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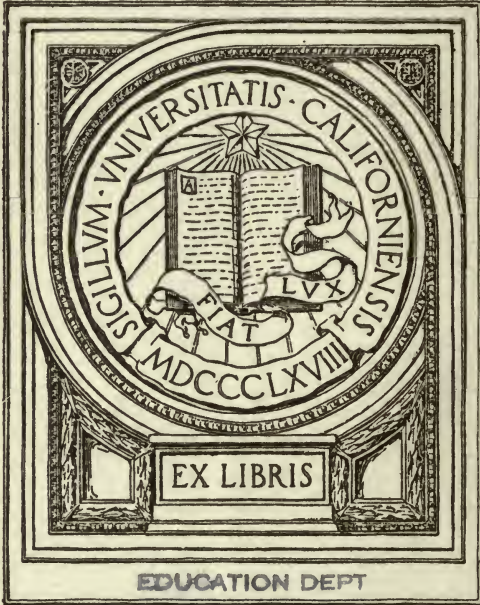
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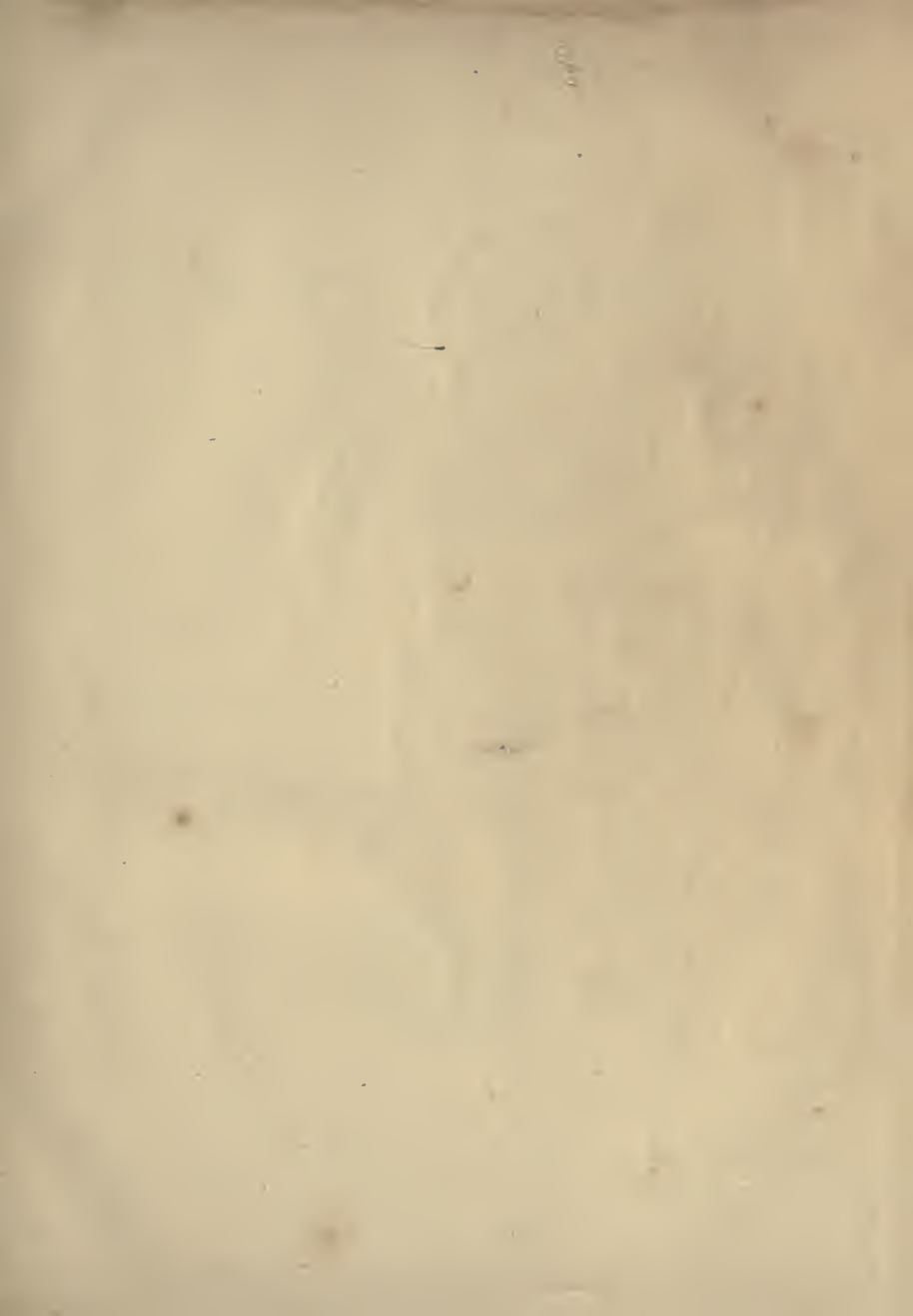


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A LEXICON

ABRIDGED FROM

Liddell & Scott's Greek-English Lexicon

THE EIGHTEENTH EDITION

CAREFULLY REVISED THROUGHOUT

WITH AN

APPENDIX OF PROPER AND GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES

PREPARED BY THE

REV. JAMES M. WHITON, PH.D.

UNIV. OF
CALIFORNIA



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GIFT OF

Dr. Horace Ivie

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THE Abridgment of Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon is intended chiefly for use in Schools. It has been reduced to its present compass by the omission

- I. Of passages cited as Authorities, except where examples seemed necessary to explain more clearly the usage of a word ;
- II. Of discussions upon the Derivation of words ;
- III. Of words used only by authors not read in Schools, or of the particular meanings of words not in general use, such as medical or scientific terms. But words used by Theocritus, the writers of the Anthology, Lucian, and Plutarch in his Lives, have been retained ; and especial care has been taken to explain all words contained in the New Testament.

Words are printed in Capitals, when they are radical forms, or when no form nearer the original Root is known to exist. The Derivation, when it is certain, is placed before the English explanation : when this is not the case, some notice will be found at the end of the word.

Many additional tenses and cases, mostly Homeric or Doric, have been inserted to give a clue to the simple word, when there seemed to be any difficulty or irregularity in the formation. All tenses and forms of words in the Gospels that presented any difficulty have been inserted in their place.

The quantity of doubtful syllables has been marked, except in such tenses of Verbs, cases of Nouns, and words, as are regularly derived. In such forms the quantity ought to be known to young students from grammatical rules.

For the sake of clearness, the parts of which compound words are made up have been marked by placing a hyphen between them, as, ἀπο-βάλλω, ἀφ-ίημι, ἄ-βατος, ἔφ-οδος. But when a word is compounded of two parts, one of which is already a compound, this latter compound is left undivided, and must be sought in its own place, as φιλο-κισσοφόρος. And a word immediately derived from a compound is left undivided, so that the elements of the derivation must be sought under the word from which it is derived, as the elements of φιλομουσέω under φιλό-μουσος. In Verbs compounded of a Preposition and a simple Verb, and whenever the component parts remain unaltered by the composition, mere division has been considered sufficient to mark the formation.

The present Edition has been completely revised and has also been considerably enlarged—chiefly by the addition of a number of irregular tenses of Verbs.

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For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used:—

— means *equal* or *equivalent* to
 absol. = absolute, absolutely
 acc. = accusative: acc. to = according to
 Act. = active voice
 act. = active signification
 Adj. = adjective
 Adv. = adverb
 Aeol. = Aeolic, in the Aeolic dialect
 aor. = aorist tense
 Att. = Attic, in Attic Greek
 c. = cum (with)
 c. acc. cognato = with cognate accusative, i. e. with a
 Subst. which has the same or a similar signification
 with the Verb
 c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae
 cf. = confer (compare)
 collat. = collateral
 Com. = Comic, in Comic Greek
 Compar. or Comp. = comparative
 Conjunct. = conjunction
 contr. = contracted, contraction
 cp. = compare
 dat. = dative
 Dep. = Deponent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or
 Passive forms with Active sense
 deriv. = derived, derivation
 dissyll. = dissyllable
 Dor. = in Doric Greek
 e. g. = *exempli gratia*
 Ep. = in Epic Greek
 esp. = especially
 etc. = *et cetera*
 f. or fut. = future tense
 fem. = feminine
 fin. = *ad finem* or *fine*
 freq. = frequent, frequently
 gen. or genit. = genitive
 Hom. = Homer
 i. e. = *id est*
 imperat. or imper. = imperative mood
 imperf. or impf. = imperfect tense
 impers. = impersonal
 indic. = indicative mood
 inf. = infinitive mood
 intr. or intrans. = intransitive
 Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect
 irreg. = irregular

Lat. = Latin
 lengthd. = lengthened
 masc. = masculine
 Med. = medial or middle voice
 med. = medial or middle signification
 metaph. = metaphorically
 metri grat. = *metri gratia* (for the sake of the metre)
 n. pr. = *nomen proprium* (proper name)
 N. T. = New Testament
 negat. = *negativum* (negative)
 neut. = neuter
 nom. = nominative
 opp. to = opposed to
 opt. or optat. = optative mood
 orig. = originally
 part. = participle
 Pass. = passive voice
 pass. = passive signification
 pecul. = peculiar
 perf. or pf. = perfect tense
 pl. or plur. = plural
 plqpf. = *plusquamperfectum* (pluperfect)
 poet. = poetically
 Prep. = preposition
 pres. = present tense
 priv. or privat. = *privativum*
 q. v. = *quod vide*
 qq. v. = *quae vide*
 radic. = radical
 regul. = regular, regularly
 shortd. = shortened
 signif. = signification
 sing. = singular
 sq. = *sequens* (the following word)
 sub. = *subaudi*, *subaudito*
 subj. = subjunctive mood
 Subst. = Substantive
 syll. = syllable
 Trag. = Tragic, in Tragic Greek
 trans. = transitive
 trisyll. = trisyllable
 usu. = usually
 v. = *vide*
 verb. Adj. = verbal adjective
 voc. = *voce*, *vocem*
 vocat. = *vocative*

A

A—ἀβληχῆς.

A, α, ἄλφα, τό, indecl., first letter of the Gr. alphabet. As numeral, α' = εἰς, and πρώτος, but α, = 1000.

In Ion. Greek ἄ becomes η, as σοφία, σοφῆ. In Dor. Greek ἄ is used instead of η, as, ἄδύς for ἡδύς: but the verbal term. ἄτο is changed into ἦτο, as ἐκινυζᾶτο into ἐκινυζῆτο.

α, as prefix in compos.: I. a privativum, not, as σοφός wise, ἄ-σοφος unwise. II. a copulativum, together, as in ἄ-τάλαντος, ἄ-κόλουθος. III. a intensivum, very much, as in ἄ-τενής, ἄ-σπερχές, though this is very rare. IV. a euphonicum, affecting the sound only, not the sense, as ἄ-βληχρός for βληχρός, ἄ-σπαίρω for σπαίρω, ἄ-στεροπή for στεροπή.

ἄ, ἄ or ἄἄ, exclamations used to express strong emotion, like our *ah!*

ἄ, ἄ, to express laughter, like our *ha ha*.

ἄ, Dor. for artic. ἦ. 2. ἄ, Dor. for relat. pron. ἦ.

ἄ, Dor. for ἦ, dat. of ὄς.

ἄ-ἄτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἄῶ) *not to be hurt, inviolable*, of the Styx, by which the gods swore:—but ἄεθλος ἄ-ἄτος a dangerous or difficult task.

ἄ-ἄγής, *és*, (a privat., ἄγνυμι) *unbroken, not to be broken, hard, strong*.

ἄ-ἄπτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἄπτομαι) *not to be touched: invincible*.

ἄἄσα, ἄἄσάμην, ἄἄσθην, v. ἌἈ'Ω.

ἄ-ἄσχετος, *ov*, lengthd. poet. for ἄ-σχετος.

ἄἄτος, contr. ἄτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἄω, ἄσαι to satiate) *insatiate, ἄτος πολέμοιο insatiate of battle*.

ἌἈ'Ω, old Ep. Verb. used chiefly in aor. I act.

ἄἄσα contr. ἄσα, med. ἄἄσάμην, contr. ἄσάμην, and pass. ἄσθην: the pres. occurs only in 3 sing. of Med., ἄἄται—all in Hom.:—*to hurt, damage, esp. to hurt mentally, mislead, infatuate: so too in Med., Ἄτῃ ἢ πάντας ἄἄται* II. But the Med. and Pass. usu. have an intr. sense, *to go astray, to be infatuated or bewildered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolishly*. [Hom. has ἄἄσας, ἄἄσεν, ἄἄσαν: so too ἄἄσάμην, but ἄἄσῆτο.]

ἄῶ, = ἄω, *to satisfy*, whence 3 sing. ἄἄται.

ἄβα, Dor. for ἦβη.

ἄβᾰκῆ, (ἄβᾰκῆς) *to be speechless*,

ἄβᾰκῆς, *és*, (a privat., βᾰζῶ) *speechless*.

ἄ-βᾰκχευτος, *ov*, (a privat., βακχεύω) *without Bacchic frenzy, uninspired, joyless*.

ἄ-βᾰπτιστος, *ov*, (a privat., βαπτίζω) *not to be dipped, that will not sink, Lat. immersabilis*. II. *unbaptized*.

ἄ-βᾰρῆς, *és*, (a privat., βᾰρος) *not heavy: not burdensome*.

ἄ-βᾰσάνιστος, *ov*, (a privat., βασανίζω) *not examined by torture, unquestioned*. Adv. -τως, *without question or trial*.

ἄ-βᾰσιλευτος, *ov*, (a privat., βασιλεύω) *not ruled by a king*. [r]

ἄ-βᾰσκαντος, *ov*, (a privat., βασκαίνω) *unenvied*. Adv. -τως, *without envy*.

ἄ-βᾰτος, *ov*, also η, *ov*, (a privat., βαίνω) *untrodden, inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste*.

ἄ-βᾰεβαιος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰεβαιος) *unsteady, wavering, fickle*.

ἄ-βᾰεβηλος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰεβηλος) *not profane, inviolable*.

ἄβᾰλτερία, ἦ, *stupidity: from*

ἄ-βᾰλτερος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰλτερος) *good-for-nothing, silly, stupid*.

ἄ-βᾰιστος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰίζομαι) *unforced*.

ἄ-βᾰιος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰίος) *not to be lived or survived, intolerable, insupportable; βᾰίος ἄβᾰιος*. II. *without subsistence, poor*.

ἄ-βᾰίοςτος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰίοςτος) = ἄβᾰιος.

ἄ-βᾰίωτος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰίω) = ἄβᾰιος.

ἄβᾰλάβεια, ἦ, *freedom from harm: security: from*

ἄ-βᾰλάβῆς, *és*, (a privat., βᾰλάβῃ) *without harm: I. pass. unarmed, unburt*. II. act. *harmless, innocent: preventing harm:—Adv. -βᾰῶς, Ep. -βᾰέως, without harming, without infringement*.

ἄ-βᾰλάβια, ἦ, poet. for ἄ-βᾰλάβεια.

ἄ-βᾰλῆς, ἦτος, ὀ, ἦ, (a privat., βάλλω) *not thrown or shot, of an arrow*.

ἄ-βᾰλητος, *ov*, (a privat., βάλλω) *not bit by a dart or arrow*.

ἄ-βᾰληχῆς, *és*, (a privat., βᾰληχῃ) *without bleatings*.

ἀ-βληχρός, ἄ, ὄν, (a euphon., βληχρός) *weak, feeble, defenceless*:—of death, *easy, light*.

ἀβληχρώδης, ἐς, = ἀβληχρός.

ἀ-βοῦτι, Dor. for ἀ-βοητί.

ἀ-βόατος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀ-βόητος.

ἀ-βοήθητος, ὄν, (a privat., βοηθέω) *helpless*.

ἀ-βοητί, Dor. -ῆτι, Adv. (a privat., βοάω) *uncalled, without summons*.

ἀ-βόητος, Dor. -ᾶτος, ὄν, (a privat., βοάω) *uncalled*. II. *untourned*.

ἀβόλω, = ἀβουλόω, τό, μετ.

ἀ-βόσκητος, ὄν, (a privat., βόσκειν) *ungrazed*.

ἀ-βουκόλητος, ὄν, (a privat., βουκολέω) *untended, unbedded*.

ἀ-βουλόω, ἴσω, = οὐ βούλομαι, *to be unwilling*.

ἀ-βούλητος, ὄν, (a privat., βούλομαι) *unwilling, involuntary*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-βουλία, ἦ, *ill counsel, thoughtlessness*: from

ἀ-βουλος, ὄν, (a privat., βουλή) *inconsiderate, ill-advised*:—Adv. -ως, superl. ἀβουλότατα.

ἀ-βούτης, ὄν, ὄ, (a privat., βοῦς) *without oxen*: hence *poor*.

ἀ-βρεκτος, ὄν, (a privat., βρέχω) *unwetted*.

ἀ-βριθής, ἐς, (a privat., βριθώ) *without weight*.

ἀβρο-βάτης, ὄν, ὄ, (ἀβρός, βαίνω) *softly or delicately stepping*. [βᾶ]

ἀβρο-γος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, γόος) *womanisly wailing*.

ἀβρο-δίατος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, διαίτα) *living delicately or effeminately*: τὸ ἀβροδίατον *effeminacy*.

ἀβρο-κόμης, ὄν, ὄ, (ἀβρός, κόμη) *with delicate, luxuriant hair or leaves*.

ἀ-βρόμος, ὄν, (a privat., Βρόμος) *without Bacchus*.

ἀ-βρομος, ὄν, (a copul., βρόμος) *noisy, boisterous*.

ἀβρο-πέδιλος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, πέδιλον) *soft-saddled*.

ἀβρο-πλουτος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, πλοῦτος) *richly luxuriant*.

ἌΒΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, *delicate, pretty, dainty, soft, luxurious*. (Akin to ἤβη.)

ἀβροσύνη, ἦ, = ἀβρότης.

ἀβροτάζω, f. ἄζω, *to miss*, c. gen.—Ep. word formed from ἀμβροτεῖν, q. v.

ἀβρότης, ητος, ἦ, (ἀβρός) *delicacy, luxuriousness*.

ἀβροτος, ὄν, also ἦ, ὄν, (a privat., βροτός) like ἀμβροτος, ἀμβρόσιος, *immortal, divine, boly*.

ἀβρο-φύης, ἐς, (ἀβρός, φύω) *tender of nature*.

ἀβρο-χαιτός, ὄν, ὄ, (ἀβρός, χαιτή) = ἀβρο-κόμης.

ἀβρο-χιτών, ὄνος, ὄ, ἦ, (ἀβρός, χιτών) *softly clad*: *with soft coverings*. [ἴ]

ἀ-βροχος, ὄν, (a privat., βρέχω) *unwetted, waterless*. Adv. -χως.

ἀβρῶνα, f. ἴνω: aor. I. ἤβρῶνα: (ἀβρός):—*to make delicate, treat delicately*:—Pass. *to live delicately, wax wanton, give oneself airs*; ἀβρῶνεσθαι *τινι* *to pride oneself on a thing*.

ἀ-βρωτος, ὄτος, ὄ, ἦ, = ἀ-βρωτος.

ἀ-βρωτος, ὄν, (a privat., βρωσέω) *not having eaten*. II. pass. *not to be eaten, uneatable*.

ἀ-βυσσος, ὄν, (a privat., βύσσοσ) *bottomless, unfathomable*: generally, *unfathomable, enormous*. II.

as Subst. ἡ ἄβυσσος, *the abyss, bottomless pit*.

ἀγάασθαι, ἀγάασθε, v. sub ἄγαμαί.

ἀγαγεῖν, redupl. aor. 2 inf. of ἀγω: ἀγαγον, Ep. for ἤγαγον, aor. 2 ind.

ἀγάγωμαι, Ep. for ἀγάγω, aor. 2 subj. of ἀγω.

ἀγάσσομαι, poet. form of ἀγάμαί, *to admire*.

ἀγαθο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἀγαθός, εἶδος) *seeming good*.

ἀγαθοεργέω, contr. -ουργέω, *to do good*; and ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, ἦ, *a good or noble deed: good service*. From

ἀγαθο-εργός, contr. -ουργός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ἔργον) *doing good*: οἱ Ἀγαθοεργοί, at Sparta, the five oldest knights, who went on missions for the state.

ἀγαθοποιέω, = ἀγαθο-εργέω; and

ἀγαθοποιία, ἦ, = ἀγαθο-εργία. From

ἀγαθο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ποιέω) = ἀγαθο-εργός.

ἌΓΑ-ΘΟΨ, ἦ, ὄν, *good in its kind*, opp. to κακός, *bad*: I. in Homer usu. of heroes, *brave, noble*: later in moral sense, *good, virtuous*. 2. of things, etc., *good in their kind*; neut. τὰ ἀγαθὰ *the goods of fortune, wealth*, also *good fare, dainties*; τὸ ἀγαθόν, Lat. *summum bonum*.—There are no regular forms of comparison. The Comp. in use are βέλτιον, also ἀμείνων, κρείσσον, λωπῶν (λῆσῶν): Ep. βέλτερος, λωίτερος, also φέρτερος. Sup. βέλτιστος, ἄριστος, κράτιστος, λώϊστος (λῆστος): Ep. βέλτατος, φέρτατος, φέριστος. The Adv. in common use is εὖ, *well*.

ἀγαθοεργέω, contr. form of ἀγαθοεργέω.

ἀγαθίνω, (ἀγαθός) *to make good, exalt*. II. *to do good*:—Pass. *to be of good cheer*.

ἀγαθωσύνη, ἦ, (ἀγαθός) *goodness, kindness*.

ἀγαίομαι, (ἀγῆ) collat. form of ἀγάμαί, ἀγάομαι, only in bad sense, *to be angry at*: *to envy*.

ἀγα-κλής, ἐς, (ἀγαν, κλέος) *very glorious, famous, renowned*: gen. ἀγακλῆος; shortd. poet. forms, acc. sing. ἀγακλέα, pl. ἀγακλεῖς, dat. sing. ἀγακλεῖ.

ἀγα-κλειτός, ἦ, ὄν, = ἀγακλής.

ἀγα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ἀγαν, κλυτός) like ἀγακλής, Lat. *inclytus*.

ἀγα-κτιμένη, (ἀγαν, κτιζω) a poet. fem. = εὐκτιμένη, *well-built or placed*.

ἀ-γάλακτος, ὄν, (a privat., γάλα) *without milk, giving none*. II. *getting none, weaned*, Lat. *lacte defensus*.

ἀγαλλιᾶσις, εως, ἦ, *exceeding great joy*. From ἀγαλλιᾶω; aor. ἤγαλλιᾶσα; also as Dep. ἀγαλλιᾶομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], strengthd. for ἀγάλλομαι:—*to rejoice exceedingly*.

ἌΓΑΛΛΙΨ, ἴδος, ἦ, a plant, *the iris or flag*.

ἌΓΑ' ἌΔΩ, f. ἀγᾶλῶ: aor. ἤγλα, inf. ἀγῆλαι: = ἀγλαδὸν ποιᾶ, *to make glorious, glorify, honour, esp. a god*: also *to deck, adorn*:—mostly in Pass. ἀγάλλομαι, *to glory, delight, exult* in a thing, c. dat. Hence

ἀγάλα, ατος, τό, *that wherein one delights, a glory, delight, ornament*: a *pleasing gift*, esp. for the gods: hence, 2. a *statue* in honour of a god; *the image*

of a god as an object of worship. 3. *any statue or image.*

ἀγαλματο-ποιός, οὐ, ὁ. (ἀγαλμα, ποιέω) *a maker of statues, a statuary, sculptor.*

*ΑΓΑΜΑΙ, 2 pl. ἀγάσθε Ep. ἀγάσθε, inf. ἀγάσθαι Ep. ἀγάσθαι: impf. ἡγάμην, Ep. 2 pl. ἡγάσθε: fut. ἀγάσομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἀγάσομαι: the aor. I mostly in Pass. form ἡγάσθην, but also Med. ἡγάσάμην (even in Att.), Ep. ἡγάσάμην, ἀγασάμην: Dep.: I. *to wonder: more freq. to wonder at or admire a person or thing, τινά, but also τινί, Lat. admirari.*

II. in bad sense, *to envy, be angry at, τί, τινί, περί τινας.*—Homer uses in this sense only aor. I ἡγάσάμην, and as pres. ἀγάομαι or ἀγαίομαι.

ἀγαμία, ἡ, *celibacy.* From ἀ-γάμος, ον, (α privat., γάμος) *unmarried, unwedded, single, Lat. coelebs:—*Tragic phrase, γάμος ἀ-γάμος *a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal marriage.*

*ΑΓΑΝ, Adv. *very, much, very much:* the word generally is only Dor. and Att., λίην being its equiv. in Ep. and Ion. II. *too, too much, Lat. nimis, as in the proverb μηδὲν ἄγαν, Lat. ne quid nimis, not too much of any thing.* [ἄγαν, but later sometimes ἄγαν.]

ἀγανᾶκτέω, f. ἦσω, (ἄγαν) *to feel irritation:—to be vexed, displeased, or angry at a thing.* Hence ἀγανᾶκτησις, εως, ἡ, *irritation, vexation.*

ἀγανᾶκτητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγανᾶκτέω) *irritable.* ἀγανᾶκτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγανᾶκτέω, *irritating, vexations.*

ἀγανᾶκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *irritable, = ἀγανᾶκτητικός.* Adv. -κῶς.

ἀγανῆσι, poet. for ἀγανᾶς, dat. plur. fem. of ἀγανός.

ἀγαν-νίφος, ον, (ἄγαν, νίφω) *much snowed upon, snow-capt, Όλυμπος.*

ἀγανόρειος, α, ον, Dor. for ἀγανόρειος.

ἀγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (α copul., γανος, γάνυμαι) *mild, gentle, kindly: esp. of the arrows of Artemis, to which sudden death was ascribed.* Only poet.

ἀγανόφροσύνη, ἡ, *genuleness, kindness.* From ἀγανό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγανός, φρήν) *kindly disposed: benign.*

ἀγανῶπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀγανός, ὤψ) *mild-eyed.*

ἀγ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for ἀγ-ήνωρ.

ἀγάομαι, Ep. form of ἀγαμαι, only found in part. ἀγώμενος, in act. sense *admiring.*

ἀγαπάω, f. ἴσω, see ἀγαπάω.

ἀγαπάτος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀγαπητός.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἴσω: aor. ἡγάπησα, Ep. ἀγάπησα: pf. ἡγάπηκα: (ἀγαμαι, ἀγάσομαι):—of persons, *to welcome, entertain*, in which sense ἀγαπάω and Dep. ἀγαπάσομαι are used by Homer:—also *to take leave of:*—generally, *to be fond of, to love dearly.* II. of things, *to be well pleased, to be contented at or with a thing: c. inf. to be wont to do, like φιλέω.* [ἀγᾶ] Hence

ἀγαπεύντες, Ion. for ἀγαπῶντες, pres. part. pl. ἀγάπη, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) *brotherly love: charity.* [ἀγᾶ] ἀγάπημα, τό, (ἀγαπάω) *an object of love, Lat. deliciae.*

ἀγαπ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀγαπάω, ἀνήρ) = ἰγορέην ἀγαπῶν, *loving manliness, manly.*

ἀγάπησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) *the feeling of love, affection.*

ἀγάπητός, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, *to be loved, acquiesced in.*

ἀγάπητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαπάω) *disposed to love, affectionate.* Adv. -κῶς.

ἀγάπητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, *beloved, dearly beloved: worthy of love.* 2. *to be acquiesced in, as the least evil.* II. Adv. ἀγαπητῶς, *cheerfully, contentedly; ἀγαπητῶς ἔχειν to be contented, like ἀγαπᾶν.* 2. in Att. prose, *so as only just to content one, i. e. only just, scarcely = μόλις.*

ἐγάρ-ροος, ον, contr. ἐγάρ-ρους, ον, (ἄγαν, βέω) *strong or swift-flowing.*

ἀγασθαι, pres. inf. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασμα, τό, (ἀγαμαι) *that which is admired, a wonder, marvel.*

ἀγάσομαι [ᾶ], poet. ἀγάσομαι, fut. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγᾶσσατο, poet. for ἡγάσσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγά-στονος, ον, (ἄγαν, στένω) *much groaning, howling, of the waves, loud-wailing.*

ἀγαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) *admirable.* Adv. -τῶς.

ἀγᾶστός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἀγαστός, as θαυματός for θαυμαστός.

ἀγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) *illustrious, noble.*

ἀγανρός, ἄ, ὄν, akin to ἀγανός, *stately, proud: sup. Adv. ἀγανρότατα.*

ἀγά-φθεγκτος, ον, (ἄγαν, φθέγγομαι) *loud-sounding.*

ἀγᾶρέω, f. σα, (ἀγγᾶρος) *to despateh a courier or messenger: to press one to serve as a courier.*

ἀγγᾶρήτις, ὁ, Ion. form = ἀγγᾶρος:—τὸ ἀγγᾶρήτιον *the business of an ἀγγᾶρος.*

ἀγᾶρος, ὁ, Persian word, *a mounted courier, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.*

ἀγγεῖον, Ion. -ήτιον, τό, (ἀγγος) *a vessel, a reservoir.*

ἀγγελία, Ion. -λή, ἡ, (ἀγγελος) *a message, tidings, news, ἀγγελίη ἐμή a message concerning me; ἀγγελίης ἐλθεῖν to come on account of a message.* 2. *a proclamation: a command, order.*

ἀγγελια-φόρος, Ion. ἀγγελιη-φόρος, ὁ, (ἀγγελία, φέρω) *a messenger.*

ἀγγελιώτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγγελία) *a messenger.*

ἀγγέλλω: f. ἀγγεῶν, Ep. ἀγγελέω: aor. I ἡγγεῖλα: pf. ἡγγεῖλκα, pass. ἡγγεῖλμαι: aor. I pass. ἡγγεῖλθην: (ἄγω):—*to bear a message, bring tidings or news, to proclaim, report, tell:—Med. to announce oneself:—Pass. to be reported of.* Hence

ἄγγελμα, τό, *a message, tidings, news.*

ἄγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγγέλλω) a messenger, envoy. II. a messenger from God, an angel.

ἄγγιόν, τό, Ion. for ἀγγεῖον.

ἄΓΓΟΣ, εὐς, τό, a vessel of any kind, a jar, pan, pail: a chest, box.

ἄγην, Adv. (ἄγω) by carrying.

ἄγε, ἄγετε, properly Imperat. of ἄγω, used as Adv. like φέρε, come! come on! well! Lat. age!

ἀγείρω: aor. I ἤγειρα: pf. ἀγγήρικα: (ἄγω):—to bring together gather together, collect. II. Pass.

ἀγείρομαι: aor. I ἠγέρθη, Ep. 3 pl. ἤγερθεν: pf. ἀγγήρομαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀγγήραται: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. ἀγγήρατο:—to come together, assemble: in which sense we also have an Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀγέρεσθαι, ἀγέροντο, partic. syncop. ἀγγόμενος, η, ον, assembled, gathered together.

ἀ-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., γείτων) without neighbour: solitary, desolate.

ἀγελᾶδόν, Dor. for ἀγεληδόν.

ἀγελᾶζομαι, Pass. (ἀγέλη) to live in herds, to be gregarious.

ἀγελαιός, α, ον, (ἀγέλη) belonging to a herd, feeding at large. II. in herds or shoals, gregarious. 2. of the herd or multitude, common.

ἀγελάρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγέλη, ἄρχω) the leader of a company.

ἀ-γελαστί, Adv. (a privat., γελᾶω) without laughing.

ἀ-γέλαστος, ον, (a privat., γελᾶω) not laughing, grave, sullen. II. not to be laughed at, not trifling.

ἀγέλαια, ἡ, (ἄγω, λεία) epith. of Athena, = ληϊτις, λείαν ἄγουσα, she that drives off the spoil.

ἀγέλη, ἡ, (ἄγω) a herd of oxen or kine, Lat. armentum, grec:—later any herd or company.

ἀγεληδόν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) in herds or companies. Also ἀγεληδά.

ἀγέληθεν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) from a herd.

ἀγέληφι, Ep. dat. of ἀγέλη.

ἀγεμόνευμα, ἀγεμονεύω, ἀγεμών, Dor. for ἡγεμ-.

ἄγεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἔαγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from ἀγνυμι: [ᾶ] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for ἤγεν, impf. from ἄγω to lead.

ἀ-γενεαλόγητος, ον, (a privat., γενεαλογέω) without pedigree, of unknown descent.

ἀγένεια, ἡ, (ἀγένης) low birth: meanness.

ἀ-γένειος, ον, (a privat., γένειον) beardless, boyish.

ἀ-γενής, ἐς, (a privat., γένος) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to ἀγαθός.

ἀ-γένητος, ον, (a privat., γενέσθαι) unborn, uncreated. II. not having happened, Lat. infectus: hence false, groundless.

ἀ-γενής, ἐς, = ἀγενής II. Adv. -νῶς.

ἀ-γέννητος, ον, (a privat., γεννάω) unbegotten, unborn: without origin. II. like ἀγενής II, low-born, mean.

ἀγέομαι, Dor. for ἠγέομαι.

ἀ-γέραστος, ον, (a privat., γέρας) without a gift of honour, unrecompensed, unrewarded.

ἀγέρεσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγερθεν, Ep. for ἠγέρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροχος, ον, = ἀγέρωχος.

ἀγέρος, εὐς, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) a gathering, mustering.

ἀγέρωχος, ον, in good sense, brave, big-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, haughty, fierce. Adv. -χως. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀγέσκον, Ion. impf. of ἄγω.

ἀγέ-στράτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄγω, στρατός) leading the host.

ἀγέτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἠγέτης.

ἀ-γευστος, ον, (a privat., γεύομαι) not tasting: without taste of, c. gen.

ἀγη [ᾶ] ἡ, (ἀγαμαι) in good sense, wonder, awe, reverence. 2. in bad sense, envy, hatred, spite: of the gods, jealousy.

ἀγή [ᾶ], ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) a fragment, piece, splinter.

ἄγη, Ep. for ἔαγη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀγνυμι, to break.

ἀγγήραται, ἀγγήρατο, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγγήρικα, -εραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγγίλαι, aor. I inf. of ἀγάλλω.

ἀγ-ηλατέω, ἡσω, (ἀγος, ελαίνω) to drive away pollution or a polluted person, Lat. piaculum exigere: cf. ἀνδρ-ηλατέω.

ἀγμα, τό, (ἄγω) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.

ἀγ-ηρόεις, Dor. ἀγανόρ-, α, ον, = ἀγήρωρ.

ἀγ-ηνορία, ἡ, manliness, manhood, courage.

ἀγ-ήνωρ, Dor. ἀγ-άνωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄγαν, ἀνῆρ) manly, heroic: also headstrong, haughty: and sometimes stately, splendid.

ἀγήροχα, pf. act. of ἄγω to lead.

ἀ-γήραντος, ον, = sq.

ἀ-γηρᾶος, ον, (a privat., γήρας) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecaying. Contr. ἀγήρος, ον: acc. sing. ἀγήρων or ἀγήρω: nom. dual. ἀγήρω, nom. and acc. plur. ἀγήρωσ.

ἀ-γήρᾶτος, ον, = ἀγήραος.

ἀ-γήρωσ, ον, contr. for ἀγήραος.

ἀγησι-χορος, ον, (ἀγέομαι Dor. for ἠγέεμαι, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἀγητήρ, ἦρος, Dor. for ἠγητήρ. [ᾶ]

ἀγητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) admirable, wondrous. [ᾶ]

ἀγιάζω, (ἀγίω) to hallow, consecrate.

ἀγιασθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imper. of ἀγιάζω.

ἀγίασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀγιάζω) that which is hallowed, a holy place, sanctuary.

ἀγιασμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀγιάζω) consecration, sanctification.

ἀγιασθήριον, τό, = ἀγίασμα.

ἀγίζω, f. Att. ἰῶ, (ἄγος) to hallow, make sacred, Lat. dedicare.

ἀγινέω, f. ησῶ: Ep. pres. inf. ἀγινέμεναι: impf.

ἠγίνεον, Ion. ἀγίνεσκον: lengthd. Ion. form of ἄγω,

to carry, bring:—Med. to have brought one. II. to bear fruit.

ἀγιό-γράφος, ον, (ἅγιος, γράφω) written by inspiration: τὰ ἀγιό-γράφα (sub. βιβλία), the Psalms and other books of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Law and the Prophets.

ἅγιος, α, ον, (ἅγιος) devoted to the gods, Lat. sacer, sacred, holy: of persons, pious, pure: as Subst., ἅγιον, τό, a sanctuary. II. sometimes like Lat. sacer, accursed.—In old Att. ἅγιός is used instead. [ἅγ]

ἀγιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἅγιος) sanctity, holiness.

ἀγιοστεία, ἡ, mostly in pl. holy rites, the service of the temple or sanctuary. From

ἀγιοστεύω, f. εἶσω, (ἀγίζω) to perform sacred rites: hence to be pious, live piously.

ἀγιοσύνη, ἡ, (ἅγιος) = ἀγιότης.

ἀγκ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀνακ- in compds. of the prep. ἀνά with words beginning with κ, e. g. ἀγκείσθαι for ἀνα-κείσθαι.

ἀγκάζομαι, f. ἀσομαι: Dep.: (ἀγκας, ἄγκη):—to take or lift up in the arms.

ἀγκάθεν, Adv. for ἀγκάς, on the arm, i. e. resting on it, Lat. cubito presso: also in the arms.

ἀγκ-κάλω, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω.

ἀγκάλη, ἡ, (ἀγκή) the bent arm, mostly in plur. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding,

as the arms of the sea, etc. [αἶ] ἀγκαλιζομαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ἡγκαλισάμην: pf. ἡγκάλισμαι: Dep.: (ἀγκάλη):=ἀγκάζομαι, to take in the arms.

ἀγκάλια, ἴδος, ἡ, in plur. = ἀγκάλαι, arms. II. a bundle, Lat. manipulus.

ἀγκάλισμα, τό, (ἀγκαλιζομαι) that which is embraced.

ἀγκάλος, ὁ, (ἀγκάλη) an armful: a bundle.

ἀγκάς, Adv. (ἀγκή) into or in the arms.

ἀγκεμαι, poet. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

ἄΓΚΗ, ἡ, = ἀγκος or ἀγκάλη, an arm.

ἀγκηρύσσω, poet. for ἀνα-κηρύσσω.

ἀγκιστρία, ἡ, (ἀγκιστρον) angling.

ἀγκιστρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγκιστρον) of or for angling: τὸ ἀγκιστρευτικόν, angling.

ἀγκιστριον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκιστρον, a small book.

ἀγκιστρό-δετος, ον, (ἀγκιστρον, δέω) with a book bound to it, of a fishing-rod.

ἀγκιστρο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἀγκιστρον, εἶδος) book-shaped.

ἀγκιστρον, τό, (akin to ἀγκος, ἀγκίλος) a fish-book.

ἀγκ-κλίω and ἀγκ-κλιμα, τό, poet. for ἀνα-κλίω, ἀνά-κλιμα.

ἀγκοΐνη, ἡ, (ἀγκών) poet. for ἀγκάλη, used only in plur. the bent arms. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding: cf. ἀγκάλη.

ἀγκομίζω, poet. for ἀνα-κομίζω.

ἀγκονία, for ἀνα-κονία, to basten.

ἄΓΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a bend or hollow, esp. of the arm: hence a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

ἀγκρεμάσας, poet. for ἀνακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of ἀνακρεμάννυμι.

ἀγκ-κρίσις, poet. for ἀνά-κρίσις.

ἀγκ-κρούομαι, poet. for ἀνα-κρούομαι.

ἀγκύλη [ῦ], ἡ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend of the arm.

II. a loop in a cord: esp. the thong of a javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amentum: also the javelin itself. 2. any thong or string, e. g. the leash of a hound, a bow-string.

ἀγκυλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγκυλέομαι, thrown from the bent arm:—as Subst., τὸ ἀγκυλητόν, a javelin.

ἀγκύλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκύλη, a small dart or javelin. II. τὰ ἀγκύλια used to translate the Lat. ancilia.

ἀγκυλό-γλῶχιν, ἴνος, ὁ, (ἀγκυλος, γλῶχίς) with hooked spurs, of a fighting cock.

ἀγκυλό-όδοσος, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγκυλος, ὀδοῦς) crook-toothed, barbed, of weapons.

ἀγκυλό-μήτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγκυλος, μήτις) crooked of counsel, wily.

ἀγκυλό-πους, πονν, (ἀγκυλος, πούς) with curved feet, δίφρος ἀγκ. the Roman sella curulis.

ἀγκυλος, η, ον, (ἀγκος, Lat. uncus) crooked, curved, of a bow: of the eagle's beak, hooked. [ῦ]

ἀγκυλό-τοξος, ον, (ἀγκυλος, τόξον) with curved bow.

ἀγκυλό-χείλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγκυλος, χείλος) with hooked beak.

ἀγκυλό-χήλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγκυλος, χήλη) with crooked claws.

ἀγκυλώω, f. ὤσω: pass. pf. ἡγκυλώμαι: (ἀγκυλος): to make crooked or hooked. Hence

ἀγκυλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, of javelins, furnished with a thong, thonged.

ἄγκυρᾶ, (ἀγκος, ἀγκών) ἡ, Lat. ancōra, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pind.; for in Homer we read only of εὔναι, i. e. stones used as anchors.

ἄγκυριζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγκυρίσα: (ἀγκυρα):—to hook, catch as with a fish-book.

ἀγκύριον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκυρα, a small anchor.

ἀγκυρ-ουχία, ἡ, (ἀγκυρα, ἔχω) a holding by the anchor: ἐν ἀγκυρουχίαις when safe at anchor.

ἄΓΚΩ'Ν, ἄνος, ὁ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend or hollow of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow: hence

II. any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river, a bay or creek of the sea; also the curved horns of the lyre. Hence

ἀγκωνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀγκών.

ἄγλαΐ-θεϊρος, ον, (ἄγλαός, ἔθειρα) bright-haired.

ἀγλαΐεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ἀγλαΐζω, with pass. sense.

ἄγλαΐα, ἡ, (ἄγλαός) splendour, beauty, brightness: hence as opp. to what is useful, πομπή, vanity, and in plur. vanities: also festive joy, triumph, and in plur. festivities.

ἄγλαΐζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγλαΐσα: (ἀγλαός):—to make splendid, adorn: also to give as an ornament:—Pass. to be adorned with a thing, be proud of it, delight in it. Hence

ἄγλαΐσμα, τό, an ornament: cf. ἄγαλμα.

ἄγλαδό-γυιός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, γυίων) *with beautiful limbs.*
 ἄγλαδό-δενδρός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, δένδρον) *with beautiful trees.*

ἄγλαδό-δωρος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, δῶρον) *bestowing splendid gifts.*

ἄγλαδό-θρονός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, θρόνος) *with splendid throne.*

ἄγλαδό-καρπός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, καρπός) *bearing or bestowing goodly fruit.*

ἄγλαδό-κουρός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, κούρος) *rich in fair youths.*

ἄγλαδό-κώμος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, κῶμος) *gracing the feast.*

ἌΓΛΑΨ, ἡ, *ov*, also *os, ov*, *splendid, stately, beautiful, brilliant, bright*: of men, *famous, noble*: c. dat. *famous* for a thing. Adv. —*ως*. (Akin to ἀ-γλη, ἀγάλλομαι.)

ἄγλαδο-τρίαινός, *ov*, δ, acc. —*αν*, (ἀγλαός, τρίαίνα) *the god of the bright trident.*

ἄγλαδ-ώψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγλαός, ὠψ) *bright-eyed*: generally, *flashing*.

ἄ-γλευκῆς, *es*, (a privat., γλευκός) *not sweet*: sour, *barsh*.

ἌΓΛΑΓΞ, ἀγλίθος, only used in plur. ἀγλίθες, a *head of garlic*, which is made up of several cloves.

ἄ-γλυκῆς, *es*, = ἄ-γλευκῆς.

ἀγλωσσία, Att. ἀγλωτία, ἡ, *dumbness*. From ἄ-γλωστος, Att. ἄ-γλωττος, *ov*, (a privat., γλωσσα)

without tongue: silent, *dumb*, Lat. *elinguis*. II. *speaking a strange tongue*, = βάρβαρος.

ἄγμα, τό, (ἀγνυμι) *a fragment*.

ἀγμός, ὁ, (ἀγνυμι) *a breakage, fracture* of a bone. II. *a broken cliff, precipice*.

ἄ-γναμπτος, *ov*, (a privat., γνάμπτω) *unbending*.

ἄ-γναπτος, *ov*, = sq. II. also *not cleansed*.

ἄ-γνάφος, *ov*, (a privat., γνάπτω) of cloth, *not carded*, i. e. *new*.

ἄγνεία, ἡ, (ἀγνεύω) *purity, chastity*.

ἄγνευμα, τό, (ἀγνεύω) *chastity*.

ἄγνεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀγρός) *to observe scrupulously, make a point of conscience of*, c. inf.:—also simply, *to be pure or chaste*: c. gen. *to keep oneself pure from*.

ἀγνίζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγνισα: (ἀγρός):—*to make pure, purify, cleanse*, Lat. *lustrare*. II. *to offer, burn as a sacrifice*.

ἄγνιος, a, *ov*, (ἀγνος) *made of withy or agnus castus*.

ἄγνισμα, τό, (ἀγνίζω) *a means of purification, atonement*.

ἄγνισμός, ὁ, (ἀγνίζω) *purification, expiation*.

ἄγνίτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀγνίζω) *a purifier*. [I]

ἀγνοέω, Ep. ἀγνοιέω: f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡγνόησα, Ep. ἀγροίησα, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. ἀγνώσασκε: pf. ἡγνόηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡγροήθην: pf. ἡγρόημαι: (as if from *ἀγνοος = ἀ-νοος):—*not to perceive or know, to be ignorant*, Lat. *ignorare*: in Homer mostly, *οὐκ ἀγνοίησεν* *be perceived or knew well*:—*Pass. not to be known*. II. *absol. to mistake, be wrong*; hence in part. ἀγνοῶν, *by mistake*. Hence

ἀγνόημα, τό, *a fault of ignorance, oversight*; and

ἀγνοητικός, ἡ, *ov*, *apt to err from ignorance*.

ἀγνοιά, ἡ, (ἀγροέω) *want of perception, ignorance*.

II. = ἀγρόημα, *a fault of ignorance*.

[poët. sometimes ἀγνοιά: cf. ἀνοια.]

ἀγνοιέω, poët., esp. Ep., form for ἀγροέω.

ἀγνοίησι, Od. 24. 213, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀγροέω: but if written ἀγροίησι, it is 3 sing. pres. subj.

ἀγνούντως, Adv., pres. act. part. of ἀγροέω, *ignorantly*.

ἀγνό-ρῦτος, *ov*, (ἀγρός, βέω) *pure-flowing*.

ἀγρός, ἡ, *ov*, *pure, chaste, unsullied*: *boly, sacred*. II. c. gen. *pure from a thing*. Adv.

—*ως*. (Akin to ἀζω, ἄγιος, ἄγος.)

ἌΓΝΟΣ, ἡ, Att. ὁ, = λύγος, a tall tree like the willow, *the agnus castus*.

ἀγνότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀγρός) *purity, chastity*.

ἌΓΝΤΜΙ, 3 dual ἀγνύον: fut. ἄζω: aor. I ἔαθα, Ep. ἦθα, imperat. ἄζον, inf. ἄζαι, part. ἄζας: aor. 2 pass. ἔαγην [ᾶ, v. sub fin.]: pf. ἔαγα, Ion. ἔηγα:—*to break, snap, crush, shiver, Lat. frango*:—Pass. with pf. act. ἔαγα, *to be broken, to snap, shiver in pieces*: of sound, *to spread around*: of a river, *to flow in a broken, i. e. winding course*. [ᾶ in pf. ἔαγα, Ion. ἔηγα: but in aor. 2 pass. ἔαγην, ᾶ in Hom., ᾶ long in Att.; v. κατάγνυμι.]

ἀγνωμονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀγνώμων) *to act without judgment, act ignorantly or unfairly*.

ἀγνωμόνως, Adv. of ἀγνώμων, *senselessly*.

ἀγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, *want of sense or judgment*. I. *senselessness, ignorance*. II. *senseless pride, arrogance*.

III. *unfairness, unkindness, Lat. ini- quitas*: in plur. *misunderstandings*. From

ἀ-γνώμων, *ov*, *ovos*, (a privat., γνώμη) *wanting sense or judgment*: *senseless, thoughtless, headstrong*. II. *unfeeling, unkind*: *unjust*.

ἀ-γνώς, ὄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., γνώμαι) pass. *unknown*: *obscure*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*. II. act. *not knowing, ignorant of a thing*.

ἀγνώως, Adv. of ἀγνώς.

ἀγνώστια, ἡ, (ἀγνώς) *a not knowing, ignorance*. II. *a being unknown, obscurity*.

ἀγνώσασκε or ἀγνώσασκε, Ion. and Ep. for ἡγ- νόησθε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγροέω.

ἀγνώστω, pres. formed from foreg. = ἀγροέω.

ἄ-γνώστος or ἄ-γνώτος, *ov*, (a privat., γινώσκω) *unknown, ἀγνώστος γλώσσα* *an unknown tongue*: *un- heard of, forgotten*. 2. *not to be known*. II. act. *not knowing, ignorant of*, τυνός.

ἀγξήρᾶναι, aor. I inf. of ἀναγξήρᾶναι.

ἀγονία, ἡ, *unfruitfulness*. From

ἀ-γόνος, *ov*, (a privat., γονή) pass. *unborn*. II. act. *not producing, unfruitful, barren*: c. gen. *not productive of, destitute of*; τόκος ἀγόνος, *fruitless travail*, when the mother dies before the child is born. 2. *left childless*.

ἄ-γους, *ov*, (a privat., γόος) *unmourned*.

ἀγορά, ᾶς, Ep. and Ion. ἀγορή, ης, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) *any*

assembly, esp. an Assembly of the People, opp. to the Council (βουλή).

II. the place of Assembly, used not only for public debating, elections, and trials, but also for buying and selling, and all kinds of business, Lat. *forum*:—especially, the market-place.

III. a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking, Lat. *concio*.

IV. things sold in the forum, esp. provisions, Lat. *annonæ*; ἀγορὰν παρέχειν, to hold a market.

V. as a mark of time, ἀγορὰ πλῆθουσα, or ἀγορῆς πληθώρα, the forenoon, when the market-place was full: opp. to ἀγορῆς διάλυσις, the time just after noon: when they went home from market.

ἀγοράσθε, Ep. for ἀγοράσθε, 2 pl. pres. ind. of ἀγοράομαι. [ἀγοράσθε]

ἀγοράζω, f. ἄω: aor. ἡγήρασα: pf. ἡγήρακα:—Pass., aor. ἡγορήσθη: pf. ἡγορήσθαι: (ἀγορά):—to be in the market-place, to attend it: hence 2. to do business there, buy or sell: Med. to buy for oneself.

3. of idle people, to haunt the market-place, lounge there, cf. sq.

ἀγοραῖος, ον, in, of, or belonging to the market-place, an epith. of several gods.

II. frequenting the market-place:—οἱ ἀγοραῖοι (with or without ἄνθρωποι): 1. bucksters, petty traffickers, retail-dealers.

2. idlers or loungers, like Lat. *subrostrani*, and so generally the common sort:—hence the word is used of things, low, mean, vulgar.

III. generally, proper to the assembly, suited to forensic speaking, business-like: ἀγοραῖος (sc. ἡμέρα), ἡ, a court-day.

ἀγορανομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the ἀγορανόμος or his office, Lat. *Aedilicius*.

ἀγορανόμιον, τό, the court of the ἀγορανόμος.

ἀγορανόμος, ὁ, (ἀγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, who regulated the buying and selling there, like the Rom. *Aedilis*.

ἀγοράομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀγορήσασθην: Dep.: (ἀγορά):—to meet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak in the Assembly, Lat. *conciari*.

ἀγοράσδω, Dor. for ἀγοράζω.

ἀγοράσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀγοράζω) buying, purchase.

ἀγοράσμα, τό, (ἀγοράζω) that which is bought or sold: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἀγοραστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράζω) the slave who had to buy provisions, the purveyor, Lat. *obsonator*.

ἀγοραστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγοράζω) of or for trafficking or trade: ἡ ἀγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade.

ἀγορεύω, impf. ἡγόρευον, Ep. ἀγόρευον: fut. —εὔσω: aor. ἡγόρευσα, Ep. ἄγ—: pf. ἡγόρευκα: Med., aor. ἡγορεύσασθην: Pass., aor. ἡγορεύθη: pf. ἡγόρευμαι: (but in Att. the fut. in use is ἐρῶ, pf. εἶρηκα, aor. εἶπον): (ἀγορά):—to speak in the Assembly, to counsel:—generally to speak; κακῶν or κακῶς ἀγορεύειν τινά to speak ill of one.

2. to proclaim, declare: Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

ἀγορή, Ep. and Ion. for ἀγορά. Hence

ἀγορήθην, Adv. from the Assembly or market: and

ἀγορήθιδε, Adv. to the Assembly or market.

ἀγορήσματο, Ep. for ἡγορήσματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀγοράομαι.

ἀγορητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράομαι) a speaker, orator.

ἀγορητύς, υός, ἡ, (ἀγοράομαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

ἄγρος, ὁ, poet. for ἀγορά.

ἄγος or ἔγος, εος, τό, (ἄζομαι) any matter of religious awe: hence 1. pollution, guilt, Lat. *piaculum*: also the curse which follows it.

2. the person or thing accursed, an abomination. 3. an expiatory sacrifice.

ἄγός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἄγω) a leader, chief.

ἀγόςτος, ὁ, the flat of the band. II. the bent arm, like ἀγκών, ἀγκοῖνη. (Akin to ἀγκών, ἀγνυμ.) [ἄ]

*ΑΓΡΑ, Ion. ἄγρη, ἡ, a catching, bunting; ἄγρην ἐφέπειν to follow the chase:—also, a way of catching.

II. that which is taken in bunting, the booty, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught or haul.

ἀγραμμάτια, ἡ, want of learning: from

ἀ-γράμματος, ον, (a privat., γράμμα) without learning (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. *illiteratus*, esp. unable to read or write. II. = ἀγραφος, unwritten.

ἀ-γραφτος, ον, (a privat., γράφα) unwritten; ἄγρ. νόμιμα the unwritten moral law: cf. ἀγραφος.

ἀγραυλῶ, f. ἡσω, to be an ἀγραυλος, to dwell in the fields, of shepherds.

ἀγρ-αυλος, ον, (ἀγρός, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

ἀ-γραῖφος, ον, = ἀγραφτος, unwritten; ἀγραφοὶ νόμοι, unwritten laws, which are 1. the laws of nature, moral law. 2. laws of custom. II. not registered in a written list.

ἄγρει, ἀγρεῖτε, 2 sing. and plur. imperat. of ἀγρέω: in Homer as Adv. just like ἄγε, ἄγετε, come! come on! quick!

ἀγρεῖος, α, ον, (ἀγρός) of the country, rural, rustic: also, clownish, boorish, like ἀγροικος. Hence

ἀγρειοσύνη, ἡ, clownishness: the life of a clown or boor.

*ΑΓΡΕΪΦΑΝΑ, ης, ἡ, a barrow, rake.

ἀγρέμιος, ον, (ἄγρα) taken in bunting.

ἀγρεσία, ἡ, = ἄγρα, spoil taken in the chase.

ἀγρευμα, τό, (ἀγρέω) that which is taken in the chase, booty, spoil. II. a net, toil.

ἀγρεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγρέω) a hunter.

ἀγρευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀγρευτής.

ἀγρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a hunter, like ἀγρεύς. II. as Adj. used in bunting or fishing; ἄγρ. κύνες, bounds; ἄγρ. κάλαμος a fishing-rod.

ἀγρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for, skilled in bunting. From

ἀγρεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἄγρα) to hunt, take by bunting, catch: metaph. to hunt after, pursue eagerly.

ἀγρεύω, Aeol. form of ἀγρέω, to hunt after, pursue eagerly:—see ἀγρει, ἀγρεῖτε.

ἄγρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄγρα.

ἀγριάνω, f. ἄνῶ: aor. ἡγρίῖνα: (ἄγριος):—I. intrans.

to be savage, provoked, angry. 2. causal, to make angry, provoke.

ἀγρί-έλαιος, ον, (ἀγριος, ἐλαία) of a wild olive: as Subst. ἀγρίελαιος, ἡ, a wild olive, oleaster.

ἀγριο-δαίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγριος, δαίνυμαι) eating wild fruits, like βαλανηφάγος.

ἀγριο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ποιέω) making wild: of a poet, writing wildly.

ἄγριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ἀγρός) living in the fields, living wild: hence I. of animals, opp. to τιθασός, wild, savage, Lat. ferus; σὺς ἄγριος a wild boar. 2. of trees, opp. to ἡμερος, wild. 3. of countries, wild, uncultivated, unreclaimed.

II. of men and animals, I. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, Lat. ferus, ferrox. 2. in Att. also opp. to ἀστεῖος, (as Lat. rusticus to urbanus) boorish, rude. 3. also of any violent passion, wild, vehement, furious.

III. Adv. -ίως, also neut. pl. ἄγρια, wildly, fiercely. Hence

ἀγριότης, ητος, ἡ, wildness, fierceness, Lat. feritas.

ἀγριό-φωνος, ον, (ἀγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice, like βαρβαρό-φωνος.

ἀγριώω, f. ὠωσ. aor. ἡγρίωσα:—Pass. aor. ἡγρίωθην: pf. ἡγρίωμαι: (ἀγριος):—to make wild or savage.

II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in pf. ἡγρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:—of men, to be savage or fierce, Lat. efferari.

ἀγρίφι, ἡ, = ἀγρεῖφνα. [ἱ]

ἀγρι-ώδης, ἐς, (ἀγριος, εἶδος) of a wild nature.

ἀγρι-ωπός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ὤψ) wild-looking.

ἀγρο-βότης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγρος, βόσκειν) feeding in the field, dwelling in the country.

ἀγρο-γείτων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, γείτων) a country neighbour, opp. to ἀστυγείτων.

ἀγρο-δότης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγρα, δίδωμι) a giver of booty.

ἀγρόθεν, Adv. of ἀγρός, from the country.

ἀγροκία, ἡ, (ἀγροικος) boorishness, coarseness. II. country life, the country: pl. country houses.

ἀγροικίζομαι, f. Att. -ιοῖμαι, Dep. to be boorish. From ἀγρο-ικος, ον, (ἀγρός, οἰκέω) living in the country, rustic: hence 2. of men, boorish, rude: opp. to ἀστεῖος. 3. of fruits, grown in the country, common, opp. to γενναῖος: but also 4. of land, rough, uncultivated, like ἀγριος. Hence

ἀγροικώς, Adv. like a clown, rudely.

ἀγροιώτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for ἀγρότης, a countryman, clown. II. as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρό-κομος, ὁ, (ἀγρος, κομέω) a land-steward.

ἀγρόμενος, η, ον, part. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω, assembled.

ἀγρόνδε, Adv. of ἀγρός, to the country.

ἀγρό-νομος, ον, and in Anth. η, ον, (ἀγρός, νέμωμαι) hunting the country, rural: also = ἀγριος, wild.

ἌΓΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, Lat. AGER, a field, land: also the country, as opp. to the town.

ἀγρότερος, α, ον, (ἀγρός) poet. for ἀγριος, wild, of plants: of men, rustic. II. (ἀγρα) fond of the chase: hence ἡ ἀγοτέρα, the huntress.

ἀγροτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman: fem. ἀγρότειρα, as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρότης, ον, ὁ, fem. ἀγρότις, ἰδος, (ἀγρός) a countryman, countrywoman. 2. as Adj. living in the country, rural, rustic.

ἀγρο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, φύλαξ) a watcher of the country.

ἀγρυπνέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀγρυπνος) to be wakeful, lie awake: ἀγρυπνέει τι or εἰς τι, to be watchful for or intent upon a thing, Lat. invigilare rei. Hence

ἀγρυπνία, ἡ, sleeplessness, waking, watching.

ἀγρ-υπνος, ον, (ἀγρέω, ὑπνος) = ἀπυπνος, sleepless, wakeful.

ἀγρώσσω, = δαγρέω, to catch.

ἀγρώστης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγρός) = ἀγρότης, a countryman. II. (ἀγρα) a hunter: fem. ἀγρώστις, ἰδος, ἡ, a huntress.

ἀγρωστis, ἰος and εως, ἡ, a grass that mules feed on.

ἀγρώτης, ον, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman:—as Adj. of the field, wild.

ἀγυιά, ἡ, (ἀγώ) a way or road: in towns, a street, a public place; in plur. a city, town. [ἀγυιά] Hence ἀγυιάτης, ον, ὁ, = Ἄγυιεύς: voc. Ἄγυιάτα. [ἀγυιά]

ἀγυιάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of foreg. a neighbour. II. as Adj. Ἄγυιάτιδες θεραπείαι, the worship of Apollo Agyieus.

Ἄγυιεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (ἀγυιά) name of Apollo as guardian of the streets and public places.

ἀγυμνάσια, ἡ, want of exercise or training. From ἀ-γυμναστος, ον, (α privat., γυμνάω) without exercise, untrained; ἀγυμναστός τινος unpractised in a thing, also εἰς or πρὸς τι. 2. unbarassed, undisturbed.

II. Adv., ἀγυμνάστος ἔχειν to be unpractised.

ἀγύρις, ος, ἡ, Acol. form of ἀγορά, a gathering, crowd, assembly. [ἄ]

ἀγυρμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) a collection.

ἀγυρτάξω, (ἀγύρτης) to collect by begging. [ἄ]

ἀγύρτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) properly a gatherer, collector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, cheat. Hence

ἀγυρτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like a mountebank.

ἀγυρτρία, ἡ, fem. of ἀγυρτήρ.

ἀγχε-μάχος, ον, (ἀγχι, μάχομαι) fighting band to band: ἀγχ. ὕπλα arms for close fight.

ἌΓΧΙ, Adv. of place, = ἐγγύς, near, nigh at hand, close by, c. gen.:—Comp. ἀγχιον and ἄσσον: Sup. ἀγχιιστα, ἀγχιστάτω. Cf. ἀγχοῦ, ἀγχιιστος. [ἷ]

ἀγχι-ἄλος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀγχι, ἄλς) near the sea, of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, sea-girt, like ἀμφί-αλος.

ἀγχι-βάθης, ἐς, (ἀγχι, βαθός) deep close to shore.

ἀγχι-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγχι, γείτων) near, neighbouring.

ἀγχι-γυος, ον, (ἀγχι, γυία) of a neighbouring land.

ἀγχι-θεός, ον, (ἀγχι, θεός) near the gods, i. e. like gods or dwelling with the gods.

ἀγχι-θύρος, ον, (ἀγχι, θύρα) near the door, neighbouring. [r]

ἀγχι-μάχητος, οὐ, ὁ, = ἀγχιμάχος.

ἀγχι-μόλος, ον, (ἀγχι, μολεῖν) coming near: always in neut. as Adv. ἀγχιμόλον ἐλθεῖν or στήναι to come or stand near; ἐξ ἀγχιμόλοιο from nigh at hand.

ἀγχι-νεφής, ἔς, (ἀγχι, νέφος) near the clouds.

ἀγχι-νοία, ἡ, (ἀγχι, νοέω) a ready wit, sbrewdness, Lat. sagacitas.

ἀγχι-νοος, ον, contr. ἀγχι-νοος, ουν, (ἀγχι, νοῦς) ready of mind, sbrewd, Lat. sagax.

ἀγχιον, Comp. Adv. of ἀγχι, nearer.

ἀγχι-πλοος, ον, contr. ἀγχι-πλοος, ουν, (ἀγχι, πλοῦς) near by sea; ἀγχι. πόρος a short voyage.

ἀγχι-πολις, ποῖτ. ἀγχι-πολις, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγχι, πόλις) near the city, dwelling in the land.

ἀγχι-πορος, ἡ, (ἀγχι, πορεύομαι) passing near; κώλακες ἀγχιποροί flatterers at one's elbow.

ἀγχι-πολις, ποῖτ. for ἀγχι-πολις.

ἄγχιστα, v. ἄγχιστος.

ἀγχιστεία, ἡ, (ἀγχιστέω) nearness of kin. II. rights of kin, right of inheritance.

ἀγχιστεία, τά, = ἀγχιστεία.

ἀγχιστεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (ἀγχιστα) the next of kin: the heir at law.

ἀγχιστεύω, f. εἰσώ, (ἀγχιστος) to be near to one, c. dat.: esp. to be next of kin, to be heir at law.

ἀγχιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for ἀγχιστεύς, ἀγχιστήρ τοῦ πάθους immediate author of the suffering.

ἀγχιστίνος, ἡ, ον, ποῖτ. lengthd. form of ἀγχιστος, close-packed, in a heap.

ἀγχιστος, ον, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) next or nearest: ἀγχιστος γένει nearest of kin: neut. ἀγχιστον, or ἀγχιστα, as Sup. Adv. most nearly, ἀγχιστα εὐκος most nearly like; οἱ ἀγχιστα the next of kin: freq. c. gen. as ἀγχιστά τινος, nearest to him. II. of time, last, Lat. proximus.

ἀγχι-στροφος, ον, (ἀγχι, στρέφω) turning near, quick-wheeling, of a bird. 2. quick-changing, changeable, sudden: neut. pl. ἀγχιστροφα as Adv. suddenly.

ἀγχι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγχι, τέρμα) near the borders, neighbouring.

ἀγχι-τοκος, ον, (ἀγχι, τόκος) near the birth.

ἀγχιθῆν, Adv. (ἀγχιθῆ) from nigh at hand.

ἀγχιθῆ, Adv. = ἀγχιθῆ, nigh at hand, c. gen.

ἀγχιόνη, ἡ, (ἀγχιω) throttling, strangling, banging: κρείσσον ἀγχιόνης worse than banging; ἀγχιόνης πέλας as bad as banging; ἀγχιόνη καὶ λίπη anguish and grief. 2. a rope for banging, balier.

ἀγχιόνιος, α, ον, (ἀγχιόνη) fit for strangling or banging.

ἀγχι-χορεύω, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-χορεύω.

ἀγχιχότατος, ἡ, ον, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) nearest, next: mostly as Adv. ἀγχιχότα, like ἀγχιστα, c. gen.; οἱ ἀγχιχότατο προσήκοτες the nearest of kin.

ἀγχιότερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀγχι) nearer.

ἄΓΧΟΥ = ἀγχι, near, nigh at hand: absol., or c. gen., also c. dat., cf. ἀγχι.

ἄΓΧΩ, impf. ἦγchon: f. ἀγῶ: aor. ἦγχα:—Lat. ANGO, to press tight, esp. the throat: to strangle, throttle, hang.

ἀγχι-ὠμάλος, ον, (ἀγχι, ὠμάλος) nearly equal; ἀγχι-ὠμάλος μάχη a doubtful battle. Adv. ἀγχιὠμάλος, also ἀγχιὠμάλα, doubtfully, Lat. aequo Marte.

ἄΓΩ, Lat. AGO: impf. ἦγον, Ep. ἄγον, Ion. ἄγεσκον: fut. ἄξω: aor. 2 ἦγαγον, inf. ἀγαγεῖν; less freq. aor. I ἦξα, inf. ἄξει Ep. ἀξέμεν or ἀξέμεναι: pf. ἦχα, redupl. ἀγήσχα.—Med., fut. ἄξομαι: aor. I ἦξάμην, aor. 2 ἠγαγόμην.—Pass., fut. ἀχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ἄξομαι, with pass. signif.: aor. I pass. ἦχθην: pf. ἦξιμαι: verb. Adj. ἀκτέω:—Lat. AGO:

I. Act. to lead, lead away, of persons, φέρειν being used of things; ἄγειν καὶ φέρειν to carry off the spoil of a land, both cattle and movables, like Lat. agere et ferre: ἄγειν εἰς δίκην or δικαστήριον, or ἄγειν ἐπὶ τοὺς δικαστάς, to carry before a court of justice, Lat. rapere in jus. 2.

to lead on, lead towards; ἄγειν θανάτου τέλοσδε led on to death; c. inf., ἀγει θανεῖν it leads to death: hence to lead, as a general; to guide, as the gods, etc. 3. to bring up, train, educate, καλῶς or κακῶς ἡχθῆναι.

4. to draw out in length; τεῖχος ἄγειν, Lat. murum ducere, to build a wall. 5. like Lat. agere, to hold, celebrate, εορτήν, etc.: also to bold, keep, observe, εἰρήνην, σπονδάς, etc.: ἄγειν βίον, Lat. agere vitam, to lead a life, live. 6. like Lat. ducere, to hold, consider; ἐν τιμῇ ἄγειν or ἀγεσθαι, to bold in honour, etc. 7. like ἔλκειν, to weigh so much, e. g. ἄγειν μῶν, τριακοσίου δαρείκου, etc., to weigh a mina, 300 darics, etc. II.

Med. ἀγομαι, to lead away for oneself, carry off, as χρυσόν τε καὶ ἄργυρον οἰκᾶδ ἀγεσθαι. 2. ἀγεσθαι γυναῖκα, Lat. uxorem ducere, to take to oneself a wife; absol. ἀγεσθαι, to marry; but also of the father, to choose a wife for his son. 3. διὰ στόμα ἀγεσθαι μῦθον to let pass through the mouth, i. e. to utter. 4. ἀγεσθαί τι ἐς χεῖρας, to take a thing into one's hands.

ἀγγωαῖος, ον, (ἀγγωγή) fit for leading by, of a dog's collar or leash.

ἀγγωεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (ἀγγω to lead) a leader, one that draws or drags. II. that by which one leads, a rein, leash.

ἀγγωγή, ἡ, (ἀγγω) a leading away, a carrying away or off: also in intrans. sense, a going away. 2. a bringing to or in, bringing before an assembly. 3. a leading towards a point, guiding: the leading of an army, guiding a state. 4. a training, educating: and intrans. conduct, mode of life.

ἀγώγιμος, ον, (ἀγω) easy to be carried: τὰ ἀγώγιμα, things portable, a cargo of wares. II. that may be carried away: of persons, outlawed, or delivered into bondage. III. easily led, com-

plaisant.

ἀγώνιον, τό, (ἀγών) *the load of a wagon.*

ἀγωγός, ὄν, (ἀγών) *leading, guiding:* as Subst., ἀγωγός, ὄ, *a guide; ἀγωγοί an escort.* II. *leading towards.*

III. *drawing to oneself, eliciting, c. gen.: attractive, τὸ ἀγωγόν, attractiveness.*

ἌΓΩΝ, ἄνωσ, ὄ, *an assembly, like ἀγορά:* esp. *an assembly met to see games.* 2. *a place of assembly: a place of contest, the arena or stadium.*

II. *the assembly of the Greeks at their great national games, as, ἀγῶν Ὀλυμπιάς, ἀγῶν Ὀλυμπικός, etc.:* hence *the contest for a prize at their games.* 2. *generally, any struggle or contest, ἀγῶν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς.* 3. *a battle.* 4. *an action at law, trial.* 5. *metaph., ἐστὶν ἀγῶν λόγων, μάχης, etc., now is the time for speaking, fighting, etc.*

ἄγων-ἀρχῆς, οὐ, ὄ, (ἀγῶν, ἀρχῶ) *a president or judge of a contest.*

ἄγωνία, ἦ, *a struggle for victory.* 2. *gymnastic exercise, wrestling.* 3. *of the mind, agony, anguish.*

ἀγωνιάω: impf. ἠγωνίων: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἠγωνίασα: pf. ἠγωνίακα:—*to be engaged in a contest, to compete, like ἀγωνίζομαι.* III. *to strive eagerly, to be anxious about a thing.*

ἀγωνίδαται, v. ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἀγωνίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι, aor. I ἠγωνίσασθην:—*for the pass. forms see signf. II. 2: (ἀγῶν):—to contend for a prize, esp. in the public games; ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to contend in the foot-race; ἀγ. περὶ τινοσ to contend for a prize; ἀγ. τιμι or πρὸς τινα to contend with one.* 2. *to fight.* 3. *to contend for the prize on the stage, act.* II. *to contend against in a law-suit; ἀγ. δίκην, γραφήν, to fight a cause to the last; ἀγ. φόνον to fight against a charge of murder.* 2. *in Pass. to be won by a hard contest, but rarely save in pf., e. g. πολλοὶ ἀγῶνες ἀγωνίδαται (Ion. for ἠγωνισμένοι εἰσί), many battles have been fought; so also in aor. I ἠγωνίσθην.*

ἄγωνιος, οὐ, (ἀγῶν) *presiding over the contest or the games, as an epithet of the gods:—σχολῆ ἀγῶνιος cessation from combat. [ᾶ]*

ἄγωνίσις, ἦ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contending for a prize.*

ἄγωνισμα, τό, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contest for a prize, generally, a contest: in plur. achievements, exploits.* II. *an object to strive for; the prize of contest, distinction.* III. *that with which one contends, an essay, declamation.*

ἄγωνισμός, ὄ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *rivalry.*

ἄγωνιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀγωνίζομαι, *one must contend.*

ἄγωνιστής, οὐ, ὄ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a combatant, rival, esp. at the games: an advocate: also an actor; hence πρωτ-αγωνιστής, δευτερ-αγωνιστής, etc.* 2. *a champion.*

ἄγωνιστικός, ὄ, ὄν, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *fit for contesting or striving; also fitted for winning:—ἡ ἀγωνιστικῆ (sub. τέχνη) the art of winning or prevailing.*

Adv. -κῶς, ἀγωνιστικῶς ἔχειν *to be disposed for combat.*

ἀγωνοθετής, f. ἦσω, *to be a judge or director of the games: generally, to direct, promote, judge, decide.* From

ἀγωνο-θέτης, οὐ, ὄ, (ἀγῶν, τίθημι) *a president in the games: a judge.*

ἄδαγμός, ὄ, Ion. for ὀδαγμός, *an itching, sting.*

ἄδαημονία or ἄδαημοσύνη, ἦ, *ignorance, unskillfulness in doing.* From

ἄ-δάημων, οὐ, (a privat., δαῖναι) *unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. μάχης ἄδαημων: but, ἀδ. κακῶν beyond the knowledge, i. e. reach of ill.*

ἄδαής, ἐς, (a privat., δαῖναι) = *foreg. unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. also c. inf. unknowing how to.*

ἄ-δάητος, οὐ, (a privat., δαῖναι) *unknown.*

ἄ-δαίσις, οὐ, (a privat., δαίσις) Dor. for ἀδήσις.

ἄ-δαίσις, οὐ, (a privat., δαίνυμαι) *not to be eaten, unlawful to eat.*

ἄ-δακρῦς, v, gen. vos, (a privat., δάκρυ) = ἀδάκρυτος I. II. = ἀδάκρυτος II.

ἄ-δακρῦτι, Adv. *without tears.* From

ἄ-δακρῦτος, οὐ, (a privat., δακρῶ) *without tears: hence I. act. not weeping, tearless. II. pass. unwept.*

ἄ-δάλης, ἐς, Dor. for ἀ-δήλητος.

ἄδαμάντινος, οὐ, (ἀδάμας) *adamantine, of steel: hence, bard as adamant, stubborn.* Adv. -vos.

ἄδαμαντό-δετος, οὐ, (ἀδάμας, δέω) *iron-bound.*

ἄ-δάμας, αὐτος, ὄ, (a privat., δαμάω) *unconquerable: hence I. as Subst. adamant, i. e. the hardest metal, prob. steel: also the diamond. II. as Adj. inexorable.*

ἄ-δάμαστος, οὐ, (a privat., δαμάω) *properly of horses, unbroken, untamable:—metaph. inexorable.*

ἄ-δάματος, οὐ, Trag. form of foreg.: also of females, *unwedded.* [ᾶδᾶ-: but also ᾶδ- as in ᾶ-θάνατος.]

ἄ-δάπανος, οὐ, (a privat., δαπάνη) *without expense, costing nothing.* Adv. -vos.

ἄ-δασμος, οὐ, *tribute-free.*

ᾶ-δαστος, οὐ, (a privat., δάσασθαι aor. I of δατέομαι) *undivided.*

ἄδδές, Ep. vocat. of ἀδέης.

ἄδδῆκότες, poet. for ἀδδῆκότες, pf. part. of ἀδέω.

ἄδδην, poet. for ἀδδην.

ἄδδῆσειε, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ἄδδῆ-φαγέω, etc., v. sub ἀδδῆφ-.

ᾶδε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἀνάω. [ᾶ]

ἄδέα, Dor. poet. for ἠδέα, fem. of ἠδύς: also as Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

ἄ-δέας, Ep. ᾶ-δεῖης, ἐς, Ep. voc. ἄδδές, (a privat., δέος) *fearless, shameless.* 2. *fearless, secure: τὸ ἀδέες, security:—Adv. ἀδέως, without fear or scruple, confidently, abundantly.* II. *causing no fear, not formidable.*

ᾶδεια, ἦ, (ἀδέης) *freedom from fear, safety, security; ᾶδειαν δίδονα, παρέχειν, etc., to grant an am-*

nesty; ἐν ἀδείῃ εἶναι to feel secure; μετ' ἀδείας with a promise of security.

ἀ-δειής, ἐς, Ep. for ἀ-δεής.

ἀ-δείμαντος, ον, (a privat., δειμαίνω) *undaunted*: c. gen. without fear for a person. Adv. -τως.

ἀδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δειπνος, ον, (a privat., δειπνῶ) *without food, unfed*.

ἀ-δέκαστος, ον, (a privat., δεκάζω) *unbribed*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δέκατετος, ον, (a privat., δεκάτεῖω) *not titbed*.

ἀ-δεκτος, ον, (a privat., δέχομαι) *not received or believed*. II. act. *not receiving, not capable of*—τινός.

ἀδελφέα, ἡ, Dor. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφείη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφεός, ὁ, Ep. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφεο-κτόνος, ον, Ion. for ἀδελφο-κτόνος.

ἀδελφεός, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφή, ἡ, fem. of ἀδελφός, a sister.

ἀδελφίδος, ον, contr. ἀδελφιδούς, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's son, a nephew.

ἀδελφιδῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. for ἀδελφιδῆ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's daughter, a niece.

ἀδελφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀδελφός, a little brother.

ἀδελφιζῶ, fut. Att. ἰω, (ἀδελφός) to adopt as brother.

ἀδελφικός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀδελφο-κτόνος, Ion. ἀδελφικο-κτόνος, ον, (ἀδελφός, κτείνω) *murdering a brother or sister*.

ἀδελφός, (a copul., δελφός): I. as Subst.

ἀδελφός, Ion. -φείος, Ep. -φείος, ὁ, a brother; in pl. ἀδελφοί brothers and sisters. II. as Adj. ἀδελφός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat. *geminus*, in pairs, twin, also twin to a thing, just like it. Hence

ἀδελφότης, ητος, ἡ, brotherhood, brotherly kindness. 2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood.

ἀ-δενδρος, ον, (a privat., δένδρον) *without trees*.

ἀ-δέξιος, ον, (a privat., δεξιός) *awkward*.

ἀ-δερκίος, ἐς, (a privat., δερκομαι) *unseen, invisible*.

ἀ-δερκτος, ον, (a privat., δερκομαι) *not seeing, sightless, ὄμματα*. Adv. -τως, *without looking*.

ἀ-δεσμος, ον, (a privat., δεσμός) *unfettered, unbound*; ἀδεσμος φυλακή, Lat. *libera custodia*, of prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

ἀ-δέσποτος, ον, (a privat., δεσποτής) *without a master*:—of writings, anonymous.

ἀ-δετος, ον, (a privat., δέω) *unbound: free*.

ἀ-δευκής, ἐς, (a privat., δεῦκος) *not sweet, sour, bitter*, Lat. *acerbus*.

ἀ-δέψητος, ον, (a privat., δεψέω) *untanned*.

*'ΑΔΕ'Ω, to please, obsol. pres., whence ἀνδάνω has its fut., aor. 2, and pf.: v. ἀνδάνω.

*'ΑΔΕ'Ω, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come aor. I opt. ἀδῆσσει or ἀδησσει, may be sated; and pf. part. ἀδῆκότες or ἀδηκότες, sated. Cf. ἄω, satio.

ἀ-δήμιος, contr. ἀ-δηος, Dor. ἀ-δάιος, ον, (a privat., δήμιος) *unassailed*.

ἀ-δηκτος, ον, (a privat., δάκνω) *not gnawed or worm-eaten: not carped at*.

ἀδηλέω, (ἀδηλος) *to be at a loss about a thing*.

ἀ-δηλήτος, ον, (a privat., δηλέομαι) *unburt*.

ἀδηλία, (ἀδηλος) *uncertainty*.

ἀ-δηλος, ον, *unknowen, ignoble*.

II. *unknowen, unseen, secret*; ἀδηλὸν ἐστίν εἰ., or ὅτι., it is uncertain whether ... Adv. -λως, *secretly*: Sup. ἀδηλότατα.

ἀδηλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀδηλος) *uncertainty*.

ἀδημονέω, f. ἦσω, to be in great distress or anguished at a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀδημονία, ἡ, *great distress or anguish*.

ἄδην, Ep. ἄδδην, Att. ἄδην, Adv. (*ἀδέω) Lat. *SATIS*, enough, abundantly; ἔδμεναι ἄδδην to eat their fill, of horses; ἄδην πολέμοιο enough of war;

ἄδην ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀ-δηρις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., δηρίς) *without strife*.

ἀ-δηρίτος, ον, (a privat., δηρίομαι) *without strife or battle, uncontested*. II. *unconquerable*.

ἀδήσειε, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ἀδήσω, fut. of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδης or 'Αιδης, ον, ὁ, Att., but also 'Αΐδης [υ υ -], ao and εω:—*Hades*, the god of the lower world, Lat. *Pluto*: εἰν and εἰς 'Αΐδαο, Attic ἐν and ἐς 'Αΐδου (with or without δόμος), in or into the house of *Hades*.

II. later, *the grave, death*.

ἀδη-φάγος, ον, (ἀδην, φάγειν) *eating to excess, devouring, gluttonous*.

ἀ-δηωτος, ον, (a privat., δηώω) *not wasted*.

ἀ-διάβυτος, ον, (a privat., διαβαίνω) *not to be crossed, impassable*.

ἀ-διάκριτος, ον, (a privat., διακρίνω) *undistinguishable: unintelligible*. 2. *undecided*.

ἀ-διάλειπτος, ον, (a privat., διαλείπω) *unintermitting, unceasing*. Adv. -ως.

ἀ-διάλλακτος, ον, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) *irreconcilable, allowing no reconciliation*. Adv., ἀδιαλλάκτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διάλυτος, ον, (a privat., διαλύω) *undissolved: indissoluble*. 2. *irreconcilable*. Adv., ἀδιαλύτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διανόητος, ον, (a privat., διανοέομαι) *incomprehensible*. II. act. *not understanding, silly*.

ἀ-διαντος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., διαίνω) *unwilted*:—ἀδιαντον, τό, a plant, maiden's hair.

ἀ-διάπαυστος, ον, (a privat., διαπαύω) *not to be stilled, incessant, violent*.

ἀ-διάπτωτος, ον, (a privat., διαπίπτω) *not liable to error, infallible*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάσπαστος, ον, (a privat., διασπάω) *not torn asunder, unbroken*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat., διατρέπω) *immovable, headstrong*. Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀδιατρεψία, ἡ, *immovableness, obstinacy*.

ἀ-διάφθαρτος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) *incorruptible*.

ἀδιαφθορία, ἡ, *freedom from corruption*. From ἀ-διάφθορος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) *incorrupt, incorruptible*. II. *imperishable*.

ἀ-διάφορος, ον, (a privat., διαφέρω) *not different: indifferent*.

ἀ-διδάκτος, ον, (a privat., διδάσκω) of persons, *untaught, unlearned, rude*. II. of things, *not learnt: also, learnt without teaching*.

ἀ-διεξέργαστος, ον, (a privat., διεξεργάζομαι) *not to be wrought out or finished*.

ἀ-διεξοδος, ον, (a privat., διεξόδω) *without outlet*. II. act. *unable to get out*.

ἀ-διεργάστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) *not worked out, unfinished*.

ἀ-διερευνητός, ον, (a privat., διερευνάω) *unexamined*.

ἀ-διηγήτος, ον, (a privat., διηγέομαι) *indescribable*.

ἀ-δικαστος, ον, (a privat., δικάζω) *without judgment given, undecided*.

ἀδικειμένος, Bocot. for ἡδικημένος, part. perf. pass. of ἀδικέω.

ἀδικέω: impf. ἡδίκειον, Ion. εὖν: f. ἡσω: aor. I ἡδίκησα: pf. ἡδίκηκα: Pass., with fut. med. ἀδικήσομαι: pf. ἡδίκημαι: (ἀδικος):—*to do wrong*. II. trans. c. acc. pers. *to do one wrong, to wrong, injure*: c. dupl. acc., ἀδ. τινά τι *to wrong one in a thing*:—Pass. *to be wronged or injured*.

ἀδικημα, τό, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong done, a wrong, injury*, Lat. *injuria*: c. gen., ἀδ. τινος *a wrong done to one*.

ἀδικητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀδικέω, *one ought to do wrong*.

ἀδικία, ἡ, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong, offence, = ἀδίκημα*. II. *injustice*.

ἀδικιον, τό, = ἀδίκημα, *an act of wrong*.

ἀ-δικος, ον, (a privat., δίκη) of persons and things, *doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust*; ἀδικος εἰς τι *unjust in a thing, περί τινα in respect to a person*: ἀδικον λόγος *a plea of injustice*; ἀδικον χειρῶν ἄρξαι *to begin lawless acts of violence*; ἀδικος πλοῦτος *unrighteous gain*. II. *wrong, improper, ill-matched, as horses*. III. ἀδικος ἡμέρα, i. e. ἀνευ δικῶν, *a day on which the courts were shut*, Lat. *dies nefastus*. Hence

ἀδικως, Adv. *without right or reason*.

ἀδινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδην) *close, thick*: hence I. *crowded or thronged, close-packed*. 2. *vehement, loud, esp. of sounds*:—more freq. as Adv. ἀδινῶς, also neut. ἀδινῶν and ἀδινά, *vehemently, loudly*; Comp. ἀδινώτερον. [ᾶ]

ἀ-διοικητός, ον, (a privat., διοικέω) *unarranged*.

ἀ-διόρθωτος, ον, (a privat., διορθῶ) *not corrected: incorrigible*.

ἀ-διστακτος, ον, (a privat., διστάζω) *without doubting*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διψος, ον, (a privat., δίψα) *without thirst, not thirsty*.

ἀ-δηής, ἦτος, ὀ, ἡ, = ἄδμητος.

ἀδμητις, ἶδος, acc. ἀδμητιν, fem. of ἀδμητός.

ἀ-δητος, ἦτος, ον, (a privat., δαμάω) poet. for ἀδάματος, *untamed*: of cattle, *unbroken, wild*; of maidens, *unmarried*.

ἀδο-βάτης, ον, ὀ, (ᾄδης, βάνω) *one who has gone to Hades*. [βᾶ]

ἄδιον, Dor. for ἡδιον, neut. Comp. of ἡδύς.

ἄδοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δόκητος, ον, (a privat., δοκέω) *unexpected*. II. *inglorious*, Adv. -τως, also neut. ἀδόκητα as Adv. *unexpectedly*; so also, ἀπό τοῦ ἀδοκῆτου.

ἀ-δοκιμαστος, ον, (a privat., δοκιμάζω) *untried, unproved*. [ῖ]

ἀ-δοκίμος, ον, (a privat., δόκιμος) *unproved, spurious, base, mean*. II. *rejected as spurious, reprobate*.

ἀδολοσχέω, fut. ἡσω, *to talk idly, to prate*. [ᾶ] From

ἀδο-λέσχης, ον, ὀ, also ἀδό-λεσχος, ον, (ἄδος, λέσχη) *a prating fellow*. II. in good sense, *a keen, subtle reasoner*. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀδολοσχία, ἡ, *prating, frivolity*. II. *keenness, subtlety*. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀδολοσχικός, ἡ, ὄν, *disposed to prate, frivolous*. [ᾶ]

ἀ-δόλος, ον, *guileless, artless*: in Att. esp. of treaties, *without dishonest intent*. II. of liquids, *unmixed, pure*. Adv. -λως, *without fraud*.

ἄδον, Ep. for ἔαδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδον, impf. of ἄδω.

ἀ-δόνητος, ον, (a privat., δονέω) *not shaken*.

ἄδονις, ἶδος, ἡ, poet. for ἀδονίς. [ᾶ]

ἀ-δόξαστος, ον, (a privat., δοξάζω) *unexpected*. II. *not matter of opinion, i. e. certain*.

ἀδοξέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀδοξος) *to be of no reputation, stand in ill repute*. II. trans. *to bold in no esteem*.

Hence

ἀδοξία, ἡ, *ill repute, disrepute*.

ἀ-δοξος, ον, (a privat., δόξα) *disreputable, disgraceful*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*.

*'ΑΔΟΣ, εος, τό, *satiety, loathing*.

ἄδος, εος, τό, Dor. for ἡδος, joy.

ἀ-δοτος, ον, (a privat., δίδωμι) *without gifts*.

ἀ-δουλος, ον, (a privat., δούλος) *without slaves, unattended, deserted*.

ἀ-δούλωτος, ον, (a privat., δουλῶ) *unenslaved*.

ἀ-δουπητος, ον, (a privat., δουπέω) *noisless*.

ἀδρανεία, Ep. ἀδρανίη, ἡ, *inactivity*. From ἀ-δρανής or ἀ-δρανής, ἐς, (a privat., δραινῶ) *inactive, listless, feeble*.

'Αδράστεια, Ion. 'Αδρήστεια, ἡ, a name of Nemesis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later as Adj., epith. of Νέμεσις, *not to be escaped*, as if from διδράσκω, cf. sq.

ἀ-δραστος, Ion. ἀ-δρητος, ον, (a privat., διδράσκω) *not running away, not inclined to run away*.

ἀ-δρεπτος, ον, (a privat., δρέπω) *unplucked*.

ᾗ-δρηστος, ον, Ion. for ᾗ-δραστος.

'Αδρίας, ον, Ion. 'Αδρίης, εω, ὀ, *the Adriatic Sea*. Hence

ἙΑδριατικὸς and ἙΑδρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of the Adriatic. Ἑἀδριμύς, υ, (a privat., δριμύς) not tart or pungent. ἙἀΠΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, properly stout, thick:—hence full-grown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: generally, strong, great in any way. Hence

Ἑἀδρυσίνη, ἡ, = sq.
Ἑἀδρότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (Ἑἀδρός) stoutness: ripeness, fullness, esp. of the body. II. abundance.

Ἑἀδρόρμαι, Pass. (Ἑἀρός) to grow ripe: to come to one's strength.

Ἑἀδρῖνω, (Ἑἀρός) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe. Ἑἀδύ-γλωσσος, -επιής, -μελής, Dor. for ἡδύ-

Ἑἀδυνάμια, ἡ, (a privat., δύναμις) want of strength, weakness: poverty.

Ἑἀδυνάστια, ἡ, = ἀδυναμία.
Ἑἀδυνάτιος, ἡ, ἦσω, (Ἑἀδύνατος) to want strength, power, or ability. Hence

Ἑἀδυνάπια, ἡ, = ἀδυναμία.
Ἑἀδυνάτος, ὄν, unable to do a thing, c. inf. 2.

absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things, disabled:—τὸ ἀδύνατον want of strength. II.

Pass. unable to be done, impossible: τὸ ἀδ. impossibility. III. Adv. -τως, without power, feebly. [ῥ]

Ἑἀδύς, ἔα, ὕ, Dor. for ἡδύς.
Ἑἀδύτος, ὄν, (a privat., δῶν) not to be entered:—

hence as Subst. Ἑἀδύτον, τό, the innermost sanctuary or shrine, Lat. *adytum*: also Ἑἀδύτος, ὄ.

Ἑἀδω, Att. contr. for ἀείδω, q. v.
Ἑἀδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἀηδών, the nightingale. [ᾗ]

Ἑἀδωνία, τά, the mourning for Adonis.
Ἑἀδωνιάζω, to keep the Adonia. Hence

Ἑἀδωνιασμός, οὔ, ὄ, the mourning for Adonis.
Ἑἀδωνις, ἰδος, ὄ, Adonis. 2. Ἑἀδωνίδος κῆποι,

pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [ᾗ]
Ἑἀδάρητος, ὄν, (a privat., δαρῆομαι) = Ἑἀδωρος.

Ἑἀδωροδόκητος, ὄν, (a privat., δωροδοκέω) = sq. Adv. -τως.

Ἑἀδωροδόκος, ὄν, unbribed, incorruptible.
Ἑἀδωρος, ὄν, (a privat., δῶρον) without gifts, taking no gifts, unbribed:—Ἑἀδωρα δῶρα gifts that are no gifts.

II. giving no gifts, fruitless.
Ἑἀδῶτης, ὄν, ὄ, (a privat., δίδωμι) one who gives nothing.

Ἑἀεί, Dor. for ἀεί. [ᾗ]
Ἑἀένδος, ὄν, (a privat., ἔδνα) undowered.

Ἑἀθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλεύω.
Ἑἀθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλεύω: Ion. impf. ἀέθλεον.

Ἑἀθλητής, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλητής.
Ἑἀθλιον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον: properly neut.

from
Ἑἀθλιος, ὄν, also a, ὄν, (Ἑἀθλον) running for the prize; Ἑἀθλιος ἵππος a race-horse; Ἑἀθλιον μῆλον the apple of discord.

Ἑἀθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον.
Ἑἀθλος, ὄ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλος.

Ἑἀθλο-φόρος, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλο-φόρος.
Ἑἀεί, Adv. ever, always, for ever: δεῦρ' ἀεί ever up

to this time: also εἰς ἀεί or εἰσαεί. With the Artic.

ὄ ἀεί κρατῶν the ruler for the time being, whoever is ruler; ὄ ἀεί βασιλευῖς the reigning king. Besides ἀεί the Ion. and poet. forms ἀεί and αἰέν are very common: in Dor. also αἰές, δές, and ζέ.

Ἑἀεί-βολος, ὄν, (Ἑἀεί, βῆλλω) continually thrown.

Ἑἀεί-γενέτης, ποῖτ. αἰεί-γενέτης, ὄν, ὄ, (Ἑἀεί, γενέσθαι) epith. of the gods in Homer, like αἰέν ἔόντες, ever existing, immortal.

Ἑἀεί-γενής, ἔς, Att. for ἀεί-γενέτης.
Ἑἀείδε, Ep. 3 imperat. or 2 imperat. of ἀείδω.

Ἑἀείδελος, ὄν, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, dark.
Ἑἀείδης, ἔς, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, without bodily form.

II. (a privat., εἶδεναι) unknown, obscure.
Ἑἀεί-δίνητος, ὄν, (Ἑἀεί, δινέω) ever revolving. [ῥ]

ἙἈΕΙ'ΔΩ, Att. contr. Ἑἀδω: impf. ἥειδον, Ep. ἀείδον, Att. ἥδον: fut. ἀείσομαι, Att. ἥσομαι, Dor. ἀείδωμαι; rarely ἀείσω, Att. ἥσω, Dor. ἥσῶ: aor. I ἥεισα, Ep. ἄεισα, Att. ἥσα:—Pass., aor. I ἥσθην: pf. ἥσμαι:—

to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter, croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string to twang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to ring. II. trans.:—I. c. acc. rei, to sing, chaunt, descant on. 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. 3.

Pass. to resound with song.
Ἑἀεί-ζωος, ὄν, Att. contr. ἀεί-ζωος, ὄν, (Ἑἀεί, ζῶη) everliving, everlasting.

Ἑἀεί-θάλλης, ἔς, (Ἑἀεί, θάλος) ever-green.
Ἑἀεικέλη or -λή [ῥ], Att. contr. αἰκία [ῥ], ἡ, unseemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.

Ἑἀεικέλιος, a, ὄν, also os, ὄν, poet. form for sq.: contr. αἰκέλιος. Adv. -ίως.

Ἑἀεικής, ἔς, Att. contr. αἰκῆς, ἔς, (a privat., εἶκος) unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. ἀεικέες as Adv. in unseemly manner.

Ἑἀεικίη, ἡ, = ἀεικείη.
Ἑἀεικίζω, Att. contr. αἰκίζω, fut. Att. -ίῶ: aor. I ἡέικισα, Ep. ἀέικισσα:—Ep. aor. pass. inf. ἀεικισθῆναι: (ἀεικῆς):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse.

Ἑἀεί-κίνητος, ὄν, (Ἑἀεί, κινέω) ever moving, in perpetual motion. [ῥ]

Ἑἀεικισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀεικίζω.
Ἑἀείκισσα, ἀεικισσάμην, Ep. aor. I act. and med. of ἀεικίζω.

Ἑἀεικῶς, Att. fut. of ἀεικίζω.
Ἑἀεικῶς, Ion. ἀεικέως, Adv. of ἀεικῆς, shamefully.

Ἑἀεί-λαλος, ὄν, (Ἑἀεί, λαλέω) ever-babbling.
Ἑἀειλογία, ἡ, as Att. law-term, τὴν ἀειλογίαν παρέχειν, προτείνεσθαι to court continual inquiry. From

Ἑἀεί-λόγος, ὄν, (Ἑἀεί, λέγω) always talking.
Ἑἀεί-μνηστος, ὄν, also η, ὄν, (Ἑἀεί, μνησσομαι) had in everlasting remembrance: ever-memorable, everlasting. Adv. -τως.

Ἑἀεί-νωος, ὄν, contr. Ἑἀεί-νωος, ὄν, (Ἑἀεί, νῶω) = ἀένωος, ever-flowing.

Ἑἀεί-νηστος, ἰος, ὄ, ἡ, ever-fasting.
Ἑἀεί-πλάνος, ὄν, (Ἑἀεί, πλανᾶομαι) ever-wandering.

Ἑἀείραι, Ep. for ἡείραι, aor. I of ἀείρει.
Ἑἀείραι, aor. I inf. of ἀείρω.

ἀεί-ροος, *ov*, contr. ἀεί-ρους, *ουν*, = *sq.*
 ἀεί-ρῦτος, *ον*, (ἀεί, ρέω) *ever-flowing*.
 ἌΕΙΡΩ, Att. αἶρω: fut. ἀρῶ [ᾶ], contr. from
 ἀερῶ: aor. I act. ἤερα, Ep. αἶρα.—Med., fut. ἀρῶ-
 μαι [ᾶ], contr. from ἀερῶμαι: aor. I ἤεραμην.—
 Pass., aor. I ἤέρθην, Ep. ἀέρθην: pf. ἤεραμαι: Ep. 3 sing.
 plqpf. ἄωρω: for the Att. forms, v. αἶρω:—*to lift, beave, raise up*, hence *to bear, carry: to carry off as plunder*: but also *to hand, offer*:—Med. *to lift up for oneself*, i. e. *bear off, win, take for oneself*:—Pass. *to be hung up, to hang*; μάχαυρα παρὰ ξίφους κουλῆον ἄωρω the dagger *hung* beside the sword sheath. 2. *to raise or stir up*; αἶρασθαι τὰ ἰστία *to boist sail*: Pass. *to raise up, arise*.

ἀείσα, Ep. aor. I of ἀείδω.
 ἀείσαι, part. nom. pl. fem. of ἀημι.
 ἀείσμα, τό, poet. and Ion. for ἀσμα, as ἀείδω for ᾄδω.
 ἀείσι, 3 pl. of ἀημι.
 ἀείσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω.
 ἀει-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀεί, φανῆναι) *ever-shining or appearing*.

ἀεί-φρουρος, *ον*, (ἀεί, φρουρά) *ever-watched or ever-wakeful*.
 ἀει-φύγια, ἦ, (ἀεί, φυγή) *exile for life*.
 ἀει-χρόνος, *ον*, (ἀεί, χρόνος) *everlasting*.
 ἀεκαζόμενος, *η, on*, (ἀέκων) *unwilling, resisting*;
 πόλλ' ἀεκαζόμενος, Virgil's *multa reluctans*.

ἀ-εκήλος, *ον*, for ἀεικέλιος.
 ἀέκητι or ἀεκητί, (ἀέκων) Ep. Adv. *against the will*, often in Homer c. gen.; σεῦ ἀέκητι, Lat. *te invito*; θεῶν ἀέκητι, Lat. *Diis non propitiis*.

ἀ-εκούσιος, *ον*, also *α, on*, Att. contr. ἀκούσιος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐκούσιος) *against the will, forced, involuntary*.

ἀ-έκων, Att. contr. ἄκων [ᾶ], *ουσα, on*, (a privat., ἐκῶν) *against the will, unwilling: without design or purpose*.

ἄελιος, Dor. for ἥελιος, ἥλιος.
 ἄελλα, Ep. ἀέλλη, *ης, ἦ*, (ἄω, ἄημι) *a stormy wind, a whirlwind*. 2. metaph. of any *whirling motion*. [ἄε]

ἄελλαῖος, *α, on*, (ἄελλα) *stormy, swift as the storm*.
 ἄελλάς, ἄδος, ἦ, = ἀελλαῖος.
 ἄελλῆς, ἐς, (ἄελλα) *eddying*.
 ἄελλο-μάχος, *ον*, (ἄελλα, μάχομαι) *struggling with the storm*. [ᾶ]

ἄελλό-πος, Homeric form of *sq.*
 ἄελλό-πους, ὁ, ἦ, *πουν, τό*, gen. ποδος, (ἄελλα, πούς) *storm-footed, swift as the storm*, only found in Ep. form ἄελλό-πος, like ἀρτί-πος, πούλυ-πος, etc.: dat. pl. ἀελλοπόδεσσιν.

ἄελπτέω, (ἄελπτος) *to be without hope, to despair*.
 ἐ-ελπτῆς, ἐς, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) *unhoped for, unexpected*.

ἄελπτία, ἦ, *an unlooked for event*: ἐξ ἀελπτίας, Lat. *ex insperato, unexpectedly*. 2. *despair*.

From
 ἄ-ελπτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) *unlooked for, un-*

expected: to be despaired of: ἀέλπτα, neut. pl. as Adv. *unexpectedly*. II. act. *hopeless, desperate*.

ἀελπτῶς, Adv. of ἀελπτής, *unexpectedly*.
 ἀέ-ναός, *ον*, also Ep. ἀεί-ναος, contr. ἀεί-νωος, *ον*, (ἀεί, νῶω) *ever-flowing: generally, everlasting, never-failing*. Adv. -ᾶως.

ἀε-νάων, *ουσα, on*, = ἀέναος.
 ἀέντες, part. pl. of ἀημι.
 ἀέξι-γυος, *ον*, (ἀέξω, γυῖον) *strengthening the limbs*.
 ἀέξι-νοος, *ον*, contr. ἀέξι-νοους, *ουν*, (ἀέξω, νόος) *strengthening the mind*.

ἀέξι-φυλλος, *ον*, (ἀέξω, φύλλον) *making leaves grow, leafy*.
 ἀέξι-φύτος, *ον*, (ἀέξω, φυτόν) *making plants grow*.

ἌΕΥΞΩ, Ion. and poet. for ΑΥΞΩ, *αὐξάω*, Lat. *AUGEO*: used by the old poets only in pres. and impf.: later poets have a fut. ἀέξῃσω, aor. I ἤέξῃσα; fut. med. ἀέξῃσομαι, pf. pass. ἤέξῃμαι:—*to make to grow, increase, foster, strengthen: to beighten, multiply*:—Pass. and Med. *to increase, wax great: prosper*.

ἀεργίη or -ίη [ῆ], Ion. for ἀεργία.
 ἀ-εργῆς, ἐς, = ἀ-εργός.

ἀεργία, Ion. -ίη [ῆ], ἦ, *a not working, idleness*. [ῆ] 2. of a field, *a lying fallow or waste*. From ἀ-εργός, contr. ἀργός, *όν*, (a privat., *ἔργω) *not working, idle*. Adv. -γῶς.

ἀέρδην, contr. ἄρδην, Adv. (ἀείρω) *lifting up*.
 ἀερθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀείρω.
 ἀερθεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἤερθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀείρω: ἀέρθη, 3 sing. of same tense.

ἀέριος, *ον*, also *α, on*, Ion. ἥριος, *η, on*, (ἀήρ, ἦρ, ἦρι) *in mist, or thick air: cloudy*. II. *in the air, high in air*.

ἀ-ερκτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἔργω) *unfenced, open*.
 ἀεροβατέω, *φ, ἦσω*, *to tread in air, walk the air*. From

ἀερο-βάτης, *ου, ὁ*, (ἀήρ, βαίνω) *one who treads in air*.
 ἀερο-δινής, Ion. ἤερο-δινῆς, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) *wheeling in air*.

ἀερο-δόνητος, *ον*, (ἀήρ, δονέω) *tossed in mid air, soaring*.

ἀεροδρομέω, *φ, ἦσω*, *to traverse air*. From ἀερο-δρόμος, *ον*, *traversing air*.
 ἀερο-ειδῆς, ἐς, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) *like the sky or air, misty*: see ἡεροειδής.

ἀερο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, *an air-raven*.
 ἀερο-κῶνυψ, ὀπος, ὁ, *an air-gnat*.
 ἀερο-μάχη, ἦ, (ἀήρ, μάχη) *a battle in the air*.
 ἀερο-μετρέω, *φ, ἦσω*, (ἀήρ, μετρέω) *to measure the air: to lose oneself in vague speculation*.

ἀερο-νηχῆς, ἐς, (ἀήρ, νήχομαι) *floating in air, of the clouds*.

ἀέρρω, Aeol. for ἀείρω.
 ἀερσι-κάρηνος, *ον*, (ἀείρω, κάρηνον) *carrying the head high*. [κᾶ]

ἀερσι-πότης, *ον, ὁ*, and ἀερσι-πότητος, *ον*, (ἀείρω, ποτάομαι) *bcvering on high*.

ἀερσί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀείρω, πούς) *lifting up the feet, brisk-trotting.*

ἀεράτῳ, poet. form of ἀείρω, *to lift up*: impf. ἡέρτασεν.

ἀεράτω, = ἀεράζω:—aor. I ἡέρτησα: pf. pass. ἡέρτημαι.

ἀές, Dor. for ἀεί. [ᾗ]

ἄεσα, I pl. ἄεσαμεν and ἄσαμεν, 3 pl. ἄεσαν, inf. ἄεσαι, aor. I prob. from an obsol. root ἄεω, = εἶδω, *to sleep*: no other tenses in use. Akin to ἄημι, ἰαύω, ἄωτέω.

ἀειψροσύνη, ἡ, *silliness, folly*, in plur. ἀειψροσύναι. From

ἀεσί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄαω, φρήν) *injured in mind*: *willless, silly, infatuated.* [ᾗ]

*ἌΕΤΟΨ or αλειτός, also poet. αιτητός, οὐ, ὁ, an eagle, Lat. aquila. II. an eagle as a standard. [ᾗ]

ἄετ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἀετός, εἶδος) *eagle-like.* [ᾗ]

*ἌΕΨΩ, 3 sing. v. ἄεσα.

*ἌΖΑ, ἡ, properly *dryness, beat*: also *mould*, (v. sub ἄζω.)

ἄζαλέος, α, ον, (ἄζω) *pass. dry, parched*: hence *barsh, cruel.* II. act. *parching, scorching.*

ἄζάνω, (ἄζω) *to dry or parch up.*

ἄζηλια, ἡ, *freedom from jealousy*: *simplicity.* From ἄ-ζηλος, ον, like ἄζηλωτος, *unenviable, miserable*: *inconsiderable, mean.*

ἄ-ζηλωτος, ον, (α privat., ζηλώω) *not to be envied.*

ἄ-ζήμητος, ον, (α privat., ζημέω) *without loss, scot-free*: *not deserving punishment*:—Adv. -ως, *with impunity.* 2. *not amounting to punishment, harmless.*

ἄζηται, 3 sing. pass. subj. of ἄζω.

ἄ-ζήτητος, ον, (α privat., ζητέω) *unexamined.*

ἄζηχής, ἐς, *unceasing, excessive*: more freq. as Adv. ἄζηχέες, *unceasingly, beyond measure.* II. *hard, rough.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄ-ζυγος, ον, = ἄ-ζυξ, *ill-matched*: *unmarried.*

ἄ-ζυμος, ον, (α privat., ζύμη) *unleavened*: τὰ ἄζυμα, *the feast of unleavened bread.*

ἄ-ζυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ζυγῆναι) *unyoked, unpaired*: *unmarried, unwedded.*

*ἌΖΩ, *to dry, dry up, parch*:—Pass. *to be parched up, pine away* through grief.

*ἌΖΩ, mostly used as Dep. ἄζομαι, and only in pres. and impf.: *to stand in awe of, dread* the gods or one's parents: also followed by inf. *to be afraid of doing*: or μή . . , *to fear lest*:—absol. *to be awe-struck*.—Cf. σέβω.

ἄ-ζωστος, ον, (α privat., ζώννυμι) *ungirt* from *hurry*: generally, *not girded.*

ᾗ, 3 sing. impf. of ἄημι.

ἄ-ηδής, ἐς, (α privat., ἦδος) *unpleasant, annoying*: of persons, *unfriendly, morose.* Hence ἄηδία, ἡ, (ἄηδής) *a being displeased, disgust, dislike.* II. *unpleasantness, odiousness.*

ἄηδοινεύς, ἔως, Ep. gen. ἦτος, ἡ, *a young nightingale.*

ἄηδόνιος, ον, (ἄηδῶν) of or *belonging to a nightingale.*

ἄηδονίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἄηδῶν, *a nightingale.*

ἄηδῶ, οὖς, ἡ, = ἄηδῶν, *a nightingale.*

ἄηδῶν, ἡ, Att. ὁ, gen. ἄηδόνος or ἄηδοῦς, (ἀείδω) *a nightingale*: properly *the songstress.*

ἄηθῶς, Adv. of ἀηθής, ἀηθῶς ἔχειν *to be unfriendly.* ἀήθεια, Ion. ἀηθίη [ἴ], ἡ, (ἀήθης) *unaccustomedness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing*: ἀήθ. τινὸς *inexperience of a thing.*

ἀηθέσσω, poet. for ἀηθέω, *to be unaccustomed to a thing*, c. gen.: impf. ἀηθέσσον.

ἀ-ἦθος, ἐς, (α privat., ἦθος) *unwonted, unusual, strange*:—Adv. -θως. 2. *unused to a thing*, c. gen.

II. *without ἦθος or character.*

ἄηθίη, ἡ, = ἀήθεια, q. v.

ἄηθίζομαι, Dep. (ἀήθης) *to be unaccustomed.*

ἄηθως, Adv. of ἀήθης, *unexpectedly.*

ἄημα, τό, (ἄημι) *a blast, wind.*

*ἄημαι, Ep. for ἄηναι, inf. of ἄημι.

*ἌΗΜΙ, 3 sing. ἄημι, 3 dual ἄητον (not ἄετον), 3 pl. ἄεισι; imper. 3 sing. ἄητω; inf. ἄηναι, Ep. ἄημεναι; part. ἄείς: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄη, 3 pl. ἄεσαν:—Pass. ἄημα, part. ἄήμενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄητο:—*to breathe hard, blow*, of the wind: the pass. forms sometimes mean *to be beaten by the wind*, but more often *to toss or wave about as if in the wind*; hence *to be spread abroad.*

ἄηναι, inf. of ἄημι.

ἄήρ, ἀέρος, ἡ, Att. ὁ, Ion. and Ep. ἄήρ or ἡήρ, ἡέρος, ἡ:—in Hom. and Hes. *the lower air, the atmosphere* or *thick air* that surrounds the earth, opp. to αἰθήρ *the pure upper air*, v. esp. II. 14. 288: hence *misty darkness, mist, gloom*: but later generally *air.* (From *ἄω, ἄημι.) [ᾗ]

ἄησις, ἔως, ἡ, (ἄημι) = ἄημα, *a blowing.* [ᾗ]

ἄ-ἦσητος, Att. ἄ-ἦτητος, ον, (α privat., ἦσσάομαι) *unconquered, not beaten*: *unconquerable.*

ἄήσυλος, for αἰσύνλος, *wicked.*

ἄήσυρος, ον, (*ἄω, ἄημι) *light as air*: *little.*

ἄήτη, ἡ, = ἄήτης.

ἄήτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄω, ἄημι) *a blast, gale, wind.*

ἄητο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄημι.

ἄητον, 3 dual pres. of ἄημι.

ἄητος, ον, an old word, only in II. 21. 395, prob. from ἄημι, hence orig. *stormy*, and so *violent, terrible*; cp. αἴητος.

ἄήτω, 3 sing. imperat. of ἄημι.

ἄ-θάλαστος, Att. -ττος, ον, (α privat., θάλασσα) *without sea, inland.*

ἄ-θαλάσσωτος, Att. -ττωτος, ον, (α privat., θαλάσσω) *never having been at sea.*

ἄ-θαλής, ἐς, (α privat., θάλος) *not verdant.*

ἄ-θαλπής, ἐς, (α privat., θάλπος) *without warmth.*

ἄ-θαμβής, ἐς, (α privat., θάμβος) *fearless.*

ἄθανάσια, ἡ, (ἀθάνατος) *immortality.*

ἄθανάτιζω, (ἀθάνατος) *to make immortal*:—Pass. *to become or be immortal.* II. *to hold oneself immortal.*

ἀ-θάνατος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, not subject to death, undying, immortal, opp. to θνητός and βροτός:—hence ἀθάνατοι, *oi*, the Immortals, of the Gods, also of a body of troops that is kept at a certain number: of things, everlasting.

ἀ-θαπτος, *ov*, (a privat., θάπτω) unburied. II. unworthy of burial.

ἀθάρη, also ἀθήρη, *η*, groats or meal, porridge made of it. [ἀθᾶ-]

ἀ-θαράς, *és*, (a privat., θάρασ) discouraged.

ἀ-θαύμαστος, *ov*, (a privat., θαυμάζω) not wondering at anything. Adv. -τως. II. not admired.

ἀ-θέατος, *ov*, (a privat., θεόμαι) unseen, invisible: secret. II. act. not seeing, blind to.

ἀθεεί, Adv. (ἀθεός) without the aid of God.

ἀ-θέλαστος, *ov*, (a privat., θειάζω) uninspired.

ἀ-θέλεκτος, *ov*, (a privat., θέλω) implacable.

ἀ-θεμις, *ιτος, ó, η*, lawless.

ἀ-θεμιστός, ἀ-θεμιωτός, and ἀ-θεμίτος, *ov*, (a privat., θεμις) lawless, without law or government, goddess, Lat. nefarius. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-θεός, *ov*, without God, denying the gods: generally, goddess, ungodly. II. abandoned by the gods. Hence.

ἀ-θεότης, *ητος, η*, godlessness, ungodliness.

ἀθεράπευσία, *η*, want of attendance or care: c. gen. neglect of a thing. From

ἀ-θεράπευτος, *ov*, (a privat., θεράπεω) not attended to, neglected. II. unhealed, incurable.

ἀ-θερίζω: Ep. aor. I ἀθέριζα or -ισσα: (a privat., θέρω = θεραπεύω):—to slight, make light of, Lat. nihil curare, c. acc.

ἀ-θερμαντός, *ov*, (a privat., θερμαίνω) unheated; not excited by passion.

ἀ-θερμος, *ov*, without warmth.

ἀθεσια, *η*, (ἀθετος) unsteadiness, fickleness.

ἀ-θεσμος, *ov*, lawless.

ἀ-θεσφάτος, *ov*, impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible: hence marvellously great, enormous.

ἀ-θετός, f. ήσω, (ἀθετος) to set aside, disregard.

ἀθέτησις, *εως, η*, (ἀθετέω) abolition, rejection.

ἀ-θετος, *ov*, (a privat., τίθημι) not placed, set aside, useless:—Adv. ἀθετῶς = ἀθέσμως, lawlessly.

ἀθεώς, Adv. of ἀθεος, in a godless manner.

ἀ-θηλος, *ov*, (a privat., θηλή) unsuckled, weaned.

ἀ-θηλυντός, *ov*, (a privat., θηλύνω) not made womanish: masculine.

Ἄθηνᾶ, *ἄς, η*, contr. from Ἄθηνάα or Ἄθηναία, Ion. Ἄθηνη, Ἄθηναίη, Dor. Ἄθᾶνα, Ἄθᾶναία, Aeol. Ἄθηνάα, Athena, Lat. Minerva, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

Ἄθήναζε, Adv. to or towards Athens. From

Ἄθηναί, *ἄν, αι*, the city of Athens, used in pl. like Θήβαι, Μυκῆναι, because it consisted of several parts.

Ἄθηναῖον, τό, (Ἄθηνᾶ) the temple of Athena.

Ἄθηναῖος, *α, ov*, (Ἄθηνᾶ) Athenian, of or from Athens.

Ἀθήνηθεν or -θε, Adv. from Athens.

Ἄθῆνησι, Adv. at Athens.

Ἄθηνάα, to long to be at Athens.

Ἄθῆνηθεν, Adv. from Athens.

ἌΘΗΡ, ἔπος, *ó*, the beard or spike of an ear of corn, an ear of corn itself, Lat. spica. II. the point or barb of a weapon. [ἄ]

ἀ-θῆρατός, *ov*, (a privat., θηράω) not to be caught.

ἀ-θήρευτος, *ov*, (a privat., θηρεύω) not hunted.

ἄθηρη-λοιγός, *ó*, (ἄθηρ, λοιγός) consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan: cf. ἀθηρό-βρωτος.

ἄθηρό-βρωτος, *ov*, (ἄθηρ, βιβράσκω) devouring ears of corn: ἀθηρόβρωτον ὄργανον a winnowing fan.

ἀ-θηρος, *ov*, (a privat., θήρ) without wild beasts or game.

ἀ-θησαύριστος, *ov*, (a privat., θησαυρίζω) not fit for boarding up.

ἀ-θιγής, *és*, (a privat., θιγέω) = ἀθικτος.

ἀ-θικτος, *ov*, (a privat., θιγγάνω) untouched: c. gen. untouched by a thing; κερδῶν ἀθικτος untainted by money; also c. dat. νόσοις ἀθικτος. 2. not to be touched, holy, sacred. II. act. not touching.

ἀθλεύω, contr. from Ep. ἀεθλεύω: fut. εὔσω: (ἄθλος):—to contend for a prize, combat, wrestle. 2. to struggle, endure, suffer.

ἀθλέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ἠθλησα: pf. ἠθληκα: (ἄθλος):—to contend for a prize. 2. to endure, suffer. II. to be an athlete.

ἄθλημα, τό, (ἀθλέω) a contest, struggle. II. an implement of labour.

ἄθλησις, *εως, η*, (ἀθλέω) a contesting: a struggle, bard trial.

ἄθλητήρ, ἦρος, *ó*, older form of ἀθλητής.

ἀθλητής, contr. from ἀεθλητής, *οὔ, ó*, (ἀθλέω) a combatant, champion: a prize-fighter, Lat. athlete.

II. generally one practised or skilled in a thing, master of a thing, c. gen.

ἄθλιος, *α, ov*, also *os, ov*, contr. from ἀέθλιος, (ἀέθλον, ἄθλον) subject to the toils of conflict: hence generally, wretched, Lat. miser. Hence

ἀθλιότης, *ητος, η*, suffering wretchedness.

ἄθλο-θετήρ, ἦρος, *ó*, (ἄθλον, τίθημι) = ἀθλοθετής.

ἄθλο-θέτης, *ov, ó*, (ἄθλον, τίθημι) one who awards the prize, the judge in the games, also βραβεύς.

ἌΘΛΟΝ, τό, contr. from Ep. ἄεθλον, the prize of contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recompence. II. in plur. also = ἄθλος, a contest, combat.

ἌΘΛΟΣ, *ó*, contr. from Ep. ἄεθλος, a contest either in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflict, trouble.

ἄθλοσύνη, *η*, = ἄθλος.

ἄθλο-φόρος, *ov*, (ἄθλον, φέρω) bearing away the prize, victorious, of horses.

ἀ-θολός, *ov*, (a privat., θολός) not muddy, clear.

ἀ-θόλωτος, *ov*, (a privat., θολών) not muddied, untroubled.

ἀ-θορύβητος, *ov*, (a privat., θορυβέω) undisturbed.

ἀ-θόρυβος, *ov*, (a privat., θέρυβος) without uproar, undisturbed, tranquil. Adv. -βως.

ἄθραυστος, ον, (a privat., θραύω) unbroken.
 ἌΘΡΕΩ, Att. ἀθρέω: f. ἦσω: aor. 2 ἤθρησα:—
 to look closely at, gaze at, observe. 2. later, of the
 mind, to consider, think on, ponder:—esp. in pres.
 and aor. I imperat. ἄθρευ, ἀθρησον, see, look, consider.
 ἀθρητήων, verb. Adj. of ἀθρέω, one must consider.
 ἀθροίζω or ἀθροίξω: f. ὄσω: aor. I ἤθροισα:—Pass.,
 aor. I ἤθροίσθην: pf. ἤθροισμαι: (ἀθρός):—to gather
 together, collect, esp. to levy forces; πνεῦμα ἀθροί-
 ζειν to collect one's breath:—Pass. to be gathered or
 crowded together: of armies, to muster: φόβος ἤθροισ-
 ται fear has gathered, i. e. has arisen.
 ἄθροισις, εως, ἡ, (ἀθροίξω) a gathering, levying.
 ἀθροισμα, τό, (ἀθροίξω) that which is gathered, a
 gathering, collection.
 ἀθροιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀθροίξω, one must collect.
 ἀθρός, α, ον, old Att. ἄθρους, ονν: Comp. ἀθρο-
 ώτερος, later ἀθροίστερος: (ἄμα, θρός) assembled in
 crowds, collected together: ἀθροοι in crowds. II.
 all at once, once for all: τὸ ἀθρόον the whole body, the
 mass: collective; ἀθρόα πάντ' ἀπέτιυεν he paid the
 penalty of all at once:—Adv. ἀθρόον and ἀθρόως, at
 once, suddenly. III. immense, vast: also con-
 tinuous, incessant.
 ἄθρυπτος, ον, (a privat., θρύπτω) unbroken, im-
 perishable. II. not enervated.
 ἀθύμειω, f. ἦσω, (ἀθυμος) to be disheartened, to de-
 spond at or for a thing.
 ἀθύμητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀθυμέω, one must lose
 heart.
 ἀθύμια, ἡ, (ἀθυμος) want of heart, faintheartedness,
 despondency.
 ἀ-θυμος, ον, without heart or spirit, spiritless, faint-
 hearted. Adv., ἀθύμως ἔχειν to be despondent.
 ἀθυρμα, τό, (ἀθύρω) a plaything or toy: a delight.
 ἀθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of foregoing, a little toy, a pet.
 ἀθυρό-γλωττος, ον, (ἀθυρος, γλωττα) unable to
 keep one's tongue within doors: a babbler, chatterer.
 ἄ-θυρος, ον, (a privat., θύρα) without a door.
 ἀθυρό-στομος, ον, (ἀθυρος, στόμα) = ἀθυρόγλωττος,
 babbling, of Echo.
 ἄ-θυρσος, ον, (a privat., θύρσος) without thyrsus.
 ἌΘΥΡΩ, to play, amuse oneself. II. c. acc. to
 play at a thing, do it in play. [ἄθῦ]
 ἀ-θύρωτος, ον, (a privat., θύρω) not closed by a
 door.
 ἀ-θύτος, ον, (a privat., θύω) not offered, not to be
 offered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unbal-
 lowed. II. act. without sacrificing.
 ἀ-θύως, ον, (a privat., θῆν) unpunished, scot-
 free. 2. c. gen. free from the penalty of, ἀθύως
 πληγῶν. II. act. harmless.
 ἀ-θύπειτος, ον, (a privat., θαπεινώ) without flat-
 tery: hence, rough, rude.
 ἀ-θυράκιστος, ον, (a privat., θαρᾶκίω) without
 breastplate.
 Ἄθως, ω, Ep. Ἄθώς, οω, δ, Mount Athos.
 αἰ, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for εἰ, if.

αἰ, Exclam. of strong desire, O that! would that!
 Lat. *utinam*, in Hom. always αἰ γάρ. See αἰθε.
 ΑἰΨά, ἡ, gen. αἰψης, poet. for γαῖα, γῆ, earth, land.
 αἰαγμα, τό, a wailing cry, lament. From
 αἰάζω, f. ζω, to cry αἰαῖ or ab! to wail, and c. acc.
 to bewail.
 αἰαῖ, Exclam. alas! Lat. *vae*.
 αἰακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰάζω, lamentable.
 αἰανής, Ion. αἰανής, ἐς, prob. from αἰεί, and so
 properly, everlasting, never-ending: hence wearisome,
 irksome: then generally, dismal, horrible.
 Αἰαντίδης, ον, ὁ, (Αἴας, gen. -αντος) son of
 Ajax. II. at Athens, a citizen of the tribe
 Αἰαντίς, named after the Hero.
 αἰανῶς, Adv. (αἰανής) for ever.
 Αἴας, αντος, ὁ, Ep. voc. Αἴαν, Ajax.
 αἰβοῖ, φαυβή exclaim. of disgust or astonishment.
 αἰγ-αγρος, ὁ, (αἶξ, ἄγρος) a wild goat.
 Αἰγαῖος, ον, Aegaeon: Αἰγαῖον πέλαγος the Aegaeon
 sea, also called Αἰγαίον, ονος, ὁ.
 αἰγανή, ἡ, (αἶξ) a bunting-spear, javelin.
 αἰγεος, a Ion. η, ον, (αἶξ) lengthd. for αἶγος, of
 a goat or goats, Lat. *caprinus*: as Subst. αἰγίη (sub.
 ἄρα), ἡ, a goat's skin.
 Αἰγτεῖρος, ἡ, the black poplar, Lat. *pōpulus*:
 cf. λεύκη.
 αἰγ-ελάτης, ον, ὁ, (αἶξ, ἐλαίνω) a goatberd. [ἄ]
 αἰγεος, α, ον, = αἶγος.
 αἰγᾶλίτης, ον, ὁ, fem. ἴτις, ἴδος, on the shore. From
 αἰγᾶλός, ὁ, (αἰσσω, ἄλς) the sea-shore, beach, strand.
 αἰγί-βοις, εως, ἡ, (αἶξ, βόσκω) a goat-pasture.
 αἰγί-βότης, ον, ὁ, (αἶξ, βοτῆς) feeding goats.
 αἰγί-βοτος, ον, (αἶξ, βόσκω) browsed by goats.
 αἰγί-θαλλος, ἡ, a bird, the tit, Lat. *parus*.
 αἰγί-κνημος, ον, (αἶξ, κνήμη) goat-banked.
 αἰγί-κορεῖς, εων, οἱ, (αἶξ, κορέννιμι) feeders of goats,
 goatberds.
 αἰγί-λιψ, ἴπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶξ. λιπεῖν) properly, deserted
 even by goats: hence steep, sheer. [γῆ]
 αἰγίλος, ὁ, (αἶξ) an herb of which goats are fond.
 αἰγί-νόμος, ον, (αἶξ, νέμω) browsed by goats. 2.
 as Subst., αἰγινόμος, ὁ, a goatberd.
 αἰγί-οχος, ον, (αἰγίς, ἔχω) aegis-bearing.
 αἰγί-πόδης, ον, ὁ, (αἶξ, πούς) goat-footed.
 αἰγί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, ποιν, τό, gen. ποδος, = αἰγίπόδης.
 αἰγί-πῦρος, ὁ, (αἶξ) a plant with a red flower, of
 which goats were fond.
 αἰγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, the aegis, or shield of Jupiter, described
 in Il. 5. 738; (from αἰσσω, to rush or move violently):
 hence 2. later a rushing storm, burricane, ter-
 rible as the shaken aegis. II. from αἶξ, a goat-
 skin coat.
 αἰγίσκοος, ὁ, Dim. of αἶξ, a little goat.
 αἰγλάεις, Dor. for αἰγλήεις.
 αἰγλάης, αντος, contr. for αἰγλάεις.
 Αἴτῆαι, ἡ, the light of the sun, daylight: any
 bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal. 2.
 metaph. splendour, glory. Hence

αἰγλήεις, εσσα, εν, *beaming, radiant*.
 αἰγλο-φάνης, ἐς, (αἶγλη, φανήναι) *beaming: brilliant, lustrous*.
 αἰγο-βοσκός, ὄν, (αἶξ, βόσκω) *tending goats: as Subst. a goatberd*.
 αἰγο-κέρως, αν, gen. ω, also αἰγοκέρως, ατος, ὄ, (αἶξ, κέρας) *goat-horned*. II. as Subst., αἰγο-κέρως, ὄ, *Capricorn in the Zodiac*.
 αἰγο-νόμος, ὄ, = αἰγινόμος, α goatberd.
 αἰγο-τρίχῳ, ἰ, ἦσω, (αἶξ, τρίξ) *to have goat's hair*.
 αἰγυπίος, ὄ, (γυψ) *a vulture, Lat. vultur*.
 Αἰγυπτιάζω, ἰ, ἴσω, *to speak Egyptian*.
 Αἰγυπτιστί, Adv. *in the Egyptian tongue*. II. *like an Egyptian, craftily*.
 Αἰγυπτο-γενής, ἐς, (Αἰγυπτος, γένος) *of Egyptian race*.
 Αἰγυπτος, ὄ, *the river Nile*. II. Αἰγυπτος, ἡ, *Egypt: as Adv., Αἰγυπτιόνδε, to Egypt*.
 αἰγῶνυξ, ὄ, ἦ, (αἶξ, ὄνυξ) *goat-hoofed*.
 Ἄιδας, Dor. for Ἄιδης, Ἄιδης.
 αἰδέομαι, Ep. for αἰδέομαι, αἰδου, pres. imperat. of αἰδέομαι.
 Αἰδέομαι, fut. αἰδέσομαι, Ep. -έσσομαι: aor. I ἤδεσάμην, Ep. imperat. αἰδέσσαι; also in pass. form ἤδέσθην, Ep. 3 pl. αἰδέσθην: Dep.:—*to feel shame, be ashamed or fear: also to respect, reverence a person*—c. inf. *to be ashamed or afraid to do a thing*. 2. as Att. law-term, *to feel pity for*, hence *to pardon*, esp. in aor. I αἰδέσασθαι.
 αἰδέσθην, for αἰδέσθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of αἰδέομαι.
 αἰδέσθητι, aor. I imper. of αἰδέομαι.
 αἰδέσιμος, αν, (αἰδέομαι) *venerable*.
 αἰδέσις, εως, ἡ, (αἰδέομαι) *reverence, compassion*.
 αἰδέσσομαι, Ep. fut. of αἰδέομαι.
 ἀ-ἰδηλος, αν, (α privat., ἰδέν) *making unseen: hence annihilating, destroying*. II. pass. *unseen, unknown, obscure*.
 αἰδήμων, αν, gen. ονος, (αἰδέομαι) *bashful, modest: Sup. αἰδημονέστερος*. Adv. —μόνος.
 ἀ-ἰδής, ἐς, (α privat., ἰδέν) *unseen: destroyed*.
 Ἄιδης, εως, ὄ, Att. Ἄιδης or ἄιδης, αν, (ἄιδης) *Hades, the god of the world below, Lat. Pluto*.
 ἄιδιος, αν, (ἀεί) *everlasting, for ἀείδιος*.
 ἀ-ἰδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (α privat., ἰδέν) *poët. for ἀ-ἰδής, unseen, hidden, dark*.
 αἰδοίεστος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of αἰδοίος.
 αἰδοῖον, τό, mostly in plur. τὰ αἰδοῖα, *the genitals, pudenda: properly neut.*
 αἰδοῖος, α, αν: Comp. αἰδοῖότερος and -έστος, Sup. -έστατος: (αἰδέομαι) *regarded with awe or reverence, august, venerable: of women, deserving respect, tender: of things, valuable, excellent*. II. act. *bashful, modest*. 2. *reverent*.
 αἰδοῖως, Adv. of αἰδοῖος, *reverently*.

Αἰδέομαι, impf. αἰδοῖμην, Ep. for αἰδέομαι, ἤδεομαι.

Ἄιδος, Ἄιδου, Ep. gen. and dat. of Ἄιδης, from an obsol. nom. Ἄιδος: Ἄιδόςδε, and εἰς Ἄιδόςδε, *to the dwelling of Hades: εἰν Ἄιδος* (sc. οἴκω), Att. ἐν ἄιδου, *in Hades*. [ἄιδ-, but ἄ sometimes.]

αἰδός-φρων, αν, gen. ονος, (αἰδώς, φρήν) *feeling respect in mind, compassionate*.

ἀ-ἰδρεῖα or -ἰη [ῖ], ἡ, Ep. and Ion. word (ἄιδρις) *want of knowledge, ignorance: Ep. dat. pl. ἀἰδρεῖσιν*.

ἀ-ἰδρις, ι, gen. ιος and εος, (α privat., ἴδρις) *unknowing, ignorant*.

ἀἰδρο-δικής, αν, Dor. -δίκας, α, ὄ, (ἄιδρις, δικη) *unknowing of right or law, lawless, savage*. [δῖ]

ἀ-ἰδρῦτος, αν, = ἀν-ἰδρῦτος, *unsettled, unsteady*.

Ἄιδωνεύς, ὄ, lengthd. Ep. form of Ἄιδης.

Αἰδέομαι, ὄσος, contr. οὔς, ἡ, *sense of shame, bashfulness, modesty: a sense of shame or honour, αἰδῶ θέσθ' ἐνὶ θυμῷ: regard for others, respect, reverence*.

II. *that which causes shame or respect*, and so I. *a shame, scandal: αἰδῶς, Ἀργείου shame, ye Argives! 2. = τὰ αἰδοῖα. 3. dignity, majesty*.

αἰεί, Ion. and poët. for ἀεί.

αἰει-γενέτης, ὄ, poët. for ἀει-γενέτης, *ever existing*. (For compds. of αἰεί here omitted, v. sub ἀεί—.)

αἰέλ-ουρος, ὄ, ἡ, Ion. for αἰλουρος.

αἰέν, = αἰεί.

αἰέν-υπνος, αν, (αἰέν, ὕπνος) *lulling in eternal sleep*.

αἰές, Dor. for ἀεί, αἰεί.

αἰετός, ὄ, lengthd. form of ἀετός, *an eagle*.

αἰζήσιος, lengthd. form of αἰζήσιος.

αἰζήσιος, ὄ, *an active, vigorous, lusty person: a man*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰήτος, like ἀήτος, *terrible, mighty*.

αἰητός, ὄ, Dor. of ἀετός, αἰετός, *an eagle*.

αἰθάλη, ἡ, (αἰθω) = αἰθαλος, *soot*. [θα]

αἰθαλῶν, ανος, (αἰθαλος) *swarthy, dusky*.

αἰθαλοῖς, βεσσα, οεν, contr. αἰθαλοῖς, ούσσα, ούν, (αἰθαλος) *smoky, sooty, black*. II. *burning, blazing*.

Αἰθᾶλος, ὄ, like λιγνός, *a smoky flame, the thick smoke of fire, soot*. [θα] Hence

αἰθαλώω, ἰ, ὄσω, *to burn to soot or ashes:—Pass. to lie in ashes*.

αἰθε, Dor. and Ep. for εἶθε, *O that! would that! Lat. utinam, αἰθ' ὄφελος O that thou hadst . . .*, c. inf.

αἰθερ-εμβατέω, (αἰθήρ, εμβατέω) *to walk in ether*.

αἰθήριος, α, αν or ος, αν, (αἰθήρ) *of or belonging to the ether or upper air, as opp. to ἥριος, and so I. high in air, on high. 2. ethereal, heavenly*.

αἰθερο-βάτω, (αἰθήρ, βατέω) = αἰθερεμβατέω, *to walk in ether*.

αἰθεροδρομέω, *to skim the ether*. From

αἰθερο-δρόμος, αν, (αἰθήρ, δραμεῖν) *skimming the ether*.

αἰθήρ, ἔπος, in Homer always ἡ, in Att. prose always ὄ, in Pindar and Att. Poets common: (αἰθω):

—*ether, the upper, purer air*, opp. to ἀήρ (*the lower air or atmosphere*):—hence *the clear sky or heaven*, as the abode of the gods. Cp. ἀήρ.

Αἰθιοπῆας, irregular pl. acc. of Αἰθίοψ.

Αἰθί-οψ, οπος, ὁ, fem. Αἰθιοπίς, ἰδος, (αἰθω, ὄψ) an *Ethiop, negro*, properly *Burnt-face*.

αἶθος, τό, and ὁ, (αἰθω) *burning heat, fire*.

αἶθος, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰθω) *burnt*:—*fire-coloured, fiery*.

αἶθουσα (sc. στοά), ἡ, (αἰθω) *the corridor or vestibule of a house*; mostly looking East or South, to catch the sun,—whence the name.

αἰθ-οψ, οπος, (αἶθος, ὄψ) *fiery-looking*, of metal, *flashing*; of wine, *sparkling*. II. metaph. *fiery, hot, keen*.

αἰθήρ, later αἶθρα, ἡ, (αἰθήρ) *clear sky, fair weather*, Lat. *sudum*.

αἰθρη-γενέτης, ον, ὁ, = αἰθρηγενής.

αἰθρη-γενής, ἐς, (αἰθρη, γενέσθαι) *born from ether*.

αἰθρία, ἡ, = αἰθήρ: used absol. in gen. αἰθρίας (sub. οὐσῆς), *in fine weather*, Lat. *per purum*. II. *the open sky*.

αἰθριάζω or -ιάω, to be clear, of the sky.

αἰθριο-κοιτέω, f. ἦσω, (αἰθρία, κοιτή) to sleep in the open air.

αἰθριος, ον, (αἰθήρ) *clear, bright, fair*. II. in the open air: *hence cold, chill*.

αἰθρος, ὁ, = αἰθήρ: esp. *the clear chill air of morn.*

Αἰθρία, ἡ, a sea-gull or diver, Lat. *mergus*.

αἰθκτιήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (αἰθύσσω) *one that darts rapidly*.

αἰθύσσω, f. ὤξω, (αἰθω) to put in rapid motion; to kindle:—Pass. to move rapidly, quiver.

Αἰθῶν, only found in pres. and impf. ἦθον, to light up, kindle:—Pass. to burn. 2. rarely intr. to burn or blaze.

αἰθων, ονος, ὁ, (αἰθω) properly *fiery, burning*. II. of metal, *flashing, glittering*. III. of animals, *fiery; fierce*; or perh. of their colour, *yellow, tawny*, like Lat. *fulvus, rufus*.

αἶκα, conj., Dor. for εἶ κε, ἐάν, with subj. *if barely*.

Αἶκα' ἄλλω, f. αἰκᾶλῶ, properly of a dog, to wag the tail *fauningly*: to *wheedle, fondle*.

αἶκε, αἶκεν, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for ἐάν.

αἰκία, q. v.

αἰκέλιος, ον, = αἰκέλιος.

αἰκή, ἡ, (αἰσσω) *rapid motion, a rush*, Lat. *impetus*. [Ὶ]

αἰκήσις, ἐς, poet. for αἰκήσις, contr. αἰκής, *unseemly*. Adv. αἰκῶς, in *unseemly fashion*.

αἰκία [Ὶ], ἡ, Att. for the Ion. αἰκείη, *injurious treatment, an outrage, insult, affront*: oft. also in plur. *blows, stripes*.

αἰκίζω, (αἰκής) to treat *injuriously, to affront, outrage*, esp. by blows, to *plague, torment*: mostly as Med. αἰκίζομαι: f. ἴσσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ἦκισαμην: in same sense as Act.:—Pass., aor. I ἦκίσθην; pf. ἦκισμαι: to be tormented.

αἰκισμα, ατος, τό, (αἰκίζω) *an outrage, torture*.

ἀ-ἕκτος, ον, (a privat., ἰκνέομαι) *unapproachable*.

αἰ-λίνοσ, ὁ, a *mournful dirge*, (from αἰ, λίνος, ab me for *linus*) 2. also Adj. os, ον, *plaintive, mournful*.

αἰλ-ουρος or αἰέλ-ουρος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰλός, οὐρά) a cat, so called from the *wavy motion of the tail*.

Αἶμα, ατος, τό, *blood*: in plur. *streams of blood*:—also *bloodsbed*; εἶργασται μητρῶον αἶμα a mother's blood has been shed; αἶμα πράττειν to shed blood; ἐφ' αἵματι φεύγειν to be banished for homicide. II. like Lat. *sanguis, blood-relationship, kin*.

αἰμᾶ-κορία or αἶμα-κουρία, ὦν, αἰ, (αἶμα, κορέν-νυμι) *offerings of blood*, made upon the grave to appease the manes.

αἰμακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰμάσσω, *stained with blood, bloody*.

αἰμᾶλός, α, ον, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-red*.

αἰμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (αἶμα) a *gush or stream of blood*.

αἰμᾶσία, ἡ, a wall of dry stones, Lat. *maceria*: a fence. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰμᾶσι-ώδης, ἐς, (αἰμασία, εἶδος) *like a fence or hedge*.

αἰμάσσω, Att. αἰμάττω: f. ἄξω: aor. I ἦμαξα: (αἶμα):—to make bloody, stain with blood: hence to wound, draw blood, slay:—Pass. to welter in blood, be slain.

αἰμᾶτ-εκχύσια, ἡ, (αἶμα, ἐκχέω) *shedding of blood*.

αἰμᾶτηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-stained, murderous*. II. *consisting of blood*.

αἰμᾶτη-φόρος, ον, (αἶμα, φέρω) *bringing blood: murderous*.

αἰμᾶτόεις, εσσα, εν, (αἶμα) *bloody, covered with blood*. 2. *blood-red, or consisting of blood*. 3. *bloody, murderous*.

αἰμᾶτο-λοιχός, ὄν, (αἶμα, λείχω) *licking blood; εἶρωσ αἶμ. thirst for blood*.

αἰμᾶτο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (αἶμα, πίνω) a *blood-drinker, blood-sucker*.

αἰμᾶτορ-ρόφος, ον, (αἶμα, ροφέω) *blood-drinking*.

αἰμᾶτορ-ρύτος, ον, (αἶμα, ῥέω) *blood-streaming*.

αἰμᾶτο-στάγης, ἐς, (αἶμα, στάζω) *blood-dripping*.

αἰμᾶτό-φυτος, ον, (αἶμα, φύρω) *blood-stained*.

αἰμᾶτο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (αἶμα, χαίρω) *delighting in blood*.

αἰμᾶτώω, f. ὤσω: aor. I ἦμάτωσα:—Pass., pf. ἦμάτωμαι: (αἶμα) to make bloody.

αἰμᾶτ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἶμα, εἶδος) *looking like blood, blood-red*.

αἰμᾶτ-ωπός, ὄν, and αἰματ-ώψ, ὦπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶμα, ὦψ) *bloody to behold*.

αἰμνιον, τό, (αἶμα) a *basin for blood*.

αἰμο-βάφης, ἐς, (αἶμα, βάπτω) *bathe in blood*.

αἰμο-βύρος, ον, (αἶμα, βύρα) *greedy for blood*.

αἰμό-διψος, ον, (αἶμα, δίψα) *bloodthirsty*.

αἰμορ-ράγης, ἐς, (αἶμα, βαγῆναι) *bleeding violently*.

αἰμόρ-ραντος, ον, (αἶμα, ραίνω) *blood-sprinkled*.

αἰμορροέω, f. ἦσω, (αἰμόρροος) to lose blood: to have a discharge of blood. Hence

αἰμόρροια, ἡ, a discharge of blood.

αἰμόρ-ροος, ον, (αἷμα, ῥέω) streaming with blood.

αἰμόρ-ρύτος, ποῖτ. αἰμό-ρύτος, ον, (αἷμα, ῥέω) blood-streaming.

Αἴμωσις, ὁ, a thorn.

αἰμο-σταγής, ἑς, = αἱματο-σταγής.

αἰμο-φόρυκτος, ον, (αἷμα, φορύσσω) defiled with blood.

αἰμώδης, = αἱματώδης.

αἰμύλιος, ον, (αἰμύλος) flattering, winning, wily. [ῥ]

αἰμύλο-μήτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰμύλος, μήτις) of winning wiles.

Αἰμύλλωσις, ου, also os, ον, flattering, winning, wheedling, wily. [ῥ]

αἰμῶν, ονος, ὁ, = δαίμων, δαήμων, knowing, skillful. II. (αἷμα) bloody.

αἰμω-πότης, ὄν, = αἱματωπότης, bloody to behold.

αἰν-ἄρετής, ου, ὁ, (αἰνός, ἀρετή) terribly brave.

Αἰνείας, ου, ὁ, Aeneas, Ep. gen. Αἰνεῖαο or Αἰνεΐαο.

αἰνεύσις, εως, ἡ, (αἰνέω) a praising, praise.

αἰνετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. praised, praiseworthy. From αἰνέω: impf. ἤνεον, contr. ἤνουν, Ion. αἰνεον: fut. -ήσω, Att. -έσω: aor. I ἤνεσα, Att. ἤνεσα, Ion. αἰνεσα: pf. Att. ἤνεκα:—Mid., acr. ἤνεσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἤνεθην: pf. ἤνεμαι:—properly to tell or speak of (cf. αἰνός); but usu. to speak in praise of, praise, approve, c. acc., Lat. laudare. 2. to allow, recommend.

3. like ἀγαπάω, to be content with, acquiesce in. 4. to decline courteously, like Lat. laudare. II. to promise or vow.

Αἰνή, ἡ, = αἰνος, praise, fame.

αἰνήμη, Aeol. for αἰνέω.

αἰνήσι, Ion. for αἰνῆσι, dat. pl. of αἰνός.

αἰνήτος, ἡ, ὄν, ποῖτ. for αἰνετός.

αἰνύμα, ατος, τό, (αἰνίσσομαι) a dark saying, riddle: oft. in plur. διὰ or ἐξ αἰνυμάτων in riddles, darkly; also ἐν αἰνύμασιν.

αἰνυματ-ώδης, ες, (αἰνύμα, εἶδος) riddling, dark.

αἰνυμός, ὁ, (αἰνίσσομαι) a speaking in riddles: mostly in plur. like αἰνύμα.

αἰνύζομαι, Dep. = αἰνέω.

αἰνυκτήριος, ον, (αἰνίσσομαι) riddling. Adv. -ως, riddlingly.

αἰνυτός, ἡ, ὄν, expressed in riddles, riddling: from αἰνίσσομαι, Att. αἰνύτομαι, f. ἴζομαι: aor. I ἠνυξάμην: Dep.: (αἰνός):—to speak darkly or in riddles, to hint a thing, give to understand. II. in pass. sense, aor. I pass. ἠνύχθην, pf. ἠνύγμαι, to be spoken riddlingly.

αἰνο-βίας, Ion. αἰνο-βίης, ου, ὁ, (αἰνός, βία) fearfully strong.

αἰνό-γαμος, ον, (αἰνός, γαμέω) fatally wedded.

αἰνόθεν, Adv. of αἰνός, = ἐξ αἰνοῦ, in the phrase αἰνόθεν αἰνός, from horror to borrow, very horribly.

αἰνό-θρυπτος, ον, (αἰνός, θρύπτωμαι) dreadfully enervated.

αἰνο-λαμπής, ἑς, (αἰνός, λάμπω) horrid-gleaming.

αἰνό-λεκτρος, ον, (αἰνός, λέκτρον) fatally wedded.

αἰνο-λέων, οντος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λέων) a dreadful lion.

αἰνό-λίθος, ον, (αἰνός, λίθον) of fearful destiny, in allusion to the thread of life.

αἰνό-λύκος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λύκος) a horrible wolf.

αἰνό-μορος, ον, (αἰνός, μόρος) doomed to a sad end.

αἰνό-πᾶθής, ἑς, (αἰνός, παθεῖν) suffering dire ills.

Αἰνό-παρις, ὁ, (αἰνός, Πάρις) terrible Paris: cp. Δύσπαρις.

αἰνό-πατήρ, ἑρος, ὁ, (αἰνός, πατήρ) unhappy father.

Αἴνως, ὁ, a tale, story, elsewh. μῦθος; αἰνεῖν αἰνόν to tell a tale: a fable, like Aescop's: generally, a saying, proverb. II. later, that which is said to one's praise, praise.

Αἴνως, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. word = δεινός, dread, dire: of persons, dread, terrible, esp. of Zeus:—neut. pl. αἰνά as Adv. terribly; Sup. αἰνότατον, most terribly.

αἰνό-τόκεα, ἡ, as fem. Adj. (αἰνός, τόκος) unhappy in giving birth, unhappy in being a mother.

αἰνό-τύραννος, ὁ, (αἰνός, τύραννος) dreadful tyrant.

Αἰνύμαι, defect. Dep. used only in pres., and impf. without augm., like αἶρω, ἀρνυμαι, to take, lay bold of, c. gen.: also to enjoy, feed on.

αἰνός, Adv. of αἰνός, terribly, i. e. very much, exceedingly; αἰνός μικρός terribly bitter.

αἶξ, αἰγός, ὁ, ἡ, dat. pl. αἶγισιν, (ἀίσσω) a goat; αἶξ ἀγρία or ἀγριος, the chamois; αἶξ ἱζαλος ἀγρία, the ibex.

αἶσσοκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. of ἀίσσω.

αἶξω, fut. of ἀίσσω.

Αἶψ' ἄλλω, to shift rapidly to and fro:—Pass. to change in colour or hue; ὄμφακες αἰώλλονται the grapes begin to turn, Lat. variegantur.

αἰόλο-βροντήτης, ου, ὁ, (αἰόλος, βροντή) wielder of forked lightning.

αἰόλο-θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, (αἰόλος, θώρηξ) with gleaming breastplate.

αἰολό-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, μήτις) full of various wiles.

αἰολο-μίτρης, ου, ὁ, (αἰόλος, μίτρα) with gleaming belt (for it was variegated with metal); cf. αἰολοθώραξ.

II. with variegated turban.

αἰολό-πῶλος, ον, (αἰόλος, πῶλος) with quick-moving steeds.

Αἰόλωσις, η, ον, quick-moving, rapid: of worms, wriggling: as epith. of armour, easily-wielded, manageable. II. changeful of hue, gleaming, glancing; αἰόλη νύξ sprangled night; αἰόλη σάρξ flesh discoloured from disease. III. metaph. I. changeful, shifting, varied. 2. wily, slippery.

As prop. n., proparox. Αἰόλος, ον, ὁ, Aeolus, the god of the winds, properly the Changeable.

αἰολό-στομος, ον, (αἰόλος, στόμα) of various meaning, riddling.

αἰολό-χρως, χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, χρώς) with sprangled skin.

αἰόσι, Dor. dat. pl. of ἡῖων.

αἰπεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰπύς) bigb, lofty, of cities on heights: metaph. lofty, bigb-flown. 2. steep, hard to climb.

αἰπίηεις, εσσα, εν, ποῦτ. for αἰπεινός.
αἰπολέω, f. ἴσω, (αἰπόλος) to be a goatberd:—Pass.
to feed, brouse.

αἰπολικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰπόλος) of or for goatberds.
αἰπόλιον, τό, (αἰπόλος) a berd of goats. II. a
goat-pasture.

αἰ-πόλος, for αἰγο-πόλος, ὁ, (αἶξ, πολέω) a goatberd.
ΑἰΨΟΣ, εος, τό, a beight, a steep; πρὸς αἶπος
up-hill.

ΑἰΨΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for αἰψός, bigb, lofty, of cities:
αἰπὰ βέθερα rapid torrents.

αἰπύ-μήτης, ον, ὁ, (αἰπύς, μήτης) with bigb thoughts.
αἰπύ-νάτος, ον, (αἰπύς, νάτος) bigb-backed, on a
bigb ridge. [ῥ]

ΑἰΨΥΨ, εἰα, ὕ, bigb and steep, of cities on steep
rocks; βρόχος αἰπύς a noose hanging straight
down. 2. beadlong; αἰπύς ὄλεθρος sheer, utter
destruction; αἰπύς χύλος towering wrath. 3. metaph.
bard, difficult; αἰπύ οἱ ἐσσεῖται it will be bard
work for him.

αἰρέσιμος, ον, (αἰρέω) that can be taken.
αἰρέσις, εως, (αἰρέω) a taking, conquering, esp. of
a town. II. (αἰρέομαι) a taking for oneself,
choosing, chobice; αἰρέσιν διδόναι to give chobice; αἰρέ-
σιν λαμβάνειν to have chobice given one. 2. chobice
or election of magistrates. III. a chobice, plan,
purpose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. 3.
a beresy.

αἰρετέον, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, one must take or
chbouse. II. αἰρετέος, α, ον, desirable.
αἰρετέω, f. ἴσω, (αἰρέω) to chbouse. II. to belong
to a sect.

αἰρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰρέω) able to chbouse. 2. bere-
tical.

αἰρετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, that may be
taken or conquered. II. (αἰρέομαι) to be chbosen,
preferable, desirable. 2. chbosen, elected.

ΑἰΡΕΨ: impf. ἤρεον, Ion. αἰρέων: fut. αἰρήσω:
pf. ἤρηκα, Ion. ἀράρηκα: Ion. plrf. ἀραρήκα.—
Med., fut. αἰρήσομαι: aor. I ἤρησάμην.—Pass., fut.
αἰρεθήσομαι, also ἤρησομαι: aor. I ἤρηθην: pf. ἤρη-
μαι: plrf. ἤρημην.—Also from the root *ΕΛΩ, aor.
2 εἶλον, Ion. 3 sing. fut. med. εἰλούμαι; aor. 2 εἰλόμην; Ep. 3 sing. γέντο, for
εἰλετο: rarely aor. I εἰλάμην.

Act. to take with the hand, grasp, seize. 2. to
take away. II. to get into one's power, conquer,
overpower, seize: to kill. 2. to ca'cb, take: to
win, seduce. 3. generally, to win, gain. 4. as
Att. law-term, to convict a person of a thing. 5. ὁ
λόγος αἰρεῖ, Lat. ratio evincit, reason proves. III.
to grasp with the mind, take in, understand.

Med. αἰρέομαι, to take for oneself. II. to take
to oneself, chbouse: hence to take in preference, prefer
one thing to another: also μάλλον αἰρέσθαι to chbouse
in preference, Lat. potius malle. 2. to chbouse by
vote, elect to an office.

Αἰρος, ὁ, ἴπος Ἀἰρος, Irus unbarpy Irus.

ΑἰΡΩ, Att. for αἰέρω: f. ἀρῶ [ᾶ]: aor. ἦρα,
imperat. ἄρον, inf. ἄραι: pf. ἤρκα.—Med., impf. ἤρό-
μην: fut. ἀρούμαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἤράμην: aor. ἤρόμην,
Ep. ἀρόμην: Pass., fut. ἀρθήσομαι: aor. I ἤρθην:
pf. ἤρημαι.

Act. to raise, raise or lift up, to carry; αἰρεῖν
πόδα to walk; αἰρ. σημεῖον to hoist a signal; αἰρεῖν
ναῖς to get ships under way: hence 2. intrans.
to get under way, s'art, set out; αἰρεῖν ταῖς ναυσίν
to set sail; αἰρεῖν τῷ στρατῷ to march:—Pass. to
mount up, ascend. II. to raise, exalt; αἰρεῖν
θυμόν to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by
words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere:—Pass. to rise
to a beight, increase. III. to lift and take away,
to take away, put an end to: later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself: hence to carry
off, win, gain. II. to take upon oneself, undergo,
bear. 2. to undertake, begin. III. of sound,
αἰρεσθαι φωνήν to lift up one's voice.

ΑἰΡΨΑ, ἡ, as pr. n., like Μοῖρα, the goddess of fate,
Lat. Parca. II. as appellat. the fatal decree of
a god; Διὸς αἶσα the fate decreed by Jove. 2.
one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, κακῆ αἶσφ by ill
luck:—one's share or lot in a thing; ληΐδος αἶσα one's
share of booty. 3. one's due or right; κατ' αἶσαν,
like κατὰ μοῖραν, fittingly, rightly.

αἰσθάνομαι, impf. ἤσθανόμην: fut. αἰσθήσομαι:
aor. 2 ἤσθονην, later aor. I ἤσθησάμην: Dep.: (αἶω,
αἰίσω)—to perceive or apprehend by the senses, and
therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, some-
times to bear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but
also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing.
Hence
αἰσθημα, ατος, τό, the thing perceived: perception
or sense of a thing.
αἰσθησις, εως, ἡ, (αἰσθάνομαι) perception by the
senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing,
etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; αἰσθησιν ἔχειν to
have perception of a thing; αἰσθησιν παρέχειν to
give the means of perception. II. in plur. the
senses. III. like αἰσθημα, a perception: in
hunting, the scent.
αἰσθητήριον, τό, (αἰσθάνομαι) an organ of sense.
αἰσθητής, οὔ, ὁ, (αἰσθάνομαι) one who perceives.
αἰσθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰσθάνομαι) of or capable of
perception, perceptive. 2. pass. perceptible.
αἰσθητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰσθάνομαι, perceived
by the senses, sensible.
αἰσθω, (*ᾶω, ἄημ) to breathe forth, Lat. exspiro;
θυμόν αἰσθε be was giving up the ghost, was expiring.
αἰσιμα, happiness. From
αἰσιμος, ὄν, also η, ον, (αἶσα) Lat. fatalis, ap-
pointed by fate, fated, destined; αἰσιμον ἡμῶν the
fated day, i. e. the day of death. II. agreeable
to fate, meet, right; αἰσιμα εἰδῶς knowing what is
right and proper.
αἰσιος, ον, also α, ον, (αἶσα) boding well, lucky,
happy: opportune.

ἄ-ισος, *ov*, (α privat., ἴσος) = ἄν-ισος, *unlike, unequal*.

Αἴ-ΣΣΩ, Att. ἄσσω or ἄττω : impf. ἤισσον, Att. ἤισσον, Ion. ἀίσσεσκον : fut. ἄξω, Att. ἄξω : aor. ἤξα, Att. ἤξα, Ion. ἀίτασκον.—Med., aor. ἠξάμην.—Pass., aor. ἤχθη, Ion. δέχθη :—to move with a quick shooting motion, to shoot, dart, glance, Lat. *ruere, impetu ferri* :—so also in aor. I med. ἀτασθαι, and in aor. I pass. ἀχθῆναι. 2. later, to be eager after.

II. trans. to move a thing quickly. [ᾱ in Homer : in Trag. ἄ when trisyll.]

ἄ-ιστος, Att. αἴστος, *ov*, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *unseen, unknown, not to be seen and heard* : hence vanished, destroyed : see ἰδῆλος. II. act. not seeing or knowing, ignorant of, c. gen.

ἄιστόω, Att. αἰστώω : f. ὄσω : aor. ἠίστωσα, Att. ἤτωσα.—Pass., aor. ἠίστάθην, Ion. ἀίστάθην : (ἄιστος) :—to make unseen, to destroy : to slay, kill. ἄιστρον, *opos*, ὄ, ἦ, (ἄ-ισος) *unknowing, inexperienced*.

ἄιστώσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἄιστώω.

αἰσῦλος, *ov*, opp. to αἰσιμος, *unseemly, evil, impious*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰσυνάω, f. ἦσω, (αἴσα) to give each his due or portion of a thing, hence to be ruler over, c. gen. Hence

αἰσυνήτης, *ov*, ὄ, ἦ, a regulator of games, chosen by the people, a judge or umpire. II. a ruler, king, esp. one chosen by the people : a president, manager.

αἰσχίων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, and αἰσχιστος, *η*, *ov*, Comp. and Sup. of αἰσχύς, formed from αἰσχος.

Αἴ-ΣΧΟΣ, *eos*, τό, *shame, disgrace*. II. ugliness or deformity.

αἰσχροῦμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (αἰσχος) *shameful*.

αἰσχροκέρδεια, ἦ, *sordid love of gain*. From

αἰσχρο-κερδής, *ēs*, (αἰσχύρος, κέρδος) *sordidly greedy of gain, covetous*. Adv. δῶς.

αἰσχρολογία, ἦ, *foul language, abuse*. From αἰσχρο-λόγος, *ov*, (αἰσχύρος, λέγω) *foul-mouthed, abusive*.

αἰσχρομήτης, *ios*, ὄ, ἦ, (αἰσχύρος, μήτης) *forming base designs*.

αἰσχρο-ποιός, *όν*, (αἰσχύρος, ποιέω) *acting shamefully*.

αἰσχύρος, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (αἰσχος) in Homer *causing shame, disgracing* : αἰσχρά ἔπεα *abusive words*. II. opp. to καλός : I. *ugly, ill-favoured*.

2. in moral sense, *shameful, disgraceful, base, infamous* : τὸ καλὸν καὶ τὸ αἰσχρὸν, Lat. *bonestum et turpe*, virtue and vice.—Instead of the regul. Comp. and Sup. αἰσχροτέρος, αἰσχροτάτος, the forms αἰσχίαν, αἰσχιστος are used. Hence

αἰσχροτήτης, *ητος*, ἦ, *ugliness*. 2. *shame, infamy*.

αἰσχροπυρία, ἦ, *contr.* for αἰσχροεργία, (αἰσχύρος, ἔργον) *lewd conduct*.

αἰσχυρῶς, Adv. of αἰσχύρος, *shamefully*.

αἰσχυνθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἰσχύνω.

αἰσχύνη, ἦ, (αἰσχος) *shame done one, disgrace, dishonour*.

II. *shame* for an ill deed, Lat. *pudor* :

generally, *shame, the sense of shame*. [ῥ]

αἰσχυντέον, verb. Adj. of αἰσχύνομαι, *one must be asbamed*.

αἰσχυντῆρος, ἦ, ὄν, (αἰσχύνομαι) *bashful, modest*.

αἰσχυντήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (αἰσχύνω) a *disbonourer, a seducer*.

αἰσχυντηρός, ἄ, ὄν, = αἰσχυντηλός, *bashful*.

αἰσχύνω : f. ὕνω, Ion. ὕνέω : aor. ἠσχύνω : pf. ἠσχυνκα.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, αἰσχύνουμαι ; also αἰσχυνθήσομαι : aor. ἠσχύνθην : pf. ἠσχυνμαι : (αἰσχος) :—to make ugly, disfigure, mar. 2.

to disgrace, dishonour, tarnish, γένος αἰσχυνέμεν. II. Pass. to be asbamed, feel shame : but more freq. to be asbamed at a thing, c. acc. rei : also c. acc. pers. to feel shame before one : c. part. to be asbamed at doing a thing : but c. inf. to be asbamed to do a thing.

Αἴ-ΤΕ'Ω : impf. ἤτεον, Ion. αἴτεον : fut. αἰτήσω : aor. ἠήτησα ; pf. ἠήτηκα :—to ask, beg, usu. c. acc. rei, to ask, crave, demand something ; ὁδὸν αἰτεῖν to beg leave to depart : c. acc. pers. to ask a person ; αἰρ. τινά τι to ask a person for a thing ; c. inf. to ask one to do :—Med. to ask for oneself, for one's own use or purpose, to claim, Lat. *vindicare sibi* :—Pass. to have a thing begged of one.

αἰτήμα, *ατος*, τό, (αἰτέω) *that which is asked, a request, demand*.

αἰτήμ, Aeol. for αἰτέω.

αἰτῆς, *ov*, Dor. αἰτῆς, a or *εω*, ὄ, a favourite.

αἰτήσις, *εως*, ἦ, (αἰτέω) a request, demand.

αἰτήσιον, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, *one must ask*.

αἰτητός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, *asked for, begged*.

Αἴ-ΤΙΑ, ἦ, a cause, origin, ground, occasion ; αἰτίαν παρέχειν to give occasion. II. the occasion of something bad, a charge, accusation, blame, a fault, Lat. *crimen* : remonstrance, expostulation with a friend ; αἰτίαν ἔχειν, Lat. *crimen habere*, to be accused ; αἰτίαν ὑπέχειν to lie under a charge ; ἐν αἰτίᾳ ἔχειν to hold guilty ; τὴν αἰτίαν ἐπιφέρειν τινί to impute the fault to one ; ἀπολύειν τινά τῆς αἰτίας to acquit of guilt.

αἰτιάσθαι, Ep. pres. inf. of αἰτιάομαι.

αἰτιάομαι, Pass. (αἰτία) to be charged or accused.

αἰτιάμα, *ατος*, τό, a charge, guilt imputed. From αἰτιάομαι, f. ἴομαι [ᾱ] : aor. ἠτιῶσάμην, Ion. αἰτησίωσάνην : (αἰτία) :

I. as Dep. to give as the cause or occasion : esp. of a fault : to charge, accuse, blame ; αἰτιάσθαι τινά τινος to accuse of a thing. II. as Pass. in fut. αἰτιάθήσομαι, aor. ἠτιῶσάνην, perf. ἠτιῶμαι :—to be accused. Hence

αἰτιάσις, *εως*, ἦ, a complaint, accusation.

αἰτιάσιον, verb. Adj. of αἰτιάομαι, *one must accuse*.

αἰτίω, (αἰτέω) to ask or beg for a thing, c. acc. rei : c. acc. pers. to beg, solicit.

αἴτιον, τό, neut. of αἴτιος, = αἰτία, a cause.

αἴτιος, α, ον, more rarely ος, ον, causing, occasioning; hence chargeable with a thing; but mostly in bad sense, causing ill, blamable, guilty:—ὁ αἴτιος, the party to be blamed, the culprit, Lat. reus:—τὸ αἴτιον the cause of a thing.

αἰτιώνωμαι, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of αἰτιόμαι.

αἰτιόω, αἰτιόωτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. pres. opt. of αἰτιόμαι.

αἰτιόσω, Ep. aor. I of αἰτίω.

Αἰτναίος, α, ον, of or belonging to Etna: of a horse, Etnean, Sicilian; or big as Etna, enormous.

ΑἰΨήνης, Adv. = ἄψω, ἄψως, on a sudden.

αἰφνίδιος, ον, unforeseen, sudden, quick. Adv. -δίως, also -διον, suddenly.

αἰχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἰσσω.

αἰχθήτην, 3 dual aor. I pass. of αἰσσω.

αἰχμάςω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἤχμασα: (αἰχμή):—to throw the spear, to fight with the spear. II. to arm with the spear.

αἰχμᾶλωσία, ἡ, (αἰχμᾶλωτος) captivity. II. a body of captives.

αἰχμᾶλωτεύω, f. εὔω, (αἰχμᾶλωτος) to make prisoner of war.

αἰχμᾶλωτίω, f. ἰσω, = αἰχμᾶλωτεύω:—also Dep. αἰχμᾶλωτίζομαι in same sense: fut. ἰσομαι: aor. I ἤχμαλωτίσάμην: pf. ἤχμαλώτισμαι.

αἰχμᾶλωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰχμᾶλωτος) befitting a prisoner.

αἰχμᾶλωτις, ἰδος, ἡ, a captive woman. From αἰχμᾶλωτος, ον, (αἰχμή, ἄλωτός) taken by the spear or in war; or αἰχμᾶλωτοι prisoners of war; τὰ αἰχμᾶλωτα booty.

αἰχμή, ἡ, (αἰσσω) the point of a spear, Lat. cuspis. II. a spear: also a staff or a sceptre. 2. as collective noun a body of spearmen, as ἄσπισ a body of shielded men. 3. war, battle. 4. also, warlike spirit, mettle.

αἰχμηές, εσσα, εν, (αἰχμή) armed with the spear.

αἰχμητά, ὁ, Ep. for αἰχμητής.

αἰχμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (αἰχμή) a spearmen, warrior. II. as Adj. warlike, brave. Fem. αἰχμητις, ἰδος.

αἰχμοφόρος, ον, (αἰχμή, φέρω) bearing a spear.

ΑἰΨά, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden.

αἰψηροκέλευθος, ον, (αἰψρός, κέλευθος) swift-speeding.

αἰψρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αἰψα) quick, speedy, sudden.

ΑἰΨόν, used only in pres. and impf. αἰων, to perceive, become aware of; esp. to bear: but also to see, observe, know, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc. to the metre.]

ΑἰΨόν [ἄ], used only in impf. αἰων [ἄ] = ἄημι, to breathe. 2. = αἰσσω, to breathe out, expire; φίλον αἰων ἦτορ I breathed out my life.

αἰών, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἡἰών. [αἰ]

Αἰών, ἄνος, ὁ, ἄλο, ἡ, sometimes with shortened acc. αἰώ:—the Lat. AEVUM, a space or period of time, a lifetime, life. 2. of long periods, an

age, generation, period.

space of time, eternity.

of life.

αἰώνιος, ον, also α, ον, lasting, eternal.

αἰώρα, ἡ, (ἀείρω) a machine for suspending bodies: a chariot on springs. II. a hovering in air, oscillation.

αἰωρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀείρω) to lift and bang up, let bang: and so to wave, or set waving.

II. more freq. In Pass. αἰωρέομαι, aor. I ἠωρήθην, to bang, to vibrate, to wave or float in air, hover or flit about.

2. metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse: but αἰωρεῖσθαι ἐν τινι to depend upon a person, Lat. pendere ab aliquo; αἰωρεῖσθαι ἐπὲρ μεγάλων to play for a high stake. Hence

αἰωρήμα, αρος, τό, that which is hung up: a hanging cord or balter. II. a being hung up, hovering: a banging.

αἰώρητος, ον, verb. Adj. of αἰωρέω, hovering.

ἀκά, (ἀκή 2), Adv. = ἀκῆν, softly, gently.

Ἀκαδημεῖα, ἡ, also written Ἀκαδημία [Ὶ], a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught: hence the Platonic school were called Academics.

ἀκαθαρσία, ἡ, (ἀκάθαρτος) uncleanness.

ἀκαθάρτης, ητος, ἡ, = foreg.

ἀκάθαρτος, ον, (α privat., καθάρω) uncleaned, impure: unclean: unpurified. Adv. -τως.

ἀκαιροίμαι, f. ἦσομαι, (ἀκαιρος) to be without opportunity, or occasion.

ἀκαιρία, ἡ, (ἀκαιρος) an unseasonable time: want of opportunity, unseasonableness. II. importunity.

ἄκαιρος, ον, not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed; ἐς ἀκαιρα πορεύειν, Lat. operam perdere:—Adv. -πως.

II. of persons, importunate, Lat. molestus: ill-suited to do a thing, c. inf.

ἀκάκης, ον, ὁ, poet. for ἀκακος, guileless.

ἀκάκητα, Ep. for ἀκακήτης, = ἀκακος, benignant, gracious.

ἀκάκία, ἡ, guilelessness. From

ἀκάκος, ον, without evil, unknowing of ill, guileless: esp. without malice. Adv. -κως.

ἀκάλανθις, ἰδος, ἡ, the goldfinch.

ἀκαλαρορείτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκαλός, βέω) soft-flowing.

Ἀκαλήθη, ἡ, a nettle, Lat. urtica: the sting as of a nettle. [ἀκᾶ]

ἀκαλλής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (α privat., κάλλος) without charms.

ἀκαλλιέρητος, ον, (α privat., καλλιέρω) not accepted in sacrifice, ill-omened.

ἀκαλλώπιστος, ον, (α privat., καλλωπίω) unadorned.

ἀκάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., καλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀκάλυψης, ἐς, = ἀκάλυπτος.

ἀκάμαντολόγης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, λόγῃ) unwearyed with the spear.

ἀκάμαντομάχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, μάχη) unwearyed in fight.

ἀκάμαντό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀκάμας, ποῦς) untiring of foot.

ἀκάμαντο-χάρμης, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, χάρμη) unwearied in fight.

ἀ-κάμας, ανος, ὁ, (α privat., καμῆν) untiring, unvesting. [κᾶ]

ἀ-κάματος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., κάματος) without sense of toil, hence untiring, unvesting:—neut. ἀκάματα as Adv. untiringly.

ἀ-καμπτος, ον, (α privat., κάμπτω) unbent, stiff:—from which none can return. II. unbending, inexorable.

ἀκανθα, ης, ἡ, (ἀκή) a thorn, prickle: hence I. a prickly plant, thistle: also a thorny tree. 2.

the back-bone or spine of animals. 3. metaph. a thorny or difficult question.

ἀκάνθινος, η, ον, (ἀκανθα) thorny: of thorns. II. of the thorn-tree (ἀκανθα).

ἀκανθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα) a small bird, the goldfinch or linnet, Lat. *fringilla spinus*. II. as fem. Adj. prickly.

ἀκάνθο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -βάτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα, βαίνω) going on thorns.

ἀκάνθο-λόγος, ον, (ἀκανθα 3, λέγω) picking out thorny questions, wrangling.

*ΑΚΑΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *acanthus*, bear's breech, a plant, used in Corinthian capitals.

ἀκάνθο-ῶδης, ἐς, gen. εος, (ἀκανθα, εἶδος) full of thorns, thorny.

ἀ-κάπνιστος, ον, (α privat., καπνίζω) unsmoked.

ἀ-καπνος, ον, (α privat., καπνός) without smoke, not smoking, making no smoke.

ἀ-κάρδιος, ον, (α privat., καρδία) wanting the heart: metaph. heartless, Lat. *excors*.

ἀ-κάρηνος, ον, (α privat., κάρηνον) beadless.

ἀ-κάρης, ἐς, (α privat., κάρησαι) properly of hair, too short to be cut: generally, short, small, tiny:

mostly of time, ἀκαρές a moment, ἐν ἀκαρείῳ χρόνῳ in a moment of time; ἀκαρή διαλίπων (sc. χρόνον) having waited a moment; οὐδ' ἀκαρή not a bit:—but also of things, ἀκαρές a morsel.

ἀ-καριαίος, α, ον, (ἀκαρή) momentary, brief.

ἀκαρπία, ἡ, (ἀκαρπος) unfruitfulness.

ἀ-καρπιστος, ον, (α privat., καρπίζω) = ἀκαρπωτος, where nothing is to be reaped, unfruitful, of the sea.

ἀ-καρπος, ον, without fruit, barren. II. act. making barren, blasting. Adv. -πῶς.

ἀ-καρπῶτος, ον, (α privat., καρπῶ) not made fruitful, without fruit, fruitless: of an oracle, unfulfilled.

ἀκασκᾶ, (ἀκή 2) Adv. gently. Hence ἀκασκαίος, α, ον, gentle, delicate.

ἀ-κατάβλητος, ον, (α privat., καταβάλλω) not to be overthrown, irrefragable.

ἀ-κατάγνωστος, ον, (α privat., καταγιγνώσκω) not to be condemned, blameless.

ἀ-κατακάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., κατακαλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-κατάκρίτος, ον, (α privat., κατακρίνω) uncondemned.

ἀ-κατάληκτος, ον, (α privat., καταλήγω) without end: of verses, acatalectic.

ἀ-κατάληπτος, ον, (α privat., καταλαμβάνω) not to be conquered. II. incomprehensible.

ἀ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (α privat., καταλλάσσω) irreconcilable. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-κατάλυτος, ον, (α privat., καταλύω) indissoluble.

ἀ-καταμάχητος, ον, (α privat., καταμάχομαι) not to be subdued, unconquerable.

ἀ-κατανόητος, ον, (α privat., κατανοέω) inconceivable.

ἀ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (α privat., καταπαύω) not to be set at rest, incessant: unable to cease from a thing.

ἀκαταστάσια, ἡ, a state of disorder, anarchy, confusion. From

ἀ-κατάστατος, ον, (α privat., καθίστημι) unstable, unsettled: unsteady, fickle:—Adv., ἀκαταστάτως ἔχειν to be unstable.

ἀ-κατάσχετος, ον, (α privat., κατέχω) not to be checked, unruly. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (α privat., καταφρονέω) not to be despised, important, Lat. *haud spernendus*.

ἀκάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκατος, a light boat, esp. of pirates, Lat. *actuaria*. II. a small sail.

*ΑΚΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a light vessel, Lat. *actuaria*: esp. a transport-vessel: generally, a ship. [ἄκᾶ]

ἀ-καυστος, ον, (α privat., καίω) unburnt.

ἀκαχέαιτο or -ήατο, Ep. for ἡκάχηγτο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχίσω, redupl. fut. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχησα, Ep. for ἡκάχησα, redupl. aor. 1 of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχίσθαι, ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. for ἡκαχίσθαι, ἡκαχήμενος, inf. and part. of ἡκάχημαι, redupl. pi. pass. of ἀχέω,

ἀκάχηται, redupl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀχέω, ἀκάχίζω, redupl. from ἀχέω, to trouble:—Pass. to be troubled.

ἀκαχήμενος, η, ον, (ἀκή) pointed, sharpened, a part. pf. pass., as if from *ἀκῶ to sharpen, but with no verb in use.

ἀκάχοιτο, redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχοντο, Ep. for ἡκάχοντο, redupl. aor. 2 med. of ἀχέω.

ἀκειόμενος, Ep. part. pres. pass. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀ-κευε-κόμης, ον, ὁ, = ἀκερσεκόμης.

ἀ-κελευστος, ον, (α privat., κελεύω) unbidden.

ἀ-κεντήτος, ον, (α privat., κεντέω) ungoaded, needing no spur.

ἀ-κεντρον, ον, (α privat., κέντρον) stingless.

ἀκέομαι: Ep. impf. ἀκεύην: f. ἀκίσομαι, Ep. ἀκίσομαι, Att. ἀκούμαι: aor. 1 ἡκεσάμην, Ep. imper. ἀκίσομαι: Dep.: (ἀκος):—to heal, cure. 2. to stanch, quench, διψᾶν. 3. generally, to amend, repair, make good: to mend or darn clothes.

ἀ-κέρατος, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: pure in blood: guileless, Lat. *integer*. II. un-

barred, unravaged, of countries: generally, unimpaired, untouched, inviolate: fresh, active.

ἀκέρατος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure from a thing.

ἀκέρατος, *ov*, (a privat., κέρας) without horns.

ἀκεραύντος, *ov*, (a privat., κεραυνός) not struck by lightning.

ἀκέρδεια, *ἡ*, (ἀκέρδης) want of gain, loss. From ἀκερδής, *ἔς*, (a privat., κέρδος) without gain, bringing loss. Adv. -δῶς, gratis.

ἀκέρκιτος, *ov*, (a privat., κερκίω) unwoven.

ἀκερσεκόμητος, *ov*, *δ*, (a privat., κείρω, κόμη) with unshorn hair, epith. of Apollo: also ever-young, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.

ἀκερως, *ov*, gen. *ov*, and ἀκέρωτος, *ov*, = ἀκερατος. ἀκείσασθε, aor. I imperat. of ἀκείομαι.

ἀκείτο-νοσος, Ep. ἀκείσσι-, *ov*, (ἀκείομαι, νόσος) healing disease.

ἀκείσις, *εὖς*, *ἡ*, (ἀκείομαι) a healing, cure, remedy.

ἀκείσμα, τό, (ἀκείομαι) a remedy, cure.

ἀκείσομαι, fut. of ἀκείομαι.

ἀκείσ-, for words so beginning, v. sub ἀκείσ-.

ἀκείστηρ, ἦρος, *ὄ*, (ἀκείομαι) a healer, restorer, physician; ἀκείστηρ χαλινός the rein that tames the steed.

ἀκείσθης, *οὖ*, *ὄ*, = ἀκείστηρ: a member of torn clothes.

ἀκείστορία, *ἡ*, (ἀκείστω) the healing art.

ἀκείστός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (ἀκείομαι) curable: easy to be cheered or revived.

ἀκείστρα, *ἡ*, (ἀκείομαι) a darning-needle.

ἀκείστρια, *ἡ*, fem. of ἀκείσθης, a sempstress.

ἀκείστρον, τό, (ἀκείομαι) a remedy.

ἀκείστύς, *ὄος*, *ἡ*, Ion. for ἀκείσις.

ἀκείστωρ, *ορος*, *ὄ*, (ἀκείομαι) a healer, saviour.

ἀκείσο-φόρος, *ov*, (ἀκος, φέρω) bringing a cure, healing.

ἀκείσο-ὄδνινος, *ov*, (ἀκείομαι, ὄδνη) allaying pain.

ἀκείφαλος, *ov*, (a privat., κεφαλή) without a head: without beginning.

ἀκείων, ἀκείουσα, (ἀκείων) in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. stillly, softly, silently: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur. verb, as ἀκείων δαίνυσθε feast ye in silence:—the dual ἀκείοντε occurs once, the plur. form never. Although fem. ἀκείουσα is found, yet ἀκείων stands also with the fem., as Ἄθηναίη ἀκείων ἦν.

ἌΚΗ', *ἡ*, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: 1. a point, edge, (whence ἀκίς, ἀκωχή, ἀκμή, ἀιχμή, ἀκόνη, ἄκρος, and Lat. *acies*, *acuo*). 2. silence, (whence ἀκείων, ἀκείων, ἀκά, ἀκασκα). 3. healing, (whence ἀκείομαι).

ἀκήδετος, *ov*, (a privat., κηδέω) uncared for, unheeded: without funeral rites, unburied. Hence ἀκήδεστος, Adv. of ἀκήδετος, but in act. sense, without heed for any one, remorselessly.

ἀκηδέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἠκήδησα, Ep. ἀκήδεσα:—to neglect, slight, c. gen. From

ἀκηδέης, *ἔς*, (a privat., κηδός) pass. uncared for:

unburied.

II. act. without care or sorrow, Lat. *securus*. 2. heedless, careless.

ἀκήκοα, pf. med. of ἀκούω.

ἀκήλητος, *ov*, (a privat., κηλέω) to be won by no charms, not to be charmed or won over, inexorable, unassuageable.

ἀκήμα, τό, = ἄκσμα, a cure, remedy.

ἀκήν, properly acc. of ἀκή 2, but used only as Adv. stillly, softly, silently.

ἀκηράσιος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: hence untouched, Lat. *integer*: generally, pure, fresh.

ἀκήρατος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure, clear: of persons, incorrupt, undefiled, upright:—c. gen. pure from, free from taint of. . . II. unimpaired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken.

ἀκήριος, *ov*, (a privat., κήρ) unbarmed by the fates, uninjured. II. act. unbarming, harmless.

ἀκήριος, *ov*, (a privat., κήρ) without heart or soul, lifeless. II. without heart or courage, heartless, spiritless, Lat. *vecors*.

ἀκηρότατος, Ep. for ἀκηρατώτατος, Sup. of ἀκήρατος. ἀκηρυκτέαι and ἀκηρυκτί, Adv. without proclamation: esp. without a flag of truce. From

ἀκήρυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρύσσω) unannounced: unproclaimed; ἀκήρυκτος πόλεμος a war without announcement, sudden, or, one in which no herald was admitted, implacable. 2. inglorious, unknown. 3. unheard of, sending no tidings. Hence

ἀκηρυκτός, Adv. = ἀκηρυκτί.

ἀκήρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρώ) not covered with wax, unwaxed.

ἀκηχέδαται or ἀκηχέαται, Ep. for ἠκηχηνται, 3 pl. redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκηχήμενος, Ep. for ἀκαχημένος, part. of redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκίβδηλος, *ov*, (a privat., κίβδηλος) unadulterate, unalloyed, pure: also guileless, honest.

ἀκίβνος, *ov*, weak, feeble, faint, in Homer only in Comp. ἀκιδνότερος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀκίθαρπις, *ι*, gen. *ιος*, (a privat., κίθαρα) without the harp.

ἀκίτις, *ος*, *ὄ*, *ἡ*, (a privat., κίτις) powerless, feeble. ἀκινάκης, *ος*, or *εὖς*, *ὄ*, Lat. *acinaces*, a Persian word, a short sword.

ἀκινδυνος, *ov*, without danger: hence shunning danger, cowardly. Adv. -*ov*us.

ἀκίνητος, *ov*, rarely *ov*, *ov*, (a privat., κινέω) unmoved, motionless: hence idle, sluggish. 2. unaltered, settled, steady. II. immovable, hard to move.

2. not to be stirred or touched, inviolable, like Lat. *non movendus*: not to be divulged. [7]

ἀκίσιος, *ov*, (a privat., κίσις) without worms, not worm-eaten, sound: Sup. ἀκισιώτατος.

ἀκίσιος, *ὄν*, = ἀκιδνός.

ἀκίς, ἴδος, *ἡ*, (ἀκή, Lat. *acies*) a point, barb, a pointed instrument: metaph. a sting; πύθων ἀκίδες the stings of desires. [8]

ἀκίχτος, ον, (a privat., κίχάνω) *not to be reached, unattainable*: of persons, *not to be reached by prayer, inexorable*.

ἀκίχομαι. Dep. (ἀκῶ) *to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness*: generally, *to dissemble*.

ἀκῶ, ἡ, a *bugbear*: acc. to others a *vain woman*.
ἀκλάρωτος, Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

ἀκλαστος, ον, (a privat., κλάω) *unbroken*.

ἀκλαστος or ἀκλαυτος, ον, (a privat., κλαίω) *pass. unwept*: without lamentation. II. act. *unweeping, tearless*.

ἀκλεής, ἐς, gen. ἐός: acc. ἀκλεᾶ, Ion. ἀκλεῆ, poet. ἀκλεᾶ: (a privat., κλέος):—*without fame, inglorious, ignoble*: neut. ἀκλεές as Adv. *ingloriously*.

ἀκλεῖα, ἡ, (ἀκλεής) *ingloriousness*.

ἀκλειῆς, ἐς, Ep. for ἀκλής: Ep. Adv. ἀκλειῶς.

ἀκλειστος, ον, Ion. ἀκλήϊστος, Att. contr. ἀκληστος, (a privat., κλείω): *not shut, not bolted or fastened*.

ἀκλειῶς, Adv. of ἀκλεής, *ingloriously*.

ἀκληής, ἐς, poet. for ἀκλεής.

ἀκλήϊστος, Ion. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀκληρος, ον, *without lot or portion, poor, needy*. 2.

without lot or share in a thing, c. gen. II. *unallotted, without an owner*.

ἀκλήρωτος, ον, (a privat., κληρώω) *without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.*

ἀκληιστος, ον, Att. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀκλητος, ον, (a privat., καλέω) *uncalled, unbidden*.

ἀκλινής, ἐς, (a privat., κλινῆναι) *bending to neither side*: *unswerving, steadfast*.

ἀκλυστος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (a privat., κλύζω) *unwashed by waves*.

ἀκμάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀκμή) *to be in full bloom, be at the prime or perfection*: hence *to flourish, abound in a thing, ἀκμάζειν πλούτῳ*, etc.: c. inf. *to be strong enough to do*; but impers. ἀκμάζει, c. inf., *it is high time to do*.

ἀκμαῖος, α, ον, (ἀκμή) *in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous*; ἀκμαῖος φύσιν *in the prime of strength*. II. *in time, in season*, Lat. *opportunus*.

ἀκμή, ἡ, (ἀκῆ, Lat. *acies*) *a point, edge*; proverb. ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἀκμῆς *on the razor's edge*, i. e. *at the critical moment*; ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαί *the fingers of both hands, like ποδῶν ἀκμαί*. 2. *the highest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime*, esp. of man's age, ἀκμή ἡβῆς, Lat. *flor aetatis*; ἀκμή θέρους *mid-summer*:—generally, *strength, vigour*. 3. *like καρπός, the time, i. e. the best, most fitting time*; ἀκμή [ἔστω], c. inf., 'tis *high time to do*; ἐπ' ἀκμῆς εἶναι, c. inf., *to be on the point of doing*.

ἀκμῆν, properly acc. of ἀκμή, but used as Adv. *in a moment, directly*: even *nou, still*, like ἐτι.

ἀκμνηός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκμή) *full-grown, in full vigour*.

ἀκμνος, ον, *fasting from food*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀκμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., κάμνω) = ἀκάμας, *untiring, fresh*.

ἀκμητος, ον, (a privat., κάμνω) *unwearied, untiring*.

ἀκμόθετον, τό, (ἀκμων, τίθημι) *the anvil-block*.

ἄΚΜΩΝ, ονος, ὁ, an *anvil*, Lat. *incus*.

ἀκνιστος or rather ἀκνίστος, ον, (a privat., κνίσα) *without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice*.

ἀκοῆ, Ep. ἀκουή, ἡ, (ἀκούω) *bearing*: I. *the sense of bearing: the ear*; esp. in plur., ἀκοαῖς δέχεσθαι *to hear, etc.* II. *a bearing, listening*.

ἀκοῆς ἀξίος *worth bearing*. III. *the thing heard, a report, saying, fame*; ἀκοῆ εἰδέναι τι *to know a thing by hearsay*.

ἀκοίμητος, ον, (a privat., κοιμάομαι) *sleepless*.

ἀκοινωνητος, ον, (a privat., κοινωνέω) *not shared in common*. II. act. *not sharing in, not partaking of*: hence *unsocial*.

ἀκοίτης, ον, ὁ, (α=ἄμα, κοίτη) *a bedfellow, spouse, husband*: fem. ἀκοίτης, ιος, ἡ, a *wife*.

ἀκολάκευτος, ον, (a privat., κολακέω) *not flattered, not won by flattery*.

ἀκολαῖα, ἡ, (ἀκόλαστος) *licentiousness, intemperance*: *excess, extravagance*: opp. to σωφροσύνη.

ἀκόλασταῖον, (ἀκόλαστος) *to be licentious, debauched, intemperate*: *to live a riotous life*.

ἀκόλαστος, ον, (a privat., κολάζω) Lat. *non castigatus, unchastened, undisciplined, unbridled*: also *uneducated*. 2. *intemperate, opp. to σώφρων*.

Hence

ἀκολαστως, Adv. *intemperately*: Comp., ἀκολαστοτέρως *ἔχειν πρὸς τὰ* *to be too intemperate in a thing*.

ἀ-κολος, ον, ὁ, (a privat., κύλον) *a bit, morsel*.

ἀκολουθῆω, f. ἦσω, (ἀκίλουθος) *to follow, go after or with*. II. metaph. *to follow or obey one in a thing*. Hence

ἀκολουθήσις, εως, ἡ, *a following, sequence*.

ἀκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθῆω, *one must follow*.

ἀκολουθία, ἡ, (ἀκολουθῆω) *a following, attendance, train*. II. *agreement or conformity with*.

ἀκόλουθος, ον, (a copul., κέλευθος) *following, attending on*:—as Subst. ἀκόλουθος, ὁ, *a follower, attendant*; οἱ ἀκόλουθοι *the camp followers*. II.

following after; agreeing with, *suitable to, like*, c. gen.; but also c. dat. Adv. —θῶς, *in accordance with, c. dat.*

ἀκόλυμβος, ον, *unable to swim*.

ἀκομστία, Ep. —λή [?] , ἡ, *want of tending*. From ἀκόμιστος, ον, (a privat., κομίζω) *untended*.

ἀκομος, ον, (a privat., κόμη) *without hair, bald*: of trees, *leafless*.

ἀκόμπαστος, ον, (a privat., κομπάζω) *unboastful*.

ἀκομπος, ον, *without boast, unboasting*.

ἀκομψος, ον, *unadorned, simple, plain*, Lat. *simplex*.

II. *rude in speech*.

ἀκονάω, f. ἦσω, (ἀκονῆ) *to sharpen, whet*.

ἀκονδύλος, ον, (a privat., κονδύλη) *without blows*.

ἀκονθῆ, ἡ, (ἀκῆ) *a whetstone, bone*, Lat. *cos*.

ἀκονίτι, Adv. of ἀκονίτιος, (a privat., κονίω) *without the dust of the arena, hence without combat, toil, or effort*, Lat. *sine pulvere*.

ἀκόντιον, τό, a poisonous plant, *aconite, monkshood*.
 ἀκόντι, later form for ἀέκοντι.
 ἀκοντίω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἤκοντισα, Ep.
 ἀκόντισα: (ἀκων).—to hurl a javelin: also to throw,
 fling, dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc.
 pers. to hit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and
 Pass. to be hit or wounded. 2. to shoot forth
 rays, of the moon.

II. intrans. to dart or pierce.

ἀκόντιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκων, a dart, javelin.
 ἀκοντίσις, ἡ, (ἀκοντίω) the throwing a javelin.
 ἀκοντίσμα, τό, (ἀκοντίω) that which is darted, a
 javelin; ἐντὸς ἀκοντίσματος within a dart's throw.
 ἀκοντιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ἀκοντιστής, οὔ, ὅ, (ἀκον-
 τίω) a darter, hurler of javelins.

ἀκοντιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκοντίω) skilled in throwing
 the dart.

ἀκοντιστός, ὄσος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκοντίσις, the game of
 the dart, a contest at throwing the dart.

ἀκοντο-δόκος, ον, (ἀκων, δέχομαι) watching the
 dart, i. e. *shunning it*.

ἀ-κοπος, ον, without weariness: I. pass. un-
 wearied, untiring. II. act. not wearying,
 easy. 2. removing weariness, refreshing.

ἀκώρηστος, most shameless, a Sup. either from
 ἀ-κορῆς=ἀκίρστος; or shortened for ἀκωρηστέα-
 τος, Sup. of ἀκίρστος, like μέσστος, νέστος.

ἀ-κώρητος, ον, (a privat., κορῆννυμι) insatiate, un-
 ceasing: c. gen. insatiate of, unsated with. II.
 act. not satiating: not disgusting.

ἀ-κώρητος, ον, = ἀκίρστος.
 ἀ-κώρητος, ον, (a privat., κορῆννυμι) insatiate: c.
 gen. unsated with; ἀκ. πολέμου, ἀπειλῶν. 2. (a
 privat., κορέω) unswept, untrimmed.

ἀ-κορος, ον, = ἀκώρητος, insatiate: metaph. cease-
 less, Lat. *improbus*.

*ΑΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a cure, relief, remedy, help, re-
 source for or against a thing, c. gen.: ἀκος τέμνειν to
 prepare a remedy.

ἀκοσμέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀκοσμος) to be disorderly, un-
 ruly: to be out of order, to offend.

ἀ-κόσμητος, ον, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged,
 disorderly. 2. unadorned, unfurnished.

ἀκοσμία, ἡ, disorder: extravagance: unruliness,
 offence. From

ἀ-κοσμος, ον, without order, disorderly: in moral
 sense, unruly, rebellious:—Adv. —μως, without or-
 der. II. κόσμος ἀκοσμος a world that is no
 world, like γάμος ἀγαμος, etc.

ἀκοστώω or ἀκοστέω, only used in aor. I part.
 ἀκοσθήσας, well-fed, over-fed. From

*ΑΚΟΣΘΗ, ἡ, barley.

ἀκούζομαι, Dep., like ἀκούω, to barken to, c.
 gen. II. to be called, bidden; δαιτὸς ἀκούζε-
 σθον ye are bidden to the feast, like καλείσθαι, Lat.
 vocari.

ἀκούῃ, ἡ, Ep. for ἀκοῆ, hearing; πατρὸς ἀκούῃ
 tidings of his father:—a sound.

ἀ-κούρος, ον, (a privat., κοῦρος) childless, without
 male heir. II. (a privat., κοῦρά) unborn.

ἀκούσειαν, Aeol. form of ἀκούσαιεν, 3 pl. aor. I
 opt. of ἀκούω.

ἀκουρέω, Desiderat. of ἀκούω, to wish to bear.
 ἀκουσί-θεος, ον, (ἀκούω, θεός) beard of God.

ἀκούσιμος, ἡ, ον, (ἀκούω) audible.

ἀκούσιος, ον, Att. contr. for ἀκουσίσιος, unwilling,
 under constraint:—Adv. —λως, unwillingly, or in an
 unwelcome manner; Sup. ἀκουσιώτατα, most un-
 willingly.

ἀκουσμα, τό, (ἀκούω) a thing beard, a sound,
 strain. 2. a rumour, report, tale. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀκουσμάτιον, τό, a little tale.

ἀκουστέω, also ἀκουστέα, vrb. Adj. of ἀκούω, one
 must bear or barken to, c. gen.

ἀκουστής, οὔ, ὅ, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.
 ἀκουστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, beard, audible:
 iba! should be beard.

*ΑΚΟΥΨ, f. ἀκούσσομαι: aor. I ἤκουσα: pf. Att.
 ἀκήκσα, Dor. ἀκουκα: plqpf. ἀκηκέειν, Att. ἀκηκίη:
 —Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: aor. I ἤκουσθην: pf.
 ἤκουσμαι:—to bear, used both with gen. and
 acc. 2. absol. to bear, give ear; ἀκούετε λέφέ bear,
 O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c.
 gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. III. to

bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj.
 or Subst., ἀκούειν κακός, Lat. *matus audire*; or with
 an Adv. εἰ, κακῶς ἀκούειν, Lat. *bene, male audire*.

ἀκρα, Ion. ἄκρη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀκράς) the end,
 point, esp. the highest point, the top of the bill, peak,
 headland: a citadel, Lat. *arx*:—κατ' ἀκρῆς πέρθειν,
 Att. κατ' ἀκρας, to destroy from top to bottom, i. e.
 utterly, Lat. *funditus evertere*.

ἀκράντος, ον, = ἀκραντος, without result, unful-
 filled, fruitless, Lat. *irritus*.

ἀ-κράγῆς, ἐς, (a privat., κραγεῖν) not barking.

ἀκραψή, contr. form of ἀκραέα, acc. masc. of ἀκράης.
 ἀκρ-ᾄης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, ἀημι) of certain winds, blowing
 strongly, fresh-blowing.

ἀκραιφνῆς, ἐς, contr. from ἀκραιο-φανῆς, (ἀκεί-
 ραιος, φανῆναι) unmixed, pure, sheer: hence II.
 unharmed, Lat. *integer*: c. gen. untouched by a thing.

ἀ-κραντος, ον, (a privat., κρᾶνω) unaccomplished,
 unfulfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.

ἀκράστια, ἡ, (ἀκράτης) the character of an ἀκράτης,
 incontinence, Lat. *impotentia*, opp. to ἐγκράτεια.

ἀ-κράτεια, ἡ, earlier form of ἄεργα. [ᾶ]

ἀκράτέστερος, irreg. Comp. of ἀκράτος.

ἀ-κράτης, ἐς, (a privat., κράτος) powerless: not
 having power or command over a thing; ἀκράτης
 ὀργῆς, Lat. *impotens irae*: esp. in a moral sense,
 without power or command over oneself, incontinent,
 Lat. *impotens sui*.

ἀ-κράτιζομαι, fut. Att. *ἴουμαι*, Dep. to drink pure
 wine (ἀκρατος, merum). II. to breakfast, because
 this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence

ἀκράτιστος, ον, having breakfasted. [κρᾶ]

ἀκρῦτοποσία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a drinking of unmixed wine. From

ἀκρᾶτο-πότης, ου, Ion. ἀκρητο-πότης, εω, ὁ, (ἀκρᾶτος, πίνω) a drinker of unmixed wine.

ἀκρᾶτος, Ion. ἀκρητος, ου: Comp. and Sup. ἀκρᾶ-τέστερος, -έστατος: (α privat., κρᾶννυμι)—unmixed, pure, sheer, unadulterate: esp. of wine, ἀκρᾶτος (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, wine without water, sheer wine, Lat. *merum*; metaph., ἀκρᾶτος νοῦς pure intellect. 2. untempered, unrestrained, excessive: in-temperate, violent.

ἀκράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἀκρητής, without control. [κρᾶ] ἀκράτῳς, Adv. of ἀκρητής, without control; ἀκράτῳς ἔχειν to be incontinent.

ἀκρᾶχολέω, f. ἦσω, to be passionate. From ἀκρᾶ-χολος, Ion. ἀκρη-χολος, ου, (ἀκρος, χόλος) quick or sudden to anger, passionate; κύων ἀκρᾶχολος an ill-tempered dog. [κρᾶ]

ἀκρέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀκρος) the end of a branch or bough, a small branch, spray, twig.

ἀκρ-έσπερος, ου, (ἀκρος, ἔσπερα) at the beginning of evening, at eventide.

ἀκρ-ήβης, ες, and ἀκρηβος, ου, (ἀκρος, ἦβη) in earliest youth, very young.

ἀκρητος, ου, Ion. for ἀκρᾶτος, unmixed, pure.

ἀκρη-χολία, ἀκρη-χολος, Ion. for ἀκραχολία, etc. ἀκριας, acc. pl. of ἀκριας.

ἀκριβεια, ἡ, exactness, accuracy, precision: perfection. II. strictness, severity: parsimony, frugality. From

ἀκριβής, ἐς, exact, accurate, precise, perfect in its kind; of thoughts, clear, definite, precise. II.

of persons, exact, strict, scrupulous:—also frugal, stingy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀκριβολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀκριβολόγος) to be exact, accurate, or precise in language: c. acc. rei, to weigh accurately. Hence

ἀκριβολογία, ἡ, precision of language.

ἀκριβο-λόγος, ου, (ἀκριβής, λόγος) exact in language.

ἀκριβῶω, f. ὤσω, (ἀκριβής) to make exact or accurate: to arrange precisely: but commonly, to examine or understand thoroughly: to express accurately:—Pass. to be made exact or perfect.

ἀκριβῶς, Adv. of ἀκριβής, exactly, accurately, precisely. II. sparingly; ἀκριβῶς καὶ μόλις, Lat. *vix et ne vix quidem*.

ἀκριδο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀκρις, τίθημι) a locust-cage.

ἀκρις, ιος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκρα, a bill-top, peak; mostly in pl., ἀκριες ἠνεμόσσοι the windy mountain-tops.

ἌΚΡΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a locust, Lat. *gryllus*.

ἀκριστία, ἡ, (ἀκριτος) want of distinctness and order, confusion. II. want of judgment.

ἀκριτό-δακρυς, v, gen. vos, (ἀκριτος, δάκρυ) shed-ding floods of tears.

ἀκριτό-μῦθος, ου, (ἀκριτος, μῦθος) talking recklessly. II. hard to interpret.

ἀκρίτος, ου, (α privat., κρίνω) unarranged, con-

fused, disorderly: countless. 2. lasting, unceasing: of mountains, continuous. II. undecided, doubtful.

2. unjudged, untried, of persons and things; ἀκριτόν τινα κτείνειν, to put to death without trial, Lat. *indicta causa*:—also not subject to trial.

III. act. not giving judgment. 2. not exercising judgment, undistinguishing.

ἀκριτό-φυλλος, ου, (ἀκριτος, φύλλον) of blended foliage.

ἀκριτό-φυρτος, ου, (ἀκριτος, φύρω) undistinguishably mixed.

ἀκροάζομαι, Dep. = ἀκροάομαι.

ἀκροάμα, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) Lat. *acroōma*, anything heard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played or sung: a play or musical piece.

ἌΚΡΟΑ'ΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἠκροάομην: fut. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 1 ἠκροασάμην: pf. ἠκροάμαι: Dep.:—to barken or listen to, esp. to bear or attend lectures; ὁ ἀκροάμενος a bearer, student. II. to obey.

ἀκροῦσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀκροάομαι) a barking or listening to. 2. obedience.

ἀκροῦστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκροάομαι, one must listen to.

ἀκροᾶτήριον, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) a place of audience: lecture-room. II. an audience.

ἀκροᾶτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀκροάομαι) a bearer: a pupil.

ἀκροᾶτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκροάομαι) proper for bearing or attending lectures; μισθὸς ἀκροατικός, Lat. *honorarium, a pupil's fee*.

ἀκρο-βάτέω, (ἀκρος, βαίνω) to walk on tiptoe or erect.

ἀκρο-βάφης, (ἀκρος, βάφηναι) wetted at the end. II. tinged at the point, or slightly.

ἀκρο-βελής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, βέλος) with a point at the end.

ἀκροβολέω, (ἀκροβόλος) to be a slinger, to skirmish.

ἀκροβολίζομαι, (ἀκροβολέω) Dep. to throw or strike from afar: to skirmish. Hence

ἀκροβόλις, εως, ἡ, a skirmishing.

ἀκροβολισμός, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλις.

ἀκροβολιστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλος.

ἀκρο-βόλος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, βαλεῖν) as Subst. one that throws from afar, a slinger, skirmisher: but II. as Adj. proparox. ἀκρό-βολος, ου, struck from afar.

ἀκροβυστία, ἡ, (ἀκρόβυστος) uncircumcision.

ἀκρό-βυστος, ου, (ἀκρος, βύω) uncircumcised.

ἀκρο-γωνιαῖος, ου, (ἀκρος, γωνία) at the extreme angle; ἀκρ. λίθος the corner foundation-stone.

ἀκρό-δετος, ου, (ἀκρος, δέω) bound at the end or top.

ἀκρόδρυα, τά, (ἀκρος, δρῦς) fruit-trees. II. fruits, esp. hard-shelled fruits.

ἀκρο-έλικτος, ου, (ἀκρος, ἐλίσσω) twisted at the end.

ἀκρο-θιγής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, θιγείν) touching on the surface or lightly.

ἀκρό-θινα, τά, v. ἀκροθίνιον.

ἀκροθιναζομαι, Dep. (ἀκροθίνιον) to take of the best, pick out for oneself.

ἀκροθίνιον, τό, (ἀκρος, θίς) mostly in plur. ἀκροθίνα, also ἀκρόθινα, properly, the top of the bear, the

best or choice parts: hence the first-fruits of the field, of booty, etc., like ἀπαρχαί:—properly a neut. Adj. from ἀκροβίνιος, whence θύη ἀκροβίνια offerings of first-fruits. [θ]

ἀκρο-κελαινώ, (ἀκρος, κελαινός) only used in Ep. part. ἀκροκελαινώων, growing black on the surface.

ἀκρο-κνήφαιος, ον, and ἀκρο-κνεφής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, κνήφας) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight.

ἀκρο-κομος, ον, (ἀκρος, κόμη) with hair on the crown.

II. with leaves at the top.

ἀκρο-κόρινθος, ὁ, the citadel of Corinth.

ἀκρο-κύματος, f. ὤσω, (ἀκρος, κύμα) to float on the topmost waves.

ἀκρο-λίθος, ον, (ἀκρος, λίθος) with the extremities of stone, epith. of statues of wood with marble head, hands, and feet.

ἀκρο-λίγιον, τό, (ἀκρος, λίγιον) the edge of a net.

ἀκρο-λογέω, (ἀκρος, λέγω) to gather at top.

ἀκρολοφίτης, [ἴ], ον, ὁ, (ἀκρος, λόφος) a mountaineer.

ἀκρο-λοφος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, λόφος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀκρο-λύτω, (ἀκρος, λύω) to untie only at the end.

ἀκρο-μᾶνης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, μᾶνη) at the height of madness, raving mad.

ἀκρο-μόλιβδος, ον, (ἀκρος, μόλιβδος) leaded at the edge, epith. of a net.

ἀκρον, ον, τό, neut. of ἀκρος, the highest or topmost point: I. a mountain-top, peak. II. metaph.

the highest pitch, the height of a thing. III. pl.

ἀκρα, of persons, the chiefs.

ἀκρο-ονύχι, Adv. (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) with the edge of the nail.

ἀκρο-όνυχος, ον, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) = ἀκρώνυχος.

ἀκρο-νύχος, ον, (ἀκρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even.

ἀκρο-πενθής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, πένθος) exceeding sad.

ἀκρο-ποδητή, Adv. (ἀκρος, πούς) on tiptoe, stealthily.

ἀκρο-πόλις, εως, ἡ, (ἀκρος, πόλις) the upper or higher city, hence the citadel, castle: in Att. esp. the Acropolis of Athens, which served as the treasury. II. metaph. a tower of defence. 2. the highest point.

ἀκρο-πόλος, ον, (ἀκρος, πολέω) high-ranging: generally, high.

ἀκρο-πόρος, ον, (ἀκρος, πείρω) boring through, piercing with the point.

ἀκρο-πτερον, τό, (ἀκρος, πτερόν) the tip of the wing.

ἀκρο-πτολις, ἡ, poet. for ἀκρόπολις.

ἀκρος, α, ον, (ἀκή) at the end, i. e. either outermost, Lat. extremus, or at the top, Lat. summus; ἀκρα χεῖρ, ἀκρου πόδες, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc.; πόλις ἀκρη = ἀκρόπολις, the citadel; ὕδωρ ἀκρον the surface of the water; so also, ἐπ' ἀκροῖς (sc. δακτύλοις) on tiptoe; οὐκ ἀπ' ἀκρας φρενός not from the surface of the heart, i. e. from the inmost heart; ἀκροισι λαίφους κρασπέδους with the outermost edges of the sail, with a close-reefed sail. II. of Time,

ἀκρα ἑσπέρα the end of evening, night-fall. III.

of Degree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding,

good, excellent; ἀκροι Δαναῶν, ποιητῶν the first among the Greeks, and poets; ψυχῆν οὐκ ἀκρος not strong of mind. IV. neut. ἀκρον and ἀκρα, as Adv. very, exceedingly, highly: v. ἀκρος.

ἀκρο-σίδηρος, ον, (ἀκρος, σίδηρος) pointed or shod with iron.

ἀκρο-σοφος, ον, (ἀκρος, σοφός) high in wisdom.

ἀκρο-στόλιον, τό, (ἀκρος, στολή) the gunwale of a ship.

ἀκρο-σφάλης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, σφάλῃ) apt to stumble.

ἀκροτάτη, fem. Sup. of ἀκρος.

ἀκρο-τελεύτιον, τό, (ἀκρος, τελευτή) the fag-end of anything, esp. of a verse.

ἀκρότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (ἀκρος) a summit, height.

ἀκροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From ἀκρο-τομος, ον, (ἀκρος, τεμείν) cut off at the edge.

ἀκρο-ουχέω, (ἀκρον, ἔχω) to inhabit the heights.

ἀκρο-φύσιον, τό, (ἀκρος, φύσα) the snout or pipe of a pair of bellows.

ἀκρο-χάνης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, χανεῖν) wide-gawning.

ἀκρο-χειρίζομαι, Dep. (ἀκρος, χεῖρ) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the body.

ἀκρυπτος, ον, (a privat., κρύπτω) unhidden.

ἀκρύσταλλος, ον, without ice, unrozen.

ἀκρο-ωλένιον, τό, (ἀκρος, ὠλένη) the point of the elbow.

ἀκρο-ονύχια, ἡ, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) the tip of the nail: hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain.

ἀκρο-όνυχος, ον, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) with nails, claws, hoofs.

ἀκρο-ῶρεα, ἡ, (ἀκρος, ὄρος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀκρος, regul. Adv. of ἀκρος, very, exceedingly.

ἀκρωτηριάζω, f. σω: aor. I ἠκρωτηρίασα: pf. pass. ἠκρωτηρίασμαι:—to cut off the extremities, esp. the hands and feet, to mutilate. From ἀκρωτήριον, τό, (ἀκρος) any topmost or prominent part; ἀκρ. ὄρος a mountain-peak; ἀκρ. νηὸς a ship's beak, Lat. rostra. I. in plur. the extremities of the body, hands and feet. 2. in sing. a promontory.

ἀκταινώ, = ἀκταίω.

ἀκταίω, seems to be a strengthd. form of ἄγω, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly.

ἀκταῖος, α, ον, (ἀκτή) on the shore or coast. II.

Ἀκταία (sc. γῆ) ἡ, Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also Ἀκτή.

ἈΚΤΕἸΑ, ἡ, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus.

ἀκτεῖνος, ον, (a privat., κτέανον) without property.

ἀκτείνω, ον, (a privat., κτενίζω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἄγω, one must lead: εἰρήνην ἀκτέον one must keep peace. II. intr. one must go or march.

ἀκτερίστος, ον, or ἀκτέριστος, ον, (a privat., κτερεῖω or κτερίζω) without funeral-rites.

ἀκτή, ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) the place where the waves break, i. e. the beach, sea-shore, strand; in plur., ἀκταὶ προβλήτες jutting cliffs. 2. a tract by the sea. II.

generally, *any raised place or edge*, like the sea-coast, Lat. *ora*.

ἀκτῆ, ἡ, (ἀκτῆ) properly fem. of ἀκτός (*broken, bruised*), *bruised corn*, Lat. *mola*: *groats, meal, bread made of it*.

ἀ-κτῆμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., κτῆμα) *without property, c. gen.*, ἀκτῆμων χρυσοῖο *poor in gold*.

ἀ-κτῆτος, *ov*, (a privat., κτᾶμαι) *not worth getting*.

ἀκτίνεσσι, *Ep*, for ἀκτίσιν, dat. pl. of ἀκτίς.

ἀκτῆνδόν, (ἀκτίς) *Adv. like a ray*.

ἀκτίος, *ov*, (ἀκτῆ) *of or inhabiting the sea-shore*.

ἀκτίς, ἴνος, ἡ, *a ray, beam*, esp. of the sun; μέσσα ἀκτίς *midday*: also *the flash of fire and lightning*; metaph. *brightness, splendour*. II. like Lat. *radius, the spoke of a wheel*.

ἀκτίτης, *ov, δ*, (ἀκτῆ) *a dweller on the coast*. [Γ]

ἀ-κτίτος, *ov*, (a privat., κτίω) *uncultivated*.

ἄκτωρ, *oros, δ*, (ἄγω) *a leader, chief*.

ἀ-κυβέρνητος, *ov*, (a privat., κυβερνάω) *without pilot, not steered*.

*ΑΚΥΤΑΟΣ, ἡ, *an esculent acorn, fruit of the ilex*.

ἀ-κύμαντος, *ov*, (a privat., κύμαινω) *not washed by the waves, waveless, calm*.

ἀ-κύμος, *ov*, = ἀκύμαντος: metaph. *calm, serene*.

ἀ-κύματος, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., κύμα) = ἀκύμαντος. [Ἦ]

ἀ-κύμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., κενέω) *without fruit or offspring, barren*. [Ἦ]

ἀ-κύρος, *ov*, (a privat., κύρος) *without authority*. I. of laws, sentences, etc., *no longer in force, cancelled, annulled, set aside*; ἀκύρος γίνεσθαι, εἶναι *to have no force, be set aside*. II. of persons, *having no right or power, c. gen.* Hence

ἀκυρόω, *f. ὤσω*, *to cancel, set aside*.

ἀ-κύρωτος, *ov*, verb. Adj. *unratified*.

ἀ-κωδώνιστος, *ov*, (a privat., κωδωνίζω) *untried, unexamined*.

ἀκωκῆ, ἡ, (ἀκῆ) *a point, edge*, Lat. *acies*.

ἀ-κώλυτος, *ov*, (a privat., κωλύω) *unbinderd*. Adv. *-τως*, *without hindrance*.

ἀ-κωμωδῆτος, *ov*, (a privat., κωμωδέω) *not made the subject of comedy*: generally, *not ridiculed*.

ἄκων, *ovtos, δ*, (ἀκῆ) *a javelin, dart, smaller and lighter than ἔγχος*.

ἄκων, ἄκουσα, ἄκων, gen. *-ovtos*, Att. contr. for ἀέκων, *against one's will, perforce*. II. = ἀκούσιος, *involuntary*. [Ἰ]

ἀ-κωπος, *ov*, (a privat., κῶπη) *without oars*.

ἀλαβαστο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀλάβαστος, θήκη) *a case for alabaster ornaments*.

ἀλάβαστος, *δ*, ἀλαβαστίτης, *δ*, ἀλαβάστιον, *τό*, Att. for ἀλάβαστρος.

ἀλάβαστρον, *τό*, and ἀλάβαστρος, *δ*, also ἡ, *a calcareous spar, alabaster*. II. *that which is wrought or made of it, a casket or case of alabaster*.

ἄλαδε, Adv. (ἄλας) *to or into the sea*: in Homer also εἰς ἄλαδε.

ἀλά-δρομος, *ov, δ*, by some derived from ἄλλομαι,

δρόμος, the bounding race; by others from ἄλας, δρόμος, *a race over the sea*.

ἀλαζονεία, ἡ, (ἀλαζών) *the character of a braggart, vain-boasting, imposture*.

ἀλαζονεῦμα, *τό*, *an imposture*. From ἀλαζονεῦμαι, *f. εὔσομαι*, Dep. *to swagger, use false pretensions*. From

ἀλαζών, *ovos, δ, ἡ*, (ἄλη) *a wanderer about the country, vagabond*:—hence, *a false pretender, an impostor*. II. as Adj. *making false pretences, swaggering, braggart*, Lat. *gloriosus*:—Sup. ἀλαζονέστατος or *-ίστατος*.

ἀλάθεια, ἀλαθής, Dor. for ἀλήθεια, ἀληθής.

ἐλαθεῖς, Dor. aor. I pass. part. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλαῖνον, = ἀλάομαι, *to wander about*.

ἀλακάτα, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλακάτη.

ἀλάλα, Dor. for ἀλαλή.

ἀλάλαγῆ, ἡ, (ἀλαλάω) *a shouting*.

ἀλάλαγμός, *δ*, = ἀλαλαγή.

ἀλάλαζω: *f. ἄφομαι*: aor. I ἡλάλαξα, poet. ἀλάλαξα: (ἀλαλή):—*to raise the war-cry*: generally, *to shout aloud in sign of joy*; νίκην ἀλαλάζειν *to shout the shout of victory*.

ἀλάλη, Dor. ἀλάλα, ἡ, *alala! a loud cry: the battle-shout, war-cry*.

ἀλάλημαι, a pf. form of ἀλάομαι, but only used in pres. sense, *to wander or roam about*, like a beggar.

ἀ-λάλητος, *ov*, (a privat., λαλέω) *unspeakable*.

ἀλάλητός, *ov, δ*, (ἀλαλή) *the war-cry, shout of victory*: also *a cry of woe, wailing*.

ἀλαλκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

ἀλαλκίμενα, *-έμεν*, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

*Αλαλκο-μενηῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλαλκεῖν, μένος) *the guardian goddess, name of Minerva*.

ἀ-λάλος, *ov*, (a privat., λάλος) *speechless, dumb*.

ἀλάλυκτημαι, a pf. form as if from ἀλυκτέω (ἀλύω), but like ἀλάλημαι only used in pres. sense, *to wander about in anguish*: *to wander in mind from grief*.

ἀ-λάμπητος, *ov*, (a privat., λάμπω) *without light, darksome*.

ἀ-λαμπής, *ές*, = ἀλάμπητος; ἀλαμπής ἡλίου *without the light of the sun*.

ἀλάομαι, impf. ἡλώμην: aor. I ἡλήθην, Ep. ἀλήθην: pf. ἀλάλημαι: Dep.: (ἄλη):—*to wander, stray, or roam about*: sometimes c. acc., ἀλάσθαι γῆν *to wander through or over the land*: also *to wander from home, be banished*. II. metaph. *to wander in mind, be distraught*.

ἀλάος, *όν*, *not seeing, blind*; ἀλαοί, as opp. to δεδορκότες, *the dead*; ἀλαόν ἔλκος ὀμμάτων *a wound that brings blindness*. II. *dark, obscure*.

ἀλαο-σκοπή, ἡ, (ἀλαός, σκοπέω) *a blind, i. e. useless, careless watch*.

ἀλάω, *f. ὤσω*: aor. I inf. ἀλαῶσαι: (ἀλαός):—*to make blind*.

ἀλαπαδνός, ἡ, *όν*, (ἀλαπάζω) *easily mastered, weakened*: *powerless, feeble*.

ἀ-λαπάζω, Ep. impf. ἀλαπαζον: *f. ἀλαπάξω*: Gr.

aor. ἀπάφα: (a euphon., λαπάω):—to empty, drain, make poor: esp. to drain of power and strength, overcome, slay.

ἄλας, ἄτος, τό, = ἄλας, salt.

ἀλαστώ, (ἀλαστος) to be wrathful, bear hate.

ἀλάστορος, ον, (ἀλάστωρ) under the influence of an avenger.

ἀ-λαστος, ον, (a privat., λαθάνομαι) not to be forgotten, insufferable, unceasing: abominable, accursed. Hence

ἀ-λάστωρ, ορος, δ, (a privat., λαθάνομαι) he who forgets not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. Deus Vindex, with or without δαίμων: then, generally, an avenger, persecutor, tormentor; βουκύλων ἀλάστωρ the herdsmen's plague. II. pass. one who suffers from divine vengeance: a sinner, evil-doer, accursed and polluted man.

ἀλάτας, δ, Dor. for ἀλήτης.

ἐλατῆα, ἡ, Dor. for ἀλητῆα.

ἀλάτο, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλαωτός, ύος, ἡ, (ἀλαύω) a making blind, blinding.

ἀλεγύνος, ἡ, ύν, (ἀλγος) giving pain, painful, grievous:—Adv. -ῶς. II. act. feeling pain, suffering. For Comp. and Sup., v. ἀλγίον.

ἀλεγσί-θωρος, ον, (ἀλγος, θῶρον) bringing pain.

ἀλγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡλγισα: (ἀλγος):—to feel bodily pain, suffer pain: to be sick. II. metaph.

to feel pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or distressed: to suffer pain at or about a thing.

ἀλγηδών, ύνος, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) a sense of pain, pain, grief, of body or mind.

ἀλγημα, ατος, τό, (ἀλγέω) pain felt or caused.

ἀλγησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) sense of pain.

ἀλγυόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀλγος) painful, grievous.

ἀλγίον, ον, gen. ονος, and ἀλγιστος, η, ον, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἀλγείνός, formed from Subst. ἀλγος (as καλλίαν, κάλλιτος from κάλλος). [Y Ep., but I Att.]

*ΑΛΓΟΣ, εος, τό, pain, Lat. dolor, whether of body or mind; pain, sorrow, grief, distress. II. later,

anything that causes pain. Hence

ἀλγύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἡλγύνω.—Pass. with f. med. ἀλγυνούμαι: aor. I ἡλγύνθην:—to pain, grieve, distress:—Pass. to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at a thing.

ἀλδαίνω: aor. 2 ἡλδῶον:—to make to grow, nourish, strengthen; ἡλδανε μέλα she filled out his limbs: to increase, multiply. Only poet. (From *άλω, Lat. alo.)

ἀλδήσσω, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. =

ἀλδαίνω. (From Root *ΑΛ-, as in Lat. alere.)

ἀλέα, Ion. ἐλέη, ἡ, (ἀλη, ἀλεύω) an avoiding, escaping: c. gen. flight from a thing, shelter from it.

*ΑΛΕ'Α, Ion. ἀλέη, ἡ, = εἰλη, beat or warm'th, of the sun, or of fire. Hence

ἀλεάινω, to warm, make warm, sun: intr. to grow warm, be warm.

ἀλεάσθαι, ἀλεάσθε, Ep. aor. I inf. and imper. pl. of ἀλέομαι.

ἀλεγύνός, ἡ, ύν, (ἀλέγω) cf. ἀλγείνός) painful, grievous, troublesome: c. inf., ἵπποι ἀλεγύνοι δαμημεναί horses hard to break.

ἀλεγίζω, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. ἀλέγιζον: (ἀλέγω):—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care for, mind, heed, c. gen. rei.

ἀλεγύνω, chiefly used in pres. and impf.: (ἀλέγω):—in Odyssey with δαῖτα and δαῖτας, to care for a meal: generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

ἀ-λέγω, (a copul., λέγω) only used in pres. to trouble oneself, have a care, mind, heed; mostly with the negat., οὐκ ἀλέγειν to have no care, heed not; rarely without negat., Διταὶ ἀλέγουσι κιοῦσαί they are heedful in their course; also c. acc. vel gen. to care for a person or thing.—Pass., ἀλέγεσθαι ἔν τισι, to be regarded or counted among.

ἀλεείνός, ἡ, ύν, (ἀλέα, ἀλω) hot, warm.

ἀλεείνω, only used in pres. and impf. = ἀλέομαι, ἀλειύομαι, (ἀλέα, ἀλη) to sbun, avoid.

ἀλέη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀλέα.

ἀλειαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλέω) wbeaten flour.

ἀλειμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλείφω) anything used to anoint with, an unguent, fat, oil.

ἀλείπτης, ον, δ, (ἀλείφω) an anointer: a trainer, master, properly in the wrestling-school.

ἀλείς, εἶσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of εἶλω.

ἀ-λεισον, τό, (a privat., λείος) an embossed cup, generally = δέπας.

ἀλείτης, ον, δ, (ἀλη) one who leads or goes astray, a sinner.

ἀλειφα, τό, = ἀλειφαρ.

ἀλειφαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλείφω) unguent, oil, used in funeral sacrifices. II. generally, anything for

smearing with, pitch, resin.

*ΑΛΕΙ'ΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἡλειφα, Ep. ἄλ-: pf. ἀλήλιφα:—Pass., aor. I ἡλείφην, also aor. 2 ἡλίφην [Y]: pf. ἀλήλιμμα:—to anoint with oil, oil the skin: Homer joins ἀλειψαι or ἀλείψασθαι λιπ' ἐλαιω

to anoint with oil (see λίπα); esp. of anointing for gymnastic exercises; of ἀλειφόμενοι the athletes. II. like ἐπ-αλείφω, to anoint, besmear; οὔατα ἀλείψαι to stop up the ears. Hence

ἀλείψις, εως, ἡ, an anointing, dyeing.

ἀλεκτορίσκος, δ, Dim. of ἀλέκτωρ, a cockerel.

ἀλεκτορίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a hen.

ἀλεκτοριδεύς, εως, δ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a chicken.

ἀλεκτορο-φωνία, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of a cock: cock-crow.

ἀ-λεκτρον, ον, (a privat., λέκτρον) unwedded; ἀ-λεκτρα γάμον ἀμύλληματα an unwedful contest of marriage: ἀλεκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage.

ἀλεκτρύαινα, ἡ, a hen, comic fem. of ἀλεκτρώων, by analogy of λέαινα to λέων.

ἀλεκτρώων, ύνος, δ, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a cock or hen.

*ΑΛΕ'ΚΤΩΡ, ορος, δ, a cock, Lat. gallus.

*ΑΛΕ'ΚΩ, less common form for ἀλέξω, to ward off, avert, τινί τι.

ἀλέματος, Dor. for ἡλέματος.

ἄλεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἑάλησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω:—but ἄλεν, aor. 2 part. neut., v. ἄλεις.

ἄλέξ-άνδρος, ον, (ἄλέξω, ἀνήρ) *defending men*. II. *the usual name of Paris in the Iliad.*

ἄλέξ-άνεμος, ον, (ἄλέξω, άνεμος) *keeping off the wind.*

ἄλέξασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξ-έμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξ-ήσκει, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξημα, τό, (ἄλέξω) *a defence, guard, help.*

ἄλέξησις, εως, ἡ, (ἄλέξω) *a keeping off, resistance.*

ἄλέξ-ήσω, fut. of ἄλέξω.

ἄλέξ-ήτειρα, ἡ, fem. of ἀλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἄλέξω) *one who keeps off, a helper, guardian; ἄλεξητήρ μάχης one who keeps the fight off the rest, a champion*. Hence

ἄλεξητήριος, α, ον, *able to keep off, defend or help*, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. *Averrunci*. II.

ἄλεξητήριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, *a remedy, protection.*

ἄλεξήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἄλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξ-ἄρη, ἡ, (ἄλέξω, ἀρά) *sbe that keeps off a curse; or (from ἄλέξω, Ἄρης) sbe that guards from death and ruin*. [ἄρ]

ἄλεξ-βέλεμος, ον, (ἄλέξω, βέλεμον) *keeping off arrows or darts.*

ἄλεξ-κάκος, ον, (ἄλέξω, κακόν) *keeping off evil.*

ἄλεξι-βροτος, ον, (ἄλέξω, βροτός) *protecting mortals.*

ἄλεξι-μορος, ον, (ἄλέξω, μόρος) *warding off death.*

ἄλεξ-φάρμακον, τό, *a means of keeping off poison, an antidote.*

ἌΛΕΞΩ:—the tenses are formed partly from ἀλεξέω, partly from ἀλέκω:—fut. ἀλεξήσω; 3 sing. aor. 1 act. opt. ἀλεξήσκει; fut. med. ἀλεξήσομαι:—but also fut. ἄλέξω; aor. 1 ἤλεξα; fut. med. ἄλεξομαι; aor. 1 ἤλεξάμην:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without augm. (as if from *ἄλκω) ἀλακον, inf. ἀλακεῖν, -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. ἀλακόν; whence again is formed a fut. ἀλακήσω:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid:—Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately, as, ἄλεξεν τινί to help one; Ζεὺς τόγ' ἀλεξήσκει may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as, ἄλεξεν Δαναοῖς κακόν ἡμῶν to avert the day of evil from the Danai: cf. ἀλακε:—Med., ἄλεξασθαί τινα to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. *defendere*: also absol. to defend oneself. II. in Med. also, to requite, repay, recompense.

ἄλεομαι, contr. ἀλεόμαι, also ἀλεύομαι: 3 sing. opt. ἀλείοτο: part. ἀλείμενος: but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. aor. 1 ἤλεντο or ἀλεύατο; imper. ἀλείαι, ἀλείσθε; subj. ἀλήται or ἀλεύεται; opt. ἀλείατο; inf. ἀλάσθαι, ἀλεύασθαι; part. ἀλενάμενος: Dep.: (ἀλεύω):—to avoid, shun, usu. c. acc. rei, ἄλ. βέλος, θάνατον, rarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape, flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. ἄλεύθ.

ἄλεσσαν, Ep. for ἤλεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 1 of ἀλέω.

ἄλειται, Ep. for ἄληται, 3 sing. aor 2 subj. of ἄλλομαι, to leap.

ἄλέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinder; ἀλέτης ὄνος a mill-stone.*

ἄλετός, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding.*

ἄλετρέω, f. εἶσω, longer form of ἀλέω, to grind. [ἄ]

ἄλε-τριβάνος, ὁ, (ἀλέω, τρίβω) *that which grinds or pounds, a pestle.*

ἄλετρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλέω) *a female slave who grinds corn*, Lat. *molitrix*. [ἄ]

ἄλεύο or ἄλεω, prob. shortened for ἀλέου, imper. of ἀλόομαι, avoid! cease!

ἄλευάμην, aor. 1 of ἀλόομαι.

ἄλευρον, τό, (ἀλέω) *wheaten flour, fine meal*, mostly in plur. ἄλευρα, distinguished from ἄλφιτα (*barley-meal*).

ἄλεύω, f. ἀλεύσω, aor. 1 ἤλευσα, used as Act. to ἀλόομαι or ἀλόομαι (v. ἀλόομαι):—to remove, keep far away.

ἌΛΕΩ: impf. ἤλου: fut. ἀλέσω: aor. 1 ἤλεσα, Ep. ἄλεσσα: pf. ἀλήλεκα, pass. ἀλήλεσμαι or ἀλήλεμαι:—to grind, bruise, pound, Lat. *molere*.

ἄλεωρή, Att. ἀλεωρά, ἡ, (ἀλόομαι) *an avoiding, shunning, escaping*. 2. *a means of escape from, a defence against* a person or thing, δητῶν ἀνδρῶν ἀλεώρη:—absol. help, succour.

ἌΛΗ, ἡ, (ἀλόομαι) *ceaseless wandering or roaming*. 2. *metaph. a wandering of mind, distraction, madness*, Lat. *error mentis*.

ἀλήθεια, ποῦτ. ἀληθεία, ἡ, (ἀληθής) *truth*. II. *the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity*.

ἀληθέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἀληθῶς. ἀληθεύω, f. εἶσω, (ἀληθής) of persons, to speak truth, to be truthful: of things, to be true: of divinations, in Pass. to come true, be fulfilled:—ἀλήθευσον πάντα speak truth in all things.

ἀ-ληθής, ἐς, (α privat., λήθω) *without reserve*:—of persons, true, sincere; truthful, frank, honest: of things, real, actual. 2. neut. as Adv. with ironical signf.; proparox. ἀλητες; itane? indeed? in sooth? but τὸ ἀληθές, in very truth, really and truly, Lat. *revera*.

ἀληθίζομαι, Dep. = ἀληθεύω.

ἀληθινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀληθής) *agreeable to truth*:—of persons, truthful, honest: of things, real, actual, genuine. Adv. -νός.

ἀληθό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀληθής, μάντις) *prophet of truth*.

ἀληθοσύνη, ἡ, ποῦτ. for ἀλήθεια.

ἀλήθω, fut. ἤσω, = ἀλέω, to grind.

ἀληθῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀληθής, really, truly; also ὡς ἀληθῶς:—Comp. ἀληθέστερον, more truly; Sup. ἀληθέστατα, most truly.

Ἄληϊον πεδῖον, τό, (ἄλη) *land of wandering*, in Lycia or Cilicia.

ἄ-λήϊος, ον, (α privat., λήϊον) *without corn-land, poor*.

ἄ-ληκτος, Ep. ἄλληκτος, ον, (α privat., λήγω) *unceasing, incessant; ἄλληκτος θυμὸς implacable anger; ἄλληκτος χόλον abating not from wrath*.

ἀλήλεκα, ἀλήλεσμαι, or —μαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέω, *to grind*.

ἀλήλιφα, ἀλήλιμμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἄλημα, τό, (ἀλέω) properly *that which is ground, fine flour*: metaph. *a wily knave*.

ἄλημεναι, Ep. for ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

ἄλημων, ονος, ὁ, ἦ, (ἀλόμοι) *a wanderer, rover*.

ἄληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

ἄ-ληπτος, ον, (a privat., λαμβάνω) *not to be laid hold of, hard to catch*: Comp. ἀληπτότερος, *less amenable*. 2. *incomprehensible*.

ἄΛΗΨ, or ἀλής, ἐς, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. ἀβρότος, *ibronged, in a mass, Lat. confertus*. [ā]

ἔληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἄλλομαι.

ἄλητεια, Dor. ἀλατεια, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*.

ἄλητεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀλήτης) *to be a wanderer, live a vagrant life*.

ἀλήτης, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding in the mill*.

ἀλήτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλόμοι) *a wanderer, stroller, rover, vagabond*. 2. as Adj. *vagrant, roving*.

ἄΛΘΟΜΑΙ, Ep. impf. ἀλόμην: fut. ἀλόησομαι: —*to become whole or sound*; ἀθετο χεῖρ.

ἄλια, Ion. ἄλιη, ἡ, (ἀλής) *an assembly, gathering of the people*, Dor. and Ion. word for the Attic ἐκκλησία.

ἄλιά, ἡ, (ἄλς) *a salt-cellar*.

ἄλιάδαι, ἄν, οἱ, (ἄλς) *seamen*.

ἄλι-ἄετος, poet. ἄλαιετος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἄετός) *the sea-eagle, osprey*.

ἄλι-ἄης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἄημι) *blowing on the sea, blowing sea-ward*.

ἄλι-ανθής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἄνθος) *sea-blooming, i. e. purple*.

ἄ-λίαστος, ον, (a privat., λιάζομαι) *unyielding, unabating*: neut. ἄλιαστον as Adv., *incessantly*.

ἄλι-βάτος, ον, Dor. for ἡλίβατος.

ἄλι-βρεκτος, ον, (ἄλς, βρέχω) *washed by the sea*.

ἄλικίος, α, ον, *resembling, like*. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ā]

ἄλι-δονος, ον, (ἄλς, δονέω) *sea-tossed*.

ἄλι-ερκής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἐρκος) *sea-girt, surrounded by the sea*.

ἄλιεύς, gen. ἑως, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἄλιος) *one who has to do with the sea*, and so I. *a fisher*. II. *a seaman, sailor*: with another Subst. ἐρέτας ἄλιῆς *rowers on the sea*.

ἄλιευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλιεύω) *of or for fishing*.

ἄλιεύω, f. σω, (ἀλιεύω) *to be a fisher, to fish*.

ἄλιζω, f. ἰσω, (ἄλς) —Pass., aor. I ἡλίσθην: pf. ἡλισμαι, Ion. ἄλισμαι: (ἀλής): —*to gather together, assemble*. —Pass. *to assemble, meet together*. [ā]

ἄλίω, f. ἰω, (ἄλς) *to salt*. [ā]

ἄλι-ζωνος, ον, (ἄλς, ζώνη) *sea-girt*.

ἄλιη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄλια.

ἄλι-ήρης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἐρέσσω) *sweeping the sea*.

ἄλιήτωρ, οπος, ὁ, poet. for ἄλιεύς.

ἄλιῆσι, Ep. dat. plur. of ἄλιη.

ἄλιθιος, Dor. for ἡλίθιος.

ἄ-λίθος, ον, *without stones, not stony*.

ἄλικια, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλιμία.

ἄλι-κλυτος, ον, (ἄλς, κλύζω) *sea-beaten*.

ἄλι-κμητος, ον, (ἄλς, κάμνω) *wearied by the sea*.

ἄλικος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡλίκος.

ἄλι-κτύπος, ον, (ἄλς, κτυπέω) *sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships*. II. act. *roaring over the sea*, of waves.

ἄλι-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, κύμα) *surrounded by waves*. [ū]

ἄλι-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (ἄλς, μέδω) *lord of the sea*.

ἄ-λίμενος, ον, (a privat., λιμήν) *without harbour, Lat. importuosus*: generally, *giving no shelter, inhospitable*. Hence

ἄ-λιμένους, ἡ, *the being without harbours*.

ἄλι-μυρήτης, ἐσσα, εν, (ἄλς, μύρω) *flowing into the sea*, of rivers.

ἄλινδω, aor. I ἡλῖσα, inf. ἄλῖσαι: pf. ἡλῖκα: —*to make a horse roll*: —Pass. ἄλινδέομαι or ἄλινδομαι, *to roll like a horse*; also *to wander up and down, roam about*. Hence

ἄλινδθήρα, ἡ, *a place for horses to roll in*, Lat. *volutabrum*.

ἄλι-νήκτηρα, ἡ, fem. noun, as if from ἄλι-νηκτήρ (ἄλς, νήχω) *swimming in the sea*.

ἄλι-νηχής, ἐς, (ἄλς, νήχομαι) *swimming in the sea*.

ἄλινος, η, ον, (ἄλς) *made of or from salt*.

ἄ-λινος, ον, (a privat., λίνω) *without a net, without bunting toils*.

ἄλις, Dor. for ἡλιξ.

ἄλι-ξαντος, ον, (ἄλς, ξαίνω) *worn by the sea*.

ἄλιος, ὁ, Dor. for ἡλιος, *the sun*. [ā]

ἄλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἄλς) *of, from, or belonging to the sea*, Lat. *marinus*. [ā]

ἄλιος, α, ον, = μάτιος, *fruitless, unprofitable, idle, erring*: also in neut. as Adv. *in vain*. [ā] (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄλιο-τρέφής, ἐς, (ἄλιος, τρέφω) *sea-nurtured*.

ἄλιόω, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἡλίωσα, Ep. ἄλιωσα: (ἄλιος II): —*to make fruitless, disappoint*.

ἄ-λιπάρης, ἐς, *not fit for a surplian*.

ἄλιπέδον, τό, (ἄλς, πεδίον) *a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piraeus*.

ἄλι-πλαγκτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλάζω) *roaming in or by the sea*.

ἄλιπλακτος, Dor. for ἀλίπληκτος.

ἄλι-πλανής, ἐς, (ἄλς, πλάνη) *sea-wandering, wandering over the sea*. Hence

ἄλιπλανία, ἡ, *a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage*.

ἄλι-πληκτος, Dor. —πλακτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλήσσω) *sea-beaten, lashed by the sea*.

ἄλι-πλος, ον, contr. ἄλι-πλους, ον, (ἄλς, πλέω) *merged in the sea, covered with water*.

ἄλι-πόρος, ον, (ἄλς, πείρω) *ploughing the sea*.

ἄλι-πόρφυρος, ον, (ἄλς, πορφυρά) *of sea-purple, of deep purple dye*.

ἀλιρ-ραγής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ράγῃναι) *breaking the waves, against which the tide breaks.*

ἀλιρ-ραντος, ον, (ἄλς, ραίνω) *sea-surfing.*

ἀλιρ-ρηκτος, ον, = ἀλιρραγής.

ἀλιρ-ρόθιος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, ρόθος) *roaring with waves, sea-beaten.*

ἀλιρ-ροθος, ον, = ἀλιρρόθιος.

ἀλιρ-ρύτος, ον, (ἄλς, ρέω) *washed by the sea.*

ἌΛΙΣΣ, Adv. (ἀλής) *in heaps, crowds, swarms, in abundance, enough, Lat. satis*: also c. gen., ἄλις ἀργύρου *silver enough, Lat. sat argenti*; ἄλις ἔχω τινοῦ *I have enough of a thing; rarely just enough, = μετρίως.*

ἌΛΙΣΣΑ, aor. I inf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἌΛΙΣΣΓΕΨ, f. ἦσα, *to pollute.* Hence

ἀλίσσημα, ατος, τό, *a pollution.*

ἀλίσκομαι, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αἰρέω: impf. ἠλίσκωμην: fut. ἀλώσομαι: aor. 2 syncop. ἦλαν, Att. also ἐάλων []; subj. ἄλω, Ep. ἄλώω; opt. ἀλοίην, Ep. ἀλόην; inf. ἀλῶναι [ᾶ]; part. ἀλοῖς: pf. ἦλωκα, Att. also ἐάλωκα [ᾶ]: plqpf. ἦλωκεν:—*to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's band.*

2. *to be caught, seized.* 3. *to be taken or caught in hunting; also absol. to be overpowered.*

4. *rarely in good sense, to be won, achieved.*

II. *to be caught or detected in a thing*: as Att. law-term, *to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; ἀλῶναι κλοπῆς to be convicted of theft.*

ἀλι-στέφανος, ον, = sq.

ἀλι-στέφης, ἐς, (ἄλς, στέφω) *sea-girt.*

ἀλι-στονος, ον, (ἄλς, στένω) *sea-resounding.*

ἀλιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλίω) *salted, pickled.*

ἀλι-στρεπτος, ον, (ἄλς, στρέφω) *whirled or rolled to and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.*

ἀλιταῖνω, f. ἀλιτήσω: aor. 2 ἠλιτον, inf. ἀλιτεῖν: later also aor. I ἠλιτσα.—Med., aor. 2 ἠλιτόμην, 3 pl. Ep. ἀλίτοντο, inf. ἀλιτέσθαι: see ἀλιτήμενος: (ἄλη):—*to sin or offend against, to transgress, err.*

ἀ-λιτάνετος, ον, (a privat., λιτανεύω) *not to be moved by prayer.*

ἀλιτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλι-τενής, ἐς, (ἄλς, τείνω) *stretching along the sea, and so level, flat.*

ἀλι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, τέρμα) *bounded by the sea, bordering on it.*

ἀλιτήμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλιτεῖν) *a sin, offence.*

ἀλιτήμενος, a part med. of ἀλιταῖνω, with accent and signf. of pres., *sinning, as if formed from ἀλιτήμη.* Compare τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος.

ἀλιτ-ήμερος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ἡμέρα) *missing the right day or right time: hence untimely born.*

ἀλιτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, wicked.*

ἀλιτήριος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, laden with guilt: ἀλιτήριος τινος sinning against him.*

ἀλιτόνοτο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλιτό-ξενος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ξένος) *sinning against a guest.*

ἀλιτο-φροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀλιτεῖν, φρήν) *a wicked mind.*

ἀλιτραῖνω, = ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλιτρία, ἡ, (ἀλιτρός) *sinfulness, wickedness, mischief.*

ἀλιτρό-νοος, ον, (ἀλιτρός, νόος) *wicked-minded.*

ἀλιτρός, ὄν, syncop. for ἀλιτηρός, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, sinning*: as Subst., ἀλιτρός, ὁ, *a sinner, a knave.*

ἀλί-τρίτος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, τρίνω) *sea-beaten, sea-worn.*

ἀλί-τύπος, ον, (ἄλς, τύπτω) *sea-beaten, sea-tossed*:

as Subst., ἀλίτυπος, ὁ, *a seaman.*

ἀλί-τύρος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τυρός) *a salt cheese.*

ἄλιως, Adv. of ἄλιος, *in vain.*

ἀλιφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ἀλείφω.

ἀλιφθορία, ἡ, *shipwreck.* From

ἀλι-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλς, φθείρω) *destroying on the sea*:

as Subst. ἀλιφθόρος, ὁ, *a pirate.*

ἀλκαῖος, α, ὄν, (ἀλκή) *strong, mighty.*

ἄλκαρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἀλκή) *a safeguard, bulwark, defence.*

ἀλκῆς, ἄντος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. contr. from ἀλκαῖος, = ἀλκήεις.

ἀλκή, ἡ, (ἀλακείν) *bodily strength, force, prowess, power, might*: in plur. ἀλκαί, *feats of strength.*

II. *spirit, courage.* III. *a safeguard, defence; and so help, succour.*

IV. *battle, fight.*

ἀλκήεις, εσσα: Dor. ἀλκαῖος contr. ἀλκῆς, gen.

ἀλκῆντος: (ἀλκή) *valiant, mighty.*

ἄλκι, heterocl. Ep. dat. of ἀλκή, formed as if from ἄλξ.

ἀλκι-μαχος, ον, (ἀλκή, μάχομαι) *bravely-fighting.*

ἄλκιμος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, stout, brave.*

ἀλκι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλκή, φρήν) *stout-bearded.*

ἀλκτιήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀλακείν) *one who wards off, a protector.*

ἀλκυονίδες, αἰ, with or without ἡμέραι, (ἀλκύνω) *balcyon days, the 14 winter days during which the balcyon builds its nest, supposed to be quite calm.*

ἌΔΚΤΨΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, *the kingfisher, balcyon.*

ἌΛΛΑΨ, Conjunct., neut. pl. of ἄλλος, but with a change of accent:—*in another way, otherwise*:

I. *to oppose single clauses, but, Lat. autem.* II. *to oppose whole sentences, but, yet, Lat. at*:—it may even be used with imperat., *to encourage, persuade, etc., like Lat. tandem; ἄλλ' ἴθι, ἄλλ' ἄγε, well come, come now.*

III. *joined with other Particles*: 1. ἄλλ' ὄν, *but then, however.*

2. ἀλλὰ γάρ, *Lat. enimvero, but really, certainly.*

ἀλλάγη, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a change: exchange, barter.*

ἄλλαγμα, ατος, τό, *that which is given or taken in exchange, the price of a thing.*

ἄλλαντοπώλω, *to sell sausages.* From

ἄλλαντο-πώλης, ον, ὁ; (ἄλλας, πωλέω) *a sausage-seller.*

ἀλλάξαι, ἀλλάξασθαι, aor. I act. and med. inf. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἀλλάξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a changing, interchange.*

ἌΛΛΑΞ, ἄντος, ὁ, *a sausage.*

ἀλλάσσω, Att. -τω, f. ἄξω: aor. I ἤλλαξα: pf.

ἤλλαχα:—Pass., fut. I ἀλλαχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀλλαγή-

σομαι : aor. 1 ἠλλάχθην, aor. 2 ἠλλάγην : pf. ἠλλαγμαί : (ἄλλος) :—to make other than it is, to change, alter.

II. to give in exchange, to requite, repay. 2. to change, and so leave, quit. III. to take in exchange, exchange, τί τινος or ἀντί τινος one thing for another. 2. to go to, c. acc. loci, like Lat. mutare.

IV. Med. to change or alter one's own, but oftener to exchange for oneself, exchange, interchange: hence to barter, traffic:—and so, either 1. to buy, or 2. to sell.

ἄλλαχῆ, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. *alibi*; ἄλλοτε ἀλαχῆ at one time in one place, at another in another.

ἄλλαχθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place: by another way.

ἄλλαχόσθι, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, somewhere else.

ἄλλαχου, Adv. elsewhere, in another place.

ἄλλαχου, Adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, Lat. *alibi*.

ἄλλεγον, ἄλλεξαι, Ep. for ἀνέλεγον, ἀναλέξαι, v. ἀναλέγω.

ἄλλῃ, Adv. properly dat. fem. of ἄλλος, I. Adv. of Place: 1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat. *alibi*. 2. to another place, elsewhere, Lat. *aliorum*.

II. Adv. of Manner, in another way, somehow else, otherwise, Lat. *alias*.

ἄλλ' ἢ, i. e. ἄλλο ἢ, excepti.

ἄλληγορέω, (ἄλλος, ἀγορεύω) to speak so as to imply other than what is said, to express or to interpret allegorically.

ἄλληκτος, ον, poet. for ἄληκτος.

ἄλληλοφάγια, ἢ, an eating one another. From

ἄλληλο-φάγος, ον, (ἄλλήλων, φάγειν) eating one another.

ἄλληλοφθορία, ἢ, mutual destruction. From

ἄλληλο-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλλήλων, φθείρω) destroying one another.

ἄλληλοφονία, ἢ, mutual slaughter. From

ἄλληλο-φόνος, ον, (ἄλλήλων, *φένω) murdering one another.

ἄλλήλων, a gen. plur. which has no nom.: dat. ἀλλήλους, αις, οἰς : acc. ἀλλήλους, ας, α : (ἄλλος) :—of one another, to one another, one another. Hence

ἄλληλως, Adv. reciprocally, mutually.

ἄλ-ιστος, ον, poet. for ἄλιστος, (α privat., λίσσομαι) inexorable.

ἄλ-λιτάνευτος, ον, poet. for ἄλιτάνευτος, (α privat., λιτανεύω) inexorable.

ἄλλο-γενής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, γένος) of another race: a foreigner.

ἄλλό-γνωστος, ον, (ἄλλος, γῶσσα) of a strange tongue, foreign.

ἄλλο-γνώσθι, Ion. aor. 1 part. ἄλλο-γνώσας, (ἄλλος, γνώω) to take one person or thing for another, to mistake.

ἄλλό-γνωτος, ον, (ἄλλος, γιγνώσκω) mistaken for another person or thing, unknown.

ἄλλο-δαπέος, ἢ, ὄν, strange, foreign, belonging to another people or land: ἄλλοδαπῆ (sc. γῆ) in a strange land. (Deriv. of -δαπος uncertain.)

ἄλλοδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (ἄλλόδοξος) to mistake one thing for another. Hence

ἄλλοδοξία, ἢ, a mistaking one thing for another.

ἄλλό-δοξος, ον, (ἄλλος, δόξα) holding another opinion. ἄλλο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, εἶδος) of different form, looking differently.

ἄλλοθ', Ep. elision for ἄλλοθι.

ἄλλοθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place, Lat. *aliunde*.

ἄλλοθι, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. *alibi*. II. in another way, in another case, otherwise, Lat. *alias*.

ἄλλό-θρους, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (ἄλλος, θρύος) speaking another tongue, strange, foreign.

ἄλλοτος, α, ον, (ἄλλος) of another sort or kind, different, other:—Comp. ἄλλοότερος, different.

ἄλλοίω, f. ὤσω: aor. 1 ἠλλοίωσα:—Pass., pf. ἠλλοίωμαι : (ἄλλοίος) :—to make different, to change, alter:—Pass. to become different, be changed: esp. to be changed for the worse.

ἄλλοίως, Adv. of ἄλλοίος, otherwise.

ἄλλοκα, Aeol. for ἄλλοτε.

ἄλλόκοτος, ον, (ἄλλος) of unusual kind, strange, monstrous: also utterly changed. Adv. -τως.

*ἈΛΛΟΜΑΙ, Lat. *SAL-IO* : fut. ἀλοῦμαι : aor. 1 ἠλάμην, inf. ἄλασθαι : aor. 2 ἠλόμην; Ep. syncop. 2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) ἄλο, ἄλοτο; 3 subj. ἄληται, Ep. ἄλεται; inf. ἀλέσθαι; part. ἀλόμενος, Ep. ἄλμενος : Dep. :—to spring, leap, bound.

ἄλλο-πρόσ-ἄλλος, ὁ, i. e. ἄλλοτε πρὸς ἄλλον, one who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain.

*ἈΛΛΟΣ, ἢ, ο, Lat. *ALIVS*, another, other: 1. ἄλλος τις, or τίς ἄλλος, any other, some other: εἰ τις ἄλλος, Lat. *si quis alius*, whoever else. 2. ἄλλος

is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs derived from it, as ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει one man says one thing, one another. 3. joined with the Art, ὁ ἄλλος, the other, the rest; in plur. οἱ ἄλλοι, all the others, the rest, all besides, Lat. *ceteri*; τὰ ἄλλα, Lat. *cetera, reliqua*, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest, besides: οἱ τε ἄλλοι καί. . . all others and especially. . .

so also ἄλλως τε καί. . . both otherwise and. . . i. e. especially. 4. ἄλλος is used with numerals, when it means yet, still, further, etc.; πέμπτος ποταμὸς ἄλλος, yet a fifth river. II. more rarely like

ἄλλοίος, of other sort, different: hence 1. other than what is common, strange, foreign. 2. other than what is, untrue, unreal.

ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἄλλος) to another place, elsewhere, to foreign lands, Lat. *aliorum*.

ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἄλλος, ὅτε) at another time, at other times; ἄλλοτε. . . ἄλλοτε. . . at one time, at another.

ἄλλο τι; Adv. (ἄλλος, τίς) anything else? Lat. *numquid aliud?* when followed by ἢ, the sentence is elliptic, e. g. ἄλλο τι ἢ πενήσονται; i. e. ἄλλο τι πείσονται, ἢ πενήσονται; will they feel angry else but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger? but ἢ is sometimes omitted.

ἄλλοτριάζω, (ἄλλοτριος) *to be estranged*.
ἄλλοτριον-επισκοπος, ον, (ἄλλοτριος, ἐπίσκοπος) *a busy-body in other men's matters*.

ἄλλοτριον-πράγιω, (ἄλλοτριος, πράσσω) *to meddle with other people's business*. Hence

ἄλλοτριονπράγία, ἡ, *meddlesomeness*.

ἄλλοτριος, α, ον, (ἄλλος) *of or belonging to another*, Lat. *alienus*, opp. to ἴδιος; ἄλλοτριῶν χάρισασθαι *to be bountiful of what is another's*; ἄλλοτριῶν γυναιμοῖς γελᾶν *to laugh with a face unlike one's own*, Horace's *ridere malis alienis*. II. *foreign*, Lat. *peregrinus*: hence *strange, alien*: also *estranged, hostile*.

ἄλλοτριότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἄλλοτριος) *estrangement*.

ἄλλοτριῶν-χρως, χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄλλοτριος, χρῶς) *of divers colours*.

ἄλλοτριῶν, f, ὦσα, *to make strange, estrange, make hostile or ill-disposed*:—Pass. *to become estranged, be made an enemy*. II. *to bring into another's hands*:

—Pass. *to fall into strangers' hands*. Hence ἄλλοτριῶν, Adv. *of ἄλλοτριος, strangely*; ἄλλοτριῶν ἔχειν *to be estranged*.

ἄλλοτριῶσις, εως, ἡ, *estrangement*.

ἄλλου, Adv. *elsewhere, in another place*, Lat. *alibi*.

ἄλλοφος, ον, Ep. for ἄλλοφος.

ἄλλοφρονέω, f, ἡσω, (ἄλλος, φρονέω) *to be of another mind*: *to give no heed to a thing*. II. *to think otherwise than as one should, to think wrongly*.

2. *to be absent or unheeding*: also *to be senseless, lose one's wits*.

ἄλλοφύλος, ον, (ἄλλος, φυλή) *of another tribe, foreign, strange*.

ἄλλοχρως, ον, contr. -χρως, ον, (ἄλλος, χρῶς) *of another colour, changeful of hue*.

ἄλλοχρως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἄλλοχρως, *foreign*.

ἄλλυδις, Adv. (ἄλλος) = ἄλλοσε, *elsewhither*: Hom. has it only with ἄλλος, e. g. ἄλλυδις ἄλλος *one tiber another tiber*.

ἄλλυσεσκε, ἄλλυσουσα [ῥ], Ep. for ἀνέλυε, ἀναλύουσα: see ἀναλύω.

ἄλλως, Adv. *of ἄλλος, in another way or manner, otherwise*; ἄλλως πᾶσι *in some other way*; ἄλλως τε καί . . . *both otherwise and . . . especially, above all*.

II. *otherwise than . . . , differently*: hence in good sense, *better*.

2. *otherwise than as should be: heedlessly, without purpose: without reason*: also in vain: *for nothing*, like προῖκα, Lat. *gratis*: hence = μόνον, *only, merely*.

ἄλμα, τό, (ἄλλομαι) *a spring, leap, bound*.

ἄλμη, ἡ, (ἄλς) *sea-water that has dried: also the sea*. 2. *salt-water, brine*. II. *saltiness*.

ἄλμητις, εσσα, εν, (ἄλμη) *salt, briny*.

ἄλμυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἄλμη) *salt, briny*. 2. *metaph. bitter, distasteful*, like Lat. *amarus*.

ἌΛΟΨΑ, ποῖτ. ἄλοιωα: 3 sing. Ep. impf. ἄλοια: fut. ἄλοήσω: aor. ἰηλόησα, Ep. ἰηλόησα:—Pass. aor. ἰηλόηθην: pf. ἠλόημαι:—*to thresh, thresh out: to cudgel*.

ἄλοβος, ον, *with a lobe wanting, of the livers of victims*

ἄλογέω, f, ἡσω, (ἄλογος) *to pay no regard to a thing, take no heed of it*, Lat. *rationem rei non habere*. 2. *to be out of one's senses*. Hence

ἄλογία, ἡ, *want of regard or esteem, contempt*. II. *want of reason, senselessness, folly*.

ἄλόγητος, ον, (α privat., λογιζομαι) *unreasoning, thoughtless, silly*. II. *not to be reckoned*. 2. *not to be heeded, vile*.

ἄλογος, ον, I. *without speech, speechless*. 2. *unspeoken, i. e. unutterable*, Lat. *infaundus*. II.

without reason, irrational. 2. *not according to reason: contrary to reason, absurd*. 3. *not reckoned upon, unexpected*.

ἌΛΟΨΗ, ἡ, *the aloe, a plant*.

ἄλοπτός, ὁ, (ἀλόω) *threshing or threshing-time*.

ἄλθεν, Adv. (ἄλς) *from or out of the sea*.

ἄλοια, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἄλοιωα.

ἄλοιωα, ποῖτ. for ἀλοαω.

ἄλοιην, aor. 2 opt. of ἄλίσκομαι.

ἄλοιδόρητος, ον, (α privat., λαιδορέω) *unreviled: not to be reviled*.

ἄλοιδωρος, ον, *not reviling*.

ἄλοιφή, ἡ, (ἀλείφω) *anything for smearing: bog's lard, grease: also anointing-oil, unguent*: generally, ointment, varnish, paint.

ἄλοκίω, f, σω, (ἄλοξ) *to trace furrows, to write, draw*.

ἄλοντε [ᾶ], dual aor. 2 part. of ἄλίσκομαι.

ἌΛΟΞ, οκος, ἡ, a poet. form of αἰλαξ, never used in nom. sing., *a furrow ploughed in a field: ploughed land, corn-land*. 2. *in the skin, a gash, wound*.

ἌΛοσ-ύδιη, ἡ, (ἄλς, ὕδιης) *the sea-born: child of the sea, a name of Amphitrité and of Thetis*.

ἄλο-τριψ, ἱβος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τρίβω) *a pestle for pound-ing salt*.

ἄλο-ουργής, see ἀλουργός.

ἄλο-ουργίς, ἱδος, ἡ, (ἀλουργός) *a purple robe*.

ἄλο-ουργός, ὄν, and ἄλο-ουργής, ἐς, (ἄλς, *ἔργω) *purple-wrought, i. e. dyed with sea-purple, of a genuine purple*: in pl., τὰ ἄλοουργή purple robes.

ἄλους, ἄλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of ἄλίσκομαι. [ᾶ]
ἄλοῦσα, ἡ, *want of the bath*. From

ἄλουτος, (α privat., λούω) *unwasben*.

ἄλοφος, Ep. ἄλοφος, ον, *without a crest*.

ἄλοχος, ον, ἡ, (α copul., λέχος) *the partner of one's bed, a wife*.

ἄλωω, Ep. for ἄλαω, pres. imperat. of ἀλάομαι.

ἄλπιωτος, η, ον, Sup. of obsol. ἄλπιος, *sweetest, loveliest*.

ἌΛΞ, ἄλός, ὁ, Lat. *SAL*, Engl. *SALT*: in sing. *a grain or lump of salt*; in plur. *salt as prepared for use*.

ἌΛΞ, ἄλός, ἡ, *the sea*.

ἄλσο, ἄλτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἄλλομαι.

ἌΛΣΟΣ, εος, τό, *a place grown with trees and grass, a grove, esp. a sacred grove: also a glade*.

ἄλο-ώδης, ες, (ἄλσος, εἶδος) *like a grove, woodland*.

ἄλτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλλομαι) *good at leaping, nimble*.

ἄλτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλς) *salt*.

ἄλυκτάζω, f, ἄσω, (ἀλύω) *to be in trouble or dis-*

tress: also pf. pass. ἀλαλύκτημαι, as if from a pres.

ἀλυκτέω,

ἀλυκο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἀλυκος II, πέδη) an indissoluble

bond or fetter.

ἄλυκος, ον, (ἀλύω) troubled.

II. (a privat.,

λύω) = ἄλυτος, indissoluble.

ἀλύξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀλύσκει.

ἀλύξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλύσκει) an escaping, avoiding.

ἀ-λύπητος, ον, (a privat., λυπέω) not pained or

grieved. II. act. not paining or distressing.

ἀ-λύπος, ον, (a privat., λύπη) without pain or grief,

unpained.

II. act. not raining, causing no pain or grief, harmless.

ἀ-λύρος, ον, (a privat., λύρα) without the lyre, un-

accompanied by it: hence mournful.

ἄλυσις, εως, ἡ, a chain, bond. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-λύσιτελής, ἐς, useless, unprofitable: hence burt-

ful. Adv. -λως.

ἀλυσκάω, strengthd. for ἀλύσκει, used only in pres.

and impf.

ἀλυσκάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκει.

ἀλύσκει: fut. ἀλύξω and ἀλύξομαι: aor. I ἤλυξα,

Ep. ἄλυξα: (ἀλέω):—to flee from, shun, avoid, forsake.

ἀλύσσω, f. ἔλω, (ἀλύω) to be uneasy, have no rest.

ἀ-λύτος, ον, (a privat., λύω) not to be loosed or

broken, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless.

ἀ-λύτος, ον, without lamp or light.

ἌΛΤΩ, Att. ἄλῶ, used only in pres. and impf.:

(ἄλῃ, ἀλόμαι):—to wander, of the mind, to be ill

at ease, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like

ἀπορῆ: more rarely to be beside oneself for joy. [ῥ

in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

ἌΛΦΑΝΩ; aor. 2 ἤλφον, 3 sing. opt. ἄλφοι:—

to bring in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. φθόνον

ἀλφάνειν to incur envy.

ἀλφεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλφάνω.

ἀλφεισί-βοιος, α, ον, (ἀλφεῖν, βοῦς) bringing in

oxen: hence of maidens whose parents receive many

oxen as presents from their suitors, much-courted.

ἀλφιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀλφεῖν) always in phrase ἄνδρες

ἀλφισταί, gain-seeking, enterprising, industrious

men: esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.

ἀλφίτ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀλφίτων, ἀμείβω) a dealer in

barley-meal.

ἌΛΦΙΤΩΝ [ῖ], τό, peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. *po-*

lenta: sing. only in phrase ἀλφίτων ἄκρη, barley-meal:

elsewhere in plur. ἀλφίτα, barley-groats, and the cakes

or porridge made of it. 2. metaph. one's daily

bread, one's substance: πατρῆα ἀλφίτα one's patrimony.

ἀλφίτοποιία, ἡ, a preparing of barley-meal. From

ἀλφίτο-ποιός, ὁ, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal.

ἀλφίτο-σιτέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀλφίτων, σιτέω) to eat, live

on barley-meal, or bread made of it.

ἄλφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀλφάνω.

ἄλω, acc. of ἄλως.

ἄλῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾶ]

ἀλωεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλως) used on a threshing-floor.

ἀλωεύς, εως, Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (ἀλώῃ) a thresher, vine-dresser.

ἄλωῃ, Dor. ἄλωά, poet. for Att. ἄλως:

I. a

threshing-floor. II. any levelled plot of ground,

a garden, orchard, vineyard, etc.

ἄλώῃ, Ep. for ἄλῶ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκο-

μαι. II. ἄλῶῃ, Ep. for ἀλοίῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt.

of same verb.

ἄλωῖτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλεῖῃ) a husbandman, gardener. [ᾶ]

ἄλωμῆναι, Ep. for ἀλώναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκο-

μαι. [ᾶ]

ἄλωμενος, η, ον, part. of ἀλάομαι.

ἄλων, ανος, ἡ, = ἄλως.

ἄλώναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾶ]

ἄλωπεκῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. from Ion. ἄλωπεκέῃ (sub-

δορά): (ἀλώπηξ) a foxskin.

ἄλωπεκίς, αν, ὁ, (ἀλώπηξ) branded with a fox.

ἄλωπεκιδεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀλώπηξ) a fox's cub.

ἄλωπεκίω, f. ἴσω, (ἀλώπηξ) to play the fox, Lat.

vulpinari.

ἄλωπέκον, τό, Dim. of ἀλώπηξ, a little fox.

ἄλωπεκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλώπηξ) a mongrel between fox

and dog. II. a fox-skin cap.

ἌΛΩΠΗΞ, εκος, ἡ, a fox, Lat. *vulpes*: metaph.

of men.

ἌΛΩΣ, ω, ἡ: gen. ἄλων or ἄλως: acc. ἄλω, ἄλων

or ἄλωα: pl. n. ἄλων:—a threshing-floor. II. the

disk of the sun or moon.

ἄλωσιμος, ον, (ἄλώναι) easy to take, catch, win, or

conquer. 2. of the mind, easy to apprehend. II.

(ἄλωσις) of or belonging to capture or conquest.

ἄλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἄλώναι) a taking, capture, con-

quest. II. as law-term, detection, conviction.

ἄλωσομαι, fut. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἄλώναι, to be taken,

caught or conquered: to be acquired.

ἄλώω, Ep. for ἄλῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄμ, for ἀνά:—but ἄμ, for ἄμα.

ἌΜΑ, I. Adv. at once, Lat. *simul*. II.

Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with.

ἄμᾶ, Dor. for ἄμα.

Ἄμαζών, ἴνος, ἡ, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also

Ἄμαζόνιδες.

ἄμαθῆναι, (ἀμαθῆς) to be ignorant, stupid.

ἀ-μαθῆς, ἐς, (a privat., μαθεῖν) untaught, unlearned,

stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without know-

ledge of a thing. II. pass. not learnt, unknown.

Hence

ἀμαθία, ἡ, want of knowledge, ignorance.

ἀμαθῆεις, οεσσα, οεν, contr. ἀμαθούς, ούσσα, οῦν,

(ἄμαθος) = Ep. ἡμαθῆεις, sandy.

ἌΜΑΘΟΣ, ἡ, (ἄμμος) sand, a sandy soil: see

ψάμμος. [ᾶ]

ἄμαθῆναι, (ἄμαθος) to level with the sand, utterly

destroy.

ἄμαθῶς, Adv. of ἀμαθῆς, ignorantly: ἀμαθῶς ἔχειν

to be ignorant.

ἀ-μαίμκετος, η, ον, lengthd. form of ἀμαχος, ir-

resistible, huge, enormous.

ἀμαλδύνα, poet. for ἀμαλύνω, (ἀμαλός) properly to

soften: hence to *crush, destroy, ruin.*

2. metaph. *to hide, disguise.*

ἀμάλθακτος, *ov*, (a privat., μαλθάσσω) *unsoftened.*

ἀμάλλα, ἡ, (ἀμάω) *a bundle of ears of corn, sheaf.*

ἀμάλλο-δετήρ, ἦρος, and ἀμάλλο-δετής, οὔ, ὄ,

(ἀμαλλο, δέω) *a binder of sheaves.*

ἀμάλος, Att. ἀμάλος, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπαλός, *soft, light,*

Lat. *tener.*

2. *weak, feeble.*

ἀμαξα, Att. ἀμαξα, ἡ, (ἀγω) *a carriage, a wagon*

or wain.

2. *the carriage of the plough, Lat. cur-*

rus.

3. *Charles' wain in the heavens, the great*

bear.

4. *a carriage-road.* Hence

ἀμαξεύομαι, Pass. *to be traversed by wagons, to*

have wagon-roads through it.

ἀμαξεύς, ἔως, ὄ, (ἀμαξα) *a wagoner.*

ἀμαξ-ἡλάτος, *ov*, (ἀμαξα, ἐλαίνω) *traversed by*

wagons.

ἀμαξ-ἦρης, *es*, (ἀμαξα, *ἄρω, Root of ἀρρίσκω) *at-*

tached or belonging to a wagon or carriage.

ἀμαξιαῖος, *a, ov*, (ἀμαξα) *fit for a wagon: large*

enough to load a wagon, of stones.

ἀμαξίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of ἀμαξα, *a little wagon, Lat.*

prostellum: a go-cart.

ἀμαξίτης, *ov, ὄ*, (ἀμαξα) *of or belonging to a*

wagon. [7]

ἀμαξ-ἰτός, ὄν, (ἀμαξα, εἶμι) *traversed by wagons: as*

Subst. ἀμαξιτός (sub. δδός), ἡ, a high-road for wagons.

ἀμαξο-πληθής, ἔς, (ἀμαξα, πλήθος) *large enough to*

fill a wagon.

ἀμαξ-ουργός, ὄν, (ἀμαξα, *ἐργω) *making wagons or*

carriages.

ἀμαρ, *atos, τό*, Dor. for ἦμαρ.

ἌΜΑΡΑ, ἡ, *a trench, conduit, water-course.* [ἀμαρᾶ]

ἀμαραντίνος, ἡ, *ov*, = ἀμαραντος.

ἀ-μαραντος, *ov*, (a privat., μαραίνω) *unfading.*

ἌΜΑΡΤΑΝΩ; fut. ἀμαρτήσομαι, later -ἦσω:

aor. I ἡμαρτήσα: aor. 2 ἦμαρτον, inf. ἀμαρτεῖν, Ep.

by metaph. (with β inserted) ἡμβροτον: pf. ἡμάρ-

τηκα: Pass., aor. I ἡμαρτήθην: pf. ἡμαρτημαι:—to

miss, miss the mark, c. gen.: hence 2. generally,

to fail of doing, fail of one's purpose, go wrong: to

be deprived of a thing, lose it. II. to fail, do

wrong, err, sin.

ἄμαρτον, Ep. *aor. 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.*

ἀμαρτεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἀμαρτάνω.*

ἀμαρτή, *or ἀμαρτή, Adv. (ἅμα) together, at the same*

time, at once. [ἅμ-]

ἀμαρτήσομαι, fut. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτήμα, τό, (ἀμαρτεῖν) *a failure, error, sin.*

ἀμαρτητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀμαρτεῖν) *prone to fail or err.*

ἀμαρτία, ἡ, (ἀμαρτεῖν) *a failure, error, sin.*

ἀμαρτί-voos, *ov*, (ἀμαρτεῖν, νόος) *erring in mind,*

distracted.

ἀμαρτίον, τό, = ἀμαρτήμα.

ἀμαρτο-επής, ἔς, (ἀμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) *failing in words,*

speaking at random or idly.

ἀ-μαρτύρητος, *ov*, (a privat., μαρτύρῶ) *without*

witness.

ἀ-μαρτύρος, *ov*, (a privat., μάρτυς) *without witness,*

unattested.

ἀμαρτωλός, ἡ, = ἀμαρτία.

ἀμαρτωλός, ὄν, (ἀμαρτάνω) *sinful, barded in sin.*

ἀμάρυγγή, ἡ, = μαρμαρυγγή, *a sparkling, twinkling,*

glancing, of objects in motion. [8, but in Ep. ὄ.]

ἀμάρυγμα, τό, *a sparkle, twinkle, quick motion.* From

ἌΜΑΡΤΥΣΣΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to

sparkle, twinkle, glance.

ἄμας, Dor. for ἦμας.

ἀμα-τροχάω, only used in Ep. part. ἀματροχόων,

(ἀμα, τρέχω) *to run together, run along with.* Hence

ἀματροχιά, ἡ, *a running together or clashing of wheels.*

ἀμαυρός, ἄ, ὄν, *dark, dim, faint, obscure.*

2. *having no light: hence blind, sightless, dusky,*

gloomy. II. metaph. dim, uncertain. 2. ob-

scure, unknown. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ἀμαυρός, f. ὄσω: aor. I ἡμαύρωσα: pf. ἡμαύρωκα:

—to make dark or dim: —mostly in pass. to become

dark or dim; also to come to nothing. II. metaph. to eclipse: to weaken, impair.

ἀμαχεῖ, Adv. of ἀμαχος, *without resistance.*

ἀ-μάχητος, *ov*, poet. for ἀμάχητος.

ἀμάχητι, Adv. of ἀμάχητος, *without fighting.*

ἀ-μάχητος, *ov*, (a privat., μάχομαι) *not to be fought*

with, unconquerable. II. never having fought.

ἀμαχί, Adv. of ἀμαχος, = ἀμαχεῖ.

ἀ-μάχος, *ov*, (a privat., μάχη) *without battle, and*

so I. with whom no one fights, unconquered:

unconquerable, of persons: of places, impregna-

ble. II. act. not having fought. 2. disin-

clined to fight.

ἌΜΑ'Ω: contr. impf. ἦμων: f. ἀμήσω: aor. I

ἦμησα:—Pass., aor. I ἡμήσθην: pf. ἦμημαι:—to reap,

to mow: also to gather in, as a reaper does corn, to

collect. [generally, ᾶ Ep.: ᾶ Att.]

ἀμβ-, for ἀναβ-, at the beginning of words.

ἀμβαίη, Ep. for ἀναβαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀμβαλλόμεθα, Ion. and Ep. for ἀναβαλλ-.

ἀμβέσις, ἡ, poet. for ἀνά-βασις.

ἀμβλίσκω and ἀμβλώσω: aor. I ἦμ-

βλωσα: pf. ἦμβλωκα: (ἀμβλώς):—to have an abor-

tion, miscarry.

ἀμβλύω [ῶ], ὄν, ὄν, aor. I ἦμβλύω:—Pass., fut.

ἀμβλυνθήσομαι: aor. I ἦμβλύνθην: pf. ἦμβλυμαι:

(ἀμβλύς):—to blunt, dull, take the edge off, Lat.

bebetare:—Pass. to become blunt or dull, lose the edge.

ἌΜΒΑΤ'Σ, εἶα, ὄ, blunt, dulled, with the edge or

point taken off, Lat. bebes: metaph. dull, faint, feeble:

of persons, spiritless, sluggish. Hence

ἀμβλύτης [ῶ], ἦρος, ἡ, *dullness: sluggishness.*

ἀμβλύ-ωπος, *ov*, = ἀμβλωπος.

ἀμβλυσσω, Att. -τω, (ἀμβλύς) *to be dim-sighted*

or blind.

ἀμβλ-ωπός, ὄν, and ἀμβλ-ώψ, ὄπος, ὄ, ἡ, (ἀμβλύς,

ώψ) *dim-looking, dark, obscure.*

ἀ-μβολάδην, Adv., poet. for ἀνα-βολάδην, (ἀνα-

βάλλω) *bubbling up. II. (ἀναβολή) like a prelude.*

ἀμ-βολάς, for ἀνα-βολάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) γῆ ἀμβολάς earth *throwen up*.

ἀμβολι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀναβάλλω, ἔργον) ποῖτ. for ἀνα-βολά, *putting off work, lazy*.

ἀμβροσία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀμβρόσιος) ambrosia, *the food of the gods*.

ἀμ-βρόσιος, α, ὄν, lengthd. form of ἀμ-βροτος, immortal, *divine, of divine nature*. II. of things belonging to the gods, ambrosial, *divinely fair*.

ἀμβροτεῖν, Ep. for ἀμαρτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμ-βροτος, ὄν, (a privat., βροτός) immortal, *divine*.

ἀμβώσας, Ion. for ἀναβοήσας, aor. I part. of ἀνα-βόωα.

ἀμέ or ἀμέ, Dor. for ἡμᾶς.

ἀ-μέγαρτος, ὄν, (a privat., μεγαῖρα) unenvied, unenviable, *unbappy*: as a reproach, *wretched, miserable*: also *horrible*.

ἀ-μέθυστος, η, ὄν, of amethyst. From ἀ-μέθυστος, ὄν, (a privat., μεθύω) not drunken. II. as Subst. ἀμέθυστος, ἡ, or ἀμέθυστον, τό, a remedy against drunkenness: 1. a kind of herb. 2. the precious stone, amethyst.

ἌΜΕΙΨΩ, Ep. impf. ἀμειβον: fut. ἀμείψω: aor. I ἡμείψα: I. Act. to change, exchange; χάλκεα χρυσείων τεύχεα ἀμείβειν to exchange golden arms for brasn: esp. of place, to change it, and so to pass, cross: like Lat. *muto*, either to quit a place, or to go to it. II. intrans. in part. ἐν ἀμείβοντι = ἀμοιβαῖς, in exchange: ἀμείβοντες οἱ, rafters that cross each other. III. Med. to change one with another, do in turn or alternately. 2. to answer, reply to. 3. to repay, requite, avenge. 4. like Act. to change, esp. of place, to pass either out or in: metaph. to surpass.

ἀ-μείδητος, ὄν, (a privat., μειδάω) not smiling, gloomy.

ἀ-μελικτος, ὄν, (a privat., μειλίσσω) unsootbed: *barsb, cruel*.

ἀ-μείλιχος, ὄν, = foreg. *barsb, severe*: *relentless, unassuaged*.

ἀμείνων, ὄν, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, better: of persons, *abler, stronger, braver*.

ἌΜΕΨΩ, = ἀμέρδω.

ἀμειψόμενος, ἀμειψάσθαι, aor. I med. of ἀμείβω.

ἀμειψίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) exchange: *succession*.

ἌΜΕΨΩ, f. ξω, to MILK, Lat. MULGERE. II. to press or squeeze out: metaph. to drain, exhaust. III. to sip, drink.

ἀμέλει, imperat. of ἀμελέω, never mind. Hence as Adv. by all means, of course.

ἀμέλεια, ἡ, (ἀμέλῃς) heedlessness, indifference.

ἀμελετήσια, ἡ, want of practice or attention. From ἀμελέτητος, ὄν, (a privat., μελετάω) unpractised, unprepared.

ἀμελέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἡμέλησα, Ep. ἀμ-: pf. ἡμέληκα: (ἀμέλῃς):—to be careless, heedless, negligent. 2. to neglect, have no care for, slight. 3. to overlook, and so to let, suffer. 4. to neglect to do:—Pass. to be neglected, slighted, overlooked.

ἀ-μελῃς, ἐς, (a privat., μέλει) careless, heedless, negligent. II. pass. uncaresd for, unbedded.

ἀμελήτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀμελέω, one must neglect. ἀμελήτος, ὄν, (ἀμελέω) like ἀμελῃς, not cared for: unworthy of care.

ἀμέλεια, ἡ, ποῖτ. for ἀμέλεια, heedlessness.

ἀ-μέλλητος, ὄν, (a privat., μέλλω) not delayed: not to be delayed.

ἀμελῖς, εως, ἡ, (ἀμέλγω) a milking.

ἀμελῶς, Adv. of ἀμελῃς, carelessly: ἀμελῶς ἔχειν to be careless.

ἀ-μεμπτος, ὄν, (a privat., μέμφομαι) not to be blamed, blameless: of things, perfect:—Adv. -τως, so as to merit no blame. II. act. not blaming, finding no fault, well content.

ἀ-μεμφής, ἐς, = ἀμεμπτος II.

ἀμεμφία, ἡ, (ἀμεμφής) blamelessness, freedom from blame.

ἀμεναι, for ἀέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἀω, to satisfy.

ἀ-μενήσος, ὄν, (a privat., μένος) faint, feeble: weakly or sickly. Hence

ἀ-μενήσω, Ep. aor. I ἀμενήσωα, to make weak, deaden the force of.

ἀμερα, Dor. for ἡμέρα.

ἌΜΕΨΓΩ, f. ξω, to pluck or pull, Lat. decerpere.

ἀμέρδω, f. σω: aor. I ἡμερσα, Ep. ἀμ-: aor. I pass. ἡμέρθην: (prob. from a privat., μέρος):—to deprive of one's share, bereave one of:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing, lose it.

ἀ-μέριμος, ὄν, (a privat., μέριμνα) free from care, unconcerned. II. pass. uncaresd for, unbedded. III. driving away care.

ἀμέριος, Dor. for ἡμέριος.

ἀ-μερίστος, ὄν, (a privat., μερίζω) undivided.

ἀμερό-κοιτος, Dor. for ἡμερό-κοιτος.

ἄμερος, Dor. for ἡμερος.

ἄμερσε, ἀμέρσαι, 3 sing. and inf. aor. I of ἀμέρδω.

ἄμες or ἀμές, Dor. for ἡμείς.

ἀ-μετάθετος, ὄν, (a privat., μετατίθημι) unchangeable: τὸ ἀμετάθετον, unchangeableness.

ἀ-μετακίνητος, ὄν, (a privat., μετακινέω) immovable.

ἀ-μετάκλαστος, ὄν, (a privat., μετακλάω) not to be broken: unalterable.

ἀ-μεταμέλητος, ὄν, (a privat., μεταμέλει) unrepented of. II. act. not repenting, unchanging.

ἀ-μετανόητος, ὄν, (a privat., μετανοέω) = unrepented of. II. act. unrepentant.

ἀ-μετάπειστος, ὄν, (a privat., μεταπίθω) unpersuadable.

ἀ-μετάπτωτος, ὄν, (a privat., μεταπίπτω) unchangeable.

ἀ-μετάστατος, ὄν, (a privat., μεθίστημι) unalterable.

ἀ-μεταστρεπέι, Adv. (a privat., μεταστρέφω) without turning about.

ἀ-μετάστροφος, ὄν, (a privat., μεταστρέφω) unalterable.

ἀ-μετάτρεπτος, ὄν, (a privat., μετατρέπω) unalterable.

ἀμέτερος, Dor. for ἡμέτερος.

ἀμέτρητος, *ov*, (a privat., μέτρω) immeasurable, immense, Lat. *immensus*: unnumbered, exhaustless.

ἀμετρόβιος, *ov*, (ἀμέτρος, βίος) of an immeasurable life.

ἀμετροεπής, *és*, (ἀμέτρος, ἔπος) immoderate in words, unbridled of tongue.

ἀμετροπότης, *ov, ó*, (ἀμέτρος, πότης) drinking to excess.

ἀμέτρος, *ov*, (a privat., μέτρον) without measure, immense, boundless, incessant. 2. immoderate.

ἀμέτρος, Adv. of ἀμέτρος, infinitely.

ἀμευσιπόρος, *ov*, (ἀμεύω, πόρος) = τρίοδος, Lat. *trivium*, where three paths cross.

ἀμεύω, Aeol. for ἀμείβω: aor. I med. inf. ἀμεύσασθαι:—to surpass, excel, conquer.

*AMH, ἦ, a shovel or mattock. 2. a water-bucket, pail, Lat. *bama*. 3. a barrow, rake.

ἀμη, Att. ἀμη, Adv., properly for ἀμη, dat. fem. of ἀμός = τίς, in a certain way: ἀμηγέτη, in some way, somehow or other. [ᾶ]

ἀμήν, Hebr. Adv. *verily*, of a truth: so be it: also as a Subst. τὸ ἀμήν, certainty.

ἀμήνιτος, *ov*, (a privat., μηνίω) not wrathful.

*AMHΣ, ἡτος, *ó*, a kind of milk cake.

ἀμησάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀμάω.

ἀμητήρ, ἦρος, *ó*, (ἀμάω) a reaper: metaph. one who cuts down, a destroyer. [ᾶ]

ἀμητος, *ó*, (ἀμάω) a reaping, harvesting: also harvest, harvest-time. II. a harvest or crop.

ἀμήτωρ, *ov, ó, ἦ*, (a privat., μήτηρ) without mother, motherless.

II. unlike a mother.

ἀμηχάνεω: impf. ἤμηχάνουν: fut. ἦσω: (ἀμήχανος)—to be at a loss or in want. Hence

ἀμηχανία, Ion. -ία, ἦ, want of means, helplessness, distress. II. hardship, trouble.

ἀμηχάνος, *ov*, (a privat., μηχανή) without means or resource, helpless. II. more freq. in pass. sense, impracticable, irresistible: also inexplicable.

ἀμηχανόωσι, ἀμηχανών, Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres., as if from ἀμηχανάω.

ἀμιάαντος, *ov*, (a privat., μαίω) undefiled, pure.

ἀμίθεος, Dor. for ἡμίθεος.

ἀμίκτος, *ov*, (a privat., μίγνυμι) unmixed, pure. II. not mingling with others, unsociable, savage.

III. not to be mingled, irreconcilable:—Adv. ἀμίκτως, Sup. ἀμικτότατα.

*AMIAAA, ης, ἦ, a contest for superiority, rivalry; generally, a struggle, conflict. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀμιλλόμαι, fut. ἴσομαι: aor. I med. ἤμιλλσάμην and pass. ἤμιλλσθην: pf. ἤμιλλημαι: Dep.:—to compete, vie, or contend with one, Lat. *aemulari*.

II. generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Hence

ἀμιλλήτειον, verb. Adj. one must compete.

ἀμιλλημα, τό, (ἀμιλλόμαι) a contest, conflict.

ἀμιλλητήρ, ἦρος, (ἀμιλλόμαι) a competitor, rival.

ἀμμητόβιος, *ov*, (ἀμίμητος, βίος) inimitable in one's life.

ἀμίμητος, *ov*, (a privat., μιμέομαι) inimitable.

ἀμίξια, Ion. -ία, ἦ, (ἀμικτος) a being unmixed, purity. 2. want of intercourse, unsociableness.

ἀμ-ἵππος, *ov*, (ἄμα, ἵππος) along with horses, i. e. fleet as a horse. 2. ἀμῖπποι, οἱ, infantry mixed with cavalry.

*AMIZ, ἴδος, a chamber-pot.

ἀμισής, *és*, (a privat., μίσος) without hatred, not hateful: Comp. ἀμισέστερος.

ἀμισθί, Adv. of ἀμισθος, without reward.

ἀμισθος, *ov*, (a privat., μισθός) without pay or reward.

ἀμισθῶτος, *ov*, (a privat., μισθῶ) not let out on hire, not leased.

ἀμίτροχιτώνες, οἱ, (a privat., ἴτρον, χιτών) wearing no girdle with their coat of mail.

ἀμυχθαλοῖς, *éσσα, ev*, lengthd. form of ἀμικτος, inaccessible, inhospitable.

ἀμυ-, poet. for ἀναμ-. For words omitted under ἀμυ-, see under ἀναμ-.

ἄμμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἄπτω) anything tied or made to tie: I. a knot. 2. a noose, balter. 3. a cord, band.

ἄμμα, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμάς.

ἄμ-μένω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.

ἄμμος, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμείς.

ἄμ-μέσον, poet. for ἀνά μέσον.

ἄμμιέων, Aeol. for ἡμῶν.

ἄμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμῖν.

ἄμ-μίγα, Adv. poet. for ἀνά-μίγα.

ἄμμίξας, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναμίγνυμι.

ἄμμνάσει, ἄμμνάσειεν, Dor. for ἀναμῆσει, ἀναμῆσειεν, fut. and aor. I of ἀναμῆσκω.

ἄμμο-δύτης, *ov, ó*, (ἄμμος, δύω) sand-burrower, a kind of snake.

ἄμμορπια, Ion. -ία, ἦ, (ἄμμορος) ill fortune.

ἄμμορος, *ov*, poet. for ἀ-μορος, without lot or share in a thing: absol. *unfortunate, unhappy*.

*AMMOΣ or ἄμμος, ἦ, sand: also a sandy place, race-course. See ψάμμος.

ἄμμο-τροφος, *ov*, (ἄμμος, τρέφω) growing in sand.

ἄμμο-ώδης, *és*, (ἄμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

*Ἀμμωνιάς, ἄδος, or Ἀμμωνίος, ἴδος, ἦ, (Ἄμμων) of or belonging to Jupiter Ammon, i. e. African.

ἄμμων, [ᾶ], Dor. for ἀμμήμων.

ἄμναστέω, ἄμναστος, Dor. for ἀμνηστ-.

ἄμνεῖος, *a, ov*, (ἄμνός) of a lamb.

ἄμνή, ἦ, fem. of ἄμνός, a ewe-lamb.

ἄμνημόνευτος, *ov*, (a privat., μνημονεύω) unmentioned, unbedded.

ἄμνημονέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἠμνημόνησα:—to be ἀμνήμων, be unmindful: to make no mention of, pass over.

ἄμνημοσύνη, ἦ, forgetfulness. From

ἄμνήμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., μνήμη) unmindful, forgetful. 2. pass. forgotten, not mentioned.

ἄμνήστευτος, ἦ, (a privat., μνηστεύω) unwooed, not sought in marriage.

ἀμνηστῆ, (ἀμνηστος) to be unmindful, to forget : —Pass. to be forgotten.

ἀμνήσω, poet. fut. of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἀμνηστία, ἡ, forgetfulness : an amnesty. From ἀμνηστος, ov, (a privat., μνάομαι) forgotten, no longer remembered.

ἀμνιον, τό, a bowl in which the blood of victims was caught. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀμνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἀμνή.

ἀμνο-κῶν, οὐντος, ὁ, (ἀμνός, κοίω) sheep-minded, i. e. simple.

ἌΜΝΟΨ, ὁ and ἡ, a lamb : declined ἀρνός, ἀρνί, ἀρνα, ἀρνες, etc., as if from a nom. *ἀρς.

ἀμνο-φόρος, should be μαννο-φόρος.

ἀμογητός, Adv. without toil or effort. From ἀ-μόγητος, ov, (a privat., μογέω) without toil, unwearied, untriring.

ἀμόθεν, Att. ἀμόθεν, Adv. (ἀμός) from some place or other.

ἀμόθι or ἀμοθεί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhere.

ἀμοί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhither.

ἀμοιβάδιος, α, ov, = ἀμοιβαίος.

ἀμοιβᾶδης, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) by turns, Dat. alternatim.

ἀμοιβαίος, ov, also η, or α, ov, (ἀμοιβή) interchanging, alternate : of verses, amoebaean, answering one another. II. giving like for like, retributive :—

Adv. -ως, in requital.

ἀμοιβᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἀμοιβαίος; χλαίνα ἀμοιβᾶς a cloak for a change.

ἀμοιβή, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return : hence repayment, atonement : revenge. 2. an answer.

II. change, exchange, barter.

ἀμοιβηδῆς, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) alternately.

ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀμείβω) a successor, follower. II.

as Adj. in requital or in exchange for.

ἀμοιρέω, to have no share in a thing. From ἀμοιρος, ov, (a privat., μοίρα) without share in a thing, bereft of it. II. absol. unfortunate.

ἀμολγαίος, α, ov, (ἀμέλγω) of milk, made with milk.

ἀμολγεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) a milk-pail, Lat. mulctra.

ἀμολγός, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) the milking time, i. e. morning and evening twilight; the four hours either before day-break or after sunset, and so generally night-time.

ἀμομφος, ov, (a privat., μομφή) blameless.

ἀμορβός, οὐ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.

ἀμοργίνος, ov, made of fine flax. From ἀμοργίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fine flax from the isle of Amorgos.

ἀμορος, ov, (a privat., μῶρος) without share of, destitute of. II. absol. unlucky, wretched.

ἀμορφία, ἡ, ill shape, deformity. From

ἀμορφος, ov, (a privat., μορφή) shapeless, missshapen, unshapely, unseemly : Comp. ἀμορφέστερος.

ἀμός or ἀμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμός, ἡμέτερος.

ἀμός, in Att. Poets for ἔμός.

ἀμός, Att. ἀμός, an old form for εἶς, and so = τῆς, but only used in the Adv. forms ἀμῆ, ἀμόθεν, ἀμού, ἀμός.

ἀμος, Dor. for ἦμος, as, when.

ἀμοτος, ov, insatiate, ravening, savage; neut. ἀμοτον, as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀμού, Att. ἀμού, Adv. of ἀμός, somewhere.

ἀμουσία, ἡ, want of harmony : rudeness, grossness, boorishness. From

ἀ-μουσος, ov, (a privat., Μοῦσα) without the Muses, without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish : of things, coarse, vulgar, gross.

ἀμοχθεῖ, Adv. of ἀμοχθος, without toil or trouble.

ἀ-μόχθητος, ov, (a privat., μοχθέω) = sq. Adv. -τως.

ἀμοχθος, ov, (a privat., μόχθος) without toil or trouble. II. not weary.

ἀμπ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀναμπ-, under which will be found many words beginning with ἀμπ-.

ἀμπ-εδιον, ἀμπ-πεδιῆρες, ἀμπ-πέλαγος, should be written ἀμπ-εδιον, i. e. ἀνά πεδιον, etc.

ἀμπείραντες, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναπείρω.

ἀμπ-πέλαγος, for ἀνά πέλαγος.

ἀμπτελών, ἄνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀμπτελών, a vineyard.

ἀμπτέλιος, ov, also η, ov, (ἀμπτελος) of the vine.

ἀμπτέλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀμπτελος.

ἀμπτελῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = foreg., a vine-plant. II. a

kind of bird.

ἀμπτελοῦς, εσσα, α, (ἀμπτελος) rich in vines, vine-clad.

ἀμπτελο-εργός, ὄν, = contr. ἀμπτελουργός, q. v. ἀμπτελο-μίξια, ἡ, (ἀμπτελος, μίξις) an intermixture of vines.

ἌΜΠΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a vine, Lat. vitis.

ἀμπτελουργός, to dress or prune vines. From ἀμπτελο-ουργός, ὁ, (ἀμπτελος, ἔργον) a vinedresser.

ἀμπτελο-φύτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀμπτελος, φύω) producer of the vine, a name of Bacchus.

ἀμπτελών, ἄνος, ὁ, (ἀμπτελος) a vineyard.

ἀμπ-πεπαλῶν, Ep. for ἀναπεπαλῶν, redupl. aor. 2 part. of ἀναπάλλω.

ἀμπερές, Adv. only found in compd. δι-ἀμπερές, resolved, as, διὰ δ' ἀμπερές, for διαμπερές δέ.

ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσας, poet. aor. I imper. and part. of ἀναπετάσνυμι.

ἀμπεχόνη, ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a fine upper garment.

ἀμπ-έχω and ἀμπ-ίσχω : Ep. impf. ἀμπεχον : fut. ἀμπέξω : aor. 2 ἡμπισχον, inf. ἀμπισχεῖν, part. ἀμπισχῶν :—Med. ἀμπέχομαι and ἀμπισχομαι : impf. ἡμπειχόμεν : fut. ἀμφέξομαι : aor. 2 ἡμπεσχόμεν, part. ἀμπισχόμενος : (ἀμφί, ἔχω) :—to surround, cover, Lat. cingere. II. to put round or over, Lat. circumdare. See ἀμπισχέομαι.

ἀμπήδησε, for ἀνεπήδησε.

ἀμπ-πίπλημι, for ἀνα-πίπλημι.

ἀμπισχέην, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπ-έχω.

ἀμπισχέομαι, = ἀμπέχομαι, to put on, Lat. circum-induor.

ἀμπίσχω, v. sub ἀμπέχω.

ἀμπλακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἀμπλάκημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμπλακεῖν) an error, offence.

ἀμπλάκητος, ov, (ἀμπλακεῖν) sinful, loaded with guilt.

ἀμπλακία, ἡ, = ἀμπλάκημα.

ἀμπλάκιον, τό, = ἀμπλάκημα.

ἀμπλακίσκω, fut. ἀμπλακίσω: pf. ἤμπλακισμαι: aor. 2 ἤμπλακον:—Pass., pf. ἤμπλακισμαι:—like ἀμαρτάνω, to miss, fail, fall short of, c. gen.

ἀμπνευμα, ἀμπνευσαι, etc., poet. for ἀναπν—

ἀμπνύε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀμπνύσθη, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀμπνύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμπνέω.

ἀμπόνον, for ἀνὰ πόνον.

ἀμππάμενος, ἀμππαίην, v. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀμπυκάζω: aor. 1 pass. ἤμπυκάσθη: (ἀμπυξ):—to bind the hair with a band: generally, to bind, wreath.

ἀμπυκτῆρ, ἦρος, ὄ, = (ἀμπυξ) a band, fillet: also a horse's bridle. Hence

ἀμπυκτῆριος, α, ov, of a horse's bridle or frontlet.

ἀμπυξ, ἕκος, ὄ or ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a band or fillet for binding the hair, a bead-band, snood. II. the head-band of horses: also a bridle. III. anything rounded, a wheel

ἀμπωτος, ἡ, gen. εως Ion. ios, shortened from ἀνάπωτις (ἀναπίνω), a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide.

ἀμυγδαλίς, contr. -αλή, ἡ, the almond-tree.

ἌΜΥΓΓΑΛΑΪΔΗ, ἡ, an almond. [δᾶ] Hence

ἀμυγδαλίνας, η, ov, of almonds.

ἀμυγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, rending: a scar.

ἀμυγμός, ὄ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, mangling.

ἀμυδις, Adv. = ἀμα, of Time, together, at the same time: oftener of Place, together.

ἌΜΥΔΡΟΣ, ἄ, ov, akin to ἀμυρός, dark, dim, faint, indistinct. Adv. -δρῶς: also neut. ἀμυδρόνας Adv.

ἀ-μύητος, ov, (α privat., μυνέω) uninitiated, profane. ἀ-μύθητος, ov, (α privat., μύθεομαι) not to be told, inexpressible.

ἀ-μύκτητος, ov, (α privat., μύκωμαι) without lowing or bellowing: of places, where no herds low.

Ἄμυκλαίζω, to speak in the dialect of Amyclae (a Laconian city).

ἀ-μύλος, ὄ, (α privat., μύλη) a cake of fine meal, so called from the meal not being ground at a common mill.

ἀ-μύμων, ov, gen. onos, (α privat., μῶμος) blameless, excellent. [ἄμῳ]

ἀμυνᾶθε, ἀμυνᾶσθαι, 3 sing. and inf. poet. aor. 2 of ἀμύνω.

ἀμυνᾶσθου, 2 sing. poet. aor. 2 med. of ἀμύνω.

ἀμύναι, ἀμύνασθαι, aor. 1 act. and med. inf. of ἀμύνω.

Ἄμυνίας, ov, ὄ, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (ἀμύνω) on its guard.

ἀμυνον, aor. 1 imper. of ἀμύνω.

ἀμυντέον, verb. Adj. ὄ ἀμύνω, one must assist; so too ἀμυντέα. II. one must repel.

ἀμυντήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ἀμύνω) a defender.

ἀμυντήριος, ov, (ἀμύνω) fit for defending, defensive;

ἀμυντήρια ὄπλα defensive armour. II. ἀμυντήριον, τό, as Subst. a means of defence.

ἀμυντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀμύνω) able to defend or avenge.

ἀμυντωρ, opos, ὄ, = ἀμυντήρ, a helper: an avenger.

ἌΜΥΝΩ [ῶ], Ep. impf. ἀμύνω: fut. ἀμύνω, Ion. ἀμύνω: aor. 1 ἤμυνα, Ep. ἀμύνα: poet. aor. 2 ἡμύνω: to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo: to defend, fight for, aid: rarely to requite, repay. II.

Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend oneself. 2. to avenge oneself on another, requite, repay, punish.

ἀμύεις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, scratching.

ἌΜΥΣΣΩ, Att. -τω: Ep. impf. ἀμύσσω: fut. ἀμύξω: aor. 1 ἤμυξα:—to tear, scratch, wound: to tear in pieces. II. metaph., θυμὸν ἀμύξεις χολέμενος thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [ᾶ]

ἀ-μυστί, Adv. (α privat., μύω) properly without closing the mouth, i. e. at one draught. Hence

ἀμυστίζω, f. σω: pf. ἡμύστικα: to drink deep, trifle. From

ἀ-μυστις, ios and idos, ἡ, a long draught of drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians.

ἀμυχή, ἡ, = ἀμυξίς.

ἀμφ-, old and poet. abbrev. for ἀναφ-; cf. ἀμπ-. ἀμφ-ἀγαπάω, only used in pres. and impf. (ἀμφί, ἀγαπάω) to embrace with love, treat kindly, greet warmly.

ἀμφ-ἀγάω, = ἀμφαγαπάω.

ἀμφ-ἀγείρω, Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀμφαγερόμην: (ἀμφί, ἀγείρω):—to collect around:—Med. to gather around.

ἀμφ-ἀγέρομαι and -αγέρομαι, poet. for -αγέρομαι. ἀμφέδη, Adv. = ἀμφαδόν.

ἀμφάδιος, α, ov, (ἀμφάδος) public, known: ἀμφαδίην as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.

ἀμφαδόν, Adv. publicly, openly, without disguise. From

ἀμφ-αδός, η, ov, (ἀνα-φαίνω) public, notorious.

ἀμφ-αδόν, poet. for ἀνα-φαίνω.

ἀμφ-αἰσσομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, αἰσσω) to rush on from all sides, flutter or float around.

ἀμφ-αἰστος, Dor. for ἀμφηκής.

ἀμφ-ανδόν, Adv. poet. for ἀνα-φανδόν.

ἀμφ-ανέειν, poet. for ἀναφανείν, fut. inf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀμφ-ἀραβέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀμφί, ἀραβέω) to rattle or ring about.

ἀμφ-αραβίω, only used in pres. and impf., = ἀμφ-αραβέω.

ἀμφ-αφάση, ἡ, poet. for ἀ-φασία (with μ inserted), speechlessness from fear, amazement, or rage.

ἀμφ-αφάσασθαι, Ep. for ἀμφαφᾶσθαι, pres. med. inf. of ἀμφαφᾶω.

ἀμφ-αφάω, and Med. ἀμφ-αφάομαι, (ἀμφί, ἀφάω) to touch all round, feel on all sides: to fondle: to handle.

ἀμφ-αδών, -ώσσα, Ep. for ἀμφαρῶν, ὄσα, pres. part. of ἀμφαράω.

ἀμφ-αδόντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of ἀμφαράω.

ἀμφ-αδόντο, aor. 2 med. of ἀμφαφᾶω.

ἀμφ-ελικτός, ὄν, poet. for ἀμφιελ-, coiled round.

ἀμφ-ελίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἴζω, poet. for ἀμφιελίσσω, to wrap, fold, or twine round.

ἀμφ-έπω, poet. for ἀμφι-έπω.
 ἀμφ-ερέφω, f. ψω, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) to cover around.
 ἀμφ-έρχομαι, aor. 2 ἀμφήλθων or ἀμφήλθον: Dep.:
 (ἀμφί, ἐρχομαι):—to come round one, surround.

ἀμφ-έρω, poet. for ἀναφέρω.
 ἀμφεστᾶσι for ἀμφεστήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἀμφ-
 ἴστημι.

ἀμφ-φεύω, poet. for ἀναφεύω.
 ἀμφ-έσταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀμφίστημι.
 ἀμφέχᾶνον, aor. 2 δὲ ἀμφιχαίνω.
 ἀμφεχύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφέχυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφ-ήκης, es, (ἀμφί, ἀκή) two-edged, double-biting +
 of lightning, forked. II. metaph. that will cut
 both ways, false or ambiguous.

ἀμφήλυθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀμφέρχομαι.
 ἀμφ-πρεφής, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) covered all round,
 close-covered.

ἀμφ-ήρης, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέσσω) having oars on both
 sides. 2. (*ἄρω) fitted or joined on all sides, well-
 fitted. Hence

ἀμφ-ηρικός, ἦ, ὄν, worked by sculls, of a boat.
 ἀμφ-ήριστος, ον, (ἀμφί, ἐρίζω) contested on both
 sides, disputed. 2. equal in the contest.

ἌΜΦΙ, Praep. c. gen., dat., et acc.:—Radice signf.
 on both sides, around. I. c. GEN. about, for, for
 the sake of a thing:—about, concerning a thing, of
 it. 2. rarely of Place, about, around. II.

C. DAT. I. of Place, about, around, round about:—
 at, by, near, with. 2. not of Place, about, for,
 on account of, for the sake of: regarding, concern-
 ing. 3. by means of. III. c. ACC., of Place,
 about, around, on, at: near about:—mostly with
 motion implied. IV. WITHOUT CASE, as Adv.

about, around, round about, on all sides. V. IN
 COMPOS. about, on all sides, on both sides.

ἀμφι-ἄλος, ον, (ἀμφί, ἄλς) sea-girt, esp. having the
 sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris.

ἀμφ-ιάχω, (ἀμφί, ἰάχω) to sound on all sides: to
 fly about shrieking, in irreg. pf. part. ἀμφιταχάς, νία.

ἀμφι-βαίνω, f.-βήσομαι: pf.-βέβηκα:—to go about
 or around. 2. to bstride: hence to guard, pro-
 tect. II. to surround, encompass, wrap round.

ἀμφι-βάλλω, f.-βᾶλῶ: pf.-βέβηκα: Med., Ion.
 fut.-βαλέσμαι: aor. 2 inf.-βαλέσθαι:—to throw or
 put round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a per-
 son, Lat. circumdare:—Med. to put on oneself, put
 on, Lat. accingi. 2. esp. to throw one's arms
 round, embrace: also to grasp. 3. to surround,
 encompass: but also to strike on all sides. II.

intr. to go to another place: so also in Med.

ἀμφιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφι-βαίνω.
 ἀμφιβασία, ἦ, v. ἀμφισβασία.

ἀμφιβασίς, εως, ἦ, (ἀμφιβαίνω) a going round, en-
 compassing.

ἀμφίβλημμα, ατος, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) something thrown
 round, an enclosure. II. a garment.

ἀμφίβλητρον, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) anything thrown

round: I. a large fishing-net. 2. a gar-
 ment. 3. a fetter, bond.

ἀμφίβλητρος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) put or thrown round.
 ἀμφι-βόητος, ον, (ἀμφί, βοάω) noised abroad, far-
 famed.

ἀμφιβολία, ἦ, the state of being attacked on both
 sides. II. uncertainty, doubt. From

ἀμφίβολος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) thrown round: hence,
 τὸ ἀμφίβολον a garment. II. struck, attacked on
 both or all sides. 2. act. striking with both ends,
 double-pointed. III. ambiguous, doubtful.

ἀμφι-βουλος, ον, (ἀμφί, βουλή) double-minded,
 doubting.

ἀμφι-βροτος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀμφί, βροτός)
 covering the whole man, of a large shield.

ἀμφι-βροχος, ον, (ἀμφί, βρέχω) thoroughly soaked.
 ἀμφι-βώμιος, ον, (ἀμφί, βωμός) round the altar.

ἀμφι-γνήθω, to rejoice-around or exceedingly.
 ἀμφι-γνώω, impf. ἡμφεγνῶον: f. ἀμφιγνώσω:
 aor. I ἡμφεγνόησα:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀμφιγνοηθείς:
 (ἀμφί, γνώω Aeol. for γνώω):—to be doubtful about
 a thing, not to know or understand it:—Pass. to be
 unknown.

ἀμφι-γότης, ον, (ἀμφί, γοάω) bewailed all round.

Ἄμφι-γυῖεις, ὄ, (ἀμφί, γυῖος) be that balts in both
 feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan.

ἀμφι-γυῖος, ον, (ἀμφί, γυῖον) properly having limbs
 on both sides:—in Homer of a spear, double-pointed:
 in Sophocles of men, well-practised.

ἀμφι-δαίω, to light up around:—intrans. in pf.
 ἀμφι-δέδην, plarpf. -δέδηεν, to burn around.

ἀμφι-δάκνω, f. δήσομαι, to bite all round.

ἀμφι-δάκρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δακρῶν) causing tears on
 all sides: all mournful.

ἀμφι-δάσως, εια, v, (ἀμφί, δασύς) fringed all round.

ἀμφι-δαίαι, αἱ, (ἀμφί, δέω) anything that is bound
 around, bracelets, anklets.

ἀμφιδέδηα, -δεδήην, pf. and plarpf. of ἀμφιδαίαι.

ἀμφι-δέξιος, ον, with two right hands, very dextrous,
 Lat. ambidexter. 2. ambiguous, Lat. anceps: two-
 edged. 3. sometimes simply like ἀμότερος,

ἀμφιδέξειο ἀκμαῖοι both hands.

ἀμφι-δέσκομαι, pf. -δέδορκα, Dep. to look round
 about one.

ἀμφι-δέτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέω) bound all round.

ἀμφι-δήριτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δηρίομαι) disputed, doubtful.

ἀμφι-δαινίω, to water around.

ἀμφι-δενέω, f. ἦσω, to wind or roll a thing all round:
 hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεδίνημα, to be fitted close.

ἀμφι-δοκεύω, f. εῖσω, to lie in wait for.

ἀμφι-δοξέω, f. ἦσω, to whirl round, agitate violently.

ἀμφιδόξω, to be doubtful:—Pass. to be disputed.
 From

ἀμφί-δοξος, ον, (ἀμφί, δόξα) of double sense, doubtful.
 ἀμφι-δορος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέρω) skinned all round,
 quite flayed.

ἀμφί-δοχος, ον, (ἀμφί, δοχημή) as large as can be
 grasped.

ἀμφί-δρομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δραμεῖν) *running round*: encompassing.

ἀμφί-δρυπτος, *ον*, = ἀμφίδρυφος.

ἀμφί-δρυφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *tearing both cheeks*.

ἀμφί-δρυφος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *torii on both sides*.

ἀμφί-δύμος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δύομαι) *approachable on both sides*.

ἀμφί-δύω, *φ. δύσω* [ῥ], *to put round or on*:—Med. *to put on oneself*.

ἀμφιελκτός, *όν*, (ἀμφιελίσσω) *turned round and round, circling, revolving*.

ἀμφιελίσσα, *φem. Adj. rowed on both sides*: or *swaying to and fro, rocking*. From

ἀμφι-ελίσσω, *φ. ἴξω*, *to wind round*.

ἀμφι-έννυμι and ἀμφι-έννυο: fut. ἀμφίεσω, Att. ἀμφίω: aor. I ἠμφίεσα, Ep. ἀμφίεσα:—Pass., aor. I ἠμφίεσθην: pf. ἠμφίεσμαι, poet. ἀμφίεμαι:—*to put round, to put garments on a person, Lat. induere*:—Pass. *to be clothed in, to wear*, esp. in pf. II.

Med. ἀμφιέννυμαι: aor. I ἠμφιέσαμην, 3 pl. ἀμφιέσαντο, imperat. ἀμφιέσασθε:—*to put on oneself, dress oneself in*.

ἀμφι-έπω, poet. also ἀμφ-έπω: aor. 2 ἀμφίεπον and ἀμφεπον: (ἀμφί, ἔπω):—*to go about, encompass*. II. *to be busy about, take care of: to do honour to*: esp. *to tend, protect*. III. Med. *to follow and crowd round*.

ἀμφίεσαν, ἀμφιέσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of ἀμφι-έννυμι.

ἀμφ-ιζάνω, (ἀμφί, ἰζάνω) *to sit around or on a thing, settle upon it, as dust does*. [ᾗ]

ἀμφι-ζευκτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, ζεύγνυμι) *joined from both sides*.

ἀμφι-θάλασσος, Att. -ττος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θάλασσα) *sea-girt: near the sea*.

ἀμφιθάλης, *ές*, *blooming on both sides*: hence *flourishing, rich*. From

ἀμφι-θάλλω, pf. ἀμφιτέθηλα, *to bloom all round, to be in full bloom*.

ἀμφι-θάλπω, *φ. ψω*, *to warm on all sides, warm thoroughly*.

ἀμφι-θέατρον, τό, (ἀμφί, θέατρον) *a double theatre, amphitheatre*.

ἀμφιθετος, *ον*, (ἀμφιτιθημι) *of a cup, that will stand on both ends, or with handles on both sides*.

ἀμφι-θέω, *φ. θεύσομαι*, *to run round about*.

ἀμφι-θηγής, *ές*, = sq.

ἀμφι-θηκτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θήγω) *sharpened on both sides, two-edged*.

ἀμφι-θρεπτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, τρέφω) *clotted around, congealed, of blood*.

ἀμφι-θύρος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θύρα) *with a door or opening on both sides*: as Subst. ἀμφιθυρον, τό, *a ball*.

ἀμφι-κάλυπτω, *φ. ψω*, *to cover all round, enfold, shroud*. II. *to put a thing round as a veil or shelter, to envelope in*.

ἀμφι-κέαλω: Ep. aor. I part. ἀμφικέασσας:—*to cleave asunder*.

ἀμφί-κειμαι, used as Pass. of ἀμφιτίθημι, *to lie close upon*: *to lean on*.

ἀμφι-κεῖρω, *φ. κερῶ*, *to bear or clasp all round*.

ἀμφικέφαλος, Ep. -κέφαλλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κεφαλή) *double-headed*.

ἀμφι-κίων, *ον*, gen. ονος, (ἀμφί, κίων) *with pillars all round*. [κῆ]

ἀμφι-κλαστος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλάω) *broken all round*.

ἀμφι-κλυστος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλύω) *flooded around*.

ἀμφι-κομῶ, *φ. ἦσω*, *to tend on all sides or carefully*.

ἀμφι-κομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κόμη) *with hair all round, thick-haired*: of trees, *thick-leaved*.

ἀμφικράνος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κῆρα) = ἀμφικέφαλος.

ἀμφι-κρέμαμαι, Pass. declined like δύναμαι: (ἀμφί, κρεμάννυμι):—*to bover or flutter round*. Hence

ἀμφι-κρεμής, *ές*, *hanging round one*: *hanging round the shoulder*.

ἀμφικρημνος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κρημός) *with cliffs all round*.

ἀμφικρηνος, *ον*, Ion. for ἀμφικράνος, *surrounding the head*.

ἀμφι-κτίονες, *ων*, οί, (ἀμφί, κτίω) *they that dwell round or near*. Hence

Ἄμφικτιόνες, *ων*, οί, *the Amphictyons*, a Council composed of deputies chosen by all the states of Greece. II. *the presidents of the Pythian games*. Hence

Ἄμφικτυονία, ἡ, *the Amphictyonic League or Council*.

Ἄμφικτυονικός, ἡ, *όν*, of or for the Amphictyons or their League.

Ἄμφικτυονίς, ἴδος, ἡ, *fem. of Ἄμφικτυονικός*: I. (sub. πόλις), *a city or state in the Amphictyonic League*.

II. *a name of Artemis at Antibia, the meeting-place of the Amphictyonic Council*.

ἀμφι-κυλίνδω, *φ. -κυλίω* [ῖ], *to roll about or upon*.

ἀμφι-κύπελλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κύπελλον) in Homer always with δέπας, *a double cup*: cf. ἀμφίθετος. [ῥ]

ἀμφι-λάλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λάλομαι) *chattering everywhere*.

ἀμφι-λάφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, λάβειν) *far-spreading*: hence generally *wide, large, vast*: also *excessive, violent*.

ἀμφι-λάχαινω, *to dig or hoe round*.

ἀμφι-λέγω, *φ. ξω*, *to speak on both sides, dispute*. Hence

ἀμφιλεκτος, *ον*, *discussed on all hands, doubtful*. II. act. *disputing, captious*.

ἀμφιλογία, ἡ, *dispute, doubt*. From

ἀμφι-λογος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λέγω) *disputed, questionable, doubtful*. II. act. *disputatious, contentious*.

ἀμφι-λοφος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λόφος) *encompassing the neck*.

ἀμφι-λύκη νύξ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, λύκη, Lat. lux) *the morning-twilight, gray of morning*. [ῥ]

*ἀμφι-μάομαι, (ἀμφί, μάω) pres. of Ep. aor. I ἀμφιμασάμην, *to wipe or rub all round*.

ἀμφι-μάσχαλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, μάσχαλη) *covering both shoulders, two-sleeved*.

ἀμφι-μάτορες, Dor. for ἀμφι-μήτορες.

ἀμφιμάχῃτος, *ον*, *contended for, contested on both bands*. [ᾗ] From

ἀμφι-μάχομαι, f. -μαχούμαι : Dep. :—to fight round : 1. to attack. 2. to fight for. [ᾶ]
ἀμφι-μέλας, ἀνα, ἄν, black all round, wrapt in darkness.

ἀμφιμέμυκε, 3 sing. pf. act. of ἀμφι-μυκῶμαι.
ἀμφι-μερίζομαι, Pass. to be completely parted.
ἀμφι-μήτορες, οἱ, αἱ, (ἀμφί, μήτηρ) brothers or sisters by different mothers.

ἀμφι-μυκάομαι, pf. act. μέμυκα : Dep. :—to low or bellow around, properly of cattle; δάπεδον ἀμφιμέμυκε the floor echoed all around.

ἀμφι-νεικής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, νείκος) made an object of contest, eagerly wooed.

ἀμφι-νεύκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, νεύκω) = ἀμφίνευκτος.
ἀμφι-νέμομαι, Med. to dwell round about, inhabit.

ἀμφι-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think both ways, doubt.
ἀμφι-ξέω, f. ἔσω, to smooth or polish all round.
ἀμφίξιος, ον, contr. ἀμφίξιος, ον, (ἀμφιξέω)
polishing all round.

ἀμφι-πάλτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πάλω) réechoing.
ἀμφι-πάτασσω, f. ξω, to strike on or from all sides.
ἀμφι-πέδος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέδον) surrounded by a plain.

ἀμφι-πέλομαι, Dep. to be all round, hover around.
ἀμφι-πένομαι, Dep. to be busied about, take care of, pay heed to.

ἀμφι-περικτιόες, ον, the dwellers round about.
ἀμφι-περιπλέγην, Adv. (ἀμφί, περιπλέκω) twined round about.

ἀμφι-περιστέφω, to put round as a crown.
ἀμφι-περιστροφάω, to keep turning round about or in every direction.

ἀμφι-περιρῦζω, to chirp or twitter all round.
ἀμφι-περι-φθινύω, (ἀμφί, περί, φθίνω) to decay or die all around. [ῦ]

ἀμφιπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφιπίπτω.
ἀμφι-πιάζω, f. ἄζω, to press all round.
ἀμφι-πίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, to fall around, embrace eagerly.

ἀμφι-πίνω, = ἀμφι-πίπτω.
ἀμφι-πλεκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλέκω) twisted on both sides, intertwining.

ἀμφι-πληκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) beating or dashing on all sides.
ἀμφι-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὄ, ἦ, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) striking with both sides, double-biting.

ἀμφι-πολεύω, (ἀμφίπολος) to be an attendant : be busied about, take charge of : of slaves, to serve, to minister to.

ἀμφι-πολέω, = ἀμφι-πολεύω.
ἀμφι-πολις, ποῖε. ἀμφί-πολις, ὄ, ἦ, (ἀμφί, πόλις) around a city, pressing a city on all sides. 2. as fem. Subst. a city between two seas or rivers.

ἀμφι-πολος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέλω) properly being about, busied about : generally as fem. Subst. a handmaid, waiting-woman : as masc. an attendant, follower.

II. as Adj. much frequented.
ἀμφι-πονέομαι, Dep. with aor. I pass. ἀμφεπονθήην :

(ἀμφί, πονέω) :—to bestow labour about, attend to, provide for.

ἀμφι-ποτόομαι, Dep. to fly or flutter around.
ἀμφι-πρόσωπος, ον, (ἀμφί, πρόσωπον) double-faced, Lat. bifrons.

ἀμφι-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to clasp around. Hence ἀμφιπτύχη, ἦ, a clasping round, embrace.
ἀμφι-πύλος, ον, (ἀμφί, πύλη) with two entrances.

ἀμφι-πύρος, ον, (ἀμφί, πῦρ) surrounded by fire, with fire all round.

ἀμφι-ρύτος, η, ον, ποῖε. for ἀμφίρ-ρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί, ῥέω) flowed around, sea-girt.

ἌΜΦΙΣ, as Adv. 1. on or at both sides : hence 2. apart, asunder; γαίαν καὶ οὐρανὸν ἀμφίς ἔχειν to keep heaven and earth asunder. 3. generally, around, round about. II. more rarely as Prep. c. gen. around : apart from, far from. 2. rarely c. dat. like ἀμφί, round about. 3. c. acc. about, around, when it always follows its case.

ἀμφι-σαλεύομαι, Pass. to toss about, like a ship at sea.

ἀμφίσο-βαίνα, ης, ἦ, (ἀμφίς, βαίνω) a kind of serpent, that can go both ways, forward or backward.

ἀμφισο-βασίη, ἦ, Ion. for ἀμφισο-βήτησις.
ἀμφισο-βητέω, impf. ἡμφισβήτητον, or with double augm. ἡμφεσβήτητον : su. aor. I ἡμφισβήτητον or ἡμφεσβήτησα :—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense ἀμφισβήτησομαι :—aor. I ἡμφισβήτηθην or ἡμφεσβ- : (ἀμφίς, βῆναι aor. 2 of βαίνω) :—to stand apart, and so to dispute, differ, argue :—Pass. to be the subject of dispute. Hence

ἀμφισβήτημα, atos, τό, a point in dispute. And ἀμφισβήτησις, ον, debatable, doubtful.

ἀμφισβήτησις, εως, ἦ, (ἀμφισβητέω) a dispute, controversy, ground or occasion of dispute or debate.

ἀμφισβήτητος, ον, disputed, debatable.
ἀμφ-ιστάμαι, v. ἀμφίστημι.
ἀμφι-στέλλω, to fold about another :—Med. to fold round oneself, deck oneself in.

ἀμφι-στεφάνομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, στέφανος) to stand round like a crown.
ἀμφι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στέφω) placed round like a crown.

ἀμφ-ιστημι, to place round :—Pass. ἀμφίσταμαι, with the intr. act. tenses, aor. 2 ἀμφέστην, pf. ἀμφέστηκα :—to stand around.

ἀμφι-στομος, ον, (ἀμφί, στόμα) with double mouth or opening : double.

ἀμφι-στράτωμαι, 3 pl. Ep. impf. ἀμφεστράτῶντο : Dep. (ἀμφί, στρατός) :—to beleague, besiege.

ἀμφι-στρεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στρέφω) twisting round, turning all ways.

ἀμφι-σθέεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.
ἀμφι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀμφι-τέμνω.

ἀμφι-τάνω, = ἀμφι-τείνω.
ἀμφι-τάρσσω, to trouble all round.

ἀμφι-τεθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.
ἀμφι-τείνω, to stretch out and throw round.

ἀμφι-τειχίς, ἒς, (ἀμφί, τεῖχος) encompassing the walls.

ἀμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, to cut off all round, to intercept.

ἀμφι-τίθημι, imperat. -τίθει: f. θήσω: aor. I ἔθηκα: aor. 2 ἀμφέθηγ: aor. I pass. ἀμπετέθηγ:—to put round, to put on: Med. to put on oneself.

ἀμφι-τῖνάσσω, f. ἄσω, to shake around.

ἀμφι-τιττῦβίζω, to twitter around.

ἀμφι-τόμος, ον, (ἀμφί, ταμεῖν) cutting on both sides, two-edged.

ἀμφι-τορνος, ον, (ἀμφί, τορνῶ) well-rounded.

ἀμφι-τρέμω, to tremble all over.

ἀμφι-τρέχω, to run round, surround.

ἀμφι-τρήης, ἦτος, ὁ, ἦ, = ἀμφίτρητος.

ἀμφι-τρητος, ον, (ἀμφί, *τράω Root of τετραῖω) bored through, with double entrance.

ἀμφι-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀμφί, τρέμω) to tremble for.

ἀμφι-φάεινω, (ἀμφί, φάω) to shine around.

ἀμφι-φάλος, ον, with φάλοι all round: see φάλος.

ἀμφι-φάνης, ἒς, (ἀμφί, φάνηται) visible all round.

ἀμφι-φοβέομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, φοβέω) to fear or tremble all round.

ἀμφι-φορεύς, gen. ἑως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (ἀμφί, φέρω) a large jar or pitcher with two handles.

ἀμφι-φράζομαι, Med. to consider on all sides.

ἀμφι-χαίνω, aor. 2 ἀμφ-έχων:—to yawn round, threaten to swallow: to yawn wide.

ἀμφι-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ἀμφέχεα:—Pass. aor. I ἀμφοχέθηγ [ῥ]: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἀμφοχέχυτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour or shed around:—Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.

ἀμφι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance around.

ἀμφι-χρῦσος, ον, (ἀμφί, χρυσός) gilded all over.

ἀμφιχῦθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφι-χέω.

ἀμφιχῦτος, ον, (ἀμφιχέω) poured around, beaped up around.

ἀμφι-χῶλος, ον, lame in both feet.

ἀμφ-οδον, τό, (ἀμφί, ὀδός) part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus.

ἀμφ-οδος, ἦ, (ἀμφί, ὀδός) a road round, a street.

ἀμφ-οφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, shortened form of ἀμφι-φορεύς, a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, = 1½ Roman amphorae, or nearly 9 gallons.

ἀμφοτέρη, as Adv. (ἀμφοτέρως) in both ways, Lat. utrinque.

ἀμφοτέρος, α, ον, (ἀμφο) Lat. uterque, both: κατ' ἀμφοτέρα on both sides, Lat. utrinque; ἐπ' ἀμφοτέρα towards both sides. Hence

ἀμφοτέρωθεν, Adv. from or on both sides, Lat. ex utraque parte: from both ends.

ἀμφοτέρωθι, Adv. on both sides.

ἀμφοτέρως, Adv. in both ways. And

ἀμφοτέρωσε, Adv. to or on both sides.

ἀμφ-ουδῖς, Adv. (ἀμφίς, οὔδας) from the ground.

ἀμφράσσαιτο, poet. for ἀναφράσσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναφράζομαι.

ἀμ-φύω, poet. ἀναφύω.

*AMΦΩ, τῶ, τᾶ, τῶ, also οἱ, αἱ, τᾶ, Gen. and Dat. ἀμφοῖν, both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as ἀμφί.)

ἀμφώβολος, ὁ, (ἀμφί, ὀβολός) a double spit.

ἀμφ-ώης, ἒς, (ἀμφί, οὖς) two-eared, two-handled.

ἀμφ-ωπῖς, ἴδος, ἦ, (ἀμφί, οὖς) a two-banded pail.

ἀμφ-ωτος, ον, = foreg., two-eared, two-handled.

ἀμψεν, for ἀμαιοεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of ἀμάω.

ἀ-μώρητος, ον, (α privat., μωμέομαι) unblamed, blameless. Adv. -τως, blamelessly.

ἄμωμον, τό, atomum, an Indian spice.

ἄ-μωμος, ον, (α privat., μώμος) without blame, blameless.

ἄμως, Att. ἄμώς, Adv. from the absol. ἄμωσ=τις, esp. in compd. ἄμωσ-γέ-πως, in a certain manner.

*AN, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and Lyr. particle κε, κεν.

A. WITH INDICAT. ἄν makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence ἄν cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which is, or has been, cannot be made so dependent. I.

WITH INDIC. :—with fut. (only in Ep. poets) ἄν expresses that which certainly will happen, if something else happens first:—with imperf. ἄν expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, what would always happen; ἔλεγεν ἄν he would say (whenever he had an opportunity); κλαί-εσκεν ἄν he would keep on weeping:—with aorists ἄν expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion; εἶπεν ἄν he would have said. II.

WITH OPTAT. it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion. III.

WITH SUBJUNCT. ἄν belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb itself.

IV. WITH INFINIT. ἄν is used in cases where the indic. or optat. would be joined with it.—ἄν never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose sign. it limits, as εἶχον ἄν: but when words dependent on the verb precede it in the sentence, ἄν may follow any of them, because, in sense, they follow the verb, as πρόφασιν ἄν εἶχον=εἶχον ἄν πρόφασιν.

ἄν, Conj. = ἔάν, with subjunctive. [ᾶ]

ἄν or ἄν, shortd. Ep. form of ἀνά. [ᾶ]

ἄν, shortened from ἀνα, for ἀνέστη (like ἐνι for ἐνεστι), be stood up, arose.

ἄν-, sometimes for a privat. before a vowel.

*ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms ἄν-, ἄγ-, ἄμ-: in general signif. opp. to κατά. I.

C. GEN. on board; ἀνά νηὸς on board ship. II.

C. DAT. on, upon. III.

C. ACC. the common usage, implying motion upwards, I. of Place, up:—towards. 2. of Time, towards. 3. in numbers, up to. 4. taken distributively, e. g. ἀνά πᾶσαν ἡμέραν day by day: for ἀνά κράτος, v. sub κράτος.

IV. as Adv. thereon, thereupon: through-out, all over. V. IN COMPOS. up to, towards, up, opp. to κατά: hence with a sense of strengthening. Also back, backwards = Lat. re-, retro-. [ᾶᾶ]

ἀνα, for ἀνάστηθι, *up!* arise!
 ἀνα, vocat. of ἀνάξ, *king*, only addressed to gods.
 ἀνάβα, Att. for ἀνάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβάδην, Adv. (ἀναβαίω) *going up, mounting*:
being up on high, aloft; opp. to καταβάδην. [βᾶ]
 ἀναβαθμός, ὁ, (ἀναβαίω) *a means of going up, a*
flight of steps, stair.
 ἀναβάθρα, ἡ, (ἀνά, βάθρον) *a ladder.*
 ἀναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέβην; also aor. I
 med. ἀνεβήσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. ἀνεβήσετο: pf. ἀνα-
 βέβηκα: I. intrans. *to go up, mount, to go on*
ship-board, put to sea. II. in aor. I ἀνέβησα,
Causal, to make to go up, make to go on board ship,
make to mount:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀναβαθείς, *mount-*
ed: so also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένος.
 ἀναβακχέω, f. σω, (ἀνά, Βάκχος) *to rouse to Bac-*
chic frenzy. 2. intr. *to break into Bacchic frenzy.*
 ἀναβακχίδω, = ἀναβακχέω.
 ἀναβάλλω, f. -βᾶω: pf. -βέβηκα:—*to throw or*
toss up. II. *to put back, put off*:—Med. *to lift up*
one's voice, to make a prelude, begin to sing. III.
to put off, delay; in Act. and Med. IV. in Med.
to throw one's cloak around one.
 ἀναβαπτίζω, f. σω, *to dip repeatedly.*
 ἀνάβας, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβαίω) *a going up, mount-*
ing. 2. *an expedition up from the coast, esp. into*
central Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus. 3.
the rising of a river. II. *a way up, the ascent of*
a mountain, etc.
 ἀναβάτης, poet. ἀμβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀναβαίω) *one*
who is mounted, a horseman. [ᾶ]
 ἀναβατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναβαίω) *skilled in mounting.*
 ἀναβατός, poet. ἀμβατός, ὄν, (ἀναβαίω) *that may*
be mounted or scaled, easy to be scaled.
 ἀναβέβηκα, pf. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβέρυχεν, pf. of an obsol. ἀναβρύζω, *to boil or*
bubble up.
 ἀναβήθι, ἀναβήθαι, aor. 2 imper. and inf. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβιβάζω: fut. med. βιβάσομαι, Att. βιβῶμαι:
 aor. I ἀνεβίβασα, med. -ασάμην:—Causal of ἀνα-
 βαίνω, *to make to go up*: I. *to mount one on horse-*
back. 2. *to draw a ship up.* 3. in Med. *to put*
on board ship. 4. *to bring up to the bar of a court*
of justice. Hence
 ἀναβιβαστέον, verb. Adj. *one must set on.*
 ἀναβιώω: f. ἀναβιώσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεβίωαν, inf.
 ἀναβιώναι, rarely aor. I ἀνεβίωσα: (ἀνά, βίος):—*to*
come to life again, return to life.
 ἀναβιώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβιώω) *recovery of life.*
 ἀναβιώσομαι, aor. I ἐνεβιώσάμην, Dep. *to bring*
back to life.
 ἀναβλαστάνω, f. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀνέβλαστον:
 —*to shoot or grow up again.*
 ἀνάβλεμμα, ατος, τό, *a look cast upwards.* From
 ἀναβλέπω, f. ψω, *to look up.* 2. *to look back*
upon, Lat. respicere. II. *to see again, recover*
one's sight. Hence

ἀνάβλεψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβλέπω) *a seeing again, re-*
covery of sight.
 ἀναβλήδην, poet. shortd. ἀμβλήδην, Adv. (ἀνα-
 βάλλομαι) *boiling up*:—*with sudden bursts.*
 ἀνάβλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) *a putting off, delay.*
 ἀναβλύξω, f. ὕσω: aor. I ἀνέβλυσα:—*to gush forth*;
 ἀναβλύξεν ἔλαιον *to gush out with oil.*
 ἀναβλώσσω, aor. 2 ἀνέμολον, *to go up or back.*
 ἀναβοάω, fut. ἡσομαι: aor. I ἀνεβόησα, Ion. inf.
 ἀμβώσω (for ἀναβοῆσαι):—*to cry or shout aloud,*
utter a loud cry: *to cry out something.* II. *to*
call on.
 ἀναβολάδην, poet. ἀμβ-, Adv. (ἀναβολή) *bubbling*
up. II. *as a prelude or beginning of song.*
 ἀναβολάς, shortd. ἀμβολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω)
thrown up, of earth.
 ἀναβολή, poet. ἀμβολή, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) *that which*
is thrown up, a mound of earth. 2. *that which is*
thrown around one, a cloak. II. *a lifting up of*
the voice, a prelude. 2. *a putting off, delaying.*
 ἀναβολία, poet. ἀμβ-, ἡ, (ἀναβολή) *delay.*
 ἀναβράσσω, Att. -πτω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεβράσθην:
 —*to make foam or bubble up, to boil.* Hence.
 ἀνάβραστος, ον, *boiled.*
 ἀναβράχω, only found in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἀνεβράχεν,
 q. v.
 *ἀναβρόχω, aor. I ἀνέβροξα, opt. ἀναβρόξεια, pf.
 ἀναβέβροχα, *to swallow again, gulp down*: also aor. 2
 pass. part. ἀναβροχείς, εἶσα, ἐν, *swallowed back, swal-*
lowed down again. Cf. καταβρόχω.
 ἀναβρυάω, aor. I -εβρύασα, *to shout aloud for joy.*
 ἀναβρῦχάομαι, Dep. *to roar aloud.*
 ἀναβῶσαι, Ion. for ἀναβοῆσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνα-
 βοάω.
 ἀνά-γαῖον, τό, = ἀνώ-γαῖον.
 ἀν-αγγέλλω, for the tenses see ἀγγέλλω:—*to carry*
back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. renunciare.
 ἀνα-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I -εγέλασα: *to*
laugh aloud.
 ἀνα-γεννάω, f. ἡσω, *to beget anew, regenerate.*
 ἀν-αἰγέομαι, Dor. for ἀν-ηγέομαι.
 ἀνα-γεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἀνέγευσα: *to give to taste.*
 ἀνα-γινώσκω, later ἀναγινώσκω: f. ἀναγνώσομαι,
 aor. 2 ἀνέγνω: ἀνέγνωκα:—*to know accurately.* 2.
to know again, recognise, own, Lat. agnoscere. 3.
to distinguish, discern: hence *to read.* II. in
 Ion. Greek the aor. I ἀνέγνωσα is used in causal sense
to persuade; and aor. I pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνέ-
 γνώσωμαι, *to be persuaded.*
 ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. ἠνάγκασα: (ἀνάγκη):—*to*
force, compel: *to constrain, esp. by argument*: also
to force by torture, and so to harass, annoy. 2. *to*
prove of necessity, to demonstrate. 3. with double
 acc. *to force a person to do a thing.*
 ἀναγκαίη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀνάγκη.
 ἀναγκαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀνάγκη) *of or with*
force: I. Act. *constraining, forcing, pressing*: ἡμαρ
 ἀναγκαῖον *the day of constraint, i. e. slavery.* 2.

forcible, convincing. 3. of things, requiring to be done.

II. pass. forced: hence painful.

2. necessary: τὰ ἀναγκαῖα, necessities: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient. 3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., ἀναγκαῖοι, οἱ, Lat. necessarii, relations.

ἀναγκάλως, Adv. of ἀναγκαῖος, of necessity, *perforce*; ἀναγκάλως ἔχει it is necessary: Sup. ἀναγκαιότητα.

ἀναγκαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, one must compel.

ἀναγκαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναγκάζω) compulsory.

ἀναγκαστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

ἌΝΑΤΚΗ, Ion. and Ep. ἀνακατή, ἡ, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. ἀνάγκη as Adv. *perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by force.* 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as hunger.

3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering.

II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie

of kin, relationship.

ἀνα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεγνάμθην:—to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

ἀναγνοῖη, ἀναγνώαια, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἀναγιγνώσκω.

ἀν-αγνος, ον, (a privat., ἀγνός) impure, unchaste, generally unbold, guilty.

ἀνα-γνωρίζω: f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: to know again, recognise. Hence

ἀναγνωρίσις, εως, ἡ, recognition.

ἀνάγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναγνῶναι) a knowing again, recognition, owning. II. reading.

ἀνάγνωσμα, ματος, τό, (ἀναγνῶναι) aor. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω) a passage read aloud.

ἀναγόρευσις, εως, ἡ, a crying aloud, proclamation. From

ἀν-αγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ἀνερω̄, aor. 2 ἀνείπον:—to cry aloud, proclaim publicly:—Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

ἀνάγραφτος, ον, (ἀναγράφω) written up or out, registered.

ἀναγραφέυς, εως, ὁ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary.

ἀναγράφη, ἡ, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

ἀνα-γράφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνέγραψα:—to write up, generally to enter in a public register or record. II. to describe. [γράφ]

ἀνα-γρύζω, strengthd. for γρύζω, to mutter.

ἀν-άγω, f. ἀνάξω: aor. 2 ἀνήγαγον: (ἀνά, ἀγω): I. to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in Homer=ἀγω, to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν to put a ship out to sea; and then ἀνάγειν or ἀνάγεσθαι, absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the interior of a country. 4. to lead up, raise up, conduct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, educate.

II. to bring back: to refer. III. intrans. (sub. ξαυτόν) to withdraw, retreat.

ἀναγωγεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads

up: hence anything by which one leads, a rein, thong, etc.

ἀναγωγῆ, ἡ, (ἀνάγω) a leading up: a putting to sea. 2. a leading back, referring.

ἀν-άγωγος, ον, (a privat., ἀγωγή) without guidance or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroken.

ἀν-ἀγωνιστος, ον, (a privat., ἀγωνίζομαι) without contest, never having contended for a prize.

ἀνα-δαῖω, to divide anew: generally to divide or apportion a conquered land.

ἀνα-δαῖω, poet. ἀν-δαῖω, = ἀνακαίω, to light up.

ἀνα-δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀναδατέομαι.

ἀναδασμός, ὁ, (ἀναδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: generally a distribution, division.

ἀνάδαστος, ον, (ἀναδάσασθαι) divided anew, redistributed: generally, distributed.

ἀνα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι: aor. I ἀνεδασάμην:—to divide again, re-distribute.

ἀναδέδρομα, pf. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνάδειγμα, ματος, τό, a means of sbewing forth: a mouth-piece used by priests.

ἀνα-δείκνυμι and ἀνα-δεκνύω: fut. -δείξω, Ion. -δέξω:—to lift up and sbew, sbew forth. II. to make public, declare. Hence

ἀνάδειξις, εως, ἡ, a sbewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

ἀνα-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀνα-δέχομαι.

ἀν-ἀδελφος, ον, (a privat., ἀδελφός) without brother or sister.

ἀνάδεμα, poet. ἀνδεμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a headband.

ἀνα-δέξαι, Ion. for ἀναδείξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀνα-δέркоμαι, aor. 2 ἀν-έδρακον:—to look up, to open the eyes again.

ἀνα-δέρω, f. δερῶ: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare ulcus: hence to rip up old sores.

ἀνάδεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναδέω) a binding on.

ἀνάδεσμη, ἡ, and ἀνάδεσμος, ὁ, (ἀναδέω) a band or fillet for women's hair, a headband.

ἀνάδετος, ον, (ἀναδέω) binding up.

ἀνα-δέω, to dye, imbue.

ἀνα-δέχομαι, fut. med. -δέξομαι: aor. ἀνεδεξάμην:—but Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀνεδέγημι: pf. ἀναδέδεγμα: Dep. i:—to take up, receive: also to take back. II. to take upon oneself, submit to. 2. to undertake, promise to do; also to be surety to one.

ἀνα-δέω, poet. ἀν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -έδησα: pf. pass. δέδεμαι:—to bind up, bind round; ἀναδεῖν τινα εὐαγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. II. ἀναδησαι ἑαυτοῦς ἐς τινα to trace up one's family to a founder. III. Med. to fasten with a rope to oneself; ἀναδούμενος ἔλκειν (sc. ναῦς), to take a ship in tow.

ἀνάδημα, poet. ἀνδημα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a headband.

ἀνα-διδάσκω, f. ἀξω, to teach over again: to teach

otherwise or better, Lat. *dedocere*: also simply = διδάσκω, *to teach*:—Pass. to learn better. II. to expound, interpret.

ἀνα-δίδωμι, poet. ἀνδίδωμι: f. -δῶσα:—to give up: to give forth, esp. of the earth, to yield. 2. intr. of springs, fire, etc., to burst forth. II. to give round, distribute: also to give back, restore.

ἀνά-δικος, *ov*, (ἀνά, *δική*) tried over again.
ἀνά-διπλόω, f. ὤσω, (ἀνά, *διπλοῦς*) to make double.
ἀνάδοτος, *ov*, (ἀναδίδωμι) given up or to be given up.
ἀνάδου, for ἀνάδοσο, aor. 2 imper. of ἀναδίδωμι.
ἀναδύναι, ἀναδούς, οὔσα, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδύονται, ἀναδούμενος, 3 pl. and part. pres. med. of ἀναδέω.

ἀναδοχή, ἡ, (ἀναδέχομαι) a taking up, acceptance: ἀναδοχή πῖνον the undertaking of labours.

ἀναδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνατρέχω.
ἀναδράμομαι, poet. for -οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω.
ἀναδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνα-δύναω, to come to the top of the water.
ἀνα-δύομαι, f. δύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέδυν, pf. ἀναδέδυκα: (ἀνά, *δύω*):—to come up, rise, esp. from the sea: but absol. of the sun, to rise, of springs, to gush forth. 2. to draw back, retire:—c. acc. to sbun: c. inf. to delay to do, avoid doing.

ἀναδῶν, Att. pres. part. of ἀναδέω.
ἀν-ἀένδος, ἡ, (a privat., *ἔδνον*) without presents from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts.

ἀναείραι, aor. I inf. of ἀναείρω.
ἀν-αίρω, (ἀνά, *αίρω*) to lift or raise up.
ἀν-ἀέπτος, *ov*, (a privat., *ἔλπομαι*) unbooped, un-

looked for.
ἀν-αερτάω, lengthd. for ἀν-αίρω.

ἀνα-ζάω, inf. ἀναζῆν: f. ζῆσω: to return to life.
ἀνα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. ζεύξω, to yoke or harness again: hence to prepare to go away again, esp. with an army, to break up, move off: and so of ships, νῆας ἀν. to set sail again. 2. intr. (sub. στρατόν, etc.) to march off. Hence

ἀνάξευξις, *ews*, ἡ, a marching away.
ἀνα-ζέω, f. ζέσω, to boil or bubble up.
ἀνα-ζητέω, to search into, examine, Lat. *anquirere*: to search out, discover. Hence

ἀναζήτησις, *ews*, ἡ, investigation.
ἀνα-ζωγρέω, to recal to life.
ἀνα-ζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, to gird up.
ἀνα-ζωπυρέω, to light up again:—Pass. to gain fresh life.

ἀνα-θάλλω, to warm again.
ἀνα-θαρσέω, Att. -θαρπέω, to regain one's courage.
ἀνα-θαρσύνω, Att. -θαρρύνω, to fill with fresh courage. II. intr. = ἀναθαρπέω.

ἀνα-θεῖναι, ἀνα-θεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνατίθημι.
ἀνάθημα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) anything devoted or accursed. Hence

ἀνα-θεματίζω, to make accursed, to bind by a curse.
ἀνα-θερμαίνω, to warm or heat again.

ἀναθετέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνατίθημι, one must refer: one must defer.

ἀνα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι and -θευσούμαι, to run up or back, return.

ἀνα-θεωρέω, to look at or observe carefully; to view or observe again.

ἀνα-θηλέω, like ἀνα-θάλλω, (ἀνά, *θῆλος*) to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresh.

ἀνάθημα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) that which is set up, esp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a delight or ornament. Cf. ἀγαλμα.

ἀνα-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press hard.
ἀναθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναθρόσκειν.

ἀνα-θορυβέω, f. ἦσω, to shout in applause.
ἀνάθρημα, *ατος*, τό, (ἀνατρέφω) a nursling.

ἀν-αθρέω, (ἀνά, *αθρέω*) to look up at: observe closely.
ἀνα-θρόσκειν, poet. and Ion. ἀνθρόσκειν: fut. ἀναθοροῦμαι: aor. ἀνέθορον, inf. ἀναθορεῖν:—to spring up, bound up, rebound: to spring upon.

ἀναιδεῖα, Ep. and Ion. ἀναιδείη, ἡ, (ἀναιδής) shamelessness, assurance, effrontery.

ἀναιδέυομαι, Dep. (ἀναιδής) to behave impudently.
ἀν-αιδής, *és*, (a privat., *αἰδέομαι*) shameless, un-

abashed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called *lāas* ἀναιδής, reckless, rutless.

ἀν-αιθύσσω, to fan the flame.
ἀν-αἰθώ, (ἀνά, *αἰθώ*) to set on fire, to inflame.

ἀν-αιμακτί, Adv. of sq., without bloodshed.
ἀν-αίμακτος, *ov*, (a privat., *αἰμάσσω*) bloodless, unstained with blood, Lat. *incruentus*.

ἀν-αίματος, *ov*, = ἀναιμος.
ἀν-αἶμος, *ov*, and ἀν-αἰμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., *αἶμα*) without blood, bloodless.

ἀν-αιμωτί, Adv. like ἀν-αιμακτί. [τῆ]
ἀναινομαι: impf. ἠνανόμην, Ep. ἀνανόμην: fut. ἀνανούμαι (not in use): aor. I ἠνηνάμην, inf. ἀνήνασθαι, subj. ἀνήνηται: Dep.:—to refuse, reject, spurn: c. inf. refuse to do: hence to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, disown: to repent, be ashamed of doing a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀναίξας, aor. I part. of ἀναίσσω.
ἀναερθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀναίρω.

ἀναιρέσις, *ews*, ἡ, a taking up of dead bodies: burial. 2. a taking upon oneself, an undertaking.

II. a destroying, destruction. From ἀν-αίρέω: f. ἦσω: pf. ἀνήρηκα, pass. ἀνήρημαι: (v. αἰρέω):—to take up, Lat. *tollere*, and so I. to bear away, carry off, esp. of prizes: simply, to take up, lift. II. to take away, destroy: of laws and customs, to abolish. III. to appoint, ordain, esp. of an oracle's answer; but absol. to answer, give a response.

Med. to take up for oneself: hence to gain, win, receive: exact. 2. to take up dead bodies for burial. 3. to take up newborn children, Lat. *tollere, suscipere liberos*. 4. to conceive. 5. to take up money at interest. II. to take upon oneself, undertake. III. to take back to oneself, cancel.

ἀν-αίρω, f. ἀνᾶρῶ, to raise up.

ἀνασθησία, ἡ, want of perception, insensibility. From ἀν-αίσθητος, ον, (a privat., αἰσθῆσθαι aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι) *unfeeling, without feeling.* 2. *without common sense, senseless.* II. pass. *unfelt.*

ἀν-αἰσιμός: impf. ἀναίσιμον: aor. I ἀναίσιμωσα: —Pass., aor. I ἀναισιμώθη: pf. ἀναίσιμωσα: (a privat., αἰσιμος,—the simple αἰσιμῶ being never used):—an Ion. Verb. = Att. ἀναλίσκω, to use up, use; of time, to spend; of food, to consume. Hence ἀνασίωμα, ατος, τό, *that which is used up*, = Att. δαπάνη, *expenditure, outlay.*

ἀν-αἰσσω, Att. ἀν-αἴσσω, ἀν-αἴτω (ἀνά, αἴσσω):—to start up, rise up quickly, spring or burst forth: c. acc. to leap upon. [anā-]

ἀνασχυντέω, (ἀνάσχυντος) to be shameless, behave impudently.

ἀνασχυντία, ἡ, shamelessness. From ἀν-αίσχυντος, ον, (a privat., αἰσχύνη) *shameless, impudent*: of things, *abominable, detestable.*

ἀν-αίτητος, η, ον, (a privat., αἰτέω) *unasked.*

ἀν-αίτιος, ον, (a privat., αἰτία) *without cause, groundless.* II. of persons, *guiltless, not chargeable, not to blame.*

ἀνα-καθαίρω, to clear thoroughly:—Pass. to become quite clear.

ἀνα-καθίζω, to set up or upright:—Med. to sit up. II. intr. to sit down again.

ἀνα-καινίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ, to renew.

ἀνα-καινούργω, to restore anew.

ἀνα-καινώω, (ἀνά, καινός) to renew, restore. Hence ἀνακαινώσις, εως, ἡ, *renewal, restoration.*

ἀνακαίον, τό, a prison.

ἀνα-καίω, aor. I ἀνέκασα, to kindle, light up:—Med. to light oneself a fire: metaph. to fire, rouse, encourage: in Pass. to burn with anger.

ἀνα-κάλω, ποэт. ἀγ-καλέω: fut. ἔσω:—to call up, esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to summon. 3. to call by a name. III. to call back, recal, esp. from exile.

ἀνα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, unveil. II. intr. to unveil.

ἀνα-κάμπω, f. ψω, to bend upwards or back. 2. intrans. (sub. ἐαντόν) to bend back, return.

ἀν-ἀκανθος, ον, (a privat., ἄκανθα) *without thorns or bones: without a spine.*

ἀνα-κάπτω, f. ψω, to snar up, swallow, gulp down.

ἀνακέαται, Ion. for ἀνάκενται, 3 pl. of ἀνα-κεμαι, ποэт. ἀγ-κεμαι:—used as Pass. of ἀνατίθημι, to be laid up, as a votive offering; and so, to be dedicated; also, to be set up, as a statue.

II. to be referred to, depend upon.

Ἄνακειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From Ἄνακες, οἱ, old form of ἀνακτες, the Kings, i. e. Castor and Pollux.

ἀνα-κέκλωμαι, ποэт. for ἀνα-καλέω, to call out.

ἀνα-κέλαδος, ὁ, (ἀνά, κέλωμαι) a loud shout.

ἀνα-κέομαι, Ion. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

ἀνα-κεράννυμι and -ύω: f. κερᾶσω [ᾶ]:—to mix again: generally, to mix up, mix well.

ἀνα-κεφάλαιος, f. ὥσω, (ἀνά, κεφαλή) to comprehend in a summary, sum up.

ἀνα-κηκίω, to spout up, gush forth: also, to throb violently. [Ἰ Ep.]

ἀνα-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἔψω, to publish, to proclaim, esp. to proclaim as conqueror: to offer by voice of herald: and so to put up to auction, which was done by proclamation of the κήρυξ.

ἀνα-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to rush into danger again, to run a fresh risk.

ἀνα-κινέω, to move upwards, to sway to and fro. 2. to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

ἀνακίνησις, εως, ἡ, a swinging to and fro. 2. excitement, emotion. [κί]

ἀνα-κίρναμι, Dep. = ἀνα-κεράννυμι.

ἀνα-κλαίω, f. -κλάγω: aor. 2 ἀνέκλαγον:—to cry aloud, scream out: of a dog, to bark, bay.

ἀνα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

ἀνα-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέκλασα:—to break upwards or back, to break in pieces.

ἀνάκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακαλέω) a calling on, invocation: a summoning. II. a recalling, esp. from banishment.

ἀνακλιθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνακλιθῆεις, later ἀνακλιθῆεις, ποэт. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-κλίνω, ποэт. ἀγ-κλίω [Ἰ]: fut. -κλιῶ: aor. I ἀνέκλινα:—to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another: Pass. to lie, sink or lean back. II. to push or put back a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνάκλιτος, η, ον, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back.

ἀνα-κογχυλίαιζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόγχη) to open and counterfeit a seal.

ἀνα-κοινῶ, f. ὥσω, to communicate or impart something to another: to communicate with another, consult him.—Med. with pf. pass. -κεκοίνωμαι, to communicate what is one's own to another: to impart.

ἀνα-κοιρᾶνέω, to rule in or over.

ἀνα-κολπάω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόλπος) to gird up into a fold (Lat. sinus): absol. to gird oneself up.

ἀνακομιδή, ἡ, recovery of a thing or from an illness. From

ἀνα-κομίζω, ποэт. ἀγ-κομίζω: f. -ίω Att. -ιῶ: aor. I ἀνέκομισα:—to carry up: esp. to carry up or against stream: Pass. to go up. II. to bring back, recover:—Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one: to recover one's own: to bring to pass again:—Pass. to go back.

ἀνα-ακοντίζω, f. ἴσω, to dart or fling up. II. intr. to shoot up, as blood from a wound.

ἀνακοπή, ἡ, a beating back: a recoil. From

ἀνα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back:—Pass. to stop short.

ἀνα-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ, to lift or raise up:—Pass. to be lifted up, lightened in spirits. Hence

ἀνακούφισις, εως, ἡ, a *lifting up, lightening*: relief from a thing.

ἀνα-κράζω, f. ἀζομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέκρᾶγον:—to cry out, lift up the voice.

ἀνα-κρᾶθῆις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνακεράννυμι.

ἀνάκρᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακεράννυμι) a *mixing up*.

ἀνα-κρεομαι, Dep. to begin to play: of a bird, to tune its voice.

ἀνα-κρεμάννυμι, poet. ἀγ-κρεμ-: f. -κρεμάσω: aor. I ἀνέκρεμασι:—to bang up upon a thing:—Pass. to be banging up: metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse.

ἀνα-κρίνω [Ὶ]: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω): to examine well, search out. II. to examine beforehand:—Med., ἀνακρίνεσθαι πρὸς ἑαυτούς, to question one with another. Hence

ἀνάκρισις, poet. ἀγκρισις, εως, ἡ, an examination, inquiry.

ἀνα-κροτέω, f. ἦσω, to lift up and strike together: absol. to clap with uplifted hands, applaud vehemently.

ἀνάκρουσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακρούω) a *pushing back, checking*, esp. pushing a ship back, backing water.

ἀνακρουστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνακρούω, one must check.

ἀνα-κρούω, f. σω, to thrust back, check:—in Med. of a ship, ἀνακρούεσθαι ἐπὶ πρῆμνῃν to put her back sternwards, by backing water. 2. Med. also in music, to strike the strings, make a prelude, like ἀναβάλλεσθαι.

ἀνα-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: pf. ἀνέκτημαι: Dep.:—to regain for oneself, recover, retrieve. II. to win a person over, gain his favour.

ἀνάκτησις, Ep. for ἀνάξι, dat. pl. of ἀναξ.

ἀνακτόριος, α, ον, (ἀνακτωρ) belonging to a lord or king, royal: ἀνακτόριον, τό, =sq. a temple.

ἀνακτορον, τό, (ἀνακτωρ) a king's dwelling, palace: also a temple.

ἀνάκτωρ, opos, ὁ, (ἀνάσσω) a lord, king.

ἀνα-κυκάω, f. ἦσω, to stir up and mix: to confuse.

ἀνα-κυκλέω, to turn round again:—Pass. to revolve, come round again. Hence

ἀνακύκλισις, εως, ἡ, a coming round again, a circuit, revolution.

ἀνα-κυμβαλιάζω, (ἀνά, κύμβαλον) to rattle like κύμβαλα: δίφροι ἀνεκυμβαλιαζόν the chariots were overturned with a rattling noise, like that of cymbals.

ἀνα-κύνω, fut. -κύνω and -κύνομαι: aor. I ἀνέκυνε: pf. ἀνακέκυνε:—to lift up the head: esp. to come up out of the water: hence to rise out of difficulties, to recover, emerge.

ἀνα-κωκύω, f. ύσω, to wail aloud. [Ὶ]

ἀνάκωξ, Adv. = ἐπιμελῶς, carefully, ἀνακῶς ἔχχειν τινός to look well to a thing. (From ἀνακος, Adj. of ἀναξ, a manager.)

ἀνακωχέω, f. σω, to bold back, stay, esp. of ships, to keep them riding at anchor: but ἀν. τὸν τόνον τῶν ὄπλων to keep up the tension of the ropes, keep taught. 2. intr. (sub. ἑαυτόν) to keep still. From

ἀνακωχή, ἡ, incorrect form of ἀνοκωχή.

ἀναλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνα-λάζομαι, Dep. to take again.

ἀν-ἀλλᾶλαξ, aor. I ἀνηλάξα: to raise a war-cry: to cry aloud.

ἀνα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέλαβον: pf. ἀνέλιψα:—to take up, take into one's hands: generally, to take with one. 2. to take into one's service, to adopt. 3. like Lat. recipere, to take upon one: esp. in Med. to undertake, ἀναλαβεῖσθαι πόλεμον. 4. to take up again, resume, ἀναλαβεῖν λόγον.

II. to take back, regain, retrieve, repair. III. to pull short up, of a horse. IV. to gain quite over, attach to oneself.

ἀνα-λάμπω, f. λάμψω, to flame up, take fire.

ἀναλγησία, ἡ, insensibility, want of feeling. From ἀν-ἀλγητος, ον, (a privat., ἀλγέω) without pain: I. of persons, unfeeling, hard-hearted, ruthless:—Adv. -τως, unfeelingly. II. of things, I. not painful. 2. very painful, cruel.

ἀν-αλθῆς, ἐς, (a privat., ἀλθεῖν) not thriving, feeble.

ἀνα-λέγω: Ep. imperf. ἄλλεγον: fut. ἀναλέξω: aor. I ἀνέλεξα, Ep. inf. ἀλλέξαι:—to pick up, gather up:—Med. to pick up for oneself. 2. to recount. II. to read aloud.

ἀνα-λέιχω, f. ξω, to lick up.

ἀνάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλαμβάνω) a taking up: a taking again, a means of regaining: a repairing, making amends. II. a being taken up: the Ascension.

ἀν-αλθῆς, ἐς, (a privat., ἀλθεομαι) not healing.

ἀνάλιπτος, ον, Dor. for ἀνήλιπτος, barefoot.

ἀν-ἄλισκω: f. ἀνάλωσω: aor. I ἀνήλωσα or ἀνάλωσα: pf. ἀνήλωκα or ἀνάλωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀνάλωθήσομαι: aor. I ἀνηλώθην or ἀνάλωθην: pf. ἀνήλωμαι or ἀνάλωμαι: the pres. ἀν-ἄλω, imperf. ἀνάλων are rare:—to use up, spend, esp. in a bad sense, to squander:—metaph., ἀν. ὑπνον to use to the full, i. e. enjoy, sleep. II. of persons, to kill, destroy.

ἀνάλκεια, ἡ, want of strength. From

ἀν-αλκίς, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. -ῖδα or -ῖν, (a privat., ἀλκή) without strength, impotent, unwarlike.

ἀν-ἄλλομαι, Dep. to leap up.

ἀν-αλμος, ον, (a privat., ἄλμη) not salted.

ἀνα-λογία, ἡ, (ἀνά, λόγος) proportion, analogy.

ἀνα-λογίζομαι, Dep. to count up: sum up: to think over, calculate, consider. Hence

ἀναλογισμός, ὁ, a counting up, calculation, reasoning with oneself: also a course of reasoning.

ἀν-άλως, ον, (a privat., ἄλς) not salt, without salt.

ἀν-ἄλω, a rare form of ἀν-άλσκω.

ἀν-αλτος, ον, (a privat., ἄλθομαι) not to be filled, insatiate, Lat. inexplebilis.

ἀνάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλύω) a loosing, releasing: dissolution, death.

ἀνα-λύω, Ion. and Ep. ἀλ-λύω: f. -λύσω [Ὶ]: pf. -λέλυκα, pass. -λέλυμαι:—to unloose, undo again: also to set free. II. to do away, get rid of: to stop, put an end to. III. intr. (sub. ἵππον, ναῦν, etc.) to loose for departure, and so to depart, return.

ἀνάλωκα, -ωμαί, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλίσκω.
ἀνάλωμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναλῶ) *that which is used or spent*: *expense, cost, outlay*: in plur. *expenses*.

ἀνάλωσα, ἀναλώσαι, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.
ἀνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλῶ) *expenditure*. [ἀνά]
ἀν-άλωτος, ον, (a privat., ἀλῶναι) *not taken, not to be taken, impregnable*.

ἀνα-μαϊμάω, to *rage* *through* or *throughout*.
ἀνα-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to *learn* *again* or *anew*, *learn differently*: to *inquire* *closely*.

ἀν-ἀμάξευτος, ον, (a privat., ἀμαξέω) *impassable for wagons*.

ἀν-ἀμάρτητος, ον, (a privat., ἀμαρτεῖν) *without missing or failing, unfailing*: in a moral sense, *faultless*.
Adv. -τως, *without fail*.

ἀνα-μαδῶσαι, Dep. to *cbew* *over* *again*, Lat. *ruminari*.

ἀνα-μάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -μάξω: aor. I ἀνέμαξα:—*to wipe up, wipe off*; ἔργον, ὃ σὴ κεφαλῇ ἀναμάξεις a deed which thou wilt *wipe off* on *thine own head*, (as if it were a stain). II. Med. to *knead one's bread*.

ἀνα-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, sometimes -μαχέσομαι or -ῆσομαι: Dep.:—*to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat*.

ἀν-ἀμβάτος, ον, poet. for ἀν-ἀβάτος, (a privat., ἀβαβαίνω) of a horse, *not to be mounted, unmanageable*.
ἀνα-μέλω, f. ψω, to *begin* *to sing*.

ἀνα-μένω, poet. ἀμμένω: f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἀνέμεινα:—*to wait for, await*: absol. *to wait, stay*. 2. *to await, endure*. 3. *to put off, delay*.

ἀνά-μεσος, ον, *in the middle*.
ἀνά-μεστος, ον, *filled full*. Hence
ἀνα-μεστῶ, f. ὦσω, *to fill up, fill full*.

ἀνα-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, *to measure* *back* or *over* *again*, *to remeasure* *the same road* *one came by*: generally, *to do* or *say* *over* *again, repeat*. II. *to measure out*. Hence

ἀναμέτρησις, εως, ἡ, *a measuring out, admeasurement*.
ἀνά-μιγα, poet. ἀμμίγα, also ἀνά-μιγδα, Adv. *promiscuously*.

ἀνα-μίνγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω: aor. I ἀνέμιξα, *to mix up* *together, to mingle*. II. Med. *to have social intercourse, join company*.

ἀνα-μυμνήσκω: f. ἀναμνήσω. poet. ἀμυμνήσω: aor. I ἀνέμνησα:—*to remind* *one* *of* *a thing*: c. inf. *to remind* *one* *to do*: also *to recal* *to memory, make mention of*:—Pass. *to remember*.

ἀνα-μίμνω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.
ἀνα-μίξ, (ἀναμίνγνυμι) Adv. *mixed up, pell-mell*.
ἀνάμιξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμίνγνυμι) *social intercourse*.

ἀνα-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἀναμίνγνυμι.
ἀναμνησθεῖς, part. aor. I pass. of ἀναμυμνήσκω.
ἀνά-μησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμυμνήσκω) *a calling* *to mind, recollection*.

ἀνα-μολεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀναβλώσκα.
ἀνα-μορμύρω, *to roar* *loudly, foam up*, of the sea. [ῶ]

ἀνα-μοχλεύω, (ἀνά, μοχλός) *to lift* *with* *a lever*: *to force* *open*.

ἀν-ἀμπλάκτητος, ον, (a privat., ἀμπλάκτητος) *unerring, without wandering*.

ἀνα-μυγθίζομαι, Dep. *to groan* *deeply*.
ἀν-ἀμφιλόγος, ον, (a privat., ἀμφιλόγος) *undisputed, undoubted*.

ἀν-ἀμφισβήτητος, ον, (a privat., ἀμφισβήτητος) *undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dispute*. II. act. *without dispute* or *controversy*.

ἀνανδρία, ἡ, *unmanliness, cowardice*. From
ἀν-ανδρός, ον, (a privat., ἀνήρ), I. = ἀνευ ἀνδρός, *without a husband*: *without men* *desolate*. II.

unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man.
ἀν-ανδρῶ, f. ὦσω, *to deprive* *of* *a husband*. Hence
ἀνανδρωτός, ον, *widowed*.

ἀνα-νεάξω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, νέος) *to make* *young* *again*.
ἀνα-νέμω, poet. ἀννέμω, *to divide* or *distribute* *anew*. II. Med. *to count up, recount*: *to rebase*.

ἀνα-νέομαι, poet. ἀννέομαι, Dep. *to mount up, rise*.
ἀνα-νέομαι, f. ὦσομαι: aor. I ἀνενοώσασθην, poet. inf. ἀνενοώσασθαι: Dep.:—*to renew, revive*.

ἀνα-νέω, f. σω, properly *to throw* *the head* *back* *in* *token* *of* *denial*: hence *to deny, refuse*.
ἀνανέωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνανέομαι) *a renewal, revival*.

ἀνα-νήφω, f. ψω, *to become* *sober* *again, come* *to one's* *senses*. 2. *trans. to make* *sober* *again*.
ἀν-αντα, Adv. of ἀν-άντης, *upbill, opp. to κάτωτα*.

ἀν-ανταγώνιστος, ον, (a privat., ανταγωνίζομαι) *without a rival, without a struggle*: *undisputed*.
ἀν-άντης, es, (ἀνά, ἀντάω) *up-bill, steep, opp. to κάτωτης*: hence *like* *Lat. arduus, difficult*.

ἀν-αντήρητος, ον, (a privat., ἀντηρῶ) *not to be gainsaid*. Adv. -ως, *without contradiction*.
*ANAX, ἀνακτος, ὁ: Ep. dat. pl. ἀνάκτες: *a lord, king, applied* *to* *all* *the* *gods, esp. to* *Apollo*. II.

any earthly lord, prince, chief, king: also *of* *the* *sons* *or* *kinsmen* *of* *kings, and* *generally, the* *chief* *persons* *of* *a* *state*. 2. *so* *too* *the* *master* *of* *the* *house, Lat. berus*. 3. *generally, one* *who* *is* *lord* *or* *master* *over* *anything, as* *κώπης* *ἀνακτες*: cf. *ἄρ-ἀναξ*.

ἀνα-ξαινω, *to rub* or *irritate* *afresh*.
ἀνάξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀνάσσω.
ἀνα-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I -εξηράνω, poet. inf. ἀξηράνω:—*to dry up*.

ἀν-άξιος, ον, also α, ον, (a privat., ἀξιος) *unworthy, not* *deemed* *worthy, c. gen.*: absol. *worthless*. 2. *undeserving* *of* *evil*.

ἀναξι-φόρμυγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνάσσω, φόρμυγξ) *lord* *of* *the* *lyre*.
ἀναξίως, Adv. of ἀνάξιος, *unworthily*.

ἀνα-ξυνώω, (ἀνά, ξυνώω) = ἀνα-κοινώω.
ἀναξυρίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, *the* *trousers* *worn* *by* *eastern* *nations*. (Persian word.)

ἀνα-ξύω, f. ὦσω [ῶ]: aor. pass. ἀνεξύσθην:—*to scrape* *off*.
ἀνάξω, fut. of ἀνάσσω.

ἀνα-οίγω, f. ξω, poet. for ἀν-οίγω.
ἀνα-παιδεύω, *to educate* *afresh*.
ἀνάπαιστος, ον, (ἀναπαίω) *struck* *back, rebounding*:

as Subst. ἀνάπαυστος (sub. πούς), ὁ, an *anapaest*, i. e. a dactyl reversed.

ἀνα-παύω, f. ὦω, to strike again or back.

ἀνά-παῖν, Adv. back again. II. over again.

III. reversely.

ἀνα-πάλλω, poet. ἀμπάλλω: fut. ἀναπαῶ: aor. I ἀνέπηλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἀμπεπαλῶν:—to swing to and fro, to put in motion:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνέπαλτο, to dart or spring up.

ἀνα-πάσσω, f. ὦω, to scatter upon.

ἀνάπαυλα, ης, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease from a thing: of watches, κατ' ἀναπαύλας διηρῆσθαι to be divided into reliefs. II. a resting-place.

ἀνάπαυσις, poet. ἀμπαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease: rest from a thing, cessation.

ἀναπαυστήριος, Ion. ἀμπ-, ov, (ἀναπαύω) belonging to resting or rest:—as Subst. ἀναπαυστήριον or ἀναπαυτήριον, τό, a resting-place: the time or hour of rest: also (sub. σημείου), the sound of trumpet for all to go to rest.

ἀνα-παύω, Ion. ἀμπαύω, (for the tenses, v. παύω):—to make cease, stop from a thing: later to give rest or relieve from a thing. II. Med. to cease, leave off, desist from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleep: also to die. 2. to stop, halt, rest. 3. to regain strength.

ἀνα-πέιθω, f. πείσω: aor. I ἀνέπεισα:—to bring over to another opinion, to persuade against one's will: also in bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

ἀνα-πειράομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to try or attempt again, to make trial of. II. as a military and naval term, to exercise, practise.

ἀνα-πείρω, f. -περώ: aor. I ἀνεπείρα, Ep. part. ἀμπείρας: Pass., aor. 2 ἀνεπάρην [ᾱ]: pf. ἀναπέπαρμαι, poet. ἀμπέπαρμαι:—to pierce through, spit.

ἀναπεισθήριος, α, ov, (ἀναπέιθω) persuasive.

ἀνα-πεμπάζω and -άζομαι, to count over again.

ἀναπέμψω, poet. ἀμπέμψω, f. ψω, (for the tenses, v. πέμψω):—to send up or forth:—Med. to send up from oneself.

II. to send back.

ἀναπεπταμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀναπετάννυμι.

ἀναπεσεῖν, ἀναπεσῶν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναπίπτω.

ἀνα-πετάννυμι and ἀνα-πεταννύω, also ἀνα-πετάω: fut. -πετάω, Att. -πετώ: aor. I ἀνεπέτασα, poet. imper. and part. ἀμπέτασον, ἀμπετάσας:—to spread out or open, expand, unfold, unfurl:—pf. pass. part. ἀναπεπταμένος, η, ov, outspread, open.

ἀνα-πέτομαι, f. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπτόμην or ἀνεπτάμην, poet. part. ἀμπτάμενος; and in act. form ἀνέπτην, poet. opt. ἀμπτάτην: (v. πέτομαι):—to fly up, fly up and away.

ἀναπέφθηνα, pf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-πήγνυμι or -ύω, to transfix, spit.

ἀνα-πήδω, poet. ἀμπηδάω: f. ἤσομαι: (v. πήδω):—to leap, spring up or forth, start up; ἀν. ἐπ' ἔργον to jump up to work: of springs, to gush forth. II. to spring back.

ἀνά-πηρος, ov, (ἀνά, πηρός) maimed, crippled, halt.

ἀνα-πίδω, f. ὦω, to make to spring up.

ἀνα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀνέπιπλησα:—to fill up, Lat. *explere*:—to fulfil, accomplish. II.

to fill up, *arpease*. III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

ἀνα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέπεσον: pf. ἀναπέπτωκα:—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose heart, Lat. *concedere animo*.

ἀνα-πίτνημι, poet. for ἀνα-πετάννυμι.

ἀνα-πλάσσω, Att. -πλάττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἀνέπλάσα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ἀνα-πλέκω, f. φέω, to braid up, entwine, wreath.

ἀνα-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀνέπλευσα: Ion. pres. ἀνα-πλώω:—to sail upwards, to sail up stream: also to put out to sea. II.

to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to swim back.

ἀνά-πλεως, ov, gen. ω: also fem. ἀναπλέα:—Ion. and Att. for ἀνάπλεος: (ἀνά, πλέως = πλέος):—filled up, quite full of a thing. II. defiled or infected with a thing.

ἀνα-πληρῶ, f. ὦω, to fill up, fill full. II. to fill up again:—Pass. to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

ἀναπλήρησι, ἀναπλήσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀναπίμπλημι.

ἀνάπλοος, contr. ἀνάπλους, ὁ, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

ἀν-ἀπλώ, f. ὦω, to unfold, open.

ἀνα-πλώω, Ion. for ἀνπλέω.

ἀνα-πνεύω, Ion. ἀμπνεύω, Ep. for ἀναπνέω.

ἀναπνεύσει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνάπνευσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again: respire, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breath.

ἀνάπνευστος, ov, poet. for ἀπνευστος, without drawing breath, breathless.

ἀνα-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀνέπνευσα:—to breathe again, have a respire, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms ἀμπνευ, ἀμπνυτο, ἀμπνύθη v. sub vocc.) II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. *respiro*.

III. to breathe forth, send forth.

ἀναπνοή, poet. ἀμπνοή, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) recovery of breath, rest. II. a drawing breath, Lat. *respiratio*.

ἀνάπνευ, poet. pres. imperat. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀν-ἀποδεδυκτος, ov, undemonstrated, indemonstrable.

ἀνα-ποδίξω: f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἀνεπόδισα: (ἀνά, πούς):—to make to step back, call back and question; ἀναποδίξεν ἑαυτὸν to correct oneself. II. intrans. to step back.

ἀν-ἀποιος, ov, (a privat., ἀποινα) without ransom or reward: neut. ἀναποιον, Adv. without recompense.

ἀνα-πολέω, poet. ἀμπολέω, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again, to repeat, reconsider.

ἀν-απολόγητος, ον, (α privat., ἀπολογέομαι) *indefensible, inexcusable.* 2. act. *unable to defend oneself, without excuse.*

ἀναπομπή, ἡ, (ἀναπέμπω) *a sending up; θησαυρῶν ἀν. a digging up of treasures.*

ἀναπομπός, ὁ, (ἀναπέμπω) *one that sends up or back.*

ἀν-απόντιος, ον, (α privat., ἀπονίω) *unwashed.*

ἀνα-ποτάομαι, Dep. = ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πράσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. -πράξω, *to exact, levy; ἀν. ὑπόχρεϊν to exact the fulfilment of a promise.*

ἀνα-πρήσω, f. σω, properly *to set on fire, light up; δάκρυ' ἀναπρήσας letting tears burst forth.*

ἀνα-πτερόω, f. ὄσω: aor. I ἀν-επτέρωσα: pf. -επτέρωσα:—*to furnish with wings or to raise the wings for flight: generally, to raise, set up.* 2. of the mind, *to set on the wing, excite vehemently:—Pass. to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement.*

II. *to furnish with new wings:—Pass. to get new wings.*

ἀναπτῆναι, ἀναπτάσθαι, ἀναπτέσθαι, inf. of ἀνεπτῆν, ἀνεπτῆμην, ἀνεπτόμεν, aor. 2 of ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πτύσσω, fut. ὑξω:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεπτύχθην, aor. 2 ἀνεπτύγην [ῥ]: (v. πτύσσω):—*to unfold, undo, esp. of rolls of books; and so, like Lat. evolve, to unroll for reading: hence to unfold, bring to light, Lat. explicare.*

II. as military term, τὴν φάλαγγα ἀναπτύσσειν *to fold back the phalanx, i. e. deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into rear; but, τὸ κέρας ἀναπτύσσειν to open out the wing, i. e. extend the front, Lat. explicare.* Hence ἀναπτύχῃ, ἡ, *an opening, unfolding: an expanse.*

ἀνα-πτύω, f. ὄσω [ῥ], *to spit up or out: absol. to sputter.*

ἀν-άπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνήψα:—*to bang up to, fasten on or to a thing; ἀγάλματα ἀνάπτειν, = ἀνατιθέναι, to bang up votive gifts; μῶμον ἀνάπτειν to fasten disgrace upon one:—Med. to fasten for oneself; ἀνάπτεισθαι ναῦν to fasten a ship to oneself and tow it away:—Pass. to be fastened or fasten oneself on, cling to.* II. *to light up, light, kindle: metaph. to inflame.*

ἀνα-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πένσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπύθουμην: Dep.:—*to search out, inquire into: also to learn by inquiry.* Hence

ἀνάπυστος, ον, *searched out, ascertained, notorious.* ἀνάπυτις, shortened ἀμπυτις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ἀναπίνω) *a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide, returning of the waters.*

ἀναρ-, in compds. of ἀνά with words beginning with β. the β is usually doubled, as in ἀναρ-παίξω, etc., though in poets and Ion. Greek it is sometimes single.

ἀναραιρηκός, Ion. for ἀνηρηκός, pf. part. of ἀναίρειν.

ἀν-ἀργύρος, ον, (α privat., ἀργυρος) *without silver: without money.*

ἀν-αρθρος, ον, (α privat., ἄρθρον) *without joints: disjunct, nerveless.* 2. of sounds, *articulate.*

ἀν-ἀριθμέω, f. ἡσομαι, *to count up, enumerate.*

ἀν-ἀριθμητος, ον, (α privat., ἀριθμητος) = sq.

ἀν-ἀριθμος, ον, (α privat., ἀριθμός) *without number,*

countless: without bounds in a thing: c. gen. taking no account of a thing.

ἀν-αρκτος, ον, (α privat., ἄρχω) *not governed or subject: not submitting to be governed.*

ἀναρμοστία, ἡ, *unsuitableness: discord.* From ἀν-ἀρμωστος, ον, (α privat., ἀρμύζω) *unfit, incongruous: of sound, inharmonious: of persons, absurd.* 2. *unfitted, unprepared.*

ἀναρπαγή, ἡ, *recapture.* From ἀν-αρπάξω: fut. ἄξω, Att. ἄσω or ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνήρπασα:—*to tear up, snatch up.* II. *to hurry along, to carry off, to drag by force, esp. before a magistrate, Lat. rapere in jus.*

III. *to take by storm, and so to plunder, generally, to treat with violence.* Hence

ἀναρπαστός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, *torn away, carried off, esp. into Persia, treated with violence.*

ἀναρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, (ἀνά, ῥέω) *to flow back or to the source.*

ἀναρ-ρήννυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I ἀνέρρηξα:—*to break up, break through or open.* II. *to make break forth; ἀναρρηξαι ἔπην, like Lat. rumpere voces:—Pass. to burst forth.*

III. intr., like Pass. *to burst forth.*

ἀναρ-ρηθῆναι, aor. I pass. of aor. 2 act. ἀνεπίειν.

ἀναρρηξῆσαι, aor. I part. of ἀναρρηννυμι.

ἀναρ-ρίπτω or -έω: f. -ρίψω: aor. I ἀνέριψα:—*to throw up; ἀναρριπτῆν ἄλα πηδῶ to throw up the sea with the oar.* II. ἀναρριπτῆν κίνδυνον *to run the hazard of a thing, run a risk: also without κίνδυνον, εἰς ἅπαν τὸ ὑπάρχον ἀναρριπτῆν to throw for one's all, stake one's all.*

ἀν-αρρήχίζομαι, impf. ἀνερριχώμην: fut. ἀναρρήχισσομαι: aor. I ἀνερριχισάμην: Dep.:—*to clamber up with the hands and feet, to scramble up.*

ἀνάρροια, ἡ, (ἀναρρέω) *a flowing back, reflux, ebb.*

ἀναρ-ροιβδέω, *to swallow back, gulp down again.* ἀναρ-ρύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνά, ῥύω=ἔρῳ) *a snatching away, rescuing.* 2. *the second day of the festival Ἀπαρούα.*

ἀναρ-ρώννυμι and -ύω, fut. -ρώσω: aor. I ἀνέρρωσα:—*to strengthen again:—Pass. to regain strength or spirit.*

ἀν-ἀρσιος, ον, also α, ον, (α privat., ἀρσιος) *not fitting together: hence hostile, unpropitious, implacable: of things, untoward, strange, monstrous.*

ἀν-αρτάω, f. ἦσω: aor. ἀνήρτησα:—*to hang up or upon, to attach to, make dependent upon.*—Med. with pf. pass. ἀνήρτημαι, *to attach to oneself: also to subdue:—Pass. also with pf. ἀνήρτημαι, to be dependent upon; ὅπως πάντα εἰς ἑαυτὸν ἀνήρτηται who has everything dependent on himself; but ἀνήρτηται, c. inf. to be prepared to do.*

ἀν-ἀρτιος, ον, (α privat., ἀρτιος) *uneven, odd; cf. ἀρτιος.*

ἀν-αρχαίξω, f. σω, *to make old again.*

ἀναρχία, ἡ, *the state of a people without government, anarchy.* From

ἀν-αρχος, ον, (a privat., ἀρχή) without head or chief. 2. without beginning.

ἀνα-σειράζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, σειρά) to pull back with a rein, draw aside.

ἀνα-σειώ, poet. ἀνασειέω, f. σείσω, to shake up or back: to swing to and fro, move up and down.

ἀνασευρμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἀνασύρω.

ἀνα-σεύω, to move upwards:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνεσσύμην, 3 sing. ἀνέσσυτο, to spring up or forth.

ἀνα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig up.

ἀνα-σκέπτομαι, see ἀνα-σκοπέω.

ἀνα-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. ἀνεσκεύακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσκευάσθην: pf. ἀνεσκευάσμαι:—opp. to κατασκευάζω, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκευή), Lat. vasa colligere: hence of an army, in Med., to break up their quarters, march away. 2. to dismantle a place: Med. to dismantle one's house. 3. to waste, ravage. 4. in Pass. to be bankrupt; ἀνεσκευάμεθα we are undone.

ἀν-άσκητος, ον, (a privat., ἀσκέω) unpractised, unexercised.

ἀνα-σκολοπιζώ, f. ἴσω, to fix on a pole or stake, impale:—fut. med. inf. ἀνασκολοπιεῖσθαι occurs in pass. sense.

ἀνα-σκοπέω, fut. -σκέφομαι: aor. ἀνεσκεψάμην:—to look at, view attentively, inquire into.

ἀνα-σπαράσσω, f. ξω, to tear up.

ἀνάσπαστος, ος, dragged up, esp. from one's country up into central Asia. 2. of a door, drawn back, i. e. opened. From

ἀνα-σπῶ, poet. ἀνσπῶ: f. -σπᾶσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέσπᾶσα:—to draw or pull up: to draw a ship up. 2. to draw or suck up: to draw back. II. τὰς ὀφρύς ἀνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows, and so put on an important air; λόγους ἀνασπᾶν to utter boastful words.

ἀνασσα, ἡ, fem. of ἀναξ, a queen, lady, mistress.

ἀν-άσσητος, Dor. for ἀν-ήσσητος.

ἀνασειάσκε or -εσκε, Ion. for ἀνέσειε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνασειώ.

ἀνάσω, impf. ἤνασον, Ep. ἀνασον: fut. ἀνάξω: aor. I ἤναξα, Ep. ἀναξα: (ἀναξ):—to be lord or master, to rule, reign over:—Med., τρις ἀνάξασθαι γένεα ἀνδρῶν to have reigned for three generations:—Pass. to be ruled.

ἀν-άσσω, Att. for ἀναίσσω.

ἀνάστα, for ἀνάστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστᾶδόν, Adv. (ἀνίστημι) upright.

ἀναστῆς, ἀναστηναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνάστησις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ: I. causal (ἀνίστημι) a making to stand up, awakening. 2. a making to rise and leave their place, removal: usu. in bad sense, laying waste, destruction. 3. a rebuilding. II. pass. (ἀνίσταμαι) a standing or rising up, esp. in token of respect: ἀνάστασις ἐξ ὕπνου an awakening: the Resurrection.

ἀναστᾶτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀνίστημι) a destroyer.

ἀναστάτης, ον, ὁ, = ἀναστατήρ.

ἀνάστατος, ον, (ἀνίσταμαι) made to rise up and depart, driven from one's house and home: hence laid waste, ravaged. Hence

ἀναστατώω, f. ὄσω, to ruin, put in confusion.

ἀνα-σταυρόω, f. ὄσω, to impale or crucify, like ἀνασκολοπιζώ. II. to crucify afresh.

ἀνα-στέλλω, f. -στέλλω (for the tenses, v. στέλλω):—to send up, raise:—Med. to gird up one's clothes. 2. to keep back, check:—Pass. to go back, retire. 3. seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to withdraw.

ἀνα-στενάζω, f. ἄξω, = ἀναστενάω.

ἀνα-στενᾶχίζω, = ἀναστενάω.

ἀνα-στενάχω, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud. [ἄχ]

ἀνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud.

ἀνα-στέφω, f. ψω, to crown, wreath:—Pass., pf. ἀνέστεμμαί κἀρα I have my head wreathed.

ἀνα-στρῆζω, f. ξω, to fix on a firm base.

ἀναστησέω, Desiderative from ἀναστήσω (fut. of ἀνίστημι), I desire to set up.

ἀναστήσομαι, -στήσω, fut. med. and act. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστολή, ἡ, (ἀναστέλλω) a putting back.

ἀνα-στομῶ, f. ὄσω, to furnish with a mouth; ἀναστομοῦν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

ἀνα-στρέφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀνέστραμαι:—to turn upside down, to turn up by digging. II. to turn back, around or about; ἀναστρέφειν πάλιν to repeat: to rally. 2. intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to turn back, return.

III. Pass. with fut. med. -στρέφομαι, to turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like Lat. versari; γαίαν ἀναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a land. 2. to be bustled in a thing. 3. to revolve. 4. of soldiers, to rally. Hence

ἀναστροφή, ἡ, a turning back or about, a return: a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2. a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place: hence the place where one tarrys, an abode.

ἀνα-στρωφῶω, poet. for ἀνα-στρέφω, to turn every way.

ἀνα-σύρω [ῶ], f. -σύρῶ: aor. I ἀνέσυρα:—to draw or pull up: in Med. to pull up one's clothes.

ἀνα-σφάλλω, f. -σφᾶλλω: aor. I ἀνέσφηλα:—to recover from a fall, recover.

ἀνασχεθεύω, contr. ἀνασχεθεῖν, inf. of ἀνέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχεθῆναι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχετός, poet. ἀσχετός, ἴν, (ἀνέχομαι) to be undergone or suffered, tolerable.

ἀνασχιζῶ, ἀνασχών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνα-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to split up, rip up.

ἀνα-σώζω, f. -σώσω: aor. I ἀνέσωσα:—to recover what is lost:—Med. to regain for oneself. 2. to bring back, restore:—Pass. to return safe. 3. to keep in mind.

ἀνα-τάράσσω, Att. -τρω: fut. -ταράξω: to stir up and trouble: hence to excite, rouse to phrensy: pf. pass. part. ἀνατεταραγμένος, in confusion.

ἀνα-τάσσω, Att. -τιω: f. -τάξω: to set in order again:—Med. to go regularly through again.

ἀνατέραμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνατρέπω.

ἀνάτελ or ἀνατέ, Adv. of ἀνάτος, with impunity.

ἀνα-τείνω, poet. ἀντίεινω: f. -τείνω: aor. I ἀνέτεινα:—to stretch up or forth; χεῖρα ἀνατείνω to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαιραν ἀνατεταμένους having his sword stretched forth. II. intrans. to reach up. III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle.

ἀνα-τειχίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

ἀνατελισμός, ὁ, building of new walls.

ἀνα-τέλλω, poet. ἀντέλλω: f. -τελῶ: aor. I ἀνέτελα:—to make or let rise up, Lat. submitto: hence to bring forth, bring to light. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτῶν), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλόξ ἀνατελλομένη a flame blazing forth: to grow.

ἀνα-τέμνω, f. τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

ἀνάτι, Adv. = ἀνατέ.

ἀνα-τίθημι, f. ἀναθήσω: (for the tenses, v. τίθημι):—to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute or ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. II. to set up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was ἀνάθημα. III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from; προσθεῖσα κἀναθεῖσα τοῦ γε καθα-νεῖν adding to or taking away from the necessity of death. IV. Med. to take upon oneself, undergo. 2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to retract one's opinion.

ἀνα-τίμω, f. ἴσω, to raise in price.

ἀνα-τίνασσω, f. ξω, to sway to and fro, brandish.

ἀνατλάς, part. of sq.

ἀνα-τλήναι, inf. of aor. 2 ἀνέτηλν, with no pres.

ἀνά-τλημι in use (ἀνατολιμῶν being used instead): fut. -τλήσομαι:—to bear, suffer, sustain.

ἀνατολή, poet. ἀντολή, ἡ, (ἀνατέλλω) a rising, esp. of the sun and moon: the East.

ἀνα-τολμᾶω, f. ἴσω, to regain courage.

ἀν-ἄτος, ov, (a privat., ἄτη) without harm, unbruised. II. act. not harming, harmless.

ἀνα-τρέπω, poet. ἀντρέπω: f. -τρέψω: aor. I ἀνέτρεψα:—to turn up or over, upset. 2. to overturn, Lat. evertere. 3. Pass. with fut. med. -τρέψομαι, to be cast down, disheartened.

ἀνα-τρέφω, fut. -θρέψω: aor. I ἀνέθρεψα:—to bring up, nourish, educate.

ἀνα-τρέχω, fut. ἀναθρέξομαι and ἀναδραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέδραμον:—to run back. 2. to start up. 3. to go straight up; ἀναδεδρομε πέτρα (pf. with pres. sense) the rock runs sheer up. 4.

to run up, shoot up, of plants: thence of cities.

ἀνά-τρισις, eos, ἡ, (ἀνά, τετραίνω) a boring through.

ἀνα-τριβῶ, f. ψω, to rub well, rub clean. II. to rub in pieces: Pass. to be worn away. [f]

ἀνατροπή, ἡ, (ἀνατρέπω) an overturning, upset.

ἀνα-τυρβάω, f. ἴσω, to stir up and confound.

ἀν-αύητος, ov, (a privat., αὐγή) rayless.

ἀν-αύητος, Dor. -ἄτος, ov, (a privat., αὐδάω) unutterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

ἀν-αυδός, ov, (a privat., ἀδῆ) speechless, voiceless: preventing speech. II. unutterable.

ἀν-αυλός, ov, (a privat., αὐλός) without the music of the flute: hence joyless, sad.

*ἀ-ναυς, gen. ἀναός, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ναῦς) without ships; ναές ἀναες ships that are ships no more, Lat. naves nenaves.

ἀνα-φαίω, poet. ἀμφαίω, f. -φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἀνέφηνα, or -έφᾶνα:—to make shine: to bring to light, be shown forth: to proclaim. II. Pass. with fut. med.

ἀναφανήσομαι, pf. act. ἀναπέφηνα, to be shown forth, appear plainly: also to reappear: to be seen or shown to be, hence to be accounted.

ἀναφάνης, aor. I part. of ἀναφαίω, having made to appear, having come in sight of. [φᾶ]

ἀναφανδᾶ, Adv. (ἀναφαίω) visibly, openly.

ἀναφανδόν, Adv. = foreground.

ἀναφάνεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἀναφαίω.

ἀνα-φέρω, poet. ἀμφέρω: f. ἀνοίσω: aor. I ἀνήνεγα, Ion. ἀνήνεκα, also ἀνώσα:—to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia:—Pass. to rise up:—Med. to carry up for oneself or what is one's own: ἀνανείκασθαι, absol. to heave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up, praise. 3. to uphold, take upon one. II. intr.

to rise, as the stars. III. to bring or carry back: 1. to bring back tidings. 2. to bring back from exile. 3. to throw back upon another, refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, consult him. 4. to bring back to oneself, restore: intrans. and in Pass. to refresh oneself, recover.

ἀνα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee back, escape.

ἀναφήναι, aor. I inf. of ἀναφαίω.

ἀν-ἄφη, és, (a privat., ἀφή) untouched, not to be touched.

ἀνα-φθέγγομαι, Dep. to call out aloud.

ἀνα-φθείρομαι; Pass. to be undone, perish utterly.

ἀνα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up, rekindle: hence to inflame.

ἀνα-φλογίζω, f. σω, = ἀναφλέγω.

ἀνα-φλύω, to bubble up like boiling water.

ἀνα-φοβέω, f. ἴσω, to frighten away.

ἀναφορά, ás, ἡ, (ἀναφέρω) a carrying up, raising. 2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying back: 1. a referring, a reference. 2. a giving way, respite, remission. 3. intr. a going back: a means of recovery.

ἀνα-φορέω, = ἀναφέρω.

ἀνάφορον, τό, (ἀναφέρω) anything to carry with; a yoke or beam for carrying.

ἀνα-φράζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to observe again, recognise.

ἀν-αφρόδιτος, ov, (a privat., Ἄφροδιτη) without the favour of Venus: without beauty.

ἀναφρονέω, f. ἦσω, to come back to one's senses, come to oneself.

ἀναφυγή, ἡ, (ἀναφεύγω) a fleeing back, escape, release from. II. a retreat.

ἀναφύρω [ῶ], pf. pass. —πέφυρμαι, to mix up, confound, defile.

ἀναφυσάω, f. ἦσω, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. to be puffed up or arrogant.

ἀναφυσάω, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.

ἀναφύω, f. ἴσω, to make to grow up, to produce. Med. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέφυν, pf. ἀναπέφυκα, to grow up: to grow again.

ἀναφώνω, f. ἦσω, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence ἀναφώνημα, ατος, τό, a proclamation.

ἀναχάζω, f. ἴσω, to make give way, drive back:—mostly used as Dep. ἀναχάζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀνεχασάμην, to draw back, retire.

ἀναχαίνω, aor. 2 ἀνέχων, pf. ἀνακέχηνα:—to open the mouth wide, gape wide.

ἀναχαίρω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, χαίρη) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up:—c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider; hence to overthrow, upset.

ἀναχάσκω, = ἀναχαίνω.

ἀναχέω, f. χεῶ, to pour over.

ἀναχνοίνομαι, (ἀνά, χνός) Pass. to get the first down on the chin.

ἀναχορεύω, f. ωω, to begin a choral dance:—intr. to dance on high.

ἀνάχυσσι, εως, ἡ, (ἀναχέω) a pouring over, spending: excess.

ἀναχώννυμι, f. χώσω, to bear up.

ἀναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go back, retire, retreat, withdraw. II. to come back, revert to the right owner. Hence

ἀναχώρησις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, a going back, retiring, retreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. recessus.

ἀναχωρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to make to go back or retire.

ἀναψηφίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: (ἀνά, ψηφος) to put to the vote again. Hence

ἀναψηφισις, εως, ἡ, a putting to the vote again.

ἀναψυξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναψύχω) a cooling, refreshing. ἀναψύχη, ἡ, a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery from a thing: rest. From

ἀναψύχω, fut. ψύξω:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεψύχην: aor. 2 ἀνεψύχην [ῶ]: (ἀνά, ψύχος):—to revive by fresh air, to cool, refresh: generally, to cheer: ναῦς ἀναψύχειν to overhaul the ships, make them sound again:—Med. to breathe fresh air again, revive. [ῶ]

ἀν-δαῖω, poet. for ἀνα-δαῖω.

ἀνδάνω: impf. ἦνδανον, Ep. ἐήνδανον, Ion. ἐάνδανον: fut. ἀδήσω: aor. 2 ἔαδον, Ep. εὔαδον and ἄδον [ᾶ]: pf. ἄδηκα, also ἔαδα, Dor. ἔαδα: (the Root is 'AD-, which appears in aor. 2 and fut.):—to please, delight, like ἦδομαι: in Homer and Herodotus always c. dat. pers. ἀνδάνει μοι: impers., ἀνδάνει μοι ποιεῖν, like Lat. placet.

ἀν-δεμα, poet. for ἀνά-δεμα.

ἀνδρον, τό, mostly in plur. ἀνδρα, quasi ἀνθηρα, τά, a raised border, flower-bed: any earth dug or trown up.

ἀνδραμέμενος, poet. part. aor. I of ἀναδέω.

ἀν-δίχα, Adv. (ἀνά, δίχα) asunder, in twain.

ἀνδρ-αγαθός, f. ἦσω, (ἀνῆρ, ἀγαθός) to be or behave like a brave man. Hence

ἀνδρᾶγαθία, ἡ, the character of a brave good man, bravery, manly virtue. Hence

ἀνδρᾶγαθίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰῶμαι: Dep.:—to act bravely, honestly, play the honest man.

ἀνδρ-ἄγρια, ων, τά, (ἀνῆρ, ἄγρια) the spoils of a slain enemy.

ἀνδραϊκάς, Adv. (ἀνῆρ) man by man, like κατ' ἀνδρας, Lat. viriliti: generally, separately, apart.

ἀνδραπόδεσσι, heterocl. dat. of ἀνδραπόδων, for ἀνδραπόδους, as if from ἀνδράπους.

ἀνδραποδίζομαι, Dep. = ἀνδραποδίζω.

ἀνδραποδίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἠνδραπόδισα:—Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδισθήσομαι, but also med. ἀνδραποδισομαι: aor. I ἠνδραποδισθην: pf. ἠνδραπόδισμαι: (ἀνδράποδον):—to reduce to slavery, esp. to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than δουλόω), Lat. vendere sub corona:—Pass. to be sold into slavery.

ἀνδραπόδισσις, εως, ἡ, and ἀνδραποδισμός, ὁ, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery, enslaving: kidnapping.

ἀνδραποδιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a slave-dealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them.

ἀνδράποδον, a slave, esp. one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat. ἀνδραπόδεσσι as if from ἀνδράπους. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀνδραποδ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνδράποδον, εἶδος) slavish, servile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ἐλεύθερος.

ἀνδράριον, τό, Dim. of ἀνῆρ, a manikin. [ᾶρ]

ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνῆρ.

ἀνδρ-αχθής, ἐς, (ἀνῆρ, ἀχθος) loading a man, as much as a man can carry.

ἀνδρεία, Ion. -ρήτη, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo.

ἀνδρ-εἰκελον, τό, (ἀνῆρ, εἰκελος) an image of a man, a statue. II. a flesh-coloured paint.

ἀνδρεῖος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνδρηϊός, η, ον, (ἀνῆρ) of or belonging to a man, manly, masculine: neut. τὸ ἀνδρεῖον, manliness. II. τὰ ἀνδρεία, the public meals of the Cretans, also the older name for the Spartan φειδίτια. Hence

ἀνδρεϊότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρ-εἰκόντης, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, *φένω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρεῖων, ἄνωσ, ὁ, poet. for ἀνδρέων: see ἀνδρῶν.

ἀνδρεσσι, Ep. for ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνῆρ.

ἀνδρεύμενος, Ion. for ἀνδρούμενος, pres. pass. part. of ἀνδρῶω.

ἀνδρεύομαι, Dep. = ἀνδρίζομαι.

ἀνδρέων, ἄνωσ, ὁ, Ion. for ἀνδρῶν.

ἀνδρητή, Ion. for ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρηϊός, η, ον, Ion. for ἀνδρείος.

ἀνδρηλατέω, f. ἦσω, to banish from home. From ἀνδρ-ηλατίς, ου, ὁ, (ἀνήρ, ἐλαύνω) be that drives one from his home, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [ᾗ]

ἀνδρία, late form of ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδριαντοποιεῖα, (ἀνδριαντοποιός) to be a statuary. Hence

ἀνδριαντοποιεῖα, ἡ, statuary, sculpture.

ἀνδριαντο-ποιός, ου, ὁ, (ἀνδριάς, ποιέω) a statue-maker, statuary, sculptor.

ἀνδριάς, ἄντρος, ὁ, (ἀνήρ) the image of a man, a statue.

ἀνδρίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνήρ) to make a man of:—Pass. to become a man, to think and act like a man.

ἀνδρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνήρ) of or for a man, masculine, manly: also of things, strong, stout:—Adv. ἀνδρικάς, like a man; Sup. ἀνδρικάτα. II. composed of men.

ἀνδρίον, τό, Dim. of ἀνήρ, a manikin.

ἀνδριστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνδρίζω, one must play the man.

ἀνδριστί, Adv. after the manner of men.

ἀνδρο-βρώς, ἄντρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, βιβρώσκω) man-eating, cannibal.

ἀνδρο-γόνος, ου, (ἀνήρ, γενέσθαι) begetting men.

ἀνδρό-γυνος, ου, (ἀνήρ, γυνή) a man-woman, hermaphrodite:—a weak effeminate person. II. as Adj., of baths, used both by men and women.

ἀνδρο-δαίκτης, ου, (ἀνήρ, δαί(ω)) man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρο-δάμας, ἄντρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, δαμάω) man-taming: man-slaying. [ᾗ]

ἀνδρο-δόκος, ου, (ἀνήρ, δέχομαι) receiving men.

ἀνδρο-θεά, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, θεά) the man-goddess, i. e. Minerva.

ἀνδρόθεν, Adv. (ἀνήρ) from a man, from men.

ἀνδρο-κμής, ἦτρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, κάμνω) man-wearying:—man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρό-κμητος, ου, (ἀνήρ, κάμνω) wrought by men's bands.

ἀνδρο-κτασία, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men.

ἀνδροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνδροκτείνω) to slay men. Hence

ἀνδροκτονία, ἡ, = ἀνδροκτασία.

ἀνδρο-κτόνος, ου, (ἀνήρ, κτείνω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρο-ολέτερος, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, ὀλέθω) a murderer.

ἀνδρο-μάχος, η, ου, (ἀνήρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. *Andromachē*. [ᾗ]

ἀνδρόμοος, α, ου, (ἀνήρ) of man or men, human.

ἀνδρο-μήκης, ες, (ἀνήρ, μήκος) of a man's height.

ἀνδρό-παις, ὁ, (ἀνήρ, παῖς) a youth near manhood.

ἀνδρο-πλήθεια, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, πλήθος) a multitude of men.

ἀνδρο-σίους, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀνήρ, σίνωμαι) hurtful to men.

ἀνδρο-σφιγξ, ὁ, (ἀνήρ, σφίγγω) a man-sphinx.

ἀνδρότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία, manhood.

ἀνδρο-τύχης, ἐς, (ἀνήρ, τύχειν) getting a man or husband, ἀνδρ. βίωτος wedded life.

ἀνδροφάγέω, f. ἦσω, to eat men. From

ἀνδρο-φάγος, ου, (ἀνήρ, φάγειν) eating men: οἱ Ἀνδροφάγοι, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus.

ἀνδρο-φθόρος, ου, (ἀνήρ, φθείρω) man-destroying. II. pass. ἀνδρόφθορος, ου: hence αἵμα ἀνδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

ἀνδρο-φόνος, ου, (ἀνήρ, *φένω) man-slaying: fem. ἡ ἀνδροφόνος, murderess of her husband.

ἀνδρο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, = ἀνδρει-φόντης, a man-slayer, homicide.

ἀνδρώ, f. ὦσω, (ἀνήρ) to rear up to manhood:—Pass. to become a man, reach manhood.

ἀνδρο-ῶδης, ες, (ἀνήρ, εἶδος) like a man, manly.

Adv. —δω: Sup. ἀνδρωδέστατα.

ἀνδρωθεῖς, αορ. I pass. part. of ἀνδρώ.

ἀνδρών, Ion. ἀνδρέων, ἄντρος, ὁ, (ἀνήρ) a man's apartment.

ἀνδρωνίτις, ιδος, ἡ, = ἀνδρών.

ἀν-δύεται, poet. for ἀναδύεται.

ἀνδωκε, poet. for ἀνέδωκε, aor. I of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀν-έβη, aor. 2 of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀν-έβησθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀνεβυσάμην, aor. I of ἀναβύσσομαι.

ἀν-έβραχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use, of armour, to clasp, ring loudly; of doors, to creak or grate loudly.

ἀνέβωσε, Ion. for ἀνεβόησε, aor. I of ἀναβοάω.

ἀν-έγγυος, ου, (α privat., ἐγγύη) not vouches for: unwedded.

ἀν-εγείρω, f. —εγερῶ: aor. I ἀνέγειρα;—to wake up, rouse, esp. from sleep; metaph. to rouse, encourage:—Pass. to be awaked, wake up. Hence

ἀνεγέρμων, ου, gen. ονος, waked up, wakeful.

ἀν-έγκλητος, ου, (α privat., ἐγκαλέω) not accused: without reproach.

ἀνεγναμψα, ἀνεγνάμψην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀναγνάμπτω.

ἀνεγνώκα, ἀνεγνων, pf. and aor. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω.

ἀνεδέμμεθα, I pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀναδέχομαι.

ἀνέδειξα, aor. I of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀν-έδη, Adv. (ἀνίημι) let loose, without restraint: carelessly. II. without more ado, simply.

ἀνέδρακεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναδέρκομαι.

ἀνέδραμον, irreg. aor. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνεδύσθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνεέργω, impf. ἀνέεργον, old Ep. form of ἀνέργω, ἀνείργω.

ἀνέζησα, aor. I of ἀναζάω.

ἀν-εθέλητος, ου, (α privat., ἐθέλω) unwisbed for: melancholy.

ἀν-έθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνίημι. 2. aor. 2 act. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνέην, opt. aor. 2 act. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ειλείθια, ἡ, (α privat., Εἰλείθια) without the aid of *Eileithyia*.

ἀν-εἰλώ, f. ἦσω, (v. εἰλω) to wind up or roll together:—Pass. to crowd or throng together.

ἀνείληφα, ἀνείλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνεῖλον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀναίρειν.

ἀνεμίενος, Adv. of ἀνεμῖενος, pf. pass. part. of ἀνίημι, *let loose, carelessly: without restraint.*

ἀν-εμι, (ἀνά, εἶμι *ibo*) *to go up: to sail out to sea: but also to go up inland.* II. *to approach, as a suppliant.*

III. *to go back, go home, return.*
 ἀν-εἰμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., εἶμα) *without clothing, unclad.*

ἀν-επιέν, (ἀνά, εἰπέν) aor. 2 with no pres. in use: aor. I pass. ἀνεπηρέην (as if from ἀναπ-ρέω): pf. ἀνεήρημαι (from ἀν-ερέω):—*to say aloud, proclaim, give notice.*

ἀν-εῖρω, *f. ξω*, *to keep back, ward off*, in poet. impf. ἀνέεργον.

ἀνεήρημαι, pf. pass., *v. ἀνεπιέν.*

ἀν-εῖρομαι, *Ep.* and *Ion.* ἀνέρομαι, (ἀνά, εἶρομαι, ἔρομαι):—*to inquire of, inquire about.*

ἀν-εῖρύω, *f. ύω* [ύ], poet. and *Ion.* for ἀν-ερύω, *to draw back.*

ἀν-εῖρω, (for the tenses, *v. εἶρω*) *to fasten on or to: to ureathe together.*

ἀνεῖς, part. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ἐκάθεν, (ἀνά, ἐκάς) Adv. of Place, *from above: cf. ἀγκαθεν.* II. of Time, *from the first.*

ἀν-εκάς, Adv. (ἀνά, ἐκάς) *upwards, on high, Lat. sursum.*

ἀν-ἐκβάτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐκβαίνω) *without outlet.*

ἀν-ἐκδιήγητος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐκδιηγέομαι) *indescribable, extraordinary.*

ἀν-ἐκδρομος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐκτραμῖν) *without escape, inevitable.*

ἀν-εκλάλητος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐκλαλέω) *unspeakable.*

ἀν-ἐλεηptos, *ov*, (a privat., ἐκλείπω) *unfailing.*

ἀνεκλήθη [η], aor. I pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνεκλίνα, aor. I act. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀν-εκπίπλημι, fut. -εκπλήσω, *to fill up or again.*

ἀν-ἐκπληκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐκπλήσσω) *undaunted: τὸ ἀνέπληκτον dauntlessness.*

ἀνέκρηγον, aor. 2 of ἀνακράζω.

ἀν-εκτέος, *ov*, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, *to be borne.*

ἀνεκτός, *όν*, later *ή, όν*, (ἀνέχομαι) *bearable, tolerable:—Adv. ἀνεκτῶς, so as to be borne.*

ἀν-ἐκφραστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐκφράζω) *unutterable, indescribable.*

ἀν-ελεγκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐλέγχω) *safe from being questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.*

ἀν-ελετήμων, *ovos*, *ό, ή*, (a privat., ἐλετήμων) *unmerciful.*

ἀνελεῖν, ἀνελεσθαί, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀναίρειν.

ἀν-έλεος, *ov*, (a privat., ἔλεος) *unmerciful.*

ἀνελευθερία, *ή*, (ἀνελευθερος) *illiberality.*

ἀνελευθεριότης, *ητος, ή*, = ἀνελευθερία. From ἀν-ελευθερος, *ov*, *illiberal, slavish*, Lat. *illiberalis*: in money matters, *niggardly.*

ἀνελήφθη, aor. I pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀν-ελίσσω, Att. -πτω, *f. ξω*, *to unroll, like Lat. evolvere*, of books in rolls, and so *read and explain.* 2. metaph. ἀνελίσσειν βίον *to pass one's life.*

ἀν-έλκω: *f. ἀνέλξω*, but in Att. ἀνεκλῖνω [ύ], with aor. I ἀνεκλῖνω, pf. pass. ἀνεκλῖνωμαι (as if from ἀν-ελκῶ):—*to draw up, to hold up: esp. to draw up a bow to its full stretch: ἀνεκλῖσαι ναῦς to haul up ships high and dry: to drag to light, to drag into open court:—Med. to draw to oneself; ἀνελεσθαί τρίχας *to tear one's own hair.* II. *to draw back.**

ἀν-ελπις, *ιδος, ό, ή*, (a privat., ἐλπίς) *without hope. ἀν-έλιπτος, ov*, (a privat., ἐλπίζω) *unbored for, unlooked for.* II. act. of persons, *having no hope, hopeless.* 2. of things, *leaving no hope, hopeless.*

III. Adv. -τως, *hopelessly; ἀνελπίστως ἔχων to be in despair.*

ἀν-ἐμβάτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐμβαίνω) *inaccessible.* II. act. *not going to or into.*

ἀν-εμέσσητος, *ov*, (a privat., νεμεσῶ) *free from blame, without offence.*

ἀν-έμητος, *ov*, (a privat., νέμω) *not distributed.* II. *having no share.*

ἀνεμαῖος, *a, ov*, (ἀνεμος) *full of wind, windy.*

ἀνεμίζομαι, (ἀνεμος) Pass. *to be driven with the wind.*

ἀνεμο-δρόμος, *ov*, (ἀνεμος, δραμῖν) *swift as the wind.*

ἀνεμνήσθη, aor. I pass. of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἀνεμόεις, *εσσα, εν*, (ἀνεμος) *windy, exposed to the wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy.* [α]

*ANEMOS, *ό, a wind, Lat. ventus; θύελλα ἀνέμοιο a whirlwind; ἀνεμος κατὰ βορέαν ἐστηκώς the wind being in the north.* Homer and Hesiod mention four winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as points of the compass. [α]

ἀνεμο-σκεπής, *ές*, (ἀνεμος, σκέπη) *sheltering from the wind.*

ἀνεμο-τρέφής, *ές*, (ἀνεμος, τρέφω) *fed by the wind, of a wave; ἔγχοσ ἀνεμοτρεφές a spear from a tree made tough by the wind.*

ἀνεμόω, *f. ύω*: pf. pass. ἠνέμομαι: (ἀνεμος):—*to expose to the wind:—Pass. of a wave, to be raised by the wind.*

ἀν-εμποδιστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐμποδίζω) *unhindered.*

ἀνεμ-ώης, *ες*, (ἀνεμος, ώίς) *swift as the wind.*

ἀνεμώλιος, *ov*, (ἀνεμος) *windy, i. e. vain, fruitless.*

ἀνεμώνη, *ή*, (ἀνεμος) *the wind-flower, anemone.*

ἀν-ενδεής, *ές*, *not in want.*

ἀν-ένδεκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐνδέχομαι) *inadmissible.*

ἀνενεκα, poet. for ἀνήνεκα, aor. I act. of ἀναφέρω:

ἀνενείκατο, aor. I med., ἀνενειχθείς aor. I pass. part.

ἀνενηνοθε, *σε ἐνήνοθε.*

ἀνέντες, aor. 2 part. pl. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-εξάλειptos, *ov*, (a privat., ἐξαλείφω) *inclib'le.*

ἀν-εξέλεγκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐξελέγχω) *not put to the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be refuted: irrefractable.*

ἀν-εξερεύνητος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐξερευνῶ) *not to be searched out, unsearchable.*

ἀν-εξέταστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐξετάζω) *not searched out, not inquired into.* II. βίος ἀνεξέταστος *a life without inquiry.*

ἀν-εξεύρετος, ον, (α privat., ἐξευρίσκω) *not to be found out.*

ἀνέξι-κακος, ον, (ἀνέχω, κακόν) *enduring evil: forbearing.*

ἀν-εξιχνιάστος, ον, (α privat., ἐξιχνιάζω) *not to be traced out.*

ἀν-έξοδος, ον, (α privat., ἐξόδός) *with no outlet, without return, Lat. irremediabilis.*

ἀνεοί or ἀνεοί, v. sub ἀνεως.

ἀνεόνται, see ἀνεώνται.

ἀν-έορτος, ον, (α privat., εορτή) *without festival; ἀνεορτος ἱερῶν without share in festal rites.*

ἀν-επαίσχυντος, ον, (α privat., ἐπαισχύνομαι) *baving no cause for shame.*

ἀν-έπαλτο, Ep. for ἀν-επάλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ἀναπάλλω with pass. sense, *be was thrown up, rushed up.*

ἀνεπάσσα, aor. I of ἀναπαύω.

ἀν-επαχθής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπαχθής) *not burdensome, without offence. Adv., ἀνεπαχθῶς φέρειν not to take ill.*

ἀνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἀναπίπτω.

ἀν-επιβούλευτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) *without plots: act. not plotting. 2. not plotted against.*

ἀν-επιδίκος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδίκος) *undisputed: of an heiress, about whose marriage there is no dispute.*

ἀν-επιδόκητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδόκει) *unexpected, unforeseen.*

ἀνεπεικεία, ἡ, *unfairness. From*

ἀν-επεικής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπεικής) *unreasonable, unfair: Adv. -κῶς.*

ἀν-επίκλητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπικαλέω) *unblamed. Adv. -τως, without censure.*

ἀν-επιλήπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) *not to be laid hold of or attacked: blameless. Adv. -τως. ἀν-επιξέστος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιξέω) not polished over, not finished off.*

ἀν-επίπληκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιπλήσσω) *not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible.*

ἀν-επίπρεκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιπρέζω) *not used for sacrifices.*

ἀν-επισκεπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπισκέπτομαι) *not examining, inattentive. II. pass. not considered.*

ἀνεπιστημοσύνη, ἡ, *ignorance, inexperience: want of skill or science. From*

ἀν-επιστήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., ἐπιστήμων) *unknowing, unskilful: unscientific: c. inf. not knowing how to do a thing. Adv. -μόνως.*

ἀν-επιτάκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτάσσω) *not commanded, subject to no one. Adv. -τως.*

ἀν-επιτήδεος, ον, Ion. ἀν-επιτήδεος, η, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτήδειος) *unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, hurtful. 2. of persons, ill-disposed, unfriendly.*

ἀν-επιτιμῆτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτιμάω) *not to be censured.*

ἀν-επιφθονος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιφθονος) *without envy or reproach: not invidious. Adv. -νως.*

ἀνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνεπτῆν, aor. 2 med. and act. of ἀνίπτωμαι; cf. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀν-εράομαι, aor. I ἀνηράσθη, Dep. (ἀνά, ἐράω) *to love again.*

ἀν-εράστος, ον, (α privat., ἐράω) *not worthy of love. II. act. not loving.*

ἀν-εργος, ον, (α privat., ἔργον) *not done; ἔργα ἀνεργα, Lat. facta infecta.*

ἀν-έργω, old form of ἀν-είργω.

ἀν-ερεθίζω, f. ἴσω, *to provoke again.*

*ἀν-ερείπομαι, (ἀνά, ἐρείπω) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. aor. I ἀνηρείψαντο: *to snatch up and carry off.*

ἀν-ερευνάω, f. ἦσω, *to search out.*

ἀν-ερευνήτος, ον, (α privat., ἐρευνάω) *not searched out: not to be searched out.*

ἀν-ερόμαι, Ep. ἀνείρομαι: aor. ἀνηρόμην: Dep.: (ἀνά, ἐρέομαι): *to question, ask.*

ἀν-έρπω, aor. I ἀνείρπυσα (as if from ἀνερπύζω): *to creep up.*

ἀν-έρρω: aor. I ἀνήρρησα: *to come or go away, with notion of bad luck: ἀνερρε, away with you, Lat. abi in malam rem.*

ἀν-ερευθιδάω, f. ἄσω [ā]: *to begin to blusb.*

ἀν-ερύω, Ion. ἀν-ερύω: f. ὕσω [ŷ]: *to draw up.*

ἀν-έρχομαι, fut. ἀνελεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνήλυθον or ἀνήλυθον: pf. ἀνελήλυθα: *to go up, of trees, to grow up: of the sun, to rise, of fire, to blaze up. II.*

to go or come back, return: recur to a thing. 2. εἰς τινα ἀνέρχεσθαι to be referred to or made dependent upon one.

ἀν-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, *to ask again or repeatedly.*

ἀνεσάμι, Ep. aor. I opt. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.

ἀνεσαντες, part. of ἀνεῖσα, aor. I of ἀνίω.

ἀνεσει, Ep. for ἀνήσει, 3 sing. fut. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνεσις, εως, Ion. ἰος, ἡ, (ἀνίημι) *a relaxing, as of the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: ἀνεσις κακῶν an abating of evils. 2. a letting loose, esp. of the passions, licence.*

ἀνεσσύτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ἀνασεύω.

ἀνέστην, aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-έστιος, ον, (α privat., ἐστία) *without heart or bome.*

ἀνέσχεθε, ἀνεσχέθομεν, poet. lengthd. for ἀνέσχε, ἀνέσχομεν, aor. 2 of ἀν-έχω.

ἀν-ετάζω, f. σω, *to search thoroughly.*

ἀνέταλε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνατέλλω.

ἀνέτην, aor. 2 of *ἀνάτημι.

ἀν-ετος, ον, (ἀνίημι) *relaxed, slack; properly of a bow. 2. set free from labour, ranging freely.*

ἀνετράφην [ā], aor. 2 pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνευ, Prep. with gen. *without; ἀνευ θεῶν, Lat. sine Diis, without divine aid; ἀνευ τοῦ κραίνοντος, Lat. injussu regis. 2. away from, far from. 3. in prose, except, besides.*

ἀν-ευάζω, *to honour with cries of evae!*

ἀνευθε, before a vowel ἀνευθεν, (ἀνευ) : I. Prep. with gen. *without*. 2. *apart from, far from*. II. Adv. *far away, distant : out of the way*.

ἀν-εὐθετός, ον, (a privat., εὐθετός) *not well placed, inconvenient*.

ἀν-εὐθύνοσ, ον, (a privat., εὐθύνη) *not having to render an account, irresponsible : hence guiltless*.

ἀν-ευκτός, ον, (a privat., εὐχομαι) *not wished for*. II. act. *not wishing or praying for*.

ἀνευρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνευρίσκω.

ἀνευρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνευρίσκω) *a finding out*.

ἀν-ευρετός, ον, (a privat., εὐρίσκω) *not found out, not to be found out*.

ἀν-ευρίσκω, f. ἀνευρήσω : aor. 2 ἀνεύρον : un-Att. aor. I med. ἀνευράμην : aor. I pass. ἀνευρέθην :—*to find out, discover* :—Pass. *to be found out or discovered to be*.

ἀν-ευφημῶ, f. ἤσω, *to cry out, εὐφημει, εὐφημεῖτε : to shout aloud with joy*.

ἀν-ευχομαι, Dep. *to recall a prayer*.

ἀ-νεφέλοσ, Ep. ἀννέφελοσ, ον, (a privat., νεφέλη) *cloudless : unweiled*.

ἀν-εγγύθοσ, ον, (a privat., ἐγγέγγυτοσ) *unwarranted*.

ἀν-έχησι, v. sub sq.

ἀν-έχω, impf. ἀνέχων : also ἀν-ίσχω, ἀνίσχων : f. ἀνέξω, also ἀνασχάσω : aor. 2 ἀνέσχον, poet. ἀνέσχεθον : pf. ἀνέσχηκα :—Pass., aor. I ἀνέσχεθην : pf. ἀνέσχημαι :—a 3 sing. pres. ind. ἀνέχησι also occurs, as if from ἀνέχημι : (ἀνά, ἔχω) :—*to hold up, lift up one's hands in prayer or in battle : to hold up and sbew to one ; ἀνέχειν φάτοσ, to hold up a light ; esp. in phrase ἀνεχε, παρέχε φάτοσ, or simply ἀνεχε, παρέχε, hold up and sbew the light to lead the nuptial procession, make ready, go on*. 2. *to exalt, extol*. 3.

of land, ἀνέχειν τὴν ἀκρην *to put forth a headland*. 4. *to uphold, support : to continue to do ; c. part., στέργασ ἀνέχει continues to love : of the nightingale, ἀνέχειν κισσόν to keep constant to the ivy*.

II. *to hold in, keep in ; Zeus ἀνέχων, opp. to ὕων, holding up, stopping the rain*. III. intrans. *to rise up, rise, esp. in form ἀνίσχω, of the sun : of events, to happen : c. gen. to rise from, recover from*. 2. *to come forth, project : esp. of a headland, to jut out into the sea*. 3. *to hold on, keep doing*.

B. Med. ἀν-έχομαι : f. ἀνέχομαι or ἀνασχόσομαι : Att. impf. and aor. 2 c. dupl. augm. ἠνεύχομην, ἠνεύχομαι :—*properly to hold oneself up, and so to hold up against a thing, endure, allow, bold out, last : so in part., ἀνεχόμενοι φέρουσι they hold with patience*. 2. ἀνέχεσθαι ξείνοισ *to allow the presence of guests, and so to receive them*. II. *to hold up what is one's own ; ἀνέχεσθαι χεῖρασ *to hold up one's hands to fight**. III. rarely, *to hold on by one another*.

ἀνεψία, ἡ, fem. of ἀνέψιοσ, *a female cousin*.

ἀνεψιαδοῦσ, οὔ, δ, *a first-cousin's son*. From

ἌΝΕΨΙΟΨ, δ, *a first cousin, a cousin*. Hence

ἀνεψιότησ, ητοσ, ἡ, *cousinship*.

ἀνέψυχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-ψύχω.

ἀνεψοσ or ἀνεψοσ, see ἀνεψοσ.

ἀνεψογα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγω, part. ἀνεψογῶσ, always intr.

ἀνεψογον, impf. of ἀνοίγω.

ἀνεψοξα, aor. I of ἀνοίγω.

ἀνεώνται (not ἀλέονται), for ἀνεῖνται, 3 pl. perf. pass. of ἀνίμη (as if from ἀν-έω), *they have been given up or devoted*.

ἀνεωσ, gen. ω, δ, ἡ, Att. form. of an obsol. Adj. ἀναωσ, ἀναωσ (a privat., ἀω to cry), *without a voice, mute : ἀνεωσ nom. plur.*

ἀνεψόθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνοίγω.

ἀνη, ἡ, (ἀνω) *fulfilment*.

ἀν-ηβῶω, f. ἤσω, *to grow young again, Lat. reperi-erascere*. Hence

ἀνηβητήριοσ, α, ον, *making young again*.

ἀν-ηβοσ, ον, (a privat., ἡβη) *not arrived at man's estate*.

ἀνήγαγοσ, aor. 2 of ἀνάγω.

ἀν-ηγεμόνευτοσ, ον, (a privat., ἡγεμονέω) *without a leader*.

ἀν-ηγεόμαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. *to tell as in a narrative, relate*.

ἀν-ἡδυντοσ, ον, (a privat., ἡδύνω) *not sweetened or seasoned*.

ἀνήη, Ep. for ἀνῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀνίμη.

ἀνήθιοσ, η, ον, (ἀνθηον) *made of dill*.

ἌΝΗΘΟΝ, τό, *dill, anise, Lat. anethum : also ἀν-ηθον ; Ion. ἀννησον or ἀνησον : poet. ἀννητον or ἀνητον*.

ἀνῆξω, aor. I of ἀναῖσω.

ἀνήηον, Ep. for ἀνῆον, impf. of ἀνειμι.

ἀνήηα, aor. I of ἀν-ἡμι.

ἀν-ἡκετοσ, ον, (a privat., ἀκέομαι) *not to be healed, incurable : ἀνῆκετοσ ποιέιν τινα to do one irremediable hurt : ἀνῆκετοσ πάσχειν to suffer the same*. II. act. *damaging beyond remedy, deadly* :—Adv., ἀν-ῆκετοσ διατιθέσθαι *to treat with shocking cruelty*.

ἀν-ἡκοσ, ον, (a privat., ἀκοή) *without bearing : never having heard a thing, ignorant of it*. 2. *not willing to bear, disobedient*.

ἀνηκουστέω, f. ἡσο, *to be unwilling to bear, to be disobedient*. From

ἀν-ἡκουστοσ, ον, (a privat., ἀκούω) *unheard of*. II. act. *unwilling to bear, disobedient*.

ἀν-ἡκο, f. ξω, (ἀνά, ἡκω) *to reach up to*. 2. *to have come up to a point, ἐσ τὰ μέγιστα ἀνῆκειν : to refer or pertain to a person or thing*.

ἀνηλάλαζον, ἀνηλάλαξα, impf. and aor. I of ἀναλαλάζω.

ἀνήλατοσ, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνάλλομαι.

ἀν-ἡλικοσ, ον, (a privat., ἡλιξ) *not yet arrived at man's estate*.

ἀν-ἡλιοσ, ον, (a privat., ἡλιοσ) *sunless, gloomy*.

ἀνήλιποσ, Dor. ἀνάλιποσ, ον, (a privat., ἡλιψ *a kind of shoe*) *unshod, barefoot*.

ἀνήλυσισ, εωσ, ἡ, (ἀνέρχομαι) *a going up*. 2. *a coming back*.

ἀνήλωσα, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἀν-ήμεκτος, ον, (a privat., ἀμέλγω) *unmilked*.
 ἀν-ήμερος, ον, (a privat., ἡμερος) *not tame, wild, savage*: of plants, *wild*.
 ἀνήνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναίνομαι, of which tense ἀνήνατο is 3 sing. ind., ἀνήνηται 3 sing. subj.
 ἀνημεία, ἡ, a *calm*. From
 ἀν-ήμενος, ον, (a privat., ἄνεμος) *without wind, calm*; ἀνήμενος χειμῶναν for ἀνευ ἀνεμου χειμῶναν, *without the blast of storms*.
 ἀνήνοθε, Ep. pf. 2 intr., with pres, signif.: Homer has it twice, αἶμα ἀνήνοθεν ἐξ ἀπειλῆς *blood gushed from forth the wound*; κνίσθη ἀνήνοθεν *steam mounted up*. (Formed as from a Verb *ἀνέθω.)
 ἀν-ήνυστος and ἀν-ήνυτος, ον, (a privat., ἀνώ) *not to be accomplished, endless, aimless*.
 ἀν-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, (a privat., ἀνήρ) *unmanly, dastardly, like ἀνανδρος*.
 ἀνήπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἀνάπτω.
 ἀν-ηπύω, f. σω, to cry aloud.
 ἌΝΗΡ, ὁ, gen. ἀνδρός, dat. ἀνδρί, acc. ἄνδρα, voc. ἄνερ: plur. ἄνδρες, -δρών, -δράσι, -δρας. Ep. also gen. ἀνέρος, etc., dat. pl. ἀνδρεσσι:—*a man*, as opp. to *woman*, Lat. *vir* (not *homo*). II. *a man*, as opp. to God, πατήρ ἀνδρῶν τε θεῶν τε. III. *a man*, as opp. to a youth. IV. *a man*, emphatically, *a man indeed*, opp. to ἀνθρωπος; πολλοὶ μὲν ἄνθρωποι, ὀλίγοι δὲ ἄνδρες. V. *a husband*; αἰγῶν ἀνήρ, Virgil's *vir gregis*.
 ἀνήρ, Att. crasis for ὁ ἀνὴρ.
 ἀνηρέθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναίρειω.
 ἀν-ήριθμος, ον, poet. for ἀν-ἀριθμος.
 ἀνηρόμην, aor. 2 of ἀνέρομαι.
 ἀν-ήροτος, ον, (a privat., ἀρώ) *unploughed*.
 ἀνήρτησα, ἀνήρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀν-ἀρτάω.
 ἄνησον or ἀνηντον, τό, Ion. for ἀνησον.
 ἀν-ήσητος, Att. ἀ-ήτητος, ον, (a privat., ἡσάω) *unconquered, unconquerable*.
 ἀνήτινος, η, ον, Dor. for ἀνήθινος.
 ἀνητον or ἀνηντον, τό, Dor. and Aeol. for ἀνηθον.
 ἀν-ήττητος, ον, Att. for ἀν-ήσητος.
 ἀν-ήφαιστος, ον, (a privat., Ἡφαιστος) *without real fire*; πῦρ ἀνήφαιστον, i. e. the fire of discord.
 ἀνήφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάπτω.
 ἀνήφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ἀνάπτω.
 ἀνήχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάγω.
 ἀνήψα, aor. I of ἀνάπτω.
 ἀνθ-αερέμαι, f. ἡσομαι: Dep.: (ἀντί, αἰρέω):—*to choose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose instead*. II. *to dispute, lay claim to*.
 ἀνθ-ἄλισκομαι, f. -αλώσομαι, Pass. *to be caught or killed in turn*.
 ἀνθῶμιλλάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. *to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another*. From
 ἀνθ-ἀμίλλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἄμιλλα) *rivalling*.
 ἀνθ-ἀπτομαι, Ion. ἀντ-ἀπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dep.:—*to lay bold of, meddle with, engage in*. 2. *to lay*

bold of, seize, attack. II. *to lay bold of in return*.
 ἀνθειον, τό, (ἄθος) *a blossom*.
 ἀνθ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντέγω, *one must bold to, cleave to*: so also plur. ἀνθεκτέα.
 ἀνθ-έλικω, f. ξω, to draw or pull against.
 ἀνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for ἀνάθεμα or ἀνάθημα.
 ἀνθέμιον, τό, = ἄθος: ἀνθέμιον ἐστιγμένον *tattooed with flowers*.
 ἀνθεμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἄθος.
 ἀνθεμόεις, εσσα, εν, also εις in fem., *flowery, flowered*: of works in metal, *embossed with flowers*. From
 ἀνθεμον, τό, (ἀνθέω) = ἄθος, *a flower*.
 ἀνθεμόρ-ρύτος, ον, (ἄνθεμον, βέω) *flowing from flowers*.
 ἀνθεμο-ουργός, ον, (ἄνθεμον, *ἔργω) *working in flowers*.
 ἀνθεμο-ώδης, ες, contr. for ἀνθεμο-ειδής, (ἄνθεμον, εἶδος) *flowery, blooming*.
 ἀνθέμομαι, fut. med. of ἀντέγω.
 ἀνθεο, Ep. for ἀνάθωον, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἀνατίθημι.
 ἀνθερέων, ἄνος, ὁ, (ἀνθέω) *the chin*, Lat. *mentum*.
 ἀνθερικῆ, ἡ, and ἀνθήρικος, ὁ, = ἀνθήριξ, *a stalk*.
 ἀνθήριξ, ἰκος, ὁ, (ἄθηρ) *the beard of an ear of corn, the ear*. 2. *a stalk*.
 ἀνθεσαν, Ep. for ἀνθέσασθαι, 3 plur. aor. 2 of ἀνατίθημι.
 ἀνθ-εστῖω, to feast in return.
 Ἄνθεσθήρια, ον, τὰ, *the Feast of Flowers*, the three days' festival of Bacchus at Athens, in the month Anthesterion.
 Ἄνθεσθηριῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, the month *Anthesterion*, eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.
 Ἄνθεσφόρια, ον, τὰ, *the Anthesphoria*, a festival in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off while gathering flowers. From
 ἀνθεσ-φόρος, ον, (ἄθος, φέρω) *bearing flowers*.
 ἀνθετο, Ep. for ἀνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀνατίθημι.
 ἀνθεω, f. ἡσω, to bloom, blossom: metaph. of the sea, ἀνθεῖν νεκροῖς *to be overspread with corpses*: of colours, to be bright: metaph. to bloom, flourish, ἀνθεῖν ἀνδράσι *to abound in men: to be at the height*, as a disease.
 ἀνθη, ἡ, = ἄθος, & blossom.
 ἀνθηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἀνθέω) *flowering, blooming*: hence *fresh, young*:—metaph. in full force, in perfection. 2. *bright-coloured*. 3. of style, *florid*.
 ἀνθ-ησοάομαι, pf. ἀνθήσσομαι: Pass.:—*to be beaten in turn, give way in turn*.
 ἀνθη-φόρος, ον, = ἀνθεσφόρος, *flower-bringing*.
 ἀνθίζω, f. ἰσώ, (ἄνθος) *to strew with flowers: to deck as with flowers*; and so, *to dye with colours*:—Pass. *to bloom: to be dyed*; part. pf. ἡνθισμένος, metaph. of one whose hair is sprinkled with white.
 ἀνθινος, η, ον, (ἄνθος) *of flowers, blooming, fresh*.
 ἀνθ-ιππάσομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep. *to ride against*. Hence ἀνθιππασία, ἡ, *a sham-fight of horse*.
 ἀνθ-ιππεύω, = ἀνθιππάσομαι.

ἀνθ-ίστημι, (ἀντί, ἴστημι). I. Causal in pres. and imperf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. I ἀνέστησα, to set against, esp. in battle: to set over against: to compare, Lat. *componere*. II. intrans. in Med. or Pass. ἀνθίσταμαι, also in pf. act. ἀνθέστηκα, aor. 2 ἀνθέστην, to stand against, withstand, oppose.

ἀνθοβολέω, f. ἴσω, to bestrew with flowers:—Pass. to have flowers showered upon one. From ἀνθό-βολος, ον, (ἄνθος, βάλλω) garlanded with flowers.

ἀνθο-διαίτος, ον, (ἄνθος, διαίτα) living on flowers. ἀνθο-δόκος, ον, (ἄνθος, δέχομαι) receiving flowers. ἀνθοκομέω, f. ἴσω, to produce flowers. From ἀνθο-κόμος, ον, (ἄνθος, κομέω) bearing flowers. ἀνθο-κρέκος, ον, (ἄνθος, κρέκω) woven or worked with flowers, partly-coloured.

ἀνθολογέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνθολόγος) to gather flowers. Hence

ἀνθολογία, ἡ, a flower-gathering: Ἀνθολογία were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor made up (as it were) into a nosegay.

ἀνθο-λόγος, ον, (ἄνθος, λέγω) gathering flowers. ἀνθ-ομολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, ὁμολογέομαι):—to make a mutual agreement or compact. 2. to confess or give thanks in turn.

ἀνθονομέω, to feed on flowers. From ἀνθο-νόμος, ον, (ἄνθος, νέμομαι) feeding on flowers. ἀνθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω, to arm against:—Pass. and Med. to be armed, arm oneself against.

ἀνθορε, poet. for ἀνθήρε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναθῶσκω. ἀνθ-ορμέω, f. ἴσω, to lie at anchor, be moored opposite one another.

*ΑΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, that which buds, a young bud or sprout; a flower; the bloom of a flower: also of things, the froth or scum on water: ἄνθος οἴνου, Lat. *flor vini*, the crust on old wines. II. metaph. the bloom or flower of a thing, ἡβης ἄνθος the bloom of youth: generally, grace, pride, honour: also the height of anything, bad as well as good. 2. brightness of colour, brilliancy, as of gold.

ἀνθ-οσμίας, ον, ὁ, (ἀντί, ὀσμή) redolent of flowers: generally, sweet-scented, as epithet of wine.

ἀνθοσύνη, ἡ, (ἄνθος) a flowering, bloom. ἀνθοφορέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνθοφόρος) to bear flowers. ἀνθοφορία, τά, = Ἀνθεσφορία. From ἀνθο-φόρος, ον, (ἄνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers, flowery: blooming.

ἀνθο-φύτης, ἐς, (ἄνθος, φυή) of the nature of flowers, bright-coloured.

ἀνθραῖκεύς, ἔως, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a charcoal-burner. Hence ἀνθραῖκεύω, f. σω, to be a charcoal-burner: to burn to a cinder.

ἀνθραῖκιά, ἄς, Ep. ἀνθρακίη, ἡς, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a heap of coal or charcoal, hot coals. 2. blackness as of coals. ἀνθραῖκόομαι, pf. ἡνθράκωμαι: Pass.: (ἀνθραξ):—to be burnt to cinders.

*ΑΝΘΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur. ἀνθρηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, a wasp or hornet.

*ΑΝΘΡΗΝΗ, ἡ, a wild bee: a bee or wasp. Hence ἀνθρήνιον, τό, the honeycomb of a wild bee: a wasp's nest.

ἀνθρωπ-ἄρεσκος, ον, ὁ, (ἄνθρωπος, ἀρέσκω) a man-pleaser.

ἀνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a manikin. ἀνθρωπέη, contr. ἀνθρωπή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a man's skin.

ἀνθρωπέως, α, ον, Ion. ἀνθρωπήτιος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of or belonging to man, besitting man's nature, human: Adv. -ως, by human means, in all human probability.

ἀνθρωπήτιος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀνθρώπιος.

ἀνθρωπήζω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωπος) to behave like a man: Pass. to become man.

ἀνθρωπήτικός, η, ὄν, of or for a man, human.

ἀνθρώπιτιος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of, from or belonging to man, human; πᾶν τὸ ἀνθρώπινον all mankind; τὰ ἀνθρώπινα the fortunes of man.—Adv., ἀνθρωπίτως ἀμαρτάνειν to commit human, i. e. venial, errors.

ἀνθρώπιον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a little man, manikin, Lat. *homuncio*.

ἀνθρωπο-δαίμων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄνθρωπος, δαίμων) a man-god, i. e. a deified man, hero.

ἀνθρωπο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, εἶδος) in the shape of a man.

ἀνθρωπο-κτόνος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, κτείνω) murdering men, homicidal. II. προπαροχ. ἀνθρωπο-κτονος, murdered by men; βορά ἀνθρ. a feeding on slaughtered men.

ἀνθρωποποιία, ἡ, a making of man. From ἀνθρωπο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἄνθρωπος, ποιέω) making man.

*ΑΝΘΡΩΠΟΣ, ὁ, man, Lat. *homo* (not *vir*): plur. οἱ ἄνθρωποι, men in general, mankind; so, μάλιστα or ἡκιστα ἀνθρώπων most or least of all men. Like ἀνήρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ἄνθρωπος ὀδίτης a wayfaring man. As opp. to ἀνήρ, it expresses contempt, as Lat. *homo* opp. to *vir*: used in addressing slaves, ὦ ἄνθρωπε. The fem. ἄνθρωπος, ἡ, (like *homo* fem. in Lat.) a woman.

ἄνθρωπος, Att. crasis for ὁ ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπο-φάγέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωπος, σφάττω) to slay or sacrifice men.

ἀνθρωποφάγος, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωποφάγος) to eat men or man's flesh. Hence

ἀνθρωποφαγία, ἡ, an eating of men.

ἀνθρωπο-φάγος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγειν) eating men, cannibal.

ἀνθρωπο-φυής, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, φυή) of man's nature. ἀν-θρῶσκω, poet. and Ion. for ἀνα-θρῶσκω.

ἀνθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to abuse one another, abuse in turn.

ἀνθ-υπάγω, to bring to trial or indict in turn.

ἀνθύπατεύω, f. σω, to be proconsul. And

ἀνθυπατικός, ἡ, ὄν, proconsular. From ἀνθ-υπάτος, ὁ, a proconsul, for ἀντί υπάτου, Lat. *pro consule*.

ἀνθ-ὑπέκω, f. ξω, (ἀντί, ὑπέκω) to yield in turn.

Hence

ἀνθυπέξεις, εως, ἡ, a mutual yielding.

ἀνθ-υποκρίνομαι, fut. -κρίνομαι : Dep. : (ἀντί, υποκρίνομαι) :—to dissemble or make pretences instead, or in answer. [ἴν]

ἀνθ-υπόμνυμι, f. -ομύσω, (ἀντί, ὑπόμνυμι) to make a counter-affidavit.

ἀνθ-υποπτεύω, (ἀντί, υποπτεύω) to suspect mutually.

ἀνθ-υπουργέω, (ἀντί, ὑπουργέω) to return a kindness. Hence

ἀνθυπουργημα, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return.

ἀνθ-υφαίρεω, (ἀντί, ὑφαίρεω) to take away in return.

ἀνθ-υφίσταμαι, fut. -υφίστησομαι : aor. 2 -υπέστην : (ἀντί, ὑφίστημι) :—to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another.

ἀνώπλισμαί, pf. pass. of ἀνωπλιζω.

ἌΝΙΑ, Ion. ἀνίη, ἡ, grief, sorrow, distress, trouble : Homer uses it act. of a person, δαιτὸς ἀνίη the annoyance of our feast. [ἀνίη in Hom., later ἀνία or sometimes ἀνία.] Hence

ἀνιάζω, aor. I ἠνιάσα, to grieve, distress. II. intr. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [ἴ]

ἀν-ιάομαι, fut. ἀσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to cure again, restore.

ἀνιάρως, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. and Ep. ἀνιρῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνία) grievous, distressing : irreg. Comp. ἀνιηρέστερος. II. grieved, distressed. Adv. -ρῶς. [In Homer ἀνιρῶς, later also ἀνι-.]

ἀν-ιάρως, ov, (a privat., ιάρωμαι) incurable : of men, incorrigible.

ἀνιάω, fut. ἄσω [ᾶ], Ion. ἡσω : aor. I ἠνιάσα, Dor. ἀνιάσα : pf. ἠνιάκα :—Pass. with fut. med. ἀνιάσομαι : aor. I ἠνιάσθην : pf. ἠνιάμα : (ἀνία) :—to grieve, distress :—Pass. to be grieved, etc. ; ἀνιάσθαι τοῦτο to be vexed at this :—Homer has Ion. aor. I pass. part. ἀνιηθείς, as Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. [ἴ in Homer always, later also ἴ.]

ἀνιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of a pres. *ἀν-είδω, to look up.

ἀν-ιδρύτος, ov, (a privat., ιδρύω) unsettled, restless : esp. having no fixed home, vagabond.

ἀν-ιδρωτί, Adv. of ἀνιδρωτος, without sweat : hence lazily, slowly.

ἀν-ιδρωτος, ov, (a privat., ιδρώω) not thrown into a sweat, not exerting oneself.

ἀνίεις, ἀνίει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιείς, 2 sing. pres. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεμαι, Pass. and Med. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιέναι, pres. inf. of ἀνίημι, to send up. 2. pres. inf. of ἀν-ειμι (εἶμι ἰδο) to go up.

ἀν-ιερως, ov, (a privat., ἱέρω) unbold, impious. [ἴ]

ἀνίεσκε, Ion. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ίζω, aor. I ἀνείσα, (ἀνά, ἴζω) to set up.

ἀνιηθείς, Ion. for ἀνιηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνιάω.

ἀν-ίημι, impf. ἀνίην ; also 2 sing. pres. ἀνιείς, 2 and 3 sing. impf. ἀνιείς, ει ; Ion. 3 sing. ἀνιέσκε (as if from ἀνιέω) : fut. ἀνήσω, also ἀνέσω : aor. I ἀνήκα, Ion. ἀνέκα, Ep. also ἀνεσα : aor. 2 not used in sing. ind.,

but in Ep. subj. ἀνήη for ἀνῆ, opt. ἀνείη, inf. ἀνείναι, part. ἀνέντες :—Pass. ἀνίεμαι : aor. I ἀνέθην : pf. ἀνείμαι : (ἀνά, ἴημι) :—to send up or forth, make spring up, produce, as the earth : esp. to send up from the nether world. II. to send back. III. to let go.

2. ἀνιέναι τῷ to let loose against one, set upon him, like Lat. immittere alicui : hence generally, to set on.

3. to let alone, let :—Med. ἀνίεμαι, to loosen, undo :—Pass. to be let go, go free ; part. pf. pass. ἀνιέμενος going free, left to one's will and pleasure ; ἀνιέμενος εἰς τι wholly engaged in a thing : hence IV. like Lat. remittere, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring : hence to neglect, give over, remit :—Pass. to be slack or unstrung. V. intrans. in Act. to relax, be remiss, Lat. remisse agere.

ἀνιρῶς, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἀνιάρως.

ἀνίκα, Dor. for ἠνίκα. [ἴ]

ἀν-ικάνος, ov, (a privat., ἱκανός) insufficient.

ἀν-ικέτενος, ov, (a privat., ἱκετεῖν) not entreated : act. not entreating.

ἀ-νίκητος, ov, (a privat., νικάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ἀν-ίλεως, ov, gen. ω, Att. for ἀν-ίλαος, (a privat., ἴλεως) unmerciful. [ἴ]

ἀν-ιμάω, f. ἡσομαι : (ἀνά, ἰμάς) :—to draw up water by leather straps : generally to draw or haul up :—Pass. to get up, mount up ; so also intr. (sub. ἐαυτῶν), to mount up.

ἀνίως, ov, (ἀνία) = ἀνιάρως.

ἀν-ιουλος, ov, (a privat., ἰουλος) beardless.

ἀν-ιπτεύω, f. σω, to ride on high.

ἀν-ιππος, ov, (a privat., ἵππος) without a horse, not serving on horseback : of countries, unsuited for horses.

ἀν-ιπτῆμαι, Dep., = ἀνα-πέτομαι.

ἀνιπτό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀνιπτος, πούς) with unwashed feet.

ἀ-νιπτος, ov, (a privat., νίζω) unwashed. 2. not to be washed out.

ἀνις, Boeot. for ἀνευ, also Megarean.

ἀν-ισος, ov, also η, ov, (a privat., ἴσος) unequal, uneven : metaph. unfair. [ἴ Ep., ἴ Att.] Hence

ἀνισόω, f. ὴσω, to make equal, equalise :—Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing.

ἀνίστα and ἀνίστη, for ἀνίστηθι, imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-ιστάνω, later form for sq.

ἀν-ίστημι, (ἀνά, ἴστημι) : I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. I ἀνέστησα, to make to stand up, raise up, set up : to raise from sleep, Lat. excito, and from the dead : later, to set up, build : also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action : to stir up to rebellion.

3. to make people rise to leave their homes : transplant them ; though in Pass., and intr. tenses, it usu. means to be unpeopled, laid waste ; χώρα ἀνεστηκνία a wasted land : also to make supplicants rise and leave sanctuary.

4. to raise men for war.

II. in aor. I med. also trans., ἀναστήσασθαι πόλιν to raise a city for oneself. III.

intrans. in Pass. ἀνίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἀνέστην, pf. ἀνέστηκα and plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand up, rise: to start up for action, ἀν. τινί to rise up against one: to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: to rise to go, set out.

ἀν-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to make inquiry, ask.
ἀν-ίστω, for ἀνίστασο, imperat. of ἀν-ίσταμαι.
ἀν-ίσχω = ἀν-έχω, to raise, lift up. 2. intr., ἀνί-σχει ἧλιος the sun rises.

ἀνίσως, Adv. of ἀνίσος, unequally.
ἀνίσωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνίσω) an equalising.
ἀν-ιχνέω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound.
ἀνιόωτο, Ion. for ἀνιόωτον, 3 pl. opt. of ἀνιόωμαι.
ἀν-νέμη, poet. aor. I subj. of ἀνανέμω.
ἀννεΐται, poet. for ἀνανεΐται, 3 sing. of ἀνανέωμαι.
ἀννέφελος, Ep. for ἀνέφελος.
ἀννεώσασθαι, poet. inf. aor. I of ἀνανέωμαι.
ἀν-ξηραίνω, poet. for ἀνα-ξηραίνω.
ἀν-οδηγέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, ὀδηγέω) to guide back.
ἀν-οδος, ον, (a privat., ὀδός) having no road, impassable.

ἀν-οδος, ἡ, (ἀνά, ὀδός) a way up: esp. into central Asia.

II. a way back.
ἀν-οδύρομαι, Dep. to set up a wailing. [v̄]
ἀ-νόημον, on, gen. ονος, (a privat., νοέω) senseless.
ἀ-νόητος, ον, (a privat., νοέω) not thought on, not to be thought on. II. act. not understanding, foolish: unreasonable, Lat. *amens*
ἀνοια, Ep. ἀνοίη, ἡ, (ἀνοος) want of understanding, folly.

ἀν-οιγνύμι and ἀν-οίγω, Ep. ἀνα-οίγω: f. ἀνοίξω: with double augm., impf. ἀνέργων, Ion. ἀναοίγισκον: aor. I ἀνέωξα, Att. ἦνοιξα, Ion. ἀνοίξα or ἀνωξα: pf. I ἀνέωξα, pf. 2 ἀνέωγα:—Pass. ἀνοίγνυμαι: fut. ἀνοιχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀνοιγήσομαι, fut. 3 ἀνεφίξομαι: aor. I ἀνέωχθην, inf. ἀνοιχθήναι: (ἀνά, οἴγω) 1. to open, undo. 2. metaph. to lay open, disclose. 3. as nautical term, absol., to get into the open sea:—Pass. to be open.

ἀν-οιγάνω, f. ξω, v. foreg.
ἀν-οιδάινω, (ἀνά, οἰδάινω): fut. ἀνοιδήσω: pf. ἀνώδηκα:—to swell up: to swell with passion.

ἀν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, to rebuild. II. to make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from his abode:—Pass. and Med. to migrate. 2. ἀνοικίζειν πόλιν to dispeuple a city. III. in Pass. to be built up the country, away from the coast.

ἀν-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, οἰκοδομέω) to build up. II. to rebuild. III. to wall up.

ἀν-οικος, ον, (a privat., οἶκος) houseless, homeless.
ἀν-οικτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀν-οίγω, one must open.
ἀν-οικτήριμον, ονος, (a privat., οἰκτήριμον) unpritying, merciless.

ἀν-οικτίστος, ον, (a privat., οἰκτίζω) unpitied.
ἀνοικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνοίγνυμι) opened.
ἀν-οικτός, ον, (a privat., οἰκτός) pitiless, ruthless.
ἀν-οιμώλω, fut. ὤξομαι, to wail aloud.

ἀν-οιμωκτί, Adv. of ἀνοιμωκτός, without wailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [v̄]

ἀν-οιμωκτος, ον, (a privat., οἰμώζω) unmourned.
ἀνοίξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
ἀνοιξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνοίγνυμι) an opening.
ἀνοιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναφέρω, one must report.
ἀνοίστος, ἰον, ἀνώιστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναφέρω) reported, referred for decision.

ἀν-οιστρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, οἴστρος) to goad to madness.
ἀνοίσω, fut. of ἀναφέρω.

ἀνοίτω, 3 sing. pres. pass. opt. of ἀνω.
ἀνοιχθῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. subj. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
ἀνοκοχή, ἡ, (ἀν-ὀκαχα pf. of ἀν-έχω) a cessation of arms, armistice. II. a hindrance.

ἀνολβία, ἡ, the state of an ἀνολβος, misery.
ἀν-ὀλβιος, ον, = ἀνολβος.
ἀν-ὀλβος, ον, (a privat., ὀλβος) unblest, wretched.
ἀν-ὀλεθρος, ον, (a privat., ὀλεθρος) not ruined.
ἀνολιχί, ἡ, (ἀνέλω) a drawing up.
ἀν-ὀλολύω, ἔξω, (ἀνά, ὀλολύω) to cry aloud, to shout with joy. 2. to wail or bewail loudly. II. Causal, to make one shout.

ἀν-ὀλοφύρομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὀλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [v̄]

ἀν-ὀμβρος, ον, (a privat., ὄμβρος) without rain.
ἀνομία, f. ἦσω, (ἀνομος) to act lawlessly.
ἀνομία, Ion. ἀνομίη, ἡ, (ἀνομος) lawlessness.
ἀν-ομιλῆτος, ον, (a privat., ὀμιλέω) having no intercourse with others, unsocial.

ἀν-ὀμμάτος, ον, (a privat., ὄμμα) without eyes.
ἀν-ὀμοιος, ον, also α, ον, (a privat., ὄμοιος) unlike.
ἀνομοιότης, τητος, ἡ, (ἀνόμοιος) unlikeness.
ἀνομοῖω, (ἀνόμοιος) to make unlike: Pass. to be so.
ἀνομοίωσις, εως, ἡ, a making unlike: unlikeness.
ἀν-ομολογέωμαι, f. ἦσομαι: pf. ἀνωμολόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀνά, ὀμολογέω):—to agree upon a thing.
ἀνωμολογούμενος, η, ον, (a privat., ὀμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted.
ἀ-νομος, ον, (a privat., νόμος) without law, lawless, impious. Adv. -μως, without law. II. (νόμος II) unmusical.

ἀν-ὀνητος, Dor. ἀν-ὀνάτος, ον, (a privat., ὀνήνιμι) unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. ἀνὀνητα, as Adv., unprofitably, in vain.

ἀ-νοος, ον, contr. ἀνοος, ον, (a privat., νόος) without understanding, foolish.

ἀνοπαία, Adv., either (from a privat., ὄψομαι, fut. of ὀπάω), unnoticed; or (from ἀνω) upwards, up in the air.
ἀν-ὀπλος, ον, (a privat., ὄπλον) without the large shield which distinguished the hoplite, not heavy-armed: generally, unarmed.

ἀν-ὀπτος, ον, (a privat., ὄψομαι) unseen.
ἀν-ὀράτος, ον, also ἀ-όρατος, (a privat., ὀράω) = foreg.

ἀν-ὀργάστος, ον, (a privat., ὄργανον) without instruments.

ἀν-οργίαστος, ον, (a privat., ὀργιάζω) attended by no orgies. II. in whose honour no orgies are held.

ἀνορέα, Ion. ἠγορέη, ἢ (ἀνῆρ) manhood, courage. [ᾶ]
ἀνορέος, α, ον, (ἀνῆρ) manly, courageous, like ἀν-
δρείος. [ᾶ]

ἀνορθόω, f. ὄσω : with double augm., impf., ἠνώρθου, aor. I ἠνώρθωσα:—to set upright again, restore: to set straight again, set right.

ἀνορμος, ον, (α privat., ὄρμος) without harbour, inhospitable.

ἀνορούω, f. ούσω : aor. I ἀνόρουσα:—to start up, leap up : to mount swiftly.

ἀνορόφος, ον, (α privat., ὄροφος) roofless.

ἀνορταλίξω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, ὀρταλίξω) to flap the wings and crow, to strut.

ἀνορύσσω, Att. -πτω : fut. ξω : (ἀνά, ὀρύσσω):—to dig up what has been buried ; ἀν. τάφον to break open a grave.

ἀνορχεομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to jump up and dance about.

ἀνοσίτος, ον, οἱ α, ον, (α privat., ὄσιος) unboly, wicked, Lat. profanus : ἀνόσιος νέκυς a corpse with all the rites unpaid. Hence

ἀνοσιότης, ητος, ἢ, unholiness.

ἀνοσος, Ion. ἀ-νοσος, ον, (α privat., νόσος) without sickness, healthy, sound : of things, free from all defect, healthy ; ἀνοσος κακῶν untouched by ill.

ἀνοστέος, ον, (α privat., ὄστέον) without bones.

ἀνοστήμιος, ον, (α privat., νόστιμος) not returning. II. not to be retraced.

ἀνοστός, ον, (α privat., νόστος) without return.

ἀνοστούζω, (ἀνά, ὄστοῦ) to break out into wailing.

ἀνοστός, ον, (α privat., οὐς) without ear : without

bandle.

ἀ-voos, contr. for ἀ-voos.

ἀ-voσος, ον, Ion. for ἀ-voσος.

ἀνοῦτάτος, ον, (α privat., οὐτάω) unwounded.

ἀνοῦτητή, Adv. of foreg., without wound. [ἦ]

ἀνοχή, ἢ, (ἀνέχω) a holding back, stopping, esp. of hostilities, an armistice. II. (ἀνέχομαι) long-suffering, forbearance.

ἀνοχμάζω, f. ἄσω, to hold up, lift up.

ἀνοστα, Ep. shortd. imperat. for ἀνάστα, ἀνάστηθι.

ἀνοστάς, ἀνοστήμεναι, Ep. for ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι : aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνοστήσω, Ep. for ἀναστήσω, fut. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνοστήτην, Ep. for ἀνεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνοτρέψειαν, for ἀναστρέψειαν.

ἀνοχεθεῖν, ἀνοχεο, Ep. for ἀνασχεθεῖν, ἀνάσχου, aor. 2 inf. act. and imper. med. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνοσχετός, Ep. for ἀνα-σχετός.

ἀντα, (ἀντί, ἀντην) Adv. over against, face to face, Lat. coram. II. as Prep. c. gen., over against ;

ἀντα παρειῶν before the cheeks, of a veil : confronted with : most freq. in hostile sense, against, ἀντα Διὸς πολέμιζεν.

ἀντ-ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσω, to buy in return.

ἀντ-ἀγορεύω, f. ὄσω, to speak against, reply : to contradict.

ἀντ-ἀγωνίζομαι : f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰοῦμαι : Dep. :—to struggle against, vie with, esp. in war : to dispute with : as Pass. to be set against. Hence

ἀντ-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, an adversary, rival.

ἀντ-ἀδικέω, f. ἴσω, to wrong or injure in return.

ἀντ-αίρω, = ἀντ-αἶρω :—Med., ἀνταίρεισθαι χεῖρας τι to raise one's hands against one.

ἀντ-ἄθλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἄθλος) struggling against, rivalling.

ἀντ-ἀιόεομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to respect one another.

ἀνταῖος, α, ον, (ἀντα) set over against, right opposite : ἀνταῖα (sub. πληγῆ), a wound in front. 2. hostile. II. besought with prayers ; τὰ ἀνταῖα θεῶν prayers to the gods.

ἀντ-αἶρω, f. ἀντάρῳ : aor. I ἀντήρα :—to raise against. II. seemingly intr. (sub. χεῖρας), to resist, withstand.

ἀντ-αιτέω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.

ἌΝΤΑΚΑΙΓΟΣ, ὁ, a sort of sturgeon.

ἀντ-ἀκούω, f. οὔσομαι, to bear in turn : to listen in return.

ἀντ-ακροόομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. = ἀντακούω.

ἀντ-ἀλάλιζω, f. ἄζω, to return a shout.

ἀντάλλαγμα, atos, τό, that which is given or taken in exchange, an exchange. From

ἀντ-ἀλλάσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. ξω : aor. I -ἔλλαξα :—to give or take in exchange :—Med. to take one thing in exchange for another.

ἀντ-ἄμειβομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to give or take in exchange, to ill-conduct, to requite, punish. 3. to give words in exchange, answer. Hence

ἀντ-ἀμειψις, εως, ἢ, an exchanging.

ἀντ-ἀμύνομαι, Med. to defend oneself against another, resist. 2. to requite.

ἀντ-αναβιβάζω, to make go up in turn.

ἀντ-ἀνάγω, f. ξω, to lead up against, esp. to put out to sea against : generally to attack. 2. to bring up instead.

ἀντ-ἀναλίσκω, f. -ανᾶλωσα, to destroy in return.

ἀντ-ἀναμένω, to wait instead.

ἀντ-ἀναπίπλημι, to fill in turn or in opposition.

ἀντ-ἀναπλέκω, f. ξω, to plait in rivalry with.

ἀντ-ἀναπληρόω, f. ὄσω, to put in as a complement.

ἀντ-ἀνεμι, (ἀντί, ἀνά, εἰμι ἰβο) to go up against.

ἀντ-ἀνίστημι, I. Causal. in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to set up against or instead of. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to rise up against.

ἀντ-ἄξιος, α, ον, worth just as much as, equivalent to. Hence

ἀνταξίω, f. ὄσω, to demand as an equivalent or in turn.

ἀντ-ἀπαίτέω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.

ἀντ-ἀπαμειβομαι, Med. to obey in turn.

ἀντ-ἀπερῶ, to keep off in turn.

ἀντ-ἀποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove in return or answer.

ἀντ-αποδίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἀνταπέδωκα:—to give back, repay. II. to render, i. e. make, so and so.

III. intr. to answer, correspond with. IV. to deliver in turn: to explain in turn. Hence ἀνταπόδομα, ατος, τό, requital, recompense. And ἀνταπόδοσις, εως, ἡ, a giving back in turn, repayment: reward.

ἀνταποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνταποδίδωμι.

ἀντ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer again.

ἀντ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill in return.

ἀντ-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήνομαι, to receive in return.

ἀντ-ἀπόλλυμι, to destroy in return:—Pass. and Med., with perf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish in turn.

ἀντ-αποτίνω, f. -τίσω, to requite.

ἀντ-αποφαίνομαι, f. -φανῶ, to shew on the other hand.

ἀντ-ἄπτομαι, Ion. for ἀνθ-ἄπτομαι.

ἀντ-αρκέω, f. ἔσω, to bold out against: to bold out.

ἀντ-ασπάρομαι, f. ἄσπομαι: Dep.:—to greet in turn: to receive kindly.

ἀνταυγέω, f. ἦσω, to reflect light, to reflect. From

ἀντ-αυγής, ἐς, (ἀντί, αὐγή) reflecting light.

ἀντ-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak against, answer.

ἀντάω, Ion. ἀντίω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ἦντησα: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to face: also ἀντήσαι μάχησ, δαυτός, etc., to meet with, take part in, partake of.

ἀντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.

ἀντ-εγκαλέω, f. ἔσω, to accuse in turn.

ἀντ-εικάζω, f. ἄσπομαι: aor. I -ἦκασα:—to compare in return.

ἀντ-εἰνω, poet. for ἀνα-τείνω.

ἀντ-εἶπον, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to speak against or in answer, gainsay. Cf. ἀντ-ερωῶ.

ἀντ-εἶρομαι, Ion. for ἀντ-ἔρομαι.

ἀντ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to introduce instead, substitute.

ἀντ-εισφέρω, f. -εισοίσω, to pay or contribute for another: cf. εἰσφορά. II. to substitute one thing for another.

ἀντ-εικλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away in return.

ἀντ-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to knock out in return.

ἀντ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out in return.

ἀντ-εκπέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out against.

ἀντ-εκτείνω, f. -ειπενῶ, to stretch out against: hence to compare one with another.

ἀντ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμωμαι, to sally out against.

ἀντελαβόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἀντιλαμβάνω.

ἀντέλλουσα, Dor. for ἀντέλλουσα, part. fem. of ἀνατέλλω.

ἀντέλλω, poet. for ἀνα-τέλλω.

ἀντ-ελπίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to hope instead.

ἀντ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad in turn.

ἀντ-εμβιβάζω, f. ἄσω, to put on board instead.

ἀντεμπάζω, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of sq.

ἀντ-εμπήγγυμι, f. -εμπήξω, to stick right in.

ἀντ-εμπύρριμι, f. -εμπήρσω, to set on fire in return.

ἀντ-ενδίδωμι, f. -ενδώσω, to give way in turn.

ἀντ-εξάγω, f. ἄξω, to export instead.

ἀντ-εξαίτέω, f. ἦσω, to demand in return.

ἀντ-ἐξέμι, (εἰμι ἰβο) to march out against.

ἀντ-ἐξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντέξωμι.

ἀντ-ἐξετάζω, f. σω, to try one by the standard of another:—Med. to measure oneself against another.

ἀντ-ἐξυπτεῖω, f. σω, to ride out against.

ἀντεξόρμησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντί, ἐξορμῶ) a sailing out against.

ἀντ-επάγω, f. ξω, to lead or (intr.) to advance against.

ἀντ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise in return.

ἀντ-επανάγομαι, Med. to put to sea against.

ἀντ-έπειμι, to rush upon, attack.

ἀντ-επεξάγω, f. ξω, to lead or march out against.

ἀντ-επέξωμι, (εἰμι ἰβο) to march out against.

ἀντ-επέξελαύνω, f. Att. -εξελάω, to march out against.

ἀντ-επέξρομαι, Dep. = ἀντέξωμι.

ἀντ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to form counter-designs.

ἀντ-επιδείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to shew forth in turn.

ἀντ-επιθύμω, f. ἦσω, to desire in turn:—Pass., ἀντ-επιθυμῆσθαι τινος to have a thing desired from one.

ἀντ-επικουρέω, f. ἦσω, to help in return.

ἀντ-επιμείλομαι, fut. med. ἦσομαι: aor. I pass. -επεμλήθη: Dep.:—to give heed in turn.

ἀντ-επιστρατεύω, f. σω, to take the field against.

ἀντ-επιτάσσω, f. ξω, to enjoin in turn.

ἀντ-επιτεχνίζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι, Att. ιούμαι: pf. pass. -τετέχισμαι: Dep.:—to build forts against in retaliation.

ἀντ-επιτίθημι, fut. θήσω, to entrust in answer.

ἀντ-ερανήζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀντί, ἔρανος) to contribute one's share in turn:—Pass. to be repaid.

ἀντεραστής, οὔ, ὁ, a rival in love. From

ἀντ-εράω, to love in return: to rival in love.

ἀντ-ερείδω, f. σω, to set firmly against, to plant firm. II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against.

Hence

ἀντ-ερείσις, εως, ἡ, obstinate resistance.

ἀντ-έρομαι, Ion. -είρομαι: aor. 2 -ἠρόμην: Dep.: to ask in turn.

ἀντ-ερούμαι, Dep. to make equal in weight with: hence, to value equally with. [ῥ]

ἀντ-ερωῶ, fut. equally any pres. in use: pf. ἀντέρημα: (cf. ἀντέειπον):—to speak against, gainsay:—fut. pass., οὐδὲν ἀντεπήσεται no denial shall be given.

ἀντ-έρως, ατος, ὁ, return-love, love-for-love.

ἀντ-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, to ask in turn.

ἀντ-εστημι, aor. 2 ind. of ἀνθίστημι.

ἀντ-εσυργετέω, f. ἦσω, to return a kindness.

ἀντ-ευνοέω, f. ἦσω, to wish well in return.

ἀντ-έχω or ἀντ-ίσχω, f. ἀνθέξω: (ἀντί, ἔχω or ἴσχω):—to hold against; χεῖρα κρατὸς ἀντέχειν to hold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes. II.

intrans. to bold out against, withstand: absol. to bold out: hence to suffice, be enough. III. Med. to bold out against something: later, with gen. only, to bold on by, bold to, cleave to.

ἀντ-ἥλιος, ον, (ἀντί, ἥλιος) opposite the sun: i. e.

looking east, eastern; δαίμονες ἀντήλιος, statues of gods facing the sun. II. like the sun.

ἀντέω, Ion. for ἀντάω.

ἀντην, Adv. (ἀντί) against, face to face. 2. face to face, openly, before all. 3. ἀντην ἐρχεσθαι to go straight forward; ἀντην βάλλεσθαι to be struck in front.

ἀντήνῳ, opos, ὁ, ἡ. (ἀντί, ἀνὴρ) instead of a man. ἀντήνῳ, ου, ὁ, (ἀντί, ἐρέτης) one who rows against another: generally, a rival.

ἀντήνῳ, es, (ἀντί) set over against, opposite; πληγαὶ στένων ἀντήνῳ blows aimed straight at the breast.

ἀντηρίς, ἶδος, ἡ, (ἀντεριδῶ) a prop: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock.

ἀντήσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀντάω.

ἀντήσειω, Dor. -ἀχέω, f. ἦσω, to re-echo.

ἌΝΤΙ, Prep. with gen.: orig. sense over against: I. of Place, opposite, before. II. to denote worth, value, put for, for, Lat. pro, instar; ἀντί πολλῶν λαῶν ἔστι, he is worth many people: hence I. in return for. 2. for the sake of. 3. instead of, for. 3. to mark comparison; ἐν ἀντ' ἐνός one set against the other, compared with it. 5. with verbs of entreaty, like πρὸς with gen., by, Lat. per.

In Compos. it signifies I. over against, as in ἀντί-πορος. 2. in opposition to, as in ἀντι-πολεμέω. 3. one against another, mutually, as in ἀντι-δεδίωμαι. 4. in return, as in ἀντι-βοηθῶ. 5. instead, as in ἀντήνῳ. 6. equal to, like, as in ἀντί-θεος. 7. corresponding, as in ἀντι-μορφος.

ἀντία, Adv. = ἀντην, properly neut. pl. of ἀντίος.

ἀντιάω, Ep. pres. inf. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάσθε, -θαί, Ep. 2 pl. ind. and inf. Med. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάω, f. ἴσω, Dor. ἄω: aor. I ἦντίασα: (ἀντί): —to come or go towards, meet, as friend or foe. 2. of things, to meet with, obtain. II. to approach with prayer, entreat.

ἀντι-ἀνείρᾱ, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀντί, ἀνὴρ) a match for men, as good as man, of the Amazons.

ἀντιάω, f. ἴσω: Ep. pres. ἀντιάω, 3 pl. imperat. ἀντιώωντων, part. ἀντιώων, ὄωσα, ὄωντες, inf. ἀντιάω, med. ἀντιάσθαι: (ἀντί, ἀντίος): —to meet, as friend or foe: to match, measure oneself with: rarely in sense of coming to aid. 2. of things, to go to meet, go in quest of, c. gen. rei: of an arrow, to hit: of the gods, to come to meet an offering, i.e. accept graciously of it: so, generally, to partake of a thing. II. c. dat. to meet with, light upon. II. c. acc. to arrange, prepare, λέχος ἀντιώωσα.

ἀντι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀντίβην: —to withstand, resist: to stand in the gap; ἀντιβὰς ἔλᾶν to pull stoutly against the oar, going well back.

ἀντι-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ, to throw against or in turn.

ἀντιβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντιβαίνω) resistance.

ἀντι-βιάζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to retort violence.

ἀντιβίην, Adv. against, with force to force. Properly acc. fem. from

ἀντί-βιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀντί, βία) opposing force to force; ἀντιβίος ἐπέεσι with wrangling words: neut. ἀντίβιον, as Adv. = ἀντιβίην.

ἀντι-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face.

ἀντιβλεψίς, εως, ἡ, a looking in the face.

ἀντι-βοηθῶ, f. ἦσω, to help in turn or mutually.

ἀντιβολέω, f. ἦσω: aor. with double augm. ἤντεβόλησα, Ep. ἀντεβί-: (ἀντιβάλλω): —to meet by chance, hit upon, esp. in battle. II. to meet with, partake of, c. gen. rei. III. to meet as a suppliant, entreat, c. acc. pers. Hence

ἀντιβόλησις, εως, ἡ, and ἀντιβολία, ἡ, an entreaty, prayer.

ἀντι-γέγωνα, perf. with pres. sense, to return a cry.

ἀντι-γενεαλογέω, f. ἦσω, to rival in pedigree.

ἀντι-γωνομένω, to be of a different opinion. From ἀντι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀντί, γνώμη) of a different opinion.

ἀντιγράφω, εως, ὁ, (ἀντιγράφω) one who keeps a counter-reckoning, a check-clerk.

ἀντιγράφῃ, ἡ, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. II. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant; but also of the plaintiff, an indictment.

ἀντιγράφος, ον, copied: hence as Subst. ἀντιγραφα, τά, copies. From

ἀντι-γράφω, f. ψω, to write against or in answer, write back: —Med., with pf. pass. ἀντιγράμμαί, to put in as a plea, to plead against: cf. ἀντιγράφῃ.

ἀντι-δάκνω, f. -δήσομαι: pf. pass. -δέδηγμαί: —to bite at or in turn.

ἀντι-δεξιόμοι, Med. to give one another the right hand, to greet in return.

ἀντι-δέρομαι, Dep. = ἀντιβλέπω.

ἀντι-δέχομαι, f. ζομαι, Dep. to receive in return.

ἀντι-διεμαγέω, f. ἦσω, to rival as a demagogue.

ἀντι-διαβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to cross in turn.

ἀντι-διατίθημι, f. θήσω, to dispose or arrange in turn: —Med. to set oneself against others, offer resistance.

ἀντι-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, mostly in plur. of poets will bring rival plays on the stage: cf. sq.

ἀντι-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω, to teach in turn or against: of dramatic poets, to bring rival plays on the stage.

ἀντι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give in return, repay. II. as law-term, to offer to change fortunes with one: cf. ἀντιδοκίαις.

ἀντι-διέξेमι, (εἶμι ἴδο) to go through again.

ἀντιδικέω, f. ἦσω: the augm. is prefixed to the prep., impf. ἠντιδίκουν, aor. I ἠντιδίκησα, or with double augm., ἠντεδίκουν, ἠντεδίκησα: —to be a defendant, or generally, party in a suit. From

ἀντι-δίκος, ον, (ἀντί, δίκη) an opponent in a suit, properly the defendant, but also the plaintiff: οἱ ἀντιδικοὶ the two parties in a suit.

ἀντι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω or -δόξω, to be of a contrary opinion.

ἀντι-δορος, *ov*, (ἀντί, δора) *clothed with something instead of a skin.*

ἀντιδοσις, *εως, η*, (ἀντιδιδωμι) *a giving in return, an exchange: repayment.*

2. at Athens, *a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might call upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge himself.*

ἀντιδοτος, *ov*, (ἀντιδιδωμι) *given as a remedy against poison: as Subst. ἀντιδοτον, τό, an antidote.*

ἀντι-δουλεύω, *f. σω*, to be as a slave to another, to be no better than a slave.

ἀντι-δουλος, *ov*, *instead of a slave, no better than a slave.*

ἀντι-δουπος, *ov*, *resounding.*

ἀντι-δράω, *f. άσω*, to do in return, retaliate, requite.

ἀντι-δωρέομαι, *f. ήσωμαι*, Dep. to present in return with a thing.

ἀντι-ζητέω, *f. ήσω*, to seek in return.

ἀντι-ζωγρέω, *f. ήσω*, to save alive in turn.

ἀντι-θάπτω, *f. ψω*, to bury opposite.

ἀντι-θεος, *η, ov*, *godlike, equal to the gods.*

ἀντι-θεραπείω, *f. σω*, to take care of in return.

ἀντιθεσις, *εως, η*, (ἀντιτιθημι) *opposition, antithesis.*

ἀντι-θέω, *f. θεύσομαι*, to run against: to run a race with.

ἀντι-θύρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, θύρα) *opposite the door: as Subst. ἀντιθυρον, τό, the inner part of the house opposite the door.*

ἀντι-καθίζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεζόμεν: Med.:—to sit over against.

ἀντι-καθεύδω, *f. ευδήσω*, to sleep opposite to.

ἀντι-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάτῃμαι, Dep. = ἀντικαθέζομαι.

ἀντι-καθίζω, to set opposite:—Med. = ἀντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.

ἀντι-καθίστημι, Ion. ἀντι-κατίστημι: *f. -καταστήσω*: I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. 1, to lay down or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀντέστην and pf. ἀνθέστηκα, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede. 2. to resist.

ἀντι-κακουργέω, to injure in turn.

ἀντι-κάλέω, *f. έσω*, to call or invite in turn.

ἀντι-καταβήσκω, aor. 2 -έθανον, to die in turn.

ἀντι-καταλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, *f. έω*, to exchange one thing for another.

ἀντι-κάτῃμαι, ἀντι-κατίζομαι, ἀντι-κατίστημι, Ion. for ἀντι-κάθ-.

ἀντι-κειμαι, *f. -κέισομαι*, used as Pass. of ἀντιτιθημι, to lie opposite to.

ἀντι-κελεύω, *f. σω*, to command in turn.

ἀντι-κέντρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κέντρον) *sharp as a goad.*

ἀντι-κηδέω, *f. σω*, to take care of instead.

ἀντι-κηρύσσω, *f. υξω*, to proclaim in answer to.

ἀντι-κλάζω, *f. -κλάγξω*, to sound in answer:—to sound by striking against, τινί.

ἀντι-κνήμιον, τό, (ἀντί, κνήμη) *the shin, leg.*

ἀντι-κολακέω, *f. σω*, to flatter in turn.

ἀντι-κομίξω, *f. ίσω* Att. *ιδω*, to bring back in reply.

ἀντι-κόπτω, *f. ψω*, intr. to resist, oppose.

ἀντι-κορύσσομαι, Dep. to take arms against.

ἀντι-κρατέω, *f. ήσω*, to hold instead.

ἀντικρούσις, *εως, η*, *a striking against: hence, a hindrance, sudden check.* From

ἀντι-κρούω, *f. σω*, to strike or push back, stop, hinder. 2. intr. to be a hindrance, stand in the way.

ἀντικρύ and ἀντίκρυς, Adverbs, (ἀντί, ἀντήν) have generally distinct meanings: I. ἀντικρύ, over against, right opposite. 2. in Hom. also = ἀντι-

κρύς, straight on, outright, entirely. II. ἀντίκρυς (never in Homer), straight, right. 2. outright, thoroughly, without disguise or reserve. 3. of Time, straightway.

ἀντι-κτόνος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κτείνω) *killing in return.*

ἀντι-κτυπέω, *f. ήσω*, to class against, re-echo.

ἀντι-κύρω [ῶ], *f. κύρω*, to hit upon something, meet.

ἀντι-κωμωδέω, *f. ήσω*, to ridicule in turn.

ἀντιλαβή, *η*, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) *a handle, Lat. ansa.*

ἀντι-λαγχάνω, fut. -λήξομαι: pf. ἀντέληχα:—to draw lots for, obtain in turn.

ἀντι-λάζομαι and -λάζυμαι, Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to hold fast by: to take a share of.

ἀντι-λακτίζω, *ισω*, to kick against.

ἀντι-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήψομαι*: pf. ἀντέληφα: aor. 2 ἀντέλαβον:—to receive instead of or in turn. II.

Med. c. gen., to lay bold of: hence, 1. to take part with, assist. 2. to lay claim to. 3. to take part in a thing. 4. to take bold of for the purpose of finding fault. 5. to captivate, charm. 6.

to grasp with the mind, apprehend.

ἀντι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, to light up in turn. II. intr. to reflect light.

ἀντι-λέγω, *f. λέξω*, to speak against, gainsay. Hence ἀντιλεκτέον, verb. Adj. one must gainsay; and ἀντιλεκτος, *ov*, questionable, to be disputed.

ἀντι-λέων, *οντος, ό*, (ἀντί, λέων) *lion-like.*

ἀντι-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, one must assist or take part in. II. one must check.

ἀντιληψις, *εως, η*, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) *a receiving in turn.* II. (from Med.) *a laying bold of, seizure: hence a claim to a thing.* 2. a bold, support: help, succour. 3. an attacking, attack, objection.

ἀντιλογέω, *f. ήσω*, = ἀντιλέγω.

ἀντιλογία, *η*, (ἀντιλέγω) *controversy, discussion, Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance.*

ἀντι-λογίζομαι, Dep. to calculate on the other hand.

ἀντιλογικός, *η, όν*, (ἀντιλέγω) *given to contradiction, disputatious.*

ἀντιλογος, *ov*, (ἀντιλέγω) *contradictory.*

ἀντι-λοιδορέω, *f. ήσω*, to rail at or abuse in turn.

ἀντιλύτρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, λύρα) *in harmony with the lyre.*

ἀντι-λύτρον, *ov, τό*, (ἀντί, λύτρον) *a ransom.*

ἀντι-μαίνομαι, *f. -μάνησομαι*, Pass. to rave against.

ἀντι-μανθάνω, *f. -μᾶθῃσομαι*, to learn instead.

ἀντι-μάχομαι, *f. -μᾶχῃσομαι*, Dep. to fight against.

ἀντι-μεθέλω, to drag to the opposite side.
 ἀντι-μεθίστημι, fut. -σθήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I., to remove from one side to the other: to revolutionise. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. -μετέστην, pf. -μεθέστηκα, to pass over to the other side, give way.
 ἀντι-μελίζω, to rival in music.
 ἀντι-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to wait and watch against.
 ἀντι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to blame in turn, retort upon.
 ἀντι-μερίζομαι, Dep. to impart in turn.
 ἀντι-μετρός, f. ήσω, to measure out in turn.
 ἀντι-μέτωπος, ov, (ἀντί, μέτωπον) front to front, face to face.
 ἀντι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive or scheme against: to counteract.
 ἀντι-μίμησις, εως, ή, close imitation, aping. [μί]
 ἀντί-μίμος, ov, (ἀντί, μίμομαι) closely imitating, aping: modelled after.
 ἀντι-μισέω, f. ήσω, to hate in return.
 ἀντιμισθία, ή, a reward, requital. From
 ἀντι-μισθος, ov, for or instead of a reward.
 ἀντι-μοιρία, as, ή, (ἀντί, μοίρα) a compensation.
 ἀντί-μολπος, ov, (ἀντί, μολπή) sounding against, differing in sound from: ἀντιμολπον άκος ύπνου song, sleep's substitute.
 ἀντι-ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships against, fit out a navy against.
 ἀντι-νικάω, f. ήσω, to conquer in turn.
 ἀντι-ξοέω, f. ήσω, to set oneself against. From
 ἀντί-ξοος, ov, Ion. ἀντί-ξους, ovv, (ἀντί, ξέω) properly scraped against; hence opposed to, hostile: τὸ ἀντίξοον opposition.
 ἀντίον, Adv. of αντίος; see αντίος.
 ἀντίον, τό, (ἀντί) a part of the loom.
 ἀντιόομαι, fut. med. ώσομαι: aor. I pass. ήντιώθην: Dep.:—to meet in battle, to resist, oppose.
 ἀντιος, α, ov, (ἀντί) set against, and so, I. over against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. II. opposite, contrary. III. as Adv., ἀντια and ἀντίον, like ἀντην and ἀντα, opposite: against, straight at. 2. against one's will.
 ἀντι-οχεύομαι, Pass. to drive against.
 ἀντι-οστάτῳ, poet. for ἀνθίσταμαι, to oppose.
 ἀντιώω, ἀντιών, -όωσα, ἀντιώντων, see ἀντία.
 ἀντι-πάθης, ές, (ἀντί, πάθειν) in return for suffering.
 II. of opposite feelings or passions.
 ἀντι-παίζω, to play one with another.
 ἀντι-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, like a child, no better than a child.
 ἀντίπαλος, ov, (ἀντί, πάλη) properly wrestling against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to. II. fighting against the enemy. III. as Subst., ἀντίπαλος, ό, a rival, adversary. 2. a champion.
 ἀντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλώ, to hold side by side, compare closely.

ἀντι-παραγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to countermand, to order in turn. II. to compete for a public office.
 ἀντι-παράγω, f. έω, to lead on against. II. intr. to advance against or parallel with.
 ἀντι-παραθῶ, f. θεύσομαι, to run fast against: to outflank.
 ἀντι-παρακάλέω, f. έσω, to summon in turn or contrariwise.
 ἀντι-παρακελεύομαι, Dep. to exhort in turn or to the contrary.
 ἀντι-παραλύπῳ, f. ήσω, to annoy in turn.
 ἀντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail along on the other side.
 ἀντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep. to prepare oneself in turn: to arm on both sides. Hence
 ἀντι-παρασκευή, ή, hostile preparation.
 ἀντι-παρατάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. έω:—to draw out against, in order of battle:—Pass. to stand in array against.
 ἀντι-παρατίθημι, to set side by side against, compare closely.
 ἀντι-πάρεμι, (έμι ίδο) to march parallel to.
 ἀντι-παρέρχομαι, = ἀντιπάρεμι.
 ἀντι-παρέχω, to supply in turn.
 ἀντι-πάσχω, f. πέσομαι: pf. -πέπονθα:—to suffer or endure in turn: τὸ ἀντιπεπονθός, neut. part. pf., retaliation.
 ἀντι-παταγέω, f. ήσω, to clatter against.
 ἀντι-πίπτω, f. ψω, to send back an answer: to send in return. II. to send against. III. to send instead.
 ἀντι-πείρατος, α, ov, lying over against, esp. beyond sea. From
 ἀντι-περάνω, f. περανῶ, to pierce through in turn.
 ἀντι-περάν, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = ἀντιπέρας: also as Adj. in phrase Ἄσιαδ' ἀντιπέρην τε, Asia and the opposite coast.
 ἀντι-περάς, ov, -πέρα, Adv. over against, on the other side of, opposite. Hence
 ἀντι-πέρηθεν, Adv. from the opposite side.
 ἀντι-πέρην, Ion. for ἀντιπέρας.
 ἀντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace in turn.
 ἀντι-περιχωρέω, to go round in turn or against.
 ἀντί-πετρος, ov, (ἀντί, πέτρα) hard as stone, rocky.
 ἀντί-πηξ, ηγος, ή, (ἀντί, πήγνυμι) a chest, ark.
 ἀντι-πίπτω, f. -πεσομαι, to fall against. 2. to strike against, resist.
 ἀντι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail against.
 ἀντι-πλήξ, ηγος, ό, ή, (ἀντί, πλήσσω) beaten by the storm.
 ἀντι-πληρώω, f. ώσω, to man ships against. 2. to fill up by new members.
 ἀντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, to blow against. Hence
 ἀντίπνοος, ov, contr. ἀντίπνοος, ovv, blowing against, caused by adverse winds.
 ἀντι-ποθέω, f. ήσω, to long for in turn.
 ἀντι-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to do in return, opp. to ἀντι-

πάσχω. II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend with one for a thing.

ἀντί-ποινος, *ov*, (ἀντί, ποιή) in requital: as Subst. ἀντίποινα, *τά*, = ἀποινα, requital, retribution.

ἀντι-πολεμέω, *f. ήσω*, to wage war against one.

ἀντι-πολέμιος, *ov*, = ἀντιπόλεμος.

ἀντι-πόλεμος, *ov*, warring against: οἱ ἀντιπόλεμοι enemies.

ἀντι-πολιορκέω, *f. ήσω*, to besiege in turn.

ἀντι-πορεύομαι, *Pass.*, with *f. med. -εύσομαι*: *aor. I pass. ἀντεπορεύθην*:—to advance against: march to meet another.

ἀντι-πορθέω, *f. ήσω*, to lay waste in return.

ἀντι-πορθμός, *ov*, on the opposite side of the straits.

ἀντι-πορός, *ov*, on the opposite coast, over against.

ἀντι-πράσσω, *Att. -πτω*, *Ion. -πρήσσω*: *fut. ξω*: to act against, oppose.

ἀντι-πρεσβεύομαι, *Med.* to send counter-ambassadors.

ἀντι-πρήσσω, *Ion.* for ἀντι-πράσσω.

ἀντι-πρόειμι, (*εἰμι ibo*) to come forward against.

ἀντι-προικα, *Adv.* for next to nothing, cheap.

ἀντι-προκαλέομαι, *Med.* to challenge in return.

ἀντι-προσῆμομαι, *Med.* to hear in turn.

ἀντι-πρότειμι, (*εἰμι ibo*) to go against.

ἀντι-προσείπον, *aor. 2* without pres. in use, to address in turn: *aor. pass. ἀντιπροσεπρήθην*.

ἀντι-προσκαλέομαι, *Med.* to summon in turn.

ἀντι-προσφέρω, *f. προσοίσω*, to bring in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσωπος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρόσωπον) with the face towards, face to face.

ἀντι-προτείνω, *f. -τενώ*, to hold out in turn.

ἀντι-πρωρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρῶρα) with the prow towards, prow to prow: hence fronting, face to face.

ἀντι-πύλος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πύλη) opposite the gate.

ἀντι-πυργός, *ov*, like a tower.

ἀντι-πυργώω, *f. ὦσω*, to build a tower over against:

ἀντ. πόλιω to build up a city as a rival.

ἀντι-ρέπω, *f. ψω*, to counterpoise. Hence

ἀντιρροπος, *ov*, counterpoising.

ἀντι-σηκώω, *f. ὦσω*, to weigh against, to compensate. 2. intr. to be equal in weight, to counterpoise; *δὲς ἀντισηκῶσαι βοτῆ* to weigh twice as heavy.

Hence

ἀντισηκῶσις, *ews* *Ion. ios, ή*, a restoring the balance: a compensation, retribution.

ἀντι-σιωπάω, *f. ήσομαι*, to be silent in turn.

ἀντι-σκευάζομαι, *f. ἄσομαι*, *Dep.* (ἀντί, σκενάζω) to arrange in turn.

ἀντι-ιστοῦμαι, *Pass.* (ἀντί, ισῶω) to stand against one on equal terms.

ἀντισπασμός, *δ*, (ἀντισπάω) a convulsion.

ἀντισπαστός, *ov*, drawn in the contrary direction: hence spasmodic, convulsive. II. as Subst. ἀντι-

σπαστος, *δ*, an antispastus, a foot made up of an iambus and trochee, as Ἄλεξανδρος. From

ἀντι-σπάω, *f. ἄσω* [ἄ], to draw the contrary way, drag back.

ἀντι-στάθμος, *ov*, (ἀντί, στάθμη) balancing: equivalent to.

ἀντι-στᾶσιάζω, *f. ἄσω*, to form a party against.

ἀντιστάσις, *ews, ή*, (ἀντίσταμαι) an opposite faction.

ἀντι-στασιώτης, *ov, δ*, one of the opposite faction.

ἀντιστάτω, *f. ήσω*, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. From

ἀντι-στάτης, *ov, δ*, (ἀντίσταμαι) an adversary. [ἄ]

ἀντι-ίστημι, *Ion.* for ἀνίστημι.

ἀντιστοιγέω, *f. ήσω*, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. From

ἀντι-στοιχός, *ov*, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.

ἀντι-στράτεύομαι, *Dep.* (ἀντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.

ἀντι-στράτηγος, *δ*, a rival general, the enemy's general:—also the Rom. Proprætor or Proconsul.

ἀντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and *Med.* -στρατοπεδεύομαι, (ἀντί, στρατόπεδον) to encamp over against.

ἀντι-στρέφω, *f. ψω*: *pf. ἀντέστρεφα*:—to turn to the other side: to retort. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν, etc.), to turn about, face about.

ἀντιστροφή, *ή*, (ἀντιστρέφω) a turning back or about.

II. in the dance of the chorus, the anti-strophe or returning of the Chorus, answering to a previous στροφή, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

ἀντίστροφος, *ov*, (ἀντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντίστροφον the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. *Adv. -φως*, contrariwise to.

ἀντι-συναντιάω, *f. ήσω*, to meet face to face.

ἀντι-σφαιρίζω, *f. ισῶ Att. ιῶ*: (ἀντί, σφαῖρα):—to play at ball against.

ἀντισχέιν, *aor. 2 inf.* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντισχοεθε, 2 pl. *aor. 2 med. imperat.* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ισχυρίζω, *fut. ισῶ Att. ιῶ*, to strengthen against: *Med.* to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.

ἀντι-ίσχω, *collat. form* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ταλαντεύω, *f. εύσω*, = ἀντισηκῶ.

ἀντι-τάμειν, *aor. 2 inf.* of ἀντιτέμνω.

ἀντίταξις, *ews, ή*, a setting in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. opposition. From

ἀντι-τάσσω, *Att. -τάττω*, *fut. τάξω*, to range in battle against another:—*Pass.* to be ranged against.

ἀντι-τένω, *f. -τενώ*, to offer in return, repay. II. intr. and *Med.* to strive against, counteract, resist.

ἀντι-τεχίζω, to build a fort against. Hence

ἀντιτεχίσμα, *ατος, τό*, a counter-fortification.

ἀντι-τέμνω, *f. -τεμῶ*: *aor. 2 ἀντέταμον*:—to cut against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.

ἀντι-τεχνάομαι, *Dep.* to form a counter-plan.

ἀντιτέχνησις, *ews, ή*, counter-manceuvring.

ἀντι-τεχνός, *ov*, (ἀντί, τέχνη) rivalling in an art or craft.

ἀντι-τίθημι, *f. -θήσω*, to set one against the other, compare, oppose:—*Pass.* to be compared or matched one against another.

II. to place in return: give one thing for another.

ἀντι-τιμῶ, f. ἦσω, to do honour to in return:—Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence

ἀντιτίμησις, εως, ἡ, as Att. law-term, a counter-estimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the τίμησις of the plaintiff.

ἀντι-τιμῶρέω, f. ἦσω, to punish in return:—Med. to revenge oneself on in turn.

ἀντι-τίνω, f. τίσω, to pay or suffer punishment for a thing. II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn.

ἀντι-τολμῶ, f. ἦσω, to dare to stand against another.

ἀντι-τολμος, ον, (ἀντί, τόλμα) daring against, over-bold.

ἀντίτομος, ον, (ἀντιᾰμῆν) cut as a remedy for: as Subst. ἀντίτομον, τό, a remedy, antidote.

ἀντίτονος, ον, (ἀντιτείνω) stretched contrariwise, well-strung.

ἀντι-τοξέω, f. σω, to shoot arrows in turn.

ἀντι-τορέω, f. ἦσω, to bore right through.

ἀντίτος, ον, for ἀνά-τιτος, (ἀνατίνω) requited, 'revenge'd; ἀντιτα ἔργα works of revenge.

ἀντι-τρέφω, to maintain in turn.

ἀντι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύθομαι: aor. 2 -έτύχων:—to meet with in return.

ἀντί-τύπος, ον, (ἀντί, τύπηναι) struck back, echoed; τύπος ἀντίτυπος blow against blow:—answering to, correspondent:—as Subst. ἀντίτυπον, τό, an antitype, exact representation. II. act. striking back: hence

resisting: stubborn, obstinate: adverse; ἀντίτυπος Διός the adversary of Jupiter.

ἀντι-τύπτω, f. ψω, to beat in turn.

ἀντι-φερίζω, (ἀντιφέρω) to set oneself against, match oneself with: to fight for a prize with.

ἀντι-φέρνος, ον, (ἀντί, φερνή) instead of a dowry.

ἀντι-φέρω, f. ἀνοίσω, to set against:—Med. and Pass. ἀντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against.

ἀντι-φεύγω, f. -φεύθομαι, to flee in turn.

ἀντι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, to return a sound, re-echo. II. to contradict. Hence

ἀντιφθογγος, ον, echoing, imitating.

ἀντι-φιλέω, f. ἦσω, to love or kiss in turn.

ἀντι-φιλονεικῶ, to strive zealously against.

ἀντι-φιλοτιμίεομαι, Pass. to be moved by jealousy against.

ἀντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, Dep. to receive kindly in turn.

ἀντι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up so as to meet.

ἀντι-φονος, ον, in return for slaughter. II. θάνατοι ἀντιφονοί deaths by mutual slaughter.

ἀντι-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, φόρτος) to import in exchange for exports.

ἀντι-φράσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. ξω, to block up.

ἀντι-φύλακῆ, ἡ, a watching against one.

ἀντι-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, a watch posted to observe another. [ῥ]

ἀντι-φύλασσω, Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to watch in turn:—Med. to be on one's guard against.

ἀντιφωνέω, f. ἦσω, to sound in answer, reply. From

ἀντι-φωνος, ον, (ἀντί, φωνή) returning a sound, responsive to. 2. disagreeing with.

ἀντι-χαίρω, to rejoice in turn.

ἀντι-χαρίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. to show kindness to in turn.

ἀντι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote against.

ἀντιχορηγέω, to be a rival choregus. From

ἀντι-χορηγος, ὁ, a rival choregus.

ἀντι-χράω, aor. I ἀντέχρησα, to be sufficient.

ἀντι-χριστος, ὁ, anticbrist.

ἀντι-ψάλλω, f. -ψᾰλῶ, to play a stringed instrument in accompaniment. Hence

ἀντιψαλμος, ον, responsive.

ἀντι-ψηφος, ον, voting against.

ἀντι-ψυχος, ον, (ἀντί, ψυχή) instead of life, given for life.

ἀντλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντλος) properly, to bale out bilgewater, bale the ship: generally, to draw water. II.

metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resources: of toil, etc., to drain, i. e. bear to the last, like Lat. exanillare, exhaurire: but also to squander.

ἀντλημα, ατος, τό, (ἀντλέω) a vessel to draw water with.

ἀντλία, ἡ, (ἀντλος) the hold of a ship. II. bilgewater, filth.

ἀντλιον, τό, (ἀντλος) a bucket.

*ΑΝΤΛΑΟΣ, ὁ, the hold of a ship where the bilgewater settles, Lat. *senina*. II. the bilgewater itself; ἀντλον δέχεσθαι to let in water, leak; ἀντλον εἶργεν Lat. *seninam exhaurire*, to pump it out:—

poët. the sea, sea-water.

ἀντ-ουκτείρω, to pity in return.

ἀντ-ουκτιζῶ, f. σω, = ἀντουκτείρω.

ἀντολή, ἡ, poët. contr. for ἀνατολή.

ἀντομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—to meet or light upon. II. = ἀντιάζω, to approach with prayers, entreat.

ἀντ-ὄμνυμι, fut. -ομόσω and -ομοῦμαι: aor. I ἀντῶμοσα:—to swear in turn. II. as Att. law-term, to swear in answer, take an ἀντωμοσία.

ἀντ-ονομάζω, f. ἴσω, to call by a new name. II. to speak in tropes.

ἀντ-ορύσσω, f. ἔξω, to dig against, dig a countermine.

ἀντ-οφείλω, f. -οφειλήσω, to owe one a good turn.

ἀντ-οφθαλμέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντί, οφθαλμός) to look in the face, withstand, bear up against.

ἀν-τρέπω, poët. for ἀνα-τρέπω.

ἀντριάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἀντρον) of or belonging to a cave; Νύμφαι ἀντριάδες grot-Nymphs.

ἀντροεις, Adv. from a cave. From

*ΑΝΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. *antrum*, a cave, grot, cavern.

*ΑΝΤΥΞ, ὄγος, ἡ, properly any rounded body, and so in Homer, 1. the rim of the round shield. 2.

the rail round the front of the chariot, sometimes made double: it rose in front to a point, on which the reins might be hung:—after Hom., in plur., the chariot itself. 3. the frame of the lyre. 4. the orbit of the planets.

ἀντ-υποκρίνομαι, ἀντ-υπουργέω, Ion. for ἀνθ-υπ-, ἀντ-φθός, ὄν, (ἀντί, αἰδός) *singing in answer to, responsive.*

ἀντ-ωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀντ-ὄμνυμι) *an oath taken by one against another*: and so as Att. law-term, *the oath taken on the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by the defendant.*

ἀντ-ονόημα, Dep. *to buy instead: to bid against.*

ἀντ-ὄπός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ὄψι) *looking straight at, facing, fronting, straight opposite.*

ἀντ-ὠφέλην, f. ἴσων, *to benefit in turn*:—Pass. *to derive benefit in turn.*

ἀν-ὕβριστος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑβρίζω) *not insulted.* II. *not insolent, decorous.*

ἀνυδρία, ἡ, *want of water, drought.* From ἀν-ὕδρος, ὄν, (a privat., ὕδωρ) *wanting water*: ἡ ἀνυδρος (sub. γῆ), or τὸ ἀνυδρον (sub. χωρίον), *the region without water.*

ἀν-ὕμεναιος, ὄν, (a privat., ὕμεναῖος) *without the nuptial song, unwedded.*

ἄνυμες, Dor. for ἤνυμεν, I pl. impf. of ἄνυμι.

ἄνυμι, = ἀνώω:—Pass. ἀνύμαι, impf. ἤνυτο ἔργον *the work was finished.*

ἀν-ὕμενός, f. ἴσων, (ἀνά, ὕμνω) *to praise in song.*

ἀ-νύμφευτος, ὄν, (a privat., νυμφεύω) *unwedded*;

ἀνύμφετον γονὴν ἔχειν *to be born of an ill marriage.*

ἀ-νυμφος, ὄν, (a privat., νύμφη) *not bridal, unwedded*; ἀνυμφα γάμων ἀμυλλήματα *unbawled embraces.* II. *without bride or mistress.*

ἀν-ὕπερβλητος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπερβάλλω) *not to be surpassed or outdone.*

ἀν-υπεύθυνος, ὄν, (a privat., υπεύθυνος) *not liable to account, irresponsable, absolute.*

ἀν-υποδесία, ἡ, ἀνυποδесέω, ἀνυποдесτος, ὄν, are later forms of ἀνυποδесία, -δестῆω, -дестос.

ἀνυποдесία, ἡ, a going barefoot. From ἀνυποдестῆω, f. ἴσων, *to go barefoot.*

ἀν-υπόдесτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπόдесω) *unsboд, barefoot*: also *with old shoes, ill-shod.*

ἀν-υπόдесικός, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπόдесικός) *not liable to action.*

ἀν-υποκρίτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑποκρίνομαι) *undisguised, without dissimulation.*

ἀν-υποκρῆτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑποκρῆω) *unsuspected: unexpectd.* II. *act. unsuspecting.*

ἀν-υποπτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑποπτος) *without suspicion, i. e.* I. *pass. unsuspected.* 2. *act. unsuspecting.*

ἀν-υπόσπᾶτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑφίστημι) *not to be withstood, irresistible.* II. *without foundation.*

ἀν-υπότακτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑποτάσσω) *not made subject, unruly.*

ἀνώσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀνώω.

ἀνώσι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀνώω, ἔργον) *industrious.*

ἀνώσιμος, ὄν, (ἀνώω) *efficacious, effectual.*

ἀνώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνώω) *accomplishment, end.*

ἀνώσσα, Ep. for ἤνωσα, aor. I of ἀνώω.

ἀνώστος, ὄν, (ἀνώω) *to be accomplished, possible*; σιγῇ ὡς ἀνώστω as *silently as possible.*

ἀνώτιτος, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀνώσιμος,

ἀνώτο, Dor. for ἤνωτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄνυμι.

ἀνώτω or ἀνώτω [ῶ], Att. form of ἀνώω, only used in pres. and impf.

ἀν-ὕφαίνω, (ἀνά, ὑφαίνω) *to weave anew.*

ἀν-ὕψω, f. ὕσω, *to raise up on high.*

ἀνώω, Att. ἀνώω or better ἀνώτω [ῶ], poet. ἀνώμι: f. ἀνώω [ῶ]: aor. I ἤνωσα, Ep. ἄνωσσα: pf. ἤνωα:—Pass., aor. I ἤνωσάμην: pf. ἤνωσαμην:—*to accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere; οὐδὲν ἤνευε he did no good*:—Med. *to accomplish for one's own advantage*:—Pass. *to be finished, and of persons, to grow up.* 2. *to make an end of, destroy.* 3.

to come to the end of a journey, absol.; ἀνύτειν εἰς.., for ἀνύτειν οὐδὲν εἰς.., to make one's way to a place; also, ἀνύτειν θάλαμον for ἀνύτειν εἰς θάλαμον, *to arrive at the chamber.* 4. *to attain to, get, procure.*

II. with a Partic., οὐκ ἄνωυ φθονέουσα *I gain nothing by grudging*: in Att. like φθᾶνω, in the sense of doing a thing *speedily*; ἄνευ πράττων *make haste about it*; but more freq. ἀνώσας, with imperat., *make haste and.., as ἀνώσας ἄνοιγε make haste and open, etc.*: also ἄνευ alone, *make haste! dispatch!* III. less freq. with inf., στρατὸς ἤνωσε περᾶν τὴν ἀρμὴν *succeeded in crossing.*

*ἌΝΩ, impf. ἤνων, *to accomplish, finish*:—Pass. *to come to an end, be finished*; esp. of a period of time, *νῆξ ἀνέται the night draws to its end; ἔτος ἀνόμενον the waning year.* [ā]

ἀνω, Adv. (ἀνά) ἄνω, upwards, Lat. *sursum*, c. gen., αἰθέρος ἄνω ἄνω to ether: absol. *above, on high, Lat. supra.*

2. of the quarters of the heaven, northwards, opp. to κάτω, southwards.

3. of countries, inland, ἄνω from the coast.

4. of time, formerly; εἰς τὸ ἄνω reckoning upwards; οἱ ἄνω θεοὶ the gods above, Lat. *superi*; οἱ ἄνω the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω the dead; ἄνω καὶ κάτω ἄνω ἄνω, *topsy-turvy*, also ἄνω and down, *to and fro, always in the same place.*

II. as Prep. with gen. above.

III. Comp. ἀνωτέρω *higher up*: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Σαμοῦ *beyond Samos*: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, *bighest up.*

ἀνώ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνήμι. [ā]

ἀνώγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, *to command, bid, order, Lat. jubeo*: also *to advise, urge one to do.* From ἀνώγα we have I plur. ind. ἀνώμεν;

imperat. ἀνώγε and ἀνώχθι, 3 sing. ἀνώγετω and ἀνώχθω, 2 pl. ἀνώγετε and ἀνώχθε; inf. ἀνώμεν;

plqpf. ἤνώγεω, without augm. ἀνώγειν, Ion. ἤνώγεα. There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγω); whence we have an impf. ἀνώγων, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. I ἤνωγα.

ἀνώ-γαίον, τό, (ἀνω, γαῖα) properly *anything above ground*: a raised building, *the upper floor of a house*: used as a dining-room, like Lat. *coenaculum.*

ἀνώγεν, Ep. for ἀνώγειν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνώγειν; but ἀνώγεν 3 sing. of ἀνώγα.

ἀνώ-γειον, ω, τό, and ἀνώ-γειος, ω, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειμεν, Ep. I plur. ind. of ἀνώγα.

ἀνώγω, see ἀνώγα.

ἀν-ώδυνος, ον, (a privat., ὀδύνη) free from pain. II. act. *allaying pain*.

ἀνωθεν, Dor. ἀνωθα, Adv. (ἀνω) of place, from above, from heaven. 2. above, on high, and so of ἀνωθεν, the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω: c. gen., ἀνωθε γῆς above ground. II. of time, from the beginning.

ἀν-ώθει, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω:—to push up or forth, of a ship, to shove off; ἀνώσαντες πλεόν (sc. τὴν ναῦν) they pushed off and sailed:—Med. to put away from oneself.

ἀνοῦστί, Adv. of sq., unlooked for. [τῆ]

ἀν-ώιστος, ον, (a privat., οἶσμαι) unlooked for, unforeseen. II. Ion. for ἀν-οιστός, (ἀναφέρω) referred, submitted to a person.

ἀν-ώλεθρος, ον, (a privat., ὄλεθρος) indestructible.

ἀν-ώματος, ον, (a privat., ὀμαλός) uneven, unequal, irregular: τὸ ἀν. unevenness of ground.

ἀν-ώμοσι, Adv. of ἀνώμοτος, without oath.

ἀν-ώμοτος, ον, (a privat., ὄμνυμι) unsworn, not bound by oath. II. not sworn to.

ἀν-ώνομαστος, ον, (a privat., ὀνομάζω) not to be named, indescribable.

ἀν-ώνυμι and ἀνωνυμί, Adv. of ἀνώνυμος.

ἀν-ώνυμος, ον, (a privat., ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) without name, anonymous. II. nameless, inglorious.

ἀνώξει, aor. I inf. of ἀνώγω: see ἀνώγα.

ἀνώξια, fut. of ἀνώγω: see ἀνώγα.

ἀνωρία, ἡ, untimeliness; ἀνωρία τοῦ ἔτους the bad season of the year, i. e. winter. From

ἀν-ώρος, ον, (a privat., ὄρα) like ἄ-ωρος, untimely, unripe, Lat. immaturus.

ἀν-ώρυσμαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ἄρυσμαι) to bowl aloud.

ἀνώφαισι, Ion. for ἀνοῖσαι = Att. ἀνεύγειμαι, aor. I act. inf. of ἀναφέρω.

ἀνώσας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of ἀνωθέω.

ἀνώτατος, η, ον, Sup. formed from ἀνω, topmost.

ἀνωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀνω, highest up, at top.

ἀνωτερικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνωτέρω) upper or higher.

ἀνώτερον, Comp. Adv. (ἀνω) higher up: above.

ἀνωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀνω, higher up, above.

ἀν-ώφελής, ἐς, (a privat., ὄφελός) useless: also *barfuhl*, like Lat. inutilis.

ἀν-ώφελητος, ον, (a privat., ὄφελός) fruitless, unprofitable. 2. worthless.

ἀνώχθι, ἀνώχθω, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of ἀνώγα: ἀνώχθε, 2 plur. of same.

ἄξαι, aor. I inf. of ἄγνυμι, to break; ἄξαντο, 3 pl. med.

ἄξασθε, aor. I imperat. med. of ἄγω, to lead.

Ἄ-ξείνος, ον, Ion. for ἄξείνος, II. Ἄξείνος (sc. πόντος), ὁ, The Axine or Inhabitable, a name altered (for the omen's sake) to Εὐξείνος, the Euxine.

ἄξέμεναι, ἄξέμεν, Ep. for ἄξειν, fut. inf. of ἄγω.

ἄ-ξείνος, Ion. ἄ-ξείνος, ον, (a privat., ξένος) inhospitable: *uninhabitable*.

ἄ-ξείστος, ον, (a privat., ξέω) unbewon, unwrought.

ἄξῆ, aor. I subj. of ἄγνυμι.

ἄξια, ἡ, properly fem. of ἄξιον, the worth or value of a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's due or deserts; κατ' ἄξια according to his desert, ὑπέρ or παρ' ἄξια contrary to his desert.

ἄξι-άγαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀγαμαί) worth admiring, admirable. [ἀγ]

ἄξι-ἀκουστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκούω) worth hearing.

ἄξι-ἀκρόατος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκροόμαι) worth listening to.

ἄξι-ἀφήγητος, Ion. ἄξιαπήγ-, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀφηγγέομαι) worth telling.

ἄξι-ἐπαivos, ον, (ἄξιος, ἐπαινέω) praiseworthy.

ἄξι-ἐραστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἐραμαί) worthy of love.

ἄξινη, ἡ, (ἄγνυμι) an axe, esp. for hewing wood: a battle-axe. [γ]

ἄξιο-βίωτος, ον, (ἄξιος, βιώω) worth living for.

ἄξιο-εργός, ὄν, (ἄξιος, ἐργον) capable of work.

ἄξιο-θαυμάστος, ον, (ἄξιος, θαυμάζω) worthy of wonder, marvellous.

ἄξιο-θείατος, Ion. -ητος, ον, (ἄξιος, θεάομαι) worth seeing.

ἄξιο-θρήνος, ον, (ἄξιος, θρήνω) worthy of lamentation.

ἄξιο-κτητος, ον, (ἄξιος, κτάομαι) worth getting.

ἄξιο-λόγος, ον, (ἄξιος, λόγος) worthy of mention, remarkable. Adv. -γως.

ἄξιο-μακάριστος, ον, (ἄξιος, μακαρίζω) worthy to be deemed happy.

ἄξιο-μάχος, ον, (ἄξιος, μάχομαι) a match for in battle: fit to give battle.

ἄξιο-μίσης, ἐς, (ἄξιος, μίσοε) worthy of hatred, hateful.

ἄξιο-μνημόνευτος, ον, (ἄξιος, μνημονεύω) worthy of mention.

ἄξιο-νίκος, ον, (ἄξιος, νίκη) worthy of victory.

ἄξιο-πενθής, ἐς, (ἄξιος, πένθος) worthy of lamentation, lamentable.

ἄξιο-πιστος, ον, (ἄξιος, πιστός) trustworthy.

ἄξιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἄξιος, πρέπω) becoming, goodly.

ἄξι-όρατος, ον, (ἄξιος, ὄραω) worth seeing.

ἄξιος, α, ον, (ἄγω iv, to weigh) of like value, worth as much as, c. gen.; βοὸς ἄξιος worth an ox; πολλοῦ ἄξιον worth much: also c. inf., ἄξιος θανεῖν worthy of death, 2. absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the word gives the notion of high price: in Att. it has also an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap. II.

worthy, estimable: hence befitting, deserving; ἄξιός εἰμι I deserve to be, as ἄξιός εἰμι οἰκτεῖσθαι I deserve to be pitied.

ἄξιο-σκεπτος, ον, (ἄξιος, σκέπτομαι) without considering.

ἄξιο-σπουδάστος, ον, (ἄξιος, σπουδάζω) worthy of zealous endeavours.

ἄξιο-στράτηγος, ον, (ἄξιος, στρατηγός) worthy of being general, worthy of a great general.

ἄξιο-τέκμαρτος, ὄν, (ἄξιος, τεκμαίρω) worthy of being brought in evidence, credible.

ἄξιο-φίλτος, *ov*, (ἄξιος, φίλῳ) *worth loving*.
 ἄξιο-χρεως, *ov*, Ion. for sq.
 ἄξιο-χρεως, *ων*, gen. *ω* : Ion. ἄξιο-χρεως, *ov*, neut. pl. ἄξιοχρεα : (ἄξιος, χρεός) *worthy of a thing*, and so *worth considering, considerable, remarkable*. 2. *serviceable, sufficient*. II. with inf. *able, sufficient to do*. III. like ἄξιος, with gen., *worthy of a thing*.
 ἄξιόω, *f. ὄσω* : pf. ἤξιόωκα :—Pass. fut. ἀξιωθήσομαι, but also in med. form ἀξιώσομαι : pf. ἤξιόωμαι : (ἄξιος)—to *think or deem worthy of a thing* : of things, *to value at a certain rate* : also absol. *to esteem, honour*. II. but mostly with inf. *to think one worthy to do or be* : hence I. of others, *to think fit, expect, require*, Lat. *postulare* ; ἀξιῶ κομίζεσθαι *I think I have a right to receive* : absol. *to make a claim*. 2. of oneself, *to think fit to do or be* ; ἀξιῶ θανεῖν *I consent to die* ; ἀξιῶ πράσσειν *I dare, determine to do* : esp. *to design, condescend to do* : so in Med., ἀξιούσθαι μέλειν *to deign to care for*. 3. *to think, suppose* ; *to lay down, maintain*. Hence ἀξιῶμα, *ατος, τό*, *that of which one is thought worthy*, and so, *esteem, reputation, rank*, Lat. *dignitas*. II. *that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose*. 2. in philosophy, *a self-evident proposition, an axiom*.
 ἄξιως, Adv. of ἄξιος, *worthily, as a being*.
 ἀξιῶσις, *εως*, Ion. *ιος, ἦ*, (ἀξιόω) *as being thought worthy* : *estimation, reputation, character*. II. (from Med.) *a thinking oneself worthy, a demand, claim*. III. *a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim*.
 ἀξομαι, fut. med. (with pass sense) of ἀγω.
 ἀξόνιος, *α, ov*, (ἄξων) *belonging to the axle*.
 ἄξος, *ὄ*, Cretan word for ἀγκύος.
 ἀ-ξυγκρότητος, *ov*, for ἀνγκύς, (a privat., *συγκροτέω*) *not welded together by the hammer* : of rowers, *not rowing in time*.
 ἀξύλια, *ἦ*, (ἄξύλος) *want of wood*.
 ἀξύλος, *ov*, (a privat., ξύλον) *unfelled, unthinned*, hence *thickly wooded*. II. *without wood, ill-wooded*.
 ἀ-ξυμ-, ἀ-ξυν-, *v. ἄσυν-, ἄσυν-*.
 ἀ-ξύσπατος, *ov*, *v. ἄσυστ-*.
 ἄξων, *ονος, ὄ*, (ἀγω) *an axle, Lat. axis* : also the whole wheel : also, the supposed axis of the heavens, *the pole*. II. of ἀξονες, the wooden tablets of the laws in Athens, *made to turn upon an axis*.
 ἄξωτος, *ὄ*, an attendant, minister, esp. belonging to a temple. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἄοιδῆ, contr. φῶδῆ, *ἦ*, (ἀείδω) *song, a singing* : also the *subject of song* : hence a legend, tale.
 ἄοιδιάω, poet. for ἀείδω.
 ἄοιδίμος, *ov*, (ἀείδω) *sung of, famous in song* : in bad sense, *notorious*.
 ἄοιδο-θέτης, *ov, ὄ*, (ἀοιδῆ, τίθημι) *a lyric poet*.
 ἄοιδο-πόλος, *ὄ*, (ἀοιδῆ, πολέω) *one busied with song, a poet*.
 ἄοιδός, *ὄ*, (ἀείδω) *a singer, minstrel, bard*, Lat. *vates* : fem. *a songstress, of the Sphinx*. II. as Adj. ἄοιδός, *όν*, *tuneful, musical*.

ἄοιδο-τόκος, *ov*, *inspiring song*.
 ἀ-οίκητος, *ov*, (a privat., οἰκέω) *uninhabited* : *houseless, without a home*.
 ἀ-οικος, *ov*, (a privat., οἶκος) *houseless, without home or country*.
 ἀ-οινος, *ov*, (a privat., οἶνος) *without wine* : *not worshipped with oblations of wine* : of men, *drinking no wine, sober* : of a place, *having none*.
 ἄοιος, *α, ov*, Aeol. and Dor. for ἠοῖος.
 ἀ-οικνος, *ov*, (a privat., οἶκνος) *without fear or hesitation, untiring, restless*. Adv. *vout*.
 ἀ-ολλέα, ἀολλέας, acc. sing. and plur. of ἀολλῆς.
 ἀολλῆδην, Adv. of ἀολλῆς, *in a body, together*.
 ἀολλῆς, *ές*, (a copul., ἐλλῶ) *all together, in throngs, shoals or crowds*. Hence
 ἀολλίω, *f. ἴω*, *to gather together* :—Pass. *to come together, assemble*.
 ἀ-οπλος, *ov*, (a privat., ὄπλον) *without armour, unarmed*.
 ἄορ and ἄορ, ἄορος, τό, (ἀείρω) *a sword, properly a banger* : later, *any weapon*.
 ἄορᾶς, acc. pl for ἄορα, from ἄορ, τό, *a sword*.
 ἀ-όρατος, *ov*, (a privat., ὄραω) *unseen, invisible*.
 ἀ-όριστος, *ov*, (a privat., ὀρίζω) *without boundaries* : *indefinite, indeterminate*. II. ὁ ἀόριστος (sub. χρόνος), *the aorist tense*.
 ἀ-ορνος, *ov*, (a privat., ὀρνις) *without birds*.
 ἀορτή, *ἦ*, (ἀείρω) *a knapsack*. II. *the aorta or great artery*.
 ἀορτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ἀείρω) *a strap over the shoulder to hang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt* ; but also *a knapsack-strap*.
 ἄορτο, Ion. for ἦορτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἀείρω ; cf. ἄορτο.
 ἀοσσεύω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἄοσος) *to help, aid*. Hence
 ἀοσσητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, *a helper, aider*.
 ἀ-ουτος, *ov*, (a privat., οὐτάω) *not wounded, unburnt*.
 ἀπαγγεῖλαι, ἀπαγγεῖλας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀπαγγέλλω.
 ἀπαγγελία, *ἦ*, *a report given in* : *a narrative, recital*. From
 ἀπα-αγγέλλω, *f. -ελῶ*, Ion. -ελέω : aor. I -ἤγγειλα :—Pass., aor. I -ἤγγεθην, aor. 2 -ἤγγελην : pf. -ἤγγειλαμι :—to *bring tidings, report, announce* ; to *relate, tell* :—Med., πάλιν ἀπαγγέλλεσθαι *to bring back tidings*. Hence
 ἀπαγγελτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, *a messenger*.
 ἀπ-αγε, Adv. *away! be gone! Lat. apage!* properly imperat. of ἀπάγω (sub. σεαυτόν).
 ἀ-παγής, *ές*, (a privat., παγῆναι) *not firmly fixed* : of loose texture.
 ἀπ-αγνέω, Ion. for ἀπ-άγω, esp. of paying tribute.
 ἀπ-αγλατίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ιῶ*, *to deprive of ornament*.
 ἀπ-ἀγορεύω, *f. ἴω*, (the Att. fut. is ἀπειρῶ, pf. ἀπείρηκα, aor. ἀπείπον) :—to *forbid* : absol. *to dissuade*. II. intr. *to bid farewell to, to renounce, c. dat.* : c. part. *to give up doing* : also *to grow weary of*. 2. to

fail, sink, give way; also of things, τὰ ἀπαγορεύοντα things worn out.

ἀπαγριόμαι, Pass. (ἀπό, ἄγριος) to become wild or savage.

ἀπαγχιονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, = ἀπάγχω.

ἀπαγγίω, f. ἄγγω, to strangle, throttle:—Med. to bang oneself; to be ready to choke.

ἀπαάγω, f. ἄγω: (for the tenses, v. ἄγω):—to lead away, carry off:—Med. to take away for oneself. II. to take home. III. to return what one owes, pay.

IV. as Att. law-term, to bring before a magistrate and accuse. 2. to lead away to death. V. to lead away, perplex; to divert from a thing. VI. as if intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to make off, go away, esp. in imperat. ἀπάγε, q. v. Hence

ἀπάγῃ, ἡ, a leading or dragging away. II. a taking home. III. payment of tribute. IV. as Att. law-term, a bringing before the magistrate.

ἀπάδειν, -εῖν, Ion. for ἀπαδ-, aor. 2 inf. of ἀφανδάνω.

ἀπάδω, f. ἄσομαι, to sing out of tune: metaph. to dissent from: to wander away from.

ἀπαείρομαι, Pass. to depart from.

ἀπαθανατίζω, to aim at immortality.

ἀπάθεια, ἡ, insensibility to suffering, apathy. From ἀ-πάθης, ἑς, (a privat., πάθος) without suffering, not suffering: insensible, apathetic. 2. unwilling to suffer, impatient of. 3. not having suffered, unbarmed.

ἀπαθῶς, Adv. of ἀπαθῆς, without passion.

ἀπαί, poet. for ἀπό.

ἀπαίδευσία, ὁ, want of education, ignorance: coarseness. II. want of control over a thing. From ἀ-παιδευτος, ον, (a privat., παιδεύω) uneducated, ignorant, boorish. Adv. ἀπαιδεύτως ἔχειν to be boorish.

ἀπαυδία, ἡ, (ἀπαις) childlessness.

ἀπαυθιάζω f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, αυθρία) to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather.

ἀπαίνυμαι, Ep. ἀπο-αίνυμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, αἰνυμαι):—to take away, withdraw: pluck off.

ἀπαίνυτο, 3 sing. impf. of foreg.

ἀπαϊολάω, to cheat: to perplex, confound. From ἀπαϊόλη, ἡ, (ἀπό, αἰόλος) cheating, during, any means of cheating.

ἀπαϊόλημα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick.

ἀπαϊρεθῶ, Ion. for ἀφαρεθῶ, aor. I subj. pass. of ἀφαίρω.

ἀπαίρω, Ion. for ἀφ-αίρω.

ἀπαίρω, Ep. lengthd. ἀπα-αίρω: Ion. impf. ἀπαίρεσκον: fut. ἀπαίρω: aor. I ἀπήρα: pf. ἀπήρικα:—to lift off: hence to carry, take away. II. to lead away an army or fleet; hence, as if intr. to sail away, march away: generally, to set out, depart: also c. gen., ἀπαίρειν χθονός to depart from the land.

ἀ-παις, ἀπαιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., παῖς) childless: c. gen., ἀπαις ἔρπενος γόνου without male heirs.

ἀπα-αἶσω, Att. -φῶσω, f. ξω: Att. aor. I ἀπήρα:—to rush down: generally, to dart away.

ἀπα-αἶτω, f. ἡξω, to demand back, or simply to demand of one:—Pass. to have a thing demanded of one. Hence

ἀπαίτησις, εως, ἡ, a demanding back, demand.

ἀπα-αἰτίω, f. ἴσω, = ἀπαίτω, to demand back.

ἀπα-αἰώρω, f. ἡσω, to make to hang down, suspend:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to hang down from, bover about.

ἀπα-ακρίβδομαι, pf. ἀπηκρίβωμαι: Pass. (ἀπό, ακριβής):—to be finished off, carefully finished: pf. pass. part. ἀπηκρίβωμενος, bigly wrought or finished.

ἀ-πάλαιστος, ον, (a privat., πάλαίω) not thrown in wrestling: generally, unconquerable.

ἀ-πάλαιστρος, ον, (a privat., πάλαίστρα) not trained in the palaestra, awkward. II. not customary on the palaestra.

ἀπάλαλκε, ἀπάλαλκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 ind. and opt. of ἀπαλάω, but formed by redupl. from *ἀπάλλω:—Ep. inf. ἀπαλαλέμεν.

ἀπάλαμος, ον, = ἀπάλαμος, helpless, silly. II. unmanageable, lawless.

ἀπάλαμος, ον, (a privat., πάλαμη) without bands or without the use of them: helpless, lazy. II. which cannot be helped, unmanageable.

ἀπα-ἀλάομαι, Pass. to go astray, wander.

ἀπα-ἀλγέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀπό, ἀλγέω) to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling.

ἀπα-ἀλείφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀπα-ἀλήψα:—to wipe off, expunge, esp. from a register.

ἀπα-ἀλέξω, fut. -αλεξήσω: aor. I opt. ἀπαλεξήσαιμι: Ep. aor. 2 ἀπάλαλκον, see ἀπάλαλκε: (ἀπό, ἀλέξω): to ward off from another, c. acc. rei. et gen. pers.: ἀπαλέξεν βέλος τινός to ward off a dart from a man: also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, to keep one from, as ἀπ. τινά κακότητος to keep a man from evil:—Med. to defend oneself against.

ἀπα-ἀληθεύω, f. σω, to speak the whole truth.

ἀπα-ἀλθόμαι, f. -ήσομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, ἀλθέω) to heal thoroughly.

ἀπαλθήσοσθον, 3 dual. fut. ind. of ἀπαλθέομαι.

ἀπαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀπαλλάσσω) deliverance, release, riddance from a thing. II. a removal, a divorce. III. (from Pass.) a going away, escape: departure.

ἀπα-ἀλλάξω, Desiderat. of ἀπαλλάσσωμαι, to wish to be rid of.

ἐπαλλάξις, εως, ἡ, = ἀπαλλαγῇ.

ἀπα-ἀλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I -ήλαξα: pf. -ήλαξα:—to set free, release, rid of a thing. 2. to put away from, remove from: also to get rid of. II. intrans. to get off free, escape, esp. with an Adv., e. g. εἶ, κακῶς ἀπαλλάσσειν: to go away, depart.

Pass., with fut. and aor. I med., ἀπαλλάξομαι, ἀπηλαξάμην; but also fut. pass. ἀπαλαχθήσομαι, aor. I ἀπηλλάχθην or aor. 2 ἀπηλλάγην: pf. ἀπήλα-

λαγμαι:—to be set free, released from a thing, get rid of it. 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Adv., e. g. καλώς, ἀζήμους ἀπαλλαχθῆναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted. II. to remove, depart from, go away, hence to depart from life, to be deceased; ἐκ παίδων ἀπαλλαχθῆναι like Lat. *e pueris excedere*, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off from, give over, cease.

ἀπαλλοτριώω, f. ὤσω: pf. ἠλλοτριώκα: (ἀπό, ἀλλότριος):—to estrange.

ἀπα-ἄλοάω, πρότ. -αλοιάω, f. ἴσω, properly to thresh out: hence to bruise, crush.

ἀπαλό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀπαλός, θρίξ) with soft bair. 'ΑΠΑΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, soft, tender: metaph. soft, gentle: delicate. Hence

ἐπαλότης, ητος, ἡ, softness, tenderness.

ἀπαλό-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἀπαλός, τρέφω) well fed, plump.

ἀπαλό-φρων, ὄν, (ἀπαλός, φρήν) soft-hearted.

ἀπαλό-χρως, ὄν, contr. -χρους, χρουν, (ἀπαλός, χρός) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., ἀπαλό-χρους, dat. -χροῦ, etc.

ἐπαλύνω, f. ἔνω, (ἀπαλός) to soften.

ἀπα-μαλύνω, to destroy utterly.

ἀπα-αμάω, f. ἴσω, to cut off.

ἀπα-αμβλύω, f. ἔνω:—Pass., pf. ἀπήμβλυμαι. Το blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose its edge.

ἀπαμβροτεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀφαρματάνω.

ἀπα-αμείβομαι, f. -αμείβομαι: aor. I -ἠμείβην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἀμείβω):—to reply to, answer.

ἀπα-αμέρω, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

ἀπα-αμελέω, f. ἴσω, to neglect utterly.

ἀπαμαρτέω, η, ὄν, Ion. for ἀφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀφάπτω.

ἀπα-αμπλακίσκω, f. ἴσω: aor. 2 ἀπήμπλακον, inf. ἀπαμπλακεῖν: = ἀφαρματάνω.

ἀπα-αμύνω, fut. ἔνω, to keep off, ward off, to repulse:—Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive back, repel. 2. to defend oneself.

ἀπα-ἀναίνομαι: aor. I ἀπηρνάμην: Dep.: to refuse or reject utterly.

ἀπα-αναισχυντέω, f. ἴσω, to be utterly shamesels: to be shameless enough to do or say.

ἀπα-ανῶλισκω, fut. -ανῶλω: pf. -ανῶλωκα:—to utterly consume or expend.

ἀπανάσταισις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπανίσταμαι) a removing from one place to another.

ἀπα-ἀνδρόομαι, pf. ἀπήνδρωμαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἀνδρός) gen. of ἀνήρ):—to become a man.

ἀπα-ἀνευθε and -θεν, strengthd. for ἀνευθε, Adv. afar off, far away. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from: aloof from: but also out from.

ἀπα-ἀνήλασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπα-ἀνθῶ, f. ἴσω: pf. ἀπήνηθηκα:—to leave off blooming, fade, wither. Hence

ἀπάνθησις, εως, ἡ, a fading, withering.

ἀπα-ἀνθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἀνθος) to pluck off flowers: metaph., ματαίαν γλώσσαν ἀπανθίζειν to cull the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please.

ἀπα-ἀνθράκιω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to broil on the coals, roast. Hence

ἀπα-ἀνθρακίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἀνθράξ) a small fish for broiling. II. a cake baked on coals.

ἀπα-ἀνθρακώω, f. ὤσω, to burn to a cinder.

ἀπα-ἀνθρωπία, ἡ, inhumanity. From

ἀπα-ἀνθρώπος, ὄν, far from man, inhuman, savage. II. unsocial: of countries, uninhabited.

ἀπα-ἀνίστημι, fut. -αναστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to make rise up and depart, take or send away. II. Pass. ἀπανίσταμαι, with intr. aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

ἀπαντάχουθι, Adv. = ἀπανταχοῦ.

ἀπαντάχοῦ, Adv. (ἀπας) everywhere.

ἀπα-αντάω, Att. impf. ἀπήντων: f. ἀπαντήσομαι: aor. I ἀπήντησα: pf. ἀπήντηκα:—to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe: hence to resist. 2. to meet with, light or fall upon. 3. of things, to happen, come upon one: also to turn out well, prosper. 4. to go or come to, arrive or be present at: also to have recourse to a thing.

ἀπάντη, Adv. (ἀπας) everywhere. II. every-way.

ἀπα-άντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαντάω.

ἀπάντησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπαντάω) a meeting, encountering.

ἀπα-αντικρύ, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντικρύ) right opposite.

ἀπα-αντίον, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίον) right opposite.

ἀπα-ἀντλέω, f. ἴσω, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen.

ἀπα-άντομαι, = ἀπαντάω.

ἀπα-ανύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ], to accomplish or finish entirely: ἀπανύειν [sub. ὁδόν] to finish a journey.

'ΑΠΑΞ, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat. *semel*. II. without any notion of number, after ἐπέε, ὤς, etc., like Lat. *ut semel*; ὤς ἅπαξ ἤρξατο when once he began.

ἀπαξ-ἀπᾶς, ἅσα, ἅν, mostly in plur. all at once, all together: in sing. every one.

ἀπαξ-ἀπᾶς, Adv. in general, upon the whole.

ἀπα-ἀξία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) unworthiness.

ἀπα-ἀξιος, ὄν, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) = ἀνάξιος, unworthy of.

ἀπα-ἀξιόω, f. ὤσω, to deem unworthy of one: to disclaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. *dedignari*.

ἀπα-ἀίρορος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀήτορος.

ἀπα-ἀππος, ὄν, (a privat., πάππος) with no grandfather or ancestors.

ἀπα-ἀπτω, ὄν, for ἀφ-ἀπτω.

ἀπα-ἀπαβάτος, ὄν, (a privat., παραβαίνω) not transgressed. II. act. not passing over to another: not passing away, unchangeable.

ἀπα-ἀραρημέως, Ion. pf. pass. part. of ἀφ-αίρω.

ἀπα-ἀπάρητος, ὄν, (a privat., παραιτέω) not to be turned away by prayers: not to be begged off, in-

evitable. II. of persons, *not to be entreated, inexorable*: Adv. -τως, *inexorably*.

ἀ-παράκαλυτος, *ov*, (a privat., παρακαλύπτω) *uncovered*: Adv. -τως, *undisguisedly*. [κᾶ]

ἀ-παράκλητος, *ov*, (a privat., παρακαλέω) *unsummoned, without being called upon*.

ἀ-παράλλακτος, *ov*, (a privat., παραλλάσσω) *unexchangeable*.

ἀ-παράλογος, *ov*, (a privat., παραλογίζομαι) *not to be deceived*.

ἀ-παράμυθητος, *ov*, (a privat., παραμυθέομαι) *not to be persuaded*: hence *incorrigible*: also *inconceivable*. II. *not to be entreated, inexorable*. [ῥ]

ἀ-παράμυθος, *ov*, = ἀπαράμυθητος, *inexorable: unbending, stubborn, savage*. [Aesch. ἀπᾶρᾶ, like ἀθάνατος.]

ἀπᾶραι, *aor. I inf. of ἀπαίρω*.

ἀπάραιξα, *Ep. aor. I of ἀπαράσσω*.

ἀ-παράσκευαστος, *ov*, (a privat., παρασκευάζω) = sq. ἀ-παράσκευος, *ov*, (a privat., παρασκευή) *without preparation, unprepared*.

ἀπ-ἀράσσω, *Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἀπᾶραξα:—to strike off: to sweep off, Lat. decutere*.

ἀπ-αργμα, *ατος, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή*.

ἀπ-ἀρέσκω, *f. -αρέσω, to displease, be disagreeable to*.

2. *Med. with pass. sense, οὐ νυμεσητόν Βασίλῃα ἄνδρα ἀπαρέσσασθαι one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased*. Hence

ἀπᾶρέσσοσθαι, *Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἀπαρέσκω*.

ἀ-παρθένευτος, *ov*, (a privat., παρθενεύω) *unmaidenly, unfitting a maiden*: in neut. pl. as Adv.

ἀ-πάρθενος, *ov*, (a privat., παρθένος) *no more a maid; νύμφην ἄνυμφον παρθένον τ' ἀπάρθενον 'virgin wife and widow'd maid'*.

ἀπ-ἀριθμέω, *f. ἦσω, to count over: to reckon up*. II. *to reckon or pay back*. Hence

ἀπᾶριθμησις, *εως, ἡ, a counting over*.

ἀπ-αρκέω, *f. ἔσω, to suffice, be sufficient*. II. *intr. to be contented, acquiesce*.

ἀπ-αρνέομαι, *fut. med. ἡσσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀπηγήθησεν*: *Dep.:—to deny utterly, deny:—fut. ἀπαρνηθήσεται in pass. sense, it shall be denied*.

ἀπ-αρνος, *ov*, (ἀπό, ἀρνέομαι) *denying utterly; ἀπαρνος ἔστι μὴ νοσέειν he denies that he is sick; c. gen., ἀπαρνος οὐδενὸς καθίστατο she denied nothing*. II. *pass. denied, refused*.

ἀπ-αρθάω, *f. ἦσω*: *Pass., pf. -ήρημαι:—properly, to bang from: to bang, strangle*. II. *to take away and bang up:—Pass. to be in suspense*. III. *to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. εἰαυτόν), to remove oneself, go away*.

ἀπ-αρτί, (ἀπό, ἄρτιος) *Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just*. II. *just the reverse, quite the contrary*.

III. *of time, = ἀπὸ ἀρτί, for ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν, from now, from this time:—just now, even now*.

ἀπ-αρτίξω, *f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to get ready, complete:—Pass. to be completed, exactly made up*.

ἀπ-αρτί-λογία, *ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄρτιος, λόγος) a round, full, even number or sum*.

ἀπαρτισμός, *ὁ, (ἀπαρτίζω) completion*.

ἀπ-ἀρυστέον, *verb. Adj. one must draw off*. From ἀπ-ἀρύω, *f. ὕσω [ῥ], to draw off, skim off*.

ἀπ-αρχή, *ἡ, mostly used in plur. ἀπαρχαί, the beginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead*. 2. *the firstlings for sacrifice, first-fruits*. From

ἀπ-ἀρχομαι, *f. ξομαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice; τρίχας ἀπάρχεσθαι to begin the sacrifice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forehead and throwing it into the fire*. II. *c. gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of*. 2. *to offer the firstlings or first-fruits of a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice*.

ἀπ-ἀρχω, *f. ξω, to lead the way*.

ἀ-πᾶς, ἀπάσα, ἅπαν, (ἔμα, πᾶς) *strengthd. for πᾶς, quite all, all together: ἐν ἅπασι and εἰς ἅπαντα, entirely:—in Att. also like πᾶς in the sense of every one, Lat. unusquisque*.

ἀπ-ασπαίρω, *to struggle convulsively*.

ἀπαστία, *ἡ, a fasting, fast*. From

ἀ-παστος, *ov*, (a privat., πάσμαι) *not having tasted*.

ἀπ-ασχολέομαι, *Dep. to have no leisure*.

ἀπάτῳ, *f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡπάτησα, Ep. ἀπ-: pf. ἡπάτηκα: (ἀπάτη):—to cheat, trick, outwit, beguile: like Lat. fallere tempus, to beguile the time:—Pass. to be deceived, mistaken*.

ἀπ-ἀτερθε and -θεν, *Adv. (ἀπό, ἀτερθε) far apart, aloof, all alone*. II. *Prep. with gen. far from, away from*.

ἀπάτῳ, *Ion. for ἀπατάω*.

ἀπάτῳ, ἄνος, *ὁ, a cheat, rogue*. From

'ΑΠΑ'ΤΗ, *ἡ, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, deceit: in a less bad sense, cunning, craft: a stratagem in war*. Hence

ἀπάτῳ, *ov*, *deceitful, wily*.

ἀπάτηλος, *ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπατήλιος*.

ἀπάτημα, *ατος, τό, (ἀπατάω) a deceit*.

ἀπάτητικός, *ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπατάω) fallacious*.

ἀπ-ἀπῆτος, *ov*, (a privat., πᾶτέω) *untrotted*.

ἀπ-ατιμάζω, *f. ἄσω, = ἀπατιμάω*.

ἀπ-ατιμάω, *f. ἦσω, strengthd. for ἀτιμάω, to dishonour greatly*.

'Απατούρια, *ov*, *τά, the Apaturia, a festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days, during which the Athenians had their grown up sons enrolled among the citizens. (Prob. derived from πατήρ or φρατρία, with a euphon.)*

ἀ-πάτωρ, *ος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., πᾶτήρ) fatherless, orphan: disowned by the father*.

ἀπ-αυγάω, *f. σω, to beam with light*. Hence

ἀπαύγασμα, *ατος, τό, a reflection*.

ἀπ-αυδάω, *f. ἦσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edicere, c. inf.* II. *to forbid, foll. by μή and inf., ἀπαυδάω τινα μὴ ποιεῖν I forbid his doing*. III. *to decline, renounce*. IV. *to deny*. V. *intr. to be wanting*.

towards; ἀπαιδᾶν φίλω, to fail a friend: also to faint, sink; ἀπαιδᾶν κόπω to faint with toil.

ἀπ-αυθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep. to speak or act boldly, speak out.

ἀπ-αυθημερίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, (ἀπό, αὐθήμερος) to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day.

ἀπ-αυράω, only found in impf. with aor. sense, ἀπύραον, ἀπυρήρας, ἀπυρήρα, to which must be added the aor. I part. act. and med., ἀπούρας, ἀπουράμενος: (αἰράω the simple is not found):—to take away from, wrest from, rob of, τινά τι. II. to receive good or ill, to enjoy or suffer: (but wherever this sense occurs, ἀπυρήρα, etc., should be altered into ἔπαυρεί, etc.)

ἀ-παυστος, ov, (a privat., παύω) not to be stopped or assuaged: never-ending. II. c. gen. never ceasing from.

ἀπ-αυτίκα, Adv. forthwith, on the spot.

ἀπ-αυτομολέω, f. ἴσω, to go of one's own accord, desert.

ἀπάφισκω, fut. ἀπαφήσω: aor. 2 ἤπαφον, part. ἀπαφάν: aor. 2 med. opt. ἀπάφοιτο in act. sense:—like ἀπατάω, to cheat, beguile.

ἀπ-άχθομαι, Dep. to be hateful or grievous: to become disliked, incur odium.

ἀπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἀποβάλλω.

ἀπέβην, ἀπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπέβλισα, aor. I of ἀποβλίττω.

ἀπεδάσος, ov, Dor. for ἠπεδασός.

ἀ-πέδιλος, ov, (a privat., πέδιλον) unsod, barefoot.

ἀ-πέδος, ov, (a copul., πέδος) even, level, flat.

ἀπεδρύθησιν, aor. I pass. of ἀποδρύνω.

ἀπ-έδω, see ἀπ-εσθίω.

ἀπέησιν, Ep. for ἀπή, 3 sing. pres. subj. of ἄπειμι (εἰμι sum).

ἀπ-έειπε, Ep. 3 sing. indic. of ἀπειπών.

ἀπέεργε, 3 sing. imperf. of ἀποεργάω.

ἀπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπ-είδον, inf. ἀπιδέιν, aor. 2 without pres. in use, serving as aor. 2 ἀφώραν:—to look away from other things at, and so simply to look at.

ἀπειθεια, ἡ, (ἀπειθής) disobedience.

ἀπειθέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειθής) to refuse compliance, to be disobedient.

ἀπ-είθη, ἀπ-είθησαν, Ion. for ἀφ-είθη, ἀφ-είθησαν, 3 sing. and plur. aor. I pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀ-πειθής, és, (a privat., πείθομαι) disobedient: of ships, unmanageable. II. (πείθω) act. not persuading.

ἀπ-εικάζω, f. ἴσω, to copy, represent, express by a comparison: hence to compare with, liken to. II. ὡς ἀπεικάσαι, to conjecture, ut licet conjicere.

ἀπ-εικονίζω, (ἀπό, εἰκών) to represent or portray in a statue.

ἀπεικός, ἀπ-εικός, see ἀπεικός.

ἀπειλείω, Ep. for ἀπειλέω, to threaten.

ἀπ-ειλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, εἰλέω) to press bard: Pass.,

ἀπειληθεῖς ἐς ἀπορίην, ἐς ἀναγκαίην driven into great straits.

ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειλή) to threaten, Lat. minari: c. inf. to threaten to do. II. to make boastful

threats: to boast, brag, Lat. gloriari. III. to assure, promise, vow:—Pass. to be terrified by threats.

ἀπειλή, ἡ, mostly in plur. ἀπειλά, threats; also boasts, braggart words: in sing. a threatening.

(Deriv. uncertain.) [ᾗ]

ἀπ-ειληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀπ-ειλέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπειλήματος, ατος, τό, = ἀπειλή.

ἀπ-ειλημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀπ-ειλέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπ-είλημμαι, perf. pass. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπειλήτην, Ep. for ἠπειλήτην, 3 dual impf. of ἀπειλέω (ἀπειλή).

ἀπειλητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἀπειλέω) a threatener, boaster. Hence

ἀπειλητήριος, α, ov, threatening, menacing.

ἀπειλητής, οὔ, ὅ, = ἀπειλητήρ.

ἀπειλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπειλητήριος.

ἀπειλήφα, perf. act. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπ-εimi, fut. ἀπέσομαι, (ἀπό, εἰμι sum) to be away from: absol. to be away or absent: of things, to be wanting. Hom. mostly uses impf. ἀπήν, Ep. ἀπέην, 3 pl. ἀπεσάν, and Ep. fut. ἀπέσομαι.

ἀπ-εimi, (ἀπό, εἰμι ibo) to go away, depart: the pres. mostly as fut. I will go: imperat. ἀπίθι, part. ἀπιών.

ἀπειμένεω, = ἀπειπών, v. sq.

ἀπ-εἶπον: inf. ἀπειπεῖν, Ep. ἀποειπεῖν: also aor. I ἀπειπα, med. ἀπειπάμην: fut. ἀπερώ, pf. ἀπέρηκα: the pres. being supplied by ἀπόφηνι, ἀπαγορεύω:—to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly. II. to forbid,

folly. by μή with inf.; ἀεῖπον αὐτὸν μὴ ποιεῖν I forbade him to do: τὸ ἀπειρημένον, a forbidden thing. III. to renounce, disown, give up; ἀπειπασθαι τὸν υἱὸν to disown his son; ἀπειπεῖν ὄψιν to avert a vision by offerings. IV. to deny, refuse. V. intrans. to give up, be worn out, fail: c. dat. pers. to fail or be wanting to one; ἀπειρηκέμαι φίλοις to fail one's friends; but, ἀπειρηκέμαι χρήμασι to be bankrupt:—c. part., ἀπ. καθήμενος to be tired of sitting.

ἀ-πείρατος, ov, (a privat., πέρας) endless, boundless.

ἀ-πείραστος, ov, (a privat., πειράζω) inexperienced.

ἀ-πείρατος, ov, (a privat., πειράσομαι) Dor. for ἀπειρητος, untried.

ἀπ-εἰργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-εργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἀπεργάω.

ἀπ-εἰργω, in Herodotus mostly ἀπ-εργω, Ep. also ἀπο-εργω: f. ἴσω: aor. I ἀπείργα: poet. aor. 2 ἀπείργαθον, Ep. ἀποεργαθον: Pass., pf. ἀπείργμαι, Ep. ἀπείργμαι:—to keep away or shut out from: part from: to keep or binder from, to keep back: of a river, ἀπεργμένως, shut out from its old course. II. to part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, etc. III. to shut up, confine.

ἀ-πειρέσιος, α, ov, and os, ov, lengthd. form for ἀπειρος. II. boundless, endless, countless.

ἀπ-εἶρηκα, inf. ἀπειρηκέναι, perf. of ἀπέπειπον.
 ἀπ-εἶρηκα, perf. pass. of ἀπέπειπον.
 ἀπ-εἶρητος, ov, also η, ov, (a privat., πειράομαι) without trial, and so I. act. without making trial of, or absol. making no attempt: also without experience of, inexperienced or unskilled in a thing. II. pass. untried, unattempted.
 ἀπειρία, ἡ, (ἀπειρος I, πείρα) opp. to ἐμπειρία, want of skill, inexperience. II. (ἀπειρος II, πέρας) infinity.
 ἀ-πειρίτως, ov, Ep. for ἀπειρέσιος.
 ἀπείρο-δακρυς, υ, gen. vos, (ἀπειρος, δάκρυ) weeping to excess.
 ἀπείρο-δρυσος, ov, (ἀπειρος, δρῦσος) unbedewed.
 ἀπείρο-κακος, ov, (ἀπειρος, κακός) inexperienced in ill: τὸ ἀπείροκακον simplicity. II. unused to evil.
 ἀπειροκαλία, ἡ, ignorance of the beautiful, want of taste: in plur. vulgarities. From
 ἀπείρο-κάλος, ov, (ἀπειρος, καλός) without taste, coarse, vulgar. Adv. -λως.
 ἀπείρο-λεχής, ἐς, (ἀπειρος, λέχος) unmarried.
 ἀπείρο-μάχης, ov, Dor. -μάχας, α, δ, (ἀπειρος, μάχη) untried in battle. [α]
 ἀ-πείρος, ov, I. (a privat., πείρα, πειράομαι) without trial or experience of a thing, unused to it: ignorant of: hence absol. inexperienced, ignorant. II. (a privat., πείρας, πέρας) like ἀπειρέσιος, boundless, endless, countless. 2. of garments, etc., endless, i. e. without end or outlet.
 ἀ-πειροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀπειρία, inexperience.
 ἀπείρο-τοκος, ov, (ἀπειρος, τόκος) without experience of childbirth, not having yet brought forth.
 ἀ-πείρων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., πείρα, Ep. for πέρας) = ἀπειρος II, boundless, endless, countless. II. (a privat., πείρα) = ἀπειρος I, inexperienced.
 ἀπ-εἰς, Ion. for ἀφ-εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἀφ-ίημι.
 ἀπ-έκ, Prep. with gen. away out of.
 ἀπ-εκδέχομαι, f. δέξομαι, Dep. to expect.
 ἀπ-εκδύω or -δύω, f. δύσω [ῥ], to strip clothes off from another. II. Med. ἀπεκδύομαι, fut. -δύσομαι [ῥ]: aor. 2 act. ἀπεξέδυν, perf. ἀπεκδέδυκα:—to strip oneself; to put off one's clothes. Hence ἀπέκδυσς, εως, ἡ, a putting off the clothes.
 ἀπέκχε, a Dor. aor. I (as if from *ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέβαλε, be lost.
 ἀπ-εκλανθάνομαι, Med. to forget entirely:—Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. ἀπεκλελάθεσθε θάμβεος forget entirely your surprise.
 ἀπεκλελάθεσθε, v. foreg.
 ἀπ-εκρῆμα, aor. I of ἀποκρεμάννμι.
 ἀπ-έκτανον, aor. 2 of ἀποκτείνω.
 ἀπ-έκτατο, pf. pass. plqpf. of ἀποκτείνω.
 ἀ-πέκτητος, ov, (a privat., πεκτέω) uncombed, unkempt.
 ἀπ-ελαύνω: fut. ἀπελάσω, Att. ἀπελῶ: pf. ἀπελήλακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀπηλάθην [α]: pf. ἀπελήλασμαι and -αμαι:—also ἀπέλα as imperat. of simple pres. ἀπέλας: Dor. aor. 2 ἀπήλαον:—to drive away,

expel. II. ἀπελαύνειν στρατόν, to lead away an army: hence as if intr. to march, go away: also (sub. ἵππων), to ride away:—Pass. to be driven away: hence to be excluded from a thing: generally to be far from.

ἀπ-ελάω, = ἀπελαύνω.
 ἀπέλεγμα, τό, and ἀπελεγμός, δ, ill repute. From
 ἀπ-ελέγχο, f. ἐλέγω, to refuse thoroughly.
 ἀπέλεχος, ov, (a privat., πέλεθρον) immeasurable: neut. as Adv. immeasurably far.
 ἀπέλευσα, aor. I of ἀπολείβω, not of ἀπολείπω.
 ἀπέλεσθαι, ἀπελόμενος, Ion. for ἀφελῶ, aor. 2 med. inf. and part. of ἀφαιρέω.
 ἀπελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀπελεύθερος) the enfranchisement of a slave.
 ἀπελευθερικός, ἡ, ὄν, in the condition of a freedman. From
 ἀπ-ελευθερός, δ, an emancipated slave, a freedman, Lat. libertus, libertinus. Hence
 ἀπ-ελευθερώω, f. ὤσω, to set free, emancipate.
 ἀπελήλακα, pf. of ἀπελαύνω.
 ἀπελήλυθα, perf. of ἀπέρχομαι.
 ἀπελθεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ἀπέρχομαι.
 ἀπ-έλω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλω.
 ἀπέλλάζω, Laconian for ἐκκλησιάζω.
 ἀπ-ελπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to drive to despair. 2. = ἐλπίζειν ἀπό τινος to hope from one.
 ἀπέλου, 3 sing. old Att. impf. of ἀπολούω (formed from ἀπολούω).
 ἀπ-εμέω, f. ἔσω, to spit up, throw out.
 ἀπεμνήσαντο, 3 plur. aor. I med. of ἀπομνήσκω.
 ἀπεμόρηστο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀπομόρηνμι.
 ἀπ-εμπολάω, f. ἴσω, to dispose of by sale or barter. 2. to buy and sell, betray.
 ἀπ-έναντι, Adv. (ἀπό, ἔναντι) over against, opposite, c. gen.: also
 ἀπ-εναντίον, Adv. = ἀπέναντι.
 ἀπ-ενάρϊζω, f. ἴξω, to despoil one of his arms.
 ἀπενάσαστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἀποναίω.
 ἀπενέγκασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀποφέρειν.
 ἀπένακα, Ep. for ἀπήνεκα or ἀπήνεκα, aor. I of ἀπο-φέρειν: aor. I pass. inf. ἀπενειχθήναι.
 ἀπ-ενέτω, v. ἀπ-ενέτω.
 ἀ-πενθής, ἐς, (a privat., πένθος) free from grief.
 ἀπ-ενήθητος, ov, (a privat., πενθῶ) not subject to grief.
 ἀπ-ενιαυτός, f. ἴσω, or ἀπ-ενιαυτίξω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἐνιαυτός) to go into banishment for a year.
 ἀπ-ενέτω, to forbid; ἀπενέτω σε μή ποιεῖν I forbid thee to do. II. to order away from; ἀπεννέπεν τινά θαλάμων.
 ἀπ-έξ, v. ἀπέκ.
 ἀπεικώς, Att. ἀπικώς, via, ὅς, perf. part. of ἀπέουκα, unreasonable, unfair. Adv. ἀπεικότης.
 ἀ-πέπειρος, ov, (a privat., πέπειρος) not ripe.
 ἀπεπλάγχθη, aor. I pass. of ἀποπλάζω.
 ἀπέπλευσα, aor. I of ἀποπλέω.
 ἀ-πέπλος, ov, (a privat., πέπλος) without the πέπλος or robe, clad in the tunic only.

ἀπέπλω, shortd. for ἀπέπλωσε, which is Ion. for ἀπέπλωσε, 3 sing. aor. I act. of ἀποπλέω.

ἀπέπνευσα, aor. I of ἀπ. πνέω.

ἀπεπτάμην, aor. 2 of ἀποπέτομαι.

ἀπεπτος, ον, (a privat., πέσσω, f. πέψω) uncooked, undigested.

ἄπερ, neut. pl. of ὄσπερ, q. v. In Att. oft. used as Adv. = ὄσπερ, as, so as.

ἀπεράντος, ον, (a privat., περαίνω) boundless, infinite, endless.

ἀπεργάζομαι, f. ἀσομαι: pf. ἀπείργασμαι used both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.:—to work off, finish off; pf. part. ἀπείργασμένος, completely finished: of a painter, to fill up with colour, to represent perfectly: generally to form, create. 2. to finish a contract. Hence

ἀπεργασία, ἡ, a finishing off, completing: a creating, causing.

ἀπέργω, Ion. for ἀπείργω.

ἀπέρδω, f. ξω, to bring to an end, finish.

ἀπερεί, Adv. = ὄσπερεί, from ἄπερ.

ἀπερείδω, to fix firmly:—Med., fut. ἀπερείσομαι, aor. ἀπερείσάμην, but pf. pass. ἀπερήρεισομαι:—to fix oneself fast upon, i. e. to support oneself upon a thing: to dwell or insist upon, also to settle in a particular part: absol. to lean or bend away.

ἀπερείσιος, ον, poet., = ἀπερείσιος: in phrase ἀπερείσια ἄποινα, a countless ransom.

ἀπερμύω, f. ὦσω, to make utterly desolate.

ἀπερλάλητος, ον, (a privat., περιλαλέω) not to be outdone in talking. [ᾶ]

ἀπερίληπτος, ον, (a privat., περιλαμβάνω) uncircumscribed.

ἀπερμέριμος, ον, (a privat., περί, μέριμνα) careless. Adv. -ως, carelessly.

ἀπερίοπτος, ον, (a privat., περιόψομαι) unregarding, reckless of.

ἀπερίσκεπτος, ον, (a privat., περισκέπτομαι) inconsiderate, thoughtless, heedless. Adv. -τως.

ἀπερίσπαστος, ον, (a privat., περισπάω) undistracted. Adv. -τως, without distraction.

ἀπέριστος, Att. -τος, ον, (a privat., περισσός) without superfluity, simple.

ἀπερίστατος, ον, (a privat., περίσταται) defenceless.

ἀπερίτμητος, ον, (a privat., περιτέμνω) uncircumcised.

ἀπερίτροπος, ον, (a privat., περιτρέπω) not returning: also not breeding.

ἀπερρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπερῶ.

ἀπερριγᾶσι, 3 plur. perf. 2 of ἀπορριγέω, [Ὶ]

ἀπερρω, to be gone quite away: imperat. ἀπερρε, away, begone, Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀπερρυθρία, fut. ἄσω [ᾶ], to put away blusbes, be past blushing.

ἀπερύκω, f. ξω, (ἀπό, ἐρύκω) to keep off, scare away:—Med. to abstain, desist. [Ὶ]

ἀπερύω, f. ὦσω [Ὶ], to tear off from.

ἀπερχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλυθον, -ἦλθον:

pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go away, depart from; ἀπέρχεσθαι eis., to go from one place to another.

ἀπερῶ, Ion. ἀπερέω, fut. without pres. in use: pf. ἀπέριρα: fut. med. ἀπερούμαι: aor. I pass. ἀπερρήθην: (see ἀπέειπον)—to speak plainly out. II. to forbid; ἀπερῶ σε μὴ πράττειν I forbid thee to do.

III. to renounce, disown. IV. to deny, refuse. V. intr. to give up, sink, fail: see in ἀπέειπον.

ἀπερῶς, ἑως, ὁ, one who thwarts. From

ἀπερῶω, f. ἦσω, to withdraw from.

ἀπερῶῃ, ἡ, a drawing back. II. a hindrance.

ἀπερῶσσις, 2 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀπερῶω.

ἀπερώτος, ον, (ἀπό, ἔρω) unloving.

ἄπες, Ion. for ἄφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίημι.

ἀπεσθίω, f. ἀπέδομαι: pf. ἀπεθῆδκα: aor. I pass. ἀπεθίσθην: to eat or gnaw off: to eat up.

ἀπεσκέδασα, aor. I of ἀποσκέδάννυμι.

ἀπεσσεύεται, for ἀπέσεται, 3 sing. fut. of ἀπειμι.

ἀπεσσύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσέω.

ἀπεστῆναι, Lacon. for ἀπέσεται, 3 sing. fut. of ἀπειμι.

ἀπεστέω, aor. I of ἀποστέω, aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσέω, he is gone, i. e. is dead.

ἀπεσσύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσέω.

ἀπεστῆναι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀποστρέφω.

ἀπεστώ, οὖς, ἡ, (ἀπειμι ἀβίδο) Ion. noun, a being away, absence: see εὐεστώ

ἀπέτηλος, ον, (a privat., πέτηλον) leafless.

ἀπετρέπω, aor. 2 of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀπευθής, ἑς, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) not inquired into, unknown, Lat. ignotus. II act. not inquiring, ignorant, Lat. ignarus.

ἀπευθύνω [Ὶ], f. ἔνω, to make straight again: to set up again: metaph. to restore: to guide, rule;

χέρησ δειρομοῖς ἀπευθύνειν to guide the arms with chains, i. e. bind them.

ἀπευκτός, ὄν, (ἀπέυχομαι) to be deprecated, abominable.

ἀπευνάξω, f. ἄσω, to lull to sleep.

ἀπέυχετος, ον, = ἀπευκτός. From

ἀπεύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to wish a thing away, to wish that it may not happen, Lat. deprecari.

ἀπεφθίον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀποφθίω.

ἀπέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποφθίω.

ἀπέφθος, ον, for ἀφεφθος, (ἀφ-έψω) boiled down, refined; ἀπ. χρυσός refined gold, Lat. aurum re-coctum.

ἀπεχθαίρω, f. -ἄρῶ: aor. I ἀπήχθηρα:—to bate utterly. II. to make utterly hateful.

ἀπεχθάνομαι, f. -εχθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπηχθούμην, inf. ἀπεχθέσθαι: pf. ἀπήχθημαι: Pass.:—to be hated: to incur hatred or odium, also to be roused to hatred;

οὔτε τί μοι πᾶς δήμος ἀπεχθόμενος χαλεπαίνει nor does all the people being roused to hate against me distress me.

II. Dep. in causal sense, to cause hatred; λόγοι ἀπεχθανόμενοι words that cause hatred:

c. dat. pers. to be or become hateful to one.

ἀπέχθεια, ἡ, (ἀπεχθής) enmity, hatred; in plur. enmities; δι' ἀπεχθείας τινὲ ἐλθεῖν to be hated by him,

like δι' ὀργῆς ἐλθεῖν, etc.

ἀπέχθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπεχθάνομαι) *that which is bated, the object of bate.*

ἀπεχθής, ἔς, (ἀπό, ἔχθος) *bateful, hostile.*

ἀπεχθόμαι, like ἀπεχθάνομαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἔχθος): —to be bated or bateful.

ἀπεχθῶς, Adv. of ἀπεχθής; ἀπ. ἔχειν to be at enmity.

ἀπε-χω, f. ἀφέω and ἀποσχῶσθαι: aor. 2 ἀπέσχων: —to bold off, keep off, away from: to part:—Med., ἀπέχθεσθαι χεῖρας τινοῦ to bold one's hands off him: but ἀπέχεσθαι absol. to bold oneself off a thing, abstain or desist from.

II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci; τῆς πόλεως οὐ πολλὴν ὁδὸν ἀπέχει it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing.

III. to have in full; ἀπέχειν μισθὸν to have a full reward.

ἀπέψω, Ion. for ἀφ-έψω.

ἀπέσωα, f. ἀφέω, aor. I of ἀπαθεῖν.

ἀπ-ηγέομαι, ἀπ-ήγημα, ἀπ-ήγησις, Ion. for ἀφ-ηγ-.

ἀπ-ηθέω, f. ήσω, to strain off, filter.

ἀπηλάθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπ-ηλεγέως, Adv. formed as if from *ἀπηλεγής, ἔς, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) *without caring for anything; μῦθον ἀπηλεγέως ἀποειπεῖν to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntly.*

ἀπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ηλιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀπό, Ἥλιαία) *one who keeps away from the Ἥλιαία, i. e. an enemy to law, with allusion to ἥλιος, not fond of basking in the sun.*

ἀπ-ηλιξ, Ion. for ἀφ-ηλιξ.

ἀπ-ηλιώτης (sub. ἄνεμος), οὔ, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἥλιος) *the east wind, Lat. subsolanus.*

ἀ-πήμαντος, ον, (a privat., πημαίνω) *unarmed, without misery.*

ἀπ-ήμβροτον, Ep. for ἀφ-ήμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἀφραμαράνω.

ἀπ-ήμεν, I pl. impf. of ἀπειμι (εἰμί, sum).

ἀπ-ημοσύνη, ή, (ἀπήμων) *freedom from harm, safety.*

ἀπ-ημπολία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀπεμπολάω.

ἀ-πήμων, ον, gen. ovos, (a privat., πήμα) *unarmed, unburt: without sorrow or suffering.* II. act. doing no harm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious.

ἀπ-ημια, ή, (ἀπηής) *barsbness, roughness.*

ἀπήνη, η, a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot. II. like ζεύγος, a yoke, pair, couple. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀπ-ηνήναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ηνής, ἔς, *harsh, rough.* See προσ-ηνής.

ἀπ-ηήνον, Dor. for ἀπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ήροπος, Dor. and Att. ἀπ-άροπος, Ep. ἀπ-ήροπος, ον, (ἀπό, ἀείρω) *bovering on high, Lat. suspensus.*

ἀ-πήρος, ον, (a privat., πήρα) *without a scrip.* II. (a privat., πηρός) *unmained.*

ἀπ-ηύρων, ρα, I and 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαυράω.

ἀπ-ηχηός, ἔς, (ἀπό, ήχος) *discordant, noisy.*

ἀπήχθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπεχθάνομαι.

ἀπ-ήωρος, Ep. for ἀπήροπος.

ἀπία γή, v. ἄπιος.

ἀπ-ιάλλω, Dor. or Lacon. for ἀποπέμπω.

ἀπ-ιτημ, Ion. for ἀφιτημ.

ἀ-πιθᾶνος, ον, *not winning belief, incredible, unlikely.* II. *not persuasive.* [ῥ]

ἀπιθέω, Ep. aor. I ἀπίθησα, ποῖτ. for ἀπειθέω. From ἀ-πιθής, ἔς, ποῖτ. for ἀ-πειθής.

ἀπιθνητηρ, ήρος, ὁ, a restorer. From ἀπ-ιθνήω, = ἀπ-ευνθίω.

ἀπ-ικνεόμαι, ἀπ-ικόμην, Ion. for ἀφικ-.

ἀ-πίνυστος, (α privat., πινυτός) *to be without one's wits, to lack understanding.*

ἀπιξις, Ion. for ἀφίξις.

ἄπιον, τό, (ἄπιος) *a pear, Lat. pirum.*

*ἌΠΙΟΣ, ή, a pear-tree, Lat. pirus.

ἄπιος, η, ον, (ἀπό) *far away, far off, far, ἐξ ἀπίας γαίης Hom.* II. *Ἄπιος, α, ον, *Apian, i. e. Peloponnesian, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, hence Ἄπια γή, or Ἄπια alone, the Peloponnesian: also Ἄπις, ίδος, ή.* [The former sense has ἄ, the latter ἄ.]

ἀπ-ιπόω, f. ὦσω, to squeeze out.

ἀπ-ισόω, f. ὦσω, to make equal or even.

ἀπιστώω, f. ήσω: pf. ήπίστηκα: (ἀπιστος):—to disbelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrustful:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀπιστήσομαι, to be distrusted.

II. = ἀπειθέω, to disobey.

ἀπ-ιστημι, Ion. for ἀφ-ιστημι.

ἀπιστία, Ion. -τη, ή, (ἀπιστώω) *disbelief, distrust; πολλὰς ἀπιστίας ἔχει the thing admits of many doubts.* II. *want of faith, unbelief: faithlessness.*

ἀ-πιστος, ον, (a privat., πιστός): I. pass. not to be trusted, and so, I. of persons, *faithless.* 2. of things, *not credible, beyond belief.* II. act. not believing or trusting, *mistrustful.* 2. *not obeying.*

ἀπιστοσύνη, = ἀπιστία.

ἀπιστως, Adv. of ἀπιστος: I. act. *suspiciously.* II. pass. *beyond belief, incredibly.*

ἀπ-ισχυρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. τοῦμαι: Dep.:—to oppose or resist stoutly.

ἀπ-ισχω, ποῖτ. for ἀπέχω, to keep far away.

ἀπ-ιτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπειμι, *one must go away.*

ἀπλακέω, ἀπλακία, etc., see ἀμπλακέω, etc.

ἀ-πλάνης, ἔς, (a privat., πλανᾶομαι) *not wandering: fixed.*

ἀ-πλαστος, ον, (a privat., πλάσσω) *not moulded: hence genuine, sincere.* II. (a privat., πελάω) shortened for ἀπελάστος, *unapproachable, terrible.*

ἀ-πλῆτος, Ion. ἀ-πλητος, ον, (a privat., πελάω, ποῖτ. for πελάω) shortened for ἀπελάστος, *unapproachable, terrible.*

ἀ-πλεκτος, ον, (a privat., πλέκω) *unplaited.*

ἀ-πλετος, ον, collat. form of ἀπλάτος or of ἀπλητος, only used in the sense of *immense, extraordinary.*

ἀ-πλευστος, ον, (a privat., πλεύσομαι fut. of πλέω) *not navigable, not navigated.*

ἀ-πληκτος, ον, (a privat., πλήσσω) *unstricken: of a horse, needing no whip or spur.*

ἀπληστία, ἡ, *insatiate desire*. From ἀ-πληστος, *ov*, (α privat., *πίμπλημι*) *not to be filled, insatiate*: c. gen., ἀπλ. αἵματος *insatiate of blood*.

ἀπλοια, *Ion. ἀπλοῖη, ἡ*, (ἀπλους) *difficulty of sailing, from stress of weather*.

ἀπλοῖζομαι, *Dep.* (ἀπλός) *to deal openly or frankly*.

ἀπλούς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπλός) *a single garment*.

ἀπλός, ὄη, ὄον, *contr.* ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, *Lat. simplex, onefold, (opp. to διπλός, Lat. duplex, twofold), single*.

II. *single-minded, simple, and that either (in good sense) frank, open, sincere; or (in bad sense) silly*.

III. *simple, opp. to compound: hence, absolute, sheer*. (Derived from ἅμα, *all in one way, as is Lat. simplex from simul*.)

ἀ-πλοος, *ov, contr.* ἀ-πλους, *ovv*, (α privat., πλέω) *not sailing: I. of ships, unfit for sea, not seaworthy*.

2. of men, *never having been at sea*. II. *pass.*, of the sea, *closed to navigation*.

ἀπλός, ἡ, ὄν, *poët.* for ἀπλός, ἀπλοῦς.

ἀπλότης, ἡ, ὄος, ἡ, (ἀπλός) like *Lat. simplicitas, simplicity, plainness, frankness*.

ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, *contr.* for ἀπλός.

ἀ-πλους, *ovv, contr.* for ἀ-πλοος.

ἀ-πλουτος, *ov*, (α privat., πλοῦτος) *without riches*.

ἀπλῶς, *Adv.* of ἀπλοῦς, *Lat. simpliciter, simply, plainly: absolutely*. II. *in a word, Lat. denique*.

ἀ-πνευστος, *ov*, (α privat., πνεύσομαι *fut.* of πνέω) *without breath, breathless: hence lifeless*.

ἀ-πνοος, *ov, contr.* ἀ-πνους, *ovv*, (α privat., πνέω) *without wind, calm*. II. *without breath, lifeless*.

'ΑΠΟ', *PREP. WITH GEN. ONLY*, = *Lat. AB, ABS*, whether place, time, or any object be denoted:

I. of Place, *implying motion from, away from: also down from*.

2. *without motion implied, far from, at a distance from*. II. *later of Time, from, after, since; ἀπό δέπνον γενέσθαι to have done supper*.

III. of Origin of all kinds, as, I. of *descent, birth; οὐκ ἀπό δρυός οὐδ' ἀπό πέτρης not sprung from oak or rock; ἀπό Σπάρτης of Sparta by birth*.

2. *of the means or instrument; ἀπό βιοῖο πέφηνεν with arrow from his bow*.

3. *of the cause or occasion; ἀπό δικαιοσύνης by reason of*.

4. *of the material of which a thing is made; ἀπό ξύλου πεποιημένα made of wood*.

As *ADVERB*, without case, *far away: but almost always with verbs in tmesi*.

In *Compos.*, I. *from, asunder, as in ἀποτέμνω: and hence away from, as in ἀποβαίνω*.

2. *ceasing from, as in ἀπαλγέω: and hence, finishing, completing, as in ἀπεργάζομαι*.

3. *back again, as in ἀποδίδωμι*.

4. *by way of abuse, as in ἀποκαλέω*.

5. *almost = a priv., as in ἀπαυδός, ἀπαγορεύω: also with Adjectives, as in ἀπόστους*.

ἀπο, *anastrophe*. for ἀπό, when it follows its noun.

ἀπο-αίνυμαι, *poët.* for ἀπ-αίνυμαι, *to take away*.

ἀπο-αιρέομαι, *poët.* for ἀφ-αιρέομαι.

ἀπόβα, *Att.* for ἀπόβηθι, *aor. 2 imperat.* for ἀποβαίνω.

ἀποβάθρα, ἡ, *steps or a ladder for descending from a ship, the gangway*. From

ἀπο-βαίω, *f. βήσομαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. I ἀπεβή-σεντο: aor. 2 ἀπέβην: pf. ἀποβέβηκα:—to step off, dismount, alight or disembark from*.

2. *to go away, depart*.

II. of events, *to issue or result from: absol. to turn out, end or issue in a certain way, Lat. evenire; τὸ ἀποβαίνον the issue, event; τὰ ἀποβαίνοντα, τὰ ἀποβάντα the results; τὰ ἀποβησόμενα the probable results: also ἀποβαίνειν alone, to turn out well, succeed*.

2. also of persons and things, with ἄν Adj., *to turn out, prove or be so and so, Lat. evadere; ἀποβαίνειν κοινοί to prove impartial*.

3. of conditions, etc.; ἀποβαίνειν εἰς τι *to come at last to, end in*.

B. Causal, only in *aor. I ἀπέβησα, to make to dismount, disembark, land*.

ἀπο-βάλλω, *f. βαλῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέβαλον: pf. ἀποβέβηκα:—to throw off from: c. acc. only, to throw away*.

2. *to throw away, reject: also to throw away, sell too cheap*.

3. *to lose*.

ἀπο-βάπτω, *f. ψω, to dip entirely*.

ἀποβάς, *βῆσα, βάν, aor. 2 part.* of ἀπο-βαίω.

ἀπόβασις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀποβαίω) *a stepping off, dismounting: a disembarking, landing: also a landing-place*.

ἀποβῆναι, *aor. 2 inf.* of ἀποβαίω.

ἀπο-βιάζομαι, *f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to force away: aor. I pass. ἀποβιασθήναι in pass. sense, to be forced away*.

ἀπο-βιβάζω, *f. βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἀποβαίω, to make to get off, esp. from a ship, to disembark, set on land*.

ἀπο-βιβρώσκω, *aor. I pass. ἀπεβρώθην:—to eat off*.

ἀπο-βλάπτω, *f. ψω, to ruin utterly:—aor. I pass. ἀποβλαφθῆναι, to be robbed of*.

ἀπο-βλαστάνω, *f. -βλαστήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέβλαστον:—to shoot forth from, spring from*.

ἀπόβλεπτος, *ov*, *looked at, gazed on by all, hence admired*. From

ἀπο-βλέπω, *f. ψω, to look away from all other objects at one, to look steadfastly at, gaze at or upon*.

ἀπόβλητος, *ov*, (ἀποβάλλω) *to be thrown away as worthless*.

ἀπο-βλίσσω, *Att. -τω, f. ἴσω; aor. I ἀπέβλισα:—to cut out the comb from the hive, take the honey: metaph. to steal*.

ἀπο-βλύζω, *f. σω, to spirt out; ἀποβλύζειν οἴνου to spirt or slobber out some wine*.

ἀποβολή, *ἡς, ἡ*, (ἀποβάλλω) *a throwing away, losing, loss*.

ἀποβολιμαῖος, *ov*, (ἀποβάλλω) *apt to throw away*.

II. *pass. apt to be thrown aside*.

ἀπο-βόσκομαι, *Dep. to eat up*.

ἀπο-βουκολέω, *f. ἤσω, to let cattle stray: hence to make to lose*.

2. *to soothe, beguile*.

ἀπο-βρῖζω, *f. ξω, to sleep without waking, go sound asleep*.

ἀπο-βρύχω, *to bite off from*.

ἀπο-βόμιος, *ov*, (ἀπό, βωμός) *far from an altar, godless.*

ἀπό-γαιος ἢ ἀπό-γεος, *ov*, (ἀπό, γῆ) *from land, coming off land.*

ἀπο-γεσώω, *to make jut out like a coping or cornice.*

ἀπο-γεύω, *f. σω*, *to make another taste of a thing:—Med. to taste of it oneself.*

ἀπο-γεφυρόω, *f. ὦσω*, *to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.*

ἀπο-γηράσκω, *f. ἄσμαι*, *to grow old.*

ἀπο-γίνομαι, late Att. -γίνομαι: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπεγενόμην: pf. ἀπογεγένημαι:—*to be away from, have no part in.* II. absol. *to be taken away*, and so *to depart life, die*: οἱ ἀπογενόμενοι *the dead.*

ἀπο-γιγνώσκω, late Att. -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέγνων: pf. ἀπέγνωκα:—*to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing*, c. gen.: *to resolve not.* 2. *to despair.* II. c. acc. *to give up as useless.* III. as law-term, *to refuse to receive an accusation*: hence *to acquit.*

ἀπόγνοια, ἡ, (ἀπογιγνώσκω) *despair.*

ἀπόγονος, *ov*, (ἀπογίνομαι) *descended or sprung from*: in plur. *descendants.*

ἀπογραφή, ἡ, (ἀπογράφω) *a copy of an indictment (γραφῆ)*: a *deposition.* II. *a list, register*, esp. of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.

ἀπογράφω, *f. ψω*, *to write out, copy*, esp. *to enter in a list, register*:—*Med. to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use.* II. Att. law-term, 1. ἀπογράφειν τινά *to give in a copy of the charge against a person*: esp. *to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.* 2. ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα *to give in such a list of property.*

ἀπο-γυλώω, *to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to enfeeble, unnerve.*

ἀπο-γυμνάω, *f. ἄσω*, *to bring into hard exercise, to ply hard.*

ἀπο-γυμνῶω, *f. ὦσω*, *to strip quite bare*: esp. *to strip of arms, disarm*:—*Pass. to be stripped bare*:—*Med. to strip oneself.*

ἀπο-δάκνω, *f. -δήξομαι*, *to bite off a piece of*, c. gen.: absol. *to bite.*

ἀπο-δακρύω, *f. ὕσω* [ῦ], *to weep much*; c. acc. *to weep much for, lament.*

ἀποδάσμιος, *ov*, *parted off or from.* From ἀποδασμός, ὁ, *a division, part of a whole.* From ἀπο-δατέομαι: *f. -δάσομαι* [ᾶ], Ep. -δάσομαι: aor. I ἀπεδάσαμην, Ep. inf. ἀποδάσασθαι:—*to portion out, apportion.* II. *to part off, separate.*

ἀπο-δέει, Ion. ἀπο-δέει, impers. of ἀποδέω.

ἀπο-δειδίσσομαι, Dep. *to frighten away.*

ἀπο-δείκνυμι and -ῶω: *f. -δείξω* Ion. -δέξω:—*Pass., aor. I ἀπεδείχθην*: pf. ἀποδέειναι, Ion. -δέδειγμα: I. *to point out, shew forth, make known*: hence, 1. *bring forward, shew, produce, publish as a*

law. 2. *to appoint or assign*; χῶρος ἀποδεδεγμένως *an appointed place.* 3. *to shew by argument, prove.* II. *to shew forth a person or thing as so and so*, hence, 1. *to appoint, name, create.* 2. *to make, render.* 3. *to represent as.* 4. *to prove that a thing is.* 5. c. inf. *to ordain a thing to be*:—*Med. to shew forth something of one's own*; ἀποδείξασθαι γνώμην *to deliver one's opinion*; ἀποδείξασθαι ἀρετάς *to display high qualities.*

ἀπό-δειλιάω, *f. ἄσω* [ᾶ], *to be a coward, shrink from danger.*

ἀποδείξις, Ion. -δέξις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀποδείκνυμι) *a shewing forth*: hence 1. *a setting forth, delivery, publication.* 2. *a shewing, proof, demonstration.* II. (from Med.) *a display, achievement, performance.*

ἀπο-δειπνιδίος, *ov*, (ἀπό, δείπνον) *without supper.*

ἀπο-δειροτομέω, *f. ἴσω*, *to cut off by the neck, behead.*

ἀπο-δέρω, Ion. for ἀπο-δέρω.

ἀπο-δεκάτωω, *f. ὦσω*, *to ray tibe of.* II. *to take tibe from, τινά.*

ἀπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-δέχομαι.

ἀποδεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδέχομαι, *one must receive or accept.*

ἀποδεκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀποδέχομαι) *a taker from, receiver.*

ἀποδεκτός, *ov*, (ἀποδέχομαι) *acceptable.*

ἀποδέξασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀποδέχομαι. 2. Ion. for ἀποδείξασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπόδεξις, *ews, ἡ*, Ion. for ἀποδείξις.

ἀπόδερμα, *atos, τό*, (ἀπόδερω) *a hide stripped off.*

ἀπο-δέρω, Ion. -δέρω: *f. -δέρω*: aor. I ἀπέδειρα:—*to flay or skin completely*; ἀπόδερναι τὴν κεφαλὴν *to scalp.* II. *to fetch the skin off one's back by flogging.*

ἀποδεχθεῖς, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπο-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: *f. -δέξομαι*: aor. ἀπεδέξαμην: pf. -δέδειγμα: Dep.:—*to accept in full, accept gladly, be content with.* 2. *to accept as a proof*: *to admit, allow, approve.* 3. *to accept as a teacher, follow*: ἀπ. τινὸς *to receive from another, agree with him.* 4. *to take or understand in a certain sense.* II. *to receive back, recover.*

ἀπο-δέω, *f. -δήσω*, *to bind fast.*

ἀπο-δέω, Ion. fut. -δεῖω:—*to be wanting, to lack*:—impers. ἀπο-δέει, *there lacks.*

ἀποδημέω, *f. ἴσω*, (ἀπόδημος) *to be away from home, to go abroad, ἀποδημεῖν εἰς Θερραλίαν to go and live in Thessaly.* Hence

ἀποδημητής, *ov, ὁ*, *one who is abroad.*

ἀποδημία, ἡ, *a being from home, a going or being abroad.* From

ἀπό-δημος, *ov*, *away from home, abroad.*

ἀπο-διαντάω, *f. ἴσω*, *to decide for a person in an arbitration.*

ἀπο-διδάσκω, *f. διδάξω*, *to teach not to do, Lat. docere.*

ἀπο-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: f. -δράσσομαι, Ion. -δρήσσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδρην, part. ἀποδράς:—to run away or off, flee from, esp. by stealth. 2. in prose also c. acc., to flee, shun.

ἀπο-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἀπέδωκα:—to give back, restore: esp. to give back what is due. 2. to render, yield, of land. 3. to grant, allow. 4. to render or make so and so. 5. to deliver over, give up, e. g. as a slave: also to deliver a letter, Lat. reddere.

II. intr., εἰ τὸ ὄνομα ἀποδίδωμι εἰς αὐτήν [sc. ἡ Αἴ-γυπτος], where it seems to be = ἐπιδίδωμι:—Med. to give away of one's own, sell; also to let out for hire.

ἀπο-δικάζω, f. άσω, to acquit, opp. to καταδικάζω.

ἀπο-δίκειν, inf. of ἀπέδικον, poet. aor. 2 without pres. in use, to throw off: to throw down.

ἀπο-δικέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, δίκη) to defend oneself on trial.

ἀπο-δινέω, f. ήσω, to turn or whirl violently about.

ἀπο-δίωμι, Dep. (ἀπό, δίω) poet. for ἀποδιώκω.

ἀπο-διорίζω, f. ίσω, to mark off, distinguish.

ἀπο-διώκω, fut. διώξομαι, to chase away.

ἀπο-δοκεῖ, impers., (ἀπό, δοκέω) mostly with μή and inf., ἀπέδοξε σφί μη πράττειν it seemed good to them not to do: absol., ὡς σφί ἀπέδοξε when they resolved . . .

ἀπο-δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, to reject on proof or trial, generally, to reject. Hence

ἀποδοκιμαστέον, verb. Adj. one must reject.

ἀποδοσμος, ov, (ἀποδίδωμι) meet to be restored.

ἄφ-οδος, Ion. for ἄφ-οδος.

ἀπόδοσις, εως, ή, (ἀποδίδωμι) a giving back, restitution, return: repayment, payment.

ἀποδότεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδίδωμι, one must give back, refer.

ἀποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδίδωμι.

ἀποδοχή, ή, (ἀποδέχομαι) a receiving back, opp. to ἀπόδοσις: reception. II. praise, approbation.

ἀπο-δοχμός, f. ώσω, to bend backwards or sideways.

ἀποδράθειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδράσσω.

ἀποδράς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπόδρασις, Ion. ἀπόδροσις, εως, ή, (ἀποδιδράσκω) a running away, escape.

ἀπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. = ἀποδρέπω.

ἀπο-δρέπω, f. ψω, to pluck off:—Med. to gather for oneself.

ἀποδρήναι, Ion. for -δράναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπο-δρύντω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀπέδρυσα: aor. 2 ἀπέδρυσον: aor. I pass. ἀπεδρύνθη:—to scrape off, to graze by a slight wound.

ἀποδρύνω, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύντω.

ἀπο-δύω, to pull or strip off: v. ἀποδύω. [ῶ]

ἀπ-οδύρομαι [ῶ], f. -οδύρομαι, to lament bitterly.

ἀπόδύς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδύω.

ἀποδυτήριον, to, an undressing room: From

ἀπο-δύω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, aor. I ἀπέδυσσα, to strip off the arms from the slain: c. acc. pers.

to strip another of his arms, etc.

II. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέδυν (formed as if from ἀπόδυνμι), and pf. ἀποδέδυκα:—to strip oneself, undress: ἀποδέσθαι πρὸς τι to strip for a thing, to strip and get ready for. 2. metaph. to put away.

ἀπο-είκω, f. ξω, to withdraw from.

ἀπο-είπον, ες, ε, Ep. for ἀπέειπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use.

ἀπο-έργαθε, 3 sing. poet. aor. 2 of ἀπέργω, ἀπέργω, to keep far away, keep off from.

ἀπέργω, poet. for ἀπέργω, ἀπέργω: partic. ἀποεργμένη for ἀπεργομένη.

ἀπό-ερσε, an old Ep. aor. I only found in 3 pers., to hurry or sweep away, of running water; subj. ἀποέρση, opt. ἀπέορσειε. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀπο-ζάω, f. ζήσω, to live off; ὕσον ἀποζῆν enough to live off.

ἀπο-ζυγνύμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύω:—to unyoke, part.:—Pass. to be parted from, τινός: absol., δεῦρ' ἀπέζυγην πῶδας on foot did I start and come hither.

ἀπο-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil off, throw off by fermenting.

ἀπ-όζω, fut. -οζήσω, to smell of something. II. impers., ἀπόζει τῆς Ἀραβίης there comes a scent from Arabia.

ἀπο-θάλλω, f. -θάλῶ, to leave off blooming.

ἀποθάνειν, aor. 2. inf. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀποθᾶνούμαι, fut. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-θαρρέω and ἀπο-θαρσέω, f. ήσω, to take courage, have full confidence.

ἀπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. ἀπο-θαμάζω, f. άσω, to wonder at a thing: absol. to wonder much.

ἀπο-θειομαι, Ep. for ἀποθῶμαι, αποθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπο-θειώ, f. ώσω, poet. for ἀποθεῖω.

ἀποθεν, Adv. (ἀπό) from afar. II. afar off.

ἀπό-θεος, ov, far from the gods: hence godless.

ἀπο-θεός, f. ώσω, to deify.

ἀπο-θερίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ἰῶ, to cut off like ears of corn.

ἀποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπόθεσις, εως, ή, (ἀποτίθημι) a putting off or away:—a putting away, laying up in store:—exposure.

ἀποθέστος, ov, (ἀποτίθημι) despised, abhorred.

ἀποθεταί, ὦν, αἰ, a place in Lacedæmon, into which all misshapen children were thrown on birth. From ἀποθήτες, ov, (ἀποτίθημι) laid by; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved.

ἀπο-θέω, f. -θέσομαι, to run off or away.

ἀποθήκη, ή, (ἀποτίθημι) any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary: a magazine, storehouse. II. anything laid by or stored up; ἀποθήκην ποιέσθαι εἰς τινα to lay up a store of favour with another.

ἀπο-θησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, to treasure or board up.

ἀπο-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press hard, crowd upon. [ῖ]

ἀπο-θνήσκω, f. -θᾶνούμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθανον:—to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποθράσσω.

ἀπο-θρασύνομαι [ῶ], f. ἰνούμαι, to be very bold.

ἀποθραύω, f. σω, to break off or from:—Pass., ἀποθραύσθαι τῆς εὐκλείας to be broken off from, i. e. lose all, one's fair fame.

ἀποθρήϊξω, f. σω, (ἀπό, θρήϊον) properly, to cut off fig-leaves: generally, to cut off, curtail.

ἀποθρύπτω, f. ψω, to crush in pieces: Pass. to be broken in spirit, enervated.

ἀποθρόσκω, f. -θορούμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθορον:—to spring or leap off from. II. to leap up from, rise from: absol. to rise sheer up, of steep rocks.

ἀποθύμιος, ov, (ἀπό, θυμός) not according to one's mind, unpleasant, hateful.

ἀποθύω, f. ύσω, to offer up.

ἀποήτος, ov, (a privat., ποιέω) not done, undone: not to be done.

ἀποικέω, f. ήσω, (ἀποικος) to go away from home, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell afar off, generally, to live far away: ή Κόρινθος εξ έμου μακράν ἀπέκειτο Corinth was inhabited far away from me, i. e. I settled far from Corinth. III. c. acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence

ἀποικία, ή, a settling away from home, a colony, settlement.

ἀποικίζω, f. ήσω Att. ήω: Pass., aor. 1 ἀπέκισθην: pf. -έκισμαι:—to send away from home, transplant: generally, to send or carry away:—Pass. to be settled in a far land: to emigrate. II. to colonise a place.

ἀποικίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ἀποικος:—ή ἀποικίς (sc. πόλις) a colony.

ἀποικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

ἀποικος, ov, (ἀπό, οἶκος) away from home, abroad: hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colonist. 2. of cities, ἀποικος (sub. πόλις), ή, a colony.

ἀποικτιζομαι, fut. -ιζομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to complain loudly.

ἀποιμαντος, ov, (a privat., ποιμαίνω) unfed, untended.

ἀποιμῶζω, fut. -οιμῶζομαι, to bewail loudly.

ἀποινα, ov, τά, only used in plur., (a copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II. generally, compensation, repayment: reward. Hence

ἀποινώω, f. ήσω, to demand a ransom or price:—Med. to hold to ransom.

ἀποινό-δικος, ov, (ἀποινα, δίκη) exacting the penalty: atoning.

ἀποοϊστεύω, f. εύσω, to kill with arrows.

ἀποοίσω, fut. of ἀποφέρω: cf. φέρω.

ἀποοιχομαι, fut. -οιχόσμαι: pf. -έχημαι: Dep.:—to be gone away, to be far from: absol. to be gone, to have departed: hence to be dead and gone. II. more rarely, to go away, withdraw from.

ἀποκαθαίρω, fut. -άρῶ, to clear off, cleanse:—Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence

ἀποκάθαρσις, εως, ή, a lustration, expiation: a purging off.

ἀποκάθημαι, Ion. -κάθημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀποκαθίζω, fut. ήσω, to set down:—Med. to sit down.

ἀποκαθιστάνω and ἀποκαθίστημι, fut. -καταστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor.

1, to reestablish, restore. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to be restored.

ἀποκαίνυμαι, Pass. to surpass, excel.

ἀποκαίριος, ov, = άκαριος.

ἀποκαίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off: also of intense cold, to freeze off.

ἀποκάλέω, f. έσω: (for the tenses, v. καλέω):—to call back, recal from exile. 2. to call away. II. to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse. III. to warn off.

ἀποκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover:—Med. to reveal oneself. Hence

ἀποκάλυψις, εως, ή, revelation.

ἀποκάμνω, f. κάμνομαι: (for the tenses, v. κάμνω):—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly: c. inf. to cease to do. II. c. acc., ἀποκάμνειν πόνον to flinch from toil.

ἀποκάμπω, f. ψω, intr. to bend off, turn aside. 2. trans. to turn aside from, sbun. Hence

ἀπόκαμψις, εως, ή, a turning off the road.

ἀποκάπτω, Ep. aor. I -εκάπυσα: (ἀπό, κάπτω):—to breathe out; ἀποκαπύειν ψυχήν to give up the ghost.

ἀποκαράδοκέω, to expect earnestly. Hence

ἀποκαράδοκία, ή, earnest expectation.

ἀποκαρτερέω, f. ήσω, to kill oneself by fasting.

ἀποκαταλάσσω, Att. -ττω, to reconcile again.

ἀποκατάστασις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαθίστημι) a complete restoration, reestablishment.

ἀποκάθημαι, Ion. for ἀποκάθημι.

ἀποκαυλίζω, f. ήσω Att. ήω (ἀπό, καυλός) to break short off.

ἀποκαυσις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαίω) a burning off.

ἀπόκειμαι, fut. -κείσομαι: used as Pass. of ἀποτίθημι, to be put away, be laid up in store: hence to be kept in secret, be in reserve:—impers., ἀποκειται τινι it is in store for one.

ἀποκείρω: fut. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα, pass. -έκαρκαμαι:—to shear or cut off: generally, to cut in pieces, cut through:—metaph. to cut off.

ἀποκεραίνω, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδῶνῶ:—to have benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

ἀποκερματίζω, to change into small coin, dissipate.

ἀποκεφαλίζω, fut. ήσω Att. ήω (ἀπό, κεφαλή) to behead.

ἀποκηδεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

ἀποκηδέω, fut. ήσω, = άκηδέω, to put away care, be careless.

ἀποκηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω:—to proclaim publicly, esp. to offer for public sale. II. to renounce publicly, disinherit a son: also to declare outlawed. III. to forbid by proclamation.

ἀποκινδυνεύσις, εως, ή, the making a venturesome attempt. [v] From

ἀποκινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a bold stroke, make a

venture:—Pass., with paullo p. fut. ἀποκεκινδυνεύσομαι, to be put to the uttermost hazard.

ἀπό-κινος, ὄ, (ἀπό, κινέω) a comic dance: ἀπόκινον εἶρε find some way of dancing off, escaping.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. -κλάζω, to ring or shout forth.

ἀπο-κλαῖω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, δκλάζω) to bend one's knees, and so to rest, like κάμπτειν γόνυ.

ἀπο-κλαίω, Att. ἀποκλάω [ᾶω]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep aloud: c. acc. to bewail much, mourn deeply for. II. to cease to wail.

ἀποκλᾶξω, ἀποκλᾶξον, Dor. fut. and aor. I imperat. of ἀποκλείω.

ἀπό-κλᾶρος, Dor. for ἀπό-κληρος.

ἀπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to break off.

ἀπο-κλαίω, Att. for ἀπο-κλαίω. [ᾶ]

ἀπόκλεισις or ἀπόκλησις, εως, ἦ, (ἀποκλείω) a shutting off or out.

ἀπόκλειστος, ον, sbut off, enclosed. From

ἀπο-κλείω, f. κλείω: Ion. -κλήτω, f. -κλήτω: Att. -κλήω, f. -κλήσω: Dor. fut. -κλάξω:—to sbut off from or out of. 2. to cut off or binder from a thing:—Pass. to be cut off or bindered from. II. c. acc. only, to sbut up, close: to cut off, prevent, binder.

ἀπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away.

ἀπο-κλήτω, f. -κλήτω, Ion. for ἀποκλείω, f. -κλείσω.

ἀπό-κληρος, Dor. ἀπό-κλᾶρος, ον, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing.

ἀπο-κληρώω, f. ὤσω, to choose by lot from among a number, to elect by lot.

ἀποκλιθεῖς, later ἀποκλιθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποκλίνω.

ἀπο-κλίνω [ῖ]: fut. -κλίνω: aor. I ἀπέκλινα: pf. -κέκλινα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to turn off or aside: to turn back. II. intr. to turn aside: metaph. to turn off to something worse, fall away, decline. Hence

ἀπόκλισις, εως, ἦ, a turning away: of the sun, sinking.

ἀπο-κλύζω, fut. ὤσω [ῖ], to wash away, avert by purifications.

ἀπο-κναίω, Att. -κνάω: f. -κνήσω: (for the tenses, v. κνάω):—to scrape or rub off; ἀποκνήν τινα to wear one out, weary to death:—Med. to wear away, diminish.

ἀπο-οκνέω, f. ἦσω, to shrink from, besitate about a thing, c. acc.: absol. to shrink back, besitate. Hence

ἀποκνήσις, εως, ἦ, a shrinking from.

ἀπο-κνίξω, f. ἴσω, to nip off. Hence

ἀποκνήσιμα, τό, that which is nipt off, a little bit.

ἀπο-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to sleep away from home. 2. to get a little sleep.

ἀποκοιτέω, f. ἦσω, to sleep away from one's post. From

ἀπό-κοιτος, ον, (ἀπό, κοιτός) sleeping away from.

ἀπο-κολυμβάω, f. ἦσω, to dive and swim away.

ἀπο-κομιδή, ἦ, a carrying away. II. (from Med.) a getting away or back. From

ἀπο-κομίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to carry or conduct away:—Med. to carry off with one:—Pass. to take oneself off, get away.

ἀπόκομμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκόπτω) a piece cut or knocked off, a splinter, chip, sbred.

ἀπο-κομπάξω, f. ἄσω, to break with a snap.

ἀποκοπή, ἦ, (ἀποκόπτω) a cutting or knocking off: ἀποκοπή χρεῶν = Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts.

ἀπο-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut off, bew off, knock off. II. to beat off from a place. III. Med. to smite the breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for.

ἀπο-κορύφω, f. ὤσω, to sum up briefly.

ἀπο-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to clear away, so as to restore order.

ἀπο-κοτταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus.

ἀπο-κουφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to relieve or set free from.

ἀπο-κράδιος, ον, (ἀπό, κράδη) plucked from the fig-tree.

ἀπο-κράνιζω, f. ἴσω, to strike from the head.

ἀπο-κράτew, f. ἦσω, to overcome, surpass.

ἀπο-κρεμάννυμι f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. κρεμάννυμι):—to let a thing bang down, let bang. II. to bang up.

ἀπό-κρημος, ον, precipitous, craggy.

ἀπόκριμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκρίνω) a judicial sentence, sentence of death.

ἀπο-κρινθεῖς, ἀποκρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of sq.

ἀπο-κρίνω [ῖ], fut. -κρινῶ: Pass., aor. I ἀπεκρίθην [ῖ]: pf. -κέκριμαι:—to part, separate, distinguish:—Pass. to be parted or separated one from another; ἀποκρίσθαι εἰς ἕν ὄνομα to be separated and brought under one name. II. to choose out, choose. III.

Med. to give answer or reply to a question: esp. to answer charges; ἀποκρίνεσθαι τι to give an answer: so also in aor. I pass. ἀπεκρίθην. Hence

ἀπόκρισις, εως, ἦ, a separating. II. (from Med.), an answer.

ἀποκριτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀποκρίνω, one must separate. II. (from Med.) one must answer.

ἀπό-κροτος, ον, beaten or trodden hard, esp. of earth.

ἀπο-κρούω, f. ὤσω, to beat off from a place, c. gen.:—Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off:—Pass. to be beaten or knocked off; κοτυλισιον τό χεῖλος ἀποκεκρουμένον a cup with its rim knocked off.

ἀποκρύπτασθε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ἀποκρύπτω.

ἀπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bid from, keep hidden from: ἀποκρύπτειν τινί τι, or c. dupl. acc., ἀπ. τινά τι, like Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to bid or keep back from one. 2. to hide close: to obscure. II. to lose from sight; ἀποκρύπτειν γῆν to lose sight of land, as in Virgil, Phæacium abscondimus arces. Hence

ἀπόκρυφος, ον, hidden; ἐν ἀπόκρυφῳ in secret. II. obscure, hard to understand.

ἀπο-κτάμεν, -κτάμεναι, Ep. for -κτᾶνείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποκτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ: aor. I ἀπέκτεινα: aor. 2 ἀπέκτανον, poet. ἀπέκταν, as, a; Ep. also in pass. form

ἀπεκτάμην: perf. ἀπέκτονα, more rarely ἀπεκτόνηκα, ἀπέκτακα, and ἀπέκταγα:—to kill, slay: of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like ἀποκνέειν, to weary to death, Lat. *enecare*.

ἀποκέννω, later form of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κύνω, f. ἦσω, to bear young, bring forth.

ἀπο-κυλίδω, f. κυλίω [τ], to roll away.

ἀπο-κύντω, f. ψω: pf. -κεκίφα: to stoop away from.

ἀπο-κώκυσ, f. ψω [ῥ], to mourn loudly over.

ἀποκώλυσις, εως, ἡ, a hindrance. From

ἀπο-κωλύω, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to hinder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep off.

ἀπολαβών, -λαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λαγνάω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέλαχον:—to obtain a portion of a thing by lot; ἀπολαχεῖν μέρος τινός: generally, to obtain.

ἀπο-λάξυμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-λαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λακτίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to kick off or away, shake off: generally, to spurn. Hence

ἀπολακτισμός, ὁ, a kicking away.

ἀπολάλεω, f. ἦσω, to chatter much.

ἀπο-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, in Herodotus -λάμφομαι: pf. ἀπέληφα, pass. ἀπέλημμαι: for the aorist, we have in act. only aor. 2 ἀπέλαβον, in pass. only aor. 1 ἀπελήφθην Ion. ἀπελάμφθην. To take or receive from another: absol. to receive what is one's due. 2.

to carry off. 3. to bear or learn, like Lat. *accipio*. II. to take back, regain, recover. 2. to have a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart or aside. IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, arrest, Lat. *deprehendere*, esp. of contrary winds.

ἀπο-λαμπρύνω, to make famous:—Pass. to become so.

ἀπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flash; αἰχμῆς ἀπέλαμπε (sc. φῶς) light beamed from the spear-head.

ἀπο-λάπτω, f. ψω, to lap up like a dog.

ἀπολαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαύω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

ἀπολαυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for enjoyment. From

ἀπο-λαύω, f. ἀπολαύσομαι: impf. ἀπέλαυον, aor. 1 ἀπέλαυσα, sometimes written ἀπήλαυον, ἀπήλαυσα:—to take of a thing, enjoy: also to get something from or by another, e.g. ἀγαθὸν ἀπολαύειν τινός. 2. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get harm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is λαυ-, i. e. λαφ-, λαβ-, which is also the Root of λαμβάνω.)

ἀπολαχέειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπολαγνάω.

ἀπο-λείβω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπολέγεμαι or ἀπέλεγεμαι:—to pick out from among, choose:—Med. to pick out for oneself:—Pass., ἀπολεγεμένοι picked men.

ἀπο-λείβω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἀπέλεβα:—to let drop off, pour a libation:—Pass. to drop or run down from.

ἀπο-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἀπέλιπον:—to leave over or behind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose. 2.

to leave behind, as in the race, to distance, to surpass. III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of things, to leave alone, leave undone.

IV. intrans. to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, sink.

2. to be wanting of or in a thing; ἀπὸ τεσσέρων πηχέων ἀπολείπων τρεῖς δακτύλους wanting three fingers of four cubits.

3. with part. to leave off doing. 4. to depart from.

V. Pass. to be left behind, inferior to. 2. to be parted from, be absent from, c. gen.; πολὺ τῆς ἀλλοθῆς ἀπολειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of. 3.

to be wanting in a thing, also c. gen.

ἀπο-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

ἀπόλειψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολείπω) a leaving behind, forsaking. II. intr. a failing, deficiency.

ἀπόλειπτος, ὄν, (ἀπολέγω) chosen out, picked.

ἀπο-λέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἀπολύω.

ἀ-πόλεμος, poet. ἀπτόλεμος, ὄν, unwarlike, unfit for war: peaceful. II. not to be warred on, invincible.

III. πόλεμος ἀπόλεμος a war that is no war, i. e. a hopeless struggle.

ἀπο-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pf. part. pass. ἀπολεεμμένος.

ἀπολέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολέσκετο, Ep. for ἀπόλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λήγω, poet. ἀπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave off or desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing.

ἀπο-ληρέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter at random.

ἀπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαμβάνω) a taking from: taking back, recovery. II. an intercepting, cutting off.

ἀπο-λιβάξω, f. ξω, to drop off.

ἀπο-λιγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud.

ἀπο-λυμπάνω, Ion. for ἀπο-λείπω.

ἄ-πολις, neut. i: gen. ἰδος, also εως, Ion. ιος: dat. ἀπόλι:—one without city, state, or country, an outlaw. II. πόλις ἀπολις a city that is no city, a ruined city.

ἀπο-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω: aor. I -ωλισθησα: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

ἀπο-λιταργίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to slip off, rack off.

ἀπο-λιχημομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. = ἀπολείχω, to lick off.

ἀπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

ἀπ-όλλυμι or ἀπ-ολλύω: impf. ἀπώλλυν or ἀπώλλυον: fut. ἀπολέσω, ἀπολέσσω, Att. ἀπολώ, Ion. ἀπολέω: aor. 1 ἀπόλεσα, Ep. ἀπόλεσσα; pf. ἀπόλεκα, Att. ἀπολώλεκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, slay: of things, to demolish, to lay waste. II. to lose utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλυμαι: f. ἀπολούμαι, Ion. ἀπολόομαι: aor. 2 ἀπαλόμην: perf. ἀπόλωλα: plqpf. ἀπαλώλεον or ἀπαλώλεον:—to perish, die: also simply to fall into ruin, to be undone. II. to be lost, fall away, fail.

III. to be wretched or miserable.

Ἀπόλλων, ὄνος, ὁ: acc. ὄνα or ὦ: voc. Ἄπολλον:—Apollo, son of Jupiter and Latona.

Ἄπολλώνειον and Ἄπολλώνιον, τό, a temple of Apollo.

ἀπο-λογέομαι, fut. ἦσομαι: aor. I med. ἀπελογησάμην, pass. ἀπελογήθην: pf. ἀπολελόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀπό, λόγος):—to speak in defence: also to speak in defence of a fact.

2. ἀπολογεῖσθαι τι to defend oneself against a charge. 3. ἀπολογεῖσθαι δίκην θανάτου to speak against sentence of death being passed. Hence

ἀπόλογημα, atos, τό, a plea alleged in defence.

ἀπολογία, ἡ; (ἀπολογέομαι) a speech in defence, defence.

ἀπο-λογίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἴϋμαι: aor. I -ελογισάμην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to reckon up, give in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give a full account of, recount fully. 2. to calculate or consider well. Hence

ἀπολογισμός, ὁ, a giving an account, a statement of facts or reasons. ἀπό-λογος, ὁ, a story, tale; ἀπόλογος Ἄλκίνου proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to Alcinoüs in Od. 9-12. II. a fable, like those of Aesop, an apologue.

ἀπολοῖατο; Ion. for ἀπόλοιτο, 3 plur. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-ολυζῶ, f. ζῶ, to utter a loud cry.

ἀπολόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολούμαι, fut. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπόλουσις, εως, ἡ, a washing off, ablution.

From ἀπο-λούω, f. λούω, to wash off:—Med., ἄλμην ὤμων ἀπολούσομαι I will wash the brine from off my shoulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean.

ἀπο-ολοφύρομαι, f. ὕρομαι, to bewail loudly. 2. to cease from wailing.

ἀπο-λύμαινομαι, f. -μάνομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, λῦμα):—to cleanse oneself by bathing.

ἀπολύμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀπό, λυμαίνομαι) a destroyer, waster.

ἀπολύσιμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal.

ἀπόλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance: c. gen., κατά τὴν ἀπόλυσιν τοῦ θανάτου as far as acquittal from a capital charge went.

ἀπολυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπολύω) disposed to acquit. Adv., ἀπολυτικῶς ἔχειν to be disposed to acquit.

ἀπο-λυτρόω, f. ὠω, to release on payment of ransom:—Med. to redeem for money. Hence

ἀπολυτρωσις, εως, ἡ, a releasing, redemption.

ἀπο-λύω, f. -λύω [ῥ]: aor. I ἀπέλυσα: pf. ἀπολέλυκα:—to loose from: to set free or release from; ἀπολύειν αἰτίη to acquit of a charge: absol. to acquit. 2. in II. always = ἀπολυτρόω, to release a prisoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him, χρυσοῦ for gold. 3. to disband an army: to discharge a debt.

II. Med. to release for oneself, redeem. 2. ἀπολύεσθαι διαβολάς, etc., to do away with calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence absol. to defend oneself. 3. to get free, de-

part. III. Pass. to be released, let free from. 2. to get clear: to depart, go away.

ἀπο-λυβάομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. to insult grossly: aor. I ἀπελωβήθην in pass. sense, to be insulted.

ἀπόδωλα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι. ἀπο-λυτίξω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, λυτός) = ἀπανθίζω, to pluck off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.

ἀπομαγᾶλλα, ἡ, (ἀπομάσσω) the crumb or inside of the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.

ἀπο-μαίνομαι, fut. -μᾶνήσομαι: pf. ἀπομέμηνα: Dep. to rave till one is satisfied: to rage violently.

ἀπο-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσομαι, to unlearn, Lat. de-discere.

ἀπο-μαντεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to announce as a prophet: hence to divine, presage.

ἀπο-μαῖραίνομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to die away, of a tranquil death.

ἀπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses, maintain stoutly. [ῥ]

ἀπο-μάσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. ζω, to wipe off, to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe one's hands. 2. to sweep off or level corn with a strickle; κενεῖν ἀπομάξαι (sc. χόνηκα) to lose one's labour. II. to make an impression of:—Med. to stamp or impress something on oneself, copy from another.

ἀπο-μαστιγῶ, f. ὠσω, to scourge severely.

ἀπο-ματαιζῶ, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, μάταιος) to behave idly or unseemly.

ἀπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχοῦμαι:—to fight from, as from a fort; τείχεα ἰκανὰ ἀπομάχεσθαι strong enough to fight from. II. ἀπομάχεσθαι τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. ἀπομάχεσθαι τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish a battle, fight it out.

ἀπο-μάχος, ον, (ἀπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit for service.

ἀπο-μέρομαι, f. -μεροῦμαι, Dep. to distribute. 2. Pass. to be parted from another.

ἀπο-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to give a share of, distribute. II. to distinguish from a number.

ἀπο-μερμηρίζω, fut. ἴσω and ἴξω, to slumber and forget one's cares.

ἀπο-μεστῶ, f. ὠσω, to fill to the brim.

ἀπο-μετρόω, f. ἦσω, to mete out, distribute.

ἀπο-μηκύνω [ῥ], f. ὕνω, to prolong, draw out.

ἀπο-μηνίω, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to be very wroth.

ἀπο-μιμῆομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. to copy after, to represent faithfully.

ἀπο-μυνήσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομαι, aor. I ἀπεμνήσκημι: pf. ἀπομέμνημαι:—to recollect, remember.

ἀπό-μισθος, ον, like ἄμισθος, without pay: defrauded of pay. II. paid off, i. e. past service, Lat. emeritus.

ἀπο-μισθῶ, f. ὠσω, to let out for hire, let: c. inf., ἀπομισθοῦν ποιεῖν τι to contract for the doing of a thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

ἀπομνάομαι, Ion. for ἀπομνήσκομαι.
ἀπομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

ἀπομνημονεύω, f. σω, to remind. II. to relate from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in mind.

2. ἀπομνημονεύειν τινί τι to bear something in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

ἀπομνηστικέω, f. ήσω, to bear a grudge against.

ἀπ-όμνημι or ἀπομνύω: 3 sing. impf. ἀμύμνυ: fut. ἀπομύομαι: (v. ὄμνυμι):—to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do.

2. to swear one has not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim upon oath. II. strengthd. for ὄμνυμι, to take a solemn oath.

ἀπομόνω, f. ὠσω, to leave quite alone:—Pass. to be excluded from a thing.

ἀπομόργνυμι or ἀπομόργγυμι, also ἀπομοργνύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἀπομόργνυ:—Med., Ep. aor. I ἀπομόργμην:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀπομορχθεῖς: (ἀπό, μόργνυμι or ὁμόργνυμι):—to wipe off or away from: to wipe clean:—Med., ἀπομόρξασθαι παρεῖς to wipe one's cheeks; ἀπομόρξασθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

ἀπομόρξατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of foreg.

ἀπόμοσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀπόμωμι.

ἀπό-μουσος, ον, like ἄμουσος, (ἀπό, Μούσα) away from the Muses, coarse, rude. Adv., ἀπομούσως γράφεσθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

ἀπομυθέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dissuade.

ἀπομυκέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud.

ἀπομυκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπομύσσομαι, one must wipe one's mouth.

ἀπομύσσω, Att. -τω, f. ξω, to wipe a person's nose: hence to sharpen his wits; comp. Horace's vir emunctae naris:—Med. to blow one's nose.

ἀπόναιο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπονίνημι: and ἀποναίω, 3 pl., for ἀπόναντω.

*ἀπο-νάω, obsol. pres., whence aor. I act. ἀπέναισα, Ep. ἀπένασσα: (ἀπό, νάω):—to remove one to another place: also to send back:—Med., in 3 sing. aor. I ἀπενάστατο, Ep. ἀπενάσατο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:—aor. I pass. ἀπονασθήναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

ἀπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and later -νεμήσω: aor. I ἀπένειμα:—to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart:—Med. to assign to oneself, take. 2. to feed on or off. II. to part off, separate.

ἀπονενημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀπονοέομαι, desperately.

ἀπο-νόεμαι, Dep. to go away, to go back, return, Ep. word, used only in pres. and impf. [ā Ep.]

ἀπονέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀπνος.

ἀπο-νεύω, f. σω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀποβλέπω. II. to refuse by shaking the head, Lat. abnuere.

ἀπο-νέω, f. νήσω, to unload:—Med. to throw off a load from.

ἀπονήμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπονίνημι.

ἀπονητί, Adv. of ἀπόνητος, without fatigue.

ἀπ-όνητο, Ion. for ἀπ-ώνητο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπονίνημι.

ἀπ-όνητος, ον, (a privat., πονέω) not worked or wrought. II. without trouble, easy: Sup. ἀπονητότατα with least trouble. 2. without sufferings.

ἀπόνια, ή, (ἀπνος) freedom from toil, laziness.

ἀπο-νίξω, f. -νίξω (as if from ἀπο-νίπτω, which is a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from oneself. 2. to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself clean.

ἀπ-ονίνημι, f. -ονήσω, to give enjoyment. II. mostly in Med., ἀπ-ονινάμαι: fut. -ονήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπονήμην, Ep. without augm. ἀπονήμην, 2 opt. ἀπόναιο, part. ἀπονήμενος:—to have the use or enjoyment of a thing; τῶνδ' ἀπόναιο mayest thou have joy of these things.

ἀπό-νιπτρον, τό, water for washing the hands, etc.: from

ἀπό-νιπτο, see ἀπονίξω.

ἀπο-νοέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. ἀπονενόημαι: Dep. to be out of one's mind, to have lost all sense.

1. of fear, to be desperate; ἄνθρωποι ἀπονενημένοι, Lat. perdit, desperate men. 2. of shame, ὁ ἀπονενημένος an abandoned fellow. Hence

ἀπόνοια, ή, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp. desperation.

ἀ-πνος, ον, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἀπονέστερος, -έστατος, without toil or trouble, untroubled: gentle, easy. 2. of persons, not toiling, lazy. 3. of things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

ἀπο-νοστήω, f. ήσω, to return home. Hence

ἀπονόςτησις, εως, ή, a return home.

ἀπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (ἀπό, νόσφι) Adv. far apart or aloof. II. as Prep. with gen. far

away from, mostly following its case.

ἀπο-νοσφίξω, f. ήσω Att. ἰω, to put asunder, keep aloof from: to bereave or rob of:—Pass. to be robbed of, c. acc. II. with acc. only, to flee from, sbun.

ἀπ-ονυχίξω: f. ήσω Att. ἰω: Pass., aor. ἀπονυχίστην: pf. ἀπονυχίσμαι: (ἀπό, ὄνυχιζω):—to pare the nails. II. to tear with the nails. III. to try or examine by the nail; ἀκριβῶς ἀπονυχισμένος, Horace's ad unguem factus, closely tried by the nail.

ἀπο-νωτίξω, f. ήσω Att. ἰω, to make turn his back and flee:—Med. to turn the back and flee.

ἀπό-ξενος, ον, like ἄξενος, inhospitable. 2. ἀπόξενος γῆς far from a country.

ἀπό-ξενόω, f. ὠσω, to drive from bouse and home, generally, to estrange or banish from:—Pass. to live away from home, be banished, migrate.

ἀπο-ξέω, f. σω, to shave off: cut off.

ἀπο-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω, to dry up, drain off a river:—Pass. to be dried up, to become dry; hence Ion. part. pf. ἀποξηρασμένος.

ἀπο-ξύνω [ὑ], f. ὑνῶ, to bring to a point, make taper.
ἀπο-ξυράω, Ion. -έω, f. ἴσω, to shave clean.
ἀπο-ξυράω = ἀποξυράω:—Med. to be clean shaved. [ὑ]
ἀποξύνω, f. ὕσω [ὑ], to shave or scrape off: hence
to strip off like skin.

ἀπο-παπταίνω, f. -παπταῖνῶ, Ion. -έω: aor. I part.
ἀποπαπτήνας:—to look about one, as if to flee.

ἀποπατέω, f. ἴσω or ἴσομαι, to retire from the way.

From
ἀπό-πατος, δ or ἦ, a going out of the way: eis ἀπό-
πατος to ease himself.

ἀπόπαυσις, εως, ἦ, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, hinder-
ance. II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

ἀπο-παύω, f. σω, to stop or binder one from a
thing: c. inf. to binder from doing: c acc. only, to
stop. II. Med. to leave off or cease from a thing.

ἀπό-πειρα, ἦ, (ἀπό, πείρα) a trial, venture.

ἀπο-πειράζω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], rarer form of sq.

ἀπο-πειράομαι, with fut. med. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I
pass. ἀπειράθην, Ion. -ήθην: Dep.:—to make trial,
essay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Act.,
ἀπειράσαι τοῦ Πειραέως (aor. I inf.) to make an
attempt on the Peiræus.

ἀπο-πελεκάω, f. ἴσω, to bew off with an axe.

ἀπο-πέμνω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss;
also in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of
things, to give back:—Med. to remove from oneself,
get rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

ἀπόπεμψις, εως, ἦ, a sending away: a dismissal,
divorcing.

ἀπο-περάω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἴσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over.

ἀπο-πέρδομαι, fut. -παρήσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2
act. -έπαρδον:—to break wind, Lat. *pedo*.

ἀποπέσσω, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀποπίπτω.

ἀπο-πέτομαι, fut. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέταμην, part.
ἀποπτάμενος, and act. ἀπέτην:—to fly off or away.

ἀπο-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to make to freeze or curdle:
—Pass., fut. -πᾶρήσομαι, of men, to be frozen: of
blood, to curdle.

ἀπο-πηδάω, f. ἴσω and ἴσομαι, to leap off from: to
turn away from.

ἀπο-πιμπλημι and -πιμπλάω, poet. also -πίπλημι,
-πιπλάω: fut. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀπέπλησα:—to fill up,
fill to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy,
fulfil: to appease, Lat. *explere*.

ἀπο-πίνω [ῖ], fut. -πίομαι, to drink up, drink off.

ἀπο-πίπτω, f. -πесоῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέπεσον:—to fall
off from.

ἀποπλαγχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάξω, to lead astray, lead away
from:—Pass. to go astray, be driven off: Homer uses
only aor. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθην, to stray from, be de-
prived off; τρυφάλεια ἀποπλαγχθείσα a helm struck
off.

ἀπο-πλανάω, f. ἴσω, to lead astray:—Med. to go
astray.

ἀπο-πλάσσομαι, f. -πλάσσομαι [ᾶ], to copy.

ἀπο-πλέω, Ep. -πλείω, Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσο-

μαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀπέπλευσα:—to sail
away, sail off: to sail back.

ἀπόπληκτος, ον, (ἀποπλήκτω) stricken or disabled
by a stroke, I. in mind, dumb, astounded. 2.

in body, crippled, paralysed. Hence

ἀποπληξία, ἦ, a stroke of apoplexy.

ἀπο-πληρώω, f. ὕσω, to fill quite full, satisfy, Lat.

explere. II. to fulfil.

ἀπο-πλήσσω, Att. -πρω: fut. -ξω:—Pass., aor. I
-επλήχθην: aor. 2 -επλήγην: pf. -πέπληγμαι:—to
strike to earth, disable in body or mind:—Pass. to lose
one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplexy.

ἀπο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -πτομαι, fut. ξομαι, Dep. to
trip off.

ἀπόπλοος, contr. ἀπόπλους, δ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing
away: an outward-bound voyage.

ἀπο-πλύνω [ὑ], f. ὑνῶ, to wash off or away: Ion.
impr. ἀποπλύνεσκον.

ἀπο-πλύω, Ion. for ἀπο-πλέω.

ἀπο-πνέω, Ep. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀπέ-
πνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμόν or ψυχὴν ἀποπνεῖν
to give up the ghost, Lat. *expirare animam*. 2. to
blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or
smell of a thing.

ἀπο-πνίγω, f. -πνίξω or -πνίξομαι, to choke, throttle:
—Pass., f. -πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 -επνίγην [ῖ]: pf. -πέπ-
νιγημαι:—to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked
with rage.

ἀπο-πολεμέω, f. ἴσω, to fight off or from.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. ἀπό-πολις, ι, gen. ιδος and εως,
far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ἦ, (ἀποπέμω) a sending away, getting
rid of.

ἀπο-πονεύω, f. ἴσω, to finish a work: stop working.

ἀπο-πορεύομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor.
I pass. ἀπεπορεύθην:—to depart, go away.

ἀπο-πραύνω, f. ὑνῶ, to soften down.

ἀπο-πριασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπ-ανέομαι, with no
pres. ἀπο-πρίαμαι in use.

ἀπο-πρίζω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], = ἀποπρίω, to saw off.

ἀπο-πρίω, f. ἴσω, to saw through, file off: [ῖ]

ἀπο-πρόω, Adv. far away, afar off. 2. as Prep.
with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπο-προαιρέω, to take away from before: aor. 2 part.,
σίτου ἀποπροεῶν βaving taken some of the bread.

ἀποπροέηκα, Ion. aor. I of ἀποπροήμι.

ἀποπροελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπροαιρέω.

ἀπόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from
afar: far off, far away.

ἀπόπροθι, Adv. (ἀποπρό) far off, far away.

ἀποπροίτις, part. pres. of

ἀπο-προήμι, f. -προήσω; Ep. aor. I -προήκα:—to
throw away. 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall.

ἀπο-προνοσφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to remove afar
off, carry far away.

ἀπο-προτέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έταμον:—to cut
off from; νώτου ἀποπροταμών baving cut off a slice
from the chine.

ἀπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύζομαι, to flee far away.

ἀποπτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀφίπταμαι.

ἀποπτήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀφίπτημι.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. for ἀπόπολις.

ἀποπτος, ον, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) seen or to be seen from a place. 2. seen at a distance, hence far away from; ἐξ ἀπόπτου from afar, opp. to ἐγγύθεν: hence II. dimly seen.

ἀπόπτυστος, ον, spit out; loathed, detested. From ἀπο-πτύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to spit out or up; of the sea, ἀποπτύει ἄλδς ἄχνην vomits forth its foam: hence to loathe, spurn, Lat. respuere.

ἀπο-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πύσσομαι: Dep. to inquire or ask of.

ἀπο-ρώω and ἀπο-ορέω, Ion. for ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, to slink away.

ἀπορέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπορος) to be without resource, to be at a loss, not know what to do, be in doubt, mostly followed by a Conjunction, ἀπορεῖν ὅπως διαβήσεται to be at a loss how he shall cross: c. inf. to be at a loss how to do: οὐκ ἀπορεῖν to have no doubt. II. Pass. to be made matter of question: also to be left unprovided for. 2. c. gen. rei, to be at a loss for, in want of, e. g. τροφῆς. 3. but, ἀπορεῖν τιμι to be at a loss because of, by means of something. Hence

ἀπόρημα, ατος, τό, a matter of doubt, disputed point.

ἀπορητικός, ή, όν, (ἀπορέω) inclined to doubt.

ἀ-πόρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πορθέω) not sacked or taken.

ἀπο-ορθόω, f. ύσω, to make straight again, restore, guide aright. Hence

ἀπόρθωσις, εως, ή, a setting upright, restoring.

ἀπορία, ή, (ἀπορος) of places, difficulty of passing: of things, difficulty, straits: of questions, a difficulty. II. of persons, difficulty of dealing with or finding out. 2. want of means or resource, embarrassment, hesitation. 3. ἀπορία τινός want of a thing: absol. need, poverty.

ἀπο-ορνύμαι, (ἀπό, ορνυμι) Pass. to start from a place.

ἀ-πορος, ον, without passage, and so of places, impassable, trackless: of things, hard to see one's way through, impracticable: τὰ ἀπορα difficulties, straits, ἐν ἀπόροις εἶναι to be in great straits. 2. hard to get, scarce. II. of persons, hard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable: c. inf., ἀπορος προσφέρεσθαι impossible to deal with. 2. without means or resources, and so at a loss, not knowing what to do. 3. poor, needy.

ἀπο-ορούω, f. σω, to leap off, dart away.

ἀπορρ-, ρ is doubled in Att. in all compds. after ἀπό, but in Ion. it remains single.

ἀπο-οράθωμι, f. ήσω, to neglect from carelessness: to leave off in despair.

ἀπο-οράω, f. -οράω, to spirt or sbod about.

ἀπο-οράω, f. σω, to bereave of; ήτορ ἀποοράειν τινά to deprive one of life.

ἀπορραντήριον, τό, (ἀπορραίνω) a vessel for holy water.

ἀπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up again.

ἀπορ-οαψιδέω, f. ήσω, to utter like a βαψιδός, to speak in fragments of Epic poetry.

ἀπορ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι or -ρύθσομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἀπερρήν-: to flow away from, run off from: absol. to stream forth, of blood. 2. to fall off, as fruit, etc. 3. to melt away.

ἀπορ-οργγνύμι or ἀπορ-οργγνύω: f. -οργγίω:—to break off, snap asunder:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπερράγγην [ἄ], to be broken off or severed.

ἀπορρηθῆν and ἀπορρηθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of ἀπερρῶ.

ἀπορρησις, εως, ή, (ἀπερρῶ) a prohibition. 2. a refusal: renunciation.

ἀπορρητος, ον, (ἀπερρῶ) forbidden; τὰ ἀπορρητα forbidden exports. II. not to be spoken, that should not be spoken; ἀπορρητον, τό, a state-secret: hence mystical, sacred, ἀπορρητον ποιεῖσθαι to keep secret. 2. τὰ ἀπορρητα things unfit to be spoken.

ἀπορ-ορίγω, f. ήσω: pf. ἀπερρίγα:—to shrink shivering from a thing, shrink from doing it.

ἀπορ-ορίπτω, poet. ἀπορίπτω, later also ἀπορ-οριπτέω: fut. ἀπορρίψω: aor. I ἀπερρίψα:—to throw away, throw aside: to throw off a garment. II. to cast forth, e. g. from one's country: to reject, renounce. III. to shoot forth bold words, ἐς τινα at one.

ἀπορροή and ἀπορροια, ή, (ἀπορρέω) a flowing off, stream. II. an emanation, efflux.

ἀπορ-οριβδέω, f. ήσω, to sbriek forth.

ἀπορροφάω or -έω, f. ήσω, to gulp down, swallow a part of.

ἀπορρρύτος, ον, = ἀπόρροος, flowing from; ἀπορρρρτα σταθμά stables with drains.

ἀπορ-ορυήσομαι, fut. of ἀπορ-ρέω.

ἀπορ-ορυήναι, aor. 2 pass., with act. sense, of ἀπορρέω.

ἀπορρρξ, ώγος, ό, ή, (ἀπορρηγνυμι) broken off, abrupt, steep. II. as Subst. fem. a piece broken off or divided from anything; Στυγός ύδατος ἀπορρρξ an off-stream of the Styx.

ἀπο-ορφανίζομαι, f. ήσομαι, Pass. to be taken away like an orphan from, to be torn away from.

ἀπο-ορχέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dance a thing away, i. e. lose by dancing.

ἀπος, εος, τό, = κάματος, weariness.

ἀπο-οαλένω, f. εύσω, to lie in the open sea or offing:—metaph. to keep aloof from.

ἀπο-οαφέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, σαφής) to make clear.

ἀπο-οοβέννυμι or -οοβεννώ: f. -οοβέννω:—to extinguish, quench: to destroy, blot out:—Pass. with fut. med. -οοβήσομαι; intr. aor. 2 act. ἀπέοοβην, pf. act. ἀπέοοβηκα: to go out, vanish, die.

ἀπο-οοέω, f. σω, to shake off:—Med. to shake off from oneself; of a horse, to throw his rider.

ἀπο-οοεμνύω, to extol pompously:—Pass., with f. med. ἀποσεμνύνουμαι, to give oneself airs.

ἀπο-σεύω, to chase away:—Pass. to dart away, aor. 1 ἀποσέσθην [ῥ]; 3 sing. Ἐρ. aor. 2 pass. ἀπέσσυτο. ἔπο-σημαίνω, f. ἀνω, to announce by signs, to give notice: to give a sign, to confirm or prove by a sign.

II. ἀποσημαίνειν εἰς τινα to allude to him. III. Med. to seal up as confiscated, to confiscate: of persons, to proscribe.

ἀπο-σῆπω, f. ψω, to make rotten, spoil utterly:—Pass., fut. -σῆψήσομαι, aor. 2 ἀπεσάπην [ᾶ]; with intr. pf. act. ἀποσάσηπα: to rot off, lose by mortification.

ἀπο-σίμω, f. ὦσω, to make flat-nosed:—Pass. to be so. II. ἀποσιμῶν τὰς ναῦς to turn the line of sailing aside, make a movement sideways, so as to avoid the direct shock.

ἀπ-οσιόομαι, Ion. for ἀφ-οσιόομαι.

ἀπο-σιώπῳ, f. ἤσομαι, to be silent after speaking, be quite silent.

II. trans. to keep secret. Hence ἀποσιώπησις, εως, ἤ, a becoming silent. 2. a rhetorical figure, when the sentence is broken off, as in Virg. Ecl. 3, 8, Aen. I. 139.

ἀπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to cut off or intercept by trenches. ἀπο-σκεδάννυμι: f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ] contr. -σκεδῶ:—to scatter abroad:—Pass. to be scattered, straggle away.

ἀποσκέψομαι, fut. of ἀποσκοπέω.

ἀπο-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to pack and carry away:—Med. to pack one's baggage, prepare for a journey.

ἀποσκήνω, f. ἤσω, to encamp apart from. From ἀπό-σκηνος, ον, (ἀπό, σκηνή) living and messing alone, opp. to σύσσιτος.

ἀπο-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to prop one thing upon another, to dash one thing upon or against another; esp. of the gods, ἀποσκήπτειν βέλεα ἔς τι to hurl down thunderbolts upon or at a thing. II. intr. to burst or break forib, like thunder; ἀποσκήπτειν ἔς φλαῦρον to come to a sorry ending, end in nothing.

ἀπο-σκιάζω, f. σω, to cast a shadow. Hence ἀποσκίασμα, ατος, τό, a shade, shadow: an adumbration.

ἀπο-σκιδάνναι, Pass., = ἀποσκεδάνναι, to be scattered.

ἀπο-σκληῖναι, aor. 2 inf. as if from ἀπό-σκλημι (see σκέλλω) to be dried up, withered.

ἀπο-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψω, to look away from other objects at one, and so to look steadily at, gaze at, πρὸς τινα or τι: c. acc. to look to, regard.

ἀπο-σκόπιος, ον, (ἀπό, σκοπός) away from the mark.

ἀπο-σकुδιναίνω, to be enraged with.

ἀπο-σकुθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to strip off the scalp like the Scythians, to scalp: metaph. to shave bare.

ἀπο-σकुψω, f. σω, to plunder and carry off.

ἀπο-σकुπτω, f. ψομαι, to banter, rally.

ἀπο-σμηττώ, f. ξω, to deceive:—aor. 2 pass. part. ἀποσμηγνῆτες, being deceived.

ἀπο-σοβέω, f. ἤσω, to scare away, as one does birds. II. intr. to be off in a hurry, in phrase οὐκ ἀποσοβήσεις; be off!

ἀπο-σπαράσσω, Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to tear off.

ἀπόσπασμα, ατος, τό, that which is torn off, a sbed. From

ἀπο-σπάω, f. -σπάσω [ᾶ], to tear or drag away, sever or part from; ἀποσπᾶν πύλας to tear off the gates; ἀπ. τὸ στρατιόπεδον to draw off the army:—Pass. to be dragged away from: of an army, to be separated or broken.

ἀπο-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to pour out wine as a drink-offering at sacrifices, Lat. libare.

ἀπο-σπεύδω, f. -σπείσω, to be eager in preventing, to dissuade earnestly.

ἀπο-σποδέω, f. ἤσω, to rub off, knock off.

ἀποσ-σεύω, poet. for ἀπο-σεύω.

ἀπόστᾶ, for ἀπόστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀπο-σπαδῶν, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) standing afar, far off.

ἀπο-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall drop by drop. II. intr. to fall in drops; μανίας δεινὸν ἀποστάζει μένος the fury of madness is trickling, is ebbling away.

ἀποστάς, ἀποστήναι, aor. 2 act. part. and inf. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀποστασία, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) later form for ἀποστασις, defection, revolt, apostasy.

ἀποστάσιον, το, (ἀφίσταμαι) a divorce; ἀποστάσιον βιβλίον, τό, a writing or bill of divorce. The nom. is not found in good authors.

ἀπόστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a standing away from, and so I. a defection, revolt. 2. departure or removal from. 3. distance, interval.

ἀποστατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀφίσταμαι, one must recede from.

ἀποστατέω, f. ἤσω, to stand off or aloof from: to differ from: to fall off or revolt from. II. absol.

to stand aloof, be absent. From ἀποστατής, οὐ, ὄ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a runaway, deserter, rebel. Hence

ἀποστατικός, ἡ, ὄν, rebellious: Adv., ἀποστατικῶς ἔχειν to be rebelliously inclined.

ἀπο-σταυρόω, f. ὦσω, to fence off with pales.

ἀπο-στεγάζω, f. ἄσω, to uncover, unroof.

ἀπο-στεγέω, f. ξω, to shelter from:—to shelter, keep safe. II. to keep off water, and generally to keep off, as, ὄχλον πύργος ἀποστέγει.

ἀπο-στενύω, poet. for ἀπο-στενῶ.

ἀπο-στείχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἀπέστίχον:—to go away, esp. to go back.

ἀπο-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ: aor. I ἀπέστειλα: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ᾶ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to send away from: absol. to send away, banish.

II. to send off, dispatch, on some service. III. to drive back:—Pass. to be sent off: also, to go away. IV. intr. to go back.

ἀπο-στενῶ, poet. -στενῶω: f. ὦσω: to straiten: ἀπεστείναντο 3 pl. plarf. pass.

ἀπο-στεργέω, f. ξω, to love no more:—to deprecate.

ἀπο-στερέω, fut. ἤσω, to rob, bereave, or defraud one of a thing: c. acc. rei only, to take away, withhold:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -στερηθῆσομαι

and -στέρησμαι, pf. ἀπεστέρημαι:—to be robbed or in want of. II. impers., ἀποστέρει με there fails me, I lack. Hence

ἀποστέρησις, εως, ἡ, a robbery; deprivation.

ἀποστέρητις, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀποστέρω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποστέρητις or -τρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, as Adj. = ἀποστέρητική.

ἀποστέρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀποστέρω) able to rob or deprive; γνάμη ἀποστέρητική τόκου a device for cheating one of his interest.

ἀποστέρητρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, v. sub. ἀποστέρητις.

ἀπο-στερίσκω, = ἀποστέρω.

ἀπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix firmly.

ἀπο-στίλβω, f. ὦσω, to make to shine.

ἀπο-στίλβω, f. ψω, to be bright with.

ἀπο-σπλεγγίζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰω, to scrape with a strigil:—Med. to scrape off sweat from oneself; pf. pass. part. ἀπεσπλεγισμένοι, scraped clean, Lat. lauti. ἀποστολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀποτέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

ἀποστολή, ἡ, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an expedition.

ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador. 2. an apostle. II. = στόλος, a naval expedition.

ἀπο-στοματίζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰω, = ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν, to speak from memory or off-hand. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

ἀπ-οστράξίζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰω, to banish by ostracism.

ἀπο-στράτοπεδεύω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from; ἀποστρατοπεδεύεσθαι πύρσω to encamp at a distance.

ἀποστραφῶ, ἦς, ἦ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of ἀποστρέφω, f. ψω: 3 sing. Ion. aor. I ἀποστρέψασκε:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστράφην: pf. ἀπέστραμμαι. To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight; πύδας καὶ χεῖρας ἀποστρέφειν, to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to dissuade from a thing. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back:—Pass., with fut. med. -στρέφωμαι, to be turned back; ἀπεστράφθαι τοὺς ἐμβόλους, of ships, to have their beaks bent back. III. to turn oneself from or away, abhor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.; μή μ' ἀποστραφῆς do not turn away from me, like Lat. avertor; ἀπεστραμμένοι λόγοι hostile words. 2. to get away, escape. 3. to turn and flee. Hence

ἀποστροφή, ἡ, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. 2. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource; ἀπ. κακῶν a refuge from evil; ὕδατος ἀποστροφή a resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

ἀπό-στροφος, ον, (ἀποστρέφω) turned away, averted. ἀπο-στυγέω, f. -στυγέω: aor. I -εστύγησα and -εστυξα: aor. 2 -εστυγον; perf. -εστύγηκα:—to hate utterly, loathe.

ἀπο-στυφέλιξω, f. ξω, to chase away by force.

ἀπο-συκάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, σύκων) to squeeze figs, to try whether they are ripe: metaph. of informers.

ἀπο-συλάω, f. ἦσω, to strip off spoils from a person: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

ἀπο-συνάγωγος, ον, (ἀπό, συναγωγή) put out of the synagogue.

ἀπο-συρίζω, f. ξω, to whistle aloud for want of thought.

ἀπο-σύρω [ῥ], f. -σύρω, to strip off, tear away: lay bare.

ἀπο-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. σφάζω):—to cut the throat; ἀποσφάζειν τινα ἐς ἄγρους, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally, to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

ἀπο-σφαικελίζω, f. ἰω, to have one's limbs mortified: to die of mortification.

ἀπο-σφάλω, f. -σφάλλω: aor. I -έσφηλα:—to lead astray, drive baffled away; ἀποσφάλλειν τινα πόνου to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπεσφάλην [ᾶ], to be cheated of a thing, miss it.

ἀπο-σφάττω, = ἀποσφάζω.

ἀποσφῆλαι, ἀποσφῆλωσιν, aor. I opt. and subj. of ἀποσφάλλω.

ἀπο-σφραγίζω, Ion. σφρηγ-, f. ἰω Att. ἰω: to seal up, shut up.

ἀπο-σφραίνω, f. -σφρήσω, to make to smell.

ἀπο-σχαλιδέω, f. ὦσω, to prop nets on poles. Hence ἀποσχαλιδωμα, ατος, τό, a forked piece of wood for propping hunting-nets.

ἀποσχήσω, fut. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχεῖν, -σχεσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχίζω, f. ἰω: aor. I pass. ἀπεσχίσθην:—to split or cleave off. 2. to sever, part, or detach from: esp. in Pass., of a river being parted from the main stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc.

ἀπο-σώζω, f. -ώσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οἰκᾶδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθῆναι ἐς . . . to get safe to a place, to get off safe.

ἀποτακτός, ὄν, (ἀποτάσσω) set apart for a special use, specially appointed.

ἀπο-τάμω, Ion. for ἀπο-τέμω.

ἀπο-τάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to set apart or assign specially; ἀπετάκτο πρὸς τὸ δεξιὸν he had been stationed on the right. II. Med., ἀποτάσσομαι

τινι to bid adieu to a person or thing. ἀποταυρόομαι, Pass. to act like a bull; δέργματα ἀποταυρόσθαι to cast fierce glances on.

ἀπο-ταφρῶω, f. σω, to fence with a ditch, intrench. ἀποτέθασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of ἀποθνήσκω, they were dead.

ἀποτεθνεῖς, for ἀποτεθνεῖς, ἀποτεθνηκώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-τείνω, fut. -τενώ: (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing:—Med. to exert oneself. 2. intr., like Lat. con'endere, to hasten onwards.

ἀπο-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wall off, I. so as to fortify. 2. so as to blockade. Hence ἀποτειχίσις, εως, ἡ, the walling of a town, blockading. And ἀποτειχίσμα, τό, walls built to blockade, lines of blockade.

ἀποτελευτάω, f. ἦσω, to bring quite to an end. 2. intr. to come to an end, cease, εἰς τι ἔν a thing.

ἀπο-τελέω, f. -τελέσω Att. τελῶ; pf. -τετέλεκα:—Pass., aor. I -τετέλεσθην; pf. -τετέλεσμαι. To bring quite to an end: pf. pass. part. ἀποτετελεσμένος, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation. 3. generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind; τὴν πόλιν ἀποτελεῖν εὐδαίμονα to make the state quite happy.

ἀπο-τέμνω, Ion. and Ep. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ; aor. 2 ἀπέταμον; pf. ἀποτέμηκα:—to cut off; ἀποτέμειν τινός to cut off part of a thing. 2. to separate or cut off from:—Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with view of appropriating.

ἀπο-τίκω, f. ξω, to make to melt away:—Pass, esp. in aor. 2 ἀπέτακην [ἄ], to melt away.

ἀπο-τηλοῦ, Adv. far away.

ἀποτιβάτος, ov, Dor. and poet. for ἀπρόσβατος.

ἀπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:—Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay aside. 2. to put by for oneself, stow away. 3. ἀποτίθεσθαι εἰς αὐθις to put aside for another time.

ἀπο-τίλλω, f. -τίλω; aor. I -έτιλα: to pluck out. Hence ἀπότιμα, ατος, τό, that which is plucked, a sbred. ἀπο-τίμα, f. ἦσω, not to honour, to slight. II. to value, fix a price by valuation; διμνέως ἀποτιμησάμενοι having fixed their price at two minae: hence III. as Att. law-term, Act. to mortgage a property according to valuation:—Med. to lend on mortgage:—Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence ἀποτίμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation.

ἀπό-τίμος, ov, (ἀπό, τιμή) = ἄτιμος, dishonoured.

ἀπο-τίνασσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to shake off.

ἀπο-τίνυμι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-τίνομαι.

ἀπο-τίνω, f. -τίσω [τ], to pay back, repay what is owing:—Med. ἀποτινομαι, f. -τίσομαι, to get paid one, exact; ἀποτίσασθαι τινα to avenge oneself on another: absol. to take vengeance.

ἀπο-τιμῆγω, f. ξω, Ep. for ἀπο-τέμνω, to cut off from; κλιτύς ἀπ. to cut up or plough the hills.

ἀποτμήξειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀποτμήγω.

ἀπο-ποτος, ov, unhappy, ill-starred.

ἀπο-τολμάω, f. ἦσω, to make a bold venture. II. absol. to be fearless, bold.

ἀποτομή, ἡ, (ἀποτέμνω) a cutting off.

ἀποτομία, ἡ, steepness, severity. From ἀπότομος, ov, (ἀποτέμνω) cut off, abrupt, precipitous. 2. metaph. barsb, rough:—Adv. -μως, sbarply.

ἀπο-τοξέω, f. σω, to shoot off arrows: to aim at a thing.

ἀπο-ποτος, ov, (a privat., ποτός) not drunk, not drinkable. II. act. never drinking: without drink.

ἀποτραῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποτρώγω.

ἀπο-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away from a thing; and so to binder or dissuade from. 2. c. acc. only, to turn away or back: to avert evil. 3. also to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at. II. Med. and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist from. 2. to turn away. 3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. aversari.

ἀπο-τρέχω; fut. -βρέξομαι, also -δραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or away.

ἀπο-τριβω [τ], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; ἀποτριβειν ἵππον to rub down a horse. II. to rub off: Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of.

ἀποτρόποιος, ov, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. Dii averrunci. II. pass. that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From ἀποτροπή, ἡ, (ἀποτρέπω) a turning away, averting. 2. a turning off of water. II. a binding. III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party.

ἀπότροπος, ov, (ἀποτρέπω) turned away, banished. 2. from which one turns away. II. act. turning away, averting.

ἀπό-τροφος, ov, (ἀπό, τροφή) reared away from one's parents.

ἀπο-οτρύνω, f. -οτρύνω, to excite.

ἀπο-τρώω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to rub away, and so lose. II. to vex, harass; so in Med., ἀποτρέσθαι γῆν to vex the earth.

ἀπο-τρώω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέτρωγον:—to bite or nibble off.

ἀπο-τροπή, poet. Frequent. of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀπο-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι, to fail in hitting, miss, lose. II. absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be wrong.

ἀπο-τυμπανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to beat or cudgel severely.

ἀπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to cease beating:—Med. to cease beating oneself in sign of mourning.

ἀπούρας, Ep. aor. I act. part. of ἀπαυράω, to take away: part. aor. I med. ἀπουράμενος in pass. sense occurs in Hesiod.

ἀπο-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for ἀφ-ορίζω, to mark off the boundaries; ἄλλοι γάρ οἱ ἀπουρίσσοσιν ἀρούρας, others will mark off, i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read ἀπουρήσουσι, as if from *ἀπουράω = ἀπαυράω, will take them away.

ἀπο-ουρος, ov, (ἀπό, ουρος Ion. for ὄρος) far from the boundaries; ἀπουρος πάτρας far away from one's fatherland.

ἀ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, ἀπουν, τό, gen. ἀποδος, without foot or feet: without the use of one's feet: slow of foot.

ἀπουσία, ἡ, (ἀπεινά) a being away, absence. II. deficiency, want.

ἀποφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπεσθίω, to eat up.

ἀπο-φαιδρύνω [φ], f. ἦνω, to make quite bright.

ἀπο-φαίνω, f. -φᾶνω: aor. I ἀπέφηνα:—to sbcw

forth, display: to shew by word, declare. 2. to shew by reasoning, shew, prove. II. like ἀποδείκνυμι to shew, and so to make or render:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own, to make a display of oneself; ἀποφαινέσθαι γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be shewn or declared. III. to appear, come to light.

ἀπόφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόφημι) a denial, negation. ἀπόφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποφαίνω) = ἀπόφανσις, a sentence, decision.

ἀπο-φάσκω, = ἀπόφημι, to deny. ἀπο-φᾶτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπόφημι) denying, negative. ἀπο-φέρβομαι, Dep. to feed off or on. ἀπο-φέρω, f. ἀποίωα: aor. ἀπήνεγκα, Ion. ἀπένεικα: (v. φέρω):—to carry off or away. II. to carry or bring back: hence 2. to report. 3. to pay back, return: generally, to pay what is due. III. to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc. IV. intr. in imperat., like ἀπαγε, ἀπόφερε, begone:—Med. to take for oneself, gain, obtain.

ἀποφεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέφυγον:—to flee from, escape. II. as law-term; ἀποφεύγειν τοὺς δίκοντας to make good one's defence: absol. to be acquitted, opp. to ἄλσκομαι. Hence

ἀποφευκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, ready for escaping; τὰ ἀποφευκτικά means of escape. And ἀποφειξίς, εως, ἡ, an escaping, getting off.

ἀπό-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak out, declare plainly. 2. to say no, to deny: also to refuse.

ἀπο-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, Dep. to speak one's opinion plainly. Hence

ἀπόφθεγκτος, ὄν, = ἀφθεγκτος. ἀπόφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποφθέγγομαι) a thing uttered: esp. a sententious answer, a terse saying, an apophthegm.

ἀπο-φθεῖρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. ἀπέφθαρκα:—to destroy utterly, ruin:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀποφθεροῦμαι, to be lost, perish, οὐκ εἰς κόρακας ἀποφθερεῖ μου; will not be gone with a murrain? Lat. *abi in malam rem*.

ἀπο-φθίνω [ῥ], to perish. II. trans., ἀποφθίνωεν θυμόν to lose one's life.

ἀπο-φθίω: Ep. aor. 2 act. ἀπέφθιθον: also as in Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [ῥ], part. ἀποφθίμενος:—to perish utterly, to die away. II. Causal. in fut.

ἀποφθίσω, aor. ἀπέφθισα, to make to perish, to destroy. ἀποφθίσθω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg.

ἀποφθορά, ἡ, (ἀποφθείρω) utter destruction.

ἀπο-φλουρίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴζω, to treat very slightly, make no account of.

ἀπο-φλοιῶ, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, φλοιός) to strip off the rind. ἀπο-φοιτάω, f. ἴσω, to go quite away: esp. of scholars, to leave their masters.

ἀπό-φονος, ὄν, murderous.

ἀποφορά, ἡ, (ἀποφέρω) a carrying away. II. a bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid, tax, tribute.

ἀπο-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to unload oneself, to unlade.

ἀπο-φράγγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -φράξω, to fence off, block up. Hence

ἀπόφραξις, εως, ἡ, a fencing off, blocking up.

ἀπο-φράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φράζω) properly not to be spoken of, like Lat. *nefandus, unlucky, ominous*: ἀποφράδες ἡμέραι, Lat. *dies nefasti*, days on which no assembly or court was held, opp. to *καθαρά ἡμέραι*.

ἀπο-φράσσω Att. -ττω, = ἀποφράγγνυμι.

ἀπο-φύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φύομαι) an offshoot.

ἀποφύγη, ἡ, (ἀποφεύγω) an escape, flight, place of refuge.

ἀπό-φυξις, v. sub ἀπόφειξις.

ἀπο-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέφυν and perf. ἀποπέφυκα, to grow out like a shoot.

ἀπο-φώλιος, ὄν, (ἀπό, ὄφελος?) empty, vain, idle, Lat. *irritus*.

ἀπο-χάσσομαι, f. -χάσσομαι, Dep. to withdraw from.

ἀποχάλασμός, ὁ, a slackening. From

ἀπο-χάλω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ], to slack or loose away, as one pays out a rope.

ἀπο-χάλινός, f. ὄσω, to unbridle.

ἀπο-χαλκίζω, f. σω, to forge of brass.

ἀπο-χειρο-βίωτος, ὄν, (ἀπό, χεῖρ, βιώω) living by one's hands, i. e. by manual labour.

ἀπο-χειροτονέω, f. ἴσω, to take a charge away from one, acquit him. II. of persons, to reject, to supersede, depose. 2. of things, to reject, vote against:

to abrogate, annul. Hence

ἀποχειροτόνησις, εως, ἡ, rejection by show of hands.

ἀπο-οχετεύω, f. σω, to draw off water by a canal.

ἀπο-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ἀπέχεα: Pass., aor. I ἀπέχουην [ῥ]: pf. ἀποκέχυμαι:—to pour out, spill, shed.

ἀπο-χραῖνω, to soften off the colour, shade off. ἀπο-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, inf. ἀποχρήν, Ion. -χρᾶν: impf. ἀπέχρην: fut. ἀποχρήσω: aor. I ἀπέχρησα:—

to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, ἐκατὸν νέες ἀποχρῶσι. 2. with dat., ποταμοὺς οὐκ ἀπέχρησε τῇ στρατιῇ was not enough for the army: with infin. ἀποχρᾶ μοι ποιεῖν 'tis sufficient for me to do; also 3 sing. impf. med. ἀπεχρέετο = ἀπέχρη. 3. Pass. to be contented with a thing; ἀποχρεωμένων τούτοις τῶν Μυσῶν the Mysians being satisfied therewith. II. Med. to use to the full. 2. to abuse, misuse, Lat. *abuti*.

ἀπο-χρέομαι, -χρέω, Ion. for ἀποχράομαι, -χράω. ἀπό-χρη, impers., v. ἀποχράω.

ἀπο-χρήματος, ὄν, (ἀπό, χρήμα) not to be paid in money.

ἀπόχρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποχράομαι) a using to the full, misuse: a getting rid of.

ἀποχρώντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀποχράω, ἀπόχρη, enough, sufficiently.

ἀποχυθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποχέω.

ἀπο-χολῶ, (ἀπό, χολός) to make quite lame.

ἀπο-χώννυμι, f. -χῶσω, to dam up, bank up the mouth of a river, etc.

ἀπο-χωρέω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to go from or away from, c. gen. 2. absol. to go away, depart: to retreat.

3. ἀποχωρεῖν ἐκ . . ., to withdraw from a thing, i. e. give it up. II. to pass off, esp. of the humours of the body. Hence

ἀποχώρησις, εως, ἡ, a going away or off, retreat: a place or means of safety.

ἀπο-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to part or separate from: to set apart.

ἀπο-ψάω, inf. ἀποψῆν: impf. ἀπέψην: aor. I ἀπέψησα:—to wipe off. 2. to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe off from oneself. 3. to wipe one's nose.

ἀπο-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσονται Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep.: I. c. acc. pers. to vote an office away from one, to reject him:—aor. I ἀπεψηφίσαι and pf. ἀπεψηφίσαι are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be rejected. II.

c. acc. rei, ἀπ. γραφήν to vote against receiving the indictment; ἀπ. νόμον to reject the law; αἰτίαν ἀποψηφίζομαι τινος to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal. III.

ἀποψηφίζεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to vote against doing. Hence

ἀποψήφισις, εως, ἡ, an acquittal.

ἀπο-ψιλῶ, f. ὦσω, to strip of hair, make bald: generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

ἀποψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀποράω) a looking from, a view, prospect.

ἀπ-όψομαι, fut. from an obsol. pres. ἀπ-όπτομαι, used as fut. of ἀποράω.

ἀπο-ψύχω [ψ], f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπέψυμαι: (ἀπό, ψυχή):—to leave off breathing, to faint, swoon. 2. acc., ἀποψύχειν ψυχήν to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die. II. (ἀπό, ψύχος) to cool, refresh:—Pass. to be refreshed, recover, revive: Med., ἰδρῶτα ἀπεψύχοντο they got the sweat dried off. III.

impers. ἀποψύχει, it grows cool, the air cools.

ἀπ-πέμψει, Ep. contr. for ἀποπέμψει.

ἀπραγμόνος, Adv. of ἀπράγμων, easily.

ἀπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, freedom from business, public affairs and law-suits: love of ease, Lat. otium. 2.

easiness, supineness. From

ἀπράγμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., πᾶγμα) without business, free from business, state-affairs or law-suits (πράγματα); τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from law and strife. 2. of things, not troublesome or painful.

II. pass. got or to be got without pains.

ἀπρακτός, f. ἦσω, to do nothing, to be idle. 2. to gain nothing. From

ἀ-πρακτος, Ion. ἀ-πρηκτος, ov: I. act. doing or effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; ἀπρακτος νέεσθαι to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:—Adv. -τως, unsuccessfully. II. pass. awaiting which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incurable. 2. not to be done, impossible. 3. μαντικῆς ἀπρακτος ὑμῖν, unassailed by your divining arts. Hence

ἀπραξία, ἡ, inaction: ill-success. II. a being at a loss, embarrassment, helplessness.

ἀ-πράτος, ov, (a privat., πέπᾶται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πιπᾶσκω) unsold, unsaleable.

ἀ-πρητής, ἐς, (a privat., πρῆψω) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἀπρητία, ἡ, poet. for ἀπρητεία.

ἀ-πρηκτος, Ion. for ἀπρακτος.

ἀ-πράντος, Ion. ἀπῆντος, ov, (a privat., πρᾶνω) implacable.

ἀπρίστην, Adv. without price or ransom. [ἄτ] From

ἀ-πρίατος, η, ov, (a privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

ἀ-πριγδα, prob. = ἀπρίξ.

ἀπρικτό-πληκτος, ov, (ἀπρίξ, πληξ) struck unceasingly.

ἀ-πρίξ, Adv. (a copul., πρῶ) properly with closed teeth, like ὀδᾶξ, Lat. mordicus: metaph. unfortunately, ceaselessly.

ἀ-πρόβουλος, ov, without previous design, unpremeditated. Adv. -λως, rashly, thoughtlessly.

ἀ-πρόβυμος, ov, not ready, disinclined, backward.

ἀ-προιδής, ἐς, (a privat., προιδεῖν) unforeseen.

ἀ-προμήθητος, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-προνοήτως, Adv. of ἀπρονόητος, (a privat., προνοέω) without foresight or forethought, heedlessly.

ἀ-πρόξενος, ov, without a πρόξενος.

ἀ-πρόπτος, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-πρόσβατος, Dor. ἀποτίβατος, ov, inaccessible: of disease, not to be healed.

ἀ-προσδόκητος, ov, unexpected, unlooked for:—Adv. -τως. II. act. not expecting.

ἀ-προσηγορος, ov, (a privat., προσήγορος) not to be spoken to, stern, savage. II. act. not accosting, not greeting.

ἀ-πρόσκυτος, ov, (a privat., προσκύνω) not to be reached or won.

ἀ-πρόστιος, ov, (a privat., πρόσ-ειμι) unapproachable.

ἀ-πρόσκεπτος, ov, (a privat., προσκείμεναι, fut. of προσκίπτω) unforeseen, not thought of beforehand.

ἀ-πρόσκλητος, ov, (a privat., προσκαλέω) not summoned to attend a trial.

ἀ-πρόσκοπος, ov, (a privat., προσκόπτω) not striking against, not stumbling, void of offence.

ἀ-πρόσμάχος, ov, (a privat., προσμάχομαι) irresistible.

ἀ-πρόσμικτος, ov, (a privat. προσμίγνυμι) holding no intercourse or commerce with others.

ἀ-πρόσιτος, ov, (a privat., προσίσω fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ἀ-πρόσιμλος, ov, unsociable.

ἀ-προστάσιον γραφή, ἡ, (a privat., προστάτης) an indictment laid against a μέτοικος at Athens, for not having chosen a προστάτης or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ἀπροστάσιον, τό, is not used.

ἀ-πρόσφορος, ov, (a privat., προσφέρω) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous.

ἀ-προσωπο-λήπτης, (a privat., πρόσωπον, λαμβάνω) Adv. without respect of persons.

ἀ-προτίμωστος, ov, Dor. for ἀ-πρόσμαστος, (a privat., προσμύσσω) untouched, undefiled.

ἀ-προφάσιτος, ov, (a privat., προφασίζομαι) offer-

ing no excuse, ready. Adv. -τως, without evasion, honestly.

ἄ-πρόσφάτος, ον, (a privat., πρόφρημι) unforetold.

ἄ-προφύλακτος, ον, (a privat., προφυλάσσομαι) not guarded against, unforeseen.

ἄ-πταιστος, ον, (a privat., πταίω) not stumbling; ἄπταιστότερον παρέχειν τὸν ἵππον to make the horse less apt to stumble.

ἄ-πτερος, ον, (a privat., πτερόν) without wings, un-winged: in Homer, τῇ δ' ἄπτερος ἐπλετο μῦθος the speech was to her without wings, i. e. flew not away again, sank into her mind; ἄπτερα πτηρήματα wingless flight; of arrows, unfeathered; of young birds, etc., unfledged, callow; ἄπτερος φάτις an unfledged, i. e. unconfirmed, report.

ἄ-πτήν, gen. ἀπτήνος, ὁ, ἡ: dat. pl. ἀπτήσι: (a privat., πτηνός) unfledged, callow, of young birds: unwinged.

ἄ-προ-επίης, ἐς, (a privat., πτώω, ἐπος) undaunted in speech.

ἄ-πόλεμος, ον, poet. for ἀπόλεμος.

ἄπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄπτω) touched, handled: to be touched, subject to the sense of touch.

ἌΠΤΩ, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἦσα:—Pass., aor. I ἦφθην, Ep. ἐάφθην: pf. ἦμμαι, Ion. ἄμμαι. To fasten, fasten to or on, fix upon a thing; ἐπὶ δ' ἀσπίς ἐάφθη his shield was fastened, i. e. clung closely, to him:—more freq. as Med., ἄπτομαι, fut. ἄφομαι: aor. I ἦψάμην:—to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, bang on by, grasp; ἄψασθαι γούναον to cling to one's knees: later, to engage in, undertake, begin. 2. to fasten upon, attack. 3. to touch, affect. 4. to grasp with the senses, apprehend, perceive. 5. to reach, overtake: to gain. II. to kindle, set on fire:—Pass. to take fire: to be set on fire.

ἄ-πτώς, ὄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., πίπτω) not falling or failing, unfalling.

ἄ-πύλωτος, ον, (a privat., πυλώω) not closed by a gate.

ἄ-πύργος, ον, without tower and wall, unfortified.

ἄ-πυργατος, ον, (a privat., πυργάω) not girt with towers.

ἄ-πύρος, ον, (a privat., πῦρ) without fire, in Homer only of tripods, that have not yet been on the fire, i. e. new; ἄπυρος οἶκος a cold, cheerless house; χρυσὸς ἄπυρος unrefined, opp. to ἀπεφθός; ἱερὰ ἄπυρα sacrifices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = ἄθυστα, unoffered: ἄπ. ἄρδης a sting not forged by fire, i. e. of the gadfly. Adv. -πως.

ἄ-πύρωτος, ον, (a privat., πυρώω) not yet exposed to fire.

ἄ-πυστος, ον, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) of which nothing has been learnt, unknown. II. act. having learnt nothing, ignorant: c. gen. ignorant of.

ἀπύτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡπύτης. [ἀπύ-]

ἀπύω, Dor. for ἡπύω.

ἌΠΦΥΨ or ἀπφύς, gen. φός, ὁ, a term of endearment used by children to their father, παπα, Hebr. Abba.

ἀ-φῶδός, ὄν, (ἀπό, φῶδῆ) discordant, out of tune.

ἄπωθεν, Adv. = ἄποθεν, from afar.

ἄπ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήω, and -ώσω: aor. I ἀπέωσα or ἀπώσα:—to thrust off, drive away: of the wind, to beat off, beat from one's course: later, to drive away from the land, banish. 2. to repel, drive back. 3. in Med. to reject, disdain. Hence

ἀπώθητος, ον, thrust or driven away, rejected.

ἀπώλεια, ἡ, (ἀπόλλυμι) destruction: loss: waste.

ἀπώλεσα, aor. I of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπώλην, aor. 2 med., in pass. sense, of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἄ-πώμαστος, ον, (a privat., πῶμα) without a lid.

ἀπώμοσα, aor. I of ἀπόμνυμι.

ἀπωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀπόμνυμι) a denial upon oath, as Att. law-term, opp. to ἐξωμοσία.

ἀπώμοτος, ον, (ἀπόμνυμι) forsworn, abjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat. abjurandus; βροτοῖσιν οὐδὲν ἔστ' ἀπώμοτον mortals should never make a vow against anything. II. act. under oath not to do a thing.

ἀπώσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀποθῶέω.

ἀπωσάμην, -σασθαι, aor. I med. ind. and inf. of ἀποθῶέω.

ἀπωσι-κύματος, ον, (ἀποθῶέω, κύμα) repelling waves.

ἀπωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποθῶέω) a thrusting or driving away.

ἀπωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀποθῶέω) thrust or driven away from. II. that can be driven away.

ἀπώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀπό) further off:—Sup. ἀπώτατος, ἡ, ον, furthest off.

ἀπώτερος, Comp. Adv. of ἀπώτερος: ἀπωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀπώτατος.

ἄρ, Ep. before a consonant for ἄρα.

ἌΡΑ, Ep. ῥά (which is enclitic), and before a consonant ἄρ: I. EPIC USAGE: I. then, straight-

way; ὡς φάτω, βῆ δ' ἄρ' ὄνειρος thus he spake and then the dream proceeded:—then, next in order, οἱ δ' ἄρ' Ἀθήνας εἶχον. 2. explanation of a thing going before; φῆ β' ἄεκητι θεῶν φυνγένει for he said that he would fire: with rel. Pron. ἄρα makes it more precise; ἐκ δ' ἔθορε κλῆρος, ὃν ἄρ' ἤθελον αὐτοὶ just the one, the very one, which they wished. II.

ATTIC USAGE:—here it always is like οὖν, then, therefore, so then; κάλλιστον ἄρα ἢ ἀρετῆ therefore you must allow virtue is best; μάτην ἄρ', ὡς εἰκεν, ἡκομενο ἰσέεσθαι then we are come in vain:—in questions, τίς ἄρ' ἴσεται; who then is there to save?—Ἄρα cannot begin a sentence.

ἄρᾶ, interrog. particle, a stronger form of ἄρα, usually expecting a negat. answer, Lat. num? 2. if an affirmative answer is expected, ἄρα οὐ is used, = Lat. numne? 3. ἄρα is also used in exclamations; ὀδυνηρὸς ἄρ' ὁ πλοῦτος! grievous then is wealth!—In prose ἄρα always stands first in the sentence.

'ΑΡΑ', Ion. 'ΑΡΗ', ἡ, a prayer: in Homer mostly a prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse, mischief, ruin. II. 'Αρά personified is the goddess of destruction and revenge, Lat. Dira.

ἀρᾶβέω, f. ἡσω, to rattle, ring, clang, always of armour. From

*ΑΡΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a rattling; ἀραβος ὀδόντων gnashing or grinding of teeth.

ἀραγμα, ατος, τό, and ἀραγμός, ὁ, (ἀράσσω) a clashing, rattling; ἀραγμος στήρων beating of the breast in grief, Lat. *planctus*.

ἀραι, αορ. I inf. of αἶρω.

*ΑΡΑΙΟΣ, Att. ἀραιός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *thin, narrow, weak, slight*.

ἀραιός, α, ον, also ὅς, ον, (ἀρά) prayed to or entreated; Ζεὺς ἀραιός, = *ικέσιος*. 2. prayed against, accursed.

II. act. cursing, bringing mischief upon. [ᾶ]
ἀραιήκω, ἀραιηκώς, ἀραιημένος, ἀραιήτο, Ion. redupl. for ἤρηκα, ἤρηκώς, ἤρημένος, ἤρητο, pf. and plpf. redupl. forms from αἶρέω.

ἀράμενος, αορ. I med. part. of αἶρω.
ἀράομαι: f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Ion. ἤσομαι: pf. ἤραμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (ἀρά):—to pray to a god. 2. to pray or vow that a thing may happen, c. inf. 3. to pray something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to imprecate upon one; esp. with cognate acc., ἀρὰς ἀρᾶσθαι τινι to imprecate curses upon one.

ἄραρε, Dor. for ἀρηρε, 3 sing. pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω in intr. sense, it is fixed, decreed: but, II. ἄραρε, Ep. for ἤραρε, αορ. 2 in trans. sense, appeased, satisfied.

ἄραρεῖν, αορ. 2 inf. of ἀραρίσκω.
ἀραρίσκω, redupl. pres. from the Root *ἄρω: I. trans. in pres. and impf., in f. ἀρᾶω Ion. ἄρω: αορ. I ἦρα Ion. ἄρα: αορ. 2 ἤραρον Ep. ἄραρον:—to join, fasten, fit together: fit or furnish with a thing. II. intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. ἄρηρα Att. ἄραρα, Ep. part. fem. ἀραρῖα: plpf. ἤραρεν [ᾶ]: also pf. pass. part. ἀρηρέμενος, and Ep. αορ. 2 pass. part. ἀρήμενος:—to be joined closely together: to be fitted closely, fit well: to be fixed: to be fitting, meet, or suitable.

ἄράρον, Ep. αορ. 2 of ἀραρίσκω: part. ἀράρον.
ἄραρός, ἀραρῖα Ep. ἀραρῖα, ἀραρός, perf. part. of ἀραρίσκω, fitted, fitting:—Adv. —ότως.
ἀράσσω, Att. —τω: f. ἀράσω Dor. —αζῶ: αορ. ἤρασα Ep. ἄρασα:—Pass., αορ. I ἤραχθον: (a euphon. βάσσω):—to strike hard, dash in pieces, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; μέλας ἀράσσειν to knock furiously at the gates; metaph. ἀράσσειν ὀνειδεῖσι to strike with reproaches:—Pass. to dash one against other with a noise, to clash, rattle. [ᾶ]

ἀράτος Ion. ἀρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀράομαι) prayed for. 2. accursed, unblest.
ἀράχνηος, α, ον, of or belonging to a spider. From *ΑΡΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, = ἀράχνη. II. a spider's web, cobweb, Lat. *aranea*.

*ΑΡΑΧΝΗΣ, ὁ, a spider, Lat. *araneus*. Hence ἀράχνηον, τό, a spider's web, cobweb.

*Αραψ, αβος, ὁ, an Arab: also *Αραβος, ον, ὁ.
*ΑΡΒΥΛΗ, ἡ, a strong shoe, coming up to the ankle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., a half-boot. [ῦ]

ἀρβυλίς, ἶδος, ἡ, = ἀρβύλη.

ἀργαῖος, Dor. for ἀργαῖος.

ἀργαῖος, α, ον, (ἀλγος, as if ἀλγαλέος) bard, painful, grievous, Lat. *gravis*: also of persons, troublesome.

ἀργᾶς, cōntr. for ἀργαῖος.

*Αργει-φόντης, ον, ὁ, for *Αργο-φονευτής, (*Αργος, φονεύω) slayer of Argus.

ἀργέλοφοι, ον, οἱ, the feet of a sheepskin: generally, *offal, refuse*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀργενός, ἡ, ὄν, Acol. and Dor. for ἀργός, white, mostly of sheep.

ἀργεστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀργός) white.

II. paroxystone, ἀργεστής, ον, ὁ, epith. of the South wind, clearing, brightening, like Horace's *Notus albus, detergens nebula caelo*. 2. later, from being the epithet of Ζεφύρος, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian σκίρων.

ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα, poet. dat. and acc. for ἀργήτι, ἀργήτα, from ἀργής, white.

ἀργέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) to be idle, do nothing: of a field, to lie fallow. II. trans. to leave a thing undone:—Pass. to be left undone: to be fruitless.

ἀργηῖος Dor. ἀργαῖος, εσσα, εν, contr. ἀργᾶς, gen. ἀργάντος, = ἀργής.

ἀργής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, also with poet. dat. and acc. ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα: (ἀργός):—white, bright, vivid.

ἀργηστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀργής, white, glancing.

ἀργία, ἡ, = good sense, leisure.

ἀργι-κέρανος, ον, (ἀργής, κερανώς) with white, vivid lightning.

ἀργίλλος or ἀργίλος, ἡ, (ἀργός) white clay, pot'er's earth, Lat. *argilla*.

ἀργιλλ-ώδης or ἀργιλ-ώδης, ες, (ἀργίλλος, εἶδος) like clay, clayey.

ἀργίνους, εσσα, εν, = ἀργός, white, shining.

ἀργι-όδους, ὀδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀργός, ὀδοῦς) white-toothed, white-tusked.

ἀργί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀργός, πούς) swift-footed or white-footed.

ἀργμα, τό, (ἀρχω) only used in plur. ἀργματα = ἀπαρχαί, the firstlings at a sacrifice.

*Αργολίω, f. ἴσω, to take the part of Argos. From *Αργολίς, ἶδος, ἡ, Argolis, a district in Peloponnesus. 2. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, of Argolis, Argolic.

*Αργος, εος, τό, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

*ΑΡΓΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, shining, bright, glistening; πόδας ἀργός as epith. of dogs, swift-footed, because rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light.

ἀργός, ὄν, contr. from ἀεργός, (a privat., ἐργον) not working, esp. not working the ground: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy: c. gen. rei, idle at a thing, free from it, ἀργός πόνον: of land, lying fallow. II. pass. not done, Lat. *infectus*: unattempted.

ἀργυρ-άγη, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, ἄγη) *silver-quinsy*, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed.

ἀργυρ-αμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ἀμείβω) a *money-banger*.

ἀργυρείον, τό, a *silver-mine*. Properly neut. from ἀργυρείος or ἀργυρείος, ον, = ἀργυρέος, ἀργυρεῖα μέταλλα *silver-mines*.

ἀργυρέος or ἀργυρέος, α, ον, contr. ἀργυροῦς, ᾶ, οῦν, (ἀργυρος) *silver, of silver*.

ἀργυρ-ἡλάτος, ον, (ἀργυρος, ἐλαίνω) *wrought of silver*.

ἀργυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀργύριον.

ἀργύριον, τό, (ἀργύρος) a *piece of silver*: hence 'silver'; i. e. *money, cash*.

ἀργυρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) a *silver vessel*.

ἀργυρίτης [τ], fem. ἀργυρίτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) of *belonging to silver*: as Subst. (sub. γῆ), *silver-ore*.

ἀργυρ-δίνης, ον, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, δίνη) *running in silver eddies*, epith. of rivers. [τ]

ἀργυρ-ειδής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, εἶδος) *like silver*.

ἀργυρ-ἦλος, ον, (ἀργυρος, ἦλος) *silver-studded*.

ἀργυρ-κόπος, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, κόπτω) a *worker in silver, silversmith*.

ἀργυρολογέω, (ἀργυρολόγος) *to levy money*: c. acc. *to lay a country under contribution*. Hence

ἀργυρολογία, ἡ, a *levying of money*.

ἀργυρ-λόγος, ον, (ἀργυρος, λέγω) *levying money*.

ἀργυρ-πέξια, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, πέξα) *silver-footed*: also ἀργυρ-πέξος, ον.

ἀργυρ-ποιός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ποίω) a *worker in silver*.

ἀργυρ-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, -πούς, τό, gen. ποδός, (ἀργυρος, ποῖς) *with silver feet*.

ἀργυρ-ορ-ρῦτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ῥέω) *silver-flowing*. [ρῦ]

ἀργ-ῦρος, ὁ, (ἀργός, white) like Lat. *arg-entum*, the *white metal*, i. e. *silver*, first in Homer. 2. *silver-money, money*.

ἀργυρ-οτόξος, ον, (ἀργυρος, τόξον) *with silver bow*, epith. of Apollo.

ἀργυρ-οφειγής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, φέγγος) *silver-shining*.

ἀργυρ-όω, φ ὤω, (ἀργυρος) *to turn into silver*. 2. *to reward with silver*:—Pass. *to be so rewarded*.

ἀργυρ-ώδης, ἐς, = ἀργυροειδής. 2. *rich in silver*.

ἀργυρ-ῶμα, ματος, τό, (ἀργυρῶ) *silver-plate*.

ἀργυρ-ῶνητος, ον, (ἀργυρος, ὠνόμαί) *bought with silver*.

ἀργύφειος, α, ον, (ἀργυρος) *silver-white*. [ῦ]

ἀργύφος, ον, = ἀργύφειος, epith. of sheep.

Ἄργω, ὅς, contr. οὐς, ὁ, (ἀργός, swift) *the Argo* or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis.

ἀρδέω, φ. σαι, = ἀρδαί, *to water*, Lat. *irrigare*.

ἀρδη, Adv. contr. for ἀέρδην, (αἶρω) *lifted up, raised on high*. II. *utterly, Lat. penitus*.

ἌΡΑΙΣ, ὤς, ἡ, *the point of anything, an arrow-head: a sting*.

ἀρδμός, ὁ, a *watering: a watering-place*. From

*ἌΡΑΔΩ, φ. ἄρω: aor. I ἤρσα:—*to water cattle, give them to drink*:—Pass. *to drink*. 2. of rivers, *to water land*, Lat. *irrigare*. II. *metaph. to refresh, foster*.

ἌΡέθουσα, ἡ, name of several fountains, perhaps for ἌΡθουσα, *waterer*: the most famous was at Syracuse.

ἄρεά, Ion. ἀρεΐη, ἡ, (ἀρά) *cursing, threatening language*.

ἌΡειος, ον also α, ον, Ion. Ἄρῆϊος, η, ον, (Ἄρης) *warlike, martial*, Lat. *Mavortius*: Comp. Ἄρειότερος, α, ον, = ἀρείων.

ἌΡειος πάγος, ὁ, *bill of Ares, Mars' Hill*, over against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: *capital crimes* came specially under its jurisdiction.

ἀρειότερος, α, ον, = ἀρείων.

ἌΡεΐ-τολμος, ον, (Ἄρης, τίλημα) *full of martial boldness*.

ἌΡεΐ-φαῖτος, Ep. Ἄρηΐφατος, ον, (Ἄρης, πέφαται 3 sing pf. pass. of *φένω) *slain by Ares*, i. e. *slain in war*. 2. later generally = Ἄρειος, *martial*.

ἀρείων, ὁ, ἡ, -ον, τό, gen. ονος, *better, stronger, braver*: it serves as Comp. of ἀγαθός. (On the deriv., see Ἄρης.)

ἄρκετος, ον, ποῖτ. for ἀρκετος, *undone*.

ἀρέομαι, Ion. for ἀράομαι.

ἀρέσαι, ἀρέσασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of ἀρέσκω.

ἀρεσάσθω Ep. ἀρεσσάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of ἀρέσκω.

ἀρέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἶρω.

ἀρεσκεία, ἡ, (ἀρέσκω) a *desire to please, complaisance*: in bad sense, *obsequiousness, flattery*.

ἀρεσκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρέσκω, *agreeably*.

ἀρεσκος, η, ον, *desirous to please, complaisant*: in bad sense, *obsequious, flattering*. From

ἀρέσκω: fut. ἀρέσω: aor. I ἤρσα, inf. ἀρέσαι: pf. ἀρήρεκα:—Med., fut. ἀρέσομαι Ep. ἀρέσσομαι: aor. I ἤρεσάμην, Ep. part. ἀρεσσάμενος:—Pass., aor. I ἤρεσθη: (*ἀρω, ἄρω):—*to make good, make it up, ταῦτα δ' ἀρεσσόμεθα* this will we make up among ourselves; *ἄψ ἀρέσαι* to make amends: c. acc. pers. *to conciliate, propitiate, αὐτὸν ἀρεσσάσθω ἐπέεσσιν*: c. gen. rei, ἀρεσάντω φρένας αἵματος they sated their heart with blood:—Pass. *to be contented, acquiesce*. II. c. dat. pers., *to be pleasing to, gratify, please, flatter, ταῦτα ἀρέσκοι μοι; ἀρέσκεν τρῶπος τινός* to conform to his ways:—impers., ἤρεσέ σφι ταῦτα ποιῶν *it pleased them to do so*.

ἀρεστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀρέσκω, *pleasing, grateful: acceptable, approved*. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀρετάω, φ. ἤσω, (ἀρετή) *to be fit or proper, to thrive, prosper*.

ἀρετή, ἡ, *goodness, excellence*, of any kind; but in Homer, like Lat. *virtus* (from *vir*), *manhood, prowess, valour*: also *manly beauty, dignity*, etc. 2. in Prose, *of the virtues* of land, fountains, etc. 3. *excellence*

in art or workmanship, skill.

II. in moral sense, goodness, virtue:—also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see *Ἀρης.)

ἀρή, ἡ, Ion. and Hom. for ἀρά.

ἀρηαί, Ep. for ἀρη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἶρω.

ἀρηγοσύνη, ἡ, = ἀρηξίς.

*ΑΡΗΓΩ, ἱ. ζω, to *help, aid, succour* in war, c.

dat. 2. absol. to be of use, be fit; *σιγᾶν ἀρήγει* it is meet to be silent.

II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, prevent, ἀρήγειν ἄλωσιν: also, ἀρήγειν τινί τι to ward off from one, to avert the capture, as *φόνον τέκνοισ ἀρήγειν*. (Same Root as ἀρκέω, Lat. arceo.)

ἀρηγών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, a *helper, aid*.

*Αρηΐ-θοος, ον, (*Ἀρης, θούς) *swift as Ares, swift in war*.

*Αρηΐ-κτάμενος, η, ον, (*Ἀρης, κτείνω) *slain by Ares or in war*.

*Αρηΐος, η, ον, Ion. for *Αρειος.

*Αρηΐ-φάτος, ον, Ion. for *Αρεί-φατος.

*Αρηΐ-φίλος, ὁ, ἡ, also η, ον, (*Ἀρης, φίλος) *dear to Ares*.

ἀρημέμαι, an Ion. infin., prob. for ἀρᾶν, to pray, an act. form of ἀράσθαι (from ἀράομαι).

ἀρημένος, η, ον, *distressed, harassed*, = βεβλαμμένος. (Origin uncertain.)

ἀρηξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀρήγω) *help, succour*.

II. c. gen. rei, *help against a thing, means of averting it*.

ἄρηρα, pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω: plqpf. ἀρήρειν.

ἀρηρημένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀρηροκα, ἀρηρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀράω.

ἀρηρομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀράω.

*ΑΡΗΣ, ὁ: gen. *Αρεος or *Αρεως (never *Αρους): dat. *Αρεῖ, Att. contr. *Αρει, poet. *Αρη: acc. *Αρη, also *Αρηη and *Αρεα: voc. *Αρες: Ion. and Ep. declension *Αρηος, ἡ, ηα. *Ares*, Lat. *Mars*, son of Jupiter and Juno, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to ἄρρηη, ἄρρη, as the Lat. *Mars* to mas. — From the same Root come ἀρετή, ἀρι-, ἀρείων, ἀριστος, the first notion of goodness being that of manhood, bravery in war: cf. Lat. *virtus*.)

ἀρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ: fem. ἀρητέρα, (ἀράομαι) properly one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [ā]

ἀρητός, Ion. for ἀρατός.

ἄρθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of αἶρω.

ἄρθεν, Aeol. for ἤρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αἶρω.

ἄρθμω, f. ἦσω, (ἀρθμός) to be joined together.

ἄρθμος, α, ον, joined, united: at peace with another:—as Subst. ἄρθμα, ον, τά, *peaceful relations, concord*.

ἄρθμός, ὁ, (ἀραρίσκω) a bond, league: *friendship*.

ἄρθρον, τό, (ἀραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plur. *the limbs*; often joined with some other word, as ἄρθρα ποδῶν *the ankles*; ἄρθρα τῶν κύεων *the eyes*; ἄρθρα στόματος *the mouth*. Hence ἄρθρώω, f. ὤσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, utter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.

ἄρθρ-ῶδης, ες, (ἄρθρον, εἶδος) *well-jointed*.

*ΑΡΙΨ—, insep. Prefix, like ἐρι-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with ἀρῆς, ἀρείων, ἀριστος.

ἀρι-γνώσ, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀρίγνωτος.

ἀρι-γνώσις, η, ον, also ος, ον, *easy to be known, well-known*: in bad sense, *notorious, infamous*.

ἀρι-δακρῦς, υ, gen. υος, (ἀρι-, δάκρυ) *much weeping, very tearful*.

ἀρι-δάλος, Dor. for ἀριδηλος.

ἀρι-δείκετος, ον, (ἀρι-, δείκνυμι) *much shown: hence famous*: Homer also uses it as a Sup., ἀριδείκετος ἀνδρῶν *most renowned of men*.

ἀρι-δηλος, ον, *very clear or conspicuous, far-seen*, of mountains: *manifest, much known*.

ἀρι-ζήλος, ον, also η, ον, Ep. form of ἀριδηλος, *very conspicuous or manifest*. Adv. —ως.

ἀρι-ζήλωτος, ον, *very envious*.

ἀριθματος, ον, Dor. for ἀριθμητος.

ἀριθμεῦντι, Dor. for ἀριθμοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμῶ, f. ἦσω, (ἀριθμός) to number, count, reckon up: to count out. 2. to reckon, count.

ἀριθμηθήμεναι, Ep. for ἀριθμηθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀριθμῶ.

ἀριθμημα, ατος, τό, (ἀριθμέω) a number.

ἀριθμησις, εως, ἡ, a counting or reckoning up.

ἀριθμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for numbering or reckoning, skilled therein: ἡ —ική (sc. τέχνη), *arithmetic*. Adv. —κώς, *arithmetically*.

ἀριθμητός, ἡ, ὄν, *easily numbered, few in number*: οὐκ ἀριθμητός, *not counted, held of no account*, Lat. *nullo in numero habitus*.

ἀριθμός, ὁ, number, a number, Lat. *numerus*. 2. amount, size, etc.; πολλὸς ἀριθμὸς χρόνου. 3. number, as a mark of worth, rank, etc.; μετ' ἀνδρῶν ἴζεσθαι ἀριθμῶ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμῶ εἶναι, like Lat. *nullo esse in numero*, to be in no account. 4. mere number, quantity, opp. to quality or worth; λόγον ἀριθμὸς a mere set of words; so of men, οὐκ ἀριθμὸς ἄλλως not a mere lot, like Horace's nos *numerus sumus*.

II. a numbering, counting; ἀριθμὸν ποιεῖσθαι τῆς στρατιῆς to hold a muster of the army. 2. numeration.

ἀ-ρίν, = ἀρῆς.

*Αριος, α, ον, old word, for Μηδικός, Median.

ἀρι-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, πρέπω) *very stately or showy*; very splendid.

ἀ-ρίς, = ἀρῆς.

ἀρι-σημος, ον, (ἀρι-, σῆμα) *very remarkable*; *very plain or manifest*.

ἀριστ-αθλος, ον, (ἀριστος, ἀθλον) *victorious in the contest*.

ἀριστ-αρχος, ον, (ἀριστος, ἀρχός) *best-ruling*.

ἀρι-στάφυλος, ον, (ἀρι-, στάφυλή) *rich in grapes*.

ἀριστώω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἤριστῆκα, syncorp. I pl. ἤρισταμεν, syncorp. inf. ἤριστάναι: (ἀριστον):—to take the morning meal, Lat. *prandere*: generally, to take any meal, cf. ἀριστον.

ἀριστεία, ἡ, (ἀριστεύω) *the feats of the hero that*

ἀρήροκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤροθῆν pf. ἀρήρομαι:—to plough, till, Lat. arare.

II. to sow, ἀροῦν εἰς κήπους. 2. metaph. of the husband, to beget: Pass. of the child, to be begotten.

ἀρώσι, Ep. for ἀροῦσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἀρώ.

ἀρπάγη, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) seizure, robbery, rape. II. the thing seized, booty, plunder.

III. rapacity.

ἀρπάγη, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) a book for drawing up a bucket. 2. a rake, Lat. harpāgo.

ἄρπαγμα, ματος, τό, (ἀρπάζω) that which is seized, booty, plunder.

ἄρπαγμός, ὁ, (ἀρπάζω) robbery. 2. anything that is seized, plunder.

ἌΡΠΑΞΩ: fut. ἀρπάξω, Att. ἀρπάσω or ἀρπάσομαι: aor. I ἤρπαξα, Att. ἤρπασα: pf. ἤρπακα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρπάσθην or ἤρπάσθη: aor. 2 ἤρπάγην [ᾗ]: pf. ἤρπαγμαί or ἤρπασμαι:—to ravish away, to carry off; in part., ἀρπάξας φέρειν, Lat. raptim ferre. 2. to grasp hastily, snatch up: also to grasp with the mind, apprehend. 3. to seize and overpower. II. to plunder. Hence

ἀρπακτήρ, ὁ, a robber.—Fem. ἀρπακτεῖρα.

ἀρπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρπάζω) seized in haste.

ἀρπαλέος, α, ὄν, and ὄσ, ὄν, (ἀρπάζω) grasping, greedy: also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -έως, eagerly.

Hence

ἀρπαλίζω, f. ἴσω, to catch at, seize upon, receive.

ἄρπαξ, αγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) robbing, rapacious, Lat. rapax.

II. as Subst. ἄρπαξ, ὁ, a robber, plunderer.

ἄρπαξ, ἡ, robbery, rapine.

ἀρπεδόνη, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) a rope, cord, for snaring game: the twist or thread of which cloth is made: also a bow-string.

ἄρπη, ἡ, (ἀρπάζω) a bird of prey, a kind of falcon. II. a sickle: a scimeter.

ἄρπυιαι, αἱ, (ἀρπάζω) the snatchers, i. e. whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table.

ἌΡΡΑΒΩΝ, ἄνωσ, ὁ, earnest-money, caution-money: a pledge, earnest, Lat. arrābō, arrāba.

ἄρ-ῤαφος, ὄν, (a privat., ῤαφήναι) unsewed, without seam or suture.

ἄρ-ῤεκτος, ποῦτ. ἄ-ῤεκτος, ὄν, (a privat., ῤέζω) undone: unfinished.

ἄρρενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρρῆν) masculine, male.

ἄρρεν-ῖπαις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρρῆν, παῖς) of male children. 2. with a boy.

ἄρρ-ῆνωπος, ὄν, (ἀρρῆν, ἄνῃ) masculine-looking, masculine.

ἄρ-ῤηκτος, ὄν, (a privat., ῤήγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded: metaph. untiring. Adv. τως.

ἌΡΡΗΝ, ὁ, ἡ, ἄρρην, τό, gen. evos: old Att. ἄρ-σῤην: Ion. ἔρσῤην:—male, opp. to θῤήλυς: hence masculine, manly, strong: as Subst. ἄρρῆν, ὁ, the male.

ἄρρηγής, ἔς, (ἀρρῆν) fierce, savage.

ἄρ-ῤητος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., ῤηθῆναι) unsaid, Lat. indictus: not divulged, untaught. II. not to be told, secret, mysterious; διδακτὰ τ' ἄρρητὰ τε things

that may be published and must not be told. 2. that cannot be told, horrible, shocking, Lat. nefandus; ἄρρητ' ἄρρητων things most horrible. 3. shameful to be spoken; ῤητὰ καὶ ἄρρητα, Lat. dicenda tacenda.

ἄρρηφόρευ, f. ἡσω, (ἀρρηφόρος) to carry the peplos of Pallas. Hence

ἄρρηφορία, ἡ, the procession with the peplos in honour of Pallas.

ἄρρη-φόροι, αἱ, (ἀρρητα, φέρω) at Athens, two maidens who carried the peplos and other holy things (ἀρρητα) of Pallas in the Scirophoria.

ἄρ-ρίγητος, ὄν, (a privat., ῤηγέω) not shivering from cold or fear.

ἄρ-ῤιξος, ὄν, (a privat., ῤίξα) not rooted.

ἄρ-ῤις, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ῤίς) without nose, without smell.

ἌΡΡΙΧΟΣ, ὁ, Att. ἡ, a basket. [Ἰ]

ἄρ-ῤυθμος, ὄν, (a privat., ῤυθμός) without rhythm or proportion: in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting. Adv. -μως, out of time.

ἄρ-ῤυτίδωτος, ὄν, (a privat., ῤυτίς) unwrinkled.

ἄρ-ῤώξ, ἄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ῤώξ) without cleft, unbroken.

ἄρρωστέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρρωστος) to be weak or sickly. Hence

ἄρρώστημα, ματος, τό, a sickness.

ἄρρωστία, ἡ, (ἀρρωστέω) weakness, sickness, ill health; ἀρρωστία τοῦ στρατεύειν inability to serve from ill health.

ἄρ-ῤωστος, ὄν, (a privat., ῤώννυμι) weak, sickly: hence languid, remiss.

ἄρσαι, ἄρσον, ἄρσαντες, and ἄρσάμενος, aor. I act. and med. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἄρσε, Ep. for ἤρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀραρίσκω.

ἄρσενικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀρρενικός.

ἄρσενο-κοίτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἀρσῆν, κοίτη) one guilty of unnatural offences.

ἌΡΣΗΝ, ev, Ion. and Att. for later ἄρρῆν.

ἄρσιος, ὄν, (ἄρῳ) fitting, agreeing, friendly.

ἄρσι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, contr. for ἀερσιπους (αἶρῳ, πούς) lifting the feet.

ἄρσιος, εως, ἡ, (αἶρῳ) a raising or lifting. II. in prosody, the rise of the voice on the first syllable, arsis, ictus, opp. to θέσις the letting it sink.

ἄρσῤ, Ion. for ἀρῶ, fut. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἄρτάβη, ἡ, a Persian measure, artaba, = I medimnos + 2 choenices.

ἀρτάμέω, f. ἡσω, to cut in pieces, cut up. From

ἌΡΤΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a butcher, cook.

ἄρτάνη [ᾗ], ἡ, (ἀρτάω) that by which something is hung up, a rope, balter.

ἄρτάω, Ion. ἀρτέω: f. ἡσω: pf. ἤρτηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρτηθῆν: pf. ἤρτημαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἀρτέαται: (same Root as ἀραρίσκω):—to fasten to, hang one thing upon another:—Pass. to be hung upon, hang upon, ἔκ τινος: hence to depend upon, Lat. pendere ab aliquo. II. Pass. to be fitted, prepared, made ready.

ἀρτέαται, Ion. for ἤρτηνται or ἤρτημένοι εἰσί, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀρτάω.

ἀρτεμής, ἑς, (ἀρτιος) safe and sound. Hence

ἀρτεμία, ἡ, safety, soundness.

*ARTEMIS, gen. ἰδος, acc. ἡ or ἰδα, ἡ, Artemis, the Roman Diana, goddess of the chase, daughter of Zeus and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be slain by her ἀγανά Βέλεα, as men by those of Apollo. Hence

Ἄρτεμισιον, τό, a temple of Artemis.

Ἄρτεμισιος, ὁ, a Spartan month, belonging to part of Att. Elaphebolion.

ἀρτέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀρτάω) the foresail; or top-sail, *suppurum*.

ἀρτέω, Ion. for ἀρτάω.

ἀρτημα, τό, (ἀρτάω) that which hangs down, a banging ornament, pendant.

ἀρτηρία, ἡ, (ἀείρω) the windpipe or trachea.

*ΑΡΤΙ, Adv. just, exactly: just now, even now: straightway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to πάλαι. II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.

ἀρτιάξω, f. ἄσω, (ἀρτιος) to play at odd and even, Lat. *par impar ludere*. II. to count.

ἀρτιάκις, Adv. (ἀρτιος) an even number of times.

ἀρτι-βρεχής, ἑς, (ἀρτι, βρέχω) just steeped.

ἀρτι-γάμος, ον, (ἀρτι, γάμος) just married.

ἀρτι-γένειος, ον, (ἀρτι, γένειον) with the beard just growing.

ἀρτι-γένητος, ον, new-born.

ἀρτι-γλύφης, ἑς, (ἀρτι, γλύφω) newly carved.

ἀρτι-γονος, ον, just born.

ἀρτι-δαής, ἑς, (ἀρτι, δαήναι) just taught.

ἀρτι-δακρυς, υ, (ἀρτι, δάκρυ) just weeping, ready to weep.

ἀρτι-δορος, ον, (ἀρτι, δέρω) just stript off.

ἀρτιπέπαι, ἡ, pecul. fem. of

ἀρτι-επής, ἑς, (ἀρτιος, ἔπος) ready of speech, glib.

ἀρτι-εὐγία, ἡ, (ἀρτι, εὐγός) a late union; ἀνδρῶν ἀρτιεὐγία newly-married husbands.

ἀρτίξω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρτιος) to get ready, perform.

ἀρτι-θάλης, ἑς, (ἀρτι, θάλειν) just blooming.

ἀρτι-θάνης, ἑς, (ἀρτι, θανείν) just dead.

ἀρτι-κολλος, ον, (ἀρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clinging close to. II. metaph. fitting well together;

εἰς ἀρτίκολλον in the nick of time, opportunely.

ἀρτι-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτι, κομάω) just having got hair or leaves.

ἀρτι-λόγος, ον, (ἀρτι, λέγω) speaking readily.

ἀρτι-λόχευτος, ον, (ἀρτι, λοχέω) just born.

ἀρτι-μαθής, ἑς, (ἀρτι, μαθεῖν) having just learnt.

ἀρτιος, α, ον, (ἀραρίσκω, ἀρτι) complete, perfect of its kind, exactly fitted; ἀρτια βάξιν to speak to the purpose; ἀρτια ἦδη thought things fitting or agreeable. 2. active, quick, ready, c. inf. II. of numbers, even, opp. to περισῆτος, odd.

ἀρτι-πᾶγής, ἑς, (ἀρτι, πᾶγῆαι) aor. 2 pass. of πήγ-

νυμι just put together, just made:—of cheese, just coagulated, Lat. *recens coactus*.

ἀρτί-πλοῦτος, ον, newly gotten, epith. of money.

ἀρτι-πος, Ep. for ἀρτί-πους.

ἀρτί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀρτιος, ποῖς) sound or swift of foot, opp. to χαλός. II. coming just in time.

ἀρτίσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀρτίξω) a preparing, adorning.

ἀρτί-σκαπτος, ον, (ἀρτι, σκάπτω) just dug.

ἀρτί-στομος, ον, (ἀρτι, στόμα) speaking readily.

ἀρτί-τοκος, ον, (ἀρτι, τεκεῖν) just born. 2. paroxyt. ἀρτιτόκος, ον, act. having just given birth.

ἀρτι-φάνης, ἑς, (ἀρτι, φανῆναι) just become visible.

ἀρτί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀρτιος, φρήν) sound of mind, intelligent.

ἀρτι-φυής, ἑς, and ἀρτίφυτος, ον, (ἀρτι, φύω) just born, just made.

ἀρτι-χάνης, ἑς, (ἀρτι, χανεῖν) just yawning or opening.

ἀρτί-χωνος, ονν, (ἀρτι, χνός contr. χνοῦς) with the down just growing.

ἀρτι-χριστος, ον, (ἀρτι, χρίω) just smeared over, ready spread.

ἀρτίως, Adv. of ἀρτιος, like ἀρτι, just, exactly.

ἀρτο-κόπος, ον, (ἀρτος, κόπω) working at bread, baking bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-λάγνυος, ον, (ἀρτος, λάγνυος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet.

ἀρτο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀρτος, ποιέω) making bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀρτος, παλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence

ἀρτοπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.

ἀρτο-πῶλις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἀρτοπώλης, a bread-woman.

*ΑΡΤΟΣ, ὁ, a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μάζα: when it means bread it is commonly in plur.

ἀρτο-σιτέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρτος, σιτέομαι) to eat wheaten bread, opp. to ἀλφειοσιτέω to eat barley-bread.

ἀρτοφάγω, to eat bread. From

ἀρτο-φάγος, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, φαγεῖν) bread-eater.

ἀρτίμα, τό, (ἀρτίμα) seasoning, spice.

ἀρτίναυς, ὁ, (ἀρτίναυ) a magistrate at Argos and Epidaurus, like ἀρμοστής.

ἀρτίνω [v]: fut. ἀρτίνω, Ep. ἀρτίνω: aor. I ἤρτινω: aor. I pass. ἤρτινθη:—also ἀρτίνω: fut. ἀρτίνω [v]: aor. I ἤρτινω: pf. ἤρτινω, pass. ἤρτινω: (same Root as ἀραρίσκω.) To arrange, manage, contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δόλον ἀρτίνω, Lat. *insidias struere*, to contrive a trick: generally, to prepare, make ready:—Med. to prepare, make ready.

ἀρτίβαλλος, ὁ, (ἀρτίω) a pail for drawing water, bucket, larger than the ἀρτίναυα.

ἀρυσάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀρύω.

ἀρύσσω, Ion. for ἀρύω.
 ἀρυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀρυστήρ.
 ἀρυστήριος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀρυστήρ, a small ladle.
 ἀρύταινα, ἡ, = ἀρυστήρ, a ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλος.
 ἀρυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, ladle, cup.
 ἀρυστήριος, ον, (ἀρύω) fit to drink.
 ἌΡΥΨ, Att. ἀρύτω [ῥ]: f. ὕω [ῥ]: aor. I ἤρῡσα: —Pass., aor. I ἤρῡσθην [ῥ] or ἤρῡσθην: cf. ἀνώω, ἀνώτω. Lat. HAUR-IRE, to draw water for another: Med. to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἀρύττειναι Νείλου ὑδάτων to draw from the waters of the Nile:—metaph. to win, gain.
 ἀρχ-ἀγγελος, ὁ, (ἀρχός, ἀγγελος) an archangel.
 ἀρχαϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος) old-fashioned, antiquated.
 ἀρχαῖο-γονος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, γονή) of ancient race.
 ἀρχαιολογέω, f. ἦσω, to discuss antiquities or things out of date. From
 ἀρχαιο-λόγος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, λέγω) one who writes ancient history.
 ἀρχαιο-μελη-σίδωνο-φρύνιχο-ἡράτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, μέλος, Σιδώνιος, Φρύνιχος, ἡρατός) μέλη ἀρχ. dear old songs from Phrynicus' Phoenissae.
 ἀρχαῖον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of ἀρχαῖος, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.
 ἀρχαῖο-πλοῦτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, πλοῦτος) rich from olden time.
 ἀρχαιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρχαῖος, πρέπω) distinguished of old, time-honoured.
 ἀρχαῖος, α, ον, (ἀρχή 1) from the beginning, ancient: in good sense, time-honoured; but in bad sense, like ἀρχαῖκός, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly. 2. ancient, former.
 ἀρχαιο-τροπος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, τρόπος) old-fashioned.
 ἀρχ-αιρεσία, ἡ, (ἀρχή, αἵρεσις) an election of magistrates, Lat. Comitia. Hence
 ἀρχαιρεσιάζω, f. σω, to hold the Comitia: also to canvass for election.
 ἀρχαῖος, Adv. of ἀρχαῖος, anciently. 2. in antiquated style.
 ἀρχε-, insep. Prefix from ἀρχω, with idea of excellence or superiority.
 ἀρχεῖον, Ion. ἀρχήϊον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj. ἀρχεῖος, α, ον: (ἀρχή):—a public building, such as a town-hall, senate-house, residence of the chief magistrates, Lat. Curia.
 ἀρχέ-κακός, ον, (ἀρχε-, κακός) beginner of ill.
 ἀρχέ-λαός, ον, Att. ἀρχέ-λαως, ον, (ἀρχε-, λαός) leading the people, a chief, contr. ἀρχέ-λας.
 ἀρχέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἀρχω.
 ἀρχέ-πλοῦτος, ον, (ἀρχε-, πλοῦτος) enjoying ancient wealth.
 ἀρχέτας, ὁ, Dor. for ἀρχέτης, (ἀρχω) a leader, prince. II. as Adj., ἀρχέτας θρόνος a princely throne.
 ἀρχέ-τυπον, τό, (ἀρχε-, τύπος) an archetypic, pattern, model.

ἀρχέω, f. σω, (ἀρχω) to command, lead.
 ἀρχέ-χορος, ον, (ἀρχε-, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.
 ἌΡΧΗΨ, ἡ, a beginning, first cause, origin; κατ' ἀρχάς in the beginning, at first; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the first; absol., ἀρχήν at first; οὐκ ἀρχήν not at first, i.e. never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non. 2. a first principle, element. 3. in plur., = ἀπαρχαί, firstlings. 4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme power, sovereignty, dominion, Διὸς ἀρχή; c. gen. rei, ἀρχή τῆς Ἀσίας power over Asia:—also an empire. 2. in Att. prose, a magistracy, office in the government: they were mostly obtained in two ways, χειροτονηταί by election, κληρωταί by lot.
 ἀρχη-γενής, ἐς, (ἀρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first beginning of a thing.
 ἀρχηγετεύω, f. σω, to be a leader or ruler; and ἀρχηγετέω, f. ἦσω, to make a beginning. From
 ἀρχ-ηγέτης, ον, ὁ: fem. ἀρχηγέτις, ἰδος, but dat. ἀρχηγέτι: Dor. ἀρχᾶγέτης: (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) a leader: the founder of a city or family. II. a first leader, prince, chief.
 ἀρχ-ηγός, Dor. ἀρχ-ᾰγός, ὄν, (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) beginning, originating. II. as Subst. like ἀρχηγετής, a leader, founder, Lat. auctor; a first father. 2. a prince, chief.
 ἀρχήθεν, Adv. (ἀρχή) from the beginning.
 ἀρχήϊον, τό, Ion. for ἀρχεῖον.
 ἀρχήν, Adv., v. ἀρχή 1.
 ἌΡΧΙ-, insep. Prefix from ἀρχω, like ἀρχε-.
 ἀρχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀρχή, a little office.
 ἀρχιερατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχιερεύς) belonging to the Chief Priest.
 ἀρχ-ιερεύς, ἐως, ὁ: Ion. nom. ἀρχιερέως, ἐω; also ἀρχιερεύς, whence acc. pl. ἀρχιερέας: (ἀρχω, ἱερεύς) a chief priest, high priest.
 ἀρχ-ιερωσύνη, ἡ, (ἀρχι-, ἱερωσύνη) the chief priesthood.
 ἀρχι-θάλασσος, ον, (ἀρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling the sea.
 ἀρχιθεωρέω, f. ἦσω, to be ἀρχιθέωρος. From
 ἀρχι-θέωρος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, θεωρός) the chief of a θεωρία or sacred embassy.
 ἀρχι-κλωψ, ατος, ὁ, a chief of robbers.
 ἀρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχή) royal. 2. fit for rule: skilled in government.
 ἀρχι-κυβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, a chief pilot.
 ἀρχι-κωμικός, ὁ, a chief comedian.
 ἀρχι-ουνόχοος, ὁ, a chief cupbearer.
 ἀρχι-πειρατής, οὔ, ὁ, a chief of pirates.
 ἀρχι-ποιμην, gen. ενος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, ποιμήν) a chief shepherd.
 ἀρχ-ιρεύς, ὁ, Ion. for ἀρχιερεύς.
 ἀρχι-συναγωγος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, συναγωγή) the ruler of a synagogue.
 ἀρχιτεκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to be a chief builder or architect: to construct, contrive, Lat. struere. From
 ἀρχι-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, a master-builder, director of

works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contriver.

ἀρχι-τελώνης, οὐ, ὁ, a chief collector of taxes, chief publican.

ἀρχι-τρίκλιτος, ὁ, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed along three sides of the table.

ἀρχός, ὁ, a leader, chief, commander. From

*ΑΡΧΩ, f. ἀρξω: aor. I ἤρξα: pf. ἤρξα:—more commonly in Med. ἀρχομαι: fut. ἀρξομαι: aor. I ἤρξαμην: pf. ἤρξαμ:—Pass., fut. ἀρχθήσομαι: aor. I ἤρθηην.

I. of Time, to begin: c. gen. to make a beginning of a thing, ἀρχειν πολέμοιο: with inf. or part., ἀρχεσθαι οικοδομεῖν to begin to build; ἡ ψυχὴ ἀρχεται ἀπολείπουσα the soul begins to sink. 2. to begin from or with; ἀρχεσθαι Διός, to begin from Jove, Lat. a Jovis principium. 3. c. gen. rei et dat. pers., ἀρχειν θεοῖς δαιτύς to make preparations for a banquet to the gods:—Med. also in a religious sense, like ἀπάρχεσθαι, ἀρχεσθαι μελέων to begin a sacrifice with the limbs. 4. c. acc., ἀρχειν ὁδόν τινα, to shew him the way:—imperat., ἀρχε begin!—part. ἀρχόμενος, at first.

II. of Place and Station, mostly c. gen. to rule, be leader of:—more rarely c. dat., ἀνδράσιν ἀρχειν:—c. acc. cognato, ἀρχειν ἀρχήν to hold an office. 2. Pass. to be ruled or governed: οἱ ἀρχόμενοι, subjects.

ἀρχων, οντος, ὁ, (properly part. of ἀρχω) a ruler, captain, chief, king. 2. οἱ Ἀρχωντες, the chief magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically ὁ Ἄρχων or Ἄρχων ἐπάνωμος, the second ὁ Βασιλεύς, the third ὁ Πολέμαρχος, the remaining six ὁ Θεσμοθέτα.

*ΑΡΩ, a form assumed as the Root of ἀραρίσκω. ἀρῶ [ᾶ], fut. of ἀείρω: but ἀρῶ [ᾶ], of αἶρω.

ἀρωγή, ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour, protection; ἀρωγὴ νόσου help against disease.

ἀρωγο-ναύτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀρωγός, ναύτης) helper of sailors.

ἀρωγός, ὄν, (ἀρήγω) helping, aiding, propitious; c. gen. useful in a thing. II. as Subst. ἀρωγός, ὁ, a helper, defender, an advocate before a tribunal.

*ΑΡΩΜΑ, τό, any seasoning, spice.

ἄρωμα, τό, (ἀρῶ) corn-land, Lat. arvum.

ἄρμεναι, Ep. for ἀρούνη, contr. from ἀροέμεναι, pres. inf. of ἀρού.

ἄρουαῖος, Dor. for ἀρουαῖος.

ἄς, ἄς or ἄς, Aeol. and Dor. for ἔως, till, until.

ἄς, Dor. gen. for ἤς, from ἔς, ἡ, ὅ.

ἄσαι, contr. for ἄσαι, aor. I inf. of ἄσαι, to hurt.

ἄσαι, aor. I inf. of ἄω, to satiate.

ἄσαι, contr. for ἀείσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀείδω.

ἄσαι, aor. I opt. of ἄω, to satiate.

ἄ-σακτος, οὐ, (a privat., σακτός) not trodden down.

ἄ-σαλαμίνος, οὐ, (a privat., Σάλαμις) not having been at Salamis, no true seaman. [μῆ]

ἄ-σαλευτός, οὐ, (a privat., σαλευτός) unsbaken, calm.

ἄσαμεν, I plur. aor. 2 of ἄω, to sleep.

ἄσαμινθος, ἡ, a bathing-tub. (Deriv. uncertain.) Ἀσανῶ, Ἀσαναί, Ἀσαναῖος, Lacon. for Ἀθήνη, Ἀθήναι, Ἀθηναῖος.

ἄ-σάνδαλος, οὐ, (a privat., σάνδαλον) without sandals.

ἄ-σαντος, οὐ, (a privat., σαίνω) not to be flattered, barsb, morose.

ἄ-σαρκος, οὐ, (a privat., σάρξ) without flesh, lean.

ἄσατο, contr. for ἄσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἄω, to hurt.

ἄσασθαι, aor. I med inf. of ἄω, to satiate.

ἄσαφεια, ἡ, indistinctness. From

ἄ-σαφής, ἑς, (a privat., σαφής) indistinct, dim, faint, uncertain, obscure. Adv. —φῶς, indistinctly.

ἄσάω, f. ἡσῶ, (ἄση) to surfeit, cloy, satiate:—Pass.

ἄσάσμαι, with aor. I pass. ἄσηθην, and med. ἀσάμην, to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or vexed at a thing.

ἄ-σβεστος, οὐ, also η, ον, (a privat., σβεστός) unquenched, not to be quenched: endless, ceaseless. II. as Subst., ἄσβεστος (sub. τίτανος); ἡ, unslaked lime. 2. asbestos, a mineral which resists the action of fire.

*ΑΣΒΟΛΟΣ, ἡ, rarely ὁ, also ἄσβόλη, ἡ, soot.

ἄσε, for ἄσσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἄσαι, to hurt.

ἄσβεια, ἡ, (ἀσεβής) impiety, profaneness.

ἄσβεβέω, f. ἡσῶ, (ἀσεβής) to act profanely or impiously, sin against the gods. Hence

ἄσβηημα, ατος, τό, an impious act, a sin.

ἄ-σεβής, ἑς, (a privat., σέβω) ungodly, unboly, profane.

ἄσειν, fut. inf. of ἄω, to satiate. [ᾶ]

ἄ-σερώτος, οὐ, (a privat., σείρω) not drawing by a trace (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called σεραφύροι.

ἄ-σελάστος, οὐ, (a privat., σέλας) not lighted.

ἄσελαίνω, f. ἀνώ: pf. pass. ἡσέλγημαι: (ἀσελγής):—to behave licentiously.

ἄσελγεια, ἡ, (ἀσελγής) licentiousness.

ἄ-σελήγης, ἑς, (a privat., θέλγω) licentious, brutal. Adv. —ως, extravagantly.

ἄ-σελήνος, οὐ, (a privat., σελήνη) without moon.

ἄσεπτῶ, = ἀσεβέω, to act impiously. From

ἄ-σεπτος, οὐ, (a privat., σέβω) not to be revered, unboly.

ἄσεσθε, 2 pl. fut. med. of ἄω, to satiate.

ἄσειναι, Dor. for ἀείσομαι, Att. ἄσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω.

ἄση, ἡ, (ἄω, to satiate) surfeit, loathing, disgust. 2. generally, anguish, distress.

ἄσηθής, ἄσηθηναί, aor. I pass. subj. and inf. of ἄσάω.

ἄ-σημαντος, οὐ, (a privat., σημαίνω) without leader, untended. II. unsealed, unmarked.

ἄ-σημος, οὐ, (a privat., σημα) without sign or mark; ἄσημος χρυσός uncoined gold; ἄσημα ὅπλα arms without device. II. of sacrifices, etc., giving no sign, obscure. III. indistinct, unseen, unheard: of sounds, inarticulate. 2. of persons and places, unknown, obscure, ignoble.

ἀ-σῆμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, = ἄσημος.
 ἀσθενεία, ἡ, (ἀσθενής) want of strength, weakness, sickness. 2. a disease.

ἀσθενέω, *f. ἦσα*, (ἀσθενής) to be weak, feeble, sickly.
 ἀσθένημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσθενέω) an infirmity.

ἀσθενής, *ἑς*, (a privat., σθένω) without strength, weak: feeble, sickly. 2. of property, poor: οἱ ἀσθενέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor. 3. insignificant: so of streams, small.

ἀσθενώω, *f. ὤσω*, (ἀσθενής) to weaken.
 ἀσθενῶς, *Adv.* of ἀσθενής, weakly, feebly, slightly.
 ἀσθμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσθ, to blow) hard-drawn breath, panting, gasping from toil. II. a breath, breathing.
 ἀσθμαίνω, (ἀσθμα) to breathe hard, gasp for breath.

Ἀσι-άρχης, *ου, ὁ*, (Ἀσία, ἄρχω) an Asiarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the province of Asia.

Ἀσιός, *άδος, ἡ*, (Ἀσία) fem. Adj. Asiatic: ἡ Ἀσία (with or without *κιθάρα*), the lyre as improved by Cleopon of Lesbos.

Ἀσιατο-γενής, *ἑς*, (Ἀσία, γένος) of Asiatic descent.
 ἀ-σίδηρος, *ου, (a privat., σίδηρος) not of iron. 2. without sword.*

ἀ-σίνης, *ἑς*, (a privat., σίνωμα) of persons, unburt, unbarned: of things, undamaged. II. act. not barning, doing no harm: innocent. 2. protecting from harm. Hence

ἀ-σίνως, *Adv.* innocently: Sup. ἀσίνωστατα.

ἀσιος, *α, ον*, (ἀσις) slimy, miry.

*ΑΣΙΣ, *εως, ἡ*, slime, mud.

ἀσιτῶ, *f. ἦσα*, (ἀσιτος) to go without food, to fast.

ἀσιτία, ἡ, want of food, fasting. From

ἀ-σιτος, *ου, (a privat., σίτος) without eating, fasting.*

ἀσκάλαβος or ἀσκαλαβότης, ὁ, a kind of lizard.

ἀ-σκάλος, *ου, (a privat., σκάλλω) unboed, undug.*
 ἀσκάνης, *ου, ὁ*, a mean bed. II. a bier.

ἀ-σκαρδαμυκτεῖ and -κτεῖ, *Adv.* of ἀσκαρδάμυκτος, without winking, without unchanged look.

ἀ-σκαρδάμυκτος, *ου, (a privat., σκαρδάμωσω) not blinking, with steady impudent look. II. of time, in a twinkling.*

ἀ-σκέλης, *ἑς*, (a euphon., σκέλλω) dried up, withered. 2. neut. ἀσκελές, as *Adv.*, also ἀσκελέως, obstinately, stubbornly.

ἀ-σκέπαρος, *ου, (a privat., σκέπαρον) unbewn.*

ἀ-σκεπτος, *ου, (a privat., σικέφομαι fut. of σκοπέω) inconsiderate:—Adv. -τως, inconsiderately. II. unconsidered, unobserved.*

ἀ-σκευής, *ἑς*, = ἀσκευος.

ἀ-σκευος, *ου, (a privat., σκευή) unfurnished: c. gen. unfurnished with . . . ἀσκευος ἀσπίδων τε καὶ στρατοῦ.*

Ἀσκεῖν, *f. ἦσα*: *pf. ἥσκηκα, pass. ἥσκημαι:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn: also, 2. to honour a divinity, Lat. colere. II. in Att. and prose, to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere: said either of the person, as, ἀσκεῖν τὸ σῶμα to exercise the body: or of the thing, as, ἀσκεῖν τέχνην to practise an art. 2. c. inf., ἀσκῶ τοιαύτη μένει I prac-*

tise or endeavour to remain such. 3. absol. to practise, train.

ἀσκηθής, *ἑς*, unburt, unbarned: unscathed. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀσκημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσκέω) an exercise.

ἀσκηστος, *ου, (a privat., σκήνη) without tents.*

ἀσκησις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἀσκέω) exercise, training: ἀσκησις τινος practice of or in a thing. II. a trade, profession, Lat. ars.

ἀσκητέος, *α, ον, verb. Adj.* of ἀσκέω, to be practised.

ἀσκητής, *ου, ὁ*, (ἀσκέω) one who practises any art or trade, opp. to ἰδιώτης: an athlete. Hence

ἀσκητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, industrious: athletic.

ἀσκητός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ἀσκέω) curiously wrought. 2. exercised in a thing. 3. to be acquired by practice, as opp. to διδακτός.

ἀ-σκιος, *α, ον*, (a privat., σκιά) without shade.

ἀ-σκήπων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (a privat., σκίπων) without a staff: [Ὶ]

Ἄσκληπιεῖον, *τό*, the temple of Aesculapius. From Ἄσκληπιός, ὁ, Asclepius, Lat. Aesculapius, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.

ἀ-σκοπος, *ου, (a privat., σκοπέω) not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, τινός. II. pass. un-*

seen. 2. not to be seen, obscure: incredible.
 ἌΣΚΟΣ, ὁ, a leathern bag, a wineskin. 2. generally, an animal's hide:—*proverb.*, ἀσκὸν δέρινε τινά to flay one alive; ἀσκὸς δεδάραθαι to be flayed alive.

ἀσκόβλια, *τά*, (ἀσκός) the second day of the rural Dionysia, on which they danced upon wine-skins. Hence

Ἄσκολιάζω, *f. σω*, to dance as at the Ascolia.

ἀσκωμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσκός) the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to make the oar work easily.

ἄσμα, *τό*, (ᾄδω) a song, lay.

ῥιμοῦτο-κάμπτης, *ου, ὁ*, (ᾄσμα, κάμπτης) twister of song.

ἀσμενος, *η, ον*, as if for ἡσμένος, perf. pass. part. of ἡδομαι: well-pleased, glad: often in dat., ἀσμένω μοι ἂν εἴη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:—Comp. ἀσμενώτερος, —έστερος and —αίτερος. *Adv.* —ως, gladly, readily.

ᾄσσομαι, contr. for δέδοσμαι, fut. of αἰεῖω, to sing.

ἀ-σοφος, *ου, (a privat., σοφός) unwise, foolish.*

ἌΣΠΙΑ'ΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἀσπιαί: Dep.:—to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave. 2. to embrace, kiss, caress. 3. to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his master.

4. ἀσπάζεσθαι ὅτι . . . to be glad that . . .

ἀ-σπαίρω, *Ion. impf. ἀσπαίρεσκον, (a euphon., σπαίρω) to pant, gasp, struggle convulsively.*

ἀσπάλθαος, ὁ, a sweet-scented shrub.

ἀσπάραγος, Att. ἀσφάραγος, ὁ, asparagus.

ἀ-σπαρτος, *ου, (a privat., σπείρω) of land, unsown, untilled: of plants, not sown, growing wild.*

ἀσπίσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀσπίσιος) *welcome, well-pleasing*. II. *well-pleased, glad*. Hence

ἀσπίσιως, Adv. *readily, gladly*.

ἀσπίσιμα, ατος, τό, (ἀσπίσιος) *a welcome, greeting*: in plur. *embraces*.

ἀσπίσιμός, ό, (ἀσπίσιος) *an embrace: affection*.

ἀσπίσιός, ή, όν, = ἀσπίσιος, *welcome*.

ἀσπίσιος, ον, (a privat., σπένδομαι) *to be appeased by no libations, implacable*.

ἀσπίσιος, ον, (a privat., σπέρμα) *without seed, i. e. without posterity*.

ἀσπίσιος, Adv., (a euphon., σπέρχω) *hastily, hotly, unceasingly*.

ἀσπίσιος, ον, (a privat., εἰπεῖν) *unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great*: neut. ἀσπίσιος as Adv., *unspeakably*:—but, φωνή ἀσπίσιος *an indistinct voice*.

ἀσπίσιος-αποβλής, ήτος, ό, (ἀσπίσιος, ἀποβάλλω) *one that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward*.

ἀσπίσιος-στροφός, ον, (ἀσπίσιος, στρέφω) *wielding a shield*.

ἀσπίσιος-φέρρος, ον, (ἀσπίσιος, φέρω) *shield-bearing*: as Subst. *a shield-bearer, warrior*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ό, (ἀσπίσιος) *shield-bearing, a warrior*.

ἀσπίσιος-όχος, ό, (ἀσπίσιος, έχω) *shield-bearer*.

ἀσπίσιος-πηγείον, τό, *an armourer's shop*. From

ἀσπίσιος-πηγός, ό, (ἀσπίσιος, πήγνυμι) *a shield-maker*.

ἀσπίσιος-φέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀσπίσιος, φέρβω) *living by the shield, a warrior*.

ἀσπίσιος, ό, ή, (a privat., σπιλος) *without stain, spotless, pure*.

ΑΣΠΙΣ, ίδος, ή, *a round shield*, Lat. *clipeus*, made of bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss (όμφαλός) in the middle, and fringed with tassels (θύσανοι): the long oblong shield was όπλον, Lat. *scutum*.

2. in common language used for a body of men-at-arms (όπλιται), όκτακισχιλίη ἀσπίσιος 8000 *heavy-armed men*; έπ' ἀσπίσιος πέντε και είκοσι τάσσειν *to draw men up twenty-five deep*; έπ' ἀσπίσιος, παρ' ἀσπίσιος *on or to the left, right shoulders forward*, because the shield was held with the left hand, opp. to έπ' όδρου. II. *an asp, a kind of snake*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ήτος, ό, and ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ού, ό, (ἀσπίσιος) *one armed with a shield, a warrior*: also ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, as Adj., κλόνοι ἀσπίσιος-ήτης *din of shielded warriors*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., σπλάγγχνα) *without bowels*: metaph. *heartless or merciless*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, Adv. *implacably*. From

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., σπονδή) *without drink-offering, to whom no drink-offering is poured*. II. *without regular truce* (which was ratified by σπονδή): τό ἀσπίσιος-ήτης *a keeping out of treaty or covenant with others*. III. *admitting of no truce, implacable*: ἀσπίσιος-ήτης *a deadly curse*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., σπουδάξω) *not zealously pursued*. II. *not worth zeal, mischievous*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, Adv. (a privat., σπουδή) *without zeal: without a struggle, ignobly*.

ἀσπίσιος, Att. άπτα, Ion. for άτινα, neut. pl. of όστις, *whichever, whicheversoever, what, whatever*.

ἀσπίσιος, Att. άπτα, Ion. for τινά, *something, some*.

ἀσπίσιος, τό, Dim. of Lat. *as, a farting*.

ἀσπίσιος, Adv., Comp. of άγγιχί, *nearer*: sometimes c. gen., άσπίσιος έμείδο *nearer to me*:—also Adv. άσπίσιος-ήτης, whence was formed the Comp. Adj. άσπίσιος-ήτης, Sup. άσπίσιος-ήτης, Adv. άσπίσιος-ήτης.

ἀσπίσιος, Att. contr. for άσπίσιος.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ές, (a privat., ίσθαμαι) *unsteady, unstable*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., σταθάομαι) *unsteady, unstable*: of things, *uncertain*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., στάξω) *not trickling, i. e. gushing in streams*:—Adv. άσπίσιος-ήτης, in floods.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., στασιάζω) *without party-spirit, quiet*. Adv. —*was*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ή-ήτης, *to be unstable: be a wanderer*. From ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., ίσθαμαι) *not steadfast, uncertain, unstable*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ίδος, ή, fem. Adj. *consisting of raisins*. [δρ] From

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ίδος, ή, (a euphon., σταφίς) *a raisin*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, dat. pl. of

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, υος, ό, (a euphon., στάχυς) *an ear of corn*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., στεγάω) *uncovered, of a ship, undecked*; διά τό άσπίσιος-ήτης *from their bawling no shelter*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, Dep. *to be witty*. From

ἀσπίσιος, ον, also α, ον, (άστν) *of the town*; then, like Lat. *urbanus, courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty*; opp. to άγροικός.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., στείβω) *untrodden*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ές, (a privat., στέμβω) *unmoved, unshaken*: Adv., άσπίσιος-ήτης έχειν τινά *to hold one fast*. 2. of persons, *inexorable*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., στενάξω) *without sigh or groan: without need for groans*.

ἀσπίσιος, verb. Adj. of άδω, *one must sing*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., στέφανος) *uncrowned*: hence, *unhonoured*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ορος, ό, ή, (άσπεργής, άνήρ) *without love of man, bating wedlock*. [γά]

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ές, (a privat., στέργω) *without love, unkind, hateful*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ές, (άσπήρ, είδος) *starry*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, εσσα, εν, (άσπήρ) *starry: sparkling, glittering*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ή, poet. for άσπραή, *lightning*. Hence

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ού, ό, *the lightener*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, όν, (άσπήρ, ώψ) *starry: star-like, bright*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., στέφανος) *without crown, ungarlanded*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ον, (a privat., στέφανώ) *not crowned*.

ἀσπίσιος-ήτης, ή, fem. of άσπίσιος, *a female citizen*.

ΑΣΠΙΣ, ό, gen. έπος: dat. pl. άσπίσιος, Lat. ASTRUM, *a star*. 2. *any luminous body, a meteor*.

ἀ-στήρικτος, *ov*, (a privat., στηρίζω) *not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.*

ἀ-στίβης, *és*, (a privat., στείβω) *not to be trodden, boly.* 2. *untrodden, solitary.*

ἀστικός, *ή, óv*, (ἄστυ) *of a city or town*, opp. to country: τὰ ἀστικά Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, the Dionysia celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονύσια II: also *native*, opp. to ξενικός foreign. II. = ἀστεῖος, neat, pretty.

ἀ-στικός, *ov*, (a privat., στίζω) *not branded, not marked with spots.*

ἀ-σπλέγγιστος, *ov*, (a privat., σπλεγγίζω) *not scraped with the strigil, unclean, dirty.*

ἀ-στολος, *ov*, (a privat., στολή) *without the stole.*

ἀ-στομος, *ov*, (a privat., στόμα) *speechless.* II. of horses, *hard-mouthed, unmanageable.* III. of dogs, *bad-mouthed, unable to bite.* IV. of a sword, *without edge.*

ἀστο-ξένος, *ó, ή*, (ἄστυ, ξένος) *the public guest of a city.*

ἀ-στοργος, *ov*, (a privat., στέργω) *without natural affection, heartless, barbarous.*

ἀστός, *ó*, (ἄστυ) *a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen*, opp. to ξένος.

ἀστοχέω, *f. ήσω*, *to miss the mark: to fail.* From ἀ-στοχος, *ov*, (a privat., στόχος) *missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.*

ἀ-στράβη, *ή*, *a pack-saddle, an easy saddle.* From ἀ-στράβης, *és*, (a privat., στραφῆναι) *untwisted, straight.*

ἀστραγάλη, *ή*, *Ion. for ἀστράγαλος* III.

ἀστράγαλος, *ó*, *one of the vertebrae of the neck.* II. *the ankle bone, Lat. talus.* III. *mostly in plur. ἀστράγαλοι, ói*, *dice*, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, *Lat. tali*: hence *the game of dice.* They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κύβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, Ἀφροδίτη, *Lat. jactus Veneris*; the worst, when all came alike, κύνω, *Lat. canis.*

ἈΣΤΡΑΠΗ, *ή*, *a flash of lightning, lightning.* [ἄπ]

ἀστράπηφορέω, *f. ήσω*, *to carry lightnings.* From ἀστράπηφόρος, *ov*, (ἀστραπή, φέρω) *lightning-bearing, flashing.*

ἀστράπτω, *f. ψω*, (ἀστραπή) *to lighten: impers., ἀστράπτει it lightens: trans. to flash forth.* II. *intr. to flash or glance like lightning.*

ἀστράσι, *dat. pl. of ἀστήρ.*

ἀ-στράτεια, *ή*, (a privat., στρατεῖω) *exemption from service.* 2. *a shunning of service*, which at Athens was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γραφήν ἀστρατείας *to be indicted for it; ἀστρατείας ἀλῶναι* *to be convicted of it.*

ἀ-στράτευτος, *ov*, (a privat., στρατεύω) *exempt from service.* 2. *never having served.*

ἀ-στρεπτος, *ov*, (a privat., στρέφω) *not to be bent: of persons, unbending.*

ἀστρο-γείτων, *ov*, *gen. onos*, (ἄστρον, γείτων) *near the stars.*

ἀστρολογία, *ή*, *astrology.* From ἀστρο-λόγος, *ó*, (ἄστρον, λέγω) *an astronomer: later, an astrologer.*

*ΑΣΤΡΟΝ, *τό*, *Lat. ASTRUM, a star, constellation.*

ἀστρονομέω, *f. ήσω*, and ἀστρονομίζω, *f. ίσω*, *to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and*

ἀστρονομία, *ή*, *astronomy.* From ἀστρο-νόμος, *ov*, (ἄστρον, νέμω) *classing the stars: as Subst., ἀστρονόμος, ó*, *an astronomer.*

ἀ-στροφος, *ov*, (a privat., στρέφω) *without turning round, Lat. irretortus; ἀστροφος ἐλθεῖν* *to go without turning the back.*

ἀστρώος, *a, ov*, (ἄστρον) *of the stars, starry.* ἀστρ-ωπός, *ón*, = ἀστερωπός.

ἀ-αστρώος, *ov*, (a privat., στρώννυμι) *without bed or bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.*

*ΑΣΤΥ, *τό*: *gen. eos*, *contr. ovs*, also *eos*:—*a city, town*: the Athenians called their own city Ἄστυ, as the Romans called theirs *Urbs*; though ἄστυ also denoted the *Upper Town*, as opp. to *Peiræus*.

ἀστυ-άναξ, *ακτος, ó*, (ἄστυ, ἀναξ) *lord of the city.*

ἀστυ-βοάτης, *ov, ó*, (ἄστυ, βοάω) *crying through the city, epith. of a herald.*

ἀστυ-γείτων, *ov*, *gen. onos*, (ἄστυ, γείτων) *near or bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.*

ἀστυδε, *Adv. (ἄστυ) into, to, or towards the city.*

ἀστυκός, *ή, óv*, = ἀστυκός.

ἀ-στυλος, *ov*, (a privat., στῦλος) *without pillar or prop.*

ἀστυ-νίκος, (ἄστυ, νίκη) *victorious.*

ἀστυνόμεω, *to be an astynomus.* From ἀστυ-νόμος, *ó*, (ἄστυ, νέμω) *a magistrate at Athens, who had the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peiræus.* II. *as Adj. protecting cities: also public, social; ὄργαι ἀστυνόμοι* *the feelings of social life.*

ἀστυ-όχος, *ov*, (ἄστυ, ἔχω) *keeping the city.*

ἀ-στυφέλικτος, *ov*, (a privat., στυφελίζω) *unsbaken.*

ἀ-στυφελος, *ov*, (a privat., στυφελός) *not rocky.*

ἀ-συγγνώμων, *ov*, (a privat., συγγνώμων) *without forgiveness, relentless, merciless.*

ἀ-συγκέραστος, *ov*, (a privat., συγκέραστος) *not to be mixed.*

ἀ-συγκόμιστος, *ov*, (a privat., συγκόμιστος) *not gathered together, unprepared.*

ἀ-σύγκριτος, *ov*, (a privat., σύγκριτος) *not to be mixed, unsocial.*

ἀ-συγκρότητος, *ov*, see ἀεσυγκρότητος.

ἀ-συκοφάντης, *ov*, (a privat., συκοφαντέω) *not calumniated.*

ἀστυλαῖος, *a, ov*, (ἀ-στυλον) *of a asylum.*

ἀ-σύλητος, *ov*, (a privat., συλάω) *inviolable.*

óσυλία, *ή*, (ἄσυλος) *inviolability, security, esp. of a suppliant.*

ἀ-συλλόγιστος, *ov*, (a privat., συλλογίζομαι) *unable to reason:—Adv., ἀσυλλογίστως ἔχειν* *to be unable to reason.*

ἀ-σύλος, *ov*, (a privat., σύλη) *free from plunder:*

unbarned, unviolated: also c. gen., γάμων ἀσυλος safe from marriage.

ἀ-σύμβατος, ov, (a privat., συμβαίνω) not coming to terms: incompatible. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-σύμβλητος, ov, (a privat., συμβάλλω) not to be guessed, unintelligible.

ἀ-σύμβολος, ov, (a privat., σύμβολον) without paying one's contribution or subscription.

ἀ-σύμμετρος, ov, (a privat., σύμμετρος) incommensurate. II. disproportionate, unequal.

ἀ-συμπαθής, ἐς, (a privat., συμπαθής) without sympathy.

ἀ-σύμφωρος, ov, (a privat., συμφέρω) inexpedient, useless: prejudicial, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-σύμφωνος, ov, (a privat., σύμφωνος) not accordant.

ἀ-σύνδετος, ov, (a privat., συνδέω) unconnected.

ἀσυνεσία, ἡ, (ἀσύνετος) want of understanding or apprehension, stupidity.

ἀ-σύνετος, Att. ἀ-ξύνετος, ov, (a privat., συνετός) void of understanding, stupid. II. unintelligible. Adv. -τως. [ῥ]

ἀ-σύνήμων, Att. ἀ-ξυνήμων, ov, gen. oivos, (a privat., συνήμη) without understanding.

ἀ-σύνθητος, Att. ἀ-ξύνθητος, ov, (a privat., συντίθεμαι, cf. συνθήκη) bound by no treaties, faithless. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-σύντακτος, Att. ἀ-ξύντακτος, ov, (a privat., συντάσσω) not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not in battle-order: hence disorderly. II. unsocial. III. ill-proportioned. IV. not assessed, free from taxes.

ἀ-σύντονος, ov, (a privat., συντείνω) not strained, slack. Adv. -πως, lazily, Sup. -ώτατα.

ἀ-συσκευάστos, ov, (a privat., συσκευάζω) not well arranged, not convenient.

ἀ-σύστατος, Att. ἀξύστατος, ov, (a privat., συνίσταμαι) not holding together: metaph. irregular, uneven, uncouth, rugged.

ἀσύφηλος, ov, vile, dishonoured: also dishonouring, reproachful. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσυχία, ἀσύχιμος, ἄσυχος, Dor. for ἡσυχ-.

ἀ-σφάδαστος, ov, (a privat., σφαδάζω) without convulsion or struggle.

ἀ-σφακτος, ov, (a privat., σφάττω) unslaughtered.

ἀσφάλεια, ὁ, (ἀσφαλής) firmness, stability. 2. assurance from danger, security, personal safety: also a safe conduct. 3. certainty, surety.

ἀσφάλειος, ov, of Neptune, the Securer. From ἀ-σφάλης, ἐς, (a privat., σφάλεῖν aor. 2 inf. of σφάλω) firm, fast, steadfast. 2. of persons, unfailing, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain. 3. safe, secure: ἐν ἀσφαλει or ἐξ ἀσφαλοῦς, in safety; τὸ ἀσφαλές safety. Hence

ἀσφάλισθαι, f. ἰσθ Att. ἰω, to secure, guarantee.

ἀσφαλισθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of ἀσφαλίζω.

ἀσφαλτίτης, ov, ὁ, fem. -τις, ἡ, of asphalt, bituminous: λίμνη Ἀσφαλτίτις, Lat. Lacus Asphaltites, the Dead Sea. [Γ] From

ἀσφαλτος, ov, ἡ, asphalt or bitumen, forming in lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.)

ἀσφαλῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀσφαλής, firmly, securely: Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

ἀ-σφᾶρᾶγέω, (a euphon., σφαραγέω) to ring, resound.

ἀσφᾶρᾶγος, ὁ, (a euphon., σφάραγος) the throat, gullet.

ἀσφι, ἀσφε, Aeol. for σφί, σφέ.

ἀσφοδελος, ὁ, asphodel, a plant like the lily. II. Adj., ἀσφοδελὸς λεῖμων the asphodel meadow, which the shades of heroes haunted. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσχαλάω, only used in pres.: Ep. 3 sing. ἀσχαλάω, 3 plur. ἀσχαλόωσι, inf. ἀσχαλάω, part. ἀσχαλῶν: —another form is ἀσχάλλω. To be vexed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλάω μόνον to be vexed at waiting;

ἀσχαλᾶν τινί to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., ἀσχαλῶν θάνατον to feel a horror of death. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-σχετος, ov, (a privat., σchein, aor. 2 inf. of ἐχω) not to be checked or restrained, irrepressible.

ἀσχημονέω, to behave unseemly, act indecorously; and

ἀσχημοσύνη, ἡ, deformity, indecency. From ἀ-σχημων, ov, gen. oivos, (a privat., σχῆμα) shapeless: unseemly, shameful. Adv. ἀσχημόνως.

ἀσχολία, ἡ, occupation, industry, business. II. want of leisure: a hindrance from other things; ἀσχολίαν παρέχει τινί to be a hindrance to one. From

ἀ-σχολος, ov, (a privat., σχολή) without leisure, busy, industrious. Adv. -λως.

ἀσχολόων, ἀσχολόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 plur. of ἀσχαλάω.

ἀ-σώματος, ov, (a privat., σῶμα) without body, incorporeal.

ἀσωτία, ἡ, prodigality, dissoluteness. From ἀ-σωτος, ov, (a privat., σώω) not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditus. Adv. -τως, dissolutely.

ἀτακτέω, f. ἡσω, to be undisciplined or disorderly. 2. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From

ἀ-τακτος, ov, (a privat., τάσσω) out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's post. 2. undisciplined, disorderly, irregular, lawless. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-τάλαιπτος, ov, (a privat., ταλαίπτος) not toiling patiently, careless, indifferent.

ἀ-τάλαντος, ov, (a copul., τάλαντον) equal in weight, equivalent or equal to.

ἀτάλα-φρων, ov, gen. oivos, (ἀταλός, φρήν) tender-minded.

ἀτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλός) to gambol, sport about. II. trans. to bring up a child, rear, foster:—Pass. to grow up, wax.

ἀτάλως, ἡ, ὄν, (akin to ἀπαλός) tender, delicate.

ἀταλό-ψυγος, ov, (ἀταλός, ψυχή) soft-hearted.

ἀταξία, ἡ, (ἀτακτος) a want of discipline. 2. disorder, confusion, licentiousness.

'ΑΤΑ'Ρ, Ep. αὐτάρ, Conjunction. but, yet, Lat. at, to

introduce an objection; ἀτάρ που ἔφης still thou didst say: it often stands for δέ after μέν.

ἀ-τάρακτος, *ov*, (a privat., τάρασσω) without confusion, cool, steady. Hence

ἀταραξία, ἡ, freedom from passion, calmness.

ἀ-ταρβής, ἔς, (a privat., τάρβος) fearless; ἀταρβής τῆς θεάς having no fear about the sight.

ἀ-ταρβητος, *ov*, (a privat., ταρβέω) undaunted.

ἀταρπτός, ἡ, Ion. for ἀταρπίτος.

ἀταρπός, ἡ, Ion. for ἀταρπίος.

ἀταρτηρός, *ov*, Ep. for ἀτηρός, mischievous, baneful.

ἀτασθάλια, ἡ, (ἀτάσθαλος) blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness.

ἀτασθάλλω, to act presumptuously. From

ἀτάσθαλος, *ov*, (ἀτάω, ἀτέω) presumptuous, reckless.

ἀ-ταύρωτος, *ov*, also ἡ, *ov*, (a privat., ταύρος) unwedded, virgin, pure.

ἀ-τάφος, *ov*, (a privat., τάφῃναι) unburied.

ἀτάω, f. ἴσω, (ἀτῆ) to hurt, harm: Pass. to suffer, be in distress.

ἄτε, acc. plur. neut. of ὅστε, used as Adverb, like ἄπερ, just as, as if, so as. II. only in Prose, inasmuch as, seeing that, Lat. quippe, utpote.

ἀ-τεγκτος, *ov*, (a privat., τέγωω) unwetted, not softened: bard-bearded, relentless.

ἀ-τερής, ἔς, (a privat., τέρω) not to be worn away: untiring, unwearied: also stubborn, unbending: wearisome.

ἀ-τείχιστος, *ov*, (a privat., τειχίζω) without walls and towers, unfortified. II. not walled in, not blockaded.

ἀ-τέκμαρτος, *ov*, (a privat., τεκμαίρομαι) not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark: of men, uncertain. Adv., ἀτεκμάτως ἔχειν to be in the dark.

ἀτεκνία, ἡ, childlessness. From

ἀ-τέκνος, *ov*, (a privat., τέκνον) childless.

ἀτέλεια, ἡ, (ἀτελής) at Athens, exemption from public burdens (τέλη), Lat. immunitas.

ἀ-τέλειος, *ov*, (a privat., τέλω) without end or effect: unfinished:—neut. pl. ἀτέλειστα, as Adv., in vain. II. uninitiated in.

ἀ-τελεύτητος, *ov*, (a privat., τελευτάω) not coming to an end, unaccomplished. II. endless, impracticable.

ἀ-τέλευτος, *ov*, (a privat., τελευτή) endless.

ἀ-τέλης, ἔς, (a privat., τέλος) without end, unaccomplished. 2. ineffectual, Lat. irritus. 3. imperfect, unripe, II. act. not bringing to an end, not accomplishing a thing. III. at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt, Lat. immunitas. IV. uninitiated in a thing, τινός.

ἀτέλη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτέλεια.

ἀτέμνω, only used in pres. to bring to harm, to maltreat, confounding:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing; ἀτέμνομαι νεώτητος they are deprived of, i.e. past, youth. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ᾶ]

ἀ-τενής, ἔς, (a copul., τείνω) strained tight: hence intent, intense: excessive. 2. straight, direct:

straightforward. 3. unbending, stubborn. II.

Adv. ἀτενώσ, or ἀτενές, exceedingly. Hence

ἀτενίζω, f. ἴσω, to look at intently, gaze at.

*ΑΤΕΡ, Prep. with gen. without, except, besides. II. aloof, apart, away from.

ἀ-τέραμος, *ov*, (a privat., τέραμος) unsoftened, unfeeling, inexorable.

ἀ-τεράμων [ᾶ], *ov*, gen. *ovos*, Att. for ἀτέραμος.

ἀτερε, before a vowel ἀτερεν, = ἀτερ.

ἀ-τέρμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., τέρμα) without bounds: having no outlet, inextricable.

ἄτερος [ᾶ], *ov*, Dor. for ἔτερος, *ov*. 2. ἄτερος [ᾶ], Att. contr. for ὁ ἔτερος, gen. θᾶτέρου, dat. θᾶτέρω, θατέρα etc., or with mark of crasis, θάτέρου, etc.

ἀ-τερπής, ἔς, (a privat., τέρπω) unpleasing, joyless, sad. II. not enjoying a thing, τινός.

ἀ-τερπος, *ov*, = ἀτερπής.

ἀ-τευχής, ἔς, and ἀ-τευχῆτος, *ov*, (a privat., τεύχος) unarmed.

ἀ-τεχνος, *ov*, or ἀ-τεχνής, ἔς, (a privat., τέχνη) without art, unskilled, rude: of things, inartificial. II. without art or cunning, simple.

ἀ-τεχνός, Adv. of ἀτεχνής, and ἀ-τέχνος, of ἀτεχνος, without art or skill, rudely. II. really, absolutely, utterly, Lat. plané, prorsus, in which sense it is mostly written ἀτεχνός; as ἀτεχνός ξένος ἔχω I am an utter stranger.

ἄτεω, only in part. ἄτεω, fool-hardy, reckless.

From ἄτη, ἡ, (ἀάω) distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods. 2. ruin, mischief: of persons, a bane, pest. 3. *Ατη personified, the goddess of mischief: the Διταί come slowly after her, undoing the evil she has worked, v. II. 9. 500. [ᾶ]

ἀ-τηκτος, *ov*, (a privat., τήκω) unmetled.

ἀ-τημελέω, f. ἴσω, to be careless. From

ἀ-τημελής, ἔς (a privat., τημελής) careless.

ἀ-τημελής, *ov*, (ἀτημελέω) unbeeded, uncared for. 2. baffled, disappointed. II. act. taking no heed: Adv., ἀτημελήτως ἔχειν τινός to take no heed of a thing.

ἀτηρός, *α, ov*, (ἀτη) deluded, driven to ruin. II. baneful, ruinous. Add. -ρῶς. [ᾶ]

*Ατῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, Attic; cf. *Αττικός. II. as

Subst. (sub. γῆ), Attica. 2. (sub. γλῶττα), the Attic dialect.

ἀ-τίετος, *ov*, (a privat., τίω) unbonoured. II. act. not honouring.

ἀ-τίζω, f. ἴσω, (a privat., τίω=τίω) not to honour: absol. in part., ἀτίζων unbeeding: but c. acc. to slight, treat lightly.

ἀ-τιθάσεντος, *ov*, (a privat., τιθασέω) untamed, not to be tamed, wild.

ἀ-τιμ-ἀγέλης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀτιμάω, ἀγέλη) despising or forsaking the herd, feeding alone.

ἀ-τιμάζω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἠτιμάσα: pf. ἠτιμάκα:—Pass., aor. I ἠτιμάσθη: pf. ἠτιμάσμαι: (a privat., τιμάω). To esteem lightly, dishonour, slight:—Pass.

to suffer dishonour or insult. II. = ἀτιμῶν in legal sense, to deprive of civil rights.

ἀτιμαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀτιμάω, to be despised. 2. ἀτιμαστέον, one must dishonour.

ἀτιμαστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ἀτιμάω) a dishonourer.

ἀτιμαστος, ον, (ἀτιμάω) dishonoured, despised.

ἀτιμῶν, f. ἦσσι: aor. I ἠτίμησα: pf. ἠτίμηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἠτίμηθη: (a privat., τιμῶν):—to insult, slight, dishonour. Hence

ἀτίμητος, ον, unhonoured, despised. II. in legal sense, not estimated; δίκη ἀτίμητος a cause in which the penalty is not assessed in court, but fixed by law.

ἀτιμία, ἡ, (ἀτιμος) dishonour, disgrace. 2. at Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. *deminutio capitis*.

ἀ-τίμος, ον, (a privat., τιμῆ 1) unhonoured, dishonoured: c. gen. without the honour of. 2. at Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. *capite deminutus*, opp. to ἐπίτιμος: cf. ἀτιμία. II. (τιμῆ 11) without price or value. 2. unrevenged, unpunished. Hence

ἀτιμῶν, f. ἴσσι, to dishonour:—Pass. to suffer dishonour. 2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of civil privileges (ἀτιμία), Lat. *aerarium facere*.

ἀτίμων, Ep. impf. of ἀτιμῶν.

ἀ-τιμωρητέι, and ἀ-τιμωρητί, Adv. of ἀ-τιμωρητος, ον, (a privat., τιμωρέομαι) unavenged, unpunished. 2. unprotected.

ἀτίμος, Adv. of ἀτιμῶν, disgracefully.

ἀ-τιμωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀτιμῶν) a dishonouring. [τί]

ἀτιτάλλω, aor. I Ion. ἀτίτηλα: (ἀταλός):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish.

ἀ-τίτος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., τίω) unhonoured, dishonoured. 2. unavenged. II. unpaid.

ἀ-τίω, (a privat., τίω) not to honour, not to revenge. [τί]

Ἀτλῶ-γενής, ἐς, (Ἄτλας, γένος) sprung from Atlas.

Ἀτλαντίς, ἴδος, ἡ, daughter of Atlas. From

Ἄ-τλας, αντος, ὄ, (a euphon., πλῆναι) Atlas, one of the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven: also one of the Titans. 2. the pillar of heaven, Mount Atlas in West Africa.

ἀτλήτω, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From

ἀ-τλήτος, Dor. ἀ-τλάτος, ον, (a privat., πλῆναι) not to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared.

ἀτμή, ἡ, = ἀτμός, smoke, beat.

ἀ-τμητος, ον, (a privat., τέμνω) uncut: of a country, unavenged, not laid waste. 2. of mines, unopened.

ἀτμίω, f. ἴσω, (ἀτμός) to smoke: of water, to steam.

ἀτμός, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἄω, ἀημ) steam, vapour. [τί]

ἀτμός, ὄ, (ἄω, ἀημ) smoke, Lat. vapour.

ἀ-τοιχος, ον, (a privat., τοίχος) unwallled.

ἀ-τοκος, ον, (a privat., τεκεῖν) never having had a child. II. without interest, of borrowed money.

ἀ-τόλμητος, ον, (a privat., τολμάω) not to be dared: also not to be endured, insufferable.

ἀτολμία, ἡ, want of daring, cowardice. From

ἀ-τόλμος, ον, (a privat., τόλμα) wanting courage, cowardly. 2. not overdaring, retiring.

ἀ-τομος, ον, (a privat., τομή) uncut: unmown. II. not able to be cut, indivisible; ἐν ἀτόμῳ in a moment of time.

ἀ-τονος, ον, (a privat., τείνω) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. *remissus*. II. (τόνος) without accent.

ἀ-τόπος, ον, (a privat., τόξον) without bow or arrow.

ἀτοπία, ἡ, strangeness, oddness, absurdity: unusual nature: unnatural conduct. From

ἀ-τόπος, ον, (a privat., τόπος) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. *ineptus*. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence

ἀτόπως, Adv. absurdly.

ἄτος, ον, contr. for ἄατος, insatiate, c. gen.

ἄτρακτος, ὄ, and ἡ, a spindle. II. also an arrow, cf. ἡλακάτη. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-τράπιτός, Ep. ἀτάρπιτος, ἡ, a path.

ἀ-τράπός, Ep. ἀ-ταρπός, ἡ, (a euphon., τρέπω) a path that does not turn, a path, way, road.

ἀτρέκεια, ἡ, reality, strict truth, accuracy. II. justice, uprightness. From

ἈΤΡΕΚῆ, α, ἐς, real, true, exact. II. strict, just, upright.

ἀ-τρέμα, and before a vowel ἀ-τρέμας, Adv., (a privat., τρέμω) without trembling. 2. quietly, calmly, gently.

ἀ-τρεμαῖος, α, ον, poet. for ἀτρεμής, calm, gentle; ἀτρεμαῖα βοῶ a whisper.

ἀτρεμέω, not to tremble or move, to keep still or quiet. From

ἀ-τρεμής, ἐς, (a privat., τρέμω) not trembling, unmoved, calm: Adv. ἀτρεμί, quietly.

ἀτρεμία, ἡ, (ἀτρεμής) a keeping still: calmness.

ἀτρεμίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἀτρεμής) to keep quiet: οὐκ ἀτρεμίσειν to be restless or unquiet.

ἀ-τρεπτος, ον, (a privat., τρέπω) unmoved, indifferent.

ἀ-τρεστος, ον, (a privat., τρέω) not trembling, fearless.

ἀ-τρίακτος, ον, (a privat., τριάω) unconquered.

ἀ-τρίβαστος, ον, (a privat., τρίβω) not accustomed.

ἀ-τρίβης, ἐς, (a privat., τρίβειν) not rubbed: of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not used. 2. of clothes, not much worn, new, Lat. *integer*.

ἄτριον, τό, Dor. for ἤτριον.

ἀ-τριπτος, ον, (a privat., τρίβω) not worn hard by work. 2. of corn, not threshed. 3. ἀτριπτοὶ ἄκανθα thorns on which one cannot tread or walk.

ἀ-τρόμητος, ον, (a privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless.

ἀ-τρομος, ον, (a privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat. *intrepidus*.

ἀτροπία, ἡ, obstinacy. From

ἀ-τροπος, ον, (a privat., τρέπω) not turning, unchangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: ἡ Ἄτροπος, name of one of the Μοῖραι or Παρcae.

ἀτροφέω, f. ἴσω, to pine away. From

ἀ-τροφος, ον, (a privat., τρέφω) *taking no food: pining away, ill of an atrophy.*

ἀ-τρυγετος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., τρυγάω) *unfruitful, barren: generally, waste, desert.*

ἀ-τρυγής, ἐς, (a privat., τρύγη) *not gathered.*

ἀ-τρυμόν, ον, gen. ονος, = ἀτρυτος, c. gen., ἀτρυμόν *κακῶν not worn out by ills.* [ῥ]

ἀ-τρῦτος, ον, (a privat., τρώω) *not worn down, un-abating: of a road, wearisome.*

Ἄ-τρυτώνη, the *Unworned*. (Lengthd. form from ἀτρυτή, as Ἄιδωνες from Αἴδης.)

ἀ-τρωτος, ον, (a privat., τιτρώσκω) *unwounded.*

ἄττα, Att. for τινά, ἄττα for ἄτινα, v. ἄσσα, ἄσσα.

ἄττα, a salutation used to elders, *father*; cf. ἄππα, ἄπφα, πάππα, [ῥᾶ]

ἄττάγας, ἄ, ὅ, Lat. *attagen*, prob. *the godwit.*

ἄττατα, a cry of pain or grief: *sometimes prolonged, ἀτατταταί*, etc.: also used ironically.

ἄττελαβος, Ion. ἀττέλεβος, ὅ, a kind of locust without wings.

Ἄττικίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἴω, (Ἄττικός) *to side with the Athenians, Atticize: later, to live like an Athenian, esp. to speak Attic.* Hence

Ἄττικισμός, ὅ, a *siding with Athens, attachment to her.* II. an *Attic expression, Atticism.*

Ἄττικίον, Dim. of Ἄττικός, a *little Athenian.*

Ἄττικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἀκτῆ) *Attic, Athenian: ἦ Ἄττικῆ (sub. γῆ) = Ἄθλις, Attica.*

Ἄττικωνικός, ἦ, ὄν, a comic alteration of Ἄττικός, imitated from the form of Λακωνικός.

ἄττον, Att. for ἄσσον, *nearer.*

ἄττω, Att. for ἄσσω, ἄσσω, q. v.

ἀτύζωμαι, aor. I part. ἀτυζέις: Pass. (ἀτάω):—*to be distraught from fear, amazed, bewildered: ἀτυζόμενος πεδίοιο flying wildly over the plain: also distraught with grief: c. acc. to be amazed at a thing.* II. rarely in Act. ἀτύζω, f. ὕζω, *to strike with terror.*

ἀ-τυράνευτος, ον, (a privat., τυραννέω) *not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.*

ἀ-τύφος, ον, (a privat., τύφω) *not puffed up.*

ἀτύχεω, f. ἦσω, (ἀτυχής) *to be unlucky or unfortunate, fail, miscarry: c. gen. to fail in getting or gaining a thing.* 2. ἀτυχεῖν πρὸς τινα *to fail with another, i. e. fail in one's request.* Hence

ἀτύχημα, ατος, τό, a *misfortune, mishap.*

ἀ-τύχης, ἐς, (a privat., τυχεῖν) *luckless, unfortunate, unsuccessful.* Adv. -χῶς.

ἀτύχια, ἦ, (ἀτυχεῖν) *ill luck, bad fortune.* II. a *miscarriage, mishap.*

Ἄτ', Adv. of Place, *back, backwards*, Lat. *retro.* II. of Time, *again, anew, afresh, once more*, Lat. *denuo.*

III. *further, moreover, besides*, Lat. *porro.* 2. on the other hand, *in turn*, Lat. *vicissim.*

ἀνάνω, impf. ἀνάνω: f. ἀνάνω: aor. I pass. ἀνάνω: (ἀνώ):—*to dry.* 2. *to wither or parch up: βίων ἀνάνειν to waste life away: fut. med. ἀνανοῦμαι in pass. sense, I shall wither away.*

αὐᾶλέος, α, ον, (αἶος) *dry, parched, withered: of hair, rough, squalid: of eyes, sleepless.*

Αἰάσιος, ἦ, = Ὀάσιος, the name of the fertile islets in the Libyan deserts.

αὐάτα, Aeol. for ἀττα, *calamity, mischief: to be pronounced αἰάτα.*

αὐγάζω, f. αἶσα: aor. I ἠγάσασα: (αὐγή):—*to see distinctly, discern, behold: so also in Med.* II. intr. *to shine.*

Ἄττη', ἦ, a *bright light*, esp. of the sun, and so in plur. *the rays, beams of the sun: ὑπ' αὐγάς ηελίοιο under the light of the sun, i. e. still alive: αὐγάς λεύσσειν to behold the light, i. e. to be alive: κλύζειν πρὸς αὐγάς to rise surging towards heaven.* 2. *any light*, esp. of the eyes: ὀμμάτων αὐγαί and αὐγαί alone, like Lat. *lumina, the eyes.* 3. *any gleam on the surface of bright objects, sheen.*

αὐδάζομαι, f. ἀζομαι: aor. I ἠδαζάμην: Dep.: (αὐδή):—*to cry out, speak.*

αὐδάω, impf. ἠῶδων: f. ἦσω Att. ἦσω: aor. I ἠῶδησα, Ion. 3 sing. αὐδήσασκε: pf. ἠῶδηκα:—also αὐδάομαι, as Dep.:—*to talk, speak: c. acc. rei, to speak, say a thing: of oracles, to utter, proclaim.* 2. *to speak, to address.* 3. c. inf. *to tell, bid, order to do.* 4. *to call by name: αὐδάωμαι παῖς Ἀχιλλέος I am called Achilles' son.* 5. like λέγειν, Lat. *dicere, to mean.* From

Ἄτ'δᾶη', ἦ, *the human voice, a voice, tone: metaph. any other sound, e. g. the twang of the bowstring.* 2. a *report, account.* Hence

αὐδήεις, εσσα, εν, *speaking with human voice.* αὐ-ερωω (i. e. αὐ ἐρωω), aor. I ἀερώσα:—*to draw back: to draw the bow: in a sacrifice, to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.*

αὐθάδεια, ποῦτ. αὐθάδεια, ἦ, *self-will, wilfulness, stubbornness, presumption.* From

αὐθ-άδης [ᾶ], ἐς, (αὐτός, ἦδομαι) *self-willed, wilful, stubborn, headstrong: also unfeeling.* Adv. -δῶς.

αὐθ-ᾶδία, ἦ, ποῦτ. for αὐθαδεια.

αὐθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: (αὐθάδης): Dep.:—*to be self-willed or stubborn.*

αὐθαδικός, ἦ, ὄν, (αὐθάδης) *disposed to be self-willed.* αὐθαδισμα, ατος, τό, (αὐθάδης) *an act of self-will, wilfulness.*

αὐθαδό-στομος, ον, (αὐθάδης, στόμα) *wilful or proud of speech.*

αὐθ-αίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, αἷμα) *of the same blood: as Subst. a brother or sister, near kinsman.*

αὐθ-αίρετος, ον, (αὐτός, αἶρεω) *self-chosen, self-elected.* II. *taken upon oneself, self-incurred: voluntary, optional.* Adv. -τως.

αὐθεντέω, f. ἦσω, *to have power over.* From αὐθ-έντης, ο, ὅ, contr. for αὐτοέντης, (αὐτός, ἔντευ) *an actual murderer: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also a self-murderer, suicide.* 2. *an absolute master or ruler.* II. as Adj., αὐθέντης φόνος *death by murder.*

αὐθ-ήμερος, ον, (αὐτός, ἡμέρα) *made or happening*

on the very day: Adv. αὐθημερόν Ion. αὐτῆμερόν, on the very day.

αὐθι, Adv. shortd. for αὐτόθι, of Place, on the spot, here, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

αὐθι-γενής, Ion. αὐτιγ-, ἔς, (αὐθι, γενέσθαι) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigēna: of rivers, rising in the country; αὐθιγενές ὕδωρ spring water.

2. genuine, sincere.

αὐθις, Ion. αὐτῖς, Adv., a lengthd. form of αὐ: I. of Place, back, back again.

II. of Time, again,

afresh, anew: also hereafter.

III. moreover,

besides, in turn, on the other hand.

αὐθ-όμαιμος, (αὐτός, ὄμαιμος) akin, of the selfsame blood.

αὐ-λαχος, ov, (α copul., λαχή) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

αὐλαξ, ἄκος, ἦ, = ἄλοξ, a furrow: also ὄλαξ, for which Homer used ὄλαξ. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αὐλειος, α, ov, sometimes also os, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to the αὐλή or court; ἐπ' αὐλείῃσι θύρῃσι at the door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, house-door.

αὐλέω, f. ἦσω, (αὐλός) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; αὐλεῖται πᾶν μέλαθρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to get oneself played to, bear music.

αὐλή, ἦ, (*ἄω, ἄημι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with out-buildings, the altar of Ζεὺς Ἐρκεῖος being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αὐλειος), and one leading through the αἴθουσα into the πρόδομος.

II. after Hom., the αὐλή was the court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments; opposite the house door (cf. αὐλειος) was the (μέ-σαυλος or μέγαυλος), leading into the women's part of the house.

III. generally, any court or hall.

IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber.

αὐλήμα, atos, τό, (αὐλέω) a piece of music for the flute.

αὐλησεῦντι, Dor. for αὐλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὐλέω.

αὐλητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and αὐλητής, οὔ, ὅ, (αὐλέω) a flute-player. Hence

αὐλητικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for a flute-player; ἡ αὐλητική (sub. τέχνη), bis art.

αὐλητρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of αὐλητήρ, a flute-girl.

αὐλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (αὐλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Nymph.

αὐλιζομαι: fut. med. αὐλίσομαι: aor. I ἠυλίσαμην: aor. I pass. ἠυλίσθην: pf. ἠυλίσαμεν: Dep.: (αὐλή):—to lie in the αὐλή or court-yard, to lie out at night: generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αὐλιον, τό, (αὐλή) any country house, a cottage: a fold.

II. a chamber, cave.

αὐλιος, α, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds, rustic.

αὐλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (αὐλιζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αὐλιον θέσθαι to pitch one's tent.

αὐλισκος, ὅ, Dim. of αὐλός, a small reed, a pipe,

αὐλιστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (αὐλιζομαι) a female inmate in a house.

αὐλο-δόκη, ἡ, (αὐλός, δέχομαι) a flute-case.

αὐλο-θετέω, (αὐλός, τίθημι) to make flutes or pipes.

αὐλο-ποιός, ὅ, (αὐλός, ποιέω) a flute-maker.

αὐλός, ὅ, (*αῶω, to blow) any wind-instrument, a flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; αὐ-λοι ἀνδρήϊοι καὶ γυναικείοι, prob. like Lat. *tibia dextra et sinistra*, i. e. bass and treble; αὐλός Ἐνυαλίου the pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet.

2. any tube, pipe, grottoe, socket.

αὐλών, ἄνος, ὅ, poet. also ἡ, (αὐλός) a hollow way, defile, ravine: a canal, aqueduct: a channel, strait: αὐλῶνες πόντιοι the sea-straits, i. e. the Archipelago.

αὐλ-ῶπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (αὐλός, ὤψ) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὐλός) to hold the plume (λόφος).

ΑΥΤΕΑΝΩ or ΑΥΤΕΩ, poet. ἄξω: f. αὐξήσω: aor. I ἠξήσα: pf. ἠξήκα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to honour, exalt, extol.

II. Pass., with fut. med. αὐξήσομαι and pass. αὐξήθησομαι: aor. I ἠξήθην: pf. ἠξήημαι:—to grow, wax, increase: of a child, to grow up: of the wind, to rise; ἠξάνομην ἄκοίων I grew taller as I heard.

III. intrans. in Act. to grow, wax. Hence

αὐξή, ἡ, growth, increase.

αὐξήθεις, aor. I pass. part. of αὐξάνω.

Αὐξήστια, ἡ, (αὐξω) the goddess of growth.

αὐξήσις, εως, ἡ, (αὐξω) growth, increase.

αὐξήσις, ov, (αὐξω) promoting growth.

αὐξο-σέληνον, τό, (αὐξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon.

αὐξώ, ὄδος, ἡ, (αὐξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

αὐξω, v. sub αὐξάνω.

αἰονή, ἡ, (αἶος) dryness, withering.

αἶος, ἦ, ov, (αἶω) dry, dried, of fruit; αἶον αὐτεῖν to ring dry and barsh, of metal.

2. withered, parched.

3. drained dry, exhausted.

αἶπνια, ἡ, sleeplessness. From

αἶπ-νος, ov, (α privat., ὕπνος) sleepless, wakeful; ὕπνος αἶπνος a sleep that is no sleep.

αἶρα, Ion. αἶρη, ἡ, (*ἄω, ἄημι) air in motion, a breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. *aura*.

αἶριον, (from αἶος, Aeol. for ἡώς) Adv. to-morrow; ἔς αἶριον on the morrow, next morning or till morning: ἡ αἶριον (sub. ἡμέρα), the morrow; also, ἡ ἔς αἶριον ἡμέρα, ὁ αἶριον χρόνος.

αἶσαι, aor. I inf. of αἶω to shout.

αἶστος, Dor. for τηῖστος.

αἶσταλέος, poet. αἶσταλέος, α, ov, (αἶος) sunburnt, sbrivelled, parched, Lat. *siccus*.

αἶστηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (*ἄω, αἶω, ἄζω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter.

2. metaph. like Lat. *austrer, stern, barsh, austere*. Hence

αἶστηρότης, ητος, ἡ, roughness, rough flavour.

2. metaph. barshness, sternness, austerity.

αὐτ-άγγελος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀγγέλλω) carrying one's own message : bringing news of what one has seen.

αὐτ-άρετος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀρέω) self-chosen, left to one's choice. II. act. choosing for oneself.

αὐτ-ἀδελφος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀδελφός) related as brother or sister : one's own brother or sister.

αὐτ-άνδρος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀνήρ) with the men themselves, men and all.

αὐτ-ἀνεψίος, α, (αὐτός, ἀνεψιός) an own cousin, cousin-german.

αὐτάρ, Conjunct., Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, however, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.

αὐτάρκεια, ἡ, (αὐτάρκεις) sufficiency in oneself, independence.

αὐτ-άρκης, ἐς, (αὐτός, ἀρκέω) sufficient in oneself, independent of others ; πόλις αὐτάρκης a country that supplies itself, that wants no imports ; c. inf., αὐτάρκης ἀναγκάζειν fully able to compel.

αὐτε, Adv., I. of Time, again, furthermore, like Lat. autem. 2. however, on the contrary.

αὐτ-έκμαγμα, ατος, τό, (αὐτός, ἐκμάσσομαι) an exact impression, true portrait.

αὐτ-εξούσιος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐξουσία) in one's own power : τὸ αὐτεξούσιον free power.

αὐτ-επάγγελτος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐπαγγέλλομαι) offering of oneself, of oneself, freely, Lat. sponte.

αὐτ-επώνυμος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) of the same surname.

αὐτ-ερέτης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, ἐρέτης) rower and soldier at once.

αὐτέω, Ep. impf. αὐτεῦν, only used in pres. and impf., to cry, shout : also in Act., to call. [ῥ] From αὐτή, ἡ, (αὐά) a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself. [ῥ]

αὐτ-ήκοος, ον, (αὐτός, ἀκούω) one who has himself heard, an ear-witness.

αὐτ-ἡμαρ, Adv., = αὐθημέρον, on the selfsame day.

αὐτ-γενής, ἐς, Ion. for αὐθιγενής.

αὐτίκα [ι], Adv. (αὐτός) forthwith, straightway, immediately ; αὐτίκα καὶ μετέπειτα now and hereafter : presently, directly, Lat. mox.

II. for example, just to give an example ; αὐτίκα γὰρ ἀρχεὶ διὰ τίν' ὁ Ζεὺς ; for example, by what means does Zeus rule the gods ?

αὐτις, Ion. and Dor. for αἶθις.

αὐτμή, (*αῶ, αῖω, to blow) breath : the blast of a bellows. II. a scent, odour.

αὐτμήνη, μένος, ὁ, = αὐτμή.

αὐτο-βοεΐ, Adv. (αὐτός, βοή) at a mere shout ; αὐτοβοεΐ εἶναι to take without resistance.

αὐτό-βουλος, ον, (αὐτός, βουλή) self-willed.

αὐτο-γέννητος, ον, (αὐτός, γεννάω) :—κοιμήματα μητρὸς αὐτ. a mother's intercourse with her own child.

αὐτογνωμονέω, f. ἴσω, to act of one's own will or judgment. From

αὐτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, γνώμη) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. —μόνος.

αὐτό-γνωστος, ον, (αὐτός, γινώσκω) self-resolved, self-chosen.

αὐτό-γῦος, ον, (αὐτός, γῦς) :—ἄροτρον αὐτόγυον a plough in which the γῦς is of one piece with the ἔλυμα and ἱστοβοεΐς.

αὐτο-δάής, ἐς, (αὐτός, δαήναι) unpremeditated.

αὐτο-δάικτος, ον, (αὐτός, δαίω) self-slain or mutually slain.

αὐτ-οδάξ, Adv. (αὐτός, ὀδᾶξ) with clenched teeth : hence stubborn.

αὐτό-δεκα, (αὐτός, δέκα) just ten.

αὐτό-δηλος, ον, (αὐτός, δηλος) self-evident.

αὐτο-διδάκτος, ον, (αὐτός, διδάσκω) self-taught.

αὐτό-δικος, ον, (αὐτός, δίκη) with one's own law-courts : conducting one's own suits at home.

αὐτόδιον, Adv. (αὐτός) straightway.

αὐτο-ἐλικτος, ον, (αὐτός, ἐλίσσω) curling naturally.

αὐτο-ἐνήτης, ου, ὁ, = αὐθέντης, a murderer.

αὐτο-ετής, ἐς, (αὐτός, ἔτος) in or of the same year : Adv. αὐτόετες, in the same year, within the year.

αὐτο-θελεΐ, Adv. of αὐτοθελής, voluntarily.

αὐτο-θελής, ἐς, (αὐτός, θέλω) of one's own will, voluntary.

αὐτόθεν, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) of Place, from the very spot where one is, from hence, from thence, Lat. illinc. II. of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. illico.

αὐτόθι, Adv. for αὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.

αὐτο-κασίγητος, ὁ, and -τη, ἡ, (αὐτός, κασίγητος) an own brother or sister.

αὐτο-κατάκριτος, ον, (αὐτός, κατακρίνω) self-condemned.

αὐτο-κέλευθος, ον, (αὐτός, κέλευθος) going one's own way.

αὐτο-κέλευστος, ον, (αὐτός, κελεύω) self-bidden, of one's own accord.

αὐτο-κελής, ἐς, (αὐτός, κέλομαι) = foreg.

αὐτό-κλητος, ον, (αὐτός, καλέω) self-called, i. e. uncalled, unbidden.

αὐτό-κομος, ον, (αὐτός, κόμη) with natural hair, sbaggy. II. hair and all.

αὐτο-κράτης, ἐξ, (αὐτός, κράτος) ruling by oneself, having full power, absolute : τὸ αὐτοκρατές free will.

αὐτο-κράτωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, κρατέω) one's own master : 1. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. sui juris. 2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full powers. 3. of rulers, absolute : peremptory.

αὐτο-κτίτος, ον, (αὐτός, κτίω) self-produced, made by nature.

αὐτοκτονέω, to slay themselves or one another. From

αὐτο-κτόνος, ον, (αὐτός, κτείνω) self-slaying. II. slaying one another ; θάνατος αὐτοκτόνος mutual death by each other's hand.

αὐτο-κυβερνήτης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, κυβερνάω) one who steers himself.

αὐτό-κωπος, ον, (αὐτός, κώπη) together with the

bandle; βέλη αὐτόκωπα weapons with a *bandle*, i. e. swords.

αὐτο-μαθής, ἐς, (αὐτός, μαθεῖν) *self-taught*, τινός ἐν αὐτῷ.

αὐτο-μαρτύς, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, μαρτυρῶ) *oneself the witness*, i. e. an *eyewitness*.

αὐτοματίῳ, f. ἴσω, to act of one's own will, to act of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From

αὐτό-ματος, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, μέμα, pf. of μάω) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. *self-moving*; τὰ αὐτόματα *self-moving machines, automaton*.

2. of plants, growing of themselves, spontaneous. 3. of events, happening of themselves: without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου, naturally or by chance. Adv. -τως, Lat. *ultra, sponte sua*.

αὐτομόλῳ, f. ἴσω, (αὐτόμολος) to desert. Hence αὐτομόλῳ, εως, ἡ, and αὐτομόλῳ, ἡ, desertion. αὐτό-μολος, ον, (αὐτός, μολεῖν) going of oneself: as Subst. a deserter.

αὐτονομέομαι, Dep. (αὐτόνομος) to live by one's own laws, be independent.

αὐτονομία, ἡ, independence. From αὐτό-νομος, ον, (αὐτός, νέμα) living by one's own laws: independent. II. (νέμομαι) feeding at will.

αὐτο-νύχῃ, Adv. (αὐτός, νύξ) that very night.

αὐτό-ξύλος, ον, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood.

αὐτό-παις, παιδός, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, παῖς) an own child, son or daughter.

αὐτο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, πήμα) for one's own woes.

αὐτο-ποιός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ποιέω) self-produced.

αὐτό-πολις, εως, ὁ, (αὐτός, πόλις) self-administered, independent. Hence

αὐτοπολίτης, ον, ὁ, αὐτός, ἕψομαι, fut. of ὄρω) seeing oneself, an *eyewitness*.

αὐτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling one's own goods.

αὐτό-πρεμος, ον, (αὐτός, πρέμω) together with the root, root and all; αὐτόπρεμος ἄλλοθι to perish root and branch.

αὐτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αὐτός, πρόσωπον) in one's own person.

αὐτό-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, ὄψομαι, fut. of ὄρω) seeing oneself, an *eyewitness*.

αὐτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling one's own goods.

αὐτό-ρίζος, ποῦτ. αὐτόριζος, ον, (αὐτός, ῥίζα) self-rooted. II. with the roots, roots and all.

αὐτόρ-ῥυτος, ποῦτ. αὐτόρυτος, ον, (αὐτός, ῥέω) self-flowing.

Αὐτό-σῳ, αὐτή, αὐτό, reflexive Pron., self, Lat. *ipse*: in oblique cases often for the person. Pron., *him, her, it*: with artic. ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, the same.

I. self, myself, thyself: 1. oneself, i. e. the part properly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or oneself, as opp. to others, e. g. the king to his subjects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as in the Pythag. phrase Αὐτός ἔφα, Lat. *Ipsē dixit*. 2.

of oneself, of one's own accord. 3. by oneself, alone, = μόνος; αὐτοῖ ἐσμεν we are by ourselves.

4. in dat. with a Subst., together with; ἀνύρουσεν αὐτῇ σὺν φόρμυγγι he sprang up lyre in band: but mostly without σὺν, ἵππους αὐτοῖσιν ὄχεσφι horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσιν συμμάχοισι allies and all; αὐτοῖσιν τοῖσ ἵπποισι horses and all.

5. added to ordinal numbers, e. g. πέμπτος αὐτός himself the fifth, i. e. himself with four others, αὐτός being the chief person.

6. also joined with the personal Pron., ἐγὼ αὐτός, σὲ αὐτόν, etc., always *divisim* in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, as, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: again αὐτός is joined with the reflexive ἑαυτοῦ, αὐτοῦ, etc., to give greater force, as αὐτός καθ' αὐτοῦ. II. Comp. αὐτότερος, more himself; and Sup. αὐτότατος, Lat. *ipsissimus, bis very self*.

III. He, she, it, Lat. *ille*, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, and the reflex.

Pron. αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, v. sub ἑαυτοῦ.

III. with Article, ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, Att. contr. αὐτός, αὐτή, ταῖτο and ταῖτόν; gen. ταῖτοῦ, etc.; Ion. αὐτός, ταῖτό:—the same, Lat. *idem*. It freq. takes a dat., like ὁμοιος, etc., ὁ αὐτός τῷ λίθῳ the same as the stone; τὸ αὐτὸ πράσσειν or πάσχειν τινὶ to fare the same as one: also in phrases κατὰ ταῦτό, ὑπὸ ταῖτό, at, about the same time, Lat. *sub idem tempus*: εἰς ταῖτό, ἐν ταῖτῶ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, to, in, from the same place.

IV. in Compos., 1. of itself, i. e. natural, native, as in αὐτόκλιτος. 2. of mere, of nothing but, as in αὐτόλυκος.

3. of oneself, as in αὐτοῖδι-δακτος. 4. the very, the ideal, as in αὐτογάθων, αὐτοάνθρωπος, etc. 5. just, exactly, as in αὐτόδεκα. 6. rarely, with reflex. sense of αὐτοῦ and ἀλλήλων, as αὐθέντης, αὐτοκτονέω. 7. together with, as in αὐτόκοκος young and all. 8. alone, by oneself, as in αὐτόσκηπος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. *illuc*.

αὐτο-σίδηρος, ον, (αὐτός, σίδηρος) of sheer iron.

αὐτόσ-ατος, ον, (αὐτός, σέομαι) self-moved.

αὐτο-στάδια, ἡ, (αὐτός, ἵσταμαι) a stand-up fight, close fight.

αὐτό-στολος, ον, (αὐτός, στέλλομαι) self-sent, going of oneself.

αὐτό-στονος, ον, (αὐτός, στένω) sighing for or by oneself.

αὐτο-σφαγής, ἐς, (αὐτός, σφαγήναι) slain by oneself or by kinsmen.

αὐτο-σχεδία, Adv. = αὐτοσχεδόν.

αὐτοσχεδίαζω, f. ἄσω, (αὐτοσχεδῖος) to act or speak off-hand: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially. 2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-hand. Hence

αὐτοσχεδίασμα, ατος, τό, work done off-hand, an *impromptu*: and

αὐτοσχεδιαστής, οὐ, ὁ, *one who acts or speaks off-hand*: a novice, Lat. *tiro*.

αὐτο-σχεδῖος, α, ον, also os, ον, (αὐτός, σχέδιος) *band to band*:—as fem. Subst. αὐτοσχεδίη, (sc. μάχη) ἡ, a close fight, fray; acc. αὐτοσχεδίην as Adv. close at band. II. off-band, on the spur of the moment.

αὐτο-σχεδόν, Adv. (αὐτός, σχεδόν) *near at band, band to band*, Lat. *cominus*.

αὐτότατος, see αὐτός II.

αὐτο-τέλεστος, ον, (αὐτός, τελέω) *self-accomplished*. αὐτο-τελής, ἐς, (αὐτός, τέλος) *complete in itself, sufficient*:—Adv. αὐτοτελῶς, absolutely, arbitrarily.

II. taxing oneself.

αὐτότερος, see αὐτός II.

αὐτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτός, τόκος) *young and all*.

αὐτο-τραγικός, ον, (αὐτός, τραγικός) *arrant tragic*.

αὐτο-τροπήσας, aor. I part. as if from αὐτοτροπῶω, (αὐτός, τρέπω) *to turn straightway*.

αὐτοῦ, Adv., properly gen. neut. of αὐτός, at the very place, there, here, on the spot, Lat. *illico*.

αὐτοῦ, Att. contr. for ἐαντοῦ.

αὐτοουργία, ἡ, a working with one's own hand; αὐτοουργία φόνου *self-inflicted murder*. From αὐτο-ουργός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ἔργον) *self-working*. 2. as Subst., one who tills his own land, a husbandman, farmer. II. pass. *self-wrought, extemporaneous*.

αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτός: ἐπ' αὐτόφι or παρ' αὐτόφι *on the very spot*; ἀπ' αὐτόφι *from the very spot*.

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτός, φλοιός) *bark and all*.

αὐτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτός, *φένω) *self-murdering, murdering one's own kin*.

αὐτο-φόντης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, *φένω) *a murderer*.

αὐτό-φορτος, ον, (αὐτός, φόρτος) *bearing one's own baggage*.

αὐτο-φύής, ἐς, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-growing, self-existent*. 2. of home growth or production. 3. natural, opp. to artificial; αὐτοφυεῖς λόφοι *hills in their natural state, not quarried or mined*. Hence αὐτοφύως, Adv. naturally.

αὐτό-φύτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-caused*.

αὐτό-φωρος, ον, (αὐτός, φέρω) *caught in the act of theft*; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ λαμβάνειν *to catch in the act*; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ ἄλωνα *to be caught in the very act*.

αὐτό-χειρ, ποσ, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, χεῖρ) *working with one's own hand*: c. gen. *the very maker or worker of a thing*.

II. absol. *one who kills himself or one of his kin*: a murderer, homicide. 3. as Adj. *murderous*. Hence

αὐτοχειρία, Adv. *with one's own hand*.

αὐτοχειρία, ἡ, (αὐτόχειρ) *a doing with one's own hands*; Lat. *αὐτοχειρία* *with one's own hand*.

αὐτό-χθονος, ον, (αὐτός, χθών) *country and all*.

αὐτό-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, χθών) *of the land itself*, Lat. *terrigena*: αὐτόχθονες, οἱ, like Lat. *Aborigines, Indigenae, of the original race, not settlers*.

αὐτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτός, χολῶ) *angry at oneself*.

αὐτο-χόωνος, ον, lengthd. for αὐτοχόωνος, (αὐτός, χόων) *rudely cast, sbapeless, of a quoit*.

αὐτό-χρημα, Adv. (αὐτός, χρήμα) *indeed, really: at once, plainly*.

αὐτως, Adv. of αὐτός with Aeol. accent, *even so, just so, as it is*; γυμνὸν ἔνστα, αὐτως, being unarmed, just as a man. 2. *just so, no better*; often joined with other words implying contempt; νήπιος αὐτως *a mere child*. II. *just as before, as it was*; λευκὸν ἔπ' αὐτως *still white as when new*.

αὐχενίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (αὐχὴν) *to cut the throat off, behead*.

αὐχένος, α, ον, (αὐχὴν) *belonging to the neck*; αὐχένιοι τένοντες *the sinews of the neck*.

αὐχέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἤχησα:—like καυχάομαι, *to boast, pride oneself*: c. inf. *to boast that*: generally, *to protest, declare*. From

Αἴτ'χῆ', ἡ, *boasting, pride*.

αὐχημα, ατος, τό, (αὐχέω) *a thing boasted of, the pride, boast*. II. *a boast*: also = αὐχή, *boasting*.

Αἴτ'χῆ'ν, ἐνος, ὁ, *the neck, throat*: metaph. *a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus*; also *a narrow sea, strait*: the narrow bed of a river: *a defile*.

αὐχησις, εως, ἡ, (αὐχέω) *boasting, exultation*.

αὐχμῆος, f. ἦσω, (αὐχμῆος) *to be squalid, Lat. squalere*. αὐχμηεῖς, εσσα, εν, = αὐχμηρός.

αὐχμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αὐχμῆω) *dry, parched, dusty, squalid, Lat. squalidus*. 2. *improvised, needy*.

αὐχμῆος, ὁ, (ἀω, αἶω, αἶος) *drought*: dearth.

αὐχμῶδης, ἐς, (αὐχμῆος, εἶδος) *looking dry and dusty*; τὸ αὐχμῶδες *drought*.

Αἴτ'ῶ, Att. αἴω, *to dry, wither*: also *to singe, set on fire*.

Αἴτ'ῶ, f. αἴσω: aor. ἤῶσα:—*to shout out, shout, call aloud*: also of things, *to sound, echo*: c. acc. pers. *to call upon*.

αἴως, ἡ, Aeol. for αἴς, ἡώς, *morning*.

ἀφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to purify*:—Med. *to devote oneself with purifying offerings*.

ἀφ-αίρέω: f. ἦσω: pf. ἀφῆρηκα: Pass., aor. I ἀφῆρθην: pf. ἀφῆρημαι:—from the Root ἘΑ— we have aor. 2 ἀφείλον, fut. med. ἀφελούμαι: (ἀπό, αἰρέω). *To take from, take away from another*; c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρῆν τινά τι *to rob of a thing*; ἀφαιρῆν τινας *to take from a thing, hence to diminish*: *to let off, pardon*.

II. Med. more freq. than Act., *to take away for oneself, bear off*: ἀφαιρῆσθαι τινά τι *to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself*. 2. followed by μή and inf., *to prevent, binder from doing*. III. Pass. *to be robbed or deprived of a thing*.

ἀφαιστος, Dor. for ἠφαιστος.

ἀφ-ἄλλομαι, f. ἀφαλοῦμαι: aor. I ἀφῆλάμην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἄλλομαι):—*to spring off or down from*: *to jump off*.

ἀ-φάλος, ον, *without the φάλος or metal boss in which the plume was fixed*.

ἀφ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀφήμαρτον,

Ep. by metath. ἀπήμβροτον : (ἀπό, ἀμαρτάνω) :—to miss one's aim, fail in gaining.

ἀφάμαρτε, Ep. 3 aor. 2 of foreg.

ἀφάμαρτο-επιής, ἐς, (ἀφάμαρτείν, ἔπος) missing the point, talking at random.

ἀφ-ανδάνω, f. -αδήσω : Ion. aor. 2 inf. ἀπᾶδέειν : (ἀπό, ἀνδάνω) :—to displease, fail to please.

ἀ-φάνεια, ἡ, darkness, obscurity. II. disappearance, utter destruction. From

ἀ-φάνης, ἐς, (α privat., φανῖναι) unseen, invisible : inscrutable. 2. vanished : bidden, secret : hence unknown : τὸ ἀφανές uncertainty. 3. ἀφανῆς οὐσία personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to φανερά, real, as land. Hence

ἀφάνιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω : pf. ἠφάνικα :—to make unseen, bide, suppress : to make away with. 2. to raise to the ground, erase writing : to obliterate footsteps, etc. 3. to secrete, steal, embezzle. 4. to darken, obscure, tarnish : to efface. II. Pass. to disappear and be heard of no more, vanish : esp. of persons lost at sea. 2. to keep out of public, live retired. Hence

ἀφάνις, εως, ἡ, a making away with. II. a vanishing, disappearance.

ἀφανισμός, ὁ, = ἀφάνις.

ἀ-φαντος, ον, (α privat., φαίνομαι) invisible, forgotten : obscure, secret. 2. unlooked for.

ἀφ-ἄπτω, fut. ψω : pf. pass. ἀφημμαι : (ἀπό, ἄπτω) :—to fasten from or upon ; ἀφ. ἄμματα to tie knots on a string :—Pass. to be bung on, bang on ; ἀπαμμένος Ion. pass. pf. part. for ἀφημμένος.

ἀφᾶρ, Adv., I. straightway, forthwith : at once, quickly. II. thereupon, then, after that. III. continuously, without intermission.

ἀ-φαρκτος, ον, old Att. for ἀφρακτος.

ἀφ-αρπάζω : f. ἄρω, Att. ἄσω or rather ἄσομαι :—Pass., aor. I -ηρπάσθη : pf. -ἠρπασμαι :—to tear off or from : to snatch away : to snatch eagerly.

ἀφάρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ἀφαρ, bastier.

ἀ-φασία, ἡ, (ἀφαστος) speechlessness.

ἀφάσσω, f. ἀφάσω : aor. I ἠφασσα, imperat. ἀφασον : (ἄπτω, ἀφάω) :—to take hold of, bandle, feel, touch.

ἀ-φᾶτος, ον, (α privat., φᾶτος) not named, nameless : that should not be named or uttered ; ἀφᾶτα χρήματα untold sums ; ἀφᾶτον ὡς . . there's no saying how. 2. unutterable : huge, monstrous.

ἀφ-αυαίνω, fut. pass. ἀυανθίσομαι, = ἀφάω.

ἀφαιρός, ἄ, ἴν, weak, feeble. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφ-αῦω, (ἀπό, αῦω) to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere :—Pass. to become parched, to pine away.

ἀφῶ or ἀφᾶώ, (ἄπτω, ἀφή) to bandle, feel.

ἀ-φεγγής, ἐς, (α privat., φέγγος) without light, dark : metaph. ill-starred. 2. dim, faint.

ἀφ-εδρών, ἄνω, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἔδρα) the draught : a privy.

ἀφέη, Ep. for ἀφή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφέηκα, Ep. for ἀφήκα, aor. I of ἀφήμι.

ἀφεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφειδέστερον, Comp., ἀφειδέστατα, Sup., of Adv. ἀφειδῶς.

ἀφειδέω, f. ἴσω, to be unsparing or lavish of ; ἀφειδεῖν πόνον to be careless of, i. e. to neglect, avoid toil : absol. ἀφειδῆσαντες recklessly. From

ἀ-φειδής, ἐς, (α privat., φείδομαι) unsparing, lavish : bountiful. 2. unsparing, cruel, barsh. Hence

ἀφειδία, ἡ, profuseness. 2. harshness, severity.

ἀφειδῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀφειδής, lavishly.

ἀφείη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείλον, -όμη, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφείμαι, pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείς, εἶσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφεικτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπέχω, one must abstain.

ἀφελεια, ἡ, (ἀφελής) simplicity, plainness. From

ἀφελείν, ἀφελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀ-φελής, ἐς, (α privat., φελλεύς) without a stone, level, smooth. II. metaph. of persons, simple, plain.

ἀφ-έλκω, f. ἔλξω : but the usu. fut. is ἀφελκίσω [ῥ], aor. I ἀφείκυσσα (as if from ἀφελκύνω) :—to drag away, draw back : to draw aside. 2. to drink up.

ἀφελότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀφελής) smoothness, evenness : hence simplicity, sincerity.

ἀφελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφελῶς, Adv. of ἀφελής, rudely, coarsely.

ἀφενος, τό, wealth, abundance.

ἀφ-εργος, ον, (ἀπεργω) shut out from.

ἀφ-έρπω, f. ψω : I but aor. I ἀφείρπυσα (as if from ἀφερπύω) :—to creep off, steal away.

ἀ-φερτος, ον, (α privat., φέρω) insufferable.

ἀφες, 2 imperat. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

Ἄφειτος, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) the Releaser, epith. of Zeus.

ἔφεστις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφήμι) a letting go, setting free : a quittance, discharge, remission, forgiveness : a starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself.

ἀφισταίη, shortened for ἀφείστηκοι, 3 sing. pf. opt. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀφετός, ὄν, (ἀφήμι) let loose, freely ranging, esp. of sacred flocks that were free from work : hence dedicated to some god.

ἀ-φευκτος, ον, = ἀφυκτος, q. v.

ἀφ-εύω, aor. I ἄφευσα (without augm.) : pf. pass. ἠφευμαι :—to singe off. 2. to toast, roast.

ἀφ-έψω, Ion. ἀπέψω : fut. ἀφείψω :—to boil off, boil down. II. to boil free of all dross, to refine, purify : to boil young again.

ἀφέωκα, Dor. for ἀφείκα, pf. act., and ἀφέωνται, Dor. for ἀφείνται, 3 plur., pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφή, ἡ, (ἄπτω) a fastening, joint : 2. a lighting, kindling. II. (ἄπτομαι) a touching, bandling : the sense of touch.

ἀφ-ηγέομαι, f. -ηγήσομαι, to lead away, lead off : generally, to lead the way, go first. II. to tell, relate, explain. III. the perf. ἀφήγημαι is used in pass. sense. Hence

ἀφήγημα Ion. ἀπήγημα, *atos*, τό, a tale, narrative: and

ἀφήγησις Ion. ἀπήγησις, *eos*, ἡ, a telling, narrative; ἄξιον ἀπηγήσιος worth the telling.

ἀφήκα, aor. I of ἀφήμι.

ἀφ-ἡλιξ, Ion. ἀπ-ἡλιξ, *ikos*, ὁ, ἡ, beyond youth, elderly: mostly used in Comp. and Sup. ἀφηλικέστερος, —έστατος.

ἀφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀφήρηκα, pf. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφ-ήτωρ, *oros*, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) the archer.

ἀφθαρσία, ἡ, incorruption, immortality. From ἀφθαρτος, *on*, (a privat., φθείρω) uncorrupted, incorruptible.

ἀφθεγκτος, *on*, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) speechless: not to be spoken of; ἐν ἀφθεγκτῶ νάπει in a grove where none may speak.

ἀφθη, Ion. and Dor. for ἡφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

ἀφθίτος, *on*, later also *η*, *on*, (a privat., φθίνω) undestroyed, undecaying, imperishable.

ἀφθογγος, *on*, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) voiceless.

ἀφθονέστερος, —έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἀφθονος.

ἀφθονήτος, *on*, (a privat., φθονέω) unenvied.

ἀφθονία, ἡ, freedom from envy, readiness: more often of things, plenty, abundance. From

ἀφθονος, *on*, act. free from envy: ungrudging, bounteous. II. pass. not grudged, bounteously given, plentiful.

2. = ἀνεπίφθονος, unenvied, provoking no envy. III. Adv. —ως, ἀφθόνως ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀφθορία, ἡ, incorruption, purity. From

ἀφθορος, *on*, (a privat., φθείρω) uncorrupt, chaste. ἀφ-ιδρώω, *f*. ἰσώ [ῥ] :—Pass., aor. I —ύθην [ῥ] or —ύθην: pf. ἀφιδρώμαι:—to place elsewhere, to remove.

ἀφ-τερῶω, *f*. ἰσώ: pf. pass. ἀφιέρωμαι:—to purify, hallow.

ἀφ-ημι: impf. (as if from ἀφίεω) ἡφίον, 3 sing. ἡφίει Ep. ἀφίει, 3 pl. ἡφίον, ἡφίσαν: fut. ἀφῆσω: aor. I ἀφήκα: pf. ἀφέικα Dor. ἀφέικα:—Pass., fut. ἀφέθησομαι: aor. I ἀφείθην: pf. ἀφείμαι, Dor. 3 pl. ἀφείωνται with pres. sense:—to send forth, discharge, Lat. *emittere*, esp. of missiles: in prose, to send forth on an expedition, send out. II. to send away, let go, Lat. *dimittere*: hence to throw away. 2. to let go, set free, esp. from an accusation, etc.: to remit: absol. ἀφίεναι τινά to acquit. 3. to dissolve, disband, break up, of an army: so also of the council at Athens. 4. to put away, divorce. 5. ἀφίεναι πλοῖον εἰς . . to loose ship for a place. III. to give up: hence to leave off, let alone; to let pass, neglect. IV. to let, suffer, permit to do or to be done. V. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν, ναῦς, etc.), to break up, march, sail.

B. Med. to send forth from oneself, to send forth. 2. to loose oneself from: freq. in Att., c. gen. only, ἀφού τέκνων let go the children.

ἀφ-ικάνω, = ἀφικνέομαι, to arrive at.

ἀφικέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφίκοι, Dor. for ἀφίκου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of sq.

ἀφ-ικνέομαι, *f*. ἀφίκομαι: aor. ἀφικόμην: pf. pass. ἀφίκομαι: Dep.:—to arrive at, to come to, to reach;

ἀφικέσθαι ἐπὶ or εἰς πάντα to try every means; ἀφικέσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to come into extremest misery; διὰ μάχης, δι' ἔχθρας ἀφικέσθαι τινί to come to battle, or into enmity with one. II. to come back, return.

ἀφικόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀ-φιλ-άγαθος, *on*, (a privat., φίλος, ἀγαθός) unfriendly to good men.

ἀ-φιλ-ἀργύρος, *on*, (a privat., φίλος, ἀργυρός) not loving money, not avaricious, not covetous.

ἀ-φιλ-ήτος, *on*, (a privat., φίλος) unloved.

ἀφίλοδοξία, ἡ, want of ambition. From

ἀ-φίλοδοξος, *on*, (a privat., φίλος, δόξα) not ambitious. ἀ-φίλος, *on*, of persons, friendless. 2. of persons and things, unfriendly, disagreeable, hateful:—Adv. —ως.

ἀφίξις, Ion. ἀπίξις, *eos*, ἡ, (ἀφικνέομαι) an arrival. II. a going home again, departure.

ἀφιπτεύω, *f*. εὔσω, (ἀφιπτος) to ride off, away, or back. ἀφιπτία, ἡ, bad riding. From

ἀφιπτος, *on*, unsuited for riding or for cavalry. II. riding badly.

ἀφ-ίστημι, impf. ἀφίστην: *f*. ἀποστήσω: aor. I ἀπέστησα and aor. I med. ἀπεστηράμην;—in which tenses it is causal:—to put away, remove, separate:

hence to binder, frustrate: but mostly, to make revolt. 2. to weigh out; μὴ χρεῖος ἀποστήσονται lest they weigh out, i. e. pay in full the debt. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέστην: perf. ἀπέστηκα: plqpf. ἀπεστήκειν: and fut. med. ἀποστήσομαι:—to stand off, away, or aloof from; ἀποστήναι πραγμασίω, etc., to withdraw from business; ἀποστήναι ἀπὸ τινος to revolt from, and freq. absol. to revolt; also c. inf., ἀποστήναι ἐρωτήσαι to give over asking. 2. absol. to stand aloof, keep off.

ἀφίχθαι, pf. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφλαστον, τό, Lat. *aplustre*, the curved stern of a ship with its ornaments (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφλοισμός, ὁ, a foaming or gnashing of teeth. (Prob. like φλοίσβος, formed from the sound.)

ἀφνειός, *on*, also ἡ, ὄν, (ἀφενος) rich, wealthy: also rich in a thing, c. gen.

ἀφνεός, *á*, ὄν, collat. form of ἀφνειός.

*ΑΦΝΩ, Adv. *unawares*, of a sudden: also ἀφνωσ.

ἀ-φόβητος, *on*, (a privat., φοβέομαι) fearless, without fear of, c. gen.

ἀ-φοβος, *on*, (a privat., φόβος) fearless. 2. causing no fear, not to be feared.

ἀφοβό-σπλαγχνος, *on*, (ἀφοβος, σπλάγχνον) fearless of heart, stout-hearted.

ἀφόβως, Adv. of ἀφοβος, without fear, securely.

ἀφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὄδός) a going away, departure: also a going back. II. = ἀπόπατος.

ἀ-φοίβατος, *on*, (a privat., φοιβάω) uncleaned.

ἀφομοιῶ, *f. ὥσω, to liken, make like.* II. *to compare.* III. *to portray, copy.*
 ἀφ-οπιλίξω, *f. ἴσω, to disarm, strip of arms:—Med., ἀφοπιλίξεσθαι ἔντεα to put off one's armour.*
 ἀφ-οράω, *impf. ἀφέωρων: pf. ἀφέυρακα: with borrowed fut. ἀπόφωμαι (as if from ἀπ-ἴπτομαι), and aor. 2 ἀπέιδον (as if from ἀπ-εἶδω):—to look away from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. respicere:—to see clearly, have in full view.* II. *to look from a place.* III. *rarely, to look away, have the back turned.*
 ἀ-φορήτος, *ον, (a privat., φορητός) unbearable, insufferable.*
 ἀφορία, ἡ, (ἀφορος) *a not bearing, dearth of a thing.* II. *barrenness.*
 ἀφορεῖ, 3 *sing. fut. act. or 2 sing. fut. med. of ἀφορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. ἀφώρισα: pf. pass. ἀφώρισμαι:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off, determine, define:—Med. to mark off for oneself, appropriate.* II. *to set apart, ordain: also to reject, banish.*
 ἀφ-ορμάω, *f. ἴσω, to make to start from a place.* II. *intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go forth, start, depart.*
 ἀφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὄρμη) *a starting-place, means of starting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety.* 2. *a starting-point, the occasion or pretext of a thing.* 3. *means, resources: esp. the means or sinews of war, as money, etc.: capital, Lat. fundus.* II. *a making a start, undertaking.*
 ἀφορηθεῖν, 3 *pl. aor. I pass. opt. of ἀφορμάω.*
 ἀφ-ορμιζομαι, *Med. to unmoor ships from harbour.*
 ἀ-φορμυκτος, *ον, (a privat., φορμίω) without the lyre.*
 ἀφ-ορμος, *ον, (ἀπό, ὄρμος) without harbour in a place.*
 ἀ-φορος, *ον, (a privat., φέρω) not bearing, barren.*
 ἀ-φορμυκτος, *ον, (a privat., φορύσσω) undefiled, unstained.*
 ἀφ-οσιύω, *fut. ὥσω, (ἀπό, ὄσιός) to purify or liberate from guilt:—Med. to purify oneself from sins of negligence: ἀφοσιύσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory offerings to the god.* II. *Med. also to acquit oneself of service due: ἀφοσιύσθαι ἐξ ὀρκωσιν to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.*
 ἀφού, *aor. 2 imper. med. of ἀφίημι.*
 ἀφώωντα, *Ep. for ἀφώντα, pres. act. part. acc. of ἀφώνω.*
 ἀφραδέω, *f. ἴσω, to act without sense.* From ἀ-φραδής, *ές, (a privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. ἀφραδέως, foolishly, senselessly.* Hence
 ἀφραδία, ἡ, *folly, thoughtlessness, silliness.*
 ἀφραδίων, *ον, gen. ονος, = ἀφραδής, thoughtless.*
 ἀφραδίων, (ἀ-φρων) *to be silly.*
 ἀφρακτος, *old Att. ἀ-φαρκτος, ον, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded.* II. *off one's guard.*
 ἀφραδίων, *ον, gen. ονος, = ἀφράδιον.*

ἀφραστος, *ον, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable, strange.* 2. *untold, numberless.* II. (a privat., φράζομαι) *not thought of, unseen, unexpected.* Hence
 ἀφραστως, *Adv. unexpectedly.*
 ἀφρώω, *f. ἴσω, (ἀφρός) to foam: c. acc. to cover with foam.*
 ἀφρη-λόγος, *ον, (ἀφρός, λέγω) gathering froth, skimming.*
 ἀφρηστήτης, *οὔ, ὁ, (ἀφρέω) the foaming one.*
 ἀφρήτωρ, *ορος, ὁ, Ion. for ἀφράτωρ, (a privat., φρά-τρω) without brotherhood, bound by no social tie.*
 ἀφρίζω, *f. ἴσω, = ἀφρέω, to foam.*
 ἀφροίσις, *εσσα, εν, (ἀφρός) foaming.*
 ἀφρογένεια, ἡ, *the foam-born.* From
 ἀφρο-γενής, *ές, (ἀφρός, γενέσθαι) foam-born.*
 Ἄφροδισία, *ἄδος, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus.*
 Ἄφροδισιος, *α, ον, also ος, ον, belonging to Venus.* II. Ἄφροδίσιον, *τό, the temple of Venus:*
 Ἄφροδίσια, *τά, her festival.* From
 Ἄφροδίτη [Ἰ], ἡ, (ἀφρός) *Aphrodité, Lat. Venus, the goddess of love and beauty, born from the sea-foam.* II. as appellat. *love, desire:—also beauty.*
 ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος, *Comp. and Sup. of ἀφρων.*
 ἀφρονέω, *f. ἴσω, (ἀφρων) to be silly, to act foolishly.*
 ἀφρονιστέω, *f. ἴσω, to be heedless: to have no care of a thing.* From
 ἀφρονίστιος, *ον, (a privat., φροντίω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., ἀφρονίστως ἔχειν to be thoughtless.* II. *pass. without thought of, unexpected.*
 ἀφρόνως, *Adv. of ἀφρων, foolishly.*
 ἌφροΨ, ὁ, *foam, froth.*
 ἀφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀφρων) *folly, thoughtlessness.*
 ἀφρουρος, *ον, (a privat., φρουρά) unwatched.*
 ἀφρο-φυής, *ές, (ἀφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky.*
 ἀφρων, *ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., φρήν) senseless, witless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. amens, demens. Comp. and Sup., ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος.*
 ἀφ-υδραίνω, (ἀπό, ὑδραίνω) *to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself, bathe.*
 ἀφύη, ἡ, *a sort of anchovy or sardine.*
 ἀ-φύης, *ές, (a privat., φύη) without natural talent, dull: is naturally unfit for a thing.* II. *in good sense, simple.*
 ἀ-φυκτος, *ον, (a privat., φυκτός) not to be shunned, inevitable: of arrows, unerring.* 2. *act. unable to escape.*
 ἀφύλακτέω, *f. ἴσω, to be off one's guard: c. gen. to be careless about, neglect.* From
 ἀ-φύλακτος, *ον, (a privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded.* II. *of persons, unguarded, unbecoming: ἀφυλακτόν τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off bis guard.*
 Adv. -τως. Hence
 ἀφύλαξια, ἡ, *want of vigilance, unguardedness.*
 ἀφ-υλλίω, *f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὑλλίω) to strain off.*
 ἀ-φυλλος, *ον, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood: ἀφυλλον στόμα speech not seconded by the suppliant's olive-branch.*
 ἀφύζειν, *fut. inf. of ἀφύσσω.*

ἀφ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὕπνος) to wake from sleep.
 ἀφ-υπνίω, f. ὄσω: aor. I ἀφύπνωσα: (ἀπό, ὕπνωσις):
 —to wake or rouse from sleep. II. to fall asleep.

ἀφυσγῆτος, ὁ, (ἀφύσσω) the mud and dirt which a
 stream carries with it, rubbish.

ἈΦΥ΄ΣΣΩ, fut. ἀφύσω Dor. —ξῶ: aor. I ἤφῦσα
 Ep. ἀφύσσα: aor. I med. ἤφῦσάμην Ep. ἀφυσάμην:
 —to draw liquids; πῖθον ἤφυσσέτο οἴνος wine was
 drawn from the casks:—Med. to draw for oneself, to
 drink, quaff. —to pour in a heap, to pile up,
 πλοῦτον ἀφύξεν:—Med., φύλλα ἤφυσάμην I heaped
 me up a pile of leaves.

ἀ-φύτετος, ον, (a privat., φυτεύω) not planted.
 ἀφῦως, Adv. of ἀφύης: ἀφῦως ἔχειν to have no
 natural talent.

ἀ-φώνητος, ον, (a privat., φωνέω) unspeakable, un-
 utterable. II. voiceless, speechless.

ἀφωνία, ἡ, speechlessness. From
 ἀ-φωνος, ον, (a privat., φωνή) voiceless, speechless,
 dumb; inarticulate. Adv. —ως.

ἀχά [ᾶ], Dor. for ἠχῆ.
 Ἀχαία, Ion. Ἀχαιΐη, ἡ, (ἄχος) epith. of Demeter
 in Attica.

ἀχαιΐης, ὁ, (ἀκίς) with single points to his horns,
 epith. of a young stag: also ἀχαιΐνη, ἡ, a deer.

Ἀχαιΐς, Att. Ἀχαιΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, the Achaïan land, with
 or without γαῖα. 2. (sub. γυνή) an Achaïan wo-
 man: so also Ἀχαιΐΐς, ἄδος, ἡ.

Ἀχαιός, ἄ, ὄν, Achaïan, Lat. Achivus. II. as
 Subst., 1. Ἀχαιοί, οἱ, the Achaians, in Homer the
 Greeks generally. 2. Ἀχαιία, ἡ, Achaïa, in Pello-
 ponnessus.

ἀ-χάλινος, ον, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.
 ἀ-χάλινωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλινώω) unbridled.

ἀ-χάλκεος, ον, (a privat., χαλκοῦς) without a
 farthing. Hence

ἀχαλκέω, to be without a farthing.
 ἀ-χάλκευτος, ον, (a privat., χαλκεύω) not forged of
 metal.

ἀ-χαλκος, ον, without brass, esp. without brassen
 arms; ἀχαλκος ἀσπίδων = ἀνευ ἀσπίδων χαλκῶν.

ἀ-χάλκωτος, ον, (a privat., χαλκός) = ἀχάλκευτος.
 ἀχάνη [ᾶχᾶ-], ἡ, a Persian measure, = 45 μέδιμοι.

ἀ-χάνης, ἔς, (a privat., χανεῖν) not opening the
 mouth. II. (a euphon.) yawning, vast.

ἀ-χάρακτος, ον, (a privat., χαρακίω) not palisaded.
 ἀ-χάρις, ὁ, ἡ, ἀχαρι, τό, gen. ιτος, (a privat., χάρις)
 without grace or charms, unpleasant, wretched. II.

ungracious, thankless, Lat. ingratus.
 ἀχάριστώ, f. ἦσω, (ἀχάριστος) to be ungrateful.

ἀχαριστία, ἡ, ingratitude, ungraciousness.
 ἀ-χαριστος, Ion. and poet. ἀ-χάριτος, ον, (a privat.,
 χαρί(σ)μαι) unpleasant; without grace. II.

gracious: ungrateful, thankless. 2. pass. un-
 thanked: Adv., οὐκ ἀχαριστος ἔχειν τινί thanks are
 not wanting to him. 3. with an ill will: hence

in Adv., ἀχαριστῶς ἐπεσθαί to follow with a bad
 grace.

ἀχεδών, ὄνος, Dor. for ἠχεδών.

ἀ-χείμαντος, ον, (a privat., χεῖμαινω) not vexed with
 storms.

ἀ-χειρ, pos, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., χεῖρ) without hands:
 without dexterity, awkward.

ἀ-χειρής, ἔς, without hands.

ἀ-χειροποίητος, ον, not made by hands.

ἀ-χειρος, ον, = ἀχειρ: τὰ ἀχειρα the hinder parts of
 the body.

ἀ-χειρωτος, ον, (a privat., χεῖρω) not trained by the
 hand. II. unconquered.

Ἀχελῷος, poet. Ἀχελῷος, ὁ, Achelōios, name of
 several rivers; the best known ran through Aetolia
 and Acarnania. II. as appellat. any running
 water, as in Virgil, Achelōia pocula.

ἈΧΕΡΔΟΣ, ἡ, more rarely ὁ, a wild prickly shrub,
 used for hedges: the wild pear.

Ἀχερόντος and Ἀχερούσιος, α, ον, of or belong-
 ing to Acheron: fem. —ιάς, ἄδος.

ἀχερωΐς, ἴδος, the white poplar, supposed to have been
 brought by Hercules from the banks of Acheron.

Ἀχέρων, οντος, ὁ, Acheron, a river in Hades. (De-
 rived from ἄχος, as Κωνκῆτος from κωνίω.)

ἀχέρας, ον, ὁ, Dor. for ἠχέτης, (ἀχέω) sounding:
 esp. the male cicada, from its chirping.

ἀχέω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, τυνός for one.

ἀχέω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, only used in part.,
 κῆρ ἀχέων sorrowing in heart. II. from the

same Root ἄΧ-, came I. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἠκά-
 χων, in causal sense, to make to grieve, vex, distress:

so also redupl. fut. ἀκαχίσω, aor. I ἀκάχησα (as if
 from ἀχέω). 2. Med. and Pass. to grieve, subj.

ἀκάχηται, opt. ἀκάχοιτο, impf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοντο:—
 pf. pass., ἀκάχημαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀκηχέσθαι or ἀπηχέ-
 σθαι (for ἀπήχηται); 3 pl. pf. ἀκαχέιστο (for ἀκή-
 χητο); inf. ἀκάχησθαι; part. ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. also
 ἀκηχήμενος.

ἀχέω [ᾶ], Dor. and poet. form for ἠχέω.
 ἄχημα, Dor. for ἠχημα.

ἈΧΗΝ, ἔνος, ὁ, ἡ, poor, needy. [ᾶ] Hence
 ἀχηνία, ἡ, need, want; ὀμμάτων ἀχηνία the eyes'
 blank gaze.

ἀχθεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄχος) burdensome, oppressive.
 Adv. —ως, unwillingly, Lat. aegre, moleste.

ἀχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀχω.

ἀχθηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἀχθομαι) grief, annoyance.

ἀχθησμαι, fut. pass. of ἀχω.

ἀχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἀχθέσομαι and pass.
 ἀχθεσθήσομαι: aor. I ἠχθέσθην: pf. ἠχθημαι: (ἄχ-
 θος):—to be burdened, loaded:—to be weighed down,
 discontented, vexed, disgusted.

ἈΧΘΟΣ, ἔος, τό, a weight, burden, load; ἄχθος
 ἀρούρης a dead weight on earth. II. a load of
 grief: sorrow, grief, distress.

ἀχθοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear burdens, to bear as a
 burden. From

ἀχθο-φόρος, ον, (ἄχος, φέρω) bearing burdens.

Ἀχιλλεύς, α, ον, of or belonging to Achilles:

Ἀχιλλεῖαι μᾶζαι, *cakes of fine barley-meal, dainty food.* From

Ἀχιλλεύς, ἑως, Ep. ἦος, ὄ: Ep. also Ἀχιλλεύς: Achilles, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidons, hero of the Iliad.

ἄ-χιτων, *ov, gen. ovos, without tunic, thinly clad.*
ἄχλαινία, ἡ, *want of a cloak: generally, want of clothing.* From

ἄ-χλαινος, *ov, (a privat., χλαῖνα) without cloak.*
ἄ-χλοος, *ov, contr. ἄ-χλους, ovn, (a privat., χλόα) without herbage.*

ἄχλύεις, ἔσσα, *εν, (ἀχλύς) murky, gloomy.*
ἌΧΛΥΣ, ὄος, ἡ, *a mist, gloom, darkness, Lat. caligo: in Homer also the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning: metaph. trouble.* Hence ἄχλύω, *f. ὄσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἤχλυσα: to be or grow dark.*

ἌΧΝΗ, Dor. ἄχνα, ἡ, *anything that comes off the surface of a thing, as of liquids, foam, froth: ἄχνη οὐρανία the dew of heaven: δακρῶν ἄχνη dewy tears.* II. of solids, *chaff: the down on fruit.* III. ἄχνην *in acc. as Adv., a morsel, a little bit.*

ἄχῆμαι, *Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἄχος) to trouble oneself, grieve.*

ἄ-χολος, *ov, (a privat., χολή) lacking gall: metaph. meek, gentle.* II. *allaying bile or anger.*

ἄχομαι, *Dep. (ἄχος) to mourn, bewail oneself.*
ἄ-χόρευτος, *ov, (a privat., χόρευω) like ἄχορος, not attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.*

ἄ-χόρος, *ov, without the dance: mournful, sad.*

ἌΧΟΣ, εὖος, τό, *an ACHE, pain, distress, in Homer only of the mind.*

ἄ-χραῖς, ἑς, = ἄχραντος.
ἄ-χραντος, *ov, (a privat., χραῖνω) undefiled.*

ἄχράς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a kind of wild pear.*

ἄ-χρείος, *ov, rarely a, ov, Ion. ἄ-χρήϊος, (a privat., χρεία) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable in war.* II. *neut. ἀχρεῖον as Adv., ἀχρεῖον ἰδῶν giving a helpless look, looking foolish: ἀχρεῖον γελάω to laugh without use or cause, make a forced laugh: ἀχρεῖον κλάζειν to bark without cause, of dogs.* Hence

ἀχρεῖω, *f. ὄσω, to make useless, disable.*

ἄ-χρήϊος, *ov, Ion. for ἀχρεῖος.*

ἄχρημάτια, ἡ, *want of money.* From

ἄ-χρημάτος, *ov, (a privat., χρήμα) without money or means: οἱ ἀχρήματοι the poor.*

ἄχρημοσύνη, ἡ, *want of money.* From

ἄ-χρήμων, *ov, gen. ovos, (a privat., χρήμα) = ἀχρημάτος, poor, needy. [ᾗ]*

ἄχρηστία, ἡ, *uselessness, unfitness.* From

ἄ-χρηστος, *ov, (a privat., χρηστός) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable: ἀχρηστος ἐς τι unfit for a thing:—without effect, Lat. irritus.* II. *unkind, cruel.*

ἄχρι, *and before a vowel ἄχρισ, (ἄκρος) Prep. with gen. until, Lat. usque ad: ἄχρι μάλα κνέφαος until deep in the night:—as far as, ἄχρι τῆς καρδίας.* II.

Conj. until, to the time that, Lat. donec: so also ἄχρι

οὔ. III. *Adv. of manner, to the uttermost, utterly, Lat. penitus.*

ἄ-χρώματος, *ov, (a privat., χρώμα) without colour.*

ἄ-χρωστος, *ov, (a privat., χρώω) uncoloured: untouched.*

ἄχρῆπις, ἰδος, (ἄχρῆνον) *fem. Adj. of chaff.*

ἄχρῆμία, ἡ, (ἄχρῆνον) *a heap of chaff.*

ἄχρῆρο-δῆκη, ἡ, (ἄχρῆνον, δέχομαι) *a chaff-holder.*

ἌΧΥΡΟΝ, τό, *mostly in plur. chaff, bran, husks.*

ἄχῦρο-τριψ, *τριβος, ὄ, (ἄχρῆνον, τρίβω) threshing out the husks.*

ἄχῶ, ἡ, Dor. for ἠχώ.

ἄ-χῶριστος, *ov, (a privat., χῶριστός) not parted.* II. *(a privat., χῶρος) without a place assigned one.*

ἌΨ, *Adv. of Place, backwards, back, away from, away.* 2. of actions, *again, over again.*

ἄψάμενος, *aor. I med. part. of ἄπτομαι.*

ἄ-ψαυστος, *ov, (a privat., ψαύω) untouched.* II. *act. without touching.*

ἄ-ψεγής, ἑς, (a privat., ψέγω) *untblamed, blameless.*

ἄ-ψεκτος, *ov, = ἀψεγής.*

ἄψευδεια, ἡ, *truthfulness: and*

ἄψευδῶ, *f. ἦσω, not to lie, to speak truth.* From

ἄ-ψευδής, ἑς, (a privat., ψεῦδος) *without falsehood, truthful: of things, genuine, pure.* Hence

ἄψευδῆς, *Ion. -ἔως, Adv. really and truly.*

ἄ-ψευστος, *ov, (a privat., ψεῦδομαι) unfeigned.*

ἄ-ψηκτος, *ov, (a privat., ψήχω) not rubbed off.*

ἄ-ψηφιστος, *ov, (a privat., ψηφίζομαι) not having voted.*

ἄψιδόομαι, *pf. ἠψίδαμαι: Pass.: (ἄψις)—to be tied in a circle or curve.*

ἄψι-κόπος, *ov, (ἄπτομαι, κόπος) satisfied with touching, fastidious, dainty.*

ἄψιμαχία, ἡ, *a skirmishing.* From

ἄψι-μάχος, *ov, (ἄπτομαι, μάχη) skirmishing.*

ἄψίνθον, τό, *Lat. absinthium, wormwood.* From

ἌΨΙΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, *wormwood.*

ἄψις, *Ion. ἄψις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἄπτω) a juncture: a loop, knot: ἄψιδες λίθου the meshes of a net.* 2. *the felloe or jelly of a wheel, the wheel itself: κύκλος ἄψιδος the potter's wheel.* 3. *an arch or vault.*

ἄψισι, *dat. pl. of ἄψις.*

ἄψιρ-πος, *ov, contr. ἄψιρρους, ovn, (ἄψ, βέω) back-flowing, flowing back into itself.*

ἄψορ-πος, *ov, shortd. form of foreg. moving backwards, going back:—neut. ἄψορρον as Adv., backwards, back again.*

ἄψος, *eos, τό, (ἄπτω) a juncture: a joint.*

ἄ-ψόφητος, *ov, (a privat., ψοφέω) without noise: c. gen., ἀψόφητος κωνυμάτων without cry of wailing.*

ἄ-ψοφος, *ov, (a privat., ψόφος) = ἀψόφητος.*

ἄ-ψυκτος, *ov, (a privat., ψύχω) uncooled, warm.*

ἄψυχία, ἡ, *cowardice.* From

ἄ-ψύχος, *ov, (a privat., ψυχή) lifeless.* II. *spiritless, faintbeated.*

*ἌΩ, *root of ἄημι, to blow: cf. ἄζω, αἴω.*

***ΑΩ**, root of *λαύω, ἄπτέα, to sleep*: aor. I *ἄεσα*, Ep. *ἄεσσα*, contr. *ἄσα*.

***ΑΩ**, *to hurt*, contr. from *άάω*, q. v.

***ΑΩ**, *to satiate*, inf. *ἄμεναι* [ᾶ], contr. for *ἄεμεναι*, Ep. for *ἄεω*: aor. I *ἄσα*: verb. Adj. *ἄτος* [ᾶ]; but with a privat., *ἄατος* [ᾶᾶ], contr. *ἄτος*.

ἄῶθεν, Adv. Dor. for *ἠῶθεν*.

ἄών, ἄονος, ἦ, Dor. for *ἠών*.

ἄ-ωρία, Adv. of *ἄωρος*, *at an untimely hour*.

ἄ-ωρία, ἦ, (*ἄωρος*) *untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time*: in acc. as Adv., *ἄωριαν ἦκειν* to have come too late. [ᾶ]

ἄ-ώριος, ὄν, = *ἄωρος*.

ἄωρό-νυκτος, ὄν, (*ἄωρος, νύξ*) *at midnight*, Lat. *intempesta nocte*.

ἄ-ωρος, ὄν, (a privat., *ῶρα*) *untimely, unseasonable, χεῖμων, θάνατος*. II. *before the time, unripe*. III. *missbare, ugly*. [ᾶ]

ἄωρο, Ep. plqpf. pass. of *ἄείρω*.

Ἄως, ἦ, Dor. for *Ἥως*, *Ews. Hence

**Ἄωσ-φόρος, ὄ*, = **Ἐωσφόρος, the bringer of light, the morning-star*, Lat. *Lucifer*.

ἄωτέω, f. *ἦσω*, (*ᾶω*) *to sleep soundly*. From

ἄωτον, τό, and *ἄωτος, ὄ*, *the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole*; in Homer of the *finest wool, οἶδς ἄωτον*; also of the *finest linen, λίνουιο λεπτόν ἄωτον*.

B

B, β, βῆτα, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral, β' = δύο and δεύτερος, but β = 2000.

The Aeol. and Dor. used it as the simple aspirate before ρ, as βρόδον βράκος, for βόδον ράκος. It was often inserted between μλ and μρ to give a fuller sound, as in μεσημβρία, γαμβρός, cf. ἄμβροτος.

The change of β into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects: I. into π, e. g. βατεῖν for πατεῖν.

II. Arcad., into ζ, as ζέρεθρον for βέρεθρον, βάραθρον.

III. into γ, as γλήχων for βλήχων.

βα, shortd. form of βασιλεῦ, O King!

βαβάζω, redupl. for βάζω, to chatter.

βαβαί, βαβαιάξ, Lat. *parae*, exclamation of surprise, *bless me! dear me!*

βάβαξ, ὄ, a chatterer.

βαβύκα, ἦ, Lacon. for γεφύρα, a bridge.

βάγμα, ατος, τό, (βάζω) a speech.

βάδην, Adv. (βαῖνω) *step by step, pacing*, Lat. *pedetentim*, opp. to quick running. II. *marching on foot*, opp. to riding. III. *gradually*, Lat. *gradatim*.

βαδίζω: fut. Att. *ιῶμαι*, later *ῶ*: aor. I *ἐβάδισα*: pf. *βεβάδικα*: (*βάδος, βαῖνω*)—*to go on foot, to walk: to go slowly, pace*: generally, *to go*. Hence

βάδις, εως, ἦ, a walking, going.

βάδιστίον, verb. Adj. of *βαδίζω*, *one must go*.

βαδιστής, οὔ, ὄ, (*βαδίζω*) *one that goes on foot, a walker, goer*; *ταχύς βαδιστής* a quick goer.

βαδιστικός, ἦ, ὄν, (*βαδίζω*) *good at walking*.

βάδος, ὄ, (*βαῖνω*) a walk.

ΒΑ'ΖΩ, f. *βάξω*, to speak, say: 3 sing. pf. pass., *ἔπος*

βέβαια a word has been spoken.

βᾶθεα, Ion. for *βαθεία*, fem. of *βαθύς*.

βᾶθώς, Adv. of *βαθύς*, *deeply*.

βάθιστος, ἦ, ὄν, Sup. of *βαθύς*.

βαθμός, ἶδος and *ἴδος, ἦ*, a step. From

βαθμός, ὄ, (*βαῖνω*) a step, stair. II. metaph. a step, degree, rank, Lat. *gradus*.

βάθος, εος, τό, (*βαθύς*) *depth or height*, Lat. *altitudo*; *ἐπὶ βάθος* in file, of soldiers.

βαθρεῖα, ἦ, = *βάθρον*.

βάθρον, τό, (*βαῖνω*) *that on which one stands, a base, pedestal: foundation*. 2. a step or set of steps, the round of a ladder: in plur. ladders. 3. a threshold: metaph. an edge, verge. 4. a bench, seat.

βαθυ-αγκής, ἐς, (*βαθύς, ἀγκος*) *with deep vales*.

βαθύ-βουλος, ὄν, (*βαθύς, βουλή*) *deep-counselling*.

βαθύ-γεως, ἰον. βαθύγεος, ὄν, Att. *βαθύγεωσ, ὄν*, (*βαθύς, γῆ*) *with deep soil, fruitful*.

βαθυ-γήρωσ, ὄν, (*βαθύς, γῆρας*) *in great old age, decrepit*.

βαθύ-γλυπτος, ὄν, (*βαθύς, γλύπτω*) *deep-carved*.

βαθυ-δινήεις, εσσα, εν, (*βαθύς, δινάω*) *deep-eddying*.

βαθυ-δίνης, ὄν, ὄ, (*βαθύς, δίνη*) *deep-eddying*. [I]

βαθύ-δοξος, ὄν, (*βαθύς, δόξα*) *far-famed*.

βαθύ-ζωνος, ὄν, (*βαθύς, ζώνη*) *deep-girded*, i. e. not under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown fell over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the Ionian dress: cf. *βαθύκολπος*.

βαθύ-θριξ, τριχος, ὄ, ἦ, (*βαθύς, θρίξ*) *with thick hair*: of sheep, *with thick wool*.

βαθυ-καμπής, ἐς, (*βαθύς, κάμπω*) *strongly curved*.

βαθυ-κήτης, εσ, (*βαθύς, κῆτος*) *very deep*.

βαθυ-κλήεις, εσ, (*βαθύς, κλέος*) *far-famed*.

βαθύ-κολπος, ὄν, (*βαθύς, κόλπος*) *deep-bosomed*, with the dress in deep, full folds, like *βαθύζωνος*. 2. *with swelling breasts*. II. of the earth, *with deep valleys*.

βαθύ-κρημνος, ὄν, (*βαθύς, κρημῖος*) *with high cliffs*.

βαθυ-κρυσταλλος, ὄν, *with thick ice*.

βαθυ-κτέανος, ὄν, (*βαθύς, κτέανον*) *with great possessions*, esp. of flocks and herds.

βαθύ-λειμος, ὄν, and *βαθυ-λείμων, ὄν*, gen. *ονος*, (*βαθύς, λειμών*) *with rich meadows*.

βαθυ-λήϊος, ὄν, (*βαθύς, λῆϊον*) *with deep, thick crops*.

βαθυ-μαλλος, ὄν, (*βαθύς, μαλλός*) *thick-fleeced*.

βαθυ-μήτης, ὄν, ὄ, also *βαθυμήτα, (βαθύς, μήτις) deep-counselling*.

βαθύ-νοος, ὄν, contr. *βαθύ-νοος, ουν*, (*βαθύς, νόος*) *profoundly wise*.

βαθύνω [ῶ], fut. *βαθύνῶ*: pf. *βεβάθυγκα*: (*βαθύς*): *to deepen, hollow out, excavate*; *βαθύνειν τὴν φά-*

λαγαγα to deepen the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, *ov*, (βαθύς, ξύλον) with thick wood.
 βαθύ-πέδος, *ov*, (βαθύς, πέδον) forming a deep vale.
 βαθύ-πέλμος, *ov*, (βαθύς, πέλμα) thick-soled.
 βαθύ-πλοῦτος, *ov*, (βαθύς, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich.
 βαθυ-πόλεμος, *ov*, (βαθύς, πόλεμος) plunged in war.
 βαθυρ-ρέιτης, *ov*, *δ*, (ρέω) = βαθύρροος.
 βαθυρ-ρήγος, *ov*, (βαθύς, ῥήν) with thick wool.
 βαθυρ-ρίζος, *ov*, (βαθύς, ῥίζα) deep-rooted.
 βαθυρ-ροος, *ov*, *contr.* βαθύρροος, *ov*, (βαθύς, ῥέω) deep-flowing, with deep, full stream.

ΒΑΪΨ, βαθεία, *Ion.* βαθείᾶ, βαθύ: *Comp.* βαθύτερος, *poët.* βαθίων, *Dor.* βάσσων: *Sup.* βαθύτατος, *poët.* βάθιστος. Deep or high, *Lat.* *altus*. 2. deep, thick, luxuriant, as of the hair and beard: generally, large, abundant: of the voice, deep: of thought, deep:—then in various senses, of time, age, etc.; βαθύς ἕρπρος morning-prime; βαθύ γῆρας great old age; βαθεία φάλαγξ a column deep in file.

βαθυ-σκάφης, *és*, (βαθύς, σκάπτω) deep-dug.
 βαθύ-σκίος, *ov*, (βαθύς, σκιά) deep-shadowed.
 βαθύ-σπορος, *ov*, (βαθύς, σπείρω) deep-sown, fruitful.

βαθύ-σπεννος, *ov*, (βαθύς, σπέννον) deep-chested;
 βαθύσπεννος αἶα deep-bosomed earth.

βαθύ-στολμος, *ov*, (βαθύς, στολμός) with deep, full robes.

βαθύ-στρωτος, *ov*, (βαθύς, στρώννυμι) deep-covered, well-covered, of a bed.

βαθύ-σχοινος, *ov*, (βαθύς, σχοῖνος) deep grown with rushes.

βαθύ-φρων, *ov*, *gen.* *ovos*. (βαθύς, φρήν) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-φυλλος, *ov*, (βαθύς, φύλλον) thick-leaved.

βαθυ-χαίτης, *ov*, *δ*, also βαθυχαυτήεις, ἥεσσα, ἥεν, (βαθύς, χαιτή) with deep thick hair, with thick mane.

βαθύ-χθων, *ov*, *gen.* *ovos*, (βαθύς, χθών) of deep soil, fertile.

βαῖν, *ησ*, *η*, *aor.* 2. opt. of βαίνω.

ΒΑΙΝΩ, formed from the Root *βάω: *fut.* βήσομαι, *Ep.* βέομαι and βείομαι, *Dor.* βάσειμαι:—*pf.* βέθηκα, *Ep.* 3. pl. βεβᾶσι, βεβᾶσι; *inf.* βεβᾶμεν; *part.* βεβᾶς, βεβᾶντι, *contr.* βεβῶς, βεβῶσα, βεβῶς:—*aor.* 2. ἔβην, *Ep.* 3. sing. βῆ, *Ep.* 3. dual βᾶν [ᾶ]; *imperat.* βῆθι, in compds. βα (as καταβα); *subj.* βᾶ, *Ep.* βείω, *Ep.* 3. sing. βῆη; *opt.* βαῖναι; *inf.* βῆναι, *Ep.* βῆμεναι; *part.* βᾶς, βᾶσα, βᾶν.—*Med.*, *Ep.* 3. sing. *aor.* 1. ἐβῆσето, for ἐβῆσατο:—*Pass.*, *aor.* 1. ἐβᾶθην [ᾶ] in compds. as συνεβᾶθην: *pf.* βεβᾶμαι in compds. as παραβᾶμαι. To go, walk, step. 2. *Ep.* with *inf.*, βῆ δ' ἴμεν, βᾶν δ' ἴεναί he, they set out to go; βῆ δὲ θέεν he started to run. 3. βαῖνεν μετὰ τι to go after a thing; βαῖνεν ἐπ' ἐλπιδος, etc., to proceed upon hope, i. e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the *pf.* βέθηκα chiefly has the sense of being in a place, being settled; εὖ βεθηκέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τῇλει βεβᾶτες they who are in office.

5. of lifeless things,

ἐννεά ἐνιαυτοὶ βεβᾶσι nine years have come and gone.

6. to mount, β. δίφρον; of animals, to cover; ἵπποι βαυόμενα brood mares. 7. with cognate acc., βαῖνεν κέλευθον to go a path; βαῖνεν πύδα to advance the foot: also later c. acc., αἶνον ἔβα κίρος disgust comes after praise; χρέος ἔβα με debts came on me.

II. Causal. in *fut. act.* βῆσω: *aor.* 1. ἔβησα (answering to *pres.* βιβιάω):—to make to go; φῶτας βῆσεν ἀφ' ἵππων be made the men dismount from the chariot.

βᾶτον, τό, (βᾶσι) a palm-branch.

ΒΑΙΟΨ, *ἀ*, *όν*, little, slight, short, small, bumble; ἐχάπει βαῖος he was travelling with small escort; ἀπὸ βᾶιης (sub. ἡλικίας) from childhood; βαῖον, as *Adv.* a little.

ΒΑΪΣ, ἡ, a palm-branch.

ΒΑΪΤΗ, ἡ, a peasant's coat of skins.

βακέλας, *δ*, a priest of Cybelé.

Βᾶκίζω, *f.* ἴσω, (Βάκισ) to prophesy like Bacis.

βάκκαρις, ἶδος or εως, ἡ, baccar, an aromatic plant.

βακτηρία, ἡ, = βάκτρον.

βακτηρίον, τό, = βάκτρον.

βάκτρευμα, *ατος*, τό, a staff, support. From

βακτρέω, *f.* ἴσω, to lean on a staff. From

βάκτρον, τό, (*βάω, βιβιάω) *Lat.* baculus, a staff.

βακτρο-προσαίτης, *ov*, *δ*, (βάκτρον, προσαίτης) one who begs leaning on a staff.

Βακχᾶω, (Βάκχος) to rave with Bacchic frenzy.

Βακχέ-βακχον ᾄσαι, to raise the strain Βάκχε,

Βάκχε, to invoke Bacchus.

Βακχία, ἡ, (Βάκχος) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεῖον, τό, the temple of Bacchus. II.

= Βακχία, ἡ.

Βάκχιος, *α*, *ov*, (Βάκχος) Bacchic, belonging to Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired, frenzied.

Βάκχευμα, *ατος*, τό, (Βακχεῖω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύς, *έως*, *δ*, = Βάκχος. Hence

Βακχεύσιμος, *ov*, Bacchanalian, frenzied.

Βακχευσις, *εως*, ἡ, (Βακχεῖω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύω, *f.* εἴσω, (Βάκχος) to keep the feast of Bacchus. 2. to speak or act like one frantic, *Lat.* baccabari.

II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Βάκχη, ἡ, (Βάκχος) a Bacchanté.

II. any inspired or frenzied woman.

Βακχιάζω, = Βακχεύω.

Βάκχιος, *α*, *ov*, and Βακχικός, ἡ, *όν*, = Βάκχιος, Bacchanalian: generally, inspired, raving. II.

as *Subst.*, *δ* Βάκχιος (sub. θεός), the Bacchic god, i. e. Bacchus.

Βακχίς, ἶδος, ἡ, = Βάκχη.

Βακχιώτης, *ov*, *δ*, (Βάκχιος) a Bacchanalian.

ΒΑΪΚΧΟΣ, *δ*, Bacchus, the planter of the vine, god of wine and inspiration, and particularly of dramatic poetry. The same word with ΐακχος, and so from ἰάχω.

II. a Bacchanal: generally, any one inspired or frantic with passion.

βᾶλᾶν-άγρα, ἡ, (βάλανος, (ἄγρα) a hook to pull out the βάλανος or bolt-pin, a key.

βᾶλᾶνεϊον, τό, Lat. balneum, a bath, bathing-room.

ΒΑ'ΛΑ'ΝΕΤ'Σ, ἔως, ὁ, the bath-man, Lat. balneator. Hence

βᾶλᾶνεύω, f. σω, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

βᾶλᾶνη-φάγος, ον, (βάλανος, φαγεῖν) acorn-eating.

βᾶλᾶνη-φόρος, ον, (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns or dates.

βᾶλᾶνίζω, (βάλανος) to shake acorns from a tree.

βᾶλᾶνισσα, ἡ, fem. of βαλανεῖς.

ΒΑ'ΛΑ'ΝΟΣ, ἡ, an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date; Διὸς βάλανος the sweet chestnut. II.

an iron peg, Lat. pessulus, passed through the bar into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook (βαλανάγρα) when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

βᾶλᾶνόω, f. ὤσω, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to close up.

βαλαντη-τόμος, ὁ, (βαλάντιον, τεμεῖν) a cutpurse.

ΒΑΛΑ'ΝΤΙΟΝ, τό, a bag, pouch, purse.

βαλαντιοτέω, to cut purses.

ΒΑΛΒΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. βαλβίδες, Lat. carceres, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point. II. any point

to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term.

βᾶλε, for ἔβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βάλλω.

βᾶλην, also βαλλήν, ἦνος, ὁ, a king, akin to Hebr. Bel or Baal, Lord.

βᾶλιός, ἁ, ὄν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

βαλλάντιον, τό, = βαλάντιον.

βαλλήναδε βλέπειν, a play on the words βάλλω and the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

ΒΑ'ΛΛΩ; fut. βᾶλῶ, Ion. βᾶλέω, rarely βαλλήσω:—aor. 2 ἔβαλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:—perf. βέβληκα:

plqpf. ἔβελθήκειν, Ep. βεβλήκειν.—Med., Ion. impf.

βαλλέσκετο: fut. βαλοῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἐβᾶλόμην, Ion.

imperat. βᾶλεῦ.—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 βε-

βλησομαι: aor. I ἔβληθην; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2

ἔβλητο, subj. βλήσεται, opt. 2 sing. βλεῖο, inf. βλη-

σθαι, part. βλημένος:—pf. βέβλημαι, Ion. 3 pl. βε-

βληγται: plqpf. ἔβελθην. I. Act. to throw,

cast, hurl at, properly of a missile as opp. to striking,

to hit with a dart: metaph. of sound, to strike, κτύπος

οἶατα βάλλει:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to

push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:—also to put

on or over, κύπελα ἀμφὶ ὀχέεσαι βάλε. 2. intr. to

fall, tumble, ποταμὸς εἰς ἅλα βάλλων. II. Med.

to weigh with oneself, ponder, deliberate. 2. to

throw around oneself; ἔξιος ἀμφ' ὤμοις βάλλεσθαι

to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a founda-

tion, βάλλεσθαι ἄστυ to found a city.

βαλοῖσαι, Dor. for βαλοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl.

fem. of βάλλω.

βᾶλός, οὔ, ὁ, Dor. for βηλός.

βᾶλώω, fut. ind. and aor. 2 subj. of βάλλω.

βᾶμα, τό, Dor. for βῆμα.

βαμβάινο, to chatter with the teeth: to stammer.

(Formed from the sound.)

βᾶμες, Dor. for βᾶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βᾶμμα, atos, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye: see βάπτω.

βᾶν, Ep. for ἔβαν, ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βᾶναυσία, ἡ, (βᾶναυος) handicraft, the life and habits of a mechanic: hence vulgarity, bad taste. Hence

βᾶναυσικός, ἡ, ἴν, of or for mechanics; τέχνη βα-
ναυσική a mechanical trade, Lat. ars sellularia.

βᾶν-αυος, ον, (for βᾶναυος, from βᾶνωσ, αῖω) working by or with fire: hence generally a mechanic: metaph. low, vulgar, illiberal.

βᾶναυο-ουργία, ἡ, (βᾶναυος, *ἔργω) handicraft.

βᾶξις, εως, ἡ, (βάζω) a saying, report, announcement, esp. of an oracle; ἀλώσιμος βᾶξις the telling or tidings of the capture.

βαπτίζω, fut. Att. βαπτῶ, (βάπτω) to dip repeatedly, dip under:—Med. to bathe. II. to baptize. Hence

βάπτισμα, atos, τό, that which is dipped. II. = βαπτισμός.

βαπτισμός, ὁ, a dipping in water: baptism.

βαπτιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one that dips, a dyer. II. a

baptizer: ὁ Βαπτιστής, the Baptist.

βαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. II.

drawn like water. From

ΒΑ'ΠΤΩ, fut. βᾶψω.—Pass., aor. ἐβάφθην, aor. 2

ἐβάφην [ᾶ]: pf. βέβαμμαι. I. transit. to dip,

dip under, Lat. immergere. 2. to dye, colour,

steep: proverb., βάπτειν τινὰ βᾶμμα Σαρδιανικόν

to steep one in Sardinian dye, give him a bloody

comb. 3. to fill by dipping in, draw. II.

intrans. to dip, sink; ναῦς ἔβαψεν the ship sank.

βᾶραθρον, Ion. βέρεθρον, τό, (akin to βᾶθρον, βό-

θρος) a gulf, cleft, pit: at Athens a cleft behind the

Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, = Spartan

κεῖαδα; hence, II. metaph. ruin, perdition.

βαρβαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (βάρβαρος) to behave or

speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to ape

foreigners. II. to bold with barbarians, esp. the

Persians; cf. Μηδίω.

βαρβαρικός, ἡ, ὄν, barbaric, foreign, like a foreigner,

opp. to Ἑλληνικός. Adv. -κῶς, in a foreign tongue,

i. e. Persian. From

ΒΑ'ΡΒΑ'ΡΟΣ, ον, barbarous, i. e. not Greek,

foreign: as Subst., βάρβαρος, οἶ, all that were not

Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divides

mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the

Hebrews gave the name of Gentiles to all but them-

selves. II. from the Augustan age, the term

was applied by the Romans to all nations except

themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still af-

fected to look upon the Romans as Barbarians.

βαρβαρό-φωνος, ον, (βάρβαρος, φωνή) speaking a

strange or foreign tongue.

βαρβαρόω, f. ὤσω, (βάρβαρος) to make barbarous

or foreign: Pass. to become barbarous: to be inarticulate.

BA'PBITON, τό, and βάρβιτος, ὁ or ἡ, a musical instrument of many strings, like the lyre: used also for the lyre itself.

βάρυστος, ἡ, *ov*, by poet. metath. for βράδιστος, Sup. of βραδύς: so Comp. βαρδύτερος for βραδύτερος.

βάρῳ, (βάρος) intr. in Ep. pf. part. βεβαρῶν, weighed down, overcome, ὄνῳ βεβαρῶτες.

βάρῳ, Adv. of βαρύς, heavily, grievously; βαρέως φέρειν Lat. aegrē ferre, to take a thing ill; βαρέως ἀκούειν to hear with disgust.

βάρης, ἰδος, Ion. ἰος, ἡ, Ion. plur. βάρης, αἱ, an Egyptian boat, a sort of raft: generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. ratis.

ΒΑΡΟΣ, εὖς, τό, weight, burden, pressure: hence grief, misery: also a quantity, excess.

βαρυ-αλγής, ἔς, (βαρύς, ἄλγος) grievously suffering. 2. very grievous.

βαρῦ-ἀλγῆτος, *ov*, (βαρύς, ἄλγος) very grievous.

βαρυ-ἄχης, ἔς, (βαρύς, ἄχος) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-ἄχης, ἔς, Dor. for βαρηχῆς.

βαρυ-βρεμέτης, *ov*, ὁ, and -ετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. -ετέρα, ἡ, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-thundering.

βαρυ-βρομήτης, *ov*, ὁ, (βαρύς, βρομέω) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-βρομος, *ov*, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-roaring.

βαρυ-βρώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, βιβρώσκω) greedily eating: gnawing, corroding.

βαρῦ-γδουπος, *ov*, (βαρύς, δοῦπος) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρυ-γόνυτος and βαρῦ-γόνυς, *ov*, (βαρύς, γόνυ) with heavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρῦ-γυιος, *ov*, (βαρύς, γυῖον) weighing down the limbs.

βαρυδαμονέω, *f*. ἦσω, (βαρυδαίμων) to be possessed by an evil genius: generally, to be unlucky. Hence βαρυδαμονία, ἡ, a heavy fate, ill luck.

βαρυ-δαίμων, *ov*, gen. ονος, (βαρύς, δαίμων) pressed by a heavy fate, unlucky.

βαρῦ-δακρυς, *ov*, (βαρύς, δάκρυ) weeping grievously.

βαρῦ-δικος, *ov*, (βαρύς, δική) taking heavy vengeance.

βαρυ-δότειρα, ἡ, (βαρύς, δοτήρ) giver of ill gifts.

βαρῦ-δοπος, *ov*, = βαρῦδοπος.

βαρῦ-ζηλος, *ov*, (βαρύς, ζήλος) exceedingly jealous.

βαρυ-ηχῆς, ἔς, (βαρύς, ἦχος) heavy-sounding.

βαρυθυμία, ἡ, sullenness. From

βαρῦ-θυμος, *ov*, (βαρύς, θυμός) heavy in spirit: iudignant, sullen.

βαρῦ-θως, (βαρύς) to be weighed down: to be heavy, dull, sluggish. [ῥ]

βαρῦ-κομος, *ov*, (βαρύς, κομπεύω) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-κοτος, *ov*, (βαρύς, κοτέω) grievous in wrath.

βαρῦ-κτύπος, *ov*, (βαρύς, κτυπέω) heavy-sounding, loud-thundering.

βαρυ-λαίλαψ, ἀπος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, λαίλαψ) loud-storming.

βαρῦ-λογος, *ov*, (βαρύς, λόγος) vexatious of speech; βαρῦλογα ἔχθεα hate vented in bitter words.

βαρυ-μήνιος, *ov*, and βαρῦμήνιος, *i*, gen. ἰος, (βαρύς, μήνιος) exceeding wrathful.

βαρῦ-μισθος, *ov*, (βαρύς, μισθός) exacting heavy sums.

βαρῦ-μοχθος, *ov*, (βαρύς, μόχθος) very toilsome or painful.

βαρῦνθεν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐβαρύνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of βαρύνω.

βαρύνω [ῥ], *f*. ἔνῳ, (βαρύς) to load heavily, to burden: to torment:—Pass. to be weary, oppressed; βαρύνεσθαι χεῖρα to be maimed in hand:—metaph. to be vexed, annoyed, Lat. gravari.

βαρυ-όπτης, *ov*, ὁ, (βαρύς, ὄψ) loud-voiced.

βαρυ-όργητος, *ov*, (βαρύς, ὀργή) exceeding angry.

βαρυ-πλάμιος, *ov*, (βαρύς, πλάμη) heavy-handed.

βαρυ-πενθῆς, ἔς, (βαρύς, πένθος) causing grievous woe.

βαρυ-πένθητος, *ov*, (βαρύς, πενθέω) mourning heavily.

βαρυ-πεσῆς, ἔς, (βαρύς, πεσεῖν) heavy-falling.

βαρῦ-ποτμος, *ov*, (βαρύς, πότμος) with heavy fate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρῦ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βαρύς, πούς) heavy-footed: heavy at the end.

ΒΑΡΥΣ, εἶα, ῥ: Comp. βαρύτερος, Sup. βαρύτερος: heavy, Lat. gravis: burdensome, grievous, oppressive: of persons, troublesome. 2. in good sense, weighty, impressive. II. of soldiers, heavy-armed.

III. of sound, strong: deep, bass, opp. to ὀξύς.

βαρυ-σίδηρος, *ov*, (βαρύς, σίδηρος) heavy with iron.

βαρῦ-σταθμος, *ov*, (βαρύς, σταθμός) weighing heavy.

βαρυ-στενάχω, *ov*, (βαρύς, στενάχω) sobbing heavily.

βαρῦ-στονος, *ov*, (βαρύς, στένω) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-σύμφορος, *ov*, (βαρύς, συμφορά) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρυ-σφάραγος, *ov*, (βαρύς, σφάραγος) loud thundering.

βαρῦτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (βαρύς) weight, heaviness: impurity: barsness, oppression; gravity of manners. [ῥ]

βαρῦ-τίμος, *ov*, (βαρύς, τιμή) of great worth: venerable, costly.

βαρῦ-τλήτος, *ov*, (βαρύς, τλῆμαι aor. 2 of *τλάω) heavy to bear.

βαρῦ-φθογγος, *ov*, (βαρύς, φθογγή) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-φρων, φρονος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, φρήν) weighty of mind or purpose.

βαρῦ-χειλος, *ov*, (βαρύς, χεῖλος) thick-lipped.

βαρῦ-χορδος, *ov*, (βαρύς, χορδή) deep-toned.

βαρῦ-ψυχος, *ov*, (βαρύς, ψυχή) heavy of soul, mean-spirited, dejected.

βάς, βάσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of βαίνω.

βασανίζω, *f*. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to rub upon the touchstone (βάσανος): to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of: to convict: to put to the torture.

βασάνισμος, ὁ, (βασανίζω) torturing, torture.

βαπανιστής, οὔ, δ, pecul. fem. βαπανίστρια, ἡ, (βαπανίζω)—an examiner, questioner, torturer.

ΒΑΨΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, the touch-stone, Lat. lapis Lydius, by which gold was proved, see παρατρίβω. II.

metaph. a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not.

III. inquiry, esp. by torture, the question.

2. torture, anguish, disease.

βασειύμαι, βασειύνται, Dor. for βήσομαι, βήσονται,

fut. of βαίνω.

βασιλειᾶ, ἡ, (βασιλεύς) a queen, princess, lady of

royal blood.

βασιλειᾶ, ἡ, (βασιλεύω) a kingdom, dominion: he-

reditary monarchy, opp. to τυραννίς.

βασιλειον, τό, mostly in plur., a palace: also the

royal treasury or tent. Strictly neut. from

βασιλειος, ον, and α, ον, Ion. βασιλήϊος, η, ον,

kingly, royal. From

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ, ἔως Ion. ἦος, δ, acc. βασιλεῖα,

contr. βασιλῆ: pl., nom. βασιλεῖς, old Att. -ῆς, Ion.

-ῆες:—a king, prince, of gods and men:—hence are

formed the Comp. βασιλεύτερος, α, ον, more kingly;

Sup. βασιλεύτατος, η, ον, most kingly. II. the

second of the nine Archons at Athens was called βα-

σιλεῖς: he had charge of the public worship, and the

conduct of criminal processes. III. after the

Persian war the king of Persia was called βασιλεῖς

(without the Art.), or ὁ μέγας βασιλεῖς. Hence

βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king, to rule: in aor. I βασι-

λεύσα, to be made king. II. c. dat. to rule over a

people:—Pass. to be governed by a king, to be under

a king.

βασιληΐη, ἡ, Ion. for βασιλειᾶ.

βασιλήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for βασιλείος.

βασιληΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of βασιλείος, royal.

βασιλιζέω, f. σω, (βασιλεύς) to be of the king's party.

βασιλικός, ἡ, ὄν, like βασιλείος, royal, of a king. 2.

of or for a king, princely. II. as Subst., βασι-

λικός, ὄ, a courtier, nobleman.

βασιλιναῖ, barbaric form of βασιλίνα, βασιλισσα.

βασιλίνα and βασιλίσσα, ἡ, = βασιλειᾶ, a queen.

βασιλίς, ἴδος, η, = βασιλειᾶ, a queen, princess. 2.

as Adj. = βασιληΐς, royal.

βάσμιος, ον, (βαίνω) passable: accessible.

βάσις, εως, ἡ, (βαίνο) a stepping: a step, walk. II.

that whereon one steps, ground: a pedestal.

βασκαίνω, fut. ἀνώ: aor. I ἐβάσκηνα: aor. I pass.

ἐβασκάνθη: (βάσκη)—to use ill words of another,

esp. to slander, disparage. II. to use ill words to

another, bewitch by spells or by means of an evil eye,

Lat. fascinare.

βασκάνια, ἡ, (βάσκατος) slander, envy, malice.

βάσκατος, ον, (βασκαίνω) slanderous, envious, ma-

lignant. 2. a sorcerer.

βασκάς, ἀδος, ἡ, a kind of duck.

βάσκε, imperat. of an obsol. verb βάσκη, another

form of βαίνω, as χάσκω of χαίνω; βάσκ' ἴθι, speed

thee! away! βάσκετε away!

βασμός, Ion. for βαθμός.

βάσσα, Dor. for βήσσα.

βασσάριον, ἡ, = ἀλώπηξ, a fox. (Of Thracian origin.)

βασσάριον, τό, Dim. of βασσάρα.

βάσσω, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. comparat. of βαθύς.

βάσταγμα, ατος, τό, that which is borne, a bur-

den. II. that which bears, a staff. From

ΒΑΣΤΑΨΩ, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐβάστασα, later ἐβά-

στασα: aor. I pass. ἐβαστάχθη:—to lift, lift up.

raise: metaph. to extol, exalt. II. to bear, sup-

port, hold upright: to bear in mind, consider. III.

to carry off. IV. to bandle, touch. Hence

βαστακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., to be borne.

βαστάλος, ὄ, a lisper.

βάτω, f. ἦσω, (βαίνο) to mount, cover, of animals.

βάτην, Ep. for ἐβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίνο.

βάτηρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (βάτω) fem. Adj. for mounting.

βατία, ἡ, = βάτος, a bush, thicket.

βατιδο-σκόπος, ον, (βάτις, σκοπέω) looking after

roaches or skaits, greedy for them.

βατίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (βάτος) the prickly roach or the skait.

βάτο-δρόπος, ον, (βάτος, δρέπω) pulling thorns off

or up.

ΒΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a bramble or any prickly bush.

βάτος, ὄ, the Hebrew solid measure bath.

βάτός, ἡ, ὄν, (βαίνω) passable.

βατράχειος, ον, (βάτραχος) of or belonging to a

frog: βατράχειον (sub. χρώμα), frog-colour, pale

green.

βατράχις, ἴδος, and ἴδος, ἡ, a frog-green coat. From

ΒΑΤΡΑΧΟΣ, ὄ, a frog, Lat. rana. 2. the frog

of a horse's hoof. [ᾶ]

βατταρίζω, fut. Att. ἰῶ, (Βάττος) to stammer.

βαττο-λογέω, = βατταρίζω, (Βάττος, λόγος) to

babble, use vain repetitions.

Βάττος, ὄ, Stammerer, name of a king of Cyrené.

(Formed from the sound.)

βαῦξ, Dor. βαῦσδω: fut. βαῖξω:—to cry βαῦ, βαῦ,

to bark: hence to wail, mutter: to reproach. II.

transit. to cry aloud for.

βαύκαλις, ἴδος, ἡ, a wine-cooler.

βαῦνος or βαῦνός, ὄ, (αῦω) a furnace, forge.

βαῦσδω, Dor. for βαῖξω.

βᾶφή, ἡ, (βάπτω) a dipping, as of red-hot iron in

cold water. II. a dipping of ground in dye, dyeing:

also the dye itself.

βᾶφήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of βάπτω.

βάψις, εως, ἡ, (βάπτω) a dipping, dyeing.

ΒΔΕ'ΑΛΛΑ', ἡ, a leech, Lat. hirudo.

βδελύγμα, τό, (βδελύσσω) an abomination, esp. of

idols.

βδελυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (βδελύσσω) disgusting, abominable.

βδελύκ-τροπος, ον, (βδελυκτός, τρόπος) = foreg.

ΒΔΕΛΤΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, abominable, disgusting. Hence

βδελύσσω, Att. -πτω: fut. to cause to stink,

make loathsome. II. mostly used as Dep. βδε-

λύττομαι, with fut. med. and pass. βδελύξομαι, βδε-

λυθήσομαι, aor. I med. and pass. ἐβδελύξην,

ἐβδελύχθη:—to feel disgust at, to detest, have a

horror of. But all these forms, as well as perf. ἐβδέλυμαι occur in pass. sense, to be abominated.

ΒΔΕΨ, f. βδέσω, to break wind: to stink.

βδύλλω, = βδέω: c. acc. to be afraid of.

βεβᾶσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίω.

βεβαιός, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βαίω) firm, steady: steadfast, trusty, sure, safe: τὸ βέβαιον certainty. Hence

βεβαιότης, ητος, η, firmness, steadfastness, safety.

βεβαιών, f. ὥσω, to make firm, establish:—Med. to establish for oneself, to confirm, secure.

βεβαιώς, Adv. of βέβαιος, steadfastly, firmly.

βεβαιώσις, εως, η, a making fast or sure, establishing.

βεβαίειν, βεβαίαι, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηκέναι, inf. of βαίω. [δ]

βεβαμμαί, pf. pass. of βάπτω.

βεβᾶρῶς, weigh'd down, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω.

βεβᾶσαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of βαίω.

βεβᾶσι, Att. contr. from βεβᾶσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίω.

βεβᾶς, βεβᾶνία, Ep. for βεβηκώς, pf. part. of βαίω.

βέβηκα, pf. of βαίω.

βέβηκειν, Ion. for ἐβεβήκειν, plqpf. of βαίω.

βέβηλος, ον, (βαίω, βηλός) allowable to tread, permitted to human use, like Lat. profanus, opp. to sacred. II. of men, unballowed, profane, unboly.

Hence

βεβηλώω, f. ὥσω, to profane, to pollute.

βεβίασμαι, pf. pass. of βιάζω.

βεβήκα, pf. of βιάω.

βεβλάστικα, pf. of βλαστάνω.

βεβλάφα, βεβλάμμαί, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω.

βεβλάψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω.

βέβλεφα, βέβλεμμαί, pf. act. and pass. of βλέπω.

βέβληται, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήσται, βεβλήσται, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and plqpf. pass. of βάλλω.

βέβληκα, βέβλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήκειν, βεβλήμην, Ep. plqpf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

βέβληται, βέβλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of βάλλω.

βέβλικα, pf. of βλίττω.

βεβολήσται, 3 plur. plqpf. pass., and βεβολημένος, pf. pass. part., of βολέω for βάλλω.

βεβούλημαι, pf. of βούλωμαι.

βεβούλεκα, βεβούλευμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βουλεύω.

βέβρασμαι, pf. pass. of βράσσω.

βέβριθα, pf. of βρίζω.

βεβροτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of βροτώω.

βέβρυχε, v. βρυχώμαι.

βεβρώθη, ποët. form. of βιβρώσκω, to eat up.

βέβρωκα, βέβρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

βεβρώς, syncop. for βεβρωκώς, pf. part. of βιβρώσκω.

βεβρώσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βιβρώσκω.

βέβυσμαι, pf. pass. of βύζω.

βεβῶς, βεβῶσα, Att. contr. of βεβαῶς, Ep. pf. part. of βαίω.

βέη, 2 sing. of βέομαι, Ep. fut. of βαίω.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίω, I will walk or live.

βέω, Ep. for βῶ, aor. 2 subj. of βαίω.

βεκκε-σέληνος, ον, (βεκός, σελήνη) old-fashioned, out of date, dotard: simple, silly.

βεκός, τό, bread: said to be a Phrygian word.

βέλεμον, τό, ποët. for βέλος, a dart, javelin.

βέλονη, ή, (βέλος) an arrow-head: point of a spear: a needle.

βελονο-πώλης, ον, ό, (βελόνη, πωλόμαι) a needle-seller.

βέλος, εος, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. jaculum (from jacio), anything thrown; a bolt, arrow, dart.

2. metaph., ἀγανά βέλοια of Apollo and Artemis are used of sudden, easy death; δύσομβρα βέλη the arrows of the storm; ὀμμάτων βέλος glances shot from the eye.

βέλτερος, α, ον, = βελτίων, ποët. Comp. of ἀγαθός, better. Hence also a rare Sup. βέλτατος, η, ον.

βέλτιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ἀγαθός, best.

βελτίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of ἀγαθός, better.

βεμβικτιάω, (βέμβιξ) to spin like a top.

βεμβικίω, f. ίσω, (βέμβιξ) to spin as one does a top, to set a going.

ΒΕΜΒΙΞ, ίκος, ή, Lat. turbo, a top.

βενδίειον, τό, the temple of Bendis, (a name of Diana).

ΒΕΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, (ποët. for βάθος, as πένθος for πάθος) the depth of the sea, Lat. fundus; βένθοσδε to the bottom; βένθεα ίλης the depths of the wood.

βέντιστος, α, ον, Dor. for βέλτιστος.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίω.

βέρεθρον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for βάραθρον.

βερέσχεθος, ό, a dooby.

βή, ποët. for έβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βαίω.

βήθι, βήναι, aor. 2 imperat. and inf. of βαίω.

βηλός, ό, (βαίω) the threshbold, Lat. limen.

βήμα, ατος, τό, (βαίω) a pace, step, footstep: a place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune

to speak from, esp. in the Pryx at Athens, Lat. rostra, suggestum or —us.

βήμεν, Ep. for έβμεν, I plur. aor. 2 of βαίω.

βήμεναι, Ep. for βήναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίω.

βήν, Ep. for έβην, aor. 2 of βαίω.

βήναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίω.

βήξ, βηχός, ή, or ό, (βήσσω) a cough, Lat. tussis.

βήρυλλος, ή, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl.

βήσα, Ep. for έβησα, aor. I act. of βαίω.

βήσεο, Ep. for βήσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of βαίω.

βήσετο, Ep. for έβήσατο, sing. aor. I med. of βαίω.

βήσομαι, fut. of βαίω.

βήσσα, Dor. βᾶσσα, ή, (βαίω) Lat. saltus, a wooded valley or glen; οὔρεος έν βήσσησι in the mountain glens. Hence

βησσήεις, εσσα, εν, woody.

ΒΗΨΣΩ, Att. βήττω, f. βήξω: aor. I έβηξα:—to cough.

βήτη-αρμων, ονος, ό, (βαίω, άρμός) a dancer.

βήτην, ποët. for έβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίω.

ΒΙ'Α, Ion. βίη, ἡ, *bodily strength, force, might*, Lat. *vis*: often periph. with a gen. of the person, βίη Ἑρακλῆος *the strong Hercules*. II. *force, an act of violence*; βίη τινός *against one's will*. [Y] Hence

βιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to force, constrain*: Pass., aor. I ἐβιάσθην: pf. βεβίασμαι:—*to have violence done one, to suffer violence*; βιάζομαι τάδε *I am wronged herein*. II. Dep., with aor. I med. ἐβιάσάμην, and (sometimes) pf. pass. βεβίασμαι:—*to force a man, constrain, overpower*; βιάζεσθαι αὐτόν *to do oneself violence: to carry by force or assault: absol. to use force, force one's way*.

βίαιο-μάχος, α, ὁ, (βίαιος, μάχη) *fighting violently*. **βίαιος**, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βία) *forcible, violent: acting with violence*; πρὸς τὸ βίαιον *by force*. 2. pass. forced: compulsory. Hence

βιαιότης, ητος, ἡ, *violence*. **βιαιῶς**, Adv. of βίαιος, *by force, perforce*. **βι-αρκής**, ἐς, (βίος, ἀρκέω) *supplying the necessaries of life*.

βιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (βιάζω) *one who uses force, a violent man*.

βιατής, οὔ, ὁ, = βιαστής. **βιάω**: perf. βεβίηκα:—older Ep. form of βιάζω, *to force, constrain*:—Med., βιάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, *to force, treat with violence*: also *to overreach, defraud, νῶϊ μισθὸν βηήσατο he cheated us of our pay*:—Pass., aor. I ἐβιήθην, *to be constrained or overpowered*.

βιβάζω, f. ἄσω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of βαίνω, *to make to go up, lift up, exalt*.

βιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, part. pres. formed as if from a verb βιβημι, = βαίνω.

βιβάζων, οσσα, ον, part. pres. of a verb βιβάζω, = βαίνω, *to stride*; μακρὰ βιβάζων *long-striding*.

βιβῶ, poet. collat. form of βαίνω, *to stride*; πέλωρα βιβῶν *to take huge strides*; part. βιβῶν, βιβῶσα.

βιβλίον, τό, Dim. of βιβλίω, *a little book or scroll*:—so also βιβλιῆριον, τό.

βιβλίαν οἶνος, ὁ, *Biblian wine*, from Biblis, a hill in Thrace.

βιβλιοθήκη, ἡ, (βιβλίον, θήκη) *a book-case: library*. **βιβλίον**, τό, Dim. of βιβλίω, *a paper, scroll*.

βιβλιοπώλης, ον, ὁ, (βιβλίον, πωλέω) *a bookseller*. **ΒΙ'ΒΑΟΣ**, ἡ, *the inner bark of the papyrus*. II. *the paper made of this bark*: hence a *paper, book*.

ΒΙΒΡΩ'ΣΚΩ, fut. βρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρώσα: aor. 2 ἔβρων: perf. βέβρωκα, part. βεβρωκώς, by syncop. βεβρώς.—Pass., fut. βρωθήσομαι: fut. 3 βεβρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρώθην: pf. βέβρωμαι:—*to eat, gnaw, eat up, consume*: c. gen. to eat of a thing.

βιβῶ, Att. fut. ὄφ βιβάζω.

βιβῶν, contr. from βιβῶν, part. of βιβῶ.

βιήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of βιάω.

ΒΙΚΟΣ, ὁ, an earthen wine-vessel.

ΒΙΓΝΕ'Ω, coire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to δυνία.

βιο-δότης, ὁ, (βίος, δίδωμι) *the giver of life or food*.

βιο-δώρος, ον, (βίος, δῶρον) *life-giving, bounteous*.

βιο-δώτης, ὁ, poet. for βιοδότης.

βιο-θάλλιος, ον, (βίος, θάλλω) *lively, strong, hale*. **βιο-θρέμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (βίος, τρέφω) *supporting life*.

ΒΙ'ΟΣ, ὁ, *life, the course of life: lifetime*. II. *manner or means of living*: one's *living, livelihood*.

ΒΙ'ΟΣ, ὁ, a bow.

βιο-στερής, ἐς, (βίος, στερέω) *robbing of life or means*. II. pass. in want of means.

βιοτεία, ἡ, (βιοτεύω) *a way of life, livelihood*. **βιοτεύω**, f. σω, (βιώω) *to live, subsist*; βιοτεύειν ἀπὸ τινος, *to live by a thing*.

βιοτή, ἡ, Lat. *vita*, = βίοςτος.

βιότης, ητος, ἡ, = βίοςτος.

βιότιον, τό, Dim. of βίοςτος, *a scant living*.

βίοςτος, ὁ, (βιώω) *life: means of life*.

βιούς, aor. 2 part. of βιώω.

βιο-φειδής, ἐς, (βίος, φείδομαι) *stingy, sparing*.

βιώω: f. βιώσομαι, later βιώσω: aor. I ἐβίωσα:—aor. 2 ἐβίωv (as if from a verb βιωμι) 3 sing. imperat. βιώτω: subj. βιωῶ; opt. βιώῃν; inf. βιώναι; part. βιούς: (βίος, Lat. vivo):—*to live, esp. to live happily*:—Pass., βιοῦμαι *one lives*, Lat. vivitur.

βιώνται, βιώντο, Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperf. med. of βιώω.

βιῶατο, for βιῶατο, 3 pl. pres. med. opt. of βιώω.

βιῶν, aor. 2 med. opt. of βιώω.

βιῶν, inf. of βιώω.

βιώσιμος, ον, (βιώω) *to be lived, worth living, possible to live*.

βιωσις, εως, ἡ, (βιώω) *a living, manner of life*.

βιώσκομαι, Dep., causal of βιώω, *to quicken, make alive*: 2 sing. Ep. aor. I ἐβίωσαο.

βιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βιώω) *fit for life, lively*. II. *of or pertaining to life*.

βιωτός, ἡ, ὄν, = (βιώω) *to be lived, worth living for*.

βιώτω, 3 sing. imperat. aor. 2 of βιώω.

βιάβην, Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάβω.

βλάβηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (βλάβω) *hurtful, noxious*.

βλάβη, ἡ, (βλάβω) *hurt, harm, damage*: βλάβης δίκη *an action for damage done*.

βλάβηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of βλάβω.

βλαβήσομαι, fut. 2 of βλάβω.

βλάβομαι, = βλάβωμαι, only in 3 sing. βλάβεται.

βλάβος, εως contr. οως, τό, = βλάβη, *hurt, damage*.

ΒΛΑΨΙ'ΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *having the legs bent inwards*: generally, *crooked*.

βλακεία, ἡ, (βλακεῖω) *slackness, sloth, stupidity*.

βλακέω, (βλάξ) *to be slack, lazy, indolent*.

βλακικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλάξ) *indolent, stupid*. Adv. —κῶς.

βλακώδης, ἐς, (βλάξ, εἶδος) *lazy, sluggish*.

ΒΛΑ'Ξ, βλακῶς, ὁ, ἡ, (akin to μαλακός) *lazy, inactive, sluggish*. Irreg. Comp. βλακίστερος or βλακώτερος.

ΒΛΑΨΙΤΩ: fut. βλάψω: Ep. aor. I βλάψα: pf. βέβλαφα or ἐβλάφα.—Pass., fut. 2 βλάβησομαι, fut. 3 βεβλάβομαι; fut. med. βλάψομαι, used as pass.: aor. I ἐβλάβηθην, more usu. aor. 2 ἐβλάβην [ᾶ]: pf.

βέβλαμαι:—to binder, weaken, stop; c. gen. to binder from; βλαβέντα λοιπίων δρόμων arrested in its last course; βλαφθεὶς ἐν ὄσῳ caught in the branches. 2. of the mind, to blind, deceive, mislead. 3. to harm, damage, hurt, mar.

βλαστάνω, fut. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἐβλάστησεν; later aor. I ἐβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα or ἐβλάστηκα: (βλαστέω):—to bud, sprout: generally, to burst forth, grow.

βλάστω, ἦ, = βλαστός, a bud, sprout, leaf. II. increase, growth.

βλάστημα, atos, τό, and βλάστημος, ὁ, = βλάστη.

ΒΛΑΣΤΟΣ, ὁ, a bud, shoot, sucker, Lat. *germen*.

βλασφημέω, f. ἤσω: pf. βεβλασφήμηκα: (βλάσφημος):—to drop profane words, speak profanely. 2. to speak ill or to the prejudice of one, to defame: to blaspheme. Hence

βλασφημία, ἡ, profane language. 2. evil-speaking, blasphemy.

βλάσφημος, on, (βλάξ, φήμη) speaking profanely. 2. evil-speaking, slanderous.

ΒΛΑΥΤΗ, ἡ, mostly in plur. βλαύται, ὦν, αἰ, a kind of slippers or sandals, Lat. *soleae*.

βλαυτίον, τό, Dim. of βλαύτη.

βλαφθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βλαχή.

βλάψα, Ep. for ἐβλαψα, aor. I of βλάπτω.

βλάψις, εως, ἡ, (βλάπτω) a barming, burling.

βλαψι-φρων, on, gen. onos, (βλάπτω, φρήν) mad-dening. 2. mad: Adv. βλαψιφρόνως, madly.

βλείω, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλω.

βλεμαῖον, (βρέμω) to vaunt or be proud of a thing; σθένει βλεμαῖον exulting in his strength.

βλέμμα, atos, τό, (βλέπω) a look, glance: the eye.

βλέπουσα, Dor. for βλέπουσα.

βλέπος, τό, = βλέμμα, a look.

βλεπτόν, verb. Adj. of βλέπω, one must look.

βλεπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλέπω) of or for sight.

βλεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, seen, worth seeing. From

ΒΛΕΨΩ, f. ψω; aor. I ἐβλέψα: pf. βέβλεφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐβλέφθην: pf. βέβλεμμαι:—to look, see: to look on, look at: also c. acc., *Ἀρη, φόβον βλέπειν to look fury, terror; in Comedy, κάρδαμα, νάπυ βλέπειν to look cress, mustard, i. e. to have a sour or bitter look. II. to look in a particular direction, to turn towards: esp. of aspects; οικία πρὸς μεσημβρίαν βλέπουσα a house looking towards the south.

III. to see the light, with or without faith, hence, to live. IV. to look and long after a thing, c. inf. 2. to take care of, look to or to beware of a thing.

βλεφάρις, ἰδος, ἡ, an eyelash. From

βλέφαρον, τό, (βλέπω) an eyelid. II. in plur. the eyes: ἀμέρας βλέφαρον, eye of day, i. e. the sun; νυκτός βλέφαρον, i. e. the moon.

βλήεται for βληήται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. subj. of βάλω, βλήται.

βληθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω.

βλημα, atos, τό, (βάλλω) a throw, cast. 2. a shot, wound. 3. a coverlet.

βλήμενος, η, on, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληῖται, βληθήσεται, aor. 2 inf. of βάλλω.

βληθήσεται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βλητέος, α, on, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to be thrown. 2.

βλητέον, one must throw.

βλητόν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

βλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (βάλλω) burlled, struck.

βλήτρον, τό, (βάλλω) an iron nail.

βληχάομαι, fut. ἤσομαι: Dep.: (βληχῆ):—to bleat, of sheep and goats.

ΒΛΗΧΗ, ἡ, a bleating: generally, the wailing of children, Lat. *vagitus*.

βληχρός, α, ὄν, weak, feeble, sluggish: also with a euphon., ἀβληχρός. Adv. -ρῶς, slightly.

ΒΛΗΨΩΝ, ανος, ἡ: acc. βλήχω: Ion. γλήχων,

Dor. γλάκων:—penuryal. Hence

βληχωνίας, on, ὁ, prepared with penuryal.

ΒΛΙΤΤΩ, Ion. βλίσσω: f. βλίσω: aor. ἐβλίσα:—to cut out the comb of bees, to take the honey. (From μέλι with β added, as βλάξ from μαλακός.)

ΒΛΟΣΥΡΟΣ, α, ὄν, grim, stern: also burly, manly, valiant, or coarse, rough.

βλοσυρ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βλοσυρός, ἔψ) grim-looking.

ΒΑΥΖΩ, f. βλύσω [ῦ]: aor. I ἐβλύσα, = βλύω. Hence

βλύσις, εως, ἡ, and βλυσμός, ὁ, a bubbling up.

βλύσσειε, poet. for βλύσαι, 3 sing. opt. aor. I of βλύζω.

ΒΑΥΩ, f. βλύσω [ῦ], to bubble, spout, or gush forth: hence to be full, to be caughty.

βῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of βάλλω.

βωθρός, α, ὄν, (βλώσσω) shooting up, high growing, of trees.

βλώσσω: (tenses formed from Root ΜΟ'ΑΩ), f. μολούμαι, aor. 2 ἔμολον (cf. θρώσκω, θοροῦμαι, ἔθορον): pf. μέμβλωκα (for μεμύλωκα):—to come or go.

βοάγριον, τό, a shield of wild bull's hide. From

βό-αγρος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἄγριος) a wild bull.

βοα-θόος, Dor. for βοηθός.

βόῶμα, atos, τό, (βοάω) a sbriek, cry: a loud strain.

βοάτης, ου, ὁ, fem. βοάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοάω) crying, screaming. [ᾶ]

βό-αυλος, ὁ, βό-αυλον, τό, (βοῦς, αὐλή) an ox-stall.

βοάω, Ep. 3 sing. βοάα, 3 pl. βοῶσιν, part. βοῶν: f. βοήσω, Att. βοήσομαι, Ion. contr. βῶσω, βῶσομαι: aor. I ἐβόησα, Ion. ἐβῶσα: pf. βεβόηκα:—Med.,

aor. I ἐβοησάμην Ion. ἐβῶσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐβοήθησθην Ion. ἐβῶθησθην: pf. βεβῶημαι Ion. βέβωμαι: (βοή):—to utter a cry from joy or grief, to shout: of things, to thunder, roar, bowl: to echo. II. trans., c. acc. pers. to call to one, call on: to call to aid. 2. to demand in a loud voice. 3. to noise

abroad, proclaim.

βοεικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοῦς) of or for oxen; ζεύγη βοεικά wagons drawn by oxen.

βοεὸς or βόεος, α, ον, (βοῦς) of an ox or of oxen, of ox-hide: ἡ βοεία or βοέα, contr. βοῆ, (sub. δορά), an ox-hide, a shield of ox-hide.

βοεὺς, ἔως, ὄ, (βοῦς) a thong or cord of ox-leather.

βοῆ, ἡ, contr. from βοή, v. βύεος.

ΒΟΗ, ἡ, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: the battle-cry, the battle itself; βοῆν ἀγαθός, good at the battle-cry or in battle: also of the roar of the sea. II.

= βοήθεια aid called for, succour.*

βοη-γενής, ἔς, (βοῦς, γενέσθαι) born of an ox.

βοηδρομέω, (βοηδρόμος) to run on hearing a cry, haste to help, succour.

Βοη-δρομιών, ἄνω, ὄ, the third Attic month, in which the Βοηδρόμα were celebrated, in memory of the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

βοη-δρόμος, ον, (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as Subst. a helper.

βοήθεια, ἡ, (βοητός) help, aid, rescue, support. II. an auxiliary force.

βοηθέω, Ion. βοθέω, f. ἤσω, (βοητός) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

βοηθητέον, verb. Adj. one must assist.

βοηθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοητός) ready or able to help.

βοη-θόος, ον, (βοή, θέω) hasting to the battle-shout, warlike; βοήθουον ἄρμα a chariot hasting to the battle.

βοηθός, ὄν, contr. from βοητός: as Subst., βοητός, ὄ, an assistant, auxiliary, ally.

βοηλασία, ἡ, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattle-stealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture.

βο-ηλάτης, ου, ὄ, fem. βοηλάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἐλαίω) one that drives away oxen, a cattle-stealer.

II. a drover.

βοη-νόμος, ον, = βουνόμος.

βόης, ου, ὄ, (βοάω) a crier.

βόησις, εως, Ion. βοητής, ὄς, ἡ, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

ΒΟΨΡΟΣ, ὄ, a pit or hole dug in the ground, a trench, Lat. puteus.

βόθτινος, ὄ, = βέθρος.

βοιδάριον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς.

βοίδιον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς, a young cow or ox.

Βοιωταρχέω, f. ἤσω, to be a Boeotarch. From

Βοιωτ-άρχης, ου, ὄ, (Βοιωτός, ἄρχω) a Boeotarch, one of the chief magistrates of Boeotia. Hence

Βοιωτ-αρχία, ἡ, the office of Boeotarch.

Βοιωτία, ἡ, Boeotia, so called from its rich cattle-pastures. Hence

Βοιωτιάω and Βοιωτίζω, to be like a Boeotian: to be heavy, dull: to speak Boeotian. II. to side with the Boeotians.

Βοιωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of Βοιωτός, a little Boeotian.

Βοιωτός, οὔ, ὄ, a Boeotian.

Βοιωτ-ουργής, ἔς, (Βοιωτία, ἔργον) of Boeotian work.

ΒΟΛΒΟΣ, ὄ, Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root.

βολή, ἡ, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a missile: —νιηταρά, a glance: —βολαὶ ἡλίου sun-beams.

βολίς, f. σω, (βόλις) to heave the lead, a missile.

βόλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a sound: the sounding-lead. II. a cast of the dice.

βολίτινος, η, ον, of cow-dung. From

βόλιτον, (βόλιτος, βόλιτος) cow-dung.

βόλλομαι and βόλομαι, Aeol. for βούλομαι.

βολο-κτυπία, ἡ, (βύλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the dice.

βόλος, ὄ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net: also the thing caught; βόλος ἰχθύων a draught of fishes.

II. a throw with dice.

βομβ-αύλος, ὄ, (βόμβος, αὐλός) a bagpiper.

βομβεῦντι, Aeol. for βομβοῦσι, 3 pl. of βομβέω.

βομβέω, f. ἤσω, (βόμβος) to make a humming noise, to sound deep or hollow: to hum, buzz.

βομβήεις, εσσα, εν, (βομβέω) buzzing, humming.

βομβητής, οὔ, ὄ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, hummer.

ΒΟΜΒΟΣ, ὄ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep hollow sound, humming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.)

βομβυλλός, οὔ, ὄ, and ἡ, (βόμβος) a buzzing or humming insect, a humble bee.

βόμβυξ, ὄκος, ὄ, the silk-worm.

βοο-θύτης, ου, ὄ, = βοουθήτης.

βοο-κτάσια, ἡ, (βοῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of oxen.

βοο-νόμος, βοο-σφαγία, etc., = βοου-.

βοο-σφάγια, ἡ, (βοῦς, σφάζω) a slaying of oxen.

βοάω, Ep. for βοάω.

ΒΟΡΑ', ἡ, food, meat.

βορβορό-θύμος, ον, (βόρβορος, θυμός) muddy-minded.

ΒΟΨΡΟΡΟΣ, ὄ, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum.

βορβορό-τάραξις, ὄ, (βόρβορος, ταρασσω) a mud-stirrer, mud-lark.

βορβορό-ώδης, ες, (βόρβορος, ἔιδος) miry, slimy.

ΒΟΡΕ'ΑΣ, ου, ὄ; Ion. Βορέος, contr. Βορής, ἔω; Att. Βορράς, ἄ:—the North wind: more strictly, the wind from NNE., Aquilo. II. the North, πρὸς βορῆν ἀνεμον towards the North; πρὸς βορέαν τινός northward of a place.

Βορέας, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. Βορειάς, poet. Βορείάς, Βορηάς, a Boread, daughter of Boreas. II. fem. Adj. northern.

Βόρειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (Βορέας) belonging to the North wind, northern.

Βορεῶτις, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορέας.

Βορήτις, η, ον, Ion. for Βόρειος.

Βορηίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορέας.

βορός, ἄ, ὄν, (βορά) devouring, gluttonous.

Βορραῖος, α, ον, or ος, ον, = Βόρειος.

Βορράς, ἄ, ὄ, Att. for Βορέας.

βόρευς, οί, unknown Libyan animals.

βόσις, εως, ἡ, (βόσκω) food, fodder.

βόσκει, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of βόσκει.

βοσκή or βόσκη, ἡ, (βόσκω) food, fodder.

βόσκημα, ατος, τό, (βόσκω) that which is fed or fatted, cattle: a herd of cattle or sheep. II. food.

βοσκητέον, verb. Adj. of βόσκω, one must feed.

Βοσκός, ὁ, *the feeder or herd of the cattle.* From **ΒΟΨΚΩ**: fut. βοσκήσω, as if from obsol. βοσκέω:—Act. of the herdsman, Lat. *pasce*, to feed, drive to pasture, nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of cattle, Lat. *pasci*, to feed, graze.

Βοσπόριος, α, ον, *of the Bosphorus.*

βόσ-πορος, ὁ, (βοῦς, πόρος) *Bosphorus*, i. e. ox-ford, name of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Cimmerian.

βόστροϋξ, ὄχος, ὁ, = βόστρυχος, βοστρύχον, τό, Dim. of βόστρυχος.

ΒΟΣΤΡΥΧΟΣ, ὁ, in plur. also βόστρυχα, τά, *a curl or lock of hair*: poet., anything twisted or wreathed, as a flash of lightning, the tendril of a vine.

βοτάμα, ον, τά, (βόσκα) *pastures.*

βοτάνη, ἡ, (βόσκα) *pasture, grass, fodder.*

βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (βόσκα) *a herdsman, herd*; οἰωνῶν βοτήρ *a watcher of birds, a soothsayer*: κίων βοτήρ *a herdsman's dog.*

βοτηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοτήρ) *of or for a herdsman.*

βοτόν, τό, (βόσκα) *anything that is fed, a beast.*

βοτρυδόν, Adv. (βότρυς) *like a bunch of grapes, in clusters.*

βοτρυός, α, ον, (βότρυς) *of grapes.*

βοτρυό-δωρος, ον, (βότρυς, δῶρον) *grape-producing.*

βοτρυόεις, εσσα, εν, (βότρυς) *clustering.*

βοτρυό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (βότρυς, παῖς) *child of the grape.*

βοτρυο-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (βότρυς, χαίτη) *with clustering hair*; or with grapes in one's hair.

ΒΟΨΤΡΥΞ, υος, ὁ, *a cluster or bunch of grapes*, Lat. *racemus*. II. = βόστρυχος, βόστρυχος, *a curl.*

βόστρυχος, ὁ, = βόστρυχος.

βόστρυχ-ωδης, ες, (βόστρυχος, εἶδος) *like curls, curly.*

βόστρυ-ωδης, ες, (βότρυς, εἶδος) *like a cluster of grapes.*

βου-, a form of βοῦς used in compos. to express something monstrous, e. g. βου-παις, βου-φάγος; as we say *horse-chestnut, horse-radish*, etc.

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΙΣ, ιος, ἡ, *an antelope.*

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *bubalus*, *a buffalo.*

βου-βότης, ου, ὁ, (βοῦς, βόσκα) *feeding cattle*: as Subst., βουβότης, ὁ, *a cowherd.*

βου-βότος, ον, (βοῦς, βόσκα) *grazed by cattle.*

βου-βρωστis, εως, ἡ, (βου-, βιβρώσκω) *a ravenous unnatural appetite*: metaph. *grinding poverty or misery.*

ΒΟΥΒΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, *the groin*, Lat. *inguen*. Hence **βουβωνιά**, *to suffer from swollen groins.*

βου-γάιτος, ὁ, (βου-, γαίω) *a braggart, bully.* [α]

βου-δόρος, ον, (βοῦς, δέρω) *flaying oxen*: *galling.* II. as Subst. *a knife for flaying.*

βου-θερής, ἐς, (βοῦς, θέρω) *giving summer pasture*: *summer-feeding.*

βου-θoinής, ου, ὁ, (βοῦς, θoinάω) *beef-eater.*

βουθύσια, ἡ, *a sacrifice of oxen.* From

βουθύτω, *to slay, sacrifice oxen*: generally, *to sacrifice or slaughter.* From

βου-θύτος, ον, (βοῦς, θίω) *of or belonging to sacrifices*: *sacrificial.*

βουκαίος, ὁ, (βοῦκος) *one who ploughs with oxen.*

βου-κερας, αν, gen. βούκερα, acc. pl. βούκερας, (βοῦς, κέρας) *horned like an ox*:—for the accent see Wordsw. Gk. Gr. p. 140.

βου-κεφάλος, ον, (κεφαλή) *bull-headed*: epith. of horses, because *branded with a bull's head*: Maced. **βουκεφάλας**, gen. α, name of the horse of Alexander the Great.

βουκολέω, f. ἦσα, (βουκόλος) *to tend cattle*:—Med. *to graze, range over the pasture.* II. metaph. *to delude, beguile*: Med., ἐλπιδι βουκολοῦμαι *I feed myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.*

βουκολία, ἡ, (βουκόλος) *a herd of cattle.* II. *a byre, ox-stall.* Hence

βουκολιάζομαι, Dor. βωκ-, f. ἀζομαι, *to sing or write pastorals.* Hence

βουκολιαστής, οὔ, ὁ Dor. βωκ-, *a singer or maker of pastorals.*

βουκολικός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. βωκολικός, ἁ, ὄν, (βουκόλος) *rustic, pastoral*: τὰ βουκολικά (sc. ποιήματα) *pastoral poetry.*

βουκόλιον, τό, *a herd of cattle.* From

βου-κόλος, Dor. βω-κόλος, ὁ, (βοῦς, and obsol. κολέω = Lat. *colo*) *a cowherd*: *herdsman.*

βούκος, Dor. βῶκος, ὁ, (βοῦς) = βουκαίος.

βουλαῖος, α, ον, (βουλή) *of or in the Council.*

βουλ-ἄρχος, ὁ, (βουλή, ἄρχω) *the adviser of a plan*, Lat. *auctor consilii.*

βουλεία, ἡ, (βουλεύω) *the office of counsellor.*

βούλευμα, ατος, τό, (βουλεύω) *a decree of the Council*: generally, *a resolution, plan, design.*

βουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of βούλευμα.

βούλευσις, εως, ἡ, (βουλεύω) *deliberation.*

βουλευτέον, verb. Adj. of βουλεύω, *one must take counsel.*

βουλευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = βουλευτής. Hence **βουλευτήριον**, τό, *an office for counsel.* II. as Subst. **βουλευτήριον**, τό, *a Council-chamber, court-house.*

βουλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (βουλεύω) *a councillor, one who sits in Council.* II. *a counsellor, adviser.* Hence

βουλευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *of or for the Council* or *a Councillor*; ὄρκος βουλευτικός *the oath taken by the councillors.* 2. as Subst., τὸ βουλευτικόν in the Athenian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, *belonging to the Council of 500.* II. *of or for a counsellor, able to advise.*

βουλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, *devised, plotted.* From

βουλεύω, f. σω: pf. βεβούλευκα:—Med., fut. —εῖσομαι: aor. I ἐβουλεύσαμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐβουλεύθην: pf. βεβούλευμαι: but fut. med. is also used in pass. sense; and aor. I and pf. pass. in med. sense, (βουλή):

—*to take counsel, consider*: in past tenses, *to have considered*, and so *to determine or resolve upon a thing*: Med. *to take counsel with oneself*, and so much like the Act.:—Pass. *to be determined or resolved on.* II. *to be a member of the Council*: *to give counsel.*

βουλή, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *will, determination, Lat. consilium*:—*a project, plan, intention.* 2. *counsel, advice, whether taken or given.* II. also like *Lat. concilium, the Council or Senate*, esp. that of the 500 at Athens.

βουλή, Ep. for βούλη, 2 sing. subj. of βούλομαι. βουλήεις, εσσα, εν, (βουλή) of good counsel, sage. βουληθείς, part. aor. I of βούλομαι. βούλημα, ατος, τό, (βούλομαι) *a will, purpose.* βούλησις, εως, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *a willing: will, purpose.*

βουλήσομαι, fut. of βούλομαι. βουληφόρος, ον, (βουλή, φέρω) *counselling, advising.* βου-λιμία, ἡ, (βου-, λιμός) *ravenous hunger.* Hence βουλιμιάω, f. άσω, to suffer from ravenous hunger. βούλιος, ον, (βουλή) = βουλευτικός.

ΒΟΥ'ΑΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἔβουλόμην, Att. also ἡβουλόμην: fut. βουλήσομαι: aor. I ἔβουλήθην, Att. also ἔβουλήθην: pf. βεβούλημαι, in compos. also med. βέβουλα (προ): Dep.:—to will, wish, be willing: usu. c. inf., but also c. dat., Τρώεσσιν ἔβουλετο νίκην *be willed* victory to the Trojans, or in full, Τρώεσσιν ἔβουλετο κῆδος ὀρέξαι. Βούλει or βούλεσθε, with the subj. adds force to the demand, βούλει φράσω *would you have me tell*; ὁ βουλόμενος, Lat. *quisvis*, the first that offers, any one that likes. II. to have rather, choose, prefer, mostly with ἤ, as, βούλωμ' ἐγὼ λαὸν ὅσον ἔμμεναι, ἢ ἀπολέσθαι *I had rather* the host were saved than lost.

βουλό-μάχος, ον, (βούλομαι, μάχη) *strife-desiring.* βουλόστιος, ον, fit for unyoking the oxen, [ῦ]. From βου-λύτος, ὁ, (βουός, λύω) *the time for unyoking oxen, evening*: in Homer only as Adv., βουλυτόνδε towards evening, at eventide.

βου-μολγός, ὁ, (βουός, ἀμέλγω) *cow-milking.* βουνήτης, ον, ὁ, (βουνήος) *a dweller on hills.* βου-νόμος, ον, (βουός, νέμω) *cattle-feeding.* II. βου-νομος, grazed by cattle; ἀγέλαι βουνομαί herds of grazing oxen.

ΒΟΥ'ΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a bill, mound.* βου-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, (βου-, παῖς) *a big, lubberly boy.* 2. of bees, born of the ox; see Virg. Georg. 4. 281.

βου-παλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (βου-, πάλη) *hard-struggling.* βου-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βουός, πέπωμα pf. of πάωμαι) *rich in cattle.* βου-πληκτρος, ον, (βουός, πληκτρον) *ox-goading.* βου-πληξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (βουός, πλήσσω) *an ox-goat: an axe for felling an ox.*

βου-ποιμήν, ενος, ὁ, (βουός, ποιμήν) *a herdsman.* βου-πόρος, ον, (βουός, πείρω) *ox-piercing*; βουπόρος ὀβελός *a spit that would spit a whole ox.*

βου-πρωπος, ον, (βουός, πρόφα) *with the face of an ox.* ΒΟΥ'Σ, ὁ or ἡ: gen. βόος, also poet. βοῦ: acc. βοῦν, Ep. βῶν, poet. also βόα:—*plur., nom. βόες, rarely contr. βοῦς: gen. βοῶν, rarely contr. βῶν: dat. βοῦσί, poet. βόεσσι, rarely βοσί:—a bullock or cow, an ox; in plur. cattle.* II. βοῦς, ἡ, *a shield*

covered with ox-hide. III. proverb., βοῦς ἐπὶ γλώσσῃ βέβηκε, βοῦς ἐπὶ γλώσσῃς ἐπιβαίνει, like ὄσ ἐπὶ στόμα, of people who keep silence from some weighty reason, from the notion of a heavy body keeping down the tongue.

βοῦς, contr. from βόας, acc. pl. of foreg. βοῦς-σταθμον, τό, (βοῦς, σταθμός) *an ox-stall.* βοῦ-στάσις, εως, ἡ, =foreg. βοῦ-στροφιδόν, Adv. (βοῦς, στροφή) *turning like oxen in ploughing*: of the early Greek manner of writing, which went from left to right, and right to left alternately. So Solon's Laws were written.

βου-στροφός, ον, (βοῦς, στρέφω) *ox-guiding*:—as Subst. an ox-goat. βοῦ-σφάγω, (βοῦς, σφάζω) *to slaughter oxen.* βοῦτης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς) *a cow-herd, herdsman.*

βου-φάγος, ον, (βοῦς, φάγειν) *ox-eating.* βουφονέω, f. ἦσω, (βουφόνος) *to slaughter oxen.* βουφονία (sub. ιερά), τά, *a festival with sacrifices of oxen.* From

βου-φόνος, ον, (βοῦς, φόνος) *ox-sacrificing.* 2. at which oxen are slain.

βουφορβός, f. ἦσω, (βουφορβός) *to tend cattle.* βουφορβία, ον, τά, *a herd of oxen.* From βου-φορβός, ὄν, (βοῦς, φέρβω) *ox-feeding*:—as Subst. βουφορβός, ὁ, *a herdsman.*

βου-φορτος, ον, (βου-, φέρτος) *with a great load.* βου-χανδής, ἐς, (βοῦς, χανδῶνα) *holding an ox.* βου-χιλος, ον, (βοῦς, χιλός) *rich in fodder.* βοῶν, contr. part. of βοάω. 2. gen. pl. of βοῦς. βο-ώνης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς, ἀνέομαι) *one who buys oxen for sacrifice.*

βο-ώπις, ιδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ὤψ) *ox-eyed, i. e. with large, full eyes.*

βοῶτώ, f. ἦσω, to plough. From βοῶτης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς) *a ploughman.* II. Βοῶτες, a name of the constellation Arcturus.

βραβεία, ἡ, (βραβεῖω) *the office of judge or umpire, presidency of the games: generally, arbitration.*

βραβείον, τό, (βραβεῖω) *a prize in the games.* ΒΡΑΒΕΥ'Σ, ἐως, ὁ: Att. acc. sing. βραβῆ, nom. plur. βραβῆς:—*the judge who assigned the prizes at the games: generally, a judge, arbitrator, umpire: a chief, leader.*

βραβέω, f. σω, (βραβεύς) *to be a judge or umpire: to arbitrate, direct, govern.*

βράβυλον, τό, *a kind of plum or sloe.* βράβυλος, ἡ, *the tree which bears βράβυλα.* ΒΒΑΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, *boarseness, sore throat.* Hence

βραγχός, ἡ, ὄν, boarse. βραδέως, Adv. of βραδύς, slowly. βραδίνος, ἄ, ὄν, Acol. for ραδίνος.

βραδίων [τ], βραδίστος, poet. Comp. and Sup. of βραδύς.

βράδος, εος, τό, (βραδύς) *slowness.* βραδύνω, f. ἴνω, (βραδύς) *to delay*:—Pass. to be delayed. II. intrans. to be slow about a thing:—Med. to be slow, to loiter.

βραδυ-πειθής, ἐς, (βραδύς, πείθομαι) *slow of persuasion, slow to believe.*

βραδυ-πλοῦς, ἡ, ἴσω, (βραδύς, πλέω) *to sail slowly.*

βραδύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (βραδύς, ποῦς) *slow of foot.*

ΒΡΑΔΥΤΗΣ, εἶα, ὕ: Comp. βραδύτερος by poet. μεθ. Βαρδύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (βραδύς) *slowness: dullness.* βράκος, τό, Aeol. for ῥάκος, *a rich female garment.* βρασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of βράζω.

ΒΡΑΣΣΩ, Att. βράττω: f. βράσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἔβρασα:—Pass., aor. I ἔβρασθην: pf. βέβρασμα:—*to shake violently, to throw up, of the sea: to winnow or sift grain:—Pass. to boil up.*

βρασσον, ov, gen. onos, poet. Comp. of βραδύς.

βράχε, see βράχω.

βράχεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of βρέχω.

βράχως, Adv. of βραχύς, shortly.

βράχιον, onos, ὁ, (βραχύς) *the arm, Lat. brachium.* [ῖ]

βράχιον, ov, gen. onos, [Ion. ῖ, Att. ῖ], βράχιστος, Comp. and Sup. of βραχύς.

βράχος, eos, τό, plur. βράχεια, contr. βράχη, (βραχύς) *shallow, stagnant pools, Lat. brevia et syrtes.*

βραχύ-βωλος, ov, (βραχύς, βῶλος) *with few clods, βραχύβωλος χέρσος a narrow piece of land.*

βραχύ-γνώμων, ov, gen. onos, (βραχύς, γνώμη) *of small understanding.*

βραχύ-δρομος, ov, (βραχύς, δρόμος) *running a short way.*

βραχυλογία, ἡ, *brevity in speech.* From

βραχυ-λόγος, ov, (βραχύς, λέγω) *short in speech, of few words.*

βραχύων, f. ἰνῶ, *to make short.* From

ΒΡΑΧΥΤΗΣ, εἶα, ὕ: Comp. βραχύτερος and βραχίων: Sup. βραχύτατος and βράχιστος:—of Space and Time, *short*; of Number and Degree, *few, little*: βραχύ, *a little, a short time or distance*; ἐπὶ βραχύ *for a short distance*; κατὰ βραχύ *little by little*; ἐν βραχεῖ *shortly, briefly*; διὰ βραχείων *in few words*, Lat. *brevisus, paucis*; διὰ βραχυτάτων or ἐν βραχυτάτοις, Lat. *quam brevissime.*

βραχυ-σίδηρος, ov, (βραχύς, σίδηρος): ἄκαν. βραχυ-σίδηρος *a dart with a short, small head.*

βραχυ-σκελής, ἐς, (βραχύς, σκέλος) *short-legged.*

βραχυ-σύμβολος, ov, (βραχύς, σύμβολον) *bringing a small contribution.*

βραχύ-τονος, ov, (βραχύς, τείνω) *reaching a short way.*

βραχυ-τράχηλος, ov, (βραχύς, τράχηλος) *short-necked.*

βραχύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (βραχύς) *shortness: scantiness, deficiency.*

βραχυ-φεγγίτης, ov, ὁ, (βραχύς, φέγγος) *giving a short or scant light.* [ῖ]

βραχύ-φύλλος, ov, (βραχύς, φύλλον) *with few leaves.*

*ΒΡΑΧΩ, only used in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἔβραχε or βράχε, *to rattle, clasp, ring, roar.*

βρέγμα, atos, τό, (βρέχω) *the top of the head, Lat. sinciput.*

βρεκεκέξ, sound to imitate *the croaking of frogs.*

ΒΡΕΜΩ, only used in pres. and impf., the Lat. *FREMO, to roar, of the wave or wind; to clasp, of arms; to roar, clamour, of a crowd.* Also in Med.

ΒΡΕΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, an unknown water-bird, of stately bearing: hence II. *arrogance.* Hence

βρενθόμαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., *to be of a proud carriage, bold one's head high, swagger.*

βρέξις, εως, ἡ, (βρέχω) *a wetting.*

ΒΡΕΤΑΣ, τό, gen. βρέτεος, nom. pl. βρέτη, *a wooden image of a god.*

ΒΡΕΨΟΣ, eos, τό, the child unborn, Lat. *foetus*, = ἐμβρυον. II. *the new-born babe, whelp or cub.*

βρεχμός, ὁ, = βρέγμα.

ΒΡΕΨΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἔβρεξα:—Pass., aor. I ἔβρεχθην: aor. 2 ἔβραχθην [ᾶ]: pf. βέβρεγμα:—*to wet on the surface, moisten, sprinkle, opp. to τέγωω*:—Pass. *to be wetted or drenched.* 2. impers. βρέχει, like ὕει, Lat. *pluit, it rains.*

ΒΡΙ-, [ῖ], insepar. intensive Prefix, whence come βριάω, βριαρός.

Βριάρεως, ὁ, *Strong*, a hundred-handed giant, so called by the gods, but by men Aegaeon. [In Ep., trisyll. Βριάρ'ως.]

βριάρος, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. βριερός, ἡ, ὄν, (βριάω) *strong.*

βριάω, (βρι-) *to strengthen, to make strong.* II. intr. *to be strong.*

ΒΡΙΨΩ, fut. ἔω, *to nod, slumber, sleep.*

βρῖ-ἦπτος, ov, (βρι-, ἄπτω) *loud shouting.*

βριθός, eos, τό, (βρίθω) *weight.*

βριθοσύνη, ἡ, (βριθός) *weight, heaviness.*

βριθύ-νοος, ov, (βριθύς, νόος) *grave-minded, thoughtful.*

βριθύς, εἶα, ὕ, (βρίθω) *weighty, heavy.*

ΒΡΙΘΩ, f. βρίαω, Ep. inf. βρισμεν: aor. I ἔβρισα: perf. βέβριθα:—*to be heavy, to be weighed down or heavy laden with a thing*:—Med., μήκων καρπῶ βριθομένη *a poppy laden with fruit*; ἔρις Βεβριθία, Ep. for βεβριθία, *weighty strife.* 2. of men, *to outweigh, prevail: to be superior in the fight, to be master.* II. trans. *to load, press.*

βριμόμαι and βριτόμαι, Dep. *to snort with anger, be wrathful, furious.* (Formed from the sound.)

βριτο-άρματος, ov, (βρίθω, ἄρμα) *loading the car.*

ΒΡΟΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, *the windpipe, trachea.*

βρομέω, = βρέμω, *to buzz, hum, of gnats.*

βρομίζομαι, Dep. *to revel like Bacchus.* From

βρόμος, α, ov, (βρόμος) *roaring, boisterous*:—hence

ὁ Βρόμος, *the boisterous god, a name of Bacchus.* 2.

= Βάκχιος, *Bacchic.*

Βρομο-ώδης, ἐς, (βρόμος, εἶδος) *Bacchic.*

βρόμος, ὁ, (βρέμω) Lat. *fremitus, any loud noise or roaring, as of fire, etc.*

βροντάω, f. ἦσω, to thunder: βροντᾶ, impers., it thunders, Lat. tonat. From

ΒΡΟΝΤΗ΄, ἦ, thunder. II. the state of one struck with thunder, astonishment.

βρόντημα, ατος, τό, (βροντάω) a thunder-clap.

Βρόντης, ου, δ, (βροντή) Thunderer, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus.

βροντησι-κέραυνος, ου, (βροντάω, κεραυνός) sending thunder and lightning.

βροντ-ώδης, ες, (βροντή, εἶδος) thundering.

βρότεος, ου, also α, ου, Ep. βρότεος, η, ου, (βροτός) mortal, human.—So also βροτήσιος, α, ου.

βροτο-βάμων, ου, (βροτός, βῆμα) trampling on men.

[ā] βροτό-γηρυς, υ, gen. vos, (βροτός, γῆρυς) with human voice, of a parrot.

βροτέος, εσσα, εν, (βροτός) bloody, gory.

βροτοκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to murder men. From

βροτο-κτόνος, ου, (βροτός, κτείνω) man-slaying.

βροτο-λοιγός, ου, (βροτός, λογιός) bane of men.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ΄, δ, a mortal, man, opp. to θάνατος or θείος: as Adj. mortal.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ΄, δ, blood from a wound, gore.

βροτο-σκοπός, ου, (βροτός, σκοπέω) watching men.

βροτο-σαγγής, ἐς, (βροτός, σαγγέω) man-bating. II. pass. bated by men.

βροτο-φειγγής, ἐς, (βροτός, φέγγος) giving light to men.

βροτο-φθόρος, ου, (βροτός, φθείρω) man-destroying.

βροτόω, (βρότος) to stain with gore.

βροχετός, δ, (βρέχω) a wetting, rain.

βροχέως, Aeol. for βραχέως.

ΒΡΟΧΘΟΣ΄, δ, the throat.

βροχίς, ἦ, (βρέχω) an ink-born.

ΒΡΟΧΟΣ΄, δ, a noose or slip-knot, for banging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net.

*ΒΡΟΧΩ, aor. I ἐβροξα, to gulp down: cp. ἀναβρίχω, καταβρίχω.

βρούζω, (βρώω) to teem with plenty, overflow.

βρούδην, Adv. (βρούω) snarling or with clenched teeth.

βρυγγός, δ, (βρύχω) a snarling, biting: a grinding or gnashing of teeth.

ΒΡΥΓΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐβρυξα: to bite, devour. Cf. βρύχω. [v]

ΒΡΥΓΓΑΛΩ, = βρῦν εἰπῶν, v. sq.

βρῦν, βρῦν εἰπεῖν to cry for drink.

βρούξ, only in acc. βρύχα, the depth of the sea.

βρυχάομαι, fut. med. βρυχήσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐβρυχήσθην: Ep. pf. βέβρυχα (so μέμηκα, μέμικα from μηκάομαι, μικάομαι): Dep.: (βρύχω):—to roar, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence

βρύχημα, ατος, τό, a roaring: and

βρύχητής, ου, δ, a bellower, bowler.

βρύχλος, ου, also α, ου, (βρούξ) from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ἡχώ an echo from the deep. [v]

ΒΡΥΓΧΩ, fut. βρούξω: aor. 2 ἐβρύχων:—Pass., aor. I ἐβρύχθην:—the same as βρούω. [v]

ΒΡΥΓΩ, mostly in pres. and impf.; rare in fut. βρύσω:—to be full of anything, swell or teem with. II. trans. to cause to burst forth.

βρώμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκω) that which is eaten, food. βρωμάομαι, aor. I ἐβρωμησάμην: Dep.: (βρέμω):—to bray like an ass, Lat. rudere.

βρώμη, ἦ, (βιβρώσκω) βρώμα, food.

βρώσιμος, ου, (βρώσις) eatable, solid.

βρώσις, εως, ἦ, (βιβρώσκω) meat, opp. to πῶσις (drink). II. an eating into, corrosion, rust.

βρωτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (βιβρώσκω) an eater, devourer.

βρωτός, ἦ, ου, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκω, eatable:—βρωτόν, τό, = βρώσις.

βρωτός, υός, ἦ, (βιβρώσκω) Ion. for βρώσις.

βύβλιος, η, ου, (βύβλος) made of byblus.

ΒΥ΄ΒΑΟΣ, ἦ, the Egyptian papyrus. II. its coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.: βύβλοι, αἱ, leaves of byblus; hence, a book: also in pl. τὰ βύβλια. [v]

βύζην, Adv. (βύζω) close-pressed, closely, thickly.

βυθίζω, f. ἴσω, (βυθός) to sink in the deep, immerse.

βυθός, α, ου, (βυθός) in the deep, sunken, deep. II. of the deep; βύθια (sub. ζα) water-animals. [v]

βυθίτης, ου, δ, βυθίτις, ιδος, ἦ, = βύθιος.

ΒΥ΄ΘΟΣ΄, δ, the depth, the deeps of the sea.

βυκίτης, ου, δ, (βύω) masc. Adj. blustering: Ep. gen. pl. βυκίτια.

βύνω, Att. for βύω.

ΒΥ΄ΡΣΑ ἦ, the skin stripped off, a hide.

βυρσο-αἰετός, δ, (βύρσα, αἰετός) leather-eagle, nickname of Cleon the tanner.

βυρσεύς, εως, δ, a tanner. From

βυρσεύω, f. σω, (βύρσα) to dress hides, tan.

βυρσίνη, ἦ, a leathern thong. [r] Fem. from

βύρσιος, η, ου, (βύρσα) made of skin or leather.

βυρσοδεψέω, f. ἦσω, to dress hides, be a tanner. From

βυρσο-δέψω, ου, δ, (βύρσα, δέψω) a tanner.

βυρσο-παφλαγών, ὄνος, δ, (βύρσα, Παφλαγών) the leather-Parphlagonian, nickname of Cleon.

βυρσο-πώλης, ου, δ, (βύρσα, πωλέω) a leather-seller.

βυρσο-τενής, ἐς, and βυρσο-τόνος, ου, (βύρσα, τείνω) with skin or leather stretched over.

βύσσινος, η, ου, (βύσσιος) made of fine linen.

βυρσο-δομεύω, (βυρσός, δομεύω) to build in the deeps: hence to meditate deeply.

βυρσοόθεν, Adv. (βυρσός) from the bottom.

βυρσο-μέτρης, ου, δ, (βυρσός, μετρέω) measuring the deeps.

βυρσός, δ, = βυθός, the depth or bottom of the sea.

ΒΥ΄ΣΣΟΣ΄, ἦ, fine flax: fine linen.

βυρσο-φρων, ου, (βυρσός, φρήν) deep-thinking.

ΒΥ΄Ω: f. βύσω [v]: aor. I ἐβύσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐβύσθην: pf. βέβυσμαι:—to stuff full; νήματος βεβυσμένος stuffed full of spun-work; σπογγίω βεβυσμένος bunged up with sponge.

βῶ, aor. 2 act. subj. of βαίνω.

βαθέω, Ion. contr. for βοηθέω.

βωκολιάσδω, -αστής, Dor. for βουκ--.

βωκόλος, βωκολικός, Dor. for βουκ--.

βώκος, ὄ, Dor. for βούκος.

βωλάκιος, α, ον, (βῶλαξ) forming clods, of rich loam.

βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ἦ, = βῶλος, a clod of earth.

βῶλιον, τό, Dim. of βῶλος, a clod.

ΒΩΛΟΣ, ἦ, Lat. GLEBA, a clod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mass of anything: so even of the sun.

βωλο-τόμος, ον, (βῶλος, τεμεῖν) clod-breaking.

βῶμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βωμός) on or at the altar.

βωμῖς, ἴδος, ἦ, Dim. of βωμός: a step.

βωμολόχευμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jest. From

βωμολοχεύομαι, Δε, to practise coarse buffoonery, indulge in ribald jests. From

βωμο-λόχος, ον, (βωμῖς, λοχάω) lurking about the altars, for the scraps that could be got there, a starving, beggar: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, buffoon.

βωμός, ὄ, (βαίνω) any raised place for standing on, a stand, Lat. suggestus: a raised place for sacrificing, an altar; later also a funeral mound, cairn, Lat. tumulus.

βῶν, Ep. for βοῦν, acc. of βοῦς: also contr. gen. plur.

βώσας, contr. for βοήσας, aor. I part. of βῶω.

βῶσι, 3 plur. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βωστρέω, (βῶω) to call on, to call to aid.

βῶτας, Dor. for βούτης.

βῶτα-άνετρα, ἦ, (βύσσω, ἀνήρ) man-feeding, nurse of heroes. [ᾗ]

βῶτωρ, οπος, ὄ, = βοτής, a herdsman.

Γ

Γ, γ, γάμμα, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral γ', = three, third: but γ = 3000.—Before the palatals γ κ χ and before ξ, γ is pronounced like η in ης, as ἄγγος ἄγκος ἄγχη ἄγξω.

For the digamma, v. σ σ.

Homer uses γ as an aspirate before some words, as αἶα γαῖα, δούπος γδοῦπος: so also in Att., before λ and ν, e. g. λήμη γλήμη, νέφος γνόφος.

In Dor. δ is sometimes put for γ, as δᾶ δνόφος for γῆ γνόφος: also γ for β, βλέφαρον γλέφαρον; but in Att., β for γ, γλήχων Βλήχων; also for κ, γνάπτω κνάπτω: and for λ, γήιον λήιον.

γᾶ, Dor. for γαῖα.

γᾶ, Dor. and Aeol. for γῆ, earth.

γαγάμη, ἦ, or γάγγαμον, τό, a small round net.

γάγγραινα, ἦ, (γράω, γραίω) a gangrene, an eating sore ending in mortification.

γαῖα, ἦ, the royal treasure: riches. (Persian word.)

γαζο-φυλάκιον, τό, (γάζα, φυλάκη) a treasury, Lat. aeararium.

γαθέω, Dor. for γηθέω.

γαῖα, ἦ, gen. γαίας, Ep. γαίης (but not γαίη in nom.,

except in late Poets), like αἶα, poet. for γῆ, earth, ground, soil: one's country.

γαυόχος, ον, Dor. for γαυόχος.

γαυρηγής, ἐς, poet. for γρηγής.

γαῖῆος, η, ον, (γαῖα) sprung from Earth.

γαῖη-όχος, ον, (γαῖα, ἔχω) poet. for γηοῦχος, earth-urpolding, earth-surrounding, epith. of Poseidon: of other gods, protecting a country.

γαῖος, ον, Dor. for γήιος, on land.

ΓΑΙΩ, only used in partic., κῦδει γαίων exulting in his strength.

ΓΑ'ΛΑ, gen. γάλακτος, τό, milk. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. γάλακ-τος).

γάλαθνήος, ὄν, (γάλα) sucking, infant.

γάλακτινος, η, ον, milky, milk-white.

γάλακτο-πάγης, ἐς, (γάλα, παγγῆναι) like curdled milk.

γαλακτο-πότης, ου, ὄ, (γάλα, πέ-ποτα, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) a milk-drinker.

γαλάνα, γαλανός, Dor. for γαλήνη, γαληνός.

ΓΑΛΕ'Η, ἐης, contr. γαλή, ἦς, ἦ, the marten-cat or polecat, Lat. mustela.

γαλερός, ἄ, ὄν, cheerful. Adv. -ῶς.

γάλεώτης, ου, ὄ, (γαλέη) a kind of spotted lizard.

γάλη, ἦ, contr. for γαλέη.

γάληναῖος, α, ον, = γαληνός.

γάληνεια, Dor. γαλάνεια, ἦ, = sq.

ΓΑ'ΔΗ'ΝΗ, ἦ, stillness of wind and wave, calm, γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail through the calm: generally, calm, tranquillity. Hence

γαληνῶω, Ep. part. fem. γαληνῶσα, to be calm.

γάληνός, ὄν, (γαλήνη) calm, still, serene: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., γαληνά a calm, γαλήν' ὄρω I see a calm.

Γάλλος, ὄ, a priest of Cybelé: a eunuch.

γάλο-ουρῶς, -ουργός, -ουχέω, -ουχία, = γαλακ--.

ΓΑ'ΔΟΥΩΣ, ὄ, gen. γάλωα, nom. pl. γαλόω: Att.

γάλως, gen. γάλωα, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc. is δάηρ. [ᾗ]

γάμαι, Dor. for γῆμαι, aor. I inf. of γάμέω.

γαμβρός, ὄ, (γαμέω) any connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: 1. a son-in-law. 2. a brother-

in-law. 3. a father-in-law. II. in Dor. and Aeol. a bridegroom.

γάμεν, Dor. for ἔγημεν, 3 sing. aor. I of γάμέω.

γάμεττή, ἦ, fem. of γαμέτης, a wife.

γάμέτης, ον, Dor. gen. γαμέτῃ, ὄ, a husband, spouse: and

γάμέτης, ἴδος, ἦ, a wife. From

γάμέω: fut. γαμέω, Att. γαμῶ, later γαμήσω: fut. aor. I ἔγημα; later ἐγάμησα: pf. γεγάμηκα.—Med., fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσεται, Att. γαμοῦμαι: aor. I ἔγημᾶμην.—Pass., aor. I ἐγαμήθην,

poët. part. γαμεθείς: pf. γεγάμημαι: (γάμος). To marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere; ἐκ κακοῦ, ἐξ ἀγαθοῦ γῆμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. II.

Med. to give in marriage, 1. of the woman, to give herself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere. 2.

of the parents, to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a husband for the daughter. III. Pass. to be wedded or taken to wife.

γαμήλευμα, ατος, τό, = γάμος.

γαμήλιος, α, ον, (γαμέω) bridal, Lat. nuptialis: γαμηλία (sub. θυσία), ή, a marriage-feast.

Γαμηλιών, ἄνος, ὁ, the seventh month of the Attic year, from γαμέω, because it was the usual time for weddings: it answered to the end of January and beginning of February. See Αθηναίων.

γαμίζω, f. ἴσω, (γάμος) to give in marriage.

γαμικός, ή, ὄν, (γάμος) bridal; τὰ γαμικά a wedding, Lat. nuptiae. Adv. -κῶς, as at a wedding.

γαμίσκω, = γαμίζω.

γάμο-κλόπος, ον, (γάμος, κλέπτω) adulterous: as Subst. an adulterer.

γά-μόρος, ὁ, Dor. for γημόρος.

ΓΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a wedding, marriage: also wedlock, matrimony: in pl. a marriage-feast, Lat. nuptiae.

γαμό-στολος, ον, (γάμος, στέλλω) preparing marriage.

γαμφηλαί, ὦν, αἰ, (γαμφός, γαμπτός) the jaws of a beast; the beak of a bird.

γαμφός, ή, ὄν, (καμπτώ) bent, curved, crooked.

γᾶν, Dor. for γῆν, γαῖαν.

γᾶνώ, (γάνος) to sl. ne, glitter, gleam: to look bright and fresh, Lat. nitere: metaph. to be cheerful.

ΓΑΝΟΣ, εος, τό, brightness, sheen: beauty, a charm, delight. [ᾶ] Hence

γάνω, to make bright or shining: pf. pass. part. γεγανωμένος, glad-looking, joyous, Lat. nitidus.

γανός, ὡσαυτ, Ep. part. of γανῶν.

γάνυμαι, Ep. fut. γανύσομαι: Dep.: (γάνος):—to brighten up, be delighted at a thing. Hence

γάνυσμα, ατος, τό, = γάνος.

γά-πέδον, τό, Dor. for γῆπεδον. [ᾶ]

γά-πετής, γᾶ-πόνος, γά-ποτος, Dor. for γη-.

ΓΑΡ, Conjunction, for, Lat. enim, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief usages are I. to introduce the reason: when the reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by since or as; 'Ατρείδη, πολλοὶ γάρ τεθνᾶσιν Ἀχαιοί, since many Achaeans are dead, etc.; so in parenthesis, as καί, ἦν γάρ ὁ Μαραθῶν ἐπιτηδῶτατον, etc., and, since Marathon was the fittest place, etc. II. to strengthen I. a question, like Lat. nam, Engl. why, what, τίς γάρ σε ἦκεν why who hath sent thee? 2. a wish, κακῶς γάρ ἐβόλοιο O that you might perish! in Homer use. αἰ γάρ, Att. εἰ or εἶθε γάρ, Lat. utinam, O that! so also πῶς γάρ, would that!

γαργαίρω, f. ἀρῶ, (γάργαρα) to swarm with.

γαργαλίζω, Att. for γαργαλίζω, (γάργαλος) to tickle. Hence

γαργαλισμός, οὔ, ὁ, a tickling.

ΓΑΡΓΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, a tickling, itching. [ᾶ]

ΓΑΡΓΑΡΑ, τά, heaps, lots, plenty.

γᾶρῶν, Dor. for γηρῶν.

γαστήρ, gen. γαστέρος syncop. γαστρός, dat. plur. γαστράσι [ᾶ], ή:—the paunch, belly, Lat. venter; γαστήρ ἄσπιδος the hollow of a shield. 2. the womb, ἐν γαστρὶ φέρειν or ἔχειν to be with child. 3. metaph. appetite, in a bad sense, gluttony. Hence

γαστήρ, Ion. γάστρη, ή, the belly of a jar, etc.

γαστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστρίον.

γαστρίζω, f. ἴσω, (γαστρίς) to fill one's belly. II.

to hit on the belly, a trick in boxing.

γαστρί-μαργος, ον, (γαστήρ, μάργος) gluttonous.

γαστρίον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.

γαστρίς, ιος, ὁ, ή, (γαστήρ) pot-bellied: a glutton.

γαστρο-βάρής, ἐς, (γαστήρ, βαρῦς) heavy with child.

γαστρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) to bear in the womb, be pregnant.

γαστρο-ώδης, ἐς, (γαστήρ, εἶδος) pot-bellied.

γαυλικός, ή, ὄν, (γαῦλος) of or for a merchant ship.

γαυλιτικός, ή, ὄν, = γαυλικός.

ΓΑΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, a milk-pail: a water-bucket: any round vessel, e. g. a bee-hive: hence II. γαῦλος, ὁ, a round built merchant-vessel, galley.

γαυριάω, only used in pres. to bear oneself proudly, pride oneself. From

γαῦρος, ον, also α, ον, (γαῖω) exulting in a thing: haughty, disdainful: skittish. Hence

γαυρόμαι, Pass. to exult in a thing: to be haughty, disdainful. Hence

γαύρωμα, ατος, τό, a subject for boasting.

ΓΕ, Dor. γα, enclitic Particle, Lat. quidem, at least, at any rate; ὃ γ' ἐνθάδε λέως at any rate the people here: often attached to pronouns, ἔγωγε, σύγε, ὄγε. 2. well then, then, implying unwillingness, εἰμί γε well, I will go. 3. and indeed, too; καλῶς γε ποῖων and quite right too! 4. to strengthen oaths, νῆ Δία . . γε, with a word between, to which γε usu. refers. II. even; ἦλθον Ἀμφιάρεω γε πρὸς βίαν against even Amphiaras' will.

γέα-οχος, ον, Dor. for γαιήοχος.

γέγᾶ, Ep. for γέγονα, perf. of γίγνομαι, to have been born, to be, live: pl. γέγαμεν, γεγάδατε, γεγάασι: but γεγάμεν [ᾶ] inf., for γεγαέναι, Dor. γεγάκειν [ᾶ]: part. γεγαώς, -άωσα, Att. contr. γεγῶς, -άωσα, like βεβαῖως, Βεβῶς.

γέγᾶθα, Dor. for γέγηθα; pf. of γηθεῖν.

γεγάκειν, Dor. pf. inf. of γίγνομαι: see γέγαα.

γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, see γέγαα.

γεγάμηκα, pf. of γαμέω.

γέγενηκα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγευμαι, pf. pass. of γεύω.

γέγηθα, γεγῆθε, pf. and Ep. plqpf. of γηθεῖν.

γεγηρακα, pf. of γηρασκω.

γέγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.

γεγόμεφωμαι, pf. pass. of γομφώω.

γέγονα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γράφω.

γεγράφομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφω.

γεγύμνακα, γεγύμνασμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γυμνάω.

ΓΕΓΩΝΑ, perf. with pres. sense, part. γεγωνάς, plqpf. *γεγώνειν* with impf. sense:—the other tenses are formed as if from pres. *γεγώνα* or *γεγωνέω*,—inf. *γεγωνέειν*, Ep. *γεγωνέμεν*; impf. *ἐγγώνευσεν* or *γεγώνευσεν* for *ἐγγώνεον*, 3 sing. also *ἐγγέγωνε*; aor. I inf. *γεγωνήσῃαι*: verb. Adj. *γεγωνητέον*. To call or cry so as to be heard, to call aloud; ὅσον τε γέγωνε βοήσας as far as he could make himself heard by shouting: c. acc. rei, to call out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

γεγωνητέον, verb. Adj. of *γεγωνέω*, one must proclaim aloud.

γεγωνίσκω, lengthd. pres. for *γέγωνα*, to proclaim.

γεγωνός, ὄν, Adj. from part. *γεγωνάς*, (like *ἀραρός*, ὄν, from *ἀραρός*), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

γεγώς, ὄσα, ὤσα, Att. part. pf. of *γίγνομαι*, for *γεγωνός*, *γεγαός*, see *γάω*.

Γεέννα, ἡ, Heb. *Gebenna*, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt:—hence as a name for *hell-fire*, *bell*.

γει-πόνος, etc., v. *γεωπ*—

γει-ἀροτής, οὐ, ὄ, (γῆ, ἀρόω) a plougher of earth.

γεινάμενος, aor. I part. of *γίνομαι*.

γεινεαί, Ep. for *γένηται*, 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of *γίνομαι*.

γίνομαι, Pass. to be begotten, be born. II. the aor. I *ἐγεγάμην*, *γείνασθαι* is always used in causal sense, = *γεννάω*, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to bear, bring forth; οἱ γεινάμενοι the parents.

γειο-μόρος, etc., = *γεωμόρος*.

γειο-φόρος, ον, (γῆ, φέρω) earth-bearing.

ΓΕΓΞΟΝ or γέξσον, τό, anything projecting so as to shelter, the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the hem of a garment. (Of Carian origin.)

γειτνίασις, εως, ἡ, neighbourhood: the neighbours. From

γειτνιάω, (γείτων) to be a neighbour, to border on. γειτονεύω and γειτονέω, = *γειτνιάω*.

γειτόσυνος, ον, neighbouring, near. From

ΓΕΓΥΤΩΝ, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, a neighbour. III. as Adj. neighbouring, bordering:—metaph. akin to, like.

γελάισας, Aeol. for *γελάσας*.

γελάζας, Dor. for *γελάσας*.

γελάνης, ἐς, (γελάω) laughing, cheerful.

γελάντι, Dor. for *γελάντι*, dat. part. of *γελάω*.

γελάοισα and γελεῦσα, Dor. for *γελάουσα*.

γελάσα, Dor. for *γελάσα*, fem. nom. part. of *γελάω*.

γελασεῖω, Desiderat. of *γελάω*, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γέλασμα, ατος, τό, (γελάω) a laugh; κυμάτων ἀνθρήμων γέλασμα 'the many-twinkling smile of Ocean.'

γελαστής, οὐ, ὄ, (γελάω) a laugber, sneerer.

γελαστός, ἡ, ὄν, laughable, laughed at. From

ΓΕΛΑΪΩ, Ep. *γελάω*, Ep. part. pl. *γελάοντες*, *γελάοντες*, or *γελαιόντες*: Ep. impf. *γελαιών* or *-ών*:

fut. *γελάσομαι*: aor. I *ἐγέλασα*, Ep. *ἐγέλασσα*, Dor. *ἐγέλαφα*.—Pass., aor. I *ἐγελάσθην*: pf. *γεγέλασμαι*: —to laugh, Lat. *rideo*; ἐγέλασσε φίλον κῆρ his heart laughed within him. II. to laugh at, sneer at.

ΓΕ'ΑΓΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ; pl. γέλγιδες or γέλγεις: = *ἀγλῖς*, a bead, clove of garlic, Lat. *spica allii*.

γελοῖτος, Ep. for *γελοῖος*.

γελοῖος, α, ον, also os, ον, (γελάω) laughable, absurd. II. humorous, facetious: γέλοια jests.

γελοίων, Ep. impf. of *γελάω*.

γελοῖοντες, part. pres. of *γελοῖω*.

γελώω, γελώντες, Ep. for *γελάω*, *γελάοντες*.

γελῶντι, Dor. for *γελῶσι*.

γελῶντες, poet. for *γελῶντες*.

γέλως, ὄ: gen. *ωτος* Att. *ω*: dat. *γέλωτι* Ep. *γέλω*: acc. *γέλωτα* Ep. *γέλω*, in Att. Poets *γέλω*: (γελάω): laughtr, Lat. *risus*; ἐπὶ γέλωτι for laughtr's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laughtr,

Lat. *ludibrium*; γέλωτα ποιεῖσθαι τι to make a joke of it.

γελωτοποιά, ἡ, buffoonery. From

γελωτο-ποιός, ὄν, (γέλως, ποιέω) exciting laughtr: as *Subst.*, γελωτοποιός, οὐ, ὄ, a jester.

γελῶν, Ep. impf., γελῶντες, Ep. part. of *γελάω*.

γεμίζω, f. ἴω, Att. ἰῶ, (γέμω) to fill, load or freight with a thing:—Pass. to be freighted.

γέμος, τό, = γύμος, a freight. From

ΓΕΜΩ, used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a thing, to be full.

γενεά, ἄσ, Ion. γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, (*γένω) birth; ὁπλοτερος γενεῆ younger by birth; ἐκ γενεῆς from birth.

II. birth, race, descent; γενεῆ ἐπέρτερος higher by blood: of horses, breed. III. a generation, Lat. *saeculum*; δῖα γενεαὶ μερόπων ἀνθρώπων.

IV. offspring, descendants.

γενεαλόγέω, f. ἦω, (γενεαλόγος) to trace a pedigree; γενεαλογεῖν τινα to trace his pedigree:—Pass. to derive one's pedigree. Hence

γενεαλογία, ἡ, a tracing one's descent, genealogy. From

γενεα-λόγος, ὄ, (γενεά, λέγω) a genealogist.

γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, Ion. for *γενεά*: Ep. dat. *γενεῆφι*.

γενέθλι, ἡ, birth, origin, descent: of horses, breed. 2. birth-place; ἀργύρου γενέθλι a mine of silver.

γενεθλίδιος, ον, = *γενέθλιος*.

γενέθλιος, ον, belonging to one's birth, Lat. *natalis*; γενέθλιον ἡμῶν one's birth-day; τὰ γενέθλια a birth-day feast; γενέθλιοι θεοὶ the gods of one's race;

γενέθλιον αἷμα kindred blood.

γενέθλον, τό, = *γενέθλι*, descent. 2. offspring.

γενειάζω, Dor. = *γενεῖω*, to get a beard, come to man's estate.

γενειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (γένειον) a beard. 2. in plur. the cheeks.

γενειάσκω, = *γενειάζω*, to get a beard.

γενειάτης, Ion. γενειήτης, ὄ: fem. γενειάτις or -άτις, ἴδος, (γενειάς) bearded.

γενειάω, f. ἴω, = *γενειάζω*, to get a beard.

γένειον, τό, (γένυς) *the part covered by the beard, the lower part of the face, the chin.*

γένεο, Ep. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of γίγνομαι.

γενέσιος, ov, = γενέθλιος. II. τὰ γενέσια *a birth-day feast:—also, a day kept in memory of the dead.*

γένεσις, εως, ἡ, (*γένω) *an origin, source: birth, race, descent.*

γενέσκειο, Ion. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι. γενέτειρα, fem. of γενετήρ, (*γένω) *she that gives birth, a mother.* II. *she that is born, a daughter.*

γενετή, ἡ, = γενεή, *birth.*

γενετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = γενέτης.

γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (*γένω) *the begetter, a father, ancestor.* 2. *the begotten, son.* II. as Adj., = γενέθλιος.

γενετυλλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*γένω) *goddess of one's birth hour.*

γενέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενέτης, *a father.*

γένευ, Ion. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενηθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imperat. of γίγνομαι.

γενήτις, ἡ: gen. γενήτιδος, contr. γενῆδος: = γενύς, *the edge of an axe: an axe, pickaxe, mattock.*

γένημα, ατος, τό, = γέννημα.

γέννά, ἡ, poet. for γένος, *descent, offspring.*

γεννάδας [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, plur. γεννάδαι, (γέννα) *noble, in mind or birth, Lat. generosus.*

γενναίο-πρεπής, εως, (γενναίος, πρέπω) *befitting a noble.* Adv. -πῶς.

γενναίος, α, ov, also os, ov, (γέννα) *suitable to one's birth or descent: οὐ μοι γενναίον it fits not my big blood: noble both in mind and blood, big-born, big-minded: of animals, thorough-bred: of things, good of their kind: but also, γενναία δὴν genuine, intense misery.* Hence

γενναϊότης, ητος, ἡ, *nobility, nobleness of character: of land, fertility.*

γενναίως, Adv. of γενναίος, *nobly: Sup. γενναϊότατα.*

γεννάω, f. ἦσω, (γέννα) *to beget, of the father; to bear, bring forth, of the mother; οἱ γεννήσαντες the parents.* II. *to generate, produce.* Hence

γέννημα, ατος, τό, *that which is produced, a child: any product.* II. *one's nature.* III. *a begetting.*

γέννησις, εως, ἡ, *a begetting, producing.*

γεννήτης, ου, ὁ, (γεννάω) *a parent, Lat. paterfamilias.*

γεννητός, ἡ, ὄν, (γεννάω) *begotten or born.*

γεννητώρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενέτωρ.

γεννηκός, ἡ, ὄν, = γενναίος, *brave, spirited.* Adv. -ῶς.

γενοίαιτο, Ep. and Ion. for γένουιτο.

γενοίμαν, Dor. aor. 2 opt. of γίγνομαι.

γένος, εως, τό, (*γένω) *race, descent: freq. in acc. absol. γένος, as ἐξ Ἰθάκης γένος εἰμί I am of Ithaca by descent; so in dat., γένοιτο πολίτης a citizen by birth.*

II. *a descendant, a child, as Virgil's Divi genus.* III. *a race in regard to number, a nation.*

2. *a race in regard to time, an age, gene-*

ration. IV. *sex: gender.*

V. *kind, genus,*

opp. to εἶδος, *species.*

γέντο, *be grasped*, = ἔλαβεν, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form: prob. Aeol. for ἔλετο, —γ representing the digamma. II. *contr. for ἐγένετο.*

ΓΕΝΤΪ Ζ, ἡ, gen. γένυος; dat. γένυι: plur., dat. γένυσι, Ep. γένυσι; acc. γένυας, contr. γένύς. *The under jaw; γένυες, both jaws, the mouth: hence also the cheek, chin.* II. *the edge of an axe, a biting axe.*

*ΓΕΝΩ, obsol. pres., Root of γίγνομαι.

γέρα, Ep. contr. from γέρεα, pl. of γέρας.

γεραῖός, á, ὄν, (γέραν, γηραῖός) *old: venerable.*

Comp. γεραίτερος; οἱ γεραῖτεροι, *the elders, Lat. senatores.* Sup. γεραίτατος.

γεραῖο-φλοῖος, ov, (γεραῖός, φλοῖός) *with wrinkled skin.*

γεραίρω, f. γεραῖῶ: aor. I ἐγέρημα, inf. γεραῖρα: aor. 2 ἐγέραρον: (γέρας):—*to honour or reward with a gift: generally, to honour.*

γεραίτερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γεραῖός.

ΓΕΡΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GRUS, *a crane.*

γεραῖός, ἡ, ὄν, = γεραῖός.

γεραῖρός, á, ὄν, (γεραίρω) *reverend, stately; γεραροὶ priests, γεραραὶ priestesses.*

ΓΕΡΑΣ, αος, τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion γέρεα, Ep. contr. γέρα:—*a gift of honour, prize, generally, a gift, honour; metaph., γέρας θανόντων the last honour of the dead.* II. *a privilege, prerogative.* Hence

γεράσιμος, ov, *honouring.* II. *honoured.*

Γεράσιος, *a Spartan month.*

γερασ-φόρος, ov, (γέρας, φέρω) *winning honour.*

γέρα, Ion. nom. pl. of γέρας.

γεροντᾶγωγέω, f. ἦσω, *to guide an old man.* From

γεροντ-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (γέρον, ἄγω) *guiding an old man.*

γεροντία, ἡ, Lacon. for γερουσία.

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρον, *a little old man.*

γερουσία, ἡ, (γέρον) *a Council of Elders, Senate,*

esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28. II. *an embassy.*

γερούσιος, α, ov, (γέρον) *belonging to the elders or chiefs; οἶνος γερούσιος wine reserved for them.*

γέρον, τό, (εἶρω) Lat. gerra, *anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Persians wore.* 2. *a wattle but.*

γερο-φόροι, οἱ, (γέρον, φέρω) *troops that wore wicker shields: v. foreg.*

ΓΕΡΩΝ, ovτος, ὁ, *an old man, Lat. senex: οἱ γέροντες the Elders or Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council: hence the Senators, like Lat. Patres, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number.*

II. as Adj. γέρον, ov, but almost always with masc. Subst. as γέρον λόγος: γέρον σάκος however occurs in Homer.

γεῦμα, ατος, τό, (γεύω) *a taste of a thing.*

γεύσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of γεύω.

ΓΕΥΩ, f. γεύσω: aor. I ἐγευσα:—*to give one a taste of a thing.* II. Med. γεύομαι, fut. γεύσομαι:

aor. I ἐγευσάμην: with pf. pass. γέγευμαι:—to taste or eat of a thing; 3 pl. plrpf. ἐγγέγουσσι, they had tasted, eaten: hence to try, make prof. have experience of; δοῦρὸς γεύσασθαι to taste, i. e. feel, the spear: to enjoy.

ΓΕΨΤΡΑ, ἡ, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom. always in plur.:—in Hom. also, πολέμοιο γέφυρα the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field. II.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυραν ζευγνύειν or γεφύραζευγνύειν ποταμὸν to build a bridge over a river, Lat. ponte jungere fluvium. Hence

γεφύρω, f. ὦσα, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφύρωσε ποταμὸν [the tree] made a bridge over the river; γεφύρωσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way:—Pass., ἐγεφύρωθη ὁ πύρος the strait had a bridge made over it.

γεωγραφία, ἡ, geography. From γεωγράφος, ον, (γη, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., γεωγράφος, ον, ὁ, a geographer.

γεώλοφος, ὁ, (γη, λόφος) a hill, hillock: also γεώλοφον, τό, and γεωλοφία, ἡ.

γεωμετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure land, to measure. From γεωμέτρης, ον, ὁ, (γη, μετρέω) a land-measurer, geometer. Hence

γεωμετρία, ἡ, land-measuring, geometry: and γεωμετρικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ἡ γεωμετρική (sub. τέχνη), geometry: γεωμετρικός, οὔ, ὁ, a geometrician. Adv. —κῶς.

γεωμορία, ἡ, a division of lands: tillage. From γεωμόρος, ὄν, ὁ, (γη, μέωμαι) a sharer in the division of lands, landholder: οἱ γεωμόροι, the landowners or nobles in a state, Lat. optimates.

γεωπέδον or γεωπέδιον, τό, Ion. for γῆπεδον. γεωπένης, ον, ὁ, (γη, πένομαι) poor in land. γεωπόνος, ὁ, (γη, πονέω) a tiller of the earth, husbandman.

γεωργός, f. ἤσω, (γεωργός) to be a farmer: also to till, cultivate: metaph. to work at, practise a thing.

γεωργία, ἡ, (γεωργός) agriculture, tillage. II. in plur. tilled lands.

γεωργικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γεωργός) of or for tillage, rustic. II. skilled in farming.

γεωργιον, τό, a field: cultivation: a crop. From γεωργός, ὄν, ὁ, (γη, ἔργον) tilling the ground: as Subst., γεωργός, οὔ, ὁ, a tiller of the earth, husbandman.

γεωρῦχος, f. ἤσω, to dig or trench the earth. From γεωρῦχος, ον, (γη, ῥύσσω) trenching the earth. [ῥ] γεωτόμος, ον, (γη, τεμείν) cutting the ground: ploughing.

Γῆ, ἡ, contr. for γέα, earth, land; γῆν καὶ ὕδωρ διδόναι to give earth and water as token of submission; κατὰ γῆν on land, by land, opp. to κατὰ θάλασσαν; also κατὰ γῆς, which means beneath the earth: πούτῃς; Lat. ubi terrarum? where on the earth?

γη-γενής, ἐς, (γη, *γένω) earthborn: indigenous. II. as Subst., γηγενής, οὔ, ὁ, a son of the Earth, a giant.

γῆθεν, Adv. of γῆ, out of or from the earth.

γηθέω, f. ἤσω: aor. ἐγήθησα, perf. γέγηθα, Dor. γέγαθα (used in pres. sense): plrpf. ἐγεγήθειν: (γαίω):—to be delighted, to rejoice.

γηθοσύνη, ἡ, (γηθέω) joy, delight.

γηθόσυνος, η, ον, (γηθέω) joyful, glad.

Γῆθυον, τό, Lat. gethium, a kind of leek.

γῆψος, ον, and γῆψος, ον, (γη) of earth or clay.

γῆτης, contr. γῆτης, ον, ὁ, (γη) a husbandman.

γη-λοφος, ὁ, = γεώλοφος, a hill.

γῆμαι, γῆμας, γῆμασθαι, γημάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. act. and med. of γαμέω.

γη-μόρος, ὁ, = γεωμόρος.

γη-οχέω, (γη, ἔχω) to possess land.

γη-πέδον, τό, = γεώπεδον, (γη, πέδον) a plot of ground.

γη-πετής, ἐς, (γη, πεσεῖν) falling to earth.

γηπνοος, ὁ, = γεώπνοος.

γη-ποτος, Dor. γάποτος, ον, (γη, πέ-ποται 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) to be drunk up by Earth.

γηραῖός, ἁ, ὄν, (γῆρας) old, aged.

γηράλεος and γηράλιος, α, ον, = γηραῖός.

γηραῖος, aor. 2 inf., or γηράναι, aor. I inf., of γηράσκει.

γηράντεσσι, Ep. for γῆρασι, dat. plur. of γηράς, part. aor. 2 of γηράσκει.

γηραῖός, ἁ, ὄν, poet. for γηραῖός.

γηράς, aor. 2 part. of γηράσκει.

Γῆρας, τό, gen. γῆραος, Att. contr. γῆρας: dat. γῆραϊ. Att. contr. γῆρα: old age, Lat. senectus. Hence

γηράσκει or γηράω: fut. ἄσω Att. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐγήρασα: aor. 2 ἐγήραω, inf. γηράναι [ᾶ], part. γηράς (as if from a verb in -μ): pf. γεγήρακα:—to grow aged, become old and infirm. II. in aor. I ἐγήρασα, Causal, to bring to old age.

γηροβοσκέω, f. ἤσω, to feed and cherish in old age:—Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γηρο-βοσκός, ὄν, (γῆρας, βύσκειω) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γηρο-κόμος, ον, (γῆρας, κομέω) cherishing the old.

γηρῦμα, ατος, τό, (γηρῦω) a voice, sound, tone.

Γῆρτυς, vos, ὁ, a voice: speech. Hence

γηρῦω, Dor. γαρῦω; f. ἔσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐγήρῦσα:—Med., fut. -ύσομαι: aor. I ἐγηρῦσαμην, but also in same sense pass. ἐγηρῦσθην [ῥ]:—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. garrere.

γηρῦος, contr. for γῆραος, gen. of γῆρας.

γῆτειον, τό, Att. for γῆθυον, a leek.

γῆτης, ὁ, contr. for γῆτης.

γη-τόμος, ον, (γη, τεμείν) ploughing the earth.

γίγαντ-ολέτης, ον, ὁ, (γίγας, ὄλλυμι) giant-killer.

γίγαντο-φόνος, ον, (γίγας, *φένω) giant-killing.

ΓΙΤΑΠΤΟΝ, a grape-stone. [ῥ]

ΓΙΤΑΣ, αντος, voc. γίγαντ, ὁ, (γη or γαίω) mostly in plur. the Gian's, a rebellious god, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name = γηγενής.

γι-γνομαι, syncop. from γι-γένομαι, which is formed by redupl. from the Root *ΓΕ'ΝΩ: from this root

come fut. γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐγενόμην: perf. γεγένημαι and Γεγάγονα: aor. I (in late authors) ἐγενήθην: for the Ep. pf. γέγαθα, see γέγαθα:—to become, to happen: to be born: to be; in perf. γέγονα to be by birth, or to have become so. 2. of events, to occur, happen.

II. with Preps. or Advs. of motion, to be at, as ἐγένετο ἐς Δακεδαίμονα. 2. πάντα, παντοῖος, παντοδαπὸς γίνεσθαι to take all shapes, turn every way; ἐαυτὸν γενέσθαι to be master of oneself; ἐντὸς ἐαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to recover oneself. 3. τί γίνεσθαι; more rarely τίς γίνεσθαι; what is to become of me?

4. γίνεσθαι δι' ὀργῆς, διὰ λόγων, periphras. for ὀργᾶν, λέγειν, etc. 5. c. gen. pretii, to cost so much, as, ὀβολοῦ γίνεσθαι to cost an obol.

γινώσκω, formed by redupl. from the root *ΓΝΟΕΩ, ΓΝΩΝΑΙ, Lat. *NOSCO*: fut. γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἔγνω, imperat. γνώθι, opt. γνοίην, inf. γνώωναι, part. γνούς: perf. ἔγνωκα, pass. ἔγνωσμαι: aor. I pass. ἔγνωθην.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of. . . γνώ χωρόμενον, he knew that he was angry: rarely also c. part., ἔγνω ἡττημένος I perceived that I was beaten.

II. to examine, to form an opinion, to decide upon, determine, decree, γνώωναι τὰ δίκαια.

γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for γίγνομαι.

γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for γινώσκω.

γλαβάω, (γλάγος) to be milky, juicy.

γλαγερός, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky.

γλαγούεις, εσσα, εν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky.

γλάγο-πήξ, ἦγος, ὄ, ἦ, (γλάγος, πήγνυμι) of or for curdling milk.

ΓΛΑΓΟΣ, εος, τό, poet. for γάλα, milk.

γλακτο-φάγος, ον, (γάλα, φάγειν) contr. for γαλακτοφάγος, living on milk.

ΓΛΑΜΗ, ἦ, = λήμη, tumour in the eyes.

γλαμύων, ον, gen. ονος, (γλάμη) blear-eyed. [ᾶ]

γλαυκίαιος, (γλαυκός) only found in Ep. part. γλαυκίαιος, glaring with the eyes.

ΓΛΑΥΚΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, Aeol. γλαυκός, α, ον, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming. II. with notion of Colour, pale-green, bluish-green, gray, Lat. *glaucus*, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine.

III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. *caesius*: of persons, blue-eyed.

γλαυκό-χρως, ὄ, ἦ, acc. γλαυκόχρωσα, (γλαυκός, χρῶς) gray-coloured, gray.

γλαυκῶπις, ἰδος, ἦ: acc. ἰδα, but also ἰν: (γλαυκός, ὤψ) epith. of Minerva, with gleaming eyes.

γλαυκῶψ, ὀπος, ὄ, ἦ, = γλαυκῶπις.

γλαύξ, Att. γλαυξ, κός, ἦ, (γλαυκός) the owl, Lat. *noctua*, so called from its glaring eyes. Proverb., γλαυῖ' Ἀθήνας, γλαυῖ' εἰς Ἀθήνας, like our 'carry coals to Newcastle': Athenian coins were called γλαυκῆς Δαυριωτικαί, from the stamp of the owl on them.

γλάφυ, τό, (γλάφω) a hollow, cavern. [ᾶ]

γλαφυρία, ἦ, smoothness, polish. From

γλάφυρος, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάφω) hollow, hollowed: hence γλ. λιμνὴ a deep harbour. II. smoothed, polished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv. —ρῶς, smoothly, nicely, prettily.

ΓΛΑΨΩ, τό, to hew, carve: of a lion, to tear the ground with his feet.

γλάχων [ᾶ], Dor. for γλήχων.

γλευκο-πότης, ου, ὄ, (γλεύκος, πέ-ποτα 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίω) drinker of new wine.

γλεύκος, εος, τό, (γλυκός) Lat. *mustum*, must, sweet new wine.

γλέφαρον, τό, Dor. for βλέφαρον.

ΓΛΗΝΗ, ἦ, the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected same in the pupil, a puppet, esp. a girl, cf. κόρη, Lat. *putilla*: as a taunt, ἔρρε κακὴ γλήρη away, weak girl!

ΓΛΗΝΟΣ, τό, in plur. things to stare at, wonders.

ΓΛΗΧΩΝ, ονος, ἦ: acc. γλήχωνα, by apocop. γλήχων:—*penyroyal*, Ion. for βλήχων.

γλισχρ-αντιλογ-εξεπίτριπτος, ον, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy pettyfoggling knave. (γλίσχρος, αντιλογία, εξεπίτριπτος.)

ΓΛΙΣΧΡΟΣ, α, ον, gluey, clammy, slippery. II. metaph. sticking close to, importunate. 2. close, greedy, stingy. 3. of disputations, quibbling, petty.

γλισχρῶς, ονος, ὄ, (γλίσχρος) a niggard.

γλισχρός, Adv. of γλίσχρος, importunately: scantily: also pettyly.

ΓΛΙΣΧΟΜΑΙ [ῖ], Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to strive after a thing, struggle for it, c. gen. 2.

γλίχεσθαι περί τιλος to be eager about or for a thing.

ΓΛΟΙΑ or γλοιά, ἦ, glue. Hence γλοιός, ὄ, anything sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt. II. as Adj. γλοιός, ἄ, ὄν, slippery, knavish.

ΓΛΟΥΤΟΣ, ὄ, the rump: plur. the buttocks.

γλυκαίνομαι, Pass. to become sweet.

γλυκερός, ἄ, ὄν, = γλυκός, sweet.

γλυκερό-χρως, ωτος, ὄ, ἦ, (γλυκερός, χρῶς) with sweet, fair skin.

γλυκός, α, ον, = γλυκός. [ῖ]

γλυκύ-δάκρυς, υ, gen. υος, (γλυκός, δάκρυ) causing sweet tears.

γλυκύ-δωρος, ον, (γλυκός, δῶρον) with sweet gifts.

γλυκυ-ήχης, ἐς, (γλυκός, ἦχέω) sweet-sounding.

γλυκυημία, ἦ, benevolence. From γλυκύ-θυμός, ον, (γλυκός, θυμός) sweet-minded. II. act. charming the mind, delightful.

γλυκύ-μᾶλον, Aeol. and Dor. for γλυκύμηλον.

γλυκυ-μέλιχος, ον, (γλυκός, μέλιχος) sweetly winning.

γλυκύ-μῆλον, τό, Dor. for γλυκύμηλον (γλυκός μηλον) a sweet-apple.

γλυκυμήθεω, f. ἦσω, to speak sweetly. From γλυκύ-μῆθος, (γλυκός, μῆθος) sweet-speaking.

γλυκύ-παῖς, αἰδος, ὄ, ἦ, (γλυκός, παῖς) having a fair offspring.

γλυκυ-παρθενός, ἦ, (γλυκός, παρθένος) a sweet maid.

γλυκύ-πικρος, ον, (γλυκός, πικρός) sweetly bitter.

ΓΛΥΚΥΣ, εἶα, ὁ, *sweet to the taste, sweet*: metaph. *sweet, delightful*: of men, *dear, kind*. Comp. and Sup. γλυκίων [ῖ], γλυκίστος: also γλυκύτερος, -ατος. γλυκύτερης [κῦ], ἦτος, ἡ, (γλυκίς) *sweetness*. γλυπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and γλύπτης, ου, ὁ, (γλύφω) *a carver, a sculptor*. γλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of γλύφω, *fit for carving, carved*. γλύφανον, τό, (γλύφω) *a knife or chisel for carving*. γλύφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in plur., γλυφίδες *the notch of the arrow, which fits on the string*: later, *the arrow itself*. II. = ψάφανον, *a knife*. From ΓΛΥΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγλύψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγλύφην, aor. 2 ἐγλύφην [ῖ]: pf. γέγλυμαι and ἐγλυμαι:—to *borrow out*: esp. to *engrave or carve*. II. to *write on a tablet*. ΓΛΩΞ, ωχός, ἡ, *the beard of corn*, only in plur. ΓΛΩΣΣΑ, Att. γλώττα, ης, ἡ, *the tongue*, Lat. *lingua*; ἀπὸ γλώσσης by word of mouth; οὐκ ἀπὸ γλώσσης not from another's tongue, not from *bear-say*; γλώσσαν ἵναί to let loose one's tongue, speak freely. II. *a tongue, language*; γλώσσαν νομίζειν to use a language or dialect. γλωσσαλία, Att. γλωσσαργία, ἡ, *endless talking, wordiness*. From γλωσσ-αλγος, Att. γλωσσ-αργος, ον, (γλώσσα, ἄλγος) *talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative*. γλωσσό-κομον, τό, (γλώσσα, κομέω) properly *a case for the mouthpiece of a flute*: a case or bag for money. γλώττα, ἡ, Att. for γλώσσα. γλωττο-στροφέω, f. ἡσα, (γλώττα, στρέφω) to *ply the tongue*. ΓΛΩΞΙΝ or γλωχίς, gen. ἴνος, ἡ, *any projecting point*: the end of the yoke-strap. 2. the point of an arrow: the arrow itself. γναθμός, ὁ, *the jaw*, poet. form of γνάθος. ΓΝΑΨΩ, ἡ, *the jaw, mouth*: properly *the lower jaw*. II. like γένυς, *the point or edge of a weapon*. [ᾶ] γναμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, *curved, bent*: supple, pliant: metaph. *bending, yielding*. From ΓΝΑΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγναμψα:—to *crook, bend*. γναπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (γνάπτω) *carded, fullied*. ΓΝΑΠΤΩ, γνάπτωρ: γναφεῖον, -φεύς, -φεντικός, -φεύα, -φικός: γνάφος. -ψις, v. sub κνάπτω, etc. γνήσιος, α, ον, syncop. for γενέσιος, *belonging to the true race, legitimate*, opp. to νόθος: *genuine, true*; γνήσιαι γυναῖκες *lawful wives*, opp. to παλλακίδες; γνήσιοι Ἕλληνες *true Greeks*; φρονεῖν γνήσια to have a noble mind. γνήσιος, Adv. of γνήσιος, *lawfully, really, truly*. γνωῖην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκω. γνωίμεν, Ep. for γνωίημεν, I pl. aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκω. γνωύς, aor. 2 part. of γινώσκω. ΓΝΟΨΩ, ὁ, = δνόφος, *darkness*.

γνω-όδης, ες, (γνόφος, εἶδος) *darksome, dark*. γνώς, Adv. (γόνυ) *with bent knee*; γνώς ἐριπεῖν to fall on the knee. γνώ, Ion. for ἔγνω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γινώσκω. γνώ, φς, φ, aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω. γνώθι, (γνώθω, aor. 2 imperat. of γινώσκω. γνώμα, ατος, τό, (γνώμαι) *that by which a thing is known, a mark, token, like γνώμων*. II. *judgment*. γνώμεναι, Ep. for γνώμαι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκω. γνώμη, ἡ, (γνώμαι) *a means of knowing, a mark, token*. II. *the mind, the judgment*; γνώμη τῇ ἀρίστη to the best of one's judgment. 2. *will, purpose*; ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ γνώμης of his own accord. 3. *a judgment, opinion*; γνώμην ἀποφαίνεισθαι to deliver an opinion; also a mistaken judgment, fancy; γνώμαι *the opinions of wise men, maxims*. 4. *a purpose, intention, resolution*: a vote, decree. γνωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of γνώμη, *a fancy*. γνωμο-λογία, ἡ, (γνώμη, λέγω) *a collection of maxims*. γνωμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γνώμων) *fit to give judgment*: experienced or skilled in a thing. II. of or for sundials. γνωμοσύνη, ἡ, (γνώμων) *prudence, judgment*. γνωμοτύπεω, to coin maxims: and γνωμοτύπικός, ἡ, ὄν, *clever at coining maxims*. From γνωμο-τύπος, ον, (γνώμη, τύπειν) *maxim-coining, sententious*. γνώμων, ονος, ὁ, (γνώμαι) *one that knows, a judge, interpreter*. II. *the gnomon or index of the sundial*. III. οἱ γνώμονες *the teeth that mark a horse's age*. IV. *a carpenter's rule*, Lat. *norma*: hence *a rule or guide of life*. γνών, Ep. for ἔγνω, aor. 2 of γινώσκω. γνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκω. γνώμεν, Ep. for γνώημεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω. γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: pf. ἐγνώρικα:—to *make known, declare*. 2. to *discover, detect*: to *acknowledge, recognise*. 3. to be *acquainted with*. From γνωρίμιος, ον, rarely η, ον, (γνωτός) *well-known*: as Subst., γνώριμος, ὁ, *an acquaintance, a friend*, Lat. *familiaris*. II. οἱ γνώριμοι *the notables*, Lat. *optimates*. γνωρίμιος, Adv. of γνώριμος, so as to be known, intelligibly, familiarly; γνωρίμως ἔχειν τινί to be on friendly terms with him. γνωρίσις, εως, ἡ, (γνωρίζω) *acquaintance*: knowledge. γνώρισμα, ατος, τό, (γνωρίζω) *that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token*. γνωρισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (γνωρίζω) *a making known*. γνωριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γνωρίζω) *capable of making known*. γνώς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω. γνωσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of γινώσκω. γνώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω. γνωσι-μάχέω, f. ἡσα, (γνώσις, μάχομαι) to *dispute*

one's own opinion, i. e. to convey oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way: γνωσιμαχεῖν μὴ εἶναι δέμοιο τὸ κυρπεύειν that one is not equal.

γνώσις, εὖς, ἡ, (γνώσις) a seeking to know: a judicial inquiry, Lat. cognitio. II. knowledge:

wisdom. 2. acquaintance with a person. 3. a recognising.

γνώσσομαι, fut. of γιγνώσκω.

γνωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γιγνώσκω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. cognitor.

γνωστής, ου, ὁ, = γνωστήρ.

γνωστός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of γνωστός, known: as Subst. a friend. II. to be known.

γνώτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γιγνώσκω:—γνώτων, γνώτην, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.

γνωτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ἔς, ὄν, (γνώσις) known, well-known:—as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; γνωτοῖ τε γνωταὶ τε brothers and sisters.

γνώω, Ep. for γνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώωσι, Ep. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω.

γνώσασκεν, Ion. for ἐγνώσ, 3 sing. impf. of γνῶω.

γνώσειν or γνῶσειν, 3 pl. opt. of γνῶω.

γνώοντι, Dor. for γνῶουσι, 3 pl. of γνῶω.

ΓΟΑΪΝ, Ep. inf. γοῖμαι; Ep. part. γοῶν, ὄντα: Ep. impf. ἔγοον, also γοῶσσκον: fut. γοῖσομαι, later γοῖσο: aor. I ἐγόησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγοήθη: (γῶσις):—to wail, groan, weep. II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weep for.

ΓΟΓΓΥΨΩ, f. σω, to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγυλή, ἡ, and γογγυλίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (γογγύλος) a turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From

ΓΟΓΓΥΛΟΣ, η, ον, also γογγυλίος, α, ον, = στογγύλος, round, spherical. [v]

γογγυσμός, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a muttering.

γογγυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a mutterer.

γοεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = γοερός.

γοερός, ἁ, ὄν, (γοῶν) lamentable, mournful: of persons, lamenting, mourning.

ΓΟΪΝ, ἡ, = γῶσις, καταείδοντες γῶσι τῷ ἀνέμῳ charming the wind with bowls.

γοῖμαι, Ep. for γοῶν, pres. inf. of γοῶω.

γοῖμων, ον, gen. ονος, = γοερός.

γῶσις, ἦρος, ὁ: dat. pl. γῶσι: (γοῶω) one who bowls out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: a juggler cheat.

γοῖσομαι, fut. of γοῶω.

γοητεία, ἡ, (γοητεύω) sorcery, witchcraft.

γοητεύω, f. σω, (γῶσις) to spell-bind, bewitch.

γοήτης, ον, ὁ, (γοῶω) a wailer.

γοήτις, ἴδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of γῶσις, a witch.

γῶμος, ὁ, (γέμω) a ship's cargo, a freight, load.

γομφιό-δουπος, ον, (γομφίον, δούπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, ὁ, (γῶμφος) a grinder-tooth, Lat. molaris, opp. to προσθίος. II. the tooth of a key.

γομφό-δετος, ον, (γῶμφος, δέω) nail-bound.

γομφο-πάγῆς, ἔς, (γῶμφος, παγῆναι) nail-fastened.

ΓΟΜΦΟΣ, ὁ, a large wedge-shaped bolt or nail, for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl. γόμφοι, the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφῶω, f. ὦσω, to fasten with bolts or nails; γεγόμεφατα σκάφος the ship's hull is ready built. Hence

γόμφωμα, ματος, τό, framework.

γομφωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γομφῶω) one that fastens with bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

γονεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (*γένω) a father, ancestor: in pl. the parents.

γονή, ἡ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family. II. the seed. III. generation, childbirth: the womb. IV. birth, descent. V. a generation.

γόνιμος, ον, also η, ον, (γόνος) productive, fruitful; ποιητῆς γόνιμος a poet of creative powers, of true genius: hence genuine, true.

γόνος, ὁ or ἡ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, a child, offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything. II. race, birth, descent. III. a begetting.

ΓΟΝΥΨΩ, τό, gen. γόνυατος, dat. pl. γόνυασι: Ion. γόνυ, γόνυατος, etc.; Ep. γόνυ, γονυίς, γονυί, pl. γονυα, γόνυων, γονυέσσι:—cf. δόρυ:—Lat. GENU, the knee; ἀψασθαι γόνυον to clasp the knees as a suppliant; ἀντεσθαι, λίσσασθαι τινα πρὸς γόνυατος to entreat one by clasping his knees; γόνυ κάμπτεω to bend the knee, i. e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τίθειν τὰ γόνυα to kneel down; θεῶν ἐν γόνυασι κέεται it lies on the knees of the gods, i. e. depends on their will and pleasure:—metaph. from warriors stricken down, ἐς γόνυ βάλλειν, κλίνειν, ῥίπτειν, to throw on the knee. II. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. geniculum.

γονυ-κροτος, ον, (γόνυ, κροτέω) knock-kneed.

γονυπετέω, to fall on the knee: γονυπετεῖν τινα or τινα to fall down before one. From

γονυ-πετής, ἔς, (γόνυ, πεσεῖν) falling on the knee; ἔδρα γονυπετής a kneeling posture.

γῶν, Ep. for ἐγῶων, 3 pl. impf. of γοῶω.

ΓΟΨΩ, ὁ, a weeping, wailing, groaning.

γοῶν, ὄντα, Ep. part. of γοῶω.

Γοργεῖος, Att. Γόργεος, α, ον, (Γοργώ) of, belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργο-λόφας, ον, ὁ, (Γοργώ, λόφος) he of the Gorgon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, ἡ, ἡ.

Γοργόνοιος, ον, = Γοργεῖος.

Γοργό-νωτος, ον, (Γοργώ, νῶτος) with the Gorgon on its back.

γοργόνομαι, Pass. to be spirited, of a horse. From

ΓΟΡΓΟΣΨ, ἡ, ὄν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργὸν βλέπειν to look fierce; γοργὸς εἰσιδεῖν fearful to behold: of horses, hot, spirited.

Γοργο-φόνος, ον, (Γοργώ, φένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

ΓΟΡΓΥΤΡΑ, ἡ, an underground dungeon.

Γοργώ, ὄος, contr. οὔς, ἡ; later decl. Γοργῶ, ὄνος,

and in pl. Γοργόνες: (γοργός):—*the Gorgon, a monster of fearful aspect*; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Euryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the aegis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

γοργῶπις, ἴδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of γοργῶψ.

γοργῶπιός, ὄν, (γοργός, ὄψ) *fierce-eyed, terrible.*

γοργῶψ, ὄπιος, ὄ, ἡ, = γοργῶπιός.

γούν, Ion. γῶν, (γε οὖν) *restrictive Particle, at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth, freq. in answers.*

γούνα, γούνων. Ep. plur. of γόνυ, also found in Trag.

γουνάζεο, Ep. imperat. of γουνάζομαι.

γουνάζομαι, f. σομαι: Dep.: (γόνυ):—*to fall down and clasp another's knees, to entreat, supplicate*; ὑπέρ τινος and πρὸς τινος *in behalf of another*: but also γουνάζεσθαι τινος and πρὸς τινος *to entreat by such and such things.*

γούνατος, γούνατι, γούνατα, γούνασι, Ion. and poet. decl. of γόνυ.

γουνόμοι, Dep., = γουνάζομαι: Ep. impf. γουνούμην.

γουνο-πᾶγής, ἐς, (γόνυ, πήγνυμι) *cramping the knees.*

γουνο-πᾶχής, ἐς, (γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ, παχύς) *thick-kneed.*

γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ.

γουνός, ὄ, (γόνος, γονή) *corn-land, fruitful land, Lat. uber*; γουνός ἀλωή *a fruitful vineyard.*

γραῖες and γρηῖες, pl. n. from γραῖς and γρηῖς.

γραῖδιον, τό, contr. for γραιῖδιον.

γραῖα, Ep. γραιή, ἡ, special fem. of γραῖος, *an old woman.* II. as fem. Adj. *old, γραιαὶ δαίμονες,*

γραιὰ χερί, etc.

γραιῖδιον, τό, Dim. of γραιῖς, γραῖς, *an old bag.*

γραιόμοι, Pass. *to become an old woman.* From γραῖος, γραια, γραιον, (syncop. for γεραιός) *old, aged, gray*; γραιή σταφυλή, Lat. uva passa, raisins.

γράμμα, ατος, τό, (γράφω) *that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter, Lat. litera*: in plur. *letters, the alphabet.* 2. *a note in music.* 3. *a drawing, picture.*

II. in plur. also, like Lat. literae, *a letter*; *an inscription: state-papers, documents, records, accounts*: also *a book, treatise.* III. *letters, learning, = μαθήματα.*

γραμμᾶτεον, τό, (γράφω) *that on which one writes, tablets, a note-book.*

γραμματεὺς, ἑως, ὄ, (γράφω) *a secretary, clerk, Lat. scriba.* Hence

γραμματεῦω, *to be secretary.*

γραμματιζέω, (γράμματα) *to teach rudiments.*

γραμματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γράμματα) *knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments*: as Subst., γραμματικός, ὄ, *a grammarian.* Adv. —κῶς.

γραμματιστής, οὔ, ὄ, (γραμματίζω) *one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster.* 2. = γραμματεὺς.

γραμματο-κύβητος, ανος, ὄ, (γράμματα, κύπτω) *one who writes over musty records.*

γραμμῆ, ἡ, (γράφω) *a stroke in writing, a line*: ἡ μακρὰ *the long line of condemnation, drawn on the tablet of the dicast.* II. *the line across the course,*

to mark the starting or winning place.

III. *the middle line on a draught-board called ἡ ἑρά*; τὸν ἀπὸ γραμμῆς κινεῖν λίθον *to move a man from this line,* i. e. try one's last chance.

γρῦο-σβήης, ου, ὄ, (γραῦς, σβέω) *scaring old women.*

γραπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of γράφω, *to be written*:

γραπτέος, *one must write.*

γραπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (γράφω) *a writer.*

γραπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of γράφω, *painted*: *marked with letters*: *written.*

γραπτύς, ὄς, ἡ, (γράφω) *a scratching, tearing.*

ΓΡΑΥΨ, γραῖος, ἡ, nom. pl. γραῖες, acc. γραῖς: Ion. decl. γρηῖς, γρηῖος; poet. also γρηῖς:—*a gray woman, old woman.* II. *scum, as of boiled milk.*

γραφέυς, ἑως, ὄ, (γράφω) *a painter.* II. =

γραμματεὺς, *a clerk.*

γραφή, ἡ, (γράφω) *representation by means of lines*: *drawing, painting*; ὄσον γραφήν *only in a picture.* 2. *writing.* II. *a painting, a figure, shape.*

III. (γράφομαι) as Att. law term, *an indictment for a public offence, prosecution, opp. to δίκη* a private action; ἀσπρατείας γραφή *an indictment for neglect of service.*

γραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, *able to draw or paint*: ἡ γραφική (sub. τέχνη) *the art of painting.* 2. *suited for writing.*

γραφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (γράφω) *a style for writing on waxen tablets.* II. *embroidery.*

ΓΡΑΦΩ, f. ψω: pf. γέγραφα, later γεγράφηκα:—*Pass., fut. γράψομαι, fut. 3 γεγράψομαι*: aor. 2 ἐγράψην, later αορ. I ἐγράφην: pf. γέγραμμαι:—*to GRÁVE, scratch*; σήματα γράψας ἐν πίνακι *having scratched marks or figures on tablets.* II. *to draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint.* III. *to write*; γράφειν εἰς διφθέρας *to write on skins.* 2. *to inscribe, e. g. γράφειν εἰς στήλην*: *Pass. γράφεσθαι τι* *to be inscribed with a thing.* 3. *to write down*; γράφειν τινα αἴτιον *to set him down as the cause*: *to register, enrol.* 4. *to write down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move.*

B. Med. *to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down.* 2. as Att. law-term, γράφεσθαι τινα *to indict one, τινός* for some public offence; in full, δίκην or γραφήν γράσασθαι τινα; also c. inf. γράφεσθαι τινα ἀδικεῖν *to indict him for wrong-doing*; absol., οἱ γραψάμενοι *the prosecutors*; but γράφεσθαι τι, *to denounce a thing as unlawful*:—*Pass. to be indicted.*

γρα-ώδης, ἐς, (γραῦς, εἶδος) *of or belonging to an old woman, Lat. anilis*: *silly, trifling.*

γρηγορέω, *to be awake, be watchful, a late pres., formed from the pf. ἐγήγορα.*

γρηῖς, ἡ, Ion. for γραῖς, poet. also γρηῖς.

γριπτεὺς, ἑως, ὄ, (γριπτος) *a fisherman*: whence fem. Adj., γριπτις τέχνη *the art of fishing.*

ΓΡΙΠΟΣ, ὄ, *a fishing-net.*

γριπών, ὄ, = γριπτεὺς, *a fisherman.* [Γ]

ΓΡΙΦΟΣ, ὄ, like γριπτος, *a fishing-net or basket, made of rushes.* 2. *anything intricate, a dark saying, riddle.*

γριφώδης, es, (γρίφος, εἶδος) riddling.

ΓΡΥΨΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of javelin.

ΓΡΥΨ, a grunt, like that of swine; οὐδὲ γρῦ ἀποκρίνασθαι not even to give a grunt; οὐδὲ γρῦ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύψω, f. ξω or φομαι: aor. ἰ ἔγρυφα:—to say γρῦ, grunt, Lat. grunnio: hence to grumble, mumble, mutter.

γρυλλίζω or γρύλλίζω, (γρύλλος or γρύλος) to be grunt.

γρύλλος or γρύλος, ὁ, (γρῦ) a pig, porker.

γρῦπ-άερος, ὁ, (γρῦψ, ἀετός) a kind of griffin or dragon.

ΓΡΥΠΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, curved, esp. book-nosed, with an aquiline nose, opp. to σιμός. Hence

γρῦπότης, ητος, ἡ, bookedness of the nose.

γρῦπώω, f. ὠσω, (γρῦπός) to curve or bend.

γρῦψ, gen. γρῦπός, ὁ, (γρῦπός) a griffin, bipro-griff.

γρῶνη, ἡ, a cavern: a kneading trough.

ΓΥΨΑ, ἡ, a piece of land, field.

γυῖα, τά, (γυῖα) cables made fast to land.

ΓΥΨΑΛΟΝ, τό, a hollow; in Homer, θώρηξ γυῖαλον σιν ἀρηρῶς the body-armour composed of back-piece and breast-piece, joined under the arms:—any hollow: πέτρας γυῖαλον a cave, grot; κρατήρος γυῖαλον the hollow of a bowl:—in plur. hollow ground, vales, a valley.

ΓΥΨΗΣ, ου, ὁ, the curved piece of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the tree, Lat. bularis. II. = γυῖα, a field.

γυιο-αρκής, ἐς, (γυῖον, ἀρκείω) strengthening the limbs.

γυιο-βάρης, ἐς, (γυῖον, βάρος) weighing down the limbs.

γυιο-βόρος, ον, (γυῖον, βορά) gnawing the limbs.

γυιο-δάμας, ου, ὁ, (γυῖον, δαμάω) limb-subduing, i.e. victorious.

ΓΥΨΙΟΝ, τό, always used by Hom. in plur., the limbs, Lat. membra; esp. the lower limbs, the knees.

γυιο-πέγης, ἐς, (γυῖον, πήγνυμι) stiffening the limbs.

γυιο-πέδη, ἡ, (γυῖον, πέδη) a fetter.

ΓΥΨΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, lame.

γυιο-τᾶκής, ἐς, (γυῖον, τήκω) wasting the limbs.

γυιο-τόρος, ον, (γυῖον, τораίω) piercing the limbs.

γυιο-χάλκος, ον, (γυῖον, χαλκός) of brassen limb.

γυιός, (γυιός) to lame:—Pass. to be or become lame; γυιωθεῖς aor. 1 part., lamed.

γυλι-αύχην, ους, ὁ, ἡ, (γυλιός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

ΓΥΛΙΟΣ, ἄ, a long-shaped wallet or knapsack.

γυμνάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. γεγύμακα: Pass., pf. γεγύμασμαι: (γυμνός):—to train naked, to train in gymnastic exercises, to train, exercise; c. inf., γυμνάζειν τοὺς παῖδας ποιεῖν to train them to do a thing:—Pass. to practise gymnastic exercises: then, generally, to practise or exercise oneself.

γυμνάς, ἄδος, properly fem. of γυμνός, naked. II. trained or exercised.

γυμνασία, ἡ, (γυμνάζω) exercise.

γυμνασιάρχῆω or Med. -έομαι, to be gymnasiarch: Pass. to be supplied with gymnasiarchs.

γυμνασί-άρχης and γυμνασι-άρχος, ὁ, (γυμνάσιον, ἄρχω) a gymnasiarch, who superintended the palaestrae, and paid the training-masters: a training-master. Hence

γυμνασιαρχία, ἡ, the office of gymnasiarch.

γυμνάσιον, τό, (γυμνάζω) the place where exercises were practised, the gymnastic-school; ἐκ θήμετερον γυμνασίον from our school. II. in plur. bodily exercises. [ἄ]

γυμναστῆον, verb. Adj. of γυμνάζω, one must practise.

γυμναστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γυμνάζω) the trainer of the athletes. Hence

γυμναστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of athletic exercises: ἡ γυμναστική (sub. τέχνη) gymnastics. Adv. -κῶς, like an athlete.

γυμνής, ητος, ὁ, (γυμνός) a light-armed foot-soldier.

γυμνητεύω, to be light-armed: to go naked. From

γυμνήτης, ου, ὁ, fem. γυμνήτις, ιδος, ἡ, = γυμνός.

γυμνητία, ἡ, (γυμνός) the light-armed troops.

γυμνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γυμνός) for a light-armed soldier.

γυμνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γυμνός) of or for gymnastic exercises: γυμνικός ἀγών a gymnastic contest.

γυμν-ιτεύω, = γυμνητεύω.

γυμνο-παιδία, ἡ, (γυμνός, παιδία) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of those who fell at Thyrea, at which naked boys danced and went through gymnastic exercises.

ΓΥΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, naked, unclad: unarmed, defenceless: of things, γυμνὸν τόξον an uncovered bow, i.e. out of the case: c. gen. stripped of a thing, γυμνὸς ὕπλαν:—γυμνός often meant lightly clad, i.e. wearing the tunic or under garment only (χιτῶν), without the cloak (ἱμάτιον): τὰ γυμνά the exposed parts of an army, the flanks. 2. also bare, mere. Hence

Γυμνο-σοφισταί, οἱ, (γυμνός, σοφιστής) the naked philosophers of India.

γυμνότης, ητος, ἡ, nakedness.

γυμνώω, f. ὠσω, (γυμνός) to strip naked or bare:—Pass., of warriors, to be stript of arms, to be left defenceless; of things, τεῖχος ἐγυμνώθη the wall was left bare: but also to strip oneself naked, be naked; ἐγυμνώθη βακέων be stript himself of his rags.

γυμνωσις, εως, ὁ, (γυμνώω) a stripping naked. II. nakedness: the naked parts.

γυναι, voc. of γυνή.

γυναϊκάριον, τό, Dim. of γυνή, a weak, silly woman.

γυναϊκίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, Ion. γυμνακῆτιος, ἡτή, ἦτιον, (γυνή) of or belonging to women, feminine, Lat. muliebris. 2. as Subst., ἡ γυμνακῆτιη = γυμνακῶν, the women's part of the house. II. womanish, effeminate.

γυμνακίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (γυνή) to be womanish, play the woman.

γυναικό-βουλος, *ov*, (γυναικός, Βουλή) *devised by a woman.*

γυναικο-γῆρυτος, *ov*, (γυνή, γηρύω) *proclaimed by women.*

γυναικό-θύμος, *ov*, (γυναικός, θυμός) *of womanish mind.*

γυναικο-κρᾶσσία, ἡ, (γυνή, κρᾶσις) *a woman's temper.*

γυναικο-κήρυκτος, *ov*, (γυναικός, κηρύσσω) *proclaimed by women.*

γυναικομαῖνῶ, *to be mad for women.* From

γυναικομαῖνής, ἑς, (γυναικός, μαίνομαι) *mad for women.*

γυναικό-μίμος, *ov*, (γυναικός, μιμέομαι) *singing woman, womanish.*

γυναικό-μορφος, *ov*, (γυναικός, μορφή) *in woman's shape.*

γυναικο-πληθής, ἑς, (γυναικός, πλήθος) *full of women.*

γυναικό-ποινος, *ov*, (γυναικός, ποιμή) *woman-avenging.*

γύναικος, *gen.* of γυνή, whence derivatives are formed.

γυναικο-φίλις, *ov*, Dor. -φίλας, *a*, (γύνη, φιλέω) *loving women.*

γυναικό-φρων, *ov*, *gen.* *ovos*, (γυναικός, φρήν) *of womanish mind.*

γυναικό-φωνος, *ov*, (γυναικός, φωνή) *with woman's voice.*

γυναικών, ὠνος, ὁ, (γυναικός) *the women's part of the house, opp. to ἀνδρών.*

γύναι-μαῖνής, ἑς, = γυναικομαῖνής, *mad for women.*

γύναιον, τό, Dim. of γυνή, *a little woman.*

γύναιος, *a*, *ov*, of or belonging to a woman. From

ΓΥΝΗΪ, ἡ, *gen.* γυναικός, *acc.* γυναικα, *voc.* γύναι; pl. γυναιέες, γυναικῶν, etc., (as if from γύναϊξ):—*a woman, Lat. femina, opp. to man: vocat. γύναι, a term of respect, mistress, lady: Homer often joins it with a second Subst., γυνή ταμίη, δέσποινα, etc.*

II. *a wife, spouse.*

III. *a mortal woman, opp. to a goddess.*

IV. *the female, mate of animals.*

γύνις, ἰδος, ὁ, (γυνή) *a womanish man, weakling.*

γυπᾶριον, τό, Dim. of γύπη, *a nest, eyrie, cranny.*

γυπέσσιν, *dat. pl.* of γύψ.

γύπη, ἡ, (γύψ) *a vulture's nest: generally, a hole, cranny.* Hence

γυπιάς, ἡ, *fem. Adj. vulture-haunted.*

γυρη-τόμος, *ov*, (γύπος, τεμείν) *tracing a circle.*

ΓΥΡΙΣ, ἑως, ἡ, *the finest meal, Lat. pollen.*

ΓΥΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *round, Lat. curvus; γυρὸς ἐν ὤμοισι round-shouldered.*

ΓΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a ring, circle.*

ΓΥΨ, γυπῖος, ὁ, *a vulture, Lat. vultur.*

ΓΥΨΟΣ, ἡ, *chalk.* 2. later, *gypsum.* Hence

γυψῶς, *f. ὠνος, to rub over with chalk.*

γῶν, *Ion. for γοῦν, as ᾶν for οἶν.*

ΓΩΝΙΑ, ἡ, *a corner, angle.*

II. *a joiner's square.* Hence

γωνιασμός, ὁ, *a squaring the angles; ἐπὶ ῶν γωνιασμός nicely-fitted, well-finished verses.*

γωνι-ώδης, ἑς, (γωνία, εἶδος) *angular.*

ΓΩΡΥΤΟΣ, ὁ or ἡ, *a bow-case, quiver.*



Δ, δ, δέλτα, *indecl.*, fourth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, δ' = τέσσαρες and τέτατος, δ = 4000.

Changes of δ in the dialects: I. Aeol. into β, as ὄβελος into ὄβελός.

II. Dor. into γ, as γῆ γρόφος into δᾶ δινόφος.

III. Ion. into ζ, as Zeus, ζα—into Δεός, δα—: while Dor. ζ changes into σδ, as μελίω φράζομαι into μελισδω φράζομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυμνάζομαι into γυμνάδομαι.

IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω.

V. into λ, as δάκρυ lacryma, δασύς λάσιος.

VI. into σ, as ὀδμή ὀσμῆ, also with another consonant added, as βάδος βασιμός, ἔδω ἐσθίω.

VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as ἀνέρος ἀνδρός.

VIII. at the beginning of some words δ is added or omitted, as in δειλή εἶλη, δῆ ῆ, δίκωω ἰκωω.

δᾶ-, intensive prefix, = ζα-, as in δᾶσκιος.

δᾶ, Dor. for γᾶ, γῆ, mostly in *voc.*: *acc.* δᾶν.

δᾶγμα, τό, Dor. for δῆγμα.

δᾶγυς, ὕδος, ἡ, *a waxen image, used in magic rites, a puppet.* (Thessal. word.) [v]

δαδουχέω, *f. ἴσω, to be a torch-bearer, esp. in sacred processions.* From

δαδ-ούχος, *ov*, (δαῖς, ἔχω) *holding torches: as Subst., δαδούχος, ἡ, a torch-bearer at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine.*

δαδοφορέω, *f. ἴσω, to bear torches.* From

δαδο-φόρος, *ov*, (δαῖς, φέρω) *torch-bearing.*

δαείην, *aor.* 2 opt. of *δάω.

δαείς, *aor.* 2 part. of *δάω.

δαῖω, *Ep.* for δαῶ, *aor.* 2 pass. subj. of *δάω.

δαῖμναι, *Ep.* for δαῖναι, *aor.* 2 pass. inf. of *δάω.

δαῖμων, *ov*, *gen. ovos*, (δαῖναι) *knowing, experienced in a thing.*

δαῖναι, *aor.* 2 pass. inf. of *δάω.

ΔΑΗΡ, ἔπος, ὁ, *voc. δᾶερ, a husband's brother, brother-in-law, answering to γάλως, ἡ, a daughter-in-law.*

δαήσομαι, *fut.* of *δάω.

δάτται, 3 sing. *aor.* 2 med. subj. of δαίω (Δ).

δαί, (δῆ) used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, τί δαί; what then? πῶς δαι; how so?

δαί, *Ep. apocop.* for δαίει, *dat.* of δαίς. [r]

δαιδάλεος, *a*, *ov*, also, *ov*, *cunningly or curiously wrought.* From

δαιδάλλω, used only in *pres. act.*; but *pass. aor.* I ἐδαιδάλην, *pf.* δεδαίδαμαι: (δαίδαλος):—*to work cunningly, work with curious art: to deck out, embellish.* Hence

δαίδαλαμα, ατος, τό, a work of art

δαίδαλοις, εσσα, εν, = δαίδαλεος.

δαίδαλο-εργός, όν, (δαίδαλος, έργον) curiously working.

ΔΑΪ'ΔΑ'ΛΟΣ, η, ον, Adj. cunningly or curiously wrought; δαίδαλα πάντα all cunning works. II.

as prop. n., Δαίδαλος, ό, Daedalus, i. e. the cunning worker, the Artist, of Cnossus in Crete, contemporary with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a χορός (q. v.) for Ariadne.

δαιδάλο-χειρ, ειρος, ό, ή, (δαίδαλος, χείρ) cunning of hand.

δαίδαλω, = δαίδαλλω: poet. inf. fut. δαίδαλωσέμεν.

δαίξω, f. ξω: aor. I εδάξα:—Pass., aor. I part. δαίχθεϊς: pf. part. δεδαίχμενος: (δαίω):—to cleave asunder, χιτάνα περι στήθεσι δαίξει; δεδαίχμενος ήτορ pierced through the heart:—also of doubts, εδάξετο θυμός ενί στήθεσιν his soul was divided within him; δαίζόμενος κατά θυμόν διχάδια divided in mind between two opinions. Hence

δαί-κτάμενος, η, ον, (δαίς, κτείνω) or in two words δά κτάμενος, slain in battle.

δαίκτηρ, ήρος, and δαίκτης, ού, ό, (δαίξω) only joined with masc. Subst. heart-cleaving.

δαίμονάω, (δαίμων) to be subject to an avenging deity; δαιμονά δόμος κακοίς the house is plagued by the divinity in woes. 2. c. acc., δαιμονάν άχη to have griefs decreed one. II. absol. to be possessed by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.

δαίμονίζομαι, Med. (δαίμων) to have an allotted fate. II. Pass., with aor. I part. δαιμονισθείς, to be possessed by a devil.

δαίμονιον, τό, (properly neut. of δαιμόνιος) the Deity, Divinity; or divine operation, Lat. numen. II.

the δαιμόνια were an inferior race of divine beings, demons, opp. to θεοί. 2. the name by which Socrates called his genius. 3. in N. T. an evil spirit.

δαίμονιος, α, ον, also os, ον: (δαίμων): I. used by Homer only in vocat. δαιμόνιε, in good sense, noble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, unhappy man, wretch: in Att. mostly ironical, my fine fellow! my good sir!

II. of things proceeding from the Deity or from Fate; εἰ μή τι δαιμόνιον εἴη were it not a divine intervention; τὰ δαιμόνια divine visitations.

III. of persons, divine, godlike.

δαίμονι-ώδης, ες, (δαίμονιον, εἶδος) devilish.

δαίμονιος, Adv. of δαιμόνιος, marvellously, strangely.

δαίμων, ονος, ό, ή, (δαίω) a god, goddess. II.

the Deity, Lat. numen: fate, destiny, fortune, good or bad; πρὸς δαίμονα against fate; σύν δαίμονι with the favour of the gods, non sine diis; in Trag., death, like Lat. sors.

III. one's genius, one's lot or fortune.

IV. δαίμονες was a name given to the souls of men of the golden age, who formed the connecting link between gods and men: hence later, departed souls, Lat. manes, lemures.

V. an evil spirit, devil.

δαίμων, ό, as Adj., = δαίμων, skilled in a thing.

δαίνυ, Ep. for εδαινυ, 3 sing. impf. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυ, Ep. for εδαινυ, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυτο, for εδαινυτο, 3 pl. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυη, 2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυμι, also δαίνω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαίνυ: fut.

δαίσο: aor. I εδαισα: (δαίς):—to give a banquet or feast; δαίνυ δαίτα γέρονσι be gave a feast to the elders; δανείν τινά to feast a person. II. Med.

δαίνυμαι, fut. δαισομαι: aor. I εδαισάμην:—to have a feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. δαίτα, κρέα, etc., to feast on, consume, eat: to eat, burn like poison.

δαίνω, Ep. for εδαινω, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαίνυτο, Ep. for δαινυτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαίος, α, ον, also os, ον: Ion. and Hom. δηϊος, η, ον: Att. contr. δῆος: (δαίω, δαίς):—hostile, destructive: as epith. of fire, burning, consuming: in pl. δαίοι, enemies. 2. unhappy, wretched. II.

(δαήναι) knowing, cunning.

δαίρω, f. δαρῶ: aor. I inf. δῆραι, poet. for δέρω, δείρω, to flay, cudgel.

δαίς (A), gen. δαίδος, Att. contr. δᾶς, δᾶδος, ή, (δαίω A): a fire-brand, pine-torch, Lat. taeda:—pine-wood, such as torches were made of. II. war, battle, ή, mostly in apocope dat. δάι and acc. δάιν.

δαίς (B) gen. δαιρός, ή, (δαίω B) a meal, feast, banquet, Lat. DAPES. 2. meat or food itself.

δαίσασθαι, δαισάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαιταλεύς, έως, ό, (δαίνυμι) a guest, banquetter.

δαίτη, ή, poet. for δαίς, a feast, banquet.

δαίτηθεν, Adv. of δαίτη, from a feast.

δαίτρω, f. σω, (δαίτρός) to cut up or carve, to portion out, distribute.

δαιτρον, τό, (δαίω B) one's portion.

δαιτρόσ, ό, (δαίω B) a carver, distributor. Hence

δαιτροσύνη, ή, the art of carving: a helping at table.

δαιτύμων, όνος, ό, (δαίς B) an invited guest. 2. in plur. guests who bring each his own provisions.

δαίτυς, ύος, ή, Ion. for δαίς, a meal.

δαΐ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος: (δαίς, φρήν): of warlike mind, eager for the fray, bold. II. (δαήμαι) of knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful.

δαΐχθεϊς, aor. I part. of δαίξω.

ΔΑΪ'Ω (A), = κείω, only used in pres. and impf., to light up, kindle; δαΐε οἱ ἐκ κόρυθος πῦρ, she (sc. Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm:—Pass., aor. I part. δαισθείς: pf. part. δεδαιμένος:—to burn, blaze;

δαίετα ὅσσε the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf. δέδηα, plqpf. εδεδήειν, poet. δεδήειν; πόλεμος δέδηε war blazes forth; ὅσσα δεδήει the report spread like wild-fire.

ΔΑΪ'Ω (B), to divide, part out, distribute; in Act. sense δαίξω is used, but in Med. and Pass. δαίομαι; Med., κρέα δαίομενος distributing portions of meat;

Pass., δαίετα ήτορ my heart is divided; Ep. 3 pl. δεδαισται.—But εδαισα, εδαισάμην belong to δαίνυμι:

δαισομαι, εδαισάμην, δέδασμαι to δατέομαι.

δακέ-θύμος, *ον*, = δηξιθύμος, *heart-eating*.

δάκε, *Ep.* for ἔδακε, 3 *sing.* aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δακεῖν, aor. 2 *inf.* of δάκνω.

δάκετον, τό, = δάκος, *a venomous animal*.

δανάξω, *poët.* for δάκνω: *Pass.* to be sore vexed.

ΔΑ'ΚΝΩ, *f.* δήξομαι: *pf.* δέδηχα: aor. 2 ἔδδκνω:

Ep. *inf.* δακέειν:—*Pass.*, aor. 1 ἐδήχθην: *pf.* δέδηγμα:

—to bite, esp. of dogs and gnats; στόμον δάκνειν to *chomp* the bit; δάκνειν ἑαυτὸν to bite one's lips for fear of laughing. II. *metaph.* to bite, sting, prick:—*Pass.*, καρδίαν δέδηγμαί I was vexed at heart.

δάκος, *εος*, τό, (δακεῖν) *an animal whose bite or sting is dangerous, any noxious animal*.

ΔΑ'ΚΡΥ, *νος*, τό, *poët.* for δάκρυον, *a tear*, Lat.

LACRYMA. II. *a drop*, as of gum.

δακρύδιον, τό, *Dim.* of δάκρυ.

δακρύμα, *ατος*, τό, (δακρῶ) *that which is wept for, a subject for tears*. II. *a tear*.

δακρυ-γόνος, *ον*, (δακρῶ, *γένω) *author of tears*.

δακρῦοις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (δάκρυον) *tearful*; of persons, *much weeping*; of things, *calling forth tears*:—δακρῦ-*βεν* γελᾶσαι, as *Adv.*, to smile through one's tears.

ΔΑ'ΚΡΥ'ΟΝ, τό, = δάκρυ: *Ep.* *gen. pl.* δακρῦόφι.

δακρυ-πλώω, (δάκρυ, πλέω) *to swim with tears*.

δακρυρρόω, *f.* ἴσω, *to melt into tears*. From

δακρῦρ-ροος, *ον*, (δάκρυ, βέω) *melting into tears*.

δάκρῦσα, *Ep.* aor. 1 of δακρῶ.

δακρῦσι-στακτος, *ον*, (δάκρυ, στάζω) *dropping with tears*.

δακρῦσῶ, *Dor.* for δακρῦσω.

δακρῦτός, ἡ, ὄν, *verb.* *Adj.* of δακρῶ, *wept over, tearful*.

δακρυ-χαρής, *ές*, (δάκρυ, χαίρω) *rejoicing in tears*.

δακρυ-χέων, *ουσα*, *ον*, *a participial Adj.*, (δάκρυ, χέω) *shedding tears, weeping*.

δακρῦν [ῦ], *fut.* ἴσω: aor. 1 ἐδάκρῦσα: *pf.* δεδάκρῦκα: (δάκρυ):—to weep, shed tears:—*pf. pass.* δεδάκρῦμαι, to be tearful, be all in tears; *part.* δεδάκρῦμένος, *all in tears*: *c.* *acc. cognato*, δακρῦν γόους to utter tearful groans. II. *transit.* to weep for a thing, lament:—*Pass.* to be wept for. III. δ.

βλέφαρα to flood one's eyes with tears.

δακρυ-ώδης, *ες*, (δάκρυ, εἶδος) *like tears*: *tearful*.

δακτῦλήθρα, ἡ, (δάκτυλος) *a finger-beat*.

δακτῦλιδιον, τό, *Dim.* of δάκτυλος, *a toe*.

δακτῦλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δάκτυλος) *of or for the finger*, Lat. *digitalis*; αὐλὸς δακτυλικός *a flute played with the fingers*.

II. *of metre*, *dactylic*.

δακτῦλος, ὁ, (δάκτυλος) *a ring, seal-ring*.

δακτῦλο-δευκτός, ὄν, (δάκτυλος, δεικνυμι) *pointed at with the finger*, as in Horace *digitò monstrari*.

δακτῦλο-εἰδής, *ές*, (δάκτυλος, εἶδος) *like a finger*.

δάκτυλος, ὁ, *plur.* δάκτυλοι, *poët.* also δάκτυλα: (δείκνυμι):—*a finger*, Lat. *digitus*; ἐπὶ δακτύλων *συμβάλλεσθαι* to reckon on the fingers. 2. δάκ-

τυλος τοῦ ποδός *a toe*; also without ποδός, like Lat. *digitus*. II. the shortest Greek measure of length,

a finger's breadth, = about $\frac{1}{10}$ of an *inch*. III. *a*

metrical foot, *dactyl*, -υυυ; *e.g.* ἄξιος.

δακτυλό-τριπτος, *ον*, (δάκτυλος, τρίβω) *worn by the fingers*.

δαλέομαι, *Dor.* for δηλόομαι.

δαλόα, τό, *Dim.* of δαλός.

δαλός, ὁ, (δαίω) *a firebrand, piece of blazing wood*. II. *a burnt out torch*, of an old man.

III. *a beacon-light*.

δαμάζω, *later form* of δαμάω: see δαμάω.

δαμάιος, ὁ, (δαμάω) *epith.* of Neptune, *the Tamer*.

δαμάλη, ἡ, = δάμαλις.

δαμάλη-βοτος, *ον*, (δαμάλη, βίσκω) *fed on by young cattle*.

δαμαλη-φάγος, *ον*, (δαμάλη, φαγεῖν) *beef-eating*, *epith.* of Hercules.

δαμάλιζω, *f.* ἴσω, *poët.* form of δαμάω, *to subdue*.

δαμάλις, *εως*, ἡ, (δαμάω) *a young cow, heifer, calf*, Lat. *juvenca*. II. *like μύσχος*, *a girl*.

δαμάλος, ὁ, (δαμάω) *a calf*, Lat. *vitulus*.

δαμαρ, *αρτος*, ἡ, (δαμάω) *a wife, spouse*.

δαμάσσω, *Dor.* for δαμάζω.

δαμάσιμ-βροτος, *ον*, (δαμάω, βροτός) *man-subduing*.

δαμάσι-ἵππος, *ον*, (δαμάω, ἵππος) *horse-taming*.

δαμάσις, *εως*, ἡ, (δαμάω) *a taming, subduing*.

δαμασι-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (δαμάω, φρήν) *heart-subduing*.

δαμασι-φως, *ωτος*, ὁ, ἡ, (δαμάω, φως) *man-subduing*. *δამάτερα*, ἡ, *fem.* *Subst.* *a tamer*.

Δάμητρα, *Dor.* *vocat.* from Δημήτηρ.

ΔΑΜΑ'Ω, *Ep.* 3 *sing.* δαμάω, 3 *pl.* δαμάωσι: *fut.*

δαμάσω [ω], *Ep.* *δαμάσω*: aor. 1 ἐδάμῃσα *Ep.* ἐδάμασσα, δάμασσα: *pf.* δεδάμακα:—*Pass.*, aor. 1 ἐδμήθην, *part.* δμηθείς; aor. 2 ἐδάμην, *inf.* δαμῆμεναι, *part.*

δαμείς: *pf.* δέδμημαι:—another aor. 1 *part.* δαμασθείς, *pf. part.* δεδαμασμένοι are found, as if from δαμάζω.

To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, overpower. II. of maidens, to yoke in marriage, give to wife: also to force, lie with, Lat. *subigere*. III.

generally, to subdue, conquer, esp. in war:—*Pass.* to be subject, to obey. 2. to slay, kill.

δαμῆναι, aor. 2 *opt.* *pass.* of δαμάω.

δαμῆω, *Ep.* for δαμῶ, aor. 2 *pass.* *subj.* of δαμάω: 2 and 3 *pass.* δαμήτης, -ηη, *Ep.* for δαμής, δαμή: 2 *pl.* δαμέτετε, for δαμήτετε.

δαμῆναι, *Ep.* for ἐδάμησαν, 3 *pl.* aor. 2 *pass.* of δαμάω.

δαμήμεναι, *Ep.* for δαμήναι, aor. 2 *pass.* *inf.* of δαμάω.

δάμνα, *Ep.* for ἐδάμνα, 3 *sing.*, *impf.* of δαμνήμι.

δαμνῶ, 3 *sing.* of δαμνῶω; also 2 *sing.* *pres.* *Med.* of δαμνήμι.

δαμνῶω, = δαμάω, only in *pres.* and *impf.*

δαμνήμι, = δαμάω:—*Pass.* and *Med.* δάμναμαι.

δάμνα and δάμνοσις, *α*, *ον*, *Dor.* for δημ-.

δάμνωσι, 3 *pl.* of δαμάω.

δαμώματα, τά, (δάμος) *hymns sung in public*.

δάν, *Dor.* for δῆν, γῆν:—ὄ δάν, *No*, by earth!

ΔΑΝΑΟΙ, οἱ, the Danaans, subjects of Δάναος, king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally; Δαναῖαι, αἶ, οἱ, the sons or descendants of Danaus: Δαναίδες, αἶ, his daughters. Hence a Comic Sup. Δαναώτατος, oldest of the Danaans. [Δᾶ]

δάνειζω, f. εἶσω: pf. δεδάεικα, pass. δεδάνειμαι: (δάνος):—to put out money at usury; to lend:—Pass., of the money, to be lent:—Med. to have lent to one, to borrow.

δάνειον, τό, (δάνος) money lent or borrowed, a loan.

δάνεισμα, ατος, τό, (δανείζω) = δάνειον.

δάνεισμός, ό, (δανείζω) money-lending.

δανειστής, οὔ, ό, (δανείζω) a money-lender, usurer.

δανειστικός, ή, όν, (δανείζω) disposed to lend.

ΔΑΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a gift. II. money lent out at interest, a loan, debt.

δᾶνός, ή, όν, (δαΐω A) burnt, dried, parched.

δάος, εος, τό, (δαΐω A) = δαλός, a firebrand, torch.

δαπάνημα, f. ήσω:—Pass., aor. I ἐδαπάνηθη, pf. δεδᾶπάνημαι, both used also in med. sense:—to spend; δαπανᾷν εἰς τι to spend upon a thing:—Med. to spend of one's own.

II. Causal, δαπανᾷν τήν πόλιν to put the state to expense, exhaust the state. From

ΔΑΠΑΝΗ, ή, cost, expense, expenditure. II. money spent: also money for spending. III. expensiveness, extravagance. [πᾶ]

δαπάνημα, ατος, τό, money spent, expense.

δαπάνηρός, ά, όν, (δαπάνη) of men, extravagant: of things, expensive. Adv. -ρῶς, expensively.

δάπανος, ον, = δαπανηρός, extravagant.

δάπεδον, τό, (δα-, πέδον) land, soil: the floor of a chamber: in pl. plains, flat country.

ΔΑΠΙΣ, ιδος, ή, = τάπη, a carpet, rug. [ᾶ]

δαπτέμεν, Ep. for δάπτειν, inf. of δάπτω.

ΔΑΠΤΩ, f. δάψω, to devour.

Δάρδανος, ό, Dardanus, son of Jupiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., Δάρδανος άνήρ a Trojan, mostly in plur. Δάρδανοι: Δαρδάνιος, α, ον, Trojan; Δαρδανίς, ιδος, ή, a Trojan woman: Δαρδανία, ή, Troy: Δαρδανίδης, ον, ό, a son or descendant of Dardanus: Δαρδανίωτες, οἱ, sons of Dardanus.

δαρδάπτω, lengthd. form of δάπτω, to devour.

δαρεικός or δαρεικός στατήρ, ό, a Persian gold coin, = 20 Attic drachmae: so that 5 = a mina, 300 = a talent. (Said to have been first coined by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian darā, a king, cf. Δάρεϊος, like our sovereign.)

Δᾶρειος, ό, Darius, acc. to Herodotus = Gr. ἐρξείης, q. v.: a Greek form of Persian darā, a king.

δάρησμαι, fut. 2 pass. of δέρω.

ΔΑΡΩΝΩ: aor. 2 ἐδάρων, poet. ἐδράθων:—to sleep, Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδάρβανω.

δάρβιος, ον, = δηρόβιος.

δάρός, ά, όν, Dor. and Trag. for δηρός.

δάρῶ, fut. of δέρω.

δαΐς, gen. δαδός, ή, Att. contr. for δαΐς.

δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of δατέομαι; Ion. 3 sing.

indic. δᾶσάκετο; I pl. opt. δασαίμεθα: δασείται is fut. Dor. Cf. πάσασθαι from πατέομαι.

δασέος, Adv. of δασύς; δασέος ἔχειν to be bairy.

δά-σκίος, ον, (δα-, σκιά) thick-shaded, dark.

δάσμευσις, εως, ή, (δασμός) a dividing, distributing.

δασμολογέω, f. ήσω, to exact as tribute: c. dupl. acc., to exact tribute from a person. Hence

δασμολογία, ή, collection of tribute.

δασμο-λόγος, ό, (δασμός, λέγω) a tax-collector.

δασμός, ό, (δάσασθαι) a division, sharing of spoil: distribution. II. in Att. an impost, tribute.

δασμοφορέω, f. ήσω, to pay tribute:—Pass., δασμοφρείται τινι tribute is paid one. From

δασμο-φόρος, ον, (δασμός, φέρω) paying tribute, tributary.

δάσομαι, fut. of δατέομαι: cf. δάσασθαι.

δασ-πλής, ήτος, ό, ή, and δασ-πλήτης, ή, (δα-, πλήσσω) horrid, frightful.

δάσασθαι, Ep. for δάσασθαι, q. v.

δασύ-θριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (δασύς, θρίξ) thick-haired.

δασύ-κερκος, ον, (δασύς, κέρκος) bushy-tailed.

δασύ-κνημος, ον, and δασυ-κνήμιον, ον, gen. ονος, (δασύς, κνήμη) sbaggy-legged.

δασύ-μαλλος, ον, (δασύς, μάλλος) thick-fleeced.

δᾶσύνω [ῶ], f. ἴνω, (δασύς) to make rough or bairy: Pass. to become rough or bairy.

δασύ-πους, ποδος, ό, (δασύς, πούς) bairy-foot, i. e. a hare or rabbit.

δασυ-πώγων, ανος, ό, ή, (δασύς, πώγων) with sbaggy beard.

ΔᾶΣΥΣ, εία, ύ, Ion. fem. δασέα, thick with hair, bairy, rough: downy, opp. to ψιλός: of places, thick grown with bushes, bushy; δασέα θρίδαξ a lettuce with the leaves on. II. like Lat. densus, thick, crowded.

δασύ-στερνος, ον, (δασύς, στέρνον) sbaggy-breasted.

δασυ-χάιτης, ον, ό, (δασύς, χαιτή) sbaggy-haired.

δατέομαι, fut. δάσομαι: aor. I ἐδασάμην Ep. ἐδασάμην: pf. δεδάσμαι: (for the forms, cf. πατέομαι, ἐπάσάμην): Dep.:—to divide among themselves, to share in: to tear in pieces; χθόνα ποσσι δατέυντο they measured the ground with their feet. 2. to cut in two. 3. to divide or distribute to others.

δατέυντο, Aeol. 3 pl. impf. of δατέομαι.

δατήριος, α, ον, (δατέομαι) distributing; and

δατήρης, οὔ, ό, a distributor.

δαφναίος, α, ον, of or belonging to a laurel. From

ΔΑΦΝΗ, ή, the laurel or bay, sacred to Apollo.

δαφνηφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear laurel-boughs. From

δαφνη-φόρος, ον, (δάφνη, φέρω) planted with laurels. II. bearing laurel-boughs.

δαφνιακός, ή, όν, (δάφνη) belonging to a laurel.

δαφνο-γηθής, ές, (δάφνη, γηθέω) delighting in the laurel.

δαφνο-κομος, ον, (δάφνη, κόμη) laurel-crowned.

δαφνο-ώδης, ες, (δάφνη, είδος) laurelled.

δᾶ-φουινεύς, ύν, = δαφουινεύς; είμα δαφουινέον αίματι a garment red with blood.

δα-φωός, *λυ*, (δα-, φωός) of wild beasts, *blood-red, tawny*; or perhaps *bloody, murderous*.

δαφιλια, *ή*, *abundance, plenty*. From δαφιλής, *ές*, (δάπτω) *abundant, plentiful*: of persons, *liberal, profuse*. Adv. δαφιλώς, *lavishly*: Sup. δαφιλίστατα.

*ΔΑΩ, an old root meaning *to learn*, which sometimes takes a causal sense, *to teach*: I. Causal, *to teach* in redupl. aor. 2 act. *δέδαε, be taught*, like Lat. *doceo*; later also *έδαν*.—The pres. in this sense is *διδάσκω*.

II. *to learn*: fut. *δάσσομαι* (έμευ δάσσει *thou wilt learn from me*): pf. *δέδακα*, part. *δεδακώς, δεδαώς*, also pass. *δεδαμένος*: aor. 2 *έδάην*, subj. *δαώ*, Ep. *δαείω*, inf. *δάηναι*, Ep. *δάήμεναι*, part. *δαείς*:—from *δέδαα*, is formed a pres. med. inf. *δέδασθαι, to search out*.—The pres. in this sense is *διδάσκομαι*.

δαώμεν, I pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of *δάω.

ΔΕΓ, *but*: conjunctive Particle, with an *opposing* or *adversative* force. It answers to *μέν*, esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by *while, on the other hand*, see *μέν*.

2. it often serves merely to pass from one thing to another, when it may be rendered, *and, further*.

II. *δέ* properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when the preceding words are closely connected.

—δε, enclitic Particle; joined I. to names of Places in acc., to denote *motion towards*, as if it were an enclitic preposit.; *οίκονδε home-wards, Ούλυμ-πόνδε to Olympus, θύραδε* (for *θύρασδε*) *to the door*; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron., *ύνδε δόμονδε*; and sometimes even after *εις*, as *εις άλαδε*: in Att. often added to the names of cities, *Άθηναιζε, Οθήβαζε* (for *Άθηνασδε, Οθήβασδε*):—sometimes it denotes *purpose* only, *μητι φόβονδ' άγίρεινε* speak naught *tending to fear*.

II. to the demonstr. Pron., to give it greater force, *οδε, τοιούσδε*, etc., such a man as *this*, Att. *οδι*, etc.

δέα, *ή*, Dor. for *θεά*, Lat. *dea*.

δέατο, Ep. for *έδέατο*, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete Verb *δέαμαι*, = *δοκέω, be seemed*.

δέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of *δέχομαι*.

δέδασθαι, Ep. pres. med. inf. of *δάω.

δέδαε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of *δάω.

δέδακα, *δεδάημαι*, pf. act. and pass. of *δάω.

δεδαταί, Ion. for *δέδανται*, 3 pl. pf. pass. of *δαίω* B.

δεδαίγμενος, pf. pass. part. of *δαίω*.

δεδαδάλμενος, part. pf. pass. of *δαιδάλλω*.

δέδδκον, redupl. poet. aor. 2 of *δάκνω*.

δεδάκρυκα, pf. of *δακρύω*.

δέδαργμαι, Att. for *δέδραγμαί*, pf. pass. of *δράσσομαι*.

δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of *δέρω*.

δέδαομαι, pf. pass. of *δαίρομαι*.

δεδαώς, pf. act. part. of *δάω.

δέδεγμα, pf. of *δέχομαι*, (also Ion. pf. of *δείκνυμι*).

δέδέρμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of *δέω, to want*.

δεδέξομαι, paullo p. fut. of *δέχομαι*.

δεδειπνάει, irreg. pf. inf. of *δειπνέω*.

δέδειχα, *δέδειγμαί*, pf. act. and pass. of *δείκνυμι*.

δέδεκα, *δέδεμαι*, pf. act. and pass. of *δέω, to bind*.

δέδεξο, imperat. pf., and *δεδέξομαι*, p. p. fut., of *δέχομαι*.

δέδετο, Ep. 3 sing plqpf. pass. of *δέω, to bind*.

δέδεχάται, Ion. for *δεδεγμένοι εισί*, 3 plur. pf. of *δέχομαι*.

δέδηγμαί, pf. pass. of *δάκνω*.

δέδηε, *δεδήει*, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of *δαίω*.

δέδημεναι, pf. pass. of *δημεύω*.

δεδήσομαι and *δεδήσομαι*, fut. pass. of *δέω, to bind*.

δέδηχα, pf. of *δάκνω*.

δέδια, poet. *δείδια*, pf., with. pres. sense, of *δείδω*; imperat. *δέδιθι*; part. *δεδιώς*.

δεδιᾶκονηκα, pf. of *διακονέω*.

δεδιᾶχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of *διδάσκω*.

δεδιήτηκα, pf. of *διατάω*.

δεδίσκομαι, = *δειδίσκομαι*.

δεδίττομαι, Att. for *δειδίσσομαι*.

δεδίωμαι, pf. pass. of *διώκω*.

δεδήματο, Ion. for *έδέδμηγτο*, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of *δαμάω*.

δέδηκα, pf. of *δέμω*.

δέδημαι, pf. pass. of *δαμάω*; also of *δέμω*.

δέδηγτο, —ήγτο, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of *δαμάω*.

δέδογμαί, pf. pass. of *δοκέω*.

δέδοικα, pf. with pres. sense of *δείδω*.

δεδοίκα, Dor. pres. formed from *δέδοικα* = *δείδω*.

δέδοκημαι, pf. pass. of *δοκέω*.

δεδοκήμενος, Ep. pf. part. of *δέχομαι*, with sense of pres., *waiting for, lying in wait*.

δεδοκίμασμαι, pf. pass. of *δοκιμάζω*.

δέδομαι, pf. pass. of *είδωμι*: poet. 3 pl. *δέδονται*.

δέδονατο, Dor. for *έεδόνηγτο*, 3 sing. plqpf. of *δονέω*.

δέδορκα, pf. of *δέρκομαι*, with sense of pres.

δέδουπα, pf. of *δουπέω*.

δεδραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of *δράσσω*.

δέδρακα, pf. of *διδράσκω*, also of *έρω*.

δέδραμαι, pf. pass. of *δράω*.

δεδράμικα, pf. of *τρέχω* (formed from **δράμειω*).

δέδρομα, poet. pf. of *τρέχω* (formed from **δρέμω*).

δεδυστήχηκα, pf. of *δυστηχέω*.

δέδωκα, pf. of *είδωμι*.

δέελος, *η, ον*, resolved form of *δηλος*.

δεηθήτε, 2 pl. aor. I subj. of *έρομαι*.

δέημαι, *ατος, τό*, (*δέομαι*) *a prayer, entreaty*.

δέησις, *εως, ή*, (*δέομαι*) *an entreaty*.

δέησομαι, fut. med. of *δέω, to want*.

ΔΕΓ; subj. *δέγ* contr. *δη*; opt. *δέοι*; inf. *δείν*; part. *δέον* Att. *δείν*: imperf. *έδει* Ion. *έδεε*: fut. *δεήσει*: aor. I *έδησε*. Impers. from *δέω, to bind*: I. c. acc. et inf., *δει τινα ποιήσαι it is binding on one to do a thing, one must, one ought*, Lat. *oportet, decet*; so, *δει τινα πως ποιήσει*.

II. c. gen. *there is need of*, Lat. *opus est re*; πολλού *δει there wants much, far from it*; ολίγου *δει there wants little, all but*; πλείνους *δει it is still further from it*:—with the person added, *δει μοί τινος*, Lat. *opus est mihi re*.

δείγμα, ατος, τό, (δείκνυμι) a sample, proof, specimen, Lat. *documentum*. 2. a place in the Peiræus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make a show of.

δειδέκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δείκνυμι, in sense of impf., to welcome: **δειδέχασαι**, for **δεδηγμένοι είοί**, 3 plur. perf.: **δειδέχαστο**, 3 pl. plqpf.

δειδήμων, on, gen. ονος, (δείδω) cowardly.

δειδια, as, ε, like **δέδια**, pf. of δείδω with pres. signf., *I fear*; plur. **δειδιμεν**, **δειδίτε**; imperat. **δειδίθι**; inf. **δειδιμέν**; part. **δειδιώς**, dual **δειδιότε**: **δειδισαν**, 3 plur. plqpf.

δειδίσκομαι, Dep. (δείκνυμι) to greet with outstretched hand, to welcome, bid hail; **δειδίσκετο δέπαι** he bailed with the cup. 2. = **δείκνυμι**, to shew.

δειδίσσομαι, Att. **δειδίττομαι**: fut. **ίξομαι**: aor. I **είδειδιξάμην**: (δείδω):—Causal of δείδω, to frighten, alarm.

δειδοικα, Ep. for **δέδοικα**, q. v.

ΔΕΙΨΑΩ, the pres. only used in first pers., *I fear*: fut. **δείσομαι**: aor. I **είδεια** Ep. **έδδεια**: pf. in pres. sense **δέδοικα**; also **δέδια**, Ep. **δείδια** (see **δείδια**): 3 pl. plqpf. **είδειδισαν**, Ep. **δείδισαν**: I. intr. to be afraid, to fear, mostly with **μή** .., like Lat. *verere* ne .., *I fear it is ..*; but, **δείδω μή ού ..**, *verere ne non ..*, *verere ut ..*, *I fear it is not*. 2. c. inf. to fear to do. 3. **δειδειν περί τινι** to be alarmed or anxious about. 4. c. acc. to be afraid of, to fear, stand in awe of. 5. perf. part. τὸ **δειδιώς**, one's fearing, one's fear, like **δέος**.

δειελιάω, f. ήσω: aor. I **είδειελήσα**: (**δείελος**):—to wait till evening.

δειελινός, ή, όν, =sq., at evening. From

δείελος, on, (**δείλη**) of or belonging to evening; **δείελον ήμαρ eventide**. II. as Subst., **δείελος** (sub. ώρη), = **δείλη**, evening.

δεικανάσσκε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of **δεικανάω**.

δεικανάω, = **δείκνυμι**, to point out, shew. II. Med. = **δείκνυμι**, **δέχομαι**, to salute, welcome, greet.

δεικανάωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of **δεικανάω**.

δεικελον and **δεικηλον**, τό, (**δείκνυμι**) a representation, exhibition.

δείκνυμι, Ep. shortened form of **δείκνυμι**.

δεικνύμεν, -ύμενα, Ep. for **δεικνύναι**. [ύ]
ΔΕΙΚΝΥΜΙ and **δεικνύω**, imperat. **δείκνυ** or **δείκνυε**: fut. **δείξω** Ion. **δέξω**: aor. I **είδειξα** Ion. **έδεξα**: pf. **έδειξα**:—Pass., fut. **δειχθήσομαι**, and fut. 3 **δειξομαι**: aor. I **είδειχθην** Ion. **έδέχθην**: pf. **έδειγμαι**; on the forms **δειδέχασαι**, **δειδέκτο**, see below II:—to shew, point out, Lat. *monstro*; impers. **δείξει**, time will shew; **δεικνύμαι είς τινα** to point towards a person. 2. to bring to light, display; **θεός ήμύν δείξε** τέρας the god shewed us a marvel:—Med. **δεικνύμαι**, to set before one. 3. to point out by words, to tell, explain, teach: to shew, prove; **είδειξαν έτοιμοι όντες** they shewed that they were ready. 4. of accusers, to inform against. II. pres. part. **δεικνύμενος** =

δεχόμενος, **δειξιόμενος**, *welcoming, greeting*: 3 pl. pf. **δειδέχασαι**, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. **δειδέκτο**, **δειδέχαστο**, are used in the same sense; **τοὺς μὲν κυπέλλοις** **δειδέχαστο** they pledged them with the cup; **δειδέχαστο μύθοισι** they greeted them with words.

δεικτέος, α, on, verb. Adj. of **δείκνυμι**, to be shewn. II. **δεικτέον** [έστι], impers., *one must shew*.

δειλαιος, α, on, lengthd. form of **δειλός**, *fearful*: and so *wretched, sorry, paltzy, miserable*.

δειλακρίων, αως, ό, properly, a coward, to whom in addresses, *poor fellow!* From

δειλακρος, α, on, (**δειλός**, **άκρος**) *very pitiable*. **ΔΕΙΨΑΗ** (sub. ώρα), ή, properly, *the time when the day is hottest*, i. e. *just after noon*; then generally, *afternoon*, **έσσεται ή ήως ή δείλη ή μέσον ήμαρ**; **δείλη πρωία** and **δείλη όψία** *early and late afternoon*; afterwards **δείλη** alone stood for the later part of the afternoon, evening; **δείλης** or **δείλην**, as Adv., *in the evening*.

δειλία, ή, (**δειλός**) *timidity, cowardice*; **δειλην όφελειν** to be charged with cowardice.

δειλιάω, f. άσω, (**δειλία**) to be afraid.

δειλόμαι, Dep. (**δείλη**) to decline towards evening.

δειλός, ή, όν, (**δέος**, **δείδω**) *cowardly, craven*: *vile, worthless*. II. *miserable, wretched, unhappy*, like Lat. *miser*. Adv. —**λώς**.

δέιμα, ατος, τό, (**δείδω**) *fear, affright*. II. an object of fear, a terror, horror. Hence

δειμαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., to be afraid, to be alarmed: c. acc. to fear a thing.

δειμάλεος, α, on, (**δέιμα**) *timid*. II. *horrible, fearful*.

δέιμας, aor. I part. of **δέμω**.

δέιματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of **δέμω**.

δειματώσει, εσσα, εν, (**δέιμα**) *frightened*.

δειματώω, f. άσω, (**δέιμα**) to frighten.

δειμόμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. of **δέμω**.

δειμός, ό, (**δέος**) *fear, terror*, Lat. *timor*.

δειν, inf. of **δέω**. II. Att. for **δέον**, part. neut. of **δέε**, as **πλείν** for **πλέον**.

ΔΕΙΨΑΝΑ, ό, ή, τό, gen. **δεινός**, dat. **δεινί**, acc. **δεινά**, such an one, a certain one, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl. **δειν**.

δεινο-θήτης, ου, ό, (**δεινός**, **τίθημι**) a knave.

δεινο-λογέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. (**δεινός**, **λέγω**) to complain loudly.

δεινο-παθίω, f. ήσω, (**δεινός**, **πάθος**) to complain loudly of suffering.

δεινό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. **ποδος**, (**δεινός**, **πούς**) *terrible of foot*.

δεινός, ή, όν, (**δέος**): I. *terrible, fearful*, in milder sense, *ausful*: later, **τὸ δεινόν danger, sufferings**; **οὐδὲν δεινός**, **μη άποστρέσω** no fear of their revolting; **δεινόν ποιείν** or **ποιείσθαι** to take ill, Lat. *aegre ferre*. II. implying Force or Power, *mighty, powerful*, for good or ill. 2. *wondrous, marvellous, strange*; **τὸ συγγενές τοι δεινόν** the ties of kin have strange power. III. the sense of *powerful*.

wondrous, passed into that of *able, clever, skilful*, as in phrase *δεινός τε καὶ σοφός*; often c. inf., *δεινὸς λέγειν clever at talking*; also c. acc., *δεινὸς τὴν τέχνην skilful in his art*. Hence

δείνος, gen. of *δείνα*, ὁ, ἡ.
δεινότης, η̅τος, ἡ, *terribleness: harshness, sternness*. 2. *natural ability, cleverness*.

δεινώω, f. ὤσω, (*δεινός*) to make dreadful or formidable: to exaggerate, enhance.

δειν-ωπός, ὄν, (*δεινός*, ὤψ) terrible to behold.

δεινῶς, Adv. of *δεινός*, terribly: marvellously, exceedingly.

δεινώσις, εως, ἡ, (*δεινώω*) exaggeration.

δειν-ωψ, ὀπος, ὁ, ἡ, = *δείνωσις*.

δείξω, fut. of *δείκνυμι*.

δείος, τό, Ep. for *δέος*, fear.

δειπνεῦντες, Dor. for *δειπνοῦντες*.

δειπνώω, f. ἤσω: pf. *δεδείπνηκα*, Att. pf. 2 *δεδείπνα*, inf. *δεδείπνάμι*: (*δείπνον*):—to make a meal, dine; in Att. always to take the chief meal: c. acc., *δειπνεῖν ἄρτον to make a meal on bread*. Hence

δειπνηστός ὁρ *δειπνηστος*, ὁ, *meal-time*.

δειπνητήριον, τό, (*δειπνέω*) a supper-room.

δειπνητής, οὔ, ὁ, a supper guest. Hence

δειπνητικός, ὁ, ὄν, of or for dinner. Adv. *-κας*, like a clever cook.

δειπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (*δείπνον*) to entertain at dinner.

δειπνο-λόχος, η̅, ον, (*δείπνον*, *λοχάω*) fishing for invitations to dinner, parasitic.

δείπνον, τό, a meal or meal-time, sometimes = *ἄριστον*, the early meal, sometimes = *δύρον* the late one: in Att. the chief meal, answering to our dinner, Lat. *coena*; ἀπὸ *δείπνον* straight from, i. e. just after dinner. 2. generally food, provender.

δειπνοποιέω, to prepare a meal: Med. to dine. From *δειπνο-ποιός*, ὄν, (*δείπνον*, *ποιέω*) preparing dinner.

δείρας, ἄδος, ἡ, (*δειρή*) the ridge of a chain of hills, like *λόφος*, Lat. *jugum*. II. = *δειρή*, the neck.

δείρας, aor. I part. of *δέρω*.

ΔΕΙΡΗ', Att. *δέρη*, ἡ, the neck, throat. II. = *δείρας*, the ridge of a hill.

δειρο-τομέω, f. ἤσω, (*δειρή*, *τέμνω*) to cut the throat of a person, behead him, Lat. *jugulo*.

ΔΕΙΡΩ, Ion. for *δέρω*.

δεισ-ήνωρ, ὀπος, ὁ, ἡ, (*δείδω*, *ἀνήρ*) fearing-man.

δεισιδαιμονία, ἡ, fear of the gods, religion. 2. in bad sense, superstition. From

δεισι-δαίμων, ὄν, gen. *ονος*, (*δείδω*, *δαίμων*) fearing the gods: in good sense, pious, religious. 2. in bad sense, superstitious, bigoted.

ΔΕΚΑ, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., Lat. *DECEM*, our *TEN*, Germ. *ZEHN*: οἱ *δέκα*, the *Ten*, Lat. *Decemviri*: οἱ *δέκα* [ἔτη] ἀπ' ἡβηθς those who are ten years past 20, the age of military service.

δεκάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (*δέκα*, *ἄρχω*) a commander of ten men, Lat. *decurio*.

δεκά-βοιος, ον, (*δέκα*, *βοῦς*) worth ten oxen.

δεκαδούς, εως, ὁ, (*δέκα*) one of a decury or party of ten soldiers.

δεκά-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, = *δυνάδεκα*, twelve.

δεκά-δωρος, ον, (*δέκα*, *δώρον* II) ten palms long or broad.

δεκα-ἔτηρος, ον, (*δέκα*, ἔτος) ten-yearly.

δεκα-ετής, ἐς, (*δέκα*, ἔτος) lasting ten years.

δεκάδω, f. ἄσω, (*δέκα*) to bribe, corrupt, Lat. *decuriare*.

δεκάκις, Adv. (*δέκα*) ten times: ten-fold.

δεκά-κλῖνος, ον, (*δέκα*, *κλῖναι*) holding ten dinner-couches.

δεκα-κῦμία, ἡ, (*δέκα*, *κῦμα*) the tenth wave, Lat. *fluctus decumanus*; cf. *τρικυμία*.

δεκά-μηνος and *δεκα-μηνιαῖος*, ον, (*δεκά*, *μήν*) ten months old. 2. in the tenth month.

δεκά-μινους, ονν, (*δεκά*, *μνᾶ*) worth ten minae.

δεκ-ἄμφορος, ον, (*δέκα*, *ἀμφορεῖς*) holding ten ἀμφορεῖς, i. e. about ninety gallons.

δεκά-πάλαι, Adv. a very long time ago.

δεκά-πεντε, οἱ, αἱ, τά, fifteen.

δεκά-πηχυς, υ, (*δέκα*, *πῆχυς*) ten cubits long.

δεκα-πλάσιος, ον, (*δέκα*) tenfold: c. gen. ten times greater than: ἡ *δεκαπλασία* (sub. *τιμῆ*) as Subst. ten times the amount.

δεκά-πλεθρος, ον, (*δέκα*, *πλήθρον*) enclosing ten plethra (v. *πλήθρον* II.)

δεκάπλοισ, ον, contr. *-πλους*, ονν, = *δεκα-πλάσιος*.

δεκά-πολις, ἡ, (*δέκα*, *πόλις*) a district including ten cities, *Decapolis*.

δεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν*, τό, gen. *ποδος*, ten feet long.

δεκ-ἄρχης, ον, ὁ, (*δέκα*, *ἄρχω*) a decurion. Hence *δεκ-αρχία*, ἡ, the government of the Ten.

δεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*δέκα*) a body of ten men, Lat. *decuria*. II. the number ten.

δεκά-σπορος, ον, (*δέκα*, *σπείρω*) consisting of ten seed-times, i. e. ten years.

δεκαταῖος, α, ον, (*δέκατος*) on the tenth day.

δεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (*δέκα*, *τάλαντον*) weighing or worth ten talents: estimated at ten talents.

δεκα-τέσσαρες, -ρα, fourteen.

δεκατετήριον, τό, the tenths-office, custom-house: and *δεκατευτής*, οὔ, ὁ, a farmer of tenths, tithe-collector, Lat. *decumanus*. From

δεκατεῦω, f. ὠω, (*δεκάτη*) to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe of a person: to take the tenth of booty, esp. as an offering to the gods:—also to exact the tenths as a tax on all imports.

δεκατη-λόγος, ὁ, (*δεκάτη*, λέγω) = *δεκατευτής*.

δεκατό-σπορος, ον, (*δέκατος*, *σπορά*) in the tenth generation.

δέκατος, η̅, ον, (*δέκα*) tenth. II. as Subst., *δεκάτη* (sub. *μέρις*), ἡ, the tenth part, tithe. 2. *δεκάτη* (sub. *ἡμέρα*), ἡ, the tenth day: at Athens, the festival on the tenth day after birth, when the child had a name given it; τὴν *δεκάτην* θύειν to give a feast on the day of naming the child.

δεκατόω, f. ὤσω, (*δέκατος*) to take tithe of a person.

δεκά-φύλος, *ον*, (δέκα, φυλή) consisting of ten tribes.
δεκά-χαλκον, τό, (δέκα, χαλκοῦς) a coin worth ten
χαλκοί, Lat. *denarius*.

δεκά-χίλιοι, αι, α, (δέκα, χίλιοι) ten thousand.

δεκ-έτηρος, *ον*, = δέκετης.

δεκ-έτης, *ου, ό*, (δέκα, έτος) lasting ten years. II.
ten years old.

δεκ-έτης, ιδος, ή, *pecul. fem.* of δέκετης.

δέκομαι, *Ion.* and *Aeol.* for δέχομαι.

δεκ-όργυιος, *ον*, (δέκα, όργυρι) ten fatboms long.

δεκτήρ, ήρος, ό, = δέκτης.

δέκτης, *ου, ό*, (δέχομαι) a receiver: hence a beggar.

δέκτο, 3 *sing. Ep. aor. 2* of δέχομαι.

δεκτός, ή, *όν*, *verb. Adj.* of δέχομαι, received: to be received, acceptable, Lat. *acceptus*.

δέκτρια, ή, *poët. fem.* of δεκτήρ, δέκτης.

δέκτωρ, *ορος*, *poët.* for δέκτης, δεκτήρ, one who takes upon himself.

δεκ-ώρητος, *ον*, more correct form of δεκόργυιος.

δελείζω, *φ. άσω*, (δέλεαρ) to entice by a bait: to allure, entice, catch. II. *c. acc. cognato*, *νῶτον ύδ*

δελείζεν *to put* the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕΛΕΑΡ, *ατος, τό*, a bait, Lat. *esca*.

δελε-άρπαξ, *αγος, ό*, ή, (δέλεαρ, άρπάξω) greedy of the bait, biting freely at it.

δελέασμα, *ατος, τό*, = δέλεαρ.

ΔΕΛΤΑ, τό, *indecl., v. sub Δ.* 2. a name for the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp. of the Nile, so called from their shape.

δελτίον, τό, *Dim.* of δέλτος.

δελτο-γράφος, *ον*, (δελτος, γράφω) writing on a tablet, registering, recording.

δέλτος, ή, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενών the tablets of the heart. Hence

δελτώω, *φ. άσω*, to note down on tablets, record.

δελφάκιον, τό, a sucking-pig, *Dim.* of δέλφαξ.

δελφάκομαι, *Pass.* to grow up to pighood. From ΔΕΛΦΑΞ, άκος, ό, a young pig, porker.

Δελφίνιος, ό, (Δελφοί) Delphian, epith. of Apollo.

δελφίνο-φόρος, *ον*, (δελφίς, φέρω) bearing dolphins; κεραία δ. beams with pulleys to lower the dolphins.

ΔΕΛΦΙΣ and δελφίν, *ινος, ό*, the dolphin. II. a mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let down on the enemy's ships.

ΔΕΛΦΟΙ, *ων, αι*, Delphi, a famous oracle of Apollo in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. II. Δελφοί, *οι*, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

ΔΕΜΑΣ, τό, used only in *nom.* and *acc.*, the body, esp. of man: properly the living body, *σωμα* being the corpse; μικρός δέμας small in stature. II.

as *Adv.*, like *δικην*, δέμας πυρός αιθομένοιο in form or fashion like burning fire, Lat. *instar ignis*.

δέμιον, τό, (δέμω) a bed, bedding: mostly in *plur.*

δεμιο-τήρης, *ες*, (δέμιον, τηρέω) keeping one to one's bed; μοίρα δεμιοτήρης a lingering fate.

ΔΕΜΩ: *aor. I act.* έδειμα, *med.* έδειμάμην: *pf.*

δέδμηκα: *pf. pass.* δέδμημαι. *To build*; *Med.*, έδειματο οίκους *be built* him houses: generally, *to construct, make*; δέμειν *ύδόν* Lat. *muire* *viam*.

δενδίλλω, *to give a glance at*, so as to make a sign.

δένδρεον, τό, *Ion.* for δένδρον, a tree. Hence

δενδρέων, *ωνος, ό*, (δένδρον) a grove.

δενδρήεις, *εσσα, εν*, woody.

δενδριακός or -ικός, ή, *όν*, (δένδρον) of a tree.

δενδριον, τό, *Dim.* of δένδρον.

δενδρίτης, *ου, ό*, *fem.* δενδρίτις, *ιδος*, of or belonging to a tree.

δενδρο-βάτέω, (δένδρον, βαίνω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης or δενδρο-κομος, *ον*, (δένδρον, κομή) shaggy with wood.

δενδρο-κόπεω, (δένδρον, κόπτω) = δενδροτομέω.

ΔΕΝΔΡΟΝ, τό, *Ion.* and *Att.* δένδρος, *εος, τό*, a tree; δένδρον έλάας an olive-tree: generally, δένδρα are fruit-trees, opp. to ύλη, timber.

δενδροτομέω, *φ. ήσω*, to cut down the fruit-trees, to lay waste a country. From

δενδρο-τόμος, *ον*, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees.

δενδρο-φόρος, *ον*, (δένδρον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρο-φύτος, *ον*, (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees.

δενδρο-ώδης, *ες*, (δένδρον, είδος) tree-like; δενδρώδεις Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτις, *ιδος, ή*, (δένδρον) wooded.

δεννάω, *φ. άσω*, to abuse, revile. From

ΔΕΝΝΟΣ, ό, a reproach, disgrace.

δέξαι, *aor. I med. imper.* of δέχομαι.

δεξαμενή, ή, (properly *aor. I part. fem.* of δέχομαι) a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

δεξιά, *Ion.* -ή, (*fem.* of δεξιός, *sub. χείρ*) the right hand; εκ δεξιās on the right hand; δεξιάν διδόναι to salute by offering the right hand.

δεξι-μηλος, *ον*, (δέχομαι, μήλον) receiving sheep, rich in sacrifices.

δεξιό-γιος, (δεξιός, γινώ) ready of limb, nimble.

δεξιό-λάβος, ό, (δεξιός, λαβείν) a spearman, guard.

δεξιόμοι, *φ. ύσομαι*: *aor. I έδεξιωσάμην*: *Dep.*—to offer the right hand, greet with the right hand. From

ΔΕΞΙΟΣ, ά, *όν*, Lat. *DEXTER*: I. on the right hand or side; έπι δεξιā to the right. II.

fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other omens. III. metaph. dexterous, ready; and of the mind, shrewd, clever.

δεξιό-σειρος, ό, (δεξιός, σειρά) harnessed by traces on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the regular pair.

δεξιότης, ήτος, ή, (δεξιός) dexterity, activity; of mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, *Adv.*, old gen. of δεξιός; έπι δεξιόφιν towards the right.

δεξι-πύρος, *ον*, (δέχομαι, πυρ) fire-receiving.

δεξις, *εος, ή*, (δέχομαι) reception.

δεξιτερός, ά, *όν*, *poët. form* for δεξιός, right, the right; δεξιτερά, like δεξιά (*sub. χείρ*), the right hand; δεξιτερήφι, old dat., on the right hand.

δεξιωμα, ατος, τό, (δεξιόμαι) a pledge of friendship.
 δεξι-ώνυμος, ον, (δεξιός, ὄνομα) lucky in name.
 δεξιώς, Adv. of δέξιος, dexterously: Sup. δεξιώτατα.
 δεξιῶσις, εως, ἡ, (δεξιόμαι) an offering of the right
 hand: greeting, salutation: canvassing.

δέξο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imperat. of δέχομαι.
 δέξομαι, fut. of δέχομαι.
 δέξω, δέξομαι, Ion. for δέξω, δείξομαι, fut. act. and
 med. of δείκνυμι.

δέομαι, to need, want, ask; v. sub δέω (B).
 δέον, οντος, τό, Att. δέιν, part. neut. of the impers.
 δεῖ, *ibat* which is binding, needful, right, proper;
 μᾶλλον τοῦ δέοντος more than needful; ἐν δέοντι
 (sub. καιρῶ), in good time, Lat. opportuné; εἰς τὸ
 δέον for needful purposes. II. used absol. *it*
being needful; οὐδὲν δέον there being no need.

δέον, Ion. for ἔδεον, impf. of δέω, to bind.
 δέοντων, 3 pl. imperat. of δέω, to bind.
 ΔΕΨ, gen. δέους, τό: poet. δέος: fear, alarm,
 affright. II. a awe, reverence. III. a terror,
 means of inspiring fear.

ΔΕΨΙΑΣ, αος, τό: nom. pl. δέψᾱ; poet. dat. pl.
 δεψάεσι and δέψασσι:—a beaker, goblet, chalice.

δερ-άγχη, ἡ, (δέρη, ἄγχω) a collar.
 δερ-αγχῆς, ἐς, (δέρη, ἄγχω) throttling.
 δέριον, τό, (δέρη) a necklace: a collar.
 δεραιο-πέδη, ἡ, (δέριον, πέδη) a collar.
 δέρας, ατος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.
 δέρας, ἄδος, ἡ, = δειράς.

δέργμα, τό, (δέρκομαι) a look, glance.
 δέρη, ἡ, Att. for δερῆ, the neck.
 δερκίσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of δέρκομαι.
 δερκίακος, Dep., poet. for δέρκομαι, to look.

ΔΕΨΚΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: fut. δέρσομαι: pf. with pres.
 sense δέδορκα: aor. 2 ἐδράκον: also aor. I pass. ἐδέρ-
 χθην, aor. 2 ἐδράκη; and aor. I med. ἐδερξάμην,
 aor. 2 ἐδρακόμεν:—to look, see: hence to behold the
 light, to live. 2. to look on or at: generally, to
 perceive, be aware of. II. of light, to flash or
 gleam, like the eye.

δέρμα, ατος, τό, (δέρω) the skin, hide of beasts, Lat.
 pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: the
 shell of a tortoise. 2. generally, one's skin, Lat.
 cutis. Hence

δερμάτινος, ἡ, ον, of skin, leather.
 δέρξαστο, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέρκομαι.
 δέρον, Ep. for ἔδερον, impf. of δέρω.
 δέρος, εος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.
 δέρρις or δέρις, εως, ἡ, (δέρος, δέρμα) a leather
 covering. II. in plur. screens of skin, hung to
 deaden the enemy's missiles, Lat. cilia.

δέρτρον, τό, (δέρω) the caul or membrane which
 contains the bowels, Lat. omentum; δέρτρον ἐξω δύνον-
 τες penetrating even to the bowels.

δερχθῆεις, part. aor. I of δέρκομαι; δέρχομαι, im-
 perat., and δερχθῆναι, inf., of same tense.

ΔΕΨΩ, Ion. δέρω: fut. δερῶ: aor. I ἔδειρα:—
 Pass., fut. 2 δαρῆσομαι; aor. I ἐδάρθην, aor. 2 ἐδάρην

[ᾶ]: pf. δέδαρμαι:—to skin, flay. II. also to
 cudgel, thrash.

δέσμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) poet. for δεσμός, a bond,
 fetter. II. a bead-band.

δεσμεύω, f. σω, (δεσμός) to fetter, put in chains: to
 tie together, as corn in the sheaf.

δεσμεύω, f. ἦσω, (δεσμός) = δεσμεύω.
 δέσμη, ἡ, (δέω) a bundle.

δέσμιον, τό, = δεσμός.
 δέσμιος, ον, also α, ον, (δεσμός) binding: hence
 binding with a spell. II. pass. bound, captive.

δεσμός, ὁ, pl. δεσμοί or δεσμά, (δέω) a band, bond,
 fetter: a balter: a mooring cable: a door-latch. 2.
 bonds, imprisonment.

δεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (δεσμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.
 δεσμούω, = δεσμεύω, to bind, fetter. Hence

δέσμομα, ατος, τό, a fetter.
 δεσμοτήριον, τό, (δεσμός) a prison.

δεσμοτήτης, ον, ὁ, (δεσμός) a prisoner. 2. as Adj.
 in chains, fettered: fem. δεσμοτῆς: idos.

δεσπόζω, f. ὄσω, (δεσπότης) to be lord and master
 of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery. II. to make
 oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend.

δέσποινα, ἡ, fem. of δεσπότης, the mistress or lady
 of the house, Lat. *bera*: often joined with the name
 of goddesses.

δεσπόσιος, ον, = δεσπόσιον.
 δεσποσύνη, ἡ, (δεσπότης) absolute sway.
 δεσποσύσιος, ον, (δεσπότης) of or belonging to the
 master, arbitrary. II. as Subst. = δεσπότης.

δεσποτικός, f. ἦσω, = δεσπόζω:—Pass. to be despot-
 ically ruled.

ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ, ον, ὁ, voc. δέσποτᾶ: Dor. nom.
 δεσπότας: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. δεσπότεα, -eas, but
 prob. these are incorrect:—a master, properly of
 slaves: hence a *despot*, absolute ruler, whose subjects
 are slaves. II. generally, an owner, master, lord.

Hence
 δεσποτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a master. 2. fit to
 be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotic.

δεσπότης, ἴδος, ἡ, = δέσποινα.
 δεσποτίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of δεσποτής, little master.

δεσπῆ (sub. λαμπάς), ἡ, sticks bound up to make a
 fagot, a fagot. Fem. of

δεσπῆς, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δέω, bound.
 δεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of δεύω, to wet.

δευήσεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of δεύω, to wet.
 δεύμα, ατος, τό, (δεύω) that which is wet, soaked;

δεύματα κρεῖων boiled flesh.

δεύοιστο, poet. for δεύοντο, 3 pl. pres. opt. of
 δεύω (B).

δεύομαι, v. δέω (B).
 δευρί, Att. strengthened form of δεύρο.

ΔΕΥΨΟ, Adv. of Place, hither, come hither! δευτε
 is used with plur. II. of Time, until now, up
 to this time, hitherto; δευρ' αἰεί continually up to
 this time.

Δεῦς, Accl. for Ζεὺς.

δεύτατος, η, ον, *the last*, Sup. of δεύτερος.
 δευτε, Adv., plur. of δευτρο, *hither! Come hither!*
 δευτερο- αγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δεύτερος, αγωνιστής) *the actor who takes the second part*, cf. πρωταγωνιστής: metaph. *the second advocate in a court of law.*

δευτεραίος, α, ον, (δεύτερος) *on the second day.*
 δευτερεία (sub. ἄθλα), τά, (δεύτερος) *the second prize in a contest: generally, the second place or rank.*

δευτεριάζω, f. ἄσω, *to play the second part.*
 δευτερο-πρωτων σάββατον, τό, *the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened bread.*

δεύτερος, α, ον, *the second*, Lat. *secundus*: as a Comp., ἐμείο δεύτεροι *after my time*: in neut. as Adv., δεύτερον αὖ, δεύτερον αὖτις, *secondly, next afterwards, a second time.* II. in point of Place, second, i. e. inferior; δεύτερος οὐδενός *second to none*: τὰ δεύτερα, = δευτερεία, *the second prize or place.*

III. *the second of two*; δευτέρη αὐτῆ herself *with another.*

δευτερο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἴσταμαι) *one who stands in the second file of the Cohors.*

ΔΕΥΤΩ (A), Ion. impf. δέυσκον: f. δέυσω: aor. I ἔδυσσα:—Pass., pf. δέδυμαι:—*to wet, soak, steep*; Med., περὰ δευτεῖα ἄλμη *wets his wings in the brine.* II. *to fill with liquid, fill up.* III. *to make to flow, shed.*

ΔΕΥΤΩ (B), f. δευήσω, Aeol. and Ep. form for δέω, *to need, miss, want*; ἐδύνουν δ' οἰήθην ἄκρον ἐκέσθαι *be missed reaching the top of the mast.* II. more often as Dep. δέυομαι, f. δευήσομαι:—*to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for*: hence *to be wanting, deficient in*; ἄλλα πάντα δεύεα Ἀργείων ἰθου *art inferior to them in all else.*

ΔΕΥΦΩ, f. δεφώω, *to soften by working by the band, to make supple, to tan hides.*

δεχ-άματος, ον, (δέκα, ἄμμα) *with ten meshes.*
 δέχεται, Ep. for δεδεγέμαι: εἰσι 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι.
 δεχ-ήμερος, ον, (δέκα, ἡμέρα) *lasting ten days.* 2. *terminable at ten days' notice.*

δέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.
 δεχθεῖς, aor. I part. of δέχομαι, in pass. sense.
 δεχνύμαι, ποθ. for δέχομαι.

ΔΕΥΧΟΜΑΙ, Ion. and Aeol. δέκομαι: fut. δέξομαι and δεδέξομαι: aor. I ἐδέχθην (also used in pass. sense): pf. δέδεγμα: plqpf. ἐδέδεγμην:—Ep. aor. 2 ἐδέγμην or δέγμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέγμενος: Dep.: I. of things, *to take, accept*: esp. *to take well, receive kindly or graciously*; τὸν οἰωνὸν δέχεσθαι *to accept or bail the omen*: hence *to approve*: c. inf. *to take rather, to choose.* II. of persons, *to receive hospitably, entertain.* 2. *to receive as an enemy, to watch for*: *to await the onset.* 3. *to expect, wait for.* III. of events, *to succeed, come next*, Lat. *excipere.*

δεψέω, f. ἦσω, Lat. *depsō*, = δέφω, *to soften*; δεψήσας κηρὸν *having worked wax till it is soft.*

ΔΕΨΩ, = foreg.
 ΔΕΨΩ (A); fut. δήσω: aor. I ἔδῃσα: pf. δέδεκα:

plqpf. ἐδέδῃκειν:—Pass., fut. δεθήσομαι, fut. 3 δεδήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθη: pf. δέδεμαι: plqpf. ἐδέδεμην, Ep. 3 sing. δέδετο;—*to bind, tie, fasten, fetter*: absol. *to imprison.* 2. metaph. *to bind fast, encabin*: later, *to bind by spells, encant.* 3. c. gen. *to let, prevent, binder from* a thing. II. Med. *to bind or tie on oneself*; ποσὶ δ' ὑπὰ λιπαροῖσιν ἐδήσατο *καλὰ πέδιλα tied them on his feet*; but in plqpf. pass., πρὸς κνήμῃσιν κνημίδας δέδετο *he had greaves bound round his legs.*

ΔΕΩ (B), fut. δεήσω: aor. I ἐδέησα, Ep. 3 sing. δῆσεν: pf. δεδέκα:—*to want, lack, miss, stand in need of*, c. gen.; δλίγον δέω *I want little*, i. e. am near; πολλοῦ δέω *I want much*, i. e. am far from; δλίγον δέω δεακρῶσαι *I want little of tears*; δυοῖν δέοντα τεσσαράκοντα *forty lacking two*, like Lat. *duodeviginti.* II. for δεῖ impers., and δέον, see the words. III. Dep. δέομαι: fut. δεήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθησθην: pf. δεδέημαι. *To stand in need of, want*, c. gen.: hence, *to long or strive after, wish, beg for*: c. dupl. gen. *to beg a thing* from a person. 2. absol. *to be in want or need*, mostly in part., as κάρτα δέόμενος.

ΔΗ, Particle, properly of Time, *now, already*; ὀκτώ δὴ προέηκα . . ἰστοῦς *already* have I shot; πολλὰ δὴ, Lat. *jam saepe*: with imperat. and fut. nou, *fortwith, directly.* II. marking Connection, *then*; in summing up numbers, γίνονται δὴ οὔτοι χίλιοι *these then* make up a thousand; καὶ δὴ marks the thing meant to be emphatic, εἰς Αἴγυπτον ἠπίκετο . . , καὶ δὴ καὶ ἐς Σάρδις, *he reached Egypt, and what is more* Sardis also; also to put a supposed case, καὶ δὴ δέδεγμα *well suppose* I have accepted.

III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, ἄγε δὴ, φέρε δὴ, *do but come, only come*; with a Sup., μέγιστος δὴ *the very greatest.* 2. in ironical sense, Lat. *scilicet*; εἰσήγαγε τὰς ἑταιρίδας δὴ *he brought in the pretended* courtesans. 3. with Pronouns, ἐμε δὴ ᾤδε διαθεῖναι *thus to use a man like me*; σὺ δὴ . . ἐτόλμσας; *you of all persons.* 4. with other Particles, δὴ adds explicitness; ὡς δὴ, ἵνα δὴ, that [it may be] exactly so, just so; also ὡς δὴ, ἄτε δὴ, οἶα δὴ *in that, inasmuch as.*

δη-άλωτος, ον, contr. for δηδιάλωτος.
 δηγίμα, ατος, τό, (δάκνω) *a bite, sting.*
 δηγμός, ὁ, = δηγμα.
 δηθά, = δῆν, Adv. *long, for a long time.*
 δῆθεν, and δῆθεν, Adv. (δῆ) *perhaps*: *I suppose*: mostly iron., like Lat. *scilicet*, *to wit, forsooth*: with ὡς, as if *forsooth*; ὡς ἄγρην δῆθεν *pretending* it was game.

δηθύνω [ῥ], f. ἰνῶ, (δηθά) *to tarry, be long, delay.*
 δητιάσκον, Ep. impf. of δητιώ.
 δητι-άλωτος, ον, (δητιός, ἀλῶναι) *taken by the enemy, captive.*

δητιός, η, ον, Ep. for δάιτος, *hostile.* Hence
 δητιότης, ἦτος, ἦ, *battle-strife, battle.*

δητιώ, Att. δηῶν, inf. δηοῦν: part. δηῶν Ep. δηῶν:
 δητιώ, Att. δηῶν, inf. δηοῦν: part. δηῶν Ep. δηῶν:

δητιώ, Att. δηῶν, inf. δηοῦν: part. δηῶν Ep. δηῶν:

δητιώ, Att. δηῶν, inf. δηοῦν: part. δηῶν Ep. δηῶν:

impf. ἐδῆον Att. ἐδῆον Ion. ἐδῆεν Ep. δῆον : fut. δῆσω : aor. ἐδῆσα, Att. ἐδῆωσα, part. δῆσας : pf. δεδῆκα.—Med., Ep. 3 pl. impf. δῆοντο : aor. 1 ἐδρῶσάμην :—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδρῶθη, part. δρῶθεις : pf. δεδρῶται : (δῆσι) :—to treat as an enemy : to cut down, slay, rend, cleave. II. to waste or ravage a country.

δηκτῆριος, ον, (δάκνω) biting, torturing.

δηκτικός, ή, όν, (δάκνω) biting : pungent.

δηλα-δή, Adv. (δῆλος, δή) clearly, plainly, of course : in answers, yes plainly.

δηλαίνω, collat. form of δηλόμαι.

ΔΗΛΕΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἤσομαι : pf. δεδήλημαι, inf. δεδηλήσθαι in pass. sense : Dep. :—to hurt greatly, do a mischief to, destroy, Lat. delere : absol. to do mischief, be hurtful : of things, κερὸν δηλήσασθαι to waste the fruit ; ὄρκια δηλήσασθαι to break oaths. Hence

δῆλημα, atos, τό, mischief, ruin, bane.

δηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, baneful : as Subst., βροτῶν δηλήμων destroyer of men.

δῆλησις, εως, ή, (δηλόμαι) ruin, bane.

δηλητήρ, ῆρος, ό, (δηλόμαι) a destroyer. Hence

δηλητήριος, ον, baneful, destructive.

Δήλια, τό, v. sub Δήλιος.

Δηλιάς, άδος, ή, (Δήλος) a Delian woman.

Δήλιος, α, ον, (Δήλος) Delian : τὰ Δήλια (sub. έρα), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δηλον-ότι, Adv. for δῆλον ὅτι, =δηλαδή, it is plain that, clearly, of course : also namely, Lat. videlicet.

δηλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (δῆλος, ποιέω) to make manifest.

Δῆλος, ό, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis : called also Ὀρτυγία. From

δῆλος, η, ον, also os, ον ; contr. from δέελος, visible, clear. 2. manifest, evident, certain ; δῆλον as Adv. clearly, plainly. Hence

δηλώω, f. ὤσω. to shew, make visible or clear : to point out, make known. 2. to prove : to declare, explain, set forth : also to signify. 3. to point out, order.

II. intrans. =δῆλός εἰμι, to be clear or plain ; δηλοῦ ὅτι οὐκ ὄμῆρον τὰ Κύπρια, έπεά εστι τι it is clear that... Hence

δῆλως, Adv. of δῆλος, manifestly.

δῆλωσις, εως, ή, a pointing out, explaining. 2.

a direction, command.

δημαγωγέω, f. ήσω, (δημαγωγός) to be a popular leader or demagogue.

δημαγωγία, ή, the conduct or character of a public leader : and

δημαγωγικός, ή, όν, fit for a popular leader. From δημ-άγωγός, ό, (δημος, άγω) a popular leader, a mob-leader, demagogue.

δημῆκιδιον, τό, a comic Dim. of δήμος.

δημ-άρατος, ον, (δήμος, άράομαι) prayed for by the people : prop. n. of a king of Sparta.

δημαρχέω, f. ήσω, to be demarch or tribune. Hence

δημαρχία, ή, the office of demarch, tribunate ; and

δημαρχικός, ή, όν, tribunician. From

δήμ-αρχος, ό, (δήμος, άρχω) at Athens, the president of a δήμος, who kept the registers, a demarch :—at Rome, a tribune, Lat. tribunus plebis.

δήμευσις, εως, ή, confiscation. From δημεύω, f. σω, (δήμος) to declare public property : to confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. publicare. 2. generally, to make public.

δημηγορέω, f. ήσω, (δημηγόρος) to be a public orator ; to harangue the people, Lat. concionari.

δημηγορία, ή, a deliberative speech : a speech in the public assembly ; and

δημηγορικός, ή, όν, of public speaking, qualified for it. From

δημ-ηγόρος, ό, (δήμος, άγορεύω) one who harangues the people, a public speaker, Lat. concionator.

δημηλασία, ή, exile. From

δημ-ήλατος, ον, (δήμος, ελαίνω) publicly exiled.

Δημήτηρ, ή ; gen. τερος and τος : acc. τερα or τρα, also Δημήτραν : (δη for γῆ, μη for η) :—Demeter, Lat. Ceres, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proserpine.

δημιδιον, τό, comic Dim. of δήμος. [ῖδ]

δημιζέω, f. ίσω, (δήμος) to affect the popular side, cheat the people.

δημό-πράτα, τά, (δήμος, πιπράσκω) goods seized by public authority, confiscated goods.

δήμιος, ον, Dor. δάμιος, α, ον : (δήμος) :—belonging to the people ; δήμιος αἰσυνῆται judges elected by the people :—as Adv., δήμια πίνειν to drink at the public cost. 2. δήμιος, ό, as Subst., the public executioner.

δημουργέω, f. ήσω, to be a workman, to work ; and δημιουργία, ή, workmanship, work ; and

δημουργικός, ή, όν, of or for a workman. Adv. —κώς, in a workmanlike fashion. From

δημ-ουργός, poet. δημιο-εργός, όν : (δήμος, έργον) : working for the people : as Subst., δημιουργός, ό, a workman, handicraftsman : generally, a maker, author ; metaph., ὄρθρος δημιοεργός morn that calls man to work. 2. the Maker of the world. II. name of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, ον, (δήμος, βορά) devourer of the people.

δημο-γέρον, οντος, ό, (δήμος, γέρον) an elder of the people ; generally, an elder, chief : in plur., the nobles, chiefs, like Lat. senatores.

δημόθεν, Adv. (δήμος) at the public cost. II. by deme or birthplace.

δημό-θροος, ον, contr. —θροος, ουν (δήμος, θρέω) uttered by the people.

δημοκοπέω, f. ήσω, to carry mob favour ; and δημοκοτικός, ή, όν, suited to a demagogue. From

δημό-κοπος, ό, (δήμος, κίπτω) a demagogue.

δημό-κραντος, ον, (δήμος, κρίνω) ratified by the people.

δημο-κράτέομαι, Pass. (δήμος, κρατέω) to have a democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence

δημοκράτια, ή, democracy, popular government. Hence

δημοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to a democracy.
 δημό-λευστος, ον, (δήμος, λείω) stoned by the people;
 δημόλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.
 δημόσοιαι, Dep. (δήμος) to talk popularly, to jest.
 δημο-πίθηκος, ὁ, (δήμος, πίθηκος) a mob-monkey,
 charlatan.

δημο-ρίφης, ἐς, (δήμος, ρίπτω) buried by the people.
 ΔΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, a country-district, opp. to πόλις; ἐν
 δήμῳ Ἰθάκης; μάλα πῖνα δήμον, etc. II. the
 commons, common people, plebeians, Lat. plebs, δήμου
 ἀνὴρ, opp. to βασιλεύς; also δήμος ἑὼν being a com-
 moner. III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens,
 the commons, the people, the citizens: hence 2. a
 popular constitution, democracy. IV. δήμοι in
 Attica, townships or hundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions
 of the φύλαι; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in num-
 ber, 10 in each φυλή.

ΔΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, fat.
 δημοσία, Adv. see δημόσιος.
 δημοσιεύω, = δημεύω, to confiscate. II intr.
 to lead a public life, opp. to ἰδιωτεύω, to belong to the
 state. From

δημόσιος, ἂ, ον, (δήμος) belonging to the people or
 state, Lat. publicus. II. ὁ δημόσιος (sub. δοῦ-
 λος), a public officer or servant of mean rank, as the
 public crier, or watchman. III. as neut., δημό-
 σιον, τό, the state, Lat. respublica. 2. any public
 building: the public prison. IV. Doric fem.
 ἡ δημοσία (sub. σικηνή), the tent of the Spartan
 kings. 2. dat. δημοσίᾳ, Ion. -ῆ, as Adv., in pub-
 lic, at the public expense. Hence

δημοσιόω, f. ὤσω, = δημεύω, to confiscate.
 δημο-τέλης, ἐς, (δήμος, τέλος) at the public cost,
 public, national.
 δημότερος, ἂ, ον, (δήμος) common, vulgar.
 δημότης, ον, ὁ, (δήμος) one of the people: a com-
 moner, plebeian. II. a member of the same δήμος,
 a fellow-citizen.

δημοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δήμος) suiting the people, com-
 mon: public. II. of the populace, one of them,
 Lat. plebeius. III. on the democratic side, Lat.
 popularis: generally, popular:—Adv. -κῶς, affably,
 kindly. IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme,
 opp. to δημόσιος.

δημ-ούχος, ον, (δήμος, ἔχω) protecting the people,
 tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημοῦχοι γὰς guard-
 ians of the land.
 δημο-φάγος, ον, (δήμος, φάγειν) = δημοβόρος.
 δημ-ο-χαρίστῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (δήμος, χαρίζομαι) flatterer
 of the people.
 δημ-ᾶδης, ἐς, (δήμος, εἶδος) like the people, popular,
 common.

δῆν, Dor. δάν, (δή, ἤδη) Adv. Lat. diu, long, for a
 long while, this long time: long ago. Hence
 δηναίος, Dor. δᾶνατός, ἂ, ὄν, long-lived: aged,
 ancient.
 δηνάριον, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή,
 being about 8½d.

ΔΗΝΕΑ, τά, counsels, plans, arts: only in plur.
 δηλή-θῆμος, ον, (δάκνω, θῆμός) heart-eating.
 δῆρομαι, fut. of δάκνω.
 δῆρον, inf. of δηῖω: but δῆρουν, Ep. impf.
 δῆ-ποθεν, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. unde-
 cunque; ὅθεν δῆποθεν from some quarter or other.
 δῆ-ποτε, Dor. δῆ-ποκα, indef. Adv., often written
 δῆ ποτε, at some time, once, once on a time:—εἰ δῆποτε,
 Lat. si quando—τί δῆποτε; Lat. quidnam?

δῆ-ποτε, indef. Adv., often written δῆ ποτ, perhaps,
 it may be: doubtless, I suppose, Lat. scilicet, nimirum.
 II. as interrog. implying an affirm. answer;
 τὴν αἰχμάλωτον κάτισθα δῆπου; you know the cap-
 tive woman, I presume?

δῆ-ποθεν, indef. Adv., = δῆπου.
 δηρίασοιαι, Ep. 3 dual δηρίασθον, 3 pl. δηρίωντο,
 inf. δηρίασθαι: Der. 3 (δηρίς):—to contend, fight:
 to quarrel, wrangle.

δηρινθήτην, v. sub sq.
 ΔΗΡΙΣ, ios and eow, ἡ, fight, battle, contest.
 δηρί-φάτος, ον, (δηρίς, φάω) slain in fight.
 δηρία, aor. I ἐδήρισα, = δηρίασομαι:—Med. δηρίομαι,
 fut. δηρίσομαι [ῖ]: 3 pl. aor. I med. δηρίωντο; also
 3 dual aor. I pass. δηρινθήτην, as if from δηρίνομαι.
 δηρῶ-βλος, Dor. δορῶβλος, ον, (δηρῶς, βλος) long-lived.
 δηρῶς, ἂ, ὄν, (δῆν) long, too long:—in bad sense,
 neut. δηρῶν as Adv., all too long.

δηρᾶσκετο, Ep. for ἐδήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of
 δέω.

δῆσε, Ep. for ἔδησε, 3 sing. aor. I of δέω, to bind:
 also Ep. for ἐδέησε, aor. I of δέω, to want.

δῆτα, Adv. (δῆ) certainly, to be sure, of course; in
 answers, yes certainly; οὐ δῆτα, certainly not. In
 questions, τί δῆτα; what then?

δηχθεῖς, δηχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of
 δάκνω.

δηώσας, δηωθείς, aor. I part. act. and med. of
 δηῖω.

ΔΗΨΩ, I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

Δηώ, ἡ, gen. ἰος, contr. οὖς, = Δημήτηρ, Lat. Ceres.

δηῶν, contr. for δηῖων, pres. part. of δηῖω.

Δηῶς, ἂ, ον, (Δηώ) sacred to Demeter (Ceres).
 δηῶσω, fut. of δηῖω.

Δί, contr. for Διί, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δίς.

ΔΙΑ΄, poet. διαί, Prep. with gen. and acc.—Radic.
 sense, right through.

WITH GEN., I. of Place or Space, through, out
 at; δι' ἧρος αἰθέρ' ἵκανεν quite through the lower air
 even to the ether; ἔκπερε καὶ διὰ πάντων he stood
 out from among them. 2. of Intervals of Space,
 διὰ πολλοῦ at a great distance; διὰ πέντε σταδίων
 at a distance of 5 stades; διὰ δέκα ἐπάλλεων at in-
 tervals of ten battlements, i.e. at every tenth battle-
 ment. II. of Time, through, throughout, dur-
 ing, and, of the past, since; διὰ χρόνον ἀπὸ some
 time. 2. of Successive Intervals; διὰ τρίτης
 ἡμέρης every third day; διὰ πέντε ἑτῶν every five
 years. III. arising from, through, by means of,

by, Lat. *per*; δι' ἀγγέλου λέγειν, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, διὰ σπουδῆς with earnestness.

WITH ACC. of Place, *through, throughout*; διὰ δῶμα *through the house*. 2. of Time, *during, by*; διὰ νύκτα *by night*. II. *with a view to, on account, for the sake, by reason of*; διὰ πολλά *for many reasons*.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., *throughout*.

IN COMPOS., I. *all through, across*, as in διαβαίνω. 2. *to the end*, as in διαβίω, διαμάχομαι: hence simply to add strength, *thoroughly, completely*. II. *between, partly*, esp. in Adj., as διάλευκος, etc. III. *one with or against another*, as δι-ἄδω. IV. *one from another, asunder*, Lat. *dis-*, as in διαλύω.

Διά, acc. of Ζεύς; v. nom. *Δίς.

Δία, ἡ, the godlike one, fem. of δῖος; Δία θεῶν or γυναικῶν, a goddess among goddesses or women.

δια-βαδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to go across.

δια-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην, part. διαβάς: pf. -βέβηκα: I. *intr. to make a stride, stand with the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors*. II. c. acc., to step across, step over: also absol., to cross over, like Lat. *trajicere*.

δια-βάλλω (for the tenses, v. βάλλω), to throw over or across, carry over or across: seemingly intr. (sub. ἑαυτῶν, στρατῶν, etc.) like Lat. *trajicere*, to pass over, cross over. II. *to accuse falsely, slander, calumniate: to accuse a man to another*. III. *to mislead, impose upon*.

διαβάς, aor. 2 part. of διαβαίνω.

διάβασις, εως, ἡ, (διαβαίνω) a crossing over, passage. 2. a means or place of crossing.

διαβάσκω, Frequent. of διαβαίνω, to strut about.

δια-βαστάζω, f. ἴσω, to weigh in the balance.

δια-βατέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, that must be crossed.

διαβατήριος, ον, (διαβαίνω) with a view to a fortunate passage: διαβατήρια (ἱερά), τά, offerings for a happy passage.

διαβατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, to be crossed or passed, fordable.

δια-βεβαιόομαι, Dep. to maintain strongly.

διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβίω.

διαβέβληκα, pf. of διαβάλλω.

διαβέβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσκω.

διαβιήμεναι, Ep. for διαβηναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβησομαι, fut. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήτης, ου, ὄ, (διαβαίνω) a pair of compasses.

δια-βιάζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι.

δια-βιβάζω: fut. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of διαβαίνω, to carry across.

δια-βιβρώσκω, f. -βρώσομαι: pf. pass. βέβρωμαι: —to devour.

δια-βίω, f. -ῶσομαι: aor. 2 -έβιω, inf. -βιῶναι (as if from a pres. δια-βίωμι): —to live through, pass. 2.

absol. c. part., μελετῶν διαβεβιωκέναι to spend one's life in practising.

δια-βλέπω, f. ψομαι, to look through: to look straight before one. 2. to see clearly.

διαβληθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διαβάλλω.

διαβόαω, f. ἤσομαι, to shout or cry out, proclaim, publish: —Med. to contend in shouting.

διαβολή, ἡ, (διαβάλλω) false accusation, slander, calumny.

διαβολία, ἡ, = διαβολή.

διάβολος, ον, (διαβάλλω) falsely accusing, slanderous, calumnious: —as Subst., διάβολος, ὁ, a slanderer; esp. ὁ διάβολος, the Slanderer, the Devil. Adv. διαβόλως, invidiously.

διαβόρος, ον, (διαβιβρώσκω) eating through: c. acc., νόσος διαβόρος πίδα a sore that eats through my foot. II. διάβορος, ον, pass. eaten through, consumed.

δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., to deliberate well.

δια-βρέχω, f. ξω, to wet through. Hence

διάβροχος, ον, very wet, wet, moist. 2. soaked, steeped; ναῦς διάβροχοι soaked, i. e. rotten ships.

διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρώσκω.

δια-βυνέω, δια-βύνω, δια-βύω, to thrust through: —Pass. to be thrust or passed through.

διαβῶ, ἡς, ἡ, aor. 2 subj. of διαβαίνω.

δια-γάληνίζω, f. ἴσω, (διά, γαλήνη) to make quite calm.

δι-αγγέλλω, f. -ελώ: aor. I διήγγειλα: —to send as a message: generally, to give notice, notify, proclaim: c. inf. to order to do: —Med. to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another.

δι-ἄγγελος, ὁ, a messenger between two, Lat. *inter-nuncius*: a go-between, spy.

διάγε, Dor. for διήγε, 3 sing. impf. of διάγω.

διαγεγένημαι, pf. of διαγίγνομαι.

δια-γελάω, f. ἴσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh at, mock.

διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγίγνομαι.

διαγεγόμενος, aor. 2 part. of sq.

δια-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, pf. -γεγένημαι: —to go through, pass: absol. to go through life, survive, live. 2. to be between, intervene, elapse.

δια-γιγνώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι: —to discern between two, to distinguish, Lat. *dignoscere*. II. to resolve finally, determine, vote to do so and so. 2.

as Athen. law-term, to give judgment, decide.

διαγίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνομαι.

διαγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-αγκυλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰομαι, Dep.: (διά, ἀγκυλή): —to hold the javelin by its thong; pf. pass. part. διηγκυλισμένος, with the thong ready fastened, ready to throw or shoot.

δια-αγκυλόομαι, = διααγκυλίζομαι.

δια-γλάφω, f. ψω, aor. I διέγλαψα, to hollow out.

διά-γλυπτος, η, ον, (διά, γλύφη) all carved.

διαγνώμη, ἡ, a final decree, resolution. From

διαγνώω, aor. 2 inf. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γνώριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to inquire accurately.

διάγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (διαγιγνώσκω) a discerning between

two, distinguishing, discrimination.
ing, deciding.

διαγνώσομαι, fut. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter, murmur.

δι-ἀγορεύω, (for the tenses, v. ἀγορεύω) to speak plainly, declare.

II. to speak of.

διαγράμμα, ατος, τό, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometrical figure, diagram. 2. a register. 3. an edict.

διαγραφή, ή, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines: a diagram.

δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw out.

II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. circumscribere; δ. δίκην to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quash it: in Med., διαγράφασθαι δίκην to cross one's own cause out, withdraw it.

δια-γρηγορέω, f. ήσω, to remain awake.

δι-αγριαίνω, to be much provoked.

δι-αγρυπνέω, f. ήσω, to lie wide awake.

δι-άχλω, f. γλω, to strangle to death.

δι-άγω, f. άγω: aor. 2 διήγαγον:—to carry over or across, take across.

II. of Time, to pass, spend; διάγειν βίον, etc.: but often without βίον, to live, pass life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off: c. part. to continue, go on doing.

III. to make to continue, keep, support.

IV. to entertain. Hence to keep, celebrate.

διαγωγή, ή, a carrying across.

II. a passing of life, a course of life: also a way of passing time, amusement, pastime.

δι-αγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight against. II. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

δια-δάπτω, f. ψω, to tear asunder, rend.

δια-διδέομαι, fut. -δάσομαι: aor. I -εδασάμην (cf. δατέομαι):—to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέδεγμα, pf. of διαδέχομαι.

διαδέδρακα, pf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to shew through: hence to make clear, shew:—Pass. to be shewn clearly, διαδεικνύσθων εὐν πολέμιος let him be declared the king's enemy.

II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. I διέδεξε, it was clear, manifest.

διαδέκτωρ, opos, ό, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited.

δια-δέξιος, ov, (διά, δεξιός) of right good omen.

δια-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 έδράκων: Dep.:—to see a thing through another; οὐδ' ἂν νῦν διαδράκου he would not see us through it, sc. the cloud.

διάδετος, ov, (διάδω) bound fast; χαλινοὶ διάδετοι γενῶν ἵππειων firm-bound through the horse's mouth.

δια-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι, pf. -δέδεγμα: Dep.:—to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. pers. to succeed to, relieve on guard:—hence in pf. part. διαδεγμένοι, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim.

δια-δέω, f. δήσω, to bind round, bind fast: generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλέομαι, Dep. to tear in pieces.

διά-δηλος, ov, manifest or distinguished among others.

διάδημα, ατος, τό, (διαδέω) a band or fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τιάρτα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (ά): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 -έδραν: pf. -δέδρακα:—to run off, escape, get away.

δια-δίδωμι, f. άσω, to give from hand to hand, pass on, give over, Lat. tradere. 2. to distribute, assign. 3. to spread about, publish.

δια-δικάζω, f. άσω, to give judgment in a case: c. acc. rei, to decide, rule:—Med. to go to law: to plead one's cause.

δια-δικαίω, f. άσω, to hold to be right.

διαδικασία, ή, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle disputed claims.

δια-διφρέω, f. σω, to run a chariot-race.

δια-δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, to test closely.

διαδοθείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδος, ότω, aor. 2 imperat. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδοσις, εως, ή, (διαδίδωμι) distribution.

διαδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδοχή, ή, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; εκ διαδοχής or κατά διαδοχην in turn. 2. a relief on guard.

διάδοχος, ό, ή, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding; as Subst., διδόχος, ό, a successor; ἵππου φέγγος διάδοχον Sleep's successor, Light; διάδοχοι έφοίτων they went to work in gangs or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of διαδέρομαι.

διαδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέχω.

διαδράμειν Ion. -δρήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δραπέτεω Ion. δια-δρηπ-, to escape entirely.

διαδραστὴ-πολίται, οι, (διαδιδράσκω, πολιτής) citizens who evade public duties.

διαδράσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρηστέω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρομή, ή, (διαδραμείν) a running through a place. 2. a passage through.

διάδρομος, ov, (διαδραμείν) running through or about, wandering: vagabond, stray.

δια-δύνω or -δύω; also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. δύσομαι: aor. 2 διέδυν:—to pass through: slip away, get off, escape.

διαδύς, aor. 2 part. of διαδύω, διαδύομαι.

δια-δύω, v. διαδύω.

δι-άδω, f. άσομαι, v. διαίδω.

δια-δωρέομαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δι-άει, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of διάημι.

*δια-είδω: f. -είσομαι: aor. 2 διείδον (q. v.):—to shew forth, prove: as Pass., άρετή διαείδεται courage is discerned.

δι-αείδω, Att. contr. διάδω: f. -αείσομαι contr. -άσομαι:—to sing for a prize.

δια-εμίνομ, pf. part. pass. of δίστημι.

δια-ειπείν, δια-ειπέμεν, Ep. inf. of δειπέον.

δια-ζάω, inf. διαζήν: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω:—to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. to live by doing so and so, διαζώσι ποιιφαγόντες: διαζήν επύ τινος to live off or by a thing.

δια-ζέγγυμι, f. ζέγω, to disjoin. Hence
 διάζευξις, εως, ἡ, a disjoining.
 διαζήτω, f. ἦσω, to search through: to seek out,
 invent.
 διαζυγία, ἡ, (διά, ζυγόν) = διάζευξις.
 διάζωα, ατος, τό, that which is gird, the waist. II.
 that which girds, a girdle. From
 δια-ζώννυμι or -ύω: fut. ζώσω:—to gird round:
 Med. to gird oneself with a belt, etc.
 δια-ζώω, Ion. for δια-ζάω.
 δι-άημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. δάει, to blow or breathe
 through.
 δια-θεάομαι, f. άσσομαι [α], Ion. ἡσσομαι: Dep.:—to
 look through, look closely at, examine.
 δια-θειώ, f. ώσω, to fumigate.
 διάθεσις, εως, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposing in order,
 arrangement. 2. = διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.)
 a disposition, state, condition.
 διαθέτης, ου, ό, (διατίθημι) one who disposes in
 order, a regulator, arranger.
 δια-θέω, f. -θεισομαι, to run about: cf reports, to
 spread.
 διαθήκη, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposition of property by
 will; a will and testament: also a covenant.
 δια-θορύβω, f. ἦσω, to confound utterly.
 δι-αθρέω, f. ἦσω, to look through, look closely into,
 examine closely.
 δια-θροέω, f. ἦσω, to spread a report, give out.
 δια-θρύλλω or -θρῦλλέω, f. ἦσω, to spread abroad:
 —Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly re-
 ported. II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf.
 part. διαθρῦλλημένος.
 δια-θρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. διεθρύπην [ϋ]:—to
 break in pieces, shiver. II. metaph. to weaken,
 enervate:—Pass. to be broken down, enervated: to live
 riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs.
 διαθρυιάζω, f. άσω, to be quite clear and fine. From
 δι-αίθρος, ου, (διά, αίθρα) quite clear and fine.
 δι-αίθρσσω, to rush or dart to and fro.
 δι-αίμος, ου, (διά, αίμα) blood-stained.
 δίαίω, f. άνω: aor. έδιηνα:—much like λάίω, to wet,
 moisten:—Med., δαίνεσθαι άσσε to wet one's eyes:
 absol. to weep. II. to weep for, bewail.
 διαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, a dividing, division, esp. of a class
 into its constituent parts; and
 διαίρετος, η, ου, divided: divisible: hence distin-
 guishable. II. distributed. From
 δι-αίρω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 διείλον:—Pass., aor. 1 διη-
 ρέθην: pf. διήρηκα:—to divide, part or cleave in
 twain: to cut open, to tear away, pull down. II.
 to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among them-
 selves. III. to determine, put an end to: to de-
 fine, interpret.
 δι-αίρω, f. -άρω, to raise up, lift up. II. to part
 asunder; διαίρειν τό στόμα to open the mouth.
 δι-αίτσω, f. -αίτω: Att. δι-άσσω, -άττω, fut. έξω:
 aor. 1 διήξα:—to rush through or across: of sound,
 to shoot through the air.

δι-αίτσω, f. ώσω, (διά, αίτος) to make an end of.
 ΔΙΑΪΤΑ, ἡ, life, a way of living, mode of life. 2.
 a place for living, a dwelling. II. at Athens, ar-
 bitration. Hence
 διατάω, f. ἦσω: impf. έδιατών or διήτων: aor. 1
 έδιατήσα or διήτησα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plqr. έδεδιη-
 τήκειν:—Pass., aor. 1 διητήθην: pf. δεδιητήμα:
 —to maintain, support:—Pass. to lead a certain course of
 life, to live. II. to be arbiter or umpire: gene-
 rally, to regulate, govern. Hence
 -θαιτήμα, ατος, τό, mostly in plur. rules of life, a
 mode or course of life.
 διατητήριον, τό, (διατάω) dwelling-rooms.
 διατητής, ου, ό, (διατάω II) an arbitrator, umpire,
 Lat. arbiter.
 δια-κάθιρω, f. -καθίρω, and δια-καθαρίζω, f. ιώ,
 to cleanse or purge thoroughly.
 διακαθαριέ, 3 sing. fut. of διακαθαρίζω.
 δια-καθίζω, fut. -εξήσω and -ιω, to make to sit
 apart, set apart.
 δια-καίω, f. -καύσω: pass. pf. διακέκαυμαι:—to burn
 through, set on fire, heat to excess.
 δια-κανάσσω, aor. 1 διεκάνασα, of liquid, to run
 gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.)
 δια-καρτερέω, f. ἦσω, to endure to the end, last
 out.
 δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχόμεν:—to
 confute utterly.
 διάκαμα, ατος, τό, (διακαίω) burning heat.
 δια-κανιάζω, (κανός) to determine by lot.
 δια-καίω, f. άσω, to split asunder.
 διά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι:—used as
 Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a cer-
 tain state: to be disposed or affected in a certain
 manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικώς διακείσθαι to
 be friendly disposed; ύπόπτως διακείσθαι to be suspi-
 ciously disposed; κακός διακείσθαι to be in a sorry
 plight, etc. II. of things, to be settled, fixed; τὰ
 διακείμενα certain terms.
 δια-κείρω: fut. -κερώ and -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα:—
 to cut in pieces: to make null and void, frustrate:
 deprive of; σκευάρια διακεκαρμένως stripped of his
 trappings. II. to break through, transgress.
 διακέννασμαι, pf. pass. of διακινάω.
 διακέρτμαι, pf. pass. of διακρίνω.
 δια-κελεύομαι, Dep. to give orders to different per-
 sons, to exhort. 2. to encourage one another. 3.
 to admonish, inform. Hence
 διακελευσμός, ό, an exhortation, cheering on.
 διά-κενος, ου, quite empty, hollow.
 δια-κέομαι, Ion. for διάκειμαι.
 δια-κερματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, (διά, κέρμα) to change
 into small coin.
 διακέρσαι, aor. 1 inf. of διακείρω.
 δια-κηρυκόμεναι, Dep. to negotiate by herald.
 δια-κηρύσσω, f. ζω, to proclaim by herald: to sell
 by auction.
 δια-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run all risks, make a despe-

rate effort:—Pass. to be hazarded; διακεκινδυνευμένος, η, ον, desperate.

δια-κινέω, f. ήσω, to move throughout, throw into disorder. II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. excutere. III. Pass. to be put in motion, move.

δια-κλάω, f. άσω [ά]: aor. I διεκλάσα, Ep. part. διακλάσας:—to break in twain:—διακεκλασμένος enervated.

δια-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to carry off by stealth. II. to save by stealth:—Med., with aor. 2 pass. διεκλάπην [ά], to steal away, get safe off. III. to keep back by stealth.

δια-κληρώω, f. ώσω, to assign by lot, allot. 2. to chouse by lot:—Med. to cast lots.

δια-κλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence διάκλισις, εως, ή, a turning away, retreat.

δια-κλύω, f. ήσω [ύ], to wash thoroughly, wash.

δια-κναίω, f. -κναίω:—Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι: pf. διακναίσομαι:—to scrape or grate to nothing: to wear away: to crush in pieces:—Pass. to be worn away, destroyed; τδ χρώμα διακεκνασμένος having lost all his colour.

δια-κνίξω, f. σω, to pull to pieces.

δια-κοιρανέω, to rule through or over.

διακομιδή, ή, a carrying over or across. From δια-κομίζω, (for the tenses, v. κομίζω) to carry over or across:—Med. to carry over what is one's own:—Pass. to pass or cross over.

διακονέω, Ion. διηκονέω: f. ήσω: impf. έδιακονούν and διηκονούν, aor. I έδιακόνησα and διηκόνησα: pf. δεδιακόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I έδιακονήθην: pf. δεδιακόνημαι: (διάκονος):—to wait on, serve: to furnish, supply:—Med. to serve oneself. Hence

διακονία, ή, service, business. 2. attendance on a duty, ministry. 3. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, ή, όν, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ά], Ion. διήκονος, ό, ή, a servant, waiting-man: a messenger. 2. a minister of the church, esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

δια-άκοντιζω, f. ήσω, to throw a javelin at:—Med. to contend with another at throwing the javelin.

δια-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut in two, cut through: to break asunder, break through. II. intr. to break through, burst through.

δια-κορέω and -κορέω, (διά, κίρη) to ravish.

δια-κορκορυγέω, f. ήσω, to rumble through.

διά-κορος, ον, (διά, κορέννυμι) satiated, glutted.

δι-άκοσοι, Ion. διηκόσοι, α, α, (δισ, έκατόν) two hundred, Lat. ducenti: in sing. with noun of multitude, ήπος διακοσία two hundred horse.

δια-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to divide and arrange: to muster:—Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθείμεν, Ep. for διακοσμηθήμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of διακοσμέω.

δι-άκούω, f. ούσομαι: pf. -ακήσοι:—to bear through, bear out: to bear from another.

δια-κράζω, f. ξω, to cry aloud: to scream against another.

δια-κρέω, f. ξω, to strike the strings of the lyre.

δια-κρηγών, Dor. -κρηγώνω: f. ώσω: (διά, κρηγη): to make to flow, pour forth.

δια-κριβώω, f. ώσω, (διά, άκριβής) to inquire closely into, have an accurate knowledge of.

διακριδών, Adv. (διακρινώ) separately: eminently, above all, Lat. eximie.

διακριθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of διακρινώ.

διακριθά, aor. I pass. subj. of διακρινώ.

διακρινεῖς, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of διακρινώ.

διακρινθείς, Ep. for διακρίθεις, aor. I part. pass. cf. διακρίνα.

διακρινθήμεναι, Ep. for διακρίθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of δια-κρίνω, f. ήνω: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω):—to separate, divide: to part combatants:—Pass. to be parted or dissolved: to disperse. 2. to distinguish, tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decide a dispute; διακρίνειν άρεισιν to make a choice:—Med. to get a dispute decided:—Pass. of persons, to come to a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. II. to make a distinction: set apart for holy purposes. III. in Med. to doubt, hesitate. Hence

διάκρισις, εως, ή, a separating, parting. 2. a deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing.

διακριτέον, verb. Adj. of διακρίνω, one must decide.

διακρίτος, ον, (διακρίνω) distinguished: excellent.

διακροτέω, f. ήσω, to strike or break through.

διάκρουσις, εως, ή, a driving away, putting off.

δια-κρούω, f. σω, to try or prove by knocking. II.

Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of, evade or elude by delays.

διάκτορος, ον, or διάκτωρ, οπος, ό, (διάγω) the Conductor, Guide; epith. of Hermes.

δια-κυβιάω, (κύβος) to play at dice together.

δια-κύκτω, f. ήσω, to mix together.

δια-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and creep through: to peep through, pry into.

διακωλύτης, ού, ό, a binder, obstructer. From

δια-κωλύω, f. ύσω, to binder, check: to prevent.

διακωχή, incorrect form of διοκωχή.

δια-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 διελέαχον:—to divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλαθείν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

δια-λακέω, f. ήσω, to crack asunder, burst.

δια-λακτιζώ, f. ήσω, to kick away.

δια-λαλέω, f. ήσω, to talk over with.

δια-λαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον: pf. -είληπα: pass. -είλημαι or διαείλημαι, Ion. -λέλαμαι:—to take or receive separately. II. to grasp with both hands, embrace, Lat. complexi: as Gymnastic term, to clasp round the waist. 2. to grasp with the mind, comprehend. III. to separate, divide, Lat. dirimere: to distinguish: also to interpret. 2. to cut off, intercept. 3. to distribute.

δια-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine or flash through: of the day, to dawn.

δια-λανθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. 2 -έλαθον: pf. -λέληθα:—to escape notice: c. acc. pers. to escape the notice of.

διάρμειψις, εως, ἡ, (διαμείβω) an exchange.
 δια-μελαίνω, f. ἄνω, to make quite black.
 δια-μελειστί, Adv. (διά, μέλος) limb by limb, piece-meal.
 διαμέλλησις, εως, ἡ, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And
 διαμελλητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who continually delays.
 From
 δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.
 διαμεμένηκα, pf. of διαμένο.
 διαμενήμηναι, pf. of διαμινῆσκαομαι.
 δια-μέμφομαι, Dep. to blame exceedingly.
 δια-μένω, (for the tenses, v. μένω) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. 3. to continue, last, remain.
 δια-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to divide: metaph. to cause dissension:—Pass. to disagree. Hence
 διαμερισμός, ὁ, division: dissension.
 δια-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to measure through, measure out or off: to measure out in portions:—Med. to have measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence
 δια-μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, measured out or off.
 διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured out, a soldier's rations. From
 διά-μετρος, ἡ, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal line. 2. the rule for drawing the diameter.
 δια-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive.
 δια-μμάλλομαι, f. ἤσομαι: aor. I διημμάληθην: Dep.:—to contend furiously.
 δια-μνήσκομαι, f. μνήσομαι: pf. διαμνήμηναι: Pass.:—to keep in memory.
 δια-μνύρομαι, Dep. to sing plaintively.
 δια-μιστύλλω, f. ἔλω: aor. I -εμιστύλα:—to cut up piece-meal.
 δια-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to call to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.
 δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοῖρα) to divide, rend asunder. 2. Med. to portion out.
 διάμπαξ, Adv. right through.
 δι-αμπερές, (διά, ἀπαίρειν) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through:—all in a piece. 2. of Time, throughout, for ever.
 δια-μυδαλέω, a, ov, drenching.
 δια-μυθολογέω, f. ἴσω, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.
 δια-μυλλαίνω, f. ἄνω, (διά, μύλλω) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).
 δι-αμφίδιος, ov, (διά, ἀμφίς) utterly different.
 δι-αμφισβητέω, f. ἴσω, to dispute, disagree.
 δια-ναυμαχέω, f. ἴσω, to maintain a long sea-fight.
 δι-ἀνδιχα, Adv. two ways: διἀνδιχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.
 διανεύμαι, aor. I inf. of διανέω.
 δι-ἀνεκής, ἐς, Dor. and Att. form of διηνεκής.
 διανεμήσις, εως, ἡ, distribution. From
 δια-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I διένεμα: pf. νεμένηκα:—to distribute, divide into portions:—Med. to divide

among themselves:—Pass. to spread abroad. II. to set in order, govern.
 δια-νέομαι, Pass. to go through.
 διανέστην, διανέστηκα, aor. and 2 pf. of διανίστημι.
 δια-νέω, f. σω, to nod, beckon to.
 δια-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim across: swim through.
 δια-νήχομαι, Dep.=διανέω.
 δια-νίψω, f. -νίψω, to wash out, rinse.
 δια-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go through.
 δι-ανίστημι, fut. διαναστήσω:—to set up, make to stand. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to stand aloof from, depart from.
 δια-νοέομαι, fut. -νοήσομαι: aor. I -ενοήθην: pf. -ενόημαι: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose, Lat. meditari. Hence
 διανόημα, ατος, τό, a thought, notion.
 διανοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.
 διανοῖα, also διανοῖα, ἡ, (διανοέομαι). I. thought: the intellect, mind. II. a thought, intention: a notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.
 δι-ανοίγω, f. ἴσω: to open: hence to explain, expound.
 διανοίχθητι, aor. I imper. pass. of διανοίγω.
 διανομέυς, εως, ὁ, (διανέμω) a distributor.
 διανομή, ἡ, (διανέμω) distribution.
 δι-ανταῖος, α, ov, going right through: ἡ διανταῖα (sc. πληγή) a home-thrust:—metaph. uncaring, remorseless.
 δι-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to drain out, exhaust: metaph. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exhaurire.
 δια-νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (διά, νύξ) to pass the night.
 δι-ανύω or δι-ανύτω [ῥ]: f. ἴσω [ῥ]:—to bring quite to an end, finish: ὄδον διανύειν to finish a journey: so also διανύειν, without ὄδον.
 δια-ξάινω, f. ἄνω, to tear in pieces.
 διαξέεις, Dor. for διάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of διάγω.
 δια-ξίφιζομαι, Dep. (δια, ξίφος) to fight to the death.
 δια-παιδεύομαι, Pass. to go through a course of education.
 δια-πάλαίω, f. σω, to go on wrestling.
 δια-πάλη, ἡ, a bard struggle.
 δια-πάλλω, f. -πᾶλω, to distribute by lot.
 δια-πᾶλνω, f. ῥνω, to shiver, shatter.
 δια-παντός, Adv.,=διά παντός, throughout.
 δια-παπτανώ, to look timidly round.
 δια-πατρατρίβη, ἡ, (διά, πατρατρίβω) an useless study: vain altercation.
 δια-παρθενεύω, f. σω, (διά, παρθένος) to deflower.
 δια-πασσάλλω, Att. -πατταλεύω: f. σω: (διά, πάσσαλος). To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a hide for tanning: also to fasten the extremities, as in crucifixion.
 δια-πασσω, Att. -πτω: f. -πάσω:—to sprinkle about.
 δια-παύω, f. σω, to make to cease utterly: Pass. to cease to exist.
 δι-απειλέω, f. ἴσω, to threaten violently:—also in Med.
 δια-πεινάω, inf. -πεινήν, to hunger one against the other, to contend which is the most hungry.

