ² -chên ¹	抵針	"oppose needle," a thimble (ting ³ chên ¹).
ti ² -ch'êng ³	抵城	arrived at a city.
ti ² -chiang ³	抵港	to arrive at a port.
ti ² -chih ⁴	抵至	arrived.
ti ² -huan ⁴	抵換	to substitute (ting ³ t'i ⁴).
ti ² -ming ⁴	抵命	to forfeit one's life.
ti ² -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	抵不住	unable to bear or sustain.
ti ² tang ³	抵擋	to oppose, to hinder.
ti ² -tao ⁴	抵到	to arrive, arrived.
ti ² -t'ui ⁴	抵罪	to bear the blame.
ti ²	米糶	to buy rice or grain.
ti ² -liang ³	糶糧	to buy grain (ch'u ¹ t'iao ⁴).
ti ² -mi ³	糶米	to buy rice.
ti ² -t'iao ⁴	糶糶	to buy grain and to sell grain.
ti ²	犬狄	Mongolians; the northern regions.
ti ² -kuo ³	狄國	the northern countries.
ti ²	見覲	to see face to face.
ti ² -mien ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -shuo ¹	覲面再說	speak of it again when we meet.
ti ²	水滌	to wash, reform.
ti ² -ch'ü ⁴ -chiu ⁴ -jan ³	滌去舊染	to wash away the old stain.
ti ² (tzü)	竹筴	a flute.
ti ²	足躡	follow other's footsteps.
TI ²	广底	the bottom; only; low, meän.
ti ² -ch'üeh ⁴	底確	certainly, truly, really (ch'üeh ⁴).

<i>ti³-hsi⁴</i>	底細	in detail (hsiang ² hsi ⁴).
<i>ti³-hsia⁴</i>	底下	the bottom, below ; at last, in the future.
<i>ti³-hsia⁴-ti¹-jên²</i>	底下的人	servants, menials.
<i>ti³-kên¹</i>	底根	at the root, originally.
<i>ti³-li⁴-yüan²-ch'ing³</i>	底歷原情	(理, 裏) primary reason and motive.
<i>ti³-tzü³</i>	底子	the rough draft of a letter ; a foundation.
<i>ti³</i>	牛甕 抵	1082b877c to butt, to gore.
<i>ti³-ch'ò⁴</i>	抵觸	same.
<i>ti³</i>	木 抵	1082b879b root.
<i>ti³</i>	广 底	1081c878c bottom, rough draft.
<i>ti³-kao³</i>	底稿	a rough draft.
TI⁴	土 地	1086b879a the earth, the ground ; a place.
<i>ti⁴-chan¹</i>	地氈	a carpet.
<i>ti⁴-chí¹</i>	地基	a foundation.
<i>ti⁴-ch'í²</i>	地祇	god of the earth.
<i>ti⁴-ch'í⁴</i>	地契	a lease of land.
<i>ti⁴-chên⁴</i>	地震	an earthquake (ti ⁴ tung ⁴).
<i>ti⁴-ch'í⁴</i>	地氣	"earth and air," climate (shui ³ t'u ³).
<i>ti⁴-chí³-o³-chien¹-ku⁴</i>	地脚堅固	the foundation is very firm.
<i>ti⁴-ch'ieh⁴</i>	地界	boundary of a place.
<i>ti⁴-ch'ieh⁴</i>	地解	send under guard from one hsien to another.
<i>ti⁴-chih¹</i>	地支	earth's branches. See Notes 32 and 81.
<i>ti⁴-ching⁴-ch'ang²-kuang¹</i>	地淨場光	all the crops off.
<i>ti⁴-ch'iu³</i>	地球	the globe.
<i>ti⁴-chü³</i>	地主	an owner of land.
<i>ti⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	地處	a place, a situation.
<i>ti⁴-fang¹</i>	地方	a place ; territory, country ; a space.
<i>ti⁴-fang¹-kuan¹</i>	地方官	the local officials.
<i>ti⁴-fang¹</i>	地坊	local constable.
<i>ti⁴-fu³</i>	地府	the grave, hell, Hades.
<i>ti⁴-hsi³</i>	地蓆	matting.
<i>ti⁴-hsia⁴</i>	地下	on the ground.
<i>ti⁴-huang³</i>	地黃	fox-glove, a febrifuge.
<i>ti⁴-ko²</i>	地閣	the chin (hsia ⁴ pa ¹ ko ¹).
<i>ti⁴-ku²-p'í²-lu⁴</i>	地骨皮露	a sort of medicine.
<i>ti⁴-kua¹</i>	地瓜	yams, sweet potatoes (hung ² shu ³).
<i>ti⁴-lei²</i>	地雷	mines in military engineering.
<i>ti⁴-li³</i>	地理	geography, geomancy.
<i>ti⁴-li³-chih⁴</i>	地理志	a geographical work.
<i>ti⁴-li³-t'u²</i>	地理圖	a geographical map.
<i>ti⁴-li⁴</i>	地利	produce, advantages of a situation.
<i>ti⁴-ling²</i>	地靈	the earth is efficacious.

ti ⁴ -lu ² -tzu ³	地爐子	a stove in the ground.
ti ⁴ lung ²	地龍	the common earth-worm.
ti ⁴ -mien ⁴	地面	the place or locality.
ti ⁴ -mu ³	地畝	land.
ti ⁴ -pan ³	地板	a floor (p'êng ⁴ pan ³).
ti ⁴ -pao ¹	地包	potatoes (shan ¹ yü ⁴).
ti ⁴ -pao ³	地保	a kind of constable or headborough (hsiang ¹ [yao ¹]).
ti ⁴ -pu ⁴	地步	footing, place, position, situation.
ti ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ui ⁴ -pao ¹	地不愛寶	the earth is not niggardly of her valuables.
ti ⁴ -p'u ¹	地鋪	a bed on the floor.
ti ⁴ -shih ⁴	地勢	the nature of a country, etc.
ti ⁴ -tan ⁴	地蛋	"ground eggs," potatoes (shan ¹ yü ⁴).
ti ⁴ -t'an ³	地毯	a carpet.
ti ⁴ -t'an ⁴	地壇	the temple or altar of earth in Peking.
ti ⁴ -ting ¹	地丁	land tax.
ti ⁴ -tsu ¹	地租	ground rent.
ti ⁴ -t'u ²	地圖	a map (pan ³ t'u ²).
ti ⁴ -t'u ³	地土	earth, territory.
ti ⁴ -tung ⁴	地動	an earthquake (ti ⁴ chên ⁴).
ti ⁴ -wei ⁴	地位	place, situation, position.
ti ⁴ -yin ⁴ -tzu ³	地窖子	a cellar (chiao ⁴).
ti ⁴ -yü ⁴	地獄	hell, a prison (nan ³ lao ²).
ti ⁴	弟	a younger brother.
ti ⁴ -fu ⁴	弟弟	a younger brother's wife (shên ³ tzu ³).
ti ⁴ -haiung ¹	弟兄	brothers (ko ¹ ko ¹).
ti ⁴ -haiung ¹ -mén ¹	弟兄們	same.
ti ⁴ -mei ⁴	弟妹	a younger brother's wife.
ti ⁴ -tzu ³	弟子	a pupil, a disciple (t'u ² ti ⁴).
ti ⁴	第	[dinal. order, series; prefix which makes numbers or
ti ⁴ -chui ³	宅	a house, a dwelling.
ti ⁴ -i ¹	第一	number one, the first.
ti ⁴ -i ¹ -ko ⁴	第一個	the first, above all, foremost.
ti ⁴ -i ¹ -ming ³	第一名	the first, the best, first rate.
ti ⁴ -i ¹ -p'in ³	第一品	the first rank, the best sort.
ti ⁴	遞	to give or hand to; to change; for, in place of
ti ⁴ -ché ² -tzu ³	遞摺子	to hand a document to the Emperor.
ti ⁴ -ch'êng ³	遞呈	to hand up, e. g., a petition.
ti ⁴ -chi ³	遞籍	to send a person to his native place
ti ⁴ -chieh ³	遞解	to send, to forward.
ti ⁴ -chieh ³ -hui ³ -chi ³	遞解回籍	to send criminal back to native place.
ti ⁴ -chien ³	遞柬	to hand a letter to one.
ti ⁴ -kei ³	遞給	to give or hand to (chiao ¹ kei ³).
ti ⁴ -ko ⁴ -yen ³ -sé ⁴	遞個眼色	to give a look (ch'ou ³ t'u ¹ i ¹ yen ³).

弓

竹

是遞

<i>ti⁴-ping³</i>	遞稟	to hand in a petition.
<i>ti⁴-shou³</i>	遞手	to give the hand, to shake hands.
<i>ti⁴-shou³-pén³</i>	遞手本	to hand a document to an official.
<i>ti⁴-tai⁴</i>	遞代	for, instead of (<i>t'i⁴ tai⁴</i>).
<i>ti⁴-tsou⁴</i>	遞奏	addressing the Emperor by a written document.
<i>ti⁴-yü³</i>	遞與	to give or hand to.
<i>ti⁴</i>	巾帝	the Emperor, a monarch, a ruler ; the Supreme.
<i>ti⁴-chi¹</i>	帝基	the empire.
<i>ti⁴-chün¹</i>	帝君	the Emperor (<i>huang² ti¹</i>).
<i>ti⁴-huang²</i>	帝皇	same.
<i>ti⁴-shang⁴</i>	帝上	same.
<i>ti⁴-wang²</i>	帝王	a sovereign prince.

T·I ¹	刀	剔	1088c903a	to cut up; to scrape off; to pick from; to reject.
<i>t'i¹-ch'ih³</i>		剔齒		to pick the teeth (<i>tz'ü¹ ya²</i>).
<i>t'i¹-ch'u¹</i>		剔出		to reject.
<i>t'i¹-kan¹-ching⁴-liao³</i>		剔乾淨		scraped off clean.
<i>t'i¹-ku²-t'ou²</i>		剔骨頭		to pick out the bones from meat.
<i>t'i¹-pi²-tzü³</i>		剔篦子		to clean a fine comb.
<i>t'i¹-tao¹</i>		剔刀		a butcher's scraping knife.
<i>t'i¹-têng¹</i>		剔燈		to raise the wick in lamp.
<i>t'i¹-têng¹-kun⁴</i>		剔燈棍		a wire to pull up the wick.
<i>t'i¹-ya²</i>		剔牙		to pick the teeth.
<i>t'i¹ (tzü)</i>	木	梯	1089b882a	a ladder, steps.
<i>t'i¹-tzü³-tang⁴</i>		梯子檔		rung of a ladder.

T·I ²	手	提	1090a882c	to pick up, to raise up; to mention.
<i>t'i²-an⁴</i>		提案		to try a case in court.
<i>t'i²-ch'ü¹</i>		提起		to pick up, to raise up; to mention.
<i>t'i²-ch'ü¹-ching¹-shên²</i>		提起精神		to restore the energies.
<i>t'i²-ch'ü¹-lai²</i>		提起來		to pick up; mention.
<i>t'i²-ch'ü¹</i>		提氣		to restore one's energy.
<i>t'i²-chü¹</i>		提究		to bring forward for examination.
<i>t'i²-fan⁴</i>		提犯		to cause a criminal to appear before one.
<i>t'i²-hsieh²</i>		提攜		to lead by the hand; to carry in the hand.
<i>t'i²-hsieh²</i>		提鞋		to pull on shoes.
<i>t'i²-hsin¹-tiao⁴-tan³</i>		提心吊胆		timid, frightened.
<i>t'i²-hsing³</i>		提醒		to put one in mind of, to remind.
<i>t'i²-hu²-ta²-mi³</i>		提斛打米		(fig) easy to do.
<i>t'i²-hua¹-pu⁴</i>		提花布		figured broadcades.
<i>t'i²-lao²-li¹</i>		提牢吏		superintendent of prison.
<i>t'i²-liu¹</i>		提溜		to lift, to raise (also <i>ti</i>).
<i>t'i²-ming²-tao¹-hsing⁴</i>		提名道姓		mentioning names, etc.

t'i²-pa³
 t'i²-pi³-wang¹-tzū⁴
 t'i²-ping³
 t'i²-po³
 t'i²-pu⁴
 t'i²-shên³
 t'i²-ssū³
 t'i²-tao⁴
 t'i²-t'i³-ching¹-shên³
 t'i²-tiao⁴
 t'i²-tu¹
 t'i²-tu¹-hsiao²-yüan⁴
 t'i²-wên⁴
 t'i²
 t'i²-kang³
 t'i²-ming³
 t'i²-mu⁴
 t'i² mu⁴
 t'i²-o³
 t'i²-pi³
 t'i²-t'ou³
 t'i²
 t'i²-k'u¹
 t'i² (tzū)
 t'i²-t'ui³

提拔
 提筆
 提兵
 提撥
 提布
 提審
 提撕
 提到
 提神
 提調
 提督
 提督
 提問
 題
 題綱
 題名
 題目
 題幕
 題額
 題壁
 題頭
 啼
 啼哭
 蹄
 蹄腿

忘字
 精神
 學院
 問
 頁
 網
 名
 目
 幕
 額
 壁
 頭
 啼
 哭
 蹄
 蹄

1091aSS3a
 1091cSS3c
 1092aSS3c
 1092cSS4a

to prefer, to raise, to promote. [it.
 as soon as I take pen I forget the way of writing
 to bring up troops, to direct troops.
 to remind.
 brocades.
 to bring up for trial.
 to point out, to direct.
 to speak of.
 to animate oneself (tou³ tou³ ching¹ shên²).
 to point out; to direct troops. [440.
 a general, provincial commander-in-chief. G.
 Literary Chancellor of a Province. G. 323.
 to bring up and examine. [head.
 a theme, a subject, a proposition; to praise; the
 a theme, a subject.
 to get a degree.
 a theme, a subject, a text, a motto.
 an epitaph.
 to write inscription for a wooden tablet.
 to write large letters on a door wall.
 to prompt a pupil.
 to cry, to weep, to lament; to crow; note of a bird.
 to cry, to weep, to lament.
 a hoof, hoofs. [abuse).
 a leg complete (of mutton, pork, etc.) (used as

T'I³
 t'i²-ch'a²-ch'ing³-hsing³
 t'i²-chi³
 t'i²-chu⁴
 t'i²-hsi³
 t'i²-hsü⁴
 t'i²-liang⁴
 t'i²-mien⁴
 t'i²-shih⁴
 t'i²-t'i³-mien⁴-mien⁴
 t'i²-t'ieh⁴
 t'i²-t'ieh⁴-pang¹-chu⁴
 t'i²-t'un³
 t'i²-yao⁴
 t'i²-yü³-kuei⁴-chien⁴

體
 體察
 體己
 體息
 體恤
 體諒
 體面
 體式
 體面
 體貼
 體貼
 體統
 體要
 體有

情形
 己
 息
 恤
 諒
 面
 式
 面
 貼
 貼
 統
 要
 有

1092cSS4a
 幫助
 貴賤

a body; the human body; real (and 體).
 to thoroughly investigate the circumstances.
 one's own savings; to examine one's self.
 a commentary (chu⁴ chieh³).
 something of value.
 to pity.
 to put yourself in his place (shé⁴ shên¹ ch'u³ ti⁴).
 respectable.
 a form, a specimen, a pattern.
 very respectable.
 to humour; to accommodate; to pity the poor.
 to readily assist.
 pomp, show, dignity.
 the substance; the most important part.
 men differ in degree.

T'I⁴
 日替

1092aSS4c

to substitute; instead of. M. 62.

t'i ⁴ -huan ⁴	替換	a substitute ; to substitute, to exchange.
t'i ⁴ -huan ⁴ -i ³ -fu ⁴	替換衣服	to exchange clothes.
t'i ⁴ -jên ² -tso ⁴ -shih ⁴	替人做事	to do anything for another person.
t'i ⁴ -kung ¹	替工	to do another's work for him.
t'i ⁴ -shou ² -huan ¹ -chiao ²	替手換腳	to assist.
t'i ⁴ -ssü ² -huan ² -shêng ¹	替死還生	to give life for another.
t'i ⁴ -ssü ² -kuei ²	替死鬼	a death-substitute.
t'i ⁴ -t'au ¹ -shuo ¹	替他說	speak for or to him.
t'i ⁴ -tai ⁴	替代	for, instead of, in place of.
t'i ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -hsing ² -tao ⁴	替天行道	I am come as Heaven's agent.
t'i ⁴ -wo ² -tso ⁴	替我作	do it for me.
t'i ⁴	足	to kick.
t'i ⁴ -chien ⁴ -t'rh ²	踢毽兒	to play at shuttlecock. (with the feet).
t'i ⁴ -ch'iu ²	踢毬	to play foot-ball, etc.
t'i ⁴ -k'ai ¹	踢開	to kick open.
t'i ⁴ -lung ⁴	踢弄	to spoil, to squander.
t'i ⁴ -téng ⁴	踢蹬	to squander, e. g., property.
t'i ⁴	刀	to shave.
t'i ⁴ -t'ou ²	剃頭	to shave the head (chien ¹ t'ou ² fa ²).
t'i ⁴ -t'ou ² -p'êng ²	剃頭棚	a barber's shop.
t'i ⁴ -t'ou ² -p'au ⁴	剃頭鋪	same.
t'i ⁴ -t'ou ² -tao ¹	剃頭刀	a razor.
t'i ⁴ -t'ou ² -ti ¹	剃頭的	a barber ; one with a shaved head.
t'i ⁴	艸	to clear ground by burning off the grass, etc.
t'i ⁴ -fu ²	薙	to shave the head (hsiao ¹ fa ²).
t'i ⁴ -ts'ao ²	薙草	to clear ground of grass, etc.
t'i ⁴	水	to shed tears (liu ² lei ⁴).
t'i ⁴ -ch'iu ⁴	涕泣	to weep silently.
t'i ⁴ -k'iu ¹	涕哭	to weep, to cry.
t'i ⁴ -k'iu ¹ -lien ² -lien ²	涕哭漣漣	weeping most bitterly (hao ² t'ao ² ta ⁴ k'u ¹).
t'i ⁴	口	to sneeze.
t'i ⁴ -p'ên ¹ (fên)	嚏	same (ta ² t'i ⁴ p'ên ¹).
t'i ⁴	心	duty of younger to elder brothers.
t'i ⁴ (tzü)	尸	a drawer ; a tray ; the pad of a saddle (ch'ou ¹ t'i ⁴).
TIAO ¹	刀	dangerous, violent, depraved, artful.
tiao ¹ -cha ⁴	刁詐	perverse and crafty.
tiao ¹ -fêng ¹ -su ²	刁風俗	depraved customs.
tiao ¹ -fu ⁴	刁婦	a vixen, a virago (han ¹ fu ⁴ , p'o ⁴ fu ⁴).
tiao ¹ -hou ²	刁猴	villainous conduct, acting strangely.
tiao ¹ -hua ⁴	刁話	violent language.
tiao ¹ -k'ang ⁴	刁抗	obstinate, dogged.
tiao ¹ -kun ⁴	刁棍	depraved or violent persons.

<i>tiao¹-lai⁴</i>	刁	賴		to contradict, to deny positively ; to accuse reck-
<i>tiao¹-lao³-p'o²</i>	刁	老婆		a vixen, a virago. [lessly.]
<i>tiao¹-man³</i>	刁	蠻		barbarous, boisterous, unruly, outrageous.
<i>tiao¹-o⁴</i>	刁	惡		wicked, bad, malignant.
<i>tiao¹-p'i³</i>	刁	脾		villainous, depraved.
<i>tiao¹-shên¹-liêh⁴-chien¹</i>	刁	生劣監		scoundrelly graduates.
<i>tiao¹-ts'uan¹</i>	刁	鑽		to intrigue, to seek to obtain by any means.
<i>tiao¹-wan³</i>	刁	頑		reckless, regardless of consequences.
<i>tiao¹-yeh³</i>	刁	野		savages, barbarians, savage, etc.
<i>tiao¹</i>	佳	雕	1095a885b	to carve wood, to grave.
<i>tiao¹-chiang⁴</i>		雕匠		a carver, an engraver.
<i>tiao¹-hsiang⁴</i>		雕像		to carve an image.
<i>tiao¹-k'o⁴</i>		雕刻		to engrave ; engraving.
<i>tiao¹-liang³</i>		雕梁		carved beams ; to carve-a beam.
<i>tiao¹-su⁴</i>		雕塑		carving and moulding.
<i>tiao¹-tao¹</i>		雕刀		an engraving tool.
<i>tiao¹-tzû⁴</i>		雕字		to cut characters.
<i>tiao¹-tzû⁴-chiang⁴</i>		雕字匠		an engraver of characters.
<i>tiao¹</i>	禽	貂	1094b885b	the marten or sable.
<i>tiao¹-hao³-pi³</i>		貂毫筆		sable-hair pen.
<i>tiao¹-kua⁴</i>		貂掛		a jacket of sable,
<i>tiao¹-p'i³</i>		貂皮		sable skins.
<i>tiao¹-p'i³-ling³-hsiu⁴</i>		貂皮領袖		sable collar and cuffs.
<i>tiao¹-p'i³-mao⁴-yen³</i>		貂皮帽沿		a hat turned up with sable.
<i>tiao¹-shu³</i>		貂鼠		the marten or sable.
<i>tiao¹-wei³</i>		貂尾		sable tails.
<i>tiao¹</i>	鳥	鵟	1095a885b	a hawk, buzzard or eagle.
<i>tiao¹-ling³</i>		鵟翎		a hawk's feather(used for feathering arrows, etc.).
<i>tiao¹-ling²-chien⁴</i>		鵟翎箭		an arrow with eagle feathers.
<i>tiao¹-ling²-shan⁴</i>		鵟翎扇		eagle-feather fan.
<i>tiao¹</i>	彳	凋	1094c885a	to be exhausted, withered.
<i>tiao¹-hsieh⁴</i>		凋謝		fallen, faded, dead (of leaves) (kan ¹ k'u ²).
<i>tiao¹-ling³</i>		凋零		scattered, as leaves.
<i>tiao¹-ts'an³</i>		凋殘		declining, as trade.
<i>tiao¹</i>	口	叨	1094a885c	to hold in the mouth (hsien ²).
<i>tiao¹-ch'ü⁴-liáo³</i>		叨去了		carried off in the mouth.

TIAO⁴	弓 吊	弔	1095b886a	to condole, to mourn for the dead : to hang.
<i>tiao⁴-an⁴</i>		弔案		to search into a case.
<i>tiao⁴-ch'i³-lai³</i>		弔起來		to hang up.
<i>tiao⁴-ch'iao³</i>		弔橋		a drawbridge, a suspension bridge.
<i>tiao⁴-chih³</i>		弔紙		to burn paper at a death.
<i>tiao⁴-hsiao⁴</i>		弔孝		to mourn for the dead.

tiao ⁴ -hsien ⁴	吊線	a plumb-line.	[nao ³].
tiao ⁴ -sang ¹	吊喪	to condole with the friends of a dead person (tao ⁴	
tiao ⁴ -shui ³	吊水	to raise water from a well, etc.	
tiao ⁴ -so ³	吊鎖	a hanging lock, a padlock.	
tiao ⁴ -ssü ³	吊死	to die by hanging (shang ³ tiao ⁴).	
tiao ⁴ -ssü ³ -kuei ³	吊死鬼	spirit of a suicide by hanging.	
tiao ⁴ -t'ung ³	吊桶	a well bucket.	
tiao ⁴ -wên ⁴	吊問	to make kind enquiries.	
tiao ⁴	手掉	1096b887b	to hang; to move. M. 247.- See chao ⁴ .
tiao ⁴ -ch'êng ⁴	掉秤	to lose weight (ya ¹ p'ing ³).	
tiao ⁴ -ch'ü ³ -lai ³	掉起來	to suspend, to hang up.	
tiao ⁴ -hsia ⁴	掉下	to fall down (tao ³).	
tiao ⁴ -hun ³	掉魂	to lose one's wits.	
tiao ⁴ -huan ⁴	掉換	to exchange.	
tiao ⁴ -kuei ³	掉鬼	to act strangely, to be up to tricks.	
tiao ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -lai ³	掉過來	to turn over, to change ground (tao ³ kuo ⁴ lai ³).	
tiao ⁴ -kou ¹ -li ³	掉溝裡	to fall into the ditch.	
tiao ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -lien ³ -lai ³	掉過臉來	turned his face round.	
tiao ⁴ -sê ⁴	掉色	to fade (of dyes).	
tiao ⁴ -tan ⁴	掉誕	to tell lies; mischievous.	
tiao ⁴ -t'ou ² -ti ¹ -tsui ⁴	掉頭的罪	a crime worthy of death.	
tiao ⁴ -tsai ¹ -ching ³ -li ³	掉在井裡	fell into the well.	
tiao ⁴ -tsai ¹ -kou ¹ -li ³	掉在溝裡	fell into the ditch.	
tiao ⁴	口吊	* 1095b886a	1,000 cash; 50 Peking cash; a mace; to hang.
tiao ⁴ -hsien ⁴ -fêng ¹	吊線風	a disease of the muscles.	
tiao ⁴ -lai ² -ch'ien ²	吊來錢	over one tiao cash.	
tiao ⁴ -pa ³ -yin ² -tzü ³	吊把銀子	over 1,000 Taels.	
tiao ⁴ -tan ³	吊胆	frightened, alarmed.	
tiao ⁴ -tan ⁴	吊蛋	unmanageable.	
tiao ⁴	金釣	1094a886c	a hook; to hook; to fish; to take.
tiao ⁴ -k'ün ¹	釣竿	a fishing rod.	
tiao ⁴ -kou ¹	釣鈎	a hook.	
tiao ⁴ -ming ²	釣名	to have a good name when not deserving it.	
tiao ⁴ -yü ²	釣魚	to catch fish with a hook (ta ³ yü ³ , lao ¹ yü ²).	
tiao ⁴	穴窩	1095a887a	a birds' nest; deep; very.
tiao ⁴ -yüan ³	窩遠	a great distance, very far; inconvenient.	
tiao ⁴	言調	1099b888b	a tune; to transfer. See t'iao ² .
tiao ⁴ -ching ¹ -yin ³ -chien ¹	調京引見		transferred to Peking for audience.

TIAO ¹	手挑	1097a887a	to carry on the shoulder; to select; to stir.
t'iao ¹ -chien ³	挑揀		to choose, to select.
t'iao ¹ -ch'ih ⁴	挑斥		to censure, to reprove, to blame.
t'iao ¹ -chin ¹ -chia ⁴	挑筋教		the Jews (in Honan), so called.

t'iao ¹ -ch'ing ³	挑情	to entice, to seduce; to make love (either sex).
t'iao ¹ -ch'ing ² -li ² -hua ⁴	挑情話	amatory language.
t'iao ¹ -cho ² -yan ⁴ -érh ³	挑着樣兒	choosing a sort.
t'iao ¹ -ch'u ¹ -lai ³	挑出來	pick out.
t'iao ¹ -ch'ü ³	挑取	to select, to take out.
t'iao ² -fu ¹	挑夫	a porter, a carrier, a coolie (fu ¹ i ⁴).
t'iao ¹ -ho ³	挑河	to dredge out a river.
t'iao ¹ -hsi ⁴	挑戲	to tempt, to beguile, to mislead, to seduce.
t'iao ¹ -hsiian ³	挑選	to select, to choose.
t'iao ¹ -nung ⁴ -shih ⁴ -fei ¹	挑弄是非	to stir up trouble.
t'iao ¹ -pa ¹ -ku ² -shêng ⁴	挑八股繩	peddlars.
t'iao ¹ -p'an ¹ -hsien ⁴	挑攀線	the game of scratch-cradle. Note 88.
t'iao ¹ -po ¹	挑撥	to select; to blame; to distribute, to arrange.
t'iao ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ² -lai ³	挑不起來	unable to carry—too heavy.
t'iao ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'u ¹	挑不出	cannot pick out.
t'iao ¹ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	挑不動	unable to carry—too heavy.
t'iao ¹ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	挑不是	to find fault.
t'iao ¹ -san ¹ -huo ⁴ -ssü ⁴	挑三擡四	to incite others to evil (t'iao ²).
t'iao ¹ -shui ³	挑水	to carry water (tan ¹ shui ³).
t'iao ¹ -shui ³ -ti ¹	挑水的	to sow discord, to instigate (jê ² shih ⁴ fei ¹).
t'iao ² -so ¹	挑唆	a water carrier.
t'iao ¹ -ta ⁴ -yen ¹	挑大烟	to buy opium retail.
t'iao ¹ -tan ³	挑担	to carry a load.
t'iao ¹ -tan ³ -ti ¹	挑担的	a porter.
t'iao ¹ -ti ¹ -ts'o ⁴	挑的錯	picked-out faults.
t'iao ¹ -t'ü ¹	挑剔	to separate; to choose, to select.
t'iao ¹ -tung ⁴	挑動	to agitate, to shake.
t'iao ¹ -tzu ³	挑子	a load carried on a pole.
t'iao ¹ -tzu ⁴ -yen ³ -érh ³	挑字眼兒	to pick out faults in writing.
t'iao ¹ -tzu ⁴ -chia ⁴ -sung ⁴	挑詞架訟	inciting to lawsuits.
t'iao ¹ -wu ¹	挑挖	to scoop, to clean a drain, etc.
t'iao ¹ -wu ³ -t'iao ¹ -liu ⁴	挑五挑六	fastidious.
t'iao ¹ -yen ³	挑眼	supercilious; to point out, to provoke.
t'iao ¹ -yin ³	挑引	to mislead; to make a drain, etc.

T'IAO²

言 調 1099b888b

t'iao ⁴ -an ⁴	調案	to mix, to blend; to mediate. Also tiao ⁴ .
t'iao ⁴ -chiang ¹	調將	to search into a case.
t'iao ⁴ -ch'ien ¹	調遷	to move troops.
t'iao ² -chih ⁴	調治	to remove (as officials or troops).
t'iao ² -ching ¹	調經	to arrange; to cure.
t'iao ² -ch'iu ¹	調求	to regulate the menses by medicine.
t'iao ² -ch'u ³	調處	to seek for.
		to arrange, to settle.

t'iao ² -ho ²	調和		to mix, to blend; to harmonise; to mediate.
t'iao ² -hsi ⁴	調戲		to play with.
t'iao ² -hsien ²	調絃		to tune a stringed instrument.
t'iao ⁴ -huan ⁴	調換		to exchange (tui ⁴ huan ⁴).
t'iao ² -k'an ³	調坎		a pun.
t'iao ² -k'eng ¹	調羹		a spoon (k'eng ¹ ch'ih ²).
t'iao ² -li ³	調理		to repair, to mend, to heal, etc.
t'iao ⁴ -ping ¹	調兵		to move troops.
t'iao ⁴ -po ¹	調撥		to arrange or distribute (troops, etc.).
t'iao ⁴ -pu ³	調補		to fill an official vacancy.
t'iao ² -san ¹ -wo ¹ -ssü ⁴	調三窩	窩四	to set by the ears (t'iao ¹ san ¹ huo ⁴ ssü ⁴).
t'iao ² -shao ⁴	調哨		to patrol.
t'iao ² -shih ¹	調詩		to make an ode.
t'iao ² -shuo ¹	調說		to mediate and settle by conference.
t'iao ² -so ¹	調唆		to instigate, to egg on (shih ³ so ¹).
t'iao ² -t'ing ³	調停		to arrange, to settle; to modify; to mediate.
t'iao ⁴ -tu ⁴	調度		to calculate, to estimate; to settle, to arrange.
t'iao ⁴ -tung ⁴	調動		to agitate, to shake; to issue orders.
t'iao ² -yang ³	調養		to nurse, to look after.
t'iao ² -yün ²	調勻		to moderate; equally blended.
t'iao ⁴ -yun ⁴	調用		to use as occasion requires.
t'iao ² (t'ü)	木條	1098c888c	a branch, a twig; items M 89.
t'iao ² -ch'ü ²	木條		a long narrow table, sideboard.
t'iao ² -fên ¹	條風		the north-east wind.
t'iao ² -k'uan ³	條欵		laws, rules (chang ¹ ch'êng ²).
t'iao ² -kuei ¹	條規		same.
t'iao ² -li ³	條理		logical, reasonable.
t'iao ² -li ⁴	條例		laws, rules.
t'iao ² -mu ⁴	條目		a list, an index.
t'iao ² -t'iao ² -yu ³ -li ³	條條有理		every point is reasonable.
t'iao ² -yo ¹	條約		a treaty.
t'iao ²	竹筴	1098b889b	a broom; to sweep
t'iao ² -chou ³	竹筴		a broom.

T'IAO³ 身跳 1098b889b a tall man

T'IAO⁴ 足跳 1097c889c to jump, to skip; to overpass (p'êng⁴).

t'iao⁴-ch'ü²-lai² 跳起來 to jump up.

t'iao⁴-ch'üang² 跳牆 to leap over a wall.

t'iao⁴-chiao³-êrh² 跳脚兒 hopping.

t'iao⁴-ching³ 跳井 to commit suicide by jumping into the well.

t'iao⁴-ch'ung² 跳蟲 "the jumping insect," the flea.

t'iao⁴-ho² 跳河 to leap into a river.

<i>t'iao⁴-hsia⁴-ko⁴-tsei²</i>	跳下個賊	a thief leaped down.
<i>t'iao⁴-huo³-k êng¹</i>	跳火坑	to leap into the pit (of hell).
<i>t'iao⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	跳過去	to jump over.
<i>t'iao⁴-lung²-mên³</i>	跳龍門	to graduate (fig.).
<i>t'iao⁴-ma³</i>	跳馬	to cover a mare.
<i>t'iao⁴-niū²</i>	跳牛	to cover a cow.
<i>t'iao⁴-pan³</i>	跳板	a plank, a gangway (to go-on-board vessels, etc.).
<i>t'iao⁴-pêng⁴</i>	跳迸	to jump, to skip, to leap.
<i>t'iao⁴-shan¹-chien⁴</i>	跳山澗	to leap over a gorge.
<i>t'iao⁴-shên²</i>	跳神	acts of female exorcists.
<i>t'iao⁴-shih¹</i>	跳虱	the flea (ko ⁴ tsao ³).
<i>t'iao⁴-têng⁴</i>	跳凳	a form, a stool.
<i>t'iao⁴-tsao³</i>	跳蚤	the flea.
<i>t'iao⁴-ts'ao³</i>	跳槽	to seek a better situation.
<i>t'iao⁴-t'u³</i>	跳舞	to dance, to caper.
<i>t'iao⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	跳躍	same.
<i>t'iao⁴</i>	米	to sell grain (ti ² liang ²).
<i>t'iao⁴-liang³</i>	糶糧	same.
<i>t'iao⁴-mi³</i>	糶米	to sell rice.

TIEH¹	足	跌1100b891c	to slip, to stumble, to fall down. See <i>tsai²</i> .
<i>tieh¹-chiao¹</i>	跌跤		same.
<i>tieh¹-hsia¹</i>	跌下		to fall down.
<i>tieh¹-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	跌下去		same (going).
<i>tieh¹-hsia¹-lai²</i>	跌下來		same (coming).
<i>tieh¹-kên¹-tou³</i>	跌跟斗		to stumble and fall (tsai ¹ kên ¹ tou ³).
<i>tieh¹-liao³-i¹-chiao¹</i>	跌了一跤		to fall down, get a fall.
<i>tieh¹-pu⁴-tao³</i>	跌不倒		cannot fall down.
<i>tieh¹-ssü³</i>	跌死		dashed to death.
<i>tieh¹-ta³-shang¹-sun³</i>	跌打傷損		injured by a fall.
<i>tieh¹-tan⁴</i>	跌旦		[als]. tumblers (boys personating women in theatric)
<i>tieh¹-tao³</i>	跌倒		to tumble down, to fall, to slip.
<i>tieh¹-tao⁴-suan⁴-chang⁴</i>	跌倒算賬		(fig.) a reckoning at the last.
<i>tieh¹-tsu³</i>	跌足		to lose one's footing; to stamp the foot.
<i>tieh¹</i>	父	爹1100a890a	a father (fu ⁴).
<i>tieh¹-ma¹</i>	爹媽		father and mother (fu ⁴ mu ³).
<i>tieh¹-niang³</i>	爹娘		father and mother.
<i>tieh¹-tieh²</i>	爹爹		papa, daddy (pa ⁴ pa ⁴).

TIEH²	足	送1100c891c	satisfactorily; change; ease. M. 247.
<i>tieh²-pu⁴-tê²-ch'ü⁴</i>	送不得去		to have no leisure to go (ku ⁴ pu ⁴ tê ² ch'ü ⁴).
<i>tieh²-tang¹</i>	送當		satisfactorily, properly (t'o ³ tang ¹).
<i>tieh²-tu⁴</i>	送肚		intestine within the anus.

tieh²-tz'ü⁴
 tieh²-wei²-pin¹-chu³
 tieh² 田 疊
 tieh²-ch'i³-pa⁴-lai²
 tieh²-cho²-chin¹
 tieh²-chü⁴
 tieh²-lu⁴
 tieh²-shih²-ju²-shan¹
 tieh²-tieh²
 tieh²-tz'ü⁴
 tieh² 手 擡 1102a892b
 tieh²-ch'i³-lai²
 tieh²-i¹-shang¹
 tieh² 虫 蝶 1101b890b
 tieh² (tzü) 石 碟 1101a891b
 tieh² 片 牒 1101a891a

迭次
 迭為賓主
 疊疊 1101c892b
 疊起壩來
 疊着勁
 疊句
 疊路
 疊石如山
 疊疊
 疊次
 手擡 1102a892b
 擡起來
 擡衣裳
 蝶 1101b890b
 石碟 1101a891b
 片牒 1101a891a

repeatedly, often, continually (lü³ t'zū⁴),
 a mutual interchange of invitations, etc.
 a fold; in layers; to pile up.
 to double the dyke.
 with might and main,
 chorus,
 a raised road.
 to pile up stones like mountains.
 in many folds or layers.
 repeatedly, time after time (ch'ung², lü³ tz'ü⁴).
 to fold up; to hang up; to arrange, to lay out.
 to fold up (as clothes).
 to fold up clothes (ché²).
 a butterfly (hu² tieh²).
 plates, saucers.
 an official document, register.

T'IEH¹ 具 貼 1102c893b
 t'ieh¹-chi³
 t'ieh¹-ch'ien¹-tzü³
 t'ieh¹-ch'ien²
 t'ieh¹-chin¹
 t'ieh¹-chin⁴
 t'ieh¹-ch'u¹
 t'ieh¹-ch'u¹-kao⁴-shih⁴
 t'ieh¹-ch'uan²
 t'ieh¹-fêng¹-p'i¹
 t'ieh¹-hsieh³
 t'ieh¹-hsin¹
 t'ieh¹-hsin¹-t'ieh¹-i⁴
 t'ieh¹-hua²
 t'ieh¹-i⁴
 t'ieh¹-kao¹-yao⁴
 t'ieh¹-pao⁴-tzü³
 t'ieh¹-p'ei²
 t'ieh¹-pien¹
 t'ieh¹-shên¹
 t'ieh¹-shên¹-ti¹-jên²
 t'ieh¹-shu¹
 t'ieh¹-t'ao⁴
 t'ieh¹-tien⁴ [shang⁴
 t'ieh¹-tsai³-ch'iang²-
 t'ieh¹ tui⁴-tzü³

貼 1102c893b
 貼己
 貼幟子
 貼錢
 貼金
 貼近
 貼出
 貼出告示
 貼船
 貼封批
 貼寫
 貼心
 貼心貼意
 貼畫
 貼意
 貼膏藥
 貼報子
 貼賠
 貼邊
 貼身
 貼身的人
 貼書
 貼套
 貼店
 貼在牆上
 貼對子

to stick to, to attach to; to lose.
 intimate, private (t'i³ chi³).
 to affix a label.
 to aid with money; to lose money in trade.
 to gild; self-praise.
 to stick close to, to adhere.
 to paste up.
 to paste up a proclamation. [ch'uan²].
 to impress a boat (for government use) (ya¹
 to seal up officially.
 to copy; a clerk.
 amiable, obliging, intimate with.
 same.
 to paste up a picture.
 intimate with.
 to put on a sticking-plaster.
 to post up an announcement.
 to lose in trade (p'ei² pên³).
 the thick border at edge of garment.
 innermost clothing; husband and wife.
 a personal attendant; husband and wife,
 copyists, clerks,
 a case for holding cards.
 to reserve an inn for official use.
 paste it on the wall.
 to paste up antithetical couplets.

t'ieh ¹ (tzh)	巾帖	1102b893a	a label, a list, a card, a petition, a copy head [(ch'ien ¹ tzü ³).
T'IEH ³	金錢鐵	鐵	1103b893b iron (kang ¹).
t'ieh ³ -ch'í ⁴		鐵器	iron-ware.
t'ieh ³ -chia ³ -ch'uan ³		鐵甲船	ironclad war-vessel.
t'ieh ³ -chiao ³		鐵鏟	a shovel or spade.
t'ieh ³ -ch'ih ³		鐵尺	a kind of mace.
t'ieh ³ -chu ³ -í ⁴		鐵主意	a firm resolve (chien ¹ í ⁴).
t'ieh ³ -chuan ¹		鐵傳	pig iron.
t'ieh ³ -hsien ¹		鐵銑	a shovel or spade.
t'ieh ³ -ku ²		鐵箍	an iron hoop.
t'ieh ³ -li ³ -mu ⁴		鐵梨木	very close-grained hard wood.
t'ieh ³ -lu ⁴		鐵路	a railway.
t'ieh ³ -mao ⁴ -tzü ³ -lí ³		鐵帽子的	hereditary (Tartar prince at Peking).
t'ieh ³ -mien ⁴ -wu ² -ssü ¹		鐵面無私	a man of strict integrity.
t'ieh ³ -mu ⁴ -rh ³		鐵木耳	Timor (the Tartar).
t'ieh ³ -pan ³		鐵板	sheet-iron.
t'ieh ³ -shih ² -jén ¹		鐵石人	a very 'hard' man.
t'ieh ³ -so ³		鐵索	an iron chain.
t'ieh ³ -ssü ¹		鐵絲	iron wire.
t'ieh ³ -t'iao ³		鐵條	rod or bar iron.
t'ieh ³ -ts'ai ² -fêng ²		鐵裁縫	sewing-machine.
t'ieh ³ -t'ung ² -hsiang ¹ -ssü ⁴		鐵桶相似	like an iron bucket; surrounded.
t'ieh ³ -yeh ⁴ -tzü ³		鐵葉子	sheet-iron.
t'ieh ³ -yen ⁴ -mo ⁴ -ch'uan ²		鐵硯磨穿	an iron ink-slab worn through.

TIEN ¹	頁	顛	1106a894a	to upset, to turn over; the top, the head; to [amble.
tien ¹ -chih ¹ -tao ⁴ -chih ¹		顛之倒之		to topsy-turvy.
tien ¹ -fu ³		顛覆		to turn upside down, to turn over and over.
tien ¹ -hsien ²		顛險		misfortunes.
tien ¹ -ma ²		顛馬		an ambling horse.
tien ¹ -mo ⁴		顛末		head and tail; beginning and end.
tien ¹ -p'ei ⁴		顛沛		rebellion, confusion, anarchy.
tien ¹ -p'u ¹		顛撲		to tumble down.
tien ¹ -san ¹ -tao ⁴ -ssü ⁴		顛三倒四		topsy-turvy; to speak incoherently (fan ¹ t'êng ²).
tien ¹ -tao ³		顛倒		hind part before; (upside down; to derange.
tien ¹ -tao ³ -shih ⁴ -fei ¹		顛倒是非		to confound right and wrong. [Tao ¹].
tien ¹ -ting ³		顛頂		the top, the apex.
tien ¹ -to ²		顛奪		to make up one's mind.
tien ¹	廣	顛	1106c894a	mad, madness; convulsions, fits.
tien ¹ -chéng ⁴		顛症		mad, madness (k'uang ²).
tien ¹ -fêng ¹		顛瘋		same.
tien ¹ -hsien ³		顛癇		epileptic fits.

tien¹-k'uang³ 癡狂
 tien¹ 走 越 1106a894b
 tien¹-tien¹-p'ao³-p'ao³ 越越跑跑
 tien¹ 手 拈 1105a894c
 tien¹-liang⁴ 掂量
 tien¹ 手 損 1105c894b

insane, deranged.
 to jolt in trotting.
 to run about.
 to weigh in the hand.
 to weigh ; to suppose ; to estimate, to calculate.
 to strike, to beat ; extend ; to lead, to draw.

TIEN³

tien³ 點
 tien³-ch'i³ 點齊
 tien³-ch'u³-kuan³ 點主官
 tien³-han⁴-lin³ 點翰林
 tien³-hsi⁴ 點戲
 tien³-hsin³ 點心
 tien³ hsüeh⁴ 點穴
 tien³-hua⁴ 點畫
 tien³-hua⁴ 點化
 tien³ k'an⁴ 點看
 tien³-mao³ 點卯
 tien³-ming³ 點名
 tien³-ming³ tan¹ 點名單
 tien³-ming³-t'sé⁴ 點名冊
 tien³ p'ai¹-ch'ai¹-shih³ 點派差使
 tien³-p'ao⁴ 點砲
 tien³ pu¹-chao³ 點不着
 tien³-shih³-ch'êng³-chün¹ 點石成金
 tien³-shou³ 點手
 tien³-shou³ 點首
 tien³-shu³ 點書
 tien³-têng¹ 點燈
 tien³-tien³-r'h³ 點點兒
 tien³-tien³-li¹.li¹ 點點滴
 tien³-t'ou³ 點頭
 tien³-tzü³ 點子
 tien³-tzü³-ma³ 點子馬
 tien³-tzü³-p'ai³ 點子牌
 tien³ 八 典 1105a894c
 tien³-chang¹ 典章
 tien³-chi² 典籍
 tien³-chu³ 典主
 tien³-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴-la¹ 典出去喇
 tien³-chuang¹-mai¹-li¹ 典庄賣地
 tien³-fang²-mai³-li⁴ 典房買地

a particle, a dot ; to punctuate ; to light ; to nod.
 same.
 all present at roll-call.
 the person who dots the ancestral tablet.
 to attain the degree of Hanlin.
 to select a play for performance.
 cakes, sweetmeats.
 to select a spot for a grave.
 marks and strokes in writing.
 to instruct, to point out
 to inspect.
 roll-call (of soldiers, etc.).
 same.
 the roll.
 same.
 to assign official duties
 to light a cannon.
 unable to light (as a candle ;) unsuccessful.
 to mark a stone and transmuteto gold (alchemy).
 to beckon with the hand (pai³ shou³).
 to nod the head, to assent.
 to point or punctuate a letter, etc.
 to light a lamp (chang³ têng¹).
 to dot, to punctuate.
 drop by drop.
 to nod the head, to assent.
 a spot.
 a spotted horse.
 dominoes.
 a rule, a law ; to rule ; to pawn ; a classical work.
 classical works ; rules ; regulations (chang³
 books in general. [ch'êng²].
 a mortgagee.
 mortgaged to (somebody).
 mortgaging and selling.
 buying land and mortgaging houses.

<i>tien³-ku⁴</i>	典故	the subjects of the ancient books ; precedent,	
<i>tien³-mai⁴</i>	典賣	to mortgage. [quotation.	
<i>tien³-shên¹</i>	典身	to hire one's self, to pawn the person.	
<i>tien³-shih³</i>	典史	governor of a jail. G. 294,	
<i>tien³-tang⁴</i>	典當	to pawn, to pledge, to mortgage ; a pawn-shop.	
<i>tien³</i>	足	to limp, on tip-toe.	
<i>tien³-chiao³-chien¹</i>	足踏脚尖	to stand on tip-toe.	
TIEN⁴ (<i>tzü</i>)	土	墊	to fill up, to add to ; to put-down ; to sink. G 467.
<i>tien⁴-chai²</i>		墊債	to pay debts for another.
<i>tien⁴-chang⁴</i>		墊賬	to pay a bill for another.
<i>tien⁴-ch'ien²</i>		墊錢	to make up money for another.
<i>tien⁴-p'ing²-liao³</i>		墊平了	to fill up and make even.
<i>t'en⁴-shang⁴</i>		墊上	to make up, to fill up.
<i>tien⁴-t'ou²</i>		墊頭	a cushion, anything to fill up, etc.
<i>tien⁴-tzü³</i>		墊子	a cushion.
<i>tien⁴-wên²-liao³</i>		墊穩了	to make steady (as a table by wedging the leg).
<i>tien⁴</i>	店	店	to be a shop, an inn, a stand.
<i>tien⁴-chia¹</i>	店	店家	shopmen.
<i>tien⁴-chu²</i>	店	店主	a shopkeeper, an innkeeper.
<i>tien⁴-fang³</i>	店	店房	a shop or inn ; rooms in an inn.
<i>tien⁴-hsiao³-érh⁴</i>	店	店小二	an ostler, a inn-waiter, etc.
<i>tien⁴-k'o⁴</i>	店	店客	guests at an inn, travellers.
<i>tien⁴</i>	心	惓	to be anxious about, to think kindly of,
<i>tien⁴-chi⁴</i>		惓記	to remember.
<i>tien⁴-cho²</i>		惓着	to be anxious about, to think kindly of.
<i>tien⁴-huai²</i>		惓懷	same (ko ¹ chi ⁴ , yu ¹ lü ⁴).
<i>tien⁴-kuai⁴</i>		惓掛	same.
<i>tien⁴</i>	人	佃	to plough, to cultivate ; to-hire ; a labourer.
<i>tien⁴-fn¹</i>		佃夫	a husbandman, a labourer.
<i>tien⁴-hu⁴</i>		佃戶	same.
<i>tien⁴-p'i²</i>		佃批	to lease to.
<i>tien⁴-t'ien²</i>		佃田	to cultivate the land or swamps.
<i>tien⁴-ting¹</i>		佃丁	a husbandman, a labourer.
<i>tien⁴-lou¹</i>		佃租	to hire (as land).
<i>tien⁴-tzü⁴</i>		佃字	a lease.
<i>tien⁴</i>	雨	電	lightning, electricity.
<i>tien⁴-chao⁴</i>		電照	deign to examine (epistolary).
<i>tien⁴-ch'i⁴</i>		電氣	electricity.
<i>tien⁴-ch'i⁴-t'ing¹</i>		電氣燈	an electric light.
<i>tien⁴-hsien⁴</i>		電線	electric or telegraph wire.
<i>tien⁴-hsien⁴-kan⁴</i>		電綫桿	telegraph poles
<i>tien⁴-kuang¹</i>		電光	the glare of lightning.

<i>tien⁴-pao⁴</i>	電報	a telegraphic despatch.
<i>tien⁴-pao⁴-chü³</i>	電報局	telegraph office.
<i>tien⁴-shan³</i>	電閃	flashing of lightning.
<i>tien⁴</i>	靛	indigo.
<i>tien⁴-ch'ih³</i>	靛池	an indigo tank.
<i>tien⁴-hua³</i>	靛花	indigo blossom, scum of indigo tank.
<i>tien⁴-kang³</i>	靛缸	an indigo vat.
<i>tien⁴-sê⁴</i>	靛色	indigo blue.
<i>tien⁴</i>	殿	a hall, a palace; settled; the rear of an army
<i>tien⁴-hsia⁴</i>	殿下	Heir-apparent.
<i>tien⁴-shih⁴</i>	殿試	final examination in the Palace.
<i>tien⁴-yü³</i>	殿宇	temple-buildings.
<i>tien⁴-t'ing³</i>	殿廷	palace.
<i>tien⁴</i>	玷	a flaw, a blot, a blemish; to disgrace
<i>tien⁴-ju⁴</i>	玷辱	to disgrace, to debauch.
<i>tien⁴-wu¹</i>	玷污	same.
<i>tien⁴-yü⁴</i>	玷玉	an imperfect gem.
<i>tien⁴</i>	奠	to pour out a libation, to offer up, to present.
<i>tien⁴-ch'a²</i>	奠茶	a libation of tea.
<i>tien⁴-ching⁴</i>	奠敬	with condolences—on death of friend.
<i>tien⁴-chü³</i>	奠酒	to pour out wine in sacrifice.
<i>tien⁴-i²</i>	奠儀	the ceremonial of libations.
<i>tien⁴ (t'zū)</i>	金釧	golden ornaments for a lady's head-dress.

T' IEN¹	大	天	heaven, day; the weather; the sky; -God,
<i>t'ien¹-ch'ang²-ti⁴-chü³</i>	天	天長地久	old as the universe.
<i>t'ien¹-ch'ao²</i>	天	天朝	the celestial dynasty (China).
<i>t'ien¹-chi²</i>	天	天極	the poles (nan ² chi ² , pei ³ chi ²).
<i>t'ien¹-ch'i⁴</i>	天	天氣	the weather, the air.
<i>t'ien¹-ch'i⁴-ch'ing¹-shuang²</i>	天	天氣清爽	exhilarating weather.
<i>t'ien¹-ch'i⁴-liang²</i>	天	天氣涼	cool weather, a cool day.
<i>t'ien¹-chiang⁴</i>	天	天將	imperial generals.
<i>t'ien¹-ch'iao²</i>	天	天橋	["heaven's bridge," the milky way. Note 89
<i>t'ien¹-ching¹</i>	天	天經	menses (t'ien ¹ kuei ²).
<i>t'ien¹-ching¹</i>	天	天津	"heaven's ford," Tientsin.
<i>t'ien¹-ching¹-wei⁴</i>	天	天津衛	same.
<i>t'ien¹-ching³</i>	天	天井	a courtyard (yüan ⁴)
<i>t'ien¹-ch'ing²-liao³</i>	天	天晴了	a fine day; the day is fine.
<i>t'ien¹-ch'iu²</i>	天	天球	the celestial globe.
<i>t'ien¹-chü²-kuo³</i>	天	天竺國	India (yin ⁴ . tu ⁴).
<i>t'ien¹-chü³</i>	天	天主	"heaven's lord," God (used by Catholics)
<i>t'ien¹-chü³-chiao⁴</i>	天	天主教	the Roman Catholic religion.
<i>t'ien¹-chü³-t'ang²</i>	天	天主堂	a Roman Catholic place of worship.

t'ien ¹ -ch'u ¹	天樞	"the hinge of heaven," the navel-(tu ⁴ -ch'i ³).
t'ien ¹ -chüeh ³	天爵	divine nobility (cr. jên ² chüeh ²).
t'ien ¹ -ên ¹ -nan ² -pao ⁴	天恩難報	heaven's grace cannot be recompensed.
t'ien ¹ -fang ¹ -kuo ²	天方國	Arabia (亞拉伯).
t'ien ¹ -fên ⁴	天分	natural ability.
t'ien ¹ -fên ⁴ -kao ¹	天分高	great natural ability.
t'ien ¹ -han ² -huo ² -lêng ³	天寒火冷	inclement weather.
t'ien ¹ -han ⁴	天旱	drought, dry weather.
t'ien ¹ -han ⁴	天漢	the Milky Way (hsiao ¹ han ⁴).
t'ien ¹ -hao ³	天鶴	sort of crane.
t'ien ¹ -hao ³ -liao ³	天好了	a pleasant day.
t'ien ¹ -ho ³	天河	"heaven's river," the Milky Way.
t'ien ¹ -hou ⁴	天后	the queen of heaven.
t'ien ¹ -hou ⁴ -niang ³ -niang ³	天后娘娘	her ladyship the queen-of heaven.
t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴	天下	the world; the empire of China.
t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴ -t'ai ¹ -p'ing ³	天下太平	the empire is tranquil (kuo ³ t'ai ¹ min ² an ¹).
t'ien ¹ -hsien ¹	天仙	a fairy (hsien ¹).
t'ien ¹ -hsin ¹	天心	the zenith.
t'ien ¹ -hsing ⁴	天性	natural.
t'ien ¹ -hua ⁴	天花	[tou ⁴ chên ⁴]. "heaven's flowers," the small-pox (mu ³ tzü ³ ,
t'ien ¹ -hua ⁴ -luan ⁴ -chui ⁴	天花亂墜	fig. flood of eloquence.
t'ien ¹ -huan ¹ -li ⁴ -an ⁴	天昏地暗	dark above and below.
t'ien ¹ -i ⁴ -jên ² -yüan ³	天意人緣	providence and natural affinity (marriage).
t'ien ¹ -jan ²	天然	natural.
t'ien ¹ -kan ¹	天干	heaven's stems (astronomical characters).
t'ien ¹ -kao ³ -t'ü ⁴ -hou ⁴	天高地厚	vast as the universe,
t'ien ¹ -kuan ¹	天官	President of Board of Civil Office (li ³ pu, shang ⁴).
t'ien ¹ -kuei ³	天癸	menses (ching ¹ shui ³).
t'ien ¹ -kuang ¹	天宮	heaven.
t'ien ¹ -kuang ¹	天宮	the gods.
t'ien ¹ -k'ung ¹	天空	the sky, the air, space.
t'ien ¹ -lang ³ -ch'i ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	天朗氣清	"sky bright and air pure," a bright clear day.
t'ien ¹ -li ³	天理	heavenly principles.
t'ien ¹ -li ³ -hsün ³ -huan ²	天理循環	Justice revolves till it reaches the guilty.
t'ien ¹ -li ³ -liang ³ -hsin ¹	天理良心	conscientious, conscience.
t'ien ¹ -liang ³	天良	conscience (liang ³ hsün ¹).
t'ien ¹ -liang ³	天涼	a cool day, the day is cool.
t'ien ¹ -liang ⁴	天亮	break of day, daylight.
t'ien ¹ -ling ³ -kai ⁴	天靈顛	the cranium, the top of the head (o ³ ting ³)
t'ien ¹ -lün ³	天倫	one's father.
t'ien ¹ -lung ³ -li ⁴ -ya ³	天聾地啞	inarticulate nature.
t'ien ¹ -mên ³	天門	the gates of heaven; the centre of the head.
t'ien ¹ -mêng ³ -lung ³	天矓矓	early dawn.

t'ien ¹ -ming ²	天明	dawn.
t'ien ¹ -ming ⁴	天命	heaven's will or decrees ; fate, destiny.
t'ien ¹ -nien ³	天年	the period of life decreed by heaven.
t'ien ¹ -o ²	天鵝	the swan, the crane.
t'ien ¹ -pien ¹	天邊	the horizon (t'ien ¹ ya ²).
t'ien ¹ -pien ¹ -shih ⁴ -i ⁴	天變示異	the heavens change to warn of.
t'ien ¹ -ping ¹	天兵	imperial troops.
t'ien ¹ -p'ing ²	天平	scales, balances (fine) (hang ² ch'êng ² , têng ³ tzü ²).
t'ien ¹ -p'êng ²	天棚	an awning.
t'ien ¹ -pu ⁴ -chüeh ² -jên ²	天不絕人	Heaven leaves a way of escape.
t'ien ¹ -pu ⁴ -jung ²	天不容	heaven permits not (to live).
t'ien ¹ -shang ⁴	天上	in heaven.
t'ien ¹ -shang ⁴ -ti ¹	天上的	celestial.
t'ien ¹ -shang ⁴ -tiao ⁴ -hsia ⁴	天上掉下	fell down from heaven.
t'ien ¹ -shên ²	天神	heavenly spirits, angels.
t'ien ¹ -shêng ¹	天生	natural (shêng ¹ ch'êng ² , t'ien ¹ jan ²).
t'ien ¹ -shêng ¹ -lai ² -ti ¹	天生來的	natural, naturally.
t'ien ¹ -shêng ¹ -ts'ung ¹ -	天生聰明	natural cleverness.
t'ien ¹ -shih ¹ [ming ²]	天師	an astronomer.
t'ien ¹ shih ³	天使	an angel ; an imperial messenger.
t'ien ¹ -shu ¹	天書	"Divine" books of the sects.
t'ien ¹ -t'a ¹ -ti ⁴ -hsien ⁴	天塌地陷	heavens and earth going to ruin.
t'ien ¹ -t'an ²	天壇	the temple or altar of heaven in Peking.
t'ien ¹ -t'ang ²	天堂	"heaven's halls," heaven, paradise. [weather.
t'ien ¹ -tao ⁴	天道	the ways of heaven ; the heavenly doctrine, the
t'ien ¹ -têng ¹	天燈	"heaven's lamp," the moon ; a street lamp.
t'ien ¹ -ti ⁴	天帝	the ruler of heaven, God.
t'ien ¹ -ti ⁴	天地	heaven and earth ; nature.
t'ien ¹ -ti ⁴ -hsüan ² -ko ²	天地懸隔	as wide apart as heaven and earth
t'ien ¹ -ti ⁴ -jên ²	天地人	the three Powers (san ¹ ts'ai ¹).
t'ien ¹ -t'ien ¹	天天	every day, daily (chien ⁴ t'ien ¹).
t'ien ¹ -t'ing ²	天庭	the forehead.
t'ien ¹ -t'ing ² -pao ² -man ²	天庭飽滿	a wide and full forehead (physiognomy),
t'ien ¹ -tsai ¹ -liu ² -hsing ²	天災流行	prevalence of plague, etc.
t'ien ¹ -ts'ai ²	天才	ability.
t'ien ¹ -tzü ¹	天姿	natural beauty.
t'ien ¹ -tzü ³	天子	"the son of heaven," the Emperor.
t'ien ¹ -t'z'ü ¹ -ti ¹	天賜的	bestowed by heaven.
t'ien ¹ -wai ⁴ -ti ¹ -shih ⁴	天外的事	something surpamundane.
t'ien ¹ -wai ⁴ -yu ² -t'ien ¹	天外有天	there are stranger things still.
t'ien ¹ -wan ²	天晚	the day drawing to a close ; evening.
t'ien ¹ -wên ²	天文	astronomy.
t'ien ¹ -wên ² -ching ⁴	天文鏡	a telescope (ch'ien ¹ li ³ ching ⁴).

t'ien¹-wên²-shêng² 天文生
 t'ien¹-wên²-ti¹-lî² 天文地理
 t'ien¹-wên²-t'u² 天文圖
 t'ien¹-icu²-chüeh²-jên² 天無絕人
 t'ien¹-wu²-êrh⁴-jih⁴ 天無二日
 t'ien¹-ya² 天涯
 t'ien¹-yeh² 天爺
 t'ien¹-yen² 天闊
 t'ien¹-yin¹ 天陰
 t'ien¹-yin¹-hou⁴ 天陰厚
 t'ien¹-yin¹-pu⁴-ch'én² 天陰不沉
 t'ien¹ 天添 1110b898a
 t'ien¹-ch'ien²-chiu⁴-mai⁴ 添錢就賣
 t'ien¹-chü⁴-t'u²-kai² 添註塗改
 t'ien¹-fang² 添房
 t'ien¹-hsieh¹-rh² 添些兒
 t'ien²-hsiang¹-ti¹-li² 添箱的禮
 t'ien¹-jên²-chin⁴-k'ou² 添人進口
 t'ien¹-jên²-k'ou² 添人口
 t'ien¹-ko⁴-hsiao²-tzü² 添個小子
 t'ien¹-liao²-hsieh²-huo² 添了些活
 t'ien¹-shang⁴ [tzü²] 添上
 t'ien¹-shuang¹-k'uai⁴ 添雙筷子
 t'ien¹-ting¹ 添丁
 t'ien¹-t'ou² 添頭
 t'ien¹-ts'ai² 添財

an astronomer.
 astronomy and geography.
 a map of the stars.
 Heaven does not cut off completely.
 no two suns in the sky.
 the horizon (or *yai*) (t'ien¹ pien¹).
 the heavenly divinity, God.
 impotency in man ; a eunuch (natural).
 a dull day.
 heavily clouded,
 clouds not thick.
 to lay on, to increase, to add to, additional.
 if you add a little, I will sell,
 to make notes and corrections.
 to marry a second wife.
 to add a little ; put a little more.
 extra presents to the bride.
 increase in the family.
 to increase in family (to marry, have a child, etc).
 to have a son (shêng¹ tzü²).
 added to one's work.
 to add to or on.
 another guest has come.
 a child added to the family (congratulatory).
 addition, possibility of addition.
 to increase in wealth

T' IEN² 田 田 1112a898b
 t'ien²-chai² 田宅
 t'ien²-ch'an² 田產
 t'ien²-chi¹ 田鷄
 t'ien²-ch'i² 田畦
 t'ien²-ch'i⁴ 田器
 t'ien²-chia¹ 田家
 t'ien²-chia¹-tzü²-ti¹ 田家子弟
 t'ien²-chuang² 田庄
 t'ien²-fu⁴ 田賦
 t'ien²-ho² 田禾
 t'ien²-miao² 田苗
 t'ien²-shêng¹-wu²-ku² 田生五穀
 t'ien²-shu² 田鼠
 t'ien²-ti⁴ 田地
 t'ien²-tsu¹ 田租

a field, land, ground.
 fields and houses, farms, etc.
 lands, possessions.
 the frog (ha² ma¹).
 small plots or beds of ground.
 implements of husbandry.
 husbandmen (chuang² chia¹).
 same.
 a farm-house.
 a land tax or rent.
 growing paddy.
 young field crops.
 the fields produce the 5 grains.
 the field rat, the mole.
 land, ground ; state, condition ; place, degree,
 the father of Husbandry, Shü Nung.

[point,

land, ground ; state, condition ; place, degree,
 the father of Husbandry, Shü Nung.

t'ien ² -t'u ³	田土	cultivated land.	
t'ien ² -yeh ³	田野	cultivable fields.	
t'ien ² -yüan ³	田園	cultivated land.	
t'ien ²	甘 {	甜甜 1110c899b	sweet (kan ¹ t'ien ²).
t'ien ²			same.
t'ien ² -ju ² -mi ⁴	甜如蜜	sweet as honey.	
t'ien ² -k'u ³	甜苦	"sweet and bitter," one's lot in life.	
t'ien ² -kua ¹	甜瓜	sweet melons.	
t'ien ² -shui ³	甜水	sweet, i. e., good water (k'u ³ shui ³).	
t'ien ² -shui ³ -ching ³	甜水井	a sweet water well.	
t'ien ² -shui ⁴	甜睡	sweet sleep.	
t'ien ² -ssü ¹ -ssü ¹ -ti ¹	甜絲絲的	very sweet.	
t'ien ² -suan ¹ -k'u ² -la ⁴	甜酸苦辣	"sweet, sour, bitter and acrid," the troubles of	
t'ien ² -t'ou ² -rh ²	甜頭兒	a bait, an allurements.	
t'ien ² -tsui ³ -ma ² -shé ²	甜嘴麻舌	a clever speaker.	
t'ien ² -yen ³	甜言	sweet words, flattery.	
t'ien ² -yen ³ -mi ⁴ -yü ³	甜言蜜語	same.	
t'ien ²	土窰	填 1111b898c	to add ; to fill up ; to make up ; to pay a debt.
t'ien ² -chai ⁴	填債	填	to pay a debt (tien ⁴).
t'ien ² -chieh ¹ -sai ¹ -hsiang ⁴	填街塞巷	填	streets and lanes crammed full.
t'ien ² -huan ³	填還	填	to make a return, to outset, to pay a debt.
t'ien ² -huan ² -k'uei ¹ -kung ¹	填還虧空	填	to make up a loss or deficiency.
t'ien ² -jan ²	填然	填	the roll of a drum ; to urge, to stimulate.
t'ien ² -k'u ¹ -lung ²	填窟窿	填	to fill up a hole.
t'ien ² -man ³	填滿	填	to fill up or entirely.
t'ien ² -ming ⁴	填命	填	to forfeit one's life.
t'ien ² -p'ing ²	填平	填	to fill up, as holes.
t'ien ² -sai ⁴	填塞	填	to fill up, to close up.

T' IEN ³	食 話	舔 1110b899c	to lick, taste, try with tongue.
t'ien ³ -kan ¹ -ching ⁴		舔乾淨	to lick clean.
t'ien ³ -p'o ⁴ -yiao ²		舔破了	to lick a hole, e.g., in paper window.
t'ien ³ -shé ²		舔舌	to lick.
t'ien ³	心	忸 1111a900a	shy, timid, bashful, ashamed.
t'ien ³ -k'uei ⁴		忸愧	same (mien ² t'ien ²).
t'ien ³	肉	腆 1111b899c	[many, thick ; abundant ; substantial ; large ; good ;
t'ien ³ -cho ² -lien ²		腆着臉	shameless (lien ³ p'i ² hou ⁴).

T' IEN ⁴	手	搽 1110a900c	to work the Chinese pencil on the inkslab.
t'ien ⁴ -pi ³		搽筆	same.
t'ien ⁴ -têng ¹		搽燈	to raise the wick.
t'ien ⁴	舌	齧 1110a900c	to put out the tongue.
t'ien ⁴ -shé ²		齧舌	same.

TING ¹	—	丁 ^{1114b903a}	a nail, a pin, an adult ; one.
ting ¹ -chi ⁴		丁祭	worship of Confucius.
ting ¹ -chien ¹		丁艱	to mourn for parents (three years).
ting ¹ -hsiang ¹		丁香	cloves.
ting ¹ -hsiang ¹ -hua ¹		丁香花	mace ; the common lilac.
ting ¹ -k'ou ³		丁口	people.
ting ¹ -nei ¹ -yu ¹		丁內憂	to mourn for some one in the family (mother).
ting ¹ -shui ⁴		丁稅	poll-tax.
ting ¹ -tzu ³		丁子	tadpole.
ting ¹ -tzu ⁴ -chieh ² -érh ³		丁字街兒	a street forming a T with another.
ting ¹ -tzu ⁴ -kuai ³		丁字拐	a staff or crutch with T top.
ting ¹ -wai ⁴ -yu ³		丁外憂	to mourn for some one outside (father).
ting ¹ -yin ³		丁銀	poll-tax.
ting ¹ -yu ⁴		丁憂	to mourn for parents, e. g., officials.
ting ¹ (tzu)	金	釘 ^{1115a904b}	a nail, a pin, a bolt ; to nail ⁴ .
ting ¹ -chang ³		釘鞦	to shoe a horse (kua ⁴ chang ³),
ting ⁴ -chien ¹ -érh ³		釘尖兒	the point of a nail.
ting ⁴ -chui ⁴		釘住	nailed fast.
ting ⁴ -feng ¹ -wén ² -shu ¹		釘封文書	a despatch nailed up in boards.
ting ⁴ -hsieh ³		釘鞋	nailed shoes.
ting ⁴ -niu ³ -tzu ³		釘鈕子	to sew on buttons.
ting ⁴ -lao ³		釘牢	nailed firmly.
ting ⁴ -ma ³ -chang ³		釘馬掌	to shoe a horse.
ting ⁴ -ma ³ -chang ³ -ti ¹		釘馬掌的	a farrier.
ting ⁴ -muo ⁴ érh ³		釘帽兒	the head of a nail.
ting ⁴ -shang ⁴		釘上	to nail up, to sew on.
ting ⁴ -shu ¹		釘書	to bind a book (chuang ¹ ting ⁴).
ting ⁴ -shu ¹ -ti ¹		釘書的	a book-binder.
ting ⁴ -ssü ³		釘死	nailed fast ; crucified.
ting ⁴ -ting ¹ -tzu ³		釘釘子	to drive a nail.
ting ⁴ -tao ¹ -mu ⁴ -lan ⁴		釘糟木爛	nail rusted and wood rotten.
ting ¹	疔	疔 ^{1115a904a}	a pimple, an ulcer, a venereal sore.
ting ¹ -ch'uang ¹		疔瘡	same.
ting ¹ -chui ⁴		疔墜	syphilitic sores.
ting ¹ -tu ³		疔毒	venereal poison.
ting ¹	玉	玎 ^{1114c904a}	jingling noise.
ting ¹ -tang ¹		玎璫	same.
ting ¹	口	叮 ^{1114c904a}	to enjoin.
ting ¹ -chu ³		叮囑	to order.
ting ¹ -ning ³		叮嚀	to enjoin.
ting ¹	人	仃 ^{1114c904a}	alone (ling ³ ting ¹).
ting ¹	酉	酩 ^{1115b905a}	drunk (ming ³ ting ¹).

TING ³ (tzi) 頁	頂	1115c904c	the top; a button; very. M. 37.
ting ³ -an ⁴	頂案		to have some one to answer to the charge
ting ³ -chang ⁴	頂賬		to set off one item against another.
ting ³ -chên ¹	頂針		a thimble (ti ³ chên ¹).
ting ³ -chih ³	頂帶		same.
ting ³ -chu ¹	頂柱		a prop (ch'êng ¹).
ting ³ -chuan ¹	頂磚		to carry a brick on the head.
ting ³ chuang ⁴	頂撞		opposition to, to contradict (t'ai ³ kang ⁴).
ting ³ -rh ³	頂兒		the button worn by mandarins.
ting ³ -fêng ¹	頂風		a head or contrary wind (fêng ¹ pu ⁴ shun ⁴).
ting ³ -hao ³	頂好		the best (chih ¹ hao ³).
ting ³ -hsin ¹	頂心		the brain; the crown of the head.
ting ³ -hsiang ¹	頂兇		substitute for a murderer.
ting ³ -kao ³ -ti ³	頂高的		very high.
ting ³ -kuan ⁴ -su ⁴ -tai ¹	頂冠束帶		to dress up
ting ³ -k'uei ¹ -kuan ⁴ -chia ³	頂盔貫甲		"helmet and armour," military costume.
ting ³ -liu ²	頂流		to go against the current.
ting ³ -ma ³ -ti ³	頂馬的		outriders.
ting ³ -ming ³	頂名		to falsely represent, etc.
ting ² -mu ² -ch'u ¹ -hsi ³	頂沒出息		utterly worthless (fellow).
ting ³ -pao ¹	頂包		to substitute one package for another.
ting ³ -p'êng ³	頂棚		the ceiling (yang ³ p'êng ³).
ting ³ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	頂不住		can't hold up against.
ting ³ -shang ³ -kung ¹ -fu ¹	頂上工夫		splendid work.
ting ³ shung ⁴	頂上		the best.
ting ³ -shang ⁴ -yüan ² -kuang ¹	頂上圓光		aureola.
ting ³ -shou ³	頂手		substitute.
ting ³ -shui ³	頂水		against the tide or current; contrary current.
ting ³ ta ⁴	頂大		the largest.
ting ³ -tai ⁴	頂戴		the button worn by mandarins.
ting ³ -tang ⁴	頂當		to substitute one pledge for another.
ting ³ -tso ¹ -hsien ⁴ -tsai ⁴	頂到現在		up to the present.
ting ³ t'í ⁴	頂替		a substitute (mao ⁴ ming ² , ch'iang ¹ shou ³).
ting ³ -t'ien ¹ -li ⁴ -ti ⁴	頂天立地		very clever, a hero.
ting ³ -têng ¹	頂燈		to hold a lamp on your head (hen-pecked).
ting ³ -t'ou ²	頂項		opposing, contrary.
ting ³ -t'ou ² -fêng ⁴	頂項風		a head-wind.
ting ³ -tsui ³	頂嘴		to contradict impertinently, to argue.
ting ³ yin	頂銀		alloyed silver.
ting ³	鼎	鼎 116b904b	[tablish.
ting ³ -li ⁴	鼎立		a tripod; stable, firm, correct; to set up, to es-
ting ³ -li ⁴	鼎力		to establish firmly.
ting ³ -tsu ³	鼎足		great strength.
			to establish firmly.

TING ⁴	↗	定 1113b905b	to fix, to establish, to decide. M. 275, 326.
ting ⁴ -an ⁴		定 案	to decide a case (fan ³ au ⁴).
ting ⁴ -ch'i ²		定 期	a fixed time.
ting ⁴ -ch'ien ³		定 錢	earnest money.
ting ⁴ -chih ⁴		定 志	to make up one's mind.
ting ⁴ -ch'in ²		定 親	to settle a marriage engagement.
ting ⁴ -ching ¹ (kêng)	*	定 更	watch-setting, at 9 P.M.
ting ⁴ -chu ³ -i ¹		定 主 意	to make up one's mind.
ting ⁴ -chü ²		定 局	to determine on, to decide, to settle.
ting ⁴ -chun ³ -pu ⁴ -i ²		定 準 不 移	undoubtedly.
ting ⁴ -hsia ⁴		定 下	to settle.
ting ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		定 向	to have made up the mind what direction to take.
ting ⁴ -hsin ¹		定 心	to make up one's mind.
ting ⁴ -hsing ³		定 省	to enquire after the health of one's parents.
ting ⁴ -huo ⁴ -chang ⁴		定 貨 賬	an order book.
ting ⁴ -jan ²		定 然	positively, undoubtedly, absolutely certain.
ting ⁴ -jih ⁴ -ch'i ¹		定 日 期	a fixed period or time.
ting ⁴ -kuei ¹		定 規	to decide, to settle, to lay down rules. [chên ¹].
ting ⁴ -nan ² -chên ¹		定 南 針	needle of the compass, the compass (chih ³ nan ²)
ting ⁴ -ni ²		定 擬	to fix, to determine, to decide on.
ting ⁴ -o ³		定 額	a fixed quantity or number.
ting ⁴ -p'an ² -hsing ¹		定 盤 星	the balance of a steel-yard.
ting ⁴ -pu ⁴ -juo ² -shu		定 不 饒 恕	assuredly will not forgive.
ting ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tê ²		定 不 得	unable to fix or settle; uncertain.
ting ⁴ -shên ²		定 神	to compose one's self.
ting ⁴ -shih ⁴		定 視	a fixed, steady look (chu ⁴ mu ⁴).
ting ⁴ -shu ⁴		定 數	a fixed number; fate.
ting ⁴ -tan ¹		定 單	a bargain, an agreement.
ting ⁴ -tan ¹ -yin ²		定 單 銀	earnest money, money to bind the bargain.
ting ⁴ -tê ²		定 得	fixed, settled (i ³ ting ⁴).
ting ⁴ -to ²		定 奪	to make up the mind.
ting ⁴ -t'o ³		定 妥	fixed safely.
ting ⁴ -tso ⁴ -t'i ¹		定 做 的	made to order (hsien ² ch'êng ² t'i ¹).
ting ⁴ -tsui ⁴		定 罪	to condemn, to convict.
ting ⁴ -yao ⁴		定 要	to insist.
ting ⁴ -yin ²		定 銀	earnest money.
ting ⁴ -yo ¹		定 約	a contract; to contract.
ting ⁴ (tzi)	金	錠 1114b905c	an ingot of silver (i ¹ ting ⁴ yin ²).
ting ⁴ -tzu ² -yao ⁴		錠 子 藥	a kind of ointment (used on sores, etc.).
ting ⁴ -yin ²		錠 銀	a silver ingot
ting ⁴	言	訂 1115a905a	to criticise, to examine, to compare, to adjust.
ting ⁴ -chêng ⁴		訂 正	to revise and prepare a work for publication.
tin ⁴ -shu ¹		訂 書	to criticise books (p'i ³ shu ¹).

ting⁴-wèn⁴

訂問

to examine.

T'ING¹

t'ing¹

耳

{ 听 1119a906a

t'ing¹-ch'ai¹

聽差

to hear, to comply (1 and 4). same.

t'ing¹-ch'i²

聽其

office boys, messengers, etc.

t'ing¹-ch'i²-tzi¹-jan²

聽其自然

to let, to allow.

t'ing¹-chiang³

聽講

let it take its natural course.

t'ing¹-chien⁴

聽見

to attend to instruction.

t'ing¹-chien⁴-liao³

聽見了

to hear.

t'ing¹-chien⁴-shuo¹

聽見說

to have heard.

t'ing¹-cho²-liao³

聽著了

same.

t'ing¹-ch'u¹-lai²-tiao³

聽出來了

same.

t'ing¹-ch'üan⁴

聽勸

heard understandingly.

t'ing¹-érh²-pu⁴-wên²

聽而不聞

to give heed to advice.

t'ing¹-hou⁴

聽候

to listen but not to hear.

t'ing¹-hsi³

聽戲

to await.

t'ing¹-hsin⁴

聽信

to hear a theatrical performance.

t'ing¹-hua⁴

聽話

hear and believe.

t'ing¹-ling⁴

聽令

to be obedient.

t'ing¹-nü⁴-liao³

聽了

to obey orders.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-chien⁴

聽不見

took up wrongly.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-chên¹

聽不真

unable to hear.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-chin⁴-ch'ü⁴

聽不進去

cannot hear clearly.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-ch'u¹-lai²

聽不出來

cannot hear so as to comprehend.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-fu⁴

聽不服

unable to understand what one hears.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-lai²

聽不來

unpleasant to my ear.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-tê²

聽不得

to misunderstand; to dislike listening to.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-t'ing¹

聽不聽

unable to hear; unfit to hear.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-ming²-pai⁴

聽不明

do you hear? whether you hear or not.

t'ing¹-shih²-ti¹

聽事的

to misunderstand.

t'ing¹-shou⁴

聽受

servants, attendants.

t'ing¹-shuo¹

聽說

to receive; to hear; to heed.

t'ing¹-tai¹

聽待

to listen to advice; I hear say, etc.

t'ing¹-tao⁴

聽道

to wait.

t'ing¹-tê²-chien⁴

聽得見

to listen to advice.

t'ing¹-tê²-ch'u¹-lai²

聽得出來

able to hear.

t'ing¹-t'ien¹-yu²-ming⁴

聽天由命

able to understand what one hears.

t'ing¹-t'ing¹

聽聽

yield to Heaven and submit to Fate.

t'ing¹-t'ou²

聽頭

to listen, listen, do you hear?

t'ing¹-ts'o¹-liao³

聽錯了

worth hearing.

t'ing¹-tsui⁴

聽罪

to misunderstand.

t'ing¹-ts'ung²

聽從

hear or wait for sentence.

to comply.

<i>t'ing¹-wên³</i>	聽聞	to hear.
<i>t'ing¹-yên³</i>	聽言	to listen to advice.
<i>t'ing¹</i>	廳	a court, an office, a hall, drawing or dining room.
<i>t'ing¹-fang³</i>	廳房	a hall, a drawing room (kuo ⁴ t'ing ¹).
<i>t'ing¹-t'ang³</i>	廳堂	the principal hall of a college, etc.
<i>t'ing¹</i>	木 梃	a bough, a staff, a stick.
<i>t'ing¹-li⁴</i>	梃立	upright, perpendicular.
TING²	人 停	to stop, to delay ; to fix in a place.
<i>t'ing²-ch'ê¹</i>	停車	to stop a cart.
<i>t'ing²-chih³</i>	停止	to stop, to discontinue, to cause to cease.
<i>t'ing²-cho³</i>	停着	stopping.
<i>t'ing²-chu⁴</i>	停住	to cease, to stop.
<i>t'ing²-ch'uan³</i>	停船	to stop the boat
<i>t'ing²-ch'uang³</i>	停牀	death-bed.
<i>t'ing²-fêng⁴</i>	停俸	to stop salary (fêng ⁴ lu ⁴).
<i>t'ing²-hsi³</i>	停息	to cease, to stop, to rest ; stoppage of interest.
<i>t'ing²-i¹-hui³</i>	停一回	to stop a while ; stop a bit.
<i>t'ing²-i¹-hui²-ti¹</i>	停一回的	stopping a while.
<i>t'ing²-i¹-t'ing³</i>	停一停	stop a bit, etc.
<i>t'ing²-k'ou³</i>	停口	to discontinue speaking.
<i>t'ing²-kung¹</i>	停工	to leave off work (hsieh ⁴ kung ¹).
<i>t'ing²-li¹-kuei¹-p'ên³</i>	停利歸本	to stop paying interest and repay the capital.
<i>t'ing²-ling³</i>	停靈	to delay burial of a coffin.
<i>t'ing²-liu³</i>	停留	to delay.
<i>t'ing²-pi²-hsiang¹-tzū⁴</i>	停筆想字	stop writing and think of a character.
<i>t'ing²-po²</i>	停泊	to anchor.
<i>t'ing²-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>	停不往	unable to stop.
<i>t'ing²-pu⁴-t'ê³</i>	停不得	must not stop, cannot stop.
<i>t'ing²-shêng¹</i>	停陞	to delay promotion.
<i>t'ing²-shou³</i>	停手	to stay the hand, to cease doing.
<i>t'ing²-tang¹</i>	停當	arranged well, satisfactorily settled.
<i>t'ing²-t'ing²-tang¹-tang¹</i>	停停當當	same (t'o ³ tang ³).
<i>t'ing²-t'ing²-t'o³-t'o³</i>	停停妥妥	same.
<i>t'ing²-t'o³</i>	停妥	same.
<i>t'ing²-wu³</i>	停午	noon, resting time.
<i>t'ing²</i>	亭	a pavilion, a kiosque ; watch-house
<i>t'ing²-chang³</i>	亭長	the senior constable of a village.
<i>t'ing²-rh³</i>	亭兒	a pavilion, portico ; a watch-house, policeman.
<i>t'ing²-fu⁴</i>	亭父	the senior peace-officer of a village.
<i>t'ing²-kung¹</i>	亭公	same.
<i>t'ing²-t'ai³</i>	亭臺	pavilions and galleries.
<i>t'ing²</i>	廷	a hall ; the court ; to rectify ; straight, even.

<i>t'ing²-ch'ên²</i>	廷臣	a courtier, a minister.
<i>t'ing²-i⁴</i>	廷議	court deliberations (ch'ao ² t'ing ²).
<i>t'ing²</i>	庭	a house, a hall; a district; an office.
<i>t'ing²-hsün⁴</i>	庭訓	paternal instruction.
<i>t'ing²-shê⁴</i>	庭舍	a house (chia ¹ t'ing ²).
<i>t'ing²-t'ang²</i>	庭堂	same.
<i>t'ing²</i>	雨	霆
<i>t'ing²</i>	虫	蜓
<i>t'ing²</i>	艸	莖
<i>t'ing²</i>		the noise of thunder (lei ² t'ing ² chih ¹ nu ⁴).
		dragon fly (ching ¹ t'ing ²).
		a stalk or culm.
T'ING³	手	挺
<i>t'ing³-chin²</i>		挺緊
<i>t'ing³-ch'u²</i>		挺出
<i>t'ing³-hsing²</i>		挺刑
<i>t'ing³-hsing¹</i>		挺胸
<i>t'ing³-hsing¹-t'ieh⁴-t'u⁴</i>		挺胸凸肚
<i>t'ing³-jên⁴</i>		挺刃
<i>t'ing³-kao¹</i>		挺高
<i>t'ing³-li⁴</i>		挺立
<i>t'ing³-pang³-tzu³-ying⁴</i>		挺梆子硬
<i>t'ing³-pu⁴-chu⁴-liao³</i>		挺不住了
<i>t'ing³-shên¹</i>		挺身
<i>t'ing³-ta³</i>		挺撻
<i>t'ing³-yen²</i>		挺嚴
<i>t'ing³</i>	舟	艇
<i>t'ing³-ch'uan²</i>		艇船
		to stick up, to stretch out; very. M. 37.
		to pull tight.
		to bulge out.
		to endure punishment without flinching.
		to expand the chest.
		strutting like a bully.
		to raise a sword as if about to strike.
		very high (lao ³ kao ¹).
		to stand straight up.
		a hard bit, as a nut.
		unable to stand it, e. g., a flogging.
		to stretch one's self up; upright in person. [etc.
		to endure without flinching; to dare to strike,
		tight, strict, close, strong.
		a boat, a barge.
		same.
TIU¹	一	丟
<i>tiu¹-ch'ai¹</i>		丟差
<i>tiu¹-ch'i⁴</i>		丟棄
<i>tiu¹-ch'ou²</i>		丟醜
<i>tiu¹-ch'ü⁴</i>		丟去
<i>tiu¹-hsia⁴</i>		丟下
<i>tiu¹-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>		丟下去
<i>tiu¹-jên²</i>		丟人
<i>tiu¹-k'ai¹</i>		丟開
<i>tiu¹-k'ai¹-shou²</i>		丟開手
<i>tiu¹-k'ung¹-êrh²</i>		丟空兒
<i>tiu¹-liao³</i>		丟了
<i>tiu¹-liao³-mei²-yu³</i>		丟了沒有
<i>tiu¹-lien³</i>		丟臉
<i>tiu¹-lien³-ti¹</i>		丟臉的
<i>tiu¹-pu⁴-hsia⁴</i>		丟不下
		to lose, to throw away.
		to fail, to make a mess of.
		cast aside.
		to disgrace one's self.
		to throw away (ch'i ⁴ chüeh ²).
		to leave behind.
		to throw down.
		to lose respectability, to be disgraced.
		not to mention cast aside,
		not to do; don't do it.
		to leave every other line blank.
		lost.
		is it lost?
		"to lose face," to lose reputation, to be disgraced.
		disreputable.
		unable to lose.

tiu¹-pu⁴-liao³
 tiu¹-shên¹
 tsiu¹-shih¹
 tiu¹-shou³
 tiu¹-t'ai¹
 tiu¹-tiao⁴
 tui¹-ts'ai²-jê³-ch'i⁴
 tiu¹-yen³-sé⁴

丟不了
 丟身
 丟失
 丟手
 丟胎
 丟掉
 丟財惹氣
 丟眼色

unable to lose.
 an emission.
 to lose.
 to leave off.
 an abortion.
 to discard.
 lost money and made enemies.
 a sign with the eye.

TO¹

少

多 1119c909a
 多見
 多着的
 多愁
 多住幾天
 多重
 多重皮
 多兒多女
 多福
 多學
 多謝
 多心
 多會
 多疑
 多感
 多高
 多口
 多寡
 多管閒事
 多虧
 多禮
 多呢
 多麼好
 多們好
 多蒙
 多半
 多病
 多不多
 多不少
 多少次
 多事
 多事的人
 多手
 多壽

tó¹-chien⁴
 tó¹-cho³-tí¹
 tó¹-ch'ou³
 tó¹-chu⁴-chí¹-t'ien¹
 tó¹-chung⁴
 tó¹-chung⁴-p'i³
 tó¹-érh³-tò¹-nū³
 tó¹-fu³
 tó¹-hsiao³
 tó¹-hsieh⁴
 tó¹-hsin¹
 tó¹-hui⁴
 tó¹-i³
 tó¹-kan³
 tó¹-kao³
 tó¹-k'ou³
 tó¹-kua³
 tó¹-kuan³-hsien³-shih⁴
 tó¹-k'uei¹
 tó¹-li³
 tó¹-tò³-ní¹
 tó¹-ma¹-hao³
 tó¹-mên¹-hao³
 tó¹-mêng³
 tó¹-pan⁴
 tó¹-ping⁴
 tó¹-pu⁴-tò¹
 tó¹-shao³
 tó¹-shao³-t'z'ü⁴
 tó¹-shih⁴
 tó¹-shih⁴-t'í¹-jên³
 tó¹-shou³
 tó¹-shou⁴

many, much, more; very. M. 225.
 well-informed.
 very many (hsü³ to¹).
 mournful.
 stay a few days longer.
 very heavy; how heavy is it
 what is the tare?
 many children.
 much happiness.
 well informed, well read.
 many thanks.
 to be suspicious.
 when, whenever.
 suspicious.
 very grateful.
 very high; how high is it?
 "much mouth," talkative, etc.
 "many and few," the number of; how many?
 a busy-body in other people's affairs.
 very fortunate that—
 overpolite.
 woollens.
 how good!
 extremely good, all good.
 very much obliged.
 probably, mostly (or 多一半).
 inclined to sickness.
 is it much? are there many?
 how many or much? what a number! a good
 how often? how many times?
 officious, meddlesome; many affairs, etc.
 a busy body; one with much business.
 a meddlesome busy-body.
 longevity.

[many.
 a good

to ¹ -shui ⁴ -shêng ¹ -ping ¹	多睡生病	too much sleep causes illness.
to ¹ -shuo ¹ -hua ⁴	多說話	to talk much, loquacious.
to ¹ -shuo ¹ -hua ⁴ -ti ¹	多說話的	a talkative person.
to ¹ -ta ⁴ -nien ² -chi ⁴	多大年紀	what is your age? (kao ¹ shou ⁴).
to ¹ -to ¹	多多	very much, very many.
to ¹ -to ¹ -i ⁴ -shan ⁴	多多益善	the more the better.
to ¹ -to ¹ -shao ² -shao ²	多多少少	no matter how much; at any rate; a great many.
to ¹ -to ¹ -wên ⁴ -hao ²	多多問好	very kind regards to you.
to ¹ -tu ²	多多讀	to have read much
to ¹ -ts'ai ² -to ¹ -i ⁴	多才多藝	great ability.
to ¹ -tsan ¹	多啗	when? what time?
to ¹ -tsao ² -wan ² -r'rh ²	多早晚兒	same.
to ¹ -tsui ²	多多嘴	very loquacious (la ² la ² pu ⁴ hsiu ¹).
to ¹ -tz'ü ⁴	多多次	many times, many a time, often.
to ¹ -wên ²	多聞	to have heard much, well-informed.
to ¹ -yen ²	多言	loquacious.
to ¹ -yu ¹ -to ¹ -lü ¹	多憂慮	always in distress.
to ¹ -yü ² -ti ¹	多餘的	the remainder, what is left, superfluous.

TO ²	大	奪	1121a913	to snatch away, to seize; to lop off; to criticise.
to ² -chan ⁴		估		to grasp, to seize (ch'iang ² to ²).
to ² -chiung ¹ -shan ¹		江山		to usurp the Empire.
to ² -ch'iu ²		囚		to break open a prison.
to ² -kuo ⁴ -lai ²		過來		to take from another.
to ² -liao ² -ch'ü ⁴ -la ¹		了去喇		stolen away.
to ² -ch'ü ²		取		to take by violence.
to ² -ch'ü ⁴		去		to deprive one of, to snatch.
to ² -jung ²		攘		to seize.
to ² -k'uei ²		魁		to come out first at examinations.
to ² -ming ²		名		to filch the credit from another.
to ²	土	搽	1122a910a	a target; to stack; to pile up; a pile, a heap.
to ² -ch'ai ² -huo ²		柴火		to stack up firewood.
to ² -ch'ien ²		錢		to pile up money.
to ² -huo ⁴ -wu ⁴		貨物		to heap up goods.
to ² -k'ou ²		口		embrasures (ch'êng ²).
to ² -shang ⁴		上		to pile up. See to ⁴ .
to ²	手	掇	1120a913a	to persuade; to take, to seize, to gather. See
to ² -shih ²		拾		to gather, to harvest (shih ² to ²).
to ²	金	鐸	1121a914a	a bell with a clapper.

TO ³	身	躲	1121c910a	to avoid, to withdraw, to hide (shan ²).
to ² -k'at ²		開		to withdraw; get out of the way?
to ² -lan ²		懶		to loiter, to delay, to dawdle.

[ts'ò⁴.

- to³.liao³-t'a¹ 躲了他 avoid him, shun him, keep him at a distance.
 to³-nan⁴ 躲難 to avoid difficulty.
 to³-ni⁴ 躲匿 to lie concealed, to avoid showing one's self.
 to³-pi⁴ 躲避 to avoid, to shun, to retire.
 to³-shan³ 躲閃 to dodge away from.
 to³-shén¹ 躲身 to withdraw one's self.
 to³-tao⁴-rh³ 躲道兒 to get out of the road.
 to³-to³ 躲躲 to avoid, to get out of the way.
 to³-ts'ang³ 躲藏 to lie concealed, to avoid showing one's self.
 to³ 木朵 朵 1121c909c a cluster of flowers or fruit, lobe of the ear.
- TO⁴ 舟 舵 1122a910b a helm, a rudder.
 to⁴-hou⁴-shéng¹-fèng¹ 舵後生風 a favourable wind.
 to⁴-kan¹ 舵杆 the tiller.
 to⁴-kung¹ 舵工 the helmsman or steersman (shao¹ kung¹).
 to⁴-pa¹ 舵把 the tiller, the handle of the tiller.
 to⁴-t'ing¹ 舵槓 the post of a rudder.
 to⁴ 刀 剝 1122a910b to mince, to chop up.
 to⁴-hsia⁴-lai³ 剝下來 same.
 to⁴-lan¹ 剝爛 to mince very small.
 to⁴-liao³-i¹-tao¹ 剝了一刀 to give a chop.
 to⁴-sui⁴ 剝碎 to mince, to chop up.
 to⁴ 足 踩 1122a910a to stamp the foot.
 to⁴-chiao³ 踩脚 same.
 to⁴-tsu³ 踩足 same.
 to⁴ 心 惰 1122b910c lazy, idle, remiss; disrespectful (lan³ to⁴).
 to⁴-hsing³ 惰行 lounging, lazy; to loiter.
 to⁴ 馬 馱 1126b911b a beast's load.
 to⁴-ch'i³ 馱驢 a loaded horse.
 to⁴-pu⁴-tung⁴ 馱不動 unable to carry it—as, a mule, on its back.
 to⁴ 土 墮 1122b910c to fall down.
 to⁴-lo⁴ 墮落 to fall behind.
 to⁴-t'ai¹ 墮胎 a miscarriage.
 to⁴ 广 度 1191a917b to think, to ponder, to guess. See *tu*⁴.
 to⁴ (tzi) 禾 稞 1121c910b a stack, a pile.
- T'O¹ 肉 脫 1125a914a to take off or away, to put off; retire, to escape.
 t'o¹-an⁴-t'i³-jén³ 脫案的人 one who has escaped trial.
 t'o¹-chieh³ 脫節 disconnected, interrupted, disjointed.
 t'o¹-ch'u¹ 脫出 to escape.
 t'o¹-ch'u³ 脫除 to remove.
 t'o¹-hsia⁴-lai³ 脫下來 to take off (as clothes).
 t'o¹-hsié³ 脫鞋 to take off the shoes.

t'ŏ¹-yen² 託言 to pretence, a false reason assigned.
 t'ŏ¹-yin² 託音 to send news. [steer.
 t'ŏ¹ 手 拈 拖 1125c911a to hang down; to lift up; to drag, to pull; to
 t'ŏ¹-ch'ien⁴ 欠 to defer payment of a debt.
 t'ŏ¹-ch'u¹-lai² 拖出來 to drag out.
 t'ŏ¹-ch'uan² 拖船 to track a vessel (la¹ ch'uan²).
 t'ŏ¹-la¹ 拖拉 to involve; to drag; to save.
 t'ŏ¹-lei⁴ 拖累 to involve, to implicate (lien² lei⁴). [cate.
 t'ŏ¹-ni² 拖泥 "to drag through the mud," to involve, to impli-
 t'ŏ¹-ni²-tai⁴-shui² 拖泥帶水 "dragged through mud and water," an obscure
 t'ŏ¹-p'ei² 拖疲 dilatory (man¹ han¹). [style.
 t'ŏ¹-yen² 拖延 to cause delay (tan¹ wu⁴).
 t'ŏ¹ 木 柁 1123a912a beams (large).
 t'ŏ¹-liang² 柁樑 large and small beams.
 t'ŏ¹-lin² 柁檁 beams and crossbeams.

T'Ō² 馬 駝 1123c911c the camel; to load on a beast's back.
 t'ŏ²-chiao⁴ 駝橋 a camel chair, a mule litter.
 t'ŏ²-fu⁴ 駝負 to carry a burden (nan).
 t'ŏ²-pei⁴ 駝背 hump-backed (lo² kuō²).
 t'ŏ²-to¹-t'ü² 駝驮子 a beast's load.
 t'ŏ² 馬 馱 馱 1126l911b to lade on back. See to⁴.
 t'ŏ²-hsing²-li² 馱行李 to carry baggage as a beast of burden.
 t'ŏ²-t'u⁴-tung⁴ 馱不動 unable to carry it—too heavy.
 t'ŏ²-shang⁴-shan¹-chü⁴ 馱上山去 carry it up a hill.
 t'ŏ² 鳥 駝 1123c911c ostrich.
 t'ŏ²-niao² 駝鳥 same.
 t'ŏ² 鼉 鼉 1126c912a an iguana, the skin of which was used for drums.

T'Ō³ 女 妥 1122c912c secure, steady, satisfactory; to keep down.
 t'ŏ³-shih²-ti¹-jên² 妥實的人 a trustworthy person (k'ao⁴ t'ê² chu⁴).
 t'ŏ³-tang¹ 妥當 secure, satisfactory, safe (tieli² tang¹).
 t'ŏ³-t'ieh¹ 妥貼 fixed, settled, secure, safe.
 t'ŏ³-ting⁴ 妥定 settled.
 t'ŏ³-t'ŏ³-tang¹-tang¹ 妥妥當當 secure, satisfactory, safe.
 t'ŏ³ 广 度 1126a912c full stretch of arms (5 or 6 feet).

T'Ō⁴ 口 唾 唾 1126l913b spittle; to spit. See t'u⁴.
 t'ŏ⁴-mo⁴ 唾沫 spittle; to spit.
 t'ŏ⁴-mo⁴-ho²-êrh² 唾沫盒兒 a spittoon.
 t'ŏ⁴ (t'ü) 石 錢 箭 砣 1123b912b weights; a roller.

TOU¹ 几 兜 1128b873a a helmet; a bag; to obtain.

<i>ton¹-chu⁴</i>	兜住		to raise up, to muzzle.
<i>ton¹-hsieh¹-tung¹-hsi¹</i>	兜些東西		to wrap things in a cloth.
<i>ton¹-k'uei¹</i>	兜盔		a kind of helmet.
<i>ton¹-ta¹</i>	兜答		to provoke, to incite to do or say.
<i>ton¹-tsui³</i>	兜嘴		a muzzle ; to muzzle. [tor.]
<i>ton¹-tu⁴</i>	兜肚子		a covering for the stomach, a "stomach protection bag, used by bricklayers instead of a hod.
<i>ton¹-tzü³</i>	兜子		mountain chair, muzzle bag.
<i>ton¹ (tzü)</i>	竹筴	1128c873	

TOU³	斗	斗 1128c874a	a measure (a peck, 10 <i>shêng</i>).
<i>ton³-ch'êng⁴</i>		斗秤	measures and weights.
<i>ton³-chi²</i>		斗級	official grain-measurer.
<i>ton³-hu³</i>		斗斛	pecks and bushels.
<i>ton³-k'ou³-ta⁴-tzü⁴</i>		斗口大字	characters as big as a peck measure.
<i>ton³-p'êng³</i>		斗篷	coarse conical rain hat.
<i>ton³-ping⁴</i>		斗柄	the handle of a peck ; Charles's Wain.
<i>ton³-ta⁴-ti³-tzü⁴</i>		斗大的字	characters as big as a peck measure.
<i>ton³-tan³</i>		斗膽子	daring, venturesome.
<i>ton³-tzü³</i>		斗子	a box-shaped ornament on a flag-staff
<i>ton³</i>	手	抖 1128b874b	to shake up or off, to rouse ; to tremble, to pant.
<i>ton³-cho³-tan³-tzü³</i>		抖着胆子	to pluck up courage.
<i>ton³-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>		抖下去	to shake up, so as to settle down.
<i>ton³-i¹-ton³</i>		抖一抖	to shake up (ta ³ chan ⁴ chan ⁴). [elated.]
<i>ton³-sou³</i>		抖擻	to arouse, to elevate ; to cringe, obsequious ;
<i>ton³-sou³-ching¹-shên²</i>		抖擻精神	to rouse one's spirit (chên ⁴ shua ¹ ching ¹ shên ²).
<i>ton³-tan³</i>		抖胆	to rouse up one's courage, to stimulate to bravery.
<i>ton³-ton³-sou³-sou³</i>		抖抖擻擻	to cringe, to fawn, obsequious
<i>ton³</i>	阜	陡 1129c874b	sudden ; to stop, to desist ; steep.
<i>ton³-chang³</i>		陡長	to grow rapidly.
<i>ton³-jan²</i>		陡然	suddenly (hu ¹ jan ²).
<i>ton³-k'an³</i>		陡坎	a precipice.
<i>ton³-p'o¹-rh³</i>		陡坡兒	a steep hill.

TOU⁴ (tzü)	豆	豆 1127b874c	beans, pulse.
<i>ton⁴-chiao³</i>		豆角	bean pods.
<i>ton⁴-chieh¹</i>		豆秸	bean stalks
<i>ton⁴-fu³</i>		豆腐	bean curd.
<i>ton⁴-fu³-cha¹-tzü³</i>		豆腐渣子	refuse bean-cake.
<i>ton⁴-fu³-kan¹</i>		豆腐乾	dried bean curd.
<i>ton⁴-fu³-kuan¹</i>		豆腐官	unenergetic officials (fig.).
<i>ton⁴-fu³-nao³</i>		豆腐腦	sort of edible bean-curd.
<i>ton⁴-fu³-p'ü²</i>		豆腐皮	the skin of bean-curd.
<i>ton⁴-fu³-ssü¹</i>		豆腐絲	bean curd shreds.

tou ¹ -pau ⁴	豆辦	beans swelled by soaking.
tou ⁴ -ping ³	豆餅	bean cake.
tou ⁴ -ya ²	豆芽	bean sprouts; beans with sprouts.
tou ⁴ -yu ²	豆油	bean oil.
tou ⁴	鬥 1128a	to fight (ta ³ chia ⁴ , ta ³ chang ⁴ , chêng ¹ chan ⁴).
tou ⁴	鬥 1128a874c	to fight, to wrangle, to contest; to meet, to occur.
tou ⁴ -an ¹ -ch'un ²	鬥 鳩	to fight quails.
tou ⁴ -chi ¹	鬥 鷄	a cock fight.
tou ⁴ -chi ¹ -k'êng ¹	鬥 鷄坑	a cock-pit.
tou ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	鬥 趣	to make merry with games at a feast.
tou ⁴ -hsiao ⁴	鬥 笑	to provoke a laugh.
tou ⁴ -hsin ¹ -hsiang ¹	鬥 心胸	a pugnacious disposition.
tou ⁴ -ou ¹	鬥 毆	to fight with the fists or sticks.
tou ⁴ -p'ai ²	鬥 牌	to play cards (mo ³ p'ai ² , ta ³ p'ai ²).
tou ⁴ -ping ¹	鬥 兵	to fight with troops.
tou ⁴ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴	鬥 不過	can't thrash in a fight (ta ³ pu ⁴ kuo ⁴).
tou ⁴ -sha ¹ -jên ² -ming ⁴	鬥 殺人命	to kill a man in a fight.
tou ⁴ -shêng ⁴	鬥 勝	to struggle for mastery.
tou ⁴ -tsui ²	鬥 嘴	to wrangle, to squabble.
tou ⁴ (t'ü)	痘 1127b875b	the small-pox.
tou ⁴ -chên ²	痘 疹	same.
tou ⁴ -chih ¹	痘 汗	pus of small-pox.
tou ⁴ -ch'uang ¹	痘 瘡	small-pox pustules.
tou ⁴ -shên ²	痘 神	the god of small-pox.
tou ⁴	逗 1128a875b	to stop, to delay, to remain, to dwell; to tempt.
tou ⁴ -jên ²	逗 人	to tempt a person.
tou ⁴ -liu ²	逗 遛	to loiter, to linger, to lurk about; to detain one.
tou ⁴ -nung ⁴	逗 弄	to fidget, to disturb, things.
tou ⁴	斗 1127c875	pulse; the nutmeg.
tou ¹ -k'ou ⁴	蔻	cardamoms; the nutmeg (jou ⁴ kuei ⁴).
tou ¹ -k'ou ⁴ -hua ¹	蔻花	mace.

T'OU¹

t'ou ¹ -an ¹	人 偷	1131b875a	to steal, by stealth; remiss.
t'ou ¹ -ch'ieh ⁴	偷 安		to obtain ease by stealth, to take one's ease.
t'ou ¹ -ch'ing ²	偷 竊		to steal (ch'iang ³ tao ⁴).
t'ou ¹ -rh ²	偷 情		illicit intercourse (kou ³ ch'ich ³).
t'ou ¹ -fêng ¹	偷 兒		a thief.
t'ou ¹ -hsien ²	偷 風		to steal on windy nights.
t'ou ¹ -k'an ⁴	偷 閒		to waste time; to skulk.
t'ou ¹ -kung ² -chüeh ² -mu ⁴	偷 看		to look by stealth, to steal a glance.
t'ou ¹ -k'ung ¹ -êrh ²	偷 掘墓		mine and grave-robber.
t'ou ¹ -lou ⁴	偷 空		to steal leisure.
	偷 漏		to evade, to smuggle, smuggling.

t'ou ¹ -mao ² -tao ⁴ -kou ³	偷貓盜狗	stealing everything.
t'ou ¹ -pao ²	偷薄	illicit intercourse ; remiss,
t'ou ¹ -p'ao ² -la ¹	偷跑喇	skulked off.
t'ou ¹ -shéng ¹ -kuei ³	偷生鬼	not fit to live.
t'ou ¹ -shih ⁴	偷視	to look by stealth.
t'ou ¹ -shui ⁴	偷稅	to smuggle.
t'ou ¹ -ssü ¹	偷私	clandestine, illicit (ssü ¹ hsia ⁴).
t'ou ¹ -tao ⁴	偷盜	to steal, theft, to obtain clandestinely.
t'ou ¹ -t'ing ¹	偷聽	to listen secretly.
t'ou ¹ -t'ou ¹ -rh ² -ti ¹	偷偷兒的	stealthily.
t'ou ¹ -tsou ⁴	偷做	to do by stealth.
t'ou ¹ -tsou ³	偷走	to skulk off.
t'ou ¹ -tsui ³	偷嘴	to steal food, surreptitious eating
t'ou ¹ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	偷東西	to steal things.
t'ou ¹ -ying ²	偷營	to surprise an enemy's camp.
t'ou ¹ -ying ² -chieh ² -chai ⁴	偷營劫寨	to surprise enemy's camp.

T'OU³

頁 頭 1130b876a

t'ou ² -rh ²	頭兒	the head, the top, the chief ; the front ; the end.
t'ou ² -fa ³	頭髮	a head, a chief.
t'ou ² -fa ³ -pai ²	頭髮白	the hair of the head.
t'ou ² -hao ⁴ -shih ²	頭號石	the hair is gray.
t'ou ² -hsiang ⁴	頭向	the heaviest stone in military competitions.
t'ou ² -hsi ⁴	頭緒	an opening, something to make a living by
t'ou ² -hun ¹ -nao ³ -mén ⁴	頭昏腦悶	a way, a clue (shu ¹ hsü ⁴). [(mén ² lu ¹).
t'ou ² -huo ⁴	頭貨	head confused and aching. [k'on ³).
t'ou ² -i ¹ -chien ⁴	頭一件	mules, donkeys, horses (read <i>pu</i> , <i>ku</i>) (Shéng ¹
t'ou ² -i ¹ -fén ¹ -tzü ³	頭一分子	above all, foremost.
t'ou ² -i ¹ -hang ²	頭一行	the first share.
t'ou ² -i ¹ -tzü ⁴	頭一次	the first row.
t'ou ² -k'uei ¹	頭盔	the first time.
t'ou ² -li ³	頭裡	helmet.
t'ou ² -lien ³	頭臉	at first.
t'ou ² -lu ²	頭顱	"head and face," the head.
t'ou ² -lu ⁴	頭路	a skull, a head (nao ³ kai ⁴).
t'ou ² -mi ²	頭迷	a way (tao ⁴ lu ⁴).
t'ou ² -ming ²	頭名	the head confused.
t'ou ² -mu ⁴	頭目	first-rate, excellent.
t'ou ² -nao ³	頭腦	"head and eyes," an overseer, a head, a chief.
t'ou ² -mien ²	頭年	the brains ; a way, a clue ; a head, a chief.
t'ou ² -o ²	頭額	last year (shang ⁴ nien ²).
t'ou ² -p'ao ⁴	頭帕	the forehead, the brow.
t'ou ² -pan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	頭半天	a turban.
		forenoon.

t'ou ² -pêu ³	頭本	the first book
t'ou ² -p'ien ¹	頭篇	the first section.
t'ou ² -p'o ⁴ -hsieh ³ -ch'u ¹	頭破血出	the head cut and bleeding.
t'ou ² -shang ³	頭晌	forenoon.
t'ou ² -shang ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	頭上青天	the blue sky above us.
t'ou ² -shêng ¹ -êrh ² -tzu ³	頭生兒子	first born son.
t'ou ² -shêng ² -rh ³	頭繩兒	red string for the hair (women's and children's).
t'ou ² -lêng ³	頭等	the first grade.
t'ou ² -tien ³ -ti ⁴	頭點地	assenting, humble.
t'ou ² -ting ³	頭頂	the crown of the head
t'ou ² -tzu ³	頭子	a head, a chief, the best.
t'ou ² -wei ³	頭尾	head and tail, beginning and end, first and last,
t'ou ² -i ⁴ (yi)	頭役	headman in each pan of runners
t'ou ² -yün ⁴	頭暈	the head giddy.
t'ou ² -yün ⁴ -yen ³ -hua ¹	頭暈眼花	vertigo, giddiness.
t'ou ²	手投	to hit; to throw; to present; to dip.
t'ou ² -an ⁴	投案	to appear before court, to give one's self up.
t'ou ² -ch'êng ³	投誠	to surrender, to return to one's duty.
t'ou ² -chi ¹	投機	to agree in opinion, understand, see the point,
t'ou ² -ch'i ³	投旗	to join the banners (Manchoo).
t'ou ² -ch'i ⁴	投契	friendly, intimate.
t'ou ² -chih ¹	投知	to give information, to make known.
t'ou ² -ch'in ¹	投親	to visit relations living at a distance.
t'ou ² -ching ³	投井	to commit suicide by jumping into a well.
t'ou ² -chün ¹	投軍	to enlist (chao ¹ mu ⁴).
t'ou ² -fên ¹	投分	agreeable, friendly, amicable.
t'ou ² -ho ²	投河	to jump into a river, to drown one's self.
t'ou ² -ho ² -pên ⁴ -ching ³	投河透井	suicide in well and river.
t'ou ² -hsia ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	投下處	to find lodgings.
t'ou ² -hsiang ³	投降	to surrender, to give in (kuei ¹ hsiang ³).
t'ou ² -hsiao ⁴	投効	offer of public service.
t'ou ² -huo ³	投火	to throw into the fire; to jump into a fire.
t'ou ² -k'ao ⁴ -ch'in ¹ -yu ³	投靠親友	to rely on friends and relatives.
t'ou ² -mên ³	投門	a pupil's salute to his tutor, etc.
t'ou ² -mên ² -lu ⁴	投門路	to engage one's good offices.
t'ou ² -pên ⁴	投奔	to fly to a person or place for refuge.
t'ou ² -pên ⁴ -ch'in ¹ -ch'i ¹	投奔親戚	to apply to friends and relatives for help.
t'ou ² -pên ⁴ -t'a ⁴ -hsiang ¹	投奔他鄉	to seek refuge in another region.
t'ou ² -shêng ¹	投生	to be born from another state into this.
t'ou ² -shou ³	投首	to give one's self up.
t'ou ² -shui ³	投水	to throw into the water; suicide by drowning.
t'ou ² -su ¹	投宿	to find a place for the night.
t'ou ² -t'ai ¹	投胎	to pass into the womb; transmigration.

t'ou²-t'ieh³
 t'ou²-tien⁴
 t'ou²-t'o¹
 t'ou²-t'z'ü⁴
 t'ou²-wên²
 t'ou²-yüan³

拔帖
 投店
 投託
 投刺
 投文
 投緣

to send up a card or scrolls.
 to find, or stop at, an inn (chu⁴ tien⁴).
 to confide to any one.
 to send in or present one's card.
 to present a despatch.
 friendly, to agree with.

T'OU⁴

透 1132b877a

t'ou⁴-ch'ê⁴
 t'ou⁴-ch'î⁴
 t'ou⁴-fêng¹
 t'ou⁴-han²
 t'ou⁴-hsin¹-êrh²-liang²
 t'ou⁴-hsin⁴
 t'ou⁴-ku³-ts'ao³
 t'ou⁴-kuo⁴
 t'ou⁴-liang⁴
 t'ou⁴-liao³
 t'ou⁴-ming²
 t'ou⁴-shih²
 t'ou⁴-shuo¹
 t'ou⁴-wang⁴
 t'ou⁴-yen¹
 t'ou⁴-yü³
 t'ou⁴-yüeh⁴

透徹
 透氣
 透風
 透寒
 透心兒涼
 透信
 透骨草
 透過
 透亮
 透了
 透明
 透識
 透說
 透旺
 透烟
 透雨
 透越

[exceed.
 to penetrate; to discern, to comprehend; to
 to penetrate; intelligent, to comprehend thor-
 permeable to the air. oughly.
 to let wind through (ko² fêng¹).
 a penetrating cold.
 chilling one to the heart.
 fully believes.
 white balsams.
 to pass through.
 very bright, clear, transparent.
 penetrated through (as rain, etc.).
 bright, clear, transparent.
 to be thoroughly acquainted with.
 to explain, to intercede in behalf of,
 thoroughly flourishing.
 to be penetrated with smoke.
 a penetrating rain; sufficient rain.
 to pass through or over.

TSA¹

口 哂 1133a939a

tsa¹-hu².'rh²
 tsa¹-i¹ tsa¹
 tsa¹-tsa¹.'rh²
 tsa¹-tsui¹.'rh²
 tsa¹ (cha)
 tsa¹-i¹-tsa¹
 tsa¹-kuo³
 tsa¹-pien⁴-kên¹-êrh²
 tsa¹-ts'at⁴-chiang⁴
 tsa¹-ying²-p'an³

哂壺兒
 哂一哂
 哂哂兒
 哂嘴兒
 紮 10c7a
 紮一紮
 紮裏
 紮瓣兒
 紮綵匠
 紮營盤

to put in the mouth, to taste, to lick.
 a sucking bottle.
 to taste with the tongue, to suck.
 the nipple of the breast.
 to smack the lips with relish.
 to tie round, to tie, to bind.
 same.
 to dress up, to mend.
 to tie up the cue (like a child's).
 the decorators at weddings, etc.
 troops lying in quarters.

TSA²

佳 雜 1132c939c

tsa²-an⁴
 tsa²-chi⁴-chang⁴
 tsa²-ch'ün²
 tsa²-chung³

雜案
 雜記賬
 雜羣
 雜種

mixed, blended, miscellaneous, confused.
 all sorts of charges.
 miscellaneous accounts.
 to scatter the flock in panic.
 a bastard (ssü¹ tzü³).

tsa ² -hsin ¹	雜心	confused mind.
tsa ² -hui ⁴	雜會	to compound, to mix up,
tsa ² -hun ⁴ -mien ⁴	雜混麵	mixed flour ("all sorts").
tsa ² -huo ⁴	雜貨	miscellaneous goods.
tsa ² -huo ⁴ -p'u ⁴ -tzū ³	雜貨舖子	grocery or miscellaneous goods shop.
tsa ² -luan ⁴	雜亂	confused, jumbled together, confusion.
tsa ² -pan ¹	雜拌	miscellaneous, sundry, all sort,
tsa ² -p'ai ² -tzū ³	雜牌子	a medley (song).
tsa ² -sè ⁴	雜色	various colors.
tsa ² -shua ³	雜耍	any or all kinds of amusements,
tsa ² -sui ¹	雜碎	broken up and mixed; the entrails of animals,
tsa ² -tí ¹	雜的	compounded, mixed.
tsa ² -tsai ⁴ -tang ¹ -chung ⁴	雜在當中	to mix in with.
tsa ² -wu ⁴	雜物	miscellaneous articles.
tsa ² -wu ⁴	雜務	an officer in Yuméu with various duties.
tsa ²	石 砸	1133a939b to smash, to strike.
tsa ² -huai ⁴ -liao ³	砸壞了	smashed by a blow.
tsa ² -k'ai ¹	砸開	to smash open.
tsa ² -k'ai ¹ -mén ³	砸開門	burst open the door.
tsa ² -kuo ¹	砸鍋	to lose one's living.
tsa ² -lan ⁴ -la ¹	砸爛喇	to smash to a jelly.
tsa ² -pien ¹ -liao ³	砸扁了	smash flat.
tsa ² -ssü ² -jên ² -liao ³	砸死人了	struck dead by weight falling upon.
tsa ² -sui ¹ -liao ³	砸碎了	to smash to pieces.
tsa ²	人 嗌 告 偌	1140a945a I, me. See tsan ¹ . M. 222.
tsa ²	咱	1133b945 same. M. 222.
tsa ² -chia ¹	咱家	I, me, myself.
tsa ² -lao ³ -tzū ³	咱老子	my father; conceited, arrogant.
tsa ² -mên ¹	咱們	we, us.
tsa ² -mên ¹ -lia ³	咱們倆	we, both of us.
tsa ² -mên ¹ -tí ¹	咱們的	our, ours.
tsa ² -tí ¹	咱的	why? why so? mine.

TS'A ¹	手 搽	搽 ^{17a}	to rub, to wipe. Also ch'a ¹ ,
ts'a ¹		擦 ^{1133c940a}	same.
ts'a ¹ -chia ¹ -huo ³		擦傢伙	to wipe the dishes.
ts'a ¹ -han ⁴		擦汗	to wipe off perspiration.
ts'a ¹ -lei ⁴		擦淚	to wipe away the tears.
ts'a ¹ -liang ⁴ -liao ³		擦亮了	rubbed bright.
ts'a ¹ -lien ³		擦臉	to rub the face.
ts'a ¹ -mo ³		擦抹	to rub and wipe (as with a cloth).
ts'a ¹ -yen ¹ -mo ³ -fen ³		擦胭脂粉	to paint and powder (as a woman)
ts'a ¹ -yu ³ -ní ⁴		擦油泥	wipe away oil.

TSAI ¹	木	栽	1134c940c	to plant, to transplant.
<i>tsai¹-chung⁴</i>		栽種		to plant and to sow.
<i>tsai¹-hua¹</i>		栽花		to plant flowers.
<i>tsai¹-kên¹-t'ou³</i>		栽筋斗		to turn a somersault.
<i>tsai¹-p'ai⁴</i>		栽派		to exhort you.
<i>tsai¹-p'ei²</i>		栽培		planting and carthing; liberal assistance.
<i>tsai¹-pu⁴-huo²⁴</i>		栽不活		if planted it will not live.
<i>tsai¹-shang⁴</i>		栽上		to plant.
<i>tsai¹-shu¹</i>		栽樹		to plant trees (<i>chung⁴ shu⁴</i>)
<i>tsai¹-shua¹-tzu³</i>		栽刷子		to make brushes.
<i>tsai¹-tsang¹</i>		栽贓		to place stolen goods with people-to implicate
<i>tsai¹-yen²-tsang¹</i>		栽鹽		to fabricate a charge of smuggling salt M. 240.
<i>tsai¹</i>	火	灾		dangerous, injurious; calamity, misfortune.
<i>tsai¹</i>	菑	灾	1135b941a	same.
<i>tsai¹-hai⁴</i>		灾害		calamities, misfortunes, difficulties.
<i>tsai¹-hai⁴-ping⁴-chik⁴</i>		灾害並至		calamity and loss coming together.
<i>tsai¹-huo⁴</i>		灾禍		misery inflicted by heaven.
<i>tsai¹-nan⁴</i>		灾難		calamity, misfortunes (<i>huan¹ nan⁴</i>).
<i>tsai¹-pien⁴</i>		灾變		calamities.
<i>tsai¹-ping⁴</i>		灾病		a dangerous disease.
<i>tsai¹-yang¹</i>		灾殃		danger, difficulty, calamity, etc.
<i>tsai¹</i>	足	跌	1100b891c	to tumble; to stamp. See <i>tieh³ (fan¹ chin¹ ton³)</i> .
<i>tsai¹-chiao³</i>		跌脚		to tumble, to stamp the foot.
<i>tsai¹-kên¹-t'ou²</i>		跌跟頭		to tumble down; to bring disgrace through fault.
<i>tsai¹-tao³</i>		跌倒		same (<i>tieh¹ k'ên¹ t'on², shuai³</i>).
<i>tsai¹</i>	口	哉	1134c940a	exclamation of admiration, grief, doubt, etc.

TSAI ³	宰	宰	1135b941a	to kill animals; to rule; a ruler.
<i>tsai³-chih⁴</i>		宰制		to rule, direct.
<i>tsai³-chu¹</i>		宰猪		to kill pigs.
<i>tsai³-fu¹</i>		宰夫		a cook.
<i>tsai³-hsiang⁴</i>		宰相		a chief or prime minister.
<i>tsai³-kuan¹</i>		宰官		a district magistrate.
<i>tsai³-sha¹</i>		宰殺		to kill, to slaughter.
<i>tsai³-shêng¹-k'ou³</i>		宰牲口		to kill animals.

TSAI ⁴	土	在	1134a941c	at, in, is in; to dwell; alive. M. 15.
<i>tsai⁴-an⁴</i>		在案		to be on record.
<i>tsai⁴-che⁴-pien¹</i>		在這邊		on this side, here.
<i>tsai⁴-chi²</i>		在卽		immediately.
<i>tsai⁴-chia¹</i>		在家		at home, to be at home.
<i>tsai⁴-chiao⁴</i>		在教		in the sect; I'm a Mahomedan
<i>tsai⁴-chiao³-hsia⁴</i>		在脚下		beneath the foot.

<i>tsai⁴-chieh²-nan²-t'ao³</i>	在劫難逃	ill-fortune can't be escaped from.
<i>tsai⁴-ch'ien²</i>	在前	before (in time or place).
<i>tsai⁴-ching¹-ho⁴-shang⁴</i>	在京和尙	priests are most honored in Peking.
<i>tsai⁴-cho¹-shang⁴</i>	在棹上	on the table.
<i>tsai⁴-ch'uang²-shang⁴</i>	在床上	on the bed.
<i>tsai⁴-chung¹-chien¹</i>	在中間	in the middle, in the midst of.
<i>tsai⁴-hang²</i>	在行	<i>en rapport</i> , an expert (<i>haug² chia¹</i>),
<i>tsai⁴-hou⁴-t'ou²</i>	在後頭	behind.
<i>tsai⁴-hsia¹</i>	在下	below ; I.
<i>tsai⁴-hsiu⁴-wei⁴</i>	在下位	to be of low rank
<i>tsai⁴-hsien¹</i>	在先	before (in time).
<i>tsai⁴-hsien¹-ti¹</i>	在先的	antecedent.
<i>tsai⁴-hsin¹</i>	在心	in the heart.
<i>tsai⁴-hsüsh²</i>	在學	a <i>hsiu-ts'ai</i> , a licentiate.
<i>tsai⁴-hu¹</i>	在乎	dependent upon.
<i>tsai⁴-hu¹-ko³-jên²</i>	在乎各人	that depends on each individual.
<i>tsai⁴-i⁴</i>	在意	to notice, to bear in mind,
<i>tsai⁴-j n⁴</i>	在任	at his post.
<i>tsai⁴-jên²-hou⁴-pu³</i>	在任候補	expectant at a post.
<i>tsai⁴-k'ung¹-chung¹</i>	在空中	up in the air.
<i>tsai⁴-li²</i>	在理	reasonable.
<i>tsai⁴-li²</i>	在禮	name of Total Abstinence Society in N. China.
<i>tsai⁴-lu⁴-t'ien¹-ti⁴</i>	在露天	in the open air.
<i>tsai⁴-mien⁴-shang⁴</i>	在面上	on the face ; above board.
<i>tsai⁴-min².tsai⁴-ch'ei²</i>	在民在旗	are you Chinese or Tartar ?
<i>tsai⁴-mu⁴-ch'ien²</i>	在目前	before one's eyes
<i>tsai⁴-na³-êrh²-chu⁴</i>	在那兒住	where do you live ?
<i>tsai⁴-na³-li²</i>	在那裡	where ?
<i>tsai⁴-na⁴-rh²</i>	在那兒	there.
<i>tsai⁴-nei¹</i>	在內	inside, among them.
<i>tsai⁴-nê³.shên¹-shang⁴</i>	在你身上	depends on you
<i>tsai⁴ pu⁴ tsai⁴</i>	在不在	is he at home ? is he dead ? etc.
<i>tsai⁴ shang⁴</i>	在上	farther back ; above, to be above.
<i>tsai⁴-shih⁴</i>	在世	alive, living, in the world.
<i>tsai⁴ shou²</i>	在手	in one's hand ; in one's power.
<i>tsai⁴-so³-pu¹-mien²</i>	在所不免	it is unavoidable.
<i>tsai⁴-tang¹-chien⁴.rh²</i>	在當間	in the middle.
<i>tsai⁴-tan¹-mien⁴</i>	在當面	in front.
<i>tsai⁴-ti³.hsip⁴</i>	在底下	under, beneath.
<i>tsai⁴-ti⁴-hsia⁴</i>	在地下	above ground, on the ground.
<i>tsai⁴-ti⁴-shang⁴</i>	在地上	same.
<i>tsai⁴-t'ou²-shang⁴</i>	在頭上	above the head, overhead.
<i>tsai⁴-tz'ü²</i>	在此	here, at this place.

<i>tsai⁴-wai⁴</i>	在外	outside.
<i>tsai⁴-wai⁴-kuo²</i>	在外國	in a foreign country.
<i>tsai⁴-wei⁴</i>	在位	to be in office
<i>tsai⁴ wo³</i>	在我	it rests with me (<i>tsai⁴ hu¹</i>)
<i>tsai⁴-wo³-k'an⁴</i>	在我看	in my opinion (<i>ch'ao⁴ wo³ k'an⁴</i>).
<i>tsai⁴-wo³-shên¹-shang⁴</i>	在我身上	same
<i>tsai⁴-wo⁴</i>	在握	in one's power.
<i>tsai⁴-yen³-ch'ien²</i>	在眼前	before one's eyes ; the present
<i>tsai⁴</i>	再	again, the 2nd time, doubled
<i>tsai⁴-chia¹-shang⁴</i>	再加上	and in addition, and beside-
<i>tsai⁴-ch'i²-tz'ü⁴</i>	再其次	in the second place.
<i>tsai⁴-chiao¹</i>	再醮	to re-marry (of a widow)
<i>tsai⁴-chien⁴</i>	再見	to see again (<i>ming² t'ien¹ chien⁴</i>)
<i>tsai⁴-che³</i>	再者	again, further, what is more, besides
<i>tsai⁴-hsieh³-i¹-p'ien¹</i>	再寫一篇	write another sheet.
<i>tsai⁴-hun¹</i>	再婚	a second marriage (<i>hou⁴ hun¹</i>)
<i>tsai⁴-i⁴-tz'ü⁴</i>	再一次	once again.
<i>tsai⁴-kuo⁴-ch'i²-t'ien¹</i>	再過幾天	a few days hence.
<i>tsai⁴-lai²</i>	再來	to come again.
<i>tsai⁴-nien⁴-i¹-pien¹</i>	再念一遍	read it once again
<i>tsai⁴-pu⁴</i>	再不	not again, never again.
<i>tsai⁴-pu⁴-kan³-liao³</i>	再不敢了	never venture to do it again
<i>tsai⁴-san¹</i>	再三	again and again, repeatedly (<i>lū³ tz'ü⁴</i>)
<i>tsai⁴-san¹-tsai⁴-ssü⁴</i>	再三再四	again and again, repeatedly.
<i>tsai⁴-san⁴-tz'ü²-hsieh⁴</i>	再三辭謝	to decline with thanks again and again
<i>tsai⁴-shuo¹</i>	再說	say it again, to mention again.
<i>tsai⁴-ta¹-shang⁴</i>	再搭上	and in addition, and besides. M 403
<i>tsai⁴-t'ü²</i>	再題	to mention again.
<i>tsai⁴-t'ien¹-i¹-tien³</i>	再添一點	add a little more.
<i>tsai⁴-tsao⁴</i>	再造	to give a second lease of life to
<i>tsai⁴-tsao⁴-fu⁴-hsin¹</i>	再造復新	to recreate, and renew.
<i>tsai⁴-tsao⁴-tao⁴-li³</i>	再作道理	I will try another plan
<i>tsai⁴ yung⁴</i>	再用	to use again.
<i>tsai⁴</i>	車載	to contain ; to fill ; to effect ; to record ; then :
<i>tsai⁴-huo⁴</i>	載貨	to carry or load goods in a vessel.
<i>tsai⁴-jên³</i>	載人	to carry passengers.
<i>tsai⁴-lai²</i>	載來	to bring in a vessel.
<i>tsai⁴-pai⁴</i>	載拜	an invitation card (<i>ch'ing³ k'o⁴</i>).
<i>tsai⁴-shu¹</i>	載書	recorded in a book.
<i>tsai⁴-to¹-shao³</i>	載多少	how much or how many can [the vessel] carry ?
<i>tsai⁴-yün⁴</i>	載運	to convey.

<i>ts'ai¹-cho³</i>	猜着	to guess right.
<i>ts'ai¹-ch'üan³</i>	猜拳	to guess the number of fingers held up (a game).
<i>ts'ai¹-hsiang³</i>	猜想	to imagine, to conjecture, to guess.
<i>ts'ai¹-hsien³</i>	猜嫌	to conceive an antipathy or prejudice.
<i>ts'ai¹-hsün³</i>	猜尋	to conjecture, to guess.
<i>ts'ai¹-i³</i>	猜疑	to doubt (i ³ huó ⁴).
<i>ts'ai¹-liang⁴</i>	猜諒	to guess, to suppose, to believe.
<i>ts'ai¹-mei²</i>	猜枚	to guess the number of fingers held up-(a game)
<i>ts'ai¹-mi³</i>	猜謎	to guess riddles (p'ó ⁴ mi ³).
<i>ts'ai¹-pao³</i>	猜寶	a form of gambling.
<i>ts'ai¹-p'ó⁴-liao³</i>	猜破了	successfully guessed.
<i>ts'ai¹-pu⁴-cho²</i>	猜不着	unable to guess or conjecture.
<i>ts'ai¹-shên²-piao¹</i>	猜神標	a form of betting
<i>ts'ai¹-suan⁴</i>	猜算	to conjecture, to anticipate.
<i>ts'ai¹-tu⁴</i>	猜度	to conjecture, to suppose.

TS'AI²	手 才 1136a942b	talent, ability (pên ² shih ⁴).
<i>ts'ai²-chih⁴</i>	才智	wisdom, knowledge.
<i>ts'ai²-ch'ing³</i>	才情	ability, talent.
<i>ts'ai²-chü⁴</i>	才具	same.
<i>ts'ai²-ch'üan²-tê³-pei⁴</i>	才全德備	ability and virtue alike perfect.
<i>ts'ai²-fên⁴</i>	才分	talents, parts.
<i>ts'ai²-hsiao³</i>	才學	learning, knowledge.
<i>ts'ai²-hui⁴</i>	才慧	intelligent (chih ¹ hui ⁴).
<i>ts'ai²-kan⁴</i>	才幹	ability, talent.
<i>ts'ai²-kao¹-pa¹-tou³</i>	才高八斗	vast ability.
<i>ts'ai²-lang³</i>	才郎	a talented youth.
<i>ts'ai²-mao¹-shuang¹</i>	才貌雙全	as clever as pretty (of women).
<i>ts'ai²-néng³</i>	才能	ability, talent.
<i>ts'ai²-pu⁴-shêng⁴-jên²</i>	才不勝任	not up to his work.
<i>ts'ai²-shih⁴</i>	才士	a man of genius and learning.
<i>ts'ai²-ssü¹</i>	才思	mental endowments.
<i>ts'ai²-tá¹-chê¹-shou¹</i>	才大遮壽	great abilities.
<i>ts'ai²-tzü³</i>	才子	a talented individual, a genius.
<i>ts'ai²</i>	財 1136c943a	riches, wealth, property, valuables, goods.
<i>ts'ai²-chu³</i>	財主	a wealthy person.
<i>ts'ai²-chu³-chia¹</i>	財主家	same.
<i>ts'ai²-hui⁴</i>	財賄	wealth; bribes (hui ⁴ lu ⁴)
<i>ts'ai²-huo⁴</i>	財貨	wealth.
<i>ts'ai²-ts³</i>	財禮	betrothal presents.
<i>ts'ai²-mi³</i>	財迷	infatuated pursuit of wealth.
<i>ts'ai²-pai²</i>	財帛	money, wealth.
<i>ts'ai²-pai²-fên¹-ming³</i>	財帛分明	a just division of the money.

ts'ai² pao³ 財寶
 ts'ai²-shén³ 財神
 ts'ai²-shén²-yeh³ 財神爺
 ts'ai²-shih⁴ 財勢
 ts'ai²-ta⁴-ya¹-jên³ 財大壓人
 ts'ai²-to¹-shén¹-jo⁴ 財多身弱
 ts'ai²-to¹-shih⁴-huo⁴ 財多是禍
 ts'ai²-tung¹ 財東
 ts'ai²-yün⁴-hên³-wang⁴ 財運很旺
 ts'ai² 衣 裁 1137b943b
 ts'ai²-ch'ê⁴ 裁撤
 ts'ai²-ch'ê⁴-ping¹-ting¹ 裁撤兵丁
 ts'ai²-chien³ 裁減
 ts'ai²-chien³ 裁剪
 ts'ai²-chih³ 裁紙
 ts'ai²-ch'ih³ 裁尺
 ts'ai²-fêng² 裁縫
 ts'ai²-fêng²-p'u⁴ 裁縫舖
 ts'ai²-i¹-shang¹ 裁衣裳
 ts'ai²-tao¹ 裁刀
 ts'ai²-tu⁴ 裁度
 ts'ai² 糸 纜 纜 1137c943b
 ts'ai²-chih¹-tao⁴ 纜知道
 ts'ai²-chih⁴ 纜至
 ts'ai²-ch'ih¹-liao³-fan⁴ 纜吃了飯
 ts'ai²-ch'ü⁴-liao³ 纜去了
 ts'ai²-hao³ 纜好
 ts'ai²-kang¹ 纜剛
 ts'ai²-lai²-liao³ 纜來了
 ts'ai²-ming²-pai²-liao³ 纜明白了
 ts'ai²-shih⁴ 纜是
 ts'ai²-suan⁴-liao³-liao³ 纜算了
 ts'ai²-tao⁴ 纜到
 ts'ai²-wan²-liao³-shih⁴ 纜完了事
 ts'ai² 木 材 1136c942c
 ts'ai²-liao⁴ 材料
 ts'ai²-mu⁴ 材木

precious things, valuables.
 the god of wealth. Note 93.
 same.
 wealth and power.
 wealth is a burden or oppressive.
 the rich man is sure to be weakly.
 too much wealth is a curse.
 a wealthy man, a capitalist.
 his luck in making money is very great.
 to cut out, to cut off, to conjecture
 to dismiss, to do away with, to abrogate.
 to remove soldiers.
 to diminish number or quantity (chien³ shao³).
 to cut out cloth; to manage, plan, to arrange.
 to cut paper.
 a tailor's foot-measure.
 a tailor (ts'o⁴ i¹ shang¹).
 a tailor's shop.
 to cut out clothes.
 a knife for cutting paper
 to concert a plan.
 just, then, it will then. M. 161, 492.
 just made aware of it.
 just arrived.
 just eaten food.
 just gone.
 and then it will be well.
 just now (Kang¹ ts'ai²).
 just come.
 just understood.
 it will then do or be right.
 just considered to be ended.
 just arrived.
 just finished the affair.
 materials, elements.
 stuff, materials; force of character.
 timber; materials.

TS'AI³ 采 { 采 1137c943c
 ts'ai³ 采 { 采 1138a943c
 ts'ai³-ch'ü⁴ 彩氣
 ts'ai³-chiao⁴ 彩轎
 ts'ai³-ch'ou⁴ 彩綉

bright colours, elegant, brilliant.
 same.
 luck, good fortune.
 a wedding sedan-chair (hua¹ chiao⁴). [dings.
 bright coloured silks hung over doors at wed

<i>ts'ai³-hua⁴</i>	彩畫		to beautify, to ornament; to paint.
<i>ts'ai³-i¹</i>	彩衣		gay coloured clothes.
<i>ts'ai³-k'u¹</i>	彩褲		flowered trousers worn by women.
<i>ts'ai³-sé⁴</i>	彩色		variegated colours.
<i>ts'ai³-shih¹</i>	彩飾		to beautify, to ornament
<i>ts'ai³-t'ou²</i>	彩頭		luck, good fortune (yün ⁴ ch'í ⁴).
<i>ts'ai³-t'ou²-rh²-hao³</i>	彩頭兒好		fortunate, lucky.
<i>ts'ai³-tsü³</i>	彩子		{ coloured silk festoons hung over doorways at marriage.
<i>ts'ai³</i>	手採	1138b944a	to cull, to gather, to pick, to take.
<i>ts'ai³-ch'a²</i>	採茶		to gather tea.
<i>ts'ai³-ch'in²</i>	採芹		"to gather celery," a <i>hsiu⁴-ts'ai²</i> .
<i>ts'ai³-fang³</i>	採訪		to listen, to enquire.
<i>ts'ai³-hua¹</i>	採花		"to gather flowers," to ravish (<i>nich¹ hua¹</i>).
<i>ts'ai³-lien²-ch'uan²</i>	採蓮船		songs of the dragon-boats.
<i>t'ai³-mai³-huo¹-wu³</i>	採買貨物		to buy up goods.
<i>ts'ai³-mai³-wu⁴-chien⁴</i>	採買物件		to buy up things.
<i>ts'ai³-na⁴</i>	採納		to receive.
<i>t'ai³-pan⁴</i>	採辦		to buy up.
<i>ts'ai³-sang¹</i>	採桑		pluck mulberry leaves.
<i>ts'ai³-yao⁴</i>	採藥		to gather medicinal herbs.
<i>ts'ai³</i>	足		to stamp; the heel (<i>ch'ai¹, tz'ü, ch'uai¹</i>).
<i>ts'ai³</i>	足	1222b1034b	the same.
<i>ts'ai³-ch'iao¹</i>	趾躄		false feet (on women). M. 376.
<i>ts'ai³-huai⁴-liao³</i>	趾壞了		spoiled by stamping.
<i>ts'ai³-liao³-i¹-chiao³</i>	趾了一腳		to stamp the foot.
<i>ts'ai³-pien³-liao³</i>	趾匾了		trampled flat.
<i>ts'ai³</i>	糸	1138b944a	coloured silk.
<i>ts'ai³-ch'ou²</i>	綵綢		same.
<i>ts'ai³-tuan⁴</i>	綵緞		coloured satin (<i>ch'ou² tuan⁴</i>).
<i>ts'ai³</i>	目	1138b944b	to greet, to take notice of (<i>kuo⁴-ts'ai³</i>).
<i>ts'ai³-tao⁴</i>	睬道		to spy out the way, as a thief.
<i>ts'ai³ (tzü)</i>	山	1136a941b	offspring of an animal.
TS'AI⁴	艸		
<i>ts'ai⁴-ch'i² (hsi)</i>	菜畦	1133c944b	vegetables, victuals in general.
<i>ts'ai⁴-ch'uang³</i>	菜牀		a vegetable plot.
<i>ts'ai⁴-chung²-rh³</i>	菜種兒		a stand for sale of vegetables.
<i>ts'ai⁴-fan⁴</i>	菜飯		vegetable seeds.
<i>ts'ai⁴-t'an²</i>	菜攤		vegetables and rice.
<i>ts'ai⁴-tao¹</i>	菜刀		a vegetable stall.
<i>ts'ai⁴-tzü³</i>	菜子		a chopping knife, a kitchen knife.
<i>ts'ai⁴-yüan²-tzü³</i>	菜園子		rape.
			a vegetable garden.

- TSAN¹** 口 咱 僭 箸 1140b945a length of time ; a sound.
tsan¹ (tzǔ) 竹 簪 1139b945a flat hair pins ; a branch.
tsan¹ 人 俗 1140b ○ I, me. See *tsa²*. M. 222.
tsan¹-mén¹ 俗 們 we (au¹ mén¹).
- TSAN³** 人 僭 1139c945b to put away ; to terminate ; to stir ; to collect.
tsan³ 手 攢 1173b1027a same. See *ts'uan²*.
tsan³ 攢 same.
tsan³-nien³ 攢 輦 to prepare the imperial chariot.
tsan³-ts'ou⁴ 攢 湊 to contribute, to subscribe ; a subscription.
tsan³ 走 趨 1140a945b anxious to go ; to advance, to urge, to press.
tsan³-ch'êng³ 趨 程 to make forced journeys (p'o⁴ chan⁴ tson³).
tsan³-chin⁴ 趨 勁 to make a strenuous effort.
tsan³-hsing³ 趨 行 to make forced journeys.
tsan³-lu⁴ 趨 路 to travel hastily.
tsan³ 人 僭 1139c945b to collect together, to accumulate, to assemble.
tsan³-chi¹ 僭 積 to hoard up.
tsan³ (tzǔ) 木 桯 1140b945b finger-sticks for torture.
- TSAN⁴** 言 讚 1140a945c to counsel, to assist ; to enter ; to praise ; to give.
tsan⁴ 貝 贊 1139b944b same.
tsan⁴ 贊 same.
tsan⁴-ch'êng³ 贊 成 to assist in effecting.
tsan⁴-chu⁴ 贊 助 to aid, to assist.
tsan⁴-hsien⁴ 贊 羨 to praise, to commend, to admire (sung⁴ tsan⁴).
tsan⁴-mei³ 贊 美 to praise, to commend (k'ua¹ chang³).
tsan⁴-tso³ 贊 佐 to assist (pang¹ chu⁴).
tsan⁴-t'an⁴ 贊 嘆 praising and lamenting.
tsan⁴ (tzǔ) 金 鑿 1140b946b a small chisel ; to carve, to chisel.
tsan⁴-cho³-tzǔ⁴-êrh² 鑿 着 字 兒 cutting out characters (on seal).
tsan⁴-hua¹ 鑿 花 to carve flowers.
- TSAN¹** 參 參 1140c946b to counsel ; to visit ; to impeach. See *shên*, and
ts'an¹-chéng⁴ 參 政 a state counsellor.
ts'an¹-chiang⁴ 參 將 a colonel, a brigadier. G. 443. (i⁴ chang³).
ts'an¹-chien⁴ 參 見 to visit a superior.
ts'an¹-cnih¹-chéng⁴-shih¹ 參 知 政 事 a state counsellor.
ts'an¹-cho² 參 酌 to consult, to deliberate. [295.
ts'an¹-chiün¹ 參 軍 state counsellors ; Commissary of Records. G.
ts'an¹-hsiang³ 參 想 to reflect, to ask one's self. [(pi³ chiao⁴).
ts'an¹-k'ao³ 參 考 to compare authorities, to compare and examine
ts'an¹-ko² 參 革 to deprive one of rank.
ts'an¹-lê⁴ 參 勒 to state facts to the sovereign against any one.

ts'an¹-li³
 ts'an¹-mou²
 ts'an¹-pai⁴
 ts'an¹-p'o⁴.t'a¹
 ts'an¹-tao³.liao³
 ts'an¹-t'ou⁴
 ts'an¹-tsa³
 ts'an¹-tsan⁴
 ts'an¹-tsou⁴
 ts'an¹-yeh⁴

參禮
 參謀
 參拜
 參破他
 參倒了
 參透
 參雜
 參贊
 參奏
 參謁

the ceremony of seeing a superior.
 state counsellors ; military secretary,
 to visit a superior.
 to impeach, and secure degradation.
 to upset an official by impeaching.
 to be thoroughly versed in,
 mixed, blended, confused.
 an official title ; an assistant or deputy minister.
 to report to the sovereign.
 to visit a superior.

TS'AN²

虫 蚕

蠶 1143c947c
 繭 繭
 繭種
 繭蟲
 繭老一時
 繭蛾
 繭豈
 繭吐絲
 繭子

ts'an²-chien³
 ts'an²-chung³
 ts'an²-ch'ung³
 ts'an²-lao³-i²-shih²
 ts'an²-
 ts'an²-tou⁴
 ts'an²-t'u³.ssü¹
 ts'an²-tzü³

the silkworm.
 silk cocoons.
 silkworm's eggs
 the silkworm.
 the silkworm is soon old.
 the silkworm moth.
 broad beans.
 raw silk ; silkworm spins silk.
 silkworm's eggs.

ts'an² 歹 殘

殘 1142a947b
 殘茶剩飯
 殘疾
 殘缺
 殘飯
 殘廢
 殘害
 殘雪
 殘花
 殘壞
 殘忍
 殘酷不仁

ts'an²-ch'a²-shêng³-fan⁴
 ts'an²-chi³
 ts'an²-ch'üeh¹
 ts'an²-fan⁴
 ts'an²-fei⁴
 ts'an²-hai⁴
 ts'an²-hsüeh³
 ts'an²-hua¹
 ts'an²-huan⁴
 ts'an²-jên³

to injure, to destroy ; cruel ; deficient ; dregs.
 cold tea and victuals left over.
 a cripple, crippled (ch'üeh³ t'ui³).
 deficient, injured.
 broken victuals.
 crippled.
 to injure, injury.
 spring snow, light falls of snow in spring.
 destroyed flowers ; neglected women.
 to destroy.
 cruel, callous.

ts'an²-k'u⁴-pu⁴-jên³

殘虐不仁

ts'an²-nio⁴ (nüeh)

殘虐的

ts'an²-pao⁴-ti¹

殘暴的

ts'an²-shêng¹

殘生

ts'an²-têng¹

殘燈

ts'an²-yüeh⁴

殘月

ts'an²

心 { 慚 1140c947c

ts'an²

慚

ts'an²-hêng²

慚形

ts'an²-hsiü¹

慚羞

ts'an²-hui³

慚悔

ts'an²-k'uei⁴

慚愧

cruel and violent.
 cruel, barbarous disposition (hsüung¹ pao⁴).
 same (pao⁴ nio⁴).
 the remainder of one's life (when old).
 an expiring lamp.
 moon on the wane.
 shame, to be ashamed, to blush.
 same.
 to appear ashamed.
 to feel ashamed.
 penitence, remorse (ao⁴ hui³).
 remorse, shame, to be ashamed.

ts'an²	言 譏	譏	1143a947b	to backbite, to slander. to calumniate, to criti-
ts'an²-ch'an³		譏 諂		to fawn, to cringe.
ts'an²-pang¹		譏 謗		calumnies; to calumniate,
ts'an²-shuo¹		譏 說		same (hui³ pang⁴).
ts'an³	食 餐	餐	1142c946a	to eat.
ts'an³-fan⁴		餐 飯		to take a meal.
TS'AN³	心	慘	1141b947c	grieved, pained; misery; cruel.
ts'an³-ch'í¹		慘 悽		grieved, pained.
ts'an³-ch'ing³		慘 情		same.
ts'an³-jan²		慘 然		melancholy, miserable, pained.
ts'an³-nüeh⁴		慘 虐		hard-hearted, unfeeling, cruel.
ts'an³-t'ung⁴		慘 痛		very much grieved or pained.
ts'an³	黑 黪	黪	1141c948a	speckled.
ts'an³-tan⁴		黪 淡		gloomy.
TS'AN⁴	人 儇	儇	1142a948a	to disparage; contemptuous language; irregular.
ts'an⁴-hu⁴		儇 互		uneven, irregular.
ts'an⁴-t'ou³		儇 頭		blockhead, poor-looking, e. g., horse,
ts'an⁴-t'ou²-hsiao³-tzú²		儇 頭 小 子		you blockhead!
ts'an⁴-t'ou³-huo⁴		儇 頭 貨		a bad man.
ts'an⁴	火 燦	燦	1142b948c	bright, clear, luminous.
ts'an⁴-lan⁴		燦 爛		bright, clear, variegated.
ts'an⁴-ts'an⁴		燦 燦		bright, glittering.
ts'an⁴	言 諺	諺	1141c948b	mutual anger; to spy, to watch.
TSANG¹	臣 臧	臧	1143b949a	good, faithful, virtuous, generous.
tsang¹-hsiung¹		臧 凶		bad and good.
tsang¹-shan⁴		臧 善		good.
tsang¹	貝 贓	贓	1143c949a	bribes; booty, spoils, unjust gain, stolen goods.
tsang¹-chêng⁴		贓 証		booty found as a proof of theft.
tsang¹-kuan³		贓 官		a corrupt official (ch'ing¹ kuan¹).
tsang¹-kuan³-wu¹-li⁴		贓 官 污 吏		venal officials and underlings.
tsang¹-wu⁴		贓 物		booty, stolen goods (hsiao³ lu⁴ huo⁴).
tsang¹		贓 髒		dirty (ang¹ tsang¹).
tsang¹	骨 髒	髒	1143c949c	dirty; fat; bony; large-bodied.
tsang¹-chêng⁴		髒 症		syphilis.
tsang¹-ch'uang¹		髒 瘡		same.
TSANG⁴	肉 臧	臧	1143c949c	the bowels; the kidneys; to cherish.
tsang⁴-fu³		臧 腑		the internal parts and organs (wu³ tsang⁴, liu⁴ [fu³]).
tsang⁴	艸 葬	葬	1143b949b	to inter, to bury.
tsang⁴-mai³		葬 埋		same (mai³ tsang⁴).

<i>ts'ang⁴.shén¹-chih¹-ti⁴</i>	葬身之地	a grave (fên ² mu ⁴).
<i>tsang⁴</i>	神 藏 1145a950b	store house; <i>Hsi-tsang</i> =Tibet.
<i>tsang⁴-ching⁴</i>	藏經	Tibetan classics.
<i>tsang⁴-hsiang²</i>	藏香	Tibetan incense.
TS'ANG¹	人 倉 [tu ¹]	a granary (ao ²).
<i>ts'ang¹-ch'ang²-tsung²</i>	倉場總督	Governor of the granaries.
<i>ts'ang¹-chieh²-tsao⁴-tzu⁴</i>	倉顏造字	Ts'ang Chieh invented writing.
<i>ts'ang¹-fung²</i>	倉房	a granary.
<i>ts'ang¹-hwan²-shih¹-se⁴</i>	倉皇失色	unsettled.
<i>ts'ang¹-ku²</i>	倉穀	millet stored in public granaries.
<i>ts'ang¹-k'u⁴</i>	倉庫	granaries and treasuries.
<i>ts'ang¹-kuan¹</i>	倉官	granary officials.
<i>ts'ang¹-lin²</i>	倉廩	a public granary.
<i>ts'ang¹-mi²</i>	倉米	rice from the public granaries.
<i>ts'ang¹-tsu²</i>	倉卒	hurried, hastily, hurry, precipitation.
<i>ts'ang¹</i>	神 蒼 1144c950a	azure; dark; old.
<i>ts'ang¹-ch'iu²</i>	蒼穹	dark heaven, the heavens.
<i>ts'ang¹-fa²</i>	蒼髮	grey hair.
<i>ts'ang¹-hai²</i>	蒼海	the ocean.
<i>ts'ang¹-pai²</i>	蒼白	grey.
<i>ts'ang¹-pai²-lou²-fa²</i>	蒼白頭髮	grey hair.
<i>ts'ang¹-sung¹</i>	蒼松	an old fir tree.
<i>ts'ang¹-t'ien¹</i>	蒼天	dark heaven! the azure heavens, Great Heaven.
<i>ts'ang¹-ying¹</i>	蒼蠅	the common house fly.
<i>ts'ang¹</i>	舟 艙 1144b950b	the hold of a vessel.
<i>ts'ang¹-k'ou²</i>	艙口	the hatchway of a vessel,
<i>ts'ang¹-k'ou²-tan¹-tzu²</i>	艙口單子	a ship's manifest.
<i>ts'ang¹</i>	虫 蝗 1144c950a	a housefly.
TS'ANG²	神 藏 1145a950b	to hide; to store up; receptacle
<i>ts'ang²-chien¹</i>	藏奸	to hide away traitors.
<i>ts'ang²-cho¹</i>	藏拙	to say only half a thing.
<i>ts'ung²-fu²</i>	藏伏	to hide, to conceal.
<i>ts'ang²-jén²-chih¹-shan⁴</i>	藏人之善	to conceal a man's good points
<i>ts'ang²-tsai⁴-ho²-ch'u⁴</i>	藏在何處	where is it hidden?
<i>ts'ang²-mi⁴</i>	藏覓	to hide and to seek.
<i>ts'ang²-mi⁴-ko¹</i>	藏覓歌	the game of hide and seek.
<i>ts'ang²-ni⁴</i>	藏匿	to hide, to conceal.
<i>ts'ang²-pan²</i>	藏板	to store up printing blocks,
<i>ts'ang²-shou¹</i>	藏收	to store up.
<i>ts'ang²-to²</i>	藏躲	to abscond, to hide one's self.
<i>ts'ang²-t'ou²-lou⁴-mien²</i>	藏頭露面	to speak fair, when evil is meditated

- TS'ANG³ 馬 駟 1144a949b a strong horse; dirty.
ts'ang³-érh²-huo⁴ 駟兒貨 shoddy goods.
ts'ang³-tzu³ 駟子 a rascal.
ts'ang³-tzu³-ch'ien³ 駟子錢 poor cash.
- TSAO¹ 是 遭 1146b952o to meet; to occur, to happen; a time or turn.
tsao¹-cho² 遭着 to happen, to befall.
tsao¹-hui²-lu⁴ 遭回祿 "to encounter the fire demon," a conflagration.
tsao¹-huo⁴-hai⁴ 遭禍害 to fall into or meet with calamity.
tsao¹-k'ou²-shé² 遭口舌 to have your reputation assailed.
tsao¹-nan² 遭難 to fall into or encounter misfortune.
tsao¹-t'a¹ 遭塌 to throw about; to annoy, to vex; to waste
tsao¹-tsao¹ 遭遭 every time.
tsao¹-yang¹ 遭殃 to fall into danger; to injure; to squabble.
tsao¹-yü⁴ 遭遇 to meet with.
tsao¹-yü⁴-pu⁴-hao³ 遭遇不好 to meet with ill-luck or misfortune.
tsao¹ 米 糲 1146a952a rotten; dregs, grains
tsao¹-hsiu³ 糲朽 rotten.
tsao¹-jou⁴ 糲肉 meat cured in grain.
tsao¹-k'ang¹ 糲糠 grains and chaff, a poor man's wife.
tsao¹-kao¹ 糲糕 annoying, bungled.
tsao¹-liao³ 糲了 rotten, decayed.
tsao¹-pi²-tzu³ 糲鼻子 a bottle nosed man.
tsao¹-t'a¹ 糲塌 to break down; destroyed.
tsao¹-tou⁴-fu³ 糲豆腐 a southerner.
tsao¹-yü³ 糲魚 fish cured in grain.
tsao¹ 小 曹 1149c955c worn out. Also *ts'ao³*.
- TSAO² 金 鑿 1159b1006a to chisel. See *tso²*.
tsao²-ping¹ 鑿冰 to saw ice blocks.
tsao²-ssü⁴-fang¹-yen³ 鑿四方眼 (fig.) too precise and obstinate.
- TSAO³ 日 早 1145b953a the morning; early, soon; beforehand, previous.
tsao³-chao¹ 早朝 morning (ch'ing¹ ch'ên²).
tsao³-ch'ên² 早晨 same.
tsao³-ch'ü³ 早起 to get up early in the morning.
tsao³-ch'ü³-wan³-shui⁴ 早起晚睡 early rising and late to bed.
tsao³-ch'ü³ 早氣 early in the morning.
tsao³-ch'ü³-ch'ü³-lai² 早氣起來 to get up early in the morning.
tsao³-chih¹-tao⁴ 早知道 knew previously; an almanack.
tsao³-fan⁴ 早飯 breakfast.
tsao³-hsieh⁴-t'ih³ 早些兒 a little earlier.
tsao³-hsien¹ 早先 ere, before.

tsao³-i³ 早已
 tsao³-i³-k'ao⁴-su⁴ 早已告訴
 tsao³-huo⁴-ch'ü⁴-k'ao³ 早過去了
 tsao³-lai³ 早來
 tsao³-lai²-wan²-san³ 早來晚散
 tsao³-nien²-chien¹ 早年間
 tsao³-pan⁴-t'ien¹ 早半天
 tsao²-tien²-rh³ 早點兒
 tsao²-tsao³-rh²-ti¹ 早兒的
 tsao²-wan³ 早晚
 tsao²-wan²-pu¹-wu⁴ 早晚不悞
 tsao²-wan²-tsuo³-hsieh¹ 早完早歇
 tsuo³ 水澡 1146c953o
 tsao²-hsi³ 澡洗
 tsao²-p'ên² 澡盆
 tsao²-shên¹ 澡身
 tsao²-shui³ 澡水
 tsao²-t'ang⁴ 澡塘
 tsao³ 虫蚤虱蚤 1148b953b
 tsuo³-ch'ü³ 蚤起
 tsao³ 木棗 1147a953b
 tsuo³-jên³ 棗仁
 tsuo³-t'ang²-sê⁴ 棗糖色

previously, already, long before.
 told (you) long ago.
 already passed.
 come early.
 come early and disperse late.
 in former years.
 the forenoon.
 a little early.
 early in the morning; soon, quickly.
 early and late; sooner or later, eventually; late.
 sure to be on time.
 finish early, get early rest.
 to wash, to bathe.
 same.
 a bath-tub.
 to bathe (hsi³ tsao³, mu⁴ yü⁴).
 bathing water.
 a bath, a bathing place.
 fleas. Also used for tsao 早 (ko⁴ tsao³).
 early in the morning.
 a kind of date.
 date kernels.
 brown, bronzed.

TSAO⁴

tsao⁴ 白
 tsao⁴-ch'ing¹ 皂青
 tsao⁴-i¹ 皂衣
 tsao⁴-li⁴ 皂隸
 tsao⁴-pai³ 皂白
 tsao⁴-pan¹ 皂班
 tsao⁴-pu⁴ 皂布
 tsao⁴ 是造 1147b954b
 tsao⁴-chiu⁴ 造就
 tsao⁴-ch'uan³ 造船
 tsao⁴-fan³ 造反
 tsao⁴-fan⁴ 造飯
 tsao⁴-fu³ 造府
 tsao⁴-hua⁴ 造化
 tsao⁴-hua⁴-chu³ 造化主
 tsao⁴-i⁴ 造意
 tsao⁴-ni²-chuan¹-ti¹ 造坭輓的
 tsuo⁴-p'uo⁴ 造礮

police runners; black.
 same.
 black.
 black clothes.
 police runners (ya³ i⁴).
 black and white.
 police runners (a certain class of).
 black cloth.
 to make, to do, to act, to build, to commence.
 to accomplish.
 to build a vessel (p'ai² ch'uan³).
 to rebel (p'an⁴ ni⁴).
 to prepare food (tso⁴ fan⁴).
 I went to your house.
 to create; a boon, a blessing, luck.
 the Creator.
 to do purposely (t'ei⁴ i⁴).
 a brickmaker.
 to make cannon.

tsao ⁴ ts'ê ⁴	造册	to make a list or inventory.	
tsao ⁴ -tso ⁴	造作	to compose, to form, to do.	
tsao ⁴ -tsui ⁴	造罪	to sin, and be punished in a future life.	
tsao ⁴ -tzü ⁴	造字	to invent characters.	
tsao ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴	造次	to be reckless, headstrong, etc.	
tsao ⁴ -wu ⁴ -chu ³	造物主	the Creator.	
tsao ⁴ -yao ² -yen ³	造謠言	to fabricate rumours (pu ⁴ san ⁴ yao ³ yen ³).	
tsao ⁴ -yen ³	造言	to fabricate false stories.	
tsao ⁴	火 { 灶 1148a954b 穴 { 竈	a furnace, a fire place, a cooking stove.	
tsao ⁴		same.	
tsao ⁴ -ch'u ³	竈廚	a cook-house.	
tsao ⁴ -chün ¹	*竈君	the god of the cooking stoves.	
tsao ⁴ -hsin ¹ -t'u ³	竈心土	stove earth—a medicine.	
tsao ⁴ -hu ⁴	竈戶	salt-worker.	
tsao ⁴ -huo ³ -k'êng ²	竈火坑	the hole in a Chinese cooking-stove.	
tsao ⁴ -k'wng ¹	竈空	the corner by the cooking range.	
tsao ⁴ -ma ³	竈馬	the cricket.	
tsao ⁴ -shên ³	竈神	the god of the cooking stoves. See Note 94.	
tsao ⁴ -t'ou ³	竈頭	a cooking range or stove; a cook.	
tsao ⁴ -tu ²	竈揆	a chimney (fu ³ t'ai ²)	
tsao ⁴ -wang ² -yeh ³	竈王爺	the god of the kitchen.	
tsao ⁴	足 躁 1146c954a	impetuous, hasty; fierce, cruel; to disturb.	
tsao ⁴ -chi ²		躁急	impetuous, hasty.
tsan ⁴ -jên ² -tz'ü ³ -to ¹	躁人詞多	the frivolous man talks much.	
tsao ⁴ -t'a ¹	躁踢	to destroy uselessly; to spoil.	
tsuo ⁴ -t'u ¹ -jên ³	躁踢人	to abuse a person.	
tsao ⁴ -tung ⁴	躁動	to disturb, noise, disturbance.	
tsao ⁴	火 燥 940c727c	dry, dried with fire, scorched, parched.	
tsao ⁴ -jê ⁴		燥熱	intensely hot (jê ⁴ sha ¹ jên ²).
tsao ⁴ -lieh ⁴		燥烈	burning hot, fierce as fire; burning with rage.

TS'AO ¹	手 操 1150a955a	to grasp, to lay hold of, to maintain.
ts'ao ¹ -ch'ih ³		操持
ts'ao ¹ -hsin ¹ -kua ⁴ .i ¹	操心掛意	anxious care.
ts'ao ¹ -hsin ¹ -lao ² -li ⁴	操心勞力	to take trouble and pains.
ts'ao ¹ -lien ⁴	操練	to drill, to be drilled, discipline (hsün ⁴ lien ⁴).
ts'ao ¹ -ping ¹	操兵	to exercise troops.
ts'ao ¹ -ping ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	操兵器	to grasp a weapon.
ts'ao ¹ -shou ³	操守	to guard, to maintain.
ts'ao ¹ -tao ¹	操刀	to grasp a sword.
ts'ao ¹ -tien ³	操點	drill and roll-call, etc.
's'ao ¹ -tsai ³ -ts'un ⁴	操則存	hold fast (to righteousness) and it will remain
ts'ao ¹ -yen ³	操演	to drill, to exercise.

[with you.]

* Note 94.

ts'ao¹ 口 譟 1149b955b noise, clamour, disturbance.
 ts'ao¹-nao⁴ 譟 鬧 same (ch'ao¹ nao⁴). [din.
 ts'ao¹-tsa³ 譟 雜 confused clamour, noise and confusion, clatter,

TS'AO³ 水 漕 1149c955c a water-course; to convey by water; tribute boats.
 ts'ao³-ch'uan³ 漕 船 boats used for conveying rice, etc., to the capital.
 ts'ao³-ho³-yün⁴-ch'uan³ 漕 河 運 船 the tribute-boats of the Grand Canal
 ts'ao³-kuan³ 漕 官 official in charge of tribute-boats.
 ts'ao³-liang³ 漕 糧 tribute rice,
 ts'ao³-t'ai³ 漕 台 Director of Grain Transport. G. 327.
 ts'ao³-yün⁴ 漕 運 to convey by water.
 ts'ao³ 木 槽 1149b955b a trough, a manger; distillery.
 ts'ao³-fang³ 槽 坊 a distillery.
 ts'ao³-t'ou³ 槽 頭 the ends of a trough where the animal is fastened.
 ts'ao³-ya³ 槽 牙 grinders (pan³ ya³).
 ts'ao³ 小 訛 1149c955c out of repair; coarse, rough.
 ts'ao³-chiu⁴ 訛 舊 worn out.
 ts'ao³-lan⁴ 訛 爛 ragged.
 ts'ao³ 日 曹 1149a955a a company; a class; officials.
 ts'ao³-p'ing²-yin³ 曹 平 銀 common sycee.
 ts'ao³-ts'ao¹ 曹 操 a famous general of antiquity. R. 231.

TS'AO³ 艸 草 1148b956a grass, weeds, straw; running hand; careless.
 ts'ao³-chi³ 草 雞 a hen.
 ts'ao³-chieh⁴ 草 芥 of no importance, worthless.
 ts'ao³-chih³ 草 紙 rough paper.
 ts'ao³-fang³ 草 房 a thatched house.
 ts'ao³-hsieh³ 草 鞋 straw shoes.
 ts'ao³-hsieh³ 草 寫 running hand, to scrawl.
 ts'ao³-huang³ 草 黃 canary yellow, straw colour.
 ts'ao³-kao³ 草 稿 a rough draft, a sketch, an outline (kao³ shu³).
 ts'ao³-kêng³ 草 莖 a stalk of grass.
 ts'ao³-k'u³ 草 枯 dried grass.
 ts'ao³-li³-shê³ 草 裡 蛇 a snake in the grass; a secret enemy.
 ts'ao³-li³ 草 屐 straw shoes.
 ts'ao³-liao⁴ 草 料 forage.
 ts'ao³-lien²-tzü³ 草 簾 子 a straw door-screen.
 ts'ao³-mang³ 草 莽 wilderness, jungle.
 ts'ao³-mao⁴-pien³ 草 帽 辮 strawbraid.
 ts'ao³-mao⁴-tzü³ 草 帽 子 straw hats. [ts'ao³ shu⁴ mu⁴).
 ts'ao³-mu⁴ 草 木 plants and trees, the vegetable kingdom (hua⁴
 ts'ao³-mu⁴-chih³-jên³ 草 木 之 人 frail man.
 ts'ao³-pao¹ 草 包 a sack for straw; a blockhead.

<i>ts'ao³-pén³</i>	草本	annual plants; roots of grasses; draft, rough
<i>ts'ao³-p'u¹</i>	草鋪	a straw mat to sleep on. [copy.]
<i>ts'ao³-shang⁴-shuang¹</i>	草上霜	dew on the grass (evanescent).
<i>ts'ao³-shé³</i>	草舍	my humble dwelling.
<i>ts'ao³-shuai⁴</i>	草率	careless, carelessly.
<i>ts'ao³-t'ou²-fang¹-êrh³</i>	草頭方兒	a domestic recipe.
<i>ts'ao³-ts'ao³-liao³-shih⁴</i>	草草了事	to get through business in a careless way.
<i>ts'ao³-tzu⁴</i>	草字	the running hand (hsing ² shu ³).
<i>ts'ao³</i>	馬	female of the donkey.
<i>ts'ao³-lü²</i>	驢	a she-ass (chiao ⁴ lü ²).
TS'AO⁴	米穀 糙	1150b956c rude, unworkmanlike, inferior.
TSE²	責	1151b957c responsible for; to reprove; to ask.
<i>tsé²-chih⁴</i>	責治	to punish.
<i>tsé²-fá²</i>	責罰	to chastise, to punish
<i>tsé²-hsia⁴</i>	責下	responsible for.
<i>tsé²-jang⁴</i>	責讓	to scold.
<i>tsé²-jên⁴</i>	責任	responsibility, trust, duties.
<i>tsé²-ma⁴</i>	責罵	to blame, to rail at.
<i>tsé²-pei⁴</i>	責備	to reprove (chien ⁴ shuo ¹).
<i>tsé²-ta²</i>	責打	to beat, to chastise.
<i>tsé²-tsui⁴</i>	責罪	to reprove, to condemn.
<i>tsé²-wên⁴</i>	責問	to enquire, to interrogate under the bamboo.
<i>tsé²</i>	手 擇	1152a958b to select, to choose. (Also <i>chai²</i>).
<i>tsé²-chi²-jih⁴</i>	擇吉日	to choose a lucky day (for weddings, etc.).
<i>tsé²-chiao¹</i>	擇交	to select one's associates.
<i>tsé²-hsüan³</i>	擇選	to select, to choose (chien ² hsüan ²).
<i>tsé²-jih⁴-tzu³</i>	擇日子	to choose a day (for weddings, etc.).
<i>tsé²-lin²</i>	擇鄰	to choose one's neighbours.
<i>tsé²-shan⁴</i>	擇善	to choose the good.
<i>tsé²</i>	水 澤	1152b958c kindness; to nourish; enriched, glossy; a marsh.
<i>tsé²-ên¹</i>	澤恩	favour, kindness (ên ¹ tsé ²).
<i>tsé²-lan²-wan</i>	澤蘭丸	pills for procuring abortion.
<i>tsé²-min²</i>	澤民	to behave well to the people.
<i>tsé²</i>	刀 則	1150b956a then, in consequence, therefore; next; a rule.
<i>tsé²-chiu⁴</i>	則就	then, in consequence (êrh ⁴ tsé ²).
<i>tsé²-i³</i>	則已	that is the end of it, so be it.
<i>tsé²-k'o³</i>	則可	then, it will do.
<i>tsé²-li⁴</i>	則例	rule, custom, laws, regulations, tariff.
<i>tsé²-shih⁴</i>	則是	then, it is, etc.
TSE⁴	人 仄	1153a959b aslant, oblique, inclined, stooping.

tsé⁴--shêng¹tsé⁴-tzi¹tsé⁴-yün⁴仄聲
仄字
仄韻the oblique tones. 上, 去, 入 (p'ing² tsé⁴).
word in oblique tones.
rhymes in oblique tones.TS'É⁴ts'é⁴-li⁴ts'é⁴-lun³ts'é⁴-ma³ts'é⁴-shu¹ts'é⁴ts'é⁴-érh³-t'ing¹ts'é⁴-érh³-to³ts'é⁴-lou¹ts'é⁴-lêng³ts'é⁴-shih⁴ts'é⁴-shih⁴ts'é⁴-wo⁴ts'é⁴ts'é⁴-liang⁴ts'e'-pu⁴-t'ou⁴ts'é⁴-to⁴ts'é⁴-tzi⁴ts'é⁴ (tzi⁴)ts'é⁴-yeh⁴ts'é⁴ts'é⁴-yin³

竹 策 1153c960b

策 勵

策 論

策 馬

策 書

人 側 1154n957a

側 耳 聽

側 耳 朶

側 陋

側 稜

側 侍

側 室

側 臥

水 測 1154b960a

測 量

測 不 透

測 度

測 字

冊 1154b42b

冊 頁

心 惻 1154b960a

惻 隱

a plan, a stratagem; to scheme; a whip.
to urge, to impel, to force. to compel.
questions and themes (at examination).
to whip horse.an official order, an appointment; credentials.
aslant, oblique, on the side; mean. See *chai*¹.
to apply the ear to and listen, to listen.
same.

of low rank, mean, vile.

slanting, oblique edge,

to stand near.

a concubine, a second wife (ch'ieh⁴).

to sleep on one side.

to fathom, to measure.

to measure, to comprehend, to estimate.
cannot fathom (its meaning).

to measure, to calculate.

logomancy.

a list, an inventory, a register. Also *ch'ai* (mu⁴ [lu⁴]).
obscene pictures.

to commiserate, to pity, to sympathize.

same (lien² min³).TSEI³tsei³-fan⁴tsei³-fei³tsei³-hsing¹tsei³-jên²-tan³-hsü¹tsei³-k'ou⁴tsei³-mei³-shu³-yen³tsei³-ping¹tsei³-shou³tsei³-tao⁴tsei³-t'ou³-tsei³-nao³tsei³-tzi³tsei³-wo¹tsei³-yen³-liu³-hsing¹

貝 賊 1154c957b

賊 犯

賊 匪

賊 星

賊 人 胆 虛

賊 寇

賊 眉 鼠 眼

賊 兵

賊 首

賊 盜

賊 頭 賊 腦

賊 子

賊 窩

賊 眼 流星

robbers, rebels; to injure, to plunder.

brigands, rebels (ch'iang³ tao⁴).

rebels, bandits, robbers, etc.

"thief star," a shooting star or meteor.

a robber lacks bravery.

rebels.

guilty-looking.

the enemy's or rebel troops.

a rebel thief,

thieves, robbers, etc.

a villainous-looking fellow.

a thief's children; a precocious young scamp.

a den or nest of thieves; a robber's cave.

a villain.

TSEN⁴

心 怎 1155b948a

what? how? why?

<i>tsĕn³-ma²</i>	怎麼	what? how? why? M. 87.
<i>tsĕn³-mo²-kan³</i>	怎麼敢	how dare you; how dare? (ch'ī ³ kan ³).
<i>tsĕn³-mo²-ni¹</i>	怎麼呢	how is it?
<i>tsĕn³-mo²-tso⁴</i>	怎麼做	how is it done? how do you do it?
<i>tsĕn³-mo²-shuo¹</i>	怎麼說	how do you say?
<i>tsĕn³-mo²-yang⁴</i>	怎麼樣	in what way? how? (ho ² tĕng ³).
TS'ĒN¹	參	
<i>ts'ĕn¹-tz'ü¹</i>	參差	confused, irregular, uneven. See <i>ts'an¹</i> and <i>shen¹</i> .
<i>ts'ĕn¹-tz'ü¹-pu⁴-ch'i³</i>	參差不齊	same.
<i>ts'ĕn¹ (ch'ĕn)</i>	衣觀	uneven, irregular. inner garments; to assist.
TS'ĒNG¹	土	
<i>tsĕng¹-ch'i³-lai²</i>	增起來	to add to, to increase, to double (chia ¹ t'ien ¹)
<i>tsĕng¹-chia⁴</i>	增加	to add to, to increase.
<i>tsĕng¹-chien³</i>	增減	same.
<i>tsĕng¹-fu²-ts'ai²-shĕn²</i>	增福財神	"to add and diminish," modification. the God of Wealth.
<i>tsĕng¹-fu²-yen²-shou⁴</i>	增福延壽	increase happiness and lengthen life.
<i>tsĕng¹-i¹</i>	增益	to increase, to add to.
<i>tsĕng¹-kuang¹</i>	增光	to aid brilliancy.
<i>tsĕng¹-pu³</i>	增補	to recompense (pao ¹ ta ²).
<i>tsĕng¹-shan¹-pu²-i⁴</i>	增剛卜易	a divination book.
<i>tsĕng¹-t'ien¹</i>	增添	to add to, addition.
<i>tsĕng¹-to¹</i>	增多	many added.
<i>tsĕng¹</i>	心憎	to dislike, to hate.
<i>tsĕng¹-hĕn⁴</i>	憎恨	to hate.
<i>tsĕng¹-hsien²</i>	憎嫌	to dislike, to bear a grudge (man ² yüan ⁴).
<i>tsĕng¹-wu⁴</i>	憎惡	to dislike, to hate.
TS'ĒNG⁴	貝	
<i>tsĕng⁴-ch'ien²</i>	贈	to present, to confer, to bestow.
<i>tsĕng⁴-liao²-to¹-shao³</i>	贈錢	to present money.
<i>tsĕng⁴-sung⁴</i>	贈了	how much has he given?
<i>tsĕng⁴</i>	贈送	to present (k'uei ⁴ sung ⁴).
<i>tsĕng⁴-ts'ucn⁴</i>	瓦甌	a boiler (kuo ¹).
	甌爨	the fire beneath a boiler.
TS'ĒNG¹	日	
<i>ts'ĕng²-chi⁴-tĕ²</i>	會記得	past (in time), already done. M. 587. Also <i>tsĕng¹</i>
<i>ts'ĕng²-ching¹</i>	會經	don't you remember? etc. already past.
<i>tsĕng¹-sun¹</i>	會孫	a great-grandson.
<i>tsĕng¹-tsu³</i>	會祖	a great-grandfather.
<i>tsĕng¹-tsu³-mu²</i>	會祖母	a great-grandmother.
<i>tsĕng¹-tzu³</i>	曾子	name of a philosopher, a disciple of Confucius.

- ts'eng²-yu³-jên²-shuo¹ 曾有人說 it was once said.
 ts'eng² 尸 [ch'u¹] 層^{1157c952b} layers, stories; a step, degree; still more intense
 ts'eng²-chien⁴-tieh² 層見疊出 occurring more and more often.
 ts'eng²-lou² 層樓 a house with stories.
 ts'eng²-tieh² 層疊 layer upon layer.
 ts'eng²-ts'eng² 層層 same.
 ts'eng²-tz'ü⁴ 層次 regular order; rising higher and higher.
- TS'ÊNG⁴ 足 踏^{1157c952c} embarrassed; dilatory; to strike in passing.
 ts'eng⁴-kung¹ 踏工 to kill time, to dawdle (mo² kung¹ fu¹).
 ts'eng⁴-liao³ liu¹.p'i² 踏了溜皮 secretly made off.
- TS² 日 昨^{1159a1005b} yesterday.
 tso²-'rh².ko⁴ 昨兒個 same.
 tso²-'rh²-wan²-shang⁴ 昨兒晚上 yesterday evening.
 tso²-jil⁴ 昨日 yesterday (ch'ien² êrh² ko⁴).
 tso²-shih⁴-chin¹-fei¹ 昨是今非 variable.
 tso²-t'ien¹ 昨天 yesterday.
 tso²-yeh⁴ 昨夜 last night. [do=ts'vo².
 tso² (tzü) 金 鑿^{1159b1006a} a chisel; to dig; to open; to mark; to make, to
 tso²-ching² 鑿井 to dig a well (chüeh² ching²).
 tso²-k'ai¹ 鑿開 to open out a space or way.
 tso²-ko⁴-yen¹-'rh² 鑿個眼兒 to chisel or cut out a hole.
 tso² mu⁴ 鑿木 to chisel or chop wood.
 tso²-tso²-k'o³-chü⁴ 鑿鑿可據 demonstrably, undoubtedly.
- TSO³ 工 左^{1159c1002a} the left; second to; bad. M. 64.
 tso³-chéng⁴ 左証 to verify.
 tso³-chin¹-i¹-shang¹ 左衽衣裳 clothing with lapel on left.
 tso³-chin⁴ 左近 neighbouring, neighbourhood (lin²). [Annals.
 tso³-chuan⁴ 左傳 the commentary on the Spring and Autumn
 tso³-ju²-yu⁴-pi⁴ 左輔右弼 helping on all sides.
 tso³-p'i²-ch'i⁴ 左脾氣 a cantankerous person (tiao³ p'i²).
 tso³-pien¹ 左邊 on the left side.
 tso³-shih⁴-lang² 左侍郎 a vice-president of one of the Boards,
 tso³-shou³ 左手 the left hand.
 tso³-s'ü¹-yu⁴-hsiang² 左思右想 to revolve in thought.
 tso³-t'ang² 左堂 assistant magistrate. G. 291.
 tso³-tao⁴ 左道 false doctrine (p'ang² mên² tso³ tao⁴).
 tso³-lu¹-yü¹-shih² 左都御史 President of the Censorate. [ants.
 tso³-yu⁴ 左右 left and right; those around, attendants, assist-
 tso³-yu⁴-liang²-nan² 左右兩難 in a strait or dilemma (chin⁴ t'ui¹ liang² nan²).
 tso³ 人 佐^{1160b1002b} to assist; a second to; a minister.

tsɔ ³ -tʃu ⁴	佐助	an assistant.
tsɔ ³ -tʃh ⁴	佐貳	assistant Magistrates.
tsɔ ³ -fʊ ³	佐輔	an assistant.
tsɔ ³ -li ³	佐理	to assist in managing affairs (as secretaries, etc.).
tsɔ ³ -ling ²	佐領	assistant chief of one of the banners.
tsɔ ³ -tsa ²	佐雜	petty officials of the 8th and 9th rank.