διά-πειρα, ἡ, *an experiment, trial.*
 δια-πειράομαι: fut. ἀσμοί [ᾱ]: aor. I -πειράθην:
 pf. -πεπείραμαι: Dep.:—to make trial or proof of a
 thing: c. gen. to have experience of a thing.
 δια-πείρω, f. -περῶ, to drive through.
 δια-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send about in different direc-
 tions. II. to send over or across.
 διαπέπασμαι, pf. pass. of διαπάσσω.
 διαπεπεράμαι, pf. of διαπεράομαι.
 διαπεπολεμήσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολεμέω.
 διαπέψυμαι, pf. of διαπύθωμαι.
 δια-περαίνω, fut. ἄνω, to bring to an end.
 δια-περαῖω, f. ὦσω, to take across, ferry over:—
 Pass. to be carried over, go across. 2. to draw en-
 tirely out of the sheath.
 διαπεράνω, aor. I inf. of διαπεραίνω.
 δια-περάω, f. ἄω [ᾱ]: to go over or across, to
 pass: to pass through.
 δια-πέρθω, f. πέρωσ: aor. 2 διέπρθον, Ep. inf. δια-
 πρθέν: aor. 2 med. διεπράθετο, in pass. sense:—to
 destroy utterly, to sack, waste.
 διαπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διαπέρθω.
 διαπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπίπτω.
 διαπεσεῖσθαι, fut. inf. med. of διαπίπτω.
 δια-πετάμαι, = διαπέτομαι.
 δια-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]:—to open and
 spread out.
 δια-πέτομαι: fut. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτόμην or
 -επτάμην: Dep.:—to fly through. 2. to fly away,
 vanish.
 διαπέυσομαι, fut. of διαπυνθάνομαι.
 διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάξω.
 διαπέφραδα, pf. of διαφράομαι.
 δια-πήγγυμι, f. -πήξω: aor. I med. διεπηγάμην:—to
 fasten together.
 δια-πηδάω, f. ἴσομαι, to leap through or across. II.
 intr. to make a leap.
 δια-πταίνω, f. ἄνω, (διά, πίων) to make very fat.
 δια-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω (for the tenses, v. πίμ-
 πλημι), to fill full of: Pass. to be quite full of.
 δια-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink against one another,
 challenge at drinking. [Ὶ]
 δια-πίπτω, f. -πесоῦμαι: (for the tenses, v. πίπτω):—
 to fall through, fall off or away, escape: to fail utterly,
 go quite wrong, turn out ill.
 δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, to entrust in confidence:—Pass.
 to have a thing entrusted one.
 δια-πλέκω, f. ξω, to interweave, weave together. II.
 to weave asunder, i. e. unweave: διαπλέκει τον βιον
 to end the web or tissue of one's life.
 διαπλεύσας, aor. I part. of
 δια-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail through.
 δια-πληκτίζομαι, Dep. to spar or skirmish with.
 δια-πλήσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to break in pieces,
 split, cleave.
 διάπλους, contr. πλους, ὁ, (διαπλέω) as Adj. sailing
 across, passing over. II. as Subst., διάπλους, ὁ,
 a voyage across, passage. 2. a channel.

δια-πλώω, f. ὦσω, (διά, ἄπλος) to unfold.
 δια-πνέω, Ep. -πνεῖω: f. πνεύσομαι: aor. I δι-
 ἐπνευσα:—to blow through, refresh, revive. II.
 to breathe at intervals, revive. III. Pass. to
 evaporate.
 δια-ποικίλλω, f. ἰλλῶ, to variegate, adorn.
 διαποικιμέω, f. ἴσω, to carry the war through, end the
 war, Lat. debellare. 2. to carry on the war. II.
 to force from another by war. Hence
 δια-πολιμήσις, εως, ἡ, a finishing of the war.
 δια-πολιορκέω, f. ἴσω, to besiege to the end, to
 blockade.
 δια-πομπεύω, f. σω, to carry the procession to an
 end. 2. to carry all round.
 διαπομπή, ἡ, (διαπέμνω) a sending backwards and
 forwards: negotiation.
 δια-πονέω, f. ἴσω, to work out with labour, Lat. ela-
 borare: to practise:—Pass. to be administered: also
 to be troubled. II. intr. to work hard, toil.
 διά-πονος, ov, having gone through many labours.
 δια-πόντιος, ov, (διά, πόντος) beyond seas, foreign,
 Lat. transmarinus: going beyond seas.
 διαπόνης, Adv. of διάπονος, laboriously.
 δια-πορεύω, f. σω, to carry across. II. Pass.,
 with fut. med. -ύσομαι, aor. I pass. διεπορεύθην: to
 go through, pass along.
 δια-πορέω, f. ἴσω; and Dep. διαπορέομαι, aor. I
 διηπορήθην:—to be quite at a loss.
 δια-πορθέω, f. ἴσω, = διαπέρθω, to ruin utterly.
 δια-πορβύω, f. σω, to carry over or across: to
 carry a message; διαπορβυεῖν ποταμόν, of ferry-
 boats, to ply across a river.
 δια-πραγματεύομαι, Dep. to treat of thoroughly.
 διαπράθειν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of διαπέρθω.
 δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω: f. ξω:
 —to accomplish, Lat. conficere: intr. to accomplish
 one's way across. 2. to bring about, effect: Med.,
 to effect for oneself, gain one's point. 3. to make
 an end of, slay.
 διαπρεπής, ἐς, eminent, conspicuous. From
 δια-πρέπω, to be eminent, conspicuous, or distin-
 guished above others.
 διαπρεπῶς, Adv. of διαπρεπής, conspicuously: Sup.
 διαπρεπέστατα.
 δια-προσβέυομαι, Dep. to send embassies to different
 places.
 δια-πρήσσω, Ion. for διαπράσσω.
 δια-πρώω [Ὶ]: fut. -πρωῖομαι: pf. pass. -πέπρωσμαι:
 —to saw through or in two: to cut to the heart;
 διαπρίεν τοὺς ὀδόντας to gnash the teeth:—Med. to
 gnash with the teeth.
 διαπρό, Adv. thoroughly.
 δια-πρύσιος, α, ov, (διαπεράω) going through, pene-
 trating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds: neut. διαπρύ-
 σιον, as Adv. piercingly, thrillingly. 2. far-stretch-
 ing: πρᾶν πεδίοιο διαπρύσιος τετυχηκῶς a hill run-
 ning far into the plain. 3. manifest.
 διαπάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of διαπέταμαι.

δια-πτοέω, f. ἦσω: Ep. aor. I διεπτοήσα:—to scare away, startle: to strike with panic.
 δια-πύσσω, f. ξω, to unfold, disclose.
 δια-πύχῃ, ἡ, (διά, πυχῆ) a fold, folding leaf.
 δια-πύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ], to spit upon, despise utterly.
 δια-πυκτεύω, f. σω, to box or fight with.
 δια-πυθάνομαι: f. -πύσομαι: pf. -πέπυσμαι: aor. 2 -επυθόμην:—to search out by questioning.
 διά-πύρος, ον, (διά, πῦρ) red-hot: hot, fiery. Hence δια-πύρῳ, f. ὤσω, to set on fire.
 δια-πωλέω, f. ἦσω, to sell publicly.
 διάρα, aor. I inf. of διαίρω.
 διαραίρημαι, Ion. for διαίρημαι, pf. pass. of διαίρω.
 δια-ράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to break through, strike through.
 δια-ράγεις, ον, flecked or spotted with white.
 δια-ραρθῶ, f. ὤσω, (διά, ἄρθρον) to divide by joints, to articulate. 2. to complete in detail, describe distinctly.
 δια-ραριθέω, f. ἦσω, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.
 δια-ραρκέω, f. ἔσω, to have full strength: to endure, bold out, prevail. II. to nourish. Hence διαρκής, ἐς, sufficient: lasting. Adv. -κῶς, Sup. -έστατα, in complete competence.
 δια-ραρόζω or -ττω, f. σω, to distribute in various places, to dispose.
 διαρπαγή, ἡ, plunder. From διαρπάζω, fut. ἄσομαι: (for the tenses, v. ἀρπάζω):—to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.
 διαρπαγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.
 διαρπαγήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.
 διαρ-ραίνω, to besprinkle:—Pass. to flow in various directions.
 διαρ-ραίω, f. σω: aor. I διέρραισα:—to destroy utterly.
 διαρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρήν: pf. -ερρήκα:—to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak:—pf. part. διερρηκώς, gaping.
 II. to fall away like water, waste away.
 διαρ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω (for the tenses, v. ῥήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave:—Pass. to burst.
 διαρρηθῆν, Adv. (διερω, διαρρηθῆναι) expressly, distinctly.
 διαρρηξας, aor. I part. of διαρρήγνυμι.
 διάρ-ριμμα, ατος, τό, a casting about. From διαρριπτασκειν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of διαρρίπτω.
 διαρ-ριπτέω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρρίπτω. II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.
 διαρ-ρίπτω, poet. διαρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw, fling, hurl, dart about. Hence διάρριψος, εως, ἡ, a throwing about, scattering.
 διαρροή, ἡ, (διαρρέω) a flowing through, a channel or pipe to flow through.
 διαρροθέω, f. ἦσω, to roar or rustle through.
 διάρροια, ἡ, = διαρροή, a flowing through: esp. as Medical term, diarrhoea.

διαρροίζω, f. ἦσω, to whizz through.
 διαρρῦδαν, Dor. for -ύδην, Adv. (διαρρέω) melting away, vanishing.
 διαρρῦθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαρρέω, διαρρῦσομαι, fut. of διαρρέω.
 διαρρῦξ, ἄγος, ὅ, ἡ, (διαρρήγνυμι) rent asunder.
 διαρτάμει, f. ἦσω, to cut in pieces.
 διαρτάω, f. ἦσω, to suspend and interrupt.
 δια-σαίνω, to fawn upon.
 δια-σαίρω, pf. -έσπρα, to grin like a snarling dog.
 δια-σαλκωνίζω, strengthd. for σαλακωνίζω.
 διάσαθαί, aor. I inf. med. of διαδῶ.
 δια-σαφέω, f. ἦσω, (διά, σαφής) to make quite manifest.
 δια-σαφήνιζω, f. σω, to make quite manifest.
 δια-σεύω, f. σω, to shake violently: intr., διασεύειν τῇ οὐρᾷ to keep wagging with the tail. 2. to confound. II. to harass, oppress.
 δια-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 διεσεύομην [ῥ], 3 sing. διέσεύτο: Pass.:—to dart or rush through.
 δια-σημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.
 διά-σημος, ον, (διά, σῆμα) quite clear, distinct.
 Διάστια, τά, (Διός) the feast of Jupiter at Athens.
 δια-σιώπασω, f. ἦσομαι, to remain silent. 2. trans. to pass over in silence.
 δια-σκάνδικίζω, f. σω, (διά, σκάνδιξ) to dose with wild cheruil, in allusion to Euripides.
 δια-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig through, make a breach in.
 δια-σκεδάννυμι: f. σκεδάσω [ᾶ], Att. σκεδῶ: aor. I -εσκεδάσα:—to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.
 διασκεδάσειεν, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of foreg.
 δια-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to set in order:—Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself.
 διασκεύομαι, fut. of διασκοπέω.
 δια-σκηνάω or -έω, f. ἦσω; and δια-σκηνώω, f. ὤσω:—to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to his quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.
 δια-σιδίνημι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse.
 δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. -σκέψομαι (from root σκέπτωμαι): pf. -έσκεμα:—to look through, examine, consider. II. to look round one, keep watching.
 δια-σκοπίαομαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπία):—to look out from a watch-tower, to spy out.
 δια-σκορπίζω, f. σω, to scatter abroad.
 δια-σκώπτω, f. ὤψω, to jest:—Med. to jest one with another, pass jokes to and fro.
 δια-σμάω, Ion. -σμέω, f. ἦσω:—to wipe out, to rinse, clean.
 δια-σμήχω, f. ξω, to cleanse by rubbing.
 δια-σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to act or speak like a sophist.
 διασπαρακτός, ἡ, ὄν, torn to pieces. From διασπάρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to rend in sunder or in pieces.
 διασπάρῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διασπείρω.
 δια-σπάω, f. ἄσω or more commonly ἄσομαι: (for

the tenses, v. σπάω): to tear asunder, part, Lat. *divellere*: to break through, pull down: of the laws, to break through, transgress: to separate.—Pass., of soldiers, to be distributed in quarters.

δια-σπείρω, f. εφῶ, to sow, scatter or spread abroad: to squander.

II. to separate.

διασπορά, ἡ, (διασπείρω) dispersion.

δι-φσω, δι-φπτω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δια-σταθμάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to order by rule, regulate.

διαστάς, διαστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of δίστημι.

διάστᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (διαστήναι) a standing apart: distance, an interval.

2. disagreement, dissension.

δια-σταυρώω, f. ὤσω, to fortify with stakes or a palisade.

δια-στέχω, aor. 2 διέσπῃχον, to go through or across: to continue.

δια-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to separate, to distinguish, determine.

II. to command, give orders.

διάστημα, ατος, τό, (διαστήναι) an interval.

διασπῆτην, Ep. for διεσπῆτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of δίστημι.

δια-στίλβω, f. ψω, to gleam or dawn through.

δια-στοιβάζω, f. ἄσω, to stuff in between.

δια-στοιχίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to apporition regularly.

διαστολή, ἡ, (διαστέλλω) distinction, difference.

δια-στρατηγέω, f. ἡσω, to serve as a general.

δια-στρέφω, f. ψω: (for the tenses, v. στρέφω):—to distort: to turn aside: to pervert:—Pass. to be distorted: to have one's eyes distorted: to squint. Hence

διάστροφος, ον, distorted: metaph. perverted.

δια-σύρω, pf. -σεσύρικα, to tear in pieces: to worry, disparage.

δια-σφάζω Att. -σφάπτω, f. ξω, to cleave asunder, to slaughter.

δια-σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to throw about like a ball, to toss about.

δια-σφάλλω, to foil or overturn utterly.

διασφάξ, ἄγος, ἡ, (διασφάζω) any opening made by force, a cleft, a rocky gorge.

δια-σφενδονάω, f. ἡσω, to scatter from or as from a sling:—Pass. to fly in pieces.

δια-σφηκόομαι, pf. -εσφήκομαι, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) to be compressed at the waist like a wasp.

δια-σχιζέω, f. ἴσω, to cleave asunder:—Pass., aor. I διεσχίσθη, to be cloven asunder, to be parted.

διασχών, aor. 2 part. of διέχω.

δια-σώζω, f. σώσω: (for the tenses, v. σώζω):—to keep safe through, bring one well through: also to keep in memory:—Med. to preserve to oneself:—Pass. to come safe through: διασώζεσθαι εἰς . . οὐ πρός . . , to come safe to a place.

δια-σπάομαι, f. ἄομαι [ᾶ], Dor. for διασπῶμαι.

δια-πᾶγω, f. σω, (διά, πᾶγος) to arrange.

διαπαγή, ἡς, ἡ (διαπαγῆναι) a disposition.

διαπαγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω.

διατάγμα, ατος, τό, (διατάσσω) a commandment.

δια-τάμνω, Ion. for διατέμνω.

διάταξις, εως, ἡ, (διατάσσω) disposition, arrangement: esp. of troops in order of battle.

δια-τᾶράσσω, Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to throw into great confusion, confound.

δια-τάσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάχθη, aor. 2 -ετάγη [ᾶ]: pf. -τέταγμα:—to arrange: to set in order, draw up in order of battle: also to draw up separately.

2. c. acc. et inf. to appoint one to do or be:—Med., aor. I part. in pass. sense διαταξάμενοι posted in battle order:—Pass. to be in battle order.

II. in Med. also, to order by will.

διαταχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διατάσσω.

διατέθρυνμαι, pf. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τένω, f. τεῶω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάθη [ᾶ]: pf. -τέταμαι (for the tenses, v. τένω):—to stretch out, stretch to the full:—Med. to strain oneself: to exert oneself, strive hard: to maintain stoutly.

δια-τερίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ:—to cut off and fortify by a wall: to draw a wall across: to divide as by a wall. Hence

διατείχισμα, ατος, τό, a place walled off.

δια-τεκμαίρομαι, Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ) to mark out.

δια-τελευτάω, f. ἡσω, to bring to fulfilment.

διατελέω, f. ἔσω, to bring quite to an end: to fulfil: to continue doing. From

δια-τελής, ἐς, (διά, τέλος) incessant: permanent.

δια-τέμνω, Ion. τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut through, cut in twain: to sever, part:—Pass. διατημῆθηναι λέπαθνα to be cut into strips.

διατέταχα, διατέταγμα, pf. act. and pass. of διατάσσω,

δια-τετραίνω, f. -τετραῖνω, Ion. -τετρανέω and -τρήσω:—to bore through, make a hole in.

δια-τήκω, f. ξω (v. τήκω), to soften or melt by heat:—Pass., with pf. -τέτηκα, to melt entirely, thaw.

δια-τηρέω, f. ἡσω, to watch closely.

II. (sub. εἰαυτῶν), to keep oneself from, abstain from.

διατί: for διά τι, wherefore? Lat. *quamobrem*?

δια-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—Pass., aor. I διετέθη: pf. διατέθειμαι:—to place separately, arrange.

2. to dispose, manage: to treat:—Pass. to be disposed of, treated.

3. to set forth: to recite.

II. Med. to set out for sale, dispose of.

2. to settle mutually: διατιθέναι διαθήκη τινί to make a covenant with one: absol. to make an agreement with, promise.

δια-τίμω, f. ἡσω, to honour greatly.

δια-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to shake asunder, shake to pieces: fut. med. τινάξομαι is used in pass. sense.

δια-τινθαλέος, α, ον, = τινθαλέος.

δια-τήγη: aor. I -έτηξα: aor. 2 -έτηγον, pass. -ετημάην, Ep. 3 pl. διέτημαγεν:—Ep. for διατέμνω, to cut in twain, divide, sever: διέτημαγεν ἐν φιλότητι they parted friends: absol. they were scattered abroad.

διατηῆσαι, aor. I inf. of διατέμνω.

δια-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot through or across:—Med. to contend in shooting with.

δια-τόρος, *ov*, act. *piercing*: of sound, *thrilling*. II.

διατόρος, *ov*, pass., *pierced*.

διατρέγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέγω.

δια-τρέπω, *f. ψω*, to *turn, divert, dissuade*:—Pass. with fut. med. —τρέφομαι, aor. I med. —ετραπόμην, aor. 2 pass. —ετράπην:—to *turn* or be *diverted* from a thing.

δια-τρέφω, *f. θρέψω*, to *maintain, support* throughout.

δια-τρέχω, *f. θρέξομαι*: (for the tenses, *v. τρέχω*):—to *run through* or *over*: metaph. to *exhaust*. II. intr. to *run about*, Lat. *discurrere*.

δια-τρέω, *f. έσω*, to *run trembling about, flee* all ways.

διατριβή, *ή*, a *wearing away, a spending* of time. 2. a *pastime, amusement*.

3. *serious employment, study*: a *discussion, argument*. 4. a *way of life, living*. II. in bad sense, a *waste of time, loss of time, delay*. From

δια-τρίβω [*ί*]: *f. ψω*:—Pass., aor. 2 διετρίβην [*ί*]: pf. διατέτριμαι:—to *rub between*; χερσι διατρίβας:—to *rub away, consume*: to *waste, destroy*. II.

metaph. to *spend time, live*. 2. to *busy, employ* oneself. 3. to *waste time, delay*. III. to *put off by delay, thwart, hinder*. Hence

διατριπτικός, *ή, όν*, *dilatatory*.

διά-τρίχα, Adv. in *three ways*.

διά-τροπος, *ov*, *various in dispositions*.

διατροφή, *ή*, (διατρέφω) *sustenance, support*.

δια-τροχάζω, *f. σω*, of a horse, to *trot*.

δια-τροχίος, *ov*, (διά, τρήγη) *planted with vines, ripening one after the other*.

διατρυφέις, aor. 2 part. pass. of διατρύπτω.

δια-τρώγω, *f. -τρώξομαι*: aor. 2 διέτρώγον:—to *nibble, gnaw* through.

δι-άττω or δι-άττω, fut. διαξω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δι-αυγάζω, *f. σω*, to *shine* through, *dawn*.

δι-αυγής, *ές*, (διά, αυγή) *transparent, radiant*.

διαυλο-δρόμης, *ov, ό*, (διαυλος, δρόμος) a *runner in the race*.

δί-αυλος, *ό*, (δίσ, αυλός) a *double pipe* or *channel*: in the race, a *double course*, where the runner ran to the furthest point of the στάδιον, turned round the post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., διαυλοι κυμάτων ebb and flow, Lat. *fluctus reciproci*. II.

a *strait*.

διαφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διεσθίω, to *bite* through.

διαφάνην [*ά*], and διαφάνδην, Adv. *openly*. From

δια-φαίνω, *f. -φάνω*: (for the tenses, *v. φαίνω*):—to *shew through, make* to *shine* through. II. Pass., aor. 2 —εφάνην [*ά*], to *be seen, appear* through. 2. to *glow, to be red-hot*. 3. metaph. to *be proved*: to *be conspicuous* among others. III. intr. in Act. to *dawn*. 2. to *be transparent*. Hence

διαφάνής, *ές*, *seen through, transparent*. 2. *glowing, red-hot*. II. metaph. *well-known, manifest*: illustrious:—Adv. —νώς, *manifestly*.

δια-φάσκω, Ion. —φώσκω: (διά, φάος):—to *shew light* through, *dawn*.

δια-φεγγής, *ές*, (διά, φέγγος) *transparent*.

διαφερόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of διαφέρω, *differently* from: especially, *extremely*.

δια-φέρω:—fut. διοίσω and διοίσομαι, formed from *οίω:—aor. I διήνεγκα, Ion. δήνεικα; aor. 2 διήνεγκον formed from *ένέγκω: (*v. φέρω*):—to *carry over* or *across*. 2. to *carry different ways*: to *tear asunder*; διαφέρειν τήν ψήφον to *give their votes a different way*, i. e. against one; but also to *determine by vote*: metaph. to *disperse* reports. 3. to *carry through, bring* to *perfection*. 4. to *bear through, endure, go through* with. 5. absol. to *continue, to live*. II. intr. to *differ, to be different* from. 2. impers., διαφέρει μοι it *makes a difference* to me, ού διαφέρει it *makes no difference*; τά διαφέροντα *points of difference*. 3. to *be different* from a man, to *surpass, excel* him. III. Pass. to *differ* or *be* at *variance* with, *quarrel* with.

δια-φεύγω, *f. -φεύξομαι*: aor. 2 —έφϋγον: pf. —πέ-φενγα: (*v. φεύγω*):—to *flee* through, *get away, escape*. Hence

διάφευξις, *εως, ή*, an *escaping, means of escape*.

δια-φημιζω, *f. ίσω*, to *make known, publish*.

δια-φθείρω: *f. -φθερώ* Ep. —φθέρω: pf. —έφθαρκα:—to *destroy utterly, kill*: generally, to *spoil, harm*. 2. to *lead astray, corrupt, ruin*: esp. to *bribe*: to *seduce*. II. Pass., fut. —φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med. —φθαρούμαι, Ion. —φθερέομαι: aor. 2 —εφθάρην [*ά*]: pf. —έφθαρκα:—to *be destroyed, go* to *ruin, perish*: esp. to *be disabled*: διεφθαμένος *corrupt*. III.

the perf. διέφθορα is sometimes intr. to *be deranged, mad*: also to *be dead*. Hence

διαφθορά, *ό*, *destruction, ruin, death*. 2. in moral sense, *corruption, seduction*. 3. *ιχθύσιν* διαφθορά a *prey* for fishes. Hence

διαφθορέυς, *έως, ό*, a *corrupter, seducer*.

δι-αφήμι, *f. ήσω*, to *dismiss, disband*.

δια-φοιβάζω, *f. σω*, to *drive mad*:—Pass. to *rave*.

δια-φοιτάω Ion. —έω, *f. ήσω*, to *wander* abroad, *run about*: to *get* abroad.

διαφορά, *ή*, (διαφέρω) *difference, distinction*. 2. *variance, disagreement*. II. *distinction, excellence*. III. *advantage, profit*.

δια-φορέω, *f. ήσω*, to *drag* about, *spread* abroad. 2. to *carry off* as *plunder, to plunder*: also to *rend* in *pieces, destroy*. II. to *carry through* or *across*. Hence

διαφόρησις, *εως, ή*, a *plundering*.

διαφόρος, *ov*, (διαφέρω) *different, unlike*. 2. *differing* with another: at *variance* with. II. *superior, excellent*. 2. *advantageous, profitable*. III. as Subst., διάφορον, τό, *difference*: *disagreement*.

διαφόρος, Adv. of διάφορος, *variously*. 2. at *variance*. 3. *excellently*.

διάφραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (διαφράσσω) a *partition-wall*. II. the *membrane* which *divides* the *lungs* from the *stomach, the midriff*.

δια-φράγγυμι, = διαφράσσω.

δια-φράζω, to tell clearly: Ep. aor. 2 δι-εφέραδον.
 δια-φράσσω, f. ζω, to separate by a fence.
 δια-φρέω, f. -φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs
 in compos., v. εισφρέω, έκφρέω):—to let through,
 let out.

δια-φυγάνω, (= διαφεύγω).
 διαφυγή, ή, (διαφύγω) a means of escape.
 διαφύη, ή, (διαφύω) any natural partition, as the
 joints in bodies: a cleft, division, as in nuts.
 δια-φύλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to watch vigilantly,
 preserve: keep, maintain.

δια-φύσσω, f. ήσω, to blow or breathe through. II.
 to blow away: Pass. to be scattered to the winds,
 vanish.

δι-ἄφύσσω, f. ζω: aor. I διήφύσα:—to draw out,
 draw off. II. to tear up, rend.

δια-φύω, f. φύσω, to make to grow through. II.
 Pass., with aor. 2 act. διέφυν, pf. διαπέφυκα:—to in-
 tervene; χρόνος διέφυν time elapsed.

δια-φωνέω, f. ήσω, to sound discordantly, to disagree.
 δια-φώσκω, Ion. for διαφαινώσκω.

δια-χάζω or -χάζομαι, to draw back, withdraw.
 δια-χάλαω, f. άσω [α]:—to loosen: to open, un-
 bar. II. to make supple by exercise.

δια-χάσκω, to gape wide, yaw.
 διαχείαι, aor. I inf. of διαχέω.

δια-χειμάζω, f. άσω, to pass the winter.
 δια-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to have in hand, con-
 duct, manage. Hence

διαχειρήσας, εως, ή, management, administration.
 δια-χειροτονέω, f. ήσω, to choose between two persons
 or things by show of hands, or by open vote. Hence

διαχειροτονία, ή, a choice between two persons or
 things.

δια-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I -έχεα, Ep. -έχενα:—to
 pour different ways: to pour out, dissolve: of metals,
 to soften, melt: also to disperse: metaph. to con-
 found. II. Pass. to be poured from one vessel
 into another: to be melted: to fall to pieces:—metaph.
 to be relaxed.

δια-χλευάζω, to mock greatly.
 δια-χώω, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχοῦν τὸ
 χῶμα to complete the mound.

δια-χράομαι: f. ήσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρη-
 σείται:—to use constantly: also to meet with, suffer
 under. II. c. acc. pers. to destroy, slay.

δια-χρέομαι Ion. for Ἐρεγ: διαχρέομαι, Ion. subj.
 δια-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to carry a mound across.

δια-χωρέω, f. ήσω, to go or pass through: impers.,
 κάτω διεχώρει αὐτοῖς they laboured under diarrhoea.
 δια-χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to separate.

δια-ψαίρω, to sweep away, blow away.
 δια-ψεύδω or -ψεύδομαι, to deceive utterly. II.
 διαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. I διεψεύσθην: pf. δι-
 έψεύσαμεν:—to be deceived, mistaken.

δια-ψηφίζομαι: f. ίσομαι Att. ιούμαι: Dep.:—to vote
 with pebbles: decide by votes. Hence

διαψηφίσις, εως, ή, a deciding by vote.

δια-ψύχω, f. ζω, to cool, refresh: of ships, to baul
 bigb and dry: to make water-tight.

δι-βολος, ov, (δῖς, βάλλω) two-pointed. [Υ]
 δι-γληνος, ov, (δῖς, γλήνη) with two eyeballs.

δι-γλωσσος, Att. -πτος, ov, (δῖς, γλωσσα) speaking
 two languages Lat. bilinguis as Subst., διγλωσσος,
 ό, an interpreter. II. double-tongued.

δι-γονος, ov, (δῖς, *γένω) twice-born:—twin; double.
 διδαγμα, aor, τό, (διδάσκω) a lesson.

διδάκκη, Dor. for διδάσκει.
 διδακτικός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) apt at teaching.

διδακτός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) of things, taught: that
 can be taught: that ought to be taught. II. of
 persons, taught, instructed.

διδάξω, fut. of διδάσκω.
 διδάξις, εως, ή, (διδάσκω) teaching, instruction.

διδασκαλείον, τό, (διδάσκω) a teaching-place, school.
 διδασκαλία, ή, (διδάσκω) teaching: education, train-
 ing. II. the rehearsing of a drama; cf. διδάσκω II.

διδασκαλικός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) fit for teaching, in-
 structive. Adv. -κῶς, instructively.

διδασκάλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) a science, art.
 διδάσκαλος, ό and ή, (διδάσκω) a teacher, master:

a dramatic poet was called διδάσκαλος, because he
 himself taught the actors.

διδασκεμέναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of διδάσκω.
 διδασκήσαι, poet. for διδάξαι, aor. I inf. of
 διδάσκω: fut. διδάξω: aor. I έδίδαξα, poet. έδιδά-
 σκησα (as if from διδασκέω): pf. δεδιδάχα: (redupl.
 causal form of *δῶω):—to teach; with double acc.,
 ιπποσύνας σε έδίδαξαν they taught thee riding:—Med.
 to have a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn:
 Pass. to be taught, to learn. II. διδάσκειν is
 used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their
 parts. Hence

διδασκία, ή, teaching: doctrine.
 διδημι, Ep. for δέω, to bind, fetter: 3 pl. pres. δι-
 δέαι: 3 sing. imperf. διδη, Ep. for έδιδη.

διδοῖς or διδοῖσθα, διδοῖ, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres.
 of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶω.

διδόμεν, διδόμεναι, διδοῦναι, Ep forms for διδόναι,
 inf. of δίδωμι.

δίδου, 2 sing imperat. and Ep. 3 sing. impf. of δίδωμι,
 formed from *διδῶω: διδοῦν inf.; διδοῦσι 3 plur.

διδράσκω: fut. δράσσομαι [α]: pf. δεδράκα: aor. 2
 έδραν, inf. δράναι, part. δράς, imperat. δράθι, subj. δράῶ,
 opt. δράθην: Ion. διδρήσκω, f. δρήσομαι, aor. 2 έδρην
 (*δράω):—to run away, escape.

δι-δραχμος, ov, (δῖς, δράχη) of two drachms; δι-
 δραχμοῖς όπλίται soldiers with pay of two drachms a
 day. II. διδραχμον, τό, a double drachm, = half a
 shekel, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem.

διδῦμ-άνωρ, opos, ό, ή, τό, (δίδυμος, άνήρ) touching
 both the men. [α]

διδυμᾶ-τόκος, ov, Dor. for διδυμητόκος, (δίδυμος,
 τεκύν) bearing twins.

διδυμῶν, ovos, ό, ή, (δίδυμος) a twin-brother. [α]

δίδυμος, poet. for δίδυμος.

διδύμο-γενής, *és*, (διδυμος, *γένω) twin-born.
 διδύμος, η, ον, or ος, ον, (δῖς) double, twofold; διδυμος κασίγνητος a twin-brother; διδυμοί twins.
 διδῶν, = διδοῖν, opt. of δίδωμι.
 διδῶθι, Ep. for δίδοθι, imperat. of δίδωμι.
 δίδωμαι: fut. δώσω: aor. I ἔδωκα; aor. 2 ἔδων: pf. δέδωκα:—Med., aor. 2 ἐδόμην:—Pass., fut. δοθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐδόθην: pf. δέδομαι: (*δώ):—to give, give freely, present:—in pres. and impf. to offer. 2. of the gods, to grant: so of the laws, to permit or sanction. 3. to devote, offer to the gods: to give up, surrender, in good or bad sense. 4. of parents, to give their daughter to wife. 5. διδόναι ἐαυτὸν τι to put oneself in his power. 6. διδόναι δίκην, v. sub δίκη. II. in vows, to grant, allow, cause *ibai*; δός με τίσασθαι give me to avenge myself. II. seemingly intr. to give oneself up, devote oneself.
 δίδῶν, part. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶ.
 διδώσω, Ep. for δῶσω, fut. of δίδωμι.
 διε, vocat. of δῖος, godlike.
 διέ, poet. for ἔδιε, 3 sing. impf. of δῖω.
 διέβην, aor. 2 of διαβαίνω.
 διεβίων, aor. 2 of διαβίωω.
 διεβλήθην, aor. I pass. of διαβάλλω.
 διεγγυάω, f. ἦσω, to give bail for: Med. to take bail for:—Pass. to be bailed, set free on his security.
 διεγείρω, to arouse: Ep. aor. 2 pass. διέγρετο, he was aroused, awaked.
 διεγερθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διεγείρω.
 διέγων, aor. 2 of διαγιγνώσκω.
 διεδαμάην, aor. I of διαδαμάωμαι.
 διέδεξα, Ion. for διέδειξα, aor. I of διαδείκεναι.
 διεδηλησάμην, aor. I of διαδηλέομαι.
 διεδίδοτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι.
 διεδόθην, aor. I pass. of διαδίδωμι.
 διεδράμων, aor. 2 of διατρέχω.
 διέδραν, aor. 2 of διαδιδράσκω.
 διέδυν, aor. 2 of διαδύνω or διαδύομαι.
 διέεργον, poet. impf. of διέργω, διείργω.
 διέζην, impf. of διαζῶω.
 διέζωσα, aor. I of διαζώννυμι.
 διέζωσμαι, pf. pass. of διαζώννυμι.
 διεθείωσα, aor. I of διαθειώω.
 διεθέτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of διατίθημι.
 διείδον, inf. διᾶδεν, aor. 2 of διοράω, which supplies the pres., to look through, discern, distinguish.
 διελίγμαι, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι.
 διελιγμένους, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω, distinctly, precisely.
 διελίγη, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.
 διέλιον, aor. 2 of διαίρω.
 διέ-ιμι, fut. διείσομαι: (διά, εἶμι ἴβο):—to go about: to go away. II. c. acc. to pass or go through: hence to discuss a subject.
 διε-ίπων, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being used instead); inf. διεπιπείν, poet. διαπιπείν: fut. διερώ:

pf. διείρηκα: (διά, εἶπον):—to tell at length, detail, explain. II. to speak one with another, converse.
 διε-ίργω, f. ξω: Ep. and Ion. διείργω, Ep. also διε-ίργω:—to keep asunder or apart: to keep off. II. intr. to lie between.
 διείρηκα, used as pf. of διεπιπείν, to say clearly.
 διε-ίρομαι, poet. for δι-έρομαι, to question closely.
 δι-ερίω, Ion. for δι-ερίω, to draw across.
 διε-ίρω: aor. I διείρσα: perf. διείρκα:—to pass or draw a thing through.
 δι-ειρωνό-ξενος, ον, (διά, εἶρων, ξένος) dissembling with one's guests.
 δι-έκ, before a vowel δι-έξ, Prep. right through.
 διεκάναξα, aor. I of διακανάσσω.
 διεκέρκιστο, 3 sing. plpf. pass. of διακρίνω.
 διεκλήρω [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω.
 διε-επεραίνω, f. ἄνω, to bring quite to an end.
 διε-επεράω, f. ἦσω and ἄσω, to pass out through. II. to pass by, overlook.
 διε-επλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. -πλώω, aor. I -έπλωσα:—to sail out through: to sail out. II. in naval tactics, to break the enemy's line by sailing through it. Hence
 διεκπλοος, contr. διεκπλους, ὁ, a sailing across or through. 2. a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight.
 διε-επλώω, Ion. for διεκπλέω.
 διε-έκριθεν, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of διακρίνω.
 διε-έκροος, ὁ, (διά, ἐκρέω) a channel through.
 διελᾶθον, aor. 2 of διαλανθάνω.
 διελᾶσσι, εως, ἡ, a driving through. II. a charge or exercise of cavalry. From
 δι-ελαύνω: fut. διελάσω, Att. διελῶ: (for the tenses, v. ἐλαύνω):—to drive through or across: to thrust through. II. intr. to drive or ride through.
 διελείν, aor. 2 inf. of διαίρω.
 διελείπτο, plpf. pass. of διαλείπω.
 διελείπιπα, pf. of διαλείπω.
 διελεξάμην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.
 διελεσομαι, fut. of διέρχομαι.
 διελέχθην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.
 διελθῆν, Ep. διελθῆμεν, aor. 2 inf. of διέρχομαι.
 διελίτων, aor. 2 of διαλείπω.
 δι-έλκω: fut. -ελκῶω [ῶ]: aor. I -εἰλκῶσα (v. ἔλκω):—to tear asunder, pull open; διέλκειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς. 2. to pull through. 3. to keep on drinking.
 διελύθην [ῶ], aor. I pass. of διαλύω.
 διελυμάνθη, aor. I of διαλυμαίνομαι.
 ΔΙΕΥΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from *δίμη) to speed, press on.
 διεμαρτύρω [ῶ], 2 sing. aor. I of διαμαρτυρομαι.
 διέμεινα, aor. I of διαμένω.
 διε-μπολάω: fut. ἦσω: pass. pf. διημπόλημαι:—to make merchandize of, sell, dispose of: hence to betray.
 διε-ενέγκαι, Ion. -ενεῖκαι, aor. I inf. of διαφέρω:
 διενεχθήην, aor. I inf. pass.
 διε-ενθυμείωμαι, Med. to think within oneself.
 δι-εναυτιζῶ, f. ἴσω, (διά, ἐναυτός) to live out the year.
 διένται, 3 pl. of δέμαι.

δι-εντέρευμα, ατος, τό, (διά, ἔντερον) a looking through entrails:—Comic word for sharp-sightedness.
 δι-εξαίσσω contr. —άσσω Att. —άττω: fut. ἄξω: to rush or spring forth.
 δι-έξιμι, (διά, ξείμι) to go out through: to pass through: hence to count over, to number.
 δι-εξελεύω: f. —ελάσω [ἄ] Att. —ελάω:—to drive through. II. intr. to ride or march through or across.
 δι-εξελεύω Att. —ττω, f. ξω, to unroll, untie.
 δι-εξερέωμαι, to question closely.
 δι-εξερευνάω, f. ἦσω, to examine closely.
 δι-εξερχομαι, f. —ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 —ἦλθον: pf. —ελήλυθα: (cf. ἔρχομαι):—to go out through, pass through: get to the end of. 2. to go through in order: to set forth, recount in full. II. intr. to be past, gone by, of time.
 δι-εξηγέωμαι, strengthd. for ἐξηγέομαι.
 δι-εξιμί, f. ἦσω, to let go through, give free passage. II. intr. (sub. εἰαυτόν), of a river, to empty itself.
 διεξιμέναι, Ep. inf. of διέξιμι.
 δι-εξοδος, ἡ, a way out through, a passage, outlet: the issue or event of a thing: also the sun's orbit. II. a full account.
 δι-εξυφαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to finish the web.
 δι-εορτάζω, f. σω, to keep the feast throughout.
 διεπέπαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαπᾶω.
 διεπειράθη [ᾱ], aor. I of διαπειράομαι.
 διεπεραιώθη, aor. of διαπεραιώω.
 διεπεράσα, aor. I of διαπεράω.
 διεπέφραδον, Ep. aor. 2 of διαφράζω.
 διέπλεξα, aor. I of διαπλέκω.
 διέπλευσα, aor. I of διαπλέω.
 διέπνευσα, aor. I of διαπνέω.
 διεπορεύθη, aor. I of διαπορεύομαι.
 διεπράθον, —όμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of διαπέρωω.
 διεπτάμην or —όμεν, aor. 2 of διαπέταμαι.
 διεπτοίγησα, Ep. aor. I of διαπτοέω.
 διέπτυσσα, aor. I of διαπύσσω.
 διεπυθόμεν, aor. 2 of διαπυνθόομαι.
 δι-έπω, f. ψω, to manage, order, arrange.
 δι-εργάζομαι: f. ἄσομαι: pf. —είργασμαι: plqpf. —είργασμην: Ion. —εργασμαι, —εργάσμην: aor. I pass. εἰργάσθη: Dep.:—to work at, esp. of land, to cultivate it. II. to destroy, ruin, kill, Lat. *conficere*: also plqpf. in pass. sense, διέργαστο τὰ πράγματα, Lat. *actum erat de rebus*, the affairs were ruined.
 δι-έργω, Ep. and Ion. for διείργω.
 δι-ερείδω, f. σω, to prop up:—Med. to lean upon.
 δι-ερέσω: fut. διερέσω: aor. I διήρεσα, poet. διήρεσσα:—to row about, χειρὶ διερέσειν to swim: to swing about.
 δι-ερευνάω, f. ἦσω, to search through, examine closely. Hence
 διερευνητής, οὔ, ὄ, a scout or vidette.
 διερμηνευτής, οὔ, ὄ, an interpreter. From
 δι-ερμηνέω, f. σω, to interpret, expound.
 δι-έρομαι, Ep. for διείρομαι.

ΔΙΕΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, moist, fresh, juicy: metaph. of men, fresh, quick, active: later, wet, liquid.
 δι-έρπω, f. ψω, to pass through.
 δι-έρρηξα, διέρρωγα, aor. I and pf. of διαρρήγνυμι.
 διερρηκα, διερρήην, pf. and aor. 2 of διαρρέω.
 δι-έρχομαι: fut. —ελεύσομαι: aor. —ἦλθον: Dep.:—to go through or across, pass through. 2. to come to the end, arrive at. II. intr. to pass, of time: to go abroad, prevail, of a report. III. to go through, narrate.
 διερώ, used as fut. of διείπω.
 δι-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, to cross-question, to question continually.
 διεσθαί, inf. of διέμαι: also pres. inf. med. of δίω.
 δι-εσθώ, fut. διέδομαι, to eat through.
 διεσκεδάσα, aor. I of διασκεδάννυμι.
 διεσκεμαί, pf. of διασκοπέω:—hence δι-εσκεμμένος, Adv. of the part., prudently, considerately.
 διεσκορπίσμαι, pf. pass. of διασκορπίζω.
 διεσπάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of διασπείρω.
 διεσπάσα, διεσπάσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of διασπᾶω.
 διεσπασμαι, pf. pass. of διασπᾶω.
 διέσπειρα, aor. I of διασπείρω.
 διέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of διασέυομαι.
 διεστολήμην, aor. I med. of διαστέλλω.
 δι-έστην, διέστηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of δίστημι.
 διέστίχον, aor. 2 of διαστείχω.
 διέστραμμαί, pf. pass. of διαστρέφω.
 διεστράφη [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of διαστρέφω.
 δι-εστῶς, perf. part. of δίστημι.
 διεσφηκωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διασφηκώομαι.
 διέσχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of διέχω.
 διέσχισα, διέσχισθη, aor. I act. and pass. of σχίζω.
 διέταξα, aor. I of διατάσσω.
 διεταράχθη, aor. I pass. of διαταράσσω.
 διετηρόλυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διατηρῶω.
 δι-ετής, ἐς, (δύς, ἔτος) of two years: two years old.
 δι-ετίσσω, ὄν, (διά, ἔτος) lasting through the year.
 δι-ετία, ἡ, (διετής) the space of two years.
 διέτμαγεν, Ep. for διετμάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of διατμήγω.
 διέτμαγον, aor. 2 act.
 διέτμαξεν, Dor. for διέτμηξεν, aor. I of διατμήγω.
 δι-ετραπόμην, διετράπη, aor. 2 med. and pass. of διατρέπω.
 δι-ευκρίνέω, f. ἦσω, (διά, εὐκρινής) to separate accurately, arrange carefully in order.
 δι-ευλαδέομαι, Dep. to take good heed, beware of.
 δι-ευνάω, f. ἄσω, to lay asleap.
 δι-ευτύχέω, f. ἦσω, (διά, εὐτυχής) to continue prosperous, to prosper throughout.
 διεφάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of διαφαίνω.
 δι-εφάρατο, Ion. for διεφθαρμένοι ἦσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαφθείρω.
 διεφάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of διαφθείρω.
 δι-εφθορα, intrans. pf. of διαφθείρω.
 διεφύνη, aor. 2 of διαφύνημι.
 δι-έχω, f. διέξω, to keep apart, divide. II.

intrans. to go quite through: to stretch across, reach. 2. to stand apart, be distant:—of time, to intervene.

ΔΙ΄ΖΗΜΑΙ, Ep. 2 sing. διζήσαι: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing. II. to seek the meaning of. III. c. inf. to demand or require that.

διζομαι, = διζήμαι.

δι-ζυγος, on, and διζυξ, υγος, ό, ή, (dis, ζυγόν) doubly-yoked, double.

ΔΙ΄ΖΩ, Ep. impf. δίζων, to be in doubt, at a loss.

δι-ζωος, on, (dis, ζωή) amphibious: living twice over.

διηβολία, ή, Ion. for διαβολία.

διηγᾶγον, aor. 2 of διαίγα.

διηγγείλα, aor. I of διαγγέλλω.

διηγέομαι, Dep. to describe or narrate in full.

διηγησις, εως, ή, (διηγέομαι) narration, the statement of the case.

δι-ηέριος, on, Ion. for διαέριος, through the air.

δι-ηθέω, f. ήσω, to strain through, filter, sift. 2. to wash out, cleanse. II. intrans., of the liquid, to filter through, percolate.

διηκονέω, διήκονος, Ion. for διακ-

διηκόνουν, διηκόνησα, impf. and aor. I of διακονέω.

διηκόσοι, α, α, Ion. for διακόσοι.

διηγκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίζω.

διηγκυλωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλώω.

δι-ηκω, f. ξω, to go through, extend along or be-tween. II. to persuade, fill.

διήλασα, aor. I of διελαίνω.

διήλθον, aor. 2 of διέρχομαι.

διηλιφής, ές, (διά, αλείφω) smeared all over.

διηλλάγην, διηλλάχθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διήλλαχα, διήλλαγμαί, pf. act. and pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διημάρτηκα, διημαρτον, pf. and aor. 2 of διαμαρτάνω.

διημερεύω, f. σω, (διά, ήμέρα) to pass the whole day.

διημιλήθην, aor. I of διαμιλλάομαι.

διηνεγκα, aor. I of διαφέρω: whence

διηνεκής, ές, stretching evenly along, stretching the whole length, unbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. διηνεκώς, Att.—kws, from beginning to end: clearly, distinctly.

διηνεμος, on, (διά, άνεμος) wind-swept.

διηνοιχθην, aor. I pass. of διανοίγω.

διηντλησα, aor. I of διαντλέω.

διηνύσα, διηνύκα, aor. I and pf. of διανύω.

διηξα, aor. I of διαίσσω: but διήξα aor. I of διήκω.

διηξα, aor. I of διάσσω, contr. for διαίσσω.

διηπορήθην, aor. I pass. of διαπορέω.

διηπόρου, impf. of διαπορέω.

διήρα, aor. I of διαίρω.

διήρσα, aor. I of διερέσσω.

διηρέθην, aor. I pass. of διαίρέω.

διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαίρέω.

δι-ήρης, es, (dis, *άρω) double; διήρης μέλαθρον, an upper story, upper chamber.

διήρθου, διήρθωσα, impf. and aor. I διαρθώω.

διήρκα, pf. of διαίρω.

διήται, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of δίω.

διήττησα, διηττήθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διαιτάω.

διήφύσα, aor. I of διαφύσσω.

δι-θάλασσος Att.—ττος, on, (dis, θάλασσα) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. bimāris.

δι-θήρτος, on, (dis, θήγω) twice-sharpened, two-edged.

δι-θρόνος, on, (dis, θρόνος) two-throned.

διθύραμβο-διδάσκαλος, ό, (διθύραμβος, διδάσκαλος) the dithyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

διθύραμβο-ποιός, ό, (διθύραμβος, ποιέω) a dithyrambic poet.

διθύραμβος, ό, the dithyramb, a kind of lyric poetry. II. epith. of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

δι-θύρσος, on, (dis, θύρσος) with two thyrsi.

Διί, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δίς.

διιδείν, inf. of διείδον.

δι-ίτημι, fut.—ήσω, (for the tenses, v. ήμι):—to send through or across, let go through. 2. to thrust through.

II. to dismiss, disband. 2. to dissolve, melt; διέμενος aor. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

δι-ιθύνω, to direct by steering straight.

δι-ικνεόμαι, fut.—ίξομαι; aor. 2—ϊκόνην: Dep.:—to go through, in telling a story. II. to reach.

Διί-πέτης, es, (Διός, *πέτω, Root of πίπτω) fallen from Zeus, i. e. from heaven, epith. of streams swollen by rain: later, heaven-sent, divine, holy, pure.

Διί-πέτης, es, (Διός, πέτομαι) hovering in air.

διüstew, verb. Adj. of διειδέναι, one must inquire.

*δι-ίστημι, f. διαστήσω: aor. I διέστησα:—to set apart, divide, distract. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act.—έστην, pf.—έστηκα, plqpf.—έστηκειν:—to stand apart, to be divided: hence 2. to differ, be at variance, quarrel.

3. to part after fighting. 4. to stand at certain distances or intervals. II. aor. I med. διεστησάμην is used trans., to separate.

δι-ίσχυρίζομαι, Dep. to lean upon, rely on. II. to affirm confidently.

διίχθαι, perf. inf. of δύνέομαι.

δικάσω, fut. δικάσω contr. δικώ: aor. I έδικάσα:—Pass., f. δικασθήσομαι, f. 3 δεδικάσομαι: aor. I έδικάσθην: pf. δεδικάσαι: (δικη) I. c. acc. rei, to judge, adjudge: to decide, determine. 2. c. dat. to decide for a person, judge his cause. 3. absol. to be judge: to give judgment: generally, to come to a decision. II. Med. to plead, speak before the judges: absol. to go to law. III. Pass. to be brought before the judge, to be accused.

δικαία, ή, poet. for δικη.

δικαιεύν, Ion. for δικαιούν, inf. of δικαιοώ: δικαιοέυσι, Ion. for δικαιοοισι, 3 pl. pres.

δικαιο-κρισία, ή, (δικαιος, κρίνω) just judgment.

δικαιο-πόλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (δικαίος, πόλις) *just in public dealings.*

δικαίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (δική) *observant of right, righteous, just.* II. *equal, even: strict, exact.*

III. *right, lawful, just.* 2. *fair, moderate.*—In phrase δικαίος εἶμι, with the infin., *I am bound to do, I have a right to do.*

δικαιοσύνη, ἡ, *justice, righteousness.*

δικαιοτής, ητος, ἡ, = δικαιοσύνη.

δικαίωσις: fut. ὠσω and ὠσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐδικαίωθη: (δικαίωσις):—to make right: to think right: to desire one to do. II. to judge: to condemn: to punish. III. to make just, bold, guiltless, justify.

Hence

δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, *an act of justice, the making good a wrong.* 2. *an acquittal, act of justification.* II. *a plea of right, just claim.*

δικαίως, Adv. of δικαίος, *justly, rightly.*

δικαιοσύνη, εως, ἡ, *a setting right, doing justice to: punishment.* II. *a claim, demand of right.* III. *judgment, good pleasure.*

δικάν, contr. for δικάσειν, fut. inf. of δικάζω.

δικανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δική) *belonging to trials, judicial.* II. *skilled in law, lawyer-like.*

δικάρηνος, ον, (δῖς, κάρηνον) *two-beaded.*

δικασ-πόλος, ὄ, (δική, πόλεω) *a law-giver, judge.*

δικαστηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of δικαστήριον, *a little court of justice.*

δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) *a court of justice.*

δικαστής, οῦ, ὄ, (δικάζω) *a judge or juror.*

δικαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δικάζω) *of or for law or trials: τὸ δικαστικόν* the juror's fee, at first one obol, afterwards three obols. Adv. —κῶς.

ΔΙΚΕΙΝ, inf. of ἐδικον, an aor. with no pres. in use, to throw, hurl.

δι-κέλλα, ης, ἡ, (δῖς, κέλλω) *a maittock or pickaxe with two teeth, Lat. bidens: cp. μάκελλα.*

δι-κέρατος, ον, (δῖς, κεραία) *two-horned, two-pointed.*

δι-κέρας, gen. ατος or α, ὄ, ἡ, neut. δίκερων (δῖς, κέρας) *two-horned.*

ΔΙΚΗ, ἡ, *right; the orig. sense was custom, usage, manner; ἡ γὰρ δική ἐστὶ γερῶντων* for this is the manner of old men; acc. δικήν as Adv., in the way of, after the manner of. II. *order, law, right.* III. in plur. judgments: generally, *a sentence.*

IV. *an action at law, law-suit: properly, a private suit or action, opp. to γραφή* (a public prosecution). 2. *a trial.* 3. *the satisfaction or penalty awarded by the judge; δίκην* or δίκας δίδουσι to give satisfaction or suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare; δίκας λαμβάνειν, = Lat. sumere poenas, to inflict punishment; δίκην φεύγειν to be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην δώκειν to prosecute.

δικη-φόρος, ον, (δική, φέρω) *bringing justice, avenging: as Subst., δικηφόρος, ὄ, an avenger.*

δικίδιον, τό, Dim. of δική, *a little trial.*

δικλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (δῖς, κλίω) *double-folding, of doors: as Subst., δικλίδες, αἱ, folding-doors.*

δικο-λέκτης, ον, ὄ, (δική, λέγω) *a pleader.*

δικο-λόγος, ὄ, = δικολέκτης.

δικορ-ράφέω, (δική, ράπτω) *to get up a law-suit.*

δι-κόρυφος, ον, (δῖς, κορυφή) *two-beaded.*

δι-κράνος, ον, (δῖς, κρᾶνον) *two-beaded, two-pointed, as Subst., δικράνος, α, a pitchfork.*

δι-κράτης, ἐς, (δῖς, κράτος) *colleague in power, jointly-ruling: double-slaying.*

δι-κροτος, ον, (δῖς, κροτέω) *double-beating: double-oared, with two banks of oars on a side.*

δικτυβόλεω, f. ἴσω, to cast the net. From

δικτυ-βόλος, ον, (δίκτυον, βάλλω) *casting nets: as Subst., δικτυβόλος, ὄ, a fisherman.*

δίκτυες, οἱ, unknown animals of Libya.

Δίκτυα or Δίκτυνα, ἡ, (δίκτυον) *epith. of Artemis the goddess of the chase.*

δικτυό-κλωστος, ον, (δίκτυον, κλώθω) *woven in meshes; σπείρειν δικτυόκλωστοι* the net's mesby folds.

ΔΙΚΤΥΟΝ, τό, any net-work, a fishing-net: a hunting-net. Hence

δικτυομαι, Pass. to be caught in a net.

δικωπέω, f. ἴσω, to ply a pair of sculls: generally, to work double-banded; and

δικωπία, ἡ, a pair of sculls. From

δι-κωπος, ον, (δῖς, κώπη) *two-oared.*

διλογέω, f. ἴσω, (δὶλόγος) *to say again, repeat.* Hence

διλογία, ἡ, *repetition.* From

δι-λόγος, ον, (δῖς, λέγω) *saying twice, repeating.*

II. *double-tongued, deceitful.*

δι-λόγος, ον, (δῖς, λόγῃ) *with two spears: double-pointed, twofold.*

δι-λόφος, ον, (δῖς, λόφος) *with two crests.*

δι-μναῖος, α, ον, Att. δι-μνέως, αν, (δῖς, μνᾶ) *of or worth two minae; διμναῖος ἀποτιμήσασθαι* to value at two minae.

διμοῖρια, ἡ, *a double share: double pay.* From

δι-μοῖρος, ον, (δῖς, μοῖρα) *divided between two; as Subst., δίμοιρον, τό, a half-drachma.*

δίνεον, Ep. impf. of δίνω.

δίνεμα, ατος, τό, anything whirled round: a whirling, dancing. From

δίνεω, f. ἐώω, aor. I ἐδίνεσα; and δινέω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἐδίνησα: Ion. impf. δινεύσκον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδινήθη, pf. δεδίνημαι: (δίνη):—to make whirl or spin round: to drive round a circle.

II. intr. and Pass. to whirl about in the dance: generally, to roam about. ΔΙΝΗ, ἡ, a whirling: a whirlpool, eddy: a whirlwind. Hence

δινήεις, εσσα, εν, whirling, eddying. II. rounded.

δινήθηαι, aor. I pass. inf. of δινέω.

δινήτης, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δινέω, whirled round.

ΔΙΝΟΣ, ὄ, like δίνη, a whirl, eddy. 2. also the circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a threshing-floor. 3. a large round goblet.

δίνωω, f. ὠσω, to turn with a lathe, to round.

δίνω, (δῖνος) to thresh out.

διωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (διώω) turned on the lathe, rounded: worked round.

διξός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for δισός, double.

Διο- or διο- in compos. means sprung from Jove (Δίς, Διός) or from the gods, hence excellent, god-like.

δι-ὄ, Conjunct. contr. for δι' ὅ, wherefore, on which account: therefore: with enclit. added, διόπερ, Lat. propter quod, propterea.

Διο-βόλος, ὄν, (Δίς, βάλλω) hurled by Jove.

Διο-γενέτωρ, ὀρος, ὄ, (Δίς, γενέτωρ) giving birth to Jove.

Διο-γενής, ἐς, (Δίς, *γένω) Jove-born.

Διό-γητος, ὄν, contr. for Διογένητος, = Διογενής.

Διό-γονος, ὄν, = Διογενής.

δι-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel through.

δι-οδοπορέω, (διά, ὄδοπος) to travel through.

δι-οδος, ἡ, (διά, ὄδος) a way through, thoroughfare, passage: the orbit of a star. 2. permission to pass, a pass-port, safe-conduct.

Διόθεν, (Δίς) Adv. sent from Jove.

δι-οίγγυμι or δι-οίγω, f. -οίξω, to open.

δι-οίδα, pf. of διείδον, to know the difference, distinguish, decide.

δι-οικέω, f. ἦσω: impf. διαίκουν: aor. I διαίκησα: pf. διαίκηκα:—Pass., aor. I διαίκηθη: pf. διαίκημαι, but also irreg. δεδιέκημαι:—to manage, direct: to conduct the affairs of a state: to treat or feed in a certain way. II. to inhabit distinct places:—

Med. to live apart. Hence

διοικήσις, εως, ἡ, house-keeping: management, government. II. a government: a province, a diocese.

δι-οικίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make to live apart, to disperse:—Pass. to be scattered abroad.

δι-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build across, wall off.

διοιστέον, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) one must move round.

δι-οῦστεύω, f. σω, to shoot an arrow through.

διοίσω and διοίσομαι, fut. of διαφέρω.

διοίτο, 3 sing opt. med. of διά.

δι-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, to go through: to wander about.

δι-οίχομαι: f. -οιχόσομαι: pf. -οίχημι: Dep.:—to be quite gone by: of persons, to be clean gone, to have perished. II. to be gone through, ended.

διοικαχῆ, ἡ, (δι-όκαχα pf. of δι-έχω) a cessation.

δι-ολισθαίνω and -άνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip through, slip away from.

δι-όλλυμι: fut. -ολέσω, Att. -ολῶ: (for the tenses, v. ὄλλυμι):—to destroy utterly, bring to naught: to put out of mind: hence to forget, opp. to σώζω. II.

Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωλα: to perish utterly.

δι-όλου, for διά, ὄλου, Adv., altogether.

δι-ομαλίζω, f. σω, to be always even-minded.

Διομει-αλαξών, ὄνος, ὄ, (Διομεία, ἀλαξών) the brag-gart of the deme Diomeia.

δι-ομνύμι, fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I med. -ομοσάμην:—to swear solemnly: to declare on oath.

δι-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, to make an agreement: Pass. to be agreed on: Med. to agree mutually to a thing.

διον, acc. of διός: but διόν Ep. for ξδιον, impf. ὄφ διω.

Διόνυσια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the feast of Διόνυσος or Bacchus, esp. at Athens: four distinct feasts in four consecutive months: viz.

I. τὰ κατ' ἀγρούς or μικρά, in Poseideon (December).

II. τὰ ἐν Λίμναις or Λήναια (in the Λίμναι, where the Λήναιον stood), in Gamellion (January).

III. τὰ Ἀνθε-στήρια, in Antheisterion (February).

IV. τὰ μεγάλα, τὰ ἀστικά, τὰ κατ' ἄστν, or simply τὰ Διόνυσια, in Elaphebolion (March), the most famous of all. Hence

Διονυσιακός, ἡ, ὄν, belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionysos.

Διόνυσος, ὄ, and poet. Διώνυσος, Dionysos, Bacchus, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παῖδος, ὄ, (Δίς, παῖς) son of Jove.

δι-όπερ, v. sub διο-.

Διό-πετής, ἐς, = Διῦπετής.

διοπετώ, to be in charge of a ship's cargo. From Δίσιπος, ὄ, (διέπω) a director, ruler: a person in charge of a ship's cargo.

δι-οπτέω, f. σω, (διά, ὄψομαι) to watch accurately, spy about: to gaze upon.

δι-οπήτηρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (διόψομαι) a spy, scout.

δι-όπητης, ὄν, ὄ, (διόψομαι) a looker through.

δι-οράω, fut. διόψομαι, to see through, discern.

δι-όργυον, ὄν, (δῖς, ὄργυιά) two fathoms long.

δι-ορθέω, f. σω, to judge rightly of.

δι-ορθόω, f. ὦσω, to make straight: to set right: to make good, amend, correct, make amends for: to tell aright:—so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, a making straight, correction: amendment: and

διόρθωσις, εως, ἡ, a making straight, correcting, amending of a fault: reformation.

δι-ορίζω, Ion. -ουρίζω: f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ:—to divide by limits, separate. 2. to distinguish, determine, define: to ordain. II. to carry abroad, banish, Lat. ex-terminare.

III. intr. to pass the boundaries.

δι-ὀρνύμαι, Pass. to hurry through.

διορῦγγα, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορύσσω.

διόρυγμα, ατος, τό, a through-cut, a canal. From διορύσσω, Att. -πτω: f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. ὀρύσσω): to dig through: metaph. to undermine.

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance a match with one.

Δίος, δία, διον, (Δίς) godlike, excellent, mighty: joined with a genit., δια θεῶν, δια γυναικῶν, with sup. force, most divine of goddesses, of women. 2. noble, bonest, trusty. 3. divine, marvellous.

Δίος, gen. of Ζεὺς: v. *Δίς.

Διόσ-δοτος, ὄν, (Δίς, δίδωμι) given by Jove, beaven-sent.

Διό-σημία, ἡ, (Δίς, σημία) a sign from Jove, Lat. ostentum: a portent.

Διός-κοροι, οί, Att. and poet. for Διόσκοροι: (Δίς, κόρος, κούρος): sons of Jove, esp. the twins of Leda,

Castor and Pollux. II. the constellation named from them *the Twins*, Lat. *Gemini*. The Dioscouri were tutelary deities of sailors, cf. Hor. Carm. I, 3, 2. Hence

Διοσκούρειον, τό, the temple of the *Dioscouri*.
 δι-ότι, Conjunct. for *διὰ τοῦτο ἔτι* . . . for the reason that, since, Lat. *quocirca, quamobrem*. 2. indirect, *wherefore, for what reason*. 3. interrogat. *wherefore?*

II. = *ἔτι, ibat.*

διο-τρεφής, ἐς, (Δίς, τρέφω) *cherished by Jove*.
 διο-ουρίζω, Ion. for διορίζω.
 διο-οχλέω, f. ἦσω, to annoy exceedingly.
 διο-ὀψομαι, fut. of διοράω, formed from *διόπτομαι.
 δι-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, παῖς) *with two children*;
 θρῆνος δίπαις a dirge ebanted by one's two children.
 δι-πάλαιστος, ον, (δῖς, παλαιστή) *two palms broad*.
 δι-παλτος, ον, (δῖς, πάλω) *brandished with both hands*; δίπαλα ξίφη *two-handed swords*.
 δι-πηχυσ, υ, (δῖς, πήχυς) *two cubits long, broad, etc.*
 διπλάζω, (διπλάσιον) *to double*:—Pass. *to be doubled, to be made twofold*. II. intr., τὸ διπλάζον κακὸν *the twofold evil*. Hence

δίπλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, a double-folded mantle or cloak. 2. δίπλακες are ship-planks (which double one over the other), and poet. for ships, like Lat. *trabes*. II. as Adj., *folded double*.

διπλασιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to double*. From διπλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. διπλήσιος, ἡ, ον, (δῖς) *double, twice as much, as many, etc.*: τὸ διπλάσιον *as much again*. Adv. -ως, *doubly*. Hence

διπλάσιώω, *to double*:—Pass. *to become twofold*.
 δι-πλήθροσ, ον, (δῖς, πλήθρον) *two πλήθρα long or broad*.

διπλή (sub. χλαῖνα), ἡ, a cloak folded double.

διπλή, Adv. *twice, twice over*.

διπλοῖζω, = διπλάζω.

διπλοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, a double cloak. Hence

διπλόσ, ὄη, ὄον, contr. διπλοῦσ, ἡ, οἴν, twofold, double. 2. *doubled, bent double*. II. in plur., = ἄμφω or δύο, both, two. III. metaph. *double-minded, treacherous*, Lat. *duplex*, opp. to ἀπλοῦσ. (From δισ-; see ἀπλοῦσ.)

διπλόσ, ἡ, ὄν, = διπλόσ: neut. Comp. διπλότερον as Adv. *twice as much*.

διπλώω, f. ὄσω, (διπλόσ) *to double, bend double*. II. *to repay twofold*.

δι-πόδησ, ἐσ, (δῖς, ποῦσ) *two feet long, broad, etc.*

Δι-πόλεια, τά, contr. of Διῖπόλεια, (Δίς, πόλισ) an ancient festival of Jove at Athens. Hence

Διπολι-ώδησ, ἐσ, (Διπόλεια, εἶδοσ) *like the feast of the Dipoleia*, i. e. obsolete, out of date.

δι-πολοσ, ον, (δῖς, πολέω) *twice ploughed*.

δι-ποροσ, ον, (δῖς, πόροσ) *with two passages*.

δι-πόταμοσ, ον, (δῖς, ποταμόσ) *lying between or on two rivers*.

δι-πουσ, ποδοσ, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, ποῖσ) *two-footed*, Lat. *bipes*:—as Subst., δίπουσ, ὁ, a Libyan kind of mouse, the jerboa. II. *two feet long, broad, etc.*

δι-πρόσωποσ, ον, (δῖς, πρόσωπον) *two-faced*.

δι-πτερυγοσ, ον, (δῖς, πτερυγ) *two-winged*.

δι-πτύχοσ, ον, (δῖς, πτυχή) *folded together, doubled; διπτυχοσ δελτίον, a pair of tablets*. II. = δισ-

σός, twofold, two, Lat. *geminus*.

δι-πύλοσ, ον, (δῖς, πύλη) *with two gates or entrances*.

δι-πύροσ, ον, (δῖς, πῦρ) *with double lights*.

διρ-ρύμοσ, ον, (δῖς, ῥῦμόσ) *with two poles*.

δῖσ, (δύο) Adv. *twice, double*.

-δῖσ, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion to a place, as in ἄλλυδισ, οἰκάδισ, χαμάδισ.

*Δῖς, an old nom., = Ζεύσ, which appears in the oblique cases Διόσ, Δίτ contr. Δί, Δία, and the Lat. *Dis, Diespiter, Dijovis*.

δισ-ἄβοσ, ον, Dor. for δισ-ἠβοσ, *twice young*.

δισ-ενοσ, ον, (δῖσ, εἰνή) *with two wives*.

δισ-θάνῃσ, ἐσ, (δῖσ, θανείν) *twice dead*.

δισκέω, f. σα, = δισκέω.

δισκέω, f. ἦσω, (δῖσकोσ) *to pitch the quoit*: generally, *to throw, toss*. Hence

δῖσκημα, ατοσ, τό, a thing thrown. II. *the pitching of a quoit*.

δι-σκηπτροσ, ον, (δῖσ, σκηπτρον) *two-sceptred*.

δῖσकोσ, ὁ, (δικείν) a round plate, a quoit of stone; later of metal or wood. II. *anything like a quoit*: a trencher: a mirror.

δῖσκο-ουρα, τά, (δῖσकोσ, οἶτρον) *a quoit's cast*.

δισ-μύριοι, α, α, twenty thousand: sing. δισμύριοσ, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἵπποσ δισμυρία 20,000 horse.

δισσ-άρχησ, ον, ὁ, (δισσός, ἀρχω) *partners in sway, joint-ruling*.

δισσός Att. διπτόσ Ion. διξός, ἡ, ὄν: (δῖσ) *two-fold, double*: also *divided, disagreeing, doubtful*.

δισσός, Adv. of δισσός, *doubly*.

διστώω, f. ἄσω, (δῖσ) *to doubt, be at a loss*.

δι-στίχοσ, ον, (δῖσ, στίξ) *of two rows, lines, or verses*: as Subst., διστίχοσ, τό, an elegiac couplet.

δι-στολοσ, ον, (δῖσ, στέλλω) *in pairs, two together*.

δι-στομοσ, ον, (δῖσ, στόμα) *double-mouthed, with two entrances, double*. II. of a weapon, *two-edged*.

δι-συλλάβοσ, ον, (δῖσ, συλλαβή) *of two syllables*.

δισ-χιλίωι [χι], α, α, two thousand: also in sing., δισχίλιοσ, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἵπποσ δισχιλία 2000 horse.

δι-τάλαντοσ, ον, (δῖσ, τάλαντον) *worth or weighing two talents*.

δι-τόκοσ, ον, (δῖσ, τεκεῖν) *twin or twice bearing*.

διττός, etc., v. sub δισσ-.

δι-υγροσ, ον, *thoroughly wet*: *melting*.

δι-ύλιω, (διά, ὑλη) *to strain or filter thoroughly*: *to strain off*.

δι-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to wake from sleep*: so also in Med.

διφάσιοσ, α, ον, twofold, double, Lat. *bifarius*: in Ion. used also for δύο.

ΔΙΦΑΪΩ, Ion. -έω, *to dive after*: *seek after, hunt for*. Hence

διήτηρ, ορος, ὁ, a searcher after.
 διφέρα, ἡ, (δέφω) a prepared hide, leather, and so
 opp. to δέρπει which are unworked hides. II.
 anything made of leather: a leathern garment worn
 by peasants: a leathern wallet. Hence
 διφερίτιος, η, ον, of tanned leather.
 δι-φθερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = διφθέρα.
 δι-φθογγος, ον, (δῖς, φθέγγομαι) with two sounds: as
 Subst., διφθογγος, ἡ, and διφθογγον, τό, a diphthong.
 δι-φόρος, ον, (δῖς, φέρω) bearing fruit twice in the
 year, Lat. *biferus*.
 δίφραξ, ἄκος, ἡ, ποῖτ. for δίφρος, a seat, chair.
 δίφρεα, ἡ, (διφρεύω) chariot-driving.
 διφρ-ελάτειρα, ἡ, fem. of διφρηλάτης.
 διφρευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a charioteer. From
 διφρῆσω, f. σω, (δίφρος) to drive a chariot.
 διφρηλάσις, ἡ, chariot-driving. From
 διφρηλάτης, ον, ὁ, (δίφρος, ἐλαύνω) a charioteer.
 δίφριος, ον, (δίφρος) of a chariot: neut. pl. δίφρια as
 Adv., at the chariot-wheels.
 δίφρισκος, ὁ, Dim. of δίφρος.
 δί-φροντις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, φροντίς) of two minds,
 distraught in mind.
 δίφρος, ὁ, and later ἡ, (contr. of διφύρος, bearing
 two), in plur. οἱ δίφροι or τὰ δίφρα:—the chariot-
 board, on which two could stand; the war-chariot: a
 travelling-chariot. II. generally, a seat, couch, stool.
 διφρ-ουλκῆω, f. ἦσω, (δίφρος, ἔλκω) to draw a
 chariot.
 διφροφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry a chair or litter:—
 Pass. to be carried or travel in one. II. to carry
 a camp-stool, as the female μέτοικοι had to do for the
 Athenian women in processions. From
 διφρο-φόρος, ον, (δίφρος, φέρω) carrying a chair.
 δι-φύτης, ἐς, (δῖς, φύη) of double nature or form: ge-
 nerally, twofold, double.
 δι-φυος, ον, (δῖς, φύη) of two families.
 δίχα, (δῖς) I. Adv. in two, asunder, apart. 2.
 at two, at variance: differently, oppositely. II.
 Prep. with gen. apart from, without: differently from,
 unlike: like ἄνευ, against the will of: of Place, away
 from. 2. except. Hence
 διχάζω, f. ἄσω, to cleave asunder, disunite, make to
 disagree.
 δι-χαλκον, τό, a double χαλκοῦς, a copper coin.
 δι-χᾶλος, Dor. for δι-χηλος.
 διχη, Adv., = δίχα, in two: in two ways.
 δι-χηλος, ον, (δῖς, χηλή) cloven-boofed. II.
 as Subst., διχηλον, τό, a forceps, pincers.
 διχηρης, ἐς, (δίχα) divided.
 διχθά, Adv., ποῖτ. for δίχα, like τριχθά for τρίχα,
 in twain. Hence
 διχθάδιος, α, ον, double, divided. [ᾶ]
 διχθάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of διχθάδιος.
 διχθ-βουλος, ον, (δίχα, βουλή) adverse.
 διχο-γνημονέω, (δίχα, γνήμη) to differ in opinion.
 διχόθεν, (δίχα) Adv. on cr from both sides.

δι-χολίνικος, ον, (δῖς, χολίνε) holding 2 χολίνικες, i. e.
 nearly 3 pints.
 δι-χόλωτος, ον, (δῖς, χολόμαι) doubly enraged.
 διχο-μηνς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, = διχόμηνος.
 διχο-μηνος, ον, (δίχα, μῆν) in the middle of the
 month, at or of the full moon.
 διχο-μῦθος, ον, (δίχα, μῦθος) double-speaking.
 διχορ-ράγης, ἐς, (δίχα, ραγήναι) broken in twain.
 διχορ-ροπος, ον, (δίχα, ῥέπω) wavering. Adv. —πως,
 doubtfully.
 διχοστασία, ἡ, a standing apart, quarrel, dispute:
 dissension. II. doubt. From
 διχο-στατέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, στήναι) to stand apart,
 disagree.
 διχο-στομος, ον, (δίχα, στόμα) = δίστομος.
 διχο-τομέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, τέμνω) to cut in two, cut
 asunder.
 διχοῦ, Adv., = δίχα.
 διχο-φρον, ον, gen. ονος, (δίχα, φρήν) apart in mind,
 at variance, discordant, disagreeing.
 διχῶς, Adv., like δίχα, doubly, in two ways.
 ΔΙΨΑ, ἡς, ἡ, thirst. Hence
 διψᾶλέος, α, ον, thirsty, dry; and
 διψάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of διψίος.
 διψᾶω, ἴς, ἦ, inf. διψῆν: impf. ἐδίψην, ἡς, η: fut.
 διψήσω: aor. I ἐδίψησα: pf. δεδίψηκα:—to thirst: of
 the ground, to be dry, parched. II. metaph. to
 thirst after, long earnestly for.
 διψίος, α, ον, (δίψα) thirsty, athirst, dry, parched.
 διψίος, εος, τό, = δίψα, thirst.
 δι-ψύχος, ον, (δῖς, ψυχή) double-minded, wavering.
 ΔΙΨΩ, an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to run
 away, take to flight, flee: to be afraid. II. in
 Med., subj. διώμα, δίγται, δῖωνται, opt. δίοιτο, inf.
 διεσθαι, mostly trans., to frighten away, chase, put to
 flight: to drive: to hunt: but 2. also, like δῖω,
 to be afraid. [ῥ]
 διωγμα, atos, τό, (διώκω) a pursuit, pursuing,
 chase. II. that which is chased, 'the chase.'
 διωγγός, ὁ, (διώκω) the chase. II. persecution,
 harassing.
 δι-ώδυστος, ον, (δῖα, ὀδύνη) piercing with anguish.
 δι-ώθew, fut. -ώθῃσω and -ώσω: (for the tenses, v.
 ὀθέω):—to push or tear away: Med. to push asunder
 for oneself, break through. 2. to thrust away:—
 Med. to push from oneself, push away: to repulse,
 drive back. 3. to reject: to refuse.
 διωκᾶσθην, ποῖτ. aor. 2 inf. of διώκω.
 διωκέμεν, διωκέμεναι, for διώκειν, inf. of διώκω.
 διώκηκα, διώκημαι, pf. act. and pass. of διουκέω.
 διώκησα, διώκησθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διουκέω.
 διώκτης, α, ον, verb. Adj. of διώκω, to be pursued,
 aimed at.
 διωκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and διώκτης, ον, ὁ, a pursuer.
 From
 διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. I ἐδιώξα: ποῖτ. aor. 2
 ἐδιώκᾶσθην:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιώχθην: pf. δεδιώγημαι:
 (διώ): I. to pursue, chase, hunt: 2. of persons, to

seek after, follow closely:—Med. to chase. II. to drive on drive away, chase away: to expel, to banish: διώκειν ἄρμα to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive; also to speed, baste. III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; ὁ διώκων the prosecutor, plaintiff, opp. to ὁ φεύγων the defendant.

δι-ωλένιος, ον, (διά, ἄλένη) with outstretched arms.

διώλεσα, aor. I of διόλλυμι.

διωμοσάμην, aor. I med. of διόμνυμι.

δι-ώμοτος, ον, (διόμνυμι) on one's oath, bound by oath.

Διώνη, ἡ, Dioné, mother of Venus (Jove being the father).

δι-ώνυμος, ον, (δῖς, ὄνυμα = ὄνομα) with two names: named together.

διωι-κέλευθος, ον, (διώκω, κέλευθος) urging on the way.

διώξ-ιππος, ον, (διώκω, ἵππος) horse-driving.

διώξις, εως, ἡ, (διώκω) a chasing: chase, pursuit. 2. as law-term, prosecution.

διώρισα, aor. I of διορίζω:—διώρισμα, pf. pass.

διώρυγμα, pf. pass. διορίζω.

δι-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of διέργυιος.

διώρυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (διερίζω) dug or cut through: διώρυξ (sub. γῆ) ἡ, a trench, canal; κρυπτή διώρυξ a covered passage.

διώσα, aor. I of διωθέω.

δηθηθείς, aor. I p. ss. part. of δαμάω: δηθηθῆτω, 3 sing. imperat., may be prevailed upon.

δηψις, εως, ἡ, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in.

δηψιτετρα, ἡ, a tamer, subduer; fem. of sq.

δημητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δαμάω) a tamer, breaker.

δμῶς, dual nom. of δμῶς.

δμῶή, ἡ, (δαμάω) a female slave taken in war: generally, any female slave, Lat. ancilla.

δμῶσιος, α, ον, (δμῶς) in servile condition.

δμῶις, ἴδος, ἡ, = δμῶή.

δμῶς, ὠός, ὁ, (δαμάω) a slave taken in war: hence any slave.

δνοπαλίξω, f. ξω, to swing or fling about.

δνοφέρως, α, ον, dark, dusky, murky. From

ΔΝΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, = κνέφας, darkness, dusk, gloom.

δοάσσοτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I in impers. sense, = Att. ἔδοξε, it seemed: δοάσσεται, Ep. for -ηται, 3 sing. subj. = δόξη.

δόγμα, ατος, τό, (δοκέω) that which one thinks true, an opinion. 2. a resolution, decree. Hence

δογματίζω, f. law Att. ἰω, to lay down a decree:—Pass. to submit to ordinances.

δοθήσεται, fut. pass. of δίδωμι.

ΔΟΘΗΝ, ἦρος, ὁ, a small abscess, boil.

δοιάξω, f. άσω, (δοιοί) to consider two ways, hesitate between:—Med. to doubt, to imagine.

δοιδουκόπιός, ὁ, (δοιδυξ, ποιέω) a pestle-maker.

ΔΟΙΓΔΥΞ, ὄκος, ὁ, a pestle.

δοιή, ἡ, doubt, perplexity. From

δοίην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δοιοί, α, = δύο, two, both: δοιά, Adv. in two ways.

δοιά, = δοιοί, of which it is the dual, = δύο.

δοκεύω, f. εύσω, (δέχομαι) to watch closely, to lie in wait for.

ΔΟΚΕΩ; but many tenses are formed from pres. *δόκω: fut. δοκήσω and δόξω: aor. I ἔδολησα and ἔδόξα: pf. δεδόκηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἔδοκῆθην: pf. δεδόκημαι and δέδογμα: I. to think, suppose, expect, imagine.

II. intr. to seem, appear: esp. in 3 sing. δοκεῖ, ἔδοξε, it seems good, seemed good: as Att. law-term, ἔδοξε τῇ βουλῇ, τῷ ἔμφω, was decreed or enacted by...: but also in 1 pers., δοκῶ μοι, I seem to myself, methinks, Lat. videor mihi; ἔδοξά μοι μετῶχθαι. 2. to appear to be something, to be of repute; οἱ δοκοῦντες ε.ναί τι men who are held to be of some account. 3. aor. I neut. part. δόξαν, used absol., and plpf. δεδογμένον, it having been resolved, Lat. quum statutum esset; so δοκῶν, it being resolved, Lat. quum statueretur.

δόκη, ἡ, = δοχή, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy.

δόκημα, τό, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion, expectation.

δόκησις, εως, ἡ, (δοκέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit, fancy, suspicion. II. good report, credit.

δοκησι-σοφός, ον, (δόκησις, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit.

δοκιμάζω, f. άσω: aor. I ἔδοκίμασα:—Pass., aor. I ἔδοκιμάσθην: pf. δεδοκίμασα: (δόκιμος):—to assay metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove, to examine. II. to approve, sanction: to bold as good, pure, after trial. Hence

δοκιμάσια, ἡ, an assay, proving, examination.

δοκιμαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δοκιμάζω) an assayer, examiner.

δοκιμή, ἡ, a proof, examination: approved character, Lat. probitas: and

δοκίμων, τό, proof, trial. From δόκιμος, ον, (δέχομαι) tried, assayed, genuine: of persons, approved, esteemed, Lat. probus, probatus: of things, worthy, excellent; also notable, considerable. Adv. -μως, really, truly.

δοκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of δοκίς, a stick.

ΔΟΚΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden beam or bar: a shaft.

δοκῶ, ὄος contr. οὔς, ἡ, = δόκησις, an opinion.

δολερός, α, ὄν, (δόλος) deceitful, treacherous.

δολιό-μητις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόλος, μήτις) crafty-purposing.

δολιό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δύλιος, ποίς) of stealthy foot.

δόλιος, α, ον, and os, ον, (δύλος) crafty, deceitful, treacherous, wily.

δολιό-φρων, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ονος, (δύλιος, φρήν) crafty of mind, wily.

δολιχ-αυλός, ον, (δολιχός, αὐλός) with long tube or socket.

δολιχ-αύχην, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (δολιχός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

δολιχ-ερχής, ἔς, (δολιχός, ἔρχος) with tall spear.

δολιχ-ἕρητος, ον, (δολιχός, ἕρητός) of a ship, long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δολιῶ, f. ὄσω, (δόλιος) to deal treacherously.

δολιχο-γράφια, ἡ, (δόλιχος, γράφω) prolix writing.

ΔΟΛΙΧΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, long : of Time, long, wearisome. II. as Subst., δολιχός, ὁ, the long course, in racing, opp. to the course of the στάδιον.

δολιχό-σκίος, ὄν, (δολιχός, σκιά) casting a long shadow; or δολιχό-σκίος, (δολιχός, ὄσχος) with long shaft.

δόλεις, εσσα, εν, (δόλος) subtle, wily. II. of things, craftily contrived, artful.

δολο-μήτης, ες, gen. εος, (δόλος, μήθος) wily, crafty. δολο-μήτης, ὄν, δ, and δολο-μήτης, ι, gen. ιος, (δόλος, μήτης) crafty-minded, wily.

δολο-μήχανος, ὄν, (δόλος, μηχανή) contriving wiles. δολο-μύθος, ὄν, (δόλος, μῦθος) false-speaking.

δολοποικία, ἡ, subtlety, craft. From δολο-ποικός, ὄν, (δόλος, πλέκω) weaving wiles.

δολοποιός, ὄν, (δόλος, ποιῶ) treacherous. δολοραφία, ἡ, artful contrivance, subtlety. From

δολόρ-ραφος, ὄν, (δόλος, ράπτω) contriving wiles. δόλος, ὁ, (from ΔΕΛ-, the Root of δέλεα) properly a bait for fish; then a piece of deceit, any cunning contrivance : craft, cunning, treachery, Lat. dolus.

δολο-φόνος, ὄν, (δόλος, *φένω) slaying by treachery. δολο-φραδής, ἐς, (δόλος, φράζω) wily-minded.

δολοφρονέον, ουσα, ὄν, (δολόφρων) craft-devising. δολοφροσύνη, ἡ, subtlety, wiliness. From

δολό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (δόλος, φρήν) = δολοφραδής, crafty-minded.

δολώ, f. ὄσω, (δόλος) to beguile, ensnare. II. to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise. Hence

δόλωμα, ατος, τό, a trick, deceit. δόλων, ανος, ὁ, (δόλος) a small sail. II. a dagger.

δολ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (δόλος, ὤψ) artful-looking. δόλωσις, εως, ἡ, (δολώ) a tricking, ensnaring.

δόμα, ατος, τό, (δίδομαι) a gift. δομαῖος, α, ὄν, (δέμω) of or for building.

δόμεναι, δόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δίδομαι. δόμενδε, Adv. home, homeward; ὄνδε δόμενδε to his own house. From

δόμος, ὁ, (δέμω) Lat. domus, a house; also the household. II. a part of the house, chamber, room. III. anything that is built up; διὰ τριήκοντα δόμων πλίνθου at every thirtieth layer of bricks.

δομο-σφάλης, ἐς, (δόμος, σφάλω) ruining the house.

δονακέομαι, Dep. (δόναξ) to catch birds with reed and birdlime.

δονακέος, εως, ὁ, (δόναξ) a thicket of reeds. δονακίτις, ἰδος, fem. Adj. (δόναξ) of reed.

δονακο-γλύφος, ὄν, (δόναξ, γλύφω) reed-cutting. δονακέος, εσσα, εν, (δόναξ) abounding in reeds; δόλος δονακέος a reed covered with birdlime.

δονακο-πρόφος, ὄν, (δόναξ, πρέφω) reed-producing. δονακό-χλοος, ὄν, contr. -χλους, ὄν, (δόναξ, χλόα) green with reeds.

δόναξ ἰον. δούναξ Dor. δῶναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a reed, Lat. calamus, arundo. II. anything made of reed: a dart, arrow. 2. a flute, shepherd's pipe. 3. a

fishing-rod or limed reed (see δονακέος). 4. the bridge of the lyre. From

ΔΟΝΕ΄Ω, f. ἤσω, to sbake, stir : to excite, agitate : drive about :—Pass., ἡ Ἀσίη ἐδονέετο Asia was in commotion. Hence

δόνημα, ατος, τό, agitation, waving motion; and δονητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. shaken.

δόντες, nom. pl. of δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι. δόξᾶ, ἡ, (δοκέω) a notion, opinion, Lat. visum : expectation. 2. a sentiment, judgment : esp. a philosophic opinion, Lat. placitum. 3. mere opinion, as opp. to knowledge. 4. a fancy, vision. II. the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat. existimatio : good report, credit, honour. 2. glory, splendour. Hence

δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to hold an opinion, think, believe, judge. II. to glorify, extol. Hence

δοξασμα, ατος, τό, an opinion : a fancy. δοξοκοπία, ἡ, love of popularity. From

δοξο-κόπος, ὄν, (δόξα, κόπτω) seeking popularity. δοξο-μάνης, ἐς, (δόξα, μάνημι) mad after glory. Hence

δοξομανία, ἡ, mad love of glory. δοξο-ματταύσοφος, ὁ, (δόξα, ματαύς, σοφός) a would-be philosopher.

δοξο-σόφος, ὄν, (δόξα, σόφος) wise in one's own conceits.

δοξώ, f. ὄσω, to give one the character of being so and so : Pass. to have such a character.

δόξω, fut. of δοκέω : δόξαι, aor. I inf. δορά, ἡ, (δέρω) a skin, hide.

δόρατα, nom. pl., δόρατι, dat. sing., of δόρυ. δοράτιον, τό, Dim. of δόρυ, a small spear, dart.

δορατο-πάχης, ἐς, (δόρυ, πάχος) of a spear-shaft's thickness.

δοράτος, gen. of δόρυ. δορήτιος, α, ὄν, (δόρυ) wooden.

δορι-άλωτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, ἄλωναί) captive of the spear, taken in war. [ᾶ]

δορι-γαμβρός, ὄν, (δόρυ, γαμέω) wooed by battle. δορι-θήρατος, ὄν, (δόρυ, θηράω) taken by the spear.

δορι-κνήτης, ἐς, (δόρυ, κανεῖν) slain by the spear. δορι-κμήτης, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόρυ, κάμω) slain by the spear.

δορι-κράνος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κράνον) spear-headed. δορι-κτητός, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτάομαι) won by the spear.

δορι-κτύπος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτυπέω) spear-clashing. δορι-ληπτός, ὄν, (δόρυ, λαμβάνω) won by the spear.

δορι-μάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, μανῆναι) raging with the spear. δορι-μαργος, ὄν, (δόρυ, μάργος) raging with the spear.

δορι-μήστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόρυ, μῆστωρ) master of the spear.

δορι-παλτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πάλλω) wielding the spear; χεῖρ δορύπαλτος, i. e. the right hand.

δορι-πετής, ἐς, (δόρυ, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) fallen by the spear.

δορι-πληκτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πλήσσω) stricken by the spear.

δορί-πῶνος, *ον*, (δῆρυ, πῶνος) *toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.*

δορι-σθενής, *ἑς*, *v. sub* δουρσθενής.

δορι-στέφανος, *ον*, (δῆρυ, στέφανος) *crowned for bravery in war.*

δορι-τίνακτος, *ον*, (δῆρυ, τινάσσω) *shaken by battle.*

δορι-τμητος, *ον*, (δῆρυ, τέμνω) *pierced by the spear.*

δορι-τόλμος, *ον*, (δῆρυ, τόλμα) *bold in war.*

δορκᾶλῖς, *ἴδος*, *ἡ*, = δορκάς.

δορκάς, *ἄδος*, *ἡ*, (δέδορα) *an antelope, gazelle, so called from its large bright eyes.*

δορός, *ὄ*, (δέρω) *a leather bag or wallet.*

δορπέω, *ἑ*, ἤσω, (δῆρπον) *to take supper.* Hence

δῶρπηστος, *ὕ*, *supper-time, evening.*

Δορπία, *ἡ*, (δῆρπον) *the first day of the feast Apaturia; τῆς ἡμέρας τῆς δορπίας on the eve of the feast.*

ΔΟΡΠΙΟΝ, *τό*, *the evening meal, Lat. coena, the chief meal of the day, dinner or supper.*

ΔΟΡΥΎ, *τό*: *gen.* δῶρατος, *Ep. δούρατος* δουρός, *in Att. poets* also δουρός: *dat.* δῆρατι, *Ion. δούρατι*

δουρί, *in Att. poets* also δῆρει or δορί.—*Ion. dual* δούρε.—*Plur. nom.* δάρατα, *Ep. δούρατα* δούρα, *in Att. Poets* also δῆρη; *gen.* δῆραν, *Ep. δούραν*: *dat.* δῶρασι, *Ep. δούρασι* δούρεσσι. *The stem of a tree, but only*

when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like Lat. trabs, a ship. II. *the wood or shaft of a spear; hence the spear itself: a hunting-*

spear: since the spear was held in the right hand, ἐπὶ δῆρυ meant to the right hand, opp. to ἐπ' ἀσπίδα to the left.

δορυ-άλωτος, *false reading for* δοριάλωτος.

δορυ-θαροσής, *ἑς*, (δῆρυ θαρσέω) *daring in war.*

δορυ-ξενός, *ὄ*, ἡ, (δῆρυ, ξένος) *a friend at the spear, an ally in war: or a friend made in war.*

δορυ-ξόος, *ον*, *contr.* -ξοῦς, *ὄν*, (δῆρυ, ξέω) *spear-polishing: as Subst., δορυξόος, ὄ*, *a maker of spears; also* δορυξός, *ὄ*.

δορυ-πᾶγής, *ἑς*, (δῆρυ, παγῆται) *built of beams.*

δορυ-παλτος, -πέτης, -πληκτος, *v. δορίπῶ-*

δορυ-σθενής or δορι-σθενής, *ἑς*, (δῆρυ, σθένος) *mighty with the spear.*

δορυ-σόςης, *ητος, ὄ*, *masc. Adj., =* δορύσσοος, *warlike.*

δορυ-σῶος, *ον*, *contr.* δορυ-σοῦς, *ὄν*, *poet. also*

δορυ-σόςος, (δῆρυ, σείω) *brandishing the spear.*

δορυ-στέφανος, δορυ-τίνακτος, *v. δορίπῶ-*

δορυφορέω, *ἑ*, ἤσω, (δορυφόρος) *to attend as a body-guard: to keep guard over.* Hence

δορυφορήμα, *ματος, τό*, *a body-guard; and*

δορυφορία, *ἡ*, *a keeping guard over.*

δορυφορικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (δορυφορία) *of or for the guard; τὸ δορυφορικόν the guard.*

δορυ-φόρος, *ον*, (δῆρυ, φέρω) *spear-bearing, Lat. bastatus; οἱ δορυφόροι the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.*

δός, *aor. 2 imperat. of* δίδωμι.

δοσιδικος, *ον*, *false reading for* δωσιδικος.

δόςις, *εως, ἡ*, (δίδωμι) *a giving.* II. *a gift, present: a bequest.* III. *a portion: a dose.*

δόσκον, *Ep. aor. 2 of* δίδωμι.

δότειρα, *ἡ*, *fem. of* δοτήρ.

δοτέος, *α, on, verb. Adj. of* δίδωμι, *to be given.* II.

δοτέον, *one must give.*

δοτήρ, *ἦρος, ὄ*, (δίδωμι) *a giver, dispenser.*

δοτήης, *ον, ὄ*, = δοτήρ.

δουλ-ἄγωγέω, *ἑ*, ἤσω, (δούλος, ἄγω) *to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγείν τὸ σῶμα to mortify the body.*

δουλάριον, *τό*, *Dim. of* δούλος.

δουλεία *Ion. δουλητή, ἡ*, (δουλέω) *servitude, slavery, bondage.* II. *the body of slaves, the bond-*

men, servile class.

δουλείος, *α, on, or os, on*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile.*

δούλευμα, *ατος, τό*, (δουλέω) *a service.* II.

a slave, Lat. mancipium.

δουλεύω, *ἑ*, *σω*, (δούλος) *to be a slave; generally, c. dat., to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve, obey, Lat. inseruire alicui.*

δουλή, *ἡ*, *fem. of* δούλος.

δουλητή, *Ion. of* δουλεία.

δουλία, *ἡ*, *poët. for* δουλεία.

δουλικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, = δούλιος. *Adv.* -κῶς, *like a slave.*

δούλιος, *α, on*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile; δούλιον ἤμαρ the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life.*

δουλιχό-δέριος, *Ion. for* δολιχόδεριος, (δολιχός, δέριη) *long-necked.*

δουλιχόεις, *εσσα, εν*, *Ion. for* δολιχόεις, *poët. for* δολιχός.

δουλο-πρεπής, *ἑς*, (δούλος, πρέπω) *befitting a slave: low-minded, mean.*

ΔΟΥΛΟΣ, *ὄ*, *a slave, bondman, properly a born slave, opp. to* ἀνδράποδον *(a slave taken in war).* II.

as Adj., *δούλος, η, on*, *slavish, enslaved, subject; Comp.* δουλότερος, *more of a slave.*

δουλοσύνη, *ἡ*, (δούλος) *slavery, slavish work.*

δουλόσυνος, *ον*, (δούλος) *enslaved.*

δουλότερος, *α, on*, *Comp. of* δούλος.

δουλόω, *ἑ*, ὤσω, (δούλος) *to make a slave of, enslave:—Med. to subject to oneself.* Hence

δουλωσις, *εως, ἡ*, *enslaving, subjugation.*

δούνα, *aor. 2 inf. of* δίδωμι.

δούναξ, *δουνακόεις, Ion. for* δούναξ, *δουνακόεις.*

δουπέω, *ἑ*, ἤσω: *Ep. aor. I* δούπησα: *pf.* δέδουπα: (δούπος):—*to sound heavily, of the heavy fall of a corpse: generally, to fall in battle.*

δουπήτωρ, *ορος, ὄ*, (δουπέω) *a clatterer.*

ΔΟΥΤ ΠΟΣ, *ὄ*, *any dead, heavy sound; δούπος ἀκίντων the hurling of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the hum of a multitude; the din of war; the roar of the sea.*

δούρατα, *syncop. δούρα, τά*, *Ep. plur. of* δῆρυ.

δουράτεος, *α, on*, *of planks or beams.*

δουράτιον, *Ion. for* δοράτιον, *a dart.*

δούρειος, *α, on*, = δούρατος.

δούρεσσι, *Ep. dat. pl. of* δῆρυ.

δουρ-ηγεκές, (δῆρυ, ἐνεγείν) *Adv. a spear's throw off or distant.*

δουρι-άλωτος, *ον*, Ion. for δουριάλωτος.
 δουρι-κλειτός, *όν*, Ion. for δουρι-κλειτός, (δύρου, κλει-
 τός) *famed for the spear*.
 δουρι-κλυτός, *ή, έν*, Ion. for δουρι-κλυτός, (δύρου,
 κλυτός) *famed for the spear*.
 δουρι-κτητός, δουρι-λήπτος, δουρι-μανής, Ion.
 for δουρι-.
 δούριος, = δούριος.
 δουρι-πληκτος, *ον*, Ion. for δουριπληκτος.
 δουρι-τύπητος, *ές*, (δύρου, τύπη) *wood-cutting*.
 δουρο-δόκη, *ή*, (δύρου, δοχή) *a stand for spears*.
 δουρο-θήκη, *ή*, (δύρου, θήκη) *a case for spears*.
 δουρο-μάνης, *ές*, Ion. for δουριμανής.
 δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι.
 δοχείον, Ion. δοχίον, τό, (δέχομαι) *a bolder*.
 δοχή, *ή*, (δέχομαι) *reception, entertainment*. II.
a receptacle.
 δοχμή, *ή*, a measure of length, a *span*.
 δόχμος, *α, ον*, (δοχμός) *across, sideways, aslant*.
 δοχμόλοφος, *ον*, (δοχμός, λόφος) *wearing one's*
plume aslant, with nodding plume.
 ΔΟΧΜΟΣ, *ή, έν*, *slanting, sideways*. Hence
 δοχόμομα, aor. I εδοχμώθη, Pass. *to turn sideways*
or aslant.
 δράγμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράσσομαι) *as much as one can*
grasp, a handful, truss, sheaf, Lat. manipulus.
 δραγματι-φόρος, *ον*, (δράγμα, φέρω) *carrying*
sheaves.
 δραγμαεύω, *φ. σω*, *to collect the corn into sheaves*.
 δραγματός, *ός*, (δράσσομαι) *a taking bold of, bandling*.
 δραθίνω, aor. 2 inf. of δαρθάνω.
 δραθί, *φαινον*, aor. 2 imperat. and opt. of διδράσκω.
 δραίνω, *φ. δρᾶνῶ*, (δράω) *to be going to do*.
 δράκαινα, *ης, ή*, fem. of δράκων, a *she-dragon*.
 δρᾶκείν, aor. 2 inf. act. of δέρομαι.
 δρᾶκίηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of δέρομαι.
 δρᾶκόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δέρομαι.
 δράκον, Ion. for ἐδράκον, aor. 2 of δέρομαι.
 δρακόντειος, *α, ον*, (δράκων) *of a dragon*.
 δρακοντ-ολέτης, *ου, ό*, (δράκων, ὄλλυμι) *serpent-*
slayer.
 δρακοντό-μαλλος, *ον*, (δράκων, μάλλος) *with snaky*
locks.
 δρακοντ-ώδης, *ες*, (δράκων, εἶδος) *snake-like*.
 δρᾶκών, aor. 2 part. act. of δέρομαι.
 δράκων, *οντος, ό*, (δρακείν) *a dragon: later a serpent*.
 δράμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράω) *a deed, act, acting: a busi-*
ness, duty. 2. *an action represented on the stage,*
a drama.
 δρᾶμεν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέχω.
 δράμημα, *ατος, τό*, (δραμεῖν) *a course, a race*.
 δρᾶμοῦμαι, δρᾶμών, fut. and aor. 2 part. of τρέχω.
 δρᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of διδράσκω.
 δρᾶξ, δρᾶξός, = δράγμα.
 δρᾶπευω, *φ. σω*, *to run away, flee*. From
 δρᾶπέτης, *ου*, Ion. δρηπέτης, *εω, ό*, (δρᾶναι) *a run-*
away: esp. a runaway slave. II. as Adj., δρα-
 πέτης κλῆρος *a fugitive lot, i. e. a mouldering clod,*

which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of
the urn.

δραπέτιδης, *ου, ό*, = δραπέτης.
 δρᾶπέτις, *ιδος, ή*, fem. of δραπέτης.
 δρᾶπετίσκος, *ός*, Dim. of δραπέτης.
 δράς, δράσα, aor. 2 part. of δράω.
 δράσείω, Desiderat. of δράω, *to have a mind to do,*
to be going to do.
 δρασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of δράω.
 δράσίμιος, *ον*, (δράω) *active; τὸ δράσιμον action*.
 δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, *ός*, (εἶρᾶναι) *a running away,*
flight.

δράσσομαι, fut. of διδράσκω. [α]
 ΔΡΑΨΣΟΜΑΙ Att. δράττομαι: fut. δράξομαι:
 aor. I ἐδραψάμην: pf. δέδραγμα Att. δέδαγμα:
 Dep.:—*to grasp with the hand, grasp a handful of:*
to lay hold of:—c. acc. rei, to take by handful.
 δραστός, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of δράω, *to be done*. II.
 δραστέον, *one must do*.
 δραστήριος, *ον*, *vigorous, active, efficacious*.
 δράστης, *ου, ό*, (δράω) *a worker: servant*.
 δραστικός, *ή, έν*, (δράω) *active*.
 δρᾶτός, *ή, έν*, metaph. for δαρτός, verb. Adj. of δέρω,
skinned, flayed.

δραχμή, *ή*, (δράσσομαι) *a drachma, a coin worth 6*
obols, i. e. 93d, nearly = Roman denarius. II. an
 Attic weight, = about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly as
 much as one can hold in the hand, cf. δράγμα.)

ΔΡΑΨΑ, *φ. δράσω* [α]: aor. I ἐδρᾶσα: pf. δέδρακα:
 —Pass., aor. I ἐδράσθην: pf. δέδραμα:—*to do, be*
doing, accomplish:—c. dupl. acc., εὖ or κακῶς εἶρᾶν
τινα, to do one good or ill.

δρεπάνη, *ή*, (δρέπω) *a sickle, reaping-book, scythe*. [α]
 δρεπάνη-φόρος, *ον*, (δρεπάνη, φέρω) *bearing a scythe;*
ἄρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scythe-armed car.
 δρεπάνο-εἶδής, *ές*, (δρέπανον, εἶδος) *sickle-shaped*.
 δρεπᾶνον, τό, (δρέπω) = δρεπάνη, *a sickle: a curved*
scimitar.

δρεπᾶν-ουργός, *ός*, (δρέπανον, *εργω) *a sword-maker*.
 εἶρᾶτω, poet. for δρέπω, *to pluck, cull*.
 ΔΡΕΠΩ, *φ. ψω*: aor. I ἐδρεφα: aor. 2 ἐδρᾶπον:
 —Med., Dor. fut. δρεψέυμαι: aor. I ἐδρεψάμην:—
 Pass., aor. I ἐδρέφθην:—*to break off, pluck: Med.*
to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess,
enjoy.

δρηπέτης, *εω, ό*, Ion. for δραπέτης.
 δρημοσύνη, *ή*, = δρητοσύνη.
 δρηστήρ, ἦρος, *ός*, (διδράσκω) Ion. for δραστήρ, *a*
run-away.

δρηστήρ, ἦρος, *ός*, Ion. for δραστήρ, (δράω) *a la-*
bourer, worker: fem. δρηστέρα.
 δρηστής, *ου, ό*, Ion. for δραστής.
 δρητοσύνη, *ή*, Ion. for δραστοσύνη, (δράω) *service*.
 δριμύλος, *ον*, Dim. of δριμύς, *sharp, piercing*. [υ]
 ΔΡΙΜΥΤΣ, *εία, έν*, *piercing, stinging, biting, pun-*
gent. II. metaph. like Lat. acer, *sharp, keen,*
bitter: sbrewd. Adv. —έως. Hence
 δριμύτης, *τητος, ή*, *sharpness, pungency: sbrewdness*.

ΔΡΥΪΟΣ, τό, plur. δρία, τά, (as if from δριον) *copse-wood, thicket, brushwood.*

ΔΡΟΪΤΗ, ἡ, a *batting tub, a bath.*

δρομαίος, α, ον, or ος, ον, (δρόμος) *running at full speed, swift, fleet.*

δρομάς, ἄδος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) *running, whirling.*

δρομεύς, ἔως, (δραμεῖν) *a runner.*

δρόμημα, ατος, τό, = δράμημα.

δρόμος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) *a course, race, running: flight: a fleeing, escape; ἡμέρης δρόμος a day's running, i. e. the distance one can go in a day.*

2. *the length of the stadium, a course; ἕξω δρόμω φέρεσθαι to be carried out of the course.*

II. *a place for running, race-course: a public walk.*

δροσερός, ἄ, ὄν, (δρόσος) *dewy, watery.*

δροσίξω, f. ἴω, (δρόσος) *to bedew, besprinkle.*

δροσινός, ὁ, ὄν, (δρόσος) = δροσερός.

δροσάεις, εσσα, εν, ποët. for δροσερός.

ΔΡΟΣΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. ROS, dew: also *the time of dew, dew-fall.*

2. *pure water: tears.*

3. *metaph. anything tender, the young of animals.*

δροσῶ, to bedew: pf. pass. part. δεδροσωμένος, dewy.

δροσώδης, ες, (δρόσος, εἶδος) *dew-like, dewy.*

Δρυάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δρῦς) *a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree.*

δρύϊνος [Γ], η, ον, (δρῦς) *oaken; δρύϊνον πῦρ a fire of oak-wood; μέλι δρύϊνον honey from a hollow oak.*

δρυ-κολάπτης, ου, ὁ, = δρυ-κολάπτης.

δρυῖός, ὁ, pl. δρυῖοί and δρυῖά: (δρῦς) *an oak-coppice, a coppice, wood.* [ῦ, except in neut. pl.]

δρυῖον, ἄνωος, ἡ, (δρῦς) *an oak-coppice.*

δρυο-γόνος, ον, (δρῦς, *γένω) *oak-grown.*

δρυο-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (δρῦς, κοίτη) *couching on the oak, epith. of the τέττιξ.*

δρυο-κολάπτης, ου, ὁ, (δρῦς, κολάπτω) *the great woodpecker, Lat. picus major.*

δρυο-παγίης, ἐς, (δρῦς, παγίη) *built of oak.*

δρυ-οχα, οί, or δρυ-οχα, τά, (δρῦς, ἕχω) *the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρυόχους τιθέναι δράματος to lay the keel of a new play.*

δρυόψ, οπος, ὁ, (δρῦς, ὄψ) *a kind of woodpecker.*

δρυ-πεπής, ἐς, (δρῦς, πέπτω) *ripened on the tree, quite ripe: over-ripe, decayed; or δρυ-πετής, ἐς, (δρῦς, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) ready to fall from the tree.*

ΔΡΥΪΠΙΑ, ἡ, *an over-ripe, mouldy olive.*

ΔΡΥΪΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἔδρυσα Ep. δρύφα:—Pass., aor. I ἔδρῦσθην: pf. δέδρυμαι:—to tear, scratch, wound; δρυπτεσθαι παρειάν to tear one's cheek; also absol.

ΔΡΥΪΣ, ἡ, gen. δρύος, acc. δρῦν: pl. nom. and acc. δρύες, δρύας, contr. δρῦς:—*the oak, sacred to Zeus.*

II. *any timber tree; πύρα δρῦς the resinous pine.*

III. *metaph. an old tree, i. e. withered old man.*

δρυ-τόμος, ον, (δρῦς, τεμεῖν) *fellling timber.*

δρυφάκτον, τό, and δρυφάκτος, ὁ, (δρῦς) *a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the courts of law or the council-chamber.*

δρυφάγειν, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δρύπτω.

δρύφα, Ep. aor. I of δρύπτω.

δρύφα, τά, (δρύπτω) *scrapping, parings.*

δρῶσιμ, Ep. for δρῶσιμ, lengthd. opt. of ἐρῶσιμ.

δῦ, Ep. for ἔδω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω.

δυνάκις, Adv. *twice, = δις.*

δυνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δύω) *the number two.*

δυνάω, (δύνη) *to plunge in misery.*

ΔΥΕΪν, later Att. for δυοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of δύω.

ΔΥΪΗ, ἡ, woe, misery, anguish: toil, pain: *hard usage.* [ῦ]

δύνη, (as if for δύνην), aor. 2 opt. of δῦμι.

δυνηπάθει, ἡ, *misery.* From

δυνη-πάθος, ον, (δύνη, παθεῖν) *suffering woe.*

δῦθι, aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύϊος, α, ον, (δύνη) *miserable.*

δύνεμαι, δῦμεν, Ep. for δύναμι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

δῦμι, assumed as a collat. form of δύω, δύνω.

δύναμι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

δύνα, Att. 2 sing. of δύναμι.

ΔΥΪΝΑΜΑΙ, in pres. and imperf. declined like

ἴσταμαι, 2 sing. δύνασαι, Att. δύνα, Ion. δύνη δύναει;

3 pl. δύναται Ep. δυνέσται; subj. δύναμαι, Ion. 2

sing. δύνηαι:—imperf. ἔδυνάμην, 2 sing. ἔδύνα, 3 pl.

ἔδύναντο Ion. ἔδυνάστο:—fut. δυνήσομαι: aor. I ἔδυν-

ήσασθην and ἔδυνήσθην (or ἔδυνάσθην Ep. δυνάσθην):

—pf. δεδύνημαι:—in Att. the double augment ἰδυνά-

μην, ἰδυνήσθην is often used: Dep.: I. *to be able,*

capable, strong enough to do, c. inf.: also c. acc.,

δύνασθαι ἅπαντα to be able to do all things, Lat. omnia

posse: absol., οἱ δυνάμενοι the powerful.

II. *to pass for, to be worth, Lat. valere; ὁ σίγλος δύναται*

ἕπτα ὀβόλους the shekel is worth seven obols: to

avail: to signify, denote.

δυνάμεις, ἡ: gen. εως Ion. ιος: Ion. dat. δύναμι:

(δύναμαι):—*strength, might, power, ability; κατά*

δύναμι to the best of one's power, Lat. pro virili;

παρά δύναμιν or ὑπὲρ δύναμιν beyond one's power.

2. *a force for war, forces, Lat. copiae.*

3. *a quantity, Lat. vis, e. g. χρημάτων.*

4. *the force of a word, etc., meaning, Lat. vis.*

5. *a faculty, power: hence a faculty, art, as Logic.*

6. *worth, value, as of money.*

δυνάμω, f. ὦσω, (δύναμις) *to strengthen.*

δυνάσθην, Ep. aor. I of δύναμι.

δυνάσις, εως, ἡ, ποët. for δύναμις.

δύναστέλα, ἡ, *power, lordship, sovereignty.*

II. *an oligarchy.* From

δύναστέω, f. σω, *to hold power or lordship, be*

powerful: to be high in rank. From

δυνάστης, ου, ὁ, (δύναμι) *a lord, master, ruler; οἱ*

δυνάσται the chief men, Lat. optimates.

δυνάστωρ, οπος, ὁ, = δυνάστης.

δυνάτew, f. ἡσω, (δυνατός) *to be powerful.*

δυνάτης, ου, ὁ, ποët. for δυνάστης.

δυνατός, ἡ, ὄν, (δύναμαι) *strong, mighty: powerful, able.* II. of things, *possible.*

δυνατῶς, Adv. of δυνατός, *strongly, powerfully; δυνατῶς ἔχει* it is *possible.*

δύνη, Ep. for ἐδύνη, 3 sing. impf. of δύνω.

δύνει, δύνῃ, Ion. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

δυνέται, Ion. 3 pl. of δύναμαι.

δύνῃαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of δύναμαι.

δυνήσομαι, fut. of δύναμαι.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύνω.

δύνω, see δύω.

ΔΥΨΟ, Ep. δύω: gen. and dat. δυοῖν, in later Att. *δυεῖν*: plur. only in Ion. and late Att., gen. *δυῶν*, dat. *δυσί* Ion. *δυοῖς*: sometimes indecl., e. g. *τῶν δύο μοιράων*:—Lat. *DUO*, our *TWO*; *σὺν δύο* *two together*, by *twos*; *εἰς δύο* *two and two.*

δυο-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, *twelve*, Lat. *duo-decim.*

δυοκαίδεκά-μηνος, δυοκαίδεκάς, δυοκαίδεκάτος, see *δωδεκά-μηνος*, *δωδεκάς*, etc.

δύωσιν, Ep. for *δυσῶσιν*, 3 pl. of δύνω.

δύρομαι, poet. for *ὀδύρομαι*.

δυσ-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to εὖ, like our *un-* or *mis-* in *un-lucky*, *mis-chance*, always with a notion of *bad, ill*, etc., destroying a word's good sense or increasing its bad sense.

δύς, *δύσα*, *δύν*, aor. 2 part. of δύω.

δυσ-αγκόμιστος, δυσ-άγκριτος, poet. for *δυσ-ανακ-*.

δύσ-αγος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άγνος*) *uncaste, impure.*

δυσ-αγρέω, *φ. ήσω*, to *have bad luck in fishing.*

δυσ-άδελφος, *ον*, *unhappy in one's brothers.*

δυσ-ἄης, *ές*, (δυσ-, *άημι*) *ill-blowing, stormy, adverse*; *δυσάηων* Ep. gen. pl. for *δυσάων*.

δυσ-άθλιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, most *miserable.*

δυσ-αιδής, *ές*, most *direful, most horrible.*

δυσ-αίθριος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *αίθρα*) *not clear, murky.*

δυσ-αίων, *αυος, ό, ή*, *miserable in life, most miserable.*

δυσ-αλγής, *ές*, (δυσ-, *άλγος*) *very painful.*

δυσ-άληγτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άλγέω*) *unfeeling, hard-hearted.*

δυσ-άλιος, *ον*, Dor. for *δυσ ήλιος*. [α]

δυσ-άλωτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άλῶναι*) *hard to catch or conquer; δυσάλωτος κακῶν* *hard to be reached by ills.*

δυσ-ἀνάβητος, *ον*, by poet. syncop. for *δυσ-ανάβατος*.

δυσ-άμμορος, *ον*, most *miserable.*

δυσ-ανάβητος, *ον*, *hard to mount.*

δυσ-ανακόμιστος, syncop. *δυσ-αγκόμιστος, ον*, (δυσ-, *ανακομίζω*) *hard to bring back or recall.*

δυσ-ανάκριτος, syncop. *δυσ-άγκριτος, ον*, (δυσ-, *ανακρίνω*) *hard to distinguish or examine.*

δυσ-ανασχετέω, *φ. ήσω*, (δυσ-, *άνασχετός*) to *bear ill, to be unable to bear.*

δυσ-ανάτρεπτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άνατρέπω*) *hard to overbrow.*

δυσ-άνεκτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άπέχω*) *hard to bear.*

δυσ-άνεμος, *ον*, Dor. for *δυσ-ήνεμος*.

δυσ-αντίβλεπτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *αντιβλέπω*) *hard to look in the face.*

δύσαντο, for *ἐδύσ-*, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of δύω.

δυσ-άνωρ, *ορος, ό, ή*, (δυσ-, *άνηρ*) *with a bad husband.* [α]

δυσ-άπαλλακτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άπαλλάσσω*) *hard to get rid of.*

δυσ-άπιστος, *ον*, *very disobedient.*

δυσ-απόκριτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άποκρίνομαι*) *hard to answer.*

δυσ-απότρεπτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άποτρέπω*) *hard to turn away, stubborn, refractory.*

δυσ-άρεστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άρέσκω*) *ill to please, implacable: peevish, morose.*

δυσ-άριστο-τόκεα, *ή*, (δυσ-, *άριστος, τόκος*) *unhappy mother of the noblest son.*

δυσ-αρκτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *άρχω*) *hard to govern.*

δυσ-αυλία, *ή*, *ill or hard lodging.* From

δυσ-αυλος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *αυλή*) *ill for lodging.*

δυσ-αυλος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *αυλός*) *ill-suited for the flute.*

δυσ-άχης, *ές*, Dor. for *δυσηχής*.

δυσ-άχης, *ές*, (δυσ-, *άχος*) *sorely painful.*

δυσ-βάστακτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *βαστάζω*) *grievous to be borne.*

δυσ-βάτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *βαίνω*) *hard to pass, impassable; τὸ δύσβατον* *difficult ground.* 2. *trodden painfully.*

δυσ-βάϊκτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *βαῖζω*) *full of wailing.*

δυσ-βίωτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *βίωτος*) *making life wretched.*

δυσβουλία, *ή*, *ill counsel, folly.* From

δυσ-βουλος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *βουλή*) *ill-advised.*

δύσ-βωλος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *βῶλος*) *of ill soil, unfruitful.*

δύσ-γάμος, *ον*, *ill-wedded.*

δυσ-γάργαλις, *ι*, (δυσ-, *γαργαλίζω*) *ticklish, skittish.*

δυσγένεια, *ή*, *low, mean birth.* From

δυσ-γενής, *ές*, (δυσ-, *γένος*) *low-born: low-minded.*

δύσ-γνοιά, *ή*, (δυσ-, *γνῶναι*) *ignorance, perplexity.*

δυσ-γνωσία, *ή*, *difficulty of knowing.* From

δυσ-γνωστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *γνῶναι*) *hard to know or recognise.*

δυσδαιμονία, *ή*, *misery: wretchedness.* From

δυσ-δαίμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (δυσ-, *δαίμων*) *ill-fated.*

δυσ-δάκρυτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *δακρύω*) *much wept.* II. *much weeping.*

δύσ-δάμαρ, *αρτος, ό, ή*, *ill-wedded.*

δυσ-διάθετος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *διατίθημι*) *hard to settle.*

δύσ-εδρος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *έδρα*) *bringing ill luck to one's abode.*

δυσ-ειδής, *ές*, (δυσ-, *είδος*) *unshapely, deformed.*

δυσ-είματος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *είμα*) *meanly clad.*

δυσ-είσβολος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *είσβάλλω*) *hard to enter or invade: Sup., -άτατος, ον*, most *inaccessible.*

δυσ-έκθύτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *έκθύω*) *hard to avert by sacrifice.*

δυσ-έκλύτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *έκλύω*) *hard to undo, inexecutable:—Adv. -ατος, indissolubly.*

δυσ-εκπέραιτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *έκπεράω*) *hard to pass from, hard to escape.*

δυσ-έκφυγτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, *έκφεύγω*) *hard to escape from.*

δυσ-ελένα, *ή*, *ill-starred Helen.*

δύσ-ελπις, ἴδος, δ, ἡ, *with ill hope, desponding.*
 δύσ-ἐπιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπίσι) *unbored for; ἐκ δύσεπιστων, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly.*
 δύσ-εμβάτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβαίνω) *hard to walk on, rugged; inaccessible.*
 δύσ-εμβάτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβάλλω) *hard to invade.*
 δύσ-εντερία, ἡ, and δυσεντέριον, τό, (δυσ-, ἐντερον) *a bowel complaint, dysentery.*
 δύσ-έντεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐντυγχάνω) *not affable.*
 δύσ-εξαπάτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξαπατάω) *hard to deceive.*
 δύσ-ἐξάπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξάπτω) *hard to unloose.*
 δύσ-εξέλεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελέγγω) *hard to refuse.*
 δύσ-εξέλικτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελλίσσω) *hard to unfold or explain.*
 δύσ-εξήνυστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξανύτω) *hard to make away with; indissoluble.*
 δύσσο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύνω.
 δύσ-επιβούλευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) *hard to plot against or attack secretly.*
 δύσ-έραστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐράω) *unfavourable to love.*
 δύσ-έρημος, ον, *very desolate.*
 δύσ-ερισ, ι, gen. ἴδος, (δυσ-, ἐρις) *most contentious, very quarrelsome, peevish.*
 δύσ-έριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρίζω) *caused by evil strife.*
 δύσ-ερμήνευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρμηνεύω) *hard to explain.*
 δύσ-ερωσ, οτος, δ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἐρωσ) *passionately loving, sick in love with, Lat. perdité amans.* II.
hardly loving, insensible to love.
 δύσσο, Ep. for δύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύνω.
 δύσ-ευήτωρ, ορος, δ, (δυσ-, εὐνή) *an ill bed-fellow.*
 δύσ-ερέτος, ον, (δυσ-, εὐρίσκω) *hard to find out; hard to get; hard to get through, impervious.*
 δύσ-ζηλος, ον, (δυσ-, ζηλος) *exceeding jealous.*
 δύσ-ζητήτος, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) *hard to seek out.*
 δύσ-ζως, ον, (δυσ-, ζῶη) *most wretched.*
 δύσ-ἡκεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) *hard to cure.*
 δύσ-ἡκοος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) *hard of bearing.*
 δύσ-ηλεγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, λέγω to lay asleep) *of death, stretching one on a bard bed; bard, painful, uneasy; of men, hard-hearted, unfeeling.*
 δύσ-ἡλιος, ον, *unlit by the sun, sunless, without the light of day.*
 δύσ-ημερία, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἡμέρα) *an unlucky day.*
 δύσ-ἡνεμος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄνεμος) *with ill winds, stormy.*
 δύσ-ηρις, ἴδος, δ, ἡ, *older form of δύσ-ερις, very quarrelsome, contentious.*
 δύσ-ηχής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἠχέω) *ill-sounding; hateful to hear of, hateful.*
 δύσ-θαλπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θάλπος) *hard to warm; chilly.*
 δύσθανάτω, f. ἡσω, *to die a lingering death.* From
 δύσ-θανάτος, ον, *dying hard, struggling with death.* II. act. *bringing a painful death.*
 δύσ-θάνης, ἐς, (δυσ-, θανείν) *having died a bard death.*
 δύσ-θεύτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεάομαι) *ill to look on.*
 δύσ-θεος, ον, *godless, ungodly.*

δυσ-θεράπευτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεράπευω) *hard to cure.*
 δύσ-θετός, f. ἡσω, (δυσ-, τίθημι) *to be in bad case; Med. to take a thing ill, Lat. aegré ferre.*
 δύσ-θνήσκω, = δύσθανάτω.
 δύσ-θρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) *most mournful.*
 δύσ-θροος, ον, (δυσ-, θρέω) *of barsb sound, grating.*
 δύσθυμία, = δύσθυμείω.
 δύσθυμέω, f. ἡσω, *to be down-bearded, despond; Med. to be melancholy, angry.* From
 δύσ-θυμός, ον, (δυσ-, θυμός) *down-bearded, dispirited, desponding, anxious.*
 δύσ-ίατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἰάομαι) *hard to heal or cure.*
 δύσι-θάλασσος, ον, (δύνω, θάλασσα) *dipped in the sea.*
 δύσι-ἵππος, ον, (δυσ-, ἵππος) *hard to ride in; τὰ δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.*
 δύσις, εως, ἡ, (δύνω) *a sinking or setting of the sun or stars; δύσις ἡλιον the west.*
 δύσ-κάθατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθαίρω) *hard to cleanse or expiate; hard to appease, inexorable.*
 δύσ-κάθεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, κατέχω) *hard to bold in.*
 δύσ-καπνος, ον, (δυσ-, καπνός) *very smoky.*
 δύσ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπαύω) *hard to check; restless.*
 δύσ-κατάπρακτος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) *hard to bring about, hard to effect.*
 δύσ-κατὰστάτος, ον, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) *hard to restore or reestablish.*
 δύσ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονέω) *by no means to be despised.*
 δύσ-κατέργαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάζομαι) = δύσκατάπρακτος.
 δύσκει, Ion. for ἔδω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω.
 δύσ-κέλαδος, ον, *sbrill-screaming, grating; barsb.*
 δύσ-κηδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, κηδος) *full of care, painful.*
 δύσ-κηλος, ον, (δυσ-, κηλέω) *past remedy.*
 δύσ-κελής, ἐς, acc. δυσκλεέα ποῦτ. δυσκλεῖά: (δυσ-, κλέος) *injurious; infamous, shameful.* Hence
 δύσκληια, ἡ, *ingloriousness, dishonour; an ill name.*
 δύσκληός, Adv. *of δυσκλεής, ingloriously.*
 δύσ-κληρος, ον, *unlucky.*
 δύσκλης, ποῦτ. *of δυσκλεής.*
 δύσκολαίω, f. ἀνώ, (δύσκολος) *to be peevish, discontented, annoyed.*
 δύσκολία, ἡ, (δύσκολος) *peevishness, discontent.*
 δύσ-κόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) *ill-cemented.*
 δύσκολο-καμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπτω) *hard to bend; δύσκολοκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in singing.*
 δύσκολο-κοίτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κοίτη) *making one's bed uneasy.*
 δύσ-κολος, ον, (δυσ-, κόλον) *hard to satisfy with food; hard to please, fretful, peevish, discontented.* II. *of things, harassing; unpleasant.*
 δύσ-κολπος, ον, *with ill-formed womb.*
 δυσκόλωσ, Adv. *of δύσκολος, peevishly; δυσκόλωσ ἔχειν to be peevish.*
 δυσκρασία, ἡ, *bad temperament.* From

δύσ-κράτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κέραννυμι) of bad tempera-
ment.

δύσ-κόμιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κομίω) hard to be borne.

δύσ-κρίτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κρίνω) hard to discern : hard
to determine, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully ; δυσ-
κρίτως ἔχειν to be in doubt.

δύσ-κύμαντος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) of or from the
stormy sea.

δυσκοφέω, *φ. ἴσω*, to be stone deaf. From

δύσ-κωφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κωφός) stone deaf.

δύσ-λεκτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λέγω) ill or hard to tell.

δυσ-λόγιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λογίζομαι) hard to reckon.

II. misdirected, misguided.

δύσ-λόφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λόφος) hard for the neck, hard
to bear. II. impatient : Adv. -φως, impatiently.

δύσ-λύτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λύω) hard to loose, indissoluble.

δυσμαθής, *φ. ἴδω*, to be slow at learning. From

δυσ-μαθής, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, μαθεῖν) hard to learn, diffi-
cult. II. act. slow at learning, dull :—Adv. -θως,

δυσμαθῶς ἔχειν to be slow of learning.

δυσ-μάχεω, *φ. ἴσω*, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) to fight in vain ;
to fight an unboly fight with. Hence

δυσμαχητέον, verb. Adj. one must struggle hard.

δύσ-μάχος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) hard to fight with,
unconquerable : generally, hard, difficult.

δυσμεναῖον, (δυσμενής) to bear ill-will.

δυσμενεία, *ἡ*, (δυσμενής) ill-will, enmity.

δυσμενέων, ill-affected, bearing ill-will, hostile : masc.

Adj. with particip. form. From

δυσ-μενής, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, μένος) ill-affected, bearing ill-
will, hostile ; δυσμενέες enemies.

δυσ-μεταχειρίστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μεταχειρίζω) hard
to take in hand or manage : hard to conquer.

δυσμή Dor. θυμή, *ἡ*, (δύω) = δύσις, a sinking,
setting, esp. of the sun ; mostly in pl., opp. to ἀνα-
τολαί.

δύσ-μηνις, *ι*, gen. *ιος*, savage, wrathful.

δυσ-μηνίτιος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μηνίω) visited by heavy
wrath.

δυσ-μήτηρ, *επος ἡ*, a cruel mother, not a true
mother.

δυσμηχανέω, *φ. ἴσω*, to be at loss. From

δυσ-μηχάνος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μηχανή) quite at a loss.

δύσ-μοιρος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μοίρα) = δύσμορος.

δυσμορία, *ἡ*, a hard fate. From

δύσ-μορος, *ον*, ill-fated, ill-starred.

δυσμορφία, *ἡ*, badness of form, ugliness. From

δύσ-μορφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μορφή) misshapen, ugly.

Δύσ-μουσος, *ον*, (δυσ-, Μούσα) not favoured by the
Muses, unmusical.

δύσ-νιπτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νίω) hard to wash out or off.

δύσ-νόητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νοέω) hard to be under-
stood.

δυσνοέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (δύσνοος) to be ill-affected.

δύσνοια, *ἡ*, (δύσνοος) dislike, ill-will.

δυσνομία, *ἡ*, lawlessness : a bad constitution, bad
code of laws. From

δύσ-νομος, *ον*, lawless, unrighteous.

δύσ-νοος, *ον*, contr. -νοος, *ον*, ill-disposed, ill-
affected, disaffected.

δύσ-νοστος, *ον*, not really a return.

δύσ-νύμφευτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) disagreeable
to marry.

δύσ-νυμφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νυμφή) ill-wedded.

δύσ-ξύμβολος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ξύμβολον) hard to deal
with.

δύσ-ξύνετος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ξυνήμι) hard to understand,
obscure, enigmatical.

δυσοδομία, *ἡ*, = δύσοσμία. From

δύσ-οδμος, *ον*, = δύσοσμος.

δύσοδο-παπάλος, *ον*, (δύσοδος, παπάλη) rugged
and steep.

δύσ-οδος, *ον*, hard to pass, scarce passable.

δύσ-οίω, to be sad, anxious : Med. to be afraid.

(From *δύς*, and *οἴ* alas !, as οἰμώω from οἶμοι.)

δύσ-οίκητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οἰκέω) bad to dwell in.

δύσ-οιμος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οἶμη) with a bad path.

δύσ-οιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οἶσω fut. of φέρω) hard to bear,
insufferable.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβρος, *ον*, tempestuous.

δύσ-ομίλος, *ον*, with an ill company, bringing evils
in one's train.

δύσ-όμματος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὄμμα) scarce-seeing.

δύσ-όρατος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὄρω) hard to see.

δύσ-όρηγτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὀργάω) = δύσοργος.

δύσ-οργος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οργή) quick to anger.

δύσ-ορμος, *ον*, with bad anchorage. II. act.

πνοαί δύσορμοι, gales that keep ships at anchor.

δύσ-ορμος, ἴθος, ὄ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ὄρνις) boding ill.

δύσ-όρφναιος, *α, ον*, (δυσ-, ὄρφη) dusky.

δυσοσμία, *ἡ*, an ill smell, rankness. From

δύσ-οσμος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ὀσμή) ill-smelling, stinking,
rank. II. bad for scent.

δύσ-ούριστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ούρίζω) driven on by a too
favourable wind, prospering unhapppily.

δυσπαθέω, *φ. ἴσω*, to suffer a bad fate, be in afflic-
tion. II. to be impatient, Lat. *aegré ferre*. From

δύσ-παθής, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, πάθος) impatient of suffer-
ing. II. hardly feeling, impassive.

δύσ-πάλαιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πάλαιω) hard to wrestle
with, hard to conquer.

δύσ-πάλλωμος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πάλωμη) hard to struggle
with. II. hardly helping oneself, helpless : Adv.

-μως.

δύσ-πάλης, *ἑς*, (δυσ-, πάλη) hard to wrestle with :
generally, hard, difficult.

δύσ-παράβλητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) incom-
parable.

δύσ-παράβουλος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παρά, βουλή) hard to
persuade, stubborn.

δύσ-παράθελκτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παραθέλω) hard to
soothe or assuage.

δύσ-παραίτητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παραιτέομαι) hard to
move by prayer, inexorable.

δύσ-πάρεινος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παρά, εἰνή) ill-mated.

δυσ-παρήγορος, ον, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) *hard to console or appease.*

δυσ-πάρθενος, ἡ, *an unhappy maiden.*

Δύσ-πάρης, ἰδος, ὁ, *ill-omened, ill-starred Paris*: cf. Αἰνόπαρις.

δυσ-πάρητος, ον, (δυσ-, πάρεμι to pass by) *hard to pass.*

δυσ-πειθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) *hardly obeying, self-willed, stubborn*: *ill-trained.*

δυσ-πεισιτος, ον, (δυσ-, πείθω) *hard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient.* Adv., *δυσπείσιτος* ἔχειν to be incredulous.

δυσ-πέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, πελάζω) *dangerous to come near.*

δύσ-πεμπετος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμπω) *hard to send away.*

δυσ-πέμφελος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμφιξ) of the sea, *rough and stormy*: metaph. *rude, discourteous.*

δυσ-πενθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πένθος) *bringing sore affliction, grievous.*

δυσ-πέραιτος, ον, (δυσ-, περάω) *hard to pass through.*

δυσ-πετής, ἐς, (δυσ-, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) *falling out ill, grievous, difficult.* Adv. *δυσπετώς*, Ion. -έως, *with difficulty.*

δυσ-πήμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, πημαίνω) *full of grievous evil.*

δυσ-πῆνης, ἐς, (δυσ-, πίνος) *squalid.*

δύσ-πλάνος, ον, (δυσ-, πλάνη) *wandering in misery.*

δυσ-πλοία, Ion. -πλοῖτη, ἡ, *difficulty of sailing.*

From

δύσ-πλοος, ον, (δυσ-, πλέω) *bad for sailing.*

δύσ-πλωτος, ον, = δύσπλοος.

δύσπνοια, ἡ, *difficulty of breathing.* From

δύσ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (δυσ-, πνέω) *scant of breath, breathless.* II. *unfit to breathe.* III.

πνοαὶ δύσπνοοι *contrary winds.*

δυσ-πολέμητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολεμέω) *hard to war with.*

δυσ-πόλεμος, ον, *unlucky in war.*

δυσ-πολιόρκτητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολιορκέω) *hard to take by siege.*

δυσ-πονής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πονέω) *toilsome.*

δυσ-πόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, πονέω) *hard-earned.* II. *bringing toil and trouble.*

δύσ-πονος, ον, *toilsome, wearisome.*

δυσ-πόρευτος, ον, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) *hard to pass.*

δυσπορία, ἡ, *difficulty of passing.* From

δύσ-πορος, ον, *hard to pass, scarce passable.*

δύσ-ποτμος, ον, *unlucky, ill-starred.* Adv. *δυσπότμος*, *miserably.*

δύσ-ποτος, ον, (δυσ-, πότον) *hard to drink, unpalatable.*

δυσ-πρωγέω, f. ἦσω, (δυσ-, πρῶγος) *to fare ill.*

δυσ-πραξία, ἡ, (δυσ-, πράσσω) *ill success, ill luck.*

δύσ-πράτος, ον, (δυσ-, πηράσσω) *hard to sell.*

δυσ-πρεπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πρέπω) *base, unseemly.*

δυσ-πρόσβάτος, ον, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) *hard to approach, scarce accessible.*

δυσ-πρόσιτος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσεμι to approach) *hard to approach, difficult of access.*

δυσ-πρόσθοδος, ον, *hard to get at.*

δυσ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσοίω fut. of προσφέρω) *hard to deal or bear with, morose.*

δυσ-πρόσποπος, ον, (δυσ-, προσύφομαι f. of προσοράω) *ill to look on*: of ill aspect.

δυσ-προσπέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσπελάζω) *hard to approach.*

δυσ-πρόσωπος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) of ill aspect.

δύσ-ρύγος, ον, (δυσ-, ρύγος) *unable to bear cold.*

δυσσέβεια, ἡ, *impiety*: a charge of impiety: and *δυσσεβέω*, f. ἦσω, *to be impious*: to act impiously.

From

δυσ-σεβής, ἐς, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) *ungodly, impious.*

δυσσεβία, ποῖτ. for *δυσσέβεια.*

δύσ-σοος, ον, (δυσ-, σώζω) *hard to save, ruined*, Lat. *perditus*: τὰ δύσσοα *the rogues.*

δύσ-τάλις, αἶνα, ἄν, *very wicked, most miserable.*

δύσ-τάνος, ον, Dor. for *δύστηνος.*

δυσ-τέκμαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) *hard to conjecture*: *dark and riddling.*

δυσ-τεκνος, ον, (δυσ-, τέκνον) *unhappy in one's children.*

δυσ-τερπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, τέρπω) *ill-pleasing, displeasing.*

δύστηνος, ον, *wretched, unhappy, unfortunate.* II. like Lat. *miser, wretched, profligate.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

δυσ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, τλήμων) *suffering evil, wretched.*

δύσ-τλητος, ον, (δυσ-, τλήναι) *hard to endure.*

δύσ-τοκεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (δυσ-, τοκεύς) *an unhappy parent.*

δυστοκέω, f. ἦσω, *to have a hard labour.* From

δύσ-τοκος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκείν) *bringing forth with pain.*

δυστομέω, f. ἦσω, *to speak evil of.* From

δύσ-στομος, ον, (δυσ-, στόμα) *evil-speaking.* II. of a horse, *hard-mouthed.*

δύ-στονος, ον, (δυσ-, στένω) *lamentable.*

δύσ-τόπιστος, ον, (δυσ-, τοπίζω) *hard to guess.*

δυσ-στόχαστος, ον, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) *hard to hit upon.*

δυσ-τράπεζος, ον, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) *fed on horrid food.*

δυσ-τράπελος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn*: *stubborn, unmanageable.* Adv. -ῶς, *awkwardly.*

δύσ-τροπος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn or direct*: *stubborn, wayward.*

δυστύχέω, f. ἦσω: pf. *δεδυστύχηκα*: (δυστυχής): —to be *unlucky, unhappy*: of things, *to fail.* Hence

δυστύχημα, ατος, τό, *a mischance, a failure.*

δυσ-τύχης, ἐς, (δυσ-, τύχη) *unlucky, unfortunate.* Adv. -χῶς. Hence

δυστύχια, ἡ, *ill luck, ill fortune.*

δύσ-ὑποιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ὑποίω fut. of ὑποφέρω) *hard to endure.*

δύσ-φάμος, Dor. for *δύσφημος.*

δύσ-φάτος, ον, (δυσ-, φημί) *hard to tell, unspeakable, horrible*, Lat. *infandus.*

δυσφημέω, f. ἦσω, (δύσφημος) *to speak evil words*:

esp. words of ill omen. II. trans. to speak ill of, blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ἡ, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δυσ-φημος, ον, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, bod- ing. II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φιλής, ἐς, (δυσ-, φιλέω) hateful.

δυσφορέω, f. ἦσω, (δύσφορος) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. *aegré ferre*: to be discontented. Hence

δυσφόρητος, ον, hard to bear.

δυσ-φόρμιγξ, ἰγγος; ὁ, ἦ, ill suited to the lyre, mourn- ful, melancholy.

δυσ-φορος, ον, (δυσ-, φέρω) hard to bear, oppress- ive, heavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., δυσφόρως ἔχειν to be intolerable. II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving with difficulty, slow of motion.

δυσφρόνως, Adv. of δύσφρων, foolishly.

δυσφροσύνη, ἡ, anxiety, care. From

δυσ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, φρήν) heavy in heart, sorrowful. II. ill-disposed, hostile. III. senseless.

δυσ-φύλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) hard to watch or keep. II. hard to keep off.

δυσ-χείμερος, ον, (δυσ-, χεῖμα) very wintry, stormy. δυσ-χείρωμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χεῖρώω) a thing hard to subdue, a hard conquest.

δυσ-χείρωτος, ον, (δυσ-, χειρώω) hard to subdue.

δυσχεράνω, fut. ἄνω, to bear with a bad grace, Lat. *aegré ferre*: to be discontented, displeased. II.

to make a thing hard, to make difficulties; ῥήματα δυσχεράναντα (aor. I part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχέρεια, ἡ, difficulty. II. annoyance, trouble. 2. of persons, peevishness, ill-temper, moroseness.

From

δυσ-χερής, ἐς, (δυσ-, χεῖρ) hard to manage. II. annoying, unpleasant, troublesome. 2. of persons, peevish, ill-tempered:—Adv., δυσχερῶς ἔχειν to be annoyed.

δυσχίμος, ον, (from δυσ-, as μελάγχιμος from μέ- λας) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλαῖνια, ἡ, scanty, shabby clothing. From

δυσ-χλαῖνος, ον, (δυσ-, χλαῖνα) shabbily clad.

δυσ-χορτος, ον, ill-supplied with food.

δυσ-χρηστος, ον, (δυσ-, χράομαι) hard to use, in- convenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρία, ἡ, (δυσ-, χώρος) difficult ground.

δυσ-ώδης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ὄζω) ill-smelling.

δυσ-ώδινος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀδίν) causing grievous pangs.

δυσανέω, f. ἦσω, to beat down the price, cheapen. From

δυσ-ᾠνης, ον, ὁ, (δυσ-, ἄνέομαι) one who buys with difficulty, a hard customer.

δυσ-ᾠνύμος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄνομα) bearing an ill name, bearing a name of ill omen, such as Aias.

δυσ-ώπιω, f. ἦσω, (δυσ-, ὤψ) to put a person out of countenance, to be importunate:—Pass. to be asbamed, shy, timid.

δυσ-ωρέομαι, f. ἦσομαι; Dep.: (δυσ-, ᾠρος):—to keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δυσ-ωρος, ον, (δυσ-, ᾠρα) unseasonable.

δύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of δῖω.

δύτης, ον, ὁ, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for δύο, two.

ΔΥ'Ω or δύνω: fut. δύσω [ῶ]; aor. I act. ἐδύσα:— Med., δύσομαι: impf. ἐδύομαι: fut. δύσομαι [ῶ]; aor. I ἐδύσαμαι, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ἐδύσεο, ἐδύσετο, imperat. δύσεο, part. δυσόμενος used in pres. sense: with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense, aor. 2 ἐδύν, us, v, dual ἐδύτην [ῶ], pl. ἐδύμεν, ἐδύτε, ἐδύσαν Ep. ἐδυν; imperat. δῖθι, δῖτε, subj. δῖω; opt. δῖην or δῖην; inf. δύναι, part. δῖς: pf. δέδυκα:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. I, δύσω, ἐδύσω, to put clothes on another. II. intr. in all other tenses of Act., and in Med. I. of clothes, to put them on oneself, put on; metaph., εἰ μὴ σὺ γε δύσαι ἀλκήν if thou wilt not put on strength. 2. of places, to enter, make one's way into; δύναι κίλιον θαλάσσης to sink into the lap of ocean: πόλεμον δύναι and δύσασθαι to plunge into the fight; μηχανήσθαι δύσασθαι to go in among the suitors. 3. to come over or upon; κά- ματος γυῖα δέδυκε weariness came upon his limbs; κρατερῆ ἐλύσσα δέδυκε madness came over him. 4. absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and stars.

δύω-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, poet. for δώδεκα.

δωδεκά-βολος, ον, (δῶδεκα, βούς) worth twelve beves.

δωδεκά-δρομος, ον, (δῶδεκα, δρᾶμῆν) running twelve courses.

δωδεκά-μήνος, ος, (δῶδεκα, μήν) twelve months old.

δωδεκά-μοιρος, ον, (δῶδεκα, μοῖρα) divided into twelve parts.

δωδεκαταῖος, ον, twelve days old.

δωδέκατος, ον, poet. for δωδέκατος.

δωκαιεκοσί-μετρον, ον, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, μέτρον) holding two-and-twenty measures.

δωκαιεκοσί-πηχυς, v, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, πῆχυς) twenty-two cubits long.

δῶ, τό, Ep. apocopate form for ἐῶμα, only in nom. and acc. Also as plur. for δάματα.

δῶ, δῶς, δῶ, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δῶ-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (δύω, δεκα) twelve, Lat. *duodecim*.

δωδεκά-γναμπος, ον, (δῶδεκα, γνάμπτω) bent twelve times; δωδεκάγναμpton τέρμα the post that has been doubled twelve times.

δωδεκάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (δῶδεκα, ἀρχω) a leader of twelve.

δωδεκά-δωρος, ον, (δῶδεκα, δᾶρον II) twelve palms long.

δωδεκ-ἄεθλος, ον, conqueror in twelve contests.

δωδεκα-ετής, ἐς, (δῶδεκα, ἔτος) of twelve years:— but, δωδεκαετής, ον, ὁ, twelve years old.

δωδεκαίως, Adv. (δῶδεκα) twelve times.

δωδεκά-κρουνος, ον, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίνος, ον, (δῶδεκα, λίνω) of twelve threads.

δωδεκά-μήνος, ον, (δῶδεκα, μήν) of twelve months.

δωδεκα-μήχανος, ον, (δώδεκα, μηχανή) *knowing twelve arts.*

δωδεκά-παις, -παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, *with twelve children.*

δωδεκά-πάλαι, Adv. *twelve times long ago, i.e. ever so long ago.*

δωδεκά-πηχυσ, υ, *twelve cubits long.*

δωδεκά-πολις, ι, gen. ιος, *formed of twelve united states.*

δωδεκ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, = δωδέκ-αρχος.

δωδεκάς, ἀδός, ἡ, (δώδεκα) *the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.*

δωδεκά-σκαλμος, ον, *twelve-oared.*

δωδεκά-σκύτος, ον, *made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.*

δωδεκαταῖος, α, ον, *on the twelfth day.* From

δωδέκατος, η, ον, (δώδεκα) *the twelfth.*

δωδεκά-φύλος, ον, (δώδεκα, φυλή) *of twelve tribes: τὸ δωδεκάφυλον the twelve tribes of Israel.*

δωδεκ-ἔτης, ου, ὁ, (δώδεκα, ἔτος) *twelve years old;*

fem. δωδεκ-ἔτις, ἰδος, ἡ.

Δωδώνη, ἡ, *Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the seat of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.*

δῶη, δῶησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δῶην, Ep. for δοῖην, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δῶκα, Ep. for ξῶκα, aor. 1 of δίδωμι.

δῶλος, Dor. for δοῦλος.

δῶμα, ατος τό, (δέμα) *a house, dwelling.* II. *a part of the house, a chamber, room.* III. *a house, household.*

δωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of δῶμα.

δωμαπίτης, ου, ὁ: fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, ἡ: (δῶμα) *of, belonging to the house or household.*

δωματο-φθορέω, f. ἡσω, (δῶμα, φθείρω) *to ruin house and home.*

δωματώ, f. ὶσω, (δῶμα) *to house.*

δωμάς and δωμάομαι, Dep., (δέμα) *to build.*

δῶναξ, Dor. for δόναξ, δοῖναξ.

δῶομεν, Ep. for δῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δωρέω, Ion. -εή, ἡ, *a gift, present:—Acc. δωρέαν used as Adv., as a free gift, freely, Lat. gratis: hence undeservedly, in vain.* From

δωρέω, f. ἡσω: or δωρέομαι, Dep., f. ἡσομαι:—*to give, present: to present one with, Lat. dono.* Hence

δῶρημα, ατος, τό, *that which is given, a gift.*

δωρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (δωρέω) *open to gifts or presents, to be appeased by gifts.* II. *freely given.*

Δωριάζω, f. ἄσω, = Δωρίω.

Δωριεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (Δῶρος) *a Dorian: in plur. the Dorians.*

Δωρίω Dor. -ισδω: f. ἴσω: (Δῶρος):—*to imitate the Dorians.* 2. *to speak Doric Greek.* 3. *to dress like a Dorian girl.*

Δωρικός, ἡ, ὄν, and Δῶριος, α, ον, (Δῶρος) *Doric, Dorian.*

Δωρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Δῶρος) fem. Adj. *Dorian: (sub. γῆ) the Dorian land, i.e. Peloponnesus.*

(sub. κοπίς) *a Dorian knife used at sacrifices.*

Δωρίσθεν, Dor. inf. of Δωρίω.

Λωρίσδω, Dor. for Δωρίσδω.

Δωριστί, (Δῶρος) Adv. *in Dorian fashion.*

δωροδοκία, f. ἡσω, (δωροδόκος) *to accept as a present, to take as a bribe:—Pass. to have a bribe given one: c. acc. to receive as a bribe.* Hence

δωροδόκημα, ατος, τό, *a bribe.*

δωροδοκηστί, Adv. (δωροδοκέω) *in bribery fashion, with allusion to the Dorians.*

δωροδοκία, ἡ, (δωροδοκέω) *a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.*

δωρο-δόκος, ον, (δῶρον, δέχομαι) *taking presents or bribes.*

δωρο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (δῶρον, δίδωμι) *a giver of presents. δῶρον, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: a votive offering to a god; δῶρα θεῶν gifts of or from the gods.* II. *the breadth of the hand, the palm.*

δωρο-φάγος, ον, (δῶρον, φάγειν) *devouring gifts, greedy of presents.*

δωροφορέω, f. ἡσω, *to bring presents or bribes. From*

δωρο-φόρος, ον, (δῶρον, φέρω) *bringing presents: hence tributary.*

δωρῦττομαι, Dor. for δωρέομαι.

δῶς, ἡ, Lat. *dos, = δόσις, only in nom.*

δῶσεια, Desiderat. of δίδωμι, *to be ready to give.*

δῶσιμεναι, -ίμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of δίδωμι.

δῶσις, 3 pl. aor. 2 of δίδωμι.

δῶσι-δικός, ον, (δίδωμι, δική) *giving oneself up to justice, abiding by a sentence.*

δῶσω, fut. of δίδωμι.

δῶσαν, Dor. for δῶσαν, fut. act. part. of δίδωμι.

δωτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (δίδωμι) *a giver.*

δῶτης, ου, ὁ, = δωτήρ.

δωτινάζω, f. ἰσω, *to receive presents.* From

δωτινή, ἡ, (δίδωμι) *a gift, present: acc. δωτινήν as Adv., as a free gift, freely, like δωρέαν. [Ὶ]*

δῶτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = δωτήρ.

δῶω, Ep. for δῶ, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

E

E, ε, called ἒ ψιλόν, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral ε' = πέντε and ἑκκentos, ε = 5000. When in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) the Athenians adopted η from the Samian alphabet to represent long e, the Grammat. introduced the name of ἒ ψιλόν, ε *without the aspirate*, because **E** was one way of writing the rough breathing.

ε, bim-, ber-, or *it-self*, Lat. *se*, acc. sing. and plur. reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., without nominat., and always enclitic. A rarer Ep. form is εε, never enclitic.

II. without reflexive sense, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, bim, ber, it. See οἷ, Lat. *suī*.

εἶ, exclam. of wonder or displeasure: Lat. *vab!*

εἶα, for εἶα, 3 sing. impf. of ἕωα.

εἶα, Ion. for ἦν, 1 sing. impf. of εἰμί *sum*.

ἐᾶ, lengthd. Ep. ἐᾶρ, 3 sing. pres. of ἐᾶω.

ἐᾶαν, lengthd. Ep. inf. of ἐᾶω.

ἐᾶγα, pf. of ἀγγυμι with pass. sense.

ἐᾶγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀγγυμι.

ἐᾶδα, pf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἐᾶδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἐᾶλη or ἐᾶλη [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω.

ἐᾶλοκα [ᾶ], pf., ἐᾶλων [ᾶ], aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἐᾶν, Conj. (properly εἰ ἄν), *if haply, if so be that, in case that*, followed by Subjunctive, whereas εἰ is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it εἰ κε or αἰ κε: the Att. contract it into ἦν and ἄν. II.

with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. *an, if, whether*; *κύσπει ἐὰν ἱκανὸν ἦ* see *if* or *whether* it be enough. III. *ἐὰν καὶ even if, granting that*;

ἐὰν μὴ if not, except, unless; *ἐὰν ἄρα μὴ if perhaps not*.

IV. after *let*. Pronouns and Particles ἐᾶν stands for ἄν; *ὄς ἐὰν whosoever*; *ὅπου ἐᾶν wheresoever*; but only in very late writers.

ἐᾶνόν, τό, v. sq.

ἐᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐννῦμι) used of all things *fit for putting on or wearing*; and so, generally, *fine, light*; *ἐᾶνός κασσίτερος tin beat out thin and made fit for wear*. II. as Subst., ἐᾶνόν (sub. εἶμα or ἱμάτιον), τό, a *rich state-robe*.

ἐᾶξα for ἦξα, aor. I of ἀγγυμι.

*ΕἶΑΡ, ἐᾶρος, τό; Ep. εἶαρ, εἶαρος; contr. ἦρ, ἦρος:—Lat. *VER, spring*; *εἶαρος νέον ἱσταμένοιο* in early *spring*; metaph. of *anything 'early or fresh, the prime or first bloom of a thing*; *γενῶν εἶαρ the first down* on the chin.

ἐᾶρι-δρεπτος, ον, (ἐᾶρ, δρέπω) *plucked in spring*.

ἐᾶρίζω, f. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, (ἐᾶρ) *to pass the spring*.

ἐᾶρινός Ep. εἰαρινός Att. ἡρινός, ἡ, ὄν: (ἐᾶρ):

Lat. *vernus, of or belonging to spring*.

ἐᾶρο-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἐᾶρ, τρέφω) *spring-nurtured*.

ἐᾶς, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἐᾶσα, Ep. aor. I of ἐᾶω.

ἐᾶσι, Ep. for εἰσί, 3 plur. of εἶμι sum.

ἐᾶσκον, Ion. for εἶων, impf. of εἶω.

ἐᾶται, Ion. for ἦνται, 3 pl. of ἦμαι.

ἐᾶτε, Ep. for ἦτε, 2 pl. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἐᾶτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἐᾶω, *to be suffered: to be let alone*.

ἐᾶτο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.

ἐᾶυτοῦ, ἦς, οὔ, pl. ἐᾶντων, etc.; Ion. ἐᾶουτοῦ, etc.; Att. contr. αὐτοῦ, etc.: (ἐ, q. v., αὐτοῦ):—Reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., *of himself, herself, itself, etc.*, used in gen., dat., and acc. sing.

ἐᾶφθῆ, Ep. for ἦφθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

Ἐᾶ'Ω, contr. ἐᾶω, Ep. εἶῶ: impf. εἶων, Ep. without augm. ἐῶν: fut. ἐᾶσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐᾶσα, Ep. ἐᾶσα: pf. εἶακα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, ἐᾶσμαι: pf. εἶαμαι. *To let, suffer, allow, permit*: with notion of carelessness, *to leave alone*.

II. *to let go, let alone, let be: heed not*. 2. *to let alone, let be*; *θεὸς τὸ μὲν δώσει, τὸ δ' ἐάσει* he will give one thing, the other he will *let alone*, i. e. *not give*; *ἐὰν χαιρεῖν το*

let alone.

III. Med., ἐᾶσθαι τινί τι *to give up a*

thing to another.

ἐᾶων, Ep. for ἐᾶων, gen. pl. of ἐᾶς.

ἐᾶλον, aor. 2 of βάλλω.

ἐᾶν, Ep. for ἐβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ἐᾶσκηνα, ἐβασκάνθη, aor. I act. and pass. of

βασκαίνω.

ἐᾶστασα, ἐβᾶσταξα, aor. I of *βαστάζω*.

ἐᾶφθῆν, ἐβᾶφθῆν [ᾶ], aor. I and 2 of βάπτω.

ἐᾶδομ-ᾠγέτης, ον, ὄ, (ἐβδύμη, ᾠγα) epith. of Apollo, to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices on the *seventh of every month*.

ἐβδομῖαιος, α, ον, (ἔβδομος) *on the seventh day*.

ἐβδομῖαιος, ἄδος, ἡ, a *number of seven*.

ἐβδύματος, ον, (ἔβδομος) *the seventh*.

ἐβδύμικοντα, οἰ, αἰ, τά, (ἐπτά) indecl. *seventy*.

ἐβδουκοντα-ξ, *seventy-six*.

ἔβδομος, ἡ, ον, (ἐπτά) *the seventh*. II. ἡ ἐβδύμη (ἡμέρα), *the seventh day of the month*.

ἐβησκειν, plqpf. of βαίνω.

ἐβεβλήκειν, ἐβεβλήθη, plqpf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

ἐβένινος, ἡ, ον, of *ebony*. From

*EBENOS, ἡ, *the ebony-tree, ebony*.

ἔβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ἔβηξα, aor. I of βήσω.

ἔβησα, causal aor. I of βαίνω.

ἔβησετο, Ep. for ἐβήσατο, aor. I med. of βαίνω.

ἐβιάσάμην, ἐβιάσθην, aor. I med. and pass. of βιάζω.

ἐβιήθην, aor. I pass. of βιάω.

ἐβίω, aor. 2 of βιάω.

ἐβιώσασα, 2 sing. aor. I of βιώσκομαι.

ἐβλαβην, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

ἐβλάστηκα, pf. of βλάστανω.

ἐβλάστησα, ἐβλαστον, aor. I and 2 of βλαστάνω.

ἔβλαφα, pf. of βλάπτω.

ἐβλέπη, aor. 2 pass. of βλέπω.

ἐβλέφθην, aor. I pass. of βλέπω.

ἐβλήμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

ἐβλίσα, aor. I of βλίω.

ἐβλύσα, aor. I of βλύζω, but ἐβλύσα of βλύω.

ἐβούλευσα, ἐβουλεύθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βουλεύω.

ἐβουλήθην, ἐβουλόμην, aor. I and impf. of βουλόμαι.

Ἐβραῖος, a *Hebrew*: Ἐβραῖς, ἴδος, fem. Adj.

(sub. διάλεκτος), *the Hebrew dialect*. Hence

Ἐβραϊστί, Adv. *in the Hebrew tongue*.

ἔβρασα, ἐβράσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βράσσω.

ἔβραχε, see βράχω.

ἐβράχην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of βρέχω.

ἔβρέξα, ἐβρέχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βρέχω.

ἔβριξα, aor. I of βρίζω.

ἔβρισα, aor. I of βρίθω.

ἔβρυχον, aor. 2 of βρύχω [ῶ].

ἔβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβρωσα, ἐβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβυσα, ἐβύσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βύω.

ἔβωσα, contr. for ἐβόησα, aor. I of βοάω.
 ἔγ-γαιος, a, ov, also ἔγ-γαιος, ov, (ἐν, γῆ) in or of the land, native. II. of property, in land, consisting of land. III. in or beneath the earth, like χθόνιος.

ἔγ-γέναια, Ep. pf. of ἐγγίνομαι.
 ἔγγέγλυμμα, pf. pass. of ἐγγλύφω.
 ἔγγέγραμμα, pf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.
 ἔγγευηκα, -ημαι, see ἐγγύωω.
 ἔγ-γείωνται, 3 pl. aor. I subj. of *ἐγγείνομαι in causal sense, to engender or breed in.

ἔγ-γαιος, see ἔγγαιος.
 ἔγγελάσθης, ov, ὁ, a mocker, scerner. From ἔγ-γελάω, f. ἀσομαι [ᾱ]: for the tenses, v. γελάω: —to laugh at, mock at one: absol. to mock, jeer.
 ἔγ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐν, γένος) in-born, native, innate, natural; ἔγγενεῖς θεοὶ gods of the race or country. II. born of the same race, kindred.

ἔγ-γηράσκω, fut. ἀσομαι [ᾱ]: to grow old in a place.
 ἔγ-γίνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: for the tenses, v. γίνομαι: (ἐν, γίνομαι): Dep.:—to be produced in, grow in: to take place, happen, arise in, or among. II. to intervene, pass. III. ἐγγίγνεται, it is allowed, like ἔξεσι.

ἔγγίζω, f. ἰσάω, (ἐγγύς) to bring near. II. mostly intrans. to draw nigh, be at hand.

ἔγ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for ἐγγίνομαι.
 ἔγγίωω, ov, Comp., and ἐγγιστος, η, ov, Sup. of ἐγγύς.

ἔγ-γλύσσω, (ἐν, γλυκίς) to have a sweet taste.
 ἔγ-γλύφω, f. ψω, (ἐν, γλύφα) to cut in, carve.
 ἔγ-γλωττο-τύπew, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, γλώσσα, τύπew) to strike out with the tongue, to be always talking of.
 ἔγ-γονος, ὁ, (ἐν, γόνος) a grandson: descendant.
 ἔγ-γράφω, f. ψω: for the tenses, v. γράφω:—to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to have written on; ἔγγεγραμμένος τι having it written on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to indict.

ἔγ-γυάλιζω, f. ζω: Ep. aor. I ἐγγυάλιζα: (ἐν, γυάλιον):—to put into one's hands, grant in full, give to one's charge.

ἔγγυάω: impf. ἡγγύωω: fut. ἐγγυήσω: aor. I ἡγγύησα: pf. ἡγγύηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡγγυήθη: pf. ἡγγυήημαι: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as ἐνεγύωω, ἐνεγύησα, ἐγγεγυήκα: but it is derived from ἐγγύη, and these forms are erroneous):—to hand over as a pledge, to plight, betroth: to engage, promise, answer:—Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge:—Pass. to be plighted or betrothed: to accept as plighted husband or wife.

ἔγ-γυή, ἡ, (ἐν, γυῖον or γυάλιον) a putting a pledge in one's hand: hence generally, surety, security, bail.
 ἔγγυητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐγγυάω) one who gives bail or security, a surety.

ἐγγυητός, ἡ, οὔ, (ἐγγυάω) plighted, betrothed.
 ἐγγύθην, Adv. (ἐγγύς) from nigh at hand, hard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at hand.

ἐγγύθι, (ἐγγύς) Adv. hard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at hand.

ἔγ-γύωω, ov, (ἐγγύθην) giving surety or bail. II. as Subst., = ἐγγυητής, a surety.

ἘΓΓΥΣ, Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at hand, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at hand. III. of Numbers, nearby. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. ἐγγίωω, ov, and ἐγγύτερος, a, ov; Adv. ἐγγυτέρω, nearer:—Sup. ἐγγίστος and ἐγγύτατος; Adv. ἐγγίστα and ἐγγύτατα, as near as possible: see ἐγγίωω.

ἔγ-γώνιος, ov, (ἐν, γώνος) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones cut square.

ἐγδοῦπησα, Ep. for ἐδοῦπησα, aor. I of δουπέω.

ἐγγέωνω, 3 sing. impf. of γεγώνω: see γέγονα.

ἐγγεώνων, plqpf. of γέγονα.

ἐγγεώνων, impf. of γεγονέω: see γέγονα.

ἐγεύνομαι, causal aor. I of γείνομαι, to beget.

ἐγγεγόνει and ἐγγεγένητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of γίνομαι.
 ἘΓΕΙΡΩ, fut. ἐγερῶ: aor. ἤγειρα: pf. ἐγήγερκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤγέρθη: Ep. 3 pl. ἔγρθεν: pf. ἐγήγερμαι:—for Ep. aor. 2 and pf. med., see ἔγρετο, ἐγρήγορα: I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir:—metaph. to rouse, stir up. 2. to raise from the dead. 3. to raise, erect a building. II. Med. and Pass. to wake, rise up from sleep: in aor. to keep watch: be awake. 2. to rouse oneself, be excited by passion, etc.

ἐγέλασσα, ἐγέλαξα, Ep. and Dor. aor. I of γελάω.

ἐγέντο, syncop. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίνομαι.

ἐγέρθηρα, aor. I of γεραίρω.

ἐγέρθησθε, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγερσί-γελως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐγείρω, γέλωσ) laughter-stirring.

ἐγερσι-θεῦτρος, ov, (ἐγείρω, θέατρον) exciting the spectators.

ἐγερσι-μάχας, Dor. for -μάχης, ὁ: fem. ἐγερσι-μάχη: (ἐγείρω, μάχη) battle-stirring.

ἐγέρσιμος, ov, (ἐγείρω) waking, easily waked; ἐγέρσιμος ὕπνος sleep from which one wakes.

ἐγερσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγείρω) a waking, exciting.

ἐγερσι-φάσις, ἐς, (ἐγείρω, φάσις) light-awakening.

ἐγερτί, Adv. (ἐγείρω) wakefully, busily.

ἐγηγέρατο, Ion. for ἐγηγεγμένον ἦσαν, 3. pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγήγερκα, ἐγήγερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγημα, aor. I of γαμέω.

ἐγήρα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γηράσκω.

ἐγήθαισα, aor. I of γηράσκω.

ἐγήθουσα, aor. I of γηρούω.

ἐγ-καθαρμόζω, f. ὦσα, to fit in.

ἐγ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι, Dep. to sit or take one's seat in: to encamp in a place.

ἐγκάθετος, ov, (ἐγκαθίημι) suborned.

ἐγ-καθηθῶω, f. ἴσω, to pass one's youth in.

ἐγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in ambush.

ἐγ-καθιδρύω, f. ὦσα [ῶ], to set up in.

ἐγ-καθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to seat in or upon. II.

intr. to sit in or upon: to take one's seat on.

ἐγ-καθίημι, f. ἦσω, to let down into, send in.

ἐγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to place or set in.

II. Med. and Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐγκατέστην; pf. ἐγκαθέσθηκα; plqpf. ἐγκαθεστήκειν: to be placed or established in.

ἐγ-καθορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into harbour: Med. to run into harbour.

ἐγ-καθυβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to riot to excess in a thing.

ἐγ-καίνα, τά, (ἐν, καινός) a feast of renovation or dedication. Hence

ἐγκαινίζω, f. ὦω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate.

ἐγ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn or beat in. II. to make a fire in.

ἐγ-κάλειω, fut. ἐγκαλέσω: pf. ἐγκέκληκα:—to call in. II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to accuse, indict; φόνον ἐγκαλεῖν τινι to bring a charge of murder against one: of actions, to blame, censure.

ἐγ-καλλωπίζομαι, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing. Hence

ἐγκαλλόπισμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is proud: an ornament, decoration.

ἐγκαλυμμός, ὁ, a wrapping up. From

ἐγ-κάλυπτο, f. ψω, to veil in: to wrap up:—Med. to bide oneself, esp. one's face: hence to be abashed.

ἐγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend in.

ἐγ-κάνασσω, f. ξω, to pour gurgling in; aor. I imperat. ἐγκάνασον. (Formed from the sound.)

ἐγ-κἀνάχομαι, Dep. (ἐν, καναχή) to make a sound in or with a thing.

ἐγ-κάπτω, f. ψω: pf. ἐγκέκᾰφα:—to gulp in greedily, to snap up, bolt.

ἐγ-καρπος, ον, containing fruit: fruitful, prolific.

ἐγ-κάρσιος, α, ον, cross, transverse, oblique.

ἐγ-καρτερέω, f. ἦσω, to persevere or persist in. II. to await steadfastly. III. absol. to hold out.

ἐγκᾰτα, τά, (ἐν) the entrails, bowels: dat. ἐγκασί.

ἐγ-καταβαίνω, to go down into: to put oneself in.

ἐξ-καταγᾰρᾰσκω: f. ᾰσομαι [ᾰ] to grow old in.

ἐγ-καταδέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast in, involve in.

ἐγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into.

ἐγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to associate with, adapt.

ἐγκατάθοιτο, 3 aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγκατατίθημι.

ἐγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie in: to lie down.

ἐγ-κατακλίνω, to lay down or put to bed in a place:—Pass. to lie down or go to bed in.

ἐγ-κατακοιμᾰομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ἦσομαι, to lie down and sleep in.

ἐγ-κατακρούω, f. ὦω, to beat in; ἐγκατακρούειν χορείαν to tread a measure or dance among.

ἐγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, to catch in a place: to catch and hold fast, to bind or trammel.

ἐγ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to lay in or build into a wall. II. to reckon among: to enlist soldiers.

ἐγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind: to forsake:—Pass. to be left behind in a race.

ἐγκατάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching and holding fast: a being caught in a place.

ἐγ-καταμίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix up in.

ἐγ-καταπίγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to thrust firmly into: to fix in.

ἐγ-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσῶμαι, to fall in or upon.

ἐγ-καταπλέω, f. -πλέξω, to in erweave, entwine.

ἐγ-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in.

ἐγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to fall upon: of epidemics, to break out among. II. trans. to burl down upon.

ἐγ-κατασφάττω, f. ξω, to slaughter in.

ἐγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put in or upon:—Med., τελαμῶνα ἐπὶ ἐγκάτθετο τέχνη be included the sword-belt in his art, i. e. wrought it by his art.

ἐγ-καταξέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour in besides.

ἐγκατελέγω, aor. 2 pass. of ἐγκαταλέγω.

ἐγκατέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐγκαταλείπω.

ἐγκατέπηξα, aor. 1 of ἐγκαταπήγνυμι.

ἐγκάτθετο, Ep. for ἐγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and ἐγκάτθετο, for ἐγκατέθετο, 3 sing. ind., aor. 2 med. of ἐγκατατίθημι.

ἐγ-καλλιόπτω, f. ψω, to scoff at.

ἐγ-κατοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in.

ἐγ-κατοικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build on a spot, also 2. to build in, immature.

ἐγ-κειμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κείσομαι, to lie in, to be wrapped in. II. to press upon, urge, importune, attack: to be vehement against: to press one hard. 2. to be devoted to.

ἐγ-κείρω, only in pf. pass. part., ἐγκεκαρμένω κάρᾰ with sborn bead.

ἐγκέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκαίω.

ἐγκέκᾰφα, pf. of ἐγκάπτω.

ἐγκέκᾰλλα, pf. of ἐγκαλέω

ἐγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of ἐγκλείω.

ἐγκέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκλίνω.

ἐγκέκᾰσομαι, pf. of ἐγκτάσομαι.

ἐγκεκυκλωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκυκλώω.

ἐγκέλευμα or -λευσμα, ατος, τό, (ἐγκελεύω) an encouragement, cheer, buzzab.

ἐγκέλευστο, ον, urged on, bidden, ordered. From

ἐγ-κελεύω, f. ὦω, to urge on, cheer on.

ἐγ-κεντρίζω, f. ἴσω, to goad on. II. of plants, to inoculate, ingraft.

ἐγ-κεντρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κέντρον) a sting: a spur.

ἐγ-κεράννυμι, fut. κερᾰσω [ᾰ]: (ἐν, κερᾰννῦμι): to mix in, mix: metaph. to concoct, contrive.

ἐγ-κερομέω, f. ἦσω, to mock at.

ἐγ-κέφαλος, ον, (ἐν, κεφαλή) within the head; ὁ ἐγ-κέφαλος (sub. μυελός), I. the brain. II. the edible pith of young palm-shoots.

ἐγκεχᾰλίνωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχαλίνωω.

ἐγκέχοδα, pf. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγκεχρημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐγχράω.

ἐγκεχῆμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγ-κιθαρρίζω, f. ἴσω, to play the harp among.

ἐγ-κίρνημι, = ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐγ-κλείω, f. σω, to shut in, confine within.
 to shut to, shut fast.
 ἐγκληθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγκαλέω.
 ἐγ-κλήϊω, Ion. for ἐγκλείω.
 ἐγ-κλημα, atos, τό, an accusation, charge, complaint: a bill of indictment.
 ἐγκλημων, monos, ὁ, (ἐγκαλέω) censorious.
 ἐγ-κληρος, on, (ἐν, κληρος) having a lot or share in an inheritance, an heir, beirress.
 ἐγ-κλιθῶ, Ait. for ἐγκλείω: aor. I part. ἐγκλησας.
 ἐγ-κλιδόν, Adv. (ἐγκλίνω) leaning sideways, aslant.
 ἐγ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. -κέκλικα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. inclinare:—Pass. to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat. inclinari.
 ἐγ-κοιλῶν, f. ἄνω, to hollow out, scoop out.
 ἐγ-κοιλος, on, (ἐν, κοιλος) hollowed out, hollow.
 ἐγ-κοιμάσμαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἦσομαι, to sleep in.
 ἐγ-κοιμῶ, f. ἴσω, to lull to sleep in a place.
 ἐγ-κοισυρόω, f. ὠσω, (ἐν, Κοισύρα) hence pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκοισυρωμένη, as luxurious as Coesyra (a female name in the Alcmæonid family).
 ἐγ-κοιτάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κοίτη) serving for a bed.
 ἐγ-κοληβάζω, f. σω, to gulp down like a κόλλαβος, swallow.
 ἐγ-κονέω, f. ἦσω, to hasten, be quick and active.
 Hence
 ἐγ-κονητί, Adv. in haste, diligently.
 ἐγ-κονίωμα, Med. (ἐν, κόνις) to roll in the dust or sand, sprinkle sand over oneself.
 ἐγκοπή, ἡ, (ἐγκοπήναι) a binderance.
 ἐγκοπήνας, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐγκόπτω.
 ἐγκοπος, on, (ἐγκοπήναι) wearied.
 ἐγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to knock in: metaph. to binder, wary.
 ἐγ-κορδύλω, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in coverlets: pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκορδυλημένος.
 ἐγ-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to arrange in order.
 ἐγκοτός, f. ἴσω, to be indignant at. From
 ἐγ-κοτος, on, (ἐν, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful, malicious. II. ἐγκοτος is also found, like κότος, as Subst., a grudge, hatred.
 ἐγ-κράζω, f. -κράζομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέκρᾶγον:—to cry aloud at, to rate loudly.
 ἐγκράτεια, ἡ, self-control, Lat. continentia: and
 ἐγκρατεύομαι, Dep. to exercise self-control. From
 ἐγ-κράτης, ἐς, (ἐν, κράτος) with a firm bold: stout, strong. II. having the mastery over, having possession of. 2. having control over oneself, self-disciplined, Lat. continens. 3. in bad sense, unyielding, stubborn.
 ἐγκρατῶς, Adv. of ἐγκρατής, strongly, strictly: temperately.
 ἐγ-κρινῶ, f. -κρινῶ, to reckon in or among: to approve, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.
 ἐγκροτέωσαι, Dor. for -έουσαι, fem. part. pl. of
 ἐγ-κροτέω, f. ἦσω, to strike against: of a dance, to

beat or keep time:—Pass., πηγμαί ἐγκροτούμεναι fists dashed one against the other.
 ἐγ-κρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. II. to dance.
 ἐγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide or conceal in.
 ἐγκρυφιάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐγκρυφιος) to keep oneself hidden: to act underhand.
 ἐγκρυφιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. bidden or baked in the ashes, of loaves. From
 ἐγκρυφιος, on, (ἐγκρύπτω) hidden in.
 ἐγ-κτάομαι, Dep. with fut. ἐκλήσσομαι, pf. ἐγκέκτημαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence
 ἐγκτημα, atos, τό, property held in a foreign country.
 ἐκκτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκτάομαι) possession of property in a foreign country.
 ἐγ-κύκᾶω, f. ἦσω, to mix up in.
 ἐγ-κύκλιος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. II. revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in succession: hence general, common.
 ἐγ-κυκλος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular.
 ἐγ-κυκλώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐν, κύκλος) to move about in a circle:—Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense, to surround, encircle.
 ἐγ-κύμων, on, gen. onos, (ἐγ, κύμα π) pregnant.
 ἐγ-κύος, on, (ἐν, κύω) = ἐγκύμων.
 ἐγ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peep in, to pry into.
 ἐγ-κύρω: impf. ἐνέκρων: fut. ἐγκύρωσω: aor. I ἐνέκυρσα:—to fall into or upon, light upon, meet with.
 ἐγκύρσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐγ-κύρω.
 ἐγκύτα, τά, Lacon. of ἐγκατα.
 ἐγ-κωμιάζω, fut. ἄσω and ἄσομαι: pf. ἐγκεκωμίακα:—Pass, aor. I ἐνεκωμιάσθην: pf. ἐγκεκωμιάσμαι:—(the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a compd., and not derived directly from ἐγκώμων):—to praise, laud.
 ἐγκώμων, τό, see ἐγκώμος π. 2.
 ἐγ-κώμιος, on, (ἐν, κώμη) at home, of the same village. II. (ἐν, κώμος) belonging to a Bacchic festival or revel: in which the victor was led home in procession. 2. as Subst. ἐγκώμων (sub. ἔπος), τό, a hymn in honour of the victor: a song of praise, panegyric.
 ἐγλυμμαί, pf. pass. of γλῦψω.
 ἐγνωκα, ἐγνωσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γιγνώσκω.
 ἐγνων, ως, ω, aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω.
 ἐγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of γιγνώσκω.
 ἐγ-ξέω, f. ἴσω, to scrape.
 ἐγράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of γράφω.
 ἐγραψα, aor. I act. of γράφω.
 ἐγρε-κιδουμος, on, (ἐγείρω, κιδουμος) strife-stirring.
 ἐγρε-μάχης, on, ὁ, and ἐγρέ-μάχος, η, on, (ἐγείρω, μάχη) rousing the fight.
 ἐγρεσί-κωμος, on, (ἐγείρω, κώμος) stirring up to revelry.
 ἐγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω; imperat. ἐγρεο; 3 sing. subj. ἐγρη; inf. ἐγρέσθαι.
 ἐγρήγορα, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of ἐγείρω, whence part. ἐγρηγορός, 2 pl. imper. ἐγρήγορθε (Ep.)

for ἐρηγοράτε), inf. ἐρηγοῦσθαι (Ep. for ἐρηγορέ-
ναι):—plrf. ἐρηγορή, 3 sing. ἐρηγοῖ. Homer
uses the Ep. form ἐρήγορα in 3 pl. ἐρηγοῦσθαι.
ἐρηγορόων, Ep. part., as if from a pres. ἐρηγοράω,
formed from ἐρήγορα, *watching, awake.*

ἐρηγοῦντι, (ἐρήγορα) Adv. *wakefully, awake.*

ἐρήσω, from ἐρήγορα, *to be awake or watchful.*

ἐροῖτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγείρω.

ἐρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 med. part. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγχαλίνω, f. ὦσω, *to put the bit in the mouth of,*
bold in check:—Pass. *to have the bit in one's mouth.*

ἐγχανεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of ἐγ-χάσκω:—ἐγχανῆ, 3
sing. aor. 2 subj.

ἐγχαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. = χαρίζομαι.

ἐγχάσκω; (tenses formed from *ἐγ-χαίνω), fut.
ἐγχανοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐν-ἐχᾶνον, inf. ἐγχανεῖν:—*to yawn or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer.*

ἐγχεῖω, f. -χέσω also -χεσοῦμαι: pf. ἐγκέχοδα:—
Lat. *incaco*: c. acc. *to be in a horrid fright at one.*

ἐγχεύω, Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγγεῖη.

ἐγχει-βρόμος, ον, (ἐγχος, βρέμω) *thundering with*
the spear.

ἐγχείη, ἡ, (ἐγχος) *a spear, lance.*

ἐγχείη, Ep. for ἐγχεῖη, 3 sing. subj. of ἐγγεῖη.

ἐγχει-κέραυνος, ον, (ἐγχος, κεραυνός) *touching the*
thunderbolt.

ἐγχειρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐνεχειρήσα: (ἐν, χεῖρ):—
to take in hand, undertake. Hence

ἐγχειρήμα, ατος, τό, *an undertaking*: and

ἐγχειρήσις, εως, ἡ, *a taking in hand, an undertaking.*

ἐγχειρητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐγχειρέω, *one must un-*
dertake.

ἐγχειρητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐγχειρέω) *one who takes in hand:*
an adventurer.

ἐγχειρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐγχειρέω) *enterprising.*

ἐγχειρίδιος, ον, (ἐν, χεῖρ) *in the hand.* II. as

Subst., ἐγχειρίδιον, τό, *a hand-knife, dagger.* 2.

a manual, hand-book.

ἐγχειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐν, χεῖρ) *to put into one's*
hands, entrust a thing to another:—Med. *to take in*
hand, take on oneself.

ἐγχειρί-θετος, ον, (ἐν, χεῖρ, τίθημι) *put or delivered*
into one's hands.

ἐγχεῖω, Ep. for ἐγγεῖη.

ἐγγέλειον, τό, Dim. of ἐγγελευς, *a little eel.*

ἐγγέλειος, ον, (ἐγγελευς) *of an eel.*

ἘΓΧΕΑΤΣ, vos, ἡ: pl. ἐγγέλυες, Att. ἐγγέλειες,
εἶσα:—*an eel, Lat. anguilla*:—*proverb., ἐγγέλειες θη-*
ρᾶσαι to be fond of fishing in troubled waters.

ἐγχεσί-μωρος, ον, *fighting with the spear.* (Deriv.
uncertain.)

ἐγχεσ-πάλος, ον, (ἐγχος, πάλλω) *spear-brandishing.*

ἐγχεσ-φόρος, ον, (ἐγχος, φέρω) *spear-bearing.*

ἐγχεύντα, Dor. for ἐγγεῖοντα, part. pr. of ἐγγεῖω.

ἐγχεῖω: f. -χεῖω: aor. I ἐνέχεα, Ep. ἐνέχευα: Pass.,
pf. ἐγκέχυμαι:—*to pour in*:—Med. *to pour or flow*
in, be poured in. II. *to fill by pouring in*; ἐγγεῖαι
κητήρα *to fill the bowl.*

ἐγ-χθόνιος, ον, (ἐν, χθών) *in or of the country, Lat.*
indigena.

ἘΓΧΟΣ, τό, *a spear, lance*, consisting of two parts,
αἰχμή and *δύρου*, *head and shaft.* II. generally,

a weapon, a sword, an arrow:—*metaph., φροντίδος*
ἐγχος *weapon of thought.*

ἐγχοῦσα, ἡ, = ἄγχοῦσα, q. v.

ἐγ-χραίνω, = sq.

ἐγ-χράω and ἐγ-χραύω, *to dash against*; ἐνέχρανεν
ἐς τὸ πρόσωπον τὸ σιγήπτερον *be dashed his staff in his*
face. The pf. pass. also occurs, ἔσαν πρὸς τινὰς καὶ
ἄλλους ἐνεκρημένοι (sc. πόλεμοι) *there were wars*
urged on against others also.

ἐγ-χρέμπτωμαι, Dep. *to expectorate.*

ἐγ-χρηῖω, *to want, have need*; τὰ ἐγρηῖοντα *ne-*
cessaries.

ἐγ-χρίμπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐνέχριμψα part. ἐγχρίμ-
ψας:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεχρίμψην part. ἐγχρίμψθεις:
—*to bring near to, to strike or dash against*; ἐγ-
χρίμπτειν τὴν βάρην τῇ γῆ *to bring the boat to land*:
absol. *to come to land*: hence *to approach*: also *to*
attack, press bard. II. also intr. both in Act.

and in Pass., *to fall upon, attack, pursue.*

ἐγ-χρίπτω, collat. form of ἐγχρίμπτω.

ἐγχρίστος, ον, *applied as an unguent.* From

ἐγ-χρίω, *to rub in, to anoint.* II. like ἐγχρίμπτω,
to attack, assail.

ἐγ-χρονίζω: f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ: (ἐν, χρόνος):—*to be*
long about a thing, tarry, delay.

ἐγ-χυρίζω, f. ὦσω, *to expose in a pan or pot.*

ἐγ-χυρέω, f. ἦσω, *to give room for doing a thing:*
to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit. 2.
impers. ἐγχαρεῖ, *it is possible or permitted*; ἐτι ἐγ-
χαρεῖ *there is yet time.*

ἐγ-χώριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἐν, χώρα) *in or be-*
longing to the country.

Ἐγ-χωρος, ον, = ἐγχώριος.

ἘΓΩ, Lat. EGO, Germ. ICH, our I: pers. Pron.
of the first person, Ep. and Aeol. ἐγών before vowels:
—*strengthened by compos. with enclit. γε, ἐγαγε, Lat.*
equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. ἐγάωγα and
ἐγάωνγα: Boeot. ἰάωγα or ἰώγα:—gen. ἘΜΟῦ, enclit.
MOT, Lat. MEI, Ep. and Ion. ἐμέο, ἐμεῖ, μευ,
Ep. also ἐμεῖο, ἐμέθει, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῦς;
Boeot. ἐμοῦς:—Dat. ἐμοί, enclit. μοί; Dor. ἐμίν:
Acc. ἐμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., ΝΩ, Ep.
νωῖ, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. νῶν, Ep. νῶϊν. Plur.,
nom. ἡμεῖς, Dor. ἄμες, Aeol. ἄμμες:—gen. ἡμῶν, Ion.
and Ep. ἡμέων, Ep. also ἡμέων, Dor. ἄμεων, Aeol.
ἀμμέων:—dat. ἡμῖν, also ἡμιν or ἡμίν [ῖ], Dor. ἀμίν,
ἀμμι, Aeol. ἀμμέοι:—acc., ἡμᾶς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and
Aeol. ἄμμε, Dor. ἀμέ.

ἐγῶγα, Dor. for ἐγαγε.

ἐγῶδα, Att. crasis for ἐγῶ οἶδα.

ἐγῶμαι, Att. crasis for ἐγῶ σμαι.

ἐγῶν, ἐγῶνγα, Dor. for ἐγῶ, ἐγαγε.

ἐδάην, ἡς, ἡ, aor. 2 of ΔΑΩ.

ἔδαισα, -ἄμην, aor. I act. and med. of δαίνωμι.

ἔδακον, aor. 2 of δάκνω.
 ἔδαμην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of δαμάω.
 ἔδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *eatable*.
 ἔδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδείν) *pleasant, grateful, agreeable*
 or *excellent*.
 ἔδαρην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of δέρω.
 ἔδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἔδαρικον, metath. for ἔδρακον, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι.
 ἔδασσαμένη, aor. I of δατέομαι.
 ἔδαφίζω, f. ἰσθ Att. ἰῶ, to make level: to level with
 the earth. From
 ἔδαφος, εος, τό, the bottom, or base of anything: the
 ground: ἔδαφος νηὸς the bottom or hold of a ship:
 also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground. (From
 the same root as δάπ-εδον, τάπ-ης.)
 ἔδδειασα, Ep. for ἔδδισα, aor. I of δέιδω.
 ἔδέγγμην, Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἔδεδέετο, Ion. for ἔδεδεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δέω.
 ἔδεδέγγμην, plqpf. of δέχομαι.
 ἔδεδήκειν, plqpf. of δέω, to bind.
 ἔδεδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δέιδω.
 ἔδεδμητο Ion. 3 plur., and ἔδεδμητο 3 sing., plqpf.
 pass. of δέμω.
 ἔδεδοίκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δέιδω.
 ἔδεδόμην, plqpf. pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδεδωκεῖν, plqpf. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδεήθη, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want.
 ἔδεήσα, aor. I of δέω, to want.
 ἔδέθη, aor. I pass. of δέω, to bind.
 ἔδεδίμην, -ισαν, Ep. I and 3 pl. plqpf. of δέιδω.
 ἔδειμα, aor. I of δέμω.
 ἔδειξα, aor. I of δεικνυμι.
 ἔδειρα, aor. I of δέρω.
 ἔδειδα, aor. I of δέιδω.
 ἔδεικτο, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἔδειμεν, Ep. for ἔδειν, inf. of ἔδω.
 ἔδειξα, -άμην, Ion. for ἔδειξα, -άμην, aor. I act. and
 med. of δεικνυμι; but ἔδειξάμην also aor. I of δέχομαι.
 ἔδεισα, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) *food, meat, a dish*.
 ἔδεισθής, οὐ, ὅ, (ἔδω) *an eater, devourer*.
 ἔδειστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *to be eaten, eatable*.
 eaten: consumed.
 ἔδειψει, aor. I of δέψω, to need.
 ἔδηθισμαι, pf. pass. of ἔσθιω.
 ἔδηδοκα, pf. act. of ἔσθιω.
 ἔδηθονται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔδω.
 ἔδηθώς, pf. part. of ἔδω.
 ἔδητουν, Att. ἔδηουν, impf. of δηῖω.
 ἔδησα, aor. I of δέω, to bind: also Ep. aor. I of δέω,
 to want.
 ἔδητύς, ὕος, ἡ, (ἔδω) *meat, food*. [ὔ]
 ἔδηχθη, aor. I pass. of δάκνω.
 ἔδωατρησα, aor. I of δωατρώω.
 ἔδωσα, ἔδωσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of δηῖω.
 ἔδωσαξα, poet. ἔδωσακησα, aor. I of δωδάσσω.
 ἔδωσον, impf. of δίδωμι, formed from διδύω.
 ἔδωζήμην, impf. of δίζημαι.
 ἔδωινα, aor. I of δωίναω.

ἔδικον, v. δικεῖν.
 ἔδινευσα, ἔδινησα, aor. I of δινεύω, δινέω.
 ἔδιψησα, aor. I of διψάω.
 ἔδιωξα, ἔδιωχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of διώκω.
 ἔδμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ἔδω.
 ἔδμήθη, aor. I pass. of δαμάω.
 ἔδνώομαι, Dep. = ἔδνώω. From
 ἜΔΝΑ, Ep. ἔδνα, τά, *nuptial gifts*, I. from
 the suitor to the bride. 2. from the suitor to the
 bride's father. 3. a portion or dowry, given to
 the bride by her parents, also φέρνη or προίξ. 4.
 wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests.
 Hence
 ἔδνώω, f. ὤσω, to promise or betroth for presents.
 Hence
 ἔδνωτής Ep. ἔδνωτής, οὐ, ὅ, a betrother, of a father
 who portions a bride.
 ἔδοθη, aor. I pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδοκευμεν, Dor. for ἔδοκομεν, 1 pl. impf. of δοκέω.
 ἔδοκῆσα, aor. I of δοκέω.
 ἔδοκίμασα, ἔδοκίμασθη, aor. I act. and pass. of
 δοκιμάω.
 ἔδομαι, fut. of ἔδω and ἔσθιω.
 ἔδομεν, ἔδοτε, ἔδοσαν (Dor. ἔδον), aor. 2 pl. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδοντι, Dor. for ἔδουσι.
 ἔδοξα, aor. I of δοκέω.
 ἔδοξώθη, aor. I pass. of δοξάω.
 ἔδος, εος, τό, (ἔζομαι) *a thing to sit on, a seat*. 2.
 a seat, abode, esp. of the gods. 3. a foundation, base,
 the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself. II. the
 act of sitting: οὐχ ἔδος ἐστὶ 'tis no time for sitting still.
 ἔδοῦμαι, fut. of ἔζομαι.
 ἔδρα Ep. and Ion. ἔδρη, ἡ, (ἔζομαι) *any seat, a chair,*
bench, etc. 2. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a
 temple, altar. 3. a foundation, base. II. a
 sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay: οὐκ ἔδρας
 ἀκμή ἡ is not the season for sitting still. 2. a
 sitting, session. III. the seat, fundament.
 ἔδραβον, poet. for ἔδραβον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἔδρατος, α, ον, (ἔδρα) *sitting, sedentary*. II.
steadfast, firm, constant.
 ἔδραώω, f. ὤσω, = ἔδραώω. Hence
 ἔδραώωμα, ατος, τό, a foundation, base.
 ἔδρακόμην, aor. 2 med. of δέρκομαι.
 ἔδρακον, ἔδρακην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of δέρκομαι.
 ἔδραμον, aor. 2 of τρέχω.
 ἔδραῖν, aor. 2 of διδράσκω.
 ἔδραῖνον, τό, (ἔδρα) *a seat, abode, dwelling*
 ἔδρασα, aor. I of δράω.
 ἔδρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἔδρα.
 ἔδρησα, Ion. for ἔδρασα, aor. I of δράω.
 ἔδραόομαι, Pass. (ἔδρα) *to sit*: Ep. inf. ἔδραόασθαι;
 Ep. 3 pl. impf. ἔδραόντω.
 ἔδρο-στρόφος, ὅ, (ἔδρα, στρέφω) *a wrestler who*
throws his adversary by a cross-buttock.
 ἔδρωψα, ἔδρωφήθη, aor. I act. and pass. of δρύπτω.
 ἔδυν, 1 sing. aor. 2 of δύω; but also Ep. for ἔδυσαν,
 3 pl. of same tense.

ἔδυνασθην or -ήθην, aor. I of δύναμαι.
 ἔδυνατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναμαι.
 ἔδυσσο, -ετο, Ep. for ἔδύσω, -ατο, 2 and 3 sing.
 aor. I med. of δύω.

ἔδυστύχησα, aor. I of δυστυχῆω.
 *ἘΔΩ, Ion. impf. ἔδσκον: fut. ἔδομαι: pf. act. ἔδηδα, Pass. ἔδηδομαι:—these are all Epic forms; for the Att. tenses, see ἔσθω:—to eat, devour: metaph., οἶκον ἔδουσι eat up, i. e. consume, waste, house and home; θυμὸν ἔδοντες eating their heart, i. e. wasting, consuming their spirit. Hence
 ἔδωδῆ, ἡ, food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish. Hence
 ἔδώδιμος, ον, eatable: τὰ ἔδώδιμα provisions.
 ἔδωκα, aor. I of δίδωμι.
 ἔδώλυον, τό, (ἔδος) a seat, dwelling, abode.

II.
 in a ship, the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench, Lat. *transtrum*.

ἔε, poet. for εἰ, bim, acc. of οὐ.
 ἔεδνα, ἐδόνω, -ωτής, Ep. for ἔδνα, ἐδόνω, -ωτής.
 ἐείδομαι, Ep. for εἶδομαι, Med. of εἶδω.
 ἐεκοσά-βοιοι, ἐέκοσι, ἐεκόσορος, ἐεκοστός, Ep. for εἰκ-.

ἔειλεον, Ep. for εἴλειον, impf. of εἴλω.
 εἴπα, as, ε, εἴπειον, es, ε, Ep. for εἶπα, εἶπον.
 εἴσι, Ep. for εἶσι.
 εἴσατο, εἴσατο, εἴσασθην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual., aor. I of εἴμι ibo.
 εἴσατο, εἴσαμενος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. aor. I of *εἶδω.

ἔελδομαι, ἔέλδωρ, Ep. for ἔλδομαι, ἔλδωρ.
 ἔελμαι, ἔελμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of εἴλω.
 ἔέλπομαι, Ep. for ἔλπομαι.
 ἔελσαι, Ep. for ἔλσαι, aor. I inf. of εἴλω.
 ἐέργαθον, Ep. for εἶργαθον.
 ἔεργε, ἐεργμένος, ἐεργνυμι, ἔεργω, Ep. for εἶργ-.
 ἐεργμένος, pf. part. pass. of εἶργω.
 ἐέρση, ἐερσήεις, Ep. for ἐρσή, ἐρσήεις.
 ἔεργο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἶργω.
 ἐερχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of εἶργω.
 ἐέσασατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐννυμι.
 ἐέσασατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἴζω.
 ἔεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 ἐξευγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.
 ἔξευξα, ἐξευχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

*ἘΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἐδοῦμαι: impf. and aor. 2 ἐζόμεν: (the Root is *ἘΔ-, see ἔδος):—to seat oneself, sit;
 ἐπὶ χθονὶ ἐζέσθην they sank to the earth.
 ἐζύγην [ῥ], aor. 2 of ζεύγνυμι.
 ἔζωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 ἔη, Ion. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἴμι sum.
 ἔη, fem. of εὖς, bis.
 ἔηκε, Ep. for ἦκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἔημι.
 ἔην, Ep. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἴμι sum.
 ἔηνδανε, Ep. for ἦνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.
 ἔηρος, gen. masc. of ἔς, good, brave, noble.
 ἔης, Ep. for ἦς, gen. fem. of οὖς, ἦ, ὄ, who, what:—but ἔης gen. fem. of εὖς, bis.

ἔησθα, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἴμι sum.
 ἔησι, Ep. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἴμι sum.
 ἔθαλαψα, ἐθάλφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάλω.
 ἔθᾶπον, aor. 2 of θήσκα.
 ἐθάς, ἄδος, ὄ, ἦ, (ἔθος) accustomed, used.
 ἔθασα, ἐθάφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάπω.
 ἔθησαμην, Ion. aor. I of θεδομαι.
 *ἘΘΕΪΡΑ, ἡ, hair; in Homer, a horse's mane, or the horsehair crest on helmets: a lion's mane. Hence
 ἐθεράζω, f. ἄσω, to wear long hair.
 ἔθειρα, to tend, take care of, till. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἔθελμός, ὄν, (ἔθελω) willing, voluntary.
 ἐθέλησθα, for ἐθέλῃς, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἐθέλω.
 ἔθελητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔθελω) willed, voluntary.
 ἔθελξα, ἐθελχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θέλω.
 ἔθελω-, in compos., signifies voluntarily or gladly.
 ἔθελό-δουλος, ον, a willing slave.
 ἔθελω-θηρησκεία, ἡ, (ἔθελω-, θηρησκέω) will-worship, superstitious observance.
 ἔθελωκάκει, f. ἡσω, to be slack in duty, play the coward purposely: to be beaten on purpose. From
 ἔθελό-κάκος, ον, wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty, esp. in war, cowardly.
 ἔθελωντηδόν, (ἔθελω) Adv. voluntarily.
 ἔθελοντήν, (ἔθελω) Adv. voluntarily.
 ἔθελοντήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ἔθελω) a volunteer.
 ἔθελοντής, οὐ, ὄ, (ἔθελω) a volunteer.
 ἔθελοντί, Adv. = ἔθελωντηδόν.
 ἔθελοντι, Dor. for ἔθελουσι, 3 pl. of ἐθέλω.
 ἔθελωπονία, ἡ, love of work, diligence. From
 ἔθελό-πονος, ον, (ἔθελω-, πόνος) willing to work.
 ἔθελω-πρόξενος, ον, (ἔθελω-, πρόξενος) one who voluntarily charges himself with the office of πρόξενος (q. v.) to a foreign state.
 ἔθελω-ουργός, ὄν, (ἔθελω-, *ἔργω) willing to work.
 ἔθελούσιος, α, ον, (ἔθελω) voluntarily. II. of things, optional.
 *ἘΘΕ' ἌΝ: impf. ἦθελον: fut. ἐθελήσω: aor. I ἠθέλησα; pf. ἠθέληκα:—like θέλω, to will, be willing, wish, desire: sometimes also merely as the sign of the fut., will or shall. 2. with a negat., almost like δύναμαι, to be able, have the power; as of a stream, οὐδ' ἔθελε προρῆεν ἄλλ' ἴοχετο. 3. to be wont or accustomed, to do a thing readily. 4. to mean, purport, Lat. volo; often in phrases, such as, τί ἐθέλει τὸ τέρας; Lat. quid sibi vult? what means, what purports the prodigy?
 ἔθεμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.
 ἔθεν, Ep. and Att. poet. gen. for ἔο, οὐ, of bim, of ber.
 ἔθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.
 ἐθέρμηνα, aor. 2 of θερμαίνω.
 ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.
 ἔθειν, Ion. for ἔθου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.
 ἐθηεῖτο, ἐθηεῦμεθα, ἐθηεύντο, Ion. for ἐθεάτο, ἐθεώμεθα, ἐθεώντο, 3 sing., I pl., 3 pl. of θεάομαι.
 ἐθηεμεσθα, Ion. I pl. of θεάομαι.
 ἐθηήσαντο, Ion. for ἐθεάσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of θεάομαι.

ἔθγκα, I sing. aor. I of τίθημι.
 ἔθην, aor. I pass. of ἵημι: but ἔθην, aor. 2 act. of τίθημι.

ἔθγον, aor. 2 of θηγάων.
 ἔθλω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ: aor. I εἶθισα: pf. εἶθικα:—Pass., aor. I εἶθισθην: pf. εἶθιμαι: (ἔθος):—to accustom, use:—Pass. to be accustomed or used to. Hence

ἔθιστέον, verb. Adj. *one must accustom.*
 ἔθλασα, aor. I of θλάω.
 ἔθλιψα, aor. I of θλίβω.
 ἔθν-άρχης, ου, ὄ, (ἔθνος, ἄρχω) a ruler of a nation: prefect: *an ethnarch.*

ἔθνικός, ἡ, ὄν, national. II. foreign: gentile:—Adv. —κῶς, like the Gentiles. From
 *ΕΘΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a company, body of men. 2. a race, tribe. 3. a nation, people; τὰ ἔθνη the nations, Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. 4. a particular class of men, a caste.

ἔθρον, aor. 2 of θρώσκω.
 *ΕΘΟΣ, εος, τό, custom, usage, manners, habit.
 ἔθραυσα, aor. I of θραύω.
 ἔθρεξα, aor. I of τρέχω.
 ἔθρέφθην, aor. I pass. of τρέφω.
 ἔθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω.
 ἔθρηνευ, Dor. for ἔθρηνον, impf. of θρηνέω.
 ἔθρῖσα, poet. for ἔθρισα, aor. I of θριζέω.

*ΕΘΩ, to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use the pf. εἴωθα Ion. ἔωθα as pres., and the plqpf. εἴωθειν Ion. ἔωθεια as impf.:—to be wont or accustomed, to be in the habit: part. εἰωθῶς as Adj., accustomed, customary, usual; τὸ εἰωθῶς one's custom.

ΕΙ, a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. αἰ:—Lat. *SI*, if: with optat. or indic.:—see εἰ γάρ or αἰ γάρ, and εἰ-θε.

εἰ, Att. 2 sing. of εἶμι ἴβο.
 εἶα, and trisyll. ἔτα, Interj., Lat. *eia, on! up! away!* also *come on then!* εἶα νυν, well now.
 εἶα, 3 sing. impf. of ἔδω; also 2 sing. imperat. pres. εἰθήην, εἶαμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἔδω.
 εἶαμενή, ἡ, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εἰ ἄν, Ep. and Ion. εἰ κε, contr. into ἐάν, ἦν, and ἄν.
 εἰάνος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for ἔανός.
 εἶαρ, εἰαρίων, Ep. for ἔαρ, ἔαρινός.
 εἶαρό-μασθος, ου, (εἶαρ, μασθός) with youthful breasts.
 εἶας, 2 sing. impf. of ἔδω:—εἶασα, aor. I of the same.
 εἶασκον, Ion. for εἶαν, impf. of ἔδω.
 εἶαται, εἶατο, Ep. for Ion. ἔαται, ἔατο, which is for ἦνται, ἦντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of ἦμαι.
 εἶατο, Ion. for εἶντο, 3 sing. plqpf. med. of ἔννυμι.
 ΕΙ΄ΒΩ, Ep. form of λείβω, to drop, let fall in drops:—Med. to trickle or run down.

εἰ γάρ, for if; and expressing a wish, *O if! .! O that .! I would that .!* Lat. *utinam!*
 εἰ-γε, if at least, if then, Lat. *si-quidem.*
 εἰ γούν, if at least, implying that the thing is unlikely.

εἰ δ' ἄγε, used in cheering, *on then, come on!* The phrase is elliptic, and would be in full, εἰ δ' ἔθελεις, ἄγε. II.

εἰδάλμιος, η, ου, (εἶδος) *shapely, comely.*
 εἶδω, aor. 2 of εἶδω, subj. of οἶδα; v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδὲν opt., and εἰδέναι inf. of οἶδα; v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰ δὲ μή, elliptic for εἰ δὲ μή τοῦτό ἐστι, if otherwise, Lat. *sin aliter.*

εἶδῶ, for εἰδῶ, subj. of οἶδα; v. *εἶδω B.
 —εἰ δὴ, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also in indirect questions, *whether now.*
 εἰδήμων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (*εἶδω) *knowing or expert in a thing.*

εἰδησέμεν, Ep. for εἰδήσειν, fut. inf. of *εἶδω B.
 εἰδήσω, fut. of *εἶδω.
 εἶδομες, Dor. for εἶδομεν, I pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.
 εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.
 εἶδος, εος, τό, (*εἶδω) *that which is seen, the form, shape, figure, Lat. species.* II. generally, a form, sort, particular kind: a particular state or plan of action. III. species, opp. to genus.

εἰδόσι, dat. pl. of εἶδός, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδότα, acc. sing. of εἶδός, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδότης, Adv. of εἶδός, part. of οἶδα, *knowingly.*
 εἰδύλα, fem. nom. part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδύλιον, τό, Dim. of εἶδος, a short, descriptive poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll.

*ΕΙ΄ΔΩ (or more properly ΓΥ΄ΔΩ, the Lat. *VIDEO*), to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by ὁράω: its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the other to know.

A. to see, mostly in aor. 2 εἶδον, Ep. ἴδον, ἴδεσκον; subj. ἴδω, Ep. also ἴδωμι; inf. ἴδέναι, Ep. also ἴδέειν; part. ἴδών. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2 med. εἰδόμεν, Ep. ἰδόμεν; imperat. ἴδου; subj. ἴδωμαι; inf. ἰδέσθαι. The aor. 2 imper. med. ἴδου is mostly an exclamation, *see! lo! behold!* Lat. *ecce.* 'Οράω is used as pres., ἑώρακα or ἑόρακα, as pf., ὕψομαι as fut. II. in Ep. and Ion. we find Pass. and Med. εἶδομαι: aor. I εἰσάμην, Ep. also ἑισάμην, ao, aor., in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. *videor; εἶδεται ἄστρα* the stars are visible, appear: hence, 2. to have or take the appearance of a thing: and c. dat. to make oneself like; εἰσάτο φθογῆν Πολίτην she made herself like Polites in voice.

B. to know:—the pf. οἶδα, I have seen, is used as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one has seen, one knows); so also plqpf. I had seen, in sense of impf. I knew:—indic. οἶδα, οἶσθα (poet. also οἶδας); I pl. ἴσμεν (Ep. and Dor. ἴδμεν), ἴστε, ἴσασι:—imperat. ἴσθι, ἴστω:—subj. εἶδῶ, Ep. also ἰδῶ;—opt. εἰδέην;—inf. εἰδέναι, Ep. ἰδμεναι and ἴδμεν:—part. εἰδός, Ep. fem. ἰδύια:—impf., ἦδειν, Ep. ἦδεα, Att. ἦδη; Ep. 2 sing. ἦειδης for ἦδης, Att. ἦδηθα; 3 sing., Ep. ἦειδη, Att. ἦδη, ἦδειν; plur., ἦδειμε, ἦδειτε or ἦδετε, ἦδεισαν or ἦδισαν, Att. ἦσμεν, ἦστε, ἦσαν (Ep. ἴσαν):—fut. εἰσομαι, more

rarely and mostly Ep. εἰδήσω. Το κνω; εὔ οἶδα I know well; εὔ ἴσθι κνω well, be assured; νοήματα, μήδεα οἶδε he is knowing, skilled in counsels; and so with Adjs., πεπνυμένα, φίλα, ἄρτια εἰδένα, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, εὔ εἰδώς well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόξων εὔ εἰδώς cunning with the bow. Also with acc., χόριν εἰδένα τινὶ τὸ ἀκποknowledge a debt to another, thank him:—οἶσθ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅτι, I know, you know it well:—also, οἶσθ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅ and οἶσθ' ὡς, followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, οἶσθ' ὃ δρᾶσον, for δρᾶσον, οἶσθ' ὃ, do, thou knowest what.

εἰδωλεῖον, τό, (εἰδωλον) an idol's temple.
εἰδωλό-θύτος, ον, (εἰδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idols; as Subst., τό εἰδωλόθυτον meat offered to idols.

εἰδωλολατρία, ἡ, idolatry. From εἰδωλο-λάτρης, ον, ὅ, ἡ, (εἰδωλον, λάτρης) an idol-worshipper, an idolater.

εἰδωλον, τῶν, (εἶδος) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; βροτῶν εἰδωλα καμόντων the phantoms of dead men. II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a fancy.

III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence an idol, false god.

εἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, pf. of *εἶδω v.
εἶεν, Att. for εἶσαν, 3 pl. opt. of εἰμί sum.
εἶεν, Particle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.
εἶην, opt. of εἰμί sum.
εἶην, aor. 2 opt. of ἴημι.
εἶθαρ, Adv. (εὐθύς) at once, forthwith.
εἶ-θε, Dor. and Ep. αἶ-θε, Interj. O that! would that! Lat. utinam!

εἶθην, Ion. ἔθην, aor. I pass. of ἴημι.
εἶθίζω, f. ἴσω, poet. for ἐθίζω,
εἶθισα, εἶθικα, aor. I and pf. of ἐθίζω,
εἶκα, Att. for ἔοικα.

εἶκα, pf. of ἴημι.
εἰκάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἠκασα Ion. εἶκασα:—Pass., aor. I ἠκέασθαι: pf. ἠκασμαι Ion. εἶκασμαι: (εἰκός):—to make like to, represent by a likeness:—Pass. to be like, resemble. II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.

εἰκάθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἶκω to yield; subj. εἰκάθω; inf. εἰκαθεῖν; part. εἰκαθών.

εἰκαῖος, α, ον, (εἰκῆ) without purpose: random, hasty. II. common, worthless.

εἰκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (εἰκοσι) the twentieth day of the month (sub. ἡμέρα).

εἰκάσια, ἡ, (εἰκάζω) a likeness, image: a conjecture.
εἰκασμα, ατος, τό, (εἰκάζω) a likeness.

εἰκασμός, οὔ, ὅ, (εἰκάζω) a conjecturing.

εἰκαστής, οὔ, ὅ, (εἰκάζω) one who conjectures, a guesser, diviner.

εἰκαστός, ὅ, ὄν, (εἰκάζω) to be compared, like.

εἰκάτι, Dor. for εἰκοσι.

εἰκελό-νευρος, ον, (εἰκελος, νευρος) dream-like.

εἰκέλος, η, ον, (εἰκός) like, after the fashion of.

εἰκελό-φωνος, ον, (εἰκελος, φωνή) of like voice.

εἰκέναί, Att. for ἔοικεναί, inf. of ἔοικα.

Εἰκῆ, Adv. without plan or purpose, heedlessly, rashly, at random, Lat. temeré.

εἰκονίζω, f. σω, (εἰκάνω) to mould into form. Hence εἰκόνισμα, ματος, τό, an image, copy.

εἰκός Ion. οἰκός, ὄτος, τό, neut. part. of ἔοικα, Lat. veri-simile, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair, equitable; παρά τὸ εἰκός unreasonable.

εἰκοσά-βοιος, Ep. ἔεικοσάβοιος, ον, (εἰκοσι, βοῦς) worth twenty oxen.

εἰκοσα-ετής, ἑς, (εἰκοσι, ἔτος) of twenty years.

εἰκοσάκις, (εἰκοσι) Adv. twenty times.

εἰκοσά-μηνος, ον, (εἰκοσι, μήν) twenty months old.

Εἰκοσι before a vowel, εἰκοσιν, Ep. ἔεικοσι, Dor. εἰκασι, οἰ, αἰ, τά, indecl. twenty, Lat. viginti.

εἰκοσι-νήριτος, ον, twenty-fold without dispute; εἰκοσινήριτ' ἀποινα a twenty-fold ransom.

εἰκοσι-πήχυς, υ, (εἰκοσι, πήχυς) of twenty cubits.

εἰκοσι-ὄργυιος, ον, (εἰκοσι, ὄργυια) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκοσσορος, poet. ἔεκα-, ον, (εἰκοσι) with twenty oars.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, see εἰκοστός II.

εἰκοστο-λόγος, ὅ, ἡ, (εἰκοστή, λέγω) one who collects the tax of a twentieth, a tax or toll collector.

εἰκοστός Ep. ἔεικοστός, ἡ, ὄν, the twentieth. II.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima.

εἰκοσι-ὄργυιος, ον, (εἰκοσι, ὄργυια) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκότος, Adv. of εἰκος, in all likelihood, probably, naturally: fairly, reasonably.

εἰκον, Ep. for ἔοικατον, 3 dual of ἔοικα.

εἰκτο, ἐκτην, Ep. for ἔοικε, εἰκάτην, 3 sing. and 3 dual. plrpf.

*Εἰκῶ, fut. εἴξω, to be like; 3 sing. impf. εἴκε, Att. ἦκε, it was like or likely, seemed good:—but the pf. ἔοικα, plrpf. ἔοικεον were used for the pres. and impf.; see ἔοικα.

Εἰκῶ, f. ξω: aor. I εἴξα: poet. aor. 2 εἰκάθον:—to yield, give way to, draw back, retire. 2. to submit to, obey, follow; ᾤνομα ἔξας following his own bent; πεινῆ εἰκῶν urged by poverty: hence to yield to another in a thing, to be weaker or inferior. II. trans. to yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow. III. impers. it is allowable, possible.

εἰκῶν, ἡ, gen. ὄνος, acc. ὄνα: Ion. gen. εἰκοῦς, acc. εἰκά, acc. pl. εἰκοῦς: (*εἴκω, ἔοικα):—a figure, image, likeness. II. a semblance, phantom, wraith. 2.

a simile.

εἰκάς, part. of ἔοικα, pf. of *εἴκω, to be like.

εἰλαδόν, Adv. (εἰλή) = ἰληδόν, in a troop.

εἰλαπινιάζω, (εἰλαπίνη) only used in pres. to feast in a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence

εἰλαπινιαστής, οὔ, ὅ, a banqueter, boon-companion.

εἰλαπίνη, ἡ, a feast or banquet given by a single host, opp. to ἔρανος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εἰλαρ, αρος, τό, (εἰλω) a covering: a protection, shelter: εἰλαρ νηῶν τε καὶ αὐτῶν a shelter for ship and crew: but εἰλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave.

εἰλάτινος, η, ον, Ep. for ἐλάτινος, of fir or pine.

εἰλᾶχα, Dor. for εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλεγμαι, for λέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of λέγω.
 Εἰλείθια, ἡ, *Pitibiā*, (from ἔλαθλυθία, fem. part. pf. of ἔρχομαι) the goddess of child-birth, who comes to aid those who are in travail; the same as the Roman *Lucina*, later made identical with *Diana*.

εἰλεν, εἰλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἰλεν, Dor. for εἰλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of αἰρέω.
 εἰλεόντο, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of εἰλέω.
 εἰλέω Att. εἰλέω, lengthd. form of εἰλω.
 εἰλη, ἡ, = ἴλη, a troop, company.
 εἰλη, ἡ, the sun's warmth: warmth; see ἔλη.
 εἰληγμαί, pf. pass. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰληδόν and εἰληδά, Adv. (εἰλη) = ἰληδόν, in troops or companies. II. (εἰλέω) by coiling round.

εἰλήλοθα, εἰληλόθειν, Ep. for ἐλήλυθα, ἐληλύθειν pf. and plqpf. of ἔρχομαι: εἰλήλουθμεν, Ep. for ἐληλύθαμεν, 1 plur. pf.

εἰλημμαί, pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληφα, pf. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλικρίνεα, ἡ, *pureness: sincerity*. From εἰλί-κρήνης, (εἰλη, κρήνω) examined by the sun's light, tested: hence, 1. *unmixed: pure, uncorrupted, Lat. sincerus. 2. distinct, palpable, sheer. 3. Adv. -ως, of itself, absolutely.*

εἰλυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐλυκτός.
 εἰλιξ, Ion. for ἐλιξ.
 εἰλί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πων, τό, gen. -ποδος: (εἰλω, ποῖς): trailing the feet heavily in walking, with rolling walk, epith. of oxen.

εἰλίσσω, poet. and Ion. for ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλι-τενής, ἐς, epith. of the plant ἄγρωστις, (from ἔλος, τείνω), stretching or spreading through marshes.
 εἰλιχάτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλυκῦσα, εἰλυκῦσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐλκαω.
 εἰλυκσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλκαω.

εἰλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἰλοχα, Att. pf. of λέγω.
 εἰλυᾶται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of εἰλέω.
 εἰλυῖα, ατος, τό, (εἰλυῖα) a cover, dress, clothing.
 εἰλυός, ὁ, (εἰλυῖα) a lurking-place, den.
 εἰλυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἰλέω.
 εἰλυφάζω, = εἰλύω, to roll along. II. intr. to roll oneself along, whirl about.

εἰλυφάω, = εἰλυφάζω: Ep. part. εἰλυφάων.
 ΕΓΑΤ'Ω Att. εἰλύω: f. ἴσω [ῆ]: pf. pass. εἰλύμαι:—to wrap round, enfold:—Pass. to be wrapped or covered; esp. in pf. part., εἰλυμένος ψαμάθων buried in the sand. II. in Pass., also, to wind, creep, or crawl along.

ΕΓ'ΑΩ, εἰλλω, or ἴλλω; also εἰλέω Att. εἰλέω:—from εἰλω or ἴλω, the former aor. I ἔλωσα, inf. ἔλωσαι Ep. ἔέλσαι; Pass., aor. 2 ἔαλην [ᾶ]; inf. ἀληναι Ep. ἀλημεναι; part. ἀλεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν: Ep. pf. ἔελμαι:—from εἰλέω are formed impf. ἔλεον, Ep. 3 sing. ἐλεῖει; fut. εἰλήσω: aor. 2 εἰλησα: Pass., aor. 1 εἰλήθην: pf. εἰλημαι.—There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing. ἔλοει,

plqpf. ἐλόγητο. I. Act. to roll or twist tight up, to press hard or close: to force together: to coop up or shut up in a place. 2. to drive violently along, smite, strike; νῆα κεραυνῷ ἔλωσα having struck the ship with a thunderbolt. II. Pass. to be rolled up together: to be shut or cooped up in a place, to throng together, assemble, crowd thickly together; ἀλεν ὑδωρ water collected:—also to draw oneself together, crouch, cower; Ἀχιλλῆα ἀλεῖς μένεν collecting himself he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. to go to and fro, go about, Lat. *versari*. 3. to turn or whirl round, revolve, like ἐλίσσω, γῆ ἐλλομένη (or ἰλλομένη) the earth turning on its axis.

Εἰλως, ατος, ὁ, and Εἰλώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. Εἰλωτίς, ἰδος:—a *Helot*, i. e. a serf of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From ἔλω, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were enslaved.)

Εἰλωτία, ἡ, the condition of a *Helot*, slavery. From Εἰλωτεύω, f. σω, (εἰλώτης) to be a *Helot* or serf.
 εἶμα, ατος, τό, (ἐννυμι) a dress, garment, cloak: later clothing: an over-garment. II. later also a cover, carpet.

εἶμαι, pf. pass. of ἐννυμι. II. pf. pass. of ἴημι. III. rarer form for ἦμαι, pf. pass. of ἔζω.

εἶμαρτα, εἶμαρτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of μέιρομαι.
 εἶμέν, Ep. and Ion. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. pres. of εἶμι sum: but εἶμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum.

εἶμένως, part. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 εἶμές, Dor. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. of εἶμι sum: but εἶμες, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum.

εἶμι, Aeol. εἶμι (from Root *ἔΩ, sum, esse); εἶ Ep. εἶς, Ep. and Dor. ἔσαι; ἐστί Dor. ἐστί; plur., ἐσμέν Ep. and Ion. εἶμέν Dor. εἶμές; ἐστέ; εἰσί Ep. εἶσι Dor. ἐντί:—Imper. ἴσθι, Ep. in med. form ἔσο, ἔσσο, ἔστο; plur. 3 εἴτωσαν Ep. ἔστωσαν Att. ὄνταν:—Subj. ᾧ Ep. ἔω or εἴω:—Opt. εἴην Ep. εἴοιμι; plur. εἴημεν, εἴητε Ep. εἴμεν, εἴτε:—Infin. εἶναι Ep. ἔμμεναι, ἔμμεν, ἔμμεναι, ἔμμεν:—Part. ᾧν Ep. ἐών, ἐούσα, etc.:—Imperf. ἦν (late Att. in med. form ἦμην), Ep. and Ion. ἔα, Ep. also ἦα, ἔον or ἔσσκον, ἐς, ἐς, etc.; 2 sing. ἦσθα Ep. and ἔσθα; 3 sing. ἦ or ἦν Ep. ἦεν; 3 dual ἦτην or ἦστην; 3 pl. ἦσαν Ep. ἔσαν.—Fut. ἔσομαι, poet. ἔσσομαι, 3 sing. ἐσσεῖται from Dor. ἐσοῦμαι.—The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. εἶ. The other persons are enclitic, when εἶμι is not emphatic. But ἐστί is written ἐστι in cases of emphasis.

To be, Lat. *sum*. 2. as Verb Substant. to be, to exist, be in existence; οὐκέτ' ἐστι he is no more: esp. to live, οὐκ ἔσθ' οὗτος ἀνὴρ, οὐδ' ἔσσειαται there lives not the man, no nor will live. II. ἐστί, impers. with inf., it is possible, lawful. III. εἶμι with a gen. expresses descent or extraction; αἵματος εἰς ἀγαθοῦ θου art of good blood. 2. ἑαυτοῦ εἶναι to be one's own master, Lat. *sui juris esse*. 3. with the gen. put partitively; δῆμον ἐστί be belongs to the people, is one of them. 4. also as in Lat., of the

duty or property of a thing; ἀνδρός ἐστι it is the part of a man; σωφροσύνης ἐστὶ it is a mark of temperance.

IV. c. dat., ἐστι μοι, Lat. est mihi, I have; ἔμοι δὲ κεν ἀσμένω εἶη, Lat. esset mihi volenti.

V. τὰ ὄντα, existing things; τὰ ὄντα

εἰρηκέναι to speak the truth.

VI. ἔστιν ὅς, εἰσὶν οἱ, Lat. est qui, sunt qui, some one, some, many; ἔστιν or ἔσθ' ὅτε, Lat. est quum, at times, sometimes; ἔσθ' ὅπου or ὅπου, Lat. est ubi, somewhere, somehow; ἔστιν ὅπως in some way.

VII. εἶναι often seems redundant, e.g. τὸ νῦν εἶναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σύμπαν εἶναι, for τὸ νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι.

εἶμι (from Root *ἸΩ, εο), εἶς Ep. εἶσα, εἶσι, plur. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἰᾶσι or εἶσι:—imperat. ἴθι, ἴτω, pl. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἴτωσαν Att. ἰόντων:—Subj. ἴω, ἴψ Ep. ἴηθα, ἴη Ep. ἴησι:—Opt. ἴοιμι, ἰόην, Ep. 3 sing. ἰέη or εἴη:—Inf. ἰέναι Ep. ἰμεναι, ἴμεν:—Part. ἰών:—Impf. ἦεν Ep. and Ion. ἦια, 3 sing. ἦיע contr. ἦε; dual ἦτην; plur. ἦειμεν, ἦειτε, ἦεσαν, contr. ἦμεν, ἦτε, ἦσαν, Ep. 3 pl. also ἦσαν, ἴσαν, and I pl. ἦομεν. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. IBO, I will go: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. εἶσομαι, to hasten, with an aor. I med. εἶσάμην, 3 sing. εἶσατο, ἔεσατο, 3 dual εἶσάσθην.

To go, Lat. eo, ire; ἰέναι τιλὶ διὰ φιλίας, δι' ἔχθρας, διὰ πολέμου, etc., to live in friendship or enmity with any one; χροδὲ εἶσατο it went through the skin; c. inf. fut., ἔεσάσθην σιλήσειν they went to plunder.—It was used also of going in a ship, as, ἐπὶ νηὸς ἰέναι.

2. of birds, to fly, etc. 3. of the motion of things; πέλεκυς εἶσι διὰ δουρὸς the axe goes, is driven through the beam; ἔτος εἶσι the year will pass or close:—in Att., ἰέναι εἰς ταῦτόν to come together; ἰέναι εἰς λόγους to come to conference: Imperat. ἴθι δὴ go then, well then! good!

εἶν, poet. for ἐν, in.
εἶνᾶ-ετής, ἐς, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) of nine years: neut. εἶνᾶ-ετες as Adv., nine years long.

εἶνᾶετής, ἴδος, fem. of εἶναετής, nine years old.

εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum. II. for ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἰδο.

εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἴημι, to send.

εἶνακός, Adv., poet. for ἐννάκός, nine times.

εἶναχο-χίλιοι, ὠν, nine thousand.

εἶνακόσιοι, αἰ, α, poet. and Ion. for ἐννακόσιοι.

εἶν-άλιος, η, ὠν, poet. for ἐνάλιος.

εἶνᾶ-νύχες, as Adv., (ἐννέα, νύξ) nine nights long.

εἶνάς, ἄδος, ἦ, poet. for ἐννέας II, the ninth day.

εἶνάτερες, αἰ, brothers' wives, sisters-in-law.

εἶνάτος, η, ὠν, poet. for ἐννατος, the ninth.

εἶνεκα, εἶνεκεν, Ion. and poet. for ἐνεκα, on account, because of, c. gen.

εἶνί, Ep. for the Prep. ἐν, in.

εἶν-όδιος, η, α, and ὠν, poet. for ἐνόδιος.

εἶνοσί-φυλλος, ὠν, (ἐνοσίς, φύλλον) with shaking foliage, quivering with leaves.

εἶξα, aor. 2 of εἶκω, to yield.

εἶξασι, Att. for εἶκασι, 3 pl. pf. of *εἶκω, to be like.

εἶξασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of εἶκω, to yield.

εἶο, Ep. gen. for εἶο, οὖ, of him, of her; ἀπὸ εἶο from himself.

εἰουκῖται, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of εἶουκα.

εἶος, Ep. for εἶος, until.

εἶπα, aor. I for the common εἶπον, I said; see εἶπον.

εἶπέμεν, Dor. for εἶπεῖν.

εἶ-περ, if at all events, if indeed.

εἶπην, Dor. for εἶπεῖν, see εἶπον.

εἶ-ποθεν, Adv. if from any place.

εἶ-ποθι, Adv. if, whether anywhere.

εἶπον, I spoke, I said, aor. 2 from Root *ΕΙΠΩ; imperat. εἶπέ, Ep. 2 pl. ἔσπετε; inf. εἶπεῖν Ep. εἶπέμεναι, -έμεν, Dor. εἶπην; part. εἶπών.

There is also an aor. I εἶπα, used mostly in 2 sing. εἶπας, imperat. εἶπον, εἶπάτω, εἶπατον, εἶπατε: εἶπέ, like ἄγε, occurs also in εἶπετε before a plural. In Compos. a Med. form appears, as ἀπέπασθα. The pres. is supplied by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω, ἐρῶ, εἴρηκα.

εἶποντο, 3 pl. impf. of εἶπομαι, to follow.

εἶ-ποτε, Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. si-quando.

II. indirect, if or whether ever.

εἶ που, Adv. if anywhere, Lat. si-cubi.

εἶ πως, Adv. if at all, if by any means.

εἶρήνη, Dor. for εἰρήνη.

εἶργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἶργω.

εἶργασάμην, aor. I med. of ἐργάζομαι, used in act. sense: εἶργασθην, aor. I pass. used in pass. sense.

εἶργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι, used in both act. and pass. sense.

εἶργμός, Att. εἶργμός, ὁ, (εἶργω) a prison.

εἶργμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (εἶργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.

εἶργνυμι and -ῶ, = εἶργω, to shut in or up.

Εἶργῖνον or εἶργω, Att. for the earlier form ἔργω.

εἶρεῖται, Ion. for εἶρηται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρέω.

εἶρεπος, ὁ, (εἶρω) bondage, slavery.

εἶρεσία Ion. -λη, ἦ, (ἐρέσσω) a rowing.

2. any violent motion, throbbing.

II. a complement or crew of rowers, Lat. remigium.

εἶρεσιώνη, ἦ, (εἶρος) a harvest-wreath of olive or laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing boys at the festivals of Πυανέμια and Θαργήλια, and afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was likewise called Eiresioné.

εἶρέω, Ion. for ἐρέω, to say.

εἶρη, ἦ, (εἶρω) old word for ἀγορά, a place of assembly.

εἶρηκα, -ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

εἶρην or ἱρην, ενος, ὁ, (εἶρω or ἐρέω) a Laced. youth from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speak in the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att. ἐφηβος.

εἶρηναῖος, α, ὠν, (εἰρήνη) peaceful, in peace.

εἶρηνεύω, f. σω, to keep peace, live peaceably, be at peace.

II. trans. to bring to peace, reconcile.

From

εἰρήνη, ἦ, peace, time of peace, Lat. pax; εἰρήνην ἄγειν to keep peace: metaph. rest, repose. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

εἰρηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for peace: *peaceful, peaceable*:—Adv. —κῶς.

εἰρηνοποιέω, f. ἦσα, to make peace. From εἰρηνοποιός, ὄν, (εἰρήνη, ποιέω) making peace: as Subst., εἰρηνοποιός, ὄ, a peace-maker.

εἰρηνοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, ἡ, (εἰρήνη, φύλαξ) a guardian of peace.

εἰρήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of ἔρω, ἐρῶ.

εἰρήνη, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἔριος, *woollen, of wool*. From εἶριον, τό, (εἶρος) Ion. for ἔριον, *wool*.

εἰρκτέον, verb. Adj. of εἶργω, *one must prevent*.

εἰρκτήῃ, ἡ, (εἶργω) an inclosure, *prison*.

εἶρο-κόμος, ὄν, (εἶρος, κομέω) *dressing wool*.

εἶρομαι, Ion. for ἔρομαι, to ask: see εἶρω B.

εἶρο-πόκος, ὄν, (εἶρος, πόκος) *wool-fleeced, woolly*.

ΕἶΡΟΣ, τό, *wool*.

εἶρο-χάρης, ἐς, (εἶρος, χαρῆναι) *delighting in wool*.

εἶροπτες, Dor. for εἶροπτες, I pl. impf. of ἔρω.

εἶρύταται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἔρύομαι:—εἶρύτατο, 3 pl. plqpf. (in sense of aor.)

εἶρύμαι, pf. pass. of ἔρνω.

εἶρμυαί [ῥ], poet. for ἔρμυει, inf. of ἔρνω.

εἶρύσας [ῥ], Ion. aor. I part. of ἔρνω.

εἶρύσσαιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἔρνω.

εἶρύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of aor. 2) of ἔρνω.

εἶρνω, εἶρνομαι, Ion. for ἔρνω, ἔρνομαι.

ΕἶΡΩ (A): aor. I εἶρα and ἔρσα: pf. pass. part. ἐρμένος, Ep. ἐρμένος:—Lat. *SERO, to tie, join, fasten together, string; ἡλέκτρασιν ἐρμένος set with pieces of electron*.

ΕἶΡΩΝ (B): to say, speak, tell; so also in Med. εἶπετο, εἶροντο:—but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see ἐρῶ.

ΕἶΡΩΝ, ἄνος, ὄ, a dissembler, one who says less than he thinks or means.

εἶρωνεία, ἡ, *dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists*. From

εἶρωνεύομαι, (εἶρων) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign ignorance.

εἰρυνικός, ἡ, ὄν, *befitting a dissembler*. Adv. —κῶς. εἰρωτάω or εἰρωτέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἔρωτάω.

ΕἶΣ or ἜΣ, PREP. WITH ACC. ONLY. Radic. sense: *direction towards, motion to, in or into*. I. OF PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, εἰς ὤτα ιδέσθαι to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of hostile direction, Lat. *contra, adversus*, = πρόσ.

2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, ἐς μέγαρον κατέθηκε he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, παρῖναί εἰς τόπον to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, σώξασθαι εἰς τόπον.

3. ellipt. c. gen., εἰς Ἄϊδαο [δόμον], Att. εἰς Ἄϊδου, to the abode of Hades; ἐς Ἀθηναίης [ιερόν] to the temple of Athena, ἐς Πριάμοιο [οἶκον] etc.; so in

Prose, εἰς Δήμητρος to the temple of Ceres, etc.; as in Lat. ad *Apollinis, Castoris* (sub. *aedem*).

OF TIME, 1. until, ἐς ἡῶ, ἐς ἡέλιον καταδύντα, εἰς ὅτε till the time when . . , till morn, till sunset; ἐς ὅ until; ἐς ἐμέ ἡρ to my time. 2. to determine a period, for, εἰς ἑναυτίον for a year, i. e. a whole year; ἐς θέρος, ἐς ὁπώραν for the summer, etc.; εἰς αἶψα for ever; εἰς ἡμᾶς ἡρ to our time; εἰς τρίτην ἡμέραν to the third day, ἡ. e. in three days or on the third day.

III. OF AN END OR PURPOSE, εἰπεῖν εἰς ἀγαθόν to speak for good, with a good object; ἐς πόλεμον θαρῆξομαι I will arm me for war.

IV. WITH NUMERALS: ἐς μίαν (sc. βουλῆν) βουλευεῖν to resolve one way or unanimously; ἐς ἑν ἐρχεσθαι to agree together; with plurals, ἡρ to, εἰς μυρίους as many as ten thousand; εἰς δύο two deep; also of round numbers, about, at most.

V. to express RELATION, ἐς ὅ in regard to which, i. e. *wherefore*: εἰς τί; for what? why? hence for Adv., ἐς τάχος for *ταχέως*.

Eis is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, εἰς ἀμφοτέρω Διομήδεος ἄρματα βήτην. It is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled in εἰς ἀλαδέ.

ΕἶΣ, μία, ἑν, gen. ἐνός, μιᾶς, ἐνός, Lat. *UNUS, ONE*: the fem. μία points to a second Root, which appears without the init. μ in the Ep. masc. ἶος, fem. ἶα: strengthd. εἰς ὄλος, μία ὅτα or οἴη, a single one, one alone: with Sup., εἰς ἄριστος: εἰς τις some one, Lat. *unus aliquis*: εἰς ἕκαστος each one, Lat. *unusquisque*: καθ' ἑν ἕκαστον each singly, piece by piece: εἰς ἀνήρ, Lat. *unus omnium, for one man*, πλείστας γυναῖκας εἰς ἀνὴρ ἐγγήματο most for one man.

εἰς, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμί *sum*. II. 2 sing. pres. of εἶμι *ibo*.

εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἔτημ.

ΕἶΣΑ, Causal aor. I of ἴζω, ἔζομαι, to put, place, lay; σκοπὸν εἶσε he set a spy; λόχον εἶσαν they laid an ambush: part. εἶσας, inf. ἔσαι, Ep. ἔσσα. II. also fut. med. ἔσομαι Ep. ἔσσομαι: aor. I εἰσάμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι:—to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are supplied from ἰδρῶνα.

εἰσ-αγαγών, aor. 2 part. of εἰσάγω.

εἰσαγγελεύς, ἑως, ὄ, (εἰσαγγέλλω) one who announces, an usher, an officer at the Persian court.

εἰσαγγελία, ἡ, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From εἰσ-αγγέλλω, f. —εἰλῶ: for the tenses, v. ἀγγέλλω:—to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see εἰσαγγελεύς): generally, to announce, report. II. to accuse one of a state-offence; see εἰσαγγελία.

εἰσ-ἀγείρω, f. —εἰρῶ: for the tenses, v. ἀγείρω:—to gather into a place.

εἰσ-άγω, f. ἔω: aor. 2 —ἡγαγον: pf. —αγήοχα:—to lead in or into; εἰσάγειν or εἰσάγεσθαι γυναῖκα to lead a wife into one's house. 2. to import foreign

wares; εἰσάγεσθαι καὶ ἐξάγεσθαι to import and export:—Med. to admit forces into a city: also to introduce into a league; to introduce new customs.

II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; εἰσάγειν τι ἐς βουλὴν, to bring before the Council.

2. as law-term, εἰσάγειν δίκην or γραφὴν to open the proceedings, state the case.

εἰσαεῖ, Adv. for εἰς αἶ, for ever.

εἰσ-αείρομαι, Med. to take to oneself.

εἰσ-αθρέω, f. ἦσω, to look into, descry.

εἰσ-αίρω, f. -ἄρω, to lift or carry in.

εἰσ-αἴσσω, εἰσ-ἄσσω, f. -ἄξω, to dart into.

εἰσατο, 3 sing. aor. med. opt. of *εἶδω.

εἰσ-ἄκοντιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to hurl javelins at:

absol., to dart or spout up, of blood.

εἰσ-ἄκουω, f. σομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα: pf. -ακήκοα: —to listen, barken to; and, simply, to bear.

II. to obey, comply with, give heed to.

εἰσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of εἰσάγειν, one must bring in.

εἰσ-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλουμαι: aor. I -ἤλαμην: Ep. 3

sing. aor. 2 ἐσάλτο: Dep.: —to leap or spring into: also to leap upon.

εἰσ-ἄμείβω, f. ψω, to pass into.

εἰσάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of εἶμι ἴβο.

aor. I med. of *εἶδω, I see.

εἰσάμην, aor. I med. of εἶσα, I founded.

εἰσ-αναβαίνω, aor. 2 -ανέβην, to go up into.

εἰσ-ἀναγκάζω, f. to force into, constrain.

εἰσ-ἀνάγω, f. ζω, to lead up into.

εἰσ-ἀνειδόν, aor. 2 (see εἶδον): to look up to.

εἰσ-ἀνεμι, to go up into.

εἰσανιδόν, part. of εἰσανεῖδον.

εἰσανιών, part. of εἰσανέμι.

εἰσ-ἀντα, Adv. straight into, into or in the face.

εἰσάπαν, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαν, altogether.

εἰσάπαξ, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαξ, at once.

εἰσ-ἄρᾶσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ζω, to drive in upon.

εἴσατο, εἴσατο, v. εἰσάμην, εἰσάμην.

εἰσ-ἄττω, Att. for εἰσαισῶσσω.

εἰσ-αυγάζω, f. σω, to look at.

εἰσαυθῖς, Adv. for εἰς αὐθῖς, hereafter.

εἰσαυθιον, Adv. for εἰς αὐριον, on the morrow.

εἰσ-αυτίς, Adv. Dor. and Ion. for εἰσαυθῖς.

εἰσ-ἄφημι, f. -αφήσω, to send into: to let in.

εἰσ-αφικάνω, = εἰσαφικνέομαι. [ἄν]

εἰσαφικέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσαφικνέομαι.

εἰσ-αφικνέομαι, f. ἴζομαι, Dep. to come or go into,

to arrive at.

εἰσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:

—to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark.

2. impers., εἰσβαίνει μοι it comes into my head.

II. Causal in aor. I εἰσέβησα, to make to go into, to put into: see εἰσβιβάζω, which serves as pres. in this sense.

εἰσ-βάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβηκα: —to throw into:—Med. to put on board one's ship.

II. (sub. ἐαυτὸν or στρατιάν), to throw oneself into, make an inroad or incursion into, invade: also (sub. ναῦν) to enter port, Lat. appellere.

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty themselves into, fall into.

3. also to come to, fall into accidentally.

εἰσβάσις, εὖς, ἦ, (εἰσβαίνω) an entrance, way of entering: embarkation.

εἰσβατός, ἦ, ὄν, (εἰσβαίνω) accessible.

εἰσ-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to force one's way into.

εἰσ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of εἰσ-

βαίνω, to make to go into, put into.

εἰσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at, look upon.

εἰσβολή, ἦ, (εἰσβάλλω II) a throwing oneself into:

an inroad, invasion, attack.

2. a way of entering, an entrance, pass: in plur., also, the mouth of a river.

3. an entering into a thing, a beginning.

εἰσ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write in, inscribe:—Med. to have oneself written down or inscribed; εἰσγράφεσθαι ἐς τὰς σπονδὰς to have oneself written or received into the league.

εἰσ-δέκομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. εἰσέδρακον:—

to look at or upon, behold, observe.

εἰσ-δέχομαι, Ion. εἰσ-δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: aor. I

εἰσεδέξαμην and εἰσεδέχθη: Dep.:—to take into,

admit.

εἰσ-δίδωμι, used intr., of rivers, to flow into.

εἰσδοχή, ἦ, (εἰσδέχομαι) reception.

εἰσδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσδρομή, ἦ, (εἰσδραμεῖν) an onslaught, assault.

εἰσ-δύω or εἰσ-δύνω, and (in same sense) Med. εἰσ-

δύομαι: f. -δύσομαι: aor. 2 -έδυν: pf. -δέδυκα:—to

get into, slip into or in; δεινόν τι ἐνέδυνε σφίσι a

kind of fear entered into them; ἀκοντιστὸν ἐσδύσεαι

thou wilt enter into a contest of archery.

εἶσε, see εἶσα.

εἰσέβην, aor. 2 of εἰσβαίνω: εἰσέβησα, causal aor. I.

εἰσέγραφα, aor. I of εἰσγράφω.

εἰσεδέξαμην, εἰσεδέχθη, aor. I of εἰσδέχομαι.

εἰσέδρακον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρομαι.

εἰσέδραμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσ-έδυν, aor. 2 of εἰσδύω.

εἰσ-έιδον, aor. 2 (see εἶδον), to look on or at.

εἰσ-εμι, inf. -ιένα: impf. εἰσέην: (εἰς, εἶμι ἴβο):—

to go into, go in; ὀφθαλμοῖς εἰσεμι I will come into

his sight; ἀρχὴν εἰσεῖναι to enter on an office.

II. as law-term, to come before the court.

III. metaph. to come into one's mind.

εἰσέκελσα, aor. I of εἰσκέλλω.

εἰσεκλίσα, aor. I of εἰσεκλίνω.

εἰσ-ελαύνω Ep. -ελάω: fut. -ελάσω [ἄ] Att. -ελῶ:

for the tenses, v. ἐλαύνω:—to drive into or in.

II. (sub. ἵππον or ναῦν) to row into a place, like Lat. appellere.

εἰσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσ-έλω: f. -έλω: aor. I -εἰκύσα:—to drag into.

εἰσ-εμβαίνω, aor. 2 εἰσενέβην, to go on board.

εἰσενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσφέρειν.

εἰσ-ενηγοχα, pf. of εἰσφέρειν.

εἰσένθωμες, Dor. for εἰσέλωμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj.

of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσενόησα, aor. I of εἰσνοέω.
 εἰσέπαισα, aor. I of εἰσπαίω.
 εἰσέπειτα, Adv. for εἰς ἔπειτα, henceforward.
 εἰσέπατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰσ-ἐργῆμι or -ῶω, to shut up into, enclose in a place.
 εἰσέρρηγν, aor. I (in pass. form) of εἰσρέω.
 εἰσ-έρρω, aor. I εἰσῆρρησα: pf. εἰσῆρρηκα:—to go into, get in.
 εἰσ-ερώω, aor. I part. εἰσερώσας [ῶ], to draw into.
 εἰσ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἤλυθον, -ἤλθον: Dep.:—to go or come into, to enter, Lat. in-ire: metaph. to enter one's mind: absol. of money, to come in, as πρόσδοσι εἰσῆλθον. II. as Att. law-term, of the accuser, to come into court.
 εἰσ-επι, Adv. still yet.
 εἰσ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stretch into, reach.
 εἰσ-ηγέομαι, fut. ἴσομαι, Dep. to bring in, introduce, propound, bring forward. II. εἰσηγεῖσθαι τινι to represent to any one, instruct him. Hence εἰσηγήματα, ματος, τό, a proposition, motion: and εἰσηγήσις, εως, ἡ, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and εἰσηγητέον, verb. Adj., one must bring in: and εἰσηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who brings in, a mover, proposer.
 εἰσ-ηθεύω, f. ἴσω, to inject by a syringe.
 εἰσ-ἦκω, f. -ἦξω, to be come in: to come in.
 εἰσ-ἤλυθον, εἰσῆλθον, aor. 2 of εἰσέρχομαι.
 εἰσηλυσία, ἡ, (εἰσῆλυθον) a coming in.
 εἰσηνεγκαι, aor. I of εἰσφέρω.
 εἰσθα, Aeol. and Ep. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἰμι ido.
 εἰσθαί, pf. pass. inf. of ἵημι.
 εἰσ-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run into, run up to.
 εἰσ-θρώσκω, aor. -έθορον, to leap into or in.
 εἰσί, εἰσίν, 3 pl. pres. of εἰμί sum.
 εἰσι, εἰσιν, 3 sing. pres. of εἰμι ido.
 εἰσιδεῖν, Ep. εἰσιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσεῖδον.
 εἰσ-ιδρύω, f. σω: pf. pass. εἰσιδρῦμαι: (εἰς, ἰδρῶω): to build, found in a place.
 εἰσ-ίζομαι, Pass. (εἰς, ἴζω) to be seated in, to sit down in.
 εἰσ-ἵημι, f. -ἴσω, to send or put into:—Med. to be-take oneself to; also in act. sense, to admit, let in.
 εἰσῆμνη, ἡ, (εἰσ-εμι) an entrance.
 εἰσ-ικνεόμαι, fut. -ἴξομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰσ-ἵπταμαι, late form of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰσ-καλαμάομαι, (εἰς, καλάμη) to haul in—with a fishing rod.
 εἰσ-κάλῶ, f. ἴσω, to call in.
 εἰσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, aor. 2 εἰσκατέβην, to go down into.
 εἰσ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put down into.
 εἰσ-κειμαι, as Pass. of εἰστίθημι, to be put into, lie in: to be put on board ship.
 εἰσ-κέλλω, f. -κείλω: aor. I -έκελσα:—to push or thrust in: (sub. ναῦν), to put into shore, put to land.
 εἰσ-κηρύσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to call in by herald: esp. to call into the lists for combat.

εἰσοκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing in, importation. From εἰσοκομίζω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω: to bring into, import:—Pass. to get into a place for shelter.
 εἰσ-κυκλώω, f. ἴσω, to turn or wheel inwards on the stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the spectators, v. ἐκκυκλώω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα εἰσ-κεκύκληκεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν some spirit has brought ill luck into the house.
 εἰσ-κυλίω, f. κυλίω [ῖ]: to roll into.
 ἔισκω: impf. ἤισκον: (ἴσος, ἔισος):—to make like: to think like, liken: metaph. to compare: and so to guess, conjecture, believe.
 εἰσ-λεύσομαι, to look into.
 εἰσ-μαίομαι, aor. I εἰσεμασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. εἰσεμάσατο Dor. -άφατο: Med.: (εἰς, μάσσω):—to touch to the quick. II. to put in the hand to feel.
 εἰσ-νέομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim into.
 εἰσ-νοέω, f. ἴσω, to perceive, remark.
 εἰσ-οδος, ἡ, (εἰς, ὁδός) a way into, entry. II. a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance.
 εἰσ-οικειώω, f. ὴσω, (εἰς, οικείος) to bring in as a friend:—Pass. to become friend to any one.
 εἰσ-οικέω, f. ἴσω, to dwell in, settle in. Hence εἰσοικησίς, εως, ἡ, settlement: a dwelling.
 εἰσ-οικιζέω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to bring as a colonist into a place:—Pass. to settle oneself in a place.
 εἰσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build into.
 εἰσοικνεύσα, Aeol. for εἰσοικνεύσας, 3 pl. of εἰσ-οικνεύω, f. ἴσω, to go into, enter.
 εἰσ-όκε or -εν, Dor. εἰσ-όκα, (εἰς ὅ κε) until such time as:—so long as.
 εἰσομαι, fut. of *εἶδος B: εἴσειαι, Ep. 2 sing. II. Ep. fut. of εἰμι ido.
 εἰσον, imperat. of εἰσα.
 εἰσ-όπνυ, (εἰς, ὄπνυ) Adv. hereafter.
 εἰσ-όπισω, Adv. in time to come, hereafter.
 εἰσοπτος, ον, (εἰσόψομαι) looked upon: to be seen, visible.
 εἰσοπτήρις, ἴδος, ἡ, = εἰσοπτρον.
 εἰσ-οπτρον, τό, (εἰσόψομαι) a looking-glass, mirror.
 εἰσ-οράω, Ep. part. εἰσορώω, inf. med. εἰσοράσασθαι: the fut. εἰσόψομαι and aor. 2 εἰσειδον are supplied from other Roots (see ὄραω):—to look at or upon, view, behold: also to look on with admiration, revere, respect: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily: also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold.
 εἰσ-ορμάω, f. ἴσω, to bring forcibly into:—Pass. to force one's way into.
 εἰσορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to bring into port:—Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port.
 εἰσοροτώω, f. σω, to rush in.
 ἔισος, ἡ, ον [ῖ], Ep. lengthd. form of ἴσος, alike, equal, used in these phrases: 1. δαῖς ἔιση the equal banquet, i. e. equally shared. 2. νῆες ἔισαι the equal or well-balanced ships. 3. ἀσπίς πάντρος

εἶση the all-even shield, i. e. quite round. 4. φρέ-
 ves ἔνδον εἶσαι an even mind, that is well-balanced,
 calm, Lat. mens aequa.

εἰσότε, for εἰς ὅτε, until.

εἰσόφης, εως, ἡ, a looking upon: a spectacle. From
 εἰσώφωμαι, fut. of εἰσώρα, formed from Root *εἰσ-
 ὀπτομαι.

εἰσ-παῖω, aor. I εἰσέπασα, to burst or dash in.

εἰσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send in, bring in: to suborn.

εἰσ-περάω, f. ἄω [ᾱ] Ion. ἦσω, to pass over into.

εἰσ-πηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to leap into, burst in.

εἰσ-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med.
 form εἰσπτάμην and act. εἰσέπτην:—to fly into.

εἰσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέ-
 πτωκα:—to fall or rush into: to be thrown
 into.

II. to fall upon, attack.

εἰσ-πίνω, poet. form of εἰσπίπω.

εἰσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence
 εἰσπλοος, contr. εἰσπλους, ὁ, a sailing in of
 ships. II. the entrance of a harbour.

εἰσ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe in, imbale, Lat.
 inspirare. II. to breathe upon. Hence

εἰσπνήλας, ὁ, one who inspires love, a lover.

εἰσ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to put into the hands of, to give
 (a son) to be adopted by another:—Pass. to be
 adopted. II. to introduce. Hence

εἰσποιήτος, ἡ, ον, adopted.

εἰσ-πορεύω, f. σω, to lead into:—Pass., with fut.
 med. -εύσομαι, to go into, enter.

εἰσπραξις, εως, ἡ, exaction or collection of taxes.

εἰσ-πράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to get in or collect
 taxes:—Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

εἰσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and -ρύσομαι: aor. 2 -ερ-
 ρήν:—to stream into.

εἰστήκειν, plqpf. intr. of ἴσθημι.

εἰστιάκα, εἰστιάσα, pf. and aor. of εἰστιάω.

εἰσ-τίθω, fut. -θήσω:—to put into, place in: also
 with or without ἐς ναῦν, to put on board ship:—Med.,
 τέκνα ἐσθθεῖν (aor. 2 inf.) to put them on board.

εἰσ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot or dart into.

εἰσ-τρέχω: fut. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον (from
 *δρέμω). To run in or into, to run upon.

εἰσ-φέρω: fut. -οίσω (from *οἶω): aor. I -ήνεγκα
 and pf. -ἐνήνοχα (from *ἐνέγκω): cf. φέρω:—to
 carry into: to bring in or upon.

II. to bring

in, contribute: at Athens, to pay tax on

property. III. to introduce, bring forward, pro-
 pose.

IV. Med. to carry with one: also like

Act. to introduce. 2. to import. V. Pass.

to rush in. 2. to be imported.

εἰσ-φοιτάω, f. ἦσω, to go continually to, to visit.

εἰσφορά, ἡ, (εἰσφέρω) a carrying into. II. a

bringing in, contribution: at Athens, a property-tax,
 raised to meet the exigencies of war.

εἰσ-φορέω, f. ἦσω, = εἰσφέρω.

εἰσ-φρέω, fut. -φρήσω and -φρήσομαι: imperat. εἰσ-

φρες: (εἰς, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v.
 διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let in, admit:—Med. to bring
 in with one.

εἰσ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, to put into one's hands,
 entrust.

εἰσ-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I -έχεα:—to pour into:—
 Pass., Ep. aor. 2 ἐσεχύμην [ῦ], to stream in.

εἴσω, more rarely εἴσω, Adv. (εἰς, ἐς) into, within,
 c. acc., δύναι δόμεν Ἀἴδος εἴσω: also c. gen., ἔσω
 βλεφάρων.

II. within, inside.

εἰσ-θέω, fut. ωθήσω and ὠσω, to thrust into:—
 Med. to force oneself into, press in.

εἰσ-ωπός, ὄν, (εἰς, ὠψ) in face, in front of: εἰσώπιδ
 ἐγένοντο νεῶν they came in front of the ships.

Εἴτα Ion. εἴτεν, Adv. of Time, then, after, there-
 upon, Lat. deinde.

II. like Lat. ita and itaque,
 and so then, and then: also in interrogative questions, Lat.
 itane? itane vero? it is it so? ay really? indeed?

εἴται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.

εἴ-τε . . , εἴ-τε . . , Lat. sive . . , sive . . , either . . ,
 or . . , whether . . , or . . ; so that several cases are al-
 ways found: in Homer the first εἴτε is sometimes an-
 swered by ἡ καί. The Trag. sometimes leave out the
 first εἴτε, or put εἴ instead.

εἴτε, for εἴητε, 2 pl. pres. opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἴτεν, Ion. for εἴτα, like ἐπειτεν tor ἐπειτα.

εἴω, Ep. for ἔω, ᾶ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

εἴωθα, pf. 2 (in pres. sense) of the Ep. verb ἔω.

εἴωθειν, plqpf. (in impf. sense) of ἔω.

εἴωθώς, Adv. of εἴωθα, in the usual way.

εἴων, impf. of εἴω.

εἴως, Ep. for ἕως, until.

εἴωσι, Ep. for ἔωσι, 3 pl. of εἴω.

ἘΚ, before a vowel ἐξ, Lat. e, ex, PREEP. WITH GEN.
 Radic. sense, from out of, away from. I.

OF PLACE, out of, from forth: ἐκ πάντων μάλιστα
 chief from among all, of all. 2. like έξω, outside
 of, beyond: ἐκ βελάν out of shot; ἐκ καπνῶ out
 of the smoke. 3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, ἐκ
 πασσαλόφει κρέμασεν φόρμυγμα he hung his lyre from,
 i. e. on, the peg; ἀνάπτεσθαι ἐκ τινος to fasten from,
 i. e. upon, a thing.

II. OF TIME, ἐξ οὗ since,
 from the time when, Lat. ex quo; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from
 the beginning; ἐκ νοσίας γενέσθαι to have just finished
 sacrifice; ἐξ εἰρήνης πολεμεῖν to go to war out of,
 i. e. after, peace.

III. OF ORIGIN, ἐκ τινος γένε-
 σθαι to be born or sprung from one; ἐξ ἐμοῦ γένος
 ἐσσί thou comest of me by blood. 2. of the
 materials of a thing, as πῶμα ἐκ ζύλου a cup of
 wood.

3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, ἐκ θεόφει
 πολεμίζεω to war at the gods' instance; μήνιος ἐξ
 ὀλοῆς because of deadly wrath; ἐκ καύματος in con-
 sequence of the heat; ἐκ βίας ἄγειν = βία ἄγειν,
 to lead by force. 4. with a pass. Verb, ἐφίληθεν ἐκ Διός
 they were beloved of or by Zeus. 5. with a neut.
 Adj., as periph. for Adv., ἐξ ἀχιμῶλον for ἀχιμῶλον;
 ἐκ τοῦ ἐμφανούς and ἐξ ἐμφανούς for ἐμφανῶς, etc.

ἐκ is often separated from its Case by one or more
 words. It takes an accent if it is peccul. emphatic.

In Compos. ἐκ signifies out, away, off: also utterly.

ἐκάεργος, ὁ, (ἐκάς, *ἐργω) epith. of Apollo, *working from afar, far-darting*, = ἐκβόλος.

ἐκάην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of καίω.

ἐκᾶθεν, Adv. (ἐκάς) *from afar*:—*far off, far away*.

ἐκάθηρα, aor. I of καθαίρω.

ἐκάλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of καλέω.

ἐκάλος, Dor. for ἐκπλος.

ἐκάμυσα, for κατέμυσα, aor. I of καταμύω.

ἐκάμον, ἐκαμόην, aor. 2 act. and med. of κάμω.

ἐκαρτάναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καρτύνω.

ἐκαρψα, aor. I of κάρφω.

ἐκάς Att. ἕκας, Adv. (ἐκ) *far, afar, far off*: c. gen. *far from, far away from*. II. of Time, *long after*.

ἐκαστάτω, Sup. of ἐκάς, *furthest off, furthest away*.

ἐκασταχόθεν, (ἕκαστος) Adv. *from every side*.

ἐκασταχόσε, (ἕκαστος) Adv. *to every side*.

ἐκασταχοῦ, (ἕκαστος) Adv. *everywhere*.

ἐκαστέρω, Comp. of ἐκάς, *farther, further off*:—*Sup. ἐκαστάτω*.

ἐκάστοθι, Adv. *for each or every one*. From ἜΚΑΣΤΟΣ, η, ον, *every, every one, each, each one*, Lat. *quisque*, opp. to a number: the sing. from its collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb, ἕκαστος ἐπίστασθε *ye know each one of you*: εἰς ἕκαστος, Lat. *unusquisque, each one*; πᾶς ἕκαστος, *one and all*; οἱ καθ' ἑκάστην *every one singly*, Lat. *singuli*: καθ' ἑκάστην [ἡμέραν] *every day, daily*. Hence ἐκάστοτε, Adv. *each time, at all times*.

ἐκαστοτέρω, Adv. = ἐκαστέρω.

ἐκατάτο, Ion. for ἐκάθητο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι.

ἐκατερᾶκίς, Adv. (ἐκάτερος) *at each time*.

ἐκάτερε, before a vowel = ἕν, Adv. *for ἐκατέρωθεν, from or on each side, Lat. utrinque*.

ἘΚΑΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, *each of two, each singly*, Lat. *uterque*. Hence

ἐκατέρωθεν, Adv. *from each side*: and

ἐκατέρωθι, Adv. *on each side*: and

ἐκατέρωσε, Adv. *to each side, each way*.

Ἐκάτη [ᾶ], ἡ, (ἕκας) *Hecate*, daughter of Perses and Asteria, who had power from Zeus in heaven, earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same as Artemis. Ἐκάτης δειπνον, or Ἐκάτια, τά, was an offering of purification made to her on the 30th of each month at three cross roads.

ἐκάτη-βελέτης, ον, ὁ, = ἐκατηβόλος.

ἐκάτη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) *far-throwing, far-shooting, far-darting*:—as Subst. *the Far-darter*.

ἐκάτι, Att. and Dor. for ἐκρτι, *on account of*.

ἐκατογ-κάρῃνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον); and

ἐκατογ-κεφάλας, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, κεφαλή); and ἐκατόγ-κρῆνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κρᾶνον):—*hundred-banded*.

ἐκατόγ-χειρος, ον, (ἐκατόν, χεῖρ) *hundred-banded*.

ἐκατό-ζυγος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ζυγόν) *with 100 benches for rowers*.

ἐκατομ-βαιών, ἡνος, ὁ, *the month Hecatombaeion*, the first of the Att. year, answering to the last half of July and first half of August. From

ἐκατόμ-βη, ἡ, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) *properly an offering of a hundred oxen*: but commonly a *great public sacrifice*, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred.

ἐκατόμ-βοιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) *of or worth a hundred oxen*.

ἐκατόμ-πεδος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πόυς) *100 feet long*.

ἐκατομ-πολιέθρος, ον, = ἐκατόμπολις.

ἐκατόμ-πολις, ι, gen. εως, (ἐκατόν, πόλις) *with a hundred cities*.

ἐκατόμ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἐκατόν, πόυς) *hundred-footed*.

ἐκατόμ-πύλος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πύλη) *hundred-gated*.

ἘΚΑΤΟΝ, οἱ, αἰ, τά, indecl. *a hundred*, Lat. *centum*.

ἐκατοντα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐκατόν, ἔτος) *of a hundred years, a hundred years old*.

ἐκατοντα-κάρηνος, Dor. —κάρῃνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον) *hundred-headed*: cf ἐκατόγκρανος.

ἐκατον-τάλαντος, ον, (ἐκατόν, τάλαντον) *worth 100 talents*; γραφή ἐκατοντάλαντος *an action where damages were laid at that sum*.

ἐκατοντα-πλάσιων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκατόν) *a hundred-fold, 100 times as much or many*.

ἐκατοντά-πύλος, ον, = ἐκατόμπύλος.

ἐκατοντ-ἀρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, ἀρχω) *a leader of a hundred*, Lat. *centurio*.

ἐκατοντ-αρχος, ὁ, = ἐκατοντάρχης.

ἐκατοντά, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐκατόν) *the number one hundred*.

ἐκατοντ-όργυιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ὄργυια) *of 100 fathoms*:—ροῦτ., ἐκατοντ-όργυιος, ον.

ἕκατος, ὁ, (ἐκάς) = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκατό-στομιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, στόμα) *hundred-mouthed*.

ἐκατοστός, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐκατόν) *the hundredth, Lat. centesimus*; ἐφ' ἐκατοστά *a hundred-fold*. II. ἡ ἐκατοστή, *the hundredth part, a tax or duty at Athens*.

ἐκατοστός, ὅς, ὁ, = ἐκατοντάς.

ἐκαυσα, aor. I of καίω.

ἐκ-βάξω, f. ξω, *to speak out, declare*.

ἐκ-βαίω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέβην: pf. ἐκβέβηκα:—*to step out of, go or come out of*: *to step out of a ship, to disembark*.

2. *to go out of, depart from*.

3. *metaph. to come out so and so, to turn out, Lat. evadere*.

4. *to go out of due bounds, to digress*.

II. in fut. act. ἐκβήσω, aor. I ἐξέβησα, Causal, *to make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.*; cf. ἐκπιβάξω.

ἐκ-βακχεύω, f. ω, *to excite to Bacchic frenzy, to make frantic*:—Pass. and Med. *to be frenzied, rage*.

ἐκβαλε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for ἐξέβαλε, 3 sing. ind.

ἐκ-βάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: aor. 2 -έβαλον; pf. -βέβηκα:—*to throw or cast out*: *to disembark, land*; but also *to carry out to sea*.

2. *πύλεως ἐκβάλλειν* *to cast out of the country*: and so *to drive out, banish*.

II. *to strike out, Lat. excutere*; δούρα ἐκβάλλειν *to fell trees, properly to cut them out of the forest*.

III. *metaph., ἐπος ἐκβάλλειν* *to let fall or drop a word*; so, ἐκβάλλειν δάκρυα *to drop or shed tears*. IV.

to throw away, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, Lat. *explodere*. 3. to break open. V. to send out, get rid of, lose. VI. (sub. *αὐτόν*), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

ἐκβαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐκβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐκβαίνω.

ἐκβάσος, εως, ἡ, (ἐκβαίνω) a going out of a ship, a landing. II. a way out, egress; an escape.

ἐκ-βαώ, Dor. for ἐκ-βαίνω.

ἐκ-βεβαίω, f. ὥσω, to confirm.

ἐκ-βιάζω, to force out: to wrest from.

ἐκ-βιβάω, f. -βιβάσω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of ἐκ-βαίνω, to make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship.

ἐκ-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσω, pf. -βέβρωκα, to devour.

ἐκβλητός, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, despised, despicable.

ἐκ-βλώσκω, aor. 2 ἐξ-έμολον, to go or come out.

ἐκ-βοάω, f. ἤσομαι, to call or cry out.

ἐκ-βοήθεια, ἡ, a marching out to aid. From

ἐκ-βοηθέω, f. ἤσω, to march out to aid: to make a sally.

ἐκ-βολβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, βολβός) to peel off from, as the skin off an onion; ἐκβολβίζειν τινα τῶν κωδίων to peel one of his stolen skins.

ἐκβολή, ἡ, (ἐκβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overboard, esp. of goods in a storm. II. a casting out, banishment. III. a shooting forth; ἐκβολή σίτου the time when the corn shoots or comes into ear.

IV. an outlet, Lat. *exitus*; ἐκβολή ποταμοῦ the mouth of a river; ἐκβολαὶ ὄρους a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐκβολή λόγου a digression.

V. (from Pass.) that which is cast out; ἐκβολή δικέλλης earth cast out by a mattock; οὐρεία ἐκβολή children exposed on the mountains.

ἐκβολος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) cast out, exposed, of a child: abortive.

II. as Subst., ἐκβολος, ὁ, a cape, promontory. 2. ἐκβολα, τά, cast off relics.

ἐκ-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth: Pass. to be cast up or thrown on shore, of ships.

ἐκ-βροντάω, f. ἤσω, to strike out by lightning.

ἐκ-βρῦχάομαι, Dep. to bellow forth.

ἐκ-βρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκβιβρώσκω) that which is eaten out; ἐκβρωμα πρίονος saw-dust.

ἐκ-γαμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to give away in marriage: —Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

ἐκ-γαμίσκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

ἐκ-γαυρόομαι, (ἐκ, γαῦρος) Med. to exult greatly in.

ἐκ-γέναια, ποιῆτ. for ἐκγένεσσα, pf. of ἐκγίγνομαι: 3 dual ἐκγεγάτην; inf. ἐκγεγάμεν [ᾶ]; part. ἐκγεγαῖος, ἐκγεγαῖα.

ἐκ-γελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: for the tenses, v. γελῶω: —to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaph. of a liquid, to gurgle out.

ἐκ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐκ, γένος) put out from one's family, without kith or kin.

ἐκ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεγενόμην: pf. ἐκγένεσσα, ποιῆτ. ἐκγένεσσα (q. v.): Dep.: —to grow out of, spring from: to be descended from, born of. II. to have gone by; χρόνου ἐκγεγονότος time having

gone by, elapsed. 2. impers. ἐκγίγνεται, like ἐξεστι, it is allowed, it is granted.

ἐκγονος, ον, (ἐκγενέσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἐκγονος, ὁ, any descendant, son, grandson; τὰ ἐκγονα offspring, posterity.

ἐκ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy: —Med. to write out or copy for oneself. II. to strike out, expunge from a list.

ἐκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐκγίγνομαι.

ἐκ-δακρύω, f. ὥσω, to burst into tears. [ῶ]

ἐκ-δᾶπνᾶω, f. ἤσω, to expend, consume, exhaust.

ἐκ-δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκδέρω.

ἐκδεδωριεύνται, 3 pl. Ion. plqpf. of ἐκδωριόομαι.

ἐκ-δέης, ἐς, (ἐκ, δεῖ) defective. Hence

ἐκδεῖα, ἡ, a falling short, being in arrear.

ἐκ-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, aor. I ἐξέδειξα, to shew forth, display.

ἐκ-δεκομαι, Ion. for ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐκδεξίς, εως, ὁ, (ἐκδέχομαι) a taking from: succession.

ἐκ-δέρομαι, Dep. to look out from.

ἐκ-δέρω, Ion. -δέιρω: f. -δερώ: —to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to cudgel soundly.

ἐκ-δέτος, ον, (ἐκδέω) fastened to or upon.

ἐκ-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: aor. I ἐξεδέξαμην: Dep.: —to take or receive from: to take up.

2. ἐκδέχεσθαι τὴν ἀρχὴν to receive the rule from another: absol. to follow, succeed: of countries, to come next.

3. to wait for, expect, Lat. *excipere*.

4. to receive at a feast.

ἐκ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind from, i. e. to bind on or to: —Med. to bind a thing to oneself, bang it round one.

ἐκ-δηλος, ον, very manifest: conspicuous.

ἐκ-δημέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐκδημος) to go abroad, travel: to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence

ἐκδημία, ἡ, departure from home or from life.

ἐκ-δημος, ον, (ἐκ, δημος) from home, abroad.

ἐκ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐκδιέβην: —to go through out of, pass over.

ἐκ-διατάομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, διατάω) to depart from one's accustomed mode of life, change one's habits.

ἐκδιδάσκα, τό, *practitioner, a sampler*. From ἐκ-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω ποιῆτ. -διδασκήσω: —to teach thoroughly, Lat. *docere*: —Med. to have another taught thoroughly: —Pass. to learn thoroughly.

ἐκ-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: fut. -δράσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 2 ἐξέδραν: —to run away from, escape.

ἐκ-δίδομαι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἐξέδωκα: pf. ἐκδέδωκα: aor. 2 med. ἐξεδόμην: —to give out, give up, Lat. *reddere*: to surrender.

2. to give out of one's house; ἐκδιδόναι or ἐκδίδοσθαι θυγατέρα to give away one's daughter in marriage.

3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for hire: to put out money to interest, lend out.

II. (sub. *αὐτόν*) to issue forth from a place; of a river, to empty itself.

ἐκ-διηγέομαι, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full.

ἐκ-δικάζω, f. σω, to decide by giving judgment, of a judge. II. to avenge. Hence

ἐκδικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, *an avenger*.
 ἐκδικέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐκδικος) *to avenge, punish; ἐκδικεῖν*
τινα ἀπό τινος to avenge one on another. Hence
 ἐκδικητής, εως, ἡ, *an avenging; vengeance*.
 ἐκ-δίκος, ον, (ἐκ, δίκη) *without law, lawless, Lat.*
exlex: Adv. ἐκδικώς, lawlessly. II. *carrying out*
justice, avenging: as Subst., ἐκδικος, ὁ, *an avenger*.
 ἐκ-διφρεύω, f. σω, *to throw from the chariot*.
 ἐκ-διώκω, f. ζομαι later ζω, *to drive away, banish*.
 ἐκ-δονέω, f. ἴσω, *to shake out, confound*.
 ἐκδοσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκδίδωμι) *a giving up, surrender-*
ing. 2. *a giving in marriage*.
 ἐκδώσομαι, fut. med. of ἐκδίδωμι.
 ἐκδοτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐκδίδωμι, *one must give in*
marriage.
 ἐκδοτος, ον, (ἐκδίδωμι) *given up, betrayed*.
 ἐκδοῦναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκδίδωμι.
 ἐκδοχή, ἡ, (ἐκδέχομαι) *a receiving from another,*
succession.
 ἐκ-δρακοντόομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, δράκων) *to become a*
serpent.
 ἐκδραμῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκτρέχω.
 ἐκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐκδραμῆναι) *a running out, sally, charge:*
—also a band of skirmishers.
 ἐκ-δρομος, ὁ, *one that sallies out, a skirmisher*.
 ἐκδύμα, ματος, τό, (ἐκδύω) *that which is put off, a*
skin, garment.
 ἐκδύμεν, either Ep. for ἐκδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω,
 or for ἐκδύοιμεν I pl. opt.
 ἐκ-δύω, see ἐκδύω.
 ἐκδύσις, εως, ἡ, *a slipping out, escape.* From
 ἐκ-δύω, f. -δύω [v]: aor. I ἐξέδύσα: *to strip off*
from another; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν χιτῶνα to strip him of
his tunic; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν to strip him. II. in
 pres. ἐκδύνω, with Med. ἐκδύομαι, aor. 2 act. ἐξέδυν,
 pf. ἐκδέδυκα, *to put off.* 2. *to get out of, slip out*
of. 3. metaph. *to get away from, escape*.
 ἐκ-δωριόομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, Δάριος) *to become quite a*
Dorian.
 ἐκείασα, Ep. for ἐκείασα, aor. I of κείω.
 ἐκείατο, Ion. for ἐκείντο, 3 pl. impf. of κείμαι.
 ἘΚΕΙ, Adv. at or in that place, there, Lat. *illic*.
 ἐκεῖα, Ep. aor. I of κείω.
 ἐκείθεν, Adv. from that place, thence, Lat. *illinc*;
 c. gen., τοικεῖθεν ἄλσους *yon side of the grove*.
 ἐκείθι, (ἐκεῖ) Adv. at that place, there, Lat. *illic*;
 Dor. *τηνόθι*.
 ἐκείνος Ion. κείνος, η, ο, Aeol. κῆνος, Dor. τῆνος,
 Att. also strengthd. ἐκείνοσί: demonstr. Pron. (ἐκεῖ):
 —*that person or thing, Lat. ille, illa, illud:* when οὗ-
 τος and ἐκείνος refer to two things before mentioned,
 ἐκείνος, *ille*, refers to the more remote, οὗτος, *hic*, to
 the nearer. II. used also like *ille*, to denote
 well-known persons; κείνος μέγας θεός, *magnus ille*
Deus. III. in Att., ἐκείνος precedes the Art.
 when it is emphatic, as, ἐκείνος ὁ ἀνὴρ: and follows
 the Subst., when it is not emphatic, as ὁ ἀνὴρ ἐκεῖ-
 νος. IV. Adv. ἐκείνος, *in that way, in that case:*

Ion. κείνος. V. the dat. fem. ἐκείνη is also used
 as Adv., I. of Place, *there, at that place, on that*
road. 2. of Manner, *in that manner*.
 ἐκείρα, aor. I of κείρω.
 ἐκείσε, Att. κείσε, Adv. (ἐκεῖ) *to that place, thither,*
Lat. illic.
 ἐκέαστο, 3 sing. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of καινύμαι.
 ἐκεκευθεῖ, 3 sing. plqpf. of κεύθω.
 ἐκέλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.
 ἐκέκλιτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.
 ἐκεκοσμέατο, Ion. for ἐκεκόσμητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.
 of κοσμέω.
 ἐκέλευ, Dor. for ἐκέλλω, 2 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.
 ἐκέλσα, aor. I of κέλλω.
 ἐκερσα, Aeol. and Ep. aor. I of κείρω.
 ἐκε-χειρία, ἡ, (ἐχω, χεῖρ) *a holding of bands, a*
cessation of hostilities, armistice.
 ἐκ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, *to boil out or over:* c. gen., εὐλέων
 ἐξέζεσε *she ran over, swarmed with worms*.
 ἐκ-ζητέω, f. ἴσω, *to search out*.
 ἐκ-ζωπυρέω, f. ἴσω, *to light up again, rekindle*.
 ἐκηα, Ep. aor. I of κείω.
 ἐκηβολία, ἡ, *a darting from afar, archery.* From
 ἐκη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκός, βάλλω) *far-darting, far-shoot-*
ing, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.
 ἐκηλος, ον, collat. form of εὐκηλος, *at one's ease,*
quiet, Lat. securus. II. metaph. of things, as of
 a field *lying at rest or fallow*.
 ἘΚΗΤΙ Att. ἐκάτι, Prep. with gen. *by means of,*
by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II. later =
 ἔνεκα, *on account of, for the sake of.* 2. as regards;
 as to, Lat. *quod attinet ad*.
 ἐκ-θάλλω, f. ψω, *to warm thoroughly*.
 ἐκθαμβέω, f. ἴσω, *to amaze, astonish:* Pass. *to be*
amazed, astonished. From
 ἐκ-θαμβος, ον, (ἐκ, θάμβος) *amazed, astounded*.
 ἐκ-θαμνίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θάμνω) *to root out, extirpate*.
 ἐκθάνω, Ep. for ἐξέθάνω, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.
 ἐκ-θεδομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Ion. ἴσομαι, Dep. *to see out,*
see to the end.
 ἐκ-θεάπτριζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θεᾶτρον) *to make a spec-*
tacle of.
 ἐκ-θεάξω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θεῖον) *to deify*.
 ἐκθήμεναι or ἐκθέμεν, Ep. for ἐκθειναι, aor. 2 inf. of
 ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκ-θερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to mow completely: to cut*
down.
 ἐκ-θερμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐκ, θερμός) *to warm or heat*
thoroughly.
 ἐκθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκτίθημι) *a putting out, exposing*.
 ἐκθετος, ον, (ἐκτίθημι) *put out, exposed*.
 ἐκ-θέω, f. -θέσομαι, *to run or sally out*.
 ἐκ-θηράομαι, Dep. *to hunt out, catch*.
 ἐκ-θηρέω, f. σω, = ἐκθηράομαι.
 ἐκ-θλίβω, f. ψω, *to press, squeeze out:* metaph. *to*
crush, oppress.

ἐκ-θνήσκω, fut. -θάνομαι; aor. ἐξέθανον:—to be dying, be at the last gasp; γέλωι or γέλωτι ἐκθανεῖν to be nigh dead with laughter.

ἐκ-θινάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feast on.

ἐκθορε, for ἐξέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσκω.

ἐκ-θρηγέω, f. ἴσω, to mourn out or aloud.

ἐκ-θρούσκω, fut. -θοροῦμαι; aor. ἐξέθορον:—to leap out of, leap forth from.

ἐκ-θύμιώω, f. ἴσω, to burn as incense.

ἐκ-θύμος, ov. (ἐκ, θυμός) very spirited, ardent, eager: also frantic, like Lat. amens.

ἐκ-θύω, f. ἴσω [ῥ]: for the tenses v. θύω:—to offer up, sacrifice: metaph. to destroy utterly. 2. Med. to atone for, expiate by offerings: of a god, to propitiate, appease.

ἐκίχαις [ι], 2 sing. impf. of κίχην: of ἐπίθεις from τίθημι.

ἐκίχηι [ι], impf. of κίχην.

ἐκ-καγχαίρω, f. σω, to burst out into loud laughter.

ἐκ-καθάριω, f. καθάρω; aor. I ἐξέκαθηρα:—to cleanse out, clear out: to clear away, get rid of.

ἐκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

ἐκ-καί-δεκα, οί, αἰ, τά, indecl. sixteen.

ἐκκαϊδεκά-δωρος, ov. (ἐκκαϊδεκα, δῶρον) sixteen palms long.

ἐκκαϊδεκά-λίβος, ov. (ἐκκαϊδέκα, λίβον) consisting of sixteen threads.

ἐκκαϊδέκατος, η, ov. (ἐκκαϊδέκα) sixteenth.

ἐκκαϊδεκ-έτης, ov, ο, (ἐκκαϊδέκα, ἔτος) sixteen years old: fem. -δεκέτις, ἰδος.

ἐκ-καίρος, ov. (ἐκ, καιρός) out of date.

ἐκ-καίω, Att. ἐκκάω; fut. -καίσω; aor. I ἐξέκαε:—to burn out. II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame.

ἐκ-κάκω, f. ἴσω, (ἐκ, κακός) to be faint-hearted.

ἐκ-καλαῖομαι, (ἐκ, καλαίη) Dep. to pull out with a fishing-rod.

ἐκ-κάλέω, f. ἴσω, to call forth:—Med. to call out to oneself; metaph. to call forth, elicit, excite.

ἐκ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, reveal:—Med. to unveil oneself.

ἐκ-κάμνω, f. -κάμομαι; aor. 2 ἐξέκάμουν:—to be tired out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

ἐκ-καρπίζομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to yield as fruit.

ἐκ-καρπύομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

ἐκ-κατείδον, aor. 2 of ἐξοράω, to look down from.

ἐκ-καυλίω, f. σω, (ἐκ, καυλός) to pull out the stalk: metaph. to destroy root and branch.

ἐκ-καυχάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud.

ἐκ-κάω, Att. for ἐκκαίω.

ἐκκέας, aor. I part. of ἐκκαίω.

ἐκ-κειμαι, used as Pass. of ἐκτίθημι, to be cast out or exposed. II. c. gen. to fall from out of.

ἐκκέκοφα, ἐκκέκομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐκκεκόφηκα, ἐκκεκόφωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκοφάω, -όω.

ἐκ-κενόω, -κενύω, f. ἴσω, to empty out, desolate.

ἐκ-κενύω, f. ἴσω, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab.

ἐκ-κερᾶίζω, f. σω, to pillage: to cut off root and branch.

ἐκκεχόμενος, pf. pass. of ἐκχεώ: whence

ἐκκεχόμενος, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

ἐκκεχώσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχάννυμι.

ἐκ-κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (ἐκ, κήρ) to enfeeble, exhaust.

ἐκ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω; fut. ξω:—to proclaim by a herald, declare publicly. II. to banish by public proclamation.

ἐκ-κινέω, f. ἴσω, to move out: to put up, rouse.

ἐκ-κλάζω, f. -κλάξω, to cry aloud.

ἐκ-κλώω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ], to break off.

ἐκ-κλείω Ion. -κλήτω Att. -κλήω; Att. fut. ἐκκλήσω:—to shut out: metaph. to exclude or binder from.

ἐκ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to remove stealthily, purloin.

ἐκ-κλήτω, Ion. for ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλησία, ἡ, (ἐκκλητος) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called κύρια ἐκκλησία, four in each πρυτανεία: the extraordinary σύγκλητοι. II. the Church. Hence

ἐκκλησιάσω, f. σω; impf. ἠεκκλησίαζον or ἐκκλησίαζον, but also ἐξεκκλησίαζον (as if the Verb were a compd. and not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. I ἐξεκκλησίασα:—to hold an assembly, debate therein: absol. to debate. II. to sit in assembly. III. to summon to the assembly.

ἐκκληῖσω, Att. fut. of ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλητος, ov. (ἐκκαλέω) called forth, Lat. evocatus: selected to arbitrate on a point.

ἐκ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to bend aside: to bend down, of stakes. II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give ground, retire. 2. to decline or degenerate into.

ἐκ-κνάω, f. σω, to wear out: metaph. to tease to death, like Lat. enecare; Dor. 3 pl. fut. ἐκναίσειντι.

ἐκ-κνάω, f. ἴσω, to rub or cut deeply.

ἐκ-κομβάλλω, Dep. (ἐκ, κόμβαλα) to cajole or cheat by juggling tricks.

ἐκ-κοκκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, (ἐκ, κόκκος) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate; ἐκκοκκίζεν σφυρὸν to put out one's ancle; ἐκκοκκίζεν τὰς πόλεις to empty the cities.

ἐκ-κολλάπτω, f. ψω, to scrape out, erase, obliterate.

ἐκ-κολυμβάω, f. ἴσω, to swim out of.

ἐκκομιδή, ἡ, a carrying out or off. From

ἐκ-κομιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, to carry out: to carry to a place of safety; ἐκκομιζεν τινὰ ἐκ πρήγματος to keep one out of trouble. II. to endure.

ἐκ-κομπάξω, f. σω, to utter vauntingly.

ἐκ-κομψέομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κομψέω) to set forth in plausible terms.

ἐκ-κόπτω, f. ψω; pf. -κέκοφα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐξέκοπον; pf. ἐκκέκομαι:—to cut out, knock out:—Pass., ἐξέκοπη τῶφθαλμῷ be bad his eyes knocked out. 2. to cut down, fell: to cut off, destroy, Lat. excindere. 3. to beat off from a place, repulse.

ἐκ-κορέω, f. ἦσα, to sweep out: to sweep clean.
 ἐκ-κορίζω, (ἐκ, κόρις) to clear of bugs.
 ἐκ-κορῦφόω, f. ὦσα, to sum up shortly.
 ἐκ-κρεμᾶμαι, Pass. to hang upon, listen attentively to.
 ἐκ-κρεμάννυμι, f. κρεμᾶσω [ᾶ]:—to let hang from
 or by:—Pass. to hang from or upon, cling to. Hence
 ἐκκρεμῆς, ἐς, hanging from or upon.
 ἐκ-κρημναίμαι, poet. Pass. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.
 ἐκ-κρίνω, f. ἴνω, to choose or single out, select. 2.
 to expel, reject. 3. to separate, secrete. Hence
 ἐκκριτός, ov, picked out, chosen; ἐκκριτον as Adv.,
 above all, eminently.
 ἐκκρουσις, εως, ἡ, a beating out, driving away; and
 ἐκκρουστος, ov, beaten out: of embossed work,
 worked in relief. From
 ἐκ-κρούω, f. σω, to beat or dash out. 2. to drive
 back, repulse: to hiss an actor off the stage, Lat. *expul-
 dere*. 3. to put off, adjourn.
 ἐκ-κύβιστάω, f. ἦσα, to tumble headlong out of.
 ἐκ-κυέω, f. ἦσα, to bring forth.
 ἐκ-κυκλέω, f. ἦσα, to wheel out by means of the ἐκ-
 κύκλημα (q. v.):—Pass. to be brought to sight by this
 means; ἀλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητι come, wheel yourself out!
 i. e. show yourself; cf. εἰσκυκλέω. Hence
 ἐκκυκλημα, atos, τό, a theatrical machine which
 disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators:
 cf. εἰσκυκλέω.
 ἐκ-κυλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω: aor. I ἐξέκυλίσα:—Pass.,
 aor. I ἐξέκυλισθην:—to roll out or off: Pass. to be
 rolled or thrown out; ἐξέκυλισθη ἐκ δίφρου he rolled
 headlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate
 oneself or escape from.
 ἐκ-κυμαίνω, (ἐκ, κύμα) to undulate: to be uneven.
 ἐκκύνεω, (ἐκκυνος) of a hound, to quest about.
 ἐκ-κύνηγετέω, f. ἦσα, to hunt down.
 ἐκ-κύνος, ov, (ἐκ, κύων) of a hound, questing about,
 not keeping in one scent.
 ἐκ-κῦπτω, f. ψω, to peep out of: to get out.
 ἐκ-κωμάζω, f. σω, to come forth in the festive proces-
 sion: to rush madly out.
 ἐκ-κωφέω, f. ἦσα, and ἐκ-κωφόω, f. ὦσα, (ἐκ, κωφός)
 to deafen, stun:—metaph., ἐκκεκώφωται ξίφη the
 swords grew blunt.
 ἐκλάγον, aor. 2 of κλάω.
 ἐκλαγᾶ, aor. I of κλάω.
 ἐκ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαχον:—to ob-
 tain by lot or fate.
 ἐκλάθετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκλανθάνω.
 ἐκ-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to kick out: metaph. to
 spurn at.
 ἐκ-λάλέω, f. ἦσα, to speak out, divulge.
 ἐκ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαβον: for the
 other tenses, v. λαμβάνω:—to take or choose to
 receive, bear. III. to contract to do work, opp.
 to ἐκδίδωμι (to let it out).
 ἐκ-λάμπω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέλαμπα:—to shine or
 flash forth. II. trans. to make to shine, light up,
 kindle.

ἐκ-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐξέλαθον, to escape notice ut-
 terly. II. ἐκ-ληθάνω, with aor. I ἐξέλησα Dor.
 -ἐλάσα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκέλαθον, Causal of ἐκ-
 λανθάνω, to make quite forgetful of a thing:—Med.
 ἐκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλεαθέσθαι:
 pf. pass. ἐκλέλησμαι, to forget utterly.
 ἐκλαπῶζω, f. ζω, = ἐξαλαπῶζω, to cast out from.
 ἐκλάπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 παῖω. of κλέπτω.
 ἐκλαυσα, aor. I of κλαύω.
 ἐκ-λάπτω, f. ψομαι, to lap up: to drink off.
 ἐκ-λέγω, f. ζω: for the tenses v. λέγω:—to pick
 out, single out:—Med. to choose out for oneself,
 choose. 2. in Med. also to pick out, pull out one's
 gray hairs. II. to collect tribute.
 ἐκ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐξέλιπον: pf. ἐκέλειπα:
 —to leave out, omit. 2. to forsake, abandon,
 quit. 3. εἰ τις ἐξέλιπε τὸν ἀριθμὸν if any one
 left the number incomplete. II. of the sun, to
 be eclipsed; in full, ἐκλείπειν τὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ
 ἔρρη. III. intr. to leave off, cease, stop. Hence
 ἐκλείψις, εως, ἡ, a forsaking, quitting. II. a
 disappearance of sun or moon, an eclipse.
 ἐκλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκλέγω) chosen out, selected; οἱ
 ἐκλεκτοὶ the elect.
 ἐκλεᾶθῆναι, -έσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med.
 of ἐκληθάνω.
 ἐκλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκλύω.
 ἐκλεο, Ep. for ἐκλέω, 2 sing. impf. of κλέω.
 ἐκ-λέπω, f. ψω, to free from the shell, to hatch.
 ἐκ-λήγω, f. ζω, to cease entirely.
 ἐκ-ληθάνω, f. -λήσω, see ἐκλανθάνω π.
 ἐκλήθη, aor. I pass. of κλέω.
 ἐκλήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness: for-
 getting and forgiving.
 ἐκ-λιμπάνω, poet. for ἐκλείπω.
 ἐκλίνθημες, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.
 ἐκ-λιπαίνω, f. ἄνω, to fatten:—Pass. to grow fat.
 ἐκλίπειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκλείπω.
 ἐκλίπις, ἐς, (ἐκλείπειν) failing, deficient: ἡλίου ἐκ-
 λίπες τι ἐγένετο = ἐκλείψις, there was an eclipse of
 the sun. II. omitted.
 ἐκλογῆ, ἡ, (ἐκλέγω) a picking out, choice, election:
 a levy of troops or taxes. II. a choice selection,
 as of extracts from authors.
 ἐκ-λογίζομαι, Dep. to compute, reckon, calculate: to
 consider, reflect on.
 ἐκλόμην, aor. 2 of κέλομαι.
 ἐκ-λούω, f. σω, to wash out.
 ἐκ-λοχεύω, f. σω, to bring forth:—Pass. to be
 born.
 ἐκλύθω, aor. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύω.
 ἐκλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλύω) a release, deliverance.
 ἐκλυτήριος, (ἐκλύω) able to release; τὸ ἐκλυτήριον
 a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering.
 ἐκλύστος, ov, let loose, discharged. From
 ἐκ-λύω, f. ἴσω [ῆ]: for the tenses v. λύω—to loose
 or set free from; ἐκλύειν στόμα to give a loose to his
 tongue:—so also in Med. II. to unloose, unstring

a bow: hence to *break up, put an end to*:—Pass. to *be faint, exhausted, despond.*

ἐκ-λωβάομαι, Dep. to *sustain grievous injuries.*

ἐκ-λωπίξω, f. σω, (ἐκ, λῶπος) to *lay bare.*

ἐκμαγεῖον, τό, (ἐκμαγήναι) the *impression of a seal, a seal; ἐκμαγεῖον πέτρης a counterfeit of rock*,—said of a hardy fisherman.

ἐκμαγήναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαῖνον, f. -μᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐξέμνηναι:—to *drive mad* with any passion; πτόθον ἐκμῆναι to *kindle passionate desire*:—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐξέμνην: intr. pf. act. ἐκ-μέμνηναι:—to *go mad with passion*: to *rave, be frantic.* ἐκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an *impress, image.*

ἐκ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέμαθον: pf. ἐκ-μεμάθηκα:—to *learn thoroughly, to learn by heart*: in past tenses, to *have learnt thoroughly*, and so to *know full well, perceive.* II. to *examine closely, search out.*

ἐκμᾶνῶ, aor. 2 subj. pass. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκμάξας, aor. I part. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαργῶ, f. ὦσω, (ἐκ, μάργος) to *drive raving mad*:—Pass. to *go raving mad.*

ἐκ-μαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω, to *bear witness to a thing.*

ἐκ-μάσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ἔω: aor. I ἐξέμαξα: Pass., pf. ἐκμέμαγμα:—to *wipe off*:—Med. to *wipe away one's tears.* II. to *mould or model in wax or plaster, to take an impression of*: to *imprint an image.*

ἐκ-μαστῶ, f. σαι, to *search out.*

ἐκ-μεθύσκω, to *make quite drunk.*

ἐκ-μέρομαι, Dep. to *have a chief share in a thing*; ἐξέμορε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.

ἐκ-μελετάω, f. ἦσω, to *train carefully*: to *practise diligently.*

ἐκμεμάθηκα, pf. of ἐκμανθάνω.

ἐκμέμνηνα, pf. med. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκ-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to *measure out*:—Med. to *measure out for oneself*: to *take measure of.*

ἐκ-μετρος, ον, (ἐκ, μέτρον) *measureless, boundless*, Lat. *immensus.*

ἐκμήναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκ-μηνος, ον, (ἕξ, μήν) of *six months, half yearly*: as Subst., ἐκμηνοῦς, ἡ, a *space of six months.*

ἐκ-μηνύομαι, Dep., of an army, to *defile out of.*

ἐκ-μίαινω, to *pollute.*

ἐκ-μιμῶμαι, Dep. to *imitate faithfully.*

ἐκ-μισθῶ, f. ὦσω, to *let out for hire*:—Med. to *bire.*

ἐκμολε, Ep. for ἐξέμολε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκβλώσκω.

ἐκ-μουσόω, f. ὦσω, (ἐκ, μούσα) to *teach fully.*

ἐκ-μοχθέω, f. ἦσω, to *work out with toil*, Lat. *elaborare*: to *win hardly or by great exertion, to achieve.*

ἐκ-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μοχλός) to *heave with the lever, to force one's way.*

ἐκ-μυζῶ, f. ἦσω, to *suck out.*

ἐκ-μυκτριζῶ, f. σω, (ἐκ, μυκτήρ) to *turn up one's nose at, mock at.*

ἐκ-νεάω, f. σω, (ἐκ, νέος) to *grow young or fresh.*

ἐκ-νέμομαι, Dep. to *feed off*, Lat. *depassci.* 2. to *go forth to feed, go forth.*

ἐκνενηκῆκα, pf. of ἐκνικάω.

ἐκ-νευρίζω, f. σω, to *cut the sinews*:—Pass., pf. ἐκ-νευέρισμαι, to *be unnerved.*

ἐκ-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξένευσα:—to *turn aside, turn away.* II. to *sink down.* III. to *give a nod or sign to do a thing.*

ἐκ-νέω, fut. -νεύσομαι: aor. I ἐξένευσα:—to *swim out or away, escape by swimming*: generally, to *escape.*

ἐκ-νήφω, f. ψω, to *sleep off a drunken fit, become sober again.*

ἐκ-νίξω, f. -νίψω (as if from ἐκνίπτω): aor. I ἐξένιψα:—to *wash out or away.*

ἐκ-νικάω, f. ἦσω, to *conquer completely*: to *achieve by force.* II. intr. to *prevail, grow into use*; ἐπὶ τῷ μῶθει ἐκνενηκῆναι to *win its way to the fabulous.*

ἐκ-νόμος, ον, (ἐκ, νόμος) *unusual, unwonted, strange.* Adv. -ίως, Sup. ἐκνομώτατα.

ἐκ-νόμος, ον, (ἐκ, νόμος) *unusual, unwonted: unlawful* —Adv. -μως, *discordantly.*

ἐκ-νοστήω, f. ἦσω, to *return from, to return.*

ἐκ-νοσφίζομαι, Dep. aor. I of κομίζω.

ἐκνυξήτο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνυζάομαι.

ἐκόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω.

ἐκοντί, Adv. (ἐκίον) *freely, willingly.*

ἐκορέσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορῆννυμι.

ἐκούσος, α, (ἐκῶν) of *one's own free will, voluntary.* Adv. -ίως; also ἐξ ἐκουσίας or καθ' ἐκουσίαν.

ἐκπαγλέομαι, Pass. to *be astonished or amazed.* II. to *wonder at, admire exceedingly.* From

ἐκ-παγλος, ον, (metath. for ἐκ-πλάγος, from ἐκ-παγήναι) *friggible, terrible, fearful.* Adv. ἐκπάγλως, also neut. ἐκπαγλον and ἐκπαγα used as Adv., *terribly, fearfully, greatly.* II. *astonishing, wonderful.*

ἐκπαίδευμα, ατος, τό, *anything reared, a child.* From ἐκ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to *bring up from a child*: to *educate.*

ἐκ-παιφάσσω, to *rush furiously forth.*

ἐκ-παύω: f. -παύσω: aor. I ἐξέπαυσα:—to *strike out of a thing, disappoint.*

ἐκ-πάλαι, Adv. for ἐκ πάλαι, of *old, long ago.*

ἐκ-πάλλω, to *shake out*:—Pass. to *spirt out.*

ἐκπαλτο, Ep. for ἐξέπαλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπάλλω.

ἐκ-πάσσω, f. ἔω, to *strike out of one's senses.*

ἐκ-πάτιος, α, ον, (ἐκ, πάτος) *out of the common path*: *excessive.*

ἐκ-παύω, f. σω, to *set quite at rest, put an end to*:—Med. to *take one's rest.*

ἐκ-πειθω, f. σω, to *persuade, over-persuade.*

ἐκ-πειράζω, f. ἄσω, to *tempt.*

ἐκ-πειράομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐξεπειράθη [ᾶ]: Dep. —to *make trial of, prove, tempt.* 2. to *inquire of another.*

ἐκ-πέλω, whence impers. ἐκπέλει, it is *allowed.*

ἐκ-πέμπω, fut. ψω: aor. I ἐξέπεμψα:—to *send out or forth from*: of things, to *export.* 2. to *call or*

fetch out, send for : Pass. to go forth, depart. II. to dismiss, drive away : to divorce. Hence
 ἔκπεμψις, εως, ἡ, a sending out or forth.
 ἔκπεπέτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔκπετάννυμι.
 ἔκπέπληγμα, pf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἔκπεπόνημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπονέω.
 ἔκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθέω.
 ἔκπεπόρθημεναι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθεμέω, both in med. and pass. sense.
 ἔκπέποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπίνω.
 ἔκπεπόταμαι, Dor. pf. of ἐκποτάομαι.
 ἔκπεπραμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of ἐκπετάννυμι, expanded, open. Adv. -ως, extravagantly.
 ἔκπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐκπίπτω.
 ἔκπεράω, ἔκπερώσων, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. of ἐκπεράω.
 ἔκπεραίνω, f. ἀνώ, to bring to an end :—Pass. to be fulfilled.
 ἐκπέραμα, ατος, τό, a passing out. From ἔκπεράω : f. ἄω [ᾱ] Ion. ἦω : Ion. aor. I ἐξέπερησα :—to pass through or over : metaph. to accomplish.
 ἔκπερδικίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πέρδιξ) to escape like a partridge, fly away.
 ἔκπερθω, fut. -πέρσω, to destroy utterly.
 ἔκπεριεῖμι, to go all round.
 ἔκπερσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐκπέρθω.
 ἔκπεσε, Ep. for ἐξέπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω : ἔκπεσεῖν, for ἐκπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf.
 ἔκπέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι : aor. 2 both in med. and act. forms ἐξεπάτην and ἐξέπητη :—to fly out, forth or away.
 ἔκπετάννυμι, f. -πετάω [ᾱ] : Ep. aor. I ἐξεπέτασσα :—to spread out, unfurl, spread : to stretch out.
 ἔκπετήσιμος, ον, (ἐκπέταμαι) ready to fly out of the nest : metaph. of a girl, marriageable.
 ἔκπέτομαι, aor. 2 -επτόμην, = ἐκπέταμαι.
 ἔκπεύθομαι, Ep. for ἐκπυθάνομαι.
 ἔκπέφυγα, pf. of ἐκφεύγω.
 ἐκπεφύθια, pf. part. pl. fem. nom. of ἐκφύω.
 ἔκπεθιάω, f. ἴσομαι, to leap out or forth : esp. of a besieged force, to sally forth. 2. to leap up. Hence ἐκπέθημα, ατος, τό, a leap out or forth.
 ἔκπηνιζώ, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πήνω) to reel off, wind out : fut. med., ἐκπνιεύσθαι τί τινος to wind something out of a man.
 ἔκπιδόομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, πιδώ) to gush forth.
 ἔκπιμπλημι, f. -πλήσω : aor. I ἐξέπλησα, pass. ἐξέπλησθην :—to fill up, fill full of. 2. to satiate. II. to fulfil. III. to finish, complete.
 ἔκπίνω [ῖ] : f. -πίομαι ; aor. 2 ἐξέπιον : for the other tenses, v. πίνω :—to drink out or off, quaff, drain. II. metaph. to empty out, drain.
 ἔκπιπράσκω, to sell off.
 ἔκπίπτω, f. -πεσοῖμαι : aor. ἐξέπεσον : pf. ἐκπέπτωκα :—to fall out of or down from. 2. to fall from, be deprived of, lose, Lat. excidere. 3. to be driven out of one's country, be banished. 4. to be cast ashore, to be wrecked, Lat. ejici. 5. of actors,

to be bisped off the stage, Lat. explodi. 6. to come out or forth, sally out : to get out of, escape : to depart from. 7. to issue, result in.
 ἔκ-πίνω, ποθ. for ἐκπίτω.
 ἔκπλάγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἔκπλεθρος, ον, (ἕξ, πλέθρον) six plethra long.
 ἔκ-πλεος, ποθ. ἔκπλειος, α, ον, Att. ἔκπλεως, ον : (ἐκ, πλέω) quite full : complete, entire : abundant.
 ἔκ-πλώω, f. -πλώσομαι : aor. I ἐξέπλευσα : Ion. ἐκπλώω, f. -πλώσω :—to sail out, go out of port ; c. acc., ἐκπλεῖν τὰς ναῦς εἰς τὴν εὐρυχωρίαν to outsail the ships into the open sea.
 ἔκ-πλεως, ον, Att. for ἔκπλεος.
 ἔκπλήγην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἔκ-πληγῆσθαι, = ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἔκπληκτικός, ἡ, ον, (ἐκπλήσσω) striking with terror, astounding. Adv. -κῶς, in amazement.
 ἐκπληξῆς, εως, ἡ, (ἐκπλήσσω) panic fear, consternation ; ἐκπληξὶς κακῶν terror caused by misfortunes.
 ἔκ-πληρόω, f. ὶωω, to fill quite up. 2. of ships, to man completely. 3. to fulfil. II. ἐκπληροῦν λιμένα to cross over the harbour, Lat. emetiri spatium.
 ἔκ-πλήσσω Att. -πτω : fut. ξω : aor. I ἐξέπληξα :—to strike out of, drive away :—to frighten out of one's senses, scare, astound. II. Pass., mostly in aor. 2 ἐξέπληγην [ᾱ], Ep. 3 sing. and pl. ἐκπλήγη, ἐκπληγεν : later also aor. I ἐξέπληχθην :—to be panic-struck, amazed.
 ἔκπλοος contr. ἔκπλους, ὁ, (ἐκπλέω) a sailing out, leaving port.
 ἔκ-πλύνω [ῦ], to wash out. Hence ἐκπλύτος, ον, to be washed out.
 ἔκ-πλώω, Ion. for ἐκπλέω.
 ἔκ-πνέω Ep. -πνέω. f. -πνεύσομαι or -οῦμαι : aor. I ἐξέπνευσα :—to breathe out or forth. 2. βίον ἐκπνεῖν to breathe one's last, expire ; and so ἐκπνέω alone. II. intr., of the wind, to blow out or outwards : to burst out. Hence.
 ἐκπνόη, ἡ, a breathing out, expiring.
 ἔκ-ποδών, Adv. (ἐκ, ποδών) out of the way ; ἐκποδών ἴστασθαι to stand out of the way ; ἐκποδών χροεῖν τινα to get out of his way. Opp. to ἐμποδών.
 ἔκ-ποτέω, f. ἴωω : aor. I ἐξέποιησα :—to put out a child, give him in adoption, II. Med. to produce, bring forth. III. to make completely, finish off. Hence
 ἐκποίησις, εως, ἡ, a putting forth, emission : and ἐκποίησης, ἡ, ον, put forth, given in adoption.
 ἔκ-ποκίζω, f. ἴωω Att. ἰώ, to pull out wool or hair.
 ἔκ-πολεμέω, f. ἴωω, to excite to war, make hostile.
 ἔκ-πολεμέω, f. ὶωω, to make hostile, involve in war : Pass. to become an enemy to.
 ἔκ-πολιόρκεω, f. ἴωω, to take by siege, Lat. expugnare.
 ἐκπομπή, ἡ, (ἐκπέμω) a sending out or forth.
 ἔκ-πονεύω, f. ἴωω : aor. I ἐξέπότησα :—to work out, finish off, execute, bring to perfection, Lat. elaborare :—Pass. to be brought to perfection ; οἶτος ἐκπε-

ποιημένος corn prepared for use; ἐκπεινοῖσθαι τὰ σώματα to have their bodies in good training. II. to work hard for, to earn by labour. III. to prevail on by importunity. IV. to search out. V. of food, to digest by labour.

ἐκ-πορεύω, f. σω, to make to go out, fetch out:—Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I ἐξεπορεύσθην, to go out or forth, to go away, march out.

ἐκ-πορέω, f. ἴσω, = ἐκπέρω, to pillage: metaph. to undo. II. to carry off as plunder. Hence ἐκπορθήτωρ, opos, δ, a ravager, destroyer.

ἐκ-πορθεύω, f. σω, to carry away by sea. ἐκ-πορίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἐξέπορισα:—to invent, contrive. II. to find means for doing a thing, to provide, furnish, supply:—Med. to provide for oneself, procure.

ἐκ-πορνέω, f. σω, to be given to fornication. ἐκ-ποτάομαι, Ion. for ἐκ-πέτομαι: Dor. pf. ἐκπεπόταμαι: Dep.:—to fly out or forth: metaph. to be lifted up or elated.

ἐκ-πράσσω Att. -πτω: f. ζω: aor. I ἐξέπραξα:—to do completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. effingere. II. to make an end of, kill, Lat. conficere. III. to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge.

ἐκ-πραῖνω, to soothe, mollify. ἐκπρητής, ἐς, (ἐκπρέπω) distinguished out of all, pre-eminent. II. (ἐκ, πρέπον) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἐκ-πρέπω, to be pre-eminent in a thing.

ἐκπρηπώς, Adv. of ἐκπρητής II, unreasonably.

ἐκ-πτερώω, Ion. for ἐκπράσσω.

ἐκ-πρίω, f. -πριούμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπριον:—to saw out.

ἐκ-προθυμέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep. to be very zealous.

ἐκ-προΐημι, f. ἴσω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-προκαλέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Med. to call forth to or for oneself; Ep. aor. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσάμενος.

ἐκπροκρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of

ἐκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to select in preference.

ἐκ-προλείπω, f. ψω, to forsake; aor. 2 part. ἐκπρολίπων.

ἐκ-προτιμάω, f. ἴσω, to honour above all.

ἐκ-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to escape from.

ἐκ-προχέω, f. -χεύω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-πτερόσομαι, Dep. to expand the wings.

ἐκ-πτήσσω, f. ζω, to scare away from.

ἐκ-πτόω, f. ἴσω, = ἐκπτήσσω:—Pass. to be scared.

ἐκ-πτύω, f. ἴσω or ἴσομαι [ἴ]: aor. I ἐξέπτυσα:—to spit out: to spit in token of disgust.

ἐκ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπυθόμην: Dep.:—to search out, make full inquiry about, hear of.

ἐκ-πύρω, f. ἴσω, to burn to ashes, consume. Hence ἐκπύρωσις, εως, ἡ, a conflagration.

ἐκ-πυστος, ον, heard of, discovered.

ἐκπωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκπινω) a drinking-cup.

ἐκ-ποτάομαι, ποῖτ. for ἐκποτάομαι, ἐκπέτομαι.

ἐκράνανθεν, Ep. for ἐκρανήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ἐκ-ραβδίζω, f. σω, to drive out with a rod.

ἐκράγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐκράγησομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐκράγον, aor. 2 of κράζω.

ἐκράθη [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of κεράννυμι.

ἐκράλιον, Ep. impf. of κραινώ.

ἐκ-ραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐξέράνα:—to scatter out from.

ἐκρέμα, for ἐκρέμαο, 2 sing. impf. of κρέμαμι.

ἐκ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. ξερρήκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ξερρήνυ:—to flow out or forth. 2. of feathers, to fall off. 3. to melt or fall away. II. trans. to shed, let fall.

ἐκ-ρήγνυμι or ἐκ-ρήσσω: fut. -ρήξω: aor. I ἐξέρρηξα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκράγησομαι: aor. 2 ξερράγην:—to break out, break off:—Pass. to snap asunder. II. in Pass. also, to break or burst out, to break forth. III. also intr. in Act., to break out or forth.

ἐκ-ρίζω, f. ἴσω, to root out. ἐκρίθη, aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ἐκ-ρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέριψα:—to throw out, cast forth.

ἐκροος, contr. ἔκρους, ὄ, (ἐκρέω) outflow, outfall.

ἐκ-ροφέω, f. ἴσω, to gulp down.

ἐκρύβην [ῶ], aor. 2 pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, to rescue, deliver.

ἐκρύφθη, aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-σαλάσσω, to shake violently.

ἐκ-σάω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐξέσάωσα:—Ep. for ἐκώσω.

ἐκ-σεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσεισα:—to shake out.

ἐκ-σεύομαι: pf. ἐξέσσυμαι: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἐξέσσυμην: Pass.: (ἐκ, σεύω):—to rusb forth from, flee away from.

ἐκ-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to signify, denote.

ἐκ-σιγῶ, f. ἴσομαι, to put to utter silence.

ἐκ-σκᾶλεύω, f. σω, to rake out, pull away.

ἐκ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ], to scatter abroad.

ἐκ-σκευάζω, f. σω, to disfurnish.

ἐκ-σμάω, inf. -σμήν: impf. ἐξέσμων:—to wipe out.

ἐκ-σπείρω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐξέσπρησα:—to scare away.

ἐκ-σπᾶω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐξέσπᾶσα, Ep. part. med. ἐκσπασσάμενος:—to draw out, pluck out.

ἐκ-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to pour out as a libation.

ἐκ-σπειδω, f. σω, to baste out.

ἐκ-σπονδος, ον, (ἐκ, σπονδή) out of the treaty, excluded from it.

ἐκ-στάδιος, ον, (ἕξ, στάδιον) six stades long.

ἐκστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίστημι) a being put out of its place: of the mind, distraction, astonishment:—a trance: (hence Engl. ecstasy).

ἐκ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, aor. I ἐξέστειλα:—to send out: to deck out.

ἐκ-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστεψα: pf. pass. ἐξέστεμμαι:—to deck out with garlands.

ἐκ-στράτεια, ἡ, a going out on service. From ἐκ-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march out: to take the field.

ἐκ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. ὕσωμαι : pf. ἐξέστρατο-
πέδευμαι : Dep. :—to encamp outside.

ἐκ-στρέφω, f. ψω : aor. I ἐξέστρεψα :—to turn
aside, overturn. II. to turn inside out : metaph.
to change entirely : to pervert.

ἐκ-σπύρισσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to whistle or hiss off
the stage, Lat. *explodere*.

ἐκ-σύρω [ῶ], to drag out : aor. 2 pass. ἐξέσύρην [ῶ].

ἐκ-σφραγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ῶ, to seal up :—Pass. to
be shut out from.

ἐκ-σώζω, f. σω : aor. I ἐξέσωσα :—to keep safe, pre-
serve :—Med. to save oneself, save one's life :—Pass.,
νῆσον ἐκώζουσαι to seek for safety in the island.

ἐκ-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, σωρός) to heap or pile up.

ἐκπᾶ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκπᾶδην [ᾶ], Adv. (κτείνω) outstretched.

ἐκπᾶδιος, η, ον, (κτείνω) outspread.

ἐκπᾶθεις, aor. I part. pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκπᾶθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκπᾶθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκπᾶμε, Ep. for ἐξέταμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκπαμεν, Ep. for ἐκταόμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκπαμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκτᾶν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτᾶνον, aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τᾶνύω, f. ὕσω : aor. I ἐξετᾶνύσα, Ep. -υσσα :
aor. I pass. ἐξετᾶνύσθην :—poët. for ἐκτείνω, to stretch
out in the dust, lay low :—Pass. to lie outstretched.

ἐκ-τάρᾶσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω : aor. I ἐξετάρᾶσα :—
to disquiet, confound, agitate.

ἐκ-τάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to draw an army out in
order :—Med., of an army, to draw up in line.

ἐκτέατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τέθραμμαi, pf. pass. of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐκθεθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐκ-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ : aor. I ἐξέτεινα : pf. ἐκτέτακα :

—Pass., aor. I ἐξετάθην : pf. ἐκτέταμαι :—to stretch
out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse : hence, to lay
low :—Pass. to lie outstretched, lie along : metaph. of
the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack. II.

to stretch out, extend, prolong. III. to strain to
the uttermost.

ἐκ-τειχίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ῶ, to fortify completely : to
build from the ground.

ἐκ-τελευτάω, f. ἦσω, to bring quite to an end.

ἐκ-τελέω : Ep. impf. ἐξετέλειον : f. -τελέσω, Ep.

-τελέω :—fut. med. ἐκετέλεσθαι in pass. sense :—to
bring to an end, accomplish, achieve.

ἐκ-τελής, ἄς, (ἐκ, τέλος) brought to an end, perfect :

ripe, mature.

ἐκ-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω : f. τεμῶ : aor. 2 ἐξέτᾶμον :

—to cut out from, cut out : to cut trees out of a wood,
to cut down. 2. to hew out, hew into shape. II.

to castrate.

ἐκτένελα, ἦ, earnestness, zeal. From

ἐκτενής, ἄς, (κτείνω) stretched out : metaph. earn-
est, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

ἐκτενῶς, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously :
Comp. ἐκτενεστέρον more earnestly.

ἐκτός, α, ον, verb. Adv. of ἔχω, to be held. II.

neut. ἐκτέον, one must have or hold.

ἐκτέτηκα, intrans. pf. of ἐκτίκω.

ἐκτέτιλαμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτίλλω.

ἐκτεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (ἐκτός) the sixth part (sexxtarius) of
the μέδιμος, = 8 chœnixes.

ἐκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ἦσομαι : aor. I ἐξετεχνησάμην :

Dep. :—to contrive, devise.

ἐκ-τήκω, f. ζω : aor. 2 ἐξέτακον :—to make melt
away :—Pass., with intr. pf. act. ἐκτέτηκα, to melt
away. II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp.

to ἐμμένειν.

ἐκτίημι, for κέκτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκτίησω, 2 sing. aor. I of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω : to set out, put outside :—to put
out, expose. II. to set up, exhibit.

ἐκ-τίλω, f. -τέγω : aor. 2 ἐξέτεκον :—to bring forth.

ἐκ-τίλλω, f. -τίλλῶ : pf. pass. ἐκτέτιλαμαι :—to pluck
or pull out : Pass., κόμην ἐκτετιλμένος having one's
hair plucked out.

ἐκ-τίμῶ, f. ἦσω, to honour highly.

ἐκ-τίμος, ον, (ἐκ, τιμή) without honour.

ἐκ-τινάσσω, f. ζω, to shake out or off.

ἐκ-τίνω, f. -τίσω : aor. I ἐξέτίσα :—to pay off, pay
in full ; ἐκτίσαι δίκην to pay the full penalty. II.

Med. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge : to
take vengeance on.

ἐκ-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω : aor. I ἐξέτρωσα :—to cause
a miscarriage. II. intr. to miscarry.

ἐκτοθεν, Adv. (ἐκτός) Ep. for ἐξωθεν, from without,
c. gen. : outside.

ἐκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτός) out of, outside, c. gen.

ἐκ-τολύπτεω, f. σω, to wind quite off, to bring to an
end.

ἐκτομεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (ἐκτέμνω) one that cuts out : fem.

ἐκτομής, ἴδος.

ἐκτομή, ἦ, (ἐκτέμνω) a cutting out : castration.

Hence

ἐκτομίας, ον, ὁ, one castrated, a eunuch.

ἐκ-τοξέω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away : to throw
away. 2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.

ἐκ-τόπιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, = ἐκτοπος.

ἐκ-τόπος, ον, (ἐκ, τόπος) away from a place, dis-
tant : hence out of the way, foreign, strange.

ἐκ-τορέω, f. ἦσω, to bore through, stab to death.

ἐκτος, η, ον, (ἕξ) the sixth.

ἐκτός, Adv. (ἐκ) Lat. *extrinsecus*, opp. to ἐντός : I.

of Place, without, outside : as Prep. with gen. out of,
far from : free from. 2. out of, beyond. 3.

except. II. of Time, beyond, over.

ἐκτοσε, (ἐκτός) Adv. outwards.

ἐκτοσθεν, ἐκτοσθεν, (ἐκτός) Adv. from without, with-
out, outside : far from, apart from.

ἐκ-τράπεζος, ον, (ἐκ, τράπεζα) away from or banished
from the table.

ἐκ-τραχηλίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ῶ, of a horse, to throw

the rider over its head: generally, to throw off or down:—Pass. to break one's neck.

ἐκ-τραχύνω [ῶ], f. ἰνῶ, to make rough.

ἐκ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn off or aside, divert: metaph., to turn aside, dissuade:—Pass. and Med. to turn aside from, to avoid.

ἐκ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. I ἐξέθρεψα:—to bring up from childhood, rear up:—Med. to rear up for oneself.

ἐκ-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμομαι (from *δρέ-μω):—to run out or forth: to make a sally. 2. to run off or away. 3. metaph. of anger, to burst forth.

ἐκ-τριβώ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέτριψα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκ-τριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμμαι:—to rub out; πῦρ ἐκ-τριβειν to produce fire by rubbing. II. to rub hard.

III. to destroy by rubbing, destroy root and branch; βίον ἐκτριβειν to bring life to a wretched end.

ἐκτριψαί, aor. I inf. of ἐκτριβώ.

ἐκτροπή, ἡ, (ἐκτρέπω) a turning off or aside. II. a turning oneself from, avoidance:—ἐκτροπή ὁδοῦ a resting-place; ἐκτροπή λόγου a digression.

ἐκ-τρυχόω, f. ὦσω, to wear out, exhaust.

ἐκ-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι, to eat up, devour.

ἐκτρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκτιτρώσκω) a child untimely born, an abortion.

ἐκτύπον, aor. 2 of κτυπέω.

ἐκ-τύπος, ον, (ἐκ, τύπτω) beaten out, wrought in relief. Hence

ἐκ-τυπόω, f. ὦσω, to work in relief.

ἐκ-τυφλόω, f. ὦσω, to make quite blind. Hence

ἐκτύφλωσις, ἑως, ἡ, a making quite blind.

ἐκύει, 3 sing. impf. of κνέω.

ἐκύρά, ἡ, a step-mother, Ep. word for πενθερά.

ἐκύρον, aor. 2 of κνέω.

ἐκύρός, ὁ, a step-father, Ep. word for πενθερός. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐκύσα, aor. I of κνέω.

ἐκύσω, aor. I of κνέω.

ἐκ-φάγειν, to eat up, devour: only used in aor. 2, the pres. in use being ἐξεσθίω.

ἐκ-φαιδρύνω [ῶ], f. ἰνῶ, to make quite clear.

ἐκ-φαίνω, f. -φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐξέφηνα:—to shew forth, bring to light: to betray, make known; ἐκφαίνειν πόλεμον to declare war:—Pass. and Med., f. -φᾶνομαι and -φᾶνήσομαι: aor. I ἐξεφάνθη, aor. 2 ἐξεφάνθη [ᾶ]:—to shine out or forth, to shew oneself, appear, come to light. Hence

ἐκφάνης, ἐς, shining forth, manifest. Adv. -νῶς.

ἐκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of ἐκφημι.

ἐκφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκφημι) a declaration.

ἐκφᾶτος, ον, (ἐκφημι) beyond power of speech:—Adv. ἐκφᾶτως, expressly, plainly; or, beyond words to express, i. e. impudently.

ἐκ-φαιλίξω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to depreciate.

ἐκφερέμεν, Ep. for ἐκφέρειν, inf. of ἐκφέρω.

ἐκ-φέρω, f. ἐξοίσω: aor. I and 2 ἐξήνεγκα, ἐξήνεγκον:—fut. med. ἐξοίσομαι in pass. sense:—to carry

out of: to carry out a corpse for burial, Lat. efferre: also to carry away: to carry off as prize:—Pass. to be carried out; metaph. to be carried away by passion. 2. to put out of a ship. II. to bring

forth, to produce. 2. to accomplish, fulfil: bring about. 3. to bring out, put forward, to publish, proclaim: to tell abroad, betray. 4. to put forth, exert.

5. ἐκφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. inferre bellum, to begin war. 6. to shew signs of, shew. III.

to carry out or to the end. IV. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to run away. 2. to come to an end.

ἐκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέφυγον: pf. ἐκπέφευγα:—to flee out or away, escape: to flee out of, escape from; βέλος ἐκφυγε χειρός. 2. to escape from danger; esp. to be acquitted.

ἐκ-φημι, to speak out, speak: aor. 2 inf. med. ἐκφάσθαι.

ἐκ-φθειρώ, to destroy utterly: Pass. to be undone; imper. ἐκφθειρώ, begone! aor. 2 part. ἐκφθᾶείς.

ἐκ-φθίνω, only used in Pass. to perish utterly; 3 pl. pf., ἐξέφθινται they have utterly perished; 3 sing. plqpf., ἐξέφθιτο οἶνος νηῶν the wine had all been consumed out of the ships.

ἐκ-φιλέω, f. ἡσω, to love passionately.

ἐκ-φλαυρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἐκφανλίξω.

ἐκ-φλέγω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέφλεξα:—to set on fire.

ἐκ-φοβέω, f. ἡσω, to frighten out or away, affright:—Pass. to be affrighted.

ἐκ-φοινίσσω, fut. ξω, to make red or bloody.

ἐκ-φοιτάω, Ion. -έω, fut. ἡσω, to go out or forth.

ἐκφορά, ἡ, (ἐκ-φέρω) a carrying out of a corpse to burial. 2. a blabbing, betrayal. II. (from Pass.) of horses, a running away.

ἐκ-φορέω, = ἐκφέρω, to carry out a corpse for burial:—Med. to take out with one:—Pass. to move forth. II. to carry quite out. III. in Pass.,

to be cast up on shore, Lat. ejici.

ἐκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρω) that which is brought forth, fruit, produce; also rent, tithe.

ἐκφορος, ον, (ἐκφέρω) to be carried out, exportable. II. to be made known.

ἐκ-φορτίξομαι, Pass., to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed.

ἐκ-φράξω, f. ὦσω, to tell in full.

ἐκ-φρέω poet. ἐκφρέω: f. ἡσομαι, also ἡσω: (ἐκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. δια-φρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let out, bring out:—Pass. to go out.

ἐκ-φροντίξω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to think out, devise, invent, Lat. excogitare.

ἐκ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκ, φρήν) out of one's mind, mad, senseless, Lat. amens: also, frenzied.

ἐκ-φυγγάνω, = ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκφύω, Ep. for ἐξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκ-φύλασσω, f. ξω, to watch carefully.

ἐκφύνα, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκφύω, formed from ἐκφυμι.

ἐκ-φυσάω, f. ἡσω, to blow or breathe out: metaph., ἐκφυσᾶν πόλεμον to blow up a war from a spark.

ἐκ-φύω, I. Causal in pres., in f. ἐκφύω [ῥ] : aor. I ἐξέφυσα :—to beget, produce. II. intr. in pf. ἐπέφυκα, aor. 2 ἐξέφυν, and in Med. ἐκφύομαι :—to be produced or born from, grow from, c. gen. : absol., λάλημα ἐκπεφυκός a born tattler.

ἐκ-φωνώ, f. ἦσω, to pronounce aloud.

ἐκ-χαλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to let go from.

ἐκ-χανύω, f. ὦσω, to puff up, make vain.

ἐκχέω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκ-χέω, f. -χέω : aor. I ἐξέχεα, Ep. ἐξέχεα : pf. ἐκ-κέχυκα :—to pour out, Lat. effundo : to pour forth in vain, lavish, squander. II. Pass., aor. I ἐξεχύθη [ῥ] : pf. ἐκέχθυμαι : Ep. forms, 3 pl. plqpf. ἐξέκέχυντο, aor. 2 ἐξέχυντο or ἐκχυντο, part. ἐκχύμενος :—to be poured out, to stream out or forth : generally, to spread out or abroad :—to give loose to passion, Lat. effundī in . . .

ἐκ-χορεύω, f. σω, to break out of the chorus. II.

ἐκχορεύομαι, as Dep., to drive out of the chorus.

ἐκ-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω :—to suffice, be enough for : only used as impers. ἐκχρήσει, ἐξέχρησε, it will be, was enough or sufficient for.

ἐκ-χράω, f. ἦσω, to declare as an oracle.

ἐκ-χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to squeeze money from, levy contributions on.

ἐκχυθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχυθήσομαι, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχύμενος [ῥ], Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχύντο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχύντος, on, (ἐκχέω) poured out : unconfin'd, outspread, Lat. effusus :—ἐκχυντον, τό, drink.

ἐκ-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω : pf. pass ἐκέχρωσα :—to raise by bearing up soil : to silt up, of a river.

ἐκ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out and away, depart from. 2. to slip out of : hence of a joint, to be dislocated. 3. to give way : to give place to.

ἐκ-ψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, Lat. exspiro.

ἘΚΩ'Ν, ἐκούσα, ἐκόν, willing, voluntary, of free will. II. often in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι (where the inf. seems to be pleonastic), willingly, purposely.

ἐλάα, Att. for ἐλαία.

ἐλάαν, Ep. for ἐλάν, inf. of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλάβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

ἘΛΑΙΑ Att. ἐλάα, ἡ, the olive-tree, Lat. olea, oliva :—proverb., φέρεσθαι ἐκπὸς τῶν ἐλαίων to run beyond the olives, which stood at the end of the Athenian racecourse, i. e. to go too far. II. the fruit of the olive-tree, an olive. Hence

ἐλαίηεις Att. -άεις, ἔσσα, εν, of the olive-tree.

ἐλαϊνεός, α, on, and ἐλαϊνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλαία) of the olive-tree, of olive-wood.

ἐλαιο-λόγος, ὅ, (ἐλαία, λέγω) an olive-gatherer.

ἐλαιον, τό, (ἐλαία) olive-oil, oil, Lat. olivum.

ἐλαιος, ὅ, (ἐλαία) the wild-olive, Lat. oleaster.

ἐλαιο-φόρος, on, (ἐλαία, φέρω) olive-bearing.

ἐλαιο-φύής, ἐς, (ἐλαία, φύνω) olive-planted.

ἐλαιο-φύτος, on, (ἐλαία, φύνω) olive-planted.

ἐλαῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἐλαία : Att. pl. ἐλάδες.

ἐλαίων, ὠνος, ὅ, (ἐλαία) an olive-garden, olive-yard, Lat. olivētum :—as prop. n., the Mount of Olives, Olivet.

ἐλάκηκα, ἐλάκον, aor. I and 2 of λάσσω.

ἐλάμφθη, Ion. for ἐλήφθη, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλάνδρος, on, (ἐλεῖν, ἀνήρ) man-slaying.

ἐλάσα, Ep. for ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαίνω :—ἐλάσσασκε, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. :—ἐλασαίωτο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐλάσαντο, 3 plur. aor. I opt. med.

ἐλασᾶς, ὅ, an unknown bird.

ἐλάσεια, Desiderat. of ἐλαίνω, to wish to drive.

ἐλάσεια, ἡ, (ἐλαίνω) riding, driving.

ἐλασι-βροντος, on, (ἐλαίνω, βροντή) thunder-burling. II. burl'd like thunder.

ἐλάσι-πιτος, on, (ἐλαίνω, ἵππος) horse-driving.

ἐλάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλαίνω) a driving, riding : also rowing. 2. a driving away, banishing. 3. (sub. στρατοῦ) a march, expedition ; (sub. ἵππου) riding.

ἐλασσα, Ep. for ἐλασα, ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλασσώω, Att. -πτῶ, f. ὦσω : aor. I Att. ἠλάττωσα :—Pass., fut. ἐλασσωθήσομαι, but also f. med. ἐλασσώσομαι in pass. sense : aor. ἠλασσώθη :—to make less, smaller, or worse : to lessen, damage : hence to detract from. II. Pass. to become smaller, diminish : to come short of, have too little of a thing : c. gen. to be inferior to. From

ἐλάσσων Att. -πτων, on, gen. onos :—smaller, less, fewer, worse ; ἐλασσον ἔχειν to have the worse :—neut. ἐλασσον as Adv., in a less degree ; also reg. Adv. ἐλασσόνως :—Used as Comp. of μικρός, with Sup. ἐλασσιτος : the Posit. ἐλαχύς is found only in old Ep.

ἐλαστρέω, f. ἦσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐλαίνω, to drive : to row : also to drive about.

ἐλάω, fut. of ἐλαίνω. [ᾶ]

ἐλάτεον, verb. Adj. of ἐλαίνω, one must ride.

'ΕΛΑ'ΤΗ [ᾶ], the pine or fir. II. an oar, as being made of pine-wood : later also the whole ship.

ἐλάτηρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἐλαίνω) a driver, a charioteer ; ἐλατήρ βροντῆς burler of thunder. II. one that drives away. III. a broad, flat cake. Hence

ἐλατήριος, α, on, driving away.

ἐλάτινος, η, on, (ἐλάτη) of the pine or fir : of pine or fir-wood.

ἐλαττων, Att. neut. for ἐλασσων, as Adv., less.

ἐλαπτονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐλάσσων) to have less, have too little, be lacking.

ἐλάττων, ἐλάττω, ἐλάττωμα, Att. for ἐλασσ-.

'ΕΛΑΥ'ΝΩ fut. ἐλάσω [ᾶ], Ep. ἐλάσσω, Att. ἐλῶ, inf. ἐλάν, Ep. also ἐλῶν :—aor. I act. ἤλασα, Ep. ἐλάσα, ἔλασσα :—pf. ἐλήλκα :—Med., aor. I ἠλασάμην, Ep. 2 sing. ἐλάσαο, part. ἐλασάμενος :—Pass., aor. ἠλάθη and ἠλάσθη : pf. ἐλήλαται and ἐλήλασμαι : plqpf. 3 sing. ἠλήλατο, Ep. ἐλήλατο :—v. ἐλάω :—to drive, drive on, set in motion, esp. of horses, chariots, ships. 2. seemingly intrans., to ride, drive, sail, row ; ἐλαίνοντες the rowers :—in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail on a calm sea; πόντον ἐλάττας ἐλαύνειν to urge the sea with oars:—then really intrans., to advance, proceed, push on, go on; ἐς τοσούτων ἤλασαν they proceeded so far.

3. to drive away, carry off, Lat. abigere, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μύσος, μιάσμα, ἄγος ἐλαύνειν to drive away pollution. 4. to drive into πᾶντος compass, press in battle: Att. also, to harass, trouble, annoy.

II. to strike, to cut, wound by cut or thrust; c. dupl. acc., ὤμον ἐλαύνειν τινά to wound him on the shoulder. 2 to thrust, drive through: Pass. to go through. III. to beat out metal, Lat. ducere; ἀσπίδα ἐλαύνειν to make a shield of beaten metal. 2. to draw out, to draw; ἐλαύνειν ὄρχον ἀμπελίδος to draw a line of vines, i. e. plant them in line: hence generally, to plant, produce. 3. κολῶν ἐλαύνειν to prolong, keep up the brawl.

ἐλάφειος, ὄν, (ἐλαφος) of or belonging to deer. ἐλάφηβολία, ἡ, (ἐλαφηβόλος) a shooting of deer. ἐλάφηβόλια (sub. ἱερά), τά, a festival of Artemis. Hence

ἐλάφηβολιών, ὥνος, ὁ, the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the Elaphæbolia were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April.

ἐλάφη-βόλος, ὄν, (ἐλαφος, βάλλω) biting or shooting deer: as Subst. a deer-hunter.

ἐλάφο-κτόνος, ὄν, (ἐλαφος, κτείνω) deer-killing. *ΕΛΑΦΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a deer; whether male, a hart or stag, or female, a hind.

ἐλάφορ-σοῖτή, ἡ, (ἐλαφος, σοῖν) deer-bunting. ἐλάφωρ, ἡ, lightness; thoughtlessness. From

*ΕΛΑΦΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, and ὅς, ὄν, light in weight, Lat. LEVIS: metaph. light, not burdensome, easy, ἐν ἐλαφῶρ ποιεῖσθαι to make light of:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶς, lightly, easily. II. light in moving, nimble, swift, active; οἱ ἐλαφροὶ light troops, Lat. levis armatura.

III. metaph. light-minded, thoughtless.

ἐλάχιστος, ἡ, ὄν, Sup. of ἐλάσσων, fewest, smallest, least, worst:—τὸ ἐλάχιστον, as Adv. at the least; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστος.—Hence comes a new Comp. ἐλαχιστότερος, less than the least; Sup. ἐλαχιστότατος, the very least.

ἐλάχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω. ἐλάχου-πτέρυξ, νγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλαχύς, πτέρυξ) short-winged; of fishes, short-finned.

*ΕΛΑΧΥΣ, εἶα, ὄν, small, short, little: Ep. word, whence ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος are formed.

ἐλάω, rare poet. pres. for ἐλαίνω; Ep. inf. ἐλάω, impf. ἐλαον, ἐλαω.

*ΕΛΔΟΜΑΙ, ἐέλδομαι, Dep. to wish, long: to wish for, strive after, covet, desire. Hence

ἐλδωρ, ἐέλδωρ, τό, indecl. a wish, longing, desire. ἐλε, Ep. for ἐλεε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of αἰρέω.

ἐλεαίρω, poet. for ἐλεέω, to take pity on. *ΕΛΕΑΣ, ἄντος, ὁ, a kind of owl.

ἐλεγεία, ἡ, = ἐλεγος, an elegiac poem. ἐλεγείον, τό, (ἐλεγος) a distich consisting of a hexa-

meter and a pentameter, the metre of the elegy:—in plur. = ἐλεγεία ἐλεγος.

ἐλεγείος, α, ὄν, (ἐλεγος) of the elegy, elegiac. ἐλέγου, Dor. for ἐλέγω, 2 sing. impf. pass. of λέγω.

ἐλεγείς, εως, ἡ, (ἐλέγχω) a refusing, reproving. ἐλεγος, ὁ, a song of mourning, a lament, at first without reference to metrical form, later always in alternate hexameters and pentameters.

ἐλεγείη, ἡ, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace. ἐλεγχής, ἐς, (ἐλεγχος) liable to reproach, shameful, esp. cowardly:—irreg. Sup. ἐλέγχιστος.

ἐλεγχος, τό, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace, dis honour; κίκι' ἐλέγχεα base reproaches to your name.

ἐλεγχος, ὁ, a means of testing, a trial, test, Lat. argumentum: disproval, refutation. II. an examination, scrutiny. From

*ΕΛΕΓ'ΓΧΩ, fut. ξω: aor. I ἤλεγα:—Pass., aor. I ἤλέγηθην: pf. ἐλήλεγμαι:—to disgrace, put to shame, dishonour. II. to convince, refute, confute, Lat. arguere: of arguments, to disprove: also to accuse, reprove, reproach. 2. to examine, question: to prove, attest.

ἐλε-δεμνάς, ἡ, (*ἔλω, δέμνιον) couch-destroying. ἐλέειν, Ep. for ἐλείν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλεινός, in Att. Poets. ἐλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλεος) pitiable, pitious: pitied: generally, wretched, miserable.—Adv. ἐλεινώς, poet. ἐλεινῶς, pitiously: also neut. pl. ἐλεινώς as Adv.

ἐλέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἐλεος) to have pity on, shew mercy upon.

ἐλεημοσύνη, ἡ, pity, mercy: an alms. From ἐλεημων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (ἐλέω) pitiful, merciful.

ἐλεητός, ὄς, ἡ, Ion. for ἐλεος, pity, mercy. *ΕΛΕΪΘΙΑ, ἡ, = ΕΙΛΕΪΘΙΑ.

ἐλείν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω. ἐλεινός, Att. for ἐλεινός.

ἐλειο-βάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἐλος, βαῖνα) marsh-dwelling. ἐλειος, ὄν, and α, ὄν, (ἐλος) of or in the marsh.

ἐλειψάμων, aor. I med. of λείβω.

ἐλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, to lie. *ΕΛΕΛΕΥΓ' or ἐλελεεύ, like ἀλαλά, a loud cry.

ἐλελήθεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of λανθάνω. ἐλελίξω (A): f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐλέλιξα, pass. ἐλελίχθην: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) ἐλέλικτο:—Ep. lengthd. form of ἐλίσσω, to whirl round. II.

of soldiers, to wheel them round, rally them. III. generally, to make to tremble or quake:—Pass. to quake, tremble, quiver. IV. in Pass. also to wind or twist oneself along.

ἐλελίξω (B): f. ξω: aor. I ἤλελιξα:—to cry ἐλελεύ, to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry.

ἐλέλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐλελίξω (A).

ἐλελίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἐλελίξω (A).

ἐλελι-θῶν, ὄν, ονος, (ἐλελίξω, χθῶν) earth-baking. ἐλελόγγειν, plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

ἐλένας, ἡ, (ἐλείν, νᾶς Dor. for ναῦς) ship-destroying.

ἐλεόθρεπτος, ὄν, (ἐλος, τρέφω) marsh-bred.

ἔλεον, Adv. like ἔλεονόν, piteously.
 *ΕΛΕΟΣ, ὁ, and ἔλεον, τό, a kitchen-table, a dresser.
 *ΕΛΕΟΣ, ου, ὁ, also ἔλεος, εους, τό, pity, mercy, compassion. II. an object of compassion, a piteous thing.

ἑλέπολις, ποῖτ. ἑλέ-πολις, ι, gen. ιδος and ιδος: (ἑλεῖν, πόλις) city-destroying, of Helen.

ἑλεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἰρέω.

ἑλευθέρη, ἡ, ὄν, (ἑλεῖν) that can be taken or caught.
 ἑλευθερία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (ἑλευθερος) freedom, liberty: freedom from a thing.

ἑλευθερίως, ὄν, (ἑλευθερος) dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank, Lat. liberalis: esp. freely-giving, bountiful, liberal. It bears the same relation to ἑλευθερος as liberalis to liber. II. as epith. of Jove, the Releaser, Deliverer. Hence

ἑλευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, freedom of spirit, liberality.
 ἑλευθερίως, Adv. of ἑλευθερίως: Comp. -ιώτερον, Sup. -ιώτατα.

ἑλευθερό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, having free children.
 *ΕΛΕΥΘΕΡΟΣ, α, ὄν, and Att. ος, ὄν, free, Lat. LIBER; ἑλευθερον ἡμαρ the day of freedom; τὸ ἑλευθερον freedom. 2. free or freed from a thing. 3. of things, free for all to use, open to use. II. like ἑλευθερίως, fit for a freeman, free-spirited, Lat. liberalis.

ἑλευθεροστομία, f. ἴσω, to be free of speech. From ἑλευθερό-στομος, ὄν, (ἑλευθερος, στόμα) free-spoken.

ἑλευθερο-συργός, ὄν, (ἑλευθερος, ἔργον) bearing bimself freely, of a horse.

ἑλευθερώω, f. ὴσω, (ἑλευθερος) to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit. Hence

ἑλευθερώως, Adv. of ἑλευθερος, freely, with freedom.
 ἑλευθερώσις, εως, ἡ, a setting free.

ἑλευθῶ, ὄος, contr. οῦς, ἡ, = Εἰλείθωια.

*Ἐλευσίον or Ἐλευσίς, ἴνος, ἡ, Eleusis, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Proserpine:—Adv. Ἐλευσινῶδες, to Eleusis; Ἐλευσινῶθεν, from Eleusis. Hence

Ἐλευσίνιος, α, ὄν, of Eleusis.
 ἔλευσις, εως, ἡ, a coming: esp. the Advent. From ἔλευσμαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι: but in Att. εἴμι ἴβο was chiefly used.

ἑλεφαίρομαι, Dep. to cheat with empty hopes: hence generally, to trick, overreach, destroy.

ἑλεφαντίνεος, α, ὄν, and ἑλεφαντίνιος, η, ὄν, (ἑλέφας) of ivory, ivory, Lat. eburneus.

ἑλεφαντό-δετος, ὄν, (ἑλέφας, δέω) inlaid with ivory.
 ἑλεφαντο-μαχία, ἡ, (ἑλεφας, μάχομαι) a battle of elephants.

*ἘλεΨάσ, ατος, ὄ, the elephant, Lat. elephas. II. the elephant's tusk, ivory, Lat. ebur.

ἔλεψα, aor. I of λέπω.

ἔλη, ἡ, = εἴλη, ἀλά, the heat or light of the sun.
 ἔλη, 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἰρέω: and ἔληαι, Ion. for ἔλη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj.

ἑλήλακα, ἑλήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἑλαίνω.
 ἑλήλαται, -το, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἑλαίνω.

ἑλήλαμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλέγχω.
 ἑλήλατο, for ἑλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of ἑλαίνω.

ἑλήλιγμα, pf. pass. of ἑλίσσω.
 ἑλήλιθα, pf. of ἔρχομαι.

ἑλήφθη, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.
 ἑλθέ, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔρχομαι.

ἑλθεῖν, Ep. ἑλθέμεν, -έμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔρχομαι.
 ἑλίγδην, Adv. (ἑλίσσω) whirling, spinning.

ἑλίγμα, ματος, τό, (ἑλίσσω) that which is rolled: a curl, ringlet.

ἑλιγμός, ὁ, (ἑλίσσω) a rolling, twisting, winding, esp. of a winding passage.

ἑλικ-ἄμυξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑλιξ, ἄμυξ) with a circling round the hair.

ἑλικο-βλέφαρος, ὄν, (ἑλιξ, βλέφαρον) with quick-moving eyelids, quick-glancing.

ἑλικο-δρομος, ὄν, (ἑλιξ, δραμεῖν) twisting, winding.
 ἑλικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἑλίσσω) rolled, wound, wreathed.

*Ἑλικών, ἄνος, ὁ, Helicon, a mountain in Bœotia, the seat of the Muses.

*Ἑλικώνιος, α, ὄν, Heliconian, of Helicon.
 ἑλικ-ὤψ, απος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑλιξ, ὤψ) with rolling eyes, quick-glancing: fem. ἑλικώπις.

ἑλινύω or ἑλινύω, f. ὴσω [ῆ]: aor. I ἑλινύσα:—Ion. Verb, to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep. II. to be lazy.

ἑλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑλίσσω) Adj. rolled, twisted, winding, spiral: epith. of oxen, probably from their twisted, crumpled horns.

ἑλιξ ποῖτ. εἰλιξ, ἴκος, ἡ, (ἑλίσσω) anything twisted or spiral: an armet or ear-ring:—a whirl, eddy, whirlwind, Lat. vortex; ἑλικες στεροπῆς, flashes of forked lightning:—the tendril of the vine or of ivy:—the coil of a serpent:—a curl or lock of hair.

ἑλιξ-ό-κερως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. αν, (ἑλίσσω, κέρας) with crumpled horns.

ἑλιπον, aor. 2 of λέπω.

ἑλισσέμεν, Ep. inf. of ἑλίσσω.

*ἘΛΙΣΣΩ Att. -τω, Ep. and Ion. ἐλίσσω: fut. ἐλίξω: aor. I εἰλιξα:—Pass. aor. I εἰλίχθη: pf. ἐλήλιγμα: 3 sing. plqpf. εἰλικτο:—to turn about, turn round and round, roll, Lat. VOLVO: to whirl, move rapidly; πλάταν ἐλίσσειν to ply the rapid oar. 2. metaph. to turn in one's mind, revolve. 3. intrans. to hurry, move quickly about. II. Pass. and Med. to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay:—to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged: to wind one's way: to spin round; ὦραι ἐλίσσόμεναι the circling hours.

ἑλί-τροχος, ὄν, (ἑλίσσω, τροχός) whirling the wheel round.

ἑλί-χρῦσος, ὁ, (ἑλίσσω, χρῦσός) belicbryse, a creeping plant with yellow flowers.

ἑλκασί, (ἑλκος) to be sore from a wound.

ἑλκασί-πεπλος, ὄν, (ἑλκα, πέπλος) trailing the robe, long-robed.

ἑλκε-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, (ἑλκα, χιτών) trailing the tunic, with a long tunic.

ἐλκέω, f. ἦσω, strengthd. for ἔλκω, to drag about, tear asunder:—to maltreat, treat rudely. Hence ἔλκηνδον, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and ἔλκηθμός, ὄ, a being carried off, rough usage. ἔλκημα, ατος, τό, (ἐλκέω) that which is dragged away, a prey.

ἐλκο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἐλκος, ποιέω) making wounds, having power to wound.

ἘΛΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. *ULCUS*. Hence

ἐλκώ, f. ὤσω, to wound sorely.

ἐλκῦδριον, τό, Dim. of ἔλκος, a slight sore.

ἐλκῦσαι [ῥ], aor. I inf. of ἔλκω.

ἐλκυστάζω, Frequent. of ἔλκω, to drag about.

ἘΛΚΩ, f. ἔλω: aor. I εἶλξα, poet. ἔλξα: but also (as if from *ἐλκῶ) fut. ἐλκῶσω [ῥ]: aor. I εἶλκῶσα: Pass., aor. I εἶλκῶσθην: pf. εἶλκῶσαι, Ion. ἔλκῶσαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. *trabo*: to draw ships down into the sea, Lat. *deducere naves*: to drag along a dead body: also to tear: metaph. to carp at. 2. to draw a bow: to draw a sword. 3. to stretch, bend sails. 4. to draw or hold up scales to weigh with.

5. to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long draughts, quaff: also, ἔλκειν κόρδακα to dance in long measured steps. 7. ἔλκειν βίσιον, to drag out a weary life. 8. to draw to oneself, attract, esp. of the magnet. 9. ἔλκειν σταθμόν, to draw down the balance, i. e. to weigh so much: absol. to weigh ἔλκει πλέον it weighs more. 10. ἐλκῶσαι πλίνθους to mould bricks, Lat. *ducere lateres*. II. Med., ἔλφος ἔλκεσθαι to draw one's sword. 2. to draw to oneself, amass.

ἐλκ-ώδης, ες, (ἐλκος, εἶδος) like a wound, ulcerous. ἔλκωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλκῶ) ulceration. ἔλλαβον, Ep. for ἔλαβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω. ἔλαμπρύνωμαι, Pass. (ἐν, λαμπρῦναι) to gain distinction in.

ἐλ-λάμπω, f. ψω, (ἐν, λάμπω) to shine in or upon:—Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

Ἐλλαῶνο-δίκαί, ὦν, οἱ, (Ἐλλην, δίκη) the chief judges at the Olympic games. II. at Sparta, a court-martial to try disputes among the allied troops.

Ἐλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Ἐλλην) Hellas a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen. II. that part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwelt, also called Phthiotis. III. Greece.

Ἐλλάς, ἄδος, ὅ, ἡ, peccul. fem. of Ἐλληνικός. ἐλλάχον, Ep. for ἔλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχανώ.

ἐλλέβορος, ὄ, bellebore, Lat. *veratrum*, a plant used by the ancients as a cure for madness: πῖθ' ἐλλέβορον drink bellebore, i. e. you are mad.

ἐλλεδάσος, ὄ, (εἶλω) a band to bind corn-sheaves: straw-ropes.

Ἐλειμμα, ματος, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

ἐλ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐνέλιπον: (ἐν, λείπω):—to leave in, leave behind. II. to leave out, pass by, omit.

III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come short of, be inferior to:—c. inf., to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come short, fail: to fail in duty. IV. in Med. or Pass. to fail of: be inferior to. Hence

ἔλειψις, εως, ἡ, a falling short, defect.

ἔλ-λεσχος, ον, (ἐν, λέσχη) of common talk.

Ἐλλην, ηνος, ὄ, Hellen, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the Ἕλληνες, at first, dwellers in the Thessalian Hellas; later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάρβαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew, a pagan, gentile. II. as Adj., = Ἐλληνικός. Hence

Ἐλληνίζω, f. ἴσω, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek:—Pass., Ἐλληνισθῆναι τὴν γλῶσσαν to be made Greeks in language.

Ἐλληνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἐλλην) Hellenic, Greek; τὸ Ἐλληνικόν = οἱ Ἕλληνες, the Greeks. Adv. Ἐλληνικῶς, in Greek fashion.

Ἐλληῆνιος, α, ον, = Ἐλληνικός.

Ἐλληῆνις, ἰδος, ἡ, (Ἐλλην) a Grecian woman. 2. opp. to a Jewess, a heathen or gentile woman.

Ἐλληνιστής, οῦ, ὄ, (Ἐλληνίζω) an imitator of the Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

Ἐλληνιστί, (Ἐλληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: Ἐλληνιστὶ ξυνιέναι to understand Greek.

Ἐλληνο-τάμιαι, ὧν, οἱ, (Ἐλλην, ταμίαι) the stewards of Greece, i. e. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Persian war.

Ἐλλήσποντος, ὄ, (Ἐλλη, πόντος) the Hellespont or sea of Hellé; now the Dardanelles.

ἐλλίπειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐλλείπω. Hence ἐλλίπεις, ἐς, wanting, defective.

ἐλλίσσάμην, Ep. for ἐλισάμην, aor. I of λίσσομαι. ἐλλίτανεον, Ep. for ἐλιτ-, impf. of λιτανεύω.

ἐλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν, λόβος) an earring, Lat. *inauris*. ἐλ-λόγος, f. ἦσος, (ἐν, λόγος) to reckon in: to impute.

ἐλ-λόγμως, ον, (ἐν, λόγος) whatever comes into account, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

ἐλοπεύω, f. σω, (ἐλλοφ) to fish.

ἘΛΛΟΨ or ἐλλός, ὄ, a young deer, fawn.

ἘΛΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλλο-φόνος, ον, (ἐλλός, φόνος) fawn-slaying.

ἐλ-λοχίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, λόχος) to lie in ambush.

ἔλλοψ, οπος, (ἐλλός) mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλ-λύχρινον, τό, (ἐν, λύχρος) a lamp-wick.

ἔλξα, poet. for εἶλξα, aor. I of ἔλκω.

ἔλξις, εως, ἡ, (ἔλκω) a drawing, dragging: attraction. II. a draught.

ἔλοιμαν, Dor. for ἐλοίμην, aor. 2 opt. med. of αἰρέω.

ἔλοιμι, aor. 2 opt. act. of αἰρέω.

ἔλοισα, Dor. for ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἔλον, ἐλόμην, poet. for εἶλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.

ἘΛΟΣ, εος, τό, low ground by rivers, a marsh-meadow, marsh.

ἐλοῦμεν, I pl. old Att. impf. of λούω.

ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῦτο, 3 sing. Ion. and old Att. impf. med. of λούω.

ἐλόωσι, Ep. for ἐλάσσοσι, 3 pl. fut. of ἐλαύνω.
ἐπιζῶ, fut. ἰώ Att. ἰῶ, (ἐλπῶ) : aor. ἰήπισσα :—
Pass., aor. ἰήπισσθην :—to hope, expect : also, in bad
sense, to fear : c. acc. to hope for, expect : c. dat.
to hope in.

ἘΠΙΠΣ, ἴδος, ἦ, hope, Lat. spes : later, expectation
either of good or evil, hope or fear.

ἘΠΙΩ, Causal, to make to hope :—Med. ἔλπομαι
Ep. ἐέλπομαι : pf. ἔολπα (with pres. sense), plqpf.
ἔώλπειν (with impf.) :—to hope, expect, think, be-
lieve ; and in bad sense, to fear.

ἐλπωρή, ἦ, Ep. form of ἐλπῖς.
ἔλσαι, ἔλσας, aor. I inf. and part. of εἶλω.
ἐλύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of λύω.
ἔλυμα, atos, τό, (ἐλύω) the stock of the plough, on
which the share was fixed, Lat. dentale.

ἔλυμος, ὄ, (ἐλύω) a case, sheath, quiver.
ἐλύτρον, τό, a cover, covering, case, sheath. 2. a
place for holding water, a reservoir. From
ἐλύω, (εἶλω) :—to roll round : only used in Ep. aor.
I pass. ἐλύσθην, to be rolled up, to roll or twist one-
self close up.

ἔλω, aor. 2 subj. of αἰρέω.
ἔλων, impf. of ἐλάω : but ἐλῶν, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.
ἔλωρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἐλεῖν) booty,
spoil, prey. II. pl., Πατρόκλοιο ἔλωρα ἀποτίνειν
to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all dishonour.

ἐλώριον, τό, = ἔλωρ.
ἐμάθον, aor. 2 of μάθομαι.

ἐμάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of μαίνομαι.
ἐμαρνάσθην, 3 dual impf. of μάρναμαι.
ἐμάρνατο, 3 sing. impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμ-αυτοῦ, ἐμ-αυτῆς, Ion. ἐμ-εωτουῦ or ἐμ-αυτουῦ, ἦς,
(ἐμοῦ, αὐτοῦ) : reflexive Pronoun of first person, of
myself, Lat. mei ipsius : only used in gen., dat., and
acc. sing., both masc. and fem. : in plur. separated,
ἡμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.

ἐμβᾶ, for ἐμβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐμβαίνω.
ἐμβᾶδον, Adv. (ἐμβαίνω) on foot, by land.

ἐμβαίνο, f. -θήσομαι : aor. 2 ἐνέβην : pf. ἐμβέ-
θηκα, Ep. part. ἐμβεβᾶς :—to step in :—to step on,
go on. 2. to step into, to go into, go on board,
embark : to mount on : to be fixed upon. 3. to
tread upon. 4. to enter upon, embark in a
thing. II. Causal in aor. I ἐνέβησα, to make to
enter, bring in or into :—cf. ἐμβιβάζω.

ἐμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω : pf. -βέβληκα : aor. 2 ἐν-έβα-
λον :—to throw, lay, put in : and κώπας ἐμβαλέειν (sub.
χείρας) to lay oneself to the oars ; also without κώ-
πας, to lay to, pull hard. 2. to put into the mind of
another :—Med., ἐμβάλλεσθαι τι θυμῷ to lay a thing
to heart.

3. ἐμβάλλειν εἰς τι to throw one into a
thing, involve in. 4. to throw at another. II.
intr. to break, burst, rush in : to fall on, encounter,
run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on
another with its beak : cf. ἐμβολος.

ἐμβαμμα, atos, τό, sauce, soup. From
ἐμβάπτω, f. ψω, to dip in.

ἐμβᾶς, ἄδος [ᾶ], ἦ, (ἐμβαίνω) a kind of felt shoe,
used by the Bœotians ; also by old men and poor
people.

ἐμβᾶς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμβαίνω.
ἐμβᾶστέλω, f. σω, to be king among or over.

ἐμβᾶστος, εως, ἦ, (ἐμβαίνω) a going in or upon : a
going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which
one goes ; ἔμβασις ποδός a shoe, like ἐμβᾶς. 2. the
sole, foot, hoof.

ἐμβαστάζω, f. σω, to bear on, carry.
ἐμβατεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἐμβάτης) to step in or on, stand
on : hence to dwell in, frequent, haunt : also to pro-
tect, watch : c. gen. to set foot upon. II. to enter
on possession of property.

ἐμβατέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐμβάτης) = ἐμβατεύω.
ἐμβατήριος, on, (ἐμβατεύω) of or for marching :
ἐμβατήριον (sub. μέλος), τό, a march-tune, march.

ἐμβάτης, ου, ὄ, (ἐμβαίνω) he that goes in or upon,
esp. on board ship, a passenger. II. a kind of
boat, cf. ἐμβᾶς. [ᾶ]

ἐμβάφιος, on, (ἐμβάπτω) fit for dipping in or into :
τὸ ἐμβάφιον a flat vessel. [ᾶ]

ἐμβεβᾶς, -υῖα, Ep. pf. part. of ἐμβαίνω : ἐμβεβᾶ-
σαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐμβηθ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω : ἐμβητον, 2 dual :
ἐμβήτη, for ἐμβῆ, 3 sing. subj.

ἐμ-βιβάζω : f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ :—Causal of ἐμ-
βαίνω, to make to step in or upon : to put on board
ship : to lead or guide to.

ἐμβλεμμα, atos, τό, a looking straight at. From
ἐμ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at : simply,
to look.

ἐμ-βοῶω, f. ἦσομαι, to call upon : to shout aloud.
ἐμβολεύς, εως, ὄ, (ἐμβάλλω) a dibble for putting
in plants.

ἐμβολή, ἦ, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. II. in-
trans. an invoad into an enemy's country, an invasion,
foray. 2. the charge made by one ship upon another,
an assault ; ἐμβολαὶ χαλκόστομοι the shock of brasen
beaks. 3. an entrance : pass. III. the head
of a battering-ram. Hence

ἐμβόλμιος, on, (ἐμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted ; μῆν
ἐμβ, an intercalary month.

ἐμβολον, τό, (ἐμβάλλω) anything running in ; ἐμβ.
τῆς χώρας a tongue of land. 2. a bolt, bar : a
wedge : the beak of a ship of war. 3. a beam,
arbitrator.

ἐμβολος, ὄ, (ἐμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. 2.
the brasen beak of ships of war.

ἐμβραχῦ, Adv. (ἐν, βραχῦς) in brief, shortly.

ἐμ-βρέομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

ἐμ-βρέφος, on, ἐν, βρέφος) boy-like.

ἐμ-βριτής, ἐς, (ἐν, βριθός) heavy, weighty. II.
metaph. grave, stately, dignified, important. 2. in
bad sense, heavy, grievous, oppressive : of persons,
violent, savage, fierce. III. Adv. -θῶς, firmly.

ἐμ-βριθῶ [ῖ], f. ἰσω, to weigh heavily upon.
ἐμ-βριμάομαι, f. ἦσομαι : Dep. :—to snort with rage,

ἐμ-πακτώ, f. ἴσω, to close up, caulk.
 ἐμ-πάλασσω, f. ξω, to entangle in or together.
 ἐμ-πάλιν, poet. also ἐμ-πάλι, (ἐν, πάλιν) Adv. back-
 wards, back. II. contrary to, c. gen. III. in
 return. IV. τὸ ἐμπαλιν, τὰ ἐμπαλιν, by crasis
 τοῦμαλιν, τᾶμαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.
 ἐμ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to band over, put in one's power.
 ἐμ-πᾶς, Ion. and Ep. ἐμ-πῆς, Adv. (properly ἐν
 πᾶσι) altogether, at all events. II. on the whole,
 nevertheless, still. III. joined with περ, however
 much, ever so much.
 ἐμ-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέ-
 πάσα:—to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in,
 embroider.
 ἐμ-πάτω, f. ἴσω, to tread in, walk into.
 ἐμ-πεδό-μοχος, ov, (ἐμπεδος, μόχος) ever-rainful.
 ἐμπεδ-ορκέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐμπεδος, ὄρκος) to abide by
 one's oath.
 ἐμ-πεδος, ov, (ἐν, πέδον) in its place, steadfast, un-
 shaken. 2. of Time, lasting, continual. II.
 Advs. ἐμπεδον and ἐμπεδα, ἐμπέδας, fast, of a surety,
 truly, certainly.
 ἐμπεδο-σθενής, ἐς, (ἐμπεδος, σθένος) with force un-
 shaken.
 ἐμπεδώ, f. ὦσω, (ἐμπεδος) to make firm, establish.
 ἐμπεύραμος, ov, = ἐμύραμος.
 ἐμπειρία, ἡ, experience: experience in or acquaint-
 ance with a thing. From
 ἐμ-πειρος, ov, (ἐν, πείρα) experienced in, acquainted
 with, skilful at: proved good by experience: τὸ ἐμ-
 περιότερον greater experience. Adv., ἐμπείρας τινὸς
 ἔχειν to know a thing by experience.
 ἐμπελαδόν, Adv. near, bard by. From
 ἐμ-πελάζω, f. σω: aor. I ἐνεπέλασα:—to bring near
 or close to:—also intrans. to come near. II. Pass.
 to be brought near, approach.
 ἐμπέπηγα, pf. intr. of ἐμπήγνυμι.
 ἐμπεπλησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἐμπεπόδιμαι, pf. pass. of ἐμποδίζω.
 ἐμπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἐμ-περύσσω, ov, = ἐμύρσσω, acquainted with.
 ἐμ-περιπάτω, to walk about in: to tarry among.
 ἐμ-περονάω, f. ἴσω, to fasten with a brooch. Hence
 ἐμπερόνημα, Dor. -ἄμα, ματος, τό, a garment fas-
 tened with a brooch or buckle.
 ἐμπεσον, Ep. for ἐνεπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἐμπεσοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἐμ-πετάννυμι or -ύω, f. -πετάσω [ᾶ], to unfold and
 spread on or out.
 ἐμπεφύασι, Ep. for ἐμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐμφύω:
 ἐμπεφύα, Ep. part. fem.
 ἐμ-πήγνυμι or -ύω, fut. -πήξω: aor. I ἐνέπηξα:—to
 fix or draft in, c. dat.—Pass., aor. 2 ἐνεπάγην [ᾶ],
 with pf. act. ἐμπέπηγα, plqpf. -ἴγγεν—to stick in.
 ἐμ-πηδάω, f. ἴσομαι, to leap or jump in.
 ἐμ-πηγρος, ov, crippled, maimed, deformed.
 ἐμ-πῆς, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for ἐμπας.
 ἐμπιεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπίνω.

ἐμ-πικραίνω, f. ἀνώ, to embitter:—Pass. to be bitter
 against.
 ἐμπίμπλημι, ἐμπίμπρημι, v. ἐμπίπινω.
 ἐμ-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐνεπίον: pf. ἐμπεπίωκα:
 to drink in, drink up; ἐμπίνειν τοῦ αἵματος to drink
 of the blood.
 ἐμπίπληθι, imperat. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἐμ-πίπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἐνέπλησα:—to fill
 full of a thing:—Pass. and Med., ἐμπίμπλαμαι,
 aor. I ἐνεπλήσθην: Ep. aor. 2 ἐνεπλήμην, to fill
 oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied. II. in Med.
 also trans. to fill, satisfy: metaph. to have enough
 of, enjoy.
 ἐμ-πίπρημι, aor. I ἐνέπρησα:—to set on fire.
 ἐμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνεπεσον Ep. ἐμ-
 πεσον:—to fall upon: to break in, burst in: aor. 2
 part. ἐμπεσών, rushing in violently: also to light on,
 fall in with.
 ἘΜΠΙΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a mosquito, gnat, Lat. *culex*.
 ἐμ-πίτνω, poet. for ἐμπίπτω, to fall upon.
 ἐμπλάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπλέκω.
 ἐμ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέπλάσα:
 —to plaster up, daub over with a thing.
 ἐμ-πλεος, Ep. for ἐμ-πλεως.
 ἐμ-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plait or weave in, interweave, Lat.
implicare:—Pass. to be entangled in a thing. 2.
 metaph. to weave artfully, to render perplexed.
 ἐμ-πλεος, a, ov, Ep. ἐμπλεος or ἐνίπλεος, η, ov,
 Att. ἐμπλεως, ov, quite full of a thing.
 ἐμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in.
 ἐμπλήθηναι, Adv. (ἐμπλήσσω) madly, rashly.
 ἐμπληκτος, ov, (ἐμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stu-
 rified, senseless. II. Att. unsteady, rash:—Adv.
 ἐμπλήκτως, madly.
 ἐμπλήμηνος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἐμπλην, (ἐμπελάω) Adv. near, close by.
 ἐμ-πλην, Adv. strengthd. for πλήν, besides, except.
 ἐμπλήσας, -άμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of
 ἐμπίπλημι: ἐμπλήσατο, Ep. for ἐνεπλήσατο.
 ἐμπλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἐμ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω Ep. ἐνπλή-: f. ξω:—to
 strike against, stumble upon, fall upon or into.
 ἐμπλητο, for ἐνεπλήτο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐμ-
 πίπλημι:—ἐμπλησο, imperat. of same tense.
 ἐμπλοκή, ἡ, (ἐμπλέκω) a plaiting of the hair.
 ἐμπνευσα, Ep. for ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.
 ἐμ-πνέω, poet. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐνέ-
 πνευσα:—to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc.,
 ἰστίον ἐμνέειν to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live,
 be alive. II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire:
 —to blow into, swell the sail.
 ἐμπνοια, ἡ, in-breathing, inspiration. From
 ἐμ-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνους, ov, (ἐν, πνοή) having
 life breath in one, breathing, alive.
 ἐμ-ποδίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: (ἐν, ποῦς):—to entangle
 the feet, fetter; ἐμτ. λοχάδας to tie together figs by
 their stalks. II. generally, to hinder, stop, check.
 ἐμ-πόδιος, ov, (ἐν, ποῦς) in the way, obstructing.

ἔμ-ποδών, Adv. for ἐν ποσὶν ἄν, *before the feet, in the way*; ἔμποδών εἶναι *to be in the way*—with the Art., τὸ ἔμποδών *what is in the way, a hindrance*. II. also, *before one, patent*. Opp. to ἐκπόδων.

ἔμ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, *to make in, put in, insert*. 2. *to produce or create in, introduce, cause*.

ἔμπολαῖος, α, ον, (ἔμπολή) *of or concerned in traffic, epith. of Hermes*.

ἔμπολάω: impf. ἤμπολῶν: f. ἔμπολήσω: pf. ἤμπόληκα: (ἔμπολή)—*to gain by traffic: to earn, gain*: Med., Βίσιον πολλὸν ἔμπολόωντο (Ep. for ἡμπολῶντο) *they were getting much substance by traffic*. II. absol. *to be a merchant, traffic*. III. *to purchase, buy*.

ἔμ-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, *to wage war in*.

ἔμ-πολέμιος, ον, *of belonging to war, hostile*.

ἔμπολεὺς, εὼς, ὅ, (ἔμπολάω) *a merchant, trafficker*.

ἔμ-πολή, ἡ, (ἐν, πολεῶ) *merchandise: traffic*. II. *gain made by traffic, profit*.

ἔμπόλημα, ατος, τό, (ἔμπολάω) *matter of traffic, a cargo*: in plur. *wares, merchandise*.

ἔμπολητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔμπολάω) *bought and sold*.

ἔμ-πολις, εὼς, ὅ, ἡ, (ἐν, πόλις) *in the city or state*:

ὁ ἔμ-πολις τινι *one's fellow-citizen*.

ἔμ-πολίτευω, f. σω, *to be a citizen in a state, bold civil rights in*.

ἔμπολόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. pass. of ἔμπολάω.

ἔμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, *an article of commerce*. From ἔμπορεύομαι, f.—εὔσομαι: aor. I ἐνεπορεύθην: Dep.: (ἔμπορος)—*to be on a journey*. II. *to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffic*. 2. c. acc. *to trade or traffic in a thing*. Hence

ἔμπορευτέον or —έα, verb. Adj. *one must go*.

ἔμπορία, ἡ, (ἔμπορος) *traffic, trade, commerce: a trade*. II. *goods trafficked in, merchandise*.

ἔμπορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔμπορος) *of or for traffic, mercantile, commercial*; χρήματα ἔμπορικὰ *imported goods*.

ἔμπόριον, τό, (ἔμπόρος) Lat. *emporium, a trading-place, factory, mart*. II. ἔμπορία, τὰ, *merchandise*.

From

ἔμ-πορος, ον, (ἐν, πόρος) *a passenger on shipboard, Lat. vector*. II. *a traveller, wanderer*. III. *one who travels on business, a merchant, Lat. mercator, insūtor*; metaph., ἔμπος βίον *a trader in life*.

ἔμ-πορπῶω, f. ἦσω, *to fix on with a brooch or buckle*:—Pass., εἴματα ἐνεπορπῆατο (Ion. for —ηντο), *they wore garments buckled on the shoulder*.

Ἐμ-πουσα, ἡ, Empusa, *a bogoblin assuming various shapes*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔμπρακτος, ον, (ἔμπράσσω) *practicable*.

ἔμπρητής, ἐς, *conspicuous in or by a thing*. From ἔμ-πρέπω, *to be conspicuous in or among*. II. *to be conspicuous for*.

ἔμ-πρήθω, f. σω, *to blow up, inflate*. II. = ἔμ-πίπρημι, *to burn to ashes*.

ἔμπρησις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἔμπρημι) *a setting on fire*.

ἔμ-προθεν, Adv., poet. for ἔμπροσθεν.

ἔμ-προσθεν, poet. before a conson. —θε, Adv. and

Prep. I. of Place, *before, in front of*. II. of Time, *before, earlier, of old*. Hence

ἔμ-πρόσθε, ον, *front, fore*; οἱ πρόσθιοι (sub. πόδες) *the fore-feet of a quadruped, opp. to οἱ ὀπίσθιοι*.

ἔμπτυψ, f. ὕσω [ῥ], *to spit upon*.

ἔμ-πνικῶω, f. ἄσω, *to wrap up closely*:—Pass., νόος οἱ ἐμπεπνικασται *his mind is veiled, wrapt in mystery*.

ἔμ-πύσος, ον, (ἐν, πῦον) *discharging matter*.

ἔμ-πύρεω, f. σω, (ἐν, πῦρ) *to set on fire*.

ἔμ-πύρι-βήτης, ου, ὅ, (ἐν, πῦρ, βαῖνα) *standing on or over the fire, of a tripod, opp. to ἄνυπος*.

ἔμ-πῦρος, ον, (ἐν, πῦρ) *in or on the fire*. II. *scorched, burnt*. III. *of sacrificial fire*; ἔμπυρος τέχνη *the art of divination by fire*:—as Subst., τὰ ἔμπτρα [ἱερά] *burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt sacrifices*.

ἔμψυκος, aor. 2 of μνικάομαι.

ἔμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (see ἐσθίω): *to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon*.

ἔμ-φαίνω, f. —φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐνέφηνα:—*to shew, make appear*:—Pass., with fut. med. ἐμφανούμαι, *to be seen in, to be reflected: to appear, shew oneself*.

ἔμφανῆναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐμφαῖνω.

ἔμφανής, ἐς, (ἐμφανῆναι) *appearing in, visible, plain, manifest*. 2. *open, in public*. 3. *palpable, real, actual*. Hence

ἔμφανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to shew forth: to make clear, explain*.

ἔμφανῶς Ion. —έως, Adv. of ἐμφανής, *visibly, openly, Lat. palam*.

ἔμφασις, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐμφαῖνω) *an appearing in, reflexion: outward appearance*.

ἔμφερεῖα, ἡ, *resemblance*. From

ἔμφερός, ἐς, *resembling, similar*. Adv. —ῶς, *similarly, just as*. From

ἔμ-φέρω, f. ἐν-οῖσω, *to bear or bring in*. II. *to object to one, cast in one's teeth*.

ἔμ-φλέγω, f. ξω, *to light up in*.

ἔμ-φλοξ, ογος, ὅ, ἡ, *with fire in it*.

ἔμ-φοβος, ον, (ἐν, φόβος) *fearful, terrible*. II. *pass. frightened, afraid*.

ἔμ-φορβιάω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, φορβιά) *to put on the flute-player's mouthpiece*.

ἔμ-φορέω, f. ἦσω, like ἐμφέρω, *to bear or bring in*:—Pass. *to be borne about or on*. II. in Med. and Pass. *to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use of*.

III. *to inflict on*.

ἔμ-φόσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω, *to stop up, block up*.

ἔμφρουρέω, f. ἦσω, *to keep guard in*. From

ἔμ-φρουρος, ον, (ἐν, φρουρά) *on guard in a place: liable to serve*. II. *pass. guarded, garrisoned*.

ἔμ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐν, φρήν) *in one's right mind: sensible, alive*. 2. *in one's senses, sensible, sbrewd, prudent*.

ἔμφυῆς, ἐς, (ἐμφύω) *implanted by nature, innate*.

ἔμ-φύλος, ον, and ἔμ-φύλλος, ἰον, (ἐν, φύλον) *of the same tribe or race; ἐμφύλον αἶμα kindred blood; τοῦμφυλον αἶμα a kinsman's blood, i. e. murder of a*

kinsman. II. in or among the people; στάσις

ἐμφυλοῦ intestine, civil discord.

ἐμφύς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμφύω.

ἐμ-φύσσω, f. ἦσα, to breathe in or into: breathe upon.

ἐμφύτος, ov, inborn, innate. From

ἐμ-φύω, f. ὄσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐνέφυσα: in these tenses

trans. to implant.

II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομαι, with act. pf. ἐπέφυκα, aor. 2 ἐνέφυν, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἐμφύνα χεῖρι to cling fast to his hand.

ἐμ-φωνος, ov, (ἐν, φωνή) with a loud voice.

ἐμ-ψοφος, ov, noisy, sounding.

ἐμ-ψυχος, ov, (ἐν, ψυχή) having life in one, alive, living.

ἐμ-ψύχωω, f. ὄσω, (ἐμψυχος) to animate.

ἐν, Dor. and Aeol. for εἰς, into.

ἘΝ poet. ἐνί Ep. εἰν, ἐνί, PREP. with DAT.

IN: I. OF PLACE, in, at; ἐν Ἀθήνῃσι, ἐν

Τροίῃ. 2. on, upon; ἐν οὐρεσι on the mountains, etc. 3. of clothing; ἐν ἐσθῆτι, in (i. e. wearing) a garment; ἐν ὄπλοις in or under arms. 4. in the

number of, amongst; ἐν τοῖς πρώτοι among some of the very first:—in presence of, before. 5. within one's power, in one's hands; νίκης πείρατ' ἔχοντα ἐν ἀθανάτοισι θεοῖσι are in their hands; ἐν μοί ἐστι it is in my power. 6. according to, in accordance with. II.

OF THE INSTRUMENT OF MEANS, with, by, by means of; ἐν πυρὶ πιμπράναι to burn with fire; ἐν δεσμῷ δῆσαι to bind with a bond. III. OF TIME, within; ἐν ταύτῃ τῷ χρόνῳ within this space; ἐν ᾧ (sub. χρόνῳ) while, during the time that; ἐν βραχεῖ in short time.

IV. ELLIPT. in such phrases as ἐν Ἀλκινόοιο, εἰν Ἄϊδαο Att. ἐν Ἄϊδου, etc., where οἴκῳ or δόμοιο is understood. V. WITHOUT CASE AS ADVERB, therein, thereat, thereby, moreover: especially.

VI. POSITION:—ἐν sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form ἐνί, then written ἐνι.

VII. IN COMPOS. I. with Verbs the Prep. retains its sense of being near, at or in. 2. with Adjs. it expresses either a modified degree, e. g. ἐμ-πικρος, ἐν-λευκος, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or else the possession of a quality, e. g. ἐν-αιμος, with blood in it. 2. in compos. ἐν- becomes ἐμ- before β μ π φ ψ; ἐγ- before γ κ ξ χ; ἐλ- before λ; and in a few words ἐρ- before ρ.

ἐν, neut. of εἰς; and ἐνα, acc. masc. ἐν-αβρύνομαι, Pass. to be vain of.

ἐν-ἄγχις, ἐς, (ἐν, ἄγος) in or under a curse, polluted, blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accursed. Hence ἐνἄγιζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, to offer sacrifice to the dead, Lat. parentare. Hence

ἐνάγισμα, atos, τό, an offering to the dead.

ἐν-αγκάλλισμαι, Med. to take in one's arms.

ἐν-αγκυλάω, f. ἦσα, (ἐν, ἀγκύλη) to fit thongs to javelins to throw them with.

ἐν-αγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐναγεῖρω.

ἐν-αγχος, Adv. (ἐν, ἄγχι) just now, even now, lately.

ἐν-άγω, f. ζω, to lead in or into, lead on, urge, persuade. 2. c. acc. rei, to propose, suggest.

ἐν-ἄγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight among:—of a place, εὐμενῆς ἐναγωνί(ε)σαι favourable to fight in. ἐν-ἄγωνιος, ov, (ἐν, ἄγων) of or belonging to a contest, fight or game. 2. ἐναγόνιοι θεοὶ the gods who presided over the games, esp. Hermes.

ἐν-αθλέω, f. ἦσα, = ἀθλέω, to contend in or among.

ἐναίμηεις, εσσα, εν, = ἐναίμος.

ἐν-αιμος, ov, (ἐν, αἷμα) with blood in it.

ἐναίριμεν, Ep. for ἐναίρειν, inf. of ἐναίρω.

ἐναίρω, Ep. ἐναίρω: fut. ἐνάρῶ: aor. 2 ἤναρον, poet. also ἐνάρον: aor. I med. ἐνηράμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἐνήρατο: (ἐνάρα):—to slay, kill: also of things, to make away with, destroy.

ἐν-αίστιος and ἐν-αίστος, ov, (ἐν, αἶσα) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. fatalis: in good sense, seasonable. II. in accordance with fate, seemly, proper; and of persons, just, righteous:—Adv. -ίμως, filly, becomingly.

ἐν-αιχμάζω, f. σω, to wield the spear in.

ἐν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to float or drift about in.

ἐνάκις, Adv. = ἐνάκις.

ἐνάκιστοι, αι, α, (ἐννέα) nine hundred.

ἐν-ἄκουσ, f. -οῦσαι, to hear in a place.

ἐν-αλειφω, f. ψω: pf. pass. ἐναλήμιμα:—to anoint: Med. to anoint oneself or for oneself. ἐν-ἄλιγκιος, ov, like, resembling.

ἐν-άλιος, α, ov, and os, ov: Ep. and Lyr. also εἰν-άλιος: (ἐν, ἄλα):—in, on, of the sea, Lat. marinus. ἐναλλαγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. vicissim.

From ἐν-αλλάσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ζω: aor. I -ἠλλάξα: pf. -ἠλλάχα, pass. -ἠλλάχμαι:—to exchange, exchange in exchange: also to divert from one thing to another. II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. to have dealings with.

ἐν-ἄλλομαι, f. -ἄλλομαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Dep.:—to leap in or on, to rush against.

ἐν-ἄλλος, ov, changed, contrary.

ἐν-ἄλος, ov, (ἐν, ἄλα) = ἐνάλιος.

ἐν-ἄμειλω, f. ζω, to milk into.

ἐν-ἄμιλλος, ov, (ἐν, ἄμιλλα) engaged in equal contest with, a match for.

ἐναμμένος, Ion. for ἐνημμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐν-αντα, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.

ἐν-αντι, (ἐν, ἀντί) Adv., = ἐναντιον.

ἐν-αντιβίος, ov, struggling against: neut. ἐναντίβιον, against, in opposition to.

ἐν-αντίος, α, ov, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of. 2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, opposing.

II. opposite, contrary, reverse; τὸ ἐναντίον the contrary, the reverse. III. neut.

ἐναντίον as Adv., against or in presence of. 2. ἐξ

ἐναντίου, over against, opposite. 3. the regul.

Adv. ἐναντίως, contrariwise, c. dat. Hence

ἐναντιῶ, *f. ὄσω*, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. ἐναντιόμαι, *f. ὄσωμαι*: aor. I ἠναντιώθη: pf. ἠναντιώμαι poët. ἐν—: to set oneself against, oppose, withstand: to be adverse to. 2. to contradict, gainsay, deny.

ἐναντιῶμα, ματος, τό, (ἐναντιῶ) an obstacle.

ἐναντιώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐναντιῶ) opposition.

ἐναξα, aor. I of νάσσα.

ἐναπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐναποθῆσκω.

ἐναπήπτε, Ion. for ἐναφήπτε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐναπάπτω.

ἐναπήκε, Ion. for ἐναφήκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐναφήμι.

ἐν-αποδεικνύμι, to display in a thing:—Pass. to be distinguished or manifest.

ἐν-αποθνήσκω, *f. -αποθνήσκω*, to die in.

ἐν-αποκλάω, *f. -κλάω* [ᾶ], to break short off in.

ἐν-απολείπω, *f. ψω*, to leave behind in.

ἐν-απόλλυμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ:—to destroy in or among.

ἐν-απομόργνυμι, *f. -απομόρξω*:—to rub or wipe off upon; and so to impart.

ἐν-απονίω, *f. -απονίω*, to wash clean in a thing.

ἐν-αποτίνω, *f. -αποτίσω*, to pay as a penalty.

ἐν-αποψύχω, *f. ζω*, to give up the ghost, expire.

ἐν-άπτω, *f. ψω*, to bind or tie in, on or to:—Pass.

and Med., pf. ἐνήμμαι, to be clad in. II. to kindle,

set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

ἘΝΑΡΑ, ὠν, τά, used only in plur. the arms of a slain foe, Lat. spolia; booty, spoil.

ἐν-απαρίσκω, aor. I ἐνήρησα, to fit or fasten in. II.

intr. in pf. ἐν-άρηρα, to be fitted in.

ἐνάργει, Dor. for ἐνήργει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεργέω.

ἐναργής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἀργός) distinct, visible, in bodily form.

2. bright, brilliant. 3. of words, distinct, plain. Hence

ἐναργῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. distinctly, visibly.

ἐνάργες or ἐνάργιες, οἱ, a Scythian word, = Greek ἀνδρόγυννοι.

ἐνάρηρως, νία, ὅς, part. pf. 2 of ἐναπαρίσκω.

ἐνάρη-φόρος, ὠν, (ἐναρα, φέρω) wearing the spoils.

ἐνάριξω, *f. ζω*: Ep. aor. I ἐνάριξα:—Pass., aor. I

ἠνάρισθη: pf. ἠνάρισμαι: (ἐναρα):—to strip a slain foe, Lat. spoliare; ἐνάριξεν τινα ἐν τεα, τεύχη to strip one of his arms: hence to slay in fight, to slay:—Pass.,

νύξ ἐναρισθῆναι night being slain, i.e. brought to an end.

ἐν-ἀριθμέω, *f. ἡσω*, to count, reckon in or among: generally, to reckon, account:—Med. to make account of, value.

ἐν-ἀριθμῖος, ὠν, (ἐν, ἀριθμός) reckoned in, counted among.

II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in numero habitus.

ἐνάρμι-βροτος, ὠν, (ἐναίρμ, βρότος) slaying men.

ἐν-ἀρμόζω and -πτω: *f. ὄσω* Dor. ὄξω:—to fit in: also to fix a weapon in. II. intr. to fit, suit, to be adapted to.

ἐνάρον, τό, see ἐναρα.

ἐνάρον, poët. for ἠνάρον, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.

ἐν-ἀρχομαι, *f. ζομαι* Dep. to begin with.

2. in

sacrifices, ἐνάρχεσθαι τὰ κανᾶ to begin the offering, by taking the barley (καλοχύται) from the baskets (κανᾶ, pl. of κανοῦν); cf. κατάχομαι.

ἐν-ασελγαίνω, = ἀσελγαίνω ἐν, to be insolent in:—Pass. to be treated with insult in a thing.

ἐν-ασπίδομαι, Pass. (ἐν, ἀσπίς) to fit oneself with a shield.

ἐνασσα, Ep. aor. I of ναῖω.

ἐνατος, Ep. and Ion. ἐνατος, η, ὠν, (ἐννέα) ninth, Lat. nonus: τὰ ἐνατα (sub. ἑρά) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia.

ἐν-αυλακτο-φοῖτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐν, αὐλαξ, φοιτᾶω) roaming in the fields.

ἐν-αυλιζώ, *f. ἰσω* Att. ἰῶ, to dwell or lodge in:—Med. to take up quarters for the night in. Hence

ἐν-αυλιστοτήριος, ὠν, to be dwelt in, habitable.

ἐν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

ἐν-αυλος, ὁ, as Subst., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) a hollow channel: a water-course, a torrent. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) a dwelling, shelter; haunt.

ἐν-αυλος, ὠν, as Adj., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) on or to the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. II.

(ἐν, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den, at home.

ἐν-αυξάνω, *f. -αυξήσω*, to increase, enlarge.

ἐν-αυξένιος, ὠν, ὠν, (ἐν, αὐχῆν) in or on the neck.

ἐν-αύω, aor. I inf. ἐν-αύσαι, to kindle or light a fire:

—Med. to light oneself a fire.

ἐν-αφάπτω, *f. ψω*, to fasten up to a thing.

ἐν-αφήμι, Ion. ἐν-ἀπ-: *f. -αφήσω*, to let drop in.

ἐν-δαυς, αἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν, δαῖς) with lighted torch.

ἐν-δάω, to kindle in:—Med. to burn in.

ἐν-δάκω, *f. δήξομαι*: aor. 2 ἐνέδακον:—to bite into, bold in the teeth.

ἐν-δακρῶ, *f. ὄσω* [ῶ], to weep in.

ἐνδάπιος, α, ὠν, (ἐνδον) native of the country.

ἐν-δατέομαι, Dep. to divide, distribute, esp. in speaking: hence II. to speak of; either in bad sense,

to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tell of, celebrate.

ἐνδέδμημαι, pf. pass. of ἐνδέμω.

ἐνδέδμη-ένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνδύω.

ἐνδεεστέρως, Adv. Comp. of ἐνδέωσ, in a less degree.

ἐνδεήσω, fut. of ἐνδέω, to be in want.

ἐνδεής, ἐς, (ἐνδέω) in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient, poor, weak:—τῶ ἐνδέες lack, want, defect. Hence

ἐνδεῖα, ἡ, want, lack of a thing: absol. need, Lat. egestas: in plur. wants, needs, deficiencies.

ἐνδείγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐνδείκνυμι) a proof.

ἐν-δείκνυμι or -ύω: *f. -δείξω*: aor. I ἐνέδειξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεδείχθη: pf. ἐνδέδειγμα:—to mark out, Lat. in-dicare: as Att. law-term, to inform against.

II. Med. to declare oneself: to display, make a show of a thing. 2. to shew, give proof of. Hence

ἐνδειξις, εως, ἡ, a pointing out: a token, evidence, proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against

one who undertook an office for which he was legally disqualified.

ἔν-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (ἔν neut. of εἷς, δέκα) indecl., eleven. II. οἱ ἔνδεκα, the Eleven at Athens, i. e. the Commissioners of police.

ἔνδεκα-πῆχυς, υ, gen. εὖς, eleven cubits long.
ἔνδεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, eleven feet long or broad.

ἔνδεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἔν-δεκα) the number eleven.
ἔνδεκατος, η, ον, (ἔν-δεκα) the eleventh.
ἔνδεκ-ετής, οὔ, ὁ, fem. -ετής, ἴδος, eleven years old.
ἔν-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐνδέχομαι.
ἔνδελεχής, ἐς, continual, constant. Adv. ἐνδελεχῶς, constantly.

ἔνδεμα, τό, (ἐνδέω) a thing bound on, band.
ἔν-δέω, f. μῶ, to wall up:—to build in a place.
ἔν-δεξιόμοιαι, Dep. to grasp with the right hand, clasp, embrace.

ἔν-δέξιος, α, ον, on or towards the right hand, from left to right; neut. pl. ἐνδέξια as Adv. 2. propitious, favourable; ἐνδέξια σήματα right, good omens.

ἔνδετρος, ον, (ἐνδέω) bound to a thing, entangled in.
ἔν-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι; f. -δέξομαι; Dep.:—to take upon oneself, Lat. suscipere. II. to accept, admit, believe: also of things, to admit, allow of: hence 2. ἐνδέχεται, impers. it may be, it is possible; οὐκ ἐνδέχεται it is not possible; τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα things possible; ἐκ τῶν ἐνδεχομένων by every possible means:—Adv. ἐνδεχομένως, possibly.

ἔν-δέω, f. -δήσω; aor. I ἐνέδησα:—to bind in, on or to: to entangle in, implicate or involve in:—Med. to tie or pack up.

ἔν-δέω, f. -δέησω, to be in want of: also to be wanting, to fail. II. impers. ἐνδεῖ, there is need or want of: there is a deficiency; πολλῶν ἐνέδει αὐτῷ he was in want of many things. III. Pass. to be in want or need of.

ἐνδεῶς, Adv. of ἐνδέης, insufficiently.
ἔν-δηλος, ον, (ἐν, δηλος) manifest, clear:—Adv. ἐνδήλως, clearly, Sup. -ότατα.

ἐνδημέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐνδημος) to live in or at a place.
ἔν-δημος, ον, dwelling in a place: esp. at home: native, opp to ξένος: attached to home: of war, civil, intestine. II. of or belonging to a state.

ἐνδιάσκειν, Ion. impf. of ἐνδιάω.
ἔν-διάγω, f. ξω, to pass one's time in.
ἔν-διαθρύπτομαι, Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle with.

ἔν-διαιτάομαι, Ion. -έομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to live or dwell in a place.
ἔν-διατάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to arrange in order throughout.

ἔν-διατριβή [τ], f. ψω, to spend or consume in a place: absol. upon χρόνον) to spend or waste time in: also to dwell upon.

ἔν-διάω, (ἐνδιος) to rest in the open air: to linger in a place. II. trans. to let go into the open air,

ποιμένεσ μῆλα ἐνδιάσκειν (Ep. impf.) shepherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed.

ἔν-διδύσκω, = ἐνδύω, to put on:—Pass. to wear.
ἔν-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω; aor. I ἐνέδωκα:—to give into one's hands, surrender: to give up as lost, throw up.

II. to afford: to allow, grant: to cause. III. to shew, exhibit, give proof of. IV. intr. to give in, give up, give way: to flag, fail: of things, to cease. V. of a river, to empty itself.

ἔν-δίημι, (ἐν, δίω) found only in 3 pl. impf. ἐνδίεσσαν, to chase, pursue.

ἔν-δίκος, ον, (ἐν, δίκη) of things, according to right, fair, right, just: legal. II. of persons, righteous, just, upright. 2. possessed of right. III. Adv. ἐνδικώς, with right, with justice: Sup. ἐνδικότατα.

ἔν-δίνα, τὰ, (ἐνδόν) the entrails, Lat. intestina.
ἐνδινεύντι, Dor. for ἐνδινοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἐνδινέω.

ἔν-δινέω, f. ἡσω, to revolve in.
ἔνδιον, τό, a seat in the air: a seat. From ἔν-διος, ον, at midday, at noon. II. in the open air. (From ἐν, Διός genit. of Ζεύς, Lat. sub divo or dio, Horace's sub Jove.)

ἔν-δίφριος, ον, (ἐν, δίφρος) sitting on the same seat.
ἔνδοθεν, Adv. (ἐνδόν) from within: from one's heart, of oneself. II. within, c. gen.

ἔνδοθι, (ἐνδόν) Adv. within: also, at home.
ἔνδοι, Adv. = ἐνδοθι.

ἐνδοιάζω, = ἐνδοιῆ εἶναι, to be in doubt, at a loss: to waver: of things, aor. I inf. pass. ἐνδοιασθῆναι, to be matter of doubt. Hence

ἐνδοιαστός, ἡ, ὄν, doubtful. Adv. -τῶς, doubtfully.
ἔνδο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -χας, (ἐνδόν, μάχουμαι) fighting or bold at home, epith. of a dunghill cock.

ἔν-δόμησις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐν, δῶμος) a thing built in, a building, structure.
ἐνδό-μυχος, ον, (ἐνδόν, μυχός) in the inmost part of a dwelling.

ἔνδον, Adv., and Prep. governing gen., (ἐν) within, Lat. intus: at home, Lat. domi: in one's own country; οἱ ἐνδόν those of the house, esp. the domestics; τὰ ἐνδόν household affairs.

ἔν-δοξος, ον, (ἐν, δόξα) held in repute, honoured. 2. of things, glorious. Adv. -ξως.

ἐνδόσιμος, ον, (ἐνδιδωμι) sounding the key-note: τὸ ἐνδόσιμον (sub. μέλος) a key-note.
ἐνδότερος, α, ον, Comp. formed from ἐνδόν, inner: Sup. ἐνδοτάτος, η, ον, inmost.

ἔν-δουπέω, f. ἡσω, to fall in with a heavy sound.
ἔν-δρουμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐν, δρούμος) to run in, fall into.

ἔν-δρουμίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐν, δρούμος) a thick cloak worn by runners after exercise, for fear of cold.

ἔν-δρσος, ον, (ἐν, δρούσος) dewy, dank.
ἔν-δρῦον, τό, (ἐν, δρύς) the strong oaken pin by which the yoke is fixed to the pole (ἰστροβοῦς).

ἐνδύκτως, Adv. zealously, heartily, earnestly. The Adj. ἐνδύκτης is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.)
ἔν-δυνάμω, f. ὤσω, (ἐν, δύναμις) to strengthen:—

Pass. to acquire strength.

ἐν-δυναστεύω, f. σω, to have power in or among. II.

to prevail by authority.

ἐνδύς, ὄσα, ἴν, aor. 2 part. of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-δυστυχέω, f. ἦσα, to be unlucky in or with.

ἐν-δύτηρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ἐνδύω) as Adj. fit for putting on.

ἐνδυτήριος, α, ον, (ἐνδύω) = ἐνδυτήρ.

ἐν-δύτός, ὄν, put on = as Subst.; ἐνδύτόν, τό, that which is put on, a garment, dress. II. clad in.

From

ἐν-δύω, f. ὄσω [ῶ], aor. I ἐνέδῴσα; in these tenses, trans., to put on another; ἐνδύσειν τινά τι to put on one, clothe one in.

II. intr. ἐνδύω and in Med. ἐνδύομαι, with aor. 2 act. ἐνέδυν, pf. -δέδυκα: to put on oneself, put on, wear.

2. to go in, enter; ἀκοντιστῶν ἐνδύσαι θοῦ will enter the contest of darting. 3. to implicate oneself in a matter: also to insinuate oneself into.

ἐνέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐμβάλλω.

ἐνέβην, aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐνεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνέγκαι and ἐνεγκεῖν, aor. I and 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνέγραψα, aor. I of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνεγύθηα, ἐνεγύθηκα, ἐνεγύθω, see ἐγγυάω.

ἐνέδειξα, ἐνεδείχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-δείκνυμι.

ἐνέδησα, aor. I of ἐνδέω, to bind in.

ἐν-έδρα, ἦ, a lying in wait, ambush, Lat. insidiae.

ἐνεδρεύω, f. σω: (derived from ἐνέδρα: but in the augm. tenses, ἐνήδρευον, ἐνήδρευσα, ἐνήδρευθη, ἐνήδρευμαι, as if compd. of ἐν, ἐδρεύω):—to lie in wait for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari:—Pass. to be caught in an ambush: to be ensnared.

II. to place in ambush: Med. to set an ambush: Pass. to be set in ambush.

ἐν-έδρον, τό, = ἐνέδρα.

ἐν-έδρος, ον, (ἐν, ἔδρα) an inmate, inhabitant.

ἐνέδῴσα, ἐνέδυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-έξομαι, f. -έδομαι, Dep. to sit down in, abide or reside in: cp. ἐνήμαι.

ἐνέηκα, Ep. for ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνίημι.

ἐνέην, Ep. for ἐνήην, impf. of ἐνείμι.

ἐνεθυμήθη, aor. I of ἐνθυμέομαι.

ἐν-είδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, its place being supplied by ἐνοράω: to see or observe in: absol. to observe, remark. Cf. ἔιδον.

ἐνεκα, Ep. for ἦνεκα (Ion. for ἦνεγκα), aor. I of φέρω: inf. ἐνείκα.

ἐνεκίμεν, Ep. for ἐνεγκίμεν, aor. 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνείκεον, impf. of νεκίω.

ἐν-εἰλλω and ἐν-εἰλέω, f. ἦσα, to wrap up in.

ἐνείμαι, aor. I of νέμω.

ἐν-εἰμεν, Ep. for ἐνεομεν, I pl. of ἐνείμι: but II. ἐνείμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of νέμω,

ἐν-εἰμι, f. ἐνέσομαι, (ἐν, εἰμί sum) to be in a place, to be within: to be in or among. II. to be possible; impers., ἐνεστί τι it is in one's power, one may or can: part. neut. ἐνόν used absol., it being possible.

ἐν-εἶρω: pf. pass. ἐνερμαι:—to entwine, interweave.

ἐνεῖς, ἐνεῖσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐνίημι.

ἐνεκα, Ion. and Ep. ἐνεκεν, poet. also εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν: Prep. with gen., put both before and after its case, on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia, causa.

II. with respect to, as far as regards, as for; ἐνεκα ἐμοῦ as far as depends on me. III. by means of; τέχνης ἐνεκα by force of art.

ἐνεκάλυφα, aor. I of ἐγκαλύπτω.

ἐνεκείρην, impf. of ἔγκριμαι.

ἐνεκείρασα, aor. I of ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐνεκράγον, aor. 2 of ἐγκράζω.

ἐνεκρούφα, aor. I of ἐγκρούπτω.

ἐνεκίρυσσα, aor. I of ἐγκίρυνω.

ἐνεκίυψα, aor. I of ἐγκίυπτω.

ἐν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -εἰλῶ:—to drive in or into.

ἐνελίπτον, aor. 2 of ἐλλίπω.

ἐν-ελίσσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up in, Lat. involvo.

ἐνεμαξάμην, aor. I med. of ἐμαΐσσω.

ἐνεμέμα, aor. I of ἐμμένω.

ἐνεμέσσα, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of νευμεσάω.

ἐν-εμέω, f. ἔσω, to vomit in.

ἐνεμήθη, aor. I pass. of νέμω.

ἐνεμηύθη, aor. I pass. of ἐμμένω.

ἐνένευον, impf. of ἐννεύω.

ἐνενηκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (ἐννέα) ninety.

ἐνένιπτε, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of ἐνίπτω.

ἐνενώκασι, Ion. for ἐνενοήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνεγάτο, Ion. for ἐνενοήτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνέξομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνεός or ἐννεός, ἄ, ὄν, dumb, speechless: deaf and dumb.

ἐνεπάγη [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπήγγυμι.

ἐνεπαίχθη, aor. I pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐνεπάξα, Dor. for ἐνέπηξα, aor. I of ἐμπήγγυμι.

ἐνεπάσσα, Ep. for ἐνέπασσα, aor. I of ἐμπαΐσσω.

ἐνεπέσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐνέπιον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίνω.

ἐνεπλάκην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπλέκω.

ἐνεπλήσθη, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐμπλήττω.

ἐνέπλησα, ἐνεπλήσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐμπλήττω.

ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.

ἐνεπορπέατο, Ion. for ἐνεπέρπητο, plqpf. pass. of ἐκπορτάω.

ἐνέπρηθον, impf. of ἐμπρήθω.

ἐνέπρησα, aor. I of ἐμπήτρωμι.

ἐνέπτῴσα, aor. I of ἐμπτῴω.

ἐνέπω, poet. also ἐννέπω: aor. 2 ἐνισπον, inf. ἐνισπειν: fut. ἐνισπήσω or ἐνίψω:—to tell, tell of, describe, relate. 2. to speak to, address, accost. 3. simply, to speak, say. 4. c. inf. to bid.

ἐν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -εἰργασμαι: aor. I -εἰργασάμην and -εἰργάσθη: Dep.:—to make or create in: aor. I ἐνεργάσθη is also used in pass. sense. 2. to labour, pursue a calling, work for hire:

ἐνέργεια, ἦ, (ἐνεργής) an action, operation, energy.

ἐνεργέω, f. ἦσα, (ἐνεργός) to work, be active. Hence

ἐνέργημα, atos, τό, an effect, work, operation.

ἐνεργής, ἐς, = ενεργός.

ἐνεργός, ὄρ, (ἐν, ἔργον) working, active, busy: of soldiers, on service, fit for service: of land, in tillage, productive. Hence

ἐνεργῶς, Adv. of ενεργής or ενεργός, actively: productively.

ἐν-ερείδω, f. σω, to push in, to thrust in.

ἐν-ερείγω, aor. 2 ἐνήρῳγον, to belch on one.

ἐνέρθε, before a vowel -θεν, from beneath: beneath. II. c. gen. beneath. 2. below, in the power of. From

ἐνεροί, αν, οί, (ἐν) Lat. inferi, those in or beneath the earth, of the dead and the gods below.

ἐνερμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνείρω.

ἐνερράφην [ᾶ], ἐνερραψάμην, aor. 2 pass. and aor. I med. of ἐνράπτω.

ἐνερσις, εως, ἦ, (ἐνείρω) a fitting or fastening in.

ἐνέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. of ἐνεροί, deeper, lower.

ἐνεσαν, Ep. for ἐνήσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνεσια, ἦ, (ἐνίμη) a suggestion, counsel.

ἐνεσκελῆκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐνοκέλλω.

ἐνεστακται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐνοστάζω.

ἐνεσταλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνοτέλλω.

ἐνεστεῶτος Ion. for ἐνεσῶτος, gen. of ἐνεστῶς (for ἐνεστηκῶς), pf. part. of ἐνίστημι.

ἐνεστηκτικο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐνστηρίζω.

ἐνεσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνετάθη [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of ἐντείνω.

ἐνετειλάμην, aor. I med. of ἐντελλω.

ἐντή, ἦ, (ἐνίμη) a pin, brooch.

ἐντέρᾳγον, aor. 2 of ἐντρώγω.

ἐντράπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐντρίβην [ῆ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρίβω.

ἐντυλίξα, aor. I of ἐντυλίσσω.

ἐνέτυχον, aor. 2 of ἐντυγχάνω.

ἐν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, to be happy in.

ἐν-εύδω, fut. -ευδήσω, to sleep in or on.

ἐν-ευναίος, αν, (ἐν, ἐνθή) in or on which one sleeps;

δέρμα ἐνευναίον a skin to sleep on; χήτει ἐνευναίωιν for want of bed-clothes.

ἐνευσα, aor. I both of νέω and of νέω (B) to swim.

ἐνεφραξα, aor. I of ἐμφράσσω.

ἐνεφύσα, ἐνεφυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐμφύω.

ἐνεφύσησα, aor. I of ἐμφυσάω.

ἐνέγεα, Ep. ἐνέγευα, aor. I med. of ἐγγέω.

ἐνεχείρησα, aor. I of ἐγγχειρέω.

ἐνεχευάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of ἐγγέω.

ἐνεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνέχθητι, ἐνεχθείην, ἐνεχθῶ, ἐνεχθῆναι, aor. I pass. imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of φέρω.

ἐνεχῦράζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐνέχῳρον) to take a pledge from one. 2. c. acc. rei, to take in pledge: Pass., ἐνεχυράζομαι τὰ χρήματα to have one's goods seized for debt: Med. to have surety given one, τόκου for interest.

ἐν-ἐχῳρον, τό, (ἐν, ἐχυρός) a pledge, surety; ἐνεχῳρον τιθέναι τι to make a thing a pledge.

ἐν-έχω, f. ἐνέξω or ἐνοχήσω:—to keep fast within:

entertain, cherish.

II. Pass., with fut. med. ἐνέξομαι, aor. 2 ἐνεσχόμεν, to be held, caught, entangled in.

III. intr. to enter, pierce into, penetrate: to press upon.

ἐνεχώρησα, aor. I of ἐγγχωρέω.

ἐν-ξύννυμι, f. -ξεύω, to bind fast in, to involve in.

ἐνη, ης, η, see ἐνος, η, ον.

ἐν-ἠβάω, f. ἦσω, to spend one's youth in: to amuse oneself in, to be joyful in. Hence

ἐνῆθητήριον, τό, a place of amusement.

ἐν-ἠβος, ον, (ἐν, ἠβη) in the prime of youth.

ἐνθέρουσα, -εῦθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-εδρεύω.

ἐνηείη, ἦ, (ἐνήης) kindness, goodness.

ἐνήεν, Ep. for ἐνήν, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνηής, ἐς, gen. ἐνηέος, kind, friendly, good-bearded. (Connected with ἀνηής and προσηής.)

ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνίμη.

ἐνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐνήλατον, τό, (ἐνελαῖων) anything driven in: in plur. the rounds of the ladder fixed in the poles or sides; ἀξόνων ἐνήλατα the pins driven into the axle, lincb-pins.

ἐνήλλαγμαί, pf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνήλλαξα, aor. I of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνήλατο, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐνήμαί, Pass. (really pf. of ἐν-έξομαι), to be seated in.

ἐν-ἤμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐνήνεμαί, pf. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνήνοθε, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compds. ἐπ-ενήνοθε, κατ-ενήνοθε, παρ-ενήνοθε, with the notion of being upon or close to. (The root ἐνθω is not in use.)

ἐνήνοχα, pf. of φέρω.

ἐνήρατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐναίρω.

ἐνήσω, fut. of ἐνίμη.

ἐνθα, (ἐν) Adv., I. of Place, there, Lat. ibi: also as relat. to ὅθι, where, Lat. ubi. 2. in this case or state. 3. with a sense of Motion, thither, hither, Lat. illuc.

II. of Time, when. Hence ἐνθάδε, Adv. thither, Lat. illuc: also, there: of Time, here, now.

ἐν-θαίκεω, f. ἦσω, to sit in or on. Hence ἐνθάκησις, εως, ἦ, a sitting in; ἐνθάκησις ἡλίου a seat in the sun.

ἐν-θάλω, f. ψω, to warm in:—Pass., ἐνθάλπεσθαι ἔρωτι to glow with love.

ἐνθανεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐνθνήσκω.

ἐνθᾶ-περ, (ἐνθα, περ) Adv. there where, where.

ἐν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury in a place.

ἐνθαῦτα, ἐνθεῦτεν, Ion. for ἐνταῦθα, ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐν-θεάζω, f. σω, (ἐν, θεός) to be inspired.

ἐν-θεῖμεν, ἐνθήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐνθεν, (ἐνθα) Adv. thence, Lat. illinc; ἐνθεν καὶ ἐνθεν on this side and on that: also as relat. for ὅθεν, whence, whereof, Lat. unde.

II. of Time, thereupon, after that.

ἐνθύνδε, (ἐνθεν) hence, Lat. hinc.

ἔνθεο, Ep. for ἔνθεσο, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἐντίθημι.
ἔν-θεος, ov, full of the god, inspired, possessed:
given by inspiration.

ἔν-θερμαίνω, f. ανῶ, (ἐν, θερμός) to beat:—Pass., ἐν-
τεθέρμανται πῶθω has been beaten by passion.

ἔνθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐντίθημι) a putting in. II. a
piece put in, a mouthful.

ἔν-θετο, Ep. for ἐνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐν-
τίθημι.

ἔνθετος, ov, (ἐντίθημι) put in, implanted.

ἐνθεύτεν, Adv., Ion. for ἐντευθεν.

ἔνθη, ἐνθής, ἐνθοί, ἐνθω, ἐνθών, Dor. for ἔλθη, ἔλθης,
ἔλθοι, etc., aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἔν-θηρος, ov, (ἐν, θήρ) full of wild beasts. II.
metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed.

ἔν-θησκαω, f. -θάνουμαι, to die in: to grow rigid or
torpid in.

ἔνθορε, Ep. for ἐνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνθρώσκαω.

ἐνθού, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι.

ἔν-θουσιάω, f. άσω, or ἐν-θουσιάω, f. ἡσω, (ἔνθεος,
contr. ἔνθους) to be inspired.

ἐνθρέψασθαι, aor. 1 inf. med. of ἐντρέφω.

ἔν-θριώω, f. σω, (ἐν, θρίον) to wrap in a fig-leaf,
ειωραρ.

ἔν-θροσκαω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέθορον Ep. ἔνθο-
ρον:—to leap into, upon, among.

ἔν-θυμέομαι, f. ἡσσομαι: aor. 1 ἐνεθυμήθην: pf. ἐν-
τεθύμμηται: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμός):—to lay to heart, con-
sider well, ponder. 2. to take to heart, be concerned
at. 3. to form a plan. 4. to infer, conclude.

Hence

ἐνθύμημα, ατος, τό, a thought: invention, device,
stratagem. II. an argument in Rhetoric an-
swering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ἐνθύμησις, εως, ἡ, consideration, esteem.

ἐνθύμια, ἡ, (ἐνθυμιέομαι) consideration: suspicion.

ἔν-θύμιος, ov, (ἐν, θυμός) taken to heart, weighing
upon the mind; ἐνθυμόν ἐστί μοι, Lat. religio est
mihi, I feel a scruple.

ἐνθύμιστός, ἡ, όν, = ἐνθύμιος.

ἔν-θωρακίζω, f. ίσω, to array in armour: pf. pass.
part. ἐνθεωρακισμένος, armed in mail.

ἐνί, poet. for ἐν. II. ἐνί, dat. of εἶς.

ἐνί, for ἔνεστι, it is in: also it is allowed, possible.

ἐνιαυσιος, ov, also a, ov, (ἐνιαυτός) of a year, one
year old. II. yearly, year by year. III.

for a year, lasting a year; ἐν. βεβώς gone for a
year.

ἐνιαυτός, ό, (ένος) a year; κατ' ἐνιαυτόν yearly,
every year. 2. any complete space of time; ἔτος
ἤλθε περιπλομένων ἐνιαυτῶν as times rolled on the
year came.

ἐν-ιαύω, f. -ιαύσω, to sleep in or among.

ἐνιαῖχῃ, Adv. (ἐνίοι) in some places.

ἐνι-βάλλω, ἐνι-βάλλω, Ep. for ἐμ-βάλλω, etc.

ἐνιβαφθεῖς, Ep. aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐμβάλλω.

ἐν-ιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ἐνεῖδον.

ἐν-ιδρώω, f. άσω, to sweat in, labour at.

ἐν-ιδρώνω, ἐν-ιδρώω, f. άσω [ῶ], to set, settle, or
found in a place:—Med. to found for oneself.

ἐν-ζευγνύμι or -ύω, poet. for ἐνζ-.

ἐν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, (ἐν, ιζω) to sit in or on.

ἐν-ίμι, fut. -ήσω: aor. 1 -ήκα Ep. -έηκα: pf. -είκα,
pass. -έμαι:—to send in or into: to implant, inspire:

generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch
into the sea: metaph. to urge on, incite to do a
thing. 2. to send in secretly. II. rarely intr.

to enter.

ἐνθρέψας, poet. aor. 1 part. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐνι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for ἐγκ-: hence ἐνικατθεο, Ep.
aor. 2 med. imperat. for ἐγκατάθου.

ἐνι-κλάω, f. άσω [ά], Ep. for ἐγκ-, to break in, break
off, Lat. infringo.

ἐνι-κλεῖω, Ep. for ἐγκ-κλεῖω.

ἐνι-ναετασσκον, Ion. impf. of ἐνι-ναετάω.

ἐνι-οι, αι, α, (from ἐνι οἶ = εἰσιν οἶ, as ἐνίοτε = ἔστιν
οὔτε) some, Lat. aliqui.

ἐνι-οτε, Adv. for ἐνι οὔτε = ἔστιν οὔτε, at times, some-
times: Dor. ἐνι-όκα.

ἐνίπῃ, ἡ, (ἐνίπτω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

ἐνι-πλειος, ov, Ep. for ἐμπλειος, filled.

ἐνι-πλήσασθαι, -πλήσθηναι, Ep. for ἐμ-πλ-, aor.
1 inf. med. and pass. of ἐμπλήσσω.

ἐνι-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. for ἐμ-πλ-,
aor. 1 subj. of ἐμπλήσσω.

ἐνι-πτέωω, f. σω, to ride in, on or among.

ἐνιπρήσαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of ἐμπιρῆσαι.

ἐνίπτω, fut. ἐνίψω: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡνίπαπον,
or ἐνένιπον:—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. ob-
jurgo. II. = ἐνέπω, to tell of, announce.

ἐνι-σκήπτω, ἐνι-σκιμπτω, Ep. for ἐνσ-.

ἐνισπείν, ἐνισπήσω, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of ἐνέπω.

ἐνι-ίστω, aor. 2 subj. of ἐνέπω.

ἐνίσσω, collat. form of ἐνίπτω, to reprove, reproach:
also to maltreat, ill-use.

ἐν-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: aor. 1 -έστησα: also fut. and
aor. 1 med. -στήσομαι, -εστησάμην:—Causal in these
tenses, to put, set, place in. 2. to begin. II.

intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἐνέστην; pf. ἐνέ-
στηκα; plqpf. ἐνεστήκειν:—to be set in, to stand in
or within. 2. to be appointed. 3. to be upon,
be close upon, to be at hand; τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος μηνός in
the present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur;
τὰ ἐνεστηκότα present circumstances. 4. to oppose,
resist, object.

ἐν-ισχύω, f. άσω [ῶ], to strengthen. II. intr.
to gain strength.

ἐν-ισχω, = ἐνέχω.

ἐνι-τρέφω, ἐνι-χρίπτω, Ep. for ἐντ- and ἐγχ-.

ἐνιχρυφθεῖς, Ep. aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐγχρίπτω.

ἐν-λαφέω, f. σω, to carve in or upon.

ἐνναετήρ, ἦρος, ἡ, (ἐνναίω) an inhabitant:—fem.
ἐνναετέρα.

ἐννᾶ-ἔτηρος, ov, = sq.

ἐννᾶ-ετής, ές, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) nine years old: neut.
ἐννάετες, as Adv., for nine years.

ἐν-νάετης, ου, ὄ, = ἐν-ναετήρ.
 ἐννᾶ-έτης, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐνναετής, *nine years old*.
 ἐν-ναῖω: Ep. fut. med. ἐννάσσομαι, aor. I ἐνενασ-
 σάμην:—*to dwell in: inhabit*.
 ἐννάκις, Adv. (ἐννέα) *nine times*, Lat. *novies*.
 ἐννάκόσιον, v. ἐνακοσ—
 ἐννάσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἐνναίω.
 ἐννᾶτος, false form for ἐνατος.
 ἐν-ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσα, *to build ships in*.
 'ΕΝΝΕ'Α', indecl. *nine*, Lat. *novem*.
 ἐννεά-βοιος, ον, (ἐννέα, βοῦς) *worth nine beees*.
 ἐννεα-καί-δεκα, indecl. *nineteen*. Hence
 ἐννεακαιδεκά-μηνος, ον, (μήν) *nineteen months old*.
 ἐννεακαιδεκά-έτης, ἐς, (έτος) *nineteen years old*.
 ἐννέα-κρουνος, ον, *with nine springs*, a well at
 Athens, called also Καλλιρρόη.
 ἐννέα-λίθος, ον, (ἐννέα, λίθος) *of nine threads*.
 ἐννέα-μήνος, ον, (ἐννέα, μήν) *of nine months*.
 ἐννέα-πηχυς, υ, (ἐννέα, πῆχυς) *nine cubits long*.
 ἐννεός, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἐννέα) *the number nine: a number*
of nine. II. *the ninth day of the month*.
 ἐννέα-φωνος, ον, (ἐννέα, φωνή) *of nine tones or notes*.
 ἐννέα-χίλιον, αι, α, Ep. for ἐνάκις χίλιον, *nine thou-*
sand.
 ἐννέα-χορδος, ον, (ἐννέα, χορδή) *of nine strings*.
 ἐννενηκοντα, worse form for ἐνενηκοντα, *ninety*.
 ἐννενηκοντα-εννέα, indecl. *ninety and nine*.
 ἐννενώκαστι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.
 ἐννεον, Ep. for ἐνεον, impf. of νέω, *to swim*.
 ἐννε-όργυιλος, ον, (ἐννέα, ὄργυιά) *nine fatboms long*.
 ἐννεός, false form for ἐνεός.
 ἐν-νεοσσεύω Att. —Τρέψω, f. σω, *to make a nest or*
batch young in: c. acc. to hatch.
 ἐννέπω, poet. lengthd. for ἐνέπω.
 ἐννεσία, ἡ, see ἐνεσία.
 ἐν-νεύω, f. σω, *to nod, beckon or make signs to*.
 ἐννέ-ωρος, ον, (ἐννέα, ὥρα) *nine years old or long*.
 ἐνήνηκοντα, Ep. for ἐνενηκοντα, *ninety*.
 ἐν-ἡμαρ, (ἐννέα, ἡμαρ) Adv. *for nine days*.
 ἐννηφιπ, Ep. for ἐνης, fem. gen. of ἐνος, as Adv.
 ἐν-νοέω, f. ἦσα: aor. I ἐνενόησα Ion. part. ἐνώσας:
 pf. ἐννενόηκα Ion. ἐννενώκα:—also in Med., with
 aor. I pass. ἐνενοήθην:—*to think of, have in one's*
mind, consider, ponder: to take thought, be
anxious. II. *to understand*. III. *to intend*
to do, c. inf. IV. *to devise, plan, invent*, Lat.
excogitare. Hence
 ἐννοια, ἡ, *a thought: an intent, design*.
 ἐν-νομος, ον, (ἐν, νόμος) *within the pale of the law,*
lawful, right: of persons, just, upright: also, under
the law. II. (ἐν, νέμονται) *feeding in, inhabiting*.
 ἐν-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ον, (ἐν, νοῦς) *thoughtful,*
sensible:—Comp. ἐννοώτερος, Sup. -νόστατος.
 ἐννοσί-γαίος, ὄ, poet. for ἐνοσίγ-, (ἐνοσις, γῆ) *the*
Earth's baker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.
 ἐννοσί-φύλλος, ον, poet. for ἐνοσιφ-, (ἐνοσις, φύλ-
 λου) *with quivering leaves*.
 ἐννοχλεῖς, poet. for ἐνοχλεῖς, 2 sing. of ἐνοχλεύω.

ἐννῦμι or ἐννύω, from root FE'N, = FEΣΘN, Lat.
 VESTIO: f. ἔσω Ep. ἔσωω: Ep. aor. I ἔσσα:—Med.
 ἐννῦμαι: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. I ἐσάμην Ep. ἐσάμην,
 3 sing. ἔεσαστο:—Pass., pf. εἶμαι, εἶσαι, εἶται, but Ep.
 also ἔσσαι, ἔσαι: plqpf. εἶμην, but 2 sing. ἔσσο, 3
 sing. ἔστο Ep. ἔεστο, 3 dual ἔσθην, 3 pl. εἶατο:—*to put*
clothes on another:—Med. c. acc. rei, to put on one-
self, clothe oneself in, put on:—Pass. to be clad in, to
wrap or shroud oneself in: λάβων ἔσσο χιτῶνα thou
hadst been clad in coat of stone, i. e. been buried.
 ἐννυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐννῦμι.
 ἐν-νύχευω, f. σω, (ἐν, νύξ) *to sleep or lodge in*.
 ἐν-νύχιος, α, ον, or os, ον, (ἐν, νύξ) *nightly, in the*
night, by night. II. *dwelling in Night, of the*
dead.
 ἐν-νύχος, ον, = ἐννύχιος.
 ἐννῶσαι, -νώσας, Ion. for ἐνοησαι, -νήσας, aor. I
 inf. and part. of ἐννοέω.
 ἐν-όδιος, α, ον, Ep. ἐν-όδιος, η, ον, (ἐν, ὁδός) *in,*
on, or by the road: σφήνες ἐνόδιοι wasps that have
their nests by the way-side. II. *of or belonging*
to a journey.
 ἐν-οικέω, f. ἦσα, *to dwell: to inhabit*. Hence
 ἐνοίκησις, εως, ἡ, *a dwelling in a place*.
 ἐν-οικίλω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, *to make to dwell in a*
place:—Pass. to be settled or take up one's abode in.
 ἐν-οίκιος, ον, (ἐν, οἶκος) *in the bouse, keeping at home*.
 ἐν-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσα, *to build in a place*. II.
to build up, block up.
 ἐν-οικος, ον, *dwelling in: as Subst. a dweller in, an*
inhabitant. II. *pass. dwelt in*.
 ἐν-οινοχέω, f. ἦσα, *to pour in wine*.
 ἐνόν, part. neut. of ἐνεμι, used absol., *it being possible*.
 ἐνοπή, ἡ, (ἐνέπω) *a cry, scream, voice, sound: esp.*
a war-cry, battle-shout.
 ἐν-όπλιος, ον, (ἐν, ὄπλον) *in or with arms: ὁ ἐν-*
όπλιος (sub. ῥυθμός) the tune for the war-dance.
 ἐν-οπλιος, ον, (ἐν, ὄπλον) *in arms, armed*.
 ἐνοπτρον, τό, (ἐνόφομαι) *a mirror*.
 ἐν-οράω Ion. -έω: f. ἐνόφομαι (supplied from obsol.
 ἐνόπτομαι): aor. 2 ἐνεῖδον, q. v.:—*to see or observe*
in a person or thing. II. *to look at or upon*.
 ἐνόρκειος, ον, = ἐνορκος.
 ἐν-ορκος, ον, (ἐν, ὄρκος) *bound by oath, sworn*. II.
that to which one is sworn: ἐνορκον εἰπεῖν τι to speak
on oath.
 ἐν-ορμίτης [ῖ], ου, ὄ, (ἐν, ὄρμος) *one who is in harbour*.
 ἐν-ὀρνῦμι, fut. ἐνόρσω: aor. I ἐνώρσα: 3 sing. Ep.
 aor. 2 pass. ἐνώρτο: (ἐν, ὄρα, ὄρνυμι):—*to arouse or*
stir up in:—Pass. to arise in or among.
 ἐν-ορούω, f. σω, *to leap in or upon, assail, attack*.
 ἐν-ὀρχης, ον, ὄ, and ἐν-ορχυς, ἰος, ὄ, ἡ, = ἐνορχος.
 ἐν-ορχος, ον, (ἐν, ὄρχις) *uncastreated, entire*.
 *ΕΝΟΣ or ἐνος, ὄ, Lat. ANNUS, Subst. *a year*:
 hence ἐνιαυτός ἀφενος, διενος, etc.
 *ΕΝΟΣ or ἐνος, η, ον, Adj. *a year old, last year's*:
 ἐνος καρπός *last year's fruit: generally, old, by-*
gone. II. *ἐνη καὶ νέα (sub. ἡμέρα), the old and*

new day, i. e. *the last day of the month*, so called because *this 30th day consisted of two halves, one belonging to the old, the other to the new moon.* 2. in oblique cases of fem.: gen. ένης Ep. έννηφιν, = Lat. *perendie*, *the day after to-morrow*, αύριον και έννηφιν; so too, τῆ ένῃ, εἰς ένῃν.

ένός, gen. of εἰς and έν, *one.*

ένοσος, εως, ή, (*ένόθω) *a shaking, quake.*

Ένοσί-χθων, ονος, ό, (ένοσις, χθών) *the Earth-shaker*, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

ένότης, ητος, ή, (εἰς) *unity, concord.*

έν-ουράνιος, ον, (έν, ουράνός) *in heaven, heavenly.*

έν-ουρέω, f. ήσω, *to make water in.*

έν-όχλέω, f. ήσω: the augm. tenses take a double augm. impf. ήνάχλων, pass. ήνωχλούμην; aor. I ήνάχλησα: absf. ήνάχληκα:—*to trouble, disturb*, Lat. *molesto*: pf. ένόχληκα:—*to be an annoyance*:—Pass. *to be troubled or annoyed.*

ένοχος, ον, (ένέχομαι) *beld in, bound by, liable or subject to a penalty: liable to be accused of a crime.*

έν-ράπτω, f. ψω, *to sew up in.*

έν-ρίγώω, f. ώσω, = ρηγώω έν, *to shiver or freeze in.*

έν-σειώ, f. -σειώω: pf. pass. -σειεσμαι:—*to shake in or into, to drive into, burl or launch at.*

έν-σημαίνω, f. άνω, *to mean, imply*:—Med. *to give notice of, intimate.*

έν-σκέλλω, aor. I ένέσκηλα, *to dry up*:—Pass., with pf. act. ένέσκηκα, *to be dried up.*

έν-σκηναίω, f. άσω, *to get ready, prepare*:—Pass. *to be dressed or equipped*:—Med. *to dress oneself up.*

έν-σκήπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ένισκ-:—*to burl, dart, launch in or upon.* II. intrans. *to fall in or on.*

έν-σκιμπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ένισκ-: poet. form of έν-σκήπτω, *to dash in or upon*:—Pass. *to stick in.*

έν-σκιρρώω, f. ώσω, (έν, σκίρπος) *to harden*:—Pass. *to become callous, inveterate.*

έν-σοφος, ον, *wise in a thing.*

έν-σπείρω, f. -σπερώ, *to sow among*:—Pass. *to be sown or spread among.*

έν-σπονδος, ον, (έν, σπονδή) *included in a treaty: in alliance with: under truce or safe-conduct.*

έν-στάζω, f. ξω, *to let drop in.*

έν-σταλάζω, f. ξω, = ένστάζω.

ένστάτης, ον, ό, (ένίστημι) *one who withstands, an adversary.*

έν-στέλλω, f. -στελώ:—*to dress in*:—Pass., ίππάδα σπολήν ένεσταλμένος *clad in a horseman's dress.*

έν-στηρίζω, f. ξω, *to fix in.*

έν-σπρατοπεδεύω, όρ -έσομαι as Dep., = σπρατοπεδεύομαι έν, *to encamp in.*

έν-σπρέφω, fut. ψω, *to turn about in*:—Pass. *to turn or move in.* 2. c. acc. loci, *to visit.*

έν-σφραγίζω Ion. έν-σφρηγ-, *to impress on.*

έντάθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of έντένω.

έντάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έντήκω.

ένταγμα, ατος, τό, (έντέλλω) *an injunction, precept.*

έν-τάνύω, f. ύνω: aor. I inf. έντανύσαι:—poët. for έντένω, *to stretch or strain tight: to bend or rather*

to string a bow: also to stretch on or over a thing: to extend, prolong.

έν-τάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, *to enrol, register in*:—Pass. *to be posted in battle.*

ένταυθα Ion. ένθαυτα, Adv. (έν) = ένθα: I. of Place, *here, there*, Lat. *hic*: also *hither, thither*, Lat. *huc*.

II. of Time, *at the very time: then, now.* 2. like Lat. *deinde, thereupon, the then*. Hence

ένταυθί [Γ], Att. form for ένταυθα.

ένταυθοί, Adv. *hither, Lat. huc.*

έντάφιάω, f. σω, (έντάφιος) *to bury*. Hence

έντάφιασμός, ό, *burial.*

έν-τάφιος, ον, (έν, τάφος) *of or used in burial.* II. as Subst., έντάφιον, τό, *a shroud or winding-sheet; τὰ έντάφια, funeral honours, obsequies.*

ΈΝΤΕΑ, ον, τά, *instruments, gear, tools of any kind: arms, armour; έντεα δαιτός appliances for a banquet; έντεα νηός rigging, tackle of a ship; έντεα ίππεια horse-trappings, harness.*

έντεθύμηαι, pf. of ένθυμέομαι.

έντεθωρακισμαι, pf. pass. of ένθωρακίζω.

έν-τένω, fut. -τενώ: aor. I έντένω: pf. έντέτακα:—Pass., aor. I έντετήην [ά]: pf. έντέτάμαι:—*to stretch or strain tight, Lat. intendere; δίφρος ιμάσων έντέταται the chariot board is hung upon straps:*

to bend a bow; γέφυρα έντεταμένη a bridge of boats with the cables all taut:—έντένασθαι άρμονίαν *to raise it to a higher pitch*:—έντένειν ναύν ποδί *to keep a ship's sail tight by the sheet.* II. *to stretch out at or against; έντένειν πλήγην Lat. intendere plagam.*

2. *to entangle in.* III. *to strain, exert, φανήν έντένασθαι: hence in Pass., to be eager or vehement, έντεταμένοι εἰς τό έργον.*

έν-τειχίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ίω, *to wall in, fortify*:—Med., *to wall in, i. e. blockade.*

έν-τεκνος, ον, (έν, τέκνον) *having children.*

έν-τελευταίω, f. ήσω, *to end one's life in a place.*

έν-τελής, ές, = έν τέλει άν, *complete, entire, perfect*:—Adv. -λως, Sup. -λίστατα.

έν-τέλλω, mostly in Med., έν-τέλλομαι, *to enjoin, command*:—Pass., έντεταλμένα *commands.*

έντελοῦμαι, fut. med. of foreg.

έν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: *to cut in, engrave or inscribe upon.* II. *to cut in pieces, to sacrifice.*

2. *to cut in, sbred in.*

έντερον, τό, (έντός) *a piece of gut*:—in plur. *the guts, intestines, entrails, bowels.* Hence

έντερόνεια, ή, *timber for the ribs of a ship, belly-timber.*

έντεσι-εργός, όν, (έντεα, έργον) *working in harness.*

έντεταλμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντάσσω.

έντεταλμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέλλω.

έντεταμένως, Adv. *vehemently, strongly.*

έντέτατο, for έντετάτο, plqpf. pass. of έντένω.

έντέτηκα, pf. with pass. sense of έντήκω.

έντετμημένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέμνω.

έντετυλιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντυλίσσω.

ἐντεῦθεν Ion. ἐνθεῦθεν, Adv. (ἐνταῦθα) hence or thence, Lat. *hinc* or *illinc*. II. of Time, henceforth, thenceforth, afterwards, *ibereipon*.

ἐντευθενί [Ὶ], Att. for ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐντευξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐντυγχάνω) a lighting upon. 2. converse, intercourse. 3. a petition, intercession, thanksgiving. 4. reading, study.

ἐν-τευτλάνω, f. ὤσω, (ἐν, τεύτλον) to stew in beet. ἐν-τήκω, f. ξω, to cause to melt in, to pour in while molten:—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐντέκην [ᾱ], and pf. act. ἐντέτηκα, to be melted in, to sink deep into one; μῖσος ἐντέτηκέ μοι; ἐντακῆμαι τῷ φιλεῖν to be wholly given up to love.

ἐντί, Dor. for ἐστί and εἰσί, from εἰμί sum. ἐν-τίθημι, fut. ἐνθήσω; aor. 2 ἐνέθηγν, Ep. inf. ἐνθέμεν:—to put in, Lat. *imponere*: metaph. to inspire, instil:—Med. to put in for oneself, store up, lay by: also ἐνθέσθαι τιμῇ to hold in honour.

ἐν-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι; aor. 2 ἐνέτεκον:—to bear or produce in: to create or cause in. II. pf. part. intr., ἐντετοκώς, inborn.

ἐν-τιλάω, f. ἦσω, to squirt upon.

ἐν-τιμάω, f. ἦσω, to value in or among. ἐν-τίμος, ov, (ἐν, τιμή) in honour, honoured, prized: τὰ θεῶν ἐντιμα what is honoured in the sight of the gods, their ordinances or attributes:—Adv., ἐντίμως εἶχειν or ἀγειν τινά to hold him in honour.

ἐντιμμα, atos, τό, (ἐντέμνω) a cut, incision, notch. ἐντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἔημι.

ἐντολή, ἡ, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, command.

ἐντομος, ov, (ἐντέμνω) cut in pieces, cut up; ἐντομα ποιεῖν to offer as victims.

ἐντονος, ov, (ἐντένω) strained: intense, earnest, eager, violent. Adv. -ως, violently.

ἐν-τόπιος, ov, = ἐντοπος.

ἐν-τοπος, ov, (ἐν, τόπος) in or of a place.

ἐντός, Adv. (ἐν) Lat. *intus*, *intrinsecus*, opp. to ἐκτός: I. of Place, in, within, inside; also as Prep. c. gen., ἐντός ἐμαντοῦ in my senses. 2. on this side, Lat. *citra*, c. gen. II. of Time, within, in less than, c. gen., ἐντός ἑικοσι ἡμερῶν within 20 days. Hence

ἐντοσθε and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from within, within.

ἐντρέγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐντρέγω.

ἐντρέπῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντρέπῆσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐν-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn about: metaph. to improve, make ashamed:—Med. and Pass. to turn oneself, turn towards a person: to give heed to, listen to, respect or pay deference to: feel shame or fear.

ἐν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, = τρέφω ἐν, to bring up or train in: of habits, etc., to grow up with, become natural to, c. dat.

ἐν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμομαι (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run in, to move freely in. II. to slip in, enter.

ἐντριβῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐντριβω. Hence

ἐντριβής, ἐς, rubbed in: metaph. skilled, versed in. ἐν-τριβω [Ὶ], f. ψω, to rub in unguents:—Pass. to have rubbed in, to be anointed, painted. II. to rub away, wear by rubbing.

ἐν-τριτωνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, τρίτος) to mix in a third part, temper with a third, with allusion to Τριτογενεῖα.

ἐντριψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐντριβω) a rubbing in.

ἐν-τρομος, ov, (ἐν, τρέμω) trembling, fearful.

ἐν-τροπαλίζομαι, frequent. of ἐντρέπω, Pass. to keep turning round, keep looking back.

ἐντροπή, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) a turning towards: respect or reverence for one: also shame, reproach.

ἐντροπία, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) in pl. tricks, artifices.

ἐντροφος, ov, (ἐντρέφω) brought up in, living in, among, or with; ἐντρ. τινας a nursing.

ἐν-τρουλλάζω, f. ἴσω, to whisper in one's ear.

ἐν-τρούφαω, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, τρυφή) to revel in, play in: absol. to be luxurious. II. to make sport of.

ἐν-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι; aor. 2 ἐνέτρωγον:—to eat up greedily, to devour.

ἐν-τυγχάνω, f. -τέξομαι; aor. 2 ἐνέτυχον; pf. ἐντετύχηκα:—to light upon, fall in with, meet with. 2. to converse with: to intercede with. 3. to read. II. also = τυγχάνω ἄν ἐν, to happen to be in.

ἐν-τύλισσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up.

ἐν-τύνον, Ep. impf. of ἐντινω; but also aor. I imperat. ἐντύνω [Ὶ]: f. ἐντύνω: Ep. aor. I ἐντύνα: (ἐντεα):—to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare: c. acc. pers., ἐντύνειν τινά to make one ready, urge him on: also c. inf. to urge to do a thing.

ἐν-τύπας, Adv. (ἐν, τύπτω) of Priam, ἐντυπὰς ἐν χλαίην κεκαλυμμένος covered with his mantle so as to show the shape of his limbs.

ἐν-τύπω, f. ὤσω, (ἐν, τύπος) to stamp, engrave.

ἐν-τύφω, f. -θύψω, to smoke. [Ὶ]

ἐντύω, Ep. impf. ἐντύων, = ἐντύνω.

Ἐνυάλιος, ὁ, (ἐνώω) the Warlike, epith. of Ares or Mars in the Iliad; but, in later authors, different from him. II. as Adj. warlike, furious. [ᾱ]

ἐν-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to insult one in a thing.

ἐνυδρις, ιος, ἡ, an otter. From

ἐνυδρό-βιος, ov, living in the water.

ἐν-υδροσ, ov, (ἐν, ὕδωρ) with water in it, holding water. II. of water, watery. III. living in or by water.

ἐνυθα, aor. I of νύσσω.

ἐνυπνιάζω, f. ἴσω, to dream. From

ἐνύπνιον, τό, a thing seen in sleep. 2. a dream. Properly neut. of ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύπνιος, ov, (ἐν, ὕπνος) appearing in sleep.

ἐν-υπνος, ov, = ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύσταξ, aor. I of νυστάζω.

ἐν-ὑφαίνω, f. ἄνω, to weave in as a pattern:—Pass. to be inwoven. Hence

ἐνύφαντός, ὄν, inwoven.

Ἐντώ, ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, Enyo, goddess of war, answering to the Roman Bellona.

ἐνωμοτ-άρχης, οὐ, ὁ, leader of an ἐνωμοτία.
ἐνωμοτία, ἡ, (ἐνώματος) properly, any band of sworn
division: a division of the Spartan army, being a sub-
division of the λόχος and containing 32 men.

ἐν-ώμοτος, ον, (ἐν, ὀμνυμι) bound by oath: a con-
spirator. Adv. -ότως, on oath.

ἐνωπαῖδις, Adv. to one's face. From
ἐν-ωπή, ἡ, (ἐν, ὤψ) the face, countenance: dat. ἐν-
ωπή as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. palam.

ἐνώπια, ἄν, τά, the inner walls fronting those who
enter: properly neut. of ἐνώπιος.

ἐνώπιον, in the presence of, Lat. coram. From
ἐν-ώπιος, ον, (ἐν, ὤψ) in one's presence, face to face.
ἐνώπια, aor. I of ἐνόρνυμι.

ἐνώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐνόρνυμι.

ἐνώσα, Ion. for ἐνόση, aor. I of νόεω.

ἐνωτιζομαι, Dep. (ἐν, οἶς) to bearken to.

ἘΞ, Lat. EX, put for ἐκ before a vowel.

ἘΞ, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.

Ἐξαγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξάγω.

Ἐξ-αγγελία, ἡ, information sent out to the enemy.
From

Ἐξ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to tell out, publish, report: esp.
to send out information to the enemy:—Med. to pro-
mise to do:—Pass. to be reported as doing; impers.,
ἐξαγγέλλεται it is reported that. Hence

Ἐξ-άγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, a messenger who brings news out:
esp. an informer. II. on the Greek stage the

ἄγγελος came to tell news from a distance, but the
ἔξαγγελος told what was going on behind the scenes.

Ἐξ-άγγελτος, ον, (ἐξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered.

Ἐξ-ἀγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to drive out as a pollution.

Ἐξ-ἀγίον Ion. for ἐξάγω.

Ἐξ-άγιστος, ον, (ἐξαγίζω) accursed, abominable. II.
of things, devoted, mystical.

Ἐξ-αγκωνίζω, (ἐξ, ἀγκών) to nudge with the elbow.

Ἐξ-ἀγνυμι, f. -άζω, (ἐξ, ἀγνυμι) to break and tear
away, to rend.

Ἐξ-ἀγοράω, f. ἴσω, to buy from: to redeem.

Ἐξ-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to speak out, publish, divulge.

Ἐξ-αγριῶ, f. ὦσω, (ἐξ, ἀγριος) to make wild or
waste: of living things, to make savage, exasperate.

Ἐξ-άγω, f. -άσω: aor. 2 -ήγαγον:—to lead or carry
out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, ex-
port; τὰ ἐξαγόμενα exports. 3. to draw out from,
set free from. 4. to drive out, expel. II. to bring
forth, produce: to call forth, excite. 2. of persons, to
lead on, excite, rouse: also to lead on, tempt. III.

intr. (sub. αὐτόν) to go or march out. Hence

Ἐξ-ἀγωγή, ἡ, a leading out, drawing out: exporta-
tion: hence

Ἐξ-ἀγωγήμος, ον, carried out; τὰ ἐξαγώγιμα exports.

Ἐξ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. Att. τοῦμαι, Dep. to struggle hard.

Ἐξ-ἀρχος, ον, (ἐξάς, ἀρχω) leader of a body of six.

Ἐξ-ᾄδω, fut. -άσομαι, to sing away; ἐξάδειν τὸν βίον
to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan:—
to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon.

Ἐξ-ᾄερω Ion. for ἐξάειρω.

Ἐξ-ἄετης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ἐξ, ἔτος) six years old: fem.

Ἐξ-ἄετις, ἴδος.—Adv. ἐξάετες, for six years.

Ἐξ-αθροίζομαι, Med. to collect out from.

Ἐξ-αιάζω, strengthd. for αἰάζω.

Ἐξ-αιμάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to make quite bloody.

Ἐξ-αίνυμαι, Dep. to take away, carry off.

Ἐξ-αίρεις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξαιρέω) a taking out:—a way
of taking out.

Ἐξ-αιρετός, verb. Adj. of ἐξαιρέω, one must select.

Ἐξ-αίρετος, ον, taken out, picked out, chosen. 2.
reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. that
can be taken out. From

Ἐξ-αίρω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 ἐξείλον Ep. ἐξελον (sup-
plended from obsol. ἔλω):—Med., fut. ἐξελούμαι: aor.
2 ἐξείλούμην:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρημαι Ion. ἐξαιρήμην:
—to take out, take out of:—Med. to take out for one-
self: to unlade, discharge one's cargo. II. to
take from among others, to pick out, choose:—Pass. to
be picked out for a special gift: also to be dedicated,
devoted. III. to take away, remove:—Med. to
take away from one:—Pass. to have a thing taken
away. IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. V.

to make away with: to destroy or demolish a city.

Ἐξ-αίρω, contr. of Ion. form ἐξ-αίρω: fut. ἐξ-ἄρῶ:
aor. I ἐξήρα:—to lift up, lift off the earth. 2. to
raise, exalt, extol. 3. to arouse, stir up, ex-
cite. II. Med. to carry off for oneself, earn:—
ἐξαιρῆσθαι νόσον to take a disease on oneself, catch
it. III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. 2. to be
excited, agitated.

Ἐξ-αίσιος, ον, (ἐξ, αἴσα) beyond what is right, trans-
gressing right, lawless. II. of things, monstrous:
violent.

Ἐξ-αἴτω Att. -άσσω, -αίτω: fut. -αἴσω, -ᾄσω:
aor. I -ἦξα:—to rush forth, start out.

Ἐξ-αἴστω, f. ὦσω, (ἐξ, αἴστος) to bring to naught,
utterly destroy, annihilate.

Ἐξ-αἰτέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐξήτησα:—to demand from
another: ἐξ. τινά to demand that he be given up, de-
mand his surrender:—Med. to beg for oneself, to
beg a person off, gain his release. Hence

Ἐξ-αίτησις, εως, ἡ, a demanding from another. 2.
a begging off, intercession.

Ἐξ-αἴτος, ον, (ἐξ, αἰτέω) chosen, choice, precious.

Ἐξ-αίφνης, Adv. on a sudden.

Ἐξ-ἀκέομαι, fut. ἔσομαι: Dep.:—to heal completely,
apply a cure; χόλον ἐξακέσασθαι, to appease it; ἐν-
δείας ἐξακέσασθαι to make up for deficiencies. Hence

Ἐξ-άκεσις, εως, ἡ, a thorough cure.

Ἐξ-άκις, Adv. (ἐξ) six times, Lat. sexies. Hence

Ἐξ-ακιο-χίλιοι, six thousand; and
Ἐξ-ακιο-μύριοι, sixty thousand.

Ἐξ-ἀκολουθεῖω, f. ἦσω, to follow up, imitate.

Ἐξ-ἀκοντιζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to dart or shoot forth,
launch. 2. metaph. to direct away from: also to
stretch out to: to shoot forth from one's mouth, utter.

Ἐξ-ἄκοστοι, αἱ, α, (ἐξ) six hundred, Lat. sexcenti.
Hence

ἑξάκοσιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, six-hundredth.
 ἑξ-ἀκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα:—to bear a sound, esp. from a distance: to listen for.
 ἑξ-ακριβῶω, f. ὠσω, to make accurately, finish carefully. II. to inquire accurately. III. ἑξακριβοῦν λόγον to speak distinctly.
 ἑξ-ακριζώ, f. ἰσά Att. ἰώ, to reach the top of; ἑξακρίζειν αἰθέρα to skim the upper air.
 ἑξακτεόν, verb. Adj. of ἑξάγω, one must march out.
 ἑξ-ἄλᾶω, f. ὠσω, to blind utterly; ὀφθαλμὸν ἐξαλάωσαι to put out his eye.
 ἑξ-ἄλᾶπάζω, f. ξω, of a city, to sack, storm: generally, to ruin, destroy: to exhaust.
 ἑξάλατο, Dor. for ἐξήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐξάλλομαι.
 ἑξᾶλεισθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἐξαλέομαι.
 ἑξᾶλειπτρον, τό, a box for ointment. From
 ἑξ-ἄλειψω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἤλειψα:—Pass., pf. ἑξ-ἤλιμμαι Att. ἐξαλήλιμμαι:—to anoint thoroughly, plaster over. II. to wipe out, erase: metaph. to destroy utterly, blot out; ἐξαλείφειν τινὰ ἐκ τοῦ καταλόγου to strike his name off the list:—Med., ἐξαλείψασθαι πάθος φρενὸς to blot out the suffering from one's mind.
 ἑξ-ἄλομαι, Dep. to beware of, shun, escape.
 ἑξ-ἄλευομαι, f. σομαι, = ἐξαλέομαι.
 *ἑξ-ἄλινδω, only found in aor. I part. ἐξάλιστος [ἴ], pf. ἐξήλικα:—to roll out, roll well; ἀπαγε τὸν ἵππον ἐξάλιστος οἴκαδε take him home when you have given him a good roll (see ἄλινθηρα); ἐξήλικάς με ἐκ τῶν ἐμῶν you have rolled, tumbled me out of my all.
 ἑξαλλάγη, ἡ, a changing: difference. From
 ἑξαλλάσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: aor. I -ἤλλαξα: pf. -ἤλλαξα:—Pass., aor. I and 2 -ἠλλάχθην, -ἠλλάγην: pf. -ἠλλαγμαί:—to change utterly or quite. II. to withdraw or remove from. III. to turn another way; ποίαν [ὄδον] ἐξαλλάξω which way shall I take; ἐξαλλάσσειν κερκίδα to ply the shuttle to and fro.
 ἑξ-ἄλλομαι, fut. -ἄλομαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἐξάλμενος: Dep.:—to spring out of or forth from; ἐξάλλεσθαι κατά τοῦ τείχους to leap down from it. II. to leap up; of horses, to rear.
 ἑξ-ἄλυσκω, f. ὕξω: aor. I -ἤλυξα: = ἐξαλέομαι.
 ἑξ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤμαρτον:—to mistake utterly, err greatly, commit a fault against:—Pass. to be mismanaged, wrongly treated. Hence
 ἑξᾶμαρτία, ἡ, an utter mistake, error.
 ἑξ-ἄμω, fut. ἦω or ἦσομαι: pf. pass. ἐξῆμημαι:—to mow off, finish reaping: metaph. to cut off, destroy:—Pass., γένους ἅπαντος ῥίζαν ἐξημημένους having the stock of all the race cut off.
 ἑξ-ἄμβλώω, f. -αμβλώσω: pf. -ἤμβλωκα:—to make miscarry: metaph., φροντίδ' ἐξῆμβλωκα you have made my wit miscarry.
 ἑξ-ἄμειβω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἤμειψα:—to exchange, alter: hence to put off, lay aside:—Med. to take the place of, follow close on. II. of Place, to change

one for another, pass over from one place to another, withdraw from:—Med. to pass out.
 also, to requite, repay.
 ἑξ-ἄμείλω, f. ξω, to milk or suck out. II. to press, as cheese.
 ἑξ-ἄμελέω, f. ἦσω, to be utterly careless of.
 ἑξ-ἄμετρος, ον, (ξέ, μέτρον) of six metres: ἑξαμέτρος (sub. τόνος), ὁ, the heroic or hexameter verse.
 ἑξά-μηνος, ον, (ξέ, μήν) lasting six months, Lat. semestris: as Subst., ἑξάμηνος, ὁ or ἡ, a half-year.
 ἑξ-ἄμηχάνεω, f. ἦσω, to get out of a difficulty, extricate oneself from it.
 ἑξ-ἄμιλλομαι, f. ἦσομαι: aor. I med. -ἠμιλλήσομαι, pass. -ἠμιλλήσθην: Dep.:—to struggle vehemently; ἀμίλλας ἐξαμιλληθεῖς having gone through desperate struggles. II. to drive out of: to drive out of one's wits. III. as Pass. to be rooted out, of the Cyclops' eye.
 ἑξ-ἄμινομαι, Med. to ward off from oneself, drive away. [ῥ]
 ἑξ-ἄναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to force or compel utterly. II. to force out, drive away.
 ἑξ-ἄνάγω, f. ἄγω: aor. 2 -ἀνήγαγον:—to bring out of or up from:—Pass. to put out to sea, set sail.
 ἑξ-ἄναδύομαι, Med. with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέδυν:—to rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally, to escape from.
 ἑξ-ἄναξέω, fut. ἔσω, to make to boil up or over: metaph., ἑξαναξέειν χόλον to let his fury boil forth.
 ἑξ-ἄναρξέω, f. ἦσω, to take up out of.
 ἑξ-ἄνακρούω, f. σω, to beat back:—Med. of ships, to retreat by backing water.
 ἑξ-ἄναῶλισκω, fut. -ανᾶλωσω: aor. I -ἀνήλωσα: pf. pass. -ἀνήλωμαι:—to consume or destroy utterly:—Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. exauriri.
 ἑξ-ἄναλώω, f. ὕσω, to set quite free.
 ἑξ-ἄναλώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξαναλίσκω) exhaustion.
 ἑξ-ἄναπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe again, revive.
 ἑξ-ἄναπτω, f. ψω, to bang up a thing from or by:—Med. to attach oneself. II. to rekindle.
 ἑξ-ἄναρπάξω, f. ξω and σω, to snatch away.
 ἑξ-ἄνασπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to tear away from.
 ἑξ-ἄναστᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξάνιστημι) a removal. 2. intr. an uprising from: the resurrection.
 ἑξ-ἄναστῆφω, f. ψω, to crown with wreaths.
 ἑξ-ἄναστῆσθαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of ἐξάνιστημι.
 ἑξ-ἄναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn upside down: to burl headlong from.
 ἑξ-ἄνατέλλω, to make spring up from. II. intr. to spring from.
 ἑξ-ἄναφανδόν, Adv. quite openly.
 ἑξ-ἄναφέρω, f. -ανοίω, to bring up from the water. II. intr. to emerge from: to recover from an illness.
 ἑξ-ἄναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out of the way, withdraw, retreat. II. c. acc. to evade.
 ἑξ-ἄνδραποδιζώ, and Med. ἑξανδραποδιζόμεναι, f.

-ίσομαι Att. -τοῦμαι: (ἐξ, ἀνδροποδον):—to sell for slaves, reduce to utter slavery: the Att. fut. ἑξανδροποδοῦμαι is also used in pass. sense, as are aor. I -ἠνδροποδίσθη, pf. -ἠνδροποδίσμαι. Hence
 ἐξανδρῶποδίοις, εὖς, ἦ, a selling for slaves.
 ἐξάνδρσομαι, pf. ἐξάνδρωμαι: Pass.:—to come to man's years; λόχος ὀδόντων ὕφους ἐξἠνδρωμένος a band having grown to men from the dragon's teeth.
 -ἐξ-ανεγείρω, f. -εγερω, to excite, stir up.
 ἐξανελομένη, aor. 2 med. of ἐξαναρέω.
 -ἐξ-ἀνεμι, to rise out from: to go up in. II. to come back from.
 -ἐξ-ἀνεμῶ, f. ὦσω: aor. I -ἠνέμωσα: (ἐξ, ἄνεμος):—to inflate: puff up. II. to scatter to the winds, bring to nothing.
 ἐξ-ἀνέρχομαι, = ἐξάνειμι.
 ἐξἀνέστηκα, -ἦσα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξάνιστημι.
 ἐξανέστραμμα, pf. pass. of ἐξαναστρέφω.
 ἐξἀνετίλα, aor. I of ἐξανατέλλω.
 ἐξ-ἀνεύρισκω, fut. -ανευρήσω, to find out, invent.
 ἐξ-ἀνέχω, f. ξω, to bold up or out: intr. to project. II. Med., impf. and aor. 2 with double augm. ἐξ-ἠνευχόμεν, -ἠνευχόμεν:—to bear up against.
 ἐξἀνήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξανάγω.
 ἐξἀνήκα, aor. I of ἐξἀνίημι.
 ἐξἀνήλωσα, aor. I of ἐξἀνάλλισκω: ἐξἀνήλωμαι, pf. pass.
 ἐξ-ἀνθῶ, f. ἦσω: pf. -ἠνθηκα:—to put out flowers. 2. to bloom with, to be covered with, to break out with, of sores. 3. metaph. to burst forth, break out, flourish.
 ἐξ-ἀνθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐξ, ἄνθος) to deck as with flowers, adorn, paint.
 ἐξ-ἀνίημι, f. -ἀνίησω or -ἀνίησομαι: aor. I -ἀνίηκα:—to send out or forth, let loose: c. gen. to send forth from. 2. to let go, dismiss. 3. to slacken; loosen. II. intr. to slacken, relax, Lat. remittere.
 ἐξ-ἀνίστημι, f. -ἀναστήσω, aor. I -ἀνέστησα: in these tenses Causal, to make rise from one's seat. 2. to remove from a settlement: make to emigrate, expel. 3. to depopulate, destroy. II. Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέστην, pf. -ἀνέστηκα, plqpf. -ειστήκειν, intrans. to rise from one's seat or station. 2. generally, to arise and depart from a place: to be driven out from one's home. 3. to be depopulated.
 ἐξ-ἀνοίγω, to lay open.
 ἐξ-ἀνορθῶ, f. ὦσω, to set upright, restore.
 ἐξ-ἀντλέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ἠντλησα:—to draw out, Lat. exaurire. II. metaph. to endure to the end, see out, Lat. exantlare.
 ἐξ-ἀνώω Att. ἐξ-ἀνώω, f. ὦσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐξἠνώσα:—to accomplish, fulfil. 2. to dispatch, kill, Lat. conficere. 3. of Time, to bring to an end, accomplish: hence to finish one's way to a place, arrive at it. 4. c. inf. to manage to do, Lat. efficere ut... 5. Med. to finish for oneself.

ἑξα-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἐξ, πάλαιστή) of six bands—breadth.
 ἐξ-ἀπαλλάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω: aor. I -ἀπήλαξα:—to free from, remove from:—Med. to remove oneself from, get rid of.
 ἐξ-ἀπατάω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ἠπάτησα:—to cheat or deceive thoroughly: to seduce:—Pass., with fut. med. -ἦσομαι, to be utterly deceived.
 ἐξ-ἀπάτη, ἦ, a gross trick or deception.
 ἐξ-ἀπάτηρη, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐξαπατάω) a deceiver.
 ἐξ-ἀπατύλλω, Comic Dim. of ἐξαπατάω, to cheat a little, impose upon.
 ἐξ-ἀπαφίσκω, Ep. form of ἐξ-απατάω: aor. 2 ἐξἠπάφον, part. ἐξαπαφῶν: also 3 sing. aor. 2 med. opt. ἐξαπάφουτο occurs in act. sense.
 ἐξ-ἀπεδος, ον, (ἐξ, ποῖς) six feet long.
 ἐξ-ἀπειδον, inf. ἐξαπιδεῖν, aor. 2 (with no pres. in use), to observe from afar. Cf. εἶδον.
 ἐξ-ἀπηνυξ, υ, (ἐξ, πηνυξ) six cubits long.
 ἐξ-ἀπίνα, Adv., later form of ἐξαπίνης.
 ἐξαπίναος, α, ον, = ἐξαφιπιδος. From
 ἐξ-ἀπίνης, Adv., collat. form for ἐξαίφνης. [Ὶ]
 ἐξ-ἀπλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. -πλήσιος, η, ον, (ἐξ) sixfold.
 ἐξ-ἀπλέθρος, ον, (ἐξ, πλέθρον) six πλέθρα long, i. e. 1200 feet long.
 ἐξ-ἀπλώω, f. ὦσω, to unfold, roll out: to explain.
 ἐξ-ἀποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to step out of.
 ἐξ-ἀποδίομαι, Dep. to chase away from.
 ἐξ-ἀποδύνω, to put off.
 ἐξ-ἀποθνήσκω, to be just on the point of death.
 ἐξ-ἀπολις, εως, ἦ, (ἐξ, πόλις) a league of six cities.
 ἐξ-ἀπολλύμι, f. -απολέσω Att. -απολώ:—to destroy utterly:—Med., with perf. 2 act. ἐξαπόλωλα, intr. to perish utterly: to perish out of.
 ἐξ-ἀπονοέμαι, Pass. to return out of.
 ἐξ-ἀπονίζω, f. νίψω, to wash thoroughly.
 ἐξ-ἀποξύνω, to sharpen well.
 ἐξ-ἀπορέω, also Med. ἐξ-ἀπορέομαι, to be utterly at a loss, be in great perplexity.
 ἐξ-ἀποστέλλω, to send out or away: to divorce.
 ἐξ-ἀποτίω, f. -αποτίσω [Ὶ], to atone fully.
 ἐξ-ἀποφθεῖρω, to destroy utterly.
 ἐξ-ἀπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξἠψα:—to fasten from or to: c. dat. to attach to. II. Med. to bang from, cling to a thing. 2. to fasten about oneself, wear.
 ἐξαράρισμα, Ion. pf. pass. of ἐξαρέω.
 ἐξ-ἀράσσω Att. -πτω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξἠράξα:—to dash or knock out, smother: metaph. to assail furiously.
 ἐξ-ἀργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐξ, ἀργός) to be quite torpid:—Pass. to be quite neglected.
 ἐξ-ἀργυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, and ἐξ-ἀργυρόω, f. ὦσω, to turn into money, sell.
 ἐξ-ἀρέσκομαι, f. -ἀρέσομαι, Dep. to make oneself acceptable to: also to win over, conciliate.
 ἐξ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count throughout, Lat. enumerare. II. to pay in ready money.
 ἐξ-ἀρκέω, f. ἴσω, to be enough for: impers., ἐξαρκέει μοι it is enough for, satisfies me, c. inf. II. to

abound in, be content with: c. part. to be satisfied with doing.

III. to assist, succour. Hence

ἔξαρκής, ἐς, enough, sufficient.

ἔξαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἔξαρκέω, enough, sufficiently.

ἔξ-αρνέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: aor. I -ἠρνήσαμην and -ἠρνήθην:—to deny strongly. Hence

ἔξαρνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, good at denying or disowning.

ἔξαρνος, ον, (ἔξαρνόομαι) denying, disowning.

ἔξ-αρπάσω, f. -αρπάξω and -αρπάσομαι or -αρπάσομαι: aor. I -ἠρπαξα Att. -ἠρπασα: pf. pass. -ἠρπασμαι:—to snatch away from: to rescue from danger.

ἔξ-αρτάω, fut. ἦσω, to hang from or upon. II.

Pass., with fut. med. ἐξαρτήσομαι, pf. ἐξήρτημαι, to be hung upon, hang upon. 2. to have fastened to one, be equipt with: cf. ἐξάπτω. 3. to be exposed to view.

ἔξ-αρτίζω, fut. ἰώω Att. ἰώ, to complete, finish:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτισμαι, to be completely furnished.

ἔξ-αρτός, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to get ready: to fit out, equip:—Med. to get ready for oneself, fit out: to prepare, set about:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτύμαι, to be got ready.

ἔξ-άρχε, Dor. for ἐξήρχε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐξάρχω.

ἔξ-αρχος, ον, beginning. II. as Subst., ἔξαρχος, ὁ, a leader, beginner, Lat. auctor. 2. the first in rank, chief, Lat. princeps. 3. the leader of the chorus, = κορυφαῖος.

ἔξ-άρχω, f. ξω, to begin, lead off; ἐξάρχειν παιᾶνά τῷ to begin a hymn to one, address it to him: and reversely, ἐξάρχειν τιᾶ λόγους to address one with words:—so also in Med. ἐξάρχομαι.

ἔξ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ἤσκησα:—to adorn, deck out. II. to train or exercise thoroughly:—Pass. to be well trained in.

ἔξ-ατιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to dishonour utterly.

ἔξ-άττω, Att. contr. for ἐξατάσω.

ἔξ-αναίνω, aor. ἐξηύνηνα: to dry up, parch up.

ἔξ-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak out:—also in Med.

ἔξ-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to wear out by sipping.

ἔξ-αυλίζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to leave one's quarters.

ἔξ-αυτῆς, Adv., for ἐξ αὐτῆς [τῆς ὥρας], at the very point of time, at once.

ἔξ-αυτός, Adv. for ἐξ-αυτῶς, (ἐξ, αὐτός) over again, anew. II. of Place, back again, backwards.

ἔξ-αυτομολέω, f. ἦσω, to desert from.

ἔξ-αυχέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐξηύχησα: to boast loudly.

ἔξ-αῦω, aor. I ἐξήυσα, to scream or cry out.

ἔξ-αφαιρέω, aor. 2 -αφείλον, med. -αφείλομαι (from obsol. ἔλω):—to take quite away:—Med., ψυχὴν τιος ἐξαφελίσθαι to take his life from him.

ἔξ-αφήμι, fut. -αφήσω, to send forth, discharge: to set free from.

ἔξ-αφίστημι, to put away:—Med., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, intrans. to depart or withdraw from.

ἔξ-αφρίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι, Med. (ἐξ, ἀφρός) to foam away from oneself, Lat. desputare; ἐξαφρίσθαι μένος, to foam or fret away one's strength.

ἔξ-αφύσσω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]: aor. I -ἠφύσα:—to draw forth.

ἔξ-άψαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξάπτω.

ἔξ-έβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐκβάλλω.

ἔξ-έβην, aor. 2 of ἐκβαίνω:—ἔξεβαν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. for ἐξέβησαν.

ἔξ-εγγύω, f. ἦσω, (ἐξ, ἐγγύη) to free by giving bail:—Med. to give bail:—Pass. to be set free on bail. Hence

ἔξ-εγγύτης, εως, ἡ, a giving bail or surety.

ἔξ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken: to raise from the dead: generally, to arouse, excite: to kindle:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἐξηγρόμην, inf. -εγρέσθαι, and pf. act. ἐξεγρήγορα, to be aroused, to wake up.

ἔξ-εγράψα, aor. 2 of ἐκγράφω.

ἔξ-έγροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξεγείρω.

ἔξ-έδειξα, aor. I of ἐκδέικνυμι.

ἔξ-εδεξάμην, aor. I of ἐκδέχομαι.

ἔξ-εδίδαξα, aor. I of ἐκδίδωσκω.

ἔξ-έδοτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἔξ-έδρα, ἡ, Lat. exbedra, a covered walk in front of a house.

ἔξ-εδράμον, aor. 2 of ἐκτρέχω.

ἔξ-εδράν, aor. 2 of ἐκδιδράσκω.

ἔξ-έδρος, ον, (ἐξ, ἔδρα) away from home: generally, strange, extraordinary. 2. c. gen. out of, away from; ἐξέδρος φρονῶν out of one's senses. II. of omens, in a bad quarter.

ἔξ-έδομαι, fut. of ἐξεσθίω.

ἔξ-έδυν, aor. 2 (in intr. sense) of ἐκδύω.

ἔξ-έδυσσα, aor. I (in causal sense) of ἐκδύω.

ἔξ-έδωκα, aor. I of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἔξ-έθωνον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.

ἔξ-έθιμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτίθωμι.

ἔξ-έθηκα, aor. I of ἐκτίθωμι.

ἔξ-έθορον, aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσκω.

ἔξ-έθρεψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέφω.

ἔξειν, for ἐξίθι, imperat. of ἐξείμι exibo.

ἔξ-εἶδον, inf. ἐξιδεῖν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to look out, see far: also aor. 2 med. imperat., ἐξιδού see well to it. Cf. ξειδα.

ἔξ-εἶτος, Adv. (ἐξω, ἐξω) poet. for ἐξῆς, in order, in a row, one after another.

ἔξ-εἰκάξω, fut. σω, to make like: to adapt: pf. part. pass. ἔξηκαμένος, represented by a likeness or portrait.

ἔξ-εἰλω, f. ἦσω, Lat. evolvere, to unfold.

ἔξ-εἶλλον, = ἐξίλλω.

ἔξ-εἶλον, ἐξείλομαι, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐξαίρω.

ἔξ-εἶμι, 2 sing. ἐξεῖσθα (for ἐξει), inf. ἐξείναι Ep. ἐξίμενα: impf. ἐξῆεν: (ἐκ, εἰμι ibo):—to go out, come out: esp. to march out with an army: to come forward on the stage. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire; ὅταν τὸ κακὸν ἐξίη when the pain ceases.

ἔξ-εἶμι (εἰμί sum), only in impers. ἔξεστι, q. v.

ἔξ-εἶν, fut. inf. of ἔχω.

ἔξ-εἶναι, inf. of ἐξεστί.

ἐξ-εἶπον, inf. ἐξεῖπῶν, to speak out, to utter, avow: also, to betray: cf. εἶπον.

ἐξείρετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἐξέρομαι.

ἐξείρῃσα Ep. — εἶρυσσα, aor. I of ἐξέρω.

ἐξ-είρω, to pull forth, thrust out. II. to pull out.

ἐξείσθα, for ἐξει, 2 sing. pres. of ἐξεῖμι ἐκίω.

ἐξέκἀθηρα, aor. I of ἐκκαθαίρω.

ἐξέκαμον, aor. 2 of ἐκκάμω.

ἐξέκείνωσα, poet. aor. I of ἐκκεῖνω.

ἐξέκένυτο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐξέκλεψα, aor. I of ἐκκλέπτω.

ἐξέκλησιάζον, ἐξέκλησιάσα, irreg. impf. and aor. I of ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἐξέκλινα, aor. I of ἐκκλίνω.

ἐξέκόμισα, aor. I of ἐκκομίζω.

ἐξέκοψα, ἐξέκόπη, aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐξέκράματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.

ἐξέκρουσα, ἐξέκρούσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκρούω.

ἐξέκυλίτσα, —ίσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκυλίνδω.

ἐξέλαβον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαμβάνω.

ἐξέλας, ᾶ, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ἐξελαύνω.

ἐξέλασις, εως, ἡ, a driving out, expulsion. II. intr. a marching out, expedition. From

ἐξ-ελαύνω: f. —ελάσω Att. —ελάω: pf. —ελήλακα: also poet. pres. ἐξελάω, inf. ἐξελάω: —to drive out, chase out.

2. to beat out, hammer out, of metals. II. ἐξελαινεῖν στρατόν to lead out an army: hence (sub. στρατόν) intrans. to set out on an expedition, march out.

ἐξέλαχον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαγχάνω.

ἐξελε, poet. for ἐξελε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ἐξαίρω: also 2 sing. imperat.

ἐξ-ελέγγω, f. ζω, to search out, bring to the test: to convict, expose, confute: of things, to be proved against one. 2. οὐ τοῦτο γ' ἐξελέγχομαι I am not to blame in this.

ἐξελείν, ἐξελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἐξαίρω.

ἐξέεἶπον, aor. 2 of ἐκλείπω.

ἐξ-ελευθεροστομέω, to be very free of speech.

ἐξελύσσομαι, ἐξελεῖν, fut. and aor. 2 inf. of ἐξέρχομαι.

ἐξελήλακα, pf. of ἐξελαύνω.

ἐξελήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξελέγγω.

ἐξ-ελίσσω Att. —πτω, f. ζω, to unroll, unfold: metaph. to explain. II. = Lat. *explicare*, to expand the front by bringing up the rear men.

ἐξελκτέον, verb. Adj. one must drag along. From

ἐξ-έλκω, f. —ελκύω [ῥ], as if from —ελκύνω: —to draw out drag out. 2. to draw out from, rescue from. II. to drag out, prolong, protract.

ἐξέλυσσα, aor. I of ἐκλύω.

ἐξέμαθον, aor. 2 of ἐκμαθάνω.

ἐξέμαήνη [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐξέμαξα, aor. I of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐξεμαργώθη, aor. I pass. of ἐκμαργάω.

ἐξέμαξα, ἐξεμάγηνη [ᾶ], aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐξέμεν, Ep. for ἐξείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξέημι.

ἐξέμεν, Ep. for ἐξείν, fut. inf. of ἔχω.

ἐξ-εμέω, f. —εμέσω: aor. I ἐξέμεσα: —to vomit forth, disgorge. 2. absol. to be sick.

ἐξέμνη, aor. I of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐξέμμορε, 3 sing. pf. of ἐκμείρομαι.

ἐξ-εμπεδῶ, f. ὦσω, to keep fast or strictly, observe.

ἐξ-εμπολῶ Ion. —έω, f. ἦσω, to traffic; κέρδος ἐξεμπολῶν to drive a gainful trade; pf. pass. ἐξημπόλημαι, I am bought and sold, betrayed. II. to sell off.

ἐξ-εναίρω, aor. 2 inf. ἐξεναιρεῖν, = ἐξεναιρίζω.

ἐξ-εναρίζω, f. ῖζω, to strip or spoil a foe: to slay in fight.

ἐξενέγκατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of ἐκφέρω.

ἐξ-ενέπω, to speak out, proclaim.

ἐξένευσσα, aor. I of ἐκνεύω and also of ἐκνέω.

ἐξένθους, ἐξένθων, Dor. for ἐξέλοθις, ἐξελῶν, aor. 2 opt. and part. of ἐξέρχομαι.

ἐξενίκησα, aor. I of ἐκνικάω.

ἐξένησα, aor. I of ἐκνίζω.

ἐξ-επάδω, f. —επάσσομαι, to charm away: —Pass. ἐξεπάδουσαι φύσιν to be charmed out of their nature.

ἐξ-επαίρω, f. —επαῖρω, to stir up, elate.

ἐξεπαῖσα, aor. I of ἐκπαίω.

ἐξεπάταξα, aor. I of ἐκπατάσσω.

ἐξεπάυσα, aor. I. of ἐκπαύω.

ἐξέπεισα, aor. I of ἐκπέω.

ἐξεπειράθη [ᾶ], aor. I of ἐκπειράωμαι.

ἐξέπεμψα, aor. I of ἐκπέμπω.

ἐξεπέρησα, Ion. aor. I of ἐκπεράω.

ἐξεπέτασα, Ep. for ἐξεπέτασα, aor. I of ἐκπετάννυμι.

ἐξ-επεύχομαι, Dep. to boast loudly.

ἐξ-επικαιδέκατος, η, ον, = ἐκκαυδέκατος.

ἐξ-επίσταμαι, Dep. to understand, know thoroughly. II. to know by heart.

ἐξ-επίτηδες, Adv. = ἐπίτηδες, on purpose, carefully.

ἐξεπλάγη [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέπλησα, ἐξεπλήσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπλήττω.

ἐξέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω.

ἐξέπλον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίνω.

ἐξέπλευσα, aor. I of ἐκπλέω.

ἐξέπληξα, ἐξεπλήχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐκπνέω.

ἐξεποιήσα, aor. I of ἐκποιέω.

ἐξεπόνυσα, Dor. aor. I of ἐκπονέω.

ἐξεπόρευσα, —εύθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπορεύω.

ἐξεπόρησα, aor. I of ἐκπορίζω.

ἐξεπράθον, aor. 2 of ἐκπέρθω.

ἐξεπτάμηνη or —όμηνη, aor. 2 of ἐκπέταμαι or —ομαι.

ἐξεπράξα, aor. I of ἐκπράσσω.

ἐξέπρησα, aor. 2 of ἐκπρίαω.

ἐξέπταξα, Dor. for ἐξέπηξα, aor. I of ἐκπήσσω.

ἐξέπτῃν, aor. 2 act. of ἐκέπταμαι.
 ἐξέπτῶσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπῶω.
 ἐξέπτῶθῆναι, aor. 2 of ἐκπῶθῆναι.
 ἐξέρῶμα, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From
 ἐξ-εράω, f. ἄωω [ā]: aor. 1 ἐξέρῶσα:—to vomit forth,
 Lat. *evomere*. 2. metaph. to disgorge, get rid of;
 ἐξέρῶν τὰς ψήφους to disgorge the ballots from the urn.
 ἐξ-εργάζομαι, f. —εργάζομαι: pf. —είργασμαι used
 both in med. and pass. sense: aor. 1 —είργασθην al-
 ways in pass.: Dep.:—to work out, finish, make com-
 plete. 2. to accomplish: to make, cause. 3. to
 work well, cultivate. II. to undo, destroy, Lat.
conficere: to overubelm, ruin:—Pass., ἐξεργάσμεθα
 we are undone; τὰ ξευρασμένα desperate affairs;
 ἐπ' ἐξεργασμένοις when all is over. Hence
 ἐξεργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to accomplish.
 ἐξ-έρω Att. —είρω, to sbut out, exclude from:
 to hinder, forbid: to drive away:—Pass., ἀναγκαίη
 ἐξέρωσθαι to be forced to a thing.
 ἐξ-ερεῖσθαι, to inquire into or after: search or try.
 ἐξ-ερεθίζω, ἐξ-ερέθω, strengthd. for ἐρεθίζω, ἐρέθω.
 ἐξ-ερείπω, to strike or bew off. II. intr. in
 aor. 2 ἐξήριπτον, inf. ἐξεριπεῖν, and pf. ἐξήριπα:—to
 fall to earth; χαίτη ζεύγλης ξεριποῦσα the mane
 streaming downwards from the yoke: to fall down.
 ἐξ-ερευινοῦμαι, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves.
 ἐξ-ερευνώω, f. ἦσω, to search out, examine.
 ἐξ-ερέω Att. contr. —ερώ, (ἐξ, ἐρέω) fut. without
 any pres. in use, I will speak out, proclaim: hence pf.
 act. ἐξέρηκα; 3 plqpf. pass. ἐξέριητο; and fut. ἐξε-
 ρήσεται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is ἐξαγορεύω,
 the aor. ἐξείπον.
 ἐξ-ερέω, Ep. for ἐξέρομαι, to inquire into: inquire of.
 ἐξ-ερημόω, f. ὦσω, to make utterly desolate, desert
 utterly.
 ἐξ-ερίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ἐρις) to be contumacious, resist.
 ἐξεριπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξεριπέω.
 ἐξεριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐξεριζώ) a stubborn disputant.
 ἐξ-ερόμαι, fut. —ερήσομαι: Dep.: (cf. ἐρομαι):—to
 inquire of: to inquire into, examine: cf. ἐξερέω.
 ἐξ-ερίπω, f. —ερίψω: aor. 1 —ερίψα (as if from —ε-
 πῶω): to creep out of: absol. to creep out.
 ἐξερράγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγγυμι.
 ἐξερράνα, aor. 1 of ἐκράνω.
 ἐξερρηξα, aor. 1 of ἐκρήγγυμι.
 ἐξερριψα, aor. 1 of ἐκρίπτω.
 ἐξερρήκα, pf. of ἐκρέω.
 ἐξερρήνην, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of ἐκρέω.
 ἐξ-ερω, (ἐξ, ἐρω) to go out: only in imperat., ἐξερρε-
 γαίης away out of the land.
 ἐξ-ερώκω, to ward off, repel. [ῶ]
 ἐξ-ερώω, f. ὦσω [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἐξείρῶσα Ep. ἐξείρῶσα
 and ἐξείρῶσα:—to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest
 from: to tear out.

phices, etc., to be accomplished, come true: generally,
 to reach its end.
 ἐξ-ερωῶ, f. ἦσω, to swerve from the course, to shy.
 ἐξ-ερωῶω, f. ἦσω, to search out: to question.
 ἐξεσῶσα, aor. 1 of ἐκσῶω.
 ἐξέσσεα, aor. 1 of ἐκσείω.
 ἐξ-εσθίω, f. —έδομαι: pf. —εδήδοκα:—to eat away.
 ἐξ-έσθω, collat. form of foreg.
 ἐξέσῃα, ἡ, (ἐξίτημ) a sending out, mission.
 ἐξέσσεω, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίτημ) a dismissal: divorce.
 ἐξεσκέδασα, aor. 1 of ἐκσκεδάσσω.
 ἐξέσσω, impf. of ἐκσῶω.
 ἐξεσῶθῆσα, aor. 1 of ἐκσῶθῆναι.
 ἐξέσσωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐκσῶω.
 ἐξεσῶθῆναι, for ἐξεσῶθῆναι, pf. inf. or ἐξίστημι.
 ἐξεσῶται, inf. pf. of ἐξίστημι, contr. for ἐξεσῶθῆναι.
 ἐξέστειλα, aor. 1 of ἐκστέλλω.
 ἐξεστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐκστέφω.
 ἐξέστηκα, ἐξέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of ἐξίστημι.
 ἐξ-εστι, impers., subj. ἐξη, optat. ἐξείη: inf. ἐξείναι:
 fut. ἐξεσται: impf. ἐξήην: (ἐξ, εἰμί sum):—it is al-
 lowed, it is in one's power, is possible: part. ἐξόν Ion.
 ἐξέόν, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. *quum liceat*.
 ἐξεστράτευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκστράτευω.
 ἐξεστρατοπέδευμαι, pf. of ἐκστρατοπεδεύομαι.
 ἐξέστρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρέφω.
 ἐξεσύρην [ῶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκσύρω [ῶ].
 ἐξεσωρευόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκσωρεύω.
 ἐξέσωσα, ἐξεσῶθῆναι, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκσῶω.
 ἐξ-ετάωω, f. ἐξετάσσω Att. ἐξετώω: aor. 1 ἐξήτασα
 Dor. ἐξήτασα: pf. ἐξήτακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξητάσθην:
 pf. ἐξήτασμαι:—to examine well or closely, to scruti-
 nise: hence to question, esp. by the torture: of things,
 to search out, to inquire into, sift closely. 2. of
 troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly,
 to test: hence to estimate, compare:—Pass. to be proved,
 to stand the trial: to be examined.
 ἐξετάθην [ᾶ], aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτείνω.
 ἐξετάκηθην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκτέχω.
 ἐξετάμην, aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.
 ἐξετανύσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐκτανύω.
 ἐξετανύσθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτανύω.
 ἐξετάραξα, aor. 1 of ἐκταράσσω.
 ἐξετάραξω, εως, ἡ, (ἐξετάω) a searching out: a
 military inspection or review.
 ἐξεταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐξετάω) skilful at examining:
 absol. inquiring.
 ἐξέτεινα, aor. 1 of ἐκτείνω.
 ἐξέτεκον, aor. 2 of ἐκτίκτω.
 ἐξετέλειον, Ep. impf. of ἐκτελέω.
 ἐξετελεύντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of ἐκτελέω.
 ἐξετετόξευτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐκτοξεύω.
 ἐξετεχνήσάμην, aor. 1 of ἐκτεχνάομαι.
 ἐξετηκόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκτέχω.
 ἐξ-έτης, es, (ἐξ, ἔτος) six years old.
 ἐξ-έτι, (ἐκ, ἐτι) Prep. with gen. even until now.
 ἐξέτισα, aor. 1 of ἐκτίνω.
 ἐξετόξευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκτοξεύω.

ἔστρατόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτρέπω.
 ἔστρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκτρέπω.
 ἔστρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκτρέβω.
 ἔστρωσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπιτρώσκω.
 ἔξ-εὐλάβομαι, Dep. to be very cautious of.
 ἔξ-εὐμάρizω, (ἐκ, εὐμαρής) to make easy, lighten. II.
 Med. to get ready, prepare, Lat. expedire.
 ἔξεύρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἔξευρίσκω) a searching out: a finding out, invention.
 ἔξευρημα, ατος, τό, a thing found out, an invention, contrivance. From
 ἔξ-εὐρίσκω, f. -εὐρήσω, aor. 2 -εὐρον:—to find out, discover: to invent. 2. to seek out. 3. to find out, win, secure.
 ἔξ-εὐπρεπίζω, to prepare.
 ἔξ-εὐχομα, Dep. to boast aloud, proclaim. II.
 to pray for.
 ἔξεφάνθη Ep. for ἔξεφάνθη, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 ἔξεφάνη [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 ἔξεφθαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐκφθείρω.
 ἔξεφθίνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 ἔξεφθίτο, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 ἔξ-εφίμη, mostly used in Med. ἔξεφίμαι, to enjoin, urge, bid.
 ἔξεφύγον, aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.
 ἔξεφύσα, ἔξεφύσθην, aor. 1 and 2 of ἐκφύω.
 ἔξέχευα Ep. ἔξέχευα, aor. 1 of ἐκχέω.
 ἔξεχορευσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐκχορεύω.
 ἔξεχρησα, aor. 1 of ἐκχράω.
 ἔξεχύθη [ῦ], aor. 1 pass. of ἐκχέω.
 ἔξ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stand out or project from: of the sun, to shine out, appear.
 ἔξέχουσα, aor. 1 of ἐκχώννυμι.
 ἔξέψυξα, aor. 1 of ἐκψύχω.
 ἔξ-έψω, f. -έψω, to boil thoroughly.
 ἔξ-ἦθος, ον, (ἐκ, ἦθη) past one's youth.
 ἔξῆγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξάγω.
 ἔξηγγεῖλα, ἔξηγγέλθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐξαγγέλλω.
 ἔξ-ηγέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. -ήγημαι: Dep.:—to be leader of, c. gen. pers. 2. c. acc. pers. to manage, direct, govern. II. to go first, lead the way: 2. ἐξηγεῖσθαι τιμι to shew one the way in a thing; and so to guide: also to teach; to command. III. like Lat. praesire verbis, to prescribe a form of words:—to expound, interpret. IV. to tell at length, narrate, describe. Hence
 ἔξηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, a guide, director, counsellor: generally, a deviser. II. an interpreter of oracles or sacred rites, Lat. interpres religionum.
 ἔξηγγόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐξεγείρω.
 ἔξηκασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεικάω.
 ἔξηκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (ἑξ) sixty, sexaginta.
 ἔξηκοντά-ετής, es, (ἔξηκοντα, ἔτος) sixty years old.
 ἔξηκοντάκις poet. -άκι, (ἔξηκοντα) Adv. sixty times.
 ἔξηκοντα-τάλαντα, ἡ, (ἔξηκοντα, τάλαντιον) a sum of sixty talents.
 ἔξηκόντισσα, aor. 1 of ἐξακοντίω.

ἔξηκοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔξηκοντα) sixtieth, sexagesimus.
 ἔξ-ἦκα, f. ἦξω, to have arrived at a point:—of Time, to have run out, expired:—of prophecies, to have turned out true.
 ἔξῆλασα Ep. ἔξῆλασσα, aor. 1 of ἐξελαύνω.
 ἔξῆλατος, ον, (ἐξελαίνω) beaten out, hammered.
 ἔξῆλεγχθη, aor. 1 pass. of ἐξελέγω: ἔξῆλεγκτο, 3 sing. pl. pf.
 ἔξῆλειψα, aor. 1 of ἐξαλείφω.
 ἔξῆλθον, aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι.
 ἔξ-ἠλιάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἔξ, ἠλιος) to set in the sun: to hang in the open air.
 ἔξῆλλαξα, aor. 1 of ἐξαλλάσσω: ἔξῆλλαγμα, pf. pass.
 ἔξῆλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἔξῆλύθην aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι) a going out: a way out.
 ἔξ-ἡμαρ, Adv. (ἔξ, ἡμαρ) for six days, six days long.
 ἔξῆμαρτον, ἔξημάρτια, aor. 2 and pf. of ἔξαμαρτάνω.
 ἔξῆμβλωκα, pf. of ἐξαμβλόω.
 ἔξῆμειψα, aor. 1 of ἐξαμείβομαι.
 ἔξ-ἡμερώω, f. ὦσω, to tame or reclaim quite: metaph. to civilise, humanise.
 ἔξημημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἔξαμάω.
 ἔξημιλλησάμην, -ίθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of ἔξαμιλλάομαι.
 ἔξημοιβός, ὄν, (ἔξαμείβομαι) quite changed; ἔξημοιβά εἶματα changes of raiment.
 ἔξημπολόημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεμπολόω.
 ἔξηνδραποδίσθη, -ισμαι, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of ἔξανδραποδίζω.
 ἔξηνδρωμαι, pf. pass. of ἔξανδρόομαι.
 ἔξῆνεγκα, ἔξῆνεγκον, aor. 1 and 2 of ἐκφέρω.
 ἔξηνευχόμην, ἔξηνευχόμην, impf. and aor. 2 med. (with double augm.) of ἐξανέχω.
 ἔξηνέμωσα, -ώθη, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἔξανεμίω.
 ἔξηνήθηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἐξανθέω.
 ἔξηντήληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἐξαντλέω.
 ἔξηνήσω, aor. 1 of ἐξανύω or ἐξανύω.
 ἔξῆξα, Att. aor. 1 of ἐξάισσω, ἐξάισσω.
 ἔξηπάτηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἐξαπατάω.
 ἔξηπαύθη, aor. 2 of ἐξαπαύω.
 ἔξ-ἡπεροπέω, f. ὦσω, to cheat utterly.
 ἔξῆρα, aor. 1 of ἐξάιρω.
 ἔξῆραμαι, pf. pass. of ξηραίνω.
 ἔξηράνθη, aor. 1 pass. of ξηραίνω.
 ἔξῆρασα, aor. 1 of ἐξάρασσω.
 ἔξῆρατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐξάιρω.
 ἔξ-ἡρετιος, ον, (ἔξ, ἐρέσσω) with six oars.
 ἔξῆρκον, impf. of ἐξαρκέω.
 ἔξῆρασα or -ασα, aor. 1 of ἐξαρκάω.
 ἔξῆρτημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξάρτω.
 ἔξῆρτισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτίω.
 ἔξῆρτύμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξάρτω.
 ἔξῆρτερο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐξάρχω.
 ἔξηρώησα, aor. 1 of ἐξερύω.
 ἔξῆρσηκα, aor. 1 of ἐξασκέω: ἔξῆρσημαι, pf. pass.
 ἔξῆς Ep. ἔξείης, Adv. (ἔχω, ἔξω) one after another, in order: also of Time, thereafter, next. II. c. gen. next to.

ἐξήτασα Dor. ἐξήταξα, aor. I of ἐφετάω.
 ἐξήτησα, aor. I of ἐξαιτέω.
 ἐξήτηνα, aor. I of ἐξαναίνω.
 ἐξήχησα, -ήχουν, aor. I and impf. of ἐξαιχέω.
 ἐξήφουσα Ep. ἐξήφουσα, aor. I of ἐξαφούσω.
 ἐξήχῃω, f. ἤσω, to sound forth, publish.
 ἐξήψα, ἐξήφθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξάπτω.
 ἐξ-ιάσομαι, f. -ιάσομαι Ion. -ήσομαι: Dep.:—to cure thoroughly: to make full amends for.
 ἐξιδεῖν, inf. of ἐξείδω.
 ἐξ-ιδιόομαι, Dep. (ἐξ, ἴδιος) to make one's own, to appropriate.
 ἐξ-ιδίω, f. ἴσω [ἱ], to exude.
 ἐξ-ιθρύνω, f. ὕσω [ῠ], to place in a resting posture:—Med. to establish oneself.
 ἐξίναί, inf. of ἐξείμι exibo; but ἐξίεμαι, of ἐξίτημι.
 ἐξ-ίτημι, f. ἤσω, to send out, dispatch, in Ep. aor. 2 inf. ἐξέμεν for ἐξίεμαι: of a sail or cable, to let out or loose: to throw out or forth: to take out of:—Med. to put off from oneself, get rid of. 2. to send from oneself, divorce.
 ἐξ-ιθύνω [ῠ], to make quite straight.
 ἐξ-ικετεύω, f. σω, to beseech earnestly.
 ἐξ-ικνεύομαι, f. ἐξίξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξικόμεν [ἱ]: Dep.:—to reach, arrive at. 2. to attain, come up to: to be sufficient for. 3. to accomplish, execute.
 ἐξ-ίκω, f. ξω, poet. for ἐξήκω.
 ἐξ-ιλάσκομαι, f. -ιάσομαι [ἄ], Dep. to appease completely, propitiate.
 ἐξ-ίλλω, to unravel, disentangle. II. to keep out from, bar from.
 ἐξίμεναι, for ἐξίεμαι, inf. of ἐξείμι exibo.
 ἐξ-ίπῳ, f. ὶσω, to press out, press heavily.
 ἐξ-ίπτάμαι, later form of ἐκπέτομαι.
 ἐξίς, eως, ἡ, (ἐξω fut. of ἐχω) a being in a certain state, a permanent condition or habit, of body or mind.
 ἐξ-ίσης, Adv. for ἐξ ἴσης (sub. μοίρας), equally; also ἐξ-ίσου (sub. μέτρον).
 ἐξ-ίσῳ, f. ὶσω, to make equal or even, Lat. exaequare:—Med. to make oneself equal:—Pass. to be equal, to be a match for. 2. to put on a level. II. intr. to be equal or like.
 ἐξ-ίστημι, f. ἐκστήσω, aor. I ἐξέστησα, in these tenses Causal, to put out of its place, change, alter; ἐξίσταναι τινά φρενῶν to drive one out of his senses: hence, simply, ἐξίσταναι τινά to drive mad, to derange; also to astonish, to bewitch. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐξέστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand aside from: to stand out of the way: to make way for one; also c. acc. to shrink from, shun. II. c. gen. rei, to retire from: to be deprived of; ἐκστήναι πατρός to lose one's father. 2. φρενῶν ἐξεστάναι (pf. inf.) to lose one's senses: absol. to be out of one's wits, be astonished. 3. generally, to give up one's pursuits: also to change one's opinion.
 ἐξ-ιστορέω, f. ἤσω, to inquire into: inquire of.
 ἐξ-ισχύω, f. ὶσω [ῠ], to be quite able.
 ἐξ-ίσχω, = ἐξέχω: trans. to put forth: intr. to stand forth.

ἐξίσωτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξίσω, one must make equal.
 ἐξίτηλος, on, (ἐξίεμαι) going out, fading: extinct: forgotten.
 ἐξ-ἵτητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξίεμαι, one must go forth.
 ἐξ-ἵτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἐξίεμαι, to be come out of; τοῖς οὐκ ἐξίτην ἔστι for whom there's no coming out.
 ἐξ-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace out.
 ἐξ-ιχνοσκοπέω, f. ἤσω, to seek by tracking out.
 ἐξ-ιδιμύνομαι, on, of, holding six diminuti.
 ἐξ-ογκώω, f. ὶσω, to make swell out; μητέρα τάφω ἐξογκοῦν to bosom her by raising a tomb:—Pass. to be swelled out: metaph. to be puffed up, elated: absol. to swell, rise high. Hence
 ἐξ-ογκίωμα, atos, τό, anything raised up: a mound, barrow, cairn.
 ἐξ-οδάω, f. ἤσω, (ἐξοδος iv) to sell.
 ἐξ-οδία, ἡ, (ἐξοδος) a marching out, expedition.
 ἐξ-όδιος, on, (ἐξοδος iii) of, belonging to an exit; to the finale of a play. II. as Subst., τὸ ἐξόδιον (sub. μέλος), the finale of a tragedy. At Rome, exodia were burlesques acted after other plays, or travesties on the subject of the play itself, like some modern epilogues.
 ἐξ-οδοιοπερίω, f. ἤσω, to go out of.
 ἐξ-οδος, ἡ, a going out. 2. a marching out, military expedition: a sally. 3. a solemn procession. II. a way out, Lat. exitus. III. also like Lat. exitus, an end, close; the close of life, decrease. 2. the end of a tragedy. 3. a piece of music played at any one's exit. IV. an outgoing, payment of money: hence ἐξοδάω.
 ἐξ-οδύνω, f. ἤσω, to pain extremely.
 ἐξ-όζω, f. -οζήσω, to smell strongly.
 ἐξ-οἶδα, pf. without any pres. in use, Att. plqpf. ἐξήδη, to know thoroughly, know well: cf. ἐξείδω.
 ἐξ-οιδέω, f. ἤσω: pf. -όδηκα:—to be swollen up.
 ἐξ-οικέω, f. ἤσω, to leave one's home, to emigrate. II. Pass. to be thickly inhabited. Hence
 ἐξοικησίσιμος, on, habitable, inhabited.
 ἐξ-οικτιζώ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I -όμισα:—to remove one from his home, eject, expel:—Pass. to go from home, remove. II. to depopulate, empty.
 ἐξ-οικοδομέω, f. ἤσω, to build up, build from the ground, finish a building.
 ἐξ-οιμώζω, f. -οιμώξομαι, to wail aloud.
 ἐξ-οιμώομαι, pf. ἐξόμωμαι, Pass. to be quite drunk.
 ἐξ-οιστέος, a, on, verb. Adj. of ἐκφέρω, to be brought out. II. ἐξοιστέον, one must bring out.
 ἐξ-οιστράω or -έω, f. ἤσω, to drive quite wild.
 ἐξ-οῖσω, fut. of ἐκφέρω:—med. ἐξοῖσομαι also in pass. sense.
 ἐξ-οιχνέω, f. ἤσω, to go out: Aeol. 3 pl. ἐξοιχνέοσι.
 ἐξ-οιχομαι, Dep. to have gone out.
 ἐξ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ώκειλα, to thrust out of the sea; to run a ship aground: intr. of the ship, to run aground. II. metaph. to run a person aground, bring him into difficulties:—Pass., δεῦρο ἐξοκέλλετα the thing is brought to this pass.
 ἐξολέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξόλλυμι.

ἐξ-ολισθάνω, fut. -ολισθήσω : aor. 2 -ώλισθον :—
to slip off, to glance off. II. c. acc. to slip out
of, elude.

ἐξ-ἄλλῃμι and -ύω : fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ : aor. I
ἐξῶλεσα :—to destroy utterly. II. Med. with
perf. 2 ἐξῶλωα, to perish utterly.

ἐξ-ολοθρεύω, f. σω, to destroy utterly.

ἐξ-ολολύω, f. φω, to bowl aloud.

ἐξομαι, fut. med. of ἐχω.

ἐξομήρευσι, εως, ἡ, a demand of hostages. From
ἐξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, to bind by taking hostages : Med.
to take as hostages.

ἐξ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to have intercourse, associate, live
with. II. Med. to be away from one's friends, to
be solitary.

ἐξ-ὄμιλος, ov, away from intercourse with others :
foreign, strange.

ἐξ-ομαῖτώ, f. ὦσα, (ἐξ, ὄμμα) to give sight to :—
Pass. to be restored to sight. 2. metaph. to make
clear or plain. II. also to bereave of sight.

ἐξ-ομνύμαι, f. -ομοῦμαι : aor. I -ωμοσάμην :—to deny
upon oath. II. to decline an office by an oath that
one has not means or health to discharge it.

ἐξ-ομοιόω, f. ὦσα, to make quite like :—Pass. to be-
come or be like.

ἐξ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, and as Dep. ἐξομολογέομαι, f.
ἦσομαι, to confess in full, admit. 2. to agree,
promise. II. to make full acknowledgment for :
praise, celebrate.

ἐξ-ομόργνυμι, f. -ομόρξω, to wipe off from. II.
Med. to wipe off from oneself : hence to impart to an-
other : to wipe out or purge away a pollution.

ἐξόν, part. from the impers. ἐξεστι.

ἐξ-ονειδίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to cast in one's teeth,
object to one : also to reproach bitterly.

ἐξ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to utter aloud, announce.

ἐξ-ονομαίνω, aor. I -ονόμηνα, (ἐξ, ὄνομα) to name,
speak of by name.

ἐξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. by name, calling by name.

ἐξ-ὀπίθεν and -θε, Adv., poet. for ἐξὀπισθεν.

ἐξ ὀπιν, Adv. behind.

ἐξ-ὀπισθεν poet. -θε, Adv. backwards, behind. II.
Prep. with gen. behind, after.

ἐξ-ὀπίσω, (ἐξ, ὀπίσω) Adv. of Place, backwards, back
again. 2. Prep. with gen. behind. II. Adv.
of Time, henceforth, hereafter. [Ὶ]

ἐξ-οπλιζέω, f. σω, to arm completely, accoutre :—Pass.
and Med. to arm oneself, go forth armed. 2. gene-
rally, to prepare ; pf. part. pass. ἐξωπλισμένως, all
ready. Hence

ἐξοπλισία, ἡ, a being under arms : and

ἐξοπλισις, εως, ἡ, a getting under arms.

ἐξ-οπτιάω, f. ἦσω, to bake hard : to beat violently :—
metaph. to scorch, consume.

ἐξ-οράω, to see from afar : cf. ἐξείδων.

ἐξ-οργίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to enrage :—Pass. to be
furious.

ἐξ-ορθάζω, f. σω, to lift up the voice, to cry aloud.

ἐξ-ορθόω, f. ὦσα, to set upright :—Pass. to stand
upright. 2. metaph. to amend, restore.

ἐξ-ορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ : aor. I ἐξώρισα :—to send
beyond the frontier, banish : to expose a child. II.
ἄλλην ἀπ' ἄλλης ἐφερίζων πόλιν to wander from one
city to another. III. Pass. to be an exile : also
to pass the bounds, come forth. Hence

ἐξ-ορίνω [Ὶ], to exasperate.

ἐξ-όριστος, ov, expelled, banished.

ἐξ-ορκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to swear a person, admin-
ister an oath to him. II. to exorcise, i. e. banish
an evil spirit. Hence

ἐξορκιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who administers an oath. II.
an exorcist.

ἐξ-ορκος, ov, bound by oath.

ἐξ-ορκόω, f. ὦσα, to make one swear, bind by oath,
c. acc. pers. : c. acc. pers. et rei, to make one swear by,
ἐξορκούν τινα τῷ Στυγρὸς ὕδαρ. Hence

ἐξόρκωσις, εως, ἡ, a binding by oath.

ἐξ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set out or start from : of pain,
to break out. II. trans. to send forth ; ἐξορμῶν τὴν
ναῦν to start the ship : generally, to excite, stir up :—
Pass. to set out, start.

ἐξ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring out of harbour ;
ἐξορμίζειν ἐς πόντον to let down into the sea.

ἐξ-ορμος, ov, sailing from a harbour.

ἐξ-ορούω, f. σω, to spring, leap forth.

ἐξ-ορύσσω Att. -πτω : fut. ξω : aor. I ἐξώρυξα :—
to dig out ; ἐξορύσσειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to put out the
eyes. II. to dig out of the ground, dig up.

ἐξ-ορχέομαι, fut. ἦσομαι, Dep. to dance out, dance
away : also to go through with a dance. II. to
betray by indiscreet gestures.

ἐξ-ὀσδω, Dor. for ἐξόσω.

ἐξ-οσιόω, f. ὦσα, to dedicate, devote.

ἐξ-οστράκίζω, f. ἴσω, to banish by ostracism.
Hence

ἐξοστρακισμός, οὔ, ὁ, banishment by ostracism.

ἐξότε, Adv. (ἐκ, ὅτε) from the time when.

ἐξ-οτρήνω, f. ὕνω, to excite, arouse.

ἐξ-ουθενόω, f. ὦσα, = ἐξουθενέω.

ἐξ-ουθενέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐκ, οὐθεῖς) to set at naught ; pf.
part. pass., τὰ ἐξουθενημένα things of no account.

ἐξούλης δίκη, ἡ, an action against one who neglected
an order of a court, an action for contempt of court.
The nom. ἐξούλη does not occur.

ἐξουσία, ἡ, (ἐξεστι) power or authority to do a
thing :—absol. authority. 2. a magistracy : the
body of the magistrates, the authorities, powers. II.
means, resources. Hence

ἐξουσιάζω, f. σω, to have authority over :—Pass. to
have authority exercised over one.

ἐξ-οφέλλω, to increase exceedingly.

ἐξ-ὀφθαλμος, ov, with prominent eyes.

ἐξοχή, ἡ, (ἐξέχω) a standing out, prominence : me-
taph. eminence : οἱ κατ' ἐξοχὴν the chief men.

ἐξοχος, ov, (ἐξέχω) standing out, prominent : metaph.
eminent, excellent : c. gen., ἐξοχος Ἀργείων eminent

among or above them. Adv. neut. ἐξοχον and ἐξοχα; c. gen., ἐξοχα πάντων far above all.
 ἐξυβρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to break out into insolence, riot, wax wanton; ἐξυβρίζεις εἰς τὸδε to come to this pitch of insolence; ἐξυβρίζειν παντοῦα to commit all kinds of violence.

ἐξυνήκα ἐσυνήκα, for ξυνήκα συνήκα, aor. I with dupl. augm. of συνήμι.

ἐξυπανέστημι, to make to start up. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act., intrans., σμῶδις μεταφρένου ἐξυπανέστη a weal started up from under the skin of the back.

ἐξυπερθε, Adv. (ἐξ, ὑπερθε) from above.

ἐξυπηρετέω, f. ἦσω, to assist to the utmost.

ἐξυπνίζω, f. ἰσα, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) to rouse from sleep.

ἐξυπνος, ον, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) awakened out of sleep.

ἐξυππιάζω, f. ἰσα, to turn upside down.

ἐξυράμην, aor. I med. of ξύρω.

ἐξυρήμαι, pf. pass. of ξύρω.

ἐξυσμαι, pf. pass. of ξύνω.

ἐξυφαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to finish weaving, Lat. pertexere: metaph. to complete, perfect. Hence

ἐξυφάσμα, atos, τό, a finished web.

ἐξυφηγέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, to lead the way.

ἐξω, Adv. (ἐξ, as εἰσω from εἰς) without, on the outside, Lat. foris.

II. of Motion, outwards, away out of the country, Lat. foras.

III. like ἐκτός, with gen., outside of, out of reach of; ἐξω βελῶν out of shot: Proverb., ἐξω τοῦ πηλοῦ πόδα ἔχειν to keep clear of difficulties.

2. without, except. IV.

of Time, beyond, over.

ἐξω, fut. of ἔχω.

ἐξωδηκα, pf. of ἐξοιδέω.

ἐξωθεν, Adv. (ἐξω) from without, c. gen., ἐξ. δόμων from without the house.

II. also = ἐξω, without.

ἐξωθέω, f. -ώθησα, and -ώσω; aor. I ἐξέωσα:—to thrust out:—Pass. to be thrust out.

II. to thrust out of the sea, drive on shore.

ἐξωκισα, aor. I of ἐξοκίζω.

ἐξώλεια, ἡ, utter destruction. From

ἐξώλης, es, (ἐξόλωλα) utterly destroyed, ruined. 2.

act. most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons,

abandoned.

ἐξωμῖδο-ποιία, ἡ, (ποιέω) the making of an ἐξωμῖς.

ἐξωμίζω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From

ἐξωμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐξ, ἄμος) a man's vest without sleeves, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

ἐξωνόμαι, Dep. to buy off: generally, to buy.

ἐξωπίος, ον, (ἐξ, ὤψ) out of sight of, away from.

ἐξωπλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξοπλίζω.

ἐξωρίάζω, (ἐξ, ὤρα) to leave out of thought, neglect.

ἐξώρμισα, aor. I of ἐξορίζω.

ἐξώρμισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἐξορίζω.

ἐξώρος, ον, (ἐξ, ὤρα) untimely: superannuated.

ἐξώρτος, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξόρνυμι.

ἐξώσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξωθέω.

ἐξώστης, ον, δ, (ἐξωθέω) one who drives out: ἐξώσται ἀνεμοὶ winds which drive ships ashore.

ἐξώτατος, η, ον, Sup. of ἐξω: Adv. ἐξωτάτω outermost. ἐξώτατος, α, ον, Comp. of ἐξω: Adv. ἐξωτέρω.

ἐξώφελον, impf. of ἐξοφέλλω.

ἐο, Ep. for οὔ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. bis, of bim; ἀπό ἐο away from bim.

ἐοί, Ep. for οἶ, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. οὔ, to bim.

ἐοι, Ep. for εἶη, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοιγμεν, syncope. for ἐοίκαμεν, I pl. of ἐοίκα.

ἐοικα, as, ε, etc., pf. with pres. sense, from εἶκω, to be like (see εἶκω), Att. I pl. ἐοιγμεν (for ἐοίκαμεν), εἴσαι (for ἐοίκασι); Ep. 3 dual εἴκτον (for ἐοίκατον); inf. ἐοικέαι Att. εἰκέαι; part. ἐοικός, υἷα, ὄσ, lengthd. pl. nom. εἰουκῖαι; Att. εἰκός, εἰκῖός, is also used by Hom.: Ion. οἶκα, as, ε, part. οἰκός: plqpf. ἐφέκειν, Ep. 3 pl. ἐοίκασαν; of the plqpf. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. ἦκτο, and without augm. εἴκτο. I. to be or look like. II. to be fit: Homer has 3 sing. ἐοικε as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. ἐοικός as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; ἐοικότι κείται ὀλέθρῳ he lies in fitting ruin; εἰκῖα ἄκουσις a suitable wife, 'a help meet for bim.'

III. Att. to seem likely, seem; ἐοικε it seems; ὡς ἐοικε, as it seems, as is fitting.

ἐοικότως Att. εἰκότως Ion. οἰκότως, Adv. of part.

ἐοικός, εἰκός, οἰκός, similarly, like: reasonably, fairly, as was to be expected.

ἐοιμι, εἰς, εἰ, Ion. for εἶην, εἶης, εἶη.

ἐοίτο, Ep. for ἐοῦ, gen. of εἶς.

ἐοῖς, dat. pl. of εἶς.

ἐοῖς, Ep. for εἶης, 2 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοῖσα, Dor. for εοῦσα, οῦσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

ἐολπα, poet. pf. with pres. sense of ἔλπω: plqpf. ἐώλπεν.

ἐον, Ep. for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum; but ἐόν Ion. for ὄν, part. neut.

ἐόν, nom. or acc. neut. of εἶς.

ἐοντι, Dor. for εἰσί, 3 pl. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοργα, poet. pf. of ἐρῶω; 3 pl. ἐοργα for ἐοργασαν; part. ἐοργῶς: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. ἐοργεε.

ἐορτάζω Ion. ὀρτάζω, f. σω: impf., with irreg. augment, ἐώρταον, and aor. I ἐώρτασα: (ἐορτή):—to keep festival or holiday: to celebrate by a festival.

ἘΟΡΤΗ, in Ion. Prose ὀρτή, ἡ, a feast, festival, holiday; ὀρτήν ἀγειν to keep a feast.

ἐός, ἐή, ἐόν, Ion. and Ep. for ὄς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐο for οὔ) possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., bis or ber own. II.

in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. their; 2 sing. thine.

ἐοῦς, Boeot. for ἐο, οὔ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron.

ἐπ-ἀγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in.

ἐπαγγελία, ἡ, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From ἐπ-αγγέλλω, f. ελῶ: aor. I ἐπήγγειλα: pf. act. ἐπήγγελα, pass. ἐπήγγελαμαι:—to tell, proclaim, announce, make known. 2. to give orders, command: c. acc. rei, στρατιάν ἐπαγγέλλειν to order an army. Lat. imperare milites. 3. to denounce. 4. to

demand, solicit, make application for a thing. II. Med. to promise, offer: rarely so in Act. 2. to make a show of, profess. Hence ἐπάγγελμα, atos, τό, an announcement, promise. ἐπ-ἀγείρω, f. -αγερῶ, to gather together, collect:—Pass., of men, to assemble. Hence ἐπάγερσις, εως, ἡ, a gathering, assemblage. ἐπάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι. ἐπ-ἀγίνεω, Ion. for ἐπάγω, to bring to. ἐπ-αγλάττω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to honour still more:—Pass. to pride oneself on, exult in a thing. ἐπ-αγρυπνέω, f. ἦσω, to watch or brood over. ἐπ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐπήγαγον:—to bring or lead to, bring upon. 2. to lead on, to set on, let loose: hence to instigate, impel: metaph. to bring one to a thing, lead one on. 3. to lay on; ἐπάγειν κέντρον to lay on, apply the goad; ἐπαγε γνάθων lay your teeth to it. 4. to bring in, supply, call in aid. 5. to bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose. 6. to bring in over and above: to add or intercalate days in the year. II. Med. to bring to oneself, procure for oneself: metaph. to devise, contrive. 2. to bring on oneself. 3. to bring in as allies: in writing, to adduce, quote, cite. Hence ἐπᾶγωγή, ἡ, a bringing on, to or in: an invasion, attack. II. in Logic, the bringing a number of particular examples, so as to lead to an universal conclusion, the argument from induction. ἐπᾶγωγός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) bringing on, productive of. II. tempting, seductive. ἐπ-ἄγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰῶμαι, Dep. to contend against others. ἐπ-ἄγωνιος, ov, (ἐπί, ἀγών) presiding over the games. ἐπ-ἄδω Ion. and poet. ἐπάειδω: f. -ἄσομαι:—to sing to or over. 2. to lead the song. II. to sing to, so as to charm: hence to use charms or incantations; part. ἐπαίδων, by incantations. ἐπ-ἄειρω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπαίρω. ἐπ-ἄξω, to make to grow, enlarge. ἐπαῖθον, aor. 2 of πάσχω. ἐπ-ἄθροίζω, f. σω, to assemble besides. ἐπ-αιάω, f. ξω, to mourn over: to join in wailing. ἐπ-αιγίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, αἰγίς) to rush upon or over. ἐπ-αιδέομαι: fut. -αιδεσθήσομαι: aor. I -ἠδέσθην: to be ashamed: c. acc. to reverence. ἐπαίνεις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαινέω) praise: and ἐπαινέτης, ov, ὁ, a praiser, eulogist. ἐπαινέτος, ἡ, ὄν, to be praised, praiseworthy: τὸ ἐπαινέτον the object of praise. Adv. -ῶς. From ἐπ-αινέω: fut. ἔσω Att. ἔσομαι Ep. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπῆνεσα Ep. -ἦσα: pf. ἐπῆνεκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπῆνέθην: (ἐπί, αἰνέω):—to approve, sanction: c. dat. pers. to agree with, assent to: to praise, commend, eulogize. 2. = παραίνεω, to advise, recommend, bid. II. in declining an offer, I thank you, Lat. benigne; κάλλιστ' ἐπαινῶ I thank you very kindly. ἐπαίνημι, Δεολ. for ἐπαινέω. ἐπ-αινος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αἶνος) approval, commendation.

ἐπ-αινός, ἡ, ὄν, only in fem. ἐπαινῆ, strengthd. for αἰνή, exceeding awful, dread. ἐπ-αίρω Ion. and poet. ἐπαίρω: fut. ἐπαρῶ: aor. I ἐπήρα poet. ἐπάειρα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπήρην: pf. ἐπήρμαι:—to lift up, raise: to exalt, magnify. 2. to stir up, rouse, excite: to induce or persuade to do. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to rise up. 2. (sub. στρατόν), to set out:—Pass. to be roused, excited: to be elated at a thing. ἐπαισδον, Dor. for ἐπαίζον, impf. of παίζω. ἐπ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: aor. 2 -ῆσθόμην: Dep.:—to have a perception or feeling of a thing, c. gen.: c. acc. to perceive, learn: c. part. to perceive that. ἐπ-αἴσω Att. -ἄσσω or -ἄττω: fut. -αἴξω Att. -ἄξω:—to rush at or upon:—to assail, assault, attack:—Med., ἐπαἴξασθαι ἄεθλον to rush upon, seize the prize. II. ἐπάσσειν πόδα to move the foot hastily: Pass., χεῖρες, παἰδίσονταί the hands move violently. ἐπ-αἴστος, ov, (ἐπαῖω) beard of, discovered. [ᾶ] ἐπ-αἰσχύνομαι, fut. -αἰσχυνθήσομαι, Dep. to be ashamed of or at. ἐπ-αιτέω, f. ἦσω, to ask in addition: to solicit. ἐπ-αιτιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to bring a charge against one, accuse: to lay to one's charge. ἐπ-αίτιος, ov, (ἐπί, αἰτία) blamed for a thing, blamable, culpable. ἐπ-αῖω contr. ἐπ-ῶω: f. ἴσω: to bear, perceive, feel. 2. to understand. 3. to profess, be a professor. ἐπ-αιωρέω, f. ἦσω, to keep in suspense:—Pass. to be buoyed up or float upon: also to overhang, threaten. ἐπ-ἄκολουθέω, f. ἦσω, to follow close upon, follow after: to pursue as an enemy. 2. to follow in one's mind, understand. 3. to follow, obey. Hence ἐπακολούθημα, ματος, τό, a consequence: and ἐπακολούθησις, εως, ἡ, a following. ἐπακουός, ὄν, (ἐπακούω) listening to, attentive. ἐπ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: aor. I ἐπήκουσα:—to listen or attend to. II. to listen to, obey. ἐπ-ακρίζω, f. σω, to reach the top of a thing: αἰμάτων ἐτήκρισε he reached the highest point in deeds of blood. ἐπ-ακροάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to harken to. ἐπακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐπάγω) a hunter, a huntsman. ἐπ-ἄκτιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ἀκτί) on the strand or coast. ἐπακτός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) brought on or in from abroad, imported. 2. foreign, strange, alien, adventurous. ἐπακτήρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπάγω) a small war-boat, skiff. ἐπ-ἄλλάλω, f. ξω, to raise the war-cry. ἐπάλλακμέν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαλέξω. ἐπ-ἄλλομαι, aor. I ἐπαλήθην, Dep. to wander about, through, over. ἐπ-ἄλαστέω, f. ἦσω, to be troubled at a thing. ἐπ-αλέγω, f. ἦσω, to grieve over. ἐπ-ἄλείφω, f. ψω, to smear over: to stop up by anointing.

ἐπ-ἄλω, f. ἴσω, *to defend, aid, help.* II. *to ward, keep off:* aor. 2 inf. ἐπαλακείν, Ep. —ἐμεν. ἐπαλθῆεις, aor. 1 part. of ἐπαλάομαι.
 ἐπαληθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of ἐπαλάομαι.
 ἐπ-ἄληθεύω, f. σω, *to prove true, verify.*
 ἐπ-αλής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀλέα) *open to the sun, sunny.* [ᾱ]
 ἐπ-αλκής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀλκή) *stout, strong.*
 ἐπαλλάγη, ἡ, (ἐπαλλάσσω) *interchange, exchange.*
 ἐπ-αλλάξ, Adv. = ἐναλλάξ, *crosswise, alternately.*
 ἐπ-αλλάσσω Att. —ττω: fut. ἄξω: pf. —ἥλλαχα:
 —Pass., aor. 1 —ἠλλάχθην, aor. 2 —ἠλλάγην [ᾱ]: pf. —ἠλλαγαί:—*to change over, interchange; πολέμοιο πείραρ ἐπαλλάξαντες making the tug of war go now this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory:*
 —Pass. *to be closely joined.*
 ἐπ-ἄλληλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλλήλων) *one upon another: continuous.*
 ἐπ-ἄλμενος, ον, (σνπορ. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι. ἐπαλξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαλέξω) *a means of defence: bat-tlement, a parapet:*—generally, *a defence, protection.*
 ἐπ-αλπνος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλπιστος) *barrry.*
 ἐπάλο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐφάλλομαι.
 ἐπ-ἄλωστης, ου, ὅ, (ἐπί, ἄλωτα) *one who drives the oxen in threshing.*
 ἐπ-ἄμομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Ep. aor. I ἐπαμυσάμην: Med.:—*to scrape together for oneself, heap up together.*
 ἐπαμβάτηρ, ἦρος, ὅ, poet. for ἐπαναβάτης, (ἐπαναβαίω) *one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκῶν ἐπαμβάτηρης maladies growing on the flesh, leprous eruptions.*
 ἐπ-ἀμείβω, f. ψω, *to exchange, barter:*—Med. *to change from one to another; νίκη ἐπαμείβεται ἄνδρας comes in turn to men.*
 ἐπ-ἄμερος, ον, Acol. for ἐφ-ἡμερος.
 ἐπ-αμμένος, Ion. for ἐφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφάπτω.
 ἐπ-αμμένω, poet. for ἐπ-αναμένω.
 ἐπαμοιβᾶdis, Adv. (ἐπαμείβω) *alternately.*
 ἐπαμοιβιος, ον, and ἐπαμοιβός, ὄν, (ἐπαμείβω) *in turn, one upon another: in exchange.*
 ἐπ-αμπέω, f. —αμφέξω: aor. 2 ἐπήμισχον, inf. ἐπαμισχεῖν:—*to put on besides, or over all: to over-ward.*
 ἐπαμφοτέρω, οπος, ὅ, a helper, defender. From ἐπ-ἄμνω, f. ὄνω, *to come to aid, defend, assist.*
 ἐπ-αμφοτέρω, for ἐπαναφέρω.
 ἐπ-αμφοτερίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἐπί, ἀμφοτέρος) *to be inclined to both sides, to play a double game: to halt between two opinions.*
 ἐπάν, Conjunct., later form of ἐπην.
 ἐπ-αναβαίω, f. —βήσομαι: pf. —βέβηκα:—*to get upon, mount on horseback.* II. *to go up inland.*
 ἐπ-αναβάλλω, f. —βᾶλῶ: pf. —βέβληκα:—*to throw on or over:*—Med. *to put on.* II. in Med., also, *to put off, delay.*
 ἐπ-αναβιβάζω, f. —βιβάσω Att. —βιβῶ:—Causal of ἐπαναβαίω, *to make to mount upon.*

ἐπαναβληδόν, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) *thrown over an-other garment.*
 ἐπ-αναβοάω, f. ἴσομαι, *to cry out at a thing,*
 ἐπαναγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπανάγω.
 ἐπ-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἴσω, *to compel by force.*
 ἐπ-ἀνάγκης, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀνάγκη) *only used in neut. ἐπάναγκες (sub. ἐστί), it is necessary.* 2. neut. also as Adv. *on compulsion; ἐπάναγκες κομῶντες wearing long hair by law.*
 ἐπ-ἀναγορεύω, *to proclaim publicly: v. ἐπανείπον.*
 ἐπ-ἀνάγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 —ἀνήγαγον:—*to bring up, stir up, excite.* 2. *to exalt, elevate.* II. *to lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to one.* III. intr. *to withdraw, retreat.* IV. *to put ships out to sea:*—Pass. *to put to sea against.* V. Pass. *to be carried to a place.* Hence
 ἐπαναγωγή, ἡ, *a sailing out against, a naval at-tack.* II. *a recall, return.*
 ἐπ-αναδιπλάζω, *to redouble, reiterate questions.*
 ἐπ-αναθεῖομαι, f. ἴσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. *to see again.*
 ἐπ-ἀναίρω, *to lift up:*—Med. *to lift one against the other:*—Pass. *to rise up.*
 ἐπ-ἀνάκειμαι, Pass. *to be laid upon as a penalty.*
 ἐπ-ανακαλαγγάνω, *to give tongue again and again.*
 ἐπ-ἀνακρουω, *to drive back:*—Med. *to draw back.*
 ἐπ-ἀνακύπτω, f. ψω, *to have an upward direc-tion.*
 ἐπ-αναλαμβάνω, f. —λήψομαι, *to take up again, re-sume, repeat.*
 ἐπ-ἀναλίσκω, f. —ανᾶλωσω, *to consume besides.*
 ἐπ-ἀναμένω, f. —μενῶ, *to continue waiting, stay on.* II. *to wait for one.*
 ἐπ-ἀναμιμνήσκω, f. —μνήσω, *to remind one of, men-tion again to one.*
 ἐπ-ἀνανεόω, f. ὴσω, *to renew, revive.*
 ἐπ-ἀναπαύω, f. σω, *to make to rest upon:*—Med. *to rest upon.*
 ἐπ-ἀναπηδάω, f. ἴσω or ἴσομαι, *to leap upon.*
 ἐπ-ἀναπλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι; Ion. ἐπαναπλώω, f. —πλώσω:—*to sail up against.* II. *to float upon the surface; ἐπαναπλέει ὑμῖν ἔπεια κακά ill language floats up, rises to the tongue.* III. *to sail back again.*
 ἐπ-ἀναρρίπτω and —έω, *to throw up in the air (sub. ἐαυτόν) to spring high in the air.*
 ἐπανασείσις, εως, ἡ, a brandishing of weapons. From
 ἐπ-ἀνασειώ, f. σω, *to lift up and shake, to brandish.*
 ἐπαναστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπανίστημι) *a rising up against, an insurrection.*
 ἐπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπανίστημι.
 ἐπ-ἀναστρέφω, f. ψω, intr. *to turn back upon, re-sist:*—Med. *to wheel round, return to the charge.*
 ἐπ-ἀνατείνω, f. —τενῶ, *to hold up towards; ἐπανα-τείνειν ἐλπίδας to hold out hopes.*
 ἐπ-ἀνατέλλω, f. —ατατελῶ: aor. I —ἀνέτειλα:—*to lift up, raise.* II. intr. *to rise up, rise, of the*

sun; ἐπαντέλλων χρόνος the time which is coming to light, the future.

ἐπ-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay upon.
ἐπ-αναφέρω ποῖτ. ἐπ-αμφέρω, to throw back upon another, ascribe or refer to. 2. to put into the account.

3. to bring back a message. II. Pass. to be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

ἐπ-αναφυσάω, f. ἴσω, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

ἐπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

ἐπαναχωρήσις, εως, ἡ, a return, retreat.

ἐπ-ἀνεμί, to go back, return. II. to go up, arise.

ἐπανείναι, ἐπανείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπανήμι. ἐπανείπον, aor. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:—the pres. in use is ἐπαναγορεύω.

ἐπ-ανείρομαι, Ion. for ἐπανέρομαι.

ἐπανελεύθην, ἐπανελεύθων, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπανερχομαι.

ἐπ-ανέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι, to question again and again: generally, to question.

ἐπ-ανέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι):—to go back, return: to go over, pass over. II. to go up, ascend.

ἐπ-ανήκω, to have come back, return.

ἐπ-ανθέω, f. ἴσω, to bloom, be in flower: metaph. of a salt crust forming upon a surface, or of down on the cheeks: generally, to be upon the surface, appear plainly.

ἐπ-ανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐπί, ἄνθος) to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over with.

ἐπανθρακίδες, av, ai, small fish for frying. From ἐπ-ανθρακίζω, f. ἴσω, to broil on the coals.

ἐπ-ανίημι, f. -ανήσω, to let go back, relax, dismiss. II. intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag.

ἐπ-ανίσω, f. ἴσω, to make equal, put on a par.

ἐπ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to set up again: to make to rise. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ἀνέστηκα, intrans. to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be high, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

ἐπ-ανορθώω, f. ὤσω: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. ἐπνώρθουν, aor. I ἐπνώρθωσα, etc.:—to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

ἐπανόρθωσις, εως, ἡ, a correcting: amendment.

ἐπ-αντέλλω, ποῖτ. and Ion. for ἐπανατέλλω.

ἐπ-άντης, es, (ἐπί, ἄντα) up-bill, opp. to κατάτης.

ἐπ-αντάζω, f. ἴσω, to fall in with, meet.

ἐπ-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass. to be overflowed or filled.

ἐπ-ἀνώ, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

ἐπ-άνω, Adv. (ἐπί, ἄνω) above, on the upper side:

with Art., ὁ ἐπάνω πύργος the upper tower. II.

of Time, before. Hence

ἐπάνωθεν, ποῖτ. -θε, Adv. from above, above: οἱ ἐπ. men of former time.

ἐπ-ἀξιός, av, and a, ov, (ἐπί, ἄξιος) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. 2. worth mentioning:—Adv. -ίως. Hence

ἐπ-ἀξιόω, f. ὤσω, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., Lat. dignor. II. to expect, believe.

ἐπ-ἀξιωνός, av, (ἐπί, ἄξιων) upon an axle.

ἐπάξω, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. of πήγνυμι.

ἐπαῖοιδή, ἡ, (ἐπαείδω) ποῖτ. and Ion. for ἐπαῖδή.

ἐπαῖοιδός, ὁ, ποῖτ. for ἐπαῖδός.

ἐπ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, to bold out a threat to one: to add threats, to threaten besides.

ἐπ-αποδύομαι, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

ἐπ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανοῦμαι, to die with or after.

ἐπ-αποπιγνῶ, f. ξω, to choke besides: aor. 2 pass. ἐπ-απεπιγνῶ [ῥ].

ἐπ-ἄπτω, Ion. for ἐφάπτω.

ἐπ-ἄπυ, Dor. for ἐψηπύω.

ἐπ-ἄρα Ion. ἐπ-ἄρη, ἡ, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemn curse, imprecation. Hence

ἐπ-ἀράομαι: f. ἄσομαι Ep. ἴσομαι; pf. ἐπήραμι: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; ἐπαράσομαι λόγον to utter an imprecation.

ἐπ-ἀραρίσκω, f. ἐπάρωσ: aor. I ἐπήρωσ:—to fit to or upon, fasten to. II. intr. in pf. med. ἐπάρηρα, to fit well: part. ἐπαρηρῶς, close-fitting: so also ἐπ-ἀρμενος, av, ov.

ἐπάρας, av, ov. I part. of ἐπαίρω.

ἐπ-ἀράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash to.

ἐπάρατος, av, (ἐπαράομαι) laid under a curse.

ἐπ-ἀργεμος, av, (ἐπί, ἀργεμός) of the eye, with a white speck over it. II. metaph. dim. obscure.

ἐπ-ἀργυρός, av, (ἐπί, ἀργυρός) overlaid with silver.

ἐπ-ἀρήγω, f. ξω, to come to aid, help. Hence

ἐπάρηξις, εως, ἡ, help, aid.

ἐπάρηρα, -ειν, intr. pf. and plqpf. of ἐπαρρίσκω.

ἐπ-ἀριστερός, av, (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand: left-handed, awkward, French gauche.

ἐπάρκεσις, εως, ἡ, aid, help, succour. From

ἐπ-ἀρκέω, f. ὤσω: aor. I ἐπήρησα:—to ward off, τινί τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, to binder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, to help, aid, protect. II. to supply, furnish, impart. III.

absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

ἐπαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

ἐπάρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπαρρίσκω, well-fitted, well-prepared.

ἐπ-ἀρούρος, av, (ἐπί, ἀρούρα) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serf, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

ἐπ-ἀρτάω, f. ἴσω, to bang on or over:—Pass., φόβος ἐπήρηται fear bangs over, impends.

ἐπ-αρτής, es, (ἐπί, ἀρτέω) ready, equipped.

ἐπ-αρτύω and -αρτύω, to fit or fix on. II. to get ready, prepare:—Med. to prepare for oneself.

ἐπαρχία, ἡ, a *prefecture, province*. From ἐπ-αρχος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀρχή) a *commander: of a governor of a country, prefect*.

ἐπ-άρχω, f. ζω, to be an ἐπάρχος, *governor of a province*. 2. to rule in addition to one's own dominions.

II. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, to begin anew, afresh; ἐπάρχασθαι δεπάεσιν to begin with the cups again: generally, to surp. distribute.

ἐπάργωγός, ὁ, (ἐπαρήγω) a *helper, aider*.

ἐπαρώνουν, impf. of παροίεω.

ἐπάσάμην, aor. I of πατέομαι.

ἐπ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I.—ἤσκησα:—to labour at, finish carefully. II. to adorn. III. to practise, practise oneself in, cultivate.

ἐπ-ασσύτερος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἄσσω) one upon another, one after another.

ἐπασσύτερο-τριβής, ἐς, (ἐπασσύτερος, τρίβω) following close one on the other.

ἐπ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten upon, flash.

ἐπ-άπτω, Att. for ἐπάσσω, q. v.

ἐπ-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to say besides:—Med. to call upon.

ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύσθην, aor. I pass. of παύω.

ἐπ-αυλέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. ἐπηύλημαι: (ἐπί, αὐλός):—to play the flute to, accompany:—Pass. to be played on the flute.

ἐπ-αυλιζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to take up one's quarters at a place.

ἐπ-αυλις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, αὐλις) a place to pass the night in: quarters.

ἐπ-αυλος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἐπαυλοι, οἱ, and ἐπαυλα, τά, a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, home.

ἐπ-αυλάνω or ἐπ-αυζώ, f. —αυζήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment:—Pass. to grow, increase.

ἐπαυρεῖν Ep. —έμεν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέω, f. ἦσω: ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέω, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαυρίσκομαι) the fruit, result of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.

ἐπ-αυρίων, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐρίων, on the morrow.

ἐπ-αυρίσκομαι, Dep. (the Act. ἐπαυρίσκω occurs only once, and the simple αὐρίσκω or αὐρίσκομαι, to take, is not in use): fut. ἐπαυρήσομαι: aor. 2 act. ἐπήυρον Dor. ἐπαύρον, 3 sing. subj. ἐπαύρη, inf. ἐπαυρεῖν Ep. —έμεν: aor. 2 med. ἐπηυρόμην, Ep. 2 sing. subj. ἐπαύρηκα, 3 pl. —ουται:—to partake of, enjoy a share of: to reach, touch:—Med. to reap the fruits of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. in bad sense, ἵνα πάντες ἐπαύρονται βασιλῆος—that all may have a benefit of their king; ὅτω μὴ ἐπαυρήσῃσθα I think he will feel the consequences. 2. c. acc. to bring upon oneself.

ἐπάυσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπαῦω: ἐπαύσας, part.

ἐπ-αὔτω, f. ἦσω, to shout at a thing: to make a noise beside. [ῥ]

ἐπ-αυτοφώρω, Adv., for ἐπ' αυτοφώρω, Lat. in ipso furto, in the very theft or very act.

ἐπ-αυχένιος, ον, (ἐπί, αὐχήν) on or for the neck.

ἐπ-αυχέω, f. ἦσω, to boast of, exult in.

ἐπ-αῦω, f. —αῦω [ῥ], to shout over or upon.

ἐπ-αφαινίνομαι, Pass. to be dried up, worn out.

ἐπ-ἄφάω, f. ἦσω, to touch on the surface, stroke.

ἐπάφῃ, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) a touch, bandling.

ἐπ-αφίημι, f. —αφήσω, to throw at a thing: to let loose upon.

ἐπ-αφρίζω, f. σω, to foam up or on the surface: metaph. to babble, divulge.

ἐπ-αφροδίτος, ον, (ἐπί, Ἀφροδίτη) lovely, fascinating, Lat. venustus.

ἐπ-αφύσσω, f. ὑσω [ῥ], to pour over or in addition.

ἐπαχθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀχθος) heavy, ponderous: oppressive, grievous.

ἐπ-άχθομαι, Pass. to be distressed at a thing.

ἐπ-αχλῶω, f. ὑσω [ῥ], (ἐπί, ἀχλός) to be obscure.

ἐπαχύνθη, aor. I pass. of παχύνω.

ἐπεάν, Ion. for ἐπήν.

ἐπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβάλλω.

ἐπέβην, ἐπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπέβαιον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβαίω (as if from ἐπιβαίωμι).

ἐπέβρισα, aor. I of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπ-εγγελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh at, deride.

ἐπ-εγγραπτο, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπ-εγείρω, f. —εγερῶ, to awaken, rouse up: to excite:—Pass. to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρόμενος, 3 sing. ind. and part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. II. intrans. in pf. part. act. ἐπεγρηγόρω, awake.

ἐπ-εγκάλω, f. ἔσω, to bring a charge against.

ἐπ-εγκάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, devour.

ἐπ-εγκελεύω, f. σω, to give an order or signal to others.

ἐπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπέγνων, aor. 2 of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπεγρήγορα, see ἐπεγείρω II.

ἐπεγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπ-εγγῶω, f. —χεῶ, to pour in upon or in addition.

ἐπέδεξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, aor. I of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπέδησα, aor. I of πεδάω.

ἐπέδοθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπέδραμον, aor. 2 act. of ἐπιτρέχω.

ἐπέδρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἐφέδρα.

ἐπέδυν, aor. 2 of ἐπιδύω.

ἐπέθηκα, aor. I of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπεῖ Ep. also ἐπειή, (ἐπί) Conjunct.:

I. OF TIME, after that, when: from the time when. II. OF CAUSE, since, seeing that, for that. III. ἐπεὶ ἄρ, ἐπεὶ ἄρα, when then, since then. 2. ἐπεὶ οὖν when then. 3. ἐπεὶ περ since really.

ἘΠΕΙΤΩ, f. ζω: impf. ἤπειγον Ep. ἤπειγον: aor. I ἤπειγα:—Pass., fut. med. ἐπέιζομαι (in pass. sense): aor. I ἤπειζήην:—to press upon, weigh down:—Pass. in pursuit. II. to drive on, urge forward, hasten, hurry on:—Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to baste to do: also absol., to hasten, hurry, speed: part. ἐπειγόμενος as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager. III. intrans. = Pass. to make baste.

ἐπειδ-άν, Conjunction (ἐπειδὴ ἄν) whenever, so soon as, after that.

ἐπει-δή, (ἐπεὶ δὴ) Conjunction, since, after that, Lat. *postquam*. seeing that, since, because:—so ἐπειδήπερ, since really, since now.

ἐπ-εἶδον, inf. ἐπιθεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use (ἐφορᾶν being used instead), to look upon, behold, see. 2. to continue to see, to live to see: to experience.

ἐπεὶ ἢ ἢ, Adv. since certainly.

ἐπέη, 3 sing. opt. of ἐπειμι.

ἐπ-εικάζω, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα τήνδ' ἐπικάζων κυρῶ; am I right in supposing her his wife? II. generally, to conjecture, infer, conclude; ὡς or ὅσ' ἐπικάσαι so far as one may guess.

ἐπέικεν, ἐπέικε, or ἐπεὶ κεν, ἐπέε κεν, Ep. for ἐπέαν, ἐπήν.

ἐπέληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπ-εμι, inf. ἐπέειναι: impf. ἐπήν: fut. ἐπέσομαι: (ἐπί, εἰμί sum):—to be upon or at. II. to be upon, be fixed upon: of rewards and penalties, to be imposed.

III. of Time, to be hereafter: to be coming on, to impend. IV. to be set over, Lat. praesae.

V. to be added, be over and above.

ἐπ-εμι, inf. ἐπέειναι: Ep. impf. ἐπήϊα, as, ε, 3 pl. ἐπήϊσαν, ἐπήϊσαν: fut. ἐπέισομαι: aor. I med. part. ἐπεισομένην; (ἐπί, εἰμί ibo):—to go or come to or towards: to come upon: absol. to come near, approach. 2. to come against, attack; οἱ ἐπιόντες the invaders, assailants. 3. of events, to come upon one, overtake. 4. to come on the stage. II. of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; ἡ ἐποῦσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπιών, like ὁ τυχών, the first comer: τὸ ἐπιόν ubat occurs to one. III. to traverse, pass over. IV. to go over, i.e. count over.

ἐπ-ἐνύμι, Ion. for ἐφέννυμι: inf. med. ἐπέινυσθαί, Ion. for ἐφέννυσθαί.

ἐπεί-περ, for ἐπεὶ περ, Conj. since really, seeing that.

ἐπ-εἶπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to say besides: to say of another:—inf. ἐπειπεῖν, part. ἐπέιπων.

ἐπειρα, aor. I of πείρω.

ἐπέρομαι, Ion. for ἐπέρομαι.

ἐπειροσάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. med. of ἐπερώω.

ἐπειρωτάω, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of πειράωμαι.

ἐπειρωτέω, Ion. for ἐπερωτάω.

ἐπ-ερωτήματα, -ησι, Ion. for ἐπερωτήματα, -ησι.

ἐπέισα, aor. I of πείθω.

ἐπ-εισαγωγή, ἡ, (ἐπί, εἰσάγω) a bringing in besides. II. a means of bringing or letting in.

ἐπ-εἰσακτος, ον, (ἐπί, εἰσάγω) brought in from abroad, alien: imported, foreign.

ἐπ-εἰσβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go into upon: to enter.

ἐπ-εἰσβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to pour into besides. II. intr. to invade again.

ἐπεισοβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπεισοβαῖω) an additional passenger, supernumerary on board ship. [α]

ἐπ-εἰσεμι, to come on besides: to come on the stage.

ἐπ-εἰσέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἤλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: to come in upon or over: to come in

after. 2. come into or enter besides: of things, to be imported.

ἐπισεφέρησα, aor. I of ἐπισεφέρω.

ἐπ-εἰσκυκλώω, f. ἦσω, to roll in or on besides.

ἐπισεόδιος, ον, coming in besides, episodic. From

ἐπ-εἰσοδος, ον, a coming in besides, an entrance.

ἐπ-εἰσπαύω, f. παύσω, to burst in.

ἐπ-εἰσπηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to leap in upon.

ἐπ-εἰσπύτω, f. -πυσομαι, aor. 2 -ἐπεσον:—to fall or burst upon: to burst in.

ἐπ-εἰσπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in after: to sail at, attack.

ἐπ-εἰσφέρω, f. -οἶσω, to bring in besides or after: to entail upon: Med. to bring in for oneself.

ἐπ-εἰσφρέω, f. ἦσω, to introduce besides.

ἐπ-εἰτα, Adv. (ἐπί, εἶτα) marks the Sequence of one thing upon another: *thereupon, thereafter, then, Lat. deinde*. II. when a clause precedes it is emphatic: I. when a partic. of Time goes before, *then*; ἐπειθ' σφαῖρην περήσαντο, ἀρχίσθη δὴ ἔπειτα when they finished playing at ball, then they danced.

2. after εἰ, then surely; εἰ δ' ἔτερον δὴ ἀγορεύεις, ἐξ ἄρα δὴ τοι ἔπειτα θεοὶ φρένας ἄλεσαν if so, then of a surety have the gods infatuated thee.

III. Interrog., when the question is founded on some supposition, after πᾶς; εἰ μὴν δὴ ἔταρόν γε κελεύτέ μ' αὐτὸν ἐλθεῖν, πᾶς ἂν ἐπειτ' Ὀδυσσοῦ λαβοίμην; how can I in such a case forget Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical sense, *And so? Indeed?*

IV. then, therefore, much like οὖν.

V. and yet, nevertheless, still.

VI. with the Article, the following, the future; ὁ ἔπειτα χρόνος the time to come.

ἐπελ-τε, or ἐπεὶ τε, since, for that, because.

ἐπειτεν, Ion. for ἐπειτα, thereupon, thereafter.

ἐπελ-τοι, i. e. ἐπεὶ τοι, for in truth, since truly.

ἐπ-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark.

ἐπ-εκβοηθῶ, f. ἦσω, to rush out to aid.

ἐπ-εκδύκασκω, f. ἀξω, to teach in addition.

ἐπ-εκδιηγέομαι, Dep. to explain besides.

ἐπεκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπεκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 of ἐπεκτρέχω) an excursion or expedition against.

ἐπέκεατο, Ion. for ἐπέκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπικείμαι.

ἐπ-έκενα, Adv., for ἐπ' ἐκείνα, on yonder side of, beyond; οἱ ἐπέκενα Εὐφράτου those beyond the Euphrates; τὸ ἐπέκενα Att. τοῦπέκενα, the part beyond; τὰ ἐπέκενα the parts beyond. 2. of Time, οἱ ἐπέκενα χρόνοι the times beyond or before, earlier times.

ἐπέκελετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.

ἐπέκελσα, aor. I of ἐπικέλλω.

ἐπέκερα, aor. I of ἐπικείρω.

ἐπ-εκθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to rush out against.

ἐπέκλωσαν, ἐπέκλωσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I act. and med. of ἐπικλάθω.

ἐπ-εκπίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink off after.

ἐπ-έκπλοος contr. -έκπλοος, ὁ, a sailing out against, an attack by sea.

ἐπ-εκτείνω, f. -τείνω, to stretch out, lengthen:—Pass. to extend beyond: also to reach out towards, grasp at.
ἐπ-εκτρέψω, f. -εξεδράμωμαι: aor. 2 -εξεδράμων (from obsol. δρέμω):—to rush out upon or against one, rush out to attack.

ἐπ-εκφέρω, f. -οίσω, to carry out far.
ἐπ-εχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to advance next or after.
ἐπελάβετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπελαβόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπέλασις, eous, ἦ, an attack, assault. From ἐπ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. 1 -ἤλασα: pf. -ελήλακα: Pass., pf. -ελήλαμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπέληλατο:—to drive upon: to lead on or against. 2. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge. II. to beat out thin upon, as a plate of metal on a shield.

ἐπέλειβον, impf. of ἐπιλείβω.
ἐπέλελειπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιλείπω.
ἐπελήκειον, impf. of ἐπιληκέω.
ἐπελήλατο, 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπελαύνω.
ἐπελήλυθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπέλησα, aor. 1 of ἐπιληθάνω.
ἐπελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπ-ελίσσω, ἐπ-έλκω, Ion. for ἐφελίσσω, ἐφέλκω.
ἐπέλλαβε, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπ-επιτίξω, f. σω, to bring to hope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false hopes. II. to hope, = ἐπιτίξω.

ἐπ-έλομαι Ep. ἐπι-έλομαι, Dep. to have hopes of, to hope: generally, to expect.
ἐπεμάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπεμάσασατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπ-εμβάδων, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly.
ἐπ-εμβάω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπενέβην, part. ἐπ-εμβάς:—to step or tread upon: to stand on, esp. in pf. ἐπεμβέβηκα Ep. -βέβαα, as, οὐδοῦ ἐπεμβεβάω; also c. dat., πύργois ἐπεμβάς. II. to trample upon, insult.

ἐπ-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put on or over. 2. to throw down upon. 3. to put in besides, insert. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

ἐπεμβάτης, ου, ὅ, (ἐπεμβαίνω) one mounted, a horseman.

ἐπεμβεβῶς, Ep. pf. part. of ἐπεμβαίνω.
ἐπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ἐπιμείνω.
ἐπ-εμνησάμην, -εμνηθήην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of ἐπιμυέομαι.

ἐπέμνηστο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐπιμυέομαι.
ἐπέμμησα, aor. 1 of ἐπιμύγωμι.
ἐπ-εμπηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to leap upon, insult.
ἐπ-εμπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack; ἐπέμπτειν βάσιν τινί to advance one's foot towards a thing. 2. to fall to, set to work.

ἐπ-εναρίζω, f. ζω, to slay one upon another.
ἐπενάχετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπινήχομαι.
ἐπ-ενδίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give over and above.
ἐπενδύτης, ου, ὅ, a tunic worn over another, an outer or over tunic. From

ἐπ-ενδύω, to put on over:—Pass. to have on over.
ἐπενεκαί, Ion. for ἐπενέγκαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιφέρω.