TSO⁴

人

作^{1158a1005a}

to do, to act, to make, to invent, to discover

[(1, 2, 4).

tsɔ ⁴ -tʃɛŋ ⁴	作証	to act as witness.
tsɔ ⁴ -tʃ'ɛŋ ² -liao ³	作成了	accomplished, finished, completed.
tsɔ ⁴ -tʃia ³	作假	to act falsely.
tsɔ ⁴ -tʃia ¹	作家	to be economical (chien ³ shɛŋ ³).
tsɔ ⁴ -tʃ'in ¹	作親	to marry, or arrange a marriage.
tsɔ ⁴ -tʃu ³	作主	to play the host, to take the responsibility.
tsɔ ⁴ -fʊŋ ¹	作坊	a manufactory.
tsɔ ⁴ -fʊ ² -tso ⁴ -wei ¹	作福作威	sometimes lenient, sometimes severe (official).
tsɔ ⁴ -hao ²	作好	to do good.
tsɔ ⁴ -hai ⁴	作害	to get into mischief.
tsɔ ⁴ -hsi ⁴ -ti ¹	作戲的	an actor, a comedian (hsi ⁴ tzu ³).
tsɔ ⁴ -hsien ⁴	作線	to act as a spy (chien ¹ hsi ⁴ , hsi ⁴ tso ⁴).
tsɔ ⁴ -i ¹	作揖	to fold the hands and bow.
tsɔ ⁴ -i ⁴	作意	the division's or skeleton of an essay, etc.
tsɔ ⁴ -kuan ¹	作官	to be an official (chü ¹ kuan ¹).
tsɔ ⁴ -kuan ¹ -wei ² -huan ⁴	作官爲宦	the official class (kuan ¹ huan ⁴ jên ² chia ¹).
tsɔ ⁴ -kung ¹ -fu ²	作工夫	to work, to labor.
tsɔ ² -liao ⁴	作料	condiments.
tsɔ ⁴ -lo ⁴	作樂	to be cheerful, gay (ch'ü ³ lê ⁴).
tsɔ ⁴ -mɛŋ ⁴	作夢	to be dreaming.
tsɔ ⁴ -mu ⁴	作幕	to act as private secretary (shih ¹ yeh ²).
tsɔ ⁴ -nan ⁴	作難	to be in trouble or straits (shou ⁴ nan ⁴).
tsɔ ⁴ -o ⁴	作惡	to do wickedly.
tsɔ ⁴ -pan ⁴	作伴	to act as companion to.
tsɔ ⁴ -pao ³ -ti ¹	作保的	a bail, a security.
tsɔ ⁴ -pi ¹	作弊	to cheat, to steal public funds.
tsɔ ⁴ -pieh ³	作別	to separate.
tsɔ ⁴ -pu ⁴ -lai ³	作不來	it can't be done.
tsɔ ⁴ -shan ⁴	作善	to do good.
tsɔ ⁴ -shih ¹	作詩	to make verses.
tsɔ ⁴ -shih ¹ -ti ¹	作詩的	a poet (sao ¹ jên ²).
tsɔ ⁴ -shih ⁴	作事	to transact business.
tsɔ ⁴ -shu ¹ -ti ¹	作書的	an author.
tsɔ ⁴ -sui ⁴	作祟	to act as if possessed.
tsɔ ⁴ -ssü ³	作死	to seek one's own death.

tso ⁴ -tai ³	作歹	to do wickedly (wei ³ fei ¹ tso ⁴ tai ³).
ts'o ⁴ -tê ²	作得	done, made, finished; able to do.
ts'o ⁴ -tê ² -hên ³ -hao ³	作得狠好	done extremely well.
tso ⁴ -tui ⁴	作對	to act as an enemy.
tso ⁴ -wan ² -liao ³	作完了	to bring an affair to an end.
tso ⁴ -wei ³	作為	actions, conduct (hsing ² wei ³).
tso ⁴ -wên ² -chang ⁴	作文章	to compose or write an essay.
tso ⁴ -yeh ⁴	作孽	to commit sin.
tso ⁴ -yo ⁴ -ti ¹	作樂的	musicians (yin ¹ yo ⁴ ti ¹).
tso ⁴	人做	to do, to make; to act as, to be.
tso ⁴ -ch'êng ²	做成	to complete an affair.
tso ⁴ -ch'i ³	做訖	to bring an affair to an end.
tso ⁴ -ch'in ¹	做親	to get married (ch'ü ³).
tso ⁴ -fa ²	做法	to form a plan.
tso ⁴ -fan ⁴	做飯	to make food.
tso ⁴ -huai ⁴ -la ¹	做壞喇	spoiled in cooking.
tso ⁴ -huo ²	做活	to get a livelihood, to work for a living.
tso ⁴ -i ¹ -shang ²	做衣裳	to make clothes (ts'ai ³ fêng ²).
tso ⁴ -jên ²	做人	to be or act as a man.
tso ⁴ -kuan ¹	做官	to be an official.
tso ⁴ -kung ¹ -tê ²	做功德	to make "merit."
tso ⁴ -liáo ² -mei ² -yu ³	做了沒有	is it done?
tso ⁴ -mien ⁴ -t-ü ² -huo ²	做面子活	eye-service.
tso ⁴ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	做不來	unable to do, impracticable.
tso ⁴ -pu ⁴ -lai ² -t'i ⁴	做不來的	same.
tso ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	做不得	impossible to do; ought not to be done.
tso ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tê ² -ti ¹	做不得的	same.
tso ⁴ -shên ² -mo ²	做甚麼	what are you doing?
tso ⁴ -shêng ¹	做聲	to speak.
tso ⁴ -sun ³	做損	to circumcise (ko ¹ li ³).
tso ⁴ -tê ²	做得	able to do; it will do.
tso ⁴ -tê ² -lai ³	做得來	same.
tso ⁴ -tê ² -hên ³ -hao ³	做得狠好	done very well.
tso ⁴ -ts'ai ¹	做菜	to cook vegetables.
tso ⁴ -wan ² -liao ³	做完了	finished; accomplished.
tso ⁴	土坐	to sit; a seat; to hold, to maintain.
tso ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	坐車	to ride on a cart.
tso ⁴ -chia ¹ -ch'i ¹ -k'o ⁴	坐家欺客	to take advantage of a stranger.
tso ⁴ -chiang ¹ -shan ¹	坐江山	to be emperor (of China).
tso ⁴ -chiao ⁴ -tzu ²	坐轎子	to go in a sedan chair.
tso ⁴ -chien ¹	坐監	to be confined in prison.
tso ⁴ -ch'uan ²	坐船	to go in a vessel.
tso ⁴ -êrh ²	坐兒	a passenger, e. g., in a cart.

<i>tso⁴-fan²-liao³</i>	坐煩了		to have sat a long time.
<i>tso⁴-ching³-kuan¹-t'ien¹</i>	坐井觀天		like a frog in a well, i. e., limited horizon.
<i>tso⁴-hao³</i>	坐好		to sit firmly.
<i>tso⁴-hsia⁴</i>	坐下		to sit down.
<i>tso⁴-i¹-tso⁴</i>	坐一坐		take a seat, sit down.
<i>tso⁴-ju⁴</i>	坐褥		cushion.
<i>tso⁴-k'ai¹</i>	坐開		room enough to sit down.
<i>tso⁴-ku³</i>	坐買		a shop-keeper.
<i>tso⁴-lao²</i>	坐牢		to be confined in prison.
<i>tso⁴-pei³-ch'ao²-nan³</i>	坐北朝南		on north side fronting south.
<i>tso⁴-pu¹-chu⁴</i>	坐不住		can't remain sitting.
<i>tso⁴-pu⁴-hsia⁴</i>	坐不下		not room for all to sit.
<i>tso⁴-pu¹-wên³</i>	坐不穩		unable to sit steady.
<i>tso⁴-t'ang²</i>	坐堂		to sit in judgment, to sit in court, to open court.
<i>tso⁴-ti¹-t'ru³-ma³</i>	坐的腿痲		sitting till the legs are cramped.
<i>tso⁴-ti⁴-hu³</i>	坐地虎		fig. a local bully.
<i>tso⁴-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>	坐天下		to be Emperor.
<i>tso⁴-tsui⁴</i>	坐罪		to accuse another falsely (wu ² kao ⁴).
<i>tso⁴-wei⁴</i>	坐位		a seat; to sit on the throne.
<i>tso⁴-wo⁴</i>	坐臥		sitting and lying down.
<i>tso⁴-wo⁴-pu⁴-an¹</i>	坐臥不安		uncomfortable in any position.
<i>tso⁴-yu³-tso⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	坐有坐像		when he sits, he sits correctly.
<i>tso⁴-yüeh⁴-tzü³</i>	坐月子		a woman's confinement, also a month after.
<i>tso⁴</i>	广座	1161b1003a	a seat, a throne. Numerative of hills, temples, below or before the throne, [etc.]
<i>tso⁴-hsia⁴</i>	座下		
<i>tso⁴-yei⁴</i>	座位		a seat, a throne.
<i>tso⁴</i>	木柞	1159a1005c	name of a hard wood.

TS'O ¹	手	搓	1163a1003a	to rub between the hands.
<i>ts'o¹-i¹-shang¹</i>		搓衣裳		to wash clothes (hsi ³ i ¹ shang ¹).
<i>ts'o¹-jou²</i>		搓揉		to rub between the hands.
<i>ts'o¹-kan¹-ching⁴-liao³</i>		搓乾淨了		rubbed clean.
<i>ts'o¹-mo²</i>		搓磨		to worry, to annoy; to reprove, to scold.
<i>ts'o¹-shêng²-tzü³</i>		搓繩子		to make rope with the hands.
<i>ts'o¹-shou³</i>		搓手		to rub between the hands.
<i>ts'o¹-ts'o¹-sui⁴</i>		搓搓碎		to crumble with the hand.
<i>ts'o¹</i>	手	撮	1164a1006b	to unite; to snatch, to take; to urge; to manipulate. [ulate.]
<i>ts'o¹-ho²</i>		撮合		to unite, to join, to make agree.
<i>ts'o¹-niu²-nai³</i>		撮牛奶		to milk a cow (chi ³ nai ³).
<i>ts'o¹-shang⁴-chiao⁴</i>		撮上轎		to hand into a sedan; to persuade.
<i>ts'o¹-t'u³</i>		撮土		to shovel earth (lien ³ t'u ³).
<i>ts'o¹-yao⁴</i>		撮要		to make an abstract.
<i>ts'o¹-yung³</i>		撮擁		to coax and drag away.

- ts'o¹ 石 磋^{1163a1003b} to polish.
 ts'o¹ 足 蹉^{1163b1003b} to slip, to miss.
- TS'O² 矢 矮^{1163c1004a} a dwarf, dwarfish, stunted.
 ts'o²-chia'-ch'ien² 矮價錢 to cut down the price.
 ts'o²-han⁴-tzu² 矮漢子 a dwarf.
 ts'o²-hsiao² 矮小 dwarfish, short.
 ts'o²-jêa²-hsin¹-chung⁴ 矮人心重 the dwarf is clever.
 ts'o²-tzu² 矮子 a dwarf (ai² tzu²).
 ts'o² 玉 琢^{250aS2c} to work jewels, to cut, to carve; to choose. [cho².
 ts'o²-yü⁴ 琢玉 to work jewels.
- TS'O⁴ 金 錯^{1162b1004c} to mistake; wrong; mixed.
 ts'o⁴-fêng⁴-tzu² 錯縫子 fault crevices; holes in one's coat.
 ts'o⁴-hsiang² 錯想 a mistaken thought.
 ts'o⁴-jên⁴ 錯認 to mistake (a person).
 ts'o⁴-ku²-fêng⁴ 錯骨縫 a bone out of joint.
 ts'o⁴-kuai⁴-hao²-jên² 錯怪好人 to wrongly blame a good man.
 ts'o⁴-kuo⁴ 錯過 mistaken.
 ts'o⁴-kuo⁴-liao²-ni² 錯過了你 apart from you.
 ts'o⁴-kuo⁴-shih²-hou⁴ 錯過時候 to have passed by the time.
 ts'o⁴-liao²-kuei¹-chü² 錯了規矩 contrary to custom.
 ts'o⁴-luan⁴ 錯亂 confused, mixed together.
 ts'o⁴-pu⁴-liao² 錯不了 not mistaken, unable to mistake; good.
 ts'o⁴-shih² 錯失 error, mistake.
 ts'o⁴-shih⁴ 錯事 to mistake in doing anything; a mistaken-affair.
 ts'o⁴-tsa² 錯雜 mixed together, confused.
 ts'o⁴-tzu² 錯字 wrong characters.
 ts'o⁴-wu⁴ 錯悞 mistake, mistaken, wrong (niu⁴ wu⁴).
 ts'o⁴ 手 挫^{1163b1004b} to push down, to maltreat; to break to pieces.
 ts'o⁴-mo² 挫磨 to force, to compel (ché² mo²). [person.
 ts'o⁴-yü¹-jên² 挫於人 a maltreated person; to be maltreated by a
 ts'o⁴ 手 掇^{1120c913a} to regulate. See to².
 ts'o⁴ 手 措^{1162a1008c} to raise; to arrange; to employ; to collect.
 ts'o⁴-pan⁴ 措辦 to arrange; to collect.
 ts'o⁴-shou² 措手 to set to one's hand, to prepare.
 ts'o¹-tzu² 措詞 set speech; to arrange phraseology.
 ts'o⁴ 刀 剉^{1163b1004a} to file.
 ts'o⁴-kuang¹-liao² 剉光了 polished.
 ts'o⁴-p'ing²-liao² 剉平了 filed smooth.
 ts'o⁴ (tzu²) 金 鏗^{1163c1004b} a file.

TSOU ³	走	走 ^{1164b961c}	to walk, to go, to run.
<i>tsou³-ch'ai⁴</i>		走岔	to take different roads; go astray.
<i>tsou³-ch'ang³-ti¹</i>		走場的	stage-waiters.
<i>tsou³-chiang¹-hu²</i>		走江湖	far-travelled.
<i>tsou³-ch'ou²</i>		走籌	watchmen (ta ³ ching ¹ ti ¹).
<i>tsou³-fa²-liao³</i>		走乏了	weary with travelling.
<i>tsou³-hou⁴</i>		走後	after (he) went away.
<i>tsou³-hsiang⁴</i>		走像	style of walking.
<i>tsou³-k'ai¹</i>		走開	to walk or step apart.
<i>tsou³-kou³</i>		走狗	[former. a coursing dog; to betray; a betrayer, an in-
<i>tsou³-k'uai⁴</i>		走快	hurry up!
<i>tsou³-liao³-fêng¹</i>		走了風	the news is out.
<i>tsou³-liao³-shui³-liao³</i>		走了水了	a fire, a conflagration (tsou ¹ hui ² lu ⁴).
<i>tsou³-lou⁴</i>		走漏	to let out a secret, to tell.
<i>tsou³-lou⁴-hsiao¹-hsi²</i>		走漏消息	the news leaked out.
<i>tsou³-lu⁴-rh²</i>		走路兒	to walk, to travel.
<i>tsou³-ma²</i>		走馬	to ride a horse; a swift horse (ch'i ² ma ³).
<i>tsou³-ma²-kuan¹-têng¹</i>		走馬觀燈	as if viewing lamps on horseback.
<i>tsou³-pien⁴-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>		走遍天下	to travel the world over.
<i>tsou³-pu⁴-k'ai¹</i>		走不開	unable to pass, or get out of the way.
<i>tsou³-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>		走不過去	can't go across.
<i>tsou³-pu⁴-tao⁴</i>		走不到	cannot go to.
<i>tsou³-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>		走不動	unable to walk from age, illness, etc.
<i>tsou³-shou⁴</i>		走獸	quadrupeds,
<i>tsou³-ssü¹</i>		走私	to smuggle
<i>tsou³-t'ang³-t'ang³</i>		走輪輪	to walk up and down.
<i>tsou³-iao⁴-rh²</i>		走道兒	to walk, to travel.
<i>tsou³-tê²-k'ai¹</i>		走得開	able to pass or get out of the way.
<i>tsou³-ti⁴-fu¹</i>		走遞夫	letter-carriers, couriers (p'ao ³ hsin ⁴ ti ¹).
<i>tsou³-t'o¹</i>		走脫	to slip off, to abscond.
<i>tsou³-tu⁴-tzu³</i>		走肚子	diarrhoea (p'uo ³ tu ⁴).
<i>tsou³-tung⁴-tsou³-tung⁴</i>		走動走動	move on! to ease one's self.
<i>tsou³-wai⁴-shih⁴-ti¹</i>		走外事的	outside clerk.

TSOU ⁴	大	奏 ^{1166a962a}	any representation made to the Emperor.
<i>tsou⁴-chang¹</i>		奏章	an official document to be laid before the Em-
<i>tsou⁴-chê²</i>		奏摺	same.
<i>tsou⁴-ming²-huang²</i>	[shang ⁴	奏明	to state clearly to the Emperor.
<i>tsou⁴-pên³</i>		奏本	[peror. an official document to be laid before the Em-
<i>tsou⁴-shang⁴</i>		奏上	to memorialize the Emperor.
<i>tsou⁴-shih⁴</i>		奏事	to represent a matter to the Emperor.
<i>tsou⁴-shih⁴-ch'u³</i>		奏事處	the Memorial office in Peking.
<i>tsou⁴-shu¹</i>		奏書	an official document to be laid before the Emperor.

- tsou⁴-wên²-shu¹ 奏文書 an official document to be laid before the Emperor.
 tsou⁴-yo⁴ 奏樂 to strike up music.
 tsou⁴-yo⁴-ch'í¹ 奏樂器 same.
 tsou⁴ 馬驟 1165b962c a fleet horse; suddenly.
 tsou⁴-jan²-chien¹ 驟然間 suddenly, abruptly (hu¹ jan² chien¹).
- TS'OU 水 湊 1166c963b to assemble, to collect; to add to, to make up
 ts'ou⁴-ch'í¹ 湊齊 all collected together.
 ts'ou⁴-ch'ín⁰ 湊巧 to suit or fit admirably.
 ts'ou⁴-chü⁴ 湊聚 to collect, to assemble.
 ts'ou⁴-fên⁴-tzu³ 湊分子 to make a subscription.
 ts'ou⁴-ho² 湊合 to assemble, to collect together.
 ts'ou⁴-ko⁴-ch'ü⁴-rh³ 湊個趣兒 to make merry.
 ts'ou⁴-kou⁴-shu⁴ 湊够數 to make up the proper number.
 ts'ou⁴-tsai⁴-i¹-ch'ü⁴ 湊在一處 to assemble in one place.
 ts'ou⁴-tsai⁴-i¹-k'uai⁴ 湊在一塊 same.
- TSU¹ (tzu³) 禾 租 1167c1007a to rent, to hire; a tax, grain paid as tax.
 tsu¹-ch'í¹ 租契 a contract, a lease (lin⁴).
 tsu¹-chia⁴ 租價 the amount of rent.
 tsu¹-chieh⁴ 租界 Foreign Settlements in China.
 tsu¹-ch'ien² 租錢 rent.
 tsu¹-fang²-chu⁴ 租房住 to live in a rented house.
 tsu¹-fang²-tzu³ 租房房子 to hire a house.
 tsu¹-lin⁴ 租賃 to hire, to rent, as a house, etc.
 tsu¹-ti⁴-chung⁴ 租地種 to cultivate rented ground.
 tsu¹-ting¹ 租丁 a husbandman, a small farmer.
 tsu¹-yin² 租銀 rent (lin⁴).
- TSU² 十 卒 卒 116Sb1013a lictors, soldiers; to stop, to die; sudden.
 tsu²-jan² 卒然 hastily, suddenly.
 tsu²-tzu³ 卒子 soldiers.
 tsu²-wu² 卒伍 troops, a company.
 tsu² 足 116Sc1014a the foot; enough, complete (kou⁴).
 tsu²-chi¹ 足儿 a footstool (chiao³ têng⁴).
 tsu²-chih³ 足指 the toes.
 tsu²-hia⁴ 足下 beneath the feet; a master; you, sir.
 tsu²-hsin⁴-ti¹ 足信的 credible.
 tsu²-kou⁴ 足殼 sufficient, ample.
 tsu²-sé⁴-yin²-tzu³ 足色銀子 silver of full standard quality.
 tsu²-shih³ tsu⁴-ping¹ 足食足兵 plenty of soldiers and stores.
 tsu² 方 族 1169b1015a clan, tribe, family, kindred; species, class.
 tsu²-chang² 族長 eldest man of a family or clan.

[(chü⁴).

<i>tsu²-chung¹</i>	族中 族兄 族人 族類 族譜	in or of the clan, etc.
<i>tsu²-hsiung¹</i>		one of the eldest in a clan.
<i>tsu²-jên²</i>		one's kindred (ch'in ¹ tsu ²).
<i>tsu²-lei⁴</i>		a class, a clan, a sort.
<i>tsu²-p'u³</i>		a genealogical table or register (chia ¹ p'u ³).

TSU³	示	祖 1167a1007a	ancestors ; a grandfather ; to begin.
<i>tsu³-ch'an³</i>		祖 產	ancestral property. [(i ² liu ³).
<i>tsu³-ch'uan⁴</i>		祖 傳	handed down in the family, e. g., prescription
<i>tsu³-fu⁴</i>		祖 父	a grandfather (yeh ³ yeh ³).
<i>tsu³-hsien¹</i>		祖 先	ancestors.
<i>tsu³-hsien¹-t'ang³</i>		祖 先 堂	a hall of ancestors (tz'ü ² t'ang ³).
<i>tsu³-miao⁴</i>		祖 廟	a temple of ancestors.
<i>tsu³-mu³</i>		祖 母	a grandmother (nai ³ nai ³).
<i>tsu³-pi³</i>		祖 妣	same (dead).
<i>tsu³-shang⁴</i>		祖 上	ancestors (hsien ¹ tsu ³).
<i>tsu³-shih¹</i>		祖 師	the patriarch of a sect, patron saint.
<i>tsu³-tsung¹</i>		祖 宗	ancestors (lao ³ pei ⁴).
<i>tsu³-ying³</i>		祖 塋	ancestral cemetery.
<i>tsu³</i>	阜	阻 1168a88c	to hinder, to prevent, to stop ; to suspect.
<i>tsu³-ai⁴</i>		阻 礙	a barrier, an obstruction.
<i>tsu³-chih³</i>		阻 止	to impede, to stop.
<i>tsu³-chih⁴</i>		阻 滯	obstruct.
<i>tsu³-chu⁴</i>		阻 住	to interrupt, to hinder.
<i>tsu³-jên²-wei³-shan⁴</i>		阻 人 爲 善	to hinder a man from doing good.
<i>tsu³-ko²</i>		阻 隔	impassable.
<i>tsu³-nan⁴</i>		阻 難	straits, difficulties.
<i>tsu³-tana³</i>		阻 擋	to impede ; an impediment.
<i>tsu³</i>	糸	組 1167c1007b	fringe, silken cords, tassels ; a stamp.
<i>tsu³</i>	言	詛 268a88c	imprecate (chou ⁴ tsu ³).

TS'U¹	龠	麤 1170c1008a	rough (pên ⁴).
<i>ts'u¹</i>	米	糲	large, open, coarse, hoisterous, indecent.
<i>ts'u¹-ch'a²-tan⁴-fan⁴</i>		粗 茶 淡 飯	plain food, homely fare.
<i>ts'u¹-chung¹-yu³-hsi⁴</i>		粗 中 有 細	clever though rough exterior.
<i>ts'u¹-fêng¹-pao⁴-yü³</i>		粗 風 暴 雨	a sudden storm.
<i>ts'u¹-hao²</i>		粗 豪	rough and ready.
<i>ts'u¹-hsi⁴</i>		粗 細	coarse and fine ; the quality of anything.
<i>ts'u¹-hsin¹</i>		粗 心	careless, coarse, rough, brutal.
<i>ts'u¹-hna¹</i>		粗 話	obscene language.
<i>ts'u¹-la¹</i>		粗 拉	coarse, rude.
<i>ts'u¹-lou⁴</i>		粗 陋	coarse, vulgar.
<i>ts'u¹-lu³</i>		粗 鹵	coarse salt ; vulgar, stupid.

<i>ts'u¹-mai⁴</i>	粗麥	.oats.
<i>ts'u¹-mi³</i>	粗米	coarse rice.
<i>ts'u¹-pao⁴</i>	粗暴	coarse, rough, boisterous.
<i>ts'u¹-pi³</i>	粗鄙	rough, low.
<i>ts'u¹-pi³-yü⁴</i>	粗比喻	a vulgar comparison.
<i>ts'u¹-po³-tzi³</i>	粗脖子	goitre.
<i>ts'u¹-pu⁴</i>	粗布	strong coarse native cloth.
<i>ts'u¹-shuai⁴</i>	粗率	rough.
<i>ts'u¹-shou³-mang³-chiao³</i>	粗手莽脚	awkward, clumsy.
<i>ts'u¹-su³</i>	粗俗	vulgar, commonplace.
<i>ts'u¹-ta⁴</i>	粗大	large, coarse.
<i>ts'u¹-ts'ao¹</i>	粗糙	rough.
<i>ts'u¹-yeh³</i>	粗野	wild, rough.

TS'U ⁴	人	促 1171b1015a	quick, urgent; near, close; short.
<i>ts'u⁴-chih³</i>		促織	a cricket.
<i>ts'u⁴-ping⁴</i>		促病	a sudden and violent disease.
<i>ts'u⁴-po⁴</i>		促迫	to urge, to press; be quick!
<i>ts'u⁴</i>	竹	簇 1169c1015b	small bamboos.
<i>ts'u⁴-hsin³</i>		簇新	brand new (chan ⁴ hsin ³).
<i>ts'u⁴</i>	犬	猝 1171b1015b	abrupt, precipitate.
<i>ts'u⁴-chi³</i>		猝急	in a great hurry.
<i>ts'u⁴-jan³-chien³</i>		猝然間	suddenly (hu ¹ jan ³).
<i>ts'u⁴-pu⁴-chi⁴-fang³</i>		猝不及防	put off one's guard.
<i>ts'u⁴</i>	酉	醋 1171c1008b	vinegar.

TSUAN ¹	金鑽	鑽 1172b1026a	to bore, to pierce; a gimlet; a drill.
<i>tsuan¹-cho³-hsin¹</i>		鑽着心	to devote heart and soul.
<i>tsuan¹-lüeh¹</i>		鑽穴	to bore a hole.
<i>tsuan¹-kan¹</i>		鑽幹	to intrigue.
<i>tsuan¹-k'u³-lung³</i>		鑽窟窿	to bore a hole.
<i>tsuan¹-jên³</i>		鑽人	to swindle a man.
<i>tsuan¹-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>		鑽不動	the auger cannot make any impression on.
<i>tsuan¹-shih³</i>		鑽石	emery.
<i>tsuan¹-t'ou²</i>		鑽石頭	to worm one's self into.
<i>tsuan¹-t'ou²-mi⁴-feng⁴</i>		鑽頭覓縫	try every approach to a question.
<i>tsuan¹-tso³</i>		鑽鑿子	"gimlet and chisel," to waste effort, etc.
<i>tsuan¹-tzü⁴</i>		鑽子	a gimlet, an auger, a corkscrew, an awl.

TSUAN ³	系	纂 1172c1026b	women's back hair; to collect, to arrange.
<i>tsuan³-chi³</i>		纂輯	to compile a book.
<i>tsuan³-ch'u³</i>		纂出	to invent.
<i>tsuan³-hsiu¹</i>		纂修	to revise or recompile a book; a compiler.

- tsuan³-shu¹* 纂書 to compile a book.
tsuan³ 手攢 搯 搯 1172b1026c to grasp; to move, to stir.
t-uan³-chü⁴ 搯住 to grasp in the hand.
tsuan³ 肉膾 燻 1173a1026c a fish-chowder.
tsuan³-lo²-po¹⁴ 燻蘿蔔 turnip stew.
t-uan³-wan²-tzü³ 燻丸子 to stew meat-balls.
tsuan³-yang²-jou⁴ 燻羊肉 a stew of mutton.
tsuan³-yü² 燻魚 a fish stew.
- TS'UAN¹** 手 攢 1173b1027a to tempt, to persuade.
ts'uan¹-to² 攢掇 same.
- TS'UAN²** 手 { 攢 1173b1027a to pile up, to collect together; to cover over,
ts'uan² 攢 same. See *tsau³*.
ts'uan²-ch'ien³ 攢錢 to collect money.
ts'uan²-ts'ou⁴ 攢湊 to collect together, to make up.
- TS'UAN⁴** 穴 竄 1173a1027c to burrow; to sneak off, to run away and hide.
ts'uan⁴-t'ao³ 竄逃 to sneak off (tun⁴ tsou³).
ts'uan⁴ 竹 篡 1173c120c rebel.
ts'uan⁴-ni⁴ 篡逆 to rebel (p'an⁴ ni⁴).
ts'uan⁴-wei⁴ 篡位 to usurp the throne.
ts'uan⁴ 火 爨 1173b1027b a furnace; to light a fire to cook by; to cook.
ts'uan⁴-fan⁴ 爨飯 to cook victuals.
- TSUI¹** 土自泊 堆 1200a924a a pile, a group; to pile up. See *tu²*.
tsui¹-chi³ 堆積 to accumulate, to pile up.
tsui¹-fang³ 堆房 a godown.
- TSUI³** 口 嘴 1174a1016a the mouth, lips; a beak, a spout; a kiss.
tsui³-ch'an² 嘴饞 gluttonous.
tsui³-ch'iang⁴ 嘴犇 obstinate, contradictory.
tsui³-ch'iang² 嘴強 obstinate in argument.
tsui³-ch'iao³-shé²-nêng² 嘴巧舌能 a very clever speaker.
tsui³-ch'un² 嘴唇 the lips, the mouth.
tsui³-rh²-ch'iao³ 嘴兒巧 eloquent, plausible.
tsui³-k'uai⁴-hsin¹-chih² 嘴快心直 blunt and candid.
tsui³-li³ 嘴裡 in the mouth.
tsui³-pa¹-tzü³ 嘴把子 to smack the face; a cuff.
tsui³-pa¹-tzü³ 嘴巴子 lower jaws.
tsui³-pu¹-hao³ 嘴不好 "lips not good," a foul-mouthed person.
tsui³-pu-wín³ 嘴不穩 inclined to falsehood.
tsui³-sui⁴ 嘴碎 talkative.

<i>tsui³-sun³</i>	嘴損	to vilify, to slander, to malign.
<i>tsui³-t'ien²-hsin¹-k'u²</i>	嘴甜心苦	deceitful.
<i>tsui³-ying⁴</i>	嘴硬	firm language.
TSUI⁴	日	
<i>tsui⁴-ch'u¹</i>	最	extremely, very; much. M. 37 (hên ³ , chi ³ , shên ⁴).
<i>tsui⁴-hao³</i>	最初	the very first.
<i>tsui⁴-hao⁴-ch'ih¹</i>	最好	extremely good.
<i>tsui⁴-hao³-pu⁴-kuo⁴</i>	最好吃	a glutton.
<i>tsui⁴-hao³-ti⁴-fung¹</i>	最好不過	the best, not to be surpassed.
<i>tsui⁴-hsiang¹-hao³</i>	最好地方	most excellent place.
<i>tsui⁴-k'o³-wu¹-ti¹</i>	最相好	exceedingly friendly.
<i>tsui⁴-lao³-shih²</i>	最可惡的	most abominable.
<i>tsui⁴-nan³-tê³-ti¹</i>	最老實的	very honest and reliable.
<i>tsui⁴-p'a⁴</i>	最難得的	most difficult to obtain.
<i>tsui⁴-pu⁴-shuo¹-li³</i>	最可怕	very much frightened, extremely afraid.
<i>tsui⁴-shan⁴</i>	最不理	most irrational.
<i>tsui⁴-ta⁴</i>	最善	extremely gentle, quiet, etc.
<i>tsui⁴-tsun¹-ti¹</i>	最大	very large.
<i>tsui⁴-yuo⁴</i>	最尊的	the most honourable or exalted.
<i>tsui⁴-yao⁴-chin³-ti¹</i>	最要緊的	most important.
<i>tsui⁴</i>	罪	same.
<i>tsui⁴-chia¹-i¹-têng³</i>	罪加一等	crimes, offences; punishment; to criminate, a degree worse sin.
<i>tsui⁴-ch'ien¹</i>	罪愆	crime, guilt.
<i>tsui⁴-fan⁴</i>	罪犯	a culprit.
<i>tsui⁴-ch'ing¹</i>	罪輕	a light offence.
<i>tsui⁴-i¹</i>	罪衣	prison clothes (red).
<i>tsui⁴-jên²</i>	罪人	an offender, sinner, a culprit.
<i>tsui⁴-k'uei²</i>	罪魁	chief offender.
<i>tsui⁴-kuo⁴</i>	罪過	sin, crime, guilt.
<i>tsui⁴-lei⁴</i>	罪戾	crimes (to superiors).
<i>tsui⁴-ming³</i>	罪名	reputed guilt, misdeeds.
<i>tsui⁴-nieh⁴</i>	罪孽	sin; retribution.
<i>tsui⁴-nieh⁴-shên¹-chung⁴</i>	罪孽深重	very grave sins.
<i>tsui⁴-o⁴</i>	罪惡	wickedness, sin, evil deeds.
<i>tsui⁴-o⁴-l'ao¹-t'ien¹</i>	罪惡滔天	crying evil.
<i>tsui⁴-ta⁴-o⁴-chi²</i>	罪大惡極	very wicked (man).
<i>tsui⁴-tsai⁴-i¹-jên²</i>	罪在一人	the fault lies with one man
<i>tsui⁴</i>	醉	drunk, intoxicated
<i>tsui⁴-chieh³-ch'ien³-ch'on²</i>	醉解千愁	all sorrow drowned in drink.
<i>tsui⁴-chiu³</i>	醉酒	drunk, intoxicated.
<i>tsui⁴-han⁴</i>	醉漢	a drunken man.
<i>tsui⁴-hsiang³</i>	醉鄉	the land of drunkenness, constantly drunk,

<i>tsui¹-hsing¹</i>	醉醒	sobered, recovered from debauch.
<i>tsui⁴-hsün¹-hsün¹-ti¹</i>	醉醺醺的	dead drunk.
<i>tsui⁴-hua⁴</i>	醉話	drunk man's talk.
<i>tsui⁴-ju²-ni³</i>	醉如泥	"drunk as mud," dead-drunk.
<i>tsui⁴-kuei³</i>	醉鬼	"a drunken devil," an habitual drunkard.
<i>tsui⁴-liao³</i>	醉了	drunk, intoxicated.
<i>tsui⁴-ssü³</i>	醉死	dead drunk.
<i>tsui⁴-tao³</i>	醉倒	to fall down drunk.
<i>tsui⁴-yen³-mêng²-lung²</i>	醉眼矍矍	a drunk man's eyes are bleary.
<i>tsui⁴-yen³-mi²-li²</i>	醉眼迷離	a drunk's eyes are confused.

TS'UI¹

人

催 1176a1017a

to press, to urge, to impel (pi¹·)*ts'ui¹-chang⁴* [liang²

press payment of an account.

ts'ui¹-chêng¹-ch'ien²-

催 賑 錢 糧

urge payment of taxes.

ts'ui¹-k'ai¹

催 開

to open out, to extend.

ts'ui¹-k'o¹

催 科

to press for taxes.

ts'ui¹-kuei¹

催 歸

name for the goat-sucker.

ts'ui¹-liang³

催 糧

to press for payment of taxes.

ts'ui¹-ma³

催 馬

to urge on a horse.

ts'ui¹-pi¹

催 逼

to press, to urge.

ts'ui¹-po⁴

催 迫

same.

ts'ui¹-shui⁴

催 稅

to press, for taxes.

ts'ui¹-t'a¹-i¹-t'ang⁴

催 他 一 適

urge him once.

ts'ui¹-t'a¹-k'uai¹-lai²

催 他 快 來

urge him to come quickly.

ts'ui¹-t'ao³

催 討

to require urgently.

ts'ui¹-tsu¹

催 租

to press for rent.

ts'ui¹-ts'u⁴

催 促

to dun, to press, to-urge-on.

ts'ui¹-ts'ui¹-t'a¹

催 催 他

importune him.

TS'UI⁴

肉 脛

脆 1177c1018b

gristle, cartilage; brittle.

ts'ui⁴-ku³

脆 骨

gristle, cartilage

ts'ui⁴-k'uai⁴

脆 快

brittle, quick.

ts'ui⁴-shêng¹-shêng¹-ti²

脆 生 生 的

quite tender, crisp (ka¹ pêng¹ ts'ui⁴).*ts'ui⁴*

羽

翠 1177b1018b

blue; the kingfisher.

ts'ui⁴-ch'iao³-rh²

翠 雀 兒

the kingfisher; the common larkspur.

ts'ui⁴-hua¹

翠 花

flowers made of kingfisher's feathers.

ts'ui⁴-kuan³

翠 館

a brothel (yao² tzi³).*ts'ui⁴-lan³*

翠 藍

kingfisher's blue.

ts'ui⁴-mao³

翠 毛

kingfisher's feathers.

ts'ui⁴-yü⁴

翠 玉

blue jade.

ts'ui⁴

艸

萃 1177a1018c

a kind of reed; to collect together.

ts'ui⁴-chü⁴

萃 聚

collect together.

ts'ui⁴

口

品 1176c928a

to spit; to taste.

ts'ui⁴-t'u³-mo⁴

唾吐沫

to spit.

TSUN¹

尊

1178a1019a

honoured, eminent, noble (ling⁴, kuei⁴).

tsun¹-chang³

尊長

an aged person ; a senior, a superior.

tsun¹-ch'êng¹

尊稱

a title of respect.

tsun¹-chia⁴

尊駕

"honourable chariot," you, sir (ko³ hsia⁴).

tsun¹-ch'ih³

尊齒

your age?

tsun¹-ch'in¹

尊親

to honour one's parents.

tsun¹-ching⁴

尊敬

to honour, to reverence.

tsun¹-chün¹-ch'in¹-shang⁴ 尊君親上

to honor the king and love superiors.

tsun¹-chung⁴

尊重

to esteem, to respect, to ennoble.

tsun¹-fu³

尊府

where is your honorable abode?

tsun¹-hsing⁴

尊姓

what is your name? (kuei⁴ hsing⁴).

tsun¹-jung³

尊榮

of high standing.

tsun¹-kuei⁴

尊貴

of honourable rank.

tsun¹-pei¹

尊卑

high and low.

tsun¹-t'ang²

尊堂

"honoured hall," your mother (ling⁴ t'ang²).

tsun¹-wêng¹

尊翁

your honoured father.

tsun¹-wu²-êrh⁴-shang⁴ 尊無二上

without a peer.

tsun¹-yang³

尊仰

to look up to with respect ; a senior, a superior.

tsun¹-yang⁴

尊恙

how is your complaint?

tsun¹-yü⁴

尊寓

your lodgings.

tsun¹

遵

1178c1019b

[dience. to obey, to yield, to submit; to follow; obe-

tsun¹-fa³

遵法

to obey the law (shon³ fa³).

tsun¹-fêng⁴

遵奉

to venerate, to obey.

tsun¹-hsing²

遵行

to obey.

tsun¹-i¹

遵依

same.

tsun¹-ling⁴

遵令

to obey orders or commands.

tsun¹-ming⁴

遵命

same.

tsun¹-shou³

遵守

to observe, e. g., a law.

tsun¹-ts'ung³

遵從

to obey.

tsun¹

手

1178c1019b

to practice ; to adjust ; to restrain, to manage,

tsun³-chieh³

擲節

to economise (chien³ shêng³).

tsun¹-ch'u¹-lai²-ti⁴

擲出來的

saved up by economy.

tsun¹-cho²-chi³-jên²

擲着給人

give men sparingly.

tsun¹

缶樽樽

1178c1019b

a pan, a vat, a bottle.

TSUN⁴ (chün)

人

329c1020a

fine, beautiful.

TS'UN¹ (tzü)

邑

{ 郵

a village or hamlet.

ts'un¹

木

1179c1020a

same (t'un², chuang¹).

ts'un¹-ch'uang¹

村莊

same.

ts'un¹-chung¹

村中

in

<i>ts'un¹-fu¹</i>	村夫	a villager, a rustic (chuang ¹ hu ⁴).
<i>ts'un¹-hu⁴</i>	村戶	a villager; the families of a village.
<i>ts'un¹-hua⁴</i>	村話	rustic talk.
<i>ts'un¹-ju⁴</i>	村辱	to insult, to abuse.
<i>ts'un¹-p'u⁴</i>	村堡	a village, a town.
<i>ts'un¹-t'ung²</i>	村童	village boys.
<i>ts'un¹</i>	皮皸	1179c1001a cracked, chapped.
<i>ts'un¹-p'i²</i>	皮皸	chapped skin.

[care of.]

TS'UN²	子存	1180a1020b to preserve, to keep; to watch over, to take
<i>ts'un²-an⁴</i>	存案	preserved on the records.
<i>ts'un²-chan⁴</i>	存棧	to put in store; kept in store.
<i>ts'un²-ch'ien³</i>	存錢	to take care of one's money; savings.
<i>ts'un²-chü⁴</i>	存據	to preserve a proof.
<i>ts'un²-chu⁴</i>	存貯	to store up.
<i>ts'un²-hsiang⁴</i>	存項	money on hand, cash.
<i>ts'un²-hsin¹</i>	存心	to preserve the heart, to keep from vice.
<i>ts'un²-hsin-pu⁴-liang³</i>	存心不良	a treacherous villain.
<i>ts'un²-huo⁴</i>	存貨	to store goods.
<i>ts'un²-k'o⁴</i>	存客	a traveller at an inn.
<i>ts'un²-liu²</i>	存留	to detain, to keep in charge.
<i>ts'un²-p'iao⁴</i>	存票	a "drawback."
<i>ts'un²-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>	存不住	unable to keep a thing.
<i>ts'un²-shên¹</i>	存身	to survive, be alive.
<i>ts'un²-shou¹</i>	存收	to preserve, to take care of.
<i>ts'un²-shui³</i>	存水	water collects in a spot.
<i>ts'un²-to¹-shao³</i>	存多少	how much is still to my credit?
<i>ts'un²-tsai⁴</i>	存在	to remain present; alive.
<i>ts'un²-ts'ai²</i>	存財	to save money; savings.
<i>ts'un²-wang²</i>	存亡	living or dead; preservation or ruin.
<i>ts'un²-yin²</i>	存銀	to take care of one's money; savings.

TS'UN³	心忖	1179c1021b to consider, to conjecture, to surmise.
<i>ts'un³-hsiang³</i>	忖想	to consider (ssü ¹ liang ²).
<i>ts'un³-liang²</i>	忖量	to think over, to reflect on.
<i>ts'un³-shuo¹</i>	忖說	to say mentally, to reflect on.
<i>ts'un³-ssü¹</i>	忖思	to think upon, to reflect.
<i>ts'un³-to⁴</i>	忖度	to conjecture, to reflect.

TS'UN⁴	寸	1179b1021b an inch (ch'ih ³ ts'un ⁴).
<i>ts'un⁴-hsin¹</i>	寸心	the heart.
<i>ts'un⁴-k'ou³</i>	寸口	the part where the pulse is felt; the mouth.
<i>ts'un⁴-pu⁴</i>	寸步	a step.

ts'un⁴-pu⁴-nan²-hsing² 寸步難行
 ts'un⁴-shih²-ch'ung³ 寸食虫
 ts'un⁴-ts'ao³-pu⁴-liu³ 寸草不留
 ts'un⁴-yin¹ 寸陰

it is difficult to move a step.
 tapeworm.
 to leave not an inch of grass.
 a moment.

TSUNG¹

tsung¹-chia¹
 tsung¹-ch'in¹
 tsung¹-jén²-fu²
 tsung¹-miao⁴
 tsung¹-p'ai¹
 tsung¹-po²
 tsung¹-p'u³
 tsung¹-shih⁴
 tsung¹-tsu²

宗 1180b1021a
 宗家親
 宗親人府
 宗廟
 宗派
 宗伯
 宗譜
 宗室
 宗族
 宗宗件件
 宗祠

kind, kindred, clan, family.
 kindred or family.
 same.
 Imperial Clan Court, Peking.
 temple dedicated to ancestors.
 a family and its branches, branches of a family.
 Court of Sacrificial Worship, Peking.
 a genealogical register (chia¹ p'u³).
 the imperial kindred or family. G. 29.
 "ancestors and kindred", kindred generally.
 all sorts.
 a temple dedicated to ancestors.

tsung¹
 tsung¹
 tsung¹-hsiang¹
 tsung¹-hsieh²
 tsung¹-se⁴
 tsung¹-shêng³
 tsung¹-t'an²

木 棕 1182a1022a
 櫻 1182a
 棕箱
 棕鞋
 櫻色
 櫻繩
 棕毯

the coir palm; coir.
 same.
 coir boxes.
 coir shoes.
 brown.
 coir rope.
 coir matting.

tsung¹
 tsung¹
 tsung¹-chi¹
 tsung¹-ying³
 tsung¹-ying³-mer³-yu³
 tsung¹
 tsung¹

足 踪 1181a1023a
 蹤 1181b1022b
 蹤跡
 蹤影
 蹤影沒有
 影鬢 1182b1022b
 馬 駢 1182b1022b

a footprint, a trace; to tread in the footsteps of.
 same.
 a footprint, a trace.
 a sign, a trace.
 not a sign or trace of.
 a name, back part of a lady's hair.
 horse's mane.

TSUNG³

tsung³-chang⁴
 tsung³-chia³
 tsung³-chiao¹-chih¹-
 tsung³-chieh²
 tsung³-érh²-yên²-chih¹
 tsung³-hui⁴
 tsung³-kuan²
 tsung³-kuan³-shih⁴
 tsung³-li³-ya²-men²
 tsung³-ling³

總 1182c1023b
 總賬
 總甲
 總角之交
 總結
 總而言之
 總會
 總管
 總管事
 總理衙門
 總領

to collect, collectively, all, general. M. 285.
 totals of accounts only.
 a sort of constable.
 friends from earliest childhood.
 to combine; all completed.
 in a word, to sum up. M. 569.
 a club, guild, etc.
 a general manager.
 a general manager of affairs.
 "Foreign Office," Peking. G. 152.
 to take the general superintendence of.

tsung³-ming³ 總名
 tsung³-mu³-tê²-k'ung⁴ 總沒得空
 tsung³-mu⁴ 總目
 tsung³-pan⁴ 總辦
 tsung³-pieh³-tso⁴-o⁴ 總別作惡
 tsung³-ping³ 總兵
 tsung³-pu⁴ 總簿
 tsung³-pu⁴ 總不聽
 tsung³-pu⁴-t'ing¹ 總不是
 tsung³-shih⁴ 總是
 tsung³-shu⁴ 總束
 tsung³-shui⁴-wu⁴-ssü⁴ 總稅務司
 tsung³-shuo¹-ch'í³-lai² 總說起來
 tsung³-tan¹ 總單
 tsung³-tê³ 總得
 tsung³-tu¹ 總督
 tsung³-tu² 總讀
 tsung³-t'ung³ 總統
 tsung³-wu² 總無
 tsung³-yuo⁴ 總要
 tsung³-yeh² 總爺

a general designation or term.
 I could not possibly get leisure.
 contents of a book.
 a general manager, a chief clerk.
 in any case do not do evil.
 a general. G. 441.
 a ledger.
 never.
 not to listen anyhow.
 it must be ; after all, finally it is ; generally is.
 to tie together (in bundles, etc.).
 Inspector-General of Customs.
 to speak in a general way, or to sum up.
 a cargo certificate.
 must, should.
 a governor-general. G. 273.
 a miscellaneous collection of records.
 General Commandant of Manchoo soldiers ; Pres-
 never, never has been, etc. [ident of a Republic.
 you must, must be.
 lieutenant. G. 447.

TSUNG⁴ 糸 縱 1181b1022c
 tsung⁴-chin¹ 縱金
 tsung⁴-fung⁴ 縱放
 tsung⁴-hêng² 縱橫
 tsung⁴-hsing⁴ 縱性
 tsung⁴-jon² 縱然
 tsung⁴-tzu¹ 縱恣
 tsung⁴ 耳 縱 1035a832a
 tsung⁴-chien¹ 聳肩
 tsung⁴-chü¹ 聳懼
 tsung⁴-k'uo¹ 聳高
 tsung⁴-t'ing¹ 聳聽
 tsung⁴-t'ung⁴ 聳動
 tsung⁴ (tzü) 米 糶 綜 1082a1023c
 tsung⁴-yeh⁴ 粽葉

to loosen, to let go ; to allow ; although.
 to crumple up gilt letters on scrolls.
 to tolerate, to allow, to let go ; disorderly.
 to give way to bad passions.
 to follow one's inclinations.
 although.
 disorderly.
 quick ; to jump ; to excite ; to hear.
 high shoulders.
 alarmed, frightened.
 high, elevated.
 to excite, to listen, to cause one to hear.
 to alarm, to arouse.
 three-cornered millet (or rice) dumplings.
 leaves in which the dumpling is wrapped up.

TS'UNG¹ 艸 葱 1183c1024c
 ts'ung¹-chiu³ 葱韭
 ts'ung¹-hsin¹-lu⁴ 葱心綠
 ts'ung¹-hna¹ 蔥花
 ts'ung¹-pai²-rh² 葱白兒

onions.
 onions and leeks.
 "onion heart green", pea-green.
 "onion blossom", minced onion.
 "onion-white", a sort of primrose colour.

ts'ung ¹ -t'ou ³	葱頭	onions.	[ing.
ts'ung ¹	耳聰	1185c1024c	quickness of apprehension, perception or hear-
ts'ung ¹ -hui ⁴	聰慧		cleverness, intelligence; wise, well-informed.
ts'ung ¹ -min ³	聰敏		clearness of perception, clever, active, shrewd.
ts'ung ¹ -ming ³	聰明		intelligent, clever, sharp (chih ¹ hui ⁴).
ts'ung ¹	心息匆忽	1183c1024b	hurried.
ts'ung ¹ -mang ²	匆忙		same.
ts'ung ¹ -ts'ung ¹ -êrh ² -pieh ²	匆匆而別		excitedly departed.
ts'ung ¹ -ts'ung ¹ -mang ² - [mang ²	匆匆忙忙		in a great hurry.
TS'UNG ²	彳从	從 1184b1024a	to yield, to follow; by, from, at, with (tzü ⁴).
ts'ung ² -chia ¹	從家		a bridesmaid.
ts'ung ² -ch'ien ³	從前		formerly (hsien ¹ ch'ien ²).
ts'ung ² -cho ³	從着		to follow; to obey, obedient.
ts'ung ² -chin ¹ .i ² -hou ⁴	從今以後		from henceforth.
ts'ung ² -ch'üan ²	從權		to act according to circumstances (sui ² shih ³ sui ² [ti ⁴]).
ts'ung ² -chün ¹	從軍		to turn soldier.
ts'ung ² -chung ¹	從中		between, within this.
ts'ung ² -chung ⁴	從衆		to follow the multitude (sui ² chung ⁴).
ts'ung ² -chung ⁴	從重		very severe.
ts'ung ² -fan ⁴	從犯		an accessory criminal.
ts'ung ² -fêng ¹	從豐		plenteous, liberal.
ts'ung ² -jên ³	從人		to follow a person (kên ²).
ts'ung ² -hsiao ³ -chiang ⁴	從小長大		grown up from childhood.
ts'ung ² -hsien ¹	從先		formerly (hsiang ⁴ lai ²).
ts'ung ² -hsin ¹ -tsai ¹ .pan ⁴	從新再辦		to begin afresh and do.
ts'ung ² -jung ³	從容		graceful carriage, unconstrained, self-possessed.
ts'ung ² -ku ³ .chih ⁴ -chin ¹	從古至今		from antiquity to the present.
ts'ung ² -k'uan ¹	從寬		to look over; to give way, to yield.
ts'ung ² -kung ¹ .pan ⁴ -li ³	從公辦理		to act according to duty.
ts'ung ² -lai ³	從來		never have, I have not hitherto.
ts'ung ² -lai ³ -mei ² -yu ³	從來沒有		hitherto, never (hsiang ⁴ lai ³).
ts'ung ² -mu ² -chien ⁴ -kuo ⁴	從沒見過		never saw before.
ts'ung ² -nu ³ .rn ²	從那兒		where from? from whence?
ts'ung ² -na ⁴ .rh ²	從那兒		from there.
ts'ung ² -pien ⁴	從便		to follow one's convenience (sui ² pien ⁴).
ts'ung ² -pu ⁴	從不		never (had, did, will, etc.).
ts'ung ² -ssü ³ -fu ⁴ -huo ³	從死復活		a resurrection.
ts'ung ² -su ²	從俗		to follow custom.
ts'ung ² -tao ⁴	從到		from and to.
ts'ung ² -t'ien ¹ -êrh ² -chiang ⁴	從天而降		came down from heaven.
ts'ung ² -t'ou ² chih ⁴ -wei ³	從頭至尾		from beginning to end.
ts'ung ² -ts'ung ² -jung ² - [jung ²	從從容容		easy carriage, self-possessed, unconstrained; [leisure.

ts'ung²-tɿ'ü³ 從此
 ts'ung²-tɿ'ü³-i³-hou⁴ 從此以後
 ts'ung²-wu³ 從無
 ts'ung²-wu³-shêng¹-yu³ 從無生有
 ts'ung²-wu³-so³-hao⁴ 從吾所好
 ts'ung²-yu¹ 從優
 ts'ung²-yu² 從由
 ts'ung² 又叢
 ts'ung²-shêng¹ 叢生

from this (time, place, etc.).
 from henceforth.
 never.
 a pure fabrication (chiang¹ wu³ tso⁴ yu³).
 to follow what I like.
 liberal, considerate.
 from.
 bushy, crowded.
 many growing together, rife.

TU¹ 邑 都 1187b916a
 tu¹-ch'a²-yüan⁴ 都察院
 tu¹-ch'êng³ 都城
 tu¹-hsien⁴ 都憲
 tu¹-lai²-liao³ 都來了
 tu¹-lao³-yeh³ 都老爺
 tu¹-ssü¹ 都司
 tu¹-tu¹ 都督
 tu¹-t'ung³ 都統
 tu¹-yü¹ 都尉
 tu¹-yüan⁴ 都院
 tu¹ 目 督 1188b921b
 tu¹-ch'üan⁴ 督勸
 tu¹-fu³ 督撫
 tu¹-fu³-ta⁴-yüan⁴ 督撫大院
 tu¹-kuan³ 督管
 tu¹-kung¹-jên³ 督工人
 tu¹-kuo⁴ 督過
 tu¹-li³ 督理
 tu¹-liang²-tao⁴ 督糧道
 tu¹-pan⁴ 督辦
 tu¹-ping¹ 督兵
 tu¹-shuai⁴ 督率
 tu¹-t'ang³ 督堂
 tu¹-tsei³ 督責
 tu¹-ts'ui¹-liung³-ts'ao³ 督催糧草
 tu¹-ts'ui¹-so³ 督催所
 tu¹ 口 啣 ○ ○
 tu¹-lu¹-r³h³ 啣囉兒
 tu¹-lu¹-fan¹ 啣囉番
 tu¹-lu³-tsui³ 啣囉嘴
 tu¹-lu¹-tu¹-lu¹ 啣囉嘴囉
 tu¹-nung¹ 啣囉

all, the whole number; the capital. M. 82.
 the Censorate at Peking (yü⁴ shih³). G. 184.
 the capital city (ching¹ tu¹).
 chief of the censors.
 all came, all have come.
 a censor (colloquial designation). G. 189.
 a lieutenant-colonel (or 都 關 k'un). G. 445.
 a lieutenant-general in the army.
 a general. G. 380.
 a lieutenant-colonel,
 the Censorate at Peking. [all.
 to direct, to rule, to govern; to lead, to reprove,
 to admonish. [274.
 a governor-general and governor (hsün² fu³). G.
 high officials.
 to superintend.
 taskmaster.
 to reprove a fault.
 to govern, to rule.
 a grain commissioner. G. 278.
 to superintend.
 to lead troops.
 to conduct, to lead.
 a governor-general,
 to admonish.
 to urge on the payment of grain-taxes.
 office for same.
 to mutter.
 a bunch (as of grapes).
 to speak unreasonably.
 protuberant lips. [ble.
 to speak out of all reason; to mutter, to mumble.
 to mutter, to mumble.

<i>tu¹-tu¹</i>		嚙嚙		to mutter, to mumble.
<i>tu¹</i>	禾	彙	1188a922b	banner.
<i>tu³</i>	口	凸	1102a892a	protuberant, convex (also <i>ku, tich</i>).
<i>tu¹-yen³</i>		凸眼		protuberant eyes.
T³	母	毒	1188a922a	poison, noxious; to-hate
<i>tu²-chê³-chê³-li¹</i>		毒螫螫的		poisonous, relentless.
<i>tu²-ch'i¹</i>		毒氣		foul air.
<i>tu²-ch'ang³</i>		毒虫		venomous insect, reptiles, etc.
<i>tu³-hài¹</i>		毒害		to poison; to injure mortally; dangerous.
<i>tu²-hêu⁴</i>		毒恨		to abominate.
<i>tu³-hài¹</i>		毒心		a malicious mind.
<i>tu²-jih⁴</i>		毒日		a fierce sun.
<i>tu³-k'ou³</i>		毒口		a foul mouth.
<i>tu³-shou³</i>		毒手		a malicious or inhuman person.
<i>tu³-s-ü³</i>		毒死		to poison; to die of poison.
<i>tu³-wu⁴</i>		毒物		a poisonous thing; a malicious creature.
<i>tu³-yuo⁴</i>		毒藥		poison.
<i>tu²</i>	犬 獨	獨	1189c921c	singly, alone, one's-self. M. 441 (<i>tau¹</i>).
<i>tu²-chan¹-ao²-t'ou³</i>		獨占		the highest literary prize.
<i>tu²-ch'u¹-hsin¹-ts'ai²</i>		獨出心裁		to act independently.
<i>tu²-ch'u⁴</i>		獨處		to live alone.
<i>tu²-fang³</i>		獨房		a room all to yourself.
<i>tu²-hai⁴</i>		獨害		selfish, egotistical.
<i>tu²-hang³</i>		獨行		a shop which has a monopoly.
<i>tu²-hsing⁴</i>		獨姓		the only family of the name in a place.
<i>tu²-huo³</i>		獨活		wild celery; a medicine.
<i>tu²-i¹-wu³-êrh⁴</i>		獨一無二		absolute unity.
<i>tu²-jén³</i>		獨人		a single person; a selfish or disagreeable person.
<i>tu²-li¹</i>		獨立		to stand alone; a bachelor.
<i>tu²-li¹-nan³-ch'êng³</i>		獨力難成		if you stand alone, you cannot do it.
<i>tu²-mên²-tu²-hu⁴</i>		獨門獨戶		to be the only family of that name.
<i>tu²-mên²-tu²-yü⁴</i>		獨門獨院		to live alone.
<i>tu²-mu¹-nan³-hsing³</i>		獨木難行		(fig.) a single plank cannot be crossed over.
<i>tu²-shih⁴</i>		獨是		only, barely.
<i>tu²-tso⁴</i>		獨坐		to sit alone.
<i>tu²-tzü⁴</i>		獨自		one's self.
<i>tu²-tzü⁴-ko⁴</i>		獨自個		by one's self, all alone.
<i>tu²</i>	言	讀	1189b923b	to read, to study, to recite; a comma-or colon.
<i>tu²-shu¹</i>		讀書		to study (<i>nien¹ shu¹</i>).
<i>tu²-shu¹-nien⁴-chüan⁴</i>		讀書念卷		same.
<i>tu²-shu¹-jén³</i>		讀書人		literati, students.
<i>tu²-shu¹-ti¹</i>		讀書的		same.

tu ²	骨	髑 1190b922a	a skull (or k'u ¹).
tu ² -lou ² -shan ¹		髑 髑山	Calvary.
tu ²	牛	犢 1189a923a	calf (niu ² tu ²).
TU ³	土	堵 1186b916b	to stop or close up; to guard against; settled.
tu ³ -ch'i ⁴		堵氣	to conceal anger.
tu ³ -chiao ³		堵勦	to exterminate rebels, etc.
tu ³ -chien ⁴ -fang ² -wei ¹		堵漸防微	guard against evils early.
tu ³ -k'u ¹ -lung ²		堵窟窿	to stop up a hole.
tu ³ -sai ⁴		堵塞	to stop up, to close against.
tu ³ -sang ⁴		堵喪	to snub, to bluff off.
tu ³ -t'ou ²		堵頭	end piece, e. g., of coffin (huai ² t'ou ²).
tu ³ -tsui ³		堵嘴	to stop the mouth, to gag
tu ³ -yii ⁴		堵禦	to ward off, to guard against.
tu ³	具	賭 1186c916c	to play, to gamble, to bet, to risk.
tu ³ -ch'ang ³		賭場	a gaming house
tu ³ -ch'i ⁴		賭氣	to get angry and insist on doing.
tu ³ -ch'ien ²		賭錢	to gamble.
tu ³ -chou ⁴		賭咒	to vow, to imprecate, to swear (ch'i ³ shih ⁴).
tu ³ -chü ³		賭局	a gaming table or house.
tu ³ -ko ⁴ -shu ¹ -ying ²		賭個輸贏	play to see who wins.
tu ³ -ko ⁴ -tung ¹ -rh ²		賭個東兒	to bet (as who shall pay for a dinner, etc.).
tu ³ -po ²		賭博	to gamble (shua ² ch'ien ²).
tu ³ -po ² -ch'ang ² -rh ²		賭博廠兒	a gambling-house.
tu ³ -sai ⁴		賭賽	to compete with.
tu ³ -shih ⁴		賭誓	to vow, to swear, to imprecate.
tu ³	竹	篤 1189c921c	true, real, genuine, pure; thick; simple; firm.
tu ³ -chih ⁴		篤志	determined, really bent
tu ³ -hou ⁴		篤厚	honest, simple, sincere
tu ³ -hsin ⁴ -hao ⁴ -hsiao ²		篤信好學	a genuine desire to learn.
tu ³ -hsing ²		篤行	to practise vigorously.
tu ³ -shih ²		篤實	true and sincere, really, truly.
tu ³	目	睹 1186c916b	to look, to see, to observe.
tu ³ -mu ⁴		睹目	to see for one's self; seen (mu ⁴ tu ³ yen ³ chien ⁴).
tu ³ -wên ²		睹聞	to see and hear.
tu ³ -wu ⁴ -shang ¹ -ch'ing ²		睹物傷情	when I see the thing my grief increases.
tu ³	片	牘 1189a923a	tablets for writing on; documents.
TU ⁴	肉	肚 1186b917a	the entrails, the stomach, the belly.
tu ⁴ -chang ¹		肚脹	a swelling of the belly.
tu ⁴ -ch'ang ² -tzü ³		肚腸子	the intestines.
tu ⁴ -ch'i ¹		肚臍	the navel.
tu ⁴ -fu ²		肚腹	the abdomen, the belly.

tu ⁴ -fu ³	肚腑	the intestines.
tu ⁴ -liang ³	肚量	strength of mind, capacity for food.
tu ⁴ -o ⁴	肚餓	hungry (chi ¹ o ⁴).
tu ⁴ -pao ³	肚飽	the stomach full.
tu ⁴ -p'i ²	肚皮	the skin of the belly.
tu ⁴ -tai ⁴	肚帶	girths.
tu ⁴ -l'ung ⁴	肚痛	the bellyache.
tu ⁴ -tzü ³	肚子	the stomach, the intestines; the mind.
tu ⁴ -tzü -l'êng ³	肚子疼	pain in the belly. [to ⁴ .
tu ⁴	广 度 1191a917b	to pass, to cross over; to think; a degree. See long or superficial measure.
tu ⁴ -fu ³	度法	to pass the day, to make a living (kuo ⁴ jih ⁴ tzü ³).
tu ⁴ -jih ⁴	度日	capacity; to conjecture, to consider (k'uei ² tu ⁴).
tu ⁴ -liang ⁴	度量	number of degrees.
tu ⁴ -shu ⁴	度數	to put out of one's estimate, to lay aside.
tu ⁴ -wai ⁴	度外	to cross over, to pass through, to ferry over.
tu ⁴	水 渡 1191c917c	to cross a river.
tu ⁴ -chiang ¹	渡江	to ford or wade a shallow.
tu ⁴ -ch'ien ³	渡淺	a ferry boat, a passage boat (pai ³ tu ⁴).
tu ⁴ -ch'uan ³	渡船	to cross a river (kuo chiang ¹).
tu ⁴ -ho ³	渡河	to cross over the river.
tu ⁴ -hua ⁴ -shih ⁴ -jên ³	渡化世人	a ferry crossing.
tu ⁴ -jên ³	渡人	a ferryman.
tu ⁴ -k'ou ³	渡口	to cross over; crossed over.
tu ⁴ -kuo ⁴	渡過	to cross over the river.
tu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ho ³ -ch'ü ⁴	渡過河去	to cross water.
tu ⁴ -shui ³	渡水	envious, jealous, envy, jealousy, ill will.
tu ⁴	女 { 妬 1190c917c	same (chi ⁴ tu ⁴).
tu ⁴	{ 妬	same.
tu ⁴ -chi ⁴	妬忌	a jealous woman.
tu ⁴ -fu ⁴	妬婦	worms in books.
tu ⁴	虫 蠹 1190c918a	same.
tu ⁴ -ch'ung ³	蠹蟲	"state worms," rapacious officials.
tu ⁴ -kuo ³	蠹國	rapacious official underlings.
tu ⁴ -i ⁴	蠹役	book worm (shu ¹ tai ¹ tzü ³).
tu ⁴ -yü ³	蠹魚	to stop or fill up; a kind of wood.
tu ⁴	木 杜 1186a917a	the goat sucker, a kind of cuckoo.
tu ⁴ -chüan ¹	杜鵑	the azalea.
tu ⁴ -chüan ¹ -hua ¹	杜鵑化	a sort of small pear.
tu ⁴ -li ³	杜梨	to close a door.
tu ⁴ -mén ³	杜門	to stop corrupt practices.
tu ⁴ -pi ⁴	杜弊	to gild, to wash with silver or gold.
tu ⁴	金 鍍 1191c917c	to wash with gold; gold gilt (pao ¹ chin ¹ ti ¹).
tu ⁴ -chin ¹	鍍金	

- tu⁴-yin² 鍍銀 plating; to wash with silver.
 tu⁴ 言 讒 1189b923c sedition, slander (*lou⁴*).
 tu⁴ 言 瀆 1188b922c to trouble, to defile.
- T·U¹ 禾 秃 1194b923a blunt, bald, bare.
 t'·u¹-chien¹-r^h² 秃尖兒 a blunt point.
 t'·u¹-fa² 秃髮 baldness.
 t'·u¹-jên² 秃人 a bald-headed person.
 t'·u¹-pi² 秃筆 a blunt pencil, a pointless brush.
 t'·u¹-t'ou² 秃頭 bald-headed, bareheaded.
 t'·u¹-tzu² 秃子 a bald-headed person.
 t'·u¹-wei²-pa¹ 秃尾巴 a hairless tail.
 t'·u¹ 穴 突 1194c921a to beat; to offend, to insult; sudden, abrupt.
 t'·u¹-jan² 突突然 suddenly, abruptly (*hu¹ jun²*).
 t'·u¹-jan²-lai²-t'í¹ 突突然來的 came suddenly or abruptly.
 t'·u¹-jan²-t'í¹ 突突然的 suddenly, abruptly.
 t'·u¹-t'·u¹-t'í¹ 突突突的 beating, palpitation (as of the heart).
 t'·u¹ 疔 痒 1194b924a itching of the head; a sore head.
 t'·u¹-ch'uang¹ 痒瘡 a sore head.
- T·U² 口 圖 1195c918a a map, plan or drawing; to plan; to wish.
 t'·u²-chang¹ 圖章 a seal.
 t'·u²-chi⁴ 圖記 same.
 t'·u²-ch'ien² 圖錢 to plot for money, to aim at gain.
 t'·u²-hsiang⁴ 圖像 a likeness of a person or thing.
 t'·u²-hsing² 圖形 a cut (of a landscape, etc.).
 t'·u²-hsü¹ 圖形 需 to desire, to aim.
 t'·u²-hua⁴ 圖畫 to delineate, to draw; a picture.
 t'·u²-li⁴ 圖利 to scheme after gain.
 t'·u²-ming² 圖名 to work for fame.
 t'·u²-mou² 圖謀 to plan, to plot, to scheme, to devise, to intrigue.
 t'·u²-pao⁴ 圖報 desirous of recompensing.
 t'·u²-p'ien²-i²-liao³ 圖便宜了 bent on getting an advantage.
 t'·u²-shih²-ma¹ 圖什麼 what are you planning?
 t'·u²-shu¹ 圖書 a private seal or official *yin⁴*.
 t'·u²-ts'ai²-hai⁴-ming⁴ 圖財害命 to injure life through avarice.
 t'·u²-tzu¹ 圖資 catamites.
 t'·u²-yang⁴ 圖樣 a plan, a map, etc.
 t'·u²-ying² 圖影 a photograph (*chao⁴ hsiang⁴*).
 t'·u² 土 塗 1194a918c mud; to plaster, to daub, to defile, to blot; a
 t'·u²-ch'iang² 塗牆 to plaster a wall; a plastered wall.
 t'·u²-kai² 塗改 to blot out and alter.
 t'·u²-mo² 塗抹 [daub] to erase, to blot out, to efface, to smear. to

t'u ² ni ²	塗泥		soft mud; to plaster with mud.
t'u ² -shih ²	塗飾		to wash walls with any colour.
t'u ² -wu ¹	塗污		to blot, to daub, to smear, to efface. [banish.
t'u ²	徒	彳 辵	a pupil, a disciple; only; futile; on foot; to
t'u ² -fu ²	徒法		a futile plan.
t'u ² -hsing ²	徒行		to go on foot.
t'u ² jan ²	徒然		in vain, useless, of no avail (wang ² jan ²).
t'u ² -lao ²	徒勞		to labour in vain, lost labour.
t'u ² .lao ⁴ -wu ² .i ⁴	徒勞無益		work in vain.
t'u ² .ti ⁴	徒弟		a pupil, an apprentice (hsiao ² t'u ² mên ² , shêng ¹).
t'u ² -tsui ⁴	徒罪		to banish, banishment.
t'u ²	途	辵	a road, way or path (physically and morally).
t'u ² ch'êng ²	途程		a road, a route.
t'u ² -chung ¹	途中		in the middle of a road.
t'u ² -jên ²	途人		a traveller, a stranger.
t'u ²	屠	尸	to kill, to butcher.
t'u ² -fu ¹	屠夫		a butcher.
t'u ² -hu ⁴	屠戶		same.
t'u ² -jên ²	屠人		same.
t'u ² -lu ⁴	屠戮		to exterminate.
t'u ² -mieh ⁴	屠滅		same.
t'u ² -su ¹ -chiu ²	屠蘇酒		wine drunk on new year's day.
t'u ² tao ²	屠刀		a butcher's knife.
t'u ² -tsai ²	屠宰		to kill (as sheep, etc.)
t'u ²	荼	艸	a bitter edible plant.
t'u ² -tu ²	荼毒		bitter and poisonous; to destroy wantonly.
t'u ² .tu ² -shêng ¹ -ling ²	荼毒生靈		to waste life in vain.
T'U ³	土	土 1192a920a	earth, ground, soil; opium; a district.
t'u ³ .ai ² -tzü ²	土埃子		a bank.
t'u ³ .ch'an ²	土產		productions of the soil.
t'u ³ -ch'êng ²	土城		an earthen city wall.
t'u ³ -chi ¹	土鷄		the partridge.
t'u ³ -ch'í ⁴	土氣		exhalations from the ground.
t'u ³ -chiao ¹	土角		a cape, a promontory.
t'u ³ -chuang ²	土莊		opium dealer's shop.
t'u ³ -êrh ³ -chi ¹ -kuo ²	土耳其國		Turkey.
t'u ³ -fan ²	土礬		gypsum.
t'u ³ .fei ²	土匪		local robbers or banditti.
t'u ³ .fu ² -ling ²	土茯苓		China root.
t'u ³ .hang ²	土行		an opium shop.
t'u ³ .hua ⁴	土話		local dialect, <i>patois</i> .
t'u ³ .hung ²	土紅		dull red.

<i>t'u³-huo⁴</i>	土貨	local productions
<i>t'u³-jên²</i>	土人	native of a place.
<i>t'u³-hsing²</i>	土星	the planet Saturn.
<i>t'u³-kung²</i>	土岡	a rise in the level of the ground.
<i>t'u³-ku²</i>	土股	a peninsula.
<i>t'u³-lung²</i>	土籠	a basket for carrying earth.
<i>t'u³-ou²</i>	土偶	an earthen image.
<i>t'u³-pi⁴</i>	土壁	a mud wall.
<i>t'u³-p'i²</i>	土坯	unburnt brick.
<i>t'u³-p'o¹</i>	土坡	a mound, a hillock.
<i>t'u³-pu⁴</i>	土布	native cotton cloth.
<i>t'u³-sê⁴</i>	土色	earth colour; pale, pallid.
<i>t'u³-shan¹-tzü²</i>	土山子	a mound of earth.
<i>t'u³-shêng¹</i>	土生	earth-produced.
<i>t'u³-shêng⁴-jên²</i>	土聖人	a local sage.
<i>t'u³-t'ai²</i>	土臺	an earthen terrace.
<i>t'u³-ti⁴</i>	土地	the earth, a local god, guardians of the soul.
<i>t'u³-ti⁴-kung¹</i>	土地公	one of the gods of wealth. Note 92.
<i>t'u³-tien⁴</i>	土靛	dry indigo.
<i>t'u³-ya¹</i>	土鴨	"earth duck," the frog (ha ² ma ¹).
<i>t'u³-yao¹</i>	土腰	an isthmus.
<i>t'u²-yin¹</i>	土音	local sound, dialect or accent.
<i>t'u²</i>	吐	[blossom. to spit out, to vomit; to reject; to bud, to
<i>t'u²-ch'u¹</i>	吐	to spit out, to vomit; to disclose or bring up.
<i>t'u²-ch'u¹-lai²</i>	吐出來	same.
<i>t'u²-hsieh⁴</i>	吐瀉	vomiting and purging, the cholera.
<i>t'u²-hsüeh⁴</i>	吐血	to spit blood.
<i>t'u²-hua¹</i>	吐花	to blossom (k'ai hua ¹).
<i>t'u²-hua⁴</i>	吐話	to speak one's mind, to disclose.
<i>t'u²-ku¹-tu¹-rh²</i>	吐咕都兒	to bud (as flowers).
<i>t'u²-pu⁴-ch'u¹-lai²</i>	吐不出來	cannot spit it out.
<i>t'u²-shê²</i>	吐舌	to put out the tongue.
<i>t'u²-shih²-hua⁴</i>	吐實話	to divulge the truth.
<i>t'u²-t'an²</i>	吐痰	to expectorate phlegm.
<i>t'u²-tsui²-rh²</i>	吐嘴兒	to bud or open slightly (as flowers).
<i>t'u²-yao⁴</i>	吐藥	an emetic.
T'U ⁴ (tzü)	兔	rabbits or hares. R. 218.
<i>t'u⁴-êrh²-yeh²</i>	兔兒爺	Mr. Hare, i. e., in the moon.
<i>t'u⁴-k'uei²</i>	兔葵	the anemone.
<i>t'u⁴-ssü²-hu²-pei¹</i>	兔死狐悲	when the hare dies, the fox mourns.
<i>t'u⁴</i>	吐	to spit. See t'o ⁴ (t'an ²).
<i>t'u⁴-jên²</i>	唾	[contempt. to spit upon a person, to treat one with
	唾人	

t'u ⁴ -k'ou ² -shu ²	唾口水	to spit.
t'u ⁴ -mien ¹	唾面	to spit in one's face.
t'u ⁴ -mo ⁴	唾沫	to spit; spittle (hsien ² mo ⁴).
t'u ⁴ -mo ¹ -ho ²	唾沫盒	a spittoon (t'an ² ho ²).
t'u ⁴	艸	dodder.
t'u ⁴ -ssü ¹ -tzu ²	艸絲子	same.
TUAN¹		
tuän ¹ -ang ²	立 端 1196c936a	upright, correct; to arrange.
tuän ¹ -chéng ⁴	端昂	upright, correct, moral rectitude.
tuän ¹ -cho ² -chien ¹ -pang ²	端正 着肩膀	same.
tuän ¹ -chuang ¹	端莊	stiffening the shoulders.
tuän ¹ -fan ⁴	端飯	modest, coy, reserved, grave, serious.
tuän ¹ -fang ¹	端方	bring on the food.
tuän ¹ -hsiang ²	端詳	upright, regular, exact, correct.
tuän ¹ -jan ²	端然	the full particulars, explicitly.
tuän ¹ -jan ² -chéng ⁴ -chih ¹	端人正士	smoothly, evenly, regularly.
tuän ¹ -jung ²	端容	a correct moral man.
tuän ¹ -kung ¹	端公	a grave serious countenance.
tuän ¹ -p'an ² -érh ² -ü ¹	端盤兒的	name for certain sorcerers (wu ¹ p'o ²).
tuän ¹ -p'én ²	端盆	waiter.
tuän ¹ -pu ⁴ -p'ing ²	端不平	to carry a dish between two hands (p'êng ² wan ⁴).
tuän ¹ -shang ¹	端上	can't carry level with both hands.
tuän ¹ -su ⁴	端蕭	to set on, e. g., food.
tuän ¹ -ti ²	端底	female compliments.
tuän ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	端菜	the full particulars.
tuän ¹ -wän ²	端午	to put food on the table. [W I. 148, 169, 816.
tuän ¹ -yung ² -chieh ⁴	端午節	the dragon boat festival (5th day of 5th moon).
tuän ¹ -yen ⁴	端硯	same.
tuän ¹ -yüeh ⁴	端月	a very fine quality of ink-stone.
		the 5th moon. See Note 22.

TUAN²		
tuän ² -ch'ang ²	短 短長 1196b937a	short, low; to shorten; in fault.
tuän ² -ch'i ¹	短氣	the short and long, the full particulars.
tuän ² -chien ⁴	短劍	short of breath.
tuän ² -chien ⁴	短見	a dagger.
tuän ² -ch'u ⁴	短處	untimely death, to commit suicide.
tuän ² -chüeh ⁴	短孺	shortcomings, faults (huai ⁴ ch'u ⁴).
tuän ² -hsing ²	短行	short so as to be unseemly (dress).
tuän ² -jên ²	短人	improper actions, faults.
tuän ² -kung ¹	短工	a dwarf (ts'o ² tzü ²).
tuän ² -li ²	短禮	day work, by the day.
tuän ² -ming ⁴	短命	impolite.
		a short life.

<i>tuan³-o¹</i>	短惡	a shortcoming, a failing.
<i>tuan³-p'an²-tsou²</i>	短盤走	to travel by stages.
<i>tuan³-ping¹</i>	短兵	short weapons (as sword, etc.).
<i>tuan³-pu⁴-liao³</i>	短不了	frequently is.
<i>tuan³-shao³</i>	短少	deficient (ch'üeh ¹).
<i>tuan³-shu⁴</i>	短數	short in count, e.g. cash (ch'üeh ¹ o ³).
<i>tuan³-lao¹</i>	短刀	a dagger.
<i>tuan³-ti⁴</i>	短的	short, concise.
<i>tuan³-tien²-rl²</i>	短點兒	a little shorter.

TUAN⁴	斤斷	斷 1197c937a	to cut off, to break, to decide. M. 326.
<i>tuan⁴-an³</i>	斷案	斷	to decide a case in law (p'an ⁴ tuan ⁴).
<i>tuan⁴-ch'ang²</i>	斷腸	斷	hard to bear, to be heart broken.
<i>tuan⁴-ch'ang²-ts'ao³</i>	斷腸草	斷	sort of poison.
<i>tuan⁴-ch'i⁴</i>	斷氣	斷	to breathe one's last, to expire.
<i>tuan⁴-chiao¹</i>	斷交	斷	to break off intimacy or friendship.
<i>tuan⁴-chien⁴</i>	斷間	斷	inner room
<i>tuan⁴-chiu³</i>	斷酒	斷	to abstain from wine (chieh ⁴ chiu ³).
<i>tuan⁴-chuang¹</i>	斷莊	斷	goods all sold out.
<i>tuan⁴-hsien²</i>	斷弦	斷	"to break the strings," the death of a wife.
<i>tuan⁴-hu¹</i>	斷手	斷	certainly.
<i>tuan⁴-hu¹-pu⁴-k'o³</i>	斷手不可	斷	certainly may not.
<i>tuan⁴-hun²-ch'iao²</i>	斷魂橋	斷	bridge for souls.
<i>tuan⁴-jan²</i>	斷然	斷	assuredly, undoubtedly.
<i>tuan⁴-ju³</i>	斷乳	斷	to take a child from the breast; short of milk.
<i>tuan⁴-lai²-wang⁴</i>	斷來往	斷	to cut off intercourse.
<i>tuan⁴-lu⁴</i>	斷路	斷	to commit highway robbery (chieh ² lu ⁴).
<i>tuan⁴-mo⁴</i>	斷礮	斷	to freshen a mill-stone.
<i>tuan⁴-pu⁴</i>	斷不	斷	on no account.
<i>tuan⁴-pu⁴-k'ên³</i>	斷不肯	斷	to absolutely refuse, on no account-willing.
<i>tuan⁴-pu⁴-nêng²</i>	斷不能	斷	on no account able to.
<i>tuan⁴-pu⁴-t'ou⁴</i>	斷不透	斷	can't decide for certain.
<i>tuan⁴-tsai³</i>	斷宰	斷	to prohibit butchering (during drought).
<i>tuan⁴-ts'ai³</i>	斷才	斷	judicial ability.
<i>tuan⁴-chiéh²</i>	斷絕	斷	to cut off, to disconnect, to reject, to separate [from.
<i>tuan⁴ tuan⁴-ché⁴-shih⁴</i>	斷斷這事	斷	to decide this affair.
<i>tuan⁴-tzü³-chiéh²-sun¹</i>	斷斷子絕孫	斷	without posterity.
<i>tuan⁴-wang³</i>	斷枉	斷	to decide unjustly.
<i>tuan⁴-wu²-tz'ü³-li³</i>	斷無此理	斷	decidedly contrary to reason.
<i>tuan⁴-yin³</i>	斷癮	斷	to break off the opium habit (chieh ⁴ yen ¹).
<i>tuan⁴-yü⁴</i>	斷獄	斷	to decide criminal cases.
<i>tuan⁴ (tān)</i>	糸	糸 1197b937c	satin, thick silk.
<i>tuan⁴-hsüel¹-tzü³</i>	緞靴子	緞	satin boots.

- tuan⁴-pu⁴ 緞布 cotton damasks.
 tuan⁴ 火銀 煨 1197b937c to forge.
 tuan⁴-lien⁴ 煨煉 to work, as metal.
 tuan⁴ 爨 段 1197a937b a piece, a section, a paragraph.
- T'UAN³** 口 團 1198c938a a ball, a lump; round; collected together.
 t'uan³-chi³ 團積 to accumulate, to hoard up; to forestall,
 t'uan³-chieh³ 團結 connected, all the parts blending, compact.
 t'uan³-lien⁴ 團練 to drill (as troops, etc.) (ts'uo¹ lien⁴).
 t'uan³-t'uan³ 團團 conglomerated.
 t'uan³-t'uan³-wei³-chu⁴ 團團圍住 to surround in a body. [moon.
 t'uan³-yūan³ 團圓 round, a circle; united; well done; the full
 t'uan³ 手 擣 1198b938b to roll into a ball.
 t'uan³-ch'êng³-wan³-tzu³ 擣成丸子 to roll into the shape of pills.
 t'uan³-ni⁴-t'an³-êrh³ 擣泥彈兒 to make a ball of clay.
 t'uan³-t'u³-wei³-jên³ 擣土爲人 to model men out of clay.
 t'uan³ 米糰 糝 1198b938c dumpling.
 t'uan³-fên³ 糝粉 a paste for thickening gravies.
- T'UAN³** 田 墾 墾 1199a938c a village (ts'un¹, chuang¹).
- TUI¹** 土 自 泊 堆 1200a924a a heap; to pile up; to accumulate; a crowd. See [tsui¹.
 tui¹-chi² 堆積 to pile together, to accumulate, to heap up.
 tui¹-ch'üeng² 堆牆 to build a mud-wall.
 tui¹-fang³ 堆房 a warehouse; a wholesale dealer's.
 tui¹-k'a³ 堆卡 a kind of barrier.
 tui¹-ping³ 堆兵 watchmen.
 tui¹-sai³ 堆塞 to stop up.
 tui¹-shih³ 堆石 to pile up stones.
 tui¹-to³ 堆垛 a heap, a pile; to pile up; mensuration.
 tui¹-tzu³ 堆子 a watch-house.
- TUI⁴** 对 对 1199b924b opposite; to answer; to agree; a pair.
 tui⁴-chên⁴ 对陣 to fight; opposing armies.
 tui⁴-chéng⁴ 对証 to prove, to verify.
 tui⁴-chiang³ 对講 to expound by turns.
 tui⁴-cho² 对着 facing, opposite.
 tui⁴-chih³ 对质 to confront (as two witnesses).
 tui⁴-chün⁴-'rh³ 对勁兒 to suit one's liking, to agree.
 tui⁴-ching³-shang¹-ch'ing³ 对景傷情 seeing the scene, my grief increases.
 tui⁴-chung¹-piao³ 对鐘表 to set clocks and watches right.
 tui⁴-fêng⁴-êrh³ 对縫兒 fitting closely at the edges.
 tui⁴-fu⁴ 对付 (服) to match, to agree, to buy.

tui ⁴ -ho ² -tzu ² -li ⁴	對合子利	cent per cent.
tui ⁴ -hsi ¹	對對席	vis-à-vis at table.
tui ⁴ -hsin ¹ -ssü ¹	對對心思	to one's minds.
tui ⁴ -i ⁴	對對奕	to play at chess (hsia ⁴ ch'í ³).
tui ⁴ -jên ² -shuo ¹	對對人說	to speak to a person.
tui ⁴ -k'ai ¹	對對開	"opposite open," half-a-dollar.
tui ⁴ -kuang ¹	對對光	right-power spectacles.
tui ⁴ -kuo ⁴	對對過	opposite to.
tui ⁴ -lien ²	對對聯	a pair of antithetical sentences.
tui ⁴ -lü ² -fu ³ -ch'in ²	對對駟撫琴	(fig.) i. e., an unappreciative boor.
tui ⁴ -mên ²	對對門	opposite doors.
tui ⁴ -mien ⁴	對對面	opposite to, to confront.
tui ⁴ -ming ⁴	對對命	to engage in mortal combat (p'in ¹ ming ⁴).
tui ⁴ -p'ing ²	對對平	to counterbalance; a balance.
tui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'í ³	對對不起	to offend a person (tê ² tsui ⁴).
tui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	對對不住	same.
tui ⁴ -sai ⁴	對對賽	to compete, competing.
tui ⁴ -shou ³	對對手	two persons equal in ability, a match; [ponen.-
tui ⁴ -shu ⁴	對對數	to check figures, etc.
tui ⁴ -shuo ¹	對對說	to reply to.
tui ⁴ -ta ²	對對答	to answer (hui ² ta ²).
tui ⁴ -ta ¹⁴ -ju ² -liu ³	對對答如流	swift answers.
tui ⁴ -t'ou ²	對對頭	an opponent, an antagonist; to contest.
tui ⁴ -tí ³	對對敵	to join battle, to confront.
tui ⁴ -tiao ⁴	對對調	to allow officers to exchange posts
tui ⁴ -tui ⁴ -ch'êng ² -shuang ⁴	對對成雙	by pairs.
tui ⁴ -tui ⁴ -tzu ³	對對子	to match antithetical couplets.
tui ⁴ -tzu ³	對對子	antithetical couplets on scrolls.
tui ⁴ -tzu ³ -ma ³	對對子馬	horseman in marriage procession.
tui ⁴ -tz'ü ²	對對詞	to respond to a charge.
tui ⁴	石 碓	a pestle.
tui ⁴ -chü ⁴	碓白	a mortar.
tui ⁴ -tao ³	碓搗	to pound in a mortar.
tui ⁴ -tao ³ -mo ¹ -yen ²	碓搗磨研	two punishments of Hades.
tui ⁴ -t'ou ²	碓頭	a pestle.
tui ⁴ -fang ²	碓房	a mill for separating rice from the husk.
tui ⁴	兒 兌	to weigh silver; to compare; to exchange.
tui ⁴ -chang ⁴	兌賬	to pay an account.
tui ⁴ -ch'ien ² -liang ²	兌錢糧	to pay in one's taxes.
tui ⁴ -huun ⁴	兌換	exchange, to exchange.
tui ⁴ -luan ⁴ -yin ² -liang ²	兌換銀兩	to exchange money.
tui ⁴ -p'iao ⁴	兌票	a bill of exchange.
tui ⁴ -shui ⁴	兌稅	to pay duty.

<i>tui⁴-yin²-tzu³</i>	兌銀子	to weigh silver.
<i>tui⁴</i>	卓 隊 ^{1200b925a}	an army; a group, a company.
<i>tui⁴-chang³</i>	隊長	a commanding officer.
<i>tui⁴-wu³</i>	隊伍	rank and file, ranks (<i>hang² wu³</i>).
T'UI¹	手 推 ^{1201c926a}	to press, to urge, to push; to refuse. See <i>chui²</i> .
<i>t'ui¹-ch'ang²-hua⁴</i>	推場話	evasive words.
<i>t'ui¹-ch'ei²</i>	推車	to push a wheelbarrow.
<i>t'ui¹-chi²-chi²-jên²</i>	推己及人	to put yourself in another's place [<i>ch'ui² ti⁴</i>].
<i>t'ui¹-ch'ien²-ts'a¹-hou⁴</i>	推前擦後	to shilly-shally, to vacillate.
<i>t'ui¹-chin⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	推進去	to push in.
<i>t'ui¹-chiu¹</i>	推究	to scrutinize, to examine.
<i>t'ui¹-chiü⁴</i>	推拒	to dismiss, to decline, to refuse, to deny.
<i>t'ui¹-ch'u¹-mên²-ch'ü⁴</i>	推出門去	to push out of doors.
<i>t'ui¹-ch'üeh⁴</i>	推卻	to decline, to refuse.
<i>t'ui¹-ên¹</i>	推恩	to extend favours to others; gratitude.
<i>t'ui¹-k'ai¹</i>	推開	to push away; to evade; to push open.
<i>t'ui¹-kei⁴</i>	推給	to give away.
<i>t'ui¹-ku³</i>	推穀	"to push the wheel", to recommend or promote,
<i>t'ui¹-ku⁴</i>	推故	reason for refusal; to make excuses.
<i>t'ui¹-lun²</i>	推論	to proceed in the application of a principle.
<i>t'ui¹-lung²-chuan¹-ya³</i>	推聾莊啞	to pretend not to hear or understand.
<i>t'ui¹-mo⁴</i>	推磨	to turn the stone for grinding corn (<i>yen² mo⁴</i>).
<i>t'ui¹-nang³</i>	推攘	to push from one with an exertion of strength.
<i>t'ui¹-nien²-tzu³</i>	推碾子	to turn the wheel for taking husk off rice.
<i>t'ui¹-suan⁴</i>	推算	to calculate, to cast up accounts.
<i>t'ui¹-tao³</i>	推倒	to overturn, to push over, to upset.
<i>t'ui¹-to⁴</i>	推舵	port the helm.
<i>t'ui¹-t'o¹</i>	推脫	to excuse one's self.
<i>t'ui¹-tung⁴</i>	推動	to turn, to budge.
<i>t'ui¹-tz'ü²</i>	推辭	to refuse.
<i>t'ui¹-wei²-wu³-kuo⁴</i>	推爲無過	to make excuses.
<i>t'ui¹-wei²</i>	推委	to make excuses, to back out (<i>yian² liang⁴</i>).
<i>t'ui¹-yüan³</i>	推原	to analyze, to search for the original cause.

T'UI³ 頁 頽 ^{1202b925a} used up, dilapidated, also *t'ei²*.

T'UI³	肉 腿 ^{1201b926b}	the legs, thighs.
<i>t'ui³-k'ua⁴</i>	腿脬	the inner part of the thighs.
<i>t'ui³-k'uai⁴</i>	腿快	"legs fast", a good walker.
<i>t'ui³-suan¹</i>	腿痠	aching legs.
<i>t'ui³-tai⁴-tzu³</i>	腿帶子	garters.
<i>t'ui³-tu³</i>	腿肚	"leg's belly", the calf of the leg.

t'ui ³ -wan ⁴ -r ^h ³	腿腕兒		the bend of the knee (underneath), ankle.
T'UI ⁴	退	退 1201a926c	to retire; to drive back; to refuse.
t'ui ⁴ -ch'ao ²	退潮		ebb-tide.
t'ui ⁴ -ch'in ¹	退親		to break off a marriage engagement.
t'ui ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	退去		to retire, to go away.
t'ui ⁴ -hui ²	退回		to retire, to withdraw.
t'ui ⁴ -hui ² -tan ¹	退回單		a "shut out" report.
t'ui ⁴ -hun ¹	退婚		to break off a marriage engagement.
t'ui ⁴ -hun ¹ -shu ¹	退婚書		a deed of dissolution of betrothal engagements.
t'ui ⁴ -i ¹ -pu ⁴	退一步		to retire a step, to make a concession.
t'ui ⁴ -jang ⁴	退讓		to yield, to give place, retiring.
t'ui ⁴ -kuan ¹	退關		to "shut out."
t'ui ⁴ -kuang ¹ -ch'i ¹	退光漆		a very bright varnish.
t'ui ⁴ -p'i ²	退皮		to cast the skin (as a snake, etc.).
t'ui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chih ¹ -tsu ²	退步知足		to retreat, satisfied with attainment.
t'ui ⁴ -shu ¹	退書		a deed to break off an engagement or betrothal.
t'ui ⁴ -so ¹	退縮		to recede, to retire.
t'ui ⁴ -so ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'ien ²	退縮不前		to draw back.
t'ui ⁴ -t'ang ²	退堂		to retire from court, to leave the bench.
t'ui ⁴ -wei ⁴	退位		to retire from office, to abdicate (jang ⁴ -wei ⁴).
t'ui ⁴	火	煇 1202b926c	to scald off, as hair or feathers.
t'ui ⁴ -mao ³	煇毛		to scald off feathers.
TUN ¹	支	敦 1203a927a	sound, staunch, generous; substantial.
tun ¹ -hou ⁴	敦厚		honest, sincere, staunch.
tun ¹ -hsiao ⁴ -t'i ⁴	敦孝悌		pay due regard to filial and fraternal obligation.
tun ¹ (tzu)	土	墩 1203a927b	a hillock, a mound.
tun ¹ -p'u ⁴	墩堡		a beacon mound, tower, etc.
tun ¹ -t'ai ²	墩臺		same.
tun ¹	足	蹲 1203c1021a	collected together; couchant, to squat.
tun ¹ -cho ²	蹲着		squatting.
tun ¹ -tien ⁴	蹲店		to be detained in an inn.
tun ¹	手	擻 1203b927c	to strike, to attack; to throw.
tun ¹ -ti ¹ -huang ¹	擻的慌		jolting unpleasantly.
TUN ³	足	躉 1024c928a	a whole number, wholesale, by the lot.
tun ³ -ch'uan ²	躉船		receiving-ships (opium).
tun ³ -huo ⁴	躉貨		to buy up goods.
tun ³	目	盹 1204a927c	to take a nap, to doze; dullness of sight.
tun ³ -mu ⁴	盹目		to close the eyes, to pretend sleep; the eyes dull.
tun ³ -shui ⁴	盹睡		to nod, to doze (k'ü ³ shui ⁴).

TUN ⁴	火	燉	1203c930a	to stew, to boil.
tun ⁴ -i ¹ -hu ² -ch'a ²		燉一壺茶		to boil a pot of tea.
tun ⁴ -jou ⁴		燉肉		to stew meat (chu ³ jou ⁴).
tun ⁴ -shui ³		燉水		to boil water.
tun ⁴ -tiao ⁴ -tzu ³		燉吊子		stewed chitterlings.
tun ⁴	是	通	1204c928c	to skulk off, to run away; concealed; to hide.
tun ⁴ -chi ¹		通跡		to conceal the traces of.
tun ⁴ -hsing ²		通行		to skulk off, to run away (ts'uan ⁴ t'ao ²).
tun ⁴ -ts'ang ²		通藏		to conceal.
tun ⁴ -tsou ³		通走		to skulk off, to run away.
tun ⁴	金	鈍	1204b928a	blunt; dull, stupid.
tun ⁴ -chiao ³		鈍角		an obtuse angle.
tun ⁴ -chien ¹		鈍尖		blunt and pointed, a blunt point.
tun ⁴ -tao ¹		鈍刀		a blunt knife.
tun ⁴	頁	頓	1204b928a	a time, a turn, a meal; to bow; to part with.
tun ⁴ -chiao ³		頓脚		to stamp the foot.
tun ⁴ -huai ⁴		頓壞		to be suddenly injured or destroyed.
tun ⁴ -shé ²		頓捨		to reject, to part with.
tun ⁴ -shou ³		頓首		to bow the head.
tun ⁴ -shou ³ pai ⁴		頓首拜		to bow the head and worship.
tun ⁴ -tun ⁴ -fan ⁴		頓飯		every meal.
tun ⁴	手	扞	1204a928a	to move, to shake.
tun ⁴ -ch'è ⁴		扞掣		to shake, to bob up and down.
tun ⁴	口	盾	1204c927c	a buckler, a shield.
tun ⁴ -p'ai ²		盾牌		a shield.
tun ⁴	水	沌	1204a928a	confused, chaotic; a torrent (hun ⁴ tun ⁴)
tun ⁴ (tzu ¹)	口	筮	1204a928a	an osier bin.
T'UN ¹	口	吞	1205a929a	to swallow, to bolt down, to engross.
t'un ¹ -chan ⁴		吞佔		to usurp, to engross.
t'un ¹ -chin ¹		吞金		to swallow gold leaf (suicide).
t'un ¹ -hsia ⁴		吞下		to swallow or bolt down (uang saug ²).
t'un ¹ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		吞下去		same (yen ⁴ hsia ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
t'un ¹ -p'ien ⁴		吞騙		to overreach, to cheat.
t'un ¹ -ping ⁴		吞并		to engross, to swallow all.
t'un ¹ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴		吞不下		unable to swallow.
t'un ¹ -shêng ¹		吞聲		to repress one's feelings in silence (jên ² ch'i ¹ t'un ²) [shêng ¹].
t'un ¹ -tsai ⁴ -tu ⁴ -li ³		吞在肚裏		to swallow down.
t'un ¹ -t'u ²		吞吐		to swallow and to spit, hesitating, stuttering.
t'un ¹ -ya ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -yen ¹		吞鴉片烟		to swallow opium (suicide)
T'UN ²	卍	屯	1205b929a	the country, a village (chuang, ts'un ²)
t'un ² -chün ⁴		屯軍		soldiers quartered out in villages.

t'un²-liang² 屯糧
 t'un²-mên² 屯門
 t'un²-fing¹ 屯兵
 t'un²-t'ien² 屯田
 t'un²-tsa¹ 屯紮
 t'un²-yang³-hsi²-fu⁴ 屯養媳婦

to store grain.
 to bank up the gates, e. g., in flood time.
 troops in out-quarters or villages.
 land granted to soldiers, military colonies.
 to put troops in quarters.
 girl brought up for one of the sons (t'au⁴ yang³ [hsi² fu⁴]).

T'U² 衣 褌 1206a930b
 t'un⁴-chün⁴-êrh²-tsi¹ 褌舊兒的
 t'un⁴-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴ 褌下去
 t'un⁴ shou³ 褌手
 t'un⁴-i¹-shang¹ 褌衣裳
 t'un⁴-k'u¹-tzü³ 褌褲子
 t'un⁴-t'ou² 褌頭
 t'un⁴ 食 鈍 1205c929b

to undress; the hands in the sleeves.
 neither new nor old (clothes).
 to let down (as the trowsers).
 to draw the hands into the sleeves (as Chinese do).
 put off the clothes (ch'uan²)
 to put off the trowsers (ch'uan² k'u⁴ tzü³).
 to draw in the head, as a tortoise,
 a kind of cake.

TUNG¹ 木 东 東 1206c930a
 tung¹-ch'ê²-hsi¹-la¹ 東扯西拉
 tung¹-chia¹ 東家
 tung¹-ching¹ 東京
 tung¹-chu³ 東主
 tung¹-êrh² 東兒
 tung¹-fang¹ 東方
 tung¹-fang¹-liang⁴ 東方亮
 tung¹-fang¹-shan²-liang⁴ 東方閃亮
 tung¹-fêng¹-chieh²-tung⁴ 東風解凍
 tung¹-hsi¹ 東西
 tung¹-hsi¹-hsiang¹-chao⁴ 東西相照
 tung¹-hsi¹-nan²-pei³ 東西南北
 tung¹-jên² 東人
 tung¹-k'uang²-hsi¹-chieh⁴ 東誑西借
 tung¹-ling² 東陵
 tung¹-nan² 東南
 tung¹-p'ao²-hsi¹-pên¹ 東跑西奔
 tung¹-pei³ 東北
 tung¹-pien¹ 東邊
 tung¹-shih²-hsi¹-su⁴ 東食西宿
 tung¹-tang⁴-hsi¹-ch'ü³ 東當西除
 tung¹-tao³-hsi¹-wai¹ 東倒西歪
 tung¹-tao⁴ 東道
 tung¹-t'u³ 東土
 tung¹-wêng¹ 東翁
 tung¹-yan¹ 東洋

the east; the place of honor; spring; master.
 by hook or crook.
 a master, a host (liang² t'ou²).
 Tokio.
 the master.
 a spread, a meal (for guests).
 the eastern regions.
 dawn.
 just dawning.
 "the east wind breaks up the ice," the spring.
 east and west; a thing, things.
 lies east and west.
 east, west, south and north (the fixed order).
 the master.
 reckless borrowing, etc.
 eastern imperial mausoleum.
 the south-east.
 to run hither and thither.
 the north-east.
 the east side, eastward.
 to eat one's cake and have it too.
 finding it hard to get along.
 reeling drunk; toppling over.
 a spread, a meal (for guests).
 the eastern regions.
 the master
 the eastern sea; Japan (jih⁴ pên²).

<i>tung¹-yang²-ch'ê¹</i>	東洋車	a jinricksha.
<i>tung¹-yüeh⁴</i>	東嶽	the Eastern Sacred Hill.
<i>tung¹</i>	冬	winter.
<i>tung¹-chih⁴</i>	冬至	the winter solstice. See <i>Note 21</i> .
<i>tung¹-jih⁴</i>	冬日	a winter's day.
<i>tung¹-kua¹</i>	冬瓜	a kind of pumpkin.
<i>tung¹-nuan³-hoia⁴ liang³</i>	冬暖夏涼	(keep your parents) warm in winter and cool in [summer. edible bamboo shoots.
<i>tung¹-sun³</i>	冬筍	winter, a winter's day.
<i>tung¹-t'ien¹</i>	冬月	the 11th month. See <i>Note 32</i> .
<i>tung¹-yüeh⁴</i>	冬月	

TUNG³	心	懂	1208c931b	to understand, clear preception of.
<i>tung³-chü²</i>		懂局		an expert.
<i>tung³-jên²-ch'ing³</i>		懂人情		to understand men and manners.
<i>tung³-mên²-lu⁴</i>		懂門路		an expert.
<i>tung³-mê²-ch'ing¹</i>		懂不清		do not fully comprehend.
<i>tung³ m⁴ tē²</i>		懂不得		cannot understand.
<i>tung³-m⁴-tung¹</i>		懂不懂		do you understand?
<i>tung³-tē²</i>		懂得		to understand (ming ² pai ²).
<i>tung³-tē²-mo³</i>		懂得麼		do you understand?
<i>tung³</i>	紳	董	1208b931b	to manage, to correct, to rule.
<i>tung³-chung⁴</i>		董重		to venerate, to respect.
<i>tung³-shih⁴</i>		董事		[shih ⁴ jên ³]. to manage affairs; a manager, a trustee (shou ³)

TUNG⁴	力	動	1207c932b	to move, to excite, to agitate. M. 244.
<i>tung⁴-ch'í⁴</i>		動氣		to be angry.
<i>tung⁴-ching⁴</i>		動靜		motion and rest, behaviour (ch'ü ³ chih ³).
<i>tung⁴-fang²-shih⁴</i>		動房事		to have sexual intercourse
<i>tung⁴-hsin¹</i>		動心		to move or touch the heart.
<i>tung⁴-hsing³</i>		動刑		to put to the torture, to punish.
<i>tung⁴-hsing⁴</i>		動性		to display temper (mao ¹ p'í ² ch'í ⁴).
<i>tung⁴-huo³</i>		動火		to get angry (shêng ¹ ch'í ⁴).
<i>tung⁴-kan¹-ko¹</i>		動干戈		to begin a battle.
<i>tung⁴-kung¹</i>		動工		to commence work (ch'í ³ kung ¹).
<i>tung⁴-nu⁴</i>		動怒		to be angry.
<i>tung⁴-ping¹</i>		動兵		to move troops, to go to war.
<i>tung⁴-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>		動不動		constantly. M. 298 (lai ³ pu ⁴ ai ² ti ¹).
<i>tung⁴-hên¹</i>		動身		to get up, to make a move, to start.
<i>tung⁴-shou³</i>		動手		to put one's hand to anything, to move the hand.
<i>tung⁴-t'an²</i>		動揮		to move, to shake.
<i>tung⁴-tao¹</i>		動刀		"to move the sword," to go to war.
<i>tung⁴-tao⁴</i>		動作		behaviour, conduct.
<i>tung⁴-t'su¹</i>		動粗		to act roughly, to resort to violence; coarse.

tung⁴-t'ü³ 動土
 tung⁴-wên⁴ 動問
 tung⁴-wü²-míng²-huo³ 動無名火
 tung⁴ 凍 1207b932a
 tung⁴-cho² 凍著
 tung⁴-chieh³ 凍結
 tung⁴-ch'uang¹ 凍瘡
 tung⁴-ping¹ 凍冰
 tung⁴-p'ò⁴ 凍破
 tung⁴-shou²-tung⁴ chiao³ 凍手凍腳
 tung⁴-ti¹-shih²-tsai⁴ 凍的實在
 tung⁴-ti¹-ta³-chan⁴ 凍的打戰
 tung⁴-ssü³ 凍死
 tung⁴-ssü³-tung⁴-huo³ 凍死凍活
 tung⁴ 水 洞 1209a93 1c
 tung⁴-fang² 洞房
 tung⁴-hsüeh⁴ 洞穴
 tung⁴-t'ing¹-hu² 洞庭湖
 tung⁴ 木 棟 1207c932a
 tung⁴-liang³ 棟樑

to go to work (as in digging a foundation for a house).
 to institute enquiries.
 to get enraged.
 to freeze; ice; cold as ice.
 caught a cold (chung⁴ 中 han¹, mao⁴ 寮 fêng¹).
 to freeze, to coagulate.
 "frost sores," chilblains.
 to freeze.
 to chap
 cold hands and feet.
 frozen firm (ping¹ tung⁴).
 shivering with cold.
 to freeze to death.
 very cold.
 a cave; deep, profound; a bridal chamber.
 a bridal bed-chamber.
 a cavern (k'au³ k'êng¹).
 Tung T'ing lake, Hunan.
 pillars, posts, upright columns.
 "pillars and beams," Ministers of State.

T'UNG¹ 通 1211c932a
 t'ung¹-chên¹ 通真
 t'ung¹-chi¹ 通計
 t'ung¹-chien⁴ 通鑑
 t'ung¹-ch'iao⁴ 通竅
 t'ung¹-chih¹ 通知
 t'ung¹-ch'ing² 通情
 t'ung¹-chou¹ 通州
 t'ung¹-fei² 通肥
 t'ung¹-hsin⁴ 通信
 t'ung¹-hsing¹ 通興
 t'ung¹-hsing² 通行
 t'ung¹-ju² 通儒
 t'ung¹-kung⁴ 通共
 t'ung¹-ku²-chieh¹-chih¹ 通國皆知
 t'ung¹-li³ 通理
 t'ung¹-li¹-ho²-tso⁴ 通力合作
 t'ung¹-li⁴ lun² 通力輪
 t'ung¹-liu² 通流
 t'ung¹-ming² 通明
 t'ung¹-ming² 通名
 t'ung¹-p'an⁴ 通判

to pass through; to succeed; all. M. 414.
 thoroughly pure, chaste, etc.
 a general estimate. [(kang⁴ chien⁴).
 Universal Mirror (a famous historical work.
 to pass through a hole, to understand.
 to inform, to acquaint, to notify.
 to be sensible of.
 T'ungchou (near Peking).
 rolling fat
 to send a letter to inform.
 everywhere current.
 able to go anywhere or do anything; current.
 a thorough scholar.
 the whole of, all.
 the whole nation knows it.
 to understand reason, etc.
 to act with united effort.
 a balance wheel.
 to flow through, to be current,
 clear and intelligible.
 to announce a visitor.
 a deputy-sub-prefect.

t'ung¹-pao³ 通寶
 t'ung¹-pao⁴ 通報
 t'ung¹-pu³.t'ung¹ 通不通
 t'ung¹-shang¹ 通商
 t'ung¹-ch'ai¹.t'ung²-lai³ 通商大臣
 t'ung¹-shên¹ 通身
 t'ung¹-shên² 通神
 t'ung¹-shih⁴ 通事
 t'ung¹-shu¹ 通書
 t'ung¹-ta³ 通達
 t'ung¹-t'uo⁴ 通套
 t'ung¹-t'iao³ 通條
 t'ung¹-ts'ai²-chih¹-i⁴ 通財之義
 t'ung¹-t'ung¹.ti¹ 通通的
 t'ung¹ yung⁴ 通用

copper cash, currency.
 to announce ; general information.
 can one pass? will it do? do you understand?
 trade, commerce, commercial (especially foreign).
 Minister Superintendent of Trade. G. 152
 the whole body (chou¹ shên¹, hun⁴ shên¹).
 moving the gods (all-powerful).
 { an interpreter, a linguist, a clerk (ch'uan²
 { hua⁴, fan¹ i¹ kuan¹).
 a calendar, an almanack (huang² li⁴).
 thorough perception ; to inform ; intelligence.
 of general application, what will fit anything,
 a poker.
 mutual help.
 all, the whole.
 in common use.

T'UNG² 口全 同 1209b933b
 t'ung²-ch'êng².ti¹ 同城的
 t'ung²-chien¹ 同姦
 t'ung²-chih¹ 同知
 t'ung²-chih⁴ 同治
 t'ung²-ch'ing².ti¹ 同情的
 t'ung²-chü¹ 同居
 t'ung²-chü¹.ko⁴.ts'uan⁴ 同居各爨
 t'ung²-ch'ü⁴.t'ung² lai³ 同去同來
 t'ung²-ch'ün² 同羣
 t'ung²-ch'uang¹ 同窗
 t'ung²-ch'uang²-kung⁴-[chên³] 同床共枕
 t'ung²-chung¹-jên² 同中人
 t'ung²-fang² 同房
 t'ung²-fang²-chü¹-chü⁴ 同房居住
 t'ung²-fu⁴-i¹-mu³ 同父異母
 t'ung²-hang² 同行
 t'ung²-hang²-yüan¹-hia¹ 同行冤家
 t'ung²-hsi² 同席
 t'ung²-hsiang¹ 同鄉
 t'ung²-hsiao² 同學
 t'ung²-hsin¹ 同心
 t'ung²-hsin¹-ho²-i¹ 同心合意
 t'ung²-hsin¹-hsieh²-li¹ 同心協力
 t'ung²-hsing² 同行

the same as, some ; with, united. M. 305
 a fellow-citizen.
 to hold illicit sexual intercourse. [M. 282.
 to be mutually acquainted with ; a sub-prefect
 name of a recent Emperor's reign (1862-1875
 of the same disposition. [A. D.).
 fellow-lodgers, to dwell together.
 living together but messing apart.
 to go and come together,
 of the same class. [yu²).
 "the same window," a fellow-student (ch'uang¹
 { same bed and pillow ; man and wife ; sexual
 { intercourse.
 with the middlemen. [course.
 in the same room ; man and wife ; sexual inter-
 to live in the same house.
 the same father, but a different mother.
 of the same class, trade or business.
 fellow-traders hate one another.
 a fellow-guest.
 of the same place, natives of the same province.
 a school-fellow, a fellow-student.
 of the same mind.
 unanimous.
 with united strength.
 to co-operate, to go together.

t'ung ² -hsing ² -ti ¹	同行的	an abettor, a confederate.
t'ung ² -hsing ⁴	同姓	of the same surname.
t'ung ² -hsing ⁴ -ming ² -ti ¹	同姓名的	a namesake.
t'ung ² -hsing ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tsung ¹	同姓不宗	of same name, but different ancestors,
t'ung ² -huan ⁴ -nan ⁴	同患難	sharing adversity together.
t'ung ² -i ¹ -pan ¹	同一般	the same manner or way.
t'ung ² -i ¹ -yang ⁴	同一樣	the same fashion or sort,
t'ung ² -jên ²	同人	same class of people.
t'ung ² -kan ¹ -kung ⁴ -k'u ³	同甘苦	sharing prosperity and adversity.
t'ung ² -kuo ² ti ¹ -jên ²	同國的人	a fellow-countryman.
t'ung ² -lei ⁴	同類	of the same species.
t'ung ² -liao ²	同僚	a fellow-officer.
t'ung ² -mêng ²	同盟	a brotherhood, a confederacy.
t'ung ² -ming ² [hsing ⁴	同名	of the same name.
t'ung ² -ming ² - t'ung ² -	同名同姓	same name and surname.
t'ung ² -mou ²	同謀	to plot together.
t'ung ² -nien ²	同年	the same year; fellow-graduates.
t'ung ² -pan ⁴	同伴	a companion, an associate (ch'ün ² p'êng ²).
t'ung ² -pang ³	同榜	fellow-graduates
t'ung ² -pao ¹	同胞	born of the same mother.
t'ung ² -pao ¹ -ti ⁴ -hsiung ¹	同胞弟兄	brothers by same mother.
t'ung ² -pei ⁴ [lien ²	同輩	of the same class or sort.
t'ung ² -ping ⁴ -hsiung ¹ -	同病相憐	those who have the same disease mutually pity.
t'ung ² -shih ²	同時	at the same time, contemporary.
t'ung ² -shih ⁴	同事	the same affair.
t'ung ² -sui ⁴	同歲	of the same age.
t'ung ² -t'a ¹	同他	with him.
t'ung ² -tao ¹	同道	of the same principles.
t'ung ² -têng ³	同等	of the same kind.
t'ung ² -tsai ⁴	同在	at same place, in company with.
t'ung ² -tso ⁴	同坐	those sitting together; to sit together.
t'ung ² -tso ⁴	同做	to co-operate.
t'ung ² -tsu ⁴	同族	of the same clan.
t'ung ² -ts'uan ⁴	同爨	to mess together (ta ³ huo ³ shih ²).
t'ung ² -tsui ⁴	同罪	the same punishment.
t'ung ² -tsung ¹	同宗	of the same kindred.
t'ung ² -wên ² -kuan ³	同文館	a college at Peking for study of languages.
t'ung ² -yen ⁴	同硯	"the same ink-slab," a fellow-student.
t'ung ² -yin ¹	同音	of the same sound, etc.
t'ung ² -yin ²	同寅	a fellow-officer.
t'ung ²	同全	the same as previous character.
t'ung ² -k'o ¹	同全科	fellow-graduates.
t'ung ²	金銅	copper, brass.

t'ung ² -ch'i ⁴	器		copper or brass ware.
t'ung ² -chiang ⁴	銅匠		a brazier, a coppersmith.
t'ung ² ch'iang ² -t'ieh ³ -	銅牆鐵壁		exceedingly strong walls.
t'ung ² -ch'ien ²	銅錢		copper coin.
t'ung ² -ch'ing ¹	銅青		copperas.
t'ung ² -chuan ¹	銅磚		copper in slabs.
t'ung ² -kung ³	銅礦		copper mine.
t'ung ² -lu ⁴	銅綠		verdigris.
t'ung ² -pan ²	銅板		copper plate.
t'ung ² -pang ² -t'ieh ³ -ti ¹	銅傍鐵底		very strong, firm.
t'ung ² -p'ao ⁴	銅炮		a brass cannon.
t'ung ² p'ien ⁴	銅片		copper in sheets.
t'ung ² po ²	銅薄		brass foil.
t'ung ² -sü ¹	銅絲		copper or brass wire.
t'ung ² -ta ³ t'ieh ³ chu ⁴	銅打鐵鑄		made of brass or iron.
t'ung ² -t'iao ²	銅條		copper in rods.
t'ung ² (tzü)	立童	1213a934c	a boy, a lad; a girl, a virgin.
t'ung ² -chên ¹	童貞		a virgin.
t'ung ² -hsi ² -wei ³ -t'u ⁴	童習未退		not yet rid of his boyish habits.
t'ung ² -hsin ² -wei ³ -hua ⁴	童心未化		his boyish disposition is not yet changed.
t'ung ² -mêng ²	童蒙		a youth; a dolt.
t'ung ² -nan ²	童男		a boy.
t'ung ² -nu ³	童奴		a slave boy.
t'ung ² -nü ³	童女		a girl, a maiden, a damsel.
t'ung ² pien ⁴	童便		boy's urine (a medicine).
t'ung ² p'u ²	童僕		a servant boy.
t'ung ² -shêng ¹	童生		a candidate for the lowest literary rank.
t'ung ² -sou ² -pu ¹ -ch'i ⁴	童叟不欺		no imposition on old or young (placard in shops).
t'ung ² -tzü ³ -lao ²	童子癆		consumption, debility, etc.
t'ung ² -yang ³ -hsi ² -fu ⁴	童養媳婦		future bride supported at home (t'un ² yang ³ hsi ² [fu ⁴]).
t'ung ² -yao ²	童謠		ballads, etc., sung by boys in the streets.
t'ung ²	木桐	1210b934a	the name of a tree, dryandra.
t'ung ² -mu ⁴	桐木		the wutung tree.
t'ung ² -mu ⁴ -pao ⁴ -hua ¹	桐木飽花		shavings of wutung wood.
t'ung ² -shu ⁴	桐樹		the t'ung tree. See 梧桐樹 (wu ² t'ung ³).
t'ung ² -yu ³	桐油		oil of the dryandra tree.
t'ung ² -tzü ³	桐子		seed of the dryandra tree.
t'ung ²	目瞳	1213c935a	the pupil of the eye; to stare, to gaze.
t'ung ² -jên ²	瞳仁		the pupil of the eye (yen ³ ohing ¹ chu ¹).
t'ung ² -jên ² -fan ² -pei ⁴	瞳人反背		i.e., cataract (fancy name).

T'UNG³ 糸 統 1214a936a a head, a leader; the origin; the whole
 t'ung²-hsia¹ 統轄 to govern the whole.

t'ung³-hsü⁴ 統緒
 t'ung³-kung⁴ 統共
 'ung³-ling³ 統領
 t'ung³-ling³-ping¹ 統領兵
 t'ung³-ping¹ 統兵
 t'ung³-shuai⁴ 統帥
 t'ung³ (tzü) 竹 1210c934a
 t'ung³ (tzü) 木 筒 1211b935c
 a clue (t'ou² hsiü⁴).
 altogether, total.
 to take entire charge of; Manchu Commandant.
 to lead an army.
 same (shuai⁴ ling³)
 a commander-in-chief (yüau² shuai⁴).
 a tube, a case, a hollow bamboo.
 a tub, cask, a barrel, a bucket.

T'UNG⁴ 痛 1211b936c
 t'ung⁴-hên⁴ 痛恨
 t'ung⁴-hui³ 痛悔
 t'ung⁴-k'u¹ 痛哭
 t'ung⁴-k'uai⁴ 痛快
 t'ung⁴-nan²-jên³ 痛難忍
 t'ung⁴-tsai¹ [kuan¹ 痛哉
 t'ung⁴-yang³-hsiang⁴ 痛癢相關
 t'ung⁴-yin³ 痛飲 1208b932c
 t'ung⁴ 心 慟 慟切 慟哭
 t'ung⁴-ch'ieh³ 慟切
 t'ung⁴-k'u¹ 慟哭
 t'ung⁴ 行 街 1029a932a
 painful, pain, sore, acute feeling; very.
 extreme indignation, to hate extremely.
 bitter repentance.
 to cry bitterly.
 highly delighted, outspoken.
 very difficult to bear (physical or mental).
 alas! oh, wretched! (ai¹ tsai¹).
 mutual relationship.
 to drink to excess (ho¹ tsui⁴).
 the feelings moved to excess, extreme grief.
 same.
 to cry bitterly.
 a street, a lane (hu² t'ung⁴).

TZŪ¹ 咨 1217c1028a [plan.
 tzü¹-chüeh³ 咨嗟
 tzü¹-fan³ 咨訪
 tzü¹-ming³ 咨明
 tzü¹-mon² 咨謀
 tzü¹-ping³ 咨稟
 tzü¹-pu⁴ 咨部
 tzü¹-wên³ 咨文
 tzü¹ 且 資 1217b1027a
 tzü¹-chih²-hên³-hao³ 資質很好
 tzü¹-chu⁴ 資助
 tzü¹-fu³-tzü⁴-pei⁴ 資斧自備
 tzü¹-huo⁴ 資貨
 tzü¹-ko² 資格
 tzü¹-pên³ 資本
 tzü¹-ping¹ 資兵
 tzü¹-ping³ 資稟
 tzü¹-tsan³ 資攢
 tzü¹ 女 姿 1217a1028b
 tzü¹-chih³ 姿質
 despatches; to write; to deliberate; to sigh; to
 to sigh, to lament (t'an⁴-hsi²).
 to write to enquire about.
 having been explained.
 to plan, to devise, to deliberate.
 to state to a superior (ping³ pao⁴).
 to state to one of the Boards.
 an official document between equals (cha² wên³).
 goods, commodities, necessary things; to help.
 excellent natural disposition.
 to help.
 paying one's own expenses.
 goods, commodities, property.
 talents, ability (natural or acquired).
 capital.
 to despatch troops.
 natural disposition (ping³ hsiung⁴).
 saving, economical.
 mien, carriage; temperament.
 endowments, talents.

tzŭ ¹ -sŏ ⁴	姿色	a beautiful colour; a beauty.
tzŭ ¹ -jung ³	姿容	beauty.
tzŭ ¹ -t'ai ⁴	姿態	graceful carriage.
tzŭ ¹	心 恣	1217b1032 intrigue; levity; loose, profligate; to wish.
tzŭ ¹ -i ⁴	恣意	licentious feeling.
tzŭ ¹ -tsung ⁴	恣縱	loose, dissipated, unrestrained indulgence.
tzŭ ¹	水 滋	1218b1029a pleasant flavour; thick, rich; to enrich, to in-
tzŭ ¹ -oh'u ¹ -jui ³ -érh ³	滋出蕊兒	the flower came out in bloom. [crease.]
tzŭ ¹ -fan ³	滋繁	to increase.
tzŭ ¹ -jun ⁴	滋潤	to nourish, to enrich, to moisten.
tzŭ ¹ -pu ³	滋補	to supply what is wanting.
tzŭ ¹ -shêng ¹	滋生	to produce, to increase.
tzŭ ¹ -shêng ¹ -li ⁴ -hsi ¹ ²	滋生利息	to produce interest (money).
tzŭ ¹ -shêng ¹ -shih ⁴ -tuan ¹	滋生事端	to produce trouble.
tzŭ ¹ -shêng ¹ -wan ⁴ -wu ⁴	滋生萬物	to cause all things to grow.
tzŭ ¹ -shih ⁴	滋事	to pick a quarrel, to create a disturbance.
tzŭ ¹ -wei ⁴	滋味	taste, flavour (wei ⁴ tao ⁴).
tzŭ ¹	齒 齜	1217a1028c the teeth, irregular teeth,
tzŭ ¹ -mao ³ -rh ³	齜毛兒	to snarl (as dogs).
tzŭ ¹ -ya ³	齜牙	the teeth, irregular teeth,
tzŭ ¹	子 孳	1218b1029b to bear; affection for; indefatigable diligence,
tzŭ ¹ -t-tŭ ¹	孳孳	indefatigable diligence.
tzŭ ¹	紳茲 茲	1218a1029a now, because of; then; but; initial particle.

TZŪ ³	子 子	1214b1030b a son, a child; progeny, seed; a viscount.
tzŭ ³ -chi ³	子集	miscellanies.
tzŭ ³ -chih ³	子姪	sons and nephews.
tzŭ ³ -chüeh ³	子爵	fourth degree of nobility, a viscount.
tzŭ ³ -érh ³ -piao ³	子兒表	a small watch.
tzŭ ³ -hsi ⁴	子系	children, offspring.
tzŭ ³ -kung ¹	子宮	the vagina (t'ai ¹ pao ¹).
tzŭ ³ -li ⁴	子粒	a grain, a seed.
tzŭ ³ -lin ⁴	子淋	difficulty in passing urine.
tzŭ ³ -min ³	子民	the people.
tzŭ ³ -mu ³ -ch'ien ³	子母錢	principal and interest (pên ³ li ⁴).
tzŭ ³ -nü ³	子女	sons and daughters, children generally.
tzŭ ³ -shih ³	子時	11 to 1 o'clock, midnight.
tzŭ ³ -shih ³	子史	the history of the philosophers.
tzŭ ³ -ssŭ ⁴	子嗣	children, offspring.
tzŭ ³ -sun ¹	子孫	sons and grandsons, posterity, descendants.
tzŭ ³ -sun ¹ -po ¹ -po ¹	子孫餠餠	posterity cakes. G. 1214b. [tears.]
tzŭ ³ -li ⁴	子弟	sons and younger brothers, young folks; ama-
tzŭ ³ -wu ² -hua ¹	子午花	a sort of flower opening at midday and midnight.

<i>tzŭ³-wu¹-sha¹</i>	子午痧	a disease worse at midnight and midday.
<i>tzŭ³-yŭeh¹</i>	子曰	Confucius said
<i>tzŭ³-yŭeh⁴</i>	子月	the 11th month. See <i>Note</i> 32.
<i>tzŭ³</i>	系紫	purple; a dark brown; imperial.
<i>tzŭ³-ch'ên³</i>	紫宸	the palace, the court.
<i>tzŭ³-chin¹</i>	紫金	red gold (ch'ih ⁴ chin ¹).
<i>tzŭ³-chin⁴-ch'êng³</i>	紫禁城	"purple forbidden city," the imperial city. G. [458.]
<i>tzŭ³-chu²-lin³</i>	紫竹林	the foreign settlement, Tientsin.
<i>tzŭ³-ho²-ch'ê²</i>	紫河車	the afterbirth, the caul (used in consumptions).
<i>tzŭ³-hua¹-pu⁴</i>	紫花布	nankeen cloth.
<i>tzŭ³-kêng³</i>	紫梗	sticklac.
<i>tzŭ³-lien³</i>	紫臉	a swarthy complexion.
<i>tzŭ³-lo²-lan³</i>	紫羅蘭	the violet.
<i>tzŭ³-mo⁴-li⁴</i>	紫茉莉	"the purple jessamine", jalap.
<i>tzŭ³-p'ao³</i>	紫袍	a purple robe.
<i>tzŭ³-sa¹</i>	紫塞	"the purple limit", the great wall.
<i>tzŭ³-sé¹</i>	紫色	brown.
<i>tzŭ³-su¹</i>	紫蘇	sweet basil.
<i>tzŭ³-t'an³</i>	紫檀	red sandal wood.
<i>tzŭ³-ts'ai⁴</i>	紫菜	agar-agar, seaweed.
<i>tzŭ³-ts'ao³</i>	紫草	plant yielding a red dye.
<i>tzŭ³-wei¹</i>	紫微	a star-god invoked in building.
<i>tzŭ³-wei¹-wei¹-ti¹</i>	紫微微的	slightly purple.
<i>tzŭ³</i>	木梓	the cedar.
<i>tzŭ³-chiang⁴</i>	梓匠	a type-cutter (k'o ³ tzŭ ⁴).
<i>tzŭ³-kung¹</i>	梓宮	imperial tomb or coffin; women's apartments.
<i>tzŭ³-li³</i>	梓里	one's native village or place.
<i>tzŭ³-t'ung³</i>	梓童	ladies of the palace.
<i>tzŭ³</i>	水滓	grounds, dregs, sediment.
<i>tzŭ³-ni³</i>	滓泥	same (cha ¹ tzŭ ³).
<i>tzŭ³</i>	女姊	an elder sister (chieh ³ mei ⁴).
<i>tzŭ³-mei⁴</i>	姊妹	sisters, a sister.
<i>tzŭ³</i>	人仔	careful; to sustain.
<i>tzŭ³-hsi⁴</i>	仔細	careful, economical.
<i>tzŭ³</i>	米籽	seeds of cereals.
<i>tzŭ³-li⁴</i>	籽粒	same.
<i>TZŪ⁴</i>	字	characters, written words; name.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chi⁴</i>	字跡	hand writing (ku ³ li ⁴).
<i>tzŭ⁴-chü⁴</i>	字據	written proof, a license (p'ing ³ chü ⁴).
<i>tzŭ⁴-r'h³</i>	字兒	a note, a letter; obverse of a coin.
<i>tzŭ⁴-hao⁴</i>	字號	mark, style, sign, name or designation.
<i>tsŭ⁴-hua⁴</i>	字畫	characters and pictures, written scrolls.

tzŭ⁴-hui⁴
 tzŭ⁴-i⁴
 tzŭ⁴-jên²
 tzŭ⁴-mu²
 tzŭ⁴-pu⁴
 tzŭ⁴-shih⁴
 tzŭ⁴-t'ieh¹
 tzŭ⁴-tien²
 tzŭ⁴-t'ou²
 tzŭ⁴-yen²
 tzŭ⁴-yeu²-ch'ien²
 tzŭ⁴-yün⁴
 tzŭ⁴
 tzŭ⁴-chao¹-ch'i²-huo⁴
 tzŭ⁴-ch'i²
 tzŭ⁴-ch'i²-jên²
 tzŭ⁴-ch'i²-ko²-êrh²
 tzŭ⁴-ch'i²-ti¹
 tzŭ⁴-ch'i¹
 tzŭ⁴-chia¹
 tzŭ⁴-chieh²
 tzŭ⁴-ch'ien¹
 tzŭ⁴-chih¹
 tzŭ⁴-ch'i¹
 tzŭ⁴-chin¹-p²-hou⁴
 tzŭ⁴-chin⁴
 tzŭ⁴-ch'ing¹-tzŭ⁴-chien⁴
 tzŭ⁴-chuo²
 tzŭ⁴-chu⁴-chih¹-chüan²
 tzŭ⁴-ch'ü²-ch'i²-huo⁴
 tzŭ⁴-chuan¹
 tzŭ⁴-hai²-tzŭ⁴-shên¹
 tzŭ⁴-hsi¹-tsu²-tung¹
 tzŭ⁴-hsing²-ch'é¹
 tzŭ⁴-i⁴
 tzŭ⁴-jan²
 tzŭ⁴-jan²-êrh²-jan²
 tzŭ⁴-jan²-ti¹
 tzŭ⁴-jan²-ti¹-li²
 tzŭ⁴-kao¹
 tzŭ⁴-kao¹-tzŭ⁴-ao⁴
 tzŭ⁴-nan²-tzŭ⁴-pei²
 tzŭ⁴-ku²

字彙
 字義
 字人
 字母
 字部
 字式
 字帖
 字典
 字頭
 字眼
 字眼淺
 字韻
 自
 自招其禍
 自己
 自己人
 自己各兒
 自己的
 自欺
 自家
 自節
 自謙
 自知
 自持
 自今以後
 自盡
 自輕自賤
 自主
 自主之權
 自取其禍
 自專
 自害自身
 自西徂東
 自行車
 自縊
 自然
 自然而然的
 自然的
 自然的理
 自高
 自高自傲
 自南自北
 自古

a dictionary (small) (tzŭ⁴ tien²).
 meaning of a character.
 a female marrying a man (chia⁴ jên²).
 letters, the alphabet; initial character in spelling.
 the radicals.
 a copy-slip.
 copy-slip.
 a dictionary (tzŭ⁴ hui⁴).
 the initial character, the radicals.
 "character's eyes," meaning, expression.
 knowledge of characters limited.
 final sound; last character in Chinese spelling.
 self, one's self; from.
 self-invited calamity.
 one's self. M. 53.
 very intimate.
 one's self.
 one's own.
 self-deceived.
 one's own family; one's self.
 self-control.
 humble.
 conscious of, to know one's self.
 self-control.
 from this time forth
 to commit suicide (shang² tiao⁴).
 without self-respect.
 to assume consequences.
 sovereign rights of a state; free-will.
 calamity self-inflicted.
 self-opinionated, inclined to "boss".
 self-inflicted injury.
 from east to west.
 a toy; a bicycle.
 to hang one's self.
 case; certainly; spontaneous, naturally.
 of course.
 natural, of course, certainly.
 a necessary truth.
 proud (chia¹ ao⁴).
 lofty and proud.
 from north to south (note order).
 from ancient times (kêng² ku² i² lai²).

tzü ⁴ -ku ³ -i ³ -lai ³	自古以來	from ancient times till now.
tzü ⁴ -k'ua ¹	自誇	to boast.
tzü ⁴ -lai ²	自來	of course, naturally.
tzü ⁴ -lai ² -huo ³	自來火	matches, gas (yang ² huo ³).
tzü ⁴ -li ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -yang ³	自立自養	self-support (mission-work).
tzü ⁴ -mai ⁴ pên ³ -shên ¹	自賣本身	to sell one's person.
tzü ⁴ -man ³	自滿	self-satisfied; to boast (ch'ui niu ² ti ¹).
tzü ⁴ -ming ² -chung ¹	自鳴鐘	clocks, self-striking clocks (nao ⁴ chung ¹).
tzü ⁴ -pien ⁴	自便	convenient to one's self.
tzü ⁴ -shang ⁴ -chih ⁴ -hsia ⁴	自上至下	from the highest to the lowest.
tzü ⁴ -shên ⁴	自勝	to conquer one's self.
tzü ⁴ -shih ⁴	自是	self-opinionated.
tzü ⁴ -ta ⁴	自大	self-important.
tzü ⁴ -ta ⁴ -liao ³	自大了	consequential.
tzü ⁴ -ta ⁴ -ti ¹	自大的	same.
tzü ⁴ -t'ou ² -lo ³ -wang ³	自投羅網	fell into the net by his own fault.
tzü ⁴ -ts'ai ⁴	自在	to be one's self, composed, self-possession.
tzü ⁴ -tso ⁴ -ts'ung ¹ -ming ²	自作聰明	pretending to be wise.
tzü ⁴ -tso ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -shou ⁴	自作自受	you must take the consequences of your own acts.
tzü ⁴ -tsu ²	自足	satisfied with one's self.
tzü ⁴ -tsun ¹ -tzü ⁴ -chung ⁴	自尊自重	self-respecting.
tzü ⁴ -ts'ung ²	自從	since, from that time, etc.
tzü ⁴ -tz'ü ³	自此	from this time forth.
tzü ⁴ -t'z'ü ³ -i ³ -wang ³	自此以往	same.
tzü ⁴ -wên ³	自刻	to cut one's own throat (wên ³ kêng ³).
tzü ⁴ -wo ³	自我	from me.
tzü ⁴ -yen ² -tzü ⁴ -yü ³	自言自語	to talk to one's self, to soliloquize.
tzü ⁴ -yu ²	自由	to have one's own way.
tzü ⁴ -yu ² -tzü ⁴ -tsai ⁴	自由自在	at liberty, free.
tzü ⁴ -yu ² -i ¹ -ling ⁴	自有定	of course there is some certainty.
tzü ⁴ -yüan ¹ -tzü ⁴ -hên ⁴	自怨自恨	blaming one's self.
tzü ⁴ -yung ⁴	自用	to use one's own discretion; to use one's self.

TZŪ¹

疵 1222a1033a
 疵瑕
 疵病

fault of temper, failing, fault.
 a flaw, a failing, a moral complaint.
 fault, failing (mao² ping⁴).

TZŪ³

辛 辭 辭

辭 1222c1033c
 辭賬
 辭朝
 辭塵 世
 辭前 後
 辭却

to decline, to refuse; to separate from; to speak.
 to leave business, to give up business.
 to resign office at court.
 "leave dusty world", to become a priest; to die.
 to evade, to wriggle out.
 to discharge, to refuse.

tzü⁴-chang⁴tzü⁴-ch'ao²tzü⁴-ch'ên²-shih⁴tzü⁴-ch'ien²-ai²-hou⁴tzü⁴-ch'üeh⁴

tz'ü²-hsieh⁴	辭		to decline to excuse one's self.
tz'ü²-hsieŋ³	辭		to take leave, to bid adieu.
tz'ü²-kuan¹	辭		to decline or resign office.
tz'ü²-kuan³	辭		to throw up position as teacher.
tz'ü²-lu⁴	辭		to die; to leave the road; never pass that way?
tz'ü²-pieh²	辭		to separate, to leave (as friends).
tz'ü²-shih⁴	辭		to die (hsieh⁴ shih⁴).
tz'ü²-shou⁴	辭		to refuse and accept.
tz'ü²-t'o¹	辭		to decline, to refuse, to avoid.
tz'ü²-tsao⁴	辭		to dismiss the kitchen god.
tz'ü²-t'ui⁴	辭		to refuse.
tz'ü²	心	慈	kind, tender; love; to love; mercy; benevolence.
tz'ü²-ai⁴	慈	慈	affectionate regard, love, charity.
tz'ü²-hang³	慈	航	Barge of Mercy (Buddhist).
tz'ü²-hsin¹	慈	心	tender-hearted.
tz'ü²-hui¹	慈	惠	love.
tz'ü²-mu²	慈	母	a tender mother.
tz'ü²-peí¹	慈	悲	mercy, sympathy, compassion.
tz'ü²-pu⁴-chang³-ping¹	慈	不掌兵	a compassionate man should not lead soldiers.
tz'ü²-shan⁴	慈	善	sympathy, compassion.
tz'ü²-yu⁴	慈	幼	to love children.
tz'ü²	石	磁	Chinaware, porcelain; loadstone.
tz'ü²-ch'í¹	磁	磁	Chinaware.
tz'ü²-hu²	磁	壺	a Chinaware pot.
tz'ü²-kang¹	磁	缸	a porcelain jar.
tz'ü²-p'au²	磁	盤	a porcelain vessel.
tz'ü²-p'ing³	磁	瓶	a porcelain vase.
tz'ü²-shih²	磁	石	loadstone, a magnet (hsi¹ t'ich³ shih²).
tz'ü²	示	祠	temple of ancestors; to sacrifice.
tz'ü²-t'ang³	祠	堂	hall of ancestors (tsu³ miao⁴).
tz'ü²	言	詞	tales, stories; speech, to speak, to accuse; a
tz'ü²-ch'ü¹	詞	曲	songs, ballads, etc.
tz'ü²	佳	雌	female of birds.
tz'ü²-hsiang²	雌	雄	female and male (birds).
tz'ü²	工	差	irregular. See ch'ü¹ and ch'ü¹.
TZ:Ü³	止	此	this, these; here; now.
tz'ü³-ch'ü⁴	此	處	this place, here.
tz'ü³-hou¹	此	後	after this.
tz'ü³-jên²	此	人	this person.
tz'ü³-k'o⁴	此	刻	at present, at this moment (ju² chin³)
tz'ü³-shih²	此	時	at present, at this time.
tz'ü³-shih⁴	此	世	this life or world.

[term.]

<i>tz'ü³-têng³</i>	此等	this class, kind, sort, etc.
<i>tz'ü³-ti⁴</i>	此地	this place, here.
<i>tz'ü³-wu⁴</i>	此物	this thing.
<i>tz'ü³ (ts'ai)</i>	足	to tread upon, to put the foot upon,
<i>tz'ü³</i>	跣	same.
<i>tz'ü³-pien³-liao³</i>	跣扁了	trodden flat.
<i>tz'ü³-t'êng⁴</i>	跣凳	a footstool (chiao ³ têng ⁴).
<i>tz'ü³-wên³-liao³</i>	跣穩了	to plant the foot firmly.
TZ'Ü⁴	刀	
<i>tz'ü⁴-chou³</i>	刺肘	to prick, to pierce, to stab; to embroider. See [la ¹ .
<i>tz'ü⁴-fêng³</i>	刺諷	to brand the elbow (a punishment).
<i>tz'ü⁴-hsiu⁴</i>	刺綉	to reprehend; pointed innuendo.
<i>tz'ü⁴-hsün⁴</i>	刺訊	to embroider.
<i>tz'ü⁴-k'o⁴</i>	刺客	pointed enquiry.
<i>tz'ü⁴-k'o⁴ yu³-tan³</i>	刺客有胆	an assassin.
<i>tz'ü⁴-lien³</i>	刺臉	the assassin is brave.
<i>tz'ü⁴-ma³-lun³</i>	刺馬輪	to brand the face (as a punishment).
<i>tz'ü⁴-mien⁴</i>	刺面	a spur.
<i>tz'ü⁴-nao²</i>	刺撓	brand face as punishment.
<i>tz'ü⁴-p'ei⁴</i>	刺配	to itch, to tingle (k'uai ³ yang ³ yang ³).
<i>tz'ü⁴-sha²</i>	刺殺	to brand and banish.
<i>tz'ü⁴-tzu⁴</i>	刺字	to assassinate.
<i>tz'ü⁴-wei⁴</i>	刺蝟	to brand (as criminals); to write with a style.
<i>tz'ü⁴-yu²</i>	刺牙	the hedgehog.
<i>tz'ü⁴ (ssü)</i>	賜	to pick the teeth (t'i ¹ ya ²). [(chi ³ or kei ³).
<i>tz'ü⁴-chüeh³</i>	賜爵	to confer, to bestow (applied to the Emperor)
<i>tz'ü⁴-ên¹</i>	賜恩	to confer rank or nobility.
<i>tz'ü⁴-fu³</i>	賜福	to bestow favour.
<i>tz'ü⁴-hui⁴</i>	賜惠	to bestow blessings on.
<i>tz'ü⁴-kei³</i>	賜給	to confer a favour, to be kind.
<i>tz'ü⁴-kuang³</i>	賜光	to bestow on.
<i>tz'ü⁴-pai³</i>	賜帛	to honor with your presence.
<i>tz'ü⁴-yen⁴</i>	賜宴	[self, "bestow silk", i. e., permission to strangle one-
<i>tz'ü⁴-yü³</i>	賜予	an imperial banquet.
<i>tz'ü⁴</i>	次	to confer, to bestow.
<i>tz'ü⁴-hsü⁴</i>	次序	second to, next in order; a time, a turn; a place.
<i>tz'ü⁴-i¹-têng³</i>	次一等	regular order, in order, arrangement.
<i>tz'ü⁴-jih⁴</i>	次日	the second quality or sort.
<i>tz'ü⁴-têng³</i>	次等	the next day.
<i>tz'ü⁴-i⁴</i>	次第	second quality.
<i>tz'ü⁴-tsao³</i>	次早	arrangements, order.
<i>tz'ü⁴-tzu³</i>	次子	next morning early.
		the second son.

- tz'ü¹-yü²
 tz'ä⁴
 tz'ü⁴-ch'a²
 tz'ü⁴-hou⁴
 tz'ü⁴-t'an¹
 tz'ü⁴
 tz'ü⁴-mei²-hua¹
- 次於
 人伺^{1222b837c}
 伺查
 伺候
 伺探
 紳東 薊^{1224a1035b}
 薊玫瑰花
- next to, next in order.
 to wait upon or for; to observe, to spy out.
 to examine (ch'a² k'ao²).
 to wait on (chih¹ ying⁴).
 to spy out, to find out.
 thorns, prickles (ching¹ chi⁴).
 the prickly rose.
- WA¹
 wa¹-ching²
 wa¹-êrh²
 wa¹-ko⁴-k'êng¹
 wa¹-k'o¹
 wa¹-k'u¹
 wa¹-k'u¹-lung²
 wa¹-miao²-tuan⁴-kên¹
 wa¹-pu¹
 wa¹-yen²-ching¹
 wa¹
 wa¹-i¹-shêng¹
 wa¹-la¹
 wa¹-t'u²
 wa¹-wa¹-t'i¹-k'u¹
 wa¹-yao²
 wa¹
- 手挖^{1225c1037a}
 挖井
 挖耳
 挖個坑
 挖刻
 挖醋
 挖窟窿
 挖苗斷根
 挖補
 挖眼睛
- to scoop, hollow out.
 to dig a well (t'ao¹ ching², -chüeh² ching²).
 to pick the ears.
 to scoop out a hole.
 to scoop out; to nag at, niggardly, miserly.
 to berate, to reprove.
 to dig or scoop a hole.
 to utterly eradicate.
 to shape a hole, so as to patch it neatly, etc.
 { to gouge the eyes out (a common practice in
 China).
- wa¹
 wa¹-i¹-shêng¹
 wa¹-la¹
 wa¹-t'u²
 wa¹-wa¹-t'i¹-k'u¹
 wa¹-yao²
 wa¹
- 口哇^{1225a1036}
 哇一聲
 哇喇
 哇吐
 哇哇的哭
 哇咬
- to retch, to vomit; a sound; lascivious songs;
 the sound of vomiting (yüeh¹).
 a sound (crying of babies).
 to spit out, to vomit.
 crying of babies.
 low songs.
- wa¹
 wa¹-kêng¹
 wa¹-ti⁴
 wa¹-tu¹
 wa¹
 wa¹-ti⁴
 wa¹-t'ien²
- 凹^{1225b623b}
 凹坑
 凹地
 凹凸
 穴窪^{1225b1036a}
 窪地
 窪田
- concave, hollow, indented; a pit.
 a pit.
 a hollow place (kêng¹ k'êng¹ wa¹ wa¹).
 concave and convex.
 low ground.
 same.
 same.
- WA²
 wa²-tzü²
 wa²-wa²
- 女娃^{1225a1036a}
 娃子
 娃娃
- a baby, babies.
 same.
 same.
- WA³
 wa³-ch'a⁴
 wa³-ch'i⁴
 wa³-chian⁴
 wa³-chuan¹
 wa³-fung²
- 瓦^{1224a1036b}
 瓦罽
 瓦器
 瓦匠
 瓦甄
 瓦房
- tiles, bricks, flags.
 fragment of pottery.
 earthenware.
 a brick layer, a brick-or tile maker.
 tiles and bricks.
 a tiled house.

wa ³ -hui ¹	瓦灰	tile-dust.
wa ³ -kuan ⁴	瓦罐	a common earthen jar.
wa ³ -lung ³	瓦隴	the ridges of tiles.
wa ³ -p'ên ²	瓦盆	an earthen bowl.
wa ³ -p'ien ⁴	瓦片	a piece of tile.
wa ³ -t'ai ¹	瓦苔	moss, etc., growing on tiles.

WA ⁴ (tzū)	衣襪	{ 襪 ^{1225c1037c}	stockings, socks
wa ⁴		{ 襪	same.
wa ⁴ -tzū ³ -ch'êng ¹ -p'o ⁴	襪子撐破		stockings burst because too tight.
wa ⁴ -tzū ³ -fei ²	襪子肥		stockings too big or wide.
wa ⁴ -tzū ³ -shou ⁴	襪子瘦		stockings too tight.

WAI ¹	止	歪 ^{1227a1037a}	crooked, distorted, twisted, irregular.
wai ¹ -chéng ⁴		歪正	slanting and upright; crooked and straight.
wai ¹ -hsin ¹ -ti ¹		歪心的	depraved.
wai ¹ -niu ³		歪扭	awry, lounging.
wai ¹ -pa ⁴ -hêng ⁴ -liang ²		歪霸橫樑	domineering, overbearing.
wai ¹ -po ² -tzū ³		歪脖子	wry-necked.
wai ¹ -tai ¹ -mao ⁴ -tzū ³		歪戴帽子	to wear one's hat awry.
wai ¹ -tsui ³		歪嘴	a distorted mouth.

WAI ³	日拭	舀 ^{1276a1076c}	to bale (as water). See yao ² .
wai ³ -shui ³		舀水	to bale out water.

WAI ⁴	夕	外 ^{1226b1037b}	outside, without, beyond; to exclude; foreign.
wai ⁴ -ch'ei ⁴		外氣	unfriendly, unsocial.
wai ⁴ -ch'iang ² -chung ¹	[jo ⁴]	外強中弱	outwardly strong, but inwardly weak.
wai ⁴ -chiao ¹ -ti ¹ -jên ²		外教的人	a non-convert.
wai ⁴ -chuan ⁴		外篆	your name?
wai ⁴ -hang ²		外行	not an expert, an amateur (chū ² wai ⁴).
wai ⁴ -hao ⁴		外號	a nick-name (ch'o ⁴ hao ⁴ , hun ⁴ ming ²).
wai ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -jên ²		外鄉人	belong to another region.
wai ⁴ -hsin ¹		外心	disaffection, estrangement.
wai ⁴ -hsing ⁴		外姓	of a different surname.
wai ⁴ -hua ⁴		外話	slang.
wai ⁴ -jên ²		外人	an outsider, one not belonging to the family, etc.
wai ⁴ -kan ³ -fêng ¹ -han ²		外感風寒	to be exposed to cold and wind.
wai ⁴ -k'o ¹		外科	a surgeon (nei ⁴ k'o ¹).
wai ⁴ -kua ⁴		外褂	an outer coat.
wai ⁴ -kuo ²		外國	a foreign country.
wai ⁴ -kuo ² -lai ¹ -ti ¹		外國來的	come from abroad.
wai ⁴ -kung ¹		外公	a maternal grandfather.

wai ⁴ -lien ² -kuan ¹	外官	the officials outside the examination hall.
wai ⁴ -mao ⁴	外貌	external appearance.
wai ⁴ -mien ⁴	外面	the outside, the outer surface.
wai ⁴ -pien ¹	外邊	the outside.
wai ⁴ -shên ⁴	外腎	the testicles.
wai ⁴ -shên ⁴ -chung ³ -ta ⁴	外腎腫大	swelled testicles (<i>orchitis</i> or <i>hernia humoralis</i>).
wai ⁴ -shêng ¹	外甥	a sister's son, a nephew.
wai ⁴ -shêng ¹ -nü ³	外甥女	a sister's daughter, a niece.
wai ⁴ -shêng ³	外省	provinces other than that of the speaker.
wai ⁴ -sun ¹	外孫	a daughter's child.
wai ⁴ -tao ⁴	外道	an outsider, one belonging to another sect, etc.
wai ⁴ -t'ao ⁴	外套	an overcoat, an outer wrapper.
wai ⁴ -to ⁴	外舵	to starboard the helm (right) (li ³ to ⁴).
wai ⁴ -t'ou ³	外頭	outside; a husband.
wai ⁴ -ts'ui ³	外財	illegitimate gain.
wai ⁴ -tsu ³	外祖	a maternal grandfather.
wai ⁴ -tsu ³ -mu ³	外祖母	a maternal grandmother.
wai ⁴ -wei ³	外委	a sergeant or corporal.
wai ⁴ -wu ⁴	外務	outside one's calling.
wai ⁴ -wu ⁴ -pu ⁴	外務部	Foreign Office, in Peking.

WAN ¹	刀	剗 ¹ 228c1038a	to cut, to pare, to carve, to engrave.
wan ¹ -hsiao ¹		剗	to scrape.
wan ¹ -pu ³		剗	to shape a hole, so as to patch it neatly, etc.
wan ¹ -ti ⁴		剗	to dig or hoe the ground.
wan ¹ -ts'ai ⁴		剗	to cut up vegetables by the root.
wan ¹ -t'u ³		剗	to dig up earth for other purposes than tillage.
wan ¹ -yen ³		剗	brutal, gouge eyes (wa ¹ yen ³ ching ¹).
wan ¹ (tzü)	水	灣 ¹ 229b1038a	a bay; to anchor (po ⁴).
wan ¹ -ch'uan ³		灣	to lie at anchor.
wan ¹ -ch'il ³		灣	crooked and straight.
wan ¹ -ch'ih ³		灣	a square (carpenter's, etc.).
wan ¹ -cho ²		灣	to anchor, anchored.
wan ¹	弓	彎 ¹ 229b1038a	curved, bending, winding; to bend.
wan ¹ -ch'ü ¹		彎	same.
wan ¹ -ch'ü ¹ -ti ¹ -lu ⁴		彎	a winding road (chuan ⁴ wan ⁴ mo ⁴ chiao ¹).
wan ¹ -kung ¹		彎	to bend a bow.
wan ¹ -kuo ⁴ -lai ²		彎	to crook, to bend (wo ¹ kuo ⁴ lai ²).
wan ¹ -po ² -la ¹ -pa ¹		彎	a ram's horn trumpet.
wan ¹ -wan ¹ -ch'ü ¹ -ch'ü ¹		彎	very winding or crooked.
wan ¹ -yao ¹		彎	to stoop, to bend the waist, hunch-backed.
wan ⁴	豆	豌 ¹ 229b1038b	the garden pea.
wan ⁴ -lou ⁴		豌	the pea.

wan¹ (tsǔ)巾 幌^{1228c1038b} remnants in tailoring.WAN²→ 完^{1228a246b}wan²-chéng³

完整 1228a246b to finish, to end, done. M. 275.

wan²-ch'éng³

完成 complete.

wan²-chieh³

完結 completed.

wan²-ch'in¹

完結親 to complete, settled, wound up.

wan²-ch'üan²完親 to complete a marriage. [ch'üan²].wan²-huan¹完全 complete, completed; preserved-entire (yüan²).wan²-jên²

完婚 to consummate a marriage.

wan²-ku⁴

完人 a complete man.

wan²-kung¹

完固 strong and well made.

wan²-liang²

完工 to finish a job.

wan²-liang²完糧 to pay taxes (na⁴ liang²).wan²-pei¹

完糧 完草 pay taxes in money and kind.

wan²-pei¹

完備 fully prepared, finished, ready.

wan²-pi⁴完畢 to bring an affair to an end (liao³ shih⁴).wan²-shih⁴

完事 same.

wan²-shu⁴完數 to settle an account (suan⁴ chang⁴).wan²-shui⁴完稅 to pay duties (ch'on¹ shui⁴).wan²-yin²-liang²

完銀糧 to pay taxes.

wan²玉 玩^{1227c1039e} a precious stone; to play, trifle; childish.wan²-ch'í¹

玩器 playthings, toys, curios.

wan²-ch'iao³

玩巧 to perform clever tricks.

wan²-ching²玩景 to enjoy the scenery (ching³ chin⁴).wan²-érh²

玩兒 play.

wan²-hsi⁴

玩戲 to play, to romp.

wan²-hsiao⁴

玩笑 to quiz.

wan²-hua⁴

玩話 jesting.

wan²-i¹-rh²

玩意兒 playthings, toys; amusement, play.

wan²-jên²-sang¹-té²

玩人喪德 by trifling with men he ruins their virtue.

wan²-ning⁴

玩弄 to play or trifle with.

wan²-pa¹-hsi⁴

玩把戲 sleight of hand man.

wan²-p'iao¹

玩票 amateurs.

wan²-pu⁴-té²

玩不得 not to be fooled with.

wan²-shang³

玩賞 to amuse, to admire.

wan²-shé¹-huo³

玩社火 calithumpians, etc

wan²-shua³

玩耍 to play, to trifle, to pass the time in amusements.

wan²-shua³-rh²玩耍兒 same (hsi⁴ t'an²).wan²-so³

玩索 to like practise, to study.

wan²-t'ou²

玩頭 amusement, entertainment.

wan²-t'un²

玩童 a boy, a child (depreciatory of one's pupil).

wan²-wu⁴

玩物 playthings, toys.

wan²-wu⁴-sang¹-chih⁴

玩物喪志 by playthings, he ruins his aims.

- wan² 丸^{1231a246c} a pill; anything round.
 wan²-san⁴-kao¹-tan¹ 丸散膏丹 pills, powders, plasters and boluses.
 wan²-tzu³ 丸 子 pills; balls of meat, dough, etc.
 wan² yao⁴ 丸 藥 pills.
 wan² 頁 頑^{1227c1038a} to play, to trifle; thick-headed, silly.
 wan²-lu⁴ 頑 戶 an obstinate or slippery fellow.
 wan²-k'ing³ 頑 梗 obstinate (chan¹ chih²).
 wan²-ku⁴-tang³ 頑 固 黨 the conservative party.
 wan²-lieh⁴ 頑 劣 good for nothing.
 wan²-p' i² 頑 疲 mischievous; obstinate (tiao⁴ p' i²).
 wan²-shih² 頑 石 fancy stoneware.
- WAN² 日 晚^{1230a1038c} evening, late; too late.
 wan²-chien¹ 晚 間 in the evening.
 wan²-chuan¹-chia¹ 晚 莊 稼 the second crop.
 wan²-fan⁴ 晚 飯 supper.
 wan²-hsia² 晚 霞 a bright evening sky, red sky at sunset.
 wan²-hsiang¹ yü⁴ 晚 香 玉 "evening fragrant jade", the tuberose.
 wan¹ hun¹ 晚 婚 a widow marrying again.
 wan²-lai²-i¹-t'ien¹ 晚 來 一 天 to come a day late.
 wan²-lai²-li¹ 晚 來 的 late comer; a widow marrying again.
 wan²-liao³ 晚 了 late (ch'ih² liao³).
 wan²-nien² 晚 年 old age (shou⁴).
 wan²-pei¹ 晚 輩 juniors, inferiors.
 wan²-shang⁴ 晚 上 in the evening, at night (yeh⁴ li³).
 wan²-sheng¹ 晚 生 juniors, inferiors, I, my.
 wan² 手 挽^{1229c1039a} to bend, to force round; to pull, to lead, to draw.
 wan²-fu² 挽 扶 to support.
 wan²-hsiu⁴ 挽 袖 to roll up the sleeves.
 wan²-hui² 挽 回 to draw back; to alter, to restore.
 wan²-ko⁴-chi⁴-rh² 挽 個 髻 兒 to make up the hair into knot.
 wan²-kung¹ 挽 弓 to draw a bow (la¹ kung¹).
 wan²-liu³ 挽 留 to detain by gentle force.
 wan²-shui²-tsuan³ 挽 水 鑽 Taoist style of hairdressing.
 wan² 宛^{1228b1136c} yielding, bending down, crooked; as if See [yüan².
 wan²-chuan³ 宛 轉 accommodating, yielding, complying; to search.
 wan²-jan² 宛 然 as if; according to.
 wan²-jung² 宛 容 a mild pleasing countenance.
 wan² 女 婉^{1344a1136c} yielding, complaisant.
 wan²-chuan³ 婉 轉 specious, roundabout.
 wan²-jung² 婉 容 a mild pleasing countenance.
 wan²-mien³ 婉 婉 yielding, flattering, complaisant.
 wan²-nü³ 婉 女 a yielding complaisant woman.

- wan³ 石 碗 盥 碗 1229a.1039b a basin, bowl or cup (pei¹). [general.
 wan³-chan³-pei¹-p'an² 碗 盞 杯 盤 bowls, cups, glasses and plates, crockery in
 wan³-chan³-tich²-tzü³ 碗 盞 碟 子 bowls, cups and plates.
- WAN¹: 艸 万 萬 1230b.1040a ten thousand, an indefinitely large number.
 wan¹-fui³-kuei¹-tsung¹ 萬 法 歸 宗 all law is resolved into one source.
 wan⁴ fu² 萬 福 innumerable blessings; a woman's salutation.
 wan⁴ hao³ 萬 好 very good.
 wan⁴-hsing¹ 萬 幸 immense felicity.
 wan⁴-hua¹ t'un y³ 萬 花 筒 a kaleidoscope.
 wan⁴-i¹ 萬 一 just a possibility.
 wan⁴-jên²-k êny¹ 萬 人 坑 burial place of criminals.
 wan⁴-ku³ 萬 古 from remotest antiquity.
 wan⁴-ku³-ch'ien¹-ch'iu¹ 萬 古 千 秋 all antiquity.
 wan⁴-ku³-lin²-jiny¹ 萬 古 流 芳 may his fame last a myriad ages.
 wan⁴-kuai¹ lin²-h'ih² 萬 剛 凌 遲 the slicing process (a punishment) (ling³ ch'ih²).
 wan⁴ kuan⁴-chün¹-ch'an³ 萬 貫 家 產 a very rich man.
 wan⁴-kuan⁴-chün¹-ts'ai² 萬 貫 家 財 a very wealthy family.
 wa⁴-kuo²-chiu¹-chou¹ 萬 國 九 州 the world.
 wan⁴-kuo²-lui² ch'ao² 萬 國 來 朝 all nations come to court.
 wan⁴-kuo²-t'u² 萬 國 圖 map of the world.
 wan⁴ li²-ch'an y²-ch'êng y² 萬 里 長 城 the great wall of China.
 wan⁴ min² 萬 民 the masses.
 wan⁴-min²-i¹-san³ 萬 民 衣 傘 clothing and umbrellas given popular officials.
 wan⁴-mien²-ch'ing¹ 萬 年 青 evergreen.
 wan⁴-mien²-li¹ 萬 年 曆 a perpetual calendar.
 wan⁴-mien²-pai³ 萬 年 柏 evergreen cypress.
 wan⁴-o¹-t'ao¹-t'ien¹ 萬 惡 滔 天 outrageously wicked.
 wan⁴-pan¹-yu¹-li³ 萬 般 有 理 everything has a principle.
 wan⁴-pao³-ch'üan² 萬 寶 全 all sorts of valuables complete.
 wan⁴-pei¹ 萬 倍 ten thousand fold.
 wan⁴-pu⁴ 萬 不 not on any account.
 wan⁴-pu⁴-k'o³ 萬 不 可 on no account.
 wan⁴-pu⁴-nêng² 萬 不 能 on no account able to.
 wan⁴-pu⁴-tê²-i³ 萬 不 得 已 to be obliged.
 wan⁴-shih⁴ 萬 事 "the myriad affairs", everything.
 wan⁴-shou⁴ 萬 壽 everlasting old age.
 wan⁴-shou⁴-kung¹ 萬 壽 宮 a hall dedicated to the Emperor.
 wan⁴-shou⁴-shan¹ 萬 壽 山 name of a mount and pleasure garden near Peking.
 wan⁴-sui⁴ 萬 歲 a myriad years; the Emperor.
 wan⁴-sui⁴-yeh² 萬 歲 爺 "lord of ten thousand years"; the Emperor.
 wan⁴-wan⁴-pu⁴-k'o³ 萬 萬 不 可 {you must not on any account do it (tuan⁴ hu¹
 (pu⁴ k'o³).

wan ⁴ -wu ² -i ² -shih ¹	萬無一失	not one failure in ten thousand, perfectly safe, etc.
wan ⁴ -wu ⁴	萬物	"the myriad things", all things in creation
wan ⁴ -wu ⁴ -chih ¹ -ling ²	萬物之靈	the most intelligent of all things.
wan ⁴	手挽	to turn, to twist.
wan ⁴ -ko ⁴ -tsuan ² -rh ²	挽個纂兒	to twist up the back hair (of a woman). [tzū ²].
wan ⁴ -pien ⁴ tzū ²	挽辮子	to twist the pigtail round the head (p'an ² pien ⁴)
wan ⁴ -shan ⁴	挽上腕	to twist up.
wan ⁴ (tzū) 肉臂	腕	the wrist; the ankle, a flexible joint.

WANG ¹	水汪	1032b1043a wide and deep, vast; a lake, a pond.
wang ¹ -shui ²	汪水	a vast expanse of water.
wang ¹ -yang ²	汪洋	the open sea.

WANG ²	王	1031b1043b a prince, a king.
wang ² -chüeh ¹	王爵	rank of a prince, princely rank.
wang ² -fa ²	王法	laws, royal laws.
wang ² -fei ¹	王妃	a prince's concubine.
wang ² -fu ²	王府	a king's palace.
wang ² -hou ²	王侯	princes and earls, nobility.
wang ² -hua ¹	王化	laws.
wang ² -kua ¹	王瓜	the cucumber.
wang ² -kung ¹	王公	princes and dukes, nobility.
wang ² -ming ¹	王命	royal authority, power of life and death.
wang ² -pa ¹	*王八	a bastard (term of abuse;) a tortoise (pieh ¹ , [kuei ¹].
wang ² -pa ¹ -kao ¹ -tzū ²	王八羔子	a bastard (young).
wang ² -pa ¹ -tan ¹	王八蛋	same (reviling).
wang ² -pa ¹ -lou ²	王八頭	a cuckold.
wang ² -shé ²	王蛇	the boa constrictor (mang ² shé ²).
wang ² -shih ⁴ tzū ²	王世子	the son of a prince or king.
wang ² -sun ¹	王孫	the grandson of a prince; a sprig of nobility.
wang ² -tso ³	王佐	a minister of state.
wang ² -tzū ²	王子	a prince, a king.
wang ² -w ¹	王位	the rank of a king.
wang ² -yel ²	王爺	a prince, a king.
wang ²	亡	1233a1044a [dead, to die, to perish; lost; forgotten; run away; a runaway, fugitive, an exile.
wang ² -jén ²	亡人	dead.
wang ² -ku ¹	亡故	dead.
wang ² -kno ² -pai ⁴ -chia ¹	亡國敗家	the State is ruined.
wang ² -kno ⁴	亡過	dead.
wang ² -ming ⁴ -t'u ²	亡命徒	a ruffian ready for any crime.
wang ² -mu ²	亡沒	to die, to perish.
wang ² -yang ²	亡羊	a lost sheep.

WANG ³	彳 往	往 ^{1232c1044b}	to go towards, towards, to ; past and gone.
wang ³ -ch'ang ³		往常	hitherto, usual.
wang ³ -ch'ien ³		往前	to go forward.
wang ³ -che ³ -pu ¹ -chui ¹		往者不追	let bygones be bygones.
wang ³ -fun ³		往返	to go and come, going and coming.
wang ³ -fu ⁴		往復	same.
wang ³ -hao ³ -li ³ -hsiao ³		往好裏學	reform, study to do good.
wang ³ -hou ⁴		往後	to go behind, hereafter.
wang ³ -hou ⁴ -t'ou ² -tsou ³		往後頭走	same.
wang ³ -hsi ²		往昔	formerly.
wang ³ -hsia ⁴		往下	henceforth.
wang ³ -hui ² -li ³ -tsou ³		往回裏走	to start on return journey.
wang ³ -ku ³		往古	of old, in ancient times.
wang ³ -lai ³		往來	to go and come, to and fro ; correspondence.
wang ³ -lai ² -han ² -jé ¹		往來寒熱	"going and coming of cold and heat", fever and
wang ³ -li ³ -kuan ⁴ -shui ³		往裏灌水	water gets into it. [ague.
wang ³ -na ³ -rh ² -ch'ü ¹		往那兒去	where are you going ?
wang ³ -na ³ -rh ² -ch'ü ⁴		往那兒去	I am going there.
wang ³ -nien ²		往年	last year, in former years.
wang ³ -shang ⁴ -chuang ⁴		往上撞	nausea, eructations.
wang ³ -shih ⁴		往世	ages past and gone ; to go from the world, to die.
wang ³ -wang ³		往往	repeatedly, frequently, always, constantly.
wang ³	木 枉	枉 ^{1232b1044c}	crooked, perverted ; oppressed ; useless, in vain, to expend in vain.
wang ³ -fei ⁴		枉費	a waste of trouble or thought (or 心機 ¹).
wang ³ -fei ⁴ -hsin ¹ -ssü ¹		枉費心思	useless, of no avail, in vain.
wang ³ -jan ³		枉然	to force to make a vow.
wang ³ -shih ¹ -yüan ⁴		枉誓願	to do in vain (t'u ² jan ²)
wang ³ -tso ⁴		枉作	a net ; confounded ; stopped ; not, without.
wang ³	网 罔	罔 ^{1234b1044c}	undecided, useless, in vain (t'u ² jan ²).
wang ³ -jan ³		罔然	no forgiveness.
wang ³ -shé ⁴		罔赦	don't speak of it ; in vain to speak of it.
wang ³ -t'an ²		罔談	don't listen to it ; useless to listen.
wang ³ -wên ³		罔聞	a net, a web.
wang ³ (t'zŭ)	系 網	網 ^{1234c1045a}	a net, net work on the top of a sedan, etc.
wang ³ -lo ⁴		網絡	felloe of a wheel. See ch'e ¹ .
wang ³	車 輞	輞 ^{1234c1045a}	
WANG ⁴	女 妄	妄 ^{1233a1045b}	incoherent ; irregular ; false.
wang ⁴ -chéng ⁴		妄証	false evidence.
wang ⁴ -ch'ü ³		妄取	to steal ; to purloin, to "squeeze," to "cabbage."
wang ⁴ -hsiang ³		妄想	disorderly thoughts, to indulge in vain hopes,
wang ⁴ -jén ²		妄人	a brutish person.
wang ⁴ -kao ⁴		妄告	to accuse falsely (wu ¹ kao ⁴).

wang ⁴ -mao ⁴	妄	冒	deception; to assume name falsely.
wang ⁴ -sha ¹	妄	殺	to put to death unjustly.
wang ⁴ -tan ⁴	妄	誕	unfounded stories, lies (yao ³ yen ²).
wang ⁴ -tso ⁴	妄	作	to act disorderly.
wang ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -kao ¹ -ta ⁴	妄	自大	wildly arrogant.
wang ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -tsun ¹ -ta ⁴	妄	自尊大	to wildly boast of one's self.
wang ⁴ -wei ²	妄	爲	disorderly behaviour, improper conduct. [mind.
wang ⁴	心	忘	to forget; to be lost; disregarded; absence of
wang ⁴ -chi ⁴		忘	to forget.
wang ⁴ -ên ¹		忘	to forget kindness, ungrateful, ingratitude.
wang ⁴ -ên ¹ -shih ¹ -i ⁴		忘恩	ungrateful (for shih may use 負).
wang ⁴ -hsing ⁴ -êrh ² -ta ⁴		忘性	"forgetter" great.
wang ¹ -liao ³ -ch'ih ¹ -fun ⁴		忘了吃	forgot to eat food.
wang ⁴ -pa ¹		忘	a bastard. See Note 95.
wang ⁴ -pên ³		忘	to forget the source; ungrateful.
wang ⁴ -pu ¹ -hsia ⁴		忘	cannot forget.
wang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -liao ³		忘	unable to forget, I will not forget.
wang ¹	月	望	to look towards, to hope, to expect; towards.
wang ¹ -ch'ang ² -ch'ü ³		望	expecting permanent continuance.
wang ¹ -ch'ü ³	[yüan ³	望	I beg, I entreat, I trust, etc.
wang ⁴ -chien ⁴		望	to look towards, to be visible.
wang ⁴ -hou ⁴ -wang ⁴ -hou ⁴		望	to visit, to wait upon.
wang ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -t'ui ³		望	View-Home Tower in Hades,
wang ⁴ -jih ⁴		望	the 15th of the moon.
wang ⁴ -jih ⁴ -lien ²		望	the sun-flower (hsiang ⁴ jih ⁴ k'uei ³).
wang ¹ -k'ung ¹ -p u ¹ -yin ³		望	vain effort.
wang ⁴ -liu ⁴		望	nearly sixty years of age. [mouth water.
wang ⁴ -mei ² -chih ³ -k'o ³		望	to quench thirst by looking at sour plum to make
wang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chien ⁴		望	unable to see, out of sight (chien ⁴ pu ⁴ cho ²).
wang ⁴ -pu ¹ -tao ⁴		望	cannot see that far.
wang ¹ -yüan ³		望	to look to a distance.
wang ¹ -yüeh ³		望	the full moon.
wang ⁴	日	旺	brilliancy, great success, prosperous.
wang ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		旺	healthy (of a child).
wang ¹ -t'ü ⁴		旺	a prosperous place (hsing ¹ wang ⁴).
wang ¹ -yün ⁴		旺	good fortune, great luck.
WEI ¹	女	威	majestic, dignified, stern, severe.
wei ¹ -ch'üan ²		威	authority, power.
wei ¹ -fêng ¹		威	grandeur, majesty, majestic, stately, pompous
wei ¹ -hsia ⁴		威	to browbeat (hsia ⁴ here pronounced ho ⁴).
wei ¹ -i ²		威	a dignified manner.
wei ¹ -lieh ⁴		威	majestic, terrible.

<i>wei¹-méng³</i>	威猛		fierce, ferocious.
<i>wei¹-pi¹</i>	威逼		to browbeat, to tyrannize.
<i>wei¹-shih⁴</i>	威勢		pomp, state, grandeur, splendour, majesty.
<i>wei¹-wu³</i>	威武		martial, military-looking.
<i>wei¹-yen²</i>	威嚴		grave, gravity, stern, severe.
<i>wei¹</i>	衛	1241b1050b	trifling, minute; a little, rather, slightly; ab-
<i>wei¹-chien⁴</i>	微賤		an inferior position or condition.
<i>wei¹-ching⁴</i>	微敬		a trifling present.
<i>wei¹-fêng¹</i>	微風		a light breeze.
<i>wei¹-hsiao⁴</i>	微笑		a smile, to smile.
<i>wei¹-hu¹</i>	微乎		a little, rather.
<i>wei¹-jo⁴</i>	微弱		sickly, feeble.
<i>wei¹-li⁴</i>	微利		trifling or small profit.
<i>wei¹-miao⁴</i>	微妙		abstruse, minute.
<i>wei¹-ming²</i>	微名		of little repute.
<i>wei¹-mo⁴</i>	微末		very small.
<i>wei¹-pien⁴</i>	微辯		to insinuate; to criticise; to satirize.
<i>wei¹-wu⁴</i>	微物		an insignificant thing.
<i>wei¹</i>	人	1238c1047b	to hug.
<i>wei¹-chin⁴</i>	偎近		to hug closely.
<i>wei¹</i>	山	1240a1050b	high, lofty, eminent.

WEI²	韋	1237b1049a	to oppose; to delay; to relinquish; perverse.
<i>wei²-li³</i>	違理		to go against reason or right.
<i>wei²-li⁴</i>	違例		to disobey the laws, contrary to law.
<i>wei²-ling⁴</i>	違令		to disobey an order.
<i>wei²-man⁴</i>	違慢		to disobey (wu ³ ni ⁴)
<i>wei²-ming⁴</i>	違命		to disobey an order.
<i>wei²-niu¹</i>	違拗		perversely disobedient, to oppose.
<i>wei²-pei¹</i>	違悖		same.
<i>wei²-pei⁴</i>	違背		to oppose, to disobey.
<i>wei²-pi⁴</i>	違避		to avoid, to abscond
<i>wei²</i>	圍	1236b1048b	to surround, to besiege; to guard; to limit.
<i>wei²-ch'ang²</i>	圍場		Imperial Hunting Reserves. G. 436.
<i>wei²-ch'êng²</i>	圍城		a surrounding wall; to besiege a city.
<i>wei²-ch'i²</i>	圍棋		chess (played with 360 pieces).
<i>wei²-ch'iang²</i>	圍牆		a surrounding wall.
<i>wei²-cho¹</i>	圍桌		hangings round a table.
<i>wei²-cho²</i>	圍着		surrounded, beset.
<i>wei²-chu⁴</i>	圍住		to surround.
<i>wei²-jiao⁴</i>	圍繞		to warp round, to environ, to besiege.
<i>wei²-kua⁴</i>	圍掛		table hangings.
<i>wei²-k'un⁴</i>	圍困		to besiege, to invest a place, to hem in.

wei²-kuo³
 wei²-lieh⁴
 wei²-p'ing³
 wei²-tzū³
 wei²-yao¹-rh³
 wei²
 wei²-chi³
 wei²-ch'u⁴
 wei²-hsien³
 wei²-pang¹-pu⁴-ju⁴
 wei²-ping⁴
 wei²-tai⁴
 wei²-tso⁴
 wei²-tu³
 wei²-wang³
 wei²-yen³

圍 裹
 圍 臘
 圍 屏
 圍 子
 圍 腰兒
 卍 危^{1242a1050a}
 危 急
 危 處
 危 險
 危 邦 不 入
 危 病
 危 殆
 危 坐
 危 篤
 危 亡
 危 言

to wrap round, to invest.
 to hunt (ta³ lieh⁴).
 folding screen.
 a wall, ramparts, hood of a cart.
 cholera belt.
 dangerous, imminent, danger, to endanger.
 hazardous, dangerous.
 a dangerous place.
 danger, peril.
 do not go into a disturbed country.
 a dangerous illness.
 very hazardous or dangerous.
 to sit indifferent to anything, uncomfortable.
 imminently dangerous; dangerously ill.
 dead.
 to point out danger; death-bed words, etc.

wei² 爪 洩 爲 1235a1047c

wei²-chao⁴-hui⁴-shih⁴
 wei²-che⁴-ko⁴
 wei²-ch'ên²-chin⁴-chung¹
 wei²-ch'ên²-pu⁴-i¹
 wei²-cho³
 wei²-chi³
 wei²-chün¹-nan³
 wei²-fei¹-tso³-tai³
 wei²-ho³
 wei²-hsiao³
 wei²-jan³
 wei²-jên³
 wei²-kuan¹-ti¹
 wei²-li⁴
 wei²-liao³
 wei²-o⁴
 wei²-pu⁴-cho³
 wei²-shan⁴
 wei²-chan⁴-tsuì¹ lê¹
 wei²-shên²-mo¹
 wei²-ti³-shih⁴
 wei²-tsuì³-shang¹-shên¹
 wei²-tzū³-chin⁴-hsiao⁴
 wei²-wu³
 wei²

爲 照 會 事
 爲 這 箇
 爲 臣 盡 忠
 爲 臣 不 易
 爲 着
 爲 己
 爲 君 難
 爲 非 作 歹
 爲 何
 爲 學
 爲 然
 爲 人
 爲 官 的
 爲 利
 爲 了
 爲 惡
 爲 不 着
 爲 善
 爲 善 最 樂
 爲 甚 麼
 爲 的 是
 爲 嘴 傷 身
 爲 子 盡 孝
 爲 伍
 禾 維 1242c1049c

{ to do, to be (2 and 4); to make; for, because
 of. M. 198.

because or in the matter of communication
 on account of this. [(official).
 as minister, be wholly loyal.
 to be a minister is not easy.
 same as 爲 alone.
 for one's self.
 to be a king is difficult.
 to act wickedly.
 why? wherefore? for what reason?
 to study.
 because, on account of, etc.
 to act as a man: on account of others.
 officials.
 for gain.
 same as 爲 alone.
 to do evil.
 can't do.
 to do good.
 to be virtuous is very pleasing.
 why? on what account?
 because, on account of (what follows).
 suffers for gluttony.
 as a son, be wholly filial.
 to form acquaintance.
 to tie, to bind, to connect; to help; important.