ἐπένεμα, aor. 1 of ἐπινέω.
ἐπένεσσα, aor. 1 of ἐπινεύω.
ἐπενήνεον, impf. of ἐπινήνομαι.
ἐπ-ενήνοθε, (ἐπί, ἐνήνοθε) 3 sing. pf., with no pres. ἐπενέθω in use:—there has grown upon, there is or was upon; used three times by Hom.:—ψεδνή ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη thin downy hair grew thereon; οὐλη ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οἶα θεοῦ ἐπενήνοθεν αἰὲν εὐντας such as appertains to the gods.

ἐπένησα, aor. 1 of ἐπινέω (A).
ἐπ-ενθρόσκω, f. -ενθοροῦμαι: aor. 2 -ενέθορον, inf. -ενθροῖν:—to leap upon; ἐπενθρόσκειν ἄνω to leap up into.

ἐπενθῶν, Dor. aor. 2 part. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπεντάθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐπεντεύω.
ἐπ-εντάνω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], Ep. for ἐπεντεύω, to stretch upon, bind fast to.

ἐπ-εντείνω, f. -εντείνω, to stretch upon or over; part. aor. 1 pass. ἐπεντάθεις stretched upon his sword. II. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.

ἐπ-εντέλλω, to command besides.
ἐπ-εντύω and -εντύω, to get ready, equip:—Med. to train oneself for a thing.

ἐπ-εζάγω, to lead out an army:—intr. to march out. Hence

ἐπέξᾶγωγή, ἦ, a drawing out against, lengthening.
ἐπ-έξεμι, inf. -εξίεναι: impf. ἐπέξηεν:—to go out against an enemy. II. to proceed against, prosecute.

III. to go over, traverse, go through: hence to detail. 2. ἐπεξίεναι τιμωρίας μείζους to go through with, execute greater vengeance.
ἐπ-εξελαύνω: f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελάω: pf. -εξελήλακα:—to drive on against:—intr. to ride on against.

ἐπέξελεθῆν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεξέρχομαι.

ἐπ-εξεργάζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate. 2. to slay over again.

ἐπ-εξέρχομαι, f. -λεύσομαι, Dep. with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξελήλυθα:—to go out against an enemy. 2. to proceed against, prosecute. II. to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accomplish. 3. to discuss, detail, investigate.

III. to proceed to an extremity; ὦδ' ἐπέξέρχεσθαι θρασύς to reach such a pitch of boldness.

ἐπ-εξέτασις, eous, ἦ, a review over again.

ἐπ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent besides.

ἐπ-εξής, Ion. for ἐφ-εξής.

ἐπ-εξιαχάζω, (ἐπί, ἐξ, ἰαχχος) to shout in triumph over.

ἐπ-εξόδιος, ου, of a march or expedition: τὰ ἐπε-όδια (sub. ἱερά), sacrifices before the march of an army. From

ἐπ-εξόδος, ἦ, a march out against, expedition.
ἐπ-έοικε, 3 sing. pf. with no pres. ἐπέοικω in use:—it is like, looks like, resembles. II. it is likely,

reasonable, fitting:—*ἔπεικότα* Att. for *ἔπεικότα*, part. pf., *what is seemly, fit*.

ἔπέπεσον, aor. 2 of *ἐπιπίπτω*.

ἐπεπήγει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *πῆγνυμι*.

ἐπέπιθμεν, for *ἐπεποιθήμεν*, 1 pl. plqpf. of *πιθώ*.

ἐπέπλωσ, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of *ἐπιπλέω*.

ἐπεποιθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *πιθώ*.

ἐπεπόνθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *πάσχω*.

ἐπέπταρον, aor. 2 of *ἐπιπταίρω*.

ἐπέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *ἐπιτάττω*.

ἐπέπυστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *πυνθάνομαι*.

ἐπ-έπω, Ion. for *ἐφέπω*.

ἐπ-εργάζομαι, f. *άσσομαι*, Dep. to *work upon* land, *till, cultivate*. Hence

ἐπεργασία, ἡ, a *working* of another's land: an *encroachment*. II. *the right of mutual tillage* on each other's land.

ἐπ-ερεθίζω, f. *σω*, to *stimulate*.

ἐπ-ερείδω, f. *-ερείσω*, to *urge on with all one's force*; *ἐπέρεισεν ἅν' ἀπέλεθρον* he *applied vast strength* to it:—Pass. to *lean or bear heavily upon*.

ἐπ-ερέφω, f. *ψα*, to *cover with a roof*.

ἐπερήρισμαι, pf. pass. of *ερείδω*.

ἐπ-έρομαι Ion. *-έρομαι*: f. *-ερήσσομαι* Ion. *-ερίησσομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐπήρομην*, inf. *ἐπερέσθαι*:—to *ask, to consult, question*.

ἐπέριψα, aor. I of *ἐπιρίπτω*.

ἐπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of *ἐπιρρώσσω*.

ἐπερρώσθη, *ἐπερρώσμαι*, aor. I and pf. pass. of *ἐπιρρώσσω*.

ἐπέρυσσα, Ep. aor. I of *ἐπέρω*.

ἐπ-ερύω, f. *-ερύσω* [ϋ]: aor. I *-εῖρῶσα*:—to *draw on, pull to*: to *bring to a place*:—Med. to *draw on one's clothes*.

ἐπ-έρχομαι, f. *-ελεύσομαι*, Dep., with aor. 2 act. *-ἦλθον* Ep. *-ἦλυθον*, pf. *-ελήλυθα*:—to *go or come to or towards*: to *come upon*, esp. to *come suddenly or unexpectedly upon*. 2. in hostile sense, to *come or go against, attack*. 3. to *come forward to speak*. II.

to *come on, come about, return*; *ἐπήλυθον ὄραι* the seasons *came round again*. III. to *come in after or over the head of another*. IV. to *occur to one, come into one's mind*. V. to *go over a space, traverse, visit*. 2. to *go through or over, discuss, recount*. 3. to *go through, execute*.

ἐπ-ερωτάω Ion. *ἐπειρ-*, fut. *ἦσω*, to *consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing*:—Pass. to *be questioned, asked*. Hence

ἐπερώτημα Ion. *ἐπειρ-*, *atos, τό*, a *question*: and

ἐπερώτησις Ion. *ἐπειρ-*, *εως, ἡ*, a *questioning*.

ἔπεισα, rare aor. I of *πίπτω*.

ἔπεισαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of *ἐπιεμι* (*εἰμί sum*).

ἔπεισβαίνω, = *ἐπεισβαίνω*.

ἐπεισβολία, ἡ, a *using words at random, hasty speech, unseemly language*. From

ἐπ-βόλος, *ov*, (*ἔπος, βάλλω*) *throwing words about*: *rasb-talking, scurrilous*.

ἐπ-εσθίω, f. *ἐπέδομαι*, to *eat after or in addition to*.

ἐπισκεψάμην, aor. I of *ἐπισκοπέω*.

ἐπισκίασμαι, pf. pass. of *ἐπισκιάζω*.

ἔπεισον, aor. 2 of *πίπτω*.

ἔπεσον, aor. 2 of *ἐφέπω*.

ἐπίσσειται, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of *ἐπιεμι* (*εἰμί sum*).

ἐπίσσειεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of *ἐπιεσσω*.

ἐπίσειοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of *ἐπιεσσω*.

ἐπίσσυμαι, pf. pass. of *ἐπιεσώω*, part. *ἐπισσόμενος*.

ἐπίσσυτο, poet. for *ἐπίσσυτο*, 3 sing. Ep. syncop. plqpf. pass. of *ἐπιεσώω*, in sense of aor. 2.

ἐπιστάλην, *ἐπιστάλην* [ᾶ], aor. I and aor. 2 pass. of *ἐπιστέλλω*.

ἐπέσταλο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *ἐπιστέλλω*.

ἐπιστρέφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of *ἐπιστρέφω*.

ἐπιστεύω, Ion. pf. part. of *ἐφίστημι*.

ἐπίστην, aor. 2 of *ἐφίστημι*.

ἐπισφέρω, Ion. for *ἐπιεσφέρω*.

ἐπ-εσχάριος, *ov*, (*ἐπί, εσχάρα*) *on the beard*.

ἐπ-έσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of *ἐπέχω*.

ἐπ-έσχομεν, *-εσχόμεν*, aor. 2 act. and med. of *ἐπέχω*.

ἐπέταμον, aor. 2 of *τέμνω*.

ἐπέτασα, *ἐπετάχθην*, aor. I act. and pass. of *ἐπιτάσσω*.

ἐπ-έτειος, *ov*, and *ἐπ-έτειος*, *ov*, (*ἐπί, ἔτος*) *annual*,

yearly, every year: *changeable as the seasons*. 2. *annual, lasting for a year*.

ἐπετετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of *ἐπιτάσσω*.

ἐπετήθευσα, aor. I of *ἐπιτηθεύω*.

ἐπέτης, *ov, ὄ*, (*ἔπομαι*) a *follower, attendant*.

ἐπ-ετήσιος, *ov*, = *ἐπέτειος*, *from year to year, lasting the whole year*.

ἔπειτον, Aeol. for *ἔπεισον*, aor. 2 of *πίπτω*.

ἐπέτουσε, a Dor. aor. I without any pres. in use, = *ἐπέτυχε*, *fell in or met with*; part. *ἐπιτούσους* = *ἐπιτυχών*, *having met with*. (Origin uncertain.)

ἐπετρέπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of *ἐπιτρέπω*:—*ἐπετρέπόμεν*, *ἐπετρέπων*, aor. 2 med. and act.

ἐπετράφην, Ion. aor. I pass. of *ἐπιτρέπω*.

ἐπέτυχον, aor. 2 of *ἐπιτυγχάνω*.

ἔπειν, Ion. for *ἔπειν*, imperat. of *ἔπομαι*.

ἐπ-ευθύω, to *guide straight, direct*.

ἐπ-ευρίσκω, Ion. for *ἐφ-ευρίσκω*.

ἐπ-ευφημέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I *-ευφήμησα*:—to *shout assent*. II. c. acc. to *accompany in singing*: to *sing in praise of*.

ἐπ-εύχομαι, f. *ῥομαι*, Dep. to *pray to, make a vow*: to *pray or vow that*: in bad sense, to *pray a curse, imprecate upon*. II. to *exult or triumph over*.

ἐπέφανο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *φαίνω*.

ἐπέφανον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of **φένω*.

ἐπεφόρβει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *φέρβω*.

ἐπέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of *φράζω*.

ἐπέφρασω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of *ἐπιφράζω*.

ἐπέφρακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *φράσσω*.

ἐπέφυκον, Ep. for *ἐπεφύκεσαν*, 3 pl. plqpf. of *φύω*.

ἐπέφυσθη, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *φυσάω*.

ἐπεχευάμην, aor. I med. of *ἐπιχέω*.

ἐπέχθη, aor. I pass. of *πέχω*.

ἐπέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of *ἐπιχέω*.

ἐπέχω; fut. ἐφέξω; aor. 2 ἐπέσχον, inf. ἐπισχέειν, poet. ἐπέσχεθον:—to have or hold upon or to, see ἐπάχω:—to hold, keep:—Pass. and Med. to keep bold of.

II. to hold out, present, offer. III. bold towards, to keep aiming at; τόξον σκοπῶ ἐπέχειν to aim the bow at the mark; τί μοι ᾄδ' ἐπέχεις; why thus launch out against me? c. acc., ἐπέχειν τοὺς Τεγεάτας to front them, face them. 2. ἐπέχειν (sc. τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς, τὸν νοῦν) to turn one's eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be intent upon.

IV. to keep in, hold back, check: to stop or hinder from. 2. intrans. (sub. εαυτὸν) to stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing: c. gen. rei, to cease from. V. to reach or extend over a space:—Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself out, lie at length. VI. to have power over, command: of a wind, to prevail, continue.

ἐπιθβάω, Ion. for ἐφθβάω.

ἐπιθβολος, ὄν, (ἐπί, βάλλω, with η inserted) having won or gained a thing; Lat. compos. in bad sense, νόσον ἐπιθβολοὶ possessed by a disease. II. fitting or belonging to.

ἐπήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐπάγω.

ἐπήγγελα, ἐπήγγελα, aor. I and pf. of ἐπαγγέλλω.

ἐπηγέρθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπηγκενίδες, αἱ, the long planks nailed along the upright ribs (σταμίνας) of the ship: v. sub ἴκρια.

ἐπιηγורέω or -έω, to say against, object to one.

ἐπίην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπιέμι (ἐμί sum).

ἐπιητάῖος, ὄν, and ἦ, ὄν, = ἐπέτειος, but always used in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful; ἐπιηταῖα τρίχες thick, full fleeces.

ἐπήϊεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπιέμι (ἐμί ibo), he went after, followed upon: ἐπίησαν 3 plur.

ἐπήϊσα, aor. I of ἐπαῖω.

ἐπήϊσσω, impf. of ἐπαῖσω.

ἐπίηκαν, Ion. for ἐφ-, 3 pl. aor. I of ἐφίημι.

ἐπίηκος Dor. ἐπάκος, ὄν, (ἐπακούω) listening or giving ear to: within bearing.

ἐπήκρισα, aor. I of ἐπακρίζω.

ἐπηκρόωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπακρόομαι.

ἐπήλα, aor. I of πάλλω.

ἐπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπιηλύγάω, (ἐπί, ἡλύγη) to overshadow: Med., φόβον ἐπιηλύγασθαι to throw a shade over one's own fear, disguise or conceal it.

ἐπήλυθον, Ep. for ἐπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπήλυξ, ὄνος, ὁ, ἦ, (ἐπηλυγάω) overshadowing; τὴν πέτραν ἐπήλυγα λαβεῖν to take the rock as a shelter.

ἐπήλυξ, ὄδος, ὁ, ἦ, (ἐπήλυθον) one who comes to a place: an incomer, stranger, foreigner.

ἐπιηλύσια Ion. -λη, ἦ, (ἐπήλυθον) a coming over: a bewitching.

ἐπιηλύσις, εως, ἦ, an approach, assault.

ἐπιηλύτης, ου, ὁ, = ἐπηλυς. [ῥ]

ἐπιημαφευμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπαμαφεύω.

ἐπιημοιβός, ὄν, (ἐπαμείβω) in turn, alternate; χιτῶνες ἐπιημοιβοὶ changes of raiment.

ἐπιημάω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to bend or bow down.

ἐπίην Ion. ἐπέαν late Att. ἐπάν, Conjunct. (ἐπέι, ἄν) whenever, Lat. quandocumque.

ἐπιημενος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἄνεμος) windy. 2. vain.

ἐπιηνεον, Ep. impf. of ἐπιανέω.

ἐπιηνεσα Ep. ἐπίηνησα, aor. I of ἐπιανέω.

ἐπιηθηε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐπιανθῆω.

ἐπιηνώρθουν, impf. with double augm. of ἐπιανορθῶω: so, ἐπιηνώρθωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass.; ἐπιηνώρθωμα, pf. pass.

ἐπιηξα, aor. I of πήγνυμι.

ἐπιηξίωσα, aor. I of ἐπιξίωω.

ἐπιηρόσιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ῥῶν) on the beach or shore.

ἐπιηπέλισηα, aor. I of ἐπαπειλέω.

ἐπιηπῶω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to shout to, cheer on.

ἐπιηπράτος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

ἐπιηπρέδω, f. σω, (ἐπιηπρέω) to threaten abusively: to deal despitefully with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be insolent.

ἐπιηρηαι, ἦ, wanton insult, contumely.

ἐπιηρημέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, ἦρεμος) to rest after.

ἐπιηρητῶσιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἐρετμός) at the oar, rowing. 2. equipped with oars.

ἐπιηρηφής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἐρέφω) covering, shading. II. pass. covered, sheltered.

ἐπιηρθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπαίρω.

ἐπιηρκεσα, aor. I of ἐπαρκέω.

ἐπιηρσα, aor. I of ἐπαρarisκω.

ἐπίησαν, Ep. for ἐπίησαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπιέμι (ἐμί ibo).

ἐπιησθεῖεν, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐφήδομαι.

ἐπίησθον, impf. of ἐπεσθῖω.

ἐπιησθόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπαισθάνομαι.

ἐπιησκημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπασκέω.

ἐπιητής, ου, ὁ, (ἐπας) affable, kind, gentle.

ἐπιητιάσιος, 2 sing. aor. I of ἐπαιτιάομαι.

ἐπιητρίσιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἦτριον) woven on or to: hence close, dense, thronged.

ἐπιητύς, ὕος, ἦ, (ἐπητής) a ready address: generally, courtesy, kindness.

ἐπιητύρον, ἐπιητυρόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπιητύσηα, aor. I of ἐπαυρέω.

ἐπιηφύσα, aor. I of ἐπαφύσσω.

ἐπιηχέω, f. ἦσω, to resound, to réecho: to accompany in shouting.

ἐπί, PREP. WITH GEN., DAT., AND ACC. Radic. sense, upon: A. WITH GEN., I. of rest at a place, on, upon, at, by, near. 2. with the person. Pron.;

ἐφ' ἑμαυτοῦ by yourselves, alone; ἐφ' ἑαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν by himself, by themselves; τὸ ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν their own interest only. 3. with Cardinal Numbers; ἐπὶ τριῶν, τετραῶν etc., by three or four, three deep or in file; ἐπὶ κέρως in single file. 4. before, in presence of, Lat. coram. 5. over, of any one set over a special business; οἱ ἐπὶ τῶν πραγμάτων those set over the business. 6. motion towards a point;

πλεῖν ἐπὶ Χίου to sail for Chios; ἀπελαίνειν ἐπ' οἶκον

to go home-wards. II. of Time, *in* or *in the course of*; ἐπ' εἰρήνης *in time of peace*. III. of the Grounds on which a thing happens; ἐπὶ μαρτυρίας *on evidence*; εἰπεὶν ἐπ' ὄρκου *to speak on oath*; ἐπ' ὅτεν *on what ground*. B. WITH DAT., I.

of Place; ἐπὶ χώρα *on the spot*: esp. where hostility is implied, *opposite or against*. II. of the Time *in, on or at* which a thing happens; ἐπὶ νυκτὶ *in the night*; ἐπ' ἡματι τῷδε *on this very day*. 2. *upon or after* an event. III. *in addition, over and above, one on another*. IV. *for an object or purpose, with a view to*; ἐπὶ δόρπῳ *for supper*; ἐπὶ κακῷ ἀνθρώπου *for mischief to man*. V. of the Ground of doing a thing; γελᾶν ἐπὶ τινι *to laugh at one*; μέγα φρονεῖν ἐπὶ τινι *to be proud at or of a thing*. VI. of any condition *upon* which a thing happens; ἐπὶ τούτῳ, ἐφ' ᾧ *on condition, that . . .*; more briefly, ἐφ' ᾧ or ἐφ' ᾧτε; ἐπ' οὐδενί *on no condition*; ἐπὶ πᾶσι δικαίοις *with strict justice*; ἐπ' ἴσοις *on reasonable terms*. C. WITH ACCUS., I.

of Place; *extending over*; ἐπ' ἐννέα κείτω πέλετρα *over nine acres he lay*; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπων *glory spread among all men*. 2. *motion towards or to a place*; πλεῖν ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον: *in hostile sense, upon, against*:—metaph., ἐπ' ἔργα, ἐπ' ἰθὺν *to labour, to an enterprise*: esp. *to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of*; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην *to send for tidings*: rarely of persons, ἐπ' Ὀδυσσῆα *ἦτε*:—hence also to denote a *purpose, ἐπὶ τί*; for *what? wherefore?* 3. with Cardinal Numbers, ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ ἑκοσίων *eight-and-twenty deep or in file*: with numbers, *up to a certain number, nearly, about*. II. of Time, *for or during* a certain time; ἐπὶ χρόνον *for a time*. 2. *up to or till* a certain time; ἐπ' ἡῶ *till morning*. III. more generally, ἐπὶ στάθμην *by the line or rule*; τὸ ἐπ' ἐμέ *for me, as far as concerns me*.

Ἐπί may follow its case, and then it is written ἐπι. In Compos. ἐπί denotes *rest at a place*, as in ἐπ-εἰμι (εἰμί *sum*), ἐπι-βαρεῖν; or *motion, esp. in a hostile sense*, as in ἐπι-χειρέω, ἐπι-στρατεῖν. II. of Time, *after*, as in ἐπι-βιδῶ, ἐπι-βλαστάνω. III. addition, *accompaniment*, as in ἐπι-κτητός, ἐπ-αυλέω. IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπ-εργασία, ἐπι-γαμία *intermarriage*. V. with Numerals, an integer and so much more, ἐπί-τριτος, *one and a third*, = $\frac{4}{3}$. VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἐπι-μᾶλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

ἐπι, for ἔπεισσι, *it is there, ready, at hand*. ἐπι-ἄλλω, f. -ἄλλω: aor. -ἔλλα:—to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass. ἐπι-άλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι. ἐπι-ἀνδῶν, poet. for ἐφ' ἀνδ-, *to please, gratify*. ἐπι-ἰαύω, *to sleep among*. ἐπι-ἰχώ [ἄ], *to shout to, cheer: to shout aloud*. ἐπιβῆ, for ἐπιβῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιβαίνειν. ἐπι-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) *a ladder or steps to ascend by: a scaling-ladder: a gangway*.

ἐπιβαθρον, τό, (ἐπιβαίνω) *a roosting-place, perch*. II. (ἐπιβατής) *a passenger's fare*, Lat. *naulum*. ἐπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 ἐπέβην: aor. 1 med. ἐπεβήσομαι (Ion. 3 sing. ἐπεβήσετο, imperat. ἐπιβήσεο): I. c. gen. *to set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon*. 2. *to get upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place*: metaph. *to arrive at, reach unto*; ἐπιβαίνειν εὐσεβίας *to take one's stand on piety*. II. c. dat. *to mount upon, get on board of*:—also, *to set upon, attack, assault*. III. c. acc. *to light upon, Πιερίην ἐπιβαίνειν*, of gods descending upon it: simply, *to go to*. 2. *to attack, like ἐπέρχομαι*. 3. ἐπιβαίνειν ἐπὶ ἵππον *to mount a horse*. IV. absol. *to step forward or on, advance*:—*to get a footing*.

B. Causal in act. fut. ἐπιβήσω, aor. 1 ἐπέβησα, *to set one upon, make him mount*: metaph. *to bring to, make one arrive at*. Cf. ἐπιβιβάζω. ἐπι-βάλλω, fut. -βῶ: aor. 2 -έβαλον: I. *to throw or cast upon: to put on: affix*. 2. *to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine*. 3. *to add: to add to, increase*. II. intrans., ἐπιβάλλειν τινί (sub. εαυτῶν), *to throw oneself upon, go straight towards*. 2. *to fall upon: to attack*. 3. (sub. νόον), *to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to*; aor. 2 part. ἐπιβαλόν, absol., *when he thought on it*. 4. *to fall to one, come to one's share*: τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέρος] *one's proper portion*; also impers. *it falls to one to do a thing*. III. Med. *to seize upon a thing, grasp at it*. 2. *to put upon oneself, put on*: metaph. *to take upon oneself, incur*. IV. Pass. *to be placed upon*; τοξόται ἐπιβεβλημένοι *having their arrows on the string*.

ἐπι-βᾶρέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐπί, βαρῆς) *to weigh heavily on*. ἐπιβᾶς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνω. ἐπιβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίω) *a stepping upon or upwards*. 2. metaph. *a step or approach towards a thing*; εἰς τινα ποιεῖσθαι ἐπιβασιν *to make means of attacking one*.

ἐπι-βάσσω, poet. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασκέμεν νῆας Ἀχαιῶν *to lead them into misery*. ἐπι-βαστάζω, f. σω, *to bear or weigh in the hand*. ἐπι-βᾶτεω, f. σω, *to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp*. II. *to be an ἐπιβατής, passenger or soldier*. From

ἐπιβατής [ἄ], *ov, ὄ*, (ἐπιβαίνω) *one who mounts or embarks*; οἱ ἐπιβατοὶ *the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men*, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: *a passenger*. 2. *the warrior in a chariot*. ἐπιβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπιβαίνω) *that can be climbed, accessible*.

ἐπιβᾶ, as, ἡ, *the day after the festival*, Lat. *potestia*:—*proverb*, ἔρπην πρὸς τραγείαν ἐπίβδαν *to come to a hard reckoning, on the day after the feast*. (Deriv. uncertain.) ἐπιβέβηκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνω. ἐπιβείομεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιβαίνω. ἐπιβήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βήσσο, Ep. imperat. aor. I med. of ἐπιβαίνω.
 ἐπι-βήσσο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπι-
 βαίνω.
 ἐπι-βήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) *one who mounts*. II.
 of male animals, e. g. a boar.
 ἐπι-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ἐπι-
 βαίνω, *to put one upon*.
 ἐπι-βίω, f. -βιώσσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέβιω:—*to survive*.
 ἐπι-βλέπω, fut. ψομαι, later ψω, *to look upon, look*
to, regard. 2. *to eye with envy, Lat. invidere*.
 ἐπιβλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) *that which is thrown*
on or over: a cover: a patch.
 ἐπιβλής, ἦτος, ὁ, (ἐπιβάλλω) *a bolt or bar fixed in*
or on a door.
 ἐπι-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέμολον:—*to*
come upon, befall.
 ἐπι-βοάω, f. -βοήσσομαι Ion. -βώσσομαι:—*to call*
upon or to, cry out to. 2. *to utter or sing*
aloud. 3. *to cry out against*. 4. *to call upon,*
invoke; call to aid:—so also in Med.
 ἐπιβοήθεια, ἡ, *a helping, coming to aid, succour*.
 From
 ἐπι-βοητέω Ion. -βωθέω, *to come to aid, succour*.
 ἐπιβόημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβοάω) *a call to one*.
 ἐπιβόητος Ion. -βωτος, ον, (ἐπιβοάω) *cried out*
against, ill spoken of.
 ἐπιβολή, ἡ, (ἐπιβάλλω) *a throwing or putting on;*
ἐπιβολαὶ πλίνθων layers or courses of bricks. II.
 an infliction, penalty. III. *a setting upon a thing,*
an attempt, enterprise: a hostile attempt.
 ἐπι-βομβέω, f. ἦσω, *to roar in answer*.
 ἐπι-βόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, *to feed cattle upon:—Med.*
of cattle, to graze or feed upon.
 ἐπι-βουκόλος, ὁ, *an over-cowherd, herdsman*.
 ἐπιβουλεμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) *a plan against,*
a plot, attempt, scheme.
 ἐπιβουλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, *one who plots against, a plot-*
ter. From
 ἐπι-βουλεύω, f. σω, *to plan or contrive against one;*
ἐπιβουλεύειν θάνατόν τινι, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for,
to aim at:—Pass. to have snares laid for one. Hence
 ἐπιβουλή, ἡ, *a plan against another, a plot; ἐξ ἐπι-*
βουλήν by treachery.
 ἐπι-βουλία, ἡ, ἐπιβουλή.
 ἐπι-βουλος, ον, (ἐπί, βουλή) *plotting against,*
treacherous.
 ἐπι-βραδύνω, f. ἔνω, *to loiter at a place*.
 ἐπι-βραχύ, Adv. for ἐπὶ βραχύ, *for a short while*.
 ἐπι-βρέω, *to make to roar:—Med. to roar*. II.
 intr. *to roar or cry out to*.
 ἐπι-βριθής, ἔς, *burdensome, grievous*. From
 ἐπι-βρίθω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], *to be heavy upon, weigh*
down. II. metaph. *to press heavily*.
 ἐπιβρίσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπιβρίθω.
 ἐπι-βρόντητος, ον, = ἐμ-βρόντητος, *thunderstricken*.
 ἐπι-βρώω, f. ὕω [ῦ], *to burst forth, as water: of*
flowers, to sprout, burst forth.
 ἐπι-βύω, f. ὕω [ῦ], *to stop, caulk tight*.

ἐπι-βωθέω, Ion. for ἐπι-βοητέω.
 ἐπι-βωμο-στατέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, βωμός, στήναι) *to*
stand suppliant at the altar.
 ἐπι-βώμιος, ον, (ἐπί, βωμός) *on or at the altar*.
 ἐπιβώσσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιβοάω.
 ἐπι-βωστρέω, Ion. and Dor. for ἐπιβοάω, *to shout*
to, call upon, clamour for.
 ἐπι-βωτος, Ion. for ἐπιβόητος.
 ἐπι-βώτωρ, ορος, ὁ, *an over-shepherd, shepherd*.
 ἐπι-γαίω, ον, (ἐπί, γαῖα, = γῆ) *upon the earth; τὰ*
ἐπίγαια the parts on or near the ground.
 ἐπι-γαμβρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, γαμβρός) *to marry a*
widow as her husband's next of kin.
 ἐπι-γάμέω, f. -γαμέω Att. -γάμω:—*to marry be-*
side; ἐπιγαμεὺν τέκνοις μητρειάν to marry and set a
stepmother over one's own children. Hence
 ἐπι-γάμια, ἡ, *an additional marriage*. II. *in-*
termarriage, right of intermarriage, between states.
 ἐπί-γάμος, ον, (ἐπί, γάμος) *marriageable*.
 ἐπι-γαυρόμαι, Pass. *to exult in*.
 ἐπι-γ-δουπέω, Ep. for ἐπι-δουπέω.
 ἐπιγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.
 ἐπί-γέγως, ον, (ἐπί, γέα = γῆ) *on or of the earth*.
 ἐπι-γελάω, f. άσομαι [ᾶ], *to laugh to or with, to*
laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh.
 ἐπι-γεραιρω, *to give honour to*.
 ἐπι-γεύομαι, Med. *to taste of*.
 ἐπι-γηθέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐπιγέγηθα:—*to rejoice or*
triumph over: to exult in.
 ἐπι-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:
 pf. -γέγονα or in pass. form -γεγένημαι:—*to be born*
after; ἔαρος ἐπιγίγνεται ὥρη the season of spring
comes next; οἱ ἐπιγινόμενοι posterity; χρόνου ἐπι-
γινόμενου as time was going on. 2. *to come*
upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue
upon: also to fall upon, attack. 3. *to happen after,*
come to pass.
 ἐπι-γινώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 -έγνων: pf.
 -έγνωκα:—*to look upon, observe*. II. *to recog-*
nise: hence to find out, discover: to become con-
scious of, come to a sense of. III. *to come to a*
judgment, decide.
 ἐπι-γίνομαι, ἐπι-γίνωσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. for
 ἐπιγιν-
 ἐπι-γλωσσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι: fut. ἦσομαι: Dep.:
 (ἐπί, γλωσσα):—*to vent reproaches against,*
to upbraid.
 ἐπι-γναμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, *curved, twisted*. From
 ἐπι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, *to curve, bend*. II. *meta-*
taph. to bow or bend another to one's purpose.
 ἐπιγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγινώσκω.
 ἐπιγνώσις, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιγινώσκω.
 ἐπι-γνώμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπί, γνώμη) *deciding upon:*
as Subst. an arbiter, judge. II. *pardoning*.
 ἐπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, *to make known, an-*
ounce, signify.
 ἐπιγνώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιγινώσκω) *full knowledge*.
 ἐπιγνώσσοι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπίγονος, *ov*, (ἐπιγενέσθαι) born after: generally, offspring, posterity:—οἱ Ἐπίγονοι, the Afterborn, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes.

ἐπιγουνίδιος, *ov, on*, set upon the knee. From ἐπι-γουνίς, *idos, ἡ*, (ἐπί, γούνατος, Ion. gen. of γόνυ) the region above the knee, the thigh.

ἐπιγράβδην, Adv. (ἐπιγράφω) scratching the surface, grazing.

ἐπιγράμμα, *atos, τό*, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscription, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering. 2. an epigram, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs.

ἐπιγράφεύς, *εως, ὁ*, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscriber: esp. at Athens a clerk who registered property, etc.

ἐπιγράφή, *ἡ*, (ἐπιγράφω) an inscription. II. at Athens, a registration of property.

ἐπιγράφω, *f. ψω*; pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι:—to mark the surface, graze; ἐπιγράψαι κλήρον to put a mark on a lot. II. later, to write upon, inscribe:—Pass., of the inscription, to be inscribed upon.

III. to enter in a public list or register: esp. at Athens, to register the citizens' property: ἐπιγράφεην τίμημα to lay the damages at so much:—Med. to register oneself: but, προστάτην ἐπιγράψασθαι to enter the name of a patron in the public register, as all μέτοικοι at Athens were obliged to do.

ἐπι-γρῦπος, *ov*, somewhat booked: somewhat book-nosed.

ἐπι-δαλομα, Dep. (ἐπί, δαίω B) to distribute, offer.

ἐπι-δαλοσιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δαίω B) assigned, allotted.

ἐπι-δακρύω, *f. ύσω [ῶ]*, to weep over or for.

ἐπι-δάμοσι, *ov*, Dor. for ἐπί-δημοσι.

ἐπι-δαψιλεύομαι, *f. σομαι*, Dep. to lavish upon a person, give freely.

ἐπιδέδρομα, pf. 2 of ἐπιτρέχω.

ἐπιδεής, *és*, (ἐπιδέομαι) in want of: deficient: Att. neut. pl., ἐπιδέα.

ἐπιδειγμα, *atos, τό*, (ἐπιδεικνυμι) a specimen: a pattern, example, lesson.

ἐπι-δετέλος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δέλιγ) at, towards evening; ἐπιδέελα, neut. pl. as Adv., towards evening.

ἐπι-δεικνύμι and -ύω, *f. -δείξω*: aor. I -έδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to exhibit as a specimen or pattern: to shew forth, display, parade:—Med. to display oneself, shew oneself off. 2. to shew, point out:—to shew, prove, demonstrate. Hence

ἐπιδεικτικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, fit for display; ἐπιδεικτικοὶ λόγοι speeches for display, set orations, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians.

ἐπιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεῖδον.

ἐπιδείξαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπιδείξις Ion. ἐπίδειξις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) an exhibition, display; ἐς ἐπίδειξιν τινος ἀπικέσθαι to come within one's view, to his knowledge. 2. a pattern, example, Lat. specimen.

ἐπι-δειπνέω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἐπιδειπνον) to eat after dinner. II. to eat as a second course, eat as a dainty.

ἐπι-δείπνιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δείπνον) at or after dinner. ἐπι-δειπνον, *τό*, an after-meal, second course or dessert.

ἐπι-δέκάτος, *η, ov*, one and one tenth, $1 + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{10}$. II. one in ten, a tenth, tithes.

ἐπι-δέμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δέμιον) in or on the bed.

ἐπι-δέξιος, *ov*, from left to right, towards the right, used chiefly in neut. pl. ἐπιδέξια as Adv., which therefore also means auspiciously. 2. = δεξιός, on the right hand; τὰ ἐπιδέξια the right side. II. of persons, dexterous, skilful.

ἐπι-δέξις, Ion. for ἐπίδειξις.

ἐπι-δέρκομαι, Dep. to look upon, behold.

ἐπι-δεσμεύω, *f. σω*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) to bind up.

ἐπι-δεσμός, *ὁ*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) a band, bandage.

ἐπι-δεσμο-χάρης, *és*, (ἐπίδεσμος, χάρω) bandage-loving, epith. of god.

ἐπι-δεσπόζω, *f. ὄσω*, to be lord over.

ἐπι-δευής, *és*, poet. and Ion. for ἐπίδειξ, in need or want of, lacking. II. lacking, failing in a thing, c. gen., βίης ἐπιδευέες failing in strength: also a compar. in sense, βίης ἐπιδευέες Ὀδυσῆος inferior to Ulysses in strength: absol., πολλὸν δ' ἐπιδευέες ἦμεν far too weak were we. From

ἐπι-δεύομαι, poet. for ἐπιδέομαι (ἐπίδew B) to be in want of, to lack: to need the help of. II. to be lacking in a thing, fail in it.

ἐπι-δεύω, *f. σω*, to moisten on the surface.

ἐπι-δέχομαι, *f. ξομαι*, Dep. to admit besides or in addition.

ἐπι-δέω (A), *f. -δήσω*, to bind or fasten on. II. to bind up, bandage.

ἐπι-δέω (B), *f. -δήσω*, to want or lack so much of a number:—impers. ἐπιδεῖ, there is need of besides:—Med. to be in want of, cf. ἐπιδούομαι.

ἐπι-δηλος, *ov*, quite evident, manifest: open. 2. distinguished. II. like, resembling.

ἐπι-δημεύω, *f. σω*, to live among the people. From ἐπιδημέω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἐπιδημος) to be at home, live at home: to sojourn among people, stay at a place. II. to come home, from foreign travel. Hence

ἐπιδημία, *ἡ*, a staying at home, stay at a place.

ἐπι-δήμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δήμος) among the people: dwelling at home; πύλεμος ἐπιδήμιος civil war; ἐπιδήμιοι ἔμποροι native merchants. II. sojourning at a place.

ἐπι-δημιουργοί, *ων, οἱ*, magistrates sent annually by Doric states to their colonies.

ἐπι-δήμιος, *ov*, = ἐπιδήμιος, of the people, popular.

ἐπι-διαβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι, to cross over besides or after another.

ἐπι-διαγινώσκω Ion. -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι:—to debate or decide afresh.

ἐπι-διαίρῶ, *f. ἡσω*, to divide over again:—Med. of several, to distribute among themselves.

ἐπι-διαπλέω, *f. -πλεύσομαι*, to sail across besides.

ἐπι-διαρρήγνυμι, *f. -ρήξω*, to tear asunder after:—Pass. to burst in consequence of a thing.

ἐπι-διατάσσομαι, Med. to ordain or command besides.

ἐπι-διαφέρομαι, Pass. to go across after.

ἐπι-διδάσκω, f. ἔω, to teach besides.

ἐπι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides, give freely: to give will, give in dowry. II. ἐπιδιδόναι ἐαυτὸν τινι to give oneself up or devote oneself to a thing. III. intr. to increase, advance: also to improve, prosper.

IV. Med., θεοὺς ἐπιδώμεθα let us give or take the gods as witnesses; cf. περιδίδωμι II.

ἐπι-δίξημαι, Dep. to seek or ask further: to seek for or demand besides.

ἐπι-δικάζω, f. ἔω, to adjudge to one:—Med. of the claimant, to sue for a thing at law, lay claim to. Hence

ἐπι-δικάσιμος, disputed at law: generally, much contested.

ἐπι-δίνω, f. ἤσω, to whirl or swing round, of one in act to throw:—Med. to turn over in one's mind, revolve:—Pass. to wheel about, as birds in the air; ἐπιδινθέρντε, aor. I part. dual.

ἐπι-διονόω, f. ὠσω, to correct or set in order afterwards.

ἐπι-διπλοῖω or -οῖω, (ἐπί, διπλός) to redouble. ἐπι-διφρύδις, δδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, διφρος) the rail in front of the chariot-board (διφρος), the chariot-rail.

ἐπι-δίφριος, ov, (ἐπί, διφρος) sitting on the car.

ἐπι-δίχα, Adv. for ἐπὶ δίχα.

ἐπι-διώκω, f. ἔω, to pursue after: follow up:—as legal term, to prosecute again.

ἐπι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω and -δόξω, to expect.

ἐπι-ιδόντες, aor. 2 pl. nom. part. of ἐπίδιδον; but ἐπι-δόντες, of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δοξος, ov, (ἐπί, δόξα) likely or expected to do a thing; ἐπίδοξος γενέσθαι likely to prove so: of things, likely, probable. II. well-known, illustrious.

ἐπι-δῶριος, ov, (ἐπί, δῶρον) for or of the banquet.

ἐπίδοσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπὶ δίδωμι) a giving over and above: a voluntary contribution to the state. II. increase, growth, progress.

ἐπιδούναι, ἐπιδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δουπέω, f. ἤσω, to make a noise or clashing.

ἐπιδοχή, ἡ, (ἐπιδέχομαι) reception of something new.

ἐπιδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτρέχω; ἐπιδραμέτην, 3 dual indic.

ἐπιδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπιδραμεῖν) a running over. II. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack. III. a place

for ships to run to, a landing-place.

ἐπι-δρομος, ov, that may be run over or upon; τείχος ἐπίδρομον a wall that may be scaled.

ἐπι-δύω and -δύνω, f. ἴσω, to go down or set upon.

ἐπι-δώμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δών, part. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιδώσω, fut. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιείκεια, ἡ, (ἐπιεικής) likelihood, reasonableness. II. fairness, clemency: also natural mild-

ness. 2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the letter of the law.

ἐπι-εἰκελος, ov, = εἰκελος, like.

ἐπι-εικής, ἐς, (ἐπί, εἰκός) fitting, meet, suitable; ὡς ἐπιεικές as is meet; ὅν κ' ἐπιεικές ἀκούειν whatever [word] is meet for you to hear. II. in Att. fair, reasonable: also plausible: of persons, fair, kind, moderate. 2. opp. to δίκαιος, not insisting on strict justice, equitable.

ἐπι-εικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπί, εἶκω) yielding: οὐκ ἐπιεικτός that will never yield, unyielding; πένθος οὐκ ἐπιεικτόν unreleasing woe.

ἐπιεικῶς Ion. ἔως, Adv. of ἐπιεικής, fairly, tolerably, moderately. 2. probably, reasonably.

ἐπιειμένος, ἡ, ov, Ion. for ἐφειμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπιεισάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπειμι (εἶμι ἴβο).

ἐπιείσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἶμι ἴβο).

ἐπι-ἐλπομαι, poet. for ἐπέλπομαι. Hence

ἐπι-ἐλπος, ov, to be hoped or expected.

ἐπι-έννυμι, Ion. for ἐφ-έννυμι: aor. I ἐπί-εσα Ep. ἐπί-εσσα: pf. pass. ἐπί-εσαι or ἐπί-εμαι:—to put on besides or over:—Pass., Ion. pf. part. ἐπιειμένος ἀλκήν, ὠμὰ δείην clad in strength, shamelessness; χαλκὸν ἐπίεσαι (3 sing. pf.) it was covered in brass, had brass upon it:—Med. to put on oneself besides: generally, to cover or shroud oneself in.

ἐπίεσαμεν, I pl. aor. I of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπίεσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπι-ἐξάρω, = ἐπιβαρέω.

ἐπι-ζάφελος, ov, (ἐπί, *ζάφελος from ζα- intens.) vehement, violent:—Adv. ἐπιζαφελῶς (as if from ἐπιζαφελής), vehemently, furiously.

ἐπι-ζάω, f. -ζήσω, to outlive, survive.

ἐπι-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω, to join or fasten at top: generally, to tie together, bind fast. II. to

yoke to.

ἐπι-ζεφύριος, ov, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

ἐπι-ζέφυρος, ov, lying towards the west.

ἐπι-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil up or over; ἡ νεότης ἐπέ-ζεσε μοι my youthful spirit boiled over. II. act.

to make to boil, heat.

ἐπί-ζηλος, ov, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous.

ἐπι-ζήμιος, ov, (ἐπί, ζημία) bringing loss or penalty upon, hurtful. II. liable to punishment. Hence

ἐπι-ζημιόω, f. ὠσω, to punish.

ἐπι-ζητέω, f. ἤσω, to seek for, seek after, find wanting:

to beat for game; οἱ ἐπιζητούντες the beaters.

ἐπι-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf. part. ἐπεζωσμένοι, with their cloaks girt up.

ἐπι-ζώω, Ion. for ἐπιζάω.

ἐπιζηλα, aor. I of ἐπιάλλω.

ἐπι-ήμι, Ion. for ἐπίφημι.

ἐπιήνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐφανδάνω.

ἐπι-ήρα, τά, (ἐπί, ἦρα) things acceptable, pleasing gifts.

ἐπι-ήρανος, ov, (ἐπήρα) pleasing. II. warding off, assisting, governing.

ἐπίηρος, *ov*, only in neut. pl. ἐπίηρα, *q. v.*
 ἐπι-θάλαμος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) *belonging to a bridal, nuptial*; τὸ ἐπιθάλαμον (*sub. μέλος*), *the nuptial song, epithalamium*, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.

ἐπι-θάλασσιδος *Att.* -πτιδός, *ov*, = *sq.*
 ἐπι-θαλάσσιος *Att.* -πτιος, *a. ov*, (ἐπί, θάλασσα) *lying on the sea-shore, maritime.*

ἐπι-θανάτιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάνατος) *condemned to death.*

ἐπι-θανάτος, *ov*, *sick to death, like to die.*

ἐπι-θαρσύνω *Att.* -θαρρύνω, *f. ὕνω*, *to cheer on.*

ἐπι-θαυμάζω, *f. σω*, *to pray respect to, to compliment with a fee* (*Lat. honorarium*).

ἐπι-θαύαζω, *f. άσω*, (ἐπί, θεός) *to call upon in the name of the gods, to adjure.* Hence

ἐπιθειασμός, *δ*, *an appeal to the gods, adjuration.*

ἐπι-θειήν, -θειῖναι, *aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἐπιτιθήμι.*

ἐπιθειός, -θειός, *aor. 2 part. of ἐπιτιθήμι.*

ἐπι-θειτε, for -θειήτε, *2 pl. aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιτιθήμι.*

ἐπι-θεραῖπύω, *f. σω*, *to court or serve studiously: to work zealously for.*

ἐπι-θες, -θέτω, *aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιτιθήμι.*

ἐπιθεσις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἐπιτιθήμι) *a laying on, imposition.* II. (from *Med.*) *a setting upon, attack.*

ἐπιθεσπιζώ, *f. σω*, *to prophesy upon.*

ἐπιθετικός, *ἡ, όν*, (ἐπιτιθεμαι) *ready to attack: enterprising.*

ἐπι-θητος, *ov*, (ἐπιτιθήμι) *added, annexed: fetched, foreign.* II. as *Subst.*, ἐπιθητον, *τό, an epithet.*

ἐπι-θέω, *f. -θεύσομαι*, *to run upon or at: to run after, chase, pursue.*

ἐπιθήκη, *ἡ*, (ἐπιτιθήμι) *an addition, accession: something given in or over in a bargain.*

ἐπι-θήμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιτιθήμι) *anything put on, a cover, lid:*

ἐπι-θοάζω, *f. σω*, *to sit as a suppliant at an altar, to pray the gods for aid: cf. θοάζω.*

ἐπιθορεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιθώρωσκω.*

ἐπι-θορυβέω, *f. ἤσω*, *to shout in token of approval.*

ἐπι-θράσσω *Att.* -πτω, *contr. for ἐπιπαράσσω.*

ἐπι-θραύω, *f. σω*, *to break besides.*

ἐπιθρέξας, *aor. I part. of ἐπιπρέχω.*

ἐπι-θρώσκω, *f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέθορον*—*to spring or leap upon, c. gen.: c. dat. to insult over: absol., τόσσον ἐπιθρώσκουσι so far do they bound.*

ἐπι-θύμω, *f. ἤσω*, (ἐπί, θυμός) *to set one's heart upon a thing, lust after, desire eagerly.* Hence

ἐπιθύμημα, *ατος, τό*, *the object of desire; and*

ἐπιθύμησις, *ews, ἡ*, *a longing desire; and*

ἐπιθύμητής, *ου, ό*, *one who desires: a lover; and*

ἐπιθύμητικός, *ἡ, όν*, *desiring, coveting.* Adv. -κώς.

ἐπιθυμία, *ἡ*, (ἐπιθυμῶ) *a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.*

ἐπι-θυμιάμα, *ατος, τό*, *an incense-offering: from*

ἐπι-θυμιάω, *f. άσω [α]*, *to offer incense.*

ἐπι-θύνω, *to aim straight at: to direct, govern.*

ἐπι-θύω, *f. -θύσω [ῶ]*, *to offer sacrifice upon or after: —to offer sacrifice, offer.*

ἐπι-θύω, *f. -θύσω [ῶ]*, *to rush eagerly at.* 2. *c. inf. to strive vehemently to do, desire or long to do, (v. θύω B.)*

ἐπι-θωρακίζομαι, *Med.* *to put on one's armour.*

ἐπι-θούσσω, *f. ζω*, *to shout or call out.*

ἐπι-ιδμων, *ονος, ό*, = ἐπιστώω.

ἐπι-ίζομαι, *Ion.* for ἐφέζομαι.

ἐπι-ιστωρ, *οπος, ό*, *ἡ*, *acquainted with, knowing.*

ἐπι-καθαίρω, *f. ἤσω*, *to pull down besides.*

ἐπι-καθέζομαι, *f. -εδούμαι, Pass.* *to sit down upon.*

ἐπι-κάθημαι *Ion.* -κάπημαι, *to sit upon: to press upon, be heavy upon.* II. *to sit down against a place, besiege it.*

ἐπι-καθίζω, *f. ίσω*, *to set upon.* II. *intr. to sit upon.*

ἐπι-καινώ, *f. ώσω*, *to innovate upon.*

ἐπι-καίριος, *ov*, (ἐπί, καιρός) *in due season, reasonable, opportune: important, critical; οἱ ἐπικαίριοι the chief persons.*

ἐπι-καίρος, *ov*, = ἐπικαίριος: *c. gen. fit, proper, convenient for a thing.*

ἐπι-καίω *Att.* -κάω: *f. κούσω*—*to light or kindle on a place: to burn on an altar.*

ἐπι-καλέω, *f. έσω*, *to call on, appeal to, adjure.* II. *to call in addition, give a surname to:—Pass. to be called by surname.* III. *to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge.* IV. *Med. to call to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to challenge, Lat. provocare.* 2. *to summon before one.*

ἐπικάλυμμα, *ατος, τό*, *a cover, covering: a veil, cloak, means of hiding.* From

ἐπι-καλύπτω, *f. ψω*, *to cover up, shroud, bide.* II. *to put over.* Hence

ἐπικάλυψις, *ews, ἡ*, *a covering, concealment.*

ἐπικαμπή, *ἡ*, (ἐπικάμπω) *a bend: the angle of a building; ἐπικαμπήν ποιέσθαι to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.*

ἐπικαμπής, *és, curved, curling.* From

ἐπι-κάμπω, *f. ψω*, *to bend into an angle:—Pass. to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.*

ἐπι-καμπύλος, *ov*, *bent forward.*

ἐπι-κάβρ, (ἐπί, κάρα) Adv. *head-foremost.*

ἐπι-κάριστος, *a, ov*, (ἐπικάρ) *properly on the head, head forwards.* II. *opp. to ὀρθιος, crosswise, at an angle; τὰ ἐπικάρσια the country measured along the coast, opp. to τὰ ὀρθια (measured inwards at right angles to the coast): c. gen., τριήρεις τοῦ Πόντου ἐπικάρσισαι triremes forming an angle with the current of the Pontus.*

ἐπι-καταβαίνω, *f. -βήσομαι*, *to go down to or upon a place.* II. *to go down after or against.*

ἐπι-καταβάλλω, *f. -βάλω*, *to let fall down.*

ἐπι-κατάγω, *to bring down to land besides:—Pass. to come to land with or afterwards.*

ἐπι-καταδραβάνω, *f. -δραβήσομαι: aor. 2 -έδραβον: —to fall asleep at or upon.*

ἐπι-κατακλύζω, f. -ύσω, to overflow besides.
 ἐπι-κατακοιμάομαι, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place.
 ἐπι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to catch up, overtake.
 ἐπι-καταμένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay yet longer.
 ἐπι-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to throw oneself upon.
 ἐπι-κατάρτιος, ov, yet more accursed.
 ἐπι-καταρριπτέω and -τω, to throw down after or upon.
 ἐπι-κατασφάζω and -ττω, f. ζω, to slay upon or over.
 ἐπι-καταψεύδομαι, Dep. to tell lies in addition.
 ἐπικατ'ιδάρθων, aor. 2 of ἐπικαταδαρθάνω.
 ἐπι-κατείδον, inf. -κατιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf. εἶδον.
 ἐπι-κάτεμι, inf. -κατιέμαι, to go down upon or into.
 ἐπι-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to detain still.
 ἐπι-καυτος, ov, (ἐπικαῖω) burnt at the end, Lat. *praeustus*.
 ἐπι-κάω, Att. for ἐπι-καίω. [ᾶ]
 ἐπι-κειμαι, inf. -κεισθαί, serving as Pass. of ἐπιτίθημι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or closed.
 2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie over against; αἱ ἐπικείμενα νῆσοι the islands off the coast.
 3. to bang over, impend. II. to press heavily upon: to press upon, be urgent. III. of penalties, to be laid on, imposed. IV. to have on one.
 ἐπι-κέρω, f. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω:—to cut down, mow down. II. metaph. to cut short, buffle.
 ἐπικεκλόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.
 ἐπικεκλιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπικλίω.
 ἐπι-κελεύω, f. ἦσω, to shout in applause, to cheer.
 ἐπικέλευσις, εως, ἡ, cheering, exhortation.
 ἐπι-κελεύω, also in Med. ἐπι-κελεύομαι, to exhort and encourage, cheer on.
 ἐπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλωσ:—to run aground or ashore, of ships. 2. intrins. to come to land, come ashore.
 ἐπι-κέλομαι, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.
 ἐπι-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur.
 ἐπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπεκέρᾶσα Ep. -έκησα:—to mix in, pour in again.
 ἐπι-κέρδια, ov, τά, (ἐπί, κέρδος) profit on traffic.
 ἐπι-κερτομέω, f. ἦσω, to jeer at, insult, tease.
 ἐπι-κίσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 impf. of ἐπιφικέομαι.
 ἐπι-κεύθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ σ' ἐπικέυσω I will not hide it from thee.
 ἐπι-κῆδειος, ov, (ἐπί, κῆδος) of or at a burial.
 ἐπι-κηρυκεία, ἡ, (ἐπι-κηρυκεύομαι) the sending a herald or embassy to treat for peace.
 ἐπι-κηρυκεία, atos, τό, a message or demand by herald. From
 ἐπι-κηρυκεύομαι, Dep. to send a message by a herald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.
 ἐπι-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ζω:—to announce, proclaim; ἀργύριον ἐπι-κηρύσσειν τινί or ἐπί τινι to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.
 ἐπι-κίδνημι, to spread over:—Pass. ἐπικιδνάμαι, to

be extended, spread over; ὅσον τ' ἐπικιδνάται ἡώς far as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres.
 ἐπι-κινδίνος, ov, in danger, precarious, insecure. II. dangerous. Adv. -νως.
 ἐπι-κίρνημι, poet. and Ion. for ἐπι-κεράννυμι.
 ἐπι-κλάζω, f. -κλάζω, to send forth a sound in answer.
 ἐπι-κλαῖω Att. -κλάω: f. -κλαῖσομαι:—to weep upon or responsively. Hence
 ἐπικλαυτος, ov, tearful.
 ἐπι-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to bend towards:—Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. *frangi animo*.
 ἐπι-κλάω, Att. for ἐπικλαῖω. [ᾶ]
 ἐπι-κλέης, ἐς, (ἐπί, κλέος) famous.
 ἐπι-κλείω (A), f. -κλείσω, to shut up, close.
 ἐπι-κλείω (B), (ἐπί, κλέος) to extol or praise the more.
 ἐπι-κλήζω contr. -κλήζω, Ion. for ἐπι-κλείω (B).
 ἐπικλήμα, atos, τό, (ἐπικαλέω) an accusation.
 ἐπί-κλην, Adv. (ἐπικαλέω) by surname or name.
 ἐπί-κληρος, ov, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst., ἐπικληρος, ἡ, an only daughter and heiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.
 ἐπι-κληρώω, f. ὠσω, to assign by lot.
 ἐπικλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικαλέω) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name:—absol. acc. ἐπικλησιν by surname, by name; but also in name only, nominally. II. a reproach, imputation.
 ἐπικλητος, ov, (ἐπικαλέω) called upon, called in as allies. 2. specially summoned.
 ἐπί-κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπικλίω.
 ἐπικλινήσις, ἐς, (ἐπικλινῆναι) sloping, slanting.
 ἐπί-κλιντρον, τό, a thing to lean on: a couch, arm-chair. From
 ἐπι-κλινώ [ῖ]: f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to lay upon so as to fit:—Pass. to be put to; ἐπι-κεκλιμένοι σανίδες closed doors. II. to bend towards:—Pass. to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass., ἐπι-κεκλιμένους sloping, oblique. III. Pass. to lie over against. 2. to recline at table.
 ἐπι-κλονέω, f. ἦσω, to stir up to commotion.
 ἐπι-κλοπος, ov, (ἐπί, κλοπή) given to stealing, thievish, wily: c. gen., ἐπικλοπος μύθων cunning in speech.
 ἐπι-κλύζω, f. ὠσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to overwhelm, ruin. Hence
 ἐπικλύσις, εως, ἡ, an overflow, flood.
 ἐπι-κλύω, to listen to, hear.
 ἐπι-κλώθω, f. ὠσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates:—so also in Med.
 ἐπι-κνάμπω, Att. for ἐπι-γράμπω.
 ἐπι-κνώω, inf. -κνήν, to scrape or grate upon a thing.
 ἐπι-κνέομαι, Ion. for ἐπι-κνήομαι.
 ἐπι-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ἦσομαι, to fall asleep over.
 ἐπί-κοινος, ov, (ἐπί, κοινός) common to many, promiscuous: neut. pl. ἐπικοίνα as Adv. in common.
 ἐπι-κοινωνέω, f. ἦσω, to communicate with. 2. to share in common with.

ἐπι-κομπάζω, f. σω, to boast besides, add boastingly: to boast or exult in a thing.

ἐπι-κομπέω, f. ἦσω, to add boastingly: to boast of. ἐπίκοπος, ον, (ἐπικόπτω) cut short, lopped.

ἐπι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike upon, to knock down:—Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat. plangi.

ἐπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπος) Epic, of Epic poetry; οἱ ἐπικοί the epic poets.

ἐπι-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to adorn with: to celebrate.

ἐπί-κοτος, ον, angry, vengeful: malicious, malignant.

Ἐπικούρειος, ον, ὄ, (Ἐπικούρος) an Epicurean, a follower of the sect of Epicurus.

ἐπικουρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπίκουρος) to come to aid, to help in war: generally, to help at need; c. dat. rei, νόσους ἐπικουρεῖν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρεῖν τινί τι to keep off from one. Hence

ἐπικούρημα, ατος, τό, help, protection; and

ἐπικούρησις, εως, ἡ, aid, protection.

ἐπικουρία, ἡ, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against, aid, succour, assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

ἐπικουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, auxiliary, allied.

ἐπί-κουρος, ον, (ἐπί, κόπος) helping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally:—οἱ ἐπίκουροι the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

ἐπι-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to lighten: to relieve of a burden. II. to lift up, support. 2. metaph.

to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to puff up, elate.

ἐπι-κραῖω, f. ζω, to shout to or at.

ἐπι-κραῖνω Ep. -κραίανω: f. -κραῖῶν: aor. I ἐπ-ἐκράνα Ep. -έκρηνα, -εκρήνην:—to bring to pass, accomplish, fulfil; νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικρήνω ἐέλδωρ grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to achieve, effect.

ἐπί-κράνον, τό, (ἐπί, κράνον) a covering for the head, a head-dress. II. the capital of a column.

ἐπικράτεια, ἡ, (ἐπικρατής) mastery, dominion. II. a government, dominion, province.

ἐπι-κράτῶ, f. ἦσω, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: absol. to have power. 2. to prevail over: to get possession of, Lat. potiri, c. gen.:—absol. to prevail, conquer.

ἐπικρατέως, overbearingly, impetuously: Adv. of ἐπι-κράτης, ἐς, (ἐπί, κράτος) having control or mastery over a thing: Comp. ἐπικρατέστερος, superior.

ἐπικράτης, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικρατέω) a conquest.

ἐπι-κρεμάννυμι and -ῶ: f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ] Att. κρεμᾶ:—to hang over, cause to impend:—Pass. to overhang, impend over, threaten, Lat. imminere.

ἐπι-κρεμής, ἐς, (ἐπικρεμάννυμι) overhanging.

ἐπικρήνω, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ἐπικραῖνω.

ἐπικρήνει, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐπικραῖνω.

ἐπικρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐπικραῖνυμι.

ἐπι-κρίνω, f. -κρίνῶ, to give judgment upon, decide, determine.

ἐπι-κρίσιον, τό, (ἐπί, κρισιον) the sailyard upon a ship's mast.

ἐπι-κροτέω, f. ἦσω, to rattle on or over.

ἐπί-κροτος, ον, trodden bard, beaten.

ἐπι-κρούω, f. σω, to hammer upon or in. II. to strike or smite upon.

ἐπι-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 -ἐκρύφον:—to throw a covering over:—Med. to disguise:—Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

ἐπι-κρύψος, ον, hidden, secret.

ἐπι-κρώω, f. σω, to caw or croak at one.

ἐπι-κτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain, win besides;

ἐπικτᾶσθαι ἀρχήν to gain additional territory.

ἐπι-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill besides; ἐπικτείνειν τὸν θανάτῳ to slay the slain anew.

ἐπικτήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικτάομαι) fresh gain.

ἐπικτήσις, ον, (ἐπικτάομαι) gained besides or in addition; ἐπικτήτη γῆ acquired land, as the Delta of Egypt; ἐπικτήτη ἡ new or foreign wife; ἐπικτήτοι φίλοι newly acquired friends.

ἐπι-κτύπέω, f. ἦσω, to make a noise upon; ἐπικτυπεῖν τοῖν ποδῶν to stamp with the feet: to resound with.

ἐπι-κυδής, ἐς, (ἐπί, κύδος) glorious: brilliant.

ἐπι-κῦττω, to impregnate again:—Pass. to become doubly pregnant.

ἐπι-κυκλέω, f. ἦσω, to come round in turn to.

ἐπι-κυλινδῶ, f. -κυλίσω [ῖ]: aor. I -εκυλίσω:—Pass., aor. I -εκυλίσην:—to roll down upon.

ἐπι-κυμαίνω, to flow in waves over.

ἐπι-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself over, to stoop down.

ἐπι-κῦρῶ and -κῦρῶ: f. -κῦρῆω and -κῦρῶ: aor. I -εκῦρῆσα and -έκῦρσα: to fall or light upon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in.

ἐπι-κῦρῶ, f. ῶσω, (ἐπί, κύρος) to confirm, ratify: to determine.

ἐπικύρσας, aor. I part. of ἐπικυρέω.

ἐπί-κυρτος, ον, (ἐπί, κυρτός) bumpybacked. Hence ἐπι-κυρτώ, f. ῶσω, to bend forward.

ἐπι-κυψέλιος, ον, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-bives.

ἐπι-κωκίω, f. ῶσω [ῶ], to lament over.

ἐπικώλυσις, εως, ἡ, a binderance. From

ἐπι-κωλύω, f. ῶσω [ῶ], to hinder, keep in check.

ἐπι-κωμάω, f. ῶσω, to make a riotous assault upon.

ἐπι-κόμιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, κόμιος) of or for a festal procession. 2. laudatory.

ἐπί-κωπος, ον, (ἐπί, κώπη) at the oar, a rower. 2. of a weapon, up to the very bill.

ἐπιλάβεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπιλάβῃ, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping: a handle.

ἐπιλάβόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to receive by lot afterwards. II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards.

ἐπι-λάξωμαι, Dep. to lay hold of, bold tight.

ἐπιλάβεσθαι, ἐπιλάβωμαι, aor. 2 med. inf. and subj. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον: pf. -έληφα:—to lay bold of, seize, attack. 2. to overtake, interrupt; νυκτὸς ἐπιλαβούσης τὸ ἔργον. 3.

to attain to, reach, over-live. 4. to seize and stop;

ἐπιλαμβάνειν τῆς ὁπίω ὕδου *to hinder from getting back.* II. metaph., πολλὴν χῶρον ἐπιλαβάνειν *to get over much ground.* B. *fisher-m.*, with pf. pass. ἐπέιλημαι, *to bold oneself on by, lay bold of*; ἐπιλαμβάνειν προφάσιον *to lay bold of a pretext.* 2. *to attack* :—*to seize upon, arrest* :—*to get possession of, obtain* : *to come up to, reach.* Hence ἐπίλαμπτος, *ov*, Ion. for ἐπιληπτος, *caught, detected.* ἐπι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, *to shine after or upon*; ἐπιλαμψάσῃς ἡμέρας *when day had dawned.* ἐπι-λανθάνω, *aor. 2* ἐπέλαθον, *to escape notice, be bidden.* II. ἐπιληθάνω, *f. -λήσω*: *aor. I* -έλησα: *Causal, to make to forget.* III. Med. ἐπιλανθάνομαι, *fut. -λήσομαι*, with pf. 2 act. -λέληθα, and pf. pass. -λέλησμαι, *to forget*; ὄφειλαν ἐπιλέληθα *I forgot that I owed*:—*Pass.*, *aor. I* -ελησθημι *to be forgotten.* ἐπι-λαῦσος, *εως, ἡ*, Dor. for ἐπίλησις. ἐπι-λαείνω, *f. -λαῖνῶ*, *to smoothe over*; *aor. I* part., ἐπιλεήνας τὴν Ξέρξω γράμην *having smoothened over the opinion of Xerxes, i. e. making it plausible.* ἐπι-λέγω, *f. ξω*, *to say in addition, to add further.* 2. *to call by name.* II. *to choose, pick out, select*: so also in Med.:—*Pass.*, ἐπιλεγόμενοι *or ἐπιλεγόμενοι chosen men.* III. in Med. also, *to read.* 2. *to think over, consider.* ἐπι-λείβω, *f. ψω*, *to pour upon, make a libation over.* ἐπι-λείπω, *f. ψω*: *aor. 2* ἐπέλιπον: *pf.* ἐπέλειπα: *Pass.*, 3 s'ng. plqpf. ἐπελέλειπτο:—*to leave behind one.* II. *to fail one*, like Lat. *deficere*; ὕδωρ μὴ ἐπέλειπε *the water failed him*; ἐπιλείπει με ὁ χρόνος *time fails me*: *of rivers, ἐπιλείπειν τὸ ρέεθρον, to have their stream failing, to be dried up*; and so without ρέεθρον, *to fail*: *absol. to fail, lack, be wanting.* Hence ἐπιλείψω, *εως, ἡ*, *failure, lack.* ἐπιλεκτος, *ov*, (ἐπιλέγω) *chosen, picked*; οἱ ἐπιλεκτοὶ *picked soldiers.* ἐπιλέθημαι, *pf. pass. of ἐπιλανθάνω.* ἐπι-λέπω, *f. ψω*, *to peel, strip of its bark.* ἐπι-λεύσσω, *to look towards, see before one.* ἐπι-ληθάνω, *see ἐπιλανθάνω* II. ἐπιληθός, *ov*, (ἐπιλανθάνω) *causing forgetfulness.* ἐπι-λήθομαι, *poët.* for ἐπιλανθάνομαι, *to forget.* ἐπι-ληΐς, *ἴδος, ἡ*, (ἐπί, λεία) *obtained as plunder.* ἐπι-ληκτός, *f. ἡσω*, *to shout in applause.* ἐπι-λήνιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, ληνός) *of a winepress or the vintage.* ἐπιληπτος, *ov*, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) *caught, detected.* ἐπιλησις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) *forgetfulness.* ἐπιλησμονή, *ἡ*, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) *forgetfulness.* ἐπιλησμων, *ov*, *gen. ovos*, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) *forgetful, having a bad memory*:—*Comp.* ἐπιλησμονέστερος: *irreg. Sup.* ἐπιλησμότατος. ἐπιλήσσομαι, *fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.* ἐπιληψία, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) *a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.* ἐπι-λίγδην, *Adv.* *grazing, scratching.*

ἐπι-λιμνάζομαι, *Pass.* *to be flooded.* ἐπι-λίνευτής, *οὐ, ὁ*, (ἐπί, λινεύω) *one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.* ἐπ-λλίξω, (ἐπί, ἴλλος) *to wink with the eyes, to make signs by winking.* ἐπι-λογίζομαι: *fut. ἴσομαι* Att. ἴομαι: *aor. I* -ελογισάμην and -ελογίσθην: *pf.* -λελόγισμαι: *Dep.*:—*to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of.* ἐπιλογος, *ὁ*, (ἐπιλέγω) *a conclusion, inference.* II. *the concluding speech of a play, epilogue: the peroration of a speech.* ἐπι-λογχος, *ov*, (ἐπί, λόγχη) *barbed.* ἐπιλοιπός, *ov*, (ἐπιλείπω) *still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.* ἐπί-λουτρον, *τό*, *the price of a bath.* ἐπι-λύπεω, *f. ἡσω*, *to trouble, grieve besides.* Hence ἐπιλυπία, *ἡ*, *trouble, grief.* ἐπι-λύπος, *ov*, (ἐπί, λύπη) *troubled, grieved.* ἐπι-λύσις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐπιλύω) *a release.* ἐπι-λύω, *f. ἴσω*, *to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release.* 2. *to solve, explain.* ἐπι-λωβέω, *f. σω*, (ἐπί, λώβη) *to mock at.* ἐπι-μάζιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, μαζίος) *at the breast.* ἐπι-μαίνομαι, *Pass.*, with *aor. 2* -εμάνην [ᾶ], *aor. I* med. -εμνήαμην, *pf. act.* -μέμηνα:—*to be mad after, dote upon: to be passionately in love with.* ἐπι-μαίομαι, *fut.* -μάσομαι *Ep.* -μάσσομαι: *Ep. aor. I* -εμασσάμην: *Dep.*:—*to strive after, endeavour to obtain, aim at.* II. *c. acc.* *to lay bold of, grasp: also to touch, feel.* ἐπι-μᾶλλον, *Adv.* *for ἐπὶ μᾶλλον, still more.* ἐπιμανδαλοντόν, *τό*, (ἐπί, μανδαλοντός) *a wanton kiss.* ἐπι-μανθάνω, *f.* -μάθησομαι, *to learn besides or after.* ἐπι-μαρτυρέω, *f. ἡσω*, *to bear witness or depose to a thing.* Hence ἐπιμαρτυρία, *ἡ*, *a witness, testimony.* ἐπι-μαρτύρομαι, *Dep.* *to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to*: *absol. to call witnesses, call in evidence.* 2. *to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lat. obtestari.* 3. *to declare before witnesses.* Hence ἐπι-μαρτύρος, *ὁ*, *a witness to anything.* ἐπι-μαρτυς, *gen.* -ἴρος, *ὁ*, = ἐπιμαρτυρος. ἐπιμασσόμενος, *Ep. fut. of ἐπιμαίομαι.* ἐπι-μᾶσσω, *f. ξω*, *to knead again*:—*Med.* *to stroke.* ἐπι-μαστίδιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, μαστός) *at the breast.* ἐπιμαστος, *ov*, (ἐπιμαίομαι) *seeking after or for.* ἐπιμαχέω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἐπιμαχος) *to fight for one.* Hence ἐπιμαχία, *ἡ*, *a defensive alliance.* ἐπι-μάχος, *ov*, (ἐπί, μάχομαι) *that may easily be attacked, assailable, open to attack.* ἐπιμεδιάω, *f. ἴσω* [ᾶ], and -μεδιάω, *f. ἡσω*:—*to smite at or upon.* ἐπιμεῖναι, *aor. I* inf. of ἐπιμένω. ἐπιμέλεια, *ἡ*, (ἐπιμέλῃς) *care, attention, diligence*; ἐπιμέλειά τινας *attention paid to a thing.* ἐπι-μελέομαι and ἐπι-μέλομαι: *Dep.* with *fut. med.* -μελήσομαι, *aor. I* -εμελήσάμην; also with *fut. pass.* -μελήθησομαι, *aor. I* -εμελήθην: (ἐπί, μέλομαι):—

to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, cultivate, c. gen.: also c. acc. et inf. to take care that. Hence

ἐπιμέλημα, atos, τό, an object of care, a care.

ἐπι-μελής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μέλομαι) caring for, anxious about: absol. careful, attentive. II. pass. cared for, an object of care: esp. in neut., as, ἐπιμελές τῷ

Κύρῳ ἐγένετο it was a care to Cyrus; ἐπιμελές μοί ἐστί I have to care for it; τὸ ἐπιμελές τοῦ δρωμένου the charge of the execution of orders.

ἐπιμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐπιμελόμαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

ἐπιμελητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐπιμελόμαι) one who is in charge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

ἐπι-μέλομαι, Dep. = ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπι-μέλω, f. ψω, to sing to.

ἐπιμελῶς, Adv. of ἐπιμελής, carefully.

ἐπιμενημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπι-μίμονα, Ion. and poet. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to aim at, desire.

ἐπι-μίμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

ἐπιμεμψις, εως, ἡ, blame, complaint.

ἐπι-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐπέμνενα:—to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in a pursuit. 3. to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. acc.

ἐπι-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides, send for a reinforcement.

ἐπι-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure out to, assign to:—Pass., ὁ ἐπιμετρούμενος σίτρος the corn measured out. II. to measure out or pay in addition.

ἐπί-μετρον, τό, something added to the measure, excess.

ἐπι-μήδομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Ἐπι-μηθεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, μήδος) Epimetheus, i. e. After-thought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-thought.

ἐπι-μηθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μήδος) thoughtful.

Ἐπι-μηλίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, (ἐπί, μήλα) Nymphs protectors of flocks.

ἐπι-μηνιος, on, (ἐπί, μῆν) monthly: τὰ ἐπιμηνια (sub. ἱερά) monthly offerings.

ἐπι-μηνίω, f. ἰσῶ [ι], to be angry at or with.

ἐπι-μηχανόμαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions. II. to devise besides.

ἐπι-μηχανός, on, (ἐπί, μηχανή) craftily devising; κακῶν ἐπιμηχανὸς ἔργων contriver of ill deeds.

ἐπι-μίγνυμι and -ῶ, fut. -μίξω:—to mix in or with:—Pass. ἐπιμίγνυμαι, to mingle with, to have intercourse or dealings with.

ἐπι-μυμήσκω, f. -μήσω, to put in mind of. II. Pass. and Med. ἐπι-μυμήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι and -μνησθήσομαι; aor. I -εμνήσαμην and -εμνήσθησεν:—to remember, recall to mind, think of; ἐπιμνησαίμεθα χάριμς let us think of battle. II. later, to make mention of: also to quote.

ἐπι-μίμνω, poet. for ἐπιμένω.

ἐπιμίξ, Adv. (ἐπιμίγνυμι) mixedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ἐπιμύξια Ion. -ῆ, (ἐπιμίγνυμι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

ἐπί-μύξις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιμύξια.

ἐπι-μύσσω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπι-μίγνυμι, to have dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

ἐπιμύδομαι, -μνώμαι, Ion. for ἐπιμυμήσκομαι.

ἐπιμνησαίμεθα, 1 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπιμυμήσκω.

ἐπιμνησθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιμυμήσκω.

ἐπι-μοιχέω, f. σω, to commit adultery besides.

ἐπι-μολύνω, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβλώσκω. Hence ἐπί-μολος, on, approaching, invading.

ἐπιμομφή, ἡ, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blame, reproach.

ἐπιμομφος, on, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blameable, unlucky.

ἐπιμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on: delay.

ἐπι-μύζω, f. ζω, to mutter or murmur at.

ἐπι-μύθος, on, (ἐπί, μῦθος) coming after the story; τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

ἐπι-μυκτος, on, (ἐπιμύζω) scoffed at.

ἐπι-μύσσω Att. -ττω, = ἐπιμύζω, to mutter.

ἐπι-μύω, f. -μύσω [ῶ], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

ἐπι-μωμάομαι Ion. -έομαι, Dep. to find fault with. Hence

ἐπιμωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, blameworthy, blameable.

ἐπί-μωμος, on, blamed, blameworthy.

ἐπι-μώμος, Dor. for ἐπιμαίομαι.

ἐπι-νάχομαι, Dor. for ἐπινήχομαι.

ἐπί-νελον, τό, (ἐπί, ναῦς) a sea-port for the navy, arsenal.

ἐπι-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and -νεμήσω: aor. I -ένειμα:—to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle

to graze on another's land:—Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πῦρ ἐπινέμεται τὸ ἄστυ the fire spreads over the town; so, ἡ νύστος ἐπενείματο τὰς Ἀθήνας.

ἐπινενησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύσομαι, fut. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ένευσα:—to nod for wards. II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding. III. to incline to or towards.

ἐπι-νέφελος, on, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast.

ἐπι-νεφρίδιος, on, (ἐπί, νεφρίς) upon the kidneys.

ἐπι-νέω (A), f. νήσω, to spin to, esp. of the Fates.

ἐπι-νέω (B), = ἐπινηνέω, to load with a thing: pf. part. pass., ἐπινενησμένος piled up with.

ἐπι-νέω (C), f. -νεύσομαι, to swim, float on the top.

ἐπι-νήϊος, on, (ἐπί, ναῖς) on board ship.

ἐπι-νηνέω, (ἐπί, νέω) to heap or pile upon.

ἐπι-νήφω, to be sober at or for.

ἐπι-νήχομαι, f. -νήξομαι, Dep. to swim upon: to come to the top, float on the surface. 2. to swim to or over to.

ἐπι-νίκιος, on, (ἐπί, νίκη) of victory. II. as

Subst. τὸ ἐπίνικιον (sub. ᾄσμα or μέλος), a song of victory, triumphal song or ode. 2. (sub. θύμα), a feast in honour of a victory.

ἐπίνικος, ον, = ἐπίνικος.

ἐπίνισσομαι, fut. -νισσομαι, to go over: come upon.

ἐπίνιψω, to snow upon. [νῖ]

ἐπίνοέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπενόησα, but also with aor.

I pass. ἐπενόηθην in same sense:—to think on or of, contrive. 2. c. inf. to purpose, intend. 3. absol.

to form a plan, design. Hence

ἐπίνοια, ἡ, a thinking of or over a thing, thought:

power of thought, inventiveness. 2. a purpose, design.

II. after-thought.

ἐπινόημα, Dor. I pl. impf. of πίνω.

ἐπινομία, ἡ, (ἐπινέμομαι) a grazing on another's lands: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the citizens of two neighbouring states.

ἐπίνομος, ον, (ἐπινέμομαι) dwelling in the country.

ἐπί-νυκτιος, ον, (ἐπί, νύξ) by night, nightly.

ἐπι-νυμφίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νύμφα) of or for a bride, bridal.

ἐπίνυσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick on the surface.

ἐπι-νυστάζω, f. σω and ξω, to drop asleep over.

ἐπι-νυστάω, f. ἤσω, to bring or apply to. II. to distribute, assign.

ἐπι-νωτίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπι-νωτίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, νῶτον) to put on the back of, to cover with.

ἐπι-νώτιος, ον, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπι-ξανθός, ον, inclining to yellow, tawny, of hares.

ἐπι-ξενιώω, f. ὦσω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπιξενίω.

ἐπι-ξενίω, f. ὦσω, (ἐπί, ξένος) to entertain as a guest:

—Pass. to be so entertained, to dwell abroad. 2. Med., ἐπιξενούμαι ταῦτα I claim these offices as a stranger.

ἐπι-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to scrape on the surface.

ἐπι-ξήνον, τό, (ἐπί, ξηνός) a chopping-block, like ἐκικόπανον: the executioner's block.

ἐπι-ξυνός, ον, poet. for ἐπικόινος, common to many;

ἐπίξυνος ἀρουρα a common field, i. e. in which many persons have rights.

ἐπι-οίνιος, (ἐπί, οἶνος) at or over wine.

ἐπι-οινοχοεύω, f. σω, to pour out wine for.

ἔπιον, aor. 2 of πίνω.

ἐπι-όπτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for ἐπόπτης.

ἐπιόρκος, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπιόρκησα: (ἐπίορκος):—to swear falsely, forswear oneself, πρὸς δαίμονος by a deity; τὰς βασιλείας ἰστίαις ἐπιόρκειν to swear falsely by the royal hearth. Hence

ἐπιόρκια, ἡ, a false oath, Lat. perjuria.

ἐπι-ορκός, ον, (ἐπί, ὄρκος) swearing falsely, forsworn, Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; ἐπιόρκον ὀμνύναι to swear falsely; also, ἐπίορκον ἐπομνύναι to swear a bootless oath.

ἐπι-ορκοσύνη, ἡ, = ἐπιόρκια.

ἐπι-όσσομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄσσει) to have before one's eyes, foresee.

ἐπι-οὔρος, ὁ, (ἐπί, οὔρος) a watcher, guard: c. dat., Κρήτη ἐπιούρος guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen., ἰῶν ἐπιούρος chief swine-herd.

ἐπι-οὔσα, ἡ, part. pres. fem. of ἐπειμι (εἰμι ἰβο), the coming day (sub. ἡμέρα). Hence

ἐπιούσιος, ον, for the coming day, sufficient for the day; ἐπιούσιος ἄρτος daily bread.

ἐπι-όφομαι, poet. for ἐπόφομαι.

ἐπι-παγχῦ, Adv. entirely, altogether.

ἐπι-πάλλω, to brandish at or against.

ἐπι-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, πέπαιμι pf. of πάωμαι) Dor. for ἐπίκληρον, falling to one's share.

ἐπι-παν, Adv. upon the whole, generally, on the average.

ἐπι-παρᾶναι, to bear up besides.

ἐπι-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides:—Med. to provide oneself with besides.

ἐπι-πάρειμι, inf. -εἶναι, to be present at or near. II. to be present besides or in addition to.

ἐπι-πάρειμι, inf. -εἶναι, to come upon in flank, to march alongside of. III. to come on to assist.

III. to come forward to speak.

ἐπι-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πάσω [ᾶ]:—to sprinkle upon or over. Hence

ἐπι-πάστος, ον, sprinkled on or over:—τὸ ἐπίπαστον a kind of cake with comfits upon it: also a plaster.

ἐπι-πατάγω, f. ἤσω, to make a noise at.

ἐπι-πέδος, ον, (ἐπί, πέδον) on the ground, or on a level with it, level, flat; ἐν ἐπιπέδῳ on a level:—irreg. Comp. ἐπιπεδέστερος.

ἐπι-πειθής, ἐς, obedient, compliant. From

ἐπι-πέθομαι, f. -πέσομαι, Pass. to be persuaded, yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply with, obey.

ἐπι-πέλομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, πέλω) to come towards, approach; Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part., ἐπιπλόμενον ἔτος the coming year.

ἐπι-περπτός, ον, containing 1 and $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$; δάνεισμα ἐπιπερπτον a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ of the principal, or 20 per cent.

ἐπι-πέμψω, f. ψω, to send after or again. 2. of the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon. II.

to send besides: to send by way of supply. Hence

ἐπίπεμψος, εως, ἡ, a sending to a place.

ἐπιπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπέπωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίνω.

ἐπι-περκάζω, to begin to turn dark, of grapes ripening.

ἐπι-περκός, ον, somewhat dark, properly of grapes ripening; then of the colour of hares.

ἐπιπεροῦμαι, fut. med. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπερῶν, οὔσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπι-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω, to spread over.

ἐπι-πέταμοι or -πέτόμοι, only found in aor. 2 ἐπεπτάμην or ἐπεπτόμην: Dep. :—to fly over: metaph. to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.

ἐπι-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix upon. 2. to make to freeze at top:—Pass. to congeal.

ἐπι-πηδάω, f. ἤσομαι, to spring upon, rush at.

ἐπι-πηχῦς, υ, (ἐπί, πήχυσ) above the elbow.

ἐπι-πιέζω, f. σω, to press upon.

ἐπι-πλάναμαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., to approach, come near.

ἐπι-πύπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill up with a thing.
ἐπι-πίνω, f. -πίομαι; pf. -πέπωκα: aor. 2 -έπιον;—to drink afterwards or besides: to tope after dinner.

ἐπι-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι; pf. -πέπτωκα: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall upon: also in hostile sense, to fall upon, attack: of accidents, to befall one.

ἐπιπλα (contr. from ἐπίπλα), τά, implements, furniture, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. *supellex*.

ἐπι-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω, to make to wander over, to drive about:—Pass. with fut. med. -πλάγξομαι: aor. I pass. ἐπιπλάγχθη, to wander about over.

ἐπιπλάσας, aor. I part. of ἐπιπλάσσω.

ἐπι-πλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]:—to spread a plaster on, smear over. Hence

ἐπίπλαστος, on, plastered over:—feigned, false.

ἐπιπλαγχεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιπλάζω.

ἐπι-πλείον, Adv. = ἐπιπλέον.

ἐπί-πλειος, on, Ep. for ἐπίπλεος.

ἐπι-πλείων, on, gen. onos, still more.

ἐπι-πλέκω, f. ζω, to plait in/a a chaplet.

ἐπι-πλέον, Adv., for ἐπὶ πλεόν, still more.

ἐπί-πλεος, a, on, Att. ἐπίπλεως, on, (ἐπί, πλέος) quite full of a thing.

ἐπίπλευσις, εως, ἡ, a sailing against; ἐπίπλευσιν εἶχεν to have the power of sailing against, to have the weather gage. From

ἐπι-πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. ἐπιπλώω, f. -πλώσω: Ep. aor. 2 ἐπέπλων, part. ἐπιπλῶς:—to sail upon or over: to float upon. II. to sail against, to attack with a fleet.

III. to sail on board a ship: to sail with or in charge of.

ἐπί-πλεως, on, Att. for ἐπίπλεος.

ἐπι-πληρώω, f. ώσω, to fill up; Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι τὴν ναῦν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresh.

ἐπι-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to strike at: of words, to rebuke, reprove: to cast a reproach upon: to cast in one's teeth.

ἐπί-πλοα, τά, fuller form of ἐπιπλα: properly neut. of ἐπίπλοος, on, an Adj. formed from ἐπί, as ἀπλοος from ἄμα, δίπλοος from δῖς.

ἐπιπλόμενος, Ep. for ἐπιπελόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπέλομαι.

ἐπίπλοον, τό, (ἐπιπλέω) the caul of the entrails, Lat. *omentum*: also ἐπίπλοος, ό.

ἐπίπλοος contr. ἐπίπλους, ό, (ἐπιπλέω) a sailing against the enemy, bearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet. 2. a naval expedition against a place.

ἐπι-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πλώω, part. of ἐπέπλων, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πλώσας, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πνέω, Ep. for ἐπιπνέω.

ἐπι-πνέω Ep. -πνέω: fut. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐπέπνευσα:—to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive:—metaph. to excite, inflame: to blow favourably, to favour, Lat. *adsipiro*.

ἐπι-πνίγω, to choke, stifle. [πνί]

ἐπίπνοα, ἡ, (ἐπιπνοα) a breathing upon: inspiration.

ἐπι-πόδιος, a, on, (ἐπί, πούς) upon the feet.

ἐπι-ποθέω, f. ἦσω, to yearn or long after, regret greatly, Lat. *desidero*. Hence

ἐπιπόθησις, εως, ἡ, a yearning after: and ἐπιπόθητος, on, longed for, earnestly desired: and ἐπι-ποθή, ἡ, = ἐπιπόθησις.

ἐπι-ποιμήν, ό, ἡ, an over shepherd or shepherdess.

ἐπιπολάζω, f. σω, (ἐπιπολή) to be at the top, lie on the surface. II. to rise to the top: metaph. to be uppermost, to prevail.

ἐπι-πόδαίος, on, on the surface: prominent, projecting. 2. superficial, ordinary. From

ἐπι-πολή, ἡ, (ἐπί, πέλω) a surface: gen. ἐπιπολής, as Adv., at the top, atop: c. gen. on the top of, above. II. αἱ Ἐπιπολαί, a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.

ἐπι-πόλιος, on, growing boary, grizzled.

ἐπί-πολος, = πρόσπολος, an attendant.

ἐπι-πολύ, Adv., for ἐπὶ πολύ, generally.

ἐπι-πονεύω, f. ἦσω, to toil on, persevere.

ἐπί-πονός, on, painful, toilsome: wearisome: of persons, laborious, rains-taking: of omens, portending toil and suffering. Adv. ἐπιπόνως, Lat. *aegré*, with toil and trouble, Sup. ἐπιπονώτατα.

ἐπι-πορεύομαι: f. med. -πεύσομαι, aor. I pass. -επορεύθη: Dep.:—to go, march to to march over.

ἐπι-πορπάμα, ματος, τό, (ἐπί, πορπάω) a manile buckled on the shoulder.

ἐπι-ποτάομαι, Dep., lengthd. for ἐπιπέτομαι, to fly to or hover over.

ἐπι-πρέπω, to be conspicuous. 2. to beseech, be besitting.

ἐπι-πρεβέσομαι, Dep. to go as ambassador any whither. 2. to send an embassy.

ἐπι-πρηύνω, Ion. for ἐπι-πραύνω, = πραύνω.

ἐπι-πρώω [ῖ], to grind [the teeth] at a thing.

ἐπι-προβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw forward.

ἐπιπροέκκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπιπροήκμι.

ἐπιπροέμειν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπροήκμι.

ἐπι-προϊάλλω, f. ἄλῶ: aor. I -προίηλα:—to set out or place before one. 2. to send out one before or after another.

ἐπι-προήκμι, fut. -προήσω: aor. I -προήκα Ep. -ἤκα:—to send forth towards or at: to shoot at.

II. ἠθροισιν ἐπιπροέκκε [ναῦν] he steered, made for them.

ἐπί-προσθεν, rarely -θε, Adv. of Time and Place, before: also in preference to.

ἐπι-προσθέω (A), f. -θεύσομαι, to run at or to.

ἐπιπροσθέω (B), f. ἦσω, (ἐπίπροσθεν) to be before, be in the way; ἐπιπροσθεῖν τοῖς πύργους to be in a line with the towers, so as to cover one with the other.

ἐπι-προχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour forth over: to pour forth.

ἐπι-πταίρω: aor. 2 ἐπέπτᾶρον:—to sneeze at; υἱός μοι ἐπέπτᾶρε πᾶσιν ἔπεσιν my son sneezed as I spoke

the words,—a good omen: hence of the gods, *to be kindly to, favour.*

ἐπιπέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπέτομαι.

ἐπιπτύχῃ, ἡ, (ἐπί, πτύσσω) an over-fold, a flap.

ἐπι-πυλόμαι, Dep. *to go about, visit*, Lat. *obire*: of a general, *to inspect, review*: of an enemy, *to reconnoitre*. Hence

ἐπιπύλωσις, εὖς, ἡ, a going round, visitation.

ἐπι-πυτάομαι, = ἐπι-ποτάομαι.

ἐπι-ραβδοφορέω, f. ἦσω, of the rider, *to urge a horse by shaking the whip*; or of the horse, *to gallop*.

ἐπι-ραθυμέω, f. ἦσω, *to be careless about a thing*.

ἐπιρραίνω, *to sprinkle upon or over*.

ἐπι-ράπτω, f. ψω, *to sew, stitch on*.

ἐπι-ράσσω Att. -ττω, Att. for ἐπιρήσσω.

ἐπι-ρέζω, f. ζω, *to offer sacrifices at a place*; ἐπέ-ρεσκον Ion. impf. 2. *to sacrifice afterwards or besides*.

ἐπιρρητής, ἐς, leaning, inclined towards, Lat. *proclivis*. From

ἐπι-ρέπω, f. ψω, *to lean towards, of the balance: to fall upon*. II. trans., ἐπιρρέπειν τάλαντον *to force down one scale: hence to weigh out to one, allot*.

ἐπιρρητός, Adv. of ἐπιρρητής, *favourably inclined*.

ἐπι-ρέω: f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐπερρήνῃ:—*to flow upon the surface, float atop*. 2. *to flow to or into*: of men, *to stream on or towards*; οὐπέρην χρόνος *onward-streaming time, i. e. the future*.

ἐπι-ρήγγυμι, = ἐπιρρήσω.

ἐπι-ρησις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐπί, ῥήσις) a reproach. II. a spell, charm.

ἐπι-ρήσσω, f. -ρήξω: Att. ἐπιρράσσω, f. -ράξω:—*to dash against, force upon or to*; Ion. impf. ἐπιρρήσσκον. 2. *to rend at or on bearing a thing*. II. intr. *to burst forth, of lightning*.

ἐπι-ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ῥήτωρ) *to speak as an orator to or over*.

ἐπι-ρητος, ον, cried out against, infamous.

ἐπι-ρικνος, ον, shrunk up.

ἐπι-ρίπτω and -έω: f. ψω: aor. I -έριψα:—*to cast at or upon*. 2. metaph. *to commit to, give up to*. II. intr. *to fall upon*.

ἐπιρροή, ἡ, (ἐπιρρῶ) an afflux, influx, a flood.

ἐπιρροθεύω, f. ἦσω, *to roar at, of the waves: to echo or answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing: to repeat or second a prayer*: but also, *to inveigh against*. Hence

ἐπι-ροθος, ον, basting to the rescue, aiding: generally, *helping in need, giving aid against*. II. ἐπίρροθα κακά *reproaches bandied back and forwards, abusive language*.

ἐπι-ρουβδέω, f. ἦσω, *to forebode rain by croaking*. Hence

ἐπιρροβδην, Adv. with noisy fury.

ἐπι-ρουζέω, f. ἦσω, *to croak to or at*: c. acc. cognato, ἐπ. φρυγᾶς τιμῆ *to shriek or bode flight to one*.

ἐπιρροεύς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπιρρέω.

ἐπι-ρύζω, f. ζω, (ἐπί, ῥύζω) *to set a dog on one*.

ἐπι-ρύομαι, Dep. *to save, preserve*.

ἐπιρρύτος, ον, (ἐπιρρῶ) flowing in or to: coming in upon, adventitious. 2. metaph. overflowing, abundant.

ἐπι-ρῶννυμι and -ύω: fut. -ρώσω: aor. I -έρρωσα:—*to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing*:—Pass. ἐπιρῶννυμι; but the pf. ἐπέρρωμαι, plqpf. -επέρρωμαι are used as pres. and impf.: aor. I -επέρωσθην:—*to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer*: also in aor. I, impers., κείνοις ἐπερρώσθη λέγειν *they took courage to speak*.

ἐπι-ρώομαι, aor. I -επρωσάμην: Dep.:—*to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing*. II. *to apply one's strength to a thing, work lustily at*; ποσιν ἐπερρώσαντο *they moved nimbly with their feet*.

ἐπιρρωσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπιρῶννυμι.

ἐπι-ρύομαι, v. ἐπιρρῶ.

ἐπίσα, aor. I of πίσιω, *to make to drink*.

ἐπίσαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπισάτω) a pack-saddle: metaph. ἐπίσαγμα νοσήματος *a burden of disease*.

ἐπι-σάτω, f. ζω, *to pile a load upon*. II. *to load or saddle a horse*.

ἐπι-σειώ Ep. ἐπισσειώ: f. σω:—*to shake at or against*. 2. *to wave or beckon on*: hence *to set at or upon one*.

ἐπι-σειώ Ep. ἐπισσειώ:—*to put in motion against one, set on*. II. Pass. *to hurry, hasten towards*: in hostile sense, *to fall upon, rush at, attack*: esp. in pf. ἐπέσειύμαι as pres., and plqpf. ἐπέσειύμαι as impf. or aor. 2, part. ἐπέσειύμενος, *to rush on, hurry, hasten*; ἐπέσειύμενος πεδίοιο *burrying over the plain*: of rapid motion, ἐπέσειυτο διώκεν *be basted on to follow*:—metaph. *to be in excitement or agitation*.

ἐπί-σημα, ατος, τό, device upon a shield.

ἐπι-σημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, *to set a mark or sign upon*:—Pass. *to be marked, bear a mark*. II. *to give a sign of approval*:—Med. *to give one's approval to a thing*.

ἐπί-σημος, ον, (ἐπί, σῆμα) having a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription: of money, stamped, coined. 2. distinguished, famous, remarkable, Lat. insignis: also in bad sense, notorious. II. ἐπίσημον, τό, as Subst. any mark of distinction, a device: *a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or flag of a ship*.

ἐπί-σημοι, for ἐπ' ἴσης [sc. μοίρας], equally.

ἐπι-σίλω, *to set on, as a dog*.

ἐπί-σιμος, ον, (ἐπί, σιμός) somewhat flat-nosed.

ἐπι-σίμων, f. ὦσω, *to turn aside one's course*.

ἐπι-στρίλω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—*to furnish with food*:—Med. *to furnish oneself with food, to forage*: c. acc., ἐπιστρίψαι τὸ στρατεύμα *to provision the army*; ἐπιστρίψαι ἄριστον *to provide oneself with a meal*.

ἐπιστίσιος, εὖς, ἡ, and ἐπιστίσιμα, τό, = sq.

ἐπιστίσιμος, ὁ, (ἐπιστρίψω) a furnishing oneself with provisions: a stock of provisions.

ἐπι-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig superficially.
 ἐπι-σκεδάννυμι, f. άσω [ά], to scatter or spread upon.
 ἐπι-σκελέλιος, εως, ή, (έπί, σκέλος) the first spring or start in a horse's gallop.
 ἐπι-σκεπτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἐπισκέπτομαι, to be considered, examined.
 ἐπι-σκέπτομαι, a pres. only used by late authors, which furnishes a fut. to ἐπισκοπέω.
 ἐπι-σκέπω, to cover over.
 ἐπι-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready: to equip, fit out: ἐπισκευάσαι τὰ χρήματα to pack the money upon. II. to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence
 ἐπισκευαστής, ού, ό, one who restores.
 ἐπι-σκενή, ή, a repair, restoration: materials for repairs, stores.
 ἐπισκέψις, εως, ή, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, inspection. 2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.
 ἐπι-σκηνος, ον, (έπί, σκηνή) at or near a tent.
 ἐπι-σκηνώδης, f. ώσω, to lodge in a tent: generally, to stay, abide at a place.
 ἐπι-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon. II. to enjoin solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τοσούτον σ' ἐπισκήπτω thus much I command thee. III. to prosecute or indict.
 ἐπι-σκιάζω, f. άσω: pf. pass. ἐπεσκίασαι:—to throw a shade upon, overshadow, Lat. obumbrare:—Pass., λαθραῖον ὄμμι ἐπεσκιασμένη keeping a hidden watch.
 ἐπι-σκίος, ον, (έπί, σκιά) overshadowed. 2. act. shading, c. gen.
 ἐπι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέβομαι (from -σκέπτομαι): aor. 1 -εσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμαι:—to look upon or at, inspect, examine: to watch over, pay regard to. 2. to go to see, visit:—Pass., ὀνειρόν οὐκ ἐπισκοπούμενον unvisited by dreams. 3. to consider, reflect. Hence
 ἐπισκοπή, ή, an overseeing: the office of an overseer or bishop: also 2. visitation, punishment.
 ἐπί-σκοπος, ό, (σκοπος 1) an overseer, watcher, guardian:—esp. a public officer sent by the Athenians as inspector or overseer of a subject state:—a bishop. II. a scout, watch.
 ἐπι-σκοπος, ον, (σκοπος 2) biting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. ἐπισκοπα, as Adv., successfully, with good aim.
 ἐπι-σκοτώω, f. ησω, (έπί, σκότος) to throw darkness or a shadow over.
 ἐπι-σκόζομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -σκύσομαι, to be indignant at, brood over.
 ἐπι-σκυθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω, to ply with drink like a Scythian.
 ἐπι-σκυθρωπάζω, f. άσω, to look savage.
 ἐπι-σκύνιον, τό, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like ὄφρυς, Lat. supercilium, used for arrogance, haughtiness.
 ἐπισκύσαιτο, Ep. aor. 1 opt. med. of ἐπισκύζομαι.
 ἐπι-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: absol. to joke, make fun. Hence

ἐπισκωψις, εως, ή, raillery.
 ἐπι-σμάω, inf. -σμήν, f. -σμήσω, to rub or smear over.
 ἐπι-σμηγερός, ά, όν, (έπί, σμηγερός = μογερός) shameful, sad:—Adv. ἐπισμηγερώς, sadly, to his cost.
 ἐπισπαστήρ, ήρος, ό, (ἐπισπάω) the handle by which a door is pulled to. II. a fishing-line, angle.
 ἐπίσπαστος, η, ον, drawn upon oneself. II.
 ἐπίσπαστος βρόχος a tight-drawn noose. From
 ἐπι-σπάω, f. -σπάσω [ά]: to draw or drag after one: to bring on, cause. 2. to draw on, allure, induce: so also in Med. 3. ἐπισπᾶν τὴν θύραν to pull the door to. 4. in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain.
 ἐπισπείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφέπω.
 ἐπι-σπείρω, f. εφῶ, to sow with seed: to sow among.
 ἐπισπέσας, aor. 1 part. of ἐπισπένδω.
 ἐπισπέσις, εως, ή, a libation at a sacrifice. From
 ἐπι-σπένδω, f. σείσω, to pour upon or over: absol. to make a libation. II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.
 ἐπισπερχής, ές, hurried, eager:—Adv. -χῶς. From
 ἐπι-σπέρχω, f. έω, to urge on, baste. II. intr. to hurry on, rage furiously.
 ἐπισπένθεια, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἐφέπω.
 ἐπι-σπείδω, f. ίσω, to urge on, promote, further. II. intr. to baste onward.
 ἐπισπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἐφέπω.
 ἐπισπονδή, ή, (ἐπισπένδομαι) a renewed or renewable truce, mostly in plur.
 ἐπισπορία, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.
 ἐπίσπορος, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) sown afterwards: οἱ ἐπίσποροι posterity.
 ἐπι-σπουδάζω, f. άσω, to urge on, to further. II. intr. to make haste in a thing.
 ἐπίστω, ης, η, ἐπίστωμι, οis, οi, aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ἐφέπω:—ἐπισπῶν, ούσα, όν, aor. 2 part.
 ἐπισπείω, ἐπισσεύω, Ep. for ἐπισείω, ἐπισεύω.
 ἐπίσ-σῦτος, ον, (ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω) hurrying on, rushing, gushing: vehement: also c. acc. rushing upon.
 ἐπίσωτρον, Ep. for ἐπίσωτρον, a tire.
 ἐπίστα, for ἐπίστασα, 2 sing of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπίσταδόν, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) attentively, earnestly.
 ἐπι-στάζω, f. -στάξω, to make to drop upon a thing: ἐπιστάθην χάρην to shed delight or honour.
 ἐπι-σταθιάζομαι, Dep. to weigh well, ponder.
 ἐπι-σταθίος, ον, at, belonging to a lodging or station.
 ἐπί-σταται, 2 pers. ἐπίστασαι poet. ἐπίστᾶ Ion. ἐπίστη: imperat. ἐπίστασο Ion. ἐπίστατο Att. ἐπίστω: impf. ἠπιστάμην Ep. ἐπιστάμην: fut. med. ἐπιστήσομαι: aor. 1 pass. ἠπιστήθην: Dep.: (έπί, ἴστημι). I. c. inf. to know how to do: to be capable of doing. II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know, to be versed in a thing: in Herodotus, to be assured, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know well:—pres. part. ἐπιστάμενος, η, ον, as an Adj., knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., ἐπιστάμενος πολέμοιο skilled or versed in war.
 ἐπισταμένως, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) skilfully, expertly:

ἐπιστάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐφίστημι.
 ἐπιστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐφίστημι) a stopping, checking.
 II. (ἐφίσταμαι) a resting, staying: a halt in a march.
 2. attention, care, diligence: anxiety.
 ἐπιστάτεω, f. σω, and
 ἐπιστάτῳ, f. ἥσω, (ἐπιστάτης) to have charge of a thing, to be set over, preside over. II. to be chief President (ἐπιστάτης) in the assembly. III. to stand by, be present.
 ἐπιστάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐφίσταμαι) one who stands by, a suppliant. 2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind. II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer; ἐπιστάτης ἄθλων president or steward of the games. 2. at Athens, the chief President of the ἐκκλησία, cf. πρύτασις: an inspector or commissioner of any public works.
 ἐπιστάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐπιστάτης.
 ἐπιστάται, Ion. for ἐπίστανται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπιστάτω, Ion. for ἡπίσταντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπι-στῆιβω, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.
 ἐπι-στῆιχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.
 ἐπι-στῆλλω, f. -στελῶ: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. I -εστάλην, aor. 2 -εστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to bid, injoin, command; τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders given. 2. to announce, give intelligence. II. to write letters; cf. ἐπιστολή. III. to draw in, tighten.
 ἐπι-σθενάζω, f. ἄζω, to groan over.
 ἐπι-σθενάχω or -σθενάχομαι, = ἐπιστένω.
 ἐπι-στένω, to groan or sigh at: lament over.
 ἐπι-στέφάνω, f. ὦσω, to deck with a garland.
 ἐπι-στέφης, ἐς, crowned to the brim; κρητῆρας ἐπι-στέφας οἴνοιο goblets brimming over with wine.
 ἐπι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround with or as with a charlet: Med., κρητῆρας ἐπεστέψαντο ποτοῖο they crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph., χοὰς ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an honour to the dead.
 ἐπιστέωνται, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπίστη, Ion. for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπιστήμη, ἡ, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowledge, understanding, skill, experience, wisdom. 2. scientific knowledge, science: in plur. the sciences.
 ἐπίστημι, Ion. for ἐφίστημι.
 ἐπιστήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (ἐπίσταμαι) wise, prudent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: generally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.
 ἐπι-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to make to lean upon: hence to confirm, establish:—Pass. to lean upon a thing.
 ἐπιστητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientifically known.
 ἐπι-σίλλω, to glisten on the surface.
 ἐπί-σιπιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἰστίη) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as Subst., ἐπί-σιπιον, τό, a dock for ships.
 ἐπιστολάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girt up, neatly, of dress. [ᾱ]

ἐπιστολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπιστολή) a letter-writer, secretary. II. a vice-admiral.
 ἐπιστολή, ἡ, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing; ἐξ ἐπιστολῆς by command. 2. a letter, Lat. epistola.
 ἐπι-στομίξω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐπί, στόμα) to bridle, and so manage a horse: metaph. to curb or muzzle, silence, gag. II. to throw down on the face.
 ἐπι-στοναχέω, -ίζω, = ἐπιστένω, of the waves.
 ἐπι-στορῶννυμι, shorter -στορνῦμι or -στορῶννυμι: f. -στρώσω: aor. I -εστῶρεσα or -έστρωσα: pf. pass. -έστρωμαι:—to strew or spread out upon.
 ἐπιστρατεία Ion. -ῆτή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρατεύω) a march or expedition against one.
 ἐπιστρατεύσις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιστρατεία. From
 ἐπι-στράτευω, f. σω, to march against, go on an expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med.
 ἐπι-στράτητή, Ion. for ἐπιστρατεία.
 ἐπι-στράτοπεδέω, f. σω, to encamp over against.
 ἐπιστράφεις, aor. 2 part. pass. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπι-στραφήναι, inf.: ἐπιστραφῶ subj.
 ἐπιστρέπτος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) to be turned towards or looked at: hence, to be admired.
 ἐπι-στρεφής, ἐς, turning towards: attentive, careful, sharp, shrewd. Adv. ἐπιστρέφως Ion. -έως, earnestly, sharply. From
 ἐπι-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐπέστρεψα:—to turn or direct towards. 2. to turn about, turn. 3. to turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend. 4. to curve, twist, make to writhe. II. Med. and Pass. ἐπιστρέφομαι, aor. 2 -εστράφην [ᾱ]:—to turn oneself round: to go backwards and forwards, to range or wander over: to visit. 2. to be turned or converted: to repent. 3. to look towards: hence to pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to, mean. III. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any direction: to return. IV. pf. part. pass. ἐπεστραμμένος, η, ου, = ἐπιστρέφης, earnest, pressing, vehement.
 ἐπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways, turning right and left.
 ἐπιστροφή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, return to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or putting about. II. (ἐπιστρέφομαι) attention, care, notice. 2. a moving about in a place; δωμάτων ἐπιστροφάι occupation of the palace.
 ἐπιστροφος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) conversant with: concerned with or in.
 ἐπι-στρώννυμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορῶννυμι.
 ἐπι-στρωφάω, f. ἥσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but mostly intr., like Med. ἐπιστρέφομαι, to visit or frequent a place: to occupy one's house: also to come to.
 ἐπίστρω, for ἐπίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἐπίσταμαι;
 ἐπι-συνάγω, f. ἄζω, to gather together again, collect and bring to a place. Hence
 ἐπισυναγωγή, ἡ, an assembling together at a place.
 ἐπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνάγω.
 ἐπι-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to set together

against. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. —έστην, pf.

—έστηκα, to conspire against.

ἐπι-συντρέχω, f. —δραμοῦμαι, to run together to.

ἐπίσυρμα, atos, τό, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From ἐπι-σύρω, to drag or trail after one. II. to do anything in a careless way, to slur over.

ἐπισύστασις, εως, ή, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult.

ἐπι-σφάζω, f. ζω, to slaughter over or besides, immolate.

ἐπι-σφάλής, ές, (ἐπί, σφαλῆμαι) prone to fall, unsteady, precarious.

ἐπι-σφάττω, f. ζω, later form of ἐπισφάζω.

ἐπι-σφίγγω, f. γζω, to bind tight, fasten.

ἐπι-σφραῖζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδω, to put a seal on, seal up. 2. to confirm, ratify. Hence

ἐπισφραῖγιστής, ου, ό, one who seals or signs.

ἐπι-σφύριον, τό, (ἐπί, σφύρον) mostly in plur. bands or clasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves (κνημίδες) over the ankle: a covering for the ankle.

ἐπι-σχεδόν, Adv. near at hand.

ἐπισχεθείν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπισχείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σχερός, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερός) in a row, one after another. II. of Time, gradually, by degrees.

ἐπισχεσία Ion. —ή, ή, (ἐπέχω) a pretext, excuse.

ἐπίσχεσις, εως, ή, (ἐπέχω) a checking, stopping, hindrance: delay, reluctance.

ἐπι-ισχύω, f. ύσω [υ] to make strong. II. intr. to be or grow strong:—to be urgent.

ἐπι-ισχω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to hold or direct towards. II. to keep in, hold in, check. 2.

intr. to leave off, desist.

ἐπισχών, aor. 2 part. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, σωρός) to heap, pile up.

ἐπί-σωτρον Ep. ἐπίσσω—, τό, the metal hoop laid upon the fellow of the wheel, the tire.

ἐπιτάγή, ή, an injunction, precept. From

ἐπιτάγγινα, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπιτάγμα, atos, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order.

ἐπιτάδες, Dor. for ἐπιτήδες.

ἐπιτακτήρ, ήρος, ό, and

ἐπιτάκτης, ου, ό, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander.

ἐπιτάκτος, ου, (ἐπιτάσσω) enjoined, commanded. II. drawn up, behind; οί ἐπιτάκτοι, the reserve in an army.

ἐπι-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to labour or suffer yet more.

ἐπιτάμω [α], 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάνυω, poet. for ἐπιτείνω, to stretch over.

ἐπίταξις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order; ἐπίταξις του φόρου the arrangement of the tribute.

ἐπι-τάράσσω Att. —ττω, f. ζω, to trouble or disquiet yet more.

ἐπιτάρροθος, ό, lengthened for ἐπίρροθος, a helper, defender, ally.

ἐπιτάσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτείνω) a stretching, straining.

ἐπι-τάσσω Att. —ττω, f. ζω: aor. I —έταφα:—Pass., aor. I —ετάχθην: pf. —τέταγμα:—to set over, put in command. 2. to enjoin, order:—Pass. to be under orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one; τὰ ἐπιτάσσόμενα orders given. II. to place be-

bind or in reserve: also, to place next or beside.

ἐπι-τάφιος, ου, (ἐπί, τάφος) on or over a tomb; λόγος ἐπιτάφιος a funeral oration spoken at Athens yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle; such as that of Pericles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq.

ἐπι-τάχύνω, f. ύνώ, to hasten on, urge forward.

ἐπιτείλαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιτέλλω.

ἐπι-τείνω, f. —τενώ: Ion. impf. ἐπιτείνεσκον:—Pass., aor. I —ετάθην [α]: pf. —τέταμαι:—to stretch upon or over. 2. to draw tight: to increase, heighten: to urge, excite:—Pass. to be stretched as on the rack:

generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained to the uttermost:—to endure.

ἐπι-τειχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιδω, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country: c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence

ἐπιτειχίστις, εως, ή, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and

ἐπιτειχισμα, atos, τό, a fort placed so as to command an enemy's country: and

ἐπιτειχισμός, ό, = επιτειχίσις.

ἐπι-τελεστέον, verb. Adj. one must accomplish.

ἐπι-τελέω, f. έσω, to complete, finish: to fulfil, accomplish, esp. of vows or promises. 2. to discharge a religious service. 3. to pay in full, discharge:

metaph. in Med., ἐπιτελείσθαι τὰ του γήρας to have to pay, be subject to, the burdens of old age; ἐπιτελείσθαι θάνατον to pay the debt of death.

ἐπι-τελής, ές, (ἐπί, τέλος) brought to an end, accomplished, fulfilled.

ἐπι-τέλλω fut. —τελώ: aor. I —έτειλα: pf. —τέταλα:—to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c. dat. pers. to give orders to:—so also in Med. II.

intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars.

ἐπι-τέμνω Ion. —τάμνω: f. —τεμώ: aor. 2 —ετάμνω:—to make a cut or incision into, gasb. II. to cut

sbort: to abridge.

ἐπί-τέξ, εκος, ή, (ἐπί, τεκνών) at the birth, about to bring forth.

ἐπιτερπής, ές, pleasing, delightful. From

ἐπι-τέρπομαι, Pass. to rejoice or delight in.

ἐπιτέταμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιτείνω.

ἐπιτετήδευκα, pf. of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπιτετραπται, 3 sing. pass. pf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπιτετραφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τεύχω, f. ζω, to make for.

ἐπι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. II. to contrive against. Hence

ἐπιτεχνήσις, εως, ή, contrivance for a purpose.

ἐπιτήδειος, α, ου, Ion. ἐπιτήδεις, η, ου, (ἐπιτηδές) made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, convenient.

II. useful, serviceable, necessary; τὰ ἐπιτήδεια, the necessaries of life. 2. of persons,

serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., an intimate friend, Lat. necessarius.

ἐπιτηδεύω, ἤτος, ἡ, fitness, suitability, convenience for a purpose.

ἐπιτηδεύω Ion. —έως, Adv. of ἐπιτήδειος, suitably, serviceably.

ἐπι-τήδεω, later ἐπι-τήδες, Adv. formed from ἐπι τάδε, for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly, Lat. consulto: designedly, artfully.

ἐπιτήδευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτηδεύω) that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, practice, Lat. studium, institutum.

ἐπιτήδευσίς, εως, ἡ, attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing. From

ἐπιτηδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτηδῆς); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of ἐπί with τηδεύω (which does not exist); aor. I ἐπιτήδευσα, pf. ἐπιτηδέυκα: —to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. studere rei: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:—Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

ἐπιτήκτος, ov, melted or luted to, overlaid: metaph. superficial, counterfeit. From

ἐπι-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt upon, pour upon when melted.

ἐπι-τηρέω, f. ἦσω, to look out or watch for.

ἐπι-τίμημι, f. θήσω: aor. I —έθηκα: pf. —τέθεικα: —to put or lay upon. 2. to set upon, turn or incline towards.

II. to put to, close, as a door or covering; ἡμῶν ἀνακλινάτω πικινὸν νέφος ἡδ' ἐπιθεῖναι both to roll back the thick cloud and put it to.

III. to put to besides, to add. IV. to put on, as a last touch or finish. V. to lay upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a name.

VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message. VII. Med. ἐπιτίθεμαι, aor. 2 —έθημι: to put on oneself or for oneself. 2. to set oneself to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in.

3. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

ἐπι-τιμάω, f. ἦσω:—to lay a value or set a price upon, Lat. aestimare: to value, honour, shew honour to.

2. to raise in price:—Pass. to rise in price.

II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise. 2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

ἐπιτιμησις, εως, ἡ, a reproof, rebuking: and ἐπιτιμητής, οὔ, ὁ, an estimator. II. a punisher, chastiser; ἐπιτιμητής ἔργων an appraiser or examiner of what has been done. Hence

ἐπιτιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, censorious.

ἐπιτιμητωρ, οπος, ὁ, (ἐπιτιμάω) an avenger.

ἐπιτιμία, ἡ, (ἐπιτιμος) the enjoyment of civil rights and privileges.

II. rebuke: punishment.

ἐπι-τίμος, ov, (ἐπί, τιμή) done in one's honour. II. τὸ ἐπιτίμον or τὰ ἐπιτίμα, as Subst., the value or estimate of a thing: the honour due to a person. 2. the assessment of damages, penalty; τὰπιτίμα τῆς δυσσεβείας the wages of ungodliness.

ἐπι-τίμος, ov, (ἐπί, τιμή) in honour: in possession

of one's full rights and privileges as a citizen, opp. to ἀπίμος.

ἐπι-τίθω, ov, (ἐπί, τίθη) still at the breast, sucking.

ἐπι-τιρώσκω, f. —τρώσω, to wound on the surface.

ἐπι-τίω, f. —τίω, to lay a penalty upon, punish.

*ἐπι-τλάω, obsol. pres. (see ΤΑΛΩ): irr. aor. 2 ἐπι-έτλην inf. ἐπιτλήναι:—to bear patiently, submit.

ἐπιτλήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *ἐπιτλάω.

ἐπιτολή, ἡ, (ἐπιτέλλω) the rising of a star: the season of a star's appearance in the heavens.

ἐπι-τολμάω, f. ἦσω, to submit or endure to do.

ἐπίτονος, ov, (ἐπιτείνω) stretched, strained. II. as Subst., ἐπίτονος (sub. ἰμάς), ὄ, a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay of the mast.

ἐπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to shoot at.

ἐπιτόσοις, Dor. part. of ἐπέτοσσε.

ἐπιτραπέουσι, Ep. 3 pl. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τράπω, Ion. for ἐπιτρέπω: ἐπέτραψα, ἐπιτράψομαι, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

ἐπι-τρεπέων, verb. Adj. one must permit. From

ἐπι-τρέπω: f. ψω: aor. I —έτρεψα, aor. 2 —έτρηπον:—Med., f. Ion. —τράφομαι: aor. 2 —ετραπόμην:—Pass., Ion. aor. I' —ετραφῆθη: aor. 2 —ετραφῆναι [ᾶ]:—to turn to or towards:—Med. to incline to.

2. to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put into another's hand, entrust oneself to:—Pass. to be entrusted; ᾧ ἐπιτεράφεται λαοί (3 pl. pf., for ἐπιτετραμμένοι εἰσί) to whose charge they have been committed; Ὀδρῆας μέγας οὐρανὸς ἐπιτέτραπται 3 sing. pf.); τὴν ἀρχὴν ἐπιτραφείης entrusted with the command: Med. to trust oneself to a person. II. to make over to one's heir, leave, bequeath.

III. to give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

ἐπι-τρέφω, f. —θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:—Pass. to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

ἐπι-τρέχω, fut. I —θρέξομαι, aor. I —έθρεξα: also (from Root ἐπιθρέω) fut. —θράμομαι, aor. 2 —έθρημον: pf. —δεδράμηκα, pf. 2 ἐπιθέδρομα:—to run at or upon: to assault, attack suddenly.

II. to run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield: to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused. 2. c. acc. to overrun, as an army does a country. 3. to run over, treat lightly of, Lat. oratione percurrere.

III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for.

ἐπίτρεψον, ἐπιτρέψαι, aor. I imper. and inf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τριβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. ἐπετριβην [ῖ]:—to rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:—Pass. to be utterly destroyed. Hence

ἐπιτριπτός, ov, rubbed down, worn away: metaph. worn, practised, backneyed.

ἐπί-τρίτος, ov, one and one-third, 1 + $\frac{1}{3}$, or $\frac{4}{3}$:—ἐπί-τριτον (sub. δάνεισμα) was a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ of the principal, i. e. 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. per annum.

ἐπι-τροπαίος, α, ov, (ἐπιτροπή) entrusted, delegated.

ἐπιτροπέα, ἡ, (ἐπιτροπέω) guardianship.

ἐπι-τρόπευστος, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιτροπέα. Hence

ἐπιτροπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for the office of guardian.

ἐπιτροπέω, f. σω, (ἐπίτροπος) to be in charge, to be guardian, trustee, governor.

ἐπιτροπή, ἡ, (ἐπιτρέπω) a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person. 2. absol. an arbitration.

ἐπίτροπος, ὁ, (ἐπιτρέπω) one to whom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian.

ἐπιπροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) runningly, fluently.

ἐπίτροχος, ον, (ἐπιτρέχω) running easily: metaph. voluble.

ἐπι-τρύζω, to murmur beside or over.

ἐπι-τρώγω, f. -τρώγομαι: aor. 2 -ἐτράγον:—to eat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat.

ἐπι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι: aor. 2 -ἐτύχον:—to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to hit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor. 2 part., ὁ ἐπιτυχών, like ὁ τυχών, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one.

ἐπι-τυμβίδιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, τύμβος) at or over a tomb. II. of the crested lark, with a crest or top-knot.

ἐπι-τύμβιος, ον, = ἐπιτυμβίδιος.

ἐπι-τύφω [ῦ], f. -θύφω:—to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious.

ἐπιτυχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἐπιτυχής, ἐς, (ἐπιτυχεῖν) biting the mark, effective, successful.

ἐπιφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεσθῶ.

ἐπι-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I -έφηνα:—to shew forth, display. 2. intr. (sub. φῶς) to shine upon. II. Pass. and Med. to shew oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear.

ἐπιφάνεια, ἡ, the appearance, manifestation. II. the surface, outside, of anything.

ἐπιφάνεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐπιφαίνω.

ἐπιφανέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἐπιφάνω.

ἐπιφάνηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιφαίνω. Hence ἐπιφάνης, ἐς, (ἐπιφανῆται) coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest. II. metaph. famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable.

ἐπι-φάνια (sub. ἐρά), ον, τά, (ἐπιφανῆται) the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles.

ἐπι-φαντος, ον, (ἐπιφανομαι) visible, alive.

ἐπιφάνως, Adv. of ἐπιφανής, openly.

ἐπι-φατνίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, φάτνη) at the manger.

ἐπι-φαύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φῶς) to shine upon.

ἐπι-φέρω: f. -οίσω: aor. I -ήνεγκα: aor. 2 -ήνεγκον: (see φέρω):—to bring, put or lay upon; ἐπιφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make war upon: absol. to attack, assail. 2. to throw a charge upon one, to impute to. 3. to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer:—Med. to bring with oneself, bring as dowry. 4. Pass., ἐπιφέρεισθαί τινι, to rush upon, attack, assault, pursue:

—absol. to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen after.

ἐπι-φημίξω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φήμη) to utter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen. Hence ἐπιφήμισμα, τό, a word of good or bad omen.

ἐπι-φθάνω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ], to arrive at, reach first.

ἐπιφθᾶς, aor. 2 of ἐπιφθάνω, as if from ἐπιφθῆμι.

ἐπι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, Dep. to utter after or in accordance, join in what is said.

ἐπι-φθονέω, f. ἴσω, to grudge or witbold from jealousy. II. to bear bate against.

ἐπι-φθονος, ον, liable to envy or jealousy. II. act. bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant. Hence

ἐπιφθόνος, Adv. so as to provoke envy. II. at enmity.

ἐπι-φθύζω, to spit at: Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθύσδοισα.

ἐπι-φιλοπυνομαι, Dep. to labour willingly at.

ἐπι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire, burn up. 2. metaph. to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illustrious. II. intr. to blaze up, be brilliant.

ἐπι-φοβος, ον, frightful, terrible, fearful. II. pass. timid.

ἐπι-φοιτάω, f. ἴσω, to come constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported.

ἐπιφορά, ἡ, (ἐπιφέρω) a bringing to or upon: generally an addition.

ἐπι-φορέω, f. ἴσω, = ἐπιφέρω, to bring and put on. Hence

ἐπιφόρημα, ατος, τό, mostly in pl., that which is served up in addition: dessert.

ἐπιφορος, ον, (ἐπιφέρω) carrying towards. II. of ground, sloping. III. prone or inclined to a thing.

ἐπι-φράζω, f. σω, to say after or besides. II. Med. and Pass., fut. -φράσομαι: aor. I -εφράσαμην, and aor. -εφράσθην:—to think of doing, be minded to do.

2. to reflect upon, devise, contrive. 3. to notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of.

ἐπιφρασσαίλατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπι-φρόνέω, f. ἴσω, to be sbrewd, prudent.

ἐπιφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπιφρων) thoughtfulness.

ἐπι-φρουρος, ον, (ἐπί, φρουρά) keeping watch by.

ἐπι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, φρήν) thoughtful.

ἐπι-φύλιος, ον, (ἐπί, φύλη) distributed to tribes.

ἐπι-φυλλίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, φύλλον) the small grapes left for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted.

ἐπι-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant over or upon.

ἐπι-φύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]:—to make to grow upon. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 ἐπέφυῖν, pf. ἐπέπεφύκα, to grow upon, to cling closely to.

ἐπι-φώνέω, f. ἴσω, to tell of, mention.

ἐπι-φώσκει, (ἐπί, φῶς) to grow towards dawn.

ἐπι-χαίνω, to gape for.

ἐπι-χαίρω, f. -χαίρωσθαι, to rejoice over: c. acc., σέ

μὲν εὖ πρᾶσσοντ' ἐπιχαίρω: but mostly in bad sense, to shew malignant joy over:—so also in aor. 2 pass. ἐπιχαρήναι.

ἐπι-χάλαζάω, (ἐπί, χάλαζα) to shower bail upon.

ἐπι-χάλαω, f. ἄωω [ᾶ], to relax, loosen. II. intr. to yield or relent in a thing.

ἐπι-χάλκευω, f. σω, to forge upon an anvil: to work over again. 2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose.

ἐπί-χάλκος, ov, covered with copper, coppered over.

ἐπιχαρῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιχαίρω.

ἐπιχαρῆς, ἐς, (ἐπιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeable.

ἐπι-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: Dep.:—to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: aor. I imperat., ἐπιχαρίττω (Dor. for ἐπιχαρίσαι) τῷ ξένῳ be gracious to the stranger.

ἐπί-χᾶρις, ιτος, ὅ, ἦ, neut. ἐπιχαρι, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are ἐπιχαριώτερος, -ιώτατος, as if from ἐπιχαρίτος, ov.

ἐπιχαρίτται, Dor. aor. I imperat. for ἐπιχαρίσαι.

ἐπιχαρμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malignant joy: a feeling of such joy.

ἐπιχαρτος, ov, (ἐπιχαίρω) to be rejoiced at, delightful. II. to be exulted over; ἐχθροῖς ἐπιχαρτα matter of triumph to enemies.

ἐπι-χειλῆς, ἐς, (ἐπί, χεῖλος) full to the brim.

ἐπι-χειμάζω, f. σω, to stay the winter through.

ἐπι-χειρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) to put one's hand to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence

ἐπιχειρήμα, ατος, τό, an undertaking, attempt: and ἐπιχειρήσις, εως, ἦ, an attempt upon, attack: generally, an attempt: and

ἐπιχειρητέον, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

ἐπιχειρητής, οὔ, ὅ, (ἐπιχειρέω) an enterprising, adventurous person.

ἐπί-χειρον, τό, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guerdon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

ἐπι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to ratify a proposed decree, strictly, by show of hands. Hence

ἐπιχειροτονία, ἦ, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by show of hands.

ἐπιχεύαι, Ep. for ἐπιχέαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπι-χέω, f. -χέω, aor. I -έχεα: Ep. pres. ἐπιχέω, aor. I -έχευα, inf. -χέυαι:—to pour over or upon: shd upon. II. Med. to pour or spread over oneself or for oneself. 2. to have poured out for one to drink.

II. Pass., pf. κέχϋμαι, plqpf. κέχϋμαι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 ἐπέχυντο, to come as a torrent, to stream or flock to a place:—to spread over like a flood, inundate.

ἐπι-χθόνιος, ov, or α, ov, (ἐπί, χθών) upon the earth, earthy: as Subst., ἐπιχθόνιοι, oi, men on earth.

ἐπι-χολος, ov, (ἐπί, χολή) producing bile.

ἐπι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance to or in honour of a thing: to come dancing on.

ἐπι-χορηγέω, f. ἦσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

ἐπιχορηγία, ἦ, a supply in addition.

ἐπι-χραῖνω, to stain, colour.

ἐπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχρασον, to attack.

ἐπι-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. I -έχρησα:—to lend besides. II. Med. ἐπιχράομαι, Ion. -χρέομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, to make use of, esp. to have dealings, be friends with one.

ἐπι-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

ἐπι-χρίω, f. ἴωω [ῖ], to anoint, besmear:—Med. to anoint oneself.

ἐπί-χρύσους, ov, overlaid or plated with gold.

ἐπι-χρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -χρώσω, to rub or smear over: esp. to stain, colour.

ἐπιχύθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπιχύσις, εως, ἦ, (ἐπιχέω) a pouring over: an overflow, flood.

ἐπι-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to yield, give way. II. infr. to come over to.

ἐπι-χωριάζω, f. ἄωω, (ἐπί, χωριον) to visit often, to be in the habit of coming to, Lat. venire.

ἐπι-χώριος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: οἱ ἐπιχώριοι the people of the country, the natives; τὸ ἐπιχώριον the custom or fashion of the country. Adv. -ίως, in the fashion of the country.

ἐπι-ψάκάζω, old Att. for ἐπιψεκάζω.

ἐπι-ψάλλω, to accompany on a stringed instrument.

ἐπι-ψάλλω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. strictim attingere.

ἐπι-ψεκάζω old Att. -ψακάζω: to pour drop by drop upon.

ἐπι-ψεύδομαι, Dep. to lie still more.

ἐπι-ψηφίζω, f. ἴωω Att. ἰώ, to put to the vote, put the question:—Med. to confirm or decree by vote:—Pass. to be appointed by vote.

ἐπί-ψυγος, ov, exposed to blame, blameable. II.

act. blaming, censorious.

ἐπι-ῥωγαί, ἄν, αἶ, (ἐπί, ῥωγή) places sheltered from the wind, roadsteads.

ἐπιῶν, part. of ἐπιεμι (εἰμι ἴβο).

ἐπλάχθη, aor. I pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλάθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of πελάζω.

ἐπλάσα Ep. ἐπλασσα, aor. I of πλάσσω.

ἐπλεω, for ἐπέλεε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πλέω: so, ἐπλεω for ἐπέλεο, ἐπέλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med.: ἐπλεω for ἐπέλεω, ἐπέλου, aor. I of πλέω.

ἐπλήγη, aor. 2 pass. of πλήσσω.

ἐπληγτο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

ἐπλησθη, aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

ἐπλω, aor. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μι.

ἐπνευσα, ἐπνεύσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of πνέω.

ἐπ-όδια, ἐπ-οδιάζω, Ion. for ἐφόδια, -ιάζω.

ἐπ-οδύρομαι, Dep. to lament over.

ἐποδώκει, reputed to be Ion. for ἐφ-οδώκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφ-οδώω, to bring on the way.

ἐπόθην, aor. I pass. of πίνω.
 ἐπο-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to go as settler or colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it. II. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence ἐπο-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build upon or besides. II. to build up, build again, rebuild.

ἐπο-οικος, ov, settling or sojourning among foreigners. II. as Subst. ἐποικος, ὁ, a sojourner, stranger. 2. a colonist, settler in a colony. 3. a neighbour.

ἐπο-οικτεῖω, to have compassion on.
 ἐπο-οικτίζω, f. σω, = ἐποικτεῖω. Hence ἐποικτιστος, ov, to be pitied, pitiable, wretched.
 ἐπο-οικτος, ov, (ἐπί, οἰκτος) piteous.

ἐπο-οιμῶζω, f. -οιμῶζομαι, to wail over,
 ἐπο-οῖσω, fut. of ἐπιφέρω.

ἐπο-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐποίχομαι.

ἐπο-οίχομαι, f. -οιχήσομαι, Dep. to go towards, approach: to draw near to. 2. to go against, attack.

II. to go over, go round, visit in succession: esp. of Apollo and Artemis, to visit with death. 2. to go over, get through one's work: to set about; ἰστὸν ἐποίχεσθαι to ply the loom, Lat. percurrere telam. 3. to go over, traverse.

ἐπο-οκέλλω, to run a ship ashore:—of the ship, to run ashore.

ἐπο-οκρίβεις, εσσα, εν, uneven, rugged.

ἐπο-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to glide upon.

ἐπο-ολολύζω, f. ζω, to raise a cry of triumph at.

ἐπο-ομαι, to follow, Dep. from ἔω, q. v.

ἐπο-ομβρέω, ἦσω, to rain upon; and

ἐπο-ομβρία, ἡ, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to αὐχμός (drought). From

ἐπο-ομβρος, ov, (ἐπί, ὕμβρος) rainy: wet.

ἐπο-ορνύμι and -ῶω: fut. -ορνούμαι: aor. I -ῶμοσα:—to swear to or upon; ἐπομνύναι τοὺς θεοὺς to swear by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—aor. I part., with another Verb, ἐπομύσας εἶπε he said with an oath, upon oath.

ἐπο-ομόσσα, aor. I inf. of ἐπόμνυμι.

ἐπο-ομφάλιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ομφάλος) upon the navel: of a shield, on the boss.

ἐπο-ονώσα, Dor. aor. I of πονώ.

ἐπο-ονειδίξω, to throw reproaches upon. Hence

ἐπονειδιστος, ov, to be reproached, disgraceful. II. act. reproachful. Adv. -τως, shamefully.

ἐπο-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to a surname:—generally, to call by a name; ἐπονομάζεν ὄνομά τινος to call upon by name:—Pass. to be named after another.

ἐποπας, acc. pl. of ἐποψ.

ἐπο-οπιζομαι, Ep. imperat. -οπίξω, Dep., only used in pres. and impf. to regard with awe or reverence.

ἐποποι, a cry to mimic that of the hoopoe (ἐποψ).

ἐποποιία, ἡ, epic poetry. From

ἐπο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἐπος, ποιέω) writing epic poetry:—as Subst., ἐποποιός, ὁ, an epic poet.

ἐπο-οπτῶω, f. ἦσω, to roast besides or after.

ἐπο-οπτέω, f. σω: Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπί, ὄψομαι):—to look over, watch over, take charge of: to visit, punish. II. to become an ἐπόπτης, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.

ἐπο-οπήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἐπόπτης, of tutelary gods.

ἐπο-όπτης, ov, ὁ, (ἐπόψομαι) an overseer, guardian, watcher. II. one initiated at the greater mysteries.

ἐπο-οράω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.

ἐπο-ορέγω, f. ζω, to hold out to, offer yet more. II. Med., fut. -ορέξομαι, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. ἐπορεξάμενος, having reached forward to strike. 2. metaph. to be desirous of more, rise in one's demands.

ἐπο-ορέω, Ion. for ἐφορέω.

ἐπο-ορθιάζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ἔρθιος) to set upright: intr. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but ἐπορθιάζειν γούος to lift up the voice in wailing.

ἐπο-ορθοβόω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπί, ὀρθοβόας) to utter with a loud shout.

ἐπο-ορκίζω, Ion. for ἐφορκίζω, to adjure.

ἐπο-ορμέω, Ion. for ἐφορμέω.

ἐπο-ορνύμι and -ῶω: fut. -ῶρσω: aor. I -ῶρσα: (ἐπί, ὀρνυμι):—to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite:—Pass. to rise against, assault, fly upon one.

ἐπο-ορούω, f. σω, to rusb violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.

ἐπόρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἐπορσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἐπο-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune.

ἜΠΟΣ, eos, τό, a word; κατ' ἔπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song.

III. it is used also of I. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim. 2. the meaning, substance of a speech. 3. ἔπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic verse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lyric poetry: then transferred to elegiac verse; and thence generally to verses, poetry.

ἐποτίσα, aor. I of ποτίσω.

ἐπο-οτοτύζω, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably.

ἐπο-οτρύνω, f. ἴνω, to stir up, urge on: to stir up against:—Pass. to baste on.

ἐπο-ουραῖος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρά) on the tail.

ἐπο-ουράνιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρανός) in heaven, heavenly. 2. in plur. as Subst., = θεοί.

ἐπο-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I -ούρισα:—to blow favourably upon: metaph. to help onward, to direct towards a point. II. intr. to sail with a fair wind.

ἐπο-ουρος, ov, (ἐπί, οἶρος) blowing favourably.

ἐπο-οφείλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.

ἐπο-οχετεύω, f. σω, to bring water by a channel to a place, Lat. derivare.

ἐποχέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐποχος) to carry towards or upon:—Pass. with fut. med. ἐποχῆσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.

ἐπο-οχθίδιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ὄχθη) on the mountains.

ἑπῶχον, τό, *the saddlecloth, bousing.* From ἑπῶχος, ον, (ἐπέχω) mounted upon: metaph., λόγῳ μαρίας ἑπῶχοι words borne on madness, i. e. frantic. 2. absol. *well-seated, mounted: keeping one's seat.*

*ἘΠΙΟΥΨ, οπος, ὁ, *the hoopoe*, so called from its cry, Lat. *uruba*.

ἐπ-οψάομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄψον) *to eat with or as sauce.*

ἐπ-οψίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψον) *used to eat with bread.*

ἐπ-ὄψιμος, ον, (ἐπόψομαι) *to be looked on.*

ἐπ-ὄψιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψις) *visible, seen afar, conspicuous: illustrious.* II. act. *overlooking all things.*

ἐπ-οψίς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, ὄψις) *a view over; ἐποψίς τοῦ ἱεροῦ the view commanded by the temple: generally, the view or sight of a thing.*

ἐπόψομαι, fut. of ἐφοράω, formed from *ἐπόπτομαι.

ἐπράθην [ᾱ], aor. 1 pass. of πιπράσκω.

ἐπράθον, aor. 2 of πέρθω.

ἔπρεσα, Ep. shortd. for ἔπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπρήθη, Ion. aor. 1 pass. of πιπράσκω.

ἔπρηξα, Ion. for ἔπρηξα, aor. I of πρᾶσσω.

ἔπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπριάμην, ἰω, ἰάτω, aor. 2 of ἀνώομαι.

*ἙΠΤΑ, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl., Lat. *SEPTEM, SEVEN*, Germ. *SIEBEN*.

ἑπτα-βόειος, ον, (ἑπτά, βοῦς) *of seven bulls'-bides.*

ἑπτά-βουλος, ον, (ἑπτά, βοῦς) *of seven bulls'-bides.*

ἑπτά-γλωσσος, ον, (ἑπτά, γλῶσσα) *seven-tongued, seven-toned.*

ἑπτά-δραχμος, ον, (ἑπτά, δραχμή) *worth seven drachms.*

ἑπτα-ετής, ἐς, (ἑπτά, ἔτος) *seven years old.* II. *of seven years: neut. ἐπτάετες, as Adv., for seven years.*

ἑπτά-ζώνος, ον, (ἑπτά, ζώνη) *seven-zoned, of the planetary system.*

ἑπταισμαι, pf. pass. of πταίω.

ἑπτὰ-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. *seventeen.*

ἑπτάκις, also ἑπτάκι, (ἑπτά) Adv. *seven times.*

ἑπτάκις-μύριοι, αἱ, α, *seventy thousand.*

ἑπτακισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, *seven thousand.*

ἑπτά-κλίνος, ον, (ἑπτά, κλίνη) *with seven couches or beds.*

ἑπτάκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἑπτά) *seven hundred.*

ἑπτα-κοτύλος, ον, (ἑπτά, κοτύλη) *holding seven cotylae.*

ἑπτά-κτύπος, ον, *seven-toned, with seven chords.*

ἑπτά-λογχος, ον, (ἑπτά, λόγχη) *of seven lances, of seven troops of spear-men.*

ἑπτά-λοφος, ον, (ἑπτά, λόφος) *seven-billed.*

ἑπτάμην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἑπτά-μήνος, ον, (ἑπτά, μήν) *born in the seventh month.*

ἑπτά-μίτος, ον, (ἑπτά, μίτος) *of seven strings.*

ἑπτά-μύχος, ον, *with seven recesses.*

ἑπταξα, Dor. aor. I of πτήσσω.

ἑπτά-πηχυς, υ, gen. eos, *seven cubits long.*

ἑπτα-πόδις, ον, ὁ, (ἑπτά, πούς) *seven feet long.*

ἑπτά-πορος, ον, *with seven tracks or paths.*

ἑπτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πῶν, *seven feet long.*

ἑπτά-πύλος, ον, (ἑπτά, πύλη) *seven-gated:* epith. of Boeotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian Thebes, which was *ἑκατόμυλοι*.

ἑπτά-πυργος, ον, *seven-towered.*

ἑπτάρων, aor. 2 of πταίρω.

ἑπτάρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ροος, ον, *with seven channels or beds, of the Nile.*

ἑπτά-στολος, ον, *consisting of seven bodies of men.*

ἑπτά-στομος, ον, (ἑπτά, στόμα) *seven-mouthed.*

ἑπτα-τειχής, ἐς, (ἑπτά, τεῖχος) *with seven walls.*

ἑπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἑπτά-τονος, ον, *seven-toned.*

ἑπτά-φθογγος, ον, (ἑπτά, φθογγή) *seven-toned.*

ἑπτά-φωνος, ον, (ἑπτά, φωνή) *seven-voiced.*

ἑπτᾶχα, (ἑπτά) Adv. *in seven parts.*

ἑπτ-ετής, ἐς, fem. ἑπτέτις, ἰδος, (ἑπτά, ἔτος) *seven years old.*

ἑπτῆν, aor. 2 act. of πέταμαι, as if from πτήμ.

ἑπτῆξα, aor. I of πτήσσω.

ἑπτίκα, pf. act., ἐπιτσομαι, pf. pass., of πτίσσω.

ἑπιτήθηεν, ποët. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πτοέω.

ἑπιτοίμαι, ποët. pf. pass. of πτοέω.

ἑπιτοίσα, ποët. aor. I of πτοέω.

ἑπτόμην, aor. 2 of πέτομαι.

ἑπ-υδρος, ον, Ion. for ἐφύδρος.

ἐπιθύμην, aor. 2 of πυνθόομαι.

ἑπύλλιον, τό, Dim. of ἔπος, a *versicle.*

*ἙΠΩ, ποët. impf. ἔπον: f. ἔψω: aor. 2 ἔσπον, inf.

σπεῖν, part. σπών:—Med. ἔπομαι: impf. εἰπόμην

Ep. ἐπόμην: fut. ἔψομαι: aor. 2 with aspirate ἐπόμην, imperat. σποῦ Ion. σπέο Ep. σπεῖο, inf. σπέ-

σθαι: I. Act. *to be engaged or with, to be busy about.*

II. Med. *to follow, Lat. sequi: to attend, to obey.*

2. in hostile sense, *to pursue.*

3. *to follow with the mind, understand; Lat. mente assequi.*

ἑπωδή, ἡ, contr. from ἐπαιοιδή (ἐπᾶδω) *a song over:*

an enchantment, incantation, charm, spell.

ἑπώδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐπωδή.

ἑπώδος, ὄν, contr. of ἐπαιοδός, (ἐπᾶδω) *singing to or over: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen. acting as a charm for or against.*

2. *sung or said after.*

II. Subst., ἑπώδος, ὁ, ἡ, *an enchanter or enchantress, wizard or witch.*

III. ἑπώδος, ἡ, *a lyric poem in couplets, commonly of Iambic Trim.*

and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure, except *Elegiac*; used by Horace.

ἑπ-ώδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὀδύνη) *painful.*

ἑπ-ώζω, (ἐπί, ὦ) *to wait over.*

ἑπ-ωθέω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω, *to push upon or into.*

ἐπώκειλα, aor. I of ἐποκέλλω.

ἑπ-ωλένιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὠλένη) *upon the arm.*

ἑπ-ωμάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὤμος) *on the shoulders.*

ἑπ-ώμως, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὤμος) *the upper part of the shoulder: the neck and shoulder.*

2. *the biggest part of a ship.*

ἐπίωμοσα, aor. I of ἐπόμνυμι.

ἐπώμοτος, *ov*, (ἐπόμνυμ) *on oaitb*, sworn. II.

pass. *sworn by*, invoked by oaths, of Gods.

ἐπωνυμία, ἡ, (ἐπώνυμος) a name given after some person or thing, Lat. *cognomen*; ἐπωνυμίαν ἔχειν ἐπί τινος to have a name after one:—but, ἐπωνυμίαν σχεῖν χώρας to have the naming of it, have it named after one. 2. a name significant of fate. II.

generally, a name.

ἐπώνυμιος, *a, ov*, poet. for ἐπώνυμος.

ἐπ-ώνυμος, *ov*, (ἐπί, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after some person or thing; ὄνομα ἐπώνυμον a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; Ἀλκυόνην καλέεσκον ἐπώνυμον Alcyoné they called her by name: generally, *surnamed, called*. II. act. *giving one's name to* a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called ἀρχων ἐπώνυμος, as *giving bis name to the current year*.

ἐπωπῶα, to look over, observe. From

ἐπ-ωπή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὤψ) a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.

ἐπώπτω, impf. of ἐποπτάω.

ἐπώρα, Ion. for ἐφέωρα, 3 sing. impf. of ἐφοράω.

ἐπώρα, aor. I of ἐπόρνωμ.

ἐπώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπόρνωμ.

ἐπωτίδες, ἰδων, αἶ, (ἐπί, οὖς) beams on each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.

ἐπ-ωφέλω, *f. ἦσω*, to help in a thing, to be of use or service in. Hence

ἐποφέλημα, *ατος, τό*, a succour, store.

ἐπωφελία, ἡ, (ἐπωφελέω) help, profit, advantage.

ἐπώχαστο, 3 pl. Aeol. and Ion. plqpf. pass. of ἐπέχω.

πάσα γὰρ [πύλα] ἐπώχαστο all were sbut to.

ἐπωχόμω, impf. med. of ἐποίχομαι.

*ἘΡΑ, ἡ, the Lat. *terra, earth*: only found in Adv. ἔραζε, to earth.

ἘΡΑΜΑΙ, Ep. 2 pl. ἐράσθε: impf. ἡράμην:—Pass., fut. ἐρασθήσομαι: aor. I ἡράσθην: aor. I med. ἡράσθην:—to love, desire, long after.

ἐράνζω, *f. σω*, (ἐρανος) to ask for contributions: to collect by way of contribution. II. to give a contribution. III. to combine. Hence

ἐράνιστής, οὐ, ὁ, a contributor to an ἐρανος or club.

ἐραννός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

ἐράνος, ὁ, a meal to which each contributed his share, also *συμβολή*, Lat. *symbolum*: generally, a feast, festival. 2. any subscription or contribution: generally, a kindness, service. 3. a club or society.

ἐρασδε, Dor. for ἐρασε.

ἐράσι-μολπος, *ov*, (ἐράω, μολπή) loving song.

ἐράσι-χρήματος, *ov*, (ἐράω, χρήματα) loving money, covetous, avaricious.

ἐράσμος, *a, ov*, also *os, ov*, (ἐράω) lovely, beloved.

ἐρασσαι, Ep. for ἐρασαι, 2 sing. of ἐραμαι.

ἐράσστατο, Ep. for ἡράστατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐραμαι.

ἐραστεύω, *f. σω*, = ἐράω, to love, desire.

ἐραστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐραμαι) a lover: metaph. an adherent, partizan.

ἐραστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐράω) beloved, lovely.

ἐρατεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐράω) lovely: welcome.

ἐρατίως, = ἐράω, to desire extremely, be greedy for.

ἐράτος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἐραστός, beloved: lovely.

ἐράτῳ-χρῶος, *ov*, contr. -χρῶος, *ovv*, (ἐρατός, χρία) of face or complexion.

ἐράτύω, Dor. for ἐρητύω.

Ἐράτώ, οὐς, ἡ, (ἐρατός) Erätö, *Lovely*, one of the nine Muses. 2. one of the Oceanides.

ἘΡΑΨΩ, only found in pres. and impf. with aor. I pass. ἡράσθην used in act. sense: see ἐραμαι:—to love: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., ἐρᾶν a lover; ἡ ἐραμένη the beloved:—Dep. ἐράομαι in same sense is very rare.

ἐργάζομαι, fut. ἐργάσομαι Dor. ἐργαζοῦμαι: aor. I ἐίργασάμην: pf. ἐίργασμαι Ion. ἐίργασμαι, both in act. and pass. sense: but ἐίργασθήσομαι, aor. I ἐίργασθην always in pass. sense: Dep.: (ἐίργον):—to be busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandsmen; τὸ χρῆμ' ἐργάζεται the matter works, i. e. goes on. II. trans. to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish. 2. to work at or in; ἐργάζεσθαι χρυσόν to work in gold. 3. to earn by working. 4. to make, build: also to produce, cause. III. to work at a trade, drive a trade.

ἐργάθον, Ep. for εἰργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἰργω; inf. ἐργάθειν.

ἐργάλειον Ion. -ήϊον, τό, (ἐίργον) a tool, instrument.

ἐργαζεῖν, Dor. for ἐργάσει, 2 sing. fut. of ἐργάζομαι.

ἐργασείω, Desiderat. of ἐργάζομαι, to be about to do, intend to do.

ἐργασία, ἡ, (ἐργάζομαι) work, toil, Lat. *labor*: daily labour, business, occupation; ἐργασίαν δὺς take pains to do. II. a working at a thing; husbandry, tillage; ἐργασία μετᾶλλων working of mines. 2. workmanship, art, craft: also a work of art. 3. gain, earnings, profit.

ἐργάσιμος, *ov*, (ἐργάζομαι) to be worked, that can be worked: of land, arable.

ἐίργασμαι, Ion. for εἰργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι.

ἐίργαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἐργάζομαι, one must work the land. 2. one must do.

ἐίργαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐίργάζομαι) a workman, farmer.

ἐίργαστήριον, τό, (ἐίργάζομαι) a workshop, manufactory, shop.

ἐίργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐίργάζομαι) fit for working, bard-working, diligent, busy.

ἐίργάτης, *ov, ὁ*, (ἐίργον) a workman, husbandman: a practitioner, worker. II. as Adj. bard-working, diligent, energetic. [ᾗ]

ἐίργατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐίργάζομαι) = ἐίργαστικός.

ἐίργάτινης, *ov, ὁ*, = ἐίργάτης. [Ὶ]

ἐίργάτις, ἰδος, fem. of ἐίργάτης, a work-woman: a hireling, mercenary woman. II. as Adj. working at. [ᾗ]

ἐίργμα, *ατος, τό*, = ἐίργον, a work, deed.

ἐίργμα, *ατος, τό*, (εἰργω, ἔρκος) a fence, enclosure.

ἐίργνυω and -νύμι, poet. for εἰργω, ἐίργω, to enclose.

ἑργο-δοότης, ου, ὄ, (ἔργον, δίδωμι) one who lets out work.

ἑργολαβέω, to contract for the doing of work; ἑργολαβεῖν ἀνδριάντας, Lat. *statuas conducere faciendas*. From

ἑργο-λάβος, ον, (ἔργον, λαβεῖν) contracting for work to be done: as Subst., ἑργολαβος, ὄ, a contractor, Lat. *conductor, redemptor*. [ἀ]

ἔργον, τό, (*ἔργον = ἔρδω) work; a man's business, employment; τὰ σαυτῆς ἔργα κόμισε mind your own business. 2. in the II. mostly ἔργα, works or deeds of war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of husbandry: tilled lands; ἔργα Ἰθάκης the tilled lands of Ithaca; ἔργα βοῶν the fields which the oxen plough; so Virgil *bovum labores*; ἔργα γυναικῶν women's work, *bandiwork*, esp. weaving: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια ἔργα fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits:—later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like our iron-works, etc. 3. a hard piece of work, a severe work. 4. often in Hom. opp. to ἔπος, deed, not word; in Att. often opp. to λόγος.

II. the following peculiar Att. phrases occur: ἔργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is hard work, troublesome; σὸν ἔργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is your business to do; ἔργα παρέχειν τινί, like πράγματα παρέχειν, to give one trouble.

*ΕΡΓΩ, in Homer mostly ἔεργω, Ep. forms for Att. ἔργω or εἴργω: fut. ἔρξω or εἴρξω: aor. I εἴρξα: pf. ἔεργμαι, 3 pl. ἐρχάται: plqpf. ἐέργμην, 3 pl. ἐρχατο or ἐέρχατο: aor. I pass. part. ἐρχθείς:—to shut in, confine, include; ἐντὸς ἐέργειν to enclose within; γέφυραι ἐεργμέναι bridges well-secured, strong-built, compact.

II. to shut out: exclude or prohibit from a thing:—also to hinder or prevent from doing:—Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

*ΕΡΓΩ, to do work, obsol. root, for which in the pres. use is ἔρδω:—hence fut. ἔρξω, aor. I ἔρξα, pf. ἔεργα, plqpf. ἔεργων, which serve as the tenses of ἔρδω.

ἔρδσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔρδω.

ΕΡΔΩ, fut. ἔρξω, etc., see *ΕΡΓΩ:—to work, do, accomplish; c. dupl. acc., κακὰ ἔρδεν τινὰ or absol. ἔρδεν τινὰ, to do one harm. 2. like Lat. *sacra facere*, ἱερά ἔρδεν to make, offer a sacrifice: later, without ἱερά or θυσίας, like *facere* or *operari* in Latin.

ἑρέβενός, ἡ, ὄν, (*Ερεβος) dark, gloomy.

ἑρέβουσι, ἑρέβουσι, v. sub *Ερεβος.

ἑρέβινθος, ὄ, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. *cicer*.

ἑρέβο-διφάω, (ἑρεβος, διφάω) to grope about in darkness.

ἑρέβθεν, Adv. from Erebos. From

*Ερεβος, τό, gen. eos contr. ους, Ion. Ἐρέβευς, Ἐρέβουσιν:—Erebus, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades.

*Ερεβόσδε, Adv. to or into Erebos.

ἑρέεινω, like ἑρομαι, to ask; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. ἑρέεινωμα.

ἑρέβιζω Dor. —ισδω: f. ἰσω Att. ἰω: aor. I ἡρέβισα, later —ιξα: (ἑρέθω):—to rouse to anger, provoke, ir-

ritate.

II. later to excite, kindle; φέφαλος ἐρεθίζομενος the kindled spark. Hence

ἑρέθισμα, τό, a stirring up, exciting.

ἘΡΕΨΘΗ, like ἐρεθίζω, to stir to anger: to raise, increase.

ἘΡΕΨΔΩ, f. ἐρέψω: aor. I ἡρέψα:—Pass., aor. I ἡρέψατο: pf. ἑρήψισμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἡρήψιστο:—to make one thing lean against another: hence to press, urge, force against; ἐρέιδεν πληγὴν to inflict a severe blow. 2. to prop, stay, support, strengthen:—generally, to fix firm, plant. 3. to press hard upon. 4. to dash, hurl. 5. of wagers, to match, set one pledge against another, Lat. *deponere*.

II. intr. to lean against, withstand; ἀλλήλησον ἐρέιδουσαι crowding one another: in Att. to set upon, press hard on. 2. to go to work; ἔρειδε fall to (to eat).

III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in aor. I med. part., ἐρείσομενος having set himself firm, taken a firm stand; οὐδεὶ χαῖται ἐρηρέδαται (3 pl. pf.) the hair rested on the ground. 2. to be fixed firm; λᾶε ἐρηρέδαται the stones were firmly set. 3. in Med. to strive one with another, contend.

ἘΡΕΨΚΗ, ἡ, beat, beater, Lat. *erica*.

ἘΡΕΨΚΩ, f. ἔρω: aor. I ἡρέψα:—to break, tear, rend; ἐρείκομενος περὶ δούρι rent, pierced by the spear: generally, to dash. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἡρίκον, to shiver, fly in pieces.

ἔρειο, Ep. for ἔρεο, ἔρου, imperat. of ἑρομαι.

ἑρείοι, οἱ, a word used as a term of insult to the Egyptians.

ἑρέομεν, Ep. for ἑρέωμεν, I pl. subj. of ἑρέω.

ἑρέπιον, τό, (ἑρέπω) a fallen ruin, in plur. ruins; ναυτικά ἑρέπια wrecks, pieces of wreck; νεκρῶν ἑρέπια dead carcasses; πέπλων ἑρέπια remnants of robes.

ἘΡΕΨΩ, f. ἐρέψω: aor. I ἡρέψα:—Pass., aor. I ἡρέψθην: pf. ἑρήρισμαι:—to dash down, tear down; ἐρέπει γένωσ θεῶν τις some god dashes down their race:—Pass. to be dashed down, fall in ruins; τείχος ἐρέριπτο (Ep. plqpf. for ἡρήριπτο):—Pind. has aor. 2 pass. part. ἐρίπεῖς, dat. ἐρηπέντι, fallen. II. intrans. in aor. 2 ἡρίτων Ep. ἔριτων, pf. 2 ἐρήριπα, to fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

ἑρέπια, aor. I inf. of ἐρέδω.

ἑρείσθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐρέδω.

ἑρείσμα, αρος, τό, (ἐρείδω) that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support; metaph. of persons, Θήρων ἑρείσμα Ἰακράγατος Theron pillar of Agrigentum, like Lat. *colūmen*. II. = ἔρμα, a sunken rock.

ἑρείψιμος, ον, (ἐρείπω) fallen down, in ruins.

ἑρείψι-τοιχος, ον, (ἐρείπω, τοίχος) overhanging walls.

ἑρέμνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. of ἑρεβενός, black, dark; ἑρέμνι φάτις a dark (i. e. obscure) rumour.

ἔρξα, aor. I of ῥέζω.

ἑρέομαι, Ep. and Ion. form of ἑρομαι, to ask.

ἐρέπτομαι, Dep. used only in pres. and impf., to feed on. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρέπτω, = ἐρέφω, to roof over: to crown.

ἐρέριπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plpf. pass. of ἐρέπαι.

ἐρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρομαι.

ἘΡΕΨΩ Att. -πρω: fut. ἐρέσω: aor. 1 ἤρεσα:—to row.

II. trans. to urge by rowing: metaph. of birds, πτερύγων ἐρετρομοῖσιν ἐρεσσομένοι σπιδ on-ward by the oarage of their wings, Virgil's *remigio alarum*.

2. generally, to ply, urge:—Pass. of a bow, to be plied, handled.

ἐρέτης, οὐ, ὄ, (ἐρέσσω) a rower.

ἐρέτμος, ὄ, or ἐρετρομόν, τό, (ἐρέσσω) Lat. *remus*, an oar: in pl. only the neut. ἐρετμῶ is used. Hence

ἐρετμῶ, f. ὦσω, to equip with oars, set to row.

ἐρέττω, Att. for ἐρέσσω.

ἘΡΕΥΤΟΜΑΙ, f. ἐρευόμαι, Dep. to spit or spew out, to disgorge, Lat. *eructare*: absol. to belch, Lat. *ructare*.

2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach. II. in aor. 2 act. ἤρῳγον, inf. ἐρῳγεῖν, part. ἐρῳγών, to bel- low, roar.

ἐρευθιδάων, τό, madder. From

ἐρευθῆ, f. ἦσω, to be red. From

ἐρευθος, εὸς, τό, redness, bloom, blushing: from

ἘΡΕΥΩ, ὄ, fut. ἐρεύσω, to make red, stain red.

ἐρευνη, ης, ἦ, (ἐρέω) an inquiry, search. Hence

ἐρευνάω, f. ἦσω, to seek or search for, search after: to search, examine. 2. c. inf. to seek or attempt to do. Hence

ἐρευνητέον, verb. Adj. one must search.

ἐρεῦσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐρεῖθω.

ἘΡΕΨΩ, aor. 1 ψω: aor. 1 ἤρεψα:—to cover or roof in a building. II. to cover with a crown, wreath with garlands:—Med. to crown oneself.

ἐρέχθω, to rend, break, shiver:—Pass., ναῦς ἐρεχθο- μένη ἀνέμοισι a ship dashed hither and thither by the storm, shattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐρέφω.

ἐρέω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐρώ.

ἐρέω, Ep. pres. for ἐρομαι, to ask.

ἐρημάζω, f. σω, (ἐρήμος) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion. impf. ἐρημάζσκον.

ἐρημαῖος, α, ον, poet. for ἐρήμος.

ἐρημία, ἦ, (ἐρημος) a solitude, desert, wilder- ness. II. solitude, loneliness: of places, a being laid waste, desolation, Lat. *vastitas*: of persons, desolateness, destitution. 2. generally, want of, ab- sence: also exemption from evil.

ἐρημιάς, ἄδος, ἦ, a solitary devotee.

ἐρημο-κόμης, ες, (ἐρημος, κόμη) destitute of hair.

ἐρημο-λάλος, ον, (ἐρημος, λάλέω) chattering in the desert.

ἐρημό-πολις, ι, gen. ἰδος, (ἐρημος, πόλις) rest of one's city.

ἐρημο-νόμος, ον, (ἐρημος, νέμω) haunting the desert.

ἘΡΗΜΟΣ, η, ον, also ος, ον: Att. ἐρημος:—of places, lonely, lone, desert: of persons, lone, solitary,

desolate, also destitute, helpless.

3. c. gen. rest of; destitute of, abandoned by; στέγαι φίλων ἐρη- μοι.

II. as Subst., ἐρήμος (sub. γῆ, χώρα), ἦ, a solitude, desert, wilderness.

III. ἐρήμη (sub. δικη), ἦ, a trial in which one party does not appear, and lets judgment go by default; ἐρήμην δίκην ἐλεῖν to get judgment by default; ὀφλεῖν to let it go by de- fault.

ἐρηνοσύνη, ἦ, solitude. From ἐρήμος, f. ὦσω, (ἐρημος) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, desolate, devastate.

2. c. gen. to bereave of:—Pass. to be bereft, deprived of.

II. to leave, abandon:—Pass. to be left alone, deserted.

Hence ἐρήμωσις, εὸς, ἦ, desolation, devastation: and

ἐρημοτής, οὐ, ὄ, a desolator.

ἐρηρέδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρέιδω: ἐρηρέ-

δατο, Ion. 3 pl. plpf. pass.

ἐρήριμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρέπαι.

ἐρήριπα, intrans. pf. of ἐρέπαι.

ἐρήρτυεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἐρηρτύω.

ἐρηρτύω, f. ὦσω [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἐρήρτυσα: (ἐρύω):—to bold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress:—to keep back from.

ἐρηρτύασσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of ἐρηρτύω.

ἘΡΙ, insepar. Particle, like ἀρι-, used as a prefix to strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

ἐρι-αύχην, εὸς, ὄ, ἦ, with big-b-arching neck.

ἐρι-βόας, ον, ὄ, (ἐρι-, βοή) clamorous, riotous.

ἐρι-βρεμέτης, ον, ὄ, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding, thundering, roaring.

ἐρι-βρεμής, ἐς, = ἐριβρομος.

ἐρι-βρομας, ον, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sbouting, roaring.

ἐρι-βρυχης, ον, Ep. εὐ, ὄ, and ἐρι-βρύχος, ον, (ἐρι-, βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρι-βωλᾶς, ἄκος, ὄ, ἦ, and ἐρι-βωλος, ον, with large clods, of rich, loamy soil: is hence very fertile, fruitful.

ἐρι-γδοπος, ον, = ἐριδονπος, thundering.

ἐριδαίνω, f. ἐριδήσω. (ἐρίζω) to wrangle, quarrel: to

strive for:—aor. 1 inf. med ἐριδήσασθαι.

ἐριδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐριον.

ἐριδιμαίνω, (ἐρίζω) to provoke to strife, irritate. II.

intr. to contend.

ἐριδιμᾶτος, ον, (ἐρι-, δημτός) strongly built: hence strong, excessive.

ἐρι-δοπος, ον, (ἐρι-, δοπος) loud-sounding.

ἐριζέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίζω Dor. ἐρίσω: Ion. impf. ἐρίζεσκον: fut. ἐρίσω:

aor. 1 ἤρισα, Ep. 3 sing. opt. ἐρίσειε: (ἐρις):—to strive, wrangle, quarrel. 2. to rival, strive, or vie with: hence, to be equal, be a match for:—so also in Med.

ἐρι-ηρος, ον, (ἐρι-, *ἄρω) fitting closely: metaph. as epith. of εταῖρος, loving, faithful, trusty: so also in heterol. plur., ἐρίηρες εταῖροι, acc. ἐρίηρας εταῖρους.

ἐριθάκεις, ἰδος, ἦ, (ἐριθος) a labouring woman.

ἐρι-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for ἐριθηλής.

ἐριθεία, ἦ, (ἐριθῆω) labour for wages. II. in-

triguing, Lat. *ambitus*: party-spirit, faction.

ἔρι-θιλλής, ἔς, (ἐρι-, τέθηλα) *very luxuriant, flourishing, fertile.*

ἔριθος, ὁ, also ἦ, a *day-labourer, hired servant*; in Homer, ἔριθοι, of men, are *mowers or reapers*; of women, *workers in wool.*

ἐρίκειν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείκω.

ἐρι-κλάγκτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι-, κλάζω) *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ου, (ἐρι-, κλαίω) *much-weeping.* II. pass. *much-weep, bewailed.*

ἐρι-κτύπος, ου, loud-sounding.

ἐρι-κυδής, ἔς, (ἐρι-, κυδος) *very famous, glorious.*

ἐρι-κύμων [ῆ], ου, gen. ονος, (ἐρι-, κύμα) *full of young, big with young.*

ἐρι-μῦκος, ου, (ἐρι-, μέμυκα) *loud-bellowing.*

'ΕΡΙΝΕΟΨ, ὁ, *the wild fig-tree, Lat. caprificus.*

ἔρινος, α, ου, (ἔριον) *of wool, woollen.*

'ΕΡΙΝΥΨ (not 'Ερινύς), gen. υός, ἦ; pl. nom.

'Ερινύς contr. -ύς, acc. -ύας contr. -ύς, gen. -ύων contr. -ῦν.—*the Erinys or Fury*, an avenging deity: the names *Tisiphoné, Megaera, Alecto* do not occur till late. At Athens they were called *Eūmenides* or *Σεμναί*, by an euphemism. II. as Appellat., μη-τρος ἔρινύς *curse* from one's mother; φρενῶν ἔρινύς *distraction, frenzy*; also, *blood-guiltiness.*

ἔριον Ep. and Ion. ἔριον, τό, (ἔρος) *wool, Lat. lana*; also in plur. 2. ἔρια ἀπὸ ἔζλου *wool from the tree, i. e. cotton*; so in Germ., *baum-wolle.*

ἔριε-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἔριον, πωλέω) *a wool-dealer.*

Hence

ἐριο-πωλικῶς, Adv. *like a wool-dealer, cheatingly.*

ἐριο-πώλον, τό, *the wool-market.*

ἐριό-σπεπτος, ου, (ἔριον, στέφω) *wreathed with wool.*

ἐρι-ούνιος, ὁ, Homeric epith. of *Hermes*, from ἐρι-, *δύνιμη, the helper, luck-bringer*; also absol. 'Εριού-νιος, *Helper*, as a prop. n. of *Hermes.*

ἐρι-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, *to make woollen stuff.*

ἐρι-ουργός, ὄν, (ἔριον, *ἔργω) *working wool.*

ἔριπε, Ep. for ἤριπε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρείπω.

ἐριπεῖν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρι-πλευρός, ου, (ἐρι-, πλευρά) *with sturdy sides.*

ἐρίπηγος or ἐρίπηνα, ἦ, (ἐρείπω) *a broken cliff, crag, scaur*; any *sheer ascent.*

ἐριπών, aor. 2 part. of ἐρείπω.

'ΕΡΙΣ, ἴδος, ἦ; acc. ἔριν and ἔριδα; pl. ἔριδες, later ἔρεις.—*strife, quarrel, debate*; esp. *rivalry, contention*; *discord, jealousy*; also in good sense, ἔρις ἀγαθῶν *zeal for good.* II. as pr. nom., *Eris*, the Goddess of *Strife.*

ἐρίσθεν, Dor. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσδομος, Dor. for ἐρίζομεν.

ἐρι-σθενής, ἔς, (ἐρι-, σθένος) *mighty in strength.*

ἐρισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) *a cause of quarrel.*

ἐρι-σμάραγος, ου, (ἐρι-, σμάραγή) *loud-thundering.*

ἐρίσσεια, -ειαν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. aor. 1 opt. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσσειαι, Ep. for ἐρίσηται, aor. 1 subj. med. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρι-στάφυλος, ου, (ἐρι-, στάφυλη) *large-clustering, rich in grapes*: of wine, *made of fine grapes.*

ἐριστής, ου, ὁ, (ἐρίζω) *a wrangler, disputer.*

ἐριστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἐρίζω), *to be disputed or contested.*

ἐρι-σφάραγος, ου, = ἐρισμαραγος, *loud-roaring.*

ἐρι-τίμος, ου, (ἐρι-, τιμή) *highly prized, precious.*

ἐρίφειος, ὄν, (ἐρίφος) *of or belonging to a kid.*

ἐρίφιον, τό, Dim. of ἐρίφος, *a goat, kid.* [ῆ]

*ΕΡΙΦΟΣ, ὁ, also ἦ, *a young goat, kid.* II.

ἐρίφοι, οί, Lat. *boedi*, *a constellation* which brought storms; ἐπ' ἐρίφος *in stormy weather.*

ἐριώλη, ἦ, *a whirlwind, hurricane, tornado*: Aristophanes gives a fanciful derivation from ἔριον and ἄλλυμι, *wool-consumption.*

ἐρκεῖος Att. ἔρκεσιος, ου, and α, ου, (ἔρκος) *belonging to the court or enclosure* in front of the house; Ζεὺς Ἐρκεῖος, the *household god*, because his statue stood in the ἔρκος; ἔρκειοι πύλαι *the gates of the court.*

ἔρκιον, τό, (ἔρκος) *a fence, enclosure.*

ἔρκος, εος, τό, (ἐργω, εἶργω) *an enclosure, hedge, fence, wall*: mostly of the *wall round the court-yard*, and so a *court-yard*: ἀγγέων ἔρκεα, periph. for ἀγγη; σφραγιδος ἔρκος, for σφραγίς; ἔρκος ὀδόντων *the ring-fence of the teeth, for ὀδόντες* the teeth themselves. II. a *net, snare*; the coils of the lasso.

III. metaph. *any fence or defence, bulwark.*

ἔρκ-ουρος, ου, (ἔρκος, οὔρος) *watching an enclosure.*

ἔρκτια, ἦ, Ion. for ἐρκτή.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, a *prop, support*: mostly of the *stays or beams* by which ships on shore were kept upright: metaph., ἔρμα πόλης *pillar of the state, Lat. columna.* 2. *a sunken rock or reef*, on which a vessel may strike: also a *mound, cairn, barrow* on land. 3. *ballast.* II. *μελαινών ἔρμ' ὀδυνάων*, of a sharp arrow, the *foundation, i. e. cause, of pangs.* III.

ἔρματα, *earrings*, akin to ὄρμος: generally, *a necklace, band*: a *chain.*

ἔρμαιον, τό, ('Ερμῆς) *a windfall, godsend, lucky discovery*, *Hermes* being the reputed giver of such gifts, as in Latin *Hercules.*

ἔρμαϊος, α, ου, Att. 'Ερμαϊος, ου, ('Ερμῆς) *of or from Hermes.* II. 'Ερμαϊα (sub. ἱερά), τά, a *festival* in his honour.

ἐρματίζω, (ἔρμα) *to ballast.*

ἔρμ-αφρόδιτος, ὁ, ('Ερμῆς, 'Αφροδίτη) *an Hermaphrodite*: an *effeminate person.*

ἔρμᾶνος *anos*, ὁ, poet. esp. Dor. for 'Ερμῆς. [ᾶ]

ἔρμᾶος, ὁ, poet. for ἔρμῆς, dat. ἔρμᾶ.

ἔρμᾶϊας, ὁ, Ep. for ἔρμῆς; gen. ἔρμᾶϊα, -εία; dat. ἔρμᾶϊα; acc. ἔρμᾶϊαν; voc. ἔρμᾶϊα.

ἐρμηνεία, ἦ, (ἐρμηνεύω) *interpretation, explanation.* II. *expression, power of speech.*

ἐρμηνευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρμηνεύω) *an interpretation, explanation.* 2. *a sign, monument.*

ἐρμηνεύς, εως, ὁ, ('Ερμῆς) *an interpreter, dragoman*: generally, *an expounder.* Hence

ἐρμηνεύω, f. σω, *to be an interpreter, to interpret, explain, make clear*: hence *to express, give utterance to.*

'Ερμῆς, ὁ; Ep. gen. ἔρμῆς; dat. ἔρμη; acc. ἔρμη; voc. ἔρμη;—*Hermes*, the Lat. *Mercurius.*

In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called διάκτορος; as giver of good luck, ἐριούσιος, ἀκάκητα; as god of all secret dealings, and cunning, δόλιος; as conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπός. Later, he was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds, traffic, markets, roads, whence he is δῖος, ἐνδόσιος; hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was called Ἑρμῆς.

Ἑρμίδιον, τό, Dim. of Ἑρμῆς, a little figure of *Hermes*: in vocat. *my dear little Hermes*.

ἐρμῖς or ἐρμίαν, ἴνος, ὄ, dat. pl. ἐρμίαιν, (ἔρμα) a prop, support: a bed-post.

Ἑρμο-γλύφεις, εἰς, ὄ, (Ἑρμῆς, γλύφω) a carver of *Hermata*: generally, a *statuary*. Hence

ἔρμογλύφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *statuary*: ἡ ἔρμογλυφική (sub. τέχνη), the *art of statuary*.

ἔρμο-γλύφος, ὄ, = ἔρμογλύφεις.
ἔρμο-κόπιδης, οὐ, ὄ, (Ἑρμῆς, κόπτω) a mutilator of the *Hermatae*.

ἘΡΝΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a shoot, scion, of the olive and palm; ἀνέδραμεν ἐρνεί ἴσος he shot up like a young plant. II. metaph. a scion, a child.

ἔρξα, aor. I of *ἔργω, = ἔρδω.
ἔρξείης or ἔρξίης, ὄ, translation of the Persian name Darius: from *ἔργω, ἔρδω, the worker, doer.

ἔρξω, fut. of *ἔργω, = ἔρδω.
ἔρόεις, εἰσα, εν, (ἔρος) lovely, pleasing.

ἔροϊν, for ἐροῖμι, pres. opt. of ἐρέω.
ἘΡΟΜΑΙ Ion. εἶρομαι: impf. εἶρομην: fut. ἐρήσομαι Ion. εἰρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἤρομην, imperat. ἔρου Part. ἐρόμενος:—to ask, inquire: to ask after or for.

II. to question, to ask advice of, consult: c. dupl. acc. to ask one about a thing.
ἔρος, ὄ, poet. form of ἔρως, love, desire.

ἘΡΟΣ, εὖς, τό, wool, Lat. lana.

ἔρπετόν, τό, (ἔρπω) a creeping thing, reptile: esp. a snake; pl. ἔρπετά, as opp. to πετεινά, any animals that move on the earth.

ἔρπηστις, οὐ, ὄ, (ἔρπω) a creeper, a mouse.

ἔρπύζω, f. σα, (ἔρπω) to creep, crawl, drag oneself along: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

ἔρπυλλος, ὄ and ἡ, (ἔρπω) creeping thyme, Lat. serpyllum, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

ἔρπύσια, aor. I inf. of ἐρπύζω or ἔρπω.

ἔρπιστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, and ἔρπιστής, οὐ, ὄ, (ἐρπύζω) a reptile: a crawling child.

ἘΡΠΙΩ, impf. εἶρπον: fut. ἐρψω Dor. ἐρψῶ: aor. I εἶρπισσα, formed from ἐρπύζω (cf. ἔλωκα, εἰλίχυσα):—the Lat. SERPO, REPO, to creep, crawl, move slowly: of men, to creep, glide, slink about: ἐρποντα creeping things. 2. metaph. to creep on, spread, as in Lat. serpit rumor.

ἔρπωνες, Dor. I pl. pres. subj. of ἔρπω.

ἔρραγῆν [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ῥήγνυμι.

ἔρράδαται, Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥαίνω: ἔρράδατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqf.

ἔρραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥάπτω.

ἔρραπισα, aor. I of ῥαπίσω.

ἔρρηθεν and ἔρρηθη, aor. I pass. of ἐρέω, ἱρῶ.

ἔρρηξα, aor. I of ῥήγνυμι.

ἔρριγα, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of ῥιγέω.

ἔρριγισα, aor. I of ῥιγέω.

ἔρρίζωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ῥιζέω.

ἔρριμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥίπτω.

ἔρριψα, aor. I of ῥίπτω.

ἔρρηκα, pf. of ῥέω:—ἔρρῆν, aor. 2 pass.

ἔρ-ρυθμός, ον, in rhythm, time or measure.

ἘΡΡΩ, fut. ἐρρήσω: aor. I ἤρρησα: pf. ἤρρηκα:—to go or walk slowly; properly of a halting gait, whence Vulcan is called ἔρρων, limping. II. in a bad sense, to go or come to ruin; ἔρρων ἐκ ναῦς gone or fallen from a ship: imperat. ἔρρε, or ἔρρε ἐς κύρακας, Lat. abi in malam rem, go with a plague on thee; ἔρρέτω let him pass, away with him; ἔρρέτω Ἴλιον let Troy perish! ἔρρει τὰ καλά the luck is gone!

ἔρρωγα, pf. 2 of ῥήγνυμι.

ἔρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥώννυμι, as Adj., in good health, vigorous, stout: Adv. ἔρρωμένος, stoutly: irreg. Comp. ἔρρωμένεστος, Sup. —έστατος.

ἔρρώοντο, 3 pl. impf. of ῥώομαι; ἔρρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med.; ἔρρώσθη, aor. I pass.

ἔρρώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἔρρωσο, ἔρρωσθε, pf. imperat. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἔρρη Ep. ἔρρη, ἡ, (ἔρδω) dew, Lat. ros; τεθαλίω αἰ ἔρρη plenteous dew: in pl. rain-drops. II. metaph. of any young and tender thing, esp. of late-born lambs, cp. μετασσα. Hence

ἔρρηεις Ep. ἔρρηεις, εἰσα, εν, dewy, dew-besprinkled:—of a corpse, fresh.

ἔρρη, ενος, ὄ, Ion. for ἄρρη, ἄρρη.

ἔρρηγάνω, Att. form of ἐρέυγομαι, to vomit.

ἔρρυγείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρέυγομαι.

ἔρύγμηλος, ἡ, ον, (ἐρέυγομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἔρρυγών, aor. 2 part. of ἐρέυγομαι.

ἔρρυθάλω, aor. I ἐρρυθῆνα, poet. for ἐρυθραίνω, to redden, make to blush:—Pass. to become red. Hence

ἔρρυθμα, ατος, τό, redness on the skin: a flush, blush.

ἐρυθραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (ἐρυθρός) to dye red:—Pass. to become red, to blush.

ἐρυθρίδιω, f. ἀσω [ᾶ], (ἐρυθρός) to be apt to blush.

ἐρυθρο-βάφης, ἐς, (ἐρυθρός, βαφῆναι) dyed red.

ἐρυθρό-πους, ὄ, ἡ, gen. ποδος, (ἐρυθρός, πούς) red-footed: the name of a bird, the red-sbank.

ἘΡΥΘΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, red, Lat. RUBER. II.

Ἐρυθρῆ θάλασσα, the Erythraean sea, our Indian ocean.

ἐρυκάνω, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω, inf. ἐρυκάνειν.

ἐρυκάνω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain, confine.

ἐρυκανάσι, Ep. for ἐρυκανάσι, 3 pl. of ἐρυκανάω.

ἐρυκάνω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain. [ᾶ]

ἐρύκω, f. ξω: aor. I ἤρυξα Ep. ἔρυξα: Ep. aor. 2 ἠρυκάνω, or without augm. ἐρυκάνω, inf. ἐρυκάνειν: (ἔρνω):—to keep in, hold back, restrain, binder: to control, curb, keep in check; γῆ ἐρύκει earth confines

(the dead); *μή με ἔρκε μάχης* keep me not back from fight. 2. to detain a guest. 3. to ward off, Lat. arceo. 4. to keep apart, separate, divide. II. Pass. to be held back, detained: to be kept away. 2. to be guarded, safe.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, (ἔρνομα) a fence, guard: a bulwark, fort: generally, a defence, safeguard.

ἔρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἔρμα.

ἔρμυνο-ωτος, ον, with impenetrable back.

ἔρμυνός, ὅ, ὄν, (ἔρνομα) fenced, fortified. Hence ἔρμυνότης, ητος, ἡ, strength, security, of a place.

ἔρμυτο, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ῥόμα.

ἔρυσαιάτο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἔρῶ.

ἔρυσ-άρματος, ον, (ἔρῶ, ἄρμα) chariot-drawing: Ep. heterocl. pl. ἐρυσάρματα, -τας.

ἔρυσί-θριξ, τρήχος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἔρῶ, θρίξ) for drawing through the hair, epith. of a comb.

ἔρυσί-νηϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἔρνομα, ναῖς) preserving ships.

ἔρυσί-πτολις, ὅ, ἡ, (ἔρνομα, πόλις) protecting the city.

ἔρῦσις, εως, ἡ, (ἔρῶ) a drawing.

ἔρυσμός, ὅ, (ἔρνομα) a safeguard.

ἔρῦσσασαι, Ep. aor. I inf. med. of ἔρῶ.

ἔρῦσομεν, Ep. for ἔρῦσωμεν, aor. I subj of ἔρῶ.

ἔρῦστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔρῶ) drawn.

ἔρῦτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass. of ἔρῶ.

ἘΡΥΤΩ Ion. εἶρῶ: fut. ἔρῶσω or ἔρῶω: aor. I εἶρῶσα Ep. εἶρῶσσα or ἔρῦσα:—to draw, drag; νεκροῖς or νεκρῶν ἐρῦειν, either of the friends, to drag the corpse away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to tear off or down χλαίνης ἐρῦειν τινά to pull him by the cloak. II. Med. ἐρῦμαι Ion. εἶρῦμαι: fut. inf. ἐρῦεσθαι, but Ep. fut. also ἐρῦσομαι: aor. I εἶρῦσάμην Ep. εἶρῦσσάμην or ἐρῦσσάμην: the foll. forms are pass., pf. εἶρῦμαι both in med. and pass. sense, Ep. 3 pl. εἶρῦσται; 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) εἶρῦτο or ἔρῦτο, 3 pl. εἶρῦντο or εἶρῦατο:—to draw to one's own side; ξίφος ἐρῦεσθαι to draw one's sword; ἐρῦσασθαι τόξον to draw one's bow to, to string it; ἐρῦεσθαι νῆας to launch one's ships, but in pass. sense, of the ships, to be hauled ashore. 2. from the sense of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the sense to rescue, deliver, and hence to protect, guard. 3. to keep off, ward off; ἡ δ' οὐκ ἔγχος ἐρῦτο it kept not off the spear: hence to check, thwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, hold in honour; θέμιστας εἶρῦσται they maintain laws.

ἔρχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἔργω, εἶργω:—ἔρχατο (or ἔερχατο), 3 pl. plqpf.

ἔρχατάομαι, Pass. to be shut up. From

ἔρχατος, ὅ, (ἔργω) a fence, enclosure, bedge.

ἔρχατώνωτο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐρχατάομαι.

ἔρχθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἔργω, εἶργω.

ἘΡΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἤρχομην:—the tenses are formed from the Root ἔλευθω: fut. ἐλεύσομαι: aor.

ἤλθον, syncop. ἤλθον Dor. ἤρθον; also aor. I ἤλα: pf. ἐλήλυθα Ep. εἰλήλυθα, I pl. εἰλήλομην, part. εἰληλούθως: 3 sing. plqpf., Ion. ἐληλύθει Ep. εἰληλούθει:—to come or go:—to come back, return:—in Homer with cognate words, as, ὀδὸν or κέλευθον ἔλθειν; also poet., ἀγγελίην ἐλθεῖν, to go on a message. 2. c. gen. loci, πεδίοιο ἐλθεῖν to go through or across the plain. 3. with fut. part., ἐρχομαι οἰσόμενος ἔγχος I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, ἐρχομαι ἐρέω I am going to tell, Fr. je vais dire. II. later phrases: εἰς λόγους ἐρχεσθαι τινι to come to speech, have an interview, converse with. 2. ἐπὶ πάν ἐλθεῖν to try everything. 3. παρὰ μικρὸν ἐλθεῖν, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with διὰ and its case, periph. for a Verb, as, διὰ μάχης τινὶ ἐρχεσθαι for μάχεσθαι τινι, διὰ πολέμου ἐρχεσθαι for πολεμεῖν, etc.

ἔρω, φησ., ἐρῶσομεν, Dor. I sing. and pl. fut. of ἔρω.

ἔρω, dat. of ἔρος, love: see ἔρως.

ἘΡΩ Ion. and Ep. ἔρω, fut. (φημί, λέγω and ἀγορεύω being used as pres. and ἔπω as aor. 2): from the same Root come pf. ἐρίσκα, pass. ἐρίσμαι, plqpf. pass. εἰρήμην; aor. I pass. ἐρήθηον and ἐρέθηον, inf. ἐρηθήναι; fut. pass. βρήσομαι, fut. 3 εἰρήσομαι:—I will say, speak. 2. I will tell, proclaim, announce: hence I will promise. 3. I will tell, order him to do; εἰρητό οἱ, c. inf., it had been told him to do. II. ἔρω occurs sometimes in Hom. as a pres. = ἔρομαι, εἶρομαι, to ask for or after.

ἘΡΩΔΙΟΣ, ὅ, the heron or bern, Lat. ARDEA.

ἔρωέτω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of

ἔρωέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἱρώσῃ Ep. ἐρώσῃ:—to flow, stream, burst out: to gush out by starts or at intervals. 2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen.: absol., νέφος οὐποτ' ἔρωεῖ the cloud never leaves it. II. trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to ῥώομαι.) Hence

ἔρωή, ἡ, any quick, violent motion; δονρὸς ἐρωή the rush or flight of a spear; λικμητήρος ἐρωή the force or swing of the winner's (shovel). 2. an impulse, desire.

II. a retreat from, rest from; πολέμου ἐρωή.

ἔρωῖσαι, aor. I inf. of ἔρωέω; ἐρωῖσαίτε, 2 pl. opt. ἔρω-μανέω, f. ἦσω, (ἔρως, μαίνομαι) to be madly in love. Hence

ἔρωμάνια, ἡ, mad love.

ἔρωμίονος, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of ἔρωμενος, ὄ, ἐρωμένη, ἡ, pres. part. pass. of ἐράω, a loved one, one's love.

ἔρως, ατος, ὅ: heterocl. dat. ἔρω (from ἔρος), acc. ἔρων, for regular dat. ἔρωτι, acc. ἔρωτα: (ἔρος):—love: desire for a thing. II. as prop. n., the god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. ἔρωτες the Loves. Hence

ἔρωτάριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid.

ἔρωτάω Ion. εἶρ-, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἱρώτῃσα: (ἔρομαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; τὸ ἐρωτη-

θέν *the question*. II. *to question a person*. III. *to ask, solicit, beg*. Hence ἑρώτημα, *ατος, τό, a question; ἑρώτημα τοῦ ξυνοθήματος the asking for the watchword, the challenge of soldiers*.

ἑρώτησις, *εως, ἡ, (ἑρωτάω) a questioning*. ἑρωτιάς, *ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἑρωτικός*. ἑρωτικός, *ἡ, ὄν, (ἔρωσ) of or caused by love; ἑρωτική ξυνοτυχία a love affair*. 2. *given to love, fond*. Hence

ἑρωτικῶς, *Adv. lovingly, fondly*. ἑρωτίς, *ἰδος, ἡ, (ἔρωσ) a loved one, darling*. II. as *Adj. ἑρωτίδες νῆσοι, islands of love*.

ἑρωτο-γράφος, *ον, (ἔρωσ, γράφω) writing on love*. ἑρωτο-πλάνας, *ον, (ἔρωσ, πλάναν) beguiling love*. ἑρωτο-πλοεῖω, *ἡ, ἴσω, (ἔρωσ, πλοῦσ) to sail on love's ocean*.

ἑρωτύλος, *ὀ, (ἔρωσ) a darling, sweetheart*. II. as *Adj., ἑρωτύλα αἰδεῖν to sing love-songs*. [ῥ] ἔς, *Ion. and old Att. form for εἰς, to: for all compounds with ἔσ—see under εἰσ—*.

ἔς, *aor. 2 imperat. of ἔημι*. ἔσ-αγγελεῖς, *ἔσ-αγγέλω, for εἰσαγγε-* ἔσ-αγείρω, *v. εἰσαγείρω; in Homer only in 3 sing. Ep. impf. med. ἔσαγγείρετο, Ep. aor. I med. ἔσαγγείρατο*. ἔσ-αἰέν, *v. εἰσάγω*.

ἔσ-αἰέν, *(ἔς, αἰέν) Adv. for ever*. ἔσ-αθρέω, *ἔσ-ἄκοντιζώ, ἔσ-ἄκούω, v. sub εἰσ—* ἔσασθῆσαιμι, *aor. I opt. of εἰσαθρέω*. ἔσάλοτο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι*.

ἔσαν, *Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum*. ἔσαν, *Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἔννυμι*. ἔσαντα, *v. εἰσάντα*.

ἔσ-ἅπαξ, *Ion. for εἰσἅπ—, (ἔς, ἅπαξ) at once*. ἔσάπην [ᾗ], *aor. 2 pass. of σήπη*. ἔσ-απικνεόμαι, *Ion. for εἰσαπικνεόμαι*. ἔσ-ἄρασσω, *v. εἰσαράσσω*.

ἔσατο, *3 sing. aor. I med. of ἔννυμι*. ἔσ-ἄχρι, *Adv. for εἰς ἄχρι, until, c. gen.* ἔσάωθεν, *3 pl. aor. I pass. of σαύω, Ep. for σώζω*. ἔσάωσα, *aor. I of σαύω, Ep. for σώζω*.

ἔσβαίνη, *aor. 2 opt. of εἰσβαίνω*. ἔσ-βαίνω, *ἔσ-βάλλω, v. εἰσβαίνω, εἰσβάλλω*. ἔσβάς, *aor. 2 part. of εἰσβαίνω*.

ἔσβην, *aor. 2 of σβέννυμι*. ἔσ-βιβάξω, *ἔσ-βολή, v. εἰσβιβάξω, εἰσβολή*. ἔσ-δέκομαι, *Ion. for εἰσδέχομαι*.

ἔσ-δίδομαι, *ἔσ-δύομαι, ἔσ-δύω, v. εἰσδ—* ἔσδομενοι, *ἔσδώμεθα, Dor. for ἐξώμενοι, ἐξώμεθα*. ἔσσει, *ἔσεται, poet. for ἔσει or ἔσῃ, ἔσται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum*.

ἔσέδρακον, *aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι*. ἔσέδραμον, *aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω*. ἔσ-εμμι, *v. εἰσεμμι*. ἔσελευσομαι, *fut. of εἰσέρχομαι*.

ἔσελθεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι*. ἔσεμασάμην, *Ep. aor. I of εἰσμάομαι (cf. ἐπιμάομαι), to touch; μάλα γάρ με θᾶνᾶν ἔσεμάσασατο*

θνήσκον *for by his death he very much touched me in heart*.

ἔσπερατο, *3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέταμι*. ἔσπερνύμαι, *Ion. inf. of εἰσείργω, εἰσέργω*. ἔσ-έρχομαι, *v. εἰσέρχομαι*.

ἔσεσάχατο, *3 pl. plqpf. pass. of σάτω*. ἔσέχυντο, *3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εἰσέχω*. ἔσ-έχω, *ἔσ-θῆέω, v. sub εἰσέχω, εἰσθῆέω*.

ἔσίγατο, *3 sing. aor. I med. of εἰσάλλομαι*. ἔσημηῖναντο, *3 pl. aor. I med. of σημαίνω*. ἔσημα, *aor. I of σαίω*.

ἔσθαι, *aor. 2 inf. med. of ἔημι*. 2. *pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι*. ἔσθέσθαι, *Ion. aor. 2 inf. med. of εἰστίθημι*.

ἔσθέω, *(ἔσθῆς) to clothe:—Pass. to be clothed, dressed; mostly in pf. ἔσθημαι Ion. ἔσθημαι; ἔσθηται ἔσθημένος clad in raiment*. Hence

ἔσθημα, *ατος, τό, a garment, dress*. ἔσθην, *3 dual plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι*. ἔσθῆς, *ἦτος, ἡ, (ἔσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι) a garment: dress, clothes, raiment, Lat. vestis*.

ἔσθησις, *εως, ἡ, (ἔσθέω) clothing, raiment*. ἔσθησι, *Ep. inf. ἔσθίμεν: impf. ἦσθηον: fut. ἔδομαι (from Ep. pres. *ἔδω): pf. act. ἐδήδοκα, pass. ἐδέθησα: aor. I pass. ἠδέσθην: aor. 2 act. ἐφάγον (from Root *ΦΑΓΩ):—the Lat. EDO, to eat: metaph. to devour, consume, like fire or an eating disease; ἔσθίειν αὐτῶν to vex or annoy oneself; ἔσθίειν τὴν χελύνην to bite the lip:—Pass. to be eaten; οἶκος ἔσθιεται the house is eaten up*.

ἔσθαλός, *ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἔσλος, ἄ, ὄν, = ἀγαθός, good of his kind: brave, stout: also noble, wealthy: kind, good*. 2. *of omens, good, lucky*. 3. *as Subst., ἔσθλα goods: absol., ἔσθλόν good luck*.

ἔσθλότερος, *-ατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἔσθλός*. ἔσθορον, *Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσθρόσκω*.

ἔσθος, *εος, τό, = ἔσθῆς, a dress, garment*. ἔσθ' ὅτε, *for ἔστιν ὅτε, Lat. est quum, there is a time when, i. e. now and then, sometimes*.

ἔσ-θρόσκω, *v. εἰσθρόσκω*. ἔσθω, *Ep. inf. ἔσθέμεναι, impf. ἦσθον, poet. form of ἔσθίω, to eat, devour: metaph. to eat up or consume one's means*.

ἔσιγάθην [ᾗ], *Dor. aor. I pass. of σιγάω*. ἔσιδεῖν, *for εἰσιδεῖν, inf. of εἰσειδέν*. εἰδέσθην, *Ep. 3 dual aor. 2 med. of εἰσειδέν*.

ἔσιτέμεναι, *fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσίημι*. εἰσίηται, *for εἰσίσηται, 3 sing. subj. of εἰσίζομαι*.

ἔσ-ίηται, *ἔσ-ικνεόμαι, ἔσ-ίπταμαι, v. εἰσ—* ἔσ-καταβαίνω, *v. εἰσκ—* ἔσκαπέτο, *for εἰσκαπέτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of εἰσκαταπίθωμι*.

ἔσκε, *Ep. and Ion. for ἔην, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum*. ἔσκεδάσα, *aor. I of σκεδάννυμι*.

ἔσκεμαι, *pf. of σκοπέω*. ἔσκιδάναντο, *3 pl. impf. pass. of σκίδνημι*.

ἔσκληκα, *intr. pf. of σκέλλω: ἔσκλην, aor. 2*. ἔσκον, *Ep. and Ion. for ἔην, impf. of εἰμί sum*.

ἔσλος, Dor. for ἔσθλος.
 ἔσημον, imperf. of σμήχω.
 ἔσμος or ἑμός, ὄ, (ἴημι) a swarm of bees: any swarm or flock; ἑμοὶ γάλακτος streams of milk.
 ἔσμο-τόκος, ον, (ἑμός, τεκεῖν) producing swarms of bees.

ἔσο, Ep. for ἴσθι, imperat. of εἰμί.
 ἔσ-οικέω, ἔσ-οικίζω, v. εἰσ-.
 ἔσοπτος, v. εἰσοπτος. Hence
 ἔσοπτρον, v. εἰσοπτρον.
 ἔσ-οράω, v. εἰσοράω.
 ἔσοράωμεν, Dor. for εἰσοράωμεν.
 ἔσούμαι, Dor. for ἔσομαι, fut. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσόψομαι, fut. of ἔσοραω, εἰσοράω.
 ἔσπάθημαι, pf. pass. of σπαθάω.
 ἔσπρμαι, pf. pass. of σπέρω.
 ἔσπεισα, aor. I of σπένδω.

ἘΣΠΕΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. VESPERA, fem. of the Adj.
 ἔσπερος: I. (sub. ὥρα), evening; ἔσπερος (gen. of time) at eve; ἀπὸ ἑσπέρας after evening, at night-fall; εἰς or πρὸς ἑσπέραν towards evening: in plur. the evening hours, eventide. 2. (sub. χώρα), the west, Lat: occidens; τὸ πρὸς ἑσπέρας the west country. Hence

ἔσπερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἑσπερίος.
 ἔσπεριός, α, ον, and os, ον, (ἔσπερος) of Time, in the evening, at eventide. II. of Place, western, towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.

ἔσπερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, peculiar fem. of ἑσπερίος, at evening. II. as Subst., αἱ Ἑσπερίδες the Hesperides, daughters of Evening, who dwelt on a western island of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden apples.

ἘΣΠΕΡΟΣ, ὄ, Lat. VESPER, evening; μένον ἐπὶ ἔσπερον ἄλθειν they waited for even to come on: irregul. plur. neut. ἔσπερα, τά, the hours of evening, eventide. 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i. e. darkness, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening; ἔσπερος ἀστήρ the evening-star. 2. of Place, Western.

ἔσπετε, for εἴπετε, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of εἶπον.
 ἔσπόμην, aor. 2 of ἔπομαι: Homer retains ἐ- in all the moods, imperat. ἐσπέσσω, subj. ἐσπανται, opt. ἐσποίμην, inf. ἐσπέσθαι, part. ἐσπόμενος.

ἔσπον, aor. 2 of ἔπω.
 ἔσοα, Ep. aor. I of ἔννυμι; ἔσοαι, inf. (but also 2 sing. pf. pass.): ἔσσάμενος, aor. I part. med.
 ἔσσειται, 3 sing. of ἔσοομαι, Dor. fut. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσσεσθαι, for ἔσσεσθαι, fut. inf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσσενα, Ep. for ἔσενα, aor. I of σένω.
 ἔσσί, Ep. and Dor. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσσο, Ep. for ἔσο, imperat. of ἔννυμι. II. Ep. 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσσομαι, for ἔσομαι, Ep. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἔσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἔννυμι.
 ἔσόομαι, Ion. for ἡσάομαι: imperf. ἔσσομένην: aor. I ἔσσώην: pf. ἔσσωμαι: Pass.: (ἔσσω, Ion. for ἡσσω):—to be beaten.

ἔσσύμαι, pf. pass. of σείω: ἔσσύμην, plqpf. with sense of aor. 2.

ἔσσύμενος, η, ον, part. pass. of σείω (in sense and accent a pres., but redupl. as if pf.), driven, hurried on, vehement: eager, yearning for: hence Adv., ἔσσύμενος hastily, vehemently.

ἔσσυθ, ἔσσυθ, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. pass. of σείω, with sense of aor. 2.

ἔσωθήην, Ion. for ἡσθηθήην, v. ἔσσω.

ἔσω, Ep. fut. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσσω, Ion. for ἡσσω.

*ἔσταα, pf. 2 of ἴστημι with intrans. pres. sense, to stand: only in the following forms, dual. ἔστανον, plur. ἔστανε, ἔσταντε, ἔστανσι; inf. ἔσταναι Ep. ἔστανεν, ἔστανεμαι; part. ἔσταώς Att. contr. ἔστών Ion. ἔστέως and ἔστων, fem. ἔστώσα.

ἔσται, 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἔσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἔστάλατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of στέλλω.

ἔστάλην, aor. 2 pass. of στέλλω: ἔσταλκα, pf.

ἔστάμεν, ἔστάμεναι [ᾶ], see ἔσταα.

ἔστανεν, I pl. of ἔσταα.

ἔσταν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἴστημι.

ἔστανάι, for ἔστηκέναι, v. ἔσταα.

ἔστανότες, plur. of ἔσταώς, v. ἔσταα.

ἔστανσαν, 3 pl. poet. plqpf. of ἴστημι, they stood, v. ἔσταα: but 2. ἔστανσαν, shortd. for ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ἴστημι, they placed.

ἔστανσι, 3 pl. poet. pf. of ἴστημι; v. ἔσταα.

ἔσταντε, 2 plur., and ἔστανον, 2 and 3 dual; see ἔσταα.

ἔσταυρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταυρώω.

ἔσ-τε Dor. ἔσ-τε: (ἔσ, τε) Conjunct. *until, until, Lat. donec.* 2. so long, so long as. II. Adv. *even to, Lat. usque.*

ἔστελα, aor. I of στέλλω.

ἔστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στέφα.

ἔστέρημαι, pf. pass. of στερέω.

ἔστέφανωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στεφανώω.

ἔστέως, Ion. pf. part. of ἴστημι; v. ἔσταα.

ἔστηκα, ἔσθηκειν, pf. and plqpf. intr. of ἴστημι.

ἔστην, aor. 2 intr. of ἴστημι.

ἔσθηξω, ἔσθηξομαι, fut. intr. of ἴστημι, I shall or will stand: cp. τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι from θνήσκω.

ἔσθηρκαται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of σθηρίζω: ἔσθηρικοτο, plqpf.

ἔσθησα, ἔσθησάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ἴστημι.

ἔσθηώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἴστημι; v. ἔσταα.

ἔστία Ion. ἰστίη, ἡ, (ἔζομαι) the hearth of a house; the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanctuary for suppliants. 2. the house itself, a dwelling, home. 3. the household, family. II. as nom. pr., Ἐστία Ion. Ἰστίη, the Roman Vesta, daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of the hearth and home, invoked first at festivals.

ἔστιάμα, ατος, τό, (ἔστιάω) a banquet,

ἔστιαρχέω, f. ἦσω, to be master of a house. From ἑστι-άρχης, ον, ὄ, (ἔστία, ἀρχω) master of a house.

ἔστιᾱσις, εως, ἡ, (ἔστιᾱ) a feasting, banqueting.
 ἔστιᾱω impf. εἰστιᾱν. f. ἔστιᾱσω [ᾱ]: aor. I εἰ-
 τίᾱσαι: pf. εἰστίᾱκα:—Pass., f. (in med. form) εἰστιά-
 σομαι: aor. I εἰστιάθην: pf. εἰστιάμαι: (ἔστια):—to
 receive into one's home, to entertain hospitably, to feast:
 —Pass. to be a guest, be feasted: c. acc. rei. to feast
 on; ἔστιᾱσθαι ἐνύπνιον to have a visionary feast.
 ἔστι-οὔχος, ον, (ἔστια, ἔχω) guarding the house or
 state. 2. having an altar or hearth. 3. on the
 hearth or altar.
 ἔστιᾱω, f. ὤσω, (ἔστια) to found a hearth or house:
 —Pass., δῶμα ἔστιοῦται the family is established.
 ἔστιχον, aor. 2 of στείχω.
 ἔστιχώοντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στείχω.
 ἔστιᾱτες, ον, ὄ, fem. —ᾠτις, ἰδος, (ἔστια) of or from
 the house.
 ἔστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.
 ἔσ-τοξεύω, = εἰσ-τοξεύω.
 ἔστοργα, pf. of στέργω.
 ἔστορέσα, aor. I of στέρωννυμι.
 ἔστραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφω.
 ἔστράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω.
 ἔσ-τρίς, (ἔς, τρίς) Adv. until three times, thrice.
 ἔστρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρώννυμι.
 ἔστρωσα, —ώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of στρών-
 νυμι.
 ἔστρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στρώννυμι.
 ἔστῦγον, aor. 2 of στυγέω.
 ἔστωρ, ορος, ὄ, a peg or nail at the end of the pole,
 on which the ring, κρικος, for fastening the harness
 was fixed. (Deriv. uncertain)
 ἔστώς, —ῶσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ἴσθημι; v.
 ἔσταα.
 ἔσῦλῆσα, aor. I of σῦλάω.
 ἔσύνῆκα, irreg. for συνήκα, aor. I of συνίημι.
 ἔσῦρα, aor. I of σύρω.
 ἔσῦρην [ῦ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω.
 ἔσ-ὑστερον, Adv. for εἰς ὑστερον, for the future.
 ἔσφάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.
 ἔσφαγμαί, pf. pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.
 ἔσφαιρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of σφαιρώω.
 ἔσφάλην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάλλω.
 ἔσφαλαί, pf. pass. of σφάλλω.
 ἔσφαξα, aor. I of σφάζω, σφάττω.
 ἔσ-φέρω, v. εἰσ-φέρω.
 ἔσφῆκωντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφηκέω.
 ἔσφηλα, aor. I of σφάλλω.
 ἔσ-φορέω, v. εἰσ-φορέω.
 ἔσφραγισμένος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω.
 ἘΣΧΑΡΑ Ion. ἔσχάρη, ἡ: Ep. gen. and dat. ἔσ-
 χαρόφιν:—the hearth, fire-place, like ἔστια; πυρός
 ἔσχαραι watch-fires. II. an altar for burnt offer-
 ings. III. a pan of coals: a brasier. Hence
 ἔσχᾶρέων, ὄνος, ὄ, = ἔσχαρα I.
 ἔσχάριος, ον, (ἔσχαρα) of or on the hearth.
 ἔσχᾶρόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἔσχαρα.
 ἔσχᾶσα, aor. I of σχάζω.
 ἔσχᾶτάω, (ἔσχατος) to be at the edge; only used in

Ep. part., ἔσχατῶν, ὄνοσα, of men, lurking about the
 edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border.
 ἔσχᾶτᾱ Ion. —ῆ, ἡ, (ἔσχατος) the furthest part, the
 edge, border, verge. II. a remote, retired spot.
 ἔσχᾶτιος, ον, ποῖτ. for ἔσχατος.
 ἔσχᾶτος, η, ον, (ἔκ, ἔξ) the furthest, uttermost, ex-
 tremite; ἔσχατοι ἀνδρῶν most remote of mankind:—
 the furthest each way: I. the uppermost, highest,
 Lat. summus. 2. the lowest, Lat. imus. 3. the
 innermost, Lat. intimus. II. of sufferings, the
 uttermost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., τὸ ἔσχατον,
 τὰ ἔσχατα, the utmost, last, greatest extremity; ἔσχατ'
 ἔσχατων κακά worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ ἔσχα-
 τώτατα the extremest. III. Adv. ἔσχατως, to
 the uttermost, extremely: also neut. ἔσχατον as Adv.
 for the last time: Comp. ἔσχατώτερον more extremely,
 Sup. ἔσχατώτατα, most utterly.
 ἔσχᾶτῶν, ὄνοσα, Ep. part. of ἔσχατῶν.
 ἔσχεθον, ποῖτ. for ἔσχων, aor. 2 of ἔχω; Ep. σχέ-
 θον; imper. σχεθέτω; subj. σχέθω; opt. σχέθοιμι;
 inf. σχεθεῖν Ep. —εῖν; part. σχέθων.
 ἔσ-χέω, for εἰσ-χέω.
 ἔσχηκα, ἔσχημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔχω.
 ἔσχησα, aor. I of σχίζω.
 ἔσχίσθη, aor. I pass. of σχίζω.
 ἔσχισμαι, pf. pass. of σχίζω.
 ἔσχον, ἔσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἔχω.
 ἔσχων, impf. of σκάω.
 ἔσω Ep. ἔσωω, fut. of ἔννυμι.
 ἔσω, Adv. for εἶσω, within: Comp. ἔσωτέρω, more
 within: inner:—Sup. ἔσωτάτω, most within. Hence
 ἔσωθεν and —θε, Adv. from within: within, inside.
 ἔσώθην, aor. I pass. of σώζω.
 ἔσώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from ἔσω, innermost,
 Lat. intimus. Adv. ἔσωτάτω, v. ἔσω.
 ἔσώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. from ἔσω, inner, Lat.
 interior: Adv. ἔσωτέρω, v. ἔσω.
 ἐτάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω.
 ἐτάζω, f. σω, (ἐτέός) to examine, test.
 ἐτάθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of τείνω.
 ἐταίρα, ἡ, fem. of ἑταίρος.
 ἑταιρεία ον —ία Ion. —ῆ, ἡ, (ἑταίρος) companion-
 ship: an association, club, brotherhood. II. at
 Athens, a political club or union for party
 purposes. III. generally, friendship, intimacy.
 ἑταιρείος, α, ον, Ion. —ῆϊος, η, ον, (ἑταίρος) of comrades
 or fellowship: Ζεὺς ἑτ. presiding over fellowship.
 ἑταιρεία, f. ἡσω, (ἑταίρα) to be a courtesan.
 ἑταιρήτη, —ῆϊος, Ion. for ἑταιρεία, —εἶος.
 ἑταιρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἑταίρος) to be one's comrade
 or companion in arms. 2. = ἑταιρέω, to be a cour-
 tesan. II. Med. to choose for one's comrade.
 ἑταιρικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἑταιρείος, of or like a comrade,
 social; τὸ ἑταιρικόν = ἑταιρεία.
 ἑταιρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἑταίρα, a courtesan.
 ἑταιρίσσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἑταιρίζω.
 ἑταίριος Ep. and Ion. ἑτάριος, ὄ, (ἑτης) a companion,
 comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a sbi-pmate,

a messmate: also a fellow-slave:—as Adj. associated; Sup. ἑταιρότατος. II. ἑταῖρα Ion. ἑταῖρη Ep. ἑτάρη, ἡ, a female companion, helper, friend. 2. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtesan, barlot. Hence

ἑταιρόσυννος, ἡ, ov, friendly: as Subst. a friend.
 ἑτάκειν, ἑτάκετο, Dor. for ἐτήκειν, ἐτήκετο, 2 and 3 sing. impf. med. of τήκω.
 ἑτάκην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of τήκω.
 ἑτάκων, -όμεν, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of τήκω.
 ἐτάλαστας, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I of ταλάω.
 ἑτάμων, aor. 2 of τέμνω.
 ἑτάξα, aor. I of τάσσω.
 ἐτάραξα, aor. I of παράσσω.
 ἐταρίζομαι, Ep. for ἑταιρίζομαι.
 ἑτάρως, ἑτάρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἑταίρος, ἑταῖρα.
 ἑτάρηην, aor. 2 pass. of τέρω.
 ἐταρφθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τέρω.
 ἑτας, acc. pl. of ἑτης.
 ἐτάτυμος, Dor. for ἐτήτυμος.
 ἐτάφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.
 ἐτάχθην, aor. I pass. of τάσσω.
 ἐτέβαπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of θάπτω.
 ἐτέθην, aor. I pass. of τίθημι.
 ἐτέθηπα, Ep. plqpf. of τέθηπα.
 ἐτέθου, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in med. sense) of θύω.
 ἑτειος, α, ov, (ἑτος) yearly, annual. II. of one year, yearling.
 ἑτεκον, ἐτεκόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of τίκτω.
 ἐτελείετο, Ep. for ἐτελείτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of τελέω.
 ἐτελέσθην, aor. I pass. of τελέω.
 ἐτέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.
 ἑτερον, aor. 2 of τέμνω.
 Ἑτεο-κρητες, οἱ, (ἑτεοί, Κρήτες) true Cretans.
 Ἑτεοῦς, ἄ, ov, (perhaps from εἰμί sum) true, real, genuine: in neut. ἑτεόν as Adv., in truth, in sooth, really, truly, verily, Lat. *revera*:—Att. in ironical questions, ἑτεόν; so! indeed! Lat. *itane?* Ion. dat. fem. ἑτεῖη is also used as Adv., in truth.
 ἑτερ-αλκής, ἐς, (ἑτερος, ἀλκή) giving strength to one of two; Δαναοῖσι μάχης ἑτεραλκία νίκην δοῦναι to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Danaans; νίκη ἑτεραλκή a decisive victory; δῆμος ἑτεραλκής a body of men which decides the victory. II. inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. *anceps*.
 ἑτερ-ήμερος, ov, (ἑτερος, ἡμέρα) on alternate days, day and day alternately.
 ἑτερήφι, Ep. dat. fem. of ἑτερος.
 ἑτερο-γλωσσος Att. -πτος, ov, (ἑτερος, γλῶσσα) of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue.
 ἑτερο-γνώθος, ov, with one side of the mouth harder than the other, of a horse.
 ἑτερο-διδασκαλέω, (ἑτερος, διδάσκαλος) to teach other than the truth, to teach errors.
 ἑτερο-δοξος, ov, (ἑτερος, δόξα) of another opinion, differing in opinion. 2. of other than the true opinion, heterodox.

ἑτερο-ζήλος, ov, (ἑτερος, ζῆλος) zealous for one side, partial: Adv. -λως, unfairly. II. devoted to another pursuit.
 ἑτεροζυγέω, f. ἴσω, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: be at variance with. From
 ἑτερο-ζυγος, ov, (ἑτερος, ζυγόν) unevenly yoked: different. 2. unequally balanced.
 ἑτεροῖος, α, ov, (ἑτερος) of a different nature or kind. Adv. -οίως. Hence
 ἑτεροῖως, f. ὡσω, to make otherwise, alter:—Pass. to become changed, alter.
 ἑτερο-κλινής, ἐς, (ἑτερος, κλινῆναι) leaning to one side: of ground, sloping.
 ἑτερο-μήκης, ἐς, (ἑτερος, μήκος) with unequal sides, oblong, rectangular.
 ἑτερο-μήτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑτερος, μήτηρ) born of another mother.
 ἑτερο-πλοος, ov, contr. -πλους, ov, (ἑτερος, πλέω) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage, of money.
 ἑτερορ-ρηπής, ἐς, and ἑτερορ-ροπος, ov, (ἑτερος, βέπω) inclined to one side; ἑτερορρηπὴς Ζεὺς who makes now one side and now another preponderate.
 Ἑτεροσ, α, ov, Lat. ALTER, the other, one of two; χειρὶ φέρειν ἑτέρη to carry in one of his hands; ἑτεροι ἑτέρων ἀρχουσι the one rule the other; ἑτερος τοιοῦτος another such; ἑτερα τοσούτα as many more, Lat. *alterum tantum*; δεύτερος ἑτερος yet a second. 2. also like Lat. *alter*, for δεύτερος, second; ἡ ἑτέρα (sub. ἡμέρα) the second day, i. e. the day after to-morrow. II. put loosely for ἄλλος, Lat. *alius*, opp., not to one, but to many. III. *other* (than usual), different: of other kind, like ἄλλοιός; other (than good), Lat. *sequior, evil*. IV. as Adv. in dat. fem., τῇ ἑτέρᾳ, θατέρᾳ (sub. ὀδῶ) *otherwise, in another way, place, or manner*; also (sub. χειρὶ) *with one hand, i. e. with the left hand*; and (sub. ἡμέρα) *on the next day*. 2. also neut., τὸ ἕτερον, τὰ ἕτερα, as ἐπὶ θατέρᾳ one or the other way; ἐκ τοῦ ἐπὶ θατέρᾳ from the one side, opp. to εἰς τὰ ἐπὶ θατέρᾳ to the other side. [The Dor. used ἄτερος [ᾶ] for ἑτερος: whereas in Att. ἄτερος [ᾶ] was (by crasis) for ὁ ἑτερος: gen. θατέρου, dat. θατέρῳ, acc. θατέρον.]
 ἑτερο-τροπος, ov, (ἑτερος, τρόπος) of different sort or fashion: of different turn or temper. II. turning another way: uncertain, inconstant.
 ἑτερο-φωνος, ov, (ἑτερος, φωνή) of different voice or speech, barbarous.
 ἑτέροστο, 3 sing. impf. of τέρωσθαι.
 ἑτέροσθην, aor. I pass. of τέρω.
 ἑτέρωθεν, (ἑτερος) Adv. from the other side. II. on the other side, opposite.
 ἑτέρωθι, (ἑτερος) Adv. on the other side: elsewhere: ἑτέρωθι τοῦ λόγου in another part of my story. II. at another time.
 ἑτέρως, Adv. of ἑτερος, differently, otherwise.

ἐτέρωσε, (ἕτερος) Adv. to one side, to the other side : hence to another place.

ἐτέρωτα, Acol. for ἐτέρωθι, at another time.

ἐτέταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τέλλω.

ἐτετεύχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτετεύχεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of τυγχάνω.

ἐτετήκειν, intr. plqpf. of τήκω.

ἐτέτραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

ἔτετραον, impf. of τέρνω.

ἐτέτυξο, -υκτο, 2 and 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἔτευξα, aor. I of τεύχω.

ἐτεύχετον, 3 dual impf. of τεύχω.

ἐτέχθην, aor. I pass. of τίκτω.

ἔτησα, aor. I of τήκω.

*ΕΤΗΣ, οὔ, δ, a kinsman, clansman, cousin. II.

Att. a townsman, neighbour : a private citizen. III.

for ὦ τάν or ὦ τάν, v. sub τάν.

ἐτησίαί (sub. ἄνεμοι), αὐ, οἱ, (ἔτος) periodical winds, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer: so too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

ἐτήσιος, ον, (ἔτος) a year long, for a year. 2.

yearly, annual.

ἐτητύμι, ἡ, truth. From

ἐτήτύμος, ον, lengthd. for ἔτυμος, true, genuine, real, Lat. sincerus. Adv. ἐτητύμως, also neut. ἐτήτυμον

as Adv., in truth, really.

*ΕΤΙ, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, yet, as yet, still, Lat. adhuc. II. of the Future, yet longer, still. III. generally, yet, still, besides, moreover, Lat. praeterea; ἔτι δέ nay more; ἔτ' ἄλλος yet another; ἔτι μᾶλλον yet more.

ἐτίθει, ἐτίθει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω = τίθημι.

ἐτίλα, aor. I of τίλλω.

ἐτίμασα, Dor. aor. I of τιμάω.

ἐτίναχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

ἔτισα, aor. I of τίνω.

ἔτλην Dor. ἔτλᾶν, aor. 2 of the root *τλάω: but

ἔτλᾶν, Ep. for ἔτλησαν, 3 plur.

ἐτμάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of τιμήγω.

ἐτμήθην, aor. I pass. of τέμνω.

ἐτν-ἡρῆσις, εως, ἡ, (ἔτνος, ἀρύω) a soup-ladle.

*ΕΤΝΟΣ, εως, τό, a thick soup of peas or beans :

soup, pudding.

ἐτοιμάζω, f. ἄσω, aor. I ἡτοίμασα : (ἐτοίμος) :—to

make or get ready, prepare :—Med., with pf. pass.

ἡτοίμασμαι, to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready : c. inf. to make one ready to do. Hence

ἐτοιμάσθαι, ἡ, a being prepared, preparation : readiness.

ἐτοιμασοσαίτο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐτοιμάζω.

ΕΤΟΙΜΟΣ or ἔτοιμος, η, ον, or ος, ον, at hand, ready, prepared; ἐξ ἔτοιμον immediately, off hand.

II. τὰ ἔτοιμα, I. Lat. quae in promptu sunt; ἐπὶ τὰ ἔτοιμα μᾶλλον τρέπονται betake them-

selves rather to that which is close at hand. 2.

one's property, Lat. parata. II. of persons, ready, active, prompt. 2. of the mind, ready, quick, active, versatile.

III. of things, real, actual, carried into effect.

ἐτοιμότης, ητος, ἡ, a being prepared, readiness.

ἐτοιμοτάμος, ον, (ἐτοίμος, τεμεῖν) ready for cutting.

ἐτοίμως, Adv. of ἐτοίμος, readily : Comp. and Sup.,

ἐτοιμότερον, -ότατα.

ἔτορον, aor. 2 of τρέω.

*ΕΤΟΣ, εως, τό, a year : κατὰ ἔτος every year; ἀνὰ πᾶν ἔτος every year; δι' ἔτους πέμπτου every fifth year; ἔτος εἰς ἔτος year after year.

ἔτός, Adv., = ἔτωσις, without reason, for nothing, in vain: mostly with a negat., οὐκ ἔτός not without reason :—mostly in questions, οὐκ ἔτός ἄρ' ὡς ἔμ' ἦλθεν οὐδέποτε; it was not for nothing then ?

(Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐτράγον, aor. 2 of τρώγω.

ἐτράπον, ἐτράπην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτράφθην, Ion. aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτράφον, ἐτράφην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέφω.

ἔτρεσα, aor. I of τρέω.

ἔτρεψα, aor. I of τρέπω.

ἔτριψα, ἐτρίφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τρίβω.

ἔτρωσα, ἐτρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τινρώσσω.

ἐτύθην [ῦ], aor. I pass. of θύω.

ἐτυμο-λογία, ἡ, (ἔτυμος, λόγος) the true account or analysis of a word : its derivation, etymology.

ἔτυμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (ἐπέος) true, real, actual : neut. pl. ἔτυμα, truths, the truth : neut. ἔτυμον is used as an Adv. like ἐτεόν, indeed, of a truth, truly, actually.

ἐτύπην [ῦ], Dor. aor. 2 pass. of τύπω.

ἐτύφην [ῦ], aor. 2 pass. of τύφω.

ἐτύφθην, aor. I pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύχησα, ἐτύχον, aor. I and 2 of τυγχάνω.

ἐτύχθην, aor. I pass. of τεύχω.

ἔτωσιο-εργός, ον, (ἔτώσιος, ἔργον) working in vain.

ἔτωσιος, ον, (ἔτός, Adv.) fruitless, idle, useless.

εὖ Ep. also εὐ, Adv., properly neut. of εὖς, well, opp. to κακῶς; εὐ καὶ ἐπισταμένως well and knowingly: sometimes, luckily, happily: εὖ ἔχειν or ἡκεῖν to be well off, c. gen., εὖ ἡκεῖν τοῦ βίου to be well off for living: εὖ γεγονός well born. II. as

Subst., τὸ εὖ good luck: but also the right, the good cause; τὸ εὖ νικᾶτω may the right prevail. III.

in Compos. it commonly implies greatness, abundance, or easiness.

εὐ, Ion. for οὐ, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers.

εὐαγγελίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. (εὐάγγελος) :—to bring good news, announce them. 2. to preach or proclaim as glad tidings : to preach the gospel :—so also in Act., and then in Pass., to have the gospel preached to one :—in Pass. also of the gospel, to be preached.

εὐαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐάγγελος) the reward of good

tidings:—Att. always in plur., εὐαγγέλια στεφανοῦν ἢ ἀναδῆσαι θύνα for good news brought; εὐαγγέλια θύνα to offer a sacrifice for them. II. *the glad tidings, the gospel.*
 εὐαγγελιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (εὐαγγελίζομαι) a bringer of good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel. 2. esp. a writer of one of the four Gospels.
 εὐ-άγγελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγγέλλω) bringing good news.
 εὐ-ἄγνω, f. ἦσω, to be pure, holy. From
 εὐ-ἄγῃς, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄγος) guiltless, pure, undefiled, Lat. castus, of persons and actions:—poët. Adv. εὐἄγῶς.
 εὐ-ἄγῃς, ἐς, (ἀγῶ) moving well, nimble.
 εὐ-ἄγῃς, ἐς, = εὐανγής, far-seen, conspicuous; ἔδρα εὐαγῆς στρατοῦ a seat in full view of the army.
 εὐ-ἄγῃτος, ον, = εὐαγῆς, bright, clear. [ā]
 εὐ-ἄγκάλος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγκάλη) easy to bear in the arms.
 εὐ-αγκῆς, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀγκος) with fair valleys or glades.
 εὐ-ἀγορέω, Dor. for εὐηγόρεω.
 εὐαγρῆσια, ἡ, good sport in hunting. From
 εὐ-αγρέω, (εὐ, ἀγρα) to have good sport. Hence
 εὐαγρῖα, ἡ, good sport in hunting, fishing, etc.
 εὐ-ἀγρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγρα) lucky in the chase, successful.
 εὐ-αγωγός, ον, (εὐ, ἀγῶ) easily led, docile.
 εὐ-ἀγων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀγών) belonging to prosperous or glorious contests. [ā]
 εὐἄδε, Ep. for ἔαδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.
 εὐἄζω or εὐἄζω, (εὐἄ) to cry εὐα in honour of Bacchus:—also in Med. εὐἄζομαι.
 εὐ-ἄῃς, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀῆμι) with a good breeze, airy. II. act. blowing fair:—metaph. prosperous, favourable.
 εὐ-ἄθλος, ον, (εὐ, ἀθλος) successful in contests.
 εὐ-αἰνήτος, ον, (εὐ, αἰνέω) much-exalted.
 εὐ-αίρετος, ον, (εὐ, αἰρέω) easy to be taken.
 εὐ-αἰών, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αἰών) of happy life, generally, happy; εὐαίων ὕπνος blessed sleep.
 εὐ-ἄκοεω, εὐἄκοος, Dor. for εὐήκ-.
 εὐ-ἄλακατος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλ-.
 εὐ-αλδής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀλδαίνω) well-grown, luxuriant.
 εὐ-ἄλιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλιος. [ā]
 εὐ-ἄλφίτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλφίτων) of good meal.
 εὐ-ἄλωτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλῶναι) easy to be taken. [ā]
 εὐ-ἄμπελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀμπελος) with fine vines.
 εὐάν, evan! a cry of Bacchanalians, like εἶα, εὐοῦ.
 εὐ-ἀνάκλητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνακαλέω) easy to call back.
 εὐανδρία, ἡ, abundance of men, store of good men. II. manhood, manliness, courage, spirit. From
 εὐ-ἀνδρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνήρ) abounding in good men and true. II. prosperous to men.
 εὐ-ἄνεμος [ā], ον, Dor. for εὐήνεμος.
 εὐ-ἄνθεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνθεμον) with fair flowers, flowery.
 εὐανθέω, f. ἦσω, to be flowery or blooming. From
 εὐ-ανθής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄνθος) blooming, budding. II. rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay. 2. also blooming, fresh.
 εὐ-ἄνιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήνιος, [ā]

εὐ-ἄνορία, ἡ, Dor. for εὐηγορία.
 εὐ-ἄντητος, ον, (ἀντάω) easy to meet, gracious.
 εὐ-ἄνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for εὐήνωρ. [ā]
 εὐ-ἀπάλλακτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπαλλάσσω) easily got rid of: easy to dispose of.
 εὐ-ἄπάτητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπάτῶ) easily cheated.
 εὐ-ἀπήγητος, ον, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος.
 εὐ-ἀποβᾶτος, ον, convenient for disembarking.
 εὐ-ἀποτειχιστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀποτειχίζω) easy to be walled off or blockaded.
 εὐἄρεστέω, f. ἦσω, to be well-pleasing. From
 εὐ-ἄρεστος, ον, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. εὐ-ἄρεστος, Comp. —τοτέως.
 εὐ-ἀριθμητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀριθμέω) easy to be counted.
 εὐ-ἄρκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρκῶ) well-governed: submissive.
 εὐ-ἄρματος, ον, (εὐ, ἄρμα) with good or beautiful chariot: victorious in the chariot-race.
 εὐαρμωστία, ἡ, easiness of temper, good nature. From
 εὐ-ἄρμωστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρμύζω) well-adapted, accommodating. II. well-tuned, harmonious.
 εὐ-ἄρνος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρνός gen.) rich in sheep.
 εὐ-ἄροτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρῶ) well-ploughed, easy to be ploughed.
 εὐ-ἄρχος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχομαι) beginning well: making a good beginning.
 εὐἄς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐἄ) Bacchic, Bacchanalian.
 εὐἄσμα, ατος, τό, (εὐἄζω) a Bacchanalian shout.
 εὐἄσμός, ὁ, (εὐἄζω) the cry of eva, a shout of revelry, esp. of Bacchic revelry.
 εὐἄστειρα, ἡ, fem. of εὐἄστηρ.
 εὐἄστηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and εὐἄστής, οὔ, ὁ, (εὐἄζω) a Bacchanal.
 εὐἄτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος.
 εὐ-αυγής, ἐς, (εὐ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, conspicuous.
 εὐ-αυχήν, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αὐχῆν) with beautiful neck.
 εὐ-ἀφήγητος Ion. εὐαπήγητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀφηγήομαι) easy to describe.
 εὐ-ἄχῃς, εὐ-ἄχητος [ā], Dor. for εὐήχῃς, εὐήχητος.
 εὐ-ἄβᾶτακος, ον, (εὐ, βαστᾶζω) easy to carry or bear.
 εὐ-ἄβᾶτος, ον, (εὐ, βατός) accessible: passable.
 εὐ-βλέφαρος, ον, (εὐ, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids.
 Εὐβοία, as Ion. ἡς, ἡ, Euboea, now Negropont, an island lying along the coast of Boeotia and Attica.
 εὐβολέω, f. ἦσω, to make a good throw. From
 εὐ-βολος, ον, (εὐ, βαλεῖν) throwing luckily. Adv. εὐβόλως, luckily; εὐβόλως ἔχειν to be well off.
 εὐβοσία, ἡ, (εὐβοτος) good feeding.
 εὐ-βόστρηχος, ον, with beautiful locks.
 εὐ-βοτος, ον, (εὐ, βόσκει) feeding well, with good pasture. II. well-fed, thriving.
 εὐ-βότρυος, ον, and εὐ-βοτρῦς, υ, gen. vos, (εὐ, βό-τρῦς) rich in grapes.
 εὐβουλία, ἡ, good counsel: prudence. From
 εὐ-βουλος, ον, (εὐ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent.
 εὐ-βους, ονν, gen. oos, (εὐ, βοῦς) rich in cattle.
 εὐ-βροχος, ον, (εὐ, βρόχος) well-knit.
 εὐ-γάθῃς, ἐς, and εὐ-γάθητος, ον, Dor. for εὐγηθ-.

εὖ-γε, Adv. for εὖ γε, Lat. *euge!* well done! well said! capital! bravo!

εὖ-γεως, ον, (εὖ, γῆ) of or with good soil: fertile. εὐγένεια, ἡ, (εὐγενής) nobility of birth, high descent. II. nobility of soul, generosity.

εὖ-γένειος Ep. ἡῦ-, ον, (εὖ, γένειον) well-bearded. εὖ-γενέτης, ον, ὁ, = sq.

εὖ-γενής Ep. εὐη-γενής and ἡῦ-γενής, ἑς, (εὖ, γένος) well-born, of noble race, of high descent: also denoting nobility. II. noble-minded, generous. III. of animals, high-bred, noble.

εὖ-γενία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, = εὐγένεια.

εὖ-γεως, ον, (εὖ, γῆ) Att. for εὐγειος.

εὖ-γηθής, ἑς, and εὖ-γῆθης, ον, (εὖ, γηθῆ) joyous, cheerful.

εὐγηρία, ἡ, (εὐγηρῶς) happy old age.

εὐγηρία, υ, sweet-sounding.

εὐγηρῶς, ον, (εὖ, γῆρας) happy in old age.

εὖ-γλάγετος, ον, εὖ-γλαγγής, ἑς, and εὖ-γλαγος, ον, (εὖ, γλάγος) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εὐγλαγι, as if from εὖ-γλαξ.

εὖ-γλυπτος, ον, and εὖ-γλυφής, ἑς, (εὖ, γλυφῶ) well carved or engraved.

εὐγλωσσία Att. -τία, ἡ, fluency of speech. From

εὖ-γλωσσοσ Att. -τος, ον, (εὖ, γλωσσοα) with good and ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent. II.

act. loosing the tongue, making fluent.

εὐγμα, ατος, τό, (εὐχῶμαι) like εὐχος, α boast. II. = εὐχή, α prayer.

εὖ-γναμptos Ep. εὐγγ-, ον, (εὖ, γνάμπτω) well-bent, easily bent.

εὐγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, good feeling, candour. From εὖ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος (εὖ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable. II. sensible, prudent.—Adv. εὐγνωμόνως, prudently.

εὖ-γνωστος, ον, (εὖ, γνωστικός) well-known, familiar.

εὖ-γομφος, ον, (εὖ, γόμφος) well-nailed or fastened.

εὐγονία, ἡ, fruitfulness, fertility. From

εὖ-γονος, ον, (εὖ, γονή) fruitful, prolific.

εὖ-γραμμος, ον, (εὖ, γραμμή) well-drawn.

εὖ-γράφης, ἑς, (εὖ, γράφω) well painted. II.

act. writing or drawing well.

εὖ-γώνιος, ον, (εὖ, γωνία) well-cornered, regular.

εὖ-δαίδαλος, ον, beautifully wrought.

εὐδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐδαιμῶν) to be prosperous, well off or happy. Hence

εὐδαιμονήμα, ατος, τό, a piece of good fortune.

εὐδαιμονία, ἡ, (εὐδαιμονέω) prosperity, happiness.

εὐδαιμονίζω, f. σω, (εὐδαιμῶν) to account happy.

εὐδαιμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐδαιμῶν) of or tending to happy-

ness: of persons, happy. Adv. -κῶς, happily.

εὐδαιμόνως, Adv. of εὐδαιμῶν, happily: Comp. and Sup. εὐδαιμονέστερον, -έστατα.

εὖ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, δαίμων) with a good

genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. *felix*: also wealthy, like Lat. *beatus*: happy.

εὖ-δακρῦτος, ον, (εὖ, δακρῦω) much to be wept, lamentable.

εὖ-δέλιος, ον, (εὖ, δέλος for δῆλος) very clear, far-seen.

εὖ-δειπνος, ον, (εὖ, δειπνῶν) honoured with rich feasts. II. εὐδαιτοὶ δαίτες luxurious feasts.

εὐδέμενα, Ep. inf. of εὐδῶ.

εὖ-δενδρος, ον, (εὖ, δένδρον) abounding in fair trees.

εὐδεσκος, Ion. impf. of εὐδῶ.

εὖ-δηλος, ον, (εὖ, δῆλος) very clear, manifest.

εὐδησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of εὐδῶ.

εὐδία, ἡ, (εὐδῖος) fair weather: metaph. tranquillity, prosperity.

εὖ-διάβατος, ον, easy to be crossed, practicable.

εὖ-διαίτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of εὐδῖος.

εὖ-διαίτος, ον, (εὖ, διαίτα) living temperately.

εὖ-διανῶς, ἡ, ὄν, = εὐδῖος, warm.

εὐδιδῶ, f. ἦσω, (εὐδία) to be calm.

εὖ-δικία, ἡ, (εὖ, δίκη) righteous dealing: justice.

εὖ-δίντηος, ον, (εὖ, δίνω) easily turning or turned.

εὖ-διος, ον, (εὖ, Διός gen. of Ζεύς) calm, fine, clear: general: of persons, cheerful:—irreg. Comp. and Sup.

εὐδίστερος, -έστατος; also εὐδίαίτερος.

εὖ-δημητος Ep. εὐδ-, ον, (εὖ, δέμω) well built or fashioned.

εὖ-δοκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I εὐδόκησα: (εὖ, δοκέω):—to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquiesce in a thing: c. inf. to consent to do. Hence

εὐδοκία, ἡ, satisfaction, approval.

εὐδοκίμω, f. ἦσω: impf. and aor. I ηὔδοκιμον, ηὔδοκιμα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδοκίμος):—to be of good repute, be in esteem, famous, popular; εὐδοκίμειν ἔν τινι to be distinguished for a thing. Hence

εὐδοκίμια, ἡ, good repute, credit.

εὖ-δόκιμος, ον, in good repute, highly esteemed.

εὐδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐδοξος) to be in good repute, be thought well of, be famous. Hence

εὐδοξία, ἡ, good report, a good name, credit, glory.

εὖ-δοξος, ον, (εὖ, δόξα) of good report, glorious.

εὖ-δρακτής, ἑς, (εὖ, δρακύν) sharp-sighted.

εὖ-δροσος, ον, well-bedewed, abounding in water.

ΕΥΨΑΔΩ, impf. ηὔψων Ep. εὐδων: fut. εὐψῶω:—to sleep, lie down to sleep: also to sleep in death. II.

metaph. to rest, be still or busied: to cease.

εὖ-ἔανος, ον, (εὖ, ἔανόν) richly-dight, well-clad.

εὖ-ἔδρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔδρα) well-seated: with a fair throne. II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse.

εὖ-ἔθιρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔθειρα) fair-haired.

εὖ-ἔλιος, ἑς, (εὖ, ἔλιος) well-shaped, graceful.

εὖ-ἔλιος, ον, (εὖ, ἔλη) sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*.

εὖ-εἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, εἶμα) well-dressed.

εὖ-εἶρος Att. εὐερος, ον, (εὖ, εἶρος) with or of good wool, fleecy.

εὖ-ἔλεγκτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐλέγχω) easy to be refuted.

εὖ-ἔλπις, ὁ, ἡ, neut. εὐέλπι, gen. ἴδος, of good hope, hopeful, cheerful, sanguine; εὐελπίς εἶμι, c. inf. to be of good hope that.

εὖ-ἐξάλειπτος, ον, easy to blot out or erase.

εὖ-ἐξαπάτητος, ον, (εὖ, ἐξαπατάω) easily deceived.

εὐ-εξία, ἡ, (εὐ, *εἶς*) a good habit of body, good state of health: generally, good condition, good case.
 εὐ-έξοδος, ον, easy to get out of or escape from.
 εὐέπεια, ἡ, beautiful language, eloquence. II. = εὐφήμια, words of good omen. From
 εὐ-επίης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἐπίος) well-speaking, eloquent. 2. making eloquent, inspiring. II. well-spoken.
 εὐ-επία, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for εὐέπεια.
 εὐ-επιβουλευτος, ον, (εὐ, επιβουλεύω) easy to plot against: exposed to treachery.
 εὐ-επιθέτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιτίθεμαι) easy to be set upon or attacked; εὐεπιθέτον ἐστί τιμι it is easy for one to make an attack.
 εὐ-επιτάκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιτάσσω) easy to arrange: tractable.
 εὐεργεσία, ἡ, well-doing, good conduct. II. a doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. From εὐεργετέω, f. ἦσω: in the augm. tenses, sometimes ἐνήργετον, ἐνήργετσα, sometimes ἐεργ- with no augm.: (εὐεργετής) —to do well, do good. II. to do one good, shew kindness to, confer a benefit upon:—Pass., εὐεργετῆσθαι τι to have a kindness done one. Hence
 εὐεργέτημα, atos, τό, a good deed, a service, kindness.
 εὐ-εργετής, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, *εἶργω) a well-doer, a benefactor: a title of honour of such as had done the state service. II. as Adj. beneficent.
 εὐεργετητέον, verb. Adj. of εὐεργετέω, one must do good or shew kindness to.
 εὐεργετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐεργετής) disposed to do good.
 εὐ-εργετός, ιδος, fem. of εὐεργετής.
 εὐ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐ, *εἶργω) well-wrought, well-made, well-built: of gold, well-wrought, refined. II. well-done: hence in plur. εὐεργεία, good deeds, benefits.
 εὐ-εργός, ὄν, (εὐ, *εἶργω) doing good, upright, virtuous. II. pass. well-wrought, well-tilled: also easy to work.
 εὐ-ερκής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἐρκος) well-fenced, well-protected: shutting close: of cities, well-guarded.
 εὐ-ερκής, οὐ, ὁ, poet. for εὐεργετής.
 εὐ-ερνήης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἐρνος) sprouting well, flourishing.
 εὐ-επος, Att. for εὐεπος.
 εὐ-εστώ, οὐς, ἡ, (εὐ, εἰμί sum) well-being, prosperity.
 εὐετηρία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἔτος) a good season.
 εὐ-ετία, ἡ, = εὐετηρία.
 εὐ-εύρετος, ον, (εὐ, εὐρίσκω) easy to find.
 εὐ-εφόδος, ον, easy to assail.
 εὐ-ζηλος, ον, emulous in good:—Adv. -ζήλως.
 εὐ-ζυγος Ep. εὐζυγος, ον, (εὐ, ζυγόν m) of a ship, well-benched.
 εὐ-ζυξ, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ζεύγνυμι) well paired or matched.
 εὐ-ζωά, Dor. for εὐζωαία.
 εὐ-ζωνος Ep. εὐζωνος, ον, (εὐ, ζώνη) well-girded, of women. II. girt up for exercise, with one's loins girded, active, as in Horace *alte praecinctus*: unencumbered, Lat. *expeditus*.

εὐ-ζωρος, ον, (εὐ, ζωρός) quite pure, unmixed, of wine: Comp. -ζωρότερος, also irreg. -έστερος.
 εὐη-γενής, Ep. for εὐγενής.
 εὐ-ηγεσία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἡγέομαι) good government.
 εὐ-ηγορέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐ, ἀγορεύω) to speak well of, praise.
 εὐήθεια or εὐηθία Ion. -λή, ἡ, goodness of disposition, singleness of heart, simplicity: also in bad sense, simplicity, silliness. From
 εὐ-ήθης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἡθος) well-disposed, single-hearted, simple-minded: in bad sense, simple, silly:—Adv. εὐηθῶς, Sup. -έστατα.
 εὐηθίη, ἡ, Ion. for εὐήθεια.
 εὐηθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐήθης) of mild, gentle character: hence simple, foolish. Adv. -κῶς, in simple fashion.
 εὐ-ήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀκή) well-pointed, keen-edged.
 εὐ-ήκοος, ον, (εὐ, ἀκούω) bearing well: ready to bear.
 εὐ-ηλακάτος Dor. εὐάλακ-, ον, (εὐ, ἡλακάτη) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully.
 εὐ-ήλατος, ον, (εὐ, ἐλαίνω) easy to drive or ride over; πεδῖον εὐήλατον a plain fit for cavalry operations.
 εὐ-ήλιος Dor. εὐάλιος, ον, (εὐ, ἥλιος) well-sunned, sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*:—Adv. -ίως, with bright, sunny weather.
 εὐ-ήμερος, f. ἦσω, (εὐήμερος) of weather, to be fair. 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully: to be happy: to be successful in a thing. Hence
 εὐημερία, ἡ, fineness of the day, fine weather. II. good times, health and wealth, honour and glory.
 εὐ-ήμερος, ον, (εὐ, ἡμέρα) of a fine day: propitiuous. 2. cheerful, happy.
 εὐημερία, ἡ, a fair wind. From
 εὐ-ήνεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνεμος) with fair wind. 2. unvexed by winds, sheltered, serene.
 εὐ-ήνιος, ον, (εὐ, ἡνία) obedient to the rein: generally, obedient, docile.
 εὐηγορία, ἡ, manliness, manly virtue. From
 εὐ-ήνωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀνήρ) giving manhood, inspiring. II. of cities, abounding in brave men.
 εὐ-ήρατος, ον, (εὐ, ἔραμαι) much-loved, lovely.
 εὐ-ήρετος, ον, (εὐ, ἔρετος) well fitted to the oar: well-rowed, well-pulled.
 εὐ-ήρης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀραρεῖν) well-fitted or put together: well-poised, easy to handle.
 εὐ-ήτριος, ον, (εὐ, ἥτριον) well-woven. II. act. weaving well.
 εὐ-ήχης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἦχος) well-sounding, tuneful.
 εὐ-ήχητος, ον, well-sounding: loud-sounding.
 εὐ-θάλασσος, ον, (εὐ, θάλασσα) prosperous by sea.
 εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, (εὐ, θάλος) growing well, flourishing.
 εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for εὐθής.
 εὐθαρόσω, f. ἦσω, to be of good courage. From
 εὐ-θαρός, ἐς, (εὐ, θάρσος) of good courage:—Adv. -σῶς. 2. giving courage, safe.
 εὐθενέω, older form of εὐθηνέω.
 εὐ-θεράπευτος, ον, (εὐ, θεραπεύω) easily healed. II. easily won by kindness or attention.

εὐθετέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐθετος) to be well-arranged, convenient. 2. trans. to set in order, arrange well.

εὐθερίζω, to set in order, arrange orderly. From εὐ-θετος; ov, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-disposed: easily stowed or disposed of: convenient for use.

εὐθέως, Adv. of εὐθύς, straightway.

εὐ-θηγάς, ἑς, (εὐ, θήγω) sharpening well.

εὐ-θηλήμων, ov, gen. ovos, rare form for εὐθηλής.

εὐ-θηλής Dor. -θαλής, ἑς, (εὐ, θηλή) well-suckled: well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-θηλος, ov, (εὐ, θηλή) with distended udder.

εὐθημοσύνη, ἡ, good order, good management: a habit of good order. From

εὐ-θήμων, ov, gen. ovos, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-made. II. act. orderly, setting in order.

εὐθνήεω and εὐθενέω, to be well off, thrive, flourish: to abound in:—so also in Pass., aor. I εὐθηνήθη. Hence

εὐθηνία, ἡ, abundance.

εὐ-θήρατος, ov, (εὐ, θηράω) easily caught or won.

εὐ-θηρος, ov, (εὐ, θήρα) lucky in the chase. II. (θήρες) abounding in game.

εὐ-θησαυρος, ov, well-stored, precious.

εὐ-θνήσκιμος, ov, (εὐ, θνήσκω) with easy death.

εὐ-θουίος, ov, (εὐ, θοίνη) with rich banquet: copious.

εὐ-θορύβητος, ov, (εὐ, θορυβέω) easily confounded.

εὐ-θρηγικός, ov, (θρηγικός) with good coping or cornice.

εὐ-θριξ Ep. εὐ-θριξ, -τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θριξ) with fine hair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, well-plumed. II. made of stout hair, of a fishing-line.

εὐ-θρονος Ep. εὐθρονος, ov, (εὐ, θρόνος) with beautiful seat or throne.

εὐ-θροος, ov, (εὐ, θρόος) loud-sounding.

εὐθύ, neut. of εὐθύς, used as Adv.

εὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ov, (εὐθύ, γλωσσα) of straight tongue, honest of tongue.

εὐθυδικία, ἡ, an open, fair trial. From

εὐθύ-δικος, ov, or η, ov, (εὐθύ, δικη) judging rigidly.

εὐθυδρομέω, f. ἴσω, to run straight: of ships, to sail in a straight course. From

εὐθύ-δρομος, ov, running a straight course.

εὐθυ-εργής, ἑς, (εὐθύ, ἔργον) accurately wrought.

εὐθυ-μάχης, ov, ὁ, and εὐθύ-μάχος, ov, (εὐθύς, μάχομαι) fighting straightforward, fair-fighting.

εὐθυμέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐθυμος) to be of good cheer. II. trans. to make cheerful, cheer:—Pass. εὐθυμέομαι, to be of good cheer. Hence

εὐθυμητέον, verb. Adj., one must be cheerful.

εὐθυμία, ἡ, (εὐθυμέω) cheerfulness, festivity.

εὐ-θυμός, ov, (εὐ, θυμός) well-disposed, generous, kind. II. of good cheer, cheerful: of horses, spirited. III. Adv. εὐθυμῶς, cheerfully; Comp. -ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.

εὐθύνα, ἡ, but mostly used in pl. εὐθύνα, αἰ, (εὐθύνα) an examination of accounts, audit; εὐθύνas ἀπαιτεῖν to call for one's accounts; εὐθύνas διδόναι to give them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύνas ὀφλεῖν to be

bound to do so.

II. correction, chastisement.

Hence

εὐθύσος, ὁ, an investigator, auditor, who examined and passed the accounts of magistrates: at Athens there were ten. II. a corrector, chastiser.

εὐθυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐθύνα) a director, corrector. II. as Adj., εὐθυντήρ οἰάζ the guiding rudder.

εὐθυντηρία, ἡ, the part of a ship wherein the rudder was fixed: fem. from

εὐθυντήριος, α, ov, (εὐθύνα) directing, ruling.

εὐθυντής, οὐ, ὁ, = εὐθυντήρ.

εὐθύνα, fut. ἴνω, (εὐθύς) = the Homeric ἰθύνω, to guide straight: to steer straight. 2. to direct, govern. 3. to keep straight, preserve. II. to make straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, revise.

III. at Athens, to call to account, scrutinise the accounts (εὐθύναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to be called to account, and so to be corrected.

εὐθύ-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνοος, ov, (εὐθύ, πνέω) straight-blowing.

εὐθύ-πομπος, ov, (εὐθύ, πέμπω) guiding straight.

εὐθύπορέω, f. ἴσω, to go straight forward; πότμος εὐθυπορῶν unswerving, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato,

εὐθυπορεῖν δρόμον to go a straight course. From

εὐθύ-πορος, ov, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) going straight: metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, honest.

εὐ-θυρσος, ov, with beautiful thyrsus.

Εὐ' ἄγ' ἴσ, εὐθεία, εὐθύ, = the Ion. form ἰθύς, straight, direct:—in moral sense, straightforward, plain, honest:—in Adverb. usages, εἰς τὸ εὐθὺ βλέπειν to look straight forward; ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak straight out; ἐκ τοῦ εὐθέος at once, immediately. II. as Adv. εὐθὺς and εὐθύθ, of place, straight to, direct for: also c. gen. straight towards . . . εὐθὺ Πιλλήνῃς.

2. of Time, straightway, forthwith, at once; τοῦ θέρος εὐθὺς ἀρχομένον immediately at the beginning of summer.—So also the regular Adv. εὐθέως.

εὐ-θύσσανος, ov, (εὐ, θύσσανος) well-fringed.

εὐθύντης, ἦτος, ἡ, (εὐθύς) straightness. II. metaph. honesty, justice. [ὑ]

εὐθύ-τομος, ov, (εὐθύ, τέμειν) cut straight, straight.

εὐθύ-φρων, ov, (εὐθύ, φρήν) right-minded.

εὐθύ-ωρος, ov, also α, ov, (εὐθύ, ὠρα) in a straight direction: neut. εὐθύωρον as Adv., = εὐθύς II.

εὐ-θώρηξ, ἡκός, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θώραξ) well-mailed.

εὐάζω, v. εὐάω.

εὐάκος, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐίος) Bacchic: fem. εὐάς, ἄδος.

εὐ-ίερος, ov, (εὐ, ἱέρως) very holy, ballowed.

Εὐίος, ὁ, Evius, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry εἴα, εὐοῖ.

II. εὐίος, ov, Adj. Bacchic, inspired by Bacchus.

εὐ-ιππος, ov, of persons, delighting in horses, having fine horses: of places, famed for horses.

εὐ-ιστος, ov, (εὐ, ἴσημι) of good knowledge.

εὐ-ισχιος, ov, (εὐ, ἰσχιος) with beautiful hips.

εὐ-καθαίρετος, ov, (εὐ, καθαίρω) easy to overthrow.

εὐ-κάθεκτος, ov, (εὐ, κατέχω) easy to keep down.

εὐκαιρέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐκαίρος) to have good opportu-

nity, have leisure :—εὐκαιρεῖν εἰς τι, to devote one's leisure to a thing, spend one's time in it.

εὐκαιρία, ἡ, good season, opportunity, leisure. II. prosperity. From

εὐ-καιρος, ον, (εὐ, καιρός) in season, seasonable, well-timed, opportune : of places, convenient. Adv. εὐκαιρῶς opportunely : at leisure ; Comp. —ότερον ; Sup. —ότατα.

εὐ-κάλος, εὐ-κῆλία, Dor. for εὐκηλ-. εὐ-κάματος, ον, (εὐ, κάματος) of easy labour, easy. 2. well-wrought : won by noble toils. [ᾗ]

εὐ-καμπής, ἐς, (εὐ, κάμπω) well-bent, curved. εὐ-κάρδιος, ον, (εὐ, καρδία) good of heart, stout-hearted, Lat. egregie cordatus : of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv. ἰως, with stout heart.

εὐ-καρπος, ον, rich in fruit, fruitful : prolific. εὐ-κατάλακτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλλάσσω) easy to appease.

εὐ-κατάλυτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλύω) easy to overthrow. εὐ-κατάφορος, ον, (εὐ, καταφέρωμι) prone towards, Lat. proclivis.

εὐ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (εὐ, καταφρονέω) easy to despise, despicable.

εὐ-κατέργαστος, ον, (εὐ, κατεργάζομαι) easy to work, of land :—easy to digest :—easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὐ, κατηγορέω) easy to blame. εὐ-κιάτος, ον, Ep. for εὐ-κέαστος, (εὐ, κιάζω) easily cleft or split.

εὐ-κέαδος, ον, sounding well, melodious. εὐ-κέντρος, ον, (εὐ, κέντρον) well-pointed.

εὐ-κίραος, ον, and εὐκέρως, ον, gen. ωτος, (εὐ, κέρας) with goodly horns.

εὐκλήγχερα, ἡ, she that lulls, sooths. From εὐκηλος Dor. εὐκῆλος, ον, lengthd. form of ἐκηλος, tranquil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus.

εὐ-κισσος, ον, (εὐ, κισσός) ivied. εὐ-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, with goodly pillars. [ῖ]

εὐ-κλεής, ἐς, acc. εὐκλέεα contr. εὐκλεᾶ ; also (as if from εὐκλής) acc. sing. εὐκλεᾶ, pl. εὐκλέας Ep. εὐ-κλειάς : (εὐ, κλειάς) :—of good fame, glorious, noble. Hence

εὐκλεᾶ Ep. εὐκλείη, and in late Poets εὐκλεῆ, ἡ, good fame, renown. Hence

εὐκλεῖζω Ion. εὐκληῖζω, f. σω, to praise, laud. εὐκλειής, ἐς, Ep. for εὐκλεής : Adv. εὐκλειῶς.

εὐ-κλεινος, ον, much-famed. εὐ-κλήεις, ον, εὐ-κλήεις, ἰδος, ἡ, (εὐ, κλείω) well-closed, close-shutting.

εὐκληρέω, f. ἴσω, to have a good lot. From εὐ-κληρος, ον, with a good lot or portion.

εὐ-κλωστος Ep. εὐκλ-, ον, (εὐ, κλώθω) well-spun. εὐ-κνήμις, ἰδος, ὅ, ἡ, (εὐ, κνήμις) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wrought greaves : Ep. nom. and acc. pl. ἐκνήμιδες, ἐκνήμιδας. [ῖ]

εὐ-κνημος, ον, (εὐ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs. εὐ-κοινόμητις, ὅ, ἡ, taking common counsel.

εὐ-κολλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλλα) gluing well, sticky. εὐ-κολος, ον, (εὐ, κόλον) of good digestion : gene-

rally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis : good-natured, popular.

εὐ-κολπος, ον, swelling beautifully, in goodly folds. 2. with beautiful bays.

εὐκόλως, Adv. of εὐκόλος, contentedly, calmly. εὐ-κομιδής, ἐς, (εὐ, κομιδή) well-cared for.

εὐ-κομος Ep. ἦύκ-, ον, (εὐ, κόμη) thick-haired. εὐ-κοπος, ον, loud-sounding.

εὐ-κοπος, ον, with easy labour, easy. εὐ-κόσμητος, ον, (εὐ, κοσμέω) well-ordered.

εὐκοσμία, ἡ, orderly behaviour, good order. From εὐ-κοσμος, ον, well-ordered, orderly, decorous :—Adv. —μως, in good order. II. well-adorned, graceful.

εὐ-κραίρος, ον, or α, ον, (εὐ, κραιρα) with fine horns. εὐ-κράς, ἄτος, ὅ, ἡ, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered : of climate, temperate, mild, moderate. II. mixing readily with.

εὐ-κρασία, ἡ, good mixture or temperament. From εὐ-κράτος, ον, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, temperate : of wine, mixed for drinking :—metaph. temperate, mild.

εὐ-κρετος, ον, (εὐ, κρέω) well-struck, well-played, of stringed instruments. II. well-woven.

εὐ-κρηνος, ον, (εὐ, κρήνη) well-watered. εὐ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εὐκρατος.

εὐ-κριθος, ον, (εὐ, κριθή) rich in barley. εὐκρινέω, f. ἴσω, to keep distinct and in order. From εὐ-κρινής, ἐς, (εὐ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular : well-arranged, in good order. Adv. —ως Ion. —νέως.

εὐ-κρίτος, ον, (εὐ, κρίνω) easy to judge or decide : easily discerned, plain, manifest.

εὐ-κρόταλος Ep. εὐκρ-, ον, (εὐ, κρόταλον) accompanied by castanets, lively, rattling.

εὐ-κρότητος, ον, (εὐ, κροτέω) well-weldd, well-wrought, of metal.

εὐ-κρυπτος, ον, (εὐ, κρύπτω) easy to bide. εὐκταίος, α, ον, (εὐχομαι) of or for prayer, votive : τὰ εὐκταία, wishes, prayers, vovs :—of the gods, invoked in prayer : of things, prayed for.

εὐ-κτέανος, ον, (εὐ, κτέανον) with fine possessions. εὐ-κτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, κτήμα) with fair possessions.

εὐ-κτητος, ον, (εὐ, κτάομαι) easily gotten. εὐ-κτίμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, κτίζω) well-built : well-made : full of goodly buildings.

εὐ-κτίτος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for εὐκτιστος, = εὐκτίμενος.

εὐκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐχομαι) prayed for : to be prayed for. εὐ-κυκλος, ον, well-turned, well-rounded. II. moving in a circle, circling.

εὐ-κυλικος, ον, (εὐ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup. εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβίη, ἡ, discretion, caution, circumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From

εὐ-λαβέομαι, fut. med. —ήσομαι or pass. —ηθήσομαι : aor. I pass. ἠλαβήθην or εὐλ- : Dep. : (εὐλαβής) : —to be cautious, circumspect, discreet :—to have a

care, beware, fear. II. c. acc. to beware of. 2.

to watch for, await quietly.

εὐλαβήθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg.

εὐ-λαβής, ἐς, (εὐ, λαβεῖν) taking in hand cautiously, cautious, circumspect, discreet. 2. fearing the gods, pious, devout.

εὐ-λαβῆ, see εὐλάβεια.

εὐλαβῶς, Adv. of εὐλαβής, cautiously: Comp.

-εστέρας.

εὐλάω, f. ξω, old Dor. Verb. to plough.

εὐ-λαῦξ, ἰγγος, ὁ, ἦ, = εὐλιθος.

εὐλάκα, ἦ, old Dor. word for a ploughshare.

εὐ-λαῖος, ον, (εὐ, λαλέω) sweet-spoken.

εὐ-λάχανος, ον, (εὐ, λάχανον) fruitful in herbs.

εὐ-λειμος, ον, and εὐ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ,

λειμών) with fair meadows.

εὐ-λεκτρος, ον, (εὐ, λέκτρον) blessing marriage: happy in marriage.

εὐ-λεξίς, ι, (εὐ, λέξις) with good choice of words.

εὐ-λεχός, ἐς, (εὐ, λέχος) well-wedded, blessed in one's marriage-bed.

ΕΥ' ΔΗ', ἦ, a worm, maggot.

εὐ-ληκτος, ον, (εὐ, λήγω) soon-ceasing.

εὐ-ληπτος, ον, (εὐ, λαμβάνω) easy to take hold of; easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εὐλήπτως,

so that one can easily take hold: Sup. -ότατα.

εὐληρα, ων, τά, old Ep. word for ἦνια, reins.

εὐ-λίμενος, ον, (εὐ, λιμήν) with good harbours.

εὐλόγω, f. ἦσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγουν or ἦλ-, aor. I εὐλόγησα or ἦλ-: (εὐλογος):—to speak well of, praise. 2. to bless. Hence

εὐλογητός, ἦ, ὄν, blessed.

εὐλογία, ἦ, (εὐλογία) good-speaking, fair-speaking. II. praise, eulogy: glory. 2. blessing or a blessing, bounty: also almsgiving.

εὐ-λόγιστος, ον, (εὐ, λογίζομαι) easy to reckon. II.

rightly reckoning, prudent.

εὐ-λογος, ον, (εὐ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: reasonable, probable, fair: τὸ εὐλογον a fair reason:—

Adv., εὐλόγως ἔχειν to be reasonable; Comp. -ωτέρας.

εὐ-λοέτερα, ἦ, (εὐ, λουτρὸν) with fine baths.

εὐ-λοφος, ον, well-plumed.

εὐ-λοχος, ον, (εὐ, λοχέω) helping in childbirth.

εὐ-λύρης, ον, Dor. εὐλύρας, α, ὁ, = εὐλύρος.

εὐ-λύρος, ον, (εὐ, λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing beautifully on the lyre.

εὐ-λύτος, ον, (εὐ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to loose. 2. metaph. easy to dissolve or break.

εὐμάθεια, ἦ, docility.

εὐ-μάθης, ἐς, (εὐ, μαθεῖν) ready or quick at learning, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εὐμαθῶς, readily: Comp. -έστερον. II. pass. easy to learn or know, intelligible: well-known, familiar.

εὐ-μαθία Ion. -ιή, ἦ, = εὐμάθεια.

εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκης.

εὐ-μαλλος, ον, of fine wool.

εὐ-μᾶλος, Dor. for εὐμήλος.

εὐ-μάραθος, ον, (εὐ, μάραθρον) abounding in fennel.

εὐμάρεια, ἦ, easiness, ease, convenience; εὐμαρεία χρῆσθαι to be in comfort, but also = Lat. *alvum exonerare*, to ease oneself. From

εὐ-μαρής, ἐς, (εὐ, μάρη = χεῖρα) easy, convenient, without trouble. 2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle.

εὐ-μαρίη, Ion. for εὐμάρεια.

εὐμαρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, but acc. εὐμαρίν, an Asiatic shoe or slipper. (Foreign word.)

εὐμαρῶς poet. -έως, Adv. of εὐμαρής, gently.

εὐ-μεγέθης, ἐς, (εὐ, μέγεθος) of good size, well-grown.

εὐ-μελᾶνος, ον, (εὐ, μέλαν) well-blackened, inky.

εὐ-μελής, ἐς, (εὐ, μέλος) melodious, musical.

εὐμένεια, ἦ, (εὐμένης) good will, kindness, favour.

εὐμένετης, ον, ὁ, poet. for εὐμένης, a well-wisher, friend: fem. εὐμένετιρα.

εὐμένεω, f. ἦσω, to be propitious, kind. II. c. acc. to be kind to, deal kindly with. From

εὐ-μενής, ἐς, (εὐ, μένος) well-disposed, kind, gracious, favourable: of men, friendly, also acceptable. 2. of things, favourable, propitious: also bounteous, abundant.

εὐ-μενία, ἦ, poet. collat. form of εὐμένεια.

Εὐμενίδες (sub. θεαί), αἱ, (εὐμένης) the gracious goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the ill-omened name Ἐρινύες.

εὐμενία, ἦ, poet. for εὐμένεια.

εὐμενίσομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Med., (εὐμένης) to make propitious, propitiate.

εὐμενῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐμένης, kindly, graciously: Comp. -έστερον or -εστέρας.

εὐ-μετάβλητος, ον, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ον, (εὐ, μεταβάλλω) easy to change.

εὐ-μετάδοτος, ον, (εὐ, μεταδίδωμι) readily imparting, bountiful.

εὐ-μεταχειρίστος, ον, (εὐ, μεταχειρίζω) easy to manage. 2. easy to deal with or master.

εὐ-μετρος, ον, (εὐ, μέτρον) moderate, well-proportioned.

εὐ-μήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, μήκος) of good length, tall.

εὐ-μήλος, ον, (εὐ, μήλον) rich in sheep.

εὐ-μήρυτος, ον, (εὐ, μέρυω) easy to spin or draw out.

εὐμηχάνια, ἦ, skill in devising means, fertility of resources. From

εὐ-μηχάνος, ον, (εὐ, μηχανή) good at expedients, skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious.

εὐ-μίστος, ον, (εὐ, μίσω) exposed to hatred.

εὐ-μίτος, ον, with fine or stout threads.

εὐ-μυτρος, ον, (εὐ, μύτρα) with beautiful girdle.

εὐμ-μελής, ὁ, Ion. gen. εὐμμελία, Dor. -ίας, gen. -ία: (εὐ, μελία) armed with good aspen spear.

εὐ-μνήμων, ον, (εὐ, μνήμη) easy to remember: comp. Adv., εὐμνημονεστέρας ἔχειν to be easier to remember.

εὐ-μνηστος, ον, (εὐ, μνήσσκομαι) well-remembering, mindful.

εὐ-μοιρος, ον, (εὐ, μοῖρα) well off for fortune, wealthy.

εὐμολπέω, f. ἦσω, to sing well. From

εὐ-μολπος, (εὐ, μολπή) *sweetly-singing*.
 εὐμορφία, ἡ, *beauty of form, symmetry*. From
 εὐ-μορφος, ον, (εὐ, μορφή) *fair of form, comely*.
 εὐμουσία, ἡ, *accomplishments*. From
 εὐ-μουσος, ον, (εὐ, Μοῦσα) *skilled in the arts of the Muses*: *accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing*: *musical, melodious*.

εὐμοχθος, ον, *industrious, laborious*.
 εὐ-μῦθος, ον, *well-spoken, eloquent*.
 εὐ-μῦκος, ον, (εὐ, μυκάομαι) *loud-bellowing*.
 εὐνάω, f. ὄσω: in augm. tenses, aor. I εὐνάσα or ἤν-ῶ, pass. εὐνάσθην or ἤν-ῶ: (εὐνή):—*to lay in bed, put to sleep*: also *to lay in ambush*: of animals, *to lay their young in a form*: of death, *to lay asleep*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep*: of birds, *to roost*. III. intr. in Act. *to sleep*.

εὐ-ναϊετῶν, ουσα, ον, (εὐ, ναϊετῶν) *well-peopled or well-situated*.
 εὐ-ναϊόμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, ναίω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.

εὐναῖος, α, ον, (εὐνή) *in one's bed or couch*; εὐναῖος λαγῶς *a hare in its form*; εὐναῖα πτέρυγες *wings over the nest*. 2. *wedded*. 3. of pain, *making one keep one's bed*. II. (εὐνή II) *of or for anchorage*: hence *steadying or guiding a ship*.

εὐνάσιμος, ον, (εὐνάω) *convenient for sleeping in*.
 εὐναστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow*. Hence εὐνάστειρα, εὐνατήρ, εὐνάτωρ, Dor. for εὐνητ-.
 εὐνάτηριον, τό, *a bed-chamber*.

εὐνάω, f. ἴσω:—Pass., aor. I εὐνήθην: pf. εὐνήμαι: (εὐνή):—*to lull to sleep*: also *to lay in ambush*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed*: *to go to sleep*: also *to be bedded with*: of storms, *to be lulled, assuaged*.

εὐνήτης, ον, ὅ, (εὐνή) = εὐναστήρ or εὐνήτηρ.
 ΕΥΝΗΉ, ἡ, *a bed, any sleeping-place*: *the lair of a deer, the seat or form of a hare, the nest of a bird*:—also *the grave*. 2. *the marriage-bed, wedlock, marriage*. II. in plur. εὐναί, *stones used as anchors*, and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was made fast to land; ἐκ δ' εὐνάς ἐβαλον κατὰ δὲ πρυμνήσι' ἔδησαν.

εὐνήθεις, aor. I part. pass. of εὐνάω.
 εὐνήθεν, (εὐνή) Adv. *out of bed*.
 εὐνήθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of εὐνάω.
 εὐνήμα, atos, τό, (εὐνάω) *marriage, wedlock*.
 εὐνήτειρα, fem. of εὐνητήρ, *a wife*.

εὐνήτηρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow, husband*.
 εὐ-νητος Ep. εὐν-νητος, ον, (εὐ, νέω) *well-spun or woven, of fine texture*.

εὐνήτρια, ἡ, = εὐνήτειρα.
 εὐνήτωρ, ορος, ὅ, = εὐνητήρ.
 εὐνήφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of εὐνή.
 εὐνός, ὅ, ἡ, gen. ios; in pl. εὐνίες or εὐνίδες:—*reft of, bereaved of*. II. absol. *bereaved, desolate*.

εὐνός, ιδος, ἡ, (εὐνή) *a bedfellow, wife*.
 εὐν-νητος, Ep. for εὐνητος.

εὐνοέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐνοος) *to be well-disposed or friendly*:—Pass. *to be kindly treated*.

εὐνοαί, ἡ, poet. also εὐνοαῖα Ep. εὐνοίη, (εὐνοος) *good will, kindness*; in pl. *kindness, kind feelings*:—κατ' εὐνοίαν *out of kindness, favourably*; so, μετ' εὐνοίας, ὑπ' εὐνοίας, εὐνοία. Hence

εὐ-νοικός, ἡ, ὄν, of kind, *benevolent character*. Adv., εὐνοικός ἔχειν *to be kindly disposed*.

εὐνομέομαι: f. med. εὐνομήσομαι: aor. I pass. εὐνομήθην: (εὐνομος):—*to have good laws, enjoy a good constitution, to be orderly*. Hence

εὐνομία Ion. -τι, ἡ, *good order, order*. From εὐ-νομος, ον, (εὐ, νόμος) *under good laws, well-ordered, orderly*.

εὐ-νοος, ον, Att. contr. εὐ-νοος, ον, pl. εὐνοί: (εὐ, νόος, νοῦς):—*well-minded, well-affected, kindly, benevolent*:—Comp. εὐνοώστερος Ion. -οέστερος; Sup. -οὔστατος.

εὐνουχίω, f. ἴσω, *to make an eunuch of*. From εὐν-ουχος, ὅ, (εὐνή, ἔχω) *an eunuch*: employed in Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, οἱ τῆν εὐνὴν ἔχοντες, *guardians of the bed*).

εὐντα, Dor. for ἐντα, ὄντα, neut. pl. part. of εἰμί sum.

εὐ-νώμας, ον, ὅ, (εὐ, νομάω) *swiftly moving*.
 εὐ-νωός, Adv. of εὐνοος, εὐνοος, *kindly*.

εὐξάιμην, aor. I opt. of εὐχομαι.
 εὐ-ξαντος, ον, (εὐ, ξαίω) *well-carded, of wool*.

εὐ-ξενος Ion. εὐ-ξενος, ον, (εὐ, ξένος) *kind to strangers, hospitable*; ἀνδρῶν εὐξενος *the guest-chamber*: πόντος εὐξενος *the Euxine, now the Black sea*, called, before the Greek settlements upon it, ἄ-ξενος *the inhospitable*.

εὐ-ξεστός Ep. εὐξέστος, ον, or η, ον, *well-polished*.
 εὐ-ξοσός Ep. εὐξοσός, ον, Ep. gen. εὐξου, (εὐ, ξέω) = εὐξέστος.

εὐ-ξύμβλητος, εὐ-ξύμβολος, εὐ-ξύνητος, Att. for εὐσ-.

εὐόδοος, f. ἴσω, (εὐόδος) *to have a free passage, of running water*. Hence

εὐόδια, ἡ, *a good journey, fair voyage*.
 εὐ-όβος, ον, (εὐ, ὀβμή) *sweet-smelling, fragrant*.
 εὐ-όδος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδός) *easy to travel through*: with free passage:—Sup. εὐοδάτατος. Hence

εὐ-οδόω, f. ὄσω: Pass., f. -οδωθήσομαι: aor. I -οδώθην:—*to put in the right way, help on the way*: Pass. *to prosper, be successful*.

εὐοί, Bacchanalian exclamation, Lat. *evoe!*

εὐ-ολβος, ον, (εὐ, ὀλβος) *wealthy, prosperous*.
 εὐοπλέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐοπλος) *to be well-equipped*.

εὐοπλία, ἡ, *the being well armed, a good state of arms and equipments*. From

εὐ-οπλος, ον, (εὐ, ὀπλον) *well-armed, well-equipped*.
 εὐοργησία, ἡ, *gentleness, mildness of temper*. From

εὐ-όργητος, ον, (εὐ, ὀργή) *good-tempered, free from passion*. Adv. -τως, *with good temper*.
 εὐορκέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐορκος) *to swear truly, take a true oath, to keep one's oath*. Hence

εὐορκισία, ἡ, an abiding by one's oath, good faith.
εὐορκία, ἡ, (εὐορκέω) = εὐορκισία. From
εὐ-ορκος, ον, (εὐ, ὄρκος) true to one's oath: of oaths,
δμῖναι εὐορκα (as Adv.) to swear truly; εὐορκῶν
[ἔστ'] 'tis according to one's oath. Hence
εὐορκωμαι, ατος, τό, a faithful oath.

εὐόρκως, Adv. of εὐορκος, according to one's oath.
εὐ-ορμος, ον, with good anchorage: of ships, safe at
anchor.

εὐ-ορνίς, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὄρνις) of good augury, au-
spicious. II. abounding in birds.

εὐ-όροφος, ον, (εὐ, ἑρέφω) well-roofed.
εὐ-όφθαλμος, ον, with beautiful eyes. II. pleas-
ing to the eyes. III. specious.

εὐ-όφρυς, υ, (εὐ, ὄφρυς) with fine eyebrows.
εὐ-όχω, f, ἡσω, (εὐ, ἔχω) to treat, tend well.
εὐοχθέω, f, ἡσω, to be in plenty. From
εὐ-όχθος, ον, with goodly banks, fruitful, rich.
εὐ-πάγης, ἐς, (εὐ, παγῆναι) well put together, com-
pact.

εὐπάθεια Ion. εὐπαθία, ἡ, enjoyment of good things,
the being in good case, comfort: in plur. enjoyments,
luxuries; ἐν εὐπαθείῳ εἶναι to enjoy oneself, make
merry. [ᾶ] From

εὐπάθεω, f, ἡσω, to be well off, enjoy oneself, make
merry, live comfortably. From
εὐ-πάθης, ἐς, (εὐ, παθεῖν) well off, in good case,
comfortable.

εὐ-πάθιη, Ion. for εὐπάθεια.
εὐπαιδία, ἡ, a goodly race of children. From
εὐ-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, παῖς) blest with children,
with many or good children; γένος εὐπαῖς, a noble son.
εὐ-πακτος, Dor. for εὐπλεκτος.
εὐ-πάλᾶμος, ον, (εὐ, πάλᾳμη) bandy, ingenious: in-
ventive.

εὐ-παράγωγος, ον, (εὐ, παράγω) easy to lead away.
εὐ-παρῶος, ον, Dor. for εὐπαρεος, -ηος.
εὐ-παράπειστος, ον, easily led aside.
εὐ-πάρεδρος, ον, constantly attending on, devoted to.
εὐ-πάρεος, ον, (εὐ, παρεῖν) with beauteous cheeks.
εὐ-πάρθενος, ον, famed for fair maidens. II.

εὐπάρθενος Δίρκη Dircé, barry maid!
εὐ-παρόξυντος, ον, (εὐ, παροξύνω) easily irritated.
εὐ-παρῦφος, ον, (εὐ, παρῦφή) with a handsome border.
εὐ-πάτρηια, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) daughter of a noble sire:
belonging to a noble father.

εὐ-πατρίδης, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, πατήρ) of Athens or noble
father, of noble family. II. at Athos, the Εὐ-
πατρίδαι, Lat. Optimates, were the first class, the
γεωμόροι the second, the δημιουργοί the third.

εὐ-πατρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) born of a noble sire.
εὐ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐπατρις.
εὐ-πειθής, ἐς, (εὐ, πείθομαι) ready to obey, obedient,
tractable. II. act. persuasive, convincing.

εὐ-πειστος, ον, (εὐ, πείθομαι) easily persuaded.
εὐ-πέμπτελος, ον, (εὐ, πέμπω) gently leading.
εὐ-πένθερος, ον, with a good father-in-law.
εὐ-πέπλος, ον, beautifully attired.

εὐ-περιάγως, ον, (εὐ, περιάγω) easily turned round.
εὐ-περίγραπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιγράφω) easy to sketch out.
εὐ-περίγραφος, ον, (εὐ, περιγραφή) = foreg.
εὐ-περίπατος, ον, (εὐ, περιπατέω) easy to walk on.
εὐ-περίσπαστος, ον, (εὐ, περισπᾶω) easy to pull off.
εὐ-περιστάτος, ον, (εὐ, περιούσταμαι) easily besetting.
εὐ-περίτρεπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιτρέπω) easily turned
round, changeable, inconstant.

εὐ-πέταλος, ον, (εὐ, πέταλον) with beautiful leaves.
εὐ-πέτεια, ἡ, ease; δι' εὐπετείας easily. 2. easi-
ness of getting or having, Lat. copia. From
εὐ-πετής, ἐς, (εὐ, πεσεῖν) falling well or easily:
hence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis: abundant,
plentiful.

εὐ-πετρος, ον, (εὐ, πέτρα) of good, hard stone.
εὐπετῶς Ion. -ως, Adv. of εὐπετής, easily, amply:
Comp. εὐπετέστερον and -ρως.

εὐ-πηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well-made, stout.
εὐ-πηκτος, ον, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well put together, well-
built, compact: of cheese, well-curdled, solid.

εὐ-πλήξῃ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful helmet.
εὐ-πηνος, ον, (εὐ, πήνη) of fine texture.
εὐ-πηχυς, υ, with beautiful arms.

εὐ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, abounding in fountains.
εὐπιθέω, = εὐπειθέω. From

εὐ-πίθης, ἐς, = εὐπειθής, obedient, submissive.
εὐ-πιστος, ον, easy to believe, trustworthy, credi-
ble. II. act. easily believing, credulous:—Adv.

-τως.
εὐ-πίων, ον, gen. ονος, very fat, rich. [ἰ]
εὐ-πλάτης, ἐς, (εὐ, πλάτος) of a good breadth.

εὐ-πλοῆς, α, ον, well filled.
εὐ-πλεκῆς Ep. εὐ-πλεκτής, ἐς, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-
plaited; δίφροι εὐπλεκέες, see εὐπλεκτος,

εὐ-πλεκτος Ep. εὐ-πλεκτος, ον, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-
plaited, well-netted; εὐπλεκτος δίφρος a chariot with
sides of wicker-work.

εὐπλοια Ep. εὐπλοΐη, ἡ, (εὐπλοος) a fair voyage.
εὐ-πλόκαμος Ep. εὐπλ-, ον, with goodly locks: pecul.
fem. εὐπλοκαμῆς, ἴδος.

εὐ-πλοος, ον, = εὐπλεκτος.
εὐ-πλοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πλους, ον, (εὐ, πλέω) sailing
well, having a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλύνῃς Ep. εὐπλ-, ἐς, (εὐ, πλύνω) well-washed.
εὐ-πλωτος, ον, (εὐ, πλώω) favourable to sailing.
εὐπνοια poet. εὐπνοΐη, ἡ, easiness of breathing. II.

fragrance. From
εὐ-πνοος Ep. εὐ-πνοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πνους, ον, (εὐ,
πνέω) breathing well or freely: good to breathe
through. II. sweet-smelling, fragrant.—Comp.

εὐπνώτερος. also irreg. -πνώστερος.
εὐποδία, ἡ, (εὐπους) strength or speed of foot.
εὐποιητικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐ, ποιέω) disposed to be kind,
beneficent.

εὐ-ποίητος, ον, also η, ον, (εὐ, ποιέω) well-made,
well-wrought.

εὐ-ποιία, ἡ, (εὐ, ποιέω) beneficence.
εὐ-ποίκιλος, ον, (εὐ, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

εὐ-ποκος, *ον*, (εὐ, πόκος) *with fine wool, fleecy.*
 εὐ-πόλεμος, *ον*, *good at war.*
 εὐ-πομπος, *ον*, (εὐ, πέμπω) *well-conducting, propitious.*
 εὐπρόω, *φ. ἦσω*: *αορ. I εὐπύρῃσα*: (εὐπορος):—*to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 2. to find a way, be able. II. to supply, provide: Pass. to have plenty of, abound in. Hence*
 εὐπορία, *ἡ*, *facility in moving, facility in doing. 2. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3. plenty, store: wealth. II. opp. to ἀπορία, the solution of doubts or difficulties.*
 εὐ-πορος, *ον*, (εὐ, πόρος) *easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. 2. of persons, well-provided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful; of persons, wealthy.*
 εὐπόρως, *Adv.* of εὐπορος, *easily: in abundance.*
 εὐ-ποτός, *ον*, *well-fated, happy.*
 εὐ-ποτός, *ον*, (εὐ, ποτόν) *pleasant to drink.*
 εὐπούς, *ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό*, *gen. -ποδος*, (εὐ, ποῦς) *with good feet, strong or swift of foot.*
 εὐπράγιω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to fare well, be well off, prosper.*
 From
 εὐ-πράγης, *ἑς*, (εὐ, πράγος) *flourishing well, flourishing.*
 εὐπράγια, *ἡ*, (εὐπραγία) *well-doing, welfare.*
 εὐ-πρακτος, *ον*, (εὐ, πράσσω) *easy to be done.*
 εὐπραξία *Ion.* εὐπρηξία, *ἡ*, = εὐπραγία, *good fortune, success. II. good conduct.*
 εὐ-πραξίς, *ἡ*, *poët. for εὐπραξία.*
 εὐ-πρέμων, *ον*, (εὐ, πρέμων) *with good stem.*
 εὐπρέπεια, *ἡ*, *fair appearance: beauty, comeliness. II. speciousness, plausibility. From*
 εὐ-πρεπής, *ἑς*, (εὐ, πρέπω) *well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: glorious. 3. specious, plausible.*
 εὐ-πρεπτος, (εὐ, πρέπω) *conspicuous.*
 εὐπρεπῶς *Ion.* -ῶς, *Adv.* of εὐπρεπής, *becomingly: speciously: Comp. εὐπρεπέστερον; Sup. -έστατα.*
 εὐπρηξία, *Ion.* for εὐπραξία.
 εὐπρήσσω, (εὐ, πρήσσω) *to arrange or order well: Ion. impf. ἐπρήσσεσκον.*
 εὐ-πρηστος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρήθω) *strong-blowing.*
 εὐ-πρήων, *ωνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (εὐ, πρήων) *with fair headlands.*
 εὐ-πρόδεκτος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσδέχομαι) *acceptable.*
 εὐ-πρόσεδος, *ον*, = εὐπάρεδος, *assiduous, diligent.*
 εὐ-προσήγορος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσσηγορέω) *of easy address, affable, courteous.*
 εὐ-πρόσιτος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρόσειμι) *easy of access.*
 εὐ-πρόσδοτος, *ον*, *of good or easy access, affable, Lat. qui faciles aditus habet. II. of places, accessible; εὐπροσδοταρον the easiest way of approach.*
 εὐ-πρόσοιστος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσφῆρω) *easy to be got: attainable, easy.*
 εὐπροσώτω, *φ. ἦσω*, (εὐπρόσωπος) *to make a fair show, be specious, plausible.*

εὐπροσωπό-κοιτος, *η, ον*, (εὐπρόσωπος, κοίτη) *lying or placed cheerfully: τύχη εὐπροσωποκοίτω πεσεῖν to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune.*
 εὐ-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρόσωπον) *well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. cheerful, friendly-looking.*
 εὐ-προφάσιτος, *ον*, (εὐ, προφασίζομαι) *with a good pretext, excusable, plausible.*
 εὐ-πρυμνος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρύμνα) *of ships, with bandsome stern.*
 εὐ-πυρρος, *ον*, (εὐ, πύρα) *of ships, with bandsome prow.*
 εὐ-πτερος, *ον*, (εὐ, πτερόν) *well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., εὐπτεροὶ γυναῖκες high-plumed dames of quality.*
 εὐ-πτέρυγος, *ον*, (εὐ, πτέρυξ) = εὐπτερος.
 εὐ-πτόρθος, *ον*, *finely branching.*
 εὐ-πυργος, *ον*, *with goodly towers.*
 εὐ-πύγων, *ον*, *gen. ὠνος*, *well-bearded.*
 εὐ-πώλος, *ον*, *with fine colts: breeding fine horses.*
 εὐράμην, *αορ. I med.* of εὐρω.
 εὐράξ, (εἶρος) *Adv.* *from one side, sideways. II.*
 εὐράξ πατάξ, *an exclamation to frighten away birds.*
 εὐρέα, *acc. masc. or neut. pl. of εὐρύς; also Ion. fem. εὐρέθην, αορ. I pass.* of εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρεῖν *Ep.* εὐρέμεναι, *αορ. 2 inf.* of εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρέτως, *α, ον*, *verb. Adj.* of εὐρίσκα, *to be discovered, found out.*
 εὐρετής, *οὔ, ὁ*, *fem. εὐρέτης, ἴδος*, (εὐρίσκα) *a finder, inventor, discoverer.*
 εὐρετο, *3 sing. αορ. 2 med.* of εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρετός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *verb. Adj.* of εὐρίσκα, *discovered: to be found out or discovered.*
 εὐρηκα, εὐρημα, *pf. act. and pass.* cf εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρημα, *ατος, τό*, (εὐρίσκα) *that which is found, an unexpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage. 2. of a child, a foundling. II.*
 εὐρημα, *discovers: a remedy.*
 εὐρήν, *Dor.* for εὐρεῖν.
 εὐρησι-ετής, *ἑς*, (εὐρίσκα, ἔπος) *inventive of words, fluent: wordy, sophistical.*
 εὐρήσω, *fut.* of εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρήτωρ, *οπος, ὁ*, (εὐρίσκα) *an inventor, discoverer.*
 εὐ-ρίνος, *ον*, (εὐ, ρίνος) *of good leather.*
 εὐρίνος, *gen.* of εἶρος.
 εὐ-ρίπος, *ὁ*, (εὐ, ρίπιζω) *any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; the ancients believed that this ebbed and flowed seven times a day.*
 εὐ-ρίψ, *ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (εὐ, ρίψ, ρίψ) *with a good nose, keen-scented: metaph. keen at tracking out a thing.*
 ΕΥΨΙΣΚΩ: *fut.* εὐρήσω: *pf.* εὐρηκα or ηἴρ-: *αορ. 2 εἶρον or ἥρρον*, *imperat.* εἶρέ, *inf.* εἶρεῖν:—*Med., f. εἶρήσομαι: αορ. 2 εἶρῃμην or ηἴρ-; later αορ. I εὐράμην*:—*Pass., fut.* εὐρεθήσομαι *and (in same sense) med.* εἶρήσομαι: *αορ. I εὐρέθην or ἡρέθην: pf.* εὐρημα *or ηἴρ-.* *I. to find, find out, discover: c. acc.* cognato, εὐρημα εἶρῃκει *to make an*

unexpected discovery or gain.

2. to devise, invent.

II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain:—Med.

2. of merchandise, etc., to fetch so much money: hence, to be worth, to sell for.

εὐροέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐροος) to flow well.

II. metaph.

to flow or go on well.

III. to be fluent.

εὐ-ροϊζήτος, ον, (εὐ, ροϊζέω) loud-ubuzzing.

εὐροϊζήν, εὐροϊμι, aor. 2 opt. med. and act. of εὐροϊσκω.

εὐρο-κλύδων, ανος, ὁ, (Εὐρος, κλύδων) a tempestuous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14: the name seems to mean a storm from the East.

εὐρομες, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of εὐροϊσκω.

εὐρον, aor. 2 of εὐροϊσκω.

εὐ-ροος, ον, contr. εὐροος, ον, (εὐ, ρέω) flowing well, fair-flowing.

II. of words, flowing, fluent.

εὐ-ροπος, ον, (εὐ, ρέπω) easily inclining or slipping.

Εὐρος, ὁ, the South-East wind, Lat. Eurus.

εὐρος, τό, (εὐρύς) breadth, width, opp. to μήκος: εὐ-ροπος, in breadth, opp. to ὕψος, in height.

εὐρ-ραφής, Ep. for εὐρραφής, (εὐ, ράπτω) well-stitched.

εὐρ-ρεής, ἐς, Ep. gen. εὐρρεῖος (for εὐρρεοῦς), fair-flowing.

εὐρ-ρεΐτης, ον, ὁ, = εὐρρεής.

εὐρ-ροος, Ep. for εὐροος.

εὐρύ, neut. of εὐρύς, often used as Adv.

εὐρ-ἄγχιος, α, ον, (εὐρύ, ἀγχιό) with wide streets, epith. of great cities, in Il. usually of Troy and Athens.

εὐρυ-αίχμας, ὁ, (εὐρύ, αἰχμή) with stout lance.

εὐρυ-βίαις Ion. and Ep. -βίης, ον, ὁ, (εὐρύ, βία) ruling widely, of far-extended power.

εὐρυ-θέμελος poet. -θέμιλος, ον, (εὐρύ, θέμελον) with broad foundations, spacious, extensive.

εὐρυθμία, ἡ, good time or proportion: orderliness, gracefulness, graceful. From

εὐ-ρυθμος, ον, in good time or measure, rhythmical, Lat. numerosus:—of persons, orderly: well-proportioned, graceful.

εὐρυθμός, Adv. of εὐρυθμος, in good order, gracefully.

εὐρυ-κόλπος, ον, with spacious bosom.

εὐρυ-κρείων, οντος, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-λείμων, ον, gen. ανος, with broad meadows.

εὐρυ-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-μέτωπος, ον, (εὐρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted.

εὐρύναι, aor. I inf. of εὐρύνω.

εὐρύνω, f. ἴνω, (εὐρύς) to make wide or broad: εὐ-ρύνα ἀγῶνα to make room for the dance; τὸ μέσον εὐρύνειν to leave a wide space in the middle.

εὐρύ-νωτος, ον, (εὐρύ, νότος) broad-backed, stout.

εὐρυ-όδεια, ἡ, (εὐρύ, ὁδός) with broad, open ways.

εὐρυ-όπτης Aeol. εὐροϊόπᾱ, ὁ, (εὐρύ, ὄψομαι) the far-glancing, far-seeing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

εὐρύ-οψ, ὁ; acc. εὐρύοπα, = εὐρυστήης.

εὐρύ-πέδος, ον, (εὐρύ, πέδον) with broad surface.

εὐρύ-πορος, ον, with broad ways, of the sea.

εὐρυ-πρωκτία, ἡ, the character of a lewd fellow.

εὐρύ-πρωκτος, ον, (εὐρύ, πρωκτός) lewd, obscene: also an adulterer.

εὐρυ-πύλῃς, ἐς, (εὐρύ, πύλη) with wide gates.

εὐρυ-ρέεθρος, ον, (εὐρύ, ρέεθρον) with broad channel.

εὐρυ-ρέων, ουσα, ον, (εὐρύ, ρέω) broad-flowing.

Εὐρῦρῦς, εὐρέϊα, εὐρύ: gen. εὐρέος, εἰας, ἑος: acc. sing. εὐρύν, and sometimes εὐρέᾱ Ion. fem. nom. εὐρέα:—wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, wide-spread:—Comp. εὐρύτρως; see εὐρύ.

εὐρυ-σάκης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, σάκος) with broad shield. [ᾶ]

εὐρυ-σθενής, ἐς, (εὐρύ, σθένος) wide-ruling, mighty.

εὐρύ-σορος, ον, with wide bier or tomb.

εὐρύ-στερνος, ον, (εὐρύ, στέρνον) broad-breasted.

εὐρυτέρως, Adv., Comp. of εὐρύ, more widely.

εὐρύ-τιμος, ον, (εὐρύ, τιμή) far-honoured.

εὐρύ-τρος, ον, (εὐ, ρέω) full-flowing.

εὐρυ-φάρετρες, ου, ὁ, (εὐρύ, φαρέτρα) with wide givers.

εὐρυ-φύης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, φύω) growing widely.

εὐρυ-χάδης, ἐς, (εὐρύ, χαδαίν) wide-gaping, wide-mouthed, of cups.

εὐρυ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (εὐρύ, χαίτη) with wide-spread hair.

εὐρύ-χωρος, ον, shortened Ep. for εὐρύχωρος.

εὐρυχωρία, ἡ, free space, plenty of room; ἐν εὐρυχωρίᾳ in the open sea. From

εὐρύ-χωρος, ον, (εὐρύ, χώρα) roomy, spacious.

εὐ-ρώγης, (εὐ, ράξ) rich in grapes.

εὐρώδης, ἐς, poet. for εὐρύς.

εὐρώεις, ἐσσα, ἐν, (εὐρύς) mouldering, dank and dark, squalid; οἶκα εὐρώετια, Virgil's loca senta situ.

εὐρών, οὖσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of εὐροϊσκω.

Εὐρῶπιη, ἡ, Europa, Europe, as a geographic name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo.

εὐρωπός, ὄν, ἴν, = εὐρύς.

Εὐρῶπις, ὦτος, ὁ, mould, dank, decay, Lat. situs, squalor.

εὐρωστία, ἡ, stoutness, strength. From

εὐρ-ωστος, ον, (εὐ, ῥώννυμι) stout, strong. Adv. -τῶς.

εὐρωτί, dat. sing. of εὐρώς.

εὐρωτιάω, (εὐρώς) to become or to be mouldy, to decay; βίος εὐρωτιῶν a coarse, unpolished life.

Εὐρῦς, ὁ, good, brave, noble; gen. sing. εἴης; gen. plur. neut. εἰῶν [ᾶ], as if from nom. ἐᾶ, θεοί, δωτήρης εἰῶν the gods, givers of good things.

εἴσα, Dor. for εἴουσα, οὖσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

εἴσα, aor. I of εἴω.

εἰσβεβία, ἡ, (εἰσβεβής) reverence towards the gods, piety, religion, Lat. pietas, 2. credit or character for piety.

εἰσβεβίω, f. ἴσω, (εἰσβεβής) to live or act piously: to be pious in a thing: o. acc. pers. to reverence.

εὐ-σεβής, ἐς, (εὐ, σέβω) Lat. pius, pious, religious, reverent: of things, holy, hallowed.

εὐ-σεβία Ion. -τιη, poet. for εἰσβεβία.

εὐ-σελμος Ep. εἴσο-, ον, (εὐ, σέλμα) with good banks of oars, well-rowed.

εὐ-σπετος, ον, (εὐ, σέβω) much revered, holy.

εὐσημος, *ov*, (εὐ, σῆμα) of good omen, auspicious. II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous.

εὐσθενέω, *f. ἦσω*, to be strong, healthy. From εὐσθενής, *és*, (εὐ, σθένος) stout: strong, firm.

εὐσίπυος, *ov*, (εὐ, σῖπυα) with full pantry or larder.

εὐσκαρδίξ, *ikos*, *ó, ἦ*, abounding in chervil.

εὐσκαρθμος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκαίρω) swift-springing, highbounding.

εὐσκεπαστος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκεπάω) well-covered: Sup. -ότατος, serving as the best covering.

εὐσκενέω, to be well equipped. From εὐσκευος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκεύος) well-equipped.

εὐσκιάστος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκιάω) well-shaded, shadowy.

εὐσκιος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκιά) shadowy.

εὐσκοπος *Ep.* εὐσκοπος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκοπέω) keen-sighted, watchful. 2. of a place, far-seeing or farseen, commanding a wide view. II. (εὐ, σκοπός) shooting well, of unerring aim.

εὐσοια, *ἦ*, a healthy state, prosperity. From εὐσοος, *ov*, well-secured, safe and well, happy.

εὐσπειρής, *és*, and εὐσπειρος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπειρά) well-turned: wreathing, winding.

εὐσπλαγχνία, *ἦ*, goodness of heart.

εὐσπλαγχνος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπλάγχων) with bowels of compassion, compassionate.

εὐσπορος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-sown: rich in seed.

εὐσσελμος, *Ep.* for εὐσελμος.

εὐσωτρος, *Ep.* for εὐσωτρος.

εὐστάθεια, *ἦ*, (εὐστάθης) goodness of health.

εὐστάθεις, *f. ἦσω*, to be steady, firm: to be calm, of the sea. From εὐστάθης *Ep.* εὐστάθης, *és*, (εὐ, ἵσταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, healthy.

εὐσταθῆ, *Ep.* for εὐστάθεια.

εὐστάλης, *és*, (εὐ, σταλῆναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable.

εὐσταχυς, *v*, rich in ears of corn: fruitful.

εὐστέφανος *Ep.* εὐστ-, *ov*, well-girded or well-crowned: of a city, circled with towers.

εὐστέφανος, *ov*, poet. form for εὐστέφανος.

εὐστιβής, *és*, (εὐ, στιβεῖν) well-trodden.

εὐστολος, *ov*, (εὐ, στέλλω) = εὐσταλής.

εὐστομέω, *f. ἦσω*, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, = εὐφημέω. From εὐστομος, *ov*, (εὐ, στόμα) with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, eloquent. 2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping silence to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as Adv., περὶ τούτων μοι εὐστομα κείσθω on this let me keep a religious silence; εὐστομ' ἔχε peace, be still!

εὐστος, *ov*, (εὐ, στώ) with goodly colonnades.

εὐσθόρμηγ, *v*, γυγος, *ó, ἦ*, from a good trunk.

εὐστοχία, *ἦ*, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quickness at guessing, wit, cleverness. From εὐστοχος, *ov*, aiming well, hitting the mark. 2. pass. well aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, sharp, witty, clever.

εὐστρα, *ἦ*, (εὐω) a place for singeing swine.

εὐστρεπτος *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ov*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turned, lissom.

εὐστρεφής *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *és*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted.

εὐστροφάλυγξ, *v*, γυγος, *ó, ἦ*, well-curved, curly.

εὐστροφος *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ov*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turning, nimble.

εὐστρωτος, *ov*, (εὐ, στρώννυμι) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. bene stratus.

εὐστύλος, *ov*, with goodly pillars.

εὐσύμβλητος old Att. εὐξύμβλ-, *ov*, (εὐ, συμβάλλω) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess.

εὐσύμβολος old Att. εὐξύμβ-, *ov*, (εὐ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. II. easy to deal with, honest, upright.

εὐσύνοτος old Att. εὐξύν-, *ov*, (εὐ, συνίημι) quick of apprehension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible.

εὐσυνέτος, Adv. of εὐσυνέτος, with quickness of apprehension: Comp. εὐσυνετώτερον.

εὐσύνοπτος, *ov*, easily seen at a glance.

εὐσφύρος *Ep.* εὐσφ-, *ov*, (εὐ, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles.

εὐσχημονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὐσχήμων.

εὐσχημόνος, Adv. of εὐσχήμων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εὐσχημονέστερον.

εὐσχήμων, *ov*, = εὐσχήμων.

εὐσχημοσύνη, *ἦ*, grace of manner, elegance. From εὐσχήμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (εὐ, σχῆμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward show, specious.

εὐσχήμωος, = εὐσχημόνος.

εὐσχιδής, *és*, and εὐσχιστος, *ov*, (εὐ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave.

εὐσωματέω, *f. ἦσω*, to be sound in limb. From εὐσώματος, *ov*, (εὐ, σώμα) sound in limb.

εὐσωτρος *Ep.* εὐσω-, *ov*, (εὐ, ὠτρον) with good fellows: with good wheels.

εὐτάκης, *és*, (εὐ, τακῆναι) easy to melt.

εὐτακτέω, *f. ἦσω*, to be orderly, behave well. From εὐτακτος, *ov*, (εὐ, τάσσω) well-ordered, well-behaved: of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence εὐτάκτος, Adv. in good order.

εὐταξία, *ἦ*, (εὐτακτέω) good order, discipline.

εὐταρος, *ov*, delicate-footed.

εὔτε, Adv. of Time, a poet. form of ὅτε, when, at the time when: seeing that, since. II. εὐτ' ἄν, like ὅταν, so often as, whenever, in the case that.

εὐτειχής, *és*, εὐτείχεος, *ov*, and εὐτείχητος, *ov*, (εὐ, τεῖχος) well-walled, well-fortified, strong.

εὐτεκνίος, (εὐτεκνος) to have good or fine children.

εὐτεκνία, *ἦ*, the having good or fine children.

εὐτεκνος, *ov*, (εὐ, τέκνον) having many or fine children, blest with a goodly progeny; εὐτεκνος ξυναρῆς a pair of fair children.

εὐτέλεια *Ion.* εὐτελίη, *ἦ*, cheapness, Lat. vilitas:

πρὸς εὐτελήν *cheaply*; χῆν εἰς εὐτέλειαν γεγραμμένον a goose painted on *cheap terms*. II. *thrifty, frugality, economy*; ἐπὶ εὐτελείᾳ for *economy*.

εὐ-τελής, ἐς, (εὐ, τέλος) *easily paid for, cheap, Lat. vilis*. II. *mean, paltry, worthless*. III. *thrifty, frugal*.

εὐτελής, ἡ, Ion. for εὐτέλεια.
εὐτελέως, Adv. of εὐτελής, *cheaply, at a cheap rate*.
εὐ-τερπής, ἐς, (εὐ, τέρπω) *delightful, charming*.
εὐ-τέχνητος, on, (εὐ, τεχνόδομαι) *wrought with skill*.
εὐτεχμία, ἡ, *skill in art*. From
εὐ-τέχνος, on, (εὐ, τέχνη) *skilful, ingenious*.
εὐ-τήλμων, on, gen. onos, *much-enduring, steadfast*.
εὐ-τήματος Ep. εὐτμ-, on, (εὐ, τέμνω) *well-cut*.
εὐτοκέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐτοκος) *to bring forth easily*.

Hence

εὐ-τοκία, ἡ, *an easy childbirth, happy birth*.
εὐ-τοκος, on, (εὐ, τεκείν) *bringing forth easily*.
εὐτολμέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐτολμος) *to be daring*. Hence
εὐτολμία, ἡ, *courage, boldness*.
εὐ-τολμος, on, (εὐ, τόλμα) *brave-spirited, courageous*.
εὐ-τονος, on, (εὐ, τείνω) *well-stretched, well-strung, sinewy, nervous*. Hence

εὐτόνωσ, Adv. *with main strength*.
εὐ-τοξος, on, (εὐ, τόξον) *with good arrows*.
εὐ-τόρνευτος, on, (εὐ, τερνεύω) *well-rounded*.
εὐ-τόρπος, on, *well-turned, round*.
εὐ-τράπεζος, on, (εὐ, τράπεζα) *with a good table, hospitable, luxurious, sumptuous*.
εὐτράπελία, ἡ, *wit, liveliness, politeness, Lat. urbanitas*. 2. *coarse jesting, ribaldry*. From
εὐ-τράπελος, on, (εὐ, τρέπω) *easily turning*: hence *versatile, ingenious, clever*. 2. *witty, lively, Lat. facetus*. 3. *tricky, dishonest*.

εὐ-τράφης, ἐς, (εὐ, τραφήναι) *well-grown, thriving*. II. act. *nourishing*.

εὐ-τρεπής, ἐς, (εὐ, τρέπω) *ready to turn, prepared, ready*. Hence

εὐ-τρεπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ᾶ: Pass., pf. ἠτρέπισμαι: —to make ready, get ready, prepare: to make friendly, conciliate:—Pass. to be ready:—Med. to get oneself ready.

εὐ-τρεπτος, on, *easily turned, changeable*.
εὐτρεπῶσ, Adv. of εὐτρεπής, *in a state of preparation*.

εὐ-τρεφής Ep. εὐτρ-, ἐς, (εὐ, τρέφω) *well-fed*.
εὐ-τρητος Ep. εὐτρ-, on, *well bored or pierced*.
εὐ-τρίαινα, Dor. for -ης, ὁ, (εὐ, τρίαίνα) *with goodly trident*.

εὐ-τρίχες, nom. pl. of εὐθριξ.
εὐ-τρίχος, on, = εὐθριξ.
εὐτροπία, ἡ, *versatility, Lat. versutia*. From
εὐ-τροπος, on, (εὐ, τρέπω) *easily turning, versatile*.
εὐ-τρόχᾶλος Ep. εὐτρ-, on, (εὐ, τρέχω) *running well, quick-moving*. 2. (εὐ, τροχός) *well-rounded*.
εὐ-τροχος Ep. εὐτρ-, on, (εὐ, τροχός) *well-veepled or well-rounded*. II. *running easily*.
εὐ-τύκος, on, rare poet. form for εὐτυκτος.

εὐ-τυκτος, on, (εὐ, τεύχω) *well-made, well-wrought*; εὐτυκτον ποιεῖσθαι τι *to make ready*.

εὐτύχω, f. ἦσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχου or ἦτ-, aor. I εὐτύχησα or ἦτ-, etc.: (εὐτυχής):—to be lucky, to be well off, to succeed. 2. of things, to turn out well, prosper: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχηται τι *things have gone well with him*. Hence

εὐτύχως, Ion. for εὐτυχῶσ.
εὐτύχημα, atos, τό, *a piece of good luck, success*.
εὐ-τύχης, ἐς, (εὐ, τυχεῖν) *well-off, successful, lucky, fortunate, prosperous*.

εὐτύχια, ἡ, (εὐτυχέω) *success, good luck, prosperity*: in plur. *successes*.

εὐτύχως Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐτυχής, *with good fortune, successfully*: Comp. εὐτυχεστερον, Sup. -έστατα.
εὐ-ύαλος, on, (εὐ, ὕαλος) *with or of good glass*.
εὐ-ύδρος, on, (εὐ, ὕδωρ) *well-watered, abounding in water*: of a river, *with good water*: Comp. εὐνδρότερος.

εὐ-υμνος, on, *celebrated in many hymns*.
εὐ-υφής, ἐς, (εὐ, ὑφή) *well-woven*.
εὐ-φάμια, εὐ-φάμος, Dor. for εὐφημ-.
εὐ-φαρέτρης, on, ὁ, Dor. -ας, α, (εὐ, φαρέτρα) *with beautiful quiver*.

εὐ-φεγγής, ἐς, (εὐ, φέγγος) *with clear light, bright*.
εὐφημέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐφημος) *to use words of good omen or to abstain from words of ill omen*: hence I. *to keep silence, to observe a solemn silence*; in imperat. εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε, *hush! be silent!* Lat. *favete linguis*.

II. *to shout in honour of any one, or in triumph*. III. *to sound auspiciously*. Hence
εὐφημία, ἡ, *the use of words of good omen or the avoidance of words of bad omen*: hence I. *solemn silence during religious rites*. II. *praise, worship*: in plur. *songs of praise*.

εὐ-φημιος, on, (εὐ, φήμη) *of good sound or omen, auspicious*: of persons, *using only words of good omen or avoiding words of ill omen*:—hence, I. *religiously silent*. II. *interpreting favourably*: πρὸς τὸ εὐφημον *in a good sense*.

εὐ-φθογγος, on, (εὐ, φθέγγωμαι) *well-sounding, sweet-voiced*.

εὐ-φιλής, ἐς, (εὐ, φιλέω) *well-beloved*. II. act. *loving well*.

εὐ-φίλητος, on, also η, on, (εὐ, φιλέω) *well-beloved*.
εὐ-φίλο-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, φιλέω, παῖς) *fond of children, or pass. beloved of children*.

εὐ-φλεκτος, on, (εὐ, φλέγω) *easily set on fire*.
εὐφώρῶ, f. ἦσω, (εὐφορος) *to bring forth abundantly*.

εὐ-φόρητος, on, (εὐ, φορέω) *easily borne, tolerable*.
εὐ-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, *with beautiful lyre: playing beautifully on it*.

εὐ-φορος, on, (εὐ, φέρω) *well or patiently borne*. 2. *easily worn, convenient, manageable*. II. act. *bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable*: of the body, *sound, healthy*.
εὐ-φορτος, on, *well freighted or laden*.

εὐφόρος, Adv. of εὐφορος, *patiently, readily*.
εὐφράδεια, ἡ, (εὐφραδῆς) *correctness of language*.
εὐφράδης, ἔς, (εὐ, φρά(ω)) *speaking well or elo-*
quently.—Ep. Adv. εὐφραδέως, *in set terms, elo-*
quently.

εὐφράδις, ἡ, ποῖτ. for εὐφράδεια.
εὐφραίνω Ep. εὐφρ-: f. εὐφρᾶνῶ Ep. εὐφρανέω:
aor. I εὐφράνα Ep. εὐφρηνα:—Pass. f. εὐφρανθήσομαι,
but also with f. med. εὐφρανοῦμαι in same sense,
Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράναι: aor. I εὐφράνθη: (εὐφραν):
—to cheer, gladden. II. Pass. to rejoice; c. part.,

ὄρων εὐφραίνεται is rejoiced at seeing. Hence
εὐφραντικός, ἡ, ὄν, *cheering, delightful to*.
εὐφρήναι, Ep. aor. I inf. of εὐφραίνω.
εὐφρονέων Ep. εὐφρ-, participial Adj. (εὐ, φρονέω)
well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed.

εὐφρόνη, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *the kindly time, i. e. night*,
euphemism for νύξ. Hence

εὐφρονίδης, οὐ, ὁ, *son of Night*.
εὐφρόνως, Adv. of εὐφρων, *with good cheer: gra-*
ciously.

εὐφροσύνη Ep. εὐφρ-, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *cheerfulness*,
mirth, merriment: of a banquet, good cheer: in pl.
glad thoughts, festivities. [ῥ]

εὐφρόσυτος, οὐ, (εὐφρων) ποῖτ. form. *cheery*.

εὐφρών Ep. εὐφρ-, οὐ, (εὐ, φρήν) *cheerful, glad-*
some, merry, light-bearded. 2. act. *cheering, making*
glad or merry, comforting. II. *well-minded,*
well-disposed, gracious.

εὐφύης, ἔς, (εὐ, φύη) *well-grown, shapely, goodly:*
graceful. II. of good natural parts: *clever,*
witty; also of good disposition. Hence

εὐφύια, ἡ, *goodness of shape*. II. *goodness of*
disposition or good natural parts, cleverness.

εὐφύλακτος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλασσω) *easy to keep or*
guard; εὐφυλακτότερα γίγνεται it is easier to keep
watch.

εὐφύλλος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλλον) *with thick foliage*.

εὐφωῶς, Adv. of εὐφύης, *cleverly: Comp. —ύστερον*.

εὐφωνία, ἡ, *goodness of voice*. From

εὐφωνος, οὐ, (εὐ, φωνή) *sweet-voiced; loud-voiced*.

εὐχαίτης, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐ, χαίτη) *with beautiful hair: of*
plants, with beautiful leaves.

εὐχαλκος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαλκός) *wrought of fine brass,*
or well wrought in brass.

εὐχάλκωτος, οὐ, *well wrought of brass*.

εὐχάρις, neut. εὐχαρι, gen. ιτος, (εὐ, χάρις) *pleas-*
ing, engaging: agreeable: popular. Lat. gratus.

εὐχαριστέω, f. ἦσω, *to be thankful, return thanks:*
hence to requite. Hence

εὐχαριστία, ἡ, *thankfulness, gratitude*. II. *a*
giving of thanks, thanksgiving: the holy Eucharist.

εὐχάριστος or —ιτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαρίζομαι) *winning,*
agreeable, pleasant. II. *grateful, thankful, Lat.*
gratus: Adv., εὐχαρίστως διακείμεθα πρὸς τινα to be
gratefully disposed towards him.

εὐχείρ, επος, ὁ, ἡ, *ready of hand, handy, dexterous*.

εὐχείρωτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χειρώω) *easy to overcome*.

εὐχέρεια, ἡ, *readiness of hand, dexterity, readiness,*
skill. 2. *proneess or inclination for a thing*. 3.

in bad sense, *recklessness*. From

εὐχερής, ἔς, (εὐ, χεῖρ) *quick or ready of hand,*
bandy, dexterous, expert. 2. in bad sense, *reck-*
less. II. *easy to handle or manage, manageable*.

Hence

εὐχερῶς, Adv. *readily: recklessly*.

εὐχετάομαι, Ep. for εὐχομαι, only used in pres. and

impf.; Ep. inf. εὐχετάσθαι, 3 pl. impf. εὐχετώμεντο:

Dep.:—to pray, offer one's vows. II. to boast

oneself, vaunt, profess.

εὐχῆ, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) *a prayer, wish or vow, Lat. votum*.
2. *a prayer for evil, a curse, imprecation*.

εὐχίλος, οὐ, *rich in fodder*. II. (εἰ, of a horse,
well-fed, in good condition.

εὐχιμάρος, οὐ, (εὐ, χίμαρος) *rich in goats*.

εὐχλοος, οὐ, contr. —χλοος, οὐ, (εὐ, χλοά) *mak-*
ing fresh and green.

ΕΥΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. εὐχόμεν or ηῦ-: fut. εὐξομαι:

aor. I εὐξάμην or ηῦ-: aor. I part. εὐχθεῖς in pass.

sense; so also pf. ηῦγμα; but 3 sing. plupf. ηῦκτο

in act. sense: Dep.:—to pray, pay one's vows, Lat.

precari: c. acc. pers. to pray to, pray or beseech

one. 2. c. inf. to pray that. 3. c. acc. objecti,

to pray for, long or wish for. II. to vow or pro-

mise to do; εὐχέσθαι κατὰ χιμάρων to make a vow of

goats, i. e. vow to offer them. 2. c. acc. rei, to

vow or devote a thing to some god. III. to vow

loudly, make great promises, boast, vaunt oneself: but

often, to profess, maintain, assert.

εὐχόρδος, οὐ, (εὐ, χορδή) *well-strung, harmonious*.

εὐχος, εὐς, τό, (εὐχομαι) *a thing prayed for, vow,*
Lat. votum. 2. *a votive offering*. II. *one's*
boast or pride.

εὐχρηστος, οὐ, (εὐ, χράομαι) *easy to make use of,*
serviceable. Adv. —τως.

εὐχροέω, f. ἦσω, *to be of a good complexion*. From

εὐχροΐς, ἔς, ποῖτ. for εὐχροος, of good complexion.

εὐχροος, οὐ, contr. —χρους, οὐ, (εὐ, χροά) of good

complexion, fresh-looking, healthy:—Comp. εὐχρω-

τερος or —ούστερος.

εὐχρῦτος, οὐ, *rich in gold*.

εὐχρως, οὐ, = εὐχροος.

εὐχωλή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) ποῖτ. form of εὐχῆ, a prayer,

vow, Lat. votum. II. *boasting: a boast, vaunt,*
matter of boasting. Hence

εὐχωλίματος, α, οὐ, *bound by a vow*.

εὐψάμβδος, οὐ, *with good sands, sandy*.

εὐψυλέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐψυχος) *to be of good courage*. II.

εὐψυχεῖ farewell! inscr. on tombs, like Lat. *have p̄ia*

anima! Hence

εὐψυχία, *good courage, stoutness of heart*.

εὐψυχος, οὐ, (εὐ, ψυχή) of good courage, stout of

heart, Lat. animosus. Adv. —χως, *with good courage*.

ΕΥΩ, f. εῦσα: aor. I εὔσα:—to sing: metaph. of

a scolding wife, εὔει ἄτερ δαλοῦ ἄνδρα she roasts her

husband without the help of a fire.

εὐώδης, ες, (εὐ, ὄδωα pf. of ὄζω) *sweet-smelling*.

Hence

εὐωδία, ἡ, *a sweet smell, fragrance*.

εὐωδώθην, aor. I pass. of εὐωδῶ.

εὐ-ῶλενος, ον, (εὐ, ὠλένη) *fair-armed*.

εὐ-ὠνύμος, ον, (εὐ, ὄνομα) *of good name, honourable; of good omen*. II. euphemistic for the ill-omened word ἀριστερος, *left, on the left hand or side; ἐξ εὐωνύμου* (sub. χειρός) *on the left hand*.

εὐ-ῶπις, ἴδος, fem. of εὐῶψ, *fair-eyed or fair-faced*.

εὐ-ῶπος, ὄν, (εὐ, ὠψ) *fair to look on, friendly*.

εὐ-ῶχεῖ, f. ἴσω, (εὐ, ἔχω) *to treat well: to entertain hospitably, feast*:—Pass., with fut. med. —ἴσομαι, aor. and pf. pass., εὐωχῆσθην, —ημαί, *to be well entertained, to be regaled, fare sumptuously; c. acc., κρέα εὐωχοῦ* *make merry on your meat: generally, to relish, enjoy*.

Hence

εὐωχία, ἡ, *good cheer, feasting*.

εὐ-ῶψ, ὠπος, ὀ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὠψ) *fair-eyed or fair-faced, goodly*.

ἐφᾶ, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί.

ἐφᾶνθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of φαίνομαι.

ἐφ-ἄβος, ἐφάβικος, Dor. for ἐφηβ-.

ἐφ-ἄγιστεῖω, f. ῶα, (ἐπί, ἄγος) *to perform sacred rites over a thing*.

ἐφ-ἄγνιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to make offerings on a grave*.

ἐφᾶγον, aor. 2 of ἐσθίω: see φαγεῖν.

ἐφ-αιρέομαι, Pass. *to be chosen in addition or in succession to another*.

ἐφ-ἄλιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλς) = ἐφαλος.

ἐφ-ἄλλομαι, fut. ἐφαλούμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ἐπ-ἄλτο part. ἐπιάλμενος or ἐπάλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring upon, to assail: without hostile sense, ἐπιάλμενος ἵππων* *having leaped upon or into the chariot*: absol., κύσσε μιν ἐπιάλμενος *he kissed him having leaped upon him*.

ἐφ-ἄλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλς) *on or by the sea*.

ἐφᾶλος, Dor. for ἐφηλός.

ἐφάμαρ [ᾶ], Dor. for ἐφάμην, aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-ἄμαξέω, (ἐπί, ἄμαξ) *to drive wains over*: Ion. pf. part. pass. ἐπημαξευμένος *traversed by wains*.

ἐφάμερος, ἐφάμερος [ᾶ], Dor. for ἐφήμ-.

ἐφ-ἄμιλλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀμίλλα) *a match for, rivalling, vying with*. 2. pass. *to be striven, contended for*.

ἐφᾶν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί.

ἐφ-ανδάνω, impf. —ανων, *to please, be grateful or welcome to*: Ep. also ἐπανδάνω, impf. ἐπιήνδανον.

ἐφάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of φαίνομαι.

ἐφάνθην, aor. I pass. of φαίνομαι.

ἐφᾶντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-ἄπαξ, Adv. *once for all: at once*.

ἐφ-ἄπλω, f. ὠσω, *to fold or spread over*.

ἐφ-ἄπτω Ion. ἐπάπτω: f. ἐφᾶψω: aor. I ἐφῆψα: pf. pass. ἐφῆψμαι:—*to fasten on or to: hence to fix firmly, decree*. II. Pass. *to be hung over, impend over*, in pf. and plqpf. ἐφῆπται, ἐφῆπτο, like Lat. *imminet, imminebat*; Τρῶεσσι κηδεῖ ἐφῆπται *woes impend over the Trojans*. III. Med. *to lay hold of,*

grasp, touch: to seize hold upon, claim. 2. *to reach, attain to*, Lat. *attingere*; so Ion. pf. part. pass., εἶδεος ἐπαρμένους *possessed of beauty*. Hence ἐφ-αρμόζω, f. ῶα, *to fit on or to, to suit, coincide with*.

II. trans. *to fit one thing on or to another, to adapt, accommodate*.

ἐφαρμόσομαι, Dor. for ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφαρμόσσει, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφ-αρμόττω, Att. for ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφᾶραξην, ἐφᾶραχθην, Att. for ἐφαράξην, ἐφᾶραχθην, aor. I med. and pass. of φράσσω.

ἐφᾶτο, ἐφᾶντο, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-ἔδρα Ion. ἐπέδρη, ἡ, *a sitting at or by: a siege, blockade, Lat. obsessio*.

ἐφ-εδράω, f. ἴσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *to sit or rest upon*.

ἐφ-ἐδρεῖα, ἡ, *a sitting upon*. II. *a lying in wait, Lat. insidiae*. From

ἐφεδρεύω, f. ῶα, *to sit or rest upon*. II. *to lie by, lie in wait: to watch for*:—also *to balt*. From

ἐφ-εδρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *sitting on; λέοντων ἐφεδρος* *seated on a chariot drawn by lions lying by or near*.

II. *lying by and watching, lying in wait for an enemy*. III. *posted in reserve, of a third combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: an avenger, a successor*.

ἐφ-ἔρομαι, fut. —εδοῦμαι: Dep.:—*to sit upon*. 2. *to sit by or near*.

ἐφέηκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐφήμι.

ἐφέην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφεμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφέννυμι.

ἐφείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφεισάμην, aor. I of φείδομαι.

ἐφέω, ης, η, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-έκτος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔκτος) I + $\frac{1}{3}$ = $\frac{4}{3}$: τόκος ἐφεκτος *interest at the rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ of the principal, = 16 $\frac{2}{3}$ p. cent.*

ἐφ-ελίσσω, f. ξω, *to roll on or along*.

ἐφελκύσαι [ῶ], aor. I inf. of ἐφέλω.

ἐφ-ελκυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *drawing on, attractive*. From ἐφ-έλωκον Ion. ἐφέλωκα: fut. ἐφέλω, but the aor. I in use is φεῖλκύσα (formed from *φεῖλκύσα):—*to draw on or towards: to drag or trail after one of a ship, to tow after*. 2. *to drink off, drain*. II. Pass., πόδες ἐφελκόμενοι *feet dragged or trailing along; οἱ ἐφελκόμενοι* *the stragglers of an army*. III. Med. *to draw or drag after one; ἐφέλκετο μείλιον ἔγχος* *be trailed along the spear (which was stuck in his foot); ἐφέλκεται ἄνδρα σιδηρος* *iron draws men after it, i. e. attracts them, tempts them; ἐφέλκεσθαι πῆν θύραν* *to pull to the door*. 2. *to bring on, entail consequences*. 3. *claim, assume*.

ἐφέμεν, Ep. for ἐφείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-έννυμι, = more freq. ἐπέννυμι.

ἐφ-εξῆς Ion. ἐπέηξῆς ποῖτ. ἐφεξείης, Adv. (ἐπί, ἔχομαι) *in order, one after another, in a line*. II. of Time, *successively: ibereupon*.

ἐφεξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) *an excuse, pretext*.

ἐφ-ἔπω: impf. ἐφέπειον Ep. ἐφεπον Ion. ἐφέπεσκον: fut. ἐφέψω: aor. 2 ἐπέσπον: inf. ἐπισπεῖν: part. ἐπι-

σπών:—to go after, follow upon, pursue. 2. to drive on, urge on. 3. to follow a pursuit, busy oneself about, manage. 4. to seek out, search, traverse. 5. πύμον ἐπισπείν, θάνατον καὶ πύμον ἐπισπείν, θανάειν καὶ πύμον ἐπισπείν to seek out one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, incur it. II. Med., impf. ἐφειπόμεν: fut. ἐφέσομαι: aor. 2 ἐφεσπόμεν, inf. ἐπισπείσθαι:—to follow, pursue: to accompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with. ἐφ-ερπύζω, late form for ἐφέρπω. ἐφ-έρπω, f. ἐφέρψω: aor. I ἐφείρψα, inf. -έρψασαι (formed from ἑφερπύζω):—to creep upon or towards. II. to come upon gradually or stealthily: absol., χρόνος ἐφέρπων advancing time. ἐφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐφήμι. ἐφέσμου δίκη, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From ἐφεστος, eus, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a throwing at. 2. as 'Att. law-term, an appeal to another court. ἐφ-εσπερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐσπέρα) western. ἐφ-εσπομαι, poet. for ἐφέπομαι. ἐφέσσαι, Ep. for ἐφέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐφίζω. ἐφέσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφεσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφεσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφεσταότες Att. -ώτες, nom. pl. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφεστᾶτων, for ἐφεστήκων, 3 pl. pf. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφ-εστιος Ion. ἐπίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐστία) by one's own hearth or fireside: having a hearth and bome: with Verbs of motion, towards bome. 2. sitting at or by the hearth, of suppliants; ἐφέστιος δέμων a suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the house or household: hence, ἐφέστιον Ion. ἐπίστιον, τό, a household, family; θεοὶ ἐφέστιοι the household gods, Lat. Lares or Penates as of gods, presiding over hospitality. ἐφ-εστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐφεστρίς. ἐφ-εστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment, wrapper, cloak, mantle. ἐφεστώς, for ἐφεστηκώς, pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐφήμι) a commander. II. οἱ ἐφέται, at Athens, a special court to try criminal cases. ἐφετμή, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφευξα, aor. I of φεύζω (not of φεύγω). ἐφευρετής, οὔ, ὁ, an inventor, contriver. From ἐφευρίσκω Ion. ἐπ-: fut. ἐφευρήσω: aor. 2 ἐφευρόν:—to find by chance, find anywhere: generally, to discover, invent, find out: also to detect one doing. ἐφεψάσθω, poet. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφέπω. ἐφ-εψιάομαι, Dep. to mock or scoff at, ridicule. ἐφεώρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφορώω. ἐφεώρων, Ion. impf. of ἐφορώω. ἐφ-ηβάω, f. ἦσω, to come to man's estate. ἐφήβεια, ἡ, (ἐφηβείω) manhood, man's estate. ἐφήβιος, α, ον, (ἐφηβος) youthful. ἐφήβικός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἐφαβικός, ἄ, ὄν, of or for a young man: τὸ ἐφηβικόν the body of youth. From

ἐφ-ηβος Dor. ἐφᾶβος, ον, (ἐπί, ἦβη) arrived at manhood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence ἐφήβοσύνη, ἡ, the age of an ἐφηβος, manhood. ἐφ-ηγέομαι, Dep. to lead against one. II. to lead to a place, give information. ἐφ-ἦδομαι, Pass. to exult over. ἐφῆκα, aor. I of ἐφήμι. ἐφ-ῆνω, to have arrived at:—to extend or reach to. ἐφ-ῆλιξ, ἰκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἐφηβος. ἐφ-ἦλθω, f. ὤσω, (ἐπί, ἦλος) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pass., it is fixed or determined. ἐφ-ῆμαι, Pass. to sit on, at, or by. ἐφημερία, ἡ, a daily order or course. From ἐφ-ημέριος Dor. ἐφᾶμ-, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; ἐφημερία φρονεῖν to take no thought for the morrow: of men, ἐφημέριοι creatures of a day, ephemeral: hence generally, lasting but a day, short-lived. ἐφ-ἡμερος Dor. ἐφᾶμ- Aeol. ἐπᾶμ-, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. II. daily. ἐφημοσύνη, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφήνα, aor. I of φαίνω. ἐφήπται, ἐφήπτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐφάπτω. ἐφῆσα, aor. I of φημί. ἐφήσθα, for ἐφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί. ἐφῆσω, fut. of ἐφήμι. ἐφθαθα, Dor. for ἐφθᾶσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθαρα, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφθάρται. ἐφθᾶσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθέγγατο, 3 sing. aor. I of φθέγγομαι. ἐφθευρα, aor. I of φθείρω. ἐφθ-ημημερής, (ἐπτά, ἡμημερής) containing seven halves, i. e. 3½: esp. in metre, of three feet and a half, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or Iambic Trimeter: cf. πενθημημερής. ἐφθην, aor. 2 of φθάνω (as if from φθημί). ἐφθίατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. or aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. ἐφθιεν, 3 sing. impf. of φθίω = φθίω. ἐφθιθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φθίω. ἐφθιτρο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of φθίω. ἐφθορα, pf. med. of φθείρω. ἐφθός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἔψω, boiled, dressed. ἐφ-ἤζάνω, = ἐφίζω, only used in pres. and impf. ἐφίζω Dor. ἐφίσδω: impf. ἐφίζον Ion. ἐφίζεσκον: intr. to sit upon, at, or by. II. Causal in Ep. fut. med. ἐφέσσομαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. ἐφέσσαι, ἐφέσσοσθαι, to make to sit upon, set upon. ἐφ-ίημι, fut. ἐφήσω: aor. I ἐφῆκα Ion. and Ep. ἐφέκηκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἐφες, Ep. subj. ἐφείω: there is also a 3 sing. impf. ἐφει (as if from *ἐφείω):—to send to one. 2. to send against, launch, or send at: to set on, to do a thing; ἐφείνα χεῖρας τυν to lay hands on him. 3. of events, to send upon one; ἐφείνα νύστρον τυν to permit one a return. II. to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

up, yield: also intr. (sub. *ἐαυτόν*), *to give oneself up to*. 2. *to permit, allow*. III. *to put the male to the female*, Lat. *admittere*. IV. as law-term, *to refer to a higher judge, to appeal*; cf. *ἔφεσις*. V. Med. *ἐφίεμαι*, fut. *ἐφήσομαι*, *to lay one's command or behest upon*: *to enjoin, command*: *to intrust to one*: *to allow one to do a thing*. 2. *to aim at, long after, desire*.

ἐφ-ικνέομαι Ion. ἐπ-: fut. *ἐφίξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐφῆκόμην*: pf. *ἐφίγμαι*: Dep.:—*to come up to, reach, attain to*, c. gen.: of things, *to hit exactly*: metaph., *ἐφικέσθαι λέγων* or *λόγῳ*, *to touch the right point in speaking*: absol. *to extend*. II. *to come upon, visit*, c. acc.; *ἐπικέσθαι* (Ion. aor. 2 inf.) *μάστιγι πηληγὰς τὸν Ἑλλησποντον* *to visit the Hellespont with blows*. Hence

ἐφικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., *easy to reach*.
ἐφίλαθεν, *ἐφίλασα*, Dor. for *ἐφίλησα*, *ἐφίληθεν*.
ἐφίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of *φιλῶ*.
ἐφίληθην, Ep. 3 plur. aor. I pass. of *φιλῶ*.
ἐφ-ίμερος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἴμερος) *longed for, desired*: *delightful, agreeable*. [Γ]

ἐφίμωθην, aor. I pass. of *φιμῶ*.
ἐφ-ίππος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἵππος) *of or for a horse or riding*: τὸ *ἐφίππιον* (sub. *στρώμα*), Lat. *ephippria*, a *saddle-cloth, a horse's harness*.
ἐφ-ίππος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἵππος) *on horseback*; *κλύδων ἐφίππος* a *rushing wave of horses*.

ἐφ-ίπτᾶμαι, late form of *ἐπιπέτομαι*.
ἐφ-ίσθάνω, *ἐφ-ίσθω*, Dor. for *ἐφίζανω*, *ἐφίζω*.
ἐφ-ίστημι Ion. ἐπ-: A. Causal in pres., impf., fut., and aor. I *ἐπέστησα*:—*to set or place upon*: *to impose*. 2. *to set one person over another*: *to appoint to an office*. 3. *ἐφιστάναί τινα ἀγῶνα* *to found or institute games in honour of a person*. II. *to set by or near*. III. *to check, make halt*. IV. *ἐφιστάναί τὸν νοῦν*, *to attend to*, Lat. *animum advertere*: absol., *ἐφιστάναί* *to attend*.

B. Intrans. in Pass. and in aor. 2 act. *ἐπέστην*, pf. *ἐπέστηκα*, plqpf. *ἐφεστήκειν*:—*to stand upon*: *to be imposed*. 2. *to stand or float on the top*; τὸ *ἐφιστάμενον τοῦ γάλακτος*, i. e. cream. 3. *to be set over*, Lat. *praesesse*; pf. part. Ion. οἱ *ἐπεστώτες* Att. οἱ *ἐφεστώτες*, *those in authority*. II. *to stand by or near*: absol. *to stand by*. 2. *to stand over against, oppose*: metaph. *to impend, be close at hand*, Lat. *instare*; *Κῆρες ἐφεστώσιν θανάτω* *the fates of death are close at hand*. III. *to halt, stop*. IV. *to attend to*.

ἐφλάδων, aor. 2 of *φλάζω*.
ἐφῶβηθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *φοβέω*.
ἐφ-οδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὁδός) *to visit, go the rounds, patrol*: also of an officer who visited yearly at Satrapies of Persia: generally, *to superintend, watch over*.
ἐφ-οδία, τὰ, see *ἐφῶδιος*.

ἐφοδιάζω Ion. ἐπ-, f. ἴσω, *to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey*:—Med. *to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies*. From

ἐφ-ῶδιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὁδός) *of or for a journey*:—as Subst., *ἐφῶδιον*, τό, Lat. *viaticum*, *supplies for travelling* (mostly in pl., *ἐφῶδια*):—an ambassador's travelling expenses: generally *ways and means, supplies*.
ἐφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὁδός) *a way towards, approach*: *a means of reaching, access*. II. *an onset, attack*.
ἐφ-οδος, ὅ, *one who goes the rounds, an inspector*.
ἐφ-οδος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὁδός) *accessible*: Sup. *-ώτατος*.
ἐφοίτη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of *φοιτάω*.
ἐφόλκιον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) *a rudder*.
ἐφόλκιον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) *a small boat towed after a ship*:—generally, *an appendage*.
ἐφολκίς, ἡ, (ἐφέλκω) *burdensome appendage*.
ἐφολλικός, ὄν, (ἐφέλκω) *drawing on or towards, attractive, enticing*. II. *drawling*: absol. *a laggard*.
ἐφ-ομαρτέω, f. ἴσω, *to follow close upon*.
ἐφ-οπλιζέω, f. σω: Ep. aor. I inf. *ἐφοπλισσαι*:—*to equip, get ready, prepare*: so also in Med.

ἐφορατικός, ἡ, ὄν, *looking over, watchful of*. From *ἐφ-οράω* Ion. ἐπ-: impf. *ἐφεύρων* Ion. 3 sing. ἐπ-ῶρα: f. *ἐφύρομαι* Ep. *ἐπιφύομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐπέειδον*:—*to look over, oversee, observe*. 2. generally *to look on, view*:—Pass., ὅσον *ἐφεύρωτο τῆς νήσου* *as much of the island as was in view*. 3. *to look out for, choose*.
ἐφορεία, ἡ, (ἐφορεύω) *an overlooking*:—*the office or dignity of ἐφορος, the ephorality*.
ἐφορείον, τό, *the court of the ephori*. From *ἐφορεύω*, f. σω, = *ἐφοράω*. II. (ἐφορος) *to be an ephor*.

ἐφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐφορος) *of or for the ephori*.
ἐφ-ῶριος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὄρος) *on the frontier*.
ἐφ-ορμαίνω, *to rush on*.
ἐφ-ορμάω Ion. ἐπ-: f. ἴσω: aor. I *-ῶρμησα*:—*to stir up, rouse against one, urge on, set in motion*. 2. intr. *to rush upon, attack*. II. Pass. and Med., aor. I *ἐφωρμησάμην* and *ἐφωρμήθην*:—*to be stirred up, roused*: *to rush furiously on*:—*to burry, rush forward*. 2. *to make a dash at*.

ἐφ-ορμέω Ion. ἐπ-, f. ἴσω, *to lie at anchor over against, to blockade an enemy*: generally, *to watch*:—Pass. *to be blockaded*.
ἐφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὄρμη) *an entrance, access*. II. *an attempt upon a place, attack*.
ἐφορμηθεῖεν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. pass. of *ἐφορμάω*.
ἐφόρμησις, εὸς, ἡ, (ἐφορμέω) *the lying at anchor so as to blockade an enemy, a blockade*.
ἐφ-ορμιζέω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐπί, ὄρμος) *to bring a ship to her moorings*:—Med. and Pass., *to come to anchor*.
ἐφ-ορμος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὄρμος) *at anchor*.
ἐφ-ορμος, ὅ, = *ἐφόρμησις*, *a blockade*.
ἐφορος, ὄν, (ἐφοράω) *overseeing*. II. as Subst., *ἐφορος*, ὅ, *an overseer, guardian, ruler*. 2. at Sparta, οἱ *ἐφοροι* *the Ephori or Overseers*, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.

ἐφ-όσον, Adv. for *ἐφ' ὅσον*, *in so far as*.
ἐφρασάμαν, Dor. aor. I med. of *φράζω*.
ἐφραξα, aor. I of *φράσσω*.

ἐφ-όριος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὄρος) *on the frontier*.
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ἐφραξα, aor. I of *φράσσω*.

ἐφοδιάζω Ion. ἐπ-, f. ἴσω, *to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey*:—Med. *to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies*. From

ἔφριξα, aor. I of φρίσσω.
 ἔφρυαξα, aor. I of φρύσσω.
 ἔφρυξα, aor. I of φρύγω.
 ἐφ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to insult over one, add insult to injury: also in Med.
 ἐφύγον, aor. 2 of εεύγω.
 ἐφ-υδρίας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) of the water.
 ἐφ-υδρον Ion. ἔπ-, ov, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) wet, rainy, bringing rain. 2. abounding in water.
 ἐφ-υμνέω, f. ἦσω, to sing or chant after: to chant over. II. to sing a dirge or mournful strain. III. to sing of, descendant on.
 ἐφυν, aor. 2 of φύω: also Ep. 3 pl. ἐφῦσαν.
 ἐφ-ὑπερβέω, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from above: above, on atop, over.
 ἘΦΥΡΑ Ion. -ρη, ἡ, Ephῦré, old name of Corinth.
 ἔφυρσα, aor. I of φύρω.
 ἐφῦσαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of φύω. 2. 3 pl. aor. 2 of φύω.
 ἐφύση, Dor. for ἐφύσα, 3 sing. impf. of φυσάω. [ῶ]
 ἐφ-υστερίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὕστερος) to be later, come after another.
 ἐφ-ῦω, f. ἴωω [ῶ], (ἐπί, ὦω) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon, exposed to the rain; pf. part. ἐφυσμένος.
 ἐφ' ὧ, ἐφ' ὧτε, i. e. ἐπὶ τούτῳ ὥστε, on the condition that.
 ἐφ-ῶριος, ov, (ἐπί, ὦρα) in season, ripe, mature.
 ἔφαδον, aor. 2 of χανδάνω.
 ἔφανον, aor. 2 of χάινω or χάσκω.
 ἐφάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of χάρω.
 ἐφάρισάμην, ἐφάρισθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of χαρίζομαι.
 ἔφαε, aor. I of χέω.
 ἐφ-ἐγγύος, ov, = ἔχων ἐγγύην, i. e. I. having given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithful. II. having received security, secure.
 ἐφ-ἐθῦμος, ov, (ἔχω, θυμός) controlling one's temper, under self-control.
 ἐφ-ἐμῦθεω, (ἔχω, μῦθος) to hold one's peace. Hence ἐφ-ἐμῦθια, ἡ, silence.
 ἐφ-ἐνηΐς, -νηΐδος, contr. ἐφ-ἐνηΐς, -νηΐδος, ἡ, (ἔχω, ναῦς) holding ships fast.
 ἐφ-ἐπικῆς, ἐς, (ἔχω, επικῆ) epith. of a dart, bitter or sharp, piercing.
 ἐφ-ἐπαρκος, ov, (ἔχω, σάρξ) fitting to the body.
 ἐφ-εσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔχω.
 ἐφ-ἐστονος, ov, (ἔχω, στῆνος) bringing sorrows.
 ἐφ-ἐτλη, ἡ, (ἔχω) the plough-handle, Lat. stiva. Hence ἐφ-ἐτληας, εσσα, εν, of the plough-handle.
 ἔφευ, Dor. imperat. pass. of ἔχω.
 ἔφευα, Ep. aor. I of χέω: med. ἐφευάμην.
 ἐφ-εφρονέω, (ἔχ-εφρων) to be sensible or sbrewd.
 ἐφ-εφροσύνη, ἡ, good sense, sbrewdness. From ἐφ-ἐφρων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἔχω, φρήν) sensible, sbrewd.
 ἐφ-εψηθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἔχω.
 ἐφ-εθαίρω, f. ἐχθαῖρῶ: aor. I ἔχθαίρω: fut. med. ἐχθαῖρομαι in pass. sense: (ἔχθος):—to hate, be an enemy to: c. acc. cognato, ἔχθος ἐχθαίρειν to bear hate:—Pass., ἐχθαίρεσθαι ἐκ τινος to be hated by one.

ἔχθαρέτος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐχθαίρω, to be hated.
 ἐχθές, Adv., = χθές, yesterday.
 ἐχθιστος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἔχθος, as κερδιστος from κέρδος:—most hated, most hateful: as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.
 ἐχθίωον, ov, gen. ovos, irreg. Comp. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἔχθος, as κερδιων from κέρδος:—more hated: more hostile.
 ἐχθοδοπέω, f. ἦσω, to cause hatred. From ἐχθοδοπέος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔχθος) hateful, hostile.
 ἘΧΘΟΣ, εος, τό, hate, hatred, enmity, Lat. odium; ἔχθος τινός hated for one. II. a hated object.
 ἐχθρα Ion. ἐχθρη, ἡ, hatred, enmity; ἐχθρα τινός hated for one; δι' ἐχθρας μολεῖν or ἀφικέσθαι τινί to become at enmity with one.
 ἐχθραῖνω, f. ἀνώ, (ἐχθρός) to hate: to be at enmity with.
 ἐχθρο-δαίμων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἐχθρός, δαίμων) hated of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.
 ἐχθρο-ξένος, ov, (ἐχθρός, ξένος) unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.
 ἐχθρός, á, ὄν, (ἔχθος) hated, hateful. II. act. hating, hostile, at enmity with. III. as Subst. ἐχθρός, ὁ, one's enemy, Lat. inimicus.—Besides ἐχθρό-τερος, ἐχθρότατος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἐχθίωον, ἐχθιστος, were in common use.
 ἘΧΘΩ, to hate:—Pass. to be hated, hateful. Only used in pres. and impf.
 ἐχιδνα, ἡ, (ἐχίς) a viper, adder. Hence ἐχιδναῖος, a, ov, of or like a viper.
 ἘΧΙΝΑΙ, ἄν, αἱ, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Ἐχινάδες.
 ἐχίνεις, οἰ, a kind of mice with rough bristling hair, in Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)
 ἘΧΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, the urchin, hedgehog: also the sea-urchin. 2. the shell of the sea-urchin, often used as a jar: hence, II. like Lat. testa, a jug, pitcher, vase, Lat. ecbinus. 2. the vase in which the notes of evidence were sealed up. III. part of the bit of a bridle, studded over with points to make it severe.
 ἘΧΙΣ, ιος and εως, ὁ, a viper, adder.
 ἐχμα, atos, τό, (ἔχω) that which holds: I. a hindrance, obstacle. 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defence against. II. a bold-fast, stay, support; ἐχματα νηῶν props, cradles for ships; ἐχματα πέτρης supports of rock, i. e. solid rock; ἐχματα πύργων supporting towers.
 ἐχουσα, Dor. for ἔχουσα.
 ἐχουον, impf. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.
 ἐχράνα, aor. I of χραίνω.
 ἐχρησα, aor. I of χράω.
 ἐχρησθην, aor. I pass. of χράομαι.
 ἐχρίσα, aor. I of χρίω.
 ἐχύθην [ῶ], aor. 1 pass. of χέω.
 ἐχύντο, ἐχῦτο, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.
 ἐχῦρός, á, ὄν, (ἔχω) firm, strong, secure, safe; ἐν ἐχυρῶ εἶναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence ἐχῦρῶς, Adv. securely:—Comp. ἐχυρώτερον.
 ἘΧΩ, impf. εἶχον Ep. ἔχων Ion. ἐχσκον: fut.

ἔξω, or (in the sense of *holding*) σχήσω: pf. ἔσχηκα
Ep. ὄχωκα (in compd. συνοχῶκετε): aor. 2 ἔσχον,
imperat. σχές, subj. σχῶ, opt. σχοίην; inf. σchein Ep.
σχήμεν, part. σχών; poet. also ἔσχεθον, inf. σχεθεῖν:
Pass. and Med. ἔχομαι: impf. εἰχόμεν: fut. ἔξομαι
and σχήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔσχόμεν Ep. 3 sing. σχέτο,
imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σχέσθαι, part. σχόμενος.

A. Trans.: Radic. sense, *to have, bold*: I. *to have, possess; οἱ ἔχοντες* those that *have*, i. e. *the wealthy*:—Pass. *to be possessed by, belong to*. 2. *to have to wife: to have in one's house, to entertain*: c. acc. loci, *to dwell in, inhabit*: ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχειν (sub. βρέφος), *to be pregnant, be with child*. 3. of a State or Condition; γῆρας ἔχειν *to have reached old age*, = the simple Verb γηράσκειν, etc.; so, ἐν στόματι ἔχειν *to be always talking of*. 4. *to imply, infer; ἀσχήνην ἔχειν to imply disgrace*. 5. like Lat. *teneo, to know, understand, comprehend*. II. *to hold, keep: to hold fast: to keep with one, retain, detain: to hold tight, grip, grasp, of the hold of wrestlers*. 2: *to hold up, bear up, sustain*: hence *to hold out or bear up against, to resist*, in which sense Homer uses fut. σχήσειν and med. σχήσεσθαι. 3. *to direct to, aim: to guide, steer*: in fut. σχήσω and aor. σchein, *to land*. 4. *to hold in, check, stop: also to keep fast or close, as a bar does a gate: to allay pain*: c. gen. *to stop or binder from a thing*. 5. *to keep, ward off*: hence *to guard, keep safe*: of armour, *to protect*. 6. *to keep doing or making, cause*. III. *to have means or power to do a thing, to be able*, like Lat. *habeo*: οὐκ ἔχω, followed by ὅπως, πῶς, πού, etc., *I know not how, know not where, etc.*

B. Intrans., *to bold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state*: esp. with Adv., εὖ ἔχει, καλῶς or κακιῶς ἔχει, Lat. *bene, male se habet, it is going on well, etc.*; a gen. modi is often added, εὖ ἔχειν τινός *to be well off for a thing, abound in it*; καλῶς ἔχειν τῆς μέθης *to be pretty well off for drink*. 2. *to be so and so, be*; λόγος ἔχει *the story goes, prevails*. 3. *to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm*. 4. *to stand up, jut out, rise, project*; κίονες ὑψός' ἔχοντες *pillars rising high*. 5. *to point towards, glance at, be directed towards*; ἐχθρα ἔχουσα ἐς Ἀθηναίους *enmity directed towards the Athenians*: of Place, *to extend, reach unto*: also, ἔχειν ἀμφί or περί τι *to be about, busy, occupied with*. 6. in Att., ἔχω is joined with aor. of another Verb; κρύψαντες ἔχουσι *for κερύφασι*; ἀποκλείσας ἔχεις *for ἀποκέκλεικας*. 7. the part. ἔχων with the pres., adds a notion of *duration* to what is *being done*; τί δῆτα διατριβείς ἔχων; *why then keep wasting time?* ληρεῖς ἔχων *you keep on trifling*.

C. Med. *to bold oneself, to hold on by, cling to, make fast to*: metaph. *to hold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with*: hence *to lay bold on, claim, take possession of*. 2. of Place, *to be close, border on, next to*; ὁ ἔχόμενος *that comes next or nearest*; τὸ ἔχόμενον ἔτος *the year next ensuing*. II. *to*

bear, wear, carry for oneself, or what is one's own: also *to carry or conduct oneself*; ἔχω κρατερῶς *bear thyself resolutely*. II. *to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from*: absol., σχέο, σχέςθε *bold! cease!*

ἔχωντι, Dor. for ἔχουμι.

ἔχουσα, aor. I of χάννυμι.

ἔχῶσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of χῶομαι.

ἔχῶσθη, aor. I pass. of χάννυμι.

ἐψάλαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ψάλλω.

ἔψ-ανδρα, ἦ, (ἔψω, ἀνὴρ) *boiling men*, epith. of Medea, from her restoring old Aeson to youth.

ἔψαυσα, aor. I of ψάω.

ἔψεα, aor. I of ψέγω.

ἐψευσάμην, aor. I of ψεύδομαι.

ἔψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.

ἔψησις, εως, ἦ, (ἔψω) *a boiling*: generally, *cookery*.

ἐψησω, fut. of ἔψω.

ἐψητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ἔψω) *a ripkin, pan for boiling*.

ἐψητός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔψω) *boiled, sodden*.

ἐψία Ion. ἐπίη, ἦ, (ψιά, ψειά) *a game played with pebbles*: generally, *amusement, pastime*. Hence

ἐψιάομαι, Dep. *to play with pebbles*: generally, *to disport, amuse oneself: to entertain oneself with*.

ἐψιθυρίσδομαι, Dor. I pl. impf. of ψιθυρίζω.

ἐψισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ψίζω.

ἐψύγη [ῶ], aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

*ἘΨΩ: impf. ἦψον (Ion. ἔψεον as if from ἐψέω):

fut. ἐψήσω: aor. I ἦψησα:—Med., fut. ἐψησομαι:—

Pass., aor. I ἦψηθην: pf. ἦψημαι: pf. to boil, seethe, opp.

to ὕπτῶ: of metals, *to smelt, refine*: metaph. *to*

cherish, nurse.

ἔω, Ion. for ὦ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἔω, contr. for ἔάω.

ἔω, contr. for ἔαοι, 3 sing. opt. of ἔάω.

ἔω, dat. of ἔός.

ἔω, Ion. for ὦ, aor. 2 subj. of ἦμι.

ἔω, gen. and acc. sing. of ἔως, *the dawn*.

ἔωγα, pf. 2 of οἴγνυμι, *to open*.

ἔωγμα, pf. pass. of οἴγνυμι.

ἔωθα, ἔώθεα, Ion. pf. 2 and plqpf. of ἔω.

ἔωθεν Dp. ἦώθεν, Adv. (ἔως) *from morn, at earliest dawn, at break of day*.

ἔωθινός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔως) *in the morning, early*; τὸ ἔωθινόν as Adv. *early in the morning*; ἐξ ἔωθινού = ἔωθεν.

ἔώθουον, impf. of ὠθέω.

ἔώκειν, plqpf. of ἔοικα.

ἔωλο-κράστια, ὄ, (ἔωλος, κράσις) *a mixture or compound of wine*: metaph., *ἔωλοκρασίαν τῆς*

πονηρίας κατασκευάσας τινός *to empty the stale dregs of his villainy over one*.

ἔωλος, ον, (ἔως) *a day old, kept till the morrow*: of food, *stale*: hence out of date, obsolete.

ἔώλπει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἔλω.

ἔώμεν, in Pl. 19. 404, ἐπεὶ χ' ἔώμεν πολέμοιο, when

we have enough of war:—commonly considered as

aor. 2 subj. of ἦμι, but sometimes referred to ἔω =

ἄω, *to satiate*.

ἔώμεν, contr. from ἔάομεν, I pl. of ἔάω.

ἔψιμ, contr. from ἔαοιμι, 1 sing. opt. of ἔαω.
 ἔών, Hom. and Ion. for ὄν, pres. part. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔώνημαι, ἔώνημην, pf. and plpf. of ἀνέλωμαι.
 ἔφονοχοίε, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of οἶνοχοέω.
 ἔψα, aor. 1 of οἴγγυμι.
 ἔψος, α, ον, also os, ον, poet. ἑώϊος Ep. ἡϊοτος, (ἔως) in the morning, at early dawn, at day-break. 2. eastern, Lat. Eōus.

ἔώρα, ἡ, collat. form of αἰώρα, a being suspended, banging in the air, oscillation. II. a noose for banging.

ἔώρα, 3 sing. impf. of ὄραω.
 ἔώρακα, ἔώραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ὄραω.
 ἔωργει, for ἐέργει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *ἔργω.
 ἔωρέω, collat. form of αἰαρέω, whence aor. I part. fem., ἐωρήσασα τοῦμὸν ὄμμα having raised aloft mine eye.

ἔωρταον, ἔωρτασα, impf. and aor. I, with irreg. augm., of ἔορτάω.

ἔωρτο, for ἡορτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἀείρω.

ἔωρων, impf. of ὄραω.

ἔως, Att. for Ion. ἡώς, morn.

ἔΩΣ Ion. and Ep. εἰως Ep. εἰος: I. as Conjunction, while, so long as, Lat. donec, properly relative to the antec. τῆως Ep. τῆως. 2. = τῆως, for a time. 3. till, until, until such time as. 4. = ὡς, ὅπως, ἵνα, that, in order that. II. as Adv.,

ἔως ὅτε, Lat. usque dum, till the time when: so too, ἔως οὐ; ἔως ποτε; Lat. quousque? how long? 2. with Advs. of Place, ἔως ἄδε, ἔως ἔσω or ἔξω, up to this point, till within, etc.

ἔωσα, ἐωσάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ὠθέω.

ἔωσι, Ion. for ὦσι, 3 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἔωσι, contr. for ἔαοισι, 3 pl. pres. of ἔαω.

ἔωσμαι, pf. pass. of ὠθέω.

ἔωσ-περ, strengthd. for ἔως, even until.

ἔωσ-φόρος, ον, (ἔως, φέρω) morn-bringing: as Subst.,

ὁ Ἐωσφόρος the Morning-star, Lat. Lucifer.

ἔωντοῦ, ἔωντέων, Ion. for ἔαντοῦ, ἔαντῶν.

Z

Z, ζ, ἕψα, τῶ, indecl., sixth letter of Gr. Alphabet: as numeral ζ' = ἑπτά and ἔβδομος (the obsol. ς', i. e. F or vai, being retained to represent ζξ), but ζ = 7000. Z is compounded of σ and δ, = σδ, whence in Aeol. and Dor. μουσίσδω ψιδυρίσδω are written for μουσίω ψιδυρίω. In Ion. δ was changed into ζ; and ζ easily passed into δ, as appears in παῖζω παιδνός, ἀλαπίζω ἀλαπιανός, etc.: it also melted into ι, e. g. ζῆρῆ ἵορκος, ζυγόν jugum.

Zeta, being a double conson., makes a short vowel before it long by position. But there are two proper names in Homer, before which the vowel is retained short, ἄστυ Ζελεῖης, ὑλήεσσά Ζάκυνθος.

ΖΑ΄, Aeol. for διά: also as insep. Prefix with intensive sense, like ἀρι-, ἐπι-, ἀγα-, as in ζά-θεος, ζα-μενής, etc. ζάγκλον, ὄν, a reaping-book or sickle, Lat. falx. (Old Sicilian word.)

ζά-ἡς, ἑς, (ζα-, ἄρημι) strong blowing, stormy, gusty; (αἴην, irreg. acc. for ζαεία, ζαἴη.

ζά-θεος, α, ον, also os, ον, very divine, holy, ballowed.

ζα-θερής, ἑς, (ζα-, θερός) very hot.

ζαῖεν Att. ζῶεν, 3 pl. opt. of ζάω.

ζάκορος, ὁ, = διάκτορος, διάκονος, a minister, servant.

ζά-κοτος, ον, very wrathful.

ζάλη, ἡ, (ἄλος) surge, spray: a storm: metaph. trouble, distress. (Akin to σάλος, Lat. salum.)

ζαλοῖσα, Dor. for ζηλοῖσα.

ζάλος, ζαλόω, ζαλωτός, Dor. for ζηλ-.

ζάμενέω, f. ἦσω, to be very violent, exert all one's strength. From

ζα-μενής, ἑς, (ζα-, μένος) very strong or mighty: raging, violent.

ζάμια, Dor. for ζημία.

Ζάν, Ζανός, ὁ, Dor. for Ζήν, Ζηνός, old form of Ζεύς, q. v. Hence Lat. Janus.

ζά-πεδον, τό, = δάπεδον.

ζα-πληθής, ἑς, (ζα-, πληθός) very full; ζαπληθής γενειάς a bushy beard: full-sounding.

ζά-πλουτος, ον, very rich.

ζά-πύρος, ον, (ζα-, πῦρ) very fiery.

ζατεύσα, Dor. for ζητούσα.

ζατέω, ζατρείον, ζατρεύω, Dor. for ζητ-.

ζα-τρέφής, ἑς, (ζα-, τρέφω) well-fed, fat.

ζα-φλεγής, ἑς, (ζα-, φλέγω) full of fire, fiery.

ζά-χολος, ον, very wrathful.

ζά-χρειος, ον, (ζα-, χρεία) very needy; ζαχρειος ὄδο one who wants to know the way.

ζα-χρητής, ἑς, (ζα-, χράω) attacking violently, furious: of warriors, eager, fiery.

ζά-χρυσος, ον, rich in gold.

ΖΑΨ Ep. ζῶω, in later Poets ζῶω, Att. contr. ζῶ, ζῆς, ζῆ; imperat. ζῆ or ζῆθι; opt. ζῆην; inf. ζῆειν contr. ζῆν; impf. ἐζην (as if from ζῆμι), ἐζης, ἐζην, but 3 pl. ἐζων: fut. ζήσω and ζήσομαι: aor. I ἐζῆσα: pf. ἐζῆκα:—to live, breathe; ζῶν alive: ἔζη από τινος to live off or on a thing, cf. ἀποζῆν: c. acc. cognato, ζῆν ζῆν, βίον. II. metaph. to be in full vigour: to be fresh, strong, efficient: part. ζῶν, as Adj., active, powerful, efficacious.

-ζε, insepar. enclitic Particle, denoting motion towards a place, ζ being written for σδ, as, Ἀθήναζε, θύραζε, for Ἀθηνασδε, θύρασδε.

ζεγέριες, a Libyan word, a kind of mice.

ΖΕΙΑ', ἡ, zea, a sort of grain, used as fodder for horses, prob. a coarse wheat, spelt.

ζεί-δαρος, ον, (ζειά, δωρέομαι) zea-giving, fruitful.

ζεράη, ἡ, a wide upper garment, girded about the loins and falling over the feet. (Foreign word.)

ζέω, poet. for ζέω, as πνείω for πνέω.

ζέσσα, Ep. for ἐξεσσα, aor. I of ζέω.

ζεσπός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζέω) boiled, boiling, bot.

ζευγάριον, τό, Dim. of ζεύγος, a *puny team of oxen*.
 ζευγηλάτω, f. ἴσω, to *drive a yoke of oxen*. From
 ζευγηλάτης, ου, ὄ, (ζεύγος, ἐλαύνω) a *driver of a
 yoke of oxen*.

ζευγίτης [ῖ], οὔ, ὄ, (ζεύγος) *yoked together, two and
 two, in pairs*. II. ζευγίται, οἱ, *yeomen*, the third
 of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called
 from *their being able to keep a team (ζεύγος) of oxen*:
 the first class being called πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι, the
 second ἑπείεις, and the fourth θῆτες.

ζεύγλη ποῖτ. ζεύγλα, ἡ, *the collar or loop of the
 yoke (ζυγόν)*, through which the oxen's heads were
 put, so that the ζυγόν had two ζεύγλαι. II. *the
 rudder-bands*; see πηδάλιον.

ζεύγμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) *that which is linked to-
 gether, a band, bond*: ζεύγμα τῶν λιμένων a *boom or
 obain across the mouth of the harbour*.

ζεύγνυμεν, -όμεναι, Ep. inf. of ζεύγνυμι.
 ΖΕΥΓΙΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: impf. 3 pl. ἐζεύγνυσαν (Ep.
 ζεύγνυσαν) or ἐζεύγνυον (Ep. ζεύγνυον): fut. ζεύξω:
 aor. I ἐζεύξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐζεύχθη, more frequent
 aor. 2 ἐζύγην [ῖ]:—to *join or link together, yoke*:—
 Med., ἵππους ζεύγνυσθαι to *yoke horses for oneself,
 put to one's horses*; also to *barness*. II. gene-
 rally, to *join or fasten together, make fast*; see *σάιδες*
 ἐζευγμένα close-shut doors. 2. to *join in wedlock,
 marry, unite*:—Med. of the husband, to *wed*:—Pass.
 to *be married*. 3. to *join by bridges, throw a bridge
 across*. 5. to *undergird ships with ropes*.

ζεύγος, εος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a *yoke or team of beasts,
 a pair of horses*. 2. *the carriage drawn by a team,
 a chariot, plough*; any *pair or couple*. II. of
 more than two things or persons *joined together*, e. g.
 ζεύγος τριτάρθενον three maiden sisters.

ζευκτηρία, a fastening, band; see πηδάλιον. From
 ζευκτηριος, α, ον, (ζεύγνυμι) *fit for joining or yok-
 ing*; τὸ ζευκτηριον a *yoke*.

ζεύξαι, aor. I inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξειεν, 3 sing. opt.;
 ζεύξοι, imperat.

ζεύξω, εως, ἡ, (ζεύγνυμι) a *yoking or manner of
 yoking oxen*. 2. a *joining by a bridge*.

ΖΕΥΞ, ὄ, voc. Ζεῦ; but genit. Διός, dat. Διί, acc.
 Δία as if from *Δίς: ποῖτ. Ζηνός, Ζηνί, Ζήνα, Dor.
 Ζάνος, etc., as if from *Ζήν, Ζάν:—Zeus, Jupiter,
 king and father of gods and men, son of Kronos (or
 Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Κρονίδης, Κρονίων:
 ruler of the lower air (ἀήρ); hence rain and storms
 come from him, as Ζεὺς ἕει.

Ζεφύρη (sub. πνοή), ἡ, —Ζεφύρος, *the west wind*.
 Ζεφύρος, ὄ, Zephyrus, *the west wind*, or properly *the
 north-west*. (From ζῶφος, darkness or the West, as
 Εἶρος from εἶας, morn or the East.)

ΖΕΨ, fut. ζέσω: aor. I ἐξέσα Ep. ζέσσα:—to *boil,
 seethe*: generally, to *boil up, beat*; of hot springs: also
 simply to *be hot, throb with heat*; χθον ἐξέει the *earth
 was hot*: metaph. to *boil with passion*, like Lat. *fer-
 vere*. II. trans. to *make to boil, beat*.

ζῆ, ζῆθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζηλαῖος, α, ον, (ζηλος) *jealous*.

ζηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ζηλέω) *jealous*.

ζηλο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ζηλος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss*.

ζηλο-μάνης, ἐς, (ζηλος, μανῆται) *mad with jealousy*.

ζηλος, ὄ, (ζέω) *eager rivalry, emulation, in good
 sense, opp. to φθόνος (envy)*. 2. *any strong pas-
 sion, esp. jealousy: zeal or emulous desire for a
 thing*. II. pass. *the object of emulation or ri-
 valry, happiness, blessedness*.

ζηλοσύνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. of ζηλος.

ζηλοτύπεω, f. ἴσω, (ζηλότυπος) *to emulate, rival,
 be jealous of*. 2. *to envy*. 3. *to affect, pretend*
 to. Hence

ζηλοτύπια, ἡ, *rivalry, jealousy, envy*.

ζηλό-τύπος, ον, (ζηλος, τύπτω) *jealous*.

ζηλώω, f. ὦσω, (ζηλος) *to rival, vie with, emulate,
 Lat. aemulari*: c. acc. rei, to *desire emulously, strive
 after*. 2. *to be jealous of, envy*. 3. *to emulate,
 envy, admire, commend*. Hence

ζήλωμα, ατος, τό, *the object of emulation*: in pl. *high
 fortunes*. II. *rivalry, emulation*.

ζήλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ζηλώω) *emulation, imitation*.

ζηλωτής, οὔ, ὄ, (ζηλώω) a *rival, zealous imita-
 tor*. 2. a *zealot*.

ζηλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζηλώω) *to be emulated, worthy of
 imitation*. 2. *enviable, happy, blessed*.

ζημία, ἡ, *loss, damage, Lat. damnum, opp. to κέρδος*;
 φανερά ζημία a *clear loss*. II. a *penal'y*, esp. in
 money, a *fine*; θάνατον ζημίαν προτιθέται to *make
 death the penalty*. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ζημιώω, f. ὦσω, to *cause loss to one, do one damage
 or hurt*: to *punish*; esp. in money, to *fine*:—Pass.,
 with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιώθησομαι,
 aor. I ἐζημιώθη, to *be fined*.

*Ζήν, ὄ, gen. Ζηνός, præt. for Ζεύς, q. v.

Ζηνο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (Ζήν, δίδωμι) = Ζηνοφρων.

Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (Ζήν, φρήν) *knowing the
 mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove, of oracles*.
 ζήσομαι, fut. of ζάω.

ζητεύω, ποῖτ. for ζητέω.

ΖΗΤΕΨ, f. ἴσω, to *seek, seek for, seek after*. 2.
 to *search out, inquire into, examine, investigate*: c.
 inf. to *seek to do*. 3. to *have to seek*. Hence

ζήτημα, ατος, τό, *that which is sought: an inquiry,
 question*.

ζητήσιμος, ον, (ζητέω) *to be searched; τὰ ζητήσιμα
 places to be beaten for game*.

ζήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ζητέω) a *seeking for, searching
 after*: a *searching out, inquiry, investigation*.

ζητητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, to *be sought*. II.
 ζητητέος, one must *seek out*.

ζητητής, οὔ, ὄ, (ζητέω) a *seeker, searcher, inquirer,
 examiner*. II. at Athens, the ζητηταί were *com-
 missioners to inquire into state-offences*.

ζητητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, *sought for*.

ζιάνιον, τό, a *weed that grows in wheat, darnel*,
 Lat. zizanium, lolium. (Eastern word.)

ζῷη, Ion. for ζῷη.

ζοῖα, Aeol. for ζωή.
 ζοός, α, ὄν, poet. for ζωός, ζῶς.
 ζορκάς, ἀδός, ἦ, = δορκάς: also ζορξ, ζορκός, ἦ.
 ζοφερός, ὄν, (ζόφος) dark, dusky, murky, gloomy.
 ΖΟΨΟΣ, ὄ, darkness, dusk, gloom: esp. of the nether world: hence the land of darkness, the nether world itself:—Homer divides the world into a light and dark side, where ζοφος the dark or night side, the west, is opposed πρὸς Ἠῶ τ' Ἡελίον τε, the light side, the east. Hence.
 ζοφώω, f. ὠσω, to darken:—Pass. to be dark.
 ζοφώδης, ἐς, (ζόφος, εἶδος) dusky, gloomy.
 ζῶω, for ζῶα.
 ζύγαστρον, τό, ((εὐγνυμι) a chest or box of boards strongly fastened together.
 ζῦγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of εὐγνυμι,
 ζῦγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of εὐγνυμι.
 ζῦγι-φόρος, ὄν, poet. for ὑγοφό-, bearing the yoke.
 ζῦγιος, α, ὄν, ((ὑγόν) of or for the yoke; ζῦγιος ἵππος a draught-horse, wheeler.
 ζῦγίτης, ὄν, ὄ, ((ὑγόν) one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches, those on the lowest being θαλαμίται, those on the highest θαράνται. [7]
 ζυγό-δεσμον, τό, ((ὑγόν, δεσμός) a yoke-band or band for binding the yoke to the pole.
 ζυγο-μάχῃω, f. ἦσω ((ὑγόν, μάχομαι) to struggle with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel.
 ΖΥΓΤΟΝ, τό, also ζυγός, ὄ, but in pl. always ζυγά:—Lat. *jūgum*, the yoke or cross-bar tied by the ζυγό-δεσμος to the end of the pole, and having εὐγῆλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage: metaph., τὸ δούλιον ζυγόν the yoke of slavery; κατὰ ζυγά, in pairs. II. the cross-bar, Lat. *transillum*, joining the two horns of the φόρμιγξ. III. the cross-planks of a ship, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwarts, Lat. *transtra*. IV. the beam of the balance, in pl. the balance itself. V. the cross-straps of sandals.
 ζῦγός, v. sub ὑγόν.
 ζῦγοφιν, Ep. gen. of ὑγόν.
 ζῦγώω, f. ὠσω, ((ὑγόν) to yoke a pair, join together: metaph. to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame.
 ζῦγωθρίωω, to lock up. From
 ζῦγωθρον, τό, ((ὑγώω) the bar or bolt of a door.
 ζῦγωτός, ἦ, ὄν, ((ὑγώω) drawn by a pair of horses.
 ζῦμη, ἦ, (ζέω) leaven. [5] Hence
 ζῦμιτης, ὄν, Adj. masc. leavened. [7]
 ζῦμόω, f. ὠσω, ((ῦμη) to leaven, make to ferment.
 ζῶαργια, ὄν, τά, (ζῶός, ἄργα) a reward for life saved: also like θρεπτήρια, a reward for nursing and rearing one, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.
 ζῶάργιος, ὄν, (ζῶός, ἄργα) for saving life.
 ζῶάριον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, an animalcule. [α]
 ζω-αρκής, ἐς, (ζωή, ἀρκέω) maintaining life.
 ζωγραφέω, f. ἦσω, ((ζωγράφος) to paint from life.
 ζωγράφια, ἦ, the art of painting, painting.

ζωγραφικός, ἦ, ὄν, skilled in painting. From
 ζω-γράφος, ὄν, ((ζῶον, γράφω) painting animals, painting from nature: as Subst., ζωγράφος, ὄ, a painter.
 ζῶγρει, ζῶγρεῖτε, pres. imperat. of
 ζω-γρέω, f. ἦσω, (ζῶός, ἀγρέω) to take alive, take prisoner in war, to give quarter to. II. to restore to life and strength, revive. Hence
 ζωγρία Ion. -ῖη, ἦ, a taking alive, taking prisoner.
 ζωδιακός, ἦ, ὄν, ((ζῶδιον) of or containing animals; ὄ ζωδιακός (sub. κικλος) the Zodiac.
 ζωῆδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, a small figure, painted or carved.
 ζῶεμεν, ζῶεμεναι, for ζῶειν, inf. of ζῶω = ζῶα
 ζῶεσκον, Ion. impf. of ζῶω.
 ζῶή Dor. ζῶά Ion. and poet. ζῶη Aeol. ζοῖα, ἦ, (ζῶα) a living, means of living, subsistence, goods, property. II. life.
 ζω-θάμιος, ὄν, (ζωή, θάλλω) giving vigour of life.
 ζωϊκός, ἦ, ὄν, (ζῶον) of or for animals.
 ζῶμα, ατος, τό, ((ζώννυμι) that which is girded: the girded tunic worn under the armour: the armour girded by the ζωστήρ. II. also = ζώνη, or ζωστήρ, a girdle, belt.
 ζῶμευμα, ατος, τό, broth, soup. From
 ζωμεύω, f. αω, (ζῶμός) to boil for broth, seethe.
 ζωμιδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶμός, a little sauce.
 ζωμός Dor. δωμός, ὄ, (ζέω) broth, soup, esp. sauce to eat with other dishes.
 ζῶνη, ἦ, ((ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζωστήρ; φέρειν ὑπὸ ζώνην and τρέφειν ἐντὸς ζώνης to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb. Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, *zonam perdere* to lose one's purse. II. the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, loins. III. anything that one girds on, a garment, armour.
 ΖΩΝΝΥΜΙ or -ύω; fut. ζῶσω; aor. ἐζῶσα:—Med. ζώννυμαι, fut. ζῶσομαι; aor. I ἐζῶσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐζῶσθην; pf. ἐζῶσομαι:—to gird, esp. to gird for battle. II. Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work: c. acc., ζώνην, χαλκὸν ζώννυσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword.
 ζωννύσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of ζώννυμι.
 ζωο-γλύφος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γλύφω) carving animals: as Subst., ζωογλύφος, ὄ, a sculptor: cf. ζωγράφος.
 ζωογονέω, f. ἦσω, to produce, propagate animals. II. to preserve alive. From
 ζωο-γόνος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γείνομαι) producing animals: life-giving.
 ζωο-γράφος, ὄν, poet. for ζωγ-
 ζῶον, τό, properly contr. from ζῶιον, a living being, animal, Lat. animal. II. the figure of an animal, but also any figure or image; ζωα γράφειν or γράφειν, or ζωγραφεῖν, to paint: and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, ζωα γράφασθαι τὴν εὐξείν του Βοσπόρου to have the passage of the Bosphorus painted.

ζωο-ποιέω, ἦσω, (ζῶος, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken.

ζῶος, ἦ, ὄν, (ζῶω) alive, living; ζῶον ἐλεῖν τινα to take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

ζῶο-σοφός, ον, (ζῶή, σοφός) wise in life.

ζῶο-φόρος, ον, (ζῶος, φέρω) life-giving. II.

(ζῶον, φέρω) bearing animals; ὁ ζωοφόρος (sub κύκλος) = ὁ ζωδιακός.

ζωοφύτέω, f. ἦσω, to put forth live shoots. From

ζῶο-φύτος, ον, (ζῶος, φύω) producing plants.

ζῶο-πνέω, f. ἦσω, (ζῶος, πνέω) to represent alive.

ζῶο-πύρεω, f. ἦσω, to kindle into flame: metaph. to set on fire, provoke. From

ζῶο-πύρον, τό, (ζῶος, πῦρ) a spark, a piece of hot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζωροποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink sheer wine.

ζωρο-ποτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ζῶρος, πίνω) drinking sheer wine, drunken.

ζῶρος, ὄν, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water:—as Subst. ζῶρός (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, or as neut., ζῶρόν,

τό, Lat. *merum*, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp.,

ζαρότερον κέραε mix purer wine, i. e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to dilute their wine with

water, ζαρότερον πίνειν came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink

hard, be a drunkard. (Prob. for ζαρός from ζῶος.)

ζῶος, neut. ζῶν, gen. ζῶ, rarer form for ζῶος.

ζῶσα, aor. I med. imperat. of ζῶννυμι.

ζωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζῶννυμι) the warrior's belt or baldric, which secured the body-armour, ζῶνη being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ζῶστρον, τό, (ζῶννυμι) a belt, girdle.

ζωτικῶς, ἦ, ὄν, (ζῶω) of or for life. II. full of life, lively, vivid, Lat. *vivax*: of works of art, true to life; τὸ ζωτικὸν φαίνεσθαι πῶς ἐνεργάζη τοῖς ἀνδράσιν; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

ζωύφιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, = ζῶδιον.

ζῶο-φύτος, ον, (ζῶος, φύω) producing plants, fruitful.

ζῶω, Ep. and Ion. for ζῶω, to live.

H

H, η, ἦτα, τό, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek Alphabet; as numeral η'—ὀκτώ and ὄγδοος, but η = 8000. The uncial form of Eta (**H**) was a double

ΕΞ, and prob. it was so pronounced, as δῆλος, ζῆλος, from δέελος, ζέελος. The old alphabet had only one sign (ε) for the sound of *e* both long and short, till the long vowel η, with *ω*, was introduced from the Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with *ω*, *ξ*, *ψ*. The sign H, before it represented long *ε*, was used for the rough breathing, as **ΗΟΞ** for ἦος, which usage remains in the Latin H. When the same H became a vowel, it was divided, so that **Η** represented the rough **Η** the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for

the breathings. η was most in use among the Ion.; in the Attic dialect, it often passed into *ā*, as Ion. *πῆρσσω*, *θῆρηξ* are in Att. *πᾶρσσω*, *θῆραξ*. In later Att., *ει* and *ἦ* were not seldom changed into *η*, e. g. *κλειθρον κλιθρον*, *Νηρηδες Νηρηδες*.

ἦ poet. ἦξ, Conjunction with three chief signf., disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: I. ἦ DISJUNCTIVE, or, Lat. *aut*; and doubled, ἦ... ἦ... , either... or... , Lat. *aut... aut...* II. ἦ INTERROGATIVE: in indirect questions in a subjoined clause, εἰπέ ἦ... say whether...; and doubled ἦ... ἦ... , whether... or...? Lat. *utrum... an...?* 2. also with direct questions, like Lat. *an*; τίπτ' εἰλήλουθας; ἦ ἴνα ὕβριν ἴδῃ Ἀγαμέμνονος; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see...?

III. ἦ COMPARATIVE, *iban*, as, like Lat. *quam*, after a Comp. Adj.; also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, ἄλλο τι ἦ... , some other thing than...; ἐνάντιος ἦ... , contrariwise than...; οὐδ' ὅσον ἦ... , not so much as...; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ἦ... to wish rather than...; φθάνω ἦ... to come sooner than... 2. ἦ sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' ἀρησάσιν ἐλαφρότερο πῶδας εἶναι, ἦ ἀφνειότερο all would then pray to be light of foot rather than rich; ταχύτερα ἦ σοφώτερα more quickly than wisely.

[When ἦ οὐ, ἦ οὐκ come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too μὴ οὐ.]

ἦ, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing; ἦ, ἦ, σιάπα *what ho*, be silent!

ἦ, Adv., with two signf., strengthening and questioning: I. TO STRENGTHEN or CONFIRM, in truth, truly, verily, of a surety; ἦ μὲν, Ion. ἦ μὲν, introduces the very words of an oath, to give greater solemnity. II. in INTERROG. sentences, = Lat. *num?* sometimes it may be rendered, *what? pray? or can it be? ἦ οὐ...; Lat. nonne...?*

ἦ, for ἔφη, 3 sing. impf. of ἦμι.

ἦ, for ἦν, 1 sing. impf. of εἶμι *sum*.

ἦ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἶμι *sum*.

ἦ, fem. of Artic. ὁ.

ἦ, fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἧ, ὅ, *who, what?*

ἦ, dat. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, ἧ, ὅν, *bis, her*.

ἦ, dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἧ, ὅ: also used adverbially: 1. of Place, *whic way, where, whither, in or at what place*. 2. of Manner, *how, as*;

ἦ θέμις ἐστί, as is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., ἦ μάλιστα or ἦ δυνατόν μάλιστα as much as, as far as possible; ἦ τάχιστα as quick as possible.

ἦα, ἦεν, Ep. for ἦντο, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι *sum*.

ἦα, contr. of ἦτα, for ἦεν, Ep. impf. of εἶμι *ibo*.

ἦατο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.

ἦβαίος, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for βαίος, *little, small, poor, slight*: mostly with a negat., οὐ οἱ ἐνι φρένας, οὐδ' ἦβαίαι no sense is in him, not, not the slightest: in neut. as Adv., οὐδ' ἦβαίον not in the least, not in the slightest degree; without a negat., ἦβαίον ἀπὸ στείους a little from the cave.

ἡβάσκω, Inceptive of ἡβάω, to come to man's estate, come to one's strength, Lat. *pubescere*.

ἡβάω, f. ἦω: aor. I ἡβησα: pf. ἡβηκα: (ἡβη):—to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. *pubescere*; ἀνὴρ μάλα ἡβῶν a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, ἡμεῖς ἡβώωσα a young, luxuriant vine. II. metaph. to be young, fresh, vigorous: also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

ἩΒΗ, ἦ, man's estate, manhood, youth, Lat. *pubertas*; also the strength and freshness of youth:—as a legal term ἡβη was the time just before manhood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that οἱ δέκα ἀφ' ἡβης were men of 28, οἱ τετταράκοντα ἀφ' ἡβης men of 58. 2. metaph. freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, spirit.

3. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. *juventus*.

II. as fem. prop. n. Ἡβη, *Hebé*, wife of Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence ἡβηδόν, Adv. in the manner of youth. 2. πάντες ἡβηδόν all from the youth upwards.

ἡβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἡβητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἡβάω) in the prime of youth.

ἡβητικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἡβάω) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. *juvenilis*.

ἡβός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἡβη) youthful.

ἡβουλήθη, ἡβουλόμην, for ἔβ-, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι.

ἡβυλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ἡβάω, to be youngish.

ἡβώην, Att. opt. of ἡβάω.

ἡβῶμι Ep. ἡβῶομαι, opt. of ἡβάω.

ἡβώωσα, Ep. part. of ἡβάω.

ἡγάασθε, ἡγάμην, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἡγαγον, ἡγαγόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἄγω.

ἡγάθεος, ἦ, ὄν, (ἀγαν, θεός) hallowed, most holy.

ἡγάων, τό, Ion. for τήγαων.

ἡγάπευ, Dor. for ἡγάπων, impf. of ἀγαπάω.

ἡγάσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγάομαι.

ἡγγελα, aor. I of ἀγγελλω.

ἡγγικα, ἡγγισα, pf. and aor. I of ἐγγίζω.

ἡγγύηκα, -ῆμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγγύω.

ἡγγύησα, -ήθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐγγύω.

ἡγγών, impf. of ἐγγύω.

ἡγεира, aor. I of ἀγείρω.

ἡγεμόνευμα, τό, (ἡγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader.

ἡγεμονεύς, gen. ἑως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, poet. for ἡγεμῶν.

ἡγεμονεύω, f. σω, (ἡγεμῶν) to go before: to lead the way, guide on the way. II. to lead in war, to rule, command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

ἡγεμονία, ἦ, (ἡγεμῶν) a leading the way, going first. II. chief command, sovereignty: the supremacy of one state over a number of subordinates; ἡγεμονία τῆς Ἑλλάδος the supremacy of Greece.

ἡγεμονικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἡγεμῶν) fit for guiding, ready to guide. II. fit for commanding, chief, leading, Lat. *principis*.

ἡγεμόνιος, α, ὄν, (ἡγεμῶν) of or belonging to a guide: ὁ ἡγεμόνιος, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

ἡγεμόσυνος, ἦ, ὄν, belonging to a leader: τὰ ἡγεμόσυνα (sub. ἑρά), thank-offerings for safe-conduct.

ἡγεμῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, a leader, Lat. *dux*: I. a guide to shew one the way, ἡγεμῶν ὁδοῦ;—generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. *princeps, auctor*; ἡγεμῶν γίγμεσθαί τι to be one's guide or authority. 2. the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief, From

ἡγεόμαι, f. ἡγήσομαι: aor. I ἡγησάμην: pf. ἡγημῶμαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (ἀγω):—to go before, lead the way, opp. to ἔπομαι: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule:—with dat. it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding:—absol. to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief; ὁ ἡγούμενος a leader, ruler, chief. II. like Lat. *ducere*, to suppose, believe, bold; ἡγεῖσθαί τινα βασιλέα to bold or regard as king; ἡγεῖσθαί θεοῦ to believe in gods, like νομίζειν.

ἡγερέσθαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., to be gathered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. ἡγερέσθονται, ἡγερέθοντο.

ἡγερέομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., to gather, come together, only in pres. inf. ἡγερέεσθαι.

ἡγέρθει, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἡγηλάω, Ep. form of ἡγέομαι, to guide; also, like Lat. *agere*, κακὸν μόρον ἡγηλάειν to lead a wretched life.

ἡγημαι, pf. of ἡγέομαι.

ἡγητέον, verb. Adj. of ἡγέομαι, one must lead. II. one must suppose.

ἡγητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἡγητής, οὐ, ὁ, ἡγητῶρ, ὀπος, ὁ, (ἡγέομαι) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, chief; ἡγητόρες ἰδὲ μέδοντες chiefs in field and council.

ἡγασημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀγάσσω.

ἡγίνεον, impf. of ἀγινέω.

ἡγκαλισάμην, ἡγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of ἀγκαλίσσωμαι.

ἡγκύρισα, aor. I of ἀγκυρίζω.

ἡγλάισα, aor. I of ἀγλαίζω.

ἡγμαι, pf. pass. of ἀγω.

ἡγνόηκα, ἡγνόησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγνοέω.

ἡγνισα, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἀγνίζω.

ἡγνόουν, impf. of ἀγνοέω.

ἡγξα, aor. I of ἀγχα.

ἡγον, impf. of ἀγω.

ἡγοράασθε, -ῶντο, Ep. lengthd. for ἡγοράασθε, -ῶντο, 2 and 3 pf. impf. of ἀγοράομαι.

ἡγοράκα, ἡγοράσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγοράω.

ἡγόρευκα, ἡγόρευσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγορεύω.

ἡγουν, Conj. (ἦ, γοῦν) that is to say, Lat. *scilicet*.

ἡγρίδα, aor. I of ἀγριαίνω.

ἡγρίωκα, ἡγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγρίω.

ἡγρύπνησα, aor. I of ἀγρυπνέω.

ἡγρόμην, Ep. for ἡγρόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω.

ἡγχοι, aor. 2 and impf. of ἀγχω.

ἡγωνίακα, -ίασα, -ίων, pf., aor. I and impf. of ἀγωνιάω.

ἡγωνισάμην, aor. I med. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡγωνίσθη, ἡγωνίσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡδέ, (ἦ, δέ) and: if καί follows ἡδέ, it takes the sense also, e. g. ἡδέ καί and also. II, when it answers to ἡμέν it means, as also.

ἡδε, fem. of ἡδε.

ἡδεα, Ion. resolved form of ἡδη, plqpf. of *εἶδω.

ἡδειν, εἰς, εἰ, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω: 3 pl. ἡδεισαν or ἡδεσαν.

ἡδεσάμην, aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέσθη, aor. I pass. of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέσθη, aor. I pass. of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέως, Adv. of ἡδύς, sweetly, pleasantly, gladly,

ἡδέως ἔχειν to be kind: Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστα.

*ἩΔΗ, Adv. of Time, like Lat. jam, already, by, or from this time, now, presently, forthwith: also of Place, ἀπὸ ταύτης ἡδη Αἴγυπτος after this lake directly begins Egypt.

ἡδη, ἡδησα, ἡδη Att. for ἡδειν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡδίκειν, ἡδίκηκα, ἡδίκησα, impf., pf., and aor. I of ἀδικέω.

ἡδίω, ἡδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ἡδύς.

ἡδολέσχειν, impf. of ἀδολεσχέω.

*ἩΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἡθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσθη, rarely in med. form ἡσάμην: Dep.:—to enjoy oneself, take one's pleasure: with partic., ἡσθη ἀκούσας he was glad to have heard: often used in dat. of partic., ἡδομένω γίγνεται μοί τι I am well pleased at the thing happening, like ἀσμένω, βουλομένω. Hence ἡδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of ἡδομαι, gladly.

ἡδονή, ἡ, (ἡδος, ἡδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure, Lat. voluptas: πρὸς or καθ' ἡδονὴν λέγειν to speak so as to please another.

ἡδος, εὖς, τό, (ἡδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure. ἡ δ' οὖς, said he, for ἔφη ἐκεῖνος, v. ἡμί.

ἡδύ-βόης, ον, Dor. -βοας, α, ὁ, (ἡδύς, βοή) sweet-sounding.

ἡδύ-γάμος, ον, (ἡδύς, γάμος) sweetening marriage.

ἡδύ-γέλως, ον, gen. ω, (ἡδύς, γέλως) sweetly-laughing.

ἡδύ-γλωσσος, ον, (ἡδύς, γλωσση) sweet-tongued.

ἡδύ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἡδύς, γνώμη) of pleasant mind, of kindly sentiments.

ἡδύ-επιής, ἑς, (ἡδύς, ἔπος) sweet-speaking: sweet-sounding:—poët. fem. ἡδύεπεια.

ἡδύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (ἡδύς, θρούος) sweet-strained.

ἡδύ-ληπτος, ον, (ἡδύς, λαμβάνω) taken with pleasure.

ἡδύ-λογος, ον, (ἡδύς, λέγω) sweet-speaking: flattering, fawning.

ἡδύ-λύρης, ον, ὁ, (ἡδύς, λύρα) singing sweetly to the lyre.

ἡδύ-μελής, ἑς, (ἡδύς, μέλος) sweet-singing.

ἡδύ-μελί-φθογγος, ον, (ἡδύς, μελί, φθόγγος) with honey-sweet voice.

ἡδύ-μίγής, ἑς, (ἡδύς, μιγναι) sweetly-mixed.

ἡδύμος, ον, poët. for ἡδύς, sweet, pleasant.

ἡδυνάμην, Att. for ἔδυνάμην, impf. of δύναμαι.

ἡδύνθη, Att. aor. I pass. of δύναμαι.

ἡδύνα, f. ὤνα: aor. I ἡδύνα: (ἡδύς):—to sweeten, season.

ἡδύ-οινος, ον, (ἡδύς, οἶνος) producing sweet wine.

ἡδύοσμον, τό, the sweet-smelling herb, mint. From

ἡδύ-οσμος, ον, (ἡδύς, ὀσμή) sweet-smelling.

ἡδύπάθεια, ἡ, pleasant living, luxury. From

ἡδύπαθος, f. ἡσω, (ἡδυπαθής) to live pleasantly, enjoy oneself, be luxurious. Hence

ἡδύπαθμα, ατος, τό, enjoyment. [α]

ἡδύ-πάθης, ἑς, (ἡδύς, παθεῖν) living pleasantly.

ἡδύ-πνευστος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνέω) = ἡδύπνοος.

ἡδύ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνοή) sweet-breathing: sweet-smelling.

ἡδύ-πολις, ιος, and εως, also εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, πόλις) dear to the people.

ἡδύ-πότης, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) fond of drinking.

ἡδύ-ποτος, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) sweet to drink.

ἡδύς, ἡδέια, ἡδύ; Ion. fem. ἡδέϊα Dor. ἀδεά; Dor. acc. sing. ἀδέα, for ἡδύν:—Comp. ἡδιων, Sup. ἡδιστος: later, also, ἡδύτερος, ἡδύτατος: (ἡδομαι):—sweet to the taste, smell, or hearing: metaph. sweet, pleasant. II. of persons, pleasant, welcome, dear, glad.

ἡδυσμα, ατος, τό, (ἡδύνω) that which sweetens or flavours, seasoning, spice, sauce.

ἡδύ-σώματος, ον, (ἡδύς, σώμα) of sweet form.

ἡδύ-σφής, ἑς, (ἡδύς, σφάος) sweetly-shining.

ἡδύ-φρων, φρονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, φρήν) sweet-minded.

ἡδύφωνια, ἡ, sweetness of voice. From

ἡδύ-φωνος, ον, (ἡδύς, φωνή) sweet-voiced.

ἡδύ-χάρης, ἑς, (ἡδύς, χαρήναι) sweetly joyous.

ἡδύ-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (ἡδύς, χροία) of sweet complexion: ἡδύχρουν, τό, as Subst., a kind of perfume.

ἡέ, Ep. for ἦ, or.

ἡέ, Ep. for ἦε, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἡέ, 3 sing impf. of εἶμι.

ἡείδον, ἡέσα, impf. and aor. I of αἰέδω.

ἡείδειν, Ep. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡέλιος, ὁ, ποэт. and Ion. for ἥλιος.

ἡελιώτις, Ep. for ἡλιώτις.

ἡέ, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἡέ-περ, ποэт. for ἦπερ.

ἡέρα, Ion. and Ep. acc. of ἀήρ.

ἡερέθουμαι, lengthd. form of αἰερομαι Pass., to bang floating or waving in the air: metaph., ὀπλοτέρων φρένες ἡερέθονται young men's minds are flighty.

ἡέρθην, aor. I pass. of αἰερω.

ἡέρι, Ion. and Ep. dat. of ἀήρ.

ἡέριος, α, ον, Ep. for αἰερίος (ἀήρ) early, at morn, at day-break, when all things are yet wrapt in mist (ἀήρ). 2. high in air.

ἡέρμα, pf. pass. of αἰερω.

ἡερο-δίνης, ἑς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) wheeling in mid-air. [r]

ἡερο-ειδής, ἑς, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) of

cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: *cloud-capped*, of hills: *dim, gray*.

ἡρόεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) clouded, dark, murky.

ἡρόθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ἡέρος, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

ἡερο-φοίτις, ιδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀήρ, φοιτάω) walking in darkness.

ἡερό-φωνος, ον, (ἀήρ, φωνή) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

ἡέρταζον, impf. of ἀεργάζω.

ἡέρτῃσα, ἡέρτῃμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀεργάζω.

ἦσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἦην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἦρ, ἦ, a late nom. formed after ἡέρος, ἡέρι, ἡέρα, the Ep. and Ion. cases of ἀήρ.

ἡθαίος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡθείος.

ἡθός, ἀδος, ὄ, ἦ, Ion. for ἐθός. (ἦθος) used, accustomed, habituated to a thing. II. wanted, accustomed.

ἡθείος, α, ον, (ἦθος) honoured, respected: voc. ἦθειε, Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother.

ἡθέληκα, ἡθέλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐθέλω.

ἦθελον, impf. of ἐθέλω.

ἦθεος, ὄ, ἦ, Att. for ἡίθεος.

ἩΘΕ'Ω, f. ἦσω, to sift or strain.

ἡθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἦθος) of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικός). II. expressive of moral character.

ἡθλικά, ἡθλήσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀθλέω.

ἡθμός, ὄ, ἦ, (ἦθω) a strainer.

ἡθος, εος, τό, (έθος) an accustomed place: hence in plur. ἡθεα, seats, haunts, abodes, first, of beasts, but afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, habit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character.

ἦθον, imp. of αἶθω.

ἡθροισα, aor. I of ἀθροίζω.

ἡθροισθην, ἡθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀθροίζω.

ἡῖα contr. ἡᾶ, τὰ, (ἡῖα, contr. ἡᾶ, impf. of εἶμι ibo) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally, food, meat. II. chaff, husks. [ῖ]

ἡῖα, Ion. for. ἦειν, impf. of εἶμι ibo: 3 sing. ἦιε, 3 pl. ἦιον or ἦισαν.

ἡῖθεος Att. contr. ἦθεος, ὄ, a youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a bachelor, answering to the fem. παρθένος:—rarely in fem. ἡῖθη, a young girl.

ἡῖκτο, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of εἶοκα (as if from ἡῖγμην).

ἡῖσα, aor. I of αἶσσω.

ἡῖοίς, εσσα, εν, (ἡῖών) with high, steep banks.

ἦιον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἦϊός, ὄ, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry ἦ, ἦ.

ἦῖσαν, Ep. for ἦεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἦῖσκον, impf. of εἶσκω.

ἦῖσσον, impf. of αἶσσω.

ἦῖχθην, aor. I pass. of αἶσσω.

ἩΪΩΝ Att. ἦών Dor. αἶών, ὄνος, ἦ, a sea-bank, the shore, beach: also a river-bank. [ῖ]

ἦῖων, ονος, ἦ, (αἶω) a bearing, report.

ἦΗΚΑ, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly.

Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently.

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [ᾶ]

ἦκα, aor. I of ἦμι.

ἦκαζον, Att. impf. of εἰκάζω.

ἦκαιρέισθε, 2 pl. impf. of ἀκαιρέομαι.

ἦκασα, ἦκασθην, Att. aor. I act. and med. of εἰκάζω.

ἦκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάζω.

ἦκᾶχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀχέω.

ἦκέσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀκέομαι.

ἦ-κεστος, η, ον, for ἀ-κεστος, (a privat., κεντέω) ungoaded: free from labour.

ἦκή, ἦ, Ion. for ἀκή, ἀκοκή.

ἦκισάμην, aor. I med. of αἰκίζω.

ἦκισθην, ἦκισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αἰκίζω.

ἦκιστος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ἦκα, gentlest, slowest.

ἦκιστος, η, ον, Sup. of Comp. ἦσσον, the worst, least, poorest, meanest:—Adv. ἦκιστα, least (κακός or μικρός is used as positive).

ἦκμάσα, aor. I of ἀκμάζω.

ἦκολούθησα, aor. I of ἀκολουθέω.

ἦκόντισα, aor. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ἦ-κου, Ion. and Dor. for ἦπου.

ἦκουσα, aor. I of ἀκούω.

ἦκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ἦκρωμην, ἦκρωσάμην, impf. and aor. I of ἀκροάομαι.

ἦκρωτηρίασα, ἦκρωτηρίασμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀκρωτηριάζω.

ἦΚΩ, impf. ἦκον: fut. ἦξω:—properly I have come, am here, Lat. adsum; the impf. taking a plqpf. sense, I had come, was here, Lat. aderam:—then loosely to come. II. to have come to, reached a point; eis τούτου τόλμης ἦκειν to have reached this pitch of audacity. 2. with gen. and an Adv., εὖ ἦκειν τινός to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 3. to have come to, to relate or belong to.

ἦλάσθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἦλαίνω, Ion. and poet. for δαίνω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ἦλάκαστα, ον, τὰ, the wool on the distaff.

ἦλάκότη, ἦ, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as II. ibe joint of a reed or cane. III. an arrow, like ἀτρακτος, Lat. arundo.

ἦλάλαξα, aor. I of ἀλαλάζω.

ἦλακον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀλέξω.

ἦλάμην, aor. I med. of ἀλλομαι.

ἦλάσα, ἦλάσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἦλασκάζω, (ἀλόομαι) to wander away from; ἐμὸν μένος ἦλασκάει be fleeing from or sburns my wrath. II. trans. to drive to and fro.

ἦλάσκω, Ep. form of ἀλάομαι, ἀλαίνω, to wander, stray, roam about.

ἦλάστεον, impf. of ἀλαστέω.

ἦλάτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἡλάττωσα, ἡλαττώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔλασσώ.

ἡλγύσα, aor. I of ἀλγέω.

ἡλγύθη, ἡλγύνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλγύω.

ἡλδάνε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀλδαίνω.

ἡλειψα, ἡλείφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλέαμην, aor. I of ἀλέωμαι.

ἡλέγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐλέγχω.

ἡλεκτρον, τό, and ἡλεκτρος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἡλέκτωρ) *electron*, mentioned in the *Odyssey* along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a *metallic substance* consisting of *gold* alloyed with *silver*:—in *Ar. Eq.* 532 ἐπιπυτουσῶν τῶν ἡλεκτρον, it seems to mean, the *pegs of his lyre inlaid with electron*. II. *amber*.

ἡλεκτρο-φάης, ἐς, (ἡλεκτρον, φάος) *amber-gleaming*.

ἡλεκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, the *beaming sun*: as *Adj.*, ἡλεκτωρ

Ἐπεριαν *beaming Hyperion*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλέος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡλός) *wandering in mind, distracted, crazed*. II. act. *distracting, crazing*.

ἡλέατος Dor. ἀλ-, ον, (ἡλέος, ἡλός) *distraught, silly, trifling, vain*.

ἡλεσα, aor. I of ἀλέω, to *grind*.

ἡλεύατο, Ep. for ἡλεύαστο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀλεύομαι = ἀλέομαι.

ἡλῆλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἑλαίνω.

ἡλῆλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἑλαίνω.

ἡλῆλῆμην, plqpf. pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἦλθον, contr. of ἦλθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλιάζω, = ἡλιώω, (ἥλιος) to *warm in the sun*. II.

Med. ἡλιάζομαι, to *sit in the court* Ἡλιαία.

ἡλιαία, ἡ, (ἀλής, ἀλία) at Athens a *hall* in which the chief law-court was held: the *Heliaea* or *supremo law-court*.

ἡλιάξει, Dor. 2 sing. fut. of ἡλιάζομαι.

ἡλιαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἡλιάζομαι) a *jurymen in the court Heliaea*, a *Heliast*. Hence

ἡλιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or *belonging to a Heliast*.

ἡλιβάτος, ον, steep, abrupt, precipitous: *big, huge, enormous*. II. like *Lat. altus, deep, profound*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλιθα, Adv. (ἄλις) *enough, sufficiently: abundantly*.

ἡλιθιάζω, to *speak or act idly, foolishly*. From

ἡλιθίος Dor. ἀλίθ-, α, ον, (ἡλός, ἡλέος) *idle, trifling, vain, foolish, silly*. Adv. -ίως. Hence

ἡλιθιώω, f. ὦσα, to *make foolish, to distract, craze*.

ἡλικία, ἡ, (ἡλιξ) *time of life, age*. 2. *the vigour*

or *prime of life, manhood*: οἱ ἐν ἡλικίᾳ *men of age fit for service*:—*youthful heat and passion*. II.

as *Subst.*, = οἱ ἡλικες, *those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates*. III. generally, *age, time*: later

an *age*, *Lat. seculum*. IV. of the *body, stature, growth, bulk*. Hence

ἡλικιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, *idos, an equal in age, fellow, comrade, Lat. aequalis*.

ἡλικίος, ἡ, ον, *Relat.* to *τηλικίος* or *τηλικούτος*, as *Lat. quantus to tantus, as big as, as tall as, as great as*. 2. in *indirect questions, how great or strong*:

also *how old, at what age*: as *old as*. [Ἦ] From

*ΗΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, of the same age, *Lat. aequalis*:—as *Subst. a fellow, comrade, mate*.

ἡλιό-βλητος, ον, (ἥλιος, βάλλω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιο-κάης, ἐς, (ἥλιος, κάω, καίω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιό-καυστος, ον, = ἡλιοκάης.

ἡλιο-μάνης, ἐς, (ἥλιος, μανῆναι) *doting on the sun, mad for love of the sun*.

ἥλιος Dor. ἄλιος poet. ἥελιος, ὁ, (ἔλη *Lat. sol*) *the sun*; πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' Ἡελίον τε toward the morn and rising sun, i. e. the East, opp. to πρὸς ὄζον, the land of darkness or West; so also Herodotus opposes πρὸς ἠῶ τε καὶ ἡλίου ἀνατολὰς to πρὸς ἑσπέρην.

2. *day, like Lat. sol*. 3. οἱ ἥλιοι *the sun-beams*, like *Lat. soles*.

II. as prop. n. *Helios, the sun-god*, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ἡλιο-στερής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, στερέω) *shading from the sun*.

ἡλιο-στιβής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, στιβέω) *sun-trodden, exposed to the sun*.

ἡλιώω, f. ὦσα, (ἥλιος) to *warm in the sun*:—*Pass. to bask in the sun, be lighted and heated by the sun*.

ἡλίσα, ἡλισθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλιζώ.

ἡλίσα, ἡλκα, aor. I and pf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἡλίτον, aor. 2 of ἀλιταίνω.

ἡλίτο-εργός, ὄν, (ἀλιταίνω, ἔργον) *missing the work, failing in one's end or aim*.

ἡλίτο-μνος, ον, (ἀλιταίνω, μήν) *missing the right month, untimely born*.

ἡλίφην [Ἦ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀλείφω.

*ΗΛΙΨ, ἴπος, ὁ, said to be a *Dorian sboc*.

ἡλίωσα, aor. I both of ἀλιώω and of ἡλιώω.

ἡλιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, *idos, poet. ἡελ-, (ἥλιος) of or belonging to the sun*.

ἡλικσα, aor. I of ἐλέκω.

ἡλικωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐλέκω.

ἡλιλάγην, -χθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαφα, aor. I of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλιώωσα, ἡλλιώωμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀλλοίωω.

ἡλόσησ, Ep. ἡλοίησ, aor. I of ἀλόωω.

ἡλόκιμα, pf. pass. of ἀλοκίωω.

*ΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, a *nail, stud*: more for ornament than use.

ἡλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλη) *wandering, crazy, silly*.

ἡλπето, 3 sing. impf. of ἐλπομαι.

ἡλπῖσα, ἡλπῖσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλπίζω.

ἡλσάμην, aor. I med. of εἶλω.

ἡλύγη [Ἦ], ἡ, (ἡλυξ) *shadow, darkness*: metaph., *δίκης ἡλύγη the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit*.

ἡλύθον, Ep. for ἦλθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, *darkness*, only found in compd. ἐπήλυξ.

(Formed from ἡλύγη, with a prefix.)

ἡλυξα, aor. I of ἀλύσσω.

*Ἠλύσιον πεδῖον, τό, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) *the Elysian fields*: later without πεδῖον, *Elysium*. Homer places it on the west border of the earth; Hesiod and Pindar in the μακάρων νῆσοι.

ἡλύσιος, α, ον, *coming*: or *Elysian*. [Ἦ] From

ἡλυσίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) a coming: a step. 2. a coming event, the future.

ἡλφον, aor. 2 of ἀλφάω.

ἡλωκα, Ion. for ἐάλωκα, pf. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡλων, Ion. for ἐάλων, aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡλώμην, impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἡμα, τό, (ἡμι) ἡται which is thrown, a dart, javelin.

ἡμαθῆεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀμαθος) Ion. for ἄμ-, sandy.

ἡμαι, ἡσαι, ἡται, 3 pl. ἡται Ion. ἔαται Ep. εἶαται;

imperat. ἡσο, ἡσθα, etc.; inf. ἡσθαι; part. ἡμενος;

impf. ἡμην, ἡσο, ἡστο, 3 pl. ἡντο Ion. ἔατο Ep. εἶατο:

—only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf. and plqpf. of ἔξομαι), to be set, to sit: often with col-

lat. sense to tarry, linger, loiter: ἡμενος χῶρος, like

εἰαμένη, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc.,

ἡσθαι σέλωμα to sit on a bench.

ἡμαρ Dor. ἄμαρ, ἄτος, τό, poet. for ἡμέρα, day;

αἰσιμον ἡμαρ, μόριμον ἡμαρ the day of destiny, day

of death; ἐλεύθερον, δούλιον ἡμαρ the day of freedom,

of slavery, i. e. freedom, slavery itself; of the seasons,

ὕπωρινόν, χειμέριον ἡμαρ autumn, winter time; ἐπ'

ἡματι day by day, daily, but ἐπ' ἡμαρ by day; κατ'

ἡμαρ, day by day; παρ' ἡμαρ every other day, Lat. alter-

nis diebus: also, ἡμαρ as Adv., by day, opp. to νύκτωρ.

ἡμάρτηκα, ἡμάρτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἁμαρτάνω.

ἡμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἁμαρτάνω.

ἡμάτιος, α, ον, (ἡμαρ) poet. for ἡμερήσιος, by day:

day by day, daily.

ἡμάτωμαι, pf. pass. of αἰματώω.

ἡμβλωκα, ἡμβλωσα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἁμβλίσκω.

ἡμβροτον, inf. ἁμβροτεῖν, Ep. aor. 2 of ἁμαρτάνω.

ἡμεδαπός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡμεῖς) of our land or country,

naīve, Lat. nostras.

ἡμεῖς, ἡμῶς, nom. and acc. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμελγον, impf. of ἀμέλω.

ἡμελημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀμελέω, in a neg-

lectful manner.

ἡμελλον, Att. impf. of μέλλω.

ἡμέν., ἡδέ., ἡδέ., (ἡ, μέν) poet. for καί . . . , καί . . . ,

as well . . . , as also . . . , Lat. et . . . , et . . . : also disjunctive,

if . . . , or if . . . , whether . . . , whether . . . , Lat. vel . . . ,

vel . . . , or sive . . . , sive . . .

ἡμεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἨΜΕΡΑ Ion. ἡμέρη Dor. ἁμέρα, ἡ, day: the

light of day; ἄμ' ἡμέρα or ἁμα τῇ ἡμέρα with dawn

of day, with day-break; δι' ἡμέρας all day long; διὰ

τρίτης ἡμέρας every third day, Lat. tertio quoque die;

εἶφ' ἡμέραν sufficient for the day, or daily; καθ' ἡμέραν

day by day; μεθ' ἡμέραν by day, Lat. interdiu; ὄψε

τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day; πρὸς ἡμέραν towards or

near day. II. metaph. life: παλαιὰ ἡμέρα old

age; νέα ἡμέρα youth. Hence

ἡμερεύω, f. σω, to pass the day; ἡμερεύειν μακρὰς

κελεύειν to rest the day after a long journey. 2.

to pass one's days, live.

ἡμερήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἡμέρα) of or for the day,

by day. II. a day long; ἡμερησία ἰδὺς a day's journey.

ἡμερία, ἡ, = ἡμέρα.

ἡμερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμερήσιος, by day, opp. to νυκτερινός by night; ἀγγελος ἡμερινός a day-messenger.

II. = ἐφήμερος, for the day, perishable.

ἡμέριος, ον, also α, ον, (ἡμέρα) of a day, lasting or

living but a day.

ἡμερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἡμερος, cultivated, opp. to

ἀγριος, wild:—as Subst. the vine.

ἡμερο-δρόμος, ον, (ἡμέρα, δραμεῖν) running the live-

long day:—as Subst. a day-runner, a courier.

ἡμερο-θάλής, ἐς, Dor. for sq.

ἡμερο-θηλής, ἐς, (ἡμερος, θάλλω) gently-sprouting.

ἡμερο-κοιτος, ον, (ἡμέρα, κοίτη) sleeping by day, i. e.

awake by night, epith. of a thief.

ἡμερο-λεγδόν, Adv. (ἡμέρα, λέγω) counting every day,

day by day, every day.

ἡμερο-λογέω, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) to count by days, register.

ἡμερο-λόγιον, τό, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) a calendar, alman-

nack.

ἨΜΕΡΟΣ, ον, also α, ον, tame, reclaimed, domestic,

of animals; of trees, cultivated:—opp. to ἀγριος, wild.

II. metaph. of men, gentle, civilised.

ἡμερο-σκόπος, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, σκοπέω) watching by day:

as Subst. a day-watcher.

ἡμερο-φάντος, ον, (ἡμέρα, φαίνομαι) appearing by

day.

ἡμερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, φύλαξ) watching by day.

ἡμερό-φωνος, ον, (ἡμέρα, φωνέω) epith. of the cock,

herald of day.

ἡμερόω, f. ὦσω, (ἡμερος) to tame, make tame, re-

claim: of trees, to cultivate. 2. metaph. of men,

to soothe, conciliate: also to tame by conquest, subdue.

ἡμες, Dor. inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμετέριος, α, ον, = ἡμεδαπός.

ἡμέτερος, α, ον, (ἡμεῖς) our, Lat. noster; εἰς ἡμέτερον

(sub. δῶμα) to our house.

ἡμέων, Ion. and Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμην, rare Att. form for ἦν, impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμην, impf. of ἡμαι.

ἡμί, the same as φημί, I say, Lat. inquam; παῖ, ἡμί,

παῖ, boy, I say, boy!—impf. 1 and 3 sing., ἦν δ' ἐγώ

said I, ἦ δ' ὅς said be, are freq. in Att. Homer has

only 3 sing. impf. ἦ, be spoke.

ἨΜΙ-, freq. as a prefix, half-, Lat. semi-: the

Adj. is ἡμισυς.

ἡμί-άνδρος, ὁ, (ἡμι-, ἀνήρ) a half-man, eunuch.

ἡμι-άνθρωπος, ὁ, = ἡμιάνδρος.

ἡμι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, βρέχομαι) half-watered.

ἡμι-βρώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἡμί-βρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-,

βιβρώσκω) half-eaten.

ἡμι-γένευσ, ον, (ἡμι-, γένειον) with but half a beard.

ἡμι-γυμνος, ον, (ἡμι-, γυμνός) half-naked.

ἡμι-δάής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, δαίω) half-burnt.

ἡμι-δαρείκον, τό, (ἡμι-, δαρεικός) a half-daric.

ἡμι-δεής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, δέω) wanting half, half-full.

ἡμι-διπλοῦδιον Att. contr. —οἰδιον, τό, (ἡμι-, δι-

πλοῖς) a half-sbawl, or sbawl doubled in half.

ἡμί-δουλος, ον, a half-slave.

ἡμι-εκτεόν, τό, a half-εκτεύς, i. e. a twelfth part of a medimnus.

ἡμι-έλλην, ἦνος, ὁ, ἡ, a half-Greek.

ἡμι-εργής, ἐς, and ἡμι-έργος, ον, (ἡμι-, *έργω) half-made.

ἡμι-εφθός, ον, (ἡμι-, ἔψω) half-boiled, half-cooked.

ἡμι-θάλλης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θαλέω) half-green.

ἡμι-θάνης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θανείν) half-dead.

ἡμι-θεός Dor. ἄμ-, ὁ, half a god, demigod.

ἡμι-θνήσ, ἦτος, ὁ, ἦ, (ἡμι-, θνάειν) half-dead.

ἡμι-θραυστος, ον, (ἡμι-, θραύω) half-broken.

ἡμι-κάκος, ον, a rogue by halves, half a villain.

ἡμι-κλήριον, τό, (ἡμι-, κληίρος) half the inheritance.

ἡμι-κράρα, ἡ, half the bead or face.

ἡμι-λέπτος, ον, (ἡμι-, λέπω) half-peeled, half-bathed.

ἡμι-λευκός, ον, half-white.

ἡμιλλήθην, ἡμιλλῆμαι, aor. I and pf. of ἀμιλλάομαι.

ἡμι-μάνης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μανῆναι) half-mad.

ἡμι-μάραντος, ον, (ἡμι-, μαραίνομαι) half-withered or faded. [ᾗ]

ἡμι-μεθής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μέθη) half-drunk.

ἡμι-μναίος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, μνάω) of, amounting to a half-mina: ἡμιμναῖον, τό, as Subst. a half-mina.

ἡμιν or ἡμῖν, dat. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμι-ξηρός, ον, half-dry.

ἡμιολία (ναῦς), ἡ, a light ship with one and a half bank of oars. Fem. from

ἡμι-όλιος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, ὄλιος) one and a half, half as much again; ἡμιόλιαι τοῦ τότε καθεστῶτος μέτρου half as large again as the customary size; ἡμιόλιον οὐ πρότερον ἔφερον one half more than they used to receive before.

ἡμιόνειος, α, ον, (ἡμίονος) of a mule; ἄμαξα ἡμιονεῖα a car drawn by mules; ζυγὸν ἡμιόνειον a team of mules.

ἡμιονικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμιόνειος.

ἡμι-ονος, ἡ or ὄ, (ἡμι-, ὄνος) a half-ass, a mule. II.

as Adj., βρέφος ἡμίονον a mule-foal.

ἡμι-οπος, ον, (ἡμι-, ὀπή) with half its proper number of bores; ἡμίποιο αὐλοῖ flutes with only three bores.

ἡμι-οπτος, ον, half-roasted.

ἡμι-πέλεκον, τό, (ἡμι-, πέλεκυς) a half-axe, a single edged axe, opp. to ἀμφιπέλεκκον.

ἡμι-πλεθρον, τό, a half-πλήθρον, i. e. 50 feet.

ἡμι-πλίνθιον, τό, (ἡμι-πλίνθος) a half-plinth, a brick, Lat. semilaterium.

ἡμι-πνοός, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (ἡμι-, πνέω) half-breathing, half-choked.

ἡμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-, πυρώω) half-burnt. [ῥ]

ἡμίσειες, nom. pl. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμίσεια, ἡ, a half, fem. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμι-σοφος, ον, half-wise.

ἡμι-σπαστος, ον, (ἡμι-, σπάω) half torn down.

ἡμι-στάδιαιος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, στάδιον) of half a stadium.

ἡμι-στράτιώτης, ον, ὁ, a half-soldier.

ἡμι-στρογγύλος, ον, half-round.

ἩΜΙΣΤΥΣ, εια, υ; Ion. fem. ἡμισυα: gen. ἡμίσειος rarely -εως, fem. ἡμισείας Ion. -εας: nom. pl. ἡμίσειες Att. -εις:—half, Lat. SEMIS: in plur. it sometimes agrees with the Subst., as ἡμίσειες λαοὶ half the people; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., but gives its gender and number to the Adj., as αἱ ἡμίσειαι τῶν νεῶν half the ships; αο also, ἡμισυς λόγος half the tale; ἡμισυς τείχος half the wall; neut. sing. ἡμισυς as Subst. a half, half, ἡμισυς τιμῆς.

ἡμι-τάλαντον, τό, a half-talent, as a weight; τρίτον ἡμιτάλαντον two talents and a half (cf. Lat. sestertius); but, τρία ἡμιτάλαντα three half-talents.

ἡμιτέλεια, ἡ, (ἡμιτελής) a remission of half.

ἡμι-τέλεστος, ον, (ἡμι-, τελέω) half-finished.

ἡμι-τελής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, τέλος) half-finished, half-accomplished, half-perfect; δόμος ἡμιτελής a house but half complete, i. e. wanting its master.

ἡμι-τομος, ον, (ἡμι-, τεμείν) half cut through: cut in two: τὸ ἡμίτομον a half.

ἡμιτύβιον, τό, a strong linen cloth, towel, napkin. (Prob. an Egypt. word.)

ἡμι-φάης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, φάω) half-skinning.

ἡμι-φάλακρος, ον, half-bald.

ἡμι-φαυλος, ον, half-knavish.

ἡμι-φλεκτός, ον, (ἡμι-, φλέγω) half-burnt.

ἡμι-φλοκισαῖος, α, ον, worth half an obol. From

ἡμι-ωβόλιον or -ωβέλιον, τό, a half-obol. From

ἡμι-ώβολον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὄβελος) a half-obol.

ἡμι-ώριον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὥρα) a half-hour.

ἡμιαί, pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡμος Dor. ἄμος, ποῖτ. Adv., relat. to τῆμος as ὅτε to τότε: when, while, so long as.

ἡμπεσχόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἀπέχω.

ἡμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. ἄμός, for ἡμέτερος.

ἡμουν, impf. of ἐμείω.

ἡμπέδουν, impf. of ἐμπεδέω.

ἡμπόληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμπόλων, impf. of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμπλακον, aor. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἡμῦνα, aor. I of ἀμύνω.

ἡμύσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἡμῦω.

ἡμύσεικα, pf. of ἀμυστίγω.

ἡμῦω, f. ὕω [ῥ]: aor. I ἡμῦσα: (μῦω):—to sink, droop, bow down; ἡμῦσε κῆρῃ his head dropped, of a dying man; of a corn-field, ἡμῦει ἀσταχύεσσι it bows down with its ears; of cities, to totter to their fall: later to fall, perish.

ἡμφεγνόησα, ἡμφεγνόουν, aor. I and impf. of ἀμφεγνώω.

ἡμφεσβήτην or ἡμφισ-, impf. of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφεσβήτησα or ἡμφισ-, aor. I of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφισεα, αο. I of ἀμφιέννυμι.

ἡμφιέσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀμφιέννυμι.

ἡμῶν, contr. impf. of ἀμῶω.

ἡμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἦμι) a thrower, darter, slinger.

ἦν, contr. from ἐάν, conditional Conj., always followed by Subj. if, in case that; ἦν μή unless: in indirect questions, if, whether.

ἦν, Interject. *see! see there!* Lat. *en!*
 ἦν, I and 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι *sum*.
 ἦν, impf. of ἦμι = φημί.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, *who*.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, *his, bis*.
 ἡναίετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἡνάλωσα, ἡνάλωκα, later forms for ἀναλ-, aor. I and pf. of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἡνάρον, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.
 ἡνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.
 ἡνδραπόδισα, -ίσθην, -ισμαι, v. ἀνδραποδίζω.
 ἡναντιώθην, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναντιώω.
 ἡναρίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναρίζω.
 ἡνεγκα, aor. I of φέρω.
 ἡνεγκον, aor. 2 of φέρω.
 ἡνέθην, aor. I pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἡνεκα, Ion. aor. I of φέρω.
 ἡνεχόμεν, impf. med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἡνεκα, Att. pf. of αἰνέω.
 ἡνεκῆς, ἐς, (*ἐνέκω, v. φέρω) *continuous, long*.
 ἡνεμέους, ἐσσα, ἐν, (ἀνεμος) *windy, airy, high, elevated*. II. *light as air, subtle; φρόνημα ἡνεμέων airy, winged thought*.
 ἡνεον, ἡνεσα, Att. impf. and aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἡνεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἡνετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄνω.
 ἡνέχθην, aor. I pass. of φέρω.
 ἡνέφαγα, A. t. pf. of ἀνοίγωμι.
 ἡνημαι, pf. pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἡνηνάμην, aor. I of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἡνησα, aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἡνθισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀνθίζω.
 ἡνθομες, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.
 ἡνθον, Dor. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.
 ἡνθράκωμαι, pf. of ἀνθρακίζω.
 ἡνί, Interject., = ἦν, cf. ἡνίδε.
 ἡνία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνιάω.
 ἡνία, *ion, τά, the reins*: Homer uses this neut. form only, and always in plur.: cf. ἡνία, ἦ.
 ἡνιά, ἦ, a *bridle, a rein*: metaph., χαλάσαι τὰς ἡνίας τοῖς λόγοις to give a free rein to one's words, Lat. *immittere habenas*. II. *any leathern thong, a shoe-string*.
 ἡνιγμαί, pf. pass. of ἀνίσσομαι.
 ἡν-ιδε, Interject., (ἦν, ἴδε) *see! see there!*
 ἡνικά, Adv., relat. to τῆνικα or τοτῆνικα, *when, at which time, at the time when*; c. optat. *whenever*.
 ἡνιξάμην, aor. I of ἀνίσσομαι.
 ἡνιοποιεῖον, τό, a *saddler's shop*. From ἡνιο-ποιός, ὁ, (ἡνία, ποιέω) a *bridle-maker, saddler*.
 ἡνιοστροφέω, ἔ. ἦσω, to *guide by reins, to drive*. From
 ἡνιο-στροφός, ον, (ἡνία, στρέφω) *guiding by reins*: —as Subst. a *charioteer*.
 ἡνι-οχεύς, ἔως Ion. ἦος, poet. for ἡνίοχος.
 ἡνι-οχεύω and -έω, to be *charioteer, hold the reins, drive*. II. to *bridle, govern, control*. From ἡνι-οχος, ὁ, (ἡνία, ἔχω) *holding the reins, a driver,*

charioteer, who drove while the warrior (παραβάτης) fought. 2. metaph. *one who guides or controls*.
 ἡνιπάπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνίπω.
 ἡνίς, ἰος, ἦ, nom. pl. ἡνίς, (ένος) *a year old, yearling*. [acc. ἡνίν.]
 ἡνίχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνίσσομαι.
 ἡνον, impf. of ἄνω.
 ἡνορέα Ep. and Ion. -έη, ἦ, (ἀνῆρ) *manhood*.
 ἡνοψ, οπος, ὁ, ἦ, in Hom. always in phrase, ἡνοπι χαλακῶ with *glittering, flashing brass*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἡντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.
 ἡντεον, Ion. impf. of ἀντάω.
 ἡντίαζον, ἡντιάσα, impf. and aor. I of ἀντιάω.
 ἡντληκῶς, pf. part. of ἀντλέω.
 ἡντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἡμαι.
 ἡνύκα, ἡνυσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνύω, ἀνύτω.
 ἡνυστρον, τό, (ἀνύω) *the fourth stomach of ruminating animals, in which the digestion was completed*.
 ἡνύτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνυμι.
 ἡνώγεα, Ion. plqpf. of ἄνωγα.
 ἡνώγειν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ἄνωγα.
 ἡνώρθουν, impf. of ἀνορθόω.
 ἡνώχληκα, ἡνώχλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἡνώχλουν, -ούμην, impf. act. and pass. of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἡῶα, aor. I both of ἄγω to *lead, and ἀγγνμι to break*.
 ἡῶα, aor. I of ἄσσω (contr. from ἄσσω).
 ἡῶεις, ἡῶ, Dor. for ἡῶεις, ἡῶ, fut. of ἡκα.
 ἡῶμαι, pf. pass. of ἀξίω.
 Ἡοί, dat. of Ἡώς.
 ἡοῖος, α, ον, (Ἡώς) = ἡῶος, ἔφωσ, *in the morning: toward morning, eastern, Lat. orientalis, opp. to ἐσπέριος*. II. as Subst., ἡοίη (sub. ὥρα), ἦ, *the morning; πᾶσαν ἡοίην all the morning*.
 ἡομεν, I pl. impf. of εἶμι *ibo*.
 ἡόνιος, α, ον, (ἡίων) contr. from ἡτόνιος, *on the shore*.
 ἡπάομαι, aor. I inf. of ἡπάσασθαι to *mend*.
 ἩΠΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, *the liver, Lat. jecur*: represented as the seat of the passions, esp. anger and love.
 ἡπάτηκα, ἡπάτησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀπατάω.
 ἡπάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἡπαρ.
 ἡπάφει, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀπάφισκω.
 ἡπέδανός, ἦ, ὄν, *weak, infirm: maimed, halting*: c. gen. *void of*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἡπέλλησα, aor. I of ἀπειλέω.
 ἡπειρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἡπειρος, *γενέω) *living on the mainland*.
 ἡπειρόνδε, Adv. (ἡπειρος) *to the mainland*.
 ἡ-πειρος, for ἄπειρος (sc. ἡῖ). ἦ, *the mainland, continent, of the land, as opp. to the sea; κατ' ἡπειρον by land*; hence even an island is called ἡπειρος. II. *the mainland of Greece, as opp. to its islands*: part of which was afterwards called Ἡπειρος as n. pr.: Asia was specially called ἡ ἡπειρος *the Continent*; and αἱ διασαῖ ἡπειροί, *the two continents*, are Europe and Asia. Hence
 ἡπειρώ, ἔ. ὦσω, to *make into mainland*: —Pass. to *become so, when an island is joined to the mainland*.

ἡπειρώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, (ἡπειρος) of the mainland, born or living thereon; ἡπειρώτις ξυμμαχία alliance with a military power, opp. to ναυτική ξυμμαχία. II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Asiatic.

ἡπειρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡπειρώτης) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental.

ἡ-περ ποët. ἡ-περ, Conj. (ἡ, περ) *iban, iban even.* ἡ-περ, Adv., properly dat. of ὅπερ, in the same way as, just as.

ἡ-περοπέυς, gen. ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, = ἡπεροπευτής.

ἡπεροπευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a cheat, deceiver. From

ἡπεροπέω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen.

ἡπητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἡπάομαι) a mender, cobbler.

ἡπίαλλεω, to have a fever or ague. From

ἡπίαλος (sub. πυρετός), ὁ, a fever attended with shivering, ague. II. the nightmare.

ἡπίο-δίντης, ου, (ἡπιος, δινέω) softly-rolling.

ἡπίο-δωρος, ου, (ἡπιος, δῶρον) giving welcome gifts.

ἡπίο-θυμος, ου, (ἡπιος, θυμός) gentle of mood.

ἡΠΙΪΟΣ, α, ου, Att. os, ου, genile, mild, kind. II. act. soothing, assuaging, calming.

ἡπίο-χειρ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡπιος, χεῖρ) with soothing hand.

ἡπίως, Adv. of ἡπιος, gently, mildly.

ἡπλακον, for ἡμπλακον, aor. 2 of ἀπλακίσκω.

ἡ-που, or ἡ που, Adv. or, as, or perhaps, as perhaps.

ἡπου or ἡ που, Adv. of a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less. II. in a question, is it then?

ἡπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἀπτω.

ἡπύτᾱ [ῶ], ὁ, Adj. masc. calling, crying; ἡπύτα κήρυξ the loud-voiced herald: in form like ἡπύτα. From

ἡπύω Dor. ἀπύω [α]: f. ὄσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἡπύσα: (ἔπος, εἰπέω):—to call on, call out or forth, invoke. II. absol. to call aloud, shout, speak; of the lyre, to sound; of the wind, to bowl, roar.

ἡΡ, τό, ποët. for ἔαρ, spring, Lat. VER: gen. and dat. ἡρος, ἡρι are the only cases used in Prose.

ἡρᾱ, 3 sing. impf. of ἐράω.

ἡρᾱ, I sing. aor. I of ἀεράω.

ἡρα (ἡράρον aor. 2 of ἀερίσκω) always joined with φέρειν or its compds., to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness; cp. ἐπιήρα.

ἡΡΑ Ion. ἡΡη, ἡ, Hera, the Roman Juno, queen of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus. Hence

ἡΡαῖος, α, ου, of or belonging to Hera: τὸ ἡΡαῖον, (ἑρῖον) the temple of Hera, Heraeum: τὰ ἡΡαῖα, (ἑρά) her festival.

ἡΡΑΚΛΕΗΣ contr. ἡΡακλῆς, ὁ: gen. ἡΡακλέος contr. ἡΡακλέους Ep. ἡΡακλήος: dat. ἡΡακλέει contr. ἡΡακλεί ἡΡακλεῖ Ep. ἡΡακλήϊ: acc. ἡΡακλέᾱ contr. ἡΡακλεᾱ Ep. ἡΡακλήα rarely ἡΡακλή later also ἡΡακλήν: voc. ἡΡάκλεες, ἡΡάκλεις: in Ion. also declined ἡΡακλέος-κλεῦς, ἡΡακλεῖ, ἡΡακλεᾱ:—Hercules, Lat. Hercules, son of Zeus and Alcmena, the most famous of the Greek heroes: the

vocat. ἡΡάκλεις is commonly an exclamation of surprise or disgust. Hence

ἡΡάκλειος, α, ου, also os, ου, Ep. ἡΡακλήϊος, ἡ, ου:—of or belonging to Hercules; βῆ ἡΡακληεῖ the might of Hercules, i. e. Hercules himself; ἡΡάκλειαι στήλαι the pillars of Hercules, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta:—τὸ ἡΡάκλειον Ion. —ἦιον, the temple of Hercules; τὰ ἡΡάκλεια bis festival. II. ἡΡάκλεια λουτρά hot baths.

ἡΡακλῆς, contr. from ἡΡακλήης.

ἡράμη, aor. I med. of αἶρω:—also impf. of ἐράμαι.

ἡράρον, es, ε, aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡράσστην, aor. I med. of ἐράομαι.

ἡράσθη, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of ἐράομαι.

ἡράσαστο, Ep. for ἡράαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐράομαι.

ἡράτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of αἶρω.

ἡράτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.

ἡρέθη, aor. I pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡρέθον, impf. of ἐρέω.

ἡρε, 3 sing. impf. of αἰρέω.

ἡρεσα, aor. I of ἐρέιδω.

ἡρέμᾱ and ἡρέμᾱς, Adv. gently, quietly, calmly, softly: a little, slightly: slowly. The old Adj. ἡρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. ἡρεμέτερος; ἡρεμαῖος being used instead.

ἡρεμαῖος, α, ου, (ἡρέμα) soft, gentle, quiet. Adv. —ως.

ἡρεμέτερος, α, ου, irreg. Comp. of ἡρεμαῖος, see ἡρέμα: Adv. ἡρεμestέρος.

ἡρέμει, f. ἡσω, (ἡρέμα) to be still, keep quiet.

ἡρέμ [ῖ], Adv. for ἡρέμα, gently.

ἡρέμια, ἡ, (ἡρέμα) stillness, calmness, rest.

ἡρέμίζω, f. ἡσω, (ἡρέμα) to calm, quiet:—Pass. to be still, at rest. II. intr. to be at rest.

ἡρεσα, aor. I of ἀρέσκω.

ἡρέτιστα, aor. I of αἰρετίζω.

ἡρην, Ion. for ἡρουν, impf. of αἰρέω.

ἡΡη, Ion. for ἡΡα.

ἡρημα, pf. pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡρημωσα, aor. I of ἐρημώω.

ἡρῆρει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡρῆρεστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρέιδω.

ἡρῆθη, aor. I pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρι, (ἦρ) Adv. early, at early morn; ἄμα ἡρι τοῦ θεόρου early in the summer.

ἡριδάνος, ὁ, Eridanus, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the Po; others also for the Rbone or the Rbine.

ἡρίθμεον, impf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡρίθμημα, pf. pass. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡρίκει, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρέικω.

ἡρίνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἦρ) = ἑαρινός, of or in the spring: neut. ἡρινόν and ἡρινά as Adv., in spring.

ἡΡΙΪΟΝ, τό, a mound, barrow, tomb.

ἡρίπτον, aor. 2 of ἐρέπω.

ἡρι-πόλη, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἡρι, πολέω) early-stirring: as Subst. the morn, dawn.

ἡρίτσα, aor. I of ἐρίζω.

ἡρκα, ἡρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρμῆνος, pf. part. pass. of ἑρμῆσκα.
 ἡρνεῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἄρνεομαι.
 ἡρνησάμην, aor. I of ἄρνεομαι.
 ἡρόθην, aor. I pass. of ἄρῶ.
 ἡρόμαι, impf. med. of αἶρω.
 ἡρπαξα or ἡρπασα, aor. I of ἀρπάξω.
 ἡρρησα, aor. I of ἔρρω.
 ἡρσα, aor. I of ἀρρῆσκα. II. also of ἄρδω.
 ἡρτήμενος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρτῶ.
 ἡρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀρτύνω.
 ἡρῦγον, intrans. aor. 2 act. of ἐρεύγομαι.
 ἡρῦκάκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω.
 ἡρχόμην, impf. of ἐρχομαι; also impf. med. of ἄρχω.
 ἡρῶ, 2 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.
 ἡρῶ, poet. for ἦραι, dat. of ἦρας; ἦρω, acc.
 ἡρῶειον, τό, = ἡρῶν.
 ἡρώησα, aor. I of ἐρῶέω.
 ἡρωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἦρας) of or for heroes, heroic: ἡρωϊκὸν μέτρον, the heroic verse, hexameter.
 ἡρωϊνή [ῆ], contr. ἡρῶνή, fem. of ἦρας, a heroïne.
 ἡρωϊός, α, ον, = ἡρωϊκός.
 ἡρωϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἡρωϊνή, a heroïne.
 ἡρώμην, impf. of ἀράομαι.
 ἡρῶν, τό, the temple or shrine of a hero: neut. from ἡρῶος, α, ον, contr. of ἡρωϊός, of or for heroes, heroic: ὁ ἡρῶος (sub. ῥυθμός), the heroic measure, hexameter. From
 ἦρας, ὄ: gen. ἦραος Att. ἦρω: dat. ἦρωι contr. ἦρω: acc. ἦρασα contr. ἦρω: pl. nom. and acc. ἦρωες, rarely contr. ἦρας:—a hero: in Homer not restricted to warriors, but applied to all free men of that age, as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc. II. Hesiod makes the Heroes the Fourth Age of men, who fell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the present race. III. Pindar represents them as a race between gods and men, demigods, ἡμίθεοι, whether those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or Aeneas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great service to mankind. IV. the heroes were in later times inferior local deities, patrons of tribes, cities, etc.; as at Athens, the ἦρωες ἐπάνωμοι were the heroes after whom the ten φυλαὶ were named. The founders of a city were worshipped under this name.
 ἦς, Dor. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.
 ἦσα, Att. aor. I of εἶδω.
 ἦσα, aor. I of ἦδω.
 ἦσαι, 2 sing. of ἦμαι.
 ἦσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι sum.
 ἦσαν, Att. for ἦδεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of οἶδα. II. for ἦσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ido.
 ἦσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of ἦδομαι.
 ἦσειν, fut. inf. of ἦμι.
 ἦσθα, Aeol. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.
 ἦσθαι, inf. of ἦμαι.
 ἦσθένουν, impf. of ἀσθενέω.
 ἦσθην, aor. I pass. of ἦδομαι.
 ἦσθην, Att. aor. I pass. of αἰδέω.
 ἦσθιον, impf. of ἔσθιω.

ἦσθόμην, aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι.
 ἦσθον, impf. of ἔσθω.
 ἦσι-επίης, ἐς, (ἦμι, ἐπιος) a babbler.
 ἦσκειν, contr. for ἦσκειεν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀσκέω.
 ἦσμαι, Att. pf. pass. of αἰδέω.
 ἦσμεν, Att. for ἦδμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of οἶδα.
 ἦσο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἦμαι.
 ἦσσα Att. ἦττα, γς, ἦ, a defeat, discomfiture: c. gen. defeat by, yielding to. From
 ἦσσομαι Att. ἦτσομαι: fut. both med. and pass. ἦττήσομαι, ἦσσηθήσομαι: aor. I ἦσσηθην: pf. ἦττημαι:—Ion. ἔσσομαι, see the word: Pass.: (ἦσσαν):—to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten, worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's cause. Hence
 ἦσσητός, α, ον, and, in neut. plur. ἦσσητέα, verb. Adj.: one must be beaten, submit.
 ἦσσον, Att. impf. of ἀίσσω.
 ἦσσαν, ἦσσον, gen. ὀσας: Att. ἦττων: Ion. ἔσσαν:—less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than (Used as irreg. Comp. of Positive κακός: probably formed from ἦκα, ἦκιστος being the Sup.)
 ἦσται, 3 sing. of ἦμαι.
 ἦστε, Att. for ἦδέτε, 2 pl. plqpf. of *εἶδω.
 ἦστην, for ἦτην, 3 dual impf. of εἶμι sum.
 ἦστην, Att. for ἦδέτην, 2 and 3 dual plqpf. of *εἶδω.
 ἦστο, 3 sing. impf. of ἦμαι.
 ἦστον, for ἦτον, 2 dual impf. of εἶμι sum.
 ἦστωσα, aor. I of ἀίστω.
 ἦσυχᾶ, neut. pl. of ἦσυχος, used like ἡσυχῆ.
 ἦσυχᾶς, f. σα, (ἦσυχος) to be still, quiet, at rest; τό ἡσυχᾶσον τῆς νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead of night.
 ἦσυχᾶος, α, ον, poet. for ἦσυχος, still, quiet, at rest.
 ἦσυχάιτερος, α, ον, irr. Comp. of ἦσυχος, ἡσυχᾶϊος.
 ἦσυχῆ Dor. ἀσυχᾶ, Adv. of ἦσυχος, quietly, gently.
 ἦσυχία Dor. ἀσυχ-, ἦ, (ἦσυχος) stillness, quiet, peace; ἡσυχίαν ἄγειν or ἔχειν to keep quiet, be at peace or at rest. 2. rest, leisure, Lat. otium.
 ἦσυχίμος Dor. ἀσυχ-, ον, poet. for ἦσυχος.
 ἦσυχίος, ον, rarely α, ον, poet. for ἦσυχος.
 *ἩΣΥΧΟΣ Dor. ἡσυχος, ον, still, quiet, at rest: ἔχ' ἦσυχος keep quiet. 2. quiet, gentle. II. Comp. and Sup. were irreg. ἡσυχάιτερος, -αίτατος; but also -ώτερος. III. Adv. -χως, also ἡσυχῆ, and neut. pl. ἦσυχᾶ as Adv. [ῆ]
 ἦσυχυκα, pf. of αἰσχύνω.
 ἦσχυμαι, pf. pass. of αἰσχύνω.
 ἦσχύνα, aor. I of αἰσχύνω.
 ἦσο, fut. of ἦμι.
 ἦ-τε or ἦ τε, Conj. or also.
 ἦ-τε or ἦ τε, Adv. surely, doubtless.
 ἦτε, for ἦετε, 2 pl. impf. of εἶμι ido.
 ἦτηκα, ἦτῃσα, pf. and aor. I of αἰτέω.
 ἦτην, 3 dual impf. of εἶμι sum.
 ἦτιάσθε, ἦτιῶντο, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. impf. of αἰτιάομαι.

ἤπιασάμην, ἤπιαμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of αἰτιάομαι.

ἤ-τοι, Conjunct.: II. = ἦ τοι, full, surely, verily. III. = ἦ τοι, either in truth, followed by ἦ . . ., either . . ., or . . .

ἤτοιμασαι, pf. pass. of ἐτοιμάζω, in med. sense.

ἤτορ, τό, only used in nom. or acc.:—the beard.

ἤτριον Dor. ἄτριον, τό, the warp in a web of cloth (the wool being κρόκη): in pl. ἤτρια, a thin, fine cloth: hence, ἤτρια βύβλων leaves made of strips of papyrus joined crosswise.

ἤτρον, τό, (ἤτορ) the belly, Lat. abdomen.

ἤττα, ἤττάομαι, ἤττω, etc., Att. for ἤσσω.

ἤτω, for ἔστω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμί sum.

ἤυ, neut. from ἤυς. In compds. with εὐ- or εὐ-, this is often lengthd. Ep. into ἤυ-; v. sub εὐ-.

ἤυδσα, ἤυδηκα, aor. I and impf. of αὐδάω.

ἤυδοκιμουν, impf. of εὐδοκιμέω.

ἤυδων, Att. impf. of αὐδάω.

ἤυξανον, impf. of αὐξάνω.

ἤυλησα, aor. I of αὐλέω.

ἤυλισθην, aor. I pass. of αὐλιζώ.

ἤυξάμην, aor. I of εὐχομαι.

ἤυξήθην, ἤυξημαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αὐξάνω.

ἤυξηκα, ἤυξησα, pf. and aor. I of αὐξάνω.

ἤυρον, ἤυρέθην, aor. 2 act. and aor. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.

ἤυς, neut. ἤυς, Ep. for εὖς, good, brave.

ἤυσα, aor. I of αἶνω. [ῥ]

ἤυτε, Ep. Conjunct. as, like as. II. for ἦ, than; only once in Homer, νέφος μελάντερον ἤυτε πύσσα, blacker than pitch. [ῥ]

ἤυτρέπυσμαι, pf. pass. of εὐτρεπίζω.

ἤυξάμην, impf. of εὐχομαι.

ἤφαιστειος, α, ον, (ἤφαιστος) of or for Vulcan, Lat. Vulcanius: τὸ ἤφαιστειόν or ἤφαιστειον (sub. ἱερὸν) the temple of Vulcan: τὰ ἤφαιστεια (sub. ἱερὰ), bis festival, Lat. Vulcanalia.

ἤφαιστό-πονός, ον, (ἤφαιστος, πονέω) wrought by Vulcan.

ἤφαιστος, ον, ὁ, Hephaistos, the Lat. Vulcanus, son of Zeus and Hera, lame from his birth, god of fire, master of the arts which need the aid of fire, esp. of working in metal.

ἤφαιστό-τευκτός, ον, and ἤφαιστο-τευχής, ἔς, (ἤφαιστος, τεύχω) wrought by Vulcan.

ἤφθα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἀπτα.

ἤφι, Ep. for ἦ.

ἤφιε, for ἀφίει, 3 sing. impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίω).

ἤφιουν, impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίω).

ἤφύσα, aor. I of ἀφύσσω.

ἤφυσάμην, impf. med. of ἀφύσσω.

ἤχα, pf. of ἄγω.

ἤχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἤχέω.

ἤχέτης, ον, ὁ, Ep. ἤχέτᾶ, (ἤχέω) clear-sounding, chirping, epith. of the grasshopper:—as Subst. the chirper, i. e. the grasshopper, Lat. cicāda.

ἤχέω Dor. ἀχέω [ᾗ]: f. ἤσω:—to sound, ring, peal;

c. acc. cognato, ἀχέων ὕμνον, κωκυτόν to utter, send forth a hymn or wail. From

'HXH' Dor. ἄχα, ἦ, a sound: the tumultuous noise of a crowd, the roar of the sea, etc.; in Trag. usu. like λαχῆ, a cry of sorrow, wail.

ἤχῆεις, εσσα, εν, (ἤχῆ) sounding, roaring, echoing.

ἤχημα, ατος, τό, (ἤχέω) a sound.

ἤχητής, οὔ, ὁ, and ἤχητικός, ἦ, ὄν, = ἤχέτης.

ἤχι, Ep. for ἦ, Adv. where.

ἤχθετο, 3 sing. impf. both of ἀχθομαι and ἔχθομαι.

ἤχθημαι, pf. pass. of ἔχθομαι.

ἤχθην, aor. I pass. of ἄγω.

ἤχθηρα, aor. I of ἐχθαίρω.

ἤχμασσα, aor. I of αἰχμάζω.

ἤχος, ὁ, = ἤχῆ.

ἤχώ Dor. ἀχώ, ἦ, gen. -ός contr. -ός, = ἤχῆ, a reverberated sound, an echo. II. as prop. n. Ἤχώ,

Echo, personified as an Oread.

ἤψατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἄπτομαι.

ἤψησα, ἤψηθήην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔψω.

ἤωθεν Dor. ᾠθεν Att. ἔωθεν, Adv. (ἠώς) from morn, from peep of day, at dawn.

ἠώθη, old Ep. gen. of ἠώς, ἠώθη πρό before dawn.

ἠών, ὄνος, ὁ, Att. contr. for ἠϊών.

ἠώς, α, ον, at morn, at break of day. II. east-ern. From

ἠῶς, ἦ, gen. ἠῶος contr. ἠῶος: dat. ἠῶι contr. ἠῶι: acc. ἠῶα contr. ἠῶ:—Att. ἔως, gen. ἔω, acc. ἔω or ἔων:—Dor. ᾠός:—Aeol. ἔως:—the day-break, dawn, morning, opp. to μέσσην ἡμῶν mid-day, and δειλῆ evening; acc., ἠῶ the whole morning long; ἀμ' ἠῶι at day-break. 2. the East, opp. to ζῶφος. 3. as the Greeks counted by mornings, ἠῶς came to mean a day: also the light of day. II. as prop. n. Ἤως, Eos, Aurora, the goddess of morn.

Θ

Θ, θ, θῆτα, τό, indecl., eighth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral θ' = ἑννέα, ἕνατος, but θ = 9000. In Doric, θ was often changed into σ, as Lacon. σεῖος Ἀσάνα σάω, for θεῖος Ἀθάνα θάω: so also in Ion., βυσσός for βυθός. Θ was also changed, Aeol. and Dor., into φ, as φῆρ φλάω φλίβω for θῆρ θλάω θλίβω. Lastly, θ sometimes stood for the rough breathing, as θαμά for ἄμα, θάλασσα for ἄλσ.—On the ballots of the judges at Athens, Θ stood for θάνατος. θάασσω, Ep. for θάσσω, to sit, only in pres. and Ep. impf. θάασσον.

θαέιτο, 3 sing. impf. of Dor. θαέομαι.

θαέο, imperat. of θαέομαι.

θαέομαι, Dor. for Att. θεάομαι Ion. θηέομαι. Hence θάημα, τό, Dor. for θέαμα, a sight, spectacle.

θαῆγτός, ἦ, ὄν, Dor. for θηγτός, θεατός.

θαιμάτια, crisis for τὰ ἱμάτια.

ΘΑΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, the binge of a door or gate.

θᾶκῶ, f. ἠσω, (θᾶκος) to sit, esp. as a suppliant, to

take a seat: c. acc. cognato, ἔδρας παγκρατεῖς θακεῖν to sit on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, ατος, τό, a sitting as a suppliant: a seat.

θάκησις, εως, ἡ, (θακέω) a sitting, seat.

θακος, ὁ, (θάσσω) a seat: Ion. θῶκος.

θαλάμαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, = θαλαμίτης.

θαλάμημα, ατος, τό, = θάλαμος, a dark chamber or dwelling-place.

θαλάμη, ἡ, (θάλαμος) a lair, den, hole. [ᾶ]

θαλάμησις, η, ον, (θάλαμος) of or for a chamber or dwelling: fit for building one.

θαλάμη-πόλος, ον, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) waiting in the lady's chamber. II. as Subst., θαλαμπόλος, ὁ or ἡ, a bridegroom or bridesmaid.

θαλάμος, α, ον, (θάλαμος) belonging to the chamber. As Subst.: I. θαλάμος, ὁ, = θαλαμίτης. II.

θαλαμία Ion. -ίη (sub. κώπη), the oar of the θαλαμίτης. 2. (sub. ὄπη), the hole in the ship's side through which this oar worked, the port-hole.

θαλαμίτης, ον, ὁ, (θάλαμος) one of the rowers on the lowest bench of a trireme, who had the shortest oars and the least pay: cf. ζυγίτης, θρανίτης. [ῆ]

θαλαμόνδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. to the bed-chamber.

ΘΑΛΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, an inner room or chamber: I. the women's apartment, inner part of the house. 2. a bed-room, bride-chamber. 3. the storeroom. II.

any chamber or abode: a fold, pen for sheep. III. the lowest part or hold of the ship, in which the θαλαμίται sat.

θάλασσα Att. -ττα, ἡ, (ἄλς) the sea: Herodotus calls the Mediterranean ἦδε ἡ θάλασσα, ἡ καθ' ἡμᾶς θάλασσα, ἡ ἔσω θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it nostrum mare), and the Ocean ἡ ἔξω θάλασσα: metaph.,

θάλασσα κακῶν 'a sea of troubles.' 2. a well of salt or brackish water. Hence

θαλασσοῖος, α, ον, = θαλάσσιος.

θαλασσεύω, (θάλασσα) to be at sea, go by sea.

θαλάσσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (θάλασσα) of, in or on the sea, belonging to it, Lat. marinus; θαλάσσια ἔργα sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing: θαλάσσια animals living in the sea, or to χερσαῖα. 2. skilled in the sea, nautical, maritime.

θαλασσο-κοπέω, f. ἦσω, (θάλασσα, κόπεω) to strike the sea with the oar, make a splash: metaph. to make much ado about nothing.

θαλασσο-κράτεις, f. ἦσω, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) to be master of the sea.

θαλασσο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) master of the sea.

θαλασσο-πλάγκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) sea-driven, tempest-tossed.

θαλασσο-πληκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλήσσω) sea-beaten.

θαλασσο-πόρος, ον, (θάλασσα, πύρος) sea-faring.

θαλασσο-ουργός, ὄν, (θάλασσα, *ἔργω) working at sea: as Subst., θαλασσοουργός, ὁ, a fisherman.

θάλαττα, θαλάπτιος, Att. for θάλασσα.

θάλαα, τά, (θαλεῖν) good cheer, comforts, delights.

θαλέω, ποῖτ. for θάλλω, to bloom, flourish.

θάλαα, ἡ, blooming, luxuriant, bounteous, ἐν διατὶ θαλεῖα at the bounteous feast. It is fem. of an absol.

Adj. θάλυς, derived from θαλεῖν. II. as prop. n.

Θάλαα, ἡ, one of the Muses, the blooming one: later esp. the Muse of Comedy.

θαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θάλλω.

θαλερός, ἄ, ὄν, (θαλεῖν) blooming, fresh: vigorous, active. II. luxuriant, copious, large, abundant.

θαλερ-ᾶπις, ιδος, ἡ, (θαλερός, ᾶψ) with bright eyes.

θαῦλω, Dor. for θηλέω.

Θαλῆς, ὁ, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλῆ, acc. Θαλῆν: but also Θαλῆτος, ητι, ητα, and Θαλοῦ: Thales of Miletus, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of Greece.

θαλία, ἡ, (θαλεῖν) bloom: metaph. good cheer, wealth, plenty: in plur. festivities, a feast.

θαλλήσω, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θηλήσω from θηλέω.

θαλλός, ὁ, (θάλλω) a young shoot, twig: ὁ τῆς ἐλαίας θαλλός the olive-branch used at festivals; also, ἰκτῆρ θαλλός the branch carried by suppliants.

θαλλο-φόρος, ον, (θαλλός, φέρω) carrying olive-branches, as the old men did at the Panathenaea.

ΘΑΛΛΩ, fut. θαλῶ: aor. 2 ἐθαῶν: pf. τέθηλα (in pres. sense), part. τεθληλός, Ep. fem. τεθαλυῖα; 3 sing. plqpf. τεθήλοι:—to bloom, flourish, to shoot out, to swell, be rich in a thing: the part. τεθληλός is used absol. as Adj. swelling, rich, abundant. 2. metaph.

to bloom, flourish, prosper: to be at the height.

ΘΑΛΟΣ, εος, τό, like θαλλός, a young shoot or branch, twig, esp. an olive-branch: metaph. a child, scion, Lat. stirps.

θαλπιάω, Ep. part. θαλπιών, (θάλπω) to be or become warm, warm oneself.

θαλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, warming, fostering. From

θάλπος, εος, τό, (θάλπω) warmth, heat, esp. summer-heat; τὰ θάλπη the sun's rays, Lat. soles. 2. metaph. a sting, smart, tingling.

θαλπηήριος, ον, warming. From

ΘΑΛΠΗΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐθαλψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐθαλφηθην: pf. inf. τεθαλφησθαι:—to warm, heat. II. metaph. to beat, inflame. 2. to foster, cherish, warm in one's bosom: in bad sense, to cheat. Hence

θαλπηρή, ἡ, a warming: metaph. a comfort.

θαλπυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (θάλπω) warm, glowing.

θαλύσια (sub. ἐπρά), ἰων, τά, (θαλεῖν) the firstlings of the harvest, offering of first-fruits. [ῦ] Hence

θαλύσιος, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. Adj., of or for the offering of first-fruits.

θαμά, Adv. (ἅμα) together in crowds, close, thick. II. of Time, often, oftentimes, frequent.

θαμάκις, Adv. = θαμά π.

θαμβάω, to be astonished at. From

θαμβέω, f. ἦσω: pf. τεθάμβηκα: (θάμβος):—to be astonished or amazed: c. acc. to marvel at a thing.

θαμβός, εος, τό, astonishment, amazement, Lat. stupor. (From Root ΤΑΦ-, see τέθηγα.)

θαμέες, οί, αἱ, dat. θᾶμισι, acc. θᾶμέας, (θαμά)

poët. pl. Adj. (with no sing. θαμύς), crowded, close, thick.

θαμειός, ἄ, ὄν, (θαμά) crowded, close, thick.

θαμιζώ, f. σω, (θαμά) to come often, Lat. frequentare:—to be often or constantly engaged with a thing, c. dat.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θαμινά, neut. plur. of θαμνός, as Adv., = θαμά.

θαμίνος, ἡ, ὄν, = θαμειός.

θαμνός, ὄ, (θαμνός) a bush, shrub.

θαμνάστιμος, ον, (θάνατος) deadly:—Adv. —ως, with deadly blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. II. pass. subject to death, mortal: also dead.

θανατώ, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.

θἀνἀτηφορία, ἡ, a causing of death. From

θἀνἀτη-φόρος, ον, (θάνατος, φέρω) death-bringing.

θἀνἀτιώω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.

θἀνἀτοίς, εσσα, εν, (θάνατος) deadly.

θἀνατόν-δε, Adv. to death.

θἀνάτος, ὄ, (θἀνεῖν) death; θἀνατον καταγιγνώσκειν τινός to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. θἀνατοι, kinds of death, usually of violent death. II.

as prop. n., Θἀνατος, Death, the twin-brother of Sleep. III. a corpse.

θἀνἀτούσια (sub. ἱερά), ἰων, τά, (θάνατος) a feast of the dead.

θἀνἀτώω, f. ὠσω, (θάνατος) to put to death: metaph. to mortify. II. to condemn to death.

θἀνον, Ep. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.

θἀνεῖν Ep. θανέειν, aor. 2 inf. of θνήσκω.

θανεῖσθαι Ep. θανέεσθαι, fut. inf. of θνήσκω.

θανοῖαι, Dor. fem. part. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.

θανοῦμαι, fut. of θνήσκω.

ΘΑΨΟΜΑΙ: f. θήσομαι Dor. θάσομαι: inf. ἐθησάμην: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire. II. to gaze upon, look at, see.

θαπτέον, verb. Adj. of θάπτω, one must bury.

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. θάψω: aor. I ἐθαψα: pf. τέταφα: Pass., fut. 2 τάφθησομαι, fut. 3 τεθαψομαι: aor. I ἐθάφην, aor. 2 ἐτάφην [ᾶ]: pf. τέθαμμαι, Ion. 3 pl. τεθάφαται: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐτέθαπτο:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

Θαργήλια, ον, τά, a festival of Apollo and Artemis, held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Hence

Θαργηλιών, ὄνος, ὄ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June.

θαρρᾶλέος, θαρρέω, θάρρος, etc., Att. for θαρσ-

θαρσαλέος, α, ον, (θάρσος) bold, daring, courageous; confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous; τὸ θαρσαλέον confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. θαρσαλεώτερος. Adv. —έως, with confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part. inf. of θαρσεύω.

θαρσεύω Att. θαρρέω: f. ἦσω: (θάρσος):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured; θάρσει take courage be of good heart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. rei, to feel confident about, have no fear for:—c. inf. to believe confidently that. Hence

θάρσους, εως, ἡ, confidence in, reliance on.

ΘΑΨΟΣ or ΘΡΑΨΟΣ Att. θάρπος, τό, courage, boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., τὰ θάρση grounds of confidence.

θαρσύνω Att. θαρρύνω, Adv. of pres. part. of θαρσέω, boldly, courageously.

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of θαρσύνω.

θάρσυνος, ον, relying on a thing.

θαρσύνω Att. θαρρύνω, f. ἰνῶ, (θάρσος) to encourage, cheer. II. intr. = θαρσέω, to be of good courage. [ῶ]

θάσαι, Dor. aor. I imperat. of θάσμαι.

θάσασθαι, Dor. aor. I inf. of θάσμαι.

θάσσιμος, Dor. for θησόμενος, fut. part. of θάσμαι.

θάσιος, α, ον, (θάσιος) of Thasos, Thasian: ἡ Θασία (sub. ἄλμη), pickled sea-fish; ἀνακυκᾶν Θασίαν to mix this pickle.

ΘΑΨΩΣΩ Ep. θάσσω, to sit, sit idle.

θάσσω Att. θάπτω, ον, Comp. of ταχύς, quicker, swifter: θάσσω as Adv., more quickly.

θάτερον, θατέρα, see ἕτερος.

θάπτω, Att. for θάσσω.

θαῦμα Ion. θάωμα or θῶμα, atos, τό, (θάσμαι) a wonder, marvel, wondrous thing; θαῦμα ιδέσθαι a wonder to behold; so, θαῦμα ἀκούσαι, μαθεῖν: τὰ θαῦματα jugglers' tricks, strange gambols. II. wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Ion. θαῦμι- or θαμ-: fut. —άσομαι Ep. —άσομαι, later in act. form —άσω: aor. I ἐθαυμάσα: pf. τέθαυμακα:—Pass., fut. θαυματοθήσομαι: aor. I ἐθαυμάθησθην: (θαῦμα):—to wonder, be astonished. 2. c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at. II. Pass. to be looked at with wonder: c. part., θαυμάζομαι μὴ παρῶν my absence is wondered at.

θαυμαῖνος, fut. ἄνῶ Ep. ἄνέω, (θαῦμα) to wonder at. θαυμασίος, α, ον, Ion. θαῦμι- or θαμιάσιος, (θαυμάζω) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —έως, marvellously.

θαυμάσι-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, (θαυμάσιος, ἔργον) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglers.

θαυμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of θαυμάζω.

θαυμαστόν, verb. Adj. of θαυμάζω, one must wonder, marvel.

θαυμαστός Ion. θαυμι- or θαμ- , ἡ, ὄν, (θαυμάζω) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —τός, wonderfully.

θαυματόομαι, Pass. (θαῦμα) to be regarded as a wonder.

θαυματοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to do wonders. From θαυματο-ποιός, ὄν, (θαῦμα, ποιέω) wonder-working: as Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυματός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for θαυμαστός.

θαυματουργέω, f. ἦσω, θαυματοποιέω. From

θαυματ-ουργός, ὄν, (θαῦμα, *ἔργω) = θαυματοποιός.

θάψαι, aor. I inf. of θάπτω.

θάψινος, η, ον, yellow-coloured, sallow. From

θάψος, ἡ, a plant or wood used for dyeing yellow, from the island of Thapsos.

*ΘΑΨ, Ep. for the prose θηλάω: aor. I inf. θῆσαι:—to suckle, feed:—Med., pres. inf. θῆσαι, to suck, milk, ἐπηγετῶν γάλα θῆσαι milk to milk the year round: 3 sing. aor. I, θῆσατο μαστόν be sucked the breast.

*θάω, Lacon. σάω, to see:—see θάωμαι.

θεά, ἡ, fem. of θεός, a goddess: τὰ θεά (Att. τὰ θεώ) in dual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: αἱ σεμναὶ θεαὶ the Eumenides or Furies.

θεά, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a looking at, view. II. a thing seen, sight, spectacle.

θεᾷθῆναι, ἡ, aor. I inf. pass. of θεάομαι.

θεαινᾶ, ἡ, poet. for θεά, a goddess.

θε-αίτητος, ον, (θεός, αἰτέω) asked of the gods.

θεάμα Ion. θέμμα, ατος, τό, (θεάομαι) a sight, spectacle.

θεάμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a spectator. [ā]

θεάομαι: f. θεᾶσομαι [ā], Ion. θεήσομαι: aor. I ἐθεᾶσάμην: pf. τεθεᾶμαι: Dep.: (θάομαι):—to view, gaze at, behold; οἱ θεώμενοι the spectators in a theatre:—aor. I ἐθεᾶσθην in pass sense, to be seen. See θάομαι, θηέομαι.

θεᾶρός, ὁ, Dor. for θεωρός.

θεᾷτῆς Ion. θεητῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (θεάομαι) a spectator.

θεᾷτός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεάομαι) to be seen.

θεατρίω, f. σω, (θεατρον) to bring on the stage: to make a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame.

θεατρον Ion. θεήτρον, τό, (θεάομαι) a place for seeing, a theatre. 2. collectively, the spectators, the audience. 3. = θέαμα, the piece represented, a show. [ā]

θε-εἰδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) = θεοειδής.

θεῖον, τό, poet. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θεῖος, η, ον, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θειοῦται, 3 sing. pres. pass. of θειεῖω.

θειεῖω, Ep. for θειώω, to smoke with brimstone.

θεῖσκον, Ion. impf. of θέω.

θέη, ἡ, Ion. for θέα.

θεήτιος, η, ον, Ion. for θέειος, θεῖος, divine.

θε-ηλάτος, ον, (θεός, ἐλαίνω) driven or pursued by a god. 2. sent, caused by a god. II. built by a god or for the gods.

θέημα, τό, Ion. for θέαμα.

θη-μάχια, ἡ, θηη-μάχος, ον, poet. for θεομ-.

θημων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for θεάμων.

θη-πολέω, θηη-πολός, ὄν, poet. for θεομ-.

θηῖσαι, Ion. 2 sing. fut. of θεάομαι.

θηῖσι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω.

θητήης, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. for θεατῆς.

θητὸς, θηητρον, θεήτρον, Ion. for θεατ-.

θεῖα, ἡ, fem. of θεῖος, one's father's or mother's sister,

aunt, Lat. amita and matertera.

θεᾷζω, f. σω, (θεῖος) to practise divinations. Hence

θειασμός, ὁ, practice of divinations.

Θεῖβᾶθεν, Θεῖβᾶθι, Aeol. for Θηβ-.

θεῖεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖην, aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖκελος, = θέσκελος.

θεῖλό-πέδον, τό, (εἶλω, πέδον) a place in the sunshine, where things were put to dry.

θεῖμεν, for θεήμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι:—also aor. I inf. of θείνω.

ΘΕΙΝΩ, fut. θενῶ: aor. I ἐθείνα: aor. 2 ἐθείνω, only in imperat. θένε, subj. θένω, inf. θενεῖν, part.

θενῶν:—to strike, dash.

θεῖό-δομος, ον, (θεῖος, δέω) god-built.

θεῖομεν, Ep. for θέωμεν, θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖον Ep. θεῖιον, τό, (θεῖος) brimstone, Lat. sulfur.

θεῖον, τό, neut. of θεῖος, used as Subst., the Divine Being, Deity. II. τὰ θεῖα, the acts or attributes of the gods. 2. religious observances.

θεῖος, α, ον, (θεός) of or from the gods, Lat. divinus sent or caused by a god, appointed of God. 2. in honour of a god, holy, sacred. 3. godlike, superhuman, extraordinary, excellent.

ΘΕΙΓΩΣ, ὁ, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle, Lat. patruus and avunculus: fem. θεῖα.

θειοτέρως, Adv. Comp. of θεῖως.

θειότης, ητος, ἡ, (θεῖος) divine nature, divinity.

θεῖό-χρως, ον, contr. -χρως, ον, (θεῖον, χρῶα) brimstone-coloured.

θεῖω Ep. θειεῖω: f. ὤσω: (θεῖον):—to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify.

θεῖς, θεῖσας, aor. 2 part. of τίθημι.

θεῖτε, θεῖσαι, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖω, poet. for θέω, to run.

θεῖω, Ep. for θέω, θῶ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖως, Adv. of θεῖος, by divine providence: Comp. θειοτέρως, by more special providence.

θει-ώδης, ἐς, (θεῖον, εἶδος) brimstone-like, Lat. sulfureus.

θελγεσί-μῦθος, ον, (θέλω, μῦθος) of soft, persuasive speech.

θελγεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέλω.

θελγητρον, τό, (θέλω) a charm or spell.

ΘΕΨΔΙΩ, f. ζω: aor. I ἐψελα:—Pass., aor. I ἐθέλω:—to stroke with magic power, to charm, enchant, spell-bind, Lat. mulceo: to cheat, cozen.

θελεος, ον, (θέλω) willing, voluntary.

θελημα, ατος, τό, (θέλω) will.

θελήσις, εως, ἡ, (θέλω) a willing, will.

θελκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θέλω) a charmer. Hence

θελκτήριον, τό, a charm, spell, enchantment, means or power of charming: neut. from

θελκτήριος, ον, (θέλω) charming, enchanting.

θελκτρον, τό, = θελκτήριον, a charm.

θελκτρον, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = θελκτήρ.

θελξει, aor. I inf. of θέλω.

θελξει, Dor. for θέλξει, 3 sing. fut. of θέλω.

θελξί-voos, ον, contr. -voos, ον, (θέλω, νοός)

charming or witching the heart.

θελξί-πικρος, ον, (θέλω, πικρός) deliciously bitter.

θελξί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θέλω, φρήν) = θελξίvoos.

θέλοισα, Dor. for θέλουσα, fem. part. of θέλω.

θέλυμα, τά, = θέμεθλα.

ΘΕ'ΑΔ, impf. ἔθελον: fut. θελήσω: aor. I ἐθέλησα: shortened form of ἐθέλω.

θέμεθλα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; "Ἄμμωνος θέμεθλα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμελία, τά, Ep. for θεμέλια, = θέμεθλα; θεμειλία θέσαν or προβάλλοντο they laid the foundations.

θεμελιόθεν, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus.

θεμέλιον, τό, as sing. of θεμελία, the foundation: τὰ θεμέλια = θεμειλία, θέμεθλα. From

θέμελιος, ον, (τίθημι) belonging to the foundation. II. as Subst., θεμέλιος (sub. λίθος), ὁ, a foundation stone; οἱ θεμέλιοι, the foundations. Hence

θεμελιόω, f. ὤσω, to lay the foundation, found firmly: —Pass. to have the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμενα, Ep. for θείνω, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι. θέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of τίθημι.

θεμερός, ὄν, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

θεμερ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἦ, (θεμερός, ὦψ) of serious countenance, honest.

θεμίζω, (θέμης) to regulate, punish, control: Med., poet. aor. I θεμίσασθαι to regulate for oneself, control.

θεμί-πλεκτος, ον, (θεμής, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμίπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

ΘΕΜΙΣ, ἦ, Ep. gen. θεμιστος, acc. θέμιν:—in Homer as prop. n. Θέμης, Θέμιστος, acc. Θέμιστα: but Att. gen. Θέμιστος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc. Θέμιν; Ion. gen. Θέμιος, voc. Θέμι: I. law, right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμης ἐστί 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; ἦ θέμης ἐστί as 'tis right, as the custom is. II. pl. θέμιστες, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence dues, tribute, etc. 3. existing laws or ordinances.

4. law-suits: also courts to administer justice: judicial sentences. III. Θέμης as prop. n., Themis, goddess of law and order, justice. θεμι-σκοπός, ὄν, (θέμης, σκοπέω) keeping order. θεμισ-κρέων, οντος, ὁ, reigning by right. θέμιστα, -ας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμης. θεμιστεύος, α, ον, (θέμης) lawful, righteous. θεμιστεύω, f. σω, (θεμιστός) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμιστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμης.

θεμιστο-πόλος, ον, (θέμης, πολέω) ministering law and right.

θεμιστός, ἦ, ὄν, (θεμίζω) sanctioned by law, lawful. θεμίτός, ἦ, ὄν, Ep. for θεμιστός.

ΘΕΜΟΩ, an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. I, νῆα θέμισσε χέρσον ἰκέσθαι be forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.

-θεν, inseparable Particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to -δε, as, οἰκοθεν, οὐρανθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as Διόθεν, θεόθεν,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally -θεν was the genit. termination, as appears from ἐμέθεν, σέθεν, ἔθεν. θενᾶρ, ἄρος, τό, (θένω, θείνω) the part of the band with which one strikes, the flat of the band: ἄλδος θέναρ the surface of the sea.

θέο, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 med. imperat. of τίθημι.

θεοβλάβω, to sin against the gods. From θεο-βλάβηθις, ἐς, (θεός, βλαβήναι) stricken of God, visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

θεο-γεννής, ἐς, (θεός, γέννα) begotten of a god.

θεό-γλωσσοσ, ον, (θεός, γλώσσα) with the tongue of a god.

θεογονία, ἦ, the generation or genealogy of the gods, the title of a poem of Hesiod. From

θεό-γονος, ον, (θεός, *γένω) born of God.

θεό-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, δέχομαι) receiving a god.

θεο-δῆλτος, ον, (θεός, δηλέομαι) burtful to the majesty of the gods.

θεο-δίδακτος, ον, (θεός, διδάσκω) taught of God. [Ὶ]

θεό-δμητος, ον, Dor. -δμητος, α, ον, (θεός, δέμα) god-built, made or founded by the gods.

θεό-δοτος, ον, = θεόςδοτος.

θεο-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) divine of form, beautiful as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup. θεαίδεστατος.

θεο-εἰκελος, ον, (θεός, εἰκελος) godlike.

θεοεχθρία, ἦ, a being hated by the gods. From θεο-εχθρος, ον, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hated by the gods.

θεόθεν, old gen. of θεός, used as Adv., from the gods, Lat. divinitus.

θείουσα, Dor. for θεούσα, fem. part. of θέω.

θεοκλύτρω, f. ἦσω, to call the gods to aid, to invoke divine vengeance: to call on, conjure. From

θεό-κλύτος, ον, (θεός, κλύω) calling on the gods.

θεό-κραντος, ον, (θεός, κρῖνω) wrought by the gods.

θεό-κρίτος, ον, (θεός, κρῖνω) judging between gods.

θεό-κτιτος, ον, and θεό-κτίτος, ον, (θεός, κτίζω) created by God.

θεο-μανής, ἐς, (θεός, μανθῆναι) maddened by the gods; λίσσα θεομανής madness caused by the gods.

θεό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (θεός, μάντις) one who has a spirit of prophecy.

θεομάχεω, to fight against God: and

θεομάχη, ἦ, the battle of the gods, as certain books of the Iliad were called, esp. the 19th. From

θεο-μάχος, ον, (θεός, μάχομαι) fighting against God.

θεο-μήτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (θεός, μήτωρ) like the gods in counsel.

θεο-μισής, ἐς, (θεός, μίσω) hated of the gods.

θεό-μοπος Dor. θεομ-, ον, (θεός, μοπος) destined or allotted by the gods. II. blessed by the gods.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεός μορφή) of form divine.

θεο-μύστης, ἐς, (θεός, μύσος) abominable before the gods.

θεό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἦ, (θεός, παῖς) child of the gods.

θεό-πεμπος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) sent by the gods.

θεό-πνευστος, ον, (θεός, πνέω) inspired of God.

θεοποιέω, to make into gods, deify. From

θεο-ποιός, ὄν, (θεός, ποιέω) making statues of gods.
 θεό-πομπός, ὄν, (θεός, πέμπω) god-sent.
 θεο-πόνητος, ὄν, (θεός, πονέω) wrought by a god.
 θεο-πρετής, ἔς, (θεός, πρέπω) besitting a god. Adv.
 -πῶς.

θεοπροπία, to prophesy, in part. θεοπροπέων; and
 θεοπροπία, ἡ, or -ιον, τό, a prophesy. From
 θεο-πρόπος, (θεός, πρέπω) prophetic, boding, divin-
 ing: as Subst., θεοπρόπος, ὁ, a prophet. II. a
 public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle, cf.
 θεωρός.

θεό-πτυστος, ὄν, (θεός, πτύω) abhorred by the gods.
 θεό-πῦρος, ὄν, (θεός, πῦρ) kindled by the gods.

θέ-ορτος, ὄν, (θεός, ὄρνυμαι) sprung from the gods.
 ΘΕΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. DEUS, God: in Homer either God,
 as, Θεὸς δώσει God will grant; or θεός τις a god,
 some particular god: later the Deity, like τὸ θεῖον:—
 σὺν θεῷ, σὺν θεοῖς, οὐκ ἄνευθε θεοῦ, Lat. non sine
 diis, by the will of God; ὑπὲρ θεῶν against his will:
 —as an oath, πρὸς θεῶν by the gods, in God's
 name. II. fem. θεός, for θεά, θεία, a goddess:
 esp. in Att. phrase τὰ θεῶ, the two goddesses, i. e.
 Ceres and Proserpine. III. as Adj. in Comp.

θεώτερος, more divine.

θεός-δοτος, ὄν, (θεός, δίδωμι) given by the gods.
 θεός-δωρος, ὄν, ποῖτ. for θεοδώρητος.

θεοσέβεια, ἡ, the worship or fear of God. From
 θεο-σεβής, ἔς, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipping God, re-
 ligious, devout. Adv. -βῶς, religiously.

θεός-σεπτος, ὄν, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipped as a god.
 θεο-σέπτωρ, ὄν, = θεοσεβής.

θεοσ-εχθρία, ἡ, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hatred of the gods,
 ungodliness, impiety.

θεός-σῦτος, ὄν, ποῖτ. for θεόστυτος, sent by the gods.

θεο-στηρίκτος, ὄν, (θεός, στηρίζω) supported by God.

θεο-στιβής, ἔς, (θεός, στιβείν) trodden by God.

θεο-στύγης, ἔς, (θεός, στυγέω) hated of the gods or
 of God, abominable. II. act. hating God.

θεο-στύγητος, ὄν, hated of the gods.

θεός-σῦτος, ποῖτ. also θεός-σῦτος, ὄν, (θεός, σέω)
 sent by the gods.

θεό-ταυρος, ὁ, (θεός, ταῦρος) the god-bull, a name for
 Zeus changed into a bull.

θεο-τείχης, ἔς, (θεός, τείχω) walled by the gods.

θεό-τευκτός, ὄν, (θεός, τεύχω) made by God.

θεότης, ἡ, (θεός) divinity, divine nature.

θεο-τίμητος, ὄν, (θεός, τιμάω) honoured of God.

θεό-τίμος, ὄν, honoured of God.

θεό-τρέπτος, ὄν, (θεός, τρέπω) directed by the gods.

θεο-τρέφής, ἔς, (θεός, τρέφω) feeding the gods.

θεουδία, ἡ, the fear of God, holiness.

θεοφεία, ἔς, (θεός, δέος) fearing god, godly. Hence
 θεο-φάνια (sub. ἱερά), τά, (θεός, φανήναι) a festival
 at Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shewn
 to the people.

θεο-φίλης, ἔς, (θεός, φιλέω) beloved of the gods.

θεόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of θεός; esp.
 in phrase, θεόφιν μήστωρ ἀτάλαντος.

θεο-φόρητος, ὄν, (θεός, φορέω) inspired by a god. II.
 act. carrying a god or goddess.

θεο-φόρος, ὄν, (θεός, φέρω) bearing a god. II.

θεόφορος, ὄν, borne or possessed by a god, inspired.

θεό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (θεός, φρήν) godly-minded,
 godly, devout, Lat. pius.

θεώω, f. ὤσω, (θεός) to make into a god, deify.

θεράπαινα and -νίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of θεράπων, a
 waiting-maid, handmaid.

θεράπεια Ion. -νήη, ἡ, (θεραπέω) a waiting on, ser-
 vice, attendance; θεραπεία θεῶν divine worship, 2.

a fostering, nurture: tending in sickness, medical
 treatment. 3. a courting, paying court. II. a

body of attendants, suite, retinue.

θεράπευμα, ματος, τό, (θεραπέω) service done, at-
 tendance, nurture: medical treatment.

θεραπτεύω, verb. Adj. of θεραπέω, one must culti-
 vate: also one must cure.

θεραπυτήρ, ἦπος, ὁ, and θεραπυτής, οὔ, (θερα-
 πέω) an attendant, servant. 2. one who attends to
 anything: a worshipper of the gods: a physician.

θεραπυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεραπέω) inclined to serve,
 attentive, obedient: courteous. 2. able to cure; ἡ

θεραπυτική (sc. τέχνη) the healing art.

θεραπέω, f. ὤω, (θεράπω) to wait on, attend, serve:
 to be an attendant: to do service to the gods, to wor-
 ship: to serve, attend, pay observance to. 2. to

pay court to, to flatter: also of things, to consult, at-
 tend to, Lat. inservire commodo. 3. c. acc. rei, to

take care of, provide for; θεραπέωμαι τὸ παρόν,
 to provide for the present; θεραπέωμαι ἡμέραν to observe

a day, keep it boly. 4. to tend the sick, to treat
 medically, to heal, cure. 5. of land, to cultivate,
 till.

θεραπυτή, Ion. for θεραπεία.

θεραπυτής, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. and ποῖτ. for θεραπυτικός.

θεραπυτή, ἡ, ποῖτ. for θεραπαινα, a handmaid:—and,
 θεραπυτής, ἴδος, ἡ, ποῖτ. contr. from θεραπυτής.

θεραπυτικός, ἴδος, ἡ, (θεράπων) of a waiting-maid.

ΘΕΡΑΠΙΩΝ, ὄντος, ὁ, an attendant, servant, differ-
 ing from δοῦλος, as implying free service: in Homer,
 a companion in arms, comrade, though inferior in
 rank, as Patroclus was the θεράπων of Achilles; so,
 kings were Διὸς θεράπωντες, warriors θεράπωντες

Ἄρηος, poets Μουσῶν θεράπωντες. II. in Cbio, the
 θεράπωντες were slaves.

θεραψ, ὁ, rare form for θεράπων, only found in ac-
 cus. θεραπα, nom. pl. θεραπες.

θέρειος, α, ὄν, (θέρος) of, belonging to summer, in
 summer; αὐχμὸς θ. summer-drought; ἡ θέρεια, Ion.

θερείη (with or without ὠρα), summer-time, summer.

θερέω, Ep. for θερῶ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of θέρω.

θερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐθήρισα syncop.
 ἐθρίσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐθήρισθην: pf. τεθήρισμα:

(θέρος):—to mow, reap, cut, barvest corn:—metaph.
 to mow down, cut off, slay: also to cut the hair. 3.

also to pack up. II. intr. to pass the summer;
 cf. ἐαρίζω, χαιμάζω.

θερίνεος, α, ον, = θέρειος; τροπαὶ θερίνεαι *the summer solstice*, i. e. the 21st of June. [Ὶ]

θερίνιος, ἦ, ὄν, (θέρος) prose form for θέρειος, of, in, or during summer.

θερισμός, ὁ, (θερίζω) *a mowing, reaping, harvesting*.
 θεριστής, οὐδ, ὁ, (θερίζω) *a mower, reaper, harvest-man*.
 θερίστριον ἢ θέριστρον, τό, (θερίζω) *a light summer-garment*, opp. to χειμάστριον.

θερμαίνω, f. ἀνώ: aor. I. ἐθέρμηνα: (θερμός):—*to warm, heat*:—Pass. *to become warm or hot, grow hot, glow*: metaph., *θερμαίνεσθαι ἐλπίζει to glow with hope*.

θέρμη, ἦ, (θερμός) *heat, feverish heat*. II. θέρμαι, αἰ, *hot-springs*, Lat. *ibermae*.

θερμό-βουλος, ον, (θερμός, βλῶν) *hot-bubbling*.
 θερμό-βουλος, ον, (θερμός, βουλῆ) *hot in counsel, rash*.
 θερμό-δότης, ου, ὁ, fem. θερμό-δοτις, ἰδος, ἦ, (θερμός, δίδωμι) *one who brought the hot water* (Lat. *calda*) *at baths or sacrifices*, Lat. *caldarius*.

θερμο-εργός, ὄν, = θερμουργός.
 θερμο-νους, ονν, (θερμός, νοῦς) *beated in mind*.

Θερμο-πύλαι, ἄν, αἰ, (θερμός, πύλη) *Hot-Gates*, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply Πύλαι. [Ὶ]

θερμός, ἦ, ὄν, also poet. ὄς, ὄν, (θέρω): *warm, hot, boiling*. II. metaph. *hot, hasty, rash, reckless*. 2. *active, ready*. III. τὸ θερμόν, *heat, Lat. calor*: also, θερμόν (sub. ὕδωρ), *hot drink*, Lat. *calda*: τὰ θερμά (sub. χωρία), *hot places*, or (sub. λουτρά), *hot baths*.

ΘΕΨΜΟΣ, ὁ, *the lupine*.
 θερμο-τρώγεω, f. ἦσω, (θερμός, τρώγω) *to eat lupines*.
 θερμο-συργός, ὄν, (θερμός, *εργα) *doing hot and hasty acts, rash, reckless, impetuous*.

θερμω, only used in pres. imperat. and in impf. (θέρω) *to warm, heat, make hot*:—Pass. *to grow hot*.

θέρος, τό, (θέρω) *summer, summer-time*: *summer-beat*: τὸ θέρος, absol., *during summer*; τοῦ θέρος *in the course of summer*. II. *a harvest, a crop*.

ΘΕΡΩ, fut. θέρω, *to warm, heat*:—Homer uses only Pass. *θέρωμαι*, with fut. med. *θήρωμαι*, aor. 2 *ἐθέρην* in subj. *θερέω* for *θερῶ*: *to become warm, grow hot, warm oneself*; πυρὸς *θέρεσθαι to be burnt with fire*.

θές, aor. 2 imperat. of τίθημι.
 θέσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.
 θέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of τίθημι.
 θέσθω, θέσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θέσις, εως, ἦ, (τίθημι) *a setting, placing, arranging*; *ἐπέων θέσις a setting of words in verse, poetry*. II. *a deposit of money, earnest-money*. III. *adoption as the child of some one*; cf. *θετός*. IV. (from Pass. *τίθεσθαι*) *a being placed, position, situation*. 2. *a position or thesis to be proved*. V. in metre *the last half of the foot*, in which the voice falls, opp. to the first half (*ἄρσις*), in which it rises.

θεσ-κελος, ον, (θεός, ἔσκαω, ἴσκαω) *godlike*: but generally, *marvellous, wondrous*, always of things, *θεο-εἰκελος* being used of persons; *θέσκελα ἔργα works of wonder*; neut. as Adv., *ἐἴκοτο δὲ θεσκελον αὐτῷ* he was wondrous like him.

θέσμιος Dor. τέθμιος, ον, (θεσμός) *according to law, lawful, legitimate*: *θέσμια, τά*, as Subst. *laws, customs, rites*.

θερμο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (θεσμός, τίθημι) *a lawgiver*. II. *the θεσμοθέται at Athens were the six junior archons*: after their year expired they became members of the Areopagus.

θερμο-ποίηω, f. ἦσω, (θεσμός, ποιέω) *to make laws*.
 θερμο-πόλος, ον, (θεσμός, πολέω) *conversant with laws or customs*.

θεσμός Dor. τεθμός, ὁ: irreg. pl. *θεσμά, τά*: (τίθημι):—*a law, rule, ordinance*, Lat. *institutum*: *a rite, form, institution*. 2. at Athens, *Draco's laws* were called *θεσμοί*, because each began with the word *θεσμός*; *Solon's laws* were named *ῥομοί*. Hence

θεσμοσύνη, ἦ, *justice*, like *δικαιοσύνη*.
 θεσμοφόρια, ἄν, τά, (θεσμοφόρος) *the Thesmorphoria*, an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter *Θεσμοφόρος*: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφοριάζω, f. ἴσω, *to keep the Thesmorphoria*; *αἱ Θεσμοφοριάζουσαι*, a play of Aristophanes.
 θεσμοφόριον, τό, *the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφόρος*.

θεσμο-φόρος, ον, (θεσμός, φέρω) *law-giving*: epith. of Demeter, Lat. *Ceres*, as the goddess of tillage and civilised life; τὰ θεσμοφόρω *Ceres and Proserpine*, who were worshipped together at the Thesmorphoria.
 θεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, mostly in pl., *θεσμο-φύλακες*, like *νομο-φύλακες, guardians of the law*, a magistracy at Elis. [Ὶ]

θεσ-πέσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (θεός, ἔπος) of the voice, *divinely sweet*. II. *more than mortal or human*: *unspeakable, ineffable*, and generally = *θεῖος, divine*: dat. fem. *θεσπεσίη* (sub. βουλῆ) as Adv., *by the will of God*. 2. *wondrous, marvellous, excellent*. 3. of anything *sent by God*, and so, *awful, fearful*. Hence

θεσπεσίως, Adv. *in divine manner*; *θεσπεσίως ἐφόβηθεν* they trembled *unspeakably*.
 θεσπί-δαής, ἔς, (θεσπίς, δαίω λ) *kindled by a god*;
 θεσπιδαῆς πῦρ, *supernatural, furious fire*.
 θεσπί-ἔπεια, fem. Adj. (θέσις, ἔπος) *prophetic*.
 θεσπίζω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, Ion. inf. θεσπιέειν: aor. I *ἐθέσπισα* Dor *-ἴφα*: (θέσις):—*to declare by oracle, prophesy, divine*.
 θεσπίζασα, Dor. for θεσπίσασα, aor. I part. fem. of foreg.
 θεσπίσιος, ον, = θεσπέσιος.
 θεσ-πις, ἰος, ὁ, ἦ, (θεός, ἔπος) *inspired, prophetic, sacred*. II. = *θεῖος π*, *divine, wondrous awful*.
 θεσπισμα, ατος, τό, (θεσπίζω) *an oracle*.
 θεσπιφδέω, f. ἦσω, *to sing in prophetic strain*. From

θεσπιωδός, ὄν, (θέσπις, φῶδῆ) *singing in prophetic strain, prophetic.*

Θεσσαλός Att. Θετταλός, ὄ, fem. Θεσσαλίς, ἴδος, a *Thessalian*: also as Adj., Θεσσαλὸν σόφισμα a *Thessalian trick*, from the faithless character of the people. θέσσασθαι, to pray for: a defect. poet. aor. I, of which we find only 3 pl. θέσαντο, part. θεσσάμενος. (Origin uncertain.)

θεσφάτη-λόγος, ὄν, (θέσφατος, λέγω) *prophetic.*
θεσ-φάτος, ὄν, (θεός, φημί) *spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined*, Lat. *fatalis*: as Subst., θέσφατα, τά, oracles. II. like θεῖος, made by God, divine.

Θετίδειον, τό, the temple of *Thetis*. From Θέτις, ἴδος, ὄ, *Thetis*, one of the Nereids, wife of Peleus, mother of Achilles.

θέτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.
θετός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set. II. adopted as one's child.

θεῦ, Dor. and Ion. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θευ-μορος, ὄν, Dor. for θεύμορος.

θεύς, ὄ and ἦ, Dor. for θεός, a god.

θεύσομαι, I will run, fut. of θέω.

θευ-φορία, ἦ, Dor. for θεοφορία.

Θεῶ' Ep. also θέω: fut. θεύσομαι:—to run; θέειν πεδίου to run over the plain; περι τρίποδος θέειν to run for a tripod; περι ψυχῆς Ἑκτορος θέειν to run for Hector's life; later also, θέειν τὸν περι τῆς ψυχῆς (sc. δρόμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a rolling stone. III. of things which run in a continuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, ἀντὶς ἢ πνιμάτη θέειν ἀσπίδος the rim which ran round at the verge of the shield.

θεῶ, contr. for θεάω, imperat. of θεάομαι.

θέωμεν, Ion. for θῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεωρέω, f. ἦσω, (θεωρός) to look at, view, behold, observe: esp. to be a spectator at the public games and festivals. 2. of the mind, like Lat. *contemplari*, to contemplate, consider. II. to be a θεωρός or state ambassador to the oracle or at the games. III.

Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσασα τοῦμὸν ὄμμα having made my eyes behold; but see ἐαρέω. Hence θεωρήμα, ατος, τό, a sight, spectacle. II. a thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced: in Mathematics, a theorem.

θεωρητήριον, τό, (θεωρέω) a seat in a theatre.

θεωρητικός, ἦ, ὄν, (θεωρέω) of or for speculation, theoretic.

θεωρία, ἦ, (θεωρέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing; θεωρίας εἵκεν for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflection.

II. the sending of θεωροί or state-ambassadors to the oracle or games: also the body of θεωροί themselves. 2. the office of θεωρός. III. pass. a sight, spectacle.

θεωρικός, ἦ, ὄν, (θεωρός) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors (θεωροί). II.

τά θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obols the seat), but also for other purposes.

θεωρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, with and without ναῦς, a sacred ship which carried the θεωροί to their destination; used also for other state-purposes. From

θεωρός, ὄ, (θεός, ὄρα) a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things. II. an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:—the Athenians sent θεωροί to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympian, Pythian, Nemean, and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of θεός, more divine.

Θηβῶ-γενής, ἐς, (Θῆβη, γενέσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Θῆβαῖ, Adv. at Thebes.

Θῆβαζε, Adv. to or towards Thebes. From

ΘΗΒΑΙ, ὄν, αἰ, poet. also Θῆβη, ἦ, Thebes, the name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Boeotian, and another in the Troad, all in Homer, who uses both sing. and plur. of all. Hence

Θηβαί-γενής, ἐς, = Θηβαγενής: and

Θηβαίεύς, ἑώς Ion. ἐός, epith. of Jove, Theban:—so Θηβαῖος, α, ὄν, and Θηβαϊκός, ἦ, ὄν, Theban.

Θηβαῖς, ἴδος, ἦ, (Θῆβαι) the Thebaïs, i. e. territory of Thebes. II. the Thebaïd, a poem on the siege of Thebes.

Θῆβασδε, poet. Adv., = Θῆβαζε.

Θῆβη, v. Θῆβαι.

Θῆβησιν poet. Θῆβησι, (Θῆβαι) Adv. at Thebes.

θηγαλέος, α, ὄν, (θήγω) pointed, sharp. II.

act. sharpening.

θηγάνη, ἦ, (θήγω) a wetstone: metaph. anything to wet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [ᾗ]

θηγάνω, = θήγω.

ΘΗΓΩ, f. θήξω: aor. I ἔθηξα:—Pass., pf. τέθηγμαi:—to sharpen, wet:—Med., δῖρον θήξασθαι to wet one's spear. II. metaph. to sharpen, provoke, irritate.

θηέιτο, 3 sing. impf. of θηέομαι.

θηέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Ion. form of θεάομαι: Dor. θῶ-έομαι:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf., 3 sing. ἐθηέιτο Ep. θηέιτο, Ion. 3 pl. ἐθηέιντο Ep. θηέιντο; ἐθηέμεσθα Ion. I pl.; θηέμενος Ion. part.: θηήσαιο, -αίτο 2 and 3 pl. aor. 1 opt.: cf. θάομαι.

θήης, Ep. for θῆς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θηητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, Ion. for θεατής, (θηέομαι) one who gazes at, an admirer.

θηητρός, ἦ, ὄν, Ion. for θεατός, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θήιον, τό, Ep. for θείον, brimstone.

θήϊος, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θήικα, Ep. aor. I of τίθημι.

θηκαῖος, α, ὄν, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

sepulchre of the dead; οἰκημα θηκαῖον a burial vault. From

θήκη, ἦ, (τίθημι) a case to put anything in, a box, chest: a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault.

θηκτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θήγω, sharpened.

θηλάζω, fut. ἄσω Dor. ἀζώ: (θηλή):—to give suck, suckle. II. of the child, to suck; θηλάζων suckling.

θήλεα, Ion. fem. of θήλυς.

θηλέω Dor. θάλλω, f. ἴσω, (θηλή) to flourish, abound; c. gen., λειμῶνες ἰον ἥδε σεαλίνοι θήλειον the meadows were rich with violets and pansy. II. to make to bloom.

θηλή, ἦ, (τέθηλα) the part of the breast which gives suck, the teat, nipple.

θηλυ-γενής, ἐς, (θήλυς, γενέσθαι) of female sex.

θηλυ-γλωσσος, ὄν, (θήλυς, γλώσσα) with woman's tongue.

θηλυδρίας, ὄν, ὁ, Ion. -της, (θήλυς) an effeminate person.

θηλυδρι-ώδης, ἐς, (θηλυδρίας, εἶδος) of womanish kind, effeminate.

θηλυ-κρατής, ἐς, (θήλυς, κρατέω) swaying women.

θηλυ-κτόνος, ὄν, (θήλυς, κτείνω) slaying by women's hands.

θηλυ-μαῖνης, ἐς, (θήλυς, μανῖναι) mad for women.

θηλυ-μελής, ἐς, (θήλυς, μέλος) singing in soft strain.

θηλυ-μίτρης, ὄν, ὁ, (θήλυς,μίτρα) with a woman's head-dress: fem. θηλύμιτρος, ἰδος, ὁ, ἦ.

θηλυ-μορφος, ὄν, (θήλυς, μορφή) woman-shaped.

θηλυ-νοος, νοον, contr. θηλύνοος, ὄν, (θήλυς, νοῦς) of womanish mind.

θηλύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἐθήλυνα:—to make weak and womanish:—Pass. to become so.

θηλύ-πους, ὁ, ἦ, -πουτος, τό, gen. -ποδος, (θήλυς, ποῦς) θηλύπους βάσις the tread of female foot.

θηλυ-πρεπής, ἐς, (θήλυς, πρέπω) befitting a woman.

θήλυς, εἰα, v, also fem. θήλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem. θήλεᾶ, acc. θηλεᾶν, pl. θήλειαι, -εας: (τέθηλα):—of female sex, female, opp. to ἄρην; θήλεια θεός a goddess; θήλεια ἴπποι mares. 2. generally, of or belonging to women; τὸ θήλυ the female sex. II. of things, 1. fruitful, prolific, nourishing. 2. tender, delicate: in bad sense, womanish, weak, effeminate.

III. the Comp. θηλύτερος, a, ὄν [ῥ], is used like the Positive in the phrases θηλύτεροι θεῶν or γυναικῶν.

θηλυ-σπορος, ὄν, (θήλυς, σπείρω) born of woman; γέννα θηλύσπορος a race of females.

θηλύτερος, a, ὄν, v. θήλυς sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ὄν, (θήλυς, τεκείν) bearing girls.

θηλυ-φρων, ὄν, (θήλυς, φρήν) of woman's mind.

θηλυ-χιτών, gen. ἄνωσ, ὁ, ἦ, (θήλυς, χιτών) with a woman's frock or dress. [7]

θήμερα, by crasis for τῆ ἡμέρα.

θήμετερον, by crasis for τοῦ ἡμετέρου.

θήμεισυ, by crasis for τὸ ἡμῖν.

θημῶν, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (τίθημι) like θωμός, a bear.

θήν, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, surely now; ἦ θην in very truth; οὐ θην surely not.

θήζασθω, 3 sing. aor. I imperat. med. of θήγω.

θηζοῖο, Ep. for θεζο, 2 sing. opt. of θηέομαι.

ΘΗΡ, θηρός, Ep. dat. pl. θήρесси, ὁ, a wild beast, a beast of prey: joined with a Subst., as θήρ λέων. 2. any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs: also satyrs.

θήρα Ion. θήρη, ἦ, (θήρ) a hunting, pursuit of wild beasts, the chase:—eager pursuit of anything. II. in collective sense, the beasts, the game, quarry.

θήρα-αγρέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (θήρα, ἀγρεύω) a hunter.

θηράμα, ατος, τό, (θηράω) that which is caught, prey, booty.

θηράσιμος, ὄν, (θηράω) to be caught or won.

θηράτεος, a, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θηράω, to be caught or won. II. θηρατέον, one must catch or win.

θηρατής, οὔ, ὁ, (θηράω) a hunter, hunter after.

θηρατικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for the chase, devoted to hunting; τὰ θηρατικά τῶν φίλων the arts for winning friends.

θηράτρον, τό, (θηράω) a thing to catch with, a net, trap. θηράω, f. ἄσω or θηράσομαι: (θήρα):—to hunt wild beasts, to chase, pursue, catch. 2. metaph., like

Lat. venari, to hunt after a thing, pursue, seek it eagerly.

II. the Med. θηράωμαι is used in Act. sense, to hunt after, seek for: also in Pass. to be hunted, pursued.

θηρε, dual. nom. of θήρ.

θήρειος, ὄν, (θήρ) of, belonging to wild beasts, Lat. ferinus: θηρεία βία, periph. for ὁ θήρ, the centaur.

θήρесси, Ep. for θηροί, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρευμα, ατος, τό, (θηρεύω) spoil, prey, game. II. hunting.

θήρευσις, εως, ἦ, (θηρεύω) a hunting, the chase: metaph. a hunting after.

θηρευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (θηρεύω) a hunter; κύνεσσι καὶ ἀνδράσι θηρευτήσιν with hounds and huntsmen: also a fisher. Hence

θηρευτικός, ἦ, ὄν, of, belonging to the chase or hunting: κύνεσ θηρευτικῶν dogs, hounds: ἦ θηρευτικῆ (with and without τέχνη), the art of hunting, the chase.

θηρεύω, f. σω (θήρ)=θηράω, to hunt, run down, catch: to hit, strike: metaph. to hunt or seek after:—Pass. to be hunted: also to be preyed upon.

θηρέω, Ion. and Dor. for θηράω.

θήρημα, τό, Ion. for θήραμα.

θηρητήρ, ἦρος, and θηρητήρ, ορος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for θηρατής, a hunter.

θηριομάχew, f ἴσω, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) a fight with wild beasts. From

θηριο-μάχος, ὄν, fighting with wild beasts.

θηρίον, τό, in form a Dim. of θήρ, but used for it almost always in Prose, a wild animal, beast; esp. of such as are hunted, game: a beast, brute, as opp. to birds and men.

II. as real Dim. of θήρ, a little animal. III. as a term of reproach, beast! like Lat. bellua, ᾧ δειλότατον σὺ θηρίον.

θηριώδης, ες, (θηρίον, εἶδος) full of wild beasts, infected by them, Lat. belluosus.

II. brutal in manners or nature, wild, savage, Lat. belluinus.

θηροβολέω, f. ἴσω, to strike or kill wild beasts. From

θηρο-βόλος, ον, (θήρ, βάλλω) killing wild beasts.

θηρο-βότος, ον, (θήρ, βόσκα) fed on by wild beasts.

θηρό-θυμος, ον, (θήρ, θυμός) with brutal mind, brutal.

θηρο-κτόνος, ον, (θήρ, κτείνω) killing wild beasts.

θηρ-ολήτης, ου, δ, (θήρ, ὀλλυμι) a slayer of beasts.

θηρο-νόμος, ον, (θήρ, νέμω) feeding wild beasts.

θηρο-κόπος, ον, (θήρ, σκοπέω) looking out for wild

beasts.

θηροσύνη, ἡ, (θήρ) hunting, the chase.

θηρο-τόκος, ον, (θήρ, τεκείν) producing wild beasts.

θηρο-τρόφος, ον, (θήρ, τρέφω) feeding wild

beasts. II. proparox. θηρότροφος, pass. fed by

beasts, feeding on them.

θηρο-φόνος, ον, also η, ον, (θήρ, *φένω) slaying

wild beasts.

θηρσι, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρων, crasis for τὸ ἤρων.

ΘΗΨ, θητός, δ, a serf or villain, who is bound to

the soil, Lat. ascriptus glebae: also a hired labourer.

They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other

three being the πεντακοσιομέμωοι, ἱππεῖς, ζευγίται.

This class took in all whose property in land yielded

less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded

from public service, but were employed as light-armed

troops and seamen, and, in case of need, as heavy-

armed. II. fem. θήσασα Att. ἤσασα, ἡ, a labour-

ing girl. 2. as Adj., θήσασα τράπεζα a menial's fare.

θήσαια, aor. I inf. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαίω, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of θάωμαι = θεάομαι.

θησαίμενος, aor. I part. med. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, (θησαυρός) to store or treasure

up, lay by: of fruits, to lay up in store, preserve. Hence

θησαυρίσμα, ατος, τό, a store, treasure.

θησαυρός, δ, (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) a store laid up,

treasure. II. a store or treasure-house: any receptacle

for valuables, a chest, casket.

Θησεῖον, τό, (Θησεύς) the temple of Theseus, a sanctu-

ary for runaway slaves. II. τὰ Θησεῖα (sub.

ιερά), the festival of Theseus.

θησεῖς, θησῶ, Dor. 2 and I sing. fut. of τίθημι.

θησεῖω, Desiderat. of τίθημι, I wish to place.

θησεύμενα, θησεύμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of τίθημι.

θησεύμεθα, Dor. I pl. fut. med. of τίθημι.

Θησεύς, εώς, δ, Theseus, the most famous of the

heroes of Athens. (Prob. from τί-θημι, the Settler,

Civiliser.)

θήσθαι, pres. inf. pass. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσασα Att. θήττα, fem. of θής.

θήσω, fut. of τίθημι.

θητέα, ἡ, (θητεύω) hired service.

θητεύω, f. σω, (θής) to be a menial, serve for hire.

θητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θής) fit for menial service, menial.

θήττα, Att. for θήσασα.

-θι, insep. affix, added to several Nouns, denoting the place at which, as, ἀγρόθι, οἴκοθι, in the fields, at home. Like -θεν, it was originally a genitive termination, as in Ἰλιόθι πρό, ἠώθι πρό.

θιάσ-άρχης, ου, δ, (θίασος, ἄρχω) the chief or leader of a sacred band of revellers.

θιάσεια, ἡ, revelling. From

θιάσειω, (θίασος) to honour with sacred revelry:—

Pass., θιασεύεται ψυχῶν be has his soul imbued with Bacchic revelry.

ΘΙΑΣΟΣ, δ, a company or procession of persons dancing and singing in honour of a god, esp. of Bacchus, a band of Bacchic revellers. 2. any company or troop. Hence

θιάσσω, to make into a festive company.

θιάσως, Dor. acc. pl. of θιασος.

θιάσωτης, ου, δ, (θιάσω) the member of a company of revellers; c. gen., θιασῶται τοῦ Ἐρωτος worship-

pers or followers of Love.

θιγγάνω, lengthd. form of Root ΘΙΓ- (which appears in aor. 2 and in τε-τίγι, pf. of τανγο): fut. θίξο-

μαι: aor. 2 ἐτίγον:—to touch lightly, just touch, less

strong than ἄπτομαι; then generally to touch: to

touch, attempt: to reach, gain.

θιγέει Ep. θιγέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of θιγγάνω.

θίγμαι, ματος, τό, (θίγειν) a touch.

θίξομαι, fut. of θιγγάνω.

ΘΙΨ, gen. θινός, Ep. δ, later ἡ:—a heap of sand on

the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand: in pl.

θίves, sand-heaps, sand-banks:—then any heap: θίves

νεκρῶν heaps of dead; ὀστεόφιν θίς a heap of

bones. 2. the sand at the bottom of the sea; θίς

κελαινά a dark, muddy bottom: metaph., ὡς μου τὸν

θίνα ταράττεις how thou troublest the very bottom

of my heart.

θλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, crushed, bruised. From

θλαστέω, inf. θλάν: fut. θλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐθλάσα

Ep. θλάσσα:—Pass., pf. τέθλασμα:—to crush, bruise,

round, bray.

ΘΛΙΒΩ [ῖ]: fut. θλίψω: aor. I ἐθλίψα:—Pass.,

aor. I ἐθλίφθην, aor. 2 ἐθλίβην [ῖ]: pf. τέθλιμμα:

—to press, press hard, gall:—Med., θλίβεται ὤμοις

be will rub bis shoulders. 2. metaph. to oppress,

afflict, distress: pf. part. τεθλιμμένος, hemmed in,

confined, narrow. Hence

θλίψις, εως, ἡ, a pressing, pressure. 2. metaph.

oppression, affliction.

θνάσκω, Dor. for θνήσκω.

θνατός, Dor. for θνητός.

θνήσκω, lengthd. from Root ΘΑΝ-: fut. θανῶμαι,

Ep. inf. θανέεσθαι: aor. 2 ἔθανον, Ep. inf. θανέειν:

pf. τεθνήκα, whence syncope. pl. τεθνάμεν, τεθνάτε,

τεθνάσθι; imperat. τεθνάθι; opt. τεθναίην; inf. τε-

θνάμαι [ᾶ] Ep. τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾶ], rarely τεθνά-

μαι; part. τεθνεύς, τεθνεύσα, τεθνεύς (or τεθνεύς)

Ep. τεθνήσας, gen. ὤτος Ep. also τεθνήστος; 3 pl.

plqpf. ἐτεθνάσαν:—from τεθνηκα arose the Att. future

forms τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι:—to be dying, to die, Lat.

morior:—perf. τέθηκα *I have died, am dead*; so too aor. 2 *ἐθανον, I died, am dead*; part. θανών, *dead, Lat. mortuus*. II. metaph. of things, to die, *perish*.

θνητο-γενής, ἐς, (θνητός, γενέσθαι) *born of mortals, of mortal race*.

θνητο-ειδής, ἐς, (θνητός, εἶδος) *of mortal nature*.

θνητός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν: Dor. θνατός, ἄ, ὄν, (θνήσκω):—*mortal*, opp. to ἀθάνατος; θνητοὶ *mortals*. 2. of things, *befitting mortals, human*.

θοάζω, (θοός) *trans. to move quickly, ply rapidly, dispatch*. 2. intr. *to move oneself quickly, hurry along*.

II. = θάσσω, *to sit*.

θοιματίδιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱματίδιον.

θοιμάτιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱμάτιον.

θoinάξω, (θoinή) = θoinάω, *to feast*. Hence

θoinάμα, *agos, τό, a meal, feast*.

θoinατήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (θoinάω) *a feaster*.

θoinατήριος, ον, (θoinάω) *of or for a feast*.

θoinατικός, ἦ, ὄν, (θoinάω) *of or for a feast*.

θoinάτωρ, ορος, ὄ, = θoinατήρ. [α]

θoinάω, f. ἦσω, *to feast on, eat*. II. *to feast,*

entertain:—hence in Med. or Pass., with fut. med.

θoinάσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐθoinήθην, pf. τεθoinάμα:—*to feast: to feast on, eat*. From

ΘOINῆ, ἦ, *a meal, feast, banquet, dinner*: generally, *food, provender*.

θoinήτωρ, ὄ, Ion. for θoinάτωρ.

θoinίζω, f. σω, (θoinή) *to feast, entertain*.

θοίτρο, for θέτρο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of τίθημι.

θoλερός, ἄ, ὄν, (θoλός) *muddy, thick, troubled*, Lat. *turbidus*, properly of water. II. metaph. *troubled by passion, turbid, agitated*.

θoλία, ἦ, (θόλος) *a round bat to keep the sun off*.

ΘO'ΔOΣ, ἦ, *a dome or circular vault*: generally, *any round or vaulted building*. 2. at Athens, *the round chamber in which the Prytanes dined*.

ΘOΔOΣ, ὄ, mud. II. *the dark juice of the cuttle-fish (sepia)*, which it emits to hide itself, Lat. *loliigo*. Hence

θoλόω, f. ὦσω, *to make muddy, turbid*: metaph. like Lat. *perturbare*, to trouble, disquiet.

θoός, ἦ, ὄν, (θέω) *quick, active, ready*; θoή νύξ *quickly-passing night*; θoή δαίς *a basty meal*. II.

θoαρά, *pointed, of rocky islands or headlands*.

θoάω, f. ὦσω, (θoός) *to make sharp or pointed*.

θoρε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of θρώσσω.

θoρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσσω.

θoρή, ἦ, = θoρός.

θoρνύμαι and θoρνύομαι, Dep., collat. form, of θρώσσω, *to leap, esp. to pair, mate, couple*.

θoρός, ὄ, (θoρεῖν) *the semen genitale of the male*.

θoροῦμαι, fut. of θρώσσω.

θoρυβεῦσι, Dor. 3 pl. of θoρυβέω.

θoρυβέω, f. ἦσω, (θoρυβος) *to make an uproar*, mostly of a crowded assembly, *in token either of approbation or the contrary*: hence, I. *to cheer, applaud*. 2. *to groan, murmur at one*. II.

trans. to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult:—Pass. *to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion*. Hence

θορυβητικός, ἦ, ὄν, *inclined to riot, tumultuous*.

ΘOΡΥΒOΣ, ὄ, *the noise of a crowded assembly*, I. in token of approbation, *applause, cheers*. 2. the contrary, *a clamour, uproar,*

groaning.

θoρώω, aor. 2 part. of θρώσσω.

θoῦ, Att. imperat. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θoῦδωρ, θoῦδάτωρ, by crasis for τὸ ὕδωρ, τοῦ ὕδατος.

θoυριό-μάντις, εως, ὄ, (θoυριον, μάντις) *a Thurian prophet, generally a soothsayer*.

θoῦρις, ιδος, ἦ, fem. of sq.

θoῦρος, ὄ, (θoρεῖν) *leaping, rushing, impetuous, eager*:—fem. θoῦρις, ιδος, mostly as epith. of ἀλκή, *impetuous might*; θoυρις ἀσπίς *shield of impetuous warrior*.

θoώκος, ὄ, Ep. lengthd. from θώκος, *a seat*. 2. *a sitting, assembly*.

θoῶς, Adv. of θoός, *quickly, soon*.

θoράκη Ion. θoρηκή poet. θoρηκή, ἦ, *Thrace*.

θoράκιος, α, ον, Ion. θoρηκίος poet. θoρηκίος, (θoρηξ) *of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian*.

θoρᾶνεω, f. σω, (θρᾶνος) *to stretch on the tanner's board, to tan*: θρᾶνεύσομαι, fut. med. in pass. sense, *to be tanned*.

θoρᾶνιον, τό, Dim. of θρᾶνος, *a small bench, stool*.

θoρᾶνίτης, ον, ὄ, (θρᾶνος) *one of the rowers on the topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the longest oars and most work*; cf. ζυγίτης, θαλαμίτης. [ζ]

θoρᾶνίτης, ιδος, ἦ, fem. of θρᾶνίτης.

ΘPANOC, ὄ, *a bench, form*: esp. *the topmost of the three benches in a trireme*.

θoρᾶξ, θρακός, ὄ; Ion. θoρηξ, θορηκός, poet. θoρηξ, θορηκός, *a Thracian*.

θoρᾶξι, θραξίω, aor. I inf. and imper. of θράσσω.

θoρᾶσως, Adv. of θρασύς, *boldly*: Comp. θρασύτερον, Sup. -ύτατα.

ΘPACOC, eos, τό, = θάσσω, *courage, confidence*: in bad sense, *over-boldness, daring, rashness, presumption, impudence*. [α]

θoρᾶσσα Att. θoρᾶττα, ἦ, Ion. and poet. θoρησσα Dor. θoρεῖσσα, *a Thracian woman*.

θoρᾶσσω Att. θoρᾶττω, fut. ἔω, Att. contr. from ταράσσω, *to trouble, disquiet, disturb*.

θoρᾶσῦ-γυιος, ον, (θρασύς, γυιον) *relying on strength of limb*.

θoρᾶσῦ-κάρδιος, ον, (θρασύς, καρδία) *bold of heart, stout-hearted*.

θoρᾶσῦ-μέμωνον, ον, gen. ονος, (θρασύς, μένω) *bravely patient*; cf. Μέμωνον.

θoρᾶσῦ-μήδος, es, (θρασύς, μήδος) *bold of device, daring, resolute*.

θoρᾶσῦ-μητις, ιδος, ὄ, ἦ, (θρασύς, μήτις) = θρασυμήτης. θoρᾶσῦ-μηχανος Dor. -μάχανος, ον, (θρασύς, μηχανή) *bold in scheming or contriving*.

θoρᾶσῦ-μῦθος, ον, (θρασύς, μῦθος) *bold of speech*. II.

θρασύνα, f. ὑνώ (θρασύς) like θαρσύνα, to make bold, encourage:—Pass. and Med. to be bold, ready, courageous; θαρσύνεσθαι τιμι to rely on one.

θρασύ-πόλεμος ποῖτ. θαρσυπόλεμος, ov, (θρασύς, πόλεμος) bold in war.

θρασύ-πονος, ov, (θρασύς, πόνος) bold at work.
ΘΡΑΣΥΞ, εία, ὄ, bold, spirited, resolute: in bad sense, rash, venturous, presumptuous. II. of things, causing confidence, safe.

θρασύ-σπλαγχνος, ov, (θρασύς, σπλάγχνον) bold-hearted.

θρασύστομία, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence θρασύστομία, ὄ, licence of speech, insolence. From θρασύ-στομος, ov, (θρασύς, στόμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θρασύτης, ητος, ἡ, (θρασύς) over-boldness, rashness, audaciousness. [ῥ]

θρασύ-χειρ, χειρος, ὄ, (θρασύς, χεῖρ) ἡ, bold of hand. Θράττα, Att. for Θράτσα.

θράττω, Att. for θράττω.
θραυσ-άντυξ, ὄ, ἡ, (θραύω, άντυξ) breaking wheels.

θραύσμα, τό, that which is broken, a fragment. From ΘΡΑΥΩ, f. σω: aor. I ἔθραυσα:—to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter. II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, τό, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursling: a creature.

θρέσσκον, Ion. for ἔθρεσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of τρέχω. θρέξομαι, fut. of τρέχω.

θρέπτειρα, ἡ, fem. of θρεπτήρ.
θρεπτός, έα, έον, verb. Adj. of τρέφω, to be fed. II. θρεπτόν, one must feed. 2. (from Pass.) one must be fed.

θρεπτήρ, ηρος, ὄ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer. Hence θρεπτήριος, ov, able to feed, feeding, nourishing.

II. θρεπτήρια, τά, rewards for rearing, esp. the returns made by children for their rearing. 2. food, support.

θρέπτρα, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty.

θρετταῖλο, a sound imitative of the cicada.

θρέττε, τό, = τὸ θαρραλέον or θάρσος, barbarism in Ar. Eq. 17, οὐκ ἐνι μοι τὸ θρέττε, the spirit's not in me.

θρεφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέφω.

θρέψα, ποῖτ. for ἔθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω.

θρέψαιτο, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of τρέφω.

θρέψω, fut. of τρέφω.

ΘΡΕΨΩ, only used in pres. and impf. med., to cry aloud, sbriek out, wail, lament.

Θρηϊκίη, ἡ, Ep. for Θράκη.

Θρηϊκίος, η, ov. Ep. for Θρηϊκίος, Θράκίος.

Θρηϊξ, ἔκος, ὄ, Ion. for Θρηϊξ, Θρηϊξ.

Θρηϊσσα, ἡ, Ion. for Θρηϊσσα, Θρηϊσσα.

Θρηϊκη, ἡ, Ion. for Θράκη.

Θρηκηθεν, Adv. from Thrace: and

Θρηκηνδε, Adv. to Thrace.

Θρηϊκος, η, ov, Ion. for Θράκίος, Thracian.
θρηνέω, f. ἦσω, (θρήνος) to wail, lament, mourn: ἀοιδῆν θρηνέειν to sing a dirge or lament. Hence

θρήνημα, ατος, τό, a lament; and θρηνητήρ, ηρος, ὄ, θρηνητής, ου, a mourner, wailer.

θρήνος, ὄ, (θρέω) a wailing, lamenting: a funeral song, dirge, like the Gaelic coronach.

θρήνυς, vos, ὄ, (θράνως) a footstool. 2. a bench; θρήνυς ἑπταπόδης, the seven-foot bench, the seat of the helmsman or the rowers.

Θρηῖξ, ηκος, ὄ, Ion. for Θράξ.

θρησκεία, Ion. -ητή, ἡ, (θρησκείω) religious worship, service, observance: religion.

θρησκείω, f. σω, (θρήσκος) to observe religiously, hold scrupulously.

θρησκότης, Ion. for θρησκεία.

ΘΡΗΣΚΟΣ, ov, religious.

Θρηῖσσα, Ion. for Θράσσα.

Θρίατ, ὦν, αι, the Thriae, Parnassian nymphs, nurses of Apollo.

θρίαμβεύω, f. σω, (θρίαμβος) to triumph. II. to lead in triumph. III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, ἡ, ὄν, triumphal. From θρίαμβος, ὄ, a hymn to Bacchus: also a name of Bacchus. II. used to express the Roman triumphus, a triumph.

θρηϊκίον, τό, Dim. of θρηϊκός.

ΘΡΗΓΚΟΣ, ὄ, the coping, eaves, cornice, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; θρηγκὸς κύναιο a cornice of blue metal:—metaph. the coping-stone, last finish. II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θρηγκός, f. ὠσω, to surround with a coping; αὐλήν ἑθρηγκωσεν ἀχέρῳα was fenced it at top with thorn-bushes:—metaph. to build up even to the coping-stone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

θρηγκωμα, τό, a coping, cornice.

ΘΡΗΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, lettuce, Lat. lactuca. [ῥ]

θρήζω, ποῖτ. syncop. for θρηῖζω.

Θρῖν-ακία Ep. -ίη, ἡ, and Θρῖν-ακρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (θρῖναξ) the trident-land, sub. γῆ or νῆσος, an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinacria.

θρῖναξ, ἄκος, ὄ, (for τρῖναξ, from τρίς) a trident, three-pronged fork.

ΘΡΗΞ, ἡ, gen. τρήχως, dat. pl. θρηῖσι:—the hair, both of man and beast: sheep's wool: also of the beard:—Proverb., θρηῖ ἀνὰ μέσσον only a hair's breadth off.

ΘΡΗΪΟΝ, τό, a fig-leaf. II. a kind of omelette, so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves.

ΘΡΗΪΟΣ, ὄ, one of the reefs or little ropes on the lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θρηῖ-ἡδεστος, ov, (θρηῖ, ἔδω) worm-eaten.

θρηῖψ, gen. θρηῖπός, ὄ, (τρήβω) a wood-worm.

θροέω, f. ἦσω, (θρόος) to cry aloud, sbriek forth: generally, to speak, declare. II. to frighten:—Pass. to be frightened or troubled.

ΘΡΟΜΒΟΣ, ὄ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a clot or gout of blood.

θρομβώδης, es, (θρόμβος, εἶδος) curdled, clotted.

θρόνον, τό, only in plur. θρόνα, flowers or patterns embroidered on cloth. II. later, θρόνα are flowers or herbs used as charms. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΘΡΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a seat, chair. II. a chair of state, throne: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.: in pl. the king's estate or dignity.

θρόος Att. contr. θροῦς, ὁ, (θρέω) a confused noise, tumult, murmuring. II. a report, Lat. rumor.

θρυαλλίδιον, τό, Dim. of θρυαλλίς.

ΘΡΥΨΑΛΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a wick.

θρυλέω (vulgo θρυλλέω): f. ἴσω: pass. pf. τεθρύλημαι: (θρύλος):—to make a noise, to keep babbling.

II. c. acc. rei, to keep talking about a thing, make a great talk of:—Pass. to be the common talk, τὸ θρυλουμένον or τεθρυλημένον what is in every one's mouth.

θρυλλίζω (vulgo θρυλλίζω), f. ἴσω: (θρύλος):—to make a false note in playing on the cithara.

θρυλλίσσω (vulgo θρυλλίσσω) to break in pieces:—Pass. to be shivered; Ep. aor. I θρυλλίχθην. (Akin to θραύω, θρύπτω.) Hence

ΘΡΥΨΑΛΟΣ (vulgo θρύλλος), ὁ, a confused noise, shouting, tumult, murmuring.

θρύμμα, ατος, τό, (θρύπτω) a piece broken off, a bit, piece, morsel.

ΘΡΥΨΑΝ, τό, a rush, Lat. juncus.

θρυπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, breaking, crushing. II. pass. easily broken: metaph. effeminate, enervated. From

ΘΡΥΨΙΣ, f. θρύψω: aor. I ἔθρυψα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, θρύψομαι: aor. 2 ἐθρύψην [ῥ]: pf. τέθρυμμα:—to break in pieces, crush:—Pass. to be broken, crushed.

II. metaph. in Pass. to be enfeebled, enervated.

III. in Pass. also, to be affected, give oneself airs, look languishing: generally, to be conceited; θρύπτεσθαι τι, to feel pride in a thing. Hence

θρύψις, εως, ἡ, a breaking in pieces. II. metaph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρώσκω, lengthd. from the Root ΘΩΡ-, which appears in fut. and aor. 2: fut. θωρούμαι Ion. θωρέομαι: aor. 2 ἔθωρον, inf. θωρεῖν Ep. θωρέειν:—to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the helmet.

2. foll. by Prep. to leap or spring upon one, to attack, assault. II. trans. to mount, impregnate.

θρωσμός, ὁ, (θρώσκω) a springing or rising, as of a hill from the plain.

Θυβρίας, ἄδος, ἡ, and Θίβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, = θυμβ-.

ΘΥΓΑΤΗΡ, ἡ, gen. θυγατέρος contr. θυγατρός, dat. θυγατέρι θυγατρι, acc. θυγάτερα Ep. θυγατρα, voc. θύγατερ: a daughter. Hence

θυγατριδῆ, ἡ, a daughter's daughter, grand-daughter.

θυγατριδούς, οὔ, Ion. —ιδεός, έου, ὁ, a daughter's son, grandson.

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl.

θυεία, ἡ, (θύω) a mortar. Hence

θυείδιον, τό, Dim. of θυεία.

θύελλα, ἡ, (θύω) a storm, a hurricane, whirlwind,

tempest; πυρός θύελλα storms of lightning; ἄηρ θύελλα storms of woe.

θυέων, gen. pl. of θύος.

θυη-δόχος, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense.

θύηεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) smoking with incense, fragrant.

θύηλή, ἡ, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

θύηπολέω, f. ἴσω, to busy oneself with sacrifices:—Pass. to be filled with sacrifices. And

θυηπολία, ἡ, a sacrificing. From

θύη-πόλος, ον, (θύω, πολέω) busy about sacrificing; sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

θύη-φάγος, ον, (θύος, φαγεῖν) consuming offerings.

θυία or θυία [ῥ], ὁ, (from θύω to smell): a sweet-scented African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar.

θυίαί, ὦν, αί, = θυιάδες.

θυιάς or θυιάς, gen. ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) a frantic or inspired woman, Bacchant.

θυίνος, η, ον, made of the wood of the tree θυία.

θυίω, = θύω, to rage, be inspired.

θυλάκιον, τό, Dim. of θυλάκος, a small bag.

ΘΥΨΑΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, a bag, pouch, commonly of leather. II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern nations.

θυλόμαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυηλή) Dep. to offer. Hence

θυλήμα, τό, that which is offered; θυλήματα cakes, incense, etc. [ῥ]

θύμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering; πάγκαρπα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θυμάλνω, f. ἄνω, (θυμός) to be wroth or angry.

θυμ-αλγής, ές, (θυμός, αλγέω) heart-grieving.

θυμάλωψ, ωνος, ὁ, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a hot coal or ember.

θυμᾶρέω, to be well-pleased. From

θυμ-ἄρης [ᾶ], ές, (θυμός, ἀρ-αρεῖν) suiting one's mind, well-pleasing.

ΘΥΜΒΡΑ, ἡ, a bitter herb, savory.

θυμβρ-επί-δειπνος, ον, (θύμβρα, επί, δειπνον) eating the herb savory, living poorly.

Θυμβρίας, ἄδος, ἡ, a nymph of the Tiber. From

θύμβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρ-φάγος, ον, (θύμβρα, φαγεῖν) eating the herb savory; θυμβροφάγον βλέπτειν to look as if one had eaten savory, make a wry face.

θυμῆλη, ἡ, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an altar. II. in the Athen. theatre, an altar-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat.

Hence

θυμηλικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the thymelē, scenic.

θυμ-ηγερέω, f. ἴσω, (θύμος, ἀγείρω) to collect one's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θυμ-ηδής, ές, (θύμος, ἡδός) well-pleasing, dear.

θυμιάμα Ion. —ημα, ατος, τό, (θυμιάω) that which is burnt as incense, incense.

θυμιάτηριον Ion. —ητήριον, τό, (θυμιάω) a censor.

θυμιάω, f. ἄσω, [ᾶ]: Ion. aor. I ἐθύμισα: (θύμα, θύω):—to burn so as to produce smoke:—to burn as

incense:—Pass., Ion. 3 sing. θυμῆται, for -ἄται, to be burned.

θυμίδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [ῥ]

θυμίαμα, Ion. for θυμιάμα.

θυμῆται, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of θυμάω.

θυμητήριον, τό, Ion. for θυματήριον.

θύμιος, η, *ov*, (θύμος) made of or with thyme. [ῥ]

θύμιος, *ov*, ὄ, (θύμος) seasoned with thyme.

θύμο-βαρής, ἐς, (θυμός, βαρής) heavy at heart.

θύμοβορῆς, *f. ἦσω*, to gnaw or vex the heart. From

θύμο-βόρος, *ov*, (θυμός, βιβρώσκω) heart-eating.

θύμο-δάκτης, ἐς, (θυμός, δακεῖν) biting the heart.

θύμο-εὐδής, ἐς, (θυμός, εἶδος) high-spirited, courageous, Lat. animosus. II. hot-tempered, passionate: of horses, restive, wild.

θύμο-λέον, *ovtos*, ὄ, (θυμός, λέων) lion-hearted.

θύμο-μάντις, *ews*, ὄ, ἦ, (θυμός, μάντις) of prophetic soul.

θύμο-μάχη, *f. ἦσω*, (θυμός, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's heart and soul.

θύμο-πληθής, ἐς, (θυμός, πληθος) wrathful.

θύμο-ρᾶστικός, *ov*, ὄ, (θυμός, ραῖω) life-destroying.

θύμός, ὄ, (θύω) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat. anima; θυμὸν ἀφελῆσαι, ἀλέσαι to take away, destroy the life. II. the soul, heart, Lat. animus;

ἀνάγει με θυμός, ἤθελε θυμός my heart bids me; κατά θυμὸν after my heart's desire; ἀπὸ θυμοῦ against one's heart's desire; ἐκ θυμοῦ or θυμῶ φιλεῖν to love with all one's heart; ἐμῶ κχαρισμένε θυμῶ most precious to my soul. 2. of any vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage. III. the mind, will, purpose; ἐδαίξτεο θυμός his mind or purpose wavered.

θύμος [ῥ], *ov*, ὄ, *eos*, τό, (θύω) thyme, Lat. thymus. 2. a mixture of thyme with honey and vinegar.

θύμοσφοκός, ἦ, ὄ, *ov*, of or like a man of genius, clever. From

θύμω-σοφός, *ov*, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a man of genius.

θύμοφθορέω, *f. ἦσω*, to break the heart. From

θύμο-φθόρος, *ov*, (θυμός, φθείρω) life-destroying;

θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. e. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs; of persons, heart-breaking, most irksome.

θύμω, *f. ὄσω*, (θυμός) to make angry:—Pass., with fut. med. -ώσομαι, aor. I ἐθυμώσαμην and ἐθυμώθη: pf. τεθύμωμαι:—to be wroth or angry: to be wild or restive; τὸ θυμώμενον, passion.

θυμώδης, *es*, = θυμοειδής.

θυμωθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of θυμώ.

θυμώμα, *atos*, τό, (θυμώ) wrath, passion. [ῥ]

θύνω, = θύνω.

θυνηάζω, *f. ἄσω*, (θύννος) to spear a tunny-fish: to strike with a harpoon.

θύνηλος, *a, ov*, (θύνης) of the tunny-fish.

θυνηντικός, ἦ, ὄ, *ov*, *fit* for tunny-fishing. From

θύννος, ὄ, (θύνω, θύω) the tunny-fish, Lat. *ibunnus*.

θυνησκοπέω, *f. ἦσω*, to watch for tunnies. From θυνηνο-σκόπος, *ov*, (θύννος, σκοπέω) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

θυνην-ώδης, *es*, (θύννος, εἶδος) like a tunny-fish, simple.

θύνηνος, Dor. for θύννηνος, acc. pl. of θύννος.

θύνω, (θύω B) to rush or dart along. [ῥ]

θύσο-δόκος, *ov*, (θύς, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

θύσος, *es*, *ev*, (θύς) laden with incense, fragrant.

θύσων, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θύια.

θύσονται, Dor. 3 pl. of θύω. 2. dat. sing. of part. θύων.

θύσος, *eos*, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering.

θύσο-κέω, (θύς, κέω = καίω) to offer burnt-sacrifices.

Hence

θύσοκόος, *ov*, ὄ, the sacrificing priest.

θύσώ, *f. ἄσω*, (θύς) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass.

ἐλαιον τεθυωμένον fragrant oil.

ΘΥΡΑ Ion. θύρη, ἦ, Germ. THUR, our DOOR;

θύρη ἐπιθῆναι to put to the door, opp. to ἀνακλί- νειν; κόπτειν, κρούειν θύραν, Lat. *januam pulsare*, to knock at the door; ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις at the doors, i. e. close at hand. 2. the door of a carriage. 3.

θύρη καταπακτήη a trap-door. II. generally, an entrance, access. III. boards put together like a door, a frame, raft. Hence

θύραζε, for θύρασδε, Adv. to the door, outside the door: then like Lat. *foras*, out; ἐκ μῆρου δόρου ὡσε θύραζε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύραθεν Ep. -ῆθε, (θύρα) Adv. from without, with- out, outside; οἱ θύραθεν foreigners, aliens.

θύραῖος, *a, ov*, also *os, ov*, (θύρα) outside the door, abroad; θυραῖος οἰχνεῖν to go out of the door; θυραῖος ἐλθεῖν to come from abroad; ἄνδρες θυραῖοι stranger men; ὄλβος θυραῖος the good fortune of other men.

θύρασι, -σι, Adv. (θύρα) at the door, outside the door, abroad, Lat. *foris*.

θύραυλιέω, to be out of doors, live in the air. And

θύραυλία, ἦ, a living out of doors. From

θύρ-αυλος, *ov*, (θύρα, αἰλή) living out of doors or in the open air, keeping the field.

θύρ-ᾶσπις, *idos*, ἦ, (θυρεός, ἄσπις) a large shield.

θύρῶς, ὄ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door to keep it shut. II. a large oblong shield, Lat. *scutum*.

θύρῆτρον, τό, = θύρα, a door. [ῥ]

θύρη, ἦ, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα.

θύρηθε, Adv., Ep. for θύραθεν.

θύρηφι, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. outside, without.

θύρίδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket.

θύρίς, *idos*, ἦ, Dim. of θύρα, a small door: window.

θύροκοπέω, *f. ἦσω*, to break a door open. From

θύρο-κόπος, *ov*, (θύρα, κόπτω) knocking at the door, esp. for alms.

θύρῶ, *f. ἄσω*, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar close.

θυρσάζω, Lacon. inf. θυρσαδδοᾶν, (θύρσος) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

θυρσο-μᾶνής, ἐς, (θύρσος, μανῆναι) raving with the thyrsus.

θύρσος, ὁ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τὰ, (θύω) any light, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in ivy and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

θυρσοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to bear the thyrsus; θ. θιάσους to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, ον, (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing.

θυρσο-χαρής, ἐς, (θύρσος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρμα, ατος, τό, (θυρώ) a room with doors to it. II. a door with its frame.

θύρῳ, ἄνω, ὁ, (θύρα) the door-way: a ball, antechamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

θύρῳρος, ὁ, ἡ, (θύρα, ῥα) a door-keeper, porter.

θύσαι, aor. I inf. of θύω.

θύσανόεις Ep. θυσσ-, εσσα, εν, tasseled, fringed. From

θύσανος, ὁ, (θύω) a tassel, tuft, or tag: in pl. tassels, fringe: esp. of the αἰγίς. [ῥ]

θύσανωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (θυσανώ) tasseled, fringed.

θύσθα, ἄν, τὰ, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bacchic worship: Bacchic worship.

θύσια, ἡ, (θύω) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing: in pl. θυσίαι, sacrifices: II. the victim itself.

θύσιαστήριον, τό, (θύσια) an altar.

θύσιμος, ον, (θύω) fit for sacrifice. [ῥ]

θυσσανόεις, εσσα, εν, Ep. for θυσανόεις.

θυστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) of or for sacrifice, sacrificial; θυστάς βοή the cry uttered in sacrificing; θυστάδες

λιταί the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

·θυῶ, Dor. fut. of θύω.

θυτέον, verb. Adj. of θύω, one must sacrifice.

θυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θύω) a sacrificer, slayer. Hence

θυτήριον, τό, =θύμα.

θύψαι, ὄψω, aor. I inf. and fut. of τύψω.

ΘΥΩ (A), fut. θύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐθύσα: pf. θέθυκα:

—Med., fut. θύσομαι, also used in pres. sense:—Pass., aor. I ἐτίθην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι, also used in med. sense:

—to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., θύειν θεοῖς to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with sacrifices, γάμους θύειν; εὐαγγέλια θύειν ἑκατον βοῦς to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hundred oxen. II. Med. to have a victim slain: hence to take the auspices.

ΘΥΩ (B), f. θύσω [ῥ], like θύνα, θυνέω, of any violent motion, to rush on or along, dart along: generally, to storm, rage.

θύ-ώδης, ἐς, (θύος, εἶδος) like incense, sweet-smelling.

θύμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) that which is burnt as incense, in pl. spices.

θῶ, θῆς, θῆ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θῶή, ἡ, (τίθημι) a penalty; θῶή Ἀχαιῶν a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

θῶκέω, Ion. for θακέω, to sit. From

θάκος, Ep. lengthd. θόκος, ὁ, Ion. for θᾶκος, a seat, chair.

II. a sitting, assembly; θᾶκόνδε to be sitting.

θάμα, θωμάζω, θωμάσιος, Ion. for θανμ-.

ΘΩΜΙΞ, ἱγος, ὁ, a cord, string, esp. a bowstring.

θωμίσιω, f. ξω, to whip with small cords, scourge.

θάμισυ, by crasis for τὸ ἡμισυ, the half.

θωμός, ὁ, (τίθημι) a bear.

θωπεία, ἡ, (θωπέω) a flattering, flattery.

θόπευμα, ατος, τό, (θωπέω) a piece of flattery, a caress.

θωπευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of θόπευμα, a bit of flattery.

θωπέω, f. σω, (θῶψ) to flatter, fawn on, cajole, wheedle.

θωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θῶψ) fawning, flattering.

θῶπλα, crasis for τὰ ὄπλα.

θῶπτω, f. ψω, =θωπέω.

θωρᾶκειον, τό, (θώραξ) a breastwork.

θωρᾶκίζω, f. ἴσω, (θώραξ) to arm with breastplate. II. generally, to seat in armour, cover with armour.

θωρᾶκο-ποιός, ὄν, (θώραξ, ποιέω) making breastplates.

θωρᾶκο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θώραξ, φέρω) wearing a breastplate, a cuirassier.

θώραξ, ἄκος, Ion. θῶρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, a breastplate, cuirass; διπλός θῶρηξ a double cuirass, consisting of breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lorica.

2. the part covered by the breastplate, the chest. II. the breastwork of a wall: also the strong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφόρος.

θωρηκτής, οὔ, ὁ, (θωρήσσω) armed with breastplate or cuirass.

θῶρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. and Ep. for θώραξ.

θωρήξαι, aor. inf. of sq.

θωρήξομεν, I pl. fut. of θωρήσσω; but also Ep. for θωρήξωμεν, aor. I subj.

θωρήσσω, f. ξω, (θώραξ) to arm with a breastplate or cuirass, generally, to arm, harness:—Pass. θωρήσσομαι, f. -ξύμαι: aor. I ἐθωρήχθην: to arm oneself, put one's armour on. II. in Act. also, in Ion. and Poets, to make drunk:—Med. to get drunk. Hence

θωρηχθεῖς, θωρηχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. ΘΩΞ, θωός, ὁ or ἡ, the jackal.

θωϊκτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θωΐσσω) a barker, roarer.

θῶμα, θωμάκιον, θωμάσιος, θωμάστης, θωμαστός, less correct Ion. forms for θῶμα, θωμάζω, etc.

θῶσσω, f. ξω, of a dog, to bark, bay, growl; of a gnat, to buzz, hum: generally, to cry aloud, shout out:—c. acc., to call on, call.

ΘΩΨ, gen. θωπός, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner, cajoler.

I

Ι, ι ἰ ὀτα, τό, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alphabet. As numeral, ι' = 10, but ι = 10,000.

The *i subscriptum* was always *adscriptum* or written by the side, not under (as τῶι, not τῶ), till the 13th century. In Capitals it is still so written, as ΤΩΙ.

Ἰ was easily exchanged with εἰ, whence forms like εἶλω ἴλλω, εἶλη ἴλη: Ἰ was sometimes exchanged with ε, as ἐστία ἰστῆ: but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in εἶν εἰς ξείνος κενός διαί παρά for ἐν ἐς ξένος κενός διά παρά.

The Quantity of *i* varies.

—*i*, *iota demonstrativum*, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e. g. οὔτοσί, αὐτῆ, τούτι, Latt. *bicee, haecce, bocce, ecceinosi, odī, toutoγί*, etc.: also demonstr. Advs., as οὔτωσί, ὠδί, ἐνθαδί. Those that end in *σι* take the *ν* ἐφελκυστικόν before a vowel, as οὔτωσίν, ἐκκεινοσίν, οὔτωσίν. In all these, the last syll. is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult. is shortened, e. g. αὐτῆ, οὔτωί.

ἸΑ' Ion. ἰή, ἦ, = βόη, a voice, cry.

ἰα, ἰησ, ἰῆ, ἰαν, old Ion. fem. of εἶς for μία, μίας, etc.

ἰά, τά, irreg. pl. of ἰός, an arrow. [Ὶ]

ἰα, τά, pl. of ἰόν, a violet.

ἰαί, exclam. of triumph.

ἰαθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἰάομαι.

ἰαίβοι, strengthd. form of αἰβοί, to express disgust.

ἸΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἰανῶ: aor. Ἰῆνα: aor. ἰ pass. ἰάνθη: —to warm, heat. 2. to melt, soften by heat: metaph., θυμὸν ἰαίνειν to melt the heart. 3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing.

Ἰακάζω, (Ἰακχος) to raise the cry of Iacchus.

Ἰακχώ, f. ἦσω, = Ἰακάζω.

Ἰακχος, ὁ, (ἰάω) Iacchus, mystic name of Bacchus, as the god of shouting and revelry. 2. the Bacchanalian shout.

ἰάλεμος Ion. ἰηλ—, f. ἰσω, (ἰάλεμος) to bewail. Hence

ἰαλεμίστρια Ion. ἰηλ—, ἦ, a wailing woman.

ἰάλεμος [ᾗ] Ion. ἰήλεμος, ὁ, (ἰά) a wail, lament, dirge. II. as Adj. melancholic, plaintive.

ἰάλλω, f. ἰάλλω: aor. Ἰῆλα, inf. ἰῆλαι:—to send forth; ἐπ' οὐέιατα χεῖρας ἰάλλον they put forth their hands to the dishes; περὶ χεῖρὶ δεσμών ἰηλα Ἰ put chains on thy hands. 2. to attack, assail; ἀτιμήσω ἰάλλειν τινά to assail one with insults. 3. to send. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to send oneself on, to flee, run, hurry. [Ὶ] Hence

ἰαλτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched.

ἰάμα Ion. ἰημα, ατος, τό, (ἰάομαι) a means of healing, treatment, remedy.

ἰαμβέιος, ον, (ἰαμβος) in iambics; τὸ ἰαμβεῖον iambic verse.

ἰαμβιάζω, f. ἰσω, and ἰαμβίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἰαμβος), to assail in iambics: generally, to lampoon.

ἸΑΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long. syll., as ἐγῶ. II. an iambic verse, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the sarcastic writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

Ἰάν, ὁ, pl. Ἰάνες, contr. for Ἰάων, Ἰάοες, an Ionian. ἰάνθη, aor. ἰ pass. of ἰαίνω.

ἸΑ'ΟΜΑΙ: fut. ἰάσομαι Ion. ἰήσομαι: aor. ἰ ἰασάμην Ion. ἰσάμην: Dep.:—to heal, cure: metaph. to remedy, heal, correct. II. aor. ἰ ἰάθη [ᾗ], and pf. ἰάμαι, in pass. sense, to be healed, to recover.

Ἰαοναῦ, barbarism for the vocat. of Ἰάων.

Ἰάοες, pl. of Ἰάων.

ἸΑ'ΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; ἰάπτειν ὀρχήματα to begin the dance. 2. to assail, handle roughly, hurt. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to rusb, hurry, speed.

ἸΑ'ΠΤΕ Ion. Ἰῆπυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, the north-west or west-north-west wind.

Ἰάσ, ἄδος, ἦ, Adj. fem. of Ἰαν, Ionic. II. as Subst. (sub. γυνή), an Ionian woman. 2. (sub. γλῶσσα or διάλεκτος), the Ionic dialect.

ἰασί, 3 pl. pres. of εἰμι ἰδο.

ἰασί, for ἰεασί, 3 pl. of ἴημι.

ἰάσμος, ον, (ἰάομαι) admitting of cure, remediable: —appeasable.

ἰάσις Ion. ἰησις, εως, ἦ, (ἰάομαι) a cure, remedy.

ἸΑΣΠΙΣ, ἰδος, ἦ, a precious stone, jasper.

Ἰαστί, Adv. (Ἰάς) in the Ionic fashion or dialect.

Ἰασώ, gen. ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἦ, (ἰάομαι) Ἰασώ, the goddess of healing and health.

ἰατήρ Ep. ἰητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ἰατρός, a chirurgeon, surgeon, leech, physician. [Ὶ]

ἰάτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἰάομαι.

ἰατορία, ἦ, (ἰάτωρ) the art of medicine.

ἰατός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) curable.

ἰατρεῖον, τό, (ἰατήρ) a surgery.

ἰατρικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἰατρός) of or for the art of healing: ἦ ἰατρική (sub. τέχνη), surgery, the art of healing.

ἰατρό-μαντις, εως, ἦ, (ἰατρός, μάντις) the physician-seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

ἰατρός Ion. ἰητρός, ὁ, (ἰάομαι) = ἰατήρ, a surgeon, leech, physician: metaph., ἰατρός κακῶν, ὀργῆς, etc., a bealer.

ἰατρο-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, (ἰατρός, τέχνη) a practiser of the healing art.

ἰατῖται, ἰατῖταιάξ, Interj. ab, woe is me!

ἰάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. ἰητωρ, poet. for ἰατρός. [Ὶ]

ἰαῦ, a shout in answer, bo! bolla!

ἰανοί, exclamation of joy, bo! bo! [Ὶ]

ἰανύ, f. σω: aor. ἰ ἰανσα: (ἀνώ):—to sleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place:—ἰαίνειν πόδα to rest the foot.

ἰ-ἀφέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἰός, ἀφήμι) an archer. [Ὶ]

ἰάφθη, aor. ἰ pass. of ἰάπτω.

ἰαχάος, α, ον, (ἰαχή) glad-sounding.

ἰαχῶ, f. ἦσω, = ἰάχω, to shout, cry aloud.

ἰαχή, ἦ, (ἰάχω) a cry, shout: a wail, shriek: generally, any loud sound. [Ὶ]

ἰάχημα, ατος, τό, (ἰαχέω) a cry, shout. [Ὶ]

ἰάχω, f. ἰαχῆσω: pf. ἰαχα, fem. part. ἰαχυία: (ἰά):

—to cry, shout, either in sign of joy or lamentation: c. acc. to sound, proclaim.

II. of things, to resound, reecho; of the waves, to roar; of hot iron in water, to hiss. [ἰά]

Ἰάων, *onos*, δ, Ep. for Ἰαν, an Ionian.

ἴβις, gen. Ion. ἴβιος Att. ἰβιδος, acc. ἴβιν, ἡ, the *ibis*, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, of the stork kind.

ἸΓΔΗ or ἰγῆς, ἡ, a mortar.

ἰγμαί, part. ἰγμένος, pf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰγνύη, ἡ, (γόνυ) the *bellow* or *binder* part of the knee, Lat. *popes*. [ῆ]

ἰγνύς, ὄσος [ῆ], ἡ, = ἰγνύη, acc. ἰγνύα or ἰγνύν.

Ἰδα Ion. Ἰδη, ἡ, *Ida*, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy: also another in Crete.

II. a *thick wood*, *wood*, *copse*. 2. *timber*; ἰδη ναυπηγήσιμος *timber* for ship-building. [ῆ]

ιδάλιμος, *ov*, (ἰδος) *causing sweat*.

ιδέ, Ion for ἡδέ, *and*. [ῆ]

ἰδε or ἰδέ, imperat. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω, *lo*, *behold*. [ῆ]

ἰδε, Ep. 3 sing. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῆ]

ἰδέα Ion. -ἦ, ἡ, (ἰδέν) *form*. 2. generally, the *look* or *appearance* of a thing, as opp. to its reality, Lat. *species*. 3. a *nature*, *kind*, *sort*; a *way*, *manner*, *fashion*. [ῆ]

ἰδέειν Ep. ἰδέειν, inf. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδέσθαι, inf. med. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδεσκον, Ion. for εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῆ]

ἰδω, Ion. subj. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδηαι, Ep. 2 sing. of εἰδόμεν, aor. 2 med. of *εἶδω. [ῆ]

ἰδησώ, for εἰδησώ, Dor. fut. of *εἶδω. [ῆ]

ἰδία, v. sub ἴδιος.

ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίτατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἴδιος, formed from ἰδία.

ἰδιο-βουλευώ, f. σα, (ἴδιος, βουλευώ) *to follow one's own counsel*, *take one's own way*.

ἸΔΙΟΣ, a, *ov*, Att. also *os*, *ov*: *one's own*, *personal*, *private*, Lat. *privus*, *privatus*: opp. to public (δημόσιος). 2. *one's own*, opp. to ἀλλότριος; τὸ ἴδιον or τὰ ἴδια *private property* or *concerns*. 3. *peculiar*, *separate*, *distinct*: hence *strange*. II. dat.

ἰδία is used as Adv. *privately*, opp. to δημοσίᾳ; ἰδία φρενός *away from one's senses*. 2. *on one's own account*. III. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδαιτάτος (formed from ἰδία).

ἰδιο-συγκρίσια, ἡ, (ἴδιος, συγκρίνω) a *peculiar temperament* or *habit of body*, *idiosyncrasy*.

ἰδῖω, f. ἰσώ [ῆ]: aor. I ἰδίσα:—*to sweat*: *to sweat* with fear: in Prose usually ἰδρώ.

ἰδίως, Adv. of ἴδιος, *privately*.

ἰδιωτεία, ἡ, (ἰδιώτης) *private life*, a *business*.

ἰδιωτεύω, f. σω, *to live* as a *private man*. II. *to be without professional knowledge*, *be a layman*. From

ἰδιώτης, *ov*, δ, (ἴδιος) a *private person*, *one in a private station*, opp. to στρατηγός, a *private soldier*: also an *individual*, opp. to πόλις. II. *one who has no professional knowledge*, a *layman*, opp. to one

who has; ἰατρός καὶ ἰδιώτης a *mediciner* or an *unprofessional man*; ποιητής ἢ ἰδιώτης a *poet* or a *prose-writer*: c. gen. rei, *unskilled* or *unversed* in a thing. 2. an *ill-informed*, *common-place fellow*.

III. ἰδιώται *one's countrymen*, opp. to ξένοι. Hence

ἰδιωτικός, ἡ, *ov*, *of or for a private man*, *private* or *personal*, opp. to public. 2. *commonplace*, *trivial*, *awkward*.

ἰδμεν, Ion. and Dor. for ἴσμεν, I pl. of ἰδα. II. Ep. for εἶδεναι, inf. of ἰδα.

ἰδμεναι, Ep. for εἶδεναι, inf. of ἰδα.

ἰδμοσύνη, ἡ, *knowledge*, *skill*. From ἰδμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (ἰδμεναι = εἶδεναι) *practised*, *skilled*, *versed* in a thing.

ἸΔΝΟ Ω, f. ὄσω, *to crook*, *bend*:—Pass. *to double oneself up*, *write*, esp. for pain.

ἰδνώθη, aor. I pass. of ἰδνώω.

ἰδοῖατο, Ion. for ἰδοῖντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of *εἶδω.

ἰδοῖσα, Dor. for ἰδοῖσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of *εἶδω.

ἰδων, Ep. for εἶδον, I sing. and 3 pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἸΔΟΣ, *eos*, τό, *sweat*, *perspiration*. 2. *violent heat*. ἰδοῦ, imperat. med. of εἶδω. II. as Adv. written

ἰδοῦ, lo! *behold!* *see there!* in giving a thing, *there!* *see there!* 2. *well!* as you please! 3. ironically in repeating another's words, ἰδοῦ γ' ἀκρατον, *yes to be sure*, *sheer wine*.

ἰδρεία Ion. ἰδρεῖα or ἰδρεῖα [ῆ], ἡ, (ἴδρις) *knowledge*, *practice*, *skill*; ἰδρεῖα πολέμοιο *skill* in war.

ἴδρις, gen. ἴδριος Att. ἴδρεως, δ, ἡ, neut. ἴδρι, (ἰδμεναι = εἶδεναι) *experienced*, *skilful*: as Subst., ἴδρις the *provident creature* = μύρμηξ, the ant.

ἰδρός, δ, poet. for ἰδρώς. [ῆ] Hence

ἰδρώ, f. ὄσω, *to sweat*, *perspire*, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like ῥιγώω, is contracted into ω and φ instead of ον and οι (as if it were ἰδράω), hence 3 pl. pres. ἰδρῶσι, 3 sing. opt. ἰδρῶη, fem. part. ἰδρῶσα.

ἰδρύμα, τό, (ἰδρύω) a *thing founded*, *built*: a *temple*, a *statue*, *image*; ἰδρύμα πόλεως the *stay*, *support* of the city, like Lat. *column* *rerum*.

ἰδρῦθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἰδρύω.

ἰδρῦτέον, verb. Adj. of ἰδρύω, *one must found*, *establish*: *one must inaugurate* a statue. II. pass. οὐχ ἰδρῦτέον *one must not sit still*, *loiter*.

ἰδρύω, f. ὄσω [ῆ]: aor. I ἰδρῶσα:—Pass., aor. I ἰδρῶθη [ῆ] not ἰδρῶθη: pf. ἰδρῶμαι: (ἴζω):—Causal of ἔζομαι, *to make* to *sit down*; ἰδρῶσαι στρατῆρην *to encamp* an army:—Pass. *to be seated*, *sit still*: pf. part. pass. ἰδρῦμένος *firmly seated*, *steady*, *secure*. II. *to fix*, *found*, *establish*: *to set up* statues, *dedicate* temples:—Med., with pf. pass., ἰδρῶμαι, *to found* or *set up* for oneself. III. *to fix*, *settle*, *establish* persons in a place; Ἀρη ἐμφύλιον ἰδρῶσαι *to give footing* to, *introduce*, *intestine war*:—pf. pass. ἰδρῶμαι, *to be placed*, *situated*; ἰδρῶσθαι εἰς τόπον *to settle* in a place:—Med. *to found* or *establish* for oneself.

ἰδρῶ, ἰδρῶ, Ep. for ἰδρῶτα, ἰδρῶτι, acc. and dat. of ἰδρῶς.

ἰδρῶην, opt. of ἰδρῶς.

ἰδρῶς, ὤτος, ὄ: Ep. dat. and acc. ἰδρῶ, ἰδρῶ: (ἴδος): sweat, perspiration. 2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum.

II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.

ἰδρῶσαι, pres. part. fem. of ἰδρῶ.

ἰδυία, ἡ, Ep. for εἰδυία, part. fem. of οἶδα (v. *εἶδω), always in phrase ἰδυῖσαι πραπίδεςσιν, with knowing, sensible heart.

ἰδω Ep. ἰδωμι, aor. 2 subj. of *εἶδω.

ἰδῶν, ἰδῶσα, aor. 2 part. of *εἶδω.

ἰε, ἔν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἰε, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of ἔημι (as if from ἰέω).

ἰέτη, Ep. for ἰοί, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἰείς, ἰεῖσα, ἰέν, pres. part. of ἔημι.

ἰεῖσι, 3 pl. of ἔημι.

ἰεμαι, pres. pass. and med. of ἔημι.

ἰέμεν, ἰέμεναι, Ep. for ἰέναι, inf. of ἔημι.

ἰέμενος, η, ον, pres. part. pass. of ἔημι.

ἰέν, Aeol. for ἰέσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἔημι.

ἰέναι, pres. inf. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἰέναι, pres. inf. of ἔημι.

ἱεραῖκος, ὄ, Dim. of ἱεράξ, a small hawk.

ἹΕΡΑΞ, ἄκος, Ion. ἱεράξ contr. ἱρηξ, ηκος, ὄ, a hawk, falcon.

ἱεράομαι Ion. ἱρ-, Pass. (ἱερός) to be a priest or priestess.

ἱεράτεία, ἡ, (ἱερατεία) the priest's office, priesthood.

ἱεράτευμα, ατος, τό, (ἱερατεῦμα) the priesthood, body of priests.

ἱεράτευμα, f. σα, (ἱερεύς) to be priest or priestess.

ἱεραία Ion. ἱραία, ἡ, fem. of ἱερεύς, a priestess.

ἱερεῖον Ion. ἱερήϊον or ἱρήϊον, τό, (ἱερός) a victim, sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal.

ἱερεύς, ἔως Ion. ἱρεύς, ἦος, ὄ, (ἱερός) a priest, sacrificer.

ἱερέντο, for ἱερεύετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἱερεύω Ion. ἱρεύω, f. σα, (ἱερός) to offer, sacrifice.

2. to kill, slaughter. II. intr. to be a priest.

ἱερή, ἡ, = ἱεραία.

ἱερήϊον, τό, Ion. for ἱερεῖον.

ἱερία, ἡ, Att. poet. form of ἱεραία.

ἱερο-γλυφικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἱερός, γλύφω) hieroglyphic, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters.

ἱερο-γραμματεύς, ἔως, ὄ, (ἱερός, γραμματεύς) a sacred scribe, one of a lower order of the Egyptian priesthood.

ἱερο-δόκος, ον, (ἱερόν, δέχομαι) receiving sacrifices.

ἱερό-θύτος, ον, (ἱερός, θύω) sacrificed to a god; ἱερόθυτος καπνός smoke from the sacrifices.

ἱερο-λογία, (ἱερός, λέγω) to discuss sacred things.

ἱερο-λογία Ion. ἱερολογία, ἡ, mystic language.

ἱερο-μηνία, ἡ, or ἱερο-μήνια, τά, (ἱερός, μήν or μῆνη) the holy moon, or the holy-day of the month.

ἱερομνημονέω, f. ἦσω, to be ἱερομνήμων.

ἱερο-μνήμων, ονος, ὄ, (ἱερός, μνήμων) mindful of

sacred things. II. Subst. the sacred recorder sent by each Amphictyonic state to their Council along with the πύλαγορας.

ἱερόν, τό, v. ἱερός II.

ἱερο-νίκης, ον, ὄ, (ἱερός, νικάω) conqueror in the games.

ἱερο-ποῖος, ὄν, (ἱερός, ποιέω) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the ἱεροποιοί were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the victims were without blemish.

ἱερο-πρεπής, ἔς, (ἱερός, πρέπω) beseming a holy place, person or matter: v. ἱερός, reverend.

ἹΕΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν: Ion. and Ep. also ἱρός, ἡ, ὄν:—of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. 2.

holy, hallowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; ἱερός καὶ ὄσιος; sacred and profane; v. sub ὄσιος. II. as

Subst.: 1. ἱερόν Ion. ἱρόν, τό, a temple. 2.

ἱερά Ion. ἱρά, τά, offerings, sacrifices, victims: ἱερά βέξειν, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspices: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. sacra. III. special phrases: 1. ἱερά νόσος, the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob. the epilepsy. 2. ἡ ἱερά ὁδός, the sacred road to Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusis. 3. ἡ ἱερά τρήρης the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos.

ἱερό-στεπτος, ον, (ἱερόν, στέφω) wreathed in holy fashion.

ἱεροσῦλλω, f. ἦσω, (ἱερόσυλος) to rob a temple, steal sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence

ἱεροσῦλλα, ἡ, temple-robbery, sacrilege.

ἱερό-σῦλος, ον, (ἱερόν, σὺλάω) robbing temples, sacrilegious: as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. sacrilegus.

ἱεουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἱεουργός) to perform sacred rites; ἱεουργεῖν τὸ εὐαγγέλιον to minister the gospel.

Hence ἱεουργία Ion. ἱεοργία, ἡ, religious service, worship, sacrifice.

ἱε-ουργός, ὄν, (ἱερός, ἔργον) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.

ἱεροφαντέω, f. ἦσω, to be an initiating priest. From ἱερο-φάντης Ion. ἱρ-, ον, ὄ, (ἱερός, φαίνω) one who expounds sacred things: an initiating priest. Hence

ἱεροφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an initiating priest. Adv. -κῶς.

ἱερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, (ἱερός, φύλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedituus. [v]

ἱερό-χθων Ion. ἱρ-, ὄ, ἡ, (ἱερός, χθών) of hallowed soil.

ἱερόω, f. ὦσω, (ἱερός) to hallow, dedicate.

ἱερό-ῶνυμος, ον, (ἱερός, ὄνομα) of holy name.

ἱεροσῦτη, (ἱερός) Adv. in holy manner, piously.

ἱεροσύνη Ion. ἱρ-, ἡ, (ἱερός) the office of priest, priesthood: a priest's salary.

ἱεσθη, 3 dual impf. med. of ἔημι.

ἱεῦ, an ironical exclamation, Lat. hui!

ἱζάνω, (ἴζω) Causal, to make to sit, seat. II.

intr. to sit. 2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἴζω, impf. ἴζον Ion. ἴζεσκον: for the aor. I, v. εἶσα: later fut. ἴζῃσω, aor. I ἴζῃσα: I. Causal, to make to sit: see εἶσα. II. intr. to sit, sit down; ἴζειν ἐς ὄρθρον to take one's seat: ἴζειν of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still:—Pass. ἴζομαι also occurs in same sense; ἴζεσθαι ἐν τῷ Τηρυγέτῳ or ἐς τὸ Τηρυγέτον to take post at Taygetus. 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἰή, io! exclam. of joy. [ἴ?] ἰή, ἦ, Ion. for ἰά, voice, sound. ἰήσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἰή) *wailing, mournful, plaintive*; ἰήσιος βοά a cry of woe. II. epith. of Apollo, the god invoked with the cry ἰή.

ἰήλα, inf. ἰήλαι, aor. I of ἰάλλω. ἰήλεμος, ἰηλεμίζω, ἰηλεμίστρια, Ion. for ἰάλεμα. ἴημα, τό, = ἴαμα.

ἴημι, ἴης, ἴησι, 3 pl. ἰᾶσι or ἰεῖσι; imperat. ἴει; subj. ἰῶ; opt. ἰέην; inf. ἰέναι Ep. ἰέμεναι or ἰέμεν; part. ἰεῖς:—impf. ἴην, Aeol. 3 pl. ἴεν:—fut. ἴησω:—aor. I ἴηκα Ep. ἔηκα:—aor. 2 ἴη, of which the ind. is only used in compds.; imperat. ἔς, subj. ᾧ, opt. εἴην, inf. εἶναι, part. εἶς:—pf. εἶκα; plqpf. εἶκειν. Pass. and Med., pres. ἴεμαι; impf. ἰέμην: aor. I pass. ἔθην, also εἶθην: aor. I med. ἠκάμην: aor. 2 med. εἴμην or ἔμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι; plqpf. εἶμην. Causal of εἶμι (ibo), to make to go, set agoing: hence 1. to send, send away, let go, dismiss. 2. of sounds, to send forth, utter, emit. 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, send, let fly, throw, hurl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that ἴημι is seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. 4. of water, to let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμοὺς ἐπὶ γαῖαν ἴησιν the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall: metaph., κἀδ δὲ κάρητος ἦκε κόμας she let her hair flow down from her head. 5. generally, to put, place. II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. ἰέμενος, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. ἔντο is used by Homer only in phrase ἐπὶ πόσιος καὶ ἐπιτησίος ἐξ ἔρον ἔντο, when they had put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of meat and drink.

ἴηνα, aor. I of ἰάνω. ἴη-παίηων, ovos, ὄ, epith. of Apollo from the cry ἰη παῖάν: also a hymn sung to him. Hence ἰη-παιωνίζω, f. ἴω, to cry ἰη παῖάν or παῖάν! ἰησαορί, Ion. aor. I inf. of ἰάομαι. ἴησι, Ep. for ἴη, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἶμι ibo. ἴησι, 3 sing. pres. ind. of ἴημι. ἰήσιμος, ἴησις, Ion. for ἰασ-.

Ἰησοῦς, οἰ, dat. also οἰ, acc. οἶν, Greek form of the Hebrew *Josbua, Saviour*. ἰητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, Ion. for ἰατήρ. ἰητορίη, ἰητρός, ἰητρω, Ion. for ἰατ-. ἰητ-γενής poet. ἰθαγενής, ἐς, (ἰθός, γένος) of honest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate: of a nation, ge-

nuine, of the good old stock. II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to *ὀρκετά*.

ἸΘΑΚΗ, ἦ, *Ithaca*, the home of Ulysses, an island on the West coast of Greece. Hence

Ἰθακηνεῖς, Adv. to *Ithaca*: and Ἰθακήσιος, α, ov, of *Ithaca*, an *Ithacan*. ἰθέα, ἦ, Ion. fem. for ἰθέα, v. ἰθός [ἴ] ἰθέως, Adv. of ἰθός, directly, straight, Lat. *recta via*. ἰθί, imperat. of εἶμι, come, go, begone:—as Adv. come on! forward!

ἰθμα, ατος, τό, (εἶμι) a step, movement. ἰθύ, neut. of ἰθός, used as Adv., like ἰθέως. ἰθού-δικτης, ov, ὄ, (ἰθός, δικη) giving simple justice. ἰθού-δρόμος, ov, (ἰθός, δραμεῖν) straight-running. ἰθού-θριξ, τρίχος, ὄ, ἦ, (ἰθός, θρίξ) straight-haired, opp. to οὐλόθριξ, woolly-haired. [ἰθ] ἰθυμάχια, ἦ, a fair, stand-up fight. From ἰθού-μάχος, ov, (ἰθός, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and honestly.

ἰθού-voos, ov, (ἰθός, νόος) honest. ἰθύντατα, Ep. Sup. of ἰθέως, most straight, most rightly.

ἰθύνω, f. ἰθῶ: aor. ἴθυνα:—Pass., aor. I ἰθύνθην:—Ion. and Ep. for εὐθύνω, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:—Pass. to become straight or even; τῷ δ' ἰθύνθην they ran even with one another. 2. to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; ἰθύνειν ἵππους, to drive the horses straight:—Pass. of a boat, to be guided, steered. 3. to guide, rule: of a judge, to rectify, correct: also to chastise.

ἰθού-πόρος, ov, (ἰθός, πορεύομαι) going straight on. ἰθού-πτίω, ανος, ὄ, ἦ, (ἰθός, πέτομαι) straight-flying, of an ash spear-shaft. [ἴ]

ἸΘΥΣ, ἰθεῖα, ἰθός, Ion. fem. ἰθέα: Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. εἰθός:—of motion, straight, direct, going straight:—in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. ἰθύτερος, ἰθύτατος:—in Adverbial usage, acc. fem. τῆν ἰθειάν (sub. ὀδόν), straight on, Lat. *recta via*: so, ἐκ τῆς ἰθειῆς, straight-forward, openly. II. as Adv., ἰθός or ἰθί, straight at, straight towards; ἰθός μαχέσασθαι to fight fair, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway. Hence

ἰθός, ὄος, ἦ, Homer only in acc. ἰθύν, an impulse, purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also ἀν' ἰθύν, = ἀν' ὀρθόν, straight upwards. [ἴ]

ἰθού-τενής, ἐς, (ἰθός, τείνω) stretched out, straight. [ἴ] ἰθού-τονος, ov, (ἰθός, τείνω) = ἰθύνεινς.

ἰθού-τρίχες, οἱ, αἱ, plur. from ἰθούθριξ. ἰθού, f. ἰθός: aor. I ἴθουσα: [ῶ] (ἰθός):—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., ἰθουε νεός drove right against the ship.

II. to be eager to do, bent upon doing: hence to desire, purpose.

ἰκανός, ἦ, ὄν, (ικ-έσθαι) besitting, becoming: I. of persons, sufficient, competent, able to do a thing; ἰκανός ἰατρικῆν sufficiently versed in medicine: absol.

considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, sufficient, enough: large or long enough; ἰκανὸν χρόνον a long time; τὸ ἰκανὸν λαμβάνειν to take security or bail, Lat. satis accipere. Hence

ἰκανότης, ητος, ἡ, sufficiency, fitness.

ἰκανῶ, f. ὤσω, to make fit, make sufficient, qualify.

ἰκανῶ [ᾶ], Ep. lengthd. for ἰκαῶ = ἰκνέομαι, only used in pres. and impf., to come: to come to, arrive at, reach: also Med. ἰκανομαι.

ἰκανῶς, Adv. of ἰκανός, sufficiently, Lat. satis; ἰκανῶς ἔχειν to be sufficient: Sup. ἰκανώτατα.

Ἰκάριος, α, ον, (Ἰκάρος) Icarian, name of that part of the Aegaeon sea which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ἰκελος, η, ον, poet. form for εἰκελος, like. [Ὶ] Hence ἰκελόω, f. ὤσω, to make like.

ἰκέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰκέσθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰκεσία, ἡ, (ἰκέτης) the prayer of a suppliant. II. as fem. of ἰκέσιος, a female suppliant.

ἰκέσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἰκέτης) of, for or presiding over suppliants, epith. of Zeus. II. suppliant, supplicating.

ἰκετα-δόκος, ον, (ἰκέτης, δέχομαι) receiving or protecting suppliants.

ἰκετεία, ἡ, = ἰκεσία, q. v.

ἰκετεύμα, ατος, τό, (ἰκετεύω) a mode of supplication.

ἰκετεύσιος, α, ον, proper to be supplicated. From

ἰκετεύω, f. ὤσω: aor. I ἰκέτευσα [i Att., Ὶ Ep.]: (ἰκέτης):—to approach as a suppliant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.

ἰκετήριος, α, ον, (ἰκέτης) of or fit for suppliants. II. ἡ ἰκετηρία (sub. ἐλαία), the olive branch which a suppliant held in his hand.

ἰκέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἰκέσθαι) one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive. II. the protector of the suppliant. Hence

ἰκετήσιος, α, ον, protecting the suppliant, of Zeus.

ἰκέτης, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἰκέτης.

ἰκπαι, Ep. for ἰκπ, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰκμιάω and ἰκμαίνω, to moisten. From

ἸΚΜΑ΄Σ, ἰδος, ἡ, moisture of any kind.

ἰκμενος or ἰκμενος, only in the phrase ἰκμενος οἶρος a fair breeze, (from ἰκνέομαι), a following and so favourable, wind, Lat. ventus secundus.

ἰκνέομαι, lengthd. from ἸΚΩ [Ὶ]: fut. ἴξομαι Dor. ἴξομαι: aor. 2 ἰκόμην: pf. ἴγμαι, part. ἴγμενος:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach. 2. to come as a suppliant (ἰκέτης) to one, to beseech, entreat him.

3. impers. in pres. and impf., it becomes, befits, befits; τοῖς μάλιστα ἰκνέεται whom it most concerns; τὸ ἰκνέμενον that which is fitting, proper.

ἰκνεύνται, Dor. for ἰκνοῦνται, 3 pl. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰκνουμένος Ion. ἰκνεομ-, ἰκνευμ-, Adv. part. pres. of ἰκνέομαι, fittingly, aright.

ἰκοίμαν, Dor. for ἰκοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of ἰκνέομαι. ἸΚΡΙΑ, τά, the half-deck of an Homeric ship: generally, a boarded platform, scaffold, benches.

ἰκταρ, Adv. (ἴκω) at once, close together. II. of Place, close to, hard by, c. gen.

ἰκτήρ, ητος, ὁ, (ἴκω) a suppliant. II. Zeus

ἰκτήρ, the protector of the suppliant.

ἰκτήριος, α, ον, syncop. for ἰκετήριος.

ἰκτίδεις, α, ον, (ἰκτίς) of a weasel, of weasel-skin, in Homer κτίδεις. II. as Subst., ἰκτιδέα, contr.

ἰκτιδῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, weasel-skin.

ἸΚΤΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, a kite, Lat. milvus.

ἸΚΤΥΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, the yellow-breasted marten-cat.

ἰκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἸΚΩ, impf. ἰκον: aor. 2 ἴξον: root of ἰκνέομαι, a form used in Ep. poetry:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach a certain point, whether of Place or Time; τὰ σά γούνα ἰκόμεθα we come to thy knees, in token of supplication (cf. ἰκνέομαι 2, ἰκέτης):—metaph. to reach, arrive at, manhood, old age, etc.; ὕβρις τε βίη τε σιδήρεον οὐρανὸν ἴκει violence and force are reaching even to heaven. 2. conversely of circumstances, conditions; χρεῖᾶ ἴκει me necessity is upon me; ὕπνος, γῆρας, ἰκάνει με come upon or over me.

ἴκωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἴλα, Dor. for ἴλη. [Ὶ]

ἰλαδόν, Adv. (ἴλην) in troops, in bodies, in companies, Lat. turmatim: in abundance. [Ὶ]

ἴλαθι, pres. imperat. of ἴλημι.

ἰλάομαι, Ep. for ἰλάσκομαι.

ἸΛΑΟΣ, ον, Att. ἴλωος, ον, nom. pl. ἴλεφ, neut. ἴλεα:—of gods, propitious, gracious: of men, gracious, kindly, gentle: also cheerful, gay. 2. ἴλωος σοί, (sc. ἔστω ὁ Θεός) God be gracious to thee, i. e. be it far from thee.

ἰλαρία, ἡ, cheerfulness, gaiety. From

ἰλαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἴλαος) cheerful, gay, joyous, mirthful, Lat. hilaris. Adv. -ρῶς. Hence

ἰλαρότης, ητος, ἡ, gaiety, Lat. hilaritas.

ἰλάσκομαι: fut. ἰλάσομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἰλάσσομαι Dor. ἰλάξομαι: aor. I ἰλασάμην: Dep.: (ἴλαος):—to appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods:—but also to conciliate a man. II. to expiate, atone for.

III. aor. I imperat. pass. ἰλάσθητι, in pass. sense, be gracious. Hence

ἰλασμός, ὁ, a means of appeasing: a propitiation, sacrifice. [Ὶ]

ἰλασόμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of ἰλάσκομαι.

ἰλάσσει, Ep. for ἰλάξω, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ἰλάσκομαι.

ἰλαστήριος, α, ον, (ἰλάσκομαι) propitiatory; esp. II. as Subst., ἰλαστήριον, τό, propitiation or the mercy-seat.

ἴλα, Att. neut. pl. of ἴλαος.

ἴλωος, Att. for ἴλαος.

ἴλη or εἴλη Dor. ἴλα, ἡ, (ἴλω, εἴλω) a crowd, band, troop, company. 2. a troop of horse, squadron, Lat. turma, ala, strictly of 64 men: generally, a troop.

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company. 3. at Sparta, a certain division of the youths.

ἴληθι, imperat. of ἴλημι.

ἴληκω, (ἴλαος) to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. ἴληκισσι, and 2 sing. opt. ἴληκούς.

ἴλημι, = ἴληκω, esp. in imperat. ἴληθι Dor. ἰλάθι, be gracious, propitious!

Ἰλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἰλιακός. II. as

Subst. Ἰλιάς, I. (sub. γῆ) the land of Ilium. 2.

(sub. γυνή), a woman of Ilium. 3. (sub. ποίησις),

the Iliad, of Homer.

ἰλιγγιάω, f. σω: aor. I ἰλιγγιάσα:—to have a swimming in the head. From

ἰλιγγος, ὁ, (ἰλλω, εἶλω) a spinning round: a swimming in the head, Lat. vertigo: a swoon. [ῆ]

ἰλιγέ, γργος, ἡ, (ἰλλω) a whirling, whirlpool.

Ἰλιόθεν, Adv. (Ἰλιος) from Troy.

Ἰλιόθι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος, Adv. at Troy.

Ἰλιορ-ραύστης, ὁ, (Ἰλιος, ραίω) destroyer of Troy.

Ἰλιόφι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος.

ἸΛΙΟΣ, ου, ἡ, or Ἰλιον, τό, Ilios or Ilium, the city of Ilius, also called Troy.

ἰλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἰλλω, εἶλω) a rope, band.

ἰλλός, ὁ, (ἰλλω) squinting.

ἸΛΛΩ, v. sub εἶλω.

ἸΛΥΨ, ὄος, ἡ, mud, slime, dirt. [genit. ἰλῶος
Homer, later ἰλῶος.]

ἰμάντεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμάντιος, ἡ, ov, (ἰμάς) of leathern thongs.

ἰμάντιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, πέδη) a leathern band: metaphor. one of the feelers of the polyurus.

ἸΜΑΣ, ἄντος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἰμάσι Ep. ἰμάντεσσι:—a leathern strap or thong; in pl. the straps or harness of a chariot: the thong or lash of a whip. 2. the cestus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps put round the hand: 3. the magic girdle of Aphrodité, Lat. caestus. 4. a lateb, by which the bolt was shot home into the socket: also a shoe-latebet: later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb., ἰμάς κύνειός ἐστι he's as tough as a thong of dogskin.

ἰμᾶσθη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, ἰμάσσω) the thong or lash of a whip, generally a whip. [ῆ].

ἰμᾶσσω, fut. ἰμάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἰμάσα: (ἰμάς):—to flog, scourge: also to smite.

ἰμαπίδαριον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον. [ἰμ-ᾶ]

ἰμαπίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον.

ἰμαπίω, f. ἴω, (ἰμάτιον) to clothe: pf. part. pass. ἰματισμένος, clothed.

ἰματιο-κάπηλος, ὁ, (ἰμάτιον, κάπηλος) a dealer in clothes.

ἰμάτιον, τό, in form only a Dim. of εἶμα, an outer garment, cloak or mantle worn above the χιτῶν, answering to Homer's χλαίνα; ἰμάτια, τά, generally, clothes. II. a cloth.

ἰματι-φυλάκω, f. ἴσω, (ἰμάτιον, φυλακῶ) to take care of clothes.

ἰματισμός, ὁ, (ἰματίω) clothing, apparel. [ῆ]

ἰμείρω Aeol. ἰμέρω, (ἰμερος) to long for, yearn for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. ἰμερόμασι as Dep., with aor. I med. ἰμεράμην, pass. ἰμέρην.

ἰμεν, I pl. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἰμεν, ἰμεναί, Ep. for ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἰμερο-δερκής, ἐς, (ἰμερος, δέρκομαι) looking longingly.

ἰμερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἰμερος) exciting love or desire, lovely, charming.

ἰμερο-θάλης, ἐς, (ἰμερος, τέθηλα) Dor. for ἰμεροθηλῆς sweetly growing or blooming.

ἸΜΕΡΟΣ [ῆ], ὁ, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderium: absol. love, desire.

ἰμέρω, Aeol. for ἰμείρω.

ἰμερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰμερός) longed for, lovely.

ἰμεναί, ποῖθ. for ἰμεναί, ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἰμονία, ἡ, (ἰμός) the rope of a draw-well: acc. ἰμονίαν, absol., a rope's length, i. e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

ἰν, Dor. for ἔ, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

ἸΝΑ, Conjunction:—that, in order that, = ὅπως, Lat. ut: I. with Subj. mood after tenses of present time; ἦκει, ἰν' ὄρης thou art come that thou mayest

2. with Optat. after tenses of past time; Παλλάς ἔδωκε μένος, ἰν' ἐκδηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that he might become conspicuous. 3.

with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; ἰν' ἦν τυφλός in which case he would have been blind. II. ἵνα μή, that not, lest, Lat. ut ne. III. elliptical with other

Particles, ἵνα δῆ, ἵνα περ, ἵνα τι (sub. γένηται); to what end?

Adverb., I. of Place, = ὅπου, Lat. ubi, in what place, where; ἰν' ἐτραφεν ἦδ' ἐγένοντο where they were bred and born: c. gen. loci, ἵνα γῆς, χώρας, etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. = ὅποι, Lat. quo, to what place, whither; ἰν' οἴχεται whither he is gone.

Ἰνδάλλομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (εἰδάλιμος, εἰδάλλομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat., ἰνδάλλετο σφίσι Πηλεΐων he seemed to them like the son of Peleus: absol. to appear, seem.

Ἰνδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰνδός) Indian.

Ἰνδ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Ἰνδός, ὀλέσθαι) the Indian-killer, epith. of Bacchus.

ἸΝΔΟΨ, ὁ, an Indian:—as Adj. = Ἰνδικός, Indian. II. the river Indus.

Ἰνδῶος, α, ov, = Ἰνδικός.

Ἰνες, pl. nom. of ἴς.

ἰνίον, τό, (ἴς) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the head, nape of the neck. [ἰν]

ἸΝΙΣ, ὁ, a son, child.

Ἰνώ, ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, Ino, daughter of Cadmus, afterwards worshipped as a sea-goddess by the name of Leucothea.

ἰνώδης, ἐς, (ἴς, εἶδος) sineuwy, fibrous. [ῆ]

ἕλαλος, *ov*, (from ἀίσσω, as if contracted from ἀίσαλος) epith. of the wild goat, bounding, springing.

ἕσθαι, fut. inf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἕξευτής, οὐ, δ, (ἕξω) a fowler, bird-catcher, snarer.

ἕξω, *f. σω*, (ἕξός) to catch birds by birdlime.

ἕξοβολέω, *f. ἕσω*, to catch birds with lime-twigs. From

ἕξο-βόλος, *ov*, (ἕξός, βάλλω) setting lime-twigs.

ἕξο-εργός, δ, (ἕξός, *εργω) one who uses birdlime, a fowler.

ἕξομαι, fut. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἕξον, *Ep. aor. 2 of ἕκω*.

ἕξοΨ, δ, Lat. VISCUM, misseltoe: also, the misseltoe-berry. II. birdlime prepared from the misseltoe-berry, Lat. viscus.

ἕξο-φορέως, ἕως, δ, (ἕξός, φέρω) bearing misseltoe.

ἕξοΨ, ὄσ, ἡ: dat. ἕξοΨ contr. ἕξοΨ: the waist.

ἕξο-βακχος, δ, (ἕξω, βάκχε) Baccus invoked with the cry of ἕξω:—a song beginning ἕξω βάκχε!

ἕξο-βλέφαρος, *ov*, (ἕξω, βλέφαρον) violet-eyed.

ἕξοβολέω, *f. ἕσω*, to shoot arrows. From

ἕξο-βόλος, *ov*, (ἕξός, βάλλω) shooting arrows.

ἕξο-βόστρυχος, *ov*, (ἕξω, βόστρυχος) dark-haired.

ἕξο-δέτος, *ov*, (ἕξω, δέω) violet-twined.

ἕξο-δόκος, *ov*, (ἕξός, δέχομαι) holding arrows.

ἕξο-ειδής, ἕς, (ἕξω, εἶδος) violet-coloured, of the sea.

ἕξοεις, ἕσσα, *ev*, (ἕξω) violet-coloured, dark.

ἕξοιην, Att. for ἕξομαι, opt. of ἕξω ἰβο.

ἕξοισα, Dor. for ἕξομαι, part. fem. of ἕξω ἰβο.

ἕξομεν, *Ep. for ἕξομεν*, I pl. subj. of ἕξω ἰβο.

ἕξο-μύγης, ἕς, (ἕξός, μύγνη) mixed with poison.

ἕξο-μωρος, *ov*, (ἕξω, μωρός) dark-fated, miserable.

*ἕξοION, τό, the violet, Lat. viola. [ἕ]

ἕξον, *Ep. form of impf. of ἕξω ἰβο*.

ἕξοθάς, ἄδος, ἡ, shaggy, hairy. From

ἕξοθος, δ, the down on the face. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ἕ]

ἕξοῖνος, α, *ov*, (ἕξω) of Io; ἕξοῖνος κόλπος the Æolian sea, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have swum,—not to be confounded with the Æolian sea.

ἕξοίντες, part. pl. of ἕξω.

ἕξο-πλόκαμος, *ov*, (ἕξω, πλόκαμος) with violet locks, dark-haired. [ἕ]

ἕξός [ἕ], δ, with irreg. pl. ἕξά, (ἕξω inf. of ἕξω ἰβο) an arrow.

ἕξοΨ, δ, rust, verdigris, Lat. aerugo.

ἕξοΨ, δ, poison, esp. of serpents.

ἕξω, *iv*, *Ep. for ἕξω*, μία; dat. ἕξω for ἐνί.

ἕξο-στέφανος, *ov*, (ἕξός, στέφανος) violet-crowned.

ἕξοίτης, *πτος*, ἡ, will, resolve; mostly in dat., θεῶν ἕξοίτηι by the will or pleasure of the gods.

ἕξο-τύπης, ἕς, (ἕξός, τυπῆναι) struck by an arrow.

ἕξο, a cry of woe, Lat. *heu!* I seldom, like ἕξω, a cry of joy. [ἕ]

ἕξοδαῖω, *f. σω*, to live as a Jew. From

ἕξοδαῖκός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Jews. Adv. —κώς.

From

ἕξοδαῖος, α, *ov*, of the tribe of Judah: as Subst.: I. a Jew.

2. ἕξοδαία (sc. γῆ) the land of Judaea.

ἕξοδαῖσμός, δ, (ἕξοδαῖος) Judaism.

ἕξοιλίς, ἕδος, ἡ, a red fish.

ἕξοῦλος, *ov*, (οἶλος) down, the first growth of the beard;

ἕξοδὸ κροτάφοισιν ἕξοῦλος the young hair beneath the temples, i. e. the whiskers.

ἕξο-χάειρα, ἡ, (ἕξός, χαιρῶ) delighting in arrows, or

(from χέω) showering arrows.

ἕξο-κάης, ἕς, (ἕξός, καθῆναι) baked in the oven.

ἕξο-λέβης, *πτος*, δ, (ἕξός, λέβης) a boiler, caldron.

ἕξο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἕξός, ποιεῶ) working in an oven or

furnace; as Subst. a potter.

*ἕξοΠΙΝΟΨ, δ, an oven or furnace, Lat. furnus. II. the place of the oven, kitchen. III. a lantern.

ἕξοπος, δ or ἡ, (ἕξομαι) in a mouse-trap, the piece of wood that falls and catches the mouse; generally, a trap; a heavy weight. Hence

ἕξοπῶ, *f. ὦσα*, to press down:—Pass. to be pressed down or crushed; εἰσφοραῖς ἕξοπιμοίς squeezed hard by taxes. [ἕ]

ἕξοπ-αγρέται, ἄν, οἱ, (ἕξοπέως, ἀγείρω) three officers at Lacedaemon, who chose 300 youths to serve as ἕξοπις or body-guard for the kings.

ἕξοπ-ἀγωγός, ὄν, (ἕξοπέως, ἀγω) carrying horses: ἕξοπαγωγός (sub. νῆα) αἰ; transport-ships for horses.

ἕξοπῶμαι, fut. ἕξομαι Dep. (ἕξοπος) to drive or guide a horse, to drive a chariot: later, to ride; ἕξοπάσσειν χάραν to ride over a country. II. as

Pass. of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be broken in.

ἕξοπ-αίχμος, *ov*, (ἕξοπος, αἰχμή) fighting on horseback.

ἕξοπ-ἀλεκτρῦθον, ὄνος, δ, (ἕξοπος, ἀλεκτρυῶν) a horsecock: a gryphon, dragon.

ἕξοπᾶλιδας, *ov*, δ, poet. form for ἕξοπέως.

ἕξοπᾶλά, (ἕξοπος) cry of the knights to each other in comic imitation of the seaman's cry *ρυπαπαλά*.

ἕξοπᾶριον, τό, Dim. of ἕξοπος, a little horse, pony.

ἕξοπ-αρμωστής, οὐ, δ, (ἕξοπος, ἀρμωστής) Lacedaemonian word for ἕξοπᾶρχος.

ἕξοπᾶρχεω, *f. ἕσω*, to be a general of cavalry, to command the cavalry. Hence

ἕξοπᾶρχία, ἡ, the command of the cavalry.

ἕξοπᾶρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for cavalry. From

ἕξοπᾶρχος, and ἕξοπᾶρχης, *ov*, δ, (ἕξοπος, ἀρχω) ruling the horse, epith. of Neptune. II. a general of cavalry; at Athens there were two.

ἕξοπᾶσ, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of ἕξοπέως; ἕξοπᾶσ στολή a riding-dress, horseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub. τάξις), the order of knights: the knights' tax.

ἕξοπᾶσία, ἡ, (ἕξοπᾶζομαι) riding, horse-exercise. 2. chariot-driving.

ἕξοπᾶσιμος, *η, ov*, (ἕξοπᾶζομαι) fit for horses or for riding: easily ridden.

ἕξοπᾶστήρ, ἦρος, and ἕξοπᾶστής, οὐ, δ, (ἕξοπᾶζομαι) a horseman. II. as Adj. fit for riding.

ἕξοπᾶτεία, ἡ, (ἕξοπᾶτεω) horsemanship, riding, driving, esp. racing. II. cavalry.

ἕξοπᾶτεος, α, *ov*, (ἕξοπος) of a horse or horses; ἕξοπᾶτεος λόφος a crest of horse-hair.

ἵππερος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἔρος) *love for horses, a horse-fever.*

ἵππευμα, ατος, τό, (ἵππεύω) *a ride on horseback, expedition in a chariot.*

ἵππεύς, ἕως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἵππος) in Homer, either a driver of horses, charioteer, or the warrior fighting from the chariot. 2. a horseman, rider. II.

at Athens the ἵππεῖς Att. ἱππῆς, *Horsemen or Knights*, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see πεντακοσιομέδμηνοι. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the king's body-guard, but did not serve on horseback; see ἱππαγρέται.

ἵππευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἵππευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a rider, horseman: from

ἵππεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἵππευσα: (ἵππεύω) :—to be a horseman, to ride: metaph. of the wind, Ζεφύρου πνοαῖς ἵππεύσαντος when Zephyr rode with his gales, as in Horace, *Eurus equitavit per undas.* II. to serve on horseback.

ἵππηας, Ep. pl. acc. of ἵππεύς.

ἵππηδόν, Adv. (ἵππος) like a horse. II. like a horseman.

ἵππηέσι, Ep. for ἵππεύσι, pl. dat. of ἵππεύς.

ἵππηλάσιος, α, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαίνω) *fit for riding or driving; ἱππηλασία ὁδός a chariot road.*

ἵππηλάτᾱ, ὁ, Ep. form for ἱππηλάτης.

ἱππηλάτῆω, f. ἦσω, to ride or drive. From

ἵππηλάτης, ον, ὁ, Ep. ἱππηλάτα, (ἵππος, ἐλαίνω) a driver of horses, one who fights from a chariot, epith. of honour, like our *Knight*. [ᾱ]

ἵππηλάτων, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαίνω) *fit for horsemanship or driving.*

ἵππη-ημιολγοί, ὦν, οἱ, (ἵππος, ἀμέλγω) the *Mare-milkers*, a Scythian or Tartar tribe:—as Adj. milking mares.

ἵππη-ἀναξ, ακτος, (ἵππος, ἀναξ) *chief of horsemen.*

ἵππηκός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἀγῶν ἵππηκός a horse or chariot race. II. of or for riding or horsemen, equestrian: skilled in riding.

2. ἦ ἱππηική (sub. τέχνη), *horsemanship, riding.* III. τὸ ἱππηικόν, the cavalry. IV. Adv.—kōs, like a horseman.

ἵππιος, α, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses.

ἵππιο-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππιος, χαίτη) *shaggy with horse-hair.*

ἵππιο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππιος, χάρμη) *one who fights from a chariot.* 2. a horseman, rider.

ἵππιο-βαίμων [ᾱ], ον, gen. ονος, (ἵππος, βαίω) *going on horseback, equestrian.* 2. metaph., ῥήματα ἱπποβάμονα *high-paced words, bombast.*

ἵππο-βάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βαίω) a horseman.

ἵππο-βότης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βύσκα) a feeder of horses: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ἴπποβόται were the knights, nobles.

ἵππο-βοτος, ον, (ἵππος, βίσκαω) *fed on by horses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.*

ἵππο-βουκόλος, ὁ, (ἵππος, βουκόλος) a horsekeeper.

ἵππο-γέρανοι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γέρανος) *crane-cavalry.*

ἵππο-γυῖποι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γυῖψ) *vulture-cavalry.*

ἵππο-δάμοι, ον, (ἵππος, δαμάω) *horse-taming*: as Subst. a tamer of horses.

ἵππο-δάσεια, as fem., without any masc. ἱππόδασις in use, (ἵππος, δασιός) epith. of κόρυς, *thick with horse-hair, with rough horse-hair crest.*

ἵππο-δεσμα, ον, τά, (ἵππος, δεσμός) *reins, a balter.*

ἵππο-δέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, δέω) a balter.

ἵππο-διώκτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. —τας, (ἵππος, διάκω) a driver or rider of horses.

ἵππο-δρομία, ἦ, (ἱππόδρομος) a horse-race or chariot-race. Hence

ἵππο-δρομῶσι, ον, of the horse-race. II. epith. of Poseidon, *delighting in the speed of horses.*

ἵππο-δρομος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δρόμος) a race-course.

ἵππο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δρᾶμῆν) a horse-courier.

ἵπποθεν, Adv. (ἵππος) *forth from the horse.*

ἵπποῦν, Ep. dual gen. of ἵππος.

ἵππο-κάνθαρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κάνθαρος) a horse-beetle, monstrous beetle.

ἵππο-κέλευθος, ον, (ἵππος, κέλευθος) *driving horses*: as Subst. a charioteer, rider.

ἵππο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κένταυρος) a horse-centaur, half-horse half-man.

ἵππο-κομῆ, f. ἦσω, to keep or groom horses; ἱπποκομῆν κάνθαρον to groom one's beetle. From

ἵππο-κόμος, ον, (ἵππος, κομῆ) *keeping or grooming horses.* II. as Subst., ἱπποκόμος, ὁ, a groom, one who attended the Athenian ἵππεῖς in war.

ἵππο-κομος, ον, (ἵππος, κόμη) *decked with horse-hair.*

ἵππο-κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἵππος, κορύσσω) one who is furnished with a horse, a horseman, knight.

ἵππο-κρατέω, f. ἦσω, (ἵππος, κρατέω) to be superior in horse: Pass. to be inferior in horse. Hence

ἵπποκράτῆα, ἦ, *victory in a skirmish of horse.*

ἵππο-κρημνος, ον, (ἵππος, κρημνός) *tremendously steep*; ἱπποκρημνον ῥήμα a neck-breaking word.

ἵππο-κροτος, ον, (ἵππος, κροτέω) *sounding with the tramp of horses.*

ἵππο-λοφος, ον, (ἵππος, λῶφος) *with horse-hair crest.*

ἵππο-μάνης, ἕς, (ἵππο, μανῆναι) *mad for horses*: as Subst., ἱππομανῆς, ἕος, τό, an Arcadian plant, which makes horses mad. 2. an excrescence on the forehead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a tumour which falls from mares.

Hence

ἵππο-μάνια, ἦ, a mad love for horses, racing, etc.

ἵππομάχος, f. ἦσω, (ἱππομάχος) to fight on horseback. Hence

ἱππομάχια, ἦ, a horse-fight, skirmish of horse.

ἵππο-μάχος, ον, (ἵππος, μάχομαι) *fighting on horseback*: as Subst., ἱππομάχος, ὁ, a trooper.

ἵππο-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, νομάω) *driving horses.*

ἵππο-πόλος, ον, (ἵππος, πολόμαι) *busied with horses*: as Subst., ἱπποπόλος, ὁ, a rider or driver of horses.

ἵππο-πόταμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ποταμός) the river-horse of Egypt, *bihorrotamus*: in Herodotus, ἵππος ποταμός.

ἵππος, ὁ, ἡ, a horse, mare, Lat. *equus, equa*: the pl. ἵπποι is the pair of horses in the chariot, and hence also the chariot itself; ἀφ' ἵππων from the chariot; λαός τε καὶ ἵπποι the foot-soldiers and those who fought in chariots; ἵπποι καὶ πεζοὶ horse and foot. II.

ἡ ἵππος, the horse, cavalry, Lat. *equitatus*, always in sing., as, χιλίη ἵππος, a thousand horse. III. ἵππος ποτάμιος the hippopotamus. IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our horsechestnut, horse-lough, v. ἵππο-κρημνος, etc.

ἵππο-σόας, ου, ὅ, (ἵππος, σεώ) driver of horses.

ἵππο-σόος, α, ου, horse-driving.

ἵππο-στάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἵππος, στάσις) a stable: metaphor., Ἀελίου κνεφαία ἵπποστάσις the dark stabling-place of the sun, i. e. the West.

ἵπποσύνη, ἡ, (ἵππος) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of horsemanship. II. the horse of an army, cavalry.

ἵπποσύνης, ης, ου, = ἵππικός.

ἵπποτά, Ep. for ἵππότης.

ἵππότης, ου, ὅ, (ἵππος) a driver or rider of horses, a horseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep. form ἵπποτά, esp. of Nestor. II. as Adj., λέως ἵππότης the horse-folk, horsemen.

ἵππο-τοξότης, ου, ὅ, (ἵππος, τοξότης) a mounted bowman, horse-archer.

ἵπποτροφέω, f. ἦσω, to breed or keep horses. And ἵπποτροφία, ἡ, a breeding or keeping of horses, esp. for racing. From

ἵππο-τρόφος, ου, (ἵππος, τρέφω) horse-feeding: breeding or keeping horses.

ἵππο-τύφια, ἡ, (ἵππος, τύφος) excessive pride.

ἵππου-κρήνη, ἡ, Hippocrene, the horse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

ἵππου-ουρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἵππος, οὐρά) fem. Adj. decked with a horse-tail, with crest of horse-hair.

ἵππο-φόρβιον, τό, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a stable. II. a troop of horses.

ἵππο-φορβός, ὄν, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a horse-keeper, trainer.

ἵππο-χάρμης, ου, ὅ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) = ἵπποχάρμης.

ἵππο-ώδης, ες, (ἵππος, εἶδος) horse-like.

ἵππων, ὠνος, ὅ, (ἵππος) a place for horses, a stable: a halting-place, station.

ἵππωνία, ἡ, a buying of horses. From

ἵππωνέω, f. ἦσω, to buy horses. From

ἵππωνής, ου, ὅ, (ἵππος, ἀνέομαι) a buyer of horses.

ἵπτάμαι, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly.

ἵπτομαι, f. ἴβομαι: (ἵπος): Dep.:—to press hard, oppress: generally, to hurt, harm.

ἱρά, τά, Ion. for ἱερά.

ἱραξ, ἄκος, ὅ, contr. for ἱεραξ, a hawk.

ἱράομαι, Ion. for ἱεράομαι.

ἱρεία, Ion. for ἱερεία.

ἱρεύσκων, Ion. impf. of ἱερεύω.

ἱρεύς, ἦος, ὅ, Ion. for ἱερεύς.

ἱρεύω, Ion. for ἱερεύω.

ἱρήϊον, Ion. for ἱερέϊον.

ἱρήν, ἔνος, ὅ, Ion. for εἱρήν.

ἱρήξ, ἦκος, ὅ, Ion. for ἱεραξ.

ἱρία, Dor. for ἱερεία.

ἱρις, ἰδος, ἡ: acc. ἱριν as well as ἱρίδα:—the rainbow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τέρας μερόπων ἀνθρώπων).

II. impersonated Ἴρις, ἰδος, ἡ, acc. Ἴριν, voc. Ἴρι, Iris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumās (the Wonderer).

ἱρισιν, Ep. for ἱρισιν, dat. pl. of ἱρις.

ἱρο-δρόμος, ὅ, (ἱρός, δραμεῖν) Ion. for ἱεροδρ—, running in the sacred races. [ῖ]

ἱρο-εργία, Ion. for ἱεουργία.

ἱρόν, τό, Ion. for ἱερόν. [ῖ]

ἱρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἱερός. [ῖ]

ἱρο-φάντης, ὅ, Ion. for ἱεροφ—.

ἱρωσύνη, Ion. for ἱερωσύνη, priesthood.

Ἴς, ἡ, gen. ἰνός, acc. ἴνα: pl. nom. ἴνες, dat. ἴνεσι Ep. ἴνεσι:—Lat. *VIS, strenght, force, nerve, etc.* and *sinew*: very freq. in periphr. like βίη, as, ἰς Τηλεμάχου the strong Telemachus. II. a muscle: the neck. [ῖ]

ἴσα, ἴσα, neut. pl. of ἴσος, ἴσος, used as Adv.

ἴσ-ἄγγελος, ου, (ἴσος, ἄγγελος) like an angel.

ἴσ-ἄδελφος, ου, (ἴσος, ἀδελφός) like a brother.

ἴσᾶω, f. ἄσω, (ἴσος) to make equal:—Med. to make or bold equal to another, c. dat.

ἴσᾶμι, Dor. for ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἀμιλλος, ου, (ἴσος, ἀμιλλα) equal in the race.

ἴσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of εἶμι ἴβο. II. Ep. for ἦσαν, ἦδεισαν, 3 pl. plupf. of εἶδω.

ἴσ-ἄνεμος, ου, (ἴσος, ἀνεμος) swift as the wind. [ᾶ]

ἴσαντι, Dor. for ἴσασι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἄργυρος, ου, (ἴσος, ἀργυρος) as good as silver, worth its weight in silver.

ἴσας, Dor. part. of ἴσημι.

ἴσᾶσι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι, and of οἶδα (v. εἶδω v).

ἴσάσκετο [ῖ], Ion. for ἴσάζετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἴσάω, sbe likened herself.

ἴσᾶτι, Dor. for ἴσῆσι, 3 sing. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ηγορέω and Med. -έομαι, (ἴσος, ἀγορεύω) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence

ἴσῆγορία, ἡ, equal right of speech: generally, equality in the eye of the law.

ἴσ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἡλιξ) of the same age with.

ἴσ-ἡμέριος, α, ου, (ἴσος, ἡμέρα) lasting an equal time.

ἸΣΗΜΙ, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. ἴσᾶμι, ἴσᾶτι: pl. ἴσᾶμεν, ἴσᾶσι or ἴσαντι: part. ἴσας.

ἴσ-ἡρέμος, ου, (ἴσος, ἐρετός) with as many oars.

ἴσ-ἡρης, ες, (ἴσος, ἀραρεῖν) equally fitted, equal.

ἴσθι, know, imperat. pf. of *εἶδω. II. ἴσθι, be, imperat. of εἶμι sum.

Ἰσθμία (sub. ἱερά), ὠν, τά, (ἴσθμός) the Isthmian games, holden on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence

Ἰσθμιάω, f. ἄσω, to attend the Isthmian games.

Ἰσθμιάκος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἴσθμιον) of the Isthmus.

Ἴσθμιάς, ἄδος, *pecul. fem. of Ἴσθμιος*: αἱ Ἴσθμιάδες (sub. ἑορταί), *the Isthmian games.*

Ἴσθμον, τό, (Ἴσθμός) *a necklace.*

Ἴσθμιος, α, *ov, also os, ov, (Ἴσθμός) of the Isthmus, Isthmian.*

Ἴσθμόθεν, *Adv. from the Isthmus*; and

Ἴσθμόθι, *Adv. on the Isthmus*; and

Ἴσθμοί, *Adv. on the Isthmus.* From

Ἴσθμός, οὔ, ὄ, (εἶμι ἴβο) *a neck: any narrow passage.* 2. *a neck of land between two seas, an isthmus* : esp. as prop. n. *the Isthmus of Corinth.*

Ἴσθμῶδης, *es, (Ἴσθμός, εἶδος) like an isthmus.*

Ἴσιός, ἄδος, *fem. Adj. of or belonging to Isis.* From Ἴσις, ἡ, *gen. Ἴσιδος Ion. Ἴσιος*: dat. Ἴσι: acc. Ἴσιν :—*Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the Greek Demeter, Lat. Ceres.*

ἼΣΚΩ or ἴσκω, *to make like*; ἴσκε ψεύδεα πολλὰ λέγων ἐτύμοισιν ὁμοῖα *speaking many lies he made them like truths.* II. *to hold or think like*; ἐμὲ σοὶ ἴσκοντες *thinking me like you*: absol., ἴσκειν ἕκαστος ἀνὴρ *each man imagined or supposed.* III. in late Poets, ἴσκε, ἴσκεν, = ἔλεγεν, *be spake, said.*

ἴμεν, I pl of ἴδδα, for which Homer always uses ἴδμεν; v. εἶδω v.

ἴσο-βάρης, *és, (ἴσος, βάρος) of equal weight.*

ἴσο-δαίμων, *ov, gen. ovos, (ἴσος, δαίμων) godlike, equal to a god.* II. *equal in fortune or happiness.*

ἴσο-διαίτος, *ov, (ἴσος, διαίτα) living on an equal footing.*

ἴσο-ζυγής, *és, (ἴσος, ζυγῆναι) equally balanced: equal.*

ἴσο-θεός, *ov, (ἴσος, θεός) equal to the gods, godlike.*

ἴσο-κίνδυνος, *ov, (ἴσος, κίνδυνος) equal to the danger.*

ἴσο-κληρος, *ov, (ἴσος, κληρος) equal in property.*

ἴσο-κράτης, *és, (ἴσος, κράτος) of equal might or power, possessing equal privileges with others.* Hence

ἴσοκράτεια, ἡ, *equality of power and rights, political equality.*

ἴσο-ὀμάλος, *ov, (ἴσος, ὀμαλός) equally level, nearly equal.*

ἴσο-μάτωρ, *Dor. for ἴσο-μήτωρ, opos, ὄ, ἡ, (ἴσος, μήτηρ) like one's mother.*

ἴσο-μάχος, *ov, (ἴσος, μάχη) equal in the fight.*

ἴσο-μεγέθης, *es, (ἴσος, μέγεθος) equal in size.*

ἴσο-μέτωπος, *ov, (ἴσος, μέτωπον) with equal forehead or front.*

ἴσο-μήκης, *es, (ἴσος, μήκος) equal in length.*

ἴσομοιρέω, *f. ἴσω, (ἴσομοιρος) to have an equal share: to take a share in a thing with another.* Hence

ἴσομοιρία *Ion. -ἡ, ἡ, a sharing equally, equal partnership.*

ἴσομοιρος, *ov, (ἴσος, μοῖρα) having an equal share of a thing*; γῆς ἴσομοιρος ἀήρ *earth's equal partner air.* 2. generally, *equal, close, resembling*; φάος σκότῳ ἴσομορον *light close akin to darkness.*

ἴσο-μορος, *ov, (ἴσος, μόρος) = ἴσομοιος, resembling.*

ἴσο-όνειρος, *ov, (ἴσος, όνειρος) dream-like, vacant.*

ἴσο-νεκός, *vos, ὄ, ἡ, (ἴσος, νέκυσ) dying the same death.*

ἴσονομοίμαι, *Pass. (ἴσόνομος) to have equal rights.* Hence

ἴσονομία, ἡ, *equality of rights, political equality.*

ἴσο-νομος, *ov, (ἴσος, νόμος) having equal rights, enjoying freedom.*

ἴσο-παῖς, *παῖδος, ὄ, ἡ, (ἴσος, παῖς) like a child.*

ἴσο-πάλαιστος, *ov, (ἴσος, παλαιστή) a span long.*

ἴσοπάλῳ, *f. ἴσω, to be a match for.* From

ἴσο-πάλης, *és, (ἴσος, πάλη) equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal.*

ἴσο-πάλος, *ov, = ἴσοπαλής.*

ἴσο-πέδον, τό, *level ground, a flat: neut. from ἴσο-πέδος, ov, (ἴσος, πέδον) of even surface, level.*

ἴσο-πλάτης, *és, (ἴσος, πλάτος) equal in breadth.*

ἴσο-πλάτων, *ανος, ὄ, (ἴσος, Πλάτων) a second Plato.*

ἴσο-πληθής, *és, (ἴσος, πλήθος) equal in number or quantity.*

ἴσο-πρεσβύς, *v, (ἴσος, πρέσβυς) like an old man.*

ἴσορροπία, ἡ, *equipoise, equilibrium.* From

ἴσορροπος, *ov, (ἴσος, ροπή) equally balanced, in equipoise: equally matched.*

ἴΣΟΣ, ἴση, ἴσων, *Att. ἴσος [Ὶ], ἴση, ἴσόν, Ep. also εἴσος [Ὶ]:—equal to the same as, like*; ἴσα πρὸς ἴσα *measure for measure*; ἴσος καὶ . . ., *equally with*; ἴσων ἐμοί *equally with me.* II. *equally divided or distributed, equal*; ἴση μοῖρα *an equal portion*, also ἴση alone (sub. μοῖρα); τὸ ἴσων and τὰ ἴσα, *an equal share, fair measure*; προστυχεῖν τῶν ἴσων *to obtain one's dues: hence fair, reasonable, ἴσος ἀνὴρ a fair, upright man.* 2. at Athens, *of the equal division of all civic rights*; τὸ ἴσων *equality*; ἡ ἴση (sub. τιμωρία) *punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment*; ἴσαι (sub. ψήφοι) *votes equally divided.* III. *of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. aequus*;

εἰς τὸ ἴσων *καταβαίνειν, Lat. in aequum descendere*;

δι' ἴσων *at an equal distance or interval.* IV. *Adv.*

ἴσως, *q. v.:* but neut. sing. and pl. ἴσων *Att. ἴσων, ἴσα Att. ἴσα, are also used adverbially*: in *Att. ἴσα generally means equally, ἴσως perhaps* :—so also ἐξ ἴσων *equally*; ἐκ τοῦ ἴσων *on an equal footing*; ἐν ἴσῳ *equally*; *cp. ἐπίσης.* V. *Att. Comp. ἴσαίτερος.*

ἴσοσκελής, *és, (ἴσος, σκέλος) with equal legs*; ἴσοσκελὲς τρίγωνον *a triangle with two sides equal.*

ἴσοτέλεια, ἡ, *(ἴσοτελής) equality of taxation.*

ἴσο-τέλειος, *ov, (ἴσος, τελῶ) accomplished for all alike.*

ἴσο-τελής, *és, (ἴσος, τέλος) paying alike, paying the same taxes*: at Athens the ἴσοτελεῖς were a favoured class of μέτοικοι, who needed no patron (προστάτης), and paid no alien-duty (μετοίκιον), but had to pay taxes with the citizens.

ἴσο-τενής, *és, (ἴσος, τείνω) equally stretched.*

ἴσότης, *ητος, ἡ, (ἴσος) equality.*

ἴσοτιμία, ἡ, *equality of honour or privilege.* From

ἴσο-τιμος, *ov, (ἴσος, τιμή) held in equal honour: having the same privileges.*

ἴσο-φάριζω, *(ἴσος, φέρω) Ep. Verb only used in pres. to match oneself with, cope with, vie with*; ἴσοφαρίζω

τινὶ ἔργα *to vie with one in accomplishments: generally, to be equal to.*

ἰσοφαρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ἰσοφαρίζω.

ἰσοφόρος, ον, (ἴσος, φέρω) *bearing equal weights, equal in strength.*

ἰσοχειλῆς, ἒς, or ἰσόχειλος, ον, (ἴσος, χεῖλος) *level with the edge or brim.*

ἰσόχνοος, ον, (ἴσος, χνόος) *equally woolly with.*

ἰσοχρονώε, f. ἦσω, *to be contemporary with.* From ἰσόχρονος, ον, (ἴσος, χρόνος) *equal in age or time.*

ἰσοψηφία, ἦ, *equal right to vote.* From

ἰσόψηφος, ον, (ἴσος, ψήφος) *having an equal number of votes.* II. *having an equal vote with others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchise.*

III. *equal in numerical value, of words the letters of which make up the same sum.*

ἰσόψυχος, ον, (ἴσος, ψυχή) *of equal spirit or soul: κράτος ἰσόψυχον power of like spirit with men.*

ἰσόω, f. ἴσω, (ἴσος) *to make equal; ἰσώσας τῷφέσει τὰ τέρατα having made the winning-post even with the starting-post, i. e. having run the whole course:—Med., ὀνχας χειρὰς τε ἰσώσαντο they made their nails and hands alike, i. e. used them in like manner:—Pass. to be made like or equal to.*

ἰσάμενος, ἰσάμενος, Ep. for ἰσάναμι, inf. of ἴσθημι.

ἰσάσο, pres. imperat. pass. of ἴσθημι.

ἰσάω, rare collat. form of ἴσθημι, in 3 sing. pres. ἴστω, and 3 sing. impf. ἴστα.

ἴστε, 2 pl. of ὀίδα, v. *εἶδω v.

ἴσταται, Ion. for ἴστανται.

ἴσθημι (lengthd. from *ΣΤΑῶ):—the tenses of ἴσθημι are divided into causal and intrans. —A. Causal, *to make to stand*, pres. ἴσθημι, impf. ἴσθην, fut. στήσω, and aor. I ἔστησα, of Act.

B. Intrans. *to stand*, in aor. 2 ἔστην, pf. ἔστηκα, plrpf. ἐστήκειν, together with pres. pass. ἴσθαμι, impf. ἰσάμεν, fut. σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι, fut. 3 ἐστήξομαι), aor. I ἐστάθη [ᾶ], pf. ἐστάμαι, plrpf. ἐστάμεν. But the pres. ἴσθαμι, impf. ἰσάμεν, as well as aor. I ἐστησάμεν, must also be regarded as med., in which case they take a causal sense, *to place.*

Epic forms: 3 sing. impf. ἴστασκε: 3 pl. aor. I Ep. ἔστασαν, for ἔστησαν: syncop. dual and plur. perf. ἔστατον, ἔσταμεν, ἔστατε (or ἔστητε), ἔστασι; imperat. ἔσταθι; subj. ἔστω; opt. ἔσταιν; inf. ἔσταναι Ep. ἔσταμεν, ἔσταμεναι [ᾶ]; part. ἐστώσ, ἐτώσας, ἐστώσ (or ἐστώσ), gen. ἐστώτος; Ion. ἐστέως, ὄτως, also ἐστήσος (Homer uses gen. ἐστιάτος, acc. ἐστιάτα, nom. pl. ἐστιάotes): aor. 2 στάσκον, es, e, 3 pl. ἔσταν, στάν [ᾶ]; 2 and 3 sing. subj. στήης, στήη for στῆς, στῆ, I plur. στέωμεν and στέιομεν for στώμεν: inf. στήμεναι for στήναι.

A. Causal, *to make to stand, set, place.* II. *to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast, fix.* III. *to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the mast in a ship: to raise or erect buildings, to set up a statue in one's honour; ἰσάναμι τινὰ χαλκοῦν to set*

up a person in brass, raise a brassen statue to him. 2. *to raise, raise up, stir; ἐπὶν στήσας to begin a quarrel.* 3. *to set up, appoint, establish.* IV. *to place in the balance, weigh; τι πρὸς τι one thing against another.*

B. Intrans. *to stand, be set or placed; with an Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; ἵνα χρεῖας ἔσταμεν in what need we are:—στήναι εἰς . . or παρὰ . . , to set oneself towards, go to.* 2. *to lie, be situated.* II. *to stand still, take one's stand: to stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease.* III. *to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, ἴστασθαι ὀρθὸς to rear up.* 2. *generally, to arise, begin; ἔαρος νέον ἰσταμένοιο as spring was just beginning; τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἰσταμένοιο as one month ends and the next begins:—thus in Homer the month is divided into two parts, μὴν ἰστάμενος and φθίνων; in the Attic Calendar the month, which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three parts of ten days each, called respectively, μὴν ἰστάμενος, μεσῶν, φθίνων.* 3. *to be appointed.*

ἰστίη, Ion. for ἐστία.

ἰστιάσθαι, Ion. for εἰστιάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἐστίαω.

ἰσπητόριον, τό, Ion. for ἔστιαι—

ἰστίον, τό, (ἰστός) *a thing woven, a web, cloth, sheet: a sail, ἀκροῖσι χρῆσθαι ἰστίοις to keep the sails reefed.*

ἰστορ-ράφος, ον, (ἴστωρ, ῥάπτω) *sail-patching: metaph. a meddling, cheating fellow.*

ἰστοφόρος, ον, (ἰστίον, φέρω) *carrying sails.*

ἰστοβοεύς, gen. —έως Ion. —ῆος, ὁ, (ἰστός, Βοῦς) *the plough-tree or pole.*

ἰστοβότη, ἦ, = foreg.

ἰστοδόκη, ἦ, (ἰστός, δέχομαι) *the mast-bolder, a rest on which the mast was laid when let down.*

ἴστον, 2 and 3 dual pf. of *εἶδω.

ἰστοπέδη, ἦ, (ἰστός, πέδη) *a hole in the keel for fixing the mast in.*

ἰστοπόνοσ, ον, (ἰστός, πονέω) *working at the loom.*

ἰστορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἴστωρ) *to learn by inquiry: to inquire of, question, c. acc. pers.: of things, to inquire about something.* II. *to narrate what one has learnt, narrate historically.* Hence

ἰστορία, ἦ, *a learning by inquiry: knowledge or information obtained by inquiry.* II. *a narration of what one has learnt, historical narrative.*

ἰστός, ὁ, (ἴσθημι) *a ship's mast; ἰστών στήσας or στήσασθαι to set up the mast: generally, a rod or pole.* II. *the web-beam of the loom (which in ancient looms stood upright), the loom; ἰστών ἐποίχασθαι to be busy about the beam, and so to weave.* 2. *the warp that was fixed to the beam: the web.*

ἰστό-τονος, ον, (ἰστός, τείνω) *stretched on the web-beam.*

ἰστοουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἰστός, *ἔργω) *to work at the loom.*

ἴστω, 3 sing. imperat. pf. of *εἶδω.

ἴστω, Dor. gen. of ἰστός: but ἴστω, dat. of the same.

ἴστωρ or ἴστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἦ, *knowing, acquainted*

with, versed in: as Subst. one who knows law and right, a judge.

ἰσχαδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰσχάς. [ᾶ]

ἰσχαδό-πωλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἰσχάς, πωλέω) a woman who sells figs.

ἰσχα-αμος, ον, (ἰσχω, αἷμα) quenching blood: ἰσχαμιν, τό, a styptic.

ἰσχαίνω, f. l. for ἰσχαίναω.

ἰσχαλέος, α, ον, poet. for ἰσχνός, dry, dried.

ἰσχανά, Ep. 3 sing. of ἰσχανάω.

ἰσχανάω, Ep. lengthd. form of ἰσχανάω, ἰσχω, to hold back, check, binder:—Pass. to check oneself, wait. II. intrans. to hold on by, cling to a thing, and so to desire eagerly.

ἰσχανάω, = ἰσχανάω, to check, binder: c. gen. to keep back from a thing. [ᾶ]

ἰσχάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἰσχνός) a dried fig.

ἰσχέμεν, ἰσχεμένοι, Ep. inf. of ἰσχω.

ἰσχω, imperat. med. of ἰσχω.

ἰσχιον, τό, (ἰς, ἰσχύος) the socket in which the thigh-joint turns, the hip-joint:—in pl. the hips or loins.

ἰσχαίνω, (ἰσχνός) to make thin, dry, withered:—Pass. to become so:—metaph., σφριγῶντρα θυμὸν ἰσχαίνειν to bring down the proud stomach.

ἰσχρο-πάρειος, ον, (ἰσχνός, παρεία) with withered cheeks.

ἰσχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰσχω) thin, lean, withered, meagre. II. of style, poor, meagre.

ἰσχνό-φωνος, ον, (ἰσχύος, φωνή) with thin or weak voice. II. stuttering, stammering.

ἰσχυρίζομαι, f. ἰσχυμαι Att. ἰσχυμαι: aor. I ἰσχυρίζομαι: (ἰσχυρός): Dep.—to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly: esp. to affirm obstinately:—Pass. to be strengthened, gain greater force.

ἰσχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἰσχω) strong, mighty, powerful. 2. stiff, firm, lasting, bard. 3. severe, great, excessive: κατὰ ἰσχυρόν by violence, force, opp. to δόλω. Hence ἰσχυρώς, Adv. strongly, stiffly, exceedingly, Lat. vehementer:—Sup. ἰσχυρότατα, most certainly.

ἰσχύς, ὄος, ἡ, (ἰς, ἰσχω) strength, force, might, esp. bodily strength. 2. a force of soldiers.

ἰσχύω, impf. ἰσχύων: f. ἰσχύωσα: aor. I ἰσχύσα [ῆ]: (ἰσχύς):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to have one's full powers, be in health and strength.

ἰσχω, a form of ἔχω, only found in pres., and in impf. ἰσχων:—to hold, check, restrain: intr. to stop:—Med. to hold oneself in, check oneself: ἰσχεο bold! be still c. gen., ἰσχεσθαι τινος to desist from a thing; ἰσχερο ἐν τούτῳ (impers.) here it stopped. II. later like ἔχω, to hold or possess. 2. to have to wife.

ἰσ-ωνία, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἄνῃ) a fair price.

ἰσ-ώνυμος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνομα) bearing the same name.

ἴσως, Adv. of ἴσος, equally, in like manner. II. fairly, equitably. III. probably, perhaps: in Att. often joined with ἄν or τάχ' ἄν. IV. with numerals, about.

ἰωσαίμων, aor. I med. opt. of ἰσώω.

Ἰταλία Ion. -ή, ἡ, Italy. [first syll. long in hexam.]

Ἰταλίδης, ον, ὁ, poet. for Ἰταλιώτης.

Ἰταλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰταλος) Italian.

Ἰταλῆς, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of Ἰταλικός.

Ἰταλιώτης, ον, ὁ, an Italiote, one of the Greek inhabitants of Italy: fem. Ἰταλιώτις, ἰδος, Italian.

ἸΤΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, an Italian:—as Adj. Italian.

ἰταμός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἴτης) beadlong, basty.

ἸΤΕ'Α Ion. -έη and -είη, ἡ, a willow, Lat. salix. II. a wicker shield, a target. Hence

ἰτένος, ἡ, ον, of willow, made of willow, wicker.

ἰτέον, verb. Adj. of εἰμι ἰβο, one must go.

ἴτην, Ep. 3 dual impf. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἴτης, ον, ὁ, (εἰμι ἰβο) basty, impetuous: impudent.

ἰτός, ἡ, ὄν, (εἰμι ἰβο) passable.

ἰτρήνος, α, ον, like boney-cake. From

ἴτριον, τό, a cake, made of sesame and honey.

ἴττω, Boeot. for ἴστω, 3 sing. pf. of *εἶδω; ἴττω Ζεὺς, Zeus be witness!

*ἸΤΤ'Σ, vos, ἡ, the edge or rim of anything round, the felloe of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.

ἴτω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἴτω, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἰύγη, ἡ, (ἰύω) a howling, shrieking, yelling.

ἰυγμός, ὁ, (ἰύω) a shouting, shout of joy: also a cry of pain, scream, shriek.

ἰυγξ or ἰυγξ, ἰυγγος, ἡ, (ἰύω) the wryneck, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience; it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. a love-charm, witchery: strong desire.

ἸΥ'ΖΩ, fut. ἰύω: aor. I ἰύξα:—to shout, holla: also to howl, shriek. (Formed from the sound.)

ἰυκτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἰύω) one who shouts or cries: a singer, whistler, piper. [ῆ]

ἰφθίμος, ἡ, ον, also ὄος, ον, (ἴφι) strong, mighty, stout, stalwart: of women, goodly, comely.

ἸΦΙ, Ep. Adv. strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly: old poet. dat. from ἴς.

Ἰφι-γένεια, ἡ, (ἴφι, γένω) Iphigeneia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ἰφιγένεια.

ἴφιος, α, ον, (ἴφι) strong, mighty: of sheep, goodly. *ἸΦΤΩΝ, τό, a kind of pot-herb.

ἰχθυάζομαι, Dep. = ἰχθύω.

ἰχθύω, f. ἰσώ, (ἰχθύς) to fish, angle: Ep. 3 sing. ἰχθύω, impf. ἰχθύωσκον.

ἰχθύβολέω, f. ἦσω, to strike fish, spear them. From ἰχθύ-βόλος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βάλλω) striking or spearing fish; ἰχθ. θηρα a spoil of speared fish:—as Subst.,

ἰχθυβόλος, ὁ, an harpooner, spearer.

ἰχθύ-βοτος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βόσκει) fed on by fish.

ἰχθύδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰχθύς, a little fish.

ἰχθύ-δόκος, ον, (ἰχθύς, δέχομαι) holding fish.

ἰχθυηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἰχθύς) fishy, scaly, foul.

ἰχθυο-βόλος, ἰχθυο-βόλος, = ἰχθυβ-.

ἰχθυο-ειδής, ἔς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) fish-shaped, fish-like.

ἰχθυόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἰχθύς) full of fish, fishy. II. consisting of fish.
ἰχθυο-θηρητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἰχθύς, θηράω) a fisherman.
ἰχθυο-λύμης, ου, ὅ, (ἰχθύς, λύμη) the plague or destruction of fish.

ἰχθυο-φάγος, ον, (ἰχθύς, φάγειν) fish-eating; οἱ ἰχθυοφάγοι ἄνδρες the Fish-eaters, a tribe.

ἰχθυ-πιάγης, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, παρήναι) fish-piercing.
ἸΧΘΥΨ, ὕος, ὅ: acc. ἰχθύν and later ἰχθύα: the nom. and acc. pl. ἰχθυές, ἰχθύας are contr. into ἰχθύς:—a fish, Lat. piscis. II. plur. of ἰχθυές, the fish-market. [ῦ in sing. nom. and acc., ῦ in genit. and in all compds.]

ἰχθυσι-ληϊστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἰχθύς, ληστής) a stealer of fish.

ἰχθυ-φάγος, ον, = ἰχθυοφάγος. [ᾱ]
ἰχθυ-ώτης, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) = ἰχθυοειδής: full of fish.

ἰχναῖος, α, ον, (ἰχνος) following on the track.
ἰχναία, ἡ, (ἰχναίω) a casting about for the scent.
ἰχν-ελάτης, ου, ὅ, (ἰχνος, ἐλαίνω) one who follows in the track, a tracker out.

ἰχνεύμων, ονος, ὅ, (ἰχνεύω) the tracker: an Egyptian animal of the weasel kind, the icbneumon or Pharaoh's rat, which bunts out crocodiles' eggs.

ἰχνευσίς, εως, ἡ, (ἰχνεύω) a tracking.
ἰχνευτής, οὔ, ὅ, a tracker, hunter. 2. the icbneumon: and

ἰχνευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, good at tracking. From ἰχνεύω, f. σω, (ἰχνος) to track or trace out, hunt after.
ἰχνιον, τό, (ἰχνος) a track, trace, footstep.
ἰχνο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰχνος, πέδη) a kind of fetter or trap.
ἸΧΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a track, footstep: metaph. a track, trace, mark, clue.

ἰχνο-σκοπέω, (ἰχνος, σκοπέω) to examine the track.
ἸΧΝΩΡ, ὤρος, ὅ, icbor, the fluid that flows in the veins of gods: Ep. acc. ἰχῶ, for ἰχῶρα.

ἰψ, ὅ, gen. ἰπός, nom. pl. ἰπες: (ἰπτομαι):—a worm that eats born and wood. [ῖ]

ἰψαο, 2 sing. aor. I of ἰπτομαι.

ἰω, subj. of εἶμι ἰβο.
ἰω, contr. for ἰάω, imperat. of ἰάομαι.

ἰω, io! O! an exclamation of joy, as in Lat. io triumphe! but Att. also of fear, sorrow, etc., ob!

ἰώ, ἰών, ἰώγα and ἰώνγα, Boeot. for ἐγά, ἐγών, and ἐγαγε.

ἰωγή, ἡ, (ἰέναι) shelter; Βορέω ἰπ' ἰωγῆ under shelter from the north wind.

ἰώη, ἡ, (ἰά, ἰώ) any loud sound; the sound of the lyre; the roaring or whistling of the wind; the sound of footsteps.

ἰώκα, heterocl. acc. of ἰωκή, as if from ἰώξ.
ἰωκή, ἡ, (δύκω) the battle-din, the rout, pursuit.

ἰών, ἰώνγα, v. ἰώ, ἰών.

ἸΩΝ, ανος, ὅ, Ion, son of Xuthus (or Apollo) and Creusa, from whom sprung the Ionian race; οἱ ἰῶνες the Ionians. [ῖ]

ἰωνιά, ἀς, ἡ, (ἰων) a violet-bed, Lat. violarium.

Ἴωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἴων) Ionic, Ionian:—Adv. —κῶς, in the Ionic fashion, softly, effeminately.

ἰῶτα, the smallest letter in the Greek alphabet, hence in N. T. an iota, a jot.

ἰωχμός, ὅ, = ἰωκή, ἄν ἰωχμόν in chase, pursuit.

K

Κ, κ, κάππα, τό, indecl., tenth letter in Greek Alphabet. As numeral κ' = 20, but κ = 20,000. κ is near akin to γ and χ; hence the older Att. changed χνόος into κνόος, γνάπω into κνάπω, βέγχω into βέγκω; so the Ion. χιτών into κιθών, δέχομαι into δέκομαι, etc.—γ before κ, as in ἀγκυθεν, is pronounced like our ηg.

κᾶ, Dor. for the Ion. κε, = the Att. ἄν.

κάββαλε, Ep. for κατέβαλε, aor. 2 of καταβάλλω.

καββάς, ποët. for καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of καταβαίνω.

Κάβειροι, οἱ, the Cabeiri, divinities worshipped by the Pelasgians in Lemnos and Samothrace: they were represented as dwarfs, and were called sons of Hephaistos or Vulcan, as being masters in the art of working metals.

κάγ, Ep. for κατά before γ, as κᾶγ γόνυ.

κάγκανος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, dry.

καγχαζώ, fut. ἄσω, = καχάζω. Hence

καγχαλάω, to laugh aloud, Lat. caccinnor; Ep. 3 pl. καγχαλώσιν; Ep. part. καγχαλῶν, —ώσσα.

κάχρῦς, see κάχρυσ.

κάγω, crasis for καὶ ἐγώ.

κάδ, Ep. for κατά before δ, as κᾶδ δέ.

καδδραθέτην, Ep. for κατεδραθέτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of καταδραθάνω.

καδδύναμιν, Ep. for κατὰ δύναμιν.

καδδύσαι, Ep. for καταδύσαι, nom. pl. aor. 2 part. fem. of καταδύνω.

καδεμών, Dor. for κηδέμων.

καδέσκος, ὅ, Dim. of κάδος: the balloing-urn.

Καδμείος, α, ον, (Κάδμος) Cadmean; οἱ Καδμῆιοι the Cadmeans or ancient inhabitants of Thebes; ἡ Καδμεία the citadel of Thebes. Proverbial, Καδμεία νίκη a Cadmean victory, i. e. dear-bought victory (from the story of Polyneices and Eteocles).

Καδμείων, ανος, ὅ, (Κάδμος) a descendant of Cadmus, Theban.

Καδμήϊος, ἡ, ον, Ep. and Ion. for Καδμῆϊος.

Καδμήϊς, ἴδος, Ep. and Ion. fem. of Καδμῆϊος.

Κάδμος, ὅ, Cadmos; son of the Phoenician king Agenor, brother of Europa, founder of Thebes in Boeotia, who brought from Phoenicia the old Greek alphabet of sixteen letters, hence called Καδμήϊα γράμματα, which was afterwards increased by the eight Ionic, η ω θ φ χ ζ ε ψ.

κάδος, ὁ, (χαδεῖν) a pail, jar, cask, Lat. *cadus*. II. an urn or box for collecting the votes. [ᾶ]
 κάδος, εὐς, τό, Dor. for κῆδος.
 Κάειρα, ἡ, fem. of Κάρ, a Carian woman. II. Adj. fem. for Καρυή, Carian.
 καῖεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of καίω.
 καῖμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of καίω.
 καῖσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of καίω.
 καθά, Adv., contr. from κατά, ᾶ, according as.
 καθ-ἄγιζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (κατά, ἀγίζω) to devote or dedicate by fire. II. to burn as a sacrifice, burn as incense: *deavour*. Hence
 καθ-ἄγισμός, ὁ, a devoting or dedication by fire. II. a burning of a dead body: funeral rites.
 καθ-ἀγιζώ, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (κατά, ἀγνός) to make pure, cleanse, hallow. II. to offer as an atonement or expiation.
 καθαιμακτός, ὄν, bloodstained, bloody. From
 καθ-αιμάσσω, f. ξω, (κατά, αἰμάσσω) to make bloody, stain with blood.
 καθ-αιμᾶτῶ, = καθαιμάσσω.
 καθαίρεισις, εὐς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a putting down, destroying: a pulling down, demolishing.
 καθαιρετός, ἔα, εὐν, and καθαιρετός, ἄ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καθαίρω, to be put down: to be accomplished.
 καθαιρέτης, οὐ, ὁ, a destroyer. From
 καθ-αιρέω Ion. καταίρω: fut. ἦσω: fut. 2 καθελῶ: aor. 2 καθελῶν, inf. καθελείν:—to take down; καθ-ελείν ἰστία to lower the sails; ὀφθαλμοὺς καθελείν to close the eyes of the dead; καθαίρειν σελήνην to bring down the moon, Lat. *coelo deducere lunam*: generally, to take down anything hung up; hence Med., καθαιρέσθαι τὰ τόξα to take down one's bow from the peg. 2. to take down by force, pull down, overthrow: also to demolish, destroy: also to humble, reduce; esp. to depose: of a decree or resolution, to cancel, rescind it: as law-term, to condemn. 3. to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve: Med., κατατρέεσθαι μεγάλα πράγματα to achieve great feats. 4. like αἰρεῖν, to take and carry off, seize.
 καθαίρω, fut. καθάρω: aor. I ἐκάθηρα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκαθήρθην: pf. κεκάθαρμαι: (καθαρός)—to make pure or clean, cleanse:—in religious sense, to cleanse, purify, purge: Med. to have oneself purified. II. to purge off, wash away, to cleanse away, atone for, expiate.
 καθ-ἄλλομαι, fut.—αλοῦμαι: aor. I καθήλαμην: Dep.:—to leap down, Lat. *desilire*: of a storm, to rush down.
 κάθαμμα, ατος, τό, (καθάπτω) anything tied, a knot, κάθαμμα λύειν λόγου to untie a knotty point.
 καθ-ανύω, Att. for κατανύω.
 καθ-ἄπαξ, Adv. once for all: altogether.
 καθά-περ Ion. κατάπερ, Adv. = καθά with enclit. περ, even as, just as.
 καθαπατός, ἡ, ὄν, fastened on or to; καθαπατός δοραῖς clad in skins. From
 καθ-ἄπτω, f. ψω: aor. I καθήψα: (κατά, ἄπτω):—to tie or fasten on:—Pass., βρόχῳ καθημμένος (pf.

part.) fastened or attached to a noose. 2. = καθάπτομαι, to lay hold of. II. Med. καθάπτομαι, fut. —ἄφομαι:—to lay hold of, fasten upon, esp. to accost one. 2. to assail, attack, upbraid. 3. to appeal to one as witness, claim as a witness, Lat. *antestari*.
 καθάρευνέον, one must keep clean, be pure, τινός from a thing; verb. Adj. from
 καθάρεω, f. σω, (καθαρός) to be clean or pure: esp. to be clear or free from guilt.
 καθάρῖζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, = καθαίρω, to cleanse, purify, make clean.
 καθάριος, ὄν, (καθαρός) cleanly, neat. Hence
 καθάριότης, ητος, ἡ, cleanliness, neatness.
 καθάρισμός, ὁ, (καθαρίζω) a cleansing, purifying.
 κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, (καθαίρω) that which is thrown away in cleansing: in pl. off-scourings, defilement. II. metaph. a worthless fellow, castaway, outcast. III. a space purified with proper rites; ἐντὸς καθάρματος within the purified ground.
 καθ-αρμύζω, f. σαι, to join or fit to.
 κάθαρός, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purifying. 2. an atonement, expiation.
 ΚΑ'ΘΑΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, clean, pure, spotless, unsoiled, of garments. II. clear, open, free; ἐν καθαρό (sub. τόπῳ) in an open space, in a place clear from dead bodies; ἐν καθαρό ἡλίῳ in the open sun, opp. to the shade. III. in moral sense, with clean hands, pure, free from offence. IV. pure, bright, clear; hence genuine, true. V. generally, perfect, complete, effective; τὸ καθαρὸν τοῦ στρατοῦ the portion of the army fit for service. Hence
 καθάρότης, ητος, ἡ, cleanness, purity.
 καθ-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄξω, to tear or snatch down.
 καθάρσιος, ὄν, (καθαίρω) cleansing, purifying, expiatory. II. as Subst., τὸ καθάρσιον (sub. ἱερῶν), an expiatory sacrifice: purification, expiation.
 κάθαρσις, εὐς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a cleansing, purification.
 κάθαρητις, οὐ, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a cleanser, purifier.
 καθεδουμαι, fut. of καθέζομαι.
 καθ-ἔδρα, (κατά, ἔδρα) ἡ, a seat; ἡ καθέδρα τοῦ λαγῶ the hare's seat or form. II. a sitting still, lounging, delaying.
 καθ-έζομαι: impf. καθεζόμεν, but also ἐκαθεζόμεν (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθεδούμαι: aor. I part. καθεσθεῖς: Dep.:—to sit down, sit still, to linger, tarry: to sit as suppliants: of an army, to sit down in a country, take up a position.
 καθέξκα, Ep. and Ion. aor. I of καθίμην.
 καθείατο, Ep. for ἐκάθητον, 3 pl. impf. of καθήμαι.
 καθείλον, aor. 2 of καθαίρω.
 καθείμαι, pf. pass. of καθίμην.
 καθ-είργνυμι and καθείργω, Att. for καθ-: f. —είρω; aor. I —είρφα: (κατά, είργω):—to sbut up, enclose, confine.
 καθ-εἰς, for καθ' εἰς, one by one, one after another; also εἰς καθεῖς, for εἰς καθ' ἕνα.
 καθέισα, Ep. aor. I of καθίζω,

καθεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατέχω) to be held back.
 καθελειν, aor. 2 inf. of καθαιρέω.
 καθ-ελίσσω, f. ζω, to wrap round, infold: Ion. plqpf.
 pass. κατειλίχτω, for καθειλιγμένοι ἦσαν.
 καθ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκίσω (as if from -ελκύνω):
 aor. I καθελκύσα: pf. καθελκύκα:—Pass., aor. I καθ-
 θειλκύνθη: pf. καθελκύνθη:—to draw down, esp.
 of ships, to launch, Lat. deduco.
 καθελούσα, Dor. for καθελούσα, fem. of καθελών.
 καθελῶ, fut. of καθαιρέω.
 καθελών, aor. 2 part. of καθαιρέω.
 καθ-έννυμι, to clothe; see καταέννυμι.
 καθεξῆς, Adv. (κατά, ἔχω) in order, in succession.
 κάθεξις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding, keeping bold of.
 καθέξω, fut. of κατέχω.
 καθ-έρμα, ατος, τό, (κατά, ἔρμα) a necklace.
 καθ-έρπω, f. -ερπίσω (as if from -ερπύνω): aor. I
 καθερίπυσα: (κατά, ἔρπω):—to creep or steal down:
 metaph. of the first down, to steal down the cheek.
 κάθες, aor. 2 imperat. of καθήμι.
 καθεσθείς, aor. I part. pass. of καθέζομαι.
 καθέσταμεν, Ep. I pl. pf. of καθίστημι.
 καθεστηκώς, νία, ὅς, pf. part. of καθίστημι.
 καθεστήξω, fut. 3 of καθίστημι, with intr. sense.
 καθεστῶτα, ἄν, τά, syncop. part. pf. plur. neut. of
 καθίστημι, existing laws, customs, usages.
 καθ-εὔδω: impf. Ep. καθεῖδον, Att. also καθῆδον
 and ἐκάθειδον: fut. καθεῖδησθαι:—to lie down to sleep,
 sleep, slumber: metaph. to rest, be at rest.
 καθ-ευρίσκω, f. -ρήσω, to find out, discover.
 καθ-εψιάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, ἐψιάομαι): Dep.:
 —to mock at, deride; Ep. 3 pl. κατεψιώνται.
 καθ-έψω, fut. -εψήσω, (κατά, ἐψω) to boil down, di-
 gest. II. metaph. to soften, temper.
 κάθη, Att. for κάθησαι, 2 sing. of κάθημι.
 καθηγέμενος, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατά, ἡγεμῶν) a leader, guide.
 καθ-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: (κατά, ἡγήομαι): Dep.:
 —to lead the way, be guide: hence to shew the way in
 doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe,
 Lat. praeire verbis. Hence
 καθηγγητής, οὔ, ὁ, a leader, guide, teacher.
 καθήγησα, aor. I of καθαγίζω.
 καθήγησα, aor. I of καθαγίζω.
 καθ-ηδῦπάθειω, f. ἡσω, (κατά, ἡδυπάθειω) to squander
 in luxury.
 καθήκα, aor. I of καθήμι.
 καθ-ήκω, f. ζω, (κατά, ἡκω) to come or go down, go
 down to fight. 2. to come down to, come or reach
 to, extend to. II. to reach as far as, to suffice or
 be enough for a thing: to be meet, proper. 2. part.,
 τὸ καθήκον, ὄνος, and τὰ καθήκοντα, that which is
 meet or proper, one's duty: but also τὰ καθήκοντα =
 τὰ καθεστῶτα, the present state of things, circum-
 stances.
 καθ-ηλιάζω, (κατά, ἥλιος) to bring the sun in upon,
 to illuminate.
 καθ-ημαι: imperat. κάθησο; subj. κάθωμαι; opt.
 καθοίμην; inf. καθήσθαι; part. καθήμενος: impf.

ἐκάθημην:—properly perf. of καθέζομαι, to have seated
 oneself, to be seated, sit: of judges, to have taken their
 seats in court: generally, to take up one's abode, so-
 journ, dwell: in bad sense, to sit idle, be listless, lie
 unemployed: of an army, to encamp: to lie in wait.
 καθ-ημέριος, α, ον, also καθημερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (καθ'
 ἡμέραν) happening every day, daily.
 κάθητρα, Ep. for ἐκάθητρα, aor. I of καθαιρέω.
 κάθησθε, 2 pl. of κάθημαι: but καθῆσθε, 2 pl. Ep.
 impf. of same.
 κάθησο, imperat. of κάθημαι:—καθήστω, 3 sing. impf.
 καθήδω, impf. of καθεύδω.
 καθ-ιδρῶν, f. ὦσω [ῶ]:—Causal of καθέζομαι, to
 make to sit down, set down: to establish, institute: of
 sacred things, consecrate:—Pass. to sit down, settle.
 καθ-ίεμαι, Pass. of καθήμι.
 καθ-ιερῶω, f. ὦσω, to dedicate, consecrate, devote,
 ballow.
 καθ-ιζάνω, (κατά, ἴζω) to sit down.
 καθίζεο, Dor. for καθίζου, med. imperat. of sq.
 καθ-ίζω: impf. καθίζον or κάθιζον Att. ἐκάθιζον (as
 if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθίσω Att. καθ-
 ιθῶ Dor. καθίζω: aor. I ἐκάθισα Dor. κάθιξα, Ep.
 part. καθίσσας: another Ep. form of aor. I is καθείσα,
 also written καθίσα, always used in Causal sense:
 (κατά, ἴζω): I. Causal, to make to sit down;
 ἀγορὰς καθίσαι to make an assembly be seated, i. e.
 open one: generally, to set, appoint, constitute. 2.
 to place or settle in a place, establish. 3. to place one
 in a certain condition, make one so and so. II.
 intr. to sit down, be seated, sit, esp. to sit at meals:
 of an army, to sit down in a country, encamp.
 καθ-ιημι, fut. καθήσω: aor. I καθήκα Ep. καθήκα:
 pf. καθέικα, pass. καθείμαι: (κατά, ἴημι):—to send
 down, let down, let fall, Lat. demitto; καθίναι τὴν
 ἀγκυραν to let go the anchor; καθίναι καταπειρη-
 τηρίην, to let down a sounding-line, hence absol., καθ-
 θίναι to sound:—metaph. to put forward, attempt:
 —Pass. to be carried down, reach or stretch down sea-
 wards; καθείτω τὰ τείχη the walls were carried down
 to the sea. II. to send down into the place of
 contest, enter for a contest. III. intr. to come
 down upon, attack.
 καθίκεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 of καθικνέομαι.
 καθ-ικτετεύω, to intreat earnestly.
 καθ-ικνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: aor. 2 -ἴκομην: (κατά,
 ἴκνέομαι): Dep.:—to come down, come to, reach to:
 hence to touch, probe.
 καθ-ιμάω, f. ἡσω, (κατά, ἰμάω) to let down by a rope.
 καθίζας, Dor. for καθίσας, aor. I part. of καθίζω.
 καθίξω, Dor. for καθίσω, 2 sing. aor. I of καθίζω.
 καθ-ιππάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to ride down,
 overrun with horse: generally, to trample down.
 καθ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride down, trample under foot.
 καθίσα, Att. aor. I of καθίζω.
 καθίστα or -τη, for καθίσταθι, imperat. of καθίστημι.
 καθ-ιστάνω and καθ-ιστάω, forms of the pres. καθ-
 ιστήμι.

καθ-ίστημι: I. in Causal sense, pres. καθίστημι, impf. καθίστην, fut. καταστήσω, aor. I κατέστησα: so also of the Med., pres. καθιστάμαι, impf. καθιστάμην, aor. I κατεστήσαμην:—to set down, put down: bring down to a place and set there; καταστήσαι νῆα to bring a ship to land, put in. 2. to settle, ordain, appoint, establish, put in train: generally, to set in order, arrange: also to restore:—Med. to appoint for oneself, choose: to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state. II. Intrans. in aor. 2 κατέστην, pf. καθέστηκα, plrpf. κθεστήκειν, and in all tenses of Pass.:—to be placed, set down: to settle oneself. 2. to be set, established, appointed.

3. to stand quiet or calm; πνεῦμα καθέστηκός a calm: of persons, to become calm and composed. 4. to be in a certain state; εἰ καταστήναι to come to a good issue. 5. to be usual or customary; to be or become: καθεστηκώς Ion. κατεστώς, existing, established; τὰ καθεστῶτα existing laws, customs, usages.

καθιστῶντες, pres. part. pl. of καθιστάω.
καθ-ό, Adv. for καθ' ὅ, in so far as, according as.
καθολικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κάθολος) general, universal.
καθ-όλου, for καθ' ὅλου, as Adv. on the whole, in general, generally.

καθ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ὁμολογέω) to confess. II. to promise, engage.

καθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to equip or array fully.
καθ-οράω: f. κατόψομαι formed from κατόπτομαι: pf. καθεώρακα: aor. 2 κατέιδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (cf. εἶδον):—to look down. II. trans. to look down upon: generally, to view, see, behold: to perceive, observe.

καθ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set in motion, impel.
καθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to bring into harbour, bring to anchor or moorage: and in Pass., with aor. I med. καθωρμιάμην, to come into harbour, put in. 2. generally, to bring into a certain condition.
καθ-οσιώω, f. ὴσω, (κατά, ὀσιός) to offer sacrifice:—so also in Med. to offer on one's own part.

καθ-ότι, used as Adv. for καθ' ὅτι, in what manner.
καθ-όσο, for καθέσο, aor. 2 med. imperat. of καθήμι.
καθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to treat despitefully, to insult wantonly. II. absol. to wax insolent.

καθ-υδρος, ον, (κατά, ὑδρῶν) full of water; κάθυδρος κρητήρ a cup of water, periph. for water itself.
καθ-υμνέω, f. ἦσω, to sing of, to descant upon.
καθ-υπεράκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὑπερακοντιζέω):—to shoot beyond another, excel in shooting.

καθ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὑπερθε) Adv. from above, down from above. 2. on the upper side, above; c. gen., καθύπερθε Χίου above Chios. 3. of Time, before.

καθ-ὑπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. of καθύπερθε, upper, higher, above: of persons, having the upper hand, superior. Sup. καθυπέρτατος, η, ον, highest, uppermost.

καθ-υποχρέομαι, Dep. to promise earnestly.

καθ-υπνώω, f. ὴσω, to be fast asleep: also in Med.
καθ-υποκρίνομαι: Dep. (κατά, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to deceive by false appearances. II. c. inf. to pretend to be other than one is, personate some person or thing.
καθ-υψήμι, fut. -ψήσω: (κατά, ὑψήμι):—let loose, let go, hence to give up, betray. 2. intr. to slacken one's exertions. 3. Med., καθυψίσθαί τινι to give way, yield: also to slacken in one's exertions.

κάθωμαι, subj. of κάθημαι,
κάθως, Adv. (κατά, ὡς) according as, as.
ΚΑΙ, Conjunct., and, also. I. joining words

and sentences, like Lat. et, while enclit. τε answers to Lat. que: when in Prose two words or clauses are closely combined, τε καί are often used, ἄρκτοι τε καί λέοντες bears and lions, both as creatures of one kind; θαυμάζονται ὡς σοφοί τε καί εὐτυχεῖς γεγενημένοι they are admired both as wise and fortunate. II. also, used to make a single word or clause emphatic, ἔπειτά με καί λίποι αἰών then let life also forsake me. 2. with Participles or Adjectives, καί may be rendered by though, although, albeit, as, Ἐκτορα, καί μεμῶτα, μάχης στήσασθαι ὄτω, Hector will I keep away, bow much soever or although he rage. 3. even, to increase or diminish the force of words, esp. with a Comp., as, θεὸς καί ἀμείνωνας ἱππους δωρήσαιο; καί is often used in this way before οὗτος; with neut. pl., καί ταῦτα and that, and besides, especially; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ, καί ταῦτα γίνονται; for what is worse than a judge, and that an old one (i. e. especially an old one). 4. so also in diminishing, ἔμενος καί καπνὸν ἀποθρῖσκοντα νοήσαι he longs to see even the smoke rising, i. e. were it but the smoke, only the smoke; οἷς ἦδὺ καί λέγειν with whom 'tis sweet only to speak.

III. as, after ὅμοιος, ἴσος, ὁ αὐτός, like Lat. ac, atque after aequae, simul, perinde, etc.; γνώμησι ἐχρέοντο δημοῖσι καί σύ they held the same opinion as you. IV. of number, about; καί ἐς ἔβδομήκοντα about to the number of 70.

καΐδας, ου, Dor. α, ὁ, a chasm or underground cavern at Sparta, into which state-criminals were thrown, like the Athenian βάραθρον. (Lacon. word.)

καί γάρ, for truly, to confirm a prop. which of itself is tolerably certain; καί γάρ δή for of a surety.

καί . . γε, and indeed, Lat. et . . quidem, to introduce something more emphatic; καί λίην κείνός γε ἔοικότε κείναι δέλεθρῳ and indeed very deserved. Γε is always separated from καί by one or more words.

καί δή, and even, also even. II. and indeed, certainly: in answers, yes indeed, by all means, Lat. et certe, et vero.

III. supposing it to be the case, Lat. fac ita esse. IV. καί δή καί, and besides that also, and moreover.

καί εἰ, even if, although, supposing that, where the thing may really exist or not: whereas with εἰ καί the thing is supposed as existing.

καίεμεν, Ep. for καίεω.

καί κε, καί κεν, Ep. for καί ἄν, καὶν.

κακίας, ου, ὁ, *the north-east wind.*

καὶ μάλα, καὶ μάλα γε, *aye and very much.*

καὶ μὴν, *and verily, and certainly,* Lat. *et vero.* II. *and further, and besides.* III. in answers, *well, be it so.*

καινίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (καινός) *to make new, to have new; καὶ τι καινίζει στέγη the house has something new about it; καινισον ζυγόν bear thy new yoke; καινίσαι εὐχάς to offer strange, new-fangled prayers.*

καινο-πάθης, ἐς, (καινός, παθεῖν) *newly suffered, never before suffered.*

καινο-πήγης, ἐς, (καινός, πήγνυμι) *newly fastened, new-made.*

καινο-πήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (καινός, πήμα) *newly suffering, new to suffering.*

καινο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (καινός, ποιέω) *to make new, renew: in Pass., τί καινοποιηθὲν λέγεις; what new phrases art thou using? Hence καινοποιητής, ουδ, ὁ, an inventor of new pleasures.*

ΚΑΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *new, fresh,* Lat. *recens; καινοὶ λόγοι news; ἐκ καινῆς (sub. ἀρχῆς) anew, afresh,* Lat. *de novo.* II. *newly introduced, new-fangled, strange; καινοὶ θεοὶ strange gods.*

καινό-τάφος, ου, (καινός, τάφος) *of a new tomb.*

καινότης, ητος, ἡ, (καινός) *newness, freshness: novelty.*

καινοτομέω, f. ἴσω, (καινοτόμος) *to cut fresh into; in mining, to open a new vein: metaph. to begin something new, institute anew; to make innovations in the state,* Lat. *res novas tentare.* Hence

καινοτομία, ἡ, *a cutting anew: innovation.*

καινοτόμος, ου, (καινός, τεμείν) *cutting newly: beginning something new, innovating.*

καινοურγέω, f. ἴσω, (καινοουργός) *to make new.* II. *to innovate, make innovations.* Hence

καινοουργία, ἡ, *innovation.*

καινοουργός, ὄν, (καινός, *ἔργω) *making new, innovating: τὸ καινοουργόν a novelty.*

καινώω, f. ὤσω, (καινός) *to make new, innovate:—Pass. to become fond of novelty or innovation.* II. *to devote anew, consecrate, dedicate.*

καὶ νῦν, *and now* *perhaps.*

ΚΑΙΝΥΜΑΙ, impf. ἐκινύμην [ῥ]: pf. (in pres. sense) *κέκασμαι* Dor. *κέκαδμαι*, plqpf. (in impf. sense) *έκεκασμην*, formed as if from *κάω*:—*to surpass, excel; ἐκινύτο φύλ' ἀνθρώπων κυβερνήσαι be surpassed mankind in steering; ἐγχείη ἐκέκαστο Πανέλληνας he excelled all the Greeks in throwing the spear; so in part., δόλοισι κεκασμένους surpassing all in wiles; but κεκασμένους also well-furnished.*

καὶ νῦν, *and now, even now.*

ΚΑΙΝΩ, fut. κινήω: aor. 2 ἐκάνω, inf. κινήειν: pf. *κέκονα:—to kill, slay, slaughter.*

καί-περ, (καὶ περ) *although, albeit.*

καὶ πῶς; *and how? but how? when a thing is supposed to be impossible: only interrog.*

καὶ ἄ, Ep. *and then, and so.*

καίριος, α, ου, also ος, ου, (καιρός): *in season, seasonable, happening at the right or critical time,* Lat.

opportunus:—also lasting for a season. II. of Place, *in or at the right or critical place; of the parts of the body, vital; ἐν καιρίῳ or κατὰ καιρίον in a vital part:—of wounds, deadly, mortal; καιρία (sub. πληγῆ) a mortal wound: generally, τὰ καιρία accidents.* Hence

καιρίως, Adv. *seasonably.* II. *mortally.*

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, *due measure, right proportion, fitness; καιροῦ πέρα beyond measure, unduly.* II. of Time, *the right season, the right time for action, the critical moment,* Lat. *opportunitas: generally, convenience, advantage, profit; πρὸς καιρόν, or absol. καιρόν, at the right or proper time, in season, opportunely; ἐν καιρῷ τινι εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι to suit one's convenience, be of service to him; κατὰ καιρόν in due season, Lat. dextro tempore; but, ἀπὸ or ἄνευ καιροῦ or παρὰ καιρόν, out of season, Lat. alieno tempore.*

III. of Place, *the right point, right spot: also a vital part of the body.*

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, *the webbing or ibrams to which the threads of the warp are fastened.* Hence

καιροσέω, a gen. pl. in Od. 7. 107, *καιροσέων ἰθονέων ἀπολείβεται ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον from the close-woven linen-cloths trickles off the liquid oil.* It seems to be for *καιροέσσω*, gen. pl. fem. of *καιρός.*

καιρο-φύλακός, f. ἴσω, (καιρός, φυλάκῃ) *to watch for the right time,* Lat. *tempora observare.*

καὶ ταῦτα, *and that, and besides, especially.*

καὶ τοι or καί-τοι, *and indeed: and yet, although.*

ΚΑΙῶ Att. κάω [ā]: impf. ἐκαιον Att. ἐκᾶον Ep. κείον: fut. κᾶσω: aor. 1 ἐκᾶσα, Att. also ἐκεα, Ep. ἐκηα or ἐκεία (or without augm. κῆα, κεία):—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκᾶθην: aor. 2 ἐκᾶν: pf. κέκαυμαι: I. *to burn, kindle, set on fire:—Med. to kindle fires for oneself:—Pass. to be set on fire, take fire, burn.* II. *to burn up, consume: to scorch, sbrivel up.*

κάκ, Ep. for κατὰ before κ, as in *κάκ κεφαλῆς.*

κάκ, crasis for καὶ ἐκ.

κάκ-άγγελος, ου, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) *bringing ill tidings.*

κάκ-άγγελτος, ου, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) *caused by ill tidings; κακάγγελτα ἄχη the sorrow of ill tidings.*

κάκ-άγορος, Dor. for κακήγορος.

κακ-ανδρία, ἡ, (κακός, ἀνὴρ) *unmanliness, cowardice.*

κάκέει, by crasis for καὶ ἐκεῖ, *and there, there also.*

κάκεϊνος, κάκεϊνον, by crasis for καὶ ἐκείνος, etc.

κάκ-εστώ, οἷς, ἡ, (κακός, εἰμί sum), *ill-being, opp. to εὐεστώ well-being.*

κάκη, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness: cowardice.*

κάκηγορέω, f. ἴσω, (κακήγορος) *to speak ill of, abuse, slander.* Hence

κάκηγορία, ἡ, *evil-speaking, abuse, slander, calumny; κακηγορίας δίκη an action for defamation.*

κάκ-ήγορος, ου, (κακός, ἀγορεύω) *evil-speaking, abusive, slanderous, calumnious:—irreg. Comp. and Sup. κακηγορίστερος, -ίστατος.*

κακία, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness, cowardice,* Lat.

κακία, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness, cowardice,* Lat.

κακία, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness, cowardice,* Lat.

κακία, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness, cowardice,* Lat.

malitia. 2. wickedness, vice, Lat. *pravitas*. II.

disgrace, dishonour.

κακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κακός) to make or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach. II. to make cowardly:

—Pass. to behave basely, play the coward:—to be worsted.

κακίστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of κακός.

κακίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of κακός. [Γ Ερ., ἴ in Att. poets.]

κακκῶ, (κάκκη) the Lat. *cacare*.

κακκεία, Ερ. for κατακεία, aor. I inf. of κατακείω.

κακκείοντες, Ερ. κατακείοντες, part. of κατακείω.

κακ-κεφάλῃς, better divisim κακ κεφαλῃς, Ερ. for κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ΚΑΚΚΗ, ἡ, human ordure, dung.

κακκήα, Ερ. κατακήα, aor. I inf. of κατακείω.

κακκόρυθα, κακκορυφήν, better divisim κακ κορ-,

Ερ. for κατὰ κορύθα, κατὰ κορυφήν.

κακ-κρύπτω, Ερ. for κατα-κρύπτω.

κακ-κύνηγέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, for κατακύνηγέτις.

κακό-βίος, ον, (κακός, βίος) living badly, living a hard life, faring hardly.

κακόβουλεύομαι, Med. to act unwisely. From

κακό-βουλος, ον, (κακός, βουλή) ill-advised, unwise.

κακό-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, γείτων) a bad neighbour, or a neighbour in misery.

κακό-γλωσσος, ον, (κακός, γλώσσα) ill-tongued; βοή κακόγλωσσος a cry full of misery. 2. slanderous.

κακόδαμονάω, (κακοδαίμων) to be tormented by an evil genius, be like one possessed.

κακόδαμονέω, f. ἴσω, (κακοδαίμων) to be unhappy or unfortunate. Hence

κακόδαμονία, ἡ, unhappiness, misfortune. II.

a being possessed by a demon, raving madness.

κακό-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, δαίμων) having an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unhappy, wretched.

II. as Subst. an evil genius.

κακόδοξέω, f. ἴσω, (κακόδοξος) to be in ill repute.

κακόδοξία, ἡ, (κακόδοξος) ill repute, infamy.

κακόδοξος, ον, (κακός, δόξα) in ill-repute, without fame, unknown. II. infamous.

κακό-δρομία, ἡ, (κακός, δρόμος) a bad passage.

κακό-εἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, εἶμα) ill-clad.

κακοεργία, ἡ, poet. for κακ-ουργία, ill-doing. From

κακό-εργός, ον, (κακός, *εργω) doing ill; κακοεργος γαστήρ the importunate stomach, like Lat. *fames improba*.

κακό-ζοία, ἡ, (κακός, ζοία poet. for ζωή) a miserable life.

κακόθηεια, ἡ, badness of disposition, maliciousness. II. bad manners or habits. From

κακό-ήθης, es, (κακός, ἦθος) of ill habits, ill-disposed, malicious: τὸ κακόηθες an ill habit, Lat. *scribendi cacothētes*, an itch for writing.

κακόθημοσύνη, ἡ, disorderliness. From

κακό-θημων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, τίθημι) ill-arranged, disorderly, careless.

κακό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ονν, (κακός, θρόος) speaking ill; λόγος κακόθροος a slanderous word.

Κάκο-ἴλιος, ἡ, = κακή *Ἴλιος, evil or unhappy Ilium.

κακοκέρδεια, ἡ, base love of gain. From κακό-κερδής, es, (κακός, κέρδος) making base gain. κακό-κνήμιος, ον, (κακός, κνήμη) Dor. form, thin-legged.

κακό-κρίσια, ἡ, (κακός, κρίνω) a bad judgment.

κακό-λογέω, (κακολόγος) to speak ill of, rail at.

Hence

κακόλογία, ἡ, evil-speaking, railing, abuse.

κακό-λόγος, ον, (κακός, λέγω) evil-speaking, railing, slanderous, abusive.

κακό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, = κακός μάντις, prophet of ill.

κακό-μέλετος, ον, (κακός, μέλος) ill-sounding.

κακομετρέω, f. ἴσω, to give bad measure.

κακό-μετρος, ον, (κακός, μέτρον) in bad measure.

κακό-μηδής, es, (κακός, μήδος) contriving ill, crafty.

κακό-μήτης, ον, ὁ, (κακός, μήτις) = κακομηδής.

κακομηχανέω, f. ἴσω, (κακομηχανος) to practise base arts. Hence

κακομηχανία, ἡ, a practising of base arts, ingenuity in mischief.

κακό-μήχανος, ον, (κακός, μηχανή) mischief-plotting, mischievous, malicious.

κακό-μοιρος, ον, (κακός, μοῖρα) ill-fated.

κακό-μορφος, ον, (κακός, μορφή) ill-shapen.

κακό-νοιά, η, (κακόνους) illwill, malice, opp. to εὐνοια.

κακονομία, ἡ, a bad system of laws, a bad constitution, bad government. From

κακό-νομος, ον, (κακός, νόμος) with bad laws, with a bad constitution, ill-governed.

κακό-νοος, ον; contr. -νοος, ονν, pl. κακόνοι; (κακός, νόος) ill-disposed: disaffected: bearing malice against one. Comp. and Sup. κακονοστότερος, -νοοστότατος.

κακό-νυμφος, ον, (κακός, νύμφη) ill-wedded. II. as Subst., κακόνυμφος, ὁ, a bad or unhappy bridegroom.

κακό-ξενος Ion. -ξείνος, ον, (κακός, ξένος) having ill guests: irreg. Ερ. Comp. κακοξενώτερος. II. unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.

κακό-ξυνητος, ον, (κακός, ξυνητός) wise only for evil.

κακοπάθεια, ἡ, (κακοπαθής) ill plight, distress.

κακοπάθειω, f. ἴσω, to suffer ill; to be distressed.

From

κακό-παθής, es, (κακός, παθεῖν) suffering ill, distressed.

κακό-πάρθενος, ον, (κακός, παρθένος) unbecoming a maid.

κακό-πατρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (κακός, πατήρ) having a low-born father, of low descent.

κακό-πνής, es, (κακός, πνίος) foul and loathsome.

κακοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (κακοποιός) to do ill, be a rogue. II. trans. to hurt, spoil, lay waste. Hence

κακοποιία, ἡ, ill doing, damage.

κακό-ποιός, ον, (κακός, ποιέω) doing ill, mischievous.

κακό-ποτμος, ον, (κακός, πότεμος) ill-fated.

κᾰκό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κακός, ποῦς) *with bad feet, weak in the feet.*

κᾰκο-πράγῳ, f. ἦσω, (κακός, πράγῳ) *to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise.* Hence

κᾰκοπρᾰγία, ἡ, *ill-success, failure.*

κᾰκο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, πράγμα) *doing evil, mischievous.*

κᾰκό-πτερος, ον, (κακός, πτερόν) *ill-omened.*

κᾰκορ-ράφια, ἡ, (κακός, ῥάπτω) *contrivance of ill, mischievousness.* 2. *ill contrivance, unskilfulness.*

κᾰκορ-ρήμων, ον, (κακός, ῥήμα) *evil-speaking.* II. *telling of ill, ill-omened.*

κᾰκορ-ροθῳ, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ῥόθος) *to speak evil: to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile him.*

κᾰκορ-ῤυπος, ον, (κακός, ῤυπος) *foul and filthy.*

ΚΑΚΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, bad, ill, evil, bad in its kind, worthless: ugly, as opp. to καλός. 2. *bad at one's trade;*

κακός ἀλήτης *a bad beggar: cowardly, faint-hearted;* cf. κάκη. 3. *of low birth, mean, vile.* 4. *in a moral sense, bad, evil, wicked.* 5. *of things, bad, evil, mischievous: of omens, unlucky, ill-boding: of words, evil, abusive, foul.* II. as Subst. κακόν, τό, *evil, ill, mischief: also woe, distress, loss: also bodily ill, injury.* 2. *in moral sense, evil, vice, wickedness; κακόν τι ἔρῃεν to do evil or ill to any one.* III. *Degrees of Comparison:—*

irreg. Comp. κακίων, ον, Sup. κάκιστος, ἡ, ον: but χείρων χείριστος, ἦσσαν ἥκιστος are also used as Comp. and Sup. of κακός. IV. *in Compos. it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so=*

ἄγαν, Lat. nimis: but commonly it gives a collat. notion of hurtful, unlucky, = δυσ-, as in κακό-σινος: sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in κακό-πιστος: sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as

Κακο-ίλιος for κακός ἴλιος.

κᾰκο-σκελῆς, ἐς, (κακός, σκέλος) *with bad legs.*

κᾰκο-σκηνῆς, ἐς, (κακός, σκήνος) *of a bad, mean body.*

κᾰκο-ασμος, ον, (κακός, ὀσμῆ) *ill-smelling,*

κᾰκό-σπλαγχνον, ον, (κακός, σπλάγχνον) *faint-hearted, cowardly.*

κᾰκο-σπορία, ἡ, (κακός, σπόρος) *a bad crop.*

κᾰκοστομῳ, f. ἦσω, *to speak evil of.* From

κᾰκό-στομος, ον, (κακός, στόμα) *evil-speaking, foul-mouthed.*

κᾰκό-στρωτος, ον, (κακός, στρώννυμι) *ill-spread, rugged.*

κᾰκο-σύνθετος, ον, (κακός, συντίθημι) *ill put together, ill composed.*

κᾰκό-σχολος, ον, (κακός, σχολή) *inactive, idle, lazy.* II. act., κακόσχολοι πνοαί *winds that wear men out in idleness.*

κᾰκοτεχνῳ, f. ἦσω, (κακότεχνος) *to practise bad arts, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely, Lat. malitiose ago.* Hence

κᾰκοτεχνία, ἡ, *the practice of bad arts, mal-practice, esp. forgery, malversation.*

κᾰκό-τεχνος, ον, (κακός, τέχνη) *using bad arts or mal-practices, artful, wily.*

κᾰκότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness, cowardice, like κάκη.* II. *moral badness, wickedness, worthlessness.*

III. *evil, distress, suffering.*

κᾰκοτροπία, ἡ, *bad habits, maliciousness, wickedness.* From

κᾰκό-τροπος, ον, (κακός, τρόπος) *of ill habits, mischievous, malignant.*

κᾰκοτύχῳ, f. ἦσω, *to be unfortunate.* From

κᾰκο-τύχης, ἐς, (κακός, τύχη) *unfortunate.*

κᾰκοῦργῳ, f. ἦσω, (κακοῦργος) *to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-doer: c. acc. to do evil to one, to damage, hurt, harm: to ravage a country.* Hence

κᾰκοῦργία, Ep. κακοεργία [ῖ], ἡ, *the character of an evil-doer, wickedness, villainy.* From

κᾰκ-οῦργος Ep. κακό-εργος, ον, (κακός, *ἔργω) *doing ill, knavish, villainous: as Subst. an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal.* II. *doing harm to one, damaging, hurtful.*

κᾰκ-ουχῳ, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ἔχω) *to treat ill, wrong, hurt, injure.* Hence

κᾰκουχία, ἡ, *ill-treatment, ill-conduct; κακουχία χθονός the devastation of a country.*

κᾰκό-φᾰτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (κακός, φᾰτις) *sounding ill, ill-omened.*

κᾰκο-φρᾰδῆς, ἐς, (κακός, φρᾰδῳμαι) *devising ill, thoughtless, foolish.* Hence

κᾰκο-φρᾰδία Ion. -ία, ἡ, *folly, thoughtlessness.*

κᾰκο-φρονῳ, f. ἦσω, *to be ill-disposed, to bear ill-will or malice.* From

κᾰκό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, φρῆν) *evil-minded, malicious, malignant.* II. *thoughtless, heedless.*

κᾰκό-χαρτος, ον, (κακός, χαίρω) *rejoicing in the ills of others, malicious.*

κᾰκο-χρᾰσμῳν, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, χρᾰσμαι) *wi-b scanty means, poor.*

κᾰκό-ψογος, ον, (κακός, ψέγω) *malignantly blaming.*

κᾰκόω, f. ὦσω, (κακός) *to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat: of things, to harm, destroy:—Pass. to be ill-treated, distressed, to suffer: in pf. pass. part. κεκακωμένος, disfigured, befouled.*

κακᾰτᾰμεναι, Ep. for κατακᾰτᾰμεναι, κατακᾰτᾰναι, inf. of κατᾰκᾰνῃ, aor. 2 of κατακᾰνῃ.

κατᾰτᾰνῃ, Ep. for κατᾰκᾰτανῃ, aor. 2 imperat. of κατακᾰτᾰνῃ; also for κατᾰκᾰτανῃ, 3 sing. ind.

κατᾰκᾰτεινῃ, Ep. for κατᾰκᾰτευνῃ, 3 sing. impf. of κατακᾰτᾰνῃ,

ΚΑΚΤΟΣ, ἡ, *the cactus, a prickly plant.*

κᾰκύνῳ, f. ἴνω, (κακός) *to damage, injure:—Pass. to behave badly, act basely; of soldiers, to mutiny.* II. *to revile, reproach:—Pass. to be reproached.*

κακχεῖναι, Ep. for καταχᾰνῃ, aor. I inf. of καταχᾰνῃ.

κακῳς, Adv. of κακός, ill, badly: *with difficulty, scarcely.* Comp. κάκιον, Sup. κάκιστα.

κᾰκῳσις, εως, ἡ, (κακῳ) *ill-treatment: a distressing, wearing out: damage, misfortune.*

κακῳτερος, Ep. Comp. of κακός: cf. κάκιον.

κᾰλᾰθῳσκος, ὁ, Dim. of κᾰλαθος, *a small basket.*

ΚΑ' ΛΑ' ΘΟΣ, ὁ, *a basket, a wicker hand-basket,*

Lat. *calatibus*. II. a cooling-vessel, cooler: also a kind of cup.

καλαίῖνος, η, ον, coloured like the κάλαῖς, between blue and green, of changeful hue. From κάλαῖς, ὄ, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the *topaz* or *chrysolite*.

καλάμα, ἡ, (καλάμη) a kind of grasshopper. καλάμητις, οὔ, ὄ, (κάλαμος) a reaper, mower. II. an angler.

ΚΑΛΑΜΗ, ἡ, a stalk of reed or corn, Lat. *calamus*, *stipula*: a fishing-rod. II. stubble: metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old man, καλάμη γέ σ' ὄμοιαι εἰσορόντα γυνώσκου θου may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i. e. the relics) of former strength.

καλάμητομία, ἡ, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From καλάμη-τομός, ον, (καλάμη, τεμείν) cutting stalks, reaping.

καλάμη-φάγος, ον, (καλάμη, φάγειν) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

καλάμη-φέρος, ον, (καλάμη, φέρω) carrying reeds or canes.

καλαμίνθη, ἡ, (καλός, μίνθα) mint. Hence

Καλαμίνθιος, ὄ, Minty, name of a frog.

καλάμινος, η, ον, (κάλαμος) made of reed or cane.

κάλαμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a fishing-rod.

καλάμισκος, ὄ, Dim. of κάλαμος.

καλάμιτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a kind of grasshopper.

καλάμοις, εσσα, εν, of reed; καλαμόεσσα ἰαχά the sound as of a reed-flute. From

ΚΑΛΑΜΟΣ, ὄ, Lat. *calamus*, a reed or cane, Lat. *arundo*: an arrow of reed: a reed-pipe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing-rod. II. generic term for any plant, which is neither bush (ῦλη), nor tree (δένδρον).

καλάμο-στεφής, ἐς, (κάλαμος, στέφω) crowned or covered with reed.

καλάμο-φθογγος, ον, (κάλαμος, φθέγγομαι) played on a reed.

καλάστρις, ἰος, ἡ, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

καλαύροψ, ὄσος, ἡ, a shepherd's staff or crook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

καλέσκον, Ion. impf. of καλέω; Ep. 3 sing. impf. med. καλέσκοτο.

καλέοντι, Dor. for καλέουσι, 3 pl. of καλέω.

καλέσας, aor. I part. of καλέω.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. aor. I med. imperat. of καλέω.

καλέσσα, Ep. aor. I of καλέω.

καλεύνται, Dor. for καλούνται.

καλεύντο, Ep. and Dor. for ἐκαλούντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΕΨΩ; Ion. impf. καλέεσκον: fut. καλέσω Ion. and Ep. καλέω Att. καλώ: aor. I ἐκάλεσα Ep. ἐκάλεσσα or καλέσσα: pf. κέκληκα (for κεκάληκα):—Med., fut. καλέσομαι Att. καλοῦμαι: aor. I ἐκαλεσάμην roët. καλεσάμην:—Pass., fut. κληθήσομαι, paullopost f. κειλήσομαι: aor. I ἐκλήθην: pf. κέκλημαι.

I. to call, summon: c. inf. to call on, summon to do a thing. 2. to call to one's house, to invite, Lat. *vocare ad coenam*. 3. to call on or invoke the gods.

4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, καλεῖν τινα to cite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, καλεῖσθαι τινα to sue at law, Lat. *vocare in jus*.

II. to call by name, address by name, generally, to name; καλεῖν τινα ἐπίκλησιν to call by name:—Pass., to be named, receive a name; and in pf. κέκλημαι, to have been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, τὰδε μὲν Περσῶν πιστὰ καλεῖται these are called (i. e. are) the faithful counsellors of the Persians.

καλήμεναι, roët. for καλεῖν, inf. of καλέω.

καλήτης, Dor. and Att. for κλητήτης.

καλήτωρ, ορος, ὄ, (καλέω) a crier.

καλίᾶ Ion. -νή, ἡ, (κάλων) a wooden house, but, cabin, col: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden sbrine for a statue.

καλίᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, = καλιά, a hut.

καλινδέομαι, Pass., with fut. med. καλινδήσομαι, = ἀλινδέομαι, κυλινδέομαι, to lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

καλινδήθρα, ἡ, = ἀλινδήθρα, a place for horses to roll in after exercise.

κάλλα, τά, a cock's wattles, Lat. *palea*: also a cock's tail.

καλλι-, Ep. for καταλείπω.

καλλι-, in compd. words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as καλλιπαῖς = καλή παῖς.

καλλι-βλέφαρος, ον, (καλλι-, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βόας, ον, ὄ, (καλλι-, βοή) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-βότρυς, υ, gen. vos, (καλλι-, βότρυς) with beautiful clusters.

καλλι-βωλος, ον, (καλλι-, βῶλος) with rich soil.

καλλι-γάληνος, ον, (καλλι-, γάληνη) sweetly-tranquil.

καλλι-γάμος, ον, happy in marriage.

καλλιγένεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, γένος) bearer of a fair offspring, mother of beautiful things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

καλλι-γύναιε, gen. αικος, ὄ, ἡ, (καλλι-, γυνή) with beautiful women or maidens: the nom. seems never to have been used. [ῥ]

καλλι-δίνης, ον, ὄ, (καλλι-, δίνη) flowing with beautiful eddies. [δῖ]

καλλι-διφρος, ον, with beautiful cbariot.

καλλι-δόναξ, ακος, ὄ, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-έλαιος, ὄ, (καλλι-, ἐλαία) the cultivated olive, opp. to ἀγριέλαιος.

καλλι-επέω, f. ἦσω, to speak in fair set terms, in high-flown phrases; κεκαλλιπημένοι λόγοι high-wrought speeches. From

καλλι-επής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ἐπος) beautifully speaking, elegant.

καλλ-ιερῶ Ion. καλλ-ιρῶ, f. ἦσω, (καλλι-, ἱερόν) : —to have favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. *litare*, *perlitare*—c. acc. to sacrifice with good omens. 2. of the offering, to give good omens, be favourable, propitious.

καλλι-ζυγής, ἑς, (καλλι-, ζυγῆναι) beautifully-yoked.
καλλι-ζῶνος, ον, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful girdles.

καλλι-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, θρίξ) with beautiful hair or mane : of sheep, with fine wool.

καλλιθύτῶ, f. ἦσω, to offer auspiciously. From καλλι-θύτος, ον, (καλλι-, θύω) with beautiful or auspicious sacrifices.

καλλι-καρπος, ον, with fine fruit, rich in fine fruit.

καλλι-κερως, οτος ορ ω, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, κέρως) with beautiful horns.

Καλλι-κολώνη, ἡ, Fair-hill, a district near Troy.
καλλι-κόμης Dor. -μας, ὁ, ἡ, and καλλικομης, ον, (καλλι-, κόμη) beautiful-haired.

καλλι-κρήδεμνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήδεμνον) with beautiful fillets or hair-bands.

καλλι-κρήνος Dor. -κράνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήνη) with a beautiful spring.

καλλι-λαμπέτης, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, λάμπω) beautiful-shining.

καλλι-λογέω, (καλλι-, λέγω) to express a thing elegantly :—Med. to give a fair name to a thing.

καλλι-μορφος, ον, (καλλι-, μορφή) beautifully shaped.

καλλιμος, ον, poet. for καλός, beautiful.

καλλι-νάος, ον, (καλλι-, νάω) beautifully flowing.

καλλι-νίκος, ον, (καλλι-, νίκη) with glorious victory, triumphant.

II. crowning or ennobling victory : τὸ καλλίνικον the glory of victory.

κάλλιον, neut. of καλλίω, Comp. of καλός : used also of Adv., more beautifully.

Καλλι-όπη poet. Καλλι-όπεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, ὄψ) Cal-liōpē, first of the Nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced.

καλλι-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful children. II. = καλὴ παῖς, a beautiful child.

καλλι-πάρηος, ον, (καλλι-, παρεία) beautiful-cheeked.

καλλι-πάρθενος, ον, of, with beautiful maidens or nymphs.

καλλίπρον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταλείπω : inf. καλλιπέειν.

καλλι-πέδιλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέδιλον) with beautiful sandals.

καλλι-πεπλος, ον, beautifully robed.

καλλι-πέτηλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέτηλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-πλήχης, υ, gen. εως, with beautiful elbow.

καλλι-πλόκαμος, ον, with beautiful locks.

καλλι-πλουτος, ον, adorned with riches.

καλλι-πολις, εως, ἡ, beautiful city.

καλλίπρον, Ep. for κατέλιπον, aor. 2 of καταλείπω.

καλλι-πονος, ον, beautifully wrought.

καλλι-πόταμος, ον, of beautiful rivers.

καλλι-πρωρος, ον, (καλλι-, πρῶρα) with beautiful prow, of ships : metaph. of men, with beautiful face.

καλλι-πύλος, ον, (καλλι-, πύλη) with beautiful gates.

καλλι-πυργος, ον, with beautiful towers, towering.

καλλι-πύργωτος, ον, (καλλι-, πυργῶ) built with beautiful towers.

καλλι-πῶλος, ον, with beautiful steeds or colts.

καλλι-ρέεθρος, ον, (καλλι-, ρέεθρον) beautifully flowing.

καλλι-ιρέω, Ion. for καλλι-ιρῶ.

καλλι-ροος, poet. for καλλιρ-ροος.

καλλιρ-ροος, ον, contr. καλλιρ-ρους, ον, (καλλι-, ρέω) beautifully flowing.

κάλλιστα, Adv. Sup. of καλῶς, most beautifully.

καλλι-στάδιος, ον, (καλλι-, στάδιον) with a fine race-course.

καλλιστεῖον, τό, (καλλιστεύω) the prize of beauty or excellence : in pl., = ἀριστεία, the meed of valour.

καλλιστεύω, τό, the prime of beauty : the first-fruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty.

καλλιστεύω, f. σω, (κάλλιστος) to be the most beautiful, be esteemed so : generally, to be the most beautiful among others, exceed in beauty.

καλλι-στεφάνος, ον, beautifully crowned : of cities, crowned with beautiful towers.

κάλλιστος, ἡ, ον, Sup. of καλός.

καλλι-σφύρος, ον, (καλλι-, σφυρόν) with beautiful feet or ankles.

καλλι-τοξος, ον, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow.

καλλιτρίχας, acc. pl. of καλλιτρίξ.

κάλλιψ', for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.

καλλι-φεγγής, ἑς, (καλλι-, φέγγος) beautiful-shining.

καλλι-φθογγος, ον, (καλλι-, φθέγγομαι) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-φλοξ, φλογος, ὁ, ἡ, beautiful-blazing.

καλλι-φύλλος, ον, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-χορος, ον, Ep. for καλλι-χῶρος, with beautiful places.

II. (χῶρος) of or for beautiful dances : beautiful in the dance.

καλλίω, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of καλός.

καλλονή, ἡ, (κάλλος) beauty.

κάλλος, gen. εος Att. ον, τό, (καλός) beauty. II. a beauty, beautiful object : in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beautiful works ; κάλλεα κηροῦ beautiful works of wax.

καλλοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for κάλλος, beauty.

καλλύνω, f. ἔνω, (καλός) to beautify ; metaph. to gloss, colour over :—Med. to adorn oneself, plume oneself on a thing.

καλλ-ωπιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, (κάλλος, ὤψ) to make the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair appearance to a thing :—Med. to adorn oneself, to pride oneself, glory in a thing : absol. to make a display. Hence

καλλωπισμα, ατος, τό, embellishment ; and καλλωπισμός, ὁ, an embellishing or adorning oneself, making a display.

καλο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, = καλοῦ διδάσκαλος, a teacher of virtue.

καλοκάγαθία, ἡ, nobleness and goodness. From καλο-κάγαθος, ὄν, i. e. καλὸς καὶ ἀγαθός, beautiful and good, noble and good.

καλόν, τό, (καίω) dry, seasoned wood.

καλο-πέδιλα, τά, (κάλων, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to keep a cow still while milking.

καλο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (καλός, ποιέω) to do good.

καλό-πους, ὄ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (καλός, πούς) with beautiful feet.

ΚΑΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcer; Ἀλκιβιάδης ὁ καλὸς Alcibiades the fair; τὸ καλόν, like κάλλος beauty.

II. serving a good purpose, fair, good; καλὸς λιμὴν a fair harbour; ἐν καλῷ (sub. τόπω or χρόνῳ) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious.

III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: τὸ καλόν moral virtue, Lat. honestum.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. καλλιῶν, ὄν, Sup. κάλλιστος, ἡ, ὄν. V. Adv. καλῶς, q. v.:—but neut. καλόν is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion. for κάλας, a rope.

καλοῦμαι, εἰ, εἶται, Att. fut. med. of καλέω.

ΚΑΔΠΣΞ, ἴδος, ἡ, acc. κάλπιν or κάλπιδα:—a vessel for drawing water, a picher, urn: a drinking-cup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead.

καλύβη, ἡ, (καλύπτω) a hut, cabin, cell. [ῶ]

καλύβιον, τό, Dim. of καλύβη, a small hut.

καλύκεσσι, poet. for κάλυξι, dat. pl. of κάλυξ.

καλύκο-στεφάνος, ὄν, (κάλυξ, στέφανος) crowned with flower-buds.

καλύκ-ῶπισ, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλυξ, ᾠψ) like a flower-bud, blushing, roseate.

καλυμμα, ατος, τό, (καλύπτω) a covering, a hood or veil. 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, ὕκος, ἡ, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyx of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκος ἐν λοχέυμασι when the fruit is setting.

II. in pl., κάλυκες are women's ornaments, made of metal, so called from their shape.

καλύπτειρα, ἡ, like καλύπτρα, a veil.

καλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered. II. wrapped round: enveloping.

καλύπτρα Ion. —πτρη, ἡ, a woman's veil; δυοφερά καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From

ΚΑΛΥΨΤΩ, f. ἴψω: aor. I ἐκάλυψα:—to cover, νεκτὴ καλύψας having covered with night; γαῖα ἐκαλύψε νιν earth covered him. 2. to cover, conceal. 3. to cover with dishonour. II. to put over as a covering, throw over or around.

καλύψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of καλύπτω.

Καλύψω, gen. —ος contr. —ους, ἡ, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia, and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

καλχαίνω, (κάλλη) to search for the purple-fish:

metaph. to search in the depths of one's mind, to ponder deeply.

Κάλχος, ατος, ὁ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy: properly the Searcher.

ΚΑ'ΑΧΗ, ἡ, also χάλκη, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

καλῶ, εἰς, εἰ, Att. fut. of καλέω.

καλώδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλας, a small cord or rope.

καλῶς, Adv. of καλός, beautifully, well; καλῶς ἔχειν or πράττειν, to be well off, fare well; c. gen., καλῶς ἔχειν τινός to be well off for a thing. 2. = πάνν, right well, altogether, entirely. 3. in answers, well said! bravo! Lat. euge: but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne.

ΚΑ'ΑΝΣΞ, ὁ, gen. κάλω, acc. κάλων: Ep. and Ion. κάλος, ὄν, ὁ:—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλω πλεῖν to sail at a cable's end, i. e. to have the ship towed: κάλων κατεῖναι to let down a sounding-line:—also a sail-rope, reef; proverb., πάντα κάλων ἐξείασι they are letting out every reef, i. e. are using every effort.

καλω-στρόφος, ὁ, (κάλας, στρέφω) a rope-twister.

κάμ, Ep. for κατὰ before μ, as κάμ μὲν for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμκίνος, ὄν, made of brittle wool. From

ΚΑ'ΜΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ or ὁ, a pole, stake, a vine-prop. II. the shaft of a spear.

ΚΑΜΑ'ΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. camera, anything with a vaulted or arched covering, a covered carriage. [κάμᾰ]

καμσῆγες, οἱ, a kind of fish.

κάμθηρός, ἄ, ὄν, toilsome, troublesome, wearisome. II. pass. broken down, worn out. From

κάματος, ὁ, (κάμνω) toil, trouble, labour. 2. weariness, distress. II. that which is hardy earned; ἡμέτερος κάματος our hard-won earnings. [κά]

κάμθτ-ώδης, ες, (κάματος, εἶδος) toilsome.

καμ-βαίνω, Ep. for καταβαίνω.

κάμ, Ep. for ἔκαμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κάμνω.

κάμέ, crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

καμεῖται, aor. 2 inf. of κάμνω.

καμείται, 3 sing. fut. of κάμνω.

κάμηλος, ὄ and ἡ, a camel:—ἡ κάμηλος, like ἡ ἵππος, the camels in an army. (From Hebr. Gâmal.)

κάμινευτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κάμινος) one that works at a furnace; αὐλὸς καμινευτήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows.

καμινευτής, οὔ, ὁ, = καμινευτήρ.

καμνοῖ, dat. of καμνός.

κάμινος, ἡ, (καίω) an oven, furnace, or kiln. Hence

κάμινώ, οὖς, dat. οἱ, ἡ, a furnace-woman.

καμμέν, or better κάμ μὲν, Ep. for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμμες, crasis for καὶ ἄμμες, Aeol. for καὶ ἡμεῖς.

κάμ μέσσον, Ep. for κατὰ μέσον.

καμμίβας, Ep. for καταμίβας, aor. I part. of καταμίβωμι.

καμ-μονίη, ἡ, Ep. for καταμονή, staunchness in battle, patience, endurance.

κάμ-μορος, ὄν, Ep. for κατάμορος, ill-fated.

καμ-μῶ, Ep. for καταμῶ.

ΚΑΜΝΩ: fut. καμνοῦμαι, εἰ, εἶται: aor. 2 ἐκάμω, inf. καμείν, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκάμω: pf. κέκηκα,

Ep. pl. part. *κεκμηῶς, κεκμηῶτι, κεκμηῶτα*, acc. pl. *κεκμηῶτας*: I. intr. *to be weary, tired, exhausted, or worn out*: c. part., *κάμνει πολεμίζων, ἐλαύνων, one is weary of fighting, rowing.* 2. *to feel trouble or annoyance*; *οὐκ ἔκαμον τανύων* I found no trouble in bending the bow. 3. *to be worsted or beaten.* 4. *to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, harassed.* 5. *οἱ καμῶντες and οἱ κεκμηκότες* Ep. *κεκμηότες or κεκμηῶτες*, Lat. *defuncti*, those who have finished their labours, the dead: but, *οἱ καμῶντες the sick*; and *κεκμηκότες* are also the spirits of the dead, Lat. *dii manes*. II. trans. *to work hard at, to bestow labour upon.* 2. *to work out, earn by toil*; in aor. 2 med., *ἤσαν ἐκάμοντο* they worked, tilled the island for themselves. κάμοι, by crasis for *καὶ ἐμοί*.

ΚΑΜΠΗ, ἡ, (*κάμπω*) a bending, winding, as of a river. II. *the turning in a race-course, turning-post*: metaph., *μῦθος ἐς καμπὴν ἀγειν* to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point. III. *καμπαι*, in Music, turns, tricks, quavers.

κάμπημος, η, ον, (καμπή) bent, turning, double: κάμπηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a bend, an angle. II. *the turning-point in a race-course.*

ΚΑΜΠΤΩ, fut. *κάμψω*: aor. I. *ἔκαμψα*: Pass., aor. I. *ἐκάμψθην*:—*to bend, bow*:—esp., I. *γόνυ and γούνατα κάμπειν*, *to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest.* 2. *γόνυ κάμπτειν* *to bend the knee in prayer.* 3. *γόνυ κάμπτειν* *to bend the knee in running, to run.* II. *to bend, turn, guide anything.* 2. *absol. to turn round a point*; *κάμπτειν ἄκρην* *to double a headland*; *κάμπτειν κύλπον* *to skirt the bay*: metaph., *κάμπτειν βίον* *to turn the middle point of life, i. e. to draw near to its close*; cf. *καμπή*. III. *like Lat. flecto, to bend, move by entreaties, soften, make relent*: generally, *to bend, humble.*

καμπύλος, η, ον, (κάμπω) bent, curved. [ῥ] *καμφθεός, καμφθῆναι*, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of *κάμπω*.

καμπύμενος, Ep. fut. inf. of *κάμπω*. *καμψί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κάμπω, ποῦς) bending the foot, swift-running.*

κάμψις, εως, ἡ, (κάμπω) a bending, curving. *καμών*, aor. 2 part. of *κάμνω*.

κάν, crasis for *καὶ ἄν*:—also for *καὶ ἦν*, and if, even if. *κάν*, crasis for *καὶ ἐν*, and in.

κάν, Ep. for *κατὰ* before *ν*, as *κάν νόμον* for *κατὰ νόμον*. *κάναθρον* or *κάνναθρον, τό, (κάνη) the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage.*

Κανανίτης, ου, ὁ, Syriac word, of which the Greek *Ζηλωτής, Zealot*, is a translation: to be confounded with *Χανααναῖος, a Canaanite.*

ΚΑΝΑΣΣΩ, f. *ῶ*, *to make a gurgling sound with water.* (Formed from the sound.)

κάναστρον, τό, (κάνη) a wicker basket, Lat. *canistrum*. II. *an earthen vessel, dish.*

κάνω-φόρος, Dor. for *κανηφόρος*.

κάνᾶχέω, f. ἦσω, to ring or clasp, clang, of metal: to splash, of water. From

κᾶνᾶχη, ἡ, (κανάσσω) a sharp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clasp of metal; also of the tramp of mules; *καναχή ὀδόντων* the gnashing of teeth; *καναχὰ ἀυλῶν* the shrill sound of flutes. Hence

κᾶνᾶχηδά, Adv. *with a sharp, ringing noise.*

κᾶνᾶχης, ἑς, (κανάσσω) making a sharp, ringing noise: of water, *plashing.*

κᾶνᾶχησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of *καναχέω*.

κᾶνᾶχιζε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of *καναχίζω*.

κᾶνᾶχιζω, f. ἴσω, = καναχέω.

κάνδυσ, vos, ὁ, ἡ, a Median garment with sleeves, also *κανδύκη*. (Median word.)

κάνεον Ion. *κάνειον* Att. contr. *κανοῦν, τό, (κάνη) a basket of reed or cane, a wicker basket: a bread-basket*, Lat. *canistrum*, used esp. for carrying the sacred barley (*οὔλαϊ*) at sacrifices.

κάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of *κάνω*.

κάνη, ἡ, a rarer form of *κάννα*. [ᾶ]

κανῆν, Dor. for *κᾶνείν*, aor. 2 inf. of *κάνω*.

κᾶνηφόρεω, f. ἦσω, to carry the sacred basket in procession. From

κᾶνη-φόρος, ον, (κᾶνεον, φέρω) carrying a basket: ἡ Κανηφόρος the Basket-bearer, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in processions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athena.

ΚΑΝΘΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *cantharus*, a kind of beetle, worshipped in Egypt. II. a sort of drinking-cup, Lat. *cantharus*. III. a kind of Naixian boat.

IV. a mark or knot resembling a beetle, on the tongue of the Egyptian god Apis.

κανθήλια, ον, τά, Lat. *clitellae*, a pack-saddle, or the large panniers of a pack-saddle.

κανθήλιος, ὁ, ἡ, a large sort of ass for carrying burdens, a pack-ass.

κάνθων, ανος, ὁ, (κάνθος) = κανθήλιος, a pack-ass.

ΚΑΝΝΑ or *κάννη, ης, ἡ*, a reed or cane, Lat. *canna*: hence *anything made of reeds, a reed-mat, a reed-fence.*

καννάβιον, ης, ον, βεμψεν, made of hemp. From **ΚΑΝΝΑΒΙΣ**, ἡ, gen. *ιος*, acc. *ἰδα*, also gen. *εως*:—*hemp*, Lat. *cannabis*. II. *anything made of it, tow.*

κᾶνεύσας, Ep. for *κατανεύσας*. *κάννη, ἡ, = κᾶννα.*

κᾶννονος, better *κάν νόμον*, Ep. for *κατὰ νόμον*. *κᾶνόνιος, ἰδος, ἡ, (κᾶνών) a ruler.*

κᾶνόνισμα, τό, poet. for κᾶνών, a rule: also a ruler.

κᾶνοῦν, Att. contr. of *κᾶνεον*.

κᾶνώ, aor. 2 inf. of *κᾶνω*.

κᾶνώ, fut. of *κᾶνω*.

Κᾶνώβος or *Κᾶνώπιος, ὁ, Canobus*, a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury.

κᾶνών, ὄνος, ὁ, (κᾶνη, κᾶννα) any straight rod or bar: in Homer, *κᾶνόνες* are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was

passed, to hold it by. 2. a rod used in weaving; the shuttle or quill by which the threads of the woof (πηνίον) were passed between the threads of the warp (μίτος). 3. a carpenter's rule: metaph. a rule or level ray of light. 4. the beam or tongue of the balance: pl. the keys or stops of a flute. II. metaph. like Lat. *norma*, a rule or standard of excellence:—so, the old Greek authors were called *κανόνες*, rules or models of excellence, classics; and the books received by the Church as the rule of faith and practice are called the *Canon* or canonical scriptures.

κανών, aor. 2 part. of *καίνω*.

Κάνωπος, ὁ, see Κάνωβος.

κάξ, crasis for *καί ἔξ*.

κάπ, Ep. for *κατά* before π or φ, as *κάπ πεδίον* for *κατά πεδίον*.

κάπειτα, by crasis for *καί ἔπειτα*, and then, and next.

κάπετος, ἡ, (σκάπτω, for σκάπετος) a ditch, trench, Lat. *fossa*: a vault, grave: generally, a hole.

ΚΑΠΗ, ἡ, a crib, manger.

κάπηλειον, τό, the shop of a κάπηλος, a tavern, Lat. *caupona*. From

κάπηλεύω, f. σω, (κάπηλος) to be a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to hawk about, biggle in; *καπηλεύειν μάχην* to make a trade of war, Ennius' *bellum cauponari*:—also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

κάπηλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κάπηλος) of or like a petty trader: tricky, knavish. Adv., *καπηλικῶς* ἔχειν to play roguish tricks.

καπηλίς, ἴδος, fem. of κάπηλος, Lat. *copa*.

κάπηλος, ὁ, (κάπτω) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buxster, biggler, Lat. *caupo*, opp. to ἔμπορος: esp. a tavern-keeper. II. a cheat, rogue, knave.

κάπι, by crasis for *καί ἐπί*.

κάπιθ, ἡ, (κάπτω) a measure containing two χοίρικες.

κάπνη, ἡ, (καπνός) a smoke-hole, chimney.

καπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (καπνός) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire. II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματος, τό, a smoke-offering: incense.

κάπνισσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of *καπνίζω*.

καπνοδόχη Ion. -δόκη, ἡ, (καπνός, δέχομαι) a smoke-receiver: a hole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

ΚΑΠΝΟΣ, ὁ, smoke, Lat. *fumus*. Hence

καπνώ, f. ὠσω, to turn into smoke:—Pass. to be burned into smoke, burnt to ashes.

καπνώδης, es, (καπνός, εἶδος) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

κάποι, Dor. for *κήποι*.

κάπος, ὁ, Dor. for *κήπος*.

κάππα, τό, v. sub K.

Καππαδόκις, f. σω, to favour the Cappadocians. II. to play the Cappadocian, i. e. play the rogue. From

Καππαδοξ, οκος, ὁ, a Cappadocian.

κάππεσον, Ep. for *κατέπ-*, aor. 2 of *καταπίπτω*.

καπποφόρος, ον, (κάππα, φέρω) of a horse, marked with a κάππα: cf. *κοππατίας*.

καπποπύριζω, ποῖτ. for *καταπύριζω*, (κατά, πύρ) to catch fire.

καπρός, (κάπρος) to be lewd or lecherous.

κάπριος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for *κάπρος*, a wild boar.

as Adj. like a wild boar. II.

ΚΑΠΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *APER*, the wild-boar.

καπρόφονος, ον, (καπρός, φένω) killing wild boars.

ΚΑΠΤΩ, fut. *κάνω*: aor. I *έκαψα*: Ep. pf. part. *κεκαφηώς*, for *κεκᾶφώς*:—to eat quick, swallow greedily, gulp down. II. *κάπτειν θυμόν* to gasp for breath.

κάπυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (καπύω) dry, dried. 2. act. drying, parching. II. metaph. of sound, loud and clear, distinct.

κάπυσσα, Ep. aor. I; see *ἀποκαπύω*.

καπφάλαρα, better *κάπ φάλαρα*, for *κατά φάλαρα*.

ΚΑΡ, Ep. for *κατά* before β, as *κάρ βόον* for *κατά βόον*.

κάρ, κάρός, τό, the hair of the head, akin to *κάρα*;

τίω δέ μιν ἐν καρὸς ἀσῆ I value him but at a hair's worth. II. also for *κάρα*, *κάρη*, head, as in *ἐπί κάρη* head-long.

Κάρ, ὁ, gen. *Κᾶρός*, pl. *Κᾶρες*:—a Carian, in later times despised as mercenaries:—Proverb, ἐν *Καρὶ* or ἐν *τῷ Καρὶ* δυνδυνεύειν to make the risk on a Carian, Lat. *experimentum facere in corpore vili*:—Fem. *Κᾶρα*.

ΚΑΡΑ Ion. *κάρη* [ᾗ], τό, indecl. the head: generally, the head, top, summit of anything: the brim of a cup: it is used, like *κεφαλή*, Lat. *caput*, to express a person, as *Οἰδίπου κᾶρα* for *Οἰδίου*:—used by Hom. only in nom. and acc. sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, viz. *κάρης*, *κάρη*, *κάρην*. In Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. *κάρητος* *κάρητι*, *κάρηατος* *κάρηατι*.

κᾶραβό-πρόσωπος, ον, (κᾶραβος, πρόσωπον) with the face of a crab.

ΚΑΡΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lat. *scarabaeus*. II. a prickly kind of crab.

κᾶρα-δοκέω, f. ἴσω, (καρά, δοκεῖω) to watch with outstretched head, watch eagerly or expectantly.

κᾶρανστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάρα) touching the head, be-beading.

κᾶράνον, τό, Dor. and Att. for *κάρηνον*.

κᾶράνος, ὁ, (κάρα) a bead, chieftain, chief. Hence

κᾶράνώ, f. ὠσω, like *κεφαλαῖω*, (κᾶρανον) to accomplish, achieve, complete.

κᾶρά-τομος, ον, (κᾶρά, τεμείν) with the head cut off, beheaded. 2. cut from the head.

κᾶράβανος, ον, = *βάρβαρος*, outlandish, foreign, barbarous. (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΡΒΑΤΙΝΑΙ or *καρπάτιναι*, αἱ, shoes of undressed leather, brogues, mocassins.

καρδαμίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κᾶραμον) to be like cress; metaph. to look sharp or pungent; *τί καρδαμίξεις*; why chatter so much about cress (i. e. about nothing)?

ΚΑΡΔΑΜΟΝ, τό, a kind of cress, Lat. *nastur-*

tium: also *the seed*, which was eaten by the Persians like mustard:—metaph. *κάρδαμον βλέπειν* to look cress, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

ΚΑΡΔΙΑ, poet. *κράδια* Ion. *καρδίη*, *κράδιη*, *ή*, *the heart*, Lat. *cor*; *ἀπὸ καρδίας λέγειν*, like Lat. *ex animo*, to speak from *the heart*. II. *the stomach*.

καρδιακός, *ή*, *όν*, (*καρδία*) *of the heart or stomach*: hence. II. *dyspeptic*.

καρδιο-γνώστης, *ου*, *δ*, (*καρδία*, *γινώσκω*) *knower of hearts*.

καρδιο-δηκτος, *ον*, (*καρδία*, *δάκνω*) *gnawing the heart*. *καρδιο-ουλικώ*, (*καρδία*, *έλω*) *to draw the heart out of a victim at a sacrifice*.

καρδοπέιον, *τό*, *the cover of a kneading-trough*. II. *a muzzle*. From

ΚΑΡΔΟΠΟΣ, *ή*, *a kneading-trough, any trough*. *Κάρεσσι*, dat. pl. of *Κάρ*.

κάρη, Ion. and Ep. for *κάρα*, *the head*. *καρήατος*, *καρήατι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρα*.

κάρηβάρεια Ion. -*τη*, *ή*, *beaviness in the head*: *top-beaviness*. From

κάρηβαρέω, *ι*. *ήσω*, *to be heavy in the head, top-beavy*. From

κάρηβαρής, *ές*, (*κάρη*, *βάρος*) *heavy in the head*. *κάρη-κομόωντες*, or better *κάρη κομόωντες*, *οί*, *with hair on the head, long-haired*, of the Achaians, opp. to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called *ὕπτιθεν κομόωντες*.

κομόωντες is Ep. part. pl. of *κομάω*; but there is no Verb *καρηκομάω*. *κάρηναί*, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *κείρω*. *κάρηνον*, *τό*, mostly in pl. *κάρηνα*, (*κάρη*) *the head*; *ἀνδρῶν κάρηνα*, = *άνδρες*; *βοῶν κάρηνα* so many head of cattle. II. metaph. *a mountain-top, peak, crest of a hill*: also of a town, *the citadel*.

κάρητος, *κάρητι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρη*. *Κάρικο-εργής*, *ές*, (*Καριός*, *εργον*) *of Carian work*.

Καρίκός, *ή*, *όν*, (*Κάρ*) *Carian*: *Καρικὴ μούσα*, *ή*, *a kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge*.

ΚΑΡΙΣ, gen. *ίδος* or *ιδος*, *ή*, Dor. also *κουρίς* or *κωρίς*, *a shrimp or prawn*, Lat. *squilla*. [ᾱ]

καρκαίρω, *to ring or quake*, of the earth. (Formed from the sound.)

ΚΑΡΚΙΝΟΣ, *δ*, with heterog. pl. *καρκίνα*, *τά*, *a crab*, Lat. *cancer*: also *Cancer, the Crab*, as a sign in the zodiac. II. *a pair of tongs*. [Υ]

καρκινό-χειρες, *ων*, pl. Adj. (*καρκίνος*, *χείρ*) *with crab's claws for hands*.

ΚΑΡΠΝΕΙΑ or **Κάρνεα**, *τά*, *a festival held in honour of Apollo Κάρνειος* by the Spartans, during nine days of the Attic month Metageitnion, hence called *Καρνεῖος μήν*.

καρός, Dor. for *κηρός*. *Κάρπαθος*, *ή*, *an island between Crete and Rhodes*, called in Homer *Κράπαθος*.

καρπαία, *ή*, *a mimic dance of the Thessalians*. *καρπαλίμος*, *ον*, (*ἀρπάω*, Lat. *carpo*) *tearing, swift, rapid*. Adv. *καρπαλίμως*, *rapidly*.

καρπᾶσος, *ή*, with heterog. pl. *κάρβασα*, *τά*, *a fine flax grown in Spain*, Lat. *carbasus*. (Eastern word.)

καρτίω, *ι*. *ήσω* Att. *ιῶ* (*καρπός*) *to pluck or gather fruit*:—Med. *to enjoy the fruits of, reap the return*. II. *to make fruitful, fertilise*.

καρπίμος, *η*, *ον*, (*καρπός*) *bearing fruit, fruitful*. *καρπο-γένεθλος*, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *γενέθλη*) *producing fruit*.

καρπο-δεσμα, *ων*, *τά*, (*καρπός*, *δεσμός*) *chains for the wrists or arms, armlets*.

καρπο-ποιός, *όν*, (*καρπός*, *ποιέω*) *producing fruit*. **ΚΑΡΠΟΣ**, *δ*, *fruit*; *καρπός ἀρούρης*, corn, but also of wine; *οἱ καρποί the fruits of the earth*, corn. II. metaph. *the fruits, produce, returns, profit of a thing*.

ΚΑΡΠΟΣ, *δ*, *the joint of the arm and hand, the wrist*, Lat. *carpus*. *καρπο-τελής*, *ές*, (*καρπός*, *τελέω*) *bringing fruit to perfection*: *fruitful, prolific*.

καρπο-τόκος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *τεκεῖν*) *bearing fruit*. *καρπο-φάγος*, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *φάγειν*) *eating fruit*. *καρπο-φθόρος*, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *φθείρω*) *spoiling fruit*. *καρποφορέω*, *ι*. *ήσω*, *to bear fruit*. From

καρπο-φόρος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *φέρω*) *fruit-bearing*. *καρπο-φύλαξ*, *ακος*, *δ*, (*καρπός*, *φύλαξ*) *a watcher of fruit*. [Υ]

καρπώω, *ι*. *ήσω*, (*καρπός*) *to bear fruit*: later *to offer fruit*. II. Med. *καρπύομαι* *to gather fruit or reap crops from land*:—*to exhaust, plunder*. 2. *to enjoy the interest of money*: *to reap the fruits of, enjoy a thing*.

κάρπωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*καρπώω*) *fruit*: *produce, profit*. *καρπώσις*, *εως*, *ή*, (*καρπύομαι*) *a reaping the fruit of*: *use, profit*.

καρρέξουσα, Ep. for *καταρρέξουσα*. *κάρτα*, Adv. (*κάρτος*) *very, very much*, Lat. *valde*; *καὶ τὸ κάρτα*, *very much indeed, really and truly*.

καρτερέω, *ι*. *ήσω*, (*καρτερός*) *to be steadfast or patient*. 2. c. acc. *to endure manfully*. 3. with a Prep. *to hold out or bear up against a thing*. 4. with part. *to persevere, persist in doing*. Hence *καρτερήσις*, *εως*, *ή*, *a bearing patiently, patience, endurance*.

καρτερία, *ή*, = *καρτερήσις*. *καρτερικός*, *ή*, *όν*, (*καρτερός*) *enduring, patient*. *καρτερό-θυμος*, *ον*, (*καρτερός*, *θυμός*) *stout-bearded*. *καρτερός*, *ά*, *όν*, (*κάρτος*) = *κατερός*, *strong, staunch, brave*, mostly of persons, but also of things; *καρτερά έργα* *valiant deeds*; *καρτερος ὕκος* *a binding oath*. 2. of places, *strong*, in a military sense. 3. *master of a thing, lord of*. 4. *master of oneself; steadfast, patient, constant*: also *obstinate*. II. Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in use are *κρείσσω*, *κράτιστος*.

καρτερό-χειρ, *δ*, *ή*, (*καρτερός*, *χείρ*) *strong of hand*. *καρτερῶς*, Adv. (*οἰκαρτερός*, *strongly*; *καρτερῶς ὑπνοῦσθαι* *to sleep sound*).

κάρτιστος, *η*, *ον*, Ep. for *κράτιστος*.

κάρτος, εος, τό, Ep. and Ion. for κράτος, strengtb, vigour, courage. Hence

καρτύνω, Ep. for κρατύνω, to strengtben; aor. I med., ἐκαρτύνατο φάλαγγας they strengtbened their ranks; χεῖρας ἐκαρτύναντο they strengtbened or armed their hands.

Καρύατιδες, ον, αἱ, (Καρναί) the women of Caryae in Laconia.

II. in Architecture, Caryatides are female figures used as bearing shafts. [α]

κάρυκη, ἡ, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and rich spice. [υ] Hence

κάρυκινος, ἡ, ον, of the colour of καρύκη, blood-red. κάρυκο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (καρύκη, ποιέω) to make a rich savoury sauce.

κάρυξ, Dor. for κήρυξ.

ΚΑΡΥΤΟΝ, the nut; κ. Περσικόν the walnut; κ. Εὐβοϊκόν the chestnut; κ. Ποντικόν the filberd.

κάρυο-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, (κάρυον, ναύτης) one who goes to sea in a nutsbell.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρύσσω.

καρφᾶλέος, α, ον, (κάρφω) dry, parched: of sound, hollow.

κάρφη, ἡ, (κάρφω) a dry blade of grass.

καρφηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (κάρφος) of dry straw.

καρφίτης [ε], ον, ὁ, (κάρφος) built of dry straw.

κάρφος, εος, τό, (κάρφω) any dry particle, a dry stalk or chip, Lat. palea: dry twigs, straws, bits of wool, such as birds make their nests of: in pl. barks, chaff, Lat. quisquilliae. 2. the dry sticks of cinnamon were also called κάρφη.

ΚΑΡΨΩ, f. κάρψω, to make dry or withered:—Pass. to wither away.

καρχᾶλέος, α, ον, (κάρχαρος) rough in throat with thirst, Virgil's *siti asper*.

καρχαρ-όδους or -όδων, ὄδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (κάρχαρος, ὄδους) with sharp jagged teeth.

κάρχαρος, ον, (χαρχάσσω) sharp-pointed or jagged: generally, sharp, biting.

Καρχηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Caribage: Καρχηδόνιος, α, ον, and Καρχηδονιακός, ἡ, ὄν, Carthaginian.

καρχήσιον, τό, a drinking-cup or goblet narrower in the middle than at top and bottom. II. the masthead of a ship. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κάρψε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κάρφω.

καρῶ, Dor. for κηρῶ.

κάς, by crasis for καί εἰς or καί ἐς.

κάσαλβάξω, f. σω, to abuse in barlot's language. From

κάσαλβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a barlot, strumpet.

κάσας, κασᾶς or κασῆς, ον, ὁ, a horse's caparison or bousing, a carpet or skin to sit upon. (Akin to κάσ, κάσας.)

ΚΑΣΣΙΑ Ion. -λη, ἡ, cassia, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

κάσι-γνήτη, ἡ, a sister: fem. of κασίγνητος.

κασί-γνητος, ὁ, (κάσις, γεννάω) a brother:—then any blood-relation, a nephew or niece. II. as Adj.

κασίγνητος, ἡ, ον, brotherly, sisterly.

ΚΑ'ΣΙΣ, ιος, ὁ or ἡ: vocat. κάσι: a brother or sister. [α]

Κασσιτέρειδες, ον, αἱ, the Cassiterides or tin-islands.

ΚΑΣΣΙΤΕΡΟΣ Att. καππίτερος, ὁ, τιν, Lat. stannus; χεῦμα κασσιτέριο a plating of tin.

κάσσημα Att. κάππ-, ατος, τό, anything stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal: generally, a leather sole or shoe. From

ΚΑΣΣΥ'Ω Att. καππύω, to stitch, sew together. II. metaphor. to stitch up, i. e. to concoct, a plot. [υ]

κάστων, by crasis for καί ἐστών.

Καστορείος, ον, (Κάστωρ) of or for Castor; Καστορείος νόμος, a warlike air for the flute, mostly used in Sparta.

καστορίδες, αἱ, (Κάστωρ) a famous Laconian breed of hounds, said to be first reared by Castor: also καστορία κύνες.

καστορνύσα, Ep. for καταστορνύσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστέρνυμι.

Κάστωρ, οπος, ὁ, Castor, son of Zeus (or Tyndarus) and Leda, brother of Pollux.

ΚΑ'ΣΤΩΡ, οπος, ὁ, the beaver.

κάσχεθε, Ep. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κατέχω.

κάσῳρον, τό, a brothel. From

κάσῳρος, ἴδος, ἡ, = κασάλβη, a barlot.

ΚΑΤΑ', Prep. with gen. and acc.: A. GENIT.: I. denoting motion from above, down from.

II. down towards, down upon; κατὰ χροῖδας ὄμματα πῆξαι to fix the eyes down upon the ground; of a dart, κατὰ γαίης ἔγχετο it went down to the ground:—so, τοξένω κατὰ τινος to shoot at one (because the arrow falls down upon its mark); παῖεν κατὰ τινος to strike at one; ὁμοῖαι κατὰ τινος to swear upon a thing. III. against, in opposition to; λόγος κατὰ τινος, Lat. oratio in aliquem, a speech against one accused; but, πρὸς τινα, Lat. adversus aliquem, a speech in answer to an opponent.

B. Accus.: I. of motion downwards, κατὰ ρέον down the stream. 2. of motion or extension, over, throughout, among, at, about, over, as κατὰ γαῖαν, πόντον: throughout, all along: also of Place, upon, βάλλειν κατ' ἄσπιδα. 3. generally, of Place, as, κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν by land and sea.

II. distributively, of a whole divided into parts; κατὰ φύλα, κατὰ φρήτρας by tribes and clans; κατὰ σφέας by themselves; so, of time, κατ' ἐνιαυτὸν year by year; and of numbers, κατ' ὀλίγους few at a time.

III. of object or purpose, πλεῖν κατὰ πρῆξιν to sail on a business; πλάσσειν κατὰ ληίδα to rove in search of booty. IV. of fitness, according to, answering to; κατὰ θυμὸν according to one's mind; so, καθ' ἡμέτερον νόον after our liking; κατ' ἀνθρώπον according to the capacity of a man; κατὰ φύσιν naturally; κατὰ δύναντα to the best of one's power; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms agreed upon. 2. in relation to, concerning; τὰ κατὰ πόλεμον all that belongs to war; τὸ καθ' ὑμᾶς

as far as concerns you; *κατά τούτο* in this way; *κατά ταῦτα* in the same way. V. of numbers, *nearby, about*; *κατά ἐξήκωσια ἔτια* about 600 years.

VI. of Time, *throughout, during, in the course of*; *κατά τὸν πόλεμον* in the course of the war; *κατά Ἀμασιν* about the time of Amasis; of *καθ' ἡμᾶς* those that live *about* our time, our contemporaries.

VII. the Comp. is followed by ἡ κατά . . . , when the *qualities* of things are compared; *μεῖζον ἢ κατ' ἀνθρώπων* greater than is suited to man, too great for man; *μεῖζω ἢ κατά δάκρυα* greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

POSITION: when *κατά* follows its case, it is written *κάτα*.

AS ADV., like *κάτω*, downwards, from above, down.

IN COMPOS.: I. downwards, down, as in *καταβαίω*. II. over against, in answer to, as in *κατάξω*, Lat. *occino*. III. against, in hostile sense, as in *κατ-ηγροῦν*. IV. often only to strengthen the simple word, as in *κατα-κόπτω*, *κατα-φαγεῖν*.

Κατά as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into *κάγ* before *γ*, *κάκ* before *κ*, *κάμ* before *μ*, *κάν* before *ν*, *κάπ* before *π* or *φ*, *κάρ* before *ρ*, *κάτ* before *τ* or *θ*. In compd. Verbs, *κατά* sometimes changes into *καβ*, *καλ*, *καρ*, *κατ*, as *κάββαλε*, *κάλλιπε*, *καρρέζουσα*, *κάθανε*.

κατά, Ion. for *καθ' ἄ*.

κᾶτα, crasis for *καὶ εἶτα*, and then.

κατάβα, for *κατάβηθι*, aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίω*.

καταβάδην, Adv. (*καταβαίω*) going down: below, down-stairs, opp. to *ἀναβάδην*. [*βᾶ*]

καταβασμός, ὄ (*καταβαίω*) a descent: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

καταβαίνη, aor. 2 opt. of

καταβαίω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα; aor. 2 *κατέβην*, Ep. I pl. subj. *καταβέιομεν*, for *καταβῶμεν*; *κατάβᾶ* imperat. (for *κατάβηθι*): aor. I med. *κατεβήσαμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *κατεβήσετο*, Ep. imperat. *καταβήσεο*:—to go or come down, Lat. *descendere*: c. gen. to go down from; *καταβαίνειν δίφρου* to come down from a chariot: c. acc. to go down to; *θάλαμον κατεβήσατο* she came down to her chamber; but also, *κλίμακα καταβαίνειν* to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs. 2. to go down to the sea.

3. to go down into the arena, to fight, contend.

4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, e. g. in speaking. II. rarely in Pass., *ἵππος καταβαίνεται* the horse is dismounted from.

καταβακχιδόμαι, Pass. (*κατά*, *Βακχιδώ*) to be full of Bacchic frenzy.

καταβάλλω, fut. -βᾶλῶ: aor. 2 *κατέβαλον*, Ep. 3 sing. *κάββαλε*: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw down, cast down, overthrow, lay low; *καταβάλλειν εἰς γόνυ* to throw on the knee, of wrestling: to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down. 2. to strike down, and so to slay. 3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea. 4. to put down, pay down: hence to pay off, discharge. 5. to put down into

a place and leave there:—Med. to lay as a foundation, ground, found.

καταβάπτω, f. *ψω*, (*κατά*, *βάπτω*) to dip down or into. *καταβαρέω*, f. ἦσω, (*κατά*, *βάρος*) to weigh down, overload.

καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of *καταβαίω*.

κατάβασις, εως, ἡ, (*καταβαίω*) a going down, descending. 2. a way down, a descent: the entrance to a cave.

καταβασμός, Att. for *καταβαθμός*.

καταβάτω [*ᾶ*], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίω*.

καταβαύξω, f. ξω, to bark or bay at, *τινός*.

καταβεβαίδομαι, Dep. to affirm positively.

καταβεβλημένος, pf. pass. part. of *καταβάλλω*.

καταβέιομεν, Ep. for *καταβῶμεν*, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of *καταβαίω*.

καταβήμηναι, Ep. for *καταβήναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *καταβαίω*.

καταβήσσει, Ep. for *κατάβησαι*, 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of *καταβαίω*.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of *καταβαίω*.

καταβιβάξω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of *καταβαίω*, to make to go down, bring down.

καταβιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσομαι: aor. 2 *κατέβρων*:—Pass., aor. I *κατεβρώθην*: pf. -βέβρωμαι:—to eat up, devour.

καταβιδώ, f. -ώσομαι: aor. 2 *κατέβιδω*:—to bring life to an end, pass life.

καταβλάκενω, f. *σω*, to treat carelessly, mismanage.

καταβλάπτω, f. *βλάψω*, to damage.

καταβλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*καταβάλλω*) likely to throw off.

καταβληχάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to bleed aloud.

καταβλώσκω, f. -μολῶμαι: aor. 2 *κατέμολον*:—to go down or through, pass through.

καταβοάω, fut. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βῶσομαι:—to cry down, cry out against, exclaim against, c. gen. II.

c. acc. to outcry, silence. Hence

καταβοή, ἡς, ἡ, a cry or outcry against one: and

καταβόησις, εως, ἡ, a crying out against.

καταβολή, ἡ, (*καταβάλλω*) a laying down: a foundation, beginning. 2. a paying down. 2. a periodical attack of illness, a fit.

καταβόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, (*κατά*, *βόσκω*) to feed flocks upon a place:—Med. to feed upon.

καταβόστρυχος, ον, with long flowing locks.

καταβραβεύω, f. *σω*, to decide against one, deprive one of one's right:—Pass. to be unfairly cast in a suit.

καταβρέχω, f. -βρέξω: Pass., aor. I *κατεβρέχην*:—to wet through, drench.

καταβρίθω [*ῖ*], f. -βρίσω:—to weigh or press down: metaph. to outweigh. II. intr. to be heavily laden, weighed down by a thing. [*ῖ*]

**καταβρόχω*, aor. I *κατέβροξα*, opt. *καταβρόξαια*, to gulp or swallow down: cf. *ἀναβρόχω*.

καταβροχίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, (*κατά*, *βρόχος*) to gulp down.

καταβρύκω [*ῦ*], f. ξω, to bite in pieces, eat up.

καταβρῶσομαι, fut. of καταβιβρώσκω.
κατα-βυρσῶω, (Ion. βύρσα) *to cover over with hides*.
καταβῶσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβῶω.
κατά-γαιος Att. -γείος, *ον*, (κατά, γαῖος) *underground, subterraneous*. II. *on the ground*;
κατάγαιοι στροθοὶ birds *that run instead of flying*,
ostriches.

καταγγελεύς, *έως, ό*, (καταγγέλω) *a proclaimer*.
κατ-αγγέλλω, *φ. έλω*, *to announce, proclaim, declare*;
καταγγέλλει *πόλεμον* *to declare war*, 2. *to denounce, disclose, betray*. Hence

κατ-άγγελτος, *ον*, *denounced, betrayed*.
κατά-γείος, Att. for κατάγαιος.
Κατα-γέλα, *ή*, (κατά, γελῶ) *Comic name of a supposed town, Γέλα καὶ Καταγέλα*.

κατα-γέλαστος, *ον*, *ridiculous*. From
κατα-γελῶ, *φ. άσομαι* [ᾶ]: *αορ. I κατεγέλασα*:—
Pass., *αορ. I κατεγελάσθην*: *pf. -γγέλασμαι*:—*to laugh at*: *absol. to laugh scornfully, mock*.

κατά-γελυς, *ωτος, ό*, (κατά, γέλυς) *ridicule, mockery*: also *absurdity*.

κατᾱγήναι, *αορ. 2 inf. pass. of κατάγνυμι*.
κατα-γηράσκω, *φ. -γηράσω* *or άσομαι*: *αορ. I κατεγήρᾱσα* *or -εγήρᾱνα*: *pf. -γεγήρᾱκα*:—*to grow old, pass one's old age*, Lat. *senesco*; 3 *sing. impf. κατεγήρᾱ* (from καταγηράω), *or αορ. 2* (as if from a Verb in *μι*, cf. *γηράσκω*):—*to grow old*, Lat. *senesco*.

κατα-γίγαρτις, *φ. ίσω*, (κατά, γίγαρτον) *to take out the kernel*: *metaph. for stuprae*.

κατα-γίγνομαι, *φ. -γενήσομαι*:—*to stay or reside at*: also *to busy oneself about a thing*.

κατα-γινώσκω, *φ. -γνώσομαι*: *αορ. 2 κατέγνων*:—*to remark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to finding fault*. 2. *to lay something to one's charge*, *c. gen. pers. et acc. rei*, as, *καταγινώσκειν τινός άνανδρήν* *to lay a charge of cowardice against him*:—Pass., *καταγρωσθείς πρήσσειν* *being thought or suspected to be doing*. 3. *to give judgment or sentence against a person*; *καταγινώσκειν τινός θάνατον* *to pass sentence of death on one*, Lat. *dannare aliquem mortis*; *καταγινώσκειν δίκην* *to adjudge or decide a suit*.

κατ-αγίζω, Ion. for καθαγίζω.
κατ-αγινέω, Ion. for κατάγω, *to lead or carry down*. II. *to bring back*.

κατα-γίνομαι, -γίνωσκω, later forms for καταγιγ-
κατ-αγλαῖζω, *φ. ίσω*, *strengthd. for άγλαίζω*.
κατα-γλωττίζω: *φ. ίσω* Att. *ιω*: *pf. pass. κατεγλώττισμαι*: (κατά, γλωττα):—*to kiss by joining tongues*: μέλος *κατεγλωτισμένον* *a wanton, licentious song*. II. *to use the tongue or speak against one*. III. *to talk one down, silence him*. Hence

καταγλώττισμα, τό, *a wanton kiss*.
κατ-αγμα, *ατος, τό*, (κατάγω) *wool spun out*: *a piece or flock of wool*.
κατα-γνάμπω, *φ. ψω*, *to bend down*.

καταγνούη, *αορ. 2 opt. of καταγινώσκω*.
καταγνούς, *αορ. 2 part. of καταγινώσκω*.

κατ-άγνυμι; fut. *κατάξω*: *αορ. I κατέξα*, *part. κατάξας*: *pf. (in pass. sense) κατέξα* Ion. *κατέγη*: *αορ. 2 pass. κατέγηην* [ᾶ], *inf. καταγήναι*:—*to break in pieces, shatter, shiver*: *to break, weaken*. II.

in Pass., and in *pf. act. κατέξα*, *to be broken*; *κατεῖγῃνα* *or κατᾱγήναι τήν κεφαλήν* *to have the head broken*.

κατάγνωσις, *εως, ή*, (καταγιγνώσκω) *an unfavourable opinion*. II. *condemnation*.

κατα-γοητεύω, *φ. σω*, *to enchant, bewitch*: *to cheat, impose upon*.

κατ-αγορεύω, *φ. σω*, *to denounce*.
κατά-γράφος, *ον*, *engraved, embrodered*. From
κατα-γράφω, *φ. ψω*, *to mark or scratch deeply*: *to engrave*: *to paint over, fill with letters*. II. *to write down*: *to register, enroll*.

κατ-αγρέω, *φ. ήσω*, *to catch, overtake*.
κατα-γυμνάω, fut. *άσομαι*, *to exercise constantly*.

κατ-άγω, *φ. -άξω*: *αορ. 2 κατήγαγον*:—*to lead or carry down*, Lat. *deducere*: *to lead or carry to a place, esp. to the sea-coast*. 2. *to bring down from the high sea to land*:—Pass. *to come to land, opp. to ανάγεςθαι* (*to put out to sea*). 3. *to draw out, spin*. 4. *to bring down, lower*. II. *to bring back, esp. from banishment, to recall, restore*. Hence

κατᾱγωγή, *ή*, *a bringing down*. II. *a putting a ship into harbour, landing*. 2. *a landing-place*: hence 3. *a resting-place, lodging-place*.

κατᾱγῳιον, τό, (κατάγω) *a place to lodge in, resting-place, inn*.

κατ-αγωνίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. *to struggle against, prevail against*.

κατα-δαίνυμαι, *φ. -δαίσομαι*, Pass. *to devour*.

κατα-δάκνω, fut. -δήξομαι, *to bite in pieces*.

κατα-δακρυχέω, *ουσα*, better *divisim*, *κατᾱ δάκρυ χέω*, *shedding tears*.

κατα-δακρύω, *φ. σω*, *to bewail or lament bitterly*: *absol. to weep bitterly*.

κατα-δαμάζω, *φ. άσω*: *αορ. I inf. med. καταδαμάσασθαι*:—*to subdue utterly*.

καταδάμναμαι, = καταδαμάζω.

κατα-δαπᾶνω, *φ. ήσω*, *to squander, waste utterly*.

κατα-δάπτω, *φ. -δάψω*, *to rend in pieces, devour*.

κατα-δαρᾶνω: *αορ. 2 κατέδαρθον*, by *poët. metath.* *κατέδραθον*; also, in same sense, *αορ. 2 pass. κατεδάρθην*, *poët. subj. καταδραθῶ*, *part. καταδαρθείς*:—*to sleep soundly, fall asleep*.

κατα-δατέομαι, *φ. -δάσομαι*, Med. *to divide among themselves*.

καταδείξ, *ές*, (καταδέω) *wanting or failing in something, lacking of*: hence *poor, needy*; Comp. *καταδέεστος*, *weaker, inferior*, see *καταδεῶς*.

κατα-δέι, *impers. there is wanting*: see *καταδέω*.

κατα-δείδω, *φ. -δέσω*: *αορ. I κατέδεισα*:—*to fear very much, be in great terror of*.

κατα-δείκνυμι and -ύω, *φ. -δείξω*: *αορ. I κατέδειξα* Ion. -έδεξα:—*to shew clearly, point out, make known*: *c. inf. to shew how to do*: *to establish, prove*.

κατα-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ā]:—to shew signs of fear or cowardice.

καταδείξιαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of καταδείκνυμι.

καταδέομαι, f. -δέησομαι, Dep. to want or need very much: to intreat earnestly, Lat. deprecari.

καταδέρομαι, aor. 2 act. κατέδρακον, and in same sense pass. κατέβηχην: Dep.:—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, δ, a tie or band: a magic knot, love-knot. καταδέω, f. σω, aor. I κατέδουσα, to wet through: to water.

καταδέχομαι, f. -δέχομαι: Dep.:—to receive, admit. 2. to receive back, take home again.

καταδέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind on or to, bind fast: Med. to bind to or for oneself. 2. to put in bonds, imprison. 3. metaph. to convict of a crime. II. to tie down, shut up, close, check.

καταδέω (B), f. -δήσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers: καταδεί, impers. there is need.

καταδέωσ, Adv. of καταδείης, in defect: Comp. καταδεεστέρως ἔχειν to be very ill off.

κατά-δηλος, ov, very plain or manifest.

καταδημοβορέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβόρος) to consume publicly.

καταδαιτιάω, f. ήσω, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, τινός.

καταδιαλλάσσω Att. -πτω, fut. -άξω, to reconcile again.

καταδίδωμι, f. -δώσω, of rivers, intr., to flow or empty themselves into.

καταδικάζω, f. άσω: Pass., aor. κατεδικάσθην: pf. καταδεδίκασμαι:—to give judgment against, pass sentence upon, τινός: absol. to condemn:—Med. to get sentence given again t another, procure his condemnation:—Pass., καταδικασμένος one who has judgment given against him.

καταδίκη, ή, (κατά, δικη) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence: a fine. [r]

κατά-δικος, ov, (κατά, δικη) condemned.

καταδιώκω, f. ζω or ζομαι, to pursue closely.

καταδοκέω, f. -δόςω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect: to think, suppose: also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχθείς being suspected.

καταδοξάζω, fut. άσω, = καταδοκέω.

καταδουλώω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslave: also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώσομαι, -εδουλώσασμην, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence καταδούλωσις, εως, ή, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

καταδουπέω, f. ήσω, to fall with a heavy sound.

Κατά-δουποι, ov, οι, (κατά, δούπος) the Cataracts of the Nile: also the parts of Ethiopia in which they are called by Cicero *Catadupa* as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting.

καταδραθῶ, aor. 2 subj. pass. of καταδραθάνω.

καταδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρέχω.

καταδρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.

καταδρομή, ή, (καταδραμείν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρομος, ov, overrun, wasted by a raid.

κατά-δρυμμα, atos, τό, a tearing or rending. From καταδρύπτω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend.

καταδύναμι, aor. 2 inf. of καταδύω.

καταδυναστεύω, f. σω, to exercise lordship or sovereignty over, overpower, oppress.

καταδύνω, = καταδύω in intrans. sense.

καταδύς, aor. 2 part. of καταδύω.

καταδύσις, εως, ή, (καταδύω) a going down under water: of the stars, a setting: generally, a descent.

καταδυσωπέω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intreaty.

καταδύω and καταδύνω: fut. -δύσω: aor. I κατέδύσα: aor. 2 κατέδυν: I. Causal, in pres. καταδύω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδύσα:—to make to sink, Lat. mergere: καταδύσαι ναυν to sink or disable a ship.

II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύομαι, with aor. 2, pf., plqpf. act., κατέδυν, -δέδυνκα, -δεδύκειν:—to go under water, sink, set, of the sun: ἀμ' ἡλέϊω καταδύντι with sunset. 2. to go down into, to steal or creep into: to get into the midst of: τέχαια καταδύναι to get under, i. e. put on arms. 3. to keep hidden, lie hid.

κατ-είδω Ion. -αείδω: f. -άσομαι: rarely -άσω:—to sing to, to charm by singing, Lat. occinere: absol. to sing a spell, charm. II. to deafen by singing.

καταδωροδοκέω, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes, κατ-αείδω, Ion. for κατ-είδω.

κατα-ειμένωσ, pf. part. pass. of καθέννυμι, clothed, clad, covered. II. pf. part. pass. of καθίημι, let down, banging down.

καταείψαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Ep. for καθείσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of καθέζω.

κατα-έννυμι, poet. for καθέννυμι: impf. καταείνον: to clothe, cover, overspread.

κατ-αζαίνω: Ion. aor. I καταζήνασκον: (κατά, αζαίνω, αζω) —to make quite dry, parch up.

κατα-ζάω, inf. καταζήν, to live one's life out.

κατα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύσω, —to tie or yoke together, yoke:—Pass. to be bound fast, straitened: to be imprisoned.

καταζήνασκει, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of καταζαίνω.

κατα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζύσω, to gird fast: Med. to gird oneself.

καταθαιένειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

κατα-θαράσσω, to embolden or encourage against:—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [v]

καταθεόμαι, f. άσομαι [ā], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

καταθείναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείω, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείομαι, Ep. for -θέωμαι, aor. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταβέλομεν, Ep. for *-θέωμεν*, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of *κατατίθημι*.

κατα-θέλω, f. *έω*, to subdue by charms. Hence *κατάθελις*, *εως*, *ή*, *enchantment*.

κατάθεμα, *ατος*, τό, (*κατατίθημι*) an accursed thing.

κατα-θεματίω, f. *σω*, (*κατάθεμα*) to curse.

καταθεσθαί, aor. 2 med. inf. of *κατατίθημι*.

κατάθεσις, *εως*, *ή*, (*κατατίθημι*) a putting down: a paying down, discharging.

κατα-θέω, f. *-θεύσομαι*:—to run down: of ships, to run into harbour.

II. to make inroads or incursions: c. acc., *καταθείν* χώραν to overrun a country.

κατα-θεωρέω, f. *ήσω*, to contemplate from above.

κατα-θήγω, f. *έω*, to sharpen, whet.

κατα-θηλώ, (*κατά*, *θήλυς*) to make womanish.

καταθησώ, Dor. for *καταθήσω*, fut. of *κατατίθημι*.

κατα-θνήσκω, fut. *-θναύομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέθανον* Ep.

κάτθανον: pf. *-τέθνηκα*, part. *-τεθνηκώς* Ep. *-τεθνήκως*, *ώτος*, inf. *-τεθνάται* Ep. *-τεθνάμεν* [*α*]:—to die away, be dying: in aor. 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased.

Hence

καταθητός, *ή*, *όν*, mortal.

καταθορείν, aor. 2 inf. of *καταθρόσκω*.

κατα-θορυβέω, f. *ήσω*, to cry down.

κατα-θρηγνώ, f. *ήσω*, to bewail, lament.

κατα-θρόσκω, f. *-θοροῦμαι*: aor. 2 *κατέθορον*, inf. *-θορείν*:—to leap or jump down: c. acc., *καταθρόσκειν την αιμασιν* to leap down from the wall.

κατα-θυμέω, f. *ήσω*, (*κατά*, *θυμέω*) to lose all heart, to be very much dejected.

κατα-θύμιος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, in or upon the mind, at heart: *μηδέ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος έστω* let not death sit heavy at thy heart.

II. according to one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing.

κατα-θύω, f. *ύω* [*υ*], to sacrifice: to offer, dedicate.

II. Med., *καταθέσθαί τινα* to compel one's love by magic sacrifices.

κατα-θορακίζω, f. *ίω* Att. *ιῶ*, to cover with a coat of mail, arm at all points.

κατα-βάσις, *εως*, *ή*, *ροῦθ*, for *κατάβασις*.

κατα-βάτης, *ον*, *ό*, *ροῦθ*, for *καταβάτης*, (*καταβαίνω*) one who comes down or descends, of Zeus descending in thunder and lightning: also of the thunder-bolt, hurled down, descending.

2. epith. of *Άχέρων*, to which one descends, downward, infernal.

κατα-βάρως, *ή*, *όν*, *ροῦθ*, for *καταβαρός*, giving a passage downwards; *θύραι καταβατά άνθρωποισι* gates by which men descend.

κατα-αίδομαι, Dep. with fut. med. *-αιδέσομαι*, aor. I pass. *-ηδέσθην*:—to feel shame or reverence before another, to reverence, respect: c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

κατα-αθαλώ, f. *ώσω*, to burn to ashes.

κατα-αυθόσω, f. *έω*, of motion, to float or hover over; *πλόκωμι νῶτον καταίθυσσον* his locks floated down his back.

κατα-αίθω, to burn down, burn to ashes. 2. to light up, ignite, illumine.

κατα-αίξω, f. *ίω* Att. *ιῶ*, to wound severely: to ill-treat, disfigure.

κατα-αυέω, f. *έω* *ροῦθ*. *ήσω*:—to agree to, assent to, approve of; *καταυείν έπί τιτι* to agree to a thing on certain conditions.

II. to grant, promise: to promise in marriage, betroth.

κατα-αυέω, Ion. for *καβαίρω*.

κατα-αίρω, fut. *-αῤῶ*, (*κατά*, *αίρω*):—to take or put down. 2. intr. to put into port: of birds, to go down to a place, light upon it.

κατα-αισθάνομαι, f. *-αισθήσομαι*, Dep. to comprehend fully.

κατα-αίσιος, *ον*, (*κατά*, *αίσιος*) righteous.

καταισχυντήρ, *ήρος*, a disgracer. From

κατα-αισχύνω, f. *ύνω*, to shame, disgrace, dishonour.

III. Med. to feel shame before another, to reverence.

κατα-ίτχω, *ροῦθ*. for *κατίσχω*.

κατα-αιτιάομαι, f. *άσμαι* [*α*], Dep. to accuse, arraign, blame, find fault with: c. acc., to lay to one's charge, object to one: impute.

II. the aor. I part. *κατατιαθείς* occurs in pass. sense, accused, put on one's defence.

καταίτις, *ύγος*, *ή*, a low helmet or skull-cap without a crest. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατα-αιρώομαι, Pass. (*κατά*, *αιρώω*) to hang down.

κατα-καυχάζω, f. *άσω*, to laugh loudly at.

κατακαήμεν, Dor. and Lacon. for *κατακαήναι*, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *κατακαίω*.

κατακαίμεν, Ep. for *κατακαίειν*.

κατα-καίνω, fut. *-κάνω*: aor. 2 *κατέκάνον*:—like *κατακτείνω*, to slay.

κατα-καίω Att. *-καίω* [*α*]: fut. *-καύσω*: aor. I *κατέκαυσα* Ep. *κατέκηρα*: aor. I pass. *κατεκαύθην*, aor. 2 *κατεκάνην*:—to burn, burn down, consume by burning.

—Pass., *κατά πυρ έκάνη* the fire had burned down or out.

κατα-κάλω, f. *έω*, to call down, summon, invite.

II. to call upon, invoke.

κατα-κάλυπτο, f. *ψω*, to cover up, envelope:—Med. to veil oneself.

κατα-κάμπτω, f. *-κάμψω*, to bend down: to bend or turn by entreaty; *κατακάμπτειν έπίδας* to bend down, break down hopes.

κατα-κάρφω, to dry up, parch:—Pass. to wither, fall into the sere.

κατακαύσας, aor. I part. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-καυχόομαι, f. *ήσομαι*, Dep. to boast against, exult over, vaunt at.

κατακείαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of *κατακαίω*.

κατακείμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of *κατακαίω*.

κατακείετε, 2 pl. of *κατακαίω*.

κατά-κειμαι, f. *-κείσομαι*, Dep. to lie down: to lie bid: to lie stored up, to be laid by. 2. to lie sick.

3. to recline at meals.

κατακείομεν, another form of *κατακίχομεν*, q. v.:—but also Ep. for *κατακείωμεν*, pres. subj. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-κείρω, f. *-κέρω*, to cut down, waste, consume.

κατα-κείω, Desiderat. of *κατάκειμαι*, to wish to lie down: *κακκίοντες*, Ep. part. for *κατακείοντες*.
 κατακείκλιτο, 2 sing. plqpf. of *κατακλίνω*.
 κατακεκράκτις, ου, ὄ, (*κατακράζω*) a brawler.
 κατα-κέλεύω, f. σω, to give the word of command: of the *κελευστής*, to give the time in rowing.
 κατα-κεντέω, f. ἴσω, to pierce through, sting severely.
 κατα-κεραυνώω, f. ὤσω, to strike down by thunder.
 κατα-κερδαίνω, f. ἄνω or ἴσω, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.
 κατα-κερτομέω, f. ἴσω, to rail violently: to mock at.
 κατακήμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of *κατακίω*.
 κατα-κηλέω, f. ἴσω, to soothe by charms: to enchant.
 κατακήομεν, Ep. for *κατακήομεν*, 1 pl. aor. I subj. of *κατακίω*.
 κατα-κηρός, f. ὤσω, (*κατά, κηρός*) to cover with wax.
 κατα-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἕξω, to proclaim or command by herald.
 κατα-κίρνημι, poet. for *κατακεράννυμι*, to mix well: —Pass. to be well mixed.
 κατά-κισσος, ου, (*κατά, κισσός*) ivy-wreathed.
 κατα-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ᾶ]: fut. -καύσομαι: —to bewail or lament loudly: absol. to wail aloud.
 κατακλάσσειναι, Dor. aor. I inf. med. of *κατακλείω*.
 κατα-κλάω, f. ἄω [ᾶ]: aor. I *κατέκλασα*: —Pass., aor. I *κατεκλάσθην*: —to break down, break short off, snap. II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfeeble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.
 κατακλαχθῆναι, Dor. aor. I pass. inf. of *κατακλείω*.
 κατα-κλαύω, Att. for *κατακλαίω*. [ᾶ]
 κατακλείς, εἶδος, Ion. and Ep. *κατακλήϊς*, ἡῖδος, ἡ, (*κατακλείω*) a fastening for doors.
 κατα-κλείω Ion. -κλήϊω old Att. -κλήϊω: f. -κλείσω Dor. -κλήϊω: —Med., aor. I *κατεκλείσαμην* Dor. *κατεκλήϊσαμην*: —Pass., aor. *κατεκλείσθην* Ion. -*εκλήϊσθην* Dor. -*εκλάσθην* (not -*εκλάσθην*): —to shut up, shut fast. 2. to shut up in a fortress, to blockade.
 κατα-κληροδοτέω, f. ἴσω, (*κλήρος, δίδωμι*) to distribute by lot.
 κατα-κληρονομέω, f. ἴσω, to inherit, obtain by inheritance.
 κατα-κληρουχέω, f. ἴσω, to receive as one's allotment. II. to assign to another as his lot, give to inherit.
 κατακλιθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.
 κατακλίνης, ἐς, (*κατακλίνηναι*) lying down, stretched at length. II. sloping, steep.
 κατα-κλιβενοβάτης, ἐς, (*κατά, κλίνη, βαιών*) making one lie abed.
 κατα-κλίνω [ῖ], f. -κλινῶ: aor. I *κατέκλινα*: —to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to lay upon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius: —Pass. to lie down, esp. at table. II. to lay low, overbrou. Hence
 κατάκλισις, εως, ἡ, a making to lie down or sit at table: ἡ *κατάκλισις τοῦ γάμου* the celebration of a marriage.
 κατα-κλύζω, f. ἴσω [ῦ]: aor. I *κατέκλυσα*: —to wash

over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water. II. to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence
 κατακλυσμός, ὄ, a deluge, flood.
 Κατα-κλώθες, αἱ, (*κατακλώθω*) the weird women who spin thread, a name of the goddesses of Fate, *Μοῖραι*, Lat. *Parcae*.
 κατα-κλώθω, f. -κλώσω, to spin out, of the Fates.
 κατα-κνώω, f. -κνήσω: aor. I *κατέκνησα*: —to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal.
 κατα-κνήθω, = *κατακνώω*.
 κατα-κνίζω, f. ἴσω: aor. I *κατέκνισα*: —to pull to pieces, Lat. *vellito*: —Pass. to itch.
 κατα-κοιμάω, f. ἴσω, like *κατακοιμίζω*, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: aor. I inf. pass. *κατακοιμηθῆναι*, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep. II. to sleep through, sleep out; *κατακοιμήσαι τὴν φυλακὴν* to sleep out the watch.
 κατα-κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω, = *κατακοιμάω*, to lull to sleep.
 κατα-κοινώω, f. ἴσω, to make one a sharer, give one a share.
 κατα-ἀκολουθέω, f. ἴσω, to follow closely.
 κατα-κολπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. *ἰώ*, (*κατά, κόλπος*) to run into a bay or gulf.
 κατα-κομίδι, ἡ, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From
 κατα-κομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. *ἰώ*: —to bring down, esp. to the sea. 2. to bring to land or into harbour: to bring into a place of refuge.
 κατά-κομος, ου, (*κατά, κόμη*) with falling hair.
 κατα-ἀκονά, ἡ, (*κατά, ἀκονή*) destruction.
 κατα-κονδυλλίζω, f. ἴσω, to buffet severely.
 κατα-ἀκοντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. *ἰώ*, (*κατά, ἀκοντιζω*) to strike down with darts.
 κατα-κόπτω, f. ψω: aor. I *κατέκοψα*: —Pass., p. post f. *κατακεκόφομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέκοπην*: —to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay. II. to stamp with a die, coin into money.
 κατα-κοσμίζω, f. ἴσω, to arrange, set in order: ἐπὶ *νευρῇ κατακοσμῆναι* to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.
 κατα-ἀκούω: f. -ακούσομαι, to bear and obey, be subject to. II. to hearken to, give ear to, bear plainly.
 κατα-κράζω, fut. -κεκράξομαι, to cry down, outdo in crying.
 κατα-κράτῶ, f. ἴσω, to prevail over, subdue: —absol. to prevail, become master: to become current.
 κατα-κρέμαμαι, Pass. to hang down, hang suspended.
 κατα-κρεμάννυμι or -ῶω, fut. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I *κατεκρέμασα*: —to hang to or upon, hang up, attack to or by.
 κατα-κρουγγέω, f. ἴσω, to cut up like a butcher.
 κατα-κρήθεν, (*κατά, κάρη*) Adv. from the head downwards, from top to bottom: —metaph. entirely, utterly.
 κατα-κρημνάζω or -άομαι, = *κατακρέμαμαι*.
 κατα-κρημνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. *ἰώ*, (*κατά, κρημνός*) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down.
 κατά-κρημνος, ου, precipitous.
 κατάκριμα, ατος, τό, condemnation, sentence. From

κατα-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω: aor. I κατέκρινα:—to give judgment against: to condemn, sentence. [r] Hence κατακρίσις, εως, ἡ, condemnation.

κατα-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide away, conceal, keep hidden: part. κακκρύπτων Ep. for κατακρύπτων. II. intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρύψή, ἡ, a hiding: metaph. a subterfuge.

κατα-κρώζω, f. -κρώζω, to croak at.

κατα-κτάμεν and -κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κατακτείνω.

κατα-κτάομαι, fut. -κτήσομαι: aor. I -εκτησάμην: Dep. to get or gain for oneself: in pf. κατακείκτημαι, to possess.

κατακτάς, Ep. aor. 2 act. part. of κατακτείνω: pass. κατακτάμενος.

κατα-κτείνω: fut. -κτενώ Ion. -κτανῶ Ep. -κτανέω: aor. I κατέκτεινα: aor. 2 κατέκτανον prob. κατέκταν, as, a, Ep. imperat. κάκτανε, inf. κατακτάμεν, -άμεναι, part. κατακτάς: pf. κατέκτονα:—Pass., aor. I κατέκταθην: Ep. aor. 2 κατέκταμην, part. κατακτάμενος: 2 pl. fut. med. (in pass. sense) κατακτενέεσθε:—to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κύβευω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβος) to lose by the dice, gamble away.

κατα-κυλίνδω, f. ίσω [r]:—Pass., aor. I -εκυλίσθην: pf. -κεκύλισμαι:—to roll down:—Pass. to be rolled down or off.

κατα-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέκνυσα:—to bend down, stoop: to stoop and peep into.

κατα-κυριεύω, f. σω, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κύρω, (κατά, κύρος) to ratify: aor. I part. κατακυρωθείς = κατακριθείς, condemned to something. κατα-κωλύω, f. ύσω [v]: to hinder from doing: to detain, keep back.

κατα-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to burst riotously in upon, to attack with a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατοκωχή.

καταλαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατα-ἀλαζονεύομαι, (κατά, ἀλαζών) Dep. to boast or brag largely.

κατα-ἀλέω, f. ήσω, to babble, chatter. II. to talk or rail at, slander. Hence

καταλάλια, ἡ, evil report, slander: and

κατάλαλος, ov, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω: f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάμψομαι: aor. 2 κατέλαβον: pf. κατέειληφα Ion. καταελάβηκα:—Pass., aor. I κατέλθην Ion. κατέλαμψην:—to seize upon, lay hold of, take possession of: to seize:—Med. to seize for oneself: to preoccupy. II. to hold in, keep down or under, check: hence to put an end to, stop: to settle, conclude. 2. to bind by oath.

III. to catch, overtake, come up with: hence to discover, detect, find. 2. of events, to come upon, befall, happen to one: impers., καταλαμβάνει it happens to one; τὰ καταλαβόντα = τὰ συμβάντα, what had happened, the circumstances of the case. Hence

καταλαμπτές, α, ov, verb. Adj. to be checked.

κατα-λάμπω, f. -λάμψω, to shine upon: to shine.

κατα-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to suffer greatly, be in great pain.

κατα-λέγω, f. -λέξω: aor. I pass. κατελέχθην, aor. 2 κατελέγγην:—to lay down, put to bed, make lie down:—Med., with aor. I κατελέξαμην, to lie down, sleep: in this sense occur κατελέκτο, 3 sing. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. κατελέγγην, inf. καταλέχθαι, part. καταλέγεμος. II. to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as soldiers, recruit, enlist, enrol. III. to tell or count up, recount, reckon up: to go over, repeat, detail, e. g. a pedigree.

κατα-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour down, let drop: to shed tears:—Pass. to run or drop down.

κατάλειμμα, τό, (καταλείπω) a remnant, residue.

κατάλειπτος, ov, (καταλείπω) appointed.

κατα-λείπω, f. ψω: Ep. forms, pres. καλλείπω, fut. καλλείψω: aor. 2 κάλλιπον:—to leave behind, leave as an heritage, bequeath. II. to forsake, abandon: to leave or give up to another. III. to suffer, allow.

κατα-λειτουργέω, f. ήσω, to spend one's strength in bearing public burthens.

κατα-ἄλειψω, f. ψω, to smear on or over.

καταλεξέω, Dor. for καταλέξω, fut. of καταλέγω.

κατα-επτολογέω, f. ήσω, to wear away by fine distinctions.

κατα-λέω, f. σω, (κατά, λέω) to stone to death.

κατα-λέθω, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταλέγω.

κατα-ἄλω, f. έσω, to grind down.

κατα-λίγω, f. ξω, to leave off, stop, cease.

κατα-λίθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληπτικός, ή, όν, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grasp or check, able to keep down.

καταληπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grasped or seized, within reach, attainable. II. act. seizing upon.

κατάληψις, εως, ή, (καταλαμβάνω) a grasping, seizing, winning. II. an attacking, assaulting.

κατα-λίθάζω, f. άσω, (κατά, λίθος) to stone to death.

κατα-λιπάρω, f. ήσω, to entreat earnestly.

καταλλάγή, ή, exchange, profit made on exchange. II. a change from enmity to friendship, reconciliation, mostly in plur. From

κατα-ἀλλάσσω Att. -πρω: f. άξω: aor. I κατήλαξα:—to change:—Med. to exchange, give in exchange. II. to change from enmity to friendship, reconcile:—Pass., with aor. I κατηλλάχθην, aor. 2 κατηλλάγγην [α], to become reconciled.

κατα-ἄλοώ, f. ήσω, to crush in pieces, destroy.

κατα-λογίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to count up, reckon, consider: also to impute a thing to one. II. to count or reckon among.

κατάλογος, ό, (καταλέγω) a counting up, enrolment: the catalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army; οί εκ καταλόγου those on the list for service.

κατά-λοιπος, ov, left, remaining.

κατα-λοκίζω, f. ίσω, to cut into furrows.

κατα-λούω, f. σω, to wash completely:—Med., κατα-λούειν τὸν βίον to spend one's life in bathing.

κατα-λοφάβεια, Adv. = κατά λόφον, on the neck.

κατα-λοχιζέω, f. σω, to distribute into troops. Hence

καταλοχισμός, ὁ, distribution into troops.

κατα-λόω, old Att. pres. for καταλύω.

κατά-λύμα, (κατά, λύω) an inn, lodging.

κατα-λύμαινομαι, Dep. to ravage, destroy.

κατάλυσιμος, ον, (καταλύω) to be made an end of.

κατάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (καταλύω) a dissolving, putting down, making an end of: of an army, a disbanding: κατάλυσις τοῦ πολέμου an ending of the war: generally, a conclusion, finishing. II. a resting, lodging: also = κατάλυμα, a resting-place, inn.

κατα-λύτης, οὔ, one who lodges in a place. From

κατα-λύω, f. -λύσω: aor. I κατέλυσα:—to dissolve, put down, make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put down a form of government: to depose from command: to dissolve, dismiss, disband. 2. to bring to an end, terminate; καταλύειν πόλεμον to end a war:—Med. to come to terms with one, make peace with him.

II. to unloose, unyoke: hence absol.

to take up one's quarters, halt, rest, lodge.

κατα-λωφέω, f. ἴσω, to rest from a thing.

κατα-μάγνυω, f. σω, (κατά, μάγος) to bewitch.

κατα-μαλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to make soft or effeminate:—Pass. to be or become so.

κατα-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἄξω, to soften much, appease, pacify.

κατα-μανθάνω, fut. -μάθησομαι: aor. 2 -έμαθον: pf. -μεμάθηκα:—to learn or observe well: to understand: to consider well.

κατα-μαργάω Ion. -έω: f. ἴσω:—to be stark mad.

κατα-μάρπτω, f. -μάρψω, to catch hold of, catch.

κατα-μαρτύρέω, f. ἴσω, to bear witness against:—Pass. to have evidence given against one.

κατα-μάσσομαι, Med. to wipe off.

κατ-αμάω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀμάω) to pile up, bear up: Ep. aor. I med. κατάρησάμην.

κατ-αμβλύνω, (κατά, ἀμβλύνω) to take the edge off, make blunt or dull.

κατα-μεθύσκω, f. -μεθύσω [ῥ], to make drunk with beer wine.

καταμεΐναι, aor. I inf. of καταμένο.

κατ-αμελέω, f. ἴσω, to give no heed to, neglect: absol. to be heedless:—Pass. to be neglected.

κατα-μελιτέω, f. ὄσω, (κατά, μέλι) to shed honey over, of the nightingale's voice.

κατάμεμπτos, ον, blamed by all, abhorred: neut. pl. as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From

κατα-μέμφομαι, f. -μεμφομαι: aor. I med. -εμεψάμην, pass. -εμέμφθην: Dep.:—to blame, accuse, find fault with. Hence

κατάμεμψις, εως, ἡ, a blaming, finding fault, accusing.

κατα-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay behind: to remain, continue in a state.

κατα-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to cut in pieces: to distribute.

κατα-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to measure or mete out: to measure.

κατα-μετρίω, f. ὄσω, (κατά, μήλη) to put in the probe: metaph., κηρὸν καταμηλῶν to put the ballot-box like a probe down another's throat, i. e. make him disclose stolen goods.

κατα-μηνύω, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to give information against. 2. to intimate, make known.

καταμήσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμάω.

κατα-μιάνιω, f. ἀνώ, to taint, defile, pollute:—Pass. to wear unwashed garments in sign of grief, Lat. squalere.

κατα-μύνημι or -ύω, f. -μύνω: aor. I κατέμυσα, Ep. part. καμύνας:—to mix, mix up, compound.

κατα-μίσγω, = καταμίσγω.

κατα-μισθοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to spend in paying public officers.

κατάμοφος, ον, (καταμέφομαι) faulty.

κατα-μόνως, (κατά, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart.

κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ἴσω, to conquer in single combat.

κατ-αμπέχω and -αμπίσχω, to encompass, cover.

καταμύξω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω.

κατάμυξις, εως, ἡ, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes.

κατ-αμύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear, scratch, rend.

κατα-μυττωτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, μυττωτῶν) to make mincemeat of.

κατα-μύω, f. ἴσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατέμυσα, poet. inf. καμύσαι:—to shut or close the eyes: to nod, drop asleep, dose: also to die.

κατ-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to force down into a place. II. to overpower by force, constrain, confine: coerce.

κατ-ἀνάθεμα, ατος, τό, a curse. Hence

καταναθεματίζω, f. ἴσω, to curse.

κατα-ναύω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep. aor. I act. κατένασσα med. κατενασσομένη:—Pass. to take up one's abode, dwell, only in aor. I κατενάσθην.

κατ-ἀναλίσκω, f. -ἀναλώσω: aor. I κατηνάλωσα:—to spend lavishly, εἰς τι upon a thing:—Pass., with pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavished.

κατα-ναρκάω, to be slothful towards, press heavily upon.

κατα-νάσσω, f. -νάξω, to beat down firmly.

κατα-ναυμαχέω, fut. ἴσω, to conquer in a sea-fight, beat at sea.

κατα-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to distribute, allot, assign among. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among themselves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2.

to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depasci.

κατάνευσις, εως, ἡ, a nodding to, assent. From

κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύσομαι: Ep. aor. I part. κανεύσας:—to nod assent, opp. to ἀπονεύω; ὑπέσχετο καὶ κατένευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a nod: to make a sign by nodding the head.

κατα-νεφώ, f. ὄσω, to overcloud.

κατα-νέω Ion. -νήω, f. -νήσω, to bear or pile up.

κατανήσιαι, aor. I inf. of κατανέω.

κατ-ανθράκίζω, f. ἴσω, and κατ-ανθράκω, f. ὥσομαι : (κατά, ἀνθραξ) :—to burn to cinders :—Pass. to be burnt to ashes.

κατα-ἴψω, to snow upon or over : impers., κατανίφει it snows ; κατένιψε χιόνι τὴν Θράκην snow fell all over Thrace.

κατα-νοέω, f. ἴσω, to remark, observe, perceive : to understand, learn, know : to consider.

κατ-άνομαι, Pass. (κατά, ἄνω) to be used up or wasted. The Act is supplied by κατανύω.

κατα-νοτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to bedew.

κάτ-αντά, Adv. of κατάντης, downwards.

κατ-αντάω, f. ἴσω, to come down to, arrive at.

κατ-άντης, es, (κατά, ἄντα) down-hill, opp. to ἀνάντης.

κατ-άντησι, Adv. (κατά, ἄντάω) opposite.

κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, ἀντικρύ) straight down from. II. over against, right opposite, facing." 2. absol. outright, downright. [i of the penult. long in Hom., short in Att.]

κατ-αντίον, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-αντιπέρασ, Adv. right over against, opposite.

κατ-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to pour upon or over.

κατανύξις, εως, ἡ, stupefaction, slumber. From

κατα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἴσω, to prick :—Pass. to be pricked at heart. II. in Pass. also to lie in a deep sleep, to slumber.

κατ-ἄνω Att. -ύτω : f. ἴσω [ῥ] : aor. I κατήνυσα :—to bring to an end, finish a journey : to arrive at a place ; c. gen., φίλος προσέβου κατηνύσαν they have reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νωτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατά, νωτίζω) :—to carry on one's back.

κατα-ξαίνω : f. -ξάνω : aor. I κατέξηνα :—Pass., aor. I κατέξανθην : pf. κατέξαμμαι :—to card or comb well : to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing.

καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατάξειν, fut. inf. of κατάγω.

κατα-ξένω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, ξένος) to receive as a guest, entertain.

κατ-ἄξιος, ov, quite worthy of. Adv. -ίως. Hence

καταξιώω, f. ὥσω, to deem worthy, esteem, honour. II. to bid ; πολλά χαίρειν συμφοραῖς καταξιώ I bid a long farewell to calamities. 2. to resolve or determine on a thing.

κατα-ξύω, f. ἴσω [ῥ] : Pass., pf. -έξυσμαι :—to scrape down, to scratch or mark.

κατάρπος, Dor. for κατήροπος.

κατα-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (καταπήγνυμι) fastened down or downwards ; καταπακτὴ θύρα a trap-door.

κατα-πάλαιω, f. ἴσω, to throw in wrestling.

κατα-πάλλω, to shake down :—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπαλτο, to vault or leap down.

κατα-πύσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πάσω [ᾶ] : aor. I κατέπασα :—to besprinkle : to sprinkle or strew over. Hence

κατάπαστος, ov, besprinkled with, embroidered.

κατα-πάτω, f. ἴσω, to trample down, trample under foot : metaph. to trample on.

κατάπαυμα, atos, τό, a check, hindrance ; and κατάπαυσις, εως, ἡ, a putting a stop to, putting down, depositing. II. (from Pass.) a calm. From

κατα-παύω ποῖε, κατα-παύω : f. ἴσω :—to put to rest, calm, assuage. 2. to make one stop from a thing, binder or check from : to stop, binder, keep in check :—to put down, depose one from power. II. Pass.

and Med. to leave off, cease, rest.

κατ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, to threaten loudly ; καταπειλέω ἔπη to use threatening words.

κατα-πειρᾶττήρια Ion. -πειρητηρίη, ἡ, (κατά, πειράω) a sounding-line.

κατα-πελτάζω, fut. -άσομαι, to overrun with light-armed troops (πελτασταί).

καταπεμπτός, es, ov, verb. Adj. of καταπέμνω, to be sent down.

κατα-πέμνω, f. ἴσω, to send down to the sea.

κατα-πενθώ, f. ἴσω, to mourn for.

καταπέπνηγα, intr. pf. of καταπήγνυμι.

καταπέπτητα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of καταπήσσω.

κατ-άπερ, Ion. for καθάπερ.

κατα-πέρδω, mostly in Med. -πέρδομαι : aor. 2 κατέπαρον : pf. καταπέροδα :—to break wind at once.

κατα-πέσσω Att. -ττω : fut. -πέσω :—to boil down or digest : metaph. to digest, keep from rising.

καταπεσόν, aor. 2 part. of καταπίπτω.

κατα-πετάννυμι or -ύω, fut. -πετάσω [ᾶ] :—to spread out over. II. to spread or cover with. Hence

καταπέτασμα, atos, τό, a curtain, veil.

κατα-πέτομαι, fut. -πήσομαι : aor. 2 καταπέταμην, part. καταπέταμενος :—to fly down.

κατα-πετρώ, f. ὥσω, (κατά, πέτρα) to stone to death.

κατα-πέττω, Att. for καταπέσσω.

καταπέφνων, part. of aor. 2 κατέπεφνον.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατ-ήγνυμι, and -ύω : fut. -πήξω : aor. I κατέηξα :—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly :—Pass., with intr. pf. act. καταπέπηγα, 3 sing. Ep.

aor. 2 κατέπηκτο, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

κατα-πήδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap down from.

κατα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill quite full.

κατα-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-πίω, fut. -πίομαι : aor. 2 κατέπιον Ep. κάπιον :—to gulp or swallow down, absorb. 2. metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow up, use up, consume.

κατα-πιπράσκω, to sell outright.

κατα-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοίμαι : aor. 2 κατέπεσον Ep. κάπεσον : pf. -πέπτωκα :—to fall down : metaph. to fall, sink, subside.

κατα-πισώω Att. -ττώω : f. -ώσω, to cover with pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, atos, τό, that which is spread or smeared over, a plaster. From

κατα-πλάσσω Att. -ττωω : f. -πλάσω [ᾶ] : aor. I

κατέπλαστος:—to spread or smear over, plaster with:—Med., καταπλάσσειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to plaster one's own head. Hence

καταπλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, plastered over.

καταπλάστους, υῶς, ἡ, Ion. for κατάπλασμα.

καταπλέω, f. ξω, to entwine, plait: metaph. to implicate, entangle. 2. to finish twisting, and so to bring to an end, finish.

κατάπλευς, ον, also α, ον: Att. —πλευς, ον, gen. ω: (κατά, πλέος):—quite full of a thing: soiled or stained with it.

καταπλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπλευσα:—Ion. pres. —πλώω:—to sail down, as, to sail from the big sea to sbore, put into port, put in:—to sail down stream. II. to sail back.

κατάπλευς, ον, gen. ω, Att. for κατάπλευς.

κατάπληξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (καταπλήσσω) terror-stricken. κατάπληξις, εως, ἡ, amazement, consternation. From καταπλήσσω Att. —πτω: f. ξω: aor. I κατέπληξα:—Pass., aor. 2 κατεπλόην [ᾶ] Ep. κατεπλήην:—pf. —πέπληγαί:—to strike down: metaph. to strike with amazement, astound, confound:—Pass. to be panic-stricken, be amazed.

κατάπλους contr. —πλους, ὁ, (καταπλέω) a sailing down to land, a putting ashore, putting into harbour. II. a sailing back, return.

καταπλουτίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to make very rich, enrich.

καταπλύνω [ῦ], to bathe with water. Hence

κατάπλυσις, εως, ἡ, a bathing in water.

καταπλέω, Ion. for καταπλώω.

καταπνεύω, Ep. for καταπνέω.

καταπνέω, f. —πνεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπνευσα:—to breathe upon or over. 2. to inspire, instil. Hence

καταπνοή, ἡ, a breathing or blowing.

καταπόδα and καταπόδας, Adv., for κατά πόδα, κατά πόδας, upon the track, quickly, straightway.

καταπόδη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of καταπύνω.

καταπολεμέω, f. ἴσω, to war down, wear down or overcome in war, Lat. debellare.

καταπονέω, f. ἴσω, to wear out by toil or suffering.

καταποντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κατά, πόντος) to throw into the sea, plunge or drown therein. Hence καταποντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who throws into the sea, of pirates.

καταποντώω, f. ὤσω, = καταποντίζω.

καταπορνέω, f. —εῖσω, to prostitute.

καταπρᾶσσω Att. —πτω, f. —πράξω, to effect, accomplish, achieve:—Med. to achieve for oneself.

καταπρηγής, ἐς, bead foremost, with the forepart downwards; χειρὶ καταπρηγεῖ with the hand moved downwards, i. e. with the flat of the hand. Hence

καταπρηγών, f. ὤσω, to throw down headlong.

καταπρίω [ι]: aor. I κατέπρισα:—to saw up or in pieces: to cut or tear in pieces.

καταπροδίδωμι, f. —προδώσω, to betray.

καταπροΐσομαι, f. —προΐξομαι Att. προΐξομαι:—to do for nothing, i. e. with impunity, always with

negat., and in bad sense: 1. absol., οὐ καταπροΐξεσθαι ἐρη he said they should not get off free, with impunity; οὐ καταπροΐξει you shan't do it for nothing. 2. also with part., οὐ λωβησάμενος ἐμὲ καταπροΐξεται be shall not escape for having thus insulted me; οὐ καταπροΐξει τοῦτο ὄρων thou shalt not escape or get off for doing this. 3. c. gen. pers., ἐμὲ δ' ἐκείνος οὐ καταπροΐξεται be shall not use me ill for nothing.

κατάπροκτος, ον, = καταπύγων.

καταπτερός, ὄντος, aor. 2 part. of καταπτήσσω.

κατάπτερον, ον, (κατά, πτερόν) winged.

καταπτήσομαι, fut. of καταπέτομαι.

καταπτήσσω, fut. —πτήξω: Ep. aor. 2 κατάπτην, 3 dual καταπτήτην; another poet. aor. 2 part. καταπτερός occurs: pf. κατέπτηκα or —χα, Ep. part. καταπτετός:—to crouch or cower down, to lie crouching or cowering.

κατάπτομαι, Ion. for καθαπτομαι.

κατάπτυστος, ον, also η, ον, (καταπτύω) to be spat upon, abominable, despicable.

καταπύχης, ἐς, (κατά, πτύχη) with ample folds.

καταπτύω, f. ὑσω [ῦ]: aor. I. κατέπτυσσα:—to spit upon or at, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt.

καταπτώσσω, = καταπτήσσω.

καταπύγος, ἡ, lewdness. From

καταπύγων, ονος, ἡ, neut. πύγων, (κατά, πύγη) lewd, lustful, brutal.

καταπύθω, f. ὑσω [ῦ]: aor. κατέπυσα:—to make rotten:—Pass. to become rotten.

κατάπυκνος, ον, very thick.

καταπύριξω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

καταπυρπολέω, f. ἴσω, to consume with fire.

κατάρη Ion. —άρη [ᾶ], ἡ, an imprecation, curse.

καταραημένος, Ion. for καθρημένος, pf. part. pass. of καθαρεύω.

κατάρωμα: f. —άσομαι Ion. —ήσομαι: Dep.:—to invoke upon one, mostly in bad sense; πολλά καθρημάτων be uttered many curses: to pray for evil to one, curse, utter imprecations upon:—pf. part. καθρημένος, in pass. sense, accursed.

κατάρωσσω Att. —πτω, f. ξω, to dash down, smash, break in pieces, to hurl down.

κατάρωτος, ον, (κατάρωμα) accursed, abominable.

κατάργέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to leave unemployed: hence to make barren. II. to make useless or void:—Pass. to be abolished: to be set free.

κατάργίζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to make to tarry.

κάταρμα, ατος, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τὰ κατάρματα, the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites.

κατάργυρόω, f. ὤσω, to cover or plate with silver.

II. to buy or bribe with silver.

κατάρδωω, f. ἄρωω, to water: esp. metaph. to besprinkle with praise.

κατάρδομαι or —έωμαι, Ion. for καταρόμαι.

καταριγηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατά, ῥιγή) making one sadder, horrible.

κατ-αριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count or reckon among. 2.

to count up:—Med. to recount.

κατ-αρκέω, f. ἦσω, to be fully sufficient.

κατ-αρκόω, Ion. for καθαρ-.

κατ-αρνέομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -αρνήσομαι, aor.

I pass. -ἠρνήθην:—to deny stoutly.

κατ-άρω, f. -αρώω, to plough up.

καταρράγναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήνυμι.

καταρραθιμέω, f. ἦσω, to lose or miss from carelessness:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ καταρραθιμημένα things carelessly lost. II. intr. to be very careless or idle.

καταρ-ράκος, f. ὠσω, (κατά, ῥάκος) to tear into shreds: Pass., pf. part. καταρρακωμένος, in rags or tatters.

καταρράκτης, ου, (καταρρήνυμι) as Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, ὁ, a waterfall, Lat. cataracta.

καταρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over: metaph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence

καταρράφος, ου, sewn together, patched.

καταρ-ρέω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. 1 κατέρεξα:—to pat with the hand, to stroke, fondle, caress:—καπρέζουσα, Ep. for καταπρέζουσα.

καταρ-ρέω, f. ψω, to make to sink or fall.

καταρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and (in pass. form) -ρνήσομαι: pf. -ερρήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form κατερρύνη:

—to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rub down. 2. to fall or slip down: aor. 2 pass. καταρρύνεις, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of. II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.

καταρ-ρήνυμι and -ύω: f. -ρήξω:—to break down. 2. to tear in pieces, rend:—Med., καταρρήξαντο τοὺς κινῶνας they rent their coats. 3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies. II. Pass., esp. in aor. 2 καταρρήγην [ἄ], to fall or rush down: to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrans. in pf. act. κατέρρωγα to break out, burst forth.

καταρ-ρίνω, ου, -έω, f. ἦσω, to file down: κατερρινημένον τι λέγειν to say anything polished or well-tuned.

καταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overthrow.

κατάρροος contr. κατάρρους, ου, ὁ, (καταρρέω) a running from the head, a catarrh.

καταρ-ροφέω, f. ἦσω, to gulp or swallow down.

καταρρῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταρρέω. Hence καταρρῆς, ἐς, flowing down, falling away, ebbing.

κατάρρυτος, ου, (καταρρέω) overflowed, watered, irrigated. II. carried down by water: formed by depositions from water, alluvial.

κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ἦσω, Ion. for καταρρωδέω.

καταρρῶς, ὄγος, ὁ, ἦ, (κατέρρωγα) broken, rugged. κάταρσις, εως, ἦ, (καταίρω) a landing-place.

κατ-αρτάω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἄρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust fitly; χρήμα καταρτημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.

κατ-αρτίζω, f. ἴσω, to adjust, put in order again, restore, repair: to settle by mediation, reform. II.

to furnish completely: κατηρτισμένος (pf. part. pass.) well furnished, complete. Hence

κατηρτίσις, εως, ἦ, a restoring, restoration: a making perfect, educating.

καταρτιστής, ἦρος, ὁ, (καταρτίζω) one who adjusts: a mediator, reformer.

κατ-αρτύω, f. ὤσω [ῦ]: pf. -ἤρτύκα pass. -ἤρτύμαι: aor. I pass. -ἠρτύην [ῦ]:—to prepare, dress: to arrange, put in order:—Pass. to be trained or disciplined. II. κατηρτύκως, pf. part. act. in intrans. sense, of suppliants, having performed all the rites.

κατάρ-ρυτος, ου, poet. for κατάρρυτος.

κατ-αρχάς, Adv. for κατ' ἀρχάς, in the beginning.

κατ-άρχω, f. ξω, (κατά, ἀρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., ὁδοῦ καταρχε lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing; καταρχεν τὸν λόγον. 2. Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Νέστωρ χερνίβά τ' οὐλοχύτας τε κατήρχετο Nestor began [the sacrifice] with the washing of hands and sprinkling the barley on the victim's head: later c. gen., καταρχεσθαι τοῦ ἱερίου to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate. 3. to lead the dance in honour of one, to celebrate, honour.

κατα-σβέννυμι and -ύω: f. -σβέσω: aor. 1 κατέσβεσα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph., θάλασσαν κατασβέσαι to dry up the sea; κατασβέσαι βοήν, ἐριν to quell noise and strife. II. Pass., with intrans. aor. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβεκα, to be quenched, go out.

κατα-σεύω, f. -σειώ: pf. -σειέκα:—to shake and throw down; κατασειέν τῇ χειρὶ to sign with the hand, beckon.

κατα-σέσηπα, intr. pf. of κατασήπω.

κατα-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 κατεσύμην: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rub down or back into.

κατα-σήπω, to make rotten, let rot. II. Pass., aor. 2 κατ-εσάπην [ἄ], with intr. pf. act. κατασέσηπα, to grow rotten, rot away.

κατ-ασθενέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἀσθενέω) to weaken. κατ-ασθμάλω, to pant or snort against.

κατα-σιγάω, f. ἦσομαι, to become silent. κατα-σικελίζω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελός) to Sicilise, i. e. make away with.

κατα-σιτέρομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feed on. κατα-σιώπασ, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent about a thing: c. acc. rei, to keep silent, pass over. II. trans. to make silent, silence, c. acc. pers.

κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, raze to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφην. Hence

κατασκάφη, ἦ, a razing to the ground, demolishing. II. in plur., burial: also a grave.

κατασκάφηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. Hence

κατασκάφής, ἐς, dug down, deep-dug.

κατα-σκαδάνωμι and -ύω, f. -σκαδάνω [ἄ]: aor. I κατεσκέδασα:—to scatter upon or over: also in bad

sense; *κατασκέδασι φήμην τινός* to spread a report against one.

κατα-σκέλλω, to *parc* up. II. Pass., with pf. act. *κατέσκηκα*, to *wither* away.

κατα-σκέτω, (*κατά, σκέπας*) to *shelter*, *cover* up.

κατα-σκευάζω, f. *ἄσω*, to *prepare*, *furnish*, *equip* again or *anew*.

2. to *get ready*, *build*:—Med. to *build*, *construct* a house:—Pass. to be *furnished* or *provided* with a thing. 3. to *put* in a certain state, *render so* and so:—Med. to *prepare oneself* for doing, be ready to do. Hence

κατασκευάσμα, *ατος, τό*, a *contrivance*, *device*: and *κατασκευασμός*, *ὁ*, *contrivance*.

κατα-σκευή, *ἡ*, (*κατά, σκευή*) any *artificial preparation*, *Lat. apparatus*: any kind of *furniture* that is *fixed* or *lasting*, opp. to what is *movable* or *temporary* (*παρασκευή*); a *building*: also any *furniture*, as the *baggage* of an army. II. the *state* or *constitution* of a thing.

κατα-σκηνάω, f. *ἦσω*, = *κατασκηνώ*.

κατα-σκηνώω, f. *ῶσω*, (*κατά, σκηνή*) to *pitch* one's camp, *take up* one's quarters, *encamp*: to *rest*, *settle*. Hence

κατασκήνωμα, *ατος, τό*, a *covering*, *veil*: and *κατασκήνωσις*, *εως, ἡ*, an *encamping*, an *encampment*: a *resting-place*, a *nest*.

κατα-σκήπτω, f. *ψω*, to *rush* down or *fall upon*, *light upon*, be *hurled* down upon: of *lightning*, of *sudden attacks* of *sickness*, etc. II. *Λιταῖς κατασκήπτειν* to *assail* or *importune* with *prayers*.

κατα-σκιάζω, f. *-σκιάζω*, to *overshadow*, *cover* over.

κατα-σκιῶ, *poët.* for *κατασκιάζω*.

κατα-σκιδνάμι, used as *Pass.* of *κατασκεδάννυμι*.

κατά-σκιός, *ον*, (*κατά, σκιά*) *overshadowed*. II. *overshadowing*.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from *κατα-σκέπτομαι*): f. *-σκέπω*: aor. I *-εσκεψάμην*; pf. *-έσκεμμαι*:—to *view* closely: to *spy out*: to *reconnoitre*. Hence

κατασκοπή, *ἡ*, a *viewing* closely, *spying*.

κατά-σκοπος, *ον*, (*κατά, σκοπός*) *spying*, *exploring*: as *Subst.* a *scout*, *spy*.

κατα-σκώπτω, fut. *-σκώφομαι*, to *make jokes upon*, *banter*: to *jeer* or *mock*.

κατα-σμικρύνω, f. *ὑνώω*, to *lessen*, *abridge*:—*Pass.* to *become* less.

κατα-σμίχω, f. *ξω*:—to *burn* with a *slow fire*:—*Pass.* to *smoulder* away.

κατα-σοφίζομαι, f. *-ίσομαι* Att. *-ιούμαι*, Dep. to *conquer* by *trickery*, *circumvent*, *outwit*:—also as *Pass.* to be *outwitted*.

κατα-σπαράσσω Att. *-πτω*, f. *ξω*, to *pull* to *pieces*.

κατα-σπατάλω, f. *ἦσω*, to *live* wantonly.

κατα-σπάω, f. *ἄσω* [ᾶ], to *draw* or *pull* down; *κατα-σπᾶν τινα τῶν τριχῶν* to *drag* one down by the hair: of *ships*, to *haul* down, *set* *afloat*. II. to *quaff* or *swallow* down.

κατα-σπείρω, f. *-σπερῶ*: aor. I *κατέσπειρα*:—to

sow or *plant* thickly: *metaph.* to *beget*.

besprinkle.

κατα-σπένδω, f. *-σπέσω*: aor. I *κατέσπειρα*: pf. *-έσπεικα*:—*Pass.*, aor. I *-εσπέισθη*; pf. *-έσπεισμαι*:—to *pour* as a *drink-offering* or *libation*: *absol.* to *pour* *drink-offerings*: generally, to *pour* upon one. II. to *honour* with *libations*.

κατα-σπέρχω, f. *ξω*, to *urge* on, *stimulate*.

κατα-σποδέω, f. *ἦσω*, (*κατά, σποδός*) to *throw* down in the *dust*, *make* *bite* the *dust*.

κατα-σπουδάζομαι, Dep., with aor. I *pass.* *-εσπουδάσθη*, pf. *-εσπούδασμαι*; (*κατά, σπουδάζω*):—to be *earnest* about a thing: *absol.* to be *very* *serious*.

κατα-στάζω, f. *ξω*, to *let* fall in *drops* upon, *pour* upon: to *let* drop, *shed*. II. *intr.* to *drop* down, *trickle*; *νόσφ* *καταστάζειν πόδα* to *have* one's foot *running* with a *sore*. 2. to *bedew*, *wet*, *moisten*.

κατασταθείς, aor. I *part. pass.* of *καθίστημι*.

καταστάς, aor. I *part.* of *καθίστημι*.

κατα-σπασιάζω, f. *ἄσω*, to *form* a *counter-party*. II. *Pass.* to be *beaten* by *party* or *faction*.

κατάστασις, *εως, ἡ*, a *settling*, *appointing*, *establishing*: an *appointment*, *institution*. 2. a *bringing* of *ambassadors* before the *assembly*, a *presentation*. II. *intrans.* a *standing* fast, a *fixed* or *settled* condition: a *state*, *condition*: the *nature* of a thing: the *constitution* of a *state*.

καταστάτεον, verb. Adj. of *καθίστημι*, one *must* *appoint*.

καταστάτης, *ον, ὁ*, (*καθίστημι*) an *establisher*.

κατα-στανάζω, f. *ἄσω*, to *cover* over. Hence

καταστανάσμα, *ατος, τό*, a *covering*.

κατά-στεγος, *ον*, (*κατά, στέγη*) *covered* in, *roofed*.

κατα-στείβω, f. *ψω*, to *tread* on.

καταστεύαι, aor. I *inf.* of *καταστέλλω*.

κατα-στέλλω, f. *-στέλω*, to *put* in *order*, *arrange*: *clotbe*, *dress*, *array*. 2. to *keep* down, *check*.

κατα-στένω, to *sigh* over or *lament*, c. acc. 2. to *sigh* for or *about* one, c. gen.

κατα-στεφανώω, f. *ῶσω*, to *crown*.

καταστεφής, *ές*, *wreathed*, *crowned*. From

κατα-στέφω, f. *ψω*: aor. I *κατέστεψα*:—to *wreathe*, *crown*.

κατα-στηλίτευω, f. *σω*, (*κατά, στήλη*) to *expose* one to *infamy* by *posting up* his *name*.

κατάστημα, *ατος, τό*, (*καθίστημι*) a *state*, *condition*.

κατα-στηρίζω, f. *ίξω*, to *support*, *prop.*, *sustain*.

καταστήσαι, *κατάστησον*, aor. I *inf.* and *imperat.* of *καθίστημι*; *κατάστήσω*, fut. of same.

κατα-στίβω, f. *ξω*, to *cover* with *punctures*. Hence *κατά-στικτος*, *ον*, *spotted*, *speckled*, *brindled*, *dappled*.

κατα-στίλβω, to *beam* brightly.

καταστολή, *ἡ*, (*καταστέλλω*) an *arranging*, *dress-*
ing: *equipment*, *dress*. II. *quietness*, *moderation*.

κατα-στονάχέω, f. *ἦσω*, to *sigh* over, *bewail*.

κατα-στορέννυμι and *-ύω*, fut. *-στορέσω*: aor. I *κατεστόρεσα*:—to *spread* or *cover* with a thing. II. to *spread* or *strew* on the *ground*: to *overthrow*, *lay*.

low; καταστορέσαι κύματα to smooth the waves, Lat. sternere aequor.

καταστράπτω, f. ψω, to burl down lightning, flash lightning: absol., καταστράπτει it lightens.

καταστράτοπεύω, f. σω, to make to encamp, station:—Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn over the soil, Lat. aratro vertere. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med. to subject to oneself, subdue:—Pass. to be subdued;

κατέστραμαι ἀκούει I am compelled to hear. III. to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end, end.

καταστρέψας, aor. I part. of καταστρέφω.

καταστρέφοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω.

καταστρηνάω, to behave insolently towards.

καταστροφή, ἡ, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overthrowing. 2. a subduing, reduction. II.

a sudden turn: an end, close:—in the drama, the catastrophe or turn of the plot.

κατάστρωμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

καταστρώννυμι and -νω, f. -στρώσω: aor. I κατέστρωσα: καταστορέννυμι.

καταστυγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 κατέστυγον:—to be horror-struck:—c. acc. rei, to shudder at, abhor.

καταστυφέλος, ον, very hard or rugged.

καταστωμίλλω, to have a glib tongue: pf. part. pass. in act. sense κατεστωμυλλένος, a chattering fellow.

κατασύρω, aor. I -έσυρα, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. diripere.

κατασφάγή, ἡ, a slaughtering or killing. From κατασφάζω or -σφάπτω: f. ζω: aor. 2 pass. -εσφάγην [ᾶ]:—to slaughter, murder.

κατασφραγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. κατεσφραγισμένος, sealed up, secured.

κατασχεθεῖν Ep. -εῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατασχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατάσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding back, binding. II. a holding fast, possession.

κατάσχετος, ον, (κατέχω) held back, kept back. II. possessed.

κατασχιζέω, f. ἴσω, to cleave asunder; κατασχίζειν τὰς πύλας to burst the gates open.

κατασχολάζω, f. ἄσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνον τι κατασχολάζειν to tarry somewhat too long.

κατασχωμέν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατέχω.

κατασχών, κατασχόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of κατέχω.

κατασώω, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray.

κατατάμνω, Ion. and Dor. for κατατέμνω.

κατατάνω, f. ἴσω [τ], =κατατένω.

καταταξέεις, Dor. for κατατήξεις, 2 sing. fut. of κατατίκω.

κατατάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to draw up in order, arrange: to put in its proper place, classify, digest. 2. to appoint.

κατατεθαίη, 3 sing. pf. opt. of καταθήσκω.

καταθενώς and -ήως, Ep. gen. ὄτος, pf. part. of καταθήσκω.

κατατέθηκα, pf. of καταθήσκω.

κατατένω, fut. -τενώ: pf. -τέτῃκα:—to stretch or draw tight: metaph. to strain, force: also to strain or exert. II. intrans. to stretch or strain oneself: to stretch or extend towards, Lat. tendere in . . . 2. to strain or exert oneself, strive earnestly.

κατατέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 κατέταμον: pf. κατατέμματα, pass. κατατέμματα:—to cut in pieces, cut up; κατατέμνειν τινὰ καττύματα to cut him into strips; κατατέμντο τάφρου trenches had been cut.

κατάτεχνος, ον, (κατά, τέχνη) artificial.

κατάτηκω, f. ζω: aor. I κατέτηξα:—to make melt away, to thaw: to dissolve, make liquid. II.

Pass., with pf. act. κατατέθηκα, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω: pf. -τέθηκα: aor. 2 κατέθην, Ep. pl. κάθημεν, κάθητε, κάθησαν; καταθείομεν, Ep. subj. for καταθῶμεν; Ep. inf. καθέμεν; and in Med., καθέμεθα, καταθέσθη, καθέμενοι, Ep. for καθέμεν, etc.; καταθείομαι, Ep. subj. for καταθῶμαι:—to place, put or lay down; καταθεῖναι ἄεθλον to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform. 3. καταθεῖναι τισὶ τι ἐς μέσον to communicate a thing to others, give them a common share of it. II. Med. to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside: to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in store: metaph., καταθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; χάριν καταθεσθαι τινι to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in memory.

κατατίλω, f. ἦσω, to befoul, Lat. concaecare.

κατατιρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to cover with wounds, wound mortally.

κατατομή, ἡ, (κατατέμνω) a cutting into: outward, fleshy circumcision.

κατατοξεύω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατρᾶγέιν, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρώγω.

κατατραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to cover with wounds, wound all over: of ships, to disable utterly, cripple.

κατατρέχω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 κατέδραμον (formed from absol. δρέμω):—to run down: of a ship, to run into port. II. to run down upon, attack. III. to run over: to overrun, ravage, lay waste.

κατατριβώ, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. -ετρίβην [τ]: pf. -τέτριμμα:—to rub down, wear away with rubbing: of persons, to wear out, weary, exhaust: of property, to waste, squander:—Pass. to be worn out. 2. of Time, to wear away, get rid of it, Lat. diem terere:—Pass., esp. in pf. -τέτριμμα, to spend one's life, live one's whole time. [τ]

κατα-τρίξω, to squeak, scream shrilly.
 κατα-τροχάζω, f. άσω, to run down or over.
 κατα-τρύχω, f. ύσω, to chatter against.
 κατα-τρύχω, to rub down, wear out, exhaust. [ῥ]
 κατα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 κατέτρώγον:—
 to gnaw in pieces, eat up.
 κατα-τρωματίζω, Ion. for κατατρανυμ-.
 κατα-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι, to hit one's mark,
 reach, gain, obtain: absol. to be successful.
 κατα-αναίω, to dry, parch, or wither up.
 κατα-αυγάξω, f. άσω, to illumine or light up:—Med.
 to gaze at.
 κατα-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak aloud, declare.
 κατα-αῦθι, or better κατ' αῦθι, Adv. on the spot.
 κατα-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to play upon the flute to one:—
 Pass. to have the flute played to one: to resound with
 the flute. II. c. acc. to overpower by flute-
 playing: generally, to strike dumb.
 κατα-αυλιζομαι, f. ίσομαι: aor. 1 med. κατηλιζά-
 μην and pass. κατηλιζομένην: Dep.:—to take up one's
 quarters, encamp, settle, lodge.
 κατα-αυτίκα, better κατ' αυτίκα.
 κατα-αυτόθι, Adv. on the spot, for κατ' αυτόθι.
 κατα-αυχένιος, a, ον, (κατά, αυχήν) ον or over the
 neck.
 κατα-αυχέω, f. ήσω, to exult much in.
 κατα-αΰγειν, aor. 2 inf. of κατεσθίω, to eat up, de-
 vour. 2. to consume in eating.
 κατα-φαίνω, f. -φάνω, to make visible. II. Pass.
 to become visible, appear. 2. to be clear or plain.
 καταφάνηαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταφαίνω. Hence
 καταφάνης, ές, clearly seen, conspicuous. 2. ma-
 nifest, clear.
 κατάφαρκτος, ον, old Att. for κατάφρακτος.
 κατα-φαρμάκεω, f. σω, to anoint with drugs: to
 charm, bewitch.
 κατα-φαρμάσσω, f. ξω, to poison.
 κατα-φαιλιζω, f. σω, to depreciate.
 καταφερής, ές, (καταφέρωμαι) sloping, slanting;
 εϋτε άν καταφερής γίγνηται ό ήλιος when the sun is
 near setting. II. inclined to a thing.
 κατα-φέρω: f. κατοίσω or κατοίσομαι: aor. 1 κατή-
 νεγκα:—to bring down:—Pass. to be brought down,
 as by a river: to be weighed down by sleep. II.
 to bring down from the high sea, bring to land:—
 Pass. to be carried or driven down to a place.
 κατα-φεύγω, f. φομαι: aor. 2 κατέφύγον:—to flee
 for refuge or betake oneself to, to have recourse to.
 Hence
 κατα-φευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must betake oneself.
 κατα-φευξίς, εως, ή, flight for refuge. 2. a place
 of refuge.
 κατα-φημι, to say yes, assent to.
 κατα-φημιζω, f. σω and ξω, to spread a report, an-
 nounce, proclaim.
 κατα-φθαίτομαι, Dep. (κατά, φθατέω or φθατάω =
 φθάνω):—to take first possession of, occupy.
 κατα-φθέρω, f. -φθέρω, to bring to nothing, ruin.

κατα-φθινόω, = καταφθίω. [ῥ]
 κατα-φθίω: aor. 1 κατεφθίονσα: pf. κατεφθίονκα:
 —to waste away, decay, perish.
 κατα-φθίω, I. Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [ῥ],
 aor. 1 κατέφθισα, to ruin, destroy, kill. II. in-
 trans. in pf. pass. κατέφθιμα, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμη
 [ῥ], inf. -φθίσθαι:—to be destroyed, ruined, waste
 away, perish: ώς καταφθίσθαι ώφελος O that thou
 badst perished: part. καταφθίμενος, dead, departed.
 καταφθορά, ή, (καταφθέρω) destruction, ruin, death:
 metaph. confusion, distraction.
 κατα-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to kiss tenderly, caress.
 κατα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to burn down, consume.
 καταφλεξί-πολις, ό, ή, (καταφλέγω, πόλις) inflamer
 of cities.
 καταφλεξις, εως, ή, (καταφλέγω) a burning.
 κατα-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to strike with fear or dismay:
 —Pass., with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. 1 κατεφοβή-
 θην, to be afraid of.
 κατα-φοιτάω Ion. -έω, to come down regularly.
 κατα-φονεύω, f. σω, to slaughter, butcher, slay.
 κατα-φορέω, f. ήσω, to carry down or along: of a
 river, to carry down with the stream:—Pass. to be so
 carried down.
 κατα-φράζω, f. σω, to declare. II. Med., with
 fut. -φράσομαι, aor. 1 med. -φρασάμην, pass. -εφρά-
 σθην:—to think upon, reflect upon: to remark,
 observe.
 κατάφρακτος, ον, covered, decked: sbut up in. From
 κατα-φράσσω Att. -πρω, f. ξω, to cover, fence in.
 κατα-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to think slightly of, disdain,
 despise: to scorn, contemn. II. to fix one's
 thoughts upon, think of: also to aim at, Lat. affect-
 tare. III. to think arrogantly, to presume: and
 simply to think, suppose. Hence
 καταφρόνημα, atos, τό, contempt of others; μη
 φρόνημα μόνον, αλλά καταφρόνημα not only spirit,
 but a spirit of disdain: and
 καταφρόνησις, εως, ή, a low opinion of others: pre-
 sumption: and
 καταφρονητής, οῦ, ό, a despiser: and
 καταφρονητικός, ή, όν, contemptuous, disdainful.
 Adv. -κώς, scornfully.
 κατα-φρονιζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to think or study a
 thing away.
 κατα-φρύγω, f. ξω, to burn away.
 κατα-φυγάνω, = καταφεύγω.
 καταφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω. Hence
 καταφύγη, ή, a refuge, place of refuge.
 κατα-φυλάδων, Adv., for κατά φυλάς, in tribes, by
 tribes or clans.
 κατα-φυλάσσω Att. -πρω, f. ξω, to guard well.
 κατα-φυλλορέω, f. ήσω, to shed leaves: to decay.
 κατά-φύτος, ον, (κατά, φυτόν) well-planted.
 κατα-φωράω, f. άσω [ᾱ], to catch in a theft: gene-
 rally, to catch in the act, detect, discover.
 κατα-φωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to illuminate, light up.
 κατα-χαίρω, f. -χαρήσω, to exult over one.

κατα-χάλαζω, f. ἦσω, to shower down like hail on one.

κατά-χαλκος, ον, (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; κατάχαλκον πεδίον the plain gleaming with brassen armour. Hence

κατα-χαλκοῦ, f. ὦσω, to cover with brass.

κατα-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, to do or give up a thing out of courtesy: generally, to flatter, curry favour.

καταχαρμα, ατος, τό, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat. ludibrium.

κατα-χέξω, f. -χέσομαι, to be foul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote by show of hands against: generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, ἡ, condemnation by show of hands. καταχεύαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταχέω.

κατα-χέω Ep. -χέω: fut. -χέω: aor. I κατέχεα Ep. κατέχευα:—Pass., aor. I κατεχύθην [ῥ]: Ep. aor. 2 κατεχύμην [ῥ], 3 sing. and pl. κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο:—to pour down, shed upon or over, to shower down: to throw, cast down: to let fall upon. 2. to melt down.

II. Med. to let flow down, esp. of the hair. 2. to have or cause to be melted down; χρυσὸν καταχέασθαι.

καταχήνη, ἡ, (καταχαίνω) derision, mockery.

κατα-χρηεύω, f. σω, to pass in widowhood.

κατ-ἄρης, ἐς, Dor. for κατηχής.

κατ-ἄρθομαι, Pass. to be grieved or distressed.

κατα-χθόνιος, ον, (κατά, χθών) subterranean, infernal.

κατα-χορδένω, f. σω, to cut in strips.

κατα-χραίνομαι, Dep. to spot or sprinkle.

κατα-χράσμαι, f. -χρήσομαι: Dep. —: to make use of, apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume. 2. to misuse, misapply. 3. of persons, to make away with, destroy, despatch.

II. the Act. καταχράω is only used impers. in 3 sing., κατάρχα, it is enough, it suffices; so impf. κατέχρα it sufficed; fut. καταχρήσει it will suffice: once with a nom., ἀντί λόφου ἡ λοφίη κατέχρα the name sufficed, served as a crest. κατα-χρεῖομαι, Pass. to be ill treated.

κατα-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at, in sign of contempt.

κατα-χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of καταχράσμαι, one must use or abuse.

κατά-χρυσος, ον, covered with gold, gilded. Hence

καταχρυσόω, f. ὦσω, to cover with gold, to gild.

κατα-χρώξω, also -χρώννυμι and -ῶω: f. -χρώσω: —to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnish.

καταχύθην, (καταχέω) Adv. pouring down, i. e. profusely, lavishly. [ῥ]

κατάχυσμα, ατος, τό, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. handfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

κατα-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt down.

κατα-χώννυμι or -ῶω, fut. -χώσω, to cover with a heap or mound, bury, inter.

κατα-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχῶσαι, aor. I inf. of καταχώννυμι.

κατα-ψακάξω, Att. for καταψεκάξω.

κατα-ψάω, f. -ψήσω, to stroke with the hand.

κατα-ψεκάξω Att. -ψακάξω, f. ἄσω, to drop down on, bedew.

κατα-ψευδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to feign, invent; καταψεύδεσθαι τινος to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

κατα-ψευδομαρτύρεω, f. ἦσω, to bear false witness against:—Pass. to be borne down by false witness.

καταψεύστος, ον, (καταψεύδομαι) feigned, fabulous.

κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, to vote against or in condemnation of:—as Pass. to be condemned.

κατα-ψήχω, f. -ψήξω, to rub or grate down:—Pass. to crumble away. II. metaph. = καταψάω.

κατα-ψύχω, f. ξω, to cool, refresh. [ῥ]

κατέῤα, aor. of κατάρνυμι:—κατεῤαγεν [ἄ], aor. 2 pass.

κατεῤῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. pass. of κατάρνυμι.

κατέῤα, aor. I of κατάρνυμι.

κατέῤα, late fut. of κατάρνυμι.

κατέῤαται, Ion. for κάθηται, 3 pl. of κάθημαι.

κατέῤατο, Ion. for ἐκάθητο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι.

κατέῤα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέῤα, aor. 2 of καταβήσας, 3 pl. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέῤα, aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατεβήσето, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. ἰ med. of καταβαίνω.

κατεβλάκευμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλάκεύω, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγύω, f. ἦσω: (κατά, ἐγγύη):—to pledge, betroth. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible, compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγύη, ἡ, bail, security given.

κατεγγέλω, impf. of καταγέλω.

κατεγγήρω, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2; see γηράσκω.

κατ-εγγέω, f. -χέω, to pour down into.

κατέῤοσα, aor. I of κατᾶδω (A).

κατέῤομαι, fut. of κατεσθῶ.

κατέῤαρον, for κατέδαρον, aor. 2 of καταδαράνω.

κατέῤαρον, aor. 2 of κατατρέχω.

κατέῤω, aor. 2 of καταδύνω.

κατ-έδω, Ep. for κατεσθῶ.

κατεγγήσω, Ion. pf. part. of κατάρνυμι.

κατέῤετο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατέῤεκα, aor. I of κατατίθημι.

κατ-εἶβω, ποῖθ. for καταλείβω, to let flow down, shed:—Med. to flow apace, trickle down: metaph., αἰὼν κατέῤετο life ebbed or passed away.

κατεἰδέναι, inf. pf. of *κατεῖδω.

*κατ-εἶδω, I. in aor. 2 κατεῖδον, inf. κατεῖδεν (which serves as aor. 2 to καθορᾶω), to look down upon, contemplate, observe; so also in aor. 2 med. κατεἰδόμην, inf. κατεἰδέσθαι. II. in pf. κάτοιδα, inf. κατεἰδέναι, to know well, to be assured of.

κατ-είδωλος, *ον*, (κατά, εἶδωλον) given to idols.
κατ-εικάζω, *φ. άσω*, to liken to:—Pass. to be or become like. II. to guess, surmise, conjecture: of evil, to suspect.

κατ-ελέω, *φ. ήσω*, to force into a place, coop up:—Pass. to be cooped up.

κατείλφα, κατείλμμα, *pf. act. and pass. of καταλαμβάνω*.

κατ-ελίσσω, *Ion. for καθελίσσω*.

κατελίχῃτο, *Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καθελίσσω*.

κατ-ελύω, *φ. ύσω [υ]*, to cover up, wrap up.

κατ-εμῖ: *Ep. aor. I med. καταεσιάμην*: (κατά, εἰμι *ibo*) to go or come down: to go down to the sea; but also, to sail down from the high sea to land: of a river, to flow down: of a wind, to sweep down. II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατεῖναι, *Ion. for καθεῖναι*; *aor. 2 inf. of καθίημι*.

κατ-εἰνύμι, *Ion. for καθεἰνύμι*.

κατείπα, *aor. I = κατείπον*.

κατεῖπον, *inf. κατεῖπειν*, without any pres. in use: (κατά, εἶπον): to speak against, to accuse, charge. II. to speak out, declare, tell plainly. 2. to denounce, tell, to inform of.

κατειργάθην, *poët. aor. 2 med. of κατείργω*.

κατ-εἰργνύμι and —ύω, = κατείργω.

κατ-εἰργω *Ion. —έργω, φ. έω*, to sbut in, enclose, confine:—to press hard, reduce to straits. II. to binder.

κατ-εἰρύω, *Ion. for κατερύω*.

κατ-εἰρωνεύομαι, *Dep. to use irony towards, banter: to dissemble*.

κατ-εισάγω, *φ. άξω*, to bring in to one's own loss. [ἄ]

κατέκειρα, *aor. I of κατακείρω*.

κατέκηρα, *aor. I of κατακαίω*.

κατέκλασα, *aor. I of κατακλάω*.

κατεκλάσθην, *aor. I pass. of κατακλάω*.

κατεκλάχθην, *Dor. aor. I pass. of κατακλείω*.

κατέκλυσα, *aor. I of κατακλύω*.

κατέκλων, *contr. impf. of κατακλώω*.

κατεκρίθην, *aor. I pass. of κατακρίνω*.

κατέκταν, *Ep. aor. 2 of κατακτείνω*.

κατέκταθεν, *Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατακτείνω*.

κατέκτανον, *aor. 2 of κατακτείνω*.

κατέλαβον, *aor. 2 of καταλαμβάνω*.

κατ-ελαύνω: *fut. —ελάσω Att. —ελώ: aor. I κατήλασα*:—to drive down: to master.

κατ-ελέγχω, *φ. —γξω*, to convict of falsehood: to belie.

κατέλεκτο, 3 sing. *Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταλέγω*.

κατ-ελεύσομαι, *fut. of κατέρχομαι*.

κατελήφθην, *aor. I pass. of καταλαμβάνω*.

κατελθεῖν *Ep. —θέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι*.

κατ-ελίσσω, *Ion. for καθελίσσω*.

κατ-ελκύω, *Ion. for καθελκύω*.

κατ-ελπίζω, *φ. ύσω*; to hope confidently.

κατέμεν, *Ion. I pl. aor. 2 of καθίημι*.

κατ-εναίρωμαι, *Dep.*, with *aor. I med. κατενηράμην*, and also *aor. 2 act. κατήνῃρον*:—to kill, slay, slaughter.

κατ-εναντίον, also κατ-έναντι, *Adv. (κατά, έναντίος) over against, opposite, fronting*.

κατ-εναρίζω, *φ. έω*, strengthd. for *εναρίζω*, to kill.

κατένασσα, *Ep. aor. I of καταναίω*.

κατενεχθείς, *aor. I part. pass. of καταφέρω*.

κατ-ενήθοε, *pf. without no pres. in use, it was upon, it lay upon, κόνις κατήνηθεν ώμους: cf. έπ-ενήθοε, παρ-ενήθοε*; the simple *ενήθοε* does not occur.

κατηνῆρατο, 3 sing. *aor. I of καταναίρωμαι*.

κατενηθεῖ, *Dor. aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι*.

κατενύγησαν [υ], 3 pl. *aor. 2 pass. of κατανύσσω*.

κατ-ενωπά and κατ-ενώπιον, *Adv. (κατά, ένωπή) right over against, right opposite, fronting*.

κατ-εξανίσταμαι, *Pass.*, with *aor. 2 act. —εξανέστην*, to rise up against, contend against.

κατέξανται, 3 sing. *pf. pass. of καταξάινω*.

κατεξενωμένος, *δ*, received as a guest, *pf. part. pass. of καταξενώω*.

κατ-εξουσιάζω, *φ. άσω*, to exercise authority over.

κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, *Med. to make a contract or engagement with one*.

κατ-επάγω, *φ. άξω*, to bring down upon, bring one thing quickly upon another.

κατεπάλμενος, *Ep. aor. 2 part. of κατεπάλλομαι*.

κατέπαλτο, 3 sing. *Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω*.

κατ-επειώ, *φ. έω*, to press down, oppress. 2. to urge, impel, stimulate, hasten; τὸ κατεπείγον *urgent necessity*. II. *intr. to hurry, make haste*.

κατέπεσον, *aor. 2 of καταπίπτω*.

κατεπέστην, *aor. 2 of κατεπίστημι*.

κατέπεφνον, *redupl. aor. 2 of καταφένω*.

κατέπηκτο, 3 sing. *Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπήγνυμι*.

κατέπηξα, *aor. I of καταπήγνυμι*.

κατέπλασα, *aor. I of καταπλάσσω*.

κατέπλευσα, *aor. I of καταπλέω*.

κατεπλήγη, *aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω*.

κατέπτυσα, *aor. I of καταπτύω*.

κατ-εργάζομαι, *fut. —άσομαι*; *aor. I κατεργάσθην*; *pf. κατεργασμαι*; *Dep.* (but *aor. I* and *pf.* are also used in *pass. sense*):—to effect, accomplish, achieve. 2. like *Lat. conficere*, to make an end of, destroy, despatch: hence to overpower, conquer:—*pf.* in *pass. sense*, to be overcome. 3. in good sense, to prevail upon, persuade, influence:—*aor. I* in *pass. sense*, to be prevailed on. II. to work in, make; κατεργάζεσθαι μέλι to make honey: also to manufacture.

III. of things, to earn, to acquire by labour: *absol. to go to work*.

κατ-έργω, *Ion. for κατείργω*.

κατερεκτός or —ερεκτός, *όν*, bruised. From κατ-ερείκω, to tear, rend:—*Med. to rend one's garments*.

II. to bruise or grind down; metaph., κατερείκειν θυμόν to wear away one's mind.

κατ-ερέπω, *φ. ψω*, to throw or cast down: to demolish, dismantle, lay waste. II. *intr. in aor. 2 κατήρπον*, *pf. κατερήριπα*, to fall down, fall in.

κατέρεξα, *Ep. aor. I of καταρρέω*.

κατ-ερεύω, *φ. έω*, to belch at or upon.

κατ-ερέφω, f. έω, to cover, roof:—Med. to roof over for oneself.

κατ-ερέω, Ion. for κατερῶ, serving as fut. (with pf. κατέρηκα), of the aor. κατέειπον:—to speak against, accuse, c. gen.: also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, arraign. 2. to say plainly, speak out: Pass., κατερήσεται it shall be dealed.

κατερήριπα, intr. pf. of κατερείπω.

κατ-ερητύω, f. ύσω [ῶ]:—to keep in, detain, confine.

κατερρίβην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of καταρρίβω.

κατέρρωγα, intrans. pf. of καταρρήγνυμι.

κατερύκανα, poet. for κατερύκω. [ᾶ]

κατ-ερύκω [ῦ]; f. έω, to hold back, detain.

κατ-ερύω Ion. —ερίρω: f. ύσω [ῦ]: aor. I κατείρῶσα: Pass., pf. κατείρυσμαι:—to draw or haul down: of ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat. deducere naves.

κατ-έρχομαι, fut. κατελεύσομαι: aor. 3 κατήλυθον contr. κατήλθον, inf. κατελθεῖν: Dep. I:—to go down, esp. to the coast: of things, to fall down: of a river, to flow or run down. II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατερῶ, v. sub κατερέω.

κατόςβεσα, aor. I of κατασβέννυμι.

κατόςβηκα, κατόςβην, intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατ-εσθίω, f. κατέδομαι: pf. κατεδήδοκα Ep. κατέδηδα: pf. pass. κατεδήδεσμαι:—to eat up, devour, prey upon.

κατόςκαμμα, pf. pass. of κατασκάπτω.

κατόςκασμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκεινάζω.

κατόςκεψάμηγ, aor. I med. of κατασκοπέω.

κατόςκκληκα, intr. pf. of κατασκέλλω.

κατόςπειρα, aor. I of κατασπείρω.

κατόςπεισα, aor. I of κατασπένδω.

κατόςυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of κατασειύομαι.

κατόςταθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of καθίστημι.

κατόςταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω.

κατόςτειψα, aor. I of καταστείβω.

κατόςτεως, Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι.

κατόςτηγ, aor. 2 of καθίστημι: κατόςτησθα, aor. I.

κατόςτησαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καθίστημι.

κατόςτροσα, aor. I of καταστρονέννυμι.

κατόςτράφατο, Ion. for κατόςτραμμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καταστρέφω.

κατόςτρωσα, aor. I of καταστρώννυμι.

κατόςτρυγον, aor. 2 of καταστύνγω.

κατόςτάκετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατατάκω.

κατόςτηξα, aor. I of κατατάκω.

κατόςτευμα, atos, 'τό, (κατεύχομαι) a vow, wish, prayer: esp. for evil, an imprecation, curse. II. a votive offering.

κατ-ευθύ or -ευθύς, Adv. straight forward.

κατ-ευθύνω, f. ενῶ, to make straight, set right: to guide, direct, conduct.

κατ-ευνάζω, fut. άσω, to lull to sleep:—Pass. to lie down to sleep: Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I κατευνάσθεν.

κατευνάω, f. ήσω, to put to sleep, compose to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep.

κατευνήσαιμι, aor. I opt. of κατευνάω.

κατ-ευτρεπίζω, f. σω, to get ready, set in order, prepare.

κατ-ευφημέω, f. ήσω, to praise loudly, extol.

κατ-ευφραίνω, f. ανῶ, to gladden or delight much.

κατευχή, ή, a wish, prayer, vow. From

κατ-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to pray earnestly: to pray to one: absol. to make a vow, pray. 2. to pray for evil on one, invoke a curse. II. to boast.

κατ-ευχοέομαι, Pass. to feast, make merry.

κατέφάγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσθίω.

κατ-εφάλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush upon: κατεπάλλωμι, Ep. aor. 2 part.

κατέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθίω.

κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. κατεπέστηγ, pf. κατεφέστηκα, to rise up again.

κατέφύγον, aor. 2 of καταφεύγω.

κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταχέω.

κατ-έχω: fut. καθέξω and κατασχήσω: aor. 2 κάτ-εσχον poet. -έσχεθον: I. trans. to hold, keep back, withhold: to check, restrain:—Pass. to stop, cease.

II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to seize, take possession of, occupy with soldiers. 2. to cover, encompass: also in Med., πρόσωπα κατέσχετο she covered her face: generally, to bide, keep concealed.

III. intrans. to check oneself: to hold, stop, cease. 2. to come from the high sea to shore, land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, happen; εὔ κατασχίσει it will turn out well. 4. of a report, to prevail, be frequent: to have the upper hand.

IV. Med. to keep back from oneself, embezzle: also to blind.

κατήγαγον, aor. 2 of κατάγω.

κατηγγέλην, aor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλω.

κατηγέων, κατηγέομαι, etc., Ion. for καθηγ-.

κατηγετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω.

κατ-ηγωρέω, f. ήσω, (κατήγορος) to speak against, to accuse, arraign. 2. to lay a thing to one's charge:—Pass. κατηγορείται τι τινός a charge is brought against him.

3. absol. to be an accuser, appear as prosecutor. 4. generally, to signify, indicate, prove, intimate. Hence

κατηγορία, ή, an accusation, charge.

κατήγορος, ό, (κατακούω) an accuser: betrayer.

κατήγορος, pf. pass. of κατακίζω.

κατήκοος, ov, (κατακούω) listening to, attentive: as Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper. II. bearkening to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. III. bearkening to, giving ear to.

κατ-ήκω, Ion. for καθήκω.

κατήλθον, aor. 2 of κατέρχομαι.

κατήλιψ, ήπος, ή, the upper story of a house: a staircase or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατηλλάχθηγ, κατηλλάγηγ [ᾶ], aor. I and 2 pass. of καταλλάσσω.

κατηλογέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, λόγος) to make of small account, slight, despise.

κατήλθον, unconstr. form of κατήλθον. Hence κατήλθις, εως, ἡ, a going down, descent.

κάτῃμαι, Ion. for κάθημαι.

κατημελημένος, pf. part. pass. of καταμελέω.

κατηναρίσθην, -ίσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of καταναρίζω.

κατήνεγκα, aor. I of καταφέρω.

κατηνθρακώθην, -ώμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of καταναθρακώω.

κατήνυσα, aor. I of κατανύω.

κατήρος or κατήρος, ὄν, Dor. -άρος, (κατά, αἰσθέρω) banging down: banging on or to.

κατηπίω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἦπιος) to soothe, assuage:—Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. κατηπιώντο.

κατηράμενος, pf. part. of καταράομαι.

κατηράω [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. I of καταράομαι.

κατηράτο, 3 sing. impf. of καταράομαι.

κατηρεμίζω, f. ἴσω, to calm, appease, quiet.

κατηρεφής, ἑς, (κατά, ἐρέφω) covered over, overhanging, overarched; δάφνησι κατηρεφές overshadowed with laurels; κατηρεφή πόδα τιθέναι to keep the foot covered by the fall of the robe, of one who stands still, opp. to ὀρθῶν πόδα τιθέναι. 2. c. gen. covered with, laden with.

κατηρήσῃ, ες, (κατά, ἀρᾶρεῖν) fitted out, furnished, supplied: of ships, furnished with oars.

κατηριθμηνένος, pf. pass. part. of καταριθμέω.

κατηρίπτο, aor. 2 of κατερπίπτω.

κατηρίτιω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of καταρτίζω.

κατηρίτσιμαι, pf. pass. of καταρτίζω.

κατήστο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κάθημαι.

κατήφεια Ion. -είη, ἡ, (κατηφής) a casting the eyes downwards: dejection, sorrow, shame.

κατηφής, f. ἦσω, to be downcast, struck dumb. From κατηφής, ἑς, (κατά, φάος) with downcast eyes, dejected, downcast, struck dumb. Hence

κατηφών, ὄνος, ὁ, one who causes shame, a disgrace. κατηηχέω, f. ἦσω, to resound. II. to sound a thing in one's ears, din it into one:—Pass. to be informed of a thing. 2. to teach by word of mouth,

teach the elements of religion:—Pass. to be instructed in these elements; aor. I κατηχθήην, pf. κατήχημαι.

κατηηχής, ἑς, (κατά, ἦχος) sounding, resounding.

κατήχηθην, aor. I pass. of κατάγω.

κάθᾶνον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταθνήσκω.

καθᾶνούμαι, fut. of καταθνήσκω.

καθαΐψαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καθαΐπαι.

καθηΐην, poet. aor. 2 opt. of κατατίθημι.

καθέμεν, Ep. for καταθίναμι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι: but κάθμεν, Ep. I plur. of same.

κάθετε, κάθεσαν, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of κατατίθημι.

καθέμεθα, Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι. καθέμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. of κατατίθημι.

κάθεο, Ep. for κατάθου, aor. 2 imperat. med. of κατατίθημι.

κατοίσομαι, fut. of καταφέρω.

καθέσθην, Ep. 2 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατιάπτω, f. ψω, to barm, hurt, damage.

κατιάσι, 3 pl. of κάτειμι (εἶμι ἰδο).

κατιάσι, Ion. for καθιάσι, 3 pl. of καθίημι.

κατιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of καθοράω.

κατιδέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of καθοράω.

κατιζώ, Ion. for καθίζω.

κατιζήμι, Ion. for καθήμι.

κατιθύνω, Ion. for κατευθύνω.

κατικετεύω, Ion. for καθυκετεύω.

κατιλύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], (κατά, ἰλύς) to fill with mud or dirt.

κατίην, Ep. inf. of κάτειμι (εἶμι ἰδο).

κατιππάζομαι, κατιπρώ, κατίστημι, Ion. for καθ-κάσιμι, 2 sing. imperat. of κάτοιδα, v. *κατέιδω.

κατισχναίνω, to make to waste away, bring down. κατισχύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to have power over, prevail against, overpower, c. gen. II. intr. to come to one's full strength, be in full vigour.

κατισχύω, collat. pres. form of κατέχω, to hold back, bold in, restrain, Lat. deŭneo:—Med. to keep by one. II. to possess, occupy. III. to guide or steer for a place. IV. intr. to light upon; σέλας κατισχει ἐξ οὐρανοῦ the light comes down upon the place from heaven.

κατιών, οὔσα, ἴν, aor. 2 part. of κάτειμι (εἶμι ἰδο).

κάτι-οδος, Ion. for κάθοδος.

κάτι-οικία, pf. of *κατέιδω.

κατιοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in, inhabit:—Pass. to be dwelt in, inhabited: of persons, to be settled in a place. 2. of a state, to be administered, regulated.

Hence κατοίκησις, εως, ἡ, a settling in a place: dwelling. κατοικητήριος, α, ὄν, (κατοικέω) fit for inhabiting; κατοικητήριον (sub. χωρίον), τό, a dwelling-place.

κατοικία, ἡ, (κατοικέω) a dwelling, habitation. II. a colony.

κατιοικίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to bring or remove into a dwelling persons as colonists:—Pass. to be placed, settled. II. to colonise a place:—Pass. of places, to have colonies planted there, to be colonised or established. III. to bring home, restore to one's country.

Hence κατοικίσις, εως, ἡ, a planting with inhabitants, colonisation.

κατιοικισμός, f. ἦσω, to build on or in a place. κάτι-οικος, ὄν, (κατά, οἶκος) dwelling in, inhabiting: as Subst., κάτιοικος, ὁ, an inhabitant.

κατιοικτέρω, to have compassion on. II. intr. to feel compassion. sbew pity.

κατιοικτιζώ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to have compassion on another:—Med., with aor. I pass. κατιοικίσθην, to pity oneself, to bewail, lament. II. to cause or excite pity. Hence

κατιοικτισίς, εως, ἡ, a pitying, compassion.

κατιοικτιζέω, fut. -ώσομαι, to bewail, lament.

κάτι-οίνος, ὄν, (κατά, οἶνος) drunken with wine.

κατοίσομαι, fut. of καταφέρω.

κατ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχῆσομαι, Dep. to have gone down; oi κατοιχόμενοι, the departed.

κατ-οκνέω, f. ἴσω, to shrink from doing a thing.

κατοκωχή, f. ἴση, (κατέχω) a being possessed, possession. Hence

κατοκώχιμος, ov, held in possession, detained. II. capable of being possessed, frantic.

κατ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip down.

κατ-όλλυμαι, Pass., with pf. act. -όλωλα: (κατά, ὀλλυμι) —to perish utterly.

κατ-ολολύω, f. ἴσω, to sbrink over.

κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to bewail, lament. [ῶ]

κατ-ομβρέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὄμβρος) to rain upon: —Pass. to be rained upon: to be wet as with rain.

κατ-ὀνύμι and -ύω: fut. -ομούμαι: aor. I -ώμοσα: —to swear to, confirm by oath. 2. c. acc. pers. to call to witness, swear by. 3. c. gen. pers. to take an oath against, accuse on oath.

κατ-ονήνιμι, fut. -ονήσω, to be of use, profit, advantage: —Med. to have the benefit of, enjoy. [νί]

κατ-όνομαι, Dep. to blame, slight.

κάτ-οξυς, εια, υ, (κατά, ὄξυς) very sharp, piercing.

κατ-οπάζω, f. ἴσω, to follow after.

κατ-όπιτι, Adv., = κατόπισθε.

κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὄπισθε) Adv. of Place, behind, after, in the rear. II. of Time, hereafter.

κατ-οπτέω, f. ὤω, (κατόπτῆς) to spy out, observe.

κατ-οπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κατά, ὀπτῆρ) a spy, scout.

κατ-όπτῆς, ov, ὄ, = κατοπτῆρ,

κάτ-οπτος, ov, (κατά, ὄφθωμι) to be seen, visible: c. gen. to be seen from a place, within sight of.

κατοπτρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to shew as in a mirror: Med. to behold oneself in a mirror. 2. in Med. also to reflect as in a mirror. From

κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτος) a mirror, Lat. speculum, anciently of polished metal.

κατ-οράω, Ion. for καθοράω.

κατ-οργάνιζω, f. ἴσω, to sound with music through.

κατ-ορθώω, f. ὄσω: aor. I κατόρθωσα: —to set upright, erect. 2. metaph. to keep straight, set right: to direct or manage well: absol. to be right in a thing: —Pass. to succeed, prosper: also to be well determined or purposed. II. intr. to be successful, go on prosperously. Hence

κατόρθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done rightly: a right action. 2. a success.

κατ-οροῦω, f. ὤω, to rush downwards.

κατ-ορρωδέω Ion. καταρρ-, f. ἴσω, to be dismayed at, dread. II. absol. to be afraid.

κατ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: fut. I pass. -ορυχθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορύχῆσομαι: —to bury, inter: to bide in the ground.

κατ-ορχέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to dance in triumph over, Lat. insulare: hence to treat despitefully, insult. II. to charm by dancing.

κατ-όσσομαι, Dep. to contemplate, behold.

κατ-ότι, Adv. Ion. for καθ' ὅ τι.

κατ-ουδαίος, ov, (κατά, οὔδας) under the earth.

κατ-οουλῶω, f. ὄσω, (κατά, οὐλή) to make to cicatrise or form a scar over: —Pass. to cicatrise, heal over.

κατ-ουρέω, f. ἴσω, to make water upon.

κατ-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to waft with a fair wind. II. intr. to sail before the wind, come safe to port.

κατ-ουρόω, f. ὄσω, = κατουρίζω.

κατ-οφρυσόμαι, (κατά, ὀφρύς) to contract the eyebrows, frown.

κατοχή, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding fast, detention. 2. possession by a god.

κατόχιμος, ov, incorrect form of κατοκώχιμος.

κάτοχος, ov, (κατέχω) holding fast. II. pass. held fast, overpowered, constrained. 2. possessed, inspired.

κατ-όψιος, ov, (κατά, ὄψις) full in sight, opposite.

κατόψομαι, used as fut. of καθοράω.

κατ-τά, κατ-τάδε, Dor. for κατὰ τά, κατὰ τάδε.

κατ-τάνυσαν, Ep. for κατετάνυσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of κατατανύω.

καττίτερος, Att. for κασσίτερος, tin.

κάπτύμα, καττύω, Att. for κάσσυμα, κασσύω.

κατ-τώ, Dor. for κατὰ τοῦ.

κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-υπερθε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ion. for καθ-.

κατ-υπνώω, Ion. for καθυπνώω.

κάτω, Adv. (κατά) down, downwards. II. beneath, below, underneath, opp. to ἄνω. 2. οἱ κάτω, those in the nether world, the dead: also, dwellers on the coast or in the plain, as opp. to those inland or on the hills. 3. ἄνω καὶ κάτω, or ἄνω κάτω upside down. III. c. gen. under, below: down from. IV. Comp. κατωτέρω: Sup. κατωτάτω.

κατ-ώγειος, ov, Att. κατώγειος, ov, gen. ω, = κατ-ώγειος.

κάτωθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (κάτω) from below, up from below. II. below, beneath.

κατ-ώθεω, f. -ῆσω: aor. I -έωσα, to thrust down.

κάτω-κάρα, Adv. (κάτω, κάρα) head downwards. [κά]

κατόψια, a, or, I of κατοικέω.

κατόψισθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατοικίω.

κατ-ωμάδιος, a, ov, (κατά, ὤμος) down from the shoulder, δίσκος κατωμάδιος a quoit thrown down from the shoulder. II. borne on the shoulder.

κατ-ωμάδον, Adv. (κατά, ὤμος) from the shoulder, with the whole arm.

κατωμοσία, ἡ, (κατόμνημι) an oath taken against one, accusation on oath.

κατω-νάκη, ἡ, (κάτω, νάκος) a coarse frock with a border of sheepskin (νάκος). [νά]

κατ-ωπάξιμοι, Ion. for καθωπαίξομαι.

κατόρθωσα, aor. I of κατορθώω: but κατόρθωσαι, 2 sing. pf. pass.

κατ-ᾠρυξ, ὕχος, ὄ, ἡ, (κατορύσσω) imbedded in the earth. II. buried, bidden in the ground, under ground. III. as Subst., κατᾠρυξ, ἡ, a pit, cavern.

κατώτατος, η, ov, (κάτω) the lowest.

κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, at the lowest part.
κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) lower: of Time, later.
κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, lower than, further downwards.

κατω-φάγας, οὔ or ἄ, δ, (κάτω, φαγεῖν) glutton, the name of a bird in Aristophanes.

κατω-φερήs, ἐs, (κάτω, φέρομαι) banging downwards, precipitous.

κατ-ωχράω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὠχρός) to turn very pale.

κανάξαιs, for καφφάξαιs (with the digamma), 2 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of κατάργνυμι.

καυλίνοs, η, ον, made of stalk or stick. From ΚΑΥΛΟΨ, δ, a stalk, stem. 2. a bundle, shaft: spear-shaft: the bill of a sword.

καύμα, ατοs, τό, (καίω) burning beat, as of the sun; καύματος, absol. in the beat. II. feverish beat.

καυμάτιω, f. ἴσω, to scorch, wither by beat.
καυνάκηs, ου, δ, a Persian garment. [ᾶ] (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΥΝΟΨ, δ, a lot.

καυσία, ἡ, (καίω) a beat-shade, name of a broad-brimmed Macedonian hat.

καύσιμοs, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, combustible.

καύσιs, εωs, ἡ, (καίω) a burning: burning beat. Hence

καυσόμομαι, Pass. to be on fire, intensely hot.

καύσεται, fem. Adj. with no masc. in use, burning.

καυστήριον, see καυτήριον.

καύσω, fut. of καίω.

καύσαν, ανοs, δ, (καίω) burning beat: a scorching wind.

καυτήρ, ἦροs, δ, (καίω) a burner.

καυτηριάω, f. ἴσω, to sear with red-hot iron:—metaph. in Pass. to be seared in conscience. From

καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron.

καύτηρ, ου, δ, = καυτήρ.

καυτός, by crasis for καὶ αὐτός.

καυδόμαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. κεκαύημαι: Dep.:—to boast or vaunt oneself. (Akin to ἀχέω, εὐχομαι.)

καυδοσαι, for καυχῶ, 2 sing. of καυχόμαι.

καύχη, ἡ, = καύχησιs, a boasting, vaunting.

καύχημα, ατοs, τό, (καυχόμαι) a vaunt, boast. 2. a subject of boasting.

καυχημων, ανοs, δ, ἡ, (καυχόμαι) boastful.

καύχησιs, εωs, ἡ, (καυχόμαι) a boasting, cause of boasting.

καχάζω, f. ἴσω Dor. αἰῶ, to laugh loud, Lat. cacbinor: to laugh scornfully. (Formed from the sound.)

καχασμόs, δ, (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh.

καχ-εταιρεία, ἡ, (κακός, εταῖροs) ill company.

καχ-ήμεροs, ον, (κακός, ἡμέρα) living sad days, wretched.

καχλάω, f. ἴσω, redupl. from χλάω, to dash, splash, bubble, of the sound of liquids.

κάχληξ, ἦροs, δ, a pebble: collectively, gravel, sblingle. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμσία, ἡ, (κακός, ὄρμιζω) ill harbourage.
κάχυρ, ὄροs, ἡ, = κάγχυρ, parched barley.
κάχ-ὑποπτοs, ον, (κακός, ὑποπτοs) suspecting evil, meanly suspicious.

ΚΑΨΑ, ἡ, a box, chest, case, Lat. capsula.
κάω [ᾶ], Att. for καίω, to burn.

ΚΕ, and before a vowel κεν. Ep. and Ion. for ἄν, Dor. κᾶ: ἄν κε, κεν ἄν, are sometimes found together: κε is always enclitic.

κέαω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐκέαω Ep. ἐκέασσα, κέασα, and κέασσα: Pass., aor. I ἐκέασθη Ep. κέασθην: (κέω, κείω):—to split, cleave: of lightning, to shiver, shatter: generally, to sever, separate, divide forcibly.

κέαρ, ἄροs, τό, Lat. cor, the heart:—contr. κῆρ, q. v.

κέασ, part. of Att. aor. I of καίω.

κέασα, κέασσα, Ep. aor. I of κείω.

κέαται, κέατο, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κείμαι.

κέβλη or κεβλή, ἡ, contr. for κεφαλῆ, the bead.

κέβλη-πίριs, (κεβλή, πῆρ) a bird called the redcap.

κεγχριαίοs, α, ον, (κέγχροs) of the size or shape of a grain of millet.

κεγχρίτηs [ῖ], ου, δ, fem. -ῖτιs, ἴδοs, (κέγχροs), like millet, full of small grains.

κεγχρο-βόλοs, ον, (κέγχροs, βάλλω) scattering millet.

ΚΕΤΧΡΟS, δ, and ἡ, millet, Lat. milium: hence any small grain: also the spawn of fish.

κεγχρώματa, ον, τά, (κέγχροs) things of the size of millet-grains: eyelet-boles in the rim of the shield.

κεδάννυμι: f. κεδάσω: Ep. aor. I ἐκέδασσα: aor. I pass. ἐκεδάσθην:—proët. for σκεδάννυμι, to scatter, disperse, break up, break in pieces.

κεδοσθέιs, aor. I pass. part. of κεδάννυμι.

κεδνόs, ἡ, ὄν, (κεῖνοs) careful, discreet, trusty. II. pass. cared for, dear: of things, valued, prized.

κεδρίνοs, η, ον, (κεδροs) of cedar, made of cedar.

κεδρίs, ἴδοs, ἡ, (κεδροs) the cane of the cedar-tree: also a juniper-berry.

ΚΕΔΡΟΨ, ἡ, the cedar-tree, Lat. cedrus. II. anything made of cedar; a cedar coffin or chest.

κεδρωτόs, ἡ, ὄν, (κεδροs) made of, or inlaid with, cedar-wood.

κέεσθαι, Ion. inf. of κείμαι.

κέεται, Ion. 3 sing. of κείμαι.

κέα, Ep. aor. I of κείω.

κείμενοs, Ep. aor. I med. part. of καίω.

κείαντεs, Ep. aor. I part. pl. of καίω.

κελάται, κελάτο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κείμαι.

κεῖθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθεν, thence.

κεῖθι, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθι, there: thither.

ΚΕΙΜΑΙ, κείσαι, κείται Ion. κέεται; 3 pl. κείνται, Ion. and Ep. κέεται, Ep. also κείαται and Ion. κέονται: so 3 pl. impf. ἐκείντο Ion. ἐκέατο Ep. κείατο, κέατο; subj. κέωμαι, κέη, κέηται Ep. κῆται: opt. κείμην: inf. κείσθαι Ion. κέεσθαι: part. κείμενοs:—fut. κείσομαι Dor. κείσευμαι. Used as Pass. to τίθημι.

Radic. sense, to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie asleep. 2. to lie idle or at ease, be inactive: also to lie still, rest; κακὸν κείμενον abated, allayed evil.

3. of many conditions, as to lie sick, lie in weakness or old age: to lie dead, like Lat. jacere: of things, to be destroyed, overthrown, lie in ruins.

4. of a corpse, to lie unburied: also to lie uncared for, neglected. II. of places, to lie, be situated. 2. of things, to be in or at a place, where continuance is implied. III. generally, to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand. IV. to be laid up, laid in store: τὰ κείμενα deposits.

V. to be fixed, settled, laid down; κείται νόμος the law is fixed, laid down; κείται ζημία the penalty is fixed; κείται ἄθλον the prize lies ready, is proposed. *2. freq. in Homer, ταῦτα θεῶν ἐν γούνασι κείται these things rest on the knees of the gods, i. e. depend upon the gods; κείσθαι ἐν τινι to be dependent on a person.

κείμεν, Dor. for ἐκείμεν, impf. of κείμαι.
κεμήλιον, τό, (κείμαι) anything stored up, a treasure or valuable: *beirloom*.

κείμην, Ep. impf. of κείμαι.

κείνος, κείνη, κείνο, Ion. and poet. for ἐκείνος, *that, be, she, it*; dat. fem. κείνη, as Adv. on that road: also in that way or manner.

κενός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. and poet. for κενός, *empty*.

κείνως, Adv., Ion. for ἐκείνως, *in that way*.

Κείος, ὁ, (Κεῶς) a *Ceian*, a man from the island Ceos: see Χίος.

κείρασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of κείρω.

κειρία, ἡ, (κείρω) a *bandage, roller, a swathing-band*. II. the cord or sacking of a bedstead.

κειρύλος, ὁ, for κηρύλος, a *kingfisher*. [ῥ]

ΚΕΙΡΩ: fut. κείρω Ion. κείρω Ep. κείρωσ: aor. I κείρω. Ep. ἔκερσα:—Med., fut. κερύμαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐκέρθην: aor. 2 ἐκάρην [ᾶ]: pf. κέκαρμαι:—to clip, cut short, esp. the hair:—Med. to cut off one's own hair or have it cut off:—Pass., κεκάσθαι τὰς κεφαλὰς to have their heads shorn. 2. to cut out, bew off.

II. to ravage, waste a country, esp. by cutting down the fruit-trees. 2. generally, to cut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy.

κείς, contr. for καὶ εἰς.

κείσε, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείσε, *thither*.

κεισεύμαι, Dor. fut. of κείμαι.

κείσο, κείσθω, 2 and 3 sing. imperat. of κείμαι.

κείσομαι, fut. of κείμαι.

κείω, Ep. Desiderat. of κείμαι, *to wish to lie down or sleep*; βῆ κείων he went to lie down.

ΚΕΙΩ, to *cleave*, radic. form of κείω.

κεκαδήσομαι, Ep. pf. pass. of κήδω.

κεκαδήσω, Ep. fut. of χάζω.

κέκαδμαι, Dor. for κέκασμαι, q. v.

κεκάδοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of χάζω.

κεκάδόν, Ep. aor. 2 part. of χάζω.

κεκαλυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύπτω.

κεκάλυπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of καλύπτω.

κέκαμον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of κάμω:—subj. κεκάωμ, 3 pl. κεκάωσι.

κεκάραμ, pf. inf. pass. of κείρω.

κεκαρμένος, pf. part. pass. of κείρω.

κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, pf. pass. (in pres. sense) of κείνωμαι.

κέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of καίω.

κεκαύχημαι, pf. of καυχάομαι.

κεκάφθω, Ep. pf. part. of κάπτω.

κεκείνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of κείνω.

κεκῦθει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of κεύθω.

κέκλυται, pf. pass. of κλείω.

κεκλεύται, Ion. 3 pl. of κέκλυμαι, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλειμαι or -σμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.

κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of κλείω, *to sbul*.

κέκλειμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.

κεκλήατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καλέω.

κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, pf. of κλάω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκλήγοντες, as if from κεικλήγω.

κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεικλήμην, -ῆσθω, -ῆτο: inf. κεικλήσθαι: part. κεκλήμένος.

κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κείω, κλήω.

κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.

κεκλιᾶται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλιτω, Adv. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.

κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, *calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.*: but c. acc. *calling on one, calling him for help*.

κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτο.

κέκλυθι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλῖω.

κέκλυμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύω.

κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κέκμηκα, pf. of κάμω.

κέκμητός, gen. ὅτος or ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κάμω.

κέκναισμαι, pf. pass. of κναιώ.

κέκομμαι, pf. pass. of κόπτο.

κεκονιᾶμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονιάω.

κεκονιμένος, pf. part. pass. of κονίαω.

κεκόνντο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίαω.

κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτο.

κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κεκορητός, ὅτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορητότε.

κεκορυθμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω.

κεκοτητός, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω.

κεκράανται, κεκράαντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of κραινάω, κραινίω.

κέκραγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence

κέκραγμα, *atos, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry*.

κεκραγμός, *a screaming, crying*.

κεκράκτης, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) *a crier, bawler*.

κέρραμαι, pf. pass. of κεράννυμι.
 κερραξί-δάμας, ατος, ὁ, (κέρραγα, δάμα) *be who conquers all in bawling, the blusterer.*
 κέρραξομαι, paullo-p. fut. (with act. sense) of κράζω.
 κέρραχθι, imperat. of κέρραγα, pf. of κράζω.
 κέρριγα, pf. 2 of κρίζω.
 κερρίμενος, pf. pass. part. of κρίνω.
 Κερρόπιδαι, ὧν, οἱ, *the sons or descendants of Cecrops, i. e. the Athenians.*
 Κερρόπιος, α, ὧν, (Κερόψ) *Cecropian, i. e. Athenian; Κεκοπία (γῆ), ἡ, Attica; οἱ Κεκοπιοί, the Aibeniens.*
 Κεκοπίς, ἴδος, pecul. fem. of Κεκοπίος.
 κερροταμένος, Dor. pf. part. pass. of κροτέω.
 Κέροψ, οτος, ὁ, *Cecrops, an ancient king of Athens.*
 κερρυμένος, pf. part. pass. of κρύπτω.
 κερρυφάλος, ὁ, (κρύπτω) *a woman's bead-dress, made of net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum.* II. *the pouch or belly of a hunting-net.* III. *part of the headstall of a bridle.*
 κερρύφαται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύπτω.
 κέκρημαι, pf. of κτάομαι: inf. κεκρήσθαι.
 κέκρωσι [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of κεύθω.
 κεκύλισμαι, pf. pass. of κυλίνδω.
 κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτα.
 κελᾶδενός, ἡ, ὅν, Dor. κελᾶδενός, ἄ, ὅν, (κέλαδος) *murmuring, noisy, boisterous: also clear-toned.*
 κελᾶδέω, f. ἡσω also ἡσομαι: Ep. aor. I κελᾶδησα: (κέλαδος):—*to murmur, roar, like the rushing of water.* 2. *to utter a cry or sound.* II. *trans. to sing of, celebrate loudly: to call to, invoke.* Hence κελᾶδημα, ατος, τό, *a murmur, din, roaring.*
 κελᾶδητής, οὔ, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ἴδος, (κελαδέω) *loud-sounding, vocal, harmonious.*
 ΚΕΛΑΔΟΣ, ὁ, *a noise, as of the wind or of rushing waters: the din or tumult of battle, a shouting: rarely of the sound of music.* Hence κελᾶδω, = κελᾶδέω, *to murmur, roar, esp. of water.*
 κελαινεγχής, ἐς, (κελαινός, ἔγχος) *with dark, bloody spear.*
 κελαινεφής, ἐς, (κελαινός, νέφος) *black with clouds: cloud-wrapt.* 2. *cloud-black, livid.*
 κελαινοβρωτος, ον, (κελαινός, βιβρωσκω) *gnawed black.*
 κελαινός, ἡ, ὅν, cognate form of μέλας, *black, swart: dark, gloomy: murky.*
 κελαινοφᾶής, ἐς, (κελαινός, φᾶος) *dark-shining, murky.*
 κελαινοφρων, ον, (κελαινός, φρήν) *black-hearted.*
 κελαινοχρῶς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (κελαινός, χρῶς) *black-coloured.*
 κελαινώω, (κελαινός) *to make black:—Pass. to become black.*
 κελαινώπης, ου, Dor. -ώπῆς, ὁ, fem. -ώπις, ἴδος: (κελαινός, ὤψ):—*black-faced, swarthy, gloomy.*
 κελαινώψ, ὦπος, ὁ, ἡ, = κελαινώπης.
 κελάρυζω Dor. -σδω, = κελᾶδέω, *to babble, murmur.*
 κελάρυσθεν, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κελάρυζω.

κέλαι, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι.
 κελῆβη, ἡ, *a drinking vessel: an urn or pail.*
 κελόντες, ὧν, οἱ, (κάλον, κήλον) *the beams in the loom between which the web was stretched.*
 κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.
 κελουθήτης, ου, ὁ, (κέλευθος) *a wayfarer.*
 κελουθοποιός, ὄν, (κέλευθος, ποιέω) *road-making.*
 κελουθοπόρος, ον, (κέλευθος, πόρος) *a wayfarer.*
 κέλευθος, ἡ, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευθαι:—*a road, way, path, track, either by land or water; κέλευθαι νυκτός τε καὶ ἡματος the ways of night and day, i. e. night and day.* II. *a travelling, journey, voyage: an expedition.* III. *a mode of walking, gait: metaph. a way or walk of life: also a way or course of doing.*
 κέλευσμα or κέλευμα, ατος, τό, (κελεύω) *an order, command: the word of command in war: the call of the κελουστής, which gave the time to the rowers.*
 κελουσμός, ὁ, (κελεύω) *an order, command.*
 κελουσοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for κελουσμός.
 κελουστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κελεύω) *a commander, fugleman: on board ship, the man who by his call (κέλευσμα) gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.*
 κελουστός, ἡ, ὅν, (κελεύω) *ordered, commanded.*
 κελουτιάω, Frequentat. of κελεύω, *to be continually bidding or urging on.*
 κελύω, f. σω: Ep. aor. I κέλευσα: (κέλλω):—*to urge on: to exhort, bid, command, order: to beseech urgently:—of the κελουστής, to give time to the rowers by his call.* II. *c. dat. pers. to call to, order.*
 κελών, ὁ, obsol. sing. of κελόντες.
 κέλως, πτος, ὁ, (κέλλω) *a courser, race-horse, driven or ridden singly.* II. *a fast-sailing vessel, with one bank of oars, Lat. celes, celox.*
 κελήσομαι, fut. of κέλομαι.
 κελητήζω, f. ἴσω, (κέλως) *to ride a race-horse, generally, to ride: esp. of a man who rode two or more horses leaping from one on another.*
 κελήτιον, τό, Dim. of κέλως.
 ΚΕΛΛΩ, f. κέλλω: aor. I ἔκελω: I. *trans. of seamen, to drive on, push ashore; νῆα κέλλωι to run a ship ashore.* II. *intr. of ships, to run ashore, put into harbour:—generally, to reach a haven.*
 κέλομαι, f. κελήσομαι: aor. 2 κεκλόμην and ἐκεκλόμην, 3 sing. κέκετο, ἐκέκετο, part. κεκλόμενος: (κέλλω):—*poët. for κέλεύω, to urge on, exhort, cheer on, command.* II. *also like καλέω, to call, call to: to call by name.*
 κέλομαι, aor. I inf. of κέλλω.
 Κελοί, οἱ, *the Kelts or Celts; later Κέλται.* Hence Κελτιστί, Adv. *in Celtic or Celtic, in the language or after the manner of the Kelts.*
 κελύφος, εος, τό, *a bush, rind, pod, shell: metaph. of old δικασταί, ἀνταμοσιῶν κελύφη mere affidavit-bushes.* (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ΚΕΛΩΡ, αρος, ὁ, *a son.*
 κεμάς and κεμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a young deer.*

κέν, before a vowel for κε.
 κεν-αγγής, ές, (κενός, άγγος) emptying vessels, breeding famine, hungry.

κενανδρία, ή, lack of men, dispeopled state. From κέν-ανδρος, ον, (κενός, άνήρ) empty of men, dispeopled.
 κεν-αυχής ος κενε-αυχής, ές, (κενός ος κενός, αύχή) vain-boasting, braggart.

κενέβρεις, ον, dead: in pl, κενέβρεια, τά, carrion. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κεν-εμβάτew, f. ήσω, (κενός, έμβάτης) to step into a hole, stumble.

κενός, ή, όν, Ion. for κενός, empty.

κενέ-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενωός, ώνος, ό, (κενός) the hollow between the ribs and the hip, the flank. II. any hollow space.

κεν-οδοντίς, ίδος, fem. of κενύδους.

κενοδοξία, ή, vain-glory, vanity. From

κενό-δοξος, ον, (κενός, δόξα) vain-glorious.

κεν-όδους, οντος, ό, ή, (κενός, οδούς) toothless.

KENOΣ Ion. κενός, ή, όν; Ep. κενός:—empty: empty-handed. II. fruitless, vain, idle: κενός as Adv. in vain.

III. exhausted: c. gen. void, destitute, bereft of: absol. of a lioness, bereaved of her young.

IV. Comp. and Sup. κενότερος, -ώτατος: but also regular κενώτερος, -ώτατος.

κενο-τάφew, (κενός, τάφος) to honour with a cenotaph.
 κενο-τάφιον, τό, (κενός, τάφος) an empty tomb, cenotaph.

κενό-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενοφωνία, ή, vain talk, babbling. From

κενό-φωνος, ον, (κενός, φωνή) empty-sounding, prating.

κενώω Ion. κενώω: f. ώσω, aor. I έκένωσα:—Pass., aor. I έκενώθην: pf. κεκένωμαι: (κενός):—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:—Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted. II. to make void or of no account:—Pass. to become vain, of none effect.

κενώω, Ep. aor. I act. inf. of κεντέω, as if from *κέντω.

II. also aor. I med. imperat. of κεντέω.

κένταυρος, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I of κεντέω.

Κενταύρειος, α, ον, (Κένταυρος) Centaurian, of or for Centaurs.

Κενταυρίδης, ου, ό, (Κένταυρος) descended from Centaurs.

Κενταυρικός, ή, όν, (Κένταυρος) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. -κώς.

Κενταυρο-πληθής, ές, (Κένταυρος, πληθος) full of Centaurs.

Κέν-ταυρος, ό, (κεντέω) a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thessaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae.

II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, half man and half horse.

KENTE'Ω: f. ήσω: aor. I έκέντησα: inf. κένσαι as if from *κέντω:—to prick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

κέντο, Dor. for έκέλετο: cf. γέντο, ήνθο.

κεντώ, false form for κεντρώω.

κεντρο-ηνεκής, ές, (κέντρον, *ένέγκω) goaded on.

κεντρίζω, f. ίσω, (κέντρον) to prick, goad, spur.

κεντρο-δήλητος, ον, (κέντρον, δηλόμαι) goaded. 2. act. goading, stinging.

κεντρο-μάνής, ές, (κέντρον, μανήναι) spurring to madness.

κέντρον, τό, (κεντέω) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a horse or ox-goat: a spur: proverb., πρός κέντρα λακτίζειν to kick against the pricks. 2. an instrument of torture. 3. metaph. a spur, incentive.

II. the point round which a circle is described, the centre.

κεντρο-τύπής, ές, (κέντρον, τυπήναι) struck by a spur.

κεντρώω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a sting:—Pass. to be so furnished. 2. to strike with a goad.

κέντρων, ανος, ό, (κέντρον) a rogue that has been branded, a spur-galled jade.

κεντριών, ανος, ό, the Lat. centurio.

κέντωρ, ανος, ό, (κεντέω) a goader, driver.

κενώδ, Adv. of κενός, vainly, idly.

κεοίμην, opt. of κείμαι.

κέομαι, Ep. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, when 3 sing. κείται, 3 pl. κέονται.

Κέως, ή, Ion. for Κέως.

ΚΕ'ΠΦΟΣ, ό, a light sea-bird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a waddy.

κεράσσει, Ep. 2 pl. pres. med. of κέραω.

κεράσει, Ep. dat. pl. of κέρας.

κεράλα, ή, (κέρας) a horn.

II. anything like a horn, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam or timber. 2. a horn or promontory of land. 3. a small dot in writing, 'a tittle.' 4.

anything made of horn, e.g. a bow.

κεράϊζω, f. ίσω, later ίζω: aor. I έκεράϊσα: (κέρας):—to lay waste, ravage. II. of persons, to kill,

slaughter: to disable ships.

κεράϊς, ίδος, ή, (κέρας) a worm that eats horn.

κεράϊστής, ου, ό, (κεραϊώ) a ravager, robber.

κεράϊω, Ep. for κέραω, the Root of κεράννυμι, to mix; ζωροπρον κέραϊε mix the wine stronger.

κεράμεικός, ή, όν, (κέραμος) earthen.

Κεράμεικός, ό, (κεραμείος) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Cerameicus, one within and the other without the Thriasian Gate.

κεράμειος, α, ον, (κέραμος) of clay, earthen.

κεράμειός, έως, ό, (κέραμος) a potter:—proverb., κεραμείος κεραμεί κοτείει potter envies potter.

κεράμew, f. σω, (κέραμος) to be a potter, work in earthenware: metaph. to batch or patch up the state.

κεράμηϊός, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for κεράμειος.

κεράμηϊς, ίδος, pecul. Ep. fem. of κεράμειος.

κεράμινος, η, ον, and κεραμικός, ή, όν, = κεράμειος, of earthenware or clay.

κεράμιον, τό, (κέραμος) an earthenware vessel, a pot, jar, pipkin, Lat. testa.

κεραμῖς, ἴδος Att. ἴδος [Ὶ], ἦ, (κέραμος) a tile: also a tiled roof.

ΚΕΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, *potter's earth, potter's clay.* II. any earthen vessel, a pot, jar: also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery.

III. a tile; collectively, the tiles; τῶ κεραμῶ βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never in plur.

IV. χαλκῆν ἐν κεραμῶ seems to be in a brasen prison.

κεράννυμι and —ῶ: fut. κέρασω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκέρᾶσα Ep. κέρασσα:—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I κέρασσατο:—Pass., aor. I ἐκέρασθην and ἐκέρᾶθην [ᾶ]: pf. κέκέρασμαι and κέκέρᾶμαι: (κέρᾶω):—to mix, mingle, often of diluting wine: more freq. in Med., as, κρητῆρα κέρασασθαι to mix oneself a bowl; Pass., κύλιξ ἴσον ἴφω κεκραμένην a cup mixed half and half.

2. to temper or cool.

3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down.

II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. *attemperare.*

κερᾶο-ξός, ον, (κέρᾶς, ξέω) *polishing horn, working in horn*; esp. for bows.

κερᾶός, ἄ, ὄν, (κέρᾶς) *horned.* II. *made of horn.*

κερα-οὔχος, ον, (ἐξω) = κερ-οὔχος.

κέρᾶς, τό; gen. κέρᾶτος Ep. κέραος Att. contr. κέρᾶς; dat. κέρᾶτι, κέρᾶ, κέρᾶ:—dual κέρᾶε; κέρᾶ, gen. and dat. κέρᾶον, κέρᾶν; plur. κέρᾶα, κέρᾶ; gen. κέρᾶων, κέρᾶν; dat. κέρᾶσι Ep. κέρᾶσι and κέρᾶεσι:

—Ion. declension κέρᾶς, κέρᾶος, κέρᾶϊ: (akin to κάρᾶ):—the horn of an animal: hence horn, as a material for working.

II. anything made of horn; a bow: later, a horn for blowing: also a drinking-horn, or a goblet in the shape of a horn.

III. a horn or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it.

IV. an arm or branch of a river, so called from its shape.

V. the wing of an army or fleet; ἐπὶ κέρᾶς Att. ἐπὶ κέρᾶσι, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, not abreast.

VI. the sail-yard of a ship.

VII. any projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak, horn.

κέρᾶσσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κερᾶννυμι.

κεραστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κέρᾶς) *horned.*

κεραστής, ἦ, ὄν, (κεράννυμι) *mingled, tempered.*

κερασ-φόρος, ον, (κέρᾶς, φέρω) *horn-bearing.*

κερατέα or —ία, ἦ, (κέρᾶς) *the locust-tree*: its fruit was κερᾶτιον.

κεράτινος, ἦ, ον, (κέρᾶς) *of horn, made of horn.*

κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέρᾶς, a little horn.

II. the fruit of the κερατέα or locust-tree.

κερ-αἰλῆς, ον, ὁ, (κέρᾶς, αἰλέω) a horn-blower.

κεραῦνεος, ον, (κεραυνός) *thundering.*

κεραῦντος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κεραυνός) *of a thunder-bolt.*

II. *thunder-stricken.*

κεραυνοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to hurl the thunderbolt: to strike with thunderbolts. From

κεραυνο-βόλος, ον, (κεραυνός, βάλλω) *hurling the thunderbolt, smiting with it.*

κεραυνο-βρόντης, ον, ὁ, (κεραυνός, βροντᾶω) *the lightning and thunderer.*

κεραυνο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (κεραυνός, μάχομαι) *fighting with the thunderbolt.*

ΚΕΡΑΤΝΟΨ, ὁ, a thunderbolt, thunder and lightning, Lat. *fulmen*: thunder by itself was βροντή, Lat. *tonitru*, and the flash of lightning ἀστεροπή, στεροπή, Lat. *fulgur*: plur. κεραυνοί, thunderbolts.

κεραυνο-φάτης, ἐς, (κεραυνός, φάος) *flashing like the thunderbolt.*

κεραυνώω, f. ὤσω, (κεραυνός) to strike with a thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΨ, Ep. Radic. form of κερᾶννυμι, to mix.

Κέρβερος, ὁ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world; acc. to Hesiod, the fifty-headed son of Typhaon and Echidna; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνω, f. κερδαῖν Ion. —έω: aor. I ἐκέρδανα Ion. ἐκέρδηνα: fut. also κερδήσω, κερδήσομαι: aor. I ἐκέρδησα: (κέρδος):—to gain, make gain or profit from: absol. to gain advantage, be benefited.

2. hence to traffic, make merchandise.

II. in bad sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδαλέος, α, ον, (κέρδος) with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning: sbrewd. 2. of things, gainful, profitable: Adv. κερδαλέως, to one's profit.

κερδαλέο-φρων, ον, (κερδαλέος, φρήν) *crafty-minded.*

κερδαίνω, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of κερδαίνω.

κερδιστος, ἦ, ον, Sup. of κερδαίνω (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, most cunning or crafty.

II. most profitable.

κερδίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, more profitable.

ΚΕΡΔΟΣ, eos, τό, gain, profit, advantage: desire of gain.

II. in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks.

κερδισύνη, ἦ, (κέρδος) *cunning, craft, sbrewdness*: dat. κερδισύνῃ as Adv. *cunningly, sbrewdly.*

κερδῶ, ὅς contr. οὖς, ἦ, (κέρδος) *the wily one, or the thief, name of a fox.*

κερδῖος, α, ον, (κέρδος) *bringing gain.*

κέρᾶς, Ion. for κέρᾶα, κέρᾶτα, pl. of κέρᾶς.

κέρῶ, Ion. for κερῶ, fut. of κέρω.

κερκίζω, f. ἴσω, to close the web with the κερκίς. From κερκίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (κέρκω, κρέκω) = σπάθη, a staff or rod to make the web close: the weaver's comb: the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. *radius*.

II. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, etc., as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. *plectrum*.

2. a measuring-rod, Lat. *radius*.

ΚΕΡΚΟΣ, ἦ, the tail of a beast, Lat. *cauda*.

κέρκουρος or κερκούρος, ὁ, a boat, pinnace.

Κέρκυρα, ἦ, the island Corcyra, now Corfu: hence Κερκυραῖος, ὁ, a Corcyraean: Adj. Κερκυραϊκός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for Corcyra.

κέρκω, rarer collat. form for κρέκω.

κέρμα, ατος, τό, (κέρω) a slice: in plur. *small coin, small change: small wares.* Hence

κερματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to mince up.

II. to coin into small money: to change large coin for small. Hence

κερματιστής, οὐ, ὁ, a money-changer.
 κερο-βάτης [ἄ], οὐ, ὁ, (κέρας, βαίνα) *horn-footed, horn-boofed*, epith. of Pan.
 κερο-βόας, οὐ, ἡ, (κέρας, βοάω) *sounding with horn, of a flute tipped with horn.*
 κερό-βετος, οὐ, (κέρας, δέω) *bound with horn.*
 κερόεις, ὅσσα contr. οὔσσα, οεν, (κέρας) *horned.*
 κερ-οιάξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (κέρας, οιάξ) *a rope belonging to the sailyards*; cf. κέρας vi.
 κερο-τύπεω, f. ἦσω, (κέρας, τύπτω) *to butt with the horn*; generally, *to dash or knock about.*
 κερ-ουλλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέρας, ἔλλω) *drawing a bow of horn.*
 2. of the bow, *drawn by the horns.*
 κερουτιάω, (κέρας) *to toss the horns or head.*
 κερ-ουχίς, ἴδος, fem. of sq.
 κερ-ούχος, οὐ, (κέρας, ἔχω) *having horns, horned.*
 κερο-φόρος, οὐ, (κέρας, φέρω) *horned.*
 κέρσας, Ep. aor. I part. of κείρω.
 κέρσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κείρω.
 κερτομέω, f. ἦσω, (κέρτομος) *to taunt, to mock or jeer at a person*: absol. *to sneer, scoff.* Hence
 κερτόμησις, εως, ἡ, *jeering, mockery.*
 κερτόμα, ἡ, = κερτόμησις.
 κερ-τόμιος and κερ-τομος, οὐ, (κέρ, τέμνω) *beart-cutting, stinging*; κερτόμα ἔπη or absol. κερτόμα, *stinging, reproachful words.* II. *mocking, delusive.*
 κέρχνη, ἡ, (κέρχων) *a kind of hawk, so called from its hoarse voice, the kestrel.*
 κερχνῆς, ἦδος, and κερχνῆς, ἦδος, ἡ, collat. forms of κέρχνη.
 ΚΕΡΧΝΩ, *to make rough or boarse.* II. intr. and in Pass. *to be boarse, of the voice.*
 κερῶ, fut. of κείρω.
 κερῶν, part. of κερᾶννυμι.
 κερώνται, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of κερᾶω.
 κέρς, v. sub κᾶς.
 κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμαι.
 κεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κεντέω) *worked, embroidered*; κεστός ἰμάς of the girdle of Venus: hence II. as Subst.
 κεστός, ὁ, a girdle, Lat. *cestus.*
 κέστρα, ἡ, (κεντέω) *a pickaxe, poleaxe.* II. a kind of fish, a pike, or a conger.
 κευθάνω, poet. for κεύθω.
 κεύθω, ατος, τό, and κευθμός, ὁ, = κευθμών.
 κευθμών, ὄνος, ὁ, (κεύθω) *any secret place, hole, bidding-place, den*; *the lair of a beast.* 2. of the nether world, the abyss. 3. = ἄδυτον, *the inmost place, sanctuary.*
 κεύθουσα, Dor. for κείθουσα, part. fem. of κεύθω.
 κεύθος, εως, τό, (κεύθω) = κευθμών: in pl., κεύθεα *gays in the depths of the earth.*
 ΚΕΥΘΩ, fut. κεύσω: aor. 2 ἐκύθον, Ep. redupl. subj. κεύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν Ep. κέκευθειν:—*to cover up, bide, conceal, sbrowd*:—Pass. *to lie hidden.* 2. *to keep hidden or secret, conceal, disguise*: with dupl. acc., κεύθειν τινά τι *to keep a thing concealed from one.* 3. the pf. κέκευθα is used as pres., *I keep concealed*; and plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν

as impf., *I concealed, contained.*

to be concealed, lie hidden.

κεφαλή, Dor. dat. of κεφαλῆ.

κεφάλαιος, α, ον, (κεφαλῆ) of or belonging to the head: metaph., like Lat. *capitalis, principal, chief.* II. κεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like κεφαλῆ, *the head, as κεφάλαιον ῥαφανίδος the head of a radish*: *the chief or main point*: in money, *the capital-sum.* 2. a summary, *the sum of the matter*; ἐν κεφαλαίῳ or ἐν κεφαλαίῳ εἰπεῖν *to speak summarily.* 3. generally, *the crown, completion, finish* of a thing. Hence

κεφαλαίω, f. ὦσω, *to bring under beads, sum up, state summarily.* II. *to smite on the head, slay.*
 κεφαλαίω-ώδης, ες, (κεφαλῆ, εἶδος) *principal, capital.*
 κεφαλαίωμα, ατος, τό, (κεφαλαίω) *the sum total.*
 κεφαλ-αλγής, ἐς, (κεφαλέ, ἄλγος) *causing pains in the head.* Hence

κεφαλαλία, ἡ, *head-ache.*
 ΚΕΦΑΛΗ, ἡ, *the head, Lat. caput*; ἐς πῶδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς *from head to foot*; ἐπὶ κεφαλῆν *head foremost.* 2. *the head, as the noblest part, for the whole person*, just as Lat. *caput* is used: esp. in salutation, φίλη κεφαλῆ, Lat. *eamum caput*; in bad sense, ὦ κακὰ κεφαλαί. 3. *the life, Lat. caput*, as we use head; παρθέμενοι κεφαλὰς *setting their beads on the cast*; εἰς κεφαλῆν τρέποντ' ἐμοί *on my head be it!*

II. *the head or upper part of anything: the coping of a wall*: in pl. *the head or source of a river.* III. κεφαλῆ περίθετος *a wig or head-dress.* IV. metaph. *the point, sum, conclusion.*

κεφαλῆφι, κεφαλῆφι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κεφαλῆ.
 κεφαλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κεφαλῆ, *a little head or bulb.* II. *a bead, chapter, division.*

Κεφαλήν, ἦνος, ὁ, a Cephallenian:—hence Κεφαλληνία, ἡ, *Cephalonia*, an island in the Ionian sea, now *Cefalonia*.

κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω.
 κέχανδα, pf. of χανδάνω, whence part. neut. pl. κεχανδότα, 3 plqpf. Ep. κεχάνδει.

κεχαράγμενος, pf. part. pass. of χαράσσω.
 κεχάρηκα, pf. of χαίρω.
 κεχάρημα, pf. pass. of χαίρω.

κεχάρησμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χαίρω.
 κεχάρησομαι, Ep. paullo-post fut. of χαίρω.
 κεχάρητο, κεχάρηγντο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. pass. of χαίρω.

κεχάρησθε, Ep. pf. part. of χαίρω.
 κεχαρισμέσθαι, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agreeable, winning, charming: Adv. κεχαρισμένως, charmingly, gracefully.

κεχάριστο, 3 sing. plqpf. of χαρίζομαι.
 κεχαρίτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαρίτω. Adv. κεχαρισμένως, agreeably, welcome.
 κέχαρμαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.
 κεχάρωλοτο, Ep. for κεχάροντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of χαίρω.
 κεχάροντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of χαίρω.

κέρηνα, pf. of χάλω or χάσκω, to gape. Hence Κεχηναίοι, *av, oi, Gapers*, comic for Ἀθηναίοι.
 κεχλάδως, pf. part. of χλάδω: there is also an acc. pl. κεχλάδοντας, as if from κεχλάδα, like κεκληγόντας from κεκληγώς.

κεχλαίακα, pf. of χλαιάω.
 κεχλιδώς, pf. part. of χλιώ.
 κεχολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of χολώω.
 κεχολώσομαι, paullo-post fut. of χολώω.
 κεχρηματισμένος, pf. part. pass. of χρηματίζω.
 κεχρημένος, pf. part. of χράσμαι.
 κέχυμαι, pf. pass. of χέω.
 κέχυτο, κέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. plqpf. pass. of χέω.

κεχωρίσθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of χαρίζω.
 κεχωσμένος, pf. part. pass. of χώννυμι.
 κέω, Ep. collateral form of κείω.
 Κέως Ion. Κέος, Ceos, an island in the Archipelago.
 κέωμα, subj. of κείμαι.

κῆ, Ion. for πῆ (interrog.): but κη enclit. for πη.
 κῆαι, Ep. aor. I inf. κείω; but κῆαι, 3 sing. opt. κηήμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of κείω.
 κῆγῶ or κῆγών, Dor. for κᾰγῶ, i. e. κᾰ γῶ.
 κηδεία, ἡ, (κηδός) care for the dead: obsequies. II. affinity, connexion by marriage.

κηδεῖος, *ov, (κηδός) cared for, dear, beloved.* 2. careful for. II. of or for a funeral, sepulchral.
 κηδεμονεύς, *έως, ό, (κηδέω) = κηδεμών.*
 κηδεμών, *όνος, ό, (κηδέω) one that has charge of a person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a protector, guardian.* II. a relation by marriage, Lat. *affinis.*

κηδεός, *ov, = κηδεῖος.*
 κηδεσκον, Ion. impf. of κῆδω.
 κηδέσκειτο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of κῆδω.
 κηδεστής, *ου, ό, (κηδός) a connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brother-in-law.* Hence

κηδεστία, ἡ, *connexion by marriage, affinity.*
 κηδεσμα, *ατος, τό, (κηδέω) alliance by marriage, affinity.* 2. one who is so connected, a connexion, Lat. *affinis.*

κηδεύω, *f. σω, (κηδός) to take charge of, care for, tend.* 2. to pay the last offices of the dead:—*Pass. to have these last offices paid one.* II. to ally oneself in marriage to a person:—*Pass. to be so allied.* 2. to make a person one's kinsman by marriage.

κηδῆσω, fut. of κῆδω (as if from κηδέω).
 κηδιστος, *η, ov, Sup. formed from κῆδός, like κέρδιστος from κέρδος, most cared for, dearest, most beloved.* II. most nearly allied by marriage.

κηδός Dor. *κᾰδός, εος, τό, (κῆδω) care, concern, regard for another.* 2. trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress:—*mourning for one dead: hence a funeral.* 3. an object of care, a care. II. connexion by marriage, Lat. *affinitas.*

κηδόσυνος, *ov, (κηδός) anxious.*

ΚΗ'ΔΩ, *f. κηδήσω, to make anxious, give concern: hence to trouble, annoy, distress.* II. in Pass., with Ep. fut. *κεκᾰδήσομαι*, pf. act. *κέκηθα*:—*to be troubled, distressed, annoyed: part. κηδόμενος, η, ov, distressed, in trouble: a c. gen. to be anxious or concerned for; οὐκέτι Δαναῶν κεκαδησόμεθα.*

κηδωκε, by crasis for *καὶ ἔδωκε.*
 κῆεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of *καίω.*
 κηθάριον, *τό, a vessel into which the lots were cast, a ballot-box.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

κῆς, Dor. for *κᾰς*, by crasis for *καὶ ἐκ.*
 ΚΗΚΙ'Σ, *ἴδος, ἡ, matter that oozes or exudes from a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink.* Hence κηκίω, Ep. impf. *κηκίον*:—*to gush or ooze forth: also in Med., αἷμα κηκίωμα ἐλκείω* clotted blood oozing from his wounds. [Y Ep., I Att.]

κηλεος or κῆλεος, *ov, (καίω) burning, blazing.*
 ΚΗΛΕ'Ω, *f. ἴσω, to charm, bewitch, fascinate: generally, to wheedle, beguile, seduce.*

ΚΗ'ΑΗ, ἡ, a rupture, Lat. *bernia.*
 κηληθμός, *ό, (κηλέω) rapture, fascination.*
 κηλημα, *ατος, τό, (κηλέω) a magic charm, spell.*
 κηλησις, *εως, ἡ, (κηλέω) an enchanting, charming.*
 κηλητήριος, *ov, (κηλέω) charming: appealing.*
 κηλιδός, *f. ώσω, (κηλίσ) to stain, sully: metaph. to stain, dishonour, disgrace.*

ΚΗΑΙ'Σ, *ἴδος, ἡ, a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace.*
 ΚΗ'ΑΛΟΝ, *τό, the shaft of an arrow: an arrow.*
 κηλών, *ωνος, ό, (κῆλον) a swiπε or machine for drawing water from a well.*

κηλώνειον Ion. *-ῆτον, τό, = κῆλον.*
 κηλωντόν, Dor. by crasis for *καὶ ἔμωτόν.*
 κῆμέ, Dor. by crasis for *καὶ ἐμέ.*
 ΚΗΜΟ'Σ, *ό, a muzzle or halter, put on a led horse.* 2. the funnel-shaped top to the voting urn (*κᾰδός*) in the Athenian law-courts, through which the ballots (*ψηφοί*) were dropped in the urn.

κημώ, *f. ώσω, (κημός) to muzzle a horse.*
 κῆν, Dor. for *κᾰν*, i. e. *καὶ ἐν*: but *κῆν* for *καὶ ἄν.*
 κῆνθε, Dor. by crasis for *καὶ ἦνθε* (i. e. *καὶ ἦλθε*).

κῆνος, Aeol. for *κείνος, ἐκείνος.*
 κῆνος, *ό, the Lat. census, an assessment: tribute.*
 ΚΗ'Ξ, *κηκός, ἡ, a sea-gull, sea-mew.*

κηόμεν, Ep. for *κηάμεν*, I pl. aor. I subj. of *καίω.*
 κῆπε, Dor. by crasis for *καὶ εἶπε.*

κηπέ, κῆπετα, Dor. for *κᾰπέι, κᾰπέιτα*, i. e. *καὶ ἐπ-.*
 κῆπευμα, *ατος, τό, (κηπέω) that which is reared in a garden, a garden-herb or flower.*

κηπέυς, *έως, τό, (κηπος) a gardener.*
 κηπέυω, *f. σω, (κηπος) to rear in a garden: metaph. to tend, cherish, foster.*

κηπί, Dor. for *κᾰπί*, i. e. *καὶ ἐπί.*
 κηπίον, *τό, Dim. of κῆπος, a small garden, parterre: metaph. a decoration, ornament.*

κηπο-λόγος, *ov, (κηπος, λέγω) teaching in a garden.*
 ΚΗΠΟΣ Dor. *κᾰπος, ό, a garden, an orchard or plantation; also the enclosure for the Olympic games: οἱ Ἀδωνίδος κῆποι*, cresses and other plants grown

quickly in pots:—hence proverb. of amusements and pastimes.

κηπ-ουρός, ὁ, (κήπος, οὖρος) a gardener.

ΚΗΡ, ἡ, gen. Κηρός, acc. Κηρα, the goddess of death or of fate: hence doom, death, destruction. 2. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, evil itself. II. any evil fate; disease; and, of moral evil, disgrace.

ΚΗΡ, τό, gen. κήρος, acc. κήρ, contr. from κέαρ, the heart, Lat. cor. The dat. κήρι is in Homer freq. used as Adv., like κηρόθι, with all the heart, heartily.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κήρ, ἦ) to barm, hurt, destroy.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κήρ, τό) to be alarmed, disquieted.

Κηρῆσσι-φόρητος, ον, (Κήρ, φορέω) borne on by the Κήρες or fates.

κήρινος, η, ον, (κηρός) of wax, waxen.

κηριο-κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, (κηρίον, κλέπτω) stealer of honeycombs.

κηρίον, τό, (κηρός) a honeycomb, Lat. favus. II. a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρέφης, ἐς, (κήρ, τρέφω) born to die.

κηρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. κηροδέτας, = κηρόδετος.

κηρο-δέτος, ον, (κήρος, δέω) bound together by wax.

κηρο-δομέω, f. ἦσω, (κηρός, δέω) to build with wax.

κηρόθεν, Adv. (κήρ) from the heart.

κηρόθι, Adv. (κήρ) in the heart, with all the heart, heartily.

κηρο-πύγις, ἐς, (κηρός, παγγίαι) fastened with wax.

κηρο-πλάστης, ου, ὁ, (κηρός, πλάσσω) a modeller in wax.

κηρο-πλαστος, ον, (κηρός, πλάσσω) moulded of wax, waxen. II. = κηρόδετος.

ΚΗΡΟΨ, ὁ, bees-wax, wax, Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κηρός, τρέφω) wax-producing.

κηρο-χίτων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (κηρός, χιτών) clad with wax.

κηροχυτέω, f. ἦσω, to mould in melted wax: to make waxen cells. From

κηρό-χυτος, ον, (κηρός, χέω) moulded of or in wax.

κήρυγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) a proclamation by herald, public notice; f. κηρύγματος by proclamation.

κηρύκαινα, ἡ, fem. of κήρυξ, a female herald.

κηρυκεία Ion. -ῆτι, ἡ, (κήρυξ) the office of herald.

κηρυκείον Ion. -ῆτιον, τό, a herald's wand, Lat. caduceus. [ῆ] Properly neut. from

κηρύκειος, α, ον, (κήρυξ) of or for a herald. [ῆ]

κηρύκεσσι, Ep. for κήρυξι, dat. pl. of κήρυξ.

κηρυκευμα, ατος, τό, (κηρυκεύω) a herald's proclamation, public notice. [ῆ]

κηρυκεύω, f. σω, (κήρυξ) to be a herald, give public notice. II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of.

κηρυκῆτι, -κήτιον, Ion. for -εία, -είον.

κηρύλος Att. κηρύλος, ὁ, a sea-bird, the balcyon. [ῆ]

κήρυξ, ὄκος, ὁ, (κηρύσσω) a herald or pursuivant,

whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands (σηπητρα): their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of Jove.

ΚΗΡΥΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. κηέρῦχα:—Pass., fut. κηρυχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύξομαι in pass. sense: pf. κηέρῦγμα:—to be or act as herald: to make proclamation as a herald, summon, convene as herald. 2. impers., κηρύσσει (sc. ὁ κήρυξ) notice is given, proclamation is made. II.

to proclaim, announce: to extol. 2. to put up or advertise for sale. 3. to call on, invoke. III. to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κήρωμα, ατος, τό, (κηρώ) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing. 2. an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, anointed with κήρωμα.

κηρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κηρώ) waxed:—hence, as Subst., κηρωτόν, τό, or κηρωτή, ἡ, a cerate or ointment.

κής, Dor. for καί εἰς.

κήται, Ep. for κέηται, 3 sing. subj. of κείμαι.

κήτειος, α, ον, (κήτος) of sea-monsters.

ΚΗΤΟΣ, εος, τό, any sea-monster or huge fish: in Odyssey, a seal or sea-calf: later a whale, Lat. cete.

κητο-φόνος, ον, (κήτος, *φένω) killing sea-monsters.

κητώεις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon,

κοίλη Λακηδαίμων κητώεσσα, either (from κήτος as implying hugeness) vast, spacious; or (from κήτος as if = καίαδας, a gulf, abyss) sunken, hollow.

κηῦ, by crasis for καί εὔ.

κήυξ, ἄκος [ῆ], ὁ, (κήξ) a sea-gull.

κήφα, Dor. by crasis for καί ἔφη.

ΚΗΦΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fucus: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person.

Κηφῆνες, οί, Cephenes, old name of the Persians.

κήφθη, Dor. by crasis for καί ἦθη.

Κηφισίος, ὁ, the Cephisus, a river in Boeotia; hence fem. λίμνη Κηφισίος. II. a famous river of Athens: also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηώδης, ες, (καίω) fragrant, sweet-scented.

κηώεις, εσσα, εν, = κηώδης, fragrant.

κιάω, Att. length. for κίω, to go. [ᾱ]

κιβδηλεύω, f. σω, (κιβδηλος) to adulterate, alloy. II. metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία, ἡ, (κιβδηλος) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, dishonesty.

κιβδηλος, ον, (κιβδος) adulterated, spurious, base. II. metaph. of men, base, false. 2. base-born, bastard. 3. deceitful, ambiguous, of oracles.

ΚΙΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, dross, alloy.

κίβιστος, ἡ, a pocket, wallet, scrip.

κιβωτάριον and κιβώπιον, τό, Dim. of κιβωτός.

ΚΙΒΩΤΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden box, chest, coffer.

κιγκλιζω, f. ίσω, (κίγκλος) to wag the tail like the κίγκλος: metaph. to change constantly.

ΚΙΓΚΛΙΣ, ἶδος, ἡ, the Lat. cancelli, a latticed gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber, the bar.

ΚΙΤΚΑΟΣ, ὁ, a water-bird, a kind of wagtail.

κιγχάνω [ᾱ], Att. for κичάνω [ᾱ].

κίδναμαι, Pass., poet. for σκεδάννυμαι, to be spread.
ΚΙΘΑΡΑ Ion. —η, also κίθαρις, ios, ή, Lat. ci-
thara, a lyre, harp or lute, like the φόρμιγγις or λύρα.

κίθαρ-αιδός contr. —φδός, ό, (κίθαρα, αιδός) one
who plays and sings to the lyre or harp, a harper:—
Sup. κίθαροειδός. [α]

κίθαρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίώ, (κίθαρις) to play the lyre or
lute: it is also used of the φόρμιγγις and λύρα, so that
the κίθαρα, λύρα, and φόρμιγγις must have been nearly
the same.

κίθαρις, ios, ή, acc. κίθαριν, = κίθαρα: also music,
barping, playing.

κίθαριστής, ου, ό, (κίθαρίζω) a player on the lyre
or harp, a harper. Hence

κίθαριστρίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of κίθαριστής.

κίθαριστος, υος, ή, (κίθαρίζω) a playing the lyre or
harp, the art of playing it.

κίθαρφοικός, ή, όν, of or for harp-playing. From
κίθαρ-φδός, ό, contr. for κίθαροειδός.

κίθων, άνος, ό, Ion. for χιτών.

κίκειν, inf. of a poet. aor. 2 έκικον; see κίκω.

κίκω, τό, = κρότων. II. the berry of the κρότων,
castor-berry.

ΚΙΚΙΝΝΟΣ, ό, a curled lock of hair, a ringlet of
hair, Lat. cincinnus.

κικεβαύ, a cry in imitation of the screech-owl's
note, too-whit, too-woo.

ΚΙΚΚΟΣ, ό, the husk, shell of fruit, Lat. ciccus.

κικλήσκω, poet. redupl. form of καλέω, to call,
summon, invite: to call on, invoke: also in Med. II.
to accost, address. III. to name, call by name.

κικηρά, Dor. for κεράννυμι, κινάω.

ΚΙΚΥΣ, ή, strength, vigour.

*ΚΙΚΩ, a verb only found in aor. 2 έκίκον, inf.
κικέιν, and Dor. aor. I έκίφα, med. έκίφην:—to
make to go, move, toss. (Akin to κίω and δικέιν.)

Κιλίκιος, α, ον, Cilician. From

Κιλίξ, ίκος, ό, a Cilician. [χ] Hence

Κίλισσα, ης, ή, a Cilician woman. 2. as Adj.,
fem. of Κιλίκιος.

κίλλι-βας, αντος, ό, a trestle, stand or support for
anything, esp. for a shield. (From κίλλος, ass, βαίνω:
so Germ. esel, our easel and horse.) [χ]

ΚΙΛΛΟΣ, ό, an ass. (Dor. word.)

Κιμμεριοι, οι, the Cimmerians, a people supposed to
dwell in perpetual darkness: later, a people about the
Palus Maeotis.

Κίμωνία (γη), ή, Cimolian earth, a kind of white
clay, like fuller's earth, from Cimölus in the Cyclades.

ΚΙΤΝΑΨΡΑ, ή, the rank smell of a goat. Hence
κίναψράω, to smell like a goat.

κινάδος, εος, τό: vocat. κίναδε, as if it were masc.:
—Sicil. word, a fox: metaph. a wily fellow, a cheat.

κινάθισμα, ατος, τό, a rustling motion, rustling.
(From κινάθίζω, = κινέω.) [νā]

κιν-άχυρα, ή, (κινέω, άχυρον) a kind of bag or sieve
for bolting flour.

κινδύνεμα, ατος, τό, a risk, venture, enterprise; and

κινδυνεύεον, verb. Adj. one must venture; and
κινδυνεύεις, ου, ό, an adventurous person:—from
κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to be daring, venture into danger,
run a risk, hazard. 2. absol. to make a venture,
do a daring thing: so with acc. of the danger, κ.
κινδύνεμα to venture the risk. II. from the no-
tion of running a risk, κινδυνεύω c. inf. comes to
mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do
so and so; κινδυνεύουσι οι άνθρωποι ουτοι γήγρες είναι
they run a risk of being reputed conjurers: hence κιν-
δυνέει as impers. it seems to be, is likely:—Pass. to
be hazarded, exposed to danger. From

ΚΙΝΔΥΝΟΣ, ό, a danger, risk, hazard, venture,
Lat. periculum: an experiment, trial; κίνδυνον ποιέιν,
Lat. periculum facere, to make an experiment.

κινέω, Dor. for κινού, pres. imperat. pass. of κινέω.
κινέω, f. ήσω, (κίω) to move, set in motion, set a-
going, urge on: to move a thing from its place; hence,
to meddle with things sacred: to change, innovate. 2.
to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver
of a thing. 3. to stir up, arouse: to move to anger,
provoke. 4. κινέιν πάν χρημα to set every engine
at work, turn every stone. II. Pass., with fut.

med. κινήσομαι and pass. κινήθήσομαι, aor. I έκινήθην:
to be put in motion, to be moved, to move; of an earth-
quake, as, έκινήθη Δήλος.

κινήθη, Ep. aor. I pass. of κινέω.

κίνησις, ό, = κίνησις, motion.

κίνητος, εως, ή, (κινέω) a moving or being moved:
motion. II. excitement, commotion: a move-
ment, disturbance. [κί]

κινήτης, ήρος, ό, = κινήτης. Hence

κινήτηριος, α, ον, liable to move or excite.

κινήτης, ου, ό, (κινέω) a mover, author.

κινήτικός, ή, όν, (κινέω) putting in motion: stirring
up, exciting.

κιννάμων, τό, cinnamon, a word introduced by
the Greeks from the Phoenicians.

κινύγμα, ατος, τό, (κινύσσομαι) a floating or bover-
ing body, a phantom. [ξ]

κινύμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an obsol. Act. κίνυμι), = κί-
νέομαι, to be in motion, go, move, march. [ξ]

κίνυντο, Ep. for έκίνυντο, 3 pl. impf. of κινύμαι.

κινύρομαι [ν], Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan,
lament: c. acc. cognato, χαλινοι κινύρονται φόνον the
bridles ring or clasp murderously. From

κινύρος, ά, όν, wailing, plaintive. (Formed from
the sound.)

κινύσομαι, = κινέω, to put in motion:—Pass. to waver,
be swayed to and fro.

κινώ, ους, ή, Dor. for κίνησις.

κινό-κράνον, τό, = κιονόκρανον.

κίομεν, Ep. for κίωμεν, 1 pl. subj. subj. of κίω.

κίον, Ep. for έκίον, impf. of κίω.

κίονό-κράνον, τό, (κίω, κρανίον) the capital of a
column.

κίοσι, dat. pl. of κίων, a pillar.

Κίρκη, ή, Circe, an enchantress who changed

Ulysses' companions to swine, v. Odys. lib. 10, Hor.

Epist. I. 2, 23.

κρηκίλατος, *ov*, (κίρκος, ελαίνω) chased by a hawk.

ΚΙΡΚΟΣ, *δ*, a kind of hawk or falcon, which flies in wheels or circles. 2. a circle, ring, mostly in form κίρκος. Hence

κίρκω, *f*, *ωσα*, to hoop in, secure by rings.

κινάω and -*ημι*, poet. forms of κεράννυμι, to mix wine with water:—from κινάω comes *ζ* sing. pres. κινῶ, *ζ* sing. impf. ἐκίρνα: from κίρνημι, Ep. *ζ* sing. impf. κίρνη, part. κινῶς.

ΚΙΨ, *δ*, gen. κίως, acc. κίν, a worm in wood or in corn, the weevil, Lat. *curculio*.

κίσπρις, *εως*, *ή*, (κίς) the pumice-stone, Lat. *pumex*.

ΚΙΨΣΑ Att. κίττα, *ή*, a chattering bird, the jay.

II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for strange food. Hence

κισσάβιζω Att. κισσάβιζω, *f*, *ίσω*, to scream like a jay.

κισσάω Att. κισσάω, *f*, *ήσω*, (κίσσα II) to crave for strange food: generally, to long or yearn after.

κισσήρης, *εσ*, (κισσός) ivy-clad.

κισσηρίς, *εως*, *ή*, = κίσπηρις, *q*, *v*.

κισσίνος, *η*, *ov*, (κισσός) of ivy.

κισσοδέτης, *ov*, *δ*, Dor. -δέτας, (κισσός, δέω) bound or crowned with ivy.

κισσοκόμητις, *ov*, *δ*, (κισσός, κόμη) ivy-tressed, crowned with ivy.

ΚΙΣΣΟΣ Att. κιστός, *δ*, ivy, Lat. *bedera*.

κισσοστέφανος, *ov*, and κισσοστέφης, *έσ*, (κισσός, στέφανος, στέφω) ivy-wreathed.

κισσοφορέω Att. κισσ-, *to be decked with ivy*. From κισσοφόρος, *ov*, (κισσός, φέρω) wearing ivy, ivy-crowned: luxuriant with ivy.

κισσώω Att. κισσ-, *f*, *ώσω*, (κισσός) to deck with ivy.

κισσύβιον [ῦ], τό, (κισσός) a drinking-cup either made of ivy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it.

κισσώστος, *ή*, *ov*, (κισσός) decked with ivy.

ΚΙΨΣΤΗ, *ή*, a box, chest, Lat. *cista*.

κιστίς, *ιδος*, *ή*, Dim. of κίσπη, a little chest.

ΚΙΤΡΕΪΑ or κισρία, *ή*, the citron-tree.

κίτρινος, *η*, *ov*, (κίτρον) of citron.

κίτρον, τό, the fruit of the κισρία, citron.

κίττα, κισσάβιζω, κισσάω, Att. for κισσ-.

κίττος, *δ*, Att. for κισσ-.

κίχων [α], used only in pres. and impf. indic., in inf. κίχάνειν, and Med. κίχάνομαι: most of the other moods and tenses being formed as if from κίχημι;—Ep. subj. κίχέω, opt. κίχέην, inf. κίχηναι Ep. κίχήμεναι, part. κίχέως and Med. κίχήμενος: so impf. ἐκίχην, 2 sing. ἐκίχεις (as if from κίχέω); I pl. κίχηνεν, *ζ* dual κίχήτην: fut. κίχησομαι: aor. 2 ἐκίχον Ep. κίχον, part. κίχών: aor. I med. ἐκίχισάμην: Att. κίχάνω [α], *q*, *v*.:—to light upon, meet with, find: to arrive at.

κίχέειν, opt. of κίχάνω.

κίχέως, pres. part. of κίχημι, = κίχάνω.

κίχέομεν, Ep. for κίχόμεν, Ep. I pl. subj. of κίχημι.

κίχέλα, *ή*, Dor. for κίχλη.

κίχήμεναι, κίχήμενος, *v*, sub κίχάνω.

*κίχημι, *v*, sub κίχάνω.

κίχῆσομαι, fut. of κίχάνω.

κίχον, aor. 2 of κίχάνω.

ΚΙΨΣΑΗ, *ή*, a thrush or fieldfare, Lat. *turdus*.

κίχλιζω, *f*, *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to titter, giggle, formed like κίχλη from the sound. II. (κίχλη) to eat

κίχλη, to live daintily.

κίχλισδοντι, Dor. for κίχλιζουσι, *ζ* pl. of κίχλιζω.

κίχλισμός, *δ*, (κίχλιζω) a tittering, giggling. II. (κίχλη) dainty living.

κίχρημι, fut. χρήσω: aor. I ἐχρησα: (see χράω c. II):—to lend. II. Mod. κίχρημαι, fut. χρήσομαι:

aor. I ἐχρησάμην:—to have lent to one, to borrow.

*ΚΙΨ, *to go*, pres. not used in indicat.; subj. κίω,

Ep. I pl. κίομαι; opt. κίομαι, part. κίως, κίουσα: impf. ἐκίον Ep. κίον:—to go: of ships, to sail.

ΚΙΩΝ, *ovos*, *δ* and *ή*, a pillar, column. II. =

στήλη, a gravestone, Lat. *cippus*. [I]

κλαγγάνω, collat. form of κλάζω, of hounds, to give tongue: of birds, to scream, screech.

κλαγγέοντι, Dor. for κλαγγούσι, *ζ* pl. of

κλαγγέω, = κλάζω, of hounds, to give tongue.

κλαγγή, *ή*, (κλάζω) any sharp, quick sound, as the twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the hissing of serpents, the barking or baying of dogs: also the grunting of swine. Hence

κλαγγηδόν, Adv. with a clang, noise, din.

κλαγγερός, *ά*, *όν*, (κλάζω) screaming, screeching.

κλάγγας, aor. I part. of κλάζω.

κλαδάρος, *ά*, *όν*, (κλάω) broken, fragile, brittle.

κλάδος, irreg. acc. pl. of κλάδος.

κλαῖδας, Dor. for κλείδας, acc. pl. of κλείς.

κλαῖδι, Dor. for κλειδί, dat. of κλείς.

κλαῖδιον, τό, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλαῖδισκος, *δ*, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλάδος, *ov*, *δ*, (κλάω) a young slip or shoot of a tree:

a young branch or shoot, esp. an olive-branch, which was wound round with wool and presented by suppliants.

ΚΛΑΪΪΩ, *f*, κλάζω: aor. I ἐκλαγχα: Ep. aor. 2 ἐκλαγον, inf. κλαγεῖν: pf. with pres. sense κέκλαγχα and κέκλαγη, part. κεκληγώς, ότος, also κεκλήγων, οντος (as if from a new pres. κέκληγω):—Pass., paulo-p. fut. κεκλάγχομαι:—to make a sharp, quick sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clash, clang, rattle: of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay: of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, halloo, sbriek forth, cry out.

κλαῖεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλαίω.

κλαῖς, gen. κλαῖδος, *ή*, Dor. for κληῖς, κλείς, Lat. *clavis*

κλαῖστρον, Dor. for κλείστρον, κλείθρον.

ΚΛΑΪΪΩ Att. Κλάω [α]: *f*, κλαῖσομαι Dor. κλαυ-

σοῦμαι: also κλαίησθ Att. κλαῖησθ: aor. I ἐκλαυσα Ep. κλαῖσα:—Pass., paulo-p. fut. κεκλαῖσομαι: pf. κέκλαυμαι and κέκλαυσμα:—to weep, lament, wail:

hence Att. phrase, κλαῖσεται be shall weep, i. e. be shall repent it, have cause to rue it: so, κλαῖων at

your peril, to your sorrow; κλάειν σε λέγω, Lat. *plorare te jubeo*.

II. transit. to bewail, mourn, deplore:—Pass. to be mourned for or lamented; also κειλαμένους bathed in tears, weeping.

κλάξ, ἄκος, ἦ, Dor. for κλείς, a key.

κλάξω, Dor. fut. of κλείω, to shut.

κλάπῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κλάριος, ον, (κλᾶρος) apportioning by lot. [ᾶ]

κλᾶρος, κλᾶρόω, κλᾶρονομέω, Dor. for κληρ-.

κλάρε, Ep. for ἐκλάρε, 3 sing. aor. I of κλάω.

κλαῖσι-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἦ, (κλαῖω, βῶλαξ) clod-breaker.

κλάσις, εως, ἦ, (κλαῖω) a breaking. [ᾶ]

κλάσμα, ατος, τό, (κλαῖω) that which is broken off, a fragment, piece, morsel.

κλάσσει, κλάσσοτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I act. and med. of κλάω.

κλαστοῖζω, f. ἄσω, (κλαῖω) to prune a vine, Lat. *pampinare*: metaph. to bring down, bumle.

κλαστός, ἦ, ὄν, (κλαῖω) broken in pieces.

κλαῖω, Dor. for κλάσω, fut. of κλαῖω.

κλαυμός, ὁ, (κλαίω), a weeping, wailing. Hence

κλαυθυρίζω, f. σω, to make to weep. Hence

κλαυθυρισμός, ὁ, a crying like a child.

κλαῦμα, ατος, τό, (κλαίω) a weeping, wailing. II. a trouble, misfortune.

κλαῦσάρα, by crasis for κλαῦσει ἄρα. [σᾶ]

κλαῦσει, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κλαίω.

κλαυσία, (κλαῦσις) to wish to weep; τὸ θύριον φθεγγόμενον ἄλλως κλαυσίᾳ the door is like to weep, i. e. shall suffer, for creaking without cause.

κλαυσι-γέλας, ατος, and α, ὁ, (κλαίω, γέλας) smiles and tears. [ξ]

κλαυσι-μάχος, ον, (κλαίω, μάχη) parody on the name of *Lamachus, Rue-the-figh*.

κλαῦσομαι, fut. of κλαίω:—Dor. κλαυσοῦμαι.

κλαυστός or κλαυτός, ἦ, ὄν, (κλαίω) wept, bewailed: to be bewailed, mournful.

ΚΛΑΪΩ: f. κλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκλάσα Ep. κλάσα, κλάσσα: aor. 2 part. κλάς, as if from κλημ:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλάσθην: pf. κέκλασμαι:—to break, break off, break in pieces: of plants, to prune:—metaph. to weaken, enervate.

κλαῖω, Att. for κλαίω, as κᾶω for καίω. [ᾶ]

κλέα, Ep. shortd. form of κλέεα, plur. of κλέος.

κλεινός or κλεινός, ἦ, ὄν, poet. for κεινός, famous. κληιδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κλειά, contr. of κλέεα, nom. and acc. pl. of κλέος.

κλειδίον, τό, Dim. of κλείς, a little key.

κλειδουχέω Att. κληδ-, to hold the keys, have the charge or custody of; κλειδουχέιν θεῶς to be priestess of a goddess:—Pass. to be watched. From

κλειδ-οὔχος Att. κληδ-, ον, (κλείς, ἔχω) holding the keys, having charge or custody of: of a goddess, tutelary.

κλειδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἦ, (κλείς, φύλαξ) = foreg.

κλείζω, f. κλείζω Dor. for κληίζω.

κλείθρον Att. κληθρον Ion. κληθρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt or bar for closing a door.

κλεινός, ἦ, ὄν, (κλέος) famous, renowned, illustrious. κλείζαι, aor. I inf. of κλείζω, Dor. for κληίζω.

κλείς, ἦ, gen. κλειδός: acc. κλείδα Att. κλείν: pl. nom. κλειδές, acc. κλειδας contr. κλείς: Ion. κληίς, gen. κληίδος, acc. κληίδα: old Att. κληίς, gen. κληιδός, acc. κληίδα:—a thing to close the door with: 1.

a key, by which the bolt (ὄχυρός) was shot or unshot from the outside: if the door was fastened on the inside, there was a latch (ἰμάς) by which the bolt was made fast to the handle (κορώνη).

2. a bar or bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door. 3.

metaph. of silence, κληίς ἐπὶ γλώσσῃ a key on the tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down;

κληδὰς ἔχειν, like κληδουχέιν, to watch, have the charge of. II. the book or tongue of a clasp. III.

the collar-bone, Lat. *jugulum*; κληίς ἀποέργει ἀχένα τε στήθος τε locks the neck and breast together. IV.

a bench for rowers. V. a narrow strait or pass, such as we call the key of a country; mostly in pl., as

Κλείδες τῆς Κύπρου.

κλείς, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of κλείς, κλειδός.

κλειστός, old Att. κληστός, Ion. κληιστός, ἦ, ὄν, to be shut or closed.

κλειστρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt, bar, Lat. *claustrum*.

κλειτός, ἦ, ὄν, (κλείω B), renowned, famous: of things, splendid, excellent.

ΚΛΕΪΩ (A); f. κλείσω: aor. I ἐκλείσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλείσθην: pf. κέκλεισμαι and κέκλειμαι:—Ion. and Ep. pres. κληίω: f. κληίσω: aor. I ἐκλήισα Ep. κληίσα—old Att. κληώ, f. κληώ: aor. I ἐκληισα: pf. pass. κέκλημαι:—Dor. fut. κλαξῶ. Lat.

CLAUDO, to shut, shut up, close, keep fast: to confine:—Pass. to be shut up.

κλείω (B), poet. for κλέω, to celebrate.

Κλείω, οὖς, ἦ, (κλέος) *Clio, the Celebrator, the Muse of Epic Poetry and History*.

κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) a thing stolen: a theft. 2. a trick, device, stratagem.

κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and acc.; Ep. pl. κλέα, κλεία for κλέεα:—a rumour, report, common fame, news; σὸν κλέος news of thee:—a mere report, opp.

to certainty; ἤμεῖς δὲ κλέος οἶον ἀκούομεν, οὐδέ τι ἴδμεν we hear a rumour only, but know not anything. II. good report, fame, glory: also *repute*, whether good or bad:—in plur., κλέα ἀνδρῶν αἰδέιαι to sing the glorious deeds of heroes; κλέος ἀρέσθαι to win honour.

κλέπται, Dor. for κλέπτην, acc. of κλέπτης.

κλεπτήν, verb. Adj. of κλέπτω, one must withhold.

κλέπτεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλέπτω.

κλεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and κλεπτῆς, ου, ὁ, (κλέπτω) a thief: generally, a rogue, deceiver.

κλεπτίστατος, η, ον, Att. Sup. formed from κλείπτως the most arrant thief.

κλέπτον, v. κλέπτω.

κλεπτοσύνη, ἦ, *thievishness, knavery*. From

ΚΛΕΪΤΩ: f. ψω, or med. κλέψομαι: aor. I ἐκλεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλέφθην: aor. 2

ἐκλάπην [α], inf. κλαπῆναι: pf. ἐκέλεμμαι:—*to steal, filch, purloin*: of women, *to carry off*: part. κλέπταν, οὔσα, ον, *thievish*; κλέπτον βλέπει he has a *thief's* look.

II. *to cozen, cheat, beguile, deceive*: hence *to mislead*. III. *to withhold, conceal, keep secret, disguise*. IV. generally, *to do a thing stealthily or treacherously*: so c. part., κλέπτων ποιεῖ he does it *secretly*.

κλεψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κλέπτω, φρήν) of *deceptive mind, dissembling*.

κλεψί-χάλως, ον, (κλέπτω, χάλως) *disguising lame-ness*. [γ]

κλεψί-ῥα, ἡ, (κλέπτω, ῥα) a *water-clock*, with a narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instead of sand, as in our glasses);—used to time speeches in law-courts.

ΚΛΕΨΩ Ep. κλεῖω (κλέος) = κλήζω, *to tell of, celebrate, glorify, extol*:—Pass. *to be famous*. II. = καλέω, *to call*.

κλήδες, Att. for κλεῖδες, nom. pl. of κλής.

κλήδην, Adv. (καλέω) *by name*.

κληδόνισμα, ατος, τό, (κληδών) a *sign or omen*.

κληδ-οὔχος, κληδ-οὔχος, Att. for κλειδ-.

κληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Ep. κληδών and κληηδών: (κλέω): *an omen, presage, boding*. II. a *rumour, report*: reputation, glory.

III. a *calling, invocation*.

κλήζω (A), f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐκλήσα: pf. pass. ἐκέκρημαι:—Ion. pres. κληζῶ Dor. κλειζῶ: (κλέος):—*to make famous, to celebrate*. II. *to name, call*:—Pass. *to be spoken of, be mentioned*.

κλήζω (B), f. σα, late form for κλήω, κλείω, *to sbut*.

κληηδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κληθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΛΗΨΑΡΑ Ion. κλήρηρ, ἡ, *the alder*, Lat. *alnus*.

κληῖρον, τό, Att. for Ion. κλήϊθρον, = κλειθρον.

κληϊδεοσσι, Ep. for κληϊσι, dat. pl. of κληῖς.

κλήζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλήζω.

κλήϊθρον, τό, Ion. for κλήϊθρον, κλειθρον.

κληῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for κλεις.

κλήϊσα, Ep. aor. I of κληῖω, κλείω.

κληῖστός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for κληῖστός, κλειστός.

κλήϊω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλείω, *to sbut*.

κλήμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) a *shoot or twig broken off* to be grafted on another tree, a *slip, cutting*: esp. a *vine-twig*, Lat. *palme*. Hence

κλημάτινος, ἡ, ον, *made of vine-twigs*.

κλημαῖτις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλήμα: mostly in pl. *brushwood, fagot-wood*.

κληρίον, τό, Dim. of κλήρος, a *small portion*.

κληρονομία, f. ἴσω, (κληρονομός) *to obtain a portion or lot*: *to receive a share of an inheritance, to inherit*. Hence

κληρονόμημα, ατος, τό, *an inheritance*: and κληρονομία, ἡ, (κληρονομία) *an inheritance, patrimony*: generally, *possession, property*.

κληρο-νόμος, ον, (κλήρος, νέμομαι) *receiving one's portion*: as Subst., κληρόνομος, ὄ, *an inheritor, heir*.

κληρο-πάλῃς, ἐς, (κλήρος, πάλλω) *distributed by shaking the lots*.

κλήρος Dor. κλάρος, ου, ὄ, a *lot*: twigs, potsherd, or even a clod of earth was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot.

2. a *casting lots, drawing lots*.

II. *an allotment, portion*, often of conquered land: *an inheritance, estate, property*: generally, *lands*.

III. *the clergy*, as opp. to *the laity*.

κληρουεῖω, fut. ἴσω, (κληρούχος) *to possess or hold by allotment, to have allotted to one*. Hence

κληρουχία, ἡ, *the allotment or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the citizens of a state*.

2. *the body of citizens among whom it was divided*.—An Athenian κληρουχία differed from a colony (ἀποικία), in that the κληρούχοι were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

κληρουχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρουχία) *of or for a κληρουχία or apportionment of land*.

κληρ-οὔχος, ον, (κλήρος, ἔχω) *holding or possessed of an allotment of land*; esp. *of land in a foreign country portioned out among the citizens*: as Subst., κληρούχος, ὄ, a *portion-holder*.

2. *metaph.*, πολ-λῶν ἐτῶν κληρούχος *possessed of many years, i.e. advanced in years*.

κληρῶ, f. ὄσω, (κλήρος) *to choose by lot, and generally, to choose*: of the lot, *to fall on one, designate*:

—Pass. *to be chosen by lot*:—Med. *to cast lots for a thing, to have a thing allotted to one*. II. *to allot, assign, apportion*:—Pass., κληρούσθαι δούλη *to be allotted as a slave, to have slavery for one's lot*. Hence

κλήρωσις, εως, ἡ, a *choosing by lot*.

κληρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρῶ) *appointed by lot*.

κλής, κληδός, old Att. for κλεις, κλειδός.

κλήσις, εως, ἡ, (καλέω) a *calling*: a *calling into court, legal summons, citation*: hence *an indictment, impeachment*.

2. a *calling or invitation to a feast*.

3. a *name, appellation*.

κλήσις, εως, ἡ, (κλήω = κλείω) a *shutting up, closing, blockading*.

κλήσω, fut. of κλήω = κλείω:—also of κλήζω.

κλητεύω, f. σα, (καλέω, κλητός) *to cite or summon into court*.

II. *to be a witness, give evidence*.

κλητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (καλέω) *one who calls, a summoner*.

II. *a witness, called to prove that this legal summons has been served*.

κλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (καλέω) *called, invited*: *welcome*: *called out, chosen*.

κλήω, old Att. for κλείω, *to sbut*.

κλιβάνιτης, κλιβάνος, v. sub κριβαν-.

κλιθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of κλίνω.

κλίμα [γ], τό, (κλίνω) *an inclination, slope*. II. a *region or zone of the earth, clime*: *climate*.

κλιμάκιον, τό, Dim. of κλίμας, a *small stair or ladder, a flight of steps*.

κλιμακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ; (κλιμαξ) *the step of a staircase, round of a ladder.*

κλιμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning aslant: a scaling-ladder: a ship's ladder.*

II. *an instrument like a ladder, on which persons were tortured.*

III. in Soph. Trach., κλιμακες ἀμφιπλεκτοὶ seem to be twistings or grapplings of two bodies entangled with each other.

IV. in Rhetoric, a *climax*, a gradual ascent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, *abiit evasit erupit.*

κλίνας, Ep. for ἐκκλινας, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

κλίνη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier.* [Ἰ]

κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλίνω.

κλινήρης, ες, (κλίνη, ἀρᾶναι) *bed-ridden.*

κλινήρην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλινίδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλίνο-πετής, ἐς, (κλίνη, πεσεῖν) *bedridden.*

κλίνο-χαρής, ἐς, (κλίνω, χαρῆναι) *fond of bed.*

κλιτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch, bed, sofa.*

ΚΛΙΝΩ [Ἰ]: fut. κλινῶ: aor. I ἐκλίνα: pf. κέκλιχα:

—Med., aor. I ἐκκλινάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκκλινήην and ἐκκλίθην [Ἰ], aor. 2 ἐκκλήην [Ἰ]: pf. κέκλιμαι:—*to make slope or slant, incline.* 2. *to make one thing slope against another, prop or rest it against.*

3. *to turn aside; ὅσσε πάλιν κλίνειν to turn back the eyes.*

4. *to make recline or sit down, esp. at meat.*

II. Pass. *to be bent: to bend aside, suertere.* 2. *to lean, rest, support oneself against a thing.*

3. *to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. discumbere.*

4. of Places, *to be sloping; λίμνη κεκλιμένη sloping towards the lake.* 5. *to wander from the right course.*

III. Med. *to decline, verge: so later in Act., ὁ ἥλιος κλίνει the sun declines; κλίνειν ἐπὶ τὸ χεῖρον to fall away for the worse.*

κλισία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a place for lying down: a hut, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the κλισία, but burned them on the spot: the collected κλισίαί formed a camp.*

II. *a couch, bed.* III. *a company of people sitting at meals.*

κλισιάδες, ὠν, αἱ, (κλίνω) *folding-doors or gates: metaph. an entrance. Prob. better κλεισιάδες, from κλέω to shut.*

κλισίθηεν, Adv. (κλισία) *out of a cot or tent.*

κλισίθηδε, Adv. *to a cot or tent.*

κλισιον, τό, (κλισία) *the outbuildings round a herdsman's lodge.*

κλισις, εως, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a bending, inclination.* II. *a lying down, reclining.* [Ἰ]

κλισμός, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch or chair for reclining.*

κλίτος, τό, = κλίμα II, *a clime.* [Ἰ]

κλιτύς, ὄος, ἡ, acc. pl. κλιτύς: (κλίνω) *a sloping place, slope, bill-side, Lat. clivus.*

κλοιός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. κλοιά, as well as κλοιοί:

Att. κλωός: (κλείω):—*a dog-collar: esp. a large wooden collar: hence also a pillory.*

κλονέω, f. ἦσω, (κλίνω) *to drive in confusion, to confound, agitate, distract:—Pass. to flee in confusion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.*

ΚΛΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *any violent motion, esp. the press of battle, the battle-rout: generally, a tumult, throng.*

κλοπαῖος, α, ον, (κλώψ) *stolen: furtive, stealthy.*

κλοπεύς, εως, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief: a secret doer.*

κλοπή, ἡ, (κλέπτω) *theft.* II. *a stealthy act,*

fraud; ποδοῖν κλοπᾶν ἀρᾶσθαι to steal away on foot.

κλόπιος, α, ον, (κλοπή) *thievish, artful.*

κλοπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief.*

κλοτοπέω, *to deal subtly: a lengthd. form of κλέπτω, κλαπεύω.*

κλύδων, αως, ὁ, (κλύω) *a wave, billow, surge.* II.

metaph., κλύδων κακῶν a flood of ills. Hence

κλύδωνίζομαι, Pass. to be tossed by the waves.

κλύδώνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδων, a little wave, ripple:

but often like κλύδων, a wave: a surging sea.

ΚΛΥΤΩ: Ion. impf. κλύσσκον: fut. κλύσω [Ἰ]

Ep. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. I ἐκλύσθην: pf. κέκλυσαι:

—*to wash or dash against, break over:—Pass. of the sea, to be stormy, dash high: so intr. in Act., κύματα κλύσσκον ἐπ' ἰζήτους the waves dashed, broke against the shore.*

II. *to wash off or away: to wash out.* 2. *κισσύβιον κεκλυσμένον καρῶ to a wooden vessel washed or coated with wax.*

κλύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύμενος, η, ον, (κλύω) = κλυτός, *famous.* [Ἰ]

κλύσμα, τό, (κλύω) *a liquid used for washing out:*

a clyster or drench. II. *the part washed by the waves, the beach.*

κλυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλύω) *a clyster-pipe, syringe.*

κλύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλυτό-δενδρος, ον, (κλυτός, δένερον) *famed for trees.*

κλυτο-εργός, ὄν, (κλυτός, ἔργον) *famous for work.*

κλυτό-καρπος, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) *famous with fruit.*

κλυτό-μητις, ι, (κλυτός, μήτις) *famous for skill.*

κλυτό-μοχθος, ον, (κλυτός, μόχθος) *famous for toils.*

κλυτό-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ον, (κλυτός, νόος)

famous for wisdom.

κλυτό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλυτός, παῖς) *with famous children.*

κλυτό-πῶλος, ον, (κλυτός, πῶλος) *famous for horses.*

κλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (κλύω) *beard of, to be beard of, famous, glorious, renowned.* 2. of things,

glorious, noble, splendid, beautiful.

κλυτο-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, (κλυτός, τέχνη) *famous for art, renowned artist.*

κλυτό-τόξος, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) *famous for the bow,*

renowned archer.

ΚΛΥΤΩ: impf. or aor. 2 ἐκλυων, imperat. sing. and

pl. (as if from κλύμι), κλύθι, κλύτε, Ep. redupl. κέ-

κλύθι, κέκλυτε:—*to bear, to give ear to, listen to,*

hearken to: but also c. gen. to obey. 3. *to bear,*

learn by bearing, ascertain. 4. *generally, to per-*

ceive. II. to bear oneself called, be called so and so, like ἀκούω, Lat. *audio*; κακῶς κλέειν to be ill spoken of.

ΚΛΩΒΟΣ, ὁ, a cage, bird-cage.

κλωγμός, ὁ, (κλώω) the whistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse.

ΚΛΩΖΩ, f. κλώω, to croak, have a hoarse note, properly of jackdaws.

ΚΛΩΨΩ, fut. κλώσω, to twist, spin, esp. of the goddesses of fate. Hence

Κλωθώ, οὐς, ἡ, Lat. *Klotho*, one of the three Μοῖραι or Fates, who span the thread of life.

κλωμακίους, εσσα, εν, stony, rocky, rugged. From ΚΛΩΜΑΣ or κρωμαξ, ἄκος, os, a heap of stones.

κλών, γεν, κλωνός, ὁ, (κλάω) = κλάδος, a young shoot, sprout, twig, Lat. *virgulus*.

κλωνίον, Dimi. of κλών.

κλωός, Att. for κλωιός.

κλωπέω, f. σω, = κλοπέω, to steal.

κλωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώψ) thievish, furtive.

κλωπο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλώψ, πατήρ) of a thievish or unknown father. [ᾶ]

κλωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλώω) a thread, yarn, line.

κλωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώω) spun, twisted.

κλώψ, κλωπός, ὁ, (κλέπω) a thief, Lat. *fur*.

κνάω, = Att. κνάω, like καίω for Att. κάω, etc.

κνάκων, ονος, ὁ, Dor. for κνήκων, the goat: see κνηκός.

κνάμα, Dor. for κνήμη.

κνάμιος, Dor. for κνημός.

κνάμπτω, old Att. for γνάμπτω.

κνάπτω or γνάπτω: f. ψω: (κνάω) to scratch: esp. to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth, from the teasel or comb (κνάφος) which was used. II. metaph. to mangle, tear, lacerate.

κνάσαιο, 2 sing. aor. I opt. med. of κνάω.

κνάσαι, Dor. for κνήσαι, κνήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of κνάω.

κνάφειον Ion. -ήτιον, τό, (κνάπτω) a fuller's shop.

κνάφεις or γναφείς, εως, ὁ, Lat. *fullo*, a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, clothes-cleaner.

κνάφέω, f. σω, (κναφείς) to full or card cloth.

κνάφήτιον, Ion. for κναφείον.

κνάφος, ὁ, (κνάω) the prickly teasel, Lat. *spina fulonica*, a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also a carding-comb; also used as an instrument of torture.

ΚΝΑΨΩ, Att. 2 and 3 sing. κνήσ, κνή, inf. κνήν; impf. 3 sing. ἔκνη Ep. κνή (used in the sense of aor. 2): fut. κνήσο: aor. I ἔκνησα:—to scrape or grate, Lat. *radere*: to scrape off: metaph. to wear down, scrape away:—Med., κνάσθαι τὰ ὕατα to tickle one's ears.

κνεφάζω, f. ἄσω, (κνέφας) to cloud over.

κνεφαίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κνέφας) dark, gloomy, murky. 2. in the dark, either at nightfall or before morning daybreak.

κνέφας, τό, Att. gen. κνέφους; dat. κνέφα ποῖτ. κνέφει: (νέφος) darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or dawn, Lat. *diluculum*.

κνή, Ep. for ἔκνη, 3 sing. impf. of κνάω.

κνήθω, f. κνήσθω, (κνάω) to scratch.

II. to tickle:—Pass. to itch.

κνηκίας, ου, ὁ, v. sub κνηκός.

ΚΝΗΚΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *cnēcus* or *cnīcus*, a plant of the *ibistis* kind.

κνηκός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. κνάκός, ἄ, ὄν, (κνήκος) pale yellow, whitish yellow, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων, and the wolf ὁ κνηκίας.

κνήμ-αργος, ον, (κνήμη, ἀργός) white-legged.

ΚΝΗΜΗ, ἡ, the part of the leg between the knee and ankle, the leg, Lat. *tibia*.

κνημιδο-φόρος, ον, (κνήμις, φέρω) wearing greaves to protect the leg.

κνήμις, ἴδος, ἡ, (κνήμη) a greave, leg-armour, reaching from knee to ankle; the κνημιδες consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφίρια); but βόρεια κνημιδες are boots or leggings of ox-hide, to protect the legs.

κνημός, ὁ, (κνήμη) the slope or shoulder of a mountain; as it were the leg, opp. to πούς (the foot).

κνησιάω, f. ἄσω, Desiderat. of κνάω, to wish to scratch, to itch.

κνήσιμα, τό, (κνάω) an itching.

κνησιμονή, ἡ, = κνήσιμα.

κνήστις, εως and ιος, ἡ; contr. dat. κνήστῃ: (κνάω) a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater.

κνίδη, ἡ, (κνίω) a nettle, Lat. *urtica*. [Γ]

Κνίδιος, α, ον, *Cnidian*, of or from *Cnidos*. From Κνίδος, ἡ, *Cnidus*.

κνίη, ης, ἡ, = κνίδη. From

κνίω: f. κνίσω: aor. I ἔκνισα Dor. ἔκνισα:—Pass., aor. I ἔκνισθην: (κνάω):—to scrape or grate, rasp.

II. to make to itch: hence metaph. to nettle, tease, chafe, vex:—Pass. to be teased, chafed, fretted.

κνιπός, ὄν, (κνίω) scraping, niggardly, miserly.

ΚΝΙΨΑ Ep. κνίσθη, ης, ἡ, Lat. *nidor*, the smell or savour of a victim, steam of a burnt sacrifice.

II. the fat-caul, in which the flesh of the victim was wrapped: the fat itself. Hence κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for κνισήεις.

κνισάντι, Dor. for κνισάεντι, dat. of κνισάεις.

κνισάω, f. ἦσω, (κνίω) to fill with the steam or savour of a burnt sacrifice.

II. intr. to raise the steam of sacrifice.

κνισδω, Dor. for κνίω.

κνισήεις Dor. κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, (κνίω) full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming.

κνίσμα, τό, (κνίω) that which is caused by itching: a scratch, scraping.

κνιμός, ὁ, (κνίω) an itching of the skin, tickling, irritation, fretting.

κνισο-διώκτης, ου, ὁ, (κνίω, διώκω) hunting after the smell of roast meat, name of a mouse.

κνίσσα, κνισάεις, less correct forms for κνίω, κνισάεις, etc.

κνισωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κνισώω) steaming with burnt sacrifice.

κνήψ, ὁ, also ἦ, gen. κνήπης, pl. κνήπες, (κνήζω) a kind of *emmet*, which gnaws figs.

κνήζα, contr. for κνόζα.

κνήζομαι and -έομαι, Dep. only used in pres., to *wbine*, *wbimper*, of a dog; also of children. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

κνήζηθμός, ὁ, a *wbining*, *wbimpering*.

κνήζημα, τό, = κνήζηθμός.

κνήζω, f. ὤσω, to *disfigure*, *make dim and dark*.

κνήω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: (κνάω) to *scrateb* or *touch* gently.

κνώδαλον, τό, any *dangerous animal*, a *monster*, *beast*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κνώδων, οντος, ὁ, (ὀδοῦς) a *sword*: pl. κνώδοντες, two *projecting teeth* on the blade of a hunting spear; ξίφος διπλοῖ κνώδοντες a *cross-hilted sword*.

ΚΝΟΨΞΩ, only used in pres. to *nod*, *slumber*, *sleep*.

κόαλεμος, ὁ, a *stupid fellow*, *booby*. [α]

κοάξ, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs *breκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ*.

κοάω, v. κοάω.

κοβαλίκευμα, τό, a *knavisb trick*. From

κοβαλίκευω, to *play the knave*. From

κόβαλος, ὁ, an *impudent rogue*, an *arrant knave*: neut. Adj. κόβαλα, *knavisb tricks*, *rogueries*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΗΧΗ, ἡ, a *muscle* or *cockle*, Lat. *concha*: also a *muscle-shell*. II. *the case round a seal* attached to documents: (hence ἀνακογχυλιάω), to *unseal*).

κόγχος, ὁ, also ἦ, = κόγχη, a *muscle* or *cockle*.

κογχύλη, ἡ, = κόγχη. [ῥ] Hence

κογχυλιάτης (sub. λίθος), ον, ὁ, a *shelly marble*. [α]

κογχύλιον, τό, (κογχύλη) a *muscle* or *cockle*: also its *shell*, generally, a *bivalve-shell*. [ῥ]

κοδράντης, ον, ὁ, Greek form of the Lat. *quadrans*, = $\frac{1}{4}$ of an *as*, about $\frac{1}{2}$ d. English.

ΚΟΕΨ or κοάω contr. κοῶ, Ion. for νοέω, νοῶ, to *mark*, *perceive*, *bear*, *observe*.

κόθειν, Ion. for ποθειν.

κόθορνος, ὁ, Lat. *coturnus*, a *buskin* or *high boot*, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles. 2.

the *κόθορνος* was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the *soccus* of Comedy. 3. since the buskins might be worn on either foot, ὁ *Κόθορνος* was a nickname for a *trimmer* or *time-server* in politics.

κόθουρος, ον, = κούουρος, *without a sting*.

ΚΟΨ, sound to express the *grunting* of young pigs. κοΨω. f. ἴσω, (κοί) to *grunt* like a young pig.

κοίη, Ion. for ποία, dat. sing. of ποῖος, Ion. κοῖος, used as Adv. *how?* *in what manner?* *in what respect?*

κοιλαινω, fut. ἀνώ: aor. I ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοιλῆναι, Att. ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοιλῆναι: pf. pass. κεκοίλασμα: (κοῖλος) —to *make hollow*, *scoop*, *hollow out*.

κοίλη, ἡ, a *hollow*, properly fem. of κοῖλος; the name of a *δημος* or borough in Attica.

κοιλία Ion. -τη, ἡ, (κοῖλος) *the hollow of the belly*,

the belly, Lat. *venter*.

2. *the contents of the belly*,

the bowels: *τριπε*: *black-puddings*.

κοιλιο-πάλης, ον, ὁ, (κοιλία, παλέω) a *trippe* or *black-pudding seller*.

κοιλο-γάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, γαστήρ) *hollow-bellied*: hence *hungry*, *ravenous*.

κολό-πεδος, ον, (κοῖλος, πέδον) *lying in a hollow*.

ΚΟΙΛΟΣ, η, ον, *hollow*, *hollowed*; κοῖλαι νῆες, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, κοίλη ναῦς or κοίλη alone was the *hollow* or *bold* of the ship: of Places, *lying in a hollow* or *vale*: of a road, *cut deep*, *overhung*: κοῖλον, τό, a *hollow place*, *hollow*, *recess*; κοῖλος χρυσός *gold made into hollow vessels*, i. e. plate.

κοιλ-όφθαλμος, ον, (κοῖλος, ὀφθαλμός) *hollow-eyed*.

κοιλο-χείλης, es, (κοῖλος, χεῖλος) *hollow* to the rim.

κολόω, f. ὤσω, (κοῖλος) to *make hollow*.

κοιλ-ώδης, es, (κοῖλος, εἶδος) *hollow-looking*.

κοίλωμα, ματος, τό, (κοιλώω) a *hollow*.

κοιλ-ώνυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, ὄνυξ) *hollow-hoofed*.

κοιλ-ώπης, ον, ὁ, fem. κοιλώπις, ἰδος, = κοιλωπός.

κοιλ-ωπός, ὄν, (κοῖλος, ὤψ) *hollow-looking*.

κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμάω Ion. -έω, fut. ἴσω, (κείμαι) to *lull* to sleep, *put to sleep*, *put to bed*. 2. generally, to *lull*, *still*, *calm*, *tranquillise*, *soothe*, *assuage*. II. Med. and Pass., fut. κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμήσομαι, pass. ἐκοιμήθην: —to *fall asleep*, *go to bed*: of animals, to *lie down*; κοιμήσατο χάλκεον ὕπνον *he slept* a brassen sleep, i. e. the sleep of death. 2. to *sleep the sleep of death*, *be fallen asleep*.

κοιμέω, Ion. for κοιμάω.

κοιμηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμημα, τό, (κοιμάω) *sleep*; κοιμηματα αὐτογέννητα *intercourse* of the mother with her own son.

κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήσις, εως, ἡ, (κοιμάω) a *sleeping*: also 2.

rest, *repose*.

κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = κοιμάω, to *put to sleep*: —to *lay asleep*, of the sleep of death. 2. generally, to *lay to rest*, to *quench*; to *appease*, *assuage*. Hence

κοιμιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one *putting to sleep*.

κοινάν, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for κοινάν, κοινανός.

κοινανέω, Dor. for κοινανέω.

κοινάσσομαι, Dor. for κοινώσσομαι, fut. of κοινάω.

κοινάσαντες, Dor. for κοινώσαντες, aor. I part. of κοινάω.

κοινῆ, dat. fem. of κοινός used as Adv., *in common*, *by common consent*. 2. *publicly*.

κοινο-βουλήω, (κοινός, βουλή) to *deliberate in common*.

κοινο-βωμία, ἡ, (κοινός, βωμός) *community* of altars, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar.

κοινό-λεκτρος, ον, (κοινός, λέκτρον) *having a common bed*, a *bedfellow*, *consort*.

κοινο-λεχής, ἐς, (κοινός, λέχος) *sharing the same bed*, a *paramour*.

κοινο-λογέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. I

med. ἐκονοιολογησάμην and pass. -ήθην: πρ. κεκονοιολόγημαι: (κοινός, λόγος):—to take common counsel with, to consult together.

κοινό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (κοινός, πλέω) sailing in common: making a joint expedition.

κοινό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (κοινός, πούς) with common foot, coming together.

ΚΟΙΝΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄσ, ὄν, common, shared in common.

II. common to all the people, public; τὸ κοινὸν ἀγαθὸν the common weal. 2. τὸ κοινὸν the state, Lat. *respublica*; ἀπὸ τοῦ κοινού by public authority, on the part of the state: also the public treasury;—τὰ κοινὰ the public moneys, public affairs.

III. of persons, impartial, affable, accessible. 2. of common origin, kindred. IV. of forbidden meats, common, profane. Hence

κοινότης, ἡτος, ἡ, a sharing in common, fellowship. II. affability.

κοινό-τοκος, ον, (κοινός, τεκεῖν) born of common parents.

κοινο-φίλης, ἐς, (κοινός, φιλέω) loving in common.

κοινό-φρων, ον, gen. φρον, (κοινός, φρήν) like-minded.

κοινόψ, ὁ, ἡ, ὄσ, Dor. fut. κοινάσομαι, aor. ἰ ἐκείνωσα: (κοινός):—to make common, communicate, impart: to make a sharer in. 2. to make common or unclean, to pollute: Med. to deem common or unclean. II. Med. to communicate, like the Act. 2. take counsel, consult. 3. to be partaker or sharer in a thing, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, to take part or share in.

III. Pass. to hold communion, have intercourse with.

κοινῶν, ὄνος, Dor. κοινῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, = κοινῶνός.

κοινωνέω, ἡ, ὄσ, (κοινωνός) to be a partaker, have a share of, to take part in; κοινωνεῖν τινι to have dealings with a man. Hence

κοινωνήμα, ματος, τό, a communication: and κοινωνία, ἡ, communion, fellowship, intercourse.

κοινωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, communicative, social. From

κοινωνός, ὁ, also ἡ, (κοινός) a companion, partner, fellow, associate. II. as Adj. = κοινός.

κοινῶς, Adv. of κοινός, in common, jointly: by common consent. 2. publicly.

κοῖος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for ποῖος, α, ον.

κοιρανέω, ἡ, ὄσ, (κοίρανος) to be lord or master, to rule, command. 2. c. acc. to lead, arrange. Hence

κοιρανία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, lordship, rule.

κοιρανίδης, ον, ὁ, = κοίρανος.

ΚΟΙΡΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, a ruler, leader, commander, either in war or peace: generally, a lord, master.

Κοισυρόμαι, Pass. (Κοισύρα) to live like Coesura

(wife of Alcamaeon), i. e. live a gay, fashionable life.

κοιτάζω, (κοίτη) to put to bed: Med., with Dor. aor. ἰ κοιταζάμην, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταῖος, α, ον, (κοίτη) lying in bed, abed, asleep. 2. as Subst., τὸ κοιταῖον the lair of a wild beast.

κοίτη, ἡ, (κεῖμαι) a place to lie down in, bed, couch: the marriage-bed; κοίτην ἔχειν to be pregnant;

κοῖται in pl. lewdness. 2. of animals, a lair, den,

nest. II. sleep, the act of going to bed; τῆς κοίτης ὥρη bed-time.

κοῖτος, ὁ, = κοίτη. 2. a going to bed: sleeping, sleep. Hence

κοιτών, ἄνος, ὁ, = (κοίτη) a bed-room, bed-chamber.

κόκκινος, ἡ, ον, scarlet, Lat. *coccineus*. From

ΚΟΚΚΟΣ, ἡ, a kernel, a berry: esp. the kermes-berry used to dye scarlet.

κόκκι, properly of the bird's cry, *cuckoo*: hence a cry or call to a person; κόκικυ, μεθεῖτε, quick, let go.

κοκκίζω Dor. κοκκίσδω: ἡ, ὄσ, pf. κεκόκικα; (κόκικε):—to cry cuckoo: of the cock, to crow. II. to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry.

κόκικε, ὄγος, ὁ, (κόκικυ) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκίσδω, Dor. for κοκκίζω.

κόκικον, ὄνος, ὁ, (κόκικος) a pomegranate-seed.

κοκῦαι, οἱ, ancestors. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολᾶ, 2 sing. fut. med. of κολάζω.

κολάζω ἡ, κολάσω: aor. ἰ ἐκόλασα: also in Med., fut. κολάσομαι, Att. contr. κολᾶμαι, κολᾶ: aor. ἰ ἐκόλασάμην:—Pass., fut. κολασθήσομαι: aor. ἰ ἐκόλασθην: pf. κεκόλασμαι: (κόλος, akin to κολούω):—to prune, retrench: metaph. to hold in check, keep in, confine: then to chastise, correct, punish:—Pass. to be punished.

Κολαινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and meaning uncertain.)

κολᾶκεία, ἡ, (κολακεύω) flattery, fawning.

κολᾶκευμα, τό, (κολακεῖω) a piece of flattery. [ᾶ]

κολᾶκτεός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κολακεύω, to be flattered.

κολᾶκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κολακεύω) flattering, fawning.

κολᾶκῆς, ἡ, σω, (κόλαξ) to flatter, fawn on:—Pass. to be flattered.

Κολᾶκ-ὄνυμος, ὁ, (κόλαξ, ὄνομα) parasite-named, Comic distortion of a real name Kleonymos.

ΚΟΨΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner.

κολαπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a chisel, graver. From

ΚΟΛΑΠΤΩ, ἡ, ψω, to hew, cut, chisel: of birds to peck.

κολᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (κολάζω) a pruning: a checking, punishing, correction, chastening.

κολᾶσμα, τό, (κολάζω) chastisement, punishment.

κολᾶστειρα, ἡ, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολαστήριος, ον, (κολαστήρ) fit for punishing. II. as Subst., κολαστήριον, τό, a prison. 2. a punishment, punishing.

κολαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = κολαστής.

κολαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κολάζω) a chastiser, punisher.

κολᾶστρια, ἡ, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολᾶφιζω, ἡ, ὄσ, Att. ἰῶ, (κόλαφος) to give one a box on the ear, buffet, cuff.

κολᾶφος, ὁ, (κόλαπτα) a box on the ear, cuff.

κολέον Ion. κολουέον, τό, = κολέος, a sheath.

κολέος, ὁ, or κολουέον, τό, κολουέον, τό, (κοῖλος) a sheath or scabbard of a sword.

κολετράω, ἡ, ὄσ, to trample on.

κόλλα Ion. κόλλη, ἡς, ἡ, glue, Lat. *gluten*.

κόλλαβος, ὁ, = κόλλωψ. II. a kind of *wheaten cake*, named from its shape.

κολλῶω, f. ἴσω, (κόλλα) *to glue, cement.* 2. *to inlay; to weld.* II. *to join together, unite:—* Pass. *to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to.*
κολλῆεις, εσσα, εν, (κόλλα) *glued together, close-joined.*

κόλλησις, εως, ἡ, (κολλῶω) *a gluing, cementing; κολλησις σιδήρου a welding of iron.*

κολλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κολλῶω) *glued together, cemented, closely joined, well-fastened.*

κολλικο-φάγος, ον, (κόλλιξ, φάγειν) *roll-eating.*

ΚΟ'ΛΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ὁ, *a long roll of coarse bread.*

ΚΟ'ΛΛΟΥΨ, ὄπος, ὁ, *the peg or screw of a lyre, by which the strings are tightened: metaph., κόλλουπα ὄργης ἀνεῖναι to unscrew your passion.*

κολληβιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κόλλυβος) *a money-changer.*

ΚΟ'ΛΛΥΒΟΣ, ὁ, *a small coin.* 2. in plur., κόλλυβα, τά, *small round cakes.* [ῥ]

κολλύρα, ἡ, = κόλλιξ. [ῥ]

κολλύριον, τό, Dim. of κολλύρα, *eye-salve, Lat. collyrium*, so called because it was made up in *small cakes.* [ῥ]

κολοβός, ὄν, (κόλος) *docked, curtal, Lat. curtus: of animals, short-borned: also maimed, mutilated.* Hence κολοβός, f. ἴσω, *to dock, curtail, shorten*
κολοι-ἄρχος, οὔ, ὁ, (κολοιός, ἀρχω) *a leader of jackdaws, a jackdaw-general.*

κολοιάω, f. ἴσω, (κολοιός) *to scream like a jackdaw.*

κοιός, ὁ, *a jackdaw, Lat. graculus: proverb., κοιοὶς ποτὶ κολοῖν = 'birds of a feather flock together.'*

κολοκάσια, ἡ, or κολοκάσιον, τό, *the colocasia or Egyptian bean, a plant resembling the water-lily, found in the marshy parts of Egypt.*

κολό-κύμα, τό, (κόλος, κύμα) *a large heavy wave before it breaks, the heavy swell before a storm.*

κολοκύνθη or -κύνθη, ἡ, ἡ, *the round gourd or pumpkin, Lat. cucurbita.* Hence

κολοκυνθιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, *food prepared from pumpkins.*

κολοκύνθινος, ἡ, ον, *made from pumpkins.*

κόλον, τό, *the colon or lower part of the bowels.* From ΚΟ'ΛΟΣ, ον, *docked, curtailed, stunted, Lat. curtus;*

κόλον δόρυ *a spear broken short off: esp. of oxen, etc., hornless, short-borned.*

κολοσσός, ὁ, *a colossus, gigantic statue; also simply a statue.* The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorcetes.

κολοσσυρτός, ὁ, *a rabble or noisy crowd: uproar.*

κολούω, f. σω: aor. I ἐκόλουσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκολούσθην and -ούσθην: pf. κεκόλουμαι and -ουσαι: (κόλος)—*to dock, clip, curtail, cut short, abridge: metaph., ἔπος μεσηγνὴν κολοῦεν to cut short a word in the middle, Lat. praecidere, i.e. leave it unfinished; δῶρα κολοῦεν to abridge, limit gifts: also 2. like κολλάω, to check, restrain, put down.*
κολοφών, ἄνω, ὁ, *a top, finishing, end.*

κολπίας, οὔ, ὁ, (κόλπος) *swelling in folds.*

ΚΟ'ΔΙΠΟΣ, ὁ, *the bosom, lap: later also the mother's womb.* II. *the lap or fold formed by a loose garment, sometimes used for a pocket.*

III. *any lap or hollow; θαλάσσης κόλπον ὑποδύναι to go under the lap of ocean, i.e. the deep hollow between two waves.* 2. *a bay or creek of the sea.—*It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. *sinus.* Hence

κολπόω, f. ἴσω, *to form into a lap or fold: to make sail belly or swell.*

κόλπ-ᾠδης, ες, (κόλπος, εἶδος) *embosomed, embayed.*

ΚΟΛΥΜΒΑ'Ω, f. ἴσω, *to dive: to swim.* Hence κολυμβηθῶ, ἡ, *a place for diving, a swimming-bath: and*

κολυμβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and κολυμβητής, οὔ, ὁ, (κολυμβάω) *a diver, swimmer.*

κολυμβίς, ἰδως, ἡ, (κολυμβάω) *a sea-bird, a diver.*

κόλυμβος, ὁ, (κολυμβάω) *a diver, swimmer.* II. = κολύμβησις.

Κόλχος, ὁ, *a Colchian:—*hence Adj. Κολχικός, ἡ, ὄν, *Colchian; pecul. fem. Κολχίς, ἰδος.*

κολφάω Ion. -έω, f. ἴσω, (κολφός) *to brawl, scold.*

κόλωμενος, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of κολάζω.

ΚΟΛΩ'ΝΗ, ἡ, *a bill, mound: esp. a sepulchral mound, barrow, cairn, Lat. tumulus.*

κολωνία, ἡ, the Lat. *colonia, a colony.*

κολωνός, ὁ, (κόλανη) *a hill; κολωνός λίθων a heap of stones.* II. *Colonos, a demos of Attica lying on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneus of Sophocles.*

κολωφός, οὔ, ὁ, (κολοιός) *a brawling, wrangling.*

ΚΟ'ΜΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, and ἡ, *the strawberry-tree, arbutus.*

κομᾶρο-φάγος, ον, (κόμαρος, φάγειν) *eating the fruit of the arbutus.*

κομάω Ion. -έω, Ep. part. κομόων: fut. ἴσω: aor. I ἐκόμησα: (κόμη)—*to let the hair grow long, wear long hair: as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to plume oneself, to be proud, haughty, arrogant; οὗτος ἐκόμησε ἐπὶ τυραννίδι be aimed at the monarchy.*

Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence κάρη κομόωντες Ἄχαιοί in Homer. At Sparta the citizens continued to wear long hair; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year.

II. of horses, *to be decked with manes.* III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., *to have leaves or foliage.*

κομέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κομέω.

ΚΟΜΕ'Ω, f. ἴσω, *to take care of, attend to, tend.*

ΚΟΜῆ, Ion. for κομάω.

ΚΟΜῆ, ἡ, *the hair, Lat. coma; κείρασθαι κόμην to have one's hair cut close in sign of mourning.*

II. metaph. like *coma, the foliage; leaves, of trees.*

Κομητ-ἄμνις, οὔ, ὁ, (κομήτης, Ἄμνις) Κοκκομ-Ἀμνις.

κομήτης, οὔ, ὁ, (κομάω) *long-haired; ἰδς κομήτης a feathered arrow.* 2. *leafy, grassy.* II. *a comet.*

κομιδή, ἡ, (κομίζω) *attendance, attention, care: also*

the management, care of a garden. II. a bringing or carrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. *commissus frumenti*, a gathering in of harvest:—also provisions, stores.

2. (from Med. κομίζομαι) a carrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery. 3. (from Pass. κομίζομαι) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

κομιδῆ, dat. of κομιδή used as Adv., with care, carefully, exactly: wholly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, κομιδῆ μὲν οὖν very much so indeed, just so, ay and more than that.

κομιεύμεθα, Dor. for κομούμεθα, I pl. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω.

κομίζω: f. ἰσω Att. ἰω: aor. I ἐκόμισα Ep. ἐκόμισσα and κόμισσα:—Med., Att. fut. κομιτούμαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκομισάμην and κομισάμην:—Pass., f. κομισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκομίσην: pf. κεκόμισμαι: (κομῆν):—to take care of, provide for, supply:—Med. to receive hospitably. 2. of things, to take care of, take heed to, mind: τὰ σ' αὐτῆς ἔργα κόμιζε mind thine own affairs.

II. to carry away, in order to save; νεκρὸν κομίζεις to carry away a corpse:—Med. to carry with one, rescue, save, cf. ἐρύσομαι; κόμισαί με convey me away, rescue me. 2. to carry off or away, bear off:—Med. to carry off as a prize: also to get, gain, receive. 3. to bring to a place: to gather in corn: to introduce, import. 4. to conduct, escort. 5. to fetch back, redeem:—Med. to get back, recover.

III. Pass. to be carried, to convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake oneself. 2. to come back, return.

κομιδομαι, Att. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω.
κομισαο, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of κομίζω.
κόμισσα and κόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω.
κομιστέος, a, on, verb. Adj. of κομίζω, to be taken care of, to be gathered in.

κομιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = κομιστής.
κομιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κομίζω) one who takes care of, a protector, guardian. II. a bringer, conductor.
κόμιστρα, τὰ, (κομίζω) rewards or payment for saving.

κομῶ, Att. contr. fut. of κομίζω.
κόμμα, τό, (κόπτω) that which is struck or cut, the stamp or impression of a coin: proverb., πονηροῦ κόμματος of bad stamp. 2. generally, coin. II.

a short clause in a sentence, Lat. *comma*. Hence κομματικός, ἡ, ὄν, framed in short clauses.
ΚΟΜΜΙ, τό, gum, Lat. *gummi*; indecl.
κομῆός, οὔ, ὁ, (κόπτω) a striking: esp. like Lat. *planctus*, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge. II. in the Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the chorus, mostly a mournful dirge.

κομῶντε, κομῶντες, Ep. part. dual and pl. of κομῶ.

κομῶντι, Dor. for κομῶσι, 3 pl. of κομῶ.
κομπάζω, f. ἄσω, (κόμπος) to vaunt, boast, brag: c. acc., κομπάζειν λόγον to speak big words; κομπάζειν

τέχνην to boast one's art:—Pass. to be made a boast, be renowned.

Κομπασεύς, ὁ, Comic word, one of the borough Κόμπος, a Braggman.

κόμπασμα, τό, (κομπάζω) a boast: in pl. boasts, vaunts, braggart words.

κομπέω, f. ἦσω, (κόμπος) to ring, clasp, rattle. II. metaph. to utter high-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:—Pass. to be boasted of.

κομπο-λακείω, f. ἦσω, (κόμπος, λακείω) to talk big, be an empty braggart. Hence

κομπολακίκτης, ου, ὁ, braggart, boaster. [ῥ]

ΚΟΜΠΙΟΣ, ὁ, a noise, din, clasp, as of a boar's tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of metal. II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, vaunt.

κομπός, ὁ, (κομπέω) a boaster.
κομπο-φάκελορ-ρήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κόμπος, φάκελος, ῥήμα) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

κομπ-ώδης, ες, (κόμπος, εἶδος) boastful.
κομφεία, ἡ, (κομφεύω) elegance, refinement: affectation.

κομφ-ευριπικῶς, Adv. (κομφύς, Εὐριπίδης) with the prettiness or affectation of Euripides.

κομφεύω, f. σω, (κομφύς) to make elegant, refine; κόμφειω τὴν δόξαν refine on your suspicion, like Lat. *argutari*:—Med. to refine overmuch:—Pass. to play the exquisite.

κομψο-πρεπής, ἐς, (κομψός, πρέπω) dainty-seeming.

κομψός, ἡ, ὄν, (κομῶ) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. *compus*: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. *bellus homo*. 2. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected. Hence

κομψῶς, Adv. prettily, exquisitely: Comp., κομψοτέρας ἔχειν to be better in health.

κονάβέω, f. ἦσω, (κονάβος) to resound, clasp, ring: to re-echo. Hence

κονάβηδόν, Adv. with a clasp, ringing.
κονάβις, f. ἰσω, = κονάβέω.

ΚΟΝΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a clashing, ringing.
ΚΟΝΑΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles.

κονέω, f. ἦσω, (κόνις) to raise dust, to hasten.

κονία Ion. and Ep. κονίη, ἡ, (κόνις) dust, a cloud of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; ποδῶν ὑπὲρθε κονίη ἴσταρ' ἀειρομένη from beneath their feet the dust stood rising:—freq. in plur. *κονία*, in collective sense, like Lat. *arenae*: πίπτει ἐν κονίῃσι, to fall in the dust. 2. dust or sand. II. cinders or ashes, also in plur., like Lat. *cineres*. III. a fine powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the opponent. [τ' in Homer; in Att. mostly τ']

κονιάτος, ἡ, ὄν, plastered, whitewashed. From κονιάω, pf. pass. κεκονιάμαι: (κονίω):—to plaster with lime, to plaster, Lat. *dealbare*; τάφοι κεκονιαμένοι plastered, whitened sepulchres.

κονίζω, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong forms ἐκόνισσα, κεκόνισμαι; see κονία.

κονι-ορτός, ὁ, (κόνις, ὄρνυμι) *stirred up, a cloud of dust; κονιορτός ὕλης κεκαυμένης a cloud of wood-ashes.*

II. metaph. a dirty fellow.

κόνιος, α, ον, (κόνις) *dusty.*

ΚΟΝΙΟΣ, ἰος Ἄτ. εως, ἡ: dat. κόνι for κόνυι: = κονία, dust.

II. *the dust of ashes, ashes.*

III.

the powder with which wrestlers were sprinkled after being oiled, cf. κονία: metaph. of toil. [ἴ]

κονισᾶλος [ἴ], ὁ, (κόνις) *dust, a cloud of dust.*

κονίω: fut. ἴσω [ἴ]: aor. I ἐκόνισα:—Pass., pf. κεκόνισμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. κεκόνιστο: (κόνις):—to make dusty, cover, fill with dust:—Pass., κεκονιμένος *all covered with dust, i. e. in the greatest haste: so in Med., κόνισαι λαβῶν make baste and take.*

2. to sprinkle or cover as with dust, *strew over.* II. intr. to raise dust, make baste, speed.

κονέω, contr. κονῶ, = γυγνώσκω.

ΚΟΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, *the beard.* 2. Κόννος, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; Κόννος ψήφος, proverb. of something worthless.

κοντός, οὔ, ὁ, a pole, esp. a punting-pole, Lat. *contus.* 2. *the shaft of a pike.*

κοντο-φόρος, ον, (κοντός, φέρω) *carrying a pole or pike: burling a pike.*

ΚΟΝΤΖΑ contr. κονζία, ης, ἡ, *fleabane, pulicaria.*

κοπάξω, ἰ. ἄσω: aor. I ἐκόπασα: (κόπος):—to grow tired or weary: generally, to abate, lull.

κόπανον, τό, (κόπτω) *an instrument for braying, a pestle: also* 2. = κοπίς, *an axe.*

κοπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κόπτω: κοπεῖς, aor. 2 part. pass.

κοπετός, ὁ, (κόπτομαι) *a wailing, mourning.*

κοπεύς, εως, ὁ, (κόπτω) *a chisel.*

κοπή, ἡ, (κόπτω) *a striking: a cutting in pieces, slaughter.*

κοπιῶν, ἰ. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐκοπιᾶσα: pf. κκοπιᾶκα: (κόπος):—to work hard, work till one is weary.

II. to be tired, grow weary: κοπιῶν ὑπὸ ἀγαθῶν to be exhausted by good things.

κόπις, εως, ὁ, (κόπτω) *a babbler, wrangler.*

κοπίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κόπτω) *a chopper, cleaver, bill-book.*

κόπος, ου, ὁ, (κόπτω) *a striking, beating.* II. *toil and trouble, suffering, pain, weariness.* Hence

κοπῶς, f. ἄσω, to weary:—Pass. = κοπιᾶω.

κόππα, τό, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, which was not received into the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was Ϙ, cf. κοππατίας. In the alphabet Κορρα stood between π and ρ, like the Lat. q, and was retained as a numeral = 90, as were also σταῦ and σάμπι, qq. v. Hence

κοππατίας, ου, ὁ, ἵππος, a horse branded with the letter Κορρα (Ϙ) as a mark. Cf. σαμφόρας.

κοπραγωγός, f. ἴσω, to carry dung. From

κοπρ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (κόπος, ἄγω) *carrying dung.*

κόπρεος, α, ον, (κόπος) *full of dung, filthy.*

κοπρία, ἡ, (κόπος) *a dungbill.*

κοπρίζω, f. ἴσω Ep. ἴσω, (κόπος) to dung, manure.

κοπρο-λόγος, ον, (κόπος, λέγω) *collecting dung or manure: hence a dirty fellow.*

ΚΟΨΡΟΣ, ἡ, dung: manure: filib, dirt. II. a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable.

κοπροφόρεω, f. ἴσω, to carry dung: to cover with dung or dirt. From

κοπρο-φόρος, ον, (κόπος, φέρω) *carrying dung; κόφινος κοπροφόρος a dung-basket.*

κόπρων, ἄνος, ὁ, (κόπος) *a place for dung, privy.*

κόπτουσα, Dor. for κόπτουσα, part. fem. of κόπτω.

κοπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόπτω) *beaten, bruised, rounded.*

ΚΟΨΤΩ: κόψω: aor. I ἐκόψα: pf. κέκοφα, Ep. part. κεκοψάς:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐκόπην: pf. κέκομαι:—to strike, smite, cut.

2. to knock down, fell, slay.

3. to cut off, cbor off: δένδρα κόπτειν to cut down, fell trees; hence absol., κόπτειν τὴν χώραν to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees: to damage, hurt; φρενῶν κκομμένος, deprived of sense or reason.

4. to batter, forge: also to stamp, coin money, Lat. *percutere nummos:—Med. to coin oneself money.*

5. κόπτειν τὴν θύραν to knock or rap at the door, Lat. *pulsare.*

6. to cut small, cbor up.

7. of birds, to peck at, strike with the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, deafen.

II. Med. κόπτομαι, to beat or strike oneself, in sign of grief, like Lat. *plangere: also, κόπτεσθαι τινα to mourn for any one, Lat. plangere aliquem.*

κορᾶκίνος, ὁ, (κόραξ) *a young raven.*

ΚΟΨΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a raven or crow: Proverb., λευκοὶ κόρακες, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual; ἔρρε ἐς κόρακες, or ἐς κόρακας alone, like Lat. *pasce corvos*, go and be hanged! βάλλ' ἐς κόρακας hang him! hang it!

II. anything booked like a raven's beak, as, 1. an engine for grappling sbips.

2. a booked bundle of a door, like κορᾶνη.

3. an instrument of torture.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl, damsel.

κόρᾶνη, ἡ, a barbarism for κόρη.

κορβᾶν, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering.

2. the treasury of the Temple.

κορδακίζω, f. ἴσω, (κόρδαξ) to dance the κέρδαξ.

κορδακισμός, ὁ, the dancing the κέρδαξ.

ΚΟΨΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, the cordax, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; κέρδακα ἐκίσσυτο to dance the cordax, from its slow, trailing movement.

ΚΟΡΔΥΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a cudgel, truncheon: also a swelling.

II. a covering for the head, bead-dress; ἐγκοροδυλημένος wrapt or rolled up.

κορέει, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κορέννυμι: f. κορέσω Ep. κορέω: aor. I ἐκέρεσα Ep. κέρεσσα:—Med., aor. I ἐκορεσάμην Ep. ἐκορεσσάμην and κορεσσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκορέσθην: pf. κέκορεσμαι Ion. κέκορος; also pf. act. part. with pass. sense, κκορόρως, ὄρος: (κόρος):—to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing,

have one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; φιλότιδος κορέσασθαι to have one's fill of strife.

κορσαίαιο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of κορέννυμι.

κορσεθίς, aor. I part. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κορέσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

κορέυμα, τό, maidenhood. From κορσεύομαι, f. κορσεύομαι: Pass.: (κῶρη):—to be a maid, grow up to maidenhood.

ΚΟΡΕΪΩ, f. ἤσω, to sweep, brush; κορεῖν τὴν Ἐλλάδα to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people.

κορέω, Ep. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κῶρη Ion. κούρη Dor. κῶρα, ἡ, fem. of κῶρος, κούρος, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. puella: sometimes of a newly-married woman, young wife, like νύμφη, Lat. puella, nympha. 2. with the gen. of a pr. name added, a daughter, as Νύμφαι, κοίραι Διός. II. a puppet, doll, Lat. pupa. 2. the pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it, Lat. pupa, pupilla. III. a long sleeve reaching over the hand.

Κῶρη Ion. Κούρη, ἡ, was the name under which Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter (of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned together, as τῇ Μητρὶ καὶ τῇ Κοίρῃ.

κῶρηθρον, τό, (κορέω) a besom, broom.

κῶρημα, τό, (κορέω) sweepings, refuse. 2. a besom, broom.

κορθύνω, = κορθύω. [ῥ]

κόρθυς, νοσ, ἡ, (κίρπυς) a rising, heave.

κορθύω or -ίνω, (κίρπυς) to lift up, raise, shew its crest:—Pass., κύμα κορθύεται the wave is lifted up, rears its crest.

ΚΟΡΙΆΝΝΟΝ, τό, coriander, the plant or seed.

κορίδιον, τό, Dim. of κῶρη = κοράσιον.

κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, (κῶρη, κίριον): Dep.:—to fondle, caress, coax.

Κορίνθιος, α, ον, also Κορινθιακός, ἡ, ὄν, and fem.

Κορινθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ:—Corinthian. From

Κορίνθος, ἡ, Corinth, the city and country: anciently Ἐφύρη: Adv. Κορινθόθι, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of κῶρη, a little girl.

ΚΟΡΙΞ, ιος Att. -εως, ὁ, α, bug: pl. κίρις, οἱ.

κορίσκιον, τό, Dim. of κῶρη.

κόρκυρος or κόρχυρος, ὁ, a poor vegetable, growing wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of pimpinell. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κορκορῆγή, ἡ, the rumbling or grumbling of the empty bowels: any hollow sound, din, tumult. (Formed from the sound)

κορμός, ὁ, (κείρω) the trunk of a tree with the boughs lopped off, a log.

ΚΟΡΟΣ, ον, ὁ, one's fill, satiety, surfeit, Lat. satietas; κόρον ἔχειν τινός to have enough or too much of a thing: in bad sense, satiety, surfeit: hence II. insolence, petulance; πρὸς κόρον insolently.

κόρος, ον, ὁ, Ion. κούρος Dor. κῶρος, (κείρω) a boy, lad, youth, stripling. 2. with genit. of pr. names, a son. Cf. κῶρη.

κόρος, ὁ, the Hebrew cor, a dry measure containing ten Attic medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρη, ἡ, later Att. κόρη Dor. κόρα, (κῶρα) the side of the forehead; ἐπὶ κόρησιν πατάσσειν to slap on the face. II. the hair on the temples.

Κορυβάντειος, α, ον, (Κορύβας) Corybantian.

Κορυβαντιάω, f. ἴσω, (Κορύβας) to celebrate the rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant.

Κορυβαντίω, f. ἴσω, (Κορύβας) to purify by the rites of the Corybantes.

Κορυβαντιώδης, ες, (Κορύβας, εἶδος) Corybant-like, frantic.

Κορυβᾶς, αντος, ὁ, a Corybant priest of Cybelé in Phrygia. [ῥ]

κορυδαλλή, -αλλίς, -αλλός, = κίρπυδος.

κίρπυδος, ὁ, and κορυδός, ἡ, (κίρπυς) the crested or tufted lark, Lat. alauda cristata.

κῶρυα, ης, ἡ, (κῶρη, κῶρπυς) a cold in the head, a running at the nose, catarrh, Lat. pītuīta. II. metaph. drivelling, stupidity. Hence

κορυζάω, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold.

κορυθα, κῶρυθας, acc. sing. and pl. of κῶρπυς.

κορυθᾶϊξ, ἴκος, (κῶρπυς, ἄϊσσω) helmet-shaking, with waving plume. [ᾱ]

κορυθᾶϊόλος, ον, (κῶρπυς, αἰόλος) with glancing helmet.

κῶρυμπος, ὁ, pl. κορυμβία as well as κῶρυμβοι: (κῶρυς, κορυφή):—the top, peak, summit; κῶρυμβα νηῶν the bigg proops of the ships. II. the cluster of the ivy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers.

κορυνάω, f. ἴσω, to put forth knobs or buds. From

κορῆνη, ἡ, (κῶρπυς) a club, often shod with iron for fighting, a mace: also a shepherd's staff. [ῥ]

κορῆνητης, ον, ὁ, (κορυνάω) a club-bearer, one who fights with a club or mace.

κορῆνηφόρος, ον, (κορῆνη, φέρω) club-bearing: κορῆνηφόροι, οἱ, club-bearers, the body-guard of Peisistratus, instead of δορυφόροι.

κορῆνιαώ, = κορυνάω: in Ep. part., κορῆνιαώντα πέτρηλα sprouting leaves.

κορυπτίλος, ὁ, one that butts with the head. [γ] From

κορυπτή, f. ψα, to butt with the head. From

κόρυψ, ἴθος, ἡ, acc. κῶρυθα and κῶρῆν, (κῶρα) a helmet, helm, casque. II. the head. Hence

κορῆσσω, fut. κορῆσω:—Med., aor. I ἔκορυσάμην, part. κορυσσάμενος:—Pass., pf. κεκόρυσμαι:—to arm with a helmet: generally, to arm, equip, array:—Pass. and Med. to arm oneself; to do battle, fight: also of things, δοῦρε κεκορυσμένα χαλκῶ spears beaded with brass. 2. generally, to furnish, provide.

II. to make crested; κῶρυσσε κύμα the river reared his wave to a crest:—Pass. to come to a crest or head, rear its head, as a wave does. Hence

κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, a man armed with a helmet, an armed warrior.

κορυφαία, ἡ, (κορυφή) the bead-stall of a bridle.

κορυφαῖον, τό, the upper rim of a bunting-net:—strictly neut. from sq.

κορυφαῖος, α, ον, (κορυφή) at the head:—ὁ κορυ-

φαῖος *the foremost man, leader, chief*; in the Att. Drama, *the leader of the chorus.*

κορυφή, ἡ, (κόρυς) *the head, top, summit: the crown or top of the head.* 2. *the top or peak of a mountain.*

3. *metaph. the highest point, acmé, prime.*

κορυφῶν, f. ὤσσι; (κορυφή) *to bring to a head, make peaked*:—Pass., κῦμα κορυφούται *the wave rises to a crest.*

II. like κεφαλαῖον, *to bring to an end, sum up.*

κορων-εκάβη, ἡ, (κορώνη, Ἐκάβη) *an old woman as old as a crow and Hecuba.* [ἄ]

κορώνεως, ω, ἡ, *of a raven-gray colour.* From κορώνη, ἡ, (κορωνός) *a kind of sea-fowl, sea-crow.* 2. *a crow or raven, Lat. cornix.*

II. *anything hooked like a crow's bill, as,* 1. *the handle on a door.* 2. *the tip of a bow, on which the bowstring was hooked.* 3. *the tip or projection of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked.*

Cf. κόραξ.

κορωνιάω, f. ἄσω, (κορώνη II) *to bend, curve*: of a horse, *to arch the neck.*

κορωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κορώνη II) *as Adj. crook-beaked*: generally, *crooked, curved, bent, booked.* 2. *of kine, with crumpled horns.*

II. *as Subst. anything curved*: 1. *a wreath or garland, Lat. corona.* 2. *a flourish with the pen at the end of a book*: generally, *the end, completion.*

κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, βαλεῖν) *shooting crows*:—*as Subst., κορωνοβόλον, τό, a sling or cross-bow for crow-shooting.*

κορωνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόραξ) *curved, bent*: of kine, *with crumpled horns.*

κοσκινιδόν, Adv. (κόςκινον) *as in a sieve.*

κοσκινό-μαντις, ἴος Att. εως, ὄ, and ἡ, (κόςκινον, μάντις) *a diviner by a sieve.*

ΚΟΨΚΙΝΟΝ, τό, *a sieve.*

κοσσυλάτια, ἄν, τά, (σκόλλω) *parings or shreds of leather*: *metaph. of the scraps of flattery of the tanner Cleon.*

κοσμέω, f. ἴσω, (κόσμος) *to order, arrange*: esp. *to set an army in array, marshal it*; and in Med., *κοσμησάμενος πολείαςτας having marshalled his countrymen*; δῆρον κοσμεῖν *to arrange a repast.* II. *to order, rule, govern.* III. *to deck, adorn, trick out, embellish.* 2. *of persons, to honour them, adorn, be an honour or ornament to.* IV. in Pass. *to be assigned to, be classed under.*

κόσμηθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κοσμέω.

κοσμήν, Dor. inf. of κοσμέω.

κοσμητής, οὔ, ὄ, (κοσμέω) *an orderer, arranger.* 2. *an adorning.*

κοσμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κοσμέω) *well-arranged, regular.*

κοσμητῶρ, ορος, ὄ, (κοσμέω) *a commander.*

κοσμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόσμος) *of the world, earthly, worldly.*

κόσμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κόσμος) *well-ordered, moderate, regular*: of persons, *orderly, well-behaved, modest*; τὸ κόσμιον *order, decorum.* Hence

κοσμιότης, ητος, ἡ, *propriety, decorum, orderly behaviour.*

κοσμίως, Adv. of κόσμιος, *regularly, decently*: Comp. κοσμιώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

κοσμο-κόμησ, ον, ὄ, (κοσμέω, κόμη) *dressing the bair.*

κοσμο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὄ, (κόσμος, κρατέω) *ruler of this world.* [ἄ]

κοσμο-πλέκος, ον, (κόσμος, πλέκω) *framing or holding together the world.*

κόσμος, ον, ὄ, (κομῶ) *order*; κατὰ κόσμον *in order, duly*; οὐδένι κόσμῳ *in no sort of order.* 2. *good order, good behaviour, decency.* 3. *a set form or order*: of states, *government.* 4. *the mode or fashion of a thing.* II. *an ornament, decoration, dress, raiment*: plur. *ornaments.* 2. *an honour, credit.* III. *the world or universe, from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus.*

κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) *world-destroying.*

κόσος, η, ον, Ion. and Aeol. for πόσος.

κόσσαβος, ὄ, Ion. for κότταβος.

κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, ὄ, a blackbird.

κοταίνω, = κοτέω, *to bear hatred against.*

κότε and κοτέ, Ion. for πότε and ποτέ.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion. for πότερον, ποτέρα.

κοτέω, Ep. aor. I κοτέσα: Ep. pf. part. κεκοτηάς:—

Med., κοτέμαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. κοτέοντο, Ep. fut. κοτέσομαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκοτεσάμην, κοτεσάμην:

(κότος):—*to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice against, envy, Lat. invidio*: proverb., κεραμεὺς κεραμεὶ κοτέει, cf. κεραμεύς.

κοτήεις, εσσα, εν, (κοτέω) *angry, wrathful, jealous.*

κοτῆνη-φόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φέρω) *producing wild olive-trees.*

ΚΟΤΙΝΟΣ, ὄ or ἡ, *the wild olive, Lat. oleaster.*

κοτίνη-τράγος, ον, (κότινος, τράγειν) *eating the wild olive.*

κότρονος, ὄ, Ion. for κόθρονος.

ΚΟΤΟΣ, ον, ὄ, a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will: also, *anger, wrath*: later, *envy, jealousy.*

κοτταβίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κότταβος) *to play at the cottabus.*

κότταβος Ion. and old Att. κόσσαβος, ὄ, *the cottabus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinking-parties of young men at Athens.* The simplest mode was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly into a metal basin; if all fell inside the-basin, and the sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, a small fig, Lat. cottänium.

ΚΟΤΥΛΗ, ἡ, a small cup or vessel. 2. a liquid measure containing 6 κύαβοι or a ½ ξέστης, nearly a ½ pint.

II. *the cup or socket of the hip-bone.*

Hence

κοτυληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, *any cup-like hollow*; in pl. *the*

suckers on the feelers of the polybus, Ep. dat. κοτυλή-
δονόφιν. II. the socket of a joint.

κοτύλ-ήρυτος, ον, (κοτύλη, ἀρύω) that can be
drawn in cups, i. e. flowing copiously.

κοτύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, -ἴσκος, ὁ, Dimi-
natives of κοτύλη, a small cup.

κότυλος, ὁ, = κοτύλη.

κοῦ, by crasis for καὶ οὐ.

κοῦ and κου, Ion. for ποῦ and πού.

κοῦκέτι, by crasis for καὶ οὐκέτι.

κουλέων, κουλεύς, Ion. for κολεῖν, κολεύς.

κουμά, Hebrew word, arise.

κουρά, ἄς, ἡ, (κείρω) a clipping or cropping of the
hair or beard, as a sign of mourning. II. a lock
cut off.

κουρείον, τό, (κουρά) a barber's shop.

κουρεύς, ἑὸς, ὁ, (κείρω) a barber, hair-cutter, Lat.
tonsor: hence a tattler, gossip.

κούρη, ἡ, Ion. for κύρη. II. also Ion. for κουρά.

κουρήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for κύρειος, youthful.

κούρητες, αν, οἱ, (κύρος, κύρος) young men, young
warriors.

Κουρήτες, αν, οἱ, the Curètes, inhabitants of Pleuron
in Actolia.

κουριάς, ον, ὁ, (κουρά) one who wears his hair short.

κουριάω, f. ἄσω, (κουρά) to wear untrimmed
hair. 2. of the hair, to need clipping.

κουριδός, α, ον, (κούρος, κούρη) wedded, lawfully
wedded; κουριδός πύσις her wedded husband; then,
as Subst., (without πύσις), κουριδός φίλος her dear
husband.

2. more frequently of the wife, κουριδίη
ἄλοχος his lawful, wedded wife, as opp. to a concu-
bine (παλλακίς); so, 3. κουριδιὸν λέχος the bed of
lawful marriage. 4. nuptial, bridal; κουριδός
χιτῶν the bridal robe.

κουρίζω, f. ἴσω, (κύρος, κύρος) intr. to be a
youth. II. trans. to bring up to manhood.

κούριμος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (κουρά) fit for cutting
or shaving hair, trencbant. II. pass. sborn, crop-
ped, clipped—:as Subst., κούριμος, ἡ, a mask with the
hair cut short.

κουρίζε, Adv. (κουρά) by the hair.

κουρο-βόρος, ον, (κούρος, βιβρώσκω) devouring chil-
dren; κουροβόρος πᾶννη the blood of eaten children.

κούρος, ὁ, Ion. for κύρος, a boy, youth, son.

κουροσύνη, ἡ, (κούρος) youthful prime, youth: hence
youthful spirits, mirthfulness.

κουρότερος, α, ον, Comp. of κούρος, younger, more
youthful.

κουρο-τόκος, ον, (κούρος, τεκεῖν) bearing boy-child-
dren.

κουρο-τρόφος, ον, (κούρος, τρέφω) rearing boys:
so Ithaca is called ἄγαθὴ κουροτρόφος a good nursing-
mother of boys.

κουστωδιά, ἡ, the Lat. custodia, a watch, guard.

κουφίω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κούφος): I. intr. to
be light. II. trans. to lighten: to lift up, raise:

κουφίεων ἄλμα to make a light leap. 2. metaph.

to lighten, assuage, relieve: of persons, to relieve them
from burthens. Hence

κούφιστος, εως, ἡ, a relief, alleviation.

κούφισμα, ατος, τό, (κούφίω) that which is lifted
up. 2. a lightening, relief.

κουφολογία, ἡ, light talking. From

κουφο-λόγος, ον, (κούφος, λέγω) lightly-talking.

ΚΟΥΨΟΣ, η, ον, light, nimble: neut. pl. κούψα as
Adv., lightly. 2. metaph. easy, light:—empty, vain,
idle. Hence

κούψος, Adv. lightly: Comp. κούψοτερον, more
lightly, with lighter heart: Sup. κούψοτατα, most
lightly.

ΚΟΨΙΓΝΟΣ, ὁ, a basket.

κοχχλός, ον, ὁ, (κόχλος) a snail with a spiral shell,
Lat. cochlea. II. anything twisted spirally, a
screw: a spiral stair.

κοχχλιον, τό, Dim. of κόχλος, a small snail.

ΚΟΨΧΛΟΣ, ον, ὁ, a shell-fish with a spiral shell:
the shell itself, sometimes used as a trumpet, like Lat.
concha.

κοχχιδέω, Ion. impf. κοχχιδεσκε:—to stream forth
copiously. (Reduplicated from χέω, χύδην.)

ΚΟΧΩΝΗ, ἡ, dual κοχωνᾶ, the bams.

κόψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κόπω.

κόψιχος, ὁ, = κόσσυφος, a blackbird.

Κῶωνδε, Adv. (Κῶος Ep. for Κῶς) to Cos.

κράατος, κράατι, κράατα, lengthd. forms of κράτος,
κράτι, κράτα, gen., dat., acc. of κράς = κᾶρα, a bead.

κράββατος, ὁ, a couch, Lat. grabātus. (Maced. word.)

κράγῶν, Adv. (κράζω) with loud cries.

κράδαίνω, (κράδω) to swing, brandish, sbake:—Pass.
to vibrate, quiver.

ΚΡΑΨΑΨΩ, to brandish, shake.

κράδη, ἡ, (κράδω) the light quivering spray at the
end of a branch: generally, a branch, esp. of a fig-
tree: hence a fig-tree. [ᾶ]

κράδία, ἡ, Dor. for κᾶρῖνη, καρδία.

κᾶρῖνη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for καρδία.

ΚΡΑΨΩ: fut. κᾶψω, but Att. in paullo-post
form κᾶρᾶζομαι: aor. I κᾶρα: aor. 2 ἐκᾶργον: pf.
with pres. sense ἐκᾶργα, 1 pl. contr. ἐκᾶραμεν,
imperat. κᾶραχθι, part. κᾶραγῶς, inf. κᾶραγῆναι:—
to croak, properly of the raven: generally, to scream,
screech, cry: hence c. acc. to call out or clamour for
a thing.

κᾶρῖτες, aor. I part. pass. of κᾶρᾶννυμι.

ΚΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. κᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐκᾶρᾶ Ep. ἐκᾶρᾶ:
—Pass., fut. κᾶρᾶθήσομαι, but also Ep. fut. inf. in pass.
sense κᾶρᾶέσθαι: aor. I ἐκᾶρᾶνθη: Homer mostly
uses the Ep. form κᾶρᾶίνω, 3 sing. impf. ἐκᾶρᾶινεν:
aor. I imperat. κᾶρᾶννον κᾶρᾶννατε, inf. κᾶρᾶνναι: 3
sing. pf. pass. κᾶρᾶντατι, and plqpf. κᾶρᾶντο:—to
accomplish, bring to pass, fulfil, execute:—Pass. to be
accomplished, brought to pass: οὐ μοι δοκεῖ τῆδέ
γ' ὁδῶ κᾶρᾶέσθαι it seems to me that it will not be
accomplished by this journey; κᾶρᾶντα ψήφος the
vote hath been determined; also of workmanship,

χρυσῶ ἐν χεῖλεα κειράνται the edges are finished off with gold. II. intr. to have the ruling power: later c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, κραινεῖν σκήπτρα to sway the sceptre. II. intr. also to come to an end or result in a thing.

ΚΡΑΙΠΑ'ΛΗ [ᾶ], ἡ, a debauch and its consequences, nausea, sickness, and headache, Lat. *crapula*; ἐκ κραιπάλης after the debauch was over.

κραιπάλο-κῶμος, ον, (κραιπάλη, κῶμος) rambling in drunken revelry.

κραϊνός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἀρπ-άζω, like *rapidus* from *rap-ia*) tearing, sweeping, rusbing: cf. καρπάλιμος. 2.

swift, rapid. 3. metaph., hasty, hot, impetuous.

κραϊνῷ-σῦτος, ον, (κραϊνός, σείδομαι) swift-rusbing.

κραϊνω-φόρος, ον, (κραϊνός, φέρω) swift-bearing.

κρακτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (κράζω) clamorous.

ΚΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, cabbage, kail, Lat. *crambē*.

ΚΡΑΜΒΟΣ, ἦ, ον, dry, parched, sbrivelled. 2. metaph. clear, loud.

κραμβο-φάγος, ον, (κράμβη, φάγειν) Cabbage-eater, name of a frog.

κράνᾱ-ἡ-πέδος, ον, (κραναός, πέδον) wib stony soil. κράνα, Dor. pl. of κρήνη.

ΚΡΑ'ΝΑ'Ο'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, bard, rugged, rocky, stony, of Athens, from its soil, cf. λεπτύγειος: οἱ Κραναοὶ the people of Attica.

κράνέσθαι, Ep. fut. inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κραινω.

κράνεᾱ Ion. -εῖη, ἡ, (κράνον) the cornel-tree, Lat. *cornus*: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a spear.

κράνῆϊνος, ἦ, ον, (κράνον) made of cornel-wood, κρανείνον ἀκόντιον, cf. Virgil's *spicula cornea*.

κράνα, ἡ, Dor. for κρήνη. [ᾶ]

κρανθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κραινω.

Κραῖνίος, Κραῖνός, Dor. for Κρηνίος, Κρηνός.

κράνιον, τό, (κῆρα) the upper part of the head, skull.

ΚΡΑΝΟΝ, τό, the cornel-tree, Lat. *CORNUS*.

κράνοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make helmets: to talk big and warlike. From

κράνω-ποιός, ὄν, (κράνος, ποιέω) making helmets: as Subst., κρανοποιός, ὄ, a helmet-maker.

κράνος, εος, τό, (κῆρα) a helmet. [ᾶ]

κράντερα, ἡ, fem. of κραντήρ.

κραντήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κραινω) one that accomplishes, a doer, performer.

κράντωρ, ορος, ὄ, (κραινω) a ruler, sovereign.

ΚΡΑ'Σ, ὄ, collat. form of κῆρα, gen. κῆρῶς (which is sometimes fem.), dat. κῆρῆι, acc. κῆρα: plur., gen. κῆρων, dat. κῆρῶσι Ep. κράτεσφι: in Hom. also a lengthd. gen. and dat., κῆρατος, κῆρατι, pl. nom. κῆρατα:—the bead: metaph. a top, peak, beight.

κῆρσις, εως, ἡ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing, compounding, blending. II. the temperature of the air, climate, Lat. *temperies*. III. in Gramm., *crasis*, when the consecutive vowels of two words melt into one, e. g. τοῖνομα for τὸ ὄνομα, ἀνήρ for ὁ ἀνήρ.

ΚΡΑ'ΣΠΕΔΟΝ, τό, the edge, border, margin, bend of a thing. Hence

κρῶσπεδῶ, f. ὤσω, to surround with a border or fringe.

κρῶσων, ον, Dor. for κρέσων, κρείσων.

κῆρα, τό, indecl., = κῆρα:—but also κῆρα, τόν, acc. of κῆρας.

κῆρα-βόλος, ον, (κραταῖός, βάλλω) hurled with violence.

κῆραι-γύαλος, ον, (κραταῖός, γύαλον) wib strong back and breast piece, strongly arched, of a corslet.

κῆραιός, ἦ, = κῆρατος, only of the stone of Sisyphus, τὸτ' ὀπιστρέψασκε κραταῖς αὐτίς then did mighty force turn it back again. II. Κῆραιός, as pr. n. the *Crataeüs*, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla.

κῆρατῆ-λεως, ον, gen. ω, (κραταῖός, λᾶς) stony, rocky, rugged.

κῆρατῆός, ἄ, ὄν, (κῆρατος) poet. for κρατερός, mighty, strong, resistless.

κῆρατῆός, f. ὤσω, later form for κρατῆνω.

κῆρατῆ-πέδος, ον, (κραταῖός, πέδον) wib bard ground or soil.

κῆρατῆ-πούς, ὄ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: also κραταῖπούς: (κραταῖός, πούς) stout-footed, sure-footed.

κῆρατῆ-ρῖνος, ον, (κραταῖός, ρῖνός) strong-shelled.

κῆρατῆ-αίχμης, ον, ὄ, also καρτ-, (κρατερός, αἰχμή) mighty wib the spear, warlike.

κῆρατῆρός poet. καρτερός, ἄ, ὄν, (κρατός, κρατέω) strong, stout, mighty, valiant; but also bard-bearded, cruel, harsh, rough: so, χῆρος κρατερός bard, solid, ground. 2. also strong, violent.

κῆρατῆρό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κρατερός, φρήν) stout-bearded, dauntless.

κῆρατῆρό-χευρ, χείρος, ὄ, ἡ, (κρατερός, χεῖρ) stout of hand.

κῆρατῆ-ἄνυξ, ὄχος, ὄ, ἡ, (κρατερός, ἄνυξ) strong-boofed, solid-boofed: of lions, wib strong claws.

κρατερῶς, Adv. of κρατερός, strongly, stoutly; roughly.

κῆρατεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of κῆρας. [ᾶ]

ΚΡΑ'ΤΕΤΤΑΙ, ἄν, οἰ, the forked stand or frame on which a spit turns.

κῆρατέω, f. ἦσω: (κῆρατος):—to be strong and mighty: to rule, bold sway: c. dat. to rule among, ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοῖσι κρατέω. 2. c. gen. to lay bold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over; also to conquer, subdue: absol. to prevail, get the upper hand; of reports, to prevail, become current. II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, excel. III. c. acc. rei, to bold fast, seize, secure. IV. to order, command:—Pass. to obey.

κῆρῆρ Ion. κρητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing vessel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed wib water, and from which the cups were filled; κρητήρα κεράσσομαι to mix a bowl. II. any hollow, a basin in a rock: the mouth of a volcano, crater.

κράτησι-μάχος, ον, (κρατέω, μάχη) *victorious in the fight.*

κράτησι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κρατέω, ποὺς) *victorious in the foot-race.*

κράτησι-ἵππος, ον, (κρατέω, ἵππος) *victorious in the horse-race.*

κρῆτι, dat. sing. of κρέας.

κράτιστεύω, f. σω, (κράτιστος) *to be best, most excellent, supreme: to excel.*

κράτιστος Ep. κάρπιστος, ἡ, ον, and as irreg. Sup. of ἀγαθός, being formed from κράτος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—*strongest, mightiest, fiercest.* 2. *best, most excellent.*—The Comp. in use is κρείσσω. [ᾶ]

ΚΡΑΤΟΣ ποῖτ. κάρτος, εος, τό, *strength, might, prowess: force, violence; πόλιν ἐλεῖν κατὰ κράτος* to take a city by open force, by storm; also, κατὰ κράτος with all one's might; so also, ἀνὰ κράτος up to one's full power, with all one's might. II. generally, *might, power, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen. power over.*

III. *mastery, victory.*

κρῆτός, gen. of κρέας.

κρῆτύνω, Ep. καρτύνω: f. ὕνω: (κράτος):—*to strengthen, confirm: Med. to strengthen for oneself; ἐκαρτύναντο φάλαγγας* they strengthened their ranks:—Pass. *to become strong, be strengthened.* 2. *to barden.* II. *to rule, govern, c. gen.* 2. *to become master, get possession of: to conquer.* [ῦ]

κρῆτύς, masc. Adj., only found in nom., (κράτος) *strong, mighty.* [ῦ]

κραυγάζω, fut. ἄσω, (κραυγή) *to scream, sbriek.*

Κραυγασίδης, ον, ὁ, (κραυγή) *Croaker, name of a frog.*

κραυγή, ἡ, (κράζω) *a crying, screaming, sbrieking.*

κρε-άγρα, ὁ, (κρέας, ἀγρέω) *a flesh-book.*

κρε-αγρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = κρεάγρα.

κρεάδιον, τό, Dim. of κρέας *a slice of flesh.*

κρεᾶνονμέω, f. ἴσω, (κρεᾶνόμος) *to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh* of a victim amongst the guests:—Med. *to divide among themselves.* Hence κρεᾶνομία, ἡ, *a distribution of the flesh of a victim amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.*

κρεᾶνόμος, ον, (κρέας, νέμω) *distributing the flesh of victims: as Subst., κρεᾶνόμος, ὁ, a carver, Lat. dispenser.*

ΚΡΕᾶΣ Dor. κρής, τό; gen. κρέως: plur. κρεᾶ: gen. κρεῶν Ep. κρεῶν; dat. κρεᾶσι Ep. κρέεσι:—*flesh, a piece of meat: meat.* 2. *a carcase: a body, person.* κρη-δόκος, ον, and κρειο-δόκος, ον, (κρέας, δέχομαι) *containing flesh.*

κρέιον, τό, (κρέας) *a meat-tray, dresser.*

κρέιουσα, fem. of κρέϊον, q. v.

κρεισσό-τεκνον, ον, (κρείσσω, τέκνον) *dearer than children.*

κρείσσω, ον, gen. ονος, Att. κρείττων Ion. κρέισσω Dor. κάρρων:—*stronger, mightier: better, braver: used with εἰμί sum and part., as κρείσσω γὰρ ἦσα μηκέτ' ἂν ἡ ζῶν τυφλός* thou wert better

not alive, than living blind.

II. *too great for, exceeding: ὕψος κρείσσω ἐπηδηματος* a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσω ἀγχοῦνυς *too bad for hanging.* III. *superior to, master of; κρείσσω χρημάτων superior to bribes.* IV.

in moral sense, *better, more excellent.* (κρείσσω is used as irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, κράτος being the Root, whence also Sup. κράτιστος.)

κρείττων, Att. form of foreg.

ΚΡΕΙΩΝ, οντος, ὁ: fem. κρείουσα, ἡ:—*a ruler, lord, master: a general title of honour, like ἀνάξ.*

κρεῶν, Ep. for κρεῶν, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρεκάδια, ἄν, τά, (κρέκω) *a kind of tapestry.*

κρεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, struck so as to sound, of stringed instruments; *played, sung.* From

ΚΡΕΚΩ, f. ζω: aor. I ἐκρέφα:—*to strike, beat: to strike the web with the shuttle, to weave.* 2.

to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instrument. 3. generally, *to make any sharp sound, to rustle.*

κρεμάθρα, ἡ, (κρεμάννυμι) *a basket to hang things up in.*

κρεμάμαι, shortd. pres. pass. of κρεμάννυμι; subj. κρεμῶμαι; opt. κρεμῶμην; inf. κρεμάσθαι; impf. ἐκρεμῶμην; fut. (in pass. sense) κρεμήσομαι.

κρεμάννυμι, Rarely ὕω: fut. κρεμάσω [ᾶ] Att. κρεμῶ, ᾶς, ᾶ, Ep. lengthd. κρεμῶ: aor. I ἐκρέμασα Ep.

κρέμασα:—Med., aor. I ἐκρεμάσαμην:—Pass., κρεμῶμην; fut. κρεμασθήσομαι; aor. I ἐκρεμάσθην:—*to hang, hang up, let hang down: to hang up by a thing, c. gen.; κρεμάσαι τὴν ἀσπίδα* to hang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so in Med., πηδάλιον κρεμάσασθαι *to hang up one's rudder, i. e. give up the sea.*

II. Pass. *to be hung up or suspended, to swing from, hang down from.* 2. metaph. *to be in suspense.*

κρεμάσας, aor. I part. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κρεμάννυμι) *hung up, hung, banging: c. gen. hung from or on a thing; κρεμαστός αὐχένος hung by the neck.*

κρεμάστρα, ἡ, = κρεμάθρα.

κρεμάω, Root of κρεμάννυμι, *to hang, hang up.*

κρεμβάλιαζω, f. ἄσω, (κρέμβαλα) *to keep time with castanets.* Hence

κρεμβάλιαστὺς, ὄνος, ἡ, *a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.*

ΚΡΕΜΒΑΛΑ, τά, castanets.

κρεμῆσομαι, fut. med. (in pass. sense) of κρεμάμαι.

κρεμῶ, Ep. for Att. κρεμῶ, fut. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρέξ, ἡ, gen. κρεξός, Lat. crex, (κρέκω) *a bird with a sharp notched bill, a rail.*

κρέβ-βοτος, ον, (κρέας, βόσκα) *fed on flesh.*

κρεο-δαίτης, ον, ὁ, (κρέας, δαίω) *the carver at a public meal.*

κρεοκοπέω, Att. for κρεωκοπέω.

κρεο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (κρέας, πωλέω) *a butcher.*

κρεουργέω, *f. ἴσω*, (κρεουργός) *to cut up meat like a butcher: to butcher.* Hence

κρεουργηθόν, Adv. *like a butcher: in joints or pieces: and*

κρεουργία, *ἡ*, *a cutting up like a butcher, butchering.*
 κρε-ουργός, *όν*, (κρέας, ἔργον) *cutting up meat: as Subst., κρεουργός, ὁ, a butcher or a carver:—κρεουργόν ἡμάρ a day of feasting.*

κρεο-φάγος, *ον*, (κρέας, φάγειν) *eating flesh, carnivorous.*

κρέσσω, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, Ion. for κρέισσων.

κρέων, *οντος*, = κρέων.

κρέων, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρήγυος, *ον*, *good, agreeable.* II. *true, real.*

κρή-δεμον Dor. κρά-δεμον, *τό*, (κάρα, δέω) *a sort of bead-dress, like a veil or mantilla with lappets.* II. metaph. in plur. *the battlements which crown the walls.* III. *the lid of a vessel.*

κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κραιναίω, Ep. for κραινάω.

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κραιναίω, Ep. for κραινάω.

κρήθεν, Adv. (κρᾶς) *from the bead, from above.*

κρημνάς, part. of κρήμημι.

κρημνάω and κρήμημι, = κρεμάννυμι, *to let down from a height, cast down, hang down:—Pass. κρήμημνάω, to hang down, be suspended: to float or bower in air.*

κρήμη, for κρήμηθι, imperat. of κρήμημι.

κρημο-βάτης [ᾶ], *ου, ὁ*, (κρημνός, βαίω) *baunter of the steeps.*

κρημο-ποιός, *όν*, (κρημνός, ποιέω) *talking precipices, using big rugged words, of Aeschylus.*

κρημνός, *ὁ*, (κρεμάννυμι) *an overhanging steep, a beetling crag: also the steep bank or edge of a river or trench.*

κρημ-ώδης, *ες*, (κρημνός, εἶδος) *precipitous, steep.*

κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κραινάω.

κρήναιος, *α, ον*, (κρήνη) *of or from a spring or fountain: κρηναῖον ὕδωρ spring water.*

ΚΡΗ'ΝΗ Dor. κρᾶνα, *ἡ*, *a well, spring, Lat. fons: in pl. water.* II. *a source, fountain-head.* Hence

κρήνηθεν, Adv. *from a well or spring; and*

κρήνηδε, Adv. *to a well or spring.*

κρηναῖος, *ἄδος, ἡ*, pecul. fem. of κρηναῖος, *of or from a well or spring: Dor. Κρᾶνιάδες, Nymphs of a spring: so too Κρᾶνίδες.*

κρηνίς, *ἴδος, ἡ*, Dim. of κρήνη. [Ὶ]

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κραινάω.

ΚΡΗΠΙ'Σ, *ἴδος, ἡ*, *a kind of man's boot: in Theocritus, κρηπίδες poet. for booted men.* II. generally, *a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., ἡ ἐγκράτεια ἀρετῆς κρηπίς self-command is the foundation of virtue.*

κρηπίς, *ἡ*, *a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepido: generally, an edge.* [Ὶ]

κρής, Dor. for κρέας.

Κρής, *ὁ*, gen. Κρητός: pl. Κρήτες, gen. Κρητῶν:—

a Cretan: fem. Κρήσσα. Hence

Κρήσιος, *α, ον*, *Cretan.*

κρήσαι, Ep. for κεράσαι, aor. I inf. of κεράννυμι.

κρησφύγεται, *τό*, *a place of refuge or security, retreat, resort.*

Κρήτη, *ἡ*, *the island Crete, now Candia.* Hence

Κρήτηθεν, Adv. *from Crete; and*

Κρήτηδε, Adv. *to Crete.*

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ: dat. pl. κρητήρσι.

Κρητίω, *φ. σω*, (Κρής) *to lie like a Cretan.*

Κρητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (Κρήτη) *Cretan, of the island of Crete:—Adv.—κῶς, in Cretan fashion.* II. κρητικόν (sub. ἱμάτιον), *τό*, *a garment of Cretan fashion.* III. κρητικός (sub. ποῦς), *ὁ*, *a metrical foot, e. g. Ἄντιφών [—] called also amphimacer (ἀμφίμακρος).*

κρητισμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (Κρητίω) *lying.*

κρί, *τό*, Ep. shorter form for κριθή, *barley.*

κρίβανίτης [Ὶ], *ου, ὁ*, *baked under a pot or pan:—κρίβανίτης (sub. ἄρτος), ὁ, a loaf so baked.* From

κρίβανος, *ὁ*, Att. for κλιβανος, *a covered earthen vessel, a pot, pan or pipkin, in which bread was baked by putting hot embers round it.* [Ὶ] Hence

κρίβανωτός, *ἡ, ὄν*, = κρίβανίτης.

ΚΡΙΖΩ, *φ. ξιδε*: aor. 2 *ἐκρίνον*: pf. *κέκριγα:—to creak, Lat. stridēre: to screech, squeak.* (Formed from the sound.)

κρίθαι, Adv. (κρίσις) *like a ram.*

κρίθαια, *ἡ*, (κριθή) *a mess of barley pottage.*

κρίθαιω, *φ. ἴσω*, (κριθή) *to be over-fed with barley, to be restive.*

κρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of κρῖνω.

κρίθην, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κρῖνω.

ΚΡΙΘΗ', *ἡ*, and in plur. κριθαί, *αἱ*, *barley: οἶνος ἐκ κριθέων (Ion. gen. pl.) wine made from barley, i. e. a kind of beer: also roasted barley.* [Ὶ]

κρίθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρῖνω.

κρίθιαῦρος, *εως, ἡ*, (κριθή) *a disease of horses, caused by feeding them with barley, Lat. bordeatio.*

κρίθιζω, *φ. σω*, (κριθή) *to feed with barley.*

κρίθιτος, *ἡ, ον*, (κριθή) *made of barley.*

κρίθο-πράγος, *ον*, (κριθή, πρᾶγείν) *barley-eating.*

κρίθῶ, aor. I subj. pass. of κρῖνω.

κρίκει, Ep. for ἐκρίκει, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κρίνω.

κρίκος, *ὁ*, = κίρκος, *a ring, circle: also an eyelet-hole, a deadeye, in the corner of a sail.*

κρίμα, not κρίμα, *ατος, τό*, (κρῖνω) *a judgment, sentence.* 2. *a matter for judgment: an accusation, charge, Lat. crimen.*

κρίμμον, *τό*, (κρί, κριθή) *coarse barley-meal.*

κρημ-ώδης, *ες*, (κρημνός, εἶδος) *like coarse meal: κατανίφει κρημνώδη ἰ snows thick as meal.*

κρῖνας, aor. I part. of κρῖνω.

ΚΡΙ'ΝΟΝ, *τό*, *a lily: irreg. pl. κρίνεα, dat. κρίνεα, as if from a nom. κρῖνος, eos, τό.* [Ὶ]

ΚΡΙΝΩ [Ὶ]: fut. κρινῶ: aor. I *ἐκρίνω*: pf. *κέκρικα:—Med., fut. κρινούμαι: aor. I ἐκρινάμην:—Pass., fut. κριθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρίθην [Ὶ], older ἐκρίθην, whence part. κρηθείς: pf. κέκριμαι, inf. κεκρίσθαι:—the Lat. CERNO, to separate, divide, put apart: hence to pick out, choose; and in Med. to pick out*

for oneself, choose, prefer:—Pass. to be chosen or distinguished. 2. to decide a contest or dispute, e. g. for a prize; σκολιάς θέμιστας κρίνειν to judge crooked judgments. i. e. to judge unjustly:—Pass. and Med. κρίνομαι, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, quarrel. 3. to judge of, estimate: hence to expound, explain: c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a thing is. III. to question, examine, bring to trial, accuse, arraign:—Pass. to be brought to trial, tried. 2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn:—Pass. to be judged, condemned.

κριζός, ὁ, Dor. for κρισσός, κρισός.
κρίο-βόλος, ον, (κριός, βάλλω) ram-slaying.
κρίο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κριός, πρόσωπον) ram-faced.
ΚΡΙΩΨ, ὁ, a ram, Lat. aries. 2. a battering-ram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's head.

Κρίσα, ης, ἡ, Crisa or Erissa, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi:—Adj. Κρίσαϊος, α, ον, Crissaean.

κρίσις [ῖ], εως, ἡ, (κρίνω) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing. 2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence. 3. a trial. II. a dispute, quarrel. III. the event, issue, decision.

κρίτηριον, τό, (κριτής) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test. 2. a court of judgment, tribunal.

κρίτης, οὔ, ὁ, (κρίνω) a discerner, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests. 2.

κριτής ἐνυπνίων, an interpreter, expounder of dreams. Hence

κριτικός, ὁ, ὄν, able to discern and decide, critical.
κριτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κρίνω, picked out, chosen: choice, excellent.

κροαίνω, Ep. for κρούω, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the hoof.

κρόκα, heterocl. acc. sing. of κρόκη.
κροκάλη, ἡ, = κρόκη II: in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [ᾶ]

κρόκεος, ον, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured.
κρόκες, αἱ, heterocl. nom. pl. of κρόκη.
κρόκη, ἡ, with heterocl. acc. κρόκα and nom. pl. κρόκες, as if from a nom. κρόξ: (κρέκω):—the woolf or weft, Lat. subtemen, opp. to στήμων the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool. II. a rounded stone or pebble.

κροκήϊος, η, ον, poet. for κρόκεος, saffron-coloured.
κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (κρόκος, βάπτω) saffron-dyed.
κροκό-βαφής, ἐς, (κρόκος, βαφῆναι) crocus-dyed, of crocus-bue, i. e. purple, red, not yellow (see κρόκος).
κροκόδελος, ὁ, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the crocodile or alligator of the Nile: in full, ὁ κροκόδειλος ὁ ποτάμιος, called by the natives χάμψα.

κροκόεις, εσσα, εν, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured. II. as Subst., κροκόεις (sub. πέπλος) ὁ, a robe of saffron.
κροκό-πέπλος, ον, (κρόκος, πέπλος) saffron-robed.
ΚΡΟΚΟΣ, ον, ὁ, the purple crocus. II. saffron (which is made from its stamens).

κροκός [ῦ], ὕδος, ἡ, (κρόκη) the flock, nap, pile of cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool.

κροκωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of κροκωτός, a short, saffron robe.

κροκωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κροκώ) saffron-dyed or coloured. II. as Subst., κροκωτός (sub. πέπλος), ὁ, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκωτοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to wear a saffron robe. From κροκωτο-φόρος, ον, (κροκωτός, φέρω) wearing a saffron robe.

κρομμύ-οξύ-ρεγγμία, ἡ, (κρόμμυον, ὄξος, ἔρευγμός) a belch of onions and vinegar.

ΚΡΟΜΥΨΟΝ or κρόμμυον, τό, an onion.

Κρονίδης, ον, ὁ, patronym. from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, i. e. Zeus: cf. Κρονίων, Κρίνος. [ῖ]

Κρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Κρόνος) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq.

Κρόνιος, α, ον, (Κρόνος) of Cronos or Saturn; τὰ Κρόνια (sub. ἱερά), τά, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hecatombaeon; Κρονίων ὄζειν to smell of old times, to smack of antiquity.

Κρόν-ἴππος, ὁ, (Κρόνος, ἵππος) an old fool, old dotard.

Κρόνιον, ὁ, gen. ἰονος [ῖ], but also Κρονίανος, patronym. from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, Zeus.

Κρόνος, ὁ, Cronos, Lat. Saturnus, son of Uranos and Gaia, husband of Rhea, father of Zeus: his time was the golden age. II. a name given at Athens to a superannuated dotard.

ΚΡΟΣΣΑΙ, ᾶν, αἱ, battlements on walls. 2. the courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top.

κροτάλιζω, f. ἴσω, (κρόταλον) to rattle castanets: generally, to make to rattle.

κρόταλον, τό, (κροτέω) a rattle, castanet. II. metaph. a rattling, chattering fellow.

κροτάφος, ὁ, (κροτέω) the side of the forehead: in pl. the temples, Lat. tempora: also the sides of the face. 2. metaph. the brow of a mountain.

κροτέω, fut. ἴσω: (κρίτος):—to make to rattle or clash.

II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, to hammer or weld together, forge:—Pass. to be worked with the hammer, welded, forged; εἶθις τὸ πρᾶγμα κροτεῖσθω, let the matter be struck at once, i. e. 'strike while the iron is hot.' 2. to strike together, clap the hands, in token of applause: absol. to clap, to applaud.

III. intr. in Act. to rattle, make a clatter. Hence

κροτησμός, ὁ, a striking, beating.
κροτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κροτέω, stricken, smitten, sounding with blows. 2. rattled or whirled rattling along. 3. played with the plectrum.

κρότος, ον, ὁ, (κρούω) the sound of striking; κρότος χειρῶν a clapping of hands: generally, a loud rattling or noise.

κροτών, ᾶνος, ὁ, a tick, Lat. ricinus. II. the

palma Christi or *ricinus*, which bears the castor-oil berry.

κροῦμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) a beat, stroke. 2. a sound produced by striking a string, a note.

κρούσιμα, ατος, τό, a gushing or stream. From ΚΡΟΥΝΟΣ, οὔ, ὄ, a spring, well-head: in pl. streams: metaph. a torrent of words. Hence

κρουνο-χυτρο-λήραος, ὄ, (κρουνός, χύτρα, λῆρος) a pouter forth of weak, wasky twaddle.

κρουσι-δημέω, f. ἴσω, (κρούω, δῆμος) to play upon the people, impose upon them.

κρούσις, εως, ἡ, (κρούω) a striking: a playing on a stringed instrument.

κρουστέον, verb. Adj. of κρούω, one must knock at. κρουστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for striking. II. metaph. striking, astonishing, forcible; τὸ κρουστικόν striking eloquence. From

ΚΡΟΥΤΩ, f. σω: aor. I ἔκρουσα:—Pass., pf. κέκρουμαι and -σμαι:—to knock, strike, smite; κρούειν χεῖρας to clap the hands; κρούειν πόδα, to strike the foot against the ground in dancing. 2. to strike with a plectrum; generally, to play any instrument.

3. κρούειν τὴν θύραν to knock at the door. 4. Med. κρούεσθαι πρῦμναν to back stern foremost; cf. ἀνακρούω.

κρύβδᾶ, Adv. (κρύπτω) without the knowledge of; κρύβδα Διός, Lat. clam Jove.

κρύβδην Dor. -δαν, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, covertly:—also, like κρύβδα, without the knowledge of.

κρύβθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κρύπτω.

κρυερός, ἄ, ὄν, (κρύος) icy, chill, chilling.

κρυμός, ὄ, (κρύος) icy cold, chill, frost.

κρῦμ-ώδης, ες, (κρυμός, εἶδος) icy-cold: frozen, icy.

κρυόεις, εσσα, εν, = κρυερός, icy-cold, chilling.

ΚΡΥΨΟΣ, τό, icy cold, chill, frost: metaph. an inward chill, shudder, horror.

κρυπτάδιος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (κρύπτω): secret, hidden, clandestine.

κρυπτάζω, f. ἄσω, collateral form of κρύπτω.

κρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κρύπτω.

κρυπτεία, ἡ, (κρυπτεύω) a secret service or commission; at Sparta intrusted to the young men, to season them against fatigue.

κρυπτεόν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, one must conceal.

κρυπτεύω, f. σω, (κρύπτω) to conceal, bide. II. to bide oneself, lie concealed. III. Pass. κρυπτεύομαι, to have snares laid for one.

κρύπτης, ἡ, a covered place, vault, crypt. From κρυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, hidden, secret.

ΚΡΥΨΤΩ: Ion. impf. κρύπτασκον: fut. κρύψω: aor. I ἔκρυψα: pf. κέκρυφα:—Pass., fut. 2 κρυβήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. κερύψομαι: aor. I ἐκρύβθην: aor. 2 ἐκρύβην [ῥ]: pf. κέκρυμαι:—to bide, cover, conceal:—Pass. to bide oneself, lie hidden. II.

metaph. to conceal, keep secret or covered over; with dupl. acc., μὴ με κρύψης τοῦτο do not bide this from me.

κρυστάλλιζω, f. ἴσω, (κρύσταλλος) to be like crystal.

κρυστάλλινος, η, ον, (κρύσταλλος) of crystal. κρυστάλλο-πηκτος, ον, or κρυστάλλο-πήξ, ἡγος, ὄ, ἡ, (κρύσταλλος, πήγνυμι) congealed to ice, frozen. κρύσταλλος, ὄ, (κρύος) clear ice, ice, Lat. glacies. 2. extreme cold, torpor. II. ὄ and ἡ, crystal, rock-crystal.

κρύφα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly from, without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [ῥ]

κρύφατος, α, ον, and ος, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, hidden, covert. Adv. -ως.

κρύφῃ Dor. -φα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, in secret. κρύφθον, Adv. = foreg.

κρύφθω, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

κρύφιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, hidden, clandestine. [ῥ]

κρύφος, ὄ, (κρύπτω) concealment, obscurity. κρύφω, late form of κρύπτω.

κρύψαι, aor. I inf. of κρύπτω.

κρυψι-μέτωπος, ον, (κρύπτω, μέτωπον) hiding the forehead.

κρυψί-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ουν: (κρύπτω, νόος): biding one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.

κρυψίς, εως, ἡ, (κρύπτω) a biding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.

ΚΡΩΒΥΨΟΣ, ὄ, a roll of hair gathered to a knot on the crown of the head. II. the crest on a helmet. [ῥ]

κρωγμός, ὄ, (κράζω) the croaking or cawing of a crow. ΚΡΩΖΩ, f. κρώξω, to croak or caw like a crow, Lat. crocitare. II. of men, to croak out. (Formed from the sound.)

κρώσσα, Ion. for κρύσσα.

κρωσσιόν, τό, Dim. of κρωσσίος.

ΚΡΩΣΣΟΣ, οὔ, ὄ, a water-pail, pitcher, jar. 2. a cinerary urn.

κτά, for ἔκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω: optat. κταίην; inf. κτάναι; part. κτάς.

κταίνω, Dor. for κτείνω.

κτάμεν, κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [ᾗ]

κτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

κτάνε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω. [ᾗ]

κτάνθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κτείνω.

ΚΤΑΪΟΜΑΙ Ion. κτέομαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullo-p. fut. κτήσομαι: aor. I ἐκτησάμην: pf. κέκτημαι Ion. ἐκτημαι, subj. κέκτωμαι, opt. κεκτημην or -ήμην: plqpf. ἐκεκτηίμην: Dep.:—to get for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring: also to bring upon oneself, incur. II. in pf. κέκτημαι or ἐκτημαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, to have acquired or got, and so, to possess, to have or hold; ὄ κεκτημένος an owner, master: hence as Subst. c. gen., ὄ ἐμοῦ κεκτημένος my master; ἡ ἐμῇ κεκτημένη my mistress. III. aor. I ἐκτῆσθην is used in pass. sense, to be gotten, obtained, acquired.

κτάσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but, II. κτᾶσθαι, inf. of κτάομαι.

κτέανον, ὄ, (κτάομαι) = κτήμα: but mostly in pl,

possessions, property; Ep. heterocl. dat. κτέπειρα, as if from κτέαρ.

κτέπειρα, ἡ, fem. of κτέατηρ, she that puts one in possession of. [ᾶ]

κτέατηρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κτάομαι) a possessor.

κτεάτιζω, f. ἴωω: Ep. aor. I κτεάτισσα: (κτεαρ):—to get, gain, win: pf. pass. with med. sense, ἐκτεάτισμαι to get for oneself. Hence

κτεάτιστός, ἡ, ὄν, gotten, won, acquired.

κτείνω: Ion. impf. κτείνεσκον: f. κτενῶ Ep. κτείνω or κτανέω: aor. I ἔκτεινα: aor. 2 ἔκτανον: pf. ἔκτονα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκάνθη: pf. ἔκταμαι:—the following Ep. forms are freq. in Homer, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 ἔκτα, ἔκταν (as if from κτήμι); subj. κτέω, I pl. κτέμενος; inf. κτάμεναι, [ᾶ], for κτάναι; part. κτάς: aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) ἐκτάμην [ᾶ], inf. κτάσθαι: part. κτάμενος: also Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. ἐκτάθη:—to kill, slay: of animals, to slaughter.

κτείνωμι, Ep. pres. subj. for κτείνω.

ΚΤΕΙΨ, ὄ, gen. κτενός, a comb. 2. the weaver's comb, Lat. pecten or radius. 3. a rake, barrow. 4. the band, with the fingers spread open. Hence κτενέω, Ion. fut. of κτείνω.

κτενίζω, f. ἴωω, to comb: to curry horses:—Med., κτενίεσθαι κόμας to comb one's hair.

κτενίον, τό, Dim. of κτείς, a small comb.

κτενισμός, ὄ, (κτενίζω) a combing.

κτέομαι, Ion. for κτάομαι.

κτέρας, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) = κτέανον, κτήμα.

κτέρεα, τά, (κτάομαι) properly = κτήματα, possessions, property: but mostly of favourite possessions, such as pieces of armour, burnt with the dead: generally, funeral honours, obsequies; see κτερίζω, κτερίζω.

κτερίζω, f. ἴξω, lengthd. for κτερίζω, to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερίζειν to pay funeral honours; see κτερίζω.

κτερίζω: fut. κτερίω: aor. I ἐκτέρισα: (κτέρεα):—to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερίζειν to pay funeral honours, Lat. *justa facere, exequias facere*.

κτεριούσι, 3 pl. fut. of κτερίζω.

κτερίσματα, τά, (κτερίζω) = κτερέα.

κτέρι, κτώμεν, I sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 subj. of κτείνω.

κτεθήναι, aor. I inf. of κτάομαι, used in pass. sense. κτήμα, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) anything gotten, a piece of property, possession:—in pl. κτήματα, possessions, property, goods. II. a thing, like χρῆμα.

κτηνηδόν, Adv. (κτήνος) like beasts.

κτήνος, εος, τό, (κτάομαι) properly, like κτήμα, a piece of property; chiefly used in pl. κτήνεα, contr. κτήνη, property in herds or flocks, cattle: rarely in sing. of a single head of cattle, an ox or sheep.

κτήσαντο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of κτάομαι.

κτήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κτήσις) of or from one's property; κτήσιον βοτόν a sheep of one's own

flock. II. belonging to one's own house, domestic, Lat. *penetralis*; κτήσιοι θεοί household gods. κτήσις, εως, ἡ, (κτάομαι) an acquiring, getting. II. (from pf. pass. κέκτημαι) possession:—as collective, possessions, property.

κτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κτάομαι, that may be gotten or gained. II. acquired, held as property, possessed.

κτιήτωρ, ορος, ὄ, (κτάομαι) a possessor, owner.

κτιόεις, α, ον, (κτίς) = ἰκτιόεις, of a marten-cat, made of its skin. [Ὶ]

ΚΤΙΖΩ, f. ἴωω: aor. I ἔκτισα Ep. ἔκτισσα, κτίσσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκτίσθην: pf. ἐκτίσμαι:—to people or occupy a country: of a city, to found, plant, build:—of a festival, to institute, establish. II. to produce, create. 2. generally, to make or render so and so. 3. to perpetrate a deed.

ΚΤΙΛΟΣ, ον, gentle, tame. II. as Subst., κτιλός, ὄ, a ram. [Ὶ] Hence

κτιλώω, f. ὦωω: aor. I med. ἐκτιλωσάμην:—to tame, civilise: to win the affections of.

κτιμένος, η, ον, Ep. part. aor. 2 pass. of κτιζώ, built, founded: only in compd. ἐν-κτιμένος. [Ὶ]

κτίς, ἡ, = ἰκτίς, a marten-cat, marten.

κτίσις, εως, ἡ, (κτιζώ) a founding, settling, foundation. 2. a making, creating: the creation of the universe. II. the world or universe itself. 2.

a created thing, creature. [Ὶ]

κτίσιμα, ατος, τό, (κτιζώ) a created thing, creature.

κτίσις, Ep. aor. I of κτιζώ.

κτίστης, ου, ὄ, (κτιζώ) a founder, establisher.

κτιστύς, ὄος, ἡ, Ion. for κτίσις.

κτιστώω, ορος, ὄ, = κτίστης.

κτίτης [Ὶ] ου, ὄ, (κτιζώ) a founder, colonist: generally, an inhabitant.

κτύπέω, f. ἴωω: aor. I ἐκτύπησα ποῖτ. κτύπησα: aor. 2 ἐκτύπον Ep. κτύπον: (κτύπος): I. intr. to crash, as trees falling: to ring, resound, echo. II. trans. to make to resound:—Pass to ring, resound. Hence

κτύπημα, ατος, τό, a sound, a crashing: a clapping of the hands. [Ὶ]

κτύπος, ου, ὄ, (τύπτω) any loud noise, the crash of thunder, rattling of chariots, clash of arms. [Ὶ]

κῦαθος, ὄ, (κῦω) a cup for drawing wine out of the κρατήρ or bowl. II. an Attic measure holding two κόγχαι, about $\frac{1}{12}$ of a pint. III. a cupping-glass.

κῦαμεντός, ἡ, ὄν, (κῦαμέω) chosen by beans, i. e. by lot.

κῦαμέω, f. σῶ, (κῦαμος) to choose by beans or lot.

κῦαμαίος, α, ον, (κῦαμος) of the size of a bean.

ΚΥΨΑΜΟΣ, ὄ, a bean. II. the lot by which public officers were elected at Athens; ὄ κῦαμω λαχών an officer chosen by lot, = κληρωτός.

κῦαμο-πρώξ, ὄγος, ὄ, (κῦαμος, πρῶγω) bean-eater.

κῦαμο-φάγια, ἡ, (κῦαμος, φαγιόν) eating of beans, a bean-diet.

κῦαν-αίγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κῦανος, αἰγίς) with dark Aegis.

κῦαν-ἀμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, ἀμπυξ) *with dark blue band or margin.*

κῦαν-αυγής, ἐς, (κύανος, αὐγή) *dark-gleaming, murky.*

Κῦάνει (sc. νῆσοι or πέτραι), αἱ, *the Dark Rocks*, two small islands at the entrance of the Euxine; also, *κῦάνει*: Συμπληγάδες. [ἀ]

κῦαν-ἐμβολος, ον, (κύανος, ἐμβολον) *with dark blue prow or peak.*

κύανος, α, ον, (κύανος) *dark blue*: generally, *dark, dusky, murky.* [ῥ]

κῦανο-βλέφαρος, ον, (κύανος, βλέφαρον) *dark-eyed.*

κῦανο-ειδής, ἐς, (κύανος, εἶδος) *dark blue, deep blue.*

κῦανό-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, θρίξ) *dark-haired.*

κῦανό-πέλα, ἡ, (κύανος, πέλα) *with feet of cyanus.*

κῦανό-πέπλος, ον, (κύανος, πέπλος) *dark-veiled.*

[κῦ-, metri grat.]

κῦανο-πρόρειος and κῦανό-πρωρος, ον, (κύανος, πρόρα) *with dark blue prow, dark-prowed.*

κῦανό-πτερος, ον, (κύανος, πτερόν) *with dark blue or black feathers, dark-winged.*

Κῦ'ΑΝΟΣ, ον, ὁ, κυανος, a dark blue substance, used in the Heroic age to adorn works in metal, perhaps blue steel. II. *the blue corn-flower.*

κῦανο-στόλος, ον, (κύανος, στολή) *dark-robed.*

κῦανό-ὄφρυς, υ, gen. υος, (κύανος, ὄφρυς) *dark-browed.*

κῦανο-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (κύανος, χαίτη) *dark-haired*; of a horse, *dark-maned.*

κῦανό-χρους, ον, -χρους, ὄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, χρῖα, χράς) *dark-looking, of dark colour or complexion.*

κῦαν-ώπης, ον, ὁ, (κύανος, ὤψ) *dark-eyed*: fem. κῦαν-ώπης, ἰδος.

κῦβδᾶ, Adv. (κύπτω) *with the head forwards, stooping.*

κῦβεία, ἡ, (κυβεῖω) *dice-playing, dicing, gambling*: hence *sleight, trickery, deceit.*

Κῦβέλη, ἡ, *Cybele*, a Phrygian goddess, worshipped throughout Asia Minor, also at Greece, and later at Rome, under the name of the *Idaeon Mother.*

Κῦ'ΒΕΡΝΑΩ, fut. ἦσω, Lat. *gubernare*, to steer: metaph. *to hold the helm of the state, guide, govern.* Hence

κῦβερνήσις Dor. -ῦσις, εως, ἡ, a steering, pilotage: metaph. a guiding, governing.

κῦβερνήτη, voc. of κυβερνήτης.

κῦβερνήτερα, ἡ, fem. of κυβερνήτηρ.

κῦβερνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, rarer form for κυβερνήτης.

κῦβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, (κυβερνάω) a steersman, helmsman, Lat. *gubernator*: metaph. a guide, governor. Hence

κῦβερνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in steering or governing.

κῦβεῖω, f. σαι, (κύβος) *to play at dice*: *to run a bazaar, take the chances.* 2. trans. *to set upon a throu.*

κῦβιστάω, f. ἦσω, (κύπτω) *to throw oneself headforemost, tumble headlong*: *to plunge headlong into water, dive*: *to tumble, turn heels over head, turn a summerset*, of mountebanks. Hence

κῦβίστημα, ατος, τό, a summerset.

κῦβιστητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κυβιστάω) a jumper headforemost, a diver: a mountebank, tumbler.

Κῦ'ΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *cubeus*, a solid square, a cube. II. a cubical die, marked on all six sides for the game of dice: the Greeks threw three dice; *τρὶς ἕξ βαλεῖν* to throw three sixes, i. e. to throw the highest throw, have complete success; *κρίνειν τι ἐν κύβοις* to decide a thing by the dice, i. e. by chances.

κῦδάω, no fut. in use, (κύδος), *to revile, abuse*:—Pass. *to be mocked, insulted.* (κῦδάω is used in bad, κῦδαίνω in good sense.)

κῦδαίνω, f. ἀνώ: aor. I ἐκῦδάνα Ep. κῦδήνα: (κύδος): —*to honour, do honour to, glorify, praise*: also of the outward appearance, *to beautify, adorn*: *to gladden by marks of honour.* II. seldom in bad sense, *to flatter.* See κῦδάω.

κῦδάλιμος, ον, (κύδος) *glorious, renowned, famous*; κῦδάλιμον κῆρ *noble heart.*

κῦδάνω [ἀ], = κῦδαίνω, *to honour, bold in honour.*

II. intr. = κῦδαῖω, *to vaunt aloud, boast.*

κῦδήναι, aor. I inf. of κῦδαίνω.

κῦδηγεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κῦδαίνω.

κῦδήεις, εσσα, εν, (κύδος) *glorious, noble.*

κῦδι-άνειρα, ἡ, (κύδος, ἀνὴρ) fem. Adj. like ἀντι-άνειρα, as if from a masc. in -άνωρ, *man-ennobling, bringing glory to men.*

κῦδαῖω, Ep. part. κῦδαῖων, no fut. in use: (κύδος): —*to vaunt or pride oneself*, Lat. *gloriari*: hence *to exult, rejoice.*

κῦδίμος, ον, κῦδάλιμος.

κῦδαῖων, Ep. part. of κῦδαῖω.

κῦδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κῦδρός (formed from κύδος, as ἀδιστος from ἀσχος), *most glorious, most honoured, noblest*: *the greatest.*

κῦδαῖον [ῖ], ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of κῦδρός (see κῦδιστος), *more glorious, nobler*: generally, *better.*

κῦδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = κῦδρός.

κῦδοιοπάω, f. ἦσω, (κῦδοιμός) *to make a bubbub or uproar.*

κῦδοιμέω, fut. ἦσω, (κῦδοιμός) *to make an uproar, spread confusion and alarm.* II. trans. *to drive in confusion.*

Κῦ'ΔΟΙΜΟΣ, ὁ, uproar, confusion, tumult, bubbub.

Κῦ'ΔΟΣ, εος, τό, glory, fame, renown, esp. in war: κῦδος ἀρέσθαι: *to win glory*; of a hero, μέγα κῦδος Ἀχαιῶν *the great glory or pride of the Achaeans*, like Lat. *decus.*

κῦδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (κύδος) *glorious, illustrious, noble*: of a horse, *prond, stately.*

Κῦδων or Κῦδωνία, ἡ, *Cydonia*, a city of Crete.

Κῦδωνίως, *to swell like a quince.* From

Κῦδωνίος, α, ον, (Κῦδων) *Cydonian*, i. e. *Cretan*; μῆλον Κῦδωνίων *the quince.* II. metaph. *swelling like a quince, round and plump.*

κῦέω, older form for κῦω, impf. ἐκῦών: fut. κῦήσω: aor. I ἐκῦσα: I. trans. *to bear in the womb, to be pregnant of*, Lat. *gestare.* II. intr. *to be pregnant, to conceive.*

κύθε, Ep. for *κῆυθε*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *κῆυθω*.

Κυθήρεια, ἡ, *Cytherea*, surname of Venus, from the city *Κύθηρα* in Crete, or from the island *Κύθηρα*.

Κύθηρα, ἠ, *Cythera*, an island on the south of Laconia, now *Cerigo*.

Κυθηρο-δίκης, οὔ, ὁ, (*Κύθηρα*, *δίκη*) a Spartan magistrate sent annually to govern the island of *Cythera*.

Κυθηρόθεν, Adv. (*Κύθηρα*) from *Cythera*.

κύθρα, -θρονος, -θρος, Ion. for *χῦθρ-*.

κύθσκω, only used in pres. (*κύω*, *κνέω*) to impregnate:—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive.

κῦθάνω, collat. form of *κνύω*, to confound.

ΚΥ·ΚΑ·Ω, f. ἦσω, to mix up, beat up and mix. II. like Lat. *miscere*, to stir up, mix together: to throw into confusion, confound:—Pass. to be confounded, panic-stricken: also of the mind, to be disquieted, agitated.

κῦκεών, ὄνος, ὁ: acc. *κνκεῶνα*, shortd. Ep. *κνκεῶ* and *κνκεῖω*: (*κνκῶν*):—a mixture, a mixed drink, refreshing draught, tankard, compounded of barley-meal, grated cheese and wine.

κῦκῆθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *κνκῆω*.

κῦκῆθρον, τό, (*κνκῶν*) a ladle for stirring: metaph. a turbulent fellow, agitator. [ῥ]

κῦκῆσί-τέφρος, ὄν, (*κνκῶν*, *τέφρα*) mixed up with ashes.

κνκλάμινος, ἡ, *cyclamen*, sow-bread, a bulbous plant, with a fragrant flower used for garlands.

κνκλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κνκλός*) encircling: αἱ *Κνκλάδες* (sub. *νῆσοι*), the *Cyclades*, islands in the Aegaeen sea, which encircle *Delos*. II. of Time, circling, revolving.

κνκλέω, f. ἦσω, (*κνκλός*) to move a thing round and round, wheel along; πόδα κνκλεῖν to walk round and round:—Pass. to surround, encircle. II.

intr. to revolve, come round and round.

κνκλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κνκλός*) fem. Adj. round, circular.

κνκλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κνκλός*) circular. II. those

Epic poets were called οἱ *Κνκλικοί*, whose writings collectively formed a cycle or series of heroic legends down to the death of *Ulysses*.

κνκλιο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (*κνκλός*, *διδάσκω*) a teacher of the cyclic choros, a dithyrambic poet.

κνκλῖος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (*κνκλός*) round, circular: neut. τό *κνκλῖον*, as Subst. a circle. II. *κνκλῖοι*

χοροί, οἱ, circular or cyclic choruses, dancing in a ring round the altar of the god; chiefly appropriated to those of *Bacchus*, dithyrambic choruses; hence, *κνκλῖα μέλη* dithyrambs.

Κνκλοβορέω, f. ἦσω, to roar like the torrent of *Cycloborus*.

Κνκλο-βόρος, ὁ, (*κνκλός*, *βιβρώσκω*) a mountain-torrent in *Attica*.

κνκλο-δίακτος, ὄν, (*κνκλός*, *διώκω*) driven round in a circle. [ῥ]

κνκλόεις, ἔσσα, εν, (poët. for *κνκλικός*) circular.

κνκλόθεν, Adv. (*κνκλός*) in a circle all around.

κνκλο-μόλιβδος, ὁ, (*κνκλός*, *μόλιβδος*) a round lead-pencil.

κνκλο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (*κνκλός*, *ποιέω*) to make into a circle, form like a circle.

ΚΥ·ΚΛΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, also with irreg. pl. *κνκλα*, a ring, round, circle: *κνκλα* as Adv. in a circle, round about: also like a Prep., c. acc., *κνκλα* ἄμα round about the monument; and c. gen., *κνκλα* τοῦ στρατοπέδου. II. any circular body: as, 1. a wheel. 2. a place of assembly: also like Lat. *corona*, a crowd of people standing round, a ring or circle of people. 3. the vault of the sky: the moon's disk. 4. the circle or walls surrounding a city, esp. of *Athens*. 5. a shield. 6. in pl. the balls of the eye. III. any circular motion, orbit or revolution.

κνκλόσε, Adv. (*κνκλός*) in or into a circle, around.

κνκλο-ορβέω, f. ἦσω, (*κνκλός*, *ορβέω*) to drive round in a circle, whirl round.

κνκλο-τερής, ἔς, (*κνκλός*, *τέρω*) made round by rubbing or turning, circular; *κνκλοτερῆς τόξον* εἵπειν he bent the bow into a circle.

κνκλώω, f. ὠσω, (*κνκλός*) to encircle, surround; but in this sense mostly in Med. II. to drive round and round, whirling round. III. to form into a circle:—Pass. to form a circle, be bent round; also of a fleet wheeling into a crescent shape.

κνκλωμα, ατος, τό, (*κνκλω*) anything made into a circle, as a wheel. 2. *βυσσότον κνκλωμα* a circle with hide stretched over it, i. e. a drum.

Κνκλώπειος, α, ὄν, (*Κνκλωπῆ*) *Cyclopean*, of or befitting the *Cyclopes*, commonly used of the ancient architecture attributed to them (also called *Πελασγικός*).

Κνκλωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the *Cyclopes*. Adv. -*κῶς*.

Κνκλώπιον, τό, Dim. of *Κνκλωπῆ*.

Κνκλώπιος, α, ὄν, = *Κνκλώπειος*:—pecul. fem. *Κνκλωπίς*, ἴδος.

κνκλωσις, εως, ἡ, (*κνκλώω*) a surrounding, enclosing.

κνκλωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κνκλώω*) rounded, round.

Κνκλωψ, ὄπος, ὁ, (*κνκλός*, ὄψ) a *Cyclops*, i. e. Round-eye; as *Hesiod* says, *Κνκλωπες δ' ὄνομ' ἦσαν ἐπάνωνον, οὐνεκ' ἄρα σφέων κνκλωτερῆς ὀφθαλμῶς ἔεις ἐνέκειτο μετάψω*;—in sing. of *Polyphemus*; but *Hesiod* mentions three *Cyclopes*, *Brontes*, *Steropes*, and *Arges*, who forged the thunderbolts for *Zeus*.

κνκνεῖος, α, ὄν, (*κνκνός*) of or like a swan.

κνκνό-μορφος, ὄν, (*κνκνός*, *μορφή*) swan-shaped.

ΚΥ·ΚΝΟΣ, ὁ, a swan, Lat. *cygnus*. II. metaph. from the swan's dying song, a poet.

κνκν-οψις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (*κνκνός*, ὄψις) like a swan.

ΚΥ·ΔΑ, ὠν, τά, the parts under the eyes.

κνκλινδέω, f. ἦσω, late form of *κνκλινδῶ*. Hence *κνκλινδήθρα*, ἡ, = *ἀλινδήθρα*: and *κνκλινδήσις*, εως, ἡ, a rolling, wallowing. 2. exercise, practice.

ΚΥ·ΛΙΝΔΡΟ: fut. *κνκλίσω* [ῥ]: aor. I *ἐκνκλίσαι*, inf. *κνκλίσαι*: aor. I pass. *ἐκνκλίσθην*:—older form of *κνκλινδῶ*, to roll, roll on or along. II. Pass. *κνκλινδομαι*, to be rolled or roll along, to roll or toss, like

a ship at sea: to roll or wallow in the dirt. 2. to be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. *jactari*. 3. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. *versari*.

ΚΥΛΙΞ [ῥ], *ikos*, ἡ, a cup, drinking-cup. κυλίσθη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I pass. of κυλιώ. κύλισμα, ατος, τό, (κυλίνδω) a roll: also a place to roll in. [ῥ]

κύλιχνη, ἡ, (κύλιξ) a small cup. Hence κύλιχνοιον, τό, a little cup or box. κύλιω [ῖ], late form for κυλίνδω. κύλασσις Ion. κύλλησις, ιος, ὁ, Egyptian bread made from δλίυρα.

κύλλη, ἡ, see κυλλός. Κυλλήνη, ἡ, *Cyllenē*, a mountain in Arcadia: whence Hermes was called Κυλλήηνιος, ὁ.

Κυλλο-ποδίων [ῖ], ονος, ὁ, (κυλλός, ποῦς) maimed of foot, halting, Ep. name of Vulcan.

κυλλός, ἡ, ὄν, crooked, crippled, halt. 2. κυλλή χεῖρ is the hand with the fingers bent to make a bowl for alms; ἐμβαλε κυλλῇ (sub. χεῖρι) put it into the hollow of the hand.

κύλο-οιδιάω, (κύλα, οἰδιάω) to have a swelling below the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights.

κύμα, ατος, τό, (κύω) anything swollen, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, ὡς τὸ κύμα ἐστρωτο when the waves abated. II. like κύημα, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κύμαίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κύμα) to swell or rise in waves, surge, seethe: so also, metaph., of passion. Hence κύματίας, ου, ὁ, Ion. ἰης, (κύμα) surging, billowy. 2. act. causing waves, stormy.

κύματό-ἄγής, ἐς, (κύμα, ἄγρυμ) breaking like waves, stormy.

κύματόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for κυματίας. κύματο-πλήξ, ἥγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύμα, πλήσσω) wave-beaten.

κύματόω, f. ὦσω, (κύμα) to drive the waves over:—Pass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea.

κύματ-ωγή, ἡ, (κύμα, ἄγρυμ) a place where the waves break, beach, strand.

κυμβάλίζω, f. ἴσω, (κύβαλον) to play the cymbals. κύμβαλον, τό, (κύμβος) a cymbal, Lat. *cymbalum*.

κύμβάχος, ον, (κύπτω) head-foremost, Lat. *pro-nus*. II. κύμβαχος, ὁ, as Subst. the crown or top of a helmet, in which the plume is placed.

ΚΥΜΒΗ, ὁ, a hollow vessel: 1. a drinking vessel, cup, bowl. II. a boat, Lat. *cymba*. Hence

κυμβίον, τό, Dim. a small cup. κύμινδις, Ion. name of the bird χαλκίς, the night-hawk; χαλκίδα κυκλήσκουσι θεοί, ἄνδρες δὲ κύμινδιν.

κύμινεω, f. σω, (κύμινον) to strew with cummin. ΚΥΜΙΝΟΝ, τό, *cuminum*, Lat. *cuminum*.

κύμινο-πρίστης, ου, ὁ, (κύμινον, πρίω) a cummin-splitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, churl.

κύμινο-πριστο-καρδάμο-γλύφος, ον, (κυμνοπρίστης, καρδαμογλύφος) a cummin-splitting cress-scraper, of an excessive miser. [ῥ]

κύμα-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κύμα, δέχομαι) receiving or meeting the waves.

κύνα, κύνας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύων. κυνώγεσία, κυνώγετας, Dor. for κυνηγ-κύν-ἄγος, ον, Dor. for κυνηγός, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (κύων, ἄγω) :—dog-leading: hence as Subst. a hunter, huntsman.

κύν-ἄγχη, ἡ, (κύων, ἄγχομαι) cynanché, a bad kind of sore throat. II. a dog-collar.

κύν-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (κύων, ἄγω) a dog-leader, huntsman. κύν-ἄλώπηξ, εκος, ἡ, (κύων, ἄλωπηξ) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fox: applied as a nickname to Cleon.

κύνά-μυια, ἡ, (κύων, μυία) dog-fly, shameless fly. κύνάριον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog, weblep, puppy. [ῥ]

κύνάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. *caninus*. II. as Subst., κύνάς (sub. θρίξ), ἡ, dog's hair, of a bad fence. κύνάω, f. ἴσω, (κύων) to play the Cynic.

κύνή, Att. contr. κυνή, (properly fem. of κύνεος, sub. δορά), ἡ, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap: a helmet of any kind: a bonnet.

κύνει, Ep. for ἐκύνει, 3 sing. impf. of κύνεω. κύνεος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύων) of a dog.

κύνεος, α, ον, (κύων) of or like a dog: metaph. shameless, unabashed.

κύνες, ονο. pl. of κύων. ΚΥΝΕΩ, fut. κύνησομαι, but also κύσω [ῥ], poet. κύσω: aor. I ἐκύσα Ep. κύσα, ἐκυσσα, κύσσα:—to kiss: of doves, to bill. 2. to intreat, beseech.

κύνῃ, ἡ, Att. contr. for κύνῃη. κυνηγεσία, ἡ, = κυνηγέσιον.

κύνηγιον, ἡ, = κυνηγέσιον. κύνηγιον, ἡ, a hunting establishment, huntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the hunt, chase: a hunting-ground. III. that which is taken in hunting, the game. From

κύνηγετέω, f. ἴσω, to hunt: to chase, pursue. 2. to persecute, harass. From

κύν-ηγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. κυνώγετας, (κύων, ἡγήομαι): a hunter, huntsman. Hence

κύνηγετικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for hunting. κύν-ηγέτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of κυνηγέτης, a huntress.

κύνηγια, ἡ, a hunt, chase. From

κύνηγιον, v. sub κυναγός. κύνηδόν, Adv. (κύων) like a dog, greedily.

κύνηποδες, οἰ, (κύων vi, ποῦς) the fetlocks of a horse. Κύνθος, ὁ, *Cynthus*, a mountain in Delos, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis; whence Apollo is called Κύνθιος, *Cynthian*, and Κυνθο-γενής, *Cynthos-born*.

κύνιδιον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog. κύνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κύων) of or like a dog, Lat. *caninus*.

κύνισκη, ἡ, (κύων) a bitep-puppy. κύνισκος, ὁ, (κύων) a young dog, weblep, puppy: metaph. a little Cynic.

κύνο-δρομέω, f. ἴσω, (κύων, δραμεῖν) to run down, chase with dogs: metaph. to hunt after.

κύνο-θαρσής or -θρασύς, ἐς, (κύων, θαρρέω) impudent as a dog.

κῦνο-κέφαλος, *ον*, (κῦνον, κεφαλῆ) *dog-headed*. 2. as Subst., *κυνοκέφαλος, ὁ, the dog-headed ape*.
 κῦνο-κλόπος, *ον*, (κῦνον, κλέπτω) *dog-stealing*.
 κῦνο-κοπέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (κῦνον, κόπτω) *to beat like a dog*.
 κῦνόμια, = κινάμια.

κῦνο-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (κῦνον, πρόσωπον) *dog-faced*.
 κῦνο-ραιστής, *ου, ὁ*, (κῦνον, ραίω) *a dog-tick*.
 κῦνος, *γεν. of κῦνον*.

Κῦνόςαργες, *εος, τό*, *Cynosarges*, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κῦνόςουρα, *ἡ*, (κῦνός, οὐρά) *a dog's-tail*: esp. *the Cynosure*, name of the constellation *Ursa Minor*.
 κῦνο-σπάρτακος, *ον*, (κῦνον, σπάρσσω) *to be dogs*.
 κῦνο-σῦχος, *ὁ*, (κῦνον, ἔχω) *a dog-bolder, dog-leash, slip*.

κῦνό-σφις, *ου, ὁ*, (κῦνον, σφί) = κῦνός ὄμματ' ἔχω, *the dog-eyed*, i. e. *shameless one*:—fem. κῦν-ὠπις, *ιδος, ἡ, the shameless woman*; also *fierce-eyed, terrible*.

κῦνόςουρα, *ἡ*, (κῦνον, βάτος) *dog-torn*, a kind of *wild rose*.

κύντερος, *α, ον*, Comp. Adj. formed from κῦνον, *more dog-like*, i. e. *more shameless, more audacious*:—Sup. κύντατος, *η, ον*, *most shameless*.

κῦνός, *ου, ἡ*, (κῦνον) *a sbe-dog, bitch*.
 κῦν-ὠπις, *ου, ὁ*, (κῦνον, ὠπι) = κῦνός ὄμματ' ἔχω, *the dog-eyed*, i. e. *shameless one*:—fem. κῦν-ὠπις, *ιδος, ἡ, the shameless woman*; also *fierce-eyed, terrible*.

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forward; often in aor. I part. with another Verb, *θέει κῦνας runs with the head down*; *κῦνας ἐσθίει eats stooping*, i. e. *greedily*.

Κῦρβας, *αντος, ὁ*, shortd. form of *Κορύβας*.
 κυρβάσια, *ἡ*, *a Persian bonnet or hat*, with a peaked crown. The king alone wore it upright.

ΚΥΡΒΕΙΣ or κύρβεις, *γεν. κύρβειων, dat. κύρβεσι, triangular tables*, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides.

II. later, any *pillars or tablets with inscriptions*.

III. the *sing. κύρβις* is used later of a *pettifoggling lawyer*.

ΚΥΡΕΩ and ΚΥΡΩ [ῶ]: *impf. ἐκίρουν [ῶ] and ἐκίρουν with Ep. 3 sing. κύρε: fut. κῦρήσω and κύρωσα: aor. I ἐκύρσα [ῶ], inf. κῦρήσαι, part. κῦρήσας; and Ep. ἔκυρσα, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσας*.

I. followed by a case, 1. *dat. to hit, light upon, reach, attain: to meet with, fall in with*; as *λέων σώματι κύρσας*.

2. *dat. with ἐπί or ἐν, as, λέων ἐπὶ σώματι κύρσας = λέων σώματι κύρσας*.

3. *gen. to reach to, as far as: to arrive at, gain, win, obtain*.

4. *acc. to reach, obtain*; also *to find by chance*.

II. *intrans. to happen, come to pass, turn out*.

2. *absol. to be right, hit the exact truth*; with part., *τόδ' ἂν λέγων κῦρήσας you would be right in saying this*.

3. *as auxil. Verb, like τυγχάνω with partic. to turn out, prove, happen to be so and so*; *κυρεῖ ἂν be happens to be*.

κῦρβάζω, *φ. ἴσω*, (akin to *κυρίσω*) *to butt with the horns*: generally, *to strike*. Hence

κῦρβασία, *ἡ*, *a butting: fighting*.

ΚΥΡΗΒΙΑ, *ων, τά, χβαψ, buses, bran*.

Κυρηναῖος, *α, ον*, *of Cyrené*. From

Κυρήνη, *ἡ*, *Cyrené*, the name of a Greek colony in Africa, famous for its breed of horses.

κῦρια, *ἡ*, *the mistress, lady*.

κῦριακός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (κῦριος) *of, belonging to a lord or master*; esp. *belonging to the LORD (CHRIST)*:

hence *ἡ κυριακή* (sub. *ἡμέρα*), *the Lord's day, dies dominica*: *τὸ κυριακόν, the Lord's house*, whence our *kyrk, church*.

κυριεύω, *φ. ἴσω*, *to be lord or master of*. From

κύριος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (κύριος): 1. *of men, having power or authority over, lord or master of, c. gen.: κύριός εἰμι c. inf., I have the right or am entitled to do*.

II. *of things, decisive, valid: critical*.

2. *authorised, ratified*.

3. *of times, fixed, appointed, regular*: at Athens, *κυρία ἐκκλησία an ordinary assembly*, opp. to *σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία* (one specially summoned).

4. *principal, chief*.

5. *esp. of language, strict, literal*.

III. *as Subst., κύριος, ὁ, a lord, master: an owner, possessor*: 2. *ὁ Κύριος = Hebr. יהוה, THE LORD*: in N. T. of CHRIST. Hence

κῦριότης, *ητος, ἡ*, *power, rule, dominion*.

κῦρίσω Att. -τω, *fut. ἴξω, (κύριος) to butt with the horns: also to strike or dash against, of floating bodies*.

κῦριως, Adv. of κύριος, like a lord or master, authoritatively. 2. rightfully, fitly.

κυρκανάω, rare form for κυκανάω.

κύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρω) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, prey, spoil.

ΚΥΡΟΣ, εως, τό, supreme power, authority. II. validity, security. III. as pr. n. Κύρος, ὁ, Cyrus, the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

κῦρώω, f. ὄσω: aor. I ἐκῦρώω:—Pass., aor. I ἐκῦρώθη: pf. κεκῦρώμαι:—to make valid or sure, Lat. ratum facere: to settle, accomplish: to confirm, ratify:—Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., ἐκεκῦρωτο συμβάλλειν it had been decided to engage.

κῦρσαι, κύρσας, aor. I inf. and part. of κῦρω.

κῦρσω, fut. of κῦρω.

κυρτευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (κυρτή) a fisherman.

ΚΥΡΤΗ, ἡ, a fishing-basket, weel, Lat. nassa.

κύρτος, ὁ, = κῦρτη.

ΚΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, curved, bent, arched; ὤμων κυρτοῦ round, bumped shoulders:—convex, opp. to concave.

κυρτός, (κυρτός) to curve, bend, arch.

ΚΥΡΩ, = κυρώ, of which it is the Radic. form. κύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (κυρώ) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment. [ῥ]

κύσα, Ep. for ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κυνέω: inf. κύσαι.

κύσαμένη, aor. I part. med. of κύω.

κύσθος, ὁ, (κῖω) any hollow.

κῦστῖ, dat. pl. of κῖων.

κύστια, Ep. for ἐκῦστια, aor. I of κυνέω.

κύστις, εως and ιος, ἡ, (κῖω) = κύστη, the bladder: generally, a bag, pouch.

κῦσω, fut. of κυνέω.

ΚΥΤΤΟΣ, ὁ, cytisus, a scrubby kind of clover.

κυτμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, a kind of plaster.

κύτο-γάστρω, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύτος, γαστήρ) with capricious belly, capacious.

κύτος, εος, τό, (κῖω) a hollow: a hollow vessel, a vase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis.

κύτρα, κύτρος, Ion. for χύτρ-.

κῦτῆρον, τό, = sq., a pine-cone.

κῦτῆρος, ὁ, (κύτος) any hollow or cavity; κῦτῆρος οὐρανοῦ, the vault of heaven, Lat. cavum coeli: the cell of a honeycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone.

κῦφ-ἄγωγος, ὁ, (κυφός, ἄγω) with arching neck.

κῦφάλος, α, ον, ποῖτ. for κυφός.

κῦφός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέκῦφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed forwards, stooping. Hence

κῦφων, αως, ὁ, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent yoke of the plough. II. a sort of pillory in which animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who has been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

κύψα, κύψας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω.

κυψέλη, ἡ, (κύπη) any hollow vessel: a chest, box, bin (whence Cypselus was called).

Κυψεῖλαι, οἱ, the descendants of Cypselus.

ΚΥΩ, to hold, contain:—I c. acc., like κυνέω, to carry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be

big with young, be pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be

in labour with a thought.

II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐκῦσα, of the male, to impregnate, make to conceive: but in aor. I med. ἐκῦσάμην, to conceive.

ΚΥΩΝ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. κυνός, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα, voc. κύων:—plur. nom. κύνες, gen. κυνῶν, dat. κυνί Ep. κύνησαι, acc. κύνας:—a dog or bitch; κύνες τραπέζης house-dogs, that fed while their master was at table; κύνες θρηναῖα bounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian.

II. a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelessness or audacity.

III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods; so the eagle is Διὸς πτηνός κύων; the griffins also are Ζηνὸς κύνες.

IV. a sea-dog. V. the dog-star.

VI. the felloe-joint of a horse.

κω, Ion. for πω.

κῶας, later contr. κῶς, τό: irreg. pl. nom. and acc.

κῶσα, dat. κῶσαι: (κίμαι):—a soft fleece, sheepskin.

κῶδαριον, τό, Dim. of κῶδιον. [ᾶ]

κῶδεια, ἡ, the bead: the bead of a roffy.

κῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κῶας, a fleece, sheepskin.

ΚΩΔΩΝ, αως, ὁ Att. ἡ, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post; τοῦ κῶδωνος παρενεχθέντος as the bell went its rounds. 2. an alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow. II. the

mouth of a trumpet: also the trumpet itself. Hence

κῶδωνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to try or prove by ringing.

κῶδωνο-κροτος, ον, (κῶδων, κροτέω) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κῶδωνο-φάλαρο-παλος, ον, (κῶδων, φάλαρα, πᾶλος) with bells on his horse's trappings.

κῶδωνο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (κῶδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. κῶδων):—so in Pass., ἀπαντα κῶδωνοφορεῖται everywhere the bell goes round, i. e. the sentinels are challenged.

κῶσα, κῶσει, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of κῶας.

ΚΩΨΩΝ, αως, ὁ, a Laconian earthen drinking-vessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κῶθωνιον, τό, Dim. of κῶθων.

κῶϊλος, α, ον, Aeol. for κοῖλος.

Κῶϊος, α, ον, contr. Κῶος, q. v.

κῶκῦμα, ατος, τό, (κῶκῦα) a sbriek, wail, lament.

κῶκῦτός, ὁ, (κῶκῦα) a shrieking, wailing. II. as pr. n., Κοκῦτός, ὁ, Cocyus, the river of wailing, one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΤΩ, f. ὄσω [ῥ] or ὄσομαι: aor. I ἐκῶκῦσα Ep. κῶκῦσα:—to sbriek, cry, wail, lament.

κωλ-ἀγρέτης or -ἀκρέτης, ου, ὁ, (so called ἐκ τοῦ ἀγείρειν τὰς κωλὰς):—the collector of the fragments at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneum, and the payment of the dicasts.

κωλάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶλον.

κωλή, ἡ, contr. from κωλέα or κωλέα, (κῶλον), the thigh-bone with the flesh, hind-quarter, ham.

κώληψ, ἦτος, ἦ, (κῶλον, κωλή) *the hollow or bend of the knees.*

Κωλιάς (sub. ἄκρα), ἄδος, ἦ, *Colias*, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

ΚΩΛΟΝ, τό, *a limb, member of a body.* II.

generally, *a member or part of anything.* I. of a building, *the side or front.* 2. *one limb or half of the race-course.* 3. *a member or clause of a sentence.*

κωλύμα, ατος, τό, (κωλύω) *a hindrance, obstruction, Lat. impedimentum.* II. *a defence or precaution against a thing.*

κωλύμη, ἦ, = κώλυμα, [ῥ]

κωλυσι-δρομος, η, ον, (κωλύω, δρόμος) *checking the course.*

κωλυτέον, verb. Adj. of κωλύω, *one must hinder.*

κωλυτής, οὔ, δ, (κωλύω) *a hinderer.*

κωλυτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (κωλύω) *hinderer, preventive.*

κωλύω [ῥ]: f. ἴσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐκάλυσα:—Pass., fut. κωλυθήσομαι, but also f. med. κωλύσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐκαλύθην: pf. κεκάλυμαι: (κύλος):—akin to κολούω, *to cut short*: hence *to let, binder*: 1. c. inf. *to binder one from doing, forbid* to do. 2. c. gen. rei, *to let or binder one from a thing.* 3. c. acc. rei, *to binder, prevent* a thing. 4. absol., esp. in part., ὁ κωλύων *one to binder, a preventer*; τὸ κωλύον *a hindrance*; also οὐ κωλύει *there is no hindrance.* II. Pass. *to be hindered.*

κῶμα, ατος, τό, (κεῖμαι, κοιμάω) *a deep, sound sleep, Lat. sopor.* 2. *a lethargy, a trance.*

κωμάω: fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι: aor. I ἐκώμασα: pf. κευμάκα: Dor. pres. κωμάσδω, f. ἄζομαι, aor. I ἐκώμαξα: (κῶμος):—*to go about with a company of revellers, revel, make merry.* 2. *to celebrate*

a κῶμος or merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the games, *to join in these festivities*: *to honour or celebrate in or with the κῶμος.* 2. generally, *to visit or break in upon in the manner of revellers*: *to burst in, force a way in.*

κωμ-άρχης, ου, δ, (κῶμη, ἄρχω) *the head of a village.*

κωμάσδω, Dor. for κωμάζω.

κωμοστής, οὔ, δ, (κωμάζω) *a reveller, merry-maker*:—of Bacchus, *the jolly god.*

κωμοστῶρ, οπος, ὁ, ποίη, for κωμοστής.

ΚΩΜΗ, ἦ, = Lat. vicus, *an unwalled village or country town*, a Dor. word = the Att. δῆμος; κατὰ κῶμας οἰκεῖσθαι *to dwell in villages*, as opp. to walled towns. II. of a city, *a quarter, ward, district.*

Hence

κωμηδόν, Adv. *in villages*, Lat. vicatim.

κωμητής, ου, δ, (κῶμη) *a villager, countryman.* II. in a city, *one of the same ward*, Lat. vicinus: generally, *an inhabitant.*

κωμητίς, ιδος, fem. of κωμητής.

κωμικεύομαι, Dep. *to speak like a comic poet.* From κωμικός, ἦ, ὄν, (κῶμος) *of or for comedy, comic.*

κωμό-πολις, εως, ὁ, (κῶμη, πόλις) *a village-town, a town built in a straggling way.*

κῶμος, οὔ, δ, (κῶμη) *a revel, carousal, merrymaking, Lat. comessatio*, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned heads, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κῶμοι, *festal processions*, in honour of several gods, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at the games. II. *the band of revellers*; metaph. *any riotous band or company.* III. *the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.*

κωμωδέω, f. ἦσω, (κωμῶδός) *to represent in a comedy*: *to ridicule, caricature*:—Pass. *to be so satirised.*

κωμωδία, ἦ, (κωμωδέω) *a comedy*: *a mirthful spectacle or exhibition.* There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence

κωμωδικός, ἦ, ὄν, *of or for comedy, comic.*

κωμωδό-γελῶς, ωτος, ὁ, (κωμῶδός, γέλως) *a comic actor.*

κωμωδο-γράφος, ὁ, (κωμῶδός, γράφω) *a comic writer.*

κωμωδοδιδασκάλια, ἦ, *the rehearsing a comedy with the actors*: generally, *the comic poet's art.* From

κωμωδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (κωμῶδός, διδάσκαλος) *a comic poet*, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.

κωμωδο-λοιχέω, f. ἦσω, (κωμῶδός, λείχω) *to play the parasite and buffoon.*

κωμωδο-ποιητής, οὔ, δ, and

κωμωδο-ποιός, ὁ, (κωμῶδός, ποιέω) *a maker of comedies, comic poet.*

κωμῶδός, ὁ, (κῶμη, αἰδός) *a comedian*: 1. *a comic actor.* 2. *a comic poet.*

κωμωδο-τραγῳδία, ἦ, (κωμῶδός, τραγῳδία) *a tragic-comedy.*

ΚΩΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, *hemlock*, Lat. cicuta. 2. *hemlock juice*, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.

κωνίον, τό, Dim. of κῶνος, *a small cone.*

κωνίτης [ῥ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ιδος, *extracted from pine-cones.*

ΚΩΝΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *a pine-cone, fir-cone*:—as fem. *a pine or fir tree.* 2. *the cone or peak of a helmet.*

κωνο-φόρος, ον, (κῶνος, φέρω) *cone-bearing*, as pines, etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a *pine-cone* on the point.

κωνοπέιον, τό, = κωνοπέων, Lat. conopium.

κωνοπέων, ἄνος, ὁ, (κῶνωψ) *an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.*

ΚΩΝΩΨ, ωπος, ὁ, *a gnat*, Lat. culex.

Κῶος, *a ov, of, from the island Cos, Coan.* II. ὁ Κῶος, often written κῶος (sub. Βόλος), *the biggest throw with the dice, counting six*, opp. to Χῖος, which counted one: hence the proverb, Κῶος πρὸς Χῖον.

κωπέυς, εως, ὁ, (κῶπη) *a piece of wood fit for an oar, a spar for an oar.*

κωπέω, f. σω, (κῶπη) *to propel with oars.* 2. *to fit out with oars.*

κῶπη, ἦ, (from κᾰπτω, capio, as λαβή from λαμβάνω) *any bundle, as the bundle of an oar*: then, *the oar itself.* 2. *the bundle or baft of a sword, the*

bill, Lat. *manubrium*. 3. *the bundle of a key*. 4. *the bundle or haft of a torch*. Hence κωπήεις, εσσα, εν, *billed*. κωπηλάτew, f. ήσω, to row: to move like an oar, move backwards and forwards. From κωπ-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (κώπη, έλαύνω) a rower, Lat. *remex*.

κωπ-ήρης, es, (κώπη, άραρwν) furnished with oars. II. *holding the oar*.

κωπίον, τό, Dim. of κώπη, a small oar.

κώρα, Dor. for κούρη, κύρη.

κώριον, Dor. for κούριον, κύριον.

κώρος, κώρος, Dor. for κούρος, κούρη.

ΚΩΡΥΚΟΣ, ό, a leathern sack or wallet with provisions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting at, like the quintain.

Κώρυκος, ό, *Corycus*, a promontory of Cilicia, with a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi.

Κῶς Ep. Κόως, ή, gen. Κῶ, the island Cos, in the Aegean sea, opposite Caria.

κῶς, Ion. for πῶς: but enclit. κῶς, Ion. for πῶς.

κωτiλλοίσαι, Dor. part. pl. fem. of κωτiλλω.

ΚΩΤΥΛΛΩ, to prate, chatter, Lat. *garrire*: to *weedle*, *coax*. II. trans. to *chatter* to, *talk over*.

Hence

κωτίλος, η, ον, *chattering, prattling*: of a swallow, *twittering*. II. *coaxing, weedling*. [τ]

κωφάω, f. άσω, (κωφός) to make deaf or dumb. II. to *dull*, *blunt*.

κωφός, ή, όν, (κόπτω) *blunt*, opp. to όξύς. II. of the senses, 1. *dumb*, Lat. *mutus*; κωφόν κύμα a noiseless wave, before it breaks; of men, *dumb*, *mute*, *speechless*; also *insensate, unmeaning*.

2. also *dull of bearing, deaf*, Lat. *surdus*. 3. *dull of mind, stupid, obtuse*.

κῶχeto, by crasis for καί ᾤχετο, impf. of οἴχομαι.

κῶψον, by crasis for καί ὄψον.

Λ

Λ, λ, λάμβδα or λάβδα, τό, indecl., eleventh letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral λ' = 30, but λ = 30,000. The Lacedaemonians bore Δ upon their shields, as the Sicyonians Σ, the Messenians Μ.

Changes of λ: I. Dor. into ν, as ήνθον φίντατος for ήλθον φίλτατος: whereas the Att. prefers λ, as λίτρον πλεύμων for νίτρον πνεύμων.

II. Ion., λ beginning a word is dropped, as εἴβω for λείβω, αἰψήρῳς for λαιψήρῳς. III. Ep. poets use λλ for λ, esp. after the augment, as έλλαβε for έλαβε; and in compds., where the latter part begins with λ, as in τρίλλιστος.

IV. Att., λ is sometimes changed into ρ, as κρίβανος for κλίβανος, ναύκραπος for ναύκληρος. V. Aeol. δ is sometimes changed into λ, as Lat. *lacryma* corresponded to δάκρυον, *olere*

to όζειν, όδ-ωδέναι. VI. in some words γ and λ are interchanged, as in μόγης and μόλις. VII. ν before λ becomes λ, as in συλλαμβάνω παλίλλογος έλλείπω.

ΛΑ, insep. Prefix with *intensive* force (like λαί-, λι-, δα-, ζα-), e. g. in λά-μαχος *very* warlike, λα-κατάρματος *much* accursed.

ΛΑΨΑΣ, ό, gen. λάος, dat. λαῖ, acc. λάαν: plur., gen. λάων, dat. λάεσι Ep. λάεσσι:—in Att. also contr. nom. λάσ, acc. λάν:—a gen. λάον also occurs: Lat. *LAPIS*, a stone. II. a *rock, crag*.

λαβείν Ion. λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λαβέν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω: but λάβεβ, Ep. 3 sing.

λάβεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

λαβή, ή, (λαβείν) *the part to bold by, a handle, haft, bill*; λαβήν δούναι to give one a grip or bold, metaphor., to give one a handle, something to lay bold of, Lat. *ansam praebere*. II. *the act of grasping, a taking, acceptance*.

λαβήν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάβησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.

λαβοῖσα, Dor. aor. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω.

λαβρ-ᾄγόρης, ου, ό, Att. -αγόρας, (λάβρος, άγορεύω) a bold, rash talker, braggart.

λάβραξ, ακος, ό, (λάβρος) a sea-wolf.

λαβρεύομαι, Dep. (λάβρος) to talk boldly, brag, vaunt.

λαβρο-πόδις, ου, ό, (λάβρος, ποίς) rapid of foot, impetuous.

λαβροποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink hard. From

λαβρο-πότης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πίνω) a hard drinker.

ΛΑΒΡΟΣ, ον, furious, boisterous, blustering, vehement. 2. of persons, boisterous, furious, turbulent: also gluttonous, greedy.

λαβροστομέω, (λαβρόστομος) to talk boldly. Hence λαβροστομία, ή, bold, rash talking.

λαβρό-στομος, ον, (λάβρος, στόμα) talking rashly.

λαβροσύνη, ή, (λάβρος) boisterousness: also greediness.

λαβρό-σutos, ον, (λάβρος, σέω) rushing furiously.

λάβρος, Adv. of λάβρος, violently, greedily.

λαβύρινθος, ό, a labyrinth, maze, a large building with intricate passages intersecting each other: the earliest was that of Crete. II. anything of spiral or twisted shape. (Foreign word.)

λαβύρινθ-ώτης, es, (λαβύρινθος, είδος) like a labyrinth, intricate.

λάβω, λαβών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω.

λαγάρizw, f. σω, (λαγαρός) to make slack or hollow:—Med. to become hollow or gaunt from hunger.

λαγάρός, ά, όν, slack, hollow, sunken. II. slack, pliant, flexible. (Akin to λαταρός.) Hence

λαγάρωω, = λαγαρίζω: Pass. to become slack or loose.

λάγδην, Adv. (λάζω, λακτίζω) = λάξ, with the heel.

λάγιος, ον, also -α, ον, (λαγός, λαγός) of or from a hare.

λα-γέτης, ου, Dor. λαγίτες, α, ὁ, (λαός, ἡγήομαι) leader of the people.

ΛΑΤΗΝΟΣ, ὁ, a flagon, Lat. lagena.

λάγιος, η, ου, (λαγίος) of or from a bare.

λαγίον, τό, Dim. of λαγίος, a leveret.

λαγνεία, lewdness, lust, desire. From

ΛΑΤΝΟΣ, ου, lewd, lustful.

λαγο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (λαγίος, δαίω) bare-devourer.

λαγο-θήρας, ου, ὁ, (λαγίος, θηρῶ) a bare-hunter.

Hence

λαγοθηρῶ, to hunt bares.

λαγοκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to kill bares. From

ΛΑΓΟΨ, ου, ὁ, collat. form of λαγός, a bare.

λάγυος, ὁ, also ἦ, = λαγγου. [Later also ὕ.]

ΛΑΓΧΑΝΩ: fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάξομαι: aor. 2 ἐλάχον Ep. ἐλλάχον: pf. ἐίληχα pres. λέλογχα:—Pass., aor. I ἐλήχθην: pf. εἴληγμαi:—to obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχύνει to have a post assigned one by lot. 2. to have assigned to one, to have for one's share; esp. of the gods, κῆρ λάχε γεινόμενον Fate had him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by inheritance, succeed to.

3. absol. to draw lots: to obtain an office by lot, to cast lots for: c. inf., ὁ λαχῶν πολεμαρχεῖν he who had the lot to be polemarch: absol., ὁ λαχῶντες those on whom the lot fell. 4. as Att. law-term, λαχῶνεν δίκην τινί to sue one at law: hence, λαγχανεῖν τοῦ κλήρου (sc. δίκην) to sue for one's inheritance.

II. with partitive gen., to receive a share of, become possessed of a thing. III. Causal, in Ep. redupl. aor. 2 λέλαχον, to put in possession of; λελαχέν τινα πυρός to grant one the right of funeral fire.

IV. intr. to fall to one's lot or share: to be assigned by lot.

λαγω-βόλον, τό, (λαγίος, βάλλω) a staff for flinging at bares, also used as a shepherd's crook, Lat. pedum: and

λαγωδάριον and λαγῶδιον, τό, Dim. of λαγίος, a leveret.

ΛΑΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ἦ, also ὁ, poet. dat. pl. λαγόνεσσι, any hollow: esp. like κενεῖον, the hollow part below the ribs, the flank: in pl. λαγόνες, the flanks, loins.

λαγω-βόλος, ου, (λαγίος, βαλεῖν) biting bares.

ΛΑΤΩΝΟΣ, ου, ὁ, Ep. for λαγίος, λαγός, a bare.

λαγῶς, α, ου, contr. for λαγῶεις, (λαγίος) of or from a bare:—τὰ λαγῶα (sub. κρέα) bare-flesh, roast bare, and generally, dainties, delicacies.

ΛΑΤΩΣ, ὁ, gen. λαγῶ, acc. λαγῶν and λαγός: Ep. nom. λαγῶς, ου, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS, a bare.

λάδανον, τό, = λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see.

λάε, dual nom. of λάας a stone.

λάεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λάας a stone.

λαζεῦ, Dor. imperat. of λάξομαι.

λάξομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, seize, grasp, catch, hold; λάξεσθαι τινα ἀγκύς to take one in the arms: metaph., μῆθον πάλιν λάξεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.

λάξυμαι, collat. form of λάξομαι.

λάθα, ἦ, Dor. for λήθη.

λάθ-άνεμος, ου, (λήθη, άνεμος) Dor. for ληθάνεμος, escaping the wind.

λάθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λανθάνω.

λάθεμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of λανθάνω.

λάθεσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω.

λάθι-κηδής, ἐς, (λαθεῖν, κηδος) banishing care.

λάθι-πονος, ου, (λήθω, πόνος) forgetful of sorrow, grief; βίος του ὀδυνῶν λαθίπονος, a life forgetting, i. e. exempt from, pain.

λάθι-φθογγος, ου, (λαθεῖν, φθογγή) robbing of voice, striking dumb, epith. of death.

λαθοῖατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

λάθος, εος, τό, Dor. for λήθος, = λήθη.

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

λαθραῖος, α, ου, also εος, ου, secret, hidden, stealthy, covert. Adv. -ως, Sup. λαθραιότατα.

λάθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att. λάθρῃ: (λαθεῖν): secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. without one's knowledge; Καθμεῖων λάθρα without the knowledge of the Cadmeans.

λάθρηδόν, Adv. = λάθρη.

λαθρίδιος, α, ου, poet. for λάθριος. Adv. -ως. [r]

λάθριος, ου, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtive.

λαθρο-βόλος, ου, (λάθρα, βαλεῖν) biting secretly.

λαθρο-δάκτυλος, ου, ὁ, (λάθρα, δάκνω) biting secretly. λαθρό-πονος, ὁ, ἦ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (λάθρα, ποῦς) stealthy-paced, silent-footed.

λάθω, λάθων, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω.

λαί-, insepr. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λαῖγξ, ἴγρος, ἦ, Dim. of λάας, a pebble.

λαί-αργος, ου, = λήθαργος.

λαϊκάω, f. ἄσομαι, (ληκω) to wench.

λαικαστής, ου, ὁ, (λαϊκάω) a wencher: fem. λαϊκάστρια, a barlot.

ΛΑΙΓΛΑΨ, ἄπος, ἦ, a tempest, storm, hurricane.

λαῖμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on λήμα, αἷμα, and λαίμυς.

λαί-μαργος, ου, (λαί-, μάργος) greedy, gluttonous. II. talkative.

λαίμασσω Att. -τω, (λαίμυς) to swallow greedily, bolt, devour: intr. to be greedy.

λαιμη-τόμος, ου, poet. for λαιμοτόμος.

λαιμο-δάκτυς, ἐς, (λαίμυς, δακείν) throat-biting.

λαιμοπέδη, ἦ, (λαίμυς, πέδη) a dog-collar. II. a springe for catching birds.

λαιμο-ρῦτός, ου, (λαίμυς, μέω) gushing from the throat.

ΛΑΙΜΟΣ, ου, ὁ, the throat, gullet.

λαιμό-τητος, ου, (λαίμυς, τητός) with the throat cut or severed.

λαιμο-τόμος, ου, (λαίμυς, τεμείν) throat-cutting. II.

pass. **λαιμότομος**, *ον*, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

λαῖνεος, *α, ον*, = **λαῖνος**. [r]

λαῖνος, *η, ον*, (**λαῖος**) of stone, stony; **λαῖνον ἔσσο χιτῶνα** thou hadst put on coat of stone, i. e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαῖον, *τό*, Dor. for **λίον**.

λαῖός, *ά, ύν*, left; **λαῖός χειρός** on the left hand; *so πρόσ λαία χερί*; ἐπὶ λαίον on the left.

λαιο-τόμιος, *φ. ήσω*, (**λαῖον**, **τεμείν**) to plough land: **λαιστήριον**, *τό*, (**λάσιος**) a shield or target lighter than the ἀσπίς, covered with raw hides.

ΛΑΙΓΓΜΑ, *τό*, the deep sea.

ΛΑΙΓΦΟΣ, *τό*, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαιψιρό-δρομος, *ον*, (**λαιψρός**, **δραμείν**) swift-running.

λαιψρός, *ά, ύν*, (**λαι-**, **ψάρω**) light-footed, swift.

λαῖκόζω, = **λακέω**, **λάσσω**, to shout, bowl.

Λάκαινα, *ή, fem.* of **Λάκων**, Lat. *Lacaena*, *Laconian*.

2. (sub. **γυνή**), a *Laconian woman*.

Λακαινᾶν, Dor. gen. pl. of **Λάκαινα**.

Λεκάκη, late form for **λεκάνη**.

λα-καταπύγων, *ον*, (**λα-**, **καταπύγων**) very lustful. [v]

λάκε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of **λάσσω**.

Λακεδαίμων, *ονος, ή*, *Lacedaemon*, the capital of *Laconia*; also *Laconia* itself.

λακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of **λάσσω**.

λακεύρα, *ή*, (**λακέω**) one that cries; **λακεύρα κορώνη** a cawing crow; **λακεύρα κύνων** a yelping dog.

λακῆω, Dor. for **λημέω**.

λακῆσω, fut. of **λάσσω**.

λακίζω, *φ. ήσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to rend, tear.

λακίς, *ιδος, ή*, (**λάσσω**) a rent, tearing, rending; **λακίδες πέπλων** ragged robes, tatters.

λακίσμα, *ατος, τό*, (**λακίζω**) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

λακιστός, *ή, ύν*, (**λακίζω**) torn, rent; **μόρος λακιστός** death by rending.

λακκό-προκτος, *ον*, (**λάκκος**, **προκτός**) a lewd person, an adulterer.

λακκό-πύγος, *ον*, (**λάκκος**, **πυγή**) = **λακκόπρωκτος**.

ΛΑΚΚΟΣ, *ό, any hollow*, a hole, pit: a cistern, tank: also a cellar, storehouse: a pond: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. *vivarium*.

λάκος, wrong form of **λάκκος**.

λακ-πάτητος, *ον*, (**λάξ**, **πατέω**) trampled under foot, trodden down. [πᾶ]

λακτίσω, *φ. ήσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (**λάξ**) to kick with the heel or foot, stamp or trample on; **λακτίσειν τὸν πεσόντα** to trample on the fallen.

2. absol. to kick; **λακτίσειν πρὸς κέντρα** to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throb. Hence

λακτίσμα, *τό*, a kick: a trampling on.

λακτιστής, *ου, ό*, (**λακτίω**) one who tramples; **λακτιστής ληνὸν** a treader of the wine-press.

Λάκων, *ονος, ό*, a *Laconian* or *Lacedaemonian*; and as Adj. *Laconian*: fem. **Λάκαινα**. Hence

Λακωνίζω, *φ. ήσω*, to imitate the *Lacedaemonians* in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak *Laconically*. II.

to be in the *Laconian* interest. Hence

Λακωνικός, *ή, ύν*, *Laconian*; τὸ **Λακωνικὸν** the *Laconian* people:—**ή Λακωνική**, I. (sub. **γῆ**), *Laconia*.

2. (sub. **κρηπίς**), a kind of man's shoe.

Λακωνίς, *ιδος, fem.* of **Λακωνικός**, I. (sub. **γυνή**), a *Laconian woman*.

2. (sub. **γῆ**), the *Laconian* land.

Λακωνισμός, *ός*, (**Λακωνίζω**) the imitation of the *Lacedaemonians* in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the *Laconian* interest, *Laconism*.

Λακωνιστής, *ου, ό*, (**Λακωνίζω**) one who imitates or takes part with the *Lacedaemonians*, a *Laconizer*.

Λακωνο-μᾶνός, (**Λάκων**, **μᾶνναι**) to be mad after the *Lacedaemonians*, to have a *Laconomania*.

λαλαγεύντες, **λαλαγεύντι**, Dor. for **λαλαγοῦντες**, **λαλαγοῦσι**, pres. part. and ind. of **λαλαγέω**.

λαλάγω, *φ. ήσω*, (**λαλέω**) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, *ατος, τό*, (**λαλαγέω**) a prattling, babbling.

λαλάγω, to prattle, babble, of water. From

λάλαξ, (**λαλέω**) a prattler, babbler.

λαλεῦμες, Dor. pres. ind. of **λαλέω**.

ΛΑ' ΔΕ' Ω, *φ. ήσω*, to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, *τό*, talk. II. a talker, prater.

λαλήτεος, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of **λαλέω**, to be talked of.

λαλήτης, *ου, ό*, (**λαλέω**) a talker, prater.

λαλήτικός, *ή, ύν*, (**λαλέω**) given to talking.

λαλήτρις, *ιδος, ή*, fem. of **λαλήτης**, a gossip.

λαλιά, *ή*, (**λαλέω**) talking, chat, gossip. II. a form of speech, dialect.

λάλιος, *α, ον*, poet. for **λάλος**.

λάλλαι, *αί*, (**λαλέω**) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλος, *ον*, (**λαλέω**) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp. **λαλίστερος**, Sup. **λαλίστατος**.

λαμό, Heb. for *what? why?*

Λαμαχ-ίππιον, *τό*, (**Λάμαχος**, **ίππιον**) name for *Lamachus*, little jockey *Lamacchus*.

λά-μάχος, *ον*, (**λά-**, **μάχη**) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

λαμβάνω: fut. **λήψομαι** Ion. **λάμφομαι** Dor. **λαψούμαι**, —*ύναμι*:—aor. 2 **ἔλαβον** Ep. **ἔλλαβον** Ion. **λάβεσκον**, imperat. **λάβε**, inf. **λαβεις**, part. **λαβών**, *ουσα, ύν*:—pf. **εἴληφα** Ion. **ελεδάθηκα**: pl. pf. **εἰλήφειν**:—Med., aor. 2 **ελαβόμεν**, Ep. redupl. inf. **ελεαβέσθαι**: Pass., fut. **ληφθήσομαι**: aor. I **ἐλήφθην** Ion. **ἐλάμφθην**: pf. **εἰλημμαι** poet. **ἐλέημμαι** Ion. **ἐλαμμαι**.

To take, take bold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, **τὴν πτερυγος λάβειν** he caught her by the wing:—metaph., **φρενὶ λαβεῖν** to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend:—Med. to keep bold of, grasp tight: also to get bold of, make one's own: metaph., **λαβέσθαι τῶν ὄρων** to take to the hills. II.

to catch, come upon, overtake: of things, to take away, carry off.

2. Att. to meet with, find, find out, detect.

III. to take in, receive hospitably, entertain.

IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire.

λამβάνειν τινά ὀρκίσι to bind one by oath. VI. metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense.

VII. to have given one, receive, get: in Med. to have to wife.

2. of a woman, to conceive. 3. δίκην λαβεῖν to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. *sumere poenas*: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment, Lat. *dare poenas*.

λάμβδα, τό, indecl., v. sub λ.

Λάμια, ἡ, (λάμος) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

λαμπαδῆ-δρομία, ἡ, (λαμπάς, ὄρομος) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried lighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like honour.

λαμπαδηφορία, ἡ, a carrying of torches, = λαμπαδηδρομία. From

λαμπαδῆ-φόρος, ον, (λαμπάς, φέρω) torch-bearing: as Subst., λαμπαδηφόρος, ὁ, a torch-bearer.

λαμπαδίον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάς, a small torch.

II. a bandage for wounds.

λαμπαδ-οῦχος, ον, (λαμπάς, ἔχω) torch-carrying, bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp.

2. the torch-race, like λαμπαδηδρομία. II. as Adj., poet. fem. of λαμπρός, gleaming with torches.

λάμπσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λάμπω.

λαμπετάω, poet. for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ep. part. λαμπετών.

λαμπέτις, ον, ὁ, fem. λαμπέτις, ἴδος, (λάμπω) the lustrous one.

ΛΑΜΠΗ, ἡ, the scum or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (λάμπω) lustre.

Λάμπος, ὁ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λάμπ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οὐρά) bright-tailed: as a dog's name, Firetail.

λαμπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμπω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρόν ὕδωρ limpid water.

2. of the voice, clear, distinct. 2. of the wind, fresh, keen. 3. metaph. evident, clear, manifest. II. of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence

λαμπρότης, ητος, ἡ, brilliancy, splendour. II. metaph. distinction, splendour = munificence.

λαμπροφωνία, ἡ, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρό-φωνος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced.

λαμπρύνω, f. ἴνω: Med., aor. I ἐλαμπρύνωμην:—Pass., 3 sing. pf. ἐλαμπρύνωται:—(λαμπρός):—to make bright or brilliant. II. Med. to pride oneself on a thing: to distinguish oneself in. III. Pass. to become bright; λαμπρύνεσθαι ὁμμασιν to be-

come clear-sighted. 2. to be or become clear, evident, notorious.

λαμπρῶς, Adv. of λαμπρός, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

λαμπτήος, ον, Ion. for ληπτέος, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ, ητος, ὁ, (λάμπω) a stand or grate for burning wood in: a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch, lamp.

λαμπτηρ-ουχία, ἡ, (λαμπτήρ, ἔχω) a holding of torches; λαμπτηρουχία the beacon-watches.

λαμπτήρσι, dat. pl. of λαμπτήρ.

ΛΑΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐλαμψα: pf. ἐέλαμπα:—to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant. 2. of sound, to be clear, ring loud and clear. 3. metaph. to shine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious. II.

trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine.

λάμψυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμος) yawning, profound. II. voracious, gluttonous. III. metaph. bold, wanton: of women, coquetish: wayward, arch. Hence

λαμψρός, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμψρότερον.

λαμφθῆναι, Ion. aor. I pass. inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάμψομαι, Ion. for λήθομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

λανθάνω or ΔΗ'ΘΩ, whence the tenses are formed: fut. λήσω Dor. λᾶσῶ: aor. 2 ἐλάθω: pf. ἐέληθα:

plqrfl. ἐέληθον:—to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed; c. acc. pers., λάθεν Ἔκτορα he escaped the notice of Hector.

2. with part., λανθάνει κλέπταιν he escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where λανθάνω is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part., as, μη διαφθαρεῖς λάθη lest he perish without himself knowing it; and with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, ἔως σπαντὸν λάθη διαπραγείεις until thou mayest not observe thyself having burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself aware of it. II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I ἐέλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 λελᾶθον, subj. λελᾶθη:—to make to forget: hence, III. Med. and Pass.

λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λᾶσεῦμαι paullo-post fut. λελήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλάθωμην: aor. I pass. ἐέλησθην: pf. ἐέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. ἐέλασμαι part. ἐέλασμένος:—to forget, lose the memory of.

λανός, λανῶ, Dor. for ληνός, ληνοῦ.

ΛΑ΄Ξ, Adv. with the heel or foot; λάξ πατεῖσθαι to be trodden under foot.

λαξευτός, ἡ, ὄν, bewn in stone. From

λαξεύω, (λαξ, ξέω) to cut stones: to bewn in stone.

λάξις, (λάξομαι) an allotment of land.

ἀξίς, ιος, ὁ, Dor. for λῆξις, cessation.

ἀξίζομαι, Ion. for λῆζομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

λαο-δάμυς, αντος, ὁ, (λαός, δαμάω) man-subduing.

λαο-ξόος, ον, (λαός, ξέω) stone-cutting: as Subst., λαοξόος, ὁ, a sculptor.

λαο-παθής, ἐς, (λαός, παθεῖν) suffered by the people.

λαο-πόρος, ον, (λαός, πέρος) conveying the people.

ΛΑΟ΄Σ, οὔ, ὅ, Ion. ληός Att. λεός:—the people:

—in the II. *the soldiery, host, army*; also a *land-army* opp. to a fleet; also *the common men* opp. to their leaders. II. in plur. λαοί, *the subjects* of a prince.

λάος, irreg. gen. of λάας, a stone.

λαο-σεβής, ές, (λαός, σεβομαι) *revered by the people*.

λαο-σόςος, ον, (λαός, σείω) *rousing or stirring nations*.

λαο-τέκτων, ονος, ό, (λάας, τέκτων) *a worker in stone, mason*.

λαο-τινάκτος, ον, (λάας, τινάσσω) *stirred by a stone*.

λαο-τρόφος, ον, (λαός, τρέφω) *nourishing the people*.

λαο-τύπος, ον, (λάας, τύπτω) *cutting stones*: as Subst., λαοτύπος, ό, *a stone-cutter, stone-mason*.

λαο-φθόρος, ον, (λαός, φθείρω) *ruining the people*.

λαο-φόνος, ον, (λαός, *φένω) *slaying the people*.

λαο-φόρος Att. λεω-φόρος, ον, (λαός, φέρω) *bearing people*; λαοφόρος όδος *a road, highway*.

λαπάζω, f. ζω, = ἀλαπάζω, *to plunder, spoil, pillage*: also, *to carry off*.

λαπάρῃ Ion. -ρη, ή, *the soft part of the body between the ribs and hips, the flank, loins*, Lat. *ilia*. Properly fem. of λαπαρός.

λαπαρός, ά, όν, (λαπάω) *slack, loose, relaxed*.

ΛΑΤΗΗ, ή, *pblegm*, Lat. *pituita*: metaph., *ἀνηλίω λάτῃ* in sunless damp, cf. Virgil's *loca senta situ*. [ά]

λατήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of λάττω.

Λαπίθαι, οί, *the Lapithae*, a Thessalian people in the heroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs. [τ]

λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. I έλαβα: pf. λέλαφα:—*to lap with the tongue*, like Lat. *lampo*: generally, *to drink, drain, suck*. (Formed from the sound.)

λαρῖνός, ή, όν, (λαρός) *fatted, fat*.

λαρίς, ίδος, ή, = λάρος, *a gull*.

Λάρισσα Ion. Ληρ-, ή, *Larissa*, name of many old Greek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly. Hence

Λαρίσσαιος, ά, ον, *Larissaeon, of or from Larissa*.

λαρκίδιον, τό, Dim. of λάρκος. [κί]

ΛΑΨΚΟΣ, ό, *a basket for charcoal, a coal-basket*.

ΛΑΨΝΑΞ, άκος, ή, *a coffer, box, chest*: a cinerary urn: *an ark*.

ΛΑΨΟΣ, ό, *a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant*. [ά, except in one passage.]

ΛΑΨΟΣ, ά, όν, *dainty, sweet, pleasant*:—irreg. Sup. λαρώτατος: but the reg. Comp. λαρότερον occurs as Adv.

λαρυγγιάω, (λαρύνξ) *to scream, screech*.

λαρυγγίζω, Att. fut. ιώ, (λαρύνξ) *to bawl, bel-low*. II. *to outdo in shouting*.

ΛΑΡΤΙΞ, gen. υγγος, ό, *the larynx or upper part of the windpipe*: also *the gullet, throat*.

λάς, λάος, ό, *a stone*, Att. contr. for λάας.

ΛΑΣΑΝΟΝ, τό, always in pl. *a trivet or stand for a pot, a gridiron*. II. Lat. *lasanum, a night-stool*. [λά]

λάσδεο, Dor. for λάζω, imperat. of λάζομαι.

λασεύμαι, Dor. for λήσομαι, fut. med. of λαθάνω: I pl. λασεύμεθα, for ληρούμεθα.

ΛΑΨΘΗ, ή, *mockery, insult*.

λασθήμεν, Dor. for λασθήναι, λησθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λαθάνω.

λασι-αύχην, ενος, (λάσιος, αύχήν) *with sbaggy neck*.

λασιό-θριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (λάσιος, θρίξ) *sbaggy-haired*.

λάσιος, ά, ον, Att. os, ον, *sbaggy with hair or wool, hairy*. II. *sbaggy with bushes, bushy*. (Akin to δασύς.) [ά] Hence

λασιό-στερνος, ον, (λάσιος, στέρνον) *with hairy chest*.

ΛΑΣΚΩ, (the tenses formed from obsol. *λάκω, λάκω): fut. λάκῃσομαι: aor. I έλάκησα [ά]: aor. 2 έλάκων, inf. λάκειν: pf. λέλακα Ion. λέληκα, Ep. part. fem. λελάκῳ:—Med., aor. 2 έλάκωμην, Ep. redupl. λελακώμην, whence 3 plur. λελάκοντο [ά]:—*to ring, clasp, crash, crackle*: of axes, *to creak*: commonly of things, but also

II. of animals, *to sbriek, scream*: of dogs, *to bowl, bay*. III. of men, *to speak loud, shout, shout forth*: rarely *to sing*.

λασώ Dor. for λήσω, fut. of λαθάνω.

ΛΑΤΑΞ, άγος, ή, *a drop of wine*.

Λατο-γενής, ές, (Λατώ, *γένω) *born of Latona*.

λατομέω, f. ήσω, (λατόμος) *to quarry stones*. Hence

λατομία, ή, *a stone-quarry*.

λα-τόμος, ό, (λάς, τέμνω) *a stone-cutter, quarry-man*.

λατρεία, ή, (λατρεύω) *bired labour, service, servitude*: esp. *the service of the gods, worship*.

λατρευμα, τό, *bired service, servitude*: esp. *service paid to the gods, worship*. II. *a slave*. From

λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτρις) *to work for hire or pay*. 2. *to serve, be bound or enslaved to*, c. dat. pers.: but also c. acc. pers. *to serve*. 2. *to serve the gods, c. dat*.

λάτριος, ά, ον, *of a servant or service*. From

λάτρις, ιος, ό and ή, *a bired servant*, Lat. *latro*: generally, *a servant, slave*.

ΛΑΤΡΟΝ, τό, *pay, hire*; *λάτρων άπερθε* without rent or quitance.

λαυκάνη, ή, = λαίμος, *the throat*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΛΑΥΡΑ Ion. λαύρη, ή, *an alley, lane, narrow passage between houses*: also *a pass between rocks, ravine, defile*. II. *a sewer, drain*.

λαφύγιός, ό, (λαφύσσω) *greediness, gluttony*.

ΛΑΨΤΡΑ, τά, *spoils taken in war*, Lat. *spolia*.

λαφύρ-αγωγέω, f. ήσω, *to make booty of*. From

λαφύρ-αγωγός, όν, (λάφυρα, άγω) *carrying off booty*.

λαφύροπώλέω, f. ήσω, *to sell booty*. From

λαφύρο-πώλης, ον, ό, (λάφυρα, πωλέω) *a retailer of booty*, Lat. *sector*.

λαφύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ζω, (λάπτω) *to swallow greedily, eat up, devour*: of men, *to eat glutinously, gorge*, Lat. *belluari*. Hence

λαφύστιος, ά, ον, *gluttonous*.

ΛΑΧΑΙΝΩ, f. άνώ: aor. I έλάχηνα:—*to dig*.

λάχάνευω, f. σω, (λάχανον) *to plant with potberbs*:—Med. *to gather berbs*.

λαχάνη-λόγος, ον, (λάχανον, λέγω) *gathering berbs*.

λαχανίζομαι, Dep. (λάχανον) to gather herbs. Hence λαχανισμός, ὁ, a gathering of herbs.

λάχανον, τό, (λαχαίνω) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά, garden-herbs, opp. to wild plants, pot-herbs, vegetables, greens, garden-stuff, Lat. olera. 2. τὰ λάχανα the vegetable-market, the green-market.

λαχάνο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (λάχανον, πωλέω) a greengrocer: fem. λαχάνο-πωλήτρια, and λαχάνο-πωλις, ἴδος, ἡ, a woman who sells garden-stuff.

λάχε, Ep. for ἔλαχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of λαχάνω.

λάχεια, either for ἐλάχεια, fem. of ἐλαχύς, small; or fem. of an Adj. λαχύς (from λαχαίνω) well-tilled, fertile.

λαχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λαχάνω.

Λάχεσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (λαχεῖν) Lachesis, one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. II.

lot, destiny, fate.

λάχη, ἡ, (λαχαίνω) a digging.

λαχναῖος, α, ον, woolly, hairy, downy. From ΛΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, soft woolly hair, down: the soft nap or pile on cloth: sheep's-wool. Hence

λαχνήεις, εσσα, ἐν, woolly, hairy.

λαχνό-γυιος, ον, (λάχνη, γυῖον) with hairy limbs.

λάχνος, ὁ, = λάχνη, wool. Hence

λαχνώω, f. ὤσω, to make hairy:—Pass. to grow downy.

λαχν-ώδης, ες, (λάχνη, εἶδος) like down, downy.

λαχόητην, Att. for λάχοιμη, aor. 2 opt. of λαχάνω.

ΛΑΧΟΣ, τό, (λαχεῖν) one's lot, fate, destiny. II. the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [ᾶ]

λαχών, aor. 2 part. of λαχάνω.

λαψεύμαι and λαψοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω.

λαψών, fut. part. of λάπτω.

λαψῆ, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΑΨΩ, = βλέπω, to see, behold, look at; old Ep. word used by Hom. in part. λάων and Ep. 3 sing. impf. λάε. [ᾶ]

*ΛΑΨΩ, = θέλω, to wish: see λῶ.

λείανω, ἡ, fem. of λέων, a lioness.

λείανω, f. λείανω Ep. λειάνω: aor. I ἐλέηνα Ep. λέηνα: (λείος):—to smooth, polish, work smooth; to leave smooth, to smooth the way. II. to rub smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to destroy.

III. metaph. to smooth away, smooth or soften down.

λειάντετρα, ἡ, fem. of λειαντήρ.

λειαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λείανω) a polisher.

λέβης, ἦτος, ὁ, (λείβω) a kettle, caldron. II. the basin in which the purifying water (χέρνιψ) was handed round: but also, a sort of basin which was struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan kings. III. a cinerary urn.

λεγέων, ὄνος, ὁ, Gr. form of the Lat. legio, a legion. λέγομες, λέγοντι, Dor. for λέγομεν, λέγουσι, I and 3 pl. of λέγω.

ΛΕΓΩ, f. λέξω: aor. I ἔλεξα: f. εἶλοχα:—Med., fut. λέξομαι: aor. I ἐλέξαμην:—Pass., fut. λεχθήσομαι: paullo-post fut. λελέξομαι: aor. I pass. ἐλέχθην,

aor. 2 ἐλέγην: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐλέγμην, 3 sing. λέκτο: pf. εἶλεγμαι or ἐλέεγμαι: I. Act. ΤΟ

ΛΑΨ, to lay asleep, lull to sleep:—Pass. and Med. ΤΟ ΛΙΕ, to lie down.

II. to lay in order, arrange, and so to gather, pick up:—Med. to gather for oneself: hence to choose, pick out.

III. to reckon, count, tell or reckon up.

IV. to recount, tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of oracles, to say, declare: it is used later to express any communication by word of mouth; λέγειν κατά τινος to accuse one: c. inf., λέγειν τινά ποιεῖν τί to tell, bid, command; λέγειν τί, to say something, i. e. to speak to the purpose; opp. to λέγειν οὐδέν, to say nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. dicere, to speak of, mean, refer to, as, εἶσω κομίζον σύ, Κασάνδραν λέγω, go thou within, I mean Cassandra:—Pass. λέγεται, it is said, on dit; τὸ λεγόμενον, absol. as the saying goes.

ληλαῖα, ἡ, a driving off booty, pillaging. From ληλαῖω, f. ἡσώ, to drive away booty, drive cattle, to make booty: hence to plunder, despoil. From

λη-λάτης, ου, ὁ, (λεία, ἐλαύνω) one who drives off booty, a plunderer, marauder. [ᾶ]

ΛΕΙΨΑ Ion. λήτη, ἡ, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle; hence what can be driven off as booty.

λείανω, fut. λειάνω, Ion. and Ep. for λείανω.

ΛΕΙΨΩ, ψα: aor. I ἐλειψα:—to pour, pour forth: mostly like σπένδω, to pour a libation. II. to let flow, shed:—Med. to flow, run, trickle; λείβεσθαι δακρύοις to melt into tears: hence to melt or pine away:—Pass. to be moistened, bedewed.

λείζομαι, Ion. and poet. for λήζομαι.

λείθαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of λείανω.

λείνας, Ep. aor. I part. of λείανω.

λείμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = λειμάν, a meadow: a garden.

λείμμα, ατος, τό, (λείπω) a remnant, remains.

λείμων, ὄνος, ὁ, (λείβω) any moist grassy place, a meadow, mead, Lat. pratium.

λειμωνιάς, ὄδος, poet. fem. of λειμωνίος; νύμφη λειμωνιάς a meadow-nymph.

λειμωνίος, α, ον, (λειμάν) of a meadow.

λειμωνίς, ἴδος, poet. fem. of λειμωνίος.

λειμωνόθεν or -θε, Adv. (λειμών) from a meadow.

λειο-γένειος, ον, (λείος, γένειον) smooth-cbinned.

λειο-κύμα, ον, (λείος, κύμα) with gentle waves.

λειό-μίτος, ον, (λείος, μίτος) smoothing the threads of the warp.

λειοντή, ἡ, poet. for λεοντή, a lion's skin.

λειοντο-μάχη, ου, ὁ, (λέων, μάχη) poet. for λεοντο-, a lion-fighter.

λειοντο-πάλης, ου, ὁ, (λέων, πάλη) poet. for λεοντο-, wrestler with a lion.

ΛΕΙΟΣ, α, ον, or os, ον, Lat. LAEVIS, smooth: of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, smooth: c. gen., λείος πετρῶν level and free from rocks. 2. with a smooth chin, beardless. 3. metaph. smooth, soft, gentle.

λειότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (λείος) smoothness.

λείουσι, poet. for λέουσι, dat. pl. of λέων.
 λειπτόν, verb. Adj. of λείπω, one must leave.
 ΛΕΙΨΩ, f. λείψω: aor. 2 act. ἔλιπον, inf. λιπῆν;
 (aor. I ἔλειψα only in late writers): pf. ἔλειπια:—
 Med., fut. λείψομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., fut. λειψ-
 ῆσθαι, paullo-post. fut. λελείψομαι: aor. I ἐλείψ-
 ῆθην: aor. 2 ἐλίπην [T]: pf. ἔλειμμαι: plqpf. ἐλελείμ-
 μην:—Lat. *LINQUO*, to leave, leave remaining: of
 dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath:—so in Med.
 to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memo-
 rial. 2. to desert in danger, abandon, for-
 sake. II. Pass. to be left, left behind, left re-
 maining. 2. to be left behind in a race: pf. part.
 λειμμένος, left behind, lingering behind, inferior
 to: absol. to stay behind. 3. c. gen. to be left
 without: to come short of... be inferior, worse, weaker
 than another. 4. to be wanting or lacking. III.
 intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear: to be want-
 ing, cease, Lat. *deficere*.

λειριόεις, εσσα, εν, (λείριον) of or like a lily, lily-
 white, delicate.

ΛΕΙΨΙΟΝ, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. *lilium*.

λείστός, see ληϊστός.

λείτος or λείτος, ον, (λαός, λέως) of the people, Ion.
 for Att. δημόσιος.

λειτουργέω, f. ἴσω, (λειτουργός) to perform public
 duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve
 public offices at one's own cost: cf. λειτουργία. II.
 to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence

λειτουργία, ἡ, a public service:—at Athens a *liturgy*,
 i. e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the
 richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly
 in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment. II.
 divine service, whence our word *Liturgy*.

λειτουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, performing public service, mini-
 stering. From

λειτουργός, ὄν, (λείτος or λείτος, ἔργον) performing
 public duties, serving the state. II. a priest,
 minister of God.

ΛΕΙΧΗΝ, ἡγος, ὁ, a tree-moss, lichen. II.
 hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, scurvy: of
 the ground, a blight, canker.

ΛΕΙΨΩ, f. ζω: aor. I ἔλειψα:—Lat. *LINGO*, to
 lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf. part. λειψομένους.

λείψας, aor. I part. of λείβω.

λειψῆθη-λόγος, ον, (λείψων, λέγω) gathering
 remnants.

λείψων, τό, (λείπω) a piece left, remnant, relic,
 wreck: in plur. remains, remnants, Lat. *reliquiae*.

λειψῶδριον, τό, (λείπω, ὕδωρ) an ill-watered dis-
 trict near mount Parnes in Attica.

λείων, ὁ, poet. for λέων, hence Ep. dat. λείουσι.

λεκάνη, ἡ, (λέκος) a dish, pot, pan. [ᾶ] Hence

λεκάνις, ἡ, λεκάνιον ὄ, λεκάνισκη, ἡ. Diminutives
 of λεκάνη:—a little dish or pan, platter.

λεκίθο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, fem. —πώλις, ἰδος, (λέκιθος,
 πωλέω) a pulse-porridge seller.

ΛΕΚΙΘΟΣ, ὁ, pulse-porridge.

ΔΕΪΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a dish, plate, pot, pan.

λεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) good at speaking, fluent,
 eloquent. II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.

λέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγω.

λεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) gathered, cbsen, picked
 out. II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.

λέκτρον, τό, (λέγω) a couch, bed, Lat. *lectus*: λέκ-
 τρονδὲ to bed. 2. in pl. the marriage-bed, marriage.

λελαβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. med. of λαμβάνω.

λελάβηκα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.

λελάθη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λανθάνω.

λελάθοντο, λελαθέσθω, λελαθέσθαι, 3 pl. indic., 3
 sing. imperat., and inf., aor. 2 med. of λανθάνω.

λέλακα, pf. of λάσκω.

λελάκοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of λάσκω.

λελάκω, Ep. pf. part. fem. of λάσκω.

ἐλαμμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλασμαι, Ion. and Ep. pf. pass. of λανθάνω.

ἐλέδχον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

ελέδω, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαγχάνω.

ἐλείπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of λείπω.

ελείψθαι, pf. pass. inf. of λείπω.

ελεψχότας, nom. pl. irreg. pf. part. of λείχω.

ἐλεύσμαι, γf. pass. of λέω.

ελεχάται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of λέγω.

ἐλέθη, pf. of λανθάνω.

ἐλέηκα, Ion. pf. of λάσκω: part. ἐλεηκώς.

ἐλήμμαι, poet. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλήσμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λανθάνω: but ἐλήσμαι,
 pf. pass. of ληίζομαι.

ἐλήθημαι, old Ep. pf. of ληιάομαι, (and therefore
 properly *ελελήθημαι*), to strive eagerly, long for, be
 zealous for: part. ἐληθήμενος, zealous, basty, eager.

ἐλεμμένους, pf. pass. part. of λήπω.

ἐλέω, pf. of λέγω.

ἐλόγησέναι, Adv. pf. pass. part. of λογίζομαι, de-
 liberately, advisedly.

ἐλόγηκα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

ελεόχη, poet. for ἐλελόχη, 3 sing. plqpf. of
 λαγχάνω.