<i>wei²-ch'ih³</i>	維持		to help ; to consider important.
<i>wei²-hsi⁴</i>	維繫		to tie, to fasten, to connect.
<i>wei²-hsin¹-tang³</i>	維新黨		the "Reform" party.
<i>wei²-wang³</i>	維網		a net.
<i>wei²</i>	心惟	1242c1049b	to consider ; to have ; to be ; but. M. 441.
<i>wei²-k'ung³</i>	惟恐		I fear, lest perchance,
<i>wei²-shih⁴</i>	惟是		then it is.
<i>wei²-t'a¹-shih⁴-wên⁴</i>	惟他是問		he alone is responsible.
<i>wei²-tu³</i>	惟獨		the exception, only.
<i>wei²-yu³</i>	惟有		there is only, etc.
<i>wei²</i>	巾帷	1242b1049a	a curtain, a tent (chang ⁴).
<i>wei²-chang⁴</i>	帷帳		curtains.
<i>wei²-mu⁴</i>	帷幕		a screen.
<i>wei²-p'ing³</i>	帷屏		same.
<i>wei²</i>	門闈	1237c1049a	doors of the palace
<i>wei²-hsing⁴</i>	闈姓		lottery on names of successful candidates.
<i>wei²-mên²</i>	闈門		door of harem, palace or temple.
<i>wei²</i>	木桅	1242a1050a	a mast.
<i>wei²-kan¹</i>	桅杆		same.
<i>wei²</i>	巾幃	1236c1049a	a perfume bag ; curtains.
<i>wei²-man⁴</i>	幃幔		curtains.
<i>wei²</i>	韋韋	1236b1048b	dressed leather.
<i>wei²-t'o²</i>	韋陀		the Védas.
WEI³	女委	1239a1051b	to bend down ; to depute, to send.
<i>wei²-ch'ü¹</i>	委曲		crooked ; oppression, grievance, hardship.
<i>wei²-ch'ü¹</i>	委屈		injustice, wrong, grievance (ch'ü ¹ wang ³).
<i>wei²-ch'ü⁴</i>	委去		to send away.
<i>wei²-ch'ü⁴-wan³-chuan³</i>	委曲婉轉		to devise some plan to accomplish it.
<i>wei²-jên²</i>	委人		to entrust to a person.
<i>wei²-lin²-fêng¹</i>	委鄰封		to send a neighboring official to.
<i>wei²-p'ai⁴-pieh³-jên²</i>	委派別人		to send another man in your place.
<i>wei²-pan⁴</i>	委辦		to depute a person to manage.
<i>wei²-shu¹</i>	委輸		to present ; to depute ; to send a present.
<i>wei²-tun⁴</i>	委頓		to be ruined.
<i>wei²-wan³</i>	委婉		soft, winning, insinuating.
<i>wei²-yüan²</i>	委員		to depute an officer ; the officer deputed.
<i>wei²</i>	尸尾	1243b1051a	the tail, the end ; small, petty. See i ² .
<i>wei²-chien¹</i>	尾姦		unnatural crime ; sodomy.
<i>wei²-hou⁴</i>	尾後		afterwards, behind.
<i>wei²-hsin²</i>	尾宿		the constellation Scorpio.
<i>wei² lai²</i>	尾來		to come last.
<i>wei²-mo⁴</i>	尾末		the fag end of anything.

wei ³ -shu ⁴	尾數	1239c1047c	outstanding accounts.
wei ³	艸		plants drooping; diseased; contracted; rotten.
wei ³ -chüeh ³	萎絕		decayed; exterminated.
wei ³ -mu ⁴	萎木		decayed wood (hsi ³ mu ⁴).
wei ³	人	1236b1051c	great, remarkable, extraordinary, surprising,
wei ³ jên ³	偉人		a remarkable person (k'uei ² wei ³).
wei ³ -ta ⁴	偉大		great, remarkable.
wei ³	艸	1237b1051c	reeds (lu ²).
wei ³ -hsi ³	葦		mats made of reeds.
wei ³ -li ⁴	葦笠		a coarse conical rain hat.
wei ³ -lien ³	葦簾		a reed screen hanging down.
wei ³ -lu ³	葦蘆		reeds (lu ² wei ³).
wei ³ -po ⁴	葦箔		a reed mat for temporary walls, etc.
wei ³	言	1239c302c	retract, excuse (t'ui ¹ wei ³).

WEI ⁴	木	未	1243c1052c	not, not yet, not now; 1 to 3 p.m.; the 6th moon.
wei ⁴ -ch'ang ³		未嘗		not in any case, never.
wei ⁴ -ch'ang ³ -pu ⁴ -k'o ³		未嘗不可		it is allowable, no objection to.
wei ⁴ -ch'eng ³		未成		not yet completed.
wei ⁴ -chien ⁴		未見		not seen.
wei ⁴ -chi ¹ -ssü ³ -huo ³		未知死活		I don't know whether dead or alive.
wei ⁴ -ch'ü ³ -ch'i ¹ -ti ¹		未娶妻的		not yet married, a bachelor (kuan ⁴ kun ⁴).
wei ⁴ -hsiang ³		未詳		not clearly explained.
wei ⁴ -jan ³		未然		not so.
wei ⁴ -ju ⁴ -liu ³		未入流		[note. "not entered the stream," unclassified, of little
wei ⁴ -k'o ³		未可		not yet suitable.
wei ⁴ -k'o ³ -chi ¹		未可知		not proper to know; cannot know.
wei ⁴ -la ³		未來		not yet come.
wei ⁴ -mien ³		未免		could not avoid.
wei ⁴ -pi ⁴		未必		improbable, perhaps not.
wei ⁴ -pi ⁴ -chien ⁴ -ch'i ¹		未必見其		not very likely, dubious.
wei ⁴ -pi ⁴ -jan ³		未必然		not certain, not necessarily.
wei ⁴ -shih ³		未時		1 to 3 o'clock p.m.
wei ⁴ -ling ⁴		未定		unresolved, uncertain.
wei ⁴ -ts'eng ³		未會		not yet, not so; unable; have not.
wei ⁴ -wên ³		未聞		not yet heard.
wei ⁴ -yu ³		未有		not yet in existence, have not, is not.
wei ⁴ -yüeh ⁴		未月		the sixth month. See Note 32.
wei ⁴	人	偽	1236a1055a	false, counterfeit, hypocritical.
wei ⁴ -cha ⁴		偽詐		to deceive, deceit.
wei ⁴ -ch'ien ³		偽錢		counterfeit money.
wei ⁴ -shên ³		偽神		a false god.
wei ⁴ -tsao ⁴ -ti ¹		偽造的		counterfeit, false.

wei ⁴ -tso ⁴		偽做	1238b1054b	to counterfeit.
wei ⁴	田	畏		to fear, to dread; awe; care
wei ⁴ -ch'ieh ⁴		畏怯		timorous, cowardly.
wei ⁴ -chü ⁴		畏懼		fear, dread; to be alarmed (chü ⁴ p'a ⁴).
wei ⁴ -ching ⁴		畏敬		to venerate, to reverence
wei ⁴ -i ³		畏疑		dread and suspicion.
wei ⁴ -nan ² -kou ⁴ -an ¹		畏難苟安		fearing difficulty, indulge in ease.
wei ⁴ -p'a ⁴		畏怕		fear, dread.
wei ⁴ -shou ³ -wei ⁴ -wei ³		畏首畏尾		excessively timid.
wei ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -ming ⁴		畏天命		fear Heaven's decree.
wei ⁴ -tsui ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -chin ⁴		畏罪自盡		commit suicide from fear of punishment.
wei ⁴ -wu ⁴		畏惡		to dread and abominate.
wei ⁴	食喂	餵	1239c1054b	to feed animals.
wei ⁴		餵		same.
wei ⁴ -hai ³ -tzü ³		餵孩子		to feed a child.
wei ⁴ -liao ³ -mei ³ -yu ³		餵了沒有		are they (the animals) fed? etc.
wei ⁴ -ma ³		餵馬		to feed a horse.
wei ⁴ -niu ³		餵牛		to feed a cow.
wei ⁴ -pao ³ -liao ³		餵飽了		feed full.
wei ⁴ -shêng ¹ -k'ou ³		餵牲口		to feed animals.
wei ⁴ -yang ³		餵養		to feed.
wei ⁴	口	味	1244a1053a	taste, relish, any flavour; to relish.
wei ⁴ -chi ² -hao ³		味極好		flavour extremely good.
wei ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		味氣		taste, flavour.
wei ⁴ -tao ⁴		味道		same.
wei ⁴	行衛	衛	1233a1054c	to escort, to protect, to guard; an unwallied [town.
wei ⁴ -hu ⁴		衛護		to guard, to escort.
wei ⁴ -ku ⁴		衛顧		to protect, to defend.
wei ⁴ -tsui ³ -tzü ³		衛嘴子		a talkative Tientsinese.
wei ⁴ -ts'ung ³		衛從		escort, guard.
wei ⁴	糸	緯	1237a1056b	to weave, to bind, to fasten; the woof.
wei ⁴ -hsien ⁴		緯線		silk tassel; the woof.
wei ⁴ -mao ⁴		緯帽		"tassel hats," official hats.
wei ³ -tao ⁴		緯道		parallels of latitude.
wei ³ -tu ⁴		緯度		same.
wei ⁴	入	位	1244c1053b	position, place, situation; a seat. M. 66.
wei ⁴ -kao ¹ -chiao ³ -tsun ¹		位高爵尊		his rank high.
wei ⁴ -lieh ⁴ -sun ¹ -t'ai ³		位列三台		of high rank.
wei ⁴ -pei ¹ -yen ³ -kao ¹		位卑言高		his rank is low, but his words lofty.
wei ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴		位次		in order, arranged; a position.
wei ⁴	肉	胃	1240b1053c	the stomach.
wei ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴ -t'êng ³		胃氣痛		gripes, pain in stomach.
wei ⁴ -han ³		胃寒		"cold" in the stomach.

<i>wei⁴-hu²</i>	胃	火	biliousness, indigestion.
<i>wei⁴-k'ou²</i>	胃	口	the lower orifice of the stomach, appetite.
<i>wei⁴-k'ou²-pu⁴-ch'ing¹</i>	胃	口不消	to have no appetite or relish for anything. [trust.
<i>wei⁴</i>	言	謂	to speak of, to style; to say, toll; to send; to
<i>wei⁴-ho²</i>	謂	何說	how is it? how is it styled?
<i>we⁴-shuo¹</i>	謂	說	to speak
<i>wei⁴</i>	虫	蝟	a porcupine, a hedgehog.
<i>wei⁴-ch'ung²</i>	蝟	虫	same (tz'ü ⁴ wei ¹).
<i>wei⁴</i>	心	慰	to soothe, to console, to comfort.
<i>wei⁴</i>	鬼	魏	high, lofty, elevated.
<i>wei⁴-ch'üeh¹</i>	魏	闕	great gate of the palace.

WĒN¹	水	温	1248a1040a	warm, genial, mild, kind.
<i>wên¹-ch'üan²</i>		泉		hot springs.
<i>wên¹-fêng¹</i>		温風		a gentle breeze (ch'ing ¹ fêng ²).
<i>wên¹-fu²</i>		温服		warm medicines; to take warm doses of medicine.
<i>wên¹-ho²</i>		温和		warm, genial, gentle, benign (man ² ho ²).
<i>wên¹-hou⁴</i>		温厚		amiable, bland.
<i>wên¹-hou⁴-ho²-p'ing²</i>		温厚和平		very genial disposition.
<i>wên¹-hsi²</i>		温習		to practise.
<i>wên¹-jou²</i>		温柔		gentle, quiet, mild, soft, soothing.
<i>wên¹-ku⁴-chih⁴-hsin¹</i>		温故知新		to go over the old and add new.
<i>wên¹-liang²</i>		温良		mild yet virtuous.
<i>wên¹-nuan²</i>		温媛		warm.
<i>wên¹-pau²</i>		温飽		fed and clothed.
<i>wên¹-shui²</i>		温水		warm water (k'ai ¹ shui ²).
<i>wên¹-ts'un²</i>		温存		mild, gentle, winning.
<i>wên¹</i>	疔	瘟	1248b1040c	an epidemic.
<i>wên¹-chên²</i>		瘟疹		epidemic, as scarlet fever or measles.
<i>wên¹-ch'ü⁴</i>		瘟瘧		malaria.
<i>wên¹-i⁴</i>		瘟疫		contagion, pestilence, an infectious disorder,
<i>wên¹-i⁴-liu²-hsing²</i>		瘟疫流行		a widespread epidemic.
<i>wên¹-ping⁴</i>		瘟病		contagion, pestilence (ping ¹ chêng ⁴).
<i>wên¹-shu¹</i>		瘟痧		pestilence, cholera.
<i>wên¹-shên²</i>		瘟神		god of the plague.
<i>wên¹-tsai¹</i>		瘟灾		contagion, pestilence.

WĒN²	文	文	1246a1041a	[officers. ornament; literature; classical, veins; civil
<i>wên²-an⁴</i>		文案		the work of writers in a yamên.
<i>wên²-chang¹</i>		文章		literary essays, belles-lettres,
<i>wên²-chi²</i>		文籍		books.
<i>wên²-ch'ü⁴</i>		文契		an indenture, a deed.
<i>wên²-chiao¹-ta⁴-hsing¹</i>		文教大興		literature very flourishing.

wên²-chou⁴-chou⁴-ti¹ 文 綱 綱 的
 wên²-chü³ 文 文 舉
 wên²-fá³ 文 文 法
 wên²-fung¹-ssü⁴-pao³ 文 文 房 四 寶
 wên²-fêng¹-shên⁴-hao³ 文 文 風 甚 好
 wên²-hsiu¹-wu³-pei⁴ 文 文 修 武 備
 wên²-hua⁴ 文 文 話
 wên²-huo³ 文 文 火
 wên²-jên² 文 文 人
 wên²-kao³-tzü³ 文 文 稿 子
 wên²-kuan¹ 文 文 官
 wên²-li³ 文 文 理
 wên²-li³-pu⁴-shun⁴ 文 文 理 不 順
 wên²-li³-pu⁴-t'ung¹ 文 文 理 不 通
 wên²-miao⁴ 文 文 廟
 wên²-ming² 文 文 明
 wên²-mo⁴ 文 文 墨
 wên²-pao⁴ 文 文 報
 wên²-pi³-t'ü³ 文 文 筆 塔
 wên²-shêng¹ 文 文 生 飾
 wên²-shih¹ 文 文 飾 書
 wên²-shu¹ 文 文 書 才
 wên²-ts'ai³ 文 文 才 茂 富
 wên²-ts'ai²-mao¹-fu⁴ 文 文 才 茂 富
 wên²-ts'ai² 文 文 采 草
 wên²-ts'ao³ 文 文 草 字
 wên²-tzü⁴ 文 文 字 王
 wên²-wang² 文 文 王 武
 wên²-wu³ 文 文 武 全 才
 wên²-wu²-ch'üan²-ts'ai² 文 文 武 百 官
 wên²-ya³ 文 文 雅 約
 wên²-yo¹ 文 文 約 1249a1041c
 wên² 耳 聞 見
 wên²-chien⁴ 聞 見 知
 wên²-chih¹ 聞 知 風 而 來
 wên²-fêng¹-êrh³-lai² 聞 風 而 來
 wên²-hsin⁴ 聞 聞 訊
 wên²-i¹-chih¹-êrh⁴ 聞 一 知 二
 wên²-ming² 聞 聞 名 道
 wên²-tao⁴ 聞 道 聞 聽 說
 wên²-t'ing¹ 聞 聽 說
 wên²-t'ing¹-shuo¹ 聞 聽 說

pedantic.
 a literary M.A.
 book style, style.
 writing materials.
 literary pursuits much in evidence.
 schools and army well developed in a state.
 classical language.
 a gentle heat ; a wood fire (wu³ huo³).
 a literary person.
 draft of a document.
 a civil officer (wu³ kuan¹).
 book style.
 style not smooth.
 the style is unintelligible.
 literary temple.
 illustrious.
 style, literature,
 despatches.
 Confucius towers to improve the luck.
 a literary B.A. (hsiu⁴ ts'ai², hsiang² shêng¹).
 ornaments ; to ornament.
 official letters (chi¹ mao³ pao⁴, ting⁴ têng¹).
 literary acquirements or talents.
 high scholarship.
 elegant style or thing ; adorned.
 draft of a document.
 classical characters, writing.
 ancient king.
 civil and military.
 versed both in literary and military arts.
 all the civil and military officials.
 polite, well-bred, elegant, genteel. [ch'ü⁴].
 a contract, an agreement, a deed of sale (yo¹
 to hear ; to smell ; to state to.
 "to hear and to see", to hear ; to smell.
 to hear.
 he comes at the first sign.
 to hear and examine.
 i. e., naturally apt.
 famous, to hear of by reputation.
 I hear it said ; to listen to reason.
 to hear, heard.
 I hear it said.

wên ² -wei ⁴		聞味		to smell a smell.
wên ²	糸	紋 ^{1247b1041b}		streaks ; fine silk.
wên ² -êrh ³		紋兒		streaks, lines.
wên ² -li ³		紋理		lines in the palm of the hand, etc., streaks.
wên ² -yin ³		紋銀		fine sycee.
wên ²	虫 蠶 蛾	蚊 ^{1247b1041c}		the mosquito, gnats.
wên ² -chang ¹		蚊帳		mosquito curtains.
wên ² -ch'ung ³		蚊虫		mosquitoes.
wên ² -fu ³		蚊拂		mosquito whisk.

WÈN ³	禾 儻	穩 ^{1249c1042c}		firm, stable, safe ; rest, repose.
wên ³ -chu ⁴		穩住		firm, stable, steady ; to steady.
wên ³ -chung ⁴		穩重		firm, steady ; modest, reserved, coy.
wên ³ -p'o ²		穩婆		a midwife ; a female coroner.
wên ³ -tang ¹		穩當		firm, safe, steady, stable (lao ³ lao ⁴ shih ³ shih ²).
wên ³ -t'o ³		穩妥		same (lo ⁴ li ⁴).
wên ³	刀	剗 ^{1249b1042a}		to commit suicide by cutting the throat.
wên ³ -keng ³		剗頸		same (mo ³ po ² tzü ³).
wên ³ -ssü ³		剗死		same (tiao ⁴ -ssü ³).
wên ³	口 噉 闕	吻 ^{1249b1042a}		corners of the mouth, to kiss.

WÈN ⁴	口	問 ^{1248b1042c}		to ask, to examine, to condemn.
wên ⁴ -an ⁴		問案		to try cases.
wên ⁴ -chu ⁴ -liao ³		問住了		can't answer the question.
wên ⁴ -hao ³		問好		compliments of the day, to enquire one's health.
wên ⁴ -hou ⁴		問候		to make civil enquiries, compliments; to wait
wên ⁴ -hua ⁴		問話		an interrogation. [upon.
wên ⁴ -i ³ -wên ⁴		問一問		to ask, to enquire.
wên ⁴ -kua ³		問副		to punish by cutting the flesh off the bones.
wên ⁴ -liu ³		問流		to banish to another part of the country.
wên ⁴ -ming ³ -po ² -liao ³		問明白了		ask till clearly understood.
wên ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'u ¹		問不出		cannot find out by asking.
wên ⁴ -ssü ¹ -tsui ⁴		問死罪		to condemn to death (ting ⁴ tsui ⁴).
wên ⁴ -tah ³		問答		question and answer, dialogue.
wên ⁴ -t'a ¹ -yao ⁴		問他要		to ask him for.
wên ⁴ -tao ³ -liao ³		問倒了		the question upset him, he couldn't reply.
wên ⁴ -tao ⁴		問道		to enquire.
wên ⁴ -tsui ¹		問罪		to condemn, to convict.
wên ⁴	玉	璽 ^{1249c1043b}		a flaw, a crack.

WÈNG ¹	羽	翁 ^{1250a1046a}		an old man ; a title of respect.
wêng ¹ -fu ⁴		翁父		an old man.
wêng ¹ -hsieh ³		翁鞋		wadded shoes (mien ³ hsieh ³).

- wéng¹-hsü⁴ 翁婿 father-in-law and son-in-law.
wéng¹-ku⁴ 翁姑 a husband's father and mother.
wéng¹-p'o³ 翁婆 same.
wéng¹ 口 噲 1250a1046a lowing, humming.
wéng¹-wéng¹-chih³-hsiang³ 唧唧直響 continual lowing or humming.
- WĒNG⁴** 瓦瓮罇 甕 1250b1046c a wine jar (chiu³ t'an⁴ tzü³). [a city.
wéng⁴-ch'êng³ 甕城 the space between the walls at the double gate of
wéng⁴-ch'üan¹ 甕圈 semilune, enceinte.
wéng⁴-kang¹ 甕缸 a wine jar.
wéng⁴-tung⁴-r'h³ 甕洞兒 archway at city gate.
- WO¹** 穴 窩 1251b1056a a nest, a den, cave, hole or lair.
wo¹-ch'ang¹ 窩娼 a brothel (yao² tzü³).
wo¹-ch'ao³ 窩巢 a bird's nest; a home.
wo¹-chiao³ 窩腳 to trip, to catch one's foot (pan⁴ chiao³).
wo¹-chu³ 窩主 receiver of stolen goods.
wo¹-hai²-tzü³ 窩孩子 to put a child to bed.
wo¹-hsin¹-chiao³ 窩心腳 a kick in the stomach.
wo¹-kuo⁴-lai² 窩過來 to bend around inwards (wan¹ kuo⁴ lai²).
wo¹-liu² 窩留 to shelter, to conceal.
wo¹-p'êng³ 窩棚 a shanty, a shed (lu² shé³).
wo¹-p'u⁴ 窩鋪 same.
wo¹-t'iao¹ 窩挑 to sow discord, etc. (t'iao³ so¹).
wo¹-ts'ang³ 窩藏 to shelter, to conceal.
wo¹-tsei³ 窩賊 to shelter, thieves.
wo¹-tzü³ 窩子 a den, a nest (ch'ao² hsüeh⁴).
wo¹-wo¹-t'ou³ 窩窩頭 cakes in shape of bird's nest.
wo¹ 人 倭 1251a1057a crumpled; yielding; Japanese.
wo¹-chung⁴ 倭種 the Japanese race (contemptuous).
wo¹-jén³ 倭人 a Japanese (contemptuous).
wo¹-kua¹ 倭瓜 a kind of pumpkin.
wo¹-kuo³ 倭國 Japan (insulting).
wo¹-nang³ 倭囊 weak, yielding, timid, dirty.
wo¹ 足 蹣 1251a1057b to sprain.
wo¹-chiao³ 蹣脚 to sprain the foot.
wo¹-t'ui³ 蹣腿 to sprain the leg.
wo¹ 艸 萵 1251c1057a lettuce.
wo¹-chü⁴ 萵苣 same.
wo¹-sun³ 萵筍 dried stems of a sort of lettuce.
- WO³** 戈 我 1250c627c I, me, my, our (an¹).
wo³-hsiung¹-ti⁴ 我兄弟 i. e., I (polite).

wo³-i³-i³-chūeh³
 wo³-i³-ko⁴-jên³
 wo³-kuo²
 wo³-mên¹
 wo³-mên¹-ko²-jên³
 wo³-mên¹-ti¹
 wo³-pei⁴
 wo³-pu⁴-kuan³
 wo³-têng²
 wo³-ti¹
 wo³-ti¹-ni¹
 wo³-ts'ao²
 wo³-tzū⁴-chi³
 wo³-yü²-ni²

我意已決
 我一個人
 我國
 我們
 我們各人
 我們的
 我輩
 我不管
 我等的
 我的
 我的呢
 我曹
 我自己
 我與你

my idea is already settled.
 I, my own self.
 our country.
 we, us.
 each of us.
 our, ours.
 we, us.
 I will have nothing to do with it
 we, us.
 my, mine.
 and mine? where is mine?
 we, us (wên-li).
 I, myself.
 I and you, I with you.

WO⁴
 wo⁴-ch'uang²
 wo⁴-ch'uang²-pu⁴-ch'i²
 wo⁴-fang²
 wo⁴-hsi²
 wo⁴-hsiang¹-rh³
 wo⁴-kuei⁴
 wo⁴-t'a⁴
 wo⁴
 wo⁴-lou²
 wo⁴-ping¹-ch'üan²
 wo⁴-tsuan⁴
 wo⁴-shou²
 wo⁴-shou²-yen²-huan¹

臣臥 1251c1057c
 臥床
 臥床不起
 臥房
 臥息
 臥箱兒
 臥櫃
 臥榻
 手 握 1255c1064b
 握篋
 握兵權
 握擗
 握手
 握手言歡

to recline, to lie down, to sleep, to rest.
 a bed; to lie on a bed.
 dangerously ill.
 a bed-chamber (ch'in² shih⁴).
 to stop, to cease, to rest.
 pad inside of cart.
 chest for clothing, etc.
 a couch, a bed; to lie on a couch. [See wu².
 to close, to cover; to grasp, to take a handful.
 to carry a basket over the shoulder.
 to have military authority or power.
 to grasp and crumple.
 to shake hands, to take hold of the hand.
 to grasp the hand with joyful words.

WU¹
 wu¹
 wu¹-cho³
 wu¹-ch'üan⁴
 wu¹-hui⁴
 wu¹-hui⁴-tung¹-hsi¹
 wu¹-ju⁴
 wu¹-li⁴
 wu¹-mieh⁴-ta'-ch'ên²
 wu¹-ming³
 wu¹-t'u²
 wu¹-yin²
 wu²
 水 污 汙 1253c1058b
 污
 污濁
 污卷
 污穢
 污穢東西
 污辱
 污吏
 污饑大臣
 污名
 污塗
 污淫
 火 烏 1254a1058a

[low.
 foul, filth, filthy; to stain, to defile; degraded,
 same (ang¹ tsang²).
 foul, dirty, filthy.
 to disfigure one's essay.
 nasty, filthy; to bedaub, to contaminate.
 to dirty or soil a thing.
 to defile, to insult, to disgrace.
 an avaricious official (t'an¹ tsang¹).
 to disgrace a high official.
 to disgrace one's name.
 to defile.
 to ravish; illicit sexual intercourse.
 a crow; black.

wu ¹ -chi ¹	烏	the silk fowl.
wu ¹ -ch'iao ¹	鳥	the swallow.
wu ¹ -ch'ou ³	烏	black silk.
wu ¹ -fa ³	烏	black hair.
wu ¹ -hei ¹	烏	black, dark.
wu ¹ -hsü ¹ -yao ⁴	烏	hair-dye.
wu ¹ -jên ²	烏	a black man.
wu ¹ -kuei ¹	烏	"black tortoise", a cuckold.
wu ¹ -mao ⁴	烏	a black cap.
wu ¹ -mien ⁴	烏	a black face.
wu ¹ -mo ⁴ -ch'i ¹ -hé ⁴	烏	very black.
wu ¹ -mu ⁴	烏	ebony.
wu ¹ -sha ¹	烏	black crape.
wu ¹ -sha ¹ -mao ⁴	烏	the Ming crape cap.
wu ¹ -ya ¹	烏	the crow (lao ³ kua ¹).
wu ¹ -yen ¹	烏	opium (ta ⁴ yen ¹).
wu ¹ -yu ³	烏	there is not; gone.
wu ¹	工 巫	1255a1059c a sorceress, a witch, a magician; magic.
wu ¹ -chou ⁴	巫	to recite spells, etc. (tu ³ chou ¹).
wu ¹ -i ⁴	巫	"witches and doctors", quacks; magicians.
wu ¹ -p'ou ³	巫	a witch, a sorceress (tuan ¹ kung ¹).
wu ¹ -shu ⁴	巫	sorcery, magic arts (hsieh ² shu ¹).
wu ¹	言 誣	1255b1059c to lie, to deceive, to accuse falsely, calumny.
wu ¹ -chéng ⁴	誣	false evidence.
wu ¹ -kiao ⁴	誣	to accuse falsely (nieh ¹ tz'ü ² kao ⁴ jên ²).
wu ¹ -lai ¹ -hao ³ -jên ²	誣	to falsely accuse good people.
wu ¹ liang ² -wei ¹ -tao ⁴	誣	falsely accuse of theft (wang ⁴ kao ⁴).
wu ¹ -niei ¹	誣	to accuse falsely; to fabricate, to forge.
wu ¹ (tzü)	尸 屋	1255b1064a a room, a house, a dwelling (fang ² wu ²).
wu ¹ -chi ²	屋	the ridge of the roof.
wu ¹ -lu ³	屋	a house, a cottage.
wu ¹ -pi ⁴	屋	the wall of a house or room.
wu ¹ -shan ¹	屋	the gable.
wu ¹ -shé ⁴	屋	a house, a cottage.
wu ¹ -tsu ¹	屋	house rent.
wu ¹ -yen ³	屋	the eaves.
wu ¹	口 嗚	1254c1058b to sigh, to lament, alas
wu ¹ -hu ¹	嗚	same.
wu ¹ -wu ¹	嗚	crying, blubbering.
wu ¹	木 槁	1254c1058c ebony.
wu ¹ -mu ⁴	槁	same
wu ¹ -mu ⁴ -kan ²	槁	an ebony pipe stem.
wu ¹	木 坊 朽	1254a1058b a trowel.

wu ¹ -man ⁴		朽鏟	a trowel.
wu ¹ (wo)	齒齶	齶 ^{1252a1057c}	the teeth too close together.
wu ¹ -ts'u ⁴		齶足	worried, dirty.
WU ³	火无会	無 ^{1257a1059a}	not, not to be, not to have. M 344.
wu ² -ai ⁴ -yü ² -shih ⁴		無礙於事	it does not interfere with us.
wu ² -ch'a ¹		無差	accurate, correct.
wu ² -ch'ai ¹		無差	without employment.
wu ² -ch'ang ²		無常	to die, death.
wu ² -chi ¹ -chih ¹ -t'an ²		無稽之談	baseless stories.
wu ² -chi ²		無極	boundless, unlimited.
wu ² -chi'a ⁴		無價	priceless, inestimable.
wu ² -chia ⁴ -pao ³		無價寶	a priceless treasure.
wu ² -chiang ¹		無疆	boundless.
wu ² -chih ¹		無知	ignorant, stupid.
wu ² -ch'ih ³		無恥	shameless.
wu ² -ching ¹ -tu ² -ts'ai ³		無精打彩	dejected.
wu ² -ch'ing ² -wu ² -li ³		無情無理	contrary to reason and circumstances.
wu ² -ch'iu ² -chin ⁴		無窮盡	without limit or end.
wu ² -ch'u ³ -k'o ² -ch'ü ⁴		無處可去	no place to go to.
wu ² -ch'ü ⁴		無趣	mortified.
wu ² -chung ¹ -shéng ¹ -yu ⁴		無中生有	fabrications out of nothing.
wu ² -ch'ü ⁴ -kuei ³		無二鬼	vagabonds.
wu ² -fa ² -k'o ³ -ch'u ³		無法可處	no way to arrange the affair.
wu ² -fa ² -wu ² -t'ien ¹		無法無天	lawless, reckless, abandoned.
wu ² -fung ¹		無妨	of no consequence, etc.
wu ² -fei ¹		無非	really, truly; is it not? (mo ⁴ fei ¹).
wu ² -féng ¹ -ch'i ² -lung ⁴		無風起浪	baseless.
wu ² -hsi ⁴ -k'o ³ -ju ⁴		無隙可入	no crack to enter.
wu ² -hsia ² -pan ⁴ -li ³		無暇辦理	no leisure to do it.
wu ² -hsiao ² -wén ⁴		無學問	no learning.
wu ² -hsien ⁴		無限	unlimited, boundless.
wu ² -hsien ⁴ -wu ² -liang ¹		無限無量	illimitable.
wu ² -hsing ²		無形	invisible.
wu ² -hsing ² -wu ² -hsiang ⁴		無形無像	incorporeal.
wu ² -hua ¹ -kuo ³		無花菓	"fruit without flowers", the fig.
wu ² -hui ³ -wu ² -yü ²		無毀無譽	without praise or blame.
wu ² -i ³		無益	useless, of no benefit.
wu ² -i ³		無疑	without doubt or suspicion.
wu ² -i ⁴ -chih ¹ -chien ⁴		無意之間	unintentionally.
wu ² -i ⁴ -chih ¹ -ts'ai ²		無義之財	unjust gain.
wu ² -kan ⁴		無干	no connexion, no part in.
wu ² -kén ¹ -ti ³		無根底	without root or foundation, unfounded.

wu ² -so ³ -pu ⁴ -tsai ⁴	無所不在	omnipresent.
wu ² -so ⁷ -pu ⁴ -wei ³	無所不為	able to do anything (kan ³ tso ¹ kan ³ wei ²).
wu ² -so ³ -ts'o ⁴ -shou ³	無所措手	difficult.
wu ² -ssü ¹ -wu ³ -pi ⁴	無私無弊	wholly incorruptible.
wu ² -ssü ¹ -wu ² -lü ⁴	無思無慮	free from anxious care.
wu ² -tan ³	無膽	cowardly.
wu ² -tao ³	無道	without correct principles.
wu ² -ti ³	無底	bottomless.
wu ² -ti ³ -k'ên ¹	無底坑	bottomless pit.
wu ² -t'ou ² -an ⁴	無頭案	(fig.) without a clue.
wu ² -t'ou ² -mêng ³	無頭蠟	(fig.) stupid blunderer.
wu ² -tsu ¹ -wu ² -ping ⁴	無災無病	free from trouble and sickness.
wu ² -ts'o ⁴	無錯	accurate, correct.
wu ² -tsung ¹ -wu ² -ying ³	無踪無影	not a trace of.
wu ² -tuan ¹	無端	incorrect, improper; irregular.
wu ² -t'z'ü ³	無子	childless.
wu ² -wei ² -chia ⁴	無為教	quietism, a sect of the-Buddhists.
wu ² -wei ⁴	無味	tasteless, insipid.
wu ² -wu ⁴ -k'o ³ -tsêng ⁴	無物可贈	nothing to give as a present.
wu ² -yu ²	無涯	boundless, unlimited.
wu ² -yen ² -k'o ³ -t'ui ⁴	無言可對	nothing to say in reply.
wu ² -yin ¹	無因	without reason, causeless.
wu ² -ying ³	無影	shadowless, not a shadow of.
wu ² -yn ³	無有	without and with, have not, there is not, etc.
wu ² -yüan ²	無緣	without reason, causeless; not one's lot or des-
wu ² -yüan ² -wu ² -ku ⁴	無緣無故	without reason, causeless (pu ⁴ yu ² ti ¹). [tiuy.
wu ² -yüan ² -wu ² -ch'ou ³	無冤無仇	without enmity, i. e., on good terms.
wu ² -yung ⁴	無用	useless (pu ⁴ chung ¹ yung ⁴).
wu ²	毋	do not; a denial.
wu ² -pi ⁴	毋必	don't positively.
wu ² -wei ²	毋違	don't be obstinate, or perverse.
wu ² -wei ²	毋為	don't do, don't act as.
wu ²	无	not, no, wanting.
wu ² -chiang ¹	无疆	boundless, illimitable, infinite.
wu ² -chiu ¹	无咎	faultless.
wu ²	口	I, me (wo ³).
wu ² -hsiung ⁴	吾兄	my brother (complimentary).
wu ² -pei ⁴	吾輩	we, us.
wu ² -têng ³	吾等	same.
wu ²	虫	the centipede.
wu ² -kung ⁴	蜈蚣	same.
wu ² -kung ⁴ -t'ü ¹	蜈蚣梯	a centipede ladder.
wu ²	木	name of a tree, the dryandra.

<i>wu²-t'ung²-shu⁴</i>	梧桐樹	name of a tree, the dryandra. See Note 96.
<i>wu²-t'ung²-tzü³</i>	梧桐子	dryandra seeds (used as a medicine).
<i>wu²</i>	口吳 ^{1256b1060a}	to talk loud, to vociferate, to clamour.
WU³	二伍	
<i>wu³-ch'ang³</i>	五 ^{1252a1060c} 常	five.
<i>wu³-chieh⁴</i>	五戒	"the five constant [virtues]." R. 311. Note 97.
<i>wu³-chin¹</i>	五金	"the five precepts." R. 315. Note 98.
<i>wu³-ching¹</i>	五經	the metals.
<i>wu³-ch'u⁴</i>	五處	"the Five Classics" R. 315.
<i>wu³-chüeh³</i>	五箒	everywhere.
<i>wu³-chung⁴</i>	五中	"the five ranks of nobility"—公, 侯, 伯, 子, 男, the heart.
<i>wu³-fang¹</i>	五方	"five quarters"—east, south, west, north and [centre].
<i>wu³-fang¹-tsa²-ch'u³</i>	五方雜處	a place where all sorts meet.
<i>wu³-fang¹-yuan²-yin¹</i>	五方元音	a Chinese dictionary.
<i>wu³-fên¹-hsiang⁴</i>	五分像	"a $\frac{5}{10}$ likeness," a profile.
<i>wu³-f'ing¹-shih²-yü³</i>	五風十雨	the ideal weather of antiquity.
<i>wu³-fu²</i>	五福	"the five blessings." R. 312. Note 99.
<i>wu³-fu²-lin²-mên³</i>	五福臨門	may the five blessings descend on this door.
<i>wu³-fu²</i>	五服	the five grades of mourning.
<i>wu³-hang²-pa¹-tso¹</i>	五行八作	small tradesmen of various sorts.
<i>wu³-hsing³</i>	五行	"the five punishments." R. 313. Note 100. [earth.
<i>wu³-hsing³</i>	五行	"five elements"—water, fire, wood, metal and
<i>wu³-hsing³-shêng¹-k'o¹</i>	五行生尅	action and interaction of the elements. R. 313.
<i>wu³-hsü¹</i>	五鬚	a full beard.
<i>wu³-hu³-ta⁴-chian⁴</i>	五虎大將	five famous generals of antiquity.
<i>wu³-hu³-ssü⁴-hai³</i>	五湖四海	the empire.
<i>wu³-ko⁴</i>	五個	five.
<i>wu³-ku³</i>	五鼓	the fifth drum or watch (about 3 or 4 a m).
<i>wu³-ku³</i>	五穀	"five grains"—millet, hempseed, rice, wheat and
<i>wu³-ku³-fêng¹-têng¹</i>	五穀豐登	a bountiful harvest of all grains. [pulse.
<i>wu³-kuan¹</i>	五官	"the five senses." R. 316. Note 101.
<i>wu³-kuan¹-pai³-hai³</i>	五官百骸	the five senses and all the bones.
<i>wu³-kuo³</i>	五菓	"the five fruits," cultivated fruits. R. 316.
<i>wu³-liu⁴</i>	五六	five or six.
<i>wu³-liu⁴-ch'ang²-jan²</i>	五柳長髯	full beard.
<i>wu³-lou⁴-ch'uo²-t'ien¹</i>	五露朝天	the five orifices pointing to Heaven (Confucius).
<i>wu³-lün²</i>	五倫	the five relations. R. 316. Note 102.
<i>wu³-nei⁴</i>	五內	the heart.
<i>wu³-pa¹-ssü⁴-shih²</i>	五八四十	five times eight are forty.
<i>wu³-pei⁴-tzü³</i>	五貝子	nutgalls (or 倍子). [black.
<i>wu³-sé⁴</i>	五色	"five colours"—blue, yellow, red, white and
<i>wu³-shih³</i>	五十	fifty.

wu ³ -tai ⁴	五代	"the five generations." Note 103.
wu ³ -t'ai ² -shan ¹	五台山	a famous mount in Shansi.
wu ³ -ts'ai ³	五彩	same as 五色 (sê ⁴).
wu ³ -ts'ai ² -hua ¹ -hung ³	五彩花紅	colored hangings. [kidneys.
wu ³ -tsang ⁴	五臟	"five viscera"—heart, spleen, liver, lungs and
wu ³ -tu ²	五毒	snakes, toads, lizards, scorpions and centipedes.
wu ³ -wei ⁴	五味	"five tastes"—bitter, sweet, sour, acrid and salt.
wu ³ -wei ⁴ -tzü ³	五味子	a medicine (used for pulmonary complaints, etc.).
wu ³ -wu ³	五五	five times five, twenty-five.
wu ³ -yin ¹	五音	the five tones.
wu ³ -ying ² -kuan ¹ -ping ¹	五營官兵	five camps of Imperial soldiers.
wu ³ -yüeh ⁴ -wu ³ -jih ⁴	五月五日	the Dragon-Boat Festival (tuan ¹ wu ³).
wu ³	伍	five, five persons.
wu ³	止武	1252b1061a 1256a1061b military, warlike; strong; dignified.
wu ³ -ch'i ⁴	武器	military weapons (ping ¹ ch'i ⁴).
wu ³ -chüang ⁴	武將	a general (chiang ¹ chun ¹).
wu ³ -hsiao ³	武學	a military <i>hsiu-ts'ai</i> ; military studies. [huo ³].
wu ³ -huo ³	武火	"a martial fire", a strong heat; a coal fire (wên ³
wu ³ -i ⁴	武藝	military arts or tactics.
wu ³ -i ² -ch'a ²	武夷茶	Bohea tea (Fukien).
wu ³ -kuan ¹	武官	military officers.
wu ³ -miao ⁴	武廟	military temple.
wu ³ -pei ⁴	武備	military force or strength.
wu ³ -shêng ⁴ -jên ³	武聖人	the god Kuan Ti.
wu ³ -shih ⁴	武仕	executioners (kuei ⁴ tzü ³ shou ³).
wu ³ -shih ⁴ wei ⁴	武侍衛	Emperor's gate keepers.
wu ³ -tan ⁴	武旦	tumblers, etc., boys personating women in plays.
wu ³	十午	1258c1061a noon, 11 to 1 o'clock, horary character.
wu ³ -chêng ⁴	午正	noon.
wu ³ -fan ⁴	午飯	dinner.
wu ³ -k'o ⁴	午刻	midday.
wu ³ -mên ³	午門	the southern gate of the palace.
wu ³ -shang ⁴	午上	the forenoon.
wu ³ -shih ³	午時	about noon, noontide, 11 to 1 o'clock.
wu ³ -yüeh ⁴	午月	the fifth moon. See Note 32.
wu ³	人侮	1258c1061c to deceive, to insult, to despise, to ridicule.
wu ³ -ling ³	侮凌	to insult (ling ² ju ⁴).
wu ³ -man ⁴	侮慢	to despise, to treat with contempt.
wu ⁴ -nung ⁴	侮弄	to deceive, to despise.
wu ³	舞	1258a1062b to gesticulate, to posture, to dance, to fence.
wu ³ -chien ⁴	舞劍	sword exercise, brandishing the sword.
wu ³ -nung ⁴	舞弄	to play tricks, to make a fool of.
wu ³ -tao ¹	舞刀	to fence.

wu ³	心 悻	悻	1259a1063a	undutiful, disobedient, stubborn, obstinate.
wu ³ -ni ⁴		悻逆		perverse, disobedient.
wu ³ -ni ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsiao ⁴		悻逆不孝		disobedient and unfilial.
wu ³	人	倅	1258c1061a	to inspect; an equal; an opponent.
wu ³ -tso ⁴		倅作		a person who holds post-mortem examinations.
wu ³	女	媮	1257c1062a	flattering.
wu ³ -mei ⁴		媮媚		soothing, flattering, to cajole (ch'an ³ mei ⁴).
wu ³	手	搗	1254c1061b	to cover with the hand.
wu ³ -êrh ³ -to ³		搗耳朵		to muffle the ears (yen ³ êrh ³).
wu ³	土 鴨	塢	1254c1061b	a dry dock (ch'uan ² wu ³).
wu ³	火	塢	1255a1061b	to bank a fire.
wu ³	鳥	鷓鴣	1256b1061c	kind of parrot.
wu ³	手	握	1255c1064b	to grasp. See wo ⁴ .

WU ⁴	勺	勿	1259a1065b	not, do not.
wu ⁴ -néng ³		勿能		inability, unable.
wu ⁴ -t'ing ¹		勿聽		don't listen (pieh ²).
wu ⁴ -shih ⁴		勿視		don't look at (fei ¹ li ³).
wu ⁴ -tung ⁴		勿動		don't move.
wu ⁴ -yao ⁴		勿要		don't want, need not.
wu ⁴ -yen ²		勿言		don't speak of.
wu ⁴ -yung ⁴		勿用		don't use.
wu ⁴	牛	物	1259b1065c	things, any thing or creature; business; a class.
wu ⁴ -ch'an ³		物產		natural productions.
wu ⁴ -chien ⁴		物件		things.
wu ⁴ ko ² -yu ⁴ -chu ³		物各有主		everything has an owner.
wu ⁴ -lei ⁴		物類		classes of things.
wu ⁴ -liao ⁴		物料		articles, things.
wu ⁴ -shang ¹ -ch'ei ³ -lei ⁴		物傷其類		animals grieve for their likes.
wu ⁴	言	誤	1256c1063c	to delay, to neglect; to deceive; false; erroneous.
wu ⁴	心	悞	1256c1064b	same (tan ¹ wu ⁴).
wu ⁴ -ch'ê ¹		悞車		cart stuck in mire.
wu ⁴ -fan ⁴		悞犯		unintentionally break the law.
wu ⁴ -ju ⁴ -mi ² -t'u ³		悞入迷途		went astray unwittingly.
wu ⁴ -kung ¹		悞工		to neglect or delay work.
wu ⁴ -liao ³		悞了		neglected, delayed.
wu ⁴ -liao ³ -ts'ao ¹ -liao ³		悞了操了		late for drill.
wu ⁴ -mao ³		悞卯		to be late or fail in answering one's name at roll- [call.
wu ⁴ -sha ¹		悞殺		to kill by accident.
wu ⁴ -shang ¹		悞傷		to unintentionally injure.
wu ⁴ -shih ¹		悞失		to miss, to err.
wu ⁴ -shih ⁴		悞事		to delay business.
wu ⁴ -tso ⁴ -fei ¹ -wei ²		悞作非爲		unintentionally wicked.

wu ⁴	力	務	1261a1062b	business ; the verb " must ;" important. M. 285.
wu ⁴ -hsü ¹		務須		must.
wu ⁴ -nung ³		務農		agricultural affairs.
wu ⁴ -pén ³		務本		to attend to the main thing.
wu ⁴ -pi ⁴		務必		must assuredly, is sure to, indispensable.
wu ⁴ -yao ⁴		務要		must, indispensably necessary.
wu ⁴	心	惡	1259c1063b	to hate, to detest ; abominable, detestable. See o ⁴ .
wu ⁴ -hên ⁴		惡恨		to abhor, to hate.
wu ⁴ -hên ⁴ -ti ¹		惡恨的		abhorred, detested.
wu ⁴ -o ⁴		惡惡		to abominate the bad.
wu ⁴	雨	霧	1261b1062c	mist, fog, vapour.
wu ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		霧氣		same (yün ³).
wu ⁴ -lū ⁴		霧露		mist and dew.
wu ⁴ -t'êng ³ -t'êng ³ -ti ¹		霧騰騰的		ascending vapor, foggy (yün ³ chang ¹ chang ¹ ti ¹).
wu ⁴	心	悟	1253a1063a	to notice, to feel, to understand.
wu ⁴ -hsing ³		悟性		natural quickness of perception (min ³ chieh ³).
wu ⁴ -pu ¹ -t'ou ⁴		悟不透		cannot comprehend.
wu ⁴ (tzü)	木	机	1260c1065a	stunted ; stump of a tree ; a stool.
wu ⁴ -t'êng ⁴ -tzü ³		机子		a stool (square) (pan ³ t'êng ⁴).
wu ⁴	牛	牯	1253b1063a	to butt, resist.

YA ¹	手	押	1264b1068a	to press ; to guard, to sign ; to pawn.
ya ¹ -chieh ⁴		押解		to escort prisoners.
ya ¹ -chieh ⁴ -ch'ai ¹		押解差		escort of taxes or prisoners.
ya ¹ -chü ⁴		押住		to keep in custody.
ya ¹ -ch'uan ³		押船		to impress boats for government (t'ieh ¹ ch'uan ²).
ya ¹ -fang ³		押房		to mortgage a house (tien ³ mai ⁴).
ya ¹ -fêng ¹		押封		to seal as houses, vessels, goods, etc.
ya ¹ -hua ⁴ -hao ⁴		押畫號		to affix one's signature or mark (hua ⁴ ya ³).
ya ¹ -jih ⁴ -tzü ³		押日子		to date.
ya ¹ -ming ³		押名		to affix one's name.
ya ¹ -pan ¹ -fang ³		押班房		to be kept in custody by officials.
ya ¹ -p'ie ⁴		押舖		unlicensed pawn-shops (hsiao ³ ya ¹).
ya ¹ -shou ³		押守		to keep in custody, to guard.
ya ¹ -sung ⁴		押送		to convey under arrest (chieh ⁴ sung ⁴).
ya ¹ -t'an ¹		押攤		to shake dice (chih ⁴ shai ³ tzü ³).
ya ¹ -tang ⁴		押當		to pawn, to mortgage.
ya ¹ -t'ing ¹ -li ³		押廳裏		more honorable detention than in jail.
ya ¹ -t'ou ²		押頭		article pledged.
ya ¹ -tzü ⁴		押字		to sign.
ya ¹ -wên ² -shu ¹		押文書		to fix bargain in case of deeds.
ya ¹ -yün ⁴		押韻		to rhyme, rhymes.
ya ¹	土	壓	1265a1069a	to press, to crush, to suppress, to oppress, to sub- [ject.

ya ¹ -ch'êng ² -man ³	壓盛滿	to cram full.
ya ¹ -chih ³	壓紙	burn paper at temple on a death.
ya ¹ -chih ⁴	壓制	to repress, to keep in subjection.
ya ¹ -ching ¹	壓驚	to keep down alarm, to pacify.
ya ¹ -chiu ⁴	壓住	to keep down, to suppress.
ya ¹ -chuang ¹ -man ³	壓裝滿	to cram full
ya ¹ -fu ²	壓伏	to oppress, to subject, to suppress.
ya ¹ -fu ²	壓服	to subject, to suppress.
ya ¹ -hai ⁴	壓害	to oppress and injure.
ya ¹ -hsiang ¹	壓箱	guardian of theatrical clothes boxes.
ya ¹ -huai ⁴	壓壞	to crush.
ya ¹ -kan ⁴ -tzi ³	壓杠子	a mode of torture. M. 612 (or 杆).
ya ¹ -liang ²	壓量	to presume, to browbeat.
ya ¹ -man ³ -liao ³	壓滿了	to cram full.
ya ¹ pao ³	壓寶	to play at thimble-rig (pao ³ ho ³). [ch'êng ⁴].
ya ¹ -p'ing ²	壓平	to flatten; discount of weight in silver (tiao ⁴
ya ¹ -pu ¹ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	壓不下去	cannot crush down.
ya ¹ -pu ⁴ -ché ²	壓不折	can't break by pressing down.
ya ¹ -shui ¹	壓睡	nightmare (mêng ⁴ ya ¹).
ya ¹ -ssü ³	壓死	to crush to death.
ya ¹ -t'á ¹ -liao ³	壓塌了	to break down by weight, e. g., a bridge [dated.
ya ¹ -tao ³	壓倒	to overthrow; to keep pressed down; intimi-
ya ¹ tsai ⁴	壓載	ballast.
ya ¹ -tsai ⁴ -t'ieh ³	壓載鐵	kentledge, pigs of iron for ballast.
ya ¹ -tsai ⁴ -ti ³ -hsia ⁴	壓在底下	to press down.
ya ¹	鴨 ^{1264c1068b}	the duck.
ya ¹ -chuai ¹	鴨蹠	a duck waddles; the waddle of a duck.
ya ¹ luan ³	鴨卵	ducks' eggs.
ya ¹ tan ⁴	鴨蛋	same.
ya ¹ -tan ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -sé ⁴	鴨蛋青色	blue like duck's egg.
ya ¹	口 ^{1262b1066a} 呀	an ejaculation; gaping; a sound.
ya ¹ -lan ² chih ⁴ -mu ⁴	呀蘭治木	kranjee wood.
ya ¹ -lan ² mi ³	呀蘭米	cochineal.
ya ¹ -ya ¹ -p'ei ¹	呀呀呸	pish! pooh! an insulting contemptuous sound.
ya ¹	鳥 ^{1263a1066a} 鴉	the crow with a white breast,
ya ¹ -ch'iao ¹	鴉鴉	same (wu ¹ ya ¹).
ya ¹ -ch'iao ² -wu ³ -shéng ¹	鴉雀無聲	not a sound to be heard.
ya ¹ -mo ⁴ -ch'iao ³ -ching ⁴	鴉默雀靜	same.
ya ¹ -p'ien ¹ -yen ¹	鴉片烟	opium (ying ¹ su ⁴ hua ¹ , ta ⁴ yen ¹).
ya ¹	了 ^{1265a1066a}	forked; a female servant or slave.
ya ¹ -ch'á ¹	了叉	forked, the spaces between the fingers.
ya ¹ -huan ³	了鬻	a female servant or slave.
ya ¹ -t'ou ²	了頭	same.

YA ³	牙	牙 ^{1261a1066b}	the teeth (hsiang ¹ ya ³).
ya ³ -ch'ê ²		牙車	the jaw-bone.
ya ³ -ch'ên ³		牙礮	gritty.
ya ³ -chiang ⁴		牙匠	a worker in ivory.
ya ³ -ch'ien ¹		牙籤	a tooth-pick.
ya ³ -ch'ih ³		牙齒	the teeth.
ya ³ -ch'ing ¹ -k'ou ³ -pai ²		牙清口白	clear enunciation.
ya ³ -ch'uang ³ -tzü ³		牙床子	the gums.
ya ³ -hang ³		牙行	kind of broker or middleman.
ya ³ -huang ³		牙黃	buff colour.
ya ³ -kan ¹		牙疔	a gum-boil.
ya ³ -kou ³		牙狗	male dog.
ya ³ -k'ou ³		牙口	the teeth.
ya ³ -ka ³		牙骨	the jaw-bone.
ya ³ -k'o'		牙科	dentistry.
ya ³ -kuan ¹		牙關	the jaw-bone.
ya ³ -kuan ¹ -chin ³ -pi ⁴		牙關緊閉	lockjaw.
ya ³ -kung ¹		牙工	a worker in ivory.
ya ³ -mao ¹		牙貓	tom-cat.
ya ³ -p'ai ²		牙牌	dominoes.
ya ³ -sê ⁴		牙色	buff or straw colour.
ya ³ -shan ⁴		牙扇	ivory fans.
ya ³ -t'êng ³		牙疼	the tooth-ache.
ya ³ -ti ¹		牙的	dental.
ya ³ -yin ¹		牙音	dental sounds.
ya ³	行	衙 ^{1265b1067a}	a bureau, a public office, a civil or military court.
ya ³ -mên ³		衙門	Mandarin's office.
ya ³ -shau ⁴		衙署	same.
ya ³ -i ⁴		衙役	constables, runners, etc. (tsao ⁴ li ⁴).
ya ³	艸	芽 ^{1262b1067a}	shoots, sprouts, germs, buds; to bud, to begin.
ya ³ -ts'ai ⁴		芽菜	bean sprouts.
ya ³ -tzü ³		芽子	shoots, sprouts, buds.
ya ³	水	涯 ^{1266a1069}	the horizon, the edge; a bank, a shore.

YA ³	二阿	亞 ^{1263b1068a}	ugly; the second in order.
ya ³ -fei ³ -li ⁴ -chia ¹		亞非利加	Africa.
ya ³ -fu ⁴		亞父	an imperial preceptor.
ya ³ -ju ²		亞如	like, similar, resembling.
ya ³ -sai ⁴		亞賽	same.
ya ³ -shêng ⁴		亞聖	sages of the second class.
ya ³ -ssü ¹		亞似	like, similar, resembling.
ya ³ -yüan ²		亞元	the second in order of the chin-shü.
ya ³	口	啞 ^{1263b1066b}	dumb (from birth), dumbness, hoarseness.

ya ³ -mi ³	啞謎	an enigma, a riddle.
ya ³ -mi ³ -mi ⁴ -ti ¹	啞密密的	quietly, silently.
ya ³ -pa ¹	啞吧	dumb.
ya ³ -tzū ³	啞子	dumb man.
ya ³	瘡 ^{ㄩㄤ} 1263c1067a	dumb (from sickness, etc.) nape of the neck.
ya ² -chêng ⁴	瘡症	dumbness, unable to speak.
ya ³ -k'ou ³	瘡口	same.
ya ³ -mén ³	瘡門	the hollow in the back of the neck.
ya ² -sang ³	瘡噪	hoarse.
ya ³ -tzū ³	瘡子	a dumb person.
ya ³	雅 ^{ㄩㄚ} 1262c1067b	elegant, refined, learned, pure, simple, correct.
ya ³ -chih ⁴	雅致	genteel, stylish.
ya ³ -ch'ü ⁴	雅趣	refined pleasure.
ya ³ -su ⁴ -kung ³ -shang ³	雅俗共賞	both the refined and the vulgar enjoy it.
ya ³ -tao ⁴	雅道	elegant (man), well done (act).
ya ³ -tz'ü ³	雅辭	elegant expressions.

YA ⁴	言	訝 ^{ㄩㄚˋ} 1262c1067c	to wonder at, to be startled.
ya ⁴	車	軋 ^{ㄩㄢ} 1264a1068c	crunching of wheels, a kind of pillory.
ya ⁴ -ch'ang ³		軋場	to crush grain on the threshing floor.
ya ⁴ -nien ³		軋碾	to hull millet.

YANG ¹	禾	秧 ^{ㄩㄤ} 1269b1070b	grain thick and close, first shoots of grain.
yang ¹ -ko ¹		秧歌	songs sung by stilt walkers.
yang ¹ -miao ³		秧苗	rice shoots.
yang ¹ -tzü ³		秧子	first shoots of grain; a wealthy person's child.
yang ¹	歹	殃 ^{ㄩㄤ} 1269a1070a	fault, punishment; calamity; to injure.
yang ¹ -hai ⁴		殃害	to injure.
yang ¹ -huo ⁴		殃禍	calamity, judgment.
yang ¹	大	央 ^{ㄩㄤ} 1269a1070a	to invite, to entreat; in the middle; wide.
yang ¹ -chi ⁴		央及	to entreat.
yang ¹ -ch'iu ²		央求	to entreat, to beseech.
yang ¹	鳥	鶯 ^{ㄩㄤ} 1269c1070b	female of the mandarin duck.

YANG ²	羊	羊 ^{ㄩㄤ} 1266b1072a	the sheep or goat.
yang ² -ch'ang ² -hsien ³		羊腸絃	sheep-gut string.
yang ² -ch'êng ²		羊城	ancient name of Canton.
yang ² -chiao ¹ -têng ¹		羊角燈	horn lanterns.
yang ² -chiao ³		羊角	a ram's horn.
yang ² -chiao ³ -fêng ¹		羊角風	"ram's horn wind", a whirlwind (hsüan ⁴ fêng ¹).
yang ² -chiao ³ -fêng ¹		羊角瘋	epileptic fits (hsieh ³ ping ⁴).
yang ² -chüan ⁴		羊圈	a sheep-fold.
yang ² -chuang ⁴ -li ² -pa ¹		羊撞籬笆	a sheep stuck in a hedge.

yang ² -ch'ün ²	羊羣	a flock of sheep.
yang ² -jou ⁴	羊肉	mutton.
yang ² -jou ⁴ -ch'uang ² - [tzü ³	羊肉床子	a butcher's shop.
yang ² -jung ³	羊絨	fine wool.
yang ² -kao ¹	羊羔	sheep and lambs, lambs (kao ¹ yang ²).
yang ² -kao ¹ -kuei ⁴ -ju ²	羊羔跪乳	a lamb kneels to suck (filial posture).
yang ² -lan ²	羊欄	a sheep-pen.
yang ² -mao ³	羊毛	wool.
yang ² -p'i ² -yeh ⁴	羊皮葉	the common duck weed.
yang ² -tsai ³ tzü ³	羊崽子	lamb (kao ¹ yang ²).
yang ²	水洋	the ocean; vast, extensive; foreign.
yang ² -ch'ien ²	洋錢	foreign coin.
yang ² -ch'iang ¹	洋鎗	a foreign gun, a pistol.
yang ² -ch'iang ¹ -tui ⁴	洋鎗隊	the file with foreign arms.
yang ² -ch'ou ²	洋綢	foreign silk.
yang ² -ch'uan ²	洋船	foreign vessels.
yang ² -hai ²	洋海	oceans and seas, the ocean, the sea.
yang ² -hang ²	洋行	a foreign firm.
yang ² -hang ² -shang ¹	洋行商	a merchant engaged in European trade.
yang ² -hui ⁴ -ch'iu ³	洋繡球	the common scarlet geranium.
yang ² -huo ³	洋火	matches (tzü ⁴ lai ² huo ³).
yang ² -huo ⁴	洋貨	foreign goods.
yang ² -huo ⁴ -chuan ²	洋貨莊	shop for sale of foreign goods.
yang ² -knei ² -tzü ³	洋鬼子	"foreign devil."
yang ² -mei ² -kuei ¹	洋玫瑰	the lemon scented geranium.
yang ² -mien ⁴	洋面	seas, oceans.
yang ² -p'ien ⁴	洋片	peep shows.
yang ² -pu ⁴	洋布	foreign cloths.
yang ² -shang ²	洋商	foreign merchants.
yang ² -yang ² -té ² -i ¹	洋洋得意	highly elated.
yang ² -yao ⁴	洋藥	foreign medicine; opium.
yang ² -yu ²	洋油	coal oil (mei ² yu ²).
yang ²	草陽	the male principle, light and heat, the sun, [openly.]
yang ² -ch'i ⁴	陽氣	spring air; a sort of mist; conceited.
yang ² -chien ¹	陽間	amongst the living, alive, in the world.
yang ² -ch'un ¹	陽春	the spring.
yang ² -ch'un ¹ -yüeh ⁴	陽春月	the 10th month. See Note 32
yang ² -feng ⁴ -yin ¹ -wei ²	陽奉陰違	hypocrisy.
yang ² -k-n ¹	陽溝	open drain.
yang ² kuan ¹	陽關	a public road.
yang ² -lu ⁴ -tzü ³	陽蠟子	a kind of hairy caterpillar.
yang ² -mo ⁴	陽報	an open or manifest recompense.
yang ² -shih ⁴	陽事	sexual intercourse.

yang ² -shih ⁴	陽世	in the world, alive.
yang ² shih ⁴ -san ¹ -chien ¹	陽世三間	in the world.
yang ² -shou ⁴	陽壽	life, old age.
yang ² -tzu ¹	陽字	raised letters.
yang ² -wu ⁴	陽物	the male organ of generation.
yang ²	手揚	to hold up; to spread; to excite; to winnow; to [make.
yang ² -ch'ang ³	揚場	to winnow; a winnowing ground.
yang ² -ch'ang ³ -ch'ü ⁴	揚場去	to go off abruptly.
yang ² -ch'ü ⁴	揚氣	conceited, supercilious.
yang ² -fan ¹	揚帆	to spread sail, to sail, to depart.
yang ² -mei ³	揚眉	to expand the eyebrows.
yang ² -mei ³ -t'u ³ -ch'ü ⁴	揚眉吐氣	very comfortable (shu ¹ fu ³).
yang ² -ming ³	揚名	to become famous.
yang ² -shêng ²	揚聲	to vociferate; to spread a report.
yang ² -shou ³	揚手	to hold up the hand (chü ³ shou ³).
yang ² -tzu ³ -chiang ¹	揚子江	the river Yang-tse.
yang ² -yang ² -pi ⁴ -ts'ai ³	揚揚不睬	supercilious.
yang ² -yang ² -lê ² -i ⁴	揚揚得意	elated.
yang ²	木楊	a kind of poplar.
yang ² -liu ³	楊柳	the poplar and willow.
yang ² -mei ³	楊梅	the arbutus; a venereal ulcer.
yang ² -mei ³ -chieh ² -tu ²	楊梅結毒	a buboe, a tumour.
yang ² -mei ³ -ch'uang ¹	楊梅瘡	a venereal ulcer.
yang ² -mei ³ -lou ⁴ -tzu ³	楊梅痘子	same.
yang ² -chu ² -man ² -tzi ²	楊樹芒子	the beard or awn of poplar tree.
yang ²	人伴	false, unreal; to feign (chuang ¹ chia ³).
yang ² -hsiao ⁴	伴笑	to pretend laughter.
yang ² -k'uang ³	伴狂	to feign madness.
yang ² -pi ⁴ -chih ¹	伴不知	to pretend not to know.
yang ² wei ²	伴爲	to pretend, fictitious.
yang ²	風颺	to let off; to escape; to sail off; to fly; to win- [now.
yang ² -yen ²	颺言	to spread a report.
yang ² -ch'ang ³	颺場	to winnow grain.

YANG ³	食養	to rear, to bring up, to support, to nourish.
yang ³ -ch'un ¹ -chin ¹ -k'ou ³	養家口	to support one's family.
yang ³ -chi ⁴ -yüan ⁴	養濟院	a charity hospital.
yang ³ -ch'ü ⁴	養氣	oxygen.
yang ³ -êrh ² -sun ¹	養兒孫	to bring up children.
yang ³ -han ⁴	養漢	a woman to keep a paramour.
yang ³ -hsin ¹	養心	to nourish the mind, to cultivate virtue.
yang ³ -hsing ⁴	養性	to nourish one's nature.
yang ³ -huo ²	養活	to support, to rear, to bring up, to nourish.

yang ³ -lao ³ -kung ¹	養老宮	a home for aged people.
yang ³ -lao ³ -yüan ⁴	養老院	same.
yang ³ -lien ³	養廉	means of living, salary.
yang ³ -mu ³	養母	a foster-mother.
yang ³ -mu ³ -ching ⁴	養目鏡	glasses to strengthen the eyes.
yang ³ -nüang ²	養娘	a foster-mother; a brothel-keeper.
yang ³ -ping ⁴ -yüan ⁴	養病院	a hospital (i ¹ ping ⁴ yüan ⁴).
yang ³ -pu ¹ -chu ⁴	養不住	unable to support.
yang ³ -shang ¹	養傷	under treatment for injuries; to pay for such.
yang ³ -shên ¹	養生	to take care of one's health.
yang ³ -shêng ¹	養生	to support life.
yang ³ -t'ou ²	養頭	worth supporting.
yang ³ -yü ⁴	養育	to train or bring up.
yang ³ -yung ¹ -ch'êng ²	養癰成患	to care for a sore till it becomes a calamity. [upon.
yang ³	人仰 1271b1073a	to look up to, to trust to, to rely on; to wait
yang ³ -chang ⁴	仰仗	to look up to, to rely on, to be dependent.
yang ³ -kao ⁴	仰告	to pray.
yang ³ -kuan ¹ -t'ien ¹ -wên ²	仰觀天文	to study astronomy.
yang ³ -lai ⁴	仰賴	to depend on, to trust to.
yang ³ -mien ⁴	仰面	an upturned face.
yang ³ -mu ⁴	仰慕	to look up to or think of a person with regard.
yang ³ -pa ¹ -chiao ³ -rh ³	仰八脚兒	to fall flat on the back.
yang ³ -pan ³	仰板	a ceiling (ting ³ pan ³).
yang ³ -p'êng ²	仰棚	same.
yang ³ -t'ien ¹	仰天	to look up to heaven.
yang ³ -wang ⁴	仰望	to look up with hope.
yang ³ -wo ⁴	仰臥	to lie on the back.
yang ³	癢 1266c1073a	to itch (k'uai ³ , nao ² yang ³).
yang ³ -su ¹ -su ¹ -li ¹	癢酥酥的	to itch terribly.
yang ³ -yang ³ -p'a ² -rh ³	癢癢爬兒	a sort of rake (to be used when itching).
yang ³	痒 1266c1073a	a sore, an ulcer; to itch.
YANG ⁴ (tzü)	木 樣 1267c1073c	kind, fashion, manner, way, sort; a rule, a pat-
yang ⁴ -ts'ê ⁴ -tzü ³	樣冊子	a pattern book used by tailors, etc. (冊 ch'ai ³).
yang ⁴ -fa ²	樣法	fashion, kind.
yang ⁴ -shih ⁴	樣式	same (chü ² shih ⁴).
yang ⁴ -shih ⁴	樣事	every form of business or affair.
yang ⁴ -yang ⁴ -ch'i ² -chüan ²	樣樣齊全	all complete.
yang ⁴	心 恙 1267a1074b	sorrow, grief, care, sickness.
yang ⁴ -ping ⁴	恙病	sickness.

[tern.

YAO ¹	肉 腰 1272c1074a	the loins, the waist, the middle.
yao ¹ chan ⁴	腰站	intermediate stations.

yao ¹ -chung ⁴ -kua ⁴ -chien ⁴	腰中掛劍	to carry a sword at one's waist.
yao ¹ -fang ³	腰房	the best room in middle of yard.
yao ¹ -li ³ -wu ³ -ch'ien ³	腰裏無錢	no money in pockets.
yao ¹ -p'ai ³	腰牌	a soldier's belt ticket.
yao ¹ -pei ⁴	腰背	lower part of back.
yao ¹ -tai ⁴ -cho ²	腰帶着	to gird round the waist.
yao ¹ -tai ⁴ -tzü ³	腰帶子	a sash, a girdle, a waistband.
yao ¹ tao ¹	腰刀	a short sword, a dagger.
yao ¹ tao ⁴	腰道	a cross road, a roundabout road.
yao ¹ -t'êng ²	腰疼	pain in the loins.
yao ¹ -t'ung ⁴	腰痛	same.
yao ¹ tzü ³	腰子	the loins, the waist, the kidneys of animals.
yao ¹ -tzü ³ -juan ³	腰子軟	e. g., with little money in purse (fig.).
yao ¹ -yen ³	腰眼	the small of the back.
yao ¹	口 吆	1276a1075a to cry or hawk goods.
yao ¹ -ho ⁴	吆喝	to scold, to call out, to cry wares.
yao ¹ -ho ¹ -ku ³ -i ¹	吆喝故衣	to call out second hand clothing.
yao ¹ -ho ¹ -t'a ¹	吆喝他	scare one by loud talk.
yao ¹ -hu ¹	吆呼	to scold, cry out.
yao ¹ -huan ⁴	吆喚	same.
yao ¹ -luan ⁴ -shên ² -mo ²	吆喚甚麼	what is he crying? etc.
yao ¹	是 邀	1273a1075a to invite, to request, to want.
yao ¹ -ch'ing ³	邀請	to invite, to request (ch'ing ³ k'o ⁴).
yao ¹ -hui ⁴	邀會	to invite to go with or to one.
yao ¹ -k'o ⁴	邀客	to invite a guest.
yao ¹ -mai ³ -jên ² -hsin ¹	邀買人心	to court popularity.
yao ¹ -t'a ¹ -lai ²	邀他來	request him to come, etc.
yao ¹ -ting ⁴	邀定	to command.
yao ¹	大 夭	1273b1074b untimely, premature; calamitous; delicate, ten-
yao ¹ -chê ²	夭折	cut off prematurely, untimely death.
yao ¹ -ming ⁴	夭命	an untimely fate.
yao ¹ -shou ⁴	夭壽	premature death and long life.
yao ¹ -wang ²	夭亡	premature or untimely death.
yao ¹	女 妖	1273b1074b demons, imps, fiends, elves, fairies; superhuman.
yao ¹ -ching ¹	妖精	elves, spirits, demons; etc.
yao ¹ -fêng ¹	妖風	a wind raised by fiends.
yao ¹ -i ⁴	妖異	an ominous portent.
yao ¹ -jên ²	妖人	wizards, sorcerers, cursers.
yao ¹ -kuai ⁴	妖怪	strange, unnatural appearance; elfish, impish.
yao ¹ -mo ²	妖魔	a ghost, a fiend.
yao ¹ -mo ² -kuei ³ -kuai ⁴	妖魔鬼怪	evil spirits, hobgoblins.
yao ¹ -nieh ⁴	妖孽	an elf, a sprite, a monster, a monstrosity.
yao ¹ -shu ⁴	妖術	magic spell or arts.

[der.]

YAO ²	手	搖	1274a1075c	to shake, to move, to wave; to imitate.
yao ² -ch'è ¹		搖車		a hammock, swing or cradle.
yao ² -chung ¹		搖鐘		to ring a bell.
yao ² -hun ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴		搖撼不動		cannot be shaken.
yuo ² -huang ³		搖晃		to shake, to jolt.
yao ² -i ³		搖椅		a rocking chair.
yuo ² -ku ³ -r ³ h ²		搖鼓兒		"shake drum", a pedlar (seller of calico, etc.)
yao ² -ling ² -r ³ h ²		搖鈴兒		"shake bell", a pedlar (seller of thread, etc.)
yao ² -lu ³		搖櫓		to scull.
yuo ² -pai ³		搖擺		to swagger, to strut.
yuo ² -shou ³		搖手		to wave the hand.
yuo ² -t'un ⁴		搖攤		a game with dice.
yao ² -t'ou ³		搖頭		to wag the head.
yao ² -t'ou ² -f'eng ¹		搖頭瘋		idiocy in form of shaking head.
yao ² -t'ou ² -huang ³ -nao ³		搖頭晃腦		nodding and wagging the head.
yuo ² -t'ou ³ -pai ³ -wei ³		搖頭擺尾		head and tail wagging, e. g., a dog.
yuo ² -tung ⁴		搖動		to move, to shake, to agitate.
yuo ² -yao ³ -pai ³ pai ³		搖擺		to strut, to swagger.
yao ²	穴	窯	1274c1075c	a kiln, a pottery.
yao ² -chiang ⁴		窯匠		a potter, a burner of bricks, etc.
yao ² -huo ⁴		窯貨		pottery, earthenware.
yao ² -kung ¹		窯工		potter's work, kiln-burning work.
yao ² -t'ung ³ -tzū ³		窯桶子		a coal mine.
yao ² -tzū ³		窯子		a brothel (ch'ing ¹ lou ²).
yao ²	是	遙	1274c1076b	remote, distant, far.
yao ² -yūan ³		遙遠		same.
yao ²	言	謠	1274c1076a	lies, falsehood, slander, rumour; to slander.
yao ² -ko ¹		謠歌		a ballad, a ditty.
yao ² -yen ³		謠言		rumours, idle unfounded stories (liu ³ yen ³).
yao ² -shun ⁴ -chi ³ h ³ -shih ⁴		堯舜之世		the golden age.
yao ²	土	堯	1273c1076b	{high, eminent; a celebrated Emperor. B. C. 2156. R. 272.
yao ² -shun ⁴		堯舜		Yao and Shun, two celebrated Emperors. R. 189.
yao ² -shun ⁴ -yū ³ -t'ang ¹		堯舜禹湯		four famous Emperors of antiquity.
yao ² -t'ien ¹ -shun ⁴ -jih ⁴		堯天舜日		the golden age.
yao ²	食	餽	446a192c	prepared food, provisions, victuals.
yao ² -chuan ⁴		餽饌		same.
yao ²	水	淆	1275b193a	muddy water; mixed up, confused.
yao ² -hun ⁴		淆混		same.
yao ²	風	颯	1275a1076b	whirling round with the wind.
yao ²	爻	爻	1275a192a	to imitate; fortune-telling books.
uo ² -kua ⁴		爻卦		certain symbols, to divine (pa ¹ kua ⁴).
yao ² -tz'ū ³		爻辭		[books, interpretation of signs, etc., in fortune-telling

YAO³

yao³

yao³.ch'ê³

yao³.ch'ün³

yao³.i¹-k'ou³

yao³.jên²

yao³.kang¹-chieh²-t'ieh³ 咬鋼截鐵

yao³.p'o⁴

yao³.pu⁴-tung⁴

yao³.shang¹

yao³.shê²-êrh²

yao³.wên²-chüeh¹-tzu⁴

yao³.ya¹

yao³.ya²-ch'ieh¹-ch'ih³

yao³

yao³.shui³

yao³.tzü³

yao³

齒 { 咬 1275c1077b

口 { 咬 扯

咬 羣

咬 一口

咬 人

咬 鋼 截 鐵

咬 破

咬 不 動

咬 傷

咬 舌 兒

咬 文 嚼 字

咬 牙 切 齒

咬 牙 切 齒

舀 1276a1076c

舀 水

舀 子

穴 窵 1276b1077a

to bite, to gnaw, to bark.

same.

to evade, to trump up a case.

a biting animal, said of bad children.

to give a bite to.

to bite a person.

very fierce.

torn by a bite.

can't bite into it.

a wound from a bite.

to clip one's words in speaking.

"gnaw letters lick characters", to study; to pedan- [tic.

to grind or gnash the teeth.

to gnash the teeth.

to bale out; a ladle. See wai³.

to bale or ladle water.

a ladle (shao³ shui³).

deep, profound; retired, still, tranquil.

YAO⁴

yao⁴.chang⁴

yao⁴.chia⁴

yao⁴.chieh³

yao⁴.ch'ien³

yao⁴.chin³

yao⁴.chin³-ti¹

yao⁴.ch'ing²

yao⁴.chu³

yao⁴.fan⁴-ti¹

yao⁴.kuei¹-chéng⁴-tao⁴

yao⁴.ln⁴

yao⁴.ming⁴

yao⁴.ming⁴-kuei³

yao⁴.pu⁴-ch'í³

yao⁴.pu⁴-tê²

yao⁴.shên²-mo²

yao⁴.shih⁴

yao⁴.shih⁴-yao⁴

yao⁴.shih⁴

yao⁴.ssü³

yao⁴.tei³

yao⁴.to¹-shao³

yao⁴.tung¹-hsi¹

西 要 1271a1077c

要 賬

要 價

要 劫 錢

要 緊 的

要 緊 的

要 緊 的

要 緊 的

要 主 的

要 飯 的

要 歸 正 道

要 路

要 命

要 命 鬼

要 不 起

要 不 得

要 不 甚 麼

要 是 麼

要 是 要

要 事

要 死

要 得

要 多 少

要 東 西

to want, to desire; requisite; about to. M. 32.

to collect debts or accounts.

to ask a price, the price asked.

highway robbers (hsiang³ ma³).

to want money.

important (chung⁴ ta⁴, tang¹ chin³).

same.

it is going to be clear.

a purchaser, a buyer.

a beggar (ch'í³ kai³).

must return to the true way.

an important road; fairway of river.

to take life, deadly.

a fatal spirit.

can't afford to buy it.

this thing ought not to be taken.

what do you want?

if it is, should it be, etc.

I do want it.

an important matter.

at the point of death.

must, necessary to, etc.

how much do you want?

to buy articles.

yao ⁴ -tso ⁴	要做	about to do.
yao ⁴ -tsou ³	要走	about to go.
yao ⁴ -yao ⁴	要言	to be on the point of.
yao ⁴ -yen ³	要言	important words.
yao ⁴	藥	medicine (also yüeh ⁴).
yao ⁴	藥	same.
yao ⁴ -chi ⁴	藥劑	a dose of medicine.
yao ⁴ -ching ⁴	藥敬	a physician's fee.
yao ⁴ -chü ²	藥局	a dispensary.
yao ⁴ -fung ¹	藥方	a medical prescription.
yao ⁴ -liao ⁴	藥料	medicines.
yao ⁴ -mo ⁴	藥末	medicinal powders.
yao ⁴ -p'u ⁴	藥舖	a chemist's shop.
yao ⁴ -san ³	藥散	medicinal powders.
yao ⁴ -shih ² -ch'êng ³ -ch'ou ³	藥石成仇	good medicine is hated (if bitter).
yao ⁴ -shu ¹	藥書	medical books.
yao ⁴ -ssü ³	藥死	to poison (by accident or purposely).
yao ⁴ -tan ¹ -r'h ³	藥單兒	a medical prescription.
yao ⁴ -lien ⁴	藥店	a dispensary, a chemist's shop.
yao ⁴ -ts'ai ³	藥材	medicines, drugs.
yao ⁴ -wan ³	藥丸	a pill.
yao ⁴ -yin ³ -tzu ³	藥引子	something to take along with the medicine.
yao ⁴	耀	splendour, bright, glorious; to dazzle.
yao ⁴ -hui ¹	耀輝	glorious (also yüeh ¹).
yao ⁴ -yen ³	耀眼	to dazzle the eyes (huang ³ yeu ³).
yao ⁴ -yen ³ -chéng ¹ -kuang ¹	耀眼爭光	dazzling.
yao ⁴ (tzu ³)	瘧	fever and ague (also yüeh).
yao ⁴ -chi ³	瘧疾	same (fa ¹ yao ⁴ tzu ³).
yao ⁴ -ping ⁴	瘧病	same.
yao ⁴	金	a key, a lock, a bolt (also yüeh).
yao ⁴ -shih ³	鑰匙	a key.
yao ⁴	系	to weigh. See ch'êng ⁴ , yo ¹ .
yao ⁴ -i ⁴ -yao ⁴	約一約	to weigh; weigh it.
yao ⁴ -yao ⁴ -fen-liang ³	約約分量	to estimate the weight.

YEH ¹	口	噎	1279a1080b	to choke, to suffocate; to hiccup.
yeh ¹ -chu ⁴		噎住		to stick fast or something stuck fast in the throat.
yeh ¹ -ko ³		噎隔		the hiccup, to hiccup; to vomit; colic, cholera.
yeh ¹ -shih ³		噎食		to choke.
yeh ¹ -ssü ³ -kuei ³		噎死鬼		spirit of man who died by choking.

YEH ³	父	爺	1273c1079a	father, a term of respect.
yen ³ -i ³ -r'h ³ -lia ³		爺兒倆		father and son or daughter.

<i>yeh²-mên¹</i>	爺們	a man, men, personal attendants of official.
<i>yeh²-niang²</i>	爺娘	father and mother.
<i>yeh²-t'ai²</i>	爺台	a term of respect.
<i>yeh²-yeh²</i>	爺爺	a grandfather.
<i>yeh²</i>	耳耶	father ; interrogative particle.
<i>yeh²-ho⁴-hua¹</i>	耶和華	Jehovah.
<i>yeh²-su¹</i>	耶蘇	Jesus.
<i>yeh²-su¹-chiao⁴</i>	耶蘇教	the religion of Jesus, Protestantism.
<i>yeh²-su¹-t'ang²</i>	耶蘇堂	a Christian church or chapel.
<i>yeh² (tzü)</i>	木椰	the cocoa-nut.
<i>yeh²-tzü²-shu⁴</i>	椰子樹	cocoa-nut tree.

YEH³	乙	也 1279b1079b	and, also, even, besides, likewise, still ; final
<i>yeh³-hao³</i>		也 好	also well, still it is good, etc.
<i>yeh³-hsing²</i>		也 行	still it will do.
<i>yeh³-k'o³-i²</i>		也 可以	also do ; still answer, etc.
<i>yeh³-ning²-pai²</i>		也 明白	also clear.
<i>yeh³-nêng²-kou⁴</i>		也 能	also able to.
<i>yeh³-pa⁴-liao³</i>		也 罷了	still do, all right, never mind.
<i>yeh³-pu⁴-hsing²</i>		也 不行	besides it will not do, it will not do either.
<i>yeh³-ts'êng¹</i>		也 曾	already.
<i>yeh³</i>	里	野 1279c1079c	country, moór, common, wilderness. rustic, wild.
<i>yeh³-chi¹</i>	里	野 鷄	the pheasant (shan ¹ chi ¹).
<i>yeh³-chu¹</i>		野 豬	a wild hog or boar.
<i>yeh³-chu²-huan²-yüan⁴</i>		野 豬還	(fig.) a substitute for real culprit.
<i>yeh³-chung³</i>		野 種	a bastard.
<i>yeh³-hua¹</i>		野 花	wild flowers ; prostitutes.
<i>yeh³-jên²</i>		野 人	countrymen, rustics, barbarians.
<i>yeh³-mao¹</i>		野 貓	the wild cat.
<i>yeh³-shih²</i>		野 食	prey, pickings.
<i>yeh³-shou⁴</i>		野 獸	wild animals.
<i>yeh²-ti⁴</i>		野 地	uncultivated or uninhabited ground (k'uang ⁴ [yeh ³]).
<i>yeh³-tai¹-fu¹</i>		野 大	wandering quack.
<i>yeh³-t'an¹-ti¹</i>		野 攤	wandering vendor of sundries.
<i>yeh³-t'ou²-yeh³-nao³</i>		野 頭	wild, unruly.
<i>yeh³-ts'an²-ssü¹</i>		野 蠶	wild raw silk.
<i>yeh³-ts'ai¹</i>		野 菜	wild vegetables.

YEH⁴	夕	夜 1277c1080a	night.
<i>yeh⁴-ch'a²</i>		夜 察	night watchmen, patrol, rounds.
<i>yeh⁴-ch'a¹-kwei³</i>		夜 義	a night ogre.
<i>yeh⁴-chien¹</i>		夜 間	in the night, during the night.
<i>yeh⁴-chin³</i>		夜 緊	not safe at nights.
<i>yeh⁴-ching⁴</i>		夜 靜	the stillness of night.

yeh ⁴ -chū ⁴ -ming ² -san ⁴	夜聚明散		the meeting of secret societies.
yeh ⁴ -hei ¹	夜黑		a dark night, the night is dark.
yeh ⁴ -hsing ³	夜行		to travel by night; thieves.
yeh ⁴ -hsün ³	夜巡		night patrol or rounds.
yeh ⁴ -hu ³	夜壺		a chamber utensil (pien ⁴ hu ³).
yeh ⁴ -ko ⁴	夜個		yesterday (tso ² t'ien ¹).
yeh ⁴ -kuang ¹	夜光		"bright at night", the carbuncle; a firefly.
yeh ⁴ -kuang ¹ -chu ¹	夜光珠		the pearl.
yeh ⁴ -kuang ¹ -shih ³	夜光石		the carbuncle.
yeh ⁴ -lai ³	夜來		yesterday.
yeh ⁴ -li ³	夜裏		at night.
yeh ⁴ -li ³ -shih ³ -hou ⁴	夜裏時候		night time, in the night.
yeh ⁴ -lai ³ -h'iang ¹	夜來香		the tuberose.
yeh ⁴ -mao ¹ -tzu ³	夜貓子		"night cat", the owl (ch'ih ¹ hsiao ¹).
yeh ⁴ -ming ² -chu ¹	夜明珠		the carbuncle.
yeh ⁴ -ming ² -sha ¹	夜明沙		ordure used as medicine.
yeh ⁴ -p'iao ⁴	夜票		a "night permit" to load a ship during the night.
yeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -pi ⁴ -hu ⁴	夜不閉戶		"night not close doors", peaceful, safe (golden [age].
yeh ⁴ -shung ⁴	夜上		during the night.
yeh ⁴ -shén ¹	夜深		late at night.
yeh ⁴ -wan ³	夜晚		late at night, night
yeh ⁴ -yeh ⁴	夜夜		every night.
yeh ⁴	木業	1280a1082a	land, property, estates; an affair, occupation,
yeh ⁴ -ching ¹	業經		past and done, already done.
yeh ⁴ -chu ³	業主		a man of property (chu ³ hu ⁴).
yeh ⁴ -i ³	業已		past and done, already done.
yeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -li ³ -chai ⁴	業不抵債		assets not equal to debts.
yeh ⁴	手掖	1278a1095a	to hold up, to assist; to lean against.
yeh ⁴ -ch'i ³ -i ³ -shang ¹	掖起衣裳		to tuck the clothes in, e g., the girdle.
yeh ⁴ -t'ing ²	掖庭		side apartments in the palace or yaméns.
yeh ⁴ -yüan ²	掖垣		wall round the palace.
yeh ⁴ (t'ü)	葉	1280c1081a	leaf of a tree, book, etc.
yeh ⁴ -tzu ³ -yen ¹	葉子菸		tobacco in leaf.
yeh ⁴	肉腋	1278b1095a	the armpit (ko ² chou ³ wo ¹).
yeh ⁴ -hsia ⁴	腋下		under the armpit; the side near to one. [visit.
yeh ⁴	言謁	1281b1080a	to state, to declare, to request, to petition; to
yeh ⁴ -chien ⁴	謁見		to pay a visit to a superior (pai ⁴ yeh ⁴).
yeh ⁴	手曳拽	563b282c	to pull, to drag, to lead, to draw. See chuai ⁴
yeh ⁴ -kên ¹	拽根		a strap (for pulling on shoes) (t'i ² hsieh ³).
yeh ⁴ (t'ü)	頁	1279a194c	the head; the leaf of a book, etc.