ἐλείπω, pf. of λείπω.

ἐλομένους, pf. part. pass. of λούω.

ελυμάσμαι, pf. pass. of λυμáινομαι. [ῆ]

ἐλύνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of λύω:—ἐλύντο, Ep. for
 ἐλέλυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ελεύτο, Ep. for ἐλεύτοτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of λύω.

ελεώβημαι, pf. in pass. sense of λωβάομαι.

ΔΕΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, a small boat with a sharp prow, a
 felucca.

λέμμα, ατος, τό, (λέπω) that which is peeled off, peel,
 husk, skin, scale.

λέντιον, τό, the Lat. *linteum*, a linen cloth, napkin.

λέξω, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I imperat. med. of λέγο-
 μαι, to lie down.

λέξις, εος, ἡ, (λέγω) a speaking, speech. 2. a way
 of speaking, diction, style.

λέξω, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I med. imperat. of λέγο-
 μαι, to lie down.

λεοντή contr. λεοντή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a lion's skin, properly fem. of λεόντεος.

λεόντειος, α, ον, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

λεοντό-διφρος, ον, (λέων, δίφρος) in chariot drawn by lions.

λεοντο-κέφαλος, ον, (λέων, κεφαλή) lion-headed.

λεοντό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, ον, τός, (λέων, ποῦς) lion-footed.

λεοντο-φόνος, ον, (λέων, *φένω) lion-killing.

λεοντο-φόρος, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing.

λεοντο-φύτης, ἐς, (λέων, φυή) of lion nature.

λεοντο-χλαινος, ον, (λέων, χλαίνα) clad in lion's skin.

ΛΕΨΙΑΔΝΟΝ, τό, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth (μασχαλιστήρ).

λεπταῖος, α, ον, (λέπας) of a scour or crag: craggy.

λέπτο-αργός, ον, (λέπος, ἀργός) with white skin or feathers.

λέπας, τός, (λέπω) a bare rock, scour, crag.

λεπτός, ἄδος, ἡ, a limpet, Lat. patella, from its clinging to the rock (λέπας).

λεπαστή, ἡ, (λέπας) a limpet-shaped drinking-cup.

λεπιδομαί, Pass. (λεπίς) to be covered with scales.

Hence

λεπιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, scaly, covered with scales; λεπιδωτός θώρηξ scale-armour. II. Subst. a fish with large scales.

λεπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπας) a scale, husk, shell.

λεπρά Ion. λέπρη, ἡ, (λέπρος) the leprosy.

λεπρός, ἄδος, ἡ, ποῖτ. fem. of λεπρός, rough.

λεπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λέπος) scaly, rough: leprous, mangy.

λεπτακίνος, ἡ, ὄν, ποῖτ. for λεπταλέος.

λεπταλέος, α, ον, (λεπτός) fine, slender, delicate.

λεπτο-ἐπί-λεπτος, ον, thin upon thin, thin as can be.

λεπτό-γεως, ον, Att. λεπτό-γεως, ων, (λέπτος, γαῖα, γῆ) of a thin or poor soil.

λεπτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle in mind.

λεπτό-γραμμος, ον, (λέπτος, γραμμή) drawn fine.

λεπτό-γραφος, ον, (λέπτος, γράφω) written fine.

λεπτό-δομος, ον, (λέπτος, δέμω) slightly built: slight.

λεπτολογέω, f. ἴσω, to speak subtly, to chaff logic, quibble: so too λεπτολογέομαι, as Dep. From

λεπτο-λόγος, ον, (λεπτός, λέγω) speaking subtly, subtle, quibbling.

λεπτό-μίτος, ον, (λέπτος, μίτος) of fine threads.

λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about a fourth of a farthing, a mite.

λεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέπω) peeled, cleaned of the husks:—hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sense, thin, lean, meagre. II. strait, narrow.

III. slight, small, insignificant; τὰ λεπτά τῶν προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sheep and goats; λεπτά πλοῖα small craft: of sound, light, slight. IV. metaph. fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, fine, delicate.

λεπτοσύνη, ἡ, = λεπτότης.

λεπτότης, ητος, ἡ, (λεπτός) thinness, fineness, slightness, leanness. II. metaph. subtlety.

λεπτοῦργεω, f. ἴσω, (λεπτοῦργός) to do fine work: hence to refine overmuch, deal subtly, quibble.

λεπτο-ουργής, ἐς, (λεπτός, ἔργον) finely worked.

λεπτο-ουργός, ὄν, (λεπτός, ἔργον) producing fine work.

λεπτο-ῦφής, ἐς, (λεπτός, ὑφαίνα) finely woven. [ῦ]

λεπτο-ψάμαθος, ον, (λεπτός, ψάμαθος) with fine sand.

λεπτύνω, f. ὑνώ, (λεπτός) to make thin: to thrash, beat out:—Pass. to grow lean.

λεπτῶς, Adv. of λεπτός, slightly: subtly.

λεπύριον, τό, Dim. a small husk, thin rind. From λεπύριον, τό, (λέπος) a shell, husk, rind.

ΛΕΨΙΩ, fut. ψω: aor. I ξέψα:—to strip off the husks or rind, to peel or bark.

Λέρνα, ἡ, Lerna, a marsh in Argolis, the abode of the Hydra:—hence Λερναῖος, α, ον, Lernaean.

Λεσβιάζω, to imitate the Lesbian women. From

Λεσβιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman.

Λεσβίζω, = λεσβιάζω.

Λεσβία, α, ον, (Λέσβος) Lesbian of Lesbos.

Λεσβόθεν, Adv. from Lesbos. From

Λέσβος, ἡ, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

λεσχάζω, (λέσχη) to chatter, gossip.

λέσχη, ἡ, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and hear the news, a lounge, place of public resort: also a council-hall. II. talking, gossip: in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; πρὸς ἐμῆν λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence

λεσχίζω, f. ον, to chat or converse with.

λευγαλέος, α, ον, (ακιν to λυγρός) in sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

Λευίτης, ον, ὄν, one of the tribe of Levi (Λευί), a Levite. [Ὶ] Hence

Λευιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, Levitical.

λευκαίνω, (λευκός) to whiten, blanch, bleach. 2. to make bright or light.

λευκᾶν, Dor. for λευκᾶν, gen. pl. of λευκός.

λευκᾶναι, aor. I inf. of λευκαίνω.

λευκ-ανθής, ἐς, (λευκός, ἄνθος) white-blossoming, white, blanched, pale; λευκανθῆς κέρα a white head.

λευκ-ανθίζω, (λευκός, ἄνθος) to have white blossoms: generally, to be white.

Λευκάς, ἄδος, ποῖτ. fem. of λευκός, white, chalky: hence the promontory of Epirus was called Λευκάς.

λευκάς, Dor. gen. fem. of λευκός.

λευκ-ασπής, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, ἀσπίς) white-shielded.

λευκή, ἡ, (λευκός) the white leprosy. II. the white poplar, Lat. populus alba, used for chaplets.

λευκ-ἥρεμος, ον, (λευκός, ἔρεμος) with white or foaming oars.

λευκ-ἥρης, ἐς, (λευκός, ἀραιεῖν) white, blanched.

Λευκιπτιδες, αἰ, daughters of Leucippus, nymphs worshipped at Sparta.

λευκ-ιππος, ον, (λευκός, ἵππος) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.

λευκίτης [Ἰ], ον, ὄ, = λευκός.

Λευκο-θέα, ἡ, (λευκή, θεά) *the white goddess; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitious sea-goddess.*

λευκο-θρίξ, τρίχος, ὄ, ἡ, (λευκός, θρίξ) *white-haired.*

λευκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, ὄ, ἡ, (λευκός, θώραξ) *with white cuirass.*

λευκό-τον, τό, (λευκός, ἴον) *the stock or wall-flower.*

λευκο-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λευκός, κύμα) *white with waves, surfy.* [ὑ]

λευκό-λίνον, τό, (λευκόν, λίνον) *white flax for ropes and rigging, used by the Phoenicians.*

λευκο-λόφος, ον, ὄ, and λευκό-λοφος, ον, (λευκός, λόφος) *white-crested:—λευκόλοφον, τό, a white bill.*

λευκο-όπωρος, ον, (λευκός, ὄπαρα) *with white autumn fruits.*

λευκο-πάρεος Ion. -πάρης, ον, (λευκός, παρεία) *fair-cheeked.*

λευκό-πέπλος, ον, (λευκός, πέπλος) *white-robed.*

λευκό-πηχυς, υ, gen. εως, (λευκός, πήχυς) *white-armed.*

λευκο-πληθής, ἐς, (λευκός, πλήθος) *filled with white or with persons in white.*

λευκό-πους, ὄ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (λευκός, ποίς) *white-footed: barefooted.*

λευκο-πρέπης, ἐς, (λευκός, πρέπω) *white-looking.*

λευκό-πτερος, ον, (λευκός, πτερόν) *white-winged.*

λευκό-πώλος, ον, (λευκός, πάλος) *with white horses: riding a white horse.*

ΛΕΥΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *light, bright, brilliant, clear: of water, bright.* II. *white, gray, hoary: of the skin, white, fair, but also, blanched, pale, wan.* 2. *λευκός χρυσός, pale (i. e. alloyed) gold, opp. to ἀπεφθός or refined.* 3. *metaph. fair, happy, joyful, gay.* 4. *of sound, clear, like λαμπρός.*

λευκο-στεφής, ἐς, (λευκός, στέφω) *white-wreathed.*

λευκό-στικτός, ον, (λευκός, στίξω) *speckled with white, grizzled.*

λευκό-σφυρόν, ον, (λευκός, σφυρόν) *white-ankled.*

λευκό-τροφος, ον, (λευκός, τρέφω) *white-growing.*

λευκο-φάης, ἐς, (λευκός, φάος) *white-gleaming.*

λευκο-φόρος, ον, (λευκός, φέρω) *white-robed.*

λευκό-οφρυσ, υ, (λευκός, ὄφρυσ) *white-browed.*

λευκο-χίτων, ανος, ὄ, ἡ, (λευκός, χιτών) *white-coated.* [Ἰ]

λευκό-χρως, ον, contr. -χρους, ονν, (λευκός, χρία) *white-coloured: heterocl. acc. λευκόχροα.*

λευκό-χρως, ατος, ὄ, ἡ, (λευκός, χρώς) *white-skinned.*

λευκός, f. ὄσω, (λευκός) *to paint, to whiten: to paint white:—Med. λευκοῦσθαι ὄπλα to whiten their shields.* II.

λευκοῦν πόδα *to bare the foot.*

λευκ-ώλενος, ον, (λευκός, ὀλένη) *white-armed.*

λευκώμα, τό, (λευκός, λευκώω) *anything whitened: a white tablet for public notices, Lat. album.*

λευρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λείος) *smooth, level, even.* II.

smooth, polished.

*ΔΕΥΣ, ὄ, = λάας, a stone: hence

λευσίμος, ον, *stoning; λεύσιμος θάνατος death by*

stoning; λεύσιμοι ἀραὶ curses that will end in stoning; λεύσιμος δίκη the penalty of death by stoning.

λευσμός, οὔ, ὄ, (λεύς, λεύω) *a stoning.*

λεύσσω, fut. λεύσω (only in late authors), *to look or gaze upon, see, behold.* 2. *absol. to look; ὄ μὴ λεύσσω, he that sees not, i. e. one that is dead.*

λευστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (λεύς, λεύω) *one who stoness or deserves stoning:—as Adj., λευστήρ μόρος death by stoning.*

Λεύω, f. σω, aor. I pass. ἐλεύσθην: (λεύς):—*to stoness.*

λεγο-ποίη, ἡ, (λέχος, ποία) *with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy.*

λεγο-ήρης, ἐς, (λέχος, ἄραρεῖν) *bed-ridden.*

λεγεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of λέγω.

λέχος, ἐος, τό, (λέγω I) *a couch, bed.* 2. *a tier.* II. *the marriage-bed: a marriage.* Hence

λέχοσδε, Adv. *to bed.*

Λέχριος, α, ον, *slanting crosswise, oblique.* From

ΛΕΨΧΡΙΣ, Adv. *slanting, crosswise, a'wart.*

λεχώ, ὄς contr. οὐς, ἡ, (λέχος) *a woman in child-bed.*

λεχῶος, ον, (λεχώ) *of, belonging to child-bed.*

Λεω-κόριον, τό, (Λεώς, κόρα) *the temple of the daughters of Leos.*

ΛΕ'ΩΝ, οντος, ὄ, Ep. dat. pl. λείουσι, Lat. LEO, a lion: metaph. of Artemis, Ζεὺς σε λέοντα γυναιξὶ θῆκε Ζεὺς made thee a lion toward women, i. e. their destroyer.

λε-ωργός, ὄν, (Adv. λέως, ἔργον) *all-daring, audacious: as Subst., λεωργός, ὄ, a knave, villain.*

λεώς, ὦ, ὄ, Att. for λαός, nom. pl. λεῶί, *people; ἀκούετε λεῶί hear O people, the beginning of Athenian proclamations.*

λεώς, Adv., Ion. for λῆαν, *entirely, wholly.*

λεω-σφέτερος, ον, (λεώς, σφέτερος) *only in Hdt. 9. 33, λεωσφέτερον ἐποίησαντο Τισαμένον they made him one of their own people.*

λεω-φόρος, ον, (λεώς, φέρω) *bearing people, frequented: λεωφόρος (sub. ὄδός), ἡ, a thoroughfare.*

λή, 3 sing. of λλάω, λῶ.

ληγέμεναι, ληγέμεν, Ep. inf. of λήγω.

ΛΗΤΩ, f. ὄω, *to LAY, alloy, abate, like παύω: c. gen., λήγειν χεῖρας φένοιο to stay one's hands from murder.*

II. *more freq. intr., to leave off, or cease from, λήγειν ἔριδος to cease from strife; c. part., λήγω ἐναρίζω I cease slaying:—also absol. to cease, make an end.*

λήδανον, τό, (λήδον) *gum ladanum, gum mastic.*

ληδάριον, τό, Dim. of λήδος, *a light dress.* [ἄ]

ΛΗ'ΔΟΝ, τό, *the mastic, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum λήδανον is found.*

λήδος, ἐος, τό, (λείος) *a thin cloth, light dress.*

ληῖομαι, Att. for λήζομαι.

λήθαιος or ληθαῖος, α, ον, (λήθη) *of or for forgetfulness, oblivions.* II. *of or from Lethe, Lethean.*

ληθάνω, Causal of λανθάνω: *see λανθάνω II.*

ληθαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, *drowsy, slothful.* From

λήθαργος, ον, (λήθη) *forgetting, c. gen.: absol. forgetful, lethargic.*

ληθεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληθάνα) causing forgetfulness.

ληθεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, ποῖτ. for λήθη.

λήθη Dor. λάθα, ἡ, (λήθουμαι) a forgetting, forgetfulness, Lat. *oblivio*.

II. *Letbé*, the river of oblivion in the lower world.

λήθου, τό, Dor. λάθος, = λήθη.

ΛΗΘΩ, λήθουμαι, older form of λανθάνω, λανθάνουμαι, whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω.

λη-άνερα, ἡ, (λήϊ, άνήρ) making prey of men.

ληϊάς, ἄδος, ποῖτ. fem. of ληϊδίας, captive.

ληι-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, fem. ληϊ-βότερα, (λήμον, βόσκω) crop-devouring.

ληϊδίας, α, ον, (ληϊς) taken as booty, captive.

ληϊζομαι Att. ληϊζομαι: fut. ληϊσομαι Ep. ληϊσσομαι: aor. I ἐληϊσάμην Att. ἐληϊσάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ληϊσσοται:—Pass., pf. λέλησμαι: Dep.: (ληϊς):—to seize as booty, make spoil of: generally, to get or gain by force.

II. to plunder, ravage a country.

III. pf. λέλησμαι occurs in pass. sign., to be spoiled, taken as booty.

ληϊτή, Ion. for λεία.

ληι-νόμος, ον, (λήϊον, νέμω) dwelling among the corn-fields.

ΛΗΪΩΝ, τό, a crop, crop of corn: later, a corn-field.

ληϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for λεία, booty, spoil. 2. a herd or flock, cattle.

ληϊσσοται, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ληϊζομαι.

ληιστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ληϊζομαι) Ep. for Att. ληιστής.

ληιστής, οὐ, ὄ, Ion. for ληιστής.

ληιστωρ, ορος, ὄ, = ληιστήρ.

ληιστός or λείστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ληϊζομαι) carried off as booty, to be won by force.

ληιστός, ὄνος, ἡ, (ληϊζομαι) plundering, spoiling.

ληϊτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ληϊς) she who makes or dispenses booty, epith. of Athena.

ληϊτιον [ἴ], τό, Achaian name for the Athen. πρυτανεϊον, the town-ball. Properly, neut. of ληϊτιος.

ληϊτιος, η, ον, (λεώς, λαός) of the people, public.

ΛΗΚΕΪΩ Dor. λῆκείω, to sound, = λῆσκω. Hence ληκίνα, Adv. sounding; παίζειν λ. to beat time.

ληκύθιον, τό, Dim. of ληκυθος, a small oil-flask.

ΛΗΚΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, an oil-flask, oil-bottle: a casket. [ῦ]

λημα, τό, (*λάω; λῶ) wish, will, purpose: in good sense, spirit, courage: in bad sense, pride, arrogance.

λημαῖλος, α, ον, (λήμη) bleared, purblind, of the eyes, Lat. *lippus*.

ληματώ, (λήμη) to be spirited or resolute.

ληματός, (λήμη) to be bleared: to be purblind.

ΛΗΜΗ, ἡ, Lat. *gramia*, a humour that gathers in the eye, rheum: αἱ λῆμαι, sore eyes.

λημμα, τό, (εἰλημμαι) anything received, income, receipts: gain, profit, Lat. *lucrum*.

Λήμνος, α, ον, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From

Λήμνος, ἡ, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegaeian sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.

Ληναϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ληναία) belonging to the Lenaea.

Ληναϊός, α, ον, (ληνός) belonging to the wine-press: I. Ληναϊός, Lat. *Lenaeus*, epith. of Bacchus

as god of the wine-press. 2. Ληναία (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Lenaea, an Athenian festival held in the month Lenaiών in honour of Bacchus, at which there were dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets.

3. Ληναϊον, τό, the Lenaeum, or place at Athens where the Lenaea were held.

Ληναϊότης, ον, ὄ, = Ληναϊκός.

Ληναϊών, ὄνος, ὄ, old name of the Att. month Γαμηλιών in which the Athenian Lenaea were held, the latter part of Jan. and former of Feb.: the seventh month of the Attic year.

ΛΗΝΟΣ Dor. λῆνος, οὐ, ἡ or ὄ, a trough, Lat. *alveus*: I. a wine-vat. 2. a trough for watering cattle. 3. a kneading-trough.

ΛΗΝΟΣ Dor. λῆνος, εος, τό, Lat. *LANA*, wool.

λήξαιμι, aor. I opt. of λήγω.

λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήγω) a cessation, end.

λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήξομαι) appointment by lot, allotment. II. as law-term, a written complaint lodged with the archons, a plea or accusation. 2. λήξις τῷ κλήρου an application for one's lawful inheritance.

λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

ληός, rare Ion. form for λαός.

ληπτίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken. II. neut. ληπτέον, one must take bold: one must take or accept.

ληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken or comprehended.

ληρέω, f. ἦσω, (λήρος) to be foolish or silly, behave foolishly: ληρέει ἔχων he keeps on acting foolishly.

ΛΗΡΟΣ, ὄ, idle talk: frivolousness, nonsense.

ληρός, οὐ, ὄ, a small trinke, Lat. *leria*.

λης, 2 sing. of *λάω, λῶ.

λησίμ-βροτος, ον, (λήθω, βροτός) taking men unawares, a cheat.

λησοσύνη, ἡ, forgetfulness. From

λήσμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λήθω) forgetting, unmindful.

λήσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω.

ληστεία, ἡ, (ληστεύω) a course of plundering, robbery, piracy, Lat. *latrocinium*.

ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστής) to be a robber or pirate: c. acc. to plunder, sack.

ληστήριον, τό, a band of robbers. From

ληστής Ion. ληιστής, οὐ, ὄ, (λήξομαι) a robber, plunderer: esp. a pirate.

ληστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληστής) inclined to rob, piratical: τὸ ληστικόν piracy. Adv. —κῶς, in the manner of pirates: Comp. ληστικότερον more after the manner of pirates.

ληστυς, ἡ, (λήθω) a forgetting.

ληστο-κτόνος, ον, (ληστής, κτείνω) slaying robbers.

ληστροικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ληστικός, piratical; τὸ ληστροικόν a pirate-vessel.

ληστροίς, ἴδος, pecul. fem. of ληστροικός.

λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

Λητο-γενής, ἐς, Dor. Λῆτο-, (Λητώ, *γένω) born of Latona, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Λητογένεια, of Diana.

Λητοΐδης Dor. Λᾶτ-, ου, ὁ, (Λητώ) son of Leto, of Apollo. [Ὶ]

Λητώ, ὅς contr. οὖς, ἡ, Leto, Lat. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Λητοῦς, dat. Λητοῖ, acc. Λητώ, voc. Λητοῖ.

Λητώσος Dor. Λᾶτ-, α, ον, (Λητώ) of or born of Latona: fem. also Λητωΐς, ἴδος.

ληφθεΐς, aor. 1 pass. part. of λαμβάνω.

λήψις, ἡ, (λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, seizing. 2. an accepting, receiving.

λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

Λῆ-, insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf. λα-, λαι-. ΛΙ'Α'ΖΟΜΑΙ, aor. 1 ἐλιάσθην: Pass.:—to bend sideways, swerve, withdraw: of the waves, to retire, recede: to vanish, of a vision. II. to bend downwards, slip down, fall: part. λιασθεΐς having fallen; περὰ πυκνά λιασθεν the thick wings drooped.

λιαν Ion. λίαν, Adv. (λι-) too much, over-much, like the later ἄγαν, Lat. nimis. II. very much, exceeding, right well. [ι both long and short.]

λιᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, = χλιαρός, warm, lukewarm: generally, soft, mild.

λιασθεΐς, aor. I part. pass. of λιάζομαι.

λιασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of λιάζομαι.

λιβάζω, f. σω, (λιβάς) to let fall in drops:—Med. to run out in drops, trickle.

λιβᾶνος, ὁ, the frankincense-tree, producing λιβανωτός. II. = λιβανωτός, frankincense.

λιβᾶνο-φόρος, ον, = λιβανωτοφόρος.

λιβᾶνωτός, οὔ, ὁ, (λιβανος) frankincense, the gum of the tree λιβανος. II. a censer.

λιβᾶνωτο-φόρος, ον, (λιβανωτός, φέρω) bearing frankincense.

λιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (λείβω) anything that drops or trickles: a spring, fount or stream: in pl. water; δακρῦνα λιβάδες streams of tears.

λιβερτίνος, ὁ, the Lat. libertinus, and λίβερτος, ὁ, the Lat. libertus, a freedman.

λιβος, τό, = λιβάς, tears: but λιβός, gen. of λίψ.

λιβρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λείβω) dripping, wet.

Λιβυή, ἡ, Libya, the north part of Africa, west of Egypt, first mentioned in the Odyssey.

Λιβύς, ὄσος, ὁ, fem. Λιβύσσα, (Λιβύη) a Libyan: also as Adj. Libyan. Hence

Λιβυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Libya, African.

ΛΙΥΤΑ, Adv. of λιγύς, as ὄκα of ὄκως, loudly, clearly, thrillingly, sbrilly. [Ὶ]

λιγαίνω, (λιγύς) to cry out with clear loud voice: to shriek, scream: also to sound, play, sing.

λιγγώ, (λιγύς) only found in Ep. aor. I, λιγγεΐ βίους the bowstring twanged.

λιγδην, Adv. (λίζω) scraping, grazing, Lat. strictim.

λιγεών, poet. for λιγειών, gen. pl. fem. of λιγύς.

λιγύς, Adv. of λιγύς, loudly, clearly, sbrilly.

ΛΙΓΝΥΣ, ὄσος, ἡ, smoke mixed with flame, murky flame.

λιγξεΐ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of λιγγώ.

λιγυ-ηχίς, ἔς, (λιγύς, ἡχῆ) clear-sounding.

λιγύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρούς, ον, (λιγύς, θρούς) clear-singing.

λιγύ-μολπτος, ον, (λιγύς, μολπῆ) clear-singing.

λιγύ-μῦθος, ον, (λιγύς, μῦθος) clear-speaking.

λιγυ-πνεῖαν, οντος, (λιγύς, πνεῶ) sbrill-blowing, whistling, rustling.

λιγύ-πνοιος, ον, (λιγύς, πνοή) = λιγυπνεῖαν.

λιγυ-πτέρυγος, ον, (λιγύς, πτέρυξ) cbrirping with the wings, of the cicada.

λιγυρῖζω, f. σω, (λιγυρός) to sing loud or clear.

λιγυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λιγύς) sbrill, sharp, piercing, of sound: also clear, sweet, clear-toned. II. later, pliant, flexible.

λιγυρός, Adv. loudly, clearly.

ΛΙΓΥΣ, λιγεία, λιγύ, of sound, clear, sharp, piercing, sbrill: also clear-toned, sweet: also of grief, clamorous: and of the nightingale, thrilling. [Ὶ]

Λίγυς, vos, ὁ, ἡ, a Ligurian, one who lived in Liguria (north of Genoa).

λιγύ-φθογγος, ον, (λιγύς, φθογγή) clear-voiced, clear-toned.

λιγύ-φωνος, ον, (λιγύς, φωνή) clear-voiced, screaming.

ΛΙ'ΥΩ, f. ζω, (akin to λείχω) to graze, scratch, wound slightly: hence λιγδην and ἐπι-λιγδην.

λίην, Adv., Ion. for λίαν.

λιθάζω, f. σω, (λίθος) to throw stones. 2. to stone.

λιθαξ, ακος, ὁ, ἡ, (λίθος) stony, rocky. II. as Subst. λιθαξ, ἡ, a stone.

λιθάς, ἄδος, ὁ, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

λίθεος, α, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony.

λίθη-λογής, ἔς, (λίθος, λέγω η) built of stones.

λιθίδιον, τό, Dim. of λίθος, a small stone, pebble.

λίθινος, η, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. Adv. -vos, like stone, with stony look.

λιθό-βλητος, ον, (λίθος, βάλλω) stone-throwing, pelting. II. set with stones.

λιθοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to pelt with stones, stone. From

λιθο-βόλος, ον, (βαλεῖν) throwing stones, pelting with stones: οἱ λιθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers. II.

λιθόβολος, ον, pass. struck with stones, stoned.

λιθο-γλύφος, ον, (λίθος, γλύφω) carving stone: as Subst., λιθογλύφος, ὁ, a sculptor. [Ὶ]

λιθο-δερκής, ἔς, (λίθος, δερκομαι) with stony look, looking one to stone.

λιθό-δημτος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

λιθο-δόμος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone: as Subst., λιθοδόμος, ὁ, a mason.

λιθο-εργός, ὄν, (λίθος, ἐργω) turning to stone.

λιθο-κόλλητος, ον, (λίθος, κολλάω) wrought with stone, inlaid with precious stones: bard as stone.

λιθο-κτονία, ἡ, (λίθος, κτείνω) death by stoning.

λιθό-λευστος, ον, ὁ, (λίθος, λείω) stoned with stones; λιθόλευστος Ἄρης death by stoning.

λιθολόγημα, ατος, τό, a stone building. From

λιθο-λόγος, ον, (λίθος, λέγω η) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf.

λογάδην;—as Subst., λιθολόγος, ὁ, a mason, = λιθοδόμος.

λιθο-ξόος, ον, (λίθος, ξέω) *polisbing stone*: as Subst., λιθόξοος, ὁ, a marble-mason.

λιθο-ποιός, ὄν, (λίθος, ποιέω) *turning to stone*.

λιθόρ-ρινος, ον, (λίθος, ῥινός) *with stony skin*.

ΛΙ'ΘΟΣ [Ὶ], ον, ὁ, a stone: of stupid people, λίθοι, blocks, stones: proverb, λίθον ἔβειν to boil a stone, i. e. to lose one's labour. 2. stone as a substance.

II. λίθος, ἦ, mostly of some special stone, as marble or the magnet; ἦ διαφανῆς λίθος a transparent crystal used for a burning-glass.

III. at Athens, λίθος was a name for various blocks of stone used for rostra or pulpits, to speak from; as the Bema of the Pnyx. IV. the piece on a draught-board.

λιθο-σπάδης, ἐς, (λίθος, σπάω) *rent in the stone, made by tearing out a piece of rock*.

λιθό-στρωτος, ον, (λίθος, στρώννυμι) *paved with stones, inlaid with stones*: as Subst., λιθόστρωτον, τό, a tessellated pavement.

λιθοτομία, ἦ, a cutting or quarrying of stones: a stone-quarry. From

λιθο-τόμος, ον, (λίθος, τέμνω) *cutting stone*.

λιθουργέω, f. ἴσω, to work in stone: turn into stone.

λιθ-ουργός, ὄν, (λίθος, *ἔργω) *working in stone*: as Subst., λιθουργός, ὁ, a stone-mason, also a sculptor: hence, σιδήρια λιθουργά a stone-mason's tools.

λιθοφορός, f. ἴσω, to carry stones. From

λιθο-φόρος, ον, (λίθος, φέρω) *carrying stones*.
λιθ-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for λιθοειδής, (λίθος, εἶδος) *like stone, stony*.

λικμαῖος, α, ον, of or for winnowing. From

λικμάω, f. ἴσω, (λικμός) to winnow corn. 2. metaph. to scatter like chaff. Hence

λικμητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a winnower of corn.
λικμητός, ὁ, (λικμάω) a winnowing.

ΛΙΚΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, = λίκων.

ΛΙΚΝΟΝ, τό, a wicker fan or basket for throwing the corn against the wind, so as to separate the chaff from the grain, a winnowing-fan. II. a fan-shaped basket, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by Virg. *mystica vannus Iacchi*. III. a cradle of wicker-work.

λικνο-φόρος, ον, (λικνον, φέρω) *carrying the sacred winnowing-fan in procession*.

λικριφίς, Adv. crosswise, sideways, atwart. (From λέχρις, λέχριος.)

λιλαλομαι, (λι-, λελίμαι) Dep. to long, crave; of a lance, *λιλαιομένη χροῖς ἄσαι longing to taste flesh*: c. gen. to long or thirst for a thing.

λιμαίνω, (λιμός) to hunger, be starved, famished.

λιμένεσσι, Ep. for λιμένειν, Dat. pl. of λιμήν.

λιμενίτης [Ὶ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (λιμήν) of the harbour: presiding over the harbour.

λιμεν-ορμίτης [Ὶ], ον, ὁ, (λιμήν, ὀρμίζω) *stationed in the harbour*.

ΛΙΜΗ'Ν, ἐνος, ὁ, a harbour, haven. 2. metaph.

a haven, retreat, refuge. 3. a gathering-place, receptacle.

λιμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λιμός) *hungry, starved, famished*.

Λίμναι, αἶ, (λίμνη) a quarter of Athens near the Acropolis, in which stood the Lenaean.

λιμναῖος, α, ον, (λίμνη) *marshy, of or from the mere, ἕρνιθες λιμναῖοι water-fowl: stagnant*.

λιμνάς, ἄδος, ἦ, poet. fem. of λιμναῖος.

λιμνάτης [ᾗ], fem. -οῖτις, Dor. for λιμνήτης, -ἦτις.

λίμνη, ἦ, (λείβω) a large pool of standing water: a lake, mere, esp. a marshy lake. 2. in Homer, the sea. 3. a basin or artificial reservoir for water.

λιμνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ἦτις Dor. -ᾗτις, ἰδος, (λίμνη) *living or growing in marshes*.

λιμνο-φύτης, ἐς, (λίμνη, φῖω) *marsh-born*.

λιμν-ώδης, ἐς, (λίμνη, εἶδος) *like a marsh, marshy*.

λιμο-θνής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἦ, (λιμός, θνήσκω) *dying of hunger*.

ΛΙΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, also ἦ, *hunger, famine*.

λιμο-φορέυς, ὁ, (λιμός, φέρω) a bringer of hunger.

λιμ-ώδης, ἐς, (λιμός, εἶδος) *like hunger, famished*.

λιμώσσω Att. -ττω, (λιμός) to be famished.

λίνεος, α, ον, contr. -οῦς, ἦ, οὖν, (λίνον) of flax, flaxen, linen, Lat. *lineus*.

λίνευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (λίνον) a bunter with nets.

λίνο-δεσμός, ον, (λίνον, δεσμός) = λινόδετος.

λίνο-δετος, ον, (λίνον, δέω) *bound with flaxen bonds or bands. 2. tied by a thread*.

λίνο-θήρας, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, θηράω) a bunter with nets.

λίνο-θώραξ, ἦκος, ὁ, ἦ, Ion. for λινωθώραξ, (λίνον, θώραξ) *wearing a linen cuirass*.

λίνο-κλωστος, ον, (λίνον, κλώω) *spinning flax*.

λίνο-κροκος, ον, (λίνον, κρέκω) *flax-woven*.

ΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, anything made of flax: a flaxen cord: metaph. the thread spun by the Fates. 2. a net, fishing-net. 3. linen, linen cloth: in pl. sail-cloth; linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp. II. the plant that produces flax, lint, Lat. *linum*; λίνου σπέρμα lint-seed. [Ὶ]

λίνο-πέπλος, ον, (λίνον, πέπλος) *with linen robe*.

λίνο-πόρος, ον, (λίνον, πορεύω) *sail-wafting*.

λινοπτόμοι, Δεπ. (λινώπτης) to watch the nets.

λίνο-πτερος, ον, (λίνον, πτερόν) *sail-winged*.

λίνο-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, ὄφομαι) one who watches nets to see whether anything is caught.

λίνορ-ράφης, ἐς, (λίνον, ράπτω) *sewed of flax; δόμος λινορραφῆς a ship having her sails of linen*.

Λίνος, ον, ὁ, *Linos*, a minstrel, son of Apollo and Urania. II. as appellat., Λίνος, ὁ, the song or lay of *Linos*; in Homer sung by a boy while the vintage is going on. Cf. αἴλιον.

λίνο-τάσια, ἦ, a laying of nets. From

λινο-στατέω, f. ἴσω, (λίνον, ἵστημι) to lay nets.

λίνοῦς, ἦ, οὖν, contr. for λίνεος.

λίνο-φθόρος, ον, (λίνον, φθείρω) *linen-wasting*.

λίπα, τό, an old word used by Homer in the phrases ἀλείψαι and ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίω, probably used as an Adv. *unctuously, richly*. (Cf. λίπος.) [Ὶ]

λιπαίνω, f. ἄνω, (λίπας, λίπος) to oil, anoint : metaph. to make fat, enrich :—Med. to anoint oneself.

λιπαρό-ἀμπυξ, ἕκος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, ἀμπυξ) with bright fillet or tiara.

λιπαρέω, f. ἦσω, to persist, hold out, persevere : c. dat. to persist in a thing. II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously : c. inf., λιπαρεῖς τυχεῖν thou art earnest to obtain. From

ΛΙΠΑΡΉΣ, ἐς, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. II. earnest in praying, importunate.

λιπαρητέον, verb. Adj. of λιπαρέω, one must be importunate, beg hard.

λιπαρία, ἡ, (λιπαρέω) perseverance, importunity.

λιπαρό-ζωνος, ον, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled.

λιπαρό-θρονος, ον, (λιπαρός, θρόνος) bright-throned.

λιπαρό-κρήδεμος, ον, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμνον) with bright head-band or fillet.

λιπαρό-πλόκαμος, ον, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with shining locks.

λιπαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λίπας or λίπος) oily, shining, anointed with oil : later fat, greasy. II. of the skin, shining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus : metaph. sleek, comfortable, easy. III. of things, bright, brilliant, costly : ample. IV. of soil, fat, rich.

λιπαρό-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, ουν, and -χρωσ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, χρῶα, χρώας) with sleek, shining body or skin.

λιπαρώς, Adv. of λιπαρός, sleekly, comfortably.

λιπαρώς, Adv. of λιπαρός, earnestly, importunately.

ΛΙΠΑΨ, αος, τό, = λίπος, fat, oil. [r]

λιπα-αυγής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, αὐγή) deserted by light, blind.

λιπάω, (λίπας, λίπος) to be fat and sleek.

λίπε, λίπεν, Ep. 3 sing, aor. 2 of λείπω.

λιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λείπω.

λιπερήτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ἡτις, ἴδος, (λιπεῖν, φέρην) without dowry, destitute.

λιπό-γάμος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γάμος) leaving a wife or husband, adulterous : ἡ λιπογάμος the adulteress.

λιπο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λιπεῖν, γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age : hence generally, of unknown age.

λιπό-γυιος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γυῖον) wanting a limb, maimed.

λιποῖσα, λιποῖσαν, Dor. for λιποῦσα, λιποῦσαν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λιπο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, μήτηρ) without a mother, orphan.

λιπό-ναυς Dor. also λιπό-ναῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, ναῦς) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.

λιπο-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (λιπεῖν, ναύτης) leaving the sailors.

λιπό-νεως, ον, = λιπόναυς.

λιπο-πατρίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατρίς) causing to forget one's country.

λιπο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατήρ) a deserter, forsaker of one's father.

λιπό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ουν, (λιπεῖν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.

ΛΙΠΟΣ, τό, grease, whether animal, as fat, lard, tallow ; or vegetable, as oil : metaph., λίπος αἵματος a clot of blood.

λιπο-σαρκής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, σάρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.

λιπο-στέφανος, ον, (λιπεῖν, στέφανος) falling from the wreath.

λιπο-στράτια, ἡ, and λιπο-στράτιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, στρατία) desertion of the army.

λιπο-τάξια, ἡ, and λιπο-τάξιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, τάξις) a leaving one's post, desertion.

λιπο-τρίχης, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, θρίξ) scant of hair, bald.

λιπο-ψυχέω, f. ἦσω, (λιπεῖν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. e. senseless, to faint, swoon : to die. II. to lack spirit.

λιπόων, Ep. part. of λιπάω.

λιπτομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμμαι : (formed from prefix λι-) :—to be eager : c. gen. to be eager for, long for : in pf. part., λελιμμένοι μάχης eager for battle.

λιπών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λίς, ὁ, acc. λῆν, Ep. for λέων, a lion :—later nom. and dat. plur. λῆς, λῆσσι.

λίς, ἡ, Ep. apocopate form for λισσή, smooth ; λίς πέτρα a bare, smooth rock.

λίσαι, aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι. [r]

λίση, 2 sing. fut. of λίσσομαι. [r]

λίσπος, η, ον, (λίσσός, λείος) smooth, polished.

λίσομαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι.

λίσσός, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of λίσσός, smooth :—as Subst., λίσσός, ἡ, a smooth bare cliff ; cf. λισσός.

λίσσέκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι.

ΛΙΣΣΟΜΑΙ : aor. I ἐλίσάμην Ep. ἐλλίσάμην : aor. 2 ἐλιτόμην, opt. λιτοίμην, inf. λιτέσθαι : Dep. :—to beg, pray, intreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers. : c. inf. λίσσεσθαι μή προδοῦναι to pray one not to betray.

λίσσός, ἡ, ὄν, (λείος, λίσσος) smooth ; λισσὴ πέτρα a smooth, bare cliff ; cf. λισσός.

λίστός, ἡ, ὄν, (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer.

λίστρεω, f. σω, to dig, hoe ; φυτὸν λίστρεῖν to dig round a plant. From

λίστρον, τό, (λίσσός) a tool for levelling or smoothing, a shovel, spade, hoe.

λίτα, τά, in Homer, smooth, plain clothes ; v. sub λίς II.

λιταῖων, (λιτή) to pray, entreat : supplicate.

λιτανεύσομεν, Ep. for -ομεν, aor. I subj. of λιτανεύω.

λιτάνευω, f. σω :—the augm. tenses are used in Ep. with λιτρί grat., impf. ἐλλιτάνευον, aor. I ἐλλιτάνευσα : (λιτή) :—to pray, entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.

λιτάνω, η, ον, (λιτή) praying, suppliant : as Subst., λίτανα, τά, = λιταί, prayers.

λιταργίζω, f. σω, to hasten, run, hurry. From

λιτ-αργος, ον, (λι-, ἀργός) running quick.

λιτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

Λιτή, ἡ, (λίσσομαι) a prayer, entreaty, supplication. II. Λιταί, Prayers, personified as goddesses, in II. ο. 502, sq.

Λιτοῖμην, aor. 2 opt. of λίσσομαι.

Λίττοιμι [ῖ], rarer pres. for λίσσομαι, to pray.

Λίτος, ἡ, ὄν, (λείος) smooth, plain, Lat. simplex.

Λιτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λίσσομαι) praying, supplicatory.

Λίτρα, as, ἡ, Lat. libra, a pound: as a weight, = 12 ounces. Hence

Λιτραῖος, α, ον, worth a λίτρα.

Λίτρον, τό, Att. for νίτρον.

Λιτύρησις, ου, ὅ, Dor. -σας, Lityerses, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. Δίνος, Μανέρωσ.

Λίτυον, τό, the Roman lituus or augur's rod.

Λιχάνος, ον, (λείχω) licking: as Subst., λίχωνος (sub. δάκτυλος), ὅ, the fore-finger.

Λιχήν, ἦνος, ὅ, v. sub λειχήν.

Λιχμάζω, f. άσω, (λείχω) to lick.

Λιχμάσμαι, Dep. (λείχω) to lick, to play with the tongue, esp. of snakes.

Λιχνεία, ἡ, daintiness, greediness.

Λιχνο-βόρος, ον, (λίχνος, βορά) nice in eating, dainty.

Λίχνος, η, ον, (λείχω) dainty, lickerish, greedy. 2.

metaph. curious, eager.

Λίψ, ὅ, gen. λίβός, (λείβω) the SW. wind, Lat. Africus.

Λίψ, ὅ, gen. λίβός, acc. λίβα, (λείβω) any liquid poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering.

Λό', for λόε; see λούω.

Λοβός, οὔ, ὅ, (λέπω) the lobe or lower part of the ear:—the lobe of the liver. 2. a pool.

Λογάδην, Adv. (λογάς) picking out, esp. of stones picked out for building, without being squared. [ᾶ]

Λογάς, ἄδος, ὅ and ἡ, (λέγω) gathered: picked, chosen, esp. of soldiers.

Λοάω, (λόγος, λέγω) to be fond of talking.

Λογέιον, τό, (λόγος) a speaking-place: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the speakers or actors, Lat. pulpitum.

Λογία, ἡ, (λέγω) a collection for the poor.

Λογίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγος, a little fable. [ῖ]

Λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι Att. ιούμαι: aor. I. med. ἐλογισάμην, pass. ἐλογίσθην: pf. λελόγισμαι: Dep. (λόγος):—to count, reckon, calculate, compute; ἀπὸ χειρὸς λογίζεσθαι to calculate off hand. II.

to take into account, consider: c. acc. to count or consider as so and so. 2. c. inf. to count or reckon upon doing. 3. to calculate, reason: also, to conclude by reasoning, infer. III. the pres., and the aor. I and pf. ἐλογίσθην, λελόγισμαι, are also used in pass. sense, to be computed or calculated.

Λογικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λόγος) belonging to speech or speaking. II. belonging to the reason, rational. 2.

fit for reasoning: hence ἡ λογική (sub. τέχνη), Logic.

Λόγιμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (λόγος) worth mention, remarkable, considerable.

λόγιον, τό, a declaration, oracle: neut. of λόγιος.

λόγιος, α, ον, (λόγος) skilled in words: I.

learned, esp. learned in history: as Subst., λόγιος, ὅ, a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer, as opp. to ποιητής. II. eloquent.

Λογισμός, ὅ, (λογίζομαι) reckoning, computation. II. consideration, reasoning, reflexion: a conclusion.

Λογιστής, οὔ, ὅ, (λογίζομαι) a calculator, computer. II. in pl. auditors: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

Λογιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λογιστής) skilled in calculating. II. skilled in reasoning or arguing.

Λογογράφία, ἡ, prose-writing, opp. to poetry. From

Λογογράφος, ον, (λόγος, γράφω) writing prose: as Subst., λογογράφος, ὅ, a chronicler, annalist. II.

writing speeches, esp. for others to deliver.

Λογο-λέσχης, ον, ὅ, (λόγος, λέσχω) a prater.

Λογομαχέω, (λογομάχος) to strive about words. Hence

Λογομαχία, ἡ, a war about words.

Λογομάχος, ον, (λόγος, μάχη) warring about words.

Λογοποιέω, (λογοποιός) to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports. Hence

Λογοποιία, ἡ, invention of stories, tale-telling.

Λογοποιός, ὄν, (λόγος, ποιέω) word-making:—as Subst., λογοποιός, ὅ, a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer. 2. a writer of fables. II.

at Athens, one who wrote speeches for others to deliver. 2. an inventor of stories, tale-teller, news-monger.

Λόγος, ὅ, (λέγω) I. the word by which the inward thought is expressed: also II. the inward thought or reason itself.

I. Lat. oratio, vox, that which is said or spoken: I. a word, in pl. words, language; ὡς εἰπεῖν λόγῳ in a word:—in Att., talk, pretence; τῷ λόγῳ in pretence, opp. to ἔργῳ in reality. 2. a saying, expression: an oracle, maxim, proverb. 3.

conversation, discussion; εἰς λόγους ἐλθεῖν, to have a conference or interview. 4. a speaking or talking about a thing; ἡ λογῶν ἀξίος worth talking of, worth mention:—a report, rumour; λόγος ἐστὶ ἢ ἔχει, so the story goes, Lat. fama fert. 5.

a tale, story, opp. both to mere fable (μῦθος) and to regular history (ἱστορία): a. fictitious story, fable, such as those of Aesop. b. a story, narrative, mostly in pl., history, chronicles: in sing. one part of the narrative. 6. λόγος, prose-writing, prose, opp. to ποιησις, a book. b. at Athens, speeches: a speech; the power of speaking, oratory, eloquence. 7.

the right or privilege of speaking, Lat. copia dicendi, λόγον τινὶ δίδοναι to give one the right of speaking, i. e. a hearing. 9. like ῥῆμα, the thing spoken of, the subject of the λόγος.

II. Lat. ratio, thought, reason; κατὰ λόγον agreeable to reason: reflexion, deliberation: λόγον εαυτῷ δίδοναι to allow himself reflexion, i. e. to think over a thing. 2. account, consideration, esteem.

regard; λόγου ποιείσθαι τινα to make one of account; λόγον τινὸς ἔχειν to make account of a person; opp. to ἐν ὁδῶν λόγῳ ποιείσθαι τινα to make one of no account; ἐν ἀνδρὸς λόγῳ ἔχειν to regard in the light of a man. 3. calculation, reckoning: the account or reckoning: λόγον διδόναι to give an account.

4. relation, proportion, analogy. 5. a reasonable ground, a condition, esp. in the phrase ἐπὶ τῷ λόγῳ or ἐπὶ τοῖς λόγοις upon condition; ὁ λόγος αἰρεῖ it stands to reason that. Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., Ὁ ΛΟΓΟΣ, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason.

ΛΟΓΧΗ, ἡ, a spear-head, javelin-head, Lat. spiculum: in pl. the point with its barbs. II. a

LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea. III. a troop of spearmen.

λογχῆρης, es, (λόγχη, ἀραρεῖν) armed with a spear.

λογχίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγχη.

λόγχιμος, on, (λόγχη) of or with a spear.

λογχο-ποιός, ὄν, (λόγχη, ποιέω) making spears.

λογχο-φόρος, on, (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing:—

as Subst., λογχοφόρος, ὁ, a spearman, pikeman.

λογχωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λόγχη) lance-headed.

λόγως, Dor. acc. pl. of λόγος.

λόε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of λούω.

λοέσσας, λοεσσάμενος, Ep. for λούσας, λουσάμε-

νος, aor. I part. act. and med. of λούω.

λοέσσομαι, Ep. for λούσομαι, fut. med. of λούω.

λοετρόν, λοετρο-χῶδος, oldest form of λουτρ-.

λοέω, Ep. form of λούω.

λοιβή, ἡ, (λείβω) a pouring: a drink-offering, libation, Lat. libatio.

λοιγός, ion, (λοιγός) pestilent, deadly.

ΛΟΙΠΟΝ, οὐ, ὁ, ruin, mischief, death: plague.

λοιδορέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐλοιδορήσα:—Med. and

Pass., f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐλοιδορήσασθαι and ἐλοι-

δορήθην: (λοιδορός):—to rail at, abuse, revile: against

the gods, to blaspheme:—Med. to rail at one another;

but the med. and pass. forms are commonly used in

same sense as Act. Hence

λοιδορησμός, οὐ, ὁ, a railing at, abusing.

λοιδορία, ἡ, (λοιδορέω) railing, abuse, reproach.

λοιδορός, on, railing, abusive.

ΛΟΙΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis.

λοιπός, ἡ, ὄν, (λείπω) remaining, surviving, Lat.

reliquus; τοῦ λοιποῦ (sub. χρόνου), for the rest of

the time, henceforward; οἱ λοιποὶ all the rest, Lat.

ceteri; τὸ λοιπὸν the remainder, Lat. quod superest;

τὰ λοιπὰ the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

λοισθήϊος, on, Ep. for λίσθηιος, λίσθηος; λισθηϊόν

ἄελθον the prize for the last in the race.

λοίσθηος, a, on or os, on, =λοίσθος.

λοίσθος, on, (λοιπός) left behind, last: Sup. λισθηό-

τατος, last of all.

λόκη (not λόκη), ἡ, a cloak.

Λοκρίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. Locrian. II. as Subst.

(sub. γῆ) Locris. From

Λοκροί, οἱ, the Locrians: the Opuntian Locrians

opp. Euboea; the Erieanian, on the Maliac Gulf; the Erieanian, in the South of Italy.

Λοφίας, ου, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from λέγειν, λόγος, as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

λοφο-βάτης, ου, ὁ, (λοφός, βαίνω) walking sideways.

ΛΟΞΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, slanting, crosswise, Lat. obliquus:

λοξὸν or λοξά βλέπειν τινί to look askance at one,

Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχένα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang

down the head, Lat. stare capite obstro.

λοφο-τρός, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (λοφός, τρέχω) oblique-

running.

λόον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λούω.

λοπάδ-αρχαγίδης, ου, ὁ, (λοπάς, ἀρχαγίω) a dis-

snatcher.

λοπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λοπάς, a little dish, plater.

[α]

ΛΟΠΑΪΣ, ἄδος, ἡ, a flat dish, plate or platter.

λοπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, =λεπίς.

λοπός, οὐ, or λόπος, ου, ὁ, (λέπω) a shell, bush,

bark, peel.

λουέω, Ep. for λούω.

λουμαι, Att. for λούομαι, Pass. of λούω.

λουσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of λούω.

λουσεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of λούω.

λουσθαι, contr. inf. pass. of λούω.

λουσῶ, Dor. fut. of λούω.

λουτιάω, Desiderat. of λούω, to wish to bathe.

λουτήριον, τό, (λούω) water that has been used in

a bath.

λουτρο-δάϊκος, on, (λουτρόν, δαίζω) slain in the

batb.

λουτρόν Ep. λοετρόν, τό, (λοέω, λούω) a bath, bath-

ing-place. II. water for bathing; ἐν λουτρῷ

while bathing. III. libations.

λουτρο-φόρος, on, (λουτρόν, φέρω) bringing water

for bathing or washing, esp. at a marriage; λουτρο-

φόρος χλιδή the marriage-ceremony.

λουτροχόω, to pour water into the bath. From

λουτρο-χῶδος, on, Hom. λουτρ-, (λουτρόν, λουτρόν,

χῶδ) pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

λουτῶν, ἄνω, ὁ, (λουτῶν) a bathing-room, bath.

ΛΟΥΤΩ: fut. λούσω Dor. λουσῶ: aor. I ἔλουσα

Ep. λούσα:—Med., f. λούσομαι: aor. I ἐλουσάμην,

Ep. 3 pl. λούσαμε:—Pass., aor. I ἐλούσθη:—pf.

ἔλουμαι.—From the uncontr. form λούω come the

Ep. impf. λούεν, aor. I inf. and part. λούσσαι, λούσ-

σας: Med., fut. λούσσομαι: 3 sing. aor. I ind. and

part. λούσσοτο, λοεσσάμενος.—Several forms also

come from λούω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. λούε, λούον;

Ion. and old Att., pl. impf. ἐλούμεν (contr. from ἐλό-

ομεν), pres. med. λούμαι, λούνται; impf. ἐλούτο,

ἐλούντο, inf. λούσθαι, λούσθαι. To wash, esp. to

wash the body: Med. and Pass. to wash oneself, bathe;

c. gen., λελουμένος Ὀκεανοῦ (of a star just risen)

fresh bathed in Ocean. II. to wash off or away.

λοφάω, f. ἦσω, (λόφος) to have a crest. 2. to be

sick, ill of a crest.

λοφείον, τό, (λόφος) a crest-case: any case,

λοφία Ion. -ή, ἡ, (λόφος) *the mane of animals, esp. of horses, the bristly back of boars; ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφία κατέχρα the mane served for a crest.* II. *the ridge of a bill, a bill.*

λοφίητης, ου, ὁ, (λόφος) *a dweller on the bills.*

λοφίνης, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπω) *a torch of vine-bark.*

λοφο-ποιός, ὄν, (λοφός, ποιέω) *making crests: as Subst., λοφοποιός, ὁ, a crest-maker.*

ΛΟΨΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *the back of the neck, the neck, esp. of draught-cattle: metaph., ἕπὸ ζυγῶ λόφον ἔχειν to have the neck under the yoke.* II. *a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill, Lat. jugum, dorsum: a bill.* III. *the crest of a helmet, Lat. crista, commonly of horse-hair.* 2. *a tuft of hair on the crown: the crest or tuft on the head of birds, Lat. crista, a cock's comb.*

λόφωσις, ἡ, (λόφος) *the wearing a crest: the crest itself.*

λοχ-ᾠγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτης, = λοχαγός, q. v.

λοχᾶέω, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέω, (λοχαγός) *to lead a λόχος or company.* Hence

λοχᾶγία, ἡ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, *the rank or office of λοχαγός.*

λοχ-ᾠγός, ου, ὁ, (λόχος, ᾠγω) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγός, *the leader of a λόχος, the captain of a company, Lat. centurio.*

λοχᾶζω, = λοχᾶω.

λοχᾶω, f. -ήσω and -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐλόχησα: 3 pl. Ep. pres. λοχῶσι, part. pl. λοχῶντες: (λόχος):—*to waylay, lie in wait, lay wait for, c. acc. pers.* II. *absol. to lie in wait or ambush.* III. *c. acc. loci, to beset with an ambush.*

λοχεία, ἡ, (λοχεύω) *child-birth.* II. *a child.*

λοχεῖος, α, ον, (λόχος) *of or for child-birth.* II. *τὰ λοχεῖα (sub. χωρία), a birth-place.*

λοχεός, ου, ὁ, = λόχος, an ambush.

λόχευμα, τό, (λοχεύω) *that which is born, a child.* II. *child-birth: metaph., κάλυκος λοχεύματα the bursting of the bud.*

λοχεύω, f. σω, (λόχος η) *to bring forth, bear.* 2. *to attend in child-birth, bring to the birth.* II. *Pass. to travail, bear children.* 2. *to be brought forth, born.* 3. *generally, to lie imbedded.*

λοχηγέτης, -ηγέω, -ηγός, Ion. for λοχαγ-ᾠγῆσαι, aor. I inf. of λοχᾶω.

Λοχία, ἡ, fem. of λόχισ, name of Diana, as the goddess of child-birth.

λοχίζω, f. ἴσω, (λόχος) *to waylay, lie in wait or lay wait for.* 2. *to place in ambush.* II. *to arrange men in companies, draw up in order of battle.*

λόχισ, α, ον, = λοχεῖος, of or for child-birth.

λοχιτης [ῆ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, (λόχος) *one of the same company, a fellow-soldier, comrade.*

λοχμαῖος, α, ον, *baunting the woods.* From

λόχη, ἡ, (λόχος) *a thicket, lair of wild beasts: generally, copse-wood, a coppice.* Hence

λόχιμος, ον, also α, ον, *dwelling in the coppice.* 2. *as Subst., λόχημα, τά, a thicket, coppice.*

λοχη-ώδης, ἐς, (λόχη, ἔϊδος) *overgrown with copse-wood, bushy.*

λόχονδε, Adv. *to ambush, for ambushade.* From

λόχος, ὁ, (λέγω, λέγομαι) *a place for lying in wait, ambush or ambushade: the lair of wild beasts.* 2. *the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambush; λόχον εἶσαι to place an ambushade; λόχονδε κρίνειν ἄνδρας ἀριστήας to pick out the best men for an ambushade.* 3. *any armed band, a company, commonly reckoned at 100 men:—among the Spartans a λόχος was the fourth or fifth part of a μύρα (q. v.): generally, any body or company of people.* II. *a lying in: child-birth, like λοχεία.*

λοχῶντες, λοχῶσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind. of λοχᾶω.

Λῶα, = λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att. forms; v. λούω.

λύα, ἡ, (λύω) *dissolution: faction, riot, sedition.*

Λυαῖος, ὁ, (λύω) *the looser or deliverer from care, epith. of Bacchus, Lyaeus; cp. Lat. Liber.*

λύδην, Adv. (λύζω) *with sobs.*

λυθίνεος, α, ον, and λυθίνος, η, ον, *of white marble.* 2. *white as marble, dazzling white.* From

ΛΥΓΔΟΣ, ὁ, a dazzling white stone, white marble.

ΛΥΤΗ, ἡ, shadow, darkness, gloom. [ῆ]

λυγίζω: f. ἴσω Dor. λυγίζῶ: Pass., aor. I pass. ἐλυγίχθη: pf. ἐλυγίσμαι: (λύγος):—*to bend, twist, to throw in wrestling.* II. *Pass. to bend or twist oneself, to writhe.* 2. *to be thrown or mastered.*

Λύγιος, η, ον, (λύγος) *of willow or witby, Lat. viētus.*

λυγιεῖν, Dor. fut. inf. of λυγίζω.

λυγισμός, ου, ὁ, (λυγίζω) *a bending, twisting: metaph. the winding and twisting of a sophist.*

λύγκεος, α, ον, (λύγξ, ὁ) *lynx-like.*

ΛΥΓΞ, λυγκός, ὁ, a lynx.

λύγξ, λυγός, ἡ, (λύζω) *a biccough or biccup.*

ΛΥΓΤΟΣ, ἡ, any pliant twig or rod, a willow twig, with, Lat. vimen. II. *a willow-like tree, a witby, Lat. vitex agnus castus. [ῆ]*

λύγο-τευχής, ἐς, (λύγος, τεύχω) *made of witbs.*

λύωω, ὥσω, = λυγίζω.

ΛΥΓΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, mournful, sad, gloomy, dismal: φάρμακα λυγρὰ baneful drugs; εἴματα λυγρὰ sorry garments; and neut. pl. alone, λυγρὰ, bane, misery, ruin. II. *of men, baneful, mischievous.* 2. *λυγρῶς, weak, cowardly.* Hence

λυγρῶς, Adv. *sadly, sorely.*

Λυδία, ἡ, Lydia, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy.

λυδιζω, f. ἴσω, (λυδός) *to imitate the Lydians.*

Λυδῖος, α, ον, (λυδῖς) *Lydian: ἡ Λυδία λίθος, a stone used to test gold, like βάσανος.*

Λυδιστί, Adv. (λυδός) *in the Lydian tongue or fashion.*

Λυδο-παθής, ἐς, (Λυδός, παθεῖν) *luxurious as a Lydian*.

Λυδός, οὐ, ὁ, a *Lydian*.

ΛΥΨΩ, ἱ. ζω, to have the *biccough* or *biccup*. II. to sob, Lat. *singultire*: to wbine, *wibimper*.

λύθην, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of λύω. II. λύθην, aor. I part. neut. pass.

λύθηται, aor. I pass. inf. of λύω.

λύθρον, τό, or λύθρος, ὄ, *filth, defilement, esp. of blood: gore, impure blood.* (Akin to λύμη.)

λυθρώδης, ἐς, (λύθρον, εἶδος) *like gore, defiled with gore*.

Λυκά-βας, αντος, ὁ, (*λύκη, βαίνω) *the path of light, the sun's course, the year.* II. as Adj. *making up the year, λυκαβαττίδες ἄραι.*

Λυκαίνα, ἡ, (λύκος) *a she-wolf.* [ῥ]

Λυκαῖον, τό, *Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia.*

Λυκαῖος, α, ον, *Lycaean, Arcadian, epith. of Jupiter.* II. as Subst., *Λυκαῖος, ὁ, or Λυκαῖόν, τό, a mountain in Arcadia.* 2. *Λυκαία* (sub. ἱερά), *τά, the festival of Lycaean Jupiter*:—also the Roman *Lupercalia*.

Λυκαονιστί, Adv. *in the Lycaonian language.*

λυκ-αυγής, ἐς, (*λύκη, αὐγή) *of or at the gray twilight*: as Subst., *λυκανυγῆς, τό, early dawn.*

Λυκάων, ονος, ὁ, a *Lycaonian, inhabitant of Lycaonia*, in the South of Asia Minor.

λύκη, Att. contr. λυκῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, *a wolf's-skin: a helmet of it, cf. κυνή.*

Λύκειον, τό, the *Lyceum*, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo *Λύκειος*.

Λυκεῖος, α, ον, (λύκος) *epith. of Apollo, of doubtful meaning, either,* 1. *from λύκος, wolf-slaying, like λυκοκτόνος;* 2. *from Λυκία, the Lycian god, like Λυκηγενής, or,* 3. *from *λυκή (light), the god of day.*

λυκῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. for λυκέη.

*ΛΥΚΗ, *light, an absol. Root, whence come λυκά-βας, λυκόφως, λευκός, Lat. luceo, lux, etc.*

Λυκη-γενής, ἐς, (Λυκία, γένος) *epith. of Apollo, Lycian-born.*

λυκηδόν, Adv. (λύκος) *wolf-like.*

Λυκία, ἡ, *Lycia*, in the South of Asia Minor:—*Λυκίηθεν, Adv. from Lycia: Λυκίηδε, Adv. to Lycia.*

Λυκιο-εργής contr. -ουργής, ἐς, (Λυκία, ἔργον) *of Lycian workmanship.*

λυκο-εργής, ἐς, (λύκος, ἔργον) *wolf-destroying, Lat. lupos conficiens; πρόβολοι λυκοεργέες javelins for killing wolves.*

λυκο-θαράς, ἐς, (λύκος, θάρσος) *bold as a wolf.*

λυκο-κτόνος, ον, (λύκος, κτείνω) *wolf-slaying: epith. of Apollo, the wolf-slayer.*

λυκορ-ραίστης, ον, ὁ, (λύκος, ραίω) *a wolf-warrior.*

ΛΥΚΟΣ, ὁ, a *wolf*:—*proverb, λύκον ἰδεῖν to see a wolf, i. e. to be struck dumb, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look; so in Virgil, Moe-rim lupi videre priores.* II. in pl. *spikes on the*

bis of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. lupi, lupata, from their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

Λυκό-φως, ωτος, ὁ, (λύκη, φῶς) *twilight, both of morning and evening, the gloaming, Lat. diluculum.*

Λυκός, ἡ, ὄσω, (λύκος) *to tear like a wolf*:—*Pass. to be torn by wolves.*

λύμα, ματος, τό, *filth or dirt removed by washing: also the dirty water, washings, offscourings.* II.

moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. *an abandoned man.* (From λύω, Lat. luo.)

Λυμᾶνομαι, ἡ, λυμᾶνομαι: aor. ἱ ἐλυμνήμην: also aor. I pass. ἐλυμάνην: pf. λελύμασμαι, but 3 sing. λελύματα: Dep.: (λύμη):—*to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage*:—*to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy*: also, *to persecute.* II. the pres.

λυμᾶνομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes used in pass. sense, *to be maltreated, destroyed.* Hence

λυμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *a spoiler, destroyer*: and

λυμαντήρος, α, ον, *injurious, destructive*: c. gen., *ruining another.*

λυμαντής, οὐ, ὁ, = *λυμαντήρ.*

λύμασς, ἡ, = *λύμη.* [ῥ]

λύμεών, ὄνος, ὁ, (λύμη) *a destroyer, spoiler.*

ΛΥΜΗ [ῥ], ἡ, *outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace*: generally, *maltreatment, maiming, mutilation, destruction*; ἐπὶ λύμῃ *for the sake of insult.*

λύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

λυμνήμενος, aor. I part. of λυμᾶνομαι.

λύττω, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

λύττω, ἡ, ἦσω, (λύττω) *to give pain to, to grieve, distress, annoy*: of light troops, *to harass, annoy*:—*Pass., with f. med. λυτήσομαι, to be sad, to be grieved.*

ΛΥΤΗ [ῥ], ἡ, *pain, either of body or mind, Lat. dolor: grief, distress, suffering, sad plight.*

λύπημα, ατος, τό, (λύπῃ) *pain, distress.*

λύπη, Dor. inf. of λυπέω.

λύπηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λυπέω) *painful, Lat. molestus.*

λύπητέον, verb. Adj. of λυπέωμαι, *one must feel pain.*

λύπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λυπέω, λυπηρός) *wretched, distressed, poor, sorry.* II. *painful, distressing.*

ΛΥΤΡΑ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *lyra, a lyre, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the κithάρα and φέρυγγ.*

λύρ-αἰδός, ὁ, (λύρα, αἰδός) *one who sings to the lyre.*

λύρίζω, ἡ, ἰσω, (λύρα) *to play the lyre.*

λύρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λύρα) *singing to the lyre*: as Subst., *λυρικός, ὁ, a lyric poet.*

λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

λύρο-γηθής, ἐς, (λύρα, γηθῆω) *delighting in the lyre.*

λύρο-θελγής, ἐς, (λύρα, θέλγω) *charmed by the lyre.*

λύρο-κτύπία, ἡ, (λύρα, κτυπέω) *a sounding the lyre.*

λύρο-ποιός, ὄν, (λύρα, ποίω) *making lyres.*

λύρ-ώδης, ἐς, (λύρα, εἶδος) *adapted to the lyre, lyrical.*

λύρῳδός, ὁ, contr. for λυραοἰδός.

λύσ-ἄνιας, ον, ὁ, (λύω, ἄνια) *ending sadness.*

λύσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of λύω.

λυσί-γάμος, *ον*, (λύω, γάμος) *dissolving marriage*.
 λυσί-ζωνος, *ον, ορ η, ον*, (λύω, ζώνη) *loosing the zone*: *epith. of Diana, who lightened the pangs of travail*.

λυσί-κάκος, *ον*, (λύω, κακόν) *ending evil*.
 λυσί-μάχος, *ον, ορ η, ον*, (λύω, μάχη) *ending strife*.
 λυσι-μελής, *ές*, (λύω, μέλος) *limb-relaxing*.
 λυσι-μέριμος, *ον*, (λύω, μέριμνα) *driving care away*.
 λυσιτός, *ον*, (λύσις) *able to loose or relieve*.
 λυσι-πόθος, *ον*, (λύω, πόθος) *delivering from love*.
 λυσι-πόνος, *ον*, (λύω, πόνος) *freeing from toil*.
 λυσις [ϋ], *gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή*: (λύω): *a loosing, setting free, esp. of a prisoner, release, ransoming: deliverance; λυσις χρειών liquidation of debt*. 2. *means or power of releasing or loosing*.

λυσιτελέω, *φ ήσω*, = λύω τέλος (which is found in Sophocles) *to pay dues or tribute to: to be useful or advantageous to: impers., λυσιτελεῖ, it profits, benefits: with a comp. force, τεθνάμι λυσιτελεῖ ή ζήν it is better to be dead than alive; οὐ λυσιτελεῖ μοι it profits me not; neut. part. τὸ λυσιτελοῦν, τὰ λυσιτελοῦντα profit, gain, advantage*. From
 λυσι-τελής, *ές*, (λύω, τέλος) *paying dues, indemnifying: profitable, advantageous: also, cheap*. *Comp. -έστερος, Sup. -έστατος*.

λυσιτελοῦντος, *Adv. pres. part. of λυσιτελέω, usefully, profitably*.

λυσι-φλεβής, *ές*, (λύω, φλέψ) *opening the veins*.
 λυσι-φρων, *ονος, ό, ή*, (λύω, φρήν) *setting free the mind*.

ΛΥΨΣΑ Att. λυττά, *ή*, *rage, fury, esp. in war, martial rage: raging madness, raving, frenzy*. Hence
 λυσσαίνω, *to be raging-mad, to rave*.

λυσσάς, *άδος, ή*, (λύσσα) *raging-mad, raving*.
 λυσσάω Att. λυττάω, (λύσσα) *to be raging, furious, esp. in battle*. 2. *to be raging-mad, to rave*.

λύσσημα, *τό*, (λυσσάω) *a fit of madness: in pl. ravings*.

λυσσην, *Dor. inf. of λυσσάω*.

λυσσητήρ, *ήρος, and λυσσητής, οὐ, ό*, (λυσσάω) *one that is raging or raving-mad: a madman*.

λυσσο-μαής, *ές*, (λύσσα, μαήναι) *raging-mad*.
 λυσσο-ώδης, *ες*, (λύσσα, είδος) *like madness: raging-mad, raving*.

λυτέον, *verb. Adj. of λύω, one must loose*.

λυτήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (λύω) *one who looses, a deliverer, releaser*. II. *an arbitrator, settler*.

λυτήριος, *α, ον, ος, ον*, (λύω) *loosing, releasing: c. gen. delivering or setting free from*.

λύτο [ϋ], *Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω; but λύτο, contr. for λύετο, Ep. impf. pass. of λύω*.

λύτρον, *τό*, (λύω) *the price paid: 1. a ransom, price of redemption, mostly in pl. 2. an atonement*.

λυτρώω, *φ ήσω*, (λύτρον) *release on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom*. 2. *Med. to release by payment of ransom, to ransom, redeem*. 3. *Pass. to be ransomed*.

λύτρωσις, *εως, ή*, (λυτρώω) *a ransoming*. 2. *Redemption*.

λυτρωτής, *οὐ, ό*, (λυτρώω) *a ransomer, redeemer*.

λυττά, *λυττάω*, *Att. φορ λύσσα, λυσσάω*.

λύχνα, *τά*, *ireg. pl. of λύχνος*.

λυχνεῖον *ορ λυχνιον, τό*, (λύχνος) = λυχνία.

λυχνεῖον, *ώνος, ό*, (λύχνος) *a place to keep lamps in*.

λυχνία, *ή*, (λύχνος) *a lamp-stand*.

λυχνίδιον, *τό*, *Dim. of λύχνος, a small lamp*.

λυχο-καΐα, *ή*, (λύχνος, καΐα) *a lighting of lamps, illumination, a festival at Saïs in Egypt in honour of Minerva, like the Chinese Feast of Lanterns*.

λυχο-ποιός, *όν*, (λύχνος, ποιέω) *making lamps or lanterns*.

λυχνό-πολις, *ή*, (λύχνος, πόλις) *city of lamps*.

λυχο-πώλης, *ον, ό*, (λύχνος, πωλέω) *a dealer in lamps or lanterns*.

ΛΥΨΝΟΣ, *ό, pl. λύχνοι and λύχνα, a light, lamp; περι λύχνων άφάσ about the time for lamp-lighting; i. e. at dusk*.

λυχοφορέω, *φ ήσω*, (λυχοφόρος) *to carry a lantern: Lacon. part. λυχοφορίοντες*.

λυχο-φόρος, *ον*, (λύχνος, φέρω) *carrying a lamp*.

ΛΥΨΩ, *fut. λύσω [ϋ], aor. I έλύσα: pf. λέλυκα:—Pass., fut. λυθήσομαι and paullo-post. fut. λελύσομαι [ϋ]; aor. I έλύθην [ϋ]: Ep. aor. 2 pass. λύμην [ϋ], 3 sing. λύτο, 3 pl. λυτό: pf. λέλυμαι, plqpf. έλελύμην [ϋ], 3 sing. Ep. opt. λελύτο, for λελύατο.—To loose: to loosen, unfasten, untie, slacken; λύειν όφρῶν to unband the brow; λ. στόμα to open the mouth; etc.:—Med. to loosen or undo for oneself*. 2. *of horses, to unyoke, unbarness*. 3. *generally, to loose, release, set free*. 4. *to release a captive on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom, release:—Med. to release by payment, ransom, redeem*. II. *to loosen, weaken, relax; λύειν γυΐα, γούνατα to loose the limbs, knees, i. e. unnerve, enfeeble, and often in Homer, to slay, kill*. III. *to dissolve, break up*. 2. *to break down, lay low, demolish*. 3. *generally, to undo, do away with: of disputes, to put down: of laws, to repeal, annul; λύειν σπονδάς to break a treaty*. 4. *to dismiss, assuage, calm*. 5. *to undo, atone, make up for, Lat. luere, rependere; so λύειν άμαρτίας*. IV. *in Att., τέλη, μισθούς λύειν to pay rates or taxes: hence, 2. λύειν τέλη = λυσιστελείν, to profit, avail; οὐ λύει τέλη it boots not; also λύειν, absol. without τέλη, to profit*.

λῶ, *contr. from λάω, I will, wish or desire, a Doric defect. Verb. only used in sing. λῶ, λῆς, λῆ, 3 pl. λῶντι; subj. λῆς, λῆ; opt. λῶη; inf. λῆν; also part. dat. τῶ λῶντι*.

λωβάομαι *Ion. -έομαι: φ. -ήσομαι Dor. λωβᾶσθῶμαι: aor. I med. έλωβῶσάμην: (but aor. I έλωβῆθην and pf. λελῶβῆμαι in pass. sense): Dep.: (λώβη):—to treat despitefully, to insult, maltreat: to maim, mutilate: to dishonour*. 2. *absol. to act outrageously or despitefully*. II. *pf. part. λελωβῆμένος, iu pass. sense, mutilated*.

λωβέω, f. σω, (λώβη) to mock, make a mock of.
 ΛΩ'ΒΗ, ἡ, ill-usage by word or deed, disrespectful treatment, outrage, contumely, indignity: mutilation, maiming. 2. of a person, a disgrace, opprobrium.

λωβηθῆναι, aor. I inf. of λωβάομαι.
 λωβήτερα, fem. of λωβητήρ.
 λωβητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (λωβάομαι) one who treats despitefully, a foul slanderer: generally, a destroyer: mutilator, plunderer. II. pass. a worthless wretch.

λωβητής, οὔ, ὄ, = λωβητήρ; λωβητῆς τέχνης a disgrace to his trade.

λωβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (λωβάομαι) ill-treated, outraged, dishonoured. II. act. insulting, abusive: baneful.

λωβήτωρ, ορος, ὄ, = λωβητήρ.
 λώια, λωίτερος, v. λωίων.

λωίων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, λωίων, τό: Att. contr. λῶων, λῶον: neut. pl. λωίονα, syncop. λωία: (λῶ to wish): —more desirable; better:—Sup. λωίστος, η, ον, contr. λῶστος.—There is also a second Comp. λωίτερος, ον.

ΛΩΜΑ, ατος, τό, the hem or border of a robe.

Λωμάτιον, τό, Dim. a fringe, flounce.

λῶντι, 3 pl. of Dor. verb λῶ, to wish.

λώπη, ἡ, (λέπω, λωπός) a covering, mantle. 2. a skin, busk, sbell.

λωπίλω, f. ἴσω, (λώπη) to cover, wrap up.

λωποδύττω, f. ἴσω, to steal clothes: hence trans. to rob, plunder. From

λωπο-δύτης [ῶ], ον, ὄ, (λωπός, δύω) one who slips into another's clothes or strips him of them, a clothes-stealer: generally, a thief, robber, footpad.

λῶπος, ὄ, = λῶπη.

λῶστος, η, ον, Att. contr. from λωίστος, Sup. of λωίων, most desirable, best.

λωτεύντα, Ion. acc. neut. pl. of λωτεύεις.

λωτίω, f. ἴσω, (λωτός) to pluck flowers:—Med. λωτίωμα, to cull flowers for oneself, choose the best.

λωτίων, η, ον, (λωτός) of lotus.

λωτίσμα, τό, (λωτίω) a flower: metaph. the flower, choicest, best.

λωτέεις, εσσα, εν, (λωτός) overgrown with lotus; πεδία λωτεύοντα, Ion. for λωτεύοντα, lotus-plains.

ΛΩΤΟΣ, οὔ, ὄ, the lotus, name of several plants:—I. the Greek lotus, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which horses fed. II. the Cyrenean lotus or jujube, an African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called *Lotophagi*: the fruit was boney-sweet, μελιθεής: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date. III. the Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile. IV. there was also a lotus-tree growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence λωτός is used poet. for a flute.

λωτο-ρόφος, ον, (λωτός, ρέφω) growing lotus.

λωτο-φάγος, ον, (λωτός, φάγειν) eating lotus: as Subst., λωτοφάγοι, οί, the Lotus-eaters, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica.

λωτρόν, λωτρο-χόος, Dor. for λουτρ-.

λωτῶ, Dor. for λωτοῦ, gen. of λωτός.

λωφάω Ion. -έω, f. ἴσω, (λόφος) to rest from toil, take rest: c. gen. to have rest, abate from. 2. to abate, of a disease or of wind. II. trans. to lighten, relieve, release.

λωφήσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of λωφάω.

λώφησις, ἡ, (λωφάω) rest from:—remission, cessation.

λωφών, neut. λῶον, Att. contr. for λωίων, λωίων.

M

Μ, μ, μῦ Ion. μῶ, τό, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, μ' = 40, but μ = 40,000.

Changes of μ, esp. in the dialects: I. Aeol. and Lacon. into π, as μετά into πεδά. II. Aeol. μ doubled, e.g. ἄμμες ὕμμες, for ἡμεῖς ὑμεῖς.

III. μ becomes ν, as μίν Dor. νίν μῆ, Lat. ne. IV. μ is often added or left out, 1. at the beginning of a word, as ἴα μία, ὄσχος μόςχος, ὄχλεύς μοχλεύς, Ἄρης Lat. Mars. 2. in the middle of a word, as πῖπλημι πῖπλημι, πῖπρημι πῖπρημι, ἄμβροτος ἄβροτος, ὄβριμος ὄβριμος, etc. V. μ sometimes has a or o prefixed, as, μέλγω ἀμέλγω, μέρω ἀμέρω, μόρηνμι ὀμόρηνμι. VI. σ is added or left out before μ, as, σμάραγδος μάραγδος, σμάω μάω, σμικρός μικρός, σμυγερός μογερός.

μ', apostroph. for με. II. very rarely for μοι.

μά, a Particle used in strong protestation and oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the context: I. in affirmation; ναί μά τότε σκήπτρον γεία by this sceptre. II. in negation; οὐ μά γάρ Ἀπόλλωνα ναί by Apollo. III. Att. má is used absol., μά Δία, by Zeus! IV. in common discourse, the name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, ναί μά τόν, οὐ μά τόν (sub. Δία). V. μά is sometimes omitted after οὐ; as, οὐ τόν Δία, οὐ τόν θεόν, no; by Jove, etc.

μά, Aeol. and Dor. shortd. for μάτηρ μήτηρ, as μά γὰρ for μήτηρ γῆ: cf. βᾶ, δᾶ, λῆ.

μαγάδιον, τό, the bridge of the magadis. [ᾶ] From μαγάδις, ἡ, gen. ἰδος: irreg. dat. μαγάδι: acc. μαγάδιον:—the magadis, a harp with twenty strings.

μαγγάνευμα, τό, a piece of jugglery: pl. juggleries, mountebank's tricks: and

μαγγανεύτης, οὔ, ὄ, a juggler, mountebank. From μαγγάνεω, f. σω, (μάγγανον) to cheat by sleight of hand: to bewitch. 2. intr. to play tricks.

ΜΑΤΤΑ'ΝΟΝ, τό, any means for tricking or bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus. II. = γάγγαμον, a hunting-net.

μάγεια, ἡ, (μαγεύω) the religion of the Magi. 2. magic, art.

μαγειρείον, τό, (μάγειρος) a place for cooking, a cook-shop. II. Maced. a pot, kettle.

μαγειρικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (μάγειρος) fit for a cook or cookery: ἡ μαγειρικὴ (sub. τέχνη), cookery. Hence μαγειρικῶς, Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically. μάγειρος, ὁ, a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω, μάζα, because the baking of bread was originally the chief business of the cook.)

μάγευμα, τό, (μάγευω) a piece of magic art: in pl. charms, spells.

μάγευα, f. σω, (Μάγος) to be a Magus or a magician: μαγεύειν μέλη to sing incantations. II. trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

Μάγνης, ητος, ὁ, fem. Μάγνησσα, a Magnesian, a dweller in Μαγνησία in Thessaly: also Μαγνήτης, fem. Μαγνήτις. II. λίθος Μαγνήτις, ἡ, the magnet, also called λίθος Ἑρακλεία.

ΜΑΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a Magus, Magian, one of a Median tribe. II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: magician: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [ᾶ]

μαγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγος, φόνος) the slaughter of the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγος, more magical.

μαδάρος, ἄ, ὄν, (μαδάω) of flesh, flaccid, loose: of the head, bald.

μαδάω, f. ἴωσι, (μαδός) to be moist or wet, to melt away: of hair, to fall off; Lat. defluere: hence to be bald. μάδα, Dor. for μάζα.

*ΜΑΔΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, the Root of μαδάω, etc., = μαδαρός. μάζα, ἡ, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barley-cake, opp. to ἄρτος, wheaten bread; μάζαν μεμάρως having baked him a cake, with a pun on μάχη.

μαίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of μάζα, a barley-scone.

μαζο-νόμος, ὁ, (μάζα, νέμω) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or charger, Lat. mazonomus.

ΜΑΖΟΣ, ου, ὁ, one of the breasts (στέφνον being the whole breast or chest), mostly of women, but also of men. μαστός differs from μαζός only in dialect.

μαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of μαθάνω.

μαθεύμαι, Dor. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μάθημα, ατος, τό, (μαθεῖν) that which is learnt, a lesson. 2. learning, knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθηματα mathematics. Hence

μαθηματικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of learning. II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: ἡ μαθηματικὴ (sub. ἐπιστήμη), mathematics: ὁ μαθηματικὸς a mathematician.

μάθησις, ἡ, (μαθεῖν) the act of learning, acquiring information. 2. desire or power of learning.

μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μαθητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μαθάνω, to be learnt. II. neut. μαθητέον, one must learn.

μαθητέω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar. II. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct. From μαθητής, ου, ὁ, (μαθεῖν) a learner, pupil, Lat. discipulus: a disciple.

μαθητάω, Desiderat. of μαθάνω, to wish to become a disciple. II. to be a disciple or pupil.

μαθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μαθεῖν) learnt, that may be learnt.

μαθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of μαθητής, a female pupil.

μαθῶσι, Dor. fem. of μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

μάθον [ᾶ], Ep. aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

μάθος [ᾶ], τό, poet. and Ion. for μάθησις.

μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

ΜΑΪ'Α, ἡ, good mother, dame. II. a nurse, foster-mother, mother. III. a midwife.

Μαΐα, ἡ, Μαΐα, daughter of Atlas, mother of Hermes: also Μαΐάς, ἄδος, ἡ.

Μαίανδρος, ὁ, Maeander, a river in Caria noted for its windings.

μαϊεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαΐα III) to serve as a midwife: trans. to bateb.

Μαιμακτηριον, ἄνω, ἡ, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Μαιμακτης held in it.

Μαιμάκτης, ου, ὁ, (μαϊμάσσω) epith. of Jupiter, the boisterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as being the god of storms, etc.

μαϊμάσσω, = μαϊμάω, to burst forth.

μαϊμάω, Ep. 3 pl. μαϊμώωσι, part. μαϊμώων, -ώωσα: f. ὄωσι: Ep. aor. I μαΐμωσα: (redupl. of μάω, as παιφάσσω from φάω):—to be very eager, to pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

μαϊνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μαϊνομαι) mad, raving, frantic. 2. as Subst. a mad woman: a Bacchanal, a Maenad. II. act. causing madness.

ΜΑΪΝΗ, ἡ, maena, a small sea-fish, like our hering.

μαϊνίς, ἴδος [ῖ], ἡ, Dim. of μαῖνη, a sprat.

μαϊνόλης, ου, ὁ, fem. μαϊνόλις, ἴδος, (μαῖνομαι) raving, frenzied.

μαϊνόλιος, α, ον, = μαϊνόλης.

μαῖνομαι, fut. μανήσομαι and μανόμαι: pf. with pres. sense μέμνηα, also (in pass. form) μεμάνημαι: aor. I med. ἐμνήμηκα, aor. 2 pass. ἐμνήην, part. μανής, inf. μανήναι: (*μᾶω):—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to rave with anger: to be mad with wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, μανόμενος Διόνυσος the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot—μαίνεσθαι ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ to be driven mad by the god:—Att. phrase, πλεῖν ἢ μαῖνομαι, more than madness, i. e. utter distraction. II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐμνηα, to make mad, madden.

ΜΑΪ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. μᾶσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to endeavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. ἐπιμαίομαι.

μαῖομαι, f. ὤσομαι, Dep. = μαῖένομαι.

Μαῖρα, ἡ, (μαρ-μαίρω) the Sparkler, i. e. the dog-star. Μαιωτιστί, Adv. in Maotic (i. e. Scythian) fashion.

ΜΑ'ΚΑ'Ρ [μᾶ], ἄρος, ὁ: fem. μάκος or μάκαιρα:—blessed, happy, properly of the gods, opp. to mortal men: absol. μάκαρες, the blessed ones, i. e. the gods. II. of men, supremely blest, fortunate:

but also, *prosperous, wealthy*. III. the dead were esp. called *μάκαρες, the blessed*, as being beyond the reach of pain:—*μακάραν νήσοι* the islands of the blest, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the extreme West).—Comp. and Sup., *μακάρτερος, -τατος*.

μακάρεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of *μάκαρ*.
μακάρια, ἡ, (μάκαρ) happiness, bliss. II. *the abode of the blessed*.

μακάριζω, fut. ἰώ Att. ἰώ, (μάκαρ) to call or esteem happy: to bless.

μακάριος, α, ov, or os, ov, collat. form of μάκαρ, blessed, happy, fortunate:—in Att. one of the upper classes:—Comp. and Sup. *μακαριώτερος, -τατος*.
μακάρισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or esteeming happy, a blessing.

μακάριστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced happy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. *-τως*.

μακάριτης [ῆ], ov, ὁ, like μάκαρ III, one in a state of bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. μακάριτης, ἴδος.

μακάροτός, ἡ, ὄν, = μακαριστός.

μάκεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (μήκος) tall, taper.

Μάκεδονίω, f. σω, (Μακεδών) to be on the Macedonian side: or, to speak Macedonian.

Μακεδόνιος, α, ov, and -ονικός, ἡ, ὄν, Macedonian. From

Μακεδών, ὄνος, ὁ, a Macedonian.

μάκελλα, poet. also μακέλη, ἡ, (μία, κέλλω, as δεικέλλα from δῖς, κέλλω) a pick-axe with one point.
μάκελλον, τό, Lat. macellum, a slaughter-house, sbambles, market.

μάκεστῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (μάκος) used as Adj., μῦθος μακεστῆρ a long, tedious tale.

Μάκηδών, ὄνος, ὁ, poet for Μακεδών.

μάκιστος, Dor. for μήκιστος, (μήκος) irreg. Sup. of μάκος, = μέγιστος, greatest.

μακκοῦω, f. ἄσω, [ᾶ], to be stupid: pf. part. μεμακκοῦκώς, dreaming, mooning.

μάκος, τό, Dor. for μήκος, length: acc. μάκος as Adv., = μακράν, afar.

μακρά (sub. γραμμῆ), ἡ, the long line which the δικαστής drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line (βραχεία), which was in token of acquittal.

μακρ-αἶων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αἰών) lasting long: of persons, long-lived: oi μακραίωνες the immortals.

μακράν Ion. μακρήν, acc. fem. of μακρός, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. μακροτέραν, farther, to a greater distance. 2. also of Time, at length, tediously; *μακράν εἰπεῖν* to speak at great length: also long, *μακράν ζῆν* to live long.

μακρ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αύχὴν) long-necked.

μακρ-ηγορέω, f. ἦσω, (μακρός, ἄγορεύω) to speak at great length. Hence

μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ἡ, long-windedness, prolixity, prating.

μακρ-ημερία, ἡ, (μακρός, ἡμέρα) the season of long days.

μακρ-όβιος, ov, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived: oi Μακρόβιοι an Ethiopian people south of Egypt.

μακρ-όβιος, ov, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived, of long duration.

μακρ-όγηρος, av, gen. ω, (μακρός, γῆρας) very old, in advanced age.

μακρ-όδρομος, ov, (μακρός, δραμεῖν) far-running.

μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρός) from afar.

μακροθύμω, f. ἦσω, (μακροθυμος) to be long-suffering, patient: μακροθυμείν εἰς τινα to be forbearing or long-suffering towards one. Hence

μακροθυμία, ἡ, long-suffering.

μακρ-όθυμος, ov, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering, forbearing: patient. Adv. *-μως, patiently*.

μακρολογέω, f. ἦσω, (μακρολόγος) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, to speak long on a subject. Hence

μακρολογία, ἡ, a speaking at length.

μακρο-λόγος, ov, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at length.

μακρ-όπνοος, ov, contr. -πνοος, ovv, (μακρός, πνέω) long-breathed: long-lived, lasting long.

μακρός, ὁ, ἄν, (μάκος, μήκος) long, whether of Space or Time. I. of Space, long, far-stretching. 2.

tall, lofty: also deep. 3. far, far distant; *μακρὰ ἐπιβοήθειαι* succours from a distance: *ἐπὶ μακρὸν far, for a long way: ὅσον ἐπὶ μακρότατον as far as possible*. 4. dat. *μακρῷ* is often used, like πολύ, by far, much; *μακρῷ πρώτος* by far the first.

II. of Time, long: long-lasting, enduring; *διὰ μακροῦ (sc. χρόνου) after a long time; εἰς μακρὸν for a long time*. 2. long, tedious; *διὰ μακρῶν at great length*.

III. regul. Comp. *μακρότερος*; Sup. *μακροτάτος*: Irreg. Comp. *μάσσων, μάσσω*; Sup. *μήκιστος* Dor. *μάκιστος*, formed from *μήκος*, as *αἰσχιστος* from *αἰσχος*. IV. the neut. pl. *μακρά* is used as Adv., *μακρά βιβάς* taking long strides; *μακρά μεμύκως* loudly bellowing; *μακρά προσεύχεσθαι* to make long prayers:—so also neut. sing., *μακρὸν αὐτεῖν* to shout aloud.

μάκος, εος, τό, = μάκος, μήκος, length.
μακρ-τένων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, τείνω) far-stretched, long drawn out.

μακροτέραν, Comp. of μακράν, q. v.

μακρ-ότονος, ov, (μακρός, τείνω) = μακροτένων.

μακρ-όφάρυγξ, υγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, φάρυγξ) with long throat or gullet.

μακρ-όφλυαρήτης, ov, ὁ, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) a tedious prater.

μακρ-όχροnios, ov, (μακρός, χρόνος) long-enduring.

μάκτρα, ἡ, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough.

μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin.

μακύνω, Dor. for μηκύνω.

μάκων, old poet. aor. 2 part. of μηκάομαι.

μάκων [ᾶ], ανος, Dor. for μήκων, ανος.

ΜΑΪΑΪΑ, Adv. very, very much, exceedingly, quite:

1. strengthening the word with which it stands; *μάλα πολλά very many; μάλ' εὖ right well;*

μάλ' αὐτίκα quite directly; μάλα διαμπερές right

through; οὐ μάλα by no means, on no account. 2.

strengthening a whole sentence; ἢ μάλα δὲ . . , now in very truth . . ; so, with a part, μάλα περ μεμῶς though desiring never so much.

II. Comp. μᾶλλον, more, more strongly: also rather, Lat. *potius*.

2. too much, far too much. 3. μᾶλλον is sometimes joined to another Comp.; ῥητέρος μᾶλλον more easier; ἐχθίων μᾶλλον; etc.

4. μᾶλλον ἢ is often followed by οὐ (where οὐ seems redundant), as, πόλιν δὴν διαφθεῖρειν μᾶλλον ἢ οὐ τοὺς αἰτίους; in this case μᾶλλον ἢ οὐ is preceded by another negat.

5. παντὸς μᾶλλον more than anything, i. e. by all means.

III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly: most of all, especially; ἐν τοῖς μάλιστα (sc. οὐσί), Lat. *imprimis*, as much as any; ἐς τὰ μάλιστα for the most part, mostly: μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as ἐχθιστος μάλιστα.

2. in numbers, μάλιστα is often added to shew that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πενήτηντα μάλιστα fifty at most, where the real number is forty-nine: hence about, pretty near, ἐς μέσον μάλιστα about the middle.

3. καὶ μάλιστα most certainly, Lat. *vel maxime*.

μαλάβαθρον or μαλόβαθρον, τό, *malobathrum*, the aromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca.

μαλᾶκαί-πους, ὁ, ἢ, ποιητ. τό, gen. ποδος, (μαλακός, πούς) softly treading.

μαλᾶκία, ἡ, (μαλακός) softness, tenderness: of men, effeminacy, weakness.

μαλᾶκιάω, (μαλακία) to be soft or tender.

μαλᾶκίζω, f. σω, (μαλακός) to make soft, enervate.

II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: aor. I med. ἐμαλακίσάμην, pass. ἐμαλακίσθη:—to be soft or tender, weak or effeminate.

2. to be softened or appeased.

μαλᾶκίων, ονος, ὁ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κί]

μαλᾶκο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μαλακός, γνώμη) gentle of mood.

ΜΑ'ΛΑ'ΚΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. *MOLLIS*, soft; μαλακός λέγειν a soft, grassy meadow.

II. soft, gentle, mild. 2. in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss.

μαλᾶκό-χειρ, χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (μαλακός, χεῖρ) soft-handed, soothing.

μαλᾶκίνω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be soft or weakly, to flag.

μαλᾶκῶς, Adv. of μαλακός, softly: easily, carelessly: Sup. μαλακώτατα.

μαλάσσω Att. -τω, fut. ξω, (μαλακός) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., μαλάσσειν τινά to give one a dressing, curry him.

II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλάχη, ἡ, (μαλᾶκος) a mallow, Lat. *malva*.

μαλέρος, ὁ, ὄν, (μάλα) very strong, mightily, raging, of fire: metaph. glowing, vehement.

ΜΑ'ΛΗ, ἡ, the arm-pit, Lat. *ala*: only in the phrase ὑπὸ μάλῃς or ὑπὸ μάλῃν, under the arm.

ΜΑ'ΛΘΑ' or μάλθη, ἡ, a mixture of wax and pitch for calking ships. 2. the wax laid over writing-tablets.

μαλθᾶκίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλθᾶκινος, ἡ, ον, poet. for μαλθακός.

μαλθᾶκιστέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of μαλθακίζομαι, one must be remiss.

μαλθᾶκός, ἡ, ὄν, = μαλακός (with θ inserted), soft. II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλθᾶκῶς, Adv. softly: gently, mildly.

μαλθάσσω, f. ξω, = μαλάσσω, to soften, soothe:—Pass., μαλθαχθῆναι ἕνπρω to be unnerved by sleep.

μάλιον, α, ον, Dor. for μήλιον.

μάλιον, τό, (μαλλός) hair, a lock of hair. [ᾶ]

Μαλῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. for Μηλῆς, (μᾶλον, = μῆλον) a nympb who protects the flocks (μῆλα).

μάλινα, Adv., Sup. of μάλα: v. μάλα III.

μάλλα, by crasis for μὴ ἄλλα, nay but.

μαλλό-δετος, ον, (μαλλός, δέω) bound with wool.

μάλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: v. μάλα II.

ΜΑΛΛΟ'Σ, οὐ, ὁ, a lock of wool, the wool of sheep, a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of hair.

μαλόβαθρον, v. μαλάβαθρον.

μάλον, Dor. for μῆλον B.

μαλο-πάργος, ον, Dor. for μηλοπάργος.

μάλος, ἡ, ὄν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλο-φόρος, μαλο-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ-.

μάμμᾶ and μᾶμμη, ἡ, a child's attempt to call to its mother; like ἄππα, ἀπρά, ἄττα, πάππα. II. = μήτηρ, mother.

Μαμμᾶκύνθος, ὁ, proverb. word for a blockhead.

μαμμᾶν αἰτεῖν, to cry for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμία, ἡ, (μάμμα) a mother.

Μαμμωνᾶς or Μαμωνᾶς, οὐ, ὁ, *Mammon*, the Syrian god of riches, = Greek Πλούτος: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μάν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μῆν.

ΜΑ'ΝΔΡΑ, ἡ, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. *mandra*: also 2. the setting of a seal, Lat. *psala, funda*.

μανδράγορας, ον, ὁ, *mandrake*, a narcotic plant.

μᾶνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of μᾶννομαι.

Μανέρως, ὁ, *Maneros*, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Δίνος.

μᾶνες, Dor. for μῆνες, pl. of μῆν.

μᾶνῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of μᾶννομαι.

ΜΑΝΘΑ'ΝΩ: fut. μᾶθῆσομαι Dor. μᾶθεύμαι: aor. 2 ἐμάθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθον, or with double μ, ἐμμαθες, ἐμμαθε: pf. μεμάθηκα:—to learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in aor. to have learnt, i. e. to understand, be acquainted with.

II. of the attempt, to ask, inquire about.

III. to perceive, understand, comprehend, like Lat. *teneo*; μανθάνεις; do you understand? Answ., πάνν μανθάνω, perfectly!

—c. part., μάνθανε ὦν, know that you are. IV.

in Att., τί μαθών; comes to mean *wherefore?* properly, *having ascertained what? for what fresh reason?* almost = τί παθών;

μᾶνια Ion. -ή, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) *madness, frenzy*. II. generally, *mad passion, rage, fury*. III. *enthusiasm, Bacchic frenzy*.

μᾶνιάς, ἄδος, (μαίνομαι) fem. pl. Adj. *frantic, mad, frenzied*: joined with a neut. pl. Subst., *μανιάσαν λυσσῆμασι* with mad fits of raving, like *victricia arma*.

μᾶνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μανία) *inclined to madness, mad*; βλέπειν *μανικόν* to look mad. Hence

μανικῶς, Adv. *in mad fashion, madly*.

μᾶνις, ἴδος, Dor. for μᾶνις.

μανίω, Dor. for μᾶνιᾶ.

μᾶν-ώδης, ἐς, (μανία, εἶδος) *mad-like, mad*: τὸ μᾶνιώδες *madness*.

ΜΑΝΝΑ', ἡ, *a morsel, grain*. 2. *mamma*.

ΜΑΝΝΟΣ or μάνος, ὁ, Lat. *monile, a necklace, collar*.

μαννο-φόρος, ον, (μάννος, φέρω) *wearing a collar*. ΜΑΝΟΣ', ἡ, ὄν, Lat. *rarus, thin, loose, slack, flaccid*.

II. of number, *few, scanty*. See μᾶνως.

μαντεία Ion. -ήτης, ἡ, (μαντεύομαι) *propheying, power of divination*: also *the mode of divination*. II. *an oracle, prophesy*.

μαντεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (μαντίς) *an oracle, i. e., I. an oracular response. II. the seat of an oracle*.

μαντεῖος, α, ον, or ος, ον, Ion. -ήιος, η, ον, (μάντις) *oracular, prophetic*.

μάντευμα, ατος, τό, *an oracle*. From

μαντεύομαι, f. -σομαι: aor. I. ἐμαντεύσαμην: pf. μεμάντευμαι: Dep.: (μάντις):—to *divine, prophesy, deliver an oracle*. 2. to *presage, forebode, surmise*: of animals, to *scent*. 3. to *seek divinations*: to *consult an oracle*. II. aor. I. ἐμαντεύθη, impers. in pass. sense, *an oracle was given*: and pf. part. τὰ μεμάντευμένα, *the oracles delivered*. Hence

μαντευτέον, verb. Adj. *one must divine, prophesy*.

μαντευτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μαντεύομαι) *foretold or ordained by an oracle*.

μαντήη, -τήιον, -τήιος, Ion. for μαντεία, etc.

μάντι, voc. of μάντις.

μαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *soothsayer or diviner, prophetic*: as Subst., μαντικῆ (sub. τέχνη), ἡ, *the art or faculty of divination*. Adv. -κῶς.

μαντίπολέω, f. ἦσω, to *prophecy*. From

μαντί-πόλος, ον, (μάντις, πολέω) *inspired, frenzied*.

μάντις, ὁ, γεν. εως Ion. ιος: (μαίνομαι): *a diviner, soothsayer, seer, prophet*: also as fem., *a prophetess*. 2. *metaph. a foreboder*. II. *a kind of locust or grasshopper*.

μαντοσύνη, ἡ, *the art of divination, divining*. [ῥ]

μαντοσύνης, η, ον, (μάντις) *oracular, prophetic*.

μαντώεις, α, ον, = μαντεῖος.

μᾶννώ, μᾶννῆτις, μᾶννῆσις, Dor. for μᾶν-.

μανῶς, Adv. of μάνος, *rarely*: comp. *μανώτερον, less often*.

μάομαι, see μαίομαι.

μᾶπτεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of μάρπτω.

μάραγμα, ἡ, = σμάραγμα, *a lash, whip, scourge*. [μᾶ]

μάρᾶθρον, τό, Dor. and Att. form of μάρᾶθρον.

ΜΑΡΑΘΡΟΝ, τό, *fennel*, Lat. *maratbrum*. [μᾶ] Μᾶρθῶν, ἄνος, ἡ, *Marathon*, a plain on the east coast of Attica, celebrated for the defeat of the Persians, so called from its being overgrown with fennel (μάρᾶθρον).

Μᾶρθῶνο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (Μαρθῶν, μάχομαι) *one who fought at Marathon*: hence *a brave veteran*.

ΜΑΡΑΪΝΩ, f. ἄνω: aor. I. ἐμάρηνα Att. -ἄνα:—Pass., aor. I. ἐμάρᾶνθη: pf. μεμάρᾶμαι or μεμάρᾶσμαι:—to *put out, quench, extinguish*:—Pass. to *die away, burn low*. II. *metaph. to quench*: to *weaken, make to waste or pine away*:—Pass. to *die away, waste away, languish*.

μαρᾶν ἄθά, Syriac, *the Lord cometh*, sc. to judgment.

μαργαῖον, only in pres., (μάργος) to *rage furiously*.

μαργαρίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, *a pearl*, Lat. *margarita*.

μαργάω, only in part., (μάργος) to *rage furiously*.

Μαργίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, (μάργος) *Margites*, hero of a mock-heroic poem ascribed to Homer.

ΜΑΡΓΟΣ, η, ον, or ος, ον, *raging mad*, Lat. *furius*. 2. *greedy, gluttonous*. 3. *lustful*. Hence

μαργότης, ητος, ἡ, *rage, madness*. 2. *greediness, gluttony*. 3. *lust*.

ΜΑΡΗ, ἡ, = χεῖρ, *a band*. (Hence εὐ-μαρῆς.)

ΜΑΡΓΙΛΗ, ἡ, *the embers of charcoal*. [ῖ]

μαρῖλο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (μαρῖλη, ΠΙΟ-Root of some tenses of πίω) *gulper of coal-dust*.

ΜΑΡΜΑΙΡΩ, only in pres. and impf., to *flash, sparkle, glisten, gleam*, mostly of metal; ὄμματα μαρμαίροντα *sparkling eyes*. Hence μαρμάρεις, α, ον, (μαρμαίρω) *flashing, sparkling, glistening*, of metals: also of the sea.

μαρμάρειος, η, ον, (μάρμαρος) *of marble*.

μαρμάρεις, εσσα, εν, = μαρμάρεις, *brilliant, gleaming*.

μαρμᾶρον, τό, = μάρμαρος.

μαρμᾶρος, ον, ὁ, (μαρμαίρω) *any stone or rock with sparkling crystals in it*: also as Adj., πέτρος μαρμαρος *a sparkling stone*. II. μάρμαρος, ἡ, Lat. *marmor, marble*: also *a work in marble, a slab or tablet of marble*.

μαρμᾶρῦγή, ἡ, (μαρμαρύσσω) *a flashing, sparkling*: of any quick motion, μαρμαρῦγαὶ ποδῶν *the quick twinkling of the dancers' feet*.

μαρμᾶρ-ώπος, ὄν, (μάρμαρος, ὤψ) *with sparkling eyes*.

ΜΑΡΨΑΝΑΙ, ασαι, αται, imperat. μάρψαο, subj. μάρψομαι, opt. μαρψοίμην, inf. μάρψασθαι, part. μαρψάμενος; impf. ἐμαρψάμην, αο, ατο, dual ἐμαρψάσθη: no other tenses in use: Dep.:—to *fight, do battle, contend*:—of boxers, to *contend, encounter*. 2. to *quarrel, wrangle*. 3. *metaph. to struggle, strive*.

μαρψαμένοισιν, Ep. part. gen. dual of μάρψαμαι.

μάρνατο, μάρναντο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. of μάρψαμαι.

μαρπίτις, ὁ, (μάρπτω) *a seizer, ravisber*.

ΜΑΨΠΤΩ, fut. μάψω: aor. 1 έμαψα: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 μέμαρπον: and a shortd. aor. 2 έμάπον, inf. μάρπειν, whence 3 pl. opt. μεμαπίνοιν: pf. part. μεμαπίς:—to grasp, bold, catch: to lay hold of, seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch.

ΜΑΨΣΙ-ΠΟΣ, a bag, pouch, Lat. marsupium.

ΜΑΨΤΥΨ, ἦρος, ὁ and ἡ, Aeol. for μάψυς. Hence μαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω:—Pass., fut. 1 μαρτυρήθησομαι, but also f. med. in pass. sense, μαρτυρήσομαι: aor. 1 έμαρτηρήθη: pf. μεμαρτήρημαι:—to be a witness: to bear witness: μαρτυρεῖν τινί to bear witness to a thing, testify of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a thing is:—Pass. to have witness borne to one. II. later, to be or become a martyr. Hence

μαρτύρημα, atos, τό, testimony.

μαρτυρία, ἡ, (μαρτυρέω) a bearing witness. 2.

witness, testimony, evidence.

μαρτύριον, τό, a testimony, proof: in pl., μαρτύρια, τά, evidence. [ῥ] From

μαρτύρομαι [ῥ]: f. ῥοῦμαι: aor. 1 έμαρτηράμην: Dep.: (μάψυς):—to call to witness, invoke: absol. μαρτύρομαι, I call witnesses, I protest.

μάρτυρος, ὁ, Ep. form of μάψυς, a witness.

ΜΑΨΤΥΨ, ὁ or ἡ, gen. μάρτυρος, acc. μάρτυρα, as if from μάψυρ, but also acc. μάρτυν: pl. μάρτυρες, dat. μάρτυσι poet. μάρτυσσι:—a witness.

μαρκαίωμα, μάρκημα, Dor. for μηρικ-.

μαρσύομαι, Dor. for μηρύομαι.

μάψαι, aor. 1 inf. of μάψω.

μάσάομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep., (μάω, μάσσω) to chew.

μάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. 1 inf. of Root *μάω, to touch.

μάσδα, μασδός, Dor. for μάδα, μαζός.

μάσθλη, ἡ, = έμάσθλη, a leathern thong. Hence

μάσθλης, ἦτος, ὁ, a leathern thong. II. metaph. a supple, slippery knave.

μασθός, ὁ, a Dor. form of μαστός, μαζός.

μασί, Dor. for μησί, dat. pl. of μῆν.

μάσσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of *μάω.

Μασσαλία, ἡ, Lat. Massilia, Marseilles. Hence

Μασσαλιώτης, ου, ὁ, a man of Marseilles.

μασσάομαι, etc., = μασάομαι.

μάσσω Att. μάττω: fut. μάψω: aor. 1 έμαφα: pf. μέμαφα:—Pass., aor. 1 έμάψθη: pf. μεμαψμαι: (*μάω):—to touch, handle. II. to work with the bands, to knead dough, Lat. pinso:—Pass., σίτος μεμαψμένος dough ready kneaded.

μάσπων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. μάσπων, gen. μάσπωνος, irreg. Comp. of μακρῶς for μακρότερος, longer, larger.

μάσταψ, ἄκος, ἡ, (μασάομαι) that with which one chews or eats, the jaws, mouth. II. that which is chewed, a mouthful, morsel.

μαστάρύξω or -ίξω, to mumble, of an old man. (Formed from the sound.)

μάστειρα, ἡ, fem. of μαστῆρ.

μαστεύω, f. σω, = ματεύω, to seek: to seek or endeavour to do: to seek or search after.

μαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*μάω) a seeker, searcher. Hence

μαστήριος, α, ov, searching.

μαστιγία, false form for μαστιγία.

μαστιγίας, ου, ὁ, (μάστιξ) one who deserves whipping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. verbero.

μαστιγο-φόρος, ov, (μάστιξ, φέρω) carrying a whip: as Subst., μαστιγοφόρος, ὁ, a sort of constable.

μαστιγίω, f. ὦσω: pf. aor. 1 έμαστιγῶσα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense μαστιγώσομαι: pf. μεμαστιγῶμαι: (μάστιξ):—to whip, flog, beat. Hence

μαστιγώσιμος, ov, that deserves whipping.

μαστιγωτέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of μαστιγίω, to be whipped, deserving a whipping.

μαστίζω, f. ξω: aor. 1 έμάστιξα Ep. μάστιξα: (μάστιξ):—to whip, flog.

μαστικτωρ, opos, ὁ, (μαστίζω) a scourger.

μάστιξ, ἴγος, ἡ, (μάω, μάσσω) a whip, scourge; ἔππον μάστιγα a horse-whip. II. metaph. a scourge, plague; μάστιξ Πειθοῦς the lash of eloquence.

μαστίων, Ep. part. of μαστίω.

μάστις, ἴος, ἡ, Ion. for μάστιξ; dat. μάστι.

μαστισδω, Dor. for μαστίσω.

μαστιχάω, (μάσταψ) to grasp the tee'b, only in Ep. part. dat. μαστιχῶντι.

μαστίω, collat. form of μαστίω, to whip, scourge, beat, lash:—Med., μαστίαια πλενρὰς οὐρῆ [the lion] lashes his sides with his tail.

μαστό-δετον, τό, (μαστός, δέω) a breast-band.

μαστός, οῦ, ὁ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form for Hom μαζός. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. III.

a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the nets.

μαστροπεία, ἡ, a pandering. From

μαστροπεύω, f. σω, (μαστροπός) to be a pander, play the pander: c. acc. to seduce.

μαστροπός, ὁ and ἡ, (μάω, μαστήρ) a pander, pimp, Lat. leno, lena.

μασχάλη, ἡ, (μάλη) the armpit, Lat. ala, axilla. [χᾶ]

μασχάλλω, f. ἴσω, (μασχάλη) to put under the armpits: to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied,

that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them under the armpits, they would avert vengeance. Hence

μασχαλιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a broad strap passing behind the horse's shoulders and fastened to the yoke by the λέπαδνον: generally, a girdle, band.

ματάγω, (μάτην) to act unmeaningly or foolishly.

ματαιάζω, (μάταιος) = ματάγω.

ματαιολογία, ἡ, idle talking. From

ματαιο-λόγος, ov, (μάταιος, λέγω) idly talking.

μάταιος [ᾶ], α, ov, or os, ov, (μάτη) idle, foolish, unmeaning, trifling. II. thoughtless, rash, wanton, profane. Hence

ματαιότης, ἦτος, ἡ, folly, vanity.

ματάως, Adv. of μάταιος, idly, without reason.

ΜΑΨΑΨ, f. ἦσω, (μάτη) to be idle, to loiter, linger, lag; οὔ ματᾶ ποῦρρον the work lags not. II. to be in vain, fruitless.

ματεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 έμάτευσα: (*μάω):—to seek, search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or search after:

to search, explore.

ματέω, rare form for ματέω.

II. Aeol. form

of πατέω, to read on.

ΜΑΤΗ, ἡ, = *matia*, a folly, a fault. [ᾶ] Hence μάτην Dor. μάταν [ᾶ], Adv. in vain, idly, foolishly, Lat. frustra.

2. senselessly, at random, Lat. temere.

3. idly, falsely, Lat. falso. Originally acc. of μάτη, hence εἰς μάτην at random. [ᾶ]

μάτηρ, Dor. for μήτηρ, Lat. mater. [ᾶ]

ματῆς, Dor. for ματᾶς.

ματῖα Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μάτην) a vain attempt.

ματρ-αδελφός, ματρο-δόκος, etc., Dor. for μητρ-.

ματτίη, ἡ, a rich, bigb-seasoned dish, Lat. mattea and mattya. (Foreign word.)

ματτυ-λοιχός, ὄν, (ματτία, λείχω) licking up dainties.

μάττω, f. ζω, Att. for μάσσω.

μαυλῖς, ἴδος or ἰος, ἡ, a knife.

μαυρώ, like ἀμαυρώ, to darken: metaph. to make powerless, to make obscure or forgotten:—Pass. to become dark or obscure.

μάχαιρα [μᾶ], ἡ, a large knife, worn like a dirk next the sword-sheath.

II. as a weapon, a short sword or dagger: a sabre or scimitar, opp. to ξίφος (the straight sword).

III. a kind of razor; διπλή

μάχαιρα scissors. Hence

μάχαιριδιον, τό, Dim. a short sword or dagger.

μάχαιρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of μάχαιρα, a small knife.

2. a small razor.

μάχαιροποιεῖον, τό, a sword or knife factory. From

μάχαιρο-ποιός, ὄν, (μάχαιρα, ποιέω) a cutler.

μάχαιρο-φόρος, ὄν, (μάχαιρα, φέρω) wearing a sabre.

μάχαιράς, ὄ, Dor. for μαχητήης.

Μάχαιων [ᾶ], ὄνος, ὄ, Machaon, son of Aesculapius.

μάχιόμομος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μάχέομαι, Ion. for μάχομαι.

μάχεύομος; Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μαχέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of μάχομαι.

μάχευ, Dor. for μάχον, prés. imperat. of μάχομαι.

ΜΑΧΗ [ᾶ], ἡ, a battle, fight, combat; properly an engagement between armies, but also, a single combat; μάχην νικᾶν to win a battle; but μάχη νικᾶν τινά to conquer one in battle.

II. a quarrel, strife,

wangling.

III. an amicable contest, as for a prize in the games.

IV. a mode of fighting, way of battle.

V. a field of battle. Hence

μάχημων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, warlike.

μάχητής, οὗ, ὄ, (μάχη) a fighter, warrior; as Adj. warlike. Hence

μάχητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for fighting,ugnacious.

μάχιμος, ὄν, (μάχη) disposed for battle, warlike: οἱ μάχιμοι or τὸ μάχιμον the soldiery, the effective force.

μάχιμ-ώδης, ἐς, (μάχιμος, εἶδος) warlike, contentious.

μαχλάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of μάχλος.

ΜΑΧΛΟΣ, ὄν, lewd, lustful: wanton. Hence

μαχλοσύνη, ἡ, lewdness, lust, wantonness.

μαχοῖατο, Ion. for μάχοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of

μάχομαι Ion. μαχέομαι [ᾶ], Ep. part. μαχεύομος and μαχοῦμομος; fut. μαχέσομαι Ep. μαχέσσομαι or μαχησομαι Att. μαχοῦμαι; aor. I ἐμαχεσάμην, Ep. inf. μαχέσασθαι or μαχέσασθαι: pf. μεμάχημαι; Dep.: (μάχη)—to fight, contend in battle; c. dat. pers. to fight with, i. e. against; but, σύν τινι with the sanction of; κατὰ σφῆας μάχεσθαι to fight by themselves: but, καθ' ἓνα μάχεσθαι to fight one against one, in single combat.

II. generally, to quarrel, wrangle, dispute: hence, to oppose, withstand one.

III. to contend for the prize in the games: to measure oneself with.

ΜΑΨ, Adv. in vain, idly, fruitlessly; μὲν ὁμῶσαι to swear lightly, unmeaningly.

II. thoughtlessly, rashly, indecorously.

μαψ-αὔρα, ὄν, αἰ, (μάψ, αὔρα) squalls, gusts of wind.

μαψίδιος, ὄν, (μάψ) vain, false, idle, useless. Hence

μαψιδίος, Adv., = μάψ foolishly, thoughtlessly: without reason: recklessly.

μαψι-λόγος, ὄν, (μάψ, λέγω) idly talking.

μαψι-τόκος, ὄν, (μάψ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth in vain.

μαψ-ὑλάκῆς, ὄν, ὄ, (μάψ, ὑλακῶ) idly yelping, repeating again and again. [λα]

*ΜΑΩ, a Root, only used in pf. act. and in Med.:

I. μέμα, pf. with pres. sense, 3 pl. μεμᾶσι, often in the syncopate forms, dual μεμᾶτον, μεμᾶμεν, μεμᾶτε; 3 sing. imperat. μεμᾶτω [ᾶ]; 3 pl. plrpf. μεμᾶσαν; but most often in part. μεμᾶς, μεμᾶντα, μεμᾶτος, μεμᾶτες, but also μεμᾶότες, μεμᾶ-
στε:—to strive after, long for, desire eagerly, mostly

c. inf.: also absol., πρόσσω μεμανία pressing forward; μεμᾶτες ἐγχείρῃσι pressing forward with their spears.

2. to wish or claim to be.

II. Med., μάμομαι, μῶμαι, part. μῶμενος, inf. μῶσθαι, imperat. μῶεο, to seek after, covet.

μέ, enclit. acc. of ἐγώ.

μέγᾶ, neut. of μέγας.

μεγᾶ-θαρσής, ἐς, (μέγας, θάρσος) very bold.

μεγᾶθος, Ion. for μέγεθος.

μεγᾶ-θυμος, ὄν, (μέγας, θυμός) bigb-minded, magnanimous.

μεγαίρω, aor. I ἐμέγηρα, (μέγας) to look on a thing as too great: hence, to grudge a thing to another as too great for him, and generally, to refuse or deny, withbold from envy: to object, complain.

μεγᾶ-κήτης, ἐς, (μέγας, κήτος) huge, unwieldy.

μεγα-κλής, ἐς, declined (as if from μεγακλής) μεγακλῆος, -εῖ, -έα, -έες, cf. εὐκλής: (μέγας, κλέος):—very famous.

2. pr. n. of several of the family of the Alcmaeonidae at Athens.

μεγᾶ-κῦδης, ἐς, (μέγας, κῦδος) much renowned.

μεγάλα, neut. pl. of μέγας.

μεγᾶλ-ἄνορία, μεγᾶλ-ἄνωρ, Dor. for μεγαλην-.

μεγᾶλ-αυχέω, f. ἴσω, (μέγας, αὐχέω) to boast bigbly, speak haughtily:—Med. to boast oneself.

μεγᾶλ-αυχητος and μεγᾶλ-αυχος, ὄν, (μέγας, αὐχέω) very boastful, vaunting, arrogant.

μεγαλείος, α, ον, (μέγας) magnificent, splendid: of men, haughty. Hence

μεγαλειότης, ητος, η, grandeur, splendour, majesty.

μεγαλείως, Adv. of μεγαλείος, magnificently.

μεγαληγορέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλήγορος) to talk big, boast. Hence

μεγαληγορία, η, big talking.

μεγαλ-ήγορος, ον, (μέγας, άγορέω) talking big, vaunting, boastful.

μεγαληγορία, η, manliness, courage. 2. in bad sense, haughtiness. From

μεγαλ-ήρωρ, ορος, ό, η, (μέγας, άνήρ) heroic, big-minded. 2. in bad sense, haughty.

μεγαλ-ήτωρ, ορος, ό, η, (μέγας, ήτωρ) great-hearted: magnanimous.

μεγαλλίζω, (μέγας) to magnify:—Pass. to be exalted, to bear oneself haughtily.

μεγαλογνωμοσύνη, η, loftiness of sentiment. From

μεγαλο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, γνώμη) of lofty sentiments, big-minded.

μεγαλό-δοξος, ον, (μέγας, δόξα) very glorious.

μεγαλοδωρία, η, munificence, liberality. From

μεγαλό-δωρος, ον, (μέγας, δάρον) making rich presents: munificent.

μεγαλό-οιτος, ον, (μέγας, οϊτος) very wretched.

μεγαλό-κευθής, ές, (μέγας, κευθω) concealing much: hence capacious.

μεγαλό-κράτης, ές, (μέγας, κράτος) far-ruling.

μεγαλό-μητις, ι, (μέγας, μήτις) of big design, ambitions.

μεγαλό-μισθος, ον, (μέγας, μισθός) receiving large pay.

μεγαλό-πετρος, ον, (μέγας, πέτρα) on the vast rock.

μεγαλό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγας, πόλις) joined with the name of a place, as, 'Αθήναι μεγαλοπόλις the great city of Athens.

μεγαλό-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, πράγμα) disposed to do great deeds, forming great designs.

μεγαλοπρέπεια, η, splendour, magnificence. From

μεγαλό-πρεπής, ές, (μέγας, πρέπω) befitting greatness: magnificent, splendid, sumptuous. Hence

μεγαλοπρεπώς Ion. —έως, Adv. magnificently: Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. —έστατα.

μεγάλος, v. μέγας.

μεγαλό-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) of great strength.

μεγαλό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (μέγας, σπλάγχνον) big-spirited.

μεγαλό-στονος, ον, (μέγας, στένω) very piteous.

μεγαλοσύνη, η, = μέγεθος.

μεγαλό-σχημων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, σχήμα) of large form, magnificent.

μεγαλό-τολμος, ον, (μέγας, τόλμα) greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous.

μεγαλοφρόνως, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, generously, proudly.

μεγαλοφρονέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλόφρων) to be big-minded: in bad sense, to be proud, haughty. Hence

μεγαλοφροσύνη, η, greatness of mind: in bad sense, pride, haughtiness.

μεγαλό-φρων, ονος, ό, η, (μέγας, φρήν) big-minded, noble, generous: in bad sense, proud, haughty.

μεγαλοφωνία, η, big talking, vaunting. From

μεγαλό-φωνος, ον, (μέγας, φωνή) loud-talking.

μεγαλοψυχία, η, greatness of soul, magnanimity: in bad sense, arrogance. From

μεγαλό-ψυχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) big-souled, great-hearted, magnanimous.

μεγαλύνω, (μέγας) to make great or powerful:—Pass. to be exalted. II. to extol, magnify. 2. to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.

μεγαλό-ώνυμος, ον, (μέγας, όνομα) giving a great name, conferring glory.

μεγάλως, Adv. of μέγας, greatly.

μεγαλωστί, Adv. of μέγας, over a large space: greatly, hugely: also magnificently.

μεγαλοσύνη, η, (μέγας), greatness.

μέγαν, acc. masc. of μέγας.

μεγ-άνωρ, ορος, ό, η, (μέγας, άνήρ) manly, heroic. [α]

Μέγαρα, αν, τά, Megara:—Μεγαρεύς, έως, ό, α Megarian. Hence

Μεγαρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to take part with the Megarians, speak their dialect: cf. Λακωνίζω.

Μεγάρκοκός, ή, όν, (Μέγαρα) Megarian.

Μεγαρίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. Megarian:—as Subst. (sub. γή), the Megarian territory, Megarid.

Μεγαρόθεν, Adv. (Μέγαρα) from Megara: and

Μεγαροί, Adv. at Megara.

μεγάρον, τό, (μέγας) a large room or chamber, the ball. 2. a woman's apartment. 3. a bed-chamber.

II. a house, mansion, mostly like Lat. aedes, a house in plur. III. the sacred chamber in the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, shrine: in this sense always in sing., like Lat. aedes, a temple. Hence

μεγάρονδε, Adv. homewards, home.

ΜΕΓΑΣ, μεγάλη [α], μέγᾶ: gen. μεγάλου, ης, ον: dat. μεγάλη, η, φ, acc. μέγαν, μεγάλην, μέγᾶ:

dual μεγάλη, α, ω: plur. μεγάλοι, αι, α, etc., like a regul. Adj. in ος: but the regul. form ΜΕΤΑΛΟΣ is never used in sing. nom. and acc. masc. and neut.:

large, big, great:—hence, 1. great, vast, tall. 2. spacious, wide. 3. long. II. of degree, great, powerful, mighty: weighty, important. 2. strong, violent. 3. of sounds, loud. 4. in bad sense, over-great, excessive; μέγα φρονεΐν to have too big, presumptuous thoughts. III. besides the Adv. μεγάλης and μεγαλωστί, the neut. sing. and pl. μέγα and μέγαλα are used as Adv., very much, exceedingly. 2. of Space, far. 3. with Adjs., far, μέγ' άμείνων, far better. IV. Comp. μείζων, neut. μείζον, gen. μείζονος; in Ion. prose μέζων, ον; Dor. μέσδων, Boeot. μέσσων: greater, larger: also too great, more than enough.—Sup. μέγιστος, η, ον, greatest, largest.

μεγα-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) very mighty.

μεγ-αυχής, ές, (μέγας, αυχέω) vaunting, braggart.

μέγθος Ion. μέγαθος, εος, τό, (μέγας) greatness, height; magnitude, bulk, size; *μεγάθει σμικρὸς small in size; μεγάθει μέγας large in size*:—the acc. *μεγάθος* is used absol. as Adv., *in size, or like μέγας, greatly, λάμποντες μέγαθος shining greatly*: so too in pl., *ποταμοὶ οὐ κατὰ τὸν Νεῖλον ἔοντες μεγά-θεα* rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in size.

μεγίθρας, aor. I part. of *μεγαίρω*.
μεγ-ήρατος, ον, (μέγας, ἑρατός) passing lovely.
μεγιστᾶνες, οἱ, (μέγιστος) the nobles, chief men.
μεγιστό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγιστος, πό-λις) making cities greatest or most blest.

μέγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of μέγας.
μεγιστο-τίμος, ον, (μέγιστός, τιμή) greatest in honor.

μεδέων, οντος, δ, = μέδων, *one that cares for or rules, a guardian, ruler, of guardian gods; Ἰδηθεν μεδέων guardian of Ida.* 2. fem. μεδέουσα, = μέδουσα, always of guardian goddesses: *ruing, presiding over.* Properly the part. of an old Verb, μέδω, to rule.

μεδήσσομαι, fut. of μέδομαι.
ΜΕΨΑΙΜΝΟΣ, δ, Ion. also ἦ, *the medimnus* or common Attic corn-measure, containing 6 ἔκτερες, 48 χοίνικες, and 192 κοτύλα, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12 gallons.

ΜΕΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. μεδήσομαι: Dep.: *to give heed to, attend to, think on; c. gen., πολέμου μέδεσθαι, to be thinking of, preparing for battle.* II. *to plan, contrive or devise.*

μέδουσα, fem. of μέδων, like μεδέουσα, a ruler: hence as name of the Gorgon, Medusa.

μέδων, οντος, δ, *one who rules over: a guardian, lord.* Properly part. of an old Verb μέδω, to rule.

μέζα, ον, τά, = μήδεα, *the genitals.*

μεζόνως, Ion. Adv. of μέζων.
μέζων, ον, Ion. for μείζων, Comp. of μέγας.

μεθ-αιρέω, aor. 2 μεθείλον Ion. μεθέλεσκον:—*to catch in turn.*

μεθ-άλλομαι: Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part. pass. μετά-μεως:—*to leap or rush upon.* II. *to rush after, overtake.*

μεθ-ἄμεριος, Dor. for μεθ-ημέριος.

μεθ-αρμόζω, f. σω: aor. I μεθήρμωσα:—*to dispose differently, to correct, reform*:—Med., with pf. pass. μεθήρμωσμαι, *to alter one's way of life; μεθύρμωσα (aor. I imperat.) νέους τρόπους adopt new habits.*

μεθήκα, Ep. for μεθήκα, aor. I of μεθήμι.

μεθειν, aor. 2 opt. of μεθήμι.

μεθειλον, aor. 2 of μεθαίρω.

μεθειναι, μεθείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of μεθήμι.
μεθείω, Ep. for μεθίω, μεθῶ, aor. 2 subj. of μεθήμι.
μεθεκτέον, verb. Adj. of μετέχω, one must share in.
μεθέλεσκε, Ion. for μεθείλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of μεθαίρω.
μεθέμεν, Ep. for μεθειναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεθήμι.
μεθεν, Dor. for ἐμθεν = ἐμοῦ, gen. of ἐγώ.
μεθέξομαι, fut. of μετέχω.

μεθ-έπω, impf. μεθείπον Ep. μέθεπον: fut. μεθέψω: ποῦτ. aor. 2 μετέσπον, inf. μετασπέν, part. μετασπών: aor. 2 med. μετεσπόμεν:—*to follow after, follow closely, hard upon, chase, Lat. insequi.* 2. *to seek or search after.* 3. *to visit.* 4. metaph. *to manage, dispose; ἄχθος νότω μεθέπον disposing a burden on his back.* II. trans., *Τυδείδην μεθεπεν Ἴππους* he turned the horses in pursuit of Tydides.

μεθ-ερμητεύω, f. σω, to translate.

μεθέστηκα, pf. of μεθίστημι.

μέθη, ἦ, (μέθυ) strong drink. II. drunkenness.

μεθήκα, aor. I of μεθήμι.

μεθ-ήκω, to have come in quest of.

μεθ-ήμαι, properly pf. of μεθ-έξομαι, to be seated among.

μεθ-ημερινός, ἦ, ὄν, (μετά, ἡμέρα) happening by day, in open day-light, Lat. diurnus.

μεθ-ημέριος, ον, = μεθημερινός.

μεθημοσύνη, ἦ, remissness, carelessness. From μεθ-ήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μεθίμι) remiss, careless.

μεθήρμωσμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of μεθ-αρμόζω.

μεθήσόμεναι, μεθησόμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of μεθήμι.

μεθίεν, Ep. for μεθείσαν, 3 pl. impf. of μεθήμι. [?]

μεθ-ήμι, inf. μεθειναι part. μεθείς: fut. μεθήσω: aor. I μεθήκα Ep. μεθέκα: aor. 2 inf. μεθειναι part. μεθείς:—Med. μεθειναι: f. μεθήσομαι: 3 sing. aor. 2 μεθείτω, inf. μεθείσθαι.—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing. pres. μεθείς, μεθεί (as if from μεθείω), Ep. inf. μεθ-είμεν, μεθειναι: 2 and 3 sing. impf. μεθείς, μεθεί (as if from μεθείω), 3 pl. μεθείν (for μεθείσαν): aor. I μεθήκα and μεθήκα: aor. 2 subj. μεθείω for μεθῶ, inf. μεθέμεν for μεθειναι:—Herodotus has 3 sing. pres. μετίει (not μετείει), and also 3 sing. impf. pass. μετίειτο or ἐμτίειτο (for μεθειτο); fut. pass. μεθήσομαι; pf. pass. part. μεμειμένους (for μεθειμένους).

I. trans. *to set loose, let go,* I. c. acc. pers. *to let loose, release: to set or leave at liberty.*

2. c. acc. rei, *to let go, let fall, throw; μεθειναι χόλον to let go, give up one's wrath; μεθειναι δάκρυα to let tears flow, i. e. shed them; μεθειναι γλώσσαν Περσίδα to let drop, utter Persian words.*

3. *to release or relieve from.* 4. *to give up, resign: also c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to give up to or for another.* 5. *to neglect, regard lightly.* 6. *to forgive, excuse one a fault.* II. Med. μεθεισθαι, *to loose oneself from, let go hold of, παιδὸς οὐ μεθήσομαι; the Act. takes the acc. to let go, παῖδα οὐ μεθήσω.*

III. intrans. in Act. *to relax one's efforts: in war, to slacken, be lukewarm: generally, to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter.* 2. c. gen. rei, *to cease from, abandon: c. gen. pers. to abandon or neglect one.* 3. c. part., *κλαύσας καὶ ὀδυράμενος μεθέηκε* having wept and bewailed he left off. [?] in Att.; ? in Ep., except metri gratia.]

μεθ-ίστημι, collat. form of μεθίστημι.

μεθ-ίστημι, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut. μετα-στήσω: aor. I act. μετέστησα and med. —εστη

σάμην:—to place in another way: to substitute, change.

2. to put away, remove: generally, to remove from one place to another: so too in aor. I med. to remove from oneself.

II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθίσταμαι impf. μεθιστάμην; aor. I μετεστάμαι [ᾶ] and in intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 μετέστην, pf. μεθέστηκα, plaqf. μεθεστήκειν:—to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατῷ μεθέστηκε fortune batb changed for the army: to go over to another party, to revolt: hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδία, ἡ, craft, artifice. From μεθοδεύω, f. σω, (μέθοδος) to work by method: hence to deal craftily with.

μεθ-οδος, ἡ, (μετά, δός) a following after: a scientific inquiry or treatise: method, system.

μεθ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to associate with, mix with.

μεθ-όριος, α, ον, (μετά, ὄρος) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθῦρια (sub. χωρία), the borders, frontier.

μεθ-ορμιάω, f. ἦσω, (μετά, ὀρμιάω) to urge in pursuit:—Pass., aor. I μεθωρμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly; μεθωρμηθείς following close.

μεθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with véas omitted: metaph. to remove from one place to another:—Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ΜΕ'ΟΥΤ', ὄος, τό, wine, Lat. merum.

μεθ-υδρία, ἄδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὕδωρ) of or from the water, epith. of Nymphs.

Μεθ-υδριον, τό, (μετά, ὕδωρ) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways: cf. Lat. Interamnia.

μεθύ-πιδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πίδαξ) gushing with wine.

μεθύ-πληξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πλήσσω) wine-struck, drunken.

μεθ-υποδέομαι, Med. (μετά, υποδέομαι) to change shoes, put on another person's shoes.

μεθύσις, ἡ, (μεθύω) drunkenness.

μεθύσιος, f. ὕσω (ῦ), aor. I ἐμέθυσα:—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate:—Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in aor. I ἐμεθύσθην, to be drunk.

μεθύσο-κότταβος, ον, (μέθυσος, κότταβος) drunk while playing at the κότταβος.

μεθύσος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (μέθυ) drunken.

μεθ-ύστερος, α, ον, later, living after; οἱ μεθύστεροι posterity: neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later.

μεθυσφάλῃς, ἐς, (μέθυ, σφαλίηνα) reeling-drunk.

μεθυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μεθύω) a drunkard.

μεθυ-τρόφος, ον, (μέθυ, τρέφω) producing wine.

μεθύω, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μεθύσιος: (μέθυ):—to be drunken, be given to drinking.

II. metaph. to be drenched, steeped in any liquid.

2. to be intoxicated with passion: to be stupefied with blows.

μεθῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 sub. of μεθίημι.

με-ἀγωγέω, f. σω, (μείων, ἀγωγός) to bring too little; μεταγωγέω τῶν τραγῳδιῶν to weigh tragedy by scruples, weigh scrupulously: see μείων.

ΜΕΙΔΑ'Ω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐμείδησα Ep. μείδησα:—to smile: for Σαρδάνιον μείδησαι, see Σαρδάνιος.

Hence

μείδημα and μείδιμα, ατος, τό, a smile, smiling.

μειδιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], collat. form of μειδάω, to smile: Ep. part. μειδιῶν.

μειζῶως, Adv. of μείζων, in a greater degree.

μειζότερος, later form for μείζων.

μείζων, ον, irreg. Comp. of μέγας, greater.

μείλανι, Ep. for dat. of μέλας.

μείλια, ἴων, τά, (μειλίσσω) anything that pacifies or pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μειλίγμια, ατας, τό, (μειλίσσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μειλίγματα θυμοῦ scraps to appease hunger.

2. in pl. a propitiation offered to the dead, Lat. inferiae.

3. a fondling, darling, Lat. deliciae.

4. a soothing song.

μειλικτήριος, ον, (μειλίσσω) able to soothe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. ἱερά), τά, atonements.

μείλινος, η, ον, poet. for μέλινος, ashen.

μειλίσσω, f. ἔω: (μέλι):—to make mild, to soothe, please: to treat kindly: to appease, propitiate:—Pass. to be soothed, grow calm:—Med. to use soothing words; μηδὲ τί μοι αἰδόμενος μειλίσσο μηδ' ἐλεῖραιω extenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μειλίχια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μειλίχος) mildness, gentleness: but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle.

μειλίχιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, soothing: in neut. pl., προσαδῶν μειλιχίῳσι: (sub. ἐπέεσι) to address with soothing words: cf. κερτόμα.

II. of persons, mild, gracious.

μειλιχό-γῆρυς, υ, (μείλιχος, γῆρυς) soft-voiced.

μειλιχό-δωρος, ον, (μείλιχος, δῶρον) giving pleasing gifts.

μειλίχος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, kind.

μείναι, aor. I inf. of μένω.

μείναν, μέινε, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένω.

μείων, ονος, τό, neut. of μέων, less, too small.

II. μείων, τό, name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Apaturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μείων, too light! see μεταγωγέω.

μειον-εκτήω, f. ἦσαι, (μείων, ἔχω) to have too little, to be poor: c. gen. rei, to be scant of a thing. Hence

μειονεγία, ἡ, disadvantage.

μεινῶως, Adv. of μείων, in a less degree; μεινῶως ἔχειν to be too mean.

μειώω, f. ὠσω, (μείων) to make smaller, lessen, diminish.

2. to lessen in honour, degrade.

3. to extenuate.

II. Pass. to become smaller, to decrease.

2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. to fall short of.

μειράκι-εξάπατης, ον, ὁ, (μειράκιον, ἐξ-απατάω) a boy-cheater. [ᾶ]

μειρακίεομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy: to be idle or mischievous, Lat. *adolescens*.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκιομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy or lad.

μειράκισκη, ἡ, Dim. of μείραξ, a little girl.

μειράκιος, ὁ, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκύλλον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a mere lad.

ΜΕΓΡΑΞ, ὁ, and ἡ, a boy or girl, lad or lass.

ΜΕΓΡΟΜΑΙ, pf. ἔμμορα pass. εἵμαρμαι: Dep. — Π in pres. to receive as one's portion or due; c. acc., ἤμισυ μείροε τιμῆς take half the honour as thy due.

II. in pf. ἔμμορα, to have or obtain one's share of a thing; c. gen., ἔμμορε τιμῆς be bath gotten his share of honour.

III. the pf. pass. is used as impers. εἵμαρται, it is allotted or decreed by fate; plqrpf. εἵμαρτο it was so decreed:—also in part. εἵμαρμένος, η, ον, allotted, decreed; ἡ εἵμαρμένη (sub. μοῖρα), that which is allotted, destiny, like πεπωμένη from πέπραται.

μείς, ὁ, Ion. and Aeol. for μήν, a month.

μείωμα, ατος, τό, (μείω) a diminution: a fine.

μείων, neut. μείων gen. μείονος, used as Comp. of μικρός and ὀλίγος.

μελάγ-γαῖος, ον, μελάγ-γειος, ον, and μελάγ-γεως, ον, gen. ω, (μέλας, γαῖα = γῆ) with black soil, loamy.

μελάγ-κερος, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) black-borned.

μελαγ-κόρυφος, ὁ, (μέλας, κορυφή) with a black beard: as Subst., μελαγκόρυφος, ὁ, a bird, the blackcap.

μελάγ-κροκος, ον, (μέλας, κρέκω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails.

μελαγ-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (μέλας, χαιτή) black-haired.

μελάγχιμα, ον, τά, dark spots in snow. From μελάγχιμος, ον, black, dark. (Formed from μέλας with termination -χιμος, as δυσ-χιμος from δυσ-).

μελαγ-χίτων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χίτων) with black raiment: hence gloomy, dark-brooding.

μελάγ-χλαινος, ον, (μέλας, χλαινα) black-cloaked: οἱ Μελάγχλαινοὶ a Scythian nation.

μελάγχολάω, (μελάγχολος) to be jaundiced or melancholy.

μελάγ-χολος, ον, (μέλας, χολή) with black bile, jaundiced. II. dipped in black bile.

μελαγ-χροτής, ἐς, (μέλας, χροιά) = μελάγχροος.

μελάγ-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, ον, (μέλας, χροά) black-skinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swarthy: there is an irreg. nom. pl. μελάγχρους.

μελαγ-χρῶς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χρῶς) = μελάγ-χροος.

μελαθρον, τό, (μέλας) the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the ceiling: also the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice. II. generally, a roof: in pl., like Lat. *tecta*, a house.

μελαθρόφι, ποῖτ. gen. of μελαθρον.

μελαῖνω, f. ανῶ — Pass., aor. I ἐμελάνθην: pf. μεμέλασμα: (μέλας):—to blacken, make black:—Pass. to grow black or dark, turn black.

μελαμ-βᾶθής, ἐς, (μέλας, βάθος) deep in darkness.

μελαμ-βᾶθής, ἐς, (μέλας, βαθῆναι) dark-dyed.

μελαμ-βωλος, ον, (μέλας, βῶλος) with black soil.

μελαμ-πᾶγής, ἐς, Dor. for μελαμπηγής, (μέλας, πήγνυμι) black-clotted: generally, black, discoloured.

μελαμ-πεπλος, ον, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robed.

μελαμ-πέταλος, ον, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved.

μελαμ-περος, ον, (μέλας, πτερόν) black-winged.

μελαμ-φᾶής, ἐς, (μέλας, φᾶος) with darkness for light.

μελαμ-φύλλος, ον, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved: with dark foliage, dark-wooded.

μελᾶν, ἄνος, τό, (neut. of μέλας) black dye, ink.

μελᾶν-αγίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, αἰγίς) with dark aegis.

μελᾶν-αυγής, ἐς, (μέλας, αὐγή) dark-gleaming.

μελᾶν-δετος, ον, (μέλας, δέω) bound or mounted with black: σάκος μελᾶνδέτον an iron-rimmed shield.

μελαν-δόκος, ον, (μέλαν, δέχομαι) holding ink; κίστη μελανδόκος an ink-stand.

μελᾶν-δρον, τό, (μέλας, δρῦς) heart of oak.

μελᾶν-εἰμων, ον, (μέλας, εἶμα) with black raiment.

μελάνει or μελανεῖ, a 3 sing. without any other part of the Verb in use, either to make dark (from μελᾶνω = μελαῖνω), or to grow dark (from μελαίνεω).

μελ-ανθής, ἐς, (μέλας, ἄνθος) with black blossoms: generally, black-coloured.

μελάνια, ἡ, (μέλας) a black cloud.

μελᾶνό-ζυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, ζεύγνυμι) with black benches.

μελᾶνο-κάρδιος, ον, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearded.

μελᾶν-ὀμμάτος, ον, (μέλας, ὄμμα) black-eyed.

μελᾶνο-νεκτο-εἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέλας, νέκυσ, εἶμα) clad in black sbroud.

μελᾶνό-πτερος, ον, and μελᾶνο-πτερυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, πτερόν, πτέρυξ) black-winged.

μελᾶνο-οστος, ον, (μέλας, ὄσσε) black-eyed.

μελᾶν-οστος, for μελᾶνόστεος, ον, (μέλας, ὀστέον) black-boned.

μελᾶν-ουρος, ον, fcm. μελᾶν-ουρίς, ἴδος, (μέλας, οὐρά) black-tailed.

μελᾶνό-χροος, ον, = μελάγχροος.

μελᾶνό-χρως, οος, ὁ, ἡ, = μελάγχρος.

μελαν-τειχής, ἐς, (μέλας, τεῖχος) with black walls.

μελάντερος, α, ον, Comp. of μέλας.

μελαν-τραγής, ἐς, (μέλας, τραγεῖν) black when eaten.

μελᾶν-υδρος, ον, (μέλας, ὕδρα) with black water. [ᾶ]

ΜΕΛΛΑΣ, Aeol. μέλας, μέλανα, μέλᾶν: gen. μέλανος, μελαίνης, μέλανος; etc.: cf. τάλας:—black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky. II. Comp. μελᾶν-τερος, α, ον.

ΜΕΛΛΩ, only used in pres. to melt, make liquid:—Pass. μελδομαι, to melt, grow liquid.

μέλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of μέλω.

μέλε, ὦ μέλε, as a familiar address, my friend, my dear: voc. from an absol. nom. μέλος, or contr. from μέλεος, for μέλες, as ἦλέ for ἡλέ.

μελεδαίνω, (μέλω) to care for, be cumbered or anxious about, c. gen. II. to tend, attend upon, c. acc. Hence

μελέδημα, atos, τό, care, anxiety, concern. II. *the thing cared for.* Hence μελεδήμων, on, gen. onos, caring for, anxious about. II. busy.

μελεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, = μελεδῶνη.
μελεδωνεύς, ὁ, ποιῆτ. for μελεδωνός.
μελεδῶνη, ἡ, like μελεδών, (μελεδαίνω) care, sorrow.
μελεδωνός, ὁ, and ἡ, (μελεδαίνω) one who takes care of, a guardian, steward: a keeper or tender.

μέλει, impers., see μέλω.
μελειστί, Adv. (μελείζω) limb from limb.
μελο-πάθης, ἐς, (μέλεος, παθεῖν) suffering misery.
μελο-πονος, on, (μέλεος, πόνος) labouring in misery.
μέλεος, α, on, also os, on, (μέλω) fruitless, vain, empty: neut. μέλεον as Adv. in vain. 2. unhappy, wretched.

μελόε-φρων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλεος, φρήν) wretched in mind.

μελοσί-πτερος, on, (μέλος, πτερόν) singing with its wings.

μέλειται, 3 sing. pres. med. of μέλω.
μελετάω, f. ἡσώ:—to care for, c. gen. II. c. acc. to study, prosecute diligently, Lat. excolere: to court: to practise, exercise; μελετᾶν σοφίαν to practise wisdom; also c. dat. rei, μελετᾶν τόφω to practise with the bow: absol. to practise, exercise oneself; ἐν τῷ μὴ μελετᾶντι (dat. part. for inf.) by want of practice: absol. to take heed, take thought. 2. c. acc. pers. to exercise or train one. From

μελέτη, ἡ, (μέλομαι) care, attention 2. practice, exercise. II. care, anxiety.

μελέτημα, atos, τό, (μελετάω) a practice, study.
μελετηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (μελετάω) practising diligently.
μελετητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, one must practise.

μελέτωρ, opos, ὁ, (μέλω) one who cares for, a guardian, avenger.

μεληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, = μελεδών, μελεδῶνη.
μέλημα, atos, τό, (μέλω) an object of care: a beloved object. II. a charge, duty: care, anxiety.

μελησίμεν, Ep. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω.
μελησίμ-βροτος, on, (μέλησις, βροτός) cared for by men.

Μελητιδής [γ], ou, ὁ, proverbial name at Athens for a blockhead, as if patronym. from Μέλητος.

ΜΕΛΙ, ἴτος, τό, Lat. MEL, honey.

μελία Ion. -τή, ἡ, the ash, Lat. fraxinus: from its toughness it was used for spears. II. a spear.

μελί-βόας, ὁ, (μέλι, βοή) with honey-tone.
μελί-βρομος, on, (μέλι, βρέμω) honey-toned.
μελί-γδουπος, on, (μέλι, δουπέω) sweet-sounding.
μελί-γυρps Dor. -γυρps, vos, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, γήρps) honey-voiced, musical.

μελί-γλωσσος, on, (μέλι, γλώσσα) honey-tongued.
μελίμα, atos, τό, (μελίω) song: a pipe.

μελίω Dor. μελίσσω, (μέλεος) to modulate, warble, play: so also in Med., with Dor. fut. μελίζομαι. 2. trans. to sing of, celebrate in song.

μελι-πρῆς, ἐς, (μέλι, ἡδύς) honey-sweet: metaph. sweet to the soul, pleasing.

μελί-θρεπτος, on, (μέλι, τρέφω) honey-fed.
μελί-θροος, on, contr. -θρους, on, (μέλι, θροέω) sweet-sounding.

μελί-κρον, τό, (μέλι, κρῆς) a honeycomb.
μελί-κομος, on, (μέλι, κομῆω) sweet-sounding.

μελί-κρῦτος Ion. -κρητος, on, (μέλι, κεράννυμι) mixed with honey: μελί-κρητος Att. -κρᾶτον, τό, a drink of honey and milk offered as a libation.

μελικτής, οὔ, Dor. μελικτάς, ἄ, ὁ, (μελίω) a singer, player, esp. a flute-player.

μελί-λωτος, τό, also μελί-λωτος, ὁ, (μέλι, λωτός) melilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity of honey it contained.

ΜΕΛΙΝῆ, ἡ, millet, Lat. panicum: in pl. millet-fields. [γ]

μελίνος Ep. μελίνος, η, on, (μελία) aspen, Lat. fraxineus.

Μελίνο-φαγοί, οἱ, (μελίνη, φάγειν) the Millet-eaters, name of a Thracian tribe.

μελί-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ and ἡ, (μέλι, παῖς) with honey-children, epith. of the bee-hive.

μελί-πνοος, on, contr. -πνοος, ουν, (μέλι, πνέω) honey-breathing, sweet-breathing.

μελί-ρροος, on, (μέλι, ῥέω) flowing with honey.
μελίρ-ῥυτος, on, = μελίρροος.

μελίσσω, Dor. for μελίω: μελίσδεν, Dor. inf.

μέλισμα, atos, τό, (μελίω) a song, chant: a tune.
μέλισσα Att. μελίττα, ης, ἡ, (μέλι) a bee. 2. a priestess of Delphi. II. honey itself.

μελίσειος, not μέλισσιος, α, on, (μέλισσα) of, belonging to bees; μελίσειον κηρίον a honeycomb.

μελίσο-βοτος, on, (μέλισσα, βύσσκω) fed on by bees.
μελίσο-νόμος, on, (μέλισσα, νέμω) keeping bees. II. (μέλισσα i. 2) a priestess.

μελίσο-πόνος, on, (μέλισσα, πονέω) tending bees.
μελίσο-σός, on, (μέλισσα, σός) guardian of bees.

μελίσο-τοκος, on, (μέλισσα, τεκεῖν) produced by bees, bonied.

μελίσο-τρόφος, on, (μέλισσα, τρέφω) feeding bees.
μελίσων Att. μελιτῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, (μέλισσα) a beehouse, apiary.

μελι-στάγης, ἐς, (μέλι, σταγῆναι) drooping honey.
μελί-στακτος, on, = μελιστάγης.

μελίτα, ἡ, (μέλι) a herb, baulm, Lat. afiastrum.

μελί-τερπής, ἐς, (μέλι, τέρπω) honey-sweet.
Μελιτιδής, false form for Μελητιδής.

μελιτόεις, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) bonied, sweet. II. made of honey: as Subst., μελιτόεσσα Att. μελιτοῦττα (sub. μᾶζα) ἡ, a honey-cake.

μελιτό-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (μέλι, πωλέω) a dealer in honey.

μελιτοῦττα, v. μελιτόεις.
μελιτώ, f. ὄσω, (μέλι) to sweeten with honey.

μέλιττα, ἡ, Att. for μέλισσα, a bee.
μελιττιον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, a small bee.

μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσοτρ-.

μελιττουργός, -ουργή, -ουργία, ἡ, Att. for μελισσο-.

μελίτ-ώδης, es, (μέλος, εἶδος) like honey.

μελίτωμα, ατος, τό, (μελίτω) a honey-cake. [Υ]

μελί-φθογγος, on, (μέλι, φθογγή) honey-voiced, sweet-toned, bonied.

μελί-φρων, onος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, φρήν) sweet to the mind, delicious.

μελί-φυρτος, on, (μέλι, φύρω) mixed with honey.—

μελί-χλωρος, on, (μέλι, χλωρός) yellow or pale as honey, tawny.

μελί-χροος, on, contr. -χρους, on, (μέλι, χρώ) honey-coloured, tawny.

μελίχρ-ώδης, es, (μελίχρους, εἶδος) yellow as honey.

μελί-χρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, χρώς) = μελίχρους.

μελίημα, ατος, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. delays.

μέλλησα, Ep. for ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

μέλλησις, ἡ, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending or threatening to do: an intention. II. an un-

fulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλήτριον, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay.

μελλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελλό-γάμος, on, (μέλλω, γαμέω) betrothed.

μελλο-δειπνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέλλω, δείπνω) played at the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικῶ) to put off conquering; with a pun upon the name of Nicias.

μελλό-νυμφος, on, (μέλλω, νύμφη) about to be wedded: also, in wider sense, whoever is of marriageable age.

ΜΕ'ΛΛΩ, impf. ἐμελλον: fut. μελλήσω: aor. I ἐμέλλησα: in Att. the augm. is doubled, ἤμελλον, ἤμέλλησα:—to be on the point of doing, to be about to do or suffer: hence to intend, design, purpose. II. to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελέσθαι ἐμελλον which were not destined to be accomplished. 2. to be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must:

μέλλω που ἀπέχθειςθαι Διὶ πατρὶ ἵτι must be that I am hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability; τὰ δὲ μέλλετ' ἀκούμεν you are likely to have heard of it; οὐτι που μέλλοντα ἄριστοι βουλάς βουλευέιν where the best are likely to be holding counsel. III.

to be always going to do, meaning to do, without doing: hence to delay, put off, hesitate, scruple. IV. μέλλω often stands without its infin., and so seems to govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted; οὐ τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εὐθὺς πράττετε, what you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλων is also used so, as ὁ μέλλων χρόνος the future time; ἡ μέλλουσα αὐτοῦ δύναμις his future power: esp. in neut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the issue, result.

μελλά, οὐς, ἡ, poet. for μέλλησις.

μελογράφια, ἡ, song-writing.

μελο-γράφος, on, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs.

μελοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (μελοποιός) to make lyric poems.

μελοποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, = μελοποιός.

μελο-ποιός, ὄν, (μέλος, ποιέω) making lyric poems: as Subst., μελοποιός, ὁ, a lyric poet.

ΜΕ'ΛΟΣ, eos, τό, a limb; κατὰ μέλα limb by limb. II. a song, strain; plur. μέλη lyric poetry, choral songs. 2. the music to which a song is set, an air, melody.

μελο-τύπεω, f. ἦσω, (μέλος, τύπτω) to strike up a strain, chant.

μέληθρον, τό, (μέλω) the song and dance, festivity, sport; μέληθρα κυνῶν a sport for dogs.

Μελπομένη, ἡ, Melpoméné, the Songstress, the Muse of Tragedy. From

μέλω, f. ψω. aor. I ἐμελψα: (μέλος):—to sing, celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also μέ-

πομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπεσθαι κιθαρίζων to sing to the harp; μέλπεσθαι to dance in honour of Mars, i. e. to fight bravely. 2. c. acc. to sing, celebrate.

μελύδριον, τό, Dim. of μέλος, a ditty.

ΜΕ'ΛΩ, fut. μελήσω:—to be an object of care or thought; πᾶσι μέλω I am a care to all. 2. mostly in 3 sing. μέλει, impf. ἔμελε, fut. μελήσει, pres. and fut. inf. μέλει and μελήσειν—something is a care to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est mihi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμος war is a care to me: so in inf., σοὶ χρὴ τάδε μέλειν it is right that these things should be a care to thee. 3. μέλει is often impers.; μέλει μοι τοῦδε there is a care to me for this, I care for this. II. pres. and fut. Med.

μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing. for μέλει, μελήσει; as ἐμοὶ δέ κε ταῦτα μελήσεται but these things shall be my care. 2. pf. act. μέμηλε with pres. sense, for Att. μεμέληκε, and the plqpf. μεμήλει, with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμηλότα ἔργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and plqpf. pass. μεμβλεται, μεμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέληται, ἐμεμέλητο, also occur in pres. and impf. sense; ἦ νύ τοι οὐκέτι μεμβλετ' Ἀχιλλεύς surely Achilles is no longer a care to thee; μεμβλετο οἱ τείχος the wall was a care to him. III. the Act. μέλα, Med. μέλομαι are also found in trans. sense, to care for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτῶν to take care of mortals; so in pf. part., πολλόμοιο μεμηλὸς busied with war: also in aor. I pass. μεληθῆναι, to care for, take care of.

μελωδέω, f. ἦσω, (μελωδός) to sing. Hence

μελωδία, ἡ, a singing.

μελ-φῶδος, ὄν, (μέλος, φῶδῃ) singing, musical.

μέμα, pf. of *μάω: 3 pl. μεμάσσι.

μεμάθηκα [μᾶ], pf. of μαθήθαι.

μεμάκεια, Ep. pf. part. fem. of μηκέομαι.

μεμάδια, Ep. for μεμάομαι, I pl. pf. of *μάω.

μεμνήμηναι [μᾶ], pf. of μαινομαι, formed as if from *μανέομαι.

μεμάοτες, pf. part. pl. of *μάω.

μεμάποιεν [μᾶ], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπτω.

μεμαρπῶς, pf. part. of μάρπτω.

μεμάτε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of *μάω.

· μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω.

· μεμαῶς, μεμαῖα, pf. part. of *μάω: μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, lengthd. for μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, nom. and acc. plur.

· μεμβλεται, μεμβλετο, Ep. for μεμέληται, έμεμέλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of μέλω.

· μεμβλοκα, pf. of βλώσκω.

· μεμβράνα, ή, Lat. membrāna, a parchment, skin.

· ΜΕΜΒΡΑΣ, άδος, ή, a small kind of anchovy. [ά]

· μεμέληκα, pf. of μέλω.

· μεμένηκα, pf. of μένω.

· μεμετημένος, Ion. for μεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of μεθίμι.

· μεμηκώς, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

· μεμηλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense, also μεμηλει, plqpf. with impf. sense.

· μεμηλα, pf. of μαίνομαι.

· μεμηχάνημένος, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by stratagem.

· μεμίσσμαι, pf. pass. of μαίνω.

· μεμίσμαι, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίσχαι.

· μεμνήμενος, Dor. pf. part. of μμνήσκω.

· μέμνεο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μμνήσκω.

· μεμνέωτο, Ion. for μέμνωτο, 3 pl. pf. opt. pass. of μμνήσκω.

· μεμνήμαι, pf. pass. of μμνήσκω, inf. μεμνήσθαι.

· μεμνήμην, μεμνήμην, pf. opt. pass. of μμνήσκω.

· μεμνηστευμένος, pf. part. pass. of μμνηστεύω.

· μεμνώμαι, pf. subj. pass. of μμνήσκομαι.

· Μέμνων, ονος, ό,

· μεμδύλγκα, -σμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μολύνω.

· μέμονα, poet. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without any pres. in use: (*μάω):—to wish, long, yearn, strive; διχθὰ δέ μοι κραδίη μέμονε my heart longs with a twofold wish.

· μεμδρήται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μείρομαι.

· μεμορυγμένος, pf. part. pass. of μορύσσω.

· μεμουνώμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μονώω.

· μεμπτός, ή, όν, (μέμφομαι) to be blamed, blameworthy, contemptible. II. act. blaming, bearing a grudge against.

· μέμψκα, pf. of μμκόομαι: also of μύω.

· ΜΕΜΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. μέμφομαι: aor. I med. έμεμψάμην, pass. έμέμψθην: Dep.:—to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, to complain of a thing; c. acc. rei et c. gen. pers., δ μάλιστα μέμφομαι ήμῶν which is the chief complaint they make against us. II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to object a thing to another: reproach him with it: c. dat. pers. to find fault with:

· μεμψί-μοιρος, ον, (μέμφομαι, μοίρα) complaining of one's fate, repining, discontented.

· μεμψις, εως, ή, (μέμφομαι) a blaming, reproach, reproof. 2. a complaint.

· ΜΕ'Ν, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by δέ in the corresponding clause. Generally, μέν and δέ

may be expressed by *on the one hand . . . on the other; as well . . . as, while; μέν*, like δέ, can never stand first in a clause: μέν is not always answered by δέ, but by other Particles, as by *άλλά, άτάρ, έπειτα, άυτε, άδεις*; also by *μέντοι, έτα*. Μέν is often found without δέ expressed, as, *ός μέν λέγουσι* as they say, (*but as I do not believe*). Μέν was orig. the same as *μήν*, and ή μέν is retained in Ion. for ή μήν as a form of protestation.

II. μέν before other Particles: 1. *μέν άρα*, Ep. *μέν βα*, accordingly, and so. 2. *μέν γε* or *μέν . . γε*, yet at least, certainly, Lat. *certe*. 3. *μέν δή* however. 4. *μέν ούν* or *μενούν*, Lat. *imo vero*, ay indeed: rather, nay rather: so too, *μέν ούν γε* or *μενούνγε*, yea rather. 5. *μέν τοι* Ep., Att. *μέντοι*, certainly, at any rate. b. to recall what has gone before, *now*. c. to mark an objection, or exception, *yet, however, still, nevertheless*.

· μεναίχμης, ον, ό, (μένω, αίχμή) sustaining the fight, resolute, unflinching.

· μεναίω, only used in pres. and impf., (μένος) to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing: c. gen., *μεναίειν μάχης* to long for battle. II. to be angry, rage, be furious:—to be convulsed in death.

· μεν-έγγης, ες, (μένω, έγγος) steadfast in fight.

· μενε-δήςος, ον, (μένω, δήςος) standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching.

· μενελάως, Ep. I pl. aor. I of μεναίω.

· Μενέλαος, Att. Μενέλεος Dor. Μενέλας, ό, pr. n., (μένω, λαός) Menelaus, i. e. withstanding men.

· μενε-πόλεμος, ον, (μένω, πόλεμος) staunch in battle, steadfast, resolute.

· Μενεσθεύς, εως, Ion, ήος, ό, (μένω) Menestheus, i. e. the Abider.

· μενετός, verb. Adj. of μένω, one must abide.

· μενετός, ή, όν, (μένω) standing one's ground, steadfast: also patient, longsuffering: *οι καιροι ου μενετοι* opportunities will not wait.

· μενε-φύλοπις, ιος, ό, ή, (μένω, φύλοπις) = μενεπτόλεμος. [ψ]

· μενε-χάρμης, ον, ό, and μενε-χαρμος, ον, (μένω, χάρμη) staunch in battle, resolute.

· μενο-εικής, ες, (μένος, εικός from *εϊκω) suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful: generally, agreeable, pleasant, suiting one's taste.

· μενοιάω, f. ήσω: Ep. impf. μενοίειν: Ep. pres. μενοιάω, 3 sing. μενοιάα: Ep. aor. I μενοίησα, 3 sing. opt. μενοίησειε: (μενοινή):—to desire eagerly, long for, to strive for. 2. to purpose, intend.

· μενοινή, ή, eager desire.

· μενονώω, Ep. for μενοιάω.

· ΜΕ'ΝΟΣ, εος, τό, force, strength of body, prowess. 2. of animals, strength, fierceness, spirit. 3. of things, strength, might, force: hence of the blood as giving strength; *μέλαν μένος* a flow of black blood.

II. spirit, ardour: *μένει*, dat. *with* fury, violently. 2. *wish, bent, purpose*. 3. generally, temper, disposition. III. μένος is also used in

periphr. like βίη, ἴς; as ἱερὸν μένος Ἀλκινόοιο the sacred Alcinou's himself.

μεοῦν, μέντοι, etc., v. sub μέν π. 4, 5.

ΜΕΝΩ: Ion. impf. μένεσκον: fut. μενῶ, Ep. uncontr. μενέω: aor. 1 ἔμεινα: pf. μεμένηκα:—to stay, wait, Lat. MANEO: to abide, stand one's ground. 2. to stay at home, tarry. 3. to stay behind, linger, dally.

4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, stand. 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue bold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opinion.

II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly:—to await for; μένον δ' ἐπὶ ἕσπερον ἔλθειν they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: Dor. μερίσσω, f. ἴω: (μερίς):—to divide into parts. II. to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.

μερίμνᾳ, ἡ, (μερίς, μερίζω) care, thought: anxious care or thought, trouble, disquietude. II. the thought, mind. Hence

μερίμνάω, f. ἴσω, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; πολλά μερίμνᾶν to be cumbered with many cares. Hence

μερίμνημα, ατος, τό, anxious thought, care: and μερίμνητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who is careful about things. μερίμνο-τόκος, ον, (μέριμα, τεκεῖν) giving birth to care.

μερίμνο-φροντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μέριμα, φροντίζω) an ever-careful thinker.

μερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (μέρος) a part, portion, share. II. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. partes.

μερισμός, ὁ, (μερίζω) a partition, dividing, distributing.

μεριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μερίζω) a divider or distributor.

μερίτης, ον, ὁ, (μερίς) a partaker. [I] μέρμερος, ον, (μέριμα) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. μέρμερα, mischiefs, troubles. Hence

μερίμνᾳ, ἡ, poet. for μέριμα, care, trouble. Hence μεριμνίζω, f. ἴω: Ep. aor. 1 μεριμήριζα:—to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to hesitate. II. trans. to think of, devise.

ΜΕΤΡΜΙΣ, ἴθος, ἡ, a cord, string, rope, line. μεροπήγιος, ον, (μέροψ) human.

ΜΕΤΡΟΣ, εος, τό, a part, share: a portion, heritage, lot. 2. a share in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; ἐν μέρει in turn; so, ἀνὰ μέρος or κατὰ μέρος in turn, successively; κατὰ τὸ ἐμὸν μέρος as far as concerns me, Lat. pro rata; but τοῦ μόνου or τὸ σὸν μέρος as to me, Lat. quod ad me attinet. 3. ἐν μέρει τινὸς τιθέναί, to put in the class of . . . consider as so and so, like ἐν λόγῳ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. in numero habere.

μέρ-οψ, ονος, ὁ, (μέρομαι, ὄψ) dividing the voice, i. e. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

μέσ, Dor. for μέν.

μέσᾳ-βον, τό, (μέσος, βοῦς) a leather strap, by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. subjugium.

μέσ-ἀγκύλον, τό, (μέσος, ἀγκύλη) a javelin with a thong for throwing it by.

μέσαι-πόλιος, ον, (μέσος, πολίος) poet. for μεσοπόλιος, half-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

μεσαίτατος, ἡ, ον, Ion. Sup. of μέσος, the midst, middlemost:—Comp. μεσαίτερος, ἡ, ον, more in the middle.

μέσ-ακτος, ον, (μέσος, ἀκτῆ) midway between two shores, in mid-sea.

μεσ-αμβρίδιος, ἡ, Ion. for μεσημβρία. μεσ-αμβρινός, μεσ-αμερίος, Dor. for μεσημ-μεσάτιος, ον, μεσάτος, ἡ, ον, poet. for μέσος: so also Ep. μεσάτος and μεσάτιος.

μέσ-αυλος Ep. μέσσαυλος Att. μέταυλος, ον, inside the αὐλή or ball:—as Subst., μέσσαυλος, ὁ, or μέσσαυλον, τό, the inner court. II. in Att. μέταυλος (sc. θύρα), ἡ, the door between the court-yard and inner part of the house, the inner door.

μέσδων, ον, Dor. for μέζων, μέζων. μεσηγῷ, and before a vowel -ύς, Ep. μεσηγῷ, -ύς, Adv. of Space: (μέσος):—in the middle, between. 2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwixt. II. of Time, meanwhile, meantime. III. as Subst., μεσηγῷ, τό, the part between, interval: τὸ μεσηγῷ ἡματος midday, noon.

μεσηίης, εσσα, ἐν, (μέσος) middle, middling. μεσημβρία Ion. μεσημβρίη, ἡ, (for μεσημερία, from μέσος, ἡμέρα) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; μεσημβρία ἴσταται 'tis high noon. II. the country towards the meridian, the South. Hence

μεσημβριάζω and -άω, to pass the noon, Lat. meridiari.

μεσημβρινός, ἡ, ὄν, commoner form for μεσημερίος, (μεσημβρία) belonging to noon, noon tide; θάλλη μεσημβρινῆ noonday heat. II. southern.

μεσημέριος, ον, = μεσημβρινός. μεσημῆρης poet. μεσηθήρης, es, (μέσος, ἀρᾶρῆν) set in the middle, midmost; Σείριος ἐτι μεσηθήρης Sirius is still in mid-heaven.

μεστῆεύω, f. σω, to be or act as a mediator. From

μεσίτης, ον, ὁ, (μέσος) a mediator, intercessor. [I] μεσίτης, ἴδος, fem. of μεσίτης.

μεσό-γαλιος or -γελιος, ον, also a, ον, also μεσό-γελος, ον, (μέσος, γῆ, γαῖα) inland, in the heart of a country: as Subst., ἡ μεσογεία (sub. χώρα), the interior.

μεσό-δημη, ἡ, (μέσος, δέμα, as if for μεσοδόμη) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. κοίλη μεσοδήμη the cross-blank of a ship, with a pole through it, for the mast.

μέσοι, poet. μέσοι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle. μεσο-λαβίης, ἐς, (μέσος, λαβεῖν) held by the middle, firm-grasped.

from one place to another.

II. Causal in aor. I

μετέβησα, inf. μεταβήσαι, to carry over or away.

μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλλω; aor. 2 μετέβαλον; pf. μεταβέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to turn quickly or suddenly; μεταβάλλειν γῆν to turn, i. e. plough, the earth, Lat. novare. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; μεταβάλλειν τὰ ὕδατα to change the course of the water; μεταβάλλειν διαίταν to change one's diet or way of life.

II. intr. to undergo a change, become changed, alter: to change one's purpose.

III. Med. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. 2. to turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or purpose.

3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round.

μεταβάπτω, f. ψω, to change by dyeing: to stain, dye: metaph. to change one's complexion.

μεταβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of μεταβαίνω.

μετάβασις, ἡ, (μεταβαίνω) a passing over, shifting, changing.

II. change, alteration.

μεταβέβηκα, pf. of μεταβαίνω.

μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήσομαι, fut. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ Causal of μεταβαίνω, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ἡ, (μεταβάλλω) a change, changing: in plur. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a thing, as μεταβολή κακῶν: change to another party, μεταβολή ἐς τοὺς Ἕλληνας going over to the Greeks. 2. μεταβολή τῆς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μεταβουλεύω, or as Dep. μεταβουλεύομαι, to alter one's plans, change one's mind.

μετάβουλος, ον, (μετά, βουλή) changing one's mind, changeful, fickle.

μεταβῶ, ἦς, ἦ, aor. 2 subj. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταγγελοῦν, ον, ὁ and ἡ, a messenger between two parties, a go-between, Lat. intermuncius.

Μετα-γαιτῆρων, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (μετά, γείτων) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Laconian Καρνείος, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and changed their neighbours.

μεταγινώσκω Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω; pf. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 μετέγνων:—to ascertain after or too late.

II. to change one's mind: c. acc. to alter, repeal a decree. 2. to repent: c. acc. to repent of a thing.

μετάγνοιᾶ, ἡ, = μετάνοια, repentance, remorse.

μετάγνους, εως, ἡ, (μεταγνώαι) change of mind.

μεταγράφω, ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify. 2. to translate: Med. to get a letter translated.

μετάγω, f. -ἄγω; aor. 2 μετήγαγον:—to convey from one place to another.

II. seemingly intr.

to change one's course.

μεταδαινύμι, f. -δαίσομαι, Dep. to share the feast: generally, to partake of.

μεταδέδογμαί, pf. pass. of μεταδοκέω.

μεταδέω, f. -δήσω, to tie differently: to untie.

μεταδήμιος, ον, (μετά, δήμιος) in the midst of or among the people: hence, native, at home.

μεταδιατάω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, διαίτα) to change one's way of life.

μεταδίδωμι, fut. -δώσω, to give part of, give a share. II. to give after.

μεταδίωμαι, Dep., = μεταδιώκω.

μεταδιώκτος, ον, chased, overtaken. From μεταδιώκω, f. -διώχομαι later -διώξω, to give chase to, pursue closely.

II. intr. to follow close after.

μεταδοκέω, f. -δόξω; aor. I -έδοξα; pf. pass. -δέδογμαί:—to change one's opinion: impers. μεταδοκεῖ, μετέδοξε, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., μεταδεδογμένον μοι

μη στρατεύεσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to march.

μεταδόρπιος, ον, (μετά, δόρπον) during supper, or after supper.

μεταδός, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταδίωμι.

μετάδοσις, ἡ, (μεταδίωμι) the giving a share, imparting.

μεταδούναί, aor. 2 inf. of μεταδίωμι.

μεταδουπος, ον, (μετά, δουπέω) falling between, useless.

μεταδρομάδην, Adv. (μετά, δρόμος) running after, following close upon.

μεταδρομή, ἡ, (μετά, δραμεῖν) a running after, pursuit, chase.

μεταδρόμος, ον, (μετά, δραμεῖν) running after, pursuing, hunting down, taking vengeance of.

μέταξ, Adv. (μετά) afterwards.

μεταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to unyoke and put to another carriage.

μετάθεσις, ἡ, (μετατίθημι) transposition: change of opinions, a going over. II. the power or right of changing.

μεταθέω, f. -θέσομαι, to run after, chase.

μεταί, poet. for μετά.

μεταίξω, poet. for μερίζω, to take one's seat beside.

μεταίξας, aor. I part. of μεταίσσω.

μεταίρειν, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα μεταίρειν to repeal a statute. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτῶν) to go away, depart.

μεταίρσσω, f. ξω, to rush after, rush upon: to rush upon, attack.

μεταίρειν, f. ἴσω, to demand one's share of a thing: to beg. 2. to beg of, ask alms of, τινά.

μεταίτιος, ον, also ος, ον, (μετά, αίτιος) being in part the cause; μεταίτιος φόνον an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder.

μεταίχιμος, ον, Aeol. πεδ-, (μετά, αίχημή) between two armies: μεταίχιμον, τό, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debateable ground. 2. generally, midway between, in mid air.

μετακαθέζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Med. to change one's seat or place.

μετακαινίζω, f. σω, to model anew.

μετακαλέω, f. έσω, to call away: to call back, recall.

μετᾶ-κιάθω, only used in impf., to follow after: either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase. II. to go to visit, c. acc. III. πᾶν πεδίον μετεκιάθον they were marching over the whole field.

μετα-κινέω, f. ἴσω, to remove: to change, alter:—Med. to go from one place to another. Hence μετακινήτος, ἡ, ὄν, transposed, changed: to be changed or disturbed.

μετα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσμαι, to weep or wail afterwards. 2. to weep for.

μετα-κλάω, to break and so change.

μετα-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to turn in a new direction:—Pass. to take another course, set the other way.

μετα-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to lull to sleep.

μετά-κοινος, ον, (μετά, κοινός) sharing in common, partaking.

μετα-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to transport, carry over.

μετα-κυλινδέω, f. ἴσω, to roll away; μετακυλινδῆν αὐτόν to roll oneself over.

μετα-κύματος, ον, (μετά, κύμα) between the waves; ἄτας μετακύμων between two waves of woe, i. e. bringing a short lull or pause from woe. [ῥ]

μετα-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to get a share of.

μετα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: pf. -είληφα: pass. -είλημαι:—to have or get a share of, to partake in:—Med., μεταλαμβάνεσθαι τινος to claim a thing to oneself, assume. II. to take instead, take in exchange, as πῆλεμον ἀντ' εἰρήνης; μεταλαμβάνειν παλτόν to take a fresh dart. 2. to interchange.

μετ-αλγέω, f ἴσω, to feel remorse, to repent.

μετ-αλγήω Ep. μεταλλήγω, fut. ξω, to leave off, cease from.

μετάληψις, ἡ, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, communion in a thing.

μεταλλάγή, ἡ, (μεταλλάσσω) a taking in exchange, a changing, change; μεταλλαγή τὰς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μεταλλακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάσσω, changed, altered.

μετάλαξις, ἡ, = μεταλλαγή, a change.

μετ-αλλάσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I μετήλαξα: to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to change to, take in exchange. 3. to change from, leave, quit. 4. intr. to undergo a change, change.

μετ-άλλατος, Dor. for μετέλλητος.

μετ-αλλάω, f ἴσω, (μετ' ἄλλα) to search after other things, to explore, inquire curiously: to question: also to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον.

μεταλλεύω, f. σω, (μέταλλον) to produce by mining: to dig mines. II. = μεταλλάω, to explore.

μεταλ-λήγω, Ep. for μεταλήγω.

μεταλλήσαι, aor. I inf. of μεταλλάω.

μετάλλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be searched, sought out.

μεταλλικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mines. From

μέτ-αλλον, τό, a mine, quarry; ἄλως μέταλλον a salt-pit, salt-mine: mostly in pl., χρυσεα καὶ ἀργύρεα,

μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From μετ' ἄλλα, in quest of other things; cf. μεταλλάω.)

μεταλλό-χρυσος, ον, (μέταλλον, χρυσός) containing gold ore.

μετάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of μεθάλλομαι.

μετα-μάζιος, ον, (μετά, μαζίος) between the breasts: μεταμάζιον, τό, the part between the breasts, chest.

μετα-μαίομαι, Dep. to search after, chase.

μετα-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι: aor. 2 μετέμαθον: to learn differently: to unlearn one thing and learn another, Lat. dediscere.

μετ-αμίβω, f. ψω, to exchange, ἀγαθὸν κακοῦ good for evil; also in Med. 2. to change, remove.

II. Med. to change one's condition, escape from; μεταμιέβμενοι in turns.

μετα-μέλει, fut. -μελήσει: aor. I μετεμέλησε: I. impers. it repents me, rues me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μεταμέλει μοι τοῦ πεπραγμένου, Lat. poenitet me facti: also, μεταμέλει μοι οὐτως ἄποδογγοραμένω I repent of having so defended myself: absol., μεταμέλει μοι it repents me; and in part., μεταμελόν μοι, Lat. quum poenitet me. 2. also with a nom., τῷ Ἀρίστανι μετέμελε τὸ εἰρημένον what had been said caused sorrow to Ariston. Hence

μεταμέλεια, ἡ, change of purpose, regret, repentance: and

μετα-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, aor. I pass. μετεμελήσθη: Dep.: (μετά, μέλω):—to feel repentance, to rue, regret: absol. to change one's purpose.

μετά-μελος, ὁ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret.

μετα-μέλομαι, Dep. to sing or dance among.

μετα-μελητικός, ἡ, ὄν, full of repentance, repentant.

μετά-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix among, confound with.

μετα-μίσγω, = μηταμίγνυμι.

μετα-μορφόομαι, Pass. (μετά, μορφή) to be transformed: to be transmuted.

μετ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform: Med. to change one's own dress.

μετ-αμώνιος, ον, (μετά, ἀνεμος) borne by the wind: vain, idle, bootless; μεταμόνια βάξεν to talk idly.

μετ-αναγνῶσκω, to persuade one to change his purpose:—Pass. to be changed in purpose.

μετα-ναίεσθαι, to dwell with.

μετα-ναίετης, ον, ὁ, (μετά, ναίω) a settler in a new place, a wanderer.

μετ-αναστάσις, ἡ, (μετανίσταμαι) migration.

μετα-νάστης, ον, ὁ, (μετά, ναίω) one who has changed his home, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original inhabitant. Hence

μετανάστιος, ον, like a wanderer, wandering.

μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστης.

μετανεγνώσθη, aor. I pass. of μεταγινώσκω.

μετ-ανέστηκα, -ανέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of μετανίστημι.

μετα-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go over, pass over to the other side. II. trans. to go after, pursue.

μετ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to remove another from his country. II. in Pass, with intr. tenses of Act.

αορ. 2 μετανήστην, pf. μετανήστηκα, to move off elsewhere, to migrate.

μετα-νόω, f. ήσω, to perceive afterwards or too late. 2. to change one's mind or opinion. 3. to repent. Hence

μετάνοια, ή, after-thought: change of mind on reflection, repentance.

μετα-ντλήω, f. ήσω, to draw from one vessel into another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (μετά) Adv. of Place, betwixt, between; τὸ μεταξύ the space between:—of Time, between-whiles, afterwards. II. as Prep., with gen., between:—of Time, during.

μετα-παιδεύω, f. σω, to educate differently.

μετα-παύομαι, Pass. to rest between times. Hence

μετα-παυσωλή, ή, rest between times.

μετα-πειθω, f. σω, to change by persuasion, win over.

μετα-πειράομαι, Dep. to try in a different way.

μεταπεμπτός, α, ον, to be sent for: and

μετάπεμπτος, ον, sent for: verb. Adjectives from μετα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: the Med. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. -πήσομαι: αορ. 2 -επάμην: Dep. to fly away.

μετα-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap from one to another.

μετα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: αορ. 2 -έπεσον: pf. πέπτωκα:—to fall differently, undergo a change, change suddenly.

2, of votes, to change sides. 3. of conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but also to change for the better.

μετα-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ], to mould differently, remodel.

μετα-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to remodel, cast anew, alter:—Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen.

μετα-ποινιος, ον, (μετά, ποινή) punishing afterwards.

μετα-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι: αορ. I pass. μετεπορείθην: Dep.:—to go after or in quest of: to follow up, punish. II. to emigrate.

μεταπρεπής, ές, distinguished among. From μετα-πρέπω, only used in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, αορ. 2 part. of μεταπέτομαι.

μετα-πτοιέω, f. ήσω, (μετά, πτοιέω) intr. to cower or crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (μετά, πυργός) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-ἄριθμος, ον, (μετά, ἀριθμός) counted among.

μεταρ-ρίπτω, ψω, to turn upside down.

μεταρ-ρυθμίω, f. ίσω, to change the form or fashion of a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

μεταρσο-λεσχέω, f. ήσω, (μετάρσιος, λεσχης) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταρσολεσχία, ή, a talking on lofty subjects.

μετάρσιος, ον, also α, ον, Dor. πεδάρσιος: (μεταίρω) raised aloft, high in air: metaph. scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, empty. II. like μετέωρος, out at sea. Hence

μεταρσιόω, f. ώσω, to raise aloft, lift up.

μετα-σεύομαι Ep. μετασ-σεύομαι: Ep. αορ. 2 μετεσσόμεν, 3 sing. μετέσσυτο: Pass.:—to go along with. II. to rush after: c. acc. to rush upon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπάω, f. άσω [ᾶ], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, αορ. 2 part. med. of μεθέπω.

μετασπόν, αορ. 2 part. act. of μεθέπω.

μέτασσαι, αι, lambs coming midway between the πρόγονοι and έρσαι, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From μετά, as περισός from περί.)

μετασ-σεύομαι, Ep. for μετασεύομαι.

μετασταθῶ, αορ. 1 subj. pass. of μεθίστημι.

μεταστάς, άσα, άν, αορ. 2 part. of μεθίστημι.

μετάστασις, εως, ή, (μεθίσταμαι) a removal from one place to another; μετάστασις ήλιου an eclipse. 2. μετάστασις βίου departure from life: absol. de cease.

II. a changing, change. 2. a change of political constitution, revolution.

μετα-στείχω, to go after or in quest of, pursue.

μετα-στέλλομαι, Dep. to send for, summon.

μετα-στένω, to bewail or lament afterwards: so also in Med.

μεταστήσας, μεταστήσω, αορ. I part., and fut., of μεθίστημι.

μετα-στοιχεί or -ί, Adv. (μετά, στοίχος) in a line one after another.

μετα-στονάζω, to sigh or wail afterwards.

μετα-στράτοπεδέω, and Med. -εύομαι, to sbift one's camp.

μεταστράφθομαι, fut. pass. of μεταστρέφω.

μεταστρεφθείς, αορ. I pass. part. of μεταστρέφω.

μετα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:—Pass., αορ. I μετεστρέφθην, αορ. 2 μετεστρέφην [ᾶ];

to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee; often in aor. I part. μεταστρεφθείς. 2. to turn round upon, retort. 3. to change, alter. II.

intr. to change one's course. 2. to care for, regard, c. gen.

3. to turn round upon, to visit with vengeance.

μετασχεῖν, αορ. 2 inf. of μετέχω.

μετάσχεσις, εως, ή, (μετέχω) a participation, sbaring in.

μετα-σχηματίω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, (μετά, σχήμα) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently:—Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: αορ. I μετέθηκα:—to place among. II. to place differently, change, alter:—

Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; μετατίθεσθαι την γνώμην to change to a new opinion.

μετα-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι, to bring forth after.

μετα-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn round:—Med. to turn

oneself round, turn back. 2. to turn and look after, to care for, regard, take care of.

μετα-τρέχω, f. —θρέβομαι : aor. 2 μετέδραμον (from obsol. δρέω) :—to run after.

μετα-τροπάζομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep turning about, in a retreat.

μετατροπή, ἡ, (μετατρέπω) a turning round or back : a visiting, vengeance for a thing.

μετατροπία, ἡ, = μετατροπή.

μετάτροπος, ον, (μετατρέπω) turning round or about : of an enemy, turning round upon ; ἔργα μετάτροπα deeds that are visited with vengeance.

μετα-τροπῶν, f. ἦσω, poet. for μετατρέπω.

μετα-αυγάζω Dor. πεδ-, to look about for.

μετα-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak among, to address, c. dat. plur.

II. later, to accost, address, c. acc.

μετα-αὔθις Ion. —αὔθις, Adv. afterwards, thereupon.

μετα-αυτικά, Adv. forthwith, thereupon.

μετα-φέρω, f. μετοίσω, to carry from one place to another, transfer. 2. to change, alter : to pervert : —Pass. to change one's course.

μετά-φημι, impf. or aor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among.

μεταφορά, ἡ, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place to another.

II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope.

μετα-φορέω, = μεταφέρω.

μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after.

μετά-φρενον, τό, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part behind the midriff (φρένες), the broad of the back.

μετα-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to speak among, address.

μετα-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω, or more often as Dep. μεταχειρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰσθμαι : aor. I μετεχειρίσαμην :—to have in one's hands, handle. 2. to take in hand, manage, Lat. administrare ; μεταχειρίσθαι πράγμα to conduct an affair. 3. to have in hand, pursue, practice, Lat. exercere. 4. to handle, treat in a certain way.

μετα-χρόνιος, α, ον, = μετάχρονος. II. in Poets, = μεταρσιος, aloft, on high.

μετά-χρονος, ον, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done afterwards.

μετα-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go to another place, withdraw : to migrate, of birds of passage.

μετα-ψαίρω, to brush against.

μετέασι, Ep. for μέτεσι, 3 pl. of μέτεμι.

μετέβαλον, aor. 2 of μεταβάλλω.

μετέβην, aor. 2 of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new register, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφθήσεται.

μετέγων, aor. 2 of μεταγιγνώσκω.

μετέδοξα, aor. I of μεταδοκέω.

μετέδωκα, aor. I of μεταδίδωμι.

μετέειπε, μετέειπον, Ion. and Ep. for μετέιπε, etc.

μετέησι, Ion. for μετή, 3 sing. subj. of μέτεμι.

μετέθηκα, aor. I of μετατίθημι.

μετέτηθα, —ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμβάνω.

μέτ-εμι, f. μετέσομαι Ep. —έσομαι : (μετά, εἰμι

sum) :—to be among, live with, associate with. II. impers., μέτεσί τοί τινος I have a share of a thing ; part. neut. absol., μετόν there being a share or claim : sometimes with a nom., μέτεστι πᾶσι τὸ ἴσον equality is shared by all.

μέτ-εμι, (μετά, εἰμι ἰβο) to go between or among. II. to go after or behind, follow. 2. to go after or for, fetch. 3. to pursue, visit with vengeance. 4. to go to, approach, draw near to.

III. to pass over, go over to the other side.

μετ-εἶπον Ep. μέτεειπον, used as aor. 2 of μετάφημι : (μετά, εἶπον) :—to speak among. 2. to speak thereafter, afterwards.

μετείς, Ion. for μεθείς, aor. 2 part. of μεθήμι.

μετεισόμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of μέτεμι (εἰμι ἰβο).

μετέω, Ep. for μετώ, subj. of μέτεμι (εἰμι sum).

μετ-εκβαίνω, to step out of one thing into another.

μετεκιάθον, impf. of μετακιάθω.

μετέλαβον, aor. 2 of μεταλαμβάνω.

μετέλαχον, aor. 2 of μεταλαγχάνω.

μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι.

μέτελθε, μετελθών, aor. 2 imperat. and part. of μετέρχομαι.

μετέμαθον, aor. 2 of μεταμανθάνω.

μετ-εμβαίνω, f. —βήσομαι, to go on board another ship.

μετ-εμβιβάζω, f. —βιβάζω Att. —βιβῶ, Causal of μετεμβαίνω, put on board another ship.

μετέμελε, μετεμέλησε, impf. and aor. I of μεταμέλει.

μετέμιμνη, Ep. pres. inf. of μέτεμι (εἰμι sum).

μετέμφυτος, ον, (μετά, ἐμφύω) engrafted afresh.

μετ-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a person. II. Med., with aor. 2 μετ-ενέδυν, to put on other clothes.

μετενήνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρω.

μετενίσσετο, 3 sing. impf. of μετανίσσομαι.

μετ-εννέπω, to speak among.

μετ-εξαίρειμαι, Med. to take out and put elsewhere.

μετ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to move from one place to another.

μετ-εξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετά, ἐξ, ἕτεροι) some others.

μετέον, Ion. for μετόν, neut. part. of μέτεμι (εἰμι sum).

μετέπειτα, Adv. afterwards, thereafter.

μετέπεσον, aor. 2 of μεταπίπτω.

μετ-έρχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι : Dep., with aor. 2 act. —ἦλθον, pf. —ἦλθθα :—to come among. 2. to go between the ranks. 3. to go in among, attack. II. to go to another place, go away. III. c. acc. to go after, to go to seek, go in quest of : hence to seek for, aim at. 2. of things, to go after, attend to, manage. 3. to pursue, visit as an avenger : in legal sense, to prosecute. 4. to approach with prayers, supplicate. 5. to court or woo.

μετέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of μετασεύομαι.

μετέσχηκα, pf. of μετέχω.

μετεύχομαι, f. -εύομαι, Dep. to change one's wish or prayer, to wish something else.

μετέφη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2 of μετάφημι.

μετέχω, f. μεθέω, to partake of, have a share of, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, μετέχειν ἴσον (sc. μέρος) ἀγαθῶν τινι to enjoy an equal share of good with another.

μετέω, Ion. and Ep. subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετεωρίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος) to raise to a height, raise, lift up: Pass., μετεωρισθεὶς ἐν τῷ πελάγει keeping out on the high sea. II. metaph. to buoy up or excite: to buoy up with false hopes.

μετεωρο-κοπέω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος, κόπτω) to prate about the heavenly bodies.

μετεωρο-λέσχης, ου, δ, = μετεωρο-λόγος.

μετεωρολογέω, f. ἴσω, (μετεωρολόγος) to talk of high things, or of the heavenly bodies. Hence

μετεωρολογία, ἡ, a treatise on the heavenly bodies.

μετεωρο-λόγος, ου, (μετέωρος, λέγω) talking or treating of the heavenly bodies.

μετέωρος Ep. μετέωρος, ου, (μετά, ἑώρα or αἰώρα) suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in air. 2. of a ship, on the high sea, out at sea. II.

metaph. of the mind, excited, in suspense, Lat. *spe erectus*: hence *wavering, fluctuating*.

III. τὰ μετέωρα, ἴβινγ in the air, the heavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena; generally, *abstruse, lofty speculations*.

μετεωρο-σοφιστής, δ, a meteorological philosopher.

μετεωρο-φέναξ, ἄκος, δ, a meteorological quack.

μετήγανον, αορ. 2 of μετάγω.

μετήλλων Ep. μετήλυθον, αορ. 2 of μετέρχομαι.

μετήλλαξα, αορ. I of μεταλλάσσω.

μετήνემος, ου, (μετά, άνεμος) swift as the wind.

μετέωρος, older Ep. form for μετέωρος.

μετήρα, αορ. I of μεταίρω.

μετήσσεισθαι, Ion. for μεθέσσεισθαι, fut. inf. med. of μεθίημι.

μετήιδων, as, α, impf. of μετανάω.

μετίει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of μεθίημι; also 3 sing. pres.

μετίετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of μεθίημι.

μετίημι, μετίστημι, Ion. for μεθ-

μετίσχω, = μετέχω.

μετοικεσία, ἡ, = μετοικία I. 2. the Captivity of the Jews. From

μετοικέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτοικος) to change one's abode, remove to a place, c. acc.: c. dat. loci, to settle in. absol. to be a μέτοικος or settler. Hence

μετοικησις, εως, ἡ, = μετοικία I: and

μετοικία, ἡ, change of abode, migration. II. a settling as μέτοικος, a settlement: society. 2.

the condition of a μέτοικος or sojourner.

μετοικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to lead to another abode: —Pass. to be led to another country, to emigrate.

μετοικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέτοικος) of or for a μέτοικος: τὸ μετοικικόν the list of μέτοικοι or aliens.

μετοίκιον, τό, the tax of twelve drachmae paid by the μέτοικοι at Athens. From

μέτοικος, ου, (μετά, οἶκος) changing one's abode, settling elsewhere.

II. at Athens, μέτοικος, ὁ and ἡ, a foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (μετοικιον), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. *inquilinus*.

μετοικο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, the guardian of the μέτοικοι or aliens at Athens.

μετοίχομαι, f. -οίχησθαι, Dep. to have gone after, to be gone in pursuit. 2. to have gone among or through.

μετοίσω, fut. of μεταφέρω.

μετο-οκλάζω, f. ὄσω, to keep shifting one's knees, of a coward crouching in ambush.

μετο-ονομάζω, f. ὄσω, to change the name, call by a new name: —Pass. to take a new name.

μετο-όπιω, Adv. = μετούπισθε.

μετο-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. of Place, from behind, backwards: —of Time, after, afterwards. II. as Prep. with gen. behind.

μετοπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the end of autumn, verging on winter, autumnal. From

μετο-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, ὄπώρα) the season after ὄπώρα, late autumn; cp. φθινόπωρον.

μετο-ορμίζω, Ion. for μεθορμίζω.

μετο-όρχιον, τό, (μετά, ὄρχος) the space between rows of vines.

μετο-ουσία, ἡ, (μετούσα part. fem. of μέτειμι inter-*sum*) participation, communion: possession, enjoyment.

μετοχή, ἡ, (μετέχω) a partaking of, communion.

μετο-οχλίω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, ὄχλος) to remove by a lever, boist out of the way.

μετοχλίσειε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of μετοχλίω.

μέτοχος, ου, (μετέχω) partaking of: —as Subst. a partaker, partner, accomplice.

μετρέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτρον) to measure: I. of Space; to measure, i. e. pass over, Lat. *metiri, emetiri*: —Med.,

μετρέεσθαι ἴχνην to measure the footmarks with the eyes.

II. of Number, to count: to measure out, dole out. 2. of Size, Value, etc., to measure, estimate, compute.

μέτρημα, ατος, τό, that which is measured out: I. a measured distance. 2. a measure, dole.

μέτρησις, ἡ, (μετρέω) a measuring, measurement.

μετρητής, οὔ, δ, (μετρέω) = ἀμφορεύς, Lat. *metrēta*, at Athens the common liquid measure, holding 12 χόες, or 144 κοτύλαι, about 9 gallons English: the Roman amphora held $\frac{2}{3}$ of a μετρητής.

μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μετρέω) measured, measurable.

μετρίωζω f. ὄσω, (μέτριος) to be moderate: to be of an even temper, be calm, unruffled. II. trans. to moderate.

μετριοπαθῶς, f. ἴσω, to be moderate or merciful towards. From

μετριο-πάθης, ἐς, (μέτριος, παθῆν) bearing moderately.

μετριο-πότης, ου, δ, (μέτριος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a moderate drinker, moderate in potations: Sup. μετριοποτίστας.

μέτριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μέτρον) *within measure, moderate*: of Size, of average or ordinary height. II. of Number, few. III. of Degree, holding to the mean, moderate: of middle condition or rank: τὸ μέτριον *the mean*. 2. tolerable. 3. of Persons, moderate, temperate: also fair, reasonable. 4. suitable.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used. Adv. = μετρίως.

μετρίως, see μέτριος.

μετρίως, ἦτος, ἦ, (μέτριος) *moderation*.

μετρίως, Adv. of μέτριος, moderately, in due limits or measure. 2. modestly, temperately: on fair terms.—Comp. μετρίωτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

ΜΕΤΡΩΝ, τό, a measure or rule; a standard. 2. the contents or thing measured, as well as the measure itself. 3. any space measured or measurable; μέτρον ὕμνον *the size of the harbour*; μέτρον ἡβης *the full measure or prime of youth*. II. the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure: fitness. III. metre, opp. to μέλος (tune) and ῥυθμός (time).

μετώκισα, aor. I of μετοικίζω.

μετ-ωνύμια, ἦ, (μέτα, ὄνομα) *change of name*: in Rhetoric, the use of one word for another, metonymy.

μετ-ωπηδόν, Adv. (μέτωπον) *with the forehead foremost, fronting*: of ships, in line; opp. to ἐπὶ κέρας, in column.

μετωπίδιος, ον, (μέτωπον) *on or of the forehead*.

μετ-ώπιον, τό, = μέτωπον, *the forehead*.

μετ-ωπον, τό, (μετά, ἔπι) *the space between the eyes, the forehead, front*. II. the front or fore part of anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army.

μετωπο-σώφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέτωπον, σώφρων) *with ingenious countenance*.

μεθ, Ep. and Ion. gen. of ἐγώ.

ΜΕΤΡΩΝ, rarely μέχρως even before a vowel: I.

Prep. with μέχρ, until, unto, to a given point, 1. of Place, μέχρ θαλάσσης *as far as the sea*. 2. of Time, τέο μέχρως until when? μέχρως οὐ; μέχρως ὅσου; until when? how long? μέχρως τινός for a space; μέχρως τοῦδε until now. II. in Ion., μέχρως οὐ is sometimes followed by another gen., as, μέχρως οὐ ὀκτὼ πύργων, *as far as eight towers*, instead of μέχρως οὐ ὀκτὼ πύργοι εἰσίν. III. Conjunction, until, with indic., μέχρως ἕως ἐγένετο till morning came; with ἄν and subj., μέχρως ἂν τοῦτο ἴδωμεν till we see this: also, μέχρως οὐ in same sense.

ΜΗ, Adv. not, used where the Negation depends on some condition, either expressed or implied, while οὐ denies absolutely: μή expresses that one thinks a thing is not, so that it is not: hence μή always follows εἰ, ἐάν, ἦν, ὅταν, ἐπειδὴν, ἕως ἄν, because these speak of a thing not as a fact, but as a supposition: whereas εἶπε, ἐπειδὴ are joined with οὐ, because they refer to a fact. 2. μή also is used after the final Conjunctions ἵνα, ὡς, ὅπως, ὥστε, because these are in their nature contingent, as, ὡς μή . . ὄλωνται *that*

they perish not.

3. with infin., as, τὸ μὴ πνεθεῖν αὐτὸν μὴ ἀγνοῦναι *the not-knowing would grieve me*.

4. with the Participle, as, μὴ ἀπεινεῖς = εἰ μὴ ἀπηνείκεις, if he had not carried away. II. μὴ

is freq. in INDEPENDENT clauses containing a command, when, like Lat. ne, it stands first in the sentence: I. with the pres. imperat., μὴ λέγε. 2.

with the subjunctive aorist, μὴ λέγῃς. 3. with the optat. aor. to express a wish, μὴ γὰρ οὐγ' ἔλθοι ἀνήρ

O that he may not come!

B. μὴ, CONJUNCTION, *that not, lest*, Lat. ne: I. with aor. subjunct. subjoined to a Verb in pres. or fut., as, φεύγω μὴ ληφθῶ I flee lest I may be caught. II. with optat. after principal Verb in past tense, as, ἔφυγον μὴ ληφθείην I fled lest I might be caught. III. after Verbs expressing fear, as, δέδοικα μὴ γίνεσθαι, Lat. vereor ne fiat, I fear lest it happen, i. e. I fear it will happen.—For this subj., the Att. also use indic. fut. IV. μὴ is used with inf. after vehement negations or affirmations; ἴστω Ζεὺς μὴ μὲν χεῖρ' ἐπενείκαιο Jove be witness that I have not laid on hand: so after negat. wishes, δὲδς μὴ Ὀδυσσεῖα οἴκαδ' ἰκέσθαι. V. μὴ is used after all Verbs which have a negative sense, such as ἀρνείσθαι, κωλύειν, εἴργειν, φεύγειν, as, ἀρνείσθαι τὸ μὴ ποιεῖν to deny the doing a thing; also after Nouns of like sense, as κώλυμα; or Adverbs, as ἐμποδῶν.

C. As INTERROGAT., in direct questions, where a negative answer is expected, ἦ μὴ ποῦ . . φάσθε; surely ye did not say? 2. μὴ is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by whether, as, δεῖδω μὴ δὴ πάντα νημερτέα εἶπεν I fear as to whether she has spoken all too true, i. e. I fear she has spoken all too true.

μὴ γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial, not certainly, Lat. nullo modo, where an imperat. or optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing passage to which the denial refers, as, μὴ λεγέτω τὸ ὄνομα; let him not say the name; Answ. μὴ γάρ [λεγέτω], no, certainly.

μὴ γε, not at least, strengthd. for μὴ.

μηδ-ἄμα and μηδ-ἄμῃ, Adv. of μηδαμός, nowhere. II. in *nouwise*, not at all.

μηδαμόθεν, Adv. (μηδαμός) *from no place*; μηδαμόθεν ἄλλοθεν *from no other place*.

μηδαμόθι, Adv. *nowhere*: or μηδαμοῖ, Adv. *nowhither*. From μηδ-ἄμός, ἦ, ὄν, for μηδὲ ἄμός, not even one, not any one, no one, none. Hence

μηδαμοῦ, Adv. *nowhere*.

μηδαμῶς, Adv. (of μηδαμός, in no way, not at all.

μη-δέ, Adv. (μὴ, δέ) *but not, and not, nor*, Lat. neque, nec. 2. at the beginning of two following clauses, μηδὲ . . μηδὲ . . neither . . nor . ., Lat. neque . . neque . .

II. strengthening the negative, which is always the sense when joined with a single word or phrase, not even, Lat. ne . . quidem.

μηδ-εἰς, μηδ-εἰά, μηδ-έν, gen. μηδένος, μηδεμῶς,

μηδένος, etc.:—declined like εἷς μία ἓν, (μηδέ, εἶς) not even one, no one, none, Lat. nullus. 2. ὁ ὃ ἢ μηδέν (sc. ἄν, οὐσα), one who is a mere nothing, a nobody:—τὸ μηδέν a nothing, a useless or worthless person. 3. neut. μηδέν often as Adv., not at all, by no means.

μηδέποτε, Adv. not or nor at any time, never.

μηδέπω, Adv. nor as yet or not as yet.

μηδέπωποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

μηδέτερος, α, ὄν, (μηδέ, ἕτερος) neither of the two.

μηδέτέρωσσε, Adv. to neither side.

μη δὴ, nay do not.

Μηδίζω, f. σω, (Μῆδος) to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress: esp. to side with the Medes, opp. to Ἑλληνίζω.

Μηδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Μῆδος) Median: τὰ Μηδικά (sc. πράγματα) the Median affairs, esp. the great Median or Persian war. II. Μηδική ποία, herba Medica, a kind of clover, lucerne.

Μηδία, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of Μηδικός, a Median woman.

Μηδισμός, ὅ, (Μηδίς) a leaning towards the Medes, the being in their interest.

Μηδοκτόνος, ὄν, (Μῆδος, κτείνω) Mede-slaying.

μηδομαί, f. μήσομαι: aor. ἱ ἐμψάμην: Dep.: (μηδός):—to devise, resolve, counsel, advise. 2. to plot, scheme, bring about, contrive.

μηδοπότερος, α, ὄν, (μηδέ, ὄπότερος) neither of the two.

ΜΗΔΟΣ, εος, τό, only used in plur. μήδεα, counsels, plans, schemes: cunning, craft. 2. like μήτις, care, anxiety: τὰ μήδεα care for thee. II. in pl. also, like Lat. virilia, the genitals.

μηδοοπισσιούν, neut. μηδοσιούν, for μηδὲ ὅστις οὖν, μηδὲ ὅ τι οὖν, no one whatever, nothing whatever.

μηδοσύνη, ἡ, (μῆδος) counsel, prudence.

Μηδοφόνος, ὄν, = Μηδοκτόνος.

μηθείς, neut. μηθέν, a later form for μηδείς, μηδέν.

ΜΗΚΑΪΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with aor. 2 part. μᾶκων: Ep. pf. with pres. sense, μέμηκα, part. μεμηκώς, shortd. fem. μεμῆκισα (so βέβηρχα, μεμῆκα from βρυχάομαι, μυκάομαι): also impf., formed from pf., ἐμέμηκον:—to bleat, of sheep: of fawns and hares, to scream, shriek, cry.

μηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. bleating, epith. of she-goats: as Subst. a bleater, she-goat.

μηκῆτι, Adv. (μη, ἔτι) no more, no longer, no further.

μηκίστος, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. and Att. μᾶκιστος, [ᾶ], α, ὄν, (μῆκος), Sup. of μακρός, but formed from μῆκος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος, the longest, tallest, or generally, greatest. II. neut. μηκίστον, pl. μηκίστα, as Adv., for a very long time or in the highest degree: very far:—also at length, at last.

ΜΗΚΟΣ, εος, τό, length: also height, tallness, stature. 2. of Time, a long space, length. 3. of Size or Degree, greatness, magnitude. II. τὸ μῆκος or μήκος, absol. as Adv., in length or greatness.

μήκοτε, Adv., Ion. for μήποτε.

μηκύνω, f. -ῦνω Ion. -ῦνέω: Dor. μᾶκύνω: (μῆκος):

—to lengthen, prolong. 2. to protract: to delay, put off; μηκύνειν λόγον to speak at length; also without λόγον, to be lengthy or prolix. 3. μηκύνειν βοήν to raise a loud cry. 4. Med. ἐμᾶκύναντο κόλοσσον erected a tall statue.

ΜΗΚΩΝ Dor. μᾶκων, ἡ, the head of a roe. 2. the head of a roe. 3. πορῖν, seed, prepared for food.

μηλέα, ἡ, (μῆλον) an apple-tree, Lat. malus. μηλέος, ὄν, also α, ὄν, (μῆλον) of or belonging to a sheep.

Μηλιακός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Melis or Malia. Μηλιάδες or Μηλιίδης, αἱ, (μῆλον α or β) nymphs of the flocks or of the fruit-trees. 2. nymphs of Melis or Malia in Trachis: cf. Μηλιεύς.

Μηλιεύς, ἕως, ὄν, an inhabitant of Melis or Malia in Trachis. II. as Adj., Μηλιεύς κόλπος the Maliac gulf.

μῆλινος, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. μάλινος, α, ὄν, (μῆλον β) of an apple-tree.

Μήλιος, α, ὄν, of or from the island of Melos, Melian.

Μηλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, with or without γῆ, Melis or Malia in Trachis.

μηλοβοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, and μηλοβότης, οὐ, ὄ, Dor. -τας, (μῆλον, βόσκω) a shepherd.

μηλοβότος, ὄν, (μῆλον, βόσκω) grazed by sheep.

μηλοδόκος, ὄν, (μῆλον, δέχομαι) sheep-receiving.

μηλοθύτης, [ῦ], οὐ, ὄ, (μῆλον, θύω) a sacrificer of sheep, a priest; βασιμὸς μηλοθύτης a sacrificial altar.

μηλολόνη, ἡ, a kind of beetle or cockchafer.

ΜΗΛΩΝ, ὄν, τό, (Α) a sheep or (sometimes) a goat: ἄρσενα μῆλα rams, weibers: the pl. μῆλα means flocks of sheep or goats, small cattle, opp. to βόες.

ΜΗΛΩΝ, ὄν, τό, (Β) Dor. ΜΑΛΩΝ, Lat. MALUM, an apple; generally, any tree-fruit, as μῆλον Κυδωνιον the quince, μῆλον Περσικόν the peach, μῆλον Μηδικόν the orange or citron. II. metaph. in pl. of a woman's breasts; or of the cheeks, Lat. malle.

μηλονομέυς, ἕως, or μηλονόμης, οὐ, Dor. -μας, α, ὄ, (μῆλον α, νέμω) a shepherd, goatberd, herdsman.

μηλονόμος, ὄν, (μῆλον α, νέμω) feeding sheep or goats.

μηλοπάρεος, ὄν, Dor. μαλοπάρηος, (μῆλον β, παρεία) apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked.

μηλοσκοπος, ὄν, (μῆλον β, σκοπέω) fit for watching sheep from.

μηλοσπορος, ὄν, (μῆλον β, σπείρω) planted with fruit-trees.

μηλοσσόος, ὄν, ποῖτ. for μηλοσόος, (μῆλον α, σώζω) sheep-protecting.

μηλοσφάγειν, f. ἦσω, to slay sheep; ἱερὰ μηλοσφάγειν to offer sheep in sacrifice. From

μηλοσφάγος, ὄν, (μῆλον α, σφάζω) sheep-sheep.

μηλοτρόφος, ὄν, (μῆλον α, τρέφω) sheep-feeding.

μηλοτύχος, ὄ, (μῆλον β, ἔχω) a girdle that confines the breasts.

μηλο-φόνος, *ον*, (μηλον *α*, *φένω) *sheep-slaying*.
 μηλοφορέω, *φ. ήσαι*, to carry apples. From
 μηλο-φόρος, *ον*, (μηλον *β*, φέρω) bearing apples.

μηλο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὅ, and ἦ, (μηλον *α* or *β*, φύλαξ)
one who watches sheep or apples. [ῥ]
 μηλωτή, ἦ, (μηλον *α*) a sheep's skin.

μῆλωψ, *οπος, ὅ, ἦ*, (μηλον *β*, ὦψ) looking like an
 apple, yellow, golden.

μῆ μάν, *pay verily*.

μῆ μέν, *Ion*, for μῆ μάν.

μῆν, *Dor.* and *Ep.* μάν, a Particle strengthening
 affirmation, *yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth*; ἦ μῆν
 or ἦ μάν, in *very truth, yea verily*, used at the begin-
 ning of an oath: *καὶ μῆν*, *Lat. et vero*, and *yet, nay*
more: ἀλλὰ μῆν *yet truly*, *Lat. verum enimvero*: οὐ
 μῆν *assuredly not*, so too μῆ μῆν; τί μῆν; *what then?*
i. e. of course. II. = μέντοι, *however*.—Μῆν was

orig. the same as μέν, but after the introduction of
 the long vowel η it became the more emphatic form:
 but ἦ μέν, μῆ μέν, were retained in *Ep.* and *Ion.*, =
Att. ἦ μῆν, μῆ μῆν.

ΜΗΝ, ὅ, *gen.* μηνός: *dat. pl.* μηνσί, *Aeol.* and *Dor.*
 μέης;—*Lat. MEN-SIS, A MON-TH*: *κατὰ μῆνα*
month by month, monthly. In earlier times the month
 was divided into two parts, μὴν ἰστάμενος, the month
 rising, and μὴν φθίνων the month waning. The Attic
 division was into three, μὴν ἰστάμενος, μεσῶν, φθίνων:
 the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards,
 as μηνός τετάρτη φθίνοντος the fourth day from the
 end of the month; sometimes onwards, as τῆ τρίτῃ
 ἐπ' εἰκάδι on the three-and-twentieth day of the
 month.

II. = μηνίσκος *n.*

μηνιάς, ἄδος, ἦ, = μῆνη, the moon.

μῆνατο, *Ep.* 3 *sing. aor. I med.* of μαινομαι.

μῆνεσι, corrupt form of μηνσί, *dat. pl.* of μῆν, μηνός.

μῆνη, ἦ, (μῆν) the moon, *Lat. luna*. Hence

μηνιαῖος, *α, ον*, monthly.

μηνιθός, οὐ, ὅ, (μηνίω) *wrath*.

μηνίμα, *ατος, τό*, (μηνίω) the cause of anger; μῆνιμα
 θεῶν the cause of divine wrath. 2. *guilt of blood,*
blood-guiltiness.

ΜΗΝΙΣ Dor. μάνυς, *ιος, ἦ*, *Att.* *gen.* μηνίδος,
wrath, anger; also, *malice*.

μηνίσκος, ὅ, *Dim.* of μῆνη, a crescent, *Lat. lu-*
nula. II. a crescent-shaped body, to protect the
 head of statues.

μηνίω Dor. μανίω: *f.* μηνίω [ῖ]: *aor. I* ἐμῆνισα:
 (μῆνυς)—to cherish wrath, be wroth against: also to
 declare one's wrath against a person.

μνηο-ειδής, ἐς, (μῆνη, εἶδος) crescent-shaped, *Lat. lu-*
natus: of the sun and moon when partially eclipsed.

μηνύμα, *ατος, τό*, (μηνύω) an information.

μηνυτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (μηνύω) an informer, guide.

μηνυτής, οὐ, ὅ, (μηνύω) *masc. Adj.* bringing to
 light. II. as *Subst.* an informer, *Lat. delator*.

μηνυτρον, τό, (μηνίω) the price paid for informa-
 tion, reward: almost always used in plur.

μηνυτρον, *οπος, ὅ, = μηνυτήρ*. [ῥ] From

ΜΗΝΥΩ Dor. μάνω: *f.* μηνύω [ῥ]: *aor. I* ἐμῆ-
 νύσα:—*Pass.*, *aor. I* ἐμηνύθην [ῥ]: *pf.* μεμῆνυμαι:—
 to disclose, reveal, make known: betray. II. at

Athens, to inform or lay public information against
 another: *impers. in Pass.*, μῆνύεται *information is*
laid: but in *Pass.* also of persons, to be informed
 against.

μῆ ὄπως (an ellipse for μῆ ὑπολάβητε ὅπως . . .),
 followed by ἀλλά, *do not suppose that . . . but . . . ;*
not only not so . . . , but . . .

μῆ ὄτι, = μῆ ὄπως, followed by ἀλλά, *not only not*
so . . . , but . . . ; not to mention that . . . , let alone, *Lat.*
ne dicam.

μῆ οὐ, are joined I. with the subjunctive, after
 Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as δέδοικα
 μῆ οὐ γένηται I fear it will not be, opp. to δέδοικα μῆ
 γένηται I fear it will be. Here both negatives have
 their proper force: but, II. with the Infinitive,
 after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as οὐδεῖς σοι
 ἀντιλέγει τὸ μὴ οὐ λέξειν no one disputes your right
 to speak (where μῆ οὐ may be translated by *Lat.*
quin, quominus), nemo te impediēt quin dicas. 2.

generally, after all clauses in which a negat. is ex-
 pressed or implied, as, after οὐ δύναμαι, οὐκ ἔστι,
 etc.; as οὐ οἰκίς ἔστι Ἀθηναίους μὴ οὐ δοῦναι δικάς it
 is not reasonable that the Athenians should not . . .,
Lat. non potest fieri quin . . . ; so also, with a negat.
 implied, as, δεῦν ἐδόκει . . . μὴ οὐ λαβεῖν it seemed
 strange not to take. III. with a Participle, du-
 σάλλητος γὰρ ἦν, μὴ οὐ κατοικτείρων for I were un-
 feeling, did I not pity.—In II. and III. μῆ might stand
 without οὐ.

μῆ πολλακίς, *lest perchance*, *Lat. ne forte*.

μῆ-ποτε, = μῆ ποτε, I. with subj. that at no
 time, *lest ever, Lat. ne quando*. 2. with infin. never.

μῆ που, *lest anywhere: lest perchance*.

μῆ-πω, = μῆ πω, *not yet*, *Lat. nondum*: μῆπω γε,
nay, not yet.

μῆ πρόποτε, *never yet*.

μῆ-πως, = μῆ πως, *lest in any way, lest any how, lest*
perchance. II. in case of doubt, *whether or no*.

μῆρά, τά, = μῆρια, *thigh-bones*.

μῆριά, τά, never used in sing., (μῆρός) the thigh-
 bones, which by old usage they cut out from the leg
 (ἐκ μῆρια τάμων), and wrapped in two folds of fat
 (μῆρια κνήρη ἐκάλυψαν, δίντυχα ποιήσαντες): they
 were then laid on the altar and burnt. II. = μῆ-
 ροί, the thighs.

μῆριαῖος, *α, ον*, (μῆρός) of or belonging to the thigh,
Lat. femoralis: ἡ μῆριαία, the thigh.

μῆρινθος, *ου, ἦ*, (μῆρῶν) a cord, line, string; pro-
 verb., ἡ μῆρινθος οὐδὲν ἔσπασε the line caught nothing,
 i. e. it was of no avail.

ΜΗΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὅ, the upper part of the thigh, the ham.
 μῆρο-τράφης, ἐς, (μῆρός, τραφῆναι) nursed in the
 thigh, ep.th. of Bacchus.

μῆρο-τύπης, ἐς, (μῆρός, τυπῆναι) striking the thigh.

μηρυκάομαι, *Dep.* to chew the cud, *Lat. ruminare*.

ΜΗΡΥΟΜΑΙ, f. -ύομαι [ῦ]: aor. I ἐμηνύσαμεν:—to draw up or fur! sails: to draw up an anchor.

2. in weaving, κρόκα ἐν στῆθι μινύσασθαι to weave the wool into the warp. II.

μηρύομαι is sometimes used as Pass., κισσός μινύεται περί χεῖλη ivy is twined around the edge.

μήσαο, μήσατο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I of μῆδομαι.

μήσσαι, Ep. 2 sing. of μῆσομαι, fut. of μῆδομαι.

μήσω, Ep. 3 sing. contr. aor. 2 of μῆδομαι.

μήσωρ, ὠρος, ὄ, (μῆδομαι) an adviser, counsellor; μήσωρ μάχης the adviser or leader of battle.

μή-τε, = τή τε, and not. II. repeated, μήτε . . μήτε, neither . . nor.

ΜΗΤΗΡ Dor. **ΜΑΤΗΡ**, ἡ, gen. μητέρος, contr. μητρός: acc. μητέρα, pl. μητέρας:—Lat. **MATER**, **MOTHER**: of animals, a dam: metaph. of lands, μήτηρ μῆλων mother of flocks; γῆ μήτηρ Mother Earth:—ἡ Μητήρ sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybelé.

μήτι, neut. of μή-τις, μήτινος.

μήτι, contr. for μήτι, dat. of μήτις, μήτιος.

μητιάσθαι, μητιάσθε, Ep. for μητιᾶσθαι, μητιᾶ-σθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of μητιάω.

μητιάω, f. μητιάσω: (μήτις):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to debate in one's own mind. II. to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητιέτης Ep. μητιεῖα, ου, ὄ, (μήτις) counsellor.

μητιέως, εσσα, εν, (μήτις) wise in counsel: also, skilful, skilfully chosen.

μητιόμαι, f. -ίσομαι [ῖ]: aor. I ἐμητιόσαμεν: Dep.: (μήτις):—to invent, contrive, devise.

μητιῶν, Ep. for μητιῶν, part. of μητιάω.

μητιῶσιν, -όωντο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act. and impf. med. of μητιάω.

ΜΗΤΙΣ, ιος, ἡ; Att. gen. ἴδος; Ep. dat. μήτι for μήτι; acc. μήτιν:—counsel, wisdom, skill, cunning, craft. II. a plan, enterprise.

μή-τις, ὄ, ἡ, μήτι, τό, gen. μήτινος: (μή, τις):—lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing, Lat. ne quis, ne quid.

II. μήτι is freq. as Adv. lest by any means, that by no means: also separately, μή τι: in an indirect question, whether perchance.

μή-τοι, stronger form of μή, in no wise, nay: ἡμίτοι γε, nay upon no account.

μήτρα, ἡ, (μήτηρ) Lat. matrix, the womb.

μητρ-ἀγύρτης, ου, ὄ, (μήτηρ, ἀγύρτης) a begging priest of Cybelé, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-ἀδελφός or μητρ-ἀδελφος, ὄ and ἡ, Dor. ματρ-, (μήτηρ, ἀδελφός) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-ἀλοῖος or μητρ-αλώας, ου, ὄ, (μήτηρ, ἀλοῖ-άω) striking one's mother, a matricide.

μητρῆς, ἡ, Ion. for μήτρα.

μητριάς, ἀδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of μήτριος.

μητριδῖος, α, ου, (μήτρα) fruitful, prolific.

μητρό-δοκος Dor. ματρ-, ου, (μήτηρ, δέχομαι) received by the mother.

μητρόθεν Dor. ματρόθεν, Adv. (μήτηρ) from the mother, by the mother's side.

μητρο-κασιγνήτη, ἡ, (μήτηρ, κασιγνήτη) a mother's sister.

μητροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, ου, (μήτηρ, κτείνω) killing one's mother, a matricide. II. μητρούκτονος, ου, pass. killed by one's mother.

μητρο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ [ᾶ], ὠρος, ἡ, = μητρός μήτηρ, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [ᾶ], ὠρος, ὄ, = μητρός πατήρ, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πόλις Dor. ματρ-, εως, ἡ, (μήτηρ, πόλις) the mother-state, from which colonies were sent out. II. generally, a metropolis, a capital. III.

one's mother-city, mother-country, home.

μητρο-πόλος, ου, (μήτηρ, πολέομαι) tending mothers.

μητρό-ριπτος, ου, (μήτηρ, ῥίπτω) rejected by one's mother.

μητρο-φθόρος, ου, (μήτηρ, φθείρω) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ου, also η, ου, (μήτηρ, *φένω) mother-murdering, matricidal.

μητρο-φόντης, ου, ὄ, (μήτηρ, *φένω) a matricide.

μητριυᾶ, ᾶς, Ion. μητριυᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, (μήτηρ) a step-mother, Lat. noverca: metaph. a rocky coast is called μητριυᾶ νεῶν.

μητρώος Ep. μητρώϊος, α, ου, (μήτηρ) of or belonging to a mother, maternal.

μητρός, ὄ; gen. μήτρωος and ὄ; acc. μήτρωα and ου; (μήτηρ) a maternal uncle. 2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηχανάσθαι, -άσθε, Ep. for μηχανᾶσθαι, -ᾶσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμηχανήσαμεν: pf. μεμηχάνημαι: Dep.: (μηχανή):—Lat. machinari, to make by art, put together, construct, prepare. 2. to contrive, devise, scheme. II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, = μηχανάομαι, found in act. voice in Ep. part. μηχανάωντας: but perf. μεμηχάνημαι is used in pass. sense.

μηχανοψέμνη, -όφο, -όφτο, Ep. for μηχανοψέμνη, pres. opt. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανόμαι, Ion. for μηχανάομαι.

μηχανή, ἡ, (μηχος) Lat. machina, an instrument or machine for lifting weights:— 2. an engine of war. II. any artificial means, a contrivance, device; generally, a way, means:—μηχαναί, arts, wiles: c. gen., μηχανή κακῶν a contrivance against ill: μηδεμίη μηχανῆ by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance.

μηχανήματα, ατος, τό, (μηχανάομαι) an engine. II. a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητέον, verb. Adj. of μηχανάομαι, one must contrive.

μηχανητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανάομαι) = μηχανικός.

μηχανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious, clever*. II. as Subst., ἡ μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), *mechanics*.

μηχανιώτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for μηχανητής.
μηχανο-δίφης, ου, ὁ, (μηχανή, διφῶν) *inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious*.

μηχανόεις, εσσα, εν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious*.
μηχανο-ποιός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ποιέω) *making machines*: as Subst., μηχανοποιός, ὁ, *an engineer, maker of war-engines*.

μηχανορᾶφέω, f. ἦσα, *to contrive craft, deal subtly, craftily*. From

μηχανο-ράφος, ου, (μηχανή, ράπτω) *contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving*.

μηχαν-ουργός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ἔργον) = μηχανοποιός. II. pass. *cunningly contrived*.

μηχανώνται, -θῶντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηχανάομαι.

μήχαρ, τό, = μήχος, *a means, contrivance*.

ΜΗΧΟΣ, τό, *a means, expedient, contrivance*.

μῆ, ἡ; gen. μῆος. *one*.
μῆαν :-fem. of εἶς, *one*.

ΜΙΑΙΝΩ, f. μῆανῶ: aor. I ἐμίηνα Att. ἐμίᾶνα: pf. μεμίηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμίανθην: pf. μεμίησαι or -αμαι:—*to paint over, stain, dye, colour, Lat. violare*. 2. *to stain, defile, soil*. 3. metaph. *to taint, defile, pollute*.

μιαίφονέω, f. ἦσα, (μιαίφονος):—*to be blood-stained, bloody, murderous*. Hence

μιαίφονία, ἡ, *bloodguiltiness*.

μιαί-φόνος, ου, (μῆανω, *φένω) *blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty*:—Comp. -ώτερος; Sup. -ώτατος.

μιάνθην, Ep. for ἐμίανθην, aor. I pass. of μῆανω.

μιάρια, ἡ, (μαρός) *brutality*. II. *defflement*.

μιάρό-γλωσσος, ου, (μαρός, γλῶσσα) *foul-mouthed*.

μιάρός, ἄ, ὄν, (μῆανω) *defiled with blood*. 2. generally, *polluted, abominable, foul, Lat. impurus: brutal, coarse, disgusting*. Adv. μαρώς, *brutally*.

μιασμα, ατος, τό, (μῆανω) *a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution*.

μιασμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μῆανω) *pollution*.

μιάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (μῆανω) *a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution, Lat. homo piacularis*. II. *ἀλάστωρ, an avenger of such guilt*.

μίγα, Adv. (μίγνυμι) *mixed or blended with*.

μιάζομαι, Dep. poet. for μίγνυμι.

μιάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίγα) *mixed up, promiscuous*.

μιάδα and μιάδην, Adv. *promiscuously*.

μυγέην, aor. 2 opt. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μυγείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μυγεν, for ἐμίγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

μυγήμει, aor. aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μυγήμαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μίγμα, ατος, τό, (μίγνυμι) *a mixture, compound*.

ΜΙΤΝΥΜΙ and -ύω, also ΜΙΣΓΩ: f. μίξω: aor. I ἐμίχα, inf. μίξαι:—Med. and Pass. μίγνυμαι and μίσσομαι: fut. med. μίξομαι, fut. I pass. μίχθήσομαι,

f. 2 μίγθσομαι, f. 3 μεμίξομαι: aor. I ἐμίχθην, aor. 2 ἐμίγην [Υ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. pass. ἐμικτο, μίκτο: pf. μεμίγημι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. μέμικτο:—Lat. MIS-CEO, *to mix, mix up, mingle*, properly of liquids, e. g. ὄνον καὶ ὕδωρ. 2. generally, *to join, bring together, bring in contact with*.

3. *to make acquainted with, unite with*: also, μίξαι τινα ἄνθεσι *to cover one with flowers*. II. Med. and Pass. *to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach; κλισίησι μίγηναι to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at*: hence *to meet, live, associate with*: but also in hostile sense, *to encounter*: more rarely μίσσομαι ἐς Ἀχαιοῦς, *to go to the Achaeans*.

2. *to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to*.

μινύω, = μίγνυμι.

μίνην, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of μῆανω.

μῆ-φόνος, ου, = μιαίφονος.

μικκός, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for μικρός, *little*.

μικρ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μικρός, αἰλαξ) *with small furrows: hence small, scanty*.

μικρ-έμπορος, ὁ, (μικρός, ἔμπορος) *a pedlar*.

μικρολογέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. (μικρολόγος) *to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness*. Hence

μικρολογία, ἡ, *minute discussion, frivolity*.

μικρο-λόγος, ου, (μικρός, λέγω) *reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean*. 2. *cavilling about trifles, captious*.

μικρο-πολίτης [ῆ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ιτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (μικρός, πολίτης) *a citizen of a petty town or state*.

ΜΙΚΡΟΣ, Ion. and old Att. μικρός Dor. μικκός, ἄ, ὄν, *small, little: petty, mean, trivial, insignificant*: of Time, *little, short*.

II. Adv. usages: gen. μικρόν (sub. δεῖ) *it wants but little, almost*:—dat. μικρῷ *by a little*: acc. μικρόν *a little*. 2. with Preps., ἐπὶ μικρόν *for a little, but a little*; κατὰ μικρόν *little by little, or into small parts*; μετὰ μικρόν *after a little*; παρὰ μικρόν *within a little, almost*.—

Besides the regular Comp. and Sup. μικρότερος, μικρότατος, the irr. forms ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος, μείων μείστος, μείότερος μείωτατος are used.

μικροφιλοτιμία, ἡ, *petty ambition*. From

μικρο-φιλότιμος, ου, (μικρός, φιλότιμος) *ambitious of petty distinctions*.

μικροψυχία, ὁ, *littleness of soul, meanness of spirit*. From

μικρό-ψυχος, ου, (μικρός, ψυχή) *little-souled, narrow-minded, paltry*.

μίκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

μικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μίγνυμι) *mixed, compound*.

μίλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, Att. for σμίλαξ, *the yew-tree*. II. *a convolvulus*.

Μιλήσιος, α, ου, of or from Miletus. From

Μίλητος, ἡ, Miletus, a famous Greek city in Caria.

μιλίριον, τό, a milestone, the Lat. milliarium. II. *a copper vessel for boiling water in*.

μίλιον, τό, a Roman mile, Lat. mille passus, = 8 stades, = 1680 yards, i. e. 80 yards less than our mile.

μιλτεῖον, τό, a vessel for keeping *μίλτος*, in, μιλτ-ηλιφός, ἐς, (μίλτος, ἀλιφῆναι) painted red.

μιλτο-πάρηος, ον, (μίλτος, παρείδ) red-beeked: of ships, with the bows painted red.

ΜΙΛΤΟΣ, ἡ, red earth, red balk or oebre, ruddle, Lat. *rubrica*. II. vermilion, Lat. *minium*.

μιλτο-φύρης, ἐς, (μίλτος, φυρῆναι) smeared with oebre.

μιλτώω, f. ὤσω: pass. pf. μεμίλωμαι; (μίλτος):—to colour with oebre, paint red; σχοινίον μεμιλωμένον a rope smeared with red paint, with which they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers to the Pnyx.

μιλτ-ώδης, ἐς, (μίλτος, εἶδος) of the nature or colour of *μίλτος*.

μίμαρκος, ἡ, a kind of bare-soup. (A foreign word.) Μίμας, αντος, ὁ, a rocky promontory of *Ιονία*.

ΜΙΜΕΨΟΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμίμησάμην: pf. μεμίμημαι: Dep.—to imitate, mimic, copy: pf. part. μεμιμημένος, in pass. sense, made exactly like, made in imitation of. II. of the fine arts, to represent by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλός, ἡ, ὄν, imitative.

μίμημα, ατος, τό, (μιμέομαι) an imitation, copy.

μίμησις, ἡ, (μιμέομαι) imitation.

μιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μιμέομαι, to be imitated.

II. μιμητέον, one must imitate.

μίμητης, οὔ, ὁ, (μιμέομαι) an imitator, copyist.

μιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μιμέομαι) imitative.

μιμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μιμέομαι) to be imitated or copied.

μιμνάξω, Frequent. of μίμνω, μένω, to keep staying, to stay, remain. II. trans. to expect, await.

μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσω: aor. I ἐμνήσα: (μνάω):—to remind, put in mind. 2. to recall to the memory of others. II. Med. and Pass. μιμνήσκομαι, with the older form ΜΝΑΨΟΜΑΙ, μνώμαι, whence the tenses are formed: fut. med. μνήσομαι, f. I pass. μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 μεμνήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐμνήσαμην, pass. ἐμνήσθην:—the pf. μέμνημαι is both med. and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. *memini*, 2 sing. μέμνη, shortened from μέμνησαι; imperat. μέμνησο Ion. μέμνεο; subjunct. μέμνημαι; optat. μεμνήμην, but also μεμνήμην, φο, φτω, Ion. μεμνέφω: infin. μεμνήσθαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐμμενέαστο:—to remind oneself, remember: c. gen. ἀλέης μνήσασθαι to betink one of one's strength: also, c. part., μέμνημαι ἔλθων I remember having come. 2. to mention, make mention of. 3. to give heed to, judge of.

μίμνοντι, Dor. for μίμνουσι, 3 pl. of μίμνω. 2. dat. pres. part. of the same Verb.

μίμνω, for μί-μένω, redupl. form of μένω, to remain, stay, wait: c. acc. to await.

μίμο-λόγος, ον, (μίμος, λέγω) mocking one's words.

II. as Subst. a writer of mimes.

ΜΙΜΟΣ, ον, ὁ, an imitator, copyist: an actor, mime.

II. a mime, a kind of drama.

μῖν [r], Ion acc. sing. of the Pron. of the 3rd pers.

through all genders, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό: always enclitic: Dor. and Att. *vin*: μὲν αὐτόν *himself*; but, αὐτόν *μν oneself*, for ἑαυτόν. II. rarely as 3 pers. pl., for αὐτούς, αὐτάς, αὐτά. III. = the reflex. Pron. ἑαυτόν.

ΜΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, human ordure, dung. Hence μινθῶω, f. ὤσω, to befoul with dung.

Μίνυαι, οἱ, the *Minyans*, a race of nobles in Orchomenos: Adj. Μινύειος, α, ον, Ep. Μινυήτιος, of the *Minyans*.

ΜΙΝΥΨΘΩ [ψ], Ion. impf. μινυέσκων, Lat. *minuo*, to diminish, lessen, curtail, weaken. II. intr. to decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted. Hence

μινυθά, Adv. a little, very little: of Time, a short time. Hence

μινυθάδιος, α, ον, lasting a short time, short-lived: Comp. μινυθαδιώτερος.

μινυρίζω, f. ἴσω, (μινυρός) to moan, wbine: also to bum, chant in a low tone, Lat. *minurire*. Hence

μινυρίσμα, ατος, τό, a warbling, humming.

μινυρίσμος, ὁ, (μινυρίζω) a moaning: warbling.

μινυροίμαι, Dep. = μινυρίζω, of the nightingale, to warble: generally, to bum a tune, chant in a low tone. [ψ]

ΜΙΝΥΨΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, complaining in a low tone, moaning, wbining, wbinpering.

μινύ-ῶριος and μινύ-ῶρος, ον, (μινύω, ὦρα) short-lived.

Μίνως, ὁ, *Minos*, king of *Crete*: gen. Μίνωος and Μίνω; dat. Μίνωϊ, Μίνω; acc. Μίνωα, also Μίνω and Μίνων:—hence Adj. Μίνωϊός Att. Μίνωος, α, ον, of *Minos*.

μίξαι, aor. I inf. μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μίγνυμι.

μίξις, εως, ἡ, (μίξω fut. of μίγνυμι), a mixing, mingling. II. intercourse or commerce with others.

μίξο-βάρβαρος, ον, (μίξω fut. of μίγνυμι, βάρβαρος) half barbarian half Greek.

μίξο-θηρ, ὁ, ἡ, (μίξω, θήρ) half beast.

μίξο-θροος, ον, (μίξω, θρός) with mingled cries.

μίξο-λευκος, ον, (μίξω, λευκός) mixed with white.

μίξομαι, fut. med. of μίγνυμι.

μίξομ-βροτος, ον, for μίξο-βροτος, (μίξω, βρότος) half mortal.

μίξο-νόμος, ον, (μίξω, νέμω) feeding promiscuously.

μίξο-παρθένος, ον, (μίξω, παρθένος) half a maiden, half woman.

μίξω, fut. of μίγνυμι.

μίσαγαθία, ἡ, hatred of good. From μίσο-άγαθος, η, ον, (μίσος, ἀγαθός) bating good.

μίσο-αθηναίος, ον, (μίσος, Ἀθηναίος) bating the Athenians.

μίσο-αλέξων, ον, gen. ονος, (μίσος, ἀλέξων) bating boasters.

μίσο-αλέξανδρος, ον, (μίσος, Ἀλέξανδρος) bating Alexander.

μίσο-ἄμπελος, ον, (μίσος, ἄμπελος) bating the vine.

μισ-άνθρωπος, ον, (μίσος, άνθρωπος) *bating mankind, misanthropic.*

μισγ-άγκεια, ἡ, (μίσγω, ἄγκος) *a place where several mountain glens (ἄγκη) meet, a meeting of glens.*

μισγοῦμαι, pres. inf. pass. of μίσγω.

μισγοῦσαι, Dor. pres. part. pl. fem. of μίσγω.

ΜΪΣΓΩ, see μίγνυμι.

μισ-έλληρ, ηνος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, Ἕλληρ) *a bater of the Greeks.*

μισέω, f. ἦσω: pf. μεμίσηκα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense μισήσομαι: aor. I ἐμισήθην: pf. μεμίσημαι: (μίσος):—*to bate*:—Pass. *to be bated.*

μισήθρον, τό, (μισέω) *a charm for producing hatred, opp. to φίλτρον (from φιλέω), which caused love.*

μισήμα, ατος, τό, (μισέω) *an object of bate.*

μισητέος, verb. Adj. of μισέω, *to be bated.*

μισηγία, ἡ, (μισέω) *bateful lewdness or greediness.*

μισηγτός, ὁ, ὄν, (μισέω) *bated, bateful, odious.*

μισηθρον, τό, = μισηθρον.

μισθαποδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages, recompense.*

μισθ-αποδότης, ου, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀποδίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a rewarder, recompenser.*

μισθάριον, τό, Dim. of μισθός, *a small fee.*

μισθαρνέω, f. ἦσω, (μισθαρνος) *to work or serve for hire, receive pay.* Hence

μισθαρνία, ἡ, *a receiving of wages, bired service.*

μισθ-αρνος, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀρνυμαι) *a bired servant.*

μισθ-αρχιδης, ου, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀρχή) *a Comic Patronymic, son of a placeman.*

μισθολος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μισθός) *bired, salaried.*

μισθοδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages.* From

μισθοδοτέω, f. ἦσω, *to pay wages.* From

μισθο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (μισθός, δίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a paymaster.*

ΜΙΣΘΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, *wages, pay, hire*: μισθός ῥητός *fixed wages*: ἐπὶ μισθῷ *for hire*: δίδοναι τάλαντον μηνός μισθόν *to give a talent as a month's pay.*

2. at Athens *the pay of the soldiery*: also, μισθός βουλευτικός *the pay of the council of 500, a drachma each for every day of sitting*: μισθός δικαστικός or ἡλιαστικός *the wages of a dicast or juror (at first one obol, from the time of Cleon three)* for every day he sat on a jury: μισθός συνηγορικός *the pay of a public advocate, one drachma for every court-day.* 3. generally, *recompense, reward*: in bad sense, *punishment, retribution.*

μισθοφορά, ἡ, (μισθοφόρος) *receipt of wages: wages received, wages, pay, salary.*

μισθοφορέω, f. ἦσω, (μισθοφόρος) *to receive wages, to serve for hire*: c. acc. rei, *to receive as pay.* Hence

μισθοφορητέον, verb. Adj. *one must keep in pay.*

μισθοφορία, ἡ, (μισθοφορέω) *service for wages or pay, bired service.*

μισθο-φόρος, ον, (μισθός, φέρω) *receiving wages, serving for hire*: οἱ μισθοφόροι *bircling soldiers,*

mercenaries: μισθοφόροι τριήρεις *galley's manned with mercenaries.*

μισθός, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἐμισθωσα: pf. μεμισθωκα: (μισθός):—*to let out for hire, farm out, Lat. locare*: c. inf., μισθόν τὸν νηὶν τρηκσίαν τάλαντων ἐξεργάσασθαι *to let out the building of the temple for 30 talents, Lat. locare aedem exstruendam.* II. Med., f. μισθώσομαι: aor. I ἐμισθωσάμην: pf. (in med. sense) μεμισθώμαι:—*to engage or hire at a price, Lat. conducere*: *to retain, as an advocate or physician*: μισθούσθαι τινα τάλαντον *to engage his services at a talent*: c. inf., μισθούσθαι νηὶν ἐξοικοδομήσαι *to contract for the building of the temple, Lat. conducere aedem aedificandam.* III. Pass., aor. I ἐμισθώθην: pf. (in pass. sense) μεμισθώμαι:—*to be hired for pay.* Hence

μισθώμα, ατος, τό, *that which is let for hire, a bired bouse.* II. *the price agreed on, the contract-price*: rent.

μισθώσιμος, ον, (μισθώ) *that can be bired.*

μισθώσις, εως, ἡ, (μισθώ) *a letting for hire.* II. (μισθώσις) *a hiring.* III. = μισθωμα, rent.

μισθωτής, οὔ, ὁ, (μισθώ) *one who pays rent, a tenant.*

μισθωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθώ) *mercenary.*

μισθωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθίω) *bired or to be bired*: as Subst. *a bircling, mercenary, of soldiers.*

μισθ-γάμος, ον, (μίσος, γάμος) *marriage-bating.*

μισθ-γέλως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, γέλως) *laugher-bating.*

μισθ-γότης, ου, ὁ, (μίσος, γότης) *bating imposture.*

μισθ-δημία, ἡ, *hatred of democracy.* From

μισθό-δημος, ον, (μίσος, δῆμος) *bating the commons, bating democracy.*

μισθό-θεος, ον, (μίσος, θεός) *bating the gods, godless.*

μισθό-θηρος, ον, (μίσος, θήρα) *bating the chase.*

μισθ-καίσαρ, ἔρος, ὁ, (μίσος, Καίσαρ) *bating Caesar.*

μισθ-λάκων, ανος, ὁ, (μίσος, Λάκων) *a Laconian-bater.* [ἀ]

μισθ-λάμαχος, ον, (μίσος, Λάμαχος) *bating Lamachus.* [λα]

μισθολογία, ἡ, *hatred of argument.* From

μισθό-λογος, ον, (μίσος, λόγος) *bating argument.*

μισθό-νοθος, ον, (μίσος, νόθος) *bating bastards.*

μισθό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, παῖς) *bating children.*

μισθό-πέρσης, ου, ὁ, (μίσος, Πέρσης) *a Persian bater.*

μισθό-πολις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, πόλις) *bating the state.*

μισθοπονρήω, f. ἦσω, *to bate the bad.* From

μισθο-πόνηρος, ον, (μίσος, πονηρός) *bating the bad.*

μισθο-πονία, ἡ, (μίσος, πόνος) *hatred of work.*

μισθό-πτοπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, πτοπαξ) *bating the shield-bundle, i. e. bating war*: Sup. μισθοπορπᾶκιστατος.

μισθό-πτωχος, ον, (μίσος, πτωχός) *bating the poor.*

μισθό-ρῶμαιος, ον, (μίσος, Ῥωμαῖος) *Roman-bating.*

ΜΓΣΟΣ, τό, *bate, hatred*: I. pass. *bate borne*

one. 2. act. *a bating, a grudge, strong dislike.* II. *a bateful object, = μισημα.*

μισο-σύλλας, ον, ὁ, (μίσος, Σύλλας) *bating Sylla*.
 μισο-τύραννος, ον, (μίσος, τύραννος) *tyrant-bating*.
 μισο-φίλιππος, ον, (μίσος, Φίλιππος) *bating Philip*.
 μισό-χρηστος, ον, (μίσος, χρηστός) *bating the good*.
 μισο-ψευδής, ἑς, (μίσος, ψεῖδος) *bating lies*.
 ΜΙΣΤΥ΄ ΛΑΩ, f. ἰλῶ, τὸ *cut up meat before roasting*.
 μίτο-εργός, ὄν, (μίτος, *εργῶ) *working the thread*.
 μίτορ-ράφής, ἑς, (μίτος, ραφήναι) *sewn with thread*,
baving mesbes of thread.

ΜΙΤΟΣ, ον, ὁ, a *thread of the warp*, Lat. *tela*:—
 generally, a *thread*: a *web*. [ῥ] Hence
 μίτω, f. ὦσα, *to stretch the warp in the loom*:—
 Med. *to ply the loom*; metaph., φθόγγον μίτωσασθαι
to let one's voice sound like a barp-string.
 μίτρα, Ep. and Ion. μίτρη, ἡ, (μίτος) a *linen girdle*
or band, worn below the θώραξ: generally a *girdle*,
zone. II. a *beadband*, a *snood*. 2. a *Persian*
cap, like κυρβάσια.

Μίτρα, ης, ἡ, the *Persian Aphrodité or Venus*.
 μίτρη-φόρος, ον, (μίτρα, φέρω) *wearing a μίτρα*,
webster girdle or bead-dress.
 μίτρώ-δετος, ον, (μίτρα, δέω) *bound with a μίτρα*.
 μιτροφόρεω, f. ἦσω, *to wear a μίτρα*. From
 μιτρο-φόρος, ον, = μίτρηφόρος.

ΜΙΤΤ΄-ΛΟΣ or μύτιλος, η, ον, Lat. *mutilus*, *cut-*
tailed, esp. *hornless*. [ῥ]
 μίτ-ώδης, ἑς, (μίτος, εἶδος) *like thread, of linen*.
 μιχθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.
 μιχθῆ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of μίγνυμι.
 μιχθήμεναι, Ep. aor. I pass. inf. of μίγνυμι.

ΜΝΑ Ion. μνέα, ἡ; gen. μνάς; nom. pl. μναί:—
 the Lat. *MINA*, I. a *weight*, = 100 drachmae
 = 15 oz. 83 $\frac{1}{2}$ grs. II. a *sum of money*, also =
 100 drachmae, = 4l. Is. 3d.:—60 μναί made a talent.

μνάμη, μνάμειον, μναμοσύνη, Dor. for μνημ—
 ΜΝΑ'ΟΜΑΙ (A), contr. μνώμαι, used in the contr.
 forms 3 sing., I and 3 pl. μνάται, μνώμεθα, μνώνται;
 iniperat. 3 sing. μνάσθω; inf. μνάσθαι; part. μνώ-
 μένος; also in Ep. resolved forms, 2 sing. μνάξ inf.
 μνάσθαι; 3 sing. Ion. impf. μνάσκετο for ἐμνάτο,
 Ep. 3 pl. μνώντο, part. μνούμενος:—*to woo to wife*,
woo, court. II. generally, *to court, sue for, sollicit*,
cavass for, Lat. *ambire*.

ΜΝΑ'ΟΜΑΙ (B), contr. μνώμαι, *to remember*, Ep.
 and Ion. for μμνήσκομαι.

μνάσθαι, inf. of μνάομαι *to woo*.
 μνάσθω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of μνάομαι *to woo*.
 μνάσσομαι, Dor. for μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μμνήσκω.
 μναστήρ, ὄ, fem. μνάστειρα, Dor. for μνηστ—
 μνάστis, ἡ, Dor. for μνήστis, q. v.
 μνέα, Ion. for μνά.

μνεία, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory*. II.
mention; μνείαν ποιεῖσθαι τινας, Lat. *mentionem*
facere.

μνήμη Dor. μνῆμα, ατος, τό, (μνάομαι B) Lat. *moni-*
mentum, a *memorial, remembrance, record* of a
 person or thing: a *memorial of one dead*, a *monu-*
ment. II. = μνήμη, *memory*.

μνημεῖον Ion. —ἦιον Dor. μνᾶμειον, τό, (μνήμη)
 Lat. *monimentum*, a *memorial, remembrance, record*
 of a person or thing: of one dead, a *monument*.

μνήμη, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory, recol-*
lection. 2. *the faculty of memory*; μνήμης ὕπο from
memory. 3. a *memorial, monument*. II.

mention or notice of a thing.
 μνημήϊον, τό, Ion. for μνημεῖον.
 μνημονεύω, f. σω, (μνήμων) *to remember, call to mind*,
recollect. 2. *to call to another's mind, mention*,
say, Lat. *memorare*.

II. Pass., with f. med.
 —εὔσομαι and pass. —εὐθήσομαι: aor. I ἐμνημονεύθη:
 —*to be remembered, had in memory, mentioned*.
 μνημονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνήμων) of or for *remembrance*
or memory; τὸ μνημονικόν = μνήμη, *memory*. II.

of persons, of good or ready *memory*.
 μνημονικῶς, Adv. from or by *memory, readily*.
 μνημοσύνη, ἡ, (μνήμων) *remembrance, memory*, Lat.
memoria. II. as prop. n. *Mnemosyné*, the mother
 of the Muses; because before the invention of writing
memory was the Poet's chief gift.

μνημόστινον Dor. μνᾶμ-, τό, (μνήμων) a *remem-*
brance, memorial, record of a thing: also a *reminder*,
refresher. 2. *honourable mention, fame*.

μνήμων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. μνήμων, (μνάομαι B) *mindful*,
remembering: c. gen. *mindful of*. 2. *ever mind-*
ful, unforgetting.

μνήσαι, aor. I inf. and aor. I med. imperat. of μ-

μνήσκειν.
 μνήσαιτο, Ion. for μνήσαιτο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt.

of μμνήσκω.
 μνήσασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of μμνήσκω.
 μνήσασκετο, Ion. for ἐμνήσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I med.

of μμνήσκω.
 μνησθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of μμνήσκω.
 μνήσθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. pass. of μμνήσκω.
 μνησί-δωρέω Dor. μνάσ-, f. ἦσω, (μνήσις, δῶρον)
to bring presents in token of gratitude: *to be grateful*.

μνησιπᾶκείω, f. ἦσω, *to remember old injuries*:
to bear ill-will or malice; οὐ μνησικακείν *to bear no*
malice, pass an act of amnesty. II. also c. acc.
 rei, τὴν ἡλικίαν μνησικακείν *to remind of the ills of*
age. From

μνησί-κάκος, ον, (μνάομαι B, κακόν) *remembering*
old injuries, bearing malice.
 μνησί-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μμνήσκω, πῆμα) *re-*
mindings of misery.

μνήσις Dor. μνάσις, εως, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remem-*
brance, memory.

μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μμνήσκω.
 μνήστειρα, ἡ, fem. of μνηστήρ, (μνάομαι A) α
bride. II. fem. Adj. (μνάομαι B) *reminding of*.

μνήστευμα, ατος, τό, (μνηστεύω) *courtsbip, wooing*:
 in plur., *espousals*.

μνήστευω, f. σω: aor. I ἐμνήστευσα, (μνάομαι B):
 —Pass. aor. I ἐμνηστεύθη:—*to woo, court, seek in*
marriage; *to espouse*: Pass. *to be courted*. II.
to promise in marriage, betroth: Pass. *to be betrothed*.

μνηστήρ Dor. μναστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (μνάομαι λ) a wooer, suitor: later, a bridegroom. II. (μνάομαι β) calling to mind, mindful of.

μνηστήρεςσι, Ep. for μνηστήρσι, dat. pl. of foregoing, remembrance. II. reputation, fame.

μνηστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνάομαι) wooed, wedded.

μνηστός, ὄος, ἡ, Ion. for μνηστέα, a wooing, courting, seeking in marriage.

μνηστωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, (μνάομαι) mindful of.

μνήσσω, fut. of μμνήσκω.

μνιάρος, ἄ, ὄν, mossy, soft as moss. From ΜΝΙΪΟΝ, τό, moss, sea-weed.

μνόςος contr. μνοῦς, ὁ, fine down.

μνώμενος, part. of μνάομαι, to woo.

μνώνται, 3 pl. of μνάομαι to woo.

μνώμενος, Ep. part. of μνάομαι, to remember.

μνώοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι λ and β.

μωγερός, ἄ, ὄν, of persons, labouring, distressed, wretched: of things, toilsome, grievous. From

μωγέω, f. ἦσω, (μώγος) to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress: pres. part. μωγέων = μώγως, with trouble, hardly; μωγέων ἀποκινήσασκε with much toil he moved, hardly he moved. II. to labour at.

μωγί-ἄλλος, ὄν, (μώγως, ἀλλέω) speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb.

μώγως, Adv. (μώγος, μωγέω) with toil and trouble: hardly, scarcely: like the later μώλως. Hence

ΜΟΓΟΣ, ὄν, ὁ, toil, trouble: bardship, pain, sorrow.

μογοσ-τόκος, ὄν, (μώγως, τεκεῖν) helping women in bard travail.

μόδιος, ὁ, a dry measure, Lat. modius, = $\frac{1}{8}$ of a medimnus, = 2 gallons.

ΜΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, battle, the battle-din; μῦθος ἵππων the noise or trampling of horses.

μόθων, ὄνος, ὁ, at Sparta, a name for the child of a Helot: such children being brought up as foster-brothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an impudent fellow: hence invoked as the god of impudence. 3. a rude dance.

μοί, enclit. dat. sing. of ἐγώ.

μοῖρα, gen. as Ion. ἡς, ἡ: (μείρομαι):—a part, portion, division, as opp. to the whole: a division of an army. II. a part or party in a state, Lat. partes.

III. the part or portion which falls to one, esp. one's portion of the spoil: one's inheritance, patrimony. 2. one's portion in life, lot, destiny: esp. like μέρους, one's fate, doom. 3. that which is one's due; generally, that which is meet and right; κατὰ μοῖραν εἶπες thou hast spoken fitly, rightly; μοῖραν νέμεεν τῷ to give one his due: hence 4. due reverence, consideration; ἐν μοίρῃ ἄγειν τινά to hold one in proper respect.

Μοῖρα, as prop. n., Moira, the goddess of fate: later there were three, Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos.

μοιράω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἦσω: (μοῖρα):—to share, distribute: Med. to share among themselves.

μοιρη-γενής, ἐς, (μοῖρα, γένος) fated from birth.

μοιρίδιος, α, ὄν, also ὄος, ὄν, (μοῖρα) allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fatalis.

μοιρό-κραντος, ὄν, (μοῖρα, κραινω) ordained by fate, fated, destined.

Μοῖσα, ἡ, Aeol. for Μοῦσα: Μοῖσαν, Aeol. for Μοῦσαν, pl. gen.

Μοισαῖος, α, ὄν, Aeol. for Μοῖσειος.

μοιχ-ἄγρα, τά, (μοιχός, ἄγρα) only in pl. the fine imposed on one taken in adultery.

μοιχᾶλις, ἴδος, ἡ, irreg. fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress, Lat. moecha: as fem. Adj. adulterous.

μοιχάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress.

μοιχάω, f. ἦσω, (μοιχός) trans. to commit adultery with; μοιχᾶν τὴν θάλατταν to hold dalliance with the sea. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari.

μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery with, to seduce, c. acc. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari.

μοιχίδιος, α, ὄν, (μοιχός) born in adultery.

μοιχίος, α, ὄν, adulterous. From

ΜΟΙΧΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, an adulterer, paramour, seducer, Lat. moechus; κεκάρθαι μοιχὸν μᾶ μαχαίρα to have the head shaven with a razor like an adulterer's; since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment.

ΜΟΛΕΙΪΝ, aor. 2 inf. of βλώσσω.

μολιβ-αχθής, ἐς, (μολιβος, ἄχθος) loaded with lead.

μολίβος, ὄν, ὁ, poet. for μολυβδος, lead.

μώλως, Adv., later form for μώγως, hardly, scarcely, with difficulty; οὐ μώλως not scarcely, i. e. quite, utterly.

μολοβρός, οὔ, ὁ, a glutton, greedy beggar.

μολοῖσα, Dor. for μολοῖσα, fem. of μολών.

Μολοσσός Att. -τρός, ὄν, Molossian; κύων Μολοσσικός the Molossian dog, a kind of wolf-dog used by shepherds. II. ὁ μολοσσός (sub. ποῦς), in

Prosody, the Molossus, a foot consisting of three long syllables, e. g. πρηνμήτης.

μολοῦμαι, fut. of βλώσσω.

μολπαῖω, (μολπή) to sing of, Lat. canere. Hence

μολπαστής, οὔ, ὁ, a minstrel or dancer.

μολπή, ἡ, (μέλω) in Hom. dancing to music: anything done in time: generally, play, sport, properly when singing and dancing formed part of it. II. generally, singing, song, opp. to dancing. Hence

μολπηδόν, Adv. with singing.

μολπητής Dor. -ᾶτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (μολπή) a songsstress.

μολυβδαῖνα, ἡ, (μολυβδος) a piece of lead, esp. the lead to sink a fishing-line. 2. a plummet, a leaden ball or bullet.

μολυβδίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (μολυβδος) leaden, of lead.

μολυβδῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (μολυβδος) like μολυβδαῖνα, the leaden weight on a net. II. a leaden ball or bullet.

ΜΟΛΥΒΔΟΣ, ὄν, ὁ, lead. II. plumbago, black lead: hence a blacklead pencil.

μολυβδο-χόεω, f. ἦσω, (μολυβδος, χέω) to fix with melted lead.

μολυνο-πραγμονέομαι, Pass. (μολύνω, πρᾶγμα);—to be mixed up in a dirty quarrel.

ΜΟΑΥΝΩ [ῶ] : f. ὕνω : pf. pass. μεμόλυσμαι :—
to stain, sully, defile, corrupt : also to seduce a woman :—Pass. to be or become vile, wallow.

μολυσμός, ὁ, (μολύνω) defilement, pollution.
μολών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of βλώσκα.
μομφή, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) blame, reproof, complaint :—
a cause of complaint.

μόνα, Dor. for μόνη.
μονάζω, f. σω, (μόνος) to be alone, live in solitude.
μοναμπύκλια, ἡ, for ὁ μονάμπυξ, a race-horse that runs single.

μον-άμπυξ, ἕκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ἀμπυξ η) having one frontlet ; μονάμπυκες πῶλοι horses that run single, racehorses : also of a bull, having no yokefellow.

μοναρχέω Ion. μουν- : f. ἦσω : (μόναρχος) :—to be monarch or sovereign ; ἐπὶ τούτου μοναρχεούτος in this king's reign. Hence

μοναρχία Ion. μουν-, ἡ, absolute rule, sovereignty, monarchy.

μόν-αρχος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, ἀρχω) ruling alone, sovereign.

μονάς Ion. μονιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (μόνος) properly a fem. Adj., solitary, single : also masc. of a man, alone, by oneself. II. as Subst., μονάς, ἡ, a unit.

μονάχῃ, Adv. properly dat. fem. of μοναχός, in one way only : singly or alone.

μονάχος, ἡ, ὄν, (μόνος) solitary ;—as Subst. μοναχός, ὁ, a monk.

μον-ερέτης Ion. μουν-, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ἐρέτης) one who rows singly, a sculler.

μονή, ἡ, (μένω) a staying, abiding, tarrying. 2. a place to stay in, mansion.

μον-ήμερια, τό, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) a bunt of one day.

μον-ήρης, es, (μόνος, ἀρείρειν) single ; ναὺς μονήρης a ship with one bank of oars.

μόνιμος, ον, or η, ον, (μονή) staying, fixed : of persons, steadfast, constant. 2. of conditions, abiding, lasting, Lat. stabilis.

μόν-ιππος, ον, (μόνος, ἵππος) with one horse, a horseman, opp. to a charioteer.

μονο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μόνος, βαίνω) walking alone : of metre, consisting of one foot. [Bā]

μονο-γάμος, ον, (μόνος, γαμέω) marrying one wife.

μονο-γένεια Ion. μουνου-, ἡ, pecul. fem. of sq.

μονο-γενής Ep. and Ion. μουνου-, ἐς, (μόνος, γένος) only-begotten : born from one and the same mother.

μονο-γλήνος, ον, (μόνος, γλήνη) one-eyed.

μονο-δάκτυλος, ον, (μόνος, δάκτυλος) one-fingered.

μονο-δίρκτης, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, δέρκομαι) one-eyed.

μονο-δούσιος, ον, (μόνος, δοῦσιος) of unvaried sound, monotonous.

μον-όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὀδοίς) one-toothed.

μονο-δροςπος, ον, (μόνος, δρέπω) plucked from one stem : cut or carved from one block.

μονο-εἰδής, ἐς, (μόνος, εἶδος) of one kind, simple.

μονο-ἔγγης, ἐς, and μονοῦξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ζυγῆναι) having one horse yoked : generally, single, alone.

μονο-ήμερος, ον, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) lasting but one day.

μονο-κέλης Ion. μουνου-κ-, ἡτος, ὁ, (μόνος, κέλης) a single horse.

μονο-κερως, ον, gen. -κερω, acc. -κεραν, (μόνος, κέρας) one-horned : as Subst. a unicorn.

μονο-κλαυτος, ον, (μόνος, κλαίω) with one mourner.

μονο-κλίνον, τό, (μόνος, κλίνη) a bed for one only, a coffin.

μονο-κοιτέω, f. ἦσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) to sleep alone.

μονο-κρήπις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, κρηπίς) with but one sandal.

μονο-κροτος, ον, (μόνος, κροτέω) with one bank of oars.

μονο-κωλος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, κῶλον) with but one limb : of buildings, with but one room : περίοδος μονόκωλος a sentence consisting of one clause.

μονο-κωπος, ον, (μόνος, κοπή) with a single oar : with a single ship.

μονο-λίθος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, λίθος) made out of one stone.

μονο-μάτωρ, οπος, Dor. for μονομήτωρ. [ā]

μονομάχέω Ion. μουν-, f. ἦσω, (μονομάχος) to fight in single combat : of the Athenians at Marathon ; μῦνοι μονομαχῆσαντες τῷ Πέρσῃ having fought single-handed with the Persian. Hence

μονομαχία Ion. μονομαχίη, ἡ, single combat.

μονομάχιον, τό, = μονομαχία.

μονο-μάχος, ον, (μόνος, μάχομαι) fighting in single combat : wielded in single combat.

μονο-μήτωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, μήτηρ) left alone by one's mother, deprived of one's mother.

μονο-νυχί Ion. μουν-, Adv. (μόνος, νύξ) in a single night.

μονο-ξύλος, ον, (μόνος, ξύλον) made from a single log. II. made of wood only.

μονο-παῖς, -παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, παῖς) act. having but one child. II. pass. = μόνος παῖς, an only child.

μονο-πάλης Ion. μουν-, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, πάλη) one who conquers alone in wrestling. [ā]

μονο-πέλμος, ον, (μόνος, πέλημα) with but one sole.

μονο-πέπλος, ον, (μόνος, πέπλος) left without a robe, clad in a tunic only : v. ἀπέπλος.

μονο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (μόνος, πούς) one-footed.

μονο-πῶλος, ον, (μόνος, πῶλος) with one horse.

μον-ορύχης, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ἐρυγῆναι) digging with one point. [ῶ]

ΜΟΝΟΣ Ion. μῦνος, η, ον, Dor. μῶνος, a, ον, alone, left alone, forsaken : c. gen., μῦνος σοῦ rest of, deprived of thee. II. alone, only : often with gen. added, μῦνος πάντων ἀνθρώπων alone of all men.

III. like Lat. unus for unicus, standing alone, single in its kind, unique. IV. Sup. μονώτατος, the one only person, one above all others, cf. αὐτότατος.

V. neut. μόνον as Adv., alone, only, merely ; μόνον οὐ, Lat. tantum non, all but, well nigh.

μονο-σιδηρος, ον, (μόνος, σίδηρος) made of iron only.

μονοσιτέω, f. ἦσω, to eat but once in the day. From

μονο-σίτος, ον, (μόνος, σίτος) eating but once a day.

μονό-σκηπτρος, *ον*, (μόνος, σιῆπτρον) *wielding the sceptre alone, absolute.*

μονο-στιβής, *ές*, (μόνος, στιβεῖν) *walking alone, unaccompanied.*

μονο-στίχος, *ον*, (μόνος, στίχος) *consisting of one verse.*

μονό-στολος, *ον*, (μόνος, στολή) *going alone: generally, alone, single.*

μονο-στέρθηξ, *υγχοῦ*, *δ*, *ἡ*, (μόνος, στέρθηξ) *carved out of a single block.*

μονο-σύλλαβος, *ον*, (μόνος, συλλαβή) *of one syllable, dealing with monosyllables.*

μονό-τεκνος, *ον*, (μόνος, τέκνον) *with but one child.*

μονο-τράπεζος, *ον*, (μόνος, τράπεζα) *at a solitary board, eaten apart.*

μονό-τροπος, *ον*, (μόνος, τρόπος) *solitary, unsocial.*

μονο-ούατος, *ον*, (μόνος, οὖς) *one-eared: with one handle.*

μονο-φάγος, *ον*, (μόνος, φαγῆν) *eating alone or once a day: irreg. Sup. μονοφαγίστατος.*

μονό-όφθαλμος *Ion. μονο-*, *ον*, (μόνος, ὀφθαλμός) *one-eyed.*

μονό-φρουρος, *ον*, (μόνος, φρουρά) *watching alone.*

μονό-φρων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (μόνος, φρήν) *single in one's opinion, standing alone, single.*

μονο-φύης *Ion. μονο-*, *ές*, (μόνος, φύη) *of simple nature: made of one piece.*

μονό-χηλος *Dor. -χαλος*, *ον*, (μόνος, χηλή) *solid-bodied.*

μονό-ψηφος *Dor. -ψαφος*, *ον*, (μόνος, ψήφος) *voting alone: singular in one's vote or purpose.*

μονόω *Ion. μονο-*: *φ. ὄσω*: *αορ. I ἐμόνωσα* *Ep. μόνωσα*:—*Pass.*, *αορ. I ἐμονώην*, *Ion. part. μονωθεῖς*: *pf. μεμόνωμαι* *Ion. μεμούνωμαι*: (μόνος):—*to make single or solitary; μουνοῖν γεγεῖν to give an only son in each generation*:—*Pass. to be left alone, to be forsaken: also to be taken apart, without witnesses*: *c. gen.*, *μεμονωμένοι συμμάχων* *deserted by allies.*

μονωδός, *φ. ἦσω*, (μονωδός) *to sing alone, to sing a monody.* Hence

μονωδία, *ἡ*, *a song sung alone, a monody, solo*, *opp. to the song of the chorus.*

μονωδός, *όν*, (μόνος, ᾠδή) *singing alone.*

μονωθεῖς, *αορ. I pass. part. of μονώω.*

μόνος, *Adv. of μόνος*, *only.*

μονό-ωψ *poët. μουν-*, *ᾠπος*, *δ*, *ἡ*, (μόνος, ᾠψ) *one-eyed.*

μόρια, *ἡ*, (μείρομαι) = μοῖρα. 2. *one of the six divisions of the Spartan infantry.*

μορία (sc. ἐλαῖαι), *αἶ*, *the sacred olives in the Academy*, so called because they were supposed to be *parted or propagated (μειρόμεναι, μεμωρημένοι)* from the original olive-stock that grew in the Acropolis.

Hence *Zeus Μόριος* = *the guardian of these sacred olives.*

II. μορία [ῖ], = *μοῖρα*, *folly.*

μόριμος, *ον*, *poët. for μόριμος.*

μόριον, *τό*, *Dim. of μόρος*, *a small piece, generally, a piece, portion.*

μόριος, *α*, *ον*, *poët. for μόριμος.*—*For Zeus Μόριος, see μορία.*

μορμολύκειον, *τό*, *a bugbear, hobgoblin.* From *μορμολύττομαι*, *Dep. (μορμύ) to fright, scare.*

μορμολύπτος, *όν*, (μορμύ, ᾠψ) *bideous to behold.*

μορμύρα [ῦ], formed from *μύρα*, as *σποφύρα* from *φύρα*, of water, to roar, boil, *Lat. murmuro.*

ΜΟΡΜΩ, *gen. ὄος*, *contr. οὖς*, *ἡ*, *a hideous sbe-monster, to frighten children with; a bugbear, hobgoblin.*

II. in Aristophanes, a mere exclamation, μορμύ τοῦ θράσους a fig for his courage!

μορείς, *εσσα*, *εν*, *skilfully or richly wrought; or glistening, shining.* (*Deriv. unknown.*)

ΜΟΨΟΝ, *τό*, *the black mulberry.*

μόρος, *δ*, (μείρομαι) *like μοῖρα, one's appointed lot, fate, doom, destiny; ὑπὲρ μόρον beyond one's doom, against fate.*

2. *esp. an unhappy lot, ruin, death, Lat. fatum, in Homer always a violent death.*

μόρσιμος, *ον*, (μόρος) *appointed by fate, doomed, destined, Lat. fatalis: foredoomed, destined to die:*

hence μόρσιμον ἡμερ the fated day, the day of doom; τὸ μόρσιμον fate, doom, destiny.

ΜΟΡΨ, *ΣΣΩ*, to soil, stain, defile, sully: *pf. pass. part. μεμωρημένος, soiled, defiled,*

μορφά, μορφάν, *Dor. for μορφή, μορφήν.*

μορφάζω, (μορφή) *to make gestulations.*

μορφάω, *φ. ἦσω*, (μορφή) *to shape, fashion, mould.*

Μορφεύς, *έως*, *δ*, *Morpheus, son of Sleep, god of dreams: properly the fashioner, moulder, so called from the shapes he calls up before the sleeper.*

ΜΟΡΦΗ, *ἡ*, *form, shape, figure: a beautiful form, beauty, Lat. forma.*

2. *generally, form, fashion, appearance.*

3. *a form, kind, sort.* Hence

μορφήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, *formed, fashioned, shaped: well-shaped, comely, Lat. formosus.*

μόρφονος, *ον*, (*epith. of the eagle*) *of colour, dusky, dark, = ὀρφνός* (from ὀρφή), *Lat. furvus.*

μορφώω, *φ. ὄσω*, (μορφή) *to form, give shape to.*

Hence

μόρφωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, *form, shape, figure: the outline of a figure.*

μόρφωσις, *ἡ*, (μορφώω) *a shaping: form, semblance.*

μορφωτήρ, *ἦρος*, *δ*, (μορφώω) *one who shapes:—fem.*

μορφώτρια; *συνών μορφώτρια* *changing men into swine.*

μόσσαν or μόσυν, *ἔνος*, *δ*, *a wooden house or tower.*

Μοσσύν-οικοι or Μοσύν-οικοι, *οἶ*, (μόσσαν or μόσυν, οἰκῆω) *an Asiatic race near the Black Sea, neighbours of the Colchians, living in wooden houses.*

μόσχειος, *α*, *ον*, (μόσχος) *of a calf; μόσχειος κυνούχος a calf-skin leash: as Subst., μόσχειον, τό, a calf-skin.*

μοσχέω, *φ. ὄσω*, (μόσχος) *to plant a sucker, propagate.*

μοσχίδιον, *τό*, *Dim. of μόσχος, a young sucker.* [ῖ]

μόσχος, *α*, *ον*, (μόσχος) *like μόσχειος, of a calf.*

μοσχο-ποιέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (μόσχος, ποιέω) *to make a calf.*

μόσχος, *δ*, *also ἡ, the young shoot of a plant, a sprout, sucker, scion.*

II. metaph. of the young of ani-

males, a calf: also a young bull: a heifer. 2. a boy: more often a girl, maid, Lat. *juvenca*. 3. any young animal.

μουνάξ, Adv. (μῦνος) singly, alone.

μουναρχέω, Ion. for *μουναρχέω*.

μῦνος, Ion. for *μῦνος*. For all Ion. forms beginning with *μουν-*, see under *μουν-*.

Μουνύχια, ἡ, *Munychia*, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Piræus. II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Μουνύχιαζε, Adv. to *Munychia*: and Μουνύχιασι, Adv. at *Munychia*.

Μουνύχιων, ὄνος, ὁ, *Munychion*, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of *Munychian Artemis*, = the latter part of April and beginning of May.

μουνωθείς, Ion. aor. 1 part. pass. of *μῦνώ*.

μουνώψ, Ion. for *μῦνάψ*.

ΜΟΥΣΑ, ἡς, Aeol. Μοῖσα Dor. Μῶσα Lacon. Μῶα, as, ἡ, the *Muse*, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine *Muses*,—Clio, Euterpe, Thalia, Melpomene, Terpsichore, Erato, Polyymnia or Polyhymnia, Urania, and Calliope. II. later, music, song: also eloquence; and in pl. arts, accomplishments.

Μουσα-ἀγέτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. for *Μουσηγ-*, (Μοῦσα, ἡγέτομαι), the leader of the *Muses*, i. e. Apollo.

Μουσεῖον, τό, the temple of the *Muses*, seat or haunt of the *Muses*: hence a school of arts and learning, a Museum: metaph., μουσεῖα θρηνημοῖσι ξυνοδᾶ balls resounding with lamentations; μουσεῖα χελιδόνων places where swallows twitter. Properly neut. of Μούσειος.

Μούσειος Dor. Μοισαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μῦσα) of or belonging to the *Muses*, sacred to the *Muses*.

μουσιζομαι, Dep. (μῦσα) to sing or play.

μουσικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μῦσα) of the *Muses* or the fine arts, devoted to the *Muses*. II. as Subst., I.

μουσικός, ὁ, a musician, poet, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to ἄμωσος. 2. μουσική (sc. τέχνη), ἡ, any art over which the *Muses* presided, esp. music or lyric poetry set and sung to music,—one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being γράμματα, γυμναστική:—generally, arts, letters, accomplishments.

III. Adv. —κῶς, harmoniously, elegantly: Sup. —κάτατα.

μουσίσδω, Dor. for *μουσίω*.

μουσο-δομος, ον, (μῦσα, δέμω) built by song.

μουσομανέω, f. ἴσω, to be *Muse-mad*, smitten by the *Muses*. From

μουσο-μάνης, ἐς, (μῦσα, μάνηαι) smitten by the *Muses*.

μουσο-μάντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (μῦσα, μάντις) of prophetic song.

μουσο-μήτωρ, οπος, ἡ, (μῦσα, μήτηρ) the mother of the *Muses* and arts.

μουσο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, to write poetry about. From

μουσο-ποιός, ὄν, (μῦσα, ποιέω) making poetry: μουσοποιός, ἡ, a poetess: also singing or playing.

μουσο-πόλος, ον, (μῦσα, πολέω) serving the *Muses*: as Subst., μουσοπόλος, ὁ, a minstrel.

μουσο-πρόσωπον, ον, (μῦσα, πρόσωπον) musical-looking.

μουσοουργία, ἡ, a making poetry, singing. From μουσο-ουργός, ὄν, contr. for μουσο-εργός, (μῦσα, ἐργον) devoted to the service of the *Muses*, playing, singing:—as Subst., μουσοουργός, ἡ, a singing-girl.

μουσο-φιλις, ον, ὁ, and μουσο-φίλος, ον, (μῦσα, φιλέω) loving the *Muses*.

μουσο-χαρής, ἐς, (μῦσα, χαίρω) delighting in the *Muses*, delighting in music or poetry.

μουσώω, f. ὤσω, (μῦσα) to devote to the *Muses*:—Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant.

μοχθεύοντας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of *μοχθέω*.

μοχθέω, f. ἴσω, (μῦχος) to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly: c. acc. cognato, μοχθεῖν μόχθους, πόνους to undergo bardship, toils; μοχθεῖν μαθήματα to toil at learning. Hence

μόχθημα, ατος, τό, toil, bardship.

μοχθηρία, ἡ, wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness. From

μοχθηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (μοχθέω) in sore distress, wretched. 2. of things, toilsome, laborious: but also in sorry plight. II. in moral sense, knavish, villainous, rascally, Lat. *pravus*. Hence

μοχθηρῶς, Adv. in sorry plight, miserably.

μοχθητέον, verb. Adj. of *μοχθέω*, one must labour.

μοχθίζω, f. σω, = *μοχθέω*, to toil, labour: also to suffer greatly.

μόχθος, ὁ, (μογέω) toil, bardship, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, bardships:—μόχθος differs from πόνος, in that μόχθος always implies distress, bardship, Lat. *aerumna*, while πόνος is merely work, labour, Lat. *labor*.

μοχλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, one who heaves up by a lever; θαλάσσης μοχλευτής he who makes the sea to heave; καινῶν ἐπῶν μοχλευτής one who heaves up new words. From

μοχλεύω, f. σω, (μοχλός) to prise up, to heave up or wreathe by a lever.

μοχλέω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for *μοχλεύω*.

μοχλῶν, τό, Dim. of *μοχλός*.

ΜΟΧΛΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, a lever or bar for prising or heaving up, a crowbar, Lat. *vectis*. II. any bar or stake:—the bar or bolt of a door, Lat. *obex*.

ΜΥ΄ or ΜΥ΄, an imitation of the sound made by murmuring or muttering with closed lips. II. to imitate the sound of sobbing.

μῦ-άγρα, ἡ, (μῦς, ἄγρα) a mouse-trap.

μῦάω, (μῦ) to bite or compress the lips.

μῦ-γάλη, (μῦς, γαλέη) the field-mouse, sbrew-mouse, Lat. *mus araneus*.

μυγμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μῦζω) a moaning, muttering.

μυδαλέος, α, ον, *wet, dripping, soaked.* II.

damp, mouldy. From

μυδάω, f. ήσω, (μύδος) *to be damp, wet, dripping.* II. *to be damp or clammy from decay.*

ΜΥΨΑΟΣ, δ, *damp; clamminess, decay, Lat. situs.* [Ψ] μυδροκτύπεω, f. ήσω, *to forge red-hot iron.* From μυδρο-κτύπος, ον, (μύδρος, κτύπεω) *forging or welding red-hot iron.*

ΜΥΨΑΡΟΣ [Ψ], δ, *any red-hot mass; μύδρους αίρειν χερσῶν to lift masses of red-hot iron in the hands, as an ordeal: also any lump or mass of metal.*

μυλάεις, η, ον, (μυλόε) = *μυλόεις.*

μυλεός, εσσα, εν, (μυλέε) *full of marrow.*

ΜΥΕΛΑΟΣ, ου, ό, Lat. MEDULLA, *marrow: metaph. of strengthening food, as wine and barley, which are called μυελός άνδρῶν.* 2. *the marrow of the skull, the brain.* 3. *generally, the inmost part, core.* [Ψ in Hom., Ψ in Att.]

μύειω, f. ήσω: aor. I έμύησα:—Pass., aor. I έμυήθην: pf. μμηήμαι: (μύω):—*to initiate into the mysteries.*—Pass. *to be initiated; c. acc. cognato, μυείσθαι τὰ Καβείρων έργα to be initiated in the mysteries of the Cabiri; μυείσθαι τὰ μεγάλα to be initiated in the great mysteries.* 2. *generally, to instruct.*

μύζω, f. μύξω, (μῦ) *to murmur with closed lips, moan: to mutter.* II. *to drink with closed lips, to suck in.*

μυθέομαι, Ep. 2 sing. μυθείαι, contr. for μυθείαι, and omitting one ε, μυθείαι: 3 pl. Ion. impf. μυθέσκοντο: f. μυθήσομαι: aor. I έμυθησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. μυθήσατο: Dep.: (μύθος)—*to say, speak, tell, name.* II. *to say over to oneself, like φράζομαι, con over, consider.*

μυθεύω, Dor. for μυθοῦ, imperat. of μυθέομαι.

μυθεύμαι, Dor. for μυθεομαι.

μυθεύω, = μυθεομαι:—Pass., *to be the subject of a story, to be talked of.*

μυθησαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of μυθέομαι.

μυθιάζομαι, Dep. = μυθεομαι.

μυθίδιον, τό, Dim. of μύθος, *a short tale or fable.*

μυθίζω Dor. —ισδω, later form for μυθέομαι.

μυθικός, ή, όν, (μύθος) *mythic, legendary.*

μυθίσδω, Dor. for μυθίζω.

μυθο-λογέω, (μύθος, λέγω) *to tell word for word.*

μυθο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (μυθολόγω) *to tell mythic tales or legends: also to tell as a legend:—Pass. to be or become mythicall.* 2. *to tell tales, talk.* Hence

μυθολογητέον, verb. Adj. *one must tell legends.*

μυθολογία, ή, (μυθολογέω) *a telling of mythic tales or legends, mythology.* Hence

μυθολογικός, ή, όν, *versed in mythology.*

μυθο-λόγος, ον, (μύθος, λέγω) *dealing in mythic legends: as Subst., μυθολόγος, ό, a teller of legends.*

μυθο-πλόκος, ον, (μύθος, πλέκω) *weaving tales.*

ΜΥΨΟΞ, δ, *anything delivered by word of mouth, word, speech: as opp. to έργον, a mere word, without the deed: a speech.* II. *talk, conversation: also,*

the subject of conversation, the matter itself. III.

advice, a command, order. IV. *a purpose, design,*

plan. V. *a tale, story: afterwards, μύθος was the poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the historical account.* 2. *a tale, story, fable, such as Aesop's fables.*

μυθ-ώδης, ες, (μύθος, είδος) *like a fable, legendary, fabulous.*

ΜΥΓΑ Att. μύα, ή, *a fly, Lat. musca.*

μυιο-σόβη, ή, (μύια, σοβέω) *a fly-flap.*

μυιο-σόβος, ον, (μύια, σοβέω) *flapping away flies.*

ΜΥΨΑΟΜΑΙ, f. —ήσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 έμυκον:

Ep. pf. μέμυκα (so βέβρυχα, μέμμηκα from βρυχάομαι, μηκάομαι): Dep.:—Lat. MUGIRE, of oxen, *to bellow: also of other animals, as of asses, to bray, of dogs, to growl, etc.: of things, to grate, jar, roar: also to groan from exertion.* (Formed from the sound of oxen, as βληκάομαι, μηκάομαι from that of sheep and goats, βρυχάομαι from that of bulls, etc., βρομάομαι from that of asses.)

μύκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of μυκάομαι.

μυκήθμος, ό, (μυκάομαι) *a bellowing: and μύκημα, ατος, τό, a bellowing: the roar of thunder.* [Ψ]

Μυκηναίος, ον, *of or from Mycenae.* From Μυκήνη, ή, and Μυκήναι, αι, *Mycenae, Mycenae, an ancient Pelagiac city, superseded by the Doric Argos:—Adv. Μυκήνηθεν, from Mycenae.*

Μυκήνις, ίδος, ή, *pecul. fem. of Μυκηναίος.*

ΜΥΚΗΣ, ητος, ό, also μύκης, ον, ό, *a musbroom, Lat. fungus.* II. *any round body, shaped like a mushroom, as,* 1. *the cap at the end of a sword's scabbard.* 2. *the snuff of a lamp-wick, supposed to forebode rain; cf. Virgil's putres concrecere fungos.*

μυκήριτινος, η, ον, (μύκης) *made of musbrooms.*

μυκτήρ, ηρος, ό, (μύζω) *the nose, snout: in pl. the nostrils.* Hence

μυκτηρίζω, f. ίσω, *to turn up the nose or sneer at, Lat. naso adunco suspendere.*

μυκτηρόθεν, Adv. (μυκτήρ) *out of the nose.*

μυκτηρό-κομπος, ον, (μυκτήρ, κόμπος) *sounding from the nostril.*

μύλατος, ον, (μύλη) *working in a mill.*

μύλακρής, ίδος, ό, (μύλη) *a mill; μυλλακρής λᾶας a millstone.*

μύλαξ, άκος, ό, (μύλη) *a millstone, any large round stone.*

μύλ-εργάτης, ου, ό, (μύλη, έργάτης) *one who works in a mill, a miller.* [α]

μύλη [Ψ], ή, *a mill, Lat. mōla, a band-mill.* II. *the nether millstone.*

μύλη-φάτος, ον, (μύλη, πέφαμαι pf. pass. of *φένω) *bruised or crushed in a mill.*

μύλιώω, (μύλη) *to gnash or grind the teeth.*

μύλικός, ή, όν, (μύλη) *of or for a mill; λίθος μυλικός a millstone.*

μύλλω, (μύλη) *to crush, pound, Lat. molere.*

μύλο-ειδής, ες, (μύλος, είδος) *like a millstone.*

μύλος, ὁ, (μύλη) a millstone; Ep. ὄνικος. [ῥ]
 μύλωθρος, ὁ, (μύλη) a miller, a master miller.
 μύλων, ἄνος, ὁ, a mill-house, mill, Lat. *pistrinum*;
 βάλλειν εἰς μύλωνα, Lat. *detradere in pistrinum*, to
 condemn [a slave] to work the mill.
 μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμύνη) an excuse, pretence, pretext. [ῥ]
 μύνομαι, Dep. (μύνη) to make excuses: to put off.
 μύσᾶ, ἡ, (μύζω, μύζω) the discharge from the nose,
pus, pblegm.
 μύξωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = μυκτήρ, a nose, nostril.
 μύο-κτόνος, ον, (μύς, κτείνω) mouse-killing.
 μύραϊνα, ἡ, (μύρος) Lat. *muraena*, a sea-eel or lam-
 prey: also a sea-serpent.
 μύριακις, Adv. (μύριος) ten thousand times.
 μύρι-ἄμφορος, ον, (μύριος ἄμφορεῖς) holding ten
 thousand measures (ἄμφορεῖς).
 μύρι-ἄρχης, ον, ὁ, and μύρι-ἄρχος, ὁ, (μύριος, ἄρ-
 χω) a commander of 10,000 men.
 μύριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Att. gen. plur. *μυριάδων*, (μύριος)
 the number 10,000, a *myriad*:—when *μυριάς*, *μυρι-
 ἄδες* are used alone of money, *δραχμῶν* must be sup-
 plied; when of corn, *μεδίμων*.
 μύρι-ετής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (μύριος, ἔτος) lasting ten
 thousand years: of countless years.
 μύριζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. *μεμίριμαι*: (μύρον):—to
 anoint.
 ΜΥΡΙΚΗ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *myrica*, the tamarisk. Hence
 μύρικίνεος, α, ον, of the tamarisk; and
 μύρικίνος, η, ον, of the tamarisk. [ῥ]
 μύριό-βοιος, ον, (μύριος, βοῦς) with ten thousand
 oxen.
 μύρι-όδους, ὄδοντες, ὁ, ἡ, (μύριος, ὄδους) having
 immense teeth.
 μύριό-καρπος, ον, (μύριος, καρπός) bearing count-
 less fruit.
 μύριό-κράνος, ον, (μύριος, κρᾶνον) with numberless
 heads, many-headed.
 μύριό-λεκτος, ον, (μύριος, λέγω) said ten thousand
 times.
 μύριό-μορφος, ον, (μύριος, μορφή) of countless shapes.
 μύριό-μοχος, ος, (μύριος, μόχος) of endless toil.
 μύριό-ναυς, αος, ὁ, ἡ, (μύριος, ναῦς) of numberless
 ships.
 μύριοντ-ἄρχος, ον, = *μυρίαρχος*.
 μύριο-πάλαι, Adv. (μύριος, πάλαι) time out of mind.
 μύριο-πλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, (μύριος) ten thousand
 fold: infinitely more than.
 μύριο-πληθής, ἐς, (μύριος, πληθός) of infinite num-
 ber, countless.
 ΜΥΡΙΟΣ, α, ον, numberless, countless, of Number
 mostly in pl., but often in sing., as *μύριον αἶμα*, *χαλ-
 κός*, etc. 2. of Size, huge, vast, immense, infinite;
ἄχος μύριον infinite sorrow. 3. of Time, endless,
infinite. II. as a definite Numeral in pl., *μύριοι*,
αι, α, ten thousand: in some phrases the sing. may be
 used, as, ἵππος *μυρία* 10,000 horse. [ῥ]
 μύριστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μύριος) the 10,000th.
 μύριστός, ὄος, ἡ, (μύριοι) a body of ten thousand.

μύριο-τευχής, ἐς, (μύριοι, τεῦχος) with ten thousand
 armed men.
 μύριο-φόρος, ον, (μύριοι, φέρω) of ten thousand
 talents burthen.
 μύριο-φόρτος, ον, = *μυριοφόρος*.
 μύριό-φωνος, ον, (μύριος, φωνή) with countless voices.
 μύρι-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (μύρον, πνέω)
 breathing of unguents or of essence.
 μύρι-ωπός, ὄν, (μύριος, ὄψ) with countless eyes.
 μυρμηκία, ἄς, ἡ, (μύρμηξ) an ant's nest, ant-bill.
 μυρμηκίας, ον, ὁ, (μύρμηξ) got from ant-bills.
 ΜΥΡΜΗΞ, ηκος, ὁ, the ant, Lat. *FORMICA*. II.
 a beast of prey in India. III. a sunken rock on
 the Thessalian coast between Sciathus and Magnesia.
 Μυρμιδόνες, οἱ, the *Myrmidons*, a warlike people of
 Thessaly, subjects of Peleus and Achilles.
 μύρο-βόστρυχος, ον, (μύρον, βόστρυχος) with per-
 fumed locks.
 μύροεις, εσσα, εν, (μύρον) anointed, scented.
 μύρομαι, v. sub *μύρω*. [ῥ]
 ΜΥΡΟΝ [ῥ], τό, sweet oil extracted from plants:
 generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, bal-
 sam. II. the place where unguents were sold,
 the perfume-market. III. metaph. anything sweet
 or charming.
 μύρο-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (μύρον, πνέω)
 breathing of unguent.
 μύρο-πώλης, ον, f. fem. -πώλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (μύρον,
 πωλέω) a dealer in unguents, a perfumer.
 μύρορ-ραντος, ον, (μύρον, ραίνω) wet with unguent.
 μύρορ-φεγγής, ἐς, (μύρον, φέγγος) shining with un-
 guent.
 μύρορ-χριστος, ον, (μύρον, χριστός) anointed with
 sweet oil.
 μύρώω, f. ὠσω, (μύρον) to rub with unguent, anoint.
 ΜΥΡΡΑ, ἡ, the juice of the Arabian myrtle, Lat.
myrrha, myrrha.
 μύρρινη [ῥ], ἡ, later Att. for *μυρσ-*, a myrtle twig
 or wreath. II. *μυρρίναι, αἱ*, the myrtle-market.
 μύρρινος, η, ον, (μυρρίνη) of myrtle, Lat. *myrteus*.
 μύρρινών, ἄνος, ὁ, (μυρρίνη) a myrtle-grove, Lat.
myrtetum.
 ΜΥΡΣΙΝΗ [ῥ] later Att. *μυρρίνη*, ἡ, the myr-
 tle. II. a myrtle-branch. [ῥ]
 μύρσινο-ειδής, ἐς, (μυρσίνη, εἶδος) myrtle like.
 μύρτον, ον, τό, the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτος), the
 myrtle-berry, Lat. *myrtula*.
 ΜΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, the myrtle, Lat. *myrtus*.
 ΜΥΡΩ [ῥ], only used in pres. and impf., to flow,
 run, trickle, stream. II. Med. *μύρωμαι*, to melt
 into tears: to shed tears, weep. 2. trans. to weep
 for, bewail, lament.
 μύρωμα, ατος, τό, (μυρῶ) plaster.
 ΜΥΣ, ὁ, gen. *μύσος*, acc. *μύν*, voc. *μῦ*, a mouse, Lat.
MUS: *μὺς ἀρουραῖος*, a field-mouse. II. a muscle
 of the body, Lat. *musculus*.
 μύσαγμα, ατος, τό, (μυσάττωμαι) = *μύσος*.
 μύσαν [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of *μύω*.

μῦσαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (μῦσος) *foul, loathsome, abominable, Lat. impurus*: τὸ μῦσανον *an abomination*.

μῦσαῖττοιαι, f. μῦσαχθήσομαι: aor. I ἐμῡσάχθην: Dep.: (μῦσος):—to loathe, abominate.

μῦσος [ῡ], τό, (μῦζω) *anything that causes disgust*: metaph. *an abomination, defilement, Lat. piaculum*.

Μῦσός, ὁ, *a Mysian*.

μῡσο-πολέω, (μῡς, πολέω) *to run about like a mouse*.

μῡστηρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, *for mysteries, mystical*. From μῡστήριον, τό, (μῡστής) *a mystery, secret rite*: mostly in pl. μῡστήρια, τά, *the mysteries, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres*. 2. *any mystery or secret thing: a mystic history or dispensation*.

μῡστηρίς, ἴδος, *pecul. fem. of μῡστηρίκος*. μῡστηριώτης, ου, ὁ, *fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, (μῡστήριον) belonging to the mysteries*.

μῡστής, ου, ὁ, (μῡέω) *one initiated*. Hence μῡστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *of or for the mysteries: secret, mystical*.

μῡστίλαομαι, Dep. *to sop bread in soup or gravy to eat it with*. From

ΜῡΣΤΙΛΗ [ῡ], ἡ, *a crust of bread hollowed out as a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with*.

μῡστί-πόλος, ου, ὁ, (μῡστής, πολέω) *solemnising the mysteries*.

μῡστο-δόκος, ου, ὁ, (μῡστής, δέχομαι) *receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiated*.

μῡστο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (μῡστής, δίδωμι) *initiating, introducing into the mysteries*.

μῡτίλος [ῡ], ὁ, (μῡς) *the fish muscle, Lat. mytilus*.

μῡπτειτεύω, f. σα, *to make into mince-meat*. From ΜῡΠΤΤΟΠΤΟΣ, ὁ, *a mess of cheese, boney, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat*.

μῡχᾶτος, η, ου, irreg. Sup. of μῡχίος, formed from μῡχός, as μέσατος from μέσος. [ῡ]

μῡχθίζω, f. σα, Dor. μῡχθισθῶ, (μῡζω) *to breathe hard through the nostrils, to snort or moan from passion*. 2. *to make mouths at, sneer*. Hence

μῡχθισμός, ὁ, *a snorting: sneering*. μῡχίος, α, ου, (μῡχός) *inward, inmost, most retired, Lat. intimus*: irreg. Sup. μῡχίτατος.

μῡχίμος, ὁ, (μῡζω) *moaning, groaning*. μῡχόθεν, Adv. (μῡχος) *from the inmost part of the house, from the women's chambers*.

μῡχίοτατος, η, ου, (μῡχός) irreg. Sup. of μῡχίος; μῡχίοτατος ἴζε *he sat in the farthest corner*.

μῡχόνδε, Adv. (μῡχός) *to the far corner*. μῡχός, ου, ὁ, (μῡω) *the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess, Lat. sinus: the inmost part of a house, the women's apartments, Lat. penetralia*. 2. *a bay or creek running far inland*.

ΜῡΤῶ, f. μῡσω: aor. ἐμῡσα: pf. μέμῡκα: I. intr. *to be shut or closed, esp. of the lips and eyes*; but also of wounds; σὺν δ' ἔλκεα πάντα μέμῡκεν *all*

his wounds have closed. 2. of persons, *to shut the eyes, keep one's eyes shut*: absol., μῡσας *with one's eyes shut*. 3. metaph. *to be lull'd to rest, to abate*.

II. trans. *to shut, close*.

μῡών, ᾠνος, ὁ, (μῡς) *a knot of muscles, a muscular part of the body*.

μῡών, gen. plur. of μῡς.

μῡωπάξω, (μῡώψ) *to be purblind, to see dimly*.

μῡωπίξω, (μῡώψ) *to spur, prick with the spur, goad*. II. Pass. *to be teased by flies*.

μῡ-ᾠψ, ὄν, (μῡω, ᾠψ) = μῡώψ 1.

μῡ-ᾠψ, ᾠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῡω, ᾠψ) *closing the eyes, shortsighted*. II. as Subst., μῡᾠψ, ᾠπος, ὁ, *the horse-fly or gad-fly*. 2. *a goad, spur*. [ῡ]

Μῡᾠα, ἡ, Lacon. for Μῡσσα.

μῡᾠος, ὁ, *a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war: battle, war: a struggle, contest: generally, a quarrel, broil*.

ΜῡᾠΑΤ, ὕος, το, *moly, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulysses, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circe*.

ΜῡᾠΑΩΨ, ᾠμος, ὁ, *the mark of a blow, a weal, bruise*.

μῡᾠόμομαι, Ion. -έμομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. ἐμῡμη-σάμην, Dor. poet. 3 sing. μῡμάσατο: Dep.: (μῡᾠμος):—to find fault with, blame, chide, c. acc.:—aor. pass. ἐμῡμῡθήην *in pass. sense, to be blamed*.

μῡμῡέω, f. σα, (μῡᾠμος) *to blame, chide, find fault with*.

μῡμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μῡᾠόμομαι) *blamed, blamable*. μῡᾠμος, ου, ὁ, (μῡέφομαι) *blame, censure, disgrace*. II. personified, Momus, the god of blame.

μῡών, Adv., Dor. contr. for μῡ ὄν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, *it is not, is it?* Lat. num? e.g. μῡών ἐστι...; Ans. οὐ δῆρα. Sometimes however it asks doubtfully, Lat. num forte? and may be answered in the affirmative.

μῡᾠνος, α, ου, Dor. for μῡᾠνος, μῡᾠνος.

μῡ-νυξέ, ὕχος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῡᾠνος, ὄνυξ) *with single, solid, uncloven hoof, Lat. solipes, epith. of the horse*.

μῡᾠνυχος, ου = μῡᾠνυξέ.

μῡπαῖνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐμῡπάνω: (μῡπός):—to be silly, foolish, to play the fool: c. acc., πείραμ μῡπαί-νεω *to make a senseless attempt*. II. *to make foolish, convict of folly*. 2. *to make tasteless*: Pass. *to become so*.

μῡπανθής, aor. I pass. part. of μῡπαίνω.

μῡπρία, ἡ, (μῡπος) *silliness, folly, absurdity*.

μῡπρολογία, ἡ, *a speaking foolishly, idle talk*. From μῡπρο-λόγος, ου, (μῡπός, λέγω) *speaking foolishly*.

ΜῡΠΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *dull, heavy: generally, stupid, silly, foolish*. 2. *tasteless, insipid*.

μῡπρόσοφος, ου, (μῡπος, σοφός) *foolishly wise*.

μῡπῶς, Adv. of μῡπός, *foolishly*.

Μῡᾠα, ἡ, Dor. for Μῡσσα.

μῡᾠσθαι, inf. of μῡᾠμαι, v. sub. *μῡᾠω c.

N

N, ν, νῦ, τό, indecl., thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral, ν' = 50, but ν = 50,000.

Changes of ν: I. into γ before the gutturals γ, κ, χ, ξ, as ἔγ-γονος, ἔγ-καιρος, ἔγ-χάριος, ἔγ-ξέω.

II. into μ before the labials β, π, φ, μ, ψ, as σύμ-βιος, συμ-πότης, συμ-φύτης, ἐμ-μάνης, ἐμ-ψυχος.

III. into λ, before λ, as ἐλ-λείπω. IV. into ρ before ρ, as συμπ-ράττω.

V. into σ before σ, as σίσ-σιτος. VI. ν is inserted in aor. I pass. of some pure Verbs, as ἰδρύνθην from ἰδρύω.

The νῦ ἐφελευστικόν or final ν is found with dat. pl. in σι, as ἀνδράσιν for ἀνδράσι; 3 pers. pl. of verbs in σι, as εἰλήφασιν for εἰλήφασι; 3 pers. sing. in ε and ι, as ἔκτανεν δέικνυσιν, for ἔκτανε δέικνυσι: with the local termin. -σι, as Ἀθήνησιν Ὀλυμπιάσιν; the Epic termin. -φι, as ὀστεύειν; with the numeral εἴκοσιν for εἴκοσι; the Advs. νόσφιν πέρυσιν, for νόσφι πέρυσσι; with the enclit. Parts. κέν, νόν, for κέ νῦ. It is used to avoid hiatus where a vowel follows.

νάες, νάας, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of ναῦς. νᾱέτηρ, ἦρος, δ, and νᾱέτης, ου, δ, (ναῖω) an inhabitant, dweller.

Ναζαρηνός and Ναζωραῖος, δ, a Nazarene, inhabitant of Nazareth.

ναί, Adv., used in strong affirm., yea, verily, Lat. nae: with an affirmative clause: but in answers the Att. use ναί by itself, yea, yes, aye.

ναῖ, Dor. and Att. poet. dat. of ναῦς. Νῆϊάκος, ἡ, ὄν, (Ναῖάς) of or for a Naiad.

Ναῖάς, ἄδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. Ναῖάδες Ion Νηῖάδες, (νάω) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

ναίσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναῖω. ναιεάσσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναιεάω.

ναιετάω: Ep. part. fem. ναιετάωσα, Ion. impf. ναιετάσκου: (ναῖω) 1. of persons, to dwell, inhabit: generally, to live, be:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit. 2. of places, to be situated, lie: and so in pass. sense, to be inhabited.

ναῖον, Ep. impf. ναῖω β. νάτος, α, ον, Dor. for νήϊος.

ναῖουσα, Dor. for ναῖουσα, pres. part. fem. of ναῖω. Νᾱῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. Νηῖς, (νάω) = Ναῖάς. [Ὶ]

ναίχῃ, Adv. for ναί, like οὐχί for οὐ.

ΝΑΪ'Ω (Α): I. intr. in pres. and impf., 1. of persons, to dwell:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit. 2. of places, to lie, be situated. II.

Causal, in Ep. aor. I ἐνάσσα ὁρ νάσσα, for ἐνάσσα, to make inhabited, give to dwell in; καί κέ οἱ Ἄργεῖ νάσσα πόλιν I would have given him a town in Argos for his home. 2. to make a person dwell in a place, to settle him:—in Ep. aor. I pass. and med., to settle, dwell; πατήρ ἐμὸς Ἄργεῖ νάσθη my father settled at Argos; νάσσατο ἀγχ' Ἐλικῶνος he settled near Helicon.

ναῖω (B), = νάω, to flow, overflow. ΝΑΚΗ, ἡ, a goat-skin: a sheep's fleece, Lat. velus. [ᾱ]

νάκος, τό, later form of νάκη. [ᾱ] νάμα, ατος, τό, (νάω) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring; ν. πυρός a stream of fire. Hence νᾱμᾱτῖατος, α, ον, flowing, running. ναμερήτις, ναμερήτεια, Dor. for νημ-.

νάμ, Dor. for ναῦν, acc. of ναῦς. ΝΑΝΟΣ, δ, a dwarf, Lat. nānus.

νάνο-φύτης, ἐς, (νάνος, φύη) of dwarfish stature. Νάξιος, α, ον, (Νάξος) from the isle of Naxos: Νάξιοι, οἱ, the Naxians: Ναξία λίθος or πέτρα a kind of whetstone, Lat. cos Naxia.

Ναξί-ουργής, ἐς, (Νάξιος, ἔργων) of Naxian work. Νάξος, ἡ, Naxos, one of the Cyclades, anciently called Dia.

νάο-πόλος Ion. νηο-πόλος, ον, (ναός, πολέω) dwelling or busied in a temple: as Subst., ναοπόλος, ὁ, the keeper of a temple, Lat. aedituus.

νάος Ion. νηός Att. νεός, ὁ, (ναῖω) the dwelling of a god, a temple, Lat. aedes (in sing.). II. the inner part of a temple, the cell, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

ναός, Dor. and Att. poet. gen. of ναός. ναοπαῖος, α, ον, (νάπη) of, in a wooded vale or dell.

ΝΑΪΗ, ἡ, a woody dell or glen, Lat. saltus. [ᾱ] νάπος, τό, later form of νάπη.

ΝΑΪΥ, vos, τό, = σῖναμι, mustard. ναρδο-λίπτης, ἐς, (νάρδος, λίπος) anointed with nard-oil.

νάρδος, ἡ, nard, spikenard, Lat. nardus. II. nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, ον, (νάρθη, πληρώω) filling the hollow of the νάρθηξ or reed.

ναρθηκο-φόρος, ον, (νάρθηξ, φέρω) carrying a staff of reed (νάρθηξ), = θυρσοφόρος: a rod-bearer.

ΝΑΡΘΗΞ, ηκος, ὁ, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. ferula, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth: a reed. The stalks were used for wands, canes, rods: also, as splints.

ναρκάω, f, ἦσω: Ep. aor. I νάρκησα:—to grow stiff, numb or dead, Lat. torpere, to be rigid. From ΝΑΡΚΗ, ἡ, stiffness, numbness, Lat. torpor.

νάρκισσος, ὁ, the narcissus. (From ναρκάω, because of its narcotic properties.)

νάρος, ἄ, ὄν, (νάω) flowing, liquid. νᾱς, ἡ, Dor. for ναῖς.

νάσθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ναῖω; ν. ναῖω II. 2. νασιώτας, Dor. for νησιώτης.

νασμός, ὁ, (νάω) a flowing current: a stream, spring. νᾱσός, Dor. for νῆσος.

νάσσα, Ep. for ἐνάσα, aor. I of ναῖω. νᾱσσα, Dor. for νῆσσα, νῆπτα, a duck.

νάσσατο, Ep. for ἐνάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ναῖω: ν. ναῖω II. 2.

ΝΑ'ΣΣΩ, f. νάξω: aor. I ἐνάξα: pf. pass. νένασμαι

or *νέναγμαι*:—to press or squeeze close, stamp down, compress: to pile up.

ναστός, ἡ, ὄν, (νάσσω) close-pressed, firm, well-kneaded. II. as Subst., *ναστός*, ὁ, a well-kneaded cake.

νάπτω, Att. for *νάσσω*.

ναυῶγέω Ion. *ναυηγ*—: f. ἦσω: (ναυῶς):—to suffer shipwreck, be shipwrecked: to crash, smash, of chariots. Hence

ναυῶγία Ion. *ναυηγίη*, ἡ, shipwreck, wreck.

ναυάγιον Ion. *ναυήγιον*, τό, a piece of a wreck, wreck; *νανάγια* ἱππικά the wreck of a chariot. From *ναυ-ᾰγός* Ion. *ναυηγός*, ὄν, (ναῦς, ἀγνυμι) shipwrecked, stranded, Lat. *naufragus*: generally, ruined, wrecked.

ναυαρχέω, f. ἦσω, (ναύαρχος) to be admiral of a fleet. Hence

ναυαρχία, ἡ, the command of a fleet, office of admiral. 2. the period of his command.

ναύ-αρχος, ὁ, (ναῦς, ἀρχω) the commander of a fleet, an admiral.

ναυάτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for *ναύτης*. [ᾶ]

ναυ-βάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (ναῦς, βαίνω) one who embarks in a ship, a seaman. II. as Adj. nautical, of sailors.

ναυ-δέτον, τό, (ναῦς, δέω) a ship's cable.

ναυηγός, *ναυηγέω*, *ναυηγία*, Ion. for *ναυᾰγ*—.

ναυκληρέω, f. ἦσω, (ναυκληρος) to be a ship-owner, master of a ship. II. metaph. to manage, govern. Hence

ναυκληρία, ἡ, the life and calling of a master of a ship, a seafaring life. 2. poet. a voyage: generally, an enterprise. 3. also a ship.

ναυκληρικός, ὁ, ὄν, (ναυκληρος) of or for the master of a ship.

ναύ-κληρος, ὁ, (ναῦς, κληρος) the owner or master of a ship, who carried goods or passengers. 2. poet. a seaman.

ναύ-κράτος, ὁ, the same with *ναύκληρος*. II. at Athens, the member of a division (*ναυκραρία*) of the citizens: in Solon's time there were 12 in each of the 4 tribes, 48 in all: when Cleisthenes increased the number of the tribes to 10, there were 5 *ναυκραροί* belonging to each tribe, 50 in all.

ναυκρᾰτέω, f. ἦσω, to have the mastery at sea, to command the sea:—Pass. to be mastered at sea. From

ναυ-κράτης, εος, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κρᾰτέω) having the mastery at sea, commanding the sea.

ναυ-κράτωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κρατέω) commanding the sea. II. as Subst. the master of a ship. [ᾶ]

ναῦλος, ὁ, or *ναῦλον*, τό, (ναῦς) passage-money, fare, Lat. *naulum*. 2. also a freight.

ναυλοχέω, f. ἦσω, (ναύλοχος) to lie in a harbour or creek: to lie in wait, so as to sally out upon ships passing: c. acc. to lie in wait for.

ναύ-λοχος, ον, (ναῦς, λόχος) affording safe anchorage, having a good roadstead. II. as Subst.,

ναύλοχος, ὁ, with irreg. pl. *ναύλοχα*, an anchorage, Lat. *statio navium*.

ναυμάχέω, f. ἦσω, (ναυμάχος) to fight in a ship, to fight by sea: generally, to fight or contend with. Hence

ναυμάχία, ἡ, a sea-fight.

ναυ-μάχος, ον, (ναῦς, μάχομαι) of, for or suited to a sea-fight; *ἐυστά ναύμαχα* boarding pikes.

ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, (ναυπηγός) to build ships:—Med., *ναῦς ναυπηγέσθαι* to build oneself ships:—Pass. of the ships, to be built.

ναυπηγήσιμος, ον, (ναυπηγέω) suited for ship-building.

ναυπηγία, ἡ, (ναυπηγέω) ship-building.

ναυπηγιον, τό, a place for ship-building, a dock-yard. From

ναυ-πηγός, ὄν, (ναῦς, πήγνυμι) building ships: as Subst., *ναυπηγός*, ὁ, a ship-builder, shipwright.

ναύ-πορος, ον, (ναῦς, πόρος) traversed by ships, naval. II. *παροχ. ναυπόρος*, ον, propelling a ship.

ΝΑΥ Σ, ἡ, Lat. *NAV-IS*, a ship; *ναῦς μακρά*, a long ship, ship of war.—Att. declens., *ναῦς*, *νεώς*, *νηϊ*, *ναῦν*; dual gen. *νεοῦν*; pl. *νηές*, *νεῶν* or *νηῶν*, *ναυσί*, *ναῦς*:—Ion., *νηῦς*, *νεός*, *νηϊ*, *νεά*, pl. *νεές*, *νεῶν*, *νηυσί*, *νεάς*:—Ep. *νηῦς*, *νηός*, *νηϊ*, *νηᾶ*, pl. *νηές*, *νηῶν*, *νηυσί* or *νηέσσι*, *νηᾶ*, (but also gen. and acc. *νεός*, *νεά*, pl. *νεές*, *νεῶν*, *νεέσσι*, *νεάς*):—Dor. *ναῦς*, *ναός*, *ναῖ*, *ναῦν*, pl. *ναές*, *ναῶν*, *ναυσί* or *ναέσσι*, *ναᾶς*.

ναυσθλόω, contr. for *ναυστολέω*, to carry by sea. Med. to take with one by sea: to hire a ship for oneself:—Pass., with fut. med. *ναυσθλώσομαι*, to go by sea.

ναυσία Att. *ναυτία*, ἡ, (ναῦς) sea-sickness, qualmsickness, retching, Lat. *nausea*. Hence

ναυσιάω Att. *ναυτιάω*, (ναυσία) to be qualmsick, to retch, suffer from sea-sickness.

ναυσι-κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ναῦς, κλειτός) renowned for ships, famous by sea.

ναυσι-κλύτός, ὄν, = *ναυσικλειτός*.

ναυσι-πέδη, ἡ, (ναῦς, πέδη) a ship-cable.

ναυσι-πέρατος Ion. *νηυσιπέρητος*, ον, (ναῦς, περάω) to be crossed by a ferry or traversed by ships, navigable.

ναυσι-πόμπος, ον, (ναῦς, πέμπω) ship-wafting; *ναυσιπόμπος αἶρα* a fair breeze. [Υ]

ναυσι-πόρος, ον, (ναῦς, πόρος) = *ναύπορος*, traversed by ships, of a river, navigable. II. *παροχ. ναυσιπόρος*, ον, act. going in ships, sea-faring. 2. propelling a ship, ship-speeding.

ναυσι-στονος, ον, (ναῦς, στένω) lamentable to the ship.

ναυσι-φόρητος, ον, (ναῦς, φορέω) carried in a ship, going by ship.

ναύ-σταθμον, τό, (ναῦς, σταθμός) a harbour, anchorage, roadstead, Lat. *statio navium*.

ναυτολόω, f. ἦσω, (ναυτολόος) trans. to carry or convey by sea:—Pass., with fut. med. *ναυτολήσομαι*, to go by sea. 2. to guide, govern. II. intr., like Pass., to go by sea, sail. Hence

ναυστόλημα, atos, τό, a voyage.
 ναυστολία, ή, (ναυστολέω) a going by ship.
 ναυστόλος, ov, (ναύς, στέλλω) sending by ship. II.
 voyaging, sailing.
 ναυτης, ov, ό, (ναύς) Lat. *navita*, a seaman, sailor. II.
 one who goes on shipboard, a companion by sea.
 ναυτία, ναυτιώ, Att. for ναυσία, ναυσιάω.
 ναυτικός, ή, όν, (ναύς, ναυτης) of or for a ship;
 ναυτικός στρατός a sea-force, opp. to πτερός; also,
 ναυτικόν, τό, a fleet; ναυτικά, τά, naval affairs, naval
 power. 2. of persons, skilled in seamanship,
 nautical.
 ναυτιλία, ή, (ναυτίλος) sailing, seamanship: in pl.
 voyages. Hence
 ναυτίλλομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to
 go by sea, make a voyage, sail.
 ναυτίλος [r], ό, (ναυτης) a seaman, sailor. 2.
 Adj. of a ship, naval. II. the nautilus, a shell-
 fish, furnished with a membrane which serves it for
 a sail.
 ναυτο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (ναυτης, λέγω) to enlist sea-
 men, take on board: generally, to receive.
 ναυφθορία, ή, shipwreck, loss of ships. From
 ναύ-φθορος, ov, (ναύς, φθείρω) shipwrecked; ναύφθο-
 ρος σπολή the garb of shipwrecked men.
 ναυφι, ναυφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναύς.
 ναύ-φρακτος Att. ναύ-φαρκτος, ov, (ναύς, φράσσω)
 ship-fenced, ship-girl; ναύφρακτον βλέπειν to look
 like a ship of war.
 ΝΑΨ, only found in pres. and impf. to flow.
 νέα, Ion. acc. sing. from ναύς.
 νε-άγγελτος, ov, (νέος, άγγέλλω) newly told.
 νεά-γενής, ές, (νέος, *γένω) newly born.
 νεάζω, only found in pres. (νέος), intr. to be young
 or new: to be the younger of two. 2. to act or
 think like a youth. 3. to grow young, grow young
 again.
 νε-αίρετος, ov, (νέος, αίρέω) newly caught.
 νεαίτερος, irreg. Comp. of νέος: νεαίτατος and
 νεάτος, irreg. Sup.
 νε-ακόνητος, ov, (νέος, άκονάω) newly-whetted, keen-
 edged.
 νεαλής, ές, (νέος) fresh with youth: generally, fresh,
 vigorous.
 νε-άλωτος, ov, (νέος, άλῶναι) newly caught. [α]
 νε-ανθής, ές, (νέος, άνθέω) new-budding, blooming.
 νεανίας, ov, Ep. and Ion. νενηίης, έω, ό, (νέος) as
 a young man, youth: often with another Subst., as,
 άνδρες νενηίαι, παίς νενηίης. II. as masc. Adj.
 youthful: fresh, vigorous, impetuous.
 νεανιεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίας) to be a youth: to act like
 a youth, behave wilfully or impetuously, to make youth-
 ful boasts.
 νεανικός, ή, όν, (νεανίας) youthful: fresh, impetuous,
 vigorous. 2. high-spirited, noble. 3. in bad
 sense, basty, wanton, insolent. 4. generally, great,
 mighty, strong.
 νεανικός, Adv. of νεανικός, vigorously.

νεανίς Ion. νεήνις, gen. ιδος, acc. νεάνιδα and νεάνιν,
 fem. of νεανίας, a young woman, girl, maiden. II.
 as Adj. youthful: new.
 νεανισκεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίσκος) to be in one's youth,
 be a stripling.
 νεανίσκος Ion. νεηνίσκος, ό, (νεανίας) a youth,
 young man, so called till the age of 40.
 νε-αοιδός, όν, (νέος, αοιδός) singing youthfully.
 νεαρός, ά, όν, (νέος) young, youthful: fresh, new,
 recent, late.
 νεαρο-φάης, ές, (νεαρός, φαός) coming fresh to light,
 new-appearing.
 νέας, Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of ναύς.
 νεάτος Ion. νεάτος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of νέος, as
 μέστος from μέσος, the last, uttermost, lowest, ex-
 treme; πόλις νεάτη Πύλου a city lying on the border
 of Pylos. II. of Time, latest, Lat. *novissimus*.
 νεάτος, ό, the ploughing up of fallow land. From
 νέω, f. άσω, (νέος) to plough up fallow land, to till
 anew: νεωμένη (sc. γή), ή, land ploughed anew.
 νεβριδό-πεπλος, ov, (νεβρίς, πέπλος) clad in a
 fawn-skin.
 νεβρίζω, f. σω, to wear a fawn-skin, to run about at
 the feast of Bacchus. From
 νεβρίς, ιδος, ή, (νεβρός) a fawn-skin, worn at the
 feasts of Bacchus.
 ΝΕΒΡΟΣ, ού, ό, the young of the deer, a fawn.
 νέος, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of ναύς.
 νέεσσι, rarer Ep. dat. pl. of ναύς.
 νέηαι, Ion. for νέη, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι.
 νεη-γενής Att. and Dor. νεαγενής, ές, (νέος, γένος)
 new-born, just born.
 νεη-θαλής, ές, (νέος, θαλείν) fresh-shooting, fresh-
 blowing.
 νε-ηκής Dor. νεακής, ές, (νέος, άκη) newly whetted
 or sharpened.
 νε-ηκονής, ές, (νέος, άκονή) = νεηκής.
 νε-ηλάτος, ov; (νέος, έλαύνω) newly pounded, fresh
 ground; as Subst., νεήλατα, τά, cakes of fresh flour.
 νέ-ηλυς, ύδος, ό, ή, (νέος, ήλυσις) one newly come,
 a new-comer, Lat. *advena*.
 νεηνίης, νεήνις, Ion. for νεανίας, νεανίς.
 νεηνίσκος, Ion. for νεανίσκος.
 νεη-φάτος, ov, (νέος, φημί) fresh-uttered, new-
 sounding.
 νεί, Boeot. for νή.
 νεΐαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of νέομαι.
 νεΐαιρῆ Ion. νεαίρη, ή, irr. fem. Comp. of νέος, as
 νεΐατος for νεάτος in Sup., latter, lower; νεαίρη έν
 γαστρί in the lower part of the belly.
 νεΐατος, η, ov, Ion. for νεάτος, Sup. of νέος.
 νεικέω, νεικέησι, νεικέισκον, v. νεικέω.
 νεικεστήρ, ήρος, ό, (νεικέω) a wrangler, disputer;
 brawler: c. gen. one who wrangles with.
 νεικεούσι, Aeol. for νεικούσι, 3 pl. of νεικέω.
 νεικέω, Ion. and Ep. νεικέω, Ep. 3 sing. subj. νε-
 κέησι, Ion. impf. νεΐκειον and νεικέισκον: Ep. fut.
 νεικέσω, Ep. aor. I νεΐκεσσα: (νεΐκος):—to quarrel

wrangle, dispute with: also c. acc. cognato, *νείκεα νεκείν*: part. *νεκείων*, *holding out obstinately, contentiously*. II. trans. to *νέκ*, *annoy*, esp. by word, to *ταυτί*, *upbraid*, to *accuse, criminate*.

νείκη, ἡ, = *νίκος*.

ΝΕΙ ΚΟΣ, τό, a quarrel, *wrangle, dispute*: *strife*: esp. *railing, a taunt, reproach*. 2. a *strife at law, debate, dispute before a judge*. 3. also, *battle, fight*. II. *the cause of strife, matter or ground of quarrel*.

Νειλαίεύς, ὁ, (*Νείλος*) a native of the Nile.

Νειλαίος, α, ὄν, (*Νείλος*) of or from the Nile.

Νειλο-γενής, ἐς, (*Νείλος, γενέσθαι*) Nile-born.

Νειλο-θερής, ἐς, (*Νείλος, θέρω*) fostered by the Nile.

Νειλόρ-ρύτος ποῖτ. *Νειλόρ-ρύτος*, ὄν, (*Νείλος, βέω*) watered by the Nile.

Νείλος, ὁ, the Nile, the great river of Egypt, called in Homer *Αἴγυπτος*.

Νειλός, ἴδος, ἡ, (*Νείλος*) built on or by the Nile.

Νειλώτις, οὐ, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, (*Νείλος*) living in or on the Nile; *χθὼν Νειλώτις* the land of Nile.

νεῖμας, aor. I part. of *νέμω*.

νεῖμαι, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of *νέμω*: *νεῖμαν*, 3 pl.: *νεῖμον* 2 sing. imperat.

νεῖοθεν, Ion. for *νεῖθεν*, Adv. (*νέος*) from the bottom; *νεῖοθεν ἐκ κραδίης* from the bottom of his heart. II. *anew*.

νεῖοθι, Ion. for *νεῖθι*, Adv. (*νέος*) at the bottom, in the inmost part.

νεο-κόρος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for *νεωκόρος*.

νεομαί, Ion. for *νεόμαι*.

νεο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (*νεῖός, ποιέω*) to let a field lie fallow, or to take a green crop off it, so to prepare it for corn.

νεῖός, οὐ, ἡ, (*νέος*) new land, land ploughed up anew, a fallow, fallow ground, Lat. *novāle*.

νεῖός, Ion. for *νέος*: Sup. *νεῖότατος*, ἡ, ὄν.

νεο-τομέυς, ὁ, (*νεῖός, τεμεῖν*) one who breaks up a fallow.

νεῖρα or *νεῖρα*, ἡ, contr. for *νεῖαιρα*, the belly, stomach.

νεῖται, contr. for *νέεται*, 3 sing. of *νεόμαι*.

νεκός, ἀός, ἡ, (*νέκυσ*) a bear of slain: Ep. dat. pl. *νεκάδεσι*.

νεκρ-ἄγγελος, ὄν, (*νεκρός, ἄγγελος*) messenger to the dead.

νεκρῶ-γάω, f. ἤσω, to conduct the dead. From *νεκρ-ἄγωγός*, ὄν, (*νεκρός, ἄγω*) conducting the dead.

νεκρ-ἄκαδημεία, ἡ, (*νεκρός, Ἀκαδημεία*) a school of the dead.

νεκρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*νεκρός*) of or for the dead.

νεκρο-βάρης, ἐς, (*νεκρός, βάρος*) laden with corpses.

νεκρο-δέγμα, ὄν, gen. *ονος*, (*νεκρός, δέχομαι*) receiving the dead. Hence

νεκρο-δοχεῖον, τό, a receptacle for the dead, cemetery.

νεκρο-θήκη, ἡ, (*νεκρός, θήκη*) a receptacle for a corpse, coffin.

νεκρο-πομπός, ὄν, (*νεκρός, πέμπω*) conducting the dead, ferrying the dead over the Styx.

νεκρός, οὐ, ὁ, (*νέκυσ*) a dead body, carcase, corpse, corse: in pl. *the dead*. II. as Adj., *νεκρός, ἄ, ὄν, dead*.

νεκρο-στολέω, (*νεκρός, στέλλω*) to ferry over the dead.

νεκρῶ, f. ὄσω, (*νεκρός*) to make dead:—Pass. to be put to death, become lifeless. 2. metaph. to deaden, mortify.

νεκρών, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (*νεκρός*) a place for dead bodies, a burial-place.

νέκρωσις, ἡ, (*νεκρῶ*) a making dead. II. pass. a becoming dead, death: *deadness*.

ΝΕΚΤΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, nectar, the drink of the gods, as ambrosia was their food: in Homer the nectar is red (*ἐρυθρόν*), poured like wine by *Hebē*, and, like it, drunk mixed with water. Hence

νεκτάρους, a Ion. η, ὄν, like nectar, scented, fragrant: generally, *divine*. [ᾶ]

νεκί-ηγός, ὄν, (*νέκυσ, ἄγω*) = *νεκροπομπός*, conducting, guiding the dead.

νεκίο-μαντεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (*νέκυσ, μαντεῖον*) an oracle of the dead, a place where the ghosts of the dead were called up and questioned.

νεκίο-στόλος, ὄν, (*νέκυσ, στέλλω*) ferrying the dead.

ΝΕΚΤΥΣ, ὄσος, ὁ, Ep. dat. sing. *νεκῦ*: Ep. dat. pl. *νεκῦσσι* contr. *νεκῦσσι*: acc. pl. *νέκυσ* contr. *νέκῦς*: —a dead body, a corpse: in pl. *the dead*. II. as Adj. *dead, lifeless*. [ῦ]

Νεμέα Ion. -έη, ἡ, *Nemea*, a place between Argos and Corinth; cp. *Νέμεα, τά*.

Νέμεα poet. *Νέμεια, τά*, the Nemean games, celebrated in the second and fourth years of each Olympiad.

Νέμεος or *Νέμειος*, α, ὄν, of or from Nemea.

νεμέω, poet. for *ἐνέμω*, in 3 pl. impf. med. *νεμέθοντο*, Ep. for *ἐνέμοντο*, they grazed, fed.

νεμεσάω, Ion. impf. *νεμεσάσκον*: fut. ἤσω: Ep. aor. I *νεμέσῃσα*:—Ep. pres. *νεμεσάω*, f. *νεμεσῆσω*, etc.:

(*νέμεσις*):—to feel just indignation, properly at undeserved good fortune, generally, to be angry, vexed.

II. Med. and Pass., *νεμεσῶμαι*: f. -ήσομαι: aor. I pass. *ἐνεμεσῆθην* Ep. *νεμεσῆθην*; Ep. aor. I med. opt. *νεμεσῆσάιτο*:—to be displeased or vexed with oneself: to be asbamed, be filled with shame.

2. c. acc. rei, *νεμεσῆσθαι κακὰ ἔργα* be shewn just displeasure at, visits, punishes evil deeds.

Νεμέσεια, (sub. *ἑπά*), τά, the feast of Nemeis.

νεμεσητός Ep. *νεμεσητός*, ἡ, ὄν, (*νεμεσάω*) causing indignation or wrath, worthy of it; οὗτοι *νεμεσητόν* it is not a thing fit to raise indignation. II. to be regarded with awe, awful.

νεμεσίζομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to become or be displeased with: to chafe or chide at a thing; absol. to be angry, surprised. II. like *νεμεσάομαι*, to be asbamed, feel dread or awe: c. acc.;

θεοὺς *νεμεσίζω* be stood in awe of the gods. From

νέμεσις Ep. νέμεσις, *ων, ἡ*, (νέμω) just or deserved indignation, anger at anything unjust, righteous resentment.

2. indignation at undeserved good fortune: jealousy, vengeance esp. of the gods: of men, grudging, envy.

III. that which causes or deserves just indignation, the object of just resentment; οὐ νέμεσις [ἔστι] there is not cause for indignation.

III. in one's own person, a sense of sin, remorse.

Νέμεσις, ἡ, as prop. n., voc. Νέμεσι: Nemesis, personified as the goddess of Retribution, who brings down all immoderate good fortune.

νεμεσσατά, Dor. for νεμεσσητή.

νεμίσσα, Ep. for νεμίσσα, imperat. of νεμίσσω.

νεμίσσάω, f. ἦσαω, Ep. for νεμίσσάω.

νεμεσσηθείς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of νεμίσσω.

νεμίσσηθῶμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. pass. of νεμίσσω.

νεμίσσητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for νεμίσσητός.

νέμεσις, ἡ, Ep. for νέμεσις.

νεμέτωρ, *ων, ὁ*, (νέμω) a dispenser of justice, a judge, arbiter.

νέμος, *εος, τό*, (νέμω) a wooded pasture, grove, Lat. nemus.

ΝΕ'ΜΩ: fut. νεμῶ, later νεμήσω: aor. I ἐνείμα Ep. νείμα: pf. νενέμηκα:—Med. νέμομαι: f. νεμοῦμαι, later νεμηθήσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεμήθην: pf. νενέμημαι (but these tenses are also used in med. sense):

—to deal out, distribute: to apportion, assign, allot.

II. Med. νέρομαι, c. acc., to distribute among themselves, hence to possess, enjoy, have in use.

2. also to dwell in, inhabit, occupy.

III. later also in Act. to hold, possess: Pass. of places, to be inhabited:

2. to sway, manage, wield, control.

3. like νομίζω, to esteem, consider.

B. νέμω, of herdsmen, to pasture, drive to pasture, Lat. pascere: more freq. in Med. νέμεσθαι, of cattle, to feed, go to pasture, graze, Lat. pasci: hence to eat, feed on: metaph. of fire, to feed on, devour, consume: also Pass., πῦρ θῆν νέμεται the land is consumed by fire.

II. later in Act., ὄρη νέμειν to graze the hills (with cattle): metaph., πῦρ νέμειν πόλιν to waste a city by fire.

III. in Med. also of ulcers, to spread.

νέμασμα, pf. pass. of νέσσω.

νεύεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. cf νέω, to hear.

νενέμηκα, pf. of νέμω.

νένηκα, pf. of νέω, to spin.

νένιμμα, νένιπται, 1 and 3 sing. pf. pass. of νίζω.

νενομίσμαι, pf. pass. of νομίζω.

νενομίσις, νενομίσις, Ion. and Dor. for νενόημαι, νενωμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of νοέω.

νεο-άλωτος, *ων*, (νέος, ἀλῶναι) = νεώλωτος.

νεο-αρθής, *ἑς*, (νέος, ἀρθω) newly watered.

νεο-γάμος, *ων*, (νέος, γαμέω) new-married: as Subst., νεόγαμος, ὁ or ἡ, a bridegroom or bride.

νεο-γενής, *ἑς*, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεογιλός, *ἡ, ὄν*, new-born, young. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νεο-γνής, *ἑς*, = νεογνός.

νεο-γνός, *ων*, contr. for νεόγονος, new-born.

νεο-γονος, *ων*, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεο-γραπτος, *ων*, (νέος, γράφω) newly painted or written.

νεο-γυλιός, *ων*, (νέος, γυίον) with young, fresh limbs.

νεο-δαμάδης, *ἑς*, a Spartan word, lately made one of the people (νέος, δᾶμος = δῆμος), newly enfranchised:

hence those Helots were called Νεοδαμάδεις, who were set free in reward for services in war.

νεο-δαρτος, *ων*, (νέος, δέρω) newly stripped off, newly flayed.

νεο-δίδακτος, *ων*, (νέος, διδάσκω) newly taught: of a play newly brought out, newly exhibited.

νεο-δητός, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, and νεο-δητος, *ων*, (νέος, δαμάω) newly tamed or broken in: metaph. newly-wedded.

νεο-δητος Dor. -δηματος, *ων*, (νέος, δέμω) new-built.

νεο-δρεπτος, *ων*, (νέος, δρέπω) fresh plucked or cropped: wreathed with fresh leaves.

νεο-δρομος, *ων*, (νέος, δρᾶμειν) just having run.

νεο-δροπος, *ων*, = νεόδρεπτος.

νεο-ζευκτος, *ων*, (νέος, ζεύγνυμι) = νεοζυγής.

νεο-ζυγής, *ἑς*, and νεο-ζυγῶν, *ων*, (νέος, ζυγῆναι) newly yoked: metaph. newly married.

νεο-ζυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, = νεοζυγής.

νεο-θλάης, *ἑς*, Dor. for νεοθηλής.

νεοθεν, Adv. (νέος) anew: newly, lately.

νεο-θηλής, *ἑς*, (νέος, τέθηλα) fresh budding or sprouting: metaph. fresh, cheerful.

νεο-θηλος, *ων*, = νεοθηλής.

νεο-θηξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, θήγω) newly sharpened.

νεο-θλιβής, *ἑς*, (νέος, θλιβῆναι) newly pressed.

νεοθή, ἡ, (νέος) poet. for νεότης, youthful spirit.

νεο-οικος, *ων*, (νέος, οἰκῶ) newly built on.

νεο-κατάστατος, *ων*, (νέος, καθίστημι) lately established or settled.

νεο-κηδής, *ἑς*, (νέος, κῆδος) having a fresh grief.

νεο-κληρόνομος, *ων*, having lately inherited.

νεο-κλωστος, *ων*, (νέος, κλώθω) newly spun or woven.

νεο-κόνητος, *ων*, (νέος, καίνω) newly shed: νεοκόνητον αίμα χερσίν ἔχειν to have newly-shed blood upon his hands.

νεο-κόπτος, *ων*, (νέος, κόπτω) fresh-chiselled.

νεόκοτος, *ων*, (νέος) strange, unheard of:—generally, fresh, new.

νεο-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, κεράννυμι) newly mixed: νεόκρας φίλος a newly made friend.

νεο-κτιστος, *ων*, also ἡ, *ων*, (νέος, κτίζω) newly founded or built: new-made.

νεο-κτονος, *ων*, (νέος, κτείνω) just killed.

νεο-λαία, ἡ, (νέος, λαός) a band of youth, the youth of a nation, Lat. juvenentus.

νεο-λουτος poet. νεόλλουτος, *ων*, (νέος, λούομαι) just bathed.

NE'OMAI contr. νεῦμαι, 2 and 3 sing. νεΐται, νεΐται: inf. νέεσθαι contr. νεΐσθαι: Dep., only used in

pres. and impf. :—to go or come : commonly with a fut. sense, to go away or back : also to go to the war : of a stream, to flow back.

νεο-μηνία contr. νουμηνία, ἡ, (νέος, μήν) the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month.

νεο-πάθης, ἐς, (νέος, παθεῖν) suffering from a late calamity.

νεο-πενθής, ἐς, (νέος, πένθος) fresh-mourning. II. pass. lately mourned.

νεο-πηγής, ἐς, (νέος, πήγνυμι) newly congealed or frozen.

νεό-πλουτος, ον, (νέος, πλοῦτος) newly enriched, vainglorious, ostentatious ; opp. to ἀρχαίωλος.

νεό-πλωτος, ον, (νέος, πλύνω) newly washen.

νεό-ποκος, ον, (νέος, πέκω) newly sborn.

νεό-πριστος, ον, (νέος, πρίω) fresh-saun.

Νεο-πόλεμος, ον, (νέος, πόλεμος) New-to-war, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Troy.

νεό-πολις, ἡ, (νέος, πόλις) newly founded.

νεό-ραντος, ον, (νέος, ραίνω) newly sprinkled : fresh-reeking.

νεό-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, βέω) fresh-flouring.

νεό-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, βύω) just dracen.

νέ-ορτος, ον, (νέος, ὄρνυμι) newly risen, generally, new, late.

ΝΕΨ, νέα Ion. νέη, νέον, Att. also ος, ον : Ion. νέος, ην, ον :—of men, young, youthful : as Subst., νέοι, young men, youths ; ἐκ νέου from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2. suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis. 3. of things, new, fresh, recent : but also, strange, unexpected. 4. of Time, ἐκ νέου and ἐκ νέας anew, afresh, Lat. denuo : hence νέον Ion. νέων, as Adv., newly, lately, anew : ἡ νέα (sub. σελήνη) the new moon : for ἔνη καὶ νέα, see ἔνη.

II. the degrees of Comp. are νεώτερος, νεώτατος Ion. νεύτατος, v. νεῖος. Hence νεός (sub. γῆ), ἡ, fresh land, fallow, Lat. novāle. νεός, Ion. gen. of ναῖς.

νεο-σίγαλος, ον, (νέος, σιγαλοῖς) new and sparkling, glossy.

νεο-σκύλευτος, ον, (νέος, σκύλευω) newly plundered.

νεο-σηκτός, ον, (νέος, σιμήχω) newly cleaned.

νεο-σπάδης, ἐς, and νεο-σπάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, σπάω) newly plucked or gathered.

νεό-σπορος, ον, (νέος, σπείρω) newly sown.

νεοσσεύω Att. νεοττεύω or νοττεύω : f. σω : (νεοσός) :—to bateh ; pf. part. pass. νεοσσευμένος.

νεοσιτιά Ion. —ιῆ Att. νεοτιτιά, ἡ, (νεοσός) a nest of young birds, a nest : the brood of young birds.

νεόσιον Att. νεότιον or νότιον, τό, Dim. of νεοσίον, a young bird, nestling, chicken.

νεοσισίς Att. νοτισίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of νεοσός, a chicken.

νεοσο-κόμος Att. νεοττ—, ον, (νεοσός, κομέω) rearing young birds or ebickens.

νεοσός Att. νεοτός, ὁ, (νέος) a young bird, nest-

ling, chicken.

2. any young animal, as the young of a crocodile : a young child : in pl. a swarm of young bees.

νεοσός, Dor. ἴστ νεοσός.

νεό-στροφος, ον, (νέος, στρέφω) newly twisted.

νεο-σφαγής, ἐς, (νέος, σφαγήναι) newly slaughtered.

νεότᾶς, ἄτος, ἡ, Dor. for νεότης.

νεό-τεκτος, ον, and νεο-τεχής, ἐς, (νέος, τεύχω) newly wrought or fashioned.

νεότης, ητος, ἡ, (νέος) youth : also 2. youthful spirit, rashness. II. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. juvenus.

νεό-τμητος Dor. —τματος, ον, (νέος, τέμνω) newly cut.

νεό-τοκος, ον, (νέος, τεκείν) new-born. II.

νεοτόκος, ον, act. having just brought forth.

νεό-τομος, ον, (νέος, τεμείν) fresh cut or ploughed :

νεότομα πλήγματα blows newly inflicted. II.

fresh cut off, plucked.

νεο-τρεφής, ἐς, (νέος, τρέφω) newly reared, young.

νεοττεύω, νεοτιτιά, νεότιον, νεοτός, Att. for νεοσ—.

νεοττο-τροφέω, (νεοττός, τρέφω) to rear young birds.

νεοουργέω, f. ἴσω, to make new, renew. From

νεο-ουργός, ὄν, (νέος, *ἔργω) making new, renewing.

νεο-ούτᾶτος, ον, (νέος, οὐτάω) lately wounded.

νεό-φοιτος, ον, (νέος, φοιτάω) newly trodden.

νεό-φονος, ον, (νέος, *φένω) lately killed : fresh-sbed.

νεό-φύτος, ον, (νέος, φύω) newly planed. II.

a new convert, neophyte.

νεο-χάρακτος, ον, (νέος, χάρασσω) newly impressed or imprinted.

νεοχμός, ὄν, (νέος) new, fresh. 2. novel, unusual, strange, revolutionary. Hence

νεοχμώω, f. ὦσω, to make new, esp. to make political innovations.

νεό-χνοος, ον, (νέος, χνόος) with the first down.

νεός, f. ὦσω, (νέος) to renew, renovate, change.

νέποδες, ον, οἱ, children ; an old Epic word.

νέρθε and νέρθεν, Adv., = ἐνερθε, under, beneath : also from below. II. c. gen. under, beneath.

νερτέριος, α, ον, (νέρτερος) underground, Lat. inferus.

νερτερο-δρόμος, ον, ὁ, (νέρτερος, δρόμος) the courier of the dead.

νέρτερος, α, ον, = ἐνέρτερος, lower, nether, Lat. inferior, a Comp. without any Posit. in use : but also as a Posit. = νερτέριος, nether, infernal, underground ; οἱ νέρτεροι the dwellers in the nether world, the gods below or the dead, Lat. inferi.

ΝΕΨΤΟΣ, ὁ, a bird of prey.

νεύμα, atos, τό, (νεύω) a nod or sign : a command.

νεύμαι, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for νέομαι.

ΝΕΥΠΑ Ion. νευρή, ἡ, a sineu, tendon. II. a string or cord of sineu ; 1. a bow-string. 2.

a musical string or chord.

νευρηή, ἡ, poet. for νευρά.

νευρή, ἡ, Ion. for νευρά.

νευρήφι, νευρήφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. of νευρή.

νευρο-λάλος, ον, (νεῦρον, λαλέω) with sounding strings.

ΝΕΥΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. *nervus*, a *sinew*, *tendon*: esp. in pl. νεύρα, the *tendons of the feet*; νεύρα τέμνειν to hamstring, disable. 2. metaph. *strength, vigour, nerve*.

II. a *string, cord, lace made of sinew*: hence 2. a *bowstring*: also *cord of a sling*. 3. a *musical string or chord*.

νευρο-πλεκτής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, πλέκω) *plaited with sinews*.
νευρορραφέω, f. ἴσω, to *stitch with sinews*: to mend shoes. From

νευρο-ράφος, ον, (νεῦρον, ράπτω) *stitching with sinews*: as Subst. a *cobbler*.

νευρο-σπαδής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn or strained back with a sinew or string*; νευροσπαδῆς ἄτρακτος the *arrow drawn back with the string*, i. e. just ready to fly.

νευρό-σπαστος, ον, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn by strings*; ἀγάλματα νευρόσπαστα *puppets moved by strings*.

νευρό-τενής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, τείνω) *stretched by sinews*.
νευρο-χαρής, ἐς, (νεῦρον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in the bowstring*.

νεύσομαι or νευσοῦμαι, fut. of νέω B.

νευστάζω, (νεύω) to *nod*, Lat. *nūto*; νευστάζειν κούρητι to *nod with the crest*, stride with nodding crest; νευστάζειν κεφαλῇ to *nod with the head*, of one fainting; νευστάζειν ὄφρυσιν to *make signs with the eyebrows*.

ΝΕΥΨ, f. νέψω, to *nod, beckon*, as a sign or command. 2. in token of assent, to *nod, bow, promise, confirm by a nod*. 3. generally, to *nod, bend forward*; νέψειν κάτω to *stoop*; νέψειν κεφαλᾶς to *bow down, droop the head*; νέψειν εἰς τι to *incline towards a thing*. 4. metaph. to *decline, fall away*.

νεφέλη, ἡ, (νέφος) a *cloud, mass of clouds*, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. the *cloud of death*; ἄχος νεφέλη a *cloud of sorrow*. II. a *fine bird-net*.

νεφελ-ηγερέτα, Ep. for -της, ὁ, only used in nom. and gen. νεφελεγερέταο, (νεφέλη, ἀγείρω) *cloud-gatherer, cloud-compeller*.

Νεφέλο-κόκκυρος, ὁ, (νεφέλη, Κένταυρος) a *cloud-centaur*.

Νεφέλο-κοκκυγία, ἡ, (νεφέλη, κόκκυξ) *Cloud-cuckoo-town*, built by the birds in Aristoph. *Aves*. Hence

Νεφέλο-κοκκυγιεύς, ὁ, *citizen of Cloud-cuckoo-town*.
Νεφελώω, f. ὤσω, (νεφέλη) to *make cloudy*. Hence
Νεφελωτός, ἡ, ὄν, *made of clouds*.

νεφο-ειδής, ἐς, (νέφος, εἶδος) *like a cloud*.

ΝΕΨΟΣ, εος, τό, a *cloud, mass of clouds*, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. the *cloud of death, θανάτου μέλαν νέφος*; so, νέφος ὄφρυνων a *cloud upon the brow*. 2. metaph. also, a *cloud or dense throng of men, birds, etc.*

νεφρίτις, ἰδος, (νεφρός) fem. Adj. of or in the *kidneys*: ἡ νεφρίτις (sc. νόσος), a *disease in the kidneys*.

ΝΕΨΡΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, mostly in pl. the *kidneys*.

ΝΕΨΩ (A), to go, v. sub νέομαι.

ΝΕΨΩ (B), impf. ἔνεον Ep. ἔνεον: fut. νεύσομαι and νευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἔνευσα:—to *swim*, Lat. *nāre*. 2. of shoes that are too large; νεῖν ἐν ἐμβάσειν to *swim or slip about in one's shoes*.

ΝΕΨΩ (C), fut. νήσω: Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. νήσαντο: aor. I pass. ἐνήθηον:—to *spin*, Lat. *ñere*.

ΝΕΨΩ (D), fut. νήσω: Ion. νήω, νηέω, νηέω: pf. pass. νήνημαι or νήνησμαι:—to *pile, heap, bear up*.
νεωκορέω, f. ἴσω, (νεωκόρος) to *be a bedel, to have charge of a temple*. II. metaph. to *keep clean and pure*. Hence

νεωκορία, ἡ, the *office of a bedel*.

νεω-κόρος, ὁ, (νέως, κορέω) properly *one who sweeps a temple*: hence *one who has charge of a temple, a bedel, verger*, Lat. *aedituus*. II. a *title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patron-god*: hence Ephesus was called νεωκόρος Ἀρτέμιδος.

νέως, gen. pl. of νέος: but νεῶν, gen. pl. of ναῦς, νεῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, (ναῦς) a *dock or basin for ships*.

νε-ώνητος, ον, (νέος, ὠνέομαι) *newly bought*.

νε-ώρης, ἐς, (νέος, ὠρα) *new, fresh, late*.

νε-ώριον, τό, (νεωρός) a *place where ships are overhauled, a dock-yard, arsenal*.

νέως, ὦ, ὁ, Att. for ναῦς, a *temple*, like λέως for λαός.

νέως, Att. gen. of ναῦς.

νεώσ-οικος, ὁ, (νέως gen. of ναῦς, οἶκος) literally a *ship's house, a slip or dock in which a ship was built or repaired*: a *store-house*, being a part of the νεώριον.

νεωστί, Adv. of νέος, *lately, just now, recently*.

νέωτα, Adv. of νέος, Aeol. for νέωσε, νέωτε, *next year, for next year*; also, εἰς νέωτα.

νεώτατος, η, ον, Sup. of νέος: Adv. νεώτατα, *most recently*.

νεωτερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (νεώτερος) to *make changes or alterations*: to *make innovations or revolutionary movements*. II. trans. to *change entirely*; νεωτερίζειν τὴν πολιτείαν to *revolutionise the state*.

νεωτερικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέος) *natural to a youth, youthful*.

νεωτερισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (νεωτερίζω) *innovation*.

νεωτεροποιία, ἡ, *innovation, revolution*. From νεωτερο-ποιός, ὄν, (νεώτερος, ποιέω) *innovating, revolutionary*.

νεώτερος, ὄν, ον, Comp. of νέος, *younger*: *newer, fresher*: in bad sense, *strange, unusual*; τὰ νεώτερα or νεώτερα πράγματα, *revolutionary movements*, Lat. *res novae*. Adv. νεωτέρως, *more recently*.

νη-, insep. Prefix, being a strengthd. form of ἀνα-privat., as in νη-πενθής; cf. Lat. *ne-* in *ne-fas*, etc.

ΝΗΨ, Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked; νη Δία or νη τὸν Δία, also νη μὰ τὸν Δία, *yea by Zeus!*

νήα, νήας, Ion. acc. sing. and pl. of ναῦς.

νηγάτες, η, ον, (for νηγάτος by transposition of ε and η, from νέος, γέγασα,) *new-made*.

νή-γρετος, ον, (νη-, ἐγείρω) *unwaking*; νήγρετος ὕπνος a *sleep that knows no waking, a sound deep sleep*: later also of death: neut. as Adv., νήγρετον *without waking*.

νήδυια, *ov, τά, (νηδύς) the entrails, bowels, Lat. intestina.*

νηδυόφωv, for νηδυόφωv, Ep. gen. of νηδύς.

νηδύμοv, *ov, Homeric epith. of ὕπνοv: either like νήγρετοv, sound, deep sleep; or from ηδύv, sweet, delightful, as if for ηδυμοv.*

ΝΗΔΥΨ, ὕοv, ἡ, *the stomach, or the belly, paunch: the womb:—also the entrails; ἐξελείν τὴν νηδύν to take out the entrails, disembowel.*

νήεον, Ep. impf. of νηέω.

νήεv, nom. pl. of νηέω.

νήεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ναύv.

νήεω, fut. νηήσω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to bear or pile up.* II. *to pile, load.*

νήησαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of νηέω:—νηησάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imper. med.

νήθω, (νέω c) *to spin.*

νηί, Ion. dat. sing. of ναύv.

Νηιάv, ἄδοv, ἡ, Ion. for Ναϊάv.

νηίοv, η, *ov, Dor. ναίοv, a, ov, also os, ov, of, belonging to a ship; δόρυ νηίοv ship-timber.*

Νηίv, ἴδοv, ἡ, Ion. for Ναίv.

νηίv, ἴδοv, ὁ, ἡ, (νη-, ἰδεῖν) *unknowing, unlearned: c. gen. unskilled in a thing.*

νηίτηv, *ov, ὁ, (ναύv) of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships. [Γ]*

νη-κερδήv, ἐv, (νη-, κέρδοv) *without gain, unprofitable.*

νη-κερωv, ατοv, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. νη-κερωv, *ov, (νη-, κέραv) not borned, without horns.*

νη-κεστοv, *ov, (νη-, ἀκέομαι) incurable.*

νη-κουστέω, (νη-, ἀκούω) *to give no heed to, disobey: Ep. aor. I νηκούσθηα.*

νη-λεήv, ἐv, dat. and acc. νηλεί, νηλέα, *as if from νηλήv, (νη-, ἔλεοv) without pity, pitiless, ruthless, remorseless; νηλεέv ἡμάρ the ruthless day, i. e. the day of death.* II. *unpitied.*

νηλειήv, ἐv, Ep. for νηλεήv. Adv. νηλειῶv.

νηλεό-θυμοv, *ov, (νηλεήv, θυμόv) of ruthless spirit.*

νηλεό-ποινοv, *ov, (νηλεήv, ποιήω) punishing ruthlessly.*

νηλεώv, Adv. of νηλεήv, *without pity.*

νηλέv, ἐv, see νηλεήv.

νηλίπουv, ὁ, ἡ, -πουv, τό, gen. -πόδοv, = ἀν-γλίπουv, *unshod, barefooted: hence needy, abject. [Γ]*

νη-λίτηv, ἐv, (νη-, ἀλιτεῖν) *guiltless, harmless, unoffending.*

νημα, ατοv, τό, (νέω *to spin*) *that which is spun, thread, yarn: the thread of a spider's web: the thread of the Fates.*

νημερτήv, ἐv, (νη-, ἀμαρτεῖν) *unfailing, unerring, infallible; νημερετέv ἐπισπεῖν, νημερτέα εἰπεῖν to speak infallible truths.*

νημεμία Ion. -η, ἡ, *stillness in the air, a calm:—γαλήνη ἔπλετο νημεμίη there was a calm and perfect stillness.* From

νη-νεμοv, *ov, (νη-, ἀνεμοv) without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil.*

νηνέω, = νηέω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to bear.*

νηνίv, ἴοv, ἡ, contr. for νεάνίv, *a girl, maiden.*

νηΐξ, εωv, ἡ, (νήχω) *a swimming.*

νηΐξομαι, fut. of νήχομαι.

νηο-βάτηv, *ov, ὁ, Ion. for ναυ-βάτηv. [ἀ]*

νηο-πόλοv Att. ναο-, *ov, (νηόv = ναόv, πολέω) busying oneself in a temple: as Subst., νηοπόλοv, ὁ, a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedituus.*

νηο-πορέω, f. ἦσω, (ναύv, πόροv) *to go in a ship.*

νηόv, *ov, ὁ, Ion. for ναύv, a temple.*

νηόv, Ion. gen. of ναύv.

νηό-σοοv ποῖτ. νηόv-σοοv, *ov, (ναύv, σαώω) protecting ships.*

νηο-φόροv, *ov, (ναύv, φέρω) bearing ships.*

νη-όχοv, *ov, (ναύv, ἔχω) holding ships.*

νη-πενθήv, ἐv, (νη-, πένητοv) *free from sorrow.* II. *act. soothing or assuaging sorrow.*

νηπία Ep. νηπία and νηπιή, ἡ, (νήπιοv) *childhood, infancy: in plur. childishness, folly.*

νηπιάζω, f. ἦσω, = νηπιαχέω.

νηπιάχεωτο, *to be childish, play like a child.* From

νηπιάχοv, *ov, ποῖτ. for νήπιοv, childish.*

νηπιή, ἡ, Ion. for νηπία.

νηπίοv, a Ion. η, *ov, Att. also os, ov, (νη-, ἔποv) properly, not speaking, Lat. infans; νηπία τέκνα infant children: also νηπία alone, the young of an animal.* II. *metaph. childish, senseless: without forethought, weak, helpless.*

νηπίοτηv, ητοv, ἡ, = νηπία.

νη-πλέκτοv, *ov, (νη-, πλέκω) not plaited: with unbraided hair.*

νη-ποιεῖ *ov* or *-εῖ*, Adv. of νηποινοv, Lat. *impune, with impunity.*

νη-ποινοv, *ov, (νη-, ποιήω) unpunished, unavenged, with impunity: but, φυτῶν νηποινοv without spare of, unblest with, fruitful trees.*

νηπύτιέομαι, Dep. *to behave childishly.* From νη-πύτιοv, a, *ov, (νη-, ἀπύω) childish, infantine: and as Subst. a child, like νήπιοv, Lat. infans:—metaph. childish, thoughtless, heedless.*

Νηρεῖv Ion. Νηρηῖv, ἴδοv, ἡ, *a daughter of Nereus, hence a Nereid or Nymph of the sea, always in pl.*

Νηρηῖδεv: they were fifty in number. Cf. Ναϊάv.

Νηρεύv, gen. έωv Ion. ητοv, ὁ, *Nereus, an ancient sea-god. He was eldest son of Pontus (the sea), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids.* Hence

Νηρηή, ποῖτ. for Νηρηῖv.

Νηρηῖv, ἴδοv, ἡ, Ion. for Νηρηῖv.

νη-ριθμοv, *ov, (νη-, ἀριθμόv) countless, numberless.*

νη-ρίτοv, *ov, ποῖτ. form of νηριθμοv.*

νησαι, aor. I inf. both of νέω (c) *to spin, and νέω (D) to pile up.*

νησαίοv, a Ion. η, *ov, (νήσοv) of or for an island, insular.*

νησαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of νέω (c) *to spin.*

νησιδιον, τό, Dim. of νήσοv, *an islet.*

νησιόν, τό, Dim. of νήσοv, *an islet.*

νησίv, ἴδοv, ἡ, Dim. of νήσοv, *an islet.*

νησίτης, ου, ὁ, (νήσος) of or for an island: fem. νησίτις, ιδος, ἡ. [ἴ]

νησιώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. νησιώτις, ιδος, ἡ, (νήσος) an islander. II. as Adj. of an islander: insular, living, situated on an island. Hence

νησιωτικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an island or an islander; τὸ νησιωτικὸν insular situation.

νησο-μάχη, ἡ, (νήσος, μάχη) an island-fight. — NHΣΟΣ Dor. νᾶσος, οὐ, ἡ, an island, Lat. insula: also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese.

νήσσα Att. νῆπτα, ἡ, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas.

νησσάριον Att. νηπτ-, τό, Dim. of νήσσα, a duckling.

νηστεία, ἡ, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast.

νηστεύω, f. σω, (νήστις) to fast; νηστεύειν τινός to fast from, abstain from a thing.

νήστις, ιος or έως, ὁ, and ἡ: nom. pl. νήστιες or νήστεις: (νη-, έσθω) —not eating, fasting. 2.

act. causing hunger, starving.

νησῦδριον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.

νή-τίτος, ον, (νη-, τίνω) unavenged, unpunished.

νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to bear) beaped up, piled up.

νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to spin) spun, twisted.

νήττα, ἡ, νηπτάριον, τό, Att. for νησ-.

νήυς, ἡ, Ion. for ναύς.

νησιί, Ion. dat. pl. of ναύς.

νησι-πέριτος, ον, v. νασι-πέρατος.

νή-υτμος, ον, (νη-, άυτμή) breathless.

νηφάλιεύς, ὁ, = νηφάλιος.

νηφάλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (νήφω) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: (of drink, without wine;

νηφάλια μειλίγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, which were composed of water, milk, and honey. [ά]

νήφοσι, poet. for νήφουσι, dat. pl. part.

NHΦΩ, f. νήφω, to drink no wine, to be sober, live soberly.

νή-χῦτος, ον, (νη-, χέω) not merely poured, full-flowing.

νήχω Dor. νάχω, f. ξω, (νέω) to swim: also as Dep. νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, aor. I ένηξάμην.

νηός, Ion. gen. pl. of ναύς.

νήως, Dor. for ναούς, acc. pl. of ναός.

νήγλαρος, ὁ, a small fife, pipe or whistler, used by the κελευστής to give the time in rowing.

NI'ZΩ, f. νίψω: aor. I ένιψα:—Med., f. νίψομαι: aor. I ένιψάμην: pf. νένιπμαι:—to wash, esp. the hands and feet; νίψασθα άλός to wash one's hands with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, purify.

II. to wash off.—νίψω is properly used of washing part of the body, λούομαι of bathing, πλύνω of washing clothes.

νικαξῶ, Dor. for νικῆσω, fut. of νικάω.

νικασεῖν, Dor. for νικῆσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικατήρ, ὁ, Dor. for νικητήρ.

νικάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Dor. for νικητᾶρ.

νικάω, f. ἦσω, (νίκη) to conquer, prevail, get the upper hand; τὰ χερείονα νικά the worse prevails;

τὸ εὔ νικάτω let the good prevail; νικάω τι to win in the judgment of another. 2. of opinions, to

prevail, carry the day; ἡ νικάω γνώμη the prevailing opinion, vote of the majority. 3. as law-term, to win in a suit, gain a cause. II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, overcome, overpower:—Pass., νικᾶσθαι to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to. III. c. acc. cognato, νικῆν νικᾶν to gain a victory; ναυμαχίαν ναυμαχεῖν to win a sea-fight.

νίκαιος, ον, (νίκος) victorious.

NI'KH [ἴ], ἡ, victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the fruits of victory.

νίκη, Aeol. and poet. for ένικα, 3 sing. impf. of νικάω.

νικήεις Dor. νικαίεις, εσσα, εν, (νίκη) victorious, conquering.

νικηθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of νικάω.

νίκημη, Aeol. for νικάω. [ἴ]

νικησέμεν, Ep. for νικῆσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικητέον, verb. Adj. of νικάω, one must conquer.

νικητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, like νικητής, a conqueror. Hence νικητήριος, α, ον, belonging to a conqueror or to victory.

II. as Subst. νικητήριον (sub. άθλον), τό, the prize of victory. 2. νικητήρια (sub. έερά), τά, a festival in honour of victory; νικητήριον έστιᾶν to celebrate the feast of victory.

νικητής, οὔ, ὁ, (νικάω) a conqueror.

νικητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νικάω) likely to conquer, conducting to victory.

νικήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for νικητήρ, a conqueror.

νικηφορέω, f. ἦσω, (νικηφόρος) to carry off as prize, win. Hence

νικηφορία, ἡ, a conquering, victory.

νικη-φόρος, ον, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. II. bearing off the prize, conquering, victorious.

νικό-βουλος, ον, (νικάω, βουλῆ) prevailing in the Council.

νικό-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (νικάω, μάχη) conqueror in the fight.

νίκος, εος, τό, later form for νίκη, victory.

νικῶεν, Att. contr. for νικᾶσεν, 3 pl. opt. of νικάω.

νίν, Dor. and Att. enclit. acc. of 3rd pers. Pron., for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, him, her, it; never used reflexively: of all genders, both sing. and pl., but the pl. is much more rare: Hom., and Ion. writers use μίν.

νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (νίψω) a washing vessel, basin, laver.

νίπτρον, τό, (νίψω) water for washing: mostly in plur.

νίστω, later form for νίψω.

νίσσομαι, f. νίσσομαι [ἴ] = νόεομαι, to go, to go away.

NI'TPON, τό, in Herodotus and Att. λίτρον, carbonate of soda, soda.

νίφα, τήν, snow, irreg. acc. of νιφάς, as if from a nom. *νίψ.

νιφάς, άδος, ἡ, (νίψω) a snow-flake: in pl. snow-flakes, a storm of snow. 2. generally, a snow-storm:—metaph., νιφάς πολέμου the storm or sleet of war. II. as Adj., fem. of νιφέεις, snowy, snow-capt.

νίφεμεν, Ep. inf. of νίψω.

νίφετός, οὔ, ὁ, (νίψω) a shower of snow, a snow-storm.

νιφό-βολος, (νίφα, βάλλω) snow-beaten, wintry.

νιφόεις, εσσα, εν, (νίφα) snow-covered, snow-capt.
νιφο-στιβής, ές, (νίφα, στιβεΐν) *thick with snow*.
ΝΙΨΩ [νί], f. νίψω, intrans. to snow; ὁ θεός νίψει,
or νίψει alone, it snows. II. trans. to cover with
snow: Pass. to be snowed on, covered with snow. Cf.
ὑψω, ὄψω.

νίψαι, νίψασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of νίψω.
νίψω, fut. of νίψω, and also of νίφο.

νοερός, ἄ, ὄν, (νόος, νοῦς) intellectual.

νοεῖω, f. νηῶσω: Ion. νῶσω: aor. I ἐνόησα Ion.

ἐνωσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένωκα:—Med., Ep, 3 sing.

aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νωσάμενος:—Pass., aor. I

ἐνόηθην:—Pass., aor. I ἐνόηθην: pf. νενόημαι Ion.

ἐνώμαι: Ion. plqpf. ἐνενώμην: (νόος):—to see so

as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely

seeing, as, τὸν δὲ ἰδὼν ἐνόησε when he saw him be

perceived who he was: to notice, remark. II. to

think: absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, intend

to do a thing: in part. νοεῶν, discreet, thoughtful.

2. of words or expressions, to mean, imply, have a certain sense. III. to think

out, devise, contrive. IV. to think or deem that

a thing is so and so.

νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοεῶ) that which is thought, a

thought. II. a purpose, design, resolve. III.

generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence

νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, thoughtful, sensible: also in

one's right mind, opp. to παραφρονεῶν.

νόησις, εως, ἡ, (νοεῶ) thought, intelligence.

νοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοεῶ) intelligent.

νοητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοεῶ) perceptible, intelligible.

νοθα-γενής, ές, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νόθος, γενέ-

σθαι) base-born.

νοθο-καλλοσύνη, ἡ, (νόθος, κάλλος) spurious charms.

ΝΟΨΘΟΣ, η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, illegitimate, born

out of wedlock; νόθος νόος a natural son, opp. to

γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus. II. generally, spurious,

counterfeit, adulterated.

νοῦδιον, τό, Dim. of νόος, νοῦς, a little thought, a

notion.

νομαῖος, α, ον, (νομός) roaming, roving, ranging.

νόμαιος, α, ον, (νόμος) customary, conventional: τὰ

νόμαια, like νόμιμα, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.

νομ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (νομός, ἀρχῶ) the chief of an

Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians.

νομάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νόμος) roaming, ranging, wander-

ing from one place to another: Νομάδες, οἱ, pas-

toral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads;

and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidae. II.

grazing, feeding.

νόμεμα, ατος, τό, (νομεῖω) that which is put to

graze, a flock or herd.

νομεύς, εως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (νέμω, νομός) a shepherd or

herdsman. II. a dispenser, distributor. III.

plur. νομέες = ἐγκοιλια, are the ribs of a ship.

νομεῦσι, dat. pl. of νομεύς.

νομευσῶ, Dor. for νομεύσω, fut. of νομεῖω.

νομεύω, (νομεύς) to pasture, feed, drive afield; βοσῶ

νομῶν νομεῖν to feed down the pastures with oxen,
Lat. depascere.

νομή, ἡ, (νέμω) a pasture, pasturage: fodder,
food. 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, dis-

tribution; esp. of an inheritance.

νομήεις, Ep. for νομεῖς, nom. pl. of νομεύς.

νομίζω: fut. νομήσω Ion. νομέω Att. νομῶ:

pf. νενόμικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνομίσθην: pf. νενό-

μισμαι: (νόμος):—to hold or own as a custom or

usage: said of things recognised by convention or

prescriptive right; νομίζω τοὺς θεοὺς to recognise

the gods acknowledged by the state; but, νομίζειν

θεοὺς to recognise the existence of the gods generally:

—Pass. to be in esteem; νομίζεται it is the cus-

tom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα

or νονομισμένα, customs, usages, laws, Lat. instituta.

2. to adopt, practise a custom or usage;

Ἕλληνες ἀπ' Αἰγυπτίων ταῦτα νομομάκασι the Greeks

have adopted these customs from the Egyptians.

3. to own, acknowledge, recognise as; τοὺς κακοὺς χρῆ-

στοὺς νομίζειν:—in Pass., τοῦ θεῶν νομίζεται; to

which of the gods is it held sacred? 4. absol. to

be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old

laws and customs. II. c. dat., like χρῆσθαι, to

be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make

common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current

coin. III. c. acc. et inf. to expect that a thing

will be.

νομικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νόμος) of or for the laws: resting

on the authority of law. II. learned in the law:

as Subst., νομικός, ὁ, a lawyer.

νόμιμος, η, ον, (νόμος) conformable to usage or law:

hence 1. conventional, prescriptive. 2. lawful,

legal. 3. in neut. pl. νόμιμα, usages, customs;

νόμιμα ποιεῖν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary

offices, Lat. *justa facere*. II. of persons, observant

of law. Hence

νομίμως, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομιμώ-

τερον.

νόμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (νομός, νομή) belonging

to shepherds, pastoral.

νόμισις, ἡ, (νομίζω) usage, prescription: also, a

mode of esteeming.

νόμισμα, ατος, τό, (νομίζω) anything recognised by

established usage, viz., 1. the current coin of a

state, Lat. *nummus*: cf. νομίζω, fin. 2. an estab-

lished weight or measure, legal measure. 3. any

institution or custom.

νομο-γράφος, ον, (νόμος, γράφω) writing laws: as

Subst., νομογράφος, ὁ, a lawgiver.

νομο-δέκτης, ον, ὁ, (νόμος, δέκναι) an explainer

of the laws.

νομο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (νόμος, διδάσκαλος) a teacher

of the law: so, νομο-διδάκτης, ον, ὁ.

νομοθεσία, ἡ, law-giving, legislation. From

νομοθετέω, f. ἦσω, (νομοθέτης) to be a law-giver,

make laws:—Pass. to have a code of laws:—Med. to

make laws for oneself. II. to ordain by law. Hence

νομοθέτημα, ματος, τό, a law, ordinance.

νομο-θέτης, ου, ό, (νόμος, τίθημι) a lawgiver.

νομόνδε, Adv. (νομός) to the pasture.

νομός, ού, ό, (νέμω) a pasture, place for cattle to graze; νομός ύλης a woodland pasture. 2. pasturage, herbage: generally, food. 3. metaph., έπέων πολύς νομός ample pasture, a wide range for words.

II. an abode allotted to one, a district, department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.

νόμος, ου, ό, (νέμω) anything assigned or appointed, viz.,

I. an usage, custom, convention: a positive enactment, law, ordinance, Lat. institutum; νόμα, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, naturally:—at Athens νόμοι was the name given to Solon's laws, in contradistinction to those of Draco, which were called θεσμοί. 2. χειρών νόμος the law of force or might, opp. to δικής νόμος; εν χειρών νόμω διαφείρεσθαι to die in the fight or scuffle; εν χειρών νόμον άπικέσθαι to come to blows.

II. a musical strain: a song, ode; νόμοι πολεμικοί war-songs.

νομο-φύλαξ, άκος, τό, (νόμος, φύλαξ) a guardian of the laws. [ύ]

νό-πληκτος, ου, (νόος, πλήσσω) striking the mind, mind-distracting.

ΝΟΨ, νόου, contr. νοψ, νοψ, ό; later also gen. νοός, dat. νοί, acc. νόα, nom. pl. νόες:—mind, Lat. mens; νόψ or σύν νόψ mindfully, prudently; πάρεκ νόον without sense; ανθρώπων νόος the mood or temper of men; εκ παντός νόου with all his heart; κατά νόον according to one's mind.

II. a thought, purpose, resolve. III. the sense or meaning of a word or expression.

νοσέρős, ά, όν, (νόσος) sickly, ill.

νοσέω, f. ήσω, (νόσος), to be sick, ill, sickly, to ail, whether in body or mind. 2. metaph. to be distressed, suffer, be afflicted.

νοσηλεία, ή, (νοσηλεύω) matter discharged from a running sore.

νοσηλεύω, (νοσέω) to tend a sick person.

νόσημα, ατος, τό, (νοσέω) a sickness, disease, plague, malady. 2. metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction.

νοσηματ-ώδης, es, (νόσημα, είδος) sickly.

νοσηπρός, ά, όν, (νοσέω) unhealty, unwholesome, of places.

ΝΟΨΟΣ Ion. νοψος, ή, sickness, disease: a lady, ailment. II. metaph. distress, affliction, evil. 2. disease of mind, esp. madness. 3. generally, a plague, bane, mischief.

νοσο-φόρος Ion. νοσο-, ου, (νόσος, φέρω) bringing sickness or disease.

νοσοπέω, contr. for νοσοπέω, to bathe.

νοσοσία, ή, and νοσοσιον, τό, Att. contr. for νοσοσ-, νοσοσίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of νοσοσίς, Att. contr. for νοσοσίς, a little bird: also a young girl.

νοσοστροφέω, contr. for νοσοστροφέω.

νοστέω, f. ήσω, (νόστος) to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country. 2. to return safe after danger. 3. generally, to go, come, travel.

νοστήσει, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. aor. I. of νοστέω.

νοστήσειεν, Ep. inf. fut. of νοστέω.

νόστιμος, ου, (νόστος) of or belonging to a return; νόστιμος ήμαρ the day of return. 2. returning, that will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. saluus.

νόστος, ου, ό, (νέομαι) a return home or homeward: c. gen. loci, (ρέομαι) to a place. 2. generally, travel, journey; νόστος φορβής a journey to bring food home, i. e. in searoh, in quest of food.

νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat. νόσφιν: I. as Adv. of Place, afar, aloof, apart; hence aside, secretly, furtively: νόσφιν άπό, c. gen., like νόσφι η, aloof from. II. as Prep. c. gen. far from, aloof or away from, mostly of Place: hence without, separate from. 2. of mind or disposition, νόσφιν

'Αχαιών apart from the Achaeans, i. e. differing from them. 3. besides, except.

νοσφίδιος, α, ου, (νόσφι) taken away, abstracted.

νοσφίζω, f. ίσω Att. νοσφίω, (νόσφι) to put away, remove, part. II. Med. and Pass. νοσφίζομαι,

f. -ίσομαι: aor. I med εννοσφισάμην Ep. νοσφισάμην, Ep. part. νοσφισάμενος: aor. I pass. εννοσφισθη:—to remove oneself, withdraw, retire: and in act. sense, to leave, forsake, abandon. 2. metaph. of the mind, to become estranged or alienated.

III. act. to abstract, steal: c. dupl. acc., to rob one of a thing:—Med. to appropriate. 2. to make away with, kill, despatch.

νοσφισθείς, aor. I part. pass. of νοσφίζω.

νοσφισσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of νοσφίζω.

νοσ-ώδης, es, (νόσος, είδος) sickly, ailing: generally, diseased. II. act. unwholesome, unhealthy.

νοτερός, ά, όν, (νότος) wet, damp, moist; νοτερός χειμών a storm of rain.

νοτία, ή, wet, damp, moisture, rain; νοτία ειπινάί spring rains.

νοτίω, f. ίσω, (νότιος) to moisten:—Pass. to be wet.

νότιος, α, ου, also os, on, (νότος) wet, damp, rainy; ύψου δ' εν νοτίω την γ' ώρμισαν they moored her [the ship] far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach. II. southern, southerly.

νοτίς, ίδος, ή, (νότος) moisture, damp, wet.

ΝΟΤΟΣ, ου, ό, the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus. II. the south or south-west quarter.

νοτιέω, νοτιών, etc., contr. for νοσιτ-.

νοβυστικός, ή, όν, (νοβύς, βύω) croke-full of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever. Adv. -κώς, cleverly.

νουθεσία, ή, a warning, admonishing: reproof. From νουθετέω, f. ήσω, (νουθ, τίθημι) to bring to mind:

to remind, warn, advise, admonish, rebuke. Hence νουθέτημα, ατος, τό, an admonition, warning.

νουθετητός, α, ου, verb. Adj. of νουθετέω, to be warned, advised.

νουθετικός, ή, όν, (νουθετέω) admonitory.

νουνγνία, ή, Att. contr. for νομγνία, the new moon: the time of the new moon, the first of the month.

νουν-έχης, es, (νούς, έχω) having understanding, sensible, discreet. Adv. -χώς, discreetly, prudently.

νοῦς, ὁ, contr. for νόος, *mind*.
 νοῦσος, ἡ, Ion. for νόσος.
 νοουσο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for νοσοφόρος.
 νῦ, see νῦν, *νῦν*.
 νύδην, Adv. (νύσσω) by *prieking*, Lat. *punctim*.
 νύγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω.
 νυκτερείσιος, ον, = νυκτερήσιος, *nightly*.
 νυκτ-ερέτης, ου, ὁ, (νύξ, ἐρέσσω) *one who works by night*.
 νυκτερευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for watching by night, fit for hunting by night*. From
 νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (νύκτερος) *to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouac: also to hunt, fish, etc., by night*.
 νυκτερήσιος, ον, (νύκτερος) *nightly*.
 νυκτερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (νύξ) *nightly, by night*, Lat. *nocturnus*.
 νυκτερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (νύξ, νύκτερος) *a night-bird, a bat*, Lat. *vespertilio*.
 νυκτερος, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.
 νυκτερ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύκτερος, ὤψ) *night-faced, dusky*.
 νυκτ-ηγορέω, ου, ὁ, (νύξ, ἐρέσσω) *one who speaks by night*.
 νυκτ-ηγορέω, ου, ὁ, (νύξ, ἐρέσσω) *one who speaks by night*.
 ἀγορά) *to assemble by night*. Hence
 νυκτιηγορία, ἡ, *a nightly assembly or discourse*.
 νυκτ-ηρεφής, ες, (νύξ, ἐρέφω) *shrouded by night, gloomy*.
 νυκτί-βρομος, ον, (νύξ, βρέμω) *roaring by night*.
 νυκτί-γάμος, ον, (νύξ, γαμέω) *marrying by night or clandestinely*.
 νυκτι-κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, = νυκτοκλέπτης.
 νυκτί-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (νύξ, κίραξ) *the night-jar, goat-sucker: also the screech-owl*.
 νυκτί-λαθραίο-φάγος, ον, (νύξ, λαθραῖος, φάγειν) *eating secretly by night*.
 νυκτί-λάλος, ον, (νύξ, λαλέω) *nightly-sounding, serenading*.
 νυκτί-λαμπής, ἐς, (νύξ, λάμπω) *illuminated by night alone, i. e. gloomy, murky*.
 νύκτιος, α, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.
 νυκτί-πάται-πλάγιος, ον, (νύξ, πατέω, πλάγιος) *roaming about by night*. [ἀ]
 νυκτί-πλαγκτος, ον, (νύξ, πλάζω) *making to wander by night, disquieting, disturbing: also 2. pass. νυκτίπλαγκτος εὐνή a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed*.
 νυκτι-πλανής, ἐς, and νυκτί-πλάνος, ον, (νύξ, πλανάω) *wandering, rambling about by night*.
 νυκτί-πόλος, ον, (νύξ, πολέω) *roaming by night*.
 νυκτί-σεμνος, ον, (νύξ, σεμνός) *solemnised by night*.
 νυκτι-φανής, ἐς, (νύξ, φανήναι) *shining or appearing by night*.
 νυκτί-φαντος, ον, (νύξ, φαίνομαι) *appearing by night: nightly*.
 νυκτι-φρουρήτος, ον, (νύξ, φρουρέω) *keeping night-watches*.
 νυκτο-θήρας, ου, ὁ, (νύξ, θηράω) *one who hunts by night*.
 νυκτο-κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, (νύξ, κλέπτω) *a thief of the night*.
 νυκτο-μάχῳ, f. ἦσω, (νύξ, μάχῳ) *to fight by night*.
 Hence

νυκτομάχῳ, ἡ, *a night battle, a battle in the dark*.
 νυκτο-περιπλάνητος, ον, (νύξ, περιπλανάω) *rambling about at night*.
 νυκτοπορεύω, f. ἦσω, *to go or travel by night*. From
 νυκτο-πόρος, ον, (νύξ, πόρος) *travelling by night*.
 νυκτο-φάης, ἐς, (νύξ, φάος) *giving light by night, shining by night*.
 νυκτοφύλαξ, ὄν, (νύξ, φύλαξ) *to keep guard by night, to be a night-watch*. From
 νυκτο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) *one that keeps watch by night, a warder*, Lat. *excubitor*.
 νυκτιῶν, τό, (Νύξ) *a temple of Night*.
 νυκτι-ωπός, ὄν, (νύξ, ὤψ) *with the look of night, i. e. murky, obscure*.
 νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) *by night*, Lat. *noctu*.
 νύμφᾶ, poet. for νύμφη, in voc. νύμφα φίλη.
 νύμφᾶ, Dor. for νύμφη.
 νυμφ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (νύμφη, ἄγω) *the leader of the bride: esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: the friend of the bridegroom*.
 νυμφαῖον, τό, *a temple of the Nymphs*, Lat. *Nymphaeum*. From
 νυμφαῖος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *of or sacred to the Nymphs*.
 νυμφᾶν, Dor. gen. pl. of νύμφα.
 νυμφεῖος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial*. II. as Subst., νυμφεῖον (sub. δῶμα), τό, *the bridechamber*. 2. νυμφεῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, *nuptial rites, marriage:—but, also, the bride herself*.
 νυμφεῖον, τό, (νυμφεῖον) *marriage, espousal*. II. *the person married, a mate*.
 νυμφευτήριος, α, ον, (νυμφεῖον) *bridal, nuptial*.
 νυμφευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (νυμφεῖον) *the friend of the bridegroom, = παρανύμφιος*. II. *a bridegroom, husband*.
 νυμφεύτρια, ἡ, (νυμφευτής) *a bridesmaid*. II. *the bride herself*.
 νυμφεύω, f. σω, (νύμφη) *to give a daughter in marriage, to betroth, lead to the bridechamber*. 2. *to marry, mostly of the woman*, Lat. *nubere*: but also of the man, Lat. *ducere*. II. Pass., with fut. med. νυμφεῖσθαι, aor. I both med. and pass. ἐνυμφεῖσθαι, ἐνυμφεῖσθην:—*to be given in marriage, marry, of the woman*. III. Med., of the man, *to take to wife*.
 ΝΥΜΦΗ, ἡ, voc. also νύμφᾶ: *a bride*, Lat. *nupta*: hence, 2. *a young wife*. 3. *any married woman*, like Lat. *nympha*. 4. *a marriageable maiden*. II. as prop. name, a *Nymph*, a goddess of lower rank, called in Homer θεαὶ Νύμφαι: they presided over springs, trees, seas, mountains, etc., and were distinguished by special names: *spring-nymphs* were Naiads, Ναϊδες; *sea-nymphs*, Νηρηίδες; *mountain-nymphs*, Νύμφα ὄρεσιδῶδες or ὄρεάδες; *tree-nymphs*, from the oak their favourite tree, Δρυάδες, Ἀμαδρυάδες, Ἄδρυάδες; *rain-nymphs*, Νύμφαι ὑαίδες; *meadow-nymphs*, Νύμφαι λειμωνιάδες; *rock-nymphs*, Νύμφαι πετραῖαι. 2. The Muses are often called Nymphs: hence all persons in a state of *rapture* were said to be caught by the Nymphs, νυμ-

φύληπτοι, Lat. *Lymphatī*.
brūpa of moths.

νυμφίδιος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or belonging to a bride:
bridal, nuptial.

νυμφικός, ή, όν, = νυμφίδιος.

νυμφός, ό, (νύμφη) a bridegroom, husband. II.
 as Adj, νύμφιος, ιον, newly-wedded: *bridal*.

νυμφό-κλαυτος, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) deplored by
 brides or wives.

νυμφοκομέω, f. ήσω, to dress oneself as a bride. II.
 to dress a bride, lead home as bride. From

νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) dressing or taking
 care of a bride: *bridal*.

νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) possessed by
Nymphs, i. e. *rapt, entranced*, Lat. *lympbatūs*.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ήσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to escort
 the bride.

νυμφό-τιμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) honouring the bride;
 μέλος νυμφότιμον the song in honour of the bride.

νυμφών, άνω, ό, (νύμφη) the bridechamber.

ΝΥΝ, enclit. νυν Ep. νυ, Adv. *now*, at this very
 time, Lat. *nunc*; οί νύν άνθρωποι men of the present
 day; ό νύν χρόνος the time present. 2. with the

Article, τὸ νύν or τὰ νύν, τοῦν or τανύν, as to the
 present, i. e. at the present moment, a stronger form of
 νύν.

II. νύν also denotes the immediate follow-
 ing of one thing upon another in point of Time, *then*,
thereupon.

2. also an Inference, *then, therefore*;
 πῶθ' ἂν μοι νεμεσήσετε now do not, do not then, be
 wroth with me.

3. in enclit. form νυν, used to
 strengthen a command, as, δεῦρό, νυν quick then!
 φέρε νυν, ἄγε νυν come then.

νύντι Att. νύν, strengthd. like οὔτοςι for οὔτος, *now*,
 at this moment.

νύν ὅτε, = ἔστιν ὅτε, at times, sometimes.

ΝΥΞ, νυκτός, ή, NIGHT, Lat. NOX, whether the
 night-season or a night; νυκτός by night, Lat. *noctū*;
 νύκτα during the night, the night long:—so also with
 preps., ἀνά or διά νύκτα all night long; διά
 νυκτός in the course of the night; ἐκ νυκτός just after
 night-fall; so also ὑπό νύκτα; πῶρον τῆς νυκτός far
 into the night. II. gloom, darkness, murki-
 ness. 2. the night of death, i. e. death itself. 3.
 the nether world. III. Νύξ, as prop. n., the god-
 dess of Night, daughter of Chaos. IV. pl. νύκ-
 τες, the hours or watches of the night: from Homer
 downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three
 watches; μέσαι νύκτες midnight. V. the quarter
 of night, the evening-quarter of heaven, i. e. the West,
 as opp. to the dayspring in the East.

νύξ, Ep. for ἐνυξ, 3 sing. aor. I of νύσσω.

ΝΥΨ, οί, ή, a daughter-in-law: generally, any
 female connected by marriage, as γαμβρός meant a
 man connected by marriage. II. generally, a
 bride, mistress.

νύσσα, ης, ή, (νύσσω) a post or pillar on a race-
 course, viz., I. the turning-post so placed at the
 end of the course, that the chariots driving up the

right side turned round it and returned by the left
 side; the same as καμπτήρ, Lat. *meta*: as the near
 horse was turned sharp round this post, ἐν νύσση ἐγ-
 χριμθῆναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the
 turning-post. 2. the starting-post, pillar. 3.
 generally, a partition-wall.

ΝΥΨΣΩ Att. νύττω: f. νύξω: aor. I ἐνυξαι:—
 Pass., aor. 2 ἐνύγην, inf. νύγηται:—to prick, spur,
 pierce, puncture.

νύστα, fut. άσω and άξω:—to nod, esp. in sleep,
 hence to slumber, sleep: also to be sleepy, drowsy, Lat.
dormito: also to bang down the head. Hence

νυστακτής, οὔ, ό, as Adj. nodding, drowsy.

νύττω, Att. for νύσσω.

νύχαι, Adv. (νύξ) = νύκτωρ, by night. [ῥ]

νύχ-εγρεσία, ή, (νύξ, ἐγείρω) the being roused at
 night, rising by night.

νύχευμα, ατος, τό, a nightly watch, Lat. *pervigilium*.
 [ῥ] From

νύχευα, f. σω, (νύξ) to watch the night through.

νυχθ-ήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ημέρα) a day and night.

νύχιος [ῥ], α, ον, also ος, ον, (νύξ): I. act. doing
 a thing by night: as if asleep. 2. dark as night,
 murky.

νώ, for νῶϊ, nom. and acc. dual of ἐγώ, we two.

νω-δός, ή, όν, (νη-, δόους) toothless, Lat. *e-dentulus*.

νωδύνια, ή, ease or relief from pain. From

νώδινος, ον, (νη-, δύνη) = ἀνώδινος, without pain,
 pleasing, grateful. II. act. soothing pain.

νωε, pcët. for νῶϊ.

ΝΩΘΗΣ, ές, gen. έος, sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull,
 stupid. Comp. νωθέστερος.

νωθητι, Ion. contr. for νῶθητι, aor. I pass. imperat.
 of νῶεα.

νωθρός, ά, όν, = νωθής, sluggish: b, lazy, dull.
 ΝΩΤ, nom. and acc. dual of ἐγώ, we two, us two,
 Att. νῶ: poet. νῶε: gen. and dat. dual νῶιν, of us
 two, to us two; Att. νῶν. Hence

νωίτερος, α, ον, of, from, or belonging to us two. [ῥ]

νωλεμές, Adv. unceasingly, continually, without in-
 termission. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νωλεμίαι, Adv. = νωλεμές.

νωμάω, f. ήσω, (νέμω) to deal out, distribute, dis-
 pense. II. to direct, guide, control: I. of
 weapons, to manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply. 2.
 of the limbs, to ply nimbly. 3. metaph. to revolve
 in the mind: to think on, observe, remark.

νωῦν, Att. for νῶϊν; see νῶϊ.

νωῦνμος, ον, Ep. collat. form of νῶνμος, like δι-
 θυμος for διδυμος, ἀπάλαμος for ἀπάλαμος.

νωῦνμος, ον, (νη-, ἔνυμα Aeol. for ἔνομα) without
 name, i. e. unknown, inglorious. II. c. gen. with-
 out the name of, i. e. without knowledge of.

νώροψ, οπος, ό, ή, only in dat. and acc., νώροπι
 χαλκῶ, νώροπα χαλκόν flashing, gleaming brass.

νωσάμενος, νώσασθαι, Ion. aor. I med. part. and
 inf. of νῶεα.

νωτ-ἄγωγέω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον, ἀγωγός) to carry on the back.

νων-ἄκμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (νῶτον, ἄκμων) with mailed back.

νωτιαίος, α, ον, (νῶτον) of or belonging to the back; νωτιαία ἄρθρα the joints of the back, the vertebrae.

νωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον) to make to turn the back, put to flight.

II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee.

III. to cover the back of another:—πόντρον νωτίσαι to skim the sea.

νωτο-βάτew, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον, βαίνω) to mount the back.

II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

ΝΩΤΟΝ, τό, τά, the back, Lat. *tergum*; the pl. νῶτα often used for the sing., like Lat. *terga*, e. g. τὰ νῶτα δούναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. *dare terga*; κατὰ νῶτον from behind.

II. metaph. any wide surface; εὐρέα νῶτα θαλάσσης the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, plains.

2. any back or ridge.

νωτο-φόρος, ον, (νῶτον, φέρω) carrying on the back.

νωχελής, ἐς, moving sluggishly, slothful, inactive. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

νωχελία Ep. -λη, ἡ, laziness, sluggishness.

Η

Η, ξ, ξι, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral ξ', 60, but ξ, 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of γσ, κσ, χσ.

In Att. Greek, ξ came in with the Samian alphabet (see Η, η); before this it was represented by χσ.

II. ξ in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with κ and σ, as, κοινός ξυνός; and Dor. fut. and aor. κλαξῶ for κλήσω, παῖσαι for παῖσαι, etc.

III. ξ also is often interchanged with σσ or ττ, not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σσω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσω, ἀνάξω, but also in words like δισσός τρισσός Ion. διξός τριξός.—ξ was most freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect. [Vowels before ξ are always long by position.]

ΞΑΙΝΩ, f. ξᾶνω: aor. I ξήνα:—Pass., aor. I ξέ-άνθη: pf. ξεαμμαi:—to scratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning.

2. of cloth, to full, clean.

II. metaph. to treat as in fulling, to thresh, mangle, lacerate.

ξανθός, Dor. for ξανθός, fem. gen. of ξανθός.

ξανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, (ξανθός) to make yellow or brown: to roast or fry brown.

ξανθισμα, ατος, τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

ξανθό-γεως, ον, (ξανθός, γῆ) of yellow soil.

ξανθο-οριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, οριξ) yellow-haired.

ξανθο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ξανθός, κόμη) = ξανθόοριξ.

ξανθός, ἡ, ὄν, yellow of various shades, golden or pale yellow; also red-yellow, chestnut, auburn, Lat. flavus; ξανθαί τρίχες golden hair; ξανθὰ ἵππους

chestnut mares.

II. Ξάνθος paroxyt., as prop. n., 1. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods, by men Scamander.

2. a horse of Achilles.

ξανθο-φύης, ἐς, (ξανθός, φύη) yellow by nature.

ξανθο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, χιτών) with yellow coat.

ξανθο-χροος, ον, (ξανθός, χρώς) with yellow skin.

ξάντης, ον, ὁ, fem. ξάντρια, (ξάνω) a wool-carder.

ξεν-ἁπάτης, ον, ὁ, Ion. for ξεναπάτης.

ξενίη, ἡ, Ion. for ξένη.

ξενιη-δόκος, ον, ποίτ. for ξεινοδ-.

ξενιηον, τό, (ξείνος) Ion. for ξεινέον, a host's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl.: also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

ξενίζω, Ion. for ξενίω.

ξενίη, ξενικός, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξείνιον, τό, ξείνιος, η, ον, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξενίσαι, Ep. for ξενίαι, aor. I inf. of ξενίω.

ξείνοσεν, Ep. for ξείνοσεν, 3 sing. aor. I of ξενίω.

ξείνο-δοκέω, ξείνο-δόκος, ον, Ion. for ξεινοδ-.

ξείνο-κτονέω, Ion. for ξεινοκτονέω.

ξείνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξένος. Hence

ξεινοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξεινοσύνη.

ξείνω, Ion. for ξενώ.

ξεν-ἀγέτης, ον, ὁ, (ξένος, ἀγέτης) one who takes charge of guests.

ξενᾶγέω, f. ἴσω, (ξεναγός) to be a guide of strangers:—Pass. to be conducted to see sights.

II. to levy or lead mercenary troops.

ξεν-ἄγος, ὄν, (ξένος, ἡγήομαι) conducting strangers or guests.

II. as Subst., ξεναγός, ὁ, the leader of a body of mercenaries.

ξεν-ἁπάτης ον, ὁ, ποίτ. ξεν-, (ξένος, ἀπατάω) one who deceives guests or strangers. [ᾶ]

ξεν-αρκής, ἐς, (ξένος, ἀρκεῖω) aiding strangers.

ξένη, ἡ, fem. of ξένος: 1. (sub. γυνή), a female guest: a foreign woman.

II. (sub. χώρα or γῆ), a foreign country.

ξενηλασία, ἡ, at Sparta, a measure for keeping foreigners out of the country. From

ξεν-ηλατέω, (ξένος, εἰλάνω) to banish foreigners.

ξένια Ep. ξενίη Ion. ξενίη, ἡ, (ξένος) the state or privileges of a guest, hospitality: hospitable reception, entertainment.

2. a friendly relation between two princes or states.

II. the state or rights of a foreigner, as opp. to a citizen: ξενίας φεύγειν (sc. γραφήν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic rights.

ξενίζω Ion. ξενίω: fut. ξενίσω Ep. ξενίσσω: aor. I ξένησα Ep. ξείνησσα or ξείνησσα: (ξένος):—to receive a guest or stranger, to entertain hospitably, Lat. *hospitio excipere*:—Pass. to be entertained as a guest.

II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

ξενικός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, Ion. ξενικός: (ξένος):—of or for a stranger, foreign.

2. of soldiers, mercenary, hired for foreign service; τὸ ξενικόν, = οἱ ξένοι, a body or army of mercenaries.

II. strange, foreign, outlandish.

Ξένιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, Ion. ξένιος (ξένος, ξένος):—belonging to a guest, hospitable, belonging to hospitality: ξένιος τινι bound to one by ties of hospitality. II. ξένια (sub. δῶρα), τὰ, a guest's gifts: friendly gifts.

Ξένιστος, ἡ, (ξένιστω) the entertainment of a guest.

Ξενισμός, οὐ, ὁ, = ξένιστος.

Ξενίτευμα, (ξένος), or Ξενιτεύομαι as Dep., to be a foreigner: to be a mercenary in foreign service.

Ξενοδαΐκτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ξένος, δαΐζω) a murderer of a guest.

Ξενοδαΐτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ξένος, δαίω) a devourer of guests or strangers.

Ξενοδοκίον and -χέϊον, τό, a place for strangers to lodge in, an inn: from

Ξενοδοχέω Ion. Ξενοδοκίω, (ξενοδοχος) to entertain, lodge guests or strangers. Hence

Ξενοδοχία, ἡ, the entertainment of a guest or stranger.

Ξενοδόχος, ον, Ion. Ξενοδόκος, (ξένος, δέχομαι) entertaining guests or strangers: as Subst., ξενοδόκος, ὁ, the host, opp. to ξένιος, the guest.

Ξενοδότης, οὐ, ὁ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the host.

Ξενοέης, εσσα, εν, (ξένος) full of strangers.

Ξενοκτόνῃ Ion. Ξενοκτ-, f. ἴσω, to slay guests or strangers. From

Ξενοκτόνος, ον, (ξένος, κτείνω) slaying guests or strangers.

ΞΕΝΟΣ Ion. ξένος, ὁ, a guest or host, Lat. hospes: either as

I. the friend, with whom one has a treaty of hospitality: in this sense both parties are ξένοι, and the relation was hereditary. II. in

Homer mostly the guest, as opp. to the host. 2. any stranger, as being entitled to the rights of hospitality. 3. later, ὡ ξένε. O stranger, was a common term of address. 4. from meaning a stranger ξένος came to signify a bireling, who entered into foreign service, a mercenary soldier, e. g. of the Greeks in Persian pay. 5. simply for Βάρβαρος

a foreigner. As Adj. ξένος, η, ον, Att. ος, ον, Ion. ξένιος, η, ον, foreign, strange. 2. c. gen. rei, strange to a thing, unacquainted with, ignorant of it. Ξενοστάσις, ἡ, (ξένος, ἵστημι) a lodging for guests or strangers.

Ξενοσύνη Ion. Ξεν-, ἡ, (ξένος, ξένος) hospitality, the lies or rights of hospitality.

Ξενοτίμος, ον, (ξένος, τιμῶ) honouring guests or strangers.

Ξενοτροφέω, f. ἴσω, to entertain or maintain guests: esp. to maintain mercenary troops. From

Ξενοτρόφος, ον, (ξένος, τρέφω) entertaining guests: esp. maintaining mercenaries.

Ξενοφονέω, f. ἴσω, to murder guests or strangers. From

Ξενοφόνος, ον, (ξένος, *φένω) murdering strangers.

Ξενώ Ion. Ξενίω, f. ὤσω, (ξένος) to make or treat as one's guest: to entertain. II. Pass., with fut.

med. ξενώσομαι: aor. I. ξενώθη: to enter into a

treaty of hospitality with one. 2. to be lodged as

a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts, to be abroad: to go into banishment.

Ξενών, ἄνω, ὁ, (ξένος) a guest-chamber.

Ξένως, Adv. of ξένος, strangely: ξένως εἶχειν to be strange.

Ξένωσις, ἡ, (ξενώω) estrangement: innovation.

ΞΕΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for ξηρός, dry; ποτὶ ξερὸν to dry land.

Ξέσμα, ατος, τό, (ξέω) that which is smoothed, polished: hence = ξείονω, a statue or image.

Ξεσμαίω, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out.

Ξέσσε, Ep. for ξέσε, 3 sing. aor. I. of ξέω.

Ξέστης, ον, ὁ, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly = a pint English.

Ξεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ξέω) scraped, planed, smoothed, polished.

ΞΕΨΩ: f. ξέσω Ep. ξέσω: aor. I. ἔξεσα Ep. ἔσσα: —to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing. II. to carve or work in wood or stone.

Ξήνας, part. aor. I. of ξαίνω.

Ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I. ἐξήρανα:—Pass., aor. I. ἐξηράνην: pf. ἐξήρασα or ἐξήραμαι: (ξηρός):—to parch up, dry up:—Pass. to become or be dry, parched. 2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare.

Ξηροῦλαιφάω, f. ἴσω, (ξηρός, ἀλείφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water: a term used by wrestlers.

Ξηροῦλαιφάω, η, ον, (ξηρός, ἀμπελος) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes xerampelinae.

Ξηρανθεῖς, aor. I. pass. part. of ξηραίνω.

ΞΗΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, dry, parched, of the channel of a river, also of the air: of persons, withered, baggard. II. like Lat. siccus, fasting, sober, austere, barsb. III. generally, drained, exhausted. IV. as Subst., ξηρὰ (sub. γῆ), ἡ, dry land, opp. to ὑγρά; so also τὸ ξηρόν.

Ξηρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of timber.

Ξηροφάγέω, f. ἴσω, (ξηρός, φαγεῖν) to eat dry food.

Ξηροήρης, es, (ξίφος, ἀρπάζειν) armed with a sword, sword in hand.

Ξιφηφόρος, οτ, (ξίφος, φέρω) bearing a sword: sword in hand.

Ξιφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ξίφος, a small sword, a dagger, dirk. [r]

Ξιφοθήλητος, ον, (ξίφος, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword: of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

Ξιφοκτόνος, ον, (ξίφος, κτείνω) slaying with the sword. II. proparox. ξιφοκτονος, ον, pass. slain by the sword.

Ξιφομάχαιρα, ἡ, (ξίφος, μάχαιρα) a sword slightly curved, between a straight sword and sabre: cf. sq. [ā]

ΞΙΦΟΣ Dor. σκίφος, eos, τό, a sword: in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged: later, ξίφος was distinguished as the straight sword, from the sabre, μάχαιρα. [r].

ξίφ-ουλκός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔλκω) *drawing a sword*.
 ξίφ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔργον) *making swords*.
 ξόανον, τό, (ξέω) *an image carved of wood: the statue of a god*.
 ξοᾶνο-ποιία, ἡ, (ξοᾶνον, ποιέω) *a carving of images*.

ξοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξέω) *a sculptor's chisel*.
 ξουθό-πτερος, ον, (ξουθός, πτερόν) *having dusky wings*.
 ΞΟΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, akin to ξανθός, *a colour between ξανθός and πυρρός, yellowish, tawny, dusky, mostly of colour; but also of sound, brill, thrilling; τέττιξ ξουθὰ λαλῶν the cicada with its shrill note*.

ξυγγ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συγγ-.
 ξυγκλησις, εως, ἡ, old Att. for σύγκλησις.
 ξυγκληῖον, f. ἦσω, old Att. for συγκληεῖον.
 ξυήλη, ἡ, (ξύω) = κνήστις, *a tool for scraping or filing wood, a plane or rasp*. II. *a curved dagger, used by the Spartans*.

ξύληγιω, f. ἦσω, *to carry wood or timber*. From
 ξύλ-ηγός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἄγω) *carrying wood*.
 ξυλλίσσμαι, Dep. (ξύλον) *to carry or gather wood*,
 Lat. *lignari*.

ξύλιος, η, ον, (ξύλον) *of wood, wooden*. [ῥ]
 ξυλλ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συλλ-.
 ξυλο-κόπος, ον, (ξύλον, κόπτω) *beaving, felling wood*.
 2. as Subst., ξυλοκόπος, ὁ, *a wood-cutter*.

ξύλον, τό, (ξύω) *wood ready for use, firewood, timber, etc.: in pl., ξύλα νήια ship-timber*. II. *a stick or piece of wood: a stick, cudgel*. 2. *a collar of wood, put on the neck of the prisoner to confine him, δησαί τινα ἐν ξύλῳ: the πεντεσέρυγγον ξύλον consisted of a wooden collar with stocks to confine the arms and legs*. 3. *a bench, table, esp. a money-changer's table*. 4. *πρώτον ξύλον, the front bench of the Athenian theatre, and so nearest the actors*. III. *later, a tree; cp. εἶρον*.

ξύλο-τόμος, ον, (ξύλον, τεμείν) *cutting wood: as Subst., ξυλοτόμος, ὁ, a wood-cutter*.

ξύλουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ξύλουργός) *to work wood*.
 Hence

ξύλ-ουργία, ἡ, *the working of wood*.
 ξύλ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἔργον) *working in wood: as Subst., ξυλουργός, ὁ, a joiner, carver of images*.

ξύλοχίζομαι Dor. ξυλοχίσδομαι, Dep. *to gather wood*. From

ξύλ-οχος, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἐχω) *a thicket, copse: hence the lair of a wild beast*.

ξύλώω, f. ὦσω, (ξύλον) *to make of wood*. Hence

ξύλωσις, ἡ, *the wood-work, framework of a house*.
 ξυμβαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ξυμβαίνω;
 ξυμβλήμεναι, Ep aor. 2 pass. inf. cf. συμβάλλω;
 ξυμβλήτο, ξυμβλήητο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ind.

ξυμμ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συμμ-.
 ΞΥΝ, used in old Att. for the later and more common σύν; ξύν seldom occurs in Homer. For all compds. of ξυν-, v. sub συν-.

ξυνᾶγείρατο, Ep. for συνηγείρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of συναγείρω.

ξυνάν, ἄνος, ὁ, = ξυνᾶων, ξυνήων, q. v.

ξυνᾶων, ονος, ὁ, Dor. for ξυνήων. [ᾶ]
 ξυνᾶεσσι, aor. I of συνάγγνμι.

ξυν-εἰκοσι, Ep. for ξυνείκοσι, συνείκοσι, (ξύν, εἰ-
 κασι) *twenty at a time, twenty together*.

ξυνήκα, Ep. for ξυνήκα, aor. I of ξυνήημι.
 ξυνήκληον, old Att. impf. of συγκληέω.

ξυνελάσαι, aor. I inf. of ξυνελαίνω.
 ξυνέας, aor. 2 imperat. of ξυνήημι.

ξυνεῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, Ion. for ξυνήων.
 ξυνῆ, Adv., = κοινή, in common, properly dat. fem. of ξυνός.

ξυνήσιος, η, ον, Ep. for ξυνείσιος, (ξυνός) *public, common: as Subst., ξυνήσια, τά, public property*.

ξυνήκα, aor. I of ξυνήημι.
 ξυνήων, ονος, ὁ, Dor. ξυνᾶων [ᾶ], Ion. ξυνεῶν Dor.

ξυνάν: (ξυνός) *a joint owner, part proprietor, partner: ἄλς ξυνᾶων, the salt on the common table*.

ξυνίει, pres. imperat. of ξυνήημι, as if from *ξυνίω. [Υ]
 ξυνίει, pres. imperat. of ξυνήημι, as if from *ξυνίω. [Υ]

ξυνύον, Ep. for ξυνύεισαν, 3 pl. impf. of ξυνήημι. [ῥ]
 ξυνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ξύν) = κοινός, from which it only differs in dialect, common, public, general, belonging to all in common; ξυνὰ λέγειν to speak for the common good: dat. fem. ξυνῆ as Adv. = κοινή, in common; so too neut. pl. ξυνά. Hence

ξυνό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξυνός, φρήν) *like-minded*.

ξυνο-χάρης, ἐς, (ξυνός, χρῆσθαι) *rejoicing with all alike*.

ξυνωνία, ἡ, = κοινωνία, *partnership, fellowship*.

ξυον, Ep. for ξεῖον, impf. of ξύω.

ξυράω or -έω: f. ἦσω: (ξυρόν):—*to shave; proverb., ξυρεῖν ἐν χρῶι to shave to the quick.—Med., with pf. pass. ἐξυρήμαι: to shave oneself or get oneself shaved: also c. acc., ξυρεῖσθαι κεφαλῆν to shave one's head or get it shaved*.

ξυρ-ήκης, ἐς, (ξυρόν, ἀκή) *keen as a razor, with a razor's edge*. II. *close-shaven*.

ξυρο-δόκη and ξυρο-δόχη, ἡ, (ξυρόν, δέχομαι) *a razor-case*.

ξυρόν, τό, (ξύω) *a razor: proverb. of critical situations, ἐπὶ ξυρῶ ἴσταται ἀκμῆς . . . ὕλεθρος ἢ ἐ βιώωναι death or life stands on a razor's edge; so, ἐπὶ ξυρῶ τῆς ἀκμῆς ἔχεται ἡμῖν τὰ πράγματα our affairs rest on a razor's edge*.

ξυρο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (ξυρόν, φέρω) *to carry a razor, ξυρρ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συρρ-*.

ξυρώ, = ξυράω: aor. I med. ἐξυράμην.

ξυσία, aor. I inf. of ξύω.

ξυσθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ξύω.

ξυσμα, ματος, τό, and ξυσμή, ἡ, (ξύω) *that which is scraped or planed off, filings, shavings*.

ξυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ξύω) *a graving tool, Lat. scalprum*.

ξυστίς, ἴδος, Att. ξυστις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξύω) *a robe with a sweeping train*.

ἔυστο-βόλος, *ον*, (*ἔυστόν*, *βαλεῖν*) *spear-darting, hurling the javelin.*

ἔυστόν, *τό*, (*ξύω*) *the polished shaft of a spear*, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. 2. like *δῶρ*, *a spear, dart, javelin*: generally, *a pole, shaft*. (Properly neut. of the Adj. *ἔυστός*.)

ἔυστός, *ὁ*, (*ξύω*) *a covered colonnade in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter*, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor. II. in Roman villas, *a terrace with a colonnade, also zystum*. (Properly masc. of the Adj. *ἔυστός*, sub. *δρόμος*.)

ἔυστός, *όν*, (*ξύω*) *scraped, polished, Lat. rasmus*.
ἔυστο-φόρος, *ον*, (*ἔυστόν*, *φέρω*) *carrying a spear*.
ἔυστρα, *ἡ*, = *ἔυστρίς*.

ἔυστρίς, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, (*ξύω*) *a tool for scraping or rubbing off, the scraper or strigil used after bathing*.

ἔψ'Ω: impf. *ἔψων* Ep. *ἔψων*: f. *ἔψω*: aor. I *ἔψυσα*: —Pass., aor. I *ἔψόσθην*: pf. *ἔψυμαι*: —*to scrape, plane, smooth or polish*. 2. generally, *to make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately*. 3. *ἔψυαι ἀπό γῆρας ὀλοῖόν* *to rub away, get rid of* sad old age.

O

O, *ο*, *ὀ* *μικρόν*, *little*, i. e. *short o*, (in opp. to *ὀ μέγα great*, i. e. *long and double o*, *ω* being for *oo*): fifteenth letter in the Greek alphabet: as numeral *ο'*, 70, but *ρ*, 70,000.

O came very near to diphth. *ou*, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Aeol. *Βόλομαι* for *βούλομαι*, and Ion. *μόνους νοῦσος* for *μόνος νόσος*.

Aeol., *o* is often changed into *ῶ*, as *ὄνυμα μέγυς* for *ὄνομα μέγυς*. II. Dor. often for *οι*, as *ἀγροῖέω* *πτοίεω* *πνοῖα* for *ἀγροῖα* *πτοῖα* *πνοῖα*. III. like *α*, *o* is often rejected or prefixed, as *κέλλω* *ὀκέλλω*, *δύρομαι* *ὀδύρομαι*. IV. in compds., esp. Adjectives, *o*, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat. into a long vowel, usu. *η*, as *θεογενῆς* *θεοδόκος* *ἑπιφοβόρος*, into *θειγενῆς* (*Dor. θεᾶγενῆς*) *θειδόκος* *ἑπιφηφόρος*.

Ο, **Η**, **ΤΟ'**, is, A. *demonstr. Pronoun*; B. *the definite Article*; C. *accentuated in masc. and fem. sing. and plur. ὁ, ἡ, τό, relative Pronoun for ὅς, ἣ, ὅ*. Gen. *τοῦ, τῆς, τοῦ*: dat. *τῷ, τῇ, τῷ*: acc. *τόν, τήν, τό*:—*dual nom. and acc. τῶ, τῆ, τῶ*: gen. and dat. *τοῖν, ταῖν, τοῖν*:—*plur. nom. οἱ, αἱ, τὰ*: gen. *τῶν*: dat. *τοῖς, ταῖς, τοῖς*: acc. *τούς, τάς, τὰ*. Homer has also gen. sing. *τοῖο* for *τοῦ*, nom. pl. *τοί, ταί*, gen. pl. fem. *τῶν* [*ᾶ*], dat. pl. *τοῖσι, τῆς* and *τῆσι*, as demonstr. Pronouns.

A. *ὁ, ἡ, τό, DEMONSTR. PRONOUN*, for *ὅδε, ἥδε, τόδε*, in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways: I. joined with a Subst. not as the Article, but like Lat. *ille, ὁ Τυδείδης* *the*

famous son of Tydeus; *Νέστωρ ὁ γέρον* *Nestor, ibat aged man*. II. without a Subst., *be, she, it, as, ὁ γὰρ ἦλθε* *for he came*.

III. peculiar uses as Pronoun: I. before relat. Pronouns *ὅς, ὅσος, οἷος*, it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun, as, *ἐφάμην σε περὶ φρένας ἔμμεναι ἄλλων, τῶν, ὅσσοι Λυκίην καιεταόουσιν* *I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, namely those who, etc.* 2. *ὁ μὲν . . . ὁ δέ . . .*, from Homer downwards a very common phrase, sometimes in opposition (where *ὁ μὲν* refers to *the former*, *ὁ δέ* to *the latter*), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, *the one . . . the other . . .*, Lat. *hic . . . ille . . .* in neut. *τὸ μὲν . . . τὸ δέ . . .*, in adverbial sense, *partly . . . partly . . .*: also *τὰ μὲν . . . τὰ δέ*.—*Ὁ δέ . . .* often occurs without *ὁ μὲν . . .* before. On the other hand *οἱ μὲν . . .* is often answered by some similar word, as *ἀλλά*, or by *ἕτερος δέ . . . ἐνιοι δέ . . .*, etc.

B. *ὁ, ἡ, τό, THE DEFINITE ARTICLE, the, the indefn.* Pron. being *τίς, τι*. The use of *ὁ, ἡ, τό*, as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as *τὸν ἀριστον, him* *that was bravest*, came to mean simply *the bravest*; *φίλους ποιέσθαι* *to make friends*, but *τοὺς φίλους ποιέσθαι* *to make the friends one does make*.

Peculiar usages of the Article. I. it may stand with prop. names, as *ὁ Σωκράτης*; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as *Σωκράτης ὁ φιλόσοφος*. 2. before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as *τὸ εἶναι* *the being, τοῦ εἶναι*, etc. 3. before Adverbs, which thus take an Adject. sense, as *τὸ νῦν* *the present*; *οἱ τότε ἄνθρωποι* *the men of that time*. The Subst. is often omitted, as, *οἱ τότε* (sc. *ἄνθρωποι*), *ἡ αὔριον* (sc. *ἡμέρα*) *the morrow*. 4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gen'd., as *τὸ ἀνθρώπος* *the word* or *notion* *man*; *τὸ λέγω* *the word* *λέγω*, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, *τὸ μηδένα εἶναι τῶν ζώντων ὄλιβον* *the fact or statement* *that no living man is happy*. 5. absol. with Adverbs of time and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as *τὰ νῦν νου*, *τὸ πρῖν* *formerly*.

6. before the interrog. Pron., *τίς* or *ποῖος*, mostly in neut. sing., *τὸ τί*; *τὸ ποῖον*; to make the question more precise. II. in elliptic expressions: I. before gen. of a prop. name, *ὁ Διός* *the son of Jupiter*, *ἡ Ἀητοῦς* *the daughter of Latona*, where *υἱός* or *θυγάτηρ* is to be supplied: but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as *brother, wife*, etc. 2. before a neut. gen. it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as *τὸ τῆς πόλεως* *that which belongs to the state*, nearly the same as *ἡ πόλις*; so, *τὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων*, *τὰ τῶν Περσῶν* *the affairs or power of the Greeks, Persians, etc.*; *τὰ τῶν Ἀθηναίων φρονεῖν* *to hold the sentiments of the Athenians*, i. e. *be on their side*: so, with neut. of possess. Pron., *τὸ ἐμόν*, *τὸ σόν*

ubat regarding me or thee, my or thy part, often put for *ἐγώ, σὺ*, etc.

ABSOL. USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: I. τῆ of Place, *there, that way, here, this way*, Lat. *hac*. 2. with a notion of motion towards, *thither*. 3. of Manner, τῆπερ *in this way, thus*. 4. repeated τῆ μὲν . . . , τῆ δέ . . . , of Place, *here . . . there . . .*: also on the one part . . . , on the other . . . 5. relative, *where*, for ἧ, only Ep. II. τῷ, dat. neut., *therefore, on this account*. 2. *thus, so, in this wise*, only Ep. III. τό, acc. neut. (like Att. ὅ neut. from ὄs), *wherefore*. IV. τοῦ, gen. neut. *wherefore*. V. with Prepositions, of Time, ἐκ τοῦ *ever since, ἐν τῷ whilst*.

C. ὄ, ἦ, τό, accentuated through all cases, RELATIVE PRONOUN, for ὄs, ἦ, ὄ: very freq. in Homer, also Ion. D. the enclitic gen. and dat. *του, τω*, are used for *τινός, τινί*, for the INDEFINITE PRONOUN *τίς τί*. So Ion. *τεο*, contr. *τευ*: dat. *τεω*: gen. and dat. pl. *τεων, τεοις τεοισι*:—but *τοῦ*: Ion. *τέο*; *τεῦ*; for *τινός*; interrog., *wherefore?* dat. *τέω* for *τινί*; pl. gen. *τέων*; dat. *τέοις, τεοισι*.

ὄ, Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for ὄs; v. ὄ, ἦ, τό c. ὄ, neut. of relat. Pron. ὄs. ὄά, *woe!* Lat. *vae!* [cā] *OAP, ὄρων, ἦ, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl. ὄρων: contr. nom. ὄρ, with dat. pl. ὄρῃσι. Hence ὄαρίζω contr. ὄρίζω, f. *ω*, *to converse familiarly, hold converse with*. Hence ὄαρισμός, οὔ, ὄ, *familiar converse, fond discourse*. ὄαριστής, οὔ, ὄ, (ὄαρίζω) *a companion, mate, bosom-friend*.

ὄαριστύς, ὄος, ἦ, Ion. for ὄαρισμα, (ὄαρίζω) *familiar converse, fond discourse*. 2. generally, *intercourse*. 3. a band or company. *OAPPOΣ, ὄ, = ὄαρισμός, *familiar converse, fond discourse*, and generally, *converse, discourse, words*, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. *talk, discourse*.

*Oais, ἦ, Oais, a name of the fertile spots in the Libyan desert.

ὄβελίσκος, ὄ, Dim. of ὄβελός, *a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a compass*. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.

ὄβελός Aeol. and Dor. ὄβελός, οὔ, ὄ, *a spit: also any pointed instrument*. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk. (ὄβελός, = βέλός with ο prefixed.) ὄβρολος, οὔ, ὄ, collat. form of ὄβελός, *an obol, a coin worth 8 χαλκοῖ, 1/8th of a δραχμή*, rather more than three halfpence. II. also as a *weight*, the sixth part of a drachma.

ὄβολοστατέω, f. ἦσω, *to practise petty usury*. From ὄβολο-στάτης, ου, ὄ, (ὄβολός, ἴστημι) *a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, pawnbroker*. [α]

*OBPIA, τά, *the young of animals*. ὄβρικόλα, τά, = ὄβρια. [r] ὄβριμο-εργός, ὄν, (ὄβριμος, ἔργον) *doing deeds of violence or wrong*.

ὄβριμό-θιμος, ὄν, (ὄβριμος, θυμός) *strong-minded*.

ὄβριμο-πάτηρ, ἦ, (ὄβριμος, πατήρ) *daughter of a mighty father*, epith. of Minerva.

*OBPI MOΣ, ὄν, also η, *on, strong, mighty*.

ὄγδοάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (ὄκτώ) *the number eight*.

ὄγδοάτος, η, ὄν, poet. for ὄγδοος (like τρίτατος for τρίτος), *the eighth*:—ἦ ὄγδοάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), *the eighth day*.

ὄγδοήκοντα, οί, αἰ, τά, indecl. (ὄκτώ) *eighty*.

ὄγδοηκοντᾶ-ετής, ἔς, ὄν, ὄγδοηκοντ-ούτης, ἐς, (ὄγδοήκοντα, ἔτος) *eighty years old*.

ὄγδοηκοστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄγδοήκοντα) *the eightyeth*.

ὄγδοος, η, ὄν, (ὄκτώ) *the eighth*, Lat. *octavus*.

ὄγδωκοντα, οί, αἰ, τά, indecl., contr. for ὄγδοήκοντα, *eighty*, Lat. *octoginta*.

ὄγδωκοντᾶ-ετής, ἔς, contr. for ὄγδοηκονταετής, *eighty years old*.

ὄ-γε, ἦ-γε, τό-γε, the demonstr. Pron. ὄ, ἦ, τό, made more emphatic by the addition of γε, Lat. *haec, haecce, ecce, he, she, it*. 2. fem. dat. τῆγε, used as Adv. of place, *here, on this spot*. 3. acc. neut. τόγε *on this account, for this very reason*.

*Oγαί poet. *Oγαίη, ἦ, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her *Oγαίον or *Oγαίδης.

ὄγκάομαι, f. -ἦσομαι, Dep. *to bray*. Hence

ὄγκηθμός, ὄ, *a braying*.

ὄγκηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄγκος) *bulky, swollen*. II. metaph. *stately, pompous*. 2. *grievous, troublesome*, Lat. *molestus*.

ὄγκητής, οὔ, ὄ, (ὄγκάομαι) *a brayer, i. e. an ass*.

ὄγκον, τό, (ὄγκος) *a case for barbed arrows, etc.*

*OΓKOΣ, ὄ, (A), (ὄγκος) *a bend, curve*, hence a *book, barb*, esp. of an arrow or spear-head.

*OΓKOΣ, ὄ, (B), *bulk, mass*; ὄγκος φρυγάνων *a braid or pile of faggots*. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a *bushy knot or roll*, to give the appearance of height to the person. II. metaph. *bulk, weight, importance, dignity*: but also in bad sense, *arrogance, conceit*. 2. *trouble, difficulty*.

ὄγκώω, f. ὄσω: aor. I ὄγκασα:—Pass., aor. I ὄγκασθην: pf. ὄγκωμαι: (ὄγκος B):—*to make bulky, enlarge*:—Pass. *to be beaped up, swollen*. II. metaph. *to exalt, raise to honour*: but also, *to puff up with pride*:—Pass. *to be puffed up, swollen, elated*.

ὄγκύλλομαι, Pass., = ὄγκωμαι.

ὄγκώδης, ἐς, (ὄγκος B, εἶδος) *bulky, swollen, rounded*: *turgid*.

ὄγκωτός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄγκέω) *beaped up*.

ὄγκμεύω, f. -είσω, *to trace a straight line*, of ploughers, reapers, or mowers; of an army, *to defile, ὄγκμευον αὐτῷ they were marching in file* before him: metaph., *ὄγκμεύειν στίβον to trail one's weary way*, of a lame man. From

ὄγκμος, ὄ, (ἀγών) *anything traced in a straight line*; a *furrow* in ploughing; a *swathe* in reaping; a *row or line: a path*; esp. *the path of the heavenly bodies*.

*ΟΓΧΝΗ, ἡ, a pear-tree. II. a pear.
 ὀδ-αγός, ὁ, Dor. for ὀδηγός.
 ὀδαῖος, α, ον, (ὀδός) belonging to a way or journey.
 II. ὀδαῖα, τά, goods with which a merchant travels, merchandise.

ὀδάξ, Adv. (δάκνω with ο euphon.) with the teeth, by biting, (Lat. mordicus. Hence
 ὀδάξω or as Dep. ὀδάξομαι: impf. ὄδαζον: pf. pass. ὄδαγμα:—to feel a biting pain, feel irritation. II. in act. sense, to bite, nibble, sting.

ὀδάω, f. ἦσω, (ὀδός) to export and sell, traffic in:—Pass. to be carried away and sold.

ὄ-δε, ἡ-δε, τό-δε, demonstr. Pron., formed by adding the enclit. -δε to the old demonstr. Pron. ὁ, ἡ, τό, and declined like it: Ep. dat. pl. masc. and fem. τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσσι, as well as τοῖσδε: Att. more emphat. ὀδί, ἡδί, τοδί, etc. [Ὶ]:—ὄδε, ἡδε, τόδε is much the same as οὗτος, this, but is more emphatic, this one here, Lat. *hicce, haecce, bocce*: as opposed to οὗτος, ὄδε marks what is to follow, while οὗτος refers to what has been before mentioned. II. it often seems to stand, like Lat. *hic*, as Adv. of Place, here, there, but always agreeing with its noun, as, ἐρχομαι μὲν τόδε κείται ἐπὶ χροῦσις here lies the lance upon the ground; Ἀχιλλεὺς ἐγγὺς ὄδε κλονεῖν here is Achilles nigh at hand routing. 2. with a pers. Pron., ὄδ' εἰμί, ὄδ' ἐγὼ ἦλθον here am I. 3. with τίς, τίς ὄδε Ναυσικάα ἔπεται; who is here following Nausicaa? 4. also with Verbs of motion, like δεῦρο, hither.

III. to Advs. of Place and Time this Pron. adds precision, just, very; αὐτοῦ τῶδ' ἐνὶ δήμῳ here amid this very people. IV. ὄδ' αὐτός, stronger form for ὁ αὐτός, the very same, this very; τοῦδ' αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντος this very year. V. in Att. dialogue, the masc. and fem. Pron. often refer to the speaker, ὄδ' ἄνῃρ, or ὄδε alone, this man here, the man before you, i. e. myself, emphatic for ἐγώ.

VI. ellipt. with gen., ἐς τόδε χρόνον to this point of time.
 B. absol. usage of some cases: τῆδε of Place, here, on the spot, Lat. *hac*. 2. of the Way or Manner, thus. II. acc. neut. τόδε, hither, to this spot. 2. therefore, on this account. III. acc. neut. pl. τάδε, on this account. 2. thus, so. IV. dat. neut. pl. τοῖσδε, τοῖσδε on this wise, after this fashion; also, with these words.

ὀδελός, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for ὀβελός and ὀβολός.
 ὀδευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a wayfarer, traveller. From ὀδεύω, f. σω, (ὀδός) to go, journey, travel.
 ὀδηγέω, f. ἦσω, to lead one upon his way, to shew one the way, guide, act as guide. From ὀδ-ηγός Dor. ὀδ-αγός, ὁ, (ὀδός, ἄγω) a guide.
 ὀδί, ἡδί, τοδί. Att. for ὄδε, ἡδε, τόδε, q. v. [Ὶ]
 ὀδῖος, ον, (ὀδός) belonging to a way or journey: auspicious for the journey.

ὀδισμα, ατος, τό, (ὀδός) a means of passing, way.
 ὀδίτης, ον, ὁ, (ὀδός) a wayfarer, traveller: Dor. acc. ὀδίταν. [Ὶ]

ὀδμή Ion. ὀσμή, ἡ, (ὀσσω) a smell, scent, a sweet odour: also a bad smell, stench, stink.

ὀδοιπλάνεω, f. ἦσω, to stray from the road, wander about, lose one's way. From ὀδοι-πλάνης, ἐς, (ὀδός, πλανάομαι) straying from the road, wandering about, roaming.

ὀδοιπόρῶ: impf. ὠδοιπύρον: f. ἦσω: pf. ὠδοι-πύρηκα: (ὀδοιπύρος):—to be a wayfarer, to travel, journey, walk. Hence

ὀδοιπορία, ἡ, a journey, way: a journey by land, opp. to a sea-voyage.

ὀδοιπορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a journey. Adv. -κῶς, like a traveller.

ὀδοιπόριον, τό, provision for a journey. From ὀδοι-πόρος, ον, (ὀδός, πῖρος) travelling, journeying: as Subst., ὀδοιπύρος, ὁ, a wayfarer, foot-traveller: also, a fellow-traveller or guide.

ὀδόντα, ὀδόντας, acc. sing. and pl. of ὀδούς.
 ὀδοντο-φόρος, ον, (ὀδός, φέρω) bearing teeth; κύσμος ὄδ. an ornament consisting of strings of teeth.

ὀδοντο-φύης, ἐς, (ὀδούς, φύω) sprung from teeth.
 ὀδοντώω, f. ὠσω, (ὀδοίς) to furnish with teeth.

Hence
 ὀδοντωτός, ἡ, ὄν, furnished with teeth.

ὀδοποιέω: impf. ὠδοποίηον: f. ὠσω: pf. pass. ὠδοποίημαι: (ὀδοποιός):—to make or level a road: to make a path for oneself:—Pass., of roads, to be made fit for use. 2. to make practicable or passable.

3. to put one in the way, guide, to set forward on a journey:—Pass. to make one's way, advance, Lat. *progredi*.

ὀδοποιία, ἡ, road-making, the duty of a pioneer. From

ὀδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ὀδός, ποίω) making roads: as Subst., ὀδοποιός, ὁ, a road-maker, pioneer: a road-surveyor.

ὀδός, οὔ, ὁ, Att. for Ion. οὐδός, a threshold.

ὈΔΟΣ ἄεol. οὐδός, οὔ, ἡ, a way, path, road, highway: a track, pathway: an entrance, approach: the course, channel of a river: the path of the heavenly bodies: πρὸ ὀδοῦ further on the way; κατ' ὀδόν by the way. II. a travelling, journey, or voyage: also a march or expedition: οἰωνῶν ὀδοί the flight of birds; λογίαν ὀδός the way, i. e. meaning, of the oracles.

III. metaph. the way, means, or manner of doing a thing. 2. a way or method: also, a way of thinking, mode of belief, esp. used of the Christian Faith.

ὀδο-οὔρος, ον, (ὀδός, οὔρος) watching or guarding the road: as fem. Subst., ὀδοῦρος, ἡ, a conductress.

ὈΔΟΥΣ, in Ion. Prose ὀδών, ὁ, gen. ὀδόντος: dat. pl. ὀδοῦσι:—a tooth, Lat. *dens*; ἔρκος ὀδόντων, see ἔρκος.

ὀδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὀδός, φύλαξ) a watcher, patrol of the roads. [Ὶ]

ὀδῶω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ὠδῶσα: (ὀδός):—to lead into the right way: to put in the way: c. inf., ὠδῶσαι βροτῶν φρονεῖν be guided mortals to be wise; also to

bring, send:—Pass. to be brought on the way, advance, succeed.

ὀδυνᾶσαι, for ὀδυνᾶ, 2 sing. pres. pass. of ὀδυνᾶω.
ὀδύνᾶω, f. ἦσω, to cause pain, to pain, distress:—
Pass. to feel pain, suffer. From

᾽ΟΔΥ΄ΝΗ, ἦ, Lat. *dolor*, pain of body, but also, 2. of mind, grief, distress. [ῥ]

ὀδύνηρός Dor. —ἄρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀδύνη) painful. 2. grievous: distressing. Adv. —ράς.

ὀδύνῃ-φάτος, ὄν, (ὀδύνη, πέφαται, 3 sing. pf. of φῆνω) killing (i. e. stilling, assuaging) pain.

ὀδυρμα, ατος, τό, wailing, lamentation: and ὀδυρμός, ὄ, a wailing, lamenting. From

᾽ΟΔΥ΄ΡΟΜΑΙ, Trag. also δύρομαι: Ion. 3 sing. impf. ὀδύρεσθε: fut. ὀδύρομαι: aor. I ὀδύραμην, part. ὀδυράμενος:—to bewail, mourn for, lament, c. acc.: c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of: c. dat. pass. to wait to or in answer to another: absol. to wail, mourn. [ῥ] Hence

ὀδυρτός, ἦ, ὄν, mourned for, lamentable: ὀδυρτά, as Adv., lamentably.

ὀδύσαντο, Ep. for ὀδίσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of ὀδύσσομαι.

᾽Οδυσεΐα, ἦ, the story of Ulysses, the *Odyssey*. From

᾽Οδυσεύς, ἔως, ὄ, Lat. *Ulysses* or *Ulixes*, king of Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forms the subject of the *Odyssey*: Ep. declens., ᾽Οδυσεύς, —ῆος, —ῆι, —ῆα: Ep. nom. also ᾽Οδύσεύς: Aeol. gen. ᾽Οδύσεύς.

*᾽ΟΔΥ΄ΣΣΟΜΑΙ, Dep., used only in aor. I med. ὀδύσαμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὀδύσασα, ὀδύσατο, Ep. 3 pl. ὀδύσαντο, part. ὀδύσάμενος, and 3 sing. pf. pass. ὀδύσασται (redupl. for ὀδύσσαι):—to be grieved or wroth at, c. dat.

ὀδωδα, pf. (with pres. sense) of ὀζω.

ὀδῶδει, 3 sing. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ὀζω.

ὀδωδή, ἦ, (ὀζω) smell, scent, odour, also the sense of smell.

ὀδῶδυσται, 3 sing. pf. (with pres. sense) of ὀδύσσομαι.

ὀδῶν, ὄντος, ὄ, Ion. for ὀδους, a tooth.

ὀδωρός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὀδῶ) passable: practicable.

ὀεσσι, Ep. dat. plur. of ὄεις, οἷς.

ὀζᾶλεος, α, ὄν, (ὀζος) branching.

ὀζήσω, fut. of ὀζω.

᾽Οζοῖαι, οἶ, the *Ozolae*, a tribe of the Locrians.

*᾽ΟΖΟΣ, ὄν, ὄ, a bough, branch, twig, shoot. II. metaph. an offshoot, scion; ὄζος Ἄρηος scion of Mars: cf. ἔρνος, ἄλος.

ὀζό-στομος, ὄν, (ὀζω, στόμα) with bad breath.

*᾽ΟΖΩ, fut. ὀζήσω: pf. with pres. sense ὀδωδα: plqpf. with impf. sense ὀδῶδειν, Ep. 3 sing. ὀδῶδει:—to smell, to have a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to smell of a thing, ὀζειν τῶν to smell of violets: metaph. to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. *sapere aliquid*;

Κρονίων ὀζειν to smell of antiquities: c. dupl. gen., τῆς κεφαλῆς ὀζω μύρου I smell of ointment from the

head. II. often used impers., ὀζει ἡδὺ τῆς χροῆς there is a sweet smell from the skin; ἰματίων ὀζήσει δεξιότητος there will be an odour of wit from your clothes.

ὄθεν, Adv. (ὄς) whence, from whence, Lat. *unde*: also of persons, from whom or which. 2. also like οὗ, as an Adv. of Place, = ὄθι, ὄπου, where, but only as relative to a word implying motion from. II. in Att. also, wherefore, on which account.

ὄθι, relat. Adv., poet. for οὗ, where, Lat. *ubi*.

ὄθνεος, α, ὄν, also os, ὄν, (έθνος) strange, foreign.

*᾽ΟΘΟΜΑΙ, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to have a care or concern for, take heed, regard: c. part., οὐκ ὄθετο βέξων he reaked not that he was doing: c. gen. pers., οὐδ' ὄθομαι κοτέντος I do not heed him when he is angry.

᾽ΟΘΟ΄ΝΗ, ἦ, mostly in plur., fine white linen: a fine linen veil, a linen garment: also, sail-cloth, a sail: also, a sheet, linen cloth. Hence

ὀθόνινος, ἦ, ὄν, made of linen.

ὀθόνιον, τό, Dim. of ὀθόνη, a piece of fine linen, in pl. linen bandages for wounds, or lint.

ὄθ-οὐνεκα, for ὄθου, ἔνεκα, because: sometime also for ὄτι, that, Lat. *quod*.

ὄθ-οριξ, gen. ὄθριχος, poet. for ὄμό-οριξ, ὄ, ἦ, (δμοῦ, οριξ) with like hair.

Οἶ', exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, *oh! ah!* Lat. *heu* or *vae*: sometimes c. nom., οἶ ἔργα: mostly c. dat., οἶ μοι.

οἶ, nom. pl. masc. of Art. ὄ.

οἶ, nom. pl. masc. of relat. Pron. ὄς.

οἶ, dat. sing. of third pers. Pron., masc. and fem., for αὐτῷ αὐτῇ, to him, to her: more rarely used in the reflexive sense *himself*, as the Ep. εἶδ' is always used; often also οἶ αὐτῷ, to himself. The Nom. is wanting, gen. οἷ, acc. ἔ.

οἶ, relat. Adv., properly dat. of relat. Pron. ὄς, *whither, how far*, Lat. *quo*: often c. gen., οἶ κακῶν to what a height of miseries.

οἰακίξω Ion. οἰηκ-, f. ὄσω, (οἶαξ) to steer, manage.

οἰάκισμα, τό, (οἰακίξω) the act of steering or governing. [ᾶ]

οἰάκο-νόμος, ὄν, (οἶαξ, νέμω) holding the helm, steering: as Subst. a pilot, ruler.

οἰάκοστροφέω, f. ἦσω, to turn the helm, steer. From

οἰάκο-στροφός, ὄν, (οἶαξ, στρέφω) guiding the helm, steering.

Οἶ' ἈΞ, ἄκος, Ion. οἶηξ, ηκος, ὄ, the tiller, handle of the rudder, the helm. 2. pl. οἶηκες, the rings of the yoke, through which pass the cords for guiding the oxen.

Οἶατις νόμος, a pasture in the Attic deme Οἶα.

οἶγγυμι or -ύω, lengthd. from Οἶ' ΓΩ: f. οἶξω: aor. I οἶξα Ep. ὠξα, part. οἶξας:—Pass., Ep. 3 pl. impf. ὠγγυντο: aor. I ὠχθην:—to open, unlock: of a cask, to broach.

οἶδα, I know, pf. with pres. sense of *εἶδα, v. εἶδω B.

οἰδάνω [ᾶ] or οἰδαίνω, (οἰδέω) to make to swell,

swell, Lat. *tumefacere*: Pass. to be swollen, swell, Lat. *tumere*. II. intr. = οἰδέω.

οἶδας, 2 sing. of οἶδα, for the Att. οἶσα.

οἰδέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ὤδησα: pf. ὤδηκα: (οἶδος):—intr. to swell, swell up, become swollen, Lat. *tumere*, *turgere*; οἰδεῖν τῷ πῶδε to swell in the feet, i. e. to have swollen feet. II. metaph. to be inflamed or troubled; πράγματ' αἰδέοντα, *unsettled, disordered circumstances*. Hence

οἰδήμα, τό, a swelling, tumour.

Οἰδι-πόδης, οὐ, ὅ, properly patronym. of Οἰδῖπου, son or descendant of Oedipus: but commonly poet. for Οἰδῖπου, Oedipus himself.

Οἰδί-πους, ποδος, ὅ: acc. —ποδα and —πουν: voc. —πους, more rarely —που: (οἰδέω, πούς):—Oedipus, i. e. the swollen-footed: poet. Οἰδίπους, οὐ, ὅ. [ῥ]

οἰδημα, ατος, τό, (οἰδέω) the swell of the sea, a wave, billow. II. the swelling of the wind.

Οἰ' ΔΟΣ, τό, a swelling, tumour.

οἶος, α, ον, (οἶς) of or from a sheep; ἡ οἶή (sub. δόρα) a sheepskin.

οἶεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of οἶς.

οἶ-ἔτης, ἐς, (ὁμός, ἔτος) contr. for ὁμοῦτης, equal in years, of the same age: cf. ὄβρις.

οἶζυος, ον, = οἶζυός.

οἶζυρός Att. οἶζυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἶζύς) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Pass. οἶζυρότερος, —άτατος, for —ότερος, —ότατος.

οἶζύς Att. οἶζύς, ὄος, ἡ, as dissyll.: contr. dat. οἶζυι for οἶζυι: (οἶ):—woe, misery, distress, hardships. [ῥ in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. ῥ.] Hence

οἶζυω Att. οἶζυω (as trisyll.): f. ἴσω [ῥ]; aor. I οἶζυσα:—to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei, to suffer: absol. to be miserable, or to suffer.

οἶηθῆναι, aor. I inf. of οἶομαι.

οἶηλον, τό, = οἶηξ, οἶαξ, a rudder, helm. [ῥ]

οἶηκίζω, Ion. for οἶακίζω.

οἶηξ, ἦκος, Ion. for οἶαξ, ἄκος.

οἶησομαι, fut. of οἶομαι.

οἶος, ἴδος, ἡ, poet. for οἶς, a sheep: acc. οἶδα.

οἶος, ας, ε, Ion. for οἶουα.

οἶκάδε Dor. οἶκάδης, Adv. (οἶκος) = οἶκονδε, to one's house, home, or country, home, homewards. II. = οἶκοι, at home.

οἰκέταται Ion. for οἰκῆνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of οἰκέω. οἰκέος, α, ον, also ος, ον: Ion. οἰκήσιος, η, ον, (οἶκος):—belonging to a house or household affairs, domestic:—τὰ οἰκέια household affairs, a household; also, household goods, Lat. *res familiaris*. II. belonging to a family, akin, intimate, Lat. *familiaris*; οἰ οἰκέτου friends, relations, connexions; Ion. Sup., οἰ οἰκηιάτατοι *one's most intimate friends*: τὸ οἰκεῖον *relationshlp*.

III. belonging to one's house or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, one's own, peculiar: ἡ οἰκέια ἡ οἰκήνη (sub. γῆ) *one's own land, one's country*: hence of corn, home-grown, opp. to imported. IV. proper to a thing,

fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: τὸ οἰκεῖον = τὸ καθῆκον, *what is suitable, befitting*.

οἰκεῖότης Ion. οἰκηῖότης, ἦτος, ἡ, *relationshlp: intimacy, friendship*: also marriage.

οἰκεῖω Ion. οἰκήτω: f. ὄσω: (οἰκέος):—to make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his regard. 2. to make one's own, appropriate: Med. to claim, reckon as one's own.

οἰκέως, Adv. of οἰκέος, in a friendly manner, familiarly; οἰκέως ἔχειν πρὸς τινα to be intimate with one. 2. as if it was one's own. 3. properly, naturally: dutifully.

οἰκέω, poet. for οἰκέω.

οἰκέωσις, ἡ, (οἰκέω) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

οἰκερέα, ἡ, the household, the servants, Lat. *familia*. From

οἰκερεύω, f. σω, to inhabit. From

οἰκέτης, οὐ, ὅ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house: a house-slave, menial, domestic, Lat. *verna*:—in pl. οἰκέται, one's family, women and children.

οἰκέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of οἰκέτης, a female domestic or slave. II. the mistress of the house, housewife.

οἰκεῖντες, Dor. for οἰκεῖντες, part. pl. of οἰκέω.

οἰκεῖς, ἔως Ion. ἦος, ὅ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house. II. a domestic servant.

οἰκέω, impf. οἰκεον contr. —οῖν Ion. οἰκεον: fut. οἰκήσω: aor. I οἰκήσα: pf. οἰκήκα:—Med., f. οἰκήσομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., aor. I οἰκήθην: pf. οἰκήμαι Ion. οἰκημαι: (οἶκος): I. trans. to inhabit: hence to possess, occupy:—ἡ οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), the civilised world, the whole habitable globe. 2. like οἰκίζω, to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled: the pf. pass. οἰκημαι Ion. οἰκημαι is used as pres. to be settled; c. acc. to inhabit; of cities, to be placed or situated. 3. like διοικέω, to manage, govern.

II. intr. to dwell, live, to have as one's abode. 2. of states, to be settled, situated, lie:—also to be managed, governed, ἡ πόλις οἰκεῖ *κακῶς* the state is ill managed.

οἰκήσας, Ep. for οἰκέας, acc. pl. of οἰκέω.

οἰκήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for οἰκέσιος.

οἰκηῖότης, ἦτος, ἡ, Ion. for οἰκεῖότης.

οἰκήτω, Ion. for οἰκέω.

οἰκήμα, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling-place, a dwelling-house, a chamber in a house, the story of a house. 2. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane. 4. a prison.

οἰκήν, Dor. for οἰκεῖν, pres. inf. of οἰκέω.

οἰκήσιμος, ον, habitable. From

οἰκήσις, ἡ, (οἰκέω) the act of dwelling. II. a place for dwelling, a house, dwelling.

οἰκητήρ, ἦτος, = οἰκητής.

οἰκητήριον, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling.

οἰκητής, οὐ, ὅ, (οἰκέω) an inhabitant, dweller.

οἰκητός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰκέω) inhabited: habitable.

οἰκῆτωρ, ορος, ὅ, = οἰκητήρ, —τής, an inhabitant.

οἰκία Ion. -ία, ἡ, (οἶκος) a house, dwelling. II.

a household: also the inmates of the house, Lat. familia.

III. a house or family from which one is descended. Hence

οἰκῖακός, ἡ, ὄν, of one's own house, domestic.

οἰκίδιον, τό, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house.

οἰκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ὄκισα Ion. οἰκισα:—

Med., fut. οἰκοῦμαι:—Pass., fut. οἰκοσθήσομαι: aor.

I ὄκισθην: pf ὄκισμαι Ion. οἰκίσμαι: (οἶκος):—to

build a house: to found or establish a new settlement: to people a country, to colonise. II. to settle or fix

as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant:—Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a place: also

c. acc. to inhabit.

οἰκίον, τό, (οἶκος) always used in pl. οἰκία, τά, like Lat. aedes, a house, dwelling, abode: esp. a palace

containing ranges of buildings. 2. a den, lair, etc., of animals: a nest.

οἰκίστις, ἡ, (οἰκίζω) the building or settlement of a colony: colonisation.

οἰκίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house or room: a cage, coop, pen.

οἰκίσται, Ion. for ὄκισται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οἰκίζω.

οἰκιστής, ἦρος, poet. for οἰκοστής.

οἰκιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰκίζω) a settler, colonist.

οἰκογενής, ἐς, (οἶκος, γενέσθαι) born in the house, home-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

οἰκοδεσποτέω, f. ἴσω, to be master of a house, to manage the household. From

οἰκοδεσπότης, ον, ὁ, (οἶκος, δεσπότης) the master of a house or family: the good-man of the house.

οἰκοδομέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a house. 2. generally, to build, construct:—Med., οἰκοδομείσθαι

οἰκῆμα to build oneself a house. 3. metaph. to build or found upon. 4. metaph. to edify. Hence

οἰκοδομή, ἡ, = οἰκοδόμησις, the act of building:—a building, edifice. 2. metaph. edification, improvement, instruction.

οἰκοδόμημα, τό, (οἰκοδομέω) a house built, building.

οἰκοδόμησις, ἡ, = οἰκοδομία.

οἰκοδομία, ἡ, (οἰκοδομέω) the building of a house, a way of building, structure. 2. a building, edifice.

οἰκοδομικός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰκοδόμος) skilful in building: ἡ οἰκοδομική (sub. τέχνη) architecture.

οἰκοδόμος, ον, (οἶκος, δέω) building a house:—as Subst., οἰκοδόμος, ὁ, a builder, an architect.

οἰκοθεν, Adv. (οἶκος) from one's own house, from home. 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself: οὐκ εἶχον οἰκοθεν I had it not of my own.

οἰκοθί, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi.

οἰκοί, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi: τὰ οἰκοί one's own affairs.

οἰκόνδε, poet. for οἰκαδε, (οἶκος) homeward, home.

οἰκονομέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκονόμος) to be a householder or steward. 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange.

οἰκονομία, ἡ, (οἰκονομέω) the management of a

household or family: generally, administration, government of a state.

οἰκονομικός, ἡ, ὄν, conversant with the management of a household or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: ἡ οἰκονομική (sub. τέχνη) domestic economy; also τὰ οἰκονομικά, domestic affairs. Adv. -κῶς. From

οἰκονόμος, ον, (οἶκος, νέμω) managing a household or family: as Subst., οἰκονόμος, ὁ, a house-keeper, manager, steward.

οἰκόπεδον, τό, (οἶκος, πέδον) the site of a house, Lat. area domus. II. the house itself.

οἰκοποιός, ὄς, (οἶκος, ποιέω) making or constituting a house.

οἰκόριος, α, ον, Dor. for οἰκούριος.

Οἴκος, ον, ὁ, a house, abode, dwelling: any place to live in; κατ' οἶκον or κατ' οἴκουσ at home. 2. part of a house, a room, chamber: hence οἶκοι in pl. often stands for a single house, like Lat. aedes. 3. a temple. II. household affairs, house-wifery: household property, house and goods. III. a household, family. IV. a house, race, family.

οἰκός, Ion. for εἰκός, part. neut. of εἰκα.

οἰκόσιτος, ον, (οἶκος, σίτος) feeding at home, living at one's own cost. II. living in a house.

οἰκοτριβής, ἐς, (οἶκος, τριβήναι) ruining a house or family.

οἰκότριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τρίβω) a slave born and bred in the house, Lat. verna.

οἰκοτύραννος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τύραννος) a domestic tyrant.

οἰκότως, Ion. for εἰκότως, Adv. of εἰουώς (part. of εἰκα), reasonably, probably.

οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, v. sub οἰκία.

οἰκουρέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκουρέω) to watch or keep the house: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. II. to keep within doors, stay at home. Hence

οἰκουρήμα, τό, the watch of a house: generally, watch and ward; οἰκουρήμα ξένων watch kept by strangers. II. one who keeps house, a stay-at-home.

οἰκουρία, ἡ, (οἰκουρέω) a keeping at home: inactivity.

οἰκούριος, ον, belonging to housekeeping; hence τὰ οἰκούρια (sub. ἔαρα), wages for housekeeping. II. keeping within doors: ἔταιρα οἰκούρια (Dor. for οἰκούρη) female house-mates. From

οἰκοουρός, ὄν, (οἶκος, οὖρος) watching or keeping the house. II. staying at home, domestic: as Subst., οἰκουρός, ἡ, the mistress of the house.

οἰκοφθορέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκοφθόρος) to ruin a house or family, consume one's substance:—Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

οἰκοφθορία, ἡ, ruin of a house or family.

οἰκοφθόρος, ον, (οἶκος, φθείρω) ruining a house: as Subst., οἰκοφθόρος, ὁ, a prodigal.

οἰκοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶκος, φύλαξ) a house-guard.

οἰκτεῖρημα, τό, and οἰκτεῖρησις, ἡ, pity. From

οἰκτεῖρω: impf. ὄκτερον Ion. οἰκτεῖρον: fut. οἰκτερώ: aor. I ὄκτερω, (οἶκος):—to pity, have pity or com-

passion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pers.; οἰκτ. τινά τινός to pity one for or because of a thing.

οἰκτιζώ, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I ὤκτισα: (οἰκτος):—*to grieve for, pity, commiserate:—Med. to express grief, mourn: to bewail, lament.*

οἰκτιρῶς, οὐ, ὄ, (οἰκτεῖρω) *pity, compassion.*

οἰκτιρῶν, ον, gen. ονος, (οἰκτεῖρω) *merciful.*

οἰκτισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰκτιζώ) *lamentation.*

οἰκτισμός, οὐ, ὄ, (οἰκτιζώ) *lamentation.*

οἰκτιστός, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of οἰκτρός (formed from οἰκτος, cf. αἰσχρός, αἰσχιστός; but the Comp. is οἰκτρότερος):—*most pitiable, miserable, lamentable: neut. pl. οἰκτίστα as Adv. most miserably.*

Οἰκτος, ον, ὄ, *pity, compassion.* 2. *the expression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing.*

οἰκτρόβιος, ον, (οἰκτρός, βίος) *leading a pitiable life.*

οἰκτρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἰκτος) *pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful.* Comp. and Sup. οἰκτρότερος, οἰκτρότατος, also irreg. Sup. οἰκτίστος.

οἰκτροχόω, (οἰκτρός, χέω) *to pour forth piteously,*

οἰκτρῶς, Adv. of οἰκτρός, *piteously: Sup. οἰκτρότατα.*

οἰκός, νία, ὄς, Ion. for εἰκός, part. of εἰκα.

οἰκωφελής, ἐς, (οἰκος, ὠφελέω) *profitable to a house.*

οἰκωφέλια Ion. -τη, ἡ, (οἰκωφελής) *profit to a house: hence thrift or carefulness in household matters, of a home-life, as opp. to the life of a warrior.*

οἶμα, ατος, τό, (*οἶα=φέρω) *an impetuous attack, the spring of a lion, swoop of an eagle, Lat. impetus.*

οἶμαι, Att. contr. from οἶομαι.

οἶμάω, f. ἤσω, (οἶμα)=ὄρμάω, *to dart upon, to pounce or swoop, of a bird of prey.*

Οἶμη, ἡ, =οἶμος, *a way, path: metaph. the course of a tale or poem: the tale or poem itself.*

οἶμοι, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise, *woe's me! οἶμοι* is used with a nom., as, οἶμοι ἐγὼ *ah me! woe's me!* or with a gen., as, οἶμοι τῶν κακῶν *alas for my misfortunes!*

Οἶμος, ου, ὄ, *a way, road, course, path.* 2. *a stripe, layer.* 3. *a strip of land.* 4. *metaph. like οἶμη, οἶμος ἀοιδῆς the course or strain of song, a song, lay.*

οἶμωγή, ἡ, (οἶμῶζω) *properly a crying οἶμοι, weeping and wailing, lamentation.*

οἶμωγμα, ατος, τό, *a cry of lamentation, wail: and οἶμωγμός, ὄ, a lamenting.* From

οἶμῶζω, fut. οἶμῶξομαι later οἰμῶξω: aor. I ὤμωξα: (οἶμοι):—*to cry οἶμοι, (as ἀλάζω to cry ἄ, αἶ), to wail, lament; οἶμῶξε, as a curse, go howl! plague take you! Lat. abi in malam rem! so, οὐκ οἰμῶξεται; shall he not have to cry out? i. e. shall he not rue it?*

II. *trans. to pity, bewail, c. acc.*

οἶμωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἶμῶζω) *to be pitied or bewailed.*

οἶμῶξετε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of οἶμῶζω.

οἶν-άνθη, ἡ, (οἶνη, ἄνθη) *the first shoot or bud of the vine: then, like Lat. pampinus, the vine-stock, the vine.*

2. *the down of the vine-leaf: metaph. the down on the cheek, Lat. lanugo.*

οἶν-ανθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, =οἶνάνθη.

οἶνᾶρον, τό, =οἶναρον.

οἶνᾶριζω, f. σω, (οἶναρον) *to strip off vine-leaves.*

οἶνάριον, τό, Dim. of οἶνος, *weak, poor wine.*

οἶνᾶρον, τό, (οἶνη) *a vine-leaf, Lat. pampinus.*

Οἶ'NH, ἡ, *the vine, Lat. vitis.* 2. =οἶνος, *wine.*

οἶνηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἶνος) *of wine, addicted to wine, Lat. vinosus.* II. *containing wine.* III. *of countries, rich in wine.*

οἶν-ήρυστος, ἡ, (οἶνος, ἄρυν) *a vessel for drawing wine.*

οἶνίζω, (οἶνος) *to smell of wine.* II. *Med. to procure wine by barter, buy wine.*

οἶνο-βᾶρείων, ὄ, an Ion. participial form (as if from οἶνο-βαρέω) =οἶνοβαρήσ. From

οἶνο-βᾶρής, ἐς, (οἶνος, βαρῆς) *heavy or drunken with wine, Lat. vino gravis.*

οἶνο-βρεχής, ἐς, (οἶνος, βρέχω) *soaked in wine, i. e. drunken.*

οἶνο-δόκος, ον, (οἶνος, δέχομαι) *receiving or holding wine.*

οἶνο-δότης, ον, Dor. -δότᾱς, ἄ, ὄ, (οἶνος, δίδωμι) *giver of wine, epith. of Bacchus.*

οἶνός, -οεσσα, -οεν, contr. οἶνούς, -οἶσσα Att. -οὔττα, -οὔν, (οἶνος) *made of or with wine.* II.

As Subst., οἶνούττα, ἡ, *a cake or porridge of pearl-barley, water, oil and wine, esp. for rowers.*

οἶνό-μέλι, ἴτος, τό, (οἶνος, μέλι) *honey mixed with wine, mead.*

οἶνο-πέδη, ἡ, and οἶνό-πέδον, τό, (οἶνος, πέδον) *land fit for growing wine, a vineyard.*

οἶνό-πέδος, ον, (οἶνος, πέδον) *fit for the growth of the vine, abounding in wine.*

οἶνο-πέπαντος, ον, (οἶνος, πεπαίνω) *ripe for making wine.*

οἶνο-πίπης [ῖ], ον, ὄ, (οἶνος, ὀπιπέω) *gaping after wine, formed like the Homeric παρθενοπίπης.*

οἶνο-πλήθης, ἐς, (οἶνος, πλήθω) *abounding in wine.*

οἶνο-πλήθης, ἡγος, ὄ, ἡ, (οἶνος, πλήσσω) *wine-stricken, i. e. drunk.*

οἶνοποτάζω and **οἶνοποτέω**, (οἶνοπότης) *to drink wine.*

οἶνο-ποτήρ, ἡρος, ὄ, and οἶνο-πότης, ον, ὄ, fem. οἶνο-πότις, ἴδος. (οἶνος, ΠΟ— Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a wine-drinker, wine-bibber.*

Οἶ'ΝΟΣ, ου, ὄ, Lat. VINUM, *wine; ἐν οἶνω, ἐπ' οἶνω, παρ' οἶνω, over wine, Lat. inter pocula.* 2.

the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., *cider, perry; οἶνος ἐκ κριθῶν barley-wine, a kind of beer: palm-wine, lotus-wine, also occur as distinguished from grape-wine (οἶνος ἀμπέλινος).*

οἶνο-πρόφος, ον, (οἶνος, τρέφω) *producing wine.*

οἶνούς, οἶνούσσα Att. -οὔττα, -οὔν, contr. for οἶνούεις, εσσα, εν.

οἶνο-φαγία, ἡ, (οἶνος, φαγεῖν) *a consuming of wine.*

οἶνοφλύγία, ἡ, *a love of drinking, drunkenness. From οἶνό-φλυξ, ὕγος, ὄ, ἡ, (οἶνος, φλύω) given to drink-*

ing, drunken.

οἰνο-φόρος, ον, (οἶνος, φέρω) carrying, holding wine, as Subst., οἰνοφόρος, ὁ, Lat. *oenophorus*, a wine-cask.

οἰνο-χάρης, ἔς, (οἶνος, χαρῆναι) rejoicing in wine.

οἰνο-χάρων, οντος, ὁ, (οἶνος, Χάρων) the Wine-Charon, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

οἰνοχοεῖω, Ep. form of οἰνοχέω, to pour out wine.

οἰνοχοεῶ; 3 sing. impf. φῖνοχέει Ep. ἐφῖνοχέει; f. ἦσω: aor. I inf. οἰνοχοῆσαι: (οἰνοχός):—to be a cup-bearer: to pour out wine or like wine; νεκταρ ἐφῖνοχέει she was pouring out nectar for wine.

οἰνο-χότη, ἡ, (οἶνος, χέω) a cup or can for ladling wine from the bowl (κρατήρ) into the cups.

οἰνο-χός, ον, (οἶνος, χέω) pouring out wine to drink: as Subst., οἰνοχός, ὁ, a cup-bearer.

οἰνό-χυτος, ον, (οἶνος, χέω) poured of or with wine; πῶμα οἰνόχυτον a draught of wine.

οἰν-οψ, σπος, ὁ, = οἰνοψ, wine-coloured, wine-dark.

οἰνώ, f. ὤσω!—Pass., aor. I φῖνώθη: pf. φῖνωμαι Ion. οἰνωμαι: (οἶνος):—to make drunk with wine:—Pass. to get drunk, be drunken.

οἰνών, ἄνος, ὁ, (οἶνος) a wine-cellar, wine-shop.

οἰν-ώπος, ἡ, ὄν, or ὄς, ὄν, and οἰν-ῶψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, ὠψ) wine-coloured.

οἶξας, aor. I part. of οἶγγυμι.

οἶο. Ep. for οὐ, gen. of possess. Pron. ὅς, his, her.

οἶό-βατος, ον, (οἶος, βαίνω) walking alone: lonesome.

οἶο-βουκόλος, ον, (οἶος, βουκόλος) herdsman of a single cow.

οἶο-βώτας, ὁ, (οἶος, βόσκω) one who feeds alone; φρενός οἰοβώτας feeding his mind apart, self-willed.

οἶό-γάμος, ον, (οἶος, γαμέω) married only to one.

οἶό-ζωνος, ον, (οἶος, ζώνη) with one girdle, i. e. single-banded, alone.

οἶοθεν, Adv. (οἶος) from one side alone, hence generally, alone; οἶοθεν οἶος all alone.

ΟἶΨΟΜΑΙ Ep. ὀτομαι: impf. ὀψμην, Ep. 3 sing. ὤιετο: fut. οἶσσομαι: aor. I Ep. ὤιστην part. ὀψθείς, Att. ὤηθην inf. οἶσθημαι part. οἶσθείς: Ep. aor. I med. ὠιάμην, 3 sing. ὄισατο part. ὄισάμενος. The Act. οἶω or ὀτώ is also found: Dor. pres. οἶω. The Att. also use a contr. pres. οἶμαι, impf. ὀψμην.

To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to knowing, always of the fut.: of good, to hope, anticipate; of evil, to fear:—often used absol., αἶε δῖτα thou art ever suspecting; and so in the sense to deem, believe, expect; θυμός οἰσάτο μοι my heart foreboded it: it is also once found impersonal, δῖεταί μοι ἀνὰ θυμόν there comes a boding into my heart. 2. to be minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing. 3. also used parenthetically in first person, ἐν πρώτοιαιν (ὀτώ) κείσεται among the first (met)inks will he be lying: so in Att., the contr. οἶμαι impf. ὀψμην, I think, I suppose, I believe, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence: also in phrase, πῶς οἶε; πῶς οἶσθε; how think you?

[When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the ι is long in all tenses, οἶω, ὄισατο, etc.: only the act,

pres. ὀτώ has sometimes ῖ in the middle of the verse.]

οἶον-εἶ, for οἶον εἶ, as if: Dor. οἶον αἶ.

οἶο-νόμος, ον, (οἶος, νέμω) feeding alone: lonely.

οἶο-νόμος, ον, (οἶς, νέμω) feeding sheep: as Subst. a shepherd.

οἶόν-τε, possible; οὐχ οἶόντε impossible: v. οἶος III.

οἶό-ποκος, ον, (οἶς, πέκω) shorn from a sheep.

οἶοπολέω, f. ἦσω, to roam or haunt alone. From

οἶο-πόλος, ον, (οἶος, πέλομαι) being alone: lonely, solitary. B. (οἶς, πολέω) tending sheep.

οἶορ, Scyth. for ἀνήρ. Hence

οἶορ-πατα, Scyth. word in Herodotus, = ἀνδροκτόνοι.

ΟἶΨΟΣ, οἶη, οἶον, alone, by oneself, lone, lonely: it can often only be rendered by an Adv., alone, only: strengthd., εἰς οἶος, μία οἶη one alone, one only: also in dual, δύο οἶα, and in pl., δύο οἶος. 2. c. gen., τῶν οἶος left alone by them; οἶος θεῶν alone of all the gods; οἶος Ἀτρεΐδων apart from the sons of Atreus. II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat. *unicus*.

οἶος, οἶα Ion. οἶη, οἶον, (ὄς) such as, of such sort, manner or kind as . . ., Lat. *qualis*; relat. Pronoun, answering to ποῖος interrog. and indef., and to demonstr. τοῖος; ὄσος οἶος τε, Lat. *qualis quantusque*: c. acc., οἶος ἀρετήν what a man for: virtue: often only to be rendered by an Adv., as, οἶος μέτεισι πόλεμονδε how he rushes into war.

οἶος in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd. by δῆ, οἶον δῆ τὸν μῦθον εἶπας what a word hast thou spoken!—the neut. οἶος is often used as an Adv., οἶον δῆ νυ θεοὺς βροτοὶ αἰτιώωνται how do men now find fault with gods! II. implying a Comparison, the anteced. τοῖος or τοῖοσδε being often omitted; οἶος ἀστὴρ εἶσι like as a star wanders; and so as an exclam., οἶ' ἀγορεύεις what art thou saying! οἶά μ' ἔοργας what hast thou done to me! 2. οἶος often introduces a reason for what has gone before, δῆ being sometimes added to express certainty; οἶος δῆ, οἶον δῆ, such as all know. 3. if the Comparison is general, Homer uses οἶός τε, in some such way as, οἶός τε πελώριος ἔρχεται Ἄρης some such one as Ares; so, οἶός τις the sort of person. 4. when a Comparison involves Time, οἶος ὄτε is used, like as when. 5. οἶος is used in many brief Att. expressions, as, οὐδὲν οἶον ἀκούειν αὐτοῦ τοῦ νόμου there's nothing like, i. e. so good as, hearing the law itself:—it adds force to the Superl., χωρῖον οἶον χαλεπώτατον, in full τοιοῦτον οἶόν ἐστι χωρῖον, ground the most difficult possible. III. οἶος c. inf. implies Fitness or Ability, οἶος ἔην τελέσαι ἔργον τε ἔπος τε how able was he to make good both deed and word; οἶος ἔην βουλευμένον ἡδὲ μάχεσθαι how able was he to counsel and to fight: in this sense οἶός τε is more usual, οἶός τε εἰμὶ ποιεῖν I am such a man as to do it, i. e. I am able to do it: in neut. sing. and pl., οἶόν τε ἔστι and οἶά τε ἔστι, it is possible. 2. absol.

in neut., οἶον τε ἐστὶ it is possible; οὐχ οἶον τε ἐστὶ it is im-possible.

IV. οἶος is in Att. often repeated in the same clause, as, οἶ' ἔργα δράσας οἶα λαγῶναι κακά having done *what kind of actions, what kind of sufferings he receives!* οἶαν ἀνθ' οἶων θυμάτων χράννωβιθ thanks, *for what offerings!*

V. as Adv. in neut. sing. οἶων, also in pl. οἶα, bow; also with Adj. οἶον ἐρσῆεις bow fresh.

2. in Comparisons, as, like as, just as: οἶον ὅτε as when.

3. as, like, for instance. 4. about, bard upon, Lat. quasi, οἶον δέκα σταδίου about ten stades.

οἶός, οἶός, gen. of οἶς οἶς.

οἶό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶος, φρήν) single in one's opinion: generally, lonely.

οἶο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶος, χιτών) with nothing but a tunic on, lightly clad.

οἶώω, (οἶος) to leave alone: Pass. οἶομαι, Ep. aor. I οἶάθην, to be forsaken.

οἶος, ὁ and ἡ, gen. οἶος acc. οἶν; plur., nom. οἶες gen. οἶων, dat. οἶσι Ep. οἶεσσι shortened οἶεσσι; acc. οἶας; contr. nom. and acc. pl. οἶς:—Att. nom. οἶς gen. οἶός, dat. οἶί acc. οἶν: pl. nom. οἶες gen. οἶων, dat. οἶσί acc. οἶας; nom. and acc. pl. also οἶς. Lat. OVIS, a sheep, whether ram or ewe; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, ἕϊς ἀρνεῖός or ἀρσην a ram; οἶς θήλυς a ewe.

οἶσατο, οἶσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. of οἶομαι. [I] οἶσε —έτω, —ετε, fut. imperat. of φέρω.

οἶσέμεν, οἶσέμεναι, Ep. for οἶσειν, fut. inf. of φέρω. οἶσεύμεν, Dor. for οἶσομεν, I pl. fut. of φέρω.

οἶσθα, *thou knowest*, 2 sing. of οἶδα.

οἶσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of οἶομαι.

οἶσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

οἶσομαι, fut. med., with pass. sense, of φέρω.

οἶσπιη, ἡ, the grease in unwashed wool, greasy wool.

οἶσ-πῶτη, ἡ, (οἶς, οἶς, πάτος) the dirt on the binder part of a sheep.

οἶστέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne. 2. neut. οἶστέον one must bear.

οἶστυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and οἶστυτής, οὔ, ὁ, (οἶστυέω) a Bowman, an archer.

οἶστυώ, f, σω, (οἶστός) to shoot arrows: aor. I part. οἶστυέας. II. trans. to shoot with an arrow.

οἶστο-δέγμων, ov, gen. ονος, (οἶστός, δέχομαι) bolding arrows.

οἶστός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἶσω) that must be borne, endurable.

οἶστός Att. οἶστός, οὔ, ὁ, (οἶσω, fut. of φέρω) an arrow, Lat. sagitta.

οἶστρώω or οἶστρέω: f. ἦσω: aor. I act. οἶστρησα inf. οἶστρήσαι:—Pass., aor. I οἶστρήθην inf. οἶστρήθημι: (οἶστρος):—properly of a gadfly, to torment by stinging: generally, to sting or goad to madness: Pass. to be driven mad. II. intr. to go mad, run wild, rage.

οἶστρ-ῆλδος, ov, (οἶστρος, ἐλαύνω) driven by the gadfly, driven mad.

οἶστρομα, ατος, τό, (οἶστρώω) the smart of a gadfly's sting: a fit of madness, raving.

οἶστρο-βολέω, f. ἦσω, (οἶστρος, βαλεῖν) to strike with a sting, esp. of love.

οἶστρο-δινήτος, ov, (οἶστρος, δινέω) driven round and round by the gadfly: driven wild.

οἶστρο-δόνητος, ov, and -δονος, ov, (οἶστρος, δονέω) driven by the gadfly: driven wild.

οἶστρο-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶστρος, πλήσσω) stung by a gadfly, driven mad.

οἶστρος, ov, ὁ, the gadfly, breeze, Lat. a silus, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented that torments: the smart of pain, agony. 2. any vehement passion: madness, frenzy.

οἶστρο-φόρος, ov, (οἶστρος, φέρω) maddening.

οἶστυά, ἡ, a tree of the osier kind. Hence οἶστυίνος, η, ov, of osier, made of wicker-work.

οἶστυή, ἡ = οἶσπιη.

οἶστυήρος, ἄ, ὄν, (οἶστυος) greasy, dirty, esp. of unwashed wool, Lat. lana succida.

οἶστυός, ὁ, (οἶς) = οἶσπιη, οἶστυή.

οἶσω Dor. οἶσῶ, fut. of φέρω, from Root *οἶω; whence is formed Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσέμεν, οἶσειν.

οἶστος, ov, ὁ, fate, lot, doom: in Homer ill fate, doom, ruin, death; κακῶν οἶτων ἀπόλλυσθαι to die a sad death.

οἶστυρος, ὁ, the Scyth. name of Apollo.

οἶχέομαι, = οἶχομαι, q. v.

οἶχνέω, Ion. impf. οἶχνεσκον, = οἶχομαι, to go, come; of birds, to fly:—generally, to walk, live.

οἶχόμεαι, Dep.: impf. οἶχόμην: fut. οἶχθήσομαι: pf. οἶχημαι Ion. οἶχημαι: also pf. med. οἶχωκα Ion. οἶχωκα: Ion. 3 sing. plarf. οἶχώκεε. The pres. οἶχέομαι Ion. οἶχέομαι also occurs: I. of persons, to be gone, to have gone, and so opp. to ἦκω to have come: c. part., οἶχεται φεύγων he has fled and gone; οἶχεται θανάτῳ he is dead and gone: c. acc. cognato, ὀδὸν οἶχεσθαι to be gone on a journey: c. acc. pers. to have escaped from. 2. for θνήσκω, to be gone hence, to have departed, be deceased; Att. part. οἶχόμενος the departed. 3. pf. οἶχωκα, like ὄλωκα, to be undone, ruined. II. of things, as of darts, etc., to rush, sweep along. 2. of strength, to be gone, lost, vanished.

οἶω and οἶω, used by Ep. Poets for οἶομαι.

*οἶω, see φέρω.

οἶώθην, aor. I pass. of οἶώω.

οἶωνίζομαι, Att. fut. οἶωμαι: Dep.: (οἶωνός):—to take omens from the flight and screams of birds, Lat. augurium capere. II. to look upon as an omen, forebode, Lat. augurari.

οἶωνισμα, ατος, τό, (οἶωνίζομαι) divination by the flight or cries of birds, Lat. augurium.

οἶωνιστήριον, τό, (οἶωνίζομαι) a place for watching the flight of birds, Lat. templum augurale. II. the omen or augury itself.

οἰωνιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰανίζομαι) *one who foretells from the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner.*

οἰωνο-θέτης, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰωνός, τίθημι) *an interpreter of auguries, an augur.*

οἰωνό-θροος, ον, (οἰανός, θρόος) *of the cry of birds.*

οἰωνο-κτόνος, ον, (οἰανός, κτείνω) *killing birds.*

οἰωνό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, and ἡ, (οἰανός, μάντις) *an interpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.*

οἰωνο-πόλος, ον, (οἰανός, πολέω) *observing the flight and cries of birds: as Subst., οἰωνοπόλος, ὁ, an augur.*

οἰανός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἶος) *a solitary bird, esp. a bird of prey, such as a vulture or eagle.* II. *a bird of omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, ὄρνιθες.* III. *an omen, presage, Lat. auspicium or augurium; εἰς οἰανός ἄριστος, ἀμύνεσθαί περὶ πάτρης the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; οἰανοὶ ἀγαθοὶ good omens.*

οἰωνοσκοπέω, f. ἴσω, *to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take auguries, practise augury.* From οἰωνο-σκοπός, ον, (οἰανός, σκοπέω) *watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries: as Subst., οἰωνοσκοπός, ὁ, an augur, soothsayer.*

οἶως, Att. Adv. of οἶος, οἶος ἂν οἶος ἔχεις; *being such a man in what a state art thou!* δικά poet. δικά, Dor. for ὅτε, *when.* ὈΚΕ'ΑΔΩ, aor. I ὠκέλα, inf. ὠκέλαι, = κέλλω, nautical term, I. *trans. of the sailors, to run a ship aground, run it on shore, strand it.* II. *intr. of the ship, to run aground.*

ὄκη, Ion. for ὄπη. δικά poet. for ὄκα. ὄκ-κᾶ or ὄκ κα, for ὅτε κεν, like κακ κεφαλῆς for κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ὄκλαδίας (sub. δίππος), ον, ὁ, (ὄκλαζω) *a seat with folding joints, a folding-chair, camp-stool.*

ὈΚΛΑ'ΖΩ, f. σω: aor. I ὠκλασα:—*to sink on one's knees, to crouch down, cower: generally, to bend, sink down: to sink from weariness, to sit down to rest.* 2. *to leave off through weariness, to flag, slacken, abate.* II. c. acc. *to let sink, to bend, lower.*

ὄκναλέος, α, ον, (ὄκνος) poet. for ὄκνηρός. ὄκνέω, poet. for ὄκνέω.

ὄκνεῖω, poet. ὄκνεῖω: impf. ὠκνεῖον: f. ἴσω: (ὄκνος):—*to shrink from doing, scruple or hesitate to do a thing.*

ὄκνηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄκνος) *shrinking, hesitating, undecided.* II. *of things, grievous, troublesome.*

ὈΚΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a shrinking, hesitation, unreadiness: cowardice.*

ὄκοθεν, ὄκοτος, ὄκοσος, ὄκότε, ὄκότερος, ὄκου, Ion. for ὄποθεν, ὄποσος, etc.

ὄκρίων, (ὄκρις) *to make rough or jagged: metaph. in Pass. to be exasperated.*

ὄκρίεις, εσσα, εν, (ὄκρις) *roughed, jagged, of unheven stone.*

ὄκριώντο, Ep. for ὄκρίωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ὄκρίω: ὄκρις, ιος, ἡ, like ἄκρις, ἄκρα, *a jagged point, a crag.* II. as Adj. ὄκρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, *roughed, jagged.*

ὄκρούεις, εσσα, εν, (κρούεις, with ο euphon.) = κρυ-ερός, *cold, chilling: fearful, dreadful, horrible.*

ὄκτά-βλωμος, ον, (ὄκτώ, βλωμός) *consisting of eight mouthfuls; ὄκτάβλωμος ἄρτος a kind of loaf which was scored in eight equal parts.*

ὄκτά-δάκτυλος, ον, (ὄκτώ, δάκτυλος) *eight-fingered.*

ὄκτά-ήμερος, ον, (ὄκτώ, ἡμέρα) *for eight days: on the eighth day.*

ὄκτάκις, Adv. (ὄκτώ) *eight times.* [ᾶ]

ὄκτάκισο-μύριοι, αι, α, *eighty thousand.*

ὄκτάκισο-χίλιοι, αι, α, *eight thousand:* it is also used in sing., ἵππος ὄκτακισχιλίη = ὄκτακισχιλίοι ἵπποι, '8000 horse.'

ὄκτά-κνήμος, ον, (ὄκτώ, κνήμη) *with eight spokes.*

ὄκτακόσιοι, αι, α, (ὄκτώ) *eight hundred.*

ὄκτά-μήνος, ον, (ὄκτώ, μήν) *eight months old, in the eighth month.* [ᾶ]

ὄκτά-πεδος, ον, Dor. for ὄκταπός.

ὄκταπλάσιος, α, ον, and ὄκταπλάσιων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὄκτώ) *eightfold, Lat. octuplus.*

ὄκτᾶ-πόδης, ον, ὁ, (ὄκτώ, πούς) *eight feet long.*

ὄκτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, ποῦν, τό, γεν. ποδος, (ὄκτώ, πούς) *eight-footed.* II. *eight feet long.*

ὄκτάρ-ριζος, ον, (ὄκτώ, ρίζα) *with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tines.*

ὄκτάρ-ρῦμος, ον, (ὄκτώ, ρυμός) *drawn by eight pairs.*

ὄκτά-τονος, ον, (ὄκτώ, τείνω) *eight-stretched; ἔλικες ὄκτάτονοι the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prey.*

ὈΚΤΩ', οἰ, αἰ, τᾶ, indecl. *eight, Lat. OCTO.*

ὄκτω-δάκτυλος, ον, *with eight fingers.*

ὄκτω-καί-δεκα, οἰ, αἰ, τᾶ, indecl. *eighteen.*

ὄκτωκαίδεκά-δραχμος, ον, (ὄκτωκαίδεκα, δραχμή) *weighing or worth eighteen drachmae.*

ὄκτωκαίδεκάτος, η, ον, *the eighteenth: ὄκτωκαίδεκάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighteenth day.*

ὄκτωκαίδεκά-έτης, ον, ὁ, (ὄκτωκαίδεκα, ἔτος) *eighteen years old:—fem. ὄκτωκαίδεκά-έτις, ἴδος.*

ὄκχω, poet. form of ὄχεω, *to bear, convey, carry.*

ὄκχος, ὁ, poet. form of ὄχος, *a chariot.*

ὄκως, Ion. for ὄπως.

ὄκωχα, old pf. of ἔχω, whence the compd. dual συνοχωκότε.

ὄλβιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὄλβισα:—Pass., aor. I ὄλβισθην: pf. ὄλβισμαι: (ὄλβος):—*to make happy: to deem or pronounce happy, like μακαρίζω and εὐδαιμονίζω.*

ὄλβιο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ and ἡ, (ὄλβιος, δαίμων) *of blessed lot or fortune.*

ὄλβιό-δωρος, ον, (ὄλβιος, δῶρον) *bestowing bliss, bounteous.*

ὄλβιο-δότης or -δότης, ον, ὁ, fem. -δῶτις, ἴδος, (ὄλβιος, δίδωμι) *bestower of bliss.*

ὄλβιο-εργός, ἴν, (ὄλβιος, ἐργον) *making happy.*

ὄλβιό-μοῖρος, ον, (ὄλβιος, μοῖρα) *of happy fate.*

ὀλιβιος, *ov*, or *a*, *ov*, (*ὀλιβος*) *happy, blest*, esp. with worldly goods, *prosperous, wealthy, rich*, Lat. *beatus*: generally, *happy, blessed*: Homer only uses neut. pl., as ὀλιβια δούναι to bestow *rich gifts*; δάμα ὀλιβια ποιεῖν to make gifts *blessed*: so in Adv. ὀλιβια ζῶειν to live *happily*. Irreg. Sup. ὀλιβιστος, *η, ov*, formed directly from ὀλιβος, as ἀσιχιστος, κέρδιστος from ἀιχος, κέρδος: the reg. Sup. ὀλιβίωτατος also occurs. Adv. -ίως.

ὀλιβιό-φρων, *ovos, δ, ἡ*, (*ὀλιβιος, φρήν*) *leaning towards the rich*.

ὀλιβιστος, *η, ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλιβιος.

ὀλιβίως, Adv. of ὀλιβιος, *happily, blissfully*.

ὀλιβιο-δοτήρ, *ἦρος, δ, ἡ*, and ὀλιβιο-δότης, *ov, δ, fem.*

ὀλιβιο-δότειρα, (*ὀλιβος, δίδωμι*) *giver of bliss or prosperity*.

'ΟΛΒΟΣ, *ov, δ*, *happiness, bliss, wealth*.

ὀλιβιο-φόρος, *ov*, (*ὀλιβος, φέρω*) *bringing bliss*.

ὀλέεσθαι, Ion. for ὀλείεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέθριος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (*ὀλεθρος*) *destructive, deadly*; ὀλέθριον ἦμαρ the day of destruction: c. gen., γάμοι ὀλέθριου φίλων a marriage *destructive to one's friends*. II. pass. *lost, undone*.

ὀλεθρος, *δ*, (*ὀλλυμι*) *ruin, destruction, undoing*; οὐκ εἰς ὀλεθρον (sc. ἐρήσεις); wilt thou not go to *perdition?* i. e. *ruin* seize thee, answering to Comic phrase οὐκ ἐς κίρακας; II. like Lat. *pernicies*, which *causes destruction, a bane, plague, pest*.

ὀλεῖ, ὀλείται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέκρανον, τό, = ὀλέκρανον.

'ΟΛΕΚ'ΚΩ, only used in pres. and impf. ὀλεκων (without augm.), collat. form of ὀλλυμι:—*to ruin, destroy, kill*:—Pass. *to perish, die*.

ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσ-ἦνωρ, *ovos, δ, ἡ*, (*ὀλλυμι, ἀνήρ*) *man-destroying*.

ὀλέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεστί-θηρ, *ἦρος, δ, ἡ*, (*ὀλλυμι, θήρ*) *destroying wild beasts*.

ὀλεσίμ-βροτος, *ov*, (*ὀλλυμι, βροτός*) *man-destroying*.

ὀλεσι-τύραννος, *ov*, ποβῆ. ὀλεσισι-, (*ὀλλυμι, τύραννος*) *destroying tyrants*.

ὀλέσκω, collat. form of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσαι, ὀλέσσας, Ep. for ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας.

ὀλεσσε, Ep. for ὤλεσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσειε, Ep. for ὀλέσειε, 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσω, fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλετεια, *ἡ, fem.* of ὀλετήρ, *a murderess*.

ὀλετήρ, *ἦρος, ἡ*, (*ὀλλυμι*) *a destroyer, murderer*.

ὀλέτης, ἴδος, *ἡ*, = ὀλέτειρα.

ὀληαί, ὀληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλιγάκις, Adv. (*ὀλίγος*) *but few times, seldom*. [α]

ὀλιγ-άμπελος, *ov*, (*ὀλίγος, ἀμπελος*) *scant of vines*.

ὀλιγανδρέω, (*ὀλιγανδρος*) *to be scant of men*. Hence

ὀλιγανδρία, *ἡ*, *fewness of men*.

ὀλιγ-ανδρος, *ov*, (*ὀλίγος, ἀνήρ*) *scant of men*.

ὀλιγανθρωπία, *ἡ*, *scantiness of people*. From ὀλιγ-άνθρωπος, *ov*, (*ὀλίγος, ἄνθρωπος*) *scant of people*.

ὀλιγ-αρχέομαι, Pass. (*ὀλίγοι, ἄρχω*) *to be governed by a few, be subject to an oligarchy*. Hence

ὀλιγαρχία, *ἡ*, *an oligarchy, government by a few families or persons*. Hence

ὀλιγαρχικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *oligarchical: inclined to oligarchy*.

ὀλιγ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, *δ, ἡ*, (*ὀλίγος, αὔλαξ*) *having few furrows, having but little land for ploughing*.

ὀλιγαχθέν, Adv. (*ὀλίγοι*) *from few parts or places*; c. gen., ὀλιγαχθέν τῆς Ἀσίας *from few parts of Asia*.

ὀλιγηπελέων, *εουσα*, (participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγηπελέω), *having little power, powerless*. From

ὀλιγη-πελής, *ές*, (*ὀλίγος, πέλομαι*) *powerless*. Hence ὀλιγηπελία Ion. -λη, *ἡ*, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγηριος, *ov*, = ὀλίγος, *small, little*.

ὀλιγ-προσίτη, *ἡ*, (*ὀλίγος, ἀροισίς*) *want of arable land*.

ὀλιγη-σίπιτος, *ov*, (*ὀλίγος, σίπια*) *with a small corn-bin: with little corn*.

ὀλιγιωτος, *η, ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλίγος, *least*.

ὀλιγωνομία, *ἡ*, *scantiness of produce, barrenness*. From

ὀλιγό-γονος, *ov*, (*ὀλίγος, *γένω*) *producing little, unfruitful, barren*.

ὀλιγοδρανέω, *εουσα*, participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγοδρανέω, *able to do little, feeble, powerless*. From

ὀλιγο-δρανής, *ές*, (*ὀλίγος, δραίνω*) *of little strength, powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγοδρανία, *ἡ*, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγο-ετής, *ές*, (*ὀλίγος, ἔτος*) *of few years*. Hence ὀλιγοετία, *ἡ*, *fewness of years, youthfulness*.

ὀλιγό-ξύλος, *ov*, (*ὀλίγος, ξύλον*) *with little wood*.

ὀλιγο-πίστος, *ov*, (*ὀλίγος, πίστις*) *of little faith*.

'ΟΛΙΓΟΣ, *η, ov*, of Number or Quantity, *few, little*, opp. to *πολύς*.—The governing body in Oligarchies was called *οἱ ὀλίγοι*, *the Few*, opp. to τὸ πᾶθος or οἱ πολλοί (*the Many, the People*). 2. c. inf. *too few* to do a thing.

III. of Size, *small, little*, opp. to *μέγας*: the neut. ὀλίγον as Adv., *little, a little, in a small degree*: so also dat. ὀλίγοι.

III. special phrases: ὀλίγον δεῖ there wants *but little*, i. e. *almost*; c. inf., ὀλίγον ἐδέεσε καταλαβεῖν it wanted *but little* to overtake, *all but overtook*: hence ὀλίγον alone (δεῖ being omitted), *within a little, all but, nearly, almost*. 2. δι' ὀλίγον, *at a short distance*; or of Time, *after a short space, shortly after*:—but δι' ὀλίγον *in few words*. 3. ἐν ὀλίγοι, *in a small compass*; and of Time, *in short, briefly*: also, like ὀλίγον, *almost*. 4. ἐς ὀλίγον, = *παρ' ὀλίγον*. 5. κατ' ὀλίγον *by little and little*: but the Adj. is often put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, οὗτοι κατ' ὀλίγους γιγνώμενοι ἐμάχοντο these fought *forming themselves into small parties*. 6. παρ' ὀλίγον, *within a little, all but, almost*.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—*μείων, ov*, gen. *ovos*, as also ἐλάσσω;

R 2

is used for the Comp. 2. Sup. ὀλίγιστος, η, ον : ὀλιγίστου, genit. used Adv. (see ὀλίγος III) *very nearly*. ὀλιγοστιχία, ἡ, the consisting of few lines. From ὀλίγο-στιχος, ον, (ὀλίγος, στιχος) consisting of few lines or verses.

ὀλιγοστώδης, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀλίγος) one out of a few, opp. to πολλοστώδης.

ὀλιγότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὀλίγος) fewness, smallness. ὀλιγοτροφέος, to give little nourishment. From ὀλιγο-τρόφος, ον, (ὀλίγος, τρέφω) giving little nourishment.

ὀλιγο-φιλία, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, φίλος) fewness of friends. ὀλιγο-χρόνιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὀλίγος, χρόνιος) lasting but little time, of short duration.

ὀλιγοψυχέω (ὀλιγόψυχος), to be faint-hearted. Hence

ὀλιγοψυχία, ἡ, faint-heartedness.

ὀλιγό-ψυχος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ψυχή) faint-hearted.

ὀλιγ-ῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ὀλιγαλάξ.

ὀλιγωρέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (ὀλίγος) to regard lightly, make small account of, c. gen. Hence

ὀλιγωρία, ἡ, a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt. ὀλιγ-ῶρος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ῶρα) little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despising: contemptuous. Hence

ὀλιγῶρος, Adv. carelessly; ὀλιγῶρος ἔχειν or διακεῖσθαι to be careless, heedless. [Γ]

ὀλίγως, Adv. of ὀλίγος, a little.

ὀλισθάνω and later -αῖνω: fut. ὀλισθήσω: aor. I ὤλισθησα: pf. ὤλισθηκα: aor. 2 ὤλισθον, part. ὀλισθών, inf. ὀλισθεῖν: (ὀλισθος) —to slip, slide, fall suddenly; ηὐδὸς ὀλισθῶν having slipped from the ship.

ὀλισθε, Ep. for ὤλισθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλισθάνω. ὀλισθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὀλισθάνω.

ὀλισθηῖς, εσσα, εν, = ὀλισθηρός.

ὀλισθημα, ματος, τό, (ὀλισθεῖν) a slip, fall.

ὀλισθηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀλισθεῖν) slippery, sliding.

ὀλισθο-γνομονέω (ὀλισθεῖν, γνώμη), to make a slip or error in judgment.

*ΟΛΙΣΘΟΣ, ὁ, slipperiness: a slip.

ὀλκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἔλκω, ὀλεῖ) a ship which is towed, a ship of burthen, merchantman, trading vessel.

ὀλέη, ἡ, (ἔλκω) a drawing, trailing, dragging. II. a being drawn towards a thing, attraction.

ὀλκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔλκω) attractive.

ὀλκός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἔλκω) as an Instrument, that which draws or hauls; ὀλκοὶ machines for hauling ships on land. 2. a strap or trace for drawing. II.

a track made by drawing, a furrow, track, Lat. sulcus: the trail of a serpent. III. periph., ὀλκοὶ δάφνης drawings of laurel, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along.

*ΟΛΛΥΜΙ and ὀλλύω: impf. ὄλλυν: f. ὀλέσω Ep. ὀλέσω Ion. ὀλέω Att. ὀλώ: aor. I ὤλεσα Ep. ὤλεσσα, ὀλέσσα: pf. ὀλόλεκα:—Med. ὄλλυμαι, Ion. fut. ὀλέομαι Att. ὀλοῦμαι: aor. 2 ὤλομην: pf. 2 ὄλωκα: plarf. ὀλώλειν:—σὺλόμενος, properly aor. 2 part. med. for ὀλόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub voce. I. Act. to destroy, make an end of, to

kill. 2. to lose.—The Act. corresponds in its two senses to Lat. perdere. II. Med. to perish, come to an end, die: ὄλοιο, ὄλοιο, ὄλοισθε, etc., may 'st thou, may he, may ye perish!—to be undone, ruined. 2. so pf. 2 ὄλωκα, I am undone, ruined; or ὀλωλέσθε the dead.

ὄλλυς, ὄσα, ὄν, pres. part. of ὄλλυμι.

ὄλλυς, ὄ, (εἶλω, Lat. volvo) a round smooth stone, a roller. 2. a mortar. 3. a kneading-trough.

ὄλοός, εσσα, εν, = ὀλοός, destructive.

ὄλοθρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄλοθρεύω) a destroyer.

ὄλοθρεύω, f. εἶσω, (ὄλεθρος) to destroy.

ὄλοῖος, ον, ποët. for sq., like ὁμοῖος for ὁμοιος.

ὄλοιός, ὄν, ποët. for ὀλοός, destructive.

ὄλοι-τροχος or ὄλοι-τροχος, ὁ, Ep. ὀλοοί-τροχος, (prob. from εἶλω volvo, τρόχος) a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy: also as Adj. round, globular.

ὄλοκαυτώ, f. ἴσω, to bring a burnt-offering. From ὄλο-καυτός, ον, (ὄλος, καίω) burnt whole: as Subst., ὄλοκαυτον, τό, a burnt-offering. Hence

ὄλοκαυτώ, f. ὄσω, to burn whole: to make a burnt-offering. Hence

ὄλοκαύτωμα, ατος, τό, a whole burnt-offering.

ὄλοκληρία, ἡ, soundness in all parts. From ὄλο-κληρος, ον, (ὄλος, κληρος) complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer.

ὄλολύγῃ, ἡ, (ὄλούζω) any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a cry of joy; but also of lamentation.

ὄλόλυγμα, ατος, τό, (ὄλούζω) a loud cry, usually of joy.

ὄλολυγμός, ὤ, ὁ, (ὄλούζω) a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy.

ὄλολύγων, ὄνος, ἡ, an animal, named from its note, the tree-frog. From

ὄλούζω, f. -ύξομαι: aor. ὠλόυζα:—to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare. II. to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy. (Formed from the sound.)

ὄλόμην, ὄοντο, Ep. for ὄλω-, aor. 2 med. of ὄλλυμι.

ὄλοοι-τροχος, ὁ, ποët. form of ὄλοίτροχος.

ὄλοός ποët. ὄλοῖός, ὄλοῖός, η, ον, (ὄλλυμι) destructive, destroying, hurtful, deadly; ὄλοοὶ φρονεῖν to design ill:—Comp. and Sup. ὄλοώτερος, ὄλωσταιος. II. pass. destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. perditus.

ὄλοο-φρων, ονος, ὁ and ἡ, (ὄλοός, φρήν) meaning mischief, baleful. II. crafty, sagacious.

ὄλόπτω, f. ψω, to pull, pluck out: to strip off. (Akin to λωπός, λέπω.)

*ΟΛΟΣ Ep. οὔλος, η, ον, whole, entire, complete, Lat. solus, solidus; τὰ ὅλα one's all. 2. entire, utter; ὄλον ἀμάτηρα an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv. ὄλον and τὸ ὄλον altogether. II. whole, i. e. safe and sound, Lat. integer.

ὄλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύρητος, ον, (ὄλος, σφύρα) battered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast.

ὄλο-σχερής, ἒς, (ὄλος, σκερός) *whole, entire, sound, complete, Lat. integer.* 2. *relating to the whole, important, considerable.* II. Adv. -ρῶς, *completely, entirely.*

ὄλο-τελής, ἒς, (ὄλος, τέλος) *quite complete, perfect.*

ὄλοῦμαι, fut. med. of ἄλλυμι.

ὄλο-φυγδών, ὄνος, ἦ, (ὄλος, φῶω) *a large pimple, pustule.*

ὄλοφυνδός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄλοφύρομαι) *lamenting, wailing* : —neut. pl. ὄλοφυνδά, as Adv., *miserably.*

ὄλοφύρομαι, οὖ, ὄ, *a lamenting, lamentation.* From ὄΛΟΦΥΨΟΜΑΙ [ῥ], Dep.: f. ὄλοφύρομαι: aor. I ὄλοφύραμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὄλοφύραο, ὄλοφύρατο: aor. I part. pass. ὄλοφύρθεῖς, in same sense. I. intr. *to lament, wail, moan, weep.* 2. *to lament or mourn for others, to feel pity*: c. gen. *to have pity upon.* 3. *to beg with tears and lamentations.* II. c. acc. *to lament-over, bewail, weep for, mourn.* 2. *to pity.* Hence

ὄλόφουρος, ἦ, *lamentation.*
ὄλοφώιος, ὄν, lengthd. for ὄλοός, ἄλωιός, *destructive, deadly*: ὄλοφώια εἰδώς used in *pernicious arts.*

ὄΛΠΗ, ἦ, *a leathern oil-flask, used in the palaestra.*

ὄΛΠΙΣ, ἰος and ἰδος, ἦ, = ἄλπῃ.

ὄλυμπία, ἦ, *Olympia*, a district of Elis round the city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held: properly fem. of ὄλύμπιος (sub. γῆ or χώρα).

ὄλύμπια, τὰ, *the Olympic games*, established by Hercules and renewed by Iphitus, held at intervals of four years in honour of *Olympian Zeus* by the Greeks assembled at *Olympia* in Elis; ὄλύμπια νικᾶν *to conquer at the Olympic games*: also, ὄλύμπια ἀνελεῖσθαι or ἀναηρῆναι *to have carried off the prize at the Olympic games.*

ὄλυμπιάζει, Adv. (ὄλυμπία, ἦ) *to Olympia.*

ὄλυμπιάθεν, Adv. (ὄλυμπία, ἦ) *from Olympia.*

ὄλυμπιάς, ἄδος, ἦ, *pecul. fem. of ὄλύμπιος, Olympian*, epith. of the Muses: generally, *a dweller on Olympus, a goddess.* 2. ὄλυμπιάς ἐλαία *the olive-crown of the Olympic games.* II. as Subst., I. *the Olympic games.* 2. *a victory at Olympia* (sub. νίκη); ὄλυμπιάδα ἀναηρῆσαι, νικᾶν *to gain a victory in the Olympic games.* 3. *an Olympiad*, i. e. the space of four years between the celebrations of the Olympic games: the first Olympiad begins 776 B. C.

ὄλυμπιάστι, Adv. (ὄλυμπία, ἦ) *at Olympia*: cf. θύρασι.

ὄλυμπιάσι [ᾶ], dat. pl. of ὄλυμπιάς.

ὄλυμπιῶν or ὄλυμπιέων, τύ, (ὄλύμπιος) *the temple of Olympian Zeus.*

ὄλυμπικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄλυμπος) *Olympic*; ὁ ὄλυμπικός ἀγών *the Olympic games.*

ὄλυμπιό-νικης, οὖ, ὄ, (ὄλυμπία, νικᾶω) *a conqueror in the Olympic games.* [νῆ]

ὄλυμπιό-νικος, ὄν, (ὄλυμπία, νικᾶω) *conquering in the Olympic games.*

ὄλύμπιος, ὄν, (ὄλυμπος) *Olympian, dwelling on Olympus*, epith. of the gods above, esp. of Jove, who

is called also simply ὄλύμπιος; ὄλύμπια δώματα *the mansions of Olympus.*

ὄλυμπιόενε Ep. Οὐλ-, Adv. *to or towards Olympus.*

ὄλυμπος Ep. and Ion. Οὐλυμπος, ὄ, *Olympus*, a high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly. It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.

ὄΛΥΤΘΟΣ, ὄ, *a fig* which grows during the winter, but seldom ripens: *an untimely fig*, Lat. *grossus.*

ὄΛΥΤΡΑ, ἦ, mostly in pl., *a kind of grain, spelt*, mentioned as food for horses along with barley (κρή); used in Egypt for *making bread.*

ὄλώιος, collat. form of ἄλωός, ἄλωιός.

ὄλωλα, pf. med. of ἄλλυμι.

ὄλώλεκα, pf. of ἄλλυμι.

ὄλω, Adv. of ἄλω, *wholly, altogether, on the whole*: in short, Lat. *denique*: οὐχ ὄλωσ not at all, Lat. *omnino non.*

ὄμᾶ, Adv. Dor. for ὄμη.

ὄμαδέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄμαδος) *to make a noise or din.*

ὄμαδος, ὄ, (ὄμός) *a noise, din, made by many voices together.* II. *a tumultuous crowd, throng.* III. *the din of battle, the battle-throng.*

ὄμαίμιος, ὄν, *related by blood, kindred.* From ὄμ-αιμιος, ὄν, (ὄμός, αίμα) *of the same blood, related by blood, akin*, Lat. *consanguineus*: as Subst., ὄμαιμιος, ὄ, ἦ, *a brother or sister.* Hence

ὄμαιμοσύνη, ἦ, *relationship by blood.*

ὄμ-αίμιος, ὄν, gen. *ovos*, = ὄμαιμιος:—Comp. ὄμαιμονέστερος, *more nearly akin.*

ὄμαιμῖα, ἦ, *a fighting together: a defensive alliance, league.* From

ὄμ-αιμῖος, ὄν, (ὄμός, αιμή) *fighting together*: as Subst., ὄμαιμῖος, ὄ, *an ally.*

ὄμαῖλις, ἒς, (ὄμαλός) *even, level*: τὰ ὄμαλῆ level ground.

ὄμαλίξω, f. σω, (ὄμαλός) *to make even or level, to level*: to equalise.

ὄμαλός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄμός) *even, level*; τὸ ὄμαλόν level ground. 2. *of equal, like degree*; ὄμαλός γάμος *marriage with one of like degree.* 3. *metaph. middling, average, ordinary.* Hence

ὄμαλότης, ἦτος, ἦ, *evenness, equality.*

ὄμαλῶς (ὄμαλός), Adv. *evenly*; ὄμαλῶς βαίνειν *to march in even line.*

ὄμ-αρτέω: impf. ἄμαρτουν Ion. —εν: f. ὄμαρτήσω: aor. I ἄμαρτησα: (ὄμοῦ, ἀρτάω):—*to meet*; I. in hostile sense, *to meet in fight*:—Med. *to attack in fight.* 2. *to walk together*, esp. in part., βῆσαν ὄμαρτήσαντες *they walked in company: to keep pace, equal in speed*: c. dat. *to walk beside, accompany.* 3. *to pursue.*

ὄμαρτή or ὄμαρτή, Adv. *together, jointly*, another form of ἄμαρτή, ἄμαρτή.

ὄμαρτή, Dor. for ὄμαρτει, 3 sing. impf. of ὄμαρτέω.

ὄμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for ὄμα-, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ὄμαρτέω.

ὄμαρτήσιεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of ὄμαρτέω.

ὁμαρτήτην, Ep. for ὁμ-, 3 dual impf. of ὁμαρτέω.
 ὁμ-αστis, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἀστίς) allied in arms :
 as Subst., ὁμαστis, ὁ, ἀ, comrade, fellow-soldier.

ὁμ-αῦλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, αῦλαξ) with adjoining
 furrows or lands.

ὁμαυλία, ἡ, a dwelling together, union. From
 ὁμ-αυλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλή) living together : hence,
 neighbouring.

ὁμ-αυλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλός) playing together on the
 flute, harmonious, blending, in unison.

ὁμβρέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄμβρος) to rain. II. trans. to
 rain or shower down upon : to bedew, wet.

ὁμβρηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄμβρος) rainy, watery.

ὁμβρίμος, ον, = ὄβριμος.

ὁμβριος, ον, also α, ον, (ὄμβρος) rainy : of or be-
 longing to rain, Lat. pluvialis ; ἰδωρ ὄμβριον rain-
 water.

ὁμβρο-δόκος, ον, (ὄμβρος, δέχομαι) holding or re-
 ceiving rain.

ὁμβρο-κτύπος, ον, (ὄμβρος, κτύπew) striking with
 rain.

ὄΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. IMBER, a storm of rain, a
 thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. II.

metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

ὄμβρο-φόρος, ον, (ὄμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

ὄμειται, 3 sing. fut. of ὄμνυμι.

ὄμ-έστιος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἔστια) sharing the same hearth.

ὄμ-ευνέτης, ον, ὁ, fem. ὁμ-ευνέτης, ἰδος, = ὄμ-ευνος.

ὄμ-ευνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, εὐνή) sleeping together : as Subst.,
 ὄμ-ευνος, ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort.

ὄμ-έμιος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἔμια) a playmate.

ὄμη or ὄμη, Adv. (ὄμος) poet. for ὁμοῦ.

ὄμ-ηγερός, ἑς, (ὄμος, ἀγείρω) assembled together.

ὄμηγύριζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to assemble, call to-
 gether. From

ὄμ-ἡγύρις Dor. ὄμάγ-, ἰος, ἡ, (ὄμος, ἄγυρις) an as-
 sembly, meeting : a throng, company.

ὄμηλικία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (ὄμηλιξ) equality of age :—
 as Collective Subst. those of the same age, one's friends,
 playmates, comrades. II. of a single person, =

ὄμηλιξ.

ὄμ-ἡλιξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, esp.
 of young persons : as Subst. an equal in age, comrade,
 playmate. II. of like stature.

ὄμηρέα, ἡ, (ὄμηρέω) a giving hostages or securities :
 a security, pledge.

ὄμηρεος, α, ον, (Ὀμηρος) of Homer, Homeric.

ὄμηρούσαι, Ion. for ὄμηρούσαι, part. fem. pl. of
 ὄμηρέω.

ὄμηρέω, f. σω, (ὄμηρος) to be a hostage, serve as a
 pledge or hostage. II. trans. to give as a hostage,
 pledge or security.

ὄμηρέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄμηρος) to meet. 2. metaph. to
 accord, agree.

ὄμηρίδης, ον, ὁ, mostly in plur. ὄμηρίδαι, οἱ, the
 Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended
 to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his
 poems : generally, the admirers of Homer.

ὄμ-ηρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἄραρεῖν) joined together, united,
 wedded. II. as Subst., ὄμηρος, ὁ, a pledge to

preserve peace, a surety, security, hostage.

ὄμηλαδόν, Adv. (ὄμηλος) in groups, bands, Lat. tur-
 matim : in crowds.

ὄμηλέω, f. ἦσο : aor. I ὄμηλησα : (ὄμηλος) :—to be
 together or in company with ; μετ' Ἀχαιοῖς ὄμηλεῖν
 to associate with the Achaeans ; ἐνὶ πρωτόισιν ὄμη-
 λεῖν to be in company among the foremost ; περὶ νε-
 κρὸν ὄμηλεῖν to throng about the corpse. 2. absol.
 to come or live together. II. in hostile sense, to

meet in battle, encounter : absol. to meet one an-
 other.

III. of social intercourse, to hold converse :
 to live familiarly with, associate with : to have deal-
 ings with. 2. absol. to be friends.

IV. of

pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged
 in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be
 at hand. V. of a place, to come into, be in : to

haunt, frequent a spot.

ὄμηληδόν, Adv. = ὄμηλαδόν.

ὄμηλησειν, fut. inf. of ὄμηλέω.

ὄμηλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὄμηλέω) a scholar, bearer.

ὄμηλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄμηλέω) to be conversed with ; οὐχ
 ὄμηλητός unapproachable, savage.

ὄμηλία, ἡ, (ὄμηλος) a being or living together, inter-
 course, converse, dealings with another ; ἡ ἐμὴ ὄμηλία
 converse with me ; ὄμηλία χθονός intercourse with a
 country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, as-
 sembly ; ναὸς ὄμηλία ship-mates.

ὄμ-ιλος, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, ἴλη) an assembled crowd, a throng
 of people, mob, multitude. II. the throng of battle,
 tumult.

ὄμ-ιχέω, f. ἦσω, = ὄμιχω.

ὄΜΙΧΛΗ Ion. ὄμιχλη Dor. ὄμίχλα, ἡ, misty air,
 a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence

ὄμιχλῆος Ion. ὄμιχλ-, εσσα, ev, misty.

ὄΜΙΧΩ, to make water, Lat. MINGO. [ῥ]

ὄμμα, ατος, τό, (ὄμμα, pf. pass. of ὄραω) the eye ;
 ὄμμασι λόφῳ ἰδεῖν to look with eye askance at ; opp.
 to ὀρθοῖς ὄμμασιν ὄραν or ἐξ ὀρθῶν ὀμμάτων, Lat.
 rectis oculis videre, to look straight at ; κατ' ὄμμα
 face to face, in full sight ; ὡς ἀπ' ὀμμάτων to judge
 by the eye, Lat. ex obtutu ; ἐν ὄμμασι, Lat. in oculis,
 before one's eyes ; so also παρ' ὄμμα, πρὸ ὀμμάτων ;
 ἐξ ὀμμάτων out of sight. II. that which one sees,
 a sight. 2. a phantom, image of fancy. III.

ὄμμα νυκτός, i. e. the moon ; so ὄμμα αἰθέρος, of the
 sun ; generally, light ; ὄμμα φήμης the light of happy
 tidings.

IV. metaph. anything dear or pre-
 cious. V. periph. of the person, ὄμμα πελείας
 for πελέα, ὄμμα νύμφας for νύμφα ; cf. κάρα.

Hence

ὄμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of ὄμμα, a little eye.

ὄμμάτω-στερής, ἑς, (ὄμμα, στερέω) deprived of
 eyes. II. act. depriving of eyes : blighting, canker-
 ing, esp. the buds of plants.

ὄμμάτω, f. ὠσω : pf. pass. ὀμμάτωμαι : (ὄμμα) :—
 to give eyes to :—Pass., φρὴν ὀμματομένη a mind

quick of sight.
explain.

II. metaph. to make distinct,

*OMNTMI or ὁμνύω, imperat. ὁμνυθι or ὁμνυ, 3 pl. ὁμνύωντων: impf. ὤμνυ or ὤμνυον: fut. ὁμνύμαι, εἰ, εἴται, inf. ὁμνέσθαι, later fut. ὁμύσω: aor. I ὤμοσα Ep. ὄμοσα, ὄμοσσα: pf. ὁμώμοκα: plqpf. ὁμώμοκιν: —Pass., aor. I ὤμώσθη or ὤμώλην: pf. ὁμώμοσμαι, 3 pers. ὁμώμοσται or ὁμώμοσαι:—to swear; ὕρκον ὁμώσαι to swear an oath: to swear to a thing, affirm, confirm by oath: foll. by inf. to swear that one will . . : ἢ μὴν is often inserted before the inf. for the sake of emphasis; freq. in part., as, εἰπεῖν ὁμώσας to say with an oath. II. to call as witness of an oath, invoke, swear by.

ὁμο-βώμιος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, βωμῶς) having one common altar, like Ceres and Proserpine.

ὁμο-γάλαξ, ακτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμός, γάλα) suckled with the same milk: a clansman.

ὁμό-γάμος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, γαμέω) married together, as Subst. a husband or wife.

ὁμο-γαστρος, ον, (ὁμός, γαστήρ) from the same womb, born of the same mother; κασίγητος ὁμόγαστρος an uterine brother.

ὁμο-γενέτωρ, οπος, ὁ, born of the same parents, a brother. From

ὁμο-γενής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, *γένω) of the same family: generally, kindred, akin. II. act. engendering with.

ὁμο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, γέρον) a contemporary in old age.

ὁμογλωσσέω Att. —γλωπτέω, to speak the same tongue. From

ὁμό-γλωσσος Att. —γλωττος, ον, (ὁμός, γλώσσα) speaking the same tongue or language with.

ὁμό-γνιος, ον, contr. for ὁμογενιος, (ὁμοῦ, γένος) of the same race. II. presiding over kindred; ὁμό-γνιοι θεοὶ gods who protect a race or family, Lat. *Dii gentiliti*.

ὁμογνωμονέω, f. ἦσω, to be of one mind, to league together: to agree with, assent to. From

ὁμο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὁμοῦ, γνώμη) of one mind, like-minded. Adv. —μόνος.

ὁμό-γονος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, γονή) of the same family.

ὁμό-γραμμος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, γραμμή) of or with the same letters.

ὁμό-δᾶμος, Dor. for ὁμόδημος.

ὁμο-δέμιος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, δέμιον) sharing one's bed.

ὁμό-δημος Dor. —δαμος, ον, (ὁμός, δήμος) of the same people or race.

ὁμοδοξέω, to be of the same opinion, to agree. From ὁμό-δοξος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, δόξα) of the same opinion.

ὁμό-δουλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, δούλος) a fellow-slave.

ὁμό-δρομία, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, δρόμος) a running together or meeting.

ὁμο-εθής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, ἔθνος) of the same nation.

ὁμό-ζυγος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ζυγήναι) yoked together: as Subst. a yoke-fellow. II. yoked in wedlock, married.

ὁμό-ἡθης, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, ἦθος) of the same character.

ὁμο-ἡλιξ, ἶκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, Lat. *aequalis*.

ὁμόθεν, Adv. (ὁμός) from the same place, of the same origin: ὁ δόμθεν a brother. II. from near at hand, band to band: close upon.

ὁμό-θρονος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, θρόνος) sharing the same throne, partner of one's throne.

ὁμοθυμαδόν, Adv. with one accord. From ὁμό-θυμος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, θυμός) of one mind, unanimously.

ὁμοιάζω, f. σω, (ὅμοιος) to be like, resemble.

ὁμοίως, Ep. for ὅμοιος. [ἴ Ep.]

ὁμοιο-κατάληκτος, ον, (ὅμοιος, καταλήγω) ending alike, of verses.

ὁμοιοπάθος, f. ἦσω, to be in like case, to be similarly affected, sympathise. From

ὁμοιο-πάθης, ἐς, (ὅμοιος, πάθος) being in like case, having like affections, sympathising.

ὁμοιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ὅμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance with.

ὅμοιος, α, ον, Ion. and old Att. ὁμοῖος, η, ον, Att. also ος, ον; Ep. ὁμοῖτος, ον: (ὁμός):—like, resembling, Lat. *similis*: Proverbs, ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν ὁμοῖον ἀγει θεὸς ὡς τὸν ὁμοῖον 'birds of a feather flock together;' τὸ ὁμοῖον ἀνταποδίδωαι, Lat. *par pari referre*, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. 2. shared alike, common, mutual. 3. equal in force, a match for one, Lat. *par*.

4. in unison with, agreeing. 5. ἡ ὁμοία (sub. δίκη or χάρις), τὴν ὁμοίαν δίδοναι, ἀποδίδοναι to pay any one like for like, to make a like return; τὴν ὁμοίαν φέρεσθαι to have a like return made one; ἐπ' ἴση καὶ ὁμοία on fair and equal terms. 6. ἐν ὁμοίω ποιεῖσθαι τι to hold a thing in like esteem. II. of the same rank or station: οἱ ὅμοιοι, all citizens with equal privileges: peers.—The person or thing to which another is like is commonly in dat., but also like Lat. *similis* in genit.:—also followed by a Relat., ὅμοιος ὥσπερ . . , like as . . ; ὅμοιος καὶ . . , Lat. *aequae ac . .*, like as . . ; cf. ὁμοίως.

ὁμοιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὅμοιος) likeness, similitude.

ὁμοιό-τροπος, ον, (ὅμοιος, τρόπος) of like manners and life. Adv. —πως, in like manner with.

ὁμοιώω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ὤμοιώσα:—Pass. and Med., ὁμοιώσσομαι and —αθήσσομαι (in same sense): aor. I ὤμοιώσθη: (ὅμοιος):—to make like, assimilate: esp. to liken, compare:—Pass. to be made like, become like, ὁμοιωθήμεναι ἀντην to be made like before one.

II. Med. to make a like return. Hence ὁμοιωθήμεναι, Ep. for ὁμοιωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμοίω.

ὁμοίωμα, ατος, τό, θβαι which is made like, a likeness, image.

ὁμοίως, Adv. of ὅμοιος, in like manner, like, alike: the neuters ὁμοῖον and ὁμοία, Ion. ὁμοῖον, ὁμοῖα, were also common as Adv.:—ὁμοίως ὡς . . , like as . . ; ὁμοίως καὶ . . , Lat. *aequae ac . .*, *perinde ac . .*; ὁμοῖον ὥστε . . , like as; ὁμοῖα τοῖς μάλιστα on a par with the best.

ὁμοίωσις, ἡ, (ὁμοίω) a making like, likening. II. a becoming like. 2. a likeness, image.

ὁμο-κλαρος, Dor. for ὁμόκληρος.

ὁμο-κλάω, 3 sing. impf. ὁμόκλα, = ὁμοκλέω.

ὁμοκλέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ὁμόκλησα, Ion. 3 sing. ὁμοκλήσασκε:—to call out, shout to, either to encourage, cheer on, or to upbraid, cblide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to do. From

ὁμο-κλή, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, καλέω) a calling out together, shouting of several persons: the harmony or concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.

ὁμό-κληρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλήρος) having an equal lot, share or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst., ὁμόκληρος, ὁ, a coheir, Lat. consors.

ὁμοκλησασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ὁμοκλέω.

ὁμοκλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὁμοκλέω) one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.

ὁμό-κλινος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλινῆ) reclining on the same couch at table.

ὁμό-λεκτρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέκτρον) sharing the same bed.

ὁμολογέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ὠμολόγησα: pf. ὠμολόγηκα:—Pass., aor. I ὠμολόγηθην: pf. ὠμολόγημαι. (ὠμολόγος):—to speak together, to speak one language.

2. to hold the same language, to agree with: of things, to be in accordance with. 3. to make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender; ἐπὶ τισὶ on certain terms. 4. to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confess; ὁμολογῶ σοι I grant you.

5. to agree, promise to do. 6. to be connected with, bear affinity to. II. Med. to agree, assent to; much like the Act. III. Pass. to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὰ ὁμολογούμενα and pf. part. ὠμολογημένα, things granted, acknowledged principles. Hence

ὁμολόγημα, ματος, τό, a thing agreed on, a postulate; and ὁμολογία, ἡ, agreement. 2. an agreement made, compact: in war, terms of surrender. 3. an assent, admission, confession.

ὁμό-λογος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέγω) assenting, agreeing, admitting. 2. of things, suitable, in agreement with:—Adv. -ως, confessedly, avowedly.

ὁμολογουμένα, Adv. pres. part. pass. of ὁμολογέω, agreeably, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.

ὁμο-μαστιγίας, ον, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, μάστιξ) one flogged with another, a fellow-slave.

ὁμο-μήτριος, α, ον, (ὁμοῦ, μήτηρ) born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.

ὁμό-νεκρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νεκρός) companion in death. ὁμονόω, f. ἦσω, (ὁμόνοος) to be of one mind, agree together, have sentiments in common. Hence

ὁμονοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, conducting to agreement.

ὁμόνοια, ἡ, sameness of mind, agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia. From

ὁμό-νοος, ον, contr. -vous, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νόος) of one

mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. concors. Adv., ὁμόνοος, unanimately.

ὁμο-παθής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πάθος) having the same passions.

ὁμο-πάτριος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πατήρ) by the same father.

ὁμο-πλεκτής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πλέκω) inter-laced.

ὁμό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πλόος) sailing together or in company.

ὁμό-πολις, ποῖτ. ὁμόπολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, πόλις) from the same city or state.

ὁμό-πτερος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πτέρον) with the same plumage: of like feather, akin, alike: generally, οἱ ὁμόπτεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; vāes ὁμόπτεροι consort-ships, i. e. that sail in company.

ὁμό-πτολις, ποῖτ. for ὁμόπολις.

ὁμορράξω, = ὁμορρῖνμι, to wipe off.

ὁμόρρῖνμι, Ep. for ὠμόρρῖνμι, 3 sing. impf. of

ὈΜΟΡΡῖΝΤ' ΜΙ, fut. ὁμόρρω:—Med., aor. I ὠμορράξην:—to wipe, to wipe off, dry up:—Med. to dry for oneself; δάκρυα ὁμόρρῖσθαι to dry one's tears.

ὁμορρέμενος, aor. I part. med. of ὁμόρρῖνμι.

ὁμορέω Ion. ὁμοურέω, to have the same boundaries with, to border on. From

ἄμο-ρος Ion. ἄμορος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ὄρος) having the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus:—as Subst., ἄμορος, ὁ, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ ἄμορον neighbourbood.

ὁμορροθῶ, f. ἦσω, to row together: generally, to agree with, agree together. And

ὁμορρόθους, ον, rowing or swimming together. From ὁμόρ-ροθος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ῥοθῶ) rowing together: generally, acting together.

ὈΜΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, one and the same: belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat. communis. (Akin to ἄμα: hence ὅμοιος, ὁμῶς, ὅμως, ὁμοῦ, ὁμῆ, ὁμόθεν, ὁμόσε.)

ὁμόσαι, ὁμόσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμόσε, Adv. (ὁμός) to one and the same place, to the same spot: ὁμόσε ἵεναι, in hostile sense, to come to close quarters, Lat. cominus pugnare; ὁμόσε ἵεναι τοῖς ἐχθροῖς to go to meet the enemy.

ὁμο-σθένος, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, σθένος) of equal might.

ὁμοστίεω, f. ἦσω, to eat or live together with. From

ὁμό-στίος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, στίος) eating together.

ὁμό-σκευος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκενή) arrayed in the same way.

ὁμοσκηγία, ἡ, a living in the same tent. From ὁμό-σκηνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκηνή) living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.

ὁμο-σκηνώ, f. ὠσω, to live in the same tent with.

ὁμό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπλάγχνα) from the same womb, of the same mother.

ὁμό-σπονδος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπονδή) sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup: bound by treaty.

ὁμό-σπορος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπείρω) sown together: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.

ὁμόσσαι, ὁμόσσας, Ep. for ὁμόσα, ὁμόσας.

ὁμό-στίχαι, (ὁμοῦ, στείχω) to walk together with.

ὁμό-στολος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, στέλλω) sent together with,

in company with.

II. (ὁμοῦ, στολή) clad alike :

of the same kind.

ὁμό-τάφος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τάφος) buried together.

ὁμό-τεχνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τέχνη) practising the same craft : as Subst., ὁμότεχνος, ὅ, a fellow-workman.

ὁμό-τιμος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τιμή) equally honoured, held in equal honour : οἱ ὁμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the peers of the realm.

ὁμό-τοιχος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τοίχος) having one common wall, separated by a party wall : metaph. hardly different from.

ὁμο-τράπεζος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τράπεζα) sitting or eating at the same table with.

ὁμό-τροπος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τρόπος) of the same habits : ὁμότροπα ἦθεα like habits :—as Subst., ὁμότροπος, ὅ, a comparison.

ὁμό-τροφος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, τρέφω) brought up or bred together with ; ὁμότροφα τοῖσι ἀνθρώποισι θηρία beasts brought up with men.

ὁμοῦ, Adv. (properly neut. gen. of ὁμός), together, of Place :—also together, at once ; γαίαν ὁμοῦ καὶ πόντον earth and sea together. 2. together with, along with ; c. dat., ὁμοῦ νεκίεσσι with or among the dead. 3. near, hard by : nearly, almost. 4.

ὁμοῦ καί, in like manner as, just like as, Lat. *aeque ac*.

ὁμοῦμαι, fut. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμοურῶ, ὁμουρος, Ion. for ὁμορέω, ὄμορος.

ὁμό-φοιτος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, φοιτάω) going together with :

as Subst., ὁμόφοιτος, ὅ, a companion.

ὁμοφρονέω, f. ἦσα, (ὁμόφρων) to be of one mind with ;

πόλεμος ὁμοφρονέων a war resolved on unanimously.

ὁμοφροσύνη, ἡ, a being of the same mind, unity. From

ὁμό-φρων, ονος, ὅ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, φρήν) of one mind,

agreeing in sentiments, united.

ὁμο-φυής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, φυή) of the same age or nature.

ὁμό-φύλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, φύλον) of the same race or

people : as Subst., ὁμόφυλοι, οἱ, men of the same race :

τὸ ὁμόφυλον sameness of race.

ὁμοφωνέω, f. ἦσα, to speak the same language

with. 2. to chime in with. From

ὁμό-φωνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, φωνή) speaking the same language

with. 2. agreeing in tone, in unison with.

ὁμο-χροία, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, χροία) sameness of colour. II.

smoothness of surface : the surface, skin.

ὁμοχρονέω, f. ἦσα, to keep time with. From

ὁμόχρονος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, χρόνος) of the same time with.

ὁμό-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, οον, (ὁμοῦ, χροιά) of

the same colour.

ὁμό-ψηφος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ψήφος) voting with. II.

having an equal right to vote with.

ὁμόω, f. ὠώθη, (ὁμός) to join together, unite :—Pass.,

αορ. I ὠώθη, to be united.

*ΟΜΠΗΝ, ἡ, corn, food.

ὁμπιακός, ἡ, ὄν, = ὄμπνιος.

ὄμπνιος, α, ὄν, (ὄμπνη) of or from corn, nourishing,

thriving, large :—Ὀμπνιά [ἄ], ἡ, a name of Ceres,

as the mother of corn.

ὄμφᾶκίαι, ον, ὅ, (ὄμφαξ) wine made from unripe grapes. II. metaph. as masc. Adj. *barb, austere, bitter, crabbed.*

ὄμφακο-ράξ, ἄγος, ὅ, ἡ, (ὄμφαξ, ράξ) with sour or unripe grapes.

ὄμφαλιος, ον, (ὄμφαλις) belonging to the navel : as Subst., ὄμφάλιον, τό, = ὄμφαλος. 2. having a boss, like a boss.

ὄμφαλόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὄμφαλις) having a navel or boss ; ἀσπίς ὄμφαλόεσσα a shield with a central boss.

*ΟΜΦΑ'ΛΟ'Σ, οῦ, ὅ, the navel, Lat. *umbilicus*. II. anything like a navel : the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield, Lat. *umbo*. 2. a knob on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to. 3.

the centre : so Calypso's island Ogygia is called ὄμφαλις θαλάσσης, the navel or centre of the sea : and Delphi was called ὄμφαλις as the navel or centre of Earth.

*ΟΜΦΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, an unripe grape. 2. metaph. a young girl.

ὄμφη, ἡ, a divine voice, opp. to αὐδή : a prophecy, oracle, warning voice : any token conveying divine intimation : later, *tuneful voice, melody*. II. *fame, report* ; σὴ ὄμφη the report about thee.

ὄμφῶθηαι, αορ. I inf. pass. of ὄμω.

ὄμ-ῶλαξ, ακος, ὅ, ἡ, = ὄμαλλαξ.

ὄμῶμοκα, pf. of ὄμνυμι.

ὄμῶμοσμαι, 3 sing. ὄμῶμομαι, pf. pass. of ὄμνυμι. ὄμ-ωνύμιος, α, ον, and ὄμ-ωνύμιος, ον, (ὄμῶς, ὄνομα) having the same name :—as Subst., ὄμῶνυμιος, ὅ, ἡ, a namesake. II. *ambiguous, equivocal*.

ὄμ-ωρόφος, ον, and ὄμ-ωρόφος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ὄροφή) living under the same roof with.

ὄμῶς, Adv. of ὄμός, equally, alike, in equal parts, Lat. *pariter*. 2. like ὁμοῦ, together, at once, alike. II. c. dat. like as, equally with, Lat. *pariter ac* ; ἐχθρὸς ὄμῶς Ἄϊδαο πύλῃσι hated like the gates of Hell.

ὄμως, Conj. (ὄμός) nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, still, Lat. *tamen* ; ὄμως μὴν or μέντοι but still, for all that :—ὄμως is in Att. often joined with a part, Lat. *quamvis, κενὸί μου νοσῶν ὄμως* hear me although thou art diseased.

ὄμ-ωχέτης, ον, ὅ, (ὄμός, ἔχω) holding or dwelling together ; θεοὶ ὄμωχέται gods worshipped in the same temple.

ὄν-ἄγιος, ὅ, Dor. and Att. for ὄνηγός.

ὄν-ἄργος, ὅ, (ὄνος, ἄργιος) the wild ass.

ὄναϊσμη, ὄναϊο, ὄναϊτο, αορ. 2 med. opt. of ὄννημι.

*ΟΝΑ'Ρ, τό, a dream, vision in sleep, opp. to a waking vision (ὕπαρ) : only used in nom. and acc. (ὄνειρος and ὄνειρον being used in the other cases) :—proverb. of anything fleeting or unreal, *σκῆας ὄναρ* the dream of a shadow. II. in Att., ὄναρ was mostly used as an Adv., in a dream, in sleep ; οὐδὲ ὄναρ not even in a dream : often opp. to ὕπαρ, ὄναρ ἢ ὕπαρ ἦν to live in a dream or awake.

ὄναριον, τό, Dim. of ὄνος, a young ass.

ὄνασεῖ, Dor. for ὄνησει, 3 sing. fut. of ὄννημι.

ὄνασθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. ὄννημι.

ὄνασις, Dor. for ὄνησις.

ὄνειρα, τό, gen. ὄνειράτος, (ὄννημι) anything that profits or is helpful, advantage, succour: a refreshment, refecation: plur. ὄνειράτα, food, victuals.

ὄνειδεῖος, ον, (ὄνειδος) reproachful: disgraceful.

ὄνειδίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἄνειδισα: pf. ἄνειδικα:—Pass., with fut. med. ἐνειδιούμαι: (ὄνειδος):—to throw a reproach upon, cast in one's teeth, object or impute something to one, Lat. *objicere*. 2. to reproach, upbraid.

ὄνειδισμα, τό, (ὄνειδίξω) a reproach.

ὄνειδισμός, ὄ, (ὄνειδίξω) a reproaching: reproach.

ὄνειδιστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὄνειδίξω) a reproacher, upbraider: as masc. Adj. reproachful.

*ΟΝΕΙΔΙΟΣ, τό, any report or character, whether good or bad, like Lat. *fama*: but commonly, reproach, blame. 2. matter of reproach, a reproach, disgrace.

ὄνειος, ον, (ὄνος) of an ass; ὄνειον γάλα ass's milk.

ὄνειράτα, τά, used as pl. of ὄνειρον.

ὄνειραῖος, α, ον, (ὄνειρος) dreamy, of dreams; ἐν δειρείησι πύλῃσι at the gates of dreams.

ὄνειρο-κρίτης, ον, ὄ, (ὄνειρος, κριτής) an interpreter of dreams.

ὄνειρο-μαντις, εως, ὄ, ἦ, (ὄνειρος, μάντις) an interpreter of dreams.

ὄνειρον, τό, collat. form of ὄνειρος, a dream: the pl. mostly in use is ὄνειράτα, -άτων, -άσι: and from these a sing. gen. and dat., ὄνειράτος, -ατι were formed, as if from a nom. ὄνειραρ.

ὄνειροπολέω, f. ἴσω, to be absorbed in dreams: c. acc. to dream of, as, ἵππους of horses. II. to cheat by dreams. From

ὄνειρο-πόλος, ον, (ὄνειρος, πολέω) versed in dreams: as Subst., ὄνειροπόλος, ὄ, an interpreter of dreams.

*ΟΝΕΙΡΟΣ, ὄ, a dream: also the subject of a dream: cf. ὄναρ, ὄνειρον. 2. as prop. n., *ὄνειρος, god of dreams.

ὄνειρο-σκοπός, ον, (ὄνειρος, σκοπέω) an interpreter of dreams.

ὄνειρο-φαντός, ον, (ὄνειρος, φαίνομαι) appearing in dreams, haunting one's dreams.

ὄνειρο-φρων, ονος, ὄ, ἦ, (ὄνειρος, φρήν) understanding dreams.

ὄνειρώσω Att. -πτω, (ὄνειρος) to dream.

ὄνέω, (ὄνος π) to draw up with a windlass, to haul up.

ὄν-ηγός Dor. ὄν-αγός, ὄ, (ὄνος, ἡγέομαι) an ass-driver.

ὄν-ηλάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὄ, (ὄνος, ἐλαίνω) an ass-driver.

ὄνήμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὄννημι; ὄνησα, Ep. for ὄνησα, aor. I; ὄνησει, 3 sing. fut.

ὄνησιμος, ον, (ὄνησις) useful, profitable: aiding, succouring.

ὄνησις, εως, ἦ, (ὄννημι) profit, advantage, service: enjoyment, delight.

*ΟΝΘΟΣ, ὄ, dirt, dung.

ὄνια, ἦ, Aeol. for ἄνια.

ὄνιδιον, τό, Dim. of ὄνος, a little ass, donkey.

ὄνικος, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄνος) of or for an ass; ὄνικος μύλος a mill-stone turned by an ass, larger than the stones of the common hand-mills.

ὄννημι, ὄννης, ὄννημι, inf. ὄννάναι [ᾶ], part. ὄννας: fut. ὄνησω: aor. I ὄνησα: as if from obsol.

*ΟΝΕΨΩ:—Med. and Pass. ὄννᾶμαι, impf. ὄννᾶμην: fut. ὄνησομαι: aor. 2 ὄνημην, -ησο, -ητο, or ὄνᾶμην; imperat. ὄνησο, opt. ὄναιμην, inf. ὄνασθαι, part. ὄνημενος: aor. I ὄνήθην. I. Act. to profit, benefit, help, support; and, like Lat. *juvo*, to gratify, delight.

II. Med. to have profit or advantage, to enjoy help: esp. to have delight or enjoyment: c. gen. to enjoy, have enjoyment or pleasure of a thing. 2. freq. in aor. 2 opt. ὄναιμην, αἰο, αἰτο, to express good wishes, οὕτως ὄναιμην so may I thrive! ὄναιο, Lat. *sis felix!* I mayest thou be happy! also with χάριν, ὄναιο τοῦ γενναίου χάριν bless thee for thy noble spirit: so also in phrase εἰσθλός μοι δοκεῖ εἶναι, ὄνημενος (sub. εἴη or ἔστω), he seems brave, may be be fortunate! :—also ironical, ὄναιο μὲντᾶν εἰ τις ἐκπύνει σε you would however be the better for it, if one were to wash you.

ὄνις, ἴδος, ἦ, (ὄνος) ass's dung.

ὄνοτο, 3 sing. pres. opt. of ὄνομα.

*ΟΝΟΜΑ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. οὔνομα Aeol. δῶμα:—Lat. *NOMEN*, a name; ὄνομα θεῖναι τι to give one a name; ὄνομα φέρεσθαι to bear a name; ὄνομα καλεῖν τινα to call one by a name. II. name, fame, report, whether good or bad.

III. name, as opp. to reality, esp. opp. to ἔργον, like λέγος. 2. a false name, pretence, pretext; ἐπ' ὄνόματι under the pretence. IV. ὄνομα is also used with the names of persons, for the person, like κάρα, as ᾧ φίλατον ὄνομα Πολυαἰέου.

V. a word, expression: a saying. VI. in Grammar, a noun, Lat. *nomen*, opp. to ῥῆμα, Lat. *verbum*, a verb.

ὄνομάζω Ion. οἰνομάζω: fut. ὄνομάσω Aeol. ὄννμάζω: aor. I ὄνόμασα: pf. ὄνόμακα:—Pass., aor. I ὄνομάσθην: pf. ὄνόμασμαι: (ὄνομα):—to name, speak of, call or address by name. 2. to name or speak of, as opp. to doing, as ὄνομα opp. to ἔργον.

3. to call one by a name, ὄνομάζειν τινά τι; also σοφιστήν ὄνομάζουσιν τὸν ἄνδρα εἶναι they call the man a sophist by name: ὄνομάζειν ἀπὸ or ἐκ τινος to name or call from or after another; so also ἐπὶ τινος or τινι:—Med. to have one called by a name, name:—Pass. to be called by a name.

*ΟΝΟΜΑΙ, 2 sing. ὄνοσαι, 3 pl. ὄνομαι; imperat. ὄνοσο, 3 sing. opt. ὄνοαιτο: fut. ὄνόσομαι Ep. ὄνόσομαι: aor. I ὄνοσάμην, opt. ὄνοσάμην, αἰο, αἰτο, Ep. inf. ὄνόσασθαι; also aor. I pass. ὄνόσθην: Homer has also aor. 2 pl. pres. ὄνεσθε, 3 sing. aor. I ὄνωτο; Dep.:—to blame, reject, find fault, be discontented with, scorn: c. gen., οὐδ' ὡς σε ἔολπα ὄνόσασθαι κακότητος not even thus do I fancy that thou wilt be discontented with thy ill fortune.

ὄνομαίνω: fut. ὄνομαῖνῶ Ion. ὄνομαίνεω: aor. I ἄνω-
μηνῆ Ep. ὄνόμηνα: (ὄνομα):—poët. for. ὄνομάζω, to
name, call by name, Lat. *nomino*: also, to give a
name to, call by a name. 2. to promise to do. 3.
to name, appoint. 4. to pronounce, utter.

ὄνομα-κλήθην, Adv. (ὄνομα, καλέω) calling by name,
by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

ὄνομα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ὄνομα, κλυτός) of famous name,
renowned. II. act. celebrating.

ὄνομαστί, Adv. (ὄνομάζω) by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

ὄνομαστός Ion. ὄνν-, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄνομάζω) named: to
be named, to be mentioned. II. of name or note,
famous, glorious: of things, memorable.

ὄνοματο-λόγος, ὄ, (ὄνομα, λέγω) one who tells
people's names, Lat. *nomenclator*.

ὄνόμηνα, Ep. aor. I of ὄνομαίνω.

*ΟΝΟΣ, ὄ and ἦ, an ass, Lat. *asinus, asina*: Pro-
verbs: *περὶ ὄνου σκιάς* for an ass's shadow, like Lat.
de lana caprina, i. e. for a mere trifle: ὄνου πόκαι
ass's wool, like ὄρνιθων γάλα, of something not ex-
isting. II. from the ass being a beast of burden,
the name was applied to, I. a windlass, crane,
pulley. 2. the upper millstone. III. a beaker,
wine-cup, prob. from its shape.

ὄνοσσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of ὄνομαι.

ὄνόσσεσθαι, Ep. for ὄνόσσεσθαι, part. inf. of ὄνομαι.

ὄνοστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄνομαι) to be blamed or scorned.

ὄνοτάζω, like ὄνομαι, to blame, rail at.

ὄνοτός, ἦ, ὄν, for ὄνοστός.

ὄνο-φορβός, ὄν, (ὄνος, φέρβω) an ass-keeper.

ὄντα, τά, pl. part. pres. of εἶμι, the things which
actually exist, the present, opp. to the past and future:
—also reality, truth. II. that which one has, prop-
erty, fortune.

ὄντως, Adv. part. of εἶμι *sum*, really, actually.

ὄνυμα, τό, Aeol. for ὄνομα. Hence

ὄνυμάζω, ὄνυμαίνω, Aeol. for ὄνομα-.

ὄνυξ, ὄχος, ὄ, dat. pl. ὄνυξι Ep. ὄνυχεσσι: I. in
pl. the talons of a bird of prey: also in sing., of beasts
of prey, a claw; of human beings, a nail, Lat. *unguis*;
of cattle, a hoof; ὄνυχας ἐπ' ἀκροῦς στήναι to stand
on tiptoe, Lat. *summus digitis*. 2. ἐξ ἀπαλῶν ὄνυχων,
Horace's *de tenero ungui*, from a tender age. II.

a gem streaked with veins, an onyx: also any vessel
made of it.

ὄνυχεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ὄνυξ.

ὄξ-άλμη, ἦ, (ὄξος, ἀλμη) a sauce made of vinegar
and brine.

ὄξεια, Ion. for ὄξεῖα, fem. of ὄξός:—ὄξεσι, dat. pl.

ὄξεως, Adv. of ὄξός, sharp.

ὄξηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄξος) of or for vinegar; κέραμος
ὄξηρός a jar for vinegar.

ὄξήνης [Γ], ου, ὄ, (ὄξος) sour, of wine. 2. metaph.
sour-tempered, crabbed.

ὄξίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (ὄξος) a vinegar-cruet, Lat. *acetabu-
lum*. II. a sort of shrimp.

ὄξος, εος, τό, (ὄξός) sour wine: vinegar, Lat. *acē-
tum*.

ΟΞΥ'Α or ὄξυή, ἦ, a kind of beech. II. a spear-
shaft made from its wood: generally, a spear.

ὄξυ-βάφων, τό, (ὄξός, βάπτω) a vinegar-saucer, Lat.
acetabulum: a shallow dish or saucer.

ὄξυ-βελής, ἐς, (ὄξός, βέλος) sharp-pointed: gene-
rally, pointed, rough.

ὄξυ-βόας and ὄξυ-βόης, ου, ὄ, (ὄξός, βοάω) shrill-
screaming: sharp-buzzing.

ὄξυ-γῶος, ου, (ὄξός, γῶος) shrill-wailing.

ὄξυ-δερκής, ἐς, (ὄξός, δέρκομαι) sharp-sighted, quick-
sighted: Sup. ὄξυδερκέστατος.

ὄξυ-δουπος, ου, (ὄξός, δοῦπος) sharp-sounding, shrill-
sounding.

ὄξυ-θεῖρος, ου, (ὄξός, ζεῖρα) with sharp, pointed
hair: irreg. plur. ὄξυθεῖρες.

ὄξυ-θηκτος, ου, (ὄξός, θήγω) sharp-edged, sharp-
pointed: metaph. sharply goaded.

ὄξυθυμῆ, f. ἦσω, (ὄξυθυμος) to be quick to anger,
quick-tempered:—also as Pass. to be provoked. Hence

ὄξυθυμία, ἦ, quickness to anger, cholera.

ὄξυ-θυμός, ου, (ὄξός, θυμός) quick to anger, quick-
tempered, passionate, choleric.

ὄξυ-κάρδιος, ου, (ὄξός, καρδιά) quick-tempered.

ὄξυ-κίνητος, ου, (ὄξός, κινέω) moved quickly. [Γ]

ὄξυ-κόμος, ου, (ὄξός, κόμη) with pointed hair: of
plants, with prickly leaves.

ὄξυ-κωκτός, ου, (ὄξός, κωκῶ) loudly wailed.

ὄξυλαβέω, (ὄξυλαβής) to seize quickly: to seize the
opportunity.

ὄξυ-λαβής, ἐς, (ὄξός, λαβείν) seizing quickly.

ὄξυ-λάλος, ου, (ὄξός, λαλέω) glib-tongued.

ὄξυ-μελής, ἐς, (ὄξός, μέλος) clear-singing.

ὄξυ-μέριμος, ου, (ὄξός, μέριμνα) keenly laboured or
studied.

ὄξυ-μήντιος, ου, (ὄξός, μηνία) quickly roused to
wrath; φόνος ὄξυμήντιος murder in hot blood.

ὄξυ-μολπος, ου, (ὄξός, μολπή) clear-singing.

ὄξυ-μωρος, ου, (ὄξός, μῶρος) pointedly foolish:—as
Subst., ὄξυμωρον, τό, a remark that seems to contradict
itself, a paradox, such as, *insaniens sapientia* or *con-
cordia discors*.

ὄξυνθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ὄξυνω.

ὄξυντήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, a sharpener. From

ὄξυνω, f. ἴνω, (ὄξός) to make sharp or pointed, to
sharpen. 2. metaph. to spur on, stimulate, sharpen:
also to provoke:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὄξυόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for ὄξός, sharp-pointed; or
from ὄξυα with beechen shaft.

ὄξυ-ὄστρακος, ου, (ὄξός, ὄστρακον) with a sharp
jagged shell.

ὄξυ-παγής, ἐς, (ὄξός, παγήναι) sharp-pointed.

ὄξυ-πευκής, ἐς, (ὄξός, πεύκη) sharp-pointed.

ὄξυ-πούς, ὄ, ἦ, πού, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὄξός, πούς)
swift-footed.

ὄξυ-πρωπος, ου, (ὄξός, πρόφα) having a sharp prow:
generally, with a sharp front or point.

ὄξυ-ρεπής, ἐς, poet. for ὄξυρεπής, = ὄζυρροπος.

ὄξυρ-ροπος, ου, (ὄξός, ῥέπω) quick-turning, nicely

poised, of a delicate balance; easily swayed: metaph. easily roused or led on, Lat. *propensus*.

ῬΞΥΣ, δέξια Ion. δέξα, δέξυ, sharp, keen, pointed; λίθος δέξυς a sharpened stone for a knife; ἔς δέξυ ἀνγυμένον brought to a point; τὸ δέξυ the sharp point or vertex of a triangle.

II. of impressions on the senses, sharp, keen, piercing; of the sun, like rapidus sol in Virgil, dazzling. 2. of sight, keen, piercing; δέξυτατον δερκεσθαι to be most keen of sight; δέξυ ἀκούειν to be quick of hearing. 3. of sound, sharp, sbrill, opp. to βαρύς. 4. of taste, sharp, pungent. 5. of pain or grief, sharp, piercing.

III. quick, sharp, keen, basty, esp. quick to anger. IV. of motion, quick, swift.—Besides Adv. δέξως, the neut. δέξυ, and pl. δέξια, are often used as Adv. sharply, etc.

δξύ-στομος, on, (δξύς, στόμα) sharp-toothed; of the gad-fly, sharp-stinging; of a sword, keen-edged.

δξυ-τενής, ἐς, (δξύς, τείνω) = δξύτονος.

δξύτης, ητος, ἦ, (δξύς) sharpness, pointedness. II. of sound, bigbness of pitch or tone. 2. of taste, pungency. III. metaph. sharpness, cleverness. 2. of action, quickness, baste.

δξύ-τόμος, on, (δξύς, τεμῆν) sharp-cutting, keen.

δξύ-τόνος, on, (δξύς, τόνος) stretched to a point: sharp, piercing: violent. II. having the acute accent, i. e. accent on the last syllable, oxytone.

δξύ-τόρος, on, (δξύς, τέρω) piercing, pointed, prickly.

δξύ-φθογγος, on, (δξύς, φθόγγος) = δξύφωνος.

δξύ-φρων, onos, ὀ, ἦ, (δξύς, φρήν) sharp-witted.

δξύ-φωος, on, (δξύς, φωνή) with clear, sbrill voice.

δξύ-χειρ, χειρος, ὀ, ἦ, (δξύς, χεῖρ) quick of hand. 2. δξύχειρ κτύπος a sound of quick-beating with the hands.

δξύ-χολος, on, (δξύς, χόλος) quick to anger.

δξύ-ωπής, ἐς, (δξύς, ὦψ) sharp-sighted.

δου, Ep. for οὔ, gen. of ὄσ or ὄ.

ὄπα, Dor. for ὄπη.

ὄπαδῶ, ὄπαδός, Dor. for ὀπηδῶ: ὀπηδός, an attendant.

ῬΠΑ/ΩΝ, f. ὄπασω Ep. ὄπασσω: aor. I ὤπασα Ep. ὄπασσα:—Med., Ep. fut. ὄπασσομαι, Ep. aor. I ὀπασάμην—to make to follow, give as a companion or follower; πολλὸν λαὸν ὄπάζειν τινί to give him much people to follow, i. e. make him leader over many:—Med. to make another follow one, take as a companion or follower. II. of things, κῦδος ὄπάζειν τινί to give him glory to follow:—to add, attach, annex to:—generally, to give, grant, bestow; ἔργον πρὸς ἀσπίδι ὄπάζειν to put a work of art on the shield.

III. to follow, pursue, press hard: absol. to force one's way:—Pass., χεῖμαρρος ὀπαζόμενος Διὸς ὄμβρω a torrent forced on (i. e. swollen with) the rain.

ὄπαιος, α, on, (ὄπη) with a hole or opening: as Subst., ὄπαιον, τό, a hole in the roof.

ὄπανικα, Dor. for ὀπηνικά.

ὄπάσαιμι, aor. I opt. of ὄπάζω.

ὄπασσε, ὄπασσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I act. and med. of ὄπάζω.

ὄπάσσει, Ep. for ὄπάσει, 2 sing. fut. med. of ὄπάζω.

ὄ-πατρος, on, for δμύ-πατρος, (ὄμυς, πατήρ) by the same father.

ὄπάων [ᾱ], onos, Ion. ὄπέων, -έωνος, ὀ, (ὄπάζω) like ὀπηδός, a companion, comrade, esp. in war: later a servant, attendant.

ῬΟΠΕΑΣ, ἄτος, τό, an awl, Lat. *subula*: Aeol. ὕπεας, which is the usual form.

ὄπερ, Ep. for ὄσπερ.

ὄπέων, ἄνος, ὀ, Ion. for ὄπάων.

ῬΟΠΗ, ἦς, ἦ, an opening, bole: a bole in the roof, for a chimney.

ὄπη Ep. ὀπη Dor. ὄπᾱ Ion. ὄκη, Adv. of Place, by which way, Lat. *qua*, and so *where*, like ὕπου, Lat. *ubi*: also like ὄποι, *whither*, Lat. *quo*. 2. c. gen., ὄπη γᾶς, Lat. *quo terrarum?* to which part of the land? also like Lat. *ubi terrarum?* where? II. of Manner, in *what way?* bow?

ὀπηδῶ, Dor. ὀπαδέω, to follow, accompany, attend, go with another. From ὀπηδός, ὄν, Dor. ὀπαδός, (ὄπάζω) accompanying, attending: as Subst. ὀπηδός, ὀ, an attendant.

ὀπηνικά, Adv. when, at what time. II. since, Lat. *quoniam*.