YEN¹ 火菸煙 { 烟 1283a1082a smoke; tobacco; opium.
 yen¹ { 煙 same.

yen ¹ -ch'ên ²	煙塵	rebellion, anarchy, revolt.
yen ¹ -ch'iang ¹	煙鎗	an opium pipe.
yen ¹ -ch'i ¹ -t'êng ² -t'êng ²	煙氣騰騰	the smoke ascends in volumes.
yen ¹ -chiu ² -hsieh ² -chuang ¹	煙酒邪莊	wine and opium are a bad trade.
yen ¹ -ch'ung ¹	煙衝	an outlet for the smoke.
yen ¹ -ho ² -pao ¹	煙荷包	a tobacco pouch.
yen ¹ -hsün ¹ -hün ² -liao ²	煙燻火燎	sooty and scorched.
yen ¹ -hua ¹ -lang ⁴ -tzü ³	煙花浪子	a rake, a debauchee.
yen ¹ -hua ¹ -liu ² -hsiang ⁴	煙花柳巷	opium shops and brothels.
yen ¹ -hsia ³	煙霞	red sky or halo at the rising or setting of the sun.
yen ¹ -kuan ²	煙館	opium-den.
yen ¹ -mei ²	煙煤	"smoke coal", the common coal.
yen ¹ -p'an ² -tzü ³	煙盤子	tray for tobacco etc.
yen ¹ -pao ¹ -rh ²	煙包兒	a tobacco pouch.
yen ¹ -ssü ¹	煙絲	tobacco (manufactured).
yen ¹ -tai ⁴	煙袋	a pipe.
yen ¹ -tai ⁴ -kan ¹ -rh ²	煙袋杆兒	the stem of a pipe.
yen ¹ -tai ⁴ -kuo ² -rh ²	煙袋鍋兒	the bowl of a pipe.
yen ¹ -tai ¹ -tsui ² -rh ²	煙袋嘴兒	the mouth-piece of a pipe.
yen ¹ -t'ai ²	煙台	Yen-t'ai, i. e., Chefoo.
yen ¹ -t'ou ²	煙頭	the amount of opium smoked, e.g., daily.
yen ¹ -t'u ³	煙土	opium (ya ¹ p'ien ⁴).
yen ¹ -tun ¹	煙墩	smoke signals or beacons.
yen ¹ -t'ung ²	煙筒	a pipe, a chimney (tsao ⁴ tu ²).
yen ¹ -wu ⁴	煙霧	fog, mist, vapour (wu ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
yen ¹ -yeh ⁴	煙葉	tobacco in leaf.
yen ¹ -yin ³	煙癮	the craving for opium.
yen ¹	水淹	1286a1083b to drown; to soak, to saturate; to spoil.
yen ¹ -mu ² -liao ³	淹沒了	drowned.
yen ¹ -ni ⁴	淹溺	to drown.
yen ¹ -pai ⁴	淹敗	to spoil by water (lao ⁴ huai ⁴).
yen ¹ -shih ¹	淹濕	soaking wet.
yen ¹ -ssü ³	淹死	to drown.
yen ¹ -ssü ³ -kuei ²	淹死鬼	spirit of a drowned man.
yen ¹	西醃	1286a1083b pickle, brine; to preserve in brine (hsien ²).
yen ¹ -chi ¹ -ya ¹ -tan ⁴	醃鷄鴨蛋	to pickle hen's and duck's eggs.
yen ¹ -huo ² -tui ³	醃火腿	to salt hams.
yen ¹ -jou ⁴	醃肉	to salt meat; salt meat, corned beef.
yen ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	醃菜	to preserve vegetables; salted vegetables.
yen ¹ -yü ⁴	醃魚	to salt fish; salt fish.
yen ¹	火焉	1284b1082c how? what? don't. M. 444 (ch'i ³).
yen ¹ -chih ¹	焉知	how do I know? I don't know?
yen ¹ -kan ²	焉敢	how dare I? I dare not.

yen ¹ -n'eng ³	焉能	how able to? I am not able to.
yen ¹ -yu ³ .tz'ü ³ -li ³	焉有此理	does such a principle exist?
yen ¹	肉藤 咽	1283b1082b the throat; rouge.
yen ¹ -chih ¹	胭脂	rouge, a cosmetic.
yen ¹ -f'ien ³	咽粉	rouge and powder.
yen ¹ -hou ³	咽喉	the throat (hou ² lung ²).
yen ¹	烟 烟 菸	1286b1082a tobacco (see above).
yen ¹ -ch'uan ³	菸捲	a cigar.
yen ¹ -ma ² tien ⁴	菸麻店	a tobacco and hemp shop.
yen ¹	門 割 閹	1286a1083b testicles; to castrate; a eunuch,
yen ¹ -chu ¹	閹猪	to castrate a pig.
yen ¹ -ko ¹	閹割	to castrate.
YEN ²	水 延 沿 沿	1286c1085c a bank, a shore; to flow; to make a tour.
yen ² -ch'eng ³	沿城	running along the city wall, e. g., a road.
yen ² -hai ³	沿海	places on the sea coast.
yen ² -ho ³	沿河	to skirt along the river.
yen ² -lu ⁴	沿路	to make a tour, to go a route.
yen ² -pien ¹ -'rh ³	沿邊兒	the side, edge, border, etc.
yen ² -'io ⁴ -'rh ³	沿道兒	to make a tour, to follow a route.
yen ² -'t'u ³	沿途	same.
yen ²	延 延	1287a1084c a long time, protracted; slow, dilatory; remote.
yen ² -ch'an ³	延纏	a long time, protracted.
yen ² -ch'ang ³	延長	extended.
yen ² -ch'ih ³	延遲	to delay.
yen ² -ch'iu ³	延久	to stay long.
yen ² -huan ³	延緩	to delay (ch'ih ³ yen ²).
yen ² -ko ¹	延攔	slowly; to delay.
yen ² -na ⁴	延納	to invite; to receive; to give.
yen ² -mien ³	延年	advanced in years.
yen ² -shou ⁴	延壽	same.
yen ² -yai ³	延捱	to put off, to delay.
yen ²	嚴 嚴	1287c1084b [spect. stern, severe, grave, dignified, majestic; to re-
yen ² -chéng ³	嚴整	austrere; imposing, close, compact.
yen ² -chia ² -fang ² -fan ⁴	嚴加防範	to strictly guard against.
yen ² -chia ¹ -kuan ³ -shu ⁴	嚴加管束	to increase in strictness of restraint.
yen ² -chin ³	嚴緊	severe, strict.
yen ² -chin ⁴	嚴禁	to strictly prohibit.
yen ² -ching ⁴	嚴敬	respectful, reverential.
yen ² -chün ¹	嚴君	your father.
yen ² -chung ⁴	嚴重	grave.
yen ² -fa ³	嚴罰	severe punishments (ts'ung ² cnung ⁴).
yen ² -fu ⁴	嚴父	your father (ling ⁴ tsun ¹).

yen ² -lien ⁴		鹽店	1289a1085c	government salt office.
yen ² -ts'ai ⁴		鹽菜		salted vegetables.
yen ² -tse ⁴		鹽賊		salt thieves.
yen ² -yüan ⁴ -ya ² -mên ²		鹽院衙門		a Salt Yamên.
yen ² -yüan ⁴ -ssü ¹		鹽院司		a salt commissioner. G 277.
yen ² -yün ⁴ -shih ³		鹽運使		Salt Comptroller.
yen ²	石 硯	研	1289a1085c	to rub Chinese ink on the ink slab.
yen ² -chiu ¹		研究		to investigate minutely (shên ³ chiu ¹).
yen ² -ch'uan ³		研船		a boat-shaped mortar in drug stores.
yen ² -hsi ⁴		研細		to rub Chinese ink well or fine.
yen ² -mo ⁴		研磨		to turn a hand-mill (t'ui ¹ mo ⁴).
yen ² -mo ⁴		研末		to grind to powder (as drugs, etc.).
yen ² -mo ⁴		研墨		to rub Chinese ink.
yen ²	火	炎	1286b1085b	to blaze ; flame ; hot, burning ; glorious, bright.
yen ² -fêng ¹		炎風		a hot wind.
yen ² -shang ⁴		炎上		to flare up.
yen ² -t'ien ¹		炎天		the hot season, hot weather.
yen ² -yen ²		炎炎		blazing up.
yen ²	頁	顏	1289b1083c	the countenance ; colour.
yen ² -liao ⁴		顏料		colours, paints.
yen ² -sé ⁴		顏色		the countenance ; colour.
yen ²	竹	筵	1287c1085a	a mat ; a feast, banquet or entertainment.
yen ² -hsi ²		筵席		same (fu ⁴ hsi ²).
yen ² -yen ⁴		筵宴		a banquet.
yen ² (tzi) 竹 櫺 櫺		簷	1088c1086a	the eaves of a house.
yen ² -hsia ⁴		簷下		under the eaves.
yen ²	門 閭	閭	1294a1084a	the gate to a village.
yen ² -wang ³		閭王		the Chinese Pluto.
yen ²	艸	芫	1347a1135a	coriander.
yen ² -t'ui ¹		芫 萎		same.

YEN ³	手 揀	掩	1285c1088b	to screen, to conceal, to shut, to stroke.
yen ³ -ch'ê ¹		掩車		to block the cart wheel.
yen ³ -cho ² -huai ²		掩着懷		covering the breast, i. e., keeping a secret.
yen ³ -êrh ³		掩耳		to shut one's ears (wu ³ erh ³ to ²).
yen ³ -êrh ³ -tao ⁴ -ling ³		掩耳盜鈴		to shut one's ears and steal a bell (figuratively).
yen ³ -fu ²		掩敷		to apply (as ointment, etc.).
yen ³ -kai ⁴		掩蓋		to cover over, to screen.
yen ³ -k'ou ² -êrh ³ -hsiao ⁴		掩口而笑		covering the mouth and smiling.
yen ³ -lei ⁴		掩淚		to conceal one's tears.
yen ³ -mai ²		掩埋		to shut up, to close, to cover over, to bury.
yen ³ -mên ²		掩門		to close a door (pi ⁴ mên ²).
yen ³ -mien ⁴		掩面		to cover or shade the face.

yen ³ pi ⁴	掩蔽	to shelter, to cover over
yen ³ -pi ⁴	掩閉	to exclude, to shut out
yen ³ -pi ⁴	掩鼻	to stop the nose.
yen ³ -sua ¹	掩殺	to exterminate.
yen ³ -ts'ang ²	掩藏	to hide.
yen ³	目眼 ^{1291a1086b}	the eye, numeral of wells, etc.
yen ³ -ch'an ²	眼鏡	as you look covetous of food.
yen ³ -cheng ¹ -cheng ¹ -ti ¹	眼睜睜的	in plain sight, before the eyes.
yen ³ -chieh ⁴	眼界	boundary of sight, mental horizon.
yen ³ -chien ¹ -shou ³ -k'uai ¹	眼尖手快	a sharp eye and a quick hand.
yen ³ -chieh ⁴ -mu ⁴ -tu ²	眼見目睹	to see with one's own eyes.
yen ³ -ch'ien ²	眼前	before one's eyes.
yen ³ -chieh ¹ -mao ²	眼睫毛	eye-lashes.
yen ³ -chin ⁴ -shih ⁴	眼近視	short-sighted.
yen ³ -ching ⁴	眼鏡	spectacles, eye-glasses.
yen ³ -ching ¹	眼睛	the eyes.
yen ³ -ching ¹ -chu ¹	眼睛珠	the ball of the eye.
yen ³ -ch'iu ¹	眼球	same.
yen ³ -chung ¹ -ting ¹	眼中釘	fig. a person to whom you object.
yen ³ -chung ¹ -wu ² -jén ²	眼中無人	conceited, supercilious.
yen ³ -hsia ⁴	眼下	at the moment.
yen ³ -hsieh ²	眼斜	squint-eyed.
yen ³ -hsien ⁴	眼線	a detective; pus in the corners of the eyes.
yen ³ -hua ¹ -liao ³	眼花了	the eyes dim (with age, etc.)
yen ² -hung ² -liao ³	眼紅了	to be covetous.
yen ³ -jé ⁴	眼熱	same.
yen ³ -k'an ⁴	眼看	evidently, on the point of. M. 33.
yen ³ -k'o ¹	眼科	an oculist
yen ³ -k'uang ⁴	眼眶	the socket of the eye.
yen ³ -lei ⁴	眼淚	tears.
yen ³ -li ⁴ -chien ⁴ -érh ²	眼力見兒	judgment.
yen ³ -li ⁴ -kao ¹	眼力高	acute, clever at seeing things
yen ³ -li ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴	眼力不到	sight not strong enough.
yen ³ -liang ⁴	眼亮	clear-sighted
yen ³ -mao ²	眼毛	eyelashes (yen ³ chieh ⁴ mao ²).
yen ³ -mei ²	眼眉	eyebrows.
yen ³ -mien ⁴ -ch'ien ² -chien ⁴	眼面前見	things of constant occurrence.
yen ³ -mu ⁴	眼目	the eyes.
yen ³ -pa ¹ -pa ¹ -ti ¹	眼巴巴的	looking eagerly.
yen ³ -p'i ²	眼皮	eyelids.
yen ³ -p'i ² -tzu ³ -ch'ien ³	眼皮子淺	greedy.
yen ³ -pu ⁴ -kuan ¹ -hsieh ²	眼不觀邪	he does not look at obscene things.
yen ³ -sé ⁴	眼色	discernment; a wink.

yen ³ -se ⁴	yen ³ -wang ⁴	眼色眼望	discernment ; a wink.
yen ³ -shēn ²		眼神	the eyes as indicating what is within.
yen ³ -shih ² -chien ¹		眼時間	at present, just now.
yen ³ -t'iao ¹ -hsin ¹ -ching ¹		眼跳心驚	nervously apprehensive.
yen ³ tu ²		眼毒	keen-eyed, sharp-sighted, etc.
yen ³ -t'ung ⁴		眼痛	sore eyes.
yen ³ -tzi ³		眼子	a person who is often cheated.
yen ³ -yao ⁴		眼藥	eye medicine.
yen ³ -yün ¹		眼暈	dizziness from (looking down).
yen ³	水	演 ^{1292b1087b}	[form. to exercise, to practise, to make trial of ; to per-
yen ³ -ch'iang ¹		演鎗	to practise with the gun or spear.
yen ³ -hsi ²		演習	to practise (hsüeh ² hsi ²).
yen ³ -hsi ⁴		演戲	to play, to act, to rehearse ; theatricals.
yen ³ -hsing ² -chia ¹ -li ²		演行家禮	to practice home politeness.
yen ³ -i ⁴		演義	false, fabricated, romancing ; light reading.
yen ³ -li ²		演禮	to practice rites (preparatory to sacrifice).
yen ³ -ping ¹		演兵	to exercise troops.
yen ³ -tui ⁴		演隊	same.
yen ³ -wu ²		演武	to practise military exercises.
yen ³ -wu ² t'ing ¹		演武廳	a place for military exercises.
yen ³ -yo ⁴		演樂	to practice music (preparatory to sacrifice).

YEN⁴

yen ⁴ -ch' i ⁴	厭	厭 ^{1238c1089a}	disgust, disdain, dislike ; to hate ; to reject ; filled.
yen ⁴ -ch' i ⁴	厭	厭棄	to reject with dislike or disdain, to cast off.
yen ⁴ -chien ⁴	厭	厭氣	disgust, aversion.
yen ⁴ -chüeh ²	厭	厭見	to dislike seeing, to avert.
yen ⁴ -fan ²	厭	厭絕	to exterminate, to destroy, to cut off.
yen ⁴ -hsien ²	厭	厭煩	to annoy, to bother.
yen ⁴ -ku ⁴ -hsi ² -hsin ¹	厭	厭嫌	same.
yen ⁴ -mên ⁴	厭	厭故喜新	rejecting the old and glad of the new.
yen ⁴ -wu ⁴	厭	厭悶	sad, sorrowful.
yen ⁴	火	厭惡 ^{1284c1090a}	to annoy, to bother, to worry.
yen ⁴ -an ¹		燕	rest, repose ; the swallow.
yen ⁴ -ching ¹		燕安	at rest.
yen ⁴ -i ³ -rhi ²		燕京	an ancient name of Peking.
yen ⁴ -mai ⁴		燕尾兒	[hair. "swallow's tail", a mode of dressing women's
yen ⁴ -p'ai ² -ch'ih ⁴		燕麥	cats.
yen ⁴ -tzu ³		燕排翅	swallows flying in pairs,
yen ⁴ -wo ¹		燕子	swallows.
yen ⁴ -yü ³		燕子窩	bird's nests (edible), a swallow's nest.
yen ⁴	馬	燕語	"swallows twittering", the chatter of women.
yen ⁴ -ch'a ²	驗	驗 ^{1292c1091b}	to examine, to witness, to verify ; proof, testi-
		查	to examine. [mony,

yen ⁴ -ch'í ³	驗訖	an examination completed.
yen ³ -ch'uan ²	驗船	to examine a vessel (as by Customs' officers).
yen ⁴ -fang ⁴ -liang ² -hsiang ³	驗放糧餉	to inspect and pass rations.
yen ⁴ -fêng ¹ -ssü ¹	驗封司	an official who inspects the seals at Customs.
yen ⁴ -huo ⁴	驗貨	to examine goods.
yen ⁴ -k'an ⁴	驗看	to examine.
yen ⁴ -shang ¹	驗傷	to examine a wound.
yen ⁴ -shih ¹	驗尸	a post-mortem examination.
yen ⁴ -shui ⁴	驗稅	examination dues, duties.
yen ⁴ -tan ¹	驗單	a "permit".
yen ⁴ -wên ⁴	驗問	to enquire, to examine.
yen ⁴	豆艷豔	1293c1091a fresh, bright, good, handsome, luxurious.
yen ⁴	豔	same.
yen ⁴ -ch'í ¹	豔妻	a handsome wife.
yen ⁴ -ch'uang ¹	豔粧	well-dressed, a toilette well got up.
yen ⁴ -fu ²	豔服	good or fine clothes.
yen ⁴ -yang ²	豔陽	bright, fine, pleasant.
yen ⁴	口咽	1283a1090b to swallow, to gulp down.
yen ⁴	咽	1283a1090b same.
yen ⁴ -ch'í ⁴	咽氣	to breathe his last.
yen ⁴ -hou ²	咽喉	the wind-pipe, the throat, the gullet.
yen ⁴ -hou ² -chih ¹ -ti ⁴	咽喉之地	an important part of the country, a pass, a <i>key</i> .
yen ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	咽下去	to swallow down (t'un ¹ hsia ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
yen ⁴ -tsao ⁴	咽燥	a parched throat.
yen ⁴	石硯	1293c1090c a Chinese ink-slab; to rub.
yen ⁴ -ch'ih ²	硯池	the hollow in an ink-slab for water.
yen ⁴ -shui ² -ho ²	硯水盒	vessel for holding water used for mixing up ink.
yen ⁴ -t'ai ²	硯台	an ink-slab.
yen ⁴ -t'ai ² -ho ²	硯台盒	an ink-slab case.
yen ⁴	燕宴	1290c1090b [ment. repose, leisure; a feast, banquet or entertain-
yen ⁴ -an ¹	宴安	at rest, repose.
yen ⁴ -chia ⁴	宴駕	death of an Emperor (pêng ¹ chia ⁴).
yen ⁴ -hui ⁴	宴會	an assemblage of guests at a banquet.
yen ⁴ -yo ⁴	宴樂	merry-making, merry, festive (ch'ih ¹ ho ¹ yen ⁴ lo ⁴).
yen ⁴	雁	1293b1089b the wild goose.
yen ⁴	鳥	same.
yen ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -liu ² -shêng ¹	雁過留聲	the wild geese cry as they pass.
yen ⁴ -o ²	雁鷄	wild goose.
yen ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -pa ¹ -mao ²	雁過拔毛	fig. to get something out of everybody.
yen ⁴	言諺	1289a1090c a proverb, a common saying, tradition.
yen ⁴ -yü ³	諺語	same.
yen ⁴	火燄燄	1294a1091b glare, flame, light, bright.
yen ⁴ -huo ³	燄火	to light a fire, flame.

yen⁴
yen⁴-ch⁴a² 酉 醞 12SSb1091a 醞 茶

strong, as a decoction,
strong tea (nung² ch⁴a²).

YIN¹ 口 因 1297a1098a
yin¹-ch⁴i²-ché⁴-ko⁴ 因 其 這 個
yin¹-ch⁴in¹-érh²-ch⁴in¹ 因 親 而 親
yin¹-érh² 因 而
yin¹-ho²-yüan²-ku⁴ 因 何 緣 故
yin¹-hsiao²-shih¹-ta⁴ 因 小 失 大
yin¹-hsün² 因 循
yin¹-jéng² 因 仍
yin¹-kuo² 因 果
yin¹-ping⁴-hsia⁴-yao⁴ 因 病 下 藥
yin¹-shih²-chih⁴-i² 因 時 制 宜
yin¹-t'á¹-érh²-ch⁴i² 因 他 而 起
yin¹-t'á¹-shih¹-chiao⁴ 因 才 施 教
yin¹-tsui⁴-érh²-ssü² 因 罪 而 死
yin¹-tz'ü² 因 此
yin¹-tz'ü²-chí¹-pei² 因 此 及 彼
yin¹-wei² 因 爲
yin¹-wei²-ni² 因 爲 你
yin¹-wei²-shén²-mo¹ 因 爲 甚 麼
yin¹-yu² 因 由
yin¹-yü²-érh²-yu² 因 友 而 友
yin¹-yüan² 因 緣
yin¹-yüan² 因 原
yin¹ 卑 氣 阴 陰 1298a1099
yin¹-chai² 陰 宅
yin¹-chien¹ 陰 間
yin¹-chih¹ 陰 瞞
yin¹-ch'ing¹ 陰 晴
yin¹-hsien² 陰 險
yin¹-hu⁴ 陰 戶
yin¹-hun² 陰 魂
yin¹-kou¹ 陰 溝
yin¹-kung¹ 陰 功
yin¹-liang²-rh² 陰 涼 兒
yin¹-pao⁴ 陰 報
yin¹-shih⁴ 陰 世
yin¹-shih⁴ 陰 事
yin¹-ssü¹ 陰 司
yin¹-t'ien¹ 陰 天

because of, for sake of. M. 198, 201.
because of this.
related through a relative.
and so, and hence (pedantic).
for what reason ?
to lose the greater for the less.
remissness, negligence.
to continue as of old.
cause and effect.
to suit the medicine to the complaint.
to do what is suitable to the occasion.
it arose on his account.
{ to establish a religion by genius; teach a man
according to his ability.
died on account of sin.
therefore.
from this to that.
because of, on account of.
on your account .
for what reason ? on what account ? why ?
origin, cause,
friendly to a man, on account of a friend.
cause, reason.
occasion, origin, cause (yüan² ku⁴).
shady, obscure, sombre, dull ; female.
paper house to be burnt at the grave ; graves,
amongst the dead, Hades (huang² ch'üan²).
concealed merit.
cloudy or fine, the weather.
treacherous.
the vagina.
a ghost.
hidden drain.
secret merits, available in the next life.
shady, in the shade.
a secret or hidden recompense.
Hades.
secret affairs.
court of Judgment in Hades,
a cloudy day, cloudy weather.

yin¹-ts'ao² 陰曹
 yin¹-ts'ao²-ti⁴-fu³ 陰曹地府
 yin¹-tu² 陰毒
 yin¹-tē² 陰德
 yin¹-wên² 陰文
 yin¹-wu⁴ 陰物
 yin¹-yang² 陰陽
 yin¹-yang²-hsiao² 陰陽學
 yin¹-yang²-hsien¹-shêng¹ 陰陽先生
 yin¹-yang²-kuan¹ 陰陽官
 yin¹-yang²-shêng¹ 陰陽生
 yin¹-yang²-pu⁴-ho³ 陰陽不和
 yin¹-ying³ 陰影
 yin¹-yü³ 陰雨
 yin¹-yün² 陰雲
 yin¹ 女 嫻 姻 1297c1098b
 yin¹-ch'ei² 姻戚
 yin¹-chia¹ 姻家
 yin¹-ch'in¹ 姻親
 yin¹-hsiung¹-ti⁴ 姻兄弟
 yin¹-wan² 姻晚
 yin¹-wêng¹ 姻翁
 yin¹-ya³ 姻亞
 yin¹-yüan² 姻緣
 yin¹-yüan²-yu³-fên⁴ 姻緣有分
 yin¹ 音 1296b1100a
 yin¹-hsin⁴ 音信
 yin¹-li⁴ 音律
 yin¹-shêng¹ 音聲
 yin¹-wên² 音聞
 yin¹-yo⁴ 音樂
 yin¹-yo⁴-ti⁴ 音樂的
 yin¹ 爻 1299c1099c
 yin¹-ch'in² 殷勤
 yin¹-hu⁴ 殷戶
 yin¹-shih² 殷實
 yin¹ 心 1299c1100a
 yin¹-ch'in² 殷勤
 yin¹-yin¹ 殷慇
 yin¹-yin¹-ch'in²-ch'in² 殷慇勤慇
 yin¹ 艸 1298a1098c
 yin¹-ch'ên² 茵陳
 yin¹-ch'ên²-chiu² 茵陳酒

amongst the dead, Hades.
 Hades.
 to secretly injure, etc.
 secret virtue, available in the next life,
 incised characters (yang wên)
 female organ of generation. [male.
 sun and moon; heaven and earth; male and fe-
 the geomantic art.
 a diviner.
 official geomancer.
 writer of death-certificates (Peking).
 the male and female principles disagree,
 shadow.
 rainy weather.
 cloudy, clouds.
 a bride; marriage.
 relations by marriage (the wife's).
 same (either husband's or wife's).
 same (the husband's).
 the bride's brothers.
 junior relations of a couple.
 fathers of a couple.
 related by marriage; fathers of a couple.
 the cause of marriage; marriage.
 there is a destiny in marriage; marriage.
 sound, tone, notes, news, intimation of.
 news, tidings (hsiao¹ hsi²).
 "laws of sound", music.
 sound, noise (shêng¹ yin¹).
 report (fêng¹ wên²).
 musical instruments; music.
 musicians (tso⁴ yo⁴ ti¹). [correct.
 wealthy, flourishing, abundant; respectable;
 diligent and attentive (ch'in²).
 a flourishing family.
 affluent and substantial.
 mournful; sympathizing; industrious.
 diligent and attentive.
 same.
 same.
 a mat or cushion.
 a medicine for cure of jaundice.
 a medicine for jaundice.

YIN ²	水	淫 ^{1300a1101a}	desire, lust, excess ; to debauch ; absence ; error'
yin ² -ch'uang ¹		淫瘡	venereal ulcers.
yin ² -fu ¹		淫婦	an adulteress, an immodest woman.
yin ² -fêng ¹		淫風	fashion of dissipation (ch'un ¹ hsin ¹).
yin ² -fêng ¹ -chêng ⁴		淫瘋症	sort of venereal disease.
yin ² -hsin ¹		淫心	lustful (chien ¹ yin ²).
yin ² -lang ⁴		淫浪	lust, profligacy (in women).
yin ² -luan ⁴		淫亂	lewdness and incest.
yin ² -luan ⁴ -fêng ¹ -hsü ⁴		淫亂風俗	lewdness prevalent.
yin ² -shu ¹		淫書	obscene books.
yin ² -t'an ⁴		淫談	obscene talk.
yin ² -tang ⁴		淫蕩	licentious, dissolute.
yin ² -yen ⁴		淫豔	voluptuous, wanton, luxurious, dissipated.
yin ² (tzu)	金	銀 ^{1300c1101b}	silver, money.
yin ² -ch'iao ⁴		銀鞘	wooden logs for conveying treasure.
yin ² -chiang ⁴ -lu ²		銀匠爐	a silversmith's furnace.
yin ² -ch'ien ²		銀錢	money.
yin ² -chü ¹		銀硃	vermillion.
yin ² -hang ³		銀行	a bank.
yin ² -hao ⁴		銀號	same.
yin ² -hsien ⁴		銀線	silver thread.
yin ² -hsüeh ⁴		銀穴	a silver mine.
yin ² -hui ¹ -sé ⁴		銀灰色	lavender colour.
yin ² -hung ¹ -sé ⁴		銀紅色	rose colour, maiden's blush.
yin ² -k'o ⁴		銀鏤	small silver ingots (about five taels).
yin ² -k'u ⁴		銀庫	a silver treasury.
yin ² -kung ³		銀礦	a silver mine.
yin ² -liang ³		銀糧	taxes.
yin ² -liang ³		銀兩	cash, money.
yin ² -lou ²		銀樓	shop for the sale of head ornaments.
yin ² -p'ai ²		銀牌	a silver medal.
yin ² -p'an ²		銀盤	the value of silver, the rate of exchange.
yin ² -p'iao ⁴		銀票	a money bill.
yin ² -po ³		銀箔	copper foil.
yin ² -shu ³		銀鼠	the white squirrel skins or ermine.
yin ² -shu ³ -p'i ²		銀鼠皮	white squirrel skins, ermine.
yin ² -ssu ¹		銀絲	silver wire, etc.
yin ² -yü ²		銀魚	the silver fish decoration.
yin ²	宀	寅 ^{1300b1100c}	horary character ; 3 to 5 A.M.; bold ; respectful.
yin ² -ch'êng ³		寅承	to respectfully receive.
yin ² -i ³		寅誼	fellow-officials.
yin ² -shih ³		寅時	3 to 5 o'clock A.M.
yin ² -wei ⁴		寅畏	reverence and awe.

yin ² . yüeh ⁴		寅月	the first month. See Note 32.
yin ²	口唸	吟 ^{1301b1100b}	to sigh, to moan; to chant, to recite; to hum.
yin ² . fêng ³		吟諷	to chant, to recite.
yin ² . shih ¹		吟詩	to recite verses.
yin ²	水	溼 ^{1299b1099a}	to sink in water; to soak (t'a ¹ t'ou ⁴).
yin ² . kuo ⁴ . lai ³		溼過來	soaked through (paper, etc.).
yin ² . shih ¹		溼濕	soaked through.
YIN ³	弓	引 ^{1302a1102a}	to lead, to guide; to inveigle; to introduce.
yin ³ . Chiang ³ . t'í ¹		引港的	a pilot (tai ⁴ shui ³ jên ³).
yin ³ . chien ⁴		引荐	to introduce (chien ⁴ chü ³).
yin ³ . chien ⁴		引見	to present at court; to introduce (mien ⁴ chün ¹).
yin ³ . chin ⁴		引近	to draw near to one.
yin ³ . chin ⁴		引進	to lead in, introduce and recommend.
yin ³ . chuang ⁴		引狀	funeral card (fu ⁴ wên ²).
yin ³ . hsing ³		引行	to lead the way (ling ³ lu ⁴).
yin ³ . huai ⁴ . liao ³		引壞了	seduced.
yin ³ . hun ³ . fan ¹		引魂旛	streamer borne by priest to lead soul.
yin ³ . huó ⁴		引惑	to tempt, to entice, to inveigle.
yin ³ . jên ² . wei ² . shan ⁴		引人爲善	to lead man to good.
yin ³ . kung ¹		引弓	to draw a bow.
yin ³ . ling ³		引領路	to lend, to guide; to expect, to hope.
yin ³ . lu ⁴		引路	to lead the way.
yin ³ . pu ⁴ . cho ³		引不著	(the fire) won't kindle.
yin ³ . shu ¹ . tao ⁴ . chêng ⁴		引書作証	to quote a book as proof.
yin ³ . shui ³ . jên ³		引水人	a pilot.
yin ³ . tao ¹		引導	to lead, to guide, to induce.
yin ³ . tao ⁴		引道	to lead the way, to guide.
yin ³ . tao ⁴ . yu ⁴ . shih ⁴		引盜入室	to lead thieves into a house.
yin ³ . tien ³ . ku ⁴		引典故	to make a historical or mythological allusion.
yin ³ . ts'ó ⁴ . liao ³		引錯了	to mislead (mi ² huó ⁴).
yin ³ . tzü ³		引子	the front or first one, the gist, the purport.
yin ³ . yu ⁴		引誘	to entice, to tempt, to seduce (kou ¹ yin ³).
yin ³	草隱乙	隱 ^{1303b1103a}	dull; hidden, secret; to avoid; to conceal; to pity.
yin ³ . ché ³		隱者	one who secludes himself from official employ
yin ³ . chü ¹ . pu ⁴ . shih ⁴		隱居不仕	to live in retirement from official life.
yin ³ . ch'ü ⁴		隱去	to retire.
yin ³ . hui ⁴		隱諱	to avoid the mention of (pi ⁴ hui ⁴).
yin ³ . i ³		隱逸	to retire, to withdraw, to abscond.
yin ³ . man ³		隱瞞	to deceive, to conceal.
yin ³ . ming ² . mai ³ . hsing ⁴		隱名埋姓	to conceal identity under false name.
yin ³ . ni ⁴		隱匿	to conceal, to screen.
yin ³ . ó ⁴ . yang ² . shan ⁴		隱惡揚善	to conceal the evil and make known the good.

yin ³ -pi ⁴	隱	敬	to obscure, to cover over (one's faults).
yin ³ -pi ⁴	隱	避	to avoid, to abscond.
yin ³ -shih ⁴	隱	士	a person of ability who declines office.
yin ³ -ts'ang ³	隱	藏	to conceal.
yin ³ -tun ⁴	隱	遁	to conceal one's self, to go into retirement (official).
gin ³ -wei ¹	隱	微	abstruse, profound.
yin ³ -yen ²	隱	言	secret innuendo.
yin ³ -yü ⁴	隱	語	elliptical language.
yin ³	食	飲	1302c1102c to drink; to rinse the mouth (ho ¹).
yin ³ -ch'i ⁴		飲器	drinking vessels.
yin ³ -chiu ³		飲酒	to drink wine ho ¹ chiu ³).
yin ³ -hên ⁴		飲恨	to swallow one's resentment (t'un ¹ shêng ¹).
yin ³ -shêng ¹ -k'ou ³		飲牲口	to water animals.
yin ³ -shih ²		飲食	to eat and drink, eating and drinking.
yin ³ -shih ² -pu ⁴ -chin ⁴		飲食不進	food and drink refused, e. g., sick person.
yin ³ -shui ³		飲水	to drink water (ho ¹ shui ³).
yin ³ -shui ³ -ssü ¹ -yüan ²		飲水思源	when you drink think of the source.
yin ³ -t'ung ¹		飲湯	to drink soup or hot water.
yin ³ -yen ⁴		飲宴	to feast.
yin ³	疒	癩	1303c1103b a rash, an eruption; a craving for, e. g., opium or
yin ³ -chên ²		癩疹	a rash, an eruption.
yin ³	虫	蟻	1302b1102b the earth worm.
yin ³ -ch'ung ³		蚓虫	same.
yin ³	尸	尹	1303a1102b a magistrate; to grasp; to rule; to introduce.
YIN ⁴	卩	印	1304a1103c a seal, a stamp, a type; to seal, to stamp, to print.
yin ⁴ -chí ⁴		印記	a seal-mark.
yin ⁴ -ho ²		印盒	box of an official seal.
yin ⁴ -hsin ⁴		印信	a seal; a letter; credentials; to seal a letter, etc.
yin ⁴ -hua ¹ -pu ⁴		印花布	chintz, furnitures.
yin ⁴ -i ¹ -k'ou ²		印一口	a seal.
yin ⁴ -pa ⁴ -tzü ³		印把子	handle of a seal.
yin ⁴ -pan ³		印板	block type.
yin ⁴ -shu ¹		印書	to print books, printing.
yin ⁴ -t'ang ²		印堂	the space between the eyebrows.
yin ⁴ -tu ⁴		印度	India (t'ien ¹ chu ² kuo ²).
yin ⁴ -tu ⁴ -yang ³		印度洋	the Indian ocean.
yin ⁴ -tzü ³		印子	a seal-mark.
yin ⁴	艸	蔭	1299a1103c shady, to shelter.
yin ⁴ -liang ² -rh ²		蔭涼兒	shade, in the shade.
yin ⁴ -pi ⁴		蔭庇	protect.
yin ⁴ -shêng ¹		蔭生	a holder of hereditary rank.
yin ⁴ -tzü ³		蔭子	to reward the son of a meritorious minister.

[drink.

YING ¹	心	應	1305c1106a	ought, should, right, proper; to answer See [ying ¹].
ying ¹ -ch'êng ³		應承		to promise, to acquiesce in.
ying ⁴ -chih ²		應執		to respond to invitation, to assist at funerals or
ying ⁴ -ch'ou ²		應酬		to reciprocate kindness, reciprocity. [weddings.
ying ¹ -fên ¹		應分		right, proper.
ying ¹ -hou ⁴		應候		to wait upon.
ying ¹ -hsü ³		應許		to promise.
ying ¹ -i ²		應宜		it ought to be so.
ying ¹ -kai ¹		應該		ought to, should be.
ying ¹ -kuan ¹ -i ¹ -shih ³		應官一時		official calls are brief.
ying ¹ -no ⁴		應諾		to assent, to promise.
ying ¹ -pan ⁴		應辦		ought to be done.
ying ¹ -shih ²		應時		seasonable, according to appointment.
ying ¹ -ta ¹		應答		to assent, to promise.
ying ¹ -tang ¹		應當		ought, should, proper or right to.
ying ¹ -tien ³		應典		to coincide, to answer.
ying ¹ -tê ²		應得		to entitle one to, ought to succeed.
ying ¹ -yen ⁴		應驗		to verify, verification.
ying ¹ -yün ³		應允		to consent to.
ying ¹ -yung ⁴		應用		in reserve, available for use.
ying ¹	艸	英	1307c1104a	brave, gallant, heroic; talented; flourishing; [foliage.
ying ¹ -hsiung ³		英雄		a hero (hao ³ chieh ²).
ying ¹ -hsiung ³ -tun ³		英雄膽		very brave.
ying ¹ -hua ²		英華		flowery, blooming.
ying ¹ -kuo ²		英國		England.
ying ¹ -ming ² -wan ⁴ -ku ³		英名萬古		a great reputation.
ying ¹ -ts'ai ⁴		英才		splendid talents.
ying ¹ -wei ¹		英威		majestic, heroic.
ying ¹ -wei ³		英偉		extraordinary, great.
ying ¹ -wu ³		英武		a great military leader.
ying ¹	子	櫻	1308c1105b	an infant, a baby.
y'ing ¹	女	嬰	1308b1105b	same.
ying ¹ -hai ²		嬰孩		same.
ying ¹ -nan ²		嬰男		a male baby.
ying ¹ -nü ³		嬰女		a female baby.
ying ¹ -pao ⁴		嬰抱		an infant in arms.
ying ¹	木	櫻	1308c1105c	the cherry.
ying ¹ -t'ao ²		櫻桃		same.
ying ¹ -t'ao ² -k'ou ³		櫻桃口		cherry lips (of women).
ying ¹ -t'ao ² -tsui ³		櫻桃嘴		cherry lips; a kind of peach (oval shaped).
ying ¹	鳥	鸚	1309a1105c	a parrot.
ying ¹ -ko ¹		鸚哥		same.
ying ¹ -ko ¹ -chia ⁴		鸚哥架		frame for squeezing fingers of criminals.

ying ¹ -wu ³	鸚鵡	a parrot.	[tain.
ying ¹	肉 膺 1306b1106b	the breast; near; related to; to receive; to sus-	
ying ¹ -ch'in ¹	膺親	to do anything personally.	
ying ¹ -hsiung ¹	膺臂	the bosom.	
ying ¹ -shou ⁴	膺受	to receive.	
ying ¹	鳥 鷹 1306c1106b	a falcon, hawk or eagle.	
ying ¹ -ch'üan ³	鷹犬	"hawks and dogs", rufsans.	
ying ¹ -pa ¹ -shih ¹	鷹把式	a falconer.	
ying ¹ -yang ²	鷹洋	the Mexican dollar (pên ³ yang ²).	
ying ¹	鳥 鶯 1307a1105c	kind of thrush.	
ying ¹ -shêng ¹	鶯聲	"thrush's sounds", the chatter of women.	
ying ¹	玉 瑛 1308a1105a	glitter of gems.	
ying ¹ -yü ⁴	瑛玉	same	
ying ¹ (tzü)	虫 蠅 1308b1107c	the fly (ts'ang ¹ ying ¹).	
ying ¹ -shuai ³ -tzu ³	蠅甩子	a fly flapper.	
ying ¹	系 纓 1309a1106c	a tassel; a fringe.	
ying ¹ -mao ⁴	纓帽	a red-tasseled official cap.	
ying ¹	缶 甕 1308b1105b	an earthenware jar, a vase.	
ying ¹ -su ⁴ -hua ⁴	甕粟花	the opium poppy (ya ¹ p'ien ⁴).	
YING ³	火 營 1307b1107a	a barrack, cantonment, etc., to do, to make.	
ying ² -chai ⁴	營寨	a camp.	
ying ² -chung ¹	營中	in barracks, etc.	
ying ² -fung ³	營房	cantonments, barracks.	
ying ² hün ⁴	營汛	a military post, a cantonment, a station.	
ying ² k'ou ³	營口	the port of Newchwang.	
ying ² k'u ¹	營窟	to make a hole in the ground, artificial caves.	
ying ² -mou ² -shêng ¹ -i ⁴	營謀生意	to scheme in business.	
ying ² -p'an ³	營盤	a cantonment, a barrack, a camp.	
ying ² -ying ¹	營兵	soldiers (not bannermen).	[ying ²].
ying ² -shêng ¹	營生	a profession; peddling, hawking; work (chiung ¹	
ying ² -tzu ³	營子	the port of Newchwang in Manchuria.	
ying ² -wei ⁴	營衛	a guard station, a place of defence.	
ying ² -wu ³	營伍	the army (tui ⁴ wu ³)	
ying ²	迎 1305a1108a	to meet, to welcome, to receive, to occur.	
ying ² -chieh ¹	迎接	{ to meet, to welcome, to receive, (as a guest) { (hsiang ¹ yü ⁴). [bride.	
ying ² -ch'in ¹	迎親	to welcome one's parents; to go and meet the	
ying ² -ch'ü ³	迎娶	to go and meet the bride.	
ying ² -ch'un ¹	*迎春	the ceremony of welcoming spring by officials.	
ying ² -fêng ¹ -lin ² -lei ¹	迎風流淚	the eyes water against a wind.	
ying ² -hsiung ²	迎祥	to meet luck; may you be fortunate.	
ying ² -pao ⁴	迎報	to announce.	

* Note 104.

<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>sung</i> ⁴		迎送		to welcome and to bid farewell.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>shên</i> ² - <i>sai</i> ¹ - <i>hui</i> ⁴		迎神賽會		to meet the god in processions.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ti</i> ³		迎敵		to encounter in fight.
<i>yíng</i> ²	虫	螢	1307a1146b	the firefly.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ch'ü</i> ¹		螢蛆		the glow worm.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ch'uang</i> ¹		螢窗		"a small window", to study at night.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ch'ung</i> ²		螢虫		the firefly.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>huo</i> ³ - <i>ch'ung</i> ³		螢火虫		same.
<i>yíng</i> ²	皿	盈	1305b1106c	full, overflowing, excess, overplus.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>fêng</i> ¹		盈豐		full, abundant.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>hsü</i> ¹		盈虛		full and empty.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>i</i> ⁴		盈益		full, abundant.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>lc'uei</i> ¹		盈虧		abundant and deficient.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>man</i> ³		盈滿		full to the brim,
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>yü</i> ³		盈餘		a surplus.
<i>yíng</i> ²	土	塋	1306c1107b	a grave, a tomb.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ti</i> ⁴		塋地		a grave-yard or cemetery (<i>fên</i> ³ <i>mu</i> ⁴).
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>yü</i> ¹		塋域		a grave.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>yüan</i> ³		塋園		an enclosed cemetery.
<i>yíng</i> ²	貝	贏	1309b1107b	to win, to conquer, to overcome, to succeed; full.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ch'ien</i> ³		贏錢		to win money. [bling and war.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>shu</i> ¹		贏輸		to win and to lose, victory and defeat, e.g., gam-
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>yü</i> ³		贏餘		overplus (<i>shêng</i> ⁴ <i>hsia</i> ⁴).
<i>yíng</i> ²	玉	瑩	591a1146a	glitter, bright, shining; clearness of perception.
YING³	彡	影	1309c1108a	a shadow, the shadow of.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>érh</i> ²		影兒		a trace, a shadow. [terns.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>hsi</i> ⁴		影戲		puppets reflected on a screen, etc., magic lan-
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>hsiang</i> ³		影響		tidings.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>hsiang</i> ⁴		影像		a shadow form.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>ko</i> ³		影格		copy-slips (<i>fang</i> ³ <i>ko</i> ³).
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>mên</i> ³		影門		to block the light from a door.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>mên</i> ² - <i>k'an</i> ¹		影門龕		a shrine opposite the door.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>pi</i> ⁴		影壁		a wall or screen in front of a door (<i>chao</i> ⁴ <i>pi</i> ⁴).
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>shé</i> ⁴		影射		to cast blame on others.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>tai</i> ⁴		影袋		goitre.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>yen</i> ³ - <i>fa</i> ²		影眼法		legerdemain.
<i>yíng</i> ³	頁 穎	穎	1309c1108b	a pendent ear of grain, a sharp point.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>wu</i> ⁴		穎悟		clever.
¹ YING ⁴	石 韌	硬	1310a1108c	hard, stiff, unbending; powerful.
<i>yíng</i> ⁴ - <i>cha</i> ¹		硬扎		severe, fierce.
<i>yíng</i> ⁴ - <i>chéng</i> ¹		硬掙		firm, unbending.

<i>ying⁴-ch'iang³</i>	硬搶	to take by force.
<i>ying⁴-chuang⁴</i>	硬壯	strong, powerful.
<i>ying⁴-hua⁴</i>	硬話	obstinate words.
<i>ying⁴-hsin¹</i>	硬心	a hard heart.
<i>ying⁴-juan³</i>	硬軟	hard and soft, powerful and feeble, etc.
<i>ying⁴-kêng³</i>	硬頸	stiff-necked, arrogant.
<i>ying⁴-kung¹</i>	硬弓	a stiff bow to test military candidates.
<i>ying⁴-lang³</i>	硬郎	muscular, strong, hearty.
<i>ying⁴-liu²</i>	硬留	to detain by force.
<i>ying⁴-mei²</i>	硬煤	hard coal, anthracite.
<i>ying⁴-mu⁴</i>	硬木	hard wood.
<i>ying⁴-pung³-pang³-ti¹</i>	硬綁綁的	very firm or solid (<i>chien¹ ying⁴</i>).
<i>ying⁴-pi⁴</i>	硬逼	to compel.
<i>ying⁴-tung¹-hsi¹</i>	硬東西	he is an obstinate fellow.
<i>ying⁴-tz'ü⁴-tz'ü⁴-ti¹</i>	硬刺刺的	as tough as leather.
<i>ying⁴</i>	廣應	to answer, to respond to, echo. See <i>ying¹</i> .
<i>ying⁴-ch'ou³</i>	應酬	intercourse, return.
<i>ying⁴-k'uo³-t'ung²-shêng¹</i>	應考童生	a student who has attended examinations.
<i>ying⁴-shêng¹</i>	應聲	echo, responding sound.
<i>ying⁴-shih⁴</i>	應試	to respond to the announcement of the exami- [nations.]
<i>ying⁴-ta¹</i>	應答	to respond, to reply.
<i>ying⁴-tui⁴</i>	應對	to reply.
<i>ying⁴</i>	日映	clear, bright, shining, dazzling.
<i>ying⁴-chao⁴</i>	映照	shining.
<i>ying⁴-jih⁴</i>	映日	brightness of the sun.
YO ¹	糸 約	1310b1117a to bind, to restrain ; to contract ; a treaty.
<i>yo¹-ch'ü¹</i>	約期	an appointment, an engagement.
<i>yo¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	約契	an agreement, a treaty.
<i>yo¹-chia⁴</i>	約價	to agree as to price.
<i>yo¹-ho³</i>	約合	a treaty (<i>ho³ yo¹</i>).
<i>yo¹-hui⁴</i>	約會	to make an appointment with.
<i>yo¹-hsin⁴</i>	約信	to promise and engage ; a written engagement.
<i>yo¹-kuei²</i>	約規	a treaty ; about (what time, etc.).
<i>yo¹-mêng³</i>	約盟	a treaty, a sworn compact.
<i>yo¹-mo¹-cho³</i>	約摸著	surmising (<i>ta¹ yo¹</i>).
<i>yo¹-shih⁴</i>	約誓	a treaty, a sworn compact.
<i>yo¹-shu⁴</i>	約束	to restrain, to check, constraint.
<i>yo¹-tan¹</i>	約單	a written agreement, a bond.
<i>yo¹-t'iao³</i>	約條	a contract, a treaty, an agreement.
<i>yo¹-yen³</i>	約言	an epitome, an abstract.
<i>yo¹</i>	喲	an interjection.
<i>yo¹-ti¹-i¹-shêng¹</i>	喲的一聲	uttered an interjection.

YO ⁴	木	樂 ^{749a554a}	music, any musical instruments. See <i>lê</i> .
yo ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		樂器	musical instruments (hsiang ³ ch'i ⁴).
yo ⁴ -fa ³		樂法	a system of music.
yo ⁴ -jên ²		樂人	musicians.
yo ⁴ -kuan ¹		樂官	[cians. officials for superintending government musi-
yo ⁴ -pu ⁴		樂部	yamên for superintending government musicians.
yo ⁴	山	岳 ^{1311b1118a}	a lofty mountain.
yo ⁴ -chang ⁴		岳丈	a wife's father, a father-in-law.
yo ⁴ -fu ⁴		岳父母	same.
yo ⁴ -mu ²		岳母	a wife's mother, a mother-in-law.
YU ¹	心	憂 ^{1313a1109b}	sorrow, sadness, grief, melancholy, downcast.
yu ¹ -ch'ou ²	憂	憂愁	sad, melancholy, downcast; to grieve.
yu ¹ -hsin ¹		憂心	a sorrowful heart (shang ¹ ts'an ³).
yu ¹ -hsü ¹		憂恤	to sympathize.
yu ¹ -huan ⁴		憂患	distressed.
yu ¹ -jung ²		憂容	a sad face.
yu ¹ -kuo ² .yu ¹ -min ²		憂國憂民	to mourn for your country and your people.
yu ¹ -lao ²		憂勞	anxiety, sorrow.
yu ¹ -lû ⁴		憂慮	anxiety, sorrow, to be anxious about (ko ² chi ⁴).
yu ¹ -mên ⁴		憂悶	to grieve, to be sorrowful, and melancholy.
yu ¹ -shang ¹		憂傷	grieved, wounded, distressed.
yu ¹ -ssü ¹		憂思	to think over with concern.
yu ¹	人	優 ^{1313b1110a}	excellent, abundant; soft, luxurious; to play.
yu ¹ -jên ²		優人	theatrical performers.
yu ¹ -kung ⁴		優貢	a literary grade, just above a <i>hsiu-ts'ai</i> G. 471.
yu ¹ -li ²		優禮	extremely polite.
yu ¹ -lieh ⁴		優劣	abundance and scarcity; good and bad.
yu ¹ -p'o ²		優婆	an actress.
yu ¹ -tai ¹		優待	very complaisant.
yu ² -teng ³ -kao ² -shêng ¹		優等高陞	highest offices.
yu ¹ -yu ¹		優優	indulgent, liberal.
yu ¹ -yu ²		優游	luxurious ease and leisure; to saunter about.
yu ¹ -yü ⁴		優裕	wealthy, affluent, comfortable. [oned.
yu ²	玄	幽 ^{1314b1109a}	quiet, secluded, lonely; dark, hidden; inpris-
yu ¹ -an ¹		幽暗	dark, obscure.
yu ¹ -ching ⁴		幽靜	still, quiet, secluded.
yu ¹ -ch'iu ³		幽囚	confined, imprisoned.
yu ¹ -chou ¹		幽州	an ancient name of Peking.
yu ¹ -hun ²		幽魂	Hades; the spirit, the soul.
yu ¹ -jên ²		幽人	a recluse, a hermit.
yu ¹ -k'un ⁴		幽困	to imprison.
yu ¹ -ming ²		幽冥	in darkness; hell, Hades.

yü ¹ -p'i ¹	幽僻	secluded, lonely.
yü ¹ -pi ⁴	幽閉	imprisoned, confined, secluded.
yü ¹ -shên ¹	幽深	deep, profound.
yü ¹ -wei ¹	幽微	minute, abstruse.
yü ¹ -ya ²	幽雅	secluded, quiet.
yü ¹ yin ²	幽隱	a recluse, a hermit.
yü ¹ -yü ¹	幽憂	hypochondria, grief, melancholy.
yü ¹	心悠	mournful, sorry, thoughtful; distant, remote, [vast.
yü ¹ -yü ¹	悠悠	glidingly.
yü ¹ -yü ¹ -yang ² -yang ²	悠悠揚揚	<i>piano</i> and <i>forte</i> , soft or plaintive and loud.
yü ¹ -yüan ²	悠遠	distant.

YU ²	犬	猷	1315a1112c	irresolute, undecided; to plan; a path; still, as if.
yü ²	犬	猶	1315b1112b	same.
yü ² chi ²		猶己		still further.
yü ² -ch'ieh ²		猶且		as if, like, still more.
yü ² -hün ⁴		猶訓		lessons, instructions.
yü ² -i ² -pu ⁴ -ting ⁴		猶疑不定		doubtful, suspicious.
yü ² -jan ²		猶然		as if; just like.
yü ² -jo ⁴		猶若		same.
yü ² -ju ²		猶如		same.
yü ² -k'o ²		猶可		it may yet do.
yü ² -t'ai ⁴ -kuo ²		猶太國		Judea.
yü ² -tzu ²		猶子		like a son, i. e., a nephew.
yü ² -wei ⁴ -ting ⁴ -chü ²		猶未定局		still undecided.
yü ² -yen ²		猶言		metaphor.
yü ² -yü ⁴		猶像		irresolute, undecided; suspicious.
yü ² -yü ²		猶有		there is still; still more.
yü ²	田	由	1316a1111a	from, by, through, to let; to depend on.
yü ² -ho ² -êrh ² -ch'ü ²		由何而起		whence did it arise?
yü ² -pu ⁴ -tê ² -jên ²		由不得人		it does not depend on man.
yü ² -t'ai ⁴		由他		rests with him.
yü ² -tê ² -wo ²		由得我		with me, depends on me.
yü ² -t'ien ²		由天		from heaven.
yü ² -t'ou ²		由頭		the cause, origin, source, etc.
yü ² -tzu ²		由此		from this.
yü ² -wo ²		由我		with me, depends on me.
yü ²	水	油	1316c1111b	oil, oily, grease, greasy, fat, lard.
yü ² -cha ² -kuei ²		油燂鬼		name of a kind of twisted cake.
yü ² -ch'ü ²		油漆		oil colour; varnish, lacquer.
yü ² -ch'ü ² -chiang ⁴		油漆匠		painters, varnishers.
yü ² -ch'ü ² -hua ⁴		油漆畫		oil paintings.
yü ² -chiao ²		油脚		oil dregs.

yu²-chih³	油紙	oil paper.
yu²-ch'ou²	油綢	a very shiny silk.
yu²-fang³	油坊	an oil manufactory.
yu²-hsiang³	油箱	oil boxes
yu²-hua⁴	油畫	oil paintings.
yu²-jan²	油然	appearance of rain ; suddenly.
yu²-kuang¹	油光	very smooth.
yu²-kuo¹	油鍋	the caldron of oil in Hades.
yu²-lou²	油簍	oil baskets.
yu²-ma²-tzū²	油麻子	linseed.
yu²-mien⁴	油面	tragedians.
yu²-ni²	油泥	dirty. [from].
yu²-pao¹	油包	an oil wrapper (for the seed that oil is pressed
yu²-pu¹	油布	oil cloth.
yu²-sé⁴-fang³-wu¹	油色房屋	a well oiled room.
yu²-su²-ping³	油酥餅	cakes fried in oil.
yu²-t'ou²-fen³-mien⁴	油頭粉面	"greasy head and powdered face", a prostitute.
yu²-ts'uo³	油草	grass used when making oil.
yu²-tsu²-hua²-shé²	油嘴滑舌	"greasy lips slippery tongue", eloquent, glib.
yu²-tzū²	油子	oily mouthed (Pekingese).
yu²-wang¹-wang¹-ti¹	油汪汪的	quite moist, soft and oily. [swim].
yu²	水	to roam, to wander, to stroll ; to flow, to float, to
yu²	走	same.
yu²-chi¹	遊擊	a major. G. 444.
yu²-fang¹-sêng¹-tao⁴	遊方僧道	wandering priests.
yu²-hsi⁴	遊戲	recreation, amusement, fun.
yu²-hsiao³	遊學	to travel for information.
yu²-kuang⁴	遊逛	to stroll, to wander, to travel (as a tourist),
yu²-li⁴	遊歷	to travel.
yu²-pi²-yu²-fang¹	遊必有方	when you travel, you must have a definite place.
yu²-shan¹-kuang⁴-chin³	遊山逛景	roaming the hills sight-seeing.
yu²-shang³	遊賞	to saunter about.
yu²-shou²	遊手	an idle sauntering fellow.
yu²-shou²-hao⁴-hsien²	遊手好閒	a loafer fond of idling.
yu²-tang⁴	遊蕩	dissipated.
yu²-wan⁴	遊玩	recreation, to stroll for recreation.
yu²	尤	1317a1110c extraordinary, remarkable, odd ; excessive.
yu²-ch'i²-pu⁴-k'o³	尤其不可	still less can this be so.
yu²-ch'i²-yao⁴-chin³	尤其要緊	still more important.
yu²-chia¹	尤加	still more, excessive.
yu²-chung²	尤重	to set an extreme value on.
yu²-i⁴	尤異	passing strange.
yu²-jèn²	尤人	to blame persons.

yu²-shên³ 尤甚
 yu²-wei³-pu⁴-mei³ 尤為不美
 yu² 虫 虻 1318a1112b a kind of guat, a grub.
 yu² 口 圓 囿 1320b1111c to decoy.
 yu²-tzũ³ 囿子 a decoy bird.
 yu² 邑 郵 1318b1112b post-house, lodge.
 yu²-chéng⁴-chũ² 郵政局 the Imperial Post Office.

YU³ 月 有 1312a1113a to be, to have, to attain
 yu³-ch'in¹-ti¹ 有親的 consanguinity.
 yu³-ching¹-wu²-shang¹ 有驚無傷 a fright without harm.
 yu³-chiu⁴-shuo¹-yu³ 有就說有 if there is, just say so.
 yu³-ch'iu²-pi⁴-ying⁴ 有求必應 "ask and yeshall receive" (pasted up in temples).
 yu³-ch'ü⁴-ti¹ 有趣的話 agreeable.
 yu³-hua⁴-ch'ing¹-shuo¹ 有話請說 if you have anything to say, say it.
 yu³-hsien⁴ 有限 limited, not much, few.
 yu³-hsin¹ 有心 intentionally.
 yu³-hsing² 有形 visible.
 yu³-i¹-t'ien¹ 有一天 on a certain day.
 yu³-i² 有益 profitable, beneficial.
 yu³-i²-ti¹ 有益的 same.
 yu³-jên²-yüan² 有人緣 popular, favourites, liked by others.
 yu³-kên¹-yu³-shao¹ 有根有梢 with all its parts, in detail.
 yu³-kuo⁴ 有過 had.
 yu³-li² 有理 reasonable, sensible.
 yu³-li³ 有禮 polite.
 yu³-li⁴ 有力 strong.
 yu³-li⁴-ti¹ 有利的 profitable, beneficial.
 yu³-li⁴-pu²-ch'ü⁴ 有例不去 if the custom is so, it cannot be abrogated.
 yu³-liao³ 有了 there is, have, has.
 yu³-liao³-mo¹ 有了麼 has he got?
 yu³-lien²-shou² 有連手 has influence with officials.
 yu³-lien³ 有臉 respectable.
 yu³-mei²-yu³ 沒有 have you got?
 yu³-ming²-wan⁴-ti¹ 有名望的 men of reputation.
 yu³-ming²-wu²-shih² 有名無實 name but not reality, merely nominal.
 yu³-nên² 有能 possessing ability.
 yu³-ni¹ 有呢 is, or, are there any
 yu³-ni¹-shih⁴-wên⁴ 有你是問 you are responsible.
 yu³-pien¹-ri² 有邊兒 capital ! first rate ! it will do.
 yu³-ping¹-ch'üan² 有兵權 to have military power.
 yu³-p'ing¹-yu³-chü⁴ 有憑有據 certain, incontestable.
 yu³-pu⁴-shih⁴-ti¹ 有不是的 culpable.

yu³-shên³-mo¹-shih⁴ 有甚麼事
 yu³-shên¹-yün⁴ 有身孕
 yu³-shêng⁴ 有剩
 yu³-shih³ 有時
 yu³-shih³-wu³-chung¹ 有始無終
 yu³-shih⁴ 有室
 yu³-shou³ 有守
 yu³-shu⁴ 有數
 yu³-ti¹ 有的
 yu³-ti¹-shih⁴ 有的 是
 yu³-t'iao³-yu³-li³ 有條有理
 yu³-to¹-mo¹-chung⁴ 有多麼重
 yu³-to¹-shao³ 有多少
 yu³-ts'ai³ 有才
 yu³-tso⁴-wei³ 有作為
 yu³-tsui⁴ 有罪
 yu³-tsui⁴-ti¹ 有罪的
 yu³-tsui⁴-yu³-tsui⁴ 有罪有罪
 yu³-tu⁴-tzü³ 有肚子
 yu³-t'ui³-kao⁴-shih⁴ 有腿告示
 yu³-tzü¹-yu³-wei⁴ 有滋有味
 yu³-wei³-yu³-shou³ 有為有守
 yu³-wei⁴-r³ 有味兒
 yu³-wo³-tsai⁴-tz'ü³ 有我在
 yu³-wu³ 有無
 yu³-yü³ 有餘
 yu³-yung¹-ti¹ 有用的
 yu³ 又 友 1319a1113c
 yu³-ai⁴ 友愛
 yu³-i³ 友誼
 yu³-jên³ 友人
 yu³-pang¹ 友邦
 yu³-shan⁴ 友善
 yu³ 酉 1315a1114a
 yu³-shih³ 酉時
 yu³-yüeh⁴ 酉月
 yu³ 艸 1319b1114b

what is the matter? what business have you?
 pregnant.
 something over.
 something, there are times.
 unfinished, abortive.
 to be married.
 to possess self-control.
 not many, limited.
 there is or are; have, has.
 plenty of, lots of.
 in logical order, systematic.
 how heavy is it?
 how much?
 possessing talent or ability.
 a man of energy.
 guilty, excuse me (shih¹ ching⁴).
 culpable.
 I beg your pardon.
 is pregnant.
 a tell-tale.
 interesting, fascinating.
 a man of ability and self-restraint.
 savoury, tasty.
 I am here. [not.
 possessing or not; existing or not; whether so or
 a superabundance.
 useful.
 a friend, a companion; friendly, friendship.
 fraternal love; the affection of friends.
 friends.
 a friend.
 a friendly state or country.
 intimate with a person, a good friend.
 wine; 5 to 7 P.M., evening; finished, completed.
 5 to 7 o'clock P.M.
 the eighth month. See Note 32.
 weeds, vicious.

YU⁴ 又 又 1318c1114c again, further, more, still more. M. 29, 509.
 yu⁴-chi¹-yu⁴-k'o³ 又飢又渴 both hungry and thirsty.
 yu⁴-chia¹-shang⁴ 又加上 and besides.
 yu⁴-hsieh³-ts'o⁴-liao³ 又寫錯了 written wrongly again.
 yu³-huan¹-i¹-ko⁴ 又換一個 we have got another.

yu ⁴ .i ¹ -t'ien ¹	又一天	another day.
yu ⁴ .l'uai ⁴ -yu ⁴ .hao ³	又快又好	both good and fast.
yu ⁴ .lai ²	又來	to come again.
yu ⁴ .lei ³ .ping ⁴ -la ¹	又累病喇	again made ill by weariness.
yu ⁴ -shih ⁴	又是	still it is.
yu ⁴ -shuo ¹ -yu ⁴ -hsiao ⁴	又說又笑	smiling and chatting.
yu ⁴ -ta ¹ .i ¹ -ko ⁴	又搭一個	add another.
yu ⁴ -ta ³ -yu ⁴ -ma ⁴	又打又罵	both cursing and beating.
yu ⁴ -tê ² -hua ¹ -ch'ien ²	又得花錢	we must again pay money.
yu ⁴ -tê ² -fei ⁴ -shih ⁴	又得費事	besides it will take trouble.
yu ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -liao ³	又添了	added still more.
yu ⁴ -yao ¹ -ch'u ¹ -mên ³	又要出門	must again go from home.
yu ⁴ -yao ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -yü ³	又要下雨	it will rain again.
yu ⁴ .yu ³	又有	still have, there is still more.
yu ⁴	口右	the right; good, honorable; to honor. M. 64.
yu ⁴ .i ⁴	右翼	the right wing (of an army, etc.).
yu ⁴ -pien ¹ -shou ³	右邊手	the right hand side.
yu ⁴ -shih ⁴ lang ²	右侍郎	vice-president of one of the "Boards".
yu ⁴ -shou ³	右手	the right hand (tso ³ shou ³).
yu ⁴ -t'ang ²	右堂	an assistant officer. G. 294.
yu ⁴	幼	young, small, tender; tender affection.
yu ⁴ -érh ² -shih ¹ -hsiao ²	幼而失學	not educated in youth.
yu ⁴ -hsiao ²	幼學	youth's lessons.
yu ⁴ -nien ²	幼年	young in years.
yu ⁴ -nü ³	幼女	a young girl.
yu ⁴ -shao ⁴	幼少	young, youthful (nien ² ch'ing ¹).
yu ⁴ -t'ung ³	幼童	a young boy.
yu ⁴	言 誘	to induce, to seduce, to mislead, to entice.
yu ⁴ -huo ⁴	誘獲	to abduct, to inveigle.
yu ⁴ -huo ⁴	誘惑	to tempt, to beguile, to cheat (yin ² yu ⁴).
yu ⁴ -jên ²	誘人	to advise a person; to tempt a person.
yu ⁴	人 佑	to aid, to help, to protect.
yu ⁴ -min ²	佑民	to protect the people.
yu ⁴	宥	to excuse, to remit, to forgive, to relax; to assist.
yu ⁴ -tsui ⁴	宥罪	to remit an offence, to reprove.
yu ⁴ (tzu)	木 柚	the pomelo.
yu ⁴ -p' i ³	柚皮	pomelo peel.

YUNG ¹	佳 雍	雍	to assist; to collect together, to crowd; harmony.
yung ¹ -chéng ¹	雍正	雍	Emperor (A. D. 1723-1736).
yung ¹ -ho ² -kung ¹	雍和宮	雍	the great Lama temple at Peking.
yung ¹ -hsi ¹	雍熙	雍	tranquil, delighted, prosperous.
yung ¹ -mu ⁴	雍睦	雍	friendly, cordial.

yung ¹	广	庸 ^{1322a1147c}	unintelligent, simple, rude ; common, ordinary.
yung ¹ -ch'ang ²		庸常	common, ordinary.
yung ¹ -i ¹		庸醫	a stupid doctor, a quack.
yung ¹ -jén ²		庸人	a simple person, a common person.
yung ¹ -lu ⁴		庸碌	incapacity.
yung ¹ -ts'ai ²		庸才	inferior talent, without talent.
yung ¹	疒	癰 ^{1323b1145b}	a swelling, a sore, an ulcer, an abscess.
yung ¹ -chü ¹		癰疽	a running sore.
YUNG ²	宀	容 ^{592a1146c}	the countenance ; to countenance ; easy. See
yung ² -chih ³		容止	a person's carriage, demeanour or address.
yung ² -i ⁴		容易	easy.
yung ² -mao ⁴		容貌	the countenance.
yung ² -yen ²		容顏	same.
YUNG ³	水	永 ^{1324a1149a}	eternal, everlasting, for ever, always.
yung ³ -ch'ang ²		永長	continually.
yung ³ -chiu ³		永久	for a very long time.
yung ³ -ch'ui ² -pu ⁴ -hsiu ²		永垂不朽	handed down for ever.
yung ³ -fu ²		永福	eternal happiness.
yung ³ -pu ⁴		永不	never.
yung ³ -pu ⁴ -chih ³ -hsi ²		永不止息	never ceasing.
yung ³ -pu ⁴ -hsü ¹ -yung ⁴		永不叙用	never to be reemployed (official).
yung ³ -pu ⁴ -hsü ³		永不許	never consent or allow it.
yung ³ -chün ¹ -pu ⁴ -hui ²		永軍不回	perpetual banishment.
yung ³ -pu ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -fan ⁴		永不再犯	never to repeat the offence.
yung ³ -shêng ¹		永生	eternal life.
yung ³ -shih ⁴		永世	for ever.
yung ³ -shih ⁴ -wu ² -ch'iu ²		永世無窮	everlasting.
yung ³ -wei ² -ting ⁴ -li ⁴		永爲定例	a permanent rule.
yung ³ -yüan ³	[ts'un ²	永遠	eternal, everlasting, for ever.
yung ³ -yüan ³ -ch'ang ²		永遠常存	everlasting.
yung ³ -yüan ³ -pu ⁴ -ssü ³		永遠不死	immortal.
yung ³	手	擁 ^{1322a1149a}	[grasp. a crowd ; to crowd ; to screen ; to embrace ; to
yung ³ -chi ³		擁擠	a crowd ; to crowd (ai ² chi ²).
yung ³ -chi ³ -pu ⁴ -t'ou ⁴		擁擠不透	an impassable crowd.
yung ³ -hu ⁴		擁護	escort, followers ; to escort, to protect.
yung ³ -pao ⁴		擁抱	to embrace (lou ³ pao ⁴).
yung ¹ -pei ¹ -êrh ² -wo ⁴		擁被而臥	to wrap in quilt and lie down.
yung ¹ -shang ³ -lai ²		擁上來	to press forward.
yung ³ -tao ³		擁倒	to be pushed down (in a crowd).
yung ³	力	勇 ^{1321c1148b}	brave, bold, etc.
yung ³ -chiang ⁴		勇將	a brave general.
yung ³ -cho ³ -pu ¹ -chü ⁴		勇者不懼	the brave have no fear.

[jung².

yung ² -êrh ² -wu ² -li ³	勇而無禮	brave, but rude.
yung ³ -jên ²	勇人	a brave man (ta ⁴ tan ³).
yung ³ -kan ³ -li ⁴	勇敢的	daring, bold, undaunted.
yung ³ -kuan ¹ -san ⁴ -chün ¹	勇冠三軍	bravest of all the army.
yung ³ -li ⁴	勇力	immense strength.
yung ³ -mêng ³	勇猛	bold, intrepid, daring, fierce.
yung ³ -shih ⁴	勇士	a brave person.
yung ³ -pu ⁴ -k'o ³ -tang ¹	勇不可擋	the brave cannot be withstood.
yung ¹ -wang ⁴ -chih ² -ch'ien ³	勇往直前	to resolutely advance.
yung ³ 心 慫 意	1321b1148c	brave, bold, dashing, courageous; to advise.
yung ³ -ts'ung ³	意從	to advise, to follow advice.
yung ³ 水 湧	1321c1148c	to bubble up, to rise or spring up.
yung ³ -ch'üan ² 涌	湧泉	the bubbling up of a spring.
yung ³ -liu ² 湧	湧流	"to spring and flow", rippling babbling streams.
yung ³ -yüan ³ 湧	湧源	the bubbling up of a fountain.
yung ³ 用 甬	1321a1148a	passing through; a lane.
yung ³ -lu ⁴ 甬	甬路	a road.
yung ³ -tao ⁴ 甬	甬道	same.
yung ³ 行 術	1321b1148b	a lane, a street (hu ³ t'ung ⁴).
yung ³ -lu ⁴ 術	術路	raised pathway.
yung ³ tao ⁴ 術	術道	same.
yung ³ 土 壅	1322b1148c	to stop or close up, to obstruct.
yung ³ -sai ¹ 壅	壅塞	to stop or close up.
yung ³ -shang ³ -fên ⁴ 壅	壅上糞	to heap on manure.
YUNG ⁴ 用 用	1320b1149c	to use, to employ; necessary expense, by. M. 130.
yung ⁴ -chi ⁴ 用	用計	to contrive.
yung ⁴ -ch'ien ² 用	用錢	to expend money, expenditure, commission.
yung ⁴ -chih ² -pu ¹ -chieh ³ 用	用之不竭	can't be used up.
yung ⁴ -chih ² -tsai ² -hsing ⁴ 用	用之則行	if he employs me I will go.
yung ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴ 用	用處	use; service.
yung ⁴ -chuan ⁴ 用	用饌	have you eaten or not?
yung ⁴ -fa ² 用	用法	use, service.
yung ⁴ -fan ⁴ 用	用飯	to take a meal.
yung ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ching ⁴ -shang ⁴ 用	用下敬上	for inferiors to respect superiors.
yung ⁴ -hsiang ⁴ 用	用項	expenditure, expenses.
yung ⁴ -hsin ¹ 用	用心	to apply the mind, to be attentive.
yung ⁴ -jên ² 用	用人	to employ people; persons employed.
yung ⁴ -kung ¹ 用	用工	to work hard.
yung ⁴ -kung ¹ 用	用功	to be diligent, to make effort.
yung ⁴ -kung ¹ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴ 用	用功不到	not diligent.
yung ⁴ li ¹ 用	用力	to use strength, to exert one's self.
yung ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chao ² 用	用不着	of no use, useless.

<i>yung⁴-pu⁴-chin⁴</i>	用不盡	inexhaustible.
<i>yung⁴-pu⁴-chung¹</i>	用不中	useless.
<i>yung⁴ pu⁴-kuan⁴</i>	用不慣	unused to, unaccustomed to.
<i>yung⁴-pu⁴-liao³</i>	用不了	unable to use (through being too much).
<i>yung⁴-pu⁴-tê²</i>	用不得	unable to use, of no use.
<i>yung⁴-pu⁴-wan²</i>	用不完	can't be used up.
<i>yung⁴-tao¹-sha¹-jên²</i>	用刀殺人	to kill a man with a knife.
<i>yung⁴-wan²-liao³</i>	用完了	finished using, used up, all used.
<i>yung⁴-wu³</i>	用武	to use violence.
<i>yung⁴-yin⁴</i>	用印	to use the seal, to seal officially, to affix a seal.
<i>yung⁴-t'ou²</i>	用頭	of use.
<i>yung⁴-tu⁴</i>	用度	expenses, living.

YÜ ¹	瘵	1326a1128c	chronic disease; local accumulation of blood, etc.
<i>yü¹-ch'í⁴</i>	瘵氣		a sort of melancholia.
<i>yü¹-hsüeh⁴</i>	瘵血		local accumulation of blood.
<i>yü¹-jou⁴</i>	瘵肉		proud or gangrenous flesh.
<i>yü¹-nung²</i>	瘵膿		pus.
<i>yü¹</i>	水淤	1326a1119a	mud, muddy water; matter, pus.
<i>yü¹-ní²</i>	淤泥		mud, muddy water, silt.
<i>yü¹-ní²-k'êng¹</i>	淤泥坑		a very sticky mud hole.
<i>yü¹</i>	迂	1328c1118c	distant; excessive.
<i>yü¹-chih⁴</i>	迂滯		stupid, obstinate (chan ¹ chih ²).

YÜ ²	心愚	1329c1120a	simple, stupid, ignorant; I.
<i>yü²-ché²</i>	愚者		"the stupid one", I.
<i>yü²-chien⁴</i>	愚見		my stupid opinion.
<i>yü²-chih²</i>	愚姪		your stupid nephew.
<i>yü²-cho¹</i>	愚拙		rustic, simple (ch'un ² pên ⁴ , lu ² mang ²).
<i>yü²-cho²</i>	愚濁		muddled, stupid.
<i>yü²-ch'un²</i>	愚蠢		stupid, simple.
<i>yü²-fu¹</i>	愚夫		a rustic; a stupid person.
<i>yü²-fu⁴</i>	愚婦		a stupid woman.
<i>yü²-hsia⁴</i>	愚下		I.
<i>yü²-hsiung¹</i>	愚兄		"stupid elder brother", I.
<i>yü²-jên²</i>	愚人		a stupid person.
<i>yü²-lu²-jên²</i>	愚魯人		a stupidly ignorant person.
<i>yü²-lung⁴</i>	愚弄		to deceive, to befool.
<i>yü²-mei⁴</i>	愚昧		simple, stupid.
<i>yü²-mêng²</i>	愚蒙		stupid.
<i>yü²-min²</i>	愚民		the simple people, the mob, the common people.
<i>yü²-ti⁴</i>	愚弟		"your stupid younger brother", I.
	愚鈍		ignorant, blunt, stupid.

yd³
 yü²-chiao¹
 yü²-ch'ih³
 yü²-ch'ih⁴
 yü²-ch'ung³
 yü²-hsia¹
 yü²-hsien⁴
 yü²-i⁴
 yü²-jou⁴
 yü²-kun¹
 yü²-kany¹
 yü²-kou¹
 yü²-k'on³
 yü²-kuan⁴-êrh²-ju¹
 yü²-lan²
 yü²-lei³
 yü²-lin²
 yü²-lung²-hun⁴-tsa²
 yü²-lun²-pien⁴-hua²
 yü²-mu⁴-hun⁴-chu¹
 yü²-pang¹-shui³
 yü²-p'í²
 yü²-piao⁴
 yü²-pieh¹-hsia¹-hsieh⁴
 yü²-shih³
 yü²-ssü¹
 yü²-t'ang³
 yü²-tu³
 yü²-tz'ü³
 yü²-wang³
 yü²-yen²
 yü²-yng¹
 yü² 方於於子
 yü²-chin¹
 yü²-jên²-yü²-i⁴
 yü²-na³-shih³
 yü²-na⁴-shih³
 yü²-shih⁴
 yü²-ssü¹
 yü²-tz'ü³
 yü²
 yü²-ch'ien³
 yü²-ch'ing⁴

魚 1324cl119a
 魚 膠池
 魚 翅
 魚 虫蝦
 魚 線
 魚 翼
 魚 肉
 魚 竿
 魚 缸
 魚 鈎
 魚 口
 魚 貫而入
 魚 欄
 魚 雷
 魚 鱗
 魚 龍混雜
 魚 龍變化
 魚 目混珠
 魚 帮水
 魚 皮
 魚 膠
 魚 蟹蝦
 魚 食
 魚 絲
 魚 塘
 魚 肚子
 魚 子
 魚 網
 魚 眼
 魚 鷹
 於 1325b1118a
 於 今
 於 人有益
 於 那時
 於 那時
 於 是時
 於 斯
 於 此
 餘 1334al121a
 餘 錢
 餘 慶

fish of any kind. R. 281.
 isinglass.
 a fish pond.
 shark's fins; fins of a fish-(a delicacy).
 fish and reptiles.
 "fish and shrimus", fish in general.
 fish-line.
 fins of fish.
 fish as food.
 a fishing-rod.
 a fish-globe or jar.
 a fish-hook.
 venereal ulcer.
 coming in like fish, one behind the other.
 a fish-trap (bamboo).
 torpedo.
 scales of a fish.
 fishes and dragons confusedly mixing.
 a fish changed to a dragon.
 mixing gems with fish-eyes
 (fig.) mutual help.
 fish skins.
 glue.
 marine animals.
 a fish-bait.
 silk fish-line.
 a fish-pond.
 fish-maws.
 the roe of fishes.
 a fishing net.
 "fishes' eyes", warts, corns (chi¹ yen³).
 the fish-hawk.
 in, or; through, to, at, from.
 now, at the present time.
 beneficial to men.
 at what time?
 at that time.
 thereupon, thus.
 with this, at this, here.
 here, at this.
 surplus, overplus, remainder; to spare.
 surplus money (shêng⁴ ch'ien³).
 surplus good-luck.

yü²-li⁴		餘力	superabundant strength.
yü²-li⁴		餘瀝	the last drop.
yü²-li⁴		餘利	earnings, profit.
yü²-tu⁴		餘步	an allowance, a loophole.
yü²-shêng⁴		餘剩	surplus, overplus, remainder.
yü²	水 漱	漁 1325b1119b	to fish; a fisherman; inordinate, immoderate.
yü²-ch'iao²-kêng¹-tu²		漁樵耕讀	fishermen, woodcutters, ploughmen and scholars.
yü²-li⁴		漁利	craving for gain.
yü²-sê⁴		漁色	inordinate lust.
yü²-wêng¹		漁翁	an old fisherman.
yü²	木	榆 1331b1123b	a kind of elm.
yü²-ch'ien³		榆錢	"elm cash", seeds of the elm-tree.
yü²-mu⁴-cho¹-i²		榆木桌椅	chairs and tables of yü wood.
yü²-shu⁴-ch'ien²-'rh²		榆樹錢兒	seeds of the elm tree.
yü²	心 小	愉 1331b1123a	[light. delicate, effeminate, luxuriant; pleased, joy, de-
yü²-sê⁴		愉色	a happy pleasing countenance.
yü²-yüeh⁴		愉悅	same.
yü²	二	于 1328a1118a	[as to. in, to, at, through, on (such a time) relating to;
yü²-kuei¹		于歸	the marriage of a girl.
yü²-shih⁴		于是	as to, as far as, etc.
yü²	皿 盂	孟 1328b1120c	a cup, a basin.
yü²-lan²-hui⁴		盂蘭會	[moon. Festival of Departed Spirits, 15th of the 7th
yü²-po¹		盂鉢	cups and basins.
yü²	丿	予 1339c1120b	to give, to grant, to add to.
yü²	日 言	與 1332c1121b	a moment, an instant.
yü²		諛 1333a1121c	to flatter; flattery, adulation.
YÜ³	羽	羽 1334b1124c	feathers, wings.
yü³-ch'ou²		羽綢	imitation camlets, bombazettes.
yü³-hua⁴		羽化	death of a Taoist priest.
yü³-hua⁴-téng¹-hsien¹		羽化登仙	transformed into an immortal (Taoist).
yü³-i⁴		羽翼	to assist; wings.
yü³-ling²		羽綾	lastings.
yü³-mao²		羽毛	camlets; feathers.
yü³-mao²-tuan⁴		羽毛緞	English camlets.
yü³-pu⁴		羽布	bunting, stuff.
yü³-sha¹		羽紗	crapes.
yü³-shan⁴		羽扇	feather fans.
yü³-shih⁴		羽士	a Taoist priest (tao⁴ shih⁴).
yü³-tuan⁴		羽緞	Dutch camlets; lastings.
yü³	雨	雨 1334c1124b	rain.
yü³-ché¹		雨遮	kittysols, paper umbrellas.
yü²-chiao³		雨脚	small clouds indicating rain.

- yü³-ch'ien² 雨前
 yü³-ch'ien²-chien¹ 雨前尖
 yü³-chü⁴ 雨具
 yü³-êrh⁴-chih³ 雨二指
 yü³-hsia⁴-ti¹-chi² 雨下的急
 yü³-hsing¹ 雨星
 yü³-hsüeh³ 雨雪
 yü³-hsüeh¹ 雨靴
 yü³-i¹ 雨衣
 yü³-kuo⁴-t'ien¹ ch'ing² 雨過天晴
 yü³-lu⁴-chih¹-ên¹ 雨露之恩
 yü³-mao⁴ 雨帽
 yü³-pu⁴ 雨布
 yü³-san³ 雨傘
 yü³-shui³ 雨水
 yü³ 日与 與 1326bl125a
 yü³-ch'i² 與其
 yü³-jên²-wu⁴ 與人物
 yü³-li²-pu⁴-ho³ 與理不合
 yü³-shu⁴ 與數
 yü³-t'a¹-ho²-kan¹ 與他何干
 yü³-wo³-wu³-kan¹ 與我無干
 yü³-yung⁴ 與用
 yü³ 言 語 1335bl126c
 yü³-jên² 語人
 yü³-yen² 語言
 yü³-yün² 語云
 yü³ 宇 宇 1328a1126b
 yü³-chou⁴ 宇宙
 yü³-nei⁴ 宇內
 very fine grade of tea.
 kind of tea.
 waterproof articles. [uring).
 two fingers' depth of rain (common way of meas-
 the rain fell in torrents.
 a rain drop.
 rain and snow.
 rain boots.
 waterproof clothing.
 when the rain passes, the skies clear.
 bounty of rain and dew—of Imperial favors.
 rain cap.
 waterproof cloth.
 an umbrella.
 rain water, rain; one of the terms. See Note 21.
 with, and; to use, to employ. M. 62, 305.
 rather than. M 594.
 to give a person anything.
 inconsistent with reason.
 to reckon.
 what is it to do with him?
 it is nothing to me, it does not concern me.
 to use. [state.
 language, sayings, words, speech, phrases; to
 to tell a person.
 to say, to speak; speech.
 sayings, phrases, expressions. [heaven.
 to cover; a room; wide, extensive; the sky,
 heaven and earth, the universe.
 in the world or universe.
 YÜ⁴ 玉 玉 1336al138a jade, jewels; precious; beautiful. R. 283.
 yü⁴-chên¹ 玉真 "pure as jade", a kind of privet.
 yü⁴-ch'êng³ 玉成 to bring to perfection.
 yü⁴-ch'i⁴ 玉器 jade ware.
 yü⁴-ching⁴ 玉鏡 a jade mirror.
 yü⁴-hsi² 玉璽 the imperial jade seal.
 yü⁴-huang² 玉皇 the chief Taoist divinity.
 yü⁴-kung¹ 玉工 jade workmanship.
 yü⁴-lan²-hua¹ 玉蘭花 the common flag.
 yü⁴-lou² 玉樓 the shoulders.
 yü⁴-mi² 玉米 Indian corn.
 yü⁴-mien⁴ 玉面 a beautiful face.

yü ⁴ -nü ³	玉女	a lovely girl.
yü ⁴ -pei ¹	玉杯	a jade cup.
yu ⁴ -p'an ²	玉盤	jade plates.
yü ⁴ -p'ei ⁴	玉珮	gems attached to the girdle, trinkets, charms.
yü ⁴ -shih ²	玉食	niceties, delicacies.
yü ⁴ -shih ²	玉石	jadestone.
yü ⁴ -shu ² -shu ³	玉蜀黍	corn.
yü ⁴ -tai ⁴	玉帶	a jade girdle worn by officials.
yü ⁴ -t'ang ²	玉堂	the imperial college at Peking.
yü ⁴ -ti ⁴	玉帝	the Jade Emperor (Taoist).
yü ⁴ -tsan ¹ -hua ¹	玉簪花	a kind of lily.
yü ⁴	預 頁 忤 豫	預 1340a1128c [against. prepared]
yü ⁴ -chao ⁴	預兆	a presage (hsien ¹ chao ⁴).
yü ⁴ -chieh ⁴	預戒	to caution, to beware of.
yü ⁴ -chih ¹	預知	to be aware of, presentiment.
yü ⁴ -fung ²	預防	to prepare, to provide against, precaution.
yü ⁴ -hsien ¹	預先	beforehand, previously, to anticipate.
yü ⁴ -pei ⁴	預備	to prepare, to make ready, ready (chun ³ pei ⁴).
yü ⁴ -pei ¹ -pu ⁴ -chi ⁴	預備不及	can't get ready in time.
yü ⁴ -piao ³	預表	a presage.
yü ⁴ -ting ⁴	預定	to settle previously.
yü ⁴ -tsao ³	預早	beforehand, previously.
yü ⁴ -wei ³	預爲	done beforehand.
yü ⁴ -yen ³	預言	to predict; predictions.
yü ⁴	大 獄 1336c1139c	prison; hell; criminal cases.
yü ⁴ -chung ¹	獄中	in prison.
yü ⁴ -kuan ¹	獄官	prison officials.
yü ⁴ -lao ³	獄牢	a prison (nan ³ lao ³ , ti ⁴ yü ⁴).
yü ⁴ -li ⁴	獄吏	a jailor.
yü ⁴ -sung ⁴	獄訟	litigations.
yü ⁴	心 欲 1337c1139b	to desire, to wish for, to covet; lust, passion.
yü ⁴ -hsiang ³	欲想	wanton thoughts.
yü ⁴ -hsin ¹	欲心	lustful.
yü ⁴ -huo ³	欲火	the fire of lust.
yü ⁴ -nien ⁴	欲念	wanton thoughts.
yü ⁴ -shih ⁴	欲事	(ssü ¹ yü ⁴).
yü ⁴	御 1337c1127a	imperial; to rule; to wait upon.
yü ⁴ -ch'a ² -shan ⁴ -fang ²	御茶膳房	Imperial Tea and Buttery.
yü ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	御車	to drive a carriage; an imperial carriage.
yü ⁴ -chi ³	御極	accession to the throne.
yü ⁴ -ch'ü ¹	御妻	the Empress.
yü ⁴ -ch'ien ²	御前	in the imperial presence, imperial attendants.
yü ⁴ -ch'ien ² -hsia ²	御前轎	before the imperial chariot (officials).

yü⁴-fu² 御服
 yü⁴-ho² 御河
 yü⁴-hou⁴-hsia² 御後轄
 yü⁴-i¹ 御醫
 yü⁴-i¹ 御衣
 yü⁴-lan² 御覽
 yü⁴-lu⁴ 御路
 yü⁴-ma² 御馬
 yü⁴-mien² 御免
 yü⁴-p'i¹ 御批
 yü⁴-hih² 御使
 yü⁴-shu¹-pien²-o² 御書匾額
 yü⁴-tsang⁴ 御葬
 yü⁴ 是 遇 1330a1128a
 yü⁴-chien⁴ 遇見
 yü⁴-cho² 遇着
 yü⁴-chu¹-t'u² 遇諸途
 yü⁴-h sien² 遇險
 yü⁴-jên² 遇人
 yü⁴-nan² 遇難
 yü⁴-pi⁴-chien⁴ 遇不見
 yü⁴-shih² 遇時
 yü⁴ 宥 1329b1128a
 yü⁴-ch'u⁴ 宥處
 yü⁴-i⁴ 宥意
 yü⁴-k'o⁴-shang¹ 宥客商
 yü⁴-so² 宥所
 yü⁴-yen² 宥言
 yü⁴ 口 諭 1330c1129b
 yü⁴-chia¹ 諭加
 yü⁴-yen² 諭言
 yü⁴-yü²-i⁴ 諭於義
 yü⁴-yü²-li⁴ 諭於利
 yü⁴ 言 諭 1332a1129c
 yü⁴-chih² 諭旨
 yü⁴-shih⁴ 諭示
 yü⁴-tan¹ 諭單
 yü⁴-t'ieh¹ 諭帖
 yü⁴ 心 愈 1331a1126a
 yü⁴-chru²-yü⁴-hao² 愈久愈好
 yü⁴-shên² 愈甚
 yü⁴ 是 踰 1332b1124b
 yü⁴-kuo⁴ 逾過

imperial robes.
 the grand or imperial canal (yün⁴ ho²).
 officials behind the imperial chariot.
 an imperial medical practitioner.
 imperial robes.
 imperial inspection.
 imperial roads.
 to break in horses ; imperial horses.
 imperial catamites (formerly).
 imperial reply.
 censors. See Note 10. G. 189 (chien⁴ ch'a²).
 a tablet written by the Emperor.
 grave with stone figures, as in imperial burial.
 to meet, to happen, to occur, to fall in with, to see.
 to meet, to occur.
 to meet, to befall.
 to meet on a road.
 to meet with danger or accident.
 to meet a person.
 to fall into misfortune or difficulties.
 cannot meet.
 to hit the right time (ch'ia⁴ ch'iao²).
 a lodging ; to lodge, to dwell.
 a lodging.
 meaning of a fable, the meaning of.
 a lodging house for travellers and merchants.
 a lodging, one's lodgings (hsia⁴ ch'u⁴).
 a fable.
 to manifest, to proclaim, to declare, to instruct.
 more, additional.
 metaphor ; allegory (pi² yü⁴).
 conversant with righteousness.
 conversant with self-aggrandisement.
 edicts, orders ; to proclaim ; to interrogate
 an edict.
 to proclaim ; a proclamation (kao⁴ shih⁴).
 a paper of instructions, a manifesto.
 a government order.
 [advance.
 to get the better of, to heal ; more, better ; to
 the longer the better.
 much more. tant.
 to exceed, to overpass, still more ; remote, dis-
 to exceed, to overpass.

yü ⁴ -mai ⁴		逾邁	1337b1139a	to pass over or away.
yü ⁴	欠	欲		to wish, to hope, to desire, to covet, to long for.
yü ⁴ -tai ⁴		欲待		doubtful, hesitating, vacillating
yü ⁴ -yao ⁴		欲要		if I want, to wish to, etc.
yü ⁴	水	浴	1331a1139a	to bathe; to fly or skim like a swallow.
yü ⁴ -fo ² -chieh ²		浴佛節		festival of washing idols (8th of 4th).
yü ⁴ -p'ên ²		浴盆		a bathing-tub (hsi ² tsao ²).
yü ⁴ -shih ⁴		浴室		a bath-house
yü ⁴	火尉	熨	1245a1055b	a smoothing iron; to smooth See yün ⁴ .
zü ⁴ -l'ieh ¹		熨帖		very satisfactory.
yü ⁴ -lou ²		熨斗		a smoothing iron.
yü ⁴	鬱鬱	鬱鬱	1327c1139c	melancholy, vexation, anxiety
yü ⁴ -ch'í ⁴		鬱氣		vexation, anxiety.
yü ⁴ -chieh ²		鬱結		melancholy (yu ¹ ch'ou ²).
yü ⁴ -mên ⁴		鬱悶		melancholy, sad.
yü ²	內	禹	1334b1125a	loose, full, name.
yü ² -l'ang ¹ -wên ² -wu ²		禹湯文武		four famous emperors of antiquity.
yü ² -wang ²		禹王		The Great King Yü B.-C. 2205.
yü ⁴	示	禦	1338b1127c	to oppose, to stop, to hinder
yü ⁴ -chih ²		禦止		to stop.
yü ⁴ -k'ou ⁴		禦寇		to oppose banditti.
yü ⁴	肉	育	1339a1140c	to bear, to rear, to bring up, to-nourish.
yü ⁴ -ying ¹ -t'ang ²		育嬰堂		a foundling hospital.
yü ⁴ -yu ⁴		育幼		to nourish the young.
yü ⁴	土域	域	1339a1141a	a limit, a boundary; a state, a nation; the world.
yü ⁴ -chung ¹		域中		in the world or universe.
yü ⁴	艸	芋	1328c1128c	a species of potato, taro.
yü ⁴ -t'ou ²		芋頭		same (shan ¹ yü ⁴ t'ou ²).
yü ⁴	豕予預	豫	1340a1128c	undecided, irresolute. Used as 預.
yü ⁴ -fang ²		豫防		guarded against. [tion.
yü ⁴	言	譽	1327b1122b	to praise, to speak highly of, to flatter; reputa-
yü ⁴ -jên ²		譽人		to flatter a person (ch'an ² mei ⁴).
yü ⁴	衣	裕	1337b1128b	liberal, generous, indulgent; affluent, plenty.
yü ⁴ hou ⁴		裕後		to leave abundant wealth to one's successors.
yü ⁴ -kuo ² -piên ² -min ²		裕國便民		to enrich the state and benefit the people.
yü ⁴	寸尉	尉	1245a1055c	to settle, to tranquillize; a title.
yü ⁴	女	媼	1329a1227c	an old woman; a mother; to nourish.
yü ⁴	疔	瘡	1331c1126b	cured (ch'üan ² yü ⁴).