ὀπίαιος, on, ὀ, (ὀπός) cheese made from milk curdled with fig-juice (ὀπός): in full τυρός ὀπίαιος.

ὀπιζομαι, f. -ισομαι: Dep.: (ὀπις):—to have respect for, care for, regard: to stand in awe of, dread, fear: also to reverence, honour, obey.

ὀπιθε and ὀπιθεν, Adv., poet. for ὀπισθε, ὀπισθεν.

ὀπιθόμ-βροτος, on, poet. for ὀπισθόμβροτος, (ὀπιθε, βροτός) coming after a mortal; ὀπιθόμβροτον αὐχρημα the glory that lives after men.

ῬΟΠΙΚΟΙ, οἱ, the Opicans, an ancient people of Italy: Adj. Ῥοπικός, ἦ, ὄν, ancient, barbarous, Gothic.

ὀπιπτεύω, f. σω, (*ὀπτομαι) to look around after, gaze curiously at: generally, to observe, watch.

ὀπίς, ἴδος, ἦ, acc. ὀπῖν or ὀπίδα, (ὄψ) regard paid to a person or thing; 1. in bad sense, vengeance, punishment; ὄπις θεῶν the vengeance of the gods. 2. in good sense, reward, favour, regard. 3. awe, veneration, respect, Lat. *reverentia*.

ὀπισθα, Adv., Aeol. and Dor. for ὀπισθε.

ὀπισθε, and before a vowel ὀπισθεν, Ep. ὀπιθε, ὀπιθεν: (ὀπις): Lat. *pone*. 1. of Place, after, behind, opp. to πρόσθε in front; οἱ ὀπισθε those left behind; οἱ ὀπισθε λόγοι the remaining books; τὸ or τὰ ὀπισθεν the hinder parts, rear, back; εἰς τοῦπισθεν back, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen., behind: also inferior, second to. II. of Time, after, in future, hereafter.

ὀπίσθιος, α, on, also os, on, (ὀπισθε) hinder, Lat. *posticus*: ὀπ. σκέλεα the hind-legs.

ὀπισθο-βάμων, on, gen. onos, (ὀπισθε, βαῖνω) walking backwards. [ᾱ]

ὀπισθό-γράφος, on, (ὀπισθε, γράφω) written on the back or cover.

δοπισθό-δετος, ον, (δοπισθε, δέω) bound behind or backwards.

δοπισθό-δομος, ό, (δοπισθε, δόμος) the back chamber of a temple: at Athens the cella of the old temple of Athena in the citadel, used as the treasury.

δοπισθο-νόμος, ον, (δοπισθε, νέμω) grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting forwards.

δοπισθο-νύγης, ές, (δοπισθε, νυγῆαι) pricking from behind.

δοπισθό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δοπισθε, ποός) walking behind, following, attendant.

δοπισθοφύλακέω, f. ήσω, (δοπισθοφύλαξ) to guard the rear, form the rear-guard. II. to command the rear-guard. Hence

δοπισθοφύλακία, ή, the command of the rear.

δοπισθο-φύλαξ, άκος, ό, ή, (δοπισθε, φύλαξ) one who watches behind: οι δοπισθοφύλακες the rear-guard of an army.

δοπίσω, Adv., Ep. for δοπίσω.

δοπίστατος, η, ον, (δοπισθε) hindmost, Lat. *postremus*.

δοπίσω Ep. δοπίσω, Adv. (δοπίσ) of Place, behind, backwards: τό δοπίσω, contr. τουπίσω, also εις τουπίσω, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen. after, behind. II. of Time, afterwards, hereafter. III. over again, again. [χ]

δοπλάς, Dor. for δοπλής, gen. of δοπλή.

δοπλέω, (δοπλον) ποēt. for δοπλήω, to make ready.

δοπλή, ή, (δοπλον) a hoof, properly the solid hoof of a horse: but also the cloven hoof of horned cattle.

δοπληής, εσσα, εν, (δοπλον) armed.

δοπλητες, οι, = δοπλήται, name of one of the four old tribes at Athens.

δοπλίω, f. ίσω Att. ώ: aor. ώπισσα Ep. ώπισσα:—Med., Ep. aor. I ώπισσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ώπλίσθη, Ep. 3 pl. ώπλισθεν: pf. ώπλισμαι:—to make or get ready: of meats, to dress: so in Med., δόρπον ώπλίεσθαι to prepare one a meal: of horses, to get ready, harness: of soldiers, to equip, arm, harness: also, to train, exercise. 2. to arm as δοπλήται. II. Pass. to get ready, be ready: to arm, prepare for battle. Hence

δοπλίσις, ή, a preparing for war, equipment, accoutrement, arming.

δοπλισμα, ατος, τό, (δοπλίω) equipment, armour. II. an army, armament.

δοπλισμός, ό, (δοπλίω) = δοπλισις.

δοπλιστέον, verb. Adj. of δοπλίω, one must arm.

δοπλιστής, ού, ό, (δοπλίω) of a warrior.

δοπλιτ-άγωγός, όν, (δοπλιτης, άγω) commanding the heavy-armed.

δοπλιτεύω, f. σω, to be an δοπλιτης, serve as a heavy-armed soldier. From

δοπλήτης [χ], ου, ό, (δοπλον II. 2) heavy-armed, armed in full armour: δοπλήτης στρατός an armed host. II. as Subst., δοπλήτης, ου, ό, a heavy-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δόρυ), and a large shield (δοπλον),

a man-at-arms: opp. to light-armed troops, ψιλοί or γυμνήτες, γυμνήται. Hence

δοπλιτικός, ή, όν, of or for a heavy-armed soldier: τό δοπλικόν, = οι δοπλήται.

δοπλομαι, Med. (δοπλον) ποēt. for δοπλίζομαι, to get ready for oneself.

δοπλομάνω, f. ήσω, to be madly fond of arms, have a mania for war. From

δοπλο-μάνής, ές, (δοπλον, μανῆναι) madly fond of arms.

δοπλομάχια, ή, the art of using heavy arms: generally, the art of war, tactics. From

δοπλο-μάχος, ον, (δοπλα, μάχομαι) fighting in heavy arms. II. one who drills soldiers.

δοπλων, τό, any tool or implement: I. a ship's tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords; όπλα χαλκήνια a blacksmith's tools; άρούρης όπλων a sickle; όπλων γεροντικόν a staff. II. mostly in plur. implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, harness, armour; rarely in sing. a weapon: εν όπλοις μένειν to remain under arms. 2. in sing. mostly the heavy shield used by Greek foot-soldiers, whence the name όπλήται. 3. τά όπλα, = δοπλήται, heavy-armed soldiers. 4. τά όπλα also, the camp, quarters.

δοπλότερος, α, ον, and δοπλότατος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. without any Posit. in use: ποēt. for νεώτερος, νεώτατος: (δοπλα):—those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service, opp. to the old men and children:—then, generally, of age, δοπλότερος γενεῆ younger by birth, Lat. *minor natu*:—also, άνδρες όπλότεροι men of later days.

δοπλοφορέω, f. ήσω, to bear heavy arms, be a heavy-armed soldier:—Pass. to have a body-guard. From

δοπλο-φόρος, ον, (δοπλα, φέρω) bearing arms, armed: as Subst., δοπλοφόρος, ό, an armed man, a warrior. II. one of the body-guard.

δοποδάπιός, ή, όν, (ποδαπίός) relat. Adj. what sort of a person, esp. of what country, Lat. *cujas*.

δοποθεν Ep. δοποθεν Ion. όκοθεν, relat. Adv. whence, from what place.

δοποθί Ep. δοποθί, relat. Adv. (πόθι) where.

δοποι Ion. όποι, relat. Adv. of Place, whither, thither where; όποι ποτέ whithersoever; μέχρι όποι up to what place; how far. 2. c. gen., όποι ηῆς whither in the world, Lat. *quo terrarum*. II. of Manner, for όπως, how, how far.

δοποιός, α, ον, Ep. όπποιός, η, ον, Ion. όκοίος, η, ον: (ποιός) relat. Adj. of what sort, kind, or quality, Lat. *qualis*. II. the correlat. of όποιός is τοίός; τοίός .. όποιός such as; δοποιούν κ' εἶπρησα έπος, τοῖν κ' έπακούσους such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt thou hear again. III. όποιός τις refers to a special subject; όποιός τις ἤ what manner of man was he. IV. όποιός οὖν of what kind soever, Lat. *qualiscunque*. V. Adv. όποιώς: also in neut. pl. όποιά, like as, Lat. *qualiter*.

δοποζ, ού, ό, juice, esp. of trees or plants, the milky

juice, resin, or gum: the acid juice of the fig-tree:—metaph., ὄπος ἤβης the juicy freshness of youth.

ὄπος, gen. of ὄψ.
ὄποσάκις, Adv. (ὄπόσος) as many times as . . . , as often as . . . [ᾶ]

ὄποσάχῃ, Adv. (ὄπόσος) as many places as . . .
ὄπόσος, η, ον, Ep. ὄπόσος, ὄπόσος, ὄπόσος

ὄπόσος, η, ον, Ep. ὄπόσος, ὄπόσος, ὄπόσος
Ion. ὄπόσος: (πόσος): relat. Adj., I. of Number, as many, as many as . . . , Lat. quot. II. of Space, as large, as large as . . . , Lat. quantus.

ὄπότ-ἄν Ep. ὄπότ-ἄν, for ὄπότ' ἄν, (πότε): Conj. followed by subjunctive, whenever, Lat. quando-cunque.

ὄπότε Ep. ὄπότε Ion. ὄκότε, relat. Conj. when, Lat. quando. II. in causal sense, for that, because, since.

ὄπότερος, α, ον, Ep. ὄπότερος, η, ον: (πότερος):—which of two, whither of the twain, Lat. uter: also which of us two, which of you two. 2. ὄποτεροῦν and ὄπότερος δήποτε, whichever of the two, Lat. utervis, uterlibet, utercunque. 3. neut. ὄπότερον and ὄπότερα as Adv., for ὄποτέρως, in whichever of two ways: also for πότερον, whether, Lat. utrum, when there is choice of two things. II. one of two, Lat. alteruter. Hence

ὄποτέρωθε, -ωθεν Ep. ὄποτ-, relat. Adv. from which of the two, from whetber of the twain.

ὄποτέρως, relat. Adv. in whichever of two ways.
ὄποτέρωσει, relat. Adv. (ὄπότερος) to which or whichever of two sides; in which of two ways.

ὄπου Ion. ὄκου, relat. Adv. where, Lat. ubi. 2. also c. gen., ὄπου γῆς where in the world, Lat. ubi terrarum. 3. ἔσθ' ὄπου there are places, where . . . , i. e. in some places, somewhere, as Lat. est ubi . . . , for alicubi.

4. ὄπου ἄν or ὄπουπερ ἄν, wherever:—ὄπουδὴ, ὄπουδὴ, ὄπουδῆποτε, wheresoever, Lat. ubicunque. II. of Time, like Lat. ubi, when, at the time when. III. of Manner, how. IV. Causal, because, since, Lat. quando, quoniam. (Really gen. of an old Pron. *ὄπος.)

ὄππα, Adv. poet. for ὄπα, Dor. for ὄπη.

ὄππατα, Dor. for ὄμματα.

ὄπη, Adv., Ep. for ὄπη.

ὄπόθεν, ὄπόθῃ, Ep. for ὄποθεν, ὄπόθι.

ὄπόποιος, ὄπόποιε, Ep. for ὄποποιός, ὄπόποιε.

ὄπόποια, Dor. for ὄπόποιε.

ὄπόποιος, η, ον, Ep. for ὄπόποιος.

ὄπόποιαν, ὄπόποι' ἄν, Ep. for ὄποποιαν, ὄπόποι' ἄν.

ὄπόποιε, Ep. for ὄπόποιε.

ὄπόποιερος, ὄποποιερώθεν, Ep. for ὄποποι-.

ὄππας, Ep. for ὄππας.

ὄππάλιος, α, ον, (ὄππάλω) roasted: also baked.

ὄππάλιον, τό, (ὄππάλω) a kitchen.

ὄππάλια, ἡ, (ὄψομαι) a sight, a vision.

ὄππᾶτα, ὄππᾶτα, f. ὄππᾶται:—Pass., aor. ἰ ὄππᾶτην: pf. ὄππᾶμαι:—to roast or broil meat; opp. to ἔψω, to boil. 2. to bake bread; also of pottery, to bake or burn. 3. to bake, barden by

exposure to the sun. 4. metaph. of love, to scorch, burn.

ὄππᾶμενος, Dor. for ὄππᾶμενος, pres. pass. part. of ὄππᾶω.

ὄππᾶω, = ὄρω, to see.

ὄππᾶρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὄψομαι) one who looks after a thing, a spy, Lat. speculator.

ὄππᾶριος, α, ον, (ὄψομαι) of or belonging to sight; τὰ ὄππᾶρια (sub. δῶρα), presents made by the bridegroom on seeing the bride without the veil: generally, presents upon seeing or to see a person.

ὄππᾶλος [τ], ὄ, (ὄψομαι) the eye; Dor. also ὄππᾶλλος.

*ὄππᾶμοι, obsol. pres. whence the tenses of ὄρω are formed: see ὄρω.

ὄππᾶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄππᾶω) roasted: generally, prepared by fire, baked; ἐφθὰ καὶ ὄππᾶ boiled meats and roast: also of pottery, etc., baked or burned.

ὄππᾶν Ion. ὄππᾶν, f. ὄππᾶ [π]: I. Act. of the man, to marry, wed, take to wife, have to wife: ὄππᾶντες married men, opp. to the unmarried (ἡ-θεοί). II. Pass., of the woman, to be married, become a wife.

ὄππᾶτα, Ion. pf. med. of ὄρω: Dor. 3 sing. ὄππᾶτη.

ὄππᾶτή, ἡ, (ὄππᾶτα) poet. for ὄψις, a sight, view, vision.

II. sight, power of seeing.

ὄππᾶτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὄππᾶτα) a spy, looker out.

ὄππᾶρα Ion. ὄππᾶρη, ἡ, properly the part of the year between the rising of Sirius and of Arcturus, the end of summer: it was the rainy and stormy season.

II. from being the fruit-time, ὄππᾶ also means the fruit itself, esp. tree-fruit. III. metaph. the vigour of life, ripe manhood.

ὄππᾶρῆντες, Ion. for ὄππᾶρῆντες, part. Att. fut. of ὄππᾶρῶ.

ὄππᾶρῶ, f. ἰσῶ Att. ὰ, (ὄππᾶρα) to gather fruits. II. to gather fruits off a tree.

ὄππᾶρῆνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄππᾶρα) of or at the time of early autumn, autumnal; ἀστὴρ ὄππᾶρῆνός the summer-star, dog-star, also Σείριος, whose rising marked the beginning of ὄππᾶρα. [ι is long Ep., when last syll. is long.]

ὄππᾶροφῶρῶ, f. ἡσῶ, to bear fruit. From

ὄππᾶρο-φῶρος, ον, (ὄππᾶρα ἰν, φέρω) bearing fruit.

ὄππᾶρος Ep. ὄππᾶρος Ion. ὄππᾶρος:—relat. Conj. of Manner, how, in what way or manner, Lat. quomodo. 2. sometimes put for ὄλος, as, τοῖνυ με ἔθηκεν, ὄππᾶς ἔθηκε, for οἶον ἔθηκε, he has made me such as he wills.

3. ὄππᾶς ἔχω as I am, i. e. immediately, on the spot. 4. c. gen., σοῖσθε ὄππᾶς ποδᾶν (sub. ἔχετε), run as you are off for feet, i. e. as quick as you can.

5. ὄππᾶσῃ, ὄππᾶσοῦν, ὄππᾶσητοῦν, ὄππᾶστωῦν, whosoever, in what manner soever; so, ὄππᾶστωῦν, not in any way whatever, not in the least.

6. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὄππᾶς it is not (i. e. cannot be) that . . . ; but, οὐκ ἔσθ' ὄππᾶς οὐ, Lat. non fieri potest quin . . . , it cannot but be that . . . II. like Lat. ut, of Time, when, as, so soon as; Τρῶες ἐπῆρησαν, ὄππᾶς ἴδον αἰδῶν ὄππᾶ the Trojans shuddered when they saw. III. like ὡς and ὅτι, Lat. quam, with Sup.

of Adv. ὄπως τάχιστα as quickly as possible, Lat. *quam celerrime*; ὄπως ἄριστα as well as possible.

B. ὄπως as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, *that, in order that, so that*, Lat. *quo, ut*, followed,

I. by the Subjunct. when the anteced. Verb is of pres. time, as, ὄρα ὄπως γίνηται he is looking *that* he may be; πείρα, ὄπως κεν ἴκηαι keep trying *that* thou mayest come:—also elliptically (sub. ὄρα, ὄρατε, etc.) to express a caution, usually with μή, as, ὄπως τοῦτο γε μὴ ποιήσῃς, [see] thou do it not; so also with indicat. fut., ὄπως ἄνδρες ἕσεσθε see *that* ye be men!

II. by the Optat., if the anteced. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, ἔλεγον (ἔειπον) ὄπως γένοιτο I kept speaking (spoke) *that* it might be done. III. by the Indicat. of fut.; θέλγει ὄπως Ἰθακῆς ἐπιλήσεται she beguiles him *with the view that* he should forget Ithaca: also to convey a caution, δεῖ σ' ὄπως δέξῃσαι.

IV. in Att. occurs the phrase οὐχ ὄπως, ἀλλὰ or ἀλλὰ καὶ . . . not only not so, but . . ., οὐχ ὄπως χάριν αὐτοῖς ἔχεις, ἀλλὰ καὶ κατὰ τούτων πολιτεύει you not only are not grateful to them, but you are even taking measures against them;—in full, οὐ λέγω ὄπως I do not say *that*, etc.; so, οὐχ ὄπως, ἀλλ' οὐδέ not only not so, but not at all. V. ὄπως μή, = the Conjunction μή: generally used only with aor. 2 subj., or with indicat. fut.

ὄρασις, Ep. for ὄρασις, 2 sing. of ὄραω.

ὄραμα, τό, (ὄραω) *that which is seen, a view, sight*.

ὄραμνος, ὄ, later form of ὄροδάμνος.

ὄρασις, εως, ἡ, (ὄραω) *seeing, the sense of sight*.

ὄρατός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄραω) *to be seen, visible*; τὰ ὄρατά *visible objects*.

*'ΟΡΑ'Ω, impf. Att. ἔωρον: Ion. ὄρέω impf. ἔωρον: Ep. also ὄρόω: pf. ἔωρακα later ἔωράκα, pass. ἔωραμαι later ἔωράμαι. Other tenses are supplied from the Root *ΟΠΤ-ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ὄσομαι, with a rare aor. I ἠψάμην: Pass., fut. ὀψήσομαι: aor. I ἠψθην inf. ὀψθῆναι: pf. ὤμμαι, ὤψαι, ὤπται, inf. ὤψθαι: there is also in Ep. a perf. med. ὄπασα, plur. ὄπασπει from the same Root. Lastly, from the Root *ΙΔΩ inf. ἰδέσθαι, aor. 2 act. εἶδον inf. ἰδεῖν: aor. 2 med. εἰδῶμαι, inf. ἰδέσθαι: pf. with pres. sense ὄϊδα, ὄϊστα, ἰ κνωε, etc., inf. εἰδάναι (see *οἶδα*).

To see, to look; κατ' αὐτοὺς αἰὼν ὄρα (3 Ep. impf.) *he kept looking* continually at them. 2. to have sight, like βλέπω, opp. to μὴ ὄραν to be blind; ὄσ' ἂν λέγομαι, πάνθ' ὄραντα λέξομαι my words *shall have eyes*, i. e. shall have meaning; ἐν σκότῳ ὄφοῖοιτο *may they have sight* in darkness, i. e. may they be blind. 3. to see, look to, take heed, beware, mostly in Imperat. ὄρα εἰ . . . 4. c. acc. cognato, ὄραν ἄλλαν to look prowess, look like a warrior. 5.

trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; ὄραν φῶς Ἡελίοιο (Hom.), and φῶς ὄραν (Att.) *to see the light*, i. e. to be alive. II. Pass. to be seen,

also to appear; c. part., ὤψθηνεν ὄντες ἄθλιοι *we were*

seen to be wretched: τὰ ὄράμενα *things visible*. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

ὄργάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ὄργασα: pf. pass. ἄργασμαι: (ὄργάω):—to soften, knead, mould, Lat. *subigo*.

ὄργαῖνον, f. ἄνω: aor. I ὄργανα: (ὄργῃ):—to make angry, enrage. II. intr. to grow or be angry.

ὄργάνιον, τό, Dim. of ὄργανον, a small tool or instrument.

ὄργανον, τό, (ἔργον) *an instrument, implement, tool, engine*; λαίναε Ἀμφίονος ὄργανα, the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes. II. a musical instrument. III. the material of a work. IV.

the work, product itself.

ὄργανος, ἡ, ὄν, (*ἔργω) *working, fashioning*.

ὄργάς (sub. γῆ), ἄδος, ἡ, (ὄργάω) *a well-watered, fertile tract of land, a meadow*.

ὄργάω, (ὄργῃ) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. inf., ὄργῃ ἄμασθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting. II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at heat: to be excited, passionate. 2.

c. gen. to yearn or long for.

ὄργεῖον, ἄνω, Ep. ὄργεῖον, ὄνος, ὄ, (ὄργια) *a priest, ὄργῃ, ἡ, (ὄρέγω) impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper, esp. in pl., ὄργαῖ ἀστυνόμοι social dispositions*. II. any violent emotion or passion, anger, wrath; ὄργῃ χράσθαι to indulge one's anger; ὄργῃν ἄκροσ prone to anger, passionate: ὄργῃ as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so also δι' ὄργῃς, κατ' ὄργῃν, μετ' ὄργῃς, πρὸς ὄργῃν. 2. Πανὸς ὄργαῖ

panic passions, terrors.

ὄργια, ἰων, τά, (ἔργον) only used in pl., *secret rites, secret worship*, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis: also the rites of Bacchus, orgies. II. any rites, worship, sacrifice. 2. any mysteries, without reference to religion. Hence

ὄργιάζω, f. ἄσω, to celebrate orgies. II. to solemnise or celebrate any sacred rites.

ὄργίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὄργισα: (ὄργῃ):—to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate. II.

Pass., with fut. med. ὄργοῦμαι, but also pass. ὄργισθῆσομαι: aor. I ὄργισθην: pf. ὄργισμαι:—to grow angry, be wrath.

ὄργίλος [Ὶ], ἡ, ὄν, (ὄργῃ) *prone to anger, passionate*. ὄργιο-φάντης, ὄν, ὄ, (ὄργια, φαῖνω) *one who initiates others into orgies*.

ὄργυλις or ὄργυλις, ἡ, (formed from ὄρέγω, as ἀγυῖα from ἀγῶ) *the length of the outstretched arms*. 2. as a measure of length, = 4 πήχεις or 6 feet 1 inch, about our fathom: 100 ὄργυλια make one stadium. Hence

ὄργυλιος, α, ὄν, *a fathom long or large*.

ὄρεγμα, ἄτος, τό, (ὄρέγω) *a stretching out: a bolding out, offering*.

ὄρεγνυμι, = ὄρέγω, whence ὄρεγνύς (part. pres.) 'ΟΡΕΓΩ, fut. ὄρέξω: aor. I ὄρεξα:—to reach, stretch out, extend, Lat. *porrigo*: to stretch out the

hands in entreaty. 2. *to reach out, band, offer, give.*

II. Med. ὄρεγομαι, with aor. I med. ὤρεξάμην, and pass. ὤρεχθην: pf. pass., ὤρωρεγασι:—*to stretch oneself out, reach out; χειρὶ ὄρεσθαι to reach with the hands; ὄρεξασθαι ἔγχεῖ to lunge, thrust out with the spear; ποσὶν ὄρωρέχεται* (pf.) *πολεμίζεν* of horses, *they stretched themselves with their feet* (i. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; ὄρέξαι ἰών *he stretched himself* as he went, i. e. went at full stride.

2. c. gen. *to reach at or to a thing, grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaph. to reach after, grasp at, desire.* 3. c. acc. *to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, wound: to band to oneself, reach for oneself.*

ὄρειάρχης, ου, ὄ, (ὄρος, ἀρχω) *lord of the mountains.*
ὄρειάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ὄρος) *pecul. fem. of ὄρειος, of or belonging to mountains.*

II. sub. Νύμφη, an *Oread, mountain-nymph.*

ὄρειβάτew, *to roam the mountains.* From

ὄρει-βάτης, ου, ὄ, (ὄρος, βαίνω) *mountain-ranging.*

ὄρειδρομία, ἡ, *a running wild over the hills.* From

ὄρει-δρόμος, ου, (ὄρος, δραμεῖν) *running on the hills.*

ὄρει-νόμος, ου, (ὄρος, νέμω) *feeding on the mountains, mountain-ranging.*

ὄρεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρος) *mountainous, billy.* II.

or of *a mountain: as Subst., ὄρεινός, ὄ, a mountaineer.*

ὄρειο-νόμος, ου, = ὄρεινόμος.

ὄρειος, α, ου, also ος, ου, Ion. οὔρειος, (ὄρος) *mountainous, billy: also, living on the mountains.*

ὄρειο-χαρής, ἐς, (ὄρος, χαρῆναι) *delighting in the hills.*

ὄρει-πλαγκτός, see ὄριπλαγκτός.

ὄρει-τύπος, ου, (ὄρος, τύπτω) *working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying stone.*

ὄρει-φοίτης, ου, (ὄρος, φοιτάω) *mountain-ranging.*

ὄρει-χαλκος, ὄ, (ὄρος, χαλκός) *Lat. orichalcum, fine copper ore and the brass made from it: also, fine brass.*

ὄρειώτης, ου, ὄ, (ὄρος) *a mountaineer.*

ὄρεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρέγω) *stretched out, presented: also, to be presented.*

ὄρεξάμενος, ὄρέξας, aor. I part. med. and act. of ὄρέγω.

ὄρεξις, εως, ἡ, (ὄρέγω) *a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.*

ὄρεο-κομος, ου, *incorrect form of ὄρεωκόμος.*

ὄρεοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρεοπολιεύω, *to haunt the mountains.* From

ὄρεο-πόλιος, ου, (ὄρος, πολέω) *mountain-haunting.*

ὄρεσί-τροφος, ου, (ὄρος, τρέφω) *mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.*

ὄρέσκιος, ου, (ὄρος, σκιά) *shadowed by mountains.*

ὄρεσ-κοος Ep. ὄρεσ-κῶος, ου, (ὄρος, κείμαι) *lying on mountains, mountain-bred, wild.*

ὄρεσσο-αυλος, ου, (ὄρος, αὐλή) *dwelling in the mountains.*

ὄρεσσι, Ep. for ὄρεσι, dat. pl. of ὄρος.

ὄρεσσι-βάτης, ου, ὄ, = ὄρειβάτης. [ᾶ]

ὄρεσσι-γενής, ἐς, and ὄρεσσι-γονος, ου, (ὄρος, γένος, γόνος) *mountain-born.*

ὄρεσσι-νόμος, ου, (ὄρος, νέμω) Ep. for ὄρεινόμος, *feeding on the mountains, mountain-haunting.*

ὄρεσσεια, ἡ, *the tale of Orestes*, the general name for the Agamemnon, Choëphorae and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilogies.

ὄρεστέρος, α, ου, (ὄρος) *poët. for ὄρεινός, mountainous, dwelling in the mountains.*

ὄρεστιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ὄρος) = Ὀρειάς; *Νύμφαι ὄρεστιάδες, the mountain-nymphs; the Oreads.*

ὄρεσφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. ὄρος.

ὄρεϋς Ion. οὔρεϋς, ἐως, ὄ, (ὄρος-a mountain) *a mule.*

ὄρεϋς, Dor. for ὄρεος, gen. of ὄρος.

ὄρεχθεῖω, f. ἦσω, = ὄρέγομαι, *to stretch oneself; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; βίεις ὄρεχθεον σφασζόμενοι* the steers *lay stretched, or quivered convulsively*, as they were slain: *θάλασσαν ἕα ποτὶ χέρσον ὄρεχθῆν* (Dor. inf. for ὄρεχθεῖν) *let the sea stretch itself* (i. e. roll up) to the beach.

ὄρέω pl. ὄρομεν; Ion. for ὄρώω, ὄροαμεν.

ὄρηαι or ὄρηαι, *poët. 2 sing. pres. med. of ὄράω.*

ὄρηαι, Acol. for ὄράω, inf. ὄρην, part. ὄρεις.

ὄρητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ὄρατός.

ὄρθαι, inf. of ἄρμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρθεύω, f. σω, (ὄρθός) = ὄρθώω, *to set upright: set straight.*

ὄρθια, ἡ, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia.

ὄρθια, neut. pl. of ὄρθιος: used also as Adv. aloud.

ὄρθιάδε, Adv. (ὄρθιος) *straight up, upwards.*

ὄρθιάζω, f. ἄσω (ὄρθιος) *to speak in a high tone of voice or in a high key, speak loud.* II. *to set upright.*

ὄρθιασμα, ατος, τό, (ὄρθιάζω) *a high pitch of the voice, a loud shout or cry.*

ὄρθιος, α, ου, Att. also ος, ου, (ὄρθός) *straight up, rising upwards, steep; ὄρθιον πορεύεσθαι or πρὸς ὄρθιον ἵεσθαι* to march up hill; τὰ ὄρθια the country from the coast upwards. 2. *upright: of animals, standing upright, rearing.* 3. *straight, right.* II.

of the voice, *high-pitched, loud, shrill, clear; νόμος ὄρθιος, a stirring, thrilling air: in neut. pl. as Adv., ὄρθια ἦνσε* she cried aloud.

III. ὄρθιοι λόχοι, *Livy's recti ordines*, as a military term, *battalions in column or file*, whereas in *φάλαγγι* the men stood in line; ὄρθιους τοὺς λόχους ἀγειν to bring the companies up in column.

IV. generally, like ὄρθός, *straight, opp. to crooked.*

ὄρθο-βάτew, (ὄρθός, βαίνω) *to go straight on or upright.*

ὄρθο-βουλος, ου, (ὄρθός, βουλή) *right-counselling.*

ὄρθο-δαής, ἐς, (ὄρθός, δαίνα) *knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.*

ὄρθο-δίκαιος, ου, (ὄρθός, δίκαιος) *righteously judging.*

ὄρθο-δίκας, Dor. for ὄρθοδικης, ου, ὄ, (ὄρθός, δικάζω) *a righteous judge.* [Υ]

ὄρθοδρομέω, *to run straight forward.* From

ὀρθο-δρόμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, δραμεῖν) *running straight forward.*

ὀρθο-έπεια, ἡ, (ὀρθός, ἔπος) *correct language.*

ὀρθό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀρθός, θρίξ) *with hair up-standing, or making the hair stand on end.*

ὀρθό-κραινος, *α, ον*, (ὀρθός, κραῖνα) *with straight or upright horns, epith. of homed cattle: with upright beaks, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: Ep. gen. pl. fem. ὀρθο-κραϊνάων.*

ὀρθό-κράνος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, κράνον) *having a high head or crown: with a lofty mound.*

ὀρθομαντεία, ἡ, *true prophecy.* From ὀρθό-μαντις, *εως* *Ion* *ιος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀρθός, μάντις) *a true prophet.*

ὀρθο-πάλη, ἡ, (ὀρθός, πάλη) *wrestling upright.* [ἄ]
ὀρθό-πλοος, *ον*, *contr.* -πλους, *ου*, (ὀρθός, πλώω) *sailing straight before the wind: generally, successful.*

ὀρθοποδέω, (ὀρθόπους) *to walk straight or uprightly.*
ὀρθό-πολις, *εως, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀρθός, πόλις) *upholding cities.*
ὀρθό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, *τό*, *gen.* -ποδος, (ὀρθός, πούς) *with straight feet: standing upright.* II. *uphill, steep.*

ὀρθός, ἡ, ὄν, *straight, Lat. rectus:* in height, *upright, standing erect.* II. in line, *straight, upright forward, in a straight line; ὀρθός ἀντ' ἡελίου* τετραμένους *turned straight to front the sun; ὀρθὸν πόδα τιθέναι* *to put the foot straight out, as in walking, opp. to κατηρεφής* when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion; *βλέπειν ὀρθά* *to see straight or well.*

III. metaph. *right, safe, prosperous.* 2. *right, true, exact; ὀρθ' ἄκουει* *to be rightly called; ὀρθῶ λόγῳ* *in strict terms, in very truth: so Adv., ὀρθῶς λέγειν* *to speak true.* 3. *true, genuine, real.* 4. *upright, righteous, just, Lat. rectus; κατὰ τὸ ὀρθὸν δικάζειν* *to judge righteously.* 5. *on tiptoe, in eager expectation, Lat. erectus animo.*

IV. ἡ ὀρθή (sub. πτώσις) *the nominative, Lat. casus rectus, as opp. to the oblique cases.*

ὀρθο-στάδιον, *Adv.* (ὀρθός, στήναι) *standing upright, in a standing posture.*

ὀρθο-στάτης, *ου, ὁ*, (ὀρθός, στήναι) *one who stands upright.* II. *an upright shaft, pillar: as Adj., κλίμακες ὀρθοστάται* *upright ladders.* III. *a sort of cake used in funeral oblations.* [ἄ]

ὀρθότατα, *Adv. Sup.* of ὀρθῶς.

ὀρθότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (ὀρθός) *straightness, upright posture.* II. metaph. *rightness, fitness: the right sense.*

ὀρθο-τομέω, (ὀρθός; τέμνω) *to cut straight: handle right.*

ὀρθῶω, *φ. ὤσω: aor. I ἄρθωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἄρθω-θην:—(ὀρθός):—to set straight:* I. in height, *to set upright, set up: of buildings, to raise, restore, repair: hence, ὀρθωθείς* *raised up, set on one's legs again:—Pass. to stand or sit upright.* 2. in a line,

to set straight:—Pass. to be aimed straight. II.

metaph. *to raise up, restore to health, safety, etc.* 2. *to exalt, honour, extol.* 3. ὀρθῶσαι ἕμνον *to raise the lofty song.* 4. *to guide aright.* III. Pass.

of actions, *to succeed; prosper; τὸ ὀρθούμενον* *success: of persons and places, to flourish, prosper.* 2. *to be right, be true.* 3. *to be upright, deal justly or uprightly.*

ὀρθρευοῖσα, *Dor.* for -εούσα, *part. fem. of ὀρθρευω, φ. σω, (ὄρθρος) to rise or wake early.*

ὀρθριδῖος, *α, ον*, *poët.* for ὄρθριος. [Γ]

ὀρθριζῶ, *φ. σω, (ὄρθρος) to rise, wake early.*

ὀρθρινός [Γ], ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρθρος) *later form for ὄρθριος.*

ὄρθριος, *α, ον*, *also ος, ον, (ὄρθρος) at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning; early: irreg. Comp. and Sup. ὄρθριατερος, -αίτατος:—Neut. τὸ ὄρθριον* *or ὄρθριον, as Adv. in the morning, early.*

ὄρθρο-βόας, *ου, ὁ*, (ὄρθρος, βοάω) *the early caller, Cbanticleer, i. e. the cock.*

ὄρθρο-γῆ, ἡ, (ὄρθρος, γοάω) *early-wailing, of the swallow.*

ὄρθρο-λάλος, *ον*, (ὄρθρος, λαλέω) *early-twit-tering.*
ὄρθροσ, ὄ, *the time about daybreak, dawn, early morn; τὸν ὄρθρον*, *absol., in the morning; so, ὄρθρου γενομένου* *at dawn; and ἅμα ὄρθρου, ἐς ὄρθρον, κατ' ὄρθρον, περὶ ὄρθρον; but πρὸς ὄρθρον* *towards dawn: ὄρθρος βαθῶς* *early morn.*

ὄρθρο-φοῖτο-συκοφαντο-δικο-τάλαιπωρος, *ον*, (ὄρθρος, φοῖτάω, συκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαιπώρος) ὄρθ. τρώπει *early-prowl-ing base-informing sad-litigious plaguy ways.*

ὀρθωθείς, *aor. I pass. part. of ὀρθῶω.*

ὀρθό-ώνυμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, ὄνομα) *rightly-named.*

ὀρθῶς, *Adv.* of ὀρθός, *rightly: uprightly, justly: truly, really.*

ὄρθωσία, ἡ, = ὄρθια.

ὀρθωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὀρθῶω) *one who sets upright, a restorer.*

ὄρθ-βάτης, *ου, ὁ*, *dub.* for ὄρειβατής.

ὄφιτανον, *τό*, and ὄφιγάνος, ἡ, *an acrid herb, marjoram: ὄφιγανον βλέπειν* *to look origanum, i. e. to look sour or crabbed.* [Γ]

ὄφιγνάομαι, *Med.*, *with fut. -ήσομαι, aor. I pass. ἄφιγνήθην: (ὀρέγομαι):—to stretch oneself out.* 2. *c. gen. to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at, grasp at.*

ὀρίζω: *fut. ὀρίσω Att. ὀρίω: aor. I ἄρισσα Ion. ὄ-ρισα: pf. ἄρικα:—Med., fut. ὀρίσομαι: aor. I ἄρισσα-μην:—Pass., fut. ὀρισθήσομαι: aor. I ἄρισθησιν: pf. ἄρισμαι (sometimes used in med. sense): (ὄρος):—*

to divide or separate one part from another, to divide as a boundary; ποταμὸς οὐρίζει τὴν τε Σκυθικὴν καὶ τὴν Νευρίδα γῆν *a river is the boundary between Scythia and Neuris:—Pass., of a country, to be bounded.* 2.

ὀρίζειν τιὰ ἀπὸ γῆς *to part, banish one from the land.* II. *to mark out by boundaries, lay down, mark out: to limit, define:—Med. to mark out for oneself, set up, dedicate.* III. generally, *to deter-*

mine, appoint: to settle. 2. to define a word. 3. to assign, ὀρίσειν ψήφον to give a vote. IV. intr. to border upon.

ὄρικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄρεός) of or for a mule.

ὄρνυθῆν, aor. I pass. opt. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρνυμι: aor. I ὄρνενα Ep. ὄρνενα.—Pass. 3 sing. impf. ἄρνετο: aor. I ἄρνεθην Ep. ἄρνεθην: (ὄρνυμι):—to stir, raise, Lat. *agitare*: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind:—Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: to be afflicted, thrown into confusion.

ὄριον, τό, = ὄρος, a bound, goal: ὄρια, τά, boundaries, borders, frontier.

ὄριος, ον, (ὄρος) of or presiding over boundaries.

ὄρισμα Ion. οὐρ-, τό, (ὀρίζω) a boundary: in plur. the borders, frontier.

ὄριστής, οὐ, ὄ, (ὀρίζω) one who marks boundaries: one who determines.

ὄρι-τροφός, ον, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ὄρκάνη, ἦ, = ἐρκάνη, ἔρκος, from ἔργω, εἶργα, an enclosure, fence: a trap or pitfall. [ἄ]

ὄρκ-ἄπατής, ου, ὄ, (ὄρκος, ἀπατάω) an oath-breaker. [ἄ]

ὀρκίζω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, adjure.

ὄρκιον, τό, (ὄρκος) an oath: also a pledge, surety. II. mostly in plur., ὄρκια, τά, things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty; ὄρκια πιστὰ ταμεῖν to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. *foedus ferire, icisse foedus*: of two parties, in Med., ὄρκια τάμνεσθαι to make a treaty between them; ὄρκια δηλήσασθαι, ὑπερ ὄρκια δηλήσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, ὄρκια συγχεῖναι, ὄρκια ψεύσασθαι, opp. to ὄρκια φυλάσσειν or τηρεῖν. 2. the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oaths, like ἱερά.

ὄρκιος, ον, more rarely α, ον, (ὄρκος) of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath. 2. that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; ὄρκιοι θεοὶ the gods invoked at an oath; ξίφος ὄρκιον a sword which is sworn by.

“ΟΡΚΟΣ, ου, ὄ, an oath; ὄρκον ὀμῶσαι to swear an oath; ὄρκος θεῶν an oath by the gods; ὄρκον λαμβάνειν to accept an oath from another; ἀποδιδόναι to take it oneself. 2. the witness of the oath, the power or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods. II. “Ορκος, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (ὄρκος was orig. equiv. to ἔρκος, as ὄρκουρος to ἔρκουρος.)

ὄρκ-οὔρος, ὄ, = ἔρκουρος.

ὄρκώω, f. ὴσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, bind by oath:—Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.

ὄρκωμα, τό, (ὄρκώω) an oath.

ὄρκωμοσία, ἦ, (ὄρκωμότης) a swearing, an oath.

ὄρκωμότης, τό, the place of an oath. II. in pl. asseverations on oath. From

ὄρκωμότης, f. ἴσω, to take an oath, swear; ὄρκωμότην θεοῖς to swear by the gods. From

ὄρκ-ωμότης, ου, ὄ, (ὄρκος, ὀμνυμι) = ὄρκωτής.

ὄρκωτής, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄρκίω) one who administers an oath.

ὄρμαθῆν, an aor. 2 form of ὄρμαιώ, to rusb, whence subj. ὄρμαῖθω: but ὄρμαῖθῃ is Dor. for ὄρμηθῃ, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. pass. of ὄρμαιώ.

ὄρμαῖθος, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄρμος) a row, chain, cluster or string of things hanging one from the other.

ὄρμαινώ: impf. ὄρμαινον: aor. I ὄρμηνα: (ὄρμαιώ):—to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider. 2. to long for, desire. II. later, I. trans. to drive, urge on: to excite, inflame. 2. intr. to hasten, hurry, be impatient.

ὄρμαιώ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ὄρμησα: pf. ὄρμηκα: (ὄρμη): I. trans. to set in motion, urge on, rouse: to stir up. II. intr. to hurry or rush on: c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do; absol. to be eager or foremost. 2. to rush headlong, esp. at one, c. gen. III. Pass. with fut. med. ὄρμησσομαι; aor. I med. ὄρμησσομαι and pass. ὄρμηθῆναι; pf. pass. ὄρμημαι:—in same sense as intr. act.: I. to hurry, hasten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do. 2. to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀπ' ἐλασσόνων ὄρμαινόμενος setting out from or beginning with smaller means. 3. absol. to rush on, make a desperate attack, to be eager: generally, to make a start, go; ὁ λόγος ὄρμηται the report flies abroad.

ὄρμαίτο, Ion. for ὄρμητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὄρμαιώ.

ὄρμαῖά, ἦ, ὄρμαῖά.

ὄρμαίως, aor. 2 part. med. of ὄρνημι.

ὄρμείω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρμος) —to be moored, lie at anchor, of a ship: proverbial, ἐπὶ δυοῖν ἄγκυραιν ὄρμειν to ride two anchors, as we say ‘to have two strings to your bow’: metaph. to anchor one’s hopes upon, depend upon.

ὄρμειώμενος, Ion. part. pass. of ὄρμαιώ.

ὄρμη, ἦ, (ὄρνημι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. *impetus*; mostly of things, as, ἔγχεσθαι ὄρμη the force of a spear; πυρὸς ὄρμη the rage of fire; κύματος ὄρμη the shock of a wave. 2. the beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μά ὄρμη with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

ὄρμηθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ὄρμαιώ.

ὄρμημα, τό, (ὄρμαιώ) any violent impulse, passionate desire.

ὄρμησειε, 3 Ep. aor. I opt. of ὄρμαιώ.

ὄρμητήριον, τό, (ὄρμαιώ) any means of exciting, a stimulant, incentive. II. a starting-place, station, head-quarters.

ὄρμαῖά, ἦ, (ὄρμος) a fishing-line of horse-hair, Lat. *linea*. [Ὶ]

ὄρμιζω: fut. -ίσω Ep. -ίσω Att. -ιώ: aor. I ὄρμισα: (ὄρμος);—to bring to anchorage, bring into harbour, to moor, anchor. 2. generally, to make fast or sure. II. Med., with fut. med. ὄρμουμαι,

aor. I med. ἄρμισάμην and pass. ἄρμισθην: pf. pass. ἄρμισμαι:—to come to anchor, anchor; ὀρμίζεσθαι πρὸς πῆδον to come to a place and anchor there. 2. metaph. to be in haven, to reach the barbour, i. e. to be at rest; ὀρμίζεσθαι ἕκ τινος to be dependent on a thing. ὀρμητή-βόλος, ον, (ὄρμά, βάλλω) throwing a line, angling.

ὄρμη-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὄρμος, δίδωμι) a bringer into harbour, a pilot.

ὄρμος, ὄ, (εἶρω) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφάνων ὄρμος a string of crowns. 2. a kind of dance performed in a ring.

II. a roadstead, anchorage, Lat. statio navalis: the inner part of a harbour, as opp. to λιμήν. 2. generally, a haven, place of shelter or refuge.

ὀρνᾶπέτιον, τό, Boeot. for ὄρνεον.

ὄρνεον, τό, = ὄρνις. II. τὰ ὄρνεα, the bird-market.

ὀρνεό-φοιτος, ον, (ὄρνεον, φοιτῶ) haunted by birds.

ὀρνιθ-αρχος, ὄ, (ὄρνις, ἀρχός) king of birds. [7]

ὀρνιθειος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ὄρνις) of or belonging to a bird; κρέα ὀρνιθία birds' flesh.

ὀρνιθευτής, οὔ, ὄ, a bird-catcher, fowler. From ὀρνιθεύω, f. σω, (ὄρνις) to catch, net, snare birds.

ὀρνιθίας, ον, (ὄρνις) masc. Adj., a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of passage; χειμῶν ὀρνιθίας a storm of birds.

ὀρνιθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρνις) of or for birds.

ὀρνιθιον, τό, Dim. of ὄρνις, a little bird: a nestling, chicken. [v7]

ὀρνιθίο-γονος, ον, (ὄρνις, *γένω) sprung from a bird.

ὀρνιθιο-θήρας, ον, ὄ, (ὄρνις, θηράω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

ὀρνιθιο-λόχος Dor. ὀρνιχ-, ὄ, (ὄρνις, λοχάω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

ὀρνιθιομάνεω, f. ἦσω, to be mad for birds. From ὀρνιθο-μάνηω, ἔς, (ὄρνις, μάνημι) mad after birds.

ὀρνιθο-πέδη, ἡ, (ὄρνις, πέδη) a snare or gin for birds.

ὀρνιθος, gen. of ὄρνις: Ep. dat. pl. ὀρνιθεοσι.

ὀρνιθο-σκοπός, ον, (ὄρνις, σκοπέω) observing the flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspex; θάκος ὀρνιθοσκοπός an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale.

ὀρνιθο-τροφία, ἡ, (ὄρνις, τρέφω) bird-keeping.

ὄρνις, ον, also os, ον, poet. for ὀρνιθίος.

*ΟΡΝΙΣ, ὄ, but also ἡ: gen. ὀρνιθος, etc.: acc. sing. ὄρνιθα and ὄρνιν: pl. ὄρνιθες, etc.: Att. pl. ὄρνεις, gen. ὄρνεων, acc. ὄρνεες: Dor. forms, gen. ὀρνίχος, pl. ὀρνίχες, etc., as if from a Nom. ὄρνιξ:—a bird: often added to the names of birds, as ὄρνις ἀηδῶν, ὄρνις πέρδις, the nightingale, the partridge.

II. also like οἰωνός, a bird of omen, ὄρνις κακός a bird of evil augury: hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of birds: in bad sense, an omen, fatful presage.

III. in Att., ὄρνις, ὄ, a cock; ὄρνις, ἡ, a hen.

IV. in pl. sometimes the bird-market, cf. ὄρνεον.

V. poet. Μουσῶν ὄρνιθες, the birds of the Muses, i. e. poets.

VI. proverb., ὀρνιθὼν γάλα 'pigeon's milk,' i. e. any marvellous good-fortune.

ὄρνιχος, -χα, Dor. gen. and acc. of ὄρνις: poet. dat. pl. ὀρνίχεςσι.

ὄρνυθι, ὕτω, pres. imperat. of ὄρνευμι.

ὄρνύμεν, ὄρνύμεναι, Ep. for ὄρνύται, pres. inf. of ὄρνευμι.

ὄρνύμενος, η, ον, pres. med. part. of ὄρνευμι.

ὄρνύμι or ὄρνύω [ῦ], lengthd. form of Root *ΟΡΝΩ: imperat. ὄρνυθι, ὕτω, etc.: impf. ἄρνονον: fut. ἔρσω: aor. I ἄρσα, part. ὄρσας, Ion. 3 sing. ὄρσασκε: 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 ἔραρε.—Med. ὄρνύμαι, imperat. ὄρνευσο, ὕσθω, ὕσθε, part. ὄρνύμενος: impf. ἄρνούμην, 3 sing. and pl. ἄρνῦτο, ἄρνυντο: fut. ὄρσομαι, also ὄρουμαι, 3 sing. ὄρεται: aor. 2 ἄρρημι, 3 sing. ἄρετο contr. ἄρτο, 3 pl. without augm. ὄροντο also ὄρέοντο; 3 sing. subj. ὄρηται: imperat. ἔρσο or ἔρσο Ion. contr. ὄρσεν; inf. ὄρηαι, contr. for ὄρέσθαι; part. ὄρμενος, η, ον, for ὄρμενος:—pf. ὄραρα, in intr. sense 3 sing. subj. ὄραρη: 3 sing. plqpf. ὄραρει, also ὠραρει. I. Act., to rouse, stir, stir up: to set on, let loose upon:—Med., with pf. ὄραρα, to move, stir oneself; εἰσέκοι μοι φίλα γούναρ' ὄραρη while my limbs have power to move.

2. Act. to make to arise, call forth: of animals, to rouse, put up, start, chase:—Med. to start up, arise: esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring up: also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about.

3. Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, cheer on:—Pass. and Med. to be roused, stirred in mind, excited, inflamed.

4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause, excite, Lat. ciere:—Med. to come on, to arise, Lat. oriri.

ὄρνυτο, ὄρνευτο, Ep. for ἄρνευτο, ἄρνευντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of ὄρνευμι.

*ΟΡΟΒΟΣ, ὄ, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM.

ὄρογνία, ἡ, poet. for ὄργνιά.

ὄροδαμνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of ὄροδαμνος, a sprig.

ὄροδαμνος, ὄ, a bough, branch.

ὄρο-θεσία, ἡ, (ὄρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries, boundaries.

ὄροϋθνος: Ep. impf. ὄρόϋθνον: also aor. I imperat. ἔρόϋθνον:—like ὄρνευμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on.

ὄροί-τυπος, ον, = ὄρείτυπος.

ὄρομαι, Dep. (οὔρος a guard) to watch, keep watch and ward, be on guard.

ὄρο-μᾶλιδες, αἱ, (ὄρος, μῆλον) Dor. for ὄρομηλίδες, a kind of wild apples.

*ΟΡΟΣ or ὄρρος, ὄ, wbevy, the watery or serous part of milk, Lat. serum. 2. the watery parts of the blood.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, eos, τό, a mountain, bill: a range or chain of hills.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, ον, ὄ, a boundary, limit, frontier, border: esp. a land-mark.

2. οὔροι, plur., are marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions, tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evidence of the debt.

II. a rule, standard, limit, measure.

III. the definition of a word.

*Οροσάγγαι, οἱ, Persian word for the Benefactors of the King, = εὐεργέται.

ὄρουα, fut. σω: aor. I ὄρουσα: (ὄρνευμι):—intr. to

rush violently on or forward, to hasten, dart or start forward.

ὄροφή, ἡ, (ἐρέφω) *the roof or ceiling of a room: the roof of a house.*

ὄροφη-φάγος, ον, (ὄροφή, φαγεῖν) *roof-devouring.*

ὄροφη-φόρος, ον, (ὄροφή, φέρω) *bearing a roof.*

ὄροφιας, ον, ὁ, *living under a roof: μῦς ὀροφίας the domestic mouse, opp. to μῦς ἀρουραῖος (the field mouse); ὀροφίας ὄφια a tame snake.*

ὄροφος, ὁ, (ἐρέφω) *the reeds used for thatching houses.* II. *a roof: in pl. a house, temple.*

ὄρώω, Ep. for ὄραω: part. ὄρών for ὄρων.

ὄρώντι, Dor. for ὄρασι, 3 pl. of ὄραω.

ὄροπιε Att. ὄρητι, ἦκος, Dor. ὄρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ: —*a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a lance.* II. *metaph. a scion, descendant.*

ὄροπνός, ὁ, Aeol. for οὐρανός.

ὄροο-πύγιον, τό, (ὄροος, πύγη) *the tail or tail-feathers of birds.* 2. *the tail-fin of fish.* 3. *the tail or rump of any animal.* [ῥ]

ὄροπος, ὁ, *the end of the os sacrum: the tail, rump.*

ὄροφος, ὁ, = ὄρος, *whew, serum.*

ὄροφῶ Ion. ἄρωδ-: ῥ ἦσω:—*to shudder at, shrink from, dread, Lat. borreo, c. acc.: c. gen. rei, to fear for or because of a thing.* Hence

ὄροφδία, ἡ, *a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright.*

ὄροσας, aor. I part. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄροσασκε, Ion. for ὄρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὄρνυμι.

ὄροσσο, ὄρσσο, Ep. for ὄρσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄροσ-κτύπος, ον, (ὄρνυμι, κτύπος) *noise-arousing; Zeus ὄροσκτύπος the rouser of thunder.*

ὄροστ-νεφής, ἔς, (ὄρνυμι, νέφος) *cloud-raising.*

ὄροσί-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὄρνυμι, πούς) *raising the foot, light-footed.*

ὄροσο, Ep. for ὄρσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὄρνυμι, *bestir thee! up! arouse thee!*

ὄροσο-θύρη, ἡ, (ὄρνυμι, θύρα) *a raised door approached by steps.* [ῥ]

ὄροσολοπέω and -έω, *to provoke, attack:—Pass., θυμὸς ὀροσολοπέεται my heart is troubled.* From ὀροσολοπος, ον, *provoking strife, turbulent.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὄροσός, Lacon. for ὄρθός.

ὄροσο-τρίαινης Dor. —τρίαίνας, α, ὁ; a poet. nom.

ὄροστριαντα: (ὄρνυμι, τρίαίνα):—*wielder of the trident.*

ὄροσω, fut. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄροτάξω, Ion. for ἐορτάξω.

ὄροτάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὄρνυμι) *the young of any animal, Lat. pullus: a young bird, a chicken.* Hence

ὄροτάλιχεύς and ὄροτάλιχος, ὁ, *a bird, fowl: a domestic fowl, chicken.*

ὄροτή, ἡ, Ion. for ἐορτή.

ὄροτύγια, ἡ, (ὄρτυξ) properly *Quail-island, the ancient name of Delos: also part of the city of Syracuse, called also Nāσος or the Island.*

ὄροτύγο-κόπος, ον, (ὄρτυξ, κόπτω) *playing at knocking down quails.*

ὄροτύγο-μήτρα, ἡ, (ὄρτυξ, μήτηρ) *a bird which migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. Ὁρτυγία.*

ὄροτυξ, ὄρτυξ, ὁ, *the quail, Lat. coturnix, -icis.*

ὄροτύγιαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ὄρυσσω.

ὄροτυγία, τό, (ὄρυσσω) *a place dug out, a pit, ditch, bole, trench, Lat. scrobs: a mine, tunnel: at Athens = βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown.* II. = ὄρυξις.

ὄροτυγαδός, ὁ, *late form for ὄρουμαγδός.*

ὄροκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρυσσω) *dug, formed by digging.* II. *dug out, quarried, mined.*

ὄρομαγδός, ὁ, *a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, any tumultuous sound, not of the human voice.*

ὄροψ, ὄρψ, ὁ, (ὄρυσσω) *a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Lybia, so called from its pointed horns.*

ὄροψαι, aor. I inf. of ὄρυσσω.

ὄροψις, ἔως, ἡ, (ὄρυσσω) *a digging.*

ὄροψος, υος, ὁ, *an unknown wild animal in Lybia.*

ὄροψ'σσι Att. —ττω: fut. ὄροψω: aor. I ὄρωψα

Ep. ὄρωψα: pf. ὄρωψυχα: plqpf. ὄρωψυχειν:—Pass., aor. I ὄρωψυθην: pf. ὄρωψυμαι: plqpf. ὄρωψυμην:

—*to dig, Lat. fodio.* 2. *to dig up: Med., λιθοὺς ὄρύσσαι to have stones dug or quarried: Pass., ὁ ὄρυσσόμενος χουὸς the soil that was dug up.* 3. *to dig through, make a passage through, burrow.* 4. *to bury.*

ὄρφάνευμα, τό, *orphan state.* From ὄρφάνεω, f. σω, (ὄρφανός) *to take care of orphans, tend, rear them:—Pass. with fut. med. —εὔσομαι, to be an orphan, be in an orphan state.*

ὄρφάνια, ἡ, (ὄρφανός) *orphanhood: generally, bereavement, destitution.*

ὄρφάνιζω, f. σω, (ὄρφανός) *to make orphan: to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be left an orphan.*

ὄρφανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρφανός) *orphan, fatherless; ἡμάρ ὄρφανικός the day which makes one an orphan.*

ὄρφανίος, ον, = ὄρφανικός.

ὄρφανιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄρφανίζω) *one who takes care of orphans, a guardian.*

ὄρφα-νόσ, ἡ, ὄν, Att. ὄς, ὄν, Lat. ORBUS, *left orphan, without father or mother, fatherless.* 2.

c. gen. *reft or bereft of a thing; ὄρφαυὸ γυνεᾶς reft of offspring, childless.*

ὄρφανο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὄρφανός, φύλαξ) *the guardian of an orphan.* [ῥ]

ὄρφανός, f. ὠσός, (ὄρφανός) *to make orphan:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing.*

ὄρφεος, α, ον, of Ὀρφεύς. From

ὄρφεος, ἔως, ὁ, Ὀρφεύς, a famous Thracian bard. ὄρφναός, α, ον, (ὄρφη) *dark, dusky, murky.* II. *nightly, by night.*

ὄρφνη Dor. ὄρφνᾶ, ἡ, *darkness, night: gloom.*

ὄρφνίος, η, ον, *dark, dusky; ἔρφνινον χρώμα a colour mixed of black, red and white, between πορφύρεος and φοινικίος.*

ὄρφνίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὄρφνη) dusky. [?]]

ὄρφος Att. ὄρφως, ὁ, a kind of sea-perch.

ὄρχαμος, ὁ, (ὄρχος) the first of a row, a file-leader, fugal-man: the Coryphaeus or leader of the chorus.

ὄρχατος, ὁ, = ὄρχος, a row of trees. II. a piece of land enclosed and planted, Milton's orchard, an orchard, garden. (From ὄρχος, like μέσσας from μέσος.)

ὄρχεομαι, f. ἴσσομαι: aor. I ἄρχησάμην: Dep.: (ὄρχος):—to dance: c. acc. to represent by dancing or gestures; ὄρχεῖσθαι Κύκλωπα, Lat. Cyclops moveri, to dance the Cyclops. 2. to leap.

ὄρχηδόν, Adv. (ὄρχος) one. after another, all in a row, man by man, Lat. viritim.

ὄρχηθμός Ion. ὄρχησμός, ὁ, (ὄρχεομαι) a dancing, the dance.

ὄρχημα, τό, (ὄρχεομαι) a dance, dancing.

ὄρχησις, ἡ, (ὄρχεομαι) dancing, the dance: pantomimic dancing.

ὄρχησμός, ὁ, Att. for ὄρχηθμός.

ὄρχηστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ὄρχηστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὄρχεομαι) a dancer. Hence

ὄρχηστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, fit for dancing.

ὄρχηστο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ὄρχεομαι, διδάσκαλος) a dancing-master.

ὄρχηστο-μανένω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρχεομαι, μανῆναι) to be dancing-mad.

ὄρχήστρα, ἡ, (ὄρχεομαι) an orchestra, in the Attic theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus danced. II. generally, a place for dancing.

ὄρχηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ὄρχηστής, a dancing girl.

ὄρχηστύς, ὄος, ἡ, Ion. for ὄρχησις, (ὄρχεομαι) the dance, dancing; contr. dat. ὄρχηστῦ.

ὄΡΧΙΓΛΩΣ, ὁ, a bird, prob. the wren. [?]]

ὄρχιπέδα, f. ἴσω, (ὄρχιπεδον) to seize the testicles.

ὄρχι-πέδη, ἡ, (ὄρχις, πέδη) impotence.

ὄρχι-πέδον, τό, in pl. ὄρχιπεδα, τά, (ὄρχις, πέδον) the testicles, Lat. testiculi.

ὄΡΧΙΣ, ιος and εως, ὁ, pl. ὄρχεις or ὄρχις Ion. ὄρχις, a testicle, the testicles.

ὄρχομενός, ἡ, the name of several Greek cities, the most famous of which was ὄρχόμενος Μινυῖος in Boeotia.

ὄΡΧΟΣ, ὁ, a row of trees; cf. ὄρχατος.

ὄρρα, pf. of ὄρρμι.

ὄρώρει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of ὄρρμι.

ὄρώρεται, Ep. 3 sing. pres. pass. of ὄρρμι, equiv. to ὄρωρε: subj. ὄρώρηται.

ὄρωρέχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὄρέγω.

ὄρωρέχато, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὄρέγω.

ὄρώρευκο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὄρρσσω.

ὄρώρευχα, pf. of ὄρρσσω.

ὄΣ, ἡ, ὅ; gen. οὔ, ἡς, οὔ, dat. ᾧ, ἡ, ᾧ; acc. ὄν, ἡν, ὄ: pl., nom. οἱ, αἱ, ᾧ; gen. ᾧν; dat. οἷς, αἷς, οἷς; acc. οὓς, ᾧς, ᾧ. There is also an Ion. gen. ὄου, fem. ἔης; and Ep. fem. dat. pl. ᾧς and ᾧσι.

A. RELAT. PRONOUN, who, which or that, Lat. qui: the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced.

by attraction, as, τῆς γενεῆς, ἧς Ζεὺς δῶκε, for ἡν Ζεὺς δῶκε: the neut. ὅ is used to refer to sentences where no antecedent is expressed, as, ὃ δὲ πάντων μέγιστον, ὃ δὲ πάντων δεινότατον, etc., but *what* is greatest of all, *what* is most strange of all, etc. The Relat. Pron. also stands for *iva*, as in Lat. *qui* for *ut*, to express an end or intention, as, ἀγγέλον ἡμιν, ὃς ἀγγεῖλαι γενουαί they sent a messenger to tell, Lat. *nuncium miserunt, qui nunciaret*.

The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: I. gen. sing., of Time, ἐξ οὔ (sub. χρόνον) from the time when, since: also οὐ alone, when; ἔστιν οὐ, sometimes, at times. 2. of Place, of which place, i. e. where; ἔστιν οὐ in some places. II. dat. sing. fem. ᾧ, of Place, Lat. *qua*, at which place, where:—later, of motion to a place, *whither*:—in full τῇ, ᾧ . . . there, where . . . thither, *whither* . . . 2. of the Way or Manner, like *quo*, as, Lat. *quomodo*; ᾧ ἴσους ἔστιν as is right: so far as, Lat. *qua*, *quatenus*. 3. with Sup. Adv., ᾧ μάλιστα, ᾧ ἀριστον, etc., like *as* μάλιστα, etc., Lat. *quam maxime*, etc. III. acc. sing. neut. ὃ, for δι' ὃ, that, because, Lat. *quod*. 2. wherefore, Lat. *quapropter*.

The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles joined with it: I. ὅς γε, Lat. *qui quidem* or *quippe qui*, gives the Relat. a limiting force, *who at least, since it was he who* . . . II. ὅς κε or κέν Att. ὃς ἄν, is used in case of uncertainty, Lat. *quicumque, whosoever, who if any* . . .

B. ὅς is also used as a DEMONSTR. PRON., for οὗτος or ὅδε, *this, that*; chiefly in nom. masc. ὅς or οἱ, sometimes in fem. ἡ and neut. ὃ: this is chiefly found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, ᾧ δ' ὅς said *be*. II. in opposition, οἱ . . . οἱ . . . these . . . those . . . the one party, the other: Att. ὃς μὲν . . . ὃς δέ . . . the one . . . the other: ἀ μὲν . . . ἀ δέ . . . partly . . . partly . . . III. ὃς καὶ ὅς *such and such a person, so and so*.

C. There is also a POSSESSIVE PRON., ὅς, ἡ, ὄν, mostly of the third person, for ἐός, *his, her*: Ep. gen. οἶο. II. of the second person, for σός, *thy, thine*. III. of the first person, for ἐμός, *my, mine*.

ὄΣΑΚΙ Ep. ὄΣΑΚΙ, Adv. (ὄσος) as many times as, as often as, Lat. *quoties*.

ὄΣΑΤΙΟΣ, a, ov, Ion. ὄΣΑΤΙΟΣ, poet. for ὄσος. [α]

ὄΣΑΧΟΥ, Adv. (ὄσος) in as many places as.

ὄΣΩΣ, Aeol. for ὄζος.

ὄσδω, Dor. for ὄζω.

ὄΣ-ΗΜΕΡΑΙ, Adv., for ὄσαι ἡμέραι, as many days as are, i. e. daily, day by day, like Lat. *quotidie* for *quot dies*.

ὄΣΙΑ Ion. -ίη, ἡ, properly fem. of ὄσιος, *divine law, the law of nature*, answering to Lat. *fas*: hence οὐχ ὄσιη Att. οὐχ ὄσια, c. inf., it is against the law of nature to do; πολλὴν ὄσιαν τοῦ πράγματος νομίσαι to hold the full lawfulness of a thing. II. the service of God, rites, offering; ὄσιης ἐπιβήναι to perform the due rites. III. proverb., ὄσιος ἔνεκα

ποιεῖσθαι τι to do a thing for form's sake, for the sake of the propriety of the thing, Lat. *dicis causa*. [Υ]

δοῖος, a, ov, sanctioned or approved by the law of nature, opp. to δίκαιος (established by human law); τὰ δοῖα καὶ δίκαια things of divine and human ordinance. 2. as opp. to ἱερός (sacred, reserved to the gods), δοῖός means what is not so reserved, i. e. appropriated or permitted to man's use; ἱερά καὶ δοῖα the property of gods and men, Lat. *sacra et profana*;

δοῖον χωρίον a place not set apart to the gods, lawful for man to enter, and so = βέβηλος, Lat. *profanus*. II. more rarely of persons, pious, devout, scrupulous, religious; c. gen., ἱερῶν πατρῶν ὄσιος scrupulous in discharging the sacred rites of his forefathers; δοῖαι χεῖρες pure, clean hands.

δοσιότης, ητος, ἡ, (δοῖος) observance of divine law, religiousness, piety, holiness.

δοῖω, f. ὤω, (δοῖος) to make holy, to bellow, purify, make atonement for, Lat. *expiare*:—Med., στόμα δοιούσθαι to keep one's tongue from evil.

δοῖως, Adv. of δοῖος, religiously, piously: Comp. δοιώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

δομάομαι, Dep., like ὀδμάομαι, to smell, scent: generally, to perceive. From

δομή, ἡ, (ὄζω) like ὀδμή, a smell, scent, odour, whether good or bad. 2. a scent, perfume.

δοσον-ὄν, Ion. for ὄσον ὄν, however little, Lat. *quantulumcunque*.

ὄσοσ, ὄση, ὄσον, Ep. ὄσος, ὄση, ὄσον, Lat. *quantus*:—of Size, as great as, how great: of Quantity, as much as, how much: of Space, as far as, how far: of Time, as long as, how long: of Number, as many as, how many: of Sound, as loud as, how loud:—its Antecedent is τόσος, after which ὄσος must be simply rendered as; ὄσα πλείστα or πλείστα ὄσα as much as possible. In plur. *all that, as many as*, often after πάντες. 2. of Time, ὄσοι μῆνες, ὄσαι ἡμέραι every month, day, monthly, daily, Lat. *quot menses, quot dies*; cf. ὄσημέραι. 3. ὄσος δὴ and ὄσοσδήποτε, how great soever be he, Lat. *quantuscunque*; ὄσος ἄν how great soever. II. neut. ὄσον as Adv. as greatly as, as loudly, as, etc. 2. Ep. and Ion., ὄσον τε about as far as; the Noun is often added, ὄσον τ' ὄργων about a fathom; ὄσον τ' ἐπὶ ἡμῖσι to about half. 3. ὄσον μόνον, Lat. *tantum non, all but*; so also, ὄσον οὐ; but Att. ὄσον and ὄσον μόνον only so far as, only just; ὄσον ὄσον only just. 4. ὄσσον ἐπὶ and ὄσσον τ' ἐπὶ as far as, Att. ἐφ' ὄσον. 5. with Comp. and Sup., ὄσον βασιικεύτερος ἐστὶ so far as, inasmuch as he is a greater king. 6. ὄσον τάχος as quick as possible: more usu. ὄσον τάχιστα. 7. ὄσον ἀντίκα, also, ὄσον οὐκ ἦδαι ἄλλ but now, instantly. 8. οὐχ ὄσον not only no, Lat. *ne dicam*. III. ὄση inasmuch as, with Comp. ὄση πλέον, ὄση μᾶλλον the more since, especially since. 2. ὄση with Comp. followed by another Comp. with τοσοῦτε, the more . . . , so much the more . . . , like Lat. *quo* or *quanto melior, eo . . .*, etc. 3. ὄσητερ by how much, in so far as.

ὄσοσ-περ, ὄση-περ, ὄσον-περ, however great or much, as great or as much as.

ὄσ-περ, ἡ-περ, ὄ-περ, (Ep. also ὄπερ masc., as ὄ τε masc. for ὄστε), who, which, indeed, the very man who or thing which, Lat. *qui quidem*.

ὄσσιπρον, τό, pulse, beans: vegetables.

ὄσσαι, ἡ, a rumour, Lat. *fama*: a divine voice or sound. II. generally, a voice. III. a sound, tone, of the harp: the *din* of battle. IV. an ominous or warning voice, prophecy, boding: cf. ὀμφή.

ὄσσα, Ion. neut. plur. of ὄσος.

ὄσσάκι, Adv., Ion. for ὄσάκι. [ἄ]

ὄσσάτιος, Ion. for ὄσάτιος. [ἄ]

ὄσσει, τῶ, neut. dual, the two eyes, often with pl. Adj., as, ὄσσει φαεινά, ὄσσει αἱματόεντα: the gen. and dat. took the plur. form of 2nd decl., ὄσσαν, ὄσσοις, ὄσσοισι.

ὄσσίχος, η, ov, Dim. of ὄσος, ὄσσοις, as little, how little, Lat. *quantulus*.

ὄσσομαι, (ὄσσει) Dep., only used in pres. and impf. (without augm.):—to see. II. to see in one's mind's eye, to presage, forebode, foretell.

ὄσσοις, η, ov, Ep. and Ion. for ὄσος.

ὄστάριον, τό, Dim. of ὄστέον, a little bone.

ὄσ-τε, ἡ-τε, ὄ-τε, (Ep. also ὄ τε for masc., as ὄπερ for ὄσπερ) who, which.

ὄστεινός, η, ov, (ὄστέον) made of bone, bony.

ὄστερον, Att. contr. ὄστούν, τό, pl. ὄστέα Att. contr. ὄστᾶ:—a bone, Lat. *OS, OSSIS*.

ὄστερόφιν, Ep. gen. pl. of ὄστέον.

ὄστινός, η, ov, (ὄστέον) = ὄστέινός, bony, of bone: neut. pl. ὄστινα, τά, as Subst., Lat. *tibiae, bone pipes*.

ὄσ-τις, ἡ-τις, ὄ τι or ὄ, τι; gen. ὄστινός, ἡστινός; dat. ὄστινι, ἡστινι, etc.: pl. ὄστινές, ἀστινές, ἄτινα, etc.; (Ep. also ὄ-τις for masc., as ὄπερ for ὄσπερ, ὄ τε for ὄστε); neut. ὄ τι.

II. also declined, gen. ὄτου, dat. ὄτω: Ep. gen. ὄττεο contr. ὄττεν and ὄτευ, dat. ὄτεπ: acc. ὄτινα:—plur., nom. neut. ὄτινα; gen. ὄτεων Att. ὄτων; dat. ὄτέοισιν, also fem. ὄτέησιν; neut. acc. Ep. and Ion. ὄσω Att. ἄττα. *Wbos-*

ever, whichsoever, any one who, anything which, differing from ὄς, as Lat. *quisquis, quicunque*, from *qui*;

ὄ τις κ' ἐπιόρκον ὀμόσση *wbos* forswears himself; οὐδέις ὄστις οὐ there is none who does not, i. e. every one; οὐδέν ὄ τι οὐκ everything. 2. in Att. Poets sometimes used simply for ὄς, *qui*.

II. neut. ὄ τι or ὄ, τι absol. as Adv. *wherefore, for what reason*.

ὄστο-λογίω, f. ἴω, (ὄστέον, λέγω) to gather the bones after the burning of the body.

ὄστούν, τό, Att. contr. for ὄστέον.

ὄστο-φύής, ἐς, (ὄστέον, φύή) of bony nature.

ὄστράκεύς, ἐως, ὄ, (ὄστρακον) a potter.

ὄστράκιω, f. ἴω Att. ἰω, (ὄστρακον) to banish by potsberds, ostracise; see ὄστρακισμός.

ὄστράκινδα, Adv. (ὄστρακον) played with potsberds, of a game in which potsberds black on one side and

white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads or tails.'

δοτράκιωσ, η, ον, (δοτράκιωσ) like earthenware : earthen, made of clay, Lat. testaceus.

δοτράκιωσ, δ, (δοτράκιωσ) banishment by pot-berds, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be banished.

δοτράκιωσ-δερμωσ, ον, (δοτράκιωσ, δερμωσ) with a skin or shell like a potsherd.

δοτράκιωσ, εσσω, εν, ποδτ. for δοτράκιωσ.

*ΟΣΤΡΑΚΟΝ, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsherd, Lat. testa : the earthen tablet used in voting.

2. a sort of castanet made of earthenware.

II. the hard shell of testacea, as snails, tortoises.

δοτράκιωσ-χρωσ, ον, contr. -χρωσ, ον, (δοτράκιωσ, χρωσ) with a hard skin, shell or rind.

δοτρειο-γραφήσ, εσ, (δοτρειον, γράφω) purple-painted.

δοτρεον οτ -ειον, τό, (δοτρεον) an oyster, Lat. ostrea.

II. a purple used in dying, Lat. ostrum.

δοτ-ώδησ, εσ, (δοτρεον, ειδωσ) like bone, bony.

δοτφραϊνωμωι, fut. δοτφρήσωμωι : αοτ. 2. δοτφρόμων, part. δοτφρόμωσ : Dep. : (δωσ) :—to smell, scent, track by scent, c. gen. : c. acc. cognato, δοτφραϊνεσθωι δδμων.

Hence

δοτφραντήρωσ, α, ον, smelling, that can be smelt. II. act. able to smell, sharp-smelling.

δοτφρέσθωι, αοτ. 2. inf. of δοτφραϊνωμωι.

δοτφρήτωσ, εωσ, ή, (δοτφρέσθωι) a smelling, sense of smelling.

δοτφρόμωσ, αοτ. 2. part. med. of δοτφραϊνωμωι.

δοτφροντω, 3. pl. αοτ. I. med. of δοτφραϊνωμωι.

°ΟΣΦΥΨ, ωσ, acc. δοτφύν and δοτφύω, ή, the hip, Lat. coxa.

°ΟΣΧΟΣ, ον, δ, = μώσχωσ I, a sucker, sbout : a vine-branch.

δοτ, Aeol. for δοτε, like ποτω for ποτε.

δοτάν, for δοτ' άν, equivalent to Ep. δοτε κεν, (δοτε, άν) :—Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. quandocumque, foll. by subj.

δοτε, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. quando :—the proper Antec. is τότε, sometimes ένθω, or any Adv. of Time.

2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing that, Lat. quandoquidem.

3. δοτε μή is used for ει μή, unless, except, save when ; οδοτε τερφ σπένδεσκε θεών, δοτε μή Διτ πατρί nor did he pour a libation to any of the gods, save to father Jove.

III. πριν γ' δοτε ere the time when, before that. 2. εισ δοτε κεν against the time when.

IV. εσθ' δοτε or εστιν δοτε, like Lat. est ubi, there are times when, sometimes.

V. δοτε is also used without any conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses, δοτε μέν . . , δοτε δέ . . , now . . , now . . ; sometimes . . , sometimes . . ; at one time . . , at another time . . ; but

in II. often answered by άλλοτε, as, δοτε μέν κακόσ, άλλοτε δ' εσθλόσ.

δοτε, neut. of δοτε, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of δοτε. δοτειωσιν, Ep. for οιστιωσιν, dat. pl. of δοστισ.

δοτεν, Ion. for ουτιωσιν, gen. of δοστισ.

δοτεω, Ep. for φτινι, dat. of δοστισ.

δοτεων, Ep. for άντιωων, gen. pl. of δοστισ.

δοτι Ep. δοτιι, Conjunction, that, being originally neut. of δοστισ, as Lat. quod, that, of qui.

II. Att. δοτι is used like our that in quoting another's words : and especially in the N. T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in English.

III. δοτι in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in οιδ' δοτι (sub. ουτωσ εχει) I know that it is so ; so οισθ' δοτι, ισθ' δοτι : so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for δηλον δοτι ουτωσ εχει.

IV. δοτι μή, unless, except, except that, Lat. nisi, nisi quod, like ei μή.

V. μή δοτι . . . άλλά . . , like μή ουτωσ and μή ίνα, not that so and so and so the case . . , but . . ; not only, but . . , Lat. non modo non . . , sed ne quidem . . .

VI. μή δοτι alone, without an answering άλλά, Lat. ne dicam, not to mention that . . , not to say that . . .

B. δοτι, as a Causal Particle, for that, because, Lat. quod.

2. in Ep. sometimes for τούνεκα, therefore.

II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep. δοτι τάχιωστα as quick as possible, Lat. quam celerrime.

2. in Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, δοτι πλείωστον χρόνον as long a time as possible ; δοτι πλείωστοι, Lat. quam plurimi, as many as possible.

3. with a Subst. only in phrase δοτι τάχωσ for δοτι τάχιωστα, as quickly as possible.

δοτι, neut. of δοστισ, anything which ; often written ο, τι, to distinguish it from δοτι, that.

δοτιι, Conjunction, (δοτι) because.

δοτιωα, Ep. for οντιωα and άτιωα, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl. of δοστισ.

δοτιωασ, Ep. for ουστιωασ, άτιωασ, acc. pl. of δοστισ.

δοτιωσ, Ep. and Ion. for δοστισ.

δοτλεύω, f. -εύωσ, or οτλέω, f. ήσω, to suffer, endure. From

δοτλωσ, δ, suffering, distress. (δοτλωσ is formed from τλήμω, with ο euphon.)

δοτβέω, f. ήσω, to sound loud, sound wildly. From

δοτβοσ, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle : the rattling of chariots ; also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

δοτοτοί, an exclamation of pain and grief, ab ! woe ! also lengthd. ότοτοτοί, ότοτοτοτοί.

δοτοτιώω, (from ότοτοί, as αιάωω from αιαί) to cry ότοτοί, to wail, lament :—Pass. to be bewailed. Hence

'Ότοτιώωσ, οί, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

δοτωσ, δοτωσ, gen. and dat. sing., ότωων, ότωωσ, gen. and dat. pl. of δοστισ.

δοτράλέωσ, Adv. of an obsol. Adj. δοτράλέωσ = δοτρηρόσ, nimbly, actively, zealously.

δοτρηρόσ, ά, όν, (δοτρινώω) quick, nimble, busy, zealous.

δοτρίχεσ, nom. pl. of όβριξ.

δρῦναι, aor. I. inf. of δρῦναι.
 δρῦνεια, Ep. aor. I opt. of δρῦναι.
 δρῦνέμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of δρῦναι.
 δρῦνεσκον, Ep. impf. of δρῦναι.
 δρῦνέω, Ep. and Ion. fut. of δρῦναι.
 δρῦνύτις, ὄσος, ἦ, Ion. for δρῦνύτις, a stirring up,
rousing, encouragement. From
 ὈΤΡΥΝΩ [ῶ]: impf. ἄτρυνον Ion. δρῦνεσκον:
 fut. ἰνῶ Ep. and Ion. ἰνέω: aor. I ἄτρῦνα:—*to stir*
up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage: to rouse
from sleep, wake up:—Pass. to rouse oneself, bestir
oneself, to hasten. 2. of animals, *to spur, goad,*
cheer on. 3. of things, *to urge forward, quicken,*
speed.

ὄττα, ἦ, Att. for ὄσσα.
 ὄττιο contr. ὄττι, Ep. for ὄττινος, gen. of ὄσττις.
 ὄττι, Ep. for ὄττι, that.
 ὄττι, Ep. for ὄττι, neut. of ὄσττις.
 ὄττοβέω, ὄττοβος, wrong forms for ὄτοβέω, ὄτοβος.
 ὄττομαι, Att. for ὄττοσμαι.
 ὄτω, Att. for ὄττινι, dat. of ὄσττις.

Οὔ, before a vowel with smooth breathing οὐκ, before one with rough breathing οὐχ: in Att. also οὐχί [χ] Ep. οὐκέ [χ]: negat. Adv., *not, Lat. non,* used in independent clauses, whereas *οὐ* is used in dependent; *οὐκ ἀγαθόν ἐστί* it is *not* good; *οὐ δοκέι* it seems *not.*

II. *οὐ* may be used in dependent clauses, after the definite Relative *ὅς*, after the Conjunctions *ὅτι* because, *ἐπεὶ*, *ἐπειδή* since, and others which introduce a positive fact.

2. *οὐ* is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by *though* or *since* with a verb, but *μή* is used when the Participle is expressed by *if* or *unless*, as, *οὐ λέγων* = *ὅτι οὐ λέγω*; but *μή λέγων* = *εἰ μή λέγω*.

3. *οὐ* is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, *οὐ πάνν* *not by any means*, *οὐχ ἥμιστος* *not the least*, i. e. *the greatest.* III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by *even*, *anywhere*, etc., these words also are compounded with the negative, e. g. *οὐκ ἐποίησε τοῦτο οὐδαμοῦ οὐδέις* *no one ever did it.* IV. *οὐ* is foll. by acc. in solemn asseverations for *οὐ μά*, as, *οὐ τὸν Ὀλυμπον* *no*, by Olympus.

Οὐ in questions expresses a question to which an affirm. answer is expected, as, *οὐ νν καὶ ἄλλοι ἔασι*; are there not others too? implying *that there are.* II. the fut. with *οὐ* is used interrog. instead of the imperat., as, *οὐ δράσεις*; wilt thou not do it? i. e. *do it.*

Οὐ takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, *ἦν καλὸς μὲν, μέγας δ' οὐ*. II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, *θεοὶς τέθυκεν οὗτος, οὐ κείνουςιν, οὐ* he is dead to the gods, not to them, *no.* III. when *οὐ* is a simple negat. answer, *no.*

Prosody:—if the vowel *η* precede *οὐ*, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in *ἦ οὐ, μή οὐ*: so also *ἐγὼ οὐ*.

οὐ, gen. of relat. Pron. *ὅς*, q. v.

οὐ, Lat. *sui*, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for *αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς*, and *αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς*.

οὐά, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. *vah!*
οὐά, exclam. of pain and anger, Lat. *vae, ah! woe!*
οὐάς, *atos, τό*, poet. for *οὐς*, the ear. Hence
οὐάτορες, *εσσα*, *εν*, with ears, long-eared. 2.
with ears or handles.

οὐ γάρ, for *not.* II. in answers, to express a strong negative; *οὐ γάρ, no—why should you?*
οὐ γάρ ἀλλά, an ellipt. phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, *μή σκώπτέ μ' οὐ γάρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακῶς*, which in full would be *μή σκώπτέ με: οὐ γάρ σκαπτικῶς, ἀλλὰ κακῶς ἔχω* do not jest at me, for I am not in a jesting mood, but badly off.

οὐ γάρ οὖν, a negat. answer, *why no, certainly not.*

οὐ γάρ ποτε, for *never.*

οὐ γάρ που, for *in no manner.*

οὐγὰ, Att. crasis for *ὁ γέγω*.

οὐδαμᾶ and *οὐδαμῆ*, Adv. of *οὐδαμός*, *nowhere, in no place; to no place, no way.* II. *in no way, in no wise.*

οὐδαμόθεν, Adv. (*οὐδαμός*) *from no place, from no side.*

οὐδαμόθι, Adv. (*οὐδαμός*) poet. and Ion. for *οὐδαμού*, *nowhere, in no place*: c. gen., *οὐδαμόθι τῆς Ἑυρώπης* *in no part of Europe.*

οὐδ' ἄμός, ἦ, *όν*, for *οὐδὲ ἄμός*, *not even one*, i. e. *none.*

οὐδαμόσε, Adv. (*οὐδαμός*) *to no place, no way.*

οὐδαμού, Adv. of *οὐδαμός*, *nowhere*: c. gen., *οὐδαμού γῆς* *in no part of the earth; οὐδαμού λέγων*, or *οὐδαμού ποιέσθαι τινα* to esteem as *naught*, Lat. *nullo loco habere.* II. of manner, *in no way, not at all.*

οὐδαμῶς, Adv. (*οὐδαμός*) *in no wise.*

Οὔτ' ἄδασ, τό, gen. οὔδεος, dat. οὔδεϊ, οὔδει:—*the surface of the earth, ground; οὐδας οὐδὰς ἔλειν* to bite the dust; *οὐδάσδε* to the ground, to earth. 2. *the floor* or *pavement* in houses.—Proverb., *ἐπ' οὔδεϊ καθίζην τινα* to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has.

οὐδέ, Adv. (*οὐ, δέ*) *but not, and not, nor*, connecting two whole clauses. 2. doubled *οὐδέ . . . οὐδέ . . .*

at the beginning of two following clauses, *not even . . . nor yet . . .*; as, *καὶ μὴν οὐδ' ἡ ἐπιτείχισις οὐδὲ τὸ ναυτικὸν ἄξιον φοβηθῆναι* and so *not even* their building forts, *nor yet* their navy, is worth fearing:—*οὐδέ* often follows the simple negat. *οὐ . . .*, as, *οὐκέτι μένος ἔμπεδον οὐδὲ τίς ἀκτῆ*. II. strengthening the negat., *not even*; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase; Homer joins it with Adv., as *οὐδ' ἡβαίον, οὐδὲ τυθόν, οὐδὲ μίνυθα*, *not even a little, not even* for a short space.

οὐδέ-*εις*, *οὐδέ*-*μία*, *οὐδέ*-*έν*, gen. *οὐδενός*, *οὐδεμιάς*, *οὐδενός*, etc. declined like *εἰς, μία, έν*: (*οὐδὲ εἰς*):—*and not one*, i. e. *no one, none, no*, as Lat. *nullus* for *ne ullus*: the neut. *οὐδέν* is used as Adv., *in nothings*.

by no means, in no wise. 2. in plur. οὐδένας, gen. οὐδέναν, dat. οὐδέσιν, for οὐδαμοί, none. 3. ὁ and ἡ οὐδέν (sub. ἄν, οὐσα), a good-for-nothing, worthless person: so in masc. οὐδεῖς, a nobody, one who goes for nothing. 4. οὐδέν ὅ τι οὐ, Lat. nihil non, every, all; so in masc. οὐδεῖς ὅστις οὐ, Lat. nemo non, every one.

οὐδέκοτε, Ion. for οὐδέποτε.

οὐδενόσωρος, ov, (οὐδεῖς, ἄρα) not worth notice or regard, contemptible.

οὐδέπη, Adv. in no wise, by no means.

οὐδέποτε Ion. οὐδέκοτε, Adv. and not ever, not at any time, never.

οὐδέπω, Adv. and not yet, nor as yet, not yet.

οὐδέπώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

οὐδέτερος, a, ov, (οὐδέ; ἕτερος) neither of the two, Lat. neuter. II. τὸ οὐδέτερον (sub. γένος), Lat. genus neutrum, the neuter gender.

οὐδέτερός, Adv. of οὐδέτερος, in neither of two ways.

οὐδέτέρωσε, Adv. to or towards neither of two sides, nowither.

οὐδ' ἔτι, Adv. no more, no longer.

οὐ δῆ, Adv. certainly not, Lat. non sane.

οὐ δὴ που or οὐ δὴπου, no I surely imagine not.

οὐδός, ὁ, Ion. for ὀδός (ὄ), the threshold of a house, the threshold or sill of a door: metaph., ἐπὶ γῆρας οὐδῶ on the threshold or verge of old age.

οὐδός, ἡ, Acol. for ὀδός (ῆ), a way.

ΟΥ³ΘΑΡ, ἄτος, τό, properly of animals, the UDDER: later of women, the breast. II. metaph.

fruitfulness, milkiness, exuberance; οὐθαρ ἀρούρης the most fertile land, Lat. uber arvi.

οὐθατα, neut. pl. of οὐθαρ.

οὐθάτιος, a, ov, (οὐθαρ) of the udder.

οὐθ-εἰς, οὐθ-έν, later form for οὐδεῖς, οὐδέν.

οὐ θην, surely not, certainly not.

οὐκ, for οὐ before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for οὐχ) before a rough breathing.

οὐκ, crasis of ὁ ἐκ.

οὐκ ἄρα, so not, not then: surely not.

οὐκ-έτι, Adv. no more, no longer, no further.

οὐκί, Ion. Adv. for οὐχί, = οὐκ. [ɾ]

οὐκ-ουν, Adv. not therefore, so not, Lat. non ergo. 2. in interrog., not therefore? not then? and so not? like Lat. nonne ergo? is it not?

οὐκ-οὖν, Adv. therefore, then, accordingly, Lat. ergo.

When the word has this accent, the negat. sense vanishes, and the force of οὖν only remains.

οὐ-κω or οὐ κω, Ion. for οὐπω, not yet.

οὐκ-ων, οὐκ-ᾶν, Ion. for οὐκουν, οὐκοῦν.

οὐ-κως or οὐ κως, Ion. for οὐπως, by no means.

οὐλαί Att. ὀλαί, αἱ, bruised or coarsely-ground barley, which was sprinkled on the head of the victim before the sacrifice, like the mola salsa of the Romans. (Commonly derived from οὐλος, ὄλος, as if οὐλαί or ὀλαί were the whole, unground barley-corns.)

οὐλαμός, οὐ, δ, (εἰλέω) a band or throng of warriors.

ΟΥ³ΑΗ', ἡ, a wound healed or scarred over, a scar, Lat. cicatrix.

οὐλαί, a, ov, (οὐλος, ὀλεῖν) baneful, deadly.

οὐλό-θριξ, -πρίχλος, δ, ἡ, (οὐλος, θριξ) with curly hair.

οὐλο-κάρηνος, ov, (οὐλος, κάρηνον) with thick, curling hair.

οὐλόμενος, η, ov, properly an Ep. form of ὀλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ὀλλυμι; but commonly used as Adj. destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

ΟΥ³ΛΟΝ, τό, mostly in plur. οὐλα, the gums.

οὐλοός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for ὀλοός.

ΟΥ³ΛΟΣ, η, ov, Ep. and Ion. form of ὀλος, whole, entire, perfect, complete, Lat. integer; οὐλος ἄρτος a whole loaf. 2. of full force, able, substantial. 3.

of sound, continuous, incessant; οὐλον κεκλήγοντες screaming incessantly. 4. of sight or touch, fine, thick, fleecy; οὐλαί κόμαι a thick head of hair: later, twined, crooked. II. Ep. Adj. of ὀλλυμι, = οὐλό-

μενος, οὐλοός (for ὀλόμενος, ὀλοός), destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

οὐλό-χῦται, αἱ, (οὐλαί, χέω) bruised or coarsely-ground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice; οὐλοχύτας κατάρχεσθαι to begin the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley.

Οὐλυμπός, ὁ, Ion. for 'Ολυμπος: Οὐλυμπόνδε for 'Ολυμπόνδε, to Olympus.

οὐλω, (οὐλος ι) to be whole or sound, to be hale or well: imperat. οὐλε, as a salutation, like χαῖρε, health to thee, hail, Lat. salvé.

οὐ μάν, Dor. for οὐ μήν, in truth not, assuredly not.

οὐ μέν, no truly, nay verily; old form for οὐ μήν.

οὐ μέν δῆ, in truth not, nay verily.

οὐ μέν-οὖν, for οὐ μέν οὖν, then not.

οὐ μέν πως, like οὐπως, by no means, in nowise.

οὐ μέν-τοι, not however.

οὐ μή, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat. fut., also with aor. 2 subj.: I. when used with fut. indic., the clause must be interrog. II.

with aor. subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν ἔστι or the like, as, οὐ μὴ ληφθῶ I shall not be taken, i. e. οὐ δεινόν ἔστι, μὴ ληφθῶ there is no danger lest I be taken.

οὐ μήν, indeed not, surely not.

οὐ μήν ἀλλά, also οὐ μήν ἀλλά καί, nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet still.

οὐ μήν γε, after a negat., no nor even yet, Lat. nedum.

οὐ μήν οὐδέ, nay not even.

οὐμός, by Att. crasis for ὁ ἐμός.

ΟΥ³ΤΝ Ion. ὄν, Adv. then, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. therefore, accordingly, consequently, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech. 2. when a speech has been interrupted, οὖν serves to resume. 3. in repetitions οὖν implies the truth of what is repeated, surely, of a truth, as,

εἰ δ' ἔστιν, ὡσπερ οὖν ἔστι, θεός if he is, as he surely

is, a god: ἀλλ' οὖν introduces an objection, *certainly, but . . . but still . . .* 4. attached to a relat. Pron. or Adv., οὖν makes it less definite, as, ὅστις *whoever, ὅστισοῦν whosoever*; ὅπως *how, ὅπωςοῦν howsoever*.

οὖνεκα, before a vowel οὖνεκεν, Adv., for οὐ ἔνεκα, *on which account, wherefore*. 2. the anteced. τοῦνεκα being omitted, *therefore since, for that, because*. 3. after certain Verbs, *so far as, how or so that*. 4. *that*, like ὅτι. II. οὖνεκα (in this sense never οὖνεκεν), Prep. with gen., equiv. to ἔνεκα, *on account of*, mostly following its case.

οὖνεσθε, Ion. for ὄνεσθε, 2 pl. pres. of ὄνομαι. οὖνομα, οὖνομάζω, οὖνομαίω, οὖνομαστός, Ion. for ὄνομα, ὄνομάζω, etc.

οὐξ, contr. for ὀξί. οὐξίων, by crasis for ὀξίων, part. of ξέξιμι *exibo*. οὐπᾶ, Dor. for οὐπᾶ. οὐ περ or οὐ-περ, Adv. *by no means*. οὐ πη, Adv. *nouhere, in no wise*. οὐ ποθι, Adv. *nouhere*. οὐ-ποτε Dor. οὐ-ποκα, Adv. *not ever, never*. οὐποψ, by crasis for ὀποψ.

οὐ-πω, Adv. *not yet*. οὐ-πῶ-ποτε, Adv. *not yet at any time, never yet*. οὐ-πως, Adv. *no how, in nouise, by no means*. ΟὔΠΑ' Ion. οὐρή, ἦ, the tail, Lat. *cauda*. II. generally, *the binder parts, the after part of anything; of a ship, the stern*. 2. of an army, the rear-guard, rear: *the rear-rank*; κατ' οὐρᾶν in rear, behind; ὁ κατ' οὐρᾶν the rear-rank-man; ἐπι or κατ' οὐρᾶν to the rear, backwards.

οὐρα, τά, for οὐροί, ὄροι, boundaries: see οὐρον. οὐρ-ἄγός, ὄν, (οὐρᾶ, ἡγέομαι) leading the rear of an army: as Subst., οὐρᾶγός, ὄ, leader of the rear-guard. οὐραῖος, α, ον, (οὐρᾶ) in or of the tail; τρίχες οὐραῖαι the hairs of the tail. 2. generally, *hindward, hindmost*, οὐραῖοι πόδες the hind feet; τὰ οὐραῖα the binder parts.

Οὐρανία, ἦ, (οὐρανός) Urania, i. e. the heavenly one, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astronomy. II. epith. of Aphrodité or Venus, the heavenly. Οὐρανίδης, ου, ὄ, (οὐρανός) son of Uranus: generally, *a dweller in heaven*, Lat. *coelicola*, like Οὐρανίω. οὐράνιος, α, ον, Att. also ον, ον, (οὐρανός) heavenly, of or in heaven, dwelling in heaven; θεοὶ οὐράνιοι, or οὐράνιοι alone, like Οὐρανίωτες, Οὐρανίδαί, Lat. *coelites, coelicolae, the dwellers in heaven, heavenly beings*. II. coming from heaven, of rain. III. reaching to heaven, high as heaven. 2. metaph. enormous, awful, stupendous; οὐράνιον ὄσον, like θαυμασίον ὄσον, Lat. *immane quantum*:—neut. pl. οὐράνια, as Adv., *vehemently, tremendously*.

Οὐράνιος, αως, ὄ, (οὐρανός) like Οὐρανίδης, the heavenly one: in plur. Οὐρανίωτες θεοὶ or Οὐρανίωτες, the gods, Lat. *coelites*: fem. Οὐρανίωναί.

οὐραῖο-γνώμων, ον, (οὐρανός, γνώμαι) skilled in the heavens.

οὐραῖο-δεικτος, ον, (οὐρανός, δείκνυμι) shown from heaven, showing itself in heaven.

οὐρανόθεν, Adv. of οὐρανός, from heaven, down from heaven: properly an old gen. of οὐρανός, and therefore used with Preps., ἀπ' οὐρανόθεν, ἐξ οὐρανόθεν.

οὐρανόθι, Adv. of οὐρανός, in heaven, in the heavens: but οὐρανόθι πρό is for πρὸ οὐρανοῦ, where οὐρανόθι is gen. for οὐρανόυ, as ὄρεσθι for ὄρεος.

οὐρανό-μήκης, ες, (οὐρανός, μήκος) as high as heaven, reaching to heaven. 2. enormous, stupendous.

οὐρανό-νίκος, ον, (οὐρανός, νικάω) conquering heaven.

ΟὔΡΑ'ΝΟ'Σ Dor. ὠρανός Aeol. ὄρανός, ὄ, heaven, Lat. *coelum*: in Homer the vault or firmament of heaven, the sky represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; οὐρανός ἀστερόεις the starry firmament. 2. heaven, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere; πύλαι οὐρανοῦ Heaven-gate, i. e. a thick cloud, which the Hours lifted or put down. II. as masc. prop. n. Uranus, son of Erebus and Gaia.

οὐράν-οσχος, ον, (οὐρανός, ἔχω) holding heaven.

οὔρεα, τά, nom. and acc. pl. of οὔρος, Ion. for ὄρος, τό, a mountain.

οὔρει-θρηπτος, v. l. for οὔρι-θρηπτος, q. v.

οὔρειος, η, ον, Ion. for ὄρειος, (ὄρος, τό) of the mountain; Νύμφη οὔρειη a mountain-nymph.

οὔρεό-φοιτος, ον, (οὔρος, τό, φοιτάω) mountain-roaming:—fem. οὔρεο-φοιτάς, ἄδος.

οὔρεσι-βώτης, ου, ὄ, (οὔρος, τό, βόσκω) poet. for ὄρεσιβώτης, feeding on the mountains.

οὔρεσι-οικος, ον, (οὔρος, τό, οἰκῶ) mountain-dwelling.

οὔρεσι-φοῖτης, ου, ὄ, and -φοῖτος, ον, = οὔρεοφοῖτος. οὔρεύς, ὄ, Ion. for ὄρεύς, α, mule.

οὔρέω, impf. εἰούρον: f. οὔρησσω or -ήσομαι: aor. I εἰούρησα: (οὔρον):—to make water.

οὔρησσω, Ep. acc. pl. of οὔρεύς: οὔρησσω, gen. pl.

οὔρησειώ, Desiderat. of οὔρέω, to want to make water. οὔρητιώω, = οὔρησειώ.

οὔριδχος, ὄ, (οὔρα) the hindmost part, lowest part; ἔγχος οὔριδχος the butt-end of a spear.

οὔρι-βάτας, ου, ὄ, poet. for ὄρειβάτης, mountain-walking.

οὔριζω, Ion. for ὄρίζω, to bound, limit.

οὔριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (οὔρος) to wcfi with a fair wind: to speed on the way, guide prosperously. II. intr. to blow fairly, give a fair passage.

οὔρι-θρηπτος, η, ον, (οὔρος, τό, τρέφω) poet. for ὄρειθρηπτος, mountain-bred.

οὔριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (οὔρος) with a fair wind, Lat. *vento secundo*, esp. of a ship. 2. of a voyage, prosperous, fair: generally, prosperous, successful:—neut. plur. as Adv., οὔρια θεῖν to run before the wind: but ἐξ οὔριων δραμεῖν (sub. πνευμάτων), to run with a fair breeze. II. prospering, favouring, propitious.

2. οὔρια (sub. πνοῆ), ἦ, = οὔρος, a fair wind.

οὐριο-στάτης, ου, ὁ, (οὐριος, ἴσθημι) *standing pros-*

perous or secure. [ᾶ]

οὐρίω, (οὐριος) *to give to the winds, let flow.*

οὐρίσμα, ατος, τό, Ion. for ὄρισμα, *a boundary line.*

οὐρίνι, by crasis for ὄρινις.

Οὔρον, τό, Lat. URINA, *urine.*

οὐρον, τό, poet. for οὐρος, ὄρος, ὁ, *a boundary*; found in three places of Homer; (1) ὅσα δίακον οὐρα πέλονται as far as *the boundaries of the quoit reach*, i. e. the distance of *a quoi's throw*; (2) ὅσον τ' ἐν νεφῶ οὐρον πέλει ἡμιμόνοι ἄσσοι ὑπεκροθῶν . . ἵκετο; and (3) ὅσον τ' ἐπὶ οὐρα πέλονται ἡμίμων; in which two passages, a certain distance is expressed by οὐρον ἡμιμόνοι and οὐρα ἡμίμων, and the distance meant is *that by which mules would beat oxen in ploughing a furrow of given length in a given time.*

οὐρός, οὐ, ὁ, (εἶρω) *a trench or channel for hauling up ships on shore and launching them again.*

Οὔροσ, ου, ὁ, *a fair wind, right astern; πέμπειν κατ' οὐρον to send down (i. e. with) the wind, to speed on its way; metaph., οὐρός [ἔστι], like καρός [ἔστι], it is a fair time.*

Οὔροσ, ου, ὁ, *a watcher, warder, guard.*

οὐρος, ου, ὁ, Ion. for ὄρος, *a boundary.*

οὐρος, ου, τό, Ion. for ὄρος, *a mountain.*

Οὔροσ, ὁ, *a wild bull, Lat. URUS.*

Οὔρῳ, τό, gen. ὠτός, dat. ὠτί: pl. nom. ὠτα, gen. ὠταν, dat. ὠσίν: Ion. and Ep. οὔας, οὔατος: Dor. ὠς, ὠτός:—Lat. AURIS, *the ear; eis οὔς, eis ὠτα in or into one's ear, i. e. secretly.* II. *an ear or handle, of pitchers, urns, etc.*

οὔσια, ἡ, (οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum) *that which is one's own, one's property, substance: state, condition; τὰς ἀπαιδας ἐς τὸ λοιπὸν οὔσας her childless state for the future, i. e. her bearing no children for the future.* II. *the being, substance, essence of a thing.*

οὔτᾳ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, but οὔτᾶ, 3 sing. impf., of οὔτάω.

οὔται, imperat. of οὔτάω.

οὔτάζω, f. οὔτάσω: aor. I οὔτᾶσα: pf. pass. οὔτασμα:—like οὔτάω, *to wound; οὔταζον σάκος they hit, shattered the shield; c. acc. cognato, ἔλκος, ὅ με βροτὸς οὔτασεν ἀνὴρ the wound which a man struck me withal.*

οὔτάμεν, οὔτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of οὔτάω.

οὔτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οὔτάζω.

οὔτάω, imperat. οὔται: Ion. impf. οὔτασκον: fut. οὔτήσω: aor. I οὔτησα Ion. οὔτήσασκον: aor. I pass. οὔτησθην:—Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 οὔτᾶ (as if from οὔτημι), inf. οὔτάμεναι and οὔτάμεν, part. (in pass. sense) οὔτάμενος [ᾶ]:—*to wound, to wound by striking with a spear or sword, opp. to βάλλειν (to strike with a missile):—Pass., οὔταμένη ὠτειλή the wound inflicted.*

οὔτε, Adv., and not. II. repeated οὔτε . . , οὔτε . . , neither . . , nor . . , Lat. neque . . , neque . . : but τε is often used in the second clause answering to οὔτε in the first, both not . . , and . .

οὔτερος, Ion. for ὁ ἕτερος: neut. τούτερον.

οὔτηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of οὔταω.

οὔτηθα, aor. Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of οὔτάω.

οὔτητρα, ἡ, fem. of οὔτητῆρ.

οὔτητῆρ, ἦρος, (οὔταω) *one who wounds.*

οὔτι, neut. of οὔτις.

οὔτιδᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ὄς, ὄν, (οὔτις) *useless, worthless, good for naught.*

οὔτι-πω, Adv., for οὔ τί πω, like οὔπω, *not at all yet.*

οὔτις, gen. οὔτινος, *no one, nobody, Lat. ne ullus, nullus; neut. οὔτι, nothing, Lat. nihil:—neut. also as Adv. by no means, not at all: hence* II. *with changed accent, Οὔτις, ὄ, acc. Οὔτιν, Noman, Nobody, a name assumed by Ulysses to deceive Polyphemus.*

οὔτοι, Adv. (οὔ, τοί) *indeed not, Lat. non sane.*

οὔτος, αὔτη, τοὔτο, gen. τούτου, ταύτης, τούτου, etc., demonstr. Pron., *this, as opp. to ἐκεῖνος, the nearer of two things, opp. to the more remote, like Lat. hic opp. to ille.* II. *when opp. to ὅδε, οὔτος generally refers to what has gone before, ὅδε to what is to follow.* III. οὔτος, αὔτη are used to call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous sense, Lat. *heus! you there! bollo you!* also οὔτος σὺ, *heus tu!* But also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus, ὦ οὔτος, οὔτος Οἰδῖπoux! IV. τούτῳ μὲν . . , τούτῳ δέ . . , or ταῦτα μὲν . . , ταῦτα δέ . . , stronger than μὲν . . , δέ . . , *on the one hand . . , on the other . . ; partly . . , partly . .*

V. *καὶ ταῦτα, to add something with emphasis, and that too, and more than that, often without a Verb, as, καὶ ταῦτα τηλικούτος and that too being such an one; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is more to be feared than a judge, and that too an old one?* VI. *καὶ ταῦτα μὲν δὴ ταῦτα, like εἶεν, so much for this, Lat. haec haec.* VII. neut. pl. ταῦτα as Adv. *for this reason, like διὰ ταῦτα, ταῦτ' ἄρα, ταῦτ' οὖν for this reason then, accordingly.* 2. ταῦτα (sub. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταῦτ' ᾧ δεσπότηα yes, master.

VIII. dat. fem. sing. ταῦτη was also used as Adv., 1. of Place (sub. χῶρος), *in this spot, here.* 2. of Manner, *in this way, so.* 3. *in this respect, so far, for the matter of that.*

IX. οὔτος is often strengthd. in Att. by the demonstr. ἱ, οὔτοσί, αὔτηί, τοῦτί, gen. τουτοῦ, nom. pl. οὔτοι, neut. ταῦτι, etc., *this man here, Lat. hicce:—before a vowel i becomes ī, as οὔτοσιν: neut. τουτοσί, ταυταγί.*

οὔτως, before a conson. οὔτω, Adv. of οὔτος, *in this way or manner, so thus, Lat. sic.* II. *with a qualifying power, so, only so, simply, no more than.* III. *in wishes, with optat., εἰ γὰρ ἐγὼν οὔτω γε Διὸς παῖς εἶην would I were the son of Jove so [truly] as . . .* 2. *in protestations, as, ἐγὼ γὰρ οὔτως ἀνάμην τῶν τέκνων, μισῶ τὸν ἀνδρα I, so help me my children, hate the man.* IV. οὔτω μὲν . . , οὔτω δέ . . , partly . . , partly . . , *on the one hand . . , on the other . . ; cf. οὔτος iv.*

V. in beginning a

story, οὕτω ποτ' ἦν μῦς καὶ γαλῆ so there were once upon a time a mouse and a marten-cat.

οὐτωςί, οὐτωςίν, = οὕτως. [Ὶ]

οὐχί, Adv. for οὐ, *not*. [Ὶ]

οὐχίνος, by crasis for ὁ ἐχίνος.

ὀφειλέτης, ου, ὁ, fem. ὀφειλέτης, ιδος, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) a debtor.

ὀφειλή, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) a debt: one's due.

ὀφείλημα, τό, (ὀφείλω) that which is owed, a debt.

'ΟΦΕΪΛΩ, impf. ὤφειλον: fut. ὀφείλωσι: aor. I ὤφειλσα:

aor. 2 ὤφελον Ion. ὤφελον Ep. ὤφελον, ὀφείλλον: pf. ὤφειλκα:—to owe, be indebted for, have to pay: absol. to be in debt:—Pass. to be owed, to be due: part. ὀφειλόμενος, bounden, due, fitting; τὸ ὀφειλόμενον one's due. 2. ζημίαν ὀφείλειν to be liable to, be in danger of a penalty, etc.:

of retribution, Βλάβην ὀφείλειν τινί to owe one an ill turn. II. to be under an obligation, to be bound to do a thing. 2. aor. 2 ὤφελον, I ought., of what one has not done; ὤφελεν ἀθανάτοισιν εὐχέσθαι he ought to have prayed to the gods: hence this aor. comes to express the wish that a thing had happened which has not, as, τῆν ὄφελ' ἐν νήεσσι κατακτάμεν Ἄρτεμιν would that Diana had slain her! Lat. utinam eam interfecisset! properly, Diana ought to have slain her: mostly with the Conjunction εἴθε Ep. εἴθε, as, εἴθ' ὄφελος ἄγονος ἔμναι O that thou badst been unborn! εἴθ' ὄφελ' Ἄργου μὴ διαπτάσθαι σκάφος would that the Argo had not sped through: also with ὡς, ὡς ὄφελον or ὤφελον O that I bad! also with negat., μὴ ὄφελος would thou badst not.!

III. of anything binding upon us, esp. in Pass.; πᾶσιν ἡμῖν τοῦτ' ὀφείλεται παθεῖν this is a debt due for us all to pay; so, πᾶσιν ἡμῖν καταθεαῖν ὀφείλεται, Horace's debemur morti, we must all pay the debt of nature.

'ΟΦΕ'ΑΛΩ, Ep. for ὀφείλω, impf. ὤφελον or ὤφελον, to owe: Pass., χρεῖός μου ὀφείλεται a debt is due to me. II. to be obliged, bound.

'ΟΦΕ'ΑΛΩ, f. ὀφελῶ: aor. I ὤφειλα, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. ὀφέλλειν:—poët. word, to increase, enlarge, augment, strengthen; μῦθον ὀφέλλειν to multiply words; ὀφέλλειν τινά τιμῇ to raise one in honour, Lat. honore augere: generally, to help, make to thrive:—Pass. to wax, grow, thrive, increase.

ὀφελον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

ὀφελος, τό, (ὀφέλλω) advantage, help, profit, usance; c. gen., τῶν ὀφελος οὐδὲν whose use was nothing, i. e. who were of no use; so, ὅ τι ὀφελος στρατεύματος what was really serviceable of the army.

ὀφθαλμία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός) a disease of the eyes accompanied by the discharge of humours, ophthalmia. ὀφθαλμιάω, (ὀφθαλμία) to have the ophthalmia, to have sore eyes.

ὀφθαλμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ὀφθαλμός. [Ὶ]

ὀφθαλμο-δουλεία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός, δουλεία) eye-service.

ὀφθαλμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀφθῆναι) the eye; ἐς ὀφθαλμούς τινος before one's eyes or face; ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς Lat. in

oculis, before the eyes; ἐξ ὀφθαλμῶν out of sight; κατ' ὀφθαλμούς to one's face. II. like ὄμμα and ἄνθος, the dearest, choicest, best of anything, as the eye is the most precious part of the body; ὀφθαλμός στρατιάς the flower of the army, as we say, the apple of the eye.

III. in Persia, ὀφθαλμοῖ βασιλέως, the king's eyes, were confidential officers, through whom he beheld his subjects.

ὀφθαλμο-τεγκτος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, τέγγω) wetting the eyes.

ὀφθαλμο-ῤύχος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, ῥύσσω) tearing out the eyes.

ὀφθαλμός, Dor. for ὀφθαλμοῖς.

ὀφθéis, aor. I pass. part. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of ὄραω.

ὀφίεσσι, Ep. for ὄφισσι, dat. pl. of ὄφισ.

ὀφιο-βόλος, ον, (ὄφισ, βαλεῖν) serpent-slaying.

ὀφίο-πους, ποδος, (ὄφισ, πούς) with snakes for legs.

'ΟΦΙ'Σ, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, a serpent, snake.

ὀφι-ώδης, es, (ὄφισ, εἶδος) of serpent shape, snakey.

ὀφλεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ὀφλισκάνω.

ὀφλημα, ατος, τό, (ὀφλεῖν) a debt or a fine incurred in a lawsuit, damages.

ὀφλήσω; fut. of ὀφλισκάνω.

ὀφλισκάνω, fut. ὀφλήσω: pf. ὤφληκα: aor. 2 ὤφλον, inf. ὀφλεῖν, part. ὀφλάν:—to owe, incur a debt, but mostly used in the technical phrase δίκην ὀφλεῖν or ὀφλισκάνειν, to be cast in a suit, lose one's cause; as, ὀφλάν ἄρπαγῆς τε καὶ κλοπῆς δίκην being cast in a suit of robbery and theft; also, θανάτου δίκην ὀφλισκάνειν to be found guilty of a capital crime: often without δίκην, ὀφλισκάνειν ἀσπρατείας (sub. δίκην) to be found guilty of not serving: absol. to be cast, be found guilty, convicted: also, ζημίαν ὀφλεῖν to incur a penalty.

II. generally, of anything one brings on oneself; γέλωτα or αἰσχύνην ὀφλεῖν to bring laughter or shame on oneself, incur them: so also, δειλίαν ὀφλισκάνειν τινί to bring on oneself the imputation of folly in any one's estimation.

ὀφλῶν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ὀφλισκάνω.

'ΟΦΡΑ, Conjunction, marking end or intention, that, in order that, to the end that, Lat. ut. II.

Adv. of Time, like Lat. donec, so long as, while: until.

ὀφρῦη, ἡ, Ion. for ὀφρῦς, the brow or edge of a bill. [Ὶ]

ὀφρῦδός, εσσα, εν, (ὀφρῦς) on the brow or edge of a rock, beetling. 2. metaph. towering, pompous.

'ΟΦΡΥ'Σ, υός, ἡ; acc. ὀφρῦν later ὀφρῦα; acc. pl. ὀφρῦδός, ὀφρῦς:—the eyebrow, Lat. supercilium, used in many phrases to denote grief, rage, scorn or pride; as, τὰς ὀφρῦς ἀνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows in token of grief; τὰς ὀφρῦς συνάγειν to knit, contract the brows, frown; opp. to λύνειν and μεθίεναι τὰς ὀφρῦς to smoothe or unknit the brow. 2.

ὀφρῦς, like Lat. supercilium, gravity, dignity: scorn,

pride, II. metaph. *the brow of a bill, the edge of a cliff, a beetling or overhanging crag.*

ὄφρῦς, contr. for ὄφρῦας, acc. pl. of ὄφρῦς.

ὄχά, (ἔχω) Ep. Adv. *by far, eminently*, always with Sup. ἀρίστος: later ἔξοχα.

ὄχάνη, ἡ, and ὄχάνων, τό, (ὄχέω, ἔχω) *the bundle of a shield*, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the bearer passed his arm.

ὄχέσκον, Ion. impf. of ὄχέω.

ὄχέεσσι, Ep. for ὄχεσι, dat. pl. of ὄχος.

ὄχέια, ἡ, (ὄχεύω) *a covering*, of the horse.

ὄχεσφι, -iv, Ep. for ὄχεσι, dat. pl. of τὸ ὄχος.

ὄχετεύω, f. σω, (ὄχετός) *to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct*:—Pass., ὕδαρ ὄχετευόμενον *water carried off by a canal.*

ὄχετῆγός, ὄν, (ὄχετός, ἀγω) *drawing off water by a conduit or canal.*

ὄχετός, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄχέω) *a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a river.* 2. metaph. *a channel or means of escape.*

ὄχεύς, gen. έως Ion. ἦος, ὄ, (ἔχω) *any fastening*: 1. *the band or strap for fastening the helmet under the chin.* 2. in pl. *the clasps of the belt.* 3. *a bolt which fastened the door within.*

ὄχευτής, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄχεύω) *a stallion: a lewd person.* ὄχεύω, f. σω, (ὄχέω) *to ride: of male animals, to cover.*

ὄχέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄχος, ὄ) collat. form of ἔχω, as φορέω of φέρω, *to bear, endure, support, hold; φρουρὰν ὄχεῖν to keep watch.* 2. *to let ride, mount.* II. in Pass., with fut. med. ὀχῆσμαι, *to be borne or carried*; κύμασιν, νηυσίν, ἵπποισιν ὀχεῖσθαι *to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc.*: hence without any Subst. after it, like Lat. *vehi, to drive, ride, sail*; ἐπ' ἀγκύρας ὀχεῖσθαι *to ride at anchor.*

ὄχηα, Ep. acc. of ὀχεύς: ὀχῆες, nom. pl.

ὄχημα, τό, (ὄχέω) *that which bears or supports, a support, stay.* II. *a carriage, a chariot*, Lat. *vehiculum*: also *a vessel, ship.*

ὄχθέω, f. ἦσω, *to be heavy laden: metaph. to be heavy or oppressed in mind, to be vexed at heart; ἄχθησαν they were heavy at heart.* (From ἀχθομαι, as ὄχέω from ἔχω.)

*ΟΧΘΗ, ἡ, older form of ὄχθος, *any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam*: in pl. *the banks of a river or trench, dyke, etc.*: also, *crags by a river.* Hence

ὄχθηρός, ἄ, ὄν, *raised, billy.*

ὄχθος; ὄ, later form of ὄχθη, *rising ground, a bill.*

ὄχλέω, = μοχλέω, *to heave or move by a lever*:—Pass. *to be rolled, roll along*; ψηφίδες ἅπασαι ὀχλεύονται (Aeol. for ὀχλοῦνται) *all the pebbles are rolled or swept away by the water.*

ὄχλέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄχλος) *to disturb by a mob or tumult*; generally, *to trouble or importune*, c. acc.: absol. *to be troublesome.*

ὄχληρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄχλέω) *troublesome, importunate.*

ὄχλίω, f. ἴσω, = ὄχλέω, ὄχλεύω, *to move or heave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll it away by dint of strength.*

ὄχλίσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of ὄχλίω.

ὄχλο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄχλος, ποιέω) *to make a riot; ὀχλοποιεῖν τὴν πόλιν to set the city in an uproar.*

*ΟΧΛΟΣ, ὄ, *a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob*, Lat. *turba*, opp. to δῆμος (*the people in a constitutional sense*). II. *noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult*, Lat. *turba*:—generally, *disturbance, trouble, annoyance, importunity.*

ὄχλ-ώδης, ές, contr. for ὄχλο-ειδής, (ὄχλος, εἶδος) *like a mob, turbulent, riotous*; τὸ ὀχλῶδες *troublesomeness, turbulence.*

ὄχημα, ατος, τό, (ἔχω) *a hold, fastening.* Hence ὄχημάς, f. ἄσω, *to grip, hold fast: to bind, fetter*: of horses, *to rein in, make obedient to the bit.*

ὄχηη, ἡ, *a wild pear*, late form of ὄγχηη.

ὄχος, εος, τό, (ἔχω) *a chariot*, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. ὄχεσφι, ὄχεσφιν, for ὄχεσι.

ὄχος ποët. ὀχος, ου, ὄ, (ἔχω) *that which holds; νηῶν ὄχοι places to hold ships, i. e. harbours, roadsteads.* II. *that which bears, a carriage, chariot, car*; but, ὄχοι ἀπήνης *bearers of the chariot, i. e. the wheels.*

ὄχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἔχω) *like ἐχυρός, firm, lasting, stout, strong*: esp. of places, *firm, secure: strong, tenable*, of a fortress or the like.

ὄχυρόω, f. ὠσω, (ὄχυρός) *to make fast, fortify.* Hence

ὄχυρώμα, ατος, τό, *a stronghold, fortress.*

ὄχυρῶς, Adv. of ὄχυρός, *firmly, strongly.*

ὄχωνω, by metath. for ὀκωνω, perf. of ἔχω.

ὄψ, ἡ, gen. ὀπός, dat. ὀπί, acc. ὄπα (εἰπεῖν, ἔπος) *a voice.* II. *a discourse, word.*

ὄψ-ἄματης [μα], ου, ὄ, voc. ὀψᾶματα, (ὀπέ, ἀμάω) *one who mows till late at even*; cf. ὀψαρτύτης.

ὀψᾶνον, τό, (ὀψομαι) = ὀψις, *a sight, vision.*

ὀψᾶριον, τό, Dim. of ὀψον, esp. *fish: a small fish.*

ὀψ-ἄρτης, ου, ὄ, (ὀπέ, ἀρώω) *one who ploughs late*; cf. ὀψαμάτης.

*ΟΨΕΊ, Adv. *after a long time, at length, late*, Lat. *sero*; ὀπέ μαθάνειν *to learn too late.* 2. *late in the day, at even*, opp. to πρωί: *late in the season*; ὀπέ ἦν *it was late*: c. gen., ὀπέ τῆς ἡμέρας *late in the day*, Lat. *serum diei*: also, ὀπέ τῶν Τρωικῶν *long after the Trojan war*.—Att. irreg. Comp. ὀψιαίτερον *later*; Sup. ὀψιαίτατα, *latest*.

ὀψείω, Desiderat. of ὀράω, formed from fut. ὀφομαι, *to wish to see.*

ὀψεσθαι, fut. inf. of ὀράω.

ὀψι, Aeol. for ὀπέ.

ὀψια (sub. ὠρα), ἡ, properly fem. of ὀψιος, *the latter part of the day, evening*, often joined with δειλη.

Opp. to ὄρθρος: see δειλη.

ὀψιαίτερος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ὀψιος: see ὀπέ.

ὄψι-γνος, *ov*, (ὄψέ, γενέσθαι) *late-born, after-born, born in a later age.* 2. of a son, *late-born, born in one's old age.* 3. *later-born, i. e. younger.* [7]

ὄψις-τερος, -τατος, *Comp.* and *Sup.* of ὄψιος.
ὄψιζω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὄψέ) *to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing:* *Pass.* *to be belated, benighted.*

ὄψι-κοιτος, *ov*, (ὄψέ, κοίτη) *going late to bed, late watching or wakeful.*
ὄψι-μάθησθαι, *f. ἴσω*, *to learn late or too late.* From ὄψι-μαθής, *és*, (ὄψέ, μαθεῖν) *late in learning, late to learn, Lat. serus studiorum: too late or too old to learn, c. gen.*

ὄψιμος, *ov*, (ὄψέ) *poët.* for ὄπιος, *late, slow, tardy: téras ὄπιμον* a prognostic *late of fulfilment.*

ὄψι-voos, *ov*, (ὄψέ, νόος) *late of thought, inobservant.*
ὄψιος, *a, ov*, (ὄψέ) *late, Lat. serus, opp. to πρῶσιος.*—*Att. Comp.* ὄψιαίτερος, *a, ov*, *Sup.* ὄψιαίτατος, *η, ov:* *Neut.* ὄψιαίτερον, -τατα, *Adv.* as *Comp.* and *Sup.* of ὄψέ. The forms ὄψιέστερος and ὄψιέστατος also occur.

ὄψις, *gen. eow* *Ion. ios, ἡ*, (ὄψομαι) *a sight, appearance; a vision, apparition:—ὄψις οἰκοδομημάτων* a show of buildings. 2. *outward appearance, look: the face, visage.* II. *the power of sight or seeing, eyesight.* 2. *a viewing, seeing, view, sight, Lat. conspectus; ἀπικέσθαι ἐς ὄψιν τινί* to come into one's sight or presence.

ὄψι-τελέστος, *ov*, (ὄψέ, τελέω) *late of fulfilment, to be late fulfilled.*

ὄψομαι, *fut. of ὄραω*, formed from *ὄπτομαι.

ὄψον, τό, (ἔψω) *properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesh.* II. *anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called ὄψον ποτῶ, a zest or relish to drink.* III. *generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph. of hunger or toil, ὁ πόνος ὄψον τοῖς ἀγαθοῖς* labour is a *sauce to good things.* IV. *any dainty food, rich fare: in pl. dainties.* V. *at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians.* 2. *the market-place, esp. the fish-market.*

ὄψοποιέω, *Dep.* (ὄψοποιός) *to dress meat delicately: Med. to eat meat or fish with bread.* Hence ὄψοποιία, *ἡ*, *the art of cookery: and ὄψοποιικός, ἡ, ὄν*, *of or for delicate cookery.*
ὄψο-ποιός, *όν*, (ὄψον, ποιέω) *cooking food skilfully: as Subst., ὄψοποιός, ὁ, a cook.*

ὄψο-πόνος, *ov*, (ὄψον, πονέω) *dressing food elaborately.*

ὄψοφαγέω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὄψοφάγος) *to eat or live upon dainties alone, to fare delicately.* Hence

ὄψοφαγία, *ἡ*, *dainty living: eating delicacies.*
ὄψο-φάγος, *ov*, (ὄψον, φαγείν) *eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., ὄψοφάγος, ὁ, an epicure, gourmand.—Irreg. Att. Comp.* and *Sup.* ὄψοφαγίστερος, ὄψοφαγίστατος.

ὄψ-ωνέω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὄψον, ἀνέομαι) *to buy or purvey fish: generally, to buy victuals.* Hence

ὄψώνιον, τό, *properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.*

Π

Π, π, πῖ, *indecl.:* sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral π' = 80, but π = 80,000.

Changes of π: it is often interchanged with β, as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in *Ion.* for φ, as ἀπικέσθαι for ἀβικέ-, ἀπηγέσθαι for ἀβηγ-; and so before an aspirate, π was retained by the *Ion.*, e.g., ἀπ' ἡμῶν, ἰπ' ἡμῶν for ἀβ' ἡμῶν, ἰβ' ἡμῶν. II. in *Ion.* Prose, π becomes κ in relatives and interrogatives, e.g. κῶς ὅκως κοῖος ὀκοῖος κόσος ὀκόσος for πῶς ὅπως ποῖος ὀποῖος ὅσος ὀπόσος. III. in *Aeol.* π is used for μ, as ὅππα for ὅμμα, πεδά for μετά. IV. in *Aeol.* and *Dor.* π is for τ, as πέμπε for πέντε. V. π is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρός λαγαρός. VI. π is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat. esp. in *Aeol.* e.g. ὀπη, ὀππῶς, ὀπποῖος, ὀππόσος for ὀπη, etc. VII. *Poët.*, τ is sometimes inserted after π, esp. in πτόλις, πτόλεμος for πόλις, πόλεμος with their derivatives.

πᾶ, πᾶ, *Dor.* for πῆ, πη.
πᾶα, *Lacon.* for πᾶσα.
πᾶγά, *Dor.* for πηγή.

παγενέτειρα, *ἡ*, *mother of all.* From πα-γενέτης, *ov, ὁ*, (πᾶς, γενέσθαι) *father of all.*

πα-γλυκερός, *ά, ὄν*, (πᾶς, γλυκερός) *sweetest of all.*

πα-γλωσσία, *ἡ*, (πᾶς, γλώσσα) *wordiness.*

πάγεις, *εῖσα, ἐν*, *aor.* 2 *pass.* part. of πήγνυμι.

πάγεν [ᾶ], *Aeol.* and *Ep.* for ἐπάγησαν, 3 *pl. aor.* 2 *pass.* of πήγνυμι.

παγετός, *ὁ*, (παγος) *frost, ice.*

παγετ-ώδης, *es*, (παγετός, εἶδος) *frosty, icy-cold.*

πάγη [ᾶ], 3 *sing.* *Ep.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* of πήγνυμι.

πάγη [ᾶ], *ἡ*, (παγήναι) *anything that fixes or holds fast: a snare, noose, trap: the tools used in fowling: a fowling-net.* 2. *metaph.* a snare, stratagem.

παγήναι, *aor.* 2 *inf. pass.* of πήγνυμι.

παγιθεῖω, *f. σω*, (παγίς) *to lay a snare for, entrap.*

πάγιος, *a, ov*, (παγήναι) *fixed, firm, solid, steadfast.*

Adv. -ίως, *firmly, steadily.*

παγίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (παγήναι) *like πάγη, a snare, trap, gin:—ἀγκυρα παγίς νεῶν* the anchor which holds ships like a trap.

παγ-καίνιστος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καινός) *all new or fresh.*

παγ-κάκος, *ov*, (πᾶς, κακός) *quite or utterly bad: most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly bad or depraved: Sup.* παγκάκιστος. *Adv.* παγκάκως, *all miserably.*

παγ-κάλος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καλός) *all-beautiful, all-good.*

παγκαρπία, *ἡ*, *an offering of all kinds of fruit.*

παγ-καίνιστος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καρπός) *of or consisting of all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit.*

παγ-κατάρπτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καταρπός) *all-accursed.*

παγ-κευθής, *és*, (πᾶς, κεύθω) *all concealed.* II. *act. all-concealing.*

πάγκλαυτος and -κλαυτος, *ov*, (πᾶς; κλαῖω) *all-lamented, most woeful*. II. *act. all-tearful*.

παγκληρία, ἡ, *a sole inheritance, full possession*.

From

πάγκληρος, *ov*, (πᾶς; κληρος) *held in full possession*.

πάγκοινοσ, *ov*, (πᾶς, κοινός) *common to all*.

πάγκοιτης, *ov*, δ, (πᾶς, κοίτη) *giving rest to all*; θάλαμοσ παγκοίτησ the chamber in which all must rest, i. e. the grave.

παγκόνιτοσ, *ov*, (πᾶς; κονίω) *covered all over with dust*; ἀέθλα παγκόνιτα prizes gained by all kinds of contests.

παγκράτης, *έσ*, (πᾶς, κράτοσ) *all-powerful, all-mighty, all-ruling: all-conquering*.

παγκρατιάζω, *f. σω*, to perform the exercises of the pancratium.

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτης) *a complete contest, i. e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium*.

παγκρότοσ, *Adv.* (πᾶσ, κρότοσ) *sounding all at once, of towers who keep good time*.

πάγοσ, δ, (πάγηνα) *a firm-set rock: a peak, crag, rocky hill*: δ Ἄρειοσ πάγοσ the Aereopagus at Athens. [ᾶ]

πάγοσ, δ, (πάγηνα) *anything stiffened or hardened: frozen water, ice, frost*. [ᾶ]

πάγουροσ, δ, (πάγηνα, οὐρά) *a kind of crab*.

παγχάλεποσ, *ov*, (πᾶσ, χαλεπόσ) *very difficult and dangerous*. *Adv.* -πώσ.

παγχάλκεοσ and παγχαλκοσ, *ov*, (πᾶσ, χαλκόσ) *all-brasen, all of brass*.

πάγχρητοσ, *ov*, (πᾶσ, χρητοσ) *good for all work*.

πάγχριστοσ, *ov*, (πᾶσ, χριστοσ) *all-anointed*; πάγχριστον πεθοῦσ the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.

παγχρῦτοσ, *ov*, and πάγχρῦτοσ, *ov*, (πᾶσ, χρῦτοσ) *all gold, of solid gold*. [ῦ]

πάγχῦ, *Adv.* (πᾶσ, πᾶν) *Ion.* for πάνυ, *quite, wholly; entirely, altogether*.

πάγῳ, *aor. 2 subj. pass. of πήγημι*.

πάδοσ, *Dor.* for πηδάω.

πάθε [ᾶ], *Ep.* for ἔπαθε, 3 *sing. aor. 2 of πάσχω*.

πάθειν *Ep.* πάθειν, *aor. 2 inf. of πάσχω*. Hence πάθη [ᾶ], ἡ, *anything that befalls one: suffering, misfortune*.

πάθημα, *ατοσ*, τό, = πάθοσ, *a suffering, misfortune*; τὰ παθήματα μαθήματα *sufferings are lessons to learn by*.

πάθησοθα, *Ep.* 2 *sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of πάσχω*.

πάθητοσ, ἡ, *ov*, (παθεῖν) *having suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer*.

πάθοσ, *εοσ*, τό, (παθεῖν) *anything that befalls one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity*. 2. *a passive condition: a passion, affection*. 3. *an incident*.

πάθω [ᾶ], *aor. 2 subj.* of πάσχω.

πάθῳ, *ov*, *aor. 2 part. of πάσχω*.

παί, *Ep.* παί, *vocat. of παῖσ*.

Παῖαν, *ἄνοσ*, δ, *Ep.* and *Ion.* Παῖων, *ονοσ*, later Παῖων, *ἄνοσ*, *Paeon* or *Paeon*, the physician of the gods; Παῖονοσ γένεθλη the race of Paeon, i. e. physicians.

2. later the name was transferred to Apollo, who was invoked by the cry ἰήμι Παῖαν; also to his son Aesculapius.

3. *a physician: and more generally, a saviour; deliverer*. II. as appellat. παῖαν *Ion.* παῖων, *a paeon*, i. e. *a choral song, a hymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Παῖαν*.

2. *a song of triumph* after victory, properly to Apollo: also *a triumphant song* before battle, *a war-song*.

3. *any solemn song or chant*. 4. in pl., *παῖονοσ paeon-singers*. Hence

παῖανίζω, *f. σω*, to chant the paeon, sing a song of triumph.

Παῖάω, *ονοσ*, δ, *Dor.* for Παῖων. [ᾶ]

παῖγμα, *ατοσ*, τό, (παίζω) *play, sport; λωτοῦ π. flute-playing*.

παῖγνιά, ἡ, (παίζω) *play, sport, a game, pastime*. II. *a feast, festival*.

παῖγνια-γράφοσ, *ov*, (παῖγνιά, γράφω) *writing sportive poetry*.

παῖγνήμιον, *ov*, *gen. onοσ*, (παῖγνιά) *fond of a joke*.

παῖγνιον, τό, (παίζω) *a plaything, toy: impl. of a person, like Lat. deliciae, a darling*. II. in Theocritus, the Egyptians are called κακὰ παῖγνια, *roughish cheats*.

III. *a sportive poem: merry noise*.

παῖγνιοσ, *ov*, (παῖγνιά) *sportive, droll, done in play*.

παῖγνι-ώδησ, *εσ*, (παῖγνιά, εἶδοσ) *playful, sportive, merry: τὸ παῖγνιῶδεσ playfulness*.

παῖδ-ἀγωγέον, τό, (παῖδαγωγόσ) *a school-room*.

παῖδαγωγέω, *f. ἦσο*, (παῖδαγωγόσ) *to attend boys: to lead like a child, to train, educate*. Hence

παῖδαγνία, ἡ, *an attending boys, education:—attendance*.

παῖδ-ἀγωγόσ, *ov*, (παῖσ, ἄγω) *attending or training boys: as Subst., παῖδαγωγόσ, δ, the slave who went with a boy from home to school and back again: hence generally, a tutor, teacher, instructor*.

παῖδαριον, τό, *Dim.* of παῖσ, *a young child, a little boy or girl*.

II. *a young slave*.

παῖδοσ, παῖδοῶν, *Lacon.* for παῖζω, παῖζειν.

παῖδεία, ἡ, (παῖδεῖν) *the rearing or bringing up of a child: teaching, education, discipline, correction*. II. *young, childhood*. III. *handiwork*.

παῖδειοσ, *ov*, (παῖσ) *childish, concerning or suited to children: ὕμνοι παῖδειοσ hymns sung by the boys*.

παῖδεραστοῦ, *f. ἦσο*, to love boys. From

παῖδ-εραστοῦ, *ov*, δ, (παῖσ, ἐράω) *a lover of boys*.

παῖδεραστία, ἡ, (παῖδεραστοῦ) *love of boys*.

παῖδεστο, *Ep.* for παῖσι, *dat. pl. of παῖσ*.

παῖδευμα, *ατοσ*, τό, (παῖδεῖν) *that which is reared or educated, a nursing, scholar, pupil*. II. *that which is taught, lesson*.

παῖδευοσ, ἡ, (παῖδεῖν) *a rearing, training, education*. II. *a place of teaching, school; ἡ ἡμετέρα*

πόλις Ἑλλάδος παιδευσις our city is the school of Greece.

παιδευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of παιδεύω, to be educated: neut. παιδευτέον, one must educate.

παιδευτής, οὔ, ὁ, an educator, instructor. II. a corrector, chastiser. From

παιδεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐπαίδεσσα: pf. πεπαίδευκα: —Pass., aor. I ἐπαίδεθην: pf. πεπαίδευμαι: (παῖς): —to rear or bring up a child: usu. 2. to teach, educate, instruct; ὁ παιδευμένος a man of education, opp. to ἀπαιδευτος:—Med. to have any one taught or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom or inure to a thing. 4. to correct, chasten.

παιδίος, η, ον, Ion. for παιδεῖος.

παιδιά, ἀς, ἡ, (παίζω) child's play, sport, pastime: a game.

παιδία, ἡ, worse form for παιδεία.

παιδικά, ὦν, τά, a darling, love, relating to a single person, Lat. deliciae. II. παιδικά (sub. μέλη), songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

παιδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παῖς) of or fit for a boy, childish, boyish, Lat. puerilis. 2. playful, sportive. II. belonging to a beloved youth.

παιδιόθεν, Adv. from childhood, from a child. From παιδίον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, a young child. II. a young slave.

παιδικάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl.

παιδίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of παῖς (ἡ), a young girl, maiden, damsel. II. a young female slave: a courtesan.

παιδικός, ὄν, Dim. of ὁ παῖς, a young son, boy, lad.

παιδνός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (παίζω) childish, silly, playful. II. as Subst. παιδνός, ὄ, = ὁ παῖς, a boy, lad: παιδνῆ, ἡ, a girl.

παιδο-βόρος, ον, (παῖς, βορά) child-eating.

παιδο-γόνος, ον, (παῖς, *γένω) begetting children. II. making fruitful or prolific.

παιδο-κομέω, (παῖς, κομέω) to take care of a child.

παιδο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (παῖς, κόραξ) a boy-raven.

παιδοκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to murder children. From παιδο-κτόνος, ον, (παῖς, κτένω) child-murdering.

παιδο-ολετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and παιδο-ολέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (παῖς, ἄλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδο-ολέτειρα and παιδο-ολετρίς, ἰδος, a child-murderess.

παιδο-λύμας, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (παῖς, λύμη) destroying children. [ῥ]

παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παῖς, νέμω) controlling boys: as Subst., Παιδονόμοι, οἱ, magistrates who superintended the education of youths, at Sparta.

παιδοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (παιδοποιός) of men, to beget children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med., with pf. pass. πεπαδοποιήμαι. Hence

παιδοποιεῖα, ἡ, a begetting or bearing of children.

παιδο-ποιός, ὄν, (παῖς, ποιέω) begetting or bearing children: generative.

παιδο-πόρος, ον, (παῖς, πέρω) through which a child passes.

παιδοσπορέω, f. ἦσω, to beget children. From παιδο-σπόρος, ον, begetting children.

παιδοτριβέω, to teach boys wrestling: generally, to train, exercise, practise. From

παιδο-τριβής, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, τρίβηναι) a training-master for boys, a master of exercises: ἐν παιδοτριβῶν in the house or school of the trainer: generally, a teacher, master. [ῥ] Hence

παιδοτριβικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or fit for a training-master or his art. Adv. —κῶς, like a gymnastic master.

παιδο-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (παῖς, τρίβηναι) a slave that attends upon the children.

παιδοτροφέω, f. ἦσω, (παιδοτρόφος) to rear children. Hence

παιδοτροφία, ἡ, the rearing of children.

παιδο-τρόφος, ον, (παῖς, τρέφω) feeding or rearing children: as Subst., παιδοτρόφος, ἡ, a mother.

παιδο-τροτός, ον, (παῖς, τιτρώσκω) wounded by children; of wounds, inflicted by children.

παιδο-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, (παῖς, ἔργον) = παιδοποιέω. Hence

παιδουργία, ἡ, a begetting children: also of the wife herself.

παιδοφιλέω, f. ἦσω, to be fond of boys. From παιδο-φίλην, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, φιλέω) fond of boys.

παιδο-φόνος, ον, (παῖς, *φόνω) killing children; συμφορά παιδοφόνος the calamity of having killed a son; παιδοφόνον αἷμα the blood of slain children.

παιδο-φορέω, (παῖς, φορέω) to waft away a boy.

παίζω: f. παίξομαι or παίξομαι, rarely παίξω: aor. I ἔπαισα and ἔπαιξα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπαίσην: pf. πέπαιμαι, also πέπαιγμα: (παῖς): to play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be merry: to trifle. 2. to dance: also, to sing. 3. to play at a game; σφαίρη or σφαίραν παίξεν to play at ball. 4. to play (on an instrument). 5. to make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing. 6. transit. to treat jocely.

Παιήνιος, α, ον, also fem. Παιηονίς, ἰδος, (Παιήων) healing.

παῖσων, fut. of παῖω to strike.

Παιήων, ονος, ὁ, Ion. for Παιάων, Παιών, Paeon, the physician of the gods. II. παῖων as appellat. for παιάν, a festal song; cf. Παιάων.

Παιήων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, as Adj. = Παιήνιος.

παῖκτης, ον, ὁ, (παίζω) a dancer or player.

παίξομαι or παίξομαι, Att. fut. of παίζω.

παιπλήλ, ἡ, (redupl. from πάλην or παλή) the finest flour or meal, Lat. pollen: any fine dust: metaph. a subtle rogue. [ᾶ] Hence

παιπάλημα, ατος, τό, a subtle fellow.

παιπάλους, εσσα, εν, an old Ep. word, steep, craggy, rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΠΑΙΣ, παιδός, ὄν, ἡ; gen. pl. παιδων Dor. παιδῶν; dat. pl. παισῶν, παιδῆσαι: the Ep. preferred the dissyll. nom. πᾶις, vocat. πᾶί: I. of Descent, a child, a son or a daughter; παῖς παιδός a child's child, grandchild. 2. periph., Λυδῶν παιδῆς sons of the Lydians, i. e. the Lydians themselves. II. of Age, a child: παῖς, ὁ, a boy, youth, lad; παῖς, ἡ, a

maiden, girl:—ἐκ παιδός, ἐκ παίδων from a child, from childhood. III. also like Lat. *puer*, ὁ ἢ ἡ, a slave, servant.

παῖς, ὁ, Ep. for παῖς.

παῖσατε, 2 pl. aor. I. imperat. of παῖζω.

παῖσδα, Dor. for παῖδα, acc. of παῖς.

παῖσδω, Dor. for παῖζω.

παϊφάσσω, (redupl. from ΦΑ—, the Root of φαῖνω) to look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, palpitare.

ΠΑΪΩ, fut. παῖσω and παῖσω : aor. I. ἔπαῖσα : pf. πέπαῖκα:—Pass., aor. I. ἐπαῖσθην : pf. πέπαῖσμαι:—to strike or smite a person:—Med., ἐπαῖσατο τὸν μηρὸν he smote his thigh. 2. to strike a weapon against a smote. 3. to drive away. 4. to hit hard in speaking. II. intr. to strike against, to dash against or upon, Lat. *illido*.

Παιών, ὄνος, ὁ, like Παιών, Paeon, the god of medicine, of Aesculapius: generally, a physician, healer. II. like παιών, a solemn song or chant. III. in Prosody, a paeon, a foot consisting of three short and one long syll., with four variations, — — — —, — — — —, — — — — and — — — —.

Παιώνια, ἄδος, fem. of Παιώνιος, medicinal, healing. παιωνίζω, f. σω, = παιωνίζω, to raise the Paeon.

Παιώνιος, α, ον, (Παιών) belonging to Paeon or medicine, medicinal, healing. II. as Subst., Παιωνία, ἡ, Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, ἢ, and Παιωνιάς, ἴδος, ἡ, with and without τέχνη, the healing art, medicine: τὰ Παιώνια a festival of Paeon.

παιωνισμός, ὁ, = παιωνισμός, a chanting of the paeon. πακτά, πακτίς, πακτός, Dor. for πηκτή, etc.

πακτόω, f. ὦσω, (πακτός) to fasten, make fast or close; δῶμα πακτοῦν to make fast the house. 2. to stop, to stop up, caulk. 3. to bind fast.

ΠΑ'ΛΑ'ΘΗ, ἡ, a sort of cake made of preserved fruit, mostly of figs melted together. [ἀ]

ΠΑ'ΛΑΪ, Adv. long ago, in olden time, of old. II. formerly, erst, before: also of time just past, opp. to the present: also τὸ πάλαι.

πάλαι-γενής, ἐς, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) born long ago, aged, full of years.

πάλαι-γονος, ον, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής.

πάλαιμονέω, f. ἴσω, = παλαιών, to wrestle, fight.

παλαιο-γενής, ἐς, = παλαιγενής.

παλαιό-γονος, ον, = παλαιογονος.

πάλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. —μάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (παλαιός, μή-τηρ) ancient mother.

πάλαιο-πλούτος, ον, (παλαιός, πλούτος) = ἀρχαῖο-πλούτος, rich of old, rich in hereditary wealth, opp. to νεύπλουτος.

πάλαιο-ρίζος, ον, (παλαιός, ρίζα) with aged roots.

πάλαιος, ἄ, ὄν, (πάλαι) old, aged. 2. ancient, of olden time; οἱ παλαιοὶ the ancients; παλαιοὶ χροῖνος time long past: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., anciently, formerly: ἐκ παλαιού from of old. 3. of things, in good sense, ancient, time-honoured, venerable: in bad sense, antiquated, obsolete, out of date. II.

regul. Comp. and Sup. παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος; more often παλαιέτερος, παλαιάτατος, formed from the Adv. πάλαι: ἐκ παλαιέτερου from the older time. Hence

πάλαιοτης, ητος, ἡ, age, length of time, antiquity: old-fashioned ways: also dotage.

πάλαιό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (παλαιός, φρήν) old in mind, with the experience of age.

πάλαιώω, f. ὦσω, (παλαιός) to make old: hence to abrogate, annul, Lat. *antiquare*:—Pass. to become obsolete.

πάλαισμα, ατος, τό, (παλαιώ) a bout or fall in wrestling: generally, a struggle. II. any trick or artifice, a subterfuge.

πάλαισμοσύνη, ἡ, (παλαιώ) poet. for πάλη, wrestling, the wrestler's art.

πάλαιστή, ἡ, = παλάμη, the palm of the hand. II. a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches).

πάλαιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παλαιώ) a wrestler: generally, one who contends for a prize, a rival, candidate. 2. metaph. a trickster, cunning fellow.

πάλαιστιαιός, α, ον, (παλαιστή) a palm long or broad.

παλαιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παλαιστής) of or for wrestling.

πάλαιστρα, ἡ, (παλαιώ) a palaestra, wrestling-school: generally a school. Hence

παλαιστρίτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, presiding over the palaestra.

πάλαιετος and πάλαιατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of παλαιός, formed from the Adv. πάλαι.

πάλαι-φάτος, ον, (πάλαι, φημί) spoken long ago, epith. of ancient oracles. II. spoken of long ago, legendary.

πάλαι-χθων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλαι, χθών) long in the land: as Subst., παλαιχθων, ὁ, an old inhabitant, Lat. *indigena*.

πάλαιω, f. αῖσω : aor. I. ἐπάλασα : (πάλη):—to wrestle, Lat. *luctare*. II. metaph. to wrestle with, struggle against:—Pass. to be wrestled with. 2. absol. to labour or be distressed in battle, Lat. *laborare*.

πάλαιόμορος, f. ἴσομαι : Dep.: (παλάμη):—to manage, work, bring about. II. to devise skilfully, contrive cunningly; τὸ μῆμα παλαμήσσομαι to plan a daring deed.

ΠΑ'ΛΑ'ΜΗ, ἡ, Ep. gen. and dat. παλάμφι, παλάμφιν:—the Lat. *PALMA*, the palm of the hand, the band: metaph. force of hand, violence, murder. II. metaph. a device, skilful plan or method, means, contrivance. 2. a thing made by art, an instrument.

πάλαιμανος, ὁ, (παλάμη) a murderer, one defiled by blood, a blood-guilty man: the suppliant not yet purified.

II. the avenger of blood.

παλαῖεμεν, Ep. for παλάξειν, fut. inf. of παλάσσω.

πάλαιον, τό, = παλάθη.

πάλασσω, f. ἔω : pf. pass. πεπάλαμαι : (πάλλω):—to besprinkle:—Pass. to be besprinkled, smeared, defiled; but also, ἐγκέφαλος πεπάλακτο (3 pl. pf.) the brain was scattered about. II. to shake the lots

in a helmet; and so, to draw lots: hence pf. pass., κλήρω πεπάλαχθε (2 pl. perf. imperat.) be ye decided by lot, i. e. decide the matter by lot.

πάλαστή, ἡ, and παλαστιαῖος, α, ον, more correct forms for παλαιστή, παλαιστιαῖος.

ΠΑ'ΔΕΥ'Ω, f. σω, to catch by decoy-birds.

παλέω, Ion. aor. I πάλησα, to be disabled.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) wrestling, Lat. *lucta*; generally, a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) the finest meal or flour, Lat. *pollen*: hence παιπάλη.

πάληναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πάλλω.

πάλησειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παλέω.

πάλι, shortd. poet. form of πάλιν. [ᾶ]

παλιγ-γενεσία, ἡ, (πάλιν, γένεσις) a being born again, new birth, regeneration. II. resurrection.

παλιγ-γλωσσος, ον, (πάλιν, γλώσσα) double-tongued, contradictory, false. II. of strange or foreign tongue.

παλικάπηλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail. From

παλιγ-κάπηλος, ὁ, (πάλιν, κάπηλος) one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petty dealer, buckster.

παλίγκοτος, ον, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, breaking out afresh, Lat. *recrudescens*. II. metaph.

malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλίγκοτος τύχη adverse fortune; οἱ παλίγκοτοι adversaries.

παλίγ-κραιπνος, ον, (πάλιν, κραιπνός) very swift.

παλλιλογέω, f. ἦσω, to say again, reiterate. From

παλλί-λόγος, ον, (πάλιν, λέγω) collected again.

παλίμ-βᾶμος, ον, (πάλιν, βαίνω) going backwards.

παλίμ-βλαστής, ἐς, (πάλιν, βλαστῆν) shooting up again.

παλίμβολία, ἡ, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, fickleness. From

παλίμ-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) throwing back again: metaph. changeable, fickle.

παλίμ-μήκης, ἐς, (πάλιν, μήκος) as long again: generally, very long.

παλίμ-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, παῖς) one who is a child again, in one's second childhood.

παλίμ-πετής, ἐς, (πάλιν, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) falling back: neut. παλιμπετές as Adv. back, back again.

παλίμπλαγκτος, ον, tost to and fro, wandering back again. From

παλίμ-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) aor. I part. παλιμπλαγχθεῖς: to wander back.

παλίμ-πλάνης, ἐς, (πάλιν, πλάνη) wandering to and fro.

παλίμ-πλύτος, ον, (πάλιν, πλύνω) washed again, vamped up. II. act. vamping up old wares.

παλίμ-ποινος, η, ον, (πάλιν, ποιῶ) requiting, revenging: τὸ παλιμποινον requital, retribution.

παλίμ-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, πούς) going back, returning.

παλίμ-πρυμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρύμνη) stern foremost.

παλίμ-φημος Dor. -φῶμος, ον, (πάλιν, φήμι) dissipated, discordant.

παλίμ-φύτης, ἐς, (πάλιν, φύομαι) growing again.

ΠΑ'ΑΪΝ, Adv. back, backwards; πάλιν δούναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν κίε θυγατέρος ἧς she went back from her daughter.

2. πάλιν also implies opposition, on the contrary, reversely; πάλιν εἰρεῖν to say to the contrary, i. e. gain-say; πάλιν ποιῆσε γέροντα she made him reversely an old man, i. e. transformed him into an old man.

II. of Time, again, once more, anew.

παλίμ-ἀγρετος, ον, (πάλιν, ἀγρέω) taken back, to be taken back or recalled; ἔπος οὐ παλιμἀγρετον an irrevocable word.

παλίμ-αυξής, ἐς, (πάλιν, αἰξω) growing again.

παλίμ-αυτόμολος, ον, deserting back again: as Subst. a double deserter.

παλίμ-δίνητος, ον, (πάλιν, δινέω) whirling to and fro, eddying. [ᾶ]

παλίμδρομέω, f. ἦσω, (παλιμδρόμος) to run back again. Hence

παλίμδρομία, ἡ, a running back, going backwards.

παλίμ-δρομος, ον, (πάλιν, δραμεῖν) running back again, recurring.

παλι-νγημία, ἡ, (πάλιν, νηγέμος) a returning calm.

παλίμ-ὄρημος, η, ον, rushing back: cf. sq.

παλίμ-ορος Att. -ορος, ον, (πάλιν, ὄρυσμαι) basting or darting back. II. recurring, inveterate.

παλίμ-σκίος, ον, = παλίσκιος.

παλίμ-σοος, ον, safe again, recovered.

παλίμ-στομέω, f. ἦσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again.

παλίμ-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω) requited, repaid: avenged, punished.

παλίμ-τονος, ον, (πάλιν, τείνω) stretched back: epith. of the bow, παλίμτονα τόξα, I. of the string or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to him to discharge the arrow with more force.

2. of the unstringed bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

παλίμ-τρέπελος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) = παλίμτροπος.

παλίμ-τριβής, ἐς, (πάλιν, τριβήναι) rubbed again and again: barded, obdurate, villainous.

παλίμ-τροπος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) turned back or away, averted, Lat. *retortus*. II. turning back.

III. turned the contrary way, reverse.

παλίμ-τύχης, ἐς, (πάλιν, τύχη) with a reverse of fortune.

παλίμ-ωδέω, f. ἦσω, (πάλιν, ᾠδῆ) to recant what has been said in an ode: generally, to recant. Hence

παλίμωδία, ἡ, a recantation, palinode.

ΠΑ'ΑΪΟΤΡΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of thorny shrub, *rbamnus paliurus*.

παλίμυρο-φῶρος, ον, (παλιμυρος, φέρω) with a bundle of paliurus-wood.

παλίμ-ρόθος, α, ον, (πάλιν, ῥόθος) back-flowing; κύμα παλιρροΐον a wave dashing to and fro, ebbing and flowing.

παλίρ-ροθος, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθος) *ebbing and flowing*.
παλιρροια, ή, (παλιρροος) *the reflux of water, backwater, ebb*.

παλίρ-ροιος, η, ον, Ep. for παλιρροος.
παλίρ-ροος, ον, contr. παλιρροους, ον, (πάλιν, ρέω) *flowing backwards, reflux: ebbing and flowing*. II. metaph. *returning on one's head, retributive*.

παλίρ-ροπος, ον, (πάλιν, ρέπω) *sliding back, sinking*.
παλί-σκίος, ον, (πάλιν, σκιά) *shadowed over, gloomy, dusky*.

παλίς-σῦτος, ον, (πάλιν, σέω) *rushing hurriedly back; δρόμημα παλίσσοντα a backward course*.

παλ-ῶσις, ή, (πάλιν, ἰσκή) *a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally*.

πάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (πάλλαξ) *concubinage*.
Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλας) *the statue of Pallas*.

Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλας) *of or sacred to Pallas*.
παλλάκευομαι, Dep. (πάλλαξ) *to keep as a concubine*.

παλλάκη, ή, (πάλλαξ) *a concubine*.
παλλάκις, ἴδος, ή, = πάλλαξ, *a concubine*.

ΠΑΨΑΛΞ, ἄκος, ή, *a concubine*, Lat. *pellex*, opp. to the lawful wife (*ἄκοιτις, ἄλοχος*).

Παλλάς, ἄδος [ἄ], ή, (πάλλω) *Pallas, name of Minerva, in Homer always Παλλάς Ἀθήνη or Παλλάς Ἀθηναίη, but later used alone, = Ἀθήνη*.

Πιάλλας, αντος, ό, *Pallas, masc. prop. n*.
πάλ-λευκος, ον, (πᾶν, λευκός) *all white*.

ΠΑΨΑΛΩ: aor. I ἐψηλα Ep. πήλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. *πέπαλιν* (in compd. ἄμπεπαλόν):—Pass., pf. πέπαλμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. *πάλοτο*:—*to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms*:—Pass. *to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself*.

2. *ελήρως πάλλειν to shake the lots together till one leapt forth: hence πάλλειν, absol., to cast lots*:—in Med. *πάλλεσθαι to draw lots*. II. *πάλλω, intr. like πάλλομαι, to leap, bound: to quiver, quake*.

παλμός, ό, (πάλλω) *intr. a quivering: the beating of the heart or pulse*.

πάλος, ό, (πάλλω) *the lot cast from an helmet, generally, a lot; ἀρχὰς πάλω ἀρχειν to hold public offices by lot*.

πάλοτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πάλλω.

παλτόν, τό, *anything brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jereed: properly neut. from παλτός*.

παλτός, ή, όν, (πάλλω) *brandished, hurled*.

παλῦνας, aor. I part. of παλύνω.

παλύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἐπάλυνα: (πάλλω):—*to strew or scatter upon*. II. *to bestrew, besprinkle*.

πάμα, ατος, τό, (πάομαι) *property*.

παμ-βασίλεια, ή, (πᾶς, βασίλεια) *queen of all, all-powerful queen*.

παμ-βδελύρος, ἄ, όν, (πᾶς, βδελυρός) *all-loathsome or abominable*.

παμ-βίαις, ου, ό, (πᾶς, βία) *all-subduing*.

παμ-βοτος, ον, (πᾶς, βόσκω) *all-nourishing*.

παμ-βώτης, ἴδος, ή, fem. Adj. (πᾶς, βώτης) *all-feeding, all-nourishing*.

παμ-μάταιος, ον, (πᾶς, μάταιος) *all-vain, all-useless*.

πάμ-μάχος, ον, (πᾶς, μάχη) *all-conquering, triumph-ant*. II. = *παγκρατιαστής*.

παμ-μέγας, -μεγάλη, -μεγα, (πᾶς, μέγας) *very great*.

παμ-μεγέθης, ές, (πᾶς, μέγεθος) *of enormous size*.

παμ-μέλας, αινα, ἄν, (πᾶς, μέλας) *all black*.

παμ-μήκης, ες, (πᾶς, μήκος) *very long, prolonged*.

παμ-μήνος, ον, (πᾶς, μήν) *through every month, through the live-long year*.

παμ-μήτερα, ή, = *παμμήτωρ*.

παμμήτις, ἴδος, ό, ή, (πᾶς, μήτις) *all-knowing, all-planning*.

παμ-μήτωρ, ορος, ή, (πᾶς, μήτηρ) *mother of all*. II. *allegorize a mother, a very mother*.

παμ-μίαιρος, ον, (πᾶς, μιαιρός) *all-abominable*.

παμ-μύγης, ές, (πᾶς, μυγήναι) *all-blended, all-confounded, promiscuous*.

πάμ-μικρος, ον, (πᾶς, μικρός) *very small*.

πάμ-μικτος, ον, = *παμμύγης*.

πάμ-μορος, ον, (πᾶς, μόρος) *all-barless*.

πάμ-μυσάρος, ἄ, όν, (πᾶς, μύσος) *παμμίαιρος*.

πάμπᾶν, Adv. (πᾶς) *like πᾶν, quite, wholly, altogether; οὐ πάμπαν not at all, by no means*.

παμ-πειθής, ές, (πᾶς, πείθω) *all-persuasive*.

παμ-πήδην, Adv. (πᾶς) *like πᾶμπαν, entirely, totally*.

παμ-πησία, ή, (πᾶς, πέπαιμα) *entire possession*.

παμπληθεί, Adv. *with the whole multitude*. From παμ-πληθής, ές, (πᾶς, πλήθος) *of or with the whole multitude*. II. *very numerous*. III. neut. *παμπληθές* as Adv. *entirely*.

πάμ-πληκτος, ον, (πᾶς, πλήσσω) *in which all kinds of blows are inflicted*.

παμ-ποικίλος, ον, also ή, ον, (πᾶς, ποικίλος) *all-variegated, of rich and varied work*.

πάμ-πολις, εως, ό, ή, (πᾶς, πόλις) *prevailing in all cities, universal*.

πάμ-πολυς, -πόλλη, -πολυ, (πᾶς, πολύς) *very much, very great, and in pl. very many*:—neut. *πάμπολυ* as Adv. *very much*.

παμ-πόνηρος, ον, (πᾶς, πονηρός) *all-depraved, utterly base or bad*.

παμ-πόρφυρος, ον, (πᾶς, πορφύρα) *all-purple*.

παμ-πότνια, ή, (πᾶς, πότνια) *all-venerable*.

πάμ-πρεπτος, ον, (πᾶς, πρέπω) *all-conspicuous, splendid, resplendent*.

παμπρόσθη, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam.

πάμ-πρωτος, η, ον, (πᾶς, πρώτος) *the very first, first of all: πάμπρωτον and πάμπρωτα* as Adv., *first of all*.

παμ-φᾶής, ές, (πᾶς, φάος) *all-beaming, all-blazing; also transparent, translucent*. Adv. —*ως*.

παμφαίνω, redupl. form of φαίνω, *to shine or beam brightly*: Ep. 3 sing. pres *παμφαίνησι*, as if from *παμφαίνημι*; *πρώτον παμφαίνω*, of a star first rising.

παμφανώνων, fem. —*όσω*, gen. —*ώνωντος*, Ep. part. of *παμφαίνω* (as if from *παμφανᾶω*) *all-shining, bright-beaming, glistening*.

παμφάρμακος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φάρμακον) *skilled in all charms or simples.*

παμφεγγής, *ές*, (πᾶς, φέγγος) *all-sbining, resplendent.*

πάμφθορτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φθείρω) *all-destroying.*

πάμφλεκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φλέγω) *all-burnt, all-blazing.*

πάμφφορβος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (πᾶς, φορβή) *all-feeding.*

παμφόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φέρω) *all-bearing, all-productive.*

II. *bearing all things with it.*

πάμφυλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φυλή) *of all tribes or sorts.*

πάμφωνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φωνή) *with all tones, full-toned: generally, expressive.*

παμφηφεί, *Adv.* (πᾶς, ψήφος) *with all the votes.*

πάμφυχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ψυχή) *in all life, in full possession of life.*

πᾶν, *neut.* of πᾶς.

Πάν, *gen.* Πᾶνός, *ὁ*, *Pan*, an Arcadian rural god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the worship of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon:—*plur.* Πᾶνης, = *Lat.* Fauni.

πάναβρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀβρός) *quite or very soft.*

πανᾶγρος, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἄγος) *all-ballowed, Lat. sacrosanctus.*

πανᾶγρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀγρέω) *all-catching.*

πανᾶγρεύς, *έως*, *ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀγρέω) *one who catches everything.*

πάναγρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄγρα) *catching all.*

πανᾶγρηνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄγρηνος) *quite sleepless, wakeful, watchful.*

πανᾶγρηνος, *Dor.* for πανήγρηνος.

Πᾶνᾶθηναία (sub. *ιερά*), *τά*, (πᾶς, Ἀθήνη) *the Panathenaea*, two festivals of the Athenians, τὰ μεγάλα and τὰ μικρά, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence Πᾶνᾶθηναϊκός, *ή*, *ὄν*, of or for the Panathenaea, Panathenaiic.

πᾶνᾶθλιος, *α*, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄθλιος) *all-wretched.*

πᾶνᾶγληεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (πᾶς, αἴγλη) *all-sbining.*

πᾶνᾶιθος, *η*, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἶθω) *all-blazing.*

πᾶνᾶιόλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰόλος) *all-variegated, glittering, glancing.*

II. *metaph. manifold.*

πᾶνᾶισχρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰσχρός) *utterly ugly or shameful: Sup. παναἰσχιστος.*

πᾶνᾶίτιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰτία) *the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp. to μεταίτιος.*

πᾶνᾶικεια, *ή*, (πᾶς, αἶκος) *a panacea, universal remedy: also πανᾶκή, ή.*

πᾶνᾶλάστωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀλάστωρ) *an all-avengeing genius.*

πᾶνᾶληθής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀληθής) *quite true: all too true. Adv. -θῶς, all truly.*

πᾶνᾶλκής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀλκή) *all-powerful.*

πᾶνᾶλωτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀλωτός) *all-catching, all-encompassing. [ᾶ]*

πᾶνᾶμέρος, -αμέριος, *Dor.* for πανᾶήμερος, -ημέριος.

πᾶνᾶμόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμορος) *without any share in.*

II. *all-luckless.*

πᾶνᾶμόμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμομος) *all-blameless.*

πανᾶοιδίμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, λοιδίμος) *sung by all.*

πανᾶπάλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀπαλός) *all-tender or delicate.*

πᾶνᾶπενθής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀ privat., πένθος) *wholly without grief, sorrowless.*

πᾶνᾶπήμων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (πᾶς, ἀπήμων) *all-harmless, all free from hurt.*

πᾶνᾶποτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄποτος) *all-barless.*

πᾶνᾶπυρρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄργυρος) *all of silver.*

πᾶνᾶρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρετή) *all-virtuous.*

πᾶνᾶρίστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρίστος) *best of all.*

πᾶνᾶρκέτας, *gen. fem.* of πανάρκετος, *all-sufficing, all-powerful.*

πᾶνᾶρμόνιος, *α*, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἁρμονία) *embracing all modes or tones, of full compass.*

2. *barmonising with all, all-barmonious.*

πᾶνᾶρχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄρχω) *all-powerful, ruling all.*

πᾶνᾶτρεκής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀτρεκής) *all-exact, infallible.*

πᾶνᾶφήλιξ, *ίκος*, *ὁ*, *ή*, (πᾶς, ἀπό, ἥλιξ) *all away from the friends of one's youth.*

πᾶνᾶφθίτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφθίτος) *all-imperishable.*

πᾶνᾶφυκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυκτος) *all-inevitable.*

πᾶνᾶφυλλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυλλος) *all-leafless.*

Πᾶνᾶχαιοί, *οί*, = πάντες Ἀχαιοί, *all the Achaeians.*

πᾶνᾶχραντος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀχραντος) *all-unstained.*

πᾶνᾶώριος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὄωρος) *all-untimely, doomed to an all-untimely fate.*

πανᾶισαία, *ή*, (πᾶς, δαῖς) *a complete banquet, a banquet at which nothing fails.*

πᾶνᾶκρύτους, *ον*, (πᾶς, δακρύω) *all in tears, all-tearful.*

II. *all-beverly, most lamentable.*

πᾶνᾶδάτωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, (πᾶς, δαμάω) *all-subduer. [ᾶ]*

πανᾶμαί, *Dor.* for πανδημαί.

πᾶνᾶδεινος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δεινός) *all-dreadful, frightful.*

πανᾶδέλειος, *α*, *ον*, (Πανδέλετος) *knavish like Pandelethus.*

πᾶνᾶδερκής, *ον*, *masc. Adj. and πανδερκής, ές*, (πᾶς, δερκομαι) *all-seeing, observing all.*

πᾶνᾶδημαί and -δημί, *Adv.* of πανδημος, *with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse.*

πανδημία, *ή*, *the whole people: in dat. πανδημία* as *Adv.*, *altogether.* From

πᾶνᾶδήμιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δῆμος) *of all the people, hence public, general, common.*

πᾶνᾶδημιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δῆμος) *of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all; πανδημιος πόλις the whole body of the city.*

Πᾶνᾶδία (sub. *ιερά*), *τά*, (πᾶς, Δίς *gen.* Δίος) *a festival of Jupiter in Athens.*

πᾶνᾶδικος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δική) *all-righteous. Adv. πανδικός, all-justly.*

Πανδιονίς, *ίδος*, *ή*, *fem. patronym., daughter of Pandion, i. e. the swallow.*

II. (sub. φυλή), *one of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.*

πανᾶδοκείον, *τό*, *a house for the reception of strangers, an inn.* From

πᾶνᾶδοκός, *έος*, *ὁ*, = πάνδοκος, *a host: hence fem. πανδοκείτρια, ή*, *a hostess.*

πανδοκεύω, f. σω, (πάνδοκος) to receive all, to entertain as a host, to keep an inn.

πανδοκέω, = πανδοκεύω.

πάνδοκος, ον, (πᾶς, δέχομαι) all-receiving: common to all: esp. receiving guests, hospitable:—as Subst., πάνδοκος, ὁ, an innkeeper, host.

πανδοξία, ἡ, unblemished fame, perfect glory. From

πάνδοξος, ον, (πᾶς, δόξα) all-glorious.

πάνδουλος, ον, (πᾶς, δούλος) all a slave, an utter slave.

πανδοχείον, πανδοχεύς, etc., v. πανδοκ—

πάνδυρτος, ον, ποίτ. for πανόδυρτος, (πᾶς, ὄδυρτος) all-lamentable, all-plaintive.

πανδυσία, ἡ, (πᾶς, δῶν) the total setting of a star. πανδώρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, δῶρον) giver of all, epith. of the earth.

II. as fem. prop. n., Paudora, a beautiful woman made by Vulcan, who received presents from all the gods.

πάνδωρος, ον, (πᾶς, δῶρον) all-giving, all-bounteous.

πάν-ελεύθερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐλεύθερος) entirely free.

Πᾶν-έλληνες, οἱ, = πάντες Ἕλληνες, all the Hellenes or Greeks.

πάν-επήρατος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπήρατος) all-lovely.

παν-επίσκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπισκοπέω) all-surveying.

πάν-επ-ὄρφνιος, (πᾶς, ἐπί, ὄρφη) all night long.

πάν-εργάτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἐργάτης) all-effecting.

παν-έρημος, ον, (πᾶς, ἔρημος) all-desolate.

πάν-ἑσπερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἑσπέρα) lasting the whole evening.

παν-ἑστιος, ον, (πᾶς, ἑστία) with the whole household.

πάν-ἔτης, ες, (πᾶς, ἔτος) lasting the whole year: neut. πάντες, as Adv., the whole year long.

παν-εύτονος, ον, (πᾶς, εὔτονος) much-strained, very active.

πάν-εφθός, ον, (πᾶς, ἐφθός) quite boiled: of metals, quite refined or unalloyed.

πάν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανήγυρις) to keep or attend a public festival; πανηγυρίζειν ἐς πόλιν to go to a city to attend a festival there. II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

πάν-ηγυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for a public festival or assembly; solemn, festive ὁ πανηγυρικός (with or without λόγος), a festival, oration, a panegyric, eulogy. Adv. —κῶς, pompously. From

πάν-ηγυρίς Dor. πανάγυρις, εως, ἡ; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανήγυρις: (πᾶς, ἄγυρις Aeol. for ἀγορά):—an assembly of a whole nation, esp. for a public festival, a high festival, a solemn assembly; πανηγύρις πανηγυρίζειν to hold such festivals.

πάν-ἡμαρ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day.

πανημερεύω, f. σω, (πανήμερος) to spend the whole day in a thing.

πάν-ἡμέριος, α, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) lasting all day, doing a thing all day; νηὺς πανημερία a ship which sails all day; πανημέριος χρόνος all the day long:—neut. πανημέριον as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

πάν-ἡμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) doing all the day

long; πανήμερος μολεῖν to be a whole day in coming: neut. πανημέριον as Adv., all day long or every day.

παν-θελκτηρῆ, ἡρος, ὁ, fem. —κτηρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, θέλγω) charmer of all.

παν-θηλής, ἐς, (πᾶς, θέθηλα) growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑΝΘΗΡ, ἡρος, ὁ, a panther, Lat. panthēra.

παν-θυμᾶδόν, Adv. (πᾶς, θυμός) in high wrath.

πάν-θύτος, ον, (πᾶς, θύω) celebrated with all kinds of sacrifices.

Πᾶνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πᾶν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δέμα), τό, panic fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan.

πάν-ἵμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἵμερος) all-lovely, all-desired. [Ὶ]

πανίστομαι, Dor. for πηνίζομαι.

Πᾶν-ἰώνιον, τό, = πᾶν Ἰώνιον, the whole body or community of Ionians: their place of meeting at Mycale, their common temple. II. τὰ Πανιώνια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of the united Ionians.

παν-λώβητος, ον, (πᾶς, λωβάομαι) all-disfigured, hideous.

παννυχίζω, f. σω, (παννυχίς) to celebrate a festival by night. II. to watch or do anything the live-long night; παννυχίζειν τὴν νύκτα to spend the live-long night.

παννυχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παννυχίς) of or for a vigil.

παν-νυχιος, α, ον, Att. also ον, (πᾶς, νύξ) all night long, lasting or doing something the whole night; παννυχίη νηὺς πείρε κέλευθον the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νυχίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πᾶς, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, Lat. pervigilium. II. a watching, keeping awake all night.

πάν νυχος, ον, = παννύχιος: neut. pl., πάννυχα as Adv., the livelong night.

πάν-ὄδυρτος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀδύρομαι) all-bewailed, all-lamentable.

παν-οἴζος, ὁ, gen. ὄζος, (πᾶς, οἰζύς) all unhappy, most melancholy.

παν-οικεί and —οικί, Adv., = πανοικία.

παν-οικία Ion. —ἴη, (πᾶς, οἶκος) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανοικία in use, with all the house, household and all.

παν-οἶμοι, Interj. (πᾶς, οἶμοι) oh utter woe!

παν-ὄλβιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄλβιος) truly happy, with unalloyed happiness.

παν-ὀμίλει, Adv. (πᾶς, ὄμιλος) in whole troops.

παν-ὀμματος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄμμα) all eyes.

πάν-ὀμοῖος Ep. —ομοῖος [Ὶ], ον, (πᾶς, ὀμοῖος) exactly like.

πάν-ομφαίτος, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὀμφή) author of all ominous voices, all-oracular.

πανοπλία, ἡ, (πάνοπλος) the full armour of a heavy-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply; πανοπλίη in full armour, cap-a-pie. Hence πάν-οπλίτης, ον, ὁ, a man in full armour. [Ὶ]

πάν-οπλος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄπλον) in full armour, 'with all his harness on.'

πάν-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὄψομαι) the all-seeing.

πάν-ορμος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄρμος) always fit for landing.

πᾶνός, ὁ, Aeol. for φανός, (φαῖνα) a torch, beacon.

πανουργίω, ἑ. ἴσω, (πανούργος) to play the knave or villain, act like a rogue; ὅσια πανουργεῖν to do a holy deed in an unholy way. Hence

πανουργήμα, ατος, τό, a knavish, roguish act.

πανουργία, ἡ, (πανουργέω) villainy, knavery, trickery: in plur. knavish tricks.

πανουργ-ἑππαρχίδας, ον, ὁ, (πανούργος, ἑππαρχος) a captain of rascals: οἱ = πανούργος ἑππαρχίδης, knave Hērarchides.

πᾶν-ούργος, ον, (πᾶν, ἔργον) ready to do anything: mostly in bad sense, ready for all crimes, unscrupulous, knavish, villainous, treacherous: as Subst., παν-ούργος, ὁ, ἡ, a knave, villain, rogue; πανούργον, τό, = πανουργία.—Sup. πανουργότατος, most rascally.—Adv. πανούργως, villainously; Sup. -ότατα.

πᾶν-όψιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄψις) seen by all, epith. of a spear.

παν-σᾶγία, ἡ, (πᾶς, σάγη) = πανοπλία: dat. as Adv. πασασαγία, like πανοπλία, in full armour.

παν-σέληνος, ον, (πᾶς, σελήνη) of the moon, at the full; ὥρα πανσέληνος the time of full moon: ἡ πανσέληνος (sub. νύξ), the time of full moon, the full moon; ἡ αἴριον πανσέληνος to-morrow's full moon.

πᾶν-σεμνός, ον, (πᾶς, σεμνός) very stately.

πᾶν-σκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, σκοπέω) all-surveying.

πᾶν-σοφός, ον, (πᾶς, σοφός) all-wise, very wise.

πᾶν-σπερμός, ον, (πᾶς, σπέρμα) composed of all sorts of seeds.

παν-στρατιά Ion. -ίη, (πᾶς, στρατιά) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανστρατιά in use (but gen. πανστρατιάς occurs), with the whole army.

πᾶνσυδία Ion. -ίη, (πᾶς, σείω) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανσυδία in use, with all speed.

πᾶν-συρτός, ον, (πᾶς, σύρω) swept together from every side, accumulated.

παντᾶ, Adv., Dor. for πάντη.

πάντακῆ, Adv., Ion. for πανταχῆ.

παν-τάλας, αινά, ἄν, (πᾶς, τάλας) all-wretched.

παντάπασι, before a vowel -σιν, Adv. (πᾶς) entirely, wholly, altogether: in replying it affirms strongly, by all means, undoubtedly.

παντάβρη, ἡ, name of a precious stone.

παντ-ἀρκίης, ἐς, (πᾶς, ἀρκέω) all-prevailing.

παντ-ἀρχας, Dor. for παντάρχης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἀρχή) ruler of all.

πᾶντ-αρχος, ον, (πᾶς, ἀρχω) all-ruling, absolute.

παντᾶχῆ, Ion. παντακῆ, Adv. (πᾶς) of Place, everywhere: in every direction, every way. II. of Manner, by all means, absolutely: in all respects.

παντᾶχόθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) from all places or sides.

παντᾶχοί, Adv. (πᾶς) in all directions, every way.

παντᾶχόσε, Adv. (πᾶς) to all places, every way.

παντᾶχοῦ, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere.

παντᾶχῶς, Adv. (πᾶς) in all ways.

παν-τέλης, ἐς, (πᾶς, τέλος) all-complete, all-perfect: entire, absolute. 2. fully accomplished. 3. comprising all, the whole, Lat. universus. II. act.

all-accomplishing. Hence

παντελῶς Ion. -έως, Adv., also παντελής, completely, entirely, absolutely: outright.

πάντεσσι, Ep. for πᾶσι, dat. pl. of πᾶς.

παν-τευχία, ἡ, (πᾶς, τεύχος) = παν-οπλία, complete armour; ἐν ὃν ἐν παντευχία in full armour.

πᾶν-τεχνος, ον, (πᾶς, τέχνη) assisting all the arts.

πάντη Dor. παντᾶ, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere, on every side, every way. II. in every way, by all means; οὐ πάντη not quite.

πᾶν-τίμος, ον, (πᾶς, τίμη) all-honourable.

παντῶ-γῆρως, ον, gen. ω, (πᾶς, γῆρας) making all old, enfeebling all.

παντο-δάής, ἐς, (πᾶς, *δάω) all-knowing.

παντοδᾶπός, ἡ, ὄν, (πᾶς) of every kind, of all sorts, manifold. Adv. -πῶς, in all kinds of ways.

πάντοθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) from all quarters, from every side, Lat. undique.

πάντοθι, Adv. (πᾶς) everywhere.

παντοίος, α, ον, (πᾶς) of all sorts or kinds, manifold; παντοίος γενεῖσθαι to take all shapes, i. e. to try every expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object. Hence

παντοίως, Adv. in every kind of way.

πεντο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πᾶς, κράτεω) all-mighty.

παντ-ολιγοχρόνιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀλιγοχρόνιος) utterly short-lived.

πᾶν-τόλιμος, ον, (πᾶς, τόλιμα) all-daring, shameless.

παντο-μίσθης, ἐς, (πᾶς, μίσθος) all-bateful.

παντο-πάθης, ἐς, (πᾶς, παθεῖν) all-suffering.

παντο-πόρος, ον, (πᾶς, πόρος) all-inventive.

παντ-όπτας, Dor. for παντόπτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὄψομαι) all-seeing.

πάντοσ, Adv. (πᾶς) in all ways, every way.

πᾶντῶ-σεμνός, ον, (πᾶς, σεμνός) all-reverend, august.

πάντοτε, Adv. at all times, always.

πᾶντῶ-τολμός, ον, (πᾶς, τόλιμα) all-daring.

παντ-ουργός, ὄν, (πᾶς, ἔργον) = πανούργος.

παντο-φάγος, ον, (πᾶς, φαγεῖν) all-devouring.

παντῶ-φύρτος, ον, (πᾶς, φύρω) all-confused, commingled.

πᾶν-τροπος, ον, (πᾶς, τρέπω) utterly routed.

παντ-ρόφος, ον, (πᾶς, τρέφω) all-nourishing.

πάντως, Adv. (πᾶς) wholly, altogether: οὐ πάντως in no wise, by no means, not at all, Lat. omnino non. II. in strong affirmation, at all events, at any rate, at least: in answers, yes, by all means.

πάνυ, Adv. (πᾶς) altogether: at all, in all, Lat. omnino. 2. very, very much, exceedingly. 3. ὁ πάνυ with some Adj. omitted, the well-known, the thorough; οἱ πάνυ τῶν στρατιωτῶν the thorough soldiers, i. e. the veterans; ὁ πάνυ Περιμελῆς the famous Pericles.

II. in answers, yes by all means, certainly. [ᾶ]

πανυπείροχος, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπείροχος) eminent above all.

πᾶν-ὑπέρτατος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπέρτατος) uppermost; highest of all.

πανυστάτος, ον, and πᾶν-ὑστάτος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὑστάτος) last of all.

πᾶνωλεθρία, ἡ, utter destruction, utter ruin. From πᾶν-ὠλεθρος, ον, (πᾶς, ὠλεθρος, ὄλλυμι) utterly ruined, destroyed, undone.

act. in moral sense, utterly abandoned. II. act. all-destructive, all-ruinous.

πᾶν-ὠλης, ες, (πᾶς, ὄλλυμι) utterly ruined, destroyed. 2. in moral sense, utterly abandoned. II. act. all-destructive.

πᾶν-ὠπής, εσσα, εν, (πᾶς, ὠψ) visible to all.

πᾶν-ωρος, ον, (πᾶς, ὠρα) in every season.

πάξ, Lat. *rax!* bush! still!

πᾶσαι, πάσαιμι, Dor. for πῆσαι, πήσαιμι, aor. I inf. and opt. of πήγνυμι.

ΠΑΪΟΜΑΙ; f. πάσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπαῖσάμην; pf. πέπαμαι, inf. πεπάσθαι: Dep.:—to get, acquire, Lat. *potior*:—the pf. is also used as a pres., to possess, to have in possession.

πᾶπαῖ, Interj. of suffering, Lat. *vae!* *ob!* *alas!* II. of surprise, *ab!*

πᾶπαιάς, lengthd. for παπαῖ.

Παπαῖος, ὁ, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

παπαπαπαῖ, an exclam. of surprise.

παππάζω, (πάππας) to call *para*, as a child: to coax or wheedle by calling *para*.

ΠΑΤΠΑΣ, ου, ὁ, *para*, childish pronunciation of *πατήρ*, as μάμμα, *mamma*, of μήτηρ.

παππαιάς, ου, ὁ, Dim. of πάππας, dear little *para*.

παππίδιον, τό, = παππίας. [Υ]

παππιζώ, = παππάζω.

ΠΑΤΠΟΣ, ὁ, a grandfather.

παππῶς, α, ον, (πάππος) of or for one's grandfather, appointed by him.

πάπραξ, ακος, ὁ, a fish found in the Thracian lake *Prasia*. (Foreign word.)

παπταίνουσα, Dor. for -νουσα, part. fem. of

ΠΑΠΤΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐπάπτηνα:—to look cautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly. II. c. acc. to look round for, look earnestly after.

παπτήνας, aor. I part. of παπταίνω.

πάπυρος, ὁ and ἡ, the *paperus*, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλος) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

πάρ, poet. abbrev. for παρά. II. it is also used for *para* in sense of *παρῆστι*.

ΠΑΡΑΪ Ep. πάρ, παραῖ, Prep. with gen., dat., et acc.: Radical sense, beside:

I. WITH GENIT. from beside, from alongside of, whether of Place or Person: metaph. issuing, derived, proceeding from; παρ' ἑαυτοῦ δίδναι to give from oneself, from one's own means. In Att. Prose, *παρά*

is used like ὑπό, Lat. *a* or *ab*, *by*, with pass. Verbs to denote the agent, as, παρά τινος τυφθῆναι to be struck by any one.

II. WITH DAT. by the side of, beside, alongside of, *by*, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons, Lat. *apud* and *coram*; παρ' ἐμοῦ, Lat. *me* *judice*, before me; παρὰ Δαρείω κριτῆ before Darius as judge; παρ' ἑωυτῶ at one's home, Lat. *apud* *se*.

III. WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, running along, beside. 2. of Motion to, to, towards, inmosty of persons. 3. going by, leaving on one side; παρὰ τὴν Βαβυλῶνα παριέναι to go past Babylon: metaph. going by, beyond or beside the mark; παρὰ δύναμιν beyond one's strength: contrary to, against; παρὰ μοῖραν contrary to destiny; παρὰ δόξαν contrary to opinion. 4. beside, beyond, except; οὐκ ἔστι παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλα besides this, there is nothing else; so, παρὰ ἐν πάλασμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν Ὀλυμπιάδα he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize; παρὰ μικρόν, παρ' ὀλίγον within little, i. e. well-nigh, almost; παρὰ πολὺ by much; παρὰ τοσοῦτον by so much; παρ' ὅσον by how much, Lat. *quatenus*;—so, παρὰ μικρόν ἦλθεν ἀποθανεῖν he came within a little of dying; παρὰ τοσοῦτον κινδύνον ἐλθεῖν to come within so great a nearness of danger, i. e. to escape danger by so little. 5. in comparison with; αὐτὸς παρ' ἑαυτόν himself compared with himself; παρ' οὐδέν ἐστι it is compared with (i. e. as) nothing; παρ' οὐδέν ἡγήσασθαι to consider as nothing:—also, παρ' ἡμέραν day as compared with day, day by day; παρὰ τὰ ἄλλα ζῆα ὡσπερ θεοὶ ὁ ἄνθρωποι βιοτεύουσι *nien* as compared with all other animals live like gods; παρὰ τῶν ἄλλου πονεῖν to labour in comparison of all the rest, i. e. more than the rest. II. of Time, during; παρὰ τὸν πόλεμον in the course of the war.

Παρά may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written *πάρα*: so also when it stands for *παρεῖμι* or *παρῆστι*.

Παρά absol., as Adv., near, together, at once. IN COMPOS., παρά retains its chief usages as Prep., I. alongside of, beside, as in παρά-κειμαι, παρ-έξομαι. II. from one to another, as in παρα-δίδωμι, παρ-έχω. III. passing by, as in παρ-έρχομαι, παρ-οίχομαι. 2. metaph. swerving aside, i. e. amiss, wrong, as in παρα-βαίω, παρ-ακούω: also, contrary to, against, as in παρ-αίσιος. IV. of alteration or change, as in παρ-α-φηνί, παρα-πέθω.

παραβᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παραβαίω.

παραβαίω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα, part. -βεβᾶς Ep. παρβεβᾶως: aor. 2 παρέβην:—to go by or by the side of: to stand beside, c. dat. II. to pass beside or beyond, i. e. to overstep, transgress; ὁ παραβάς the transgressor:—Pass., with aor. I παρ-εβᾶθην [ᾶ], pf. παρα-βέβασμαι, to be transgressed or offended against. III. to pass over, omit: to let pass, let slip: οὐ με παρέβα it escaped me not. IV. in Comedy, παραβαίνειν ἐς or πρὸς τὸ θέατρον to step forward to address the spectators.

παρά-βακτρος, ον, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff, as of a staff.

παρά-βάχος, ον, (παρά, Βάχος) like a Bacchanal.
παρ-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλω: aor. 2 παρέβᾶλον: pf. -βέβληκα:—Pass., aor. I -εβλήθη: pf. -βέβλημαι:—to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, Lat. *objicere, projicere*: to bold out as a bait: also to object or cast in one's teeth, Lat. *objicere*.

II. to set side by side, to stake one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, hazard, stake:—Med. to expose oneself to danger; ἐμὴν ψυχὴν παραβαλλόμενος πολεμίζειν setting my life upon a cast in war; so, παραβάλλεσθαι τὰ τέκνα to stake one's own children. 2. to set side by side, so as to compare one with another:—Med., παραβαλλόμενοι vying with one another: Pass., ἀπάτα δ' ἀπάταις παραβαλλόμενα one piece of treachery set against another.

III. to bring to the side of: esp. in Med., παραβάλλεσθαι τὴν ἄκατον to bring the boat alongside; and absol. in aor. 2 imperat. παραβαλοῦ, put to land.

IV. to throw or turn sideways; ὄμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye askance; παραβάλλειν τῷ ὀφθαλμῷ to cast both eyes sideways, i. e. to squint.

V. to deposit with one, entrust to him. VI. to deceive, betray. VII. intr. in Act. to come near, approach. 2. to pass over by sea, like Lat. *trajicio*.

παρ-βάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of παραβαίω.
παράβασις Ἐρ. παρ-ίβασις, εως, ἡ, (παραβαίω) an overstepping, transgression.

II. the parabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the audience in the Poet's name.

παρ-βάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (παραβαίω) one who stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside the charioteer.

II. a transgressor, in poet. form παρ-βάτης.

παρ-βατός poet. παρ-βατός, ἡ, ὄν, (παραβαίω) transgressed.

II. to be gone beyond, surpassed.

παρ-βεβᾶσμαι, pf. pass. of παραβαίω.

παρ-βεβασθαι, pf. inf. pass. of παραβαίω.

παρ-βήναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραβαίω.

παρ-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep.:—to do a thing by force contrary to law. 2. to use violence towards any one, to constrain, compel.

παρ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look aside or askance, take a side look; παραβλέπειν θατέρω to wink with one eye. 2. to see wrong.

παρ-βλήδην, Adv. (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the side: metaph., παραβλήδην ἀγορεύειν to speak with a side meaning, i. e. maliciously, invidiously.

παρ-βλήμα, ατος, τό, (παραβάλλω) something hung beside, a curtain or screen used to cover the sides of ships.

παρ-βλώσκω: f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 παρέμολον: Ἐρ. παρ-εμβλώκα Ἐρ. παρ-εμβλωκα:—to go beside, for the purpose of aiding or protecting.

παρ-αβλητέος, α, ον, and παρ-αβλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραβάλλω, comparable.

παρ-αβλῶψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (παρ-αβλέπω) looking sideways or askance, squinting.

παρ-αβοᾶω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call or cry out to.

παρ-αβοηθέω, f. ἡσω, to come to help another: absol. come to the rescue.

παρ-αβολουμαι, Dep. (παράβολος), to expose oneself to danger, run hazard.

παρ-αβολή, ἡ, (παραβάλλω II) a placing beside, comparison: illustration, parable.

παρ-αβολος, ον, (παραβάλλομαι) staking: risking: bazarding: of persons, venturesome, reckless. 2. of things, hazardous, perilous.

παρ-αβουλεύομαι, Dep. to sbew disregard.

παρ-αβυστος, ον, (παρ-αβύω) stuffed in.

παρ-αβύω, f. σω, to stuff in, insert. [ῥ]

παρ-αγαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of παράγω.

παρ-αγγελία, f. ἡ, a command issued to soldiers: the word of command. 2. the summoning one's partisans.

3. instruction, doctrine. From

παρ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ: aor. I παρ-ηγγέλα: pf. παρ-ηγγελα: pass. παρ-ηγγεμαι:—to pass an announcement from one to another.

II. as military term, to give the watchword, which was passed from man to man, Lat. *imperium per manus tradere*:—also to give the word of command, give orders:—then

2. generally, to recommend, charge, exhort. 3. c. acc. rei, to order; παραγγέλλειν σιτία to order provisions, like Lat. *imperare frumentum*: τὰ παραγγελλόμενα orders given.

III. also to encourage, cheer on. IV. to summon to one's help, to summon one's partisans or clients. Hence

παρ-άγγελμα, ατος, τό, an announcement passed from one to another.

II. an order, word of command.

III. instruction.

παρ-αγγελοισι, ἡ, (παρ-αγγέλω) an announcing. II. in war, a giving orders, giving the word of command.

παρ-αγεύω, f. σω, to give just a taste of a thing:—Med. to taste slightly of a thing.

παρ-αγηρῶ, f. ἄσομαι, to be the worse for old age.

παρ-αγίνομαι later γίνομαι [ἱ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 παρεγενόμην:—to be at hand, by or near, be present: to stand by, to second, support.

2. of things, to be at hand, to come, happen, belong to. II. to come to, arrive at: absol. to arrive at one's destination.

2. to come to maturity.

παρ-αγινώσκω later γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 παρέγνων:—to decide beside the right, i. e. to decide unfairly, err in one's judgment.

παρ-αγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, ἀγκλή) that which is taken in the arms, the object of one's embrace.

παρ-αγκωνίζομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἀγκών) to put aside with the elbows, elbow.

παρ-αγνούς, παρ-αγνῶναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of παραγινώσκω.

παρ-άγραμμα, ατος, τό, (πορ-άγραφο) that which one writes beside, an additional clause, codicil.

παραγράφῃ, ἡ, (παραγράφω) any thing written beside, a marginal note. II. an exception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφῆ).

παρα-γράφω, φ. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin, annex a clause or codicil. II. Med., with pf. pass. παραέγραμμαι, to have a thing written by the side : to have a person registered. 2. παραγράφειν γραφήν to take an exception to an indictment (γραφῆ) ; absol., παραγράφεσθαι to demur : cf. παραγραφή.

παρα-γυμνάω, φ. ὦσω, to lay bare at the side : metaphor. to lay open, disclose. παρ-άγω, φ. έω : aor. 2 -ήγαγον :—to lead beside, to lead by or past. 2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into line. II. to lead aside from the way, lead away : absol. to mislead, deceive : generally, to persuade, bring over, but in bad sense. 2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert. III. to bring beside or in front, to bring forward as a speaker, witness, etc. IV. to bring in stealthily. V. intrans. to pass by, pass on one's way : pass away. Hence

παράγωγη, ἡ, a leading by or past, carrying across. 2. of soldiers, a wheeling from column into line. 3. a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash (πίτυλος) in coming out of the water. II. a leading aside or away, misleading : a fallacy, quibble. III. an alteration, change, variety. παρα-δακρύω, φ. ύσω [ῡ], to weep beside or along with. παρα-δαρθάω, φ. -δαρθήσομαι : aor. 2 παρέδαρθον Ep. παρέδραθον, inf. παραδραθέειν :—to sleep beside or by.

παραδείγμα, τό, (παραδείκνυμι) a pattern, model, plan, Lat. exemplar : a copy, representation. 2. a precedent, example ; ἐπι παραδείγματος by way of example : also an example, lesson, warning. 3. an illustration, proof from example. Hence παρα-δειγματίζω, φ. σω, to make an example of, make a show of, put to shame.

παραδειγματῶδης, ες, (παραδείγμα, εἶδος) like an example.

παρα-δείκνυμι and -ύω : φ. -δείξω :—to shew by the side of : to exhibit, bring forward. 2. to represent as so and so, to represent, pourtray. 3. to hand over or assign money.

παρα-δειπνέομαι, Dep. (παρά, δείπνον) to go without one's dinner.

παραδείσιος, ό, a park or pleasure-grounds ; an Eastern word used in the Septuagint for the garden of Eden.

παρα-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι : φ. -δέξομαι : pf. -δέδεγμαi : Dep. :—to take or receive from another, to have by right of succession, as hereditary. 2. c. inf. to take upon oneself or engage to do. 3. to admit, let in : hence to admit, allow.

παρα-δηλώω, φ. ὦσω, to disclose by a side hint. παρα-διακονέω, φ. ἦσω, to attend and serve. παρα-διατριβή, ἡ, useless disputation.

παρα-δίδομι, φ. -δώσω, to give or hand over, Lat. tradere : to commit, consign. 2. to give into another's hands as an hostage, Lat. dedere, to deliver up, surrender : to hand over to justice : also to betray. 3. to hand down, transmit to posterity. II. to grant, bestow, offer : c. inf. to grant, allow, concede.

παραδοθῶ, ἦς, ἦ, aor. I pass. subj. of παραδίδομι. παραδοξολογία, ἡ, (παραδόξος, λόγος) a strange story, marvel. παρά-δοξος, ον, (παρά, δόξα) contrary to opinion, unexpected, strange, marvellous. Adv. -έως. παράδοσις, ἡ, (παραδίδομι) a handing down, bequeathing, transmission. 2. a giving up, surrender. 3. the transmission or handing down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition :—also that which is handed down, a tradition.

παραδοτός, α, ον, or παραδοτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of παραδίδομι, to be handed down, etc. :—neut. παραδοτόν or -δοτέα (plur.) one must give up.

παραδούς, αor. 2 part. of παραδίδομι. παραδοχή, ἡ, (παραδέχομαι) the act of receiving from another. 2. that which has been so received, a custom.

παραδραθῆν Ep. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of παραδαρθάω. παραδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of παρατρέχω. παρα-δράω Ep. παρα-δρώω : fut. -δράσω :—to be near as a servant, to serve.

παραδρομή, ἡ, (παραδραμῆν) a running beside or by ; ἐκ παραδρομῆς cursorily, by the way, Lat. obiter. παράδρομος, ον, (παραδραμῆν) running beside. II. that may be run through ; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through, gaps.

παρα-δρώω, Ep. for παραδράω. παραδύμεναι, Ep. for παραδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραδύνω.

παρα-δυναστεύω, φ. σω, (παρά, δυνάστης) to govern or reign with one.

παραδύσις, ἡ, a sinking in beside. From παρα-δύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. παρέδυν, inf. παραδύναι Ep. παραδύμεναι :—to creep or slink past. 2. to creep in underhand, slink or steal in.

παραδωσείω, Desiderat. of παραδίδομι, to be disposed or ready to deliver up.

παρ-αείδω, φ. σω, to sing beside or to one. παρ-αείρω contr. παραιρω (παρά, αείρω contr. αἶρω), to lift up and set beside :—Pass. to hang on one side ; Ep. aor. I pass. παρηέρθη Att. παρείρθη.

παρα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, φ. -ζεύξω, to yoke beside, couple : to set beside :—Pass. to be joined side by side, coupled together.

παρα-ζήλω, φ. ὦσω, to provoke to jealousy. παρα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, φ. -ζύσω, to gird to the side, hang to the girdle.

παρα-θάλασσιδιος Att. -ττιδιος, ον, = παραθαλάσσιος.

παρα-θαλάσσιος Att. -ττιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (παρά, θάλασσα) beside the sea, lying on the seaside.

παραβάλλω, f. ψω, to *cherish, comfort*.
 παρα-θαρσύνω later -θαρρύνω, to *embolden, cheer on, inspire with confidence*.
 παραθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of παρατίθημι.
 παραθέεις, παράθες, aor. 2 part. and imperat. of παρατίθημι.
 παρα-θέλω, f. ξω, to *soften, assuage, soothe*.
 παρα-θερμαίνω, to *heat or inflame to excess*.
 παράθεσις, εως, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) a *putting beside, juxtaposition, comparison*. II. *suggestion, advice*.
 παρα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to *run beside*. II. to *run to one side of, deviate from*. III. to *run beyond, outrun*.
 παρα-θεωρέω, f. ἦσω, to *observe one thing beside another, compare*. II. to *overlook, slight*.
 παρα-θίγω, f. ξω, to *wet or sharpen upon*: metaph. to *encourage*.
 παραθήκη, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) *anything lodged with one, a deposit*: of persons, a *hostage*.
 παραθήσομαι, fut. med. of παρατίθημι.
 πᾶραι, poet. for παρά.
 παραβᾶσιτή, ἡ, poet. for παραβασία, *transgression*.
 παραιβᾶτέω, παραιβᾶτης, poet. for παραβ-
 παραιβολος, on, poet. for παράβολος, (παραβάλλω) *thrown in by the way, sneering, malicious*: see παραβλήδην.
 παρ-αιθύσσω, f. ξω, to *stir up, kindle*. II. intr. of words, to *fall from one by chance*.
 παραινέσις, ἡ, (παραινέω) *advice, counsel*.
 παρ-αινέω, f. -έσω or -έσομαι: aor. I παρήνεσα: pf. παρήνεκα: Pass., aor. I παρνήθην: pf. παρήνημα:—to *advise, recommend, counsel*.
 παραιπεπίθησα, παραιπεπιθούσα, Ep. for παραπίθη, παραπιθούσα, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj., and part. fem. aor. 2 of παραπέθω.
 παρᾶρσις, ἡ, a *taking away from beside, a withdrawing of, curtailing*. From
 παρ-αιρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 παρέilon: pf. παρήρηκα: Pass., aor. I παρρήθην: pf. παρήρημα:—to *take away from beside*. 2. to *draw aside on one, to divert to*; παρᾶρσιν ἐπὶ παιδα to *draw aside the curse on thy son*. II. Med. to *draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detach*. 2. generally, to *take away from*: also to *lessen, damp*. Hence
 παρᾶρρημα, ατος, τό, *that which is taken off from the side, the selvege of cloth*: generally, a *band, strip*.
 παρ-αίρω, contr. for poet. παρ-αίρω.
 παρ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:—to *bear off by the way*.
 παρ-αἰσιος, on, (παρά, αἰσιος) of *ill omen, ominous, portentous*.
 παρ-αἰσσω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I παρήξα:—to *dart past*.
 παρ-αιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: pf. παρήτημαι: Dep.:—to *beg of or from another*: I. c. acc. rei, to *obtain by prayer or entreaty*. 2. c. acc. pers. to *move by entreaty, obtain leave from*: also to *intercede with, beg*

earnestly. 3. to *entreat one to do*. II. like Lat. *deprecari*, to *avert by entreaty, beg off*. Hence
 παρᾶιτησις, ἡ, an *obtaining by prayer*: *earnest supplication*. II. a *deprecating*. III. an *interceding for, begging off*.
 παρ-αἰτιος, on, also α, on, (παρά, αἰτία) *being in part the cause*: *accessory to*.
 παρᾶι-φάμενος, η, on, Ep. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παράφημι, *exhorting, encouraging*.
 παρᾶι-φᾶσις, ἡ, poet. for παράφασις, (παραφήμι) *encouragement, persuasion*: also, a *beguiling*.
 παρᾶι-φρονέω, poet. for παραφρονέω.
 παρ-αιωρέω, f. ἦσω, to *bang up beside*:—Pass. to *be hung or bang beside*.
 παρακάββαλε, Ep. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παρακαταβάλλω.
 παρακαθεζέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of παρακαθίζω.
 παρα-κάθημαι, inf. -καθῆσθαι, Dep. to *sit beside or near*.
 παρα-καθίζω, f. -καθιζήσω Att. -καθῶ, to *set beside or near*. II. Med., fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -εκαθεζόμεν: also aor. I ἐκαθισάμην:—to *sit down beside*.
 παρα-καθίημι, f. -καθήσω, to *let down by the side*: so also in Med. παρα-καθίημι.
 παρα-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to *put, place, set down beside or near*. II. in Med. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -κατέστην, pf. -καθέστηκα, to *stand beside or near*.
 παρα-καίριος and παρᾶ-καιρος, on, (παρά, καιρός) *untimely, ill-timed, unseasonable*.
 παρα-καίω, f. -καύσω, to *light, kindle, burn beside or near*.
 παρα-κάλέω, f. -καλώ later -καλέσω: pf. -κέκληκα, pass. -κέκλημαι:—to *call to one, i. e., I. to call to aid, send for, summon, Lat. arcessere*: to *call as witness, to invoke the gods*: to *invite*. II. to *call to, cheer on, encourage, exhort*: to *excite*. III. to *demand, require*.
 παρακάλυμμα, τό, a *covering*: metaph. a *cloak, veil*. From
 παρα-κάλυπτο, f. ψω, to *cover by banging something beside, to veil, cloak, disguise*.
 παρα-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβᾶλω: Ep. aor. 2 παρακάββαλον for παρακατέβαλον:—to *throw or put down beside*; παραβίλλειν ζώνην τινί to *put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one*. II. as law-term, to *make a deposit, pay a sum into court*. Hence
 παρακαταβολή, ἡ, *money deposited in suits for recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of failure, Lat. sacramentum*.
 παρακαταθήκη, ἡ, (παρακατατίθημι) *anything lodged in one's hands, esp. a deposit, trust*.
 παρα-καταθνήσκω, f. -καταθανούμαι: aor. 2 -κατέθανον Ep. -κάθθανον:—to *die beside or near*.
 παρα-κατάκειμαι, inf. -κατακέσθαι, Pass. to *lie beside or near, esp. to sit by at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere*.
 παρα-κατακλίνω, f. ἴνω, to *lay down beside*.

παρα-κατάλεγομαι, f. ἔβομαι, Pass. to lie down beside, to lie with: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 παρατέλετο.

παρα-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in one's bands.

παρα-καταπήγνυμι, f. -καταπήξω, to fix or drive in alongside.

παρα-καταθήμι, f. -καταθήσω, to deposit or lodge in a person's hands:—Med. to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust, entrust to his keeping.

παρα-κατέχω, f. -κατέξω, to keep back, restrain.

παρα-κατοικίζω, f. σω, to make to dwell beside:—Med. to settle another near oneself.

παρα-κατύω, Att. for παρα-κασσύω, to sew on or to:—metaph. in Med. to set all straight.

παρά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: 3 sing. Ep. impf. παρεκέστο: Pass. —to lie beside, near or before: generally, to be ready, lie close at hand: metaph. to be presented or proposed to one; τὰ παρακείμενα things before one or present.

παρακείμενα, ματος, τό, = παρακείμεσμα.

παρα-κελεύομαι, Med. to exhort, advise, recommend, prescribe. II. to exhort, encourage, cheer on by sbouting: 3 sing. plpf. παρακέλευστο is used in pass. sense, orders had been given. Hence

παρακέλευσις, ἡ, a calling out to, cheering on.

παρακέλευσμα, ατος, τό, (παρακελεύομαι) an exhortation, encouragement.

παρακελευσμός, ὁ, = παρακέλευσις.

παρακελευστός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρακελεύομαι) cheered on, summoned.

παρα-κεληρίζω, f. σω, to ride by or past.

παρακινδύνευσις, ἡ, a desperate venture. From παρα-κινδύνω, f. σω, to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly: c. acc. rei, to venture or bazarid a thing: c. inf. to have the bardibood to do: absol. to venture, run the risk, stand the bazarid: in Pass., ἔπος παρακεκινδυνευμένον a bardy, venturous phrase.

παρα-κινέω, f. ἦσω, trans. to move aside, to excite, disturb violently, Lat. commovere. II. intr. to shift one's ground, alter.

2. to be impassioned: to be distraught, mad.

3. to raise troubles or commotions.

παρα-κίω, to pass by.

παρα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι and -κλαυσούμαι:—to weep beside or at.

παρα-κλείω Ion. -κλήω, to bar or sbut out.

παρα-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal from the side or in passing, filch underhand.

παρακληθήσομαι, fut. pass. of παρακαλέω.

παρα-κληρίω, Ion. for παρακαλέω.

παράκλησις, ἡ, (παρακαλέω) a calling to one, summons to assist. 2. a calling upon, imploring. 3. exhortation, encouragement.

παρακλητέος, α, ον, = παράκλητος: neut. παρακλητέον, one must call on.

παρακλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρακαλέω) of or for exhorting, hortatory.

παράκλητος, ον, verb Adj. of παρακαλέω, called to

one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. advocatus: as Subst., παράκλητος, ὁ, an advocate. 2. generally, a helper; hence in N. T., ὁ Παράκλητος the Helper, Comforter.

παρακλίδόν, Adv. (παρακλίω) bending sideways, turning aside, averting.

παρακλίνω, opos, ὁ, = παρακλίτης. From παρα-κλίνω [γ], f. -κλινῶ, to turn or bend aside; παρακλίνειν τὴν θύραν to set the gate ajar. 2.

metaph. to make to swerve, distort; ἄλλη παρακλίνουσι δικὰς they turn righteous judgments aside. II.

Pass. and Med., aor. 2 παρεκλίθη [γ]: pf. παραέκκλιμα: to lie down beside, lie near, esp. at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere.

III. intr. in Act., to turn aside, slip away, escape. Hence

παρακλίτης, ον, ὁ, one who lies beside at meals. [γ]

παρα-κλῶ, to bear beside or amiss: to bear wrong.

παρ-ακμάω, f. ἄσω, to be past the prime: to be faded, withered.

παρα-κοάω, Ion. for παρα-νοέω.

παρᾶ-κοή, ἡ, (παρακοῶ) bearing amiss: unwillingness to bear, disobedience.

παρα-κοινάω, Med. (παρά, κοινός) to take counsel with another, Lat. communicare.

παρα-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (παρά, ἀκοίτης) one who sleeps beside, a bedfellow, husband.

παρ-ἀκοίτης, ἴος, ἡ, acc. ἴν: Ep. dat. παρακοίτι: (παρά, ἀκοίτης) a wife, consort.

παρ-ἀκοιουθέω, f. ἦσω, to follow close or bard upon one: to attend studiously: of rules, to bold good throughout. II. metaph. to follow in one's mind, to understand.

παρακομιδή, ἡ, (παρακομίζω) a carrying across; transporting, conveying. II. (from Pass.) a going or sailing across.

παρα-κομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: to carry beside or along with, escort: carry across: generally to carry or convey:—Med. to have a thing brought one:—Pass. to sail beside, coast along.

παρ-ἄκονάω, f. ἦσω, to sbarpen or whet besides.

παρ-ἄκοντιζέω, f. ἴσω, to throw the dart with others.

παρακοπή, ἡ, (παρακόπτω) a striking falsely, a coining falsely: metaph. madness, frenzy.

παράκοπος, ον, (παρακόπτω) struck falsely, counterfeit: metaph. deranged, mad.

παρα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike amiss, esp. of money, to forge, counterfeit; ἀνδρόρια παρακεκομμένα (pf. pass. part.) men of a false stamp. II. Med. to cheat, swindle out of a thing, c. gen. absol. to cheat:—Pass. to be cheated. III. metaph. to drive mad, derange, distract.

παρ-ᾄκουω, f. -ακούσομαι, (παρά, ἀκούω) to bear beside or by the way, to bear talk of. II. to bear or learn underhand. III. to bear wrong, misunderstand.

παρα-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω Att. -κρεμῶ:—to let hang on the side.

παρακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of παρακρεμάννυμι.

παρακρίνω [τ], f. -κρίνω: aor. I παρέκρινα: pf. παραέκρινα: Pass., aor. I παρεκρίθη [τ]: pf. παραέκρινε:—to separate and place beside:—Pass. to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

παρακροτέω, f. ήσω, to pat, touch on the side.
παρακρουσις, ή, (παρακρούω) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error. II. a cheating, fraud.

παρακρούω, f. σω: pf. παραέκρουκα: Pass., aor. I παρεκρούστην: pf. παραέκρουσμα:—to strike beside, esp. to strike a wrong note in music. II. to lead aside, mislead, deceive.

παρακτάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παραέκτεθημι, to have over and above.
παρακτίδιος, ov, and παρ-άκτιος, a, ov, (παρά, άκτή) on the seaside, on the shore.

παρακύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I παρέκνυφα:—to stoop aside, put one's head on one side affectedly. 2. generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly at. 3. to lean forward and peep out of a door, window, etc.: also to peep in.

παρακωχή, see παροκωχή.
παραλαμβάνω: f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάμφομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον, inf. -λαβείν: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι:—to receive from another, to succeed to an office or to property. 2. to take possession of, to take in pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly. 3. to take to oneself, as to wife:—to produce or bring forward as a witness. II. to receive or entertain as a friend, to invite. III. to receive by hearsay or tradition, to learn, bear, Lat. accipere. IV. to take upon oneself, undertake, Lat. suscipere. V. to wait for, intercept, Lat. excipere.

παραλέγω, f. έω, to put, lay beside or near:—Med., f. -λέξομαι: aor. I παρελέξαμην: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παρ-έλεκτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside. II. παραλέγεσθαι ήην to sail by or along the land, to coast along.

παραλείπτον, verb. Adv. one must omit. From παραλείπω, f. ψω, to leave on one side, leave remaining. 2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, pass by, Lat. praetermittere. 3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

παρ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear with ointment.
παραλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of παραλύω.
παρα-λεύσω, = παρορώ.
παραληπτέον, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself.

παραληπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted.
παραληρέω, f. ήσω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare.

παραληφθήσομαι, παραλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.
παραλήψις, ες, ή, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession.

παράλία (sub. χώρα), ή, the sea-coast, coastland. From

παρ-άλιος, ov, also a, ov, (παρά, άλς) by the sea, on the sea shore.

παρ-αλλάγη, ή, (παρ-αλλάσσω) a passing from hand to hand, transfer. II. alternation: change, variation.

παράλλαγμα, ματος, τό, (παρ-αλλάσσω) an exchange.
παρ-αλλάξ, Adv. (παρ-αλλάσσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

παρ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. έω: aor. I παρήλλαξα: Pass., aor. I -ηλλάχθην: aor. 2 -ηλλάγην [ά]: pf. -ήλλαγαμι:—to make things alternate. 2. to change or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. 3. of Place, to pass by or beyond. II. intr. to pass by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the path, to deviate, vary:—hence to slip aside, escape.

παρ-άλληλος, ov, (παρά, άλληλοι) beside one another, side by side, parallel.

παρα-λογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon wrong, misreckon, miscalculate. 2. to reason falsely. II. to cheat by false reasoning. Hence

παραλογισμός, ό, false reckoning: a fallacy.
παρά-λογος, ov, (παρά, λόγος) beyond calculation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρά-λογος, ό, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculation.
πάρ-αλος, ov, (παρά, άλς) by or near the sea, naval, maritime. II. of Πάραλοι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παραλία): opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers. 2. the crew of the ship Paralos. III. ή Πάραλος (sub. ναύς or τριήρης), the Paralos, one of the Athenian state-galleys, reserved for religious missions, embassies, etc.: the other was called Σαλαμνία.

παρα-λύπέω, f. ήσω, (παρά, λυπέω) to grieve along with something else: οι παραλυπούντες, the refractory.
παραλυτικός, ή, όν, (παρ-αλύω) affected with palsy, paralytic.

παρ-αλύω, f. -λύω [υ]: aor. I παρέλυσα: pf. -λέλυκα: Pass., aor. I παρελύθην [υ]: pf. -λέλυμαι:—to loose from the side, loose and take off, detach from. 2. to separate, part from:—Pass. to be parted from. 3. to release or set free from:—Pass. to be exempt from a thing. 4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free. 5. to undo, put an end to. II. to relax at the side:—Pass. disabled on one side, to be palsied; pf. part.

παραλευμένος, like παραλυτικός, palsied, paralytic: generally, to be enfeebled or exhausted, to flag.
παρ-αμείβω, f. ψω: aor. I παρήμειβα: (παρά, άμείβω) —to change or alter a little. 2. to leave on one side, pass by: hence to exceed, excel. II. Med. to pass beside, pass by: outrun. 2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of. 3. of Time, to pass, go by. 4. to change for oneself. 5. to lead aside from the road.

παρ-αμελέω, pf. -ημέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. παρ-ημέληε: (παρά, άμελέω) —to pass by and disregard, pay no heed to.

παραμέμνημαι, pf. of παραμυμήσκομαι.
 παρα-μένω, f. -μενῶ: aor. I παρήμενα:—to stay beside or near, stand by. II. absol. to stand one's ground, stand fast. 2. to stay at a place, stay behind.
 3. to survive, remain alive: of things, to endure, last.

παρ-άμερος, ov, Dor. for παρήμερος. [ᾱ]
 παρα-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure one thing by another, to compare. II. to measure out.
 παρ-άμευσι, Dor. = παραμείβω:—Med. παραμείβεσθαι τινος μορφήν to surpass one in beauty.
 παρα-μηρίδιος, ov, (παρά, μηρός) at the side of or along the thighs: τὰ παραμηρίδια armour for the thighs, cuisses.

παρα-μίγνυμι and -ύω Ion. -μίγω: f. -μίξω: pf. πασι. -μέμγμαι:—to mingle, intermix with, tiví ti.
 2. to mix in, add by mixing.

παρ-άμιλλος, ov, (παρά, ἄμιλλα) vying or racing with.
 παρα-μνήσκω, fut. -μνήσομαι: pf. -μέμνημαι: Dep.:—to mention besides or by the way, to make mention of one thing along with another.

παρα-μίμνω, poet. for παραμένω absol., to tarry, stay.
 παρα-μίγω, Ion. for παραμίγνυμι.

παρα-μνάομαι, Ion. for παραμνήσκομαι.
 παραμολέιν, aor. 2 inf. of παραβλάσκω.

παραμόνιμος, ov, also η, ov, (παραμένω) abiding by, lasting, steadfast, faithful. Neut. παρμόνιμον, as Adv., steadfastly.

παρά-μονος poet. πάρμονος, ov, (παραμένω) lasting.
 παρα-μοσος, ov, (παρά, Μούσα) averse to the Muses or music, discordant with: hence barsb, borrid.

παρ-άμπέχω or -άμπιχχω: f. παραμφέξω: aor. 2 παρήμπισχον: (παρά, ἀμπέχω):—to cover with a cloak or robe; hence to cloak or disguise.

παρ-άμπυκίω Lacon. -πυκίδω: (παρά, ἀμπυξ):—to bind the hair with a fillet or head-band.

παρα-μυθεομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I -εμυθησάμην: Dep.:—to address with soothing or cheering words: to encourage, exhort, advise. 2. to console, appease. Hence

παραμυθία, ἡ, encouragement: also persuasion.
 παραμυθιον, τό, (παραμυθεομαι) an address, exhortation. 2. a consolation, relief, assuagement.

παρα-μυκάομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to bellow beside or near.

παρ-αναγιγνώσκω later -αναγινώσκω: f. -αναγνώσομαι: (παρά, ἀναγιγνώσκω):—to read beside or near: to read side by side, compare, collate.

παρα-ναιετάω, to dwell beside or near.
 παρ-ἀνάλισκω, f. -ανάλισσω, to spend beside or amiss, to waste, lavish.

παρ-ανατέλλω, to arise beside or near.

παρα-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι and -νεύσομαι, (παρά, νέω to swim) to swim beside or by.

παρανέω, f. -νήσω, (παρά, νέω to bear) to bear or pile up beside: Ion. παρα-νηέω and -νηνέω.

παρα-νήχομαι, f. ἔσομαι, Dep. to swim beside, to swim along the shore.

παρα-νικάω, f. ἤσω, to corrupt by conquest.
 παρα-νίσσομαι, Dep. = παρανέομαι, to pass beside or near.

παρ-ανίσχω, to raise up beside or in answer. II. intr. to stand forth beside.

παρα-νοέω, f. ἤσω, to think amiss or wrongly. II. to be deranged, senseless: to go mad. Hence

παράνοια, ἡ, derangement, madness, folly.

παρ-ανοίγνυμι and -ανοίγω: f. -ανοίξω, (παρά, ἀνοίγω) to open at the side or a little.

παρα-νομέω: impf. παρενόμουν: aor. I παρενόμησα: pf. παρενόμηκα: Pass., aor. παρενομήθην: pf. παρενομήμηναι: (παράνομος):—to transgress the law, act illegally. 2. to commit an outrage: c. acc. pers. to commit an outrage upon one; so in Pass., to be ill-used, maltreated. Hence

παρανόμημα, atos, τό, an illegal act, transgression.
 παρανομία, ἡ, (παρνομέω) transgression of law, habitual law-breaking.

παρά-νομος, ov, (παρά, νόμος) contrary to law and custom, unlawful, illegal: generally, lawless, unjust, violent. II. as Att. law-terms, παράνομα γράφειν to propose unconstitutional measures; but, παρνόμων γράφεσθαι τινα to indict one for proposing unconstitutional measures.

παρά-νοος, ov, contr. παρά-νοος, ov, (παρά, νόος) distraught, frenzied.

πάρ-αντα, Adv. (παρά, ἀντίος) sideways, sidwards.

παρ-αντέλλω, poet. for παρανατέλλω.

παρά-νυμφος, ἡ, (παρά, νύμφη) the bride's-maid, who conducts her to the bridegroom.

παρα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick beside: metaph. to prick on or stimulate to do a thing.

παρά-ξενος, ov, with a false claim to friendship or hospitality: generally, false, spurious.

παρα-ξέω, f. έσω, to scrape beside: to graze in passing.

παρ-αξόνιος, ov, (παρά, ἄξων) beside or near the axle: παραξόνια, τά, as Subst. rapid whirlings.

παρα-ξύω, f. -ξύσω [ῦ], to shave at the side: metaph. to graze, keep close beside.

παρα-παίω, f. -παίσω, to strike on the side. II. intrans. strike aside: to fall aside, fall out from.

Lat. excidere: παραπαίειν φρενῶν to wander from one's senses, lose one's wits.

παρα-πάλλω, to burl beside:—Med. to vault or bound aside.

παρα-παν, Adv., for παρά πᾶν, on the whole, altogether, absolutely: in reckoning, ἐπὶ δικήσσια τὸ παράπαν up to two hundred altogether, on the average.

παρ-ᾤπάτάω, f. ἤσω, to mislead, cajole.

παρ-ᾤπάθισκω: fut. -απαθήσω: aor. 2 παρήπάφον:—poet. for παραπατάω, to mislead: to persuade one to do a thing by craft or fraud.

παρα-πέιθω, f. -πέισω, to win by persuasive arts, to prevail upon, win over: Homer often uses an Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. in 3 sing. παραιοπιθήσει; part. παραιοπιθῶν, παραιοπιθούσα, παραιοπιθόντες.

παρα-πειράομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to make trial of.
 παρα-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I παρέπεμψα:—to send by or beyond, make to pass through: of sound, to send or echo back. 2. to send by or along the coast: generally to send along. 3. to escort, convoy: so in Med., to convoy ships. II. to send besides or in addition. III. metaph. to let pass, take no heed of, Lat. praetermittere.

παραπέσων, aor. 2 part. of παραπίπτω.
 παρα-πέταμαι, = παραπέτομαι.
 παρα-πετάννυμι and -ύω, f. -πετάσω: pf. -πεπέτασμαι:—to stretch a curtain before. Hence παραπέτασμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread out before, a curtain, veil.

παρα-πέτομαι: f. -πετήσομαι, syncop. -πήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly beside, near, by: to fly along, fly over: to fly to.

παρα-πήγγυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix or plant beside or near:—Pass., with pf. med. -πέπηγα, to be fixed or planted beside.

παρα-πηδάω, f. ἴσομαι, to spring by or beyond: c. acc. to overleap, transgress.

παρα-πικραίνω, to embitter, provoke. Hence παραπικρασμός, ὁ, provocation: contumacy.
 παρα-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to kindle, burn beside or near:—Pass. to be inflamed.

παρα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall beside. II. to fall in one's way, fall in with:—of things, to befall, happen, offer itself. III. to fall aside: hence to mistake, err.

παραπλάγξας, aor. I part. of παραπλάζω.

παρα-πλάζω, f. -πλάξω: aor. I παρέπλαξα: Pass., aor. I παρεπλάγχθην:—to make a person wander from the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course:—Pass. to wander, go astray, wander away from. II. metaph. to mislead:—Pass. to be misled, err, be wrong.

παρα-πλευρίδια, τά, (παρά, πλευρά) covers for the sides of war-horses.

παρα-πλώω Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλεύσομαι: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παρέπλω (as if from a Verb in -μι):—to sail beside, near or alongside: to sail along a coast: to sail past.

παραπλήγας, acc. pl. of παραπλήξ.
 παράπληκτος, ον, (παραπλήσσω) stricken aside: metaph. frenzy-stricken.

παραπλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἦ, (παραπλήσσω) struck sideways: ἡμίονες παραπλήγες a shelving beach, on which the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against a cliff). II. metaph. = παράπληκτος, mad.

παρα-πλήσιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, πλησίος) coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about the same, about equal:—Sup. -ώτατος.—Neut. παραπλήσιον, παραπλήσια as Adv., but also regul. Adv. παραπλήσιως, nearly, almost: παραπλήσιως ἀγωνίζεσθαι to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παρα-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike on the side:—Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, deranged, frenzied.

παραπλόμενος, ἦ, ον, coming to a place, Ep. syncop. part. from an absol. pres. παραπέλομαι.

παράπλοος contr. -πλους, ὁ, (παραπλέω) a sailing beside. 2. a passage over the sea, Lat. trajectory.

παρα-πλώω, Ion. for παραπλέω.

παρέπλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, as if from a Verb in -μι, παραπλεύσας, aor. I part. of παραπλέω.

παρα-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow beside or by the side, to escape by the side.

παρα-πόδιος, ποῖτ. παραπόδιος, ον, (παρά, ποῦς) at the feet, close by, present.

παρα-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, to make falsely:—Med. to make falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely.

παρ-απόλλυμι, f. -απολώω Att. -απολώ, to destroy, ruin beside:—Pass., with fut. med. -απολούμαι, pf., -απόλωκα, 1 pl. pf. -ολώλειν, to perish beside or near.

παραπομητή, ἦ, (παραπέμπω) a conveying, procuring. II. that which is procured, supplies, provisions.

παρα-πόντιος, ον, (παρά, πόντος) by the sea.

παρα-πορεύομαι, Pass. to go beside or past.

παρα-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (παρά, ποταμός) beside or near a river, situated or dwelling on a river: or παραποτάμιοι people who live on a river.

παρα-πράσσω Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to do beside or beyond the main purpose. II. to do with another, join or help in doing.

παραπρεσβεία, ἦ, a false or dishonest embassy. From

παρα-πρεσβεύω, Act. and Med. to execute an embassy faithfully or dishonestly.

παράπρισμα, ατος, τό, that which falls off in sawing, saw-dust. From

παρα-πρίω, f. -πριούμαι, to saw beside or gently. [ῆ]

παρ-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten beside, near or alongside:—Pass., παραπτομένη χερσὶ πλάτα the oar grasped by the hands:—Med. to touch beside or at the side.

παράπτωμα, ατος, τό, (παραπίπτω) a fall beside: metaph. a transgression.

παρα-πύθια, τά, (παρά, Πύθια) a sickness which prevented one from being victor at the Pythian games (Πύθια).

παρα-ραθύμω, παρα-ραίνω, etc., v. παραρρ-.

πάρ-ῤρος Ion. πάρρηρος, ον, like παρήροπος, (παρά, αἶψα) deranged in mind.

πάρῤρος, ον, Dor. and poet. for παρήροπος, distraught.

παρ-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσω, later ἄξω, to take away from the side, filch.

παρ-άρπτω, ψω, to sew beside or along:—Pass. to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παρ-ῤρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. παρερρήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form παρερρήνυ: (παρά, ῤέω):—to flow beside, by or past, c. acc. 2. c. dat., παραρρῆνυ τι to slip off it. II. to slip away, to slip from one's memory.

παρα-ρρήγνυμι, f. -ρῤξω: aor. I παρέρρηξα: (παρά, ῤήγνυμι):—to break at the side, esp. to break a line of battle:—Pass. of the line, to be broken. II. Pass., with pf. med. παρέρρωγα, to break or burst out beside

or from; *παρέρωγεν ποδὸς φλέψ* a vein has burst out from his foot.

παραρρηγτός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρά, ρητός) of persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive.

παραρρίγω, (παρά, ριγώω) to freeze beside or near.

παραρρίπτω and -έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a thing.

II. to throw aside or away, reject.

παραρρῆϊν, aor. 2 opt. of *παρρῆω*.

παραρ-ρῦμος ποῖτ. **παραρῦμος**, ον, (παρά, ρυθμός) out of time or tune: discordant.

παραρῤῥα, ατος, τό, anything drawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

παραρ-ρύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ῥύομαι) to draw along the side.

παρ-αρτάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω: pf. pass. *παρήρημαι*:—to hang or attach alongside or upon. II. Ion.

παρῤῥέομαι, I. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, hold oneself in readiness. Hence

παρ-άρτημα, τό, anything banging at the side.

παρασάγγης, ον, ὁ, a parasang, the Persian farsang, a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

παρα-σάττω, f. ξω, to stuff or cram in beside.

παρα-σειρος, ον, (παρά, σείρά) fastened beside with a thong or cord; *παρασειρος ἵππου* a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (*σειραφόρος*), opp. to *ζύγιος*:—metaph. a yokefellow, comrade.

παρα-σειώ, f. σω, to swing beside one.

παρα-σημαίνω, f. ανῶ, to seal by the side:—Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

παρα-σημον, τό, a mark of distinction; the ensign of a ship: properly neut. of *πάρῃσμος*.

παρα-σημος, ον, (παρά, σῆμα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfeit, spurious. II.

marked in any way, conspicuous.

παρασιτέω, f. ἦσω, (παράσιτος) to eat at another's table, to be a parasite. II. to have a seat at the public table.

παρα-σιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a parasite or flatterer: ἡ *παρασιτική* (sub. τέχνη), the trade of a parasite. From

παρα-σίτος, ον, (παρά, σίτος) eating at the table of another: as Subst., *παράσιτος*, ὁ, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

παρα-σκευάζω, f. σω: aor. I. *παρεσκεύασα*: Pass., pf. *παρεσκεύασμαι*: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. *παρῃσκευάδατο*:—to get ready, prepare: to hold ready; also to procure, provide, furnish. 2. to make or render so and so. II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for oneself: absol. to make preparations. 2. to procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc.: to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring over to one's party. III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepare: in pf. *παρῃσκευάσμαι* to be ready, be prepared. 2. of things, to be got ready, prepared,

ὡς *παρεσκεύαστο* when preparations had been made; *παρῃσκευάδατο τοῖς Ἕλλησι* preparations had been made by the Greeks. Hence

παρῃσκευάσμαι, ατος, τό, anything got ready or prepared.

παρῃσκευή, ἡ, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: ἀπό or ἐκ *παρῃσκευῆς*, of set purpose, Lat. *ex instituto*; δι' ἄλλης *παρῃσκευῆς* with short practice, i. e. at short notice. 2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. II.

that which is prepared, furniture, garniture, Lat. *apparatus*: pomp. 2. of warlike preparation, a force, power, equipment: generally, means, resources.

παρα-σκηνέω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to pitch one's tent beside or near.

παρα-σκήνια, τά, (παρά, σκηνή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; or, the side entrances to the theatre.

παρα-σκηνόω, f. ὠσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παρα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to light or fall beside or near.

παρα-σκιρτάω, f. ἦσω, to leap beside or near.

παρα-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look aside from, miss the sense of.

παρα-σκόπτω, f. ψω, to jeer, jest beside or indirectly.

παρα-σπάω, f. ἀσώ [ᾶ], to wrest aside, distort:—Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach from a party.

παρα-σπίζω, f. ἴσω, (παρά, ἀσπίς) to bear a shield beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence

παρασπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

παρασπονδέω, f. ἦσω, to act contrary to engagements: to break a treaty. From

παρα-σπονδος, ον, (παρά, σπονδή) contrary to a compact or treaty. 2. of persons, faithless, forsworn.

παρασπᾶδόν, Adv. (*παρίσταμαι*) stepping beside going up to. II. standing beside or at the side.

παρασταίην, **παραστάς**, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 opt. and part. of *παρίστημι*.

παραστάς, ἀδός, ἡ, (*παρίσταμαι*) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. *παραστάδες*, αἱ, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. *vestibulum*. See the shortened form *παστάς*.

παρασπᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (*παρίστημι*) a putting aside, banishing. II. (*παρίσταμαι*) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παρασπᾶτέω, f. ἦσω, to stand by or near. From

παρασπᾶτής, ον, ὁ, (*παρίσταμαι*) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the flank, as *προσπᾶτης* is one's front-rank-man, *ἐπισπᾶτης* one's rear-rank-man: generally, a comrade in battle. Hence

παρα-σπᾶτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a helper, assistant, ally.

παρα-στείχω, aor. 2 *παρῃστείχω*, to go by, past or beyond, pass by: to pass into.

παρα-στήναι, -στήσαι, aor. 2 and 1 inf. of *παρίστημι*.
παρα-στορέννυμι, f. -στορέσω Att. -στορῶ:—to
stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside. 2.
to turn aside, prevent, divert.
παρα-συγγράφω, f. ήσω, (παρά, συγγραφή) to
break contract with.

παρα-συλλέγομαι, Pass. without Act. in use, to as-
semble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω [ῥ], f. -σύρῶ, to drag or sweep away,
hurry along, as a flood. 2. παρασίρειν έπος to
drag, force a word in.

παρα-σφάλλω, fut. -σφάλλω: aor. I *παρέσφηλα*:—
to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or
slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside.

παρασχε, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of *παρέχω*.

παρασχεθείν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of *παρέχω*.

παρασχεῖν Ep. *παρασχεόμεν*, aor. 2 inf. of *παρέχω*.

παρα-σχίζω, f. -σχίσω, to rip up lengthwise.
παρασχόν, aor. 2 part. neut. of *παρέχω*, used absol.,
see *παρέχω* iv.

παράταξις, ή, an arranging soldiers in order of
battle: an army in array; εκ παρατάξεως in battle-
array. From

παρα-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I *παρέταξα*:
Pass., pf. *παρετάγαμι*: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. *παρε-
τετάχατο*:—to post beside others, esp. in order of
battle:—Med. to draw up one's men in order of
battle:—Pass. to be set or posted beside in array: to
be drawn up in order of battle. II. Med. to meet
one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in
battle.

παρα-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: aor. I *παρέτεινα*: pf. *παρε-
τέτακα*: Pass., aor. I *παρετάθη*: pf. *παρετάγαμι*:—
to stretch out along, beside or near: to stretch out in a
line; *παρετείνειν τάφρον* to draw a long trench. 2.
of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay. 3.
to stretch on the rack, torture:—Pass. of a corpse, to
be laid along, lie dead; *πολιορκία παρετείνεσθαι* to
bold out to the last in a siege. II. intr. to stretch
out, extend along, run along.

παρα-τείχισμα, atos, τό, (παρά, τειχί(ω)) a wall or
fort built beside: a side or cross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνομαι, aor. I *παρετεκτηνάμην*: Med.:
—to work into another form: generally, to fashion
anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth,
falsify.

παρα-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ poet. -τᾶμῶ:—to cut off at
the side, cut off.

παρατετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of *παρε-
τάσσω*.

παρα-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch closely or narrowly:
to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρατήρησις, ή, an observing closely, observation.

παρα-τίθημι, with 3 sing. pres. *παρτιθεῖ*, and 2 and
3 sing. impf. *παρτιθείς*, -ει (as if from *παρτιθέω*):
fut. -θήσω: aor. I *παρέθηκα*: Med., aor. 2 *παρεθέ-
μην*: Pass., pf. *παρεθέμια*:—to place beside or be-

fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, sup-
ply. 2. to lay before one, represent, declare: to
allege. 3. to place side by side, compare. II.

Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp.
to take to oneself. 2. to deposit in a person's hands,
to commit to his charge. 3. to venture, stake,
bazard.

παρα-τίλλω, f. -τίλῶ, to pluck the hair off:—Med.
to pluck hairs from one's own person:—Pass., pf. part.
παρτετιλμένος with one's hair plucked out.

παράτονος, on, (παρετίνω) stretched out beside or
along, hanging down by the side.

παρατρᾶγείν, aor. 2 inf. of *παρτρᾶγω*.

παρα-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn aside, to turn from
the right way, mislead; *ποταμὸν παρτρᾶπειν* to di-
vert a river from its channel, Lat. *derivare*: metaph.
to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. 2. to turn
one from his opinion, to mislead:—Pass. to let oneself
be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:—
Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέβω, f. -θρέβομαι or -θράβομαι: aor. 2
παρέδραμον:—to run, rush by or past: c. acc. to
escape. 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. 3.
to run through or over. II. to run up to, run
quickly to.

παρα-τρέω, f. *τρέσω*, to start, swerve aside from fear.
παρα-τρέβω, f. ψω, to rub beside; *παρτριβείν χρυ-
σὸν ἀκέρατον ἄλλω χρυσῷ* (sc. *eis βάσανον*) to rub
pure gold by the side of other gold on the lapis Ly-
dius and see the difference of the marks they leave;
Pass. to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested. [r]
παρα-τροπέω, = *παρτρέπω*, to turn aside, turn from
the right way, mislead.

παρατροπή, ή, (*παρτρέπω*) a turning off or away,
averting, means of averting.

παράτροπος, on, (*παρτρέπω*) turned aside, turned
from the right way. II. acted. turning away or
averting a thing.

παρα-τροχάζω, poet. for *παρτρέχω*.

παρα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 *παρέτρωγον*:
—to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of,
c. gen.

παρα-τρωπάω, poet. for *παρτρέπω*, to turn away,
divert.

παρα-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύθομαι: aor. 2 *παρέτυχον*:—
to happen to be by or at hand, come to: to be present
at, Lat. *interesse*: of a thing, to offer or present itself,
Lat. *praesto esse*. 2. ὁ *παρτυχῶν* whoever chanced
to be by, any chance person; τὸ *παρτυχῶνον* or τὸ
παρτυχόν, whatever happens. 3. *παρτυχόν*, ab-
sol. like *παρὸν*, *παρσυχόν*, it being in one's power.

παρά-τύπος, on, (παρῶ, τύπτω) marked with a false
stamp, base, counterfeit.

παρτυχόν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of *παρτυχᾶνω*.

παρα-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to speak to, address. 2. to
make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade

one of a thing, talk over to a thing.

παρ-αυλίζω, or in Med. παρὰυλίζομαι, to dwell or lie near.

πάρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλή) dwelling or lodging beside; generally, neighbouring, near.

πάρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλός) out of tune.

πάρ-αὐτά, Adv. for παρ' αὐτά (sc. τὰ πράγματα), like παραχρῆμα, immediately, on the spot. II. in like manner, Lat. perinde.

παρ-αυτίκᾳ, Adv. (παρά, αὐτίκα) immediately, on the instant: with the Art., αἰ παρὰυτίκα ἡδοναί present, momentary pleasures.

παρ-αυχένιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, αὐχὴν) beside or on the neck.

παρὰφαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παρῆσθαι.

παρὰφαίνω ποët. παρφ-: f. -φάνω: to shew or make appear beside: to produce, present; παραφαίνειν τοῦ σώματος to give a glimpse of the body. 2. to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place. II. Pass. to shew oneself or appear beside.

παράδοσις ποët. παρὰφασις and πάρφασις, ἡ, (παράφημι) a speaking to, an address, consolation, assuagement. 2. allurements, persuasion.

παρὰφέρω, f. πορ-οίσω:—to bear, bring or carry along to: to band to, serve up: Pass. to be set on table. 2. generally, to bring forward, produce: to allege, mention; παραφέρω νόμον to propose a law. 3. to turn aside or away: to avert. 4. to carry away: Pass. to be carried away. II. to carry past or beyond:—Pass. to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err.

III. intrans. in Act., like Pass. to go past, pass, of Time. 2. to be beyond, be over and above.

παρὰφεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι and οὔμαι, to flee close by, past, beyond.

παρὰφημι, f. -φήσω, to speak: also to talk over, exhort, persuade. II. to speak deceitfully.

παρὰφθαίην, aor. 2 opt. of παραφθάνω.

παρὰφθήμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of παραφθάνω.

παρὰφθάνω [ᾶ], f. -φθάσω [ᾶ] and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 παρέφθην part. παραφθάς:—to anticipate, overtake, be beforeband with, surpass.

παρὰφθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, to say beside or by the way.

παρὰφθῆσι, Ep. for παραφθῆ, aor. 2 subj. of παραφθάνω.

παρὰφορά, ἡ, (παρὰφέρομαι) a being carried aside, distraction, madness.

παρὰφορέω, = παρὰφέρω, to bring forward, produce, present.

παράφορος, ον, (παρὰφέρω) carried aside or out of the way; reeling, staggering.

παράφραγμα, ατος, τό, (παρὰφράσσω) a fence, breastwork: a low screen: in a ship, the bulwarks.

παρὰφράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence.

παρὰφρονέω, f. ἦσω, to be beside oneself, to be distraught. Hence

παρὰφρόνησις, εως, ἡ, παραφρονία, ἡ, and παρὰφροσύνη, ἡ, (παρὰφρων) derangement of mind.

παρὰφρόνιμος, ον, = παρὰφρων.

παρὰφρυκτωροῦμαι, Dep. (παρά, φρυκτωρός) to make signals to the enemy underhand.

παρὰφρων, ον, gen. ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (παρά, φρήν) beside one's right mind, out of one's wits. 2. false, foolish.

παρὰφύλασσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to watch or keep guard beside, to watch narrowly.

παρὰφύσσω, f. ἦσω, to puff up.

παρὰφύω, f. -φύσω [ῦ], to make grow beside. II. Med., with act. pf. πέφυκα, aor. 2 παρέφυν, intr. to grow beside or at the side.

παρὰχάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to slacken: of a ship, to let in water, to leak.

παρὰχειμάζω, f. ἄσω, to winter at a place. Hence παρὰχειμάσια, ἡ, a wintering in a place.

παρὰχέω, f. -χέω: aor. I παρέχεα: pf. -κέχυκα:—to pour in beside, pour in: to bear up beside.

παρὰχορδίζω, f. σω, (παρά, χορδή) to strike beside the right string, to strike a wrong note.

παρὰχράομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. to use amiss, abuse, misuse: to act wrongly or ill: to disregard, neglect, slight: absol. in Ion. part. παρὰχρῆμενοι, regardless of their lives, fighting desperately.

παρὰχρήμα, Adv. for παρὰ τὸ χρήμα, on the spot, forthwith, straightway: ἡ παραχρῆμα ἀνάγκη the immediate necessity; ἕκ τοῦ παραχρῆμα off-band, on the spur of the moment.

παρὰχροος, ον contr. -χρους, ον, (παρά, χροά) changing its colour, colourless, faded.

παρὰχώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to throw up a mound near or beside.

παρὰχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go aside so as to make room, to give place: to retire or withdraw from a place. Hence

παρὰχωρητέον, verb. Adj. one must give way.

παρὰψύχη, ἡ, a cooling, refreshment, comfort. From παρὰψύχω, to cool, refresh, comfort. [ῦ]

παρὰβάτης, ον, ὁ, ποët. for παραβάτης. [βᾶ]

παρὰβεβάσ, ποët. for παραβεβαός, pf. part. of παραβαίω.

ΠΑΡΔΑΚΟΣ [ᾶ], ον, wet, damp.

παρδαλή Att. contr. παρδαλή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a leopard-skin. From

πάρδαλις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, = πάρδος, Lat. pardalis, a pard, leopard or panther.

πάρδαλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πάρδαλις) spotted like the pard.

παρδίην, παρδίησομαι, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of πέρδω.

ΠΑΡΔΟΣ, ὁ, like πάρδαλις, πάνθηρ, a pard, leopard or panther.

πάρω, aor. 2 subj. of πέρδω.

παρεῦσι, Ep. for παρεῖσι, 3 pl. of πάριμι (εἰμί sum).

παρεβάθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of παραβαίω.

παρεβάλλον, aor. 2 of παραβάλλω.

παρεβήν, aor. 2 of παραβαίω.

παρ-εγγράφω [ᾶ], f. ψω, to add at the side, interro-

late: to enroll illegally among the citizens; παρεγγράφεις, aor. 2 pass. part. illegally registered.

παρ-εγγύω, f. ἦσω, to band on to one's neighbour; παρεγγυῶν τὸ ξύθημα to pass on the watchword or word of command. 2. to command suddenly, to exhort, encourage. 3. to pledge one's word to another.

II. to hand over, commit or commend to another. Hence

παρ-εγγυή, ἡ, and παρ-εγγυήσις, ἡ, a passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθη, aor. I pass. of παραδίδομαι.

παρεδράθεν, 3 sing. aor. 2. of παραδραθάνω.

παρεδράμων, aor. 2 of παρατρέχω.

παρεδρεύω, f. σαι, (πάρεδρος) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. assistēre. II. to be an assessor (πάρεδρος) to one.

παρ-εδρία, ἡ, (πάρεδρος) a sitting beside, II. the office or dignity of assessor.

πάρ-εδρος, ον, (παρά, ἔδρα) sitting beside: generally, beside, next to, near. II. as Subst. πάρεδρος, ὁ, an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or coadjutor of a magistrate.

παρέδωκα, παρέδωκον, aor. I and 2 of παραδίδομαι.

παρ-έζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit beside: but παρέξω, παρεξόμενος are aor. 2 med. imperat. and part. of παρίω.

παρεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παρίημι.

παρέθηκα, aor. I of παρτίθημι.

παρεῖά, ἡ, (παρά) the cheek, used by Homer always in plur.; in sing. he uses Ion. form παρήιον. II. the cheek-piece of a helmet.

παρείας, ον, ὁ, = παρών.

παρ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-οράω being used instead, (παρά, εἶδον) to observe by the way, to remark, notice. II. to overlook, disregard.

παρείθην, aor. I pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἴκω, f. ξω: ποῖτ. aor. 2 παρείκασθον, inf. -αθῆν:—to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow.

II. impers., παρείκει μοι it is in my power, allowable; ὅπῃ παρείκει wherever it was practicable; κατὰ τὸ ἀεὶ παρείκον as it was practicable from time to time.

παρ-εἰλίσσω, ποῖτ. for παρελίσσω.

παρέειμι, pf. pass. of παρίημι.

πάρ-ειμι inf. παρίναι: impf. παρήν: f. παρέσομαι: (παρά, εἰμί sum):—to be by, to be present. 2. to be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or at.

3. to be present to help, to stand by, like Lat. adesse. 4. to have arrived at a place. 5. impers., πάρεστί μοι it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. παρόν Ion. παρόν, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. quum fieri possit. 6. τὰ παρόντα present circumstances, the present state or condition; also τὸ παρόν.

πάρ-ειμι inf. παρίναι: impf. παρῆν: (παρά, εἰμί ibo):—to go by, beside or near, to pass: to go alongside. 2. to pass by, overtake, surpass. 3.

of Time, to pass on, pass. II. to pass on towards,

to go to or near, enter: absol. to approach. III.

generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself.

παρίναι, inf. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εἶπον, (παρά, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρα-φήμι being used instead: c. acc. pers. to talk over, persuade: hence to overreach. [In Hom., part. πάρεϊπών, πάρεϊπούσα, metri grat.]

παρ-εἶρω, Ion. for παρέρω.

παρ-εἶρω, (παρά, εἶρω) to fasten or attach beside, insert; νόμους παρέρωον seems to mean adding observance of the laws.

πάρεϊς, 2 sing. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἰσάγω, f. ξω, to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit. II. to introduce secretly.

Hence παρείσακτος, ον, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

παρ-εἰσδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to take in besides or along with.

παρ-εἰσδύομαι, Pass. and Med., with act. aor. 2 -εἶν pf. -δέδυκα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. -δεδύκειν, intr.:—to get in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ-εἰσέρχομαι, Dep. with act. aor. 2 -ἦλθον, pf. -εἠλθθα:—to come in secretly or wrongfully.

παρ-εἰσφέρω, to bring in beside; παρῑσφέρειν νόμον to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

παρείται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of παρίημι.

πάρ-εκ, before a vowel πάρ-έξ, (παρά, ἐκ) as Prep., 1. c. gen. outside, before:—besides, except, exclusive of. 2. c. acc. out along, beyond, alongside of; παρὲκ νόον out of reason, foolishly; also, παρὲξ Ἀχιλλῆα without the knowledge of Achilles. II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away. 2. metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly. 3. beside, except, παρὲκ ἢ ὅσον, except so long as ..

παρ-εκβαίνω, f. -εκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absol. to deviate, to make a digression. Hence

παρέκβασις, ἡ, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ-εκδύομαι, Pass. to slip out by the side, steal away.

παρεκέσκητο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of παράκειμαι:

παρ-εκκλίνω, to turn a little aside: to deviate.

παρ-εκλέγω, f. ξω, to collect covertly, to embezzle.

παρ-εκπροφεύγω, to flee out away from before, to elude; προεκπροφεύγῃσι, Ep. for -φύγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.

παρ-εκτάνω, f. ὤσω, = παρεκτείνω.

παρ-εκτείνω, f. τεῶω, to stretch out along, to deploy.

παρ-εκτελέω, f. ἐσώ, to accomplish against a wish.

παρ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of παρέχω, one must furnish.

παρ-εκτός, Adv. (παρά, ἐκτός) out of, without, besides.

παρ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn aside, divert from the way.

παρ-εκτρέχω, to run out past.

παρέλαβον, aor. 2 of παραλαμβάνω.

παρ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ᾶ], Ep. -ελάσσω Att. -ελάω: aor. I παρήλασα Ep. παρέλασσα:—to drive by or past. II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ἵππους, etc.) to drive past; then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, παρελαύνειν ἐφ' ἄρματος, ἐφ' ἵππου to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. 2. to row or sail by, past (sub. ναῦν): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by:—to ride to, advance towards:—to ride on one's way.

παρέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παραλέγω.

παρελεύντα, Dor. for παρελώντα, fut. part. acc. of παρελάυνω.

παρελύσομαι, rare fut. of παρέρχομαι; πάρεμι (εἰμι ἰβο) being so used in Att.

παρ-έλω: f. παρέλω or παρελύσω [ῶ]: aor. I παρείκυσσα: pf. pass. παρείκυσμαι: (παρά, ἔλω):—to draw aside or to the side:—Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept. 2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, παρέλκειν ἐκ γῆς to tow from the bank. 3. to distort, twist. II. to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.

παρ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλω, to put in beside or between, interpolate: hence to throw in by the way, insinuate. II. to draw up troops in battle order, to encamp.

παρ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look askance.

παρεμβολή, ἡ, (παρεμβαλεῖν) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation. II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a castle, camp.

παρ-εμβύω, f. ύω [ῶ], to push or stuff in.

παρέμμεναι, Ep. inf. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εμπύπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill secretly full of.

παρ-εμπύπτω, f. -εμπεσοῦμαι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

παρ-εμπολάω, f. ἡσω, to traffic underhand in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.

παρεμπόρευμα, atos, τό, an article of small value. From

παρ-εμπορεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἔμπορος) to traffic in besides. II. metaph. to yield or afford besides.

παρ-εμφύομαι, Pass. to grow in beside, hang upon.

παρνεγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφέρω.

παρ-ενεῖδον, inf. -ιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.

παρηνέον, impf. of παρηνάω (see παρανέω).

παρηνθεῖν, παρηνθώ, Dor. for παρελθεῖν, παρέλθω, aor. 2 inf. and subj. of παρέρχομαι.

παρηνθήκη, ἡ, (παρηνθήκημι) something put in beside, an appendage; παρηνθήκη λόγῳ a digression.

παρ-ενοχλέω, f. ἡσω, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. παρηνώχημαι, to be troubled besides.

παρ-ενσάλεύω, f. σω, intr. to swing to and fro.

παρ-έξ or πάρ-έξ, v. παρίκ.

παρ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out beside or past: hence to mislead.

παρ-εξανύλω, f. ἡσω, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. παρεξηλημένος worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρ-εξέβην, aor. 2 of παρεκβαίνω.

παρ-εξείμι, inf. παρεξίναμι, (παρά, ξείμι) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξ-ειρεσία, ἡ, (παρά, ἐκ, εἰρεσία) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the bows or the stern.

παρ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελάω:—seemingly intr. (sub. ἵππου, etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub. ναῦν) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by.

παρ-εξελθών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of παρεξέρχομαι.

παρ-εξέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of παρεξίμημι.

παρ-εξέρχομαι, f. -εξελλόσομαι: Dep. with act. aor. 2 παρεξήλθον pf. παρεξεήλθουα:—to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one. II. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out by comparison.

παρ-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out besides.

παρ-εξίτημι, f. -εξήσω, to let out beside:—of Time, to let pass.

παρ-εξίμεν [ῖ], Ep. inf. of παρέξειμι (εἰμι ἰβο).

παρ-εξίστημι, f. -εκστήσω, to remove aside, change:—Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., to undergo a change.

παρεούσα, Dor. fem. part. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-έπεισα, aor. I of παραπέιθω.

παρ-επάλλομαι, Ion. for παραβάλλομαι.

παρ-επιδείκνυμι, f. -επιδείξω, to point out beside. II. Med. to exhibit out of season, make a display.

παρ-επιδήμιος, ov, sojourning at a strange place: as Subst. a stranger, sojourner.

παρ-επισκοπέω, f. -επισπέσομαι, to inspect beside.

παρ-επιστροφή, ἡ, (παρ-επιστρέφω) a turning round in passing.

παρ-επλάγχθη, aor. I pass. of παραπλάω.

παρ-επλώ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of παραπλέω, as if a Verb in -μι.

παρ-έπομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to follow by the side, follow close: to follow as an escort.

παρ-εργάτης, ov, ὁ, (πάρεργον) a doer of trifles, a trifler. [ᾶ]

παρ-εργος, ov, (παρά, ἔργον) beside the main subject, subordinate, incidentally. II. as Subst., πάρεργον, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; ἐν πάρεργῳ as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; ἐκ πάρεργον ποιέσθαι to do by the way: hence 2. a useless addition, appendage.

παρ-εργως, Adv. of πάρεργος, incidentally.

παρ-εργώω, f. παρερπύσω [ῶ]: aor. I παρ-ερπύσσα:—to creep in at the side: to creep up to. II. to pass by.

παρ-ερύω Ion. παρ-ερύω, f. ύσω, (παρά, ἔρύω) to draw along the side. [ῶ]

παρ-έρχομαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. is πάρεμι (εἰμι ἰβο): Dep., with aor. 2 -ἦλθον Ep. -ἦλθον pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go by, beside or past,

pass by, pass away. 2. of Time, to pass; ὁ παρελθὼν χρόνος time past; τὸ παρελθὼν and ἐν τῷ παρελθόντι in time past; of old. II. to pass by, outstrip, surpass: metaph. to outwit, overreach, circumvent.

III. to pass by without bedding, pass over, slight: also of things, to escape one's notice, be passed over. 2. also to transgress. IV. pass on and to come to a place, arrive at: esp. to pass into a house. V. to come forward, esp. to speak in public.

πάρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of πάριμι (εἰμι sum).

παρ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον, inf. -φάγειν: —to eat besides. II. to eat a piece of, gnaw or nibble at, c. gen.

πάρεσις, ἡ, (παρήμι) a letting pass, a letting go: also remission, forgiveness.

παρεσκευάδεται, παρεσκευάδατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of παρασκευάζω.

παρεστάμεν, παρεστάμεναι, Ep. pf. inf. of παρίστημι.

παρέστηκα, pf. of παρίστημι: part. παρεστηκώς, contr. παρεστώς:—neut. παρεστηκός used absol., see παρίστημι, at end.

παρεστήν, aor. 2 of παρίστημι.

παρ-έστιος, ov, (παρά, ἐστία) by or at the hearth.

παρέσχον, aor. 2 of παρέχω.

παρηήρουν, impf. of παρηγρέω.

πάρετος, ov, verb. Adj. of παρήμι, relaxed, falsified.

παρέτρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of παρηγρέω.

παρ-ευδοκίμω, f. ἦσω, to surpass in reputation.

παρ-ευθύνω, to guide one from the right way, to constrain. [ῥ]

παρ-ευκηλέω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, εὐκηλος) to calm, soothe.

παρ-ευάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι, Med. to lie or sleep beside.

παρ-ευνος, ov, (παρά, εἰνή) lying beside or with.

παρ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω: aor. 2 -εὔρον:—to find out or discover besides: to invent.

παρ-ευτρεπίζω, f. ἴσω, to put in order, arrange. 2. to arrange amiss, neglect.

παρέχον, part. neut. of παρέχω used absol., see παρήχω iv.

παρέχοντι, Dor. for παρέχουσι, 3 pl. of παρήχω. II. pres. part. dat. of παρέχω.

παρ-έχω: f. παρέξω or παρασχέσω: pf. παρέσχηκα: aor. 2 παρέσχον poet. παρέσχεθον:—to hold beside, hold in readiness: to furnish, supply. II. of things, to afford, grant, cause, render. III. to offer or present for a purpose: also to make oneself over to another, put oneself at his disposal: also to make or render so and so: to put forward, represent, produce, esp. as parties to an agreement. IV. to allow, grant. V. impers., παρέχει τῷ τι is allowed one, is in one's power to do so and so, Lat. licet: hence neut. part. pres. and aor. 2 παρέχον and παρασχόν (used absol. like παρὼν, ἔξω, etc.), it being or having been in one's power, Lat. quum liceat or

liceret. VI. absol. in imperat., πάρεχ' ἐκποδῶν get yourself out of the way.

B. Med. παρέχομαι, f. παρέξομαι or παρασχέσομαι: pf. παρέσχημαι:—to offer or supply of oneself or from one's own means: to produce or display on one's own part; παρέχεσθαι τινα μάρτυρα to bring forward as a witness. II. generally, to have as one's own, produce as one's own; παρέχεσθαι τινα ἄρχοντα to acknowledge as one's general; of an ambassador, παρέχεσθαι πάλιν μερίστην to represent the greatest city. III. to make or render so and so. IV. of Numbers, to make up, amount to, give the sum of.

παρ-ἦβάω, f. ἦσω, to be past one's prime, to be verging towards old age.

παρ-ἦβος, ov, (παρά, ἦβη) past one's prime.

παρηγγεῖλα, aor. I of παρηγγέλλω.

παρηγοῖν, impf. of παράγω.

παρηγορέω, impf. παρηγούρου, rarely ἐπαρηγούρου: f. ἦσω: aor. I παρηγύρησα: (παρηγύρος):—to address, exhort, encourage: to advise, exhort. II. to console, comfort, soothe.—The Med. παρηγορέομαι is also used like the Act. Hence

παρηγορία, ἡ, an addressing, exhortation, persuasion. 2. a consolation.

παρ-ἦγορος, ov, (παρά, ἀγορέω) addressing, encouraging, cheering. 2. consoling.

παρηρέθη, aor. I pass. of παρηρέω.

παρήιον, τό, used in Homer as sing. for παρείδι (which he only uses in plur.), the cheek: the jaw of a wild beast. II. the cheek-ornament of a bridle.

παρήϊς, -ῆϊδος, contr. Att. παρήϊς, -ῆϊδος, ἡ, = παρήιον, the cheek.

παρήκα, aor. I of παρήμι.

παρ-ἦκω, f. ἴω, to have come alongside: to lie beside, stretch along. 2. to reach or extend to or towards. II. to come forth, appear. III. of Time, to be gone by, past.

παρήλασα, aor. I of παρελαύνω.

παρήλθοσ, aor. 2 of παρέχομαι.

παρ-ἦλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, like παρήβος, past one's prime.

παρ-ἦμαι, inf. -ἦσθαι: properly the pf. pass. of παρίζω, to be seated by, beside, or at, c. dat.: to sit by one: to dwell with one: to be present at or near.

παρ-ἦμερος Dor. παράμερος, ov, (παρά, ἡμέρα) coming day by day, daily.

παρήνουν, impf. of παρανέω.

παρήξει, aor. I of παραισσω.

παρήξις, ἡ, (παρήκω) arrival alongside, coming to shore.

παρ-ρονίτης, ov, ὁ, fem, -ῆτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (παρά, ῥῆν) lying on the shore. [ῥ]

παρηγορία, ἡ, (παρήγορος) the reins by which the outside horse or outrigger was fastened beside a pair of horses in the yoke.

παρ-ῥοπος Dor. παρ-ῥοπος, ov, (παρά, ἀείρω) hanging beside: παρηγοπος (sub. ἵππος) a horse which draws by the side of the regular pair (ξυνοπίς) an outrigger, also called παράσειρος or σειραφόρος, opp. to ζυγίτης

or ζύγιος. II. *lying along, sprawling, helpless* :

—also beside oneself, distraught, silly.

παρήπαφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραπαίσσω.

παρής, -ήδος, ἡ, Att. contr. for παρήσις, -ήιδος.

παρήσθα, Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum).

παρήσθην, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 2 of παραισθάνομαι.

παρήσθαι, pf. pass. of παραιτέω.

παρθένος, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παρατίθημι.

παρθενία and -ία, ἡ, (παρθενεύω) maidenhood, virgin estate or condition.

παρθένια, τά, = παρθένια, τά.

παρθένιος Ion. -ήιος, ον, (παρθένος) maidenly, maiden, virgin.

παρθένευμα, ατος, τό, (παρθενεύω) virgin estate or condition : in plur. the pursuits of a virgin.

παρθενεύω, f. σω, (παρθένω) to bring up a virgin : —Pass. παρθενεύομαι, to lead a maiden life, remain a maid.

παρθενία, ἡ, = παρθενία.

παρθένια (sub. μέλη), τά, songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing : —properly neut. from παρθένιος.

παρθενική (sub. κύρη), ἡ, poet. for παρθένος, a virgin, maid : strictly fem. from sq.

παρθενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρθένος) of or for a maiden, maidenly.

παρθένιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (παρθένος) of a maiden or virgin, maiden. 2. παρθένιος, ὁ, as Subst., the son of an unmarried woman. II. metaph. virgin, pure, chaste, unsullied.

παρθεν-οπίτης [ἴ], ον, (παρθένος, ὀπιπτεύω) one who looks after maidens, a seducer.

ΠΑΡΘΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, a maid, maiden, virgin, Lat. *virgo* : —sometimes masc., an unmarried youth. 2.

Παρθένος, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva at Athens; of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. II. as Adj. maiden, virgin, pure, chaste.

παρθενό-σφάγιος, ον, (παρθένος, σφαγήνη) from the sacrifice of a maiden.

παρθενό-χρως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (παρθένος, χρώς) of maidenly, delicate colour.

παρθενών, ἄνω, ὁ, (παρθένος) the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur. II. the temple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, the Parthenon, rebuilt by Pericles.

παρθεν-ώπος, ὄν, (παρθένος, ὤψ) of virgin aspect.

πάρθεσαν, poet. for παρέθεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of παρατίθημι.

παρθεσίη, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) a deposit, pledge.

παρ-ἰάω, (παρά, ἰάω) to sleep beside or with.

παριδεῖν, inf. of παρίδω.

παρ-ἰδρύνω, f. σω, to set up beside : —so also in Med.

παρ-ἰζώ, to place or make to sit beside. 2. intrans. to seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, aor. 2 παρεζόμεν, inf.

παρεξέσθαι.

παρ-ἵημι, fut. παρήσω : aor. I παρήκα : pf. παρέκα : Med., aor. 2 παρείμην : Pass., aor. I παρέθην, inf.

παρεθῆναι : pf. παρέμαι, part. παρεμένος : —to let drop beside or at the side, let fall. II. to let by, pass, through. 2. metaph. to let pass, disregard, neglect, Lat. *praetermittere*.

3. of Time, to let pass. III. to unloose, relax, Lat. *remittere*.

2. c. gen., τοῦ ποδὸς παριέναι to let go one's bold of, slack away the sheet : metaph. to yield, give way : —

Med. and Pass. to be relaxed, weakened, hence pres. part. παριέμενος, aor. 2 παρέμενος, pf. παρεμένος, exhausted, Lat. *remissus*.

2. to remit, Lat. *condonare* : hence to forgive, pardon.

IV. to yield, give up, Lat. *concedere* : to allow, permit : hence to admit, let in.

V. Med. παρίσθαι, to win a person over : to beg off a thing, beg to be excused : to ask pardon.

παρ-ἰκω, old. poet. form of παρήκω, [ἴ]

παρ-ἰπτεύω, f. σω, to ride alongside. 2. to ride along or over.

πάρ-ἴσος, ον, (παρά, ἴσος) almost equal, just like.

παρ-ἴσώω, f. ὠσω, to make just like : —Pass., aor. I παρισώθην, to measure oneself with, vie with.

παρίσῳ, pres. med. imperat. of

παρίσθαι, f. παραστήσω : I. trans. in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, make to stand beside, to place by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one.

2. to set before the mind, present, offer, suggest : —to prove, shew.

3. the Med., esp. fut. —στήσομαι, and aor. I —στήσάμην, have peculiar usages, to set by one's side, produce : —to bring to one's side, to bring over by force, overcome, subdue : also to win over, persuade : hence also to dispose for one's own views.

II. intrans. in Pass. —ίσταμαι, with act. aor. 2 —έστην, pf. —έστηκα, plqpf. —έστηκειν, to stand by, beside, or near : hence to stand by, to help or defend.

2. of events, to be near, be close at hand : τὸ παρισταμένον present circumstances : so too, τὸ παρεστὸς or παρ-εστός, contr. pf. part. for παρεστηκός.

3. to come to the side of another : metaph. to come over to his opinion : absol. to come to terms, surrender, submit.

4. to come into one's head, suggest itself to one.

5. of events, to take place, occur, happen : so too in fut. med. —στήσομαι.

6. to be in one's power, hence absol., pf. part. παρ-εστηκός, = παρὸν, ἐξόν, it being in one's power to do, Lat. *quum liceat*.

παρ-ιστίδιος, α, ον, (παρά, ἰστός) by or at the loom.

παρ-ἰσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, to have by, hold in readiness : to present, offer.

παρ-ἰτηγόν and -έα, verb. Adj. of πάρειμι (εἰμί ἴδο), one must approach or go.

παρκατέλεκτο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παρακαταλέγω, as if from παρακατελέγμην.

παρ-ἰκείμενος, Ep. part. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-κλίνω, Ep. for παρακλίνω.

παρ-κύπτω, Ep. for παρακύπτω ; Dor. part. fem. παρ-κύνπτω, for παρακύνπτω.

παρ-ἰμβλωκε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of παραβλώσκει.

παρ-ἰμένω, Ep. for παραμένω.

παρ-μόνιμος, poet. for παραμόνιος :

πάρ-μονος, *ov*, poet. for παράμονος.

Παρνάσιος [ᾶ], *a, ov*, Ion. Παρνήσιος, *η, ov*, also *os, ov*, *of or from Parnassus*: Ion. fem. Παρνησιάς, *ἄδος*, and Παρνησίς, *ἴδος*. From

Παρνάσος Ion. Παρνησός, *δ*, Parnassus, a mountain of Phocis: later Παρνασσός (with double *σ*).

Παρνηθός, *a, ov*, *of or from Parnes*. From

Πάρνης, *ῥθος, ἡ* or *δ*, Parnes, a mountain of Attica.

Παρνησός, *δ*, Ion. for Παρνασός.

ΠΑΨΝΟΥΨ, *σπος, δ*, a kind of locust.

παρ-οδεύω, *f. σω*, *to journey by*.

παροδίτης [ῖ], *ov, δ*, voc. -ῖτα: fem. παροδίτις, *ἴδος*: (πάροδος):—*a passer by, traveller, wayfarer*.

πάρ-οδος, *ἡ*, (παρά, ὁδός) *a way past, passage*. 2. *a going by or past, passing*; ἐν παρόδῳ *in passing*.

II. *a side-entrance, a narrow entrance or approach*. III. *a coming forward to speak before the assembly*. 2. *the first entrance of a chorus into the orchestra, which was made from the side*.

παρ-οίγνυμι and παρ-οίγω, *f. -οίγω*: aor. I -ἔφαξα:—*to open at the side or a little, set ajar*: c. gen., παροίξας τῆς θύρας *having opened a little of the door*.

παρόιθε and before a vowel -θεν, (πάρος) Prep. with gen. *before, in the presence of*, Lat. *ante, coram*. 2. *of Time, before*.

II. Adv. of Place, *before, in front*. 2. *of Time, before this, erst, formerly, heretofore*; παροίθε πρὶν, Lat. *priusquam*.

παρ-οικέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to dwell by, beside, or near*. II. *to sojourn*. Hence

παροικησία and παροικήσις, *ἡ*, *a dwelling beside or near, neighbourhood*.

παροικία, *ἡ*, (παρόικος) *a dwelling in a place as pároikos, sojourning*.

παροικίζω, *f. ἴσω*, (παρόικος) *to place or settle near another*:—Pass. *to settle or live near*.

παρ-οικοδομέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to build beside or near, build a wall along or across*. II. *to keep off by a wall or bank*.

πάρ-οικος, *ov*, (παρά, οἰκέω) *dwelling beside or near, neighbouring*. II. as Subst., pároikos, *δ*, *a neighbour*:—also *an alien, foreigner, who dwells in the land, a sojourner*, Lat. *inquilinus*.

παροιμία, *ἡ*, (παρόμιος) *a by-word, proverb, adage, saw*. 2. *a parable*, in St. John's Gospel; elsewhere in N. T. called παραβολή. Hence

παροιμιακός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *proverbial*:—as metrical term, παροιμιακός (sub. στίχος), *δ*, *a paroemiac*, an Anapaestic dimeter catalectic, mostly at the end of an Anapaestic system.

πάρ-ομος, *ov*, (παρά, οἶμος) *by the way-side*.

παρ-οιεύω: impf. ἐπαρώνουν and aor. I ἐπαρώνησα, with dupl. augm.: pf. πεπαρώνηκα, with augm. and redupl.: so in Pass., aor. I ἐπαρώνηθην: pf. πεπαρώνημαι: (πάροις):—*to behave ill in one's cups, play drunken tricks*.

II. trans. *to maltreat one in drunkenness*: generally, *to maltreat and abuse, like a drunken man*.

παροιμία, *ἡ*, (παρόις) *drunken violence: a drunken frolic*.

παροιμικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *disposed to drunkenness*. From παρ-οἶνος, *ov*, and πάρ-οἶνος, *ov*, (παρά, οἶνος) *drunken with wine, quarrelsome over one's cups*.

παρόιστατος, *η, ov*, Sup. of παροίθε, πάρος, of Place, *the foremost*.

παρόιτερος, *a, ov*, Comp. of παροίθε, πάρος, *the one before or in front*.

παρ-οίχομαι, *f. -οιχήσομαι*: pf. παρῶχηκα Ion. παροίχομαι, and in late writers pass. παρῶχημαι: Dep.: *to leave past by, pass on*. 2. *of Time, to be gone by, spent*; ἡ παροιχόμενη νύξ *the bygone night*; ἄνδρες παροιχόμενοι *men of bygone times*. II. *to be gone, be dead, like οίχομαι*. III. c. gen. *to sbrink from*. 2. *to wander, depart from*; ὅσον μοίφας παροίχῃ *how art thou fallen from thy high estate*.

παροκωχή, *ἡ*, (παρέχω) Att. redupl. form of παροχή, *a furnishing*.

παρ-ολισθάνω, later -αίνω: fut. -ολισθήσω:—*to slip in secretly*.

παρ-ομοιάζω, *f. ἄσω*, *to be like, to resemble*.

παρ-όμοιος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (παρά, ὁμοιος) *nearly like, much alike: nearly equal*.

παρόν, ὄντος, τύ, pres. part. neut. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum), *used absol., see πάρειμι 5*.

παροξυντικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *fit for inciting, provoking*. From παρ-οξύνω, *f. ὕνω*: aor. I παρῶξυνα:—*to make keen for a thing: metaph. to urge, prick, or spur on: to provoke, irritate, excite*. Hence

παροξυσμός, *δ*, *irritation: a provoking, inciting*.

παρόρασις, *ἡ*, (παροράω) *an overlooking: careless-ness*.

παρ-οράω, *f. παρόρομαι*: aor. 2 παρέιδον (v. sub ὄρω):—*to look at by the way, notice, remark*. II. *to look past, overlook: to slight, make light of*. III. *to look sideways*.

παρ-οργίζω, *f. ἴσω*, *to provoke to anger*:—Pass. *to be or be made angry at*. Hence

παροργισμός, *δ*, *provocation to anger*.

παρ-ορίζω, *f. ἴσω*, *to pass one's own boundaries, encroach on a neighbour*. Hence

παροριστής, *οὗ, δ*, *an encroacher*.

παρ-ορμάω, *f. ἦσω*, *to put in motion, urge on*:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, *to pass rapidly, rush at*.

παρ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. -ῶ, *to bring to anchor side by side*.

πάρ-ορνυς, ἴδος, *δ, ἡ*, *ill-omened, with evil auspices*.

παρ-ορύσσει *ov*. -ττω: *f. ξω*: aor. I παρῶρφα:—*to dig beside or along*. II. *to dig one against another, as was done in training for the Olympic games*.

παρ-ορχέομαι, *f. -ήσομαι*, Dep. *to dance amiss, dance the wrong dance*.

ΠΑΨΟΣ, Adv., I. *of Time, before, erst, formerly*: also with the Att., τὸ πάρος or τοπάρος, *formerly*. 2. with inf., like πρὶν, Lat. *priusquam*, πάρος ἢν γαίαν ἰκέσθαι *before he should reach his*

own land. 3. *παρός*, followed by *πρίν γε* as relat., Lat. *prius* .., *quam*, rather .., *iban*. 4. *too soon*. 5. *rather, sooner*. II. of Place, *before, in front*.

B. Prep., poet. for *πρό*, *before*, both of Time and Place. II. *before, rather than*: also for, *instead of*.

Πάριος, α, ον, of the island of Paros, Parian: Πάριος λίθος Parian marble. From

Πάριος, ἦ, Paros, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

παρ-οτρύνω, f. ὑνῶ, to urge or excite to mischief. παρ-ουσία, ἦ, (παρών, παρούσα) a being present, presence; ἀνδρῶν παρουσία = ἄνδρες οἱ παρόντες; παρουσίαν ἔχειν = παρῆναι. 2. arrival. II. like τὰ παρόντα, present circumstances.

παρ-οχτεύω, f. σω, to turn off into a side channel: metaph. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

παρ-οχέω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, ὄχεω) to carry by or beside:—Med. to sit beside in a chariot.

παροχή, ἦ, (παρέχω) a supplying, furnishing. παρ-οχλίζω, f. ἴσω, to move aside with a lever, remove.

παρ-οχος, δ, (παρά, ὄχος) one who rides beside in a chariot.

παρ-οψίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (παρά, ὄψον) a dainty side-dish. παρόψομαι, fut. of παρῶμαι, formed from obsol. παρόψομαι,

παρ-οψώνεω, f. ἦσω, to buy a dainty dish to set before one. Hence

παροψώνημα, ατος, τό, an additional dainty set before one: metaph., παροψώνημα τῆς χλιδῆς a fresh relish to the pleasure.

παρπεπιθῶν, redupl. aor. 2 part. of παραπέιθω.

παρ-ρησία, ἦ, (πάς, ῥῆσις) freedom of speech: in bad sense, licence of tongue. Hence

παρ-ρησιάζομαι, f. —άσομαι, Dep. to speak freely. παρσίνος, Lacon. for παρθένος.

παρσταῖνη, παρσάτσα, Ep. for παραστῆνη, παρσάτσα, aor. 2 opt. and part. fem. of παρίστημι.

παρστήτην, Ep. for παραστήτην, 2 dual aor. 2 subj. of παρίστημι.

παρταμεῖν, poet. for παραταμεῖν, aor. 2 of παρατέμνω.

παρτέμνω, poet. for παρατέμνω.

παρτιθεῖ, poet. for παρτιθεῖ, = παρτιθήσιν.

παρ-ὑφαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: pf. pass. παράφασμαι:—to weave beside or along, attach to the side or hem: metaph., ὅπλα παρῦφασμένα armed men bemming in a crowd.

πάρφαινε, poet. pres. imperat. of παραφαίνω.

παρφάμενος, παρφάσθαι, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παράφημι.

παρ-φάσια, ἦ, poet. for παραφασία.

πάρ-φάσις, ἦ, poet. for παράφασις.

παρ-φέρομαι, poet. for παραφέρομαι.

παρ-φύγειν, poet. for παραφυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφεύγω.

πάρφυκτος, ον, poet. for παράφυκτος, verb. Adj. of παραφεύγω, to be avoided.

πάρωσος, ου, δ, (παρώς) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius.

παρωδία, ἦ, a burlesque, parody. From

παρ-ωδός, ὄν, (αἰδή) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song. II. intimating obscurely.

παρ-ωθέω, fut. —ώσω and —ωθήσω:—to push aside or away, repulse from one: to—put on one side, keep secret:—Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renounce.

παρών, οὔσα, ὄν, part. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρῶνυμος, ον, (πάρα, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) formed by a slight change from a word.

πάρωσος, ὄν, reddish brown or bay, of horses.

παρ-ωρέτης, ου, δ, (παρά, ὄρος) one who dwells on a mountain-side.

πάρ-ωρος, ον, (παρά, ὦρα) out of season, untimely: neut. pl. πάωρα as Adv., unseasonably.

παρ-ωροφίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (παρά, ὄροφή) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice.

παρῶχετο, 3 sing. impf. of παροίχομαι.

ΠΑΨ, πάσα, πάν: gen. παντός, πάσης, παντός: gen. pl. masc. and neut. πάντων, fem. πασῶν Ion. πασέων, Ep. also πασάων: dat. pl. masc. and neut. πάσι poet.

πάντεσι, fem. πάσαις:—all, Lat. *omnis*: of one person or thing, the whole, entire, all; of each of a number, every; in plur. all: ἦ πάσα Βλάβη she who is all mischief; ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ to the uttermost of evil:—ὄσι, not οἱ, properly follows πάντες as relat., πάντες, ὄσοι .., Lat. *omnes quicumque* .., all whosoever!

πᾶς τις every one taken one by one, every single one: παντός μᾶλλον more than anything, above every-

thing. II. with Numerals it marks an exact number; τὰ πάντα δέκα ten in all. III. in dat. pl. masc. πάσι, in the judgment of all; ὁ πᾶσι κλεινός the renowned in the judgment of all. 2. πάσι as neut., in all things, altogether. IV. the neut. is used in various senses:—πάντα γίγνεσθαι, like παντοῖος γίγνεσθαι, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, πάντα εἶναι τινι to be everything to one.

2. τὸ πᾶν the whole, and as an Adv. altogether; οὐ τὸ πᾶν, not at all; so also εἰς τὸ πᾶν, ἐπὶ πᾶν, on the whole; ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ to every extremity of evil; περὶ παντός ποιεῖσθαι τινα to esteem one above all. 3. πάντα as Adv. for πάντας, entirely, utterly, wholly: but, τὰ πάντα in every way, by all means. 4. διὰ παντός continually, always.

πασᾶν, Dor. for πασῶν, gen. pl. fem. of πᾶς.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of πατέομαι.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of πάομαι.

πᾶσι-μέλουσα, ἦ, (πάς, μέλει) a care to all: generally, known to all, famous.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of πατέομαι.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of πάομαι.

πασπάλη [ᾶ], ἦ, = παιπάλη, the finest meal: a

morsel, scrap; ἕπνον οὐδὲ πασπάλη not even a *wink* of sleep.

πασσαλεύτός, ἡ, ὄν, *ripped down*. From πασσαλεύω Att. πατταλεύω, f. σω, (πάσσαλος) to *rip* to. 2. to *drive in like a bolt*.

πάσσαλος Att. πάπταλος, ὁ, (πήγγυμι) a *peg*, to hang anything upon: often in Ep. genit. πασσαλόφι; αἰρεῖν ἀπὸ πασσαλόφι to take down from a *peg*; κρεμάσαι ἐκ πασσαλόφι to hang upon a *peg*: the form πασσαλόφιν is also dat. II. a *gag*.

πασσαλόφι, old Ep. gen. and dat. of πάσσαλος. πασσάμενος, πάσσασθαι, Ep. for πασάμενος, πάσσασαι, aor. I part. and inf. med. of πατέομαι.

πάσσαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, rarer collat. form of πάσσαλος. πάσσε, Ep. for ἔπασσε, 3 sing. impf. of πάσσω.

πάσσοφος, ον, for πάνσοφος. πασ-οὔδει, πασ-οὔδει, Adv. for πανουδεί, etc.

ΠΑΨΣΩ Att. πάπτω: f. πάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπάσθη: pf. πέπασμαι:—to *sprinkle* upon:—metaph. to *sprinkle in* or upon, *inweave*, *work in embroidery*. II. to *besprinkle with* a thing.

πάσμων, ον, gen. onos, irr. Comp. of παχύς, for παχύτερος and παχίων, like γλύσσων from γλυκίς: *thicker, broader, stouter*.

παστάς, ἀόος, ἡ, shortened from παραστάς (q. v.) a *porch in front of the house, a colonnade, Lat. porticus*. II. an *inner chamber*: a *bridal chamber*.

παστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πάσσω, to be *besprinkled*.

παστός, ὁ, = παστάς, a *bridal chamber* or *bridal bed*: a *shrine*.

Πάσχα, τό, indecl. the *Passover, paschal lamb*: also the *time or feast of the Passover*. (Hebrew word.)

ΠΑΨΧΩ, fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπάθον: pf. πέπονθα, 2 pl. πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε: fem. part. pf. πεπάθῳ, Ep. for πεπονθῳ:—to *suffer* or be *affected by anything* whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself; εἰ τί πάθοιμι or ἤν τι πάθω if *ought were to happen to me*, Lat. si *quid mihi acciderit*, was used to imply death: τί πάθω; what is to *become of me?* so, τί πάσχω; τί πάσχει; what is the *matter with me* or *you?* so in part. τί παθών; implying something amiss, τί παθόντε λελίσμεθα θούριδος ἀλκῆς; *what ails us* that we have forgotten our impetuous prowess? II. πάσχειν with other words; κακῶς πάσχειν to be *ill off*, in *evil plight*; κακῶς πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be *ill used, evilly entreated* by any one; opp. to εὖ πάσχειν to be *well off*, in *good case*; εὖ πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be *well used, well treated by* . . . receive *kindness from* a person. III. πάσχειν is also used of states or conditions; ἵνα μὴ πάθω πάθη τῷ ἵππῳ that *ye be not in the same case* with the horse: so, of Things, to be *liable to certain affections*; πάσχειν ταῦτον ὅπερ ἄλλοι to be *liable to the same* as others; so, πάσχει τοῦτο καὶ κάρδαμα this is just the way with cress.

πατά, Scythian word, = κτείνεω.

πάτᾱγω, f. ἴσω, (πάταγος) to *clatter, clasp, crash*,

of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies: of the waves, etc., to *dash, splash*: hence to *chatter, scream, as birds*.

ΠΑΤΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *clattering, clashing*, any *sharp noise* made by the collision of two bodies; πάταγος ὀδόντων a *chattering of the teeth*; πάταγος κυμάτων the *plash of waves*. (Formed from the sound.)

Πάταικοι or Παταϊκοί, οἱ, Phoenician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-heads of Phoenician ships.

πατάξαι, πατάξας, aor. I inf. and part. of πατάσσω, f. ἴω: aor. I ἐπάταξα:—intr. to *beat, knock, i brob*; Ἐκτορ θυμὸς ἐνὶ στήθεσσι πάτασεν his heart was *beating, throbbing* in his breast. 2. to *clap the hands*.

II. trans. to *strike, wound, beat, smite*.

ΠΑΤΕΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπάσᾱμην, Ep. part. πασσάμενος: pf. πέπασμαι:—to *feed on, eat, taste*.

πατέοντι, Dor. for πατέουσι, 3 pl. of πατέω: also part. sing. dat.

πατέριω, f. ἴω, (πατήρ) to *say, call father*. πατέω, f. ἴσω, (πάτος) to *tread, walk, step*. II. trans. to *tread on, tread*; πορφύρας πατεῖν to *walk on purple carpets*. 2. to *tread constantly, frequent, traverse* a place: metaph., like Lat. *terere*, to *thumb with using*, as, πατεῖν Αἰώωνον to be *always thumbing* Aesop. 3. to *tread under foot, trample on*.

ΠΑΤΗΡ, ὁ, gen. πατέρος contr. πατρός, dat. πατέρι contr. πατρί, acc. πατέρα: in dual and pl. ε is retained, except that in gen. pl. πατρῶν is used as well as πατέρων, and dat. pl. is always πατράσι [ᾶ]:—a *father*; πατὴρ πατήρ a *grandfather*. II. among the gods Jove is *emphat. called πατήρ*. III. πατήρ is used like ἀπφα, ἄττα, as a mode of address to an older person. IV. in plur., *forefathers, ancestors*.

πατήσεῖς, Dor. for πατήσεω, 2 sing. fut. of πατέω. πάτημος, ὁ, (πατέω) a *treading on*.

πάτην, ἡ, Dor. for φάνην.

ΠΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *trodden or beaten way, path*. [ᾶ] πάτρα, as Ion. πάτηρ, ης, ἡ: (πατήρ) one's *fatherland, native land, country*, like πατρίς. II. a *body of persons claiming the same race or descent, a house, clan, Lat. gens*.

πατρ-ἀδελφεός, ὁ, poet. for πατρ-ἀδελφος.

πατρ-ἀδελφος, ὁ, = πατρός ἰδελφός, a *father's brother, uncle by the father's side*.

πάτραθε, Adv., Dor. for πάτρηθε.

πατρ-ἄλοιας, gen. α and ου, voc. -αλοῖα, ὁ, (πατήρ, ἀλοῖα) one who *strikes or slays his father, a parricide*.

πάτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for πάτρα. Hence

πάτηρθε and -θεν Dor. πάτρηθε, Adv., = ἐκ πάτρας, *from one's native land*. II. *from a race or lineage*.

πατριά, ἄς Ion. πατρή, ης, ἡ, (πατήρ) *lineage, descent*. II. a *house, clan*.

πατρι-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (πατριά, ἀρχή) the *father or chief of a family, a patriarch*.

πατρίδιον, τό, coaxing Dim. of πατήρ, daddy, papa. πατριικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πατήρ) from one's fathers or ancestors, patriarchal, hereditary. II. of or from one's father; ἡ πατρική (sc. οὐσία) one's patrimony; so τὰ πατρικά (sc. χρήματα).

πάτριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (πατήρ) of belonging to one's father, Lat. paternus. II. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ancestors, Lat. instituta majorum.

πατρίς, ἰδος, ποët. fem. of πάτριος, of one's fathers; πατρ.ς γαῖα, one's father-land, country; πατρίς πόλις one's native city:—also as Subst., πατρίς, ἡ, like πάτρα.

πατριώτης, ου, ὄ, (πάτριος) one of the same country, a fellow-countryman.

πατριῶτις, ἰδος, fem. of πατριώτης; πατριώτις γῆ, = πατρίς, one's native land; πατριώτις στολή a dress of the country.

πατρο-δώρητος, ον, (πατήρ, δωρέω) given by a father.

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; ἀναγραφῆναι πατρόθεν ἐν στήλῃ to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κασίγνητος, ὄ, = πατρός κασίγνητος, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, ὄ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλήης, acc. Πατροκλήη, voc. Πατρόκλειε to have one in Hom.; but there is no nom. Πατροκλέης.

πατροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to murder one's father. From πατρο-κτόνω, ον, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-νομία, ἡ, (πατήρ, νόμος) a father's authority.

πατρο-παράδοτος, ον, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) handed down or inherited from one's fathers.

πατρο-πάτωρ, οπος, ὄ, = πατρός πατήρ, a father's father, grandfather.

πατρο-στερής, ἐς, (πατήρ, στερέω) left of one's father, fatherless.

πατρ-οὔχος, ον, (πατήρ, ἔχω) having her father's property: as Subst., πατροὔχος (sub. παρθένος), ἡ, a sole-heiress, opp. to a coheir.

πατρο-φονεύς, ἕως Ep. ἦος, ὄ, (πατήρ, φονεύς) the murderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνος, ον, (πατήρ, *φένω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ον, ὄ, (πατήρ, *φένω) murderer of one's father, a parricide.

πατρώιος, η Dor. α, ον, ποët. form of πατρῆος.

πατρ-ωνυμιοσ, ον, (πατήρ, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after one's father, by the father's side.

πατρώιος, α, ον, also os, ον, ποët. πατρώιος, η Dor. α, ον: (πατήρ):—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; ἔχθρα πατρία hereditary feud.

πάτρως, ὄ, gen. ωος and ω, dat. ω, acc. ωα and ων: (πατήρ): = πατροκασίγνητος, πατράδελφος, an uncle

by the father's side, Lat. patruus; opp. to μήτρως, one by the mother's side.

παττάλειω, πάτταλος, Att. for πασσ—. παύεσκον, Ion. impf. of παύω:—παυέσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

παῦλα, ἡ, (παύω) a resting-point, pause, rest; παῦλα κακῶν rest from ills. II. a bringing to an end: means of stopping.

παυράκις, ον -κι [ᾶ], Adv. (παῦρος) like ὀλιγάκις, few times, seldom.

παυρίδιος, α, ον, ποët. for παῦρος, little, very short: neut. παυρίδιον, as Adv., a very little.

παυρο-επής, ἐς, (παῦρος, ἔπος) of few words. παυρο-επής, α, ον, little, small: of Time, short, brief. 2. mostly in pl. παῦροι, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., παῦρος λαός few people:—Comp. παυρότερος, fewer. 3. neut. pl. παῦρα as Adv. seldom.

παυσ-άνεμος, ον, (παύω, ἄνεμος) calming the wind. παύσειεν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παύω.

παυσί-κάπη [ᾶ], ἡ, (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their eating any of the corn.

παυσί-λύπος, ἡ, (παύω, λύπη) ending pain or grief.

παυσί-νοσος, ον, (παύω, νόσος) checking sickness.

παυσί-πονός, ον, (παύω, πόνος) ending toil.

παυστέον, verb. Adj. of παύω, one must stop or put an end to. II. of παύομαι, one must cease.

παυστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (παύω) one who stays or calms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυστήριος, ον, fit for allaying or relieving.

παυσωλή, ἡ, like παῦλα, rest.

ΠΑΥΨΩ: f. παύσω: aor. I ἔπαυσα: pf. πέπαυκα: Med. and Pass., fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut. πεπαύσομαι: aor. I med. ἐπαυσάμην, pass. ἐπαύσθην or ἐπαύσθην: pf. πέπαυμαι:—to make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, put down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2. of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay. II. Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from. III. intr. in Act., like παύομαι or λήγω, but only in imperat., παύε, stop! have done!

Παφλαγών, ὄνος, ὄ, a Parthlagonian.

παφλάζω, f. ἄσω: (redupl. from φλάζω, like πομπνῶν from πνέω):—to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster. II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fume, chafe, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγών. Hence

πάφλασμα, ατος, τό, a frothing, foaming, of the sea, etc. II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Πάφος, ον, ἡ, Parbos, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχετος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker.

πάχετος, τό, (παχύς) ποët. for πάχος, thickness.

παρθῆ, Dor. for πηρθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of πήρηνμι.

πάχιος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of παχύς.

παχίωv, gen. οvος, irreg. Comp. of παχύς.

πάχνη, ἡ, (πήρηνμι) boar-frost, rime, Lat. *pruina*. 2. metaph. *clotted blood*. Hence

παχνώω, f. ὤσω, to cover with boar frost or rime:—Pass. to be so covered. II. metaph. to strike chill, to freeze; ἐπάχνωσεν φίλον ἤτορ he made his heart's blood run cold:—Pass. to be struck with chill, to be frozen.

πάχος, εος, τό, (παχύς) thickness: acc. πάχος is used absol., in thickness, as μήκος in length, ἔδος in breadth, etc. [ᾶ]

παχύς-κνημος, ον, (παχύς, κνήμη) with stout calves.

παχύνω [ῦ], f. ὤνω: aor. I ἐπάχυνα: pf. pass. πεπάχυσμαι:—to thicken, to fatten: also to make dull or gross of understanding:—Pass. to become thick: to grow fat, to be swollen: also to look large, of objects seen in a mist: metaph., ὄλβος ἄγαν παχυνθεῖς wealth 'when it has waxed fat.'

πάχυσ, Dor. for πήχυσ.

ΠΑΧΥΣ, εἶα, ὕ, *thick, large, stout*; παχύς *lâas* a large heavy stone: of linen, etc., *thick, coarse*. 2. of the consistence of a mass, *thick, curdled, clotted*. 3. later, *stout, fat*, Lat. *pinguis*. 4. generally, *great, large, considerable*. II. οἱ παχέες, opp. to δῆμος, *the men of substance, the wealthy*. III. *thick-witted, dense, stupid*, Lat. *pinguis*. IV. Comp. πάσσων, ον: also πάχίων, ον, gen. οvος:—Sup. πάχιστος: later the regul. *παχύτερος* (Ep. *πάχετος*) and *παχύτατος*.

παχύτης, ητος, ἡ, (παχύς) thickness, of the skin, etc.: *the sediment or lees of liquor*. [ῦ] πεδά, Aeol. for μετά.

πεδάα, Ep. 3 sing. pres. of πεδάω.

πεδάασκον, Ion. impf. of πεδάω.

πεδ-αῖρω, Aeol. for μεταίρω.

πεδ-αίχμιος, ον, Aeol. for μεταίχμιος.

πεδ-αμίβω, Aeol. for μεταμίβω.

πεδ-άροπος, ον, Aeol. for μετάρπος. [ᾶ]

πεδ-άρσιος, ον, Aeol. for μετάρσιος.

πεδ-αυγάζω, Aeol. for μεταυγάζω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. οvος, Aeol. for μετάφρων, (μετά, φρήν) *wise too late*.

πεδάω, f. ἦω: Ep. aor. I πῆδησα: (πέδη):—to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast: generally, to shackle, trammel, constrain.

πεδ-έρχομαι, Aeol. for μετέρχομαι.

πεδ-έχω, Aeol. for μετέχω.

πεδέω, Ion. for πεδάω.

πέδη, ἡ, (πέζα) a fetter, Lat. *pedica, compes*; ζεύγος πεδῶν a pair of fetters. II. a mode of breaking in a horse.

πεδητής, οὔ, δ, (πεδάω) one who fetters: a binderer.

πεδιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (πεδίον) *flat, even, level*; ἡ πεδιάς (sub. γῆ), *the plain country*. II. on a

plain or level country: λόγχη πεδιάς the spear (i. e. battle) on a fair field.

πεδιεύς, εως, ὁ, (πεδίον) a man of the plain.

πεδύ-ῆρης, ες, (πεδίον, ἀρᾶρεῖν) *abounding in plains*.

πέδιλον, τό, (πέδη) mostly in plur. sandals, a pair of sandals. II. *any covering for the feet, shoes, slippers*; also boots, brogues. III. a tie for cows at milking time. IV. metaph., Δωρίω πεδίλω φωνᾷ ἐναρμύζει to suit one's voice to the Dorian march, i. e. to write in Doric rhythm.

πεδινός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεδίον) *flat, level, even*. II. of, from the plain, living in or on the plain.

πεδίον, τό, (πέδον) a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field, Lat. *campus*; πεδία πόντον the fields of the sea, Lat. *Neptunia arva*. Hence

πεδιονδε, Adv. to the plain.

πεδιο-νόμος, ον, (πεδίον, νέμομαι) *baunting the fields*.

πεδο-βάμων [ᾶ], ον, gen. οvος, Dor. for πεδοβήμων, (πέδον, βαῖνω) *walking upon earth, of the earth*.

πεδόθεν, Adv. (πέδον) from the ground: metaph. from the ground or bottom of the heart.

πέδου, Adv. (πέδον) on the ground, on earth.

πεδοοικος, ον, Aeol. for μέτοικος.

πεδο-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (πέδον, κοίτη) *making one's bed or lair on the ground*.

ΠΕΔΑΟΝ, ον, τό, the ground, earth: generally, land, soil. Hence

πεδονδε, Adv. to the ground, earthwards.

πεδόσθε, Adv. = πεδονδε.

πεδο-στίβης, ες, (πέδον, στείβω) *treading, pacing the earth*. 2. on foot, opp. to ἰππηλάτης.

πεδό-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ and ἡ, (πέδη, τρίβω) *wearing out fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves*.

πεδ-ὠρύχος, ον, (πέδον, ὠρύσσω) *digging the soil*.

πέζα, ης, ἡ, (πέδον) the foot: metaph. the bottom of anything; ἐπὶ ῥυμφὶ πέζῃ ἐπι πρῶτῃ on the pole at the very end: the hem or border of a garment.

πέζ-αρχος, ον, (πέζος, ἀρχω) *leading infantry or a land-army*: as Subst., πέζαρχος, ὁ, a leader of foot.

πεζ-ἔταιροι, οἱ, (πεζός, ἔταιρος) the foot-guards in the Macedonian army.

πεζεύω, f. σω, (πεζός) to go or travel on foot, walk, opp. to riding or driving. 2. to go or travel by land, opp. to going by sea: Pass. to be traversed by travellers.

πέζη, v. sub πεζός.

πεζικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεζός) on foot or by land; πεζικὸς λέως foot-soldiers, infantry as opp. to horse, or an army as opp. to a fleet.

πεζο-βίβας, α, ὁ, Dor. for -βότης, (πεζός, βοή) one who shouts on foot, a foot-soldier, a soldier.

πεζομάχῳ, f. ἦσω, to fight by land. From

πεζο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (πεζός, μάχομαι) fighting on foot, as opp. to cavalry. 2. fighting on land, as opp. to sea. Hence

πεζομαχία, ἡ, a battle by land, opp. to ναυμαχία.

πεζο-νόμος, ον, (πεζός, νέμομαι) *commanding by land*. πεζοπορέω, to go on foot. 2. to go by land. From

πεζο-πόρος, ον, (πεζός, πορεύω) going on foot, walking. 2. going by land.

πεζός, ή, όν, (πέζα) on foot, walking; πεζοί foot-soldiers, opp. to ίππείς; so, πεζός στρατός is sometimes foot-soldiery, opp. to cavalry; but also a land-army, opp. to a sea-force; ό πεζός, and τὸ πεζόν, are also so used. II. on land, going or travelling by land; Dat. fem. πεζή as Adv. (sub. όδῶ), on foot or by land; for πη, ποῦ.

πειθ-άνωρ Ion. πειθάνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (πειθομαι, άνήρ) obeying men, obedient.

πειθαρχέω, f. ήσω, also Med. -έομαι, (πειθαρχος) to obey one in authority, be obedient. Hence

πειθαρχία, ή, obedience.

πειθ-αρχος, ον, (πειθομαι, αρχή) obeying one in authority, obedient.

πειθίμνι, Aeol. for πείθω.

πειθός, ή, όν, (πείθω) = πιθανός, persuasive.

ΠΕΙΘΩ, fut. πείσω: aor. I. έπεισα: aor. 2. έπιθων Ep. redupl. πέπιθον, I pl. subj. πεπιθόμεν, opt. πεπιθόμεν, inf. πεπιθεῖν, part. πεπιθών: pf. πέπεικα:—

Med. and Pass. πείθομαι: fut. πέσομαι: aor. 2. έπιθόμεν Ep. πιθόμεν, imperat. πίθου, Ep. redupl. opt. πεπιθοίτο, inf. πιθέσθαι: pf. med. πέποιθα; plqpf. Homer has, contr. I pl. έπέπιθμεν: pf. pass. πέπεισμαι.

Peio has also a fut. πιθήσω and aor. I part. πιθήσας, intr. as if from πιθέω: but the redupl. aor. I subj. πεπιθήσω is transit.:

1. Act. to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade: in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat. 2. to prevail on by entreaty, to appease, propitiate; πείθειν τινά χήρησαι to bribe one.

3. to impel, stir up. 4. c. dupl. acc., πείθειν τινά τι to persuade one of a thing. 5. c. acc. rei only, to argue a point.

II. Med. and Pass. to be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply. 2. πείθεσθαι τινι to listen to a person, obey, comply with; γήραι πείθεσθαι to yield to old age. 3. πείθεσθαι τινι to believe or trust in a thing; also c. neut. acc., ταῦτ' έγώ σοι οὐ πείθομαι I do not take this on your word; c. acc. et inf. to believe that ...

III. pf. med. πέποιθα, inf. πεποιθέναι, to trust, rely, have confidence in.

IV. pf. pass. πέπεισμαι to be fully persuaded, believe, trust: of things, to be believed. Hence

Πειθώ, ός contr. οὖς, ή, Persuasion personified as a goddess, Lat. *Suada*, *Suadela*. II. the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness. 2. a persuasion in the mind. 3. a means of persuasion, inducement; dat. πειθοῦ by fair means, opp. to βία by force. 4. obedience.

ΠΕΙΝΑ or πείνη, ή, hunger, famine, Lat. *fames*. 2. metaph. hunger or longing for a thing. Hence

πεινάλεος, α, ον, hungry, empty. [ά]

πεινάμες, Aeol. for πεινώμεν, I pl. of πεινάω.

πεινάντι, Dor. for πεινάντι, dat. pres. part. of πεινώ: also for πεινώσι 3 pl. pres.

πεινώ contr. πεινώ, ή, ή; inf. πεινήν Ep. πεινή-

μναι; fut. πεινήσω, later πεινώσω [ά]: (πεινά): aor. I έπεινήσα, later -άσα: pf. πεπείνηκα:—to be hungry, suffer hunger, be famished. II. c. gen. to hunger after: metaph. to hunger after or for, crave after.

πεινώ, Ion. for πεινάω.

πεινήν, = πείνα.

πεινήν, inf. of πεινάω; Ep. πεινήμεναι.

ΠΕΙΡΑ, ή, a trial, attempt, essay, experiment: hence experience; πείραν έχειν to have experience, to make proof of; έπεί πείρα by way of test or trial.

II. an attempt, plot or design against one. III. generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise.

πείρα, Ep. for έπειρα, aor. I of πείρω.

πειρά, ή, (πειρώ) a point, edge.

πειράζω, f. άσω: Pass., aor. I έπειράσθην: pf. πείρασμαι:—like πείράω, to make proof or trial of one:—to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce. II. to attempt a thing.

Πειραεύς or Πειραεύς, ό, *Peiraeus*, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: gen. Πειραιεύς or -αιώς; dat. -αιέ; acc. -αιά.

Πειραίοι, Adv. at or in *Peiraeus*.

πειραίνω, f. άνώ: aor. I έπείρηνα: (πείρα):—to bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot; σειρήν έξ αύτου πείρηνατε tying a rope from or to it.

II. length. for πειραίνω, to end, complete, finish; in Pass., πάντα πεπειράνται (3 sing. pf.) all has been completed.

πείραν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of πείρω.

ΠΕΙΡΑΡ, άτος, τό, poet. for πέρας, an end; in plur., πείρατα γαίης the ends of the earth: the ends of ropes, knotted ropes.

II. the end or issue of a thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge; the chief or most important object. III. act. that which finishes; a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης, the finishers of art.

πείρασις, ή, (πειράω) a trying: an attempt.

πειρασμός, ό, (πειράω) a tempting, temptation.

πειράτεόν, or in plur. -έα, verb. Adj. of πειράω, one must make trial, attempt.

πειράτηρ, ήρος, ό, collat. form of πειρατής.

πειράτηριον Ion. πειρητ-, τό, (πειράω) a means of trying or proving, ordeal; φόνια πειρατήρια the murderous ordeal, i. e. torture. II. a pirate's nest.

πειράτης, οῦ, ό, (πειράω) one who attempts: a pirate, Lat. *pirata*.

πειράτικός, ή, όν, piratical.

πειράω, f. άω Ion. ήσω: more freq. as Dep. πειράομαι, with fut. med. πειράσομαι, Dor. 2 pl. πειρασεῖσθε: aor. I med. έπειραδάμην Ion. έπειρησάμην; pass. έπειράθην [ά] Ion. έπειρήθην: pf. pass. πειράρα Ion. πειρήραμαι: (πειρά):—to attempt, undertake, try. 2. c. gen. pers. to make trial of a person; to try to persuade him: also to make an attempt on, attack: also c. acc. to make an attempt on. 3. absol. to try one's skill or luck in a thing. II. the Dep. πειράομαι is mostly used with gen. pers., to make trial

of one, put him to the proof; hence to examine, question: also to try oneself against another, to match oneself with him.

2. c. gen. rei, to make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of. 3. absol. to try one's strength, make a trial: to make a trial or attempt with words; πεπείρημαι μύθοις I have tried myself, i. e. I am versed or skilled, in words.

πειρηθεῖν, πειρηθῆναι, aor. I opt. and inf. pass. of πειράω, πειράομαι.

πειρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πειράτήριον.

πειρητίζω, f. ἴσω, = πειράω, to attempt, try, prove. II. c. gen. pers. to make trial of, put to the proof: also to try another in battle: c. acc. to attempt, attack, assail.

πέριυνς, ἄνθος, ἡ: acc. πέριυνθα:—the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a cart upon the ἄμαξα or carriage.

ΠΕΙΡῶ, fut. περῶ: aor. I ἔπειρα Ep. πείρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐπάρην [ᾶ] pf. πέπαρμαι: (πέρας):—to pierce quite through, to run through, pierce, of meat, to spit; κρέα ἀμφ' ὀβελοῖσιν ἔπειραν they stuck the meat on the spits:—pf. part., ἦλοισι πεπαρμένον stuck close or studded with nails; metaph., ὀδύνησι πεπαρμένον pierced with pain. II. metaph., κύματα πείρειν to cleave the waves; πείρει κέλευθον cleave her way (through the waves).

πέισα, ης, ἡ, (πέισω) poët. for πειθῶ, persuasion or obedience, subjection.

πέισει, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πείθω.

πεισι-βροτος, ον, (πέισω, βροτός) persuading or controlling mortals.

πεισμεν, Ep. for πείσειν, fut. inf. of πείθω.

πέισμα, ατος, τό, (πέισω) the cable by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land: generally, a cable, rope. II. that on which one may trust.

πεισμονή, ἡ, (πέισω) earnest persuasion, solicitation. πείσομαι, fut. med. of πείθω.

πέισομαι, irreg. fut. of πάσχω.

πειστέον, verb. Adj. of πείθω, one must persuade. II. (from Pass.) one must obey: cf. ἀρκετέον.

πειστήριος, α, ον, (πέισω) fit for persuading, persuasive, winning.

πειστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πέισω) persuasive.

πέισω, fut. of πείθω.

πέκος, τό, (πέκω) wool, a fleece.

πεκτέω, f. ἦσω, (πέκω) to shear, clip.

ΠΕΚῶ Ep. πείκω: f. πέξω: aor. I med. ἐπέξην, part. πεξάμενος; aor. I pass. ἐπέξην:—to comb or card wool, Lat. pectere: med., χαιτας πεξάμενη having combed her hair. 2. to shear, clip.

πελάγιζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλαγος) to form a sea or lake: of a river, to overflow: of places, to be flooded, swamped. II. to be out at sea.

πελάγιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πέλαγος) of, on or by the sea: living in the sea, Lat. marinus: out at sea, on the open sea.

πελαγίτης [ι], ου, ὄ, fem. -ίτης, ἴδος, (πέλαγος) of or on the sea.

ΠΕΛΑΓΟΣ, εος, τό: Ep. dat. pl. πελάγεσσι:—the sea, the high sea, open sea, the main, Lat. pelagus: any large expanse of water is so called: metaph. of anything huge or excessive, as, πέλαγος κακῶν a 'sea of troubles.'

Πελάω: f. πελάσω Att. πελώ: aor. I ἐπέλασα Ep. ἐπέλασα, ἐπέλασα and πέλασσα: aor. I med. ἐπελάσαμην: Pass., aor. I ἐπελάσθην poët. ἐπλάθην [ᾶ] Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτο πληντο and ἐπληντο: pf. pass. ἐπέπλημαι part. πεπλημένος:—πελάω, πελάθω, πλάθω are collat. forms: (πέλας): I. intrans. to approach, draw near to any point: absol. to come near, draw near or nigh. II. trans. to bring near or to, make to approach or draw nigh; πελάζειν νεύρην μαζῶν to draw the bowstring to one's breast:—metaph., πελάζειν τινα δδύνησι to bring him near to anguish; so, ἔπος ἐρέω, ἀδάμαντι πελάσσας I will speak a word, having made it firm as adamant; φυγᾶ μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλίων πελάτῃ (sc. ὑμῶν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave: c. gen. pro dat., πάρα πελάσαι φάος νεῶν thou may'st bring light near the ships. III. in Pass. like the intr. Act. to be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach; ἐπεὶ τὰ πρῶτα πέλασθεν when they first drew near: so in Ep. aor. 2, ἀσπίδες ἔπλην' ἀλλήλησι the shields were brought close to each other; πλήτο χθονί be came near, i. e. sank to earth; so also, πελασθῆναι ἐπὶ τὸν θεόν to draw nigh to the god. 2. to approach or wed a woman.

πελάθω [ᾶ], collat. form of πελάζω, always intr. πέλανος, ὁ, any half-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a mixed mass or gruel, applied to oil, honey, foam, clotted blood. II. of a mixture offered to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, poured out. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πελαργιδεύς, ὁ, (πελαργός) a young stork. πελαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a stork. From πελ-αργός, ὁ, (πέλος, ἀργός) the stork.

ΠΕΛΛΑΪΣ, Adv. near, hard by, close, nigh to, mostly c. gen., but also c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. prope ab aliquo loco, c. dat. to Lat. prope ad aliquem locum. II. absol. near, nigh at hand: οἱ πέλας one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankind: rare in sing., ὁ πέλας one's neighbour.

πελασάτω, Ep. for πελάσσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of πελάθω.

Πελασγικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Pelasgians: τὸ Πελασγικόν name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens. From

Πελασγός, ὁ, a Pelasgian; Πελασγοί, οἱ, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

πελάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὄ, fem. -άτης, ἴδος, (πελάζω) one who approaches or comes near, a neighbour, Lat. accōla: also an invader, intruder. II. a client.

πελάω, shorter form of πελάζω, trans. and intrans., I. to bring near. 2. to come or draw near.

πέλεθος or σπέλεθος, ὁ, (πῆλος) *ordure, dung*.
 πέλεθρον, τό, lengthd. poet. form for πλέθρον.
 πέλεια, ἡ, (πελός) *the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat*,
 from its dark colour. II. πέλειαι, αἱ, name of
 the prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic
 doves of Dodona.

πελειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πέλεια.
 Πελειάδες, αἱ, = Πλειάδες, *the Pleiads*: also in sing.
 Πελειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a *Pleiad*.
 Πελιο-θρέμων, ον, (πέλεια, τρέφω) *rigeon-feel-*
ing.
 πελεκάν, ἄνος, or πελεκᾶς, ἄντος, Dor. πελεκᾶς, ἄ,
 ὁ, (πελεκᾶω) *the woodpecker, the joiner-bird*. II.
the pelican.

πελεκᾶς, f. ἦσω, (πέλεκυς) *to bew or shape with an*
axe, rough-bew, Lat. dolare.
 πελεκίζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλεκυς) *to strike with an axe, to*
behead, Lat. securi percitere.

πελεκίνος, ὁ, = πελεκᾶν II, a water-bird of the *pelican*
kind.
 πελέκκησε, for ἐπέλεκησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of
 πελεκᾶω.

πέλεκκον, τό, (πέλεκυς) *an axe-handle*.
 πέλεκυς, εως Ion. eos, ὁ: dat. pl. πελέκεσι Ep. πε-
 λέκεσσι:—a *double-edged axe, an axe*; οὐ δόρασι
 μάχεσθαι, ἀλλά καὶ πελέκεσι *to fight not with spears*
only, but also with axes, i. e. not soldiers only, but
every man.

πελεμίξω, fut. ξω: Ep. aor. I πελέμξα: aor. I pass.
 ἐπελεμίχθην: (πάλλω):—*to swing, shake, to make to*
shake, quiver or tremble:—Pass. *to be shaken, to*
tremble, quake: to be driven away, flee trembling.
 πελεμίχθην, Ep. for ἐπελεμίχθην, aor. I pass. of
 πελεμίξω.

πελέσκειο, Ion. and Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πέλομαι.
 πέλευ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλομαι.
 πεληιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. for πελειάς.
 πελιδνός or πελιντός, ἡ, ὄν, (πελῖος) *livid*.
 πελῖος, ἄ, ὄν, (πελός) *of the body, discoloured by a*
bruise, livid.

ΠΕ' ΛΔΑ Ion. πέλλη, ης, ἡ, a *wooden bowl, milk-*
pail, Lat. mulctra. II. a *drinking-cup*.
 ΠΕΛΛΟΣ or πελός, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. PULLUS, *dark-*
coloured, blackish, dusky.

πέλομος, Dor. for πέλομεν, I pl. of πέλω.
 Πελοποννήσιοι, οἱ, *the Peloponnesians*.
 Πελοποννησιότι, Adv. *in the Peloponnesian* (i. e.
 Dorian) *dialect*. From

Πελοπον-νησος, ἡ, = Πέλοπος νῆσος, *the Pelopon-*
nesus, now the Morea.
 πελός, ἡ, ὄν, v. πελλός.
 Πέλοψ, οπος, ὁ, (πελός, ὕψ) *Pelops, i. e. dark-face*,
 son of Tantalus, said to have migrated from Lydia,
 and to have given his name to the Peloponnesus.
 πελτάζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλτη) *to serve as a targeteer*.
 πελταστής, οὐ, ὁ, (πελτάζω) *one who bears a target*
or light shield (πέλτη) instead of the large shield
(ὄπλον), a targeteer, Lat. cetratus: they held a place

between the ὄπλιται or heavy-armed infantry, and the
 μιλοί or light-armed troops. Hence
 πελταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *skilled in the use of the target*:
 τὸ πελταστικόν, = οἱ πελτασταί, *the body of targeteers*.
 ΠΕ' ΑΤΗ, ἡ, a *small light shield without a rim*
 (ἴτυς), orig. used by the Thracians. 2. a *body of*
targeteers (πελτασταί), as ἀσπίς for ἀσπισταί, ὄπλον
 for ὄπλιται. II. a *spear, pole*. III. a *horse's*
ornament.

πελο-φόρος, ον, (πέλτη, φέρω) *bearing a target*.
 ΠΕ' ΑΩ, more common as Dep. πέλομαι, only used
 in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncop.
 forms, as 3 sing. impf., act. ἔπλεν for ἔπελεν; 2 sing.
 impf. med. ἔπλεο, ἔπλεν, for ἐπέλου; 3 sing. ἔπλετο
 for ἐπέλετο: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and
 3 sing. πέλεσκεο, πέλεσκετο: imperat. πέλευ: the
 pres. part. is syncop. in the compds. ἐπιπλόμενος,
 περιπλόμενος, for ἐπιπελόμενος, περιπελόμενος, but
 does not occur in the simple form:—orig. *to be in*
motion, to go or come, rise; κλαγγὴ πέλει οὐρανῶτι
 πρό the cry goes up to heaven; γῆρας καὶ θάνατος
 ἐπ' ἀνθρώποισι πέλονται *old age and death come upon*
men. II. *to be, implying continuance, to be used*
or wont to be: to become.

ΠΕ' ΑΩΡ, τό, undeclined, *a monster, of anything*
huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence
 πελώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, = πελώρος, *monstrous,*
huge, immense; τὰ πρὶν πελώρια *the mighty ones of*
old.

πέλωρον, τό, = πέλωρ, a *monster*; πέλωρα θεῶν *por-*
tents sent by the gods; strictly neut. of
 πέλωρος, η, ον, (πέλωρ) *monstrous, prodigious, huge,*
portentous; and so, *terrible*: neut. pl. as Adv., πέ-
 λωρα, *bugely, portentously*.

πέμμα, ατος, τό, (πέπεμαι) *any kind of dressed*
food: esp. in plur. *cakes, sweetmeats*.

πεμμάτ-ουργός, ὁ, (πέμμα, ἔργον) *a pastry-cook*.
 πεμπάδ-αρχός, ὁ, (πεμπάς, ἀρχω) *a commander of*
a body of five.

πεμπάζω, f. ἄσω, *to count on the five fingers, count*
by fives: generally, *to count*. From
 πεμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Aeol. for πεντάς, *the number five*:
 a *body of five*.

πεμπαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (πεμπάζω) *one who counts by fives*:
 generally, *one who counts, μίρια πεμπαστής reviewing*
by tens of thousands.

πέμπτε, Aeol. for πέντε, *five*.
 πεμπέμεναι, πεμπέμεν, Ep. for πέμπειν.
 πεμπταῖος, α, ον, (πέμπτος) *in five days, on the*
fifth day.

πεμπτ-ήμερος, ον, (πέμπτος, ἡμέρα) Dor. for πενθ-
 ἡμερος, *of five days*.

πεμπτέον, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, *one must send*.
 πέμπτος, η, ον, (πέντε) *the fifth*; ἡ πέμπτη (sub.
 ἡμέρα) *the fifth day*.

πεμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πέμπα, *sent*.
 ΠΕ' ΜΠΩ fut. πέμψω: aor. I ἐπέμψα Ep. πέμψα:
 pf. πέπομφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέμψθην: pf. πέπεμμαι,

3 sing. πέμπεται:—to send, despatch. II. to send off or away, dismiss, send home; *χρη ξείνον παρεόντα φιλεῖν, ἐθέλοντα δὲ πέμπειν* 'welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.' 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, discharge. III. to convey, attend, escort, conduct; ὁ πέμπων the conductor, of Mercury; *πομπὴν πέμπειν* to conduct a procession. 2. to send with one, esp. to take on a journey. IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., πέμπεσθαι τινα, to send for one. 2. to send one's own or in one's own service.

πεμπώβολον, τό, (πέμπει, ὀβολός) a five-pronged fork.

πέμψειας, 2 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πέμπω. πέμψμενα, Ep. for πέμψω, fut. inf. of πέμπω. πέμψις, εως, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending; a mission. πέμψω, πέμψει, Dor. for πέμψω, πέμψει. πενέστερος, πενέστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πένης. πενέστης, ου, ὁ, a servant, labourer; the πενέστατες were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the Εἰλωτες in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war. II. generally, any slave, bondsman, poor man.

πένης, ητος, ὁ, (πένομαι) one who earns his daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II. as Adj. poor: c. gen., like Lat. *egens*, πένης χρημάτων poor in money.—Comp. πενέστερος, Sup. πενέστατος.

πενθο-κόμος, ου, (πένης, κομέω) tending the poor. πενθάλεος, α, ου, (πένθες) sad, mourning. πένθεα, ἡ, collat. form of πένθος. πενθεῖτον, Ep. for πενθεῖτον, 3 dual of πενθέω. πενθερά, ἡ, fem. of πενθερός, a mother-in-law; Lat. *socrus*.

ΠΕΝΘΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, a father-in-law, Lat. *socer*; also ἔκνυρος. II. generally, a connexion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πενθῶ, f. ἦω: Ep. 3 dual πενθείετον for πενθέετον, πενθεῖτον: pres. inf. πενθήμεναι for πενθεῖν: (πένθος):—to bewail, lament, mourn for: Pass. to be mourned for. 2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (πενθέω) lamentation, mourning. πενθήμεναι, Ep. inf. pres. of πενθέω. πενθ-ἡμερος, ου, (πέντε, ἡμέρα) of, lasting five days: πενθήμερον, τό, a space of five days.

πενθ-ἡμιμέρης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἡμιμέρης) consisting of five halves, i. e. of two and a half; hence in Prosyody, τομὴ πενθιμμερῆς the caesura after two feet and a half, as in Iamb. Trim., opp. to τομὴ ἐφθιμμερῆς the caesura after three feet and a half.

πενθ-ἡμιποδιαίος, α, ου, (πέντε, ἡμιπόδιον) consisting of five half feet, i. e. of 2½ feet.

πενθήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (πενθέω) mournful, sorrowful, sad.

πενθήρης, ἐς, (πένθος, ἀρᾶρειν) lamenting, mourning. πενήτηρ, ητος, ὁ, ἡ, (πενθέω) a mourner, wailer. πενήτηριος, α, ου, (πενθέω) in sign of mourning.

πενθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of πενήτηρ. πενθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πένθος) of or for grief, mourning, sorrowful. Adv., πενθικῶς ἔχειν τινός to be in mourning for a person.

πένθιμος, ου, in token of grief, mourning, sorrowful. II. mournful, wretched. From

ΠΕΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead. II. a misfortune.

πενία Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, (πένομαι) poverty, need. πενυχράλεος, α, ου, collat. form of πενυχρός, poor. πενυχρός, α, ὄν, like πένης, poor, needy.

ΠΕΝΟΜΑΙ, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I. intr. to work for one's living, to toil, work, labour:—to be poor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, have need of. II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.

πενταδραχμία, ἡ, five drachms. From πεντά-δραχμος, ου, (πέντε, δραχμή) of the weight or value of five drachms.

πεντ-ἄθλιον, τό, poet. for πεντάθλιον. πεντ-ἄθλον, τό, poet. for πένταθλον.

πεντ-ἄθλος, ὁ, poet. for πένταθλος. πενταετηρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, five years, a space of five years.

II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From

πεντ-ἔτηρος, ου, poet. for πενταετής, five years old. πεντ-ετής, ἐς or πεντα-ετής, ἐς, (πέντε, ἔτος) five years old. II. of Time, lasting five years: hence

πεντάετες, as Adv. for five years.

πεντ-ἄθλον, τό, collat. form of πένταθλον. πέντ-ἄθλον Ion. πεντ-ἄθλον, τό, (πέντε, ἄθλον)

the contest of the five exercises; πεντάθλον ἀσκεῖν to practise the five exercises. These were ἄλμα, δίσκος, δρόμος, πάλη, πυγμή; but for the last the ἀκόντισις or ἄκων was substituted: the five are comprised in one Pentameter line,—ἄλμα, ποδώκεια, δίσκων, ἀκοντα, πάλην.

πεντ-ἄθλος Ion. πεντ-ἄθλος, ὁ, (πέντε, ἄθλον) one who practises the πένταθλον or five exercises, the conqueror in them. II. metaph. one who tries his hand at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

πεντ-αίχμος, ου, (πέντε, αἰχμή) five-pointed. πεντάκις, Adv. (πέντε) five times.

πεντάκις-μύριοι, αι, α, five times 10,000 = 50,000. πεντάκις-χίλιοι, αι, α, five times 1000 = 5000.

πεντάκισιοι Ep. πεντηκόσιοι, αι, α, (πέντε) five hundred: also in sing. with a collective noun, πεντακοσία ἵππος five hundred horse. II. at Athens,

οἱ πεντακόσιοι, = ἡ Βουλὴ, the council of 500, i. e. the senate chosen by lot (οἱ ἀπὸ κνάμου), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

πεντακοσιο-μέδιμος, ου, (πεντακόσιοι, μέδιμος) possessing land that produced 500 medimni yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens the πεντακοσιομέδιμοι formed the first class, the other three being the ἱππεῖς, ζευγίται, θήτες.

πεντακοσιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεντακόσιοι) the five hundredth.

πεντ-κύμα, ἡ, (πέντε, κύμα) the fifth wave, sup-

posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf. *τρι-
κυμία, δεκακυμία*.

**πεντά-πάλαστος, ον, (πέντε, παλαστή) five hand-
breadths wide.**

**πεντά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, (πέντε, πήχυς) five cubits
long or broad.**

πενταπλάσιος [ἄ], α, ον, (πέντε) fivefold.

πενταπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πενταπλάσιος.

**πεντά-πόλις, ἡ, (πέντε, πόλις) a state of five towns,
as Τρίπολις was a state of three, Δεκάπολις of ten.**

πεντάρ-ράβδος, ον, (πέντε, ράβ) with five berries.

**πεντα-σπίθαμος, ον, (πέντε, σπιθαμή) five spans
long or broad. [ἔ]**

**πεντά-στίχος, ον, (πέντε, στίχος) of five lines or
verses.**

**πεντά-στομος, ον, (πέντε, στόμα) with five mouths
or openings, of the Nile and Danube.**

**πεντά-τευχος, ον, (πέντε, τεύχος) consisting of five
books in one volume: as Subst., πεντάτευχος (sc.
Βίβλος), ἡ, the five books of Moses, Pentateuch.**

**πεντὰ-φύης, ἐς, (πέντε, φύη) five in nature or
number.**

**πένταῶς, Adv. (πέντε) fivefold, five-ways, in five
divisions.**

πενταχοῦ, Adv. (πέντε) in five places.

ΠΕΝΤΕ Aeol. πέμπε, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. five, Lat.
quinque. In Compos. it takes the form *πεντα-* as
well as *πεντε-*.

πεντε-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. fifteen.

**πεντεκαίδεκά-ναῦα, ἡ, (πεντεκαίδεκα, ναῦς) a squa-
dron of fifteen ships.**

**πεντεκαίδεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (πεντεκαίδεκα, τάλαν-
τον) of fifteen talents worth or weight.**

πεντε-και-δέκατος, η, ον, fifteenth.

πεντεκαίδεκ-ήρης, ἐς, with fifteen banks of oars.

**πεντε-σύριγγος, ον, (πέντε, σύριγξ) with five pipes
or bores; ξύλον πεντεσύριγγον a wooden machine fur-
nished with five bores, through which the head, arms,
and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of pillory.**

**πεντε-τάλαντος, ον, (πέντε, τάλαντον) worth five
talents: for the recovery of five talents, of a law-suit.
πεντ-ετηρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a term or space of five years;
διὰ πεντετηρίδος at intervals of five years, every five
years. II. a festival celebrated every five years,
such as the Panathenaea at Athens. From**

**πεντ-έτης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἔτος) of five years, lasting
five years.**

πεντε-τριάξω, to conquer five times.

πεντήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (πέντε) fifty.

πεντηκοντά-επις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of

**πεντηκοντᾶ-ετής, ἐς or -έτης, ἐς, contr. -ούτης,
(πεντήκοντα, ἔτος) of fifty years, lasting for fifty years.**

**πεντηκοντᾶ-κάρηνος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον)
fifty-headed.**

**πεντηκοντᾶ-κέφαλος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή) =
πεντηκοντακάρηνος.**

**πεντηκοντά-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, consisting of fifty
children.**

**πεντηκόντ-αρχος, ὁ, (πεντήκοντα, ἄρχω) the com-
mander of fifty men. II. one who commands a**

πεντηκόντορος, the captain of a penteconter.

πεντηκόντερος, ἡ, =πεντηκόντορος.

**πεντηκοντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πεντήκοντα) the commander
of fifty men, a title peculiar to the Spartan army.**

**πεντηκοντό-γυος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, γυά) of fifty
acres of corn-land.**

**πεντηκοντό-όργυος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, ὄργυια) fifty
fathoms deer, high, etc.**

**πεντηκόντορος, ἡ, with and without ναῦς, (πεντή-
κοντα) a ship of burden with fifty oars.**

πεντηκοντ-ούτης, ἐς, contr. for πεντηκονταέτης.

πεντηκόσιοι, αἱ, α, Ἐρ. for πεντάκοσιοι.

**πεντηκοστῆ, f. σω, (πεντήκοστή) to collect the tax
πεντηκοστή or two per cent:—Pass. to pay the tax.**

πεντηκοστή, ἡ, see πεντηκοστός.

πεντηκοστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, =πεντηκοντήρ.

**πεντηκοστο-λόγος, ον, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) collect-
ing the tax πεντηκοστή: as Subst., πεντηκοστολόγος,
ὁ, the collector of the πεντηκοστή.**

**πεντηκοστό-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πεντήκοντα, παῖς)
with fifty children.**

**πεντηκοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεντήκοντα) fiftieth. II.
as Subst., πεντηκοστή, ἡ, I. (sub. μερίς), the fiftieth
part, at Athens, the tax of the fiftieth, or two per cent.;
imposed on all exports and imports. 2. (sub.
ἡμέρα), the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of
Pentecost. Hence**

**πεντηκοστής, ὄνος, ἡ, the number fifty, a number of
fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.**

**πεντ-ήρης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἐρέσσα) with five banks of oars:
as Subst., πενήρης (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, a quinquereme.**

**πεντ-όζος, ον, (πέντε, ὄζος) having five branches or
points: Hes. calls the hand πέντοζον, the five-pointed.**

πεντ-όργυος, ον, (πέντε, ὄργυια) of five fathoms.

**πεντ-ὀβολος, ον, (πέντε, ὀβολός) of or worth five
obols: as Subst., πεντάβολον, τό, a five-obol piece;**

**πεντάβολον ἡλιασσαι to sit in the court Heliaea at
five obols a day.**

πέφαμένη, aor. I med. part. fem. of πέκω.

πέξω, Dor. for πέξω, fut. of πέκω.

ΠΕΨΟΣ, εος, τό, membrum virile, Lat. penis.

πεπαῦθια, Ep. for πεπονθῖα, pf. part. fem. of πάσχω.

**πεπαῖνω, f. ἀνώ: aor. I ἐπέπανα: Pass., fut. πεπα-
νήσομαι: aor. I ἐπεπάνηθην: pf. inf. πεπάθηαι: (πέ-
πων):—to ripen, make ripe or mellow: of pain, etc.,
to soothe, assuage, soften:—Pass. to become ripe, soft,
mellow: to be softened. II. intr. to become ripe,
mellow.**

**πεπαιτερος, πεπαίτατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of
πέπων.**

**πεπαλαγμένος, πεπαλάχθαι, pf. pass. part. and inf.
of παλάσσω.**

πεπαλακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of παλάσσω.

πεπάλασμαι, pf. pass. of παλάω.

πεπάλαμ, pf. pass. of πάλλω.

πεπαλῶν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. of πάλλω.

πέπαμαι, pf. of πάομαι.
 πέπανος, *ov*, collat. form of πέπων, *ripe, mellow*.
 πεπαρέιν, an old aor. 2 inf. to *display, manifest*.
 πέπαρμαι, pf. pass. of πέρω: inf. πεπαράμαι.
 πεπαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of πέρω.
 πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πατέομαι.
 πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πάομαι, to *possess*.
 πέπαομαι, πεπάσμη, pf. and plqpf. of πατέομαι.
 πεπάσσομαι, pf. pass. of παχύνω.
 πεπέιθαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πέπεκα, pf. of πείθω.
 πέπειρος, *ov*, also fem. πέπειρῶ, = πέπων, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *maturus*: metaph. *mild, softened*.
 πέπεισθί, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of πείθω.
 πέπεισμαι, pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πεπερασμαι, pf. pass. of περαίνω.
 πεπερημένος, Ep. pf. part. pass. of περάω.
 πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγνυμι.
 πεπίεσμαι, pf. pass. of πιέζω.
 πεπιθέσθαι, redupl. aor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.
 πεπιθήσω, Ep. fut. of πείθω.
 πέπιθον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of πείθω; πεπιθόμεν I pl. subj.; πεπιθόμεν, πεπιθόμεν I and 3 pl. opt.: inf. πεπιθέιν, fem. part. πεπιθούσα.
 πεπλανημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of πλανάω, *roaming, wandering*.
 πέπλασμαι, pf. pass. of πλάσσω.
 πέπλευσμαι, pf. pass. of πλέω.
 πεπληγέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of πλήσσω.
 πέπληγον, πεπληγόμεν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med. of πλήσσω.
 πεπληγώς, pf. part. of πλήσσω.
 πέπλημαι, pf. pass. of πλάζω.
 ΠΕΠΛΟΣ, ὁ, in Poets also with irreg. pl. πέπλα, τὰ, Lat. *perplum, any woven cloth* used for a covering, a sheet, hanging, curtain. II. a large full robe or shawl worn by women: esp. the robe of Minerva, which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic festival. III. also a man's cloak or robe, of the long Eastern dress.
 πέπλυμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf. πεπλύσθαι.
 πέπλωμα, *atos, τό*, (πέπλος) a flowing robe, garment.
 πέπνυμαι, poet. pf. pass. of πνέω, used as pres., to *have breath or soul*; metaph. to be *wise, discreet, prudent, sage*; 2 sing. πέννυσαι; inf. πεπνύσθαι; 2 sing. plqpf. πέπνυσο:—part. πεπνυμένος used as Adj. *sage, wise, prudent*.
 πεπνυμένος, part. of πέπνυμαι.
 πέποιθα, perf. med. of πείθω, to *trust, rely on*. Hence πεποιθεα, Ep. for ἐπεποιθεῖν, plqpf. med. of πείθω.
 πεποίθησις, ἡ, *trust, reliance, boldness*.
 πεποιθοίην, opt. of πέποιθα.
 πεποιθομεν, Ep. for πεποιθόμεν, I pl. subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεποιθω, subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεπόλιστο, Ep. 3 sing plqpf. pass. of πολιζώ.
 πέπομαι, pf. pass. of πίνω.
 πεπόνητο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πονέω.

πέπονθα, pf. 2 of πάσχω.
 πέπορθα, pf. med. of πέρθω.
 πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε, 2 pl. pf. of πάσχω.
 πεποτήγαι, Ep. for πεπότηγαι, 3 pl. pf. of ποτάομαι: πεποτήσθαι, inf. of same.
 πέπράγα, pf. 2 of πράσσω.
 πέπραγμα, pf. pass. of πράσσω.
 πέπρῳκα, πέπρῳμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πιπράσκω.
 πέπρωται, pf. pass. of πρία.
 πέπρωται, πέπρωτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of an obsol. Verb *πέρω (from which also comes aor. 2 ἔσπορον): —it has, had been fated; part. πεπωμένος, fated: ἡ πεπωμένη (sub. μοῖρα), that which is fated, fate, destiny, like εἰμαρμένη.
 πέπτᾶμαι, pf. pass. of πετάννυμι: part. πεπταμένος.
 πεπτέαται, for πέπτανται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of πετάννυμι.
 πεπτεῶτα, for πεπτάτα, pf. part. nom. and acc. neut. of πίπτω.
 πεπτηώς, Ep. for πεπτηκώς, pf. part. of πτήσσω, *frightened, timid, shy*.
 πέπτωκα, pf. of πίπτω.
 πεπτώς, Att. pf. part. of πίπτω.
 πέπτω, see πέσσω.
 πεπύθοιτο [ῥ], 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 opt. of πυνθάομαι.
 πεπύκασμένος, pf. pass. part. of πυκάζω.
 πεπύσμαι, pf. of πυνθάνομαι: inf. πεπύσθαι.
 πέπυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of πυνθάνομαι.
 πεπύτωκα, pf. of πίνω.
 ΠΕΥΛΩΝ, *ov*, gen. *ovos*; Comp. and Sup. πεπαιτερος, -τατος:—of fruit, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *mitis, maturus*. II. metaph. *soft, tender, gentle*: also softened, assuaged: often used in addressing a person, ὦ πέπον, as Subst., *oh my friend*: so, κριε πέπον my pet ram: in bad sense, ὦ πέπωνες γε weaklings, ye dastards.
 ΠΕ'Ρ, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to which it is annexed: *much, very*, often with an Adj. and the part. of εἰμί, ἐπεὶ μ' ἔτεκες γέ μινυθάδιον περ ἔνυτα since you have given me all short-lived as I am: also with an Adj. only, κρατερός περ strong as he is; or with an Adv., μίνυθα περ, for a very little time; ὀλίγον περ little as it is. 2. to call attention to something objected to, *albeit, though, however*; so, λιγύς περ ἔαν ἀγορητής however loud-tongued a talker he be. 3. also to strengthen a negation, οὐδὲ περ, *no, not even, not at all*, where, as in Lat. *ne... quidem*, οὐδὲ is divided by one or more words from περ. II. to call attention to one or more things, *however, at any rate, yet*, as, ἄλλους περ ἔλεαυε pity others at any rate. III. περ is often attached to a relat. Pron., Adj. or Adv., as ὅσπερ, ἥπερ, διόπερ, ὥσπερ, etc.
 πέρα, Adv. *beyond, across or over, further*, Lat. *ultra*: μέγρι τοῦ μέσον πέρα δ' οὐ as far as the middle, but no further. II. of Time, *beyond, longer*: c. gen., πέρα μεσοῦσης ἡμέρας beyond midday. III. metaph. *beyond measure, excessively*: c. gen., πέρα

δις beyond all justice. IV. absol. expressing something greater; ἀπιστα καὶ πέρα κλύων hearing things incredible, and more than that.

περάω, Ep. for περᾶν, pres. inf. of περάω.

περάσκει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of περάω.

περάθειν Ion. πέρηθεν, Adv. (πέρα) from beyond, from the far side.

περάω: aor. I ἐπέρανα: Pass., aor. I ἐπεράνην: pf. πεπέρασμα, inf. πεπεράναι: (πέρας):—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished; to be fulfilled, accomplished. 2. περάειν λόγον to end a discourse: hence absol. to conclude, come to an end. II. intr. to extend, reach, or penetrate.

περαῖος, α, ον, (πέραν) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river. II. ἡ περαῖη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite. Hence

περαῖω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐπεραῖσα: Pass., f. περαιωθήσομαι: aor. I ἐπεραιώθην: pf. πεπεραιώμαι:—to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, carry over or across:—Pass. to pass over, cross. II. intr. in Act. to cross, pass over.

περαιότερος, α, ον, Comp. of πέρα, beyond, further; ὁδοὶ περαιότεραι roads leading further: Adv. περαιότερω: also neut. περαιότερον, further, beyond.

περᾶν Ion. and Ep. πέρην, Adv. (πέρα) on the other side of, across, Lat. trans. c. gen. 2. absol. over, to or on the opposite side; περᾶν εἰς τὴν Ἀσίαν διαβῆναι to cross over into Asia. II. over against, c. gen., as, Χαλκίδος περᾶν. III. sometimes = πέρα, out beyond.

περαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (περαῖνω) conclusive.

περᾶππο, Accl. for περῆπαυ.

περᾶς, ἄρος, τό, (πέρα) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last. 2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. meta. II. metaph. accomplishment, the power of accomplishing.

περάσιμος, ον, (περάω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable. [α]

περᾶσις, ἡ, (περάω) a going beyond, passing; βίου πέρας passage from life (to death).

περᾶτος, η, ον, (πέρα) on the opposite side, Lat. ulterior.

II. ἡ περάτη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the heavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περᾶτός Ion. περητός, ἡ, ὄν, (περάω) like περάσιμος, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. περᾶν Ep. περάαν: Ion. impf. περάαιον: fut. περάσω [α] Ion. περήσω, Ep. inf. περησέμεναι: aor. I ἐπέρασα Ion. ἐπέρησα: pf. πετέρακα (πέρα):

I. trans. to drive right across or through. 2. to pass across or through, to pass over, cross, traverse; τάφος ἀργαλή περᾶν a ditch hard to pass; metaph., κίνδυνον περᾶν to pass through a danger; περᾶν ὄρκον to go through or recite the terms of an oath. 2. to let go through. II. intr. to penetrate or pierce right through: to extend,

reach. 2 to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B): fut. περάσω [α] Ep. περάσω Att. περῶ: aor. I ἐπέρασα Ep. ἐπέρασα: pf. pass. πεπέρημαι: (πέρα):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves; περᾶν τινα Δῆμνον to sell one to Lemnos.

Περγᾶμια, ἡ, = Πέργαμος.

Πέργαμος, ἡ, Pergamos, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. Πέργαμα, τά. II. πέργαμα, τά, as appellat., like ἀκρόπολις, the citadel of any town.

ΠΕΡΔΙΞ, ἴκος or ἴκος, ὁ and ἡ, the partridge, Lat. perdix, -icis.

ΠΕΡΔΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with act. aor. 2 ἐπαρδον, pf. πέπορδα:—to break wind.

περειμένον, Aeol. for περιεμένον, pf. pass. part. of περιέννυμι.

πέρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πέραθεν.

πέρην, Adv., Ion. for πέραν.

περησέμεναι, Ep. for περήσειν, fut. inf. of περάω.

περητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for περᾶτός.

πέρθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of πέρθω.

ΠΕΡΘΩ, fut. πέρω: pf. πέπορθα: aor. I ἐπερσα: aor. 2 ἐπαρῶν, inf. παρθεῖν Ep. παρθέειν:—Pass. with fut. med. πέρωσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 inf. πέρθαι, like δέχθαι from δεχομαι:—to waste, ravage, sack, raze. 2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay. 3. of things, to destroy. II. to get by plunder.

ΠΕΡΙ, Prep., with gen., dat., et acc.: Radic. sense, all around, about.

WITH GENITIVE:

I. of Place, around, about, near. II. Causal, about, concerning, on, of; περι νόστον ἄκουσα I have heard of his return; λέγειν περὶ τινος to speak of a subject. 2. about, for, on account of; βουλευεῖν περὶ φόνου to lay plans for the slaying.

3. of contending for an object; περι θανάτῳ for the dead; θεῖν περι ψυχῆς to run for one's life; μάχεσθαι περι πτόλιος to fight for the city. 4. of the motive; περι ἔριδος μάχασθαι to fight for very enmity's sake.

5. with a Subst., as to, in reference to, with regard to, about; ἀριθμοῦ περί as to number. III. like Lat. prae, before, above, beyond; περι πάντων ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be above or before all the rest: in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen.

IV. the following phrases are of common occurrence: περι πολλοῦ ἐστιν ἡμῖν, it is of much consequence to us; περι πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι or ἡγεῖσθαι τι, to reckon a thing worth much; περι πλείονος, περι ὀλίγου, περι οὐδενός ποιεῖσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

WITH DATIVE of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about: I. of Place, around, round about; περι χροῖ close round the skin; χεῖρ περι ἔγχεῖ the hand round, grasping the spear; ἀσπαίρειν περι δουρὶ to quiver round or on the spear. 2. hard by, near, always of several, as en-

compassing round about one. II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχασθαι περί οἷσι κτεάτεσσι to fight for one's own possessions. 2. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing, for, about, on account of. 3. by reason of, like Lat. *propter*: περί φόβῳ for fear; περί χάραμι for joy.

WITH ACCUS. of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: I. of Place, about, around, near, by; ἡ περί Κνίδον ναυμαχία the sea-fight off Cyndos; περί τὰ ἔλαια οἰκόνσι they dwell all about the marshes; πλεῖνες περί ἕνα many round about one, many to one. II. of persons who are about one, as attendants, comrades, like οἱ ἀμφί τινα; τὰ περί τι all that belongs to a thing. III. of the object with which one is occupied, esp. of the place; περί δόρυα πνεῖσθαι to be busy about supper: metaph., ἡ φιλοσοφία περί ἀληθειῶν ἐστὶ philosophy is occupied about or with truth. 2. in relation or reference to, with regard to; τὰ περί τὸν Κύρον οὕτως ἐγένετο the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned out thus. IV. of Time, about, Lat. *circa*; περί τούτους χρόνους: also of numbers, περί τρισχιλίουσ about 3000.

IN POSITION, περί may follow its Subst. in all cases, and then it becomes paroxyt. *πέρι*.
AS ADV., περί, around, about, also near, by. II. also περί, with accent thrown back, before, above, exceedingly, above measure: so in phrases, περί κῆρι, περί θυμῷ beyond measure in heart or soul; where περί must not be taken as Prep. with the dat.
ΠΕΡΙ sometimes stands for περίεστι.

IN COMPO. all its chief senses recur: around, about, as in περιβάλλω, περιέχω, περιβαίνω. II. a going beyond, exceeding, as in περιγίγνομαι, περιεργάζομαι. III. beyond measure, very, exceedingly, as in περικαλλής, περιδέϊδα, like Lat. *per-* in *per-multus, per-gratus*.

QUANTITY. Though *i* in περί is short, yet it is not properly elided before a vowel.
περι-αγγέλλω, *f.* -αγγελῶ, to announce by a message sent round: absol. to send or carry a message round. II. c. dat. et inf. to send round orders for people to do something; π. παρασκευάζεσθαι to send orders round to make ready; π. ναῦς to order ships.

περι-εγγής, *és*, (περί, εἶγα) broken in pieces. II. Dor. for περιγηγής.
περι-ἀγγνύω and -ύω, *f.* -άξω, to break all round, break in pieces:—Pass., ὄψι περιάγγνυται the voice is echoed all round.

περι-άγω, *f.* -άξω, to lead round, drive round; c. acc. loci, περιάγουσι τὴν λίμνην κύκλῳ they drive round the lake in a circle. 2. to lead about with one: so also in Med. 3. to turn round: also to twist or wrench round. II. intrans. to go round; περιάγειν τὰς πόλεις to go round the cities. [ᾶ] Hence

περιάγωγός, *έος, ό*, a machine for twisting round, a tourniquet.

περιαγωγή, *ή*, (περιάγω) a turning round, revolution. περιαιρετός, *ή, όν*, able to be taken off. From περι-αιρέω: *f.* περιαιρήσω: aor. 2 περιείλον, inf. περιελέιν:—to take away all round, as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one. II. Med. to take off from oneself; περιαιρείσθαι κνήμεν to take off one's helmet; βιβλίον περιαιρέμενος taking the cover off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act.

III. Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one: also to have a thing taken away from one.
περι-αλγέω, *f.* ήσω, to be greatly distressed.
περι-αλείφω, *f.* ψω, to anoint or smear all over.
περι-άλλος, *ον*, (περί, άλλος) beyond or before others: —neut. pl. περίαλλα as Adv., before all: exceedingly.
περι-άλουργός, *όν*, (περί, άλλουργός) dyed with purple all round: metaph., κακοῖς περιαιουργός double-dyed in villany.

περιαίμα, *ατος, τό*, (περιάπτω) anything fastened round one, an amulet.
περι-αμπέχω, *f.* -αμφέξω: aor. 2 περιήμπεσχον:—to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put on. II. to cover all round.
περι-αμπίσχω, *impf.* -ήμπεσχον, = περιαμπέχω.
περίαπτος, *ον*, bung about or upon:—as Subst., περιάπτον, *τό*, = περιίαμμα. From
περι-άπτω, *f.* ψω, to fasten about, attach to:—Med. to put round oneself, to gain for oneself.
περι-αρμύζω Att. -όττω, *f.* ήσω, to fasten or fit on all round:—Pass. to have fastened round or fitted on.
περι-αστράπτω, *f.* ψω, to lighten or flash all round.
περι-ασχολέω, *f.* ήσω, to be busy about a thing.
περι-αυχένιος, *ον*, (περί, αυχήν) worn round the neck: as Subst., περιανχένιον, *τό*, a necklace.

περιάχον, Ep. for περιάχον, *impf.* of περιάχω.
περι-βαίνω, *f.* -βήσομαι: aor. 2 περιέβην: pf. περιβέβηκα:—to go round about or to stride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., περιβήναι ἀδελφείου κταμένοιο to stand over his slain brother: of sound, to float around.

περι-βάλλω, *f.* -βάλλω: aor. 2 περιέβυλον: pf. περιβέβληκα:—to throw round, about, or over, put on or over, invest with; περιβάλλειν τινα χαλκείωμι to fix him round a sword, i. e. to stab him. 2. Med., with pf. pass. περιβέβληκα, to throw round or over oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc., τεῖχος περιβάλλεσθαι πόλιν, to build a wall round a city. II. metaph. to put round or upon a person, invest with. 2. to attribute or ascribe to a person. 3. to surround, encompass, enclose with a thing: metaph. to involve or implicate in evils, etc. 4. c. acc. only, to embrace, encompass, surround; περιβάλλει με σκότος darkness encompasses me. 5. of ships, to fetch a compass round, double. 6. to frequent, be fond of a place.

III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to compass, aim at, Lat. *affectare*: pf. pass. to be in

possession of. IV. to throw beyond: beat in throwing: generally, to beat, excel.

περι-βῦριδες, αἱ, (περί, βῦρις) a sort of women's shoes.

περί-βῦρος, υ, gen. eos, exceeding beauty. περιβῦς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of περιβαίνω.

περιβέβλημαι, pf. pass. of περιβάλλω.

περίβη, Ep. for περίβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of περιβαίνω.

περιβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.

περίβλεπος, ον, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περιβλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze around.

II. trans. to look at on all sides, look much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:—Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

περίβλητος, ον, (περιβάλλω) put round or on.

περιβόητος, ον, (περιβοῶ) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense: hence either famous, extolled: or exclaimed against.

II. act. with loud cries.

περιβόλαιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is put round one, a covering, garment.

περιβολή, ἡ, (περιβάλλω) anything thrown or put round; περιβολή ξίφους the sheath of a sword: walls thrown round a town.

II. a space enclosed, compass.

III. a circumference, circuit.

IV. metaphor. a compassing, aiming at.

περιβόλος, ον, (περιβάλλω) going round, compassing, encircling.

II. as Subst., περίβολος, ὁ, = περίβολῆ, anything thrown round; οἱ περίβολοι walls thrown round a town.

2. an enclosure, circuit, compass.

περι-βομβέω, f. ἦσω, to bum round.

περί-βουνος, ον, surrounded by hills.

περι-βραχίχιον, τό, (περί, βραχίων) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm.

περι-βρύχιος, α, ον, (περί, βρύχιος) surging all round. [ῥ]

περί βωτος, ον, Ion. for περιβύητος.

περι-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later form -γίνομαι [ῖ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:—to be over or above:

I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. gen.

II. to live over; to survive, get over, escape from.

2. of things, to remain over and above. 3. also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. περίεμ (εἰμί sum).

περι-γλαγής, ἔς, (περί, γλάγος) full of milk.

περι-γληνάομαι, Dep. (περί, γληνη):—to turn round the eyeballs, glare around.

περί-γλωσσος, ον, (περί, γλωσσα) eloquent.

περι-γνάπτω, f. ψω, to bend round, fetch a compass round, double a headland.

περι-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περιγραμμα, ατος, τό, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περιγραπτός, ὄν, (περιγράφω) marked round, fenced in, enclosed.

περιγραφή, ἡ, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περι-γράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe; περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round.

2. to define, determine.

II. to draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare.

III. to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περιδδουσα, Ep. for περιέδουσα, aor. I of περιδέω.

περι-δέδρω, pf. of περιτρέχω.

περι-δέω, ἔς, (περί, δέω) very timid or fearful: Adv. -ῶς, in great fear.

περιδείδια, Ep. pf. of περιδέω.

περι-δέιδω, f. -δέισμαι: aor. I περιέδουσα Ep. περιδδουσα, part. περιδδούσας: pf. περιδέδουκα Ep. περιδείδια:—to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

περι-δειπνον, τό, (περί, δείπνον) a funeral feast.

περι-δέξις, ον, like ἀμφιδέξις, using both hands alike, Lat. ambi-dexter.

II. generally, very dexterous, versatile, or expert.

περι-δέρομαι, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about.

II. trans. to look earnestly at.

περι-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind, tie round or on:—Med. to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήριτος, ον, (περί, δηρί) fought for, disputed.

περι-δίδωμι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. -διδούς, -διδού: f. -δώσω:—to give round.

II. Med. περιδίδομαι, fut. -δώσομαι: aor. 2 -εδόμην:—to stake or wager, c. gen. rei; τρίποδος περιδώμεθον let us make a wager of a tripod; ἐμέθεν περιδώσομαι αὐτῆς I will wager for myself, i. e. pledge myself; περιδίδομαι περί τῆς κεφαλῆς I stake my head: absol., περίδου νῦν ἐμοί come now, lay a wager with me.

περι-δίνω, f. ἦσω, to whirl or wheel round:—Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top; περιδινητήν, Ep. 3 dual aor. I.

περι-δίνης, ἔς, (περιδινέω) whirled round.

περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιδέω: to be much afraid about one.

περίδου, aor. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδομαι.

περιδράσω, Ep. for περιδραμον, aor. 2 of περιτρέχω.

περι-δράσσομαι, Dep. to grasp round with the hand.

περι-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of περιδρομος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ἡ, (περιδρομος) a running round and round, a circuit.

2. a revolution, orbit.

περιδρομος, ον, (περιδραμεῖν) running round, surrounding: circular.

2. going about, roaming.

3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached.

II. as Subst., περιδρομος, ὁ, like περιδρομή, that which surrounds or encompasses: as 1. the string that runs round a net for closing it.

2. a gallery running round a building.

3. the rim of a shield.

περι-δρύπτω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:—Pass., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I περιδρύφθη, be had the skin torn off all round.

περι-δύω, f. -ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off.

περιδόμεθον, I dual aor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι.
 περι-έεδετο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of περιδέω.
 περι-έξωσμαι, pf. pass. of περιζώννυμι.
 περι-είδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, περιοράω
 being used instead:—to look about for, await. 2.
 to overlook, neglect, disregard, hence also to let pass,
 allow, suffer. II. pf. περιόδια with pres. sense; plqpf.
 περιήδην with impf. sense, Att. περιήδη; inf.
 περιείδεναι Ep. περιήδμεναι; to know or understand
 better; βουλή περιήδμεναι άλλων to be better in
 counsel than others.

περιελάς, άδος, ή, (περιείλω) wound round, en-
 circling.

περι-ελλίσσω, Ion. for περιελίσσω.

περιείλον, aor. 2 of περιαιρέω.

περι-έλλω or -είλω, to fold or wrap round:—
 Pass. to be wrapped round. 2. to wrap up.

περί-εμι, (περί, εμί sum) to be around; τὰ περι-
 όντα circumstances. II. to be better than or su-
 perior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number,
 outnumber. III. over-live, outlive: absol. to sur-
 vive: of things, to be extant. 2. of property, to be
 over and above, to remain in hand. IV. to re-
 main as a result or consequence, come about, ensue:
 cf. περιγίγνομαι.

περί-εμι, (περί, εμί ibo) to go round or about,
 fetch a compass. 2. c. acc. to go round, compass;
 περιέναι φυλακάς to go the rounds of the guards. II.
 to come round to in turn. III. of Time, χρόνον
 περιώντος as time came round.

περι-είρω, to insert or fix round.

περιέρχρῖβεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. or 3 pl. aor. 2 pass.
 of περικρύπτω.

περιέλδισσι, εως, ή, a driving or riding round: a
 place for driving round. From

περι-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω: aor. I -ήλασα: pf. -ελή-
 λακα:—to drive round, push about, of cups. 2. to
 drive about, harass, distress. II. (sub. άρμα, ήπ-
 πον, etc.) to drive or ride round.

περιελείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιαιρέω.

περι-ελλίσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -ελλίσσω:—f. ζω:—to
 roll or wind round:—Med. to roll round oneself.

περι-έλω, f. -ελκίωσ[η] to drag round or about.

περι-έννυμι, to put round:—Med. to draw round one.

περιεπατήκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of περιπατέω.

περιέπσον, aor. 2 of περιπίπτω.

περι-έπω: impf. περιείπον: fut. περιέψω: aor. 2
 περιέπσον, inf. περιεπίειν: fut. med. inf. περιέψεσθαι:
 aor. I pass. inf. περιεφθῆναι:—to be busy about, tend
 diligently, take care of: of persons, to treat with at-
 tention; εὖ περιέπειν τινά to treat a man well; but,
 τρηχέως περιέπειν to handle roughly:—so in Pass.,
 τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι υπό τινος to be roughly handled
 by one; καλῶς περιέπεσθαι to be well treated:—also,
 περιέπειν τινά ὡς or ἄτε πολέμιον to treat one as an
 enemy.

περι-εργάζομαι, f. -σομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:—
 to waste one's labour: to be employed overmuch about

a thing, to be over-officious; τῷ θυλάκω περιεργά-
 σθαι (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their
 'sack' (i. e. need not have used the word). 2. to
 meddle, interfere, be officious.

περί-εργος, ον, (περί, έργον) over-careful, taking
 needless trouble: τὰ περιεργα curious arts. 2.
 meddling, interfering, officious. II. pass. over-
 wrought, elaborate, expensive. 2. superfluous.

περι-έργω Att. -είργω, f. ζω, to enclose all round,
 encompass.

περι-εργρήν, aor. 2 pass. of περιρρέω.

περι-έρρω, to wander or ramble about.

περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιηρχόμεν: f. -ελεύσομαι:
 aor. 2 -ήλθον: pf. -εήλυθα:—to go round, go
 about: esp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire:
 c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession. 2. of
 Time, to come round. II. to go round and re-
 turn to a spot, to come round to; ή τίσις περιήλθε
 τόν Πανιώνιον vengeance came at last upon him.

III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire, to come
 round, overreach, cheat.

περι-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι, to gnaw round about.

περιέσκομαι, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω.

περιεσπάτω, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περιεσπῶ.

περι-έσσι, Ep. for περί-ει, 2 sing. of περιεμι (εμί sum).

περιεστῶς, pf. part. of περίεστημι.

περιέσχω, aor. 2 of περιέχω.

περι-έσχάτος, η, ον, about the last.

περι-έφθοσ, ον, (περί, έφθός), thoroughly boiled.

περι-έχω: f. περιέχω and περισχώω: aor. 2 περιέ-
 σχον, inf. περισχείν: aor. 2 med. περιεσχόμεν, inf.
 περισχέσθαι:—to bold around, encompass, embrace,
 surround: of a city, to beleaguer or blockade. II.
 like περιεμι (εμί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass,
 overcome: esp. to outnumber, to outflank. III.

Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, to pro-
 tect. 2. to bold fast on by, to cling to, cleave to.
 3. to be pressing, urgent with.

περι-ζάμενῶς, Adv. (περί, ζαμενής) very powerfully
 or violently.

περι-ζέω poet. -ζείω, f. -ζέσω, to boil round about.
 περι-ζύωσ, ον, also περιζυέ, ὄγος, δ, ή, (περί, ζυ-
 γόν) over and above a pair, more than a pair: so,
 of horses' harness, περιζυγα are spare straps.

περιζώμα, ατος, τό, an apron. From
 περι-ζώννυμι or -ύω: f. -ζώσω: to gird round:—
 Med. to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or apron.
 Hence

περιζωάμενος, aor. I med. part.

περι-ζώστρα, ή, (περί, ζώστρον) a girdle, apron.

περι-ηγέωμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to lead round about,
 sbeu the way round. Hence

περιηγής, ές, (περιάγω) drawn round, lying in a
 circle, forming a circle: circular.

περιήγησις, εως, ή, like περιήγραφή, a sketch, out-
 line: generally, a form, figure.

περιήδη, Att. plqpf. of περιόδια: see περιείδον.

περι-ήκω, f. ζω, to have come round to one, to have

arrived at last: c. acc., τὰ σὲ περίηκοντα *that which has come round to thee, fallen upon thee.*

περίηλθον, aor. 2 of περιέρχομαι.

περιήλυσις, ἦ, (περιέρχομαι) *a coming round, resolution.*

περι-ημεκτέω, f. ἦσω, *to be greatly aggrieved or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat.: c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrieved at or with him.* (The deriv. of ἦμεκτέω is uncertain.)

περι-ηνεκα, Ion. aor. 1 of περιφέρω.

περι-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, *to echo or ring all round.*

περι-θαλπής, ἐς, (περί, θάλπος) *very warm or hot.*

περιθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of περιτίθημι.

περιθεῖσις, εως, ἦ, (περιτίθημι) *a placing or putting round, putting on.*

περιθετός, ἦ, ὄν, and περιθετος, ον, (περιτίθημι) *put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.*

περι-θέω, f. -θείσομαι, *to run round.*

περι-θεωρέω, f. ἦσω, *to go round and observe.*

περί-θυμος, ον, (περί, θυμός) *very wrathful.* Adv., περιθύμως ἔχειν *to be very angry.*

περι-ιάπτω, f. ψω, *to wound all round.*

περι-ιάχω [ᾶ], *to ring round, re-echo: Ep. 3 sing. impf. περιάχε [ῖ] for περιάχε.*

περιιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 περιεῖδον.

περιιδμεναι, Ep. for περιεῖδναι, inf. of περιεῖδα.

περι-ίζομαι, Dep. *to sit round about.*

περι-ίστημι, f. περιστήσω: aor. 1 -έστησα;—*to place or set round a person or thing: metaph. to bring round to a certain state.* 2. aor. 1 med. περιεστησάμην *is also trans., to place round oneself.*

II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην: pf. -έστηκα: plqpf. -εστήκειν:—*to stand round about: to encircle, surround, encompass.* 2. *to come round to, devolve upon: of events, to come round to be so and so, turn out, esp. for the worse.*

3. *to go round so as to avoid, to shun.*

περι-ίσχω, = περιέχω.

περιών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of περιέωμι (εἶμι)

περι-κάθαρα, ατος, τό, *an offscouring, defilement: hence a polluted wretch.*

περι-καθέζομαι, Dep. *to sit down round about, esp. to invest, beleaguer a town.*

περι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάθημαι, inf. -ῆσθαι: (properly pf. pass. of περικαθίζομαι):—*to be seated round, to sit round: περικαθῆσθαι πόλιν to beleaguer or invest a town: of ships, to blockade: c. acc. pers. to sit beside one as a companion.*

περι-καίω, fut. -καίσω, *to set on fire, burn round about:—Pass. to be scorched all round: metaph. to be inflamed.*

περι-καλλής, ἐς, (περί, κάλλος) *very beautiful.*

περι-κάλυπτος, f. ψω, *to put round as a covering, throw as a veil over.* II. *to cover all round, cover completely.*

περι-κατάγνυμι, f. ἄξω, *to break all round.*

περι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, *to embrace all round.* 2. *to overtake.* 3. *to constrain, compel.*

περι-καταρρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, *to fall down all round, go to ruin.*

περι-καταρρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, *to tear down round about, rent off:—Med. to rend one's own garment.*

περι-κάτημαι, Ion. for περικάθημαι.

περι-κάω, Att. for περικαίω. [ᾶ]

περι-κείμαι, inf. -κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθημι, with f. med. -κείσομαι:—*to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace: absol., τείχος περικείται a wall is round about.* 2. metaph. *to be over and above, profit; οὐ τι μοι περικείται there is no advantage for me.* II. *to have round one, to have on one: περικείμενος ὕβριν clad in arrogance.*

περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, *to shear or clip all round:—Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχας to clip one's hair.*

περικεκλημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλείω.

περι-κεφαλαία, ἦ, (περί, κεφαλῆ) *a helmet.*

περι-κῆδομαι, Dep. *to be very anxious or concerned about one.*

περί-κηλος, ον, (περί, κῆλον) *exceeding dry, well-dried.*

περι-κιδνάμαι, Pass. *to spread round about.*

περι-κλάω, f. -κλάσω, *to break around.*

περι-κλεής, ἐς, (περί, κλέος) *far-famed.*

περί-κλειτος, ον, *famous all round, far-famed.*

περι-κλείω Ion. -κλήω old Att. -κλήω: f. -κλείσω or -κλήσω: (περί, κλείω) *to shut in all round, enclose, envelop: to surround, of ships.*

περι-κλύω, f. -ύσω, *to wash all round:—Pass. to be washed all round, of an island.* Hence

περικλυστος, ἦ, ον, Att. also ον, *washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.*

περι-κλυτός, ἦ, ὄν, *heard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. inclytus: of things, excellent, noble, glorious.*

περι-κνίδιον, τό, *a stalk or sprig.*

περι-κνίξω, f. -ίσω, *to scratch all round:—Med., poët. aor. 1 περιεκνιξάμην, to gnaw all round.*

περι-κοκκίζω, f. σω, *to cry cuckoo all round.*

περι-κομίζω, f. -ίσω, *to carry round:—Pass. to be conveyed round, hence to go round.*

περίκομμα, ατος, τό, (περικόπτω) *that which is cut off all round, the clippings, trimmings; περικόμενα ἐκ σου σκενάσω I will make minced meat of you.*

περικομμάτιον, τό, Dim. of περίκομμα.

περι-κομψος, ον, *very elegant, exquisite.*

περι-κονδυλο-πυρο-φίλα, ἦ, (περί, κόνδυλος, πῦρος, φιλέω) fem. Adj., epith. of the gout, *exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.*

περικοπή, ἦ, *a cutting all round, mutilation.* From

περι-κόπτω, f. ψω, *to cut all round, clip, mutilate.* 2. *to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, plunder.*

περι-κράτης, ἐς, (περί, κράτος) *having full command of.*

περι-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμῶ:—*to bang up all round:—Pass. to be bung about, cling to, c. dat. Hence*

περι-κρεμής, *és, bung round with a thing.*
 περι-κρούω, *f. σω, to strike or knock all round.*
 περι-κρύβω [ῥ], late form of περικρύπτω.
 περι-κρύπτω, *f. ψω, to cover all round, conceal: to hide oneself.*
 περι-κτιόνες, *όνων, οί, Ep. dat. pl. περικτιόνεσσι, (περί, κτιζώ) liké áμφι-κτιόνες, the dwellers around, neighbours.*
 περι-κτίται [χ], *ών, οί, = περικτιόνες.*
 περι-κυκλόμαι, *f. -ήσομαι: Dep. to encircle, encompass, enclose.*
 περι-κυκλώω, *f. ώσω, to encircle, encompass. Hence περικυκλώσις, ή, an encircling.*
 περι-κύλιυδέω: *f. -κυλίωω [ι]:—to roll round: Pass. to be rolled about.*
 περι-κύμων, *ον, gen. ονος, (περί, κύμα) surrounded by the waves.*
 περι-κωμάω, *f. άσω, to go about with a party of revellers (κώμος): to carouse around.*
 περι-κωνέω, *f. ήσω, (περί, κώνος) to smear all over with pitch; περικωνέω τὰ έμβάδια to black shoes.*
 περι-λάλέω, *f. ήσω, to chatter on all sides or beyond measure.*
 περι-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήσομαι: aor. 2 περιέλαβον:—to seize around, embrace. 2. to encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure:—Pass. to be caught. II. to comprehend, take in.*
 III. *to constrain, compel.*
 περι-λάμπω, *f. ψω, to shine or beam round about.*
 περι-λείβομαι, *Pass. to be shed all over.*
 περι-λείπω, *f. ψω, to leave remaining:—Pass. to be left remaining, survive.*
 περι-λείχω, *f. ζω, to lick all round: lick clean.*
 περιλεξις, *ή, (περιλέγω) circumlocution.*
 περι-λέπω, *f. ψω, to strip off all round.*
 περι-λεσχίνευτος, *ον, (περί, λεσχηνεύω) talked about on all sides, much discussed.*
 περι-λιμνάω, *f. άσω, (περί, λίμνη) to surround with water, insulate.*
 περι-λιχάομαι, *Dep. = περιλείχω.*
 περι-λοιπος, *ον, left remaining.*
 περι-λούω, *f. σω, to wash all round, wash carefully.*
 περι-λύπος, *ον, (περί, λύπη) exceeding sorrowful.*
 περι-μαίπω, *to gaze eagerly round: Ep. part. fem. περιμαίωσα.*
 περι-μαίνομαι, *Dep. to rage round about.*
 περι-μαίως, *ές, Dor. for περιμμήης.*
 περι-μάρναμαι, *Dep. to fight round about: also to fight for a thing.*
 περι-μύσσω Att. -ττω: *f. ζω:—to wipe all round: metaph. to purify by magic arts.*
 περιμάχητος, *ον, fought about, fought for; and so, to be desired. From*
 περι-μάχομαι [α], *Dep. to fight around.*
 περι-μένω, *to wait for one, await, expect. II. intr. to wait, abide.*
 περι-μεστος, *ον, full all round, very full.*
 περι-μέτρον, *τό, (περί, μέτρον) the circumference.*

περί-μετρος, *ον, (περί, μέτρον) above measure, very large, immense. II. measuring round: as Subst., περίμετρος (sub. γραμμή), ή, a circumference.*
 περι-μήκετος, *ον, ποёт. for περιμήκης.*
 περι-μήκος, *ές, (περί, μήκος) very tall, high or long.*
 περι-μηχανάομαι, *f. -ήσομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. -μηχανάοντο: Dep.:—to contrive cunningly, scheme craftily for.*
 περι-μυχάομαι, *Dep. to bellow around.*
 περι-μυετώω, *to dwell round about or near. 2. in pass. sense to be inhabited.*
 περιναίτης, *ον, ό, a neighbour. From*
 περι-ναίω and Med. -ναίωμα, *to dwell round.*
 περι-νέφελος, *ον, (περί, νεφέλη) overclouded.*
 περι-νέω, *f. ήσω: aor. I inf. περινήσαι Ep. -νήσαι: (περί, νέω):—to pile round.*
 περι-νεως, *ό, gen. -νεω, nom. pl. περινεω: (περί, νέω gen. of ναύς) a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp. to a rower (πρόσωκος).*
 περινήσας Ep. -νήσας, *aor. I part. of περινέω.*
 περι-νήσομαι, *Dep. to go round: of Time, to recur.*
 περι-νέω f. ήσω, *to consider on all sides: to contrive cunningly.*
 περινούω, *ή, intelligence. II. over-wiseness. From*
 περι-νοος, *ον, (περί, νόος) exceeding wise.*
 περι-νοστέω, *f. ήσω, to go round or about.*
 περίξ, *strengthd. for περί. I. Prep. round about, all round; c. gen., but mostly c. acc. II. Adv. round about.*
 περι-ξεστός, *ή, όν, polished all round.*
 περι-ξέω, *f. -ξέωω, to polish all round.*
 περι-ξύρω Ion. -έω, *f. ήσω, to shave all round.*
 περι-οδος, *ή, a going round, the making a circuit round. II. a way round: a circuit, compass; την περίοδον absol., in circumference. III. a book of travels, account of countries travelled over: also a map or chart. IV. a going round in a circle, a cycle of years, a period of time. 2. a course at dinner; περιοδος λόγων table-talk. 3. the orbit of a heavenly body. 4. a fit that recurs at intervals. V. a well-rounded sentence, period.*
 περίοδα, *pf. of περιείδον: see περιείδον II.*
 περι-οικέω, *f. ήσω, to dwell round about: c. acc. to dwell round a person or slave.*
 περι-οικίς, *ίδος, ή, fem. of περίοικος, dwelling or lying round about, neighbouring. II. as Subst., περιοικίς (sub. γή or χώρα), ή, the country round: also the suburbs, outskirts.*
 περι-οικοδομέω, *f. ήσω: pf. pass. -οικοδομημαί Ion. -οικοδόμημαί:—to build round about. II. to enclose by building round:—Pass. to be built up, walled in.*
 περί-οικος, *ον, (περί, οικήω) dwelling round about or near, neighbouring. II. of περίοικοι were, in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country-towns, the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand to the Spartans, and on the other to the Helots.*

περιοίω, fut. of περιφέρω.
 περι-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip about.
 περιόντα, part. neut. pl. of περιέμμι (εἰμί sum).
 περι-οπτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of περιόραω (see περιόραμαι), to be overlooked, suffered or disregarded.
 II. neut. περι-οπτός, one must overlook or suffer.
 περι-οπτος, ον, (περιόραμαι) seen from all sides: admired, admirable.
 περι-οράω: impf. περιεώραν Ion. περιώρων: pf. περιεώρακα or -εώρακα: pass. περιεώραμαι:—f. περιόραμαι, from an absol. verb περιόραμαι; whence also aor. I pass. περιώρθην, pf. περιώρμαι:—(for aor. 2 περιείδον, pf. περιόιδα, see περι-είδον):—to look around for, wait for. II. to overlook, to disregard, suffer to be or do. III. Med. to look about before doing a thing, to be circumspect, delay, wait: to shrink from. 2. c. gen. to look about for, Lat. respicere.
 περι-οργής, ές, (περί, οργή) very angry, wrathful: Adv. -ογώς, very wrathfully.
 περι-ορθρον, τό, (περί, ορθρος) daybreak, dawn.
 περι-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries. Hence
 περιορισμός, ού, ό, a marking out by boundaries.
 περι-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round so as to blockade.
 περι-ορμίζω, f. ίσω, to bring round a ship to anchor:—Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.
 περι-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to dig round.
 περιουσία, ή, (περιέμμι) that which is over and above: a surviving. 2. that which remains over and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty. 3. superiority, advantage. Hence
 περιούσιος, ον, more than enough, abundant. 2. peculiar, proper.
 περιοχή, ή, (περιέχω) the full meaning or contents. II. a section of a book.
 περιόψομαι, used as fut. of περιοράω, formed from *περιόραμαι.
 περι-παπαίνω, to look timidly round.
 περι-πατέω, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to walk, live. Hence
 περιπατητικός, ή, όν, given to walking about, esp. while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatetics.
 περι-πάτος, ό, (περί, πατέω) a walking about, strolling, Lat. ambulatio. II. a place for walking, a covered walk. III. a conversation during a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.
 περι-πέφω, to put round a spit, to pierce through.
 περι-πέλομαι, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλόμενος (περί, πέλω):—to move round, to be round or about. 2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recur.
 περίπεμπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sent round.
 περι-πέμπω: f. ψω: aor. I pass. περιπέμφθην:—to send round, despatch in different directions.
 περιπέπταμαι, pf. pass. of περιπετάννυμι.

περι-πίσω Att. -ττω: f. -πέψω: aor. I pass. -επέφθην:—to bake all round: metaph. to crust or gloss over: to cajole, aor. I pass. part. περιπεφθείς cajoled.
 περιπεσεύν, περιπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of περιπίπτω.
 περι-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. -πέπταμαι or -πέπτασμαι:—to spread or stretch around: to spread out. Hence
 περι-πεταστός, ή, όν, spread round, outspread.
 περιπέτεια, ή, (περιπέτης) a sudden change of fortune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Tragedy turns.
 περιπέτης, ές, (περιπίπτω) falling round, with arms clasped round. 2. enfolded, encompassed; but, έγχος περιπέτης the sword on which he had fallen. II. falling in with. III. changing suddenly, reversed; περιπετή πρήγματα a sudden reverse of circumstances.
 περι-πέτομαι: f. -πετήσομαι syncop. -πήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly around.
 περι-πευκής, ές, (περί, πεύκη) very sharp or keen.
 περι-πήγγνυμι or -ύω: f. -πήξω:—to fix round, to put as a fence round. II. to make to congeal round:—Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be frozen on the feet.
 περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about.
 περι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill entirely:—Pass. to be quite filled.
 περι-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: impf. 3 sing. and pl. περι-επιμπρα, -επιμπρασαν.
 περι-πίπτω, f. -πεσομαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall around, so as to embrace 2. to fall round or upon a sword. II. to fall in with, esp. of ships: also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked against. 2. metaph. to fall into, be betrayed into; εαντώ περιπίπτειν to be caught in one's own snare. II. of a thing, to befall one.
 περι-πίτνω, = περιπίπτω, to come over or upon.
 περι-πλάνάω, to make to wander about:—Pass. to wander or roam about: metaph. to flutter or baver round about: to be in a state of uncertainty. Hence
 περιπλάνιος, ον, wandering, roving about.
 περιπλέγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace. From
 περι-πλέκω, f. ζω, to twine round about. 2. to intertwine, interweave:—Pass., aor. I -επλέχθην, pf. -πέπλεγμαι: to fold oneself round, cling to, clasp. c. dat.; ιστώ περιπλεχθείς folded round the mast.
 περι-πλευρος, ον, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side.
 περιπλέχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περιπλέκω.
 περι-πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσούμαι: aor. I -έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:—to sail or swim round, to circumnavigate, c. acc.
 περι-πλεως, ον, nom. pl. -πλεω, -πλεα: Ion. περι-πλεος, ον:—quite full, over-full.
 περι-πληθής, ές, (περί, πλήθος) very full: very populous: also very large.
 περιπλοκάδην, Adv. (περίπλοκος) twined round.

περιπλοκή, ἡ, (περιπλέκω) a twining round. 2. entanglement, intricacy.

περίπλοκος, ον, (περιπλέκω) enfolded: entangled. περιπλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of περιπέλομαι.

περί-πλους, ον, contr. —πλους, ον, (περιπλέω) act. sailing round. II. pass. that may be sailed round.

περί-πλους, ὁ, contr. —πλους, gen. —πλου; nom. pl. —πλοι: (περιπλέω): a sailing round, c. gen.: a circumnavigating. 2. the account of a coasting voyage.

περί-πλύνω [ῶ], to wash all round, wash clean.

περί-πλώω, Ion. for περιπλέω.

περί-πνέω, poet. for περιπνέω.

περί-πνέω, f. —πνεύσομαι, to breathe round.

περί-πόθητος, ον, (περί, ποθέω) desired on all sides, much beloved.

περί-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, to make to remain over and above, to preserve, keep safe, protect. 2. to save up, lay by: to lay up in store, procure. II. Med. to keep or get for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain possession of. Hence

περιποίησης, εως, ἡ, a keeping safe: an acquiring, gaining possession.

περιπολ-άρχης, ου, or —αρχος, ου, ὁ, (περίπολος, ἄρχω) a superintendent of guards or patrols.

περί-πολέω, f. ἴσω, to go round, wander about, range about. 2. c. acc. to traverse. 3. to walk round, as a patrol.

περί-πόλιον, τό, a station for περίπολοι, a guard-house. From

περί-πολος, ον, (περί, πολέω) going round, going the rounds. II. as Subst., I. περίπολος, οἱ, the

patrol: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employed on home service, to guard the frontier, Lat. publici custodes. 2. generally, περίπολος, ὁ, an attendant, follower.

περί-πόνηρος, ον, very villainous.

περί-πόρφυρος, ον, (περί, πορφύρα) edged with purple, Lat. praetextatus.

περί-ποτάομαι, poet. for περιπέτομαι, to bower about.

περί-πρό, Adv., = περί πρό, very, especially.

περί-προχέω, f. —χέω: aor. I —έχεα: pf. —κέχκα:—to pour forth round or over: Pass. aor. I part., έπος θυμὸν περιπροχύεις έδάμασσε love gushing forth over his soul overcame it.

περίπτωμα, ατος, τό, a busk, skin. From

περί-πτίσσω, to strip off the busk or skin: pf. pass. part. περιεπιμένος free from chaff, clean winnowed.

περίπτυγμα, ατος, τό, (περιπτύσσω) anything folded round, a covering.

περιπτύξας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of περιπτύσσω.

περί-πτυσσω, f. ξω: aor. I περιέπτυξα:—to enfold, envelop, ensroud: to clasp, embrace: as military term, to outflank. II. to fold round: Pass. to be folded round, coil round. Hence

περιπτύχη, ἡ, something enfolding, a cloak, fence; τειχέων περιπτύχαι the fence or circuit of walls; Ἀχαιῶν ναύλοχοι περιπτύχαι the naval fence or bulwark of the Achaeans. 2. an enfolding, embracing.

περιπτύχης, ές, (περιπτύσσω) folded round; φασγάνῳ περιπτύχης fallen round (i. e. upon) his sword.

περί-πτώσσω, to fear very much.

περιρραγής, ές, (περιρραγῆναι) broken or rent round about.

περιρραῖνω, f. ἄνω, to besprinkle or wet round about. Hence

περιρραγήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of περιρραγήνυμι.

περιρραντήριον, τό, a vessel for sprinkling water at sacrifices: a vessel for lustral water.

περιρρέω, f. —ρεύσομαι: pf. —έρρηκα: aor. 2 pass., (in act. sense) —έρρηγνυμι:—to flow round, c. acc.:—Pass. to be surrounded by water. II. to slip from off a thing; ἡ ἄσπις περιερούη εις τὴν θάλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea. 2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.

περιρρήγνυμι and —ύω, f. —ρήξω: aor. I —έρρηξα: Pass., aor. 2 —έρρηγην [ᾶ]: intr. pf. —έρρωγα:—to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off:—Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken or parted all round; κατὰ τὸ δὲξὸν τοῦ Δέλτα περιρρηγνυται ὁ Νεῖλος at the apex of the Delta the Nile is broken round it, i. e. breaks into several branches.

περιρρηδής, ές, (περιρρέω) falling round or upon.

περιρροή, ἡ, (περιρρέω) a flowing round about.

περίρρους, ον, contr. —ρρους, ον, (περιρρέω) like περίρρους, surrounded with water.

περίρρυτος, ον, also η, ον, (περιρρέω) surrounded with water, sea-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περίρρυτα Σικελίας the waters that flow round Sicily.

περί-σαίνω Ep. περισ-σαίνω, to wag the tail round, fawn upon.

περί-σειω poet. περισσειώ, f. σω, to shake all round:—Pass. to be shaken all round, wave about, float upon the air.

περί-σεμνος, ον, also η, ον, very solemn.

περί-σεπτος, ον, also η, ον, (περί, σέβομαι) much revered, greatly honoured.

περί-σημος, ον, (περί, σῆμα) very famous or distinguished, Lat. insignis.

περισθενέω, f. ἴσω, to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong about measure. From

περί-σθενής, ές, (περί, σθένος) exceeding strong or powerful.

περί-σκελής, ές, (περί, σκέλλω) dried or barded all round, rigid. 2. metaph. obstinate, stubborn, unbending.

περί-σκελής, ίδος, ἡ, (περί, σκέλος) a band for the leg, a garter or anklet.

περί-σκεπτος, ον, (περί, σκέπτομαι) to be seen on all sides, far-seen, conspicuous: admired.

περισκέψομαι, fut. of περισκοπέω.
 περι-σκιάζω, f. σω, to overshadow.
 περι-σκιρτάω, f. ἦσω, to leap round or about.
 περι-σκοπέω: f. -σκέψομαι: aor. I -εσκεψάμην:
 pf. -έσκεμμα, formed from *περισκέπτομαι:—to look
 round. 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look
 at from all points: to watch and see: to look about
 one, be circumspect.

περι-σκύλακισμός, οὐ, ὄ, (περί, σκύλαξ) a sacrifice
 in which a puppy was sacrificed and carried round.

περι-σμήρᾳγέω, f. ἦσω, to rattle all round.
 περι-σμήνω, to consume by a smouldering fire. [ῶ]
 περι-σθβέω, f. ἦσω, to chafe or push about. II.
 intr. to run round about, c. acc.

περι-σοφίζομαι, Dep. to overreach, trick.
 περι-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to draw off from around,
 strip off:—Med. to strip oneself of a thing. II.
 to wheel round. III. Pass. to be drawn different
 ways, distracted.

περισπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέπω.
 περισπερχέω, = περισπερχῆς εἰμι, to be very indig-
 nant. From
 περι-σπερχῆς, ἐς, (περί, σπέρχω) very hasty or bur-
 ried; περισπερχῆς πάθος an over-hasty death.
 περι-σπλαγχνος, ον, (περί, σπλάγχνος) great-
 hearted.

περισσαίνω, Ep. for περισαίνω.
 περισσειά, ἡ, (περισσεύω) superfluity, abun-
 dance. II. superiority, preeminence.
 περισσειώ, poet. for περισειώ.

περισσεύω, τό, superabundance: that which is left
 or is over, a remnant. From
 περισσεύω later Att. —πτέω: impf. ἐπερίσσειον:
 (περισσός):—to be over and above, outnumber, be
 too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough;
 τὰ περιττειούonta what remains over, the surplus;
 τοσοῦτον τῷ Περικλεῖ ἐπερίσσειε such an abundance
 of reason had Pericles. 2. in bad sense, to be over-
 much or superfluous. III. to have more than
 enough of a thing, c. gen. IV. later in causal
 sense, to make to abound.

περισσο-λογία, ἡ, (περισσός, λόγος) useless talking,
 wordiness, verbiage.

περισσός later Att. περιπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (περί) above
 measure, more than the average, above the common:
 uncommon: c. gen. beyond, greater than; περισσός
 ἄλλων πρὸς τι beyond others in a thing. 2. strange,
 unusual: in bad sense, monstrous; in good, extraor-
 dinary. II. more than sufficient; τὸ περισ-
 σόν a surplus, residue; περισσαὶ σκηναὶ spare
 tents. III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive;
 περισσὰ δρᾶν to be over-busy; περισσὰ φρονεῖν to be
 over-wise. 2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined over-
 much: artificial. IV. of numbers, odd, uneven,
 Lat. impar, opp. to ἄρτιος.

περισσότης later Att. περιπτότης, ητος, ἡ, (περι-
 σσός) superfluity, excess.
 περισσό-φρων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (περισσός, φρήν) over-wise.

περισσῶς, Adv. of περισσός, exceedingly: Comp.
 περισσότερον more abundantly. 2. οὐδὲν περισσό-
 τερον, Lat. nihil aliud, nothing else; so, οὐδὲν περισ-
 σότερον ἢ εἰ. . no otherwise than if.

περι-στᾶδόν, Adv. (περίστημι) standing round
 about.

περι-στάζω, f. ξω, to drop or trickle round about.
 περιστάθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περίστημι. [ᾶ]
 περιστάη, aor. 2 opt. of περίστημι.
 περιστάς, -στάσα, -σταν, aor. 2 part. of περίστημι.
 περι-στᾶτος, ον, (περίστημι) surrounded, admired
 by the crowd.

περι-σταυρῶ, f. ὦσω, to fence about with a palisade,
 fortify or fence round:—Med. to fortify oneself with
 a palisade.

περιστέλλας, aor. I part. of περιστέλλω.
 περι-στείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.
 περιστέλωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of
 περιστήμι.

περι-στέλλω, f. -στέλω: aor. I -έστειλα:—to
 dress, clothe, to wrap round: to lay out a corpse, Lat.
 componere; hence to bury. II. to wrap up, cover,
 cloak. III. to take care of, protect, maintain;
 περιστέλλειν αἰοιδᾶν to uphold minstrelsy; περιστέλ-
 λειν ἔργα to attend to agriculture.

περι-στενάχίζω, f. ἴσω, to sigh, groan about or over,
 bemoan:—Med. to echo around.

περι-στένω, to cram full all round: Pass. to be
 crammed full. II. to groan around.

περιστέπτος, ον, (περιστέφω) crowned, wreathed.
 ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑ, ἡ, a dove, pigeon.

περιστερεῖν, ἄνω, ὄ, a dove-cote. From
 περι-στεφᾶνῶν, f. ὦσω, (περί, στέφανος) to encircle,
 surround as with a crown.

περιστεφῆς, ἐς, wreathed, crowned; ἀνθέων περι-
 στεφῆς with a crown of flowers. II. act. twining,
 encircling. From

περι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround as with a crown, en-
 wreath.

περίστησαν, Ep. for περιέστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of
 περίστημι.

περιστήσαντο, Ep. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I
 med. of περίστημι.

περιστήωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of
 περίστημι.

περι-στίζω, f. ξω: aor. I -έστιξα:—to dot at equal
 intervals, stand to place round at equal distances. 2.
 c. dat. to stick round with things.

περι-στίλβω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about.
 περι-στιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στίχος) to put all round.

περι-στοιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στόιχος) to surround
 with tools or nets:—Med. to hedge in.

περί-στοιχος, ον, (περί, στόιχος) set round in
 rows.

περι-στονάχίζω, to groan all round.

περι-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. σομαι: aor. I -εστρατο-
 πεδευόμην: Dep.:—to encamp about, invest, besiege,
 beleaguer.

περι-στρέφω, f. ψω, to whirl round, of one preparing to throw a stone:—Pass. to be turned round, to spin round. Hence

περιστροφή, ἡ, a turning round: an orbit or revolution.

περι-στρωφάω, f. ἴσω, to turn round often:—Pass. to go round about to; περιστρωφόμενος πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles.

περι-στύλος, ον, (περί, στύλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade:—as Subst., περί-στυλον, τό, a colonnade round a building.

περι-σφάλῃς, ἐς, (περί, σφαλῆναι) very slippery.

περι-σφύριος, ον, (περί, σφύρον) round the ankle:—as Subst., περισφύριον, τό, an ankle.

περι-σφύρος, ον, = περισφύριος.

περισχέμεν, Ep. for περισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέχω.

περίσχω, Ep. for περίσχω, aor. 2 med. imperat. of περιέχω.

περι-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to slit all round, cut off. II. Pass., of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space.

περι-σχοινίζω, f. ἴσω, (περί, σχοῖνος) to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people.

περι-σάζω, f. σω, to save alive, save from death:—Pass. to escape with one's life.

περι-τάμνω, Ion. for περιτέμνω.

περι-ταφρεύω, f. σω, (περί, τάφρος) to dig a trench round, surround with a trench.

περι-τείνω, f. -τενῶ, (περί, τεῖνω) to stretch all round or over.

περι-τείχιζω, f. ἴσω, to wall all round, fortify. 2. to build a wall round, invest, beleague, blockade:—Pass. to be built round. Hence

περιτειχίστος, ἡ, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering.

περιτειχίσμα, τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall.

περιτειχιμῆς, ὁ, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading.

περι-τελέω, f. ἴσω, to finish completely.

περι-τέλλομαι, Pass. (περί, τέλλω) to go or run round; of Time, to revolve.

περιτεμῖν, inf. fut. of περιτέμνω.

περι-τέμνω Ion. and Ep. περιτάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έτεμον:—to cut round, clip round about:—Med., περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ αἰδοῖα to practise circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίονας to make incisions all round one's arms.

II. to cut off the extremities: Pass., περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut short of certain land.

III. to cut off, intercept; Med. to intercept for oneself: Pass. to be cut off or intercepted.

περι-τέμνων, ον, (περί, τέμμα) bounded all round.

περι-τέχνησις, ἡ, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or cunning.

περι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην, imperat. -θες:—to place round about, put round or on:—Med. to put round oneself, put on. II. to

bestow or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περι-τίλλω, to pluck or strip all round.

περι-τίμηεις, εσσα, εν, (περί, τιμή) much honoured.

περιτομή, ἡ, (περιτέμνω) circumcision.

περι-τοξέω, f. σω, to overshoot, outshoot.

περι-τραχήλιον, τό, (περί, τράχηλος) a necklace.

περι-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω: aor. I -έτρεψα:—to turn round about, to turn upside down, to overturn. II.

intr. to turn or go round, revolve.

περίτρεσαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I of περιτρέω.

περι-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. I -έθρεψα:—to make to congeal around:—Pass. to congeal or stiffen round about.

περι-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: other tenses formed from *περι-δρέω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον: pf. -δέδραμα:—to run round, spin or whirl round. II.

c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: to run round in quest of. 2. metaph. to come round, overreach.

περι-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble round about.

περιτριβίης, ἐς, (περιτριβῆναι) worn all round. From

περι-τριβω, f. ψω: aor. I -έτριψα:—Pass., aor. 2 -έτριβην [τ]: pf. -τέτριμμα:—to wear down all round. Hence

περίτριμμα, ατος, τό, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave.

περι-τρομέω, (περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass., σάρκες περιτρομέοντο μέλεσσι all the flesh quivered on his limbs.

περι-τροπέω, Ep. collat. form of περιτρέπω, intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve. 3. c. acc. to drive about, harass.

περιτροπή, ἡ, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, revolution; ἐν περιτροπῇ or ἐκ περιτροπῆς by turns.

περι-τρόχᾶλος, ον, = περίτροχος; neut. pl. as Adv., περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair clipped round about.

περι-τροχᾶω, collat. form of περιτρέχω, to run round: to crowd round about.

περίτροχος, ον, (περιτρέχω) running round, round.

περι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -έτρώγον:—to gnaw round about, nibble, carp at: to nibble off, purloin.

περιτεύω, περιττός, etc., later Att. for περισσέω, περισσός, etc.

περι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτύχων: pf. -ετύχηκα:—to happen to be about, at or near: to light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to happen to one, befall.

περι-τύμβιος, ον, (περί, τύμβος) round about the grave.

περι-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Pass. to be wantonly ill-treated.

περι-φαίνομαι, Pass. to be visible all round; ἐν περιφαινόμενῳ (sc. χώρῳ) on a spot seen far around.

περιφάνεια, ἡ, a being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety. [ᾶ] From
 περι-φάνης, ἐς, (περιφαίνομαι) seen all round: manifest: Comp. and Sup., περιφανέστερος, -έστατος.
 περιφαντος, ον, (περιφαίνομαι) seen all round, manifest: also 2. famous, renowned, Lat. illustris.
 περιφάνως, Adv. of περιφανής, manifestly.
 περι-φείδομαι, Dep. to spare so that be survives, c. gen.
 περιφείρεα, ἡ, a circumference: a round figure. From
 περιφερής, ἐς, (περιφέρω) carried round about: revolving, rolling: surrounding. 2. surrounded by.
 περι-φέρω, f. περιόσω: aor. I περιήνεγα.—to carry round or about: to carry about with one. 2. to move a thing round in a circle: to band round. II. οὐ με περιφέρει οὐδὲν εἰδέναι τούτων [sc. ἡ μνήμη] my memory does not carry me back to know any of these things. III. to endure, hold out. IV. Pass. to move round, revolve, esp. of time. 2. to wander or range about.
 περι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξοῦμαι:—to flee from, avoid, elude, c. acc. 2. to escape from illness, get over an attack.
 περι-φλέω, pf. pass. περιπέφλευσμαι:—to scorch or burn all round.
 περι-φλοιος, ον, (περί, φλοῖός) with bark all round.
 περι-φλύω [ῥ], = περιφλεῖω.
 περι-φοβέομαι, Pass. to fear greatly.
 περι-φοβος, ον, (περί, φόβος) in great fear, fearful above measure, terrified.
 περι-φοιτος, ον, (περί, φοιτάω) wandering about.
 περιφορᾶ, ἡ, (περιφέρω) a carrying or banding round: also the meats banded round. II. (from Pass.) a going or turning round, circuit, revolution.
 περι-φορέω, = περιφέρω. Hence
 περιφορητός, ὄν, carried about. II. going or ranging about.
 περιφραδής, ἐς, very thoughtful, very careful, considerate. Adv. -δέως, carefully. From
 περι-φράζομαι, Med. to think over, consider on all sides.
 περιφρακτος, ον, fenced round:—as Subst., περιφρακτος, τό, an enclosure. From
 περι-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to fence round.
 περι-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, to compass in thought, speculate about. II. to have thoughts above or beyond, to contemn, despise.
 περι-φρουρέω, f. ἦσω, to guard on all sides, blockade.
 περι-φρων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, voc. περίφρων, (περί, φρήν) very thoughtful, very careful. II. like ὑπέρ-φρων, baughty, overweening: c. gen. despising a thing.
 περιφύγη, ἡ, (περιφυγέω) a place of refuge.
 περιφύς, ὄσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of περιφύω.
 περι-φύσσητος, ον, (περί, φύσῶ) blown upon from all sides.
 περι-φύω, fut. -φύσω [ῥ]: aor. I -έφῃσα:—trans. to make to grow round or upon, make to cling to or

adhere. II. intr. in Med. περιφύομαι: fut. -φύσομαι [ῥ]: with pf. act. περιπέφῃκα: aor. 2 περιέφῃν, inf. περιφύνα, part. περιφύς [ῥ]:—to grow round about or upon, c. dat.: to cling to, clasp, c. dat.
 περι-χάρᾶκος, f. ὦσω, (περί, χάραξ) to surround with a palisade: generally, to fortify.
 περι-χάρᾶσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ζω, to scratch or cut all round.
 περιχάρεια, ἡ, exceeding great joy. From
 περι-χάρης, ἐς, (περί, χαρῆαι) exceeding glad or joyous: τὸ περιχαρές = περιχάρεια.
 περι-χειλώω, f. ὦσω, (περί, χεῖλος) to surround with a rim or border.
 περι-χέω, f. -χῶ: aor. I περιέχαι: Ep. pres. περιχέω, aor. I περιχέαι: Pass., aor. I -εχύθην [ῥ]: pf. -κέχῃμαι:—to pour round about, over or upon: περιχέω χρυσὸν κέρας to put gold round the horns:—Pass. to be poured or spread all about: of persons, to pour or crowd round.
 περι-χθών, ὄνος, ὄ, ἡ, round about the earth.
 περι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance round or about.
 περι-χρυσώω, f. ὦσω, to gild all over.
 περι-χῶμαι, f. -χῶσομαι: Ep. aor. I περιχῶσάμην:—to be exceeding angry or wroth.
 περι-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go round about. II. to come round to, come to in succession.
 περι-χωρος, ον, (περί, χώρος) round about a place; as Subst., περίχωρος (sub. γῆ), ἡ, the country round about.
 περι-ψάω, inf. -ψῆν: fut. -ψήσω:—to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes. Hence
 περιψημία, τό, anything wiped off, offscouring.
 περι-ψιλώω, f. ὦσω, (περί, ψιλός) to make bald all round: to strip or peel off all round: Pass., περιψιλοθῆναι τὰς σάρκας to have the flesh all stripped off.
 περι-ῶδέω, f. ἦσω, (περί, ᾠδή) to subdue by spells.
 περιῶδνία, ἡ, excessive pain. From
 περι-ᾠδύνος, ον, (περί, ᾠδύνη) exceeding painful. II. suffering great pain.
 περι-ᾠθέω, f. -ᾠθήσω and -ᾠσω, to push or thrust about:—Pass. with pf. περιέωσμαι, to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.
 περι-ᾠπῆ, ἡ, (περί, ᾠψ) a place commanding a wide view: ἐκ περιᾠπῆς by a bird's-eye view. II. circumspection, caution.
 περι-ᾠσιος, ον, Ion. for περιούσιος, immense, vast, as Adv. περιᾠσιον, exceeding, beyond measure: also as Comp., περιᾠσιον ἄλλων far beyond the rest.
 περκάσω, f. σω, (περκός) to turn dark, of grapes ripening.
 πέρκη, ἡ, the perch, Lat. perca.
 ΠΕΡΚΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, dark-coloured, of grapes ripening: dark, dusky, name of a kind of eagle.
 πέρκος, ἡ, ον, = περκνός.
 πέρνα, ἡ, a bam, Lat. perna.
 πέρνημι, 3 pl. περᾶσι, part. περᾶς: 3 sing. Ion. impf. περᾶσκει: (περᾶω):—to carry beyond seas for sale, to export, sell:—Pass. to be offered for sale.

πέρ-οδος, ἡ, Aeol. for περίοδος.

περόναμα, -ατρίς, Dor. for περόνημα, -ητρίς.

περονάω, f. ἦσω, (περόνη) to pierce, pin: Med., χλαῖναν περονήσασθαι to pin or buckle one's cloak.

περόνη, ἡ, (πέρω, περάω) anything pointed for piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle, brooch, Lat. fibula. II. the small bone of the arm or leg, Lat. radius, fibula.

περόνημα Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = περονητρίς.

περονητρίς Dor. -ατρίς, ιδος, ἡ, (περονάω) a robe fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.

περονίς, ιδος, ἡ, = περόνη.

περπερεύομαι, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a braggart. From

ΠΕΡΠΙΠΡΟΣ, ον, vainglorious, braggart.

πέρω-οχος, ον, Aeol. for περίοχος.

πέρσα, Ep. for ἔπερσα, aor. I of πέρω.

περσέ-πολις ποët. περσέπολις, εως, δ, ἡ, (πέρω, πόλις) destroyer of cities. II. (Πέρσαι, πόλις) Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.

Περσεύς, εως Ep. ἦος later Ion. εός, δ, Perseus, son of Jove and Danaë, one of the most famous Grecian heroes.

Περσεφόνη, ἡ, ποët. Περσεφόνεια also Περσέφασσα:—Persephoné, Proserpine, Lat. Proserpina, daughter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as his consort she reigned in the lower world.

Πέρσης, ου, δ, acc. Πέρσην or Πέρσεα, voc. Πέρσᾱ or Πέρση, a Persian, native of Persis. (The Greeks derived the name of the people from Perseus.)

Περσίζω, f. σω, (Πέρσης) to side with or imitate the Persians. 2. to speak Persian.

Περσικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πέρσης) Persian: hence I. αἱ Περσικαὶ ἄντ' ἑστίβων or slippers. 2.

Περσικός ὄρνις the common cock. 3. τὸ Περσικὸν (sub. μῆλον), the peach. 4. ὁ Περσικὸς or τὸ Περσικὸν a Persian dance.

Περσίς, ιδος, ποët. fem. of Περσικός, Persian. II. as Subst. I. (sub. γῆ), Persis, Persia. 2. (sub. γυνή), a Persian woman. 3. (sub. χλαῖνα), a Persian cloak.

Περσιστί, Adv. (Περσίζω) in Persian fashion, in the Persian tongue.

Περσο-διώκτης, ου, δ, (Πέρσης, διώκω) pursuer of the Persians.

Περσο-νομέομαι, Pass. to be governed by the Persian laws or by Persians. From

Περσο-νόμος, ον, (Πέρσης, νέμω) ruling Persians. περίστι or -ιν, Adv. (πέρας) a year ago, last year; ἡ περίστι κωμῳδία the comic play of last year. Hence περιστίνος, ἡ, ὄν, of last year, last year's.

Πέρφερες, οί, the name of the five officers who escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.

πεσᾶ, Adv., Dor. for πεσῆ.

πέσει, Ep. for ἔπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πίπτω.

πεσεῖν Ep. πεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πίπτω.

πέσημα, ατος, τό, (πεσεῖν) a fall: a falling or fallen body.

πέσος, τό, = πέσημα, πῶμα, a fall, slaughter.

πεσοῦμαι, fut. med. of πίπτω.

Πεσοσεία Att. πεττ-, ἡ, the game of draughts. From πεσοσεῖν Att. πεττ-, (πεσοσός) to play at draughts. ΠΕΣΣΟ-ΝΟΜΕῶ, f. ἦσω, (πεσοσός, νέμω) to set the πεσοσοί in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.

ΠΕΣΣΟΣ Att. πέττός, δ, pl. πεσοσοί and πεσοά, an oval-shaped stone for playing a game like our draughts, mostly in plur. 2. in pl. also the board on which the game was played: it was divided by five lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the middle line was called ἐπαρὰ γραμμῆ. 3. πεσοσοί, οί, also, the place in which the game was played: the game itself.

ΠΕΨΣΩ Att. πέττω, later also πέπτω: fut. πέψω: aor. I ἔπεψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέψθην: pf. πέπεμμαι, inf. πεπέφθαι:—to soften, make soft: of the suet, to ripen.

II. to boil: generally, to cook, dress: also to bake; Med., πέσσεσθαι πέμματα to bake oneself cakes. III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat. coquere, concoquere. 2. metaph. to stomach or digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so γέρα πεσοσέμεν (Ep. for πέσσειν) to brood over or dwell on one's honours; βέλος πέσσειν to nurse or bave to heal the wound of a dart.

Πέσων, οῦσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πίπτω.

πέταλοσμός, δ, petalism, a mode of banishing citizens practised in Syracuse, like the δστρακισμός of Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citizen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherd. From

πέταλον Ion. πέτηλον, τό, a leaf: hence 2. used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf. ψῆφος. (Properly neut. from πέταλος.)

πέταλος Ion. πέτηλος, η, ον, (πετάννυμι) spread out, unfolded, broad, flat. II. metaph. full-grown.

πέτᾶμαι, = πέτομαι, q. v.

ΠΕΤΑΝΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: f. πετάσω [ᾶ] Att. πετώ: aor. I ἐπέτασα Ep. πέτασα and πέτασσα: Pass., aor. ἐπετάσθη Ep. πέτασθη: pf. πεπέτασσα Ep. πέταμαι: Ep. plqrfl. ἐπεπτάμην, πεπτάμην:—to spread, stretch out, unfold, unfurl, expand: metaph., θυμόν πετάσαι to open one's heart:—pf. pass. πέπταμαι, to be spread on all sides, to be widely extended; part. πεπταμένος, η, ον, spread wide, opened wide, of folding doors.

πέτασε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of πετάννυμι.

πέτασμα, ατος, τό, (πετάννυμι) anything spread out: in plur. bangings, curtains, carpets.

πέτασσας, Ep. aor. I part. of πετάννυμι.

πέτ-αυρον or πέτ-ευρον, τό, (πέταυρος Aeol. for μετέωρος) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on.

πετεινός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. πετεινός, Ion. πετηνός and πετενός, able to fly, winged, flying: πετηνά, πετηνά winged creatures, fowls of the air. 2. of young birds, fledged.

πέτευρον, τό, = πέταυρον.

πέτηλον, τό, Ion. for πέταλον.

πετοῖσαι, Dor. for πεσοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of *πίπτω*.

ΠΕΤΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐπετόμην Ep. πετόμην: f. πέτησομαι, shortd. πτήσομαι: sync. aor. 2 ἐπέτομην, inf. πτέσθαι, part. πτόμενος; also ἐπτάμην, Ep. 3 sing. subj. πτήται for πτάται, inf. πάσθαι, part. πτάμενος. Dep.—but there is also an aor. 2 ἔπτην, inf. πτήναι, part. πτάς, as if from ἔπτημι:—there is also a present πέταμαι: ποτάομαι, πατάομαι are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any quick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., πέτου fly! i. e. make haste.

II. metaph. to be on the wing, flutter, Lat. *volitare*; ὄρνις πετόμενος a bird ever on the wing. 2. to fly abroad, be bruited abroad.

πετόντεσσι, Aeol. and poet. for πεσοῦσι, aor. 2 part. dat. pl. of *πίπτω*.

ΠΕΤΡΑ Ion. πέτρα, ἡ, a rock, crag, Lat. *rupes*, *scopulus*; πέτρος being a stone, Lat. *saxum*: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), λέϊος πετρίων free from rocks:—pl. πέτραι, masses of rock: διάτομος πέτρα a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence

πετραῖος, α, ον, rocky, of or belonging to a rock, living among the rocks.

πετρῆ-γενής, ἐς, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born.

πετρηῆς, ἐσσα, εν, (πέτρα) rocky.

πετρη-εφής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with rock.

πετρήρης, ἐς, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πετρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πέτρα. [Ὶ]

πέτριος, η, ον, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πετροβολία, ἡ, a stoning. From

πετρο-βόλος, ον, (πέτρα, βαλεῖν) throwing stones.

πετρό-κοιτος, ον, (πέτρα, κοίτη) sleeping on rock.

πετρο-ρίψής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ῥίψηναι) hurled from a rock.

ΠΕΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, a piece of rock, a stone; cp. πέτρα.

πετρο-τόμος, ον, (πέτρα, τεμείν) cutting or beving stones: as Subst., πετροτόμος, ὁ, a stone-cutter.

πετρόω, ἰ. ὤσω, (πέτρος) to stone:—Pass. to be stoned.

πετρ-ώγης, ἐς, (πέτρα or πέτρος, εἶδος) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πέτρωμα, ατος, τό, (πετρώω) a piece of stone or rock. II. a stoning; λευσίμω πετρώματι θανείν to die by stoning.

πετρία, πεττεύω, πεττός, Att. for πεσσ—

πέττω, Att. for πέσσα.

ΠΕΥΘΟΜΑΙ, poet. for the prose πυνθάνομαι: impf. ἐπευθόμην. Hence

πευθώ, οὖς, ἡ, tidings, news.

πευκαίεις, Dor. for πευκαίης.

πευκάλιμος [ᾗ], η, ον, lengthd. Ep. form of πικινύς (cf. λευγάλεος, λυγρός), wise, prudent.

πευκεδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (πέυκη) keen, piercing.

ΠΕΥΤ'ΚΗ, ἡ, the fir, Lat. *picea*. II. anything made from the wood or resin of the fir, a torch of fir-wood. Hence

πευκαίης Dor. πευκαίεις, ἐσσα, εν, of or made of fir,

πέυκηεν σκάφος, a boat of fir-wood. II. metaph. sbarp, keen, piercing.

πέυκινος, η, ον, (πέυκη) of or made of fir-wood; πέυκινα δάκρυα tears of the fir, i. e. the gum or resin that exudes from it.

πέυσομαι Dor. πευσσομαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι.

πευστήριος, α, ον, of or for enquiry: ἡ πευστηρία (sub. θυσία) a sacrifice for learning the will of the gods.

πέφάνθαι, pf. pass. inf. of φαίνω.

πέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of φαίνω. II. 3 plur. pf. pass. of *φένω.

πέφραγμα, Att. for πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφασμαι, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί: part. πεφασμένος, η, ον, brought to light, made manifest.

πέφευγός, pf. part. of φεύγω.

πέφηναι, pf. of φαίνω.

πεφήσομαι, poet. paulo-p. fut. of φαίνω.

πεφήσομαι, part. paulo-p. fut. of *φένω.

πεφιδέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of φείδομαι.

πεφιδήσομαι, Ep. paulo-p. fut. of φείδομαι.

πεφιδόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 opt. of φείδομαι.

πεφιλᾶμένος, Dor. for πεφιλημένος, pf. pass. part. of φιλέω.

πέφμιωσο, pf. pass. imperat. of φιμίω.

πέφνε, πεφνέμεν, πέφνων, etc., v. sub *φένω.

πεφοβήγato, Ep. 3 pl. plrpf. of φοβέομαι.

πεφοβημένος, η, ον, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv.

πεφοβημένος, timorously.

πεφορτισμένος, pf. pass. part. of φορτίζω.

πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω: Ep. inf.

πεφραδέειν and πεφραδέμεν.

πέφρῦκα, pf. of φρίσσω: poet. part. πεφρῦκοτες.

πέφρῦσι, Ep. for πεφρῦκασσι, 3 pl. pf. of φνῶ.

πεφυγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φεύγω.

πεφυζότες, Ep. for πεφευγότες, nom. pl. pf. part.

from pres. *φύζω, = φεύγω.

πέφῦκα, pf. of φνῶ.

πέφῦκα, Ep. pres. formed from pf. πέφῦκα: Ep. impf. πέφῦκον.

πέφυλαγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φυλάσσω:

—Adv. πεφυλαγμένος, cautiously, guardedly.

πεφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.

πεφῦτια, Ep. for πεφυκῖα, pf. part. fem. of φνῶ.

πεφῦώτες, Ep. for πεφυκότες, pf. part. pl. of φνῶ.

πη Ion. κη Dor. πᾶ, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somehow: οὐδέ πη in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about.

3. of Space, by some way, to some place. 3. πῆ μὲν . . . , πῆ δὲ . . . now one way, now another; partly . . . , partly . . .

II. πῆ; Ion. κῆ; Dor. πᾶ; interrog. Particle: I. of Manner, how? also why? in Att. how? 2. of Space, which way? Lat. *qua*? also where?

πηγάζω, f. ἄσω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush forth.

II. trans. to make to gush forth.

πηγαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πηγή) from a well or spring.

ΠΗΓΑΨΑΝΟΝ, τό, rue, Lat. *ruta*: proverb., οὐδ' ἐν σελίνῳ οὐδ' ἐν πηγάνῳ, not even at the parsley nor the rue, i. e. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or hardened: boar-frost, rime.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim. of Πηγάσος. [ᾗ]

Πηγάσις, ἴδος, fem. Adj. of Pegasus; Πηγαῖσις κρήνη = Ἴππου κρήνη: see Πηγάσος.

Πηγάσος, ὁ, Pegasus, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs (πηγαί) of Ocean, near which she was killed. Later he was supposed to be the winged horse which Bellerophon rode when he slew Chimaera, under whose hoof the fountain Hippocrene (Ἴππου κρήνη) sprang up on Helicon.

πηγεῖσ-μαλλος, ον, (πήγνυμι, μαλλός) thick-fleeced.

ΠΗΓΗ' Dor. παγά, ἡ, a spring, well, Lat. *fons*; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, πηγαῖ ποταμῶν river waters: metaph. of anything liquid, πηγαῖ δακρύων the source or fount of tears, i. e. the eyes; also, πηγή ἀκουούσα the fount of hearing, i. e. the ear; πηγαῖ γάλακτος streams of milk; πηγή πυρός the source of fire; also, πηγή ἀργύρου a well (i. e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πήγμα, ατος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened together: metaph. a bond, obligation.

ΠΗΓΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: fut. πήξω: aor. I ἔπηξα Ep. πήξα: Pass., pres. πήγνυμαι: fut. πήξομαι: aor. I ἐπήχθην, aor. 2 ἐπάγχην [ᾗ]: pf. πέπηγα, but the pf. med. πέπηγα is mostly used in this sense:—to stick or fix in, make firm or fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκηπὴν πήγνυμαι to fix or pitch a tent; and Med., σκηπὰς πήξασθαι to fix their tents:—Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon. II. to fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., ἄμαξαν πήξασθαι to build oneself a wagon. III.

to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:—Pass. to be or become stiff, be frozen. IV. metaph. to make fast, fix, Lat. *pangere*; ὄρκος παγείς a sure and steadfast oath.

πηγός, ἡ, ὄν, (πήγνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong.

πηγύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) covered with boar-frost, frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον, τό, (πηδόν) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεύγλαι or ζευκτήρια): the upper part with the tiller being called οἶαξ. 2. metaph. of a horse's reins or bridle. [ᾗ]

ΠΗΔΑΨΑΝ, Ion. inf. πηδέειν: fut. ἦσω or -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐπήδησα:—to spring, bound, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πήδημα πηδᾶν to

take a leap; hence πηδᾶν μείζονα (sub. πηδήματα) to take a greater leap: but πεδία πηδᾶν to bound over the plains. II. to leap, throbb, beat, esp. of the pulse.

πήδημα, ατος, τό, (πηδάω) a leaping, bounding: a beating or throbbing of the heart.

ΠΗΔΟΣ, ὁ, or ΠΗΨΑΔΟΝ, τό, the flat or blade of an oar:—an oar.

πηκτός, ἴδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) an ancient sort of harp with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also called μαγάδις. 2. a shepherd's rife.

πηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πήγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II. well put together, compact. 2. ἡ πηκτή a sort of cage to catch birds. 3. τὰ πηκτὰ (Dor. πακτὰ) τῶν δωματίων the barriers of the house, the door. III. solid, thick, congealed, curdled: ἡ πηκτὴ Dor. πακτὰ, cream-cheese.

πήλαι, πήλας, aor. I inf. and part. of πάλλω. πήλε, Ep. for ἐπήλε, 3 sing. aor. I of πάλλω. Πηλείδης, ον Ep. εω and αω, ὁ, patronymic of Πηλεῖς, son of Peleus, Achilles.

Πηλείωνος, ονος, ὁ, the same as Πηλείδης: Adv. Πηλείωνάδε, to the son of Peleus. Πηλεῦς, ἔως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, Peleus, son of Aeacus, husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly.

Πηληϊάδης, εω, ὁ, Ep. for Πηλείδης. Πηληῖος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. Adj. (Πηληῖος, Ep. gen. of Πηλεῖς) of or belonging to Peleus.

πήληξ, ηκος, ἡ, (πήλαι) a helmet, casque. Πηληϊάδος, ἡ, ὄν, of Mount Pelion.

Πηλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Πήλιος) of or from Mount Pelion.

πηλικός [ι], ἡ, ον, interrog. of τηλικός, ἡλικός, how great? how much? how old? Lat. *quantus?*

πήλιος, ἡ, ον, (πηλός) of clay, earthen, Lat. *lutens*. Πήλιον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence Πηλιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, of or from Pelion.

πηλοβάτης [ᾗ], ον, ὁ, (πηλός, βαίνω) mud-walker, name of a frog.

πηλοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build of clay. From πηλο-δομος, ον, (πηλός, δέμω) clay-built.

πηλο-πλάθος [ᾗ], ον, (πηλός, πλάσσω) moulding clay: as Subst., πηλοπλάθος, ὁ, a potter.

ΠΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, clay, such as was used by the potter, Lat. *lutum*: also mud, Lat. *coenum*.

πηλο-ουργός, ὄν, (πηλός, ἔργον) working in clay: as Subst., πηλοουργός, ὁ, a worker in clay.

πηλοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry clay. From πηλο-φόρος, ον, (πηλός, φέρω) carrying clay.

πηλό-χυτος, ον, (πηλός, χέω) cast in clay, earthen.

πηλό-ῶδης, ἐς, (πηλός, εἶδος) like clay, clayey, of the consistency of clay.

πήμα, ατος, τό, (πήσομαι, fut. of πάσχω) suffering misery, woe: also of a person, πῆμά τινα a bane or sorrow to . . . Hence

πημαῖνος: f. ἀνώ Ion. ἀνέω: aor. I ἐπήμηνα: Med. fut. πημᾶνούμαι (in pass. sense): Pass., aor. I ἐπη-

πιθοίγια, τό, (πίθος, οἶγγυμι) *the cask-opening, a festival on the first day of the Anthesteria.*

πιθόμην, Ep. for ἐπιθόμην, aor. 2 med. of πείθω.

πίθος, ὁ, *a wine-jar made of earthenware.* [Ὶ]

πίθων, ὁ, = πίθηκος, an ape. [Ὶ]

πίθων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πείθω.

πικραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (πικρός) *to make sharp or bitter* : metaph. *to embitter, anger* :—Pass. *to grow angry.*

πικρία, ἡ, (πικρός) *bitterness* : of temper, bitterness, malice, venom, spleen.

πικρό-γάμος, ον, (πικρός, γαμέω) *embittered in marriage, unhappily wedded.*

πικρό-γλωσσος, ον, (πικρός, γλωῦσσα) *of sharp or bitter tongue.*

πικρό-καρπος, ον, (πικρός, καρπός) *bearing bitter fruit.*

ΠΙΚΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *sharp, keen, piercing* : of taste, sharp, pungent, bitter : of sound, sharp, piercing, shrill. 2. of persons, words, acts, etc., bitter, cruel, harsh, stern, morose, severe : also hateful, hostile. II. Comp. and Sup. πικρότερος, -ότατος, never πικρώτερος, -ώτατος. Hence

πικρότητος, ητος, ἡ, *bitterness* : barsbness, cruelty.

πικρό-χολος, ον, (πικρός, χολή) *with bitter gall* : splenetic.

πικρῶς, Adv. of πικρός, *sharply, barsbly, bitterly, cruelly.*

πίλω, = πιλάω :—Pass. *to be close pressed.*

πίλιδιον, τό, Dim. of πίλος, *a little felt-bat*, Lat. pileolus. [Λῖ]

πί-λιπής, ἐς, (πί, λιπέω) *wanting the letter πῖ.*

πίλνω, = πελάζω, *to bring near to* :—Pass. *πίλνωμαι, to draw near to, approach, encounter, c. dat.*

ΠΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, *wool or hair wrought into felt, felt, felt-cloth.*

II. *a felt-cap, hat* ; πίλος χαλκοῦς *a brasn hat, i. e. helmet* : also *a felt cuirass.*

πίλοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, *used to wear a felt-bat.* From

πίλο-φόρος, ον, (πίλος, φέρω) *wearing a felt-bat.*

πίλω, f. ὤσω, (πίλος) *to press wool so as to make it into felt, to felt wool* : hence *to press close, squeeze tight.*

πίμελή, ἡ, (πίων, πῖαρ) *fat*, Lat. adeps. Hence

πίμελής, ἐς, *fat*, Lat. pinguis.

πίμπαντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πιμπάνω, ποῖτ. for πίμπλημι, hence pres. med. πιμπάνεται for πίμπληται.

πιμπλέω, = πίμπλημι : Ion. part. pl. fem. πιμπλεῦσα.

ΠΙΜΠΛΗΜΙ, inf. πιμπλάω [ἄ] : 3 pl. impf. ἐπιμπλάσαν : (tenses formed from πλήθω) : fut. πλήσω : aor. I ἐπλήσα, med. ἐπλησάμην : Pass., aor. I ἐπλήσθην : pf. ἐπέπλησαι :—also, Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτο, πλήντο, imperat. πλήσο, opt. πλημην or πλείμην :—to fill, fill up, fill full of a thing, c. acc. pers. et gen. rei ; or to fill with a thing, c. dat. rei. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to fill full, satisfy, glut. 3. to fulfil, discharge an office. II. Med. to fill for oneself, or what is one's own. III.

Pass. *to become or be full of* : to be filled, satisfied, have enough of a thing.

ΠΙΜΠΡΗΜΙ, inf. πιμπράω [ἄ] : (tenses formed from πρήθω) ; fut. πρήσω : aor. I ἐπρήσα : Pass., aor. ἐπρήσθην : pf. ἐπέπρησαι :—to kindle, burn, set on fire :—Pass. πίμπραμαι, to be burnt, set on fire, consumed.

πῖν, ποῖτ. inf. of ἔπιον, aor. 2 of πίνω.

πινάκηδον, Adv. (πίναξ) *like planks.*

πινάκιον, τό, Dim. of πίναξ, *a little tablet*, esp. that on which the judges (δικασταί) wrote their verdict of guilty or not guilty, Lat. tabella.

πινάκιος, ὁ, = πινάκιον.

πινάκο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πίναξ, πωλέω) *one who sells small birds ranged upon a board.*

ΠΙΝΑΞ, ὁκος, ὁ, *a board, plank* : *a writing-tablet* : *a votive tablet.* 2. *a wooden trencher, dish, plate, or platter.* 3. *a board for painting on, a picture.* Lat. tabula. 4. *a plate engraved or written upon* : *a chart or map.* 5. *a board for public notices* : *a register, list.*

πινᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πίνος) *dirty, squalid.*

πινᾶω, (πίνος) *to be dirty.*

πινέμεν, πινέμεναι, Ep. inf. of πίνω.

πίνεσκον [Ὶ], Ion. impf. of πίνω.

πίνηρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for πιναρός.

ΠΙΝΝΑ and πίννη, ἡ, *a kind of muscle, the pinna.*

πιννο-τήρης, ον, ὁ, (πίννα, τηρέω) *a small crab that lives in the pinna's shell* : metaph. *a little parasite.*

πίνεις, εσσα, εν = πιναρός.

ΠΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, dirt, filth, Lat. squalor. [Ὶ]

πινύσκω : aor. I ἐπίνυσσα ; pass. ἐπίνυσθην : (πέ-πυμαι, pf. pass. of πνέω) :—to make wise or prudent, admonish, instruct, inform. Hence

πινύτη, ἡ, *understanding, wisdom.*

πινύτης, ἡτος Dor. ἄτος, ἡ, = πινυτή.

πινύτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πινύσσω) *wise, understanding.*

πινυτό-φρον, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πινυτός, φρήν) *of wise or understanding mind.*

ΠΙΝΩ [Ὶ] : fut. πίομαι : aor. 2 ἔπιον, imperat. πῖε, also πῖθι, inf. πῖεν : from Root ΠΙΟ—come pf. πέπωκα, aor. I pass. ἐπόθη : pf. pass. inf. πεπόσθαι :—to drink, Lat. bibo ; c. gen. to drink of a thing : metaph. to drink up, absorb : pf. πέπωκα, to have drunk, to be drunken.

πινῶδης, ἐς, (πίνος, εἶδος) *dirty, squalid.*

πίομαι, fut. of πίνω : but also used as pres. med.

πίων, Ep. aor. 2 of πίνω.

πίως, α, ον, ποῖτ. for πίων.

πίότης, ητος, ἡ, (πίος, πίων) *fatness, richness.*

πίπασκω, f. πίω [Ὶ] : aor. I ἐπίσα : Causal of πίνω, to give to drink, c. dupl. acc. ; πίω σφε Δίρκας ὕδωρ I will give them the water of Dirce's drink.

πίπλω, ποῖτ. for πίμπλημι, impf. ἔπιπλον, to fill.

πιππίζω, f. ἴσω, to chirp like young birds. (Formed from the sound.)

πιπράσκω Ion. πιπρήσκω, redupl. form of περάω :

pf. *πέπρακα*: Pass., fut. I *πρήθσομαι*, *paullo*-p. fut. *πεπράσομαι* [ᾶ]: aor. I *πέπραθην* [ᾶ]: pf. *πέπραμαι* Ion. —*πραί*: (*περάω*):—to sell beyond seas, like *περάω*: generally, to sell:—Pass. to be sold: metaph. to be bought and sold, i. e. betrayed.

πίπτω, for *πι-πέτω*, redupl. from Root **ΠΕΤ-**: Ep. impf. *πίπτον*: fut. *πεσοῦμαι* Ion. *πεσομαι*: aor. 2 *έπεσον*, inf. *πεσείν*: pf. *πέπτωκα*, Ep. part. *πεπτώς* and *πεπτώς*, —*έωτος* Att. *πεπτώς*, —*ώτος*, syncop. from *πεπτωκώς*:—to fall, fall down; c. acc. cognato, *πίπτεν πτώματα*, *πεσήματα*: absol. in pf. *πέπτωκα*, to be fallen, lie low.

II. Special usages: *πίπτεν έν τινι* to fall upon a thing violently, to attack. 2. *πίπτεν έκ τινος* to fall out of or lose a thing, Lat. *decidere de* . . ; *έκ θυμού πίπτεν τινι* to fall out of or lose one's favour.

3. *πίπτεν μετά ποσῶ γυναικός* to fall between the feet of a woman, i. e. to be born.

4. to fall in fight. 5. to fall, sink, leave off; *άνεμος πέσε* the wind fell. 6. *πίπτεν ύπό τινος* to fall by another's hand, to be overthrown, overcome; *δ στρατός αύτός ύπ' έωντου έπεσε* the army failed of itself, Lat. *mole sua corruit*.

7. to fall short, fail: of a play, to fail, Lat. *cadere*. 8. of the dice, to fall in a certain position; *τά δεσποτών εύ πεσόντα θήσομαι* I shall count my master's throws lucky: generally, *εύ or καλώς πίπτεν*, to be lucky:—so also, to fall, turn out, happen.

πίρωμα, an Egypt. word = *καλός κάγαθος*, noble. **πίσιος**, η, ον, (*πίσιος*) made of peas, *έτινος πίσιονος* pea-soup.

ΠΙΨΟΣ, a kind of pulse, the pea, Lat. *pisum*. [Ὶ] **πίσος**, τό, (*πίσω* fut. of *πιπίσκω*) only in nom. and acc. pl. *πίσα*, moist lands, meadows.

ΠΙΨΣΑ Att. *πίττα*, ή, *pitch*, Lat. *pix*: proverb., *μελάντερον ήστε πίσσα* blacker than pitch.

πισήγηρος, ες, (*πίσσα*) of or like pitch, *pitchy*. **πίσιόνιος** Att. *πίτινιος*, η, ον, (*πίσσα*) pitched over, coated with pitch.

πισσώ Att. *πιττ-*, f. *ώσω*, to pitch, cover with pitch. **πίστευμα**, τό, (*πιστεύω*) a pledge of good faith.

πιστευτικός, ή, όν, disposed to trust, confiding. From **πιστεύω**, f. *σω*, (*πίστις*) to believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing: absol., *χαλεπόν πιστεύειν* hard to believe; *πιστεύειν είς τινα* to believe on a person:—Pass. to be believed or trusted.

2. to believe, comply, obey. II. c. inf. to believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is: also c. dat. et inf. to trust to one, rely on one to do so and so.

III. to entrust or confide something to another.

πιστικός, ή, όν, (*πίνω*) drinkable, liquid. **πιστικός**, ή, όν, (*πίστις*) trusty, faithful. 2. persuasive.

3. pure, genuine. **πίστις**, εως, ή, (*πειθώ*, *πειθόμαι*) trust in others, faith, belief; Lat. *fides*, *fiducia*; *πίστις θεών* faith in the gods: persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance. 2. good faith, faithfulness, honesty, Lat. *fides*. 3. credit, trust; *εις πίστιν δίδουαι* to give in trust. II. that

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant; *πίστιν καί όρκια ποιείσθαι* to exchange assurances and oaths. 2. a means of persuasion, an argument, proof.

πιστός, ή, όν, (*πίνω*) drinkable, liquid; *τά πιστά* liquid medicines, draughts.

πιστός, ή, όν, (*πειθώ*) of persons, faithful, trusty, true: in Persia οι *πιστοί* or *τά πιστά* were confidential officers about the court, privy-councillors; *πιστά πιστών*, like *έσχαρ' έσχάτω*, = *πιστότατοι*, most trusty. 2. believed, trusted.

II. of things, trustworthy, sure, deserving belief: credible. 2.

τό πιστόν, as Subst., a pledge, security, warrant; *πιστόν* or *πιστά δούλαι καί λαβείν* to give and receive pledges: also *τό πιστόν* = *πίστις*, good faith.

III. act. believing, relying on. 2. obedient. Hence

πισότης, ητος, ή, good faith, honour, faithfulness. **πιστώ**, f. *ώσω*, (*πιστός*) to make faithful or trustworthy, bind by a pledge or engagement.

II. Pass. to be made trustworthy, give a pledge or warrant; *όρκια πιστωθήναι* to pledge oneself by oath.

2. to feel trust, to be persuaded; *πιστωθείς*, trusting, confiding.

III. Med. to give one another pledges or guarantees, exchange troth. 2. *πιστούσθαι τινα ύψ' όρκων* to secure his good faith, bind him by oaths.

πίστρα, ή, (*πίνω*) a drinking-trough or cup.

πίστρον, τό, (*πίνω*) = *πίστρα*.

πίστωμα, ατος, τό, (*πιστός*) an assurance, guarantee, pledge.

3. *γγραλέα πιστώματα* = *πιστοί γέροντες*, as *πιστά* *Περσών* is used for *πιστοί* *Περσών*.

πιστώω, Adv. of *πιστός*, faithful; *persuasiuely*.

πιστώσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of *πιστώω*.

πιστώνος, η, ον, (*πειθώ*) trusting on, relying or depending on, confiding in, c. dat.

πισύρες, οι, αι, *πίσσα*, τά, Aeol. for *τέσσαρες*, τέσσαρα.

πίσω [Ὶ], fut. of *πιπίσκω*.

πίνα, Ep. for *έπίνα*, 3 sing. impf. of *πίνημι*.

πίνας, ασα, αν, part. of *πίνημι*.

πίνημι, collat. form of *πέταννυμι*, to spread out, extend, expand.

πίνω, = *πετάννυμι*, to spread out: impf. *έπιπνον*.

πίνω [Ὶ], poet. form of *πίτω*, used metri grat. when the penult. is required to be short, as *μίμνω* is used for *μένα*, when the penult. is to be long.

πίττα, ή, Att. for *πίσσα*.

πίττινος, η, ον, Att. for *πίσινος*.

πιττώ, Att. for *πισσώω*.

πιτύ-κάμπης, ον, ό, = *πιτυο-κάμπης*.

πιτύλευω, f. *σω*, (*πίτυλος*) to fly the plashing oar.

ΠΙΤΥΛΟΣ [Ὶ], ό, the measured plash of oars; *ένι πιτύλω* with one stroke.

II. the plash of falling drops; *πίτυλος σκύφον* the plash of wine poured into a cup.

2. the noise made by a quick succession of blows, as, the beating of the breast, clapping of the bands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear. 3. metaph. of any violent gestures, frantic passion.

πίτυο-κάμπτῆς, ου, ὁ, (πίτυς, κάμπτω) *the pine-bender*, epith. of the robber Sinis, who killed travellers by tying them between two pine-trees bent down so as nearly to meet, and then let go.

πίτυο-τρέφος, ου, (πίτυς, τρέφω) *growing pines*.

πίτυρον, τό, (πίτσω) *bran, the husk of corn*: generally, *refuse*, Lat. *furfur, furfurā*; mostly used in pl.

ΠΙΤΥΣ, vos, ἡ, ποίτ. dat. pl. πίτυσιν: *the pine-tree*, Lat. *pinus*: proverb., *πίτυος δίκην ἐκτρίβεσθαι* to be destroyed like a *pine-tree*, i. e. utterly, because the pine-tree once cut down never grows again.

πίτυο-στεπτος, ου, (πίτυς, στέφω) *pine-crowned*.

πιφάυσκω, (redupl. form of φαίνω, akin to φάσκω, as διδάσκω to δαίω), only used in pres. and impf. to let be seen, shew, reveal by a token: mostly, to shew by words, to make known, tell, declare, reveal. 2.

πιφάυσκομαι as Dep. to make manifest, make known, declare.

πίω, aor. 2 subj. of πίνω.

ΠΙΩΝ [ῖ], ὁ, ἡ, neut. πίων, gen. πίωνος:—Lat. *PINGUIS*, *fat, plump, sleek*, of animals: *oily, rich*. II. of soil, *fat, rich, fertile*: also *wealthy*. III. Comp. and Sup. *πιότερος, πίοτατος* (as if from πῖος).

πίων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πίνω.

πλαγά, Dor. for πληγή.

πλάγιαίω, f. άσω, (πλάγιος) to turn sideways or slanting, turn aside: to tack to and fro.

πλάγι-αυλος, ὁ, (πλάγιος, αὐλός) *the cross flute, German flute*.

πλάγιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, placed sideways, slanting, albwart; eis πλάγιον sideways; τὰ πλάγια the sides, in military sense, the flanks of an army; eis τὰ πλάγια right and left; κατὰ πλάγια in flank; ἐκ πλαγίου on the flank; παγίους λαβεῖν τοὺς πολέμους to take the enemy in flank. II. metaph. sideways, askance, treacherous.

πλάγιόω, (πλάγιος) to turn or move sideways.

πλαγιός, Adv. of πλάγιος, askant.

πλαγκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πλάζω) act. *he that leads astray, a misleader*. 2. pass. *a wanderer, rover*.

πλαγκτός, ἦ, ὄν, also ἄς, ὄν, (πλάζω) *wandering, roaming*.

II. metaph. *wandering in mind, distraught, unsettled*. Hence

πλαγκτοσύνη, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*.

πλάγζομαι, fut. med. of πλάζω.

πλάγθῆναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πλάζω.

πλάδῆρός, ἄ, ὄν, wet, moist. From

ΠΛΑΨΩ, ὁ, moisture.

ΠΛΑΨΩ: Ep. impf. πλάζων: f. πλάγξω: aor. I ἐπλαγξα:—to make to wander or roam, drive from the right course, cast away: metaph. to lead astray: generally, to mislead, seduce. II. Pass., with fut. med. πλάγζομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπλάγχθην Ep. πλάγχθην, to wander, go astray: to glance or slide off.

πλάθῆνη, ἡ, (πλάσσω) *a platter or mould to bake in*.

πλάθῆνον, τό, πλάθῆνος, ὄ, = πλάθῆνη.

πλάθῆναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πελάζω.

πλάθω, collat. form of πελάζω, intr. to approach, draw near, come nigh. [ᾶ]

ΠΛΑΨΙΩΝ, τό, *an oblong figure or body; a square*: of an army, ἐν πλασιῶ τετάχθαι to be drawn up in square, Lat. *agmine quadrato*, as opp. to marching order, *agmine longo*.

πλακεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλέκω.

πλάκερός, ἄ, ὄν, (πλάξ) = πλατίς, broad.

πλάκινος, ἡ, ον, (πλάξ) *made of a board or plank, wooden*. [ᾶ]

πλάκοῦς, οὔντος, ὁ, contr. from πλακοῦεις, (πλάξ) *a flat cake*.

πλάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Dor. for πλήκτωρ.

πλάν, Dor. for πλήν.

πλᾶνώ Ion. -έω, f. ἦσω, (πλάνη) to lead astray, lead wandering about: of ships, to drive from their course: generally, to mislead, lead into error. II.

Pass. πλανᾶμαι, with fut. med. πλανήσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπλανᾶμαι, pf. πεπλανῆμαι:—to wander, roam about, stray: c. acc., πλανᾶσθαι χθόνα to wander over a land, Lat. *oberrare*: πλανᾶσθαι ἐν λόγῳ to be at a loss in one's story: to wander in mind, be at a loss.

ΠΛΑΨΗ, ἡ, *a wandering or roaming about, straying: erring, error*. [ᾶ]

πλάνημα, ατος, τό, (πλᾶνώ) *a wandering, going astray*.

πλάνης, ητος, ὁ, (πλάνη) *a wanderer, roamer, rover*, Lat. *erro*; πλάνητες ἀστέρες *wandering stars, planets*.

πλάνησις, εως, ἡ, (πλανᾶω) *a leading astray: a dispersing*. [ᾶ]

πλανήτεον, verb. Adj. of πλανᾶμαι, *one must wander*.

πλᾶνήτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ἴδος, (πλανᾶω) = πλάνης, *a wanderer*. 2. *a planet*.

πλάνιος, α, ον, ποίτ. for πλάνος.

πλαν-οδία, ἡ, (πλάνος, οδός) *a wrong way, by-way*. [plā - metri grat.]

ΠΛΑΨΝΟΣ [ᾶ], ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, act. *leading astray, deceiving*: as Subst., πλάνος, ὁ, *a deceiver*. 2. pass. *wandering, roaming*.

ΠΛΑΨΝΟΣ, ὁ, = πλάνη, *a wandering about, roaming, straying*: φροντίδους πλάνου *wanderings of thought*.

πλᾶνο-στιβής, εἶς, (πλάνος, στείβω) *trodden by wanderers*.

πλᾶνύτω, = πλανᾶομαι, to wander about.

ΠΛΑΨ, ἡ, gen. πλάκεις, *anything flat and broad, flat land, a plain*; πόντου πλάξ *the ocean plain: the flat top of a bill, table-land*:—also *a flat stone, tombstone*.

πλάξεν, Dor. for ἐπληξεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πλάσσω.

πλάξ-ιππος, ον, Dor. for πλήξιππος.

πλάσμα, ατος, τό, (πλάσσω) *anything moulded or modelled in clay or wax, an image, figure*; πλάσματα πηλοῦ *vessels of clay*. II. *that which is imitated, a forgery*.

ΠΛΑΨΣΩ Att. -τω: f. πλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπλάσα Ep. ἐπλασσα, πλάσσα: pf. πέπλακα: Pass., aor. I ἐπλάσθην: pf. πέπλασμα:—to form, mould,

shape, fashion, Lat. *figere*, of the statuary who works in clay or wax:—Pass. to be moulded, made, fashioned.

II. generally, to mould, shape, of the mind and body:—Med., *πλασάμενος τῇ ὄψει* having formed himself in face, i. e. having composed his countenance.

III. metaph. to make up, fabricate, forge: absol., *δόξω πλάσας λέγειν* I shall seem to speak from invention; *κόμπος οὐ πεπλασμένος* no false boast. Hence

πλαστής, οὐ, ὁ, fem. *πλάστειρα*, one who moulds or models, a modeller.

πλάστιγξ Ion. *πλήστιγξ*, ἰγγος, ἡ, (πλήσσω) the tongue or scale of a balance. II. a pair of scales, balance: also a yoke for horses. III. a whip.

πλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, doubtful form of *πελαστός*.

πλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλάσσω) formed, moulded, modelled. II. metaph. made up, forged, counterfeit, untrue; *πλαστὸς πατρί* a supposititious son,

πιδᾶγέω, f. ἦσω, to clap the hands loudly: to clasp, crack. II. to beat, so as to make a loud noise. From

πιδᾶγη, ἡ, (πλατάσσω) a rattle.

πιδᾶγήμα, atos, τό, (πλαταγέω) a clapping.

πιδᾶγών, ὄνος, ὁ, (πλαταγέω) anything that rattles or cracks.

πιδᾶγώνιον, τό, Dim. of *πλαταγών*, the broad petal of the poppy, which they used to lay on the hand and strike smartly; it was a good omen if it burst with a loud crack.

Πλάταια, ἡ, mostly in plur. *Πλαταιαί*, ὦν, αἱ, *Plataea*, a city in Boeotia: adverbial dat., *Πλαταιαῖσι* at *Plataea*. Hence

Πλαταιεῖς Ion. —ées Att. —ῆς, οἱ, the Plataeans.

πιδᾶμών, ἄνος, ὁ, (πλατὺς) any broad flat body: a flat stone, a flat beach.

πιδᾶνιστος, ἡ, = *πλάτανος*. Hence

πιδᾶνιστοῦς, οὐντος, ὁ, contr. for *πλατανιστόεις*, a plane-tree grove.

πιδᾶνός, ἡ, (πιδᾶνός) the oriental plane, the plane-tree, Lat. *platanus*, so called from its broad, flat leaf.

πιδᾶνία, ἡ, see *πιδᾶνός*.

πιδᾶνίζω Dor. —άσσω: f. ἄσω (πιδᾶνός):—to speak or pronounce broadly, esp. with a Doric accent.

πιδᾶνός, Adv. of *πιδᾶνός*, broadly.

πιδᾶν Dor. *πιδᾶν*, ἡ, (πιδᾶνός) the flat or broad part of anything, the blade of an oar, Lat. *palmula remi*: the whole oar. 2. a sheet of paper.

πιδᾶνός, Adv., Dor. for *πιδᾶνός*.

πιδᾶνός, ἰδος, ἡ, (πιδᾶνός) poet. for *πιδᾶνός*, a wife.

πιδᾶνός, eos, τό, (πιδᾶνός) breadth, width: absol. in acc., τὸ πιδᾶνός or πιδᾶνός in breadth.

πιδᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, (πιδᾶνός) = *πιδᾶνός*, *πιδᾶνός*.

πιδᾶνός, f. ὄσω, (πιδᾶνός) to form the flat of oars.

πιδᾶνός, f. ὄσω, (πιδᾶνός) to beat the water with the blade of an oar: to splash about: metaph. to make a splash, splutter, swagger.

πιδᾶνός—λέσχης, ου, ὁ, (πιδᾶνός, λέσχη) a babbler.

πιδᾶνός, verb. Adj. of *πιδᾶνός*, one must widen.

πιδᾶνός, f. ὄνω, (πιδᾶνός) to make broad, widen, extend:—Med., *πιδᾶνός* θασαι τὴν γῆν to widen one's territory. 2. to open wide: 3 sing. pf. pass. *πιδᾶνός* has been opened.

πιδᾶνός—νωτος, ου, (πιδᾶνός, ὄνωτος) broad-backed.

πιδᾶνός—ροος, ου, contr. —ροος, ουν, (πιδᾶνός, ἰέω) broad-flowing.

ΠΙΔᾶνός, εἶα, ὄ, Ion. fem. *πιδᾶνός*:—flat, wide, broad:—metaph., *πιδᾶνός* κατάγεως flat mockery.

2. as Subst., ἡ *πιδᾶνός* (sub. ὄδος), a street: also (sub. χεῖρ), the flat of the hand.

II. salt, brackish, because *πιδᾶνός* ὄδωρ was originally used of the sea.

III. Comp. and Sup., *πιδᾶνός*, *πιδᾶνός*.

πιδᾶνός, ητος, ἡ, (πιδᾶνός) breadth, width: generally, size, bulk. [ῆ]

πιδᾶνός, acc. of *πιδᾶνός*, q. v.

πιδᾶνός, Adv. (πιδᾶνός) in plaits or braids.

πιδᾶνός, atos, τό, (πιδᾶνός) anything twined or plaited, a net: in pl. wreaths, chaplets.

πιδᾶνός, οἱ, acc. *πιδᾶνός*, Ep. for *πιδᾶνός*, Comp. of *πιδᾶνός*, more: Dor. contr. *πιδᾶνός*.

πιδᾶνός, a, ου, of the size of a *πιδᾶνός*.

ΠΙΔᾶνός Ep. *πιδᾶνός*, τό, as measure of length, a *πιδᾶνός*, being 100 Greek or 101 English feet, the sixth part of a stade. 2. a race-course or race of this length. II. as a square measure, 10,000 square feet, about 37 perches.

Πιδᾶνός, ἄδος, ἡ, in plur. *Πιδᾶνός* Ion. *Πιδᾶνός*, αἱ, the *Pleiads*, seven daughters of Atlas and *Pleidón*, who were placed among the stars.

πιδᾶνός, εἶο, εἶτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of *πιδᾶνός*.

πιδᾶνός, Att. for *πιδᾶνός*, like *δύν* for *δέον*, more. 2. inf. of *πιδᾶνός* to sail.

πιδᾶνός, η, ου, Ion. and Ep. for *πιδᾶνός*, full.

πιδᾶνός, η, ου, Comp. of *πιδᾶνός*, fuller.

πιδᾶνός, Adv. (πιδᾶνός) most times, mostly, very often.

πιδᾶνός, es, (πιδᾶνός) manifold; ἅπας *πιδᾶνός* the whole extent of time. Hence

πιδᾶνός, Dep. to assign as the chief agent of a thing, to accuse of being the author of a thing.

πιδᾶνός—βόλος, ου, (πιδᾶνός, βαλεῖν) throwing the most, throwing the biggest.

πιδᾶνός—βροτος, ου, (πιδᾶνός, βροτός) thronged with people, crowded.

πιδᾶνός, η, ου, Sup. of *πιδᾶνός*, most, Lat. plurimus: very much; also, very great:—οἱ *πιδᾶνός* the greatest number; τὸ *πιδᾶνός* the greatest part; so also agreeing with its Noun, ὁ *πιδᾶνός* τοῦ βίου the most part of life:—ἡ *πιδᾶνός* γνώμη ἦν his opinion was mostly; *πιδᾶνός* εἰμι τῇ γνώμῃ I am mostly of opinion; ὅσοι *πιδᾶνός* the most possible; ἐν τοῖς *πιδᾶνός* about the most, like ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις:—neut. *πιδᾶνός* as Adv. most: τὸ *πιδᾶνός* for the most part:—with Preps., διὰ *πιδᾶνός* to the greatest distance; ἐπὶ *πιδᾶνός* to the greatest extent; περὶ *πιδᾶνός* of the greatest importance or value.

πλείω, Ep. pres. for πλέω, *to sail*.

πλείων or πλέων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πλείον or πλέον, gen. ονος; Ep. nom. and acc. pl. πλέες πλέας, Dor. πλείς: πλεῦν, πλεύνος, πλεύνης etc., are Ion. and Dor. for πλέων, πλέωνος, etc.: πλείν Att. for πλέον, like δεῖν for δέον: Ep. dat. pl. πλέουεσσι: Comp. of πολὺς:—*more*: also *greater, larger*, of size as well as number:—οἱ πλείους Ion. and Dor. οἱ πλείους, *the greater number*, and so, like οἱ πολλοί, *the many, the people*, opp. to the chief men; and πλεῖον *the greater part*; so also agreeing with its Noun, πλέων νύξ *the greater part of night*.

II. the neut. πλέον has various usages, *more* of a thing, Lat. *plus*; τὸ πλέον, Ion. and Dor. τὸ πλεῦν, as Adv. *mostly*; οὐ τὸ πλέον *not so much*; πλέον ἢ *more than* . . .; but the ἦ may be omitted, πλείω ἐβδομήκοντα *more than seventy*:—πλεῖον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνώμη *his opinion rather tended*; πλέον ἔχειν *to have the best of it*, opp. to ἔλαττον ἔχειν *to be beaten*:—with Preps., ἐπὶ πλέον as Adv. *more, further*; ἐς πλέον *more*; περὶ πλείονος *of more importance, of higher value*.

πλεῖών, ὄνος, ὁ, (πλείος, πλέος) *a full space of time, a year*.

πλέκος, εος, τό, (πλέκω) *anything twined or plaited, wickerwork*.

πλεκτάνω, f. ἦσω, *to twist into wreaths, coil*. From πλεκτάνη, ἡ, (πλέκω) *anything twined or plaited, a coil, wreath*; πλεκτάνη καπνοῦ *a wreath of smoke*. [ἄ] πλεκτή, ἡ, fem. of πλεκτός, *a coil, wreath*. 2. *a twisted rope, cord, string*.

πλεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) *of or for plaiting*. πλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) *plaited, twisted, twined*; πλεκτά στέγια *wicker coverings, i.e. cars*; τὰ πλεκτά *any plaited instruments, ropes*.

ΠΛΕΚΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἐπλεξα: pf. πέπλεξα: Pass., aor. I ἐπλέχθην, and aor. 2 ἐπλάκην [ἄ]: pf. πέπλεγμαι:—*to twine, twist, weave, braid, enfold*, Lat. *plico, plecto*: also *to knit*; Med., πλέξασθαι πείσμα *to twist oneself a rope*. 2. metaph. *to plan, devise, contrive*.

II. Pass. *to be plaited or woven*. 2. *to twist oneself round, and so to clasp, embrace*.

πλέων, neut. of πλέων, *more*: also neut. of πλέος, *full*. πλεονάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. πεπλεονόκη: (πλέων):—*to be more than enough, to go too far, take or claim too much*: *to presume on, c. dat.* II. *to exaggerate, overstate*.

πλεονάκις, Adv. (πλέων) *more frequently, oftener*: *too often*. [ἄ]

πλεον-εκτέω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, = πλέον ἔχω *to have or take more than another, to have or claim a larger share*; *to claim more than is one's due, to be grasping*: *to gain some advantage*. 2. c. gen. *to have or gain the advantage over another*:—Pass. *to be overreached, defrauded*. 3. c. gen. rei, *to have a greater share of a thing*; πλεονεκτεῖν ψύχους *to bear more cold*. Hence

πλεονέκτημα, ατος, τό, *an advantage, gain*: in pl. *gains, successes*.

πλεον-έκτης, ου, ὁ, = ὁ πλέων ἔχω, *one who has or claims more than his share, hence greedy, grasping, selfish*: also as Adj., λόγος πλεονέκτης *a grasping, overbearing speech*. And

πλεονεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *disposed to take more than one's share*. From

πλεονεξία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *a disposition to take more than one's share, a grasping temper, greediness, covetousness, a claiming more than one's share*. 2. *advantage, superiority*; πλεονεξία τινός *advantage over another*; ἐπὶ πλεονεξίᾳ *for one's advantage or gain*.

πλεονόως, Adv. of πλέων, *too much*. ΠΛΕΩΨ, α, ον, Ion. πλείος, η, ον, Att. πλέως, έα, έων; pl. πλέψ, πλέψ (for πλέω), πλέψ:—*full, filled*, c. gen.: hence *satisfied, cloyed*: of Time, *full, complete*. Comp. πλεῖστερος.

πλεό, ποῖτ. for ἔπλετο, 3 sing. impf. of πέλομαι.

πλεῦν, Ion. and Dor. for πλέων: so πλεύνος, πλεύνης, for πλέονος, πλέονος, etc.

πλεύσων, Adv. Ion. for πλέωνος, *too much*.

ΠΛΕΥΤΡΑ', ἄς, ἡ, *a rib, Lat. costa*: in pl. *the ribs, the side or sides*. II. later, *the page of a book*.

πλευρῖτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (πλευρά) *pain in the side, pleurisy*. πλευρῖθεν, Adv. (πλευρά) *from the side*.

πλευρο-κοπέω, f. ἦσω, (πλευρά, κόπτω) *to smite the ribs*.

ΠΛΕΥΡΟΝ, τό, *a rib, an older poet. form of πλευρά*: in pl. *the ribs, the side*.

πλευρο-τύπης, ές, (πλευρόν, τύπτω) *striking the sides*. πλεύρωμα, ατος, τό, like πλεύρῳ, *the side*.

πλεύσομαι or πλευσοῦμαι, fut. med. of πλέω.

πλευσούω, verb. Adj. of πλέω, *one must sail*.

πλευστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέω) *fit for sailing, fair*.

ΠΛΕΨΩ Ep. πλείω: fut. πλεύσομαι or πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἔπλευσα: pf. πέπλευκα; Pass., aor. I ἐπλεύσθην: pf. πέπλευσμαι: cp. the Ion. form πλώω:—*to sail, go by sea*; c. acc. cognato, ἔγρὰ κέλευθα πλεῖν *to sail the watery ways*:—*to swim, float*:—metaph. *πλεῖν κατ' ὀρθόν* *to go on prosperously*.

πλώω, Att. nom. and acc. neut. pl. of πλέω, *more*.

πλέων, neut. πλέον, for πλείων, q. v.

πλέως, πλέας, πλέων, pl. πλέψ, πλέψ (for πλέαι), πλέās, full, Att. for πλέος.

πληγείς, εῖσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλήσσω.

πληγή, ἡ, (πλήσσω) *a blow, stroke, stripe*:—also *a wound, Lat. plāga*: also *a beating or fighting with clubs*: metaph. *a blow, stroke, shock*.

πληγήμα, ατος, τό, = πληγή.

πλήθος, εος, τό, (πίμπλημι) *a great number, a mass, throng, crowd*: *the greater part, the mass, main body*; hence *the people, the commons*: also *the government of the people, democracy*. II. *number or quantity*: also *magnitude, size, bulk*. III. *sometimes length, duration of Time*.

πληθύνω [ῶ], f. ὑνώ, (πληθύς) *to make full*: *to increase, multiply*: Pass. *to increase (intr.)*, *to be completed*; of persons, *to be fully resolved*. II. intr. = πληθύω.

πληθύς, ὅς, ἦ, Ep. dat. πληθυῖ, Ion. for πλήθος, a throng, crowd.

πληθύνω, (πληθύς) to be or become full; ἀγορῆς πληθυσίως when the market-place becomes full: of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound: to increase in number: to spread, prevail; ὁ πληθύνων λόγος the current story.

πλήθω, ρί. ἐπέπληθα: (πλέος)—to be or become full; πλήθουσα σελήνη the moon at the full: of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to complete a space of time.

πληθώρα, ἦ, (πλήθω) fulness: satiety.
 πλῆκτης, ου, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, quarrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. II.
 to beat one's breast for grief, Lat. plangere. III.
 to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, ὁ, (πληκτίζομαι) dalliance.
 πλῆκτρον, τό, (πλήσσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. plectrum. 2. a spear-point. 3. a cock's spur, Lat. calcar. 4. a punting-pole or paddle.

πλήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler.
 πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.
 πλημμέλεια, ἦ, (πλημμέλῃς) a mistake in music, false note: generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμελέω, f. ἦσω, (πλημμελῆς) to make a false note in music: to err, offend:—Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-treated or insulted. Hence

πλημμέλημα, ατος, τό, = πλημμέλεια.
 πλημ-μελής, ἐς, (πλήν, μέλος) out of tune, making a false note: generally, erring, faulty, offending: of things, unpleasant, barsb. Adv. -ῶς.

πλήμμη, ἦ, = πλήσμη.
 πλημμῦρα, ἦ, = πλημμυρίς, flood-tide: a flood. Hence

πλημμῦρέω, f. ἦσω, to overflow.
 πλημμυρίς, ἰδος, ἦ, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide; πλημμυρίς ἐκ πόντου the flood setting in towards land: generally, a flood, deluge. [ῥ Ep., ῥ Att.]

πλήμμη, ἦ, (πλήθω) the nave of a wheel.
 πλήν, (properly contr. from πλέον, more than), beyond: I. as Prep., with gen. except, save. II. as Adv. besides, unless, save, except; πλήν ὅσον except so far as: it is often followed by some conjunct; πλήν ὅταν save when; πλήν ὅτι except that; πλήν εἰ or ἐάν, Lat. nisi si, only if; etc.; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οἶδα πλήν ἔν (sc. οἶδα) I know not, only one thing (I know).

πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. II.
 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάω.

πλήξα, Ep. for ἐπληξα, aor. I of πλήσσω.
 πλήξ-ιππος, ου, (πλήσσω, ἵππος) striking or driving horses.

πληρεῦντες, -εῖμεναι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of πληρῶ.

πλήρης, ἐς, gen. εὖς contr. ους, (πλέος) full of, c.

gen.; rarely c. dat. filled with: absol. full, filled to the brim. 2. generally, full, complete, sufficient. 3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

πληρο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (πλήρης, φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil:—Pass. to be fully assured: of things, to be fully believed. Hence

πληροφορία, ἦ, full conviction, certainty.
 πληρώω, f. ὦσω: ρί. πεπλήρωκα: fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass. sense: fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι: (πλήρης):—to fill, make full: πληροῖν ναῦν to man a ship: πληροῦτε θωρακεία man the walls. 2. to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy. 3. πληροῖν τῆν χρείαν to supply the need. II. of numbers, to make full, complete, make up. III. to fulfil a duty: generally, to perform or discharge a task. IV. intr. to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, ατος, τό, that which fills up, a full measure, complement: of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, her crew: of number, the sum. II. a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσις, ἦ, (πληρώω) a filling up, filling: the completing a number: the manning a ship.
 πλησιαίω, Ep. for πλήσαιω, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσιος, aor. I part. of πίμπλημι.
 πλήσθεν, Ep. for ἐπλησθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησιόσσομαι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.
 πλησιάζω, f. ὄσω: ρί. πεπλησίακα: (πλησιός):—to bring near:—Pass. to be brought near, approach. II. intr. to be near: to approach: c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

πλησιαιτέρος, -αίματος, Att. Comp. and Sup. of πλησιός: Adv. Comp. πλησιαιτέρω, nearer.
 πλησιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πλησιός.

πλησιός, α, ου, (πέλας, πελάω) near, bard by, close to. II. as Subst., πλησιός, ὁ, a neighbour. III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, bard by; ὁ πλησιόν (sub. ἄν) one's neighbour: so Dor. ὁ πλάσιον. (IV. Comp. πλησιέστερος, Sup. -έστατος, also πλησιαιτέρος, -αίματος, nearer, nearest.

πλησιό-χωρος, ου, (πλησιός, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus: as Subst. one who lives near, a neighbour.

πλησιό-στιος, ου, (πίμπλημι, ἰστίον) filling or swelling the sails.
 πλήσμη, ἦ, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a river.

πλησιονία, ἦ, (πίμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satiety: generally, fulness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΑΗΨΣΩ Att. -τωω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐπληξα Ep. πλήξα: ρί. ἐπληγα: Pass., fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπλήγγην, in compds. ἐπλήγα [ᾶ]: ρί. ἐπέπληγα:—Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. ἐπέπληγον, inf. πεπληγέμεν, med. πεπληγόμεν:—to strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλλω.

πλησθῆναι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.
 πλησιό-χωρος, ου, (πλησιός, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus: as Subst. one who lives near, a neighbour.

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πλησιό-στιος, ου, (πίμπλημι, ἰστίον) filling or swelling the sails.
 πλήσμη, ἦ, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a river.

λεω (to strike with a missile) : of Jove, to strike with lightning : to strike back, drive away :—Med., πηξασθαι to smite or beat oneself in sign of grief :—Pass. to be struck, stricken, smitten : also to be beaten : to be stricken by misfortune : but, πηξασθαι δάροισι to be touched by bribes.

II. metaph. of violent emotions, to strike, amaze, confound, stun ; πηγείς ἐρωτι smitten with love.

πληστιγξ, ἡ, Ion. for πλάστιγξ.

πῆγτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πῆπλημι.

3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of πελάξω, he came near.

πλινθεύω, f. σω, (πλίνθος) to make into bricks. 2. absol. to make bricks. II. to build of brick.

πλινθηδόν, Adv. (πλίνθος) in the shape of a brick.

πλίνθινος, η, ον, (πλίνθος) made or built of brick.

πλινθίον, τό, Dim. of πλίνθος, a small brick.

πλινθίος, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πλίνθος : a whetstone.

πλινθο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (πλίνθος, ποιέω) to make bricks.

πλίνθος, ἡ, a brick, Lat. later ; πλίνθοι ὄπραι baked bricks ; πλίνθους ἐλκύσαι or εἰρύσαι Lat. ducere lateres, to make bricks : δόμοι πλίνθου layers of brick. 2. anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot of metal.

3. the plinth of a column.

πλινθοουργέω, f. ἤσω, to make bricks. From

πλινθο-ουργός, ὄν, (πλίνθος, *ἔργω) making bricks : as Subst., πλινθοουργός, ὄ, a brick-maker.

πλινθοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to carry bricks. From

πλινθο-φόρος, ον, (πλίνθος, φέρω) carrying bricks.

πλινθωέω, f. ὄσω, (πλίνθος) to make of brick : Med. to build for oneself.

πλινθ-ὑφής, ἐς, (πλίνθος, ὑφαίνω) brick-built.

ΠΑΓΨΣΣΟΜΑΙ, f. παΐξομαι : pf. πέπληγμαi : Dep. —to cross one's legs in walking : to walk briskly, trot.

πλοη-τόκος, ον, (πλόος, τεκύν) producing navigation.

πλοῦριον, τό, Dim. of πλοῖον, a skiff, boat.

πλοῖον, τό, (πλέω) a floating vessel, a ship of any kind ; πλοῖα λεπτά small craft ; πλοῖα ἱππαγωγὰ transport-vessels ; πλοῖα μακρά ships of war, Lat. longae naves ; πλοῖα στρογγύλα ships of burthen, Lat. naves onerariae :—as distinguished from ναῦς (a ship of war), πλοῖον was a merchant-ship or transport.

πλοκάμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πλόκαμος) a braid, lock, or curl of hair : also curly hair. [Ὶ]

πλόκαμος, ὄ, (πλέω) a braid, lock or curl of hair : in pl. the locks, the hair. II. a twisted rope.

πλοκή, ἡ, (πλέω) anything plaited or woven, a web : metaph. a web of deceit.

πλόκος, ὄ, (πλέω) a lock or curl of hair. II. a wreath or chaplet.

πλόμενός, Ep. syncope. pres. part. of πέλομαι.

πλόος Att. contr. πλοῦς, ὄ, plur. πλοῖ, πλών, etc. : (πλέω) :—a sailing voyage : time or tide for sailing :

—proverb., δεύτερος πλοῦς the next best way.

πλοῦθ-ὑγίεια, ἡ, (πλούτος, ὑγίεια) health and wealth.

πλοῦς, ὄ, Att. contr. for πλόος.

πλούσιος, α, ον, (πλούτος) rich, wealthy : c. gen.

rei, rich in a thing, Lat. dives opum. II. ample, abundant.

III. Adv. —ως, like a rich man.

Πλούτης, ἐώς, ἡ, ποῖθ, for Πλούτων.

πλούτης, f. ἤσω, (πλούτος) to be rich, wealthy : c. gen. to be rich, abound in a thing. Hence

πλουτηρός, α, ὄν, enriching.

πλουτίω, f. ἴσω, (πλούτος) to enrich, make wealthy.

πλουτο-γῆθής, ἐς, Dor. for πλουτογοηθής, (πλούτος, γηθέω) delighting by or in riches.

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, and πλουτο-δότης, ου, ὄ, (πλούτος, δίδωμι) giver of riches.

πλουτο-κράτῖα, ἡ, (πλούτος, κρατέω) an oligarchy of wealth.

ΠΛΟΥΤΟΣ, ὄ, wealth, riches. II. as masc. prop. n. Plutus, god of riches, represented as blind.

πλουτο-χθων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (πλούτος, χθών) rich in the treasures of the land.

Πλούτων, ανος, ὄ, Pluto, god of the nether world : a name of *Αἰδης, derived from πλούτος, because corn, the wealth of early times, was sent from beneath the earth as his gift.

πλοχμός, οὔ, ὄ, (πλέω) mostly in pl. locks, hair.

πλῦαν, Ep. for ἐπλῦαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of πλύνω.

πλύνεσκον [Ὶ], Ion. impf. ὄφ πλύνω.

πλῦνός, ὄ, (πλύνω) a trough or pit to wash clothes in : a washing trough or tub.

πλυντήριον, ον, (πλύνω) of or for washing : τὰ Πλυντήρια (sub. ἱερά) a festival at Athens, in which the robes of the statue of Minerva were washed.

ΠΛΥΝΩ [Ὶ] : fut. πλῦνω Ion. πλύνω : Ep. aor. 1 ἐπλῦνα Ep. πλῦνα : Pass., aor. 1 ἐπλύνθην : pf. πέπλῦμαι :—to wash clean, esp. linen, opp. to λούμαι (to bathe), or νίω (to wash the hands or feet). 2. to wash off dirt.

II. metaph., πλύνειν τινά to give him a dressing, to beat or cudgel. Hence

πλῦσις, εως, ἡ, a washing. [Ὶ]

πλώσιος, ἄδος, (πλέω) fem. Adj. floating.

πλωίω, f. σω, (πλώω) to sail on the sea, use ships, practise navigation.

πλώμιος, ον, (πλώω) fit for sailing : of a ship, fit for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable. 2. of the sea, to be sailed over, navigable : in neut., πλωμωτέρων γενομένων or ὄντων as circumstances became or were more favourable to navigation.

πλώσμιος, ον, = πλώμιος, to be sailed over.

πλωτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (πλώω) a seaman, sailor. II. a swimmer.

πλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλώω) sailing, floating, swimming. II. that can be sailed on, navigable.

πλώω, f. ὄσω : aor. 1 ἐπλωσα : pf. πέπλωκα : Ep. and Ion. for πλέω, to sail, float : there is also (as if from a Verb in μι) an Ep. aor. 2 ἐπλων, ωs, ω, part. πλῶς, gen. πλώντος.

πνεῦα, Ep. pres. for πνέω, to breathe.

πνεῦμα, ατος, τό, (πνέω) wind, air. II. breath, πνεῦμα βίου the breath of life ; πνεῦμα ἀφίεναί to give up the ghost :—spend one's spirit, life. 2. spirit, inspiration.

III. a Spirit, spiritual Being :—

Πνεῦμα and ἅγιον Πνεῦμα *the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost*. Hence

πνευματικός, ἡ, ὄν, *belonging to wind or breath*. II. *of the spirit, spiritual*: Adv. -κῶς, *spiritually*.

πνευματώω, ἴ. ὠσω, (πνεῦμα) *to turn into wind or air: to inflate*. 2. *to agitate with wind*.

πνεύμων common Att. πλεύμων, ὄνος, ὄ, (πνέω, πνεῦμα) used both in sing. and pl. *the organs of breathing, the lungs*.

πνεύσομαι, fut. of πνέω.

ΠΝΕΨΩ Ep. πνέω: f. πνεύσομαι and πνευσούμαι, later πνεύσω: aor. I ἐπνευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπνεύσθη: pf. πέπνυμαι, part. πεπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι):—*to blow, breathe, of the wind*. II. *to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale*: c. gen. rei, *to smell of a thing, be redolent of*; rarely c. dat. rei, *to smell with it*.

III. *of animals, to breathe hard, pant, gasp*. IV. *to draw breath, breathe: to live*. V.

metaph., c. acc. cognato, μένεα πνεόντες *breathing spirit*; Ἄρεα πνέει, Lat. *Martem spirare*; μέγα πνέει *to be of a high spirit*. VI. *to breathe favourably or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare aliquid*.

πνίγεις, ἑας, ὄ, (πνίγω) *an oven: or* 2. *a cover or damper put on coals to smother the flame*.

πνίγηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *choking, stifling, of throttling or heat*.

πνίγιω, = πνίγω.

πνίγμα, ἄτος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking*.

πνιγμός, ὄ, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling heat*.

πνιγός, ἑσσα, εν, *choking, stifling*. From πνίγος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling, of heat*.

ΠΝΙΓΩ [ῆ]: fut. πνίξω or med. πνίγομαι: aor. I ἐπνίξα, inf. πνίξαι: Pass., fut. πνίγησομαι: aor. 2 ἐπνίγην [ῆ]:—*to stifle, choke: to seize by the throat, ibroule*:—Pass. *to be stifled or choked: also to be drowned*. II. *to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, stew*.

πνιγώδης, ἑς, (πνίγος, εἶδος) *stifling*.

πνικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *stifled, strangled*.

πνοή, ἡς, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. πνοή Dor. πνοά, πνοά: (πνέω):—*a wind, blast, air*; ἅμα πνοῖς ἀνέμοιο *along with (i. e. swift as) blasts of wind*; πυρὸς πνοαίς *blasts of fire*: metaph., πνοαί Ἄρεος *blasts of Ares*. II. *a hard-drawn breath, breath*. III.

a breathing odour, fragrance: a vapour, exhalation. IV. *the breath of a wind-instrument*.

ΠΝΥΞ, gen. πυνκός (not πυνκός), ἡ, *the Pnyx, the place at Athens where the ἐκκλησίαι or meetings of the people were held: it was cut out of a small hill just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a theatre*.

ΠΟΪΑ, ἡ, Ion. πόη and ποίη Dor. ποία:—*grass: ποία Μηδική, Lat. herba Medica, sainfoin or lucerne*. II. *a grassy place, meadow*. III.

grass-time, summer.

ποδ-αβρός, ὄν, (πούς, ἀβρός) *soft of foot*.

ποδ-ἄγρος, ὄν, Dor. and Att. for ποδηγός, *guiding the foot: as Subst., ποδαγός, ὄ, a guide, an attendant*.

ποδ-άγρα, ἡ, (πούς, ἄγρα) *a trap or snare for the feet*. II. *gout in the feet, opp. to χειράγρα (gout in the hands)*. Hence

ποδαγρῶω, *to have gout in the feet*.

ποδαγρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) *liable to gout, gouty*.

ποδαγρός, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) *gouty*.

ποδά-νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (πούς, νίξω) *a vessel for washing the feet in, foot-ban*.

ποδά-νιπτρον, τό, (πούς, νίξω) *water for washing the feet in*.

ποδάπός, ἡ, ὄν, interrog. Adj. = ποῦ (ὁ πόθεν) ἄπο; *from what country? Lat. cujus?*

πόδ-αργός, ἑς, (πούς, ἀργός) *swift- or white-footed*.

ποδ-ἄρκης, ἑς, (πούς, ἀρκέω) *able of foot, swift-footed*.

ποδ-ἐνδύτος, ὄν, (πούς, ἐνδύω) *drawn upon the foot*. 2. as Subst., ποδένδυτον, τό, *a robe or garment reaching to the feet*.

ποδεών, ἄνος, ὄ, (πούς) in plur. *the ragged ends formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals*; δέρμα λέοντος ἀφημμένον ἄκρον ἐκ ποδεώνων *a lion's skin hung round one's neck by the ends*. II. *the neck or mouth of a wine-skin, which was formed by one of these ends, the other being sewn up*. III.

any similar extremity; ποδεών στενός *a narrow strip of land*. 2. *the lower end or corner of a sail, the sheet*.

ποδ-ηγός, ὄν, see ποδ-ἄγός.

ποδ-ηκτής, ἑς, (πούς, ἠέγκω) *reaching down to the feet*.

ποδ-ἠνεμος, ὄν, (πούς, ἄνεμος) *swift as the wind*.

ποδ-ἦρης, ἑς, (πούς, ἀρῆειν) *reaching down to the feet*; πέπλος ποδῆρης *a robe that falls over the feet*: hence, ποδῆρης στύλος *a tall straight pillar*; ποδῆρης ἄσπις *the large shield which quite covered the body*:—τὰ ποδῆρη, *the feet*.

ποδιαίος, ἄ, ὄν, (πούς) *of the measure of a foot, a foot long, broad, or high*.

ποδίξω, ἴ. ὠσω, (πούς) *to bind the feet, tether*:—Pass., *of horses, to have the feet tied, be tethered*.

ποδί-κροτος, ὄν, (πούς, κροτέω) *fixed on or to the feet*.

ποδιστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ποδίξω) *reaching over the feet*; πέπλος ποδιστήρη *a long garment that entangles the feet in it*.

ποδίστρα, ἡ, (ποδίξω) *a strap or snare for the feet*.

ποδοῦν, Ep. gen. and dat. dual for ποδοῖν.

ποδο-κτύπη, ἡ, (πούς, κτύπέω) *a dancing-girl*.

ποδορ-ράγης, ἑς, (πούς, βυγῆναι) *bursting forth at a stamp of the foot*.

ποδο-στράβη, ἡ, (πούς, στράβη) *a snare or trap to catch the feet*.

ποδό-ψιστρον, τό, (πούς, ψάω) *a cloth to rub the feet on, a foot-cloth, mat*.

ποδόκεια, ἡ, *swiftness of foot, fleetness*. From ποδ-ώκης, ἑς, (πούς, ὠκίς) *swift-footed, fleet of foot*: generally *swift, quick*.

πόη, ἡ, Ion. for πῶα, *grass*.

ποθέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποθέω.

ποθεινός, ἡ, ὄν, also ζς, ὄν, (ποθέω) longed for, desired, missed, regretted: hence *wounded for*.

πόθεν Ion. κότεν, interrog. Adv. *wounded? from what place? Lat. unde? τίς, πόθεν εἰς ἀνδρῶν; who, whence art thou of men? πόθεν τῆς Φρυγίας; from what part of Phrygia?* II. in Att. to express surprise, *whence can it be? how possibly?* III. for ποῦ; *where?*

ποθέν, enclit. Adv. *from some place or other*.

ποθ-έρπω, Dor. for προσέρπω.

ποθ-έσπερος, ον, Dor. for προσέσπερος.

ποθειντες, Dor. and Aeol. part. pl. of ποθέω.

ποθειντι, Dor. 3 pl. of ποθέω.

ποθέω, fut. *ποθήσω* or *ποθέσομαι*: aor. I act. ἐπόθησα or ἐπόθεσα Ep. *πόθησα*: pf. πεπόθηκα, pass. πεπόθημαι: (ποθή or πόθος):—to desire *what is absent or lost, to desire or regret fondly, yearn after, long for*; and so *to miss, regret*, Lat. *desiderare*: τὸ ποθεῖν = πόθος, one's *desiring*, one's *desire*. 2. c. inf. *to long or be anxious to do*. II. as Dep., *ποθουμένη φρήν* the *longing soul*.

ποθή, ἡ, Ep. = πόθος, *fond desire of, regret for*; σὴ ποθή *a longing after thee*.

ποθήμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ποθέω (as if from πόθημι).

ποθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποθέω) *desired, longed for, regretted*.

πόθι, interrog. Adv., ποῖτ for ποῦ, *where?* II.

for ποῖ, *whither?*

ποθί, enclit. Adv., ποῖτ for ποῦ, *anywhere, somewhere*: also *anyhow, perhaps*. II. of Time, *some time*: *at length*.

ποθό-βλητος, ον, (πόθος, βάλλω) *love-stricken*.

ποθ-οδος, ἡ, Dor. for πρόσ-οδος.

ποθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω.

ποθορεῖσα, for προσοράσα, part. fem. of προσοράω.

ΠΟΘΟΣ, ὁ, *desire for what is absent or lost, fond desire or regret, a yearning after, longing for*, Lat. *desiderium*; *ὁς πόθος a yearning after thee*: *love*.

ποῖ, interrog. Adv. *whither?* Lat. *quo?* c. gen., *ποῖ χθονός*: *to what spot of earth?* 2. for ποῦ; Lat. *ubi?* *where?* II. *to what end?* Lat. *quorsum?*

ποι, enclitic Adv. *somewhither*.

ποιά, ἡ, Dor. for πόα, grass.

ποιούμενος, Ep. pres. med. part. of ποιεῖω.

ποιούμενη, Ep. impf. med. of ποιεῖω.

ποιούντα, Dor. for ποιοῦντα, pres. part. acc. of

ΠΟΙΕΪΝ, f. ἴσω: I. *to make, produce, execute*, esp. of works of art:—Med. *to make for oneself*, of bees, *οἰκία ποιήσασθα* *to make themselves houses*: also *to have a thing made*. 2. *to bring to pass, bring about, cause, effect*; *ποιεῖν ἰρά*, Lat. *sacra facere*, *to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice*;

ποιεῖν Ἴσθμα *to celebrate the Isthmian games*. 3. *to make, shape, create*: *to beget*: of corn, etc., *to produce, grow, raise*: *also to make or render so and so*:—Pass. *to be made so and so, to become*:—Med.

to make so and so for oneself, *ποιεῖσθαι τινα ἑταῖρον* *to make him one's friend*: *ποιεῖσθαι τινα υἷον* *to make*

a person one's son, i. e. to adopt him as son; *ἐνωτοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι* *to make a thing one's own*: generally *to bold, reckon, esteem* a thing as . . . *συμφορὰν ποιεῖσθαι τι* *to take, reckon* a thing for a visitation; *δεινὸν ποιεῖσθαι τι* *to esteem it a grievous thing*; *περὶ πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι*, Lat. *magni facere*, *to esteem a thing of great moment*. 4. *to compose, write*, esp. in verse, *to make*: also *to invent*:—also *to make, represent in poetry* (whence *ποιητής* a poet): periph. in Med., *ὄργην ποιεῖσθαι* for *ὀργίζεσθαι*, *θαῦμα ποιεῖσθαι* for *θαυμάζειν*: also *ποιεῖσθαι δι' ἀγγέλου*, for *ἀγγέλλειν*. II. *to do*; *Σπαρτιτικὰ ποιεῖν* *to act like a Spartan*: c. acc. dupl. *to do something to another*, *κακὰ* or *ἀγαθὰ ποιεῖν τινα* *to do one good or evil*. 2. *to put*. III. intr. *to be doing, to do*;

ποιεῖν ἡ παθεῖν *to do or have done to one*. 2. There is also a peculiar usage, *ἡ εὐνοία παρὰ πολλὸ ἐποίησεν τοὺς Λακεδαιμονίους*, *good-will made greatly for or towards the Lacedaemonians*. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the penult. short, ποι-]

ποίη, ἡ, Ion. for πόα, grass.

ποιήεις, εσσα, εν, (ποίη) *grassy, rich in grass*.

ποίημα, ατος, τό, (ποίη) *anything made or done*: I. *a work, piece of workmansbip*. 2. *a poetical work, poem*. 3. *an act, deed*.

ποιημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ποίημα, *a little poem*.

ποιηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ποίη) *grassy*.

ποιήσιαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ποιεῖω.

ποίησις, εως, ἡ, (ποιεῖω) *a making*: *a forming, creating*. II. *the art of poetry*. 2. *a poem*.

ποιητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ποιεῖω, *to be made or done*. II. neut. *ποιητέον* *one must make or do*.

ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ποιεῖω) *one who makes, a maker*. II. *a maker*, i. e. *a poet*.

ποιητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποιεῖω) *capable of making, productive*: *poetical*:—*ἡ ποιητική* (sub. τέχνη) *the art of poetry, poetry*. Adv. —κῶς.

ποιητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποιεῖω) *made, fabricated, worked*. II. *made by oneself, invented*.

ποιη-φάγειν, (ποίη, φαγεῖν) *to eat grass*.

ποικιλ-άνιος, ον, Dor. for ποικιλ-ήνιος, (ποικίλος, ἵνία) *with brodered reins*.

ποικιλ-εῖμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ποικίλος, εἶμα) *with party-coloured robe, with spangled garb*.

ποικίλια, ἡ, (ποικίλος) *an embroidering, embroidery*: *a piece of embroidery*: metaph. *cunning*.

ποικίλλω, f. ἰλῶ: ἐποικίλα: Pass., pf. πεποικίληρυ. II. *to embroider*: *to diversify, vary*: metaph. *to trick out with fair words, embellish*. Hence

ποικίλημα, ατος, τό, *anything wrought in various colours*. 2. *brodered work, broderery*.

ποικιλό-βουλος, ον, (ποικίλος, βουλή) *of changeful or subtle counsel*.

ποικιλό-γυρος Dor. —γυρος, vos, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, γήρυς) *of varied voice, many-toned*.

ποικιλό-δειρος, ον, (ποικίλος, δείρα) *with variegated neck*.

ποικίλο-δέρμων, *ον*, γεν. *ονος*, (ποικίλος, δέρμα) *with spotted or dappled skin.*

ποικίλο-εργός, *όν*, (ποικίλος, ἔργον) *of varied work.*

ποικίλο-θρίξ, —τρίχος, *ὀ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, θρίξ) *with spotted hair, spotted, brindled.*

ποικίλο-μήτης, *ου, ὀ, ἡ*, and ποικίλο-μητις, *ιδος, ὀ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, μήτις) *full of various wiles.*

ποικίλο-μηχάνος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μηχανή) *full of various devices.*

ποικίλο-μορφος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μορφή) *of variegated form, variegated.*

ποικίλο-μῦθος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μῦθος) *of various discourse.*

ποικίλο-νωτος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, νῶτος) *with back of varied hues.*

ποικίλο-πτερος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, πτερόν) *with wing of changeful hue.*

ΠΟΙΚΙΛΙΟΣ, *η, ον*, many-coloured, spotted, pied, dappled. II. *worked in various colours, of varying colour; τεύχεα ποικίλα χαλκῶ* arms inwrought with brass.

III. generally *changeful, various: hence of various art, elaborate, inlaid, variegated. 2. changeful, varying,—intricate, riddling, ambiguous; hence artful, cunning.*

ποικίλο-σάνδαλος *Aeol.* —σάμβάλος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, σάνδαλον) *with brodered sandals.*

ποικίλο-στολος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, στολή) *with variegated robe: of a ship, with painted prow.*

ποικίλο-τερπής, *ές*, (ποικίλος, τέρπω) *with varied delights: delighted by variety.*

ποικίλο-τευκτος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, τεύχω) *curiously wrought.*

ποικίλο-τραυλος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, τραυλός) *twittering or singing in various notes.*

ποικίλο-φάρμυξ, *ιγγος, ὀ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φάρμυξ) *accompanied by the various notes of the harp.*

ποικίλο-φρων, *ονος, ὀ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φρήν) *with manifold counsel, wily-minded.*

ποικιλτής, *ου, ὀ, fem.* ποικίλτρια, *ἡ*, (ποικίλλω) *one who broderers: a broderer.*

ποικίλ-φδός, *όν*, (ποικίλος, φῶδη) *of riddling song.*

ποικίλως, *Adv.* of ποικίλος, *variously; ποικίλως ἔχειν* *to be different.*

ποιμαίνω, *φ. ἄνω*, (ποιμήν) *to feed, tend, Lat. pascere: absol. to keep flocks, be a shepherd. 2. metaph. to tend, cherish, foster:—to guide, lead, govern:—also to soothe, lull, beguile, like Lat. pascere: hence to deceive.*

II. *Pass. to graze, Lat. pasci: to range over in grazing, to stray; πᾶς πεποιμάνται* *τόπος* *every place has been ranged over, traversed.*

ποιμάν, *ὀ, Dor.* *for ποιμήν.*

ποιμαῦνόριον, *τό, (ποιμάνω)* *a herd: metaph. an army under its leader.*

ποιμανῶ, *fut.* of ποιμαίνω.

ποιμάνω [ᾶ], *ορος, ὀ*, (ποιμαίνω) = ποιμήν, *a herdsman, shepherd: a shepherd of the people, prince, chief.*

ποιμήν, *ένος, ὀ*, (ποιά) *a herdsman, a shepherd: ποιμήν λαῶν* *a shepherd of the people, i. e. a prince, chief.*

ποιμνή, *ἡ*, (ποιμήν) *a herd of cattle, a flock of sheep.*

ποιμνήτιος, *η, ον*, (ποιμνή) *of or for a flock or herd.*

ποιμνιον, *τό, Dim.* of ποιμήν, *a little flock.*

ποιναῖος, *α, ον*, (ποινή) *punishing, avenging.*

ποινάτωρ, *ορος, ὀ, ἡ*, *an avenger, punisher. [ᾶ]*

ποινάω, *φ. ἄσω [ᾶ]* *Ion.* ἠσώ, *to avenge, punish:—Med. to avenge oneself on one. From*

ποινή, *ἡ*, *a ransom paid for the shedding of blood; generally, a price paid, redemption, requital: also the price exacted, vengeance, penalty, Lat. poena; ἀελέσθαι ποινήν τῆς ψυχῆς* *to take vengeance for his life: ποινήν τίσαι* *Ἐξέρη τῶν κηρύκων ἀπολομέναν* *to give Xerxes satisfaction for the death of his heralds: often in phrase, ποιναῖς δοῦναι, like δίκην δοῦναι, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas; ποινας λαμβάνειν* *to inflict it, Lat. sumere poenas. 2. in good sense, recompense, reward.*

II. *personified, Ποινή, ἡ, the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.*

ποινήτης, *ον, ὀ, fem.* —ἦτις, *ιδος, one that punishes or avenges, an avenger.*

ποινήμιος, *ον*, (ποινή) *avenging, punishing.*

ποιολογήω, *φ. ἠσώ*, *to gather herbs: also to put up corn in sheaves. From*

ποιο-λόγος, *ον*, (ποιά, λέγω) *gathering herbs.*

ποιο-νόμος, *ον*, (ποιά, νέμω) *feeding on grass or herbs.*

II. *ποιο-νομος, ον*, (ποιά, νομή) *with grassy pastures.*

ΠΙΟΓΟΣ *α, ον* *Ion.* κοῖος, *η, ον*, *interrog. Adj. of what nature? of what sort? Lat. qualis? in Homer expressing surprise and anger; ποῖον τὸν μῦθον εἶπες!* *what manner of speech hast thou spoken!*

II. *in Att. also with the Art. when it stands alone, ὀ ποῖος; as Adv., = πῶς; Lat. quomodo? bow? in what manner?*

ποιός, *ά, ὄν*, *indef. Adj. of a certain nature, kind or quality.*

ποιότης, *ητος, ἡ*, (ποιός) *quality.*

ποιπνῶ, *φ. ἄσω [ῶ]*, (redupl. from πνέω), *to be out of breath; hence generally, to hasten, hurry, bustle: also to work hard, be busy.*

ποίφυγμος, *ατος, τό*, *a blowing, snorting. From*

ποῖφύσσω, *φ. ξω*, (redupl. from φύσῶ) *to blow, puff, snort.*

II. *to blow out, puff up.*

ποι-ώδης, *ες*, (ποιά, εἶδος) *like grass, grassy.*

πόκά or ποκά, *Dor.* *for πότε or ποτέ.*

ποκάς, *άδος, ἡ*, (πόκος) *wool, hair.*

ποκίζω, *φ. ἰσώ* *Dor.* ἰζώ, (πόκος) *to shear wool:—Med. to shear or clip for oneself.*

πόκος, *ὀ*, (πέκω) *wool uncombed, a fleece: also a flock or tuft of wool. II. a sheep-shearing. III. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb εἰς ὄνου ποκάς* *to an ass-shearing, i. e. to a place where nothing is to be got. Hence*

ποκάω, *φ. ὦσω*, *to cover with wool: Pass. to be covered or clothed in wool.*

πόκως, *Dor.* *for πόκους, acc. pl. of πόκος.*

πολέες, *έων, έεσσι, έας*, *Ep. plur. of πολύς.*

πολεμᾶδός, Dor. for πολεμηδός.
 πολεμαρχεῖον, τό, the Polemarch's residence: and
 πολεμαρχεῖν, f. ἦσω, to be Polemarch. From
 πολεμ-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλεμος, ἀρχω) one who begins or
 leads the war, a leader, chieftain. II. at Athens
 the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally
 commanded in battle; he was present at the battle
 of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which
 the causes of the μέτοικοι were tried. 2. in Sparta
 the commander of a division or μόρα. 3. at Thebes
 was the name of two officers of chief rank after the
 Boeotarchs.

πολεμέω, f. ἦσω: Pass., aor. I ἐπολεμήθην: (πόλε-
 μος):—to be at war, wage war with: also to fight,
 give battle: generally, to quarrel, dispute with
 one. II. c. acc. to make war upon, treat as an
 enemy, attack:—Pass. to have war made upon one;
 so fut. med. πολεμήσομαι in pass. sense. III. in
 Pass. also of war, to be waged or carried on; ὅσα
 ἐπολεμήθη whatever hostilities were committed.

πολεμηδός Dor. πολεμαδόκος, ον, (πόλεμος,
 δέχομαι) undertaking war: warlike.
 πολεμήσιος, ον, Ion. form of πολέμιος, (πόλεμος)
 warlike. II. hostile.

πολεμησεῖω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, to wish for war.
 πολεμητέον, verb. Adj. of πολεμέω, one must go
 to war.
 πολεμίζω ποët. ποτλ-: fut. ἴσω Dor. ἴζω: (πόλε-
 μος):—ποët. for πολεμέω, to wage war, fight with
 or against one; μετά τινι in conjunction with another:
 later to quarrel, wrangle, dispute. II. trans. to
 make war upon, fight with.

πολεμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike;
 τὰ πολεμικά, warlike exercises, warlike usages, the
 art of war: so, ἡ πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), the art of
 war. 2. τὸ πολεμικόν the signal for battle.
 II. hostile: also causing hostility. Hence
 πολεμικῶς, Adv. in hostile fashion; πολεμικῶς ἔχειν
 to be hostile.

πολέμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόλεμος) of or belong-
 ing to war; τὰ πολέμια the business of war. 2.
 rarely like πολεμικός, warlike. II. hostile:—as
 Subst., πολέμιοι, οἱ, the enemy. 2. ἡ πολεμία (sub.
 γῆ, χώρα), the enemy's country. 3. τὸ πολέμιον,
 hostility.

πολεμιστά, ὁ, Ep. for πολεμιστής: a warrior.
 πολεμιστήριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, of or belonging to
 a warrior; πολεμιστήρια ἔρματα war-chariots. II.
 τὰ πολεμιστήρια the business of war. From
 πολεμιστής Ep. ποτλ-, οὐ, ὁ, (πολεμίζω) a war-
 rior, combatant; ἵπποι πολεμισταί war-horses.
 πολεμόκλονος, ον, (πόλεμος, κλόνος) raising the
 din of war.

πολεμόκραντος, ον, (πόλεμος, κραίνω) finishing war.
 πολεμολάμᾶχικός, ἡ, ὄν, compd. of πόλεμος,
 Λάμαχος and Ἀχαιικός, like a Greek Lamachus in war.
 πόλεμονδε Ep. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war,
 into the fight.

πολεμοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (πόλεμος, ποιέω) to stir up
 war.

ΠΟΛΕΜΟΣ Ep. πτόλεμος, ὁ, a battle, fight: ge-
 nerally, war; πόλεμον αἰρεσθαί τινι to levy war
 against one. II. personified, War, Battle.

πολεμοφθόρος, ον, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting by
 war.

πολεμῶ, f. ὦσα, (πόλεμος) to make hostile, make
 an enemy of:—Pass. to be made an enemy of.
 πολεῦω, (πόλος) intr. to go or range about, Lat.
 versari. II. trans. to turn up, till, plough.

πολέω, (πόλος) to go about, range, haunt. II.
 trans. to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough,
 to plough.

πόλεων, gen. pl. of πόλις: but πολέων, Ion. for
 πολλῶν, gen. pl. of πολῦς.

πόλις, ον, as, Ion. for πόλιες, πόλις, plur. of πό-
 λις: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πόλιος, πόλιη.

πολιάνομαι, Pass. (πολιός) to grow gray or white.

πολιό-οχος, ον, Dor. for πολιόχοχος, πολιούχοχος, q. v.

πολι-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλις, ἀρχω) prince of a city or state.

Πολιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πόλις) guardian of the city, epith.
 of Athena (Minerva) in her oldest temple on the
 Acropolis of Athens, as distinguished from Ἀθηνᾶ
 Παρθένος and Ἀθηνᾶ Πρόμαχος.

πόλις, πολιέσσω, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of πόλις.

πολίω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἐπόλισα Ep. πόλισσα: Pass.,
 pf. πεπόλισμα: (πόλις):—to build or found a city:
 generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. II.
 to colonise by building a city.

πολιή-οχος, Dor. πολιόχοχος = πολιούχοχος.

πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, Ion. for πολιτής, a citizen: also a
 fellow-citizen, countryman.

πολιήτις, ἴδος, fem. of πολιήτης.

πόλινδε, Adv. of πόλις, into or to the city.

πολιο-κρότᾶφος, ον, (πολιός, κρόταφος) with gray
 hair on the temples, growing gray.

πολιο-ορκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπολιόρησα: Pass., fut.
 πολιορηθήσομαι, and in med. form πολιορηθήσομαι:
 aor. I ἐπολιορήθην: (πόλις, εἶργω, or ἔρκος):—to hem
 in a city, blockade, beleaguer, besiege: metaph. to
 besiege, importune. Hence

πολιο-ορκέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. that must or can be
 taken by siege.

πολιορκία, ἡ, (πολιορκέω) a beleaguering or besieg-
 ing a city, a siege.

ΠΟΛΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν:—gray, white; of
 hair, gray or hoary; αἱ πολιαῖ (sub. τρίχες), gray or
 white hair; ἄμα ταῖς πολιαῖς κατιούσας as the gray
 hairs come lower down (i. e. from the head and
 temples to the beard): πολιός absol. a gray-bearded
 man. II. metaph. bright, serene. III.
 metaph. hoary, venerable.

πολιο-οὔχος, ον, (πόλις, ἔχω) protecting a city.

πολιό-χρως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολιός, χρώς) with white
 skin: white.

πολι-πόρθης, ον, (πόλις, πέρθω) sacker of cities.

ΠΟΛΙΣ Ep. πτόλις, εως, ἡ; Ion. gen. πόλιος Att.

poët. also πόλεος Ep. πόληος, πόλεως: dat. πόλει Ep. πόλη: acc. πόλιν, but Ep. acc. πόληα also occurs:—Plur., nom. πόλεες Att. πόλεις Ion. πόλιες: gen. πόλιων: dat. πόλιν Ep. πολίεσσι Dor. πολίεσι: acc. πόλιας, πόλεις Ion. πόλις:—a city: πόλις ἄκρα, = ἀκρόπολις, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at Athens was sometimes called πόλις, while the rest of the city was called ἄστν.

II. a whole country, state. III. when πόλις and ἄστν are joined, πόλις is the body of citizens, ἄστν their dwellings: hence πόλις the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic. 2. the right of citizenship.

πόλισμα, ατος, τό, (πολί(ω)) a collection of buildings, a city, town.

πολισο-νόμος, ον, (πόλις, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

πολις-σός, ον, (πόλις, σώζω) guarding a city.

πολις-σύχος, ον, poët. for πολιοσύχος.

πολιτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (πολίτης, ἄρχω) a ruler of citizens or a state, a chief magistrate.

πολιτεία Ion. -ήτης, ἡ, (πολιτεύω) the relation of a citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizenship, Lat. civilis. 2. the life of a citizen.

II. the life of a statesman, government, administration. III. civil polity, the condition of a state, a state, constitution. 2. a commonwealth: a republic.

πολίτευμα, ατος, τό, (πολιτεύω) a measure of government, political act. II. a state, community.

πολιτεύω, f. ων, (πολίτης) to be a citizen or freeman, live in a free state. 2. to have a certain form of government, have public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed. II. Dep. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: aor. I med. ἐπολιτεύσαμην and pass. ἐπολιτεύθην: pf. pass. πεπολιτεύμα:—to be a free citizen, have the qualifications of a free citizen: generally, to live in a state. 2. to take part in the government. III. trans. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the government.

πολιτήτης, ἡ, Ion. for πολιτεία. πολίτης [ι], ον, Ion. πολήτης, εω, ὁ, (πόλις) the member of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. civis. 2. also a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: also used with another Subst., θεοὶ πολῖται gods our fellow-citizens, gods of the city.

πολιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, befitting a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat. civilis: τὸ πολιτικόν the body of citizens, the community. II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: as Subst., πολιτικός, ὁ, a statesman. III. belonging to the state or its administration, concerning the body politic: τὸ πολιτικόν the commonwealth; but ἡ πολιτική (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics; τὰ πολιτικά state-affairs. IV. generally, public, as opp. to private.

πολιτικῶς, Adv. of πολιτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

πολίχνη, ἡ, (πόλις) a small town.

πολίχνηον, τό, Dim. of πολίχνη, a very small town.

πολλάκις poët. πολλάκι [ᾶ], Adv. (πολύς) many times, often, oft. II. in Att. εἰ πολλάκις perhaps, perchance, Lat. si forte; μὴ πολλάκις Lat. ne forte.

πολλαπλάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πολύς) many times as many, many times more, many times larger; followed by ἡ, ἢ, ἢπερ..., or by a gen.: neut. pl. πολλαπλάσιος as Adv.

πολλαπλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. -όνως.

πολλαπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πολλαπλάσιος.

πολλάχῃ, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) many ways, many times, often. II. in various manners.

πολλάχθεν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) from many places or sides: for many reasons.

πολλάχθῃ, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) in many places.

πολλάχσοε, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts or quarters.

πολλάχρῶ, Adv. = πολλαχῇ, many times, often. II. in many places.

πολλο-δεκάκις, Adv. (πολλός = πολύς, δεκάκις) many tens of times. [ᾶ]

πολλός, πολλόν, Ion. masc. and neut. for πολύς, πολύ, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases: v. πολύς.

πολλοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολλός, πολύς) one out of many, Lat. multesimus: very little, slight, trivial. II.

of Time, πολλοστώ ἔτει in the last of many years, i. e. after many years; πολλοστώ χρόνῳ after a very long time. Adv. -τως, in a very small degree.

πόλος, ὁ, (πέλω, πολέω) a pivot or axis on which something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole. 2. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of heaven, the sky or firmament, Lat. polus. II. land turned up with the plough. III. a basin-shaped sundial.

πολύ-αγρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄγρα) catching much game. πολυ-ἄθλος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἄθλον) conquering in many contests.

πολύ-αιγος, ον, (πολύς, αἶξ) abounding in goats.

πολύ-αἷμας, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αἷμα) very bloody.

πολύ-αἰνετος, ον, and πολυ-αἰνος, ον, (πολύς, αἶνος) much-praised. 2. full of wise discourse.

πολύ-αἰξ, ἱκος [ι], (πολύς, αἴσσω) with many socks, impetuous; κάματος πολιάιξ weariness caused by impetuous onsets.

πολυάνδρῳ, to be full of men, to be populous. From

πολυ-άνδρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled. II. of persons, numerous.

πολυ-άνθεμος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθεμον) rich in flowers.

πολυ-ανθής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἄνθη) much-blossoming.

πολυανθρωπία, ἡ, a large population, multitude of people. From

πολυ-άνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθρωπος) full of people, populous: crowded.

πολύ-άνωρ [ā], opus, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) = πολυάνωρος: much frequented. II. of many husbands.

πολύ-ἀργύρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀργυρος) rich in silver.

πολύ-ἀρητος Att. -ἀράτος, ον, (πολύς, ἀράομαι) much prayed for, much desired.

πολύ-αρκής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἀρκέω) much-sufficing, supplying many, abundant.

πολυ-ἄρματος, ον, (πολύς, ἄρμα) with many chariots.

πολύ-αρμόνιος, ον, (πολύς, ἀρμονία) many-toned.

πολύ-αρνος, ον, irreg. dat. πολυᾶρνη: (πολύς, ἀρνός): with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks.

πολυᾶρχία, ἡ, (πολύς, ἄρχω) the government of many.

πολύ-αστράγαλος, ον, (πολύς, ἀστράγαλος) with many joints.

πολύ-αστρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄστρον) with many stars, starry.

πολύ-ἀσχολος, ον, (πολύς, ἀσχολος) much-busied.

πολύ-αἰλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, αἰλαξ) with many furrows: with broad acres, spacious.

πολύ-αύχενος, ον, (πολύς, αὐχὴν) with many necks.

πολύ-βαφής, ἐς, (πολύς, βαφῆναι) deep-plunged, drowned.

πολύ-βενθής, ἐς, (πολύς, βένθος) very deep.

πολύ-βοσκος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing.

πολύ-βότερα Er. πολυβότερα, ἡ, (πολύς, βόσκω) fem. Adj. nourishing many, much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτρυς, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, βύτρυς) with many clusters, abounding in grapes.

πολύ-βουλος, ον, (πολύς, βουλή) much-counselling, exceeding wise.

πολύ-βούτης, ον, ὁ, (πολύς, βούς) rich in oxen.

πολύ-βροχος, ον, (πολύς, βροχός) with many nooses.

πολύ-γάθης, ἐς, Dor. for πολυγηθής.

πολύ-γηθής, Dor. -γάθης, ἐς, (πολύς, γηθέω) much-cheering, delightful, gladsome.

πολύ-γήρως, ον, (πολύς, γήρας) exceeding old.

πολύ-γλευκος, ον, (πολύς, γλεύκος) abounding in must or new wine.

πολύ-γληνος, ον, (πολύς, γλήνη) many-eyed.

πολύ-γλωσσος Att. -γλωστος, ον, (πολύς, γλωσσα) many-tongued: harmonious.

πολύ-γυμπτως, ον, (πολύς, γνάμπτω) with many windings, curling.

πολύ-γνωτος, ον, (πολύς, γινώσκω) well-known.

πολύ-γυμφος, ον, (πολύς, γύμφος) fastened with many nails, well-bolted.

πολυγονόομαι, Dep. (πολύγονος) to multiply.

πολύ-γυμος, ον, (πολύς, γόνος) producing many, prolific.

πολύ-δαίδαλος, ον, (πολύς, δαίδαλος) much or highly wrought, richly dignified. II. act. working with great art, very skilful.

πολύ-δάκρυος, ον, and πολύ-δακρῦς, gen. ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, δάκρυ) of or with many tears: hence much-weepy, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύς, δακρῦω) much wept, very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάπανος, ον, (πολύς, δαπάνη) causing great expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant.

πολύ-δειράς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, δειρή) with many ridges or necks of land.

πολύ-δένδρεος and πολύ-δενδρος, ον, (πολύς, δένδρον) with many trees, full of trees.

πολυδένδρσις, ποῦτ. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρη.

πολύ-δερκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δέρομαι) much-seeing.

πολύ-δεσμος, ον, (πολύς, δεσμός) with many bands, strong-bound.

πολύ-δευκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δεύκος = γλεύκος) very sweet. II. Πολυδεύκης, εως, ὁ, Polydeuces, Lat. Pollux, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.

πολύ-δίψιος, ον, (πολύς, δίψα) very thirsty, i. e. ill-watered, afflicted with droughi.

πολύ-δονος, ον, (πολύς, δονέω) much-driven.

πολύ-δοξος, ον, (πολύς, δόξα) very famous.

πολύ-δρομος, ον, (πολύς, δραμεῖν) much-running, much-wandering.

πολύ-δρροσος, ον, (πολύς, δρόσος) very dewy.

πολυδωρία, ἡ, liberality, munificence. From πολύ-δωρος, ον, (πολύς, δῶρον) with rich gifts, well-dowered.

πολύ-εἰδής, ἐς, (πολύς, εἶδος) of many kinds, diverse, various.

πολύ-ἐλαιος, ον, (πολύς, ἔλαιον) yielding much oil, abounding in oil.

πολύ-ἐλικτος, ον, (πολύς, ἐλίσσω) many-folded, mazy, complicated.

πολύ-επαίνετος, ον, (πολύς, ἐπαίνεω) much-praised.

πολύ-επίης, ἐς, (πολύς, ἐπος) of many words, wordy.

πολύ-εραστος, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved.

πολύ-εργής, ἐς, and πολύ-εργος, ον, (πολύς, ἔργον) much-working, hard-working.

πολύ-ετής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἔτος) of many years, full of years.

πολύ-ευκτος, and πολύ-εύχεται, ον, (πολύς, εὐχομαι) much wished for, much desired.

πολύ-ζηλος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλος) much envied, much desired. II. full of envy.

πολυ-ζήλωτος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλώω) much envied or desired.

πολύ-ζυγος, ον, (πολύς, ζυγόν) many-benched.

πολυ-ήγορος, ον, (πολύς, ἀγορεύω) speaking much, wordy.

πολυ-ἠράτος, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved, very lovely.

πολυ-ἠχής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἦχος) many-toned: much-resounding.

πολυ-ἠχητος Dor. πολυᾶχ-, ον, (πολύς, ἠχέω) loud- or far-sounding.

πολυ-θαρησής, ἐς, (πολύς, θάρσος) very confident, over-courageous, bold.

πολύ-θεος, ον, (πολύς, θεός) of many gods, dedicated to many gods: consisting of many gods.

πολύ-θηρος, ον, (πολύς, θήρ) with much game, full of wild beasts.

πολυθρέμμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, θρέμμα) of the Nile, much-fertilising or abounding in monsters.

πολύθρεπτος, *ον*, (πολύς, τρέφω) much-nourishing.

πολυθρήνητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρηνήω) much-bewailed.

πολύθρηνος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρήνος) much-wailing.

πολύθρις, τρήξις, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, θρίξ) with much hair.

πολύθροος, *ον*, contr. = θροος, *ουν*, (πολύς, θρός) with much noise, clamorous.

πολυθρύλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρῦλλώ) much talked of, notorious.

πολύθυρος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύρα) with many doors or apertures. 2. metaph. with many leaves.

πολύθυτος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύω) celebrated with much sacrifice: abounding in sacrifices.

πολυίδμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, = πολυίδρις.

πολυίδρεια, ἡ, (πολυίδρις) much knowledge, sagacity, cunning.

πολυίδρις, Ion. gen. *ιος* Att. *εως*, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἴδρις) of much knowledge, very wise or learned.

πολυίππος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἵππος) having many horses, rich in horses.

πολυίστωρ, *ορος*, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἴσθμι) = πολυίδρις.

πολύίχθυος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἰχθύς) abounding in fish.

πολύκαγκής, *ές*, (πολύς, *κάγκω = καίω) very dry or parched: also much-parching.

πολύκάης, *ές*, (πολύς, καίω) much-burning.

πολύκάμμορος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμμορος) very ill-fated or miserable.

πολύκάμπης, *ές*, (πολύς, κάμπω) with many twists and turns.

πολύκάνης, *ές*, (πολύς, καίνω) much-slaughtering.

πολύκαπνος, *ον*, (πολύς, καπνός) much-smoked: with smoky rafters.

πολύκάρηνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάρηνον) many-beaded.

πολύκαρπία, ἡ, abundance of fruit. From

πολύκαρπος, *ον*, (πολύς, καρπός) with much fruit, rich in fruit, fruitful.

πολύκλάδος, *ον*, (πολύς, κέλαδος) much-sounding.

πολύκέρδεια, ἡ, great craft or cunning. From

πολύκερδής, *ές*, (πολύς, κέρδος) very cunning or crafty.

πολύκερως, *ωτος*, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, κέρω) many-borned; π. φόνος the slaughter of much borned cattle.

πολύκεστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κεστός) much-wrought with the needle, well-stitched.

πολύκηδής, *ές*, (πολύς, κηδός) full of care, grievous.

πολυκήριος, *ον*, (πολύς, κήρι) very deadly.

πολύκήτης, *ές*, (πολύς, κήτος) full of monsters.

πολύκλαυστος or -κλαυτος, *ον*, also η, *ον*, (πολύς, κλαίω) much deplored or lamented.

πολυκλής, *ές*, (πολύς, κλέος) far-famed.

πολύκλειτος, *ον*, also η, *ον*, (πολύς, κλειτός) far-famed, of great renown.

πολυκλήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (πολύς, κλέος) = πολυκλειτος.

πολυκλήις, ἴδος [ῖ], ἡ, (πολύς, κλείς) with many benches of rowers, with many banks of oars.

πολύκληρος, *ον*, (πολύς, κληρος) with a large lot or portion, rich in land.

πολύκλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, καλέω) called from many a land.

πολύκλυτος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλύω) much dashing or swelling. II. pass. washed by many a wave.

πολύκμητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμω) much-wrought. 2. later, laborious.

πολύκνημος, *ον*, (πολύς, κνημός) with many shoulders, of mountains: mountainous.

πολύκοινος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοινός) common to many.

πολύκοιρανία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, the rule of many. From

πολύκοιράνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοίρανος) wide-ruling.

πολυκόλυμβος, *ον*, (πολύς, κολυμβάω) oft-diving.

πολύκράνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κράνον) many-beaded.

πολυκράτης, *ές*, (πολύς, κράτος) very mighty.

πολύκροτος, *ον*, also η, *ον*, (πολύς, κροτέω) ringing loud or clearly.

πολύκρουσος, *ον*, (πολύς, κρουός) with many springs.

πολυκτέανος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτέανον) = πολυκτημόν.

πολυκτήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, κτήμα) with many or great possessions, very wealthy.

πολύκτητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτάομαι) = πολυκτημόν.

πολυκτόνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτείνω) much-slaying, murderous.

πολύκύνιστος, *ον*, also η, *ον*, (πολύς, κύδιστος) held in highest honour, most glorious.

πολύκύμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, κύμα) swelling with many waves.

πολύκώκλιος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωκίω) much-lamenting, very plaintive.

πολύκωμος, *ον*, (πολύς, κώμος) much-revelling.

πολύκωπος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωπή) of many oars.

πολύκώτιλος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωτίλος) much-chattering, much-warbling.

πολύλήμιος, *ον*, (πολύς, λήμιον) with many corn-fields.

πολύλιθος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίθος) very stony.

πολύλιστος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίσσομαι) much implored or entreated; νηός πολυλλιστος a temple where many prayers are offered.

πολύλιτος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίτομαι) = πολυλλιστος.

πολύλογία, ἡ, much speaking, much talk. From

πολύλογος, *ον*, (πολύς, λόγος) much-talking, talkative. 2. much talked of.

πολύμαθής, *ές*, (πολύς, μαθεῖν) having learnt much, knowing much. Adv. -ῶς, in a very learned way.

πολυμανής, *ές*, (πολύς, μανίαι) very furious.

πολύμάχητος, *ον*, (πολύς, μάχομαι) much or often fought for. [ᾶ]

πολύμεθής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέθη) very drunk.

πολύμελής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέλος) with many limbs or members. II. many-toned, musical.

πολύμερής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέρος) consisting of many parts. Adv. -ῶς, in many ways.

πολύμετρος, *ον*, (πολύς, μέτρον) holding many measures: generally, abundant.

πολύμηκάς, ἴδος, ὄ, (πολύς, μηκίομαι) much-bleating.

πολύ-μηλος Dor. -μαλος, ον, (πολύς, μῆλον) with many sheep : rich in flocks.

πολύ-μηνης, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μῆνης) very wrathful.
πολύ-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μῆτις) of many counsels or expedients, ever-ready.

πολύμηχανία Ion. -ία, ἡ, fertility of resources, inventiveness, readiness. From

πολύ-μήχανος, ον, (πολύς, μηχανή) fertile in resources, inventive, ever-ready.

πολύ-μίγξις, ἐς, (πολύς, μιγῆναι) mixed of many parts, motley.

πολύ-μίσθης, ἐς, (πολύς, μῖστος) much-bated.

πολύ-μισθος, ον, (πολύς, μισθός) receiving much pay, hired at a high rate.

πολύ-μίτος, ον, (πολύς, μίτος) consisting of many treads ; πέπλοι πολύμυτοι pictured or brocaded robes.

πολυ-μήστη, ἡ, (πολύς, μνάσμαι) as fem. Adj. much courted, wooed by many.

πολύ-μηστος, ον, (πολύς, μνάσμαι) much-remembering, mindful, grateful. II. pass. much-remembered, never to be forgotten.

πολυ-μνήστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μνάσμαι) remembering much, mindful.

Πολύμνια, ἡ, contr. from Πολυύμνια, (πολύς, ὕμνος) *Polygmnia*, i. e. the Muse of many hymns, one of the nine Muses, goddess of lyric poetry.

πολύ-μουσος, ον, (πολύς, Μούσα) with many arts or accomplishments.

πολύ-μοχθος, ον, (πολύς, μόχθος) much-labouring, much-enduring. II. pass. won by much toil.

πολύ-μῦθος, ον, (πολύς, μῦθος) of many words, wordy, talkative. II. pass. much-talked-of, famous in story, storied.

πολύ-ναός, ον, (πολύς, ναός) with many temples.

πολύ-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, ναύτης) with many sailors.

πολύ-νείκης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νείκος) much-urangling : often as a prop. n. *Polynices*.

πολύ-νέφελος, ον, (πολύς, νεφέλη) overcast with clouds, very cloudy : there is also a Dor. form πολυνεφέλας, gen. a.

πολύ-νίκης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νικάω) a frequent conqueror.

πολύ-νιφής, ἐς, (πολύς, νίφα) deep with snow.

πολύ-ξενος, ον, Ion. for sq.

πολύ-ξενος Ion. -ξενος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, ξένος, ξένος) :—of persons, entertaining many guests, very hospitable. II. visited by many guests.

πολύ-ξυστος, ον, (πολύς, ξέω) much-polished.

πολυοινώω, to be rich, abound in wine. From

πολύ-οίνος, ον, (πολύς, οἶνος) abounding in wine.

πολύ-ὀλβος, ον, (πολύς, ὀλβος) very wealthy : rich in blessings : abundant.

πολύ-ὀμβρος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμβρος) very rainy.

πολύ-ὀμμάτος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμμα) many-eyed.

πολύ-ὀρνίθιος, ον, (πολύς, ὄρνις) abounding in birds.

πολύουσία, ἡ, abundance of dainties : abundance of food. From

πολύ-οψος, ον, (πολύς, ὄψον) abounding in dainties : luxurious.

πολυ-παθής, ἐς, (πολύς, παθεῖν) much-suffering.

πολύπαιδια, ἡ, (πολύπαις) abundance of children.

πολύ-παίπαλος, ον, (πολύς, παιπάλη) exceeding crafty.

πολύ-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, παῖς) with many children.

πολύ-πάμ-φᾶος, ον, (πολύς, πᾶς, φᾶος) very bright.

πολύ-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πέπᾶμαι) with great possessions, very wealthy.

πολύπειρία, ἡ, long experience. 2. frequent or daring enterprise. From

πολύ-πέρος, ον, (πολύς, πείρα) much-experienced.

πολύ-πέριων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πείρας) with many boundaries : of or from many countries.

πολύ-πενθής, ἐς, (πολύς, πένθος) much-mourning, very mournful. II. pass. much-mourned.

πολύ-πενθίμος, ον, = πολυπενθής.

Πολυτημονίδης, ου, ὁ, son of *Polytemon*, in allusion to the meaning of the word ; v. πολυτήμων.

πολύ-πτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πῆμα) causing manifold woe, baneful.

πολύ-πηνος, ον, (πολύς, πῆνη) close-woven.

πολύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, πίδαξ) with many springs or fountains.

πολύ-πικρός, ον, (πολύς, πικρός) very keen or bitter ; neut. pl. πολύπικρα as Adv. very bitterly.

πολύ-πίνης, ἐς, (πολύς, πίνος) very dirty.

πολύ-πλάγκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλάζωμαι) much-wandering, roaming far a-field : much-erring. II.

act. (πολύς, πλάζω) leading far astray : metaph. beguiling, delusive.

πολυ-πλάνης, ἐς, (πολύς, πλανάμαι) roaming far or long ; πολυπλανής κισσός the wandering ivy. 2.

much-erring.

πολυ-πλάνητος, ον, (πολύς, πλανάμαι) far- or oft-wandering : of blows, showered from all sides.

πολύ-πλάνος, ον, = πολυπλανής.

πολυ-πλάσιος, α, ον, = πολλαπλάσιος.

πολύ-πλεθρος, ον, (πολύς, πλέθρον) many πλέθρα in size : generally far-extending.

πολύ-πλεκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) closely-twined.

πολυ-πλόκαμος, ον, (πολύς, πλόκαμος) with many locks : of the polypus, with many feelers.

πολυπλοκία, ἡ, intricacy, cunning, craft. From

πολύ-πλοκος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) much-tangled, thick-wreathed. 2. metaph. tangled, intricate, complex. II. act. entangling intriguing.

πολύ-πόδης, ου, ὁ, ποῖτ. πολυπόδες, = πολύπους.

πολύ-ποικίλος, ον, (πολύς, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

πολύ-πονος, ον, (πολύς, πόνος) much-labouring, much-suffering ; also causing much pain, painful.

πολύπος, ου, ὁ, see πολύπους.

πολυπόταμος, *ον*, (πολύς, ποταμός) *with many or large rivers.*

πολύ-πότνια, ἡ, (πολύς, πότνια) *very venerable.*

πολύπους [ῶ], —ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. πολύπουν, (πολύς, πούς) *many-footed.*

II. as Subst. πολύπους, *ου*, ὄρ, *the many-footed one, the sea-polyrhus*; gen. πολυπόδος; acc. πολυπόουν or πολυπόδα: plur. nom. πολυπόδες, etc.: ῥ. poet. nom. πολυύπος, *ου*: Dor. πάλυπος; Lat. *polyrhus.*

πολυπραγμονέω *Ion.* —πρηγμονέω, *f. ἦσω*, (πολυπράγμων) *to be busy about many things, to be very busy: to be meddlesome or officious: to meddle in public affairs, intrigue.*

πολυπραγμοσύνη, ἡ (πολυπράγμων) *officious interference, meddling: a meddling, active character.* From

πολυπράγμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, πράσσω) *busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent.*

πολύ-πρᾶος, *ον*, (πολύς, πρᾶος) *very mild.*

πολυπρηγμονέω, *Ion.* for πολυπραγμονέω.

πολυπρόβατος, *ον*, (πολύς, πρόβατον) *rich in sheep or cattle: Sup. πολυπροβατάτατος.*

πολυπρώτιστος, *η, ον*, = πολὺ πρώτιστος.

πολυπρόητος *Ion.* —πτοίητος, *ον*, (πολύς, πτοέω) *much-scared, timorous.*

πολύ-πτύχος, *ον*, (πολύς, πτυχή) *of or with many folds: with many glens or valleys.*

πολύ-πυργος, *ον*, (πολύς, πύργος) *with many towers.*

πολύ-πύρος, *ον*, (πολύς, πύρος) *rich in corn.*

πολύρ-ραπτος, *ον*, = πολύρραφος.

πολύρ-ράφος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥάπτω) *much-worked, highly-wrought.*

*πολύρ-ρην, *ηνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, *ῥήν = ἀμύνω) *rich in sheep or flocks: only found in nom. pl. πολύρρηνες, never in uom. sing.*

πολύρ-ρηνος, *ον*, = *πολύρρην.

πολύρ-ρίζος, *ον*, (πολύς, ρίζα) *with many roots.*

πολύρ-ροδος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥόδον) *abounding in roses.*

πολύρ-ροθος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥόθος) *much-dashing, loud-roaring: very clamorous.*

πολυρροβδήτης, *ον*, (πολύς, ροιβδέω) *much-wizzing.*

πολύρ-ροος, *ον*, contr. —ρους, *ουν*, and πολύρ-ρύτος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥέω) *much-flowing; of blood, shed in streams.*

ΠΟΛΥΨ, πολλή, πολύ; gen. πολλοῦ, ἡς, οὔ; dat. πολλῶ, ἡ, ᾧ; acc. πολύν, πολλήν, πολύ:—*Ion.* nom. πολλός, πολλή, πολλόν, acc. πολλόν, πολλήν, πολλόν: the *Ion.* declension is retained by the *Att.* in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing., masc. and neut. The following are *Ep.* forms: sing. gen. πολέος, pl. nom. πολέες contr. πολεῖς; gen. πολέων; dat. πολέσι, πολέσει, πολέεσσι; acc. πολέας contr. πολεῖς; also gen. plur. fem. πολλέων and πολλάων [ᾱ]:—*πολύς*, neut. πολυῖ, are also *Ep.* forms.

I. Of Number, *many*, opp. to ὀλίγος *few*: also of anything often repeated; πολλόν ἦν τοῦτο τὸ ἔπος

this word was often repeated.

2, also of Size or Degree, as, πολὺς νιφετός *a heavy storm of snow*; πολὺς ὕπνος *deep sleep*; of a person, μέγας καὶ πολ-λός *great and large*; πολλή κέκλημαι *I have been much extolled*; πολλὸς λόγος *a far-spread report*;

πολλή ἀνάγκη *strong necessity.*

3. of the Value of a thing; πολλοῦ ἀξίος *worth much*; πολλοῦ ποι-εῖσθαι τι, Lat. *magni facere*, to reckon of much consequence.

4. c. gen., as πολλοὶ Τρώων for πολλοὶ Τρώες; πολλὸν σαρκεῖς for πολλή σάρξ.

5. πολὺς is often joined to another Adj., πολέες τε καὶ ἔσθλοὶ *many men and good.*

6. in *Att.* with the article, οἱ πολλοὶ *the many, a majority*; so also, τὸ πολὺ; ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ for *the most part.*

7. πολὺς is often joined with a Partic. and εἰμί, as, πολλὸς ἦν λισσόμενος *he was urgent in his entreaties.*

II. of Space, large, far, wide; πολλή ὁδός *a long way.*

III. of Time, long.

As Adv. in neut. sing. and pl., πολὺ *Ion.* πολλόν, *πολλά, much, very*: also *many times, oft-times, often,*

often strengthd. by μάλα: of Space, *a great way*: of Time, long: of Degree, far, very much.

2. πολὺ is joined with a Comp. Adj. to increase its force; πολὺ or πολλὸν ἀμείνων *much better*: with Comp. Adv., πολὺ μάλλον *much more*: with Sup., as πολὺ πρῶτος *much the first.*

3. πολλά *many times, often*: τὰ πολλά *mostly, usually.*

4. with Preps.; ἐπὶ πολὺ for long; ἐπὶ πολλόν far.

Comp. πλείων *Att.* πλέων; Sup. πλείστος.

πολύ-θαβρος, *ον*, (πολύς, θαβρός) *very rotten.*

πολύ-σαρκία, ἡ, (πολύς, σάρξ) *fleshiness, plumpness.*

πολύ-σεβαστος, *ον*, (πολύς, σεβαστός) *most august.*

πολύ-σεμνος, *ον*, (πολύς, σεμνός) *very venerable.*

πολύ-σημάντωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (πολύς, σημαίνω) *a ruler over many.*

πολύ-σινής, ἡς, (πολύς, σίνωμαι) *very burlful, baneful, mischievous.*

πολύσιτία, ἡ, *abundance of corn or food.* From

πολυσιτός, *ον*, (πολύς, σίτος) *abounding in corn.*

II. *high-fed, full of meat.*

πολύ-σκαλμος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκαλμός) *many-oared.*

πολύ-σκαρθμος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκαίρω) *far-springing, swift: bounding.*

πολύ-σκηπτρος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκηπτρον) *wide-ruling.*

πολύ-σκιος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκιά) *very shady.*

πολυσκόπελος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκόπελος) *very rocky.*

πολυ-σπάθης, ἑς, (πολύς, σπάθη) *thick-woven.*

πολυ-σπερής, ἑς, (πολύς, σπείρω) *wide-spread, scattered abroad, numerous.*

πολύ-σπλαγχνος, *ον*, (πολύς, σπλάγχνον) *of great mercy or compassion.*

πολύ-σπορος, *ον*, (πολύς, σπείρω) *much-sown, fruitful.*

πολυ-στάφυλος, *ον*, (πολύς, σταφυλή) *rich in grapes.*

πολύ-στάχυς, *υ*, gen. *υος*, (πολύς, στάχυς) *rich in ears of corn, yielding rich crops.*

πολυ-στέλεχος, *ον*, *with many stems.*

πολυ-στένακτος, ον, (πολύς, στενάξω) *deep-sighing, miserable.*

πολυ-στέφανος, ον, *with many wreaths.*

πολυ-στεφής, ἐς, (πολύς, στέφω) *crowned with many a wreath; πολυστεφής δάφνης thick-crowned with laurel.*

πολύ-στικτος, ον, (πολύς, στίξω) *much-spotted, dappled.*

πολυστιχία, ἡ, *a number of lines.* From

πολύ-στιχος, ον, (πολύς, στίχος) *of or in many lines.*

πολύ-στοιχος, ον, (πολύς, στίχος) *with many rows.*

πολυστομέω, *to speak much.* From

πολύ-στομος, ον, (πολύς, στόμα) *many-mouthed.*

πολύ-στονος, ον, (πολύς, στένω) *much sighing, mournful, melancholy.*

πολυ-στροφία, ἡ, *a turning oneself to and fro.* From

πολύ-στροφος, ον, (πολύς, στρέφω) *much-twisted: pliant, versatile.*

πολύ-σύλλαβος, ον, (πολύς, συλλαβή) *of many syllables.*

πολυ-σφόνδύλος, ον, *many-jointed.*

πολύ-σχιτος, ον, (πολύς, σχίζω) *split into many parts, branching.*

πολύ-σχοινος, ον, (πολύς, σχοῖνος) *many-corded.*

πολύ-σωρος, ον, (πολύς, σωρός) *yielding large heaps of corn.*

πολύ-τάλαντος, ον, (πολύς, τάλαντον) *weighing or worth many talents.*

πολυ-ταρβής, ἐς, (πολύς, τάρβος) *much-frightened.*

πολύ-τεκνος, ον, (πολύς, τέκνον) *bearing many children.*

πολύ-τέλεια, ἡ, (πολυτελής) *great expense, costliness, expensiveness.*

πολύ-τελής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέλος) *very expensive, costly:—of persons, sumptuous, extravagant:—Comp. and Sup. πολυτελέστερος, -έστατος.*

πολυτελής, Adv. of πολυτελής, *expensively:—Sup. πολυτελέστατα, in the costliest manner.*

πολύ-τερπής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέρπω) *much-delighting.*

πολύ-τέχνης, ου, ὄ, (πολύς, τέχνη) *one skilled in many arts.*

πολύ-τίμητος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, τίμα) *highly honoured or revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τίμος, ον, (πολύς, τιμή) *much revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τιτος, ον, (πολύς, τίω) *held in high honour: also worthy of high honour. [ἰ metri grat.]*

πολύ-τλας, αντος, ὄ, (πολύς, τλῆναι) *much-enduring.*

πολυ-τλήμων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, τλήμων) *much-enduring, very patient.*

πολύ-τλητος, ον, (πολύς, τλῆναι) *having had much to endure, hence unfortunate.*

πολύ-τμητος, ον, (πολύς, τέμνω) *much-cut, much-lacerated.*

πολυ-τρήρων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρήρων) *abounding in doves.*

πολύ-τρητος, ον, (πολύς, τρητός) *much-pierced, perforated, full of holes, porous.*

πολυ-τρίπους, -ποδος, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρίπους) *with many tripods.*

πολυτροπία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *variety of resources, versatility, craft.* From

πολύ-τροπος, ον, (πολύς, τρέπω) *much-turned, i.e. much-travelled, wandering.* II. *turning many ways, versatile, ingenious: changeful.* 2. *manifold.*

Hence

πολυτρόπως, Adv. *in divers manners.*

πολυ-τρέχᾶλος, ον, (πολύς, τρέχω) *running about much, bustling.*

πολύ-ὑμνητος, ον, (πολύς, ὑμνέω) *much-famed in song, much-renowned.*

πολύ-ὑμνος, ον, (πολύς, ὕμνος) *much sung of, famous: honoured with many hymns.*

πολύ-φάρμακος, ον, (πολύς, φάρμακον) *knowing many drugs or charms.*

πολύ-φάτος, ον, (πολῖς, φημί) *much spoken of, very famous: also in a high strain.*

πολύ-φημος Dor. -φαιμος, ον, (πολύς, φήμη) *with many tales or legends: also with loud cries.* II. *wordy, full of the din of voices: ἡ πολύφημος, as Subst., = ἀγορά, the many-voiced, the assembly; ἔς πολύφημον ἐκφέρειν to bring before the assembly.*

πολυ-φθόρος, ον, (πολύς, φθείρω) *destroying many, baneful, pernicious.* II. *pass., πολυφθόρος, ον, utterly destroyed or ruined.*

πολύ-φίλος, ου, (πολύς, φιλέω) *having many friends, much-beloved.*

πολύ-φίλτρον, ον, (πολύς, φίλτρον) *suffering from many love-charms: deeply enamoured, love-sick.*

πολύ-φλοισβος, ον, (πολύς, φλοῖσβος) *loud-roaring, epith. of the sea.*

πολυ-φόνος, ον, (πολῖς, *φίνω) *killing many, murderous.*

πολύ-φορβος, ον, also, η, ον, (πολύς, φέρβομαι) *feeding many, bountiful.*

πολυφορία, ἡ, *productiveness.* From

πολύ-φόρος, ον, (πολύς, φέρω) *bearing much; πολυφόρος οἶνος wine which will bear much water; πολυφόρος δαίμων a fortune that wants tempering.*

πολυ-φράδης, ἐς, (πολύς, φράζω) *very eloquent, wise, sagacious.*

πολύ-φροντις, ιδος, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, φροντίς) *full of care.*

πολυ-φρόντιστος, ον, (πολύς, φροντίω) *much-thinking, thoughtful.*

πολυφροσύνη, ἡ, *fullness of understanding, great wisdom or understanding.* From

πολύ-φρων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, φρήν) *much-thoughtful, very sagacious: also ingenious, inventive.*

πολύ-χαλκος, ον, (πολύς, χαλκός) *abounding in copper or brass: hence rich in copper vessels or money.* II. *wrought of solid brass, all-brasen.*

πολυ-χανδής, ἐς, (πολύς, χανδάνω) *wide-yawning.*

πολύ-χαρμος, ον, (πολύς, χάρμη) *very warlike.*

πολύ-χειρ, -χειρος, ὄ, ἡ, (πολύς, χεῖρ) *many-banded, with many hands: also with many hands or men.*

Hence

πολύ-χειρία, ἡ, a multitude of bands or workmen.

πολύ-χορδος, ον, (πολύς, χορδή) many-stringed: hence many-toned.

πολυχρηματία, ἡ, possession of great wealth. From πολυ-χρήματος, ον, (πολύς, χρήμα) very wealthy. πολυ-χρόνιος, ον, (πολύς, χρόνος) existing a long time, of the olden time, ancient.

πολύ-χρῦσος, ον, (πολύς, χρυσός) rich in gold, adorned with gold.

πολύ-χυστος, ον, (πολύς, χύννυμι) big-bearped. πολυ-ψάμβθος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμβθος), and πολυ-ψάμμος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμμος) very sandy.

πολυψηφία, ἡ, number or diversity of votes. And πολυ-ψηφίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, with many pebbles, pebbly, of the beds of rivers. From

πολύ-ψηφος, ον, (πολύς, ψηφος) with many or various votes.

πολύ-ψοφος, ον, (πολύς, ψοφέω) loud-sounding. πολυ-ῶδυνος, ον, (πολύς, ὀδύνη) very painful. II. pass. suffering great pain.

πολύ-ὄνυμα, ον, (πολύς, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of many names, worshipped under many names. II. of great name, famous, renowned.

πολυ-ωπής, ἐς, and πολυ-ωπός, ὄν, (πολύς, ὦπή) with many boles or cells, close-mesbed.

πολυ-ᾠρέα, (πολύς, ᾠρα) to pay much regard or attention to, to esteem highly.

πολυ-ᾠφελής, ἐς, (πολύς, ὄφελος) very, highly useful, useful in many ways: Sup. πολυωφελέστατος. Adv. λῶς, in a very serviceable manner.

πολυ-ᾠψ, ᾠπος, ὁ, ἡ, = πολυούπος. πόμα, ατος, τό, (πίνω, πέποιμαι) a drink, draught.

πομπαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πομπή) conducting, attending, escorting: of a wind, fair: of Hermes, conducting the souls of the dead to the nether world.

πομπάν, πομπᾶς, Dor. for πομπήν, πομπῆς.

πομπεία, ἡ, (πομπεύω) a leading in procession: any solemn or religious procession. II. jeering, ribaldry, customary in the processions of Bacchus and Ceres.

πομπέιον, τό, (πομπή) any vessel employed in solemn processions. II. at Athens, the place where they were kept.

πομπεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (πομπός) one who attends or escorts, a guide, conductor. 2. one who goes in procession.

πομπεύω, Ion. impf. πομπεύεσκον: f. σω: (πομπή)—to attend, escort, guide, conduct. II. to lead a procession: to swagger or strut: to abuse with ribald jests, as was customary in processions (see πομπεία).

πομπή, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending, despatching, escorting: guidance, conduct, escort. 2. a sending away, a sending home to one's country. II. a solemn procession, Lat. pompa. III. an intervention, suggestion, guidance.

πομπήτες, ἦας, nom. acc. pl. of πομπεύς.

πομπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πομπή) of or for a solemn procession: sbow, stately.

πόμπιμος, ον, also η, ον, (πομπή) conducting, escorting, guiding: homeward. II. pass. sent, brought.

πομπός, ὁ, (πέμπω) one who attends or escorts, an escort, guide: plur. πομποὶ attendants, guards. 2. a messenger. II. as Adj. conducting, leading; πῦρ πομπόν the signal or beacon fire.

πομπο-στολέω, (πέμπω, στόλος) to conduct a fleet or ship.

πομφόλυγο-πάφλασμα, τό, (πομφόλυξ, παφλάζω) the noise made by bubbles rising.

πομφολίζω, f. ξω, (πομφόλυξ) to bubble or boil up: to gush forth.

πομφόλυξ, ὕγος, ἡ, (πομφός) a bubble. ΠΟΜΦΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, α, a bubble, blister.

πονείμενος, Aeol. for πονούμενος, part. pass. or med. of πονέω.

πινέω, (πίνος) used by Hom. mostly as Dep. πονέομαι, with fut. med. -ήσομαι; aor. I med. ἐπινήθημι and pass. ἐπινήθη; pf. pass. πεπώνημι: I. absol. to toil, work hard; πονέεσθαι κατὰ ὑμῖν to toil in the fight; hence to be worn out, exhausted. 2. metaph. to be in distress or anxiety, feel pain of mind. II. c. acc. to work at, work hard at, to perform zealously.

After Hom. the Act. πονέω is more freq., f. -πώνησω: aor. I ἐπώνησα: pf. πεπώνηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπινήθη: pass. πεπώνημι: I. c. acc. pers. to cause toil or pain to another. 2. c. acc. rei, to gain by toil or labour, to work out: Pass. to be won by labour and pains. II. intr. to toil, suffer pain or hardship: c. acc. cognato, πονεῖν πόνον, μόχθους to undergo, endure labour. Hence

πόνημα, ατος, τό, that which is wrought out, work.

πονηρέυμαι, ατος, τό, a knavish trick. From πονηρέομαι, Dep. (πονηρός) to be evil or wicked, to deal wickedly.

πονηρία, ἡ, (πονηρός) badness, ill condition, wickedness, knavery, Lat. pravitas: also cowardice.

πονηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πονέω) causing pain or hardship: hence, 1. painful. 2. distressed, in sorry plight: of things, bad, sorry: useless, in bad state or condition; πονηρὰ πράγματα a bad state of things. 3. in moral sense, bad, worthless, villainous, knavish, wicked. Hence

πονηρῶς, Adv. ill, miserably; πονηρῶς εἶχειν to be ill off, be in a sorry plight.

πονήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of πονέω.

πόνος, ὁ, (πένω, πένομαι) task-work, bard work, toil, drudgery, Lat. labor; μάχης πόνος the toil of battle: hence πόνος, = μάχη, a battle, action, the tug of war. 2. a task. II. pain of body or mind, suffering, grief: in plur. pains, distress. III. the fruit or result of labour, a work.

ποντιάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of πόντιος.

πουντίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόντος) to plunge or sink in the sea, Lat. *mergo*:—Pass. to be drowned.

ποντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: esp. of the πόντος Εὐξείνους or Black Sea: cf. πόντος. II. from Pontus, Pontic; Ποντικὸν δένδρον the tree from Pontus, the hazel.

πόντιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

πόντισμα, ατος, τό, (πουντίζω) that which is cast into the sea.

ποντόθεν, Adv. (πόντος) from or out of the sea.

ποντοθήρης, ου, ὅ, (πόντος, θηράω) one who fishes in the sea.

ποντομέδων, οντος, ὅ, (πόντος, μέδω) lord of the sea.

πόντονδε, Adv. (πόντος) into the sea.

Ποντοπόρεια, ἡ, (ποντοπόρος) a Nereid, the Sea-passer.

ποντοπορεύω and —πορέω, to pass over the sea. From

ποντοπόρος, ον, (πόντος, πύρος) passing over the sea, sea-faring.

Ποντο-ποσειδῶν, ἄνωος, ὅ, (πόντος, Ποσειδῶν) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

ΠΟΝΤΟΣ, οὔ, ὅ, the sea, esp. the open sea, the big sea. II. Πόντος the Black Sea; in full, Πόντος Εὐξείνους. 2. the country Pontus at the east end of the Black Sea.

ποντο-τίνακτος, ον, (πόντος, τινάσσω) sea-sbaken.

ποντόφιν, Ep. gen. of πόντος.

ποπάνευμα, ατος, τό, = πῶπᾶνον.

πῶπᾶνον, τό, (πέπτω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

πόπαξ, an exclamation of surprise, akin to πόποι.

ποπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πῶπᾶνον.

ποποί, the cry of the booroe.

ποποι, exclam. of surprise, anger, or pain, ob! *fiel* sbame! akin to παπαί!—also ᾧ ποποι.

ποποπό, cry of the booroe.

ποππίζω Dor. ποππίσσω: fut. ποππίσω: aor. I ἐπῶπῖσα: Pass., aor. ἐποππίσθη:—to whistle with the lips compressed: to cry *bush!* also to make a hissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence ποππίλιάζω Dor. —ἄσσω, = ποππίζω.

ποππίσσω, Dor. for ποππίζω.

πόππισμα, ατος, τό, and ποππισμός, οὔ, ὅ, (ποππίζω) a whistling, esp. in applause.

πόρδαλις, ὅ, ἡ, older form of πάρδαλις.

πορδή, ἡ, (πέρδω) *crepitus ventris*.

πόρε, Ep. for *πόρω; see *πόρω.

πορεία, ἡ, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. *incessus*. II. a going, a journey, passage: a march. 2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

πορευθείς, πορευθῆναι, aor. I part. and inf. of πορεύομαι.

πόρευμα, ατος, τό, (πορεύομαι) a passage, way; πόρευμα βροτῶν a place where men resort. 2. a means of going, carriage, conveyance.

πορεύσιμος, ον, also η, ον, (πορεύω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable.

πορευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πορεύομαι, to be traversed or travelled over. II. neut. πορευτέον, one must go.

πορευτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (πορεύομαι) travelling, journeying.

πορεύω, f. —εὔσω: (πόρος):—to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry or convey across a river. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply. II. Pass. and Med. πορεύομαι, fut. med. —εὔσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπορεύθη: pf. πεπόρευμαι:—to be carried or carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. 2. c. acc. loci, to pass over, traverse.

πορθέω, f. ἤσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημαι:—collat. form of πέρθω, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to besiege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:—Pass. to be ruined, undone. Hence

πόρθημα, ματος, τό, (πορθέω) ravage, plunder.

πόρθησις, εως, ἡ, (πορθέω) the sack of a town.

πορθητής, οὔ, ὅ, (πορθέω) a ravager, plunderer.

πορθήτωρ, ορος, ὅ, poet. for πορθητής, a ravager.

πορθμείον Ion. —ἥιον, τό, (πορθμείω) a place for crossing, a passage over, ferry. II. a passage-boat, ferry-boat. III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. *naulum*.

πόρθευμα, ατος, τό, (πορθμείω) a crossing over, passage.

πορθμύς, εως Ion. ἦος, ὅ, (πορθμείω) a ferryman, boatman, Lat. *portitor*: a seaman.

πορθμύω, f. σω, (πορθμός) to carry or ferry over a strait, river, etc.: to carry over, carry, convey:—Pass. to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from place to place. II. intr. in Act., like Lat. *trajicere*, to pass over, cross over.

πορθμήιον, τό, Ion. for πορθμείον.

πορθμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορθμός) a ferry; a strait. II. a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

πορθμός, ὅ, (πέριω) a ferry: a strait, *fritib*. II. a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐπόρισα: Med., f. πορίσομαι: Pass., f. πορισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐπορίσθη: pf. ἐπορίσμαι: (πόρος):—to bring, conduct, fetch, convey. II. to furnish, provide, supply: to bring about, contrive, devise:—Med. to furnish for oneself, provide, procure, get:—Pass. πορίζεται, impers. it is in one's power to do . . .

πόρις, ον, (πόρος) able to provide or supply: wealthy, rich. II. full of resources, inventive: c. acc., πόριμος ἄπορα fertile of resource in difficulties. II. of things, practicable.

πόρις, ιος, ἡ, poet. form of πόρις.

πορισμός, ὅ, (πορίζω) a procuring: a means of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οὔ, ὅ, (πορίζω) a provider, purveyor: at Athens, the πορισταί were a financial board to raise ways and means. 3. purveyors, conveyancers, as pirates called themselves. Hence

ποριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for purveying: able to procure. ΠΟΡΚΗΣ, οὐ, ὄ, a ring or hoop, which ran round the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened to the shaft.

πορνεία, ἡ, (πορνεῖω) fornication: prostitution. πορνείον, τό, (πορνεῖω) a brothel. πορνεῖω, f. σω, (πόρνος) to prostitute:—Pass., of a woman, to be or become a harlot.

πόρνη, ἡ, (περνᾶω) a harlot. πορνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πόρνη. [vī] πορνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόρνη) of or for harlots. πορνοβοσκός, f. ἡσω, (πορνοβοσκός) to keep a brothel. Hence

πορνοβοσκία, ἡ, brothel-keeping. πορνοβοσκός, ὁ, (πόρνη, βόσκω) a brothel-keeper. πόρνος, ὁ, (πόρνη) a fornicator. πόρος, ὁ, (περνᾶω) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, frith. 2. πόροι ἄλλος the paths of the sea. 3. a way through or over, thoroughfare, passage: a way, track. II. c. gen. rei, a way or means of achieving; πόρος ἰδού a means of performing the journey; πόρος χρημάτων a way of raising money. 2. absol. a contrivance, resource. 3. in plur. 'ways and means', resources, revenue.

πορπακίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόρπαξ) to grasp by the handle, to hold a shield by the handle.

πόρπαμα, ατος, τό, (πορπάω) a garment fastened with a buckle or brooch.

πόρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (πόρπη) the handle of a shield.

πορπάω: f. ἄσω [ā] Ion. ἡσω:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

πόρπη, ἡ, (πέρω) like περώνη, the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.

πόρπημα, ατος, τό, Ion. for πόρπαμα.

πόρρω, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρόσω, far; far off: see πορρωτέρω, —ωτάτω. Hence

πόρρωθεν, Adv. from afar; and

πόρρωθι, Adv. far.

πορρωτάτος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furthest.

πορρωτέρω, —ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furthest off.

πορραῖω, = πορσύνω, to offer, give: hence to attend to, cherish: to manage, arrange.

πόρσιον, πόρσιστα, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρσω or πρόσω, further, furthest.

πορσύνω [v]: Ep. fut. πορσύνέω contr. —ἔνω: (*πόρω):—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., κείνων πορσυνέουσα λέχος to prepare his bed. II. generally, to make ready, provide:—Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust.

III. of persons, to treat with care, to cherish, tend: also to esteem.

πόρσω, Adv., = πόρρω, πρόσω: see πόρσιον, πόρσιστα.

πόρπαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = πέρτις, a calf.

πέρτις, ἴος, ἡ, a young heifer, calf: any young animal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juvenca.

πορτι-τρόφος, ον, (πόρτις, τρέφω) breeding calves. πορφύρα Ion. —ύρη [v], ἡ, (πορφύρω) the purple-fish, Lat. murex. II. the purple dye obtained from it, purple. III. in plur. purple clothes or robes.

πορφύρεος, η, ον, Att. contr. πορφύρουός, ἄ, οὖν: (πορφύρα):—Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of the sea: πορφύρη νεφέλη a dark cloud. 2. dyed with murex or purple-fish, purple, red. 3. rosy, bright, beautiful, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρεός, ἴος, ὁ, (πορφύρα) a fisher for purple-fish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφύρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a purple-dyer. πορφύρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορφύρα) a purple garment or covering. II. a red-coloured bird.

πορφύριαν, ανος, ὁ, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured water-bird.

πορφύρο-ειδής, ἴος, (πορφύρα, εἶδος) purpled, dark. πορφύρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, fem. —πώλις, ἴδος, (πορφύρα, πώλις) a dealer in purple, seller of purple.

πορφύρο-στρωτος, ον, (πορφύρα, στρώννυμι) spread with purple cloth.

πορφύρουός, ἄ, οὖν, Att. contr. for πορφύρεος. πορφύρω [v], a redupl. form of φύρω, (as μομύρω of μύρω), to grow dark, esp. of the sea; ὡς ὅτε πορφύρη πέλαγος μέγα κύματι κοφῆσθαι as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i. e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολλῆ ἄλς): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλά δέ οἱ κραδί πορφύρει much was his heart troubled. II. to grow purple.