YÜAN ¹	冤	冤	1344b1132a	to oppress, to injure, to accuse falsely; aggrieved.
yüan ¹ -chia ¹		冤家		a resentful person; an avenger; one oppressed.
yüan ¹ -chia ¹ -lu ⁴ -chai ²		冤家路窄		a difficulty, a dilemma.
yüan ¹ -ch'ien ²		冤錢		"squeeze" money.

yüan ¹ -ch'ing ²	冤情	aggrieved, injured.
yüan ¹ -ch'ou ²	冤讎	enmity (ch'ou ² ti ²).
yüan ¹ -ch'ü ¹	冤屈	wronged, oppressed; wrong, injustice.
yüan ¹ -k'u ²	冤苦	grievance, wrong, injustice.
yüan ¹ -kuei ² -ch'an ² -t'u ²	冤鬼纏腿	a wronged soul entangles his legs.
yüan ¹ -nieh ⁴ -t'ui ⁴ -t'ou ²	冤孽對頭	a vengeance enemy.
yüan ¹ -ta ⁴ -t'ou ²	冤大頭	a spendthrift.
yüan ¹ -wang ²	冤枉	to accuse falsely, to punish the innocent, to ill-use.
yüan ¹	水淵 1343a1131a	an abyss, an eddy, a whirlpool; deep.
yüan ¹ -po ²	淵博	deep and wide, profound.
yüan ¹ -shên ¹	淵深	deep, profound.
yüan ¹	鳥鴛 1343c1132b	the male mandarin duck.
yüan ¹ -yang ¹	鴛鴦	mandarin ducks (emblems of conjugal fidelity).
yüan ¹ -yang ¹ -chên ²	鴛鴦枕	"mandarin duck's pillows", conjugal fidelity.

YÜAN ²	厂原 1341c1133a	origin; really, in fact; natural. M. 360.
yüan ² -ch'ü ²	原籍	one's birth place.
yüan ² -ch'ü ² -kên ¹	原起根	originally, at first.
yüan ² -chia ⁴	原價	prime or original cost.
yüan ² -ch'ing ²	原情	original idea or motive.
yüan ² -chu ²	原主	"original lord", a proprietor.
yüan ² -fêng ¹ -shao ¹ -chü ²	原封燒酒	original sealed whisky
yüan ² -hai ⁴	原係	as before, in fact, indeed it is.
yüan ² -hai ² -wên ² -pu ⁴	原斜紋布	twills
yüan ² -hsien ¹	原先	at first, primarily.
yüan ² -i ⁴	原意	original intention, first motive.
yüan ² -i ⁴ -ssü ¹	原意思	same.
yüan ² -jên ²	原任	the late (deceased) incumbent.
yüan ² -kai ² -ju ² -tz'ü ²	原該如此	strictly speaking it should be thus.
yüan ² -kao ²	原稿	an original copy.
yüan ² -kao ¹	原告	a plaintiff (pei ⁴ kao ⁴).
yüan ² -k'ou ⁴ -pu ⁴	原扣布	T.-cloths, narrow kind of cotton.
yüan ² -lai ²	原來	in the first instance, in fact, really (pên ² lai ²).
yüan ² -lai ² -ju ² -tz'ü ²	原來如此	it was so at first.
yüan ² -liang ⁴	原諒	to excuse, to look over, to pardon (t'ui ¹ wei ²),
yüan ² -p'ei ¹	原配	the first wife.
yüan ² -pên ²	原本	the origin, source or root, originally.
yüan ² -pu ⁴ -hsiang ²	原不想	I really did not think, really did not mean.
yüan ² -pu ⁴ -kai ¹	原不該	strictly or by rights, ought not
yüan ² -sü ⁴ -pu ⁴	原色布	plain cotton piece goods, grey shittings.
yüan ² -shih ²	原始	in the beginning (ch'ü ³ ch'ü ¹).
yüan ² -shih ¹	原是	as before, in fact, indeed it is.
yüan ² -ti ² -tz'ü ²	原底子	original text.

yüan²-tso⁴	原	the original copy or model.
yüan²-wèn²	文	original text.
yüan²-wei³	委	from first to last, beginning to end.
yüan²-yin¹	因	the cause, origin, etc.
yüan²-yu⁴	宥	to forgive (shê⁴ mien³).
yüan²	元	original, the origin, the beginning, the first; great.
yüan²-chi²	吉	great fortune.
yüan²-ch'í¹	氣	a good constitution.
yüan²-hao⁴	號	the first, the original.
yüan²-héng¹-lí¹-chéng¹	亨利貞	the first four characters of <i>I-ching</i> : 1, 2, 3, 4.
yüan²-hsiao¹	宵	the feast of lanterns (15th of 1st moon).
yüan²-hsün¹	勳	great distinction, a distinguished patriot.
yüan²-jih⁴	日	the first day of the year.
yüan²-k'ó⁴	鐐	small shoe of silver about 10 Taels.
yüan²-k'uei²	魁	a chief; chief of the Hanlin, literati.
yüan²-nien²	年	the first year of any reign.
yüan²-pao³	寶	round ingot sycee (fifty taels); large cash.
yüan²-shih³	始	the very beginning.
yüan²-shou³	首	the chief, a sovereign.
yüan²-shuei⁴	帥	a commander-in-chief (chiang⁴ chün¹).
yüan²-ssü¹	絲	globe sycee.
yüan²-tan⁴	旦	morning of the first day of the year; a birthday.
yüan²-tsu³	祖	the first ancestor, Adam (shih³ tsu²).
yüan²-tzü³	子	the eldest son of the Emperor (t'ai⁴ tzü³).
yüan²-yüeh⁴	月	the first moon of the year.
yüan²	圓	round, a circle; to make round; the whole.
yüan²-ch'ang³	長	oval.
yüan²-chí¹	寂	death of a priest.
yüan²-chieh³-méng⁴	解夢	to interpret a dream.
yüan²-chih⁴	徑	the diameter of a circle.
yüan²-chiu⁴	就	to adapt, to agree.
yüan²-ch'iu²-érh³	球兒	a round ball.
yüan²-ch'üan¹	圈	a circle.
yüan²-ch'üan²	全	complete (wan³ ch'uan⁴).
yüan²-kuang¹	光	"round light", a round mirror, clairvoyance, halo.
yüan²-méng⁴	夢	dreams of divination; to interpret dreams.
yüan²-min⁴-yüan²	明園	the "Summer palace", near Peking.
yüan²-pien³	圓	round and flat.
yüan²-pien³-tzü³	扁子	informers.
yüan²-shang⁴-lien³	上的	to give back "face" to (chuan³ lien³).
yüan²-tí¹-pien³-tí¹	的扁的	round and flat.
yüan²-t'u³	土	a prison.
yüan²-t'ung¹	通	capable, versatile (ling² pien⁴).

yüan ² -yüan ²	圓		lung-ngans.
yüan ² -yüeh ⁴	圓		the full moon (man ³ yüeh ⁴).
yüan ²	緣	1345b1136a	origin, clue, cause; a border, selvage or hem,
yüan ² -fên ⁴	緣		portion allotted by Providence.
yüan ² -ho ³	緣		why; wherefore?
yüan ² -ku ⁴	緣		a cause, a reason (yin ¹ yu ²).
yüan ² -mu ⁴ -ch'iu ² -yü ²	緣	木求魚	to climb trees for fish. fig. impossible (Mencius).
yüan ² -pu ⁴	緣	簿	a subscription list or register.
yüan ² -ts'ü ²	緣	此	on account of this, etc.
yüan ² -yu ²	緣	由	a cause or origin (so ¹ i ³ jan ³).
yüan ²	手	援	1347c1135b
yüan ² -chih ¹ -i ³ -tao ⁴	援	之以道	to assist, to rescue, to save; to raise up; to lead.
yüan ² -chiu ⁴	援	救	to help him according to reason.
yüan ² -pa ²	援	拔	to rescue (chiu yüan ⁴ , chiu' hu ⁴).
yüan ² -ping ¹	援	兵	to pull out from.
yüan ² -yin ²	援	引	a reinforcement of troops.
yüan ²	口	員	1344c1132c
yüan ² -pien ⁴	員	弁	to lead; to quote.
yüan ² -wai ⁴	員	外	civil or military officers; round; to circulate.
yüan ² -wai ⁴ -lang ³	員	外郎	civil and military officers and soldiers.
yüan ²	水	源	same.
yüan ² -ch'üan ²	源	泉	low rank officials in any of the "Six Boards".
yüan ² -yüan ⁴ -liu ² -ch'ang ²	源	遠流長	a spring, fountain.
yüan ² (t'ü)	口	園	1342b1133b
yüan ² -fu ¹	園	夫	when the source is distant, the stream is long.
yüan ² -ting ¹	園	丁	a garden, a courtyard, an enclosure.
yüan ²	艸	芫	a gardener.
yüan ² -ts'ai ⁴	芫	菜	same.
yüan ² -sui ¹	芫	荳	same.
yüan ²	犬	猿	1347a1135a
yüan ² -hou ³	猿	猴	1347a1135a
yüan ²	車	轅	1345c1135c
yüan ² -mén ²	轅	門	1346a1134a
yüan ²	士	垣	1348b1135c
yüan ² -ch'iang ³	垣	墻	thills, side-gates.
YÜAN ³	遠	1346a1137b	the gates of a yamèn.
yüan ² -chin ⁴	遠	近	a low wall.
yüan ² -ch'in ¹	遠	親	same.
yüan ⁴ -hsiao ³ -jén ³	遠	小人	1346a1134a
yüan ² -lai ² -ti ¹	遠	來的	1348b1135c
yüan ² -li ²	遠	離	to keep aloof from mean men.
yüan ² -liao ³	遠	了	come from a distance.
			to keep aloof from, to avoid.
			distant in time or place.

yüan ³ lu ⁴	遠路	a long road.
yüan ³ -lu ⁴ -lai ² -ti ¹	遠路來的	come a long way.
yüan ³ -pien ⁴ -chih ¹	遠便知	spies, informers.
yüan ³ -tsou ³	遠走	to go to a distance.
yüan ³ -tsou ³ -kao ¹ -fei ¹	遠走高飛	an extravagant.
yüan ³ -tsu ³	遠族	distant relations.
yüan ³ -yao ³	遠遙	far away, distant.
yüan ³ -yu ³	遠遊	to stroll to a distance.
yüan ³ -yüan ³ -ti ¹	遠遠的	far away, distant.
yüan ³	女婉	yielding, complaisant. See wan ³ .
yüan ³ -ch'üan ⁴	婉勸	to persuade or advise kindly.
yüan ³ -mien ³	婉婉	yielding, submissive, flattering, complaisant.
yüan ³ -nü ³	婉女	a yielding complaisant woman. [uan ³ .
yüan ³	宛	yielding; crooked; to hang down; as if. See
yüan ³ -chuan ³	宛轉	accommodating one's self to circumstances,
yüan ³ -jan ³	宛然	as if, according to.
yüan ³ -jo ⁴	宛若	same.

YÜAN ⁴	頁願	1342c1137c	to wish, to desire, to be willing. M. 145, 387.
yüan ⁴ -an ¹ -ch'êng ³ -chia ¹	願安承教		I wish you compliments and receive your instruc-
yüan ⁴ -chê ³ -shang ⁴ -kou ¹	願者上鈞		the willing take the hook, [tions.
yüan ⁴ -i ⁴	願意		to wish, to desire (ai ⁴ i ⁴),
yüan ⁴ -ts'ung ³	願從		to be willing
yüan ⁴ -wang ⁴	願望		to hope, to desire.
yüan ⁴ -yü ⁴	願欲		to desire, to wish.
yüan ⁴	心怨	1343b1138a	ill-will, dissatisfaction, resentment, hatred; [vexed.
yüan ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	怨氣		hatred, detestation.
yüan ⁴ -ch'ing ³	怨情		resentment.
yüan ⁴ -hên ⁴	怨恨		to abhor, to detest; malice (man ³ yüan ³).
yüan ⁴ -mu ⁴	怨慕		hatred and friendship, dislike and liking for.
yüan ⁴ -p'in ³	怨貧		to repine at poverty.
yüan ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tê ³	怨不得		unable to feel resentment; can't blame.
yüan ⁴ -shui ³	怨誰		whose fault is it?
yüan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	怨天		to murmur against Heaven.
yüan ⁴ -wang ⁴	怨望		to look complainingly or dissatisfied.
yüan ⁴ -yen ³	怨言		words of dissatisfaction, etc.
yüan ⁴	院	1347b1137b	a court, palace, college, temple or hospital.
yüan ⁴ -k'ao ³	院考		examination held by hsiao yüan.
yüan ⁴ -kung ¹	院公		watchmen, followers, attendants.
yüan ⁴ -lao ⁴	院落		a courtyard.
yüan ⁴ -nei ⁴	院內		in the courtyard.
yüan ⁴ -shih ⁴	院試		the last examination for the 1st degree.
yüan ⁴ -tzü ³	院子		a courtyard; attendants.

- yüan⁴ 艸 苑 1343c1137a grass, pasture; delicate, soft, luxuriant.
 yüan⁴ 心 愿 1342b1137c sincere, virtuous; reverent.
- YÜEH¹ 曰 曰 1349b1130b to say, to speak; to call, to denominate; to vomit.
- YÜEH⁴ 月 月 1349b1129a the moon; a month. R. 288.
 yüeh⁴-ch³-hua¹ 月季花 the monthly rose; menses (mei³ kuei⁴).
 yüeh⁴-ch'in² 月琴 a kind of guitar.
 yüeh⁴-ching¹ 月經 the menses (t'ien¹ kuei³).
 yüeh⁴-ching¹-pu⁴-t'iao³ 月經不調 irregular menstruation.
 yüeh⁴-chü³-hua¹ 月菊花 the China aster.
 yüeh⁴-ch'üan¹ 月圈 ring round the moon.
 yüeh⁴-fa¹-yen³ 月發眼 eye disease bad at beginning of month.
 yüeh⁴-fên¹-p'ai³ 月分牌 almanac.
 yüeh⁴-hé¹-t'ien¹ 月黑天 moonless nights.
 yüeh⁴-hsia⁴ 月下 "beneath the moon", at night
 yüeh⁴-hsien² 月弦 the moon's quarters.
 yüeh⁴-k'o⁴ 月課 monthly examination of students.
 yüeh⁴-kuang¹ 月光 moonlight; the bull's-eye of a target.
 yüeh⁴-liang¹ 月亮 the moon (t'ai⁴ yin¹).
 yüeh⁴-ling⁴ 月令 the seasons (chi³).
 yüeh⁴-lun³ 月輪 the orb of the moon, the full moon.
 yüeh⁴-man³ 月滿 the full moon; the moon is full.
 yüeh⁴-ming²-t'í⁴ 月明地 bright moonlight. [moon.
 yüeh⁴-ping³ 月餅 "moon cake", a cake eaten on the 15th of 8th
 yüeh⁴-sê⁴ 月色 moonlight.
 yüeh⁴-shih³ 月食 "a moon eating", an eclipse of the moon.
 yüeh⁴-shih³ 月蝕 same.
 yüeh⁴-shih⁴ 月事 the menses.
 yüeh⁴-shu⁴-jih⁴-tzü³ 月數日子 more than a month.
 yüeh⁴-shui³ 月水 the menses.
 yüeh⁴-t'ai³ 月臺 a verandah.
 yüeh⁴-tí³ 月底 the end of the month.
 yüeh⁴-tzü³-tí³-ping⁴ 月子 的 病 sickness of women within a month after child-
 yüeh⁴-wang⁴ 月望 the full moon.
 yüeh⁴-ya² 月牙 moon's quarter.
 yüeh⁴-ya³-cho¹-tzü³ 月牙 棹子 a ½ moon side table.
 yüeh⁴-ya³-ch'an³ 月牙 鏟 a ½ moon spade (Buddhist).
 yüeh⁴-ying³ 月盈 the full moon.
 yüeh⁴-yüan² 月圓 same.
 yüeh⁴-yüeh⁴ 月月 every month, monthly.
 yüeh⁴-yüeh⁴ hung² 月月紅 a monthly blooming flower.
 yüeh⁴-yün¹ 月暈 halo or mist round the moon.
 yüeh⁴ 心 悅 1349c1131b to rejoice; pleased, grateful, glad, delighted.

yüeh ⁴ -fu ²	悅服	to submit to with pleasure.
yüeh ⁴ hsin ¹ -ti ¹	悅心的	pleasing, acceptable
yüeh ⁴ k'ou ³	悅口	to please the taste.
yüeh ⁴ -mu ⁴	悅目	to gratify the eye.
yüeh ⁴ -ts'ung ³	悅從	to cheerfully acquiesce in.
yüeh ⁴	門閱 1349c1131b	[examine, to look at, to survey, to review, to inspect, to
yüeh ⁴ -ch'êng ²	閱城	to inspect the city-wall.
yüeh ⁴ -chien ³	閱簡	to superintend.
yüeh ⁴ -chin ⁴ -chien ¹ -hsin ¹	閱盡艱辛	suffer extreme pains.
yüeh ⁴ -chüan ⁴	閱卷	to inspect the essays at examinations.
yüeh ⁴ -li ⁴	閱歷	to review in succession or progressively.
yüeh ⁴ -pien ¹	閱邊	to inspect the frontiers.
yüeh ⁴ -pien ⁴	閱遍	to make a provincial tour—as a viceroy.
yüeh ⁴ -ping ¹	閱兵	to review troops.
yüeh ⁴ -shê ⁴	閱射	to review archers.
yüeh ⁴ -yen ³ p'ao ⁴ -tai ²	閱演砲臺	to inspect forts or batteries.
yüeh ⁴	走 1350a1130c	to exceed, to overstep, more; to scatter. M. 350.
yüeh ⁴ -chi ³	越級	to pass over, to overstep (yü ⁴).
yüeh ⁴ -chi ³ -shêng ¹ -kuan ¹	越級陞官	to skip grades and be promoted.
yüeh ⁴ -ch'iang ²	越牆	to get over a wall.
yüeh ⁴ -fa ¹	越發	more and more, still more.
yüeh ⁴ -fên ⁴ -êrh ² -hsing ²	越分而行	to transgress the bounds of duty.
yüeh ⁴ -kan ¹ -yüeh ⁴ -yüan ⁴	越看越遠	the more you look the farther the distance.
yüeh ⁴ -kung ⁴ -yüeh ⁴ -hou ⁴	越共越厚	increasing intimacy in business.
yüeh ⁴ -li ³	越禮	to overstep the bounds of propriety (shih ¹ li ²).
yüeh ⁴ -nan ² -kuo ²	越南國	Annam.
yüeh ⁴ -pao ² -yüeh ⁴ -shên	越創越深	the more you dig, the deeper the hole.
yüeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	越不過去	cannot pass over.
yüeh ⁴ -san ⁴	越散	to scatter.
yüeh ⁴ -to ¹ -yüeh ⁴ -hao ³	越多越好	the more the better.
yüeh ⁴ -wei ¹ -luan ⁴ -chü ¹	越位亂居	disorderly.
yüeh ⁴ -yang ²	越揚	to spread abroad intelligence.
yüeh ⁴ -yü ⁴	越獄	to break out of prison.
yüeh ⁴	米 粵 1350c1130c	initial particle; in; to say; a name-of Canton.
yüeh ⁴ -shêng ³	粵省	Canton province (kuang ³ tung ¹).
yüeh ⁴ -ti ⁴	粵地	same.
yüeh ⁴	金 戔 1350a1131a	a hatchet, an axe.
yüeh ⁴ -fu ³	戔斧	same.
yüeh ⁴ -kung ¹	樂工	musicians.
yüeh ⁴	山 嶽 1311c1117c	mountain.
yüeh ⁴	足 趯 1311c1118b	to jump.

yün²-chang¹-chang¹-ti¹	雲張張的	cloudy, at random (wu⁴ t'êng² t'êng² ti¹).
yün²-ch'ei⁴	雲氣	vapour, fog, mist.
yün²-chien¹	雲肩	a kind of scarf worn by women.
yün²-han⁴	雲漢	the Milky-Way (t'ien¹ hun⁴).
yün²-hsia²	雲霞	clouds and mist.
yün²-hsiao¹	雲霄	fleecy clouds, empyrean.
yün²-hsiao¹-wu⁴-san³	雲霧散	fig. difficulties disappear.
yün²-hsing²-yü¹-shih¹	雲行雨施	when the clouds come, the rain falls.
yün²-k'ai¹	雲開	the clouds opening or dispersing.
yün²-lai²-wu⁴-ch'ü⁴	雲來霧去	floating, e. g., sprites.
yün²-mu³-k'o³	雲母殼	mother-of-pearl shell ; tortoise shell
yün²-mu³-shih²	雲母石	talc.
yün²-nan²	雲南	province of Yunnan. W. I. 181.
yün²-p'ai²	雲牌	a sort of gong.
yün²-p'ien⁴-kao³	雲片糕	a sort of cake.
yün²-san¹-liao³	雲散了	the clouds dispersed.
yün²-shan¹-wu⁴-chao⁴	雲山霧罩	like mountains seen through mist (exaggerated).
yün²-shih²	雲石	marble from Yunnan.
yün²-shou¹	雲收	the clouds withdrawn.
yün²-sun¹	雲孫	distant descendants.
yün²-t'i¹	雲梯	"cloud ladder", a scaling ladder.
yün²-ts'ai³	雲彩	clouds.
yün²-wu⁴	雲霧	clouds and mist.
yün²-yen¹	雲煙	mist.
yün²-yen²	雲眼	"cloud eyes", high, lofty, above and clouds.
yün²-yü³	雲雨	"clouds and rain", sexual intercourse.
yün²-yu¹	雲遊	to wander, a wanderer.
yün²	二云	1351b1142a to say, to speak.
yün²-érh²	云爾	this way, thus.
yün²-yün²	云云	etc., etc., thus and thus, and so on.
yün²	艸芸	1351b1142c a kind of bean ; budding of plants ; fragrant
yün²-lou⁴	芸豈	French beans.
yün²	糸紘	1351b1142c numbers thrown into confusion, ravelled, tan.
yün²-yün²	紘紘	same.
yün²	耒耘	1351b1142c to hoe, to remove.
yün²	勺勻	1353a1142c equal, even, in even parts ; to divide equally,
yün²-ching⁴	勻淨	uniform, even.

YÜN³

yün³-chun³	允允	1354b1143b to promise, to sanction ; sincerely, honestly.
yün³-hsü³	允准	to consent, to sanction ; to grant, to accede.
yün³-k'ên³	允許	to accede, to promise.
yün³-liao³	允肯	to accede.
	允了	promised, sanctioned.

yün ³ -no ⁴	允諾	to promise, to assent, to grant.
yün ³ -ts'ung ³	允從	to agree, to consent, to accede.
yün ³	歹殞 ^{1354a1143b}	to fade, to fall, to perish, to die.
yün ³ -mieh ⁴	殞滅	to perish, to die.
yün ³ -ming ⁴	殞命	to lose life (sang ⁴ ming ⁴).
yün ³	阜隕 ^{1354a1143b}	fall with a crash.
yün ³ -shih ³	隕石	an aerolite.
YÜN ⁴	運 ^{1352b1144c}	to transport, to convey; to move, to agitate.
yün ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	運氣	fortune, luck (ts'ai ³ t'ou ³ , chiao ³ hsing ⁴).
yün ⁴ -ch'i ⁴ -hao ³	運氣好	good fortune (mei ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
yün ⁴ -chou ¹	運舟	a transport boat.
yün ⁴ -ch'ou ²	運籌	to lay plans.
yün ⁴ -chuan ³	運轉	to revolve, to circulate.
yün ⁴ -fu ¹ -ch'u ¹ -k'ou ³	運復出口	re-exports.
yün ⁴ -ho ²	運河	the Grand Canal. W. I. 31 (yü ⁴ ho ²).
yün ⁴ -hsing ²	運行	to come and go.
yün ⁴ -huang ² -liang ²	運皇糧	to convey government grain.
yün ⁴ -lai ² -liao ³	運來了	an accession of good fortune; imported.
yün ⁴ -lai ² -ti ¹	運來的	imported.
yün ⁴ -liang ²	運糧	to transport grain.
yün ⁴ -liang ² -ch'uan ²	運糧船	grain junks.
yün ⁴ -liang ² -ho ²	運糧河	"conveying grain river", the Grand Canal.
yün ⁴ -mi ³ -liang ²	運米糧	to transport grain
yün ⁴ -ssü ¹	運司	a-salt commissioner. G. 277.
yün ⁴ -t'ai ²	運臺	same.
yün ⁴ -tung ⁴	運動	to circulate, to revolve.
yün ⁴ -yung ⁴	運用	to make use of, to apply.
yün ⁴	音韻 ^{1354b1143c}	air, tune; to rhyme; last syllable of a line; final rhyme. [sound.
yün ⁴ -chiao ³	韻脚	rhyme.
yün ⁴ -shih ⁴	韻士	rhymesters.
yün ⁴ -tiao ⁴	韻調	to tune; rhyme and tune, tune.
yün ⁴ (yin ⁴)	子孕 ^{1354c1104a}	to be pregnant, to conceive (huai ³ yün ⁴).
yün ⁴ -fu ¹	孕婦	a pregnant woman.
yün ⁴ -t'ai ¹	孕胎	to be pregnant, pregnancy.
yün ⁴ -yü ¹	孕育	to conceive and to bring forth.
yün ⁴	日暈 ^{1352b1145a}	dizzy, giddy; vapour, halo, fog and clouds.
yün ⁴ -ch'e ¹	暈車	to feel the motion of a cart.
yün ⁴ -ch'uan ²	暈船	to be sea-sick.
yün ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	暈過去	to faint.
yün ⁴	熨 ^{1245a1055b}	to smooth, to iron (as clothes). See yü ⁴ .
yün ⁴ -tou ³	熨斗	a smoothing iron (lao ⁴ t'ieh ³).
yün ⁴	火熨 ^{1353b1144b}	smooth out, iron.
yün ⁴ p'ing ² -liao ³	熨平了	ironed smooth.

RADICALS.

1 STROKE.

1. <i>yi</i>	一	one; unity (一橫).
2. <i>kun</i>	丨	a stroke connecting the top with the bottom [(一豎).
3. <i>chu</i>	丶	a point; a period (一點).
4. <i>p'ieh</i>	丿	a line running obliquely to the left (一撇).
5. <i>i</i>	乙	a character in the time cycle of China.
6. <i>chüeh</i>	乚	a hooked end.

2 STROKES.

7. <i>érh</i>	二	two (兩橫).
8. <i>t'ou</i>	亠	above.
9. <i>jén</i>	人	man (單立人).
10. <i>jén</i>	亻	man.
11. <i>ju</i>	入	in, into; to enter.
12. <i>pa</i>	八	eight.
13. <i>chiung</i>	冫	border waste-land (三道框).
14. <i>mi</i>	宀	to cover over (禿寶蓋).
15. <i>ping</i>	冫	an icicle (兩點水).
16. <i>chi</i>	几	a stool.
17. <i>k'an</i>	凵	able to contain.
18. <i>tao</i>	刀	a knife; a sword (立刀).
19. <i>li</i>	勹	strength.
20. <i>pao</i>	勹	to wrap round.
21. <i>pi</i>	匕	a spoon or scoop; a weapon.
22. <i>fang</i>	匚	a chest (三道框).
23. <i>hsi</i>	匚	able to contain or conceal (三道框).
24. <i>shih</i>	十	ten.
25. <i>pu</i>	卜	to divine.
26. <i>chiek</i>	卩	a joint (硬耳刀).

- | | | |
|--------------|---|------------------------------|
| 27. han | 厂 | a ledge that shelters (秃偏上). |
| 28. ssü; mou | | private; selfish. |
| 29. yu | | again. |

3 STROKES.

- | | | |
|------------|---|------------------------------------|
| 30. k'ou | 口 | the mouth. |
| 31. wei | | able to enclose (四道框). |
| 32. t'u | 土 | earth (土堆). |
| 33. shih | | a scholar (提土). |
| 34. chih | 夕 | to step onwards. |
| 35. ts'ui | | to step slowly. |
| 36. hsi | 夕 | evening. |
| 37. ta | | great. |
| 38. nü | 女 | a female. |
| 39. tzü | | a son. |
| 40. mien | 宀 | roof of a cave (寶蓋). |
| 41. ts'un | | an inch. |
| 42. hsiao | 小 | little. |
| 43. wang | | bent as an ailing leg. |
| 44. shih | 尸 | a corpse. |
| 45. ch'ê | | sprouting; vegetation (半草). |
| 46. shan | 山 | a hill. |
| 47. ch'uan | | streams (三個人) (兩個人). |
| 48. kung | 川 | labour. |
| 49. chi | | self. |
| 50. chin | 巾 | a napkin; head-gear (大巾旁). |
| 51. kan | | a shield; to concern. |
| 52. yao | 幺 | small. |
| 53. yen | | roof of a house (偏上). |
| 54. yin | 彳 | continued motion. |
| 55. kung | | the hands folded as in salutation. |
| 56. i | 弓 | to shoot with the bow. |
| 57. kung | | a bow. |

58. ch'i	彡互子	pointed like a pig's head (橫山).
59. shan	彡	streaky, like hair (三撇).
60. ch'ih	彳	to step short (雙立人).

4 STROKES.

61. hsin	心	heart, mind (堅心),
62. ko	戈	a lance, spear.
63. hu	戶	a house door.
64. shou	手	the hand (提手).
65. chih	支	a prop; to issue money.
66. p'u	支	to tap lightly (反文).
67. wen	文	stripes; ornament; literature.
68. tou	斗	Chinese bushel.
69. chin	斤	Chinese pound; an axe.
70. fang	方	square.
71. wu	无	not.
72. jih	日	the sun; the day.
73. yieh	日	to speak.
74. yüeh	月	the moon.
75. mu	木	wood; trees.
76. ch'ien	欠	to owe; to be wanting in.
77. chih	止	to stop (neuter).
78. tai	歹	bad.
79. shu	彳	a quarter-staff.
80. wu; kuan	毋	do not !
81. pi	比	to compare; lay side by side.
82. mao	毛	hair, fur.
83. shih	氏	family.
84. ch'i	气	vapour.
85. shui	水	water (三點水).
86. huo	火	fire (四點火).
87. chao	爪	claws.
88. fu	父	father.

89. <i>yao</i>	爻 片 牙	cross-wise.
90. <i>ch'iang</i>		the radical 91 reversed.
91. <i>p'ien</i>		a slab of wood ; a slice or piece.
92. <i>ya</i>		the back teeth.
93. <i>niu</i>	牛 犬	oxen ; kine (提牛旁).
94. <i>ch'üan</i>		the dog (反犬或犬猶)

5 STROKES.

95. <i>yüan</i>	玄 玉 瓜 瓦 甘 生 用 田 疋 疒 死 白 皮 皿 目 矛 矢 石 示 肉 禾 穴 立	black.
96. <i>yü</i>		precious stones (斜玉).
97. <i>kua</i>		the gourd.
98. <i>wa</i>		tiles.
99. <i>kan</i>		sweet.
100. <i>shêng</i>		to live ; to produce.
101. <i>yung</i>		to use.
102. <i>t'ien</i>		fields ; arable land.
103. <i>p'i</i>		the bale or piece of cloth, silk, etc.
104. <i>ni</i>		disease (病字旁).
105. <i>po</i>		back to back.
106. <i>pai ; po</i>		white.
107. <i>p'i</i>		skin ; bark.
108. <i>min</i>		covered dishes (皿堆).
109. <i>mu</i>		the eye.
110. <i>mou</i>		a long lance.
111. <i>shih</i>		arrows.
112. <i>shih</i>	stone.	
113. <i>ch'i ; shih</i>	spiritual power ; revelation.	
114. <i>jou</i>	the print of a fox's foot.	
115. <i>ho</i>	any kind of grain (禾木).	
116. <i>hsüeh</i>	a cave (穴字頭).	
117. <i>li</i>	to stand up or still.	

6 STROKES.

118. <i>chu</i>	竹	the bamboo (竹字頭).
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119.	<i>mi</i>	米	rice-uncooked.
120.	<i>mi; ssi</i>	糸	raw silk, as spun by the worm (絞絲).
121.	<i>fou</i>	缶	earthenware.
122.	<i>wang</i>	网	a fishing-net (屬四).
123.	<i>yang</i>	羊	sheep.
124.	<i>yü</i>	羽	feathers.
125.	<i>lao</i>	老	old.
126.	<i>érh</i>	而	and ; but yet.
127.	<i>lei</i>	耒	the plough
128.	<i>érh</i>	耳	the ear.
129.	<i>yü</i>	聿	a pencil.
130.	<i>jou</i>	肉	flesh ; meat (肉字旁).
131.	<i>ch'én</i>	臣	servant of the sovereign.
132.	<i>tzü</i>	自	self ; from.
133.	<i>chih</i>	至	to come or go to ; arrive at.
134.	<i>chiu</i>	臼	a stone mortar.
135.	<i>shé</i>	舌	the tongue.
136.	<i>ch'nan</i>	舛	at issue ; in error.
137.	<i>chou</i>	舟	ships ; boats.
138.	<i>kén</i>	艮	limitation ; character in the time-cycle.
139.	<i>sé; shai</i>	色	colour.
140.	<i>ts'ao</i>	艸	plants ; herbs (草字頭).
141.	<i>hu</i>	虍	the tiger's streaks
142.	<i>ch'ung; hui</i>	虫	reptiles having feet.
143.	<i>hsieh; hsüeh</i>	血	blood (血堆).
144.	<i>hang; hsing</i>	行	<i>hang</i> , a row as of building ; <i>hsing</i> , to go, to do.
145.	<i>i</i>	衣	clothes.
146.	<i>sha; hsi</i>	西	to cover ; the west (西字部).

7 STROKES.

147.	<i>chien</i>	見	to perceive, with the eye, nose, ear or mind.
148.	<i>chiaao</i>	角	horns ; a corner.
149.	<i>yen</i>	言	words.

150. <i>ku</i>	谷 豆 豕 豸 貝 赤 走 足 身 車 辛 辰 辵 邑 西 采 里	a valley.
151. <i>tou</i>		beans.
152. <i>shih</i>		the pig.
153. <i>chai; ti</i>		reptiles without feet.
154. <i>pei</i>		the tortoise; his shell; hence, precious (貝貝邊).
155. <i>ch'ih</i>		flesh colour.
156. <i>tsou</i>		to walk or run.
157. <i>tsu</i>		the foot; enough (足路).
158. <i>shên</i>		the body.
159. <i>ch'ê; chū</i>		vehicles; sedan
160. <i>hsin</i>		bitter,
161. <i>ch'ên</i>		horary period, from 7 to 9 A.M.; a cycle character.
162. <i>ch'ò</i>		moving and pausing (走之).
163. <i>i</i>		any centre of population (輾耳刀或右耳刀).
164. <i>yu</i>		horary period, 5 to 7 P.M.; a cycle character.
165. <i>ts'ai; pien</i>		to part and distinguish.
166. <i>li</i>	a hamlet; the Chinese mile.	

8 STROKES.

167. <i>chin</i>	金 長 門 阜 隸 隹 雨 青 非 面	the metals; gold.
168. <i>chang; ch'ang</i>		to grow; length.
169. <i>mên</i>		a gate, a door.
170. <i>fu</i>		a mound of earth (左耳刀).
171. <i>li; tai</i>		to reach to, to arrive at.
172. <i>chui</i>		short-tailed birds.
173. <i>yü</i>		rain (雨字頭).
174. <i>ch'in</i>		sky-blue.
175. <i>fei</i>		negative; wrong.
176. <i>mien</i>		the face; the outside.

9 STROKES.

177. <i>kê; ko</i>	草 章	a hide stripped of hair; to strip the hide, to flay.
178. <i>wei</i>		tanned hide.

179.	<i>chiu</i>	韭 音 頁 風 飛 食 首 香	leeks.
180.	<i>yin</i>		sound.
181.	<i>yeh</i>		the head ; page of a book.
182.	<i>fēng</i>		wind.
183.	<i>fei</i>		to fly as birds.
184.	<i>shih</i>		to eat.
185.	<i>shou</i>		the head.
186.	<i>hsiang</i>		fragrance.

10 STROKES.

187.	<i>ma</i>	馬 骨 高 髟 鬥 鬯 鬲 鬼	the horse.
188.	<i>ku</i>		bones.
189.	<i>kao</i>		high.
190.	<i>piao</i>		shaggy.
191.	<i>tou</i>		to fight ; to emulate.
192.	<i>ch'ang</i>		a sacrificial bowl ; luxurious vegetation ; content- [ment.]
193.	<i>ko ; li</i>		a sacrificial vase on crooked feet.
194.	<i>kuei</i>		spirits of the dead.

11 STROKES.

195.	<i>yā</i>	魚 鳥 鹵 鹿 麥 麻	fish.
196.	<i>niao</i>		birds.
197.	<i>lu</i>		natural salts.
198.	<i>lu</i>		the deer species.
199.	<i>mai</i>		wheat.
200.	<i>ma</i>		hemp.

12 STROKES.

201.	<i>huang</i>	黃 黍 黑 黼	yellow ; clay colour.
202.	<i>shu</i>		millet.
203.	<i>hei ; hē</i>		black.
204.	<i>chih</i>		embroidery.

13 STROKES.

- | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 205. <i>mêng; min</i> | 龜
鼎
鼓
鼠 | of the frog or toad kind. |
| 206. <i>ting</i> | | a two-eared tripod used in sacrifice. |
| 207. <i>ku</i> | | the drum, etc. |
| 208. <i>shu</i> | | the rat kind. |

14 STROKES.

- | | | |
|------------------|--------|---------------------|
| 209. <i>pi</i> | 鼻
齊 | the nose. |
| 210. <i>ch'i</i> | | arranged, in order. |

15 STROKES.

- | | | |
|-------------------|---|--------------|
| 211. <i>ch'ih</i> | 齒 | front teeth. |
|-------------------|---|--------------|

16 STROKES.

- | | | |
|------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| 212. <i>lung</i> | 龍
龜 | the dragon tribe. |
| 213. <i>kuei</i> | | the tortoise, turtle, etc. |

17 STROKES.

- | | | |
|----------------|---|---------------------|
| 214. <i>yo</i> | 侖 | flutes, pipes, etc. |
|----------------|---|---------------------|



俸^{fəng⁴}
 備^{pei⁴}
 俾^{pi⁴}
 倆^{lia³}
 倉^{ts'ang¹}
 個^{ko⁴}
 倍^{pei⁴}
 們^{mên¹}
 倒^{tao³}
 僵^{chüeh³}
 倖^{hsing⁴}
 倘^{t'ang³}
 候^{hou⁴}
 倚^{i³}
 借^{chieh⁴}
 俺^{an¹ (2, 3)}
 倡^{ch'ang⁴}
 做^{fang³}
 值^{chih³}
 倦^{chüan⁴}
 倫^{lün³}
 假^{wo¹}
 傢^{chia³}
 偉^{chia¹}
 偏^{wei³}
 做^{p'ien¹}
 停^{tso⁴}
 健^{t'ing³}
 借^{chien⁴}
 側^{{tsa³}
 偶^{{tsan¹}
 偷^{{chai¹}
 做^{{ts'ê⁴}
 借^{ou³}
 儂^{t'ou¹}
 儂^{ch'iao⁴}
 儂^{hsieh²}
 儂^{wei¹}
 儂^{k'uei³}
 儂^{fu⁴}
 儂^{{p'ang²}
 儂^{(pang⁴)}
 儂^{chieh²}
 儂^{san³}

備^{pei⁴}
 催^{ts'ui¹}
 傭^{jung² (or yung)}
 傲^{ao⁴}
 傳^{ch'uan³}
 債^{chai⁴}
 傷^{shang³}
 傻^{sha³}
 傾^{ch'ing³}
 僮^{chin³}
 僕^{hsiang⁴}
 僚^{p'u³}
 僞^{liao³}
 僧^{wei⁴}
 僭^{sêng¹}
 僥^{chüen⁴}
 僥^{chiao³}
 價^{chiang¹}
 僞^{chia⁴}
 儀^{p'i¹}
 儀^{i³}
 儀^{{yi⁴}
 儉^{ching³}
 儉^{chien³}
 儉^{ju³}
 儉^{ch'ou³}
 儉^{chin³}
 儉^{ch'ang³}
 儉^{lei³}
 儉^{yu¹}
 儉^{ch'u³}
 儉^{ts'an⁴}
 儉^{lo²}
 儉^{tsan³}
 儉^{t'ang³}
 儉^{lei¹}
 允¹⁰
 允²
 允^{yün³}

元^{yüan²}
 兄^{hsüing¹}
 充^{ch'ung¹}
 兆^{chao⁴}
 兇^{hsüing¹}
 先^{hsien¹}
 光^{kuang¹}
 克^{k'o⁴}
 免^{tui⁴}
 兔^{t'u⁴}
 免^{mien³}
 兒^{êrh²}
 兒^{ching¹}
 兇^{tou¹}
 11
 入^{ju⁴}
 內^{nei²}
 全^{ch'üan²}
 兩^{liang³}
 12
 八^{pa³}
 公^{kung¹}
 六^{{liu⁴}
 六^{{lu⁴}
 芬^{hsi¹}
 共^{kung⁴}
 兵^{ping¹}
 其^{ch'i²}
 具^{chü⁴}
 典^{tien³}
 兼^{chien¹}
 13
 冊^{{ts'ê¹}
 冊^{(ch'ai²)}

再^{tsai⁴}
 冒^{mao⁴}
 冕^{mien³}
 14
 冠^{jung³}
 冕^{kuan¹}
 冕^{yüan¹}
 冥^{ming²}
 冢^{chung³}
 15
 冬^{tung¹}
 冰^{ping¹}
 冲^{ch'ung¹}
 况^{k'uang⁴}
 冷^{lêng³}
 凄^{ch'i¹}
 凄^{ling²}
 准^{chun³}
 凋^{tiao¹}
 清^{ching⁴}
 凉^{liang²}
 凍^{tung⁴}
 滅^{chien³}
 凜^{ling³}
 凜^{chin⁴}
 凜^{p'ing²}
 凜^{ning⁴}
 凜^{tu⁴}
 16
 凡^{fan²}
 凱^{k'ai³}

鳳^{fəng⁴}
 凳^{təng⁴}
 17
 凶^{hsüing¹}
 凸^{tu¹}
 凹^{wa¹}
 出^{ch'u¹}
 函^{han³}
 18
 刀^{tao¹}
 刁^{tiao¹}
 办^{jên⁴}
 分^{fên¹}
 切^{ch'ieh⁴}
 刑^{k'an¹}
 刑^{wên³}
 刑^{hsing³}
 刻^{sha⁴}
 刻^{hua²}
 刻^{lieh⁴}
 刻^{shan¹}
 初^{ch'u¹}
 初^{shan¹}
 判^{p'an⁴}
 判^{pieh³}
 判^{chieh³}
 判^{p'ao²}
 判^{li⁴}
 判^{kua¹}
 判^{kua¹}
 判^{tao⁴}
 判^{ch'üan⁴}
 判^{to⁴}
 判^{chih⁴}
 判^{shua¹}
 刺^{{la²}
 刺^{{tz'ü⁴}

刻 ^(k'o¹)
 剝 ^(k'o⁴)
 剝 ^(t'i⁴)
 剝 ^(tsf³)
 剝 ^(hsiao¹)
 剝 ^(k'o⁴)
 剝 ^(ch'ien³)
 剝 ^(t'so⁴)
 剝 ^(t'i¹)
 剝 ^(p'ou³)
 剝 ^(kang¹)
 剝 ^(wan¹)
 剝 ^(pao¹)
 剝 ^(po¹)
 剝 ^(chien³)
 剝 ^(kua³)
 剝 ^(fu⁴)
 剝 ^(p'ien⁴)
 剝 ^(ko¹)
 剝 ^(shêng⁴)
 剝 ^(ch'uang⁴)
 剝 ^(chiao³)
 剝 ^(k'ou¹)
 剝 ^(cha³)
 剝 ^(p'i¹)
 剝 ^(liu³)
 剝 ^(kuei⁴)
 剝 ^(chien⁴)
 剝 ^(huo¹)
 剝 ^(chi⁴)

19

力 li⁴

功 ^(kung¹)
 加 ^(chia¹)
 劣 ^(lieh⁴)
 助 ^(chin⁴)
 努 ^(chu⁴)
 券 ^(nu³)
 劬 ^(ch'üan⁴)
 劬 ^(hsiao⁴)
 劬 ^(chin¹)

勁 ^(chin⁴)
 勅 ^(ch'ih⁴)
 勇 ^(yung³)
 勉 ^(mien³)
 務 ^(wu⁴)
 勑 ^(lai⁴)
 勑 ^(lé⁴)
 勑 ^(k'an⁴)
 勑 ^(tung⁴)
 勑 ^(shêng⁴)
 勑 ^(lao²)
 勑 ^(mu⁴)
 勑 ^(shih⁴)
 勑 ^(ch'in³)
 勑 ^(ch'üeh⁴)
 勑 ^(hsün¹)
 勑 ^(li⁴)
 勑 ^(ch'üan⁴)

20

勺 pao

勺 ^(shao³)
 勺 ^(yün³)
 勺 ^(kou¹)
 勺 ^(wu⁴)
 勺 ^(pao¹)
 勺 ^(p'êng¹)

21

匕 pi

化 ^(hua⁴)
 北 ^(pei³)
 匙 ^(ch'ih³)

22

匚 fang

匠 ^(chiang⁴)
 匠 ^(k'ang⁴)

匡 ^(k'uang¹)
 匣 ^(hsia³)
 匣 ^(fei³)

23

匚 hsi

匹 ^(p'i³)
 匚 ^(pien³)
 匚 ^(ni⁴)
 匚 ^(ch'ü¹)

24

十 shih³

千 ^(ch'ien¹)
 升 ^(shêng¹)
 午 ^(wu³)
 半 ^(hui⁴)
 半 ^(pan⁴)
 半 ^(pei¹)
 半 ^(tsu²)
 半 ^(hsieh³)
 半 ^(nan³)
 半 ^(po³)

25

卜 pu³

卡 ^(ch'ia³)
 卡 ^(k'a³)
 卡 ^(pien⁴)
 卡 ^(chan⁴)
 卡 ^(kua⁴)

26

卩 chieh

卯 ^(mao³)
 印 ^(yin⁴)
 危 ^(wei³)

却 ^(ch'üeh⁴)
 卯 ^(luan³)
 卷 ^(chüan⁴)
 卸 ^(hsieh⁴)
 卸 ^(hsü⁴)
 卸 ^(chi³)
 卸 ^(ch'ing¹)
 卸 ^(ch'üeh⁴)

27

厂 han

厚 ^(hou⁴)
 厘 ^(li³)
 原 ^(yüan³)
 原 ^(t'o³)
 原 ^(sha⁴)
 原 ^(chiu⁴)
 原 ^(yen⁴)
 原 ^(ssü¹)
 原 ^(li⁴)

28

厶 {ssü mou}

去 ^(ch'ü⁴)
 參 ^{shên¹ ts'an¹ ts'ên¹}
 參 ^(san¹)

29

又 yu⁴

又 ^(ch'a¹)
 及 ^(chi¹)
 友 ^(yu³)
 反 ^(fan³)
 叔 ^(hsü⁴)
 受 ^(shou⁴)
 取 ^(ch'ü³)
 叛 ^(p'an⁴)

叙 ^(hsü⁴)
 叟 ^(sou³)

30

口 k'ou³

呱 ^(pa³)
 古 ^(ku³)
 句 ^(chü⁴)
 另 ^(ling⁴)
 叨 ^(tao¹)
 叨 ^(k'ou¹)
 叨 ^(chih³)
 叨 ^(ting¹)
 叨 ^(ch'ih⁴)
 叨 ^(chiao⁴)
 叨 ^(chao¹)
 叨 ^(k'o³)
 叨 ^(t'ai²)
 叨 ^(tiao¹)
 叨 ^(shih³)
 叨 ^(yu⁴)
 叨 ^(sü¹)
 叨 ^(ch'ih¹)
 吃 ^{ko⁴ lo¹}
 吃 ^(yao¹)
 吃 ^(ho²)
 吃 ^(chi²)
 吃 ^(tiao⁴)
 吃 ^(t'ung³)
 吃 ^(ming²)
 吃 ^(hou⁴)
 吃 ^(li⁴)
 吃 ^(t'u³)
 吃 ^(hsiang⁴)
 吃 ^(chin¹)
 吃 ^(lin⁴)
 吃 ^(wên³)
 吃 ^(yin²)
 吃 ^(t'un¹)
 吃 ^(fei⁴)
 吃 ^(tai¹)

孫⁷ sun¹
 孰⁸ shu²
 孳¹¹ tzu¹
 學¹² {hsiao²
 {hsüeh²
 孽¹⁵ nieh⁴
 穰¹⁷ ying¹

40
 𠂇 mien

先² kuei³
 宅³ chai²
 宇³ yü³
 守³ shou³
 安¹ an¹
 宋⁴ sung¹
 完² wan²
 宏² hung²
 空¹ k'ung¹
 宗¹ tsung¹
 官¹ kuan¹
 宙⁴ chou⁴
 定⁴ ting⁴
 {wan³
 {yüan³
 宛³ pao³
 宝³ i³
 宜⁶ k'o⁴
 客¹ hsüan¹
 宣⁴ shih⁴
 室⁴ yü⁴
 宥⁴ huan⁴
 宮¹ kung¹
 宰³ tsai³
 害⁴ hai⁴
 宴⁴ yén⁴
 宵¹ hsiao¹
 家¹ chia¹
 宸² ch'én²
 容² {jung²
 {yung²
 宿⁸ {hsi²
 {su²

寂⁴ chi⁴
 寃⁴ yüan¹
 寄⁴ chi⁴
 寅² yin²
 密⁴ mi⁴
 寇⁴ k'ou⁴
 富⁹ fu⁴
 寐⁴ mei⁴
 寒² han²
 寔² shih²
 甯² ning²
 寓¹⁰ yü⁴
 寧¹⁰ ning²
 寞¹¹ mo⁴
 察² ch'a²
 寡³ kua³
 寢² ch'in²
 窆² liao²
 實² shih²
 寨⁴ chai⁴
 審¹² shên³
 賓¹ pin¹
 寫³ hsieh³
 寬¹ k'uan¹
 察³ liao²
 寮¹⁶ ch'ung³
 寵³ pao³

41
 寸 ts'un⁴

寺³ ssü⁴
 封⁶ fêng¹
 射⁷ {shê⁴
 {shih²
 將⁸ Chiang¹
 專¹ chuan¹
 尉⁴ yü⁴
 尊⁹ tsun¹
 尋⁹ {hsin⁹
 {hsün²
 對¹¹ tui⁴
 導¹³ tao⁴

42
 小 hsiao³

少³ shao³
 尖³ chien¹
 尙⁵ shang⁴
 曹¹² ts'ao³

43
 九 wang

尤⁸ yu²
 就⁸ chiu⁴

44
 尸 shih¹

尹³ yin³
 尺² ch'ih³
 尼² ni²
 尾⁴ {i³
 {wei³
 尿⁴ {niao⁴
 {sui¹
 局⁵ chü²
 尻⁴ p'i⁴
 居⁴ pi⁴
 屈⁴ chü¹
 屈⁴ t'i⁴
 屈⁴ ch'ü¹
 屋⁶ chieh⁴
 屍¹ wu¹
 屎³ shih¹
 屏³ shih³
 展³ p'ing³
 展³ chan³
 屨⁴ chi⁴
 屨⁴ o¹
 屨⁹ t'u²
 屨¹¹ lü³
 屨¹² ts'êng²

履¹³ li³
 屬¹⁸ shu³

45
 山 ch'é

屯 t'un²

46

山 shan¹

岳⁴ ch'a⁴
 岐⁵ ch'i²
 岸⁴ yo⁴
 峰⁷ an⁴
 峯⁷ fêng¹
 我⁷ fêng¹
 島³ o²
 崇³ tao³
 崙³ ch'ung²
 嶠³ lun²
 嶠³ ch'i¹
 崗³ kang³
 崩⁹ pêng¹
 嵌⁹ ch'ien⁴
 崕¹¹ ts'ai³
 嶺¹⁴ ch'ü¹
 嶺¹⁴ ling²
 嶺¹⁴ yüeh⁴

47
 川 ch'uan¹

州³ chou¹
 巡⁴ hsün²
 巢⁶ ch'ao²

48
 工 kung¹

左² tso³

巧⁷ ch'iao²
 巨⁴ chü⁴
 巫¹ wu¹

差⁷ {ch'a¹
 {ch'ai¹
 {tz'ü²

49

己 chi³

巳³ i³
 巳³ ssü⁴
 巳² pa¹
 厄² chih¹
 巷⁵ hsiang⁴

50

巾 chin¹

市² shih⁴
 布⁴ pu⁴
 帆¹ fan¹
 希⁴ hsi¹
 帑⁵ {nu³
 {t'ang³
 帑⁵ p'ei⁴
 帑⁵ p'a⁴
 帑⁵ t'ieh¹
 帑⁵ lien²
 帑⁵ pang²
 帑⁵ chou²
 帑⁵ ti⁴
 帑⁵ hsuai⁴
 帑⁵ shih²
 帑⁵ hsi²
 帑⁵ wan¹
 帑⁵ chang⁴
 帑⁵ tai⁴
 帑⁵ wei²
 帑⁵ ch'ang⁴
 帑⁵ mau⁴
 帑⁵ fu²

幫 10 pang¹
紉 10 ch'iao¹
桃 10 huang³
幃 10 wei³
幃 10 man⁴
幕 10 mu⁴
幃 12 ch'ih⁴
幃 12 fun¹
幃 12 ch'ien¹
幃 12 hua¹

51

干 kan¹

平 2 p'ing³
年 3 mien³
幸 5 hsing⁴
并 5 ping⁴
紉 10 kan⁴

52

幃 yao¹

幻 2 huan⁴
幼 7 yu⁴
幽 7 yu⁴
幾 9 chi³

53

广 yen

庄 3 chuang¹
庇 4 pi⁴
床 4 ch'uang³
序 4 hsi⁴
底 5 ti³
店 4 tien⁴
庚 1 k'eng¹
府 3 fu³
庠 0 hsiang³

度 {to⁴
tu⁴
座 7 tso⁴
庫 7 k'u¹
庭 7 t'ing³
庵 8 an¹
庶 8 shu⁴
康 8 k'ang¹
庸 9 yung¹
廂 9 hsiang¹
廉 10 lien²
廕 10 yin⁴
廓 10 lung²
廡 12 ao³
廚 12 ch'u³
廟 12 miao⁴
廠 12 ch'ang³
廢 12 fei⁴
廣 13 kuang³
虞 13 lin³
廬 16 lu²
廳 21 t'ing¹

54

反 yin

延 4 yen³
廷 4 t'ing³
建 6 chien⁴

55

井 kung³

弁 2 pien⁴
弄 4 nung⁴
弊 12 pi⁴

56

弋 i¹

式 3 shih⁴
弒 9 shih⁴

57

弓 kung¹

弔 1 tiao⁴
引 2 yin³
弗 2 fu²
弔 4 pa⁴
弟 4 ti⁴
弩 5 hsien²
弦 5 nu³
弱 7 jo⁴
張 8 chang¹
弔 8 peng¹
弔 8 peng¹
強 9 ch'iang³
弔 12 pi⁴
彈 12 t'an²
弔 14 mi¹
弔 19 wan¹

58

彗 ch'ei

彗 10 hui⁴
彗 10 hui⁴

59

彗 shan

形 4 hsing³
彩 8 ts'ai³
彪 8 piao¹
彭 9 p'eng²
影 9 ying³
彭 9 chang¹

60

彗 ch'ih

衍 4 fung³
役 {i⁴
yi⁴

彼 5 pi³
佛 5 fu²
往 5 wang³
征 5 ch'eng¹
待 6 tai¹
律 6 h'ên³
後 7 yang³
徐 7 lü⁴
徑 7 hou⁴
徒 7 hsi²
得 8 t'ü³
得 8 tei³
徒 8 hsi³
從 8 ts'un³
御 9 yü⁴
徠 9 lai³
徠 9 pien⁴
徠 9 fu⁴
徠 10 hsi²
徠 10 wei¹
徠 11 ch'eng¹
徠 11 té²
徠 14 ch'ê¹
徠 14 hu¹

61

心 hsin³

必 3 pi⁴
忌 3 chi⁴
忍 3 jên³
志 3 t'an³
志 3 t'ê⁴
志 3 t'ê⁴
志 3 ts'un³
忒 3 chih⁴
忒 3 wang⁴
忒 3 mang³
忒 3 chung¹
忒 3 ch'ung³
忒 3 wu³

快 4 k'uai⁴
念 4 nien⁴
忽 4 hu¹
忿 4 fên⁴
怎 5 tsên³
怒 4 nu⁴
怕 4 p'a⁴
思 4 ssü⁴
意 4 tai⁴
怡 4 i³
怵 4 ch'u⁴
怵 4 ts'un¹
急 4 chi²
性 4 hsing⁴
怨 4 yü⁴
怪 4 kuai³
怪 4 ch'ieh⁴
特 9 shih⁴
特 9 ssü⁴
恆 3 h'eng³
恍 3 huang³
恐 3 k'ung³
怨 3 shu⁴
恙 3 yang⁴
恣 3 tzü¹
恤 3 hsi²
恥 3 ch'ih³
恨 4 h'ên⁴
恨 4 ên¹
恨 4 kung¹
恨 4 hsi²
恨 4 ch'ia⁴
恨 4 han⁴
恨 4 yung³
恨 4 nin³
恨 4 ch'iao⁴
恨 4 yüeh⁴
恨 4 hsi²
恨 4 t'ü⁴
恨 4 hui³
恨 4 pei⁴
恨 4 wu⁴
恨 4 wu⁴
恨 4 yü¹

攻⁴ kung¹
放⁴ fang⁴
政⁴ chéng⁴
故⁵ ku⁴
敵⁶ k'o¹
敵⁶ hsiao⁴
教⁷ chiao⁴
敏⁷ min³
救⁷ chiu⁴
救⁷ ao⁴
敗⁸ pai⁴
敗⁸ pi⁴
敢⁸ kan³
敢⁸ san³
散⁸ tun¹
敦⁹ ching⁴
敦⁹ chiao¹
敵¹⁰ chiao¹
敵¹¹ ti²
數¹¹ fu²
數¹¹ shu⁴
斂¹³ lien⁴
斂¹³ pi⁴
斂¹⁴ pi⁴
斂¹⁴ ch'ung⁴

67
文 wén²

斑⁸ pan¹

68

斗 tou³

料⁶ liao⁴
斛⁷ hu²
斜⁷ hsieh³
樹⁹ chên¹

69

斤 chin¹

斥 ch'ih⁴

斧⁴ fu³
斬⁷ chan³
斯⁸ ssü¹
新⁹ hsin¹
斷¹⁴ tuan⁴

70

方 fang¹

於⁴ yü²
施⁵ shih¹
旁⁶ p'ang³
旌⁶ lü³
旌⁶ mao³
旆⁷ pei⁴
旆⁷ hsüan³
旒⁷ liu³
旒⁷ ching¹
旒⁷ tsu²
族¹⁰ ch'i²

71

无 wu²

无⁷ wu²
既⁷ chi⁴

72

日 jih⁴

且⁴ tan⁴
旨² chih³
早² tsao³
旬² hsün³
旱³ han⁴
旺⁴ wang⁴
昂⁴ ang²
昆⁴ k'un¹
昆⁴ shêng¹
昊⁴ hao⁴

昌⁴ ch'ang¹
明⁴ ming²
昏⁴ hun¹

易 {i⁴
yi⁴

昔⁴ hsi²
星⁵ hsing¹
昂⁵ mao³
映⁵ ying⁴
春⁵ ch'un¹
昧⁵ mei⁴
昨⁵ tso²
昭⁵ chao¹
是⁵ shih⁴
時⁶ shih²
响⁶ shang³
晒⁶ shai⁴
晚⁷ wan³
晝⁷ chou¹
晡⁷ pu¹
晨⁸ ch'ên²
普⁸ p'u²
景⁸ ching³
晰⁸ hsi¹
晴⁸ ch'ing²
晶⁸ ching¹
矚⁸ pieh³
矚⁸ kuei¹
智⁸ chih⁴
瞭⁹ liang⁴
暇⁹ hsia²
暈⁹ yün¹
暖⁹ nuan³
暗⁹ an⁴
暑⁹ shu²
暢¹⁰ ch'ang⁴
暫¹¹ chan⁴
暮¹¹ mu⁴
暴¹² pao⁴
暹¹² hsien¹
曆¹² li⁴
曉¹⁴ hsiao³
曠¹⁴ mêng¹
曠¹⁵ k'uang⁴

曝¹⁰ pao⁴
曬¹⁰ shai⁴

73

日 yüeh⁴

曲² ch'ü¹
更³ {ching¹
k'eng¹
曷⁵ ho²
書⁶ shu¹
曹⁷ ts'ao²
曹⁸ tsêng¹
曹⁸ t'ü⁴
替⁸ tsui⁴
最⁹ hui⁴

74

月 yüeh⁴

有² yü²
朋⁴ p'êng²
朋⁵ fu²
朔⁶ {so⁴
shuo⁴
朕⁷ chên⁴
朗⁷ lang³
望⁷ wang⁴
朝⁸ {chao¹
ch'ao²
期⁸ ch'ü¹
臘¹⁵ lu⁴

75

木 mu⁴

未⁴ wei⁴
未⁴ mo⁴
本⁴ pên³
朱² chu¹

桑⁴ to³
朽⁴ hsiu²
杆⁴ kan¹
朽⁴ wu¹
杈⁴ ch'a⁴
杉⁴ sha¹
机⁴ wu¹
杵⁴ hsien¹
李⁴ li³
杏⁴ hsing⁴
材⁴ ts'ai²
材⁴ ts'un¹
杓⁴ shao²
杖⁴ chang⁴
杖⁴ tu⁴

束 {su²
shu⁴

杠⁴ kang⁴
紗⁴ miao³
杭⁴ hang²
柿⁴ shih⁴
束⁴ tung¹
來⁴ lai²
杷⁴ pa¹
板⁴ sung¹
染⁴ pan³
杯⁴ ch'ü¹
枉⁴ pei⁴
枕⁴ wang³
林⁴ chên³
枚⁴ lin²
果⁴ mei²
枝⁴ kuo³
杵⁴ chih¹
杵⁴ ch'u³
枯⁴ k'u¹
拐⁴ kuai³
架⁴ chia⁴
枷⁴ chia¹
柂⁴ kou³
柂⁴ t'o²
柂⁴ ti³
柂⁴ ping¹
柂⁴ pai²

某柑染柔栢柚柞查枳杞柩東柰柱柳柴柵柶⁶栗
 校栢株桌核根栽格桂桃梳框案桐桑柺⁷梨柝架桶梓梁挺梅

柳梓樞梗條梟梧梭梯梵滅梳⁸乘棉基棋棍棒棗棘棵柵棟棠楂棧森棲棲棹棹棺棕椅椒植椰櫻⁹椰榔椹椹
 椿

楞楠榆楸業極楷楸楮¹⁰榛榜槌榮榴榻榻樑枹框槓槁槍榕槐榉榉¹¹榉槽概樟
 樂柳標樓樞模樣植樵¹²

樸樹櫚橋植橙楓機橫橡漿檀¹³檀¹³檣檣檣檣檣檣檣¹⁴檣檣檣檣檣¹⁵檣¹⁶檣¹⁶檣¹⁷檣¹⁷檣¹⁸檣¹⁸
 次欣欲欺欵欵歌¹⁹

歎¹¹歎¹⁷ 77 止^{chih} 正²此²步⁴武⁵歪⁸歲⁸整¹⁰歷¹⁰歸¹⁴ 78 歹^{tai} 死²歿⁴歿⁵歿⁶歿⁶歿⁸歿⁸歿¹⁰歿¹³歿¹⁴ 79 段⁴殷⁶殺⁸殺⁸殺⁹ 歎¹¹ 歎¹⁷ chien⁴ t'an⁴ huan¹ 77 chih¹ 78 tai¹ 79 shu¹ tuan⁴ yin¹ sha¹ {k'o¹ (ch'ieh⁴)} tien⁴

毀殼¹¹

hui³
kou⁴
ou¹

30

毋^{wu²}

母每毒⁴

mu³
wei³
tu³

81

比^{pi³}

None

82

毛^{mao²}

毡毯毫笔毡毳毼毳

chan¹
jung²
hao²
sha¹
ch'iu²
t'an³
jung³
chan¹
lu⁴

83

氏^{shih⁴}

民

min³

84

气^{ch'i}

氛氣⁶

fèn¹
ch'i¹

85

水^{shui³}

永汗求汗汎汗汝永汕江池湖汪汰汲決沉沌沐沒
冲沙沔沛河沸甘油沫泯治沽泊沾沿泄泉法

ying³
chih¹
ch'iu²
wu¹
hsün¹
han⁴
ju³
hung³
shan⁴
chiang¹
ch'ih²
ch'í¹
wan¹
t'ai¹
chi¹
chüeh²
ch'én²
tun⁴
mu⁴
mei²
mo⁴
mu²
ch'ung¹
sha¹
wu¹
p'ei⁴
ho²
fu⁴
kan¹
yu²
mo⁴
min³
chih⁴
ku¹
po⁴
chan¹
yen²
hsieh⁴
ch'üan²
fu³

泛伏泡波泣泥注泰泮洋洒洗洞津沿浪洪洲活派流洗浦浩浪浮浴海浸消涉酒涎涎涓涕浙涯淪潮涵涸涼

fan⁴
fu⁴
p'ao⁴
po¹
ch'i⁴
ni²
chu⁴
t'ai⁴
p'an⁴
yang²
sa²
hsi²
tung⁴
{chin¹
ching¹
hsia⁴
hsieh⁴
hu'ng²
chou¹
huo²
p'ai⁴
liu²
kuang¹
p'u³
hao⁴
lang⁴
fou²
yii⁴
hai³
chin¹
hsiao¹
shé⁴
chü³
nien²
hsien²
chüan¹
t'i⁴
ché⁴
ya²
lun²
shua⁴
han²
ho⁴
liang³

涿淮滄淋淑洵淚淌淡溲淤淨淫深淵混清淹淺添渠渭渡渣測温湘港渴游渺渾湊湴漚湖湛湧湯源窞條準溜

cho¹
huai²
yao²
lin³
shu²
t'ao²
lei⁴
t'ang³
tan⁴
p'eng¹
yü¹
ching⁴
yin²
shên¹
yüan¹
hun⁴
ch'ing¹
yen¹
ch'ien³
ch'ü²
mao⁴
tu⁴
cha¹
ts'é⁴
wên¹
hsiang¹
chiang³
k'o³
yu²
miao³
hun⁴
ts'ou⁴
nieh¹
yin¹
hu²
chan⁴
yung³
t'ang¹
yüan²
wa¹
ti²
chun³
liu²

溝薄溪渴溯溺溼滅滋滑滓滔滯滴滷滾滿漁漂漆漏濱漕漚漢漫漲漸漿潑潔澈潘澗潤滄滌潭潮澁澆

kou¹
p'u²
hsi¹
t'u¹
so⁴
ni⁴
shih¹
niao⁴
miel⁴
tzü¹
hua²
tzü³
t'ao¹
chih⁴
ti¹
lu³
kun³
man²
yi²
p'iao³
ch'í¹
lou⁴
yen³
ts'ao³
ou⁴
mo⁴
han⁴
man⁴
chang⁴
chien⁴
chiang¹
p'o¹
chieh²
p'ieh¹
p'an¹
chien⁴
jun⁴
shao⁴
lao⁴
t'an³
ch'ao³
sé⁴
téng⁴
chiao¹

淺¹³ lan³
 燥¹³ tsao³
 澤¹³ tsé²
 滄¹³ t'á⁴
 澗¹³ ao⁴
 澳¹³ lan⁴
 澹¹³ chí¹
 激¹³ cho³
 濁¹³ {néng²
 {nung²
 濃¹³ sé¹
 濟¹⁴ shih¹
 濕¹⁴ meng¹
 滌¹⁴ chí⁴
 濟¹⁴ lí¹
 滌¹⁴ ch'ien³
 滌¹⁴ lan⁴
 滌¹⁴ cho³
 滌¹⁴ pin¹
 滌¹⁴ shén⁴
 滌¹⁴ chien⁴
 滌¹⁴ pao⁴
 滌¹⁴ haih⁴
 滌¹⁴ lü⁴
 滌¹⁴ lan²
 滌¹⁴ kuan⁴
 滌¹⁴ sa³
 滌¹⁴ t'an¹
 滌¹⁴ wan¹

86

火³ huó³

灰² hui¹
 灾³ tsai¹
 灶³ tsao⁴
 炊³ tsai¹
 炊³ ch'ui¹
 炎³ yen³
 炒³ ch'ao³
 炕³ k'ang⁴
 炙³ chih⁴
 点³ tien³

炸³ cha³
 炭³ t'an⁴
 炮³ p'ao⁴
 炳³ ping³
 炷³ chu⁴
 炸³ cha³
 烈⁶ lieh⁴
 烏³ wu¹
 烘³ hung¹
 烟³ yen¹
 烙³ lao⁴
 烹³ p'eng¹
 烤³ k'ao³
 烽³ feng¹
 焉³ yen¹
 焙³ pei⁴
 焚³ fén³
 無³ wu³
 焦³ chiao¹
 然³ jan³
 爛³ kang⁴
 煉³ lien⁴
 烟³ hu¹
 煨³ yen¹
 煨³ tuan⁴
 煨³ huang³
 煎³ chien¹
 煮³ chu²
 煮³ chu²
 熙³ hsi¹
 煖³ nuan³
 熬³ sha¹
 煤³ mei²
 煥³ huan⁴
 照³ chao⁴
 煩³ fan³
 熾³ t'ui⁴
 熾³ ch'iao³
 熾³ shan¹
 熾³ huang³
 熾³ hsi²
 熾³ yün⁴
 熾³ jé⁴
 熾³ yen⁴

熊³ hsiung³
 熏³ hsin¹
 煤³ cha³
 燭³ wu³

熟¹¹ {shou²
 {shu²
 熨¹¹ {yü⁴
 {yün⁴

燻³ ou⁴
 熬³ ao³
 熬³ jé⁴
 熬³ hsi¹
 熬³ jan²
 熬³ têng¹
 燻³ tun⁴
 燻³ liao³
 燻³ shao¹
 燻³ yen⁴
 燻³ t'ang⁴
 燻³ ying²
 燻³ tsao⁴
 燻³ ts'an⁴
 燻³ chao³
 燻³ lien⁴
 燻³ tsuan³
 燻³ hui³
 燻³ chu²
 燻³ chin⁴
 燻³ pao⁴
 燻³ lu³
 燻³ lung³
 燻³ lan⁴
 燻³ ts'uan⁴

87

爪³ chao³

爬⁴ p'a³
 爭³ chên¹
 爲³ wei²
 爵¹⁴ chüeh³

88

父⁴ fu⁴

爹⁴ pa⁴
 爸⁶ tieh¹
 爺⁹ yeh³

89

交⁴ yao¹

爽⁷ shuang³
 爾¹⁰ êrh³

90

才⁴ ch'iang

牀⁴ ch'uang²
 牆¹³ ch'iang³

91

片⁴ p'ien⁴

版⁴ pan³
 插³ cha²
 牌³ chien¹
 牌³ p'ai²
 牌³ tieh²
 牌³ ch'uang¹
 牘¹⁵ tu³

92

牙⁴ ya²

None

93

牛⁴ niu²

牝² p'in³

牟³ mou²
 牡³ mu³
 牢³ lao³
 牧⁴ mu⁴
 物⁴ wu⁴
 牲⁵ shêng¹
 牴⁵ ti³
 特⁶ t'ê⁴
 特⁶ tzü⁴
 特⁶ ch'ien¹
 牽⁷ hsi¹
 犀⁷ wu⁴
 犁⁸ lí³
 犛⁸ mang²
 犛⁸ k'ao⁴
 犛⁸ chien¹
 犛⁸ tu²
 犛⁸ hsi¹

94

犬⁴ ch'üan²

犯³ fan⁴
 狀⁴ chuang³
 狂⁴ k'uang³
 狽⁵ ti²
 狽⁵ hu²
 狽⁵ hsia²
 狽⁵ kou³
 狽⁵ hên³
 狽⁵ ch'ou⁴
 狽⁵ chiao³
 狽⁵ hsin²
 狽⁵ lí²
 狽⁵ hsia²
 狽⁵ lang²
 狽⁵ pei⁴
 狽⁵ ch'ang¹
 狽⁵ ts'u⁴
 狽⁵ mêng³
 狽⁵ ts'ai³
 狽⁵ hu²
 狽⁵ hsing¹

猪 *chu¹*
 猴 *hou²*
 猯 *yu²*
 猯 *yu²*
 猯 *hua²*
 猯 *yüan²*
 猯 *yü⁴*
 猯 *tai¹*
 猯 *shih¹*
 猯 *pi¹*
 猯 *tu²*
 猯 *huo⁴*
 猯 *lieh⁴*
 猯 *shou⁴*
 猯 *t'a²*
 猯 *hsien⁴*
 猯 *huan²*

95

立 *hsüan²*

茲 *tzü¹*
 率 *shuai⁴*

96

玉 *yü⁴*

王 *wang²*
 打 *ting¹*
 玩 *chiu²*
 玩 *wan²*
 玩 *mei²*
 玩 *tien⁴*
 玩 *tai⁴*
 玩 *po¹*
 玩 *p'o⁴*
 玩 *shan¹*
 玩 *chén¹*
 玩 *chu¹*
 玩 *pan¹*
 玩 *p'ei⁴*

珥 *érh²*
 現 *hsien⁴*
 球 *ch'iu²*
 理 *li²*
 琉 *liu²*
 琢 *{ cho²*
 { ts'o²
 琢 *hu²*
 琥 *ch'in²*
 琴 *{ p'a¹*
 { (pa¹)
 瑟 *p'i²*
 珞 *hsia²*
 瑁 *mao⁴*
 瑁 *nao²*
 瑁 *hu²*
 瑞 *jui⁴*
 瑁 *ying¹*
 瑁 *sé⁴*
 瑁 *so²*
 瑁 *lang²*
 瑁 *ying²*
 瑁 *ma²*
 瑁 *kuei⁴*
 瑁 *li²*
 瑁 *pi¹*
 瑁 *huan²*
 瑁 *tang¹*
 瑁 *ch'iu²*
 瑁 *hsi²*
 瑁 *wén⁴*

97

瓜 *kua¹*

瓢 *p'iao²*
 瓣 *pan⁴*
 瓣 *jang²*

98

瓦 *wa²*

瓶 *p'ing²*

甌 *chuan¹*
 甌 *tséng¹*
 甌 *wéng⁴*

99

甘 *kan¹*

甚 *shén²*
 甜 *t'ien²*
 話 *t'ien²*

100

生 *shéng¹*

產 *ch'an²*
 甥 *shéng¹*
 甦 *su¹*

101

用 *yung⁴*

甩 *shuai²*
 甬 *fu¹*
 甬 *yung²*

102

田 *t'ien²*

由 *yu²*
 甲 *chia²*
 申 *shén¹*
 男 *nan²*
 男 *chieh⁴*
 男 *wei⁴*
 男 *liu²*
 男 *{ ch'u⁴*
 { hsi¹
 畝 *mu²*

畢 *pi⁴*
 略 *liao⁴*
 略 *liao⁴*
 略 *ch'i²*
 略 *fun¹*
 略 *i⁴*
 略 *tang¹*
 略 *tu'an²*
 略 *chiang¹*
 略 *tieh²*

103

疋 *p'í²*

疎 *su¹*
 疎 *su¹*
 疑 *i²*

104

疋 *ni⁴*

疔 *ting¹*
 疔 *ko¹*
 疔 *shan⁴*
 疔 *chiao²*
 疔 *pa¹*
 疔 *chieh⁴*

疫 *{ i⁴*
 { yi⁴
 疫 *p'í²*
 疫 *kan¹*
 疫 *tan⁴*
 疫 *tz'ü¹*
 疫 *chéng⁴*
 疫 *chén²*
 疫 *t'éng²*
 疫 *chü¹*
 疫 *chi²*
 疫 *ping⁴*
 疫 *ch'üan²*
 疫 *la¹*

痒 *yang²*
 癩 *fei⁴*
 痔 *chih⁴*
 痔 *tou⁴*
 痔 *hén²*
 痔 *t'u¹*
 痔 *t'ung⁴*
 痔 *p'í²*
 痔 *li⁴*
 痔 *ehih⁴*
 痔 *mei⁴*
 痔 *yü¹*
 痔 *t'an²*
 痔 *ma²*
 痔 *ch'ih²*
 痔 *lin²*
 痔 *ya²*
 痔 *hou²*
 痔 *féng¹*
 痔 *huan⁴*
 痔 *ta²*
 痔 *wén¹*
 痔 *chi²*
 痔 *ch'uang¹*
 痔 *pan¹*
 痔 *tai⁴*
 痔 *lin²*
 痔 *shou⁴*
 痔 *yao⁴*
 痔 *ch'üeh⁴*
 痔 *lo²*
 痔 *ch'ou¹*
 痔 *pieh¹*
 痔 *lou⁴*
 痔 *huang²*
 痔 *liao¹*
 痔 *lao²*
 痔 *fei⁴*
 痔 *p'í²*
 痔 *pieh²*
 痔 *chieh¹*
 痔 *yang²*
 痔 *ch'ih²*
 痔 *huo⁴*

癩¹⁶ lai⁴
癩¹⁷ hsüan³
癩¹⁸ yin³
癩¹⁹ yung¹
癩²⁰ t'an¹
癩²¹ tien¹

105

癩 po

癩⁷ kuei³
癩⁸ têng¹
癩⁹ fa¹

106

白 {pai²
po²

百 {pai²
po²
皂² tsao⁴
皂³ tsao⁴
皂⁴ ti¹
皂⁵ chieh¹
皂⁶ huang²
皂⁷ hao⁴
皂⁸ chiao³

107

皮 pi²

皴¹⁰ chou⁴
皴¹¹ ts'un¹

108

皿 min³

孟³ yü²
孟⁴ chung¹
孟⁵ pei¹

盈¹ p'ên³
盈² ying²
盈³ i²
盈⁴ ho³
盈⁵ k'uei¹
盈⁶ {ch'êng²
shêng⁴

盜⁷ tao⁴
盜⁸ chan³
盜⁹ mêng²
盜¹⁰ chin⁴
盜¹¹ chien¹
盜¹² p'an³
盜¹³ t'ang⁴

109

目 mu⁴

真³ chên¹
真⁴ chih³
真⁵ cha³
真⁶ p'un⁴
真⁷ hsiang¹
真⁸ t'un³
真⁹ tun⁴
真¹⁰ {hsin²
shêng³
真¹¹ mei²
真¹² k'an⁴
真¹³ hu²
真¹⁴ mei⁴
真¹⁵ chên¹
真¹⁶ mien²
真¹⁷ hsüan²
真¹⁸ m²
真¹⁹ k'uang⁴
真²⁰ chüan⁴
真²¹ ch'ih¹
真²² yen³
真²³ k'un⁴
真²⁴ ching¹
真²⁵ chêng¹
真²⁶ hun¹

睡¹ shui⁴
睡² tu¹
睡³ lêng⁴
睡⁴ mu⁴
睡⁵ ts'ai²
睡⁶ tu³
睡⁷ jui⁴
睡⁸ ch'ên¹
睡⁹ hsia¹
睡¹⁰ k'o³
睡¹¹ man²
睡¹² ma²
睡¹³ têng⁴
睡¹⁴ sa²
睡¹⁵ ch'iao³
睡¹⁶ shun⁴
睡¹⁷ liao³
睡¹⁸ t'ung²
睡¹⁹ pi'eh¹
睡²⁰ ku³
睡²¹ ch'ou³
睡²² chan¹
睡²³ mêng¹
睡²⁴ ch'u⁴

110

矛 mou²

矜⁴ ching¹
矜⁵ wu⁴
矜⁶ yü⁴

111

矢 shih³

矣² chih¹
矣³ chü⁴
矣⁴ ts'o²
矣⁵ tuan³
矣⁶ an³

矧¹ chüeh¹
矧² chiao³

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石 shih³

石¹ tan¹
石² han⁴
石³ sha¹
石⁴ ch'ü⁴
石⁵ k'an³
石⁶ p'i¹
石⁷ t'o⁴

石⁸ {p'ing¹
{p'êng¹

石⁹ p'o⁴
石¹⁰ chên¹
石¹¹ chu¹
石¹² yen²
石¹³ tsa¹
石¹⁴ hao³
石¹⁵ hsiao¹
石¹⁶ hang¹
石¹⁷ to⁴
石¹⁸ liu²
石¹⁹ ying⁴
石²⁰ yen⁴
石²¹ mung³
石²² wan³
石²³ lu⁴
石²⁴ ai⁴
石²⁵ sui⁴
石²⁶ pei¹
石²⁷ tu¹
石²⁸ p'êng²
石²⁹ tieh²
石³⁰ chieh²
石³¹ pi⁴
石³² p'êng⁴
石³³ ch'üeh⁴
石³⁴ ma³
石³⁵ ts'o¹
石³⁶ niên³

磁¹ tz'ü²
磁² p'ang¹
磁³ lei³
磁⁴ k'o¹
磁⁵ chuan¹
磁⁶ mo²
磁⁷ lu³
磁⁸ ch'ên³
磁⁹ ch'ing⁴
磁¹⁰ ch'ü²
磁¹¹ têng⁴
磁¹² huang²
磁¹³ p'an²
磁¹⁴ chiao¹
磁¹⁵ ai⁴
磁¹⁶ kung²
磁¹⁷ fan²
磁¹⁸ p'ao⁴
磁¹⁹ shuang¹

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示 shih⁴

社³ shé⁴
社⁴ ssü⁴
社⁵ ch'ü²
社⁶ p'ü⁴
社⁷ tsu³
社⁸ ch'ü³
社⁹ hu⁴
社¹⁰ chu⁴
社¹¹ shên³
社¹² sui⁴
社¹³ tz'ü²
社¹⁴ hsiang³
社¹⁵ p'iao⁴
社¹⁶ chi⁴
社¹⁷ ping³
社¹⁸ chin⁴
社¹⁹ lu⁴
社²⁰ huo⁴
社²¹ chên²
社²² fu²

禡¹¹ ma⁴
禦¹¹ yü⁴
禱¹² hsi³
禪¹² ch'an³
禮¹³ li³
禱¹⁴ tao³

114

內² jou²

禹⁴ yü⁴
禽⁸ ch'in³

115

禾² ho²

秀² t'u¹
私³ hsiu⁴
籼³ ssü¹
秉³ hsien¹
秋⁴ ping³
科⁴ ch'iu¹
秈⁵ k'o¹
租⁵ kêng¹
稅⁵ tsu¹
稅⁵ pei⁴
秧⁵ yang¹

(ch'êng⁴)

(yao⁴)

秈⁶ shu²
秈⁶ ch'in³
秈⁶ chieh¹
秈⁶ i³
秈⁶ hsi¹
秈⁶ shui⁴
秈⁶ kêng¹
秈⁶ ch'êng²
秈⁶ shan¹
秈⁶ to⁴
秈⁶ pai⁴
秈⁶ jên⁴
秈⁶ k'o¹

稜² lêng²
稠² ch'ou²
種⁹ chung⁴
稱⁹ sh'êng¹
稻¹⁰ tao⁴
稼¹⁰ chia¹
稽¹⁰ chi¹
稿¹⁰ kao³
穀¹⁰ ku³
稷¹⁰ chi²
穆¹¹ mu⁴
蘇¹¹ su¹
積¹² chi¹
穗¹² sui⁴
穢¹³ hui⁴
穢¹³ sé¹
穢¹³ uên³
穢¹⁴ huo¹

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穴⁴ hsüeh⁴

究² chiu¹
空³ k'ung¹
穿⁴ ch'uan¹
穿⁴ t'u¹
穿⁴ ch'iu²
穿⁴ chai³
穿⁴ yao³
穿⁴ chih⁴
穿⁴ ch'uang¹
穿⁴ chiao⁴
穿⁴ chiung³
穿⁴ k'u¹
穿⁴ wo¹
穿⁴ ch'iu²
穿⁴ yao²
穿⁴ tiao⁴
穿⁴ k'uei²
穿⁴ lung²
穿⁴ ts'uan⁴
穿⁴ ch'iao⁴
穿⁴ tsao⁴

竊¹⁷ ch'ieh⁴

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立⁴ li⁴

站⁵ chan⁴
竟⁶ ching⁴
章⁶ chang¹
竣⁷ chün⁴
童⁷ t'ung²
竦⁸ sung³
靖⁸ ching⁴
竦⁸ shu⁴
竦⁸ chieh³
竭⁹ tuan¹
竭⁹ ching⁴
端¹⁶ ching⁴

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竹² chu²

竿³ kan¹
筴⁴ pa¹
筴⁴ sun³
筴⁴ hsiao⁴
筴⁴ chao⁴
筴⁴ hu⁴
筴⁴ ti⁴
筴⁴ shêng¹
筴⁴ ch'ih²
筴⁴ t'iao³
筴⁴ ti³
筴⁴ fu²
筴⁴ pên⁴
筴⁴ pi²
筴⁴ têng³
筴⁴ chin¹
筴⁴ sun³
筴⁴ fa²
筴⁴ k'uang¹
筴⁴ t'ung³
筴⁴ ta¹
筴⁴ ts'ê⁴

筴⁷ po²
筴⁷ chu⁴
筴⁷ shao¹
筴⁷ yen²
筴⁷ chien¹
筴⁷ chêng¹
筴⁷ chou³
筴⁷ chi¹
筴⁷ suan⁴
筴⁷ ko¹
筴⁷ k'uai⁴
筴⁷ kuan³
筴⁷ po⁴
筴⁷ chien⁴
筴⁷ hsiang¹
筴⁷ chên¹
筴⁷ chu⁴
筴⁷ chieh²
筴⁷ fan¹
筴⁷ chuan⁴
筴⁷ p'ien¹
筴⁷ chu²
筴⁷ pi²
筴⁷ ku¹
筴⁷ ts'uan⁴
筴⁷ tu³
筴⁷ shai¹
筴⁷ kao¹
筴⁷ p'êng²
筴⁷ mieh⁴
筴⁷ lou³
筴⁷ ts'u⁴
筴⁷ tou¹
筴⁷ chien³
筴⁷ po⁴
筴⁷ huang²
筴⁷ hsiao¹
筴⁷ yen²
筴⁷ ch'ien¹
筴⁷ lien²
筴⁷ pu⁴
筴⁷ lan²
筴⁷ ch'ou²
筴⁷ chi³

籐¹⁵ tsan¹
籐¹⁶ t'êng³
籐¹⁶ lung²
籐¹⁷ ch'ien¹
籐¹⁹ li⁴
籐¹⁹ lo²

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米³ mi³

籽³ tzü³
粉⁴ fên³
紗⁴ sha¹
粃⁴ pi³
粒⁴ li⁴
粒⁴ ts'u¹

粘⁴ {chan¹
nien²}
粟⁶ sn⁴
粥⁶ chou¹
粧⁷ chuang¹
梁⁷ liang²
粮⁷ liang²
粳⁷ yüeh⁴
粳⁷ ching¹
粳⁷ tsung⁴
粹⁸ sui⁴
精⁸ ching¹
糊⁹ hu²
糕¹⁰ kao¹
糖¹⁰ t'ang²
糗¹⁰ ch'iu³
糗¹⁰ ts'ao⁴
糗¹⁰ mo¹
糗¹⁰ chiang⁴
糗¹⁰ fên⁴
糗¹⁰ tsao¹
糗¹⁰ k'ang¹
糗¹⁰ liang²
糗¹⁰ no¹
糗¹⁰ t'uan²
糗¹⁰ la¹
糗¹⁰ li⁴

羅¹⁶ ti³
羅¹⁹ t'iao⁴

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糸 ssü

系¹ hsi⁴
紀² chi⁴
約³ yo¹
紅⁴ hung³
紂⁴ chou⁴
紂¹ chin¹
紂⁴ jén⁴
紂⁴ wén³
納⁴ na⁴

純 {ch'un²
shun²
sha¹
chih³
chi²
fén¹
yün²
su⁴
fang³
so³

紜 {cha¹
(tsa¹)
紜³ ch'ou³
tsa¹
iei⁴
hsi⁴
shén¹
shao⁴
chung¹
hsien²
tsu³
pan⁴
chieh²
chieh²
chiao³
絡 {lao⁴
lo⁴