*ΠΟΡΩ, obsol. pres. of the aor. 2 ἔπορον, and pf. πέπωμαι: I. aor. 2 ἔπορον Ep. πόρον, part. πορών:—to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer, bestow, grant; ἐνχος πορῶν to fulfil a wish. II. pf. pass. πέπωμαι, to be given or assigned as one's portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. πέπωμαι, and 3 sing. plqpf. πέπωρω, it has, had been fated, and part. πεπωμένος, η, ον, allotted or fated to one: hence, ἡ πέπωμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny; so also τῷ πεπωμένον.

*ΠΟΣ, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat. ὅς, whence ποῦ, ποί, πῆ, πῶ, also, πόθεν, πόθι, πόσε, πότε, and the Adj. πότερος.

ποσάκις Ep. ποσάκι[α], Adv. (πόσος) how many times? how often? Lat. quoties?

πόσε, Adv. (*πός) whither? Lat. quo?

Ποσειδᾶν and Ποσειδᾶν, ανος, ὁ, Dor. for Ποσειδῶν. Ποσειδάνιος and —άϊνιος, α, ον, Dor. for Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδαιον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσειδαιος, α, ον, = Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδῶν, ανος, Poseidon, ὁ, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Ποσειδῶν, ανος, ὁ: acc. Ποσειδῶ: voc. Πόσειδον: Homeric form Ποσειδᾶν [ā], ἄανος, acc. ἄανα, voc. Ποσειδᾶν: Dor. Ποσειδᾶν or Ποιδᾶν, ανος: Ion. Ποσειδέων, ανος:—Poseidon, Lat. Neptunus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sea.

Ποσειδώνιος, α, ον, *sacred to Neptune*: τὰ Ποσειδώνια (sub. ἱερά), *the festival of Neptune*.

ΠΟΣΘΗ, ἡ, *membrum virile*.

πόσθων, ἀνος, ὁ, (πόσθη) *a little boy*.

ποσί, dat. pl. of ποῦς: but πόσι, vocat. of πόσις.

Ποσιδίον, τό, Ion. for Ποσειδεῖον.

Ποσιδίος, η, ον, Ion. for Ποσειδείου, *sacred to Poseidon or Neptune*.

ΠΟΣΙΣ, ὁ, gen. πόσιος, dat. πόσει Ep. πόσει, voc. πόσις or πόσι: pl., nom. πόσις, Ep. acc. πόσις:—*husband, spouse, mate*: when opp. to ἀνήρ, πόσις was *a lawful husband, ἀνήρ a paramour*.

πόσις, ιος Att. εως, ἡ, (πίνω) *a drinking, drink, beverage: a drinking-bout*; παρὰ τὴν πόσιν, Lat. *inter pocula, over their cups*.

πόσος Ion. κόσος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of relat. ὅσος and demonstr. τόσος:—*how great? how much? of what value?* Lat. *quantus?* II. ποσός, ἡ, ὄν, indef. Adj., of any size or number, Lat. *aliquantus*: ἐπὶ πᾶσιν to a certain degree.

ποσσο-ἡμαρ, Adv. (πόσος, ἡμαρ) *in how many days? within how many days?*

ποσσί or -ίη, Ep. for ποσί, dat. pl. of ποῦς.

ποσσί-κροτος, ον, (ποῦς, κροτέω) *beaten by the foot in dancing*.

πόσις, εως, ὁ, ποῖτ, for πόσις, *a husband*.

ποσταῖος, α, ον, (πόστος) *in how many days? on which day?*

πόστος, η, ον, (πόσος) *which of a number?* Lat. *quous? πόστον δὴ ἔτος ἔστιν ὅτε* . . ; *how many years is it since* . . ? II. *how small?* Lat. *quantulus*.

πότ, shortd. Dor. for ποτί, πρόσ, only before the Article, as πὸτ τῷ, πὸτ τόν, πὸτ τό, etc.

πότα, Aeol. for πύτε.

ποτάγε, Dor. for πρόσαγε, imperat. of προσάγω.

ποτ-αἰσομαι, Dor. fut. of προσαίδω.

ποτ-αῖνος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποτί=πρός, αἶνος) like πρόσφατος, *newly told of, fresh, new*, Lat. *recens*: metaph. *unwonted, unheard-of*.

ποτάμειος, α, ον, = ποταμῖος. [ᾶ]

ποτάμειψατο, Dor. and ποῖτ for προσημείψατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσαμβῶ.

ποτάμειξομαι, Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of προσαμέλω.

ποτάμηδόν, Adv. (ποταμός) *like a river*.

ποτάμητος, η, ον, Ion. and ποῖτ for ποτάμειος.

ποτάμητις, ἴδος, ποῖτ, fem. of ποτάμειος.

ποτάμη-ἡρπυτος, ον, (ποταμός, ἄρπυτῶ) *drawn from a stream or in streams*.

ποτάμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποταμός) *of or from a river, on a river*.

ποτάμῶδε, Adv. *into, to, towards a river*. From ποτάμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ΠΟ-, Root of πίνω) *a river, stream*. II. personified, Ποταμός, ὁ, *a river-god*.

ποτάμο-φόρητος, ον, (ποταμός, φορέω) *carried away by a river*.

ποτανός, ἄ, ὄν, (ποτάομαι) Dor. for ποτηνός, *winged, flying, furnished with wings*.

ποτάομαι, ποῖτ, for πέτομαι, *to fly*: fut. med. ποτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐποτήθη Dor. -άθη: pf. πεπόθη Dor. -αμαι (with pres. sense), Ep. 3 pl. πεποτήται: 3 sing. plqpf. πεπότητο:—*to be upon the wing, hover, flit about*.

ποτάπος, ἡ, ὄν, = ποδαπός. Adv. -πῶς.

ποτ-αυλέω, Dor. for προσαυλέω.

ποτ-ἄφος, α, ον, Dor. for προσῆφος.

πότε Ion. κότε, (*πος) interrog. Particle, *when? at what time?* II. ποτέ, enclit. Particle, *at some time, at any time, once, erst*. In answering clauses,

ποτέ μὲν . . , ποτέ δέ . . , *at one time . . , at another . . ; sometimes . . sometimes*; Lat. *modo . . modo* . . :—in questions it strengthens the interrogation, τί ποτε; Ep. τίποτε; *how ever? how possibly?*

Ποταδάν, ἀνος, Dor. for Ποσειδῶν.

ποτεμάτο, Dor. for προτεμάτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προμαάσω.

ποτέμα, Ep. for ποτάομαι, *to fly*.

ποτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πίνω, *to be drunk, drink-able*. II. ποτέον, neut. *one must drink*.

ποτ-ερίζω, Dor. for προσερίζω.

πότερος, α, ον Ion. κότερος, η, ον, (*πος, ἔτερος) *whether or which of the two?* Lat. *uter?* 2. the neut. πότερον or πότερα is freq. used as Adv. at the beginning of an interrog. sentence containing two contrary propositions, πότερον . . , ἢ . . ; like Lat. *utrum . . , an . . ? whether . . , or . . ?* II. without interrog., like ὀπότερος, *either of the two*, Lat. *alteruter*.

ποτ-έρχομαι, Dor. for προσέρχομαι.

ποτέρωθι, Adv. (πότερος) *on whether of the two sides . . ? on which of two sides? at which of two places?*

ποτέρως, Adv. of πότερος, *in which of two ways?* Lat. *utro modo?*

ποτέρωσε, Adv. (πότερος) *to whether of two sides? to which of two places?*

ποτ-έχω, Dor. for προσέχω.

ποτή, ἡ, (ποτάομαι) *flight*.

ποτ-ἦμεν, Dor. for προσείναι, inf. of πρόσειμι.

πότημα, ατος, τό, (ποτάομαι) *flight*.

ποτήμενα, Dor. for ποτάμενα, part. of ποτάομαι.

ποτηνός, ἡ, ὄν, v. ποτανός.

ποτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *a drinking-cup, wine-cup*.

ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *a drinking-cup, wine-cup*.

ποτής, ἦτος, ἡ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *drink*.

πότης, ου, ὁ, fem. πότις, ἴδος, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *a drinker, tippler*: with another Subst., *πότης λύχνος a tippling lamp*:—Comic Sup. fem., *ποτιστάτη a bard drinker*.

ποτητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποτάομαι) *flying, winged*; ποτητά, τά, *fowls, birds*.

ποτί, Dor. for πός.

ποτ-ιάπτω, ποτ-ί-βάλλω, Dor. for προσιάπτω, προσβάλλω.

ποτι-βλέπω, Dor. for προσβλέπω.

ποτιδέγμενος, Dor. for προσδέγμενος, part. Ep. for aor. 2 of προσδέχομαι.

ποτ-ιδεῖν, Dor. for προσιδεῖν.

ποτι-δέρκομαι, -δεύομαι, -δέρπιος, Dor. for προσδ-.

ποτι-ελέω, Dor. for προσελέω.

ποτιζέω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (πότος) to give to drink: to water.

ποτιθῆι, Dor. for πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθημι.

ποτικέκλιται, Dor. for προσκέκλ-, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προσκλίω.

ποτιλέατο, Dor. for προσελέατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσλέγω.

πότιμος, ον, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) of water, fit to drink, fresh: opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant.

ποτι-νίσσομαι, Dor. for προσν-.

ποτιπέπτηα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of προσπήσσω.

ποτι-πίσσω, Dor. for προσπίσσω.

ποτιπῶ, Dor. for ποτιζέω.

ποτι-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.

ποτιστατος, Comic Sup. of πότης.

ποτι-τέρπω, Dor. for προστέρπω.

ποτι-τρόπαιος, ον, Dor. for προστρώπαιος.

ποτι-φωνήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for προσφωνήεις.

πότμος, ὄ, (πίπτω) that which befalls one, one's lot, destiny: one's evil destiny; death.

πότνια, ἡ, Ep. for πόντια.

πότνια, ἡ, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότνια θηρῶν queen of wild beasts:—as Adj. revered, august, awful:—only found in nom. and voc. πότνια, acc. πόντιαν, except that nom. pl. πόντια is used of Ceres and Proserpine.

ποτινάδες, αἱ, (πότνια) the shouting, screaming ones, epith. of the Bacchanals. 2. also as pl. to πόντια, awful, used of the Erinyes.

ποτινάομαι, Dep. to call out πόντια, πόντια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, sbriek.

ποτ-όδω, Lacon. for προσίζω.

ποτόν, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) that which one drinks, a drink, draught; σῖτα καὶ ποτά meat and drink. 2. a spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water.

ποτ-οπαίω, Dor. for προσ-οπαίω.

ποτός, ὄ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from Root ΠΟ- (v. πίνω) for drinking, drunk.

πότος, ὄ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking, a drinking-out, carousal.

ποτ-όσω, Dor. for προσίζω.

ποττό, ποττόν, ποττώ, ποττώς, ποττάν, etc., Dor. for πρὸς τό, πρὸς τόν, πρὸς τοῦ, πρὸς τοῦς, πρὸς τήν, etc.

ποτ-φκει, Dor. for προσ-εφκει.

πού; Ion. κοῦ; interrog. Adv.: (*πός) where? Lat. ubi? c. gen., πού γῆς; πού χθονός; where, in what part of the world? Lat. ubinam terrarum? 2. how? in what manner? II. πού as enclit., anywhere, somewhere.

πολυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.

πολύ-πους, πολυπότος, Ion. for πολύπους, πολύπος.

πολύς, neut. πούλι, Ep. for πολύς, πολύ.

πολυ-βότερα, ἡ, Ion. for πολυβότερα.

πολυ-πᾶθής, ἐς, Ion. for πολυπαθής.

πολυ-πλάνητος, ον, Ion. for πολυπλάνητος.

ΠΟΥΨ, ὄ, gen. ποδός: dat. pl. ποσί Ep. ποσσί, πόδεσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδοῖν:—Lat. PES, a foot: in plur. also a bird's talons or claws; the arms or feelers of a polypus:—ξύλινος πούς a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, πῖξ . ἡδέ πόδεσσαν in boxing and in the foot-race; ποῖν ἐρίειν to race on foot: but, ἐς πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς from head to foot. 2. of close proximity, πρόσθεν πόδος or ποδῶν, προπάρουθε ποδῶν just before one's feet, i. e. before one;—so also, ἐν ποσί, παρὰ ποδός, πρὸ ποδός, παρὰ ποδί, close before or beside one; παρὰ ποδός straightway, at once: hence, τὰ ἐν ποσί and τὰ πρὸ ποδῶν what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp. ἐμπέδων, ἐκπέδων. 3. in various phrases: ἐπὶ πόδα backwards, with one's face forwards; ἐπὶ πόδα ἀναχωρεῖν to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure:—κατὰ πόδας with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ἡ κατὰ πόδας ἡμέρα the very next, following day:—ὡς ποδῶν ἔχει as he is off for feet, i. e. as quick as he can:—ἔξω τινὸς πόδα ἔχειν to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it:—ἔξ ἐνὸς ποδός, i. e. alone, singly; ἔξ ἡσύχου ποδός quietly.

II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. 2. in a ship, πόδες are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; παριέναι τοῦ ποδός to slack the sheet; so χαλᾶν πόδα, opp. to τείνειν πόδα to haul it tight. III. a foot, as a measure of length. IV. a foot in Prosody.

πράγμα Ion. πρήγμα, ατος, τό: (πράσσω):—that which has been done, a deed:—generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right or fit to be done, one's business: πρήγμα ἐστὶ μοι, c. inf. it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., οὐδὲν πρήγμα it is no matter, of no consequence. 2. an object of consequence or consideration; of a person, ἦν μέγιστον πρήγμα Δημοκρίδης παρὰ βασιλεῖ Democedes was treated with the greatest consideration by the king. 3. of a battle, an action, affair. 4. of something disgraceful, the thing, the business, job.

II. in plur. πράγματα affairs, circumstances. 2. state-affairs, public business, the power of a state; τὰ πράγματα τῶν Ἑλλήνων the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political power; οἱ ἐν τοῖς πράγμασι men in office, ministers. 3. one's private affairs; ἀγαθὰ πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; πράγματα ἔχειν to have trouble about a thing; πράγματα παρέχειν τινὶ to cause one trouble.

πραγματεία, ἡ, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing. II. *an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a lawsuit: in plur. troubles.*

πραγματεύομαι Ion. πρηγγ—: Dep. with fut. med. —εἶσομαι, aor. I med. ἐπραγματεύσομαι, pass. ἐπρηγματεύθην: pf. pass. πεπραγμάτευμαι: (πράγμα):—*to be busy, take trouble: c. acc. rei, to make a thing one's business, take in hand, treat of, labour to bring it about; esp. to carry on a business, Lat. negotiari: to prosecute a lawsuit: πραγματεύεσθαι τὴν νύκτα to spend the night in business.* II. pf. πεπραγμάτευμαι also in pass. sense, to be laboured at, worked out.

πραγματίον, τό, Dim. of πρᾶγμα, a petty lawsuit. *πραγμαῖο-δίφης, ου, δ (πράγματα, δίφω) one who hunts up lawsuits, a pettyfogger.*

πράγος, εος, τό, poet. for πρᾶγμα: also = πρᾶγματα, state-affairs.

πράεως, Adv. of πρᾶς, mildly, gently. *πρᾶθειν, Ep. for πρᾶθῆν, aor. 2 inf. of πέρωθ.*

πρᾶθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of πεπράσκα.

πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πεπράσκα.

πρᾶτωριον, τό, the Lat. praetorium, the tent or hall of the praetor: a judgment-hall: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πρακτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, to be done. II. neut. πρακτέον, one must do.

πρακτήρ Ion. πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πράσσω) one that does, a doer: a trader, merchant. Hence

πρακτήριος, ον, executing, accomplishing.

πρακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πράσσω) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective, energetic.

πρακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, done, to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ ποιητά.

πρακτωρ, οπος, ὁ, poet. for πρακτήρ, one who does or executes, a worker. II. one who exacts payment, a tax-gatherer. 2. one who exacts punishment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj., σὺν δορὶ καὶ χερὶ πρακτορι with avenging hand.

Πράμνεος or Πράμνιος οἶνος, ὁ, Pramnian wine, so called from Mount Pramnḗ in the island of Icaria.

πρᾶν, Doric Adv., = πρῖν, before: formerly, one time, lately; πρᾶν ποκα a short time ago. [ᾶ]

πρᾶνῆς, ἐς, Dor. and Att. for πρηνῆς.

πρᾶξις, εος Ion. πρηξις, ιος, ἡ, (πράσσω) a doing, transaction, business, affair; κατὰ πρηξιν on business, for purposes of traffic. 2. the progress or result of a business; οὗ τις πρηξις πέλεται γόδιο no good comes of weeping; πρηξις χρησμάτων the issue of the oracles.

II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθος, suffering. III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition. IV. the exaction of money or of punishment: revenge.

πρᾶνως, Adv. of πρᾶος, formed from obsol. πρᾶων, temperately.

ΠΡΑΨ, neut. πρᾶον: the fem. in use is πρᾶεία, from πρᾶύς (Ion. πρηύς), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both πρᾶος and πρᾶεις in nom., πρᾶις and πρᾶεῖσι in dat.: neut. nom. and acc. is πρᾶέ, rarely πρᾶα:—*mild, soft: of persons, meek, gentle: of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft.* 2. *soothing, taming.*—Comp. πρᾶότερος or πρᾶύτερος Ion. πρηύτερος. Hence

πρᾶότης, ἦρος, ἡ, mildness, meekness, gentleness.

ΠΡΑΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly used in pl. πραΐδες, αἱ, = φρένες, the midriff, diaphragm:—then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understanding, 2. like φρένες, the understanding, mind: also the heart. [γ]

πρᾶσιύ, ἡ, (πρᾶσον) a bed in a garden, garden-plot: πρασιαὶ πρασιαὶ by companies.

πρᾶσίμιος, ον, (πρᾶσις) for sale, to be sold, Lat. venalis.

πρᾶσις, εως Ion. πρησις, ιος, ἡ, (πιπράσκα) a selling, sale.

ΠΡΑΨΟΝ, τό, a leek, Lat. porrum. [ᾶ]

πρᾶσο-κουρον, τό, (πράσον, κείρω) a leek-slice.

Πρασσοφάγος, ὁ, Ep. for Πρᾶσο-φάγος, (πράσον, φάγειν) Leek-eater, name of a frog.

Πρασσαῖος, ὁ, poet. for πρᾶσαῖος, Leek-green, name of a frog.

πρᾶσσομεν, Dor. for πρᾶσσομεν.

ΠΡΑΨΣΩ Ion. πρησσω Att. πρᾶττω: fut. πράζω Ion. πρηξῶ: aor. I ἐπράξα Ion. ἐπρηξα: pf. πέπρᾶχα Ion. πέπρηχα, and in intr. sense pf. 2 πέπρᾶγα:—

Pass., fut. πραγθήσομαι, paullo-post f. πεπράξομαι: aor. I ἐπράχθη: pf. πέπραγμα:—properly, to pass through, like περῶω; ἀλλὰ πρησσειν to pass through the sea; ὕδον πρησσειν to pass through, finish a journey:—hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work; πρᾶσειν κλέος, to achieve, win glory: to take charge of a thing. II. to practise a business, trade, way of life; πρᾶττειν τὰ ἴδια to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to πρᾶττειν τὰ κοινά, τὰ τῆς πόλεως to manage state-affairs: also absol. ἱκανὸς πρᾶττειν competent to manage public affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; πρᾶττειν Θηβαίους τὰ πρᾶγματα to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans. III. to do, practise, Lat. agere: absol. to act, be the doer or agent. IV. intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: esp. εὖ or κακῶς πρᾶττειν to do or fare well or ill; esp. in pf. 2 πέπρᾶγα. 2. εὖ and κακῶς πρᾶττειν mean also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill towards. V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, πρᾶττειν τινὰ τι to do something to one. VI. c. dupl. acc. in another sense, πρᾶττειν τινὰ ἀργύριον to exact money from one: metaph., φόνον πρᾶττειν to exact punishment for a murder: and so to avenge:—Pass., πεπραγμένος τὸν φόρον having the tribute exacted:—Med., πρᾶσθαι to exact or extort for oneself. VII. c. acc. pers., πρᾶττειν τινὰ to make an end of him, Lat. conficere; pf. pass. part. πεπραγμένους undone, utterly ruined, Lat. confectus.

πράσω, fut. of πιπράσκα. [ᾶ]

πρατήρ Ion. πρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πέ-πράμαι) a seller, dealer.

πρᾶτήριον Ion. πρητήριον, τό, (πέ-πράμαι) a place for selling, a market, mart.

πράτιστος, Dor. for πρῶτιστος. [ᾱ]

πρᾶτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πιπράσκω, to be sold.

πρᾶτος, α, ον, Dor. for πρῶτος.

πράττω, Att. for πράσσω.

πρᾶῦ-γελως Ion. πρηῦγ-, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, γέλως) softly-smiling.

πρᾶῦ-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, μῆτις) of gentle counsel.

πρᾶῦσις, εως, ἡ, a softening, appeasing. From πρᾶῦνω Ion. πρηῦνω [ῦ]: fut. πρᾶῦνῶ: aor. I ἐπρᾶῦνα: Pass., aor. I ἐπραῦνθην: pf. πεπρᾶῦσμαι: (πραῦς):—to make soft, mild or gentle, to soften, soothe, calm, tame:—Pass. to become gentle, calm down; of passion, to abate.

πρᾶῦ-πάθεια, ἡ, (πραῦς, πάθος) gentleness.

πραῦς, πράεῖα, πρᾶῦ, Ion. πρηῦς, = πρᾶος. Hence

πρᾶῦτης, ητος, ἡ, mildness, gentleness.

πρᾶως, Adv. of πρᾶος, mildly, gently.

πρέμνοθεν, Adv. from the stump, root and branch, utterly. From

ΠΡΕΨΜΟΝ, τό, the lowest part of the trunk of a tree, the stump, Lat. caudex: generally, the stem, trunk.

πρεπόντως, Adv. part. of πρέπω, in fit manner, fitly, meetly, beseeingly, gracefully.

πρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρέπω) distinguished, eminent.

ΠΡΕΠΩ: fut. πρέψω: aor. I ἐπρεφα: no pf. is found;—to be clearly seen or heard, be conspicuous: to be distinguished in or by a thing: generally, to be plain or manifest. II. to be like, resemble. III. to become, besee, suit; c. dat. pers., θνατὰ θνατοῖσι πρέπει mortal things besee mortal men. 2. impers. πρέπει, Lat. decet, it is fitting, it besee, suits, becomes, c. dat. pers. et inf.: when the acc. follows alone, this depends on an inf. omitted, as, τίσασθαι οὕτω, ὡς ἐκείνους [τίσασθαι] πρέπει to avenge ourselves, as it is fit [to avenge ourselves upon] them: rarely c. gen. pers., πρέπον ἦν δαίμονος τοῦ μοῦ ρόδε this were well worthy of my evil genius. 3. part. neut. τὸ πρέπον, τοῦ πρέποντος, that which is seemly, fitness, propriety, Lat. decorum.

πρεπ-ώδης, ες, (πρέπω, εἶδος) fitting, becoming, suitable, proper.

πρέσβᾱ, ης, ἡ, old Ep. fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, honoured.

πρεσβεία, ἡ, (πρεσβεύω) age, seniority; κατὰ πρεσβείαν by the right of the elder. II. rank, dignity.

III. as ambassadors were usually old men, an embassy, embassy, the body of ambassadors.

πρεσβεῖον, Ion. and Ep. -ήιον, τό, (πρεσβεύω) a gift of honour, such as was offered to an elder; mostly in pl. privileges, prerogatives.

πρεσβεῖος, α, ον Ion. -ήιος, η, ον, (πρέσβυς) venerable.

πρέσβευρα, ἡ, = πρέσβα, fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, venerated.

πρέσβευμα, ατος, τό, (πρεσβεύω) one sent on an embassy, an ambassador.

πρέσβευσις, ἡ, (πρεσβεύω) a serving on an embassy, embassy.

πρεσβευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (πρεσβεύω) an ambassador.

πρεσβεύω, f. εὔσω: pf. πεπρέσβευκα: (πρέσβυς):—intr. to be older or eldest. 2. to take place of others, properly, by right of seniority, to take precedence, c. gen.: hence to rule over, sway, c. gen.: absol. to be best. II. trans. to place as oldest, first, to put first in rank: hence to pay honour or worship to:—Pass. to be first or foremost, hold the first place: also to have the advantage, have the best of it, Lat. antiquior esse. III. to be an ambassador, treat or negotiate as one:—Med. to send ambassadors: also to go as ambassador:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ πρεσβευμένα the acts of an ambassador.

πρέσβη, ἡ, Ion. for πρέσβα.

πρεσβήιον, τό, Ion. for πρεσβεῖον.

πρεσβήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρεσβεῖος.

πρεσβήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, = πρέσβα; πρεσβήϊς τιμὴ the highest or most valued honour.

πρέσβυς, ἡ, poet. for πρεσβεία, age.

πρέσβυστος, η, ον, poet. Sup. of πρέσβυς.

πρέσβος, τό, (πρέσβυς) an object of reverence.

πρεσβυγένεα, ἡ, seniority of birth. From πρεσβυ-γενής, ἐς, (πρέσβυς, γενέσθαι) eldest-born.

ΠΡΕΨΒΥΣ, vos and εως, ὁ, an old man, poet. for πρεσβύτης:—hence, as from an Adj., come the Degrees of Comparison, see πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβύτατος, πρέσβυστος. II. an elder: then, since the elders were preferred to power and dignity, πρέσβεις, οἱ, dat. πρέσβεσιν, elders, chiefs, princes. 2. an ambassador.

πρεσβύτατος, η, ον, Sup. of πρέσβυς, eldest: hence venerable, reverend, honoured.

πρεσβύτεριον, τό, a council of elders (πρεσβύτεροι). From

πρεσβύτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πρέσβυς, elder: hence superior by birth, and so generally, greater, higher, more important; τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ πρεσβύτερα ποιέσθαι ἢ τὰ τῶν ἀνδρῶν to reckon their duty to the gods superior to their duty to men. II. as Subst., πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβυτής [ῦ], ον, ὁ, (πρέσβυς) an old man, Lat. senex: fem. πρεσβυτίς, ἴδος, an old woman. Hence

πρεσβυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like an old man, elderly.

πρεσβυτο-δίκος, ον, (πρεσβύτης, δέχομαι) receiving the aged.

πρευμένεια, ἡ, kindliness, graciousness. From πρευ-μενής, ἐς, (πρηῦς, μένος) gentle of mood, kindly, gracious. II. propitiating.

πρῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, = πρῶν.

πρήγμα, Ion. for πρᾶγμα.

πρηγματεύομαι, Ion. for πραγματεύομαι.

πρηγορεύων or πρηγορών, ἄνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) the crop of a bird, so called because the food is there collected before it passes into the stomach.

πρηθήναι, Ion. for πρᾶθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πρᾶσσω.

ΠΡΗΨΩ, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἔψησα: no perf. in use: (see πίμπρημι):—to blow up, swell out by blowing; ἔψησεν δ' ἄνεμος μέσον ἱστῖον the wind swelled out the middle of the sail. 2. to blow out, force or drive out by blowing.

πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for πρακτήρ.

πρημαίνω, (πρήθω) to blow, blow hard.

ΠΡΗΝΗΣ Dor. πρᾶνῆς, ἔς, gen. ἑός contr. οὖς, Lat. *pronus*, bent forward, head-foremost, opp. to ὕπιος. 2. down-bill, downwards, opp. to ὄρθιος (up-hill). Hence

πρηνίζω, f. σω: aor. I βεσσέ. ἔπρηνιχθην:—to throw headlong:—Pass. to fall headlong.

πρηξῆαι, Ion. for πρᾶξαι, aor. I inf. of πράσσω.

πρηξίς, ιος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for πράξις.

πρήσεν, Ep. for ἔψησεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πρήθω.

πρήσις, ιος, ἡ, Ion. for πρᾶσις, sale.

πρήσσω, Ep. and Ion. for πράσσω.

πρηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πρήθω, πρήσσω) a flash of lightning, a thunderbolt. II. a burriane.

πρήστις, εως, ἡ, see πρίστις.

πρήσω, fut. of πρήθω to blow. 2. fut. of πίμπρημι to burn.

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πρᾶτήριον, a market.

πρητύνομος, ον, Ion. for πρᾶνινομος, (πρητύς, νόμος) of gentle manners, gentle, meek. [ῥ]

πρητύνω, Ion. for πρᾶννω: [ῥ] From

πρητύς, εία, ὅ, Ion. for πρᾶτύς. [ῥ]

πρητύ-τένων, οντος, ὁ, (πρητύς, τένων) with tamed neck. [ῥ]

πρηών, ἄνος Ep. ονος, ὁ, = πρᾶν, a jutting rock, foreland, headland, promontory.

πριάμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀνέομαι.

πριαμίην, aor. 2 opt. of ἀνέομαι.

Πριάμκος, ἡ, ὄν, also fem. Πριάμῆς, ἴδος, of or for Priam.

Πριάμος, ὁ, Priam, king of Troy: properly the Chief, Leader (from περί or πρῖν).

Πριάπιζω Ion. Πριηπιζώ, f. ἴσω, to be like Priapus. From

Πριάπιος Ion. Πρίηπος, ὁ, Priāpus, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνέομαι.

πριάσω, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πριάτω, Ep. 3 sing. of ἐπριάμην, aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίζω, f. πρίσω, = πρῖω, to saw.

Πρίηπος, ὁ, Ion. for Πριάπιος. [ῥ]

ΠΡΙΨΝ Dor. πρᾶν, Adv. of Time: I. in independent sentences, before, formerly, erst, Lat. *prius*: also with the Art., τὸ πρῖν or τοπρῖν, formerly. 2. before that, first, sooner; πρῖν δέ κεν οὐτι δεχόμενυ beforetime I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,

πρῖν ποτε once on a time; πολὺ πρῖν long ago. 3. in Att. it is often inserted between the Art. and its Subst., ὁ πρῖν Αἰγεύς (sc. ὁ πρῖν ἄν), ancient Aegæus; ἡ πρῖν ἡμέρα (sc. ἡ πρῖν ὄσθα), the day before. II.

πρῖν is often followed by ἤ, so that πρῖν ἤ is exactly like the Lat. *priusquam*, before that... followed sometimes by the Infin., sometimes by Subj., etc.:—instead of ἤ, πρῖν is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, τίς κεν ἀνὴρ πρῖν τλαίη, πρῖν λύσσασθ' ἐτάρος:—ἄρος and πρόσθε are often also put in the anteced. clause instead of the first πρῖν:—but πρῖν is also very often used alone for πρῖν ἤ, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like *priusquam*.

πρῖνιδιον, τό, Dim. of πρῖνος.

πρῖνῖνος, ἦ, ον, (πρῖνος) made from theholm or evergreen oak, Lat. *ilignus*: metaph. oaken, tough, sturdy: ἄνθος πρῖνῖνοι hearts of oak.

ΠΡΙΓΝΟΣΞ, ὁ, theholm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. *ilex*. II. the scarlet oak.

πρῖν-ῶδης, ες, (πρῖνος, εἶδος) likeholm-oak, tough as oak.

πρῖον-ῶδης, ες, (πρῖων, εἶδος) like a saw, jagged.

πρισθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I part. pass. of πρῖω.

πρίσις, εως, ἡ, (πρῖω) a sawing.

πριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πρῖω) a sawyer: a saw: πριστήρες ὀδόντες the incisors or front teeth.

πρίστις, εως, ἡ, a kind of whale: but the true name is πρήστις, εως, ἡ, the blower (from πρήθω).

πριστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρῖω, cut with a saw, sawn: that may be sawn.

πρῖω, = πριάσω, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρῖωμαί, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνέομαι.

ΠΡΙΨΝ, imperat. πρῖε: aor. I ἐπρίσα: pf. πέπρικα: Pass., aor. I ἐπρίσθην: pf. ἐπρίσμαι:—to saw, saw asunder: to sever, cut in twain. II. to grind or gnash the teeth, Lat. *stridere* or *frendere dentibus*; esp. with rage: generally, to bite.

III. to seize as with the teeth, grip, hold fast, Lat. *stringere*. [ῥ]

πρῖων, ονος, ὁ, (πρῖω) a saw. [ῥ]

πρῖων, ονος, ὁ, (πρῖω) a sawyer. [ῥ]

ΠΡΟ΄, before, Lat. *PRO*, *PRAE*, Prep. with GenT., I. of Place, before, in front of; πρὸ οἴκου, πρὸ δόμων, in front of the house, hence outside. 2. of persons, going before another. 3.

in front of, so as to defend; στήναι πρὸ Τρώων to stand in front of, i. e. in defence of the Trojans: hence in favour of, for. 3. πρὸ ὁδοῦ further on the road, i. e. forwards.

II. of Time, before, opp. to μετὰ c. acc. (after): often in phrase πρὸ τοῦτου and πρὸ τοῦ, before this, ere this: but πρὸ δ τοῦ, for δ πρὸ τοῦ, the one before the other.

III. of Choice, before, sooner or rather than; ἀπεισθαί τι πρὸ τινος to choose one thing before another.

IV. of Exchanging, for, in lieu of, instead of; ἐν πρὸ πολλῶν one thing in lieu of many.

V. of Cause, Lat. *prae*, for, because of; πρὸ φόβοιο for fear; πρὸ τᾶνδε therefore.

POSITION: some words may be put between πρὸ

and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -θει, as, Ἰλιόθι πρό, οὐρανόθι πρό.
πρό, absol. as Adv., I. of Place, before, before: in front, forth. II. of Time, before, beforeband, sooner.

In Compos., of Place, before, forth, forward: before the eyes, in one's presence; as in προ-βαίνω, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίθημι: also defence, as in προ-κινδυνεύω. II. of Time, before, beforeband, earlier, as in προ-αγγέλλω. III. of Preference, rather, sooner, as in προ-αίρεομαι. IV. strengthening, as in πρό-πας, πρό-παλαι, πρό-κακος.

προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce beforeband.
προ-άγγελος, ον, (πρό, ἄγγελος) announcing beforeband.
as Subst., προάγγελος, ὁ, a herald, baringer.

προάγγελισ, ἦ, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarning, early intimation.

προ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ηγόρευσα pf. -ηγόρευκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προεῶν, προείπον, προείρηκα:—to tell beforeband: c. inf. to tell beforeband that . . . to forewarn. 2. to foretell, prophesy. II. to tell before others or publicly: to publish or proclaim publicly: to issue a public notice.

προ-άγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 προήγαγον: pf. προήχηκα: Pass., aor. I προήχθην: pf. προήχημαι:—to lead forward, lead on or onward: also to escort or conduct onward. 2. δάκρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a tear. 3. to carry forward: to bring on: metaph. to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade. 4. to promote, advance:—Pass. to advance, increase. II. intr. to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.

προάγωγεία, ἡ, a leading on. II, a pandering, procuring. From

προάγωγός, f. σω, (προαγωγός) to lead on to prostitution, of a procurer.

προ-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (πρόαγω) a pander, pimp, procurer.

προ-ἄγων, ὄνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἄγων) a preliminary contest.

προ-ἄγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to fight before. 2. to fight for or in defence of.

προ-ἄδικέω, f. ἤσω, to wrong another first: to commit the first wrong.

προ-ἄιδω, to sing before, make a prelude.

προ-ἄιδεομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -έσομαι, aor. I pass. προηδέσθην, pf. pass. προηδήμα, Ion. 3 προηδέατο for -ητο:—to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.

προ-αίρεομαι, v. sub προαίρεώ.

προαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (προαίρεομαι) a choosing one thing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; ἐκ προαίρεσως, Lat. ex instituto, of set purpose, advisedly; κατὰ προαίρεσιν, in same sense. 2. προαίρεσις βίου a purpose or plan of life. 3. προαίρεσις πολιτείας a mode of government, a policy.

προ-αίρετόν, verb. Adj. of προαίρεομαι, one must choose or prefer.

προαιρετικός, ἦ, ὄν, (προαίρεομαι) disposed to prefer.

προαιρετός, ἦ, ὄν, chosen before, preferred. From
προ-αίρεώ, f. ἤσω: aor. 2 προείλον: pf. προήρηκα:—to take away before or first. 2. to bring forward or forth, produce publicly. II. Med. προαιρέομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. 2 προειλόμην: pf. pass. (in med. sense) προήρημαι:—to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another. 2. absol. to choose deliberately, prefer. 3. to purpose or intend a thing: to determine previously; to undertake.

προ-αισθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αισθήσομαι, aor. 2 -ρησθήμην, pf. pass. προήσθημαι:—to perceive, learn or observe beforeband. 2. to learn before.

προ-αιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to accuse beforeband.

προακήκοα, pf. of προακούω.

προ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin beforeband:—Pass. to be darted before.

προ-ἄκουω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to hear beforeband.

προ-ἄλξω, ἔς, (πρό, ἄλλομαι) springing forward: overhanging, abrupt.

προ-ἄλίσσομαι, Pass., with fut. med. (in pass. sense) -ἄλώσομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf. act. -ἔλδων, -ἔάλωκα:—to be taken or convicted beforeband.

προ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. -ἄμαρτήσομαι: pf. -ἠμάρτηκα:—to fail or sin before.

προ-ἄμυνωμαι, f. -αμύνουμαι, Med. to ward off or repeal beforeband: absol. to defend oneself.

προ-αναβαίω, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (ἀναβολή).

προ-ἀνάγω, f. ἔω, to lead up before; προανάγειν ναῖν to put out into the high sea before:—Pass. to put to sea before.

προ-αναίρεώ, f. ἤσω, to remove before.

προ-ἀνασιμίω, f. ἴσω, to use up, spend before:—Pass., (Ion. part. pf. προανασιμωμένος for προανασιμωμένος), to be spent, consumed, used up before.

προ-ανακινέω, f. ἤσω, to stir up before.

προ-ανᾶλίσκω, fut. -ανᾶλώσω: aor. I -ανᾶλωσα:—to use up, spend, consume before:—Pass. to throw away one's life before.

προ-αναπαύω, f. -άσομαι, to arrest beforeband.

προ-αναχωρέω, f. ἤσω, to go away before. Hence προαναχώρησις, ἡ, a former departure.

προ-ανέγω, f. ἔω, to bold up before. 2. intr. to jut out beyond.

προ-ἄνυτο [ῥ] and -ἄνυω: f. -ανύσω [ῥ]:—to accomplish or complete first.

προ-ἀπαγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforeband.

προ-απαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to remove beforeband:—Pass. to depart or die before.

προ-απαντάω, f. ἤσω, to go forth to meet, meet beforeband, be beforeband with.

προ-ἄπειμι, to go away first.

προ-απείπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (cp. προ-αγορεύω): pf. προαπέρηκα: Med., aor. I προαπειπάμην:—to renounce first.

προαπελθείν, aor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-απέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ήλθον: Dep.:—to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι, f. -απεχθήσομαι: Pass.:—to be hated beforehand.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

προ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for προαφικνέομαι.

προ-αποδεικνύμι, f. -δείξω, to prove or sbew first.

προ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι, to die before or first: of a coward, to die beforeband.

προ-αποθνήσκω, f. ήσω, to bewail beforeband.

προ-αποκληρώω, f. ώσω, to assign away beforeband.

προ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενώ, to kill beforeband.

προ-απολαύω, f. -σομαι, to enjoy beforeband.

προ-απολείπω, f. ψω, to abandon beforeband. II. intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απόλλυμι, to destroy first:—Pass., with fut. med. -ολούμαι, pf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish first.

προ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away, dismiss or disband first.

προ-αποστέλληαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of άποστέλλω.

προ-αποστέλλω, f. -αποστελώ, to send away or despatch in advance:—Pass. to be sent in advance.

προ-αποσφάζω, f. ξω, to slay or butcher before.

προ-αποτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away beforeband:—Med. to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing.

προ-αποχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go away before.

προ-αρχάζω, f. άξω and άσομαι, to snatch up first.

προ-άστειον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (πρό, άστν) the space in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat. pomoerium.

προ-άστιον, τό, = πρόστειον.

προ-αυδάω, inf. προυνδάν, contr. for προαυδάν, f. ήσω, to declare before or first.

προ-αύλιον, τό, (πρό, αύλή) a place before a court, vestibule, porch. II. (πρό, αύλός) a prelude on the flute.

προ-αφηγέομαι Ion. προαπηγ—: f. -ήσομαι: Dep.:—to relate, detail, or explain before.

προ-αφικνέομαι, f. -ίζομαι: Dep.:—to arrive or come to first.

προ-αφίσταμαι, Pass., fut. med. -αποστήσομαι, aor. 2 and pf. act. -απέστην, -αφέστηκα:—to revolt beforeband. II. to desist before.

πρόβα, for πρόβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of προβαίνω.

προβάδην [ᾶ], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along: going on, straight forward.

προ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 προέβην contr. προύβην, inf. προβήναι, part. προβάς: Ep. pres. part. προβίβας, άσα, άν (as if from προβίβημι), and προβιβάν-ώντος (as if from προβίβω):—to step forward, go on, advance, make progress; άστρο προβέηκε the stars are far gone; προβήναι πάρω μοχθήρίας to be far gone in knavery: of Time, to go on, wear away, ή νύξ προβαίνει the night is

wearing fast; but also, to be gone by, past. 2. to go before, hence to be before, be superior to another. II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. I -έβησα, to move or put forward, advance, promote. III. the pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc. of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα, κώλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχέος, ό, Ion. for προβακχειος, (πρό, βάκχης) leader of the Bacchanals.

προβάλεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of προβάλλω.

προ-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: aor. 2 προύβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw or cast before, throw to: to put forth beyond. II. to throw forward, throw away. III. to expose or give up to a thing; προβάλλειν εαυτόν to give oneself up for lost. IV. to put forward, put in the foreground: to propose:—also bazard, venture, stake, pledge. 2. to put forward an argument: also to allege, plead an excuse. Med. to throw before one, throw away. II. to throw beyond, beat in throwing: hence, to surpass, excel. III. to set before oneself, propose to oneself. IV. to put forward, propose for election, Lat. designare: also to bring forward, cite, quote, produce on one's own side: to quote as an example: to use as an excuse or pretext. V. to hold before oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence: absol. in Pass. to stand on guard:—hence also, προβάλλεσθαι συμμαχίαν to put forward the plea of an alliance: so in pf. pass. part., προβεβλημένος τινός put before another as a cover or shield; προβεβλημένος, ή, ον, defensive. VI. to denounce or accuse of a thing:—Pass. to be publicly impeached.

προβάλομι [ᾶ], aor. 2 opt. of προβάλλω.

προβάς, άσα, άν, aor. 2 part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βασάνιζω, f. ίσω, to try or torture before.

πρόβασις, ή, (προβαίω) a stepping forward. II. as a Collective noun, things that walk, cattle.

προβάτεια, ή, (προβατεύω) sheep-keeping, a shepherd's life.

προβατευτικός, ή, όν, suited to the breeding of cattle: ή -κή (sub. τέχνη), the art of breeding or keeping cattle, esp. sheep, Lat. pecuaria. From προβάτεω, f. σω, (πρόβατον) to keep sheep, be a shepherd.

προβατικός, ή, όν, (πρόβατον) of or for sheep: ή προβατική (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

προβάτιον, τό, Dim. of πρόβατον, a little sheep: προβατίον βίος the life of a poor sheep, i. e. a lazy, slothful life.

προβάτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πρόβατον, γνώμη) a good judge of cattle: metaph. a good judge of character.

προβάτων, τό, (προβαίω) anything that goes forward: mostly used in plur. πρόβατα, animals in general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock: mostly of small cattle, esp. sheep.

προβατο-πώλης, ον, ό, (πρόβατον, πωλέω) a sheep-dealer.

προβέβηκα, pf. of προβαίω.
 προβέβηκα, pf. of προβάλλω.
 προβέβουλα, pf. 2 of προβούλωμαι.
 πρόβημα, ατος, τό, (προβαίω) a step forward.
 προβήσομαι, fut. of προβαίω.
 προ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to obtain by force, force through before.
 προ-βιβάω: f. -βιβάω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of προβαίω, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce.
 προβιβάς, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίω.
 προβιβών, ώντος, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίω.
 προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one.
 πρόβλημα, ατος, τό, (προβάλλω) anything that juts out or projects; πρόβλημα πύοντος a headland that juts into the sea. II. anything held before one, a guard, a barrier, fence, armour: c. gen., πρόβλημα πετρών a defence against, a shelter from, stones. III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak. IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem.
 προβλήτης, ήτος, ό, ή, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, jutting, projecting:—προβλήτης absol. as Subst., forelands, headlands.
 πρόβλητος, ον, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, cast out, Lat. projectus.
 προ-βρόμωσκω: aor. 2 προύμωλον, inf. προμολεῖν: pf. προμέμβλωκα:—to go or come forth, to go out of the house.
 προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to shout before, cry out.
 πρόβουλος, ον, ό, (προβάλλω) a spear held out before one. 2. as Adj. outstretched, couched.
 προβολή, ή, (προβάλλω) a jutting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δόρατα εἰς προβολήν καθιέναι to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the fist. II. anything held out before one, a guard, defence: c. gen. a defence against.
 III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. as Att. law-term, προβολαί, αἱ, a vote of the Ecclesia authorising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachment.
 πρόβολιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon held out for attack or defence, a spear.
 πρόβολος, ον, (προβάλλω) anything that is held forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon held out for defence, a hunting-spear. 2. a defence, bulwark: of a person, a protector, guardian.
 πρό-βοσκος, ό, (πρό, βόσκω) one who drives the herd to pasture, a herdsman.
 προβούλευμα, ατός, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary decree or order of the Senate.
 προβουλεμάτιον, τό, Dim. of προβούλευμα.
 προ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert measures before or first: Med. to debate or consider first. 2. of the Senate (βουλή) at Athens, to frame a decree. 3. to act as πρόβουλος. II. to have the chief voice in passing decrees. III. προβουλεύειν πινός to deliberate for one, provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ή, (πρό, βουλή) forethought: malice pre-pense.
 προ-βούλωμαι, pf. 2 προβέβουλα in pres. sense: Dep.:—to wish rather, to prefer one before another.
 προβουλό-παις, -παιδος, ή, (πρόβουλος, παῖς):—προβουλόπαις Ἄτης, = πρόβουλος παῖς Ἄτης, the crafty child of Atē.
 πρό-βουλος, ον, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforeband or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, οἱ, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:—also, deputies or representatives elected by the people.
 προ-βύω, f. ύω [ῦ], to push forwards; πρ. λύχων to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it.
 προ-βυθέω, Ion. for προβουθέω.
 προ-βώμιος, ον, (πρό, βωμός) at or in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμια, τά, the space in front of an altar.
 προ-γαστρίδιον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as προστέρνιον for the breast.
 προ-γάστρω, οπος, ό, (πρό, γαστήρ) having a raunch in front, pot-bellied.
 προ-γένεος, ον, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin.
 προ-γενής, (πρό, γένος) of old time, ancient:—Comp. προγενέστερος, α, ον, earlier in birth, elder, older:—Sup. προγενέστατος, η, ον, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest.
 προ-γενήτωρ, οπος, ό, a forefather, ancestor.
 προ-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later γίνομαι [ῖ]: f. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 προύγενόμην: pf. 2 act. προγέγονα and pass. προγεγένημαι: Dep.:—to come forwards: present oneself before. II. of Time, to be, happen, come to pass before or earlier; οἱ προγεγονότες men of former times; τὰ προγεγενημένα things that occurred of old.
 προ-γιγνώσκω, Ion. and later προγιν-: f. -γνώσομαι: pf. act. προέγνωκα, pass. προέγνωσμαι:—to know, perceive, learn or understand beforehand: to fore-know. II. to judge or decide beforehand.
 πρόγνωσις, ή, (προγιγνώσκω) a perceiving beforehand, foreknowledge.
 πρό-γονος, ον, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older:—as Subst., πρόγονος, ό, an ancestor; οἱ πρόγονοι forefathers, ancestors. II. πρόγονοι are, early lands, cp. μετάσσαι.
 πρό-γραμμά, ατος, τό, (προγράφω) a public proclamation or notice, programme.
 προγραφή, ή, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertisement. 2. also used for the Lat. proscriptio.
 προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. II. to write in public, give public notice of:—also to appoint by public notice. 2. also used for the Lat. proscribo.
 προ-γυμνάω, f. άω, to exercise beforeband.
 προδαείς, aor. 2 pass. part. from Root προδᾶω: see προδαῖναι.
 προδαῖναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προῦδᾶν with act. signif., from the root *δᾶω, to know beforeband.

προεἶδωκα, pf. of προεἶδωμι.
 προ-δέδω, f. σω, *to fear or dread beforehand.*
 προ-δέειλος, ov, (πρό, δέειλος) *happening or doing before evening.*
 προ-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—*to show beforehand, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforehand: to foreshew.* II. *to point before one; σκηπτρω προδεικνύμι to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before one.* III. *χερσὶ προδεικνύμι to make a feint with the hands, Lat. praeludere: also in war, to make a demonstration.*
 προ-δειμαίνω, *to fear or dread beforehand.*
 προ-δέκτωρ, opos, ó, Ion. for προδεικτωρ, (προδείκνυμι) *one who foreshews: a foreshewer.*
 προ-δέσκομαι, f. -έσομαι, Dep. *to see beforehand.*
 πρό-δηλος, ov, (πρό, δηλος) *clear beforehand; ἐκ προδήλου manifestly.* Hence.
 προ-δηλός, f. ώσω, *to make clear beforehand.*
 προ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—*to go across before others.*
 προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, *to raise prejudices against beforehand.*
 προ-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, *to understand or know thoroughly beforehand.* II. *to resolve or decree beforehand.*
 προ-διαιτάω, f. ήσω, *to prepare by diet.* Hence προδιαίτησις, ή, *preparation by diet.*
 προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέξομαι, Med. with aor. I pass. -διελέχθην:—*speak or converse beforehand.*
 προ-διασύρω, *to jeer or ridicule beforehand.* [v]
 προ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερά: aor. I -έφθερα: pf. act. -έφθακα, pass. -έφθαμαι:—*to ruin or destroy beforehand: to corrupt or seduce beforehand.*
 προ-διδάσκω, f. άξω, *to teach beforehand: to teach thoroughly:—Pass. to learn beforehand.*
 προ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: pf. act. -δέδωκα, pass. -δέδομαι:—*to give beforehand, pay in advance.* II. *to give up to the enemy, betray, Lat. prodō.* 2. *to forsake, abandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor; ή χάρις προδοῦσ' ἀλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving traitor.* 3. *of things, to betray, fail one:—intr. to fail, give up, like ἐνδιδόμαι, Lat. deficere.* 4. *to give up, surrender, lose.*
 προ-διεξέρχομαι, f. -διεξελεύσομαι, Dep. *to go out through before, pass through first.*
 προ-διερευνάω, f. ήσω, *to discover by searching beforehand.* Hence
 προδιερευνητής, ου, ó, *one sent out to march beforehand.*
 προ-διέρχομαι, f. -ξελεύσομαι, aor. 2—ήλθον: Dep.:—*to go through, detail, narrate before.*
 προ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. *to relate beforehand, premise.* Hence
 προδιήγησις, ή, *a detailing beforehand.*
 πρό-δικος, ó, (πρό, δικη) *an advocate, defender; an avenger.* 2. *at Sparta, a young king's guardian, a regent.*

προ-διοικέω, f. ήσω, *to regulate, order, manage beforehand.*
 προ-διώκω, f. ξω, *to pursue further or to a distance.*
 προδοθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι.
 προ-δοκέω: pf. pass. προδέδομαι, 3 sing. plqpf. προδέδοκτο:—*to think beforehand:—only used in Pass., προδεδόκτο ταῦτά μοι this was my former opinion; τὰ προδεδογμένα previous resolutions.*
 προ-δοκή, ή, (πρό, δέχομαι) *a place where one lies in wait, a lair, ambush; πέτρης έν προδοκήσιν in the lurking holes of the rock.*
 πρό-δομος, ó, *the fore-house, i. e. the room entered from the court (αὐλή), the hall, vestibule.*
 πρό-δομος, ov, *being before the house.*
 προ-δοσιάζω, f. άσω, *to form an opinion beforehand.*
 προδοσία Ion. -λή, ή, (προδίδωμι) *a giving up, betrayal, treachery, treason.*
 πρόδοσις, ή, (προδίδωμι) *payment beforehand.* II. *a giving up, betrayal.*
 προδότης, ου, ó, (προδίδωμι) *a betrayer, traitor: one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδότις, ίδος, a traitress.* Hence
 προδοτικός, ή, óν, *disposed to betray, traitorous.*
 πρόδοτος, ov, (προδίδωμι) *betrayed, abandoned.*
 πρό-δουλος, ov, *servng for a slave.*
 προδούω, προδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προδίδωμι.
 προδραμείν, προδραμών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προτρέχω, formed from obsol. *δρέμα.
 προδρομή, ή, (προδραμείν) *a running forward, a sally or sudden attack.*
 προδρομος, ov, (προδραμείν) *running before, speeding forward.* II. *as Subst., πρόδρομοι, οί, men sent on before to reconnoitre, scouts.*
 προ-δυστυχέω, f. ήσω, *to be unhappy beforehand.*
 προεδράμων, aor. 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμείν.
 προεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόεδρος) *to be president; προεδρεύειν τής Βουλής to be president of the council.*
 προεδρία Ion. -λή, ή, (προεδρεία) *the seat or dignity of president (πρόεδρος), the first seat, presidency.* 2. *the privilege of the front seats at a theatre; at Athens a public honour.* 3. *the front seat itself, chief place: at Athens, the seats of the πρόεδροι in the Ecclesia.*
 πρό-εδρος, ov, (πρό, έδρα) *sitting in front or in the first place.* II. *as Subst., πρόεδρος, ó, a president: in the assembly (έκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the πρυτάνεις in office were so called; see πρυτάνις.*
 προ-εέργω, Ep. for προείργω, *to stop by standing before, to obstruct.*
 προείκη, Ep. for προήκη, aor. I of προήμι.
 προ-εβίξω, f. έσω, *to accustom or inure beforehand.*
 προ-εΐδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, προοράω being used instead, part. προΐδών, inf. προΐδών:—*to look forward, keep a look out ahead: to see from afar: to foresee.* II. *to have a care for, provide against.*
 προειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προαιρέω.
 πρό-εμι, (πρό, έμι ibo) *servng in Att. as fut. of*

προ-έρχομαι, to go forward, go on, advance; προ-
όντος τοῦ χρόνου as time went on: to go first, go
in advance. 2. to go forth. 3. προίεσαι εἰς τι
to pass on to, proceed to another thing. 4. also of
a thing, to go on well, succeed.

προ-εἶπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορεύω
being used instead), inf. προειπεῖν, part. προειπών:—
to foretell, say before: to premise. II. to order or
bid beforeband, proclaim. III. to proclaim pub-
licly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προείρηκα, see προερέω.

προ-εισάγω Ion. προ-εσάγω: f. ξω:—to bring in,
introduce before:—Med. to bring in for one's own
use before, import before.

προεισενεγκέειν, aor. 2 inf. of προεισφέρειω.

προ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. to come or go in before.

προεισοίσω, fut. of προεισφέρειω.

προ-εισπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before.

προ-εισφέρειω, to bring in before. 2. to pay the
property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence
προεισφορά, ἡ, money advanced to pay the property-
tax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εκέδω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run out before, rush
bastily on.

προ-εκομιζέω, f. σω, to carry out beforeband.

προ-εκλέγω, f. -εκλέξω: pf. pass. -εξείλεγμα:—to
collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προξειλεγμένα
taxes collected in advance.

προ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out beforeband.

προ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforeband.

προ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω, to terrify beforeband.

προ-εκπονέω, f. ἦσω, to work out or finish before.

προ-εκφοβέω, f. ἦσω, to terrify before. Hence
προεκφόβησις, ἡ, a previous panic.

προελάσσω, ἡ, a going or riding forward. From
προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω: pf. act. -ελέλακα, pass. -ελέ-
λαμαι:—to drive before or forward:—intrans. (sub.
ἵππων), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride be-
fore one: generally, to advance:—Pass., ὡς πρόσω
τῆς νυκτὸς προεήλατο (3 sing. plqpf.) when the
night was far advanced.

προελθεῖν, προελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-
έρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. ἴσω, to hope before.

προελών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προαιρέω.

προ-εμβάλλω, to project so as to strike in: of ships,
to make the charge (ἐμβολή) first.

προέμεν, Ep. for προείναι, aor. 2 inf. of προΐημι.

προέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προΐημι.

προ-εμπλήθω, to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -έσομαι, Dep. to begin before.

προενεγκέειν, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρειω.

προ-εννέπω, contr. προϋννέπω, to announce before
or publicly.

προ-ενοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in before. Hence
προενοικήσις, ἡ, a dwelling before in a place.

προ-εξαγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to announce beforeband.

προ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to bring out beforeband or first:

to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in
front:—Pass. to go out first. [α]

προ-εξάισσω Att. -ξίσσω, f. ξω, —to dart out before.

προ-εξάμαρτάνω, to fail, do wrong before.

προ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην,
pf. -ανέστηκα, plqpf. -ανεστήκειν:—to rise and go
out before; προεξανίστασθαι ἐς τοὺς βαρβάρους to rise
before others and march against the barbarians: in a
race, to start before the signal is given, start too soon.

προ-εξέδρα Ion. -η, ἡ, a raised seat, chair of state.

προ-έξειμι, (πρό, ξέ, εἰμι ἴβο) to go out before, to
sally forth before.

προ-εξεπιστάμαι contr. προὔξ-: fut. med. -επι-
στήσομαι, aor. I pass. προὔξεπιστήθην: Dep.:—to
know exactly, thoroughly understand beforeband.

προ-εξερεύναω contr. προὔξ-, to investigate or
search out before. Hence

προξερευνητής contr. προὔξ-, οὔ, an explorer
sent before.

προ-εξέρχομαι: aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον: pf. -εξελή-
λυθα: Dep.:—to go out or forth before: to go for-
ward.

προ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine or search out before.

προ-εξεφίεμαι contr. προὔξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-
band.

προ-εξορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set out or start beforeband.

προ-επαγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to announce before:—Med.
to promise before.

προ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise beforeband, or in the
presence of others.

προ-επανασείω, f. σω, to raise the band against be-
fore: generally, to set in motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.

προεπεποίητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to plot against beforeband.

προ-επιξενόομαι, Pass. (πρό, επιξενώω) to be received
as a guest before, abide in one's house first.

προ-επιστάμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass.
προὔπιστήθην: Dep.:—to know or understand before-
band.

προ-επιχειρέω, f. ἦσω, to undertake or attack before.

προ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. προεργασμαι: Dep.:
—to do or work at beforeband: esp. of the ground,
to till, work first:—the pf. is also used in pass. sense,
τὰ προεργασμένα former performances; ἡ προεργασ-
μένη δόξα glory achieved before.

προ-ερέσσω, f. ἔσω, to row forwards.

προ-ερευνάω, f. ἦσω, to search out before:—Med.,
οἱ προερευνόμενοι ἵπποις the horse reconnoitring in
advance.

προ-ερέω Att. contr. προερέω, serving as fut. to
προείπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from
the same root come pf. προ-είρηκα, pass. -είρημαι;
aor. I pass. προερρήθην contr. προῦρρήθην:—to fore-
tell. II. to order beforeband or publicly, give
public notice:—pf. pass. part. προειρημένος, fore-
ordained, appointed.

προέρυσσα, Ep. aor. I from

προ-ερίω, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to draw on or forward; προ-ερίσαι νῆα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι (cp. πρόειμι): aor. 2 -ἦλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to come or go forward, to go on, advance; τὰ Περσῶν πρήγματα ἕς τοῦτο προελθόντα the power of the Persians having advanced to this height; προεληλυθὺς ἡλικία, Lat. *provectus aetate*, advanced in age. 2. to go before or first.

πρόε, πρότω, aor. 2 imperat. of προίημι.

προέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προίημι.

προεστᾶτε or προεστᾶτε, Ion. for προεστήκατε, 2 pl. pf. of προίστημι.

προεστῶς, contr. from προεστηκῶς, pf. part. of προίστημι.

προέσχω, aor. 2 of προίχω.

προετίω, verb. Adj. of προίημι, one must throw away, throw up.

προετικῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (προίημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

προ-ετοιμάω, f. ἄσω, to get ready before:—Med. to prepare for one's own use.

προ-εαγγελίζομαι, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforeband, esp. to preach the gospel beforeband.

προ-εὐλαβέομαι, fut. med. ἡσομαι, aor. I pass. προ-εὐλάβησθην: Dep.:—to take heed, be cautious beforeband.

προεφθάσα, aor. I of προφθάνω.

προ-έχω contr. προύχω: f. προέξω:—to hold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:—Med. προέχομαι contr. προύχομαι, impf. προύχόμεν, to hold before oneself: metaph. to jut forward or hold out as a pretext. 2. to hold forth, proffer, offer. 3. to have before or in preference to. 4. to have before or first: hence to know beforeband. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, have the start; ἡμέρης ὀδῶ προέχων τινός to keep a day's march ahead of him. 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; οἱ προύχοντες the chief men. 3. to surpass, exceed. 4. impers., οὐ τι προέχει it is not at all better, it naught avails.

προεώρακα, pf. of προοράω.

προ-ηγέμων, ὄνος, ὄ, one who goes before as a guide.

προ-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence

προηγητήρ, ἦρος, and προηγητής, οὐ, ὄ, one who goes before to shew the way.

προηγόρεω, f. ἡσω, (προήγορος) to speak for others.

προ-ηγόρος, ὄ, (πρό, ἀγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγουμένως, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέομαι, antecedently.

προήκα, aor. I of προίημι.

προ-ήκης, ἐς, (πρό, ἀκή) pointed in front.

προ-ήκω, f. ξω, to have gone before, to be the first:

to have advanced.

II. to jut forward, reach beyond.

προήχα, pf. of προάγω.

προ-θάλλης, ἐς, (πρό, θαλεῖν) growing, flourishing before the time, precocious.

προθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of προτίημι.

προ-θέλυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θέλυμον) by the roots;

προθέλυμους ἔλεκε χαιτάς he tore his hair out by the roots; προθέλυμα χαμαί βάλε δένδρα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκος σάκει προθέλυμω φράζαντες fencing shield upon shield close-compact;—θέλυμα being the several layers or coats of the shields; and so προθέλυμος means, with layer upon layer.

προθέσεις, ἡ, (προτίημι) a placing before, setting forth; ἄρτοι τῆς προθέσεως the bread of the setting forth, i. e. the shew-bread. II. a purpose, resolve, design.

προ-θέσιμος, α, ὄν, (πρό, θεσμός) laid down before, appointed, fixed: ἡ προθεσμία (sub. ἡμέρα), a day fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσπίω, f. ἴσω, to foretell.

προ-θέω, Ion. impf. προθέσκον: pf. -θεύσομαι:—to run before. 2. to run forward or forth. II. c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

προ-θέω, old form of προτίημι, to put forward, permit; τούνεκά οἱ προθέουσαι ὄνειδα μωθήσασθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

προ-θνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι, to die before. II. to die for one.

προθοράν, aor. 2 part. of προθράσκω.

προθρύλω, f. ἡσω, to bruit abroad beforeband.

προ-θράσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 προύθορον, inf. προθορεῖν, part. προθορών:—to spring before or forward, to dart in front.

προ-θύελλα, ἡ, a storm the harbinger of another.

προθύμα, ατος, τό, (προθύω) a preparatory or preliminary sacrifice.

προθυμέομαι: Att. impf. προθυμούμεν: fut. med. προθυμήσομαι, also pass. προθυμηθήσομαι: aor. I προθυμήσθην: Dep.: (πρόθυμος):—to be ready, willing, eager to do a thing: c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest, zealous, shew zeal. Hence

προθυμῆτον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly.

προθύμια Ion. -λή, ἡ, (πρόθυμος) readiness, willingness, zeal, earnestness; πάση προθυμῖα with all zeal. II. good will, ready kindness.

πρό-θύμος, ὄν, (πρό, θυμός) ready, willing, eager, zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for. II. bearing good will, wishing well to one, well-disposed.

III. Adv. προθύμως, readily, actively: Comp. -ότερον, more readily: Sup. -ότατα, most readily.

προ-θύριος [ῥ], ὄν, (πρό, θύρα) before the door: τὰ προθύρια the space before a door.

πρό-θύρον, τό, (πρό, θύρα) a front door. 2. the space before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum.

προ-θύω, to sacrifice before or first. II. to sacrifice in behalf of.

προϋάμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of προτίθημι.

προΐ, Adv. (πρό) = πρωί.

προ-ιάλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. II. to send before.

προ-ιάπτω, f. ψω: aor. I προΐαψα:—to send forward, send before the time.

προϊδών, οὔσα, ov, aor. 2 part. of προείδον.

προΐειν, εις, ει, Ion. and Att. impf. of προΐημι.

προΐείς, είσα, έν, pres. part. of προΐημι.

προΐζω, to set or place before:—Med. to sit before, take the first seat.

προ-ΐημι, 3 sing. προΐει and opt. προΐοι (as if from προ-ΐω): Att. impf. προΐειν, εις, ει: fut. προΐσω: aor. I προΐηκα Ep. προΐηκα: aor. 2, 3 pl. προΐεσαν, imper. προΐες, προΐετω, inf. προΐεμεν, Ep. for προΐεΐναι:—Med., aor. 2 προΐήκαμην: aor. 2 opt. προΐεμην or προΐοίμην:—Pass., pf. προΐεμαι: plqpf. προΐεμην:—to send before, send on or forward; generally, to dismiss, let go: also to send on to another. 2. to let fall, let slip; έπος προΐηκε be let drop a word: an inf. is often added, αϊετώ προΐηκε πέτεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly; προΐηκεν οὔρον άθναί he sent forth the breeze to blow. 3. to throw before, throw away: of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, hurl, discharge. 4. to give up, deliver over: also to devote oneself, exert oneself upon a thing. II. Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray: also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely: in bad sense, to throw away, squander, lavish; λόγους προΐεσθαι to throw words away: also to let go, let slip. 3. to give over to one. 4. to drive forward, force on. 5. to allow or suffer a person to do a thing. III. Pass. to be thrown away, be neglected.

προΐητι, Dor. for προΐησι.

προΐκα, Adv. freely, gratis: properly acc. of προΐξ.

προΐκτης, ov, ό, (προΐξ) one who asks for a free gift, a beggar.

προΐξ Att. προΐξ, ή, gen. προΐκός, dat. προΐκί, acc. προΐκα:—a gift, present; προΐκός γεΐεσθαι to enjoy a free gift:—hence gen. προΐκός is used as Adv. freely, without return. Lat. gratis: also with impunity; so also acc. προΐκα. II. later a marriage-portion, dowry, Lat. dos. From

ΠΡΟΨΕΣΣΟΜΑΙ: f. προΐξομαι Att. προΐξομαι: Dep.:—to ask a gift, to beg.

προ-ΐστημι, f. προστήσω: aor. I προΐστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προστήσας: aor. 2 προΐστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάς: aor. I pass. προεστάθην, προεστάθην, part. προεστάθεις, είσα, έν: pf. προέστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προεστήκατε, part. προεστηκώς Ion. προεστώς or προεστώς. I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. 1, to set before or in front. 2. so also in Med. προΐσταμαι, aor. 1 προεστησάμην, to

put before one, put in front. 3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader. 4. in Med. also to put forward, put out: to put forward as an excuse or pretence. II. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plqpf. act.:—to stand before or forward, come forward: to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to approach. 3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the head of, be the chief; προστήναι φόνου to be the author of slaughter: οΐ προεστώτες Ion. —ώτες, the leading men, chiefs:—hence to manage, regulate, govern. 4. to stand before so as to protect any one; hence to protect, guard.

προ-ΐσχω, = προέχω, to bold before, bold out. II. Med. προΐσχομαι, to bold out before oneself, stretch forth. 2. to put forward, propose, offer. 3. to put forward, allege, plead.

προΐών, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προΐεμι (είμι ibo).

προ-ΐωξίς, ή, (πρό, ίώκω = διώκω) a driving before or onwards, opp. to παλιώξις.

πρόκξ or πρόκατε, Ion. Adv. (πρό) forthwith, straightway, suddenly.

προ-καθεΐω, f. —καθεΐσω, to sleep before or first. II. to sleep in front of.

προ-κάθημαι Ion. προ-κάττημαι, properly perf. of προκαθίζομαι:—to sit before or in front of; τοσούτο πρό τής άλλης Έλλάδος προκαττθσαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece: also to protect, defend.

προ-καθίξω Ion. προ-κατίξω, f. ίσω; also Med. προκαθίζομαι:—to sit down before or in front. II. to sit in public, sit in state.

προ-καθίγω, f. —καθίγω, to let down beforehand: metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.

προ-καθίστημι, f. —καταστήσω, to post before: Med. to post before oneself. II. in Pass. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 —κατέστην; pf. —καθέστηκα; plqpf. —εστήκειν:—to be set or posted before.

προ-καθορώ, f. —κατόψομαι, to view or examine beforehand.

προ-καΐω, f. —καΐσω, to burn before.

προ-κάκοπαθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer ills before.

πρό-κάκος, ov, very bad, exceeding bad.

προ-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call forth, call on:—Med. to call forth to one: to call out to fight, challenge, defy, Lat. provoco. 2. to invite beforehand. II. c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. III. to call up or forth, rouse.

προ-καλίξομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf., = προκαλέομαι, to call forth, challenge, defy.

προ-καλινδέω, to make roll forward or in front:—Pass. to fall prostrate before another.

προκαλυμμα, atos, τό, anything bung in front to cover: a covering, curtain: metaph. a screen or blind. From

προ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to bang before as a covering:—Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen oneself; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτομένα [τι] παρη-

ἴδος putting no veil over her face.
over, veil.

προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμωμαι; aor. 2 προῦκαμον: pf. -κέκμηκα:—to work or toil before.

προ-κάρηνος, ον, (πρό, κάρηνος) head-foremost.
προκάς, ἄδος, ἦ, = πρόξ, the roe-deer.

προ-καταγγέλλω, to announce or declare beforeband.
προ-κατᾶγέτης, ἴδος, ἦ, Ion. form, (πρό, καθηγέομαι) a woman who goes before, a female leader.

προ-καταγιγνώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσσομαι; pf. -έγνωκα:—to vote against beforeband, condemn by a judgement: πρ. φόνον τινός to give a verdict of murder against: also c. inf. to prejudice against one that . . .

προ-κατάγω, f. ζω, to bring to land before.
προ-καταθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run down beforeband.

προ-κατακαίω, f. -καίω, to burn before: of a country, to ravage by fire all before one.

προ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down in front.
προ-κατακλίνω, to make to recline at table before.

προ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι:—to seize upon or occupy beforeband: to take possession of before another: metaph. to prevent, anticipate.

προ-καταλέγω, to detail or describe beforeband.
προ-καταλύω, to break up or annul beforeband:—Med. to adjust or compose beforeband: προκαταλύεσθαι τὴν ἐχθρὴν to end their mutual enmity before.

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. to begin first: but mostly in technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.

προ-κατασκευάζω, to make ready beforeband.
προ-καταφεύγω, to escape to a place of refuge before: προκαταφεύγειν ἐς τόπον to escape before to a place.

προ-καταχράομαι, Dep. to use up beforeband.
προ-κατεσθίω, f. -κατέδομαι, to eat up beforeband.

προ-κατέχω, aor. 2 -κατέσχον:—to gain possession of or occupy beforeband, preoccupy:—Med. to hold before for oneself.

προ-κατηγορέω, to accuse beforeband. Hence προκατηγορία, ἡ, previous accusation.

προ-κάτῃμα, Ion. for προκάθημα.
προ-κατίσω, Ion. for προκαθίσω.

προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθοίω.
προ-κειμαι, impf. προκείμην, Ion. inf. προκείσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι:—used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set before, lie before or in front of: to stretch forward, jut out.

II. to be set before one: metaph. to be proposed or laid before one, mooted; πρόκειται περὶ σωτηρίας the question is concerning safety; ἀέθλος προκείμενος a task proposed; τὸ προκείμενον πηγῆμα the matter in debate.

III. to lie before one, lie exposed; to lie dead, ὁ προκείμενος the corpse.

IV. to be held out, set forth.
προ-κέλευθος, ον, (πρό, κέλευθος) forerunning.

προ-κελευσματικός, ὁ, (πρό, κέλευσμα) a proceleusmatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g. κατέβαλε.

προ-κενόω, f. ὤσω, to empty beforeband.
προ-κήδομαι, Dep. to take care of, take thought for.

προ-κηραίνω, (πρό, κήρ) to be anxious for one.
προ-κηρύκεομαι, f. εὔσομαι, Med. to have proclaimed by herald, to give public notice.

προ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by herald, proclaim publicly.
προ-κινδύνεω, f. σω, to run the first risk, bear the brunt of battle.

προ-κινέω, f. ἦσω, to move forward: to urge on:—Pass. with fut. med. -κινήσομαι, to come on, advance.

προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσομαι, to weep beforeband or openly. II. trans. to bewail beforeband.

προκληθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of προκαλέω.
πρόκλησις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἦ, (προκαλέω) a calling forth:—a challenging to combat; ἐκ προκλήσιος in pursuance of a challenge.

II. an invitation, proposal. III. as law-term, a formal challenge offered by either party for the purpose of bringing disputed points to issue.

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lean forward.
πρόκλυτος, ον, heard formerly: legendary. From προ-κλύω, to bear or learn beforeband.

προ-κόλπιον, τό, (πρό, κόλπος) a robe falling over the breast.

προ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to bring forward. II. to carry on before:—Pass. to be carried away.
προ-κόμη, τό, (πρό, κόμη) the front hair: the forelock of a horse.

προκοπή, ἡ, progress on a journey. II. metaph. progress, advancement, improvement. From προ-κόπτω, impf. προκούπτον: f. ψω, to cut away before one, or clear the way in front: to forward or promote a work:—Pass. to advance, thrive, prosper.

II. intr. in Act. to make one's way forward, to make progress: of time, to be far gone, far advanced.

πρόκριμα, ατος, τό, preference, partiality. From προ-κρίνω [Ὶ], f. -κρινῶ: to choose before others, pick out, prefer before:—Pass. to be preferred before, or be superior to others. II. to judge beforeband, decide.

πρόκριτος, ον, (προκρίνω) preferred.
πρό-κροστος, η, ον or ος, ον, (πρό, κροσσι) with projecting battlements: ranged like battlements or in rows: so of ships, νῆες πρόκροσσαι ἐς πόντον ἐπὶ ὀκτῶ, ranged in rows turned sea-wards eight deep: also of a cup, πέριξ αὐτοῦ γρυπῶν κεφαλαί πρόκροσσοι ἦσαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distances round it.

προ-κυλινδέω, f. -κυλίω [Ὶ]:—to roll forth, set rolling forward:—Pass., προκυλινδεῖσθαι τινι to grovel or prostrate oneself before one.

προ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop forward and peep out.

προ-κῦρόω, f. ὤσω, to confirm or ratify before.

προ-κύνω, -κύνος, ὁ, the star that rises before the Dog-star, Procyon. II. one who snarls like a dog, a snarling critic.

προ-κῶμιος, ον, (πρό, κῶμιος) before the festal revel :

τὸ προκῶμιον ὕμνου the prelude of a hymn.

προ-κῶπος, ον, (πρό, κῶπη) grasping the bill, sword-

in-hand. II. pass. grasped by the bill.

προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforeband.

προ-λάβῃμαι, Dep. to receive beforeband.

προ-λαλέω, f. ἴσω, to prate before.

προ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι : aor. 2 προῦλάβον : pf.

-εἴληφα, pass. -εἴλημαι :—to take beforeband : to

receive as an earnest or deposit. 2. to take before

or sooner than another : to take away before. 3.

to obtain first, procure. II. to outstrip, get the

start of : προλαμβάνειν τῆς ὁδοῦ to get a start on the

road. 2. to be beforeband with, anticipate, claim

or take before the time : hence to prejudge. III.

to repeat from the beginning.

προ-λέγω, f. ξω :—pf. pass. προλέλεγμαι :—to pick

out or choose before others, prefer. II. to say

beforeband : to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. 2.

to tell publicly, proclaim : to warn : to profess, de-

clare : to order.

προ-λείπω, f. ψω : pf. προλέλοιπα :—to leave by

going forth, to leave behind, forsake ; μήτις σε προ-

λέλοιπέ prudence forsook thee : also to quit before-

band ; χάραν προλείπειν to abandon one's post. 2.

to omit to do a thing. II. intr. to cease or fail

beforeband : absol. to faint, fall into a swoon.

προ-λεπτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (προλέγω) foretelling, pro-

phetic.

προλέλοιπα, pf. of προλείπω.

προ-λεσχηνέομαι, pf. pass. προλελεσχηνέυμαι :

Dep. :—to converse with one before, arrange by word

of mouth before.

πρό-λεσχος, ον, (πρό, λέσχη) prating, chattering.

προ-λεύσσω, to see before or in front.

προληπτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προλείπω.

προληπών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προλείπω.

πρόλογος, ὅς, (προλέγω) a prefatory speech : in

Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece

that came before the first chorus : after Euripides, it

was a narrative of facts introductory to the main

action, opp. to ἐπίλογος.

προ-λοχιζέω, f. ἴσω : pf. pass. προλελόχισμαι :—to

lay an ambush before :—Pass., αἱ προλελοχιζόμεναι

ἐνέδρα the ambush that had before been laid. II.

to beset with an ambuscade.

προμᾶθειν, aor. 2 inf. of προμανθάνω.

προ-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften beforeband.

προ-μαθάνω, f. -μάθῃω : aor. 2 προῦμάθον :—to

ascertain or find out beforeband.

προ-μαντεία Ion. -ήτι, ἦ, the right of consulting the

oracle first. From

προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy.

προ-μαντήτι, ἦ, Ion. for προμαντεία.

πρό-μαντις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἦ, a prophet or

prophetess : ἡ πρόμαντις was the title of the Pythia

or Delphic priestess. II. as Adj. prophetic, pre-

saging.

προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [ὑ]

προ-μάχομαι, ορος, ἦ, Dor. for προμήτωρ.

προ-μάχῳ, = προμαχιζέω.

προμᾶχῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, (προμάχομαι) a bulwark, ram-

part, Lat. propugnaculum.

προμάχῳ, f. σῳ, (πρόμαχος) to fight before or in

front of : also to fight with another as champion.

προ-μάχομαι : f. -μάχῃσομαι Att. -μάχουσαι :

Dep. :—to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in

the van. II. to fight before or in defence of.

πρό-μάχος, ον, (πρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fight-

ing in front : as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost

fighters, champions. II. fighting for, τινός.

προ-μελετάω, f. ἴσω, to practise beforeband.

Προμείνεα, ἦ, name of a prophetess of Dodona.

προ-μεριμνάω, f. ἴσω, to take earnest thought be-

foreband.

προ-μετωπίδιος, ον, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn or being

on the forehead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό,

the skin of the forehead. 2. a front-piece, frontlet

for horses.

προμηθεα Dor. προμάθεια [ᾶ], ἦ, (προμηθής)

foresight, forethought : consideration.

Προμήθεια, τά, (Προμηθεύς) the festival of Prome-

theus.

Προμήθειος, α, ον, of or from Prometheus.

προμηθέομαι, fut. med. -μηθήσομαι : aor. I pass. προ-

μηθήσθην : Dep. : (προμηθής) :—to take care beforeband,

to provide for : to shew forethought for, Lat. cavere :

c. acc. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.

Προμηθεύς, gen. εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (προμηθής) Prome-

theus, Forethought, son of the Titan Iapetus, brother

of Epimetheus or Afterthought : inventor of many arts,

esp. of working in metal and clay, whence he is said

to have made man from clay, and to have furnished

him with the ἐντεχνον πῦρ, stolen from Olympus. II.

as appellat. forethought, caution.

προ-μηθής Dor. προμᾶθής, ἐς, (πρό, μήτις) fore-

thinking, cautious, wary : caring about a thing.

προμηθία Ion. -ήτι, ἦ, = προμηθεια.

προμηθικός, ἦ, ὄν, (προμηθής) inclined to fore-

thought, wary. Adv. -κᾶς, warily.

προ-μηνύω, f. ἴσω [ὑ], to inform of or denounce

beforeband.

προ-μήτωρ Dor. προμάτωρ, ορος, ἦ, (πρό, μήτηρ)

the first mother, ancestress of a race.

προμῆγναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προμῆγνμι.

προ-μῆγνμι, f. μῆζω, to mingle beforeband :—Pass.,

aor. 2 inf. προμῆγναι, to have intercourse with before-

band.

προ-μισθόω, f. ὤσω, to hire beforeband.

προ-μνάομαι, Dep. to woo for another : generally, to

endeavour to obtain, solicit : to plead with, c. dat. II.

to forebode, presage.

προ-μηστῖνοι, αι, α, one by one, one after the other. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προμηστρία and προμηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (προμνάομαι) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker.

πρό-μοιρος, ον, (πρό, μοῖρα) before the destined term, untimely.

προμολή, αορ. 2 inf. of προβλάσκει. Hence

προμολή, ἡ, an approach, vestibule. II. in plur. the jutting foot of a mountain: the mouth of a river.

προμολών, αορ. 2 part. of προβλάσκει.

πρόμος, ὁ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like πρόμαχος:—a chief, Lat. princeps.

πρό-μοχθέω, f. ἴσω, to work beforeband.

πρό-νάος or προ-νάιος, α, ον Ion. προ-νήμος, η, ον, (πρό, ναός) before or in front of a temple: as Subst., I. προνήιον, τό, the court before a temple.

II. Προναία Ion. Προνήη, ἡ, a name of Minerva at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue there before the great temple of Apollo. III. πρόναος, ὁ, the hall or vestibule of a temple, through which was the way to the temple itself.

πρό-ναυμαχέω, f. ἴσω, to fight at sea for or in defence of, τινός.

πρό-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to assign beforeband: to hold forth, present. II. Med. προνέμομαι, of cattle, to go forward in grazing: hence to gain ground, spread.

πρό-νέω, f. σω, to nod or stoop forwards.

πρό-νήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρόναος.

πρό-νηστεύω, f. σω, to fast beforeband.

πρό-νικάω, f. ἴσω, to gain a victory beforeband.

πρό-νοέω, f. ἴσω; also Med. προ-νοέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, with aor. I med. and pass. προνοήσασθαι, προ-νοήσθην:—to perceive or observe beforeband. II.

to plan or devise beforeband: to provide. 2. c. gen. to provide for, take thought for. 3. absol. to be provident, act warily. Hence

προνοήτεον, verb. Adj. one must take care.

προνοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προνοέω) disposed to practise foresight, provident, cautious, wary. II. of things, shewing forethought or design. Adv. -κάς, with forethought.

πρόνοια Ion. -νοήη, ἡ, (πρόνοος) a perceiving or knowing beforeband. II. foresight, forethought, forecast; ἐκ προνοίας with forethought, advisedly, Lat. ex consilio, and of crimes, with malice prepense.

2. the providence of the gods.

προνομία, ἡ, (προνόμομαι) a proboscis.

προνομέα, ἡ, a foraging, plundering. From προ-νομέω, f. σω, to go out foraging, to forage.

προνομή, ἡ, (προνόμομαι) a foraging, foray, raid.

πρόνομος, ον, (προνόμομαι) going forward to feed, grazing forward.

πρό-νοος, ον contr. πρό-νοος, ουν, (πρό, νόος) thinking beforeband, wary:—Comp. προνοώστερος.

πρό-νωπίς, ἐς, (πρό, ὤψ) bent or bending forwards: drooping, sinking. 2. metaph. inclined, ready.

πρό-νώπιος, ον, (πρό, ἐνώπια) before or without the

walls: generally, in front of, outside a place. II. as Subst., προνώπιον, τό, a hall or court.

ΠΡΟΨ, gen. προκός, ἡ, a kind of deer: the gazelle or perh. the roe: also προκάς.

πρό-ξενος, ὁ, Ion. for πρόξενος.

προξενέω, impf. προξένουν: f. ἴσω: aor. I προξένησα: (πρόξενος):—to be any one's πρόξενος, to be one's protector or patron. II. to negotiate, manage, effect anything for another: to supply, furnish, present, grant. 2. c. dat. et inf: to contrive for one that . . : also to advise, give directions. 3.

to introduce one person to another.

προξενία, ἡ, a treaty or compact of friendship between a state and a foreigner, public friendship, Lat. hospitium. II. the rights and privileges of a πρόξενος or public friend, esp. of an ambassador. From

πρό-ξενος Ion. πρό-ξενος, ὁ, (πρό, ξένος) a public ξένος, i. e. a public guest or host: the word expressed the same relation between a state and an individual of another state, that ξένος did between two individuals of different states: the πρόξενος possessed great privileges in the state to which he was allied; the relation usually passed on from father to son. II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of consul or agent. III. generally, a patron, assistant, defender, guardian. 2. as Adj. assisting, relieving.

πρό-ξυράω, f. ἴσω, to shave beforeband.

πρό-ογκόμαι, Dep. to bray beforeband.

πρό-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel before.

πρό-οδοποιέω, f. ἴσω, to prepare the way before, pave the way. II. metaph. to prepare beforeband.

πρό-οδοπορέω, f. ἴσω, to travel before.

πρό-οδος, ον, (πρό, ὁδός) going before or in advance: as Subst., πρόοδοι, οἱ, a party of soldiers in advance.

πρό-οδος, ἡ, (πρό, ὁδός) a going on, advance.

πρό-οἶδα, inf. προείδαι, part. προειδώς: plqpf. προήδην: fut. προείσομαι: (with no pres. in use):—to know beforeband. Cf. προείδον.

πρό-οιμιάζομαι Att. contr. φροιμιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to make a preamble or prelude:—the pf. πεφρομίασμαι is used in pass. sense, to be stated by way of preamble. From

πρό-οἶμιον Att. contr. φροίμιον, τό, (πρό, οἶμος) an opening or introduction to a thing: in Music, a prelude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordium: of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning. 2. a hymn.

πρό-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχῆσομαι: Dep.:—to have gone on before.

πρό-ὀνυμι and -ῶ, to swear before or beforeband: to testify on oath before.

προοπτέον, verb. Adj. of προοράω, one must look beforeband, take care of: cf. sq.

πρόσποτος Att. contr. προύπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of προοράω (as if from *προόπτομαι), foreseen: manifest.

προορατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of προοράω, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προοράω, f. προόβομαι: aor. 2 προείδον: pf. προέώρακα:—to foresee: absol. to look forward, be provident. 2. to look forward at, see before one: also to see from afar. 3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing.

II. also in Med. προοράσμαι, to foresee. 2. to look before one. 3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

προορίζω, f. σω, to mark out beforehand, to predetermine.

προορμάω, f. ἴσω, to drive forward or onward:—Pass. to rusb or start on. II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προορμιζω, f. ἴσω, to moor before or in front.

προοφείλω Att. contr. προούφείλω: f. -οφειλήσω:—to owe beforehand:—Pass. to be due beforehand or before, to remain as a debt.

πρόοψις, εως, ἡ, (πρό, ὄψις) a foreseeing. II. a seeing before one.

προόψομαι, fut. of προοράω (as if from *προόψτομαι).

προοᾶγής, ἐς, (πρό, πᾶγῆναι) fixed in front, prominent.

προπαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προπάσχω.

προπαιδένω, f. σω, to teach beforehand.

πρόπαλαι, Adv. very long ago.

πρόπαρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before. II. Adv. before, sooner.

προπαραβάλλω, to put beside or along beforehand.

προπαρασκευάζω, f. ἴσω, to prepare beforehand:—Pass. to be prepared beforehand.

προπαρέχω, to supply beforehand: to offer before.

προπαρόιθε and before a vowel -θεν: Prep. with gen., before, in front of; προπάροιθε ποδῶν before one's feet, close at hand; προπάροιθε θυρῶν before the door. II. Adv., I. of Place, in front, forward, before. 2. of Time, before, formerly.

πρόπᾶς, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν, (πρό, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, πρόπαν ἡμῶν all day long; νῆας προπάσας all the ships together: neut. πρόπαν as Adv. utterly.

προπάσχω, f. -πέισομαι, to suffer before or beforehand: to be ill-treated before.

προπάτωρ, opos, ὁ, (πρό, πᾶτήρ) the first founder of a family, forefather: in plur. προπάτορες, οἱ, ancestors, forefathers.

προπειθώ, f. σω, to persuade beforehand.

πρόπειρα, ἡ, a previous trial or venture; πρόπειρα ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a trial.

προπειράω, to attempt beforehand: also as Dep. προπειράομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. προπειράθημ [ᾱ], προπειράσμαι.

προπέμψω, f. ψω: aor. I προπέμψα:—to send before or beforehand: to send away, dismiss: to send out: to send forth; προπέμψω ἰούσ to shoot forth arrows: also to afford, furnish. II. to conduct,

accompany; esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a corpse to the grave, Lat. efferre. III. to pursue.

προπεσόν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προπίπτω.

προπετάννυμι, f. -πέτᾶσω [ᾱ], to spread out before.

προπέτεια, ἡ, rashness, reckless haste. From προπετής, ἐς, (προπίπτω) falling forwards, bending forward, Lat. proclivus, proclivus: drooping, at the point of death. II. metaph. being on the verge of, ready for, prone to a thing. 2. precipitate, sudden, rash, hasty, reckless. Hence

προπετῶς, Adv. forwards. II. in headlong haste.

προπέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προφαίνω.

προπεφραδμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of προφράσσω.

προπηδάω, f. ἴσομαι, to spring out before: to spring forward from.

προπηλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (πρό, πηλός):—to cover with mud: to treat with indignity, to abuse foully:—also to throw in one's teeth, reproach one with. Hence

προπηλάκισις, εως, η, and προπηλακισμός, ὁ, contemptuous treatment.

προπίνω [ῆ], impf. προπίνω: f. προπίνομαι: aor. 2 προπίνω: pf. act. προπέπωκα, pass. προπέπομαι:—to drink before or to one, to drink to another's health, pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself, and then pass the cup to the person pledged. 2. as the cup was often given as a present, προπίνειν came to signify to give away, make a present of, to compliment away: προπίνειν τὴν ἐλευθερίαν Φιλίππου, to pledge away liberty to Philip: so, προπέποται τὰ τῆς πόλεως πράγματα the interests of the state have been complimented away.

προπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 προπίπεσον, inf. προπέσείν: pf. προπέπωκα:—to fall or throw oneself forward: to rusb forward, rusb headlong.

προπιστεύω, f. σω, to trust or believe beforehand.

προπίτνω, poet. for προπίπτω (v. πίτνω):—to fall down before, fall prostrate, of suppliants.

προπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail before. Hence

πρόπλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ουν, sailing before, in front or at the head.

προπλώω, Ion. for προπλέω.

προποδηγός, ὄν, going before to sbew the way, guiding.

προποδίζω, f. ἴσω, (πρό, ποῦς) to put the foot forward, stride forward.

προποιέω, f. ἴσω, to do beforehand, take the first step:—Pass. to be made or prepared beforehand.

προπολεμῶ, f. ἴσω, to fight before or in front of.

προπολέμια, atos, τό, service rendered. From προπόλεμος, f. σω, (πρόπολος) to serve as a priest.

πρόπολος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes before one: an attendant, minister: a rower. 2. one who serves a god, a priest or priestess: a temple-servant. II. as Adj. ministering to a thing, devoted or dedicated to it.

προπομπή, ἡ, (προπέμπω) a sending on before.

II. an attending, escorting, conducting.

προ-πομπία, ἡ, (πρό, πομπή) the first place in a procession, like προεδρία.

προπομπός, όν, (προπέμπω) escorting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπός χόας carrying drink-offerings in procession. II. as Subst. a conductor, escort.

προ-πονέω, f. ἴσω, to work or take pains beforeband. II. to labour for or instead of another.

III. c. gen. rei, to work for a thing, i. e. to obtain it.

IV. c. acc. rei, to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. part., τὰ προπεποιημένα things formerly pursued with zeal. V. Med. προπονέομαι, to grow weary or tire too soon.

πρό-πονός, ον, very toilsome, exceeding toilsome.

Προ-πονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πρό, πόντος) the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.

προ-πορεύω, f. σω, to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med. —πορεύομαι, and pass. —πορευθήσομαι, to go before or forward.

προ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω, to provide beforeband:—Pass. to be provided beforeband.

πρόποσις, εως, ἡ, (προπίνω) a drinking before or to one: a pledging. II. a drink.

πρόποτης, ό, (προπίνω) one who drinks healths.

πρό-πους, —ποδος, ό, the projecting foot of a mountain.

προ-πράσσω Adv. —ττω, f. ἴω to do before. II. to exact beforeband.

προ-πρέων, ὠνος, ό, inclining forward: metaph. forward, ready, willing.

προ-πρηγής, ές, inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards:—neut. προπρηγής as Adv., forward.

προ-πρό, strengthened form of πρό, right before.

προπρο-κύλινδομαι, Pass. strengthd. for προκυλινδομαι, to roll on and on, to keep rolling oneself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.

πρό-πρυμνα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμνα) stern-foremost, properly of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, utterly cast away.

προ-πταίω, f. σω, to stumble before.

προ-πύλαιος [ῦ], ον, (πρό, πύλη) before the gate. II. neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τά, a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaea, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.

πρό-πύλον, τό, (πρό, πύλη) a portico, vestibule.

προ-πυνθάνομαι, f. —πεύσομαι: aor. 2 προὔπυθμην: Dep.:—to learn by inquiry before, bear or ascertain beforeband.

πρό-πυργος, ον, before or for towers; θυσία πρό-πυργος offerings made for the city.

προ-πέω, f. —ρεύσομαι, to flow forward, flow amain, Lat. profuere.

πρό-ρηγίσις, ἡ, (πρό, ρήσις) a foretelling. 2. previous instructions or orders. II. a proclamation, public notice.

πρόρ-ρητος, ον, (πρό, ρητός) foretold. II. proclaimed, commanded.

πρόρ-ρίζος, ον, (πρό, ρίζα) by the roots, root and branch: neut. πρόρριζον or πρόρριζα as Adv., up by the roots, Lat. radicitus.

ΠΡΟΣ, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: with gen. implying motion from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:—Dor. προτί and ποτί [ϋ], contrd. πότη.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from forth: hence from or on the side or quarter of; πρὸς Νότον on the side of the South, i. e. in the direction of the South; φυλακαὶ πρὸς Αἰθίοπων garrisons on the side of, i. e. against, the Ethiopians; "Αβδηρα ἴδρυνται πρὸς τοῦ Ἑλλησπόντου, μᾶλλον ἢ τοῦ Στρώμονος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hellespont rather than of the Strymon, i. e. is nearer to it. 2. metaph., πρὸς πατρός on the father's side: also on the part of, at the band of, ἔχων τιμὴν πρὸς Ζηνός to have honour at the band of Jove: so, πρὸς Διός εἰσι ξεῖνοι τε πτωχοί τε strangers and the poor are sent by Jove.

3. in presence of, before, whence its use in oaths and protestations: μάρτυροι πρὸς θεῶν, πρὸς ἀνθρώπων witnesses before gods and men: in which case the Att. insert εἰ before the prep. and acc., πρὸς σε θεῶν αἰτώ I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per te deos oro. II. with a passive Verb = ὑπό, as, διδάσκεισθαι πρὸς τινος to be taught by one; ἀτιμάζεσθαι πρὸς τινος to be dishonoured by one.

III. from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; οὐ πρὸς τοῦ ἀπαντος ἀνδρός not besuiting every man; πρὸς δικῆς ἀγρεώεσθαι to justice; πρὸς γυναικός ἐστι it is like a woman.

WITH DAT., generally, hard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτὶ γαῖῃ to dash upon earth; πρὸς ἀλλήλησιν ἔχεσθαι to cling close to each other. II. in addition to, besides; πρὸς τούτοις in addition to this; πρὸς τοῖς ἄλλοις κακοῖς in addition to all other evils.

III. of close engagement in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῷ σκοπεῖν to be employed upon considering.

WITH ACCUS., it expresses motion, I. of Place, towards, to, upon; πρὸς ἡῷ towards the East; κλαίειν πρὸς οὐρανόν to cry to heaven. 2. in hostile sense, against: in the titles of speeches, πρὸς τινα in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat. adversus; not in accusation of, which is properly κατά with gen., Lat. in. 3. without hostile sense, εἰπεῖν πρὸς τινα to address oneself towards or to one.

II. of Time, towards, near, hard upon. III. generally, of Relation, with a view to, in regard or relation to; πρὸς ταῦτα in regard to this, therefore; τὰ πρὸς τὸν πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ πρὸς τοὺς θεούς our relations to the gods. 2. according to, suitable to, at, upon; πρὸς τῇ φήμῃ at the news; so, πρὸς τί; to what end? 3. in proportion to, in comparison of; πρὸς τὸν πατέρα Κύρον in comparison of his father Cyrus; πρὸς πάντας τοὺς ἄλλους in com-

parison of all the rest, implying superiority, Lat. *prae aliis omnibus*.

IV. in Att., *πρός* with acc. is often put for Adv., as, *πρός βίαν*, *πρός ἀνάγκην* by force, forcibly; *πρός καιρὸν* in season; *πρός χάριν τινί* to please one; *πρός τὸ βίαιον* = *βιαιώς*.

ABSOL. AS ADV., *besides, over and above*.

IN COMPOS. it implies I. motion towards, as in *προσάγω*.

II. addition, *besides*, as in *προσ-κτάομαι*.

III. a being by or *besides*: a remaining *beside*, as in *πρόσ-εμι* (*εἰμι sum*).

προ-σάββατος, *ov*, (*πρό, σάββατα*) before the Sabbath: as Subst., *προσάββατον, τό*, the eve of the Sabbath.

προσ-αγγέλλω, *φ. εἰω*, to announce: to denounce. *προσαγορεύεις, εως, ἦ*, an addressing. From *προσαγορευτέος, α, ov*, verb. Adj. to be called or named. From

προσ-αγορεύω, *φ. σω*: aor. *-ηγόρευσα*: pf. *-ηγόρευκα*: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are *προσερῶ, προσείπον, προσείρηκα*—to address, accost. II. to name, call by name.

προσ-άγω, *φ. ζω*: aor. 2 *προσῆγαγον*, rarely aor. I. *προσῆξα*: fut. med. in pass. sense *προσάξομαι*:—to bring to or upon: to supply, furnish. 2. to put to, add. 3. to bring to, move towards, apply, employ. 4. to bring in, introduce. 5. to lead on, induce.

II. intr. to draw near, approach; *πρόσπαγε, come on!* III. Med. to attach to oneself, bring over to one's side. 2. to embrace, salute. 3. to induce to do a thing. 4. to get for oneself, procure, import: hence in Pass., *τό προσαχθέντα imports*. Hence *προσάγωγός, εως, ὁ*, one who brings to, an introducer.

προσάγωγή, ἦ, (*προσάγω*) a bringing to or towards: acquisition. II. (from the intr. sense of *προσάγω*) approach or access to, the privilege of entrance. *προσαγωγός, ὄν*, (*προσάγω*) bringing to, attractive, persuasive.

προσ-ᾄδω, Dor. *φ. ποτ-αείσομαι*:—to sing to; *τὴν ποταείσομαι*, Dor. for *σοὶ προσάσομαι*, to thee will I sing. 2. *προσάδειν τραγῳδίαν* to sing the songs in a Tragedy to music. II. to harmonise or chime in with, Lat. *concinnere*.

προσαίξας, aor. I part. of *προσαίσω*.

προσ-αἰρέομαι, Med. to choose to oneself, attach to oneself. II. to choose or elect in addition to.

προσ-αἶσσω Att. *-ᾄσσω*, *φ. ζω*, to spring or rush to: to come quickly upon or over.

προσ-αντέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to ask besides: to demand in addition. II. to continue asking, to beg of one: absol. to beg bard. Hence

προσ-ακοντίω, *φ. σω*, to shoot like a javelin.

προσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of *προσάγω*, one must bring to.

προσαίτης, ov, ὁ, a beggar.

προσ-ακούω, *φ. -ακούσομαι*, to hear besides.

προσ-ἀλείφω, *φ. ψω*, to rub or smear upon.

προσ-ἄλιςκομαι, Pass. to be taken besides, to be cast in a lawsuit besides.

προσ-ἄλλομαι, *φ. -αλύομαι*: aor. I *-ηλάμην*: Dep.:—to jump up, at or upon one.

προσ-αμείβομαι, Dor. poët. aor. I *ποταμειψάμην*, to answer.

προσ-ἄμεγλω, *φ. ζω*, to milk besides: Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) *ποταμέλγεται* will yield milk besides.

προσ-αμείχομαι, (*πρός, ἀμείχω*), Pass. to be held fast in a thing.

προσ-ἄμύνω [*ῥ*], *φ. ῥνῶ*, to come to aid one.

προσ-αμφιέννυμι, Att. fut. *-αμφιῶ*, to put on over.

προσ-αναβαίνω, *φ. -βήσομαι*, to climb up to: of riders, to mount besides. Hence

προσανάβασις poët. *προσάμβ-*, *ἦ*, a going up to, approach; *κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις* approach and ascent by means of a ladder, i. e. a scaling-ladder.

προσαναβῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of *προσαναβαίνω*.

προσ-αναγιγνώσκω, to read besides.

προσ-ἀναγκάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, to force or constrain besides. 2. to bring under command, discipline. II. to force one to do a thing.

προσ-αναγορεύω, to announce besides.

προσ-αναγράφω, *φ. ψω*, to write or note down besides.

προσ-αναίρειω, *φ. ἦσω*, to lift up besides: Med. to take upon oneself or undertake besides. II. of an oracle, to give an answer besides.

προσ-ἀναισιμῶ, *φ. ὦσω*, to spend or consume besides.

προσανάκλιμα, τό, that on which one leans. From *προσ-ανακλίνομαι*, Pass. to lean on. [*ῥ*] Hence

προσανάκλις, *ἦ*, a leaning or lying on.

προσ-αναλαμβάνω, *φ. -λήψομαι* to take up or receive besides. 2. metaph. to recruit or refresh besides.

προσ-ἀναλώσκω, *φ. -ανᾶλωσω*, to spend or consume besides:—aor. I part. *προσανᾶλωσας*.

προσ-αναπληρῶ, *φ. ὦσω*, to fill up by pouring into, fill up the measure of.

προσ-αναρτάω, *φ. ἦσω*, to bang up besides or upon.

προσ-αναστέλλω, to hold in check besides.

προσ-ανατέλλω poët. *προσαντ-*, to rise up towards.

προσ-ανατίθημι, *φ. -θήσω*:—to offer or dedicate besides:—Med. to take something additional on oneself: to contribute besides: also II. to confer or consult with.

προσ-ανδράποδιζω, *φ. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, to enslave besides.

προσ-ἀνεμι (*ἀνά, εἰμι ibo*), to go up to.

προσ-ανέπινον, aor. 2 without pres. in use (*προσ-αναγορεύω* being used instead) to announce, publish or order besides.

προσ-ἄνης, ἐς, Dor. for *προσηνής*.

προσ-ἀντης, ἐς, gen. *εὸς*, (*πρός, ἄντην*) rising up against or so as to meet one, up-bill, Lat. *arduus*. II. metaph. steep, arduous: irksome, displeasing, painful.

III. of persons, adverse, hostile.

προσ-απαγγέλλω, *φ. εἰω*, to report besides.

προσ-απαγορεύω, to forbid besides.

προσ-απαίτew, *φ. ἦσω*, to demand besides.

προσ-ἄπειλώ, *φ. ἦσω*, to threaten besides.

προσ-απέπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use (*προσ-*

απαγορεύω being used instead), to forbid, renounce besides.

προσ-αποβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw away or lose besides.

προσ-απογράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or register besides.

προσ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove besides.

προσ-αποδίδωμι, to pay as a debt besides.

προσ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer besides.

προσ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill or slay besides.

προσ-απολάω, f. σω, to enjoy besides.

προσ-απολλῶμι and -ύω: f. -ολέσω:—to destroy,

despatch, kill besides: to lose besides:—Med., with pf.

2 act. προσ-απόλωλα, to perish besides or with others.

προσ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away or off besides.

προσ-αποπέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to send off besides.

προσ-αποστερέω, f. ἦσω, to defraud besides.

προσ-αποτιμάω, f. ἦσω, to value or estimate besides.

προσ-αποφέρω, f. -αποίω, to carry off besides: to return or report in besides.

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon: in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with. 2. to apply to: to deliver, commit to: II. intr. to be added. III.

Med. προσάπτομαι, to touch, lay hold on, meddle with.

προσ-αραρίσκω, f. -άρω: aor 2 -ἤραρον:—to join,

fit, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 προσ-

ἀραρα Ion. -άρρα: 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. προσ-αρή-

ρεται:—to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.

προσ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to dash against.

προσ-άρρα, Ion. pf. of προσ-αρισκω.

προσ-ἀρήρεται, 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσ-αρισκω.

προσ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour,

help, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present,

c. acc. rei.

προσ-αρμόζω later Att. -αρμῶττω: f. όσω: pf.

pass. -ἤρμωσαι:—to fit to, put or attach closely to:

metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with

a thing.

προσ-αρτάω, f. ἦσω, to fasten or attach to:—Pass.

to be attached to, accrue or belong to: to be devoted to.

προσ-άσσω, Att. for προσ-άισσω.

προσ-ἀτιμόω, f. όσω, to dishonour or deprive of

civil rights besides, to degrade besides.

προσ-αναίνομαι, Pass. (πρός, ανάινω) to become

dried up, waste or pine away upon.

προσ-αυδάω, f. ἦσω: impf. προσυῦδαν, 3 sing.

-ῦδα, 3 dual -ἠυδήτην:—to speak to, address, accost.

προσ-αύλειος, ον, (πρός, αὐλή) near a farm-yard,

rustic.

προσ-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to accompany on the flute.

προσ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase besides:—

Pass. to grow or wax larger.

προσ-αύω, to burn by touching.

προσ-αφαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take away besides:—Med.

to take away for oneself besides:—Pass. to have a

thing taken away besides.

προσ-αφικνέομαι, f. -αφίξομαι, Dep. to arrive at.

προσ-αφίστημι, f. -στήσω, to cause to revolt besides:

—Pass., with aor. 2 act. -απέστην, pf. -αφέστηκα, to

revolt besides.

προσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2

-έβην, aor. I med. -εβησάμην:—to go towards, step

up on: to mount or ascend. 2. to come near: to

come upon, attack.

προσ-βάλλω, fut. -βαλῶ: aor. 2 -έβαλον: pf.

-βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw to or upon,

to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to:

of the Sun, ἀρούρα προσβάλλειν to strike the earth

with his rays: to strike or reach the senses. 3.

metaph., προσβάλλειν τί to lay a thing to heart,

attend to it:—Med. to throw oneself upon, at-

tack. II. intr. to strike against, make an attack

or assault upon, engage: also to attack, assail: to

approach, come to. 2. to put in with a ship, come

to land or port.

προσβάς, άσα, άν, aor. 2 part. of προσβαίνω.

πρόσβασις, ή, (προσβαίνω) a means of approach,

access.

προσβατός, ή, όν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.

προσ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to force, compel,

constrain to a thing. II. in aor. 1 pass. προσ-

βιασθήναι, to be forced or hard pressed.

προσ-βιβάζω: f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of

προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to: metaph. to bring

over, persuade.

προσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at or upon.

προσ-βλώσκω, f. -μολούμαι: aor. 2 -έμολον:—to

come or go to, to reach, arrive at to approach.

προσ-βοδάω, f. -βησομαι, to call to:—Med., Ion.

aor. I προσεβωσάμην, to call to oneself, call in.

προσ-βοθηέω Ion. -βωθέω, f. ἦσω, to come to aid,

come up with succour: to bring succour or support to.

προσβολή, ή, (προσβάλλω) a putting to or upon;

applying. II. a falling upon, an attack, assault;

προσβολή Ἀχαιῶν an attack of the Achaeans. 2.

generally, a going towards, a means of approaching:

an approach. 3. of ships, a place to touch at,

harbour.

πρόσ-γειος, ον, (πρός, γέα=γη) near the earth:

near land.

πρόσ-βορρος, ον, (πρός, βορέας) exposed to the

north wind.

προσ-γελάω, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], to look with a smile

upon, to gladden, Lat. arridere.

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [ε]: fut. -γενήσο-

μαι: pf. -γεγέννημαι: Dep.:—to come or go to, attach

oneself to. 2. generally, to be added, accrue, Lat.

accedere. 3. to arrive: of things, to come to,

happen to.

προσ-γράφω, f. ψω: pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγρα-

μαι:—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil; τὰ

προσγεγραμμένα conditions added to a treaty.

προσ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise at or with.

προσ-δανείζω, f. σω, to lend in addition to:—Med.

with pf. pass. προσδεδάνεισμαι, to have lent one, bor-

row in addition.

προσ-δᾶπᾶνά, f. ἦσω, to spend besides.
 πρόσδεγμα, atos, τὸ, (προσδέχομαι) reception.
 προσ-δεῖ, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen. there is still need of.
 προσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.
 προσ-δέομαι Dor. ποῖτ. ποτι-δέομαι: f. -δέῃω: aor. I pass. -εἰδήθη: Dep.:—to be in want of, stand in need of besides: absol. to be in want. II. to beg or ask of another: to beg one to do.
 προσ-δέρομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρομαι: fut. med. -δέρομαι: aor. I pass. -εἰδέρχην: and in same sense aor. 2 act. -ἑδράκω, pf. -ἑδέορκα: Dep.:—to look at, behold.
 πρόσδετος, ov, (προσδέω) tied to a thing.
 προσ-δέομαι, ποῖτ. for προσδέομαι, Dor. ποτιδ-
 προσ-δέχομαι Ion. προσ-δέκομαι: fut. -δέχομαι: pf. -δέδεγαμαι: Ep. aor. 2 προσεδέγμην, with Dor. part. ποτιδέγμενος:—to accept or receive favourably: to admit into one's presence: generally to admit. II. to wait for or expect a thing: absol. to wait patiently, abide.
 προσ-δέω (A), f. -δήσω: pf. pass. προσδέδεμαι:—to tie, bind, or fasten to or on.
 προσ-δέω (B), f. -δέσω, to need besides.
 προσ-δηλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin besides.
 προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. II. to insinuate besides.
 προσ-διαίρομαι, Dep. to distinguish further.
 προσ-διαλέγομαι, aor. I pass. -διελέγχην, Dep. to converse besides with.
 προσ-διαμαρτύρέω, f. ἦσω, to testify in addition.
 προσ-διανέμω, to distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.
 προσ-διαπασσάλευω, to fasten to with nails.
 προσ-διαπράσσω, f. ξω, to achieve or accomplish besides:—Med. to achieve for oneself besides.
 προσ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. -ἔφθαρκα, pass. -ἔφθαρμαι: aor. 2 pass. -εφθάρην [ᾶ]:—to destroy besides:—Pass. to perish besides.
 προσ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides or in addition.
 προσ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to narrate besides.
 προσ-δικάζω, f. ᾶσω, to award as a judge to a person:—Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit.
 προσ-διορθῶ, f. ᾶσω, to ordain besides:—Med. to correct oneself besides.
 προσ-διορίζω, f. σω, to define or specify besides.
 προσ-δίωκω, f. ξω, to pursue besides.
 προσ-δοκάω Ion. -ῶ: to fut. ἦσω: aor. I -εδόκησα:—to expect, look for: to await.
 προσ-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. I -έδοξα:—to seem or be thought besides.
 προσδόκητος, ov, (προσδοκάω) expected.
 προσδοκία, ἡ, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expectation, anticipation, whether of good or bad: πρὸς προσδοκίαν according to expectation.
 προσδόκιμος, ov, (προσδοκάω) expected, looked for,

or to be expected: ἐπὶ Μίλητον προσδόκιμος expected to come against Miletus.
 προσ-δόρπιος Dor. ποτιδόρπιος, ov, (πρός, δόρπον) belonging to or serving for supper.
 προσ-δρακείν, aor. 2 inf. of προσδέρομαι.
 προσδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδραμῶν, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.
 προσ-εἶω, f. ᾶσω [ᾶ], to suffer to go further.
 προσέβην, aor. 2 of προσβαίω.
 προσεβήσето, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσβαίω.
 προσ-εγγίζω, f. σω, to bring near. II. intr. to approach, draw near.
 προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a pillar: esp. to add a limiting clause.
 προσ-εγγύομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety besides.
 προσ-εγχρίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ] to smear on besides: to besmear or bedaub besides.
 προσ-εδαφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: generally to make fast.
 προσεδρέα or -ία, ἡ, a sitting by or near: esp. a sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat. obsessio. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat. assiduitas:—esp. a sitting by a sick-bed. From
 προσεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόσεδρος) to sit beside or near, be near to, Lat. assidere. 2. to attend constantly.
 προσεδρία, ἡ, = προσεδρέα.
 πρόσ-εδρος, ov, (πρός, ἔδρα) sitting or abiding near: πρόσεδρος λιγυῖς the surrounding smoke.
 προσείπιτε, Ep. for προσείπε: see προσείπον.
 προσέθηκα, aor. I of προστίθημι.
 προσ-εθίζω, f. σω, to accustom or inure one to a thing:—Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing.
 προσ-ειδέναι, -δός, inf. and part. of πρόσειδα.
 προσ-ειδον, inf. προσιδεῖν, part. προσιδών: aor. 2 without any pres. in use, προσοράω being used instead: inf. med. προσιδέσθαι:—to look at or upon. II. Pass. προσείδομαι, to appear beside or near to, to be like.
 προσεῖκα, Att. for προσείκα, q. v.
 προσ-εικάω, f. σω: aor. I -ἠκάσα:—to make like to, liken to, make to resemble:—Pass. to be like, resemble. II. metaph. to compare.
 προσ-εἰκέλος, η, ov, also os, ov, somewhat like.
 προσ-εἰλέω Dor. προπι-εἰλέω, to press or force upon or against, compress.
 προσεἰληφα, -εἰλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσεἰλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προσαίρω.
 πρόσ-ειλος, ov, (πρός, εἰλη) towards the sun, sunny, warm, light.
 πρόσ-εμι, inf. προσίναμι: impf. προσ-ἦεν Ion. -ἦα Att. -ἦα: aor. 2 part. προσιών: (πρός, εἰμι) ibo):—to go to or towards: to approach one. 2. in hostile sense, to go or come against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. II. of Time, to come on.
 III. to come in: τὰ προσιόντα χρήματα or

τὰ προσόντα alone, *the public income, revenue, Lat. reditus.*

πρόσειμι, inf. προσεῖναι: impf. προσῆν: (πρός, εἰμί sum):—to be at, near or by, to be against. II. to be added to, attached to: to belong to, be in: absol. to be there, be offered.

προσεῖπον, inf. προσεπειν: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσαγορεύω being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute. 2. to call so and so: to name.

προσεισπράσσω, f. σω, to exact payment of besides.

προσεῖω, f. σω, to hold out and shake; προσεῖεν χεῖρα to shake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to hold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσεκβάλλω, to cast out or expel besides.

προσεκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.

προσεκπύρω, f. ὦσω, to kindle, set on fire besides.

προσεκτέον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must apply: absol. one must attend.

προσεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προσέχω) attentive.

προσεκτίλλω, to pluck out besides.

προσεκύρσα, aor. I of προσκυρέω.

προσεκλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.

προσελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ᾶ], Att. -ελῶ: aor. I -ἤλαῶσα:—to drive towards. II. intr., I. (sub. ἵπνον or ἄρμα), to ride towards, ride up to, Lat. advenire.

2. (sub. στρατόν), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσελέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω.

προσελέω, false form for προσελέω.

προσελθῆν, προσελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσέρχομαι.

προσελκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκύσω [ῦ]: aor. I -εἰλκύσα:—to draw to or towards, draw on:—Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

προσελλέπω, f. ψω, to be still wanting.

προσεμβάινω, f. -εμβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ενέβην:—to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. insultare.

προσεμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.

προσεμπικραίνομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -ανοῦμαι, to be angry with besides or further.

προσεμφερέης, ἐς, resembling.

προσένυχε, Dor. for προσένηχε, 3 sing. impf. of προσήχω.

προσενδείκνυμι, f. -ενδείξω, to declare besides:—Med. to shew oneself off to another.

προσενεχθράζω, f. σω, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσενθύμιομαι: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμηθήσομαι: Dep.:—to think on or take into consideration besides.

προσεννέπω, to address, accost. 2. to intreat or command to do, c. inf. 3. to call by name.

προσεννοέω, f. ἴσω, to think on or observe besides.

προσεντέινα, f. -τενώ, to inflict besides.

προσεντέλλομαι, Dep. to enjoin or command besides.

προσεξαιρέομαι, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

προσ-εξάμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι, to fail still more.

προσ-εξανδράποδιζομαι, Att. fut. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to enslave utterly besides.

προσ-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides:—Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εξεργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to work out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξέργασμαι is used in the depon. sense, but also takes a pass. sense, to have been achieved or effected besides: cf. ἐργάζομαι.

προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides.

προσ-εξερίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

προσεῖκα, pf. with pres. sense, Att. προσεῖκα, inf.

προσεικνεῖναι: there is also a pass. form of pf., προσηγνυμαι:—to be like or resemble in a thing. II. to seem fit.

III. to seem to do.

προσεπαίνω, f. ἴσω, to praise besides.

προσ-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ]:—to accuse besides.

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, = προσεμβαίνω.

προσ-επεξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or devise for any purpose besides.

προσέπεσον, aor. 2 of προσπίπτω.

προσ-επιβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to throw upon besides, to add over and above.

προσ-επιγράφω [ᾶ], f. ψω, to write upon besides.

προσ-επίκειμαι, Pass. to press or bear hard upon.

προσ-επικτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or acquire besides: to make additions to.

προσ-επλαμβάνομαι, Med. to help to take hold of a thing: to help or succour, esp. in war.

προσ-επιορκέω, f. ἴσω, to swear a false oath besides.

προσ-επιπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still.

προσ-επιπνέω, f. ἴσω, to trouble oneself still more.

προσ-επισκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

προσ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I

pass. -ἠπιστήθη: Dep.:—to understand or know besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f. -στελῶ: to notify, enjoin, charge besides; esp. by letter.

προσ-επισφραγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιούμαι:—Med.:—to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides.

προσ-επιτέρπομαι, Pass. to enjoy oneself besides or still more.

προσ-επιτροπέω, f. σω, to act as guardian of one further:—Pass. to be subject to as guardian, be the ward of another.

προσ-επιφωνέω, f. ἴσω, to say by way of addition.

προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to gratify besides.

προσ-επιπέμπω [ᾶ], aor. 2 of προσπέτω.

προσ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -εἴργασμαι: Dep.:—to work or effect besides.

προσ-εργος, ὄν, (πρός, ἔργον) industrious.

προσ-ερεύγομαι, Dep. to vomit forth against: metaph., κύματα προσερεύγεται πέτρην the waves break foaming against the rocks.

προσερέω Att. contr. προσερέω, fut. to προσείπον: —to speak to, to address.

προσ-ερίζω, f. σω, to strive, vie with or against.

προσ-έρομαι, f. —ερήσομαι: aor. —ηρόμην, inf. —ερέσθαι: Dep.: —to ask besides.

προσ-έρπω Dor. ποθήρω: f. ψω: aor. I προσείρπυσα —to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; ὁ προσέρπων χρόνος the coming time; τὸ πρόσερον the coming event, the future.

προσέρρηξα, aor. I of προσήγγνμι.

προσ-ερυγγάνω, = προσερεύγομαι.

προσ-έρχομαι, impf. —ηρχόμην, f. —ελεύσομαι (but the Att. impf. and fut. are προσήεν, πρόσειμι): Dep. with act. aor. 2 —ήλθον, pf. —ελήλυθα: —to come or go to: to come forward: absol. to approach, draw nigh; also to be nigh at hand. 2. to visit, associate with. 3. in hostile sense, to go or march against.

II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. redire.

προσ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask or question besides.

προσ-έσπερος Dor. ποθέσπερος, ov, verging towards evening: neut. pl. τὰ ποθέσπερα as Adv., towards evening.

προσ-εταίριζομαι, Med. to take to oneself as a friend, cboose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence προσεταίριστός, ov, joined with as a comrade, attached to a party.

προσ-έτι, Adv. over and above, besides.

πρόσευξαι, aor. I imperat. of προσεύχομαι.

προσ-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to procure or supply besides: be provided with.

προσ-ευρίσκω, f. —ευρήσω, to find besides.

προσ-ευχή, ή, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From προσ-εύχομαι, f. —ξομαι, Dep. to offer prayers or vows: absol. to worship: also c. acc. to pray for a thing.

προσέφην, ης, η, aor. 2 of πρόσφημι.

προσεχής, ές, (προσέχω) of place, adjoining, bordering upon, close to, next.

προσ-έχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 προσέσχον: pf. προσέσχηκα: —to have besides or in addition. II. to bold to, bring to or near; προσέχειν ναῦν to bring a ship to port or to land; and without ναῦν, to put in or touch at a place; προσέχειν τῇ γῆι, τῇ νήσῳ to touch at: to land: sometimes also ναυαί προσέχειν. III. προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν, to turn one's mind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. animum advertere: also without τὸν νοῦν, to attend; προσέχειν ἑαυτῷ to give heed to oneself. 2. to devote oneself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. IV.

Med. to attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it: also to devote oneself to the service of any one. V. Pass. to be held fast by a thing: to be implicated in.

προσ-εῶσ, ov, (πρός, έώς) towards dawn or morning.

προσ-ζεύγνυμι, f. —ζεύξω, to yoke or fasten to: —Pass. to be bound or yoked to.

πρόσ-ηβος, ov, (πρός, ήβη) near manhood.

προσήγᾶγον, aor. 2 of προσάγα.

προσηγορέω, f. ήσω, (προσήγορος) to address kindly: to console. Hence

προσηγόρημα, atos, τό, the object of an address.

προσηγορία, ή, (προσηγορέω) an addressing kindly, friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.

προσ-ήγορος, ov, (πρός, άγορέω) addressing, acousting: αἱ προσήγοροι ὄρυές the speaking oaks: c. gen., εὐγμάτων Παλλάδος προσήγορος addressing prayers to Pallas: generally, affable. II. pass. addressed, accosted: —as Subst. προσήγορος, ὁ, an acquaintance.

προσηδάφισμαι, pf. pass. of προσεδάφισω.

προσήξει, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προσέοικα.

προσηκάμην, aor. I med. of προσήμι.

προσηκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of προσήκω, suitably, fitly, becomingly.

προσήκω, part. neut. of προσήκω used absol., it being fit or becoming, Lat. quum conveniat or conveniret.

προσ-ήκω, to have come to, to have arrived at a place: to be near, be at hand. 2. metaph. to belong to. II. impers., προσήκει πρὸς τινα it concerns, has reference to one; c. dat., προσήκει μοι it is my business. 2. it belongs to, bessems, befits: see προσήκω.

III. the Partic. προσήκων, ουσα, ov, is very common, belonging to, befitting, beseming; and of persons, related, akin: οἱ προσήκοντες (in full οἱ προσήκοντες γένει), one's kinsmen, relatives: τὸ προσήκον or τὰ προσήκοντα that which belongs to one, all that is proper to oneself; τὴν προσήκουσαν σαυτηριαν ἐκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own safety; τὰ προσήκοντα what is fit or seemly, one's duties.

προσ-ήλιος, ov, (πρός, ήλιος) towards the sun, exposed to the sun, sunny.

προσ-ηλόω, f. ώσω, to nail, pin, or affix to. II. to nail up, sbut close up.

προσήλυθον, aor. 2 of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-ηλύτος, ov, (προσήλυθον) come to, arrived at: —as Subst., προσήλυτος, ὁ, a new comer, stranger, Lat. advena: hence, one who has come over to Judaism, a convert, proselyte.

πρόσ-ημαι, properly pf. of προσέζομαι: Pass.: —to sit upon or close to: to remain close to.

προσ-σημαίνω, f. ανῶ: aor. I προσεσήμηνα: —to give previous or public intimation: to foretell, announce. II. to proclaim, publish.

προσήνεγκα, used as aor. I of προσφέρω.

προσ-ήνεμος, ov, (πρός, άνεμος) towards the wind, windward.

προσηνέθην, used as aor. I pass. of προσφέρω.

προσ-ήνης Dor. προσ-ανής, ές, (πρός, έίς) soft, gentle, kindly: well-disposed: hence inclined, suitable to. Adv. προσήνως.

προσήρηται, pf. pass. of προσαρτάω.

προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of προσαυδάω.

προσ-ήφως, ov, (πρός, ήώς) Ion. for προσεφως, towards morn: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτ-αφον, towards morning.

προσ-θακέω, f. ἦσω, to sit beside, near or upon.
 πρόσθε, Ion. and poet. for πρόσθεν.
 προσθέναι, προσθείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προστίθηναι.

πρόσθεν Ion. and poet. πρόσθε: (πρό).
 As Prep. with gen.: I. of Place, before, in front of, in defence of. II. of Time, before.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front, forwards: with the Art., εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν forward, further, to the front. II. of Time, before, formerly, of old: also c. Art., ἡ πρόσθεν ἡμέρα the day before: also τὸ πρόσθεν as Adv., formerly.

III. also before, in sense of sooner, Lat. potius; πρόσθεν ἀποθανεῖν ἢ . . . to die sooner than . . .

προσθέοιτο, Ion. for προσθεῖτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of προστίθηναι.

πρόσθεος, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθηναι.
 πρόσθεσις, ἡ, (προστίθηναι) a putting to, application. II. an adding, an addition.

προσθητέον, verb. Adj. of προστίθηναι, one must add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, ov, or η, ov, verb. Adj. of προστίθηναι, added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hair.

προσ-θέω, f. -θέεσθαι, to run towards or to.

προσθήκη, ἡ, (προστίθηναι) an addition, appendage, supplement. 2. something added, a mere accident. II. aid, help, assistance.

πρόσθημα, atos, τό, (προστίθηναι) an addition.
 προσ-θηγάνω, f. -θήξω: aor. 2 προσέθηγον, inf. προσθηγεῖν:—to touch.

πρόσθιος, a, ov, (πρόσθεν) the foremost; οἱ πρόσθιοι πόδες the fore feet.

πρόσθ-δομος, ὁ, (πρόσθε, δόμος) the chief of a house.
 προσθοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of προστίθηναι.

προσ-θροέω, f. ἦσω, to call to, address.

προσ-θύμιος, ov, (πρός, θυμός) according to one's mind, agreeable, welcome.

προσίδειν, προσίδων, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσείδων.

προσ-ίζανω, to sit by or near. II. to be always near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. instare.

προσ-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, to sit by or near.

προσ-ίλημι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: aor. I προσήκα, med. -ηκάμην:—to send to or towards, let come to: to apply.

II. Med. προσίεμαι, to let come to or near one, suffer to approach, admit. 2. to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve. 3. to accept, submit to, put up with.

4. c. inf. to undertake to do, venture: c. acc. pers. to please one; ἐν οὐ προσίεται με one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ικνεόμαι, f. -ίξομαι, Dep. to come to, arrive at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. 2. to come to as a suppliant. Hence

προσίκτωρ, opos, ὁ, one that comes to the temples, a suppliant. II. pass. be to whom one comes as a suppliant, a protector, guardian.

προσ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ιστήμι, f. -στήσω: to place near, bring

near. II. Pass. προσίσταμαι, with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to stand near to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at. 2. metaphr., προσίσταται τί μοι something occurs to me. 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend, give offence to.

προσ-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to narrate besides.

προσ-ισχω, = προσέχω, to bold towards or against: intr. to put to land, put into port:—Med. to stick or cleave to.

προσϊτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρόσειμι (εἶμι ἰβο), approachable.

προσϊων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πρόσειμι (εἶμι ἰβο).

προσ-καθίζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεζόμεν: Dep.:—to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, properly pf. of προσκαθίζομαι: Pass.:—to sit by or near, to sit beside one, to live with. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-καθέλω, aor. I -καθειλέκω, to haul down besides.

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c. acc. cog. ato, θάκον προσκαθίσειν, to sit on a seat.

προσ-καθίστημι, f. στήσω, to appoint besides.

προσ-καθοπλιζώ, f. σω, to arm or equip besides.

πρόσ-καιρος, ov, lasting but for a time, transitory.

προσ-καίω, f. -καύσομαι, to set on fire besides:—Pass., pf. προσέκαυμαι, to be burnt through; σκευή προσκεκαυμένα pots burnt through: also to be inflamed with love, to be in love with.

προσ-κάλω, f. έσω, to call to, call on, summon:—Med. to call to oneself, call to one's aid. 2. in Att. of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuse, lay an indictment against; in full, δίκην ἀσεβείας προσκαλεῖν πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα to bring an action for impiety against . . . but commonly without δίκην; προσκαλεῖν τινα ἀναδρῆαι (sub. δίκην) to bring an action for cowardice against:—Pass., ὁ προσκληθεὶς the party summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor. ποτι-κ-, ov, (πρός, καρδία) on or at the heart.

προσ-καρτερέω, f. ἦσω, to persevere in a thing. 2. to adhere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτερήσις, ἡ, perseverance.

προσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go down to besides.

προσ-καταβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to pay so as to make up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, atos, τό, that which is paid in addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the revenue.

προσ-καταγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to condemn besides. II. to adjudge or award to.

προσ-κατασχίζω, f. ἰνῶ, to disgrace still further.

προσ-καταλέγω, f. έω, to enroll in addition to.

προσ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind, bequeath besides: also to leave, lose besides.

προσ-κατανέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to allot or assign besides.

προσκαταριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count besides.
 προσκατασκευάζω, f. σω, to furnish or prepare besides:—Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides.
 προσκατασύρω [ῥ], to pull down besides.
 προσκατατίθημι, f. καταθήσω, to lay down besides, pay as a further deposit.
 προσκατηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to lay to one's charge besides:—Pass., as logical term, to be predicated besides.
 προσκάθημαι, Ion. for προσκάθημαι.
 πρόσκειμαι Ion. πρόσκειμαι, f. -κέσομαι, serving as Pass. of προστίθημι, to be placed or laid beside or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τῇ θύρᾳ προσκείσθαι to keep close to the door. 2. to lie with. II. to be joined with, involved in. III. to be attached or devoted to; προσκείσθαι τῷ λεγομένῳ to put faith in, subscribe to a story; to devote oneself to: also in bad sense, to be given or addicted to. IV. to press upon, solicit; to press close to or bard. V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.
 προσκείκλημαι, pf. pass. of προσκαλέω.
 προσκερδαίνω, f. δῆσω, to gain besides.
 προσκεφάλαιον, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow: also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion.
 προσκηδής, ἐς, (πρός, κῆδος) attached to, affectionate. II. akin to, allied with.
 προσκηρτεύομαι, Dep. to send a herald to one.
 προσκηρῦσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to summon by herald.
 προσκιγκλιζω, (πρός, κίγκλος) to move to and fro, wag the tail at:—Pass., εὐ ποτεκιγκλίσδεν (2 sing. Dor. impf. for προσεκιγκλίζου) nimbly didst thou twist or writhe about.
 προσκλάω, f. άσω [ά], to shatter or shiver against.
 προσκληρῶ, f. άσω, to assign by lot:—Pass. to be associated with.
 πρόσκλησις, ἡ, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons.
 προσκλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. προσκέκλιμαι, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλιται:—to make to lean against, to put to or against:—Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence
 πρόσκλησις, ἐως, ἡ, inclination, bias, partiality.
 προσκλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash with waves: to dash against, of the waves.
 προσκνάω, f. -κνήσω, to rub against:—Med. to rub oneself against.
 προσκοιμίζομαι, Pass. to go to sleep beside.
 προσκοινῶ, f. άσω, to communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.
 προσκολλάω, f. ἦσω, to glue on or to:—Pass. to be fastened to, to cleave to.
 προσκομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to carry or convey to a place:—Med. to bring with one, bring home: to import.
 πρόσκομμα, ατος, τό, (προσκόπτω) a stumble: an occasion of stumbling, cause of offence or sin.
 προσσκοπέω: fut. προσκείσομαι and aor. I προύσκεψά-

μην (as if from προσκέπτομαι, which does not occur): pf. προύσκεμμαι:—to see beforeband, look out for: to provide against:—Med. to watch, take care of. II. to spy or reconnoitre beforeband. Hence
 προσσκοπή, ἡ, a spying or reconnoitring beforeband.
 προσκοπή, ἡ, (προσκόπτω) = πρόσκομμα.
 πρόσκοπος, ον, seeing beforeband, foreseeing. II. as Subst., πρόσκοποι, οί, outposts, scouts.
 προσκόπτω, f. ψω, to strike or dash against; πρ. τὸν πόνυ to strike one's foot, i. e. to stumble, against, Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. 2. to take offence, be angry at.
 προσκορής, ἐς, (πρός, κορέννυμι) causing satiety, falling, disgusting.
 πρόσκράνος, ον, (πρός, κράνον) on or for the head:—as Subst., πρόσκρανον Dor. ποτικρῶν, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow.
 προσκρούω, f. σω, to strike against: to have a collision with, quarrel with.
 πρόσκτάομαι, f. -κτέσομαι: pf. -κέκτημαι: Dep.:—to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part. also in pass. sense, τὰ προσκεκτημένα things acquired besides.
 προσκύλλω, f. -κυλίσω [ί]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—to roll to or against.
 προσκύνω, f. ἦσω: aor. I προσεκύνησα poüt. προσέκυσσα:—to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to. 2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them by worship. Hence
 προσκύνητής, οὔ, ὁ, a worshipper.
 προσκύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκψα:—to stoop to or over one, to stoop and whisper to him.
 προσκῦρέω, f. ἦσω; with three irreg. tenses, impf. προσεῦκρον, f. προσκῦρω, aor. I προσέκνυσα:—to reach, arrive at, c. dat.: to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.
 προσκῦσαι, πρόσκῦσον, aor. I inf. and imper. of προσκύνω.
 πρόσκωπος, ον, (πρός, κώπη) working at the oar: as Subst., πρόσκωπος, ὁ, a rower.
 προσλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσλαβών, προσλαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσλαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 -ελάχον: pf. -είληχα:—to obtain by lot besides; προσλαγχάνειν δίκην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.
 προσλάξῃμαι, Dep. = προσλαμβάνω.
 προσλάλω, f. ἦσω, to talk to or with.
 προσλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 -ελάβον: pf. -είληφα:—to take or receive besides or in addition to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:—so also in Med. 2. to take another to help one, take with one. II. to take bold of: to take part in:—to take bold of a thing besides:—so also in Med., c. gen. rei, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and c. dat. pers. to help, assist.
 προσλέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:—Pass. to lia

near or by; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. προσέ-
λεκτο. II. to speak to, address, accost;—Med. to
meditate.

προσ-λεύσσω, to look at or upon.

πρόσληψις, ἡ, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming
besides: an assumption.

προσ-λιπάρω, f. ἦσω, to persist or persevere in. II.
to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλιπάρησις, ἡ, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to
reckon or count in addition to. II. to impute to.

Hence

προσλογιστέον or plur.—έα, verb. Adj. one must
count besides, reckon in.

προσμάθητέον, verb. Adj. one must learn besides.
From

προσ-μανθάνω, f.—μαθήσομαι, to learn besides.

προσ-μαρτύρω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness besides,
bear additional witness: to confirm by additional
evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f. ξω: aor. I —έμαξα:—Pass., aor. I
προσεμάχθην: pf. —μέμαγμα:—to knead or plaster
against, to attach closely to; προσμάσσειν τὸν Πει-
ραιᾷ τῇ πόλει to knead or stick on Peiræus to the
city:—Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραῖσι προσμα-
χθένε stuck close to his sides: so aor. I med. with pass.
sense, ποτιμαζόμενος, stuck or sticking close to (the
hand).

προσ-μάχομαι [ᾶ]: f. —μαχέσομαι Att. —μαχοῦμαι:
Dep.:—to fight against: esp. to assault a town.

προσμεῖναι, προσμεῖνας, aor. I inf. and part. of
προσ-μένω, f. —μενώ, to abide or wait still longer;
προσμένει τινι to remain or wait for some one. II.

trans. to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand
one's ground against.

προσ-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides.

προσ-μηχανάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to contrive be-
sides for oneself. II. Pass. to be cunningly fas-
tened to.

προσ-μίγνυμι and —ύω fut. —μίξω:—to mingle or
join with, unite to, bring to. II. intr. to come
into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land,
arrive at.

2. of persons, to bold intercourse with,
meet with:—in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in
battle, engage with.

πρόμιξις, ἡ, (προσμίγνυμι) a mixing or mingling
with. II. a coming to, approaching. 2. an
attacking, assault.

προσ-μίσγω, Ion. form of προσμίγνυμι.

προσ-μισέω, f. ἦσω, to hate besides.

προσ-μισθώω, f. ὦσω, to let out for hire or interest
besides:—Med. to take into one's hire, hire.

προσ-μολαίνω, aor. 2 inf. of προσβλάσσω.

πρό-μορος, ov, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μυθεῖομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.:—to
address, accost.

προσ-μυθολογέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter in.

προσ-μύρομαι, Dep. to flow to or with. [ῆ]

προσ-ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, to build ships in addition.

προσ-νάχω [ᾶ], Dor. for προσνήχω.

προσ-νέμω, f. —νεμῶ: aor. I —ένεμα:—to allot,
assign, devote or dedicate to: to add:—Pass. to be
assigned:—Med. to grant on one's own part, to de-
voted, dedicate. 2. προσνέμειν ποίμνας to drive flocks
to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. —νέσομαι, to swim to or towards.

προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim
towards. II. of water, to dash upon.

προσ-νίσσομαι Dor. ποτιν-, Dep. to come or go
to. II. to come against.

προσ-νόεω, f. ἦσω, to perceive besides.

προσ-νωμάω, f. ἦσω, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ξυν-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-
συν-.

προσ-όδιος, ov, (πρός, ὄδιος) belonging to a solemn
procession, processional: τὸ προσόδιον (sub. μέλος) a
solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

πρό-οδος, ἡ, a going or coming to, an approach,
advance: in pl. πρόσοδοι, onsets, attacks. 2. a
solemn procession to a temple. 3. a coming for-
ward to speak, leave to speak.

II. income, rent,
esp. the public revenue; mostly in plur. revenues, re-
turns, profits, Lat. reditus, proventus.

πρό-οἶδα, pf. without any pres. in use, (πρός, οἶδα)
to know besides. 2. προσειδέναι χάριν to owe
thanks beside.

προσ-οικεῖω, f. ὦσω, to assign to a person as his own.

προσ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell by or near; of towns,
to lie near or next. II. trans. to dwell in or near
a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build in addition or near.

πρό-οικος, ov, (πρός, οἰκέω) dwelling near to, bor-
dering on, neighbouring: as Subst., πρόσοικος, ὁ, a
neighbour.

προσοιστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of προσφέρω, to be
added to. 2. neut. προσοιστέον one must add.

προσ-οῖσω, used as fut. of προσφέρω.

προσ-οίχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, aor. I —ώκειλα, to run ashore.

προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrows to.

προσ-ομαρτέω, f. ἦσω, to go along with.

προσ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to bold intercourse or converse
with, associate with. II. c. dat. loci, to remain
at or cling to a place.

III. to busy oneself with,
be engaged with a thing.

προσ-ὀννυμι, to swear besides or in addition.

προσ-ὀμοιος, ov, nearly like, resembling. Hence

προσομοίω, f. ὦσω, to make like to.

προσ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, to concede or grant be-
sides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to pro-
mise besides. 3. to give in, surrender, come to
terms. Hence

προσ-ὀμουρος, ov, adjoining, adjacent.

προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσονομάζειν
θεούς to give them the name θεοί.

προσ-οπτάζω Dor. ποτ-, ποῖτ. for προσοράω.

προσοράω, f. ὄσομαι : aor. 2 -εἶδον :—to look at :—so also in Med. προσοράομαι.

προσορέγομαι, Med. to reach out after : c. dat. to be urgent or pressing with.

πρόσορθρος, ov, (πρός, ὄρθρος) towards morning : neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ προῖθρον, at dawn.

προσορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides :—Med. to mark out for oneself besides ; προσορίζεσθαι οἰκίαν to have a house marked in proof of a mortgage.

προσορμίζω, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near a place :—Pass. and Med., f. -ορμοῦμαι, aor. 1 -ωρμύσασθην and -ωρμύσθην, to come to anchor near a place. Hence

προσορμύτις, ἡ, a coming to anchor or to land.

προσοουδίζω, f. σω, (πρός, οὐδας) to dash to earth.

προσοουρέω, f. ἦσω, to make water upon.

πρόσορος, ov, Ion. for πρόσροπος, (πρός, ὄρος) adjoining, bordering on, adjacent ; τὰ πρόσρορα the adjacent parts ; ἴν' αὐτὸς ἦν πρόσροπος where he was his own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.

προσοφείλω, f. ἦσω, to owe yet more, be in debt besides :—Pass. to be still owing, be still due.

προσοφλισκάνω, f. -οφλήσω : aor. 2 -ᾠφλον, inf. -οφλεῖν :—to owe besides, to incur as a further debt :

generally, to incur or deserve besides : as law-term, to lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.

προσοχθίζω, f. σω, to be wrath with : to be offended at.

πρόσοψις, ἡ, appearance, aspect, look ; σὴ πρόσοψις thy presence, i. e. thine own self, thou. II. a seeing, beholding, sight.

προσοπαίζω, f. -παίζομαι : aor. 1 -έπαισα :—to play, sport or jest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, mock.

πρόσοποιος, ov, (πρός, ποῖω) striking upon : sudden, new, fresh, recent : ἐκ προσποιού as Adv., suddenly, newly.

προσοπάλαίω, f. σω, to wrestle or struggle with one.

προσοπαραγράφω, to write beside or in addition.

προσοπαρακαλέω, f. έσω, to call in besides, invite.

προσοπαραμένω, to remain near besides.

προσοπαρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides.

προσοπαρθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσπέρθω.

προσοπαρέχω, f. ζω, to furnish or provide besides.

προσοπαστάλειω Att. -παττάλειω, f. σω, to nail fast on or to. II. to nail up or hang upon a peg.

προσοπίσχω, f. -πέσομαι, to be affected besides. II. to be passionately in love with.

πρόσοπεινος, ov, (πρός, πείνω) hungry, a-bungered.

προσοπελάζω, f. άσω, to bring near to, drive near to. II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come

near to.

προσοπέμπω, f. ψω, to send to : conduct or convoy to.

προσοπέρομαι, with aor. 2 act. -έπαρδον, oppedere.

προσοπεριβάλλω, to throw or put around besides :—Med. to put round oneself :—Pass. to be put or drawn round. II. Med. to compass, seek to obtain.

προσοπεριγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above.

προσοπεριλαμβάνω, to embrace besides.

προσοπεριποιέω, to lay by or preserve besides.

προσοπερονάω, f. ἦσω, to fasten with a pin to or on.

προσοπσεάω, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προσπίπτω.

προσοπέτομαι, f. -πήσομαι : aor. 2 -επάμην [ᾶ], for which an aor. 2 act. προσέπτην is often used : Dep. :—to fly to or towards : to come or light upon one suddenly.

προσοπεύθομαι, poët. for προσπυθνάομαι.

προσοπήγγυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix to or on : affix to the cross.

προσοπίξω, f. έσω, to press or oppress besides.

προσοπίνανμαι, Dep. to approach quickly.

προσοπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to fall upon or against : strike against. 2. to fall upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall upon a person, embrace him, join him. 4. to run or rush up to :

to embrace : to join. 5. to fall in with, light upon, encounter. II. of events, to fall upon, befall one :

to happen, occur. 2. to come suddenly to one's knowledge.

III. to fall down to or before, to prostrate oneself : c. acc. to fall down to, supplicate.

προσοπίτνω, poët. for προσπίπτω, to fall upon : to embrace. II. to fall down to or before, supplicate.

προσοπλάζω, shortd. for προσπελάζω, intr. to come near, draw nigh, approach.

προσοπλάσσω Att. -πτω : f. -πλάσω [ᾶ] : pf. pass. -πέπλασμαι :—to form or mould upon.

προσοπλάτος, ov, (προσπλάζω) approachable.

προσοπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι : Ion. pres. προσπλώω :—to sail towards or against.

προσοπληρόω, f. άσω, to fill up or complete a number : to man ships besides, man more ships ; and in Med. to get them manned.

προσοπλωτός, ἡ, όν, to or on which one may sail, navigable. From

προσοπλώω, Ion. for προσπλέω.

προσοπνέω Ep. -πνεύω : f. -πνεύσομαι :—to blow or breathe upon, inspire : impers. with gen., προσπνεῖ μοι κρέων there is a smell of meat.

προσοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make over to, attach or add to. II. Med. προσποιέομαι, to add or attach to oneself : of persons, to bring over to one's own side, win or gain over. 2. of things, to take to oneself, pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. 3. generally, to pretend, feign, affect ; c. inf. to pretend to do : also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce : δεῖ μὴ προσποιεῖσθαι one must make as if it were not, pretend it is not so, Lat. dissimulare. Hence

προσοποίησις, ἡ, a gaining for oneself, an acquisition. 2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim to a thing.

προσοποιητός, όν, (προσοποιέω) taken to oneself, assumed, adopted.

προσοπολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to carry on war against, be at war with : also to attack or harass in war.

προσοπολεμώ, f. άσω, to make hostile besides :—Med. to go to war with besides.

προσ-πολέω, f. ἦσω, to attend or wait upon:—Pass. to be attended, ministered to. From
 πρόσ-πολος, ον, (πρός, πολέω) serving:—as Subst., πρόσπολος, ὁ and ἡ, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess; πρόσπολος φόνου minister of death.
 προσ-πορεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι, Dep. to go to, approach.
 προσ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to procure besides.
 προσ-ποριτᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρός, ποριτᾶω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.
 προσ-πράσσομαι, f. πράσσομαι: aor. I -επραζάμην: Med.: (πρός, πράσσω):—to exact or demand besides.
 πρόσπτισμα, ατος, τό, a stumble. From
 προσ-πταίω, f. σω, to strike against: esp. to strike one's foot against, and absol. to stumble, to limp, to fall. II. metaph. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat.
 προσπτήναι, inf. of προσέπτην, aor. 2 act. of προσπέτομαι.
 προσ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to crouch or cower towards; ἄκται λιμένος ποτιπεπτηνῆναι (Ep. and Dor. for προσπεπτηνῆναι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in.
 πρόσπυγμα, ατος, τό, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From
 προσ-πτύσσω, f. ξω, aor. I -έπτυσαι:—to embrace. II. as Dep., προσ-πτύσσομαι Dor. ποτι- or προτι-πτύσσομαι: f. -πτίξομαι: pf. -έπτυσμαι:—of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close round. 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. 3. of a festival, to celebrate.
 προσ-πτύω, f. -πτύσω [ῥ]:—to spit upon: aor. I part. προσπτύσας, spitting in sign of contempt.
 προσ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πνέσομαι: aor. 2 -επυθόμην:—to enquire or learn besides.
 προσ-ραίνω, to sprinkle besides or about.
 προσραπτέον, verb. Adj. one must sew on. From
 προσ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew on.
 προσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρήνῃ:—to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.
 προσ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα:—to dash or beat against.
 πρόσ-ρημα, ατος, τό, an address, salutation: a name, designation.
 πρόσ-ρησις, ἡ, an addressing, accosting: a name.
 προσ-ρήσσω, = προσρήνυμι.
 προσ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw to.
 προσ-σαίνω, to fawn upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arrideo.
 προσ-σέβω, to worship or honour besides.
 πρόσσοθεν, poet. for πρόσωθεν, forwards, onwards.
 προσσοτέρω, Adv., poet. for προσωτέρω.
 προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.
 προσ-σπάω Dor. ποτι-, to drop on, shed over.
 προσ-σταυρώω, f. ώω, to draw a stockade along or in front of a place, c. acc.
 προσ-στείχω, aor. 2 -έστιχον:—to go to or towards.

προσ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to compress in small compass: pf. pass. part. προσσεταλμένος, tight-drawn, tucked up, Lat. adstrictus. II. to fit to: Med. to keep close to.
 προσ-σύκοφαντέω, f. ἦσω, to slander besides.
 προσ-συβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.
 προσ-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to recommend further.
 προσ-συνοικέω, f. ἦσω, to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement with.
 πρόσσω, Adv., poet. for πρόσω.
 προσ-σώρευω, to heap up besides.
 προστάκεις, προστάκῆναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of προστάκω.
 προστάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of προϊσθῆμι.
 προσ-σφάζω or -σφάττω, f. ξω, to slay at or near.
 πρόσταγμα, ατος, τό, (προστάσσω) an order, command; ἐκ προστάγματος by command.
 προσ-τάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of προστείνω.
 προστακτέον, verb. Adj. of προστάσσω, one must order.
 προσ-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω, to persist or persevere still further.
 πρόσταξις, ἡ, (προστάσσω) an ordaining, ordinance; πρόσταξιν ποιέσθαι to make an assessment.
 προ-σῆσῖα, ἡ, (προισθῆμι) a being at the head of, presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patron-ship. 2. partisanship, party, faction. II. a place before a building, a court, area.
 προσ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I -έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχην: pf. -τέταγμα:—to place or post at a place. 2. to ascribe, assign, award to a class or party; plpf. pass., Ἰνδοὶ προσετέταχτο the Indians had been assigned to . . . 3. to appoint as commander. II. to enjoin or give orders, to order to do; τὰ προσταχθέντα orders given.
 προστάτεια, ἡ, (προστάτης) = προστασία, presidency, authority: patronage, protection.
 προ-σῆσῖα, (προστάτης) to be leader: absol. to exercise authority: πρ. ὄπως . . ., to provide or take care that . . .
 προσ-σῆσῖα, f. ἦσω, (προστάτης) to stand before or at the head of, be ruler over, be president or leader of; ὁ προστατῶν he that acts as chief:—Pass. to be ruled or led by one. II. to stand before, protect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or guardian. III. ὁ προστατῶν χρόνος time that is close at hand. Hence
 προστάτῆριος, α, ον, standing before, protecting, guarding. II. standing before or close to, hovering or flitting before one.
 προστάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (προίσταμαι) one who stands in front, a front-rank man. II. a chief, ruler, leader: the leader of a party. III. one who stands before and protects, a protector, patron, guardian:—at Athens, a citizen, whom a μέτοικος chose as his patron, standing to him in much the same

relation as the Roman *eliens* to his *patronus*; γράφασθαι προστάτου to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράφομαι προστάτου I will be enrolled under the name of a patron. IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτις, ιδος, fem. of προστάτης, a protectress.

προ-σταυρός, f. ώσω, to draw a stockade along.

προ-τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of προστίθημι.

προ-τειχίζω, f. σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

προ-στείχω, to advance, go before.

προ-τεκταίνομαι, Med. to add of one's own device.

προ-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay or spend besides.

προ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to guard or cover in front, shelter:—Med., προστέλλεσθαι τινα to send one forth equipped:—Pass., aor. 2 προύσταλην [ᾶ], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start.

προ-στενάζω, f. έω, and προ-στένω, to sigh or grieve beforehand.

προ-στερνίδιος, ov, (πρό, στέρνων) before the breast: as Subst., προστερνίδιον, τό, a covering or ornament for the breast of horses.

πρό-στερνος, ov, (πρό, στέρνων) before or on the breast.

προ-τέρπω Dor. ποτι-τέρπω, to delight beside.

προσταγαμένος, pf. pass. part. of προστάσσω.

προ-τεχνάζομαι, Dep. to devise besides.

προ-τήκω, f. έω, to melt into besides. II.

intrins. in pf. act. προστέτηκα, aor. 2 pass. προσετάκην [ᾶ], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προ-στήσας, aor. I part. of προϊστήμι.

προ-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έτην:—to put to, apply, fit. 2. to put to, add.

3. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to. 5. to hand over, to deliver over, consign to. II.

Med. προστίθεμαι: aor. 2 -έθημην, imperat. -θού, subj. -θώμαι:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards: absol. to come over, submit. 2. to take to oneself besides or to take as one's friend or ally; προστίθεσθαι πολέμιον to make one's enemy besides; προστίθεσθαι δάμαρτα to take to wife. 3. to apply to oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare.

προ-τίλλω, f. ήσω, to befoul with dung.

προ-τίμια, f. ήσω, to award a further penalty:—Med. to propose an additional penalty:—Pass. to be imposed as an additional penalty. Hence

προστίμια, atos, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty.

προ-στόμιον, τό, a mouth of a river.

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—so also in Med. to turn oneself towards, supplicate.

προ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up in.

προ-τρέχω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον:—to run to, towards or against: absol. to run up. 2. in hostile sense, to run at, make a sally or sudden attack.

προσ-τρίβω [ῖ]: f. ψω: Pass., aor. 2 -ετρίβην [ῖ]: pf. -τέτριμμα:—to rub on or against:—Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attach the reputation of a thing to him:—Pass. to be inflicted. II. in Pass. also to have intercourse with. Hence

πρόστριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on or inflicted upon one: a brand, disgrace, affliction.

προσ-τρόπαιος Dor. ποτι-τρ-, ov, (προστροπή): I. act. turning oneself towards or to a god to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant: as Adj., προστρόπαιοι λιταί suppliant prayers. 2. also of one who has not yet been purified, a polluted person, Lat. homo fucularis: as Adj., προστρόπαιον αίμα, polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. II. pass. be to whom one turns; θεός προστρόπαιος the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger:—as Adj. visiting with vengeance, implacable.

προστροπή, ή, (προστρέπω) a turning oneself towards in prayer or supplication: in plur. prayers, conjurings; πόλεως προστροπήν έχειν to address a petition to the city. 2. προστροπή γυναικών a suppliant band of women.

πρόστροπος, ov, (προστρέπω) turning towards: hence, like προστρόπαιοι, a suppliant.

προσ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to hit or light upon, meet or fall in with, obtain, c. gen. 2. of events, to befall one. 3. ό προστυγχάνων, ό προστυχών the first person one meets, anybody; τό προστυχόντα έξενία the gifts that come to one's share.

προσ-υβρίζω, f. έσω, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

προ-συγγίνομαι Att. προ-ξυγγ-, Dep. to be with beforehand, converse with beforehand.

προ-συμμίγω, to intermix first.

προ-συνοικέω, f. ήσω, to live together before.

προσ-υπάρχω, f. έω, to exist or happen besides.

προσ-υπέχω, f. -υπέξω, to be accountable also, stand surety for.

προσ-υποσχέομαι, Dep. to promise besides.

προσ-φάγιον, τό, (πρός, φάγειν) anything eaten with other food: something to eat.

πρό-φάγωμαι, atos, τό, that which is sacrificed to or before, a victim. 2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From

προσ-φάζω later -πτω, to sacrifice beforehand. II. to sacrifice for or in behalf of.

προσ-φαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides.

προσ-φάσθαι, inf. med. of πρόσφημι.

πρόσ-φάτος, ov, (πρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) lately slain, fresh-slaughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat. recens:—neut. πρόσφατον as Adv., lately: also regul. Adv. πρόσφατως, lately.

προσ-φερέης, ές, (προσφέρω) brought to or near, approaching. 2. like, resembling. II. = πρόσφορος, serviceable, conducive.

προσ-φέρω Dor. ποτι-φέρω: f. προσείσω: aor. I pass. προσ-ενέγγησθην Ion. -ενέχθησθην:—to bring to, near or upon: to apply to, lay to or upon. 2. to

present, offer: also to set before one, offer meat or drink: and in Med. to take meat or drink to oneself. 3. to give besides, to add. 4. to bring forward, produce as authority. 5. to contribute to, to bring in, yield. II. Pass., with fut. med. προσοίσομαι, to be borne or carried towards: of ships, to put in. 2. to rush against or upon, attack, make an onset: to rush. 3. to approach, converse with, to have dealings with. 4. absol. to behave or bear oneself. 5. to come near, be like, resemble: cp. προσφερέης, ἔμφερός. 6. to be put or imposed upon one.

προσ-φεύγω, f. -φείξομαι, to flee for refuge to. Hence

προσφευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must be defendant in an action besides: cf. φεύγω iv.

πρόσ-φημι, to speak to, address: impf. or aor. 2 προσέφην, ης, η; inf. med. προσφάσθαι.

προσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι: f. -φθεγγομαι: Dep.:—to call to, address, accost, salute. II. to call by name, call. Hence

προσ-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be ruined besides: to go to ruin, meet in an evil hour, esp. in aor. 2 part. προσφθάρεις.

προσφθεκτός, ὄν, addressed, saluted. II. act. saluting.

πρόσφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) an address, salutation; in plur. words, accents.

πρόσφθογγος, ον, (προσφθέγγομαι) addressing, saluting.

προσ-φθονέω, f. ἦσω, to oppose through envy. προσφιλία, ἡ, (προσφιλής) kindness, good will.

προσφιλέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσφιλῶς.

προσ-φιλῆς, ἐς, (πρός, φιλέω) dear, beloved, friendly: of things, dear, pleasing, grateful, Lat. gratus. II.

of persons, kindly affectioned, grateful.

προσ-φιλοσοφείω, f. ἦσω, to study philosophy besides, to speculate further upon.

προσφιλῶς, Adv. of προσφιλής, kindly; προσφιλῶς ἔχειν to be kindly affectioned.

προσ-φοιτάω, f. ἦσω, to go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like: see φοιτάω.

προσφορά, ἡ, (προσφέρω) a bringing to, applying: a presenting, offering. II. that which is brought to a person, an addition, increase: also a kindness, benefit.

προσ-φορέω, = προσφέρω to put up, apply. 2. to present, offer. Hence

προσφόρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken to one, food, victuals.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτίφ-, ον, (προσφέρω) serviceable, useful, profitable. 2. convenient, suited to, fit or meet for: c. inf. fit or meet to do:—τὰ πρόσφορα what is fit or meet, fitting service; τὰ πρόσφορα as Adv., fitly.

προσφύεις, Ion. Adv. of προσφύης: see προσφύως.

προσφύης, ἐς, (προσφύω) growing upon, hanging to, attached to, devoted. II. naturally fitted, suitable.

προσφύς, aor 2 part. of προσφύω. πρόσφύσις, ἡ, (προσφύομαι) a growing to or upon, a clinging to.

προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. I προσέφῦσα:—to make to grow to or upon, to hang upon, fasten to. II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 προσέφην, part. προσφύς, ὄσα, ὄν; pf. προστέφικα:—to grow to or upon: to hang upon, cling to, be attached to.

προσφύως Ion. -έως, Adv. of προσφύης, with natural fitness, suitably, ably.

προσ-φώνέω, f. ἦσω, to call or speak to, address, accost. 2. to call by name, to name, speak of. 3. to address or dedicate a thing to another.

προσφωνήεις Dor. ποτίφ-, εσσα, εν, (προσφωνέω) addressing, capable of addressing.

προσφωνήμα, ατος, τό, (προσφωνέω) that which is addressed to another, an address.

προσφωνήεις, εως, ἡ, (προσφωνέω) an addressing. 2. a dedication.

προσ-χάσκω, f. -χάνομαι: aor. 2 προσέχων: pf. (in pres. sense) προσέκηνα:—to gape or stare open-mouthed at one, Lat. inhiare.

προ-σχεθεῖν, poët. for προσχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προέχω:—Med., προσσχέθωμην, I warded off from myself.

προσ-χέω, f. χεῶ, to pour to or on. πρόσχημα, ατος, τό, (προέχω) that which is held before, hence, I. a screen, cloak, pretence, pretext; πρόσχημα τοῦ πολέμου the ostensible cause for the war. II. outward show, ornament; so Miletus is called πρόσχημα τῆς Ἰωνίης the chief ornament of Ionia.

προσ-χόω, old form of προσχώννυμι, to dam up. προσ-χρηζέω, f. ἦσω: Ion. προσχρηζίζω, f. ἦσω:—to require or desire besides; προσχρηζίζω ὑμῶν πείθεσθαι I desire you also to obey.

πρόσχυσις, ἡ, (προσχέω) a pouring upon. προσ-χώννυμι and -ύω: f. -χάσω (from προσχόω): aor. I προσέχωσα:—to heap up besides: of water, to deposit mud, silt, etc.; προσχώννυμι χαρπία to form new lands by deposition. 2. to croke up with mud, silt up. II. to throw earth against: Pass. to have earth thrown against.

προσ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to go to, approach, c. dat. II. to come or go over to, join another: to surrender, give oneself up to. 2. to accede, assent or agree to: to concur in: to believe. 3. to approach, be near to, agree with, be like. 4. to put faith in, believe.

πρόσ-χωρος, ον, (πρός, χώρα) lying near, adjoining, adjacent:—as Subst., πρόσχωρος, ὁ, a neighbour.

πρόσχωσις, ἡ, (προσχώννυμι) a heaping up besides: deposition of mud, etc. II. a bank or mound raised against a place.

προσ-ψαύω Dor. ποτιψαύω, to touch upon, touch. προσ-ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to vote besides: to grant by a majority of votes.

προσ-ψιδυρίζω, f. σω, to whisper, chirp or whistle to.

πρόσω poet. πρόσσω Dor. and Att. πρόσω later πόρρω, like Lat. *porro*, Adv.: (πρό, πρός): I.

as Adv., I. of Space, *forwards, onward, further on*; opp. to ἐγγύς, *far off, afar*: also with the Art., τὸ πρόσω *forward*. 2. of Time, *forward, before*.

II. c. gen. *far towards or to*; πρόσω τοῦ ποταμοῦ *far into the river*; προβαίνειν πόρρω τῆς μοχθηρίας *to be far gone in wickedness: far from, οὐ πρόσω Ἑλλησπόντου not far from the Hellespont*. 2. of Time, πρόσω τῆς νυκτὸς *far into the night*.—Comp. and Sup. προσωτέρω, -άτω.

προσ-φθία, ἡ, (πρός, φθῆ) *a song sung to or accompanied by music*. II. *the tone or accent of a syllable*.

προσ-φθός, ὄν, (πρός, φθῆ) *singing or sounding to, in harmony with*.

πρόσωθεν Adv. Att. πόρρωθεν Ep. πόρροθεν (πρόσω) *from afar*. II. *from long ago*.

προσ-ωνόμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. *to buy besides*.

προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of πρόσωπον.

προσωπίον, τό, (πρόσωπον) *a mask*.

προσωποληπτέω, *to be a respecter of persons*. From προσωπολήπτης, οὐ, ὄ, (πρόσωπον, λέληπται 3 sing. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω) *a respecter of persons*.

προσωποληψία, ἡ, (προσωποληπτέω) *respect of persons*.

πρόσ-ωπον, τό: pl. πρόσωπα Ep. προσώπατα, Ep. dat. προσώπαι: (πρός, ὄψ):—*a face, visage, countenance*; κατὰ πρόσωπον *in front, face to face*. II. also one's *look, countenance*, Lat. *vultus*; τὸ σὸν πρόσωπον, periphr. for σὺ. III. = προσωπίον, *a mask*, Lat. *persona*:—*hence like πρόσχημα, show, outward appearance*. IV. later, *a person*.

προσ-ωρεῦω, f. σω, *to pile or bear up before*.

προσώτατος, ἡ, οὐ, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσω, *further*:—*hence Adv. προσωτάτω, or neut. plur. προσώτατα as Adv., furtherest*.

προσώτερος, α, οὐ, Comp. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσω, *further off*: *hence Adv. προσωτέρω or τὸ προσωτέρω, further*.

προσ-ωφέλω, f. ἦσω, *to help or assist besides, contribute one's help to*: *absol. to be of use or assistance*. Hence

προσωφέλημα, ατος, τό, *assistance in a thing*: and

προσωφέλησις, ἡ, *a helping, aiding, advantage*.

προσωφελτέον, verb. Adj. of προσωφέλω, *one must assist*.

προτακτέον, verb. Adj. of προτάσσω, *one must place or post in front*. 2. *one must prefer*.

προ-τάμιεύω, (πρό, ταμίας) *to lay in beforeband*.

προ-τάμνω, Ion. for προτέμνω.

προτάμοιμην, aor. 2 med. opt. of προτέμνω.

προτάμών, aor. 2 part. of προτέμνω.

προ-ταρβέω, f. ἦσω, *to fear, beforeband*. II. *to fear or be anxious for one*.

προ-ταρξίχυνω, f. σω, *to salt or pickle beforeband*: generally, *to preserve or prepare for keeping*.

προτάσις, ἡ, (προτάσσει, 2 sing. pf. pass. of τείνω)

a stretching forward.

II. *that which is put forward*: in Logic, *a proposition assumed, a premiss*. 2. in Gramm., *the antecedent clause of a sentence, answered by the ἀπόδοσις*.

προ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἔω: aor. I -έταξα: pf. -τέταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχην: pf. -τέταμαι:—*to place or post in front*: Med., προετάσθω τῆς φάλαγγος τοῦς ἵππους *be posted his horse in front of the phalanx*:—Pass. *to be stationed first, take the lead*; τὸ προταχθῆν or οἱ προτεταγμένοι, *the front ranks, van*. II. generally, *to determine or arrange beforeband*.

προ-τείνω, f. -τενῶ: aor. I -έτεινα: pf. -τέτακα: Pass., aor. I -ετάην [ᾶ]: pf. -τέταμαι:—*to stretch out, put forward*: *to expose to danger*. 2. metaph. *to hold out, put forward as a pretext or excuse*. II. *to stretch forwards or forth, hold out, as a suppliant*. 2. *to offer, tender, proffer*: also *to hold out, show at a distance*, Lat. *ostentare*. III.

Med., μισθὸν προτείνεσθαι *to claim or demand as a reward*. IV. intr. *to stretch or project forward*.

προ-τειχίζω, f. σω, *to protect by a wall*. Hence προτειχισμα, τό, *an advanced work, outwork*.

προ-τέλειος, οὐ, (πρό, τέλος) *before a solemnity or religious rite*. II. προτέλεια (sc. ἱερά), τά, *sacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity*; προτέλεια γάμων *the sacrifice before the marriage-rite*; θύειν τὰ προτέλεια *to perform an initiatory sacrifice in behalf of*. 2. προτέλεια, generally, *a beginning, outset*.

προ-τελέω, f. ἔσω, *to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforeband*.

προ-τελλίζω, f. ἴσω, (πρό, τέλος) *to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage*.

προ-τεμένισμα, ατος, τό, (πρό, τέμενος) *the precincts or entrance of a τέμενος or sacred place*.

προ-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 προῦτάμων:—*to cut up beforeband*. II. *to cut off in front, cut short*, Lat. *praecidere*. III. *to cut forward or in front of one*: hence, in aor. 2 med. opt., εἰ ἄλκα διενεκέα προταμοίμην *if I were to cut a long furrow in front of me*.

προτενέω, f. σω, *to pick out the dainty bits beforeband, to help oneself first to anything*. From

προ-τενήθης, οὐ, ὄ, *one who picks out dainty bits beforeband, a gourmand, epicure*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προτεραιός, α, οὐ, (πρότερος) *on the day before, like δευτεραιός, τριταίος, etc.*: ἡ προτεραία (sub ἡμέρα), *the day before*; τῆ προτεραία, Lat. *pridie, on the day before*; c. gen., τῆ προτεραία τῆς καταστάσιος *on the day before the audience*.

προτεραιότερος, α, οὐ, Comp. of προτεραιός, for πρότερος, *very long before, much earlier*.

προτερέω, f. ἦσω, (πρότερος) *to be before, in front, at the head*; προτερεῖν τῆς ὁδοῦ *to be forward on the way*. 2. of Time, *to be beforeband, get the start*.

πρότερος, ἡ, οὐ, Comp. without any Posit. in use (the Sup. being πρῶτος), answering to Lat. *prior*: of

Place, before, in front, forward; πόδες πρότεροι the fore-feet. II. of Time, before, sooner, earlier, older; in full, πρότερος γενεῆ elder in age; πρότεροι παῖδες children by a former marriage; τῆ πρότερῃ (sc. ἡμέρῃ), on the day before, like προτεραία. 2. as Comp. c. gen., ἐμέο πρότερος sooner, earlier than I. 3. the neut. πρότερον was used as Adv., before, sooner, earlier; πρότερον ἢ or ἤπερ, Lat. priusquam: also with Artic., τὸ πρότερον: πρότερον is often put between Art. and Subst., e. g. ὁ πρότερον βασιλεὺς the former king. III. of Rank or Precedence, superior.

πρωτέρω, Adv. of πρότερος, further towards, further, forward.

πρωτέρωσε, Adv. (πρωτέρω) towards the front, forward.

προ-τεύω, f. ξω, to make or do beforeband: pf. pass. inf. προτεύχθαι, to have been done beforeband, to be past.

πρωτί, old Ep. form for πρόσ. [Ὶ]

πρωτί-άπτω, Dor. for προσάπτω.

πρωτι-βάλλομαι, Dep. for προσβάλλομαι.

προτιδεγμένος, Dor. part. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσδέχομαι.

προτιελίω, Dor. of προσειλέω.

προτιέπω, Dor. for προσείπω, opt. of προσείπων.

πρωτίθεν, Ep. for προετίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of προτίθημι.

προ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I προέθηκα Att. προῦθηκα: aor. 2 προέθην contr. προῦθην, inf. προθεΐναι:—to place or set before, set out: to band to, present to:—Med. to have meat set before one. 2. to put forth or expose a child: to expose to danger. 3. to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose: also to set as a penalty: generally, to set, fix.

II. Med. put forth on one's own part, to display: also to propose to one's mind, entertain. III. to set forth, put out publicly; προθεΐναι νεκρὸν to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state: also to make a show of, expose for view.

IV. to put forward: to hold forth, offer, tender. 2. to hold out as a pretext. V. to put before or over. VI. to put before, to prefer one to another.

προτι-μάσσω, Dor. for προσμάσσω.

προ-τιμάω, f. ἦσω, to honour before or above another, to prefer to another. 2. to prefer in honour: to hold in esteem or regard:—Pass. to be preferred in honour; προτιμάσθαι ἐς τὰ κοινὰ to be preferred to public honours.

3. c. gen. to take heed of, care for. 4. c. inf. to wish rather, prefer: also to wish greatly, wish much. Hence

πρωτίμησις, ἡ, a preferring in honour, preference.

πρωτιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of προτιμάω, to be preferred.

προ-τίμιον, τό, (πρό, τιμή) money paid in advance, earnest-money.

πρό-τιμος, ον, (πρό, τιμή) honoured before, worth more than.

πρωτι-μυθεόμαι, Dor. for προσ-μυθεόμαι.

προ-τίμωρος, f. ἦσω, to help beforeband or first:—Med. to revenge oneself before.

πρωτί-οπτος, ον, Dor. for πρόσ-οπτος.

πρωτι-όσσομαι, Ep. Dep., only used in pres. and impf.; (πρωτί Dor. for πρόσ, όσσομαι):—to look at or upon, behold.

II. of the mind, to foresee, forbode, presage.

προ-τίω, f. -τίσω [Ὶ], to honour before another, prefer; προτιεν τινα τάφον to deem one more worthy of the honour of burial than the other.

πρωτίμησις, ἡ, (πρωτέμνω) the waist: the loins.

προ-τομάω, f. ἦσω, to venture before or more:—Pass. to be first ventured or risked.

προτομή, ἡ, (πρωτέμνω) the upper part of anything: a half-length figure, a bust.

πρωτονίζω, f. σω, to haul up with ropes. From

πρότονος, ὁ (πρωτεύω) a rope from the mast-head to the bow of a ship, the forestay of the mast. 2. a balyard.

προ-τού, for πρὸ τοῦ, = πρὸ τούτου, formerly, before now, erst.

προ-τράπέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προτρέπω.

προτρεπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fitted for urging on, persuasive. Adv. —κῶς, persuasively. From

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn or urge forwards, urge on, exhort or persuade to do a thing: so too in Med., to persuade, exhort to: also c. dupl. act., τὰ κατὰ τὸν Τέλλον προετρέψατο ὁ Σόλων τὸν Κροΐσον Solon prompted Croesus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus.

III. Pass., with aor. 2 med. προῦτρή-πῳμη in pass. sense, to turn forwards, turn in headlong flight: metaph., ἀχεῖ προτραπέσθαι to give oneself over to grief.

προ-τρέχω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 προῦδράμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run forward or forth. II. to outrun, run past, overtake.

πρό-τρίτα, Adv. (πρό, τρίτος) three days before or for three successive days.

προ-τροπάδην, Adv. (προτρέπω) hurried forwards, head-foremost, headlong, with headlong speed. [ᾶ]

προ-τυχάω, f. -τεύσομαι: aor. 2 —έτυχον:—to happen before or beforeband: also to meet with first; τὸ προτύχον the first thing that came to hand.

προ-τύπτω, f. ψω, intr. to strike forwards, break forth, burst out; Τρῶες προτυψαν the Trojans burst forward.

II. trans. to drive, force on; aor. 2 pass. part. προτυπέσις, driven, urged on.

προτύχων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προτυχάω.

προύβαλον, προῦβην, for προεβ-, aor. 2 of προβάλλω, προβαίνω.

πρωῦγράφον, for προεγράφον, impf. of προγράφω.

πρωῦδιβάξω, πρωῦδωκα, προῦθητο, for προεδ-

πρωῦθηκε, for προέθηκε, 3 sing. aor. I of προτίθημι.

πρωῦθυμήθη, for προεθ-, aor. I of προθυμέομαι.

πρωῦθυμούμην, impf. of προθυμέομαι.

πρωῦκάμων, for προέκαμον, aor. 2 of προκάμω.

πρωῦλάβον, for προελ-, aor. 2 of προλαμβάνω.

προϋκίτο, προϋκινδύνει, for προεκ—.
 προϋμᾶθον, for προεμ—, aor. 2 of προμανθάνω.
 προϋμῆθη, for προεμ—, aor. I of προμῆθεομαι.
 προϋμολογ, for προεμολογ, aor. 2 of προβλάσκει.
 προϋνοησάμην, for προεν—, aor. of προνοέομαι.
 προϋννήψω, v. sub προενν—.
 προϋννήψω, for προεψ—, aor. I of προενέω.
 προϋξ-επίσταμαι, προϋξ-ερευνάω, for προεξ—.
 προϋξερευνάω, for προεξερευνάω.
 προϋξέφιαμαι, for προεξεφέμιαμαι.
 προ-ϋπάγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually:—Med. to reduce first under one's power.
 προ-ϋπάρχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. προϋπηργμαι: (πρό, ἰπάρχω):—to be beforehand in a thing, begin with: c. gen. to be the first to do a thing. II. intr. to exist before; προϋπάρξαντα things that happened before, past events; τὰ προϋπάρχοντα a man's antecedents.
 προϋπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, aor. I of προπέμψω.
 προ-ϋπέξ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to go out secretly before.
 προϋπεσον, for προέπ—, aor. 2 of προπίπτω.
 προ-ϋπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προϋπάρχω.
 προϋπινον, προϋπινον, for προεπ—, impf. and aor. 2 of προπίνω.
 προϋπιστήθη, for προεπ—, aor. I of προεπίσταμαι.
 προ-ϋπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise before.
 προ-ϋποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation.
 προ-ϋπόκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to exist before.
 προ-ϋπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to assume beforehand.
 προϋπτω, ov, contr. for πρόσπτος.
 προϋπυθόμην, for προεπ—, aor. 2 of προπυθάνομαι.
 προϋργιαίτερος, a, ov, see προύργω.
 προύργω, contr. for πρό ἔργον, for a work or object: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for anything; προύργω τι θράν to do something of use: also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.—Comp. προύργιαίτερος, a, ov, more serviceable, useful, important; προύργιαίτερον ποιείσθαι to deem of more consequence:—Sup. προύργιαίτατος, η, ov, most serviceable, etc.
 προϋρρήθη, aor. I pass. of προερέω.
 προϋτελέω, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 προστάλην, for προεστ—, aor. 2 pass. of προστέλλω.
 προστήσα, προστήτην, for προεστ—, aor. I and 2 of προϊστήμι.
 προϋτίθει, προϋτυψα, for προετ—.
 προϋφαινε, for προέφαινε.
 προ-υφαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to withdraw from one before.
 προϋφέλω, for προοφέλω.
 προϋχω, προϋχουσι, προϋχοντο, for προέχ—.
 προ-φάνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I -έφηνα:—to bring forth to light, shew forth, manifest, display. 2. to shew forth by word, to declare:—Pass., aor. 2 προϋφάνην [ᾶ], part. προφανεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, to be shewn forth, come forth and appear, come into sight, come to light; προϋφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly heard. II. to shew beforehand, foreshew: metaph. to hold out a prospect beforehand, promise:—Pass. and Med. to

shew itself or appear before, be revealed before. III. intr. to shine forth: bold a light before.
 προφάνηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προφάνω.
 προφάνης, ἐς, (προφανῆναι) shewing itself from afar: quite plain or clear; ἀπό or ἐκ τοῦ προφανούς openly.
 πρόφαντος, ov, (προφάνω) shewn or seen from afar, far-famed. II. foreshewn, disclosed beforehand.
 προφάσιζομαι, impf. προφασίζομην: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I προφασιάζομην: Dep. (προφασίς):—to set up as a pretext, allege by way of excuse, c. absol. to make excuses: the aor. I pass. προφασισσθήναι takes a pass. sense, to be pretended, be made a pretence.
 πρόφασις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἦ, (προφάνω) an apparent cause, reason, motive, pretext: mostly in bad sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion: absol. in acc. πρόφασιν, as one pretends, ostensibly: also in dat. πρόφασει, absol. for appearance, for a shew or pretence; ἐπὶ πρόφασεως and ἐπὶ πρόφασει by way of excuse; πρόφασιν προτείνειν or παρέχειν to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι πρόφασιν [make] me no excuse: προφάσιος ἔχσθαι to lay hold of a pretext.
 πρόφάτος, ov, (προφάνομαι) shewn forth, renowned.
 προ-φάτω, προ-φάτης [ᾶ], Dor. for προφήτ—.
 προφερέης, ἐς, placed before or in front, preferred, excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέτερος, α, ov, προφερέστατος, η, ov, more, most excellent: the Sup. also signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρετος, προφέρατος.
 προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη, 3 sing. subj. of προφέρω.
 προ-φέρω, f. προΐσομαι: aor. I προφήγω: aor. 2 προήνεγκον:—to bring before one, bring to, present. 2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring forward, object to one, Lat. objicere, exprobrare: also simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward, quote, produce. 3. of an oracle, to propose, command. II. to bring forward, display; πόλεμον προφέρειν to declare war. III. to bear on or away, to carry or sweep away. IV. metaph. to put forward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promovere; προφέρειν τινα ὁδοῦ to further one on the road. V. intr. to surpass, excel.
 προ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 προϋφύγον:—to flee forwards or away, flee. II. c. acc. to flee from, shun, avoid.
 πρό-φημι, to say beforehand, foretell.
 προφήτεια, ἦ, (προφήτεύω) the gift of interpreting the will of the gods. 2. the gift of expounding of scripture, public instruction, preaching.
 προφήτεω Dor. προφᾶτ—: f. σω: aor. I ἐπροφήτευσα: (προφήτης):—to be an interpreter of the gods, interpret or expound their word. II. to expound publicly, preach.
 προφήτης, ov, ὁ, Dor. προφάτης: (πρόφημι) one who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will of a god, Διὸς προφήτης ἐστὶ Λοξίας πατρὸς Loxias

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are called Μουσῶν προφήται, interpreters of the Muses: generally, an interpreter, proclaimer. II. an interpreter of scripture, inspired teacher, preacher. III. a foreteller, prophet.

προφήτικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (προφήτης) oracular.
προ-φῆτις, ἴδος, fem. of προφήτης, a prophetess.
προ-φθάω, f. -φθάσω and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 προ-φθην:—to outrun, anticipate, be beforeband with.

προφθάς, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω.
προ-φθίμενος, ἡ, ὄν, dead or killed before. [χ]
προ-φοβέω, f. ἦσω, to frighten beforeband:—Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fear beforeband.

προ-φορέω, to bring forward:—Med. προφορέομαι to pass the west to and fro: metaph. to run to and fro.
προ-φράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. -πέφραδμαι: to foretell.
πρόφρασσα, irreg. Ep. fem. of πρόφρων, having forethought, thoughtful.

προφρόνως Ep. -έως, graciously, willingly, readily, gladly: Adv. of πρόφρων.

πρό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, φρήν) with forward mind, i. e. earnest, hearty, kindly, willing, ready to do a thing.

προφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of προφεύγω,
προφύγοισθα, Ep. for προφύγοις, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφύλακή, (προφυλάσσω) a guard in front, outpost, advanced guard: αἱ προφυλακαὶ outposts, picquets: διὰ προφυλακῆς on guard.

προφύλακίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. of sq.; ναῦς προφυλακίς a look-out ship.

προ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, an advanced guard. [ῥ]
προ-φύλασσω Att. -τω: f. ξω:—to keep guard before or in front, to guard, c. acc.: προφυλάσσειν ἐπὶ τινι to keep guard over a person or place: absol. to be on guard, be on the look-out, keep watch:—Med. to guard oneself: to guard against, be on one's guard against, Lat. cavere, c. acc.

προφύλαθαι, irreg. 2 plur. imperat. of προφυλάσσω.
προ-φύρα, f. ἄσω [ā]: pf. pass. προπεφύραμαι:—to knead beforeband. II. metaph. to concoct, brew.

προ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant before: metaph. to produce, give birth to.

προ-φύω, f. σω, to generate before. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. προέφυν, pf. προπέφυνκα, to be born before another.

προ-φώνεω, f. ἦσω, to utter or declare beforeband. II. to command publicly.

προ-χαίρω, to rejoice beforeband: 3 sing. imperat. προχαίρετω, far be it from me! away with it! cf. χαίρει, χαίρετω, sub χαίρω.

προ-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge beforeband.
προ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to put into the hand, deliver up:—Pass., aor. I part. προχειρισθείς, and pf. προκεχειρισμένος, to be taken in band, undertaken: also to be arranged, made ready beforeband.
II. as Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιού-

μαι, to take into one's hand, to make ready, make use of. 2. to choose, select, appoint.

πρό-χειρος, ὄν, (πρό, χεῖρ) at hand, close to, convenient: handy, ready. 2. easy, common. 3. of persons, ready or inclined to do.

προ-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to elect before.
προχείρωσ, Adv. of πρόχειρος, offhand, readily: Comp. -οτέρως.

προ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I προέχεα: pf. -κέχυκα: Pass., aor. I προέχυσθην [ῥ]: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour forth or forward:—Pass., metaph. of a crowd of men; ἐς πεδίον προέχοντο they poured or streamed on to the plain.

πρόχνη, Adv. (πρό, γόνυ) kneeling, on one's knees; προχνη ἄλειθαι, to perish in a kneeling state, i. e. in wretched plight.

προχοή, ἡ, (προχέω) a pouring out or forth: in plur. προχοαί, the mouth of a river.

προχοή, ἡ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος.
προ-χόης, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πρόχοος, a pot.

πρόχοος Att. contr. -χούς, ἡ: irreg. dat. pl. πρόχουσι: (προχέω):—a vessel for pouring out, a jug, picher, vase, urn: also the flagon or wine-flask from which the cup-bearer pours into the cups.

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to lead a chorus; προχορεύειν κῶνον to lead a band of revellers.

πρό-χους, Att. for πρόχοος: πρόχουσι, irreg. dat. pl. προ-χρίω, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to smear or anoint before.

πρό-χρονος, ὄν, previous, prior.

πρόχυσος, ἡ, (προχέω), a pouring or spreading out; προχυσιν ποιείσθαι οὐλὰς κριθῶν = προχέειν οὐλὰς κριθῶν, to pour forth the sacrificial barley: also a deposit, alluvial soil.

προχύται (sub. κριθαί), αἱ, properly fem. pl. of προχυτός, the barley cakes thrown forth at the beginning of a sacrifice.

προχύτης, ὄν, ὁ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος, a jug or picher: an urn, vase. [ῥ]

προχυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (προχέω) poured forth.
πρό-χωλος, ὄν, very lame or halt.

προ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go or come forward, advance, go on. II. metaph. of Power, to advance, become greater, προχωρεῖν ἐπὶ μέγα: of an enterprise, to go on, succeed; εἰ προχωρεῖν to go on well: impers., προχωρεῖ it goes on well; ὡς οἱ δόλω οὐ προχωρεε when it did not go on well for him by craft, i. e. when he did not succeed by craft. III. to come forward to speak.

προ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. I προέωσα:—to push forward, push or urge on; προωθεῖν αὐτόν to urge oneself on, rush on. II. to push off or away, in wrestling.

προ-ώλης, ἐς, (πρό, ὄλλυμι) ruined beforeband.

προώριος, aor. I of προορίζω.

πρό-ωρα, ὄν, (πρό, ὥρα) before the time, untimely.

προωφειλόμη, impf. pass. of προωφείλω.

πυλῆες, ὄν, οἱ, soldiers, combatants on foot: opp. to chiefs fighting from chariots. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πρύμνα Ion. and poet. πρύμνη, ἡ, properly fem. of πρυμνός (sub. ναῦς), the *bindmost part of a ship, the stern, poop*, Lat. *ruppis*: ἐπὶ πρύμνῃ ἀνακρούεσθαι (see ἀνακρούω); ἀνεμος ἐπέγει κατὰ πρύμνην the wind impels us *right astern*: ships were generally fastened to land by the stern, hence πρύμνας λύσαι mean to loose the cable. II. metaph., πρύμνα πόλεως the *Acropolis*; πρύμνα Ὀσσης the *foot of Mount Ossa*.

πρυμναῖος, α, ον, (πρύμνα) of a *ship's stern*. πρύμνη, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for πρύμνα. πρύμνηθεν, Adv. of πρύμνη, from the *ship's stern*: generally, from *behind*.

πρυμνήσιος, α, ον, (πρύμνη) of or from a *ship's stern*:—as Subst., πρυμνήσια (sub. σχοινία), τά, ropes from a *ship's stern* to fasten her to the shore, *stern-cables*, Lat. *retinacula*.

πρυμνήτης, ου, δ, (πρύμνη) the *steersman, helmsman*: metaph. the *pilot of the state*. II. as masc. Adj. attached or fastened to a *ship's stern*.

πρυμνόθεν, Adv. (πρύμνη) from the *stern*. II. from the *lowest part*, Lat. *funditus*: *utterly, root and branch*.

πρυμόν, τό, the *lower part, end*: properly neut. of πρυμνός.

πρυμόνος, ἡ, ὄν, the *bindmost, undermost, endmost*: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end *next the body*, as, πρυμόνος βραχίον the *end of the arm* (where it joins the shoulder): hence, πρυμνήν ἄλην ἐκτάμνειν to cut off the wood at the *root*.—Sup. πρυμόνατος, at the *lowest end*.

πρυμνοῦχος, ον, (πρύμνα, ἔχω) holding the *ship's stern*. II. detaining the *fleet*.

πρυμνοῦρα, ἡ, (πρυμνός, ὄρος) the *bottom or foot of a mountain*.

πρυτάνεια Ion. -ἡτή, ἡ, (πρυτανεύω) the *prytaneia or presidency*, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the *prytanes* of each φυλή in turn presided in the *Bουλή* or Council of 500, and in the ἐκκλησία or popular Assembly:—κατὰ πρυτανείαν by *presidencies*, i. e. every 35 or 36 days. II. any public office held by rotation for given periods: πρυτανεία τῆς ἡμέρας the *chief command for the day*.

πρυτάνειον Ion. -ἡιον, τό, (πρύτανις) the *presidents' hall, town-hall*, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to *Vesta*, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the *Prytaneion* of the mother-city: the *Prytanes* for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a seat at this public table. II. a *law-court* at Athens.

III. pl. πρυτανεία, a *sum of money deposited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began*, Lat. *sacramentum*: τιθέναι πρυτανεία τιμι to make a deposit against one, i. e. bring an action against him. πρυτάνεω, f. σω, (πρύτανις) to be *πρύτανις* or pre-

sident, hold sway.

II. at Athens, to hold office as *Prytanis*, to put to the vote as *Prytanis*, propose or lay before the assembly: the φυλή or tribe, whose 50 *Βουλευταί* were πρυτάνεις for the time being, was called φυλή πρυτανεύουσα, (see πρύτανις, πρυτανεία): ὁ πρυτανεύσας be who put a question to the vote. III. generally, to manage, regulate, administer.

πρυτανίη, -ἡιον, Ion. for πρυτανεία, -εῖον. πρυτάνις, εως, ὁ, pl. πρυτάνεις, as if from πρυτανεύς: (πρό, πρότερος) a prince, ruler, lord. II. a *Prytanis or President*: at Athens the πρυτάνεις was a committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming $\frac{1}{10}$ part of the *βουλή* or Council of 500: out of these fifty πρυτάνεις one was chosen by lot as *chief-president* (ἐπιστάτης); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμματεὺς) not of their own body, formed the *Presidency* (πρυτανεία). The φυλή which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called πρυτανεία: during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form; Ἀκαμαντὶς [φυλῆ] ἐπρυτάνευε, Φαίνιππος ἐγραμμάτευε, Νικιάδης ἐπεστάται, 'the tribe of Acamas were πρυτάνεις, Phacnippus was secretary, Niciades was *chief-president*.' See πρυτανεία, πρυτανεῖον.

πρῶ or πρῶξ, Adv., Att. for πρῶί. πρῶν Dor. πρῶαν, (πρῶί) lately, just now, not long ago, Lat. *nuper*. II. the day before yesterday; proverb., μέχρι οὐ πρῶν τε καὶ χθές till yesterday or the day before, i. e. till very lately. πρῶθ-ἡβης, ου, δ, (πρῶτος, ἡβη) a youth in his first bloom. πρῶθ-ἡθος, ον, also, ον, (πρῶτος, ἡβη) in the bloom or flower of youth.

πρῶί [ῖ], Att. shortd. πρῶ: Adv.: (πρό):—early, early in the day, at morn, Lat. *mane*: c. gen., πρῶί ἐτι τῆς ἡμέρας still early in the day; ἡμέρας τὸ πρῶί the early part of the day; ἄμα πρῶί at early morn; ἀπὸ πρῶί from morn. 2. generally, betimes, early, in good time, Lat. *mature, tempestive*. II. Comp. πρῶιαιτερον, earlier, Sup. πρῶιαιτάτα, earliest, formed from πρῶιος.

πρῶια (sub. ἕρα), ἡ, fem. of πρῶιος, morning. [ῖ] πρῶιαιτερον, πρῶιαιτάτα, Comp. and Sup. of πρῶί. πρῶιζος, ον, = πρῶιος, early, timely, in good time: Adv. πρῶιζα, like πρῶν, the day before yesterday: but also too early, before the time.

πρῶιμος, ον, (πρῶί) early. πρῶινός, ἡ, ὄν, = πρῶιος. [ῖ] πρῶιος Att. πρῶος, α, ον, (πρῶί): early, early in day, at morn; δέλιη πρῶια the early part of the afternoon, opp. to δέλιη ὄψια, the latter part; πρῶιας, absol. as Adv., early. II. early in the season; πρῶα τῶν καρπῶν early fruits.

πρωκτο-πεντετηρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πρωκτός, πεντετηρίς) five years of *debauchery*.

πρωκτός, δ, (πρῶγω) the anus, the hinder parts, back, tail.

πρῶν, πρῶνος, ὁ, contr. from πρῆν, πρῆνος; nom. pl. πρῶνες, as if from πρῶν:—*anything that juts forward, a foreland, headland, Lat. promontorium; ἄλιος πρῶν ἀμφοτέρας κοινὸς αἴας the jutting ridge of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both lands.*

πρῶος, α, ον, Att. for πρῶιος.

πρῶρα, as Ion. ἦς, ἡ, (πρῶ) *the fore-part of a ship, a ship's head, prow, bow, Lat. prora*: also (as if from an Adj. πρῶρος) *νήυς πρῆρη the prow of a ship, like νήυς πρῶνῆ; πνεῦμα τοῦκ πρῶρας a head-wind, opp. to πνεῦμα κατὰ πρύμνην, a stern-wind.* II. generally, *any front*: hence *a head, face.*

πρῶρᾰθεν, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (πρῶρα) *from the ship's head, from the front.*

πρῶρᾰτεύω, f. σω, *to be a look-out man, look out ahead.* From

πρῶράτης [ᾰ], ον, ὁ, (πρῶρα) *a man who stood at the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.*

πρῶρεύς, ἕως, ἡ, (πρῆρα) = πρῆράτης.

πρῆρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πρῆρᾰθεν.

πρῶσαι, πρῶσας, πρῶσον, contr. for προῶσαι, etc., aor. I inf., part., and imperat. of προῶθῆναι.

πρῶτα, neut. pl. of πρῶτος, as Adv. *first of all, in the first place.*

πρωτᾰγός, οὐ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἄγω) *leading in advance; οἱ πρωταγοῖ, the vanguard.*

πρωτᾰγρια, τᾰ, (πρῶτος, ἄγρα) *the first-fruits of the chase.*

πρωτᾰγωνιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀγωνιστής) *one who plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. primarium partium actor*; the other two actors being called respectively δευτεραγωνιστής, τριταγωνιστής: generally, *the chief personage.*

πρωτᾰρχος, ον, (πρῶτος, ἀρχω) *first-beginning, primal, originating.*

πρωτεύων, τό, (πρωτεύω) *the chief rank, first place*: esp. in pl., τᾰ πρωτεῖα *the first prize or place.*

πρωτεύω, f. σω, (πρῶτος) *to be first, to excel, be preëminent.* 2. *to be the first among, be superior to, c. gen.*

πρωτᾰρότης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀρότης) *one who ploughs earliest or first.*

πρωτιστος, η, ον, also ος, ον, poet. Sup. of πρῶτος, *the first of the first, first of all, very first*; neut. πρῶτιστον and -τα as Adv., *first of all.*

πρωτᾰβόλος, ον, (πρῶτος, βαλεῖν) *first thrown at or struck.* II. parox. πρωτοβόλος, ον, act. *striking first.*

πρωτογλυψής, ἕς, (πρῶτος, γλύπτω) *newly-carved.* πρωτόγονος, ον, (πρῶτος, γενέσθαι) *firstborn.* 2. of rank, *high-born, illustrious.* 3. *first-ordained.*

πρωτόζυγος, ὄγος, (πρῶτος, ζυγῆναι) *newly married.*

πρωτᾰθρονος, ον, *filling the first seat*: irreg. pl. πρωτόθρονος (as if from πρωτόθρων).

πρωτοκαθεδρία, ἡ, (πρῶτος, καθέδρα) *the first seat, chief place.*

πρωτοκλίσις, ἡ, (πρωτός, κλίνω) *the first place or seat at table.*

πρωτοκτόνος, ον, (πρῶτος, κτείνω) *slaying first, committing the first murder.*

πρωτοκύων, ὁ, (πρῶτος, κύων) *the first dog, i. e. the chief of the Cynics.*

πρωτόλεια, τᾰ, (πρῶτος, λείω) *the first spoils in war, the firstfruits*:—as Adv. *in the first place.*

πρωτολογία, ἡ, *the right of speaking first.* From πρωτολόγος, ον, (πρῶτος, λέγω) *speaking first.*

πρωτόμαντις, εως, ὁ, (πρῶτος, μάντις) *the first prophet or seer.*

πρωτόμορος, ον, (πρῶτος, μόρος) *dying or dead first.*

πρωτοπᾰγής, ἕς, (πρῶτος, παγῆναι) *first put together, i. e. newly made.*

πρωτοπήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρῶτος, πήμα) *hurting first: the first cause of ill.*

πρωτόπλοος, ον, Att. contr. -πλοος, ον, (πρῶτος, πλοος) *making the first voyage, going to sea for the first time.* II. *sailing first or foremost.*

πρωτόριζος, ον, (πρῶτος,ρίζα) *being the first root or origin.*

πρῶτος, η, ον, Sup. of πρό, as if contr. from πρότατος, πρώατος, Dor. πρώατος (the Comp. being πρότερος):—*first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. primus; ἐν πρώτοις, μετὰ πρώτοις among the first fighters, i. e. in front.*

2. neut. pl. τᾰ πρώτα (sub. ἄλλα) *the first prize; τᾰ πρώτα φέρεσθαι to carry off the first prize; ἕς τᾰ πρώτα to the highest degree: of persons, ἐὼν τᾰ πρώτα τῶν Ἐρετριῶν being the first or foremost man among the Eretrians; τᾰ πρώτα τῆς ἐκεῖ μοχθηρίας the chief of the rascality there.*

3. τὴν πρώτην, as Adv., *first, at present, just now*: so with εἶναι, τὴν πρώτην εἶναι, like ἐκὼν εἶναι, *at first.*

4. neut. sing. and plur. πρῶτων, πρώτα as Adv., *first, in the first place, Lat. primum: first of all, above all.*

5. after a Relative, πρῶτων means *once, once for all, as, ὅτινα πρώτων λαβῶσιν ἄελλα whom storms may catch for the first time, i. e. once for all.*

6. ἐν πρώτοις, Lat. in primis, *among the first, chiefly, especially; ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις, as if shortd. for ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις πρῶτοι, first among the first.*

II. πρῶτος is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., *before, sooner than*: also πρῶτον ἡ. . . = πριν ἡ. . ., Lat. priusquam.

πρωτόσπορος, ον, (πρῶτος, σπείρω) *first sown or begotten.*

πρωτοστάτης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἵσταμαι) *one who stands first, the first man on the right of a line*: but also, οἱ πρωτόστατοι *the front-rank men.* II. a chief, leader. [ᾰ]

πρωτοτοκία, ἡ, *a bearing her firstborn*: and πρωτοτόκια, ον, τᾰ, *the privilege of the first-born, birthright.* From

πρωτοτόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκείν) *bearing her first-born.* II. proparox. πρωτότοκος, ον, pass. *first-born.*

πρωτό-τομος, *ον*, (πρώτος, τεμείν) *first cut or cut off*.
 πρωτό-φυτος, *ον*, (πρώτος, φύω) *firstborn*.
 πρωτό-χνοος, *ον*, *contr.* -χνοος, *ον*, *with the first down*.

πρωτό-χυτος, *ον*, (πρώτος, χέω) *first-flowing*.
 πρωῦδαν, *contr.* for προ-αυδάν, *inf.* of προαυδάν.
 πρώων, *ονος*, *ὄ*, *Ep.* lengthd. form for πρών.
 πταίωσα, *Dor.* pres. part. fem. of πταίω.
 ΠΤΑΥΡΩ, *f.* πτᾶρῶ: *aor.* I ἐπταῖρα: *aor.* 2 ἐπταῖρον:
—to sneeze; μέγ' ἐπταῖρε be sneezed aloud, which
 was taken for a good omen:—*metaph.* of a lamp, *to sputter*.

πταίσμα, τό, (πταίω) *a stumble, false step: metaph.*
a mistake, blunder. II. *a failure, misfortune.*

ΠΤΑΙΩΘΗ, *f.* πταίωσι: *aor.* I ἐπταίσα: *Pass.*, *aor.* I
 ἐπταίσθη: *pf.* ἐπταίσμαι:—*to make to stumble, Lat.*
offendere. II. *intrans.* (sub. πόδα), *to strike the*
foot, stumble; πταίειν πρὸς τιμι *to stumble against*;
 also, *περὶ τινι*, as, *μη* *περὶ* *Μαρδονίῳ* *πταίσῃ* *ἢ* *Ἑλλάς*
lest Hellas should get a fall over him. 2. *metaph.*
to make a false step or mistake, to fail.

πτάμενος, *η*, *ον*, *aor.* 2 part. of πέταμαι. [ᾶ]
 πτανός, *Dor.* for πτηνός.

πτάξ, *gen.* πτακέος, *ὄ*, *ἦ*, (πτήσσω) *the covering*
animal, i. e. the bare.

πταρμός, *ὄ*, (πταίρω) *a sneezing, sneeze.*
 πταρῦμαι, *Dep.* = πταίρω, *to sneeze.*

πτάς, part. of ἐπτην, *aor.* 2 act. of πέτομαι.
 πτάσθαι, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of πέταμαι.

πτάτο, *Ep.* for ἐπτάτο, 3 *ing.* *aor.* 2 of πέταμαι.
 ΠΤΕΛΕ΄Α *Ion.* -έη, *ἦ*, *the elm, Lat.* *ulmus.*

πτερίνος, *η*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (πτερόν) *made of fea-*
thers; πτερίνος κύκλος a fan of feathers. II.
feathered, winged.

πτερίς, *ιδος*, *ἦ*, (πτερόν) a kind of fern, so called
 from its leaves being like feathers.

ΠΤΕΡΝΑ *Ion.* -νῆ, *ἦ*, *the beel.* II. = πέρνα,
a bam.

Πτερο-γλύφος, *ὄ*, (πτέρνα, γλύφω) *Ham-scraper.*
name for a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερο-τρώκτης, *ον*, *ὄ*, (πτέρνα, τρώγω) *Ham-nib-*
bler, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερο-φάγος, *ὄ*, (πτέρνα, φάγω) *Ham-eater, name*
of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

πτερο-δόντης, *ον*, (πτερόν, δονέω) *moved with flap-*
ping wings: metaph. *big-b-soaring, big-b-floun.*

πτερόεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, *contr.* fem. πτερούσσα, *gen.*
 πτερούστος: (πτερόν):—*feathered, winged: also light*
as a feather: used by Homer mostly in phrase ἔπεα
πτερόεντα, winged words.

πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) *a feather, mostly in*
plur. feathers. 2. *wings; ὑπὸ* *πτεροῖς εἶναι* *to be*
under their mother's wings. II. *a winged crea-*
ture. 2. for οἰωνός, *an augury, omen.* III. *of*
anything like wings or feathers, such as oars, ἔρετμα,
τά τε πτερὰ νηυσὶ πέλονται which are the wings of
 ships. 2. *ἀέθλων πτερά* the prize which wafts the
 Poet as it were to heaven. 3. *the leafage of trees,*

like κόμη. 4. in Architecture, *the rows of columns*
along the sides of Greek temples, whence the terms
ἄπτερος, δίπτερος, περίπτερος.

πτερο-ποικίλος, *ον*, (πτερόν, ποικίλος) *motley-fea-*
thered, of pied plumage.

πτερο-πούς, -ποδος, (πτερόν, πούς) *wing-footed.*

πτερο-ρούω and -ρούω, *f.* ῥωσι: (πτερόν, ῥέω):—
to shed the feathers, lose feather, moult: metaph. to
be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned.

πτερο-φόρος, *ον*, (πτερόν, φέρω) *feathered, winged;*
πτεροφόρα φύλα the feathered tribes.

πτερο-φύω, (πτερόν, φύω) *to grow feathers or wings.*

πτερώ, *f.* ὦσω, (πτερόν) *to furnish with feathers or*
wings, to feather; πτεροῦν βιβλίον to tie a letter to
 a feathered arrow and shoot it off:—*Pass.* *to be fea-*
thered. 2. *of ships, to furnish with oars.*

πτερύγεσι, *Ep.* dat. pl. of πτέρυξ.

πτερύγιζω, *f.* ἴσω, (πτέρυξ) *to flutter or flap the wings.*

πτερούγιον [ῥ], τό, *Dim.* of πτέρυξ, *a little wing.* II.
anything like a wing, as, a turret or battlement; or,
a pointed roof, a pinnacle.

πτερύγ-ωκῆς, *ές*, (πτέρυξ, ὠκίς) *swift of wing.*

πτερύγωνος, *ἦ*, *όν*, (πτερυγώ) *fledged, winged,*
wing-shaped.

πτέρυξ, ὄγος, *ἦ*, (πτερόν) *a wing.* II. *anything*
like a wing, as I. *a rudder.* 2. *in plur. the*
skirts of a coat of mail. 2. *the wing of a build-*
ing. III. *anything that covers or protects like*
wings, a fold, flap or cape. IV. *metaph., πτέ-*
ρυγες γούνα *the wings, i. e. the flight or flow, of grief.*

πτερύσσομαι, *f.* ξομαι, *Dep.* = πτερυγίζω.

πτέρωμα, *ατος*, τό, (πτερώ) *that which is feathered,*
a feathered arrow.

πτέρωσις, *ἦ*, (πτερώ) *a feathering, plumage.*

πτερωτός, *ἦ*, *όν*, also *ός*, *όν*, (πτερώ) *feathered:*
winged.

πτέσθαι, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of πέτομαι.

πτήναι, *inf.* of ἐπτην, *aor.* 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτην-ολέτις, *ιδος*, *ἦ*, (πτηνός, ἔλλυμι) *bird-killing.*

πτηνός, *ἦ*, *όν* *Dor.* πτανός, *ά*, *όν*, (πτήναι) *fea-*
thered, winged: πτηνά, τά, *fowls, birds.* II. *of*
young birds, fledged. III. *metaph., πτηνοὶ μῦθοι*
like ἔπεα πτερόεντα, winged, passing words; πτηναὶ
ἐλπιδες *fleeting hopes.*

πτήξαι, *aor.* I *inf.* of πτήσσω.

πτήσις, *ἦ*, (πτήναι) *a flying, flight.*

πτήσομαι, *fut.* of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΗΣΣΩ, *fut.* πτήξω: *aor.* I ἐπτήξα *Ep.* πτήξα:
aor. 2 ἐπτάκον, only found in *compd. καταπτάκων:*
pf. ἐπτηχα, *Ep.* part. πεπητός, ὤτος:—*to frighten,*
scare, alarm, terrify, Lat. *terrere.* II. *intr.* *to*
crouch down or cower for fear; πτήσσειν βωμόν
to flee covering to the altar. 2. *c. acc.* *to crouch for*
fear of a thing.

πτήται, *Ion.* for πτάται, 3 *ing.* *aor.* 2 subj. of
 πέτομαι.

ΠΤΙΛΩΝ [r], τό, *a feather: plumage: esp. of the*
under feathers, down. II. *a wing.*

πιλό-νωτος, *ον*, (πίλον, νῶτον) *with feathered back*.
 ππίσάνη [ἄ], ἡ, (πίσιω) *peeled barley*. II. *a drink made from it, barley-water, barley-gruel*.

ΠΠΥΣΣΩ, fut. πτίσω: aor. I ἐπίτσα: Pass. aor. I ἐπίτσην: pf. ἐπίτσημαι:—to husk, peel or winnow grain: also to grind coarsely, to pound.

πτόα Ion. πτοίη, ἡ, (πτοῶ) *fear, terror*.
 ΠΠΟΕΩ, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπτόησα ποῖτ. ἐπτοίησα:—Pass. aor. I ἐπτοήθη ποῖτ. ἐπτοίηθη: pf. ἐπτόημαι ποῖτ. ἐπτοίημαι:—to frighten, scare away:—Pass. to be scared or dismayed.

II. *metaph. to flutter, excite, agitate*:—Pass. to be in a flutter, be agitated: to be wild, distracted; τὸ πτοηθέν *distraction*. Hence πτόσις or πτοίησις, *εως, ἡ, terror: any vehement passion, excitement*.

πτοίεω, πτοίησις, πτοίητός, v. sub πτοῶ.
 πτολεμίζω, πτολεμιστής, etc., Ep. for πολεμ-.
 πτόλεμος, ὁ, Ep. for πόλεμος, *war*.
 πτολι-αρχος, *ον*, Ep. for πολιαρχος.
 πτολεθρον, τό, Dim. of πόλις, but used like πόλις, *a city*.

πτολι-πορθος and πτολι-πόρθιος, *ον*, (πόλις, πέρθω) *sacking or wasting cities*: also πτολι-πόρθης, *ου, ὁ*.

πτόλις, Ep. for πόλις.
 πτόλισμα, Ep. for πόλισμα.
 πτόρθος, ὁ, *a young branch, shoot, sucker, sapling*. II. *a sprouting, shooting, budding*.

πτύγμα, *ατος, τό*, (πτύσσω) *anything folded, a fold*.
 πτυκτός, ὁ, ὄν, (πτύσσω) *folded*; πτυκτός πίναξ, *folding tablets*, consisting of two thin plates of wood, one folding upon the other.

πτύξ, πτυχός, ἡ, later πτυχῆ, ἡς, ἡ, (πτύσσω):—*anything in folds, a fold, leaf, layer, plate, πτυχες ἄσπερος plates forming a shield*. II. *of the clefts or breaks in the side of a hill, which at a distance look like folds*; *a cleft, dell, coomb*: so also of the sky, *folds or clouds*.

III. *in form πτυχῆ, a folding tablet*. IV. *in Comedy, wrinkles*.
 πτύον, τό, Ep. gen. πτύοφι, (πτύω) *a winnowing-s shovel or fan*, Lat. vannus.

ΠΠΥΡΩ [ῥ], f. ππύρω:—to frighten, scare, terrify:—Pass. ππύρομαι, aor. 2 ἐππύρην [ῥ]: to be frightened.

πτύσμα, *ατος, τό*, (πτύω) *spittle*.
 ΠΠΥΣΣΩ, f. ἔσω: aor. I ἐπτυξα: Pass. aor. I ἐπτύχθη: pf. πέπτυγμα:—to fold or double up, fold and lay by. II. *Pass. to be folded or bent back*. 2. *to fold or cling round or to*. III. *Med. to fold round oneself*. Hence

πτύχη, ἡ, see πτύξ.
 ΠΠΥΩ, f. πτύω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐπτύω: pf. pass. ἐπτυσαι:—to spit out: to spit, Lat. spuo. II. *to disgorge, cast out, throw up, vomit forth*. III. *metaph. πτύσας ἔσπασα, with an expression of disgust*; πτύσας προσώπῳ *with loathing in his face*.

πτωκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πτῶξ, πτώσσω) *shy, timorous, fearful*.

πτῶμα, *ατος, τό*, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *a fall: a misfortune, calamity, disaster*, Lat. casus. II. *that which has fallen, a corpse, carcass*.

πτῶξ, ὁ, ἡ, gen. πτωκός, (πτώσσω) *the cowering animal, i.e. the hare*.

πτῶσιμος, *ον*, (πίπτα, πέπτωκα) *fallen, slain*.
 πτώσις, *εως, ἡ*, (πίπτα, πέπτωκα) *a falling, fall*.
 πτωσκάζω, ποῖτ. for πτώσσω, *to crouch for fear*.

ΠΠΩΣΣΩ, like πτήσσω, intr. *to crouch or cower from fear*: also to go cowering about, like a beggar, to visit like a beggar. 2. *to flee affrighted*: c. acc. to flee from.

πτωχέα Ion. -ήτη, ἡ, (πτωχεύω) *begging, beggary*.
 πτωχεύω, Ion. impf. πτωχεύεσκον: f. σω: (πτωχεύς):—to be a beggar, beg. II. trans., I. c. acc. rei, to get by begging. 2. c. acc. pers. to beg or ask an alms of.

πτωχήτη, Ion. for πτωχέα.
 πτωχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πτωχός) *of or for a beggar, beggarly*.

πτωχίστερος, irreg. Comp. of πτωχός.
 πτωχο-ποιός, ὄν, (πτωχός, ποιέω) *drawing beggarly characters, of a poet*.

πτωχός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (πτώσσω) *one who crouches or cringes*; as Subst., πτωχός, ὁ, *a beggar*: also πτωχός ἀνήρ *a beggarman*. II. as Adj. *beggarly, mean, sorry*:—later also *poor*.—Comp. and Sup. πτωχότερος, -ότατος; irreg. Comp. πτωχίστερος.

Πῤῶνῆψια (sub. ἱερά), τά, (πύανος, ἔψω) *the Pyanepsia*, an Athenian festival in the month πυναιψίων, in honour of Apollo: said to be so called from a dish of beans then eaten. Hence

Πῤῶνῆψιών, ἄνωσ, ὁ, the fourth month of the Attic year, so named from the festival Πυναιψία: corresponding to the latter part of October and former of November.

ΠΥ'ΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a bean*.
 πύαιος, *α, ον*, (πυγή) *of or on the rump*: τὸ πυγαῖον ἄκρον *the tip of the rump*.

πύγ-αργος, *ον*, (πύγή, ἀργός) *white-rump*, name of a Libyan antelope; also of the sea-eagle.

ΠΥΓΗ, ἡς, ἡ, the rump, buttocks. Hence πύγιδιον, τό, Dim. *a thin, narrow rump*. [Υ]

πυγμαῖος, *α, ον*, (πυγμή η) *about a foot long or tall*. II. *Πυγμαῖοι, οἱ, the Pigmies, a fabulous race of dwarfs on the upper Nile, said to have been attacked and destroyed by Cranes*.

πυγμαῖχος, f. ἦσω, *to practise boxing, be a boxer*. And

πυγμαῖχία, ἡ, *boxing*, Lat. pugilatus. From πυγμάχος, *ον*, (πυγμή, μάχομαι) *fighting with the fist*: as Subst., πύγμαχος, ὁ, *a boxer*, Lat. pugil.

πυγμή, ἡ, (πύξ) *a fist*, Lat. pugnis: also *a battle with fists, boxing-match*; *πυγμῶν νικᾶν to be conqueror in the contest of boxing*. II. *a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the knuckles*, = 18 δάκτυλοι, about 1 ft. 1½ inches. III.

πυγῆ, dat. used as Adv., either = πύκα, often, frequently; or up to the elbow.

πύγο-στόλος, ον, (πυγή, στολή) with sweeping train, with trailing robe.

πύγουσιος, α, ον, about 15 inches long. From ΠΥΓΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the elbow. II. as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 δάκτυλοι or 5 παλασταί, about 15 inches.

πύδαριζω, f. ἴσω, to hop, jump, dance.

ΠΥΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding animals: a bathing-tub: a vat, boiler, copper.

Πυθάγορας, ου Dor. α, δ, the philosopher Pythagoras. Hence

πυθαγορίζω, f. ἴσω, to be a disciple of Pythagoras.

Πυθαγοριστής, οἰ, Dor. -ικράς, α, δ, (πυθαγορίζω) a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras.

πυθέβαια, aor. 2 inf. of πυθάνομαι.

πύθει, Dor. for πύθει, aor. 2 med. imperat. of πυθάνομαι.

Πύθια (sub. ἱέρεια), ἡ, fem. of Πύθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

Πύθια (sub. ἱερά), τά, neut. pl. of Πύθιος, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see Πυθῶ) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

Πυθιάς, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of Πύθιος; Πυθιάς βοά a song to Apollo. II. (sub. περίοδος), a Pythiad, period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like Ὀλυμπιάς. 2. the celebration of the Pythian games.

Πυθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πυθῶ) of or for Pytho, Pythian, Delphic.

Πύθιον, τό, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi.

Πυθιο-νίκης, ου, δ, (Πύθια, νικάω) a conqueror in the Pythian games.

Πυθιό-νικος, ον, (Πύθια, νικάω) of or belonging to a victory in the Pythian games.

Πύθιος, α, ον, (Πυθῶ) Pythian, of or belonging to Pytho, Delphian. II. Πύθιοι, οἱ, at Sparta, four persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic oracle on affairs of state.

πυθμῆν, ἔνος, δ, (βυθός) the hollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. fundus; πυθμῆν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea: metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the depths, foundations. II. the bottom, root of a tree: generally, a root: metaph. the original stock or stem of a family.

Πυθοί, Adv., properly dat. of Πυθῶ, at Pytho or Delphi.

πυθοίαιτο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of πυθάνομαι.

Πυθοῖδε, Adv., = Πυθῶδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθό-κραντος, ον, (Πυθῶ, κραίνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθόκραντα the Pythian oracles.

Πυθό-μαντις, εως, δ, ἡ, (Πυθῶ, μάντις) a Pythian prophet. II. used as Adj., of the Pythian prophet; Πυθόμαντις ἔστια the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

Πυθo-χρήστης, ου, Dor. -τας, α, δ, (Πυθῶ, χράω) a consulter of the Pythian god.

Πυθό-χρηστος, ον, (Πυθῶ, χράω) delivered by the Pythian god. II. consulting the Pythian god.

ΠΥΘΩ [ῶ]: fut. πύσω: aor. I ἐπύσα Ep. πύσα:—to make rot, to rot, corrode:—Pass. to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder.

Πυθῶ, gen. οὔς, dat. οἰ, ἡ, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi: also the oldest name of Delphi itself. Hence

Πυθῶδε, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and

Πυθῶθεν, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, older form for Πυθῶ.

Πυθῶνθεν, Adv., = Πυθῶθεν, from Pytho.

ΠΥΚΑ, poet. Adv. from same Root as πυκνός, πυκνός, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently.

πυκάω old Dor. -άσω: f. άσω: aor. I ἐπύκασα Ep. πύκασα: Pass., aor. I ἐπυκάσθη: pf. πεπυκάσμαι: (πύκα)—to make thick or close, cover up closely, enclose; πυκάζειν στεφάνοις to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to protect, to shelter: absol. to crown:—aor. I and pf. pass. part. πυκασθείς and πεπυκασμένος, thickly covered, well clothed. 2. metaph. to overcloud, cast a shadow over:—Med. to prepare, fit, make ready for one. II. to close fast, shut up.

πυκάσσω, Dor. for πυκάω.

πυκί-μηδής, ἐς, (πυκινός, μῆδος) of close or cautious mind, discreet.

πυκίνος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. lengthd. form for πυκνός: neut. πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv. closely, thickly: sbreadly.

πυκινό-φρων, ονος, (πυκινός, φρήν) wise-minded.

πυκινῶς, Adv. of πυκινός; see πυκνός v.

πυκνά, neut. pl. used as Adv. of πυκνός; see πυκνός v.

πυκνότης, ου, δ, = πυκίτης, (Πυκί) assembling in the Pryx. [ῆ]

πυκνόν, neut. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνό-πετρος, ον, (πυκνός, πέτρον) thick-feathered.

πυκνό-ραξ, -ράγος, (πυκνός, ράξ) or πυκνό-ρωξ, -ωγος, δ, ἡ, (πυκνός, βῶξ) thick with berries.

πυκνός Ep. lengthd. πυκίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (πύξ):—close, compact: of substance, close, solid: thick, close-packed, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, close. 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. creber, frequens; πυκνά βέλεα a thick shower of darts. II. well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded. III. great, excessive. IV. metaph. of the mind, close, guarded, cautious; hence sbread, discreet, wise. V. besides the regular Adverbs πυκνῶς and πυκινῶς, Homer also uses neuters πυκνόν and πυκνά, πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv., I. closely, firmly, fast. 2. much, often, excessively. 3. wisely, sbreadly.

πυκνός, gen. of πύξ.

πυκνό-στικτος, ον, (πυκνός, στίξω) thick-spotted, dappled, brindled.

πυκνότης, ητος, ἡ, (πυκνός) closeness, thickness;

denseness. II. *frequency.* III. *metaph.*

wisdom, sbrewdness, discretion.

πυκνός, f. ὥω, (πυκνός) to make close or solid: to pack close, roll into small compass, condense:—Pass. to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πύκνωμα, ατος, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνός, Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκτάλιον, f. σω, = πυκτεύω, to box, spar.

πύκτας, Dor. for πύκτης, a boxer.

πυκτεύω, f. σω, to be a boxer, practise boxing, box, spar: to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ου, ὁ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing.

πυκτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πύσσω) a writing tablet.

πυκτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-ἄγορας or Πυλ-άγορος, ου, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphictyonic Council at Pylae, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphictyonic Council. Hence

πύλαγορέω, f. ἦσω, to be a Πυλαγόρας, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphictyonic Council.

Πύλ-ἄγορος, see Πυλαγόρας.

Πύλαι, αἰ, see πύλη II. 2.

Πύλαια (sub. σύνοδος), ἡ, fem. of πυλαῖος, the meeting of the Amphictyons at Pylae; generally, the Amphictyonic Council: also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πυλαι-μάχος, ου, (πύλος or πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, or fighting at Pylos.

πυλαῖος, α, ου, (πύλη) at or before the gate. 2. (Πύλαι) at Pylae; v. Πυλαία. [ῥ]

πύλ-άρτης, ου, ὁ, (πύλη, ἀρτίσκω) he that keeps the gate of bell: Aeol. gen. πυλάρταο.

πύλ-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὦρα) Ep. for πυλωρός, keeping the gate: as Subst., πυλάωρος, ὁ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ΠΥΛΗ, ἡ, a gate: in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to θύρα (a house-door): but also = θύρα, the door of a house. II. generally, an entrance, inlet. 2. an entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e. g. Πύλαι, αἰ, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylae, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [ῥ]

Πύλ-ηγόρης, ου, ὁ, Ion. for Πυλαγόρας.

πύλη-δόκος, ὁ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate.

πύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern.

Πύλοθεν, Adv. (Πύλος) from Pylos.

Πύλοι-γενής, ἐς, (Πύλος, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylos.

Πύλονδε, Adv. (Πύλος) to or towards Pylos.

πύλος, ὁ, = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλος, ὁ or ἡ, Pylos, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled: there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [ῥ]

πύλ-ουρός, ὁ, (πύλη, οὔρος) a gate-keeper.

πύλω, f. ὥω, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates:—Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατος, τό, a gate, gateway.

πύλων, ἄνος, ὁ, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-house: also a porch or vestibule.

πυλωρέω, to be a gate-keeper. From

πύλ-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὦρα) a gate-keeper, warder.

πύματος, η, ου, (πυμήν) the bindmost, uttermost, last: πύματον and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύνθαξ, ακος, ὁ, (πυμήν) the bottom of a vessel.

πυθάνομαι, lengthd. from πύθομαι: f. πεύσομαι

Dor. πεισοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐπύθου, imperat. πυθού

Dor. πύθου, inf. πύθεσθαι, Ep. 3 sing. opt. πεπύθοιτο:

pf. πέπυσμαι, 2 sing. πέπυσαι Ep. πέπυσσαι: plarf.

ἐπεπύσμη, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύσθη:

—to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking or inquiry: to bear, learn, understand: c. gen. to bear of, bear news of: also c. acc. to inquire about:

c. inf. to bear or learn that . . .

ΠΥΞ, Adv. with clenched fist: πύξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, i. e. at boxing.

πυξίνεος, α, ου, and πύξινος, η, ου, (πύξος) made of box-wood.

ΠΥΞΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree: also its wood.

ΠΥΟΣ or πύος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

πύππαξ, an exclamation of surprise, bravo!

ΠΥΡ, πύρος, τό, fire; πύρ Διός the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverish bore.

III. to express things terrible; κρείσσον ἀμαμακέτου πυρός stronger than invincible fire; διὰ πυρός λένα to go through fire and water. Hence

πύρα, ὦν, τά, watch-fires, only in pl.

πύρά, ἄς, Ion. πύρη, ἡς, ἡ, the place where fire is kindled: a funeral-pyre: also a burial-place. 2.

an altar for burnt-sacrifice: also the fire burning upon the altar.

πύρ-άγρα, ἡ, (πύρ, ἀγρέω) a pair of fire-tongs.

πύρ-αγρέτης, ου, ὁ, = πυράγμα.

πύρ-αἶθω, (πυρά, αἶθω) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πύρ-ακτέω, f. ἦσω, (πύρ, ἀγῶ) to turn in the fire, to barden in the fire, cbar.

πύραμινος, η, ου, (πυρός) = πύριμος, of wheat, wheaten.

πύραμις, ἴδος, ἡ, a pyramid:—an Egyptian word.

πύραμιτος, οἴντος, ὁ, contr. for πυραμίεις, (πυρός) a cake of roasted wheat and boney: given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch: generally, the need or prize of victory.

πύρ-αυγής, ἐς, (πύρ, αὐγή) fiery bright.

πυργηδόν, Adv. (πύργος) like a tower. II. of soldiers, in masses or columns, in close array.

πυργηρέω, f. ἦσω, to shut up in a tower:—Pass. to be beleaguered, besieged. From

πυρ-ήρης, ες, (πύργος, ἀραρεῖν) *shut up in a tower, beleaguered: besieged.*

πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πύργινος, η, ον, (πύργος) *strong as a tower.*

πυργίον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πυργο-δαίκτης, ον, (πύργος, δαίξω) *destroying towers.* [ἀ]

πυργο-μάχew, (πύργος, μάχομαι) *to assault or batter towers.*

ΠΥΡΓΟΣ, ό, a tower: in plur. walls and towers: generally, any fortification, a fortress, castle: also a moveable tower for storming towns. 2. metaph. a tower of defence, rampart, bulwark; πύργος θανάτων a bulwark against death. 3. the highest part of any building. III. a division of an army drawn up in close order, a column: see πυργήδων.

πυργο-φόρος, ον, (πύργος, φέρω) *tower-bearing.*

πυργο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ό, (πύργος, φύλαξ) *a tower-guard, warder.* [ῥ]

πυργός, f. ὤσω, (πύργος) *to gird or fence with towers:—Med. to build towers:—Pass. to be furnished with a tower.*

II. to raise up to a towering height: metaph., πυργώσαι βήματα σεμνά 'to build the lofty rhyme: ' hence to exalt, extol, exaggerate:—Pass. to exalt oneself, be overbearing, haughty.

πυργώδης, ες, (πύργος, εἶδος) *like a tower.*

πύργωμα, ατος, τό, (πυργώω) *a place furnished with a fenced city: in plur. towers and walls.*

πυργώτης, ιδος, fem. Adj. (πυργώω) *towering.*

πυρ-δάξης, ές, (πύρ, δαίω) *burning with fire, incendiary.*

πυρέων Ion. πυρήων, τό, (πύρ) plur. πυρήια, pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire: generally, any means of kindling fire.

πυρέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. πυρέξω: aor. I ἐπύρεξα: (πυρέσω) —to be feverish, be sick of a fever.

πυρέτιός, ου, ό, (πύρ) *burning heat, fiery heat.* II. esp. feverish heat, a fever; πυρέτιός τριταίος, τεταρταίος a tertian, quartan fever.

πυρέυς, έως, ό, (πύρ) *a fire-proof vessel.*

πυρή, ης, ή, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά.

πυρήιον, τό, Ion. for πυρέιον.

ΠΥΡΗΝ, ήνος, ό, the stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc.

πύρ-ήνεμος, ον, (πύρ, άνεμος) *fanning fire.*

πύρ-ήτοκος, ον, (πυρός, τεκεῖν) *wheat-producing.*

πύρ-ήφάτος, ον, (πυρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) *wheat-slaying, epith. of a millstone.*

πύρ-ήφόρος, ον, ποίτ. for πυροφόρος, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρια, ή, (πύρ) *a vapour-bath, consisting of an airtight covering, within which fragrant substances were thrown on hot embers to produce steam.*

πύριάτη [ᾱ], ή, (πύρος) *a pudding made with beestings, i. e. the first milk after calving.*

πύριάτηριον, τό, a vapour-bath. From

πύριώω, (πυριά) *to put into a vapour-bath.*

πύρι-βλητος, ον, (πύρ, βάλλω) *striking with fire.*

πύρ-γενέτης, ου, ό, = πυριγενής.

πύρι-γενής, ές, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *born of fire: wrought or forged by fire.*

πύρι-γόνος, ον, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *fire-producing.*

πύρι-δαπτος, ον, (πύρ, δάπτω) *devoured by fire.*

πύριδιον, τό, Dim. of πυρός.

πύρι-ήκης, ες, (πύρ, ἀκή) *pointed in the fire, Lat. praeustus.*

πύρι-καής, ές, = πυρικάυστος.

πύρι-καυστος, ον, (πύρ, καίω) *burnt in the fire.*

πύρι-κοίτης, ες, (πύρ, κοίτη) *wherein fire lies asleep.*

πύρι-λαμπής, ές, (πύρ, λάμπω) *bright with fire.*

πύρινος [ῥ], η, ον, (πύρ) *of fire, fiery: sparkling.*

πύρινός [ῥ], η, ον, (πύρος) *of wheat, wheaten.*

πύρι-πνέων, ουσα, ον, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing.*

πύρι-πνοος, ον contr. -πνοος, ον, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing: glowing, fiery.*

πύρι-σπαρτος, ον, (πύρ, σπείρω) *sowing fire, inflaming.*

πύρι-σπείρητος, ον, (πύρ, σπειράω) *swathed in fire.*

πύρι-στακτος, ον, (πύρ, στάξω) *streaming with fire.*

πύριτης [ῥ], ου, ό, fem. πύριτις, ιδος, (πύρ) *of or conversant with fire.*

πύρι-τρόφος, ον, (πύρ, τρέφω) *cherishing fire.*

πύρι-φάτος, ον, (πύρ, πέφαται) *slain by fire.*

Πύρι-φλεγέθων, οντος, ό, (πύρ, φλέγω) *one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing.*

πυρι-φλεγής, ές, and πύρι-φλέγων, οντος, ό, (πύρ, φλέγω) *blazing with fire, flaming.*

πύρι-φλεκτος, ον, (πύρ, φλέγω) *burnt or blazing with fire: fiery.*

πυρική, ή, ποίτ. for πυρικήη.

πύρ-καεύς, έως, ό, (πύρ, καίω) *a fire-kindler.*

πυρκαῖά Ion. -νή, ή, (πύρ, καίω) *any place where fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre.* 2. a fire, conflagration. 3. metaph. the flame or fire of love.

II. an olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive.

πυρναῖος, α, ον, (πύρνον) *fit to eat, ripe.*

πύρνον, τό, shortd. for πύρνον (sub. σιτίον), neut. of πύρινος (πύρος), *wheaten bread.* 2. anything fit to eat, food generally.

πύρο-γενής, ές, (πυρός, γενέσθαι) *made from wheat.*

πύροεις, εσσα, εν, (πύρ) *fiery.* II. ό πυροεις the planet Mars, from his fiery colour.

πύροκλοπία, ή, the fire-theft. From

πύρο-κλόπος, ον, (πύρ, κλέπτω) *fire-stealing.*

πύρο-λόγος, ον, (πυρός, λέγω) *reaping wheat.*

πύροπωλέω, f. ήσω, *to deal in wheat.* From

πύρο-πώλης, ον, ό, (πυρός, πωλέω) *a wheat-merchant, corn-merchant.*

πύρορ-ράγής, ές, (πύρ, ραγῆναι) *bursting or splitting in the fire: as Adv. πυροραγές, cracked.*

πύρός, ό, *wheat: in plur. grains of wheat.* (From πύρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?)

πύρο-φόρος, ον, (πύρ, φέρω) *fire-bearing.*

πύρο-φόρος, ον, (πύρος, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρώω, f. ὤσω, (πύρ) *to set on fire, to burn: to burn*

as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. II. to fumigate.

πυρ-πάλαιμάω, f. ἦσω, (πῦρ, παλαμάομαι) to handle fire: to play tricks with fire, play mischievous pranks. πυρ-πάλαιμος, η, ον, (πῦρ, παλάμη) wrought of fire. πυρ-πνῶος, ον, (πῦρ, πνέω) fire-breathing.

πυρπολέω, f. ἦσω, (πυρπόλος) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; πυρπολεῖν τοῖς ἀνθρακας to stir up or fan the fire. II. to waste with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence πυρπόλημα, ατος, τό, a watch-fire, beacon.

πυρ-πόλος, ον, (πῦρ, πολέω) busied with fire: wasting with fire, scorching.

πυρράζω, f. ῶω, (πυρρῶος) to be fiery-red. πυρρίας, ον, δ, (πύρρος) name of a slave, used of the red-haired slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sub. ὄρχησις), ἡ, the Pyrrhic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion: proverb., πυρρίχη βλέπειν 'to look daggers.' (Called from Πύρριχος, the inventor.) [ῥ]

πυρρίχιᾶδος, ἡ, ὄν, (πυρρίχιος) in the Pyrrhic metre. πυρρίχιζω, f. ῶω, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic dance.

πυρρίχιος, δ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrhic dance; πυρρίχιον ὄρχημα the Pyrrhic dance.

II. ποῖς πυρρίχιος a pyrrhic, i. e. a foot consisting of two short syll., as μετὰ, which was much used in the Pyrrhic song: also called παρίαμβος.

πυρρίχιστῆς, οὔ, δ, (πυρρίχιζω) a dancer of the Pyrrhic dance.

πύρριχος, η, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red. πυρρο-γένειος, ον, (πυρρός, γένειος) red-bearded.

πυρρό-θριξ, τρήχος, δ, ἡ, (πυρρός, θρίξ) red-haired. πυρρ-οπίπης [ῖ], ον, δ, (πυρρός, οπιπέω) one that ogles boys, with an allusion to πυρ-οπίπης ogling wheat, i. e. dinner in the Prytanæum.

πυρρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. ἡ, ὄν, old Att. πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῦρ) flame-coloured, red, Lat. rufus, darker than ξανθός: generally, reddish, red, tawny. πυρρό-τρήχος, ον, = πυρρόθριξ.

πυρσαίνω, (πυρσός) to make red, tinge with red. πυρσεύω, (πυρσός) to set on fire, light up with beacon-fires. II. to kindle torches (πυροί), make signals by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρσο-βόλος, ον, (πυρσός, βαλεῖν) fire-shooting. πυρσό-κόμος, ον, (πυρσός, κόμη) red-haired.

πυρσό-νωτος, ον, (πυρσός, νῶτος) red-backed. πυρσός, οὔ, δ: irreg. pl. πυρσά, τά: (πῦρ) a fire-brand, torch. II. a beacon or signal-fire.

πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, old Att. and Dor. for πυρρός. πυρσο-τόκος, ον, (πυρσός, τεκεῖν) fire-producing.

πυρσ-ᾶδης, ες, (πυρσός, εἶδος) like a firebrand, bright-burning. πυρσ-ᾶρος, δ, (πυρσός, ᾶρα) a watchman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορέω, f. ἦσω, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. From

πυρ-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing, charged

with fire: δ Πυρφόρος the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; πυρφόροι οἰστοί arrows with combustibles tied to them. II. θεός πυρφόρος the fire-bearing god, i. e. who produces plague or fever.

III. πυρφόρος, in the Lacedaemonian army, was a priest who kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, ἔδει μηδὲ πυρφόρον περιγενέσθαι it was fated that not even a fire-guarding priest should survive.

πῦρ-ωπίος, οὔ, (πῦρ, ᾧψ) fiery-eyed. πῦρσσις, εως, ἡ, (πυρσός) a setting on fire, burning.

πύστις, εως, ἡ, (πυνθάρομαι) an asking, inquiring, ascertaining: a question. II. what is learnt by asking, news, tidings.

πύσω, fut. of πῦθω. πῦτιζω, f. ῶω, (πῦω) to spurt out water from one's mouth.

πῦτινάω, α, ον, plaited with willows. From ΠΥΤΙΝΗ, ἡ, a flask covered with plaited willow twigs. [ῖ]

πῦτισμα, ατος, τό, (πυτίζω) that which one spits out. πω Ion. κω, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, hitherto, mostly with negat. II. πῶ; Sicilian for ποῦ; as interrog. where?

ΠΩΤΩΝ, ἄνος, δ, the beard; πάγων πυρός a beard or tail of fire. Hence

πωγωνίας, ον, δ, bearded; ἀστήρ πωγωνίας a bearded star, i. e. a comet.

πωγωνίον, τό, Dim. of πάγων, a little beard. πωγωνο-φόρος, ον, (πάγων, φέρω) wearing a beard.

πῶεα, τά, pl. nom. of πῶῦ. πῶλεα, ἡ, (παλέω) a breeding of foals.

πῶλομαι Ion. πῶλεμαι, whence part. πῶλεύμενος, impf. πῶλεύμην; also Ion. 3 sing. impf. πῶλέσκετο: fut. πῶλήσομαι: Dep.:—Frequent. of πῶλέω, to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place: c. gen., ἀγγελεῖν πῶλέεσθαι to go on a message. II. to pursue a walk or line of life.

πῶλεύμην, .Er. for ἐπωλύμην, impf. of πῶλομαι. πῶλευσις, ἡ, (πῶλεύω) horse-breaking.

πῶλεω, ἡ, (πῶλος) to break in a young horse. πῶλέω, Ion. impf. πῶλέσκον: f. ἦσω; (*πῶλώω, which occurs in ἐμ-πῶλόμαι):—to sell, opp. to ἀνεῖ-

σθαι πῶλεῖν πρὸς τινα to deal with one:—πῶλεῖν τέλη, to let out the taxes, Lat. locare:—Pass. to be sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; cf. πῶράσσω.

πῶλης, ον, δ, (πῶλέω) a seller, dealer. πῶλησις, ἡ, (πῶλέω) a selling, sale.

πῶλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warehouse, shop. II. the place where the taxes were let to the highest bidder: see πῶλητής.

πῶλητής, οὔ, δ, (πῶλέω) a seller, dealer. II. at Athens the πῶληταί were ten officers, who used to let out (ἐπῶλου, Lat. locabant) the taxes and other revenues to the highest bidders.

πωλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῶλος) of foals or fillies: generally,

of or for horses; ἀπήνη *πωλική* a chariot drawn by horses.

II. poet. *virgin, maidenly.*

πωλιον, τό, Dim. of πῶλος, a pony.

πωλοδαμνέω, f. ἦσω, to break young horses. 2. metaph. to train up, rear. From

πωλο-δάμνης, ου, ὁ, (πῶλος, δαμάω) a horse-breaker.

πωλο-μάχος, ου, ὁ, (πῶλος, μάχομαι) fighting on horseback or in a chariot. [ᾶ]

Πῶ-ΛΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a foal, whether colt or filly: generally, a young animal. II. poet. as fem. a young girl, maiden, like μάχος, πόρτις, Lat. *juvencula*: more rarely as masc. a young man, a son.

πῶλυ-πος, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for πολύπους.

πῶμα, ατος, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.)

πῶμα, ατος, τό, (ΠΟ—Root of some tenses of πίνω) a drink, a draught, potion.

πῶ-μέλαδ, Adv. for πῶς μάλα; how in the world? hence in Att. without any question, = οὐδαμῶς, not the least, by no means.

πῶ-ποτε, (πω, ποτέ) ever yet, mostly with a negat. πῶρίνος, η, ου, (πῶρος) made of tufa or tuff-stone.

πῶρος, ὁ, tuff-stone, Lat. *topbus*, Ital. *tufa*, friable and porous.

πῶρω, f. ὠσω, (πῶρος) to petrify, turn into stone. II. generally, to barden, make callous.

III. metaph. in Pass. to become barded or callous, of the heart.

πῶρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πῶρω) a turning into stone: metaph. from Pass. παρῶμαι, hardness of heart, callousness.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, interrog. Adv. how? in what way or manner? Lat. *quomodo*? in Att. sometimes c. genit., πῶς ἀγάνως ἤκομεν; how are we come off in the contest?

II. at the beginning of a speech, How now? πῶς γάρ ..; as if something had gone before, How should that be, for it cannot be that ..? so also πῶς δῆ; πῶς γάρ δῆ;

III. πῶς ἄν with the opt. expresses a wish, O how might I ..? would that I could! πῶς ἂν δλοίμην; would that I could perish!

IV. καὶ πῶς; introducing an objection, yet how can that be? but how?

V. πῶς οὐ; Lat. *quidni*? why not? certainly. VI. πῶς δοκεῖς; how think you? i. e. you cannot think how.

πω Ion. κως, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, by any means, Lat. *aliquo modo*.

(Strictly speaking, πῶς is Adv. of *πῶς; quis? whence ποῦ, πω, ποί, etc.)

πωτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ep. for πέτομαι, ποτάομαι, to fly. Hence

πῶτημα, ατος, τό, flight.

Πῶ-ΥΤ, εος, τό, pl. πῶεα, τά, a flock of sheep, with or without οἶων, opp. to βοῶν ἀγέλαι.

P

P, ρ, ρῶ, τό, indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek Alphabet: as numeral ρ' = 100, but ρ = 100,000.

Dialectic changes of ρ: I. Aeol. at the end of words σ passed into ρ, as, οὔτορ μάρτυρ for οὔτος μάρτυς: so in Lat. *arbor arbos, honor bonos*.

II. in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. ρσ passed into ρρ, as ἄρρην θάρρος, for ἄρσην θάρσος.

III. Att., ρ was often put for λ, as κρίβανος ναύκραπος σιγηρός, for κλίβανος ναύκληρος σιγηρός.

IV. in Poets, ρ is transposed, as κάρτος Ep. for κράτος, θάρσος for θράσος.

V. ρ is doubled after a Prep. or a privat., and commonly after the augment, as ἀπορ-ρίπτω, ἀρρωστός, ἔρριψε.

VI. ρ at the beginning of a word sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg. word long by position, as, ψυχρῆ ὑπὸ βιπῆς, σπείδεν ἀπὸ βύτηρος.

VII. ρ was called by the ancients *littera canina*,—*irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plurima dicat*, Lucil.

ρά, enclit. Particle, Ep. for ἄρα, q. v. [ᾶ]

ΡΑ or ρᾶ, Adv. easily: see βέα, βεία.

ραββί, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, *Rabb-i*, i. e. *my master*:—so also ραββονί or ραββουί, ὁ, *Rabb-oni*, *my master*, a term of higher honour than *Rabb-i*.

ραββίζω, f. σω, (ράβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel: to thrash out corn.

ραββιον, τό, Dim. of ράβδος, a small wand.

ραββονομέω, f. ἦσω, to sit as umpire. From

ραβδο-νόμος, ου, (ράβδος, νέμω) holding a rod or wand: as Subst., ραβδονόμος, ὁ, = ραβδοῦχος, the Roman Lictor.

ΡΑΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, a rod, wand, stick, switch. 2. a magic wand, as that of Circe or Hermes.

3. a fish-bing-rod. 4. a spear-staff or shaft. 5. a wand or staff of office: a sceptre. 6. in pl. ράβδου are the fasces of the Roman lictors.

ραβδουχέω, f. ἦσω, (ραβδοῦχος) to carry a rod or wand of office. 2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor:—Pass. to be attended by lictors. Hence

ραβδουχία, ἡ, the office of lictor.

ραβδ-ούχος, ου, (ράβδος, ἔχω) carrying a rod:—as Subst., ραβδοῦχος, ὁ, one who bears a staff of office, a judge, umpire. 2. a magistrate's attendant, a sort of constable or beadle:—at Rome, a lictor.

ραβδο-φόρος, ου, = ραβδοῦχος.

ραβδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ράβδος) striped, streaked, Lat. *virgatus*.

ράγνας, ἀδος, ἡ, (ραγνήν) a rent, cink.

ράγνηνα, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ράγνυμι.

ραγδαίος, α, ου, (ράσσω) tearing, furious.

ραγίζω, f. ἴσω, (ράξ) to gather grapes.

ράγω-λόγος, ου, (ράξ, λέγω) gathering berries or grapes.

ραδιάνκη, ἡ, Persian name for a black ill-smelling petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.

ΡΑΔΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. βραδινός, ἄ, ὄν, slender: taper, slim, delicate, tender.

ράδιος, α, ου, Att. also ος, ου, Ion. ρηιδίος, η, ου [ῤ], or ρηιδίος, η, ου (ῤῆ, βέα, βεία), easy, easy to make or do; οἶμος ρηιδίη an easy road: ε. inf., τάφρος ῤηιδίη περῆσαι a trench easy to cross:—also light,

simple, little-beeded. II. of persons, easy, ready, willing to oblige, complaisant, affable, Lat. *facilis, commodus*.

2. in bad sense, *heedless, reckless*.—The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root ῥα:—Comp. ῥάων, neut. ῥάων Ion. ῥήων, ῥήων Ep. ῥήιτρος contr. ῥάτερος:—Sup. ῥάστος, ἡ, *ov* Ion. ῥήιστος Dor. ῥάιστος Ep. ῥήιτατος.

ῥαδιουργέω, f. ἥσω, (ῥαδιουργός) to do with ease. II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, recklessly: to misbehave. 2. to lead an easy, lazy life.

Hence

ῥαδιουργήμα, τό, a thoughtless, reckless action: and ῥαδιουργία, ἡ, doing or acting easily, a ready way of doing a thing, facility. II. in bad sense, recklessness. 2. indolence, laziness.

ῥαδι-ουργός, ὄν, (ῥάδιος, ἔργον) doing things easily, readily. II. in bad sense, acting lightly or carelessly, thoughtless, reckless.

ῥάδιος Ep. and Ion. ῥηιδίως, Adv. of ῥάδιος, easily, lightly, readily; ῥάδιως φέρειν to bear lightly, make light of a thing.

ῥαθάμιγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (ῥαίνω) a drop. II. of solids, a grain, bit.

ῥαῦ-πυγίζω, (ῥάσσω, πυγή) to slap one on the back.

ῥαθυμέω, f. ἥσω, (ῥάθυμος) to be easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. to slacken work, be idle.

Hence

ῥαθυμία, ἡ, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, carelessness. II. a taking things easily, indifference, sluggishness, laziness. III. relaxation, amusement, pastime.

ῥά-θυμος, ὄν, (ῥάδιος, θυμός) easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. sluggish, lazy, slothful. Hence

ῥαθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly; ῥαθύμως φέρειν to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing.

ῥαιβό-κράνος, ὄν, (ῥαιβός, κράνιον) crook-beaded.

ῬΑΙΒΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked, bent, bandy.

ῥαιβο-σκελής, ἐς, (ῥαιβός, σκέλος) crook-legged.

ῥαίτω Ion. ῥηίτω, f. ἴσω, (ῥάδιος) to grow easy: to find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

ῬΑΙΝΩ, fut. ῥάνω: aor. I ἔρραινα Ep. ῥάφα: Pass. aor. 2 ἔρρασαν (as if from *ῥά(ω)): pf. pass. ἔρρασμαι (also from *ῥά(ω), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. ἔρραδαται, -ατο:—to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph. to bedew, besprinkle, bespatter.

ῥαισμέναι, Ep. for ῥαίσειν, fut. inf. of ῥαίω.

ῥαίση, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of ῥαίω.

ῥαιστήρ, ἦπος, ὄ, (ῥαίω) a breaker, crusher: a hammer.

ῬΑΙΩ, f. σω: aor. I ἔρραισα:—to break, smash, shiver, shatter:—Pass. to be shivered, shattered, crushed. II. to crush, destroy:—Pass. to be broken down, crushed.

ῥακά, ὄ, a worthless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.)

ῥάκιον, τό, Dim. of ῥάκος, a rag, shred, patch: in plur., rags. [ᾶ]

ῥάκιο-συρραπτάδης, ὄν, ὄ, (ῥάκιον, συρραπτάω) a rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

ῥάκό-δύτος, ὄν, (ῥάκος, δύω) clad in rags: ragged.

ῥάκεις, εσσα, ἐν, ragged, tattered. II. wrinkled.

From

ῬΑΚΟΣ [ᾶ], εος, τό, a ragged, tattered garment: in plur. ῥάκεια, ῥάκη, rags, tatters: generally, a strip or sbred of cloth. 2. in plur. wrinkles.

3. metaph., σώματος ῥάκος a sbred of life, of an old man.

ῥακόω, f. ὦσω, (ῥάκος) to tear in strips. Hence ῥάκωμα, ατος, τό, = ῥάκος, a rag: in pl. rags. [ᾶ]

ῬΑΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, a thorn or prickly shrub. Hence

Ῥαμνοῦς, οἶντος, ὄ, Rhamnús, a demus or borough in Attica: properly contr. from ῥαμνοῦεις, εσσα, ἐν, thorny. Hence

Ῥαμνούσιος, α, ὄν, of Rhamnús: ἡ Ῥαμνουσία, the Rhamnúsian goddess, name of Nemesis from her temple at Rhamnús.

ῬΑΜΦΟΣ, εος, τό, the crooked beak of birds, esp. of birds of prey: a beak, bill.

ῥάινω, ἴδος, ἡ, (ῥαίνω) anything sprinkled: a drop of rain, etc.

ῥαντήριος, α, ὄν, (ῥαίνω) sprinkled: reeking.

ῥαντίζω, f. σω, (ῥαίνω) to sprinkle, moisten: hence to cleanse by sprinkling.

ῥαντισμός, ὄ, (ῥαντίζω) a sprinkling, purification.

ῥάξ, gen. ῥάγος, ἡ, a grape; cp. Lat. *racemus*.

ῥᾶον, neut. of ῥάων, often used as comp. Adv., more easily.

ῥάωνος, Adv. of ῥάων, more easily.

ῥάπιζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ῥεράπισμαι:—to strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel. II. to slap in the face, box on the ear, cuff.

ῥάπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ῥάβδος) a rod, stick.

ῥάπισμα, ατος, τό, (ῥάπιζω) a blow with the palm of the hand, a slap on the face, cuff.

ῥαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥάπτω) sewn, stitched, patched: generally, strung together. II. worked with the needle, embroidered; ῥαπτή σφαῖρα a ball patched of divers colours.

ῬΑΠΤΩ, f. ῥάψω: aor. I ἔρραψα Ep. ῥάφα: Pass. aor. 2 ἔρρασαν [ᾶ]: pf. ἔρραμαι:—to sew or stitch together:—Med. to stitch, sew, patch for oneself.

III. later, to work with the needle, embroider. II. metaph. to devise, contrive, concert, plot:—proverb., τοῦτο τὸ ὑπόδημα ἔρραψας μὲν σὺ, ὑπεδήσατο δὲ Ἀρισταγόρης this shoe you indeed stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i. e. you planned the plot, but he executed it. IV. to link or string together.

Ῥάριος, α, ὄν, from *Raros, Rarian*: Ῥάριον (sub. πῆδιον), τό, the *Rarian plain* near Eleusis, sacred to Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called Ῥαρία. From

Ῥάρος, ὄν, ὄ, *Raros*, father of Triptolemus.

ῥάσσετε, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ῥαίνω (as if from *ῥά(ω)).

‘ΡΑ΄ΣΣΩ, f. ξω; aor. I ἔρραξα:—like ἀράσσω, to strike, smite, dash down: akin to Ion. ῥήσσω, ῥήγνυμι. ῥάστα, neut. pl. of ῥάστος, as Adv., most easily. ῥάστος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of ῥάδιος, contr. of ῥάιστος, most easy.

ῥαστῶνεις, = ῥαθυμέω, to be idle, listless. From ῥαστώνη Ion. ῥηστώνη, ἡ, (ῥάστος) easiness of doing anything, facility. II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. *facilitas*; ἐκ ῥαστώνης τῆς Δημοκρίδους from kindness to Democedes. III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing: absol. *rest, leisure, ease: indolence*.

ῥάτερος, α, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy. ῥάφᾶνιδόω, (ῥαφάνης) to punish as an adulterer. ῥάφάνης, ἴδος, ἡ, the radish, Lat. *rapbanus*. From ‘ΡΑ΄ΦΑ΄ΝΟΣ, ἡ, cabbage. [ῥά] ῥάφεις, έως, ὁ, (ῥάπτω) a stitcher, sewer. II. metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner. ῥάφή, ἡ, (ῥάπτω) a seam; ῥαφή κρανίου the suture of the skull.

ῥάφῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ῥάπτω. ῥάφιδεύς, έως, ἡ, = ῥαφεύς. ῥάφης Dor. ῥαπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ῥάπτω) a needle, pin. ῥάχια Ion. ῥηχλή, ἡ, (ῥάσσω) like ῥηγμίν, the breaking of the sea on the shore, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to ἀμπωτίς the ebb: generally, a high tide, flood. II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break. 2. a mountain-ridge.

ῥάχιζω, f. ἴσω, (ῥάχης) to cut through the spine: to cleave in twain, bend in pieces. ῥάχης [ᾶ], gen. ιος Att. εως, ἡ, the back of men or animals, the spine: also the backbone, Lat. *spina dorsi*; ὑπὸ ῥάχιν παγῆναι to be impaled. II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

ῥαχός Ion. ῥηχός, ov, ἡ, a thorn-bush, briar. 2. a thorn-bedge. 3. a thorn-stick, a twig. ῥάψαι, aor. I inf. of ῥάπτω. ῥαψωδέω, f. ἴσω: (ῥαψωδός):—to recite poems:—Pass. of the poems, to be recited. 2. to repeat by heart or rote, declaim: to reiterate, keep saying that . . . II. c. acc. pers., to sing of one. Hence ῥαψωδία, ἡ, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

ῥαψωδός, ὁ, (ῥάπτω, ψῶδη) one who stitches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodist; sometimes of the bard who recited his own poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called *rhapsodies*, i. e. *lays* or *cantos*, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called *ῥαψωδὸς κίων*, from proposing her riddle.

ῥάων, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy. ῥέα, Ep. Adv. for ῥά (whence ῥάδιος), easily, lightly. [ο υ] or also contr. as one long syll.]

‘Ρέα, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. ‘Ρετή or ‘Ρέη, *Rhea*, wife of Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos. from ἔρα, *Earth*?)

‘ΡΕΤΚΩ, f. βέγγω, to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

‘ΡΕΤΟΣ, εος, τό, = ῥήγος, a rug, coverlet.

ῥέγγω, = βέγγω, q. v.

ῥέδη, ἡ, a wagon, from the Lat. *rbeda*.

ῥέεθρον, τό, Ion. and poet. for βέεθρον, a stream.

‘ΡΕ΄Ω, Ion. impf. βέεσκον: fut. βέξω: aor. I ἔρεξα and ἔρρεξα: of Pass. only aor. I βεχθῆναι is used:—like ἔρδω, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit., to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. acc. to do something to one: also c. Adv., κακῶς βέξειν τινά to maltreat one. II. ἱερὰ βέξειν θεῷ to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. *sacra facere*: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. *operari, facere*.

‘ΡΕ΄ΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb. II. the face, countenance.

ῥέα, another Ep. form of βέα, Adv. of ῥάδιος, easily, lightly, carelessly.

‘Ρετή, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ‘Ρέα.

ῥέεθρον, τό, Att. contr. from Ion. βέεθρον, (ῥέω) a river, stream. 2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream.

ῥέκτηρα, ἡ, fem. of βεκτήρ.

ῥεκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ῥέξω) a doer, agent.

ῥέμβομαι, Dep. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

ῥέξαι, βέξας, aor. I inf. and part. of βέξω.

ῥέος, τό, (ῥέω) a stream.

‘ΡΕ΄ΠΩ, f. ψω, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. *vergere, inclinare*: hence simply to fall or turn downwards. 2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh. 3. of persons, to incline towards a thing. 4. of duties, to fall or devolve upon one. 5. of events, to incline, fall, happen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards . . . II. trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: hence in Pass., ἴσως βέπεσθαι to be equally balanced or poised.

ῥεῦσιπώμενος, pf. pass. part. of ῥυπόω.

ῥεῦμα, ατος, τό, (ῥέω) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood or tide of men. 2. a flood.

ῥεύσομαι, fut. of ῥέω, to flow.

ῥεχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of βέξω.

*‘ΡΕ΄Ω, to say, root of some tenses given under ἔρῶ, εἶπον.

‘ΡΕ΄Ω, f. βεύσομαι: Att. fut. βύησομαι and aor. 2 ἔρρην, in pass. form but with act. sense: pf. ἔρρηκα:—to flow, run, stream, gush; ῥέειν αἷματι γαῖα the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognato, βέτω χάρα γάλα, μέλι let the land flow with milk, honey; ῥέειν ἀπὸ χιόνος to flow from melted snow. 2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glibly. 3. to fall, drop off. 4. to flow or melt away. II. trans. to let flow, make stream, pour.

ῥήγμα, ατος, τό, (ῥήγνυμι) a fracture, breakage, crash, downfall.

ῥηγμίν or -μῆς, gen. ἴνος, ὁ, (ῥήγνυμι) the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf. 2. metaph. the verge or edge of a thing.

ῤΗΤΝΤ ΜΙ or -ύα: 3 sing. impf. ῥήγνυσκε, Ion. for ἔρρηγνυ: fut. ῥήξω: aor. I ἔρρηξα: pf. 2 ἔρρωγα (in the sense of the Pass.):—Med., f. ῥήξομαι: Ep. aor. I ῥήξάμην:—Pass.: fut. 2 ῥάγῃσομαι: aor. I ἔρρηχθην, more usu. aor. 2 ἔρρωγην [ᾗ]: pf. ἔρρηγμα:—to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces, shiver, shatter: of garments, to tear, rend, esp. in sign of grief. 2. as a term of war, to break a line of battle; τὸ μέσον ῥήξαι to break through the centre:—also in Ion., ῥήξασθαι στίχας to break oneself a way through the ranks:—also absol. both in Act. and Med., ῥήξαι, ῥήξασθαι, to break or force one's way through.

3. to let break loose, to uncabin, let loose; ῥήξαι φωνήν to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's *rumpere vocem*: no, ῥήξαι βροντήν to let loose the thunder; ῥήξαι δάκρυα to burst into tears. 4. in form ῥήσωα, absol. to beat the ground, to dance. 5. of boxers, to fell, knock down. II. Pass. to break, burst: to break asunder: to break open, yawn, as the earth in an earthquake. 2. to burst forth, like lightning. 3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered. III. intr. chiefly in pf. ἔρρωγα, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks:—metaph. to burst or gush forth.

ῥήγνυσκε, Ion. for ἔρρηγνυ, 3 sing. impf. of ῥήγνυμι. ῤΗΓΟΣ, εος, τό, a rug or blanket, used as a coverlet for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment. ῥήδιος, η, ον, Ion. contr. from ῥηλίδιος, easy. ῥηθεός, aor. I part. pass. of ἔρέω, ἐρῶ: ῥηθῆναι inf. ῥηλίδιος, η, ον, Ion. for ῥάδιος, easy. ῥήστος, η, ον, Ion. for ῥάστος, Sup. of ῥάδιος. ῥηίτατος, η, ον, Ep. Sup. of ῥάδιος. ῥηίτερος, η, ον, Ep. Comp. of ῥάδιος. ῥηκτός, η, ὄν, (ῥήγνυμι) broken, rent: to be broken or rent, vulnerable, made of penetrable stuff.

ῥήμα, ατος, τό, (*ῥέω=ἐρῶ) that which is said or spoken, a word, saying, expression, phrase. 2. also the thing spoken of, a thing. II. in Gramm. a Verb, opp. to ὄνομα (a noun). ῥημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ῥήμα, a little word, a pet phrase.

ῤΗΝ, ἡ, gen. ῥηνός, acc. ῥήνα, a sheep, lamb. ῥηνο-φορέυς, ὁ, (ῥήν, ἔφρω) wearing sheepskin. ῥήξαι, ῥήξας, aor. I inf. and part. of ῥήγνυμι. ῥηίτηνορία, ἡ, might to break through ranks of warriors. From

ῥηξέ-ἄνωρ, οπος, ὁ, (ῥήγνυμι, ἀνήρ) breaking through ranks of warriors.

ῥηξέ-κλέυθος, ον, (ῥήγνυμι, κλέυθος) forcing a path, clearing the way.

ῥηξέ-νοος, ον, (ῥήγνυμι, νόος) breaking the spirit. ῥήξις, εως, ἡ, (ῥήγνυμι) a breaking. II. a rent, cleft. 2. a bursting or breaking forth of the entrails of victims.

ῥήσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (*ῥέω=ἐρῶ) a saying, speaking; a word, speech; καταπλέξει τὴν ῥήσιν to bring one's speech to an end. II. a tale, legend. III. an expression or passage in an author, a speech in a play. ῥήσσω, rarer collat. form of ῥήγνυμι; ῥήσσειν τύμπα να to beat drums. 2. absol. to strike the earth in dancing, to dance, Lat. *tripudiare*. ῥηστῶνη, ἡ, Ion. for ῥαστῶνη. ῥητέον, verb. Adj. of *ῥέω, one must say. ῥητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*ῥέω=ἐρῶ) like ῥήτωρ, a speaker. ῥητορεύω, f. σω, (ῥήτωρ) to be a public speaker, practise oratory, speak in public:—Pass., of a speech, to be spoken. ῥητορικῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥήτωρ) fit for a public speaker or public speaking, oratorical, rhetorical:—ἡ ῥητορικῆ (sub. τέχνη), rhetoric, the art of speaking. ῥητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *ῥέω=ἐρῶ, said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. *ratus*; ἐπὶ ῥητοῖς γέραςι with specified prerogatives; ἐπὶ ῥητοῖσι on set terms. 2. spoken of, known, famous. ῥήτρα Ion. ῥήτηρ, ἡ, (*ῥέω=ἐρῶ) a word, saying, maxim. 2. an unwritten law, whence the laws of Lycurgus were called ῥήτραι. 3. a verbal agreement, covenant. ῥήτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (*ῥέω=ἐρῶ) a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. *orator*. II. a rhetorician, Lat. *rhetor*.

ῥητῶς, Adv. of ῥητός, in express terms. ῥηχίη, ἡ, Ion. for ῥαχία. ῥηχός, ἡ, Ion. for ῥάχος. ῥιγεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὄς, ὄν, making one shudder, chilling; ῥιγεδανῆ Ἑλένη Helen at whose name one shudders. From

ῥιγέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐπρίγησα Ep. ῥίγησα: pf. ἐπρίγει, Dor. 3 pl. ἐπρίγαντι (for -ᾶσι), Ep. 3 sing. subj. ἐπρίγησι, Ep. dat. part. ἐπρίγοντι, in pres. sense: (ῥίγος):—to shiver or shudder with cold: metaph. to shudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to shudder or fear to do a thing. 2. to grow cold, cool, slacken in zeal. II. trans. c. acc. to shudder at anything. Hence

ῥιγέων, ὄν, making one shiver, chilling. ῥιγιον, Comp. Adv. formed from ῥίγος, more chilly. II. metaph. more horribly. ῥίγιστος, η, ον, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. ῥίγιον) from ῥίγος, most chilly. II. metaph. most horrible. ῥίγο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (ῥίγος, μάχομαι) fighting with frost or cold. [ᾗ]

ῤΙΤΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. *FRIGUS*, frost, cold. II. shivering from cold, shuddering, Lat. *horror*. ῥιγῶα, f. ἴσωα, (ῥίγος) like ῥιγέω, to be cold, shiver from frost or cold, be chilled.—This Verb sometimes

contracts into *ω* instead of *ου* (as if it were *ρίζω*), as, part. *ρίζων*, *ρίζωσα*, dat. *ρίζωντι*; also opt. *ρίζωην*.

ΡΙΨΑ, a root: in plur. the roots: metaph. the roots of the eye; the roots or foundations of the earth, of a mountain, etc. II. that from which anything springs; metaph. a root, stem, stock of a family, Lat. *stirps*: a race, family. 2. the root or origin of anything.

ρίζιον, τό, Dim. of *ρίζα*, a little root.
ρίζοθεν, Adv. (*ρίζα*) from the root or roots.
ρίζο-τομός, όν, (*ρίζα*, *τεμείνω*) cutting roots, esp. for purposes of medicine or witchcraft.

ρίζω, f. *ώσω*: pl. pass. *ἐρίζωμαι*: (*ρίζα*):—to make strike root, plant: metaph. to plant, fix firmly; *τυραννίς ἐρίζωμένη* a firmly rooted tyranny:—Pass., of trees and plants, to take root: also to be rooted or made fast. II. in Pass. also, of a place, to be planted with trees.

ρίζωμα, ατος, τό, (*ρίζω*) a root: II. metaph. a root, stem, stock, race, lineage.

ρίζ-ώρυχος, ον, (*ρίζα*, *ορύσσω*) digging for roots.
ρικνός, ή, όν, (*ρίγος*) stiff or stark with cold: withered, shrivelled.

ρικν-ώδης, es, (*ρικνός*, *είδος*) shrivelled-looking.
ρίμβη, Adv. (*ρίπτω*) lightly, swiftly, fleetly.
ρίμφ-άρματος, ον, (*ρίμφα*, *άρμα*) of a swift chariot; *ρίμφάρματοι* *ἄμμιλλαι* swift racing of chariots.

ρίν, ή, later form for *ρίς*.
ρίνώω, f. *ήσω*, to file down or off: Pass. to be filed off: to be the result of filing. From

ΡΙΝΗ, ή, a file, rasp. [7]
ρίνηλατέω, f. *ήσω*, to track by the nose, follow by scent, hunt down. From

ρίν-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (*ρίς*, *ἐλαίνω*) one who tracks by the nose or scent.

ρίνó-βολος, ον, (*ρίς*, *βάλλω*) forced through the nostril, snorting.

ρίνόν, τό, a hide, skin. 2. an ox-hide, a shield.

ΡΙΝΟΣ, ου, ό and ή, the skin of a man. II. the hide of a beast, esp. an ox-hide: a wolf's skin. 2. an oxhide shield.

ρίνο-τόπος, ον, (*ρίνός*, *τορέω*) piercing shields.

ΡΙΟΝ, τό, the peak of a mountain. 2. the end of a promontory, a beadland, forehead.

ρίπτεσι, Ep. pl. dat. of *ρίψ*.

ρίπή, ή, (*ρίπτω*) the force with which a thing is thrown, rushing motion, flight, sweep, swing, Lat. *impetus*; *μήπι πυρός* the rush or blast of fire. 2.

a rustling sound, flapping, fluttering of wings; the buzzing of a gnat; also the quivering notes of a lyre: of time, a twinkling of the eye. 3. any quivering motion, a quivering or twinkling light, as of stars:—also the quick glancing of feet.

ρίπιζω, f. *ίσω*, (*ρίπις*) to blow up or fan the flame, Lat. *conflare*.

ρίπις, ίδος, ή, (*ρίπή*) a fan for raising the fire, used for bellows. 2. a lady's fan.

ρίπισμα, ατος, τό, (*ρίπιζω*) the air or wind of a fan.
ρίπος, (*ρίψ*) a mat or wicker burdle.

ρίπτάζω, f. *άσω*, Frequentative of *ρίπτω*, to throw to and fro, throw or toss about, Lat. *jactare*:—Pass. to toss oneself about.

ρίπτασκον, Ion. impf. of *ρίπτω*.
ρίπτέω, a form of *ρίπτω*, used only in pres. and impf. to throw or toss about.

ρίπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of *ρίπτω*, thrown, cast, hurled; *ρίπτός μόρος* death by being thrown down a precipice.

ΡΙΠΤΩ f. *ρίψω*: aor. I *ἐρριψα* Ep. *έίψα*: pf. *ἐρριψα*: Pass., fut. I *ρίψθήσομαι*, fut. 2 *ρίψήσομαι*, paullo-p. fut. *ἐρρίψομαι*: aor. I *ἐρρίφθην*, and aor. 2 *ἐρρίφην* [7]: pf. *ἐρριμμαί*: Ep. 3 sing. plarf. *ἐρέριπτο*:—to throw, cast, hurl; *ρίπτειν χρονίω* to throw on the ground: to cast a net, *ἐρριπται ό βόλος* the cast has been made. 2. to cast out. 3. to cast away: to throw away, waste. 4. to throw about. 5. to throw forth, let drop, utter, of words; *ρίπτειν τί τινοσ* to throw a thing at one. 6. to cast down; *β. εαυτόν*. 7. *ρίπτειν κίνδυνον* to make a venture or hazard, run a risk. II. intr. to throw or cast oneself, to fall.

ΡΙΣ, ή, gen. *ρίνός*, acc. *ρίνα*: plur. *ρίνες*, Ion. gen. *ρίνέων*:—the nose:—in pl. the nostrils, Lat. *nares*.
ρίσθεις, *ρίψεις*, aor. I and 2 pass. part. of *ρίπτω*.

ΡΙΨ, ή, gen. *ρίψός*, mat-work of osiers or rushes, wicker-work: a mat, or wicker burdle, Lat. *crates*.
ρίψα, Ep. for *ἐρριψα*, aor. I of *ρίπτω*.

ρίψ-ασπις, ίδος, ό, ή, (*ρίπτω*, *ασπίς*) throwing away a shield in battle, a dastard, recreant.

ρίψις, εως, ή, (*ρίπτω*) a throwing: a casting. II. a being thrown, falling.

ρίψο-κίνδυνος, ον, (*ρίπτω*, *κίνδυνος*) running needless risk, foolhardy; see *ρίπτω* 7.

ρίψ-οπλος, ον, (*ρίπτω*, *οπλον*) throwing away one's arms, panic-struck.

ρόα, ή, see *ροία*.

ροδάνη, ή, the thread spun, woof, weft. From

ροδάνός, ή, όν, (*κραδία*) waving, quivering.

ροδέα contr. *ροδέη*, ή, (*ρόδον*) a rose-bush, rose-tree.

ρόδεος, α, ον, (*ρόδος*) of roses, Lat. *roseus*.
ροδέη, ή, contr. for *ροδέα*.

ρόδίνος, η, ον, (*ρόδον*) made or twined of roses.

Ρόδιος, α, ον, (*Ρόδος*) Rhodian, of or from Rhodus.

ροδο-δάκτυλος, ον, (*ρόδον*, *δάκτυλος*) rosy-fingered.

ροδο-ειδής, ές, (*ρόδον*, *είδος*) rosy-like, rosy.

ροδοείς, εσσα, εν, (*ρόδος*) of roses.

ροδο-κισσος, ό, (*ρόδον*, *κισσός*) rose-ivy.

ροδο-μηλον Dor. —*μαλον*, τό, (*ρόδον*, *μήλον*) a rose-apple: metaph. a rosy cheek.

ΡΟΔΟΝ, τό, the rose, Lat. *rosa*.
ροδο-πηχυσ Dor. —*παχυσ*, υ, gen. vos, (*ρόδον*, *πηχυσ*) rosy-armed.

ροδο-πνοος, ον contr. —*πνοος*, ουν, (*ρόδον*, *πνέω*) breathing of roses.
Ρόδος, ου, ή, the island of Rhodes, Lat. *Rhodus*.

ῥοδόχρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (ῥόδον, χρώς) rose-coloured, of rose complexion.

ῥοδονία, ἡ, (ῥόδον) a rose-bed, garden of roses, rosary, Lat. rosarium.

ῥοή Dor. ῥοά, ἡ, (ῥέω) a river, stream, current, flow; ἀμπέλου ῥοή the juice of the grape;—metaph., ῥοαί streams of events, the tide of affairs.

ῥοθεῖω, f. ἤσω, (ῥόθος) to dash, splash, esp. of the stroke of oars. 2. to murmur, sound hoarse or loud.

ῥοθιάζω, f. ἄσω, (ῥόθιος) to dash with the oar. 2. of pigs eating, to make a guttling noise.

ῥόθιος, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of ῥόθιος, roaring, dashing. ῥόθια, τό, a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf. 2. a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar. Properly neut. from

ῥόθος, ον, also α, ον, (ῥόθος) rusbing, roaring, dashing.

ῥΟΨΘΟΣ, ὁ, a rusbing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars; ἐξ ἐνὸς ῥόθου with one stroke, all in time. 2. a hoarse or tumultuous noise, din. II. a rusbing motion. (Formed from the sound.)

ῥοιά or ῥοά Ion. ῥοίη, ἡ, a pomegranate-tree. II. the fruit, a pomegranate.

ῥοιβδέω, f. ἤσω, (ῥοιβδος) to swallow greedily down: also to make rustle.

ῥοιβδήσειεν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ῥοιβδέω.

ῥοιβδησις, ἡ, (ῥοιβδέω) a whistling, piping.

ῥοιβδος, ὁ, any rusbing noise or motion, the whirring or flapping of wings, the rusbing of the wind.

ῥοίλασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ῥοίξω.

ῥοίξω, f. ἤσω, (ῥοίξος) to make a whistling or rusbing sound, whistle, hurtle, wbiz, Lat. stridere. Hence

ῥοίξηδόν, Adv. with a rusbing noise or motion.

ῥοίξημα, ατος, τό, (ῥοίξέω) a rusbing noise or motion, the flapping of wings.

ῥΟΙΖΟΣ, ὁ, Ion. ἡ, any whistling or rusbing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

ῥΟΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked.

ῥομβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥομβέω) spun round like a top, whirled about.

ῥόμβος, ὁ, (ῥέμβω) anything that may be spun or whirled round: a top, Lat. turbo. 2. a magic wheel, Lat. rhombi rota. II. a spinning, whirling motion;

ῥόμβος αἰετοῦ the eagle's wheeling flight. III. a rhombus, i. e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

ῥομβώω, f. ἄσω, to make into the shape of a rhombus.

ῥομβωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥομβώω) panelled in lozenge.

ῥομφαία, ἡ, a large sword or scymitar, used by the Thracians: generally, a sword. (Foreign word.)

ῥόος Att. contr. ῥοῦς, ον, ὁ, (ῥέω) a stream, current; κατὰ ῥοόν, Ep. κὰρ ῥοόν, down stream, with stream; ἀνὰ ῥοόν up stream, against stream.

ῥόπαλον, τό, (ῥέπω) a club, a stick or cudgel which is thicker at one end: a war-club or mace of brass. II. a knocker on a door.

ῥοπή, ἡ, (ῥέπω) inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging: the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale. 2. metaph. the turn of the scale, the critical moment; ἐπὶ ῥοπῆς μῖα ἐστὶ it is just on the turning-point; ῥοπή βίου the turning-point, verge of life.

II. the weight which makes the scale turn; σμικρὰ παλαιὰ σώματα εὐνάξει ῥοπή a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest.

ῥοπτήρον, τό, (ῥέμβω) a club, mace, cudgel. 2. the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse. 3. the knocker on a house-door. 4. a kettle-drum or tambourine.

ῥοῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for ῥόος.

ῥοφέω, f. ἤσσομαι, (ῥόφος), to sup greedily up, gulp or bolt down.

ῥΟΨΘΟΣ, ὁ, a swallowing or gulping down. 2. that which is gulped down.

ῥοχθέω, f. ἤσω, to roar, of the waves. From

ῥΟΧΘΟΣ, ὁ, a roaring, esp. of the sea.

ῥο-ώδης, ἐς, (ῥόος, εἶδος) fluid, liquid: also surging, billowy, rough.

ῥύαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ῥέω) a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rains: a stream of lava.

ῥύατο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι.

ῥύγχ-ελέφας, ατος, ὁ, (ῥύγχος, ελέφας) with an elephant's trunk.

ῥύγχιον, τό, Dim. of ῥύγχος, a snout, muzzle.

ῥύγχος, εος, τό, (ῥύγω) a snout, muzzle, of swine: of birds, a beak, bill, neb.

ῥύδην and ῥύδόν, Adv. (ῥέω) flowingly, abundantly, copiously.

ῥυεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of ῥέω.

ῥυήσσομαι, Att. fut. of ῥέω.

ῥΥΖΩ, to growl, snarl. (Formed from the sound.)

ῥύη, Ep. for ἐρρῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ῥέω.

ῥυθμίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐρρῆμισσομαι: (ῥυθμός): —to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time.

II. generally, to order, arrange, control, train; ᾧδ' ἐρρῆμισσομαι thus have I been controlled.

ῥυθμός Ion. ρυσμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ῥέω) measured motion, time, Lat. numerus, rhytmn, in Prose as well as Verse; ἐν ῥυθμῷ in time, Lat. in numerum; ῥυθμὸν ὑπάγειν to keep time; θάπτονα ῥυθμὸν ἐπάγειν to introduce a quicker time (in playing). II. proportion or symmetry of parts: hence form, shape. III. generally, proportion, arrangement, order, method. 2. the state or condition of anything: of a man, temper, disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing.

ῤΥΚΑΝΗ, ἡ, a plane, Lat. runcina. [ῤ]

ῤῦμα, ατος, τό, (*ῤύω=ἔρῦω) that which is drawn, a drawing; τόξου ῤῦμα the drawing of the bow, i. e. men that draw the bow (the Persians), opp. to λόγχης ἰσχύς the might of the spear (the Greeks); ἐκ τόξου ῤῦματος within bow-shot. II. (ῤύομαι) deliverance, protection.

ῤύμβος, ον, ὁ, Att. for ῤύμβος.

ῤύμη [ῤ], ἡ, (*ῤύω=ἔρῦω) the force, swing, rush of a

body in motion, Lat. *impetus*; *πτερίγων ῥύμη* the *rush of wings*: absol. *an onset, charge, attack*: dat. *ῥύμη* *draw with a wing*, with a *run*. II. a *quarter of a city, street, Lat. vicus*; also a *lane, alley*.
 ῥύμμα, ατος, τό, (ῥύπτω) anything used for washing, soap.

ῥύμος, οὔ, ὁ, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) the *pole of a car*.
 'ΡΥΜΟΜΑΙ: f. ῥύμομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἔρρυσάμην Ep. ἔρυσάμην: aor. 2, 3 sing. ἔρρυστο Ep. ἔρυστο, 3 pl. ἔρρυστο Ep. ῥύομαι; inf. ῥύσθαι: Dep.:—to draw to oneself, draw out of harm's way: hence to rescue, save: c. inf., ῥύσθαι τινα θανεῖν to rescue one from death:—absol. to cure, heal. II. to free, redeem, deliver.

III. to shield, guard, protect, defend: of armour, to shield, cover: also to conceal. IV. to draw back, bold back, check. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ῥύπα, τά, irreg. plur. of ῥύπος.
 ῥύπαινω, f. ἀνώ: aor. I ἔρρῦπᾶνα: (ῥύπος):—to cover with dirt:—Pass. to be or become dirty.

ῥύπαρία, ἡ, dirt, filth. From
 ῥύπαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ῥύπος) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid, mean. Adv. -ῥῶς.

ῥύπᾶω Ep. ῥύπῶω: impf. ἔρρῦπων: (ῥύπος):—to be foul or dirty.

ῥύπτιος, ἔσσα, εν, (ῥύπος) foul, dirty.
 'ΡΥΠΙΟΣ, ὁ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: irreg. pl. ῥύπα, τά, but also regul. ῥύποι, οἱ. II. Att. sealing-wax. [ῥ] Hence

ῥύπῶω, f. ὤσω, pf. pass. ἔρρῦπῶμαι:—to make dirty:—Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

ῥύπῶω, Ep. for ῥύπᾶω.
 ῥυπᾶπαί, a cry of the Athenian rowers, γοβοὶ τὸ ῥυπᾶπαί is put for the rowers, the crew.

ῥύπτω, f. ψω, (ῥύπος) to remove dirt, to cleanse, wash:—Pass. to wash oneself.

ῥύσαινομαι, Pass. (ῥυσός) to be wrinkled.
 ῥύσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of ῥύμομαι.

ῥύσιάζω, f. ὤσω, (ῥύσιον) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property: hence to drag away, carry off by force.

ῥύσι-βωμος, ον, (ῥύμομαι, βωμός) defending altars.
 ῥύσι-διφρος, ον, (ῥύμομαι, δίφρος) preserving the *chariot*.

ῥύσιον [ῥ], τό, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of cattle. II. that which is seized as a pledge or surety, a pledge, security; ῥύσια, τά, pledges entrusted to a god, i. e. suppliants. III. that which is seized by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. ῥύσια, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat. *res repetundae*. 3. in plur., ῥύσια, τά, deliverance.

ῥύσιος, ον, (ῥύμομαι) delivering, rescuing. [ῥ]

ῥύσι-πόλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ῥύμομαι, πόλις) saving the city.

ῥύσι-πόνος, ον, (ῥύμομαι, πόνος) setting free from toil and trouble.

ῥύσις, ἡ, (ῥέω) a flowing: a river, stream. [ῥ]

ῥύσκομαι, collat form of ῥύμομαι, Dep. to save, rescue: hence ῥύσκειν, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

ῥυσμός, ὁ, rarer form for ῥυθμός.
 ῥύσος, ἡ, ὄν, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, sbrivelled.

ῥυστάζω, f. ἄσω, Frequentat. of *ῥύω=ἔρύω, to drag along violently, drag to and fro; πολλά ῥυστάζεσκα (3 sing. Ion. impf.) *περὶ σήμα* he dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence ῥυστακτής, ὄνος, ἡ, a dragging violently: generally, violent treatment or behaviour.

ῥυσ-ώδης, ες, (ῥυσός, εἶδος) wrinkled-looking.

ῥυτ-ἀγωγεύς, εως, ὁ, (*ῥύω, ἀγωγεύς) the rope of a horse's halter.

ῥυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) one who draws or stretches. 2. a rope to draw with, a trace:—the *ibing by which one holds a horse, a rein*; ἀπο ῥυτήρος with loose rein, at full speed. II. (ῥύομαι) a saver, defender, rescuer.

ῥυτίδο-φλοιός, ον, (ῥυτίς, φλοιός) with sbrivelled rind.

ῥυτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) a wrinkle, Lat. *ruga*.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) dragged along. II. as neut. Subst., ῥυτά, τά, poet. for ῥυτήρ, a rein.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (ῥέω) flowing, running, fluid, liquid.

ῥύτωρ [ῥ], ορος, ὁ, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) one who draws; ῥύτωρ τόξου a bowman, archer. II. (ῥύομαι) a saver, deliverer, defender.

ῥύψις, ἡ, (ῥύπτω) a cleansing, purifying.
 *ῤΥΩ, =ἔρύω, to draw, not used in Act.; see ῥύομαι.

ῥωγάλιος, α, ον, (ῥῶξ) broken, rent, torn, ragged.

ῥωγός, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ῥῶξ) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; ῥωγὰς πέτρα a cloven rock.

'Ρωμαϊκός, ἡ, ὄν and 'Ρωμαῖος, α, ον, ('ῤώμη) Roman: as Subst., a Roman. Adv. -κῶς, in Roman fashion. Hence

'Ρωμαῖστί, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language.
 ῥωμᾶλέος, α, ον, (ῥῶμη) strong of body: generally, powerful, mighty, strong.

ῥῶμη, ἡ, (ῥῶμομαι) bodily strength, might: generally, strength, force. II. a force, i. e. army. III.

'ῤώμη, ἡ, روما, Rome.
 ῥῶννῦμι or -ύω, f. ῥῶσω: aor. I ἔρρωσα: (ῥῶμομαι):—to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. II.

Pass. ῥῶννῦμαι, but the pf. ἔρρωμαι is generally used as pres., and the plqpf. ἔρρωμην as impf.: aor. I ἔρρωσθην:—to be strong or vigorous: pf. imperat. ἔρρωσο, fare-well, Lat. *vale*, the usual way of ending a letter; also, φράζω τινὶ ἔρρωσθαι, like Lat. *jubeo valere*:—see ἔρρωμένος.

ῥῶξ, ἡ, gen. ῥῶγός, (ῥήγνυμι) a cleft, narrow passage; ῥῶγες μεγάροιε the narrow entrance of a room.

'ΡΩ'ΟΜΑΙ, 3 pl. impf. ἔρρωντο Ep. ῥῶοντο: 3 pl. aor. I ἔρρωσαντο: Dep.:—to move violently, to dart or rush on; ῥῶεσθαι *περὶ πύρην* to move rapidly round the pyre; c. acc. cognato, *χορὸν ἔρρωσαντο*

they plied the lusty dance; of hair, ἔρρωντο μετὰ πνοιῆς ἀνέμοιο it streamed on the wind.

ῥωπήιον τό, (ῥώψ) Ep. and Ion. for ῥωπειόν (which is not used), a thicket, coppice: in plur. bushes, brushwood, underwood.

ῥωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥώπος) of or like small wares: hence cheap, worthless.

ῤΩ ΠΟΣ, ὁ, any small wares, frippery, trumpery.

ῥωσθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ῥώννυμι.

ῥωκμή, ἡ, = ῥωκμός.

ῥωκμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ῥάξ) like ῥήγμα, a cleft; ῥωκμός γαῖης a gutter or channel worked out in the earth.

ῤΩΨ, ἡ, gen. ῥώπος, a low shrub, bush; in plur. underwood, brushwood.

Σ

Σ, σ, σίγμα, τό, indecl., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral σ = 200, but σ = 200,000.

The final σ was written s. This s must not be confounded with σ, stau, which was in fact the digamma, f, vau, and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet: hence σ = 6. There was another form, san or sanpi, ς, which was retained as a numeral, = 900.

Changes of σ in the dialects: I. Aeol., Dor. and Ion. into δ, as ὀδημὴ ἴδμεν for ὀσμη ἴσμεν. II. Dor. into θ, as σιὸς ἀγασὸς παρσένος for θεὸς ἀγασθὸς παρθένος.

III. Aeol. and Dor. into τ, as τὴ τέ φατί for τὴ σέ φησί. 2. also in later Att., as μετ-αυλος τήμερον τίκον for μέσ-αυλος σήμερον σῦκον:—so σσ passed into ττ, as πράττω τάττω for πράσσω τάσσω; θάλαττα διττός for θάλασσα δισσός.

IV. Aeol. and Ep., σ was often doubled, as ὄσσος μέσσος for ὄσος μέσος, and in the Ep. fut. and aor. forms ἄσω ἔσω ἴσω, as δαμάσσω ὀλέσσω κομίσσω for δαμάσω ὀλέσω κομίσω; so ὀπίσσω for ὀπίω.

V. σσ and πτ were sometimes interchanged, as πέσσω πέπτα, ἐνίσσω ἐνίπτα.

VI. Dor. σ becomes ξ in fut. and aor. I of Verbs, as θεσπιξῶ for θεσπίσω: so, διξὸς τριξὸς for δισσός τρισσός.

2. in old Att., the Prep. σύν was written ξύν. VII. σ took the place of the aspirate, esp. in Aeol., with which the Lat. agrees, vs, σὺς sus, ἄλ sal, ἕξ sex, ἑπτὰ septem, ἔρω serpo.

2. σ was added to words beginning with a conson., esp. μ and τ, as μάραγδος σμάραγδος, μύραινα σμύραινα, μικρὸς σμικρὸς, τέγος στέγα Lat. tego. 3. σ was inserted by Poets in the I pers. pl. pass. and med., as τυπτόμεθα for τυπτόμεθα metri grat.: so too in the Adv. in -θεν, as, ὄπισθεν for ὀπίθεν. VIII. σ is changed into ρ when another ρ precedes, as ἄρρην χερρὸς θάρρος for ἄρσην χερσὸς θάρσος.

IX. σ is added to οὔτω ἄχρι μέχρι before a vowel.

σά μάν; Dor. for τί μήν; Σαβῆιος, ὁ, (Σαβός) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of Bacchus himself.

σάβάκτης, ου, ὁ, (σαβάξω) a shatterer, destroyer, name of a mischievous goblin who broke pots.

σάβαθα-νί, Chaldaean form, thou-bast-forsaken me, or bast-thou-forsaken me?

σαβαῶθ, Hebrew plur. noun, hosts, armies.

Σάββασι, irreg. dat. pl. of Σάββατον.

Σαββατίξω, f. ἴσω, (Σάββατον) to keep the Sabbath.

Σαββατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάββατον) of or for the Sabbath. 2. for a Jew.

Σαββατισμός, ὁ, (Σαββατίξω) a keeping of the Sabbath: rest on the Sabbath.

Σάββατον, τό, the Hebrew Sabbath, i. e. Rest: hence the seventh day or day of Rest:—also in plur., τὰ σάββατα; irreg. dat. pl. σάββασι, as if from a nom. σάββας. 2. a week.

σάγαρις, ἰος, ἡ; pl. σαγάρις, Ion. -ῖς:—a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a single-edged axe or bill.

σάγη or σαγή, ἡ, (σάττω) the housings, harness, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, furniture, equipment: esp. armour, harness.

σαγηνάιος, α, ὄν, (σαγήνη) belonging to a drag-net.

σαγηνεύς, ἔως, ὁ, = σαγηνευτήρ.

σαγηνευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, one who fishes with a drag-net: hence a comb is called τριχῶν σαγηνευτήρ.

σαγηνεύω, f. σω, (σαγήνη) to enclose fish in a drag-net: metaph. of men, to sweep as with a drag-net.

ΣΑΤΗΝΗ, ἡ, a large drag-net for taking fish, a seine.

σαγηνό-βόλος, ὄν, (σαγήνη, βαλεῖν) throwing the drag-net: as Subst. a fisherman.

σαγηνό-δετος, ὄν, (σαγήνη, δέω) attached to a net.

σάγμα, ατος, τό, (σάττω) the housings of a horse, a saddle, packsaddle.

II. of persons, a covering, clothing, a large cloak.

III. the covering or case of a shield.

IV. a bear or pile.

Σαδδουκαῖος, ου, ὁ, a Sadducee, one of the Sadducees, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a Resurrection, nor in the existence of Spirits.

σαθρός, ἄ, ὄν, = σαπρός, rotten, decayed, unsound, cracked.

II. metaph. unsound, decayed, rotten, perishable.

ΣΑΙΝΩ, f. σαῶν: aor. I ἔσηνα Dor. ἔσανα:—to wag the tail, fawn.

II. metaph. to fawn upon, caress, wheedle; σαίνεω μόνον to deprecate, shrink from death.

2. absol. to be gentle, kind: of a summer sea, to smile.

III. to cheer; please.

ΣΑΙΡΩ, f. σαῖρά: pf. (with pres. sense) σέσηρα, part. σεσηρῶς Dor. σεσαῖρος, νία, ὄς, Ep. fem. σεσαῖρῦα:—to shew the teeth, grin like a dog, Lat. ringi; esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, to smile.

II. to sweep clean: to sweep away.

σάκεο-πᾶλος, ὄν, (σάκος, πάλλω) wielding or brandishing a shield.

σάκεο-φόρος, ὄν, (σάκος, φέρω) shield-bearing.

σάκλιον, = σακκίον.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for σηκίτης, ου.

σακκέω, (σάκος) to strain, filter.

σακκίον Att. σακκίον, τό, Dim. of σάκκος or σάκος, a small bag.

σακκο-γένειο-τρόφος, ον, (σάκκος, γένειον, τρέφω) *berishing a large beard.*

ΣΑΤΚΟΣ or σάκος, ὁ, a coarse cloth of hair, esp. of goats' hair, Lat. *cilicium* : sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth : I. a sack, bag. 2.

a sieve, strainer. III. a sbaggy beard.

σάκος, ὁ, v. sub σάκκος.

σακός, ὁ, Dor. for σηκός.

σάκος [ᾶ], gen. σάκεος Ion. σάκευς, τό, (σάττω) a shield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides: it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid.

σάκτας, ον, ὁ, (σάττω) a sack.

σάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σάττω) one who crams or fills up; Ἰδὸν σάκτωρ one who crowds the nether world, i. e. a slayer of many.

σακχο-ὑφάντης, ον, ὁ, (σάκκος, ὑφαίνω) a weaver of sackcloth or canvas, a sailmaker.

σαλάκων [ᾶ], ἄνος, ὁ, (σαλάσσω) one who walks in a swaggering fashion, a swaggerer, roysterer.

σαλάκωνεύω, f. σω, (σαλάκων) to play the swaggerer, to swagger.

σαλάμανδρα or -μάνδρα, the salamander, a kind of lizard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σαλαμίν-ἄφέτης, ον, ὁ, (Σαλαμίς, ἀφήμι) betrayer of Salamis.

Σαλαμίνας [μί], α, ον, also ος, ον, (Salaminia, of or from Salamis. II. ἡ Σαλαμινία (sub. ναῖς or τριήρης), the Salaminia, one of the two state galleys of the Athenians, used for special missions; cf. παράλος. From

Σαλαμίς, gen. ἴνος, ἡ, Salamis, an island opposite Athens. II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer of Salamis.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

σαλάσσω Att. -ττω : f. ζω : pf. pass. σεσάλαγμαι : (σάλος) :—to cram full, stuff.

σαλένω, f. σω : aor. I ἔσαλευσα : Pass., aor. I ἔσαλειθην : pf. σεσάλευμαι : (σάλος) :—to shake much : to make to totter :—Pass. to be shaken, to totter, reel.

II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea : metaph. to toss, be in sore distress.

σάλος, ὁ, (ἄλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge : hence the open, exposed sea. 2. a roadstead, anchorage. II. of ships, a rolling about, tossing on the sea : hence sea-sickness : metaph. restlessness, disquiet.

σαλπυγγο-λογχ-ὑπηνάδαι, οἱ, (σάλπιγξ, λόγχη, ὑπήνη) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπικτής, οὐ, ὁ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγξ, ἴγος, ἡ, a war-trumpet, trumpet : the σαλπίγξ was called Tuscan, Τυρσηνική : ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος, by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trumpet-call. From

ΣΑΛΠΙΖΩ, fut. -ίγξω, aor. I ἐσάλπιγξα : later fut. σαλπίσω, aor. I ἐσάλπισα :—to sound the trumpet,

give signal by trumpet : to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder :—impers., ἐπέε ἐσάλπιγξε (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής) when the trumpet sounded :—c. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

σαλπικτής, οὐ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάλπιξ, ἴγος, ἡ, poet. for σάλπιγξ.

σαλπιστής, οὐ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάμα, τό, Dor. for σήμα.

σαμαίνω, Dor. for σημαίνω.

Σαμαρείτης, ον, ὁ, a Samaritan, inhabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galilee formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes: the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the Jews.

Σαμαρεῖτις, ἴδος, ἡ, a Samaritan woman. Fem.

σάμβαλον, τό, Aeol. for σάνδαλον.

σάμερον, Dor. for σήμερον, to-day.

Σάμη, ἡ, Samé, the older name of Κεφαλληνία.

σαμηιον, τό, Dor. for σημεῖον.

Σάμος, α, ον, (Σάμος 3) of Samos, Samian.

Σάμο-θράκη Ion. -θρηκίη, ἡ, = Σάμος Θρακία, Samothrace, an island near Thrace.

Σάμο-θρακίος, α, ον Ion. -θρηκίος η, ον, Samothracian.

Σάμό-θραξ Ion. -θρηξ, ἴκος, ὁ, a Samothracian.

Σάμος [ᾶ], ἡ, Samos, the name of several Greek islands : I. an old name for Κεφαλληνία : also called Σάμη. 2. Σάμος Θρηκίη, = Σαμοθράκη. 3. the large island over against Ephesus.

σαμπί, an old letter, see Σ, σ, σίγμα.

σάν-φόρας, ον, ὁ, (σάν, φέρω) a name branded with the letter σάν (v. σίγμα) : cf. κοππαρίας.

σάν, Dor. for σίγμα, q. v.

σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, a small sandal or slipper.

σανδαλίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, = σανδάλιον.

σάνδαλον Aeol. σάμβαλον, τό, a wooden sole, bound on by straps round the instep and ankle, a sandal.

σανδάρρακη, ἡ, a bright-red mineral : hence scarlet, Lat. *sandaraca*. [ρᾶ] Hence

σανδάρρακίνος, η, ον, of or like σανδάρρακη, bright-red.

σανίδιον, τό, Dim. of σάνις, a panel : a trencher.

σάνις, ἴδος, ἡ, a board, plank : anything made of board or plank : a door, in plur. folding doors. 2. a wooden scaffold or stage. 3. a wooden floor : a ship's deck. 4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing on, tablets covered with gypsum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

σαοῖ, 3 sing. of σαώω.

ΣΑΪΣ, as posit., found only in contr. form σῶς, safe : Comp. σῶωτερος.

σαο-φρονέω, σαο-φροσύνη, σαο-φρων, poet. for σωφρονέω, σωφροσύνη, σώφρων.

σαώω Ep. σαώω, = σώω, to save :—3 sing. pres. σαοῖ, 3 pl. σαοῖσι : 3 sing. impf. ἔσαω Ep. σαώω : 2 sing. imperat. σαού or σαώω : fut. σαώσω : aor. I act. ἐσαώωσα, pass. ἐσαώθην : fut. med. σαώσομαι.

σαπίην, aor. 2 pass. opt. of σήπω.

σαπίεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of σήπω.

σαπίη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω.

σαπίηαι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.

σαπίρος, ἄ, ὄν, (σαπίρηαι) rotten, putrid: diseased, Lat. *tabidus*: decayed, unsound. II. generally, worthless, useless.

III. old, obsolete, musty.

σάπφειρος, ἡ, the sapphire or the lapis lazuli, a precious stone.

Σαπφώ, οὖς, vocat. Σαπφοῖ, ἡ, Sappho. Hence

Σαπφώος, α, ὄν, of Sappho, Sapphic.

σάπῳν, aor. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαργάνη, ἡ, like ταργάνη, wickerwork, a basket: a plait, band. [ἄ]

σαρδάνιος, α, ὄν, (σαίρω) in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc. γέλωτα] γελᾶν, to laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bitterly, from anger or secret triumph; μείδῃσε δὲ θυμῷ σαρδάνιον μάλα τοῖον but he laughed in his soul a very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, α, ὄν, as if from σαρδόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Σαρδῶ), which was said to distort the face of the eater.

Σάρδεις, εἰν, Ion. Σάρδιες, ἰων, αἱ, Sardis, the capital of Lydia:—hence Adj., Σαρδιανός Ion. -ίηνος, and Σαρδιανικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sardis; βόμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i. e. scarlet, dye, hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδίνη [ἦ], ἡ, or σαρδίνιος, ὁ, the sardine.

σάρδιον, τό, (Σάρδεις) the Sardinian stone.

σαρδ-όνυξ, ὄν, ὄν, (σάρδιον, ὄνυξ) the sardonyx, a kind of onyx, so called when the different colours were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Σαρδῶ, gen. ὄος contr. οὖς, ἡ, Sardinia: hence Adj., Σαρδῶος, α, ὄν, Σαρδωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Σαρδώνιος and Σαρδόνιος, α, ὄν, of or belonging to Sardinia, Sardinian.

ΣΑΡΔΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the upper edge of a hunting-net.

σάρισσα or rather σάρισα, ἡ, the sarissa, a long pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to rend off flesh like dogs.

σαρκασιμο-πίτιο-κάμπτης, οὖ, ὁ, (σαρκάζω, πίτυς, κάμπτιο) sneering-pinebender.

σαρκίω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh; σαρκί-ξεν τὸ δέρμα to draw off the skin, to flay.

σαρκικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, of

the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικός.

σάρκιος, ἡ, ὄν, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, fat.

σαρκο-λίπης, ἐς, (σάρξ, λιπεῖν) forsaken by flesh, lean.

σαρκο-πάγης, ἐς, (σάρξ, παγίηαι) with compact flesh.

σαρκοφάγεω, f. ἦσω, to eat flesh: devour. From

σαρκο-φάγος, ὄν, (σάρξ, φάγειν) eating flesh. II.

λίθος σαρκοφάγος a lime-stone which like slacked lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins were often made of it:—hence as Subst., σαρκοφάγος, ὁ, a sarcophagus, coffin.

σαρκῶ, f. ὦσω, (σάρξ) to make fleshy, make into flesh.

σαρκ-ώδης, (σάρξ, εἶδος) like flesh, fleshy; θεοὶ ἐναί-μοι καὶ σαρκώδεις gods of flesh and blood.

ΣΑΡΞ, ἡ, gen. σαρκός, flesh: in plur. all the flesh or muscles in the body: hence the flesh, body. 2.

flesh, human nature, human kind.

σάρων, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, broom.

σάρῳ, f. ὦσω, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, cleanse.

Σαρπηδών, ὄνος, ἄλτος, ὄντι, ὁ; voc. Σαρπη-δῶν:—pr. n. Sarpedon.

σάρῳ, fut. of σαίρω.

Σατάνης, ἄ and Σατᾶν, ὁ, encl. Satan; a Hebr. word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατίνη, ἡ, a war-chariot: generally, a chariot, car.

στάτον, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and half.

σατραπεία Ion. -ητή, ἡ, a satrapy, the office or province of a satrap. From

σατραπέω, f. σω, intr. to be a satrap. II.

trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From

σατραπῆς, οὖ, ὁ, a satrap, Lat. *satrapa*, title of a Persian viceroy or governor of a province. (Persian word.)

ΣΑΨΤΤΩ, fut. σάψω: aor. I ἔσαξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσαχθην: pf. σέσαγμα: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ἐσε-σάχατο:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour, harness: Pass. to be armed or harnesses. 2. to load, furnish, equip, fit out. II. to load heavily: in pf. pass., πημάτων σεσαγμένους laden with woes; σεσαγμένους πλούτου overloaded with riches. III.

to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σατύρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr.

Σατύριος, ὁ, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

ΣΑΨΤΤΡΟΣ [ψ], ὁ, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus, represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail: later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed from Pan or the Faun in having no horns. 2. a lewd, goatish fellow. II. a kind of play, in which the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyric drama.

σαυλοδομαι, Pass. (σαῦλος) to be affected or effeminate in one's gait.

σαυλο-πρωκτικός, (σαῦλος, πρωκτός) to walk in a swaggering, affected way.

ΣΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, concealed, affected, effeminate.

ΣΑΥΤΡΑ Ion. σαύρη, ἡ, a lizard, Lat. *laecerta*.

ΣΑΥΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, = σαύρα, a lizard, Lat. *laertus*.

σαυρωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spike at the butt-end of a spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, the butt-end.

σαυτοῦ, σαυτῆς contr. for σεαυτοῦ, σεαυτῆς.

σάφα, pōt. Adv. of σαφής, clearly, plainly, assuredly; σάφα εἰδῶς knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα εἰπεῖν to tell plainly, speak truth. [σᾶ]

σάφανής, ἐς, Dor. for σαφηνής.

σάφειότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of σαφής.

σάφέως, Ion. for σαφῶς.

σαφ-ηγορίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (σάφα, ἄγορεύω) speaking truth.

σαφῆλαια, ἡ, (σαφηνής) clearness, plainness: the truth.

σαφηνέως, Ion. for σαφηνῶς.

σαφηνής Dor. σαφανής, ές, (σαφής) clear, plain, open, manifest: true: τὸ σαφανές the whole truth.

σαφηνίζω, f. ἰω, (σαφηνής) to make clear or plain, to explain, clear up.

σαφηνῶς, Adv. of σαφηνής, clearly, plainly.

ΣΑΦΗΨ, ές, gen. έος contr. ούς, clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain; τὸ σαφές the truth: of seers, sure, unerring. Comp. and Sup. σαφέστερος, -έστατος.

σαφῶς Ion. σαφέως, like σάφα, clearly, plainly, surely: Comp. σαφέστερον: Sup. σαφέστατα.

σαχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of σάπτω.

ΣΑΩ, Root. of σήω, to sift, bolt: 3 pl. σῶσι.

σαώ, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of σαώω.

σαωθείς, -θήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of σαώω.

σαωσέμεν, Ep. for σαώσσειν, fut. inf. of σαώω.

σάωσα, fut. of σαώω.

σάώτερος, Comp. of σάος.

σῶτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour, deliverer.

σῶτης, ου, ὁ, (σαώω) poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour.

σβεθίειν and σβεθίς, aor. 2 opt. and part. of σβέννυμι.

σβέννυμι and -ύω, fut. σβέσω: aor. I έσβεσα Ep.

σβέσα, Ep. inf. σβέσσαι:—to quench, put out, Lat. extinguere. 2. generally, to quench, quell, put out, put down.

II. Pass. σβέννυμαι: aor. I έσβέσθην: pf. έσβεσμαι: with intrans. tenses of Act., aor. 2 έσβην Dor. έσβᾶν, opt. σβείην, inf. σβήναι: pf. έσβηκα:—to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extingui: to die. 2. of liquids, to become dry, be exhausted.

3. generally, to become still, lull, cease.

σβεσσαι, Ep. for σβέσα, aor. I inf. of σβέννυμι.

σβεστήριος, α, ου, (σβέννυμι) serving to quench or put out.

σβήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of σβέννυμι.

-σε, adverbial termin., denoting motion towards, as, ἄλλοι τε to some other place, etc.

σεαυτοῦ Ion. σεωυτοῦ, -της, -του, reflexive Pron. of 2nd pers., of thyself, only used in sing. gen., dat., acc., masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ἑμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.: so also in sing. in Homer, who uses σοὶ αὐτῶ, σ' αὐτῶν.

σεβάσομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I έσεβασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. σεβάσατο: also aor. I pass. έσεβάσθην: Dep.: (σεβας):—to feel awe of, to dread.

σεβας, τό, (σεβομαι) reverential awe, a feeling of awe; generally reverence, worship, honour, respect, awe.

II. the object of reverential awe, majesty. 2. an object of wonder, a wonder. III. an honour conferred on one.

σεβασμα, ατος, τό, (σεβάσομαι) an object of awe or worship.

Σεβαστιας, άδος, ή, special fem. of Σεβαστός, Augusta, title of the Roman Emperresses.

σεβαστός, ή, όν, (σεβάσομαι) revered, awful, august. II. the Lat. Augustus, as a title applied to the Roman Emperors, was rendered by Σεβαστός.

σεβίξω, f. ἰσω: aor. I έσεβισα:—to worship, honour.

ΣΕΒΟΜΑΙ: aor. I έσεφθην: Dep.:—to feel awe

or fear, to feel shame, be asbamed, be afraid. 2. to worship, pay high regard or respect to.

ΣΕΒΩ, f. σέβω, = the earlier form σεβομαι, to worship, honour: absol. to worship, be religious:—hence σεβομαι also as Pass., to be revered.

σεβέν, old poet. form of σου, gen. of σύ.

Σειληνός, ό, Silenus, a companion of Bacchus, the most famous of the Satyrs.

σειό, Ep. for σου, gen. of σύ.

σειός, σεία, σεϊον, Lacon. for θεϊός, α, ου.

σειρά Ion. σειρή, ή, (είρω) a cord, rope, string, thong: also a chain. II. a cord with a noose, a lasso, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag away their enemies.

σειραῖος, α, ου, (σειρά) joined by a cord or band: of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger; see σειραφόρος.

σειρᾶ-φόρος Ion. σειρη-φόρος, ου, (σειρά, φέρω) having a rope attached, led by a rope: ό σειραφόρος (sub. ἵππος), the horse which draws by the trace only, an outrigger, whereas the ζύγιοι drew by the yoke or collar:—metaph. a partner, coadjutor. A quadriga (τέθριππος) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Σειρήν, ἦρος, ή, a Siren: in pl. Σειρῆνες, αἱ, the Sirens, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet songs and then slew them. II. metaph. a Siren, deceitful woman.

σειριό-καυτος, ου, (σειριος, καίω) scorched by the heat of the dog-star.

σειριος, α, ου, (σειρός) hot, scorching: epith. of the heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σειριος ἀστήρ the sun: but, ό Σείριος (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat. Sirius, also called Κύων σειριος or Κύων.

ΣΕΙΡΟΣ, ά, όν, hot, scorching, of summer-heat.

σειρο-φόρος, ου, (σειρά, φέρω) = σειραφόρος.

σεισατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of σείω.

σεισ-άχθεια, ή, (σείω, άχθος) a shaking off of burdens, the name given to the disburdening ordinance of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering to the Lat. novae tabulae.

σεισι-χθών, ονος, ό, (σείω, χθών) earth-shaker.

σεισμός ό, (σείω) a shaking, a shaking, shock: the shock of an earthquake, an earthquake.

σειστός, ή, όν, (σείω) shaken.

-σειω, ending of Verbs expressing desire or intention, Desideratives, like Lat. -urio. They are formed from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as δρᾶω, δρᾶσω, δρασειώ: γελᾶω, γελᾶσω, γελασείω.

ΣΕΙΩ, f. σείσω: aor. I έσεισα: Pass., aor. I έσεισθην: pf. σεσεισμαι:—to shake, move to and fro, brandish. 2. absol., σείει there is an earthquake (see σεισμός), like ἕει it rains, etc. 3. Pass. and Med. to be shaken, shake, heave; generally, to move, sway to and fro: of places, to feel the shock of an earthquake.

II. in Att. to harass, annoy with accusations, so as to extort money.

σέλα, for σέλαϊ, dat. of σέλας.

σελαγέω, f. ἦσω, (σέλας) to enlighten:—Pass. to beam brightly, blaze, flash. II. in Act. to shine, to beam.

σελαῖ-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (σέλας, *γένω) father of light. σελάνα, σελάναια, Dor. for σελήνη, σεληναία.

ΣΕ'ΛΑΞ, aos, τό; Ep. dat. σέλαϊ contr. σέλα: bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.

σελασ-φόρος, ου, (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing. σελαῖχος, τό, a spark.

Σεληναίη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for Σελήνη Att. Σεληναία:—the Moon.

σεληναίος, α, ου, lighted by the moon; σεληναία νύξ a moonlight night. From

σελήνη, ἡ, (σέλας) the moon; σελήνη πλήθουσα the full-moon; πρὸς τὴν σελήνην by the light of the moon.

II. a moon, month; δεκάτη σελήνη in the tenth moon.

σεληνιαζομαι, Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-struck or lunatic.

σελιδη-φάγος, ου, (σελίς, φάγειν) devouring leaves of books.

ΣΕ'ΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, parsley, Lat. *apium*: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.

ΣΕΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, the space between two rowing-benches (σέλαμα). II. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

Σελλοί, οί, the *Selli*, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.

σέλαμα, ατος, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the deck. 2. pl. σέλαματα, τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. *transtra*. 3, generally, a seat, throne. II. any timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

σεμιδάλις, ιος and εως, ἡ, the finest wheaten flour, Lat. *simila*, *similago*.

σεμνό-θεσμος, ου, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.

σεμνολογέω, f. ἦσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:—Dep. σεμνολογέομαι, to talk in solemn speech. From

σεμνο-λόγος, ου, (σεμνός, λέγω) speaking solemnly.

σεμνο-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (σεμνός, μάντις) a reverend seer.

σεμνομυθεῖω, f. ἦσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely. From

σεμνό-μυθος, ου, (σεμνός, μυθέομαι) talking solemnly.

σεμνοπροσώπεω, f. ἦσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance. From

σεμνο-πρόσωπος, ου, (σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave countenance.

σεμνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σέβομαι) august, holy, solemn, awful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called σεμναί θεαί or Σεμναί. II. of men, grave, solemn, stately, majestic: in bad sense, haughty, pompous, grand; σεμνὸν βλέπειν to look grave and solemn.

III. of things, stately, solemn, august, grand.

σεμνό-στομος, ου, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.

σεμνότης, ητος, ἡ, (σεμνός) solemnity, dignity, majesty: in bad sense, pomposity.

σεμνό-τιμος, ου, (σεμνός, τιμή) revered with awe.

σεμνώω, f. ὠσω, (σεμνός) to make grand or pompous, to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify.

σεμνώω [ῆ], f. ἦνω, (σεμνός) to make pompous or majestic, to dignify, magnify:—Med. σεμνώομαι, aor. I ἔσεμννάμη, to be pompous or haughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt oneself or be proud of a thing.

σεμνώω, Adv. of σεμνός, solemnly, grandly.

σέο, Ep. for σού, gen. of σῦ.

σέπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σέβομαι, august, holy.

ΣΕ'ΡΠΙΣ, εως or ἰδος, ἡ, endive or succory.

σέρφος, ὁ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant.

σέσαγμα, pf. pass. of σάττω.

σεσαρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of σαρώω.

σεσαῖρος, νία, ὄς, Dor. for σεσηῖρος, pf. part. of σαίρω:—σεσαῖρεια, Ep. fem.

σεσηῖρος, pf. pass. of σεῖω.

σέσηπα, pf. of σήπω.

σεσηῖρος, pf. part. of σαίρω.

σεσοφισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφίζω, cunningly, cleverly.

σεσύλημαι, pf. pass. of σῦλλάω.

σέστυρα, σέστυρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of σύρω.

σέσωσμαι, pf. pass. of σώζω.

σεσοφρονισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφρονίζω, temperately, soberly.

σέτω, Lacon. for θέτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imp. of τίθημι.

σευ enclit. σευ, Ion. and Dor. gen. of σῦ.

σεύα, Ep. for ἔσσενα, aor. I of σεύω: part. σεύας.

σεύμαι, contr. for σεύομαι, pres. pass. of σεύω: 3 sing. σεύται.

σεύτλον, τό, Ion. for τεύτλον.

ΣΕΥΤ'Ω, with σσ in augm. tenses, impf. ἔσσενον, pass. and med. ἔσσεύομην: aor. I ἔσσενα, med. ἔσσεύαμην; also Ep. without augm. σεύα, σεύε, σεύατο: pf. pass. ἐσσύμαι, part. ἐσσυμένος: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἐσσύμην [ῆ], 2 sing. ἔσσυο for ἔσσυσο, 3 sing. ἔσσυτο Ep. σῦτο; part. σῦμένος: aor. I pass. ἐσσύθην [ῆ]. There is also 3 sing. σεύται from a contr.

pres. σεύμαι: also σούμαι, 3 pl. σοῦνται: imperat. σοῦ, 3 sing. σοῦσθα, 2 pl. σοῦσθε: inf. σοῦσθαι. To put in quick motion, drive, hunt, chase. 2. to set on, let loose at. 3. to drive or chase away. 4. of things, to throw, hurl: also to bring forth, cause to spring; αἷμα ἔσσενα I made blood spout forth:—Med., αἷμα σῦτο blood spouted forth. II.

Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along; συθείς having started, gone. 2. c. inf. to hasten, speed; ὄτε σεύατο διώκειν when he hastened to pursue. 3. metaph. to be eager, yearn after, long for.

σεφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of σέβω.

σέω, Dor. for θέω, to run.

σεωτουό, fem. σεωτήης, Ion. for σεαυτουό, σεαυτήης.

σηκάζω, f. -άσω, (σηκός) to drive into a pen, coop up, sbut up.

σηκάσθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σηκάω.

σηκός, ίδος, ή, (σηκός) a housekeeper, porteress.

σηκίτης, ου, ό Dor. σακ-, (σηκός) a stall-fed animal: σακίταν άρνα a house-fed lamb.

σηκο-κόρος, ον, (σηκός, κορέω) cleaning a stable or pen: as Subst., σηκοκόρος, ό, a berdsman.

ΣΗΚΟΨ Dor. σακός, ό, a pen or fold, for sheep and goats. 2. any dwelling. II. any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, shrine: also a sepulchre sacred to the dead.

III. the trunk of an olive-tree. Hence.

σηκόω, f. ώσω, to weigh, balance. Hence σήκωμα Dor. σάκωμα, ατος, τό, a weight in the balance, a counterpoise. II. like σηκός, a chapel, sacred enclosure, shrine.

ΣΗΜΑ Dor. σάμα, ατος, τό, a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forehead. 2. a sign from heaven, an omen, portent: also, 3. a battle-sign, signal. 4. a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by: generally, a grave, tomb. 5.

in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρά of Bellerophon in the Iliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices. 6. the device or bearing on a shield: also the device on a seal, a seal. 7. a constellation: in plur. the heavenly bodies, Lat. signa.

σημαίνουσα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from σημαίω: fut. -άνω Ion. -άνεω: aor. I έσημίνα or έσημίνα, inf. σημαίω: Pass., aor. I έσημάνην: pf. σεσήμασαι, but 3 sing. σεσήμανται, inf. σεσημάνθαι: (σήμα):—to shew by a sign or token, point out: absol. to give a sign or token. II. to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol., σημαίνω a commander. 2. in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνε (sc. ό σαλπικτής), like σαλπίζει, signal is given; τοίς Έλλησι ώς έσημίνε when the signal was given for the Greeks to attack.

III. to signify, announce, intimate: with a part., to signify that a thing is. IV. to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημαμένα, things sealed, opp. to άσημαντα. V. Med. σημαίνομαι, to infer or conclude for oneself from signs. 2. to mark for oneself, note down.

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal set upon a thing.

σημαντής, ίδος, ή, (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. suited for sealing; σημαντρίς γή clay used for sealing.

σημαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal.

σημαντωρ, ορος, ό, (σημαίνω) one who gives a sign or signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a berdsman.

σημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σήμα. [α]

σηματόεις, εσσα, εν, (σήμα) full of tobs.

σηματ-ουργός, όν, (σήμα, *έρρω) making devices for shields.

σημειο-γράφος, ον, (σημείον, γράφω) writing in cipher. [α]

σημείον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (σήμα) a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace, track. 2. a sign from the gods, an omen. 3. a sign or signal to do anything: the signal for battle. 4. a flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign. 5.

a device upon a shield; also on a seal: a seal itself. II. in reasoning, a sign or proof.

σημειόω, f. ώσω, (σημείον) to mark:—Med. to mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.

σημερον Dor. σύμερον Att. τημερον, Adv. (ήμέρα with sc prefixed) to-day: so also ή σήμερα (sub. ήμέρα), and τό τημερον.

σημήιον, τό, Ion. for σημείον.

σημίνα, Ep. for έσημίνα, aor. I of σημαίνω.

σημι-κίνηον, τό, the Lat. semi-cinctium, an apron.

σημιό-θετος, ον, (σήμα, τίθημι) made for ruling lines.

σηπεδών, όνος, ή, (σήπω) decay, putrefaction: of quick flesh, mortification.

ΣΗΠΙ΄Α, ή, the sepia or cuttle-fish, which when pursued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

ΣΗΤΙΩ, f. σήσω: aor. I έσησα:—to make rotten or putrid: to make fester or mortify. II. Pass.

σήπομαι: aor. 2 έσάπην [α], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σαπήη, for σάπη: pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσηπα:—to be or become rotten, to moulder, putrefy: of diseased flesh, to mortify.

Σήρ, Σήρος, ό, mostly in pl. Σήρες, the Seres, an Indian people, from whom silk was first brought: hence, II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σήρ, ό, Lacon. for θήρ.

σήραξ, αγγος, ή, (σαίρα, σέσηρα) a hollow rock, a cleft, cave hollowed out by the sea.

σηρικός, ή, όν, (Σήρ) Seric: silken.

σηρο-κότος, ον, Lacon. for θηροκτ-.

ΣΗ΄Σ, ό, gen. σεός, nom. pl. σεές, gen. σεών: later also gen. σητός:—a moth, Lat. tinea: a book-worm.

σής, Ion. for σαις, dat. pl. fem. of σός, σή, σύν.

σησάμιος, α, ον, made of sesamé. From σησάμη, ή, sesamé, an eastern leguminous plant. [α]

σησάμη, ή, a mixture of sesamé-seeds roasted and pounded with boney, a sesamé-cake.

σησάμινος, η, ον, (σησάμη) made of sesamé; σησάμιον έλαιον sesamé-oil. [α]

σησάμιος, εσσα, εν, (σησάμη) of sesamé; ό σησάμοις (sub. άρτος) a sesamé-cake.

σήσαμον, τό, (σησάμη) the seed or fruit of the sesamé-tree (σησάμη).

σησαμό-τύρον, τό, (σησάμη, τυρός) sesamé-cbeese.

σησαμούς, όντος, contr. from σησαμοείς.

Σηστός, ή, also ό, Sestos, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σήςτες Att. τήτες, (έτος) this year: see σήμεραν.

σητό-βρωτος, ον, (σής, βιβρώσκω) fretted by tobs, mobt-eaten.

σητό-κοπος, ον, (σής, κοπήναι) fretted by tobs.

σθεναρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

ΣΘΕΝΟΣ, εος, τό, strength, might, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river; σθένος ἀελίου the strength of the sun; σθένει by force; παντί σθένει with all one's might. 2. might, power, force. II. a force of men. III. periph., like βίη, ἴς, μένος with a gen., as, σθένος Ἐκτορος Hector himself.

σθενόω, f. ὤσω, (σθένος) to strengthen, make strong.

σθένω, only used in pres. and impf.: (σθένος):—to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένειν χειρὶ, foot to be strong in hand, in foot; οἱ κάτω σθένοντες they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or power to do, be able or competent to do.

σιά, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΙΓΑΓΩΝ Ion. σιγηών, ὄνος, ἦ, the jaw-bone, jaw.

ΣΙΓ'Α'ΟΝ Ion. σίελον, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙΓ'Α'ΟΣ, ὁ, a fat hog: also with another Subst., sūs σιάλος, like sūs κάπριος, etc. II. fat, grease.

Σιβύλλα, ἡ, a Sibyl, propheset. (Deriv. uncertain.) [Ὶ] Hence

Σιβύλλειος, α, ον, Sibylline.

Σιβυλλιάω, (Σιβύλλα) to play the Sibyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

Σιβυλλιστής, οὔ, ὁ, a believer in the Sibyl, diviner.

ΣΙΒΥΝΗ, ἡ, σιβύνης, οὔ, ὁ, a hunting-spear. [Ὶ]

σιγά, Adv. (σιγή) silently, stilly, noiselessly: as an exclam., σίγα busb! be still!

σιγά, imperat. of σιγάω, busb! be still!

σιγά, Ep. for ἐσίγα, 3 sing. impf. of σιγάω.

σιγά, 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat. of σιγή.

σιγάω, f. ἄσω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or constrain to silence.

σιγαῖλος, α, ον, (σιγάω) silent, still.

σιγαῖλος, εσσα, εν, (σιάλος) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' reins. 2. rich, splendid, sumptuous.

σιγαῖλος, Dor. for σιγηλός.

σιγάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σιγή) silent.

σιγάω, f. -ήσομαι, later -ήσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass., aor. I ἐσίγηθην: pf. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή):—to be silent or still, to keep silence:—imper. σίγα, busb! be still! —Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. taceri; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σιγεῖν, Lacon. for θιγεῖν.

σιγή Dor. σιγά, ἡ, (σίω) silence, a being silent; σιγήν ἔχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; σιγήν ποιεῖσθαι to make silence. II. dat. σιγῇ as Adv., in silence, silently: also like σίγα, as an exclam., σιγῇ νυν silence now! σιγῇ ποιεῖσθαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone. 2. secretly: also as a Prep, σιγῇ τινος, Lat. clam aliquo, like κρήφα τινός, unknown to him.

σιγηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σιγάω.

σιγηλός, ἡ, ὄν Dor. σιγαλός, ὄν, (σιγή) silent, still, mute, busbed:—τὰ σιγηλά silence.

σιγηρός, ἄ, ὄν, = σιγηλός.

σιγητέον, verb. Adj. of σιγάω, one must be silent.

σίγλος or σίκλος, ὁ, the Hebrew shekel = 2 drachmae: a Persian σίγλος is mentioned by Xenophon as worth 7½ or 8 oboli, about 1 shilling English.

σίγμα, (σίω) the letter sigma, see Σ, σ.

σιγήνης, ου, ὅ, Cyprian word for δόρυ, a spear. II. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for κάπηλος. III. the Σιγήναι were a people on the Danube, see Herodotus 5. 9.

σιγᾶντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σιγάω: also dat. sing. pres. part.

σίδαρος, ὁ, Dor. for σίδηρος: for σιδάρειος and other Dor. forms, v. sub σιδήρ-.

ΣΥ'ΔΗ, ἡ, a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [Ὶ]

σιδήρεια, ἡ, (σιδηρεῖω) a working in iron.

σιδήρεος, α Ion. η, ον, Att. contr. σιδηρούς, ἄ, οὔν, Ep. σιδήρειος, η, ον, Dor. σιδάρεος [ᾶ], α, ον: (σίδηρος):—made of iron or steel, iron; σιδήρεος οὐρανός the iron sky: metaph., σιδήρεος θυμός, a mind of iron; σιδήρειον ἦτορ an iron heart. II.

σιδάρειοι, a Byzantine iron coin.

σιδηρεῖω, ἐως, ὁ, (σίδηρος) a worker in iron, a smith.

σιδήριον, τό, (σίδηρος) a tool of iron or steel, an iron: a sword or knife.

σιδηρίτης, (Ὶ), ον, ὁ, fem. -ιτις, ἴδος, Dor. σιδῦρί-τας, α, ὁ, (σίδηρος) of iron.

σιδηρο-βριθής, ἐς, (σίδηρος, βριθω) iron-loaded.

σιδηρο-βρώς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, βιβρώσκω) iron-eating, epith. of a whetstone.

σιδηρο-δάκτυλος, ον, (σίδηρος, δάκτυλος) iron-fingered.

σιδηρο-δετος, ον, (σίδηρος, δέω) iron-bound, sbod with iron.

σιδηρο-κιμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, κάμνω) slain by iron, slain by the sword.

σιδηρο-μήτηρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (σίδηρος, μήτηρ) mother of iron, epith. of the earth.

σιδηρο-νόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, νέμω) distributing by the sword, or swaying the sword.

σιδηρο-νώτος, ον, (σίδηρος, νῶτον) iron-backed.

σιδηρο-πλακτος Dor. for -πληκτος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σιδηρο-πλαστος, ον, (σίδηρος, πλάσσω) moulded of iron.

ΣΙ'ΔΗΡΟΣ Dor. σιδάρος, ὁ, iron: it was of high value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were given as prizes: it mostly came from the north and east of the Euxine. II. like Lat. ferrum, anything made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword, spear, axe: also a knife, sickle. III. a place for selling iron, a cutler's shop.

σιδηρο-σπαρτος, ον, (σίδηρος, σπείρω) sown or produced by iron.

σιδηρο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (σίδηρος, τέκτων) a worker in iron.

σιδηρο-τόκος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεκείν) iron producing.

σιδηροτομέω, f. ἦσω, to cleave with iron. From

σιδηρο-τόμος, ον, (σίδηρος, τεμεῖν) cutting with iron.

σιδηροφορέω, f. ἦσω, to wear iron arms, wear arms:

so also as Dep. -έομαι. From

σιδηρο-φόρος, ον, (σίδηρος, φέρω) wearing iron, bearing arms.

σιδηρό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (σίδηρος, φρήν) of iron heart.

σιδηρό-χαλκος, ον, (σίδηρος, χαλκός) of iron and copper.

σιδηρο-χάρμης, ου, ὁ, (σίδηρος, χάρμη) fighting in iron, epith. of mailed war-horses.

σιδηρόω, f. ὦσω, (σίδηρος) to make of iron, overlay with iron:—impers. in plqpf. pass. ἔσειδήρωτο ἐπὶ μέγα καὶ τοῦ ἄλλου εὐλόου iron had been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood.

σίδιον, τό, (σίδη) pomegranate-peel. [σῆ]

Σιδονήθεν, Adv. from Sidon. From

Σιδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Sidon, one of the oldest cities of Phoenicia. Adj. Σιδόνιος or Σιδώνιος, α, ον, of or belonging to Sidon; fem. also Σιδωνιάς, ἄδος.

Σιδών, ὄνος, ὁ, a man of Sidon.

ΣΙΖΩ, impf. ἔσιζον Ep. σίζον: no fut. in use:—to hiss, of hot iron plunged into water; σίζε ὄφθαλμὸς ἐλαίνεω περὶ μοχλῶ the eye of the Cyclops bitted when the burnt stake was thrust into it. II. to set a dog on.

Σιθωνία, ἡ, Sitbonia, a part of Thrace, generally for the whole country: Adj. Σιθώνιος and Σιθόνιος, α, ον, Thracian: Σιθών, ὄνος, ὁ, a Sitbonian; and Σιθωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a Sitbonian woman.

Σικάνια, ἡ, Sicania, properly a part of Sicily near Agrigentum, used generally for the whole of Sicily.

Σικάνος, οὔ, ὁ, a Sicanian (see Σικανία): Adj. Σικανικός, ἡ, ὄν, Sicanian.

σικάριος, ὁ, the Lat. sicārius, assassin. [ἀ]

Σικελία, ἡ, (Σικελός) Sicily: Adj. Σικελικός, ἡ, ὄν, Sicilian. Hence

Σικελίζω, f. ἴσω, to do or speak like the Sicilians: to favour the Sicilians.

Σικελικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σικελός) of or like a Sicilian.

Σικελιώτης, ου, ὁ, a Sicilian Greek, a Greek settler in Sicily, as distinguished from the Σικελοὶ or Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. Ἰταλιώτης.

Σικελός, ἡ, ὄν, Sicilian, of or from Sicily, Lat. Siculus: the Σικελοὶ originally migrated from Italy to Sicily; the Σικελιώται were the later Greek settlers.

σίκερα [ῆ], τό, gen. σίκερος, a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink. (Hebr. sbākar, to be intoxicated.)

σικίννις or σικίννις, ἴδος, ἡ, the Sicinnis, a dance of Satyrs used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor Sicinnos.

σίκλος, ὁ, = σίγλος.

σίκυια Ion. σικύη, ἡ, a fruit like the cucumber or gourd, but eaten ripe. II. a cupping glass, from its shape, Lat. cucurbita. [ῆ]

σίκυος, ὁ, the common gourd or cucumber.

Σικυών, ὄνος, ἡ, Sicyon, a town and district on the

north of the Peloponnesus: Adj. Σικυώνιος, α, ον, Sicyonian: Adv. Σικυώνοθε, of or from Sicyon.

σιχαῖνον, τό, loathe. From

ΣΙΚΧΟΨ, ὁ, a squeamish, fastidious person.

Σιληνός, ὁ, see Σειληνός.

σίλι, τό, the palma Cbristi, called also σιλλικύπριον.

σιλλάλω, (σίλλος) to insult, mock, jeer.

σιλλικύπριον, τό, = σίλι. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΣΥΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, one who looks askance: a satirist.

II. a satire, satirical poem.

ΣΥΛΩΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, a river-fish, prob. the sbad, Lat. silūrus.

ΣΥΛΦΗ, ἡ, a kind of grub or beetle, Lat. blatta. II. a book-worm.

ΣΥΛΦΙΟΝ, τό, Lat. laserpitium, a plant, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific; according to Bentley, the asa-foetida. Hence

συλφιστός, ἡ, ὄν, prepared with silphium.

συμβλέω, f. ὦσω, (σίμβλος) to form or grow in the hive, of honey.

ΣΥΜΒΑΣ, ὁ, a bee-bive: metaph. any store or board.

σιμ-κίνθιον, less correct form of σημ-κίνθιον.

Σιμοίς, -όντος contr. Σιμοῦς, -όντος, ὁ, the Simoïs, a river near Troy:—Adj. Σιμοέντιος contr. Σιμούντιος, α, ον, of, near the Simoïs: fem. also Σιμοεντίς, ἴδος.

ΣΙΜΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, snub-nosed, flat-nosed:—generally, flat. II. of other things, steep, up-bill, Lat. acclivis; πρὸς τὸ σιμὸν διώκειον to pursue up bill. 2. bent in, hollow, concave.

σιμότης, ητος, ἡ, (σιμός) the shape of a snub-nose; flatness.

Σιμοῦς, -όντος, ὁ, contr. form of Σιμοίς.

σιμόω, f. ὦσω, (σιμός) to turn up the nose, bend upwards. Hence

σίμωμα, ατος, τό, anything bent upwards. From σινάμωρῶ, f. ἦσω, to damage wantonly: generally, to handle roughly. From

σινά-μωρος [ᾶ], ον, (σινά, μῶρος) mischievous, hurtful: c. gen. rei, τῶν ἐουτοῦ σινάμωρος ruining his own affairs: wanton, lewd.

σινάπι, εως, and σινάπυ, ὄνος, τό, (νάπυ) mustard, Lat. sinapi: the better Att. form was νάπυ.

σινδῶ, οὖς, ἡ, Att. for σινδῶν.

σινδῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, sindon, a fine Indian cloth, muslin. II. a garment or napkin made of this cloth.

σινέομαι, Ion. for σίνομαι.

σίνηπι, ἰος, and σίνηπυ, vos, τό, Ion. for σινάπι, σινάπυ. [σῆ]

σινιάω, f. ὦσω, (σινίον) to sift, fan, winnow.

ΣΙΝΙΟΝ, τό, a sieve.

σίνις, ἴδος, ὁ, acc. σίνιν, (σίνομαι) a destroyer, ravager, robber: as Adj. destroying, ravaging. II. as prop. n., Σίνις, ὁ, Sinnis, the Destroyer, a famous robber of early Greece. [ῆ]

ΣΙΝΟΜΑΙ [ῆ] Ion. σινέομαι: Ion. impf. σίνεσκύ-

μην: aor. 1 ἐσιάμην: Dep.:—to plunder, spoil, pil-
lage: to harry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear
in pieces, devour. II. in more general sense, to da-
mage, distress. 2. also to hurt, wound. Hence

σίτος [τ], eos, τό, hurt, harm, mischief, damage. II.
anything hurtful, a mischief, plague.

σίτης, ου, ό, (σίνομαι) tearing, ravenous, devouring.

σίντις, ιος, ό, = σίντης, only as plur. in prop. n.,
Σίντιες, the Sintians, the early inhabitants of Lemnos,
who were pirates.

σίντωρ, opas, ό, = σίντης.

Σινόπη, ή, Σινόπέ, a town of Papblagonia, on the
Black Sea:—Σινόπιτης, ου, ό, an inhabitant of Sinopé:
Adj. Σίνωπικός, ή, όν, of or belonging to Sinopé.

ΣΪ'ΟΝ, τό, a marsh or meadow plant.

σίος, Lacon. for θεός.

σπίη, ή, a flour-bin, meal-jar.

ΣΙ'ΡΑΙΟΝ, τό, new wine boiled down, Lat. de-
frutum.

σίρος, ό, a pit or hole sunk in the ground, for keep-
ing corn in: also a pitfall.

σίσύμβριον, τό, = σισυμβρον.

ΣΙ'ΥΜΒΡΟΝ, τό, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or
thyme.

σίσυρα [ύ] or σίσυρνα, ή, a shaggy goatskin worn
as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a
coarse nap.

σίσυρνο-φόρος, ον, (σίσυρνα, φέρω) wearing a σί-
συρνα or cloak of goatskin.

Σισύφειος, α, ον, of Σισύφης, Corinthian: fem.
also Σισύφης, ίδος. From

Σί-σύφος [τ], ου, ό, an ancient king of Corinth, pun-
ished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl.
from σοφός, the Wise or Cunning.)

σίτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σίτος.

σιτάγωγέω, f. ήσω, (σιταγωγός) to transport corn
to a place. Hence

σιτάγωγία, ή, conveyance of corn to a place.

σιτ-άγωγός, όν, (σίτος, άγω) transporting corn to
a place; σιταγωγά πλοία vessels engaged in convey-
ing corn, corn-ships.

σιτάθην, Dor. for εσιτήθην, aor. I pass. of σιτέω.

σιτεύσιμος, η, ον, (σιτεύω) well-fed, fattened.

σιτευτός, ή, όν, fattened, stalled, Lat. altilis. From
σιτεύω, f. σω: Ion. impf. σιτεύσκειν: (σίτος)—
to feed, fatten:—Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σιτέω, f. ήσω, (σίτος) to feed:—Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion.
3 pl. impf. σιτέσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: aor. I
pass. εσιτήθην:—to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed
on, eat a thing, c. acc.

σιτηγέω, f. ήσω, (σιτηγός) to convey or transport
corn: to import corn. Hence

σιτηγία, ή, the conveyance or importation of corn.

σιτ-ηγός, όν, (σίτος, άγω) conveying corn.

σιτηρέσιον, τό, (σιτηρός) provisions, victuals: for-
age-money, of soldiers.

σιτηρός, ά, όν, (σίτος) of or belonging to corn.

σίτησις, εως, ή, (σιτέω) an eating, feeding: also

food, provisions; σίτησις έν Πρυτανείω public main-
tenance in the Prytanæum.

σιτίζω, f. ίσω, (σίτος) to feed, fatten:—Pass. to feed
upon, eat.

σίτιον, τό, (σίτος) mostly in plur. σιτία, food made
of corn, bread; generally, food, victuals, provisions,
diet; σιτία τριών ήμερών three days' provision; τὰ
έν Πρυτανείω σιτία public maintenance in the Pryta-
næum, like σίτησις.

σιτιστός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of σιτίζω, like σιτευτός,
fed, fattened: as Subst. a failing.

σιτο-δεία Ion. -δηλή, ή, (σίτος, δέομαι) want or
scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

σιτο-δόκος, ον, (σίτος, δέχομαι) holding food.

σιτοδοτέω, f. ήσω, to furnish with corn, victual:—
Pass. to be provisioned or victualled. From

σιτο-δοτής, ου, ό, (σίτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn.

σιτο-μέτριον, (σίτος, μετρέω) a measured allowance
of corn.

σιτο-νόμος, ον, (σίτος, νέμω) dealing out corn or
food; αιτονόμος έλπίς the hope of getting food.

σιτοποιέω, f. ήσω, (σιτοποιός) to prepare corn for
food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or victu-
als:—Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take
food. Hence

σιτοποιία, ή, bread-making, preparation of food.
Hence

σιτοποιικός, ή, όν, of or for bread-making.

σιτο-ποιός, όν, (σίτος, ποιέω) preparing corn for
food: as Subst., σιτοποιός (sub. γυνή), ή, a woman
that grinds the corn in the hand-mill: generally, a
maker of bread, baker. 2. σιτοποιός άνάγκη the
task of grinding corn.

σιτο-πομπία, ή, (σίτος, πέμπω) the conveyance of
corn: also provision for its safe convey, an escort, a
convoy.

σιτο-πώλης, ου, ό, (σίτος, πωλέω) a corn-merchant,
corn-factor.

ΣΙ'ΤΟΣ, ά, irreg. pl. σίτα, τά, wheat, corn, grain:
also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, vic-
tuals, provisions; but properly of bread, as opp. to
meat: but also of anything eaten as opp. to drink;
σίτος ήδє ποτής meat and drink.

σιτο-φάγος, ον, (σίτος, φάγειν) eating corn or bread.

σιτο-φόρος, ον, (σίτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

σιτο-φύλακες, οι, (σίτος, φύλαξ) corn-watchers,
corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three in
number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in
Peiræus, who superintended the importation and
sale of corn.

σιτῖα and σίττε, a cry of drovers to their flocks,
st! when άπό follows, to drive them off; when πρός
follows, to call them on.

σιτ-ώνης, ου, ό, (σίτος, ώνεόμαι) a buyer of corn.

σιτωναία, ή, (σιτώνης) a buying of corn, purchase
of corn.

ΣΙ'ΦΛΟΣ, ή, όν, crippled, maimed: also lame, limp-
ing; of the eyes, blind. Hence

σιφλόω, f. ὥσω, to maim, cripple: to hurt, confound, ruin: σιφλάσσει, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt.

Σίφνος, a, ον, of or from *Siphnus*, *Siphnian*. From Σίφνος, ἡ, *Siphnus*, one of the Cyclades.

σίφων, ὤνος, ὄ, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask. 2. a sucker, as of a pump. Hence

σιφονίζω, f. σῶ, to tap a cask with a siphon, to draw off wine.

σιωπάω, fut. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐσιώπησα: pf. σεσιώπηκα:—to be silent or still, to keep silence: σιωπᾶν τινι to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιώπα *bush!* be still! II. transit. to keep in silence, keep secret, Lat. *tacere*:—Pass. to be kept silent or secret, Lat. *taceri*. From

ΣΙΩΠΗ, ἡ, silence, a being silent: dat. σιωπῆ, in silence. 2. silence, stillness, a calm.

σιωπηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.

σιωπηρός, ἄ, ὄν, collat. form of σιωπηλός.

σιωπησεῖν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of σιωπάω.

σιωπητέος, a, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωπάω, to be passed over in silence. II. σιωπητέον, one must pass over in silence.

ΣΚΑ'ΖΩ, f. ὥσω, to limp, halt. II. σκάζω, also χαλιαμῶς (sub. ποῦς), ὄ, the iambic verse of Hipponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the iambus in the last place.

ΣΚΑΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, Lat. *scaevus*, left, on the left hand or side, like ἀριστερός:—ἡ σκαία (sub. χεῖρ), the left hand.

II. western, westward, for the Greek *auspex* turned towards the north, and so had the West on his left: Σκαίαὶ πύλαι the West-gate (of Troy). 2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek *auspex*, or in the West: birds of good omen on the right, or in the East: (cf. δεξιός). III. metaph. like French *gauche*, left-handed, awkward, clumsy, uncout. Hence

σκαιοσύνη, ἡ, =σκαίοτης.

σκαίοτης, ἡτος, ἡ, (σκαίος) leftbandedness, awkwardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαί-ουργέω, f. ἡσώ, (σκαίος, ἔργον) to be left-banded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously.

ΣΚΑΙΡΩ, to skip, dance, bound.

σκαίως, Adv. of σκαίος, in a left-banded manner, awkwardly.

σκαλάθρυμα, ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρω) a subtle question: generally, trifling, nonsense.

σκαλάθρυματιον, τό, Dim. of σκαλάθρυμα, a trifling subtlety, petty quibble.

σκαλάθρυμα, =σκάλλω, to dig: metaph. to explore over-subtly or cunningly. [5]

σκάλεύς, ἔως, ὄ, (σκάλλω) one who hoes: a boer or a boe.

σκάλευω, =σκάλλω, to stir, hoe: σκαλεύειν, ἄνθρακας to stir or poke a coal-fire.

σκάληνός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὄς, ὄν, (σκάζω) limping, halt-

ing. II. uneven: ἀριθμὸς σκαληνός an odd number: τρίγωνον σκαληνόν a triangle with unequal sides.

ΣΚΑ'ΛΛΩ, to stir up, hoe, harrow.

σκαλμός, ὄ, (σκάλλω) the rin or thole to which the Greek oar was fastened by the τροπαστήρ, Lat. *scalmus*, *raxillus*.

σκάλοψ, οπος, ὄ, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole.

Σκάμανδρος, ὄ, the Scamander, a river of Troy, ὄν Ξάνθον καλέουσι θεοὶ ἄνδρες δὲ Σκάμανδρον:—Adj. Σκάμάνδριος, a, ον, Scamandrian: whence Hector called his son Σκαμάνδριος.

σκανᾶ, Dor. for σκηνή.

σκανδάληθρον, τό, the stick or support in a trap on which the bait is placed, and which, when touched, makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκανδάληθρ' ἰστὰς ἐπιόν setting word-traps, i.e. words which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκανδαλίζω, f. σῶ, to make to stumble, give offence or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way. From

σκανδάλον, τό, =σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανδικό-πώλης, ου, ὄ, (σκανδιξ, πωλέω) a dealer in *chevnil*.

ΣΚΑ'ΝΔΙΞ, ἱκος, ἡ, chevnil, Lat. *scandix*.

σκάπνη, ἡ, (σκάπτω) a spade or hoe. [πᾶ]

σκάπετος, ὄ, (σκάπτω) =κάπετος.

σκάπτειρα, ἡ, fem. of σκαπήρ, a woman that digs.

σκαπήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (σκάπτω) a digger, delver.

σκάπρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

σκαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be dug. II. Σκαπή ὕλη a country in Thrace, named after a forest in which mines had been worked.

σκάπρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

ΣΚΑ'ΠΤΩ, fut. σκάψω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφην [ᾗ]: pf. ἔσκαμμαι:—to dig: σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρδᾶ-μύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω):—to blink, wink.

σκαρτίσμός, ὄ, a scratching or scraping up: σκαρτίσμοι λήρον a raking up of trifles. From

σκαρτίφος, ὄ, =κάρφος: also a stile for drawing out-lines: an outline, sketch.

σκάτῶς, genit. of σκάρ.

σκάτο-φάγος, ον, (σκάτος, φαγεῖν) dung-eating.

σκάφεύς, ἔως, ὄ, (σκαφήνη) a digger, delver, ditcher.

σκάφη, ἡ, (σκαφήνη) any thing dug or scooped out, a hollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl. 2. a light boat, skiff, Lat. *scôpha*.

σκάφηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.

σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, basin, or bowl: a small boat or skiff. II. a fashion of hair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythians), in which the hair was cut off all round the head, leaving only the hair on the crown, which then looked like

a bowl. 2. the crown of the head.

σκάφίς, ἴδος, ἦ, like σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, bowl, pail. 2. a small boat, skiff.

II. a digging-tool, a spade, mattock. σκάφος, εὐς, τό, (σκαφήναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging.

II. *that which is dug or scooped out, any hollow vessel, a tub: esp. the hull of a ship, Lat. alveus, and generally a ship, boat.* III. a digging-tool, spade. [ᾶ]

σκεδάννυμι and -νω, lengthd. from obsol. *σκεδάω: fut. σκεδάσω [ᾶ] Att. σκεδῶ, ᾶς, ᾶ: aor. I ἐσκεδάσα Ep. σκεδάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσκεδάσθην: pf. ἐσκεδάσμαι:—to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to shiver, break a thing. II. Pass. to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be shed abroad: of a report, to be spread about, bruited abroad.

σκεδάσα, Ep. aor. I of σκεδάννυμι.

σκεδάσις, ἦ, (σκεδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing. σκεδῶ, Att. fut. of σκεδάννυμι.

σκεθρῶς, ἄ, ὄν, tight, exact, careful. Adv. σκεθρῶς, thoroughly, exactly. (From σχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.)

Σκεῖρων, ὄνος, ὄ, Sciron, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Σκεῖρωνος ἀκταί, i. e. the coast of Megara; also called Σκεῖρωνίδες πέτραι; Σκεῖρωνικὸν ὄδιμα the sea off this coast.

σκελίς, ἴδος, ἦ, = Att. σχελίς.

σκελίσκος, οὐ, ὄ, Dim. of σκέλος, a small leg.

ΣΚΕΪΛΛΩ: fut. σκελῶ Ion. σκελέω: aor. I ἔσκηλα:—to dry, dry up, parch, wither. II. Pass. σκέλλομαι: fut. σκελούμαι: with. intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἔσκηλην, inf. σκελήναι (as if from *σκηλήμι): pf. ἐσκηληκα with pres. signif.:—to be parched, lean, withered.

ΣΚΕΪΛΟΣ, εὐς, τό, the leg; ἐπὶ σκέλος ἀνάγειν to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire leisurely. II. τὰ σκέλη the legs, i. e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peiræus.

σκέμμα, ματος, τό, (ἔσκεμμα, pf. pass. of σκέπτομαι) a subject of reflexion, a question.

σκένος, Aeol. for ξένος.

σκέπᾶ, poet. nom. and acc. pl. of σκέπας.

σκεπάω, f. ἄσω, (σκέπας) like σκεπάω, to cover, shelter, screen. Hence

σκέπανον, τό, (σπέπας) a covering.

σκεπάδος, ἦ, ὄν, (σκέπας) covered, sheltered.

ΣΚΕΪΠΑΡΝΟΝ, τό, or σκέπαρνος, ὄ, a carpenter's axe or adze.

ΣΚΕΪΠΑΣ, αὐς, τό, a covering, shelter; ἐπὶ σκέπας in or under shelter; σκέπας ἀνέμοιο shelter from the wind.

σκέπασμα, ατος, τό, (σκέπαω) = σκέπας.

σκεπάω Ep. σκεπῶ, to cover, shelter.

ΣΚΕΪΠΗ, ἦ, like σκέπας, a covering, shelter: μεταρῆ, ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ πολέμου under shelter from war; ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ φόβου under shelter from fear.

σκεπῶσι, Ep. for σκεπάσι, 3 pl. pres. from σκεπάω. σκεπτεῖν, one must look or consider: verb. Adj. of

σκέπτομαι, fut. σκέψομαι: aor. I ἔσκεψάμην: pf. ἔσκεμμα: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέπτομαι, ἔσκεπτομαι, are seldom found in Att., σκοπῶ or σκοποῦμαι being used instead: I. intr. to look about, look carefully at, look after, watch.

II. of the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider.

ΣΚΕΪΠΩ, rare radic. form of σκεπάω.

σκερβολῶ and σκερβόλλω, (σέρβωλος) to scold, abuse, revile. From

σέρβωλος, like κέρτομος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκευᾶγωγέω, f. ἦσω, to remove one's goods and chattels. From

σκευ-ᾶγωγός, ὄν, (σκευός, ᾶγω) conveying or moving one's goods and chattels:—as Subst., σκευαγωγός, ὄ, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggage-master.

σκευάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἔσκεύασα: Pass., ἐσκεύασα, Ion. 3 pl. ἐσκεύαδαται; Ion. 3 pl. plupf. ἐσκευάδατο: (σκευός, σκευή):—to prepare, make ready: esp. to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide:—Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, devise. II. of persons, to furnish or supply with a thing. 2. to dress up, disguise: pf. pass. part. ἐσκευασμένος, dressed up.

σκευάριον, τό, Dim. of σκευός or σκευή, a trifling part of one's dress or equipment. [ᾶ]

σκευαστήν, verb. Adj. of σκευάζω, one must prepare.

σκευαστός, ἦ, ὄν, (σκευάζω) prepared, artificial.

σκευή, ἦ, (σκευός) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. apparatus: the properties or dress of an actor, etc. 2. a fashion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like σκευός: the tackling of a ship.

σκευοθήκη, ἦ, (σκευός, θήκη) a storehouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal.

σκευοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (σκευοποιός) to make arms or implements, to manufacture. Hence

σκευοποίημα, ματος, τό, the dress of an actor.

σκευοποιός, ὄν, (σκευός, ποιέω) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

ΣΚΕΪΤΟΣ, εὐς, τό, a vessel or implement of any kind. 2. in plur. σκευή, τά, implements, tools: the baggage of an army, Lat. impedimenta: the trappings of horses; the tackling of ships, naval stores: the dresses of actors.

II. the body, as the vessel or instrument of the soul.

σκευοφορέω, f. ἦσω, (σκευοφόρος) to carry baggage:—Pass. to have one's baggage carried.

σκευοφορικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for the carrying of baggage; βάρος σκευοφορικόν the load of a beast of burthen. From

σκευο-φόρος, ὄν, (σκευός, φέρω) carrying baggage: οἱ σκευοφόροι the sutlers, camp-followers: σκευοφόροι κάμηλοι the baggage-camels; τὰ σκευοφόρα the beasts of burden.

σκευοφύλαξ, ακος, ὄ, (σκευός, φύλαξ) a storekeeper.

σκευωρόμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -ἦσομαι, pf. pass.

ἐσκευώρημαι; (σκευωρός):—to watch or look after the baggage. 2. to examine thoroughly. II. to contrive cunningly:—intr. to act knavishly. Hence σκευώρημα, ατος, τό, a cunning trick.

σκευωρία, ἡ, (σκευωρόμαι) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence. II. cunning, knavery.

σκευωρός, ὄν, (σκευός, ὤρα) looking after baggage.

σκευάμενος, αορ. I part. of σκέπτομαι or σκοπέω.

σκέψις, εως, ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the senses. II. examining: consideration, reflexion.

σκήλαι, αορ. I inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλευε, 3 sing. opt.

σκηνάομαι, Dep., with πρ. pass. ἐσκήνημαι, to dwell, live. II. also as Med. to build for oneself.

σκηνώ, f. ἦσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally, to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

ΣΚΗΝΗΉ, ἡ, a tent, booth: a tabernacle: in plur. a camp, Lat. castra. 2. a dwelling-place, house: a temple.

II. a wooden stage or scaffold for actors to perform on:—hence the stage, the part on which the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang). III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage: also a bed-tester. IV. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, ατος, τό, (σκηνώ) = σκηνή, a dwelling-place, nest, abode.

σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [νί]

σκηνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = σκηνή.

σκηνήτης, ου, ὁ, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a tent. [ῆ]

σκηνοπηγέω, (σκηνόπηγος) to put up a tent or booth.

Hence σκηνοπηγία, ἡ, a pitching of tents. II. the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπήγμια, τά.

σκηνόπηγος, ου, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent.

σκηνοποιός, ὄν, (σκηνή, ποίεω) making tents: as Subst., σκηνοποιός, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκηνορράφος, ου, (σκηνή, ῥάφηναι) stitching tents: as Subst., σκηνορράφος, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκίγος Dor. σκάνος, εος, τό, like σκήνη. 2. a body.

σκηνοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκηνή, φύλαξ) a guard or watcher in a tent.

σκηνώ, f. ὤσω, (σκήνος) to pitch tents, encamp. II. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up one's abode.

σκηνύδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή.

σκήνωμα, ατος, τό, (σκηνώ) a tent, tabernacle: a habitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments.

σκηπάνιον, τό, = σκήπτρον, a sceptre, staff.

σκηπτοβάμων [ᾶ], ου, gen. ονος, (σκήπτρον = σκήπτρον, βαίω) sitting, perched on the sceptre.

σκηῖπτον, τό, = σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκάπτον, and a few compds.

σκηπτός, ὁ, (σκήπτω) a gust or squall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt. II. metaph. a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκηπτουχία, ἡ, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτ-ούχος, ου, (σκήπτρον, ἔχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. 2. as Subst., σκηπτούχος, ὁ, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

σκηπτοφóρος, ου, = σκηπτροφóρος.

σκήπτρον Dor. σκάπτον, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick. II. a staff or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a σκήπτρον from the herald. 2. the sceptre, to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτροφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear rule over. From

σκηπτροφóρος, ου, (σκήπτρον, φέρω) bearing a sceptre, kingly, princely.

ΣΚΗΠΤΩ, f. ψω, αορ. I ἐσκηψα: I. trans. to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, hurl, shoot: also in Med. 2. intr. to fall or dart down, light. II. Pass. and Med., to prop or support oneself by a staff, to lean upon: metaph. to depend or rely upon. 2. σκηπτεσθαι c. acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of excuse: c. inf. to pretend to be. 3. absol. to excuse or defend oneself; σκηπτεσθαι πρὸς τινα, to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπτω, ανος, ὁ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκίπτω, a staff.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:—Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψις, εως, ἡ, (σκήπτω) a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ, ᾶs Ion. σκίη, ἡς, ἡ, a shadow, shade: the shade or ghost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere shadow, phantom, spectre. 2. the shade of trees; πετραίη σκίη the shade of a rock; ἐν σκιάῳ indoors. 3. a shady place.

σκιῶγράφω, f. ἦσω, (σκιωγράφος) to paint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

σκιῶγράφια, ἡ, (σκιωγράφω) painting in light and shade, rough painting.

σκιῶγράφος, ου, (σκιά, γράφω) painting in light and shade (without colours). [γράφ]

σκιάδειον, τό, (σκιά) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιᾶδισκη, ἡ, = σκιάδειον, an umbrella, parasol.

σκιᾶζω, f. σκιάσω Att. σκιάω: αορ. I ἐσκίασα: (σκιά):—to shade, overshadow, darken: to throw a shadow on. II. to cover, veil.

σκιᾶμῦχέω, f. ἦσω, (σκιά, μάχη) to fight in the shade—(i. e. in the school, not in real battle), to spar. II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight in vain.

Σκιά-πόδες [ᾶ], οἰ, (σκιά, πούς) the Shadow-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σκιαρό-κομος, ου, (σκιάρω, κόμη) shady with leaves.

σκιαρός, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for σκιερός.

σκιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σικιά) any sbady covering, a canopy, pavilion.

σικιάσμα, ματος, τό, (σικιάζω) a sbadow.

σικιά-τροφέω Ion. σικιητ-, f. ἦσσι: (σικιά, τρέφω): —to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass. to keep in the shade, sbun beat and toil, live effeminately.

II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

σικιάω Ep. σικίω, = σικιάζω: only in Pass. to be sbaded, become dark.

σικιδναμαι, like κιδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered, scattered abroad, dispersed; σικιδναμένης Δημήτερος ἡ συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in, i. e. at seed-time or at harvest; ἅμα ἡλίω σικιδναμένω as the sun begins to scatter his beams, spread his light.

σκιερός Dor. σκιαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σικιά) sbady, sbaded. σικίῃ, ἡ, Ion. for σικιά.

ΣΚΙΓΓΑΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla.

σικιμᾶλλίζω, f. ἰώ Att. ἰώ, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown.)

σικίμπους, -ποδος, ὁ, (σικίμπω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabbātus.

σικίμπτω, f. ψω, = σικίπτω.

σικινδάλαμος, ὁ, contr. σικινδαλμός Att. σικινδάλαμος contr. σικινδαλμός: (σχιζώ): a piece of cleft wood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λόγων ἀκριβῶν σικινδάλαμοι straw-splittings, quibbles.

σικινδάλαμο-φράστῆς, ου, ὁ, (σικινδάλαμος, φράζω) a straw-splitter.

σικινδαλμός, ὁ, contr. for σικινδάλαμος.

σικιο-εἶδος, ἔς, (σικιά, εἶδος) like a sbadow, fleeting like a sbadow, sbadowy.

σικιεύς, εσσα, εν, (σικιά) sbady, sbadowy: gloomy, dark.

σικιώντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σικιάω.

σικίπων, ἄνος, ὁ, (σικίμπω) a staff, Lat. scipio. [7]

Σκίρα, τά, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφόρια.

Σκίρας, ἄδος, ἡ, epith. of Athena, see Σκιροφόρια.

σκιράφειον, τό, a gambling-bouse. From σκίραφος [7], ὁ, a dice-box. 2. metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σκιρίται, οἱ, the Scirites, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the Arcadian district Σκιρίτις.

ΣΚΙΡΟΝ [7], τό, like σικιάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena Σκίρας, thence called τὰ Σκίρα or τὰ Σκιροφόρια, giving name to the month Σκιροφοριών.

σκίρον, τό, the bard rind of cheese, cheese parings.

ΣΚΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φόρια, τά, (σκίρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκίρας, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριών.

Σκίρο-φοριών, ἄνος, ὁ, (Σκιροφόρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of June and former part of July.

ΣΚΙΡΤΑΨ, f. ἦσσι, to spring, leap, bound.

σκίρτημα, ἄτος, τό, a bound, leap.

σκιρτητής, οὐ, ὁ, (σκιρτάω) a leaper, jumper.

σκιρτο-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (σκιρτάω, ποῦς) spring-footed, with bounding foot.

σκιρτώω, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σκιρτάω.

Σκίρταλοι, οἱ, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634).

σικίβίζω, Dor. for εἰβίζω.

σικίφος, τό, Dor. for ξίφος, a sword. [7]

σικι-ώδης, ες, = σικιοειδής, sbady: gloomy.

σικίηται, inf. aor. 2 of σκέλλω.

σκληρο-ἄγωγέω, (σκληρός, ἀγωγή) to bring up hardy.

σκληρο-καρδία, ἡ, (σκληρός, καρδία) hardness of heart.

σκληρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκληρῆται) dry, hard, Lat. durus. 2. of sound, boarse, harsh, rough. 3. of taste and smell, harsh, rough. 4. stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus: sturdy, tough. II. metaph., 1. of things, hard, austere. 2. of persons, hard, harsh, stern, also stubborn.

σκληρότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (σκληρός) hardness, harshness, roughness.

σκληρο-τράχηλος, ον, (σκληρός, τράχηλος) stiff-necked. [α̅]

σκληρῶν [ῶ], f. ἑνῶ: aor. I ἐσκλήρῆται: pf. pass. ἐσκλήρηνται: (σκληρός):—to barden, esp. to barden the heart: to make thick, gross, stupid.

σκληρῶς, Adv. of σκληρός, in hard or rough fashion.

σκιπταῖος, ἄ, ον, (σκιπταῖος) of or in the twilight.

σκολο-θριξ, -τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκολιός, θριξ) with curled, twining hair or leaves.

σκόλιον, τό, neut. of σκολιός (sub. μέλος), a song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μυρρίνη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one he chose.

ΣΚΟΛΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, crooked, bent: twisting, winding. II. metaph. crooked, tortuous, unjust.

σκολιώς, Adv. crookedly.

σκολοπέσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ.

σκολοπίζω, f. σω, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ΣΚΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, ἄ, a pale, stake: in plur. σκόλοπες, οἱ, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σκολοπίζω, ἀνασκολοπίζω.

II. a tree.

ΣΚΟΛΥΜΟΣ, ὁ, an eatable kind of thistle: an artichoke.

ΣΚΟΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of fish, of which the θύννος and πηλαμύς were varieties.

σκοπ-ἄρχης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπέω, ἄρχω) leader of the spies or of a party of videttes.

σκοπελο-δρόμος, ὁ, (σκοπέλος, δραμεῖν) running over rocks.

σκόπελος, ὁ, (σκοπέω) a look-out place, a crag or headland, Lat. scopulus: generally, a high rock, peak.

σκοπεύω, = σκοπέω.

σκοπέω, also σκοπέομαι as Dep.: only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses, fut. σκέψομαι, aor. I ἐσκεψάμην, pf. ἔσκεκαμαι, being supplied by σκέπτομαι: (σκοπός):—to look at or after a thing: to be bold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look out.

II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to; σκοπεῖν τὰ ἑαυτοῦ to look to one's own affairs.

III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

σκοπιή, ἡ, a look-out place, watch-tower.

σκοπιὰ Ion. -ιή, ἡ, (σκοπός) a look-out place, mountain-peak.

2. a watch-tower, Lat. specula. II. a looking out, keeping watch; σκοπιῆν ἔχειν to keep watch. Hence

σκοπιάζω, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore. II. transit. to spy out, search out, discover.

σκοπιάω, later ποῖτ. form for σκοπιάζω.

σκοπιήτης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπιῶν) a spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοπι-ῶρέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: Dep.: (σκοπιᾶ, ῶρα):—to spy or observe from a look-out place.

σκοπός, ὁ and ἡ, (σκέπ-τομαι) one that watches or looks out: in bad sense, one who lies in wait for another. 2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary god of a place. 3. a look-out man or watcher in war, Lat. speculator; also one who marks game: a spy, scout: a messenger. II. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus; ἀπὸ σκοποῦ away from the mark.

σκορδίζομαι Ion. -έομαι: f. ἡσομαι: Dep.:—to stretch one's limbs, yaw, gape, feel tired or lazy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδάμη, ἡ, (σκόροδον, ἄλμη) a sauce or pickle composed of brine and garlic.

σκοροδίξω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐσκοροδίσμαι: (σκόροδον):—to feed with garlic: to train game-cocks on garlic for fighting; ἐσκοροδισμένους primed with garlic.

σκοροδίων, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or stalks of garlic.

ΣΚΟΡΟΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlic, Lat. allium; often mentioned with the onion (κρόμμυον), and leek (πράσον). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευτρι-αρτόπωλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (σκόροδον, πανδοκευτρία, ἀρτόπωλις) a garlic-bread-selling-bossess.

ΣΚΟΡΙΠ'Ω, f. ἴσω, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavish: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

ΣΚΟΡΙΠ'ΟΣ, ἡ, a scorpion.

σκοταῖος, α, ον, (σκότος) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, blind. II. metaph. dark, obscure:—Adv. -ῶς.

σκοτία, ἡ, (σκότος) darkness, gloom, dusk.

σκοτίζω, f. ἴσω, (σκότος) to make dark:—Pass. to be dark, darkened.

σκότιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-ἄδασυ-πικνό-θριξ, -τριχός, ὁ, ἡ, (σκότος, δάσυσ, πικνός, θρίξ) with dark rough thick hair.

σκοτο-δίνεω, (σκότος, δίνεω) to grow blind and dizzy, to have a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδινία, ἡ, dizziness, vertigo.

σκοτοδινία, = σκοτοδινεῶ.

σκοτο-εὐθής, ἐς, (σκότος, εἶδος) dark-looking.

σκοτούς, εσσα, εν, ποῖτ. for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark, gloomy.

σκοτο-μαιναι, ἡ, Att. for σκοτομήνη.

σκοτο-μήνη, ἡ, (σκότος, μήνη) a moonless night.

σκοτομήνιος, ον, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

ΣΚΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, darkness, gloom: in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, τὸν δὲ σκότος ὄσσε κάλυψεν: of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i. e. to be blind: metaph., σκότω κρύπτειν to hide in darkness.—The neut. form σκότος, εος, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Attic Greek. Hence

σκοτώ, f. ὥσω, to make dark, darken, to blind.

σκοτώδης, ἐς, = σκοτοειδής.

σκύβαλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be derived from ἐς κύνια βαλεῖν.)

σκυδαινω, = σκύζομαι, to be angry with one.

ΣΚΥΤ'ΟΜΑΙ, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one.

Σκυθαῖνα, ἡ, fem. of Σκυθός. [ῥ]

Σκυθός, ου, ὁ: voc. Σκῦθα:—a Scythian: proverb.,

Σκυθὸν ἔρημα a Scythian wilderness. 2. as Adj. Scythian.

II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [ῥ] Hence

Σκυθῶς, f. ἴσω, to be or behave like a Scythian: to side with the Scythians.

2. to drink like a Scythian. 3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, hence to shave the head.

Σκυθιστί, Adv. (Σκυθίζω) in the Scythian fashion, in the Scythian tongue.

Σκυθο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (Σκυθος, τοξότης) a Scythian Bowman.

σκυθράξω, f. ἴσω, (σκυθρός) to be angry or sullen.

ΣΚΥΘΡ'ΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, angry, sullen, gloomy.

σκυθροπάξω, f. ἴσω, (σκυθροπός) to look angry or sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ῶπός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (σκυθρός, ὤψ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. σκυθρῶπῶς ἔχειν to be of a sad countenance.

σκυλάκαινα, ἡ, fem. of σκύλας, a she-wheelp.

σκυλάκειμα, ατος, τό, a wheelp, cub. From σκύλακειω, f. ἴσω, (σκύλας) to pair dogs for breeding: generally, to breed dogs.

σκυλάκ-ώδης, ἐς, (σκύλας, εἶδος) like a young dog: neut. τὸ σκυλακῶδες as Subst., the nature of puppies.

σκύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ and ἡ, like σκύμνος, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a wheelp, puppy.

σκυλεῖμα, ατος, τό, πλῆρες, booty, spoil. From σκυλεύω, f. ἴσω, (σκύλον) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoliare: c. acc. pers. et rei

Κύκνον τεύχεα ἀπ' ὤμων σκυλευσάντες having stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκυλη-φόρος, ον, = σκυλοφόρος.

Σκύλλα ἢ Σκύλλη, ἡ, *Scylla*, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who *rended* her prey in pieces: (hence called Σκύλλα from σκύλλω.)

ΣΚΥΤ'ΑΛΩ, aor. ἰ ἔσκυλα:—properly to *flay*: generally, to *rend*, *mangle*, *tear*: metaph. to *trouble*, *annoy*, Lat. *vecare*. Hence

σκύλα, ατος, τό, a *piece plucked out*.

σκυλμός, ὁ, (σκύλλω) a *rending*, *mangling*: metaph. *trouble*.

σκύλοδεψέω, f. ἦσω, to *tan hides*. From σκύλο-δέψω or -δέψω, ου, ὁ, (σκύλον, δέψω fut. of δέψω) a *tanner of hides*.

σκύλον, τό, (σκύλλω) mostly in plur. σκύλα, *the arms stript off a slain enemy*, *spoils*, Lat. *spolia*; σκύλα γράφειν to *write one's name on arms gained as spoils*: rarely in sing. *booty*, *spoil*, *prey*.

σκύλος [ῥ], εος, τό, (σκύλλω) *the skin of an animal*, a *lion's hide*.

σκύλο-φόρος, ου, (σκύλον, φέρω) *receiving the spoil*.

σκύλο-χαρής, ἐς, (σκύλον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in spoils or booty*.

ΣΚΥΤΜΝΟΣ, ὁ, like σκύλαξ, *any young animal*; but properly a *lion's whelp*, as σκύλαξ was a dog's whelp, puppy. Hence

σκύμνος, Dor. for σκύμνος, acc. pl. of σκύμνος.

Σκύρος, ἡ, the *isle of Scyros*, one of the Sporades, not far from Euboea: Σκυρόθεν, Adv. from Scyros.

σκυτάλη [ᾱ], ἡ, (akin to ξύλον) a *stick*, *staff*, *cudgel*: at Sparta, a *staff*, by way of a cipher for writing despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round it, on which the despatches were written, so that when unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers, and so were able to read the despatches. Hence σκυτάλη meant a *Spartan despatch*, and metaph. a *message*.

σκυτάλιον, τό, Dim. of σκύταλον, a *cané*. [ᾱ]

σκυτάλιος, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of σκυτάλη.

σκυτάλον, τό, = σκυτάλη, a *cudgel*, *club*. [ῥ]

σκυτεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (σκιτός) a *sboemaker*, *cobbler*.

σκυτεύω, f. σω, (σκυτεύς) to be a *sboemaker*.

ΣΚΥΤΗ Dor. σκυτά, ἡ, *the neck*.

σκυτίνας, η, ου, (σκιτός) *leathern*, *made of leather*; τὸ σκυτίνας a *leathern ornament or appendage*.

σκύτος, τό, (κύτος, whence Lat. *cutis*) a *skin*, *bide*, esp. a *dressed or tanned bide*, *leather*. II. *any-thing made of leather*, a *whip*, *thong*.

σκυτοτομέω, τό, a *sboemaker's shop*. From σκυτοτομέω, f. ἦσω, (σκυτοτόμος) to *cut leather for shoes*, to be a *sboemaker*.

σκυτοτομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *sboemaker*. From σκυτο-τόμος, ου, (σκύτον, τεμείν) *cutting leather*: as Subst., σκυτοτόμος, ὁ, a *worker in leather*, *sboemaker*.

σκυτο-τραγγέω, (σκύτον, τραγγεῖν) to *consume leather*. σκύφος, ου, ὁ, and σκύφος, εος, τό, (akin to κύπελλον, κύπη) a *cup*, *beaker*, *can*, *flagon*.

σκοληκό-βρωτος, ου, (σκόληξ, βιβρώσκω) *eaten of worms*, *worm-eaten*.

ΣΚΩ'ΛΗΞ, ἡκος, ὁ, a *worm*, Lat. *lumbricus*.

ΣΚΩ'ΛΟΣ, ὁ, a *pointed stake*: a *thorn*, *prickle*.

σκόμμα, ατος, τό, (σκάπτω) a *jest*, *joke*, *gibe*, *scoff*.

σκιωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκόμμα, a *petty joke*.

σκιωπτόλις, ου, ὁ, (σκάπτω) a *mock*, *jester*.

ΣΚΩ'ΠΤΩ, fut. σκώφομαι: aor. ἰ ἔσκαφα: aor. ἰ pass. ἔσκάφθην:—to *mock*, *jeer*, *scoff at*, *jest at*:—*absol. to jest*, *joke*, *be in fun*.

ΣΚΩ'Ρ, τό, gen. σκάτος, *dung*.

σκάψ, ὁ, gen. σκαψός, nom. pl. σκάψες: (from σκέπτομαι, as κλάψ from κλέπτω) a *kind of owl*.

σμάνος, Dor. for σμῆνος; dat. pl. σμάνεσι.

σμάραγδιον, η, ου, of *emerald*. From

ΣΜΑ'ΡΑΓΔΟΣ or μάραγδος, ὁ and ἡ, Lat. *smaragdus*, a *precious stone of green colour*: prob. not the *emerald*.

ΣΜΑ'ΡΑΓΓΕ'Ω, f. ἦσω, to *crash*: of the sea, to roar: of birds, to *scream*, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

Σμάρραγος, ὁ, (σμαραγγέω) a *bravelling goblin*.

σμάω, f. σμήσω Dor. σμάσω: aor. ἰ ἔσμησα: in the pres., the Att. contr. is σμῶ, σμῆς, σμῆ, inf. σμῆν: (μάω)—to *smear*, *rub*: to *anoint*: Med., σμᾶσθαι τὴν κεφαλὴν to *anoint one's head*. 2. to *rub*, *wipe*, *wash off*, *cleanse*. Cp. σμήχω.

σμερδαίλος, ἔα Ion. ἐή, ἔον, *terrible*, *fearful*, *awful*:—neut. σμερδαλέον as Adv. *terribly*.

σμερδόνος, ἡ, ὄν, = σμερδαίλος.

σμέω, Ion for σμῶ.

σμηνο-δόκος, ου, (σμῆνος, δέχομαι) *holding a swarm of bees*.

σμῆνος, εος, τό, (from ἐσμός) a *bee-bive*. II. a *swarm of bees*: generally, a *swarm*, *crowd*, *throng*.

σμήχω, f. ξω: aor. ἰ pass. ἔσμήχθην:—collat. form of σμῶ, to *rub*, *wipe off* or *away*. 2. to *wipe clean*. See σμῶ.

σμίκερο-, for words beginning thus, see μικρο-

σμίκερός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. and old Attic for μικρός. [ῖ]

σμίκερότης, σμίκερόνω, v. sub μικρ-.

σμίκερος, Adv. of σμίκερός, *but little*.

σμίλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, = Att. μίλαξ, the *yew*, Lat. *taxus*.

σμίλευμα, ατος, τό, (σμιλεύω) *carved work*: metaph., σμιλεύματα ἔργων *finely carved works*.

σμιλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σμιλεύω, *carved*.

σμιλεύω, f. σω, to *cut out*, *carve finely*. From ΣΜΙ'ΛΗ [ῖ], ἡ, a *knife for cutting or carving*, Lat. *scalprum*: a *graving tool*, *chisel*: generally, a *knife*.

Σμινθεύς, ἔως, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from Σμίνθη a town in the Troad, *the Sminthian*.

σμίμνη, ἡ, a *two-pronged boe* or *mattock*, Lat. *bidens*.

σμίγερός, Adv. -ρῶς, poet. for μογερός, -ρῶς.

σμίξαι, aor. ἰ inf. of σμίχω.

σμίρνα Ion. -νη, ἡ, (μύρρα) *myrrh*, the resinous gum of an Arabian tree, used for *embalming the dead*. Hence

σμυρναῖος, *a, ov, of myrrh.* II. Σμυρναῖος, *a, ov, of Smyrna, an inhabitant of Smyrna.*

σμυρνήω, *f. ἴσω, (σμίρνα) to flavour with myrrh.*

ΣΜΥΤΧΩ [ϋ], *f. ζω: aor. I ἔσμηξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσμηχθην: pf. ἔσμηγμα:—to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away.*

ΣΜΩΔΙΞ, *σμώδιγγος, ἡ, a weal or swollen bruise caused by a blow, Lat. vibex.*

σμάχω, *f. ζω, =σμήχω, to rub: to rub to pieces, grind down.*

σοβᾶρεύομαι, *Dep. (σοβαρός) to stalk about in a haughty way, to strut pompously.*

σοβᾶρο-βλέφαρος, *ov, (σοβαρός, Βλέφαρον) with haughty eyebrows, in pompous fashion.*

σοβαρός, *α, ὄν, (σοβέω) scaring people away: hence bustling, swaggering, pompous, haughty, insolent. 2. of things, stirring, bustling, violent.*

σοβέω, *f. ἴσω, to make the noise σου, σου (shoo! shoo!), to scare away birds: generally, to drive away, knock off. II. to excite, agitate. III. intr. in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.*

σοί, *dat. of σύ.*

σοῖο, *Ion. gen. masc. and neut. of σός.*

σολοικία, *ἡ, = σολοικισμός.*

σολοικίω, *f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σύλοικος) to speak or write incorrectly, commit a solecism; φωνῆ Σκυθικῆ σολοικίειν to speak bad Scythian. Hence*

σολοικισμός, *ὁ, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism.*

σολοικιστής, *οὔ, ὁ, (σολοικίω) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commits solecisms.*

σόλοικος, *ov, speaking incorrectly; using barbarisms or solecisms:—hence barbarous. II. metaph. awkward, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Σόλοι in Cilicia.)*

ΣΟΪΛΟΣ, *ὁ, a mass of iron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round δίσκος.*

σόςος, *η, ov, Ep. form of σῶος, safe and sound in body, whole, unhurt, Lat. integer.*

σορο-πηγός, *ὁ, (σορός, πήγνυμι) a coffin-maker.*

ΣΟΡΟΣ, *ἡ, a vessel or urn to hold the ashes of the dead: a coffin.*

σός, *ἡ, ὄν, possessive Adj. of the 2nd pers. pron. σύ, thy, thine, of thee, Lat. tuus, tua, tuum: also objective, σός πόθος regret for thee. Earlier Ep. and Dor. form σός, τεή (Dor. τεά), τεόν.*

σοῦ, *gen. of σύ; also of σός.*

σοῦ, σοῦ, *shoo! shoo! a cry to scare away birds. Properly imperat. of σοῦμαι: see σοβέω.*

σουδάριον, *τό, the Lat. sūdarium, a napkin or cloth to wipe off sweat with.*

σοῦμαι, *contr. for σόδομαι, =σεῦω, σεύομαι.*

σοῦνεκα, *by crasis for σοῦ ἔνεκα, on thy account.*

Σουνι-άρατος, *ov, (Σούνιον, ἄραδομαι) invoked or worshipped at Sunium.*

Σουνιάς, *ἄδος, ἡ, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.*

Σουνι-εράκος, *ὁ, (Σούνιον, ἰέραξ) hawk of Sunium.*

Σούνιον, *τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of Attica.*

σοῦσθα, *inf. of σοῦμαι: σοῦσθε, σοῦσθω, imperat. Σουσι-γενής, ἔς, (Σούσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa.*

σοῦσον, *τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σούσα, τά, Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susiana or Shushan: also Σούσιος, ὁ, a man of Susa: fem. Σούσις, ἰδος (sub. γυνή) a woman of Susa: or (sub. χώρα), the province of Susiana.*

σοῦσί, *by crasis for σοῦ ἐστί.*

σοφία *Ion. -τή, ἡ, (σοφός) cleverness or skill in art. 2. cleverness, skill, wisdom in common things, prudence: also cunning, shrewdness, craft. 3. perfect scientific knowledge, wisdom, philosophy.*

σοφίω, *f. ἴσω, (σοφός) to make σοφός, to instruct, make wise or learned. II. Pass. to become or be wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing. 2. to play the sophist: to deal subtly or cunningly. 3. aor. I inf. σοφισθῆναι in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived. II. σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσμαι, pf. σοσφίσμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, shrewdly. 2. to deceive, beguile. Hence*

σόφισμα, *ατος, τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stage-trick. 2. a captious argument, a quibble: so a person is called σοφισμ' ὄλον, a trick all over.*

σοφιστεύω, *to act as a sophist, give lectures. From σοφιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σοφίω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians. 2. generally, one who is clever or shrewd in matters of life, a prudent man; so the seven Sages are called σοφισταί: hence a wise man, philosopher. II. at Athens, one who professed to make men wise, a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sophist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: hence, 2. a sophist, quibbler, cheat.*

σοφιστικός, *ἡ, ὄν, (σοφιστής) of or for a sophist: τὸ σοφιστικόν the body of the sophists.*

Σοφοκλῆς *contr. -κλῆς; gen. -κλέους and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σοφός, κλέος): Sophocles, the tragic Poet.*

σοφδ-voos, *ov, contr. -vous, ov, (σοφός, νδος, νοῦς) clever, wise of mind.*

ΣΟΦΟΣ, *ἡ, ὄν, clever or skilful in any art, cunning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf. σοφός λέγειν clever in speaking, etc. 2. clever in common matters, prudent, shrewd, cunning. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, cleverly devised, prudent, wise. Hence*

σοφῶς, *Adv. cleverly, wisely: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα. Hence*

σοφ-ουργός, *ὄν, (σοφός, *ἔργω) working skilfully.*

σόςω, *Ep. for σάωω.*

σπαδίξω, *f. ἴξω, (σπάω) to draw off.*

σπάδιξ [ᾱ], ἴκος, ἦ, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm colour, bay, Lat. *spadix*.

σπάδονίζω, f. σω, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence σπαδόνισμα, ατος, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπάδων [ᾱ], ενος and οντος, ὄ, (σπάω) an *eunuch*, Lat. *spado*.

σπάθω, f. ἦσω, (σπάθη) to strike down the wool with the σπάθη (q. v); λιαν σπαθᾶν to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away money.

II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, Lat. *texere*: see *ράπτω*, ὄφαινω.

ΣΠΑΨΘΗ [ᾱ], ἦ, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the wool home, so as to make the web close. 2. a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. the stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword.

σπάτουλον, τό, Dim. of σπάθη, a little spatula. [ᾱ]

ΣΠΑΙΡΩ, = ἄσπαιρα.

σπάκα, Persian for *κίνα*.

σπᾶλείς, Aeol. for *σταλείς*, aor. 2 pass. part. of *στέλλω*.

σπᾶνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπάνιος) of things, to be rare, scarce, few or scanty. 2. of persons, to lack or be in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. *ἐσπάνισμα*.

σπάνιος, α, ον, like *σπανός*, rare, few, scarce, scanty: —dat. fem. *σπανία*, as Adv. = *σπανίως*.

II. of persons, lacking, needy, in want.—Comp. and Sup. *σπανιώτερος*, —ώτατος. Hence

σπανιότης, ητος, ἦ, want, lack, need.

σπάνιος, εως, ἦ, (σπάνος) of things, scarceness, rareness; οὐ σπάνιος [ἐστὶ], c. inf., 'tis not hard to do a thing. II. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen.

σπανιστός, ἦ, ὄν, (σπανίζω) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. —ώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

ΣΠΑΝΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, of things, scarce, rare. II. of persons, in want of, lacking. [ᾱ]

σπᾶνο-αἰτία, ἦ, (σπανός, αἶτος) lack of corn or food.

σπᾶραγμα, ατος, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a sbred. II. a rending, tearing.

σπᾶράγιμος, ὄ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing, mangling. II. a convulsion, spasm.

σπαράσσω Att. —ττω: f. ἔω: aor. I *ἐσπᾶραξα*; (σπάω):—to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. *lacerare*; Medl., *σπαράσσεσθαι κόμας* to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπάργανον) to swathe, wrap up. σπαργνιώτης, ου, ὄ, a child in swaddling-clothes.

From

σπᾶργᾶνον, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swathing band: in pl. *swaddling-clothes*; and so, in Trag., remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's extraction is discovered, Lat. *monumenta*, *crepundia*. Hence

σπαργᾶνώ, f. ὤσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

ΣΠΑΡΓΑΩ, f. ἦσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. *turgere*.

ΣΠΑΨΓΩ, f. ἔω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes. ΣΠᾶρῆς, σπᾶρῆναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of σπείρω.

σπαρῶνος, ἦ, ὄν, poet. for *σπανός*, σπᾶνός.

σπάρτης, ἦ, a rope made from the shrub *σπάρτος*.

Σπάρτη, ἦ, Sparta in Laconia:—Adv., Σπάρτηθεν, from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence

Σπαρτιάτης [ᾱ], ου, ὄ, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιάτις, ἰδος, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan woman; or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia. Adj. Σπαρτιατικός, ἦ, ὄν, Spartan.

σπαρτίον, τό, Dim. of σπάρτον, a small cord or rope.

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub *σπάρτος*.

σπαρτός, ἦ, ὄν, (σπείρω) sown, scattered: metaph. begotten. II. at Thebes, Σπαρτοί, οἱ, the Sownmen, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Σπαρτοί generally = Θηβαῖοι.

ΣΠΑΨΤΟΣ, ὄ and ἦ, *spartum*, a kind of broom, growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes.

σπασθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σπάω.

σπασσάμενος, Ep. for *σπασ-*, aor. I med. part. of σπάω.

σπασμός, ὄ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. II. tension.

σπᾶτάλαω, f. ἦσω, to live riotously. From

σπᾶτάλη, ἦ, (σπαθάω) wantonness, riot. σπᾶτάλημα, ατος, τό, (σπατάλη) = σπατάλη.

σπᾶτάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet.

σπᾶτάλῶς, ὄν, (σπατάλη) wanton, riotous.

σπᾶτλη [ῖ], ἦ, excrement, dung. (From *σκατός*, gen. of *σκάω*, and *τιλάω*.)

ΣΠΑΩ, f. σπᾶσω [ᾱ]: aor. I *ἐσπᾶσα* Ep. *σπάσα*: pf. *ἐσπᾶκα*: Med., aor. I *ἐσπασάμην* Ep. *σπασάμην*, Ep. part. *σπασσάμενος*: Pass., aor. I *ἐσπᾶσθην*: pf. *ἐσπασμαι*:—to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, etc.

II. to pluck off or out. 2. to tear, rend. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert. III. to draw in, suck in: to drain, quaff. IV. to draw tight, pull the reins. 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proverb., οὐκ ἔσπασε τᾶντη γε 'be took nothing by his motion.'

V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, of a bone.

σπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔπω.

σπέω, Ep. for *σπέο*, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔπομαι.

σπέιος, τό, Ep. for *σπέος*.

ΣΠΕΙΡΑ, ἦ, Lat. *spira*, anything wound or wrapped round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coils of a serpent (which Milton calls *spires*).

3. in pl. also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. *σπείρα βύειαι* thongs or straps of ox-hide to strengthen the blow of the fist, the *caestus*. II. a body of soldiers, the Roman *manipulus*, = two centuries: but also a *cohort*.

σπείραμα, Dor. and Att. for σπείρημα.
 σπείρεσκον, Ion. impf. of σπείρω.
 σπειρηδόν, Adv. (σπείρα) in coils or spires.
 σπείρημα, Dor. and Att. -άμα, atos, τό, (σπείρα)
 a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.
 σπειρίον, τό, a light, thin garment: Dim. of
 σπέρον, τό, (σπείρα) a cloth for wrapping about,
 a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas.
 σπειροῦχος, ὁ, (σπείρα, ἔχω) containing a spiral
 figure or a circle, circular.

ΣΠΕΙΡΩ, f. σπερῶ: aor. I ἔσπερα: Pass., aor. 2
 ἐσάρην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσπαραι:—to sow: I. to sow
 seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ἡ σπει-
 ρομένη Αἴγυπτος the arable part of Egypt; πόντον
 σπείρειν to sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like
 Lat. *serere arenam*. II. metaph. to engender
 or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be
 born. III. to scatter like seed, fling, throw about:
 to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed.

σπέισα, σπέισας, aor. I inf. and part. of σπένδω.
 σπέισασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of σπένδω.
 σπέισω, fut. of σπένδω.

σπεκουλάτωρ, opos, ὁ, the Lat. *speculātor*, a guard.
 ΣΠΕΝΔΩ, f. σπέισω: aor. I ἔσπεισα Ep. σπέισα:
 Pass., aor. I ἔσπεισθη: pf. ἔσπεισμαι:—there are
 also Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I σπένδεσκε,
 σπέισασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. σπένδησθα:—
 to pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before
 drinking wine, Lat. *libare*, mostly with dat. of the
 god to whom the libation was made, σπένδειν θεοῖς,
 Δί, etc.—The religious sense was not always re-
 tained, and sometimes it means simply to pour: to
 sprinkle.

II. Med., f. σπέισμαι: pf. ἔσπεισμαι
 (which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations
 one with another, and since this was the custom in
 making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also
 absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., σπέισασθαι εἰρήνην
 to conclude a formal peace; σπέισασθαι ἀναίρεσιν
 τῶν νεκρῶν to make a truce so as to allow of taking
 up the dead.

ΣΠΕΪΟΣ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπέϊος, gen. σπέϊ-
 ους, dat. σπῆϊ, gen. pl. σπέϊων, dat. σπέϊσι and σπῆ-
 εσι:—Lat. *SPECUS*, a cave, cavern, grot.

σπέρμα, atos, τό, (σπείρω) that which is sown, seed,
 the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2.
 also of animals, seed, Lat. *semen*. II. metaph.
 seed, offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family.

σπέρμα-ἄγοραιο-λεκίθο-λαχάνο-πάλις, ἰδος, ἡ,
 (σπέρμα, ἄγοραῖος, λέκιθος, λαχάνον, παλέομαι) a
 green-grocery market-woman.

σπερμαίνω, (σπέρμα) to sow: metaph. to beget.
 σπερμολόγω, f. ἦσω, (σπερμολόγος) to pick up
 seeds: to babble. Hence

σπερμολογία, ἡ, babbling, gossip.
 σπερμολόγος, ον, (σπέρμα, λέγω) picking up
 seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, ὁ, a crowd that
 picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up
 scraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπερμο-φόρος, ον, (σπέρμα, φέρω) bearing seed.
 Σπερχεῖος, ὁ, the *Spercheios* or *Spercheus*, a river of
 Thessaly, the *Rapid* (from σπέρχω).

σπερχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπέρχω) basty, rapid: generally,
 basty, hot, violent.

ΣΠΕΡΧΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I pass. ἐσπέρχθην:—to drive,
 hasten, hurry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or bastyly,
 to haste; σπέρχεσθαι ἔρεμοῖς to ply rapidly with
 oars:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενος is used as Adj.,
 basty, rapid; of the mind, eager, vehement:—of tem-
 per, to be basty, hot; σπέρχεσθαι τινι to be angry
 with one. II. intr. in Act. = Pass., to rush or be
 driven rapidly.

σπέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔσπμαι, as σχέσθαι of ἔχομαι.
 σπέσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέος.

ΣΠΕΤ' ΔΩ, f. σπέυσω: aor. I ἔσπευσα, Ep. subj.
 I pl. σπέυσομεν (for -ωμεν): pf. pass. ἔσπευσμαι: I.
 trans. to urge on, press on, hasten, quicken: also to
 seek eagerly, strive after: to promote or further zeal-
 ously, to advance or forward a thing. II. intr.
 to press on, hasten: to exert oneself, strive eagerly:
 to be eager or anxious to do a thing: also in Med. to
 haste, hurry.

σπεύδωμες, Dor. I plur. pres. subj. of σπεύδω.
 σπευστέον, verb. Adj. of σπεύδω, one must hasten.

σπέησι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέος.

σπῆϊ, Ep. dat. sing. of σπέος.

σπήλαιον, τό, (σπέος) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. *spe-
 laeum*.

σπήλυγξ, υγγος, ἡ, (σπέος) = σπήλαιον, Lat. *spe-
 lunca*.

ΣΠ' ΔΗ' Σ, ἔς gen. εὖος, only in II. II. 754, διὰ σπι-
 δέος πείδιοιο through the far-stretched, broad plain.

ΣΠ' ΖΩ, to pipe, chirp, of the shrill note of small
 birds, Lat. *pipito*.

ΣΠ' ΘΑ' ΜΗ', ἡ, the space one can span between
 the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat. *dodrans*:—
 as a measure, about $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

ΣΠ' ΛΑ' Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, a rock or crag against which
 the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a hollow rock,
 cave.

ΣΠ' ΛΟΣ, ὁ, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, blem-
 ish. Hence

σπιῶω, f. ὦσω: pf. pass. ἐσπιῶμαι:—to stain, spot,
 contaminate.

σπινθάριγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, and σπινθᾶρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, =
 σπινθήρ, a spark.

ΣΠΙΝΘ' Ρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spark, Lat. *scintilla*.

σπίσιος [ι], ὁ, (σπίζω) a small bird, so called from
 its shrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a
 kind of finch.

σπλαγχνεύω, f. σω, (σπλαγχνά) to eat the inwards
 or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.

σπλαγχνίζομαι, f. -ισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐσπλαγχνί-
 σθην: Dep.: (σπλαγχνον):—to feel bowels of pity,
 have pity, compassion or mercy. Hence

σπλαγχνισμός, ὁ, a feeding the inwards of a vic-
 tim, Dat. *visceratio*. II. compassion.

σπλάγχνον, τό:—mostly in plur. *σπλάγχνα*, τά, Lat. *viscera*, the inward parts, inwards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for eating. 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. *visceratio*. 3. any of the inward parts, the bowels, also the womb. 4. metaph. the heart, the seat of the feelings: so also in sing., ἀνδρὸς σπλάγχνον ἐκμαθεῖν to learn a man's inward nature.

ΣΠΛΗΝ, ὁ, gen. *σπληνός*, the mill, spleen.

σπογγία, ἡ, = σπόγγος, a sponge, Lat. *spongia*.

σπογγίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπόγγος) to wipe with a sponge.

σπογγίον, τό, Dim. of σπόγγος, a small piece of sponge.

ΣΠΟΓΓΟΣ Att. σφόγγος, ὁ, a sponge.

σποδά, ἡ, Lacon. for *σπουδή*.

σποδ-ευνής, ἐς, (σποδός, εὐνή) sleeping on ashes.

σποδέω, f. ἴσω, (σποδός) to beat off ashes or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass., σποδοῦμενος νιφάδι pelted by the storm; σποδοῦμενος πρὸς πέτρας dashed against the rocks; absol., στρατὸς κακῶς σποδοῦμενος an army handled roughly. II. to eat greedily, devour, gulp down.

σποδιά Ion. -τή, ἡ, (σποδός) a heap of ashes: ashes.

σποδίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σποδός) to roast or bake in the ashes. II. to burn to ashes.

ΣΠΟΔΟΣ, ἡ, ashes: wood-ashes, embers: the ashes of the dead. II. dust. III. metaph., σποδὸς κυλίκων a soaker of cups, i. e. a drunkard. Hence

σποδώ, f. ὠσω, to burn to ashes:—Med. to strew with ashes.

σπολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a leathern garment, buff jerkin. (For *στολάς*, from *στέλλω*.)

σπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἔπομαι.

σπονδ-αρχία, ἡ, = σπονδῆς ἀρχή, the beginning of the drink-offering or libation, the right of beginning it.

σπονδεῖος, α, ον, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drink-offering or libation. II. σπονδεῖος (sub. πούς), ὁ, in metre, a spondee, a foot consisting of two long syllables, as *τιμή*, so called because at *σπονδαί* slow solemn melodies were used.

σπονδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. *libatio*: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc. 2. in plur. *σπονδαί*, αἰ, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; *σπονδαί* ἀκρητοί a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; *σπονδὰς* τέμνειν (like ἔρκα τέμνειν) to conclude a treaty.

σπονδο-φόρος, ον, (σπονδή, φέρω) bringing drink-offerings: as Subst., σπονδοφόρος, ὁ, one who brings proposals for a truce or treaty of peace. II. a herald or officer who published the sacred truce of the Olympic and other games.

σπονδύλη, ἡ, Att. σφονδύλη, q. v. [ῥ]

σπορά, ἡ, (σπείρω) a sowing: a begetting of children: generation, birth. 2. seedtime. II.

the seed sown. 2. that which is born, seed, off-

spring, issue: in plur. *young ones*; θηλὸς σπορά the female race.

σποράδην, Adv. (σποράς, σπείρω) spread or scattered about, Lat. *passim*. [ᾶ]

σποράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: αἱ Σποράδες (sub. νῆσοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

σπορεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (σπορά) a sower.

σπορητός, ὁ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a crop. 2. a sowing.—See ἀμητός.

σπόριμος, ον, (σπορά) sown, fit for sowing: τὰ σπόριμα the corn-fields: μέτρον σπόριμον a measure of seed-corn.

σπόρος, ὁ, (σπείρω) a sowing. 2. seed-time. II. seed, produce, a crop.

σπουῖ, in Scythian, an eye.

σπουδάξω, f. -άσομαι, aor. I ἐσπούδασα: pf. ἐσπούδακα: Pass., aor. I ἐσπούδασθην: pf. ἐσπούδασμαι: (σπουδή): I. intr. to make haste, to be busy, zealous or earnest: absol. to speak seriously, to be serious or earnest. II. trans. to do hastily or earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:—Pass. to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

σπουδαιολόγῳ, f. ἴσω, to speak seriously, talk on serious subjects:—Pass. to be treated or discussed seriously. From

σπουδαιο-λόγος, ον, (σπουδαῖος, λέγω) speaking seriously.

σπουδαῖος, α, ον, (σπουδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. II. of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent; σπουδαῖος εἰς ὄψιν goodly, comely to look on.—Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιότερος, -ώτατος—also irreg. Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιέστερος, -ίστατος. Hence

σπουδαῖως, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:—Comp. σπουδαιότερον, Sup. σπουδαιώτατα.

σπουδ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (σπουδή, ἀρχή) one who canvasses eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence

σπουδ-αρχίδης, ον, ὁ, a comic Patronymic of σπουδ-άρχης, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n.

σπουδάσμα, ατος, τό, (σπουδάω) a thing eagerly pursued, a study.

σπουδαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σπουδάω, to be sought for zealously. II. σπουδαστέον, one must be anxious, be in earnest.

σπουδαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σπουδάω) a zealous supporter.

σπουδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) haste, speed, eagerness; σπουδῆ in haste, hastily; so also, διὰ σπουδῆς, κατὰ σπουδῆν. II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπουδῆς ἀξίος worth pains: dat. σπουδῆ as Adv. with great trouble, i. e. scarcely, hardly. 2. σπουδαί in plur. heart-burnings, rivalries. III. earnestness, seriousness; ἀπὸ σπουδῆς, μετὰ σπουδῆς, or σπουδῆ, in earnest, seriously. IV. zeal, regard for a person; κατὰ σπουδῆς through regard of persons, through party influence.

σπύριδιον, τό, Dim. of σπυρίς, a band-basket. [ῖ]

σπυρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σπειρα) a round plaited basket: a fish-basket.

στάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of στάζω.

στάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) a drop, a liquid; στάγμα τῆς ἀνθεμουργοῦ, periph. for honey.

στάγην, ἴνος, ἡ, (στάζω) a drop.

στάδιος, α, ον, (στάδην) standing erect or upright; ἔγχη σταδαία spears for close fight.

στάδην, Adv. (ἴστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [ᾶ]

σταδιοδραμουμαι, irreg. fut. of

σταδιοδρομέω, to run in the stadium, run a race. From

σταδιο-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιον, δραμεῖν) running in the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [ᾶ], τό: in plur. στάδιοι, οἱ, or στάδια, τά;—a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 ὄργυιαί, i. e. 600 Greek or 606½ English feet, about ¼ of a Roman mile; ἑκατὸν σταδίων ἄριστος, 'a hundred miles best'; so, πλεῖν ἢ στάδιω ἀλιστέρως more talkative by a mile and more. II. a race-course, because that of Olympia was exactly a stade long: hence, ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικᾶν to win a race: ξύλινον στάδιον, a kind of chess-board.

στάδιος [ᾶ], α, ον, (ἴστημι) standing firm, standing fast: steady; σταδὴ ὕσμην a close fight, a battle fought hand to hand, Lat. pugna stataria.

ΣΤΑΖΩ, fut. στάζω; aor. I ἔσταξα Ep. στάξα: I. trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil. II. intrans. to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάζειν χεῖρας αἵματι to have one's hands dripping or reeking with blood; στάζειν κέρα ἰδρωτί to have one's head dripping with sweat. 2. to fall off, e. g. of ripe fruit.

στάθεν, Aeol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἴστημι:—but σταθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. [ᾶ]

στάθερός, ἄ Ion. ἡ, ὄν, (ἴστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea; σταθερά μεσημβρία high noon, when the sun seems to stand still in the meridian:—ἡ σταθερά (sub. γῆ), the solid earth.

στάθεινός, ἡ, ὄν, scorched, burnt, fried. From

στάθεω, f. σω, (σταθερός) to scorch, burn, roast, fry. σταθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἴστημι.

στάθι, Dor. for στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἴστημι.

σταθμάω, f. ἦσω, (στάθμη):—to measure by rule: Pass. with fut. met. in pass. sense σταθμήσομαι, to be measured. II. σταθμάομαι, f.—ἦσομαι: aor. I ἑσταβησάμην: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measure, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ἡ, (ἴστημι) a carpenter's line or rule:—proverb., παρὰ στάθμη along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amissim; also in bad sense, beside the rule, wrongly:—κατὰ στάθμην νοεῖν to guess aright. II. like γραμμή, the line which bounds the race-course, the goal. III. metaph. order, law, Lat. norma.

σταθμόνδε, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall: homeward. From

σταθμός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. σταθμά, τά, but also σταθμοί, οἰ: (ἴσταμαι):—a standing-place, of farm-yard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat. stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. 2. quarters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers, Lat. statio:—in Persia, σταθμοί were stations or stages on the royal road, where the king rested in travelling. 3. generally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles. II. an upright standing-post, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also the door-posts.

III. a balance, pair of scales: also, weight by the balance; σταθμὸν ἔχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμὸν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμῶω, f. ὦσω, (σταθμός) to bring to the scale. II. Med., esp. in aor. I ἑσταβωσάμην, to conjecture, conclude or infer by or from a thing.

σταήν, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἴστημι.

σταίμεν, σταίτε, σταίεν, Att. for σταιήμεν, σταίητε, σταιήσαν, aor. 2 opt. plur. of ἴστημι.

ΣΤΑΙΓΩ or σταίς, τό, gen. σταίως, wheaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

σταίτινος, η, ον, of wheaten flour or dough.

στακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στάζω) oozing out in drops, trickling, dripping.

στάλα, ἡ, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τό, (σταλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [σῶ]

στάλαγμος, ὁ, (σταλάζω) a dropping, dripping: also = στάλαγμα, a drop.

στάλάσσω, f. ξω, and στάλάω, to fall in drops, drop, drip. II. trans. to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall.

στάληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω.

στάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. στάλιξ, (ἴστημι) anything set up; a pole or stake to which nets were fastened.

σταλ-ουργός, ὄν, Dor. for στήλ-, (στήλη, ἔργον) marked, furnished with a gravestone.

*σταμίν or σταμῖς, ἴνος, ἡ, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσι: (ἴστημι): anything set upright: in plur. the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; ἱερὰ ἀρὰρὸν θαμῖς σταμίνεσι having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμῖνον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup.

στάμνος, ὁ, also ἡ, (ἴστημι) an earthen jar or bottle for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

σταν, Adv. for ἔσταν, ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἴστημι. 2. aor. 2 part. neut. of ἴστημι.

σταξέυμεν, Dor. for στάξομεν, fut. of στάζω.

στάξις, εως, ἡ, (στάζω) a dropping.

στάς, στάσα, σταν, aor. 2 part. of ἴστημι.

στάσιάζω, f. ἄσω, (στάσις) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, τινί against one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; στασιάειν μετὰ τινος to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

στάσι-αρχος, ὁ, (στάσις, ἀρχω) the chief of a band or company: the head of a faction, leader of a seditious party.

στάσιασμός, ὁ, (στασιάζω) a raising of sedition.
στάσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στασιάζω) seditious.
στάσιμος, ον, (στάσις) standing, stationary, stable, steady, fixed. 2. **στάσιμον**, τό, in Tragedy, a conventional song of the Chorus.
στάσις [ᾶ], εως, ἡ, (ἵσταμαι) a standing, the posture of standing. 2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, **στάσις τοῦ νότου**, τῆς μεσημβρίας. 3. the state or condition in which a person is, Lat. status. II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party. 2. sedition, faction.

στάσι-ώδης, ες, (στάσις, εἶδος) seditious.
στάσι-ῶρον, τό, = στάσις ἐν ὄρει, a mountain-fold; but better **στασι-ῶρος**, ὁ, (στάσις, ὄρα) watcher of the station or fold.

στάσιώτης, ον, ὁ, (στάσις II) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plur. the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence **στάσιωτικός**, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to faction, seditious.
στάσκε, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.

στασῶ, Dor. for στήσω, fut. of ἵστημι.
στατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) any weight. II. a coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also τετραδραχμος, worth about 3s. 3d. 2. later, a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 20 Att. drachmae, = 16s. 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him *Darics*, **στατήρες Δαρεικοί**, worth about 1l. 1s. 10d.

στατίζω, poet. for ἵστημι, to place: Pass. ἵσταμαι, to stand. II. intr. also in Act., to stand.

στατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) causing to stand. II. skilled in weighing: ἡ **στατική** (sub. τέχνη), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

στατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἵστημι, placed, standing; **στατός ἵππος** a stalled or stall-fed horse; **στατόν ὕδωρ** standing water.

σταυ, see Σ, σ.
σταυρός, ὁ, (ἵστημι) an upright pale, stake or pole; in plur. a palisade. II. the Cross.

σταυρο-φάνης, ἐς, (σταυρός, φανῆνα) appearing like a cross. Adv. -νῶς.

σταυρο-φόρος, ον, (σταυρός, φέρω) bearing the cross.
σταυρώ, f. ἄσω, (σταυρός) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place. II. to crucify. Hence

σταύρωμα, ατος, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

σταύρωσις, ἡ, (σταυρώ) a palisading. II. crucifixion.

στάφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a dried grape, raisin, also ἀσταφίς. (Akin to σταφυλή.)

ΣΤΑΨΥΔΗ, ἡ, a bunch of grapes. II. parox., σταψύλη, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; ἵπποι σταψύλη ἐπὶ νῶτον εἶσαι horses matched in height by the level.

στάφυλις, ἴδος, ἡ, = σταφυλή, a bunch of grapes.
στάφυλο-κλοπήτης, ον, ὁ, (σταφυλή, κλοπή) a grape-stealer.

στάχυη-τόμος, ον, (στάχυς, τεμείν) cutting ears of corn, reaping.

στάχυη-τρόφος, ον, (στάχυς, τρέφω) nourishing ears of corn.

στάχυη-φόρος, ον, (στάχυς, φέρω) bearing ears of corn.

στάχῦ-μήτηρ, ορος, ἡ, (στάχυς, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn.

στάχῦ-θρίξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (στάχυς, θρίξ) with leaves like ears of corn.

στάχῦς-στέφανος, ον, (στάχυς, στέφανος) crowned with ears of corn.

ΣΤΑΧΥΣ, vos, ὁ; pl. nom. and acc. στάχυες, -as, contr. στάχῦς:—an ear of corn, Lat. spica. II. generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [σ-]

στέαρ, τό, gen. στέατος [as trochee], contr. στήρ, στήτος: (ἴστημι):—bald fat, tallow, suet, Lat. sebum, sebum; opp. to πιμελή soft fat, Lat. adeps.

στεγάζω, f. ἄσω, = στέγω, to cover, protect:—Pass. to be covered; of a ship, to be decked.

στεγάνη, ἡ, (στεγανός) a covering. [ᾶ]

στεγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέγω) covered, sheathed: roofed over. 2. close-covered or close-covering, waterproof.

II. covering: confining, enclosing. Hence

στεγανῶς, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. στεγανώτερον, more closely.

στέγ-αρχος, ὁ, (στέγη, ἀρχω) master of the house.

στέγασμα, ατος, τό, (στέγάζω) anything which covers or shelters, a covering, roof, Lat. tectum.

στεγαστέον, verb. Adj. of στέγάζω, one must cover.

στεγαστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (στέγάζω) fem Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

στεγαστρον, τό, (στέγάζω) a cover, wrapper.

στέγη, ἡ, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. II. a covered place, a chamber, room: a tent. 2. in plur., like Lat. tecta, a house, dwelling, abode; κατὰ στέγας at home.

στεγνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. from στεγανός, covered, close, water-tight.

στεγνο-φυής, ἐς, (στεγνός, φυή) of a thick nature.

στέγος, εος, τό, = στέγη, a roof: a house. 2. an urn for the dead.

ΣΤΕΓΩ, f. ἔω, to cover closely, so as to keep out wet: absol., νῆες οὐδὲν στέγουσαι ships not water-tight.

2. generally, to keep off, fend off:—Med., στέγεσθαι ὄμβρους to keep off rain from oneself. II. to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, bold. 2. to bide, to keep secret:—Pass. to be kept secret. III. to hold water; τὸ μὴ στέγον a leaky vessel. IV. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

ΣΤΕΙΒΩ, fut. στείψω: aor. 2 ἔστιβον:—to tread, tread on, tread under foot; στείβον ἐν βόθροισιν εἴματα they trod on the clothes in pits, to wash

them. 2. c. acc. cognato, to tread, walk; χορὸν στείβειν to tread a measure, dance: to tread, walk on a road, etc.:—Med. to go upon any one's track, to trace or hunt out.

στέιλα, Ep. for ἔστειλα, aor. I of στέλλω.

στέιλειά Ion. -ειή, ἥ, (στέλλω) the hole for the handle of an axe. Hence

στέιλειόν, τό, the handle or belve of an axe fitted into the στέιλειά.

στέιν-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἥ, (στέινός Ion. for στενός, αὐχὴν) narrow-necked.

στέινό-πορος, ον, Ion. for στενό-πορος.

στενός, ἥ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στείνος, εος, τό, (στέινω) a narrow, close or confined space, a strait; στείνος ὕδου a narrow part of the way, a pass. II. metaph. press, straits, distress, Lat. angustiae.

στείνω, (στενός) Ion. for στενώ, = στέινω.

στείνω, (στενός) to make strait, narrow or close, to straiten:—Pass. to become strait, to be narrowed: to be straitened for room. 2. to be full, be thronged. 3. metaph. to be straitened, hard pressed, distressed.

στεν-ωπός, Ion. for στενωπός.

στέιμεν, Ep. for στᾶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στέιρα Ion. -ρη, ἥ, (στέιρος) the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater, Lat. carina.

στέιρα, ἥ, pecul. fem. of στέιρος, barren.

στέιρος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (στερρός, στερεός) barren, Lat. sterilis.

ΣΤΕΙΧΩ, f. στείχω: aor. I ἔστειχα: aor. 2 ἔστίχων:—to walk, go or come: to approach: to go in line or order, to march. 2. sometimes c. acc. cognato,

στέιχεν ὄδον to go a journey; also, ἀνὴρ ὀπλίτης κλιμακος προσαμβάσει στείχει an armed man advances scaling-ladders.

στέιω, Ep. for στᾶω, aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στέιλά Ion. εή, ἥ, = στείλειή.

στέιλον, τό, = στείλειον, a handle. Hence

στέιλέω, f. ὦσω, to fit with a handle or haft.

στέιλεχ-τόμος, ον, (στέιλεχος, τεμείν) cutting stems or trunks.

ΣΤΕΛΕΧΟΣ, τό, the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump, Lat. codex: generally, a trunk, log, Lat. fustis. Hence

στέιλεχόω, f. ὦσω, to form a stem, to shoot out with.

στέιλιον, τό, Dim. of στέιλέω.

στέιλω: fut. στέλω Ep. στέλω: aor. I ἔστειλα: pf. ἔσταλα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐστάλην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσταλα:

plurp. ἐστάλην:—to set in order, arrange, array: to furnish, equip, get ready: of a ship, to rig or fit out; στέιλον στέιλαι to fit out an armament:—Med., στέιλασθαι to equip oneself, to put on clothes:

—Pass. to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare: also to be dressed, decked. II. to despatch on an expedition, to despatch, send: Pass. to get ready for an expedition, start, set off: hence to go, depart, travel. 2. intr. in Act. to start, set forth. III.

to fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place:—so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαι τινα to send for one.

IV. as a nautical term, ἰστία στέλλειν to take in sail, sborten sail: generally, to contract, draw in, withhold: Med. to avoid.

στέιλιονια, αἰ, (τελαμών) broad belts or girths, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.

στέμμα, ατος, τό, (στέφω) anything to crown with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself: in plur. στέμματα, τά, a sbrine decked with chaplets.

στέμματώω, f. ὦσω, (στέμμα) to furnish, adorn with a wreath or chaplet.

στέμφυλον, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα, (στέμβω = στείβω) olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.

στενάγμα, ατος, τό, (στενάω) a groan, moaning.

στεναγμός, ἥ, (στενάω) a groaning, moaning.

στένάω, f. ἄω, Frequentat. of στενώ, to sigh much or deeply, to groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail. Hence

στενακτέον, verb. Adj. one must groan.

στενακτός, ἥ, ὄν, (στενάω) to be sighed for, to be mourned: mournful.

στεν-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἥ, (στενός, αὐχὴν) narrow-necked.

στενάχίζω, f. ἴσω, = στενάχω, to sigh, groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενάχω [ᾶ], lengthd. form for στενώ, to sigh, groan, moan: metaph. of a torrent, etc., to roar; of horses galloping, to breathe loudly; στοὰ στενάχουσα the magazine groaning from fullness. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενολεσχέω, to talk subtly, raise nice points. From

στενο-λέσχης, ον, ὁ, (στενός, λέσχη) a quibbler.

στενό-πορθμος, ον, (στενός, πορθμός) at or on a strait.

στενό-πορος Ion. στεν-, ον, (στενός, πόρος) with a narrow pass or outlet:—τὰ στενώπορα narrow passes, defiles; or in the sea, straits, narrows.

ΣΤΕΝΟΣ Ion. στενός, ἥ, ὄν, narrow, strait, Lat. angustus: ἐν στενῷ in a narrow compass: τὸ στενὸν the strait (i. e. the Hellespont); τὰ στενά the straits, narrows: στενή, ἥ, a narrow strip of land. II.

metaph. close, cribbed, confined, scanty.—Comp. and Sup. στενώτερος, -ότατος, Ion. στενότερος, -ότατος: but the regular forms στενώτερος, -ώτατος, also occur.

Hence

στένος Ion. στένος, εος, τό, a strait, difficulty, trouble.

στενώτερος, Comp. of στενός, ἥ, ὄν.

στενότης Ion. στεν-, ητος, ἥ, (στενός) narrowness, straitness.

στενοχωρέω, f. ἴσω, (στενός, χωρέω) to crowd, straiten for room. II. intr. to be straitened or pressed for room. Hence

στενοχωρία, ἥ, narrowness of space, a confined space, want of room. II. metaph. straits, difficulty, distress.

στενώ, *f. ὥσω, (στενός) to make narrow.*
 Στένωρ, *opos, ὁ, Stentor, a Greek at Troy, famous for his loud voice: hence proverbially, a Stentor.*

στενωγρός, *ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.*
 στένω, only used in pres. and impf., (*στενός) to sigh, groan, moan.* 2. transit. *to bemoan, bewail, lament, deplore.*

στενωπός *Ion. στενωπός, ὄν, (στενός, ὄψ) made narrow, straitened, strait, confined, Lat. arctus.* 2. as Subst. *στενωπός, ἡ, a narrow way, by-way, Lat. angiportus.*

στεπτός, *ἡ, ὄν, (στέφω) crowned.*
 στέργηθρον, *τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.* II.
love, affection, regard.

στέργημα, *ατος, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.*
 στέργουσα, *Dor. for στέργουσα, part. fem. of ΣΤΕΡΓΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἔστεργα: pf. 2 ἔστοργα:*

Pass., aor. I ἔστερχθην: pf. ἔστεργμαι:—to love, of the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people. II.
to be fond of, like, be pleased with. III. *to be content or satisfied, acquiesce; c. acc., στέργειν τὰ παρόντα to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things; στέργειν τὴν τυραννίδα to bear with tyranny; also c. dat., στέργειν τοῖς παροῦσι, etc.* IV. *to pray, beg, entreat that . . ., c. acc. et inf.*

ΣΤΕΡΕΟΣ, *ἄ, ὄν, stiff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. rigidus.* 2. metaph. *stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, cruel.* II. of bodies and quantities, *solid, cubic; στερεός ἀριθμός a cubic number.* Hence

στερεότης, *ητος, ἡ, stiffness, firmness.*
 στερεό-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (στερεός, φρήν) bard or firm of soul, stubborn-hearted.*

στερεώω, *f. ὥσω, (στερεός) to make firm or strong: to confirm.*

στερέσαι, *aor. I inf. of στερέω.*
 ΣΤΕΡΕΩ, *fut. στερήσω Att. στερῶ: aor. I ἔστερησα, Ep. inf. στερήσαι:—Pass. στερέομαι, στερῶμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἔστερήθην, ἔστερημαι:—to deprive, bereave, or rob a person of anything:—Pass. to be deprived, bereaved, or robbed of anything.* II. *to take away a thing: Pass. to have a thing taken away.*

στερέωμα, *ατος, τό, (στερέω) a solid body.* 2. *a foundation, basis: metaph. steadfastness.* 3. *the firmament of heaven.*

στερεώς, *Adv. of στερεός, firmly, strongly, fast.*
 στέρημα, *ατος, τό, (στερέω) that which is taken away, plunder, booty.*

στέρησις, *ἡ, (στερέω) privation, loss.*
 στερήσομαι, *fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερέω.*
 στερίσκος, *Att. collat. form of στερέω.*

στερίφος, *ἡ, ὄν, = στερεός, στερός; firm, hard, solid.* II. *unfruitful: of women, barren.*

στερκότος, *ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στέργω, to be loved, lovely.*

ΣΤΕΡΝΟΝ, *τό, the breast, chest.* 2. *the breast as the seat of the affections, the heart.*

στερνο-τύπης, *ἑς, (στέρνων, τυπῆναι) of a beaten breast, caused by beating the breast.* Hence

στερνοτύπια, *ἡ, a beating of the breast for grief, Lat. planctus.*
 στερνο-όυχος, *ον, (στέρνων, ἔχω) with broad bosom, broad-swellung, of the plain at Athens.*

ΣΤΕΡΟΜΑΙ, *Pass., aor. 2 ἔστερην:—collat. form of στερέομαι, to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want, Lat. carere.*

στεροπή, *ἡ, = ἀστεροπή, ἀστραπή, a flash of lightning: generally, any flashing, dazzling light, glare.*

στεροπ-ηγερέτᾱ, *ὁ, (στεροπή, ἀγείρω) Aeol. for στεροπηγερέτης, collector of lightning.*

Στερότης, *ου, ὁ, (στεροπή) Lightner, name of one of the three Cyclopes.*

στέροψ, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (στεροπή) lightning, flashing, dazzling.*

στερρό-γυιός, *ον, (στερός, γυῖον) strong-limbed.*

στερός, *ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, = στερεός, stiff, firm, solid: also strong, stout: of water, frozen.* II. of countries, *barren, stony, barren, Lat. sterilis.* III. *stiff with age.* IV. metaph. *stiff, stubborn, obstinate, cruel.* Hence

ΣΤΕΡΦΟΣ, *τό, a hide, skin.*

ΣΤΕΡΩ, *Adv. stiffly, obstinately.*

στερῶς, *Adv. stiffly, obstinately.*

στεῦμα, *Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres. and impf. στεῦται, στεῦτο, and in 3 pl. pres. στεύνται: (ἴστημι):—to stand on the spot:—c. inf. to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do.*

στεφανεύεται, *Ion. for στεφανοῦνται.*

στεφάνη [ᾱ], *ἡ, (στέφα) anything that encircles, the head: the brim of the helmet, a helmet.* II. part of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, *a head-dress.* III. *the brim or border of anything, brow of a bill, edge, verge: also the parapet or battlement of a wall.*

στεφάνηπλοκέω, *f. ἴσω, (στεφανηπλόκος) to plait wreaths or chaplets.*

στεφάνηπλόκιον, *τό, the wreath-market.* From

στεφάνη-πλόκος, *ον, (στεφάνη, πλέκω) plaiting wreaths or chaplets.*

στεφάνηφορέω, *f. ἴσω, (στεφανηφόρος) to wear a wreath or chaplet.* Hence

στεφάνηφορία, *ἡ, the wearing a wreath of victory.* II. *the right of wearing a crown.*

στεφάνη-φόρος, *ον, (στεφάνη, φέρω) wearing a crown or wreath, crowned, wreathed; ἄγων στεφανηφόρος a contest in which the prize was a crown.* II. *στεφανηφόροι, οἱ, certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens.*

στεφάνίζω, *f. σω: Dor. aor. I ἔστεφάνιζα: (στέφανος):—to crown.*

στεφάνιον, *τό, Dim. of στέφανος.*

στεφάνισκος, *ὁ, Dim. of στέφανος.*

στεφάνιτης [Ὶ], *ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, (στέφανος) of*

or consisting of a crown or wreath; στεφανίτης ἀγών a contest in which the prize was a crown or wreath.

στέφανος, ὁ, (στέφω) that which encircles; στέφανος πολέμοιο the circling crowd of war.

II. a crown, wreath: the conqueror's wreath at the public games, crown of victory: hence the prize, Lat. palma. These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (κότινος) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφνη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσος) at the Isthmian.

III. a crown as a badge of office, public honours: hence a crown conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη.

στεφάνω, f. ὤσω: pf. act. ἐστεφάνωκα, pass. ἐστεφάνωμαι: (στέφανος):—to put round as a crown: Pass. to be so put round; περί νῆσον πόντος ἐστεφάνωται the sea lies round about the island.

II. to wreath with a crown, to crown: c. acc., στεφάνου ἐναγγελία to crown one for good tidings:—Pass. to be crowned or rewarded with a crown:—Med. to crown oneself; win a crown. 2. to crown, honour.

III. in Pass. also to wear a crown, as persons sacrificing, or magistrates, in office.

στεφάνωδης, ἐς, (στέφανος, εἶδος) like a crown or wreath, wreathing, twisted.

στεφάνωμα, atos, τό, (στέφανω) that which surrounds or encompasses, a circlet. II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, honour, glory.

στεφάνως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.

στέφος, εος, τό, (στέφω) poet. for στέφανος, a crown, wreath.

ΣΤΕΦΩ, ψω: aor. I ἐστεφα: Pass., aor. I ἐστέφην: pf. ἐστέφα:—to put round as a crown. II. to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath:—Med. to crown oneself:—Pass. to be crowned, wreathed, garlanded. 2. generally, to crown, to honour.

στέωμεν, Ion. for στῶμεν, I plur. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στή, Ion. for ἐστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.

στήης, στήη, Ep. for στῆς, στή, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στήθεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of στήθος.

στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

στηθο-μελής, ἐς, (στήθος, μέλος) singing with or from the breast.

ΣΤΗΘΟΣ, εος, τό, the breast, chest, I. at. pectus.

II. metaph. the breast, the heart, i. e. the feelings, affections: cf. στέρον.

στήκω, formed from ἐστηκα, pf. of ἵστημι, used only in pres., to stand.

ΣΤΗΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ἡ, an upright stone, a post: a block or post, Lat. cippus.

II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. 2. a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.: hence, κατά τὴν στήλην according to treaty. III. a boundary-post: the

turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta:

—Στήλαι Ἡρακλῆια the pillars of Hercules.

στήλιδον, τό, Dim. of στήλη, a small monument. [Ἰ]

στήλιτεῖω, f. σω, to inscribe on a στήλη, to post or placard publicly. From

στήλιτης [Ἰ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ῖτις, ἴδος, (στήλη) of or like a block or pillar. II. inscribed on a pillar, placarded as infamous.

στήμεναι, στήμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στημορ-ράγιω, f. ἦτω, (στήμων, βαγγῆναι) to tear or undo the threads of a warp. II. intr. to be torn to sbreds.

στήμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) the warp in the upright loom: the woof was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun.

στήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στήρ, τό, gen. στήρτος, contr. for στέαρ, στέατος, as κῆρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στήριγμα, atos, τό, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay. 2. = Lat. furca.

στηριγμός, ὁ, (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, supporting. II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: steadfastness.

στήριγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay.

ΣΤΗΡΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐστήριξα Ep. στήριξα: Pass., aor. I ἐστήριχθην: pf. ἐστήριγμα: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐστήρικτο:—to set fast, make fast, prop, fix: metaph. to confirm, establish. II. Pass. to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, have a footing, be rooted to a spot, tarry, linger. III. the Act. also is intrans. to stand fast or firm: to be joined or fastened to.

στήσα, Ep. for ἔστησα, aor. I of ἵστημι.

στήσομαι, fut. med. of ἵστημι.

στήτη or στήτα, ἡ, Dor. for γυνή.

στήτωσι, Ep. for στῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στιβᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (στεῖβω) close pressed, compact: thick, stout, sturdy: Comp. στιβαρώτερος. Adv. -ρῶς, closely.

στιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στεῖβω) a bed of straw, rusbes or leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στιβῆν, aor. 2 inf. of στεῖβω.

στιβέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. ἐστίβημαι: (στεῖβω):—to tread, walk upon; πάν ἐστίβηται πέδον all the plain has been traversed, searched.

στίβη [Ἰ], ἡ, (στεῖβω) frozen dew, rime, hoar-frost.

στίβος [Ἰ], ὁ, (στεῖβω) a trodden or beaten way, a track, foot-path. II. a track, footstep; κατά

στίβον on the track or trail. III. a going, gait.

στιγεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (στίζω) a brander.

στίγμα, atos, τό, (στίζω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγματτηφόρῳ, to bear brand-marks. From

στιγματτη-φόρος, ον, (στίγμα, φέρω) bearing brand-marks.

στιγματίας, ου, ὁ, (στίγμα) one who has been branded: a runaway slave.

στιγμῆ, ἡ, (στίζω) a prick, mark, puncture: a mark

thematical point, Lat. punctum.

jo*t*, title: of time, a moment.

ΣΤΙ'Ω, f. στίξω: aor. ἴεσιξα: pf. pass. ἐστιγμαί, inf. ἐστιχθαι:—to prick, puncture, Lat. *pungere*: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves: also to brand cattle with a distinctive mark: στίγματα στίξεν τινά to brand one with a mark.

2. to make spotted; βακτηρία στίξεν to beat black and blue:—Pass. to be spotted. 3. to mark with a full stop, Lat. *interpungere*.

στικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στίξω, pricked, branded: hence marked, spotted, dappled.

στικτό-χρῶς, ον, contr. -χρῶς, ονν, (στικτός, χρῶς) with spotted skin.

ΣΤΙΛΒΩ, f. ψω, to shine, glitter, glisten; σίλβειν ἀστράπας to flash lightning. 2. metaph. to shine, to be bright or brilliant.

ΣΤΙΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a drop, Lat. *stilla*: metaph. a moment.

στιλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σίλβω) glittering, glistening.

*στίξ, ἡ, only used in gen. sing. στιχός, and in nom. and acc. plur. στίχες, στιχας: see στίχος.

στιπτός or στεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στείβω) trodden down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. *stipatus*: hence sturdy, tough, stout.

στίφος, εος, τό, (στείβω) a close, compact body: a body of men in close array; νεῶν στίφος the close array of the ships; στίφος ποιήσασθαι to form a close column.

στιφρός, ὁ, ἄν, (στείβω) close-pressed: close, compact, solid, tough, stout.

στίχ-αοιδός, ὁ, (στίχος, αἰδῶ) a verse-maker, poet. στιχας, acc. pl. of *στίξ.

στίχῶ, (στίχος) to set, range, place in ranks:—Med. στιχάομαι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἐστιχῶντο, to march in rows or ranks.

στίχες, αἱ, pl. nom. of *στίξ.

στίχ-γράφος, ον, (στίχος, γράφω) writing verses.

στίχος [ῥ], ὁ, there is also a gen. sing. στιχός, and a nom. and acc. pl. στίχες, στιχας, as if from an old nom. στίξ: (στείχω):—a row, line, rank; a line of soldiers, a row of trees. II. a line of writing, a verse.

στίχός, τῆς, gen. from *στίξ.

ΣΤΛΕΓΓΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a sort of scraper, Lat. *strigil*, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath.

στοά or στοιά, ἀς, ἡ, (ῥστημι) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. *porticus*.

II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storehouse, magazine, warehouse, for corn.

2. ἡ βασιλείου στοά the court where the ἀρχῶν βασιλείου sat.

3. the Ποεσίλ, or painted Stoa:—since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called οἱ ἐκ τῆς στοᾶς or Στωικοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ἡ, see στοά.

στοιβάξω, f. ἄσω, (στοιβή) to pile or heap up.

σπιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στείβω) anything trodden or pressed

down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence boughs or branches strewn on the ground.

στοιβή, ἡ, (στείβω) a stuffing, filling up.

II. metaph. anything stuffed in, an expletive.

Στοιός, ἡ, ὄν, = Στωικός.

στοιχέον, τό, Dim. of στοίχος, a small upright post: the gnomon of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it.

II. a first beginning, first principle or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language. 2. τὰ στοιχεῖα the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, elements.

2. the elements of knowledge, rudiments.

στοιχέω, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order.

II. to walk straight.

στοιχ-ηγορέω, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος, ἀγορεύω) to tell in regular order.

στοιχίζω, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος) to set a row of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοίχος, ὁ, (στείχω) a row, line, rank; ἐπὶ στοίχου or κατὰ στοίχου all in a row: of soldiers, a file.

II. a line of poles with hunting-nets into which the game was driven.

στολ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (στόλος, ἄρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στέλλω) going in a body. II. as Subst., στολάς, ἡ, a horseman's cloak.

στολή, ἡ, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping. II. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. *stola*.

στολίδω, f. ὤσω, (στολίσ) to draw on, put on:—Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολιδύμα, ατος, τό, (στολίδω) a fold of a robe.

στολιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στολίδω, folded, hanging in folds.

στολιζώ, f. ἴσω, (στολίσ) to make ready, trim, equip, deck:—Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of στολή, a small or scanty garment.

στολός, ἰδος, ἡ, (στολή) a garment, robe; νεβρών στολίδες garments of fawn-skin.

στόλισμα, ατος, τό, (στολιζω) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός, ὁ, (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: in plur. στολμοί, folds.

στόλος, ὁ, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike purposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, voyage; ἰδίω στόλῳ in a journey privately undertaken; opp. to κοινῶ-στόλῳ in a journey on behalf of the state.

2. the purpose or cause of a journey. 3. that which is sent on an expedition, an army, a fleet, band, troop, company; πρόπας στόλος all the people.

II. a ship's beak.

στόμα Aeol. στόμα, ατος, τό, the mouth, Lat. *os*, *oris*; also the whole face; sometimes used in pl. στόματα, like Lat. *ora*, of one person: ἐπὶ στόμα οὐσ one's face; κατὰ στόμα face to face: metaph., στόμα

πολέμοιο the very jaws of battle. 2. the mouth, tongue: speech, words, language: ἀπὸ στόματος

εἰπεῖν to speak by word of mouth, i. e. by memory;

ἀνὰ στόμα or ἐν στόματι ἔχειν to have always in one's mouth; διὰ στόμα εἶναι to be in people's mouths; ἐξ ἑνὸς στόματος, with one voice, all at once. II. *the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ostia, fauces*: also a *cbasm or cleft in the earth*: any *outlet or entrance*.

III. *the foremost part, front*: of weapons, *the point*: the *edge, point of a sword, Lat. acies*: also *the front ranks of the battle, the front*: οἱ ἀπὸ στόματος *the front ranks*; ἄκρον στόμα πύργων *the utmost verge of the towers*.

στόμα-αργός Att. στόμαλγος, ον, (στόμα, ἀλγέω) *grievous with the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, babbling, wearisome*.

στομαῖτ-ουργός, όν, (στόμα, *έργω) *making with the mouth, word-coining*.

στόμαχος, ό, (στόμα) *the throat, gullet*.

στόμιον, τό, Dim. of στόμα, a *small mouth*. II. *the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a vault: the socket of a bolt*. III. *a bridle-bit, bit*.

στομιόω, f. ώω, (στόμα) *to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag*. II. *to furnish with a mouth or opening*. III. *to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel*: metaph. *to steel, harden*.

στομφάζω, f. άω, (στόμφος) *to rant, mouth*: metaph. *to talk big, vaunt*.

στόμφαξ, άκος, ό, ή, (στόμφος) *one who uses bombastic turgid words*.

στόμφος, ό, (στόμα) *lofty phrases, bombast, rant*.

στόμωμα, ατος, τό, (στομιόω) *a mouth, inlet*.

στόμωσις, εως, ή, (στομιόω) *a giving an edge to a thing, a hardening of iron into steel*; στόμα πολλήν στόμωσιν έχον *a mouth that has much moulbing or sharpness of tongue*.

στοναχέω, f. ήσω, (στοναχή) *to groan, sigh, moan*. II. *trans. to sigh, groan over or for, lament*.

στοναχή, ή, (σενάχω) *a groaning, sighing, wailing*: in plur. *groans, sighs*.

στονόεις, εσσα, εν, (στόνος) *causing groans or sighs*: generally, *mournful, sad, wretched*.

στόνος, ό, (στένω) *a groaning, sighing, wailing*.

στόνυξ, ύχος, ό, like όνυξ, *a sharp point*: a *sharp instrument, knife, scissors*.

στοργή, ή, (στέργω) *love, affection, the natural affection of parents and children*.

ΣΤΟΡΕΝΝΤΙ MI shortd. στόρνυμι, by metath. στρονύμι and στρονύω: fut. σπορέω Att. σπορώ, also σπρώω: aor. I ἐστόρεσα, also ἐσπρωσα: pf. pass. ἐσπρωμαι:—*to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew*; λέχος σπορέσαι, Lat. lectum sternere, *to spread or make up a bed*; *to strew with a thing, δδόν μυρσίνησι σπορέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs*. 2. *to spread smooth, level*; δδόν σπορέσαι *to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere*:—metaph. *to level, lay low*; also *to level, calm, assuage*.

σπορέσαι, aor. I inf. of σπορέννυμι.

σπορεσέντι, Dor. for σπορέσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of σπορέννυμι.

σπορεστής, οὔ, ό, (σπορέννυμι) *one who lays low, a calmer*.

στόρνυμι, a later form of σπορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f. —άσομαι: aor. I med. ἐστοχασάμην: pf. pass. ἐστόχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχος) :—*to aim or shoot at, c. gen.*: metaph. *to aim at, seek after*. 2. *to guess, c. acc.*: *to surmise, conjecture*.

στόχασμα, ατος, τό, (στοχάζομαι) *a missile aimed at a mark, an arrow, javelin*.

στοχαστικός, ή, όν, (στοχάζομαι) *able to hit*: able to guess, sbrewd, sagacious. Adj. —κώς.

ΣΤΟΧΟΣ, ό, an aim, sbot. 2. a guess, conjecture.

στραγγέω, f. σω, (στράγγω) *to twist, wind*:—Med. *στραγγέομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter*.

στραγγουρία, ή, (στράγγω, ούρέω) *retention of the urine, strangury*. Hence

στραγγουριάω, *to suffer from strangury or retention of the urine*.

ΣΤΡΑΤΓΩ, fut. στράγγω, Lat. stringo, *to draw tight, bind tight, squeeze, compress*.

στράγγις, ή, gen. στραγγός, (στράγγω) *that which oozes or is squeezed out, a drop*.

στράπτω, f. ψω, for άστράπτω, *to lighten*.

στράτ-άρχης, ου, ό, (στράτός, άρχω) *the general of an army, a commander*.

στράτ-αρχος, ό, = στρατόρχης.

στρατάω, (στρατός) *to encamp*:—Pass. *to lie encamped*: Ep. 3 pl. εστρατόντο.

στρατιά Ion. —ήτι, ή, (στρατεύω) *an expedition, campaign*; ἐπὶ στρατείαι εἶναι *to be on foreign service*; οἴκει καὶ ἐπὶ στρατείαις, Lat. domi et militiae, *at home and abroad*: in pl. *campaigns, military service, warfare*.

στρατιάς, ή, fem. Adj. *the Warlike, epith. of Minerva*.

στράτευμα, ατος, τό, (στρατεύω) *an expedition*. II. *an armament, army*: a *company*.

στρατεύσιμος, ον, (στρατεύω) *belonging to or fit for military service, serviceable*.

στρατεύσις, ή, (στρατεύω) *an expedition*.

στρατευτέον, verb. Adj. *one must march*. From στρατεύω, f. σω, (στρατός) *to serve in war, serve as a soldier*: *to take the field, march*. II. Dep.

στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστρατεύθην, ἐστράτευμαι: *to take the field, serve as a soldier*; pf. pass. part. ἐστρατευμένος, *having been a soldier*.

στρατηγείον, τό, incorrect form of στρατηγιον.

στρατηγέω, f. ήσω, (στρατηγός) *to be a general*: c. gen. *to be general of an army, command*. II.

c. acc. rei, *to do a thing as general*. Hence στρατηγία, ατος, τό, *the act of a general, esp. a stratagem, piece of generalship*.

στρατηγία Ion. —λη, ή, (στρατηγός) *the office, dignity, post of a general, command*. 2. *the qualifications of a general, generalship*. 3. *the time of a general's command*.

στρατηγιάω, Desiderat. of στρατηγέω, *to wish to be general*.

στρατηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρατηγός) of or fit for a general: ἡ στρατηγική (sub. τέχνη), or τὰ στρατηγικά, generalship, Lat. scientia rei militaris. II. fitted for command, versed in generalship, skilled in military matters. Adv. —ῶς, like a general.

στρατήγιον, τό, (στρατηγός) the general's tent, Lat. praetorium: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings. II. = στρατόπεδον, a camp.

στρατήγίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (στρατηγός) of a general: πύλας στρατηγίδες the door of the general's tent; ναὺς στρατηγίς the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and so, ἡ στρατηγίς alone. II. as Subst. a female commander or general.

στρατῆγός, ὁ, (στρατός, ἄγω) the leader or commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral. II. at Athens, οἱ στρατηγοὶ were ten general officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department. III. στρατηγὸς ἕπατος the Roman Consul; στρατηγός alone, the Praetor.

στρατήγη, ἡ, Ion. for στρατεία.

στρατηλασία Ion. —η, ἡ, an expedition, campaign. II. the army itself. From

στρατηλάτεις, f. ἡσω, to lead an army into the field: to take the field. II. trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From

στρατῆγλάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, (στρατός, ελαίνω) a leader of an army, a general, commander.

στρατιά Ion. —η, ἡ, (στρατός) an army, armament: generally, a company, band. II. στρατεία, an expedition. Hence

στρατῆ-ἄρχος, ὁ, = στρατάρχης, a general. στρατίος, ου, (στρατός) of, belonging to an army or expedition, warlike: στρατίον as Adv., valiantly.

στρατιώτης, ου, ὁ, (στρατιά) a citizen on military service: a soldier. Hence

στρατιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for soldiers: τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. ἀργύριον), the pay of the forces; τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. πλῆθος) the soldiery; τὰ στρατιωτικά (sub. πράγματα) military affairs. II. fit, suited for a soldier or military service. Hence

στρατιωτικῶς, Adv. in military style, like soldiers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted out more like transport-ships.

στρατιώτις, ἴδος, fem. of στρατιώτης, a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial. 2. στρατιωτίς (sub. ναὺς), ἡ, a troop-ship, transport.

στράτο-λογέω, f. ἡσω, (στρατός, λέγω) to levy an army, enlist soldiers.

στράτο-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (στρατός, μάντις) a prophet to the army.

στράτοπεδ-ἄρχης, ου, ὁ, (στρατόπεδον, ἄρχω) the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.

στράτο-πέδελα, ἡ, and

στράτο-πέδευσις, ἡ, an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet. From

στράτοπεδέω, also as Dep. στρατοπεδεύομαι, (στρατόπεδον) to encamp, take up a position.

στράτο-πέδον, τό, (στρατός, πέδον) the ground on which soldiers are encamped: Στρατόπεδα, τά, as pr. n. a part of Egypt held on a military tenure. 2. generally, a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army. 3. a squadron of ships, fleet.

ΣΤΡΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a camp, encamped army: generally, an army, host, armament. II. the soldiers as opp. to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.

στράτοφι, Ep. gen. of στρατός.

Στρατῶνιδης, ου, ὁ, Comic patronymic as if from Στρατῶνις (στρατός, ἀνώγειμαι) a dealer in armies.

στράφεις, στραφῆναι, aor. 2^d pass. part. and inf. of στρέφω.

στρεφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

στρέβλη, ἡ, (στρεβλός) an instrument for winding, a windlass: a screw, press. II. an instrument of torture, rack.

στρεβλός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρέφω) twisted, bowed, distorted.

στρεβλώω, f. ὤσω, (στρεβλός) to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make taut. II. to wrench, dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass. to be racked, wrenched, tortured.

στρέμμα, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) that which is twisted or dislocated: a sprain.

στρέπτ-αιγλος, η, ου, (στρέφω, αἴγλη) whirling-bright.

στρεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (στρέφω) anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket.

στρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στρέφω, easily bent or twisted, pliant; στρεπτός χιτῶν a flexible coat, i. e. a shirt of chain-armour or mail: pliant, supple. 2. as Subst., στρεπτός (sub. κύκλος), ὁ, a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. torques: στρεπτά, τά, necklaces. II. metaph. to be bent or turned, to be wrought upon; στρεπτή γλώσσα a glib, pliant tongue. III. bent, curved.

στρεπτο-φόρος, ου, (στρεπτός, φέρω) wearing a collar or necklace, Lat. torquatus.

στρέυγομαι, Pass. (στράγγω) to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.

στρεφε-δυνέω, f. ἡσω, (στρέφω, δυνέω) to spin or whirl a thing round:—Pass. to be whirled, to spin round and round.

στρεφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

ΣΤΡΕΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐστρεψα Ep. στρέψα: pf. ἔστρεφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐστρέψην Dor. ἐστράφην: aor. 2 ἐστράφην [ἄ]: pf. ἔστραμμα.

A. Act. to twist, turn, bend; ἕπιπτος στρέφειν to turn or guide horses: to wheel soldiers round. II. to turn about: to change, alter: also to pervert. III. to twist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back. IV. metaph. to turn over in one's mind, revolve. V. to divert from the right course, embezzle, intercept. VI. intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or wheel about.

B. Pass. and Med. to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro: absol. to turn back; to

turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, to revolve, circle. 2. metaph., *στροφὰς στρέφεσθαι* to twist about, like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, to shuffle, evade; *πάσας στροφὰς στρέφεσθαι* to twist every way, practise every kind of evasion. 3. c. gen., *στρέφεσθαι τινας* to turn oneself to, attend to.

II. to attack oneself, stick close, adhere. III. of limbs, to be twisted, dislocated. IV. to roam about: of things, to be rife

στρέψασκον, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of *στρέφω*.

στρέψις, εως, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) a turning, twisting.

στρεψο-δίκως, f. ἡσω, (*στρέφω*, *δίκη*) to twist or pervert justice.

στρεψοδικο-πᾶνουργία, ἡ, (*στρεψοδικέω*, *πανουργία*) cunning villany in the perversion of justice.

ΣΤΡΗΝΗΨ, ἐς, rough, barsh, grating.

στρηγιανός, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], (*στρήνος*) to riot, to wax wanton.

στρήνος, εος, τό, (*στρηνής*) excess of strength: insolence, wantonness.

στριβιλικίγξ, Comic word, the very least fraction or particle.

ΣΤΡΙΨΩ, collat. form of *τρίζω*, to cry in a sbrill tone, to scream.

στροβέω, f. ἡσω, (*σρόβος*):—to spin or whirl about like a top: to make giddy, dizzy:—Pass., with fut. med. *στροβήσομαι*, to spin round and round. Hence *στροβητός*, ἡ, ὄν, whirled round or about.

στροβιλίζω, f. ἰσω, (*σρόβιλος*) to twist about.

σρόβιλος, ὄ, (*στροβίω*) anything which whirls round or spins: a top: hence, from likeness of shape, a fir-cone, pine-cone. 2. a whirlwind. 3. a whirling dance, pirouette.

στροβιλός, ἡ, ὄν, (*στροβέω*) spinning, whirling.

στροβιλώδης, ἐς, (*σρόβιλος*, *εἶδος*) like a pine-cone.

σρόβος, ὄ, (*στρέφω*) a whirling round.

στρογγύλλω, (*στρογγύλος*) to round off: to twirl.

στρογγύλλω [ῶ], η, ον, (*στράγγω*) round, rounded;

στρογγύλη ναῦς a merchant ship, from its round shape, opp. to the long ship of war (*μακρὰ ναῦς*), Lat. *navis longa*. II. metaph. well-rounded, neat, terse.

στρομβέω, f. ἡσω, (*σρόμβος*) = *στροβέω*, to whirl.

στρομβηδόν, Adv. (*στρομβέω*) spinning like a ball.

στρόμβος, ὄ, (*στρέφω*) anything whirled round, a top. 2. a spiral shell.

στρουθείος, α, ον, (*στρουθός*) of or for small birds: *στρουθειον μῆλον* a quince.

στρουθιον, τό, Dim. of *στρουθός*, a young sparrow.

ΣΤΡΟΥΘΟΣ, ὄ, also ἡ, any small bird, esp. a sparrow.

II. any bird, as an eagle:—ὄ μέγας *στρουθός* the large bird, the ostrich, called *στρουθός κατάγαιος* from its running along the ground: also simply *στρουθός* (ἡ).

στροφαίως, α, ον, (*στροφή*) cunning, versatile; also (from *στροφείς*) standing at the door-post:—name of Mercury, in both senses.

στροφάλιγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (*στροφάλιζω*) a whirl, eddy. [ᾶ]

στροφάλιζω, a lengthd. form of *στρέφω*, to turn quickly; ἡλάκατα *στροφαλίξειν* to whirl the spindle.

στροφός, ἄδος, ὄ, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) whirling, circling; ἄρκτου *στροφάδες κέλευθοι* the Bear's circling paths.

στροφίδων, τό, (*στρέφω*) a twisted noose, cord. 2. a wooden windlass.

στροφεύς, εως, ὄ, (*στρέφω*) one of the vertebrae. II. the socket in which the pivot of a door moves; cf. *στροφίγξ*.

στροφέω, = *στρέφω*: esp. to have the colic.

στροφή, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) a turning: a turning round, circling, rolling. 2. a twist, a slippery trick. 3. in Music, a twist or turn. II. the dancing of the Chorus towards one side of the *δρχήστρα*: hence also the song sung during this evolution, the *strophé*, to which the *ἀντιστροφή* answers.

στροφίγξ, ιγγος, ὄ, (*στρέφω*) the pivot or axle end which a body turns. 2. *στροφίγγες* were pivots sunk in sockets, which served as hinges; cf. *στροφεῖς*. 3. *στροφίγξ γλῶττης*, of a well-bung tongue.

στρόφιον, τό, Dim. of *στροφός*, a band or girdle worn by women round the head or round the breast.

στρόφισ, ιος, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) a twisting, slippery fellow, a shuffler.

στροφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = *στρόφιον*, a band, girdle.

στροφο-δίνεομαι, Pass. (*στροφός*, *δίνεομαι*) to wheel eddying round, of birds.

στροφός, ὄ, (*στρέφω*) a twisted band, a belt: a cord, rope. 2. a swaddling-band. II. a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat. *tormina*.

Στρυμόνιας Ion. —της, ὄ, a wind blowing from the Thracian river Strymon, i. e. a NNE. wind.

Στρυμόνιος, α, ον, of the Strymon. From *Στρυμών*, ὄνος, ὄ, the Strymon, a river in Thrace.

στροφυνός, ὄν, (*στρέφω*) sour, barsh, rough to the taste. II. metaph. sour, barsh, austere, morose.

στρώμα, ατος, τό, (*στρώννυμι*) anything spread out for lying or sitting upon: in pl. the bed and bed-clothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. *vestis stragula*.

στρωματό-δεσμον, τό, (*στρώμα*, *δεσμός*) a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes.

στρωματο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὄ, (*στρώμα*, *φύλαξ*) one who has the care of the bedding.

στρωμνή, ἡ, a bed spread out: a bed, mattress, bedding. From

στρώννυμι and *στρωννύω*, f. *στρώσω*, formed by metaph. from *στέρνυμι*, *σπορέννυμι*: v. *σπορέννυμι*.

στρώσον, aor. I imperat. of *στρώννυμι*.

στρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*στρώννυμι*) spread, laid, covered, Lat. *stratus*, of bed-furniture.

στροφάω, Ion. Frequent. of *στρέφω*, as *τρωπάω* for *τρέπω*:—to turn constantly, keep whirling or winding:—Pass. to turn oneself about, like Lat. *versari*, to stay or dwell in a place.

στιγ-άνωρ [ᾶ], οπος, ὄ, ἡ, (*στυγέω*, *ἀνήρ*) bating the man or men in general.

στυγερός, ἄ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abominated, hateful, loathsome*: c. dat. *bearing malice or hatred towards a man.*

στυγερ-ώτης, ες, and στυγερ-ωπός, ὄν, (στυγερός, ὤψ) *with hateful look*: *bateful.*

στυγερῶς, Adv. of στυγερός, *to one's sorrow, miserably.*

στυγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐστύγησα: also (as if from στύγω), aor. I ἔστυξα, opt. στύξαιμι: aor. 2 ἐστύγον: fut. 2 pass. στυγήσομαι: (στύγος):—*to hate, abominate, abhor, loathe*: stronger than μισέω, *to express abhorrence.* II. *to make bateful or horrid.*

Hence

στύγημα, ατος, τό, a *bated object, abomination.* [ῥ]
στύγητός, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abominated, loathed*: *bateful.*

Στύγιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (Στύξ) *of the Styx or the nether world, Stygian.* II. = στυγητός. [ῥ]

στυγνάξω, f. ἄσω, (στύγνος) *to be sad or gloomy, to be of sad countenance.*

στυγνός, ἦ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abhorred, bateful, hostile.* II. *sad, gloomy, Lat. tristis*:—neut., στυγνόν as Adv., *gloomily.*

στυγνώω, f. ὤσω, (στυγνός) *to make sad or gloomy*:—Pass. *to be or become gloomy.*

στυγό-δεμνος, ὄν, (στυγέω, δέμνιον) *hating the marriage-bed.*

στυγός, εος, τό, (στυγέω) *hatred, abhorrence*: *gloom, horror.* II. *an object of hatred, an abomination.* [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΓΛΟΣ, ὄ, a *pillar*: also, 2. a *post, pale, a beam or mast of a ship.*

στυλώω, f. ὤσω, (στυλός) *to support with pillars.*

στύμα [ῥ], ἄτος, τό, Aeol. for στύμα.

ΣΤΥΓΞ, ἦ, gen. Στύγος, *the Styx, i. e. the Hateful, Horrible, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths.* II.

that which is hated, an abomination.

στυζαίμι, aor. I opt. of στυγέω.

στυπέιον or στυππέιον, τό, like στύπη, *tow, coarse flax or hemp*: *a rope or halter made of it.*

στυπέιο-πώλης or στυππ-, ου, ὄ, (στυπέιον, πωλέω) *a hemp or rope-seller.*

ΣΤΥΠΗΗ, ἦ, *tow, the coarse part of flax or hemp.* [ῥ]

στύπος, εος, τό, (στύφω) *a stem, stump, Lat. stipes*: also *a stick.* [ῥ]

στυπηρία Ion. -ήη (sub. γῆ), ἦ, *an astringent salt, alum*: strictly fem. of

στυπηρίος, α, ὄν, (στύφω) *binding, astringent.*

στυράκιον, τό, Dim. of στύραξ. [ᾶ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὄ, *the spike at the butt end of a spear-shaft.* [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ἦ, *the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storax.* [ῥ]

στυφελιγμός, ὄ, *a striking, beating, pushing about*: generally, *ill-usage.* From

στυφέλιζω, f. ξω, (στυφελός) *to thrust or push*

bludge, shake, smite: of the wind, *to scatter the clouds*: generally, *to treat roughly, maltreat.*

στυφέλος, ἦ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (στύφω) *close, solid, tough*: of flavour, *sour, acid.* 2. metaph. *barsh, crabbed, cruel.*

στυφλός, ὄν, also ἦ, ὄν, shortd. from στυφελός, *bard, rugged.* 2. *rough, stern.*

στυφο-κόπος, ὄν, (στύπος, κόπτω) *striking with a stick.*

στύφω, f. ψω, *to contract, draw together*: of an astringent taste, in Pass., *χείλεα στυφθεῖς having one's lips drawn in.* [ῥ]

στοά, ἦ, Dor. for στοά.

στωικός, ἦ, ὄν, (στοά) *of or like a colonnade or portico.* II. *Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics or their system*: Στωικός, ὄ, a *Stoic.*

στωμύλλω, = στωμύλλω. Hence

στωμύλλια, ἦ, *wordiness, chattering, gossip.*

στωμύλιο-συλλεκτάδης, ου, ὄ, (στωμύλλια, συλλέγω) *a gossip-monger.*

στωμύλλω or as Dep. στωμύλλομαι, (στωμύλος) *to be talkative, or chatter, prate*: in good sense, *to talk, converse.*

στώμυλλα, ατος, τό, = στωμύλλια, *chattering*: of persons, *a gossip, chatterer.*

στωμύλος, ὄν, (στόμα) *mouthy, wordy, talkative, gossiping*: also *fluent.* [ῥ]

ΣΤΥ' Dor. ΤΥ', Lat. ΤΥ, THOU; subst. Pron. of 2nd pers.: Ep. nom. *τύνη*:—gen. σου, dat. σοί, acc. σέ, enclit. σου, σοι, σε. There are also Ep. forms of gen. σεῦ, σέο, σεῖο, σέθεν, enclit. σευ, σεο: Dor. τεῦ, rarely τέο, lengthd. τεοῦ and τεοῖο: Aeol. and Dor. τεῦς, τεοῦς.—Ion. and Ep. dat. τοί; Dor. τεῖν and τίν.—Dor. acc. τέ, enclit. τυ.—Dual σφῶνι, σφῶ: gen. and dat. σφῶν, σφῶν: pl. ὑμεῖς, ὑμῶν, ὑμῖν or ὑμῖν, ὑμᾶς, Ep. ὑμεας.

στυ-αγρεσία, ἦ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) *a boar-bunt.*

στυ-αγρος, ὄ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) *one who hunts wild boars.*

Συβαρίξω, f. ἴσω, *to live like a Sybarite, i. e. luxuriously, effeminately.* From

Συβαρίς [ῥ], gen. εως, Ion. ιος, ἦ, *Sybaris, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name, noted for luxury.*

Συβαρίτης [ῥ], ου, ὄ, (Συβαρίς) *a Sybarite: a luxurious liver, voluptuary.*

Συβαρίτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (Συβαρίς) *of or like to Sybaris.*

Συβαρίτις, ἴδος, fem. of Συβαρίτης, *a woman of Sybaris.*

σῦβήνη, ἦ, *a flute-case.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

σῦβόσιον, or rather σῦβοσειόν, τό, (σῦς, βόσκω) *a herd of swine.* II. *a pigsty.*

Σύβοτα [ῥ], τά, (σῦς, βόσκω) *the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite*: originally, *swine-pastures.*

σῦβότης and σῦβότης, ου, ὄ, (σῦς, βόσκω) *a swineherd.*

σῦν-γάμος, ὄν, (σῦν, γαμέω) *united in marriage, married, wedded*: as Subst., *σῦγγαμος, ὄ, ἦ, a bus-*

band or wife. 2. *sharing the marriage-bed; in plur. of rival wives.*

συγγεῖται, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, γείται) *bordering on.*
 συγγελάω, f. -άσομαι, (σύν, γελάω) *to laugh with or together.*

συγγενεία, ἡ, (συγγενής) *connexion by descent or family, relationship, kin.* 2. *kinsfolk, kin, family.*

συγγενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συγγίγνομαι.

συγγενέτρα, ἡ, a *common mother: fem. of*

συγγενέτης, ου, ὁ, (σύν, γενέσθαι) *a common father.*

συγγενής, ἐς, (σύν, γενέσθαι) *born with, congenital, natural, inborn.*

II. *of the same stock, descent or family, akin: οἱ συγγενεῖς kinsfolk, kinsmen; τὸ συγγενές, = συγγένεια, kin, relationship.* 2. *metaph. of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural.*

συγγενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συγγενής) *becoming or like kinsmen.* Adv. -κῶς, *like kinsfolk.*

συγγερον, οντος, ὁ, (σύν, γέρον) *a fellow in old age.*

συγγεωργός, f. ἦσω, *to be a fellow-labourer.* From

συγγεωργός, ὁ, (σύν, γεωργός) *a fellow-labourer in the fields.*

συγγιγνώσκω, f. ἦσω, *to rejoice with.*

συγγηράσκω, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], *to grow old together*

with.

σύνγηρος, ον, (σύν, γήρας) *growing old together.*

σύνγιγνομαι later -γίνομαι [ῖ]: fut. -γενήσομαι:—*to be with, bold communication or associate*

with, live with, bold intercourse with, converse with. 2. *to come to assist.* 3. *absol. to come together, meet.*

σύνγιγνώσκω later -γινώσκω: f. συγγινώσομαι: aor. 2 *συνέγνων*: pf. *συνέγνωκα*:—*to think with, agree with, hold the same sentiments with; absol. to consent, agree.*

II. *to yield, concede, own, allow, acknowledge, confess: also in Med. to grant, allow.*

III. *σύνγιναι* *εἰαυτῷ, to be conscious.* IV. *to have a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon:—Pass. to obtain pardon or forgiveness.*

σύγγνωια, ἡ, = συγγνώμη.

συγγνώμη, ἡ, (συγγινάει) *fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, excuse.*

συγγνωμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συγγνώμων) *inclined to make allowance, indulgent.* II. *of things, pardonable.*

συγγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, *fellow-feeling, forgiveness.* From συγγνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (συγγινάει) *disposed to pardon or forgive: indulgent.* II. *pass. pardoned, forgiven, deserving pardon, allowable.*

συγγινάει, aor. 2 inf. of συγγινάσκα.

συγγνωστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. *of συγγινάσκα, to be pardoned, pardonable, allowable.*

σύνγονος, ον, (σύν, γενέσθαι) *born with, congenital, natural, inborn.* 2. *connected by blood, akin, Lat. cognatus: as Sibst., σύγγονος, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.*

σύγγραμμα, ατος, τό, (συγγράφω) *that which is noted or written down, a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose work.*

συγγραφέυς, ἑως, ὁ, (συγγράφω) *one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author.*

II. *συγγραφεῖς, οἱ, commissioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.*

συγγραφή, ἡ, (συγγράφω) *a writing or noting down.* II. *that which is written, a book, a history.*

2. *a written contract, a covenant, engagement.*

III. *work done by contract.*

συγγραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, *given to writing history.* From

συγγράφω, f. ψω, *to write or note down, Lat. conscribere:—to describe.* II. *to compose or compile a work, Lat. componere: c. acc., πόλεμον συγγράφειν to write the history of the war: generally, to compose or write in prose.*

III. *to draw a written contract: Med. to settle by written contract.* 2. *to draw up a resolution.* IV. *to paint by contract.*

συγγυμνάζω, f. ἄσω, *to exercise with.*

συγκαιρέω Ion. -καταίρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 *συγκαιρέων*:—*to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.*

συγκαθαρίζω, f. σω, *to join in arranging or burying.*

συγκαθέξομαι, fut. -καθεδοῦμαι: Med.:—*to sit with or together.*

συγκαθεύω Ion. συγκατεύγω, *to shut up or enclose with others.*

συγκάθελκω, f. -ελκύσω [ῦ]: aor. I -έλικυσα: fut. pass. -ελκυσθήσομαι: (see ἔλκω):—*to drag down, destroy with.*

συγκαθεύω, f. ἦσω, *to sleep with.*

συγκάθημαι, properly pf. of συγκαθέξομαι, *to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.*

συγκάθιζω, f. ἦσω, *to make to sit or place together:—Med. to sit together, meet for deliberation.* II. intr. also in Act. *to sit with.*

συγκαθίμι, f. -καθίσω, *to let down with or together:—Pass. to let oneself down, stoop, condescend.*

συγκαθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, *to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing.*

συγκάω Att. -κάω [ᾶ]: fut. -κασώω:—*to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo.*

συγκάκοπαθέω, f. ἦσω, *to suffer with or together.* II. *to feel with or for any one in suffering.*

συγκάκοχημαι, Pass. (σύν, κακούχέω) *to endure trouble or suffering with.*

συγκάλέω, f. ἔσω: pf. -κέκληκα pass. -κέκλημαι:—*to call or summon together, call to council:—Med. to call to oneself.* 2. *to call together, invite to a feast.*

συγκάλυπτός, α, ον, *to be covered or veiled: and*

συγκάλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, *covered, enwrapped.* From

συγκάλυπτω, f. ψω, to cover or veil completely, sbroud:—Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face.

συγκάμω, f. —κάμωμαι: aor. 2 —ἐκάμων—to labour or suffer with, sympathise with. 2. to labour or travail with.

συγκαμπή, ἡ, (συγκάμπτω) a joint.

συγκάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knee:—Pass. to bend oneself.

συγκάσιγνήτη, ἡ, one's own sister.

συγκάσις, ios, ó, and ἡ, (σύν, κάσις) one's own brother or sister.

συγκαταβαίω, f. —καταβήσομαι: aor. 2 —κατέβην: pf. —καταβέηκα: to go or come down with: to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with. 2. to descend.

συγκαταβάλλω, f. —καταβάλλω: aor. 2 —κατέβαλον:—to pay down together.

συγκατάβασις, ἡ, (συγκαταβαίω) a going down with. 2. condensation, submission, accommodation.

συγκαταγρᾶσκω, f. —γρᾶσομαι [ᾱ]:—to grow old with or together.

συγκατάγω, f. ξω, to lead down with; to join in bringing back.

συγκαταδραθάνω, aor. 2 —κατέδραθον, to sleep with.

συγκαταδιώκω, f. ξω, to pursue with or in company.

συγκαταδουλώ, f. ώσω, to join in enslaving.

συγκαταδύω and —δύω: aor. 2 —κατέδυν:—to sink or set together with.

συγκαταεύγνυμι, f. —ξεύω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry: metaph., συγκαταξεύζαι τινά ἄτην to make him a yoke-fellow with misery.

συγκαταθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with.

συγκατάθεσις, ἡ, (συγκατατίθημι) agreement, approval, assent. II. submission.

συγκαταθέω, to make an inroad with another.

συγκαταθνήσκω, to die along with.

συγκαταίθω, to burn all together.

συγκαταίνεω, f. έσω or ήσω, to agree with, favour, assent to.

συγκάταινω, on, agreeing, approving, assenting to.

συγκαταίρω, Ion. for συγκαιρίρω.

συγκατακάω Att. —κάω [ᾱ]: f. —καύσω:—to burn down along with:—Pass. to be burnt with.

συγκατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down with, lie with.

συγκατακλείω Ion. —κλήνω, to shut in or enclose with or together.

συγκατακλίνω, to make lie down with:—Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table.

συγκατακόπτω, to cut up together.

συγκατακτάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. to get or gain with, to join in acquiring.

συγκατακτάς, ᾰσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of

συγκατακτείνω, f. —κτενύω, to slay with or together.

συγκαταλαμβάνω, f. —λήψομαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγκαταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together.

συγκαταλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting down: to help to depose.

συγκαταμίγνυμι and —ύω, f. —μίξω, to mix in with, mingle with: metaph. to absorb in a thing.

συγκαταμύω, f. σω, to be shut close.

συγκαταναμάχέω, f. ήσω, to assist in conquering.

συγκατανέω, to allot jointly:—Med. to share among themselves.

συγκαταπίμπλημι, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγκαταπέλεκω, f. ξω, to intertwine with.

συγκαταπράσσω, f. ξω, to join in effecting.

συγκαταρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down together.

συγκατασκάπτω, f. ψω, to demolish with another or utterly.

συγκατασκεδάννυμι, f. —σκεδάω [ᾱ], to pour over at the same time:—Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγκατασκευάζω, f. σω, to help in making or setting up. 2. to furnish completely.

συγκατασηνώ, f. ώσω, to bring into one tent with.

συγκατασήπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together.

συγκατασπάω, f. —σπάσω [ᾱ], to pull down together.

II. to gulp down together.

συγκαταστρέφω, f. ψω, to bring to an end together:—to make subject together or at the same time.

συγκατατάσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω, to arrange or draw up with or together.

συγκατατεμένεω, pf. pass. part. of

συγκατατίθημι, f. —θήσω, to lay down or deposit at the same time. II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγκατατέθειμαι, to agree with, assent to.

συγκατατρώγω, aor. 2 —έτρωγον, to eat up together.

συγκαταφαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of συγκατεσθίω.

συγκαταψευδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

συγκαταψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass. to be reckoned along with.

συγκάτεμι, (σύν, κατά, εἴμι ibo) to go down with.

συγκατείρω, Ion. for συγκαιρίρω.

συγκατεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. —είργασμαι: Dep.:—to help or join in accomplishing a work: to cooperate with. II. to help in subduing. III. to kill with or together, help in slaying.

συγκατέρχομαι, f. —ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. —ήλθον, pf. —ελήλυθα: Dep. to come or go back together.

συγκατεσθίω, f. —έδομαι: aor. 2 —έφαγον:—to eat up with or together.

συγκατεύχομαι, f. —εύξομαι, Dep. to pray for with or together.

συγκατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to accuse together.

συγκάθημι, Ion. for συγκάθημαι.

συγκατοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell with or together.

συγκατοικίζω, f. ίσω, to colonise jointly with another, join or assist in colonising. II. to settle in a place along with. III. to establish at the same time.

συγκατοικτίζω, f. ίσω, to pity with or together:—Med. to bewail with or together.

συγ-κατορύσσω Att. -τω, f. ξω, to bury with.
 συγ-καττύω, to patch up, cobble, furbish up.
 συγγέας, aor. 1 part. of συγκαίω.
 σύγ-κειμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. II. to have been put together, to be composed or compounded of.
 III. to be agreed on; ὁ συγγεόμενος χρόνος, or τὸ συγγεόμενον χρόνον, the time or place agreed upon; κατὰ τὰ συγγεόμενα according to the terms of the agreement. 2. impers. συγγέεται, it is agreed on: so absol. in neut. gen., συγγεόμενου σφί since it had been agreed to by them.

συγ-κεκαλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκαλύπτω.
 συγγέκλιμα, Att. pf. pass. of συγγκλείω: Ion. συγ-κεκλήμα.

συγ-κεκομμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγγκόπτω.
 συγγεκεράμαι, pf. pass. of συγγκεράννυμι.
 συγγεκεράμενος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγγκεράν-
 νυμι, in a tempered manner.

συγ-κεκορπημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγγκορ-
 τῶ, as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely.

συγγεκύρηκα, pf. of συγγκῦρέω.
 συγγεκύφα, pf. of συγγκῦπτόω.
 συγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to join in ordering or bidding.

συγ-κεντέω, f. ἦσω, to pierce or stab together.
 συγγκεράννυμι or -ύω: f. -κεράσω [ᾶ]: pf. -κέ-
 κῆρα pass. -κέκῆραμαι: aor. 1 pass. -κεράθην [ᾶ] Ion.
 -εκήθην:—to mix together, mingle: to blend toge-
 ther, temper by mixing:—Med., συγγκεράσασθαι φι-
 λίαν to form a close friendship. II. Pass. to be mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce. 2. to become deeply involved or implicated in.

συγγκεραυνόω, f. ὦσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, shiver in pieces:—Pass. to be thunder-stricken, as-
 tounded.

συγ-κεφαλαίω, f. ὦσω, to bring under one head or
 summary, to sum up, reckon up.

συγγεχέυμαι, pf. pass. of συγγχέω.
 συγγ-κέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of συγγχώννυμι.
 συγγ-κινδύνεω, f. σω, to incur danger along with
 others: to be partners in danger.

συγγ-κινέω, f. ἦσω, to move or put in commotion with.
 συγγ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ᾶ]: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep
 or lament with.

συγγ-κλάω, f. -κλάω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. -κέκλάσμαι:—
 to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.

σύγγκλεισις Att. σύγγκλεισις, εως, ἡ, a shutting up,
 closing up. From

συγγ-κλείω, f. κλείσω, Ion. συγγκλήϊω, f. ἦσω, old
 Att. συγγκλήϊω, f. ἦσω: Pass., aor. 1 συγγκεκλήισθην old
 Att. συγγκεκλήισθην: pf. -κέκλεισμαι or -ῆμαι Ion.
 -κεκλήισμαι or -ῆμαι:—to shut up, to hem in, en-
 close. 2. to shut, close. 3. to close up; συγγ-
 κλείειν τὰς ὀπίσθιας to lock their shields. II. Pass. to be shut in, enclosed, surrounded. 2. to be closely united.

συγγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.
 συγγ-κλήϊω, Ion. for συγγκλείω.

συγγ-κληρονόμος, on, a joint-heir.

σύγ-κληρος, on, having one's lot together, having a
 neighbouring lot, neighbouring. II. assigned by
 the same lot. Hence

συγγ-κληρόω, f. ὦσω, to embrace in one lot. II.
 to assign by the same lot.

σύγ-κλησις, Att. for σύγγκλεισις.
 σύγγκλιτος, on, (συγγκαλέω) called together, con-
 vened. II. σύγγκλιτος (sub. ἐκκλησία), ἡ, a spe-
 cially convened assembly; a senate.

συγγκλήϊω, Att. for συγγκλείω.
 συγγκλήϊα, ἡ, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From
 συγγ-κλήϊω [ῆ], f. ἰνῶ, to lay together:—Pass. to lie
 with.

συγγ-κλονέω, f. ἦσω, to shake up together, confound.
 συγγ-κλύς, ὄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, κλύω) washed together
 by the waves: thrown together, promiscuous.

συγγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κοιμήσομαι,
 pf. pass. -κεκοίμημαι:—to sleep with another, lie with.
 Hence

συγγκοίμημα, atos, τό, a sleeping together. II.
 the partner of one's bed, consort: and

συγγκοίμησις, ἡ, a sleeping together.
 συγγ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to put to bed together, join in
 wedlock.

συγγ-κοινόομαι, Dep. to make common with, impart,
 give a share of.

συγγκοινώνεω, f. ἦσω, to have a joint share of a
 thing, c. gen. rei. II. to partake in a thing, c.
 dat. rei. From

συγγ-κοινωνός, ἡ, ὄν, partaking jointly of a thing.
 σύγ-κοίτος, on, (σύν, κοίτη) sharing one's bed. II.
 of or belonging to the marriage-bed.

συγγ-κολλάω, f. ἦσω, to glue or stick together.
 Hence

συγγκολλητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who glues or sticks together:
 metaph. a fabricator, concocter.

σύγ-κολλος, on, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely
 joined:—Adv. συγγκύλλως, in accordance with.

συγγκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing together: esp. of harvest,
 a gathering in, housing. From

συγγ-κομίζω, f. -ίσω Att. -ῶ, to carry or bring
 together: of harvest, to gather it in, house it; in
 Pass., ὄργᾳ συγγκομίζεσθαι it is ripe for carrying:—
 Med. to get together or gather in for oneself, supply
 oneself with: to send for; συγγκομίζεσθαι πρὸς ἑαυ-
 τόν to claim as one's own. 2. in Pass. also to be
 gained together. II. to help in burying.

συγγκοπή, ἡ, a cutting into small pieces. II.
 a retrenching, cutting away: in Gramm. syncopé, i. e.
 a striking out one or more letters in a word. III.
 a fainting fit, swoon. From

συγγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in
 pieces, cut up. II. to thrash soundly, maltreat.

συγγ-κοσμῶ, f. ἦσω, to set in order together, ar-
 range. II. to confer honour on.

συγγ-κουφίζω, f. ίσω, to help to lighten.
 σύγγκερῶσις, εως, ἡ, (συγγκεράννυμι) a mixing toge-
 ther, blending, tempering.

σύγκρατος, *ov*, (συγκεράννυμι) mixed together, blended: closely united.

συν-κρίνω [ἔ], *f.* -κρίνω, to compound, put together.

II. to compare: to estimate. Hence σύγκρισις, *ἡ*, a putting together, compounding. II. a comparing, comparison.

συν-κρούω, *f.* ἴσω: *pf.* pass. -κεκρότημαι:—to strike together; συγκροτεῖν τὰ χεῖρε to clap the hands: *absol.* to clap, applaud. II. to beat, bammer, or weld together. 2. metaph. to weld into one; of soldiers, to drill, discipline:—*Pass.* to be well trained, in good discipline. 3. metaph. also, to concoct.

σύγκρουσις, *eas*, ἡ, a collision. II. a quarrel. From

συν-κρούω, *f.* σω, to strike together; συγκρούειν τὰ χεῖρε to clap the hands. II. to bring into collision, to wear out by collision. 2. to confound, throw into confusion.

συν-κρύπτω, *f.* ψω, to cover up completely, envelope: to conceal utterly, to bide.

συν-κτάομαι, *f.* -κτῆσομαι, *Dep.* to gain along with, help to acquire.

συν-κτίζω, *f.* ἴσω, to join in colonising. Hence συγκτίστης, *ov*, ὁ, a joint founder or coloniser.

συνκύβευτις, *ov*, ὁ, a person with whom one plays at dice, a fellow-gamster. From

συν-κύβευω, to play at dice with.

συν-κύκω, *f.* ἴσω, to throw into an utter ferment.

συν-κύλινδρόμαι, *Pass.* to roll about or wallow together.

συν-κύνῃος *Dor.* and *Att.* συγκυνῆγός, ὁ, ἡ, a fellow-hunter, fellow-huntress.

συν-κύπτω, *f.* ψω: *pf.* -κέκυφα:—to bend forwards so as to meet, to stoop and lay heads together, to conspire; τοῦτο δ' ἐς ἔν ἐστι συγκυκυφός this comes all to one point. II. to be bowed down, bent double.

συν-κύρω, *f.* -κυρήσω or -κύρω: *aor.* I -εκύρησα or -έκυρα: *pf.* -κεκύρηκα:—to come together or encounter by chance: to meet with, light upon. II.

of events, to happen at the same time: also to come to pass: *impers.*, συνεκύρησε γενέσθαι it came to pass that... Hence

συνκύρεια, ἡ, a coincidence.

συνκύρσειαν, 3 *pl.* *aor.* I *opt.* of συγκυρέω.

σύν-κωλος, *ov*, (σύν, κῶλον) with limbs united: standing close together.

συν-κωμάζω, *f.* ἴσω *Dor.* ἄω, to march together in a κῶμος or band of revellers, to revel with.

σύν-κωμος, *ov*, (σύν, κῶμος) a partner in a κῶμος, a fellow-reveller.

συν-κωμῶδέω, *f.* ἴσω, (σύν, κομῶδέω) to play with in a comedy.

συν-χαίρω, *f.* *med.* -χαρήσομαι: *aor.* 2 *pass.* -εχάρην [ἄ]:—to rejoice with, join in one's joy. II. to wish one joy, congratulate.

συνχαῖρητέ, 2 *pl.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* *subj.* of συχαίρω.

συχχῆας, *aor.* I *part.* of συχχέω.

συν-χεμάζω, *f.* ἴσω, to winter with or at the same time:—*Pass.* to weather the same storm.

συν-χειρουργέω, *f.* ἴσω, to bear a band at the same time, to perform together.

συχχεῖται, *Ep.* *aor.* I *inf.* of

συχχέω, *f.* -χέω: *aor.* I συνέχεα *Ep.* συνέχευα, *inf.*

συχχεῖται: *pf.* -κέχχκα: *Pass.*, *aor.* I -εχχθην [ῥ], and 3 *sing.* *Ep.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* σύχχῆτο: *pf.* -κέχχμαι: to pour together, mix by pouring: hence to throw into disorder or confusion: to confound, disturb, trouble, disquiet: of things, to frustrate, make of none effect: *esp.* of treaties, etc., to confound, break through, violate.

συχχορευτής, *ov*, ὁ, a partner in a dance. From συχχορεύω, *f.* σω, to dance with.

συχχορηγέω, *f.* ἴσω, to assist in supplying. From συχχορηγός, *ov*, acting as choregus with one: generally, helping to defray expenses.

σύν-χορτος, *ov*, (σύν, χόρτος) properly with the grass joining; bordering upon, adjacent to.

συν-χώω, *Ion.* for συχχώννυμι.

συν-χρόμοι, *f.* -χρήσομαι, *Dep.* to join with in using: hence to have dealings with.

σύν-χροος, *ov* *contr.* -χρους, *ov*, (σύν, χρία) of like colour, of one colour.

συν-χύνω [ῥ], late form of συχχέω.

σύνχυστις, *eas*, ἡ, (συχχέω) a mixing together, blending; confounding: a breaking through, violating: σύνχῆτο, 3 *sing.* *Ep.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* of συχχέω.

συν-χωνεύω, *f.* σω, to melt together, to melt down.

συν-χώννυμι and -ύω: *Ion.* *pres.* συχχώω, *inf.*

συχχούν: *f.* συχχώω: *aor.* I συνέχῳσα: *pf.* *pass.* συνεχῳσμαι:—to heap all together, to heap up with earth, bank up. II. to make into ruinous heaps,

dismantle, demolish. III. to heap one thing on another, confound.

συν-χωρέω, *f.* ἴσω and ἴσομαι:—to come together, unite. II. to give place, give way: metaph. to make concessions, compromise matters: in bad sense, to be in collusion with, connive at. 2. *c.* *acc.* *rei*,

to concede, give up, yield. 3. to accede or agree to, assent, acquiesce in: *c.* *inf.* to agree to do: *absol.* to agree, acquiesce. 4. *impers.* συχχωρεῖ, it is agreed, it is possible. Hence

συχχωρητέον or *plur.* -έα, *verb.* *Adj.* one must agree to, concede.

σύδηγ [ῥ], *Adv.* (σεύω) with rusbing motion, hurriedly.

σύνεως, *a*, *ov*, (σῦς) of swine, *Lat.* suillus; χριῖσμα σῦειον hog's-lard.

σύν-ζάω, *inf.* συζῆν: *f.* -ζήσω:—to live with, live together.

σύν-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω: *f.* -ζεύω *Pass.*, *aor.* 2 *συνεζύγην* [ῥ]:—to yoke together, couple, unite, *esp.* in marriage:—*Pass.* to be yoked or coupled with:—*Med.* to yoke for oneself.

σύν-ζητέω, *f.* ἴσω, to seek or examine together with, to join in seeking out. Hence

σύνζητησις, ἡ, joint inquiry: a disputation; and

συστητής, οἷ, δ, a fellow-inquirer : a disputer.
 συζοφομαί, Pass. (σύν, ζῶφος) to grow dark together.
 συζύγια, ἡ, (συνεύγνυμι) union : a joint. II. a
 yoke or pair of animals.
 συζύγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συνεύγνυμι.
 σύζυγος [ῥ], α, ον, ποῖτ. for σύζυγος, yoked together,
 joined, united.
 σύζυγος, ου, (συνεύγηται) yoked together, paired,
 united, esp. wedded :—as Subst., σύζυγος, ἡ, a wife ;
 but also, σύζυγος, ὁ, a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend.
 σύζυξ, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, = σύζυγος.
 σύζωμα, ατος, τό, a girding together. II. a
 girdle. From
 συζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to gird together, gird up :—
 Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins.
 συζωποτέω, f. ἴσω, to quicken at the same time.
 συθείς, aor. I pass. part. of σέω.
 σύθεν, Acol. for ἐσίθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σέω.
 σύκκις, f. ἴσω (συκῆ) to gather ripe figs.
 συκάμινον, τό, the fruit of the συκάμνος, a mul-
 berry, Lat. morum.
 συκάμινος, ἡ, the mulberry-tree, Lat. morus.
 συκέα, εας, Ion. and Ep. συκέη, εἰς contr. συκῆ,
 ἦς, ἡ ; Ion. gen. pl. συκέων : (σῦκον) :—the fig-tree,
 Lat. ficus.
 συκιδιον, τό, Dim. of σῦκον, a small fig.
 συκιζω, f. ἴσω, (σῦκον) to fatten with figs.
 σῦκινος, η, ον, (σῦκον) of or belonging to the fig-tree
 or figs ; σῦκινον ξύλον the wood of the fig-tree. II.
 metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, σῦκινος
 ἄνδρες weak, good-for-nothing fellows : also with allu-
 sion to συκοφάντης, false, treacherous.
 συκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (συκίη) a slip or cutting from a fig-
 tree, a young fig-tree.
 συκολογέω, f. ἴσω, to gather figs. From
 συκο-λόγος, ον, (σῦκον, λέγω) gathering figs.
 συκο-μορέα, ἡ, = συκόμορος.
 συκό-μορος, ἡ, (σῦκον, μόρον) the fig-mulberry, an
 Egyptian kind, called also συκάμνος ἢ Αἰγυπτία.
 ΣΥΚΟΝ, τό, a fig, Lat. ficus.
 συκο-πέδιλος, ὁ, (σῦκον, πέδιλον) with sandals of
 fig, a parody on Homer's χρυσοπέδιλος.
 συκο-πράγέω, f. ἴσω, (σῦκον, τραγείν) to eat figs.
 Hence
 συκοπράγιδης, ου, ὁ, a fig-nibbler.
 συκοφαντέω, f. ἴσω, (συκοφάντης) to be an informer :
 c. acc. pers. to inform against, accuse falsely, slan-
 der. 2. c. acc. rei, to lay information against a
 thing ; but, συκοφαντεῖν τριάκοντα μῶνας to extort 30
 minae by laying informations ; συκοφαντεῖν τί τις
 to extort money from another by false informations.
 Hence
 συκοφάντημα, ατος, τό, false accusation, slander,
 misrepresentation.
 συκο-φάντης, ου, ὁ, (σῦκον, φαίνω) properly a fig-
 shewer, i. e. one who brings figs to light by shaking
 the tree ; or a fig-informer, i. e. one who informed
 against persons exporting figs from Attica : but used

in the sense of a common informer, a false accuser,
 slanderer.
 συκοφαντία, ἡ, (συκοφαντέω) the behaviour of a
 sycophant, false accusation, slander. Hence
 συκοφαντίας, ου, ὁ, the Sycophant-wind.
 συκοφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συκοφάντης) like a sycophant,
 slanderous. Adv. -κῶς.
 συκοφάντρια, ἡ, fem. of συκοφάντης, a female
 informer.
 συκοφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, ποῖτ. for συκοφαντία.
 συκοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry figs. From
 συκο-φόρος, ον, (σῦκον, φέρω) carrying figs.
 συκόφα, f. ὶσω, to feed with figs.
 σύλα, Ep. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω.
 σῦλ-ἄγαγέω, f. ἴσω, (σῦλον, ἄγω) to carry off as
 booty or plunder. II. to rob, despoil.
 σύλασκε, Ion. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω.
 ΣΥΓΛΑΪΩ, f. ἴσω : aor. I ἐσύλησα : Pass., aor. I
 ἐσυλήθην : pf. σεσύλημαι :—to strip off the arms of
 a slain enemy : c. acc. pers. et rei, to strip off arms
 from a person, or to strip him of his arms : so also c.
 acc. pers. et gen. rei :—Pass. c. acc. rei, to be robbed
 or deprived of a thing. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to
 strip, despoil, pillage, plunder. 3. c. acc. rei only,
 to strip off : hence to take away, carry off :—Pass. to
 be taken away or carried off as spoil : generally, to be
 taken away.
 συλεύμενος, Dor. for συλούμενος, pres. pass. part.
 of συλέω.
 συλεύω and σῦλέω, collat. forms of συλάω, to de-
 spoil. 2. to rob secretly, defraud : to trick, cheat.
 σύλη, ἡ, or σῦλον, τό, only used in plur. σύλαι, αἱ,
 or σύλα, τά, (συλάω) the right of seizing the ship or
 cargo of a foreign merchant : the right of seizure,
 right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to
 modern letters of marque.
 σύληθεις, εἶσος, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of συλάω.
 σύλητρος, ἡμος, and σύλητρος, ορος, ὁ, (συλάω) a
 robber :—fem. σῦλητρα.
 συλλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συλλαμβάνω.
 συλλαβέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.
 συλλαβῆ, ἡ, (συλλαβή) that which holds toge-
 ther. II. (from pass.) that which is held together,
 esp. several letters forming one sound, a syllable ; ἐν
 γραμμάτων συλλαβαῖς in written words.
 συλλαβίξω, f. σω, (συλλαμβάνω) to read in syllables.
 συλ-λαλέω, f. ἴσω, to talk or converse with.
 συλ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι : aor. 2 συνελάβον, inf.
 συλλαβεῖν : pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι : cf. λαμ-
 βάνω :—to bring together or collect into a body, to
 rally troops. II. to put together, close the
 mouth and eyes (of a corpse). III. to take toge-
 ther, lay hold of, seize, apprehend, arrest. IV.
 to comprehend, comprise : of the mind, to comprehend,
 understand. V. to receive all together, to en-
 joy. VI. of a woman, to conceive. VII. c.
 dat. pers. to take part with another, to assist one in a
 thing : absol. to assist : so also in Med. συλλαμβά-

νομαι, to help to take hold of a thing, and so to help, assist.

συλ-λέγω, f. ζω: aor. I συνέλεξα: pf. συνείλοχα: Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομαι: aor. I συνελέχθην, aor. 2 συνελέγγη: pf. συνείλεμαι and συλλέλεγμα:—to gather, collect, bring together: of persons, to call together, also to raise or levy an army. Lat. conscribere.—Pass. to come together, assemble. 2. of things, to gather, collect:—Pass., of things, to become customary.

σύλ-λεκτρος, ον, (σύν, λέκτρον) sharing one's bed: as Subst., σύλλεκτρος, ὁ, ή, the partner of one's bed, husband or wife.

συλλήβδην, Adv. (συλλαμβάνω) taken together, collectively, in sum, in short.

συλ-λίγω, f. ζω, to cease or come to an end together.

συλληπτεόν, verb. Adj. of συλλαμβάνω, one must lay hold of together.

συλλήπτρια, ή, fem. of συλλήπτωρ.

συλλήπτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (συλλαμβάνω) one that takes hold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor.

συλληφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

σύλληψις, εως, ή, (συλλαμβάνω) a taking or putting together. II. a seizing, laying hold of, apprehending.

III. a grasping with the mind, comprehension.

IV. conception in the womb.

συλλήψομαι, fut. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλογή, ή, (συλλέγω) a gathering, collecting. 2. a raising, levying of soldiers, Lat. conscriptio. II. an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting.

συλ-λογιζομαι, f. -ισομαι, Dep. to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up. II. to collect or conclude from premises: to infer by way of syllogism.

συλλογίματος, α, ον, (συλλέγω) collected from different premises.

συλλογισμός, ὁ, (συλλογίζομαι) a reckoning all together, reckoning up. II. a collecting from premises, reasoning:—a syllogism, inference or conclusion drawn from premises.

σύλλογος, ὁ, (συλλέγω) a gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons; σύλλογον ποιήσασθαι to convene an assembly. II. metaph. power of collecting oneself, presence of mind.

συλ-λούομαι, Pass. to bathe together.

συλ-λοχίτης [ῆ], ον, ὁ, (σύν, λόχος) a soldier of the same λόχος or company.

συλ-λύπεω, f. ήσω, to hurt together:—Pass. with fut. -λυπηθήσομαι and med. -λυπηθῶμαι, to sympathise or condole with.

συλ-λυσοάμοι, Pass. to be mad in company with.

συλ-λυω, f. ύσω [ῆ], to help in loosing or setting free.

σύλον, τό, see σύλη.

σύλ-όνυξ, ἕχος, ὁ, ή, (συλάω, ὄνυξ) paring the nails.

συμβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of συμβαίω.

συμ-βαίω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμβῆναι: pf. -βέβηκα, syncop. 3 pl. -βεβάσι, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. -βεβώς: Pass., 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβῶθῆ: pf. inf. ξυμβεβάσθαι: (cf. -βαίω):—to

stand with the feet together.

II. to stand with or beside, hence to assist. III. to come together, meet: hence, like συμμόγω, to reach to or be at a place, c. dat.; συμβαίνειν κακοῖς to fall in with evils. 2. to agree with, Lat. convenire; to come to an agreement, make an agreement; generally, to be or make friends with: in perf. inf. συμβεβάναι, of the terms, to be agreed on. 3. to suit, fit, be like: to coincide or correspond with: to be fitting. IV. to fall to one's lot.

V. of events, to come to pass, fall out, happen, Lat. contingere: impers. συμβαίνει, συνέβη it happens or happened that . . ; so, συμβαίνει είναι or γίνεσθαι:—τὸ συμβεβηκός, a chance event, contingency; κατὰ συμβεβηκός by chance. 2. to turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill: absol. to turn out well, succeed, ήν ξυμβῆ ή πείρα if the attempt succeed. 3. of consequence, to come out, result, ensue: of conclusions, to follow.

συμ-βαχεύω, f. σω, to join in the feast of Bacchus or Bacchic revelry.

σύμ-βακχος, ὁ, ή, joining in Bacchic revelry.

συμ-βάλλω: f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 συνέβαλον, inf. συμβάλλειν: pf. -βέβηκα: I Med., fut. -βλήσομαι: Pass., aor. I συνεβλήθην:—Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass. συνεβλήμην in forms έξύμβλητο, -βλήτην, -βληντο, subj. σύμβληται, inf. -βλήμεναι, part. -βλήμενος:—to throw or dash together: to bring together, esp. of rivers, to unite their streams: to throw together, collect:—συμβάλλειν ἀσπίδας, to lock, join closely their shields; συμβάλλειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes: generally, to join, unite: of contracts, to conclude, to lend money on bond:—Med. to contribute of one's own property, to pay a share: generally, to contribute, bear a part in; ξυμβάλλει πολλά τούδε δέματος many things contribute [their share] of this fear, i. e. join in causing it; συμβάλλεσθαι ξενίωι to contract friendly relations; συμβάλλεσθαι λόγους, or absol. συμβάλλεσθαι, to hold a conference with, converse, confer: generally, to do one's part, be useful. II. to bring men together, to set them together, match them to fight, Lat. committo; so also, συμβάλλει μάχην to engage in, join battle; έχθραν, ήν συμβάλλειν to contract enmity, etc. 2. Med. to fall in with one, meet him by chance. III. to put together, to compare, reckon, compute: Pass. to correspond; τὸ Βαβυλωνιον τάλαντον συμβαλλεόμενον πρὸς τὸ Εὐβοικόν the Babylonian talent being reduced to the Euboic. 2. to conclude from a comparison of facts, to conclude, infer: c. acc. to guess or make out by conjecture, to interpret, understand. IV. Med. to agree upon. V. intr. to come together: to meet, join. 2. to engage, encounter.

συμβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of συμβαίω.

συμ-βάσειω, Desiderat. of συμβαίω, to wish to make a league or covenant with.

συμ-βασιλεύω, f. σω, to rule conjointly with.

σύμ-βάσις, εως, ή, (συμβαίω) an agreement, arrangement, convention, treaty.

συμβᾶτήριος, *ον*, and συμβᾶτικός, *ή, ον*, (συμβαίνω) *tending to agreement, conciliatory.*

συμβεβάναι [ᾶ], Ion. for συμβεβηκέναι, perf. inf. of συμβαίω.

συμβεβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of συμβαίω.

συμβεβηκα, pf. of συμβαίω.

συμβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of συμβαίω.

συμ-βιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to extort by force at the same time.*

συμ-βιάζω, f. -βιάσασ, Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of συμβαίω, *to bring together, put together*: metaph. *to bring to terms, reconcile*:—Pass. *to come to terms with another.* II. *to compare, contrast.* III. *to prove.* IV. *to teach, instruct.*

συμ-βίω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 συνεβίω, inf. συμβιώνααι: pf. συμβεβίωκα:—*to live with.*

συμβιώτης, *ου, ό*, *one who lives with, a companion.*

συμβλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλω.

συμβλήσει, Ep. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω.

συμβλητός, *ή, ον*, verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω, *comparable.*

συμ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, *to cry aloud or shout together with, τινί*: c. acc. pers. *to shout to, call on at once.*

συμβοηεία, *ή*, *joint aid or assistance.* From συμ-βοητέω, f. ἦσω, *to render joint aid, join in giving aid.*

συμβόλαιον, τό, (συμβάλλω) *a mark or sign to conclude from, a token*: a symptom. II. plur.

συμβόλαια, τά, *a contract, covenant or bond*: acknowledgment for money lent. 2. *intercourse.*

συμβόλαιος, *α, ον*, (σύμβολον) *of or referring to bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.*

συμβολέω, f. ἦσω, (συμβάλλω) *to fall in with.*

συμβολή, *ή*, (συμβάλλω) *a bringing together.* II. (from Pass.) *a coming together, meeting, joining*: the part that meets, the joining, end. 2. *a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering.* 3. *a contribution, subscription*:—plur. συμβολαί, αἱ, *contributions to provide a common meal*; δειπνέειν ἀπὸ συμβολῶν, Lat. *de symbolis esse*; also *the meal or entertainment itself.* Hence

συμβολικός, *ή, ον*, *of or for a contribution or common meal.*

σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) *a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token*; σύμβολα λαμπάδος *a beacon-fire, signal.* 2. σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part, tallies, Lat. *tesseræ hospitalitatis.* 3. at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, Lat. *tessera*, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also *a permit or licence.* II.

σύμβολα, τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty between two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιέσθαι πρὸς πόλιν *to make a commercial treaty with a state.*

σύμβολος, *ον*, (συμβάλλω) *coming together*: accidental. II. σύμβολος (sub. οἰωνός), *ό*, *an augury; omen.*

συμβούλημα, *ατος, τό*, (συμβουλεύω) *advice given.* συμβουλευτέος, *α, ον*, (συμβουλεύω) *to be deliberated upon.* 2. *to be advised.*

συμβουλευτικός, *ή, ον*, (συμβουλεύω) *deliberative.*

συμ-βουλεύω, f. σω, *to advise, counsel*, c. dat. pers., as in Lat. *consulere alicui*; c. inf. *to advise one to do*: c. acc. rei, *to recommend a thing.* II. Med. *to take counsel with a person*, Lat. *consulere aliquem*: absol. *to consult together, deliberate.*

συμβουλή, *ή*, (σύν, βουλή) *advice or counsel given.* II. *a taking counsel, consultation.*

συμβούλια, *ή*, = συμβουλή 1.

συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) *advice, counsel.* II. *a council.*

συμ-βούλομαι, fut. -βουλήσομαι, Dep. *to will or wish together with*: *to agree with.*

σύμ-βουλος, *ό*, (σύν, βουλή) *an adviser, counsellor.*

συμ-βύω, f. ἴσω [ῆ], *to cram together.*

συμμάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of συμμαθάνω.

συμμάθητής, *ου, ό*, (συμμαθάνω) *a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow*, Lat. *condiscipulus.*

συμ-μαίνομαι: pf. 2 συμμέμνη: aor. 2 pass. συνεμάνην [ᾶ]:—*to rave or be mad along with or together.*

συμ-μαθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέμαθον:—*to learn along with one*:—*ό* συμμαθών *one who has learnt thoroughly*, i. e. is used to a thing.

συμ-μάρπτω, f. ψω, *to grasp together.*

συμμαρτύρω, f. ἦσω, *to bear witness with or in accordance with, to testify to a thing with another.* And

συμμαρτύρομαι [ῆ], Dep. = συμμαρτύρω. From

συμμάρτυς, ὕπος, *ό, ή*, *a fellow-witness.*

συμμαχέω, f. ἦσω, (σύμμαχος) *to be an ally, be in alliance with*: and so generally, *to help, aid.* Hence

συμμαχία Ion. -ίη, *ή*, *in war, an alliance offensive and defensive* (whereas ἐπιμαχία is a defensive alliance):—generally, *aid, succour, help.* II. = *οἱ σύμμαχοι, the body of allies*: also *an auxiliary force.* Hence

συμμαχικός, *ή, ον*, *of or for alliance*; θεοὶ ξυμμαχικοί *the gods invoked at the making of an alliance.*

II. τὸ συμμαχικόν, = *οἱ σύμμαχοι, the auxiliaries, allied forces.* 2. *a treaty of alliance.*

συμ-μαχίς, *ιδος*, pecul. fem. of σύμμαχος, *allied*: *ή ξυμμαχίς* (sub. πόλις), *an allied state.* II. *the body of allies.*

συμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep. *to fight along with, to be an ally*: generally, *to take part with.*

σύμ-μαχος, *ον*, (σύν, μάχη) *fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary*:—as Subst., σύμμαχος, *ό*, *an ally, auxiliary* in war: an assistant, helper, supporter.

συμμέμνημι, pf. pass. of συμμύγωμι.

συμ-μεθέπω, *to sway jointly with.*

συμ-μελετάω, f. ἦσω, *to practise with or together.*

συμ-μένω, f. -μενώ, *to stay together, keep together.*

2. *to hold together, abide, continue.*

συμ-μερίζω, f. σω, (σύν, μέρος) to give a share of a thing with others:—Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly with others, c. dat.

συμ-μεταβαίνω, f. —βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμ-μεταβάλλω, f. —βάλλω, to join in changing:—Pass. to change sides and take part with.

συμ-μεταχειρίζομαι, f. —σομαι: Dep.: also Act. συμμεταχειρίζω:—to manage or take charge of along with.

συμ-μετέχω, f. —μετέχω, (σύν, μετέχω) to take part in or partake of along with.

συμ-μετίσχω, = συμμετέχω.

συμμέτοχος, ον, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly.

συμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:—Med. to compute, ascertain: to make an estimate of a thing:—Pass. to be commensurate, measured out along with; ήμαρ συμμετρούμενον χρόνῳ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμέτρησις, ή, a measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

συμμετρία, ή, symmetry, due proportion. From σύμ-μετρος, ον, (σύν, μέτρον) measured or commensurate with: of like measure or size with. II. in due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet. 2. resembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure with.

II. Adv., συμμέτρως έχειν to be in proportion: Comp. —ότερον, in a manner better fitted.

συμ-μητιάομαι, f. —άσομαι [ā], Dep. to take counsel with or together.

συμ-μηχανάομαι, f. —ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to help to bring about.

σύμμιγναι, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From συμμίγναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμμίγναι, ές, (συμμίγναι) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμ-μίγνυμι or —ύω: fut. συμμίξω: Ep. and Ion. pres. συμμίσχω:—to mix or mingle one thing with another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexion with, unite: to communicate a thing to a person.

II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμίξομαι, to be commingled or blended: to be formed by combination: of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or collision with.

III. intrans. in Act., to have dealings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat or negotiate with: also 2. to engage, encounter, come to blows. Hence

συμμικτός, όν, commingled, promiscuous. II. mingled, confounded.

συμ-μιμέομαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence συμμίμητής, ού, δ, a joint or fellow imitator.

συμ-μνήσσομαι, pf. —μέννημαι, Dep. (σύν, μνήσσω) to remember, bear in mind along with.

συμμιξάω, aor. I inf. of συμμίγνυμι.

σύμμιξις, έως, ή, (συμμίγνυμι) a mixing together, commixture. II. intercourse.

συμ-μίσγω, Ep. and Ion. for συμμίγνυμι.

σύμ-μολπος, ον, (σύν, μολπή) in harmony or unison with, harmonious.

συμ-μορία, ή, (σύν, μέρος) a joint division: at Athens, the 1200 wealthiest citizens were divided into 20 συμμορίαί or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

σύμ-μορος, ον, (σύν, μόρος) contributing or rated along with: οί έξυμμοροι the confederate states of Boeotia.

συμ-μορφίζω, = συμμορφώω. From σύμ-μορφος, ον, (σύν, μορφή) like-shaped, conformed to. Hence

συμμορφώω, f. ώσω, to form or fashion alike:—Pass. to be conformed to.

συμ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to share in toil with.

συμ-μύω, f. ύσω [ύ]: intrans. to be shut up close, be closed, of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips. II. trans. to shut, close.

συμπάθεια, ή, (συμπάθη) fellow-feeling, sympathy. συμπάθειω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympathise with a person, sympathise in a thing.

συμ-πάθησις, ές, (σύν, παθείν) of like feelings, sympathetic: sympathising with.

συμπάθεια, ή, poet. for συμπάθεια.

συμπάθεις, Adv. of συμπάθησις, sympathetically.

συμ-παινίζω, f. ίσω, to raise the paean with another: to shout out together.

συμ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach together:—Pass. to be educated with others.

συμ-παίζω, f. —παίζομαι, to play or sport with: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, συμπαίζειν έορτήν μετά τινος to keep holiday with. Hence

συμπαικτής, ον, δ, = συμπαιστής: fem. συμπαικτρια.

συμ-παίκτηρ, ορος, ό, = συμπαιστής.

συμπαίσδεν, Dor. for συμπαίζειν.

συμ-παιστής, ού, ό, (συμπαίζω) a playmate, playfellow: fem. συμπαίστρια, ή.

συμ-παίστωρ, ορος, ό, = συμπαιστής.

συμ-παίω, f. —παίω: aor. I —έπαισα:—to beat, strike, dash one thing against another. II. intrans. to strike or beat again.

σύμπαν, τό, neut. of σύμπας, q. v.

συμ-παραβύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to cram in along with.

συμ-παραγίγνομαι, Dep. to come in or come to hand at the same time. II. to come in to assist.

συμ-παραβέω, f. —θέωσομαι, to run along with.

συμ-παρανέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to join in recommending or approving.

συμ-παρακαθίζω, f. ίσω, to set beside or together: Med. to set beside or with.

συμ-πορακάλέω, f. έσω, to call upon or exhort together: to invite at the same time. II. to ask for at the same time.

συμ-παρακελεύομαι, Med. to join in exciting.

συμ-παρακολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with, follow close, stick to.

συμ-παρακομίζω, f. σω, to conduct alongside together; of ships, to convey along shore.
 συμ-παρακίπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself along with.
 συμ-παραλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take along with.
 συμ-παρμένω, to stay along with or among, c. dat.
 συμ-παρμιγνύμι or -ύω, f. -μίζω, to mix in together.
 συμ-παρνεύω, f. σω, to nod assent, incline both ways, of ambiguous oracles.
 συμ-παρνήχομαι, f. -νήξομαι, Dep. to swim beside together.
 συμ-παραπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort along with others.
 συμ-παρπύλλωμι, f. -ολέσω, to destroy along with:—Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 -ύλωλα, to perish along with or besides.
 συμ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or providing for.
 συμ-παρασπᾶτέω, f. ήσω, to stand by one so as to help or support. From
 συμπαραστάτης, ου, ό, (συμπαρίσταμαι) one who stands by to aid, a joint helper or assistant.
 συμ-παρτάσσομαι Att. -πτομαι, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order along with.
 συμ-παρτηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch alongside of or together.
 συμ-παρτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed or nurture along with.
 συμ-παραφέρω, f. -παοίσω, to carry forth along with:—Pass. to rush forth or along with.
 συμ-παρεδρεύω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with.
 συμ-πάρεμι, inf. παρίεμαι, (εἰμι sum) to be present along with: to be present together or at the same time.
 συμ-πάρεμι, inf. παρίεμαι, (εἰμι ibo) to go along at the same time: to go on together.
 συμ-παρεισέρχομαι, fut. -παρελείσομαι: aor. 2 act. -παρήλθον, pf. -παρῆλθθα: Dep.:—to go or slip into along with.
 συμ-παρέσομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany.
 συμ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to offer or present along with.
 συμ-παρίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.
 συμ-παρίστημι, to place together by the side of:—Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -παρέστην, pf. -παρέστηκα, to stand beside so as to assist.
 συμ-παρομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to follow together with, to accompany closely.
 συμ-παροξύνω, f. ύνώ, to provoke together with.
 σύμ-πᾶς Ep. and Att. ξύμ-πας, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν: all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing. the whole together. II. τὸ σύμπαν the whole together, the sum of the matter:—τὸ σύμπαν also as Adv., altogether, on the whole, in general.
 συμ-πάσχω, f. -πίσομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathise with.
 συμ-πάτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike along with or together.
 συμ-πάτέω, f. ήσω, to tread together, tread clothes in washing. 2. to trample under foot.

συμ-πατριώτης, ου, ό, a fellow-countryman.
 συμ-πέδω, f. ήσω, to bind together, bind hand and foot; metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.
 συμ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade along with or together, to join in persuading:—Pass. to be persuaded at the same time.
 σύμ-πειρος, ου, (σύν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing.
 συμ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send or despatch along with or together. 2. to help in conducting.
 συμ-πενθέω, f. ήσω, trans. to mourn for or bewail along with others. II. intr. to mourn together with.
 συμ-πεντε, (σύν, πέντε) five together, by fives.
 συμ-περαίνω, f. άνώ, to finish along with or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:—in Logic, συμπεραίνεται it is concluded, the conclusion is so and so. II. Med. συμπεραίνομαι, to join fully in a thing with.
 συμ-πέρθω, f. σω, to destroy with, help to destroy.
 συμ-περιάγω, f. ξω, to lead about along with or together:—Med. to lead about with oneself.
 συμ-περίεμι, inf. -ίεμαι, (εἰμι ibo) to go about along with.
 συμ-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace or comprehend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with others.
 συμ-περιστώ, f. ήσω, to go to and fro, travel about with.
 συμ-περιφέρω, to carry about with. II. Pass. συμπεριφέρομαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with. 2. to have intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.
 συμ-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to help in cooking: to digest entirely.
 συμπέφρασμαί, pf. of συμφράζομαι.
 συμπέφυρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύρα.
 συμ-πήγγυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω:—to put together, frame, construct. 2. to make solid, congeal. II. Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded. 2. to congeal or become frozen together. Hence
 σύμ-πηκτος, ου, joined together, framed, constructed.
 συμ-πίεζω, f. ήσω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, squeeze hard:—Pass. to be squeezed up.
 συμ-πίνω [τ], f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 συνέπιον, inf. συμπιέν:—to drink with or together, join in a drinking-bout with.
 συμ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπέπτωκα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrere: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to blows. 2. generally, to fall in with, meet with. 3. of accidents, to fall or light upon, happen to. 4. absol. to happen or fall out at the same time, concur. 5. impers. συνέπιπτε, συνέπεσε it happened, fell out, came to pass. II. to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly. III. to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. consideri; óμα συμπεσόν a frame fallen away by sickness.
 συμ-πίτνω, poet. for συμπίπτω, to fall together, dash together. II. to agree.

συμπλακῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέω.
 σύμπλάνος, ον, (σύν, πλάνος) wandering or roaming about together.

συμπλάσας [ᾶ], aor. I part. of συμπλάσσω.
 συμπλάσσω, f. -πλάσσω [ᾶ]: aor. I συνέπλᾶσα:—to mould or fashion together, γαῖης out of clay. II. metaph. to fabricate together.

συμπλατᾶναι, f. ἴσω, to clap together.
 σύμπλεκτος, ον, twined together, interlaced. From συμπλέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I συνέπλεξα: Pass., aor. 2 συνεπλέκην [ᾶ]: pf. συμπέπληγμα:—to twine or plait together: also to twist, force together. II.

Pass. to be twined together, plaited: of persons wrestling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close struggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her opponent: metaph. to be entangled in; ἔχνη συμπεπλεγμένα a maze of footsteps.

συμπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail, float, swim along with or together.

συμπληγᾶς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (συμπλήσσω) striking or dashing together. II. Συμπληγάδες (sc. πέτραι), αἱ, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Κυνάειαι ἤησοι, which were supposed to close on all who sailed between them: also συνδρομάδες.

συμπλήγηδον, Adv. (συμπλήσσω) by beating or dashing together.

συμπληθύνω [ῦ], to multiply together.

συμπληθύω, to help to fill, swell, increase.

συμπληρώω, f. ὦσα, to help to fill, fill completely: of ships, to man with a full complement.

συμπλοκή, ἡς, ἡ, (συμπλέω) an intertwining. II. a close struggle.

σύμπλοκος, ον, (συμπλέω) entwined, interwoven.

σύμπλοος, ον contr. -πλοος, ον: (συμπλέω):—sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., ξύμπλοος, ὁ, a shipmate: metaph. a partner or comrade in a thing.

συμπλώω, Ep. and Ion. for συμπλέω.

συμπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow or breathe together. II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspirare: συμπνεῖν ἑμαῖοις τύχαις to blow with, i. e. be carried along with, sudden blasts.

συμπνίγω [ῖ], f. -πνιξομαι, to throttle: to choke up.

συμπνίδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to tie the feet together, bind hand and foot: metaph. to entangle, involve.

συμποίω, f. ἴσω, to help in doing.

συμποιμαίνομαι, Pass. (σύν, ποιμαίνω) to feed together: to herd together.

συμπολέμω, f. ἴσω, to take part in a war with.

συμπολορκέω, f. ἴσω, to join in besieging, besiege jointly.

συμπολιτεύω, f. σω, to be a fellow-citizen, be a member of the same state: so also in Med. συμπολιτεύομαι; οἱ συμπολιτευόμενοι one's fellow-citizens. From

συμπολίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, a fellow-citizen, Lat. concivis.

συμπομπέω, f. σω, to accompany in a procession.

συμπονέω, f. ἴσω, to work with or together, to help, or relieve in work.

συμπονηρέομαι, Dep. to join in villany, play the knave together.

συμπορεύομαι, fut. med. -πορεύσομαι: aor. I pass. συνεπορεύην: Dep.:—to go or journey together.

συμπορέβω, f. ἴσω, like συμπερέβω, to help to demolish or lay waste.

συμπορίζω, f. ἴσω, to help in procuring or providing.

συμποσία, ἡ, (συμπίνω) a drinking together.

συμποσί-αρχος, ὁ, (συμπόσιον, ἀρχω) the president of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister bibendi.

συμπόσιον, τό, (συμπίνω) a drinking-party, entertainment, Lat. convivium.

συμπότης, ον, (συμπίνω) a fellow-drinker, boon-companion. Hence

συμποτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or suited for a συμπόσιον or drinking-party, convivial:—as Subst., συμποτικός, ὁ, a jolly fellow.

συμπράκτωρ Ion. -πρήκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, a helper, assistant: συμπακτῶρ ὁδοῦ a fellow-wayfarer. From συμ-πράσσω Att. -πρω Ion. συμπρήσσω: fut. ξω: aor. I συνέπραξα:—to do with another, to help in doing: to act with, assist. 2. to be in the interest of another, side with another. II. Med. συμπράσσομαι, to help in exacting a debt.

συμπρηπής, ἑς, (σύν, πρέπω) beseeching, befitting.

συμπρεσβευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador. From συμ-πρεσβεύω, to be a fellow-ambassador, be associated with on an embassy:—Med. to join in sending an embassy.

σύμπρεσβυς, εως, ὁ, a joint-ambassador.

συμπρεσβύτερος, ὁ, a fellow-presbyter or elder.

συμπρήκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, Ion. for συμπράκτωρ.

συμπρήσσω, Ion. for συμπράσσω.

συμπριάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συνανέομαι (no pres. συμ-πρίαμαι in use), to buy together, buy up.

συμπροθύμομαι: f. med. -ήσομαι: aor. I pass. -προθύμηθην: Dep.:—to join zealously in promoting, to have equal zeal for a thing: absol. to share one's eagerness.

συμπροξενέω, f. ἴσω, to help in furnishing with means.

συμπροπέμω, f. ψω, to escort together, join in escorting.

σύμπυκτος, ον, folded together, fitted together. From

συμπύσσω, f. ξω, to fold together, fold up and lay by.

συμπυθέναι, aor. I pass. part. neut. of συμπύπτω, σύμπωμα, ατος, τό, (συμπύπτω) anything that has befallen one, a chance, mischance, calamity.

συμπυκνός, ον, (σύν, πυκνός) compressed.

συμπυθάνομαι, Dep. to ascertain along with.

συμπύρδω, f. ὦσα, to burn up or consume along with or together.

συμφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of συν-εσθίω.

συμφέρων, τό, see συμφέρω II. 3. Hence

συμφερόντως, Adv. profitably, with expediency.

συμφερός, ἢ, ὄν, (συμφέρω) brought together, united, banded.

συμ-φέρω, f. συνοίσω: aor. I συνήνεκα Ion. -ήνεκα: aor. 2 συνήνεγκον: pf. συνήνεγοχα (cf. φέρω):—to bring together, gather, collect: to contribute. 2. to match together. 3. to bear along

with or jointly, help to bear; συμφέρειν κακά to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse.

II. intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's advantage. 2. impers. συμφέρει, it is of use, profitable expedient.

3. part. συμφέρον, οὔσα, ον, useful, expedient: neut. συμφέρον, οντος, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency. 4. to agree with: to assist: to come to terms with, give way to.

5. of events, to happen, take place, turn out.

III. Pass. συμφέρομαι, fut. med. συνοίσομαι: aor. I pass. συνήνεχθην Ion. συνήνεχθη: pf. συνήνεγμα:—to come together, meet in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage, Lat. congregari.

2. to agree together, agree with, allow, assent to: to bear with. 3. generally, to be acquainted, versed in.

4. of events, to happen, turn out: also impers., it happens, falls out; οὐδέν σφι χριστὸν συνεφέρειο no good came of it to them.

συμ-φεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, to flee along with: to be banished or be in exile along with.

συμ-φημι, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to agree with, τινί: c. inf. to agree that . . .

συμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to accord with.

συμ-φθείρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

συμ-φθίνω [Υ], to perish along with: so in aor. 2 pass. συνέφθιτο.

σύμ-φθογγος, ον, sounding together.

συμ-φίλει, f. ἴσω, to love mutually, join in loving.

συμ-φιλονεύω, f. ἴσω, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

συμ-φλέγω, f. ἴω, to set on fire together, burn to ashes.

συμ-φιλοσοφία, f. ἴσω, to join in philosophic study.

συμ-φιλοτιμέομαι, f. -ἴσομαι, Dep. to join in emulous efforts.

συμ-φοβέω, f. ἴσω, to frighten along with:—Pass. to be afraid at the same time.

συμ-φοιτάω Ion. -έω: fut. ἴσω:—to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together. Hence συμφοιτήσις, ἢ, a going to school together. And συμφοιτητής, οὐ, ὅ, a schoolfellow.

συμ-φονεύω, f. σω, to kill along with or together.

συμφορά Ion. -ρή, ἢ, (συμφέρω) a bringing together. II. an event, circumstance, chance, either in good or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a mischance, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

συμφορέυς, ὅ, (συμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer, a kind of aide-de-camp.

συμ-φορέω, f. ἴσω, to bring together, gather, bear up.

συμφορήσις, εως, ἢ, (συμφορέω) a bringing together.

συμφορητός, ἢ, ὄν, (συμφορέω) brought together, promiscuous.

σύμφορος, ον, (συμφέρω) happening with, accom-

panying. II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

συμφόρος, Adv. profitably: συμφόρως ἔχειν to be expedient: Comp. συμφορώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

συμφράδμων, ονος, ὅ, ἢ, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

συμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσσομαι: aor. I συνεφράσαμην, Ep. 3 sing. συμφράσαστο: pf. pass. συμπέφρασμα: Dep. :—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, contrive together.

συμ-φράσσω Att. -πτω: f. ἴω: aor. I συνέφρασα: to press or pack closely together. II. to force into an enclosed space.

συμ-φροντίζω, f. ἴσω, to have a joint care for.

σύμ-φρουρος, ον, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward together; μέλαθρον ξύμφρουρον ἐμοί the chamber that keeps watch with me, i. e. in which I lie without sleeping.

συμ-φρων, ονος, ὅ, ἢ, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

συμ-φύγας, ἄδος, ὅ, ἢ, (σύν, φυγή) a fellow-exile.

συμφυεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of συμφίω.

συμ-φύης, ἐς, (συμ-φύομαι) growing together, attached to, congenial.

συμ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὅ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [Υ]

συμ-φύλασσω, f. ἴω, to keep guard along with or together. 2. c. acc. to guard together.

συμ-φύλῆτες, ον, ὅ, of or from the same tribe, Lat. contribulit: generally, a countryman.

σύμ-φύλος, ον, (σύν, φυλή) of the same tribe or race: οἱ σύμφυλοι his congeners.

σύμφυρτος, ον, kneaded or mixed together: metaph. confounded, confused. From

συμ-φύρω [Υ]: pf. pass. συμτέφρυμαι:—to knead or mix together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound, confuse.

συμ-φύσάω, f. ἴσω, to blow together, make up, Lat. conflare. II. metaph. to agree exactly, harmonise.

συμ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant in together: metaph. to contrive or concoct with.

σύμφυτος, ον, (συμφύω) planted together with, congenial, innate, inborn; σύμφυτος αἰὼν one's natural age; ἐς τὸ σύμφυτον according to one's nature.

συμ-φύω, f. ἴσω: aor. I συνέφύσα:—to make to grow together. II. Pass., with act. pf. συμπέφυκα, aor. 2 συνέφυν, aor. 2 pass. part. συμφύεις:—to grow together, to grow into one.

συμ-φωνέω, f. ἴσω, to agree in sound, be in harmony or unison. II. generally, to agree with, to make an agreement or engagement with. Hence

συμφώνησις, ἢ, an agreeing in sound, agreement.

συμφωνία, ἢ, (σύμφωνος) an agreeing in sound, harmony. II. σύμφωνος or unison of voices or instruments in concord.

σύμ-φωνος, ον, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, harmonious: as Subst. a musician. II. metaph. in unison or concert with, friendly.

συμ-ψαύω, f. σω, to touch one another.

συν-ψάω, inf. -ψῆν; f. -ψῆσω; aor. I συνέψησα:—to scrape together, to wipe out, sweep away, as a torrent. **συν-ψηφίζω**, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to reckon together, count up, compute. II. Med. to vote with.

σύν-ψηφος, ov, voting with another. **σύν-ψυχος**, ov, (σύν, ψυχή) of one mind, unanimous. **ΣΥΝ** old Att. ξύν, Prep. with dat., Lat. cum:—along with, in company with, together with. 2. with collat. notion of help, σύν θεῷ with God's help, (the God being conceived as standing with or by one); σύν τινι εἶναι to be with another, on his side. 3. furnished with, endowed with; σύν ὅπλοις with arms. 4. in connexion, conjunction with; σύν τῷ σῷ ἀγαθῷ with advantage to you; σύν τοῖς νόμοις in accordance with the laws. 5. more rarely of the instrument or means with or by which a thing is done, with, by means of; σύν νεφέεσσι κάλυπεν γαῖαν καὶ πόντον he covered earth and sea with clouds.

σύν as Adv., together, at once, jointly. 2. besides, moreover, furthermore, too.

συν- in COMPOS., with, along with, together, at the same time. With a transit. Verb it may mean two things, e. g. σύν in συγ-κτείνειν may mean to kill one person as well as others, or to join with others in killing. 2. of the completion of an action, quite, thoroughly, completely. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, σύνδω two and two together, by twos. II. συν-, before β, μ, π, φ, ψ, changes into συμ-; before γ, κ, ξ, χ, into συγ-; before λ, into σὺλ-; before σ into συσ-

σύν, acc. of σὺς. **συνάγαγεῖν**, aor. 2 act. inf. of συναγαγεῖν. **συνάγαγον**, Dor. for συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of συναγάγω. **συν-ἄγγελος**, ὁ, a fellow-messenger. **συν-ἄγειρω**: f. -αγέρω; aor. I συνήγειρα Ep. ξυνάγειρα; Pass., aor. I συνηγέρθη, Ep. 3 pl. συνάγερθεν:—to gather persons together, assemble or collect them; Med. and Pass. to gather themselves together or be gathered together, to come together, assemble; συναγρόμενοι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part., those assembled. II. to collect things; and in Med. to collect for oneself.

III. **συναγείρειν** εαυτόν to collect oneself; Pass. to recover one's strength, rally. **συν-αγνέω**, f. ἴσω, to bring together, to collect. **συν-αγκεία**, ἡ, (σύν, ἄγκος) = μισογαγκεία. **συν-ἀγνῆμι**, f. -ἄξω; aor. I συνἄξα:—to break together, break in pieces, shiver. **συν-ἀγορεύω**, f. ὡ, to speak with another, join in advising or recommending; to agree to, concur in. II. to speak with or in behalf of a person, support, advocate his cause.

συν-αγρεύω, (σύν, ἀγρα) to join in the chase. **συναγρομέω**, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συναγείρω. **συν-ἄγω**, f. -ἄξω; aor. I σύνῆξα; aor. 2 συνήγαγον; Att. pf. συνῆχα, later συναγόχα; pf. pass. σύνῆγμα:—to lead or bring together, to gather together, assemble; συναγείν Ἄρηα, πύλεμον to join battle: also

to set to fight, match one against the other: also intr. to engage. II. to bring together, unite, combine; συναγείν γάμους to contract a marriage. 2. metaph. to bring together, reconcile. III. to draw together, straiten, narrow, contract. IV. to gather from premises, collect, infer. Hence

συνάγωγός, ἑός, ὁ, one who brings together, a uniter. **συνάγωγή**, ἡ, (συνάγω) a bringing together, a gathering, uniting, collecting; συναγωγή πολέμου a levying war. 2. a place of meeting or assembling: among the Jews after the captivity, a synagogue. II. a drawing together, contracting.

συν-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι; Dep.:—to contend along with, to share or take part in a contest: to help in a contest. Hence

συνἀγωνιστής, οὗ, ὁ, one who contends along with, a fellow-combatant: generally, an assistant.

συν-ἀδελφος, ov, one that has a brother or sister. **συν-ἄδικός**, f. ἴσω, to join in doing wrong or injury.

συν-ᾄδω Ion. συν-αείδω; f. -ᾄσομαι:—to sing with or together, to accompany in a song. 2. generally, to accord with, agree with. II. c. acc. to sing of or celebrate together.

συν-αίρω, aor. I -ἤειρα, poet. form of συναίρω. II. to yoke together; Med. to yoke together for oneself.

συν-αέξω, poet. for συναἴξω. **συν-αθλέω**, f. ἴσω, to contend along with, share or take part in a contest.

συν-ἄθροίζω, f. ὡ, to gather together, assemble.

συν-ἄϊγδην, Adv. (σύν, ἄϊσω) pressing violently together.

σύν-αιμος, ov, (σύν, αἷμα) of common blood, kindred; νεῖκος ξύναιμος strife between kinsmen; Ζεὺς ξύναιμος Jove the protector of kin:—as Subst., σύναιμος, ὁ, ἡ, a kinsman or kinswoman, a brother or sister. **συναίμων**, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, = σύναιμος.

συν-αινέω, f. ἑσω, to join in praising or approving: to agree or come to terms with a person. II. to agree to a thing, grant it at once.

συν-αἰνῶμαι, defect. Dep. to take hold of together to gather up; Ep. 3 sing. impf. συναἰῶτο.

συν-αίρω, fut. ἴσω; fut. 2 συνελῶ: aor. 2 συνείλον Ep. σύνελον, part. συνελῶν: (cf. αἰρέω):—to grasp or seize together, seize at once. 2. to bring into small compass, comprise, comprehend; hence, ξυελῶν λέγω I say briefly. II. to help to conquer or subdue: metaph. to cut short, make an end of, destroy.

συν-αίρω poet. συναίρω (q. v.), to raise, lift, or take up together; συναίρειν λόγον to cast up accounts. II. Med. to take part in a thing, c. gen. rei: to help bear or support, undertake jointly. III. Pass. to be joined, knitted together.

συν-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, to perceive or feel together.

συν-αίτιος, ov, also a, ov, (σύν, αἰτία) being the joint cause of a thing, helping towards: sharing in the guilt, accessory to:—as Subst., συναίτιος, ὁ, ἡ, an accomplice, τινός in a thing.

συναϊμαζώ, f. άσω, to fight along with.
 συναϊμαλωτος, ov, a fellow-prisoner.
 συναωρούμαι, Pass. to be held in suspense with.
 συναακμάζω, f. σω, to blossom or flourish together.
 συναακολασταίνω, to live dissolutely together.
 συνααπολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with or closely: to follow an argument, understand.
 συναακοντιζώ, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.
 συναακούω, f. ακούσομαι, to bear along with or at the same time. 2. to bear one another.
 συναακτέον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring together.
 συναακτικός, ή, όν, (συνάγω) able to bring together: τὸ συναακτικόν power of accumulation in oratory.
 συνααλλάζω, f. άσω, to cry aloud with.
 συνααλέγω, f. ήσω, to share in suffering or grieving for. II. to feel with, sympathise in: absol. to share in sorrow.
 συνααληγηδών, όνος, ή, joint pain or grief:—in plur. = αἱ συνααληγοῦσαι, partners in grief.
 συνααλειψω, f. ψω, to smear together, daub over: to help to anoint.
 συνααλιζώ, f. ζω, (σύν, άλία) = συνααλιζώ.
 συνααλιζω, f. ίσω: aor. I Ion. συνάλισα: to gather together, collect, assemble:—Pass. to come together, meet.
 συνααλλάγη, ή, (συνααλλάσσω) an interchange; λόγων συνααλλαγαί interchange of words: absol. a making up of strife, reconciliation; pl. συνααλλαγαί, a treaty of peace. 2. commerce, intercourse. II. intervention, interference, interposition; νόσον συνααλλαγη by the intervention of disease. 2. a contingency, result.
 συνααλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (συνααλλάσσω) a mutual agreement, covenant, contract.
 συνααλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ζω: aor. I συνήλλαξα:—Pass., aor. I συνααλλάχθην: pf. συνήλλαγμα:—to interchange with: to exchange. 2. intr. to deal, associate, have intercourse with. II. to bring into association or union with: to reconcile:—Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms: make a league or alliance with: make peace.
 συνααλοώ poët. -αλοιάω: f. ήσω: aor. I συνααλοήσα:—to thresh with or together: to dash to pieces, smash.
 συνααμα, Adv. for σύν αμα, together.
 συνααμιλλάδομαι, f. med. ήσομαι: aor. I pass. -ημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to race or contend together.
 συνααμπέχω: fut. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 -ήμπεσχω, inf. -αμπισχών:—to cover up entirely, wrap closely: metaph. to sbroud.
 συνααμπύσχω, = συνααμπέχω.
 συνααμφότερος, α, ov, both together: used both in sing. and plur.
 συνααναβαίνω: f. αναβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ανέβην:—to go up along with or together, esp. of going up into central Asia from the coast.

συνααναβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry out together.
 συναααναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf.:—Pass. to be compelled at the same time. II. to extort by force.
 συνααανάγω, f. ζω, to carry up along with:—Pass. to go to sea together.
 συναααναδιδωμι, to give up along with or together.
 συναααναίρέω, f. ήσω, to take away or destroy along with or together. II. to give the same answer.
 συνααανακείμαι, Pass. to recline together at table.
 συνααανακλίνομαι, Pass. to lie down along with, to recline along with at table. [i]
 συνααανάλισκω, f. -ανάλίσσω, to spend or waste along with. II. to help by furnishing money.
 συναααναμίνγνμι, f. -αναμίξω, to mix up with at the same time:—Med. and Pass. to associate with.
 συναααναπαύομαι, Pass. to take rest together, to refresh oneself or receive comfort together with.
 συναααναπέιθω, f. σω, to join in persuading.
 συναααναπέμπω, f. ψω, to send up together.
 συναααναπλέκω, f. ζω, to entwine together.
 συναααναπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to join in exacting payment.
 συναααναρριπτέω, f. ήσω, to throw up together.
 συνααανάσσω, to rule as king with another.
 συναααναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn back together:—Pass. to live along with or among.
 συνααανατήκω, f. ζω, to melt with or together.
 συνααανατρέχω, f. -θρέξω, to run up along with.
 συνααανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to set up along with.
 συναααναφθέγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.
 συναααναφύρω [φῦ], to knead or mix up together:—Pass. and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.
 συναααναχρέμπτομαι, Dep. to cough up together.
 συνααανίστημι, to make to stand up or rise together. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, to rise at once or together. 2. to help in setting up again or restoring.
 συναααντάω Ion. -έω: f. ήσω: aor. I -ήντησα:—to meet face to face: generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to happen to one. Hence
 συνααάντησις, ή, a meeting.
 συναααντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναααντάω.
 συναααντιάζω, f. άσω, = συναααντάω, to encounter.
 συναααντιάβηται [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of συναααντιλαμβάνομαι, Dep. to lay hold of along with: to take part with, help.
 συναααντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain along with or together; συναααντλεῖν πόνους τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exaurire labores.
 συναααντομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = συναααντάω, to come to meet, fall in with: also to engage in battle.
 συναααντώ [ῶ], to come to an end together with.
 συναααξιόω, f. ώσω, to join in thinking fit: generally, to approve, allow.

συν-αϊδός, ὄν, = συναΐδός.
 συν-άροπος, ὄν, Dor. for συνήροπος.
 συν-ἀπάγω, f. ξω, to lead away with:—Pass. to be led away together with or besides.
 συν-ἀπάς, ἄσα, ἄν, like σύμπας, all together, the whole together.
 συν-ἀπειμι, inf. -ἀπεινάς, (εἶμι ἰβο) to go away together.
 συν-ἀπεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to help in finishing.
 συν-ἀπίσταμαι, Ion. for συναφίσταμαι.
 συν-ἀποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go away along with or together: to disembark along with.
 συν-ἀποδιδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 2 -ἀπέδραν:—to run away or escape along with.
 συν-ἀποδοκιμάζω, f. σω, to join in reprobating or disapproving.
 συναποθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of συναποθνήσκω.
 συν-ἀποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνομαι: aor. 2 -ἀπέθᾶνον:—to die together with.
 συν-ἀποικίζω, f. ἴσω, to go as colonists together.
 συν-ἀποκάμνω, to be tired or worn out together.
 συν-ἀποκτείνω, to kill along with or together.
 συν-ἀπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι:—to receive from another with or together: to take or receive in common.
 συν-ἀπολάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth together.
 συν-ἀπόλλυμι, fut. -απολῶ:—to destroy with or together; συναπολλῆναι τοῖς φίλοις to involve one's friends in one's own ruin:—Pass., with pf. 2 -ἀπόλωλα, to perish along with or together.
 συν-ἀπολογέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to join or help in defending.
 συν-ἀποπαράνω, to make to wither away together:—Pass. to fade away or wither together.
 συν-ἀπονεύω, f. σω, to swerve away from a blow together.
 συν-ἀποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away together.
 συν-ἀπορρήννυμι, f. -ρήξω, to break off together.
 συν-ἀποστέλλω, to send off or despatch together with.
 συν-ἀποστερέω, f. ἴσω, to help to strip or cheat, join in robbing.
 συν-ἀποφαίνομαι, Med. to declare together.
 συν-ἀποφέρω, to carry off along with or together.
 συναπτός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied: continuous. From
 συν-ἀπτω, f. -άψω: aor. I συνήψα: Pass., pf. συνήμμαι:—to tie or join together, unite; συνάπτει πόδα to meet; συνάπτει βλέφαρα to close the eyes; συνάπτει στόμα to join lips, to kiss; συνάπτει μηχανήν to frame, concert a plan; ξυνάπτει τι κακὰ to fasten evil upon him. II. to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action; συνάπτει μάχην to join battle. 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person; συνάπτει ἐαυτὸν ἐς λόγους τινὶ to enter into conversation with a person; so συνάπτει μῦθον, etc.; also συνάπτει λόγους or εἰς λόγους τινὶ (sub. ἐαυτὸν) συνάπτει γάμοις to form an alliance by marriage. III. intrans., of lands, to border on, lie next to: to be joined to. 2. of Time, to be nigh

at hand. IV. Med. to reach, attain to: to take part with, contribute towards.
 συνάραϊ, aor. I inf. of συναίρω.
 συν-ἄρᾶρισκω, to join together. II. intr. in pf. συνάρηρα Att. συνάρᾶρα, to be well fitted, suit well together.
 συν-ἄράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash together: to dash in pieces, crush, destroy:—Pass. to be dashed in pieces; but, συναράσσεσθαι κεφαλὰς to get their heads broken.
 συν-ἄρέσκω, f. -ἄρεσω:—to please or satisfy together.
 II. impers., like Lat. placet, συναρέσκει μοι I am content also, c. inf.
 συνάρηρες, 3 sing. pf. 2 of συναράρισκω.
 συν-ἄρθρος, ὄν, (σύν, ἄρθρον) linked together: in accordance with.
 συναριθμέω, f. ἴσω, to count along with.
 συν-ἀριθμός [ᾶ], ὄν, (σύν, ἀριθμός) included in a number. II. of like or equal number.
 συν-ἄριστῶ, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἀριστον) to take breakfast or luncheon with.
 συν-ἄριστέω, f. σω, to do feats of bravery together.
 συν-ἄριστος, ὄν, (σύν, ἀριστον) breakfasting with. [ᾶ]
 συν-αρμόζω Att. -ττω: f. ὄσω Dor. ὄξω: Pass., aor. I συν-ἠρμώσθην: pf. -ἠρμωσαι:—to fit together, close, join exactly; συναρμώζειν βλέφαρα to close the eyelids; εὐχρηεῖα συναρμώσαι βροτοῖς to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct. II. intr. to agree together, fit, suit.
 συν-αρμολογέω, f. ἴσω, to frame accurately together.
 συναρμοστής, οὐ, ὅ, (συναρμός) one who joins together; συναρμοστής πολιτείας a remodeller of a state.
 συν-αρμότω, Att. for συναρμώσω.
 συν-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι: aor. I συνήρασα:—to carry off or away with one:—Pass. to be seized and carried off. 2. to hold fast together:—Med. aor. I ξυναρπάσασθαι, of a wrestler, to seize and hold one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, catch at.
 συν-αρτῶ, f. ἴσω: aor. I συνήρησα:—to hang up with: to fasten on along with, knit together:—Pass. to be closely engaged or entangled with.
 συν-ἄρχω, f. ξω, to rule jointly with: to be a colleague in office; ὁ συνάρχων a colleague.
 συν-ἄρωγός, ὄν, a joint-helper.
 συν-ἄσεβέω, f. ἴσω, to join in impiety.
 συν-ασκέω, f. ἴσω, to practise together, join in practising.
 συν-ἄσοφέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἄσφοπος) to be unwise or foolish along with.
 συν-ασπιδῶ, f. ὦσω, (σύν, ἄσπης) to keep the shields locked close together.
 συν-ασπίζω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: (σύν, ἄσπης):—to hold the shields together: generally, to fight together, be comrades; συνασπίζειν τινὶ to be his messmate.
 συν-ασπιστής, οὐ, ὅ, a fellow-soldier, comrade.
 συν-ασχάλαω, to feel joint indignation at a thing.

συν-ἄτυχῶ, f. ἦσω, to be unlucky with or together, to share a person's ill luck.

συν-αυαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to dry quite up: Pass. to wither away.

συν-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak together: to agree, confess, allow.

συν-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to accompany on the flute. Hence

συναυλία, ἡ, a playing on the flute together, a concert; ζυναυλιαν πλάειν Οὐλύμπου νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert. 2. any concert, agreement, fellowship.

συν-αυλιζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι: aor. I pass. σηνη-
λίσθην: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's
abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute to-
gether: in concord or union with, harmonious: metaph.
agreeing with, in harmony with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλή) dwelling together or
with; σ. μαῖα associated with madness, i. e. mad.

συν-αυξάνω and συν-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase,
enlarge, augment with or together:—Pass. to increase
or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take away together:—Med.
to assist in rescuing.

συν-ἀφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw
into a revolt. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 —έστην
pf. —έστηκα, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναχθῆναι, aor. I inf. of συνάγω.

συν-ἀχθομαι: fut. med. -αχθέσομαι Att. -αχθήσο-
μαι: aor. I pass. -ηχθέσθη: Dep.:—to be troubled
or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

συν-δαΐξω, f. ξω, to kill together with another.

συν-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίσω, to feast along with or to-
gether; συνδαισι γάμους τινί to share a marriage feast
with one. Hence

συνδαίτωρ, οπος, ὁ, a companion at table, messmate.

συν-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite or champ together,
bold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύω, f. ύσω [ῦ], to weep with or together.

συν-δειπνέω, f. ἦσω, to dine or sup with: to dine or
eat together.

σύν-δειπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

συν-δειπνος, ον, (σύν, δείπνον) dining together: as
Subst., σύνδειπνος, ὁ, a companion at table, Lat.
conviva.

συν-δεκάω, f. άσω, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all
together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δέησομαι: aor. I pass. -εδεή-
σθη: Dep.:—to beg along with, to join in begging.

σύν-δεσμος, ὁ, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμοι, τά:—that which
binds together, a band, bond: a cramp. 2. in Sur-
gery, a ligament. 3. in Grammar, a conjunction:
a particle.

συν-δεσμώτης, ου, ὁ, a fellow-prisoner.

συν-δετός, ὄν, (συνδέω) bound together, bound band
and foot, Lat. constrictus. II. as Subst., σύνδε-
τον, τό, a band, bond.

συν-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind together; συνδήσαι τινα
to bind him hand and foot: to bind up a wound.

συν-διαβαίνω, to go through or cross over together.

συν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans.
to cross over together, Lat. trajicio. II. to accuse
along with or together: Pass. to be so accused.

συν-διαγνώσκω, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along
with, join in decreeing.

συν-διατάομαι, f. -διατήσομαι: Dep.: (σύν, δια-
τάω):—to live with or together.

συν-διατητής, ου, ὁ, a joint arbitrator.

συν-δικαικδένεω, f. σω, to meet danger along with,
incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to set in order together.

συν-διάκτορος, ὁ, a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διαλύω, f. -λύσω [ῦ], to help to reconcile:—
Med. to help to pay.

συν-διαμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue with throughout.

συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σω, to bring to remembrance
along with.

συν-διαπολέμειω, f. ἦσω, to join in carrying on a war
to the end or throughout.

συν-διαπράσσω Att. -πρω, f. ξω, to carry through
or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. -διασκέψομαι, to examine along
with.

συν-διασώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving.

συν-διαταλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω, to endure hardships
with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with through-
out or to the end.

συν-διατίθημι, f. -διαθήσω, to help in arranging.

συν-διατριβή [Ὶ], f. ψω, to pass one's time with or
together; esp. with a master, οί τῷ Σωκράτει συνδια-
τριβόντες the disciples of Socrates. II. of things,
to occupy oneself with.

συν-διαφέρω, f. -διοίσω, to carry through or over
with. II. to bear throughout along with or to-
gether, to help in sustaining.

συν-διαφθείρω, f. -φθέρω, to destroy with or to-
gether:—Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφυλάσσω, f. ξω, to guard along with or to-
gether.

συν-διαχειρίζω, f. ἴσω, to take in hand together,
assist in managing.

συν-διέξιμι, inf. -διεξίναι (εἶμι ἰβο) to go through
in detail along with.

συν-διημερεύω, f. σω, to spend the day with.

συνδιήνεκα, Ion. for -ήνεγκα, aor. I of συνδιαφέρω.

συν-δικάζω, f. άσω, to help to judge: act as assessor
to a judge.

συν-δικαστής, ου, ὁ, a fellow-dicast or juryman.

συνδικέω, f. ἦσω, (σύνδικος) to defend one accused,
to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for
or in support of anything.

σύν-δικος, ον, (σύν, δικη) helping one in a trial or
lawsuit: as Subst., σύνδικος, ὁ, an advocate, esp. at
Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to συνήγορος
the prosecutor's: generally, an advocate, supporter,
backer. 2. at Athens after the thirty Tyrants, σύν-

δικοι were the syndics or judges appointed to determine on confiscations. II. belonging to, befitting in common: Adv. *συνδικῶς*, jointly.

συν-διοικέω, f. ἴσω, to administer or arrange together.

συν-διοράω, f. -διόψομαι, to see through or examine together.

συν-δισκεύω, to play at quoits with.

συν-διώκω, f. -διώξω or -ώξομαι, to chase away along with. II. as law-term, to join in a prosecution.

συν-δοκέω, f. -δόξω and -δοκήσω, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: *συνδοκεῖ*, impers. like Lat. *placet*, *συνδοκεῖ ἡμῖν* we are all agreed:—the neut. part. is also used absol., *συνδοκοῦν ἅπασιν ὑμῖν* since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree; *σύνδοξαν πατρί* since it seemed good to the father also.

συν-δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to test or examine along with.

συν-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to agree in opinion. II. to glorify or extol jointly.

συνδόξαν, aor. I part. neut. of *συνδοκέω*.

σύν-δουλος, ὁ, ἡ, serving with: as Subst., *σύνδουλος*, ὁ, a fellow-slave.

συν-δράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to do along with or together, help or concur in doing; *αἷμα συνδράω* to assist in shedding blood.

συν-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of *σύνδρομος*; αἱ *συνδρομάδες πέτραι*, = *συμπληγάδες*.

συν-δρομή, ἡ, (σύν, δρόμος) a running together: a concourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ον, (σύν, δραμεῖν) running together, meeting; *σύνδρομοι πέτραι* = *συμπληγάδες*. II. running along with, following close. Hence

συνδρόμως, Adv. close upon the track.

συν-δυάξω, f. ἄσω, (σύν, δύο) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock.

συν-δυάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύνδυο) two together, paired, wedded.

σύν-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (σύν, δύο) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. *bini*.

συν-δυστυχέω, f. ἴσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

συν-δώδεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, every twelve, by twelves or dozens.

συνεβάλον, aor. 2 of *συμβάλλω*.

συνεβᾶν, Dor. for *συνέβην*, aor. 2 of *συμβαίνω*.

συνέβην, aor. 2 of *συμβαίνω*.

συν-εγγύς, Adv. quite near, close to, hard upon.

συν-εγέρω, f. -εγεράω, to awaken together: esp. to raise from the dead with another:—Pass. to rise together.

συνεδράμον, aor. 2 of *συντρέχω*.

συνεδρεύω, f. σω, (σύνεδρος) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: οἱ *συνεδρεύοντες* the members of a council.

συνεδρία, ἡ, (σύνεδρος) a sitting together, of gregarious birds. II. a sitting in council, a council.

συνεδριον, τό, (σύνεδρος) a number of persons as-

sembled in council, a council-board, council:—in N. T. the *Sanbedrim*. 2. a council-chamber, senate-house, Lat. *curia*.

σύν-εδρος, ον, (σύν, ἔδρα) sitting together or with, assembled in council. II. as Subst., *σύνεδρος*, ὁ, one who sits with others in council, a councillor, senator.

συν-εἰκοσι, Ep. for *συνεἰκοσι*.

συν-εέργαθον, Ep. length. impf. of *συνείργω*.

συν-εέργω, Ep. for *συνείργω*.

συνέξευα, aor. I of *συνεζύγνυμι*.

συνήκα, Ion. for *συνήκα*, aor. I of *συνήμι*.

συν-εθέλω poet. *συν-θέλω*, to wish with or together, to concur in a wish.

συνέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of *συντίθημι*.

συνεθηκάμην, aor. I med. of *συντίθημι*.

συν-εθίζω, f. ἴσω, to accustom, inure, make habitual:—Pass. to become used or inured to.

συνειδένας, inf. of *σύννοια*; v. **συνείδω*. Hence

συνειδήσις, ἡ, a joint knowledge, consciousness. 2. conscience.

**συν-εἶδω*, in aor. 2 *συν-εἶδον*, inf. -ἰδεῖν:—to see together, see in one view, see plainly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is *συν-οράω*, fut. *συν-όψομαι*, pf. *συν-εώρακα*. II. pf. *σύννοια* in pres. sense, inf. *συνειδέναι*: plqpf. with impf. sense *συνήδην* Att.

συνήδη, Ion. 2 pl. plur. *συνηδέατε*: also fut. *συνείσομαι*:—to share in the knowledge, be cognizant of a thing, privy to it: part. *συνειδώς* an accomplice: τὸ *συνειδώς* = *συνειδήσις*. 2. c. dat. pers. to know the same as another; *συνειδένας ἐαυτῶ οὐδ' ὀτιοῦν σοφός ὢν* I am conscious to myself of not being in the least wise; or in the dat., *σύννοια ἐμαυτῶ οὐδὲν ἐπισταμένῳ* I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to his plans or opinions.

συν-εἰκοσι Ep. *συνεἰκοσι*, twenty together, by twenties, Lat. *viceni*.

συνειλεγμένος, pf. part. of *συνλέγω*.

συν-ειλέω, f. ἴσω, to crowd or throng together:—of persons, to bind firmly together:—Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνείληφα, pf. of *συνλαμβάνω*.

συνείληχα, pf. of *συνλαγχάνω*.

συνεἰκύσα, aor. I of *συνέλω*.

συνείλοχα, pf. of *συνλέγω*.

σύν-εμι, f. -έσομαι, (σύν, εἰμί *sum*) to be with, be joined or united with, be conversant with; *συνεῖναι νόβω* = *νοσεῖν*; *συνεῖναι μερίμναις* to be acquainted with cares; *συνεῖναι πράγμασι* to be engaged in business.

2. of persons, to have intercourse, associate, live with: of a woman, to live with her husband: generally, to associate with, have to do with, take part with, follow; οἱ *συνόντες* partisans