綉⁴ hsiéh⁴
給³ kei³
絮³ jung³
紜⁴ hsi⁴
紜³ t'ung³
紜¹ ssü¹
紜⁴ chiang⁴
紜¹ pêng¹
紜⁴ chüan⁴
紜³ wang³
紜³ pang³
紜¹ sui¹
紜³ k'un³
紜¹ ching¹
紜³ kêng³

綠 {lü⁴
(lu⁴
ch'ou³
wei³
kang¹
pêng¹
hsi⁴
hsien⁴
ts'ai³
{lün³
{lun⁴

綉³ ch'ou³
綉³ wei³
綉¹ kang¹
綉¹ pêng¹
綉⁴ hsi⁴
綉⁴ hsien⁴
綉³ ts'ai³
綉³ {lün³
綉⁴ {lun⁴
綉¹ fei¹
綉³ lin³
綉⁴ chan⁴
綉⁴ ch'o⁴
綉³ ling³
綉³ mien³
綉⁴ tuan⁴
綉³ hsi⁴
綉³ hsien³
綉⁴ hsien⁴
綉⁴ chi⁴
綉³ chin³
綉³ yün³
綉⁴ pien^{1,4}
綉³ huan³
綉⁴ wei⁴
綉⁴ lien⁴
綉⁴ chih⁴

縠⁴ hu⁴
縠³ mien³
縠⁴ chin⁴
縠⁴ i⁴
縠⁴ chui⁴
縠³ pang³
縠⁴ chou⁴
縠³ fu³
縠³ kao³
縠⁴ hsien⁴
縠¹¹ fêng³
縠¹ so¹
縠⁴ tsung⁴
縠⁴ ch'ien⁴
縠¹ pêng¹
縠³ lü³
縠³ tsung³
縠¹ chi¹
縠² fun²
縠³ lei³
縠¹² chih¹
縠¹ fan¹
縠⁴ shan⁴
縠¹ jao¹
縠⁴ hsi⁴
縠⁴ sui⁴
縠¹³ shêng²
縠¹ hui¹

縠⁴ {chi⁴
{hsi⁴
縠³ chien³
縠¹ chiang¹
縠³ chiao³
縠⁴ {i⁴
{yi⁴
縠¹⁴ chi⁴
縠¹⁵ tsuan³
縠¹⁶ hsi⁴
縠¹⁸ ch'un²
縠¹⁹ ts'ai²
縠²¹ tu¹
縠⁴ lan⁴
縠¹ ying¹

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缶 fou³

缸³ kang¹
缺⁴ ch'üeh¹
磬¹¹ cha³
磬¹² ch'ing⁴
磬¹² ts'un¹
磬¹² ying¹
磬¹⁸ t'un²
磬¹⁸ kuan⁴

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网 wang

罔³ wang³
罕³ han³
罟⁶ ku⁴
罟⁸ chao⁴
罟⁹ tsui⁴
罟⁹ chih⁴
罟¹⁰ fu²
罟¹⁰ shu⁴
罟¹⁰ mu⁴
罟¹⁴ pa⁴
罟¹⁴ lo²
罟¹⁴ chi³

123

羊 yang²

美² mei³
羔⁴ kao¹
羔⁵ hsi¹
羔⁶ hsien⁴
羴⁷ ch'ün²
羴⁷ ch'un¹
羴⁷ i⁴
羴⁷ ch'iang¹
羴⁷ kêng¹

翬¹¹ chieh³
翬¹³ hsi¹
翬¹³ shan¹

124

羽 yü³

翮⁴ wéng¹
翮⁵ ch'ih⁴
翮⁸ ling²
翮⁸ hsi³
翮¹⁰ ts'ui⁴
翮¹⁰ fei³
翮¹¹ han⁴
翮¹² i¹
翮¹² fan¹
翮¹⁴ {i⁴
{yi⁴
耀¹⁴ yao⁴

125

老 lao³

考⁴ k'ao³
考⁴ {ché²
{cho²

126

而 ér^{h3}

耍³ shua³
耐⁴ nai⁴
耐⁴ chuan¹

127

耒 lei³

耒² p'a³
耒⁴ kêng¹

耗 hao⁴
 耙 {p'i² (pa⁴)
 耘 yün²
 耨 ch'u³
 耩 lou²
 耨 nou⁴
 耩 chiang³

128

耳 ér^h

耶 yeh³
 拿 ta¹
 耻 ch'ih³
 耽 tan¹
 耽 kêng³
 聊 liao²
 聆 ling²
 聒 {kua¹ (kua)
 聒 shêng⁴
 聒 p'in⁴
 聒 chü⁴
 聒 lien²
 聒 ts'ung¹
 聒 shêng¹
 聒 tsung⁴
 聒 chih²
 聒 t'ing¹
 聒 lung²

129

聿 yü

聿 hua⁴
 聿 i⁴
 聿 su⁴

130

肉 jou⁴

肋 lei⁴

肌 chi¹
 肱 ko¹
 肱 mang²
 肱 hsiao⁴
 肱 chou³
 肱 tu⁴
 肱 kang¹
 肱 kan¹
 肱 yü⁴
 肱 ku³
 肱 chih¹
 肱 fei²
 肱 p'ang¹
 肱 chien¹
 肱 k'ên³
 肱 fu²
 肱 fei⁴
 肱 woi⁴
 肱 chou⁴
 肱 tan³
 肱 pei⁴
 肱 t'ai¹
 肱 p'ang⁴
 肱 {p'ei¹
 肱 {p'i¹
 肱 {pao¹
 肱 {(p'ao¹)
 肱 'hu²
 肱 hsü¹
 肱 yen¹
 肱 i²
 肱 k'ua⁴
 肱 kuang¹
 肱 hsiung¹
 肱 nêng²
 肱 chih¹
 肱 hsiung¹
 肱 ko²
 肱 ts'ui⁴
 肱 lei⁴
 肱 mo⁴
 肱 chi³
 肱 chiao³
 肱 po²
 肱 min³

脣 ch'un³
 脣 hsiu¹
 脣 p'ao¹
 脣 t'o¹
 脣 fu³
 脣 chang⁴
 脣 kuan³
 脣 p'i²
 脣 t'ien³
 脣 yeh⁴
 脣 shên⁴
 脣 fu²
 脣 fu³
 脣 ch'iang¹
 脣 wan⁴
 脣 hsing¹
 脣 nao³
 脣 chung³
 脣 sai¹
 脣 yao¹
 脣 chiao³
 脣 ch'ang³
 脣 fu⁴
 脣 t'ui³
 脣 p'ang³
 脣 lü³
 脣 ko³
 脣 po⁴
 脣 kao¹
 脣 fu⁴
 脣 t'ang³
 脣 mo⁴
 脣 chiao¹
 脣 hsi³
 脣 p'êng²
 脣 ni¹
 脣 shan⁴
 脣 chiang³
 脣 yung¹
 脣 tun³
 脣 nêng³
 脣 lien²
 脣 pei⁴
 脣 lien³

腺 sao⁴
 腺 ku³
 腺 ch'i³
 腺 piao¹
 腺 lu³
 腺 lung³
 腺 tsang⁴
 腺 tsang¹

131

臣 ch'en²

臥 wo⁴
 臧 tsang¹
 臨 lin²

132

自 tsü⁴

臬 nieh⁴

133

至 chih⁴

致 chih⁴
 臺 t'ai²

134

白 chiu⁴

與 yü²
 與 wai³
 與 yao³
 與 chiu⁴
 與 yü³
 與 hsing¹
 與 chü³
 與 chiu⁴

135

舌 shé²

舍 shé⁴
 舒 shü¹
 鋪 p'u⁴
 舔 t'ien³
 館 kuan³
 譚 t'ien³

136

舛 cu'uan³

舜 shun⁴
 舞 wu³

137

舟 chou¹

般 pan¹
 般 to⁴
 般 ch'uan³
 般 t'ing³
 般 shuo¹
 般 pang³
 般 ts'ung¹

138

良 kên⁴

良 liang³
 良 chien¹

139

色 {sé⁴
 {shai³

None

140

艸 ts'ao²

艾³ ai²
 芋³ yü⁴
 芍³ shao²
 芭³ mang³
 芙³ fu²
 美³ chih¹
 芫³ yen²
 芥³ chieh⁴
 芬³ fên¹
 芭³ pa¹
 花³ hua¹
 芳³ fung¹
 芸³ yün²
 芩³ ch'in²
 芻³ ch'u²
 芽³ ya²
 苑³ yüan⁴
 若³ jo¹
 苔³ ling²
 苦³ t'ai¹
 苗³ k'o²
 苗³ miao²
 苦³ mu⁴
 荷³ shan¹
 苦³ kou²
 英³ k'u²
 茂³ ying¹
 范³ mao⁴
 茅³ fan⁴
 茆³ mao²
 荳³ ch'ieh²
 荳³ mo⁴
 荳³ ming²
 荳³ li⁴
 荳³ yin¹
 荳³ ch'ien⁴
 荳³ huang¹
 荳³ tz'ü²
 荳³ mang²
 荳³ fu²

茶³ ch'a²
 荳³ jung²
 荳³ ching¹
 荳³ ts'ao²
 荳³ chien⁴
 荳³ hui²
 荳³ chiao¹
 荳³ tou⁴
 荳³ ho²
 荳³ sui¹
 荳³ ting²
 荳³ hua²
 荳³ li⁴
 荳³ chuang¹
 荳³ yu²
 荳³ kêng²
 荳³ hsien⁴
 荳³ mo⁴
 荳³ pi²
 荳³ chia⁴
 荳³ t'u²
 荳³ mang²
 荳³ fei²
 荳³ chü²
 荳³ t'u⁴
 荳³ kuo²
 荳³ ts'ui⁴
 荳³ ch'ang¹
 荳³ yen¹
 荳³ tz'ü⁴
 荳³ ku¹
 荳³ ts'ai⁴
 荳³ po¹
 荳³ ling²
 荳³ p'u²
 荳³ ching⁴
 荳³ pao⁴
 荳³ shu²
 荳³ t'ao²
 荳³ lai²
 荳³ mêng²
 荳³ p'ing²
 荳³ wei²
 荳³ wan⁴

落 { la⁴
 lao⁴
 惹³ jé²
 菴³ p'u²
 葢³ kai⁴
 葦³ chiang¹
 葉³ yeh⁴
 著 { chao²
 cho²
 萵³ wo¹
 萵³ ko²
 萵³ tung²
 萵³ wei²
 萵³ hu²
 萵³ tsang⁴
 萵³ yao⁴
 萵³ ts'ung¹
 萵³ k'uei²
 萵³ hun²
 萵³ i¹
 萵³ ch'i¹
 蒙³ mêng²
 蒜³ suan⁴
 蒜³ p'u²
 蒜³ hsü⁴
 蒜³ chêng¹
 蒜³ ts'ang¹
 蒜³ hao¹
 蒜³ hai²
 蒜³ jung²
 蒜³ kai⁴
 蒜³ so¹
 蒜³ chi²
 蒜³ p'êng²
 蒜³ lien²
 蒜³ k'ou¹
 蒜³ ma²
 蒜³ po¹
 蒜³ su¹
 蒜³ man²
 蒜³ hsü⁴
 蒜³ yin⁴
 蒜³ chiao¹
 蒜³ pi⁴

蕊³ jui²
 蕊³ jui²
 蕊³ ch'iao²
 蕊³ hu⁴
 蕊³ tang⁴
 蕊³ hsiao¹
 蕊³ fan¹
 蕊³ { pao²
 po²
 薑³ chiang¹
 薑³ t'i⁴
 薑³ chien⁴
 薑³ sa⁴
 薑³ hsin¹
 薑³ chi'ang²
 薑³ shu¹
 薑³ hsün¹
 薑³ lan²
 薑³ ts'ang¹
 薑³ chieh¹
 薑³ pien²
 薑³ ou²
 薑³ fan²
 薑³ li²
 薑³ i⁴
 薑³ yao⁴
 薑³ t'êng²
 薑³ miao²
 薑³ mo²
 薑³ jui²
 薑³ lu²
 薑³ su¹
 薑³ p'ing²
 薑³ lan²
 薑³ lo²
 薑³ chan⁴
 141
 虺³ hu²
 虺³ hu²
 虺³ ni⁴
 虺³ ch'ien²

處⁵ ch'u⁴
 虛⁶ hsü²
 號⁸ hao⁴
 虺⁹ k'uei¹
 142
 虫 ch'ung¹
 虱² shih¹
 虹³ kang⁴
 乞³ ko⁴
 虺³ hui²
 蚌⁴ { pang⁴
 pêng³
 蛟⁴ chiao¹
 蛟⁴ win²
 蛟⁴ yin²
 蛟⁴ kung¹
 蛟⁴ tsao²
 蛟⁴ fu²
 蛟⁴ cha²
 蛟⁴ ku¹
 蛟⁴ chu⁴
 蛟⁴ ch'ü¹
 蛟⁴ ch'ü¹
 蛟⁴ ling²
 蛟⁴ she²
 蛟⁴ tan⁴
 蛟⁴ chu¹
 蛟⁴ ko²
 蛟⁴ ch'ü¹
 蛟⁴ o²
 蛟⁴ fêng¹
 蛟⁴ t'ing²
 蛟⁴ wu²
 蛟⁴ shu²
 蛟⁴ chih¹
 蛟⁴ mi⁴
 蛟⁴ ch'iang¹
 蛟⁴ shih²
 蛟⁴ pang⁴
 蛟⁴ ku¹
 蛟⁴ ching¹

蜚⁹ k'un¹
 蝗⁹ huang²
 蝠¹ pien¹
 蝟⁴ wei⁴
 蝠² fu²
 游² yu²
 蝦² { ha²
 { hsia¹
 螂² lang²
 蝟¹ hsieh¹
 胡² hu²
 蝶² tieh²
 螃¹⁰ p'ang²
 蟾¹ ts'ang¹
 獅¹ { shih¹
 { ssü¹
 融² (jung²
 (yung)
 蝟² ma²
 螢² ying²
 蝟² kung²
 蝟¹¹ kuo¹
 蝟¹ ché¹
 蝟² lou²
 蝟¹ t'ang¹
 蝟² lo²
 蝟¹ chung¹
 蝟⁴ shuai⁴
 蝟¹ ma¹
 蝟⁴ hsi⁴
 蝟¹² mang²
 蝟⁴ hui⁴
 蝟⁴ shan⁴
 蝟² ch'ung²
 蝟³ chi³
 蝟¹⁷ p'an²
 蝟⁴ hsieh⁴
 蝟² ch'an²
 蝟³ i³
 蝟¹ ying¹
 蝟² ch'an²
 蝟³ mêng³
 蝟¹⁴ la⁴
 蝟¹⁵ ch'un³

蠶¹⁶ tu⁴
 蠶¹⁷ ehüan¹
 蠶¹⁸ ts'an²
 蠶¹⁹ man³

143

血 { hsieh³
 { hsüeh⁴

紐⁴ niu⁴
 衆⁶ chung⁴
 脈⁴ mo⁴

144

行^{hsing}

行⁵ hang²
 術⁶ shu⁴
 術⁶ t'ung⁴
 術⁶ hsuan⁴
 術⁷ chieh¹
 術⁷ yung²
 術⁷ ya²
 術⁸ hu²
 術⁸ wei⁴
 術⁹ ch'ung¹
 術⁹ hêng²

145

衣ⁱ

表³ piao³
 衫¹ shan¹
 袂⁴ ch'a⁴
 袂⁴ shuai¹
 袂⁴ na¹
 衷⁴ chung¹
 袂⁴ ch'in²
 袂⁴ tai⁴
 袂⁵ p'ao³

袒³ t'an³
 袖⁴ hsiu⁴
 袂⁴ pei⁴
 袂¹ chia¹
 袂² fu²
 袂⁴ k'u⁴
 袂² ts'ai²
 袂⁴ lieh⁴
 袂³ chia³
 袂¹ chuang¹
 袂¹ i¹
 袂³ li³
 袂³ li³
 袂² ch'in²
 袂⁴ yü⁴
 袂² ch'in²
 袂² pu²
 袂¹ shang¹
 袂⁴ chih⁴
 袂² kuo²
 袂⁴ k'en⁴
 袂⁴ kua⁴
 袂³ piao³
 袂³ lo³
 袂⁴ pei⁴
 袂⁴ fu⁴
 袂⁴ pei⁴
 袂² ho²
 袂¹ pao¹
 袂¹⁰ k'u⁴
 袂⁴ ju⁴
 袂⁴ sha⁴
 袂⁴ t'un⁴
 袂¹¹ chieh⁴
 袂¹¹ li⁴
 袂¹² hsieh⁴
 袂¹² ta¹
 袂¹³ chin¹
 袂¹³ lan²
 袂¹³ ao³
 袂¹⁴ tang¹
 袂¹⁴ wa⁴
 袂¹⁶ ch'ên⁴
 袂¹⁷ hsi²

穆¹⁹ p'an⁴

146

西^{hsi}

要³ yao⁴
 覆¹² fu²
 敷¹³ ho²

147

見^{chien}

規⁴ kuei¹
 覓⁵ mi¹
 視⁵ shih⁴
 親⁹ tn³

親⁹ ch'in¹
 戲¹¹ ch'ü⁴

覺¹³ { chiao⁴
 { chüeh²

覲¹⁵ ti²
 覽¹⁵ lan²
 覲¹⁸ kuan¹

148

角 { chiao¹
 { chüeh³

觴² chin¹
 解⁶ chieh³
 觴⁷ su⁴

觴³ ch'i¹
 觴³ pieh³
 觴¹³ ch'o⁴

149

言^{yen}

訂² ting⁴

訃⁴ fu⁴
 訃⁴ chi⁴
 訃³ t'ao³
 訃³ chieh²
 訃⁴ hsin⁴
 訃⁴ hsin⁴
 訃⁴ shan⁴
 訃³ ch'i³
 訃³ t'o¹
 訃⁴ chi¹
 訃⁴ o²
 訃⁴ ya⁴
 訃⁴ sung⁴
 訃⁴ fang³
 訃⁴ shé⁴
 訃⁴ hsi²
 訃⁴ cha⁴
 訃⁴ su⁴
 訃⁴ tu³
 訃⁴ chên¹
 訃⁴ chu⁴
 訃⁴ chêng⁴
 訃⁴ chao⁴
 訃⁴ p'ing²
 訃⁴ z'ü²
 訃⁴ hsin⁴
 訃⁴ i²
 訃⁴ shih⁴
 訃⁴ kon⁴
 訃⁴ shih¹
 訃⁴ kuei²
 訃⁴ hua⁴
 訃⁴ kua¹
 訃⁴ ch'a⁴
 訃⁴ kai¹
 訃⁴ hsiang²
 訃⁴ hung¹
 訃⁴ chu¹
 訃⁴ k'uang⁴
 訃⁴ k'ua¹
 訃⁴ chih⁴
 訃⁴ jên⁴
 訃⁴ k'uang²
 訃⁴ ch'iao⁴

跼³ ko¹
 跼⁴ sa¹
 跼⁵ p'a²
 跼 { tieh¹
 { tsai¹
 跼 { tz'ü³
 { (ch'ai³)
 跼 p'ao³
 跼 tien³
 跼 kên¹
 跼 chi¹
 跼 chiao¹
 跼 to⁴
 跼 k'ua⁴
 跼 chuai³
 跼 kuei⁴
 跼 lu⁴
 跼 t'iao⁴
 跼 chien⁴
 跼 t'a¹
 跼 tsung¹
 跼 wo¹
 跼 hua¹
 跼 t'i⁴
 跼 chüan²
 跼 { ch'uai⁴
 { ts'ai³
 跼 jou³
 跼 t'i²
 跼 cha¹
 跼 p'an²
 跼 ts'o¹
 跼 ch'iang¹
 跼 chi⁴
 跼 tsung¹
 跼 ts'eng⁴
 跼 ch'u²
 跼 lun²
 跼 chüeh³
 跼 ch'iao¹
 跼 ch'iao²
 跼 tsao⁶
 跼 t'a⁴
 跼 tun³

跼 ch'u²
 跼 ch'ou²
 跼 yüeh⁴
 跼 chi¹
 跼 nieh⁴
 158
 身 shên¹
 躬 kung¹
 躬 tan¹
 躬 to³
 躬 t'iao³
 躬 t'ang³
 躬 ch'ü¹
 159
 車 ch'ê¹
 軋 ya⁴
 軋 hsüan¹
 軋 chün¹
 軋 juan³
 軋 o⁴
 軋 chou⁴
 軋 ku¹
 軋 ch'ing¹
 軋 chiao¹
 軋 tsuai³
 軋 tsai³
 軋 fu³
 軋 t'ang³
 軋 liang⁴
 軋 { lün²
 { lun²
 軋 nien³
 軋 hu¹
 軋 kun³
 軋 wang³
 軋 pei⁴
 軋 shu¹

輓 juan³
 輓 chi⁴
 輓 fu²
 輓 ku³
 輓 yüan²
 輓 hsia²
 輓 chan³
 輓 chuan³
 輓 lu⁴
 輓 ch'ê²
 輓 chiao⁴
 輓 tang¹
 輓 hung¹
 輓 lu²
 輓 p'ei⁴
 160
 辛 hsin¹
 宰⁵ ku¹
 辣⁷ lu⁴
 辦⁹ pan⁴
 辦¹⁰ pien⁴
 辭¹³ tz'ü²
 辭¹³ pien⁴
 辯 { pan⁴
 { pien⁴
 161
 辰 ch'ên²
 辱³ ju⁴
 農⁶ nung²
 162
 走 ch'o¹
 巡³ hsün²
 迂³ yü¹

迄 { ch'i³
 { hsi³
 迅 hsün⁴
 迎 ying²
 返 chin⁴
 迓 fan³
 迓 i²
 迓 ti²
 迓 p'o⁴
 迓 chiu³
 迓 tieh²
 述 { su⁴
 { shu⁴
 迓 hui²
 迓 mi²
 迓 péng⁴
 迓 chi¹
 迓 chui¹
 迓 nai³
 迓 t'ui⁴
 迓 sung⁴
 迓 t'ao²
 迓 ni⁴
 迓 hsiao¹
 迓 t'ou⁴
 迓 chu²
 迓 ch'iu¹
 迓 t'u²
 迓 kuang⁴
 迓 ching⁴
 迓 t'ung¹
 迓 tou⁴
 迓 shih⁴
 迓 ch'êng³
 迓 su²
 迓 tsuo⁴
 迓 fêng³
 這 { ch'ê⁴
 { chei⁴
 連 liên²
 週 chou¹
 進 chin⁴
 逸 i²
 逸 nien³

趨 t'ang¹
 趨 pi¹
 趨 yü⁴
 趨 hsia²
 趨 tun⁴
 趨 sui²
 趨 yü⁴
 趨 yü²
 趨 yün⁴
 趨 pien⁴
 趨 ku⁴
 趨 huang¹
 趨 tao⁴
 趨 ta²
 趨 wei²
 趨 yao²
 趨 liu²
 趨 hsün⁴
 趨 ti⁴
 趨 yüan³
 趨 t'a⁴
 趨 ch'ien³
 趨 ao²
 趨 shih⁴
 趨 tsao¹
 趨 ch'ê¹
 趨 ch'ih²
 趨 lin²
 趨 tsun¹
 趨 jao⁴
 趨 ch'ien¹
 趨 hsüan³
 趨 i²
 趨 liao²
 趨 pi⁴
 趨 yao¹
 趨 chü⁴
 趨 mai⁴
 還 { hai²
 { huan²
 還¹⁴ ér³
 還¹⁵ pien¹
 還 la²
 還¹⁹ lo²

163

邑 i⁴

那⁴ (na³
na⁴)
邦 pang¹
邪 hsiēh³
郊 chiao¹
郎 lang³
郡 chün⁴
部 pu⁴
郵 yu³
郭 kuo¹
都 tu¹
鄂 ao⁴
鄉 hsiang¹
鄰 pi⁴
都 lin³
鄰 fēng¹
豐¹³

164

酉 yu³

酌² ting¹
酌³ cho³
配 p'ei⁴
酒 chiu³
酥 su¹
酥 han¹
酩 lao⁴
酩 ch'ou³
酩 lei⁴
酩 suan¹
酸 chiao⁴
酵 k'u⁴
醱 yen¹
醱 {ch'un³
shun³}
醇 t'au⁴
醇 ts'u⁴
醒⁹ hsiang³
醜¹⁰ ch'ou³

醫¹¹ i¹
醬 chiang⁴
醞¹² chiao⁴
醞 pu³
醞¹⁷ hsiün¹
釀 niang⁴
釀¹⁹ shai¹
醞 yen⁴

165

采 ts'ai³

釋¹³ shih⁴

166

里 li³

重² chung⁴
野⁴ yeh³
量⁵ liang³
釐¹¹ li³

167

金 chin¹

釘² ting¹
針³ chēn¹
鈞³ tia⁴
鈞³ k'ou⁴
釵¹ ch'ai¹
釵¹ ch'uan⁴
釵⁴ han⁴
鈇⁴ tun⁴
鈇⁴ kou¹
鈇⁴ ch'ao⁴
鈇⁴ nin³
鈇⁴ chün⁴
鈇⁴ fu³
鈇⁴ po⁴
鈇⁴ ling³
鈇⁴ po⁴

鈇⁴ tien⁴
鈇⁴ yüeh⁴
鈇³ ch'ien³
鈇² ch'ien²
鈇¹ po¹
鈇⁴ po⁴
鈇⁴ pao⁴
鈇³ chien³
鈇³ chiao³
鈇³ yin³
鈇⁴ ch'ung⁴
鈇³ t'ung³
鈇¹ hsiēn¹
鈇² hsiēn²
鈇⁴ k'uo⁴
鈇⁴ jui⁴
鈇¹ hsiao¹
鈇⁴ hsiu⁴
鈇¹ fēng¹
鈇² ch'u²
鈇⁴ p'u⁴
鈇⁴ ts'o⁴
鈇³ mang³
鈇⁴ chü⁴
鈇¹ kang¹
鈇⁴ lu⁴
鈇¹ ku¹
鈇¹ chui¹
鈇² ch'ui²
鈇⁴ ting⁴
鈇³ ch'ien³
鈇³ chin³
鈇⁴ k'o⁴
鈇¹ pēn¹
鈇² mao²
鈇³ hsi³
鈇⁴ ts'o⁴
鈇⁴ lien⁴
鈇¹ kuo¹
鈇¹ chēn¹
鈇⁴ tu⁴
鈇¹ ch'iao¹
鈇⁴ chien⁴

鐘¹ chung¹
鐘¹⁰ so³
鎚⁴ hsia⁴
鎚¹ ch'iang¹
鎚² ch'ui²
鎚⁴ chēn⁴
鎚² jung²
鎚² p'ang²
鎚³ k'ai³
鎚¹ lien³
鎚⁴ p'iao⁴
鎚⁴ chien⁴
鎚⁴ man⁴
鎚¹ ti¹
鎚⁴ ching⁴
鎚⁴ tsan⁴
鎚⁴ hsüan⁴
鎚³ ch'an³
鎚² chüeh²
鎚² nao²
鎚³ liao³
鎚¹ chung¹
鎚⁴ tēng⁴
鎚³ hua³
鎚⁴ t'ang⁴
鎚¹ chien¹
鎚³ cho³
鎚³ huan³
鎚³ lien³
鎚³ t'ieh³
鎚⁴ lu⁴
鎚¹ tang¹
鎚³ chiao³
鎚² to²
鎚⁴ chu⁴
鎚¹ pin¹
鎚⁴ chien⁴
鎚⁴ la⁴
鎚⁴ chien⁴
鎚² cha²
鎚² lu²
鎚⁴ yao⁴
鎚¹ hsiang¹
鎚¹⁸ nieh⁴

鑼¹⁹ lo²
鑼¹ tsuan¹
鑼³ luan³
鑼¹ tso¹

168

長 {chang³
ch'ang⁴}

肆⁶ ssü⁴

169

門 mén³

門¹ shuan¹
閃² shan³
閉³ pi⁴
閉⁴ k'ai¹
開⁴ jun⁴
閨³ hsiēn³
閨² hsiēn²
閨¹ chien¹
閨⁵ cha²
閨⁶ ko²
閨³ wēn³
閨⁴ lung⁴
閨¹ kuei¹
閨³ min³
閨⁷ k'un³
閨⁴ yüeh⁴
閨⁸ yen¹
閨⁹ k'uo⁴
閨¹⁰ wei²
閨¹⁰ ho³
閨² yen²
閨⁴ ch'ieh⁴
閨¹³ ch'uang¹
閨¹³ kuan¹

170

阜 fu⁴

防⁴ fang³

阻⁵ tsu³
 阿 { a¹
 a³
 o¹
 陀 t'o²
 陂 pei¹
 附 fu⁴
 陋 lou⁴
 限 h sien⁴
 降 { Chiang⁴
 Hsiang³
 陞 pi⁴
 陝 shan³
 陞 shêng¹
 陡 tou³
 院 yüan⁴
 陣 chên⁴
 除 ch'u²
 陪 p'ei³
 陰 yin¹
 陳 ch'ên³
 陸 { liu⁴
 lu⁴
 陵 ling²
 陶 t'ao³
 陷 { hsien⁴
 hsüan⁴
 墮 to⁴
 陽 yang³
 隄 ti¹
 隆 lung²
 隊 tui⁴
 階 chieh¹
 隔 { chieh⁴
 ko³
 隕 yün³
 隘 ai⁴
 際 chi⁴
 隨 sui²
 驚 chih¹
 險 hsien³
 隱 yin³
 隴 lung²

171 隸 tai⁴
 隸⁹ li⁴
 172 隹 chui¹
 隻² chih¹
 雀⁴ ch'iao³
 雁 yen⁴
 雄 hsiung²
 雅 ya³
 屨 ku¹
 雌 tz'ü²
 雍 yung¹
 雕 tiao¹
 雖 sui¹
 雙 shuang¹
 離 ch'u²
 雜 tsa³
 離 chi¹
 離 li²
 難¹¹ nan³
 173 雨 yü³
 雪² hsüeh³
 雲⁴ yün²
 零⁵ ling²
 雷 lei²
 電 pao²
 電 tien⁴
 需 mei²
 需⁶ hsi¹
 雷⁷ hsiao¹
 雷⁸ ting³
 震⁸ chên⁴
 震 sha⁴

霖 lin³
 霜⁹ shuang¹
 霞 hsia³
 霧¹⁰ wu⁴
 露¹² lou⁴
 lu⁴
 霹¹³ p'i¹
 靂¹⁶ pa⁴
 靂¹⁶ li¹
 靈 ling³
 174 靑 ch'ing¹
 靑⁸ tien⁴
 靜⁸ ching⁴
 175 面 mien⁴
 None
 176 非 fei¹
 靠⁷ k'ao⁴
 靡⁸ mi³
 177 草 ko³
 靴⁴ hsüeh¹
 靴⁴ pa⁴
 鞋⁶ hsieh³
 鞍 an¹
 鞞⁶ chang³
 鞞⁶ ch'iao⁴
 鞞⁶ chou⁴

鞞⁹ ch'iu¹
 鞞¹³ pien¹
 鞞¹⁵ ch'ien¹
 鞞¹⁶ wa⁴
 lung²
 178 韋 wei²
 韋¹⁰ t'ao¹
 179 韭 chiu³
 韭⁴ chiu³
 180 音 yin¹
 韻⁹ yün⁴
 響¹² hsiang³
 181 頁 yeh⁴
 頂² ting³
 頂³ ch'ing³
 順⁴ hsiang⁴
 順⁴ shun¹
 順⁴ han¹
 順⁴ hsi¹
 順⁴ sung⁴
 順⁴ yü⁴
 順⁴ wan³
 順⁴ pan⁴
 順⁴ tun⁴

顏 p'o¹
 頤 ling⁴
 頤 k'o¹
 頤⁶ t'ou²
 頤⁷ t'ei³
 頤⁸ chia³
 頤⁸ kêng³
 頤⁸ k'o¹
 頤⁸ ying³
 頤⁹ sai¹
 頤⁹ t'i²
 頤⁹ o²
 頤⁹ yen²
 頤¹⁰ yüan⁴
 頤¹⁰ sang³
 頤¹⁰ tien¹
 頤¹¹ lei⁴
 頤¹¹ hsing⁴
 頤¹¹ man¹
 頤¹² ku⁴
 頤¹³ ch'an⁴
 頤¹³ kai¹
 頤¹⁴ hsien³
 頤¹⁵ lu²
 頤¹⁷ ch'üan³
 頤¹⁷
 182 風 fêng¹
 颶⁶ kua¹
 颶⁷ hsüan⁴
 颶⁹ yang²
 颶¹⁰ yao²
 颶¹⁰ sou¹
 颶¹¹ p'iao¹
 颶¹² liu²
 183 飛 fei¹
 None

184

食 shih²

飢⁴ t'un⁴
 飭⁴ ch'ih⁴
 飲⁴ yin²
 飯⁴ fan⁴
 餉⁵ ssü⁴
 飽⁵ pao³
 飾⁶ shih¹
 餠⁶ t'ien³
 餃⁶ chiao³
 餅⁶ ping³
 餈⁶ hsiang³
 餈⁶ yang³
 餈⁶ erh³
 餈⁶ ts'an¹
 餈⁶ o¹
 餈⁶ po¹
 餈⁶ yü²
 餈⁶ hun²
 餈⁶ yao²
 餈⁶ chien⁴
 餈⁶ chüan³
 餈⁶ wei¹
 餈⁶ kuan³
 餈⁶ hu¹
 餈⁶ k'uei⁴
 餈⁶ sou¹
 餈⁶ kao¹
 餈⁶ hsien⁴
 餈⁶ hsiu¹
 餈⁶ liu⁴
 餈⁶ chin³
 餈⁶ chin³
 餈⁶ man²
 餈⁶ san³
 餈⁶ k'uei⁴
 餈⁶ chuan⁴
 餈⁶ chi¹
 餈⁶ jao³
 餈⁶ nang³
 餈⁶ hsiang³
 餈⁶ ch'eng¹

饅¹⁷ mo²
 饅¹⁷ ch'an³

185

首 shou³

None

186

香 hsiang¹

馥⁰ fu⁴
 馨⁰ hsing¹

187

馬 ma³

馳³ ch'ih³
 駉⁴ to³
 駉⁴ po²
 駉⁴ chü¹
 駉⁴ chia⁴
 駉⁴ ssü⁴
 駉⁴ shih³
 駉⁴ fu⁴
 駉⁴ t'o²
 駉⁴ ts'ang³
 駉⁴ chu⁴
 駉⁴ hsieh²
 駉⁴ lo¹
 駉⁴ chün⁴
 駉⁴ tsung¹
 駉⁴ ch'ü²
 駉⁴ k'o⁴
 駉⁴ p'ien⁴
 駉⁴ ts'ao³
 駉⁴ t'eng²
 駉⁴ sao¹
 駉⁴ shan⁴
 駉⁴ lo²
 駉⁴ ch'ü¹

驍¹² hsiao¹

驍¹² chiao¹

驍¹² yen⁴

驍¹² ching¹

驍¹² tsou⁴

驍¹² (i¹)

驍¹² (ü¹)

驍¹² lü²

驍¹² huan¹

188

骨 ku³

骷⁴ ang¹

骷⁴ sha³

骷⁴ k'u¹

骷⁴ pang³

骷⁴ lou²

骷⁴ tsang¹

骷⁴ t'i³

骷⁴ sui³

骷⁴ (lu²)

骷⁴ (k'u¹)

189

高 kao¹

骸 sao⁴

190

髟 piao¹

髟³ k'un¹

髟³ chua¹

髟³ fa³

髟³ fang³

髟³ fu²

髟³ jan²

髟³ chi⁴

髟³ sung¹

髟³ kuan¹

鬃⁹ tsung¹

鬃⁹ hu²

鬃⁹ hsü¹

鬃⁹ huan²

鬃⁹ lan¹

鬃⁹ pin⁴

191

門 tou⁴

鬃⁹ nao⁴

鬃⁹ hung⁴

鬃⁹ chiu¹

鬃⁹ tou⁴

鬃⁹ chiu¹

192

鬃⁹ ch'ang⁴

鬃⁹ yü⁴

193

鬃⁹ ho⁴

None

194

鬼 kwei³

魁⁴ k'uei²

魁⁴ hun²

魁⁴ p'o⁴

魁⁴ wei¹

魁⁴ mo³

195

魚 yü²

魯⁴ lu²

鮑⁵ pao¹

鮑⁵ nien²

鮑⁵ chiao¹

鮑⁵ hsien¹

鮑⁵ li³

鮑⁵ chi³

鮑⁵ ch'ing²

鮑⁵ sha²

鮑⁵ ch'iu¹

鮑⁵ huang²

鮑⁵ hsia¹

鮑⁵ kuan¹

鮑⁵ ao²

鮑⁵ piao⁴

鮑⁵ shan⁴

鮑⁵ lin³

鮑⁵ o⁴

196

鳥 niao³

鳧² fu³

鳧² chiu¹

鳧² feng⁴

鳧² yen¹

鳧² pan¹

鳧² ya¹

鳧² ya¹

鳧² yüan¹

鳧² yang¹

鳧² chi¹

鳧² t'o²

鳧² ko¹

鳧² kua¹

鳧² hung³

鳧² o³

鳧² chüan¹

鳧² wu²

鳧² p'eng³

鳧² tia¹

鳧² ch'iao³

鳧² an¹

鳧² ch'un¹

鶯¹⁰ ying¹
 鶴¹⁰ hao²
 鷄¹¹ chi¹
 鶯¹² ssü¹
 鷹¹² ying¹
 鷺¹³ lu⁴
 鸚¹⁷ ying¹
 鵲¹⁸ kuan⁴
 鸛¹⁹ li²
 鸞¹⁹ luan²

197

鹵 lu³

鹹³ tan⁴
 鹹⁹ hsien²
 鹹¹⁰ chien³
 鹽¹⁴ yen²

198

鹿 lu⁴

麕⁵ p'ao²
 麗³ li⁴

麒¹⁰ ch'i²
 麟¹⁰ shê¹
 麀¹¹ chang¹
 麟¹² lin²
 麀²² ts'u¹

199

麥 mai⁴

麵³ fu¹
 麩⁶ ch'ü³
 麩⁶ mien⁴
 麩⁹ mien⁴

200

麻 ma²

麩³ { ma¹
 { mo¹
 麩⁴ hui¹

201

黃 huang²

糞 hung²

黃¹⁰ huang²

202

黍 shu²

黎 li³

黏⁴ nien²
 黏⁴ ni⁴

203

黑 hei¹

默¹ mo⁴
 黛⁵ tai⁴
 點⁵ tien²
 黨⁸ tang¹
 鶯⁸ li²
 鶯⁸ ts'an³

204

菑 chih³

黼⁷ fu³

205

龜 min²

龜¹¹ pieh¹
 龜¹² t'o²

206

鼎 ting³

None

207

鼓 ku³

None

208

鼠 shu²

None

209

鼻 pi²

軒³ han¹
 鉤⁵ hou¹
 囊²² nang⁴

210

齊 ch'i²

齋³ chai¹

211

齒 ch'ih³

齒⁴ tz'i¹
 齒⁵ ling²
 齒⁵ ch'u²
 齒⁶ yao²
 齒⁶ wu⁴
 齒⁶ ts'u⁴

212

龍 lung²

龕⁶ k'an¹

213

龜 pieh¹

214

龕 yo⁴

None

NOTES.

(These are substantially as Mr. Stent wrote them.)

1. *chao¹-ch'in¹* 招親. This more particularly applies to the imperial family; the people generally use 招婿, 招女婿. A person having no male children, and not wishing his family name to become extinct, can, if he choose, invite a person to marry his daughter, which he does through the medium of the go-between. On marriage the bridegroom becomes a member of his father-in-law's family, the first son assumes his mother's maiden name, and inherits the family property, his descendants doing the same in perpetuity; the remainder of the bridegroom's children retain his name. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I., p. 99. (招駙馬 of Imperial family).
2. *chao¹-hün²* 招魂. In China when a relative dies at a distance from home, the night the report of his death arrives, the family of the deceased hang up his portrait, and place before it a table with two lighted candles, and four or eight dishes of eatables on it; incense is burnt; the name of the deceased, with the dates of his birth and death, is written on a piece of silk or paper and pasted on a board; two, sometimes four, Buddhist or Taoist priests then invoke *Tsao¹-chün¹* 灶君, the god of the cooking-stoves, and call on the spirit of the deceased to return home. A day is appointed for the assembly of relatives, who live at a distance, to perform the ceremony of mourning; after this the females of his family mourn daily before the portrait; three meals are also spread daily as if he were still living, and paper money burnt nightly; this is continued according to the circumstances of the family, sometimes for a period of three years, if the deceased was wealthy and had children.
3. *chi¹-yüan¹* 擊冤 also 喊冤 *han² yüan¹*. In ancient times every magistrate's *yamén* had a drum attached to it, placed at the entrance to the justice hall; a person suffering injustice from the hands of those more powerful than himself, could beat this drum to call attention to his grievance, and the magistrate was bound to listen to his complaint; at present, although the drums remain, they are seldom used.
4. *chi¹* 占. This mode of divination is very common; a tray is covered with fine sand and placed upon a table, a wooden pointed pen is suspended above it; the gods are invoked, and the pen influenced by them, and guided by the hands of two ignorant persons, is supposed to write obscure words on the sand, which the diviners translate to the best of their ability. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 112. (Also 扶鸞 *fu²-luan²*.)
5. *ch'i¹-chêng⁴* 七政. The five planets are 金, 木, 水, 火 and 土; Venus, Jupiter, Saturn, Mars, and Mercury. These, with 日 月 sun and moon, are so called: the seven regulators. The same characters also represent the five elements, metal, wood, water, fire, and earth.
6. *ch'i¹-yüeh⁴-ch'i¹* 七月七. "The two stars: Capricorn (*Niu²-Lang³* 牛郎) and Lyra (*Chih¹-Nü²* 織女), are the patrons (*lit* progenitors) of agriculture and weaving. The ancients say they were once man and wife, but in process of time they were separated by the River of Heaven (the Milky Way). On one night in the year only, the 7th of the 7th moon, the magpies make a bridge of their bodies, over which they bring them together. Hence the saying that on the 7th of the 7th moon *Niu Lang* has an interview with *Chih Nü.*"
7. *chiao²-t'u¹-san¹-hsüeh⁴* 狡兔三穴. *Lit*, the artful hare with three holes, i. e., means of escape.

8. *chia⁴-hun³* 叫魂. The spirit of a child, or full grown person, when insensible from syncope or any other cause, is supposed to be lost. In a case of "calling for the spirit," magicians are sent for, sacrifices are offered, and paper money is burnt; the god of the kitchen, 灶君, and the spirits of the patient's ancestors are invoked to bring it back; a passport, and forty-nine printed horses have been previously procured "to assist the spirit on its journey back." One man calls out in a loud voice, "——, come home!" Another replies, "yes;" this is repeated forty-nine times, incense is then burnt, and by this means the spirit is supposed to be safely returned to the body.
9. *chieh⁴-tao¹-sha¹-jên³* 借刀殺人. *Lit.* to borrow a knife to kill a person. To make a tool of one.
10. *chien⁴-chên³* 諫臣, or *chien⁴-kuan¹* 諫官. These titles, although often met with in novels, etc., are now obsolete, and the more modern title of *yu⁴-shih⁴* 御史, or *tu¹-lao³-yeh²* 都老爺, censor, is now used.
11. *ch'ien¹-yü³* 籤語. A person having a doubtful case which he cannot settle satisfactorily, goes to the temple of some favourite god to *ch'iu²-ch'ien¹* 求籤, divine, by drawing slips of wood; some twenty or thirty of these slips are held in a case, numbered, candles are lighted, and incense burnt before the god; after prostrating himself he draws a slip out of the case, or as is often done, shakes the case till one falls out, and the priest gives the "answer," generally in verse, on a slip of paper, numbered to tally with the slip just drawn. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 109.
12. *chih¹-tao⁴-liao³* 知道了. Written by the Emperor at the end of any document he has read.
13. *chih³-chia³-ts'ao³* 指甲草. *Lit.* finger-nail grass. The red balsam is used greatly for dyeing the nails of fingers or toes, hence the name. The mode is this: pluck the flowers, put them in a cup, beat them to a pulp, and put a little alum to it; then scrape the backs of the nails and place a portion of the pulp on each; in a short time the colour will have penetrated, and the dye will last two or three months.
14. *ch'in¹-tz'ü³* 欽此. Written by the Emperor, with the vermilion pencil, at the end of decrees, etc.
15. *chiu²-hsing²* 九刑. These are—cutting to pieces, beheading, strangling, banishment for ever, banishment for a limited period, torturing, slapping the mouth, and bamboosing. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I., p. 335.
16. *chiu²-p'in³* 九品. Each grade consists of two classes. The 1st grade wear the red button; 2nd, the flowered red; 3rd, the bright blue; 4th, clouded blue; 5th, the crystal; 6th, the clouded white; 7th, 8th, and 9th, gold or brass buttons.
17. *chiu³-tai⁴* 九代. These consist of great-great-grandfather, great-grandfather, grandfather, father, self, son, grandson, great-grandson, and great-great-grandson.
18. *ch'iu²-ssü⁴* 求嗣. If an elderly man has no sons, he goes to a temple which contains the goddess 送子觀音 (who is represented with a baby at the breast,) and the eighteen 羅漢; after praying, he takes the cap called 羅漢帽 home, and unknown to any one but his wife, places it under her pillow; by this means he is supposed to attain his wish. Some even make pilgrimages with their wives to the island of *P'u³-t'o²* 普陀, near Chusan.
19. *chiü³-shou³-hsün⁴-wên⁴* 聚首詢問. This also applies to an assemblage of more than two, as at a guild or tea-shop, to enquire the particulars of anything and discuss matters.

20. *ch'ü-ch'in¹-kuo⁴-mên²* 娶親過門. On the morning of the wedding a procession consisting of musicians, etc., proceeds to the girl's house to receive her; on their return, as soon as they reach the bridegroom's house, the girl's face is covered with a piece of silk; she is conducted into the house, and, in company with her husband, worships heaven, earth, the gods, and their ancestors, and pay their respects to their relatives. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I., p. 79.

21. *ch'un¹-fên¹* 春分. For the sake of convenience and reference I have arranged a small table with the twenty-four terms and their approximate dates in English and Chinese.

	English about the	Chinese about the
1	立春 Beginning of spring.....6th February.	十二月二十六
2	雨水 Rain water.....20th "	正月初一
3	驚蟄 Waking of insects.....5th March.	正月十六
4	春分 Spring equinox.....20th "	二月初一
5	清明 Pure brightness.....5th April.	二月十六
6	穀雨 Corn rain.....20th "	三月初一
7	立夏 Beginning of summer.....5th May.	三月十七
8	小滿 Grain full21st "	四月初三
9	芒種 Grain in the ear.....6th June.	四月十九
10	夏至 Summer solstice.....21st "	五月初五
11	小暑 Slight heat.....7th July.	五月二十六
12	大暑 Great heat.....23rd "	六月初六
13	立秋 Beginning of autumn.....7th August.	六月二十八
14	處暑 Stopping of heat.....23rd "	七月初八
15	白露 White dew.....8th September.	七月二十九
16	秋分 Autumnal equinox.....23rd "	八月初九
17	寒露 Cold dew.....8th October.	八月二十五
18	霜降 Frost's descent.....23rd "	九月十一
19	立冬 Beginning of winter.....7th November.	九月二十六
20	小雪 Slight snow.....22nd "	十月十一
21	大雪 Great snow.....7th December.	十月二十五
22	冬至 Winter solstice.....22nd "	十一月十一
23	小寒 Slight cold.....6th January.	十一月二十六
24	大寒 Great cold.....22nd "	十二月十二

22. *êrh³ pao¹-rh²* 耳包兒. These are made of eard-board, etc., lined with fur, and are universally worn in the north.

23. *fang⁴-shêng¹* 放生. A Chinaman will buy any kind of living creature, such as birds, etc., and let them go; this is considered a meritorious action, and will not fail to be rewarded by heaven.

24. *fang⁴-shui²-têng¹* 放水燈. This ceremony consists in Buddhist priests floating lighted lanterns on rivers or lakes, to enlighten the darkness of the water world; it is a sacrifice to the spirits of those whose deaths have been occasioned by water, and occurs on the 15th day of the 7th month; it is called the *kuei²-chieh²* 鬼節, "Spirit's Festival." See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 104.

25. *fêng¹-shên²* 封神. There are numerous gods in China who have been made so by Imperial letters patent, as the Fire-god, Water-god, etc., much in the same way as nobility is conferred on persons in our own countries.
26. *fu¹-ch'ang⁴-fu⁴-sui²* 夫唱婦隨. *Lit.* the husband sings and the wife accompanies. Conjugal happiness. (Also 琴瑟, *ch'in²-sé⁴*).
27. *fu²-chung¹-shêng¹-tzū³* 服中生子. If the wife of a mandarin has children while her husband is in mourning for a parent, that is, from ten months after a parent's death to the expiration of the third year's mourning, he is liable to be severely punished by Chinese law. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 210.
28. *fu³-nei¹-na⁴.ch'ieh⁴* 服內納妾. A person of rank for three years after the death of a parent or the Emperor, is not supposed to have sexual intercourse with any woman, not even his wife, or he is liable to punishment by fine, etc.
29. *fu¹* 訃. A death-letter. This in ancient times was despatched thirty-five days after death to all friends who should pay a visit for mourning. At present, intimation of death is given as soon as convenient.
30. *fu⁴.hsin¹.tsei²* 負心賊. This expression is used by girls to those who have jilted them, or been guilty of "breach of promise," etc.
31. *hai³.shih⁴* 海市. A mirage at sea is supposed to be caused by a frog a thousand years old, who descends to the bottom of the sea, and blowing upwards erects houses, cities, etc., which is a sign of the next "sea market," but when one approaches it disappears.
32. *hai¹-yüeh⁴* 亥月 This note would more properly have been placed under *ti⁴-chih¹* 地支, "earth's branches;" these are twelve in number, and are horary and astronomical characters; each one representing a period of the day, or Chinese hour, and one of the months. Below is a short table showing them in the hours and months, with the synonymous terms in common use, etc.; for their cyclical use in conjunction with *t'ien¹-kan¹* 天干, "heaven's stems," see Note 81.

Time in English.	Sound of characters representing the Chinese hours.	Chinese Hours.	Chinese Months.	Name of month in common use.	Names used in books, correspondence, &c.			
3 & 4 A.M.	<i>yin³-shih²</i>	寅時	1st	正月	寅月	春月	三陽	元和
5 ,, 6 ,,	<i>mao³ ,,</i>	卯 ,,	2nd	二月	卯 ,,	杏月	端月	中上
7 ,, 8 ,,	<i>ch'en² ,,</i>	辰 ,,	3rd	三月	辰 ,,	桃月	端月	麥
9 ,, 10 ,,	<i>ssü⁴ ,,</i>	巳 ,,	4th	四月	巳 ,,	清月	端月	秋
11 ,, 12 ,,	<i>wu³ ,,</i>	午 ,,	5th	五月	午 ,,	和月	端月	月
1 ,, 2 P.M.	<i>wei⁴ ,,</i>	未 ,,	6th	六月	未 ,,	荷月	端月	滂
3 ,, 4 ,,	<i>shên¹ ,,</i>	申 ,,	7th	七月	申 ,,	巧月	端月	桐
5 ,, 6 ,,	<i>yu³ ,,</i>	酉 ,,	8th	八月	酉 ,,	桂月	端月	月
7 ,, 8 ,,	<i>hsü¹ ,,</i>	戌 ,,	9th	九月	戌 ,,	菊月	端月	秋
9 ,, 10 ,,	<i>hai⁴ ,,</i>	亥 ,,	10th	十月	亥 ,,	陽月	端月	月
11 ,, 12 ,,	<i>tzü³ ,,</i>	子 ,,	11th	十一月	子 ,,	冬月	端月	月
1 ,, 2 A.M.	<i>ch'ou³ ,,</i>	丑 ,,	12th	十二月	丑 ,,	臘月	端月	嘉平

33. *ho²-hui⁴* 合會. To form a society. There are numerous kinds of societies in China; some of them similar to our benefit societies, and conducted on very philanthropic principles, others again more of a gambling nature. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 147, 177, 213.
34. *ho²-k'u²-lai²* 何苦來. How came it so? etc. A person from a distance, tired and thirsty, asked the owner of a well for a drink of water; the owner about to comply with his request discovered the well dried up and exclaimed 何苦來.
35. *hu²-chang²* 虎撐. This is a hollow iron ring filled with small pieces of metal which make a jingling noise when shaken.
36. *hu²-shên¹-ching⁴* 護身鏡. *Lit.* "protecting body mirror." This is worn by a bridegroom at the marriage ceremony. Also a kind of breast-plate.
37. *hu²-shên¹-fu²* 護身符. *Lit.* "protecting body charm." This is a charm generally written by a Taoist priest; when worn on the body no evil spirit is supposed to be able to harm the wearer. In the common language the term is used for a passport.
38. *huai²* 槐. This is a very beautiful overspreading tree, the yellow blossoms of which are used as a dye, and the seed, which remains on the tree till the next year's blossoms appear, is used largely by the Chinese in the north for the cure of the piles; a decoction is made similar to tea, and the patient takes three or four drinks daily; this remedy is said to be very efficacious.
39. *huan¹* 獾 or 獾. This character in all the Chinese, or Anglo-Chinese Dictionaries I have met has been represented as either being or resembling the bear, the wild boar, the dog, wolf, etc. While in Peking a few years ago I made enquiries about it and could get no clearer definition; it was well known, however, and to be procured, so, feeling curious to see this strange animal, I engaged the services of a hunter with instructions to procure one; he returned in a few days with four young ones, which were pronounced at once by competent judges to be veritable badgers. The late Dr. Powles, of the British Legation, purchased them, but the whole of them died within a month; I have, instead of copying vague meanings from other Dictionaries, presumed to give my own.
40. *hui¹-ming²* 諱名. The posthumous name of an Emperor, and those of Confucius and Mencius were forbidden to appear in official documents or in the compositions of candidates at the literary examinations.
41. *hun¹-p'ei¹* 婚配. Persons owning domestic or other slaves generally mate the female slaves when over sixteen years of age to one of the males; their offspring also becoming slaves. Marriage of free persons also.
42. *huo²-tsang⁴* 火葬. This custom still exists in China, though not to a very great extent, and generally among the poorer classes, as it is not considered respectable to burn one's deceased relatives; there seems no other reason for doing so than poverty, and the saving of trouble and expense. I heard, however, of a case last year in Shanghai where the dying person himself expressed a wish to be burnt after death, which was accordingly done. Lepers and Buddhist priests are generally burnt. The 'huo²-chia¹', 火家, "corpse burners," are looked upon as one of the lowest classes. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 244, and Vol. II., p. 257.
43. *hsi¹* 羲. This monarch reigned from B. C. 2,903 to B. C. 2,789, a period of one hundred and fifteen years.
44. *hai²-ch'ü²* 襲取. This applies more particularly to an invasion without a declaration of war; troops sent secretly to attack an enemy, to obtain their situation, etc.

45. *hsi³-tzu³* 喜子. This kind of spider has a flat black body; when seen in the morning it is considered to be a lucky omen.
46. *hsia⁴-k'u¹-ts'ao³* 夏枯草. *Lit.* "summer wither grass." This grass is green in winter, but dies in summer, hence the name; it is used as a medicine, and is said to contain cooling properties; the Chinese make an infusion of it to serve as a drink in hot weather.
47. *hsiang¹-an⁴* 香案. Nearly every Chinese house contains an incense table with two candlesticks and censer on it; this is in the middle of a hall on common occasions. On birthdays, wedding days, the receipt of an imperial edict, and on the 1st and 15th of every month the candles are lighted and incense burnt previous to going through the ceremony.
48. *hsiang¹-yo¹* 鄉約. On the 1st and 15th of each month, or on specified days, the inhabitants of a village assemble to listen to the headborough's orders, and to discuss affairs, sometimes to worship in the temple. After their other business is concluded, the "Sacred Edict," is produced, and the headborough reads a few pages, commenting on it as he proceeds. See *Note 74*.
49. *hsiao¹-niao³* 梟鳥. This is a fabulous bird, supposed to be beautiful when young, but becoming ugly when it attains full growth; it conveys the idea of ingratitude and undutifulness from being said to eat its own parents.
50. *hsiao³-tan⁴* 小旦. These boys are often used for unnatural purposes, so that any boy used for that purpose is called a *hsiao³-tan³*.
51. *hsieh²-ch'i⁴* 邪氣. One very absurd, yet prevalent notion among the Chinese is, that women are often possessed of the 黃鼠狼, a sort of fox or ferret, who causes them to commit all sorts of vagaries, and involves some strange ceremonies to get them "cast out." There is scarcely a Chinese that does not fully believe in this, and foreigners even have been known to do so.
52. *hsieh²-p'ên³* 血盆. When a woman feels the pains of labour coming on, the midwife is sent for, and the patient is placed in a sitting posture on a wooden frame over a vessel, and in this unpleasant position gives birth to her child.
53. *hsü¹-shu¹* 鬚梳, or more commonly called *'hu²-shu¹* 鬚梳, whisker comb. A person having passed twenty-five years of age, or from twenty-five to forty, calls in the aid of a physiologist, who decides at what age he is to grow moustache; accordingly, a birthday, or lucky day is chosen on which to be shaved for the last time; from this day the moustache is allowed to grow, never more to be shaved. Almost every Chinese who sports a moustache carries the comb suspended from a button or button hole, and will be seen constantly running the comb through it, no matter whether in the streets or elsewhere; an elderly Chinese taking more pride in the few straggling hairs on his upper lip than one of our own young coxcombs would in cultivating the first buddings of an incipient moustache.
54. *hsün⁴-tsang⁴* 殉葬. The barbarous customs of a wife being buried alive with her deceased husband has long been discontinued. Sutteeism, however, is still carried on to a great extent: wives on the death of their husbands putting an end to themselves by poison, drowning, hanging, etc., often in public; various reasons are assigned for it: love of husband, dread of poverty, neglect or ill-treatment by the husband's family, etc. Articles prized by the deceased when living, are, at his death, often buried with him. See also "Social Life of the Chinese." Vol. II., p. 108.
55. *i³-chieh²* 儀節, or *li²-shêng¹* 禮生. Generally a *hsiu⁴-ts'ai²* 秀才 appointed by government to give the time for prostrating, etc., when officials worship in Confucian or other temples. With a loud voice he gives the word, kneel, knock head, rise, as the case may be, when the whole as one obey his word of command much in the same way as a squad of recruits would obey the orders of a

drill sergeant. Those employed by the people at weddings or funerals are called *li³-jên²* 禮人; the one to give the word when the Emperor prostrates in the Temple of Heaven, etc., is called a *tsan⁴-li³-lang²* 贊禮郎.

56. *jih⁴-shih²* 日食. The popular notion of an eclipse is, that a wild sun (some say dog) tries to eat the sun; hence the name "sun eating." When an eclipse takes place the mandarins all assemble at the local temples, burn incense and worship, the people beating gongs and firing crackers, etc., to rescue the sun from its danger. See also Wade's "T'ien lei," ss. 90 and 91.
57. *kan²-lu⁴* 甘露. This is supposed to confer immortality to the drinker. "Wu-ti of the Han dynasty, made a bronze statue of a man at Ch'ang-an, two hundred cubits in height, and holding in its hands a golden bowl, in which it was his profane intention to catch the dew of heaven, in order that he might prolong his life by drinking it. The bowl was called *chêng-lu-chin-pan*," "the dew containing bowl of gold."
58. *kêng¹-t'ieh¹* 庚帖. If a man wishes to marry a girl, he sends a go-between to request her *kêng-t'ieh*, or "birthday card;" this contains eight characters, being two characters each, for the year, month, day, and hour of her birth; these are compared with his own by a fortune-teller; if they agree, negotiations can go on, but if not, all operations are broken off. I am acquainted with a Chinese who tried no less than thirteen before he succeeded in obtaining a *kêng-t'ieh* that tallied with his own. See Note 72; also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I., p. 65; Vol. II., p. 345.
59. *k'ou²-chun¹-ti¹* 口占的. Kang-hsi, the second Emperor of the present dynasty, ordered his minister 張南華, who was skilled in versification, to improvise on *t'ang¹-t'uan²* 湯圓, a pudding in soup; he 口占云, improvised or repeated impromptu:—

甘白俱能受
升沉總不驚

"Both the sweet and the white it is able to take,
Whether floating or sinking it never will shake."

These two lines shew that whatever his skill as a verse maker may have been, he was a clever courtier.

60. *k'ou²-ch'ü⁴* 口氣. A girl wrote a poem; among the verses were the two lines:—

枝迎南北鳥
葉送往來風

"The branch welcomes the birds of north and south,
The leaves accompany the coming and going wind."

Her father seeing these was very angry because 口氣不好, the sentiments were not good. This girl afterwards became 名妓, a celebrated courtesan.

61. *kuan¹-kao⁴* 官譜. This is a sort of patent bestowed by the Emperor on deserving mandarins, containing words of praise to their ancestors, or wives; a 1st grade has four; 2nd and 3rd, three; 4th and 5th, two, and the 6th and 7th, likewise two. These patents are also called *kao⁴-ming⁴* 誥命, and for the 6th and 7th grades *ch'ih⁴-ming⁴* 勅命.

62. *kuan¹-mo⁴* 關脈. A Chinese doctor feels the pulse on either wrist, according to circumstances, with three fingers; the first, 寸脈, he puts on the patient's left wrist near the thumb, in cases of heart disease; the second, 關脈, just above, for liver complaints; the third, 尺脈, just above that, for any affection of the kidneys. On the right wrist, in a similar manner, the first finger for spleen, the second for disorders of the stomach, and the third for pulmonic complaints, heat of body, etc.
63. *kuei¹-t'iao²* 規條. Commercial companies, or guilds, every season despatch one of these regulations containing prices of goods, rates of wages, termination of apprentice's time, etc., to each of the members.
64. *li²-yüan²-t'ü³-t'ü³* 梨園子弟. The Emperor 明皇, of the T'ang dynasty, who thoroughly understood music, established a school for the instruction of singers and players, and selected several hundred girls, whom he himself taught to sing in a pear garden; these girls were called 皇帝梨園子弟, the Emperor's pear garden pupils, and to this day actors, etc., are called the "pear garden pupils."
65. *liu²-chüeh²* 留訣. Parting words, last dying injunctions, last words on proceeding on a journey, etc., whether written or oral, in prose or rhyme. A celebrated poet named *Tu⁴ Mu⁴* 杜牧 fell in love with a fair girl in Hu-chou, but he was compelled by duty to go to a distant province. On parting from her he said 吾不十年必守此郡。十年不來乃從爾所適也。 "Within ten years I shall govern this province; if I do not come within the ten years, then you can marry whom you please" For some cause he did not return till the expiration of fourteen years, and found the lady had been married three years, and was blessed with three children. *Tu Mu* was much grieved at this and wrote the following:—

自	是	尋	春	去	較	遲
不	須	惆	悵	怨	芳	時
狂	風	落	盡	深	紅	色
綠	葉	成	陰	子	滿	枝

"From this being the case, I sought the spring too late;

Yet should I not grieve for the past fragrant hours,

The fierce wind has blown down all the deep red blossoms.

The green leaves form a shade, and the branches are full of fruit."

66. *lo²-han¹* 羅漢. These deities, eighteen in number, are the attendants of *Kuan¹-yin¹* 觀音, the goddess of mercy. Some temples even contain as many as five hundred.
67. *lo²-wên²* 羅紋. The impress of the finger used as a signature for deeds of divorce, etc.; this is done by dipping the tip of the finger in ink and stamping it on the paper, leaving the impression of the *grain* of the finger; a signature of great importance in China, forgery of it being impossible. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II, p. 209.
68. *lu¹-shih¹* 戮尸. Should a prisoner under sentence of death die in prison, his *corpse* is supposed to be beheaded; occasionally, however, that is omitted, and the lid of his coffin is slashed with a knife instead.
69. *mi²-yüeh¹* 彌月. When an infant has lived a full month, his head is shaved for the first time; presents are made to it, friends are invited to witness the

ceremony, and regaled according to the means of the host, and the day is kept as a feast. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I., p. 122.

70. *ming²-ching¹* 銘旌. This flag has the possessor's name on it. It may be bestowed on a minister for loyalty, on children for obedience and respect to their parents, on a woman for fidelity, chastity, etc.
71. *pa¹-hsien¹* 八仙. These are named 呂洞賓, 漢鍾離, 何仙姑, 鐵拐李, 曹國舅, 藍彩和, 張果老, and 韓湘子. They are represented in numerous ways, in pictures, porcelain, wood, bronze, etc., and are held in great esteem by the Chinese.
72. *pa¹-ko⁴-tzu⁴-rh²* 八個字兒. These are characters taken from the "ten stems" and "twelve branches" of the horary system, to represent (two for each) the year, month, day and hour of a person's birth. In matrimonial cases the use of them is indispensable in the interchange of *keng¹-t'ieh¹* (see Note 58). Queer mistakes sometimes occur through changing the characters inadvertently or otherwise. In the *好逑傳*, *Shui-ping-hsin* a beautiful yet clever girl, to avoid the persecutions of *Kao-kung-tzu*, when her *keng-t'ieh* is sent for, dexterously transfers the eight characters representing her cousin's birthday in place of her own, and by this means not only saves herself from being married to a man she dislikes, but causes her cousin to be married to him instead. See *好逑傳* Chap. 3. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I., p. 65; Vol. II., p. 345.
73. *pa¹-pao²-rh²* 八寶兒. The leaves of this plant possess great cooling qualities; persons affected with headache, etc., put a leaf on each temple; this is considered an efficacious remedy, and in the north is commonly used.
74. *pa¹-miao⁴* 拜廟. On a magistrate first taking charge of his office he should go to the local temple and worship; on the anniversary of any god's birthday that has received his title from government, and on the 1st and 15th of every month all the officers of the district should assemble at the temple to burn incense and worship. After the ceremony some portion of the "Sacred Edict" is read by an officer and commented on. See Note 48.
75. *p'an²-ku²* 盤古. The first Emperor of China. He was supposed to be created in darkness, and to understand how high is the heaven, and how deep is the earth. See also Wade's "T'ien lei," s. 10.
76. *pi¹-ming⁴* 逼命. This formerly was of very common occurrence, and is sometimes done now. A Chinese of my acquaintance tells me he knows of a case where the father made his son starve himself to death. Daughters are made to hang or drown themselves for frailty, sons for undutifulness, wives for unfaithfulness, etc.
77. *san¹-pu⁴-ch'iu²* 三不求. Three things not to be obtained, however much one may entreat or wish for them, i.e., whiskers, a son, and wealth; the most remarkable is, that in speaking of them, whiskers or beard takes the precedence. Chinese if speaking of foreigners, outwardly ridicule their beards, but inwardly they have the greatest veneration for hirsute honours. See pictures of celebrated men, all, or nearly all have beards; go to a theatre, all the noted characters wear false beards, and a great part of their "bye play" is with the beard, stroking, or running their fingers through them, etc.; if an old man has the slightest pretension to one, he is perpetually combing, or otherwise fondling it. 出門不惹三子。老子, 小子, 瞎子。世上不求三難, 好兒子一難, 高壽二難, 長鬚三難. When travelling do not provoke the "three tzu," old men, boys, and the blind; in the world do not seek for the "three difficulties," first, a good son; second, longevity; third, a

long beard. See 鋼經, Chap. 9. The proverb also says 三子不全, you cannot have *all* the three *tzü*, i. e., wealth, sons, and whiskers.

78. *sung⁴-yu¹* 宋玉. 宋玉般貌. 子建般才. As handsome as *Sung-yu*, as clever as *Ts'ao Tzū-chien* 曹子建 (a very clever character of the 1st Han dynasty) is a common saying when speaking of the appearance, beauty, or abilities of a person. As we say "A perfect Adonis." Also 小生無宋玉般情. 潘安般貌. 子建般才. I had not the feeling of *Sung-yu*, the handsome face of *P'an-an*, or the cleverness of *Tzū-chien*. See 酌簡, Chap. 24. There seems some doubt as to which is the Adonis, *Sung-yu* or *P'an-an*.
79. *sung⁴-kuei³-ti¹* 送鬼的. There are numerous ways of exorcising devils or spirits from a haunted house, etc. Supposing a child falls sick, this probably is attributed to the malevolence of a spirit; an exorcist is sent for to ascertain if any of the spirits have been disturbed; he chooses a day, takes 25 pieces of pork, 25 duck's eggs, 25 small fish, some wine, and offers them up; these with 25 strings of paper money and a straw boat are then forwarded to a place appointed by the exorcist; by these means the spirits are supposed to be pacified.
80. *shih²-o⁴-pu⁴-shé⁴* 十惡不赦. These are,—1. *mou²-fan³* 謀反. 2. *mou²-ta⁴-ni⁴* 謀大逆. 3. *mou²-p'an¹* 謀叛. 4. *o⁴-ni⁴* 惡逆. 5. *pu⁴-tao¹* 不道. 6. *ta⁴-pu⁴-ching⁴* 大不敬. 7. *pu⁴-hsiao* 不孝. 8. *pu⁴-mu⁴* 不睦. 9. *pu⁴-i⁴* 不義. 10. *nei⁴-luan¹* 內亂. See 大清律例.
81. *shu²-shên²-mo¹-ti¹* 屬甚麼的. This in the north is equivalent to enquiring a person's age, and is very commonly used, for every Chinese knows what animal he was born under, and if a person replies "I belong to the Rat, Snake," etc., as the case may be, the enquirer can tell in a moment his age, or *vice versa*. Below I have arranged a table which shows how the "ten stems" and "twelve branches" work in the cycle; it also shows the names of the animals and the particular one a person belongs to, the age of, and the year he was born in, etc. This table is made for 1877, but it will require a little alteration every year in the figures representing a person's age only (the cycle characters, years, etc., never requiring altering), always commencing 1 from whatever year it may happen to be; the present year 1877 commencing 1, 1878 will have to commence with 1, 1879 same, and so on. The reader if he mixes much with Chinese will find this a great source of instruction and amusement.
82. *shun⁴-fêng¹-hsiang¹-sung⁴* 順風相送. Parting compliments to one who travels by water, equivalent to our "I wish you a pleasant journey." The four characters are generally placed at the stern of a vessel.
83. *ssü¹-tê²* 四德. These are 德, 言, 工, and 容, the virtues, speech, duties, and behaviour of a wife. She should be faithful to her husband, affable in speech, industrious in her household duties, and well behaved to all.
84. *t'á²-t'ou²-tzü⁴* 擡頭字. In letter writing it is customary when addressing equals or inferiors, to write the first or top character of each column level with that of the preceding one; this is called 平頭, "even top;" when writing the names, etc., of superiors, even though a column should not be completed, a fresh one is commenced, with one, two, or three characters raised above the level of the other columns, according to the rank or position of the person addressed; one character above is called 單擡頭; two, 雙擡頭 and three, 三擡頭; three is never exceeded.

上元甲子 (See Note 32, 90) 下元甲子

shu ³ 鼠	Rat,.....	丙子 1876 2	甲子 1864 14	壬子 1852 26	庚子 1840 38	戊子 1828 50	丙子 1816 62	甲子 1804 74
niu ³ 牛	Ox,.....	丁丑 1877 1	乙丑 1865 13	癸丑 1853 25	辛丑 1841 37	己丑 1829 49	丁丑 1817 61	乙丑 1805 73
'hu ³ 虎	Tiger,...	戊寅 1878	丙寅 1866 12	甲寅 1854 24	壬寅 1842 36	庚寅 1830 48	戊寅 1818 60	丙寅 1806 72
'u ¹ 兔	Hare,...	己卯 1879	丁卯 1867 11	乙卯 1855 23	癸卯 1843 35	辛卯 1831 47	己卯 1819 59	丁卯 1807 71
lung ³ 龍	Dragon,	庚辰 1880	戊辰 1868 10	丙辰 1856 22	甲辰 1844 34	壬辰 1832 46	庚辰 1820 58	戊辰 1808 70
shé ³ 蛇	Snake, .	辛巳 1881	己巳 1869 9	丁巳 1857 21	乙巳 1845 33	癸巳 1833 45	辛巳 1821 57	己巳 1809 69
ma ³ 馬	Horse, .	壬午 1882	庚午 1870 8	戊午 1858 20	丙午 1846 32	甲午 1834 44	壬午 1822 56	庚午 1810 68
yang ³ 羊	Sheep, .	癸未 1883	辛未 1871 7	己未 1859 19	丁未 1847 31	乙未 1835 43	癸未 1823 55	辛未 1811 67
'hou ³ 猴	Monkey,	甲申 1884	壬申 1872 6	庚申 1860 18	戊申 1848 30	丙申 1836 42	甲申 1824 54	壬申 1812 66
chi ¹ 鷄	Fowl,...	乙酉 1885	癸酉 1873 5	辛酉 1861 17	己酉 1849 29	丁酉 1837 41	乙酉 1825 53	癸酉 1813 65
ch'üan ³ 犬	Dog,....	丙戌 1886	甲戌 1874 4	壬戌 1862 16	庚戌 1850 28	戊戌 1838 40	丙戌 1826 52	甲戌 1814 64
chu ¹ 豬	Pig,.....	丁亥 1887	乙亥 1875 3	癸亥 1863 15	辛亥 1851 27	己亥 1839 39	丁亥 1827 51	乙亥 1815 63

85. *t'ang³-êrh²-ti¹-ma³* 鞦兒的馬. A *t'ang* is a raised ridge of earth, varying from 100 to 300 yards in length; on the top is a sort of gutter or track, along which horses are trained to gallop without being guided by reins while the riders discharge arrows at targets placed on either side. These horses command high prices amongst the native military, by whom they are much sought after.
86. *t'ao²-hua¹-yün⁴* 桃花運. In casting the horoscopes of children, should one meet with this "peach blossom destiny" the general belief is, that, if a male child, he will become a profligate; if a female, she will be a prostitute.
87. *tiao⁴* 吊. There seems to be no positive certainty as to the value of *tiao*; each place having their own particular one: for instance, in Peking and its neighbourhood a *tiao* is 50 large cash (當十的), or 500 small ones; in Niuchuang 160 cash, and at Shanghai 1,000. 一吊錢, a string of cash 1,000, 500, 50, as the case may be. Also used as 吊, to hang; to mourn, to condole, etc.
88. *t'iao¹-p'an¹-hsien⁴* 挑攀線, or *fan¹-hua¹-hsien⁴* 翻花線. This game is played in China exactly the same as it is played by children in England.
89. *t'ien¹-ch'iao³* 天橋. "The Milky Way is a body of mist (or vapour) that has ascended from the earth to the skies. Its light shines brightly on the earth, and it looks like a river in the heavens."
90. *t'ien¹-kan¹* 天干. These are ten in number — *ch'ia³, yi¹, ping³, ting¹, wu⁴, chi¹, kêng¹, hsin¹, jên², kuei³* 甲乙丙丁戊己庚辛壬癸. For their uses in conjunction with "earth's branches" and the cycle see Notes 72 and 81. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., pp. 340-343.
91. *ting⁴-ching¹* 定更. The Chinese night is divided into five watches:—

The 1st	begins about	9 P.M.	called	定更	or	更初
" 2nd	" "	11 "	" "	二更		
" 3rd	" "	1 A.M.	" "	三更		
" 4th	" "	3 "	" "	四更		
" 5th	" "	5 "	" "	五更		

The watches are arranged according to the length of the night, commencing earlier or later as the case may be.

92. *t'u²-ti⁴-kung¹* 土地公, or 土地公公. The altar of this god differs from that of *Ts'ai²-shên²* 財神 (see Note 93), which is a permanency and generally fitted up in the interior of shops, while the one dedicated to 土地公 is only temporary, and is mostly placed by the side of the doors of private houses; it is simply a slip of red paper pasted on the wall with the above characters written on it, and a few incense sticks burning before it.
93. *ts'ai²-shên²* 財神. This god is greatly venerated in China, more so even than the great philosopher Confucius, "because he possesses the power of enriching those whom he likes." "He loves playthings." On the 5th day of the new year, before the recommencement of business, he is sacrificed to; this is called 接財神. "welcoming the wealth god." Other gods are sacrificed to with male fowls, but this one with hens, eggs, game, fireworks, etc., the fish offered are a pair of 鯉魚, carps, but the name on this occasion is changed to 元寶魚 "silver ingot fish;" after sacrifice, some of these fish are released and put into a pond, or river, "that the business may be as profitable as the spawn of the carp is plentiful." In a merchant's house if persons employed by him are invited to the sacrificial ceremony, they will still be employed for

the ensuing year; if not invited, they will be dismissed. Scarcely a shop that has not a small altar dedicated to this god. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 155.

94. *tsao⁴-chün¹* 竈君. This is purely a household god; almost every family having an altar on the stove dedicated to him. He cares for all the members of a family, and will report what they have done to 玉皇, the great Emperor in the day of the cycle 庚申. He is supposed annually to ascend to heaven on the 24th day of the 12th month; offerings are made on that day of rice, flour, puddings, fruits, and sugar, for "sugar will cause his mouth to stick so that he will not be able to report any bad actions of the family to 玉皇." Paper chairs are sold in quantities at this time "to assist him in ascending to heaven." "He returns to his duty on the 15th of the 1st month." See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 82.

95. *wang¹-pa¹* 王八. A sodomite; one guilty of unnatural crime. This is the commonest name for a tortoise, and the popular opinion of the Chinese is that they *unnaturally* propagate their species, consequently there could be scarcely a more insulting epithet than the above; tortoise roughly sketched on a wall or fence, with or without the characters, answers the purpose of our "commit no nuisance," but much more effectually; others write it *wang¹-pa³* 忘八, "forget eight," i. e., 孝, 悌, 忠, 信, 禮, 義, 廉, 恥, filial piety, brotherly love, loyalty, truth, propriety, justice, generosity, and shame or "devoid of every good feeling" as we should say. A mandarin of high rank in the Ming dynasty, towards its close, when the country was overrun with rebels, surrendered to them; afterwards when the Ch'ing superseded the Ming dynasty, he served under them. A boy on one occasion presented him with a pair of couplet boards containing:—

一 二 三 四 五 六 七
孝 悌 忠 信 禮 義 廉

leaving out the last character for shame (forgotten everything but shame).

96. *wu³-t'ung²-shu⁴* 梧桐樹. The wood of this tree, of which there are several varieties, is used greatly for making musical instruments; in intercalary years it is said to bear a leaf more than usual, and the fall of its leaf is the first harbinger of autumn. This tree is much admired by the Chinese; the popular idea being that its branches are the favourite resort of the phoenix. The proverb says:—

沒有梧桐樹
叫不着鳳凰來

If you have not the *Wu t'ung* tree,
You cannot call the phoenix to come.

Another proverb says:—

梧桐一葉落
天下盡知秋

桐油 is the well known wood oil of commerce, and 桐油灰 is the common name for putty.

97. *wu³-ch'ang³* 五常. These are, *jén²* 仁, *i¹* 義, *li³* 禮, *chih¹* 智 and *hsin¹* 信, benevolence, righteousness, propriety, knowledge, and truth.

98. *wu²-chieh¹* 五戒. The five cautions of Buddha, “殺生, 偷盜, 邪淫, 妄言; 飲酒”, do not kill, steal, lust, lie, or drink wine.
99. *wu²-fu²* 五福. All blessings, every blessing. The five blessings in the 書經 are 壽, 富, 康寧, 攸好德, and 考終命. Long life, wealth, tranquillity, desirous of virtue, and a natural death. See 書經 洪範. Others say longevity, riches, honour, posterity, and a natural death. In fact if one asks half-a-dozen Chinese what the “five blessings” are, each one will probably give a different list, perhaps the particular blessings he himself wishes for.
100. *wu²-hsing²* 五刑. The “古五刑” ancient five punishments were, to brand the face, cut off the nose, cut off the feet, castration, and death. The 今五刑 modern five punishments are 斬, 絞, 流, 徒 and 笞, beheading, strangling, transportation, banishment, and bambooning.
101. *wu²-kuan¹* 五官. These are 耳, 目, 口, 鼻 and 眉, ears, eyes, mouth, nose, and eyebrows. Some Chinese, however, assert that the heart is the fifth sense. Also a title of the official who superintends the imperial almanack.
102. *wu²-lün²* 五倫. These are 君臣, 父子, 夫婦, 昆弟 and 朋友, prince and minister, father and son, husband and wife, elder and younger brothers, and friends.
103. *wu²-tai⁴* 五代. Grandfather, father, one's self, son, and grandson.
104. *ying²-ch'ün¹* 迎春. At the “welcoming spring” all the local magistrates with their escorts go in procession carrying a gaudily painted image of a cow—each color is symbolical; if yellow predominates, the crops will be plentiful; red, conflagrations will take place; white, floods; black, sickness; and blue, war. This is followed by the god 太歲, who, if bare headed, is symbolical of heat; with the cap on, cold; if he wear shoes, much rain; barefooted, dry weather. The procession marches to the eastward to receive the Spring and returns to the local god's temple to worship, each official afterwards going to his own office. At the magistrate's office a dinner has been prepared called 春宴, “the spring banquet;” this, after the magistrate has dined, is taken by the people. Theatricals and merrymaking also take place.

TABLES.

The Chinese Dynasties.

The Five Rulers.	五帝	B. C.	2852.
Hsia.	夏		2205.
Shang or Yin.	商 or 殷		1766.
Chou.	周		1122.
Ts'in.	秦		255.
Han.	漢	前漢, 西漢	206.
Later Han.	後漢	東漢	A. D. 25.
The Three Kingdoms.	三國		
Minor Han.	蜀	漢	221.
Wei.	魏		220.
Wu.	吳		229.
Western Tsin.	西	晉	265.
Eastern Tsin.	東	晉	317.
Division between North and South.			
Liu Sung.	劉	宋	420.
Ch'i.	齊		479.
Liang.	梁		502.
Ch'ên.	陳		557.
Northern Wei.	北	魏	386.
Western Wei.	西	魏	535.
Eastern Wei.	東	魏	534.
Northern Ch'i.	北	齊	550.
Northern Chu.	北	周	557.
Sui.	隋		589.
T'ang.	唐		618.
The Five Dynasties.	五代		
Posterior Liang.	後	梁	907.
Posterior T'ang.	後	唐	923.
Posterior Tsin.	後	晉	936.
Posterior Han.	後	漢	947.
Posterior Chu.	後	周	951.
Sung.	宋		960.
Southern Sung.	南		1127.
Yüan or Mongol.	元		1280.
Ming.	明		1368.
Ts'ing or Manchu.	清		1644.

The Eighteen Provinces.

PROVINCE.	CAPITAL.	TAO.	FU.	T'ING.	CHOU.	HSIEN.
直隸 Chihli.	Paoting.	7	11	4	23	122
山東 Shantung.	Chinan.	5	10		11	96
山西 Shansi.	T'aiyüan.	4	9	10	16	86
河南 Honan.	K'ai-fêng.	4	9	3	9	97
江蘇 Kiangsu. } 兩江	Chiangning.	5	8	4	6	62
安徽 Anhui. }	Anch'ing.	3	8	1	8	52
江西 Kiangsi. }	Nanch'ang.	4	13	3	2	75
浙江 Chêkiang. } 閩浙	Hangchow.	4	11	3	1	75
福建 Fukien. }	Foochow.	4	9	3	2	58
湖北 Hupeh. } 兩湖 or 湖廣	Wuch'ang.	4	10	3	8	60
湖南 Hunan. }	Ch'angsha.	4	9	8	7	64
廣東 Kuangtung. } 兩廣	Canton.	5	9	11	11	77
廣西 Kuangsi. }	Kueilin.	4	11	6	49	54
雲南 Yünnan. } 雲貴	Yünnan.	5	14	17	35	39
貴州 Kueichou. }	Kueiyang.	3	12	14	14	33
四川 Szech'uan.	Ch'angtu.	5	12	13	19	113
陝西 Shensi. } 陝甘	Hsian.	5	7	8	10	73
甘肅 Kansu. }	Lanchou.	11	10	21	16	59
		84	182	132	247	1,295

ARCHAIC OR LITERARY DESIGNATION.	PRESENT NAME.	TITLE OF GOVERNOR-GENERALSHIP.
燕 雲 or 京 畿	1. Chih-li	直隸 Chih-li (separate).
吳 皖	2. Kiang-su	兩江 Liang-kiang, or
豫 章	3. Ngan-hwei	江南 Kiang-nan.
山 左	4. Kiang-si	None.
山 右 or 晉	5. Shan-tung	do.
關 中	6. Shan-si	do.
秦 閩	7. Ho-nan	陝甘 Shen-kan.
越 鄂	8. Shên-si	閩浙 Min-chêh.
楚 湘	9. Kan-suh	湖廣 Hu Kwang, or
楚 南 or 蜀	10. Fu-kien	兩湖 Liang Hu.
楚 南 or 蜀	11. Chê-kiang	四川 Sze-ch'wan (sep.).
楚 南 or 蜀	12. Hu-pêh	兩廣 Liang-Kwang.
楚 南 or 蜀	13. Hu-nan	雲貴 Yün-kwei.
楚 南 or 蜀	14. Sze-ch'wan	
楚 南 or 蜀	15. Kwang-tung	
楚 南 or 蜀	16. Kwang-si	
楚 南 or 蜀	17. Yün-nan	
楚 南 or 蜀	18. Kwei-chow	

Insignia of Civil and Military Officers.

The distinguishing badges of civilians are all birds; they are worn on the breast and back of their official robes in a square patch of embroidery, as follows:—

1. 仙鶴 Manchurian crane.
2. 錦鷄 Golden pheasant.
3. 孔雀 Peacock.
4. 雲鴈 Wild goose.
5. 白鷗 Silver pheasant.
6. 鷺鷥 Lesser egret.
7. 鴻鵠 Mandarin duck.
8. 鸕鶿 Quail.
9. 練雀 Long-tailed jay.
10. 黃鸝 Oriole.

The insignia of military officials are all animals, but they are not so strictly distinguished as the civilians; they are worn in the following order.

1. 麒麟 The unicorn of Chinese fable.
2. 獅子 The lion of India.
3. 豹 The leopard.
4. 虎 The tiger.
5. 熊 Black bear.
6.) 罷 { The mottled bear.
7.) 彪 { Tiger cat.
8. 海馬 The seal.
9. 犀牛 The rhinoceros.

The oriole is worn by the lowest grade of underlings. The Chuang-yuan, or senior Hanlin, wears the egret. The wives of officials wear the same embroidery as their husbands, but no knobs.

The ranks in both services have been further distinguished in the present dynasty by different colored knobs on their caps. The first two wear red coral; the third, clear blue; the fourth, lapis lazuli; the fifth, quartz crystal; the sixth, opaque white stone or adularia; and the last three, gilded yellow.

For Table of the 24 terms of the year, see Note 21.

For Tables of 地支 and 天干, see Note 32 and Note 81.

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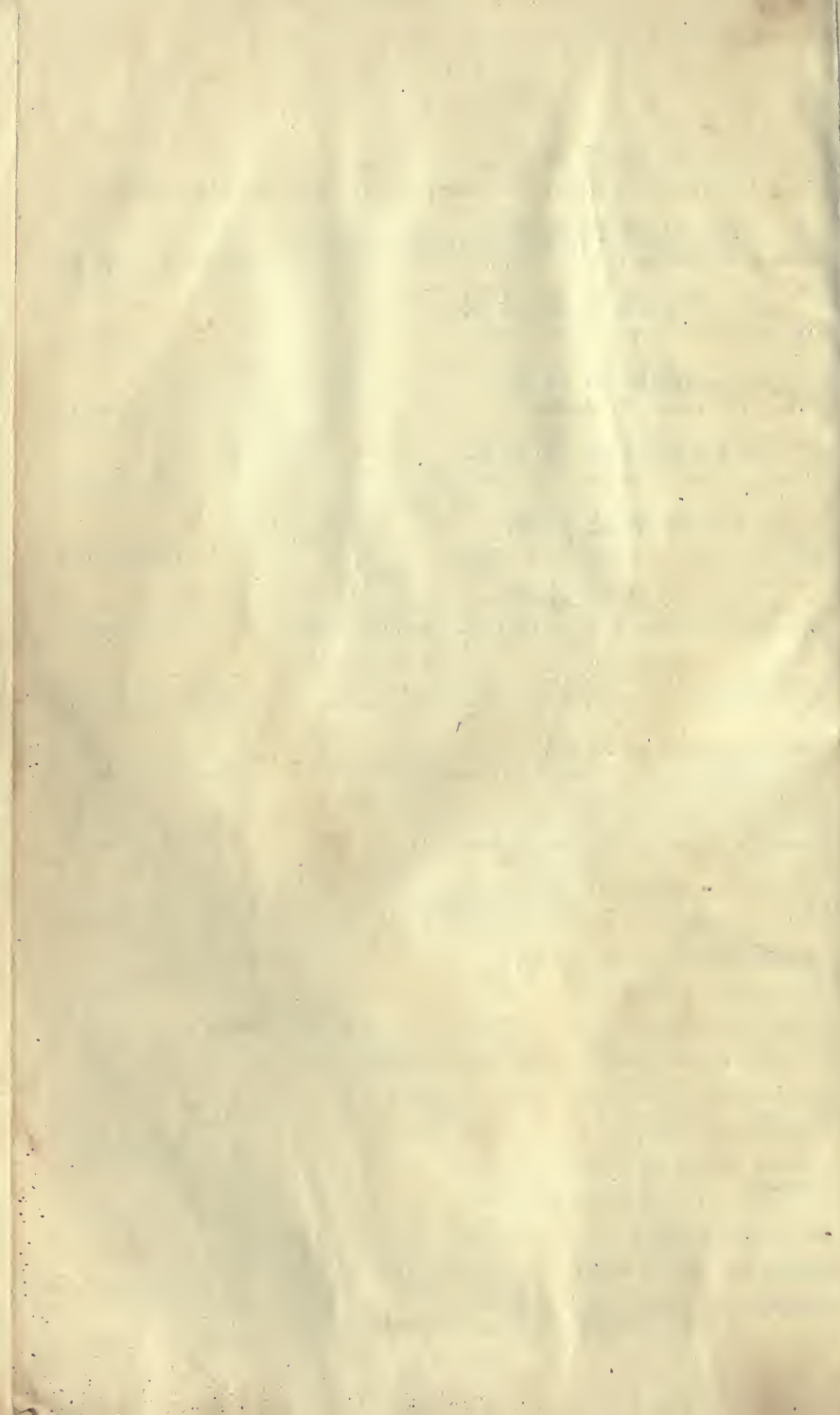
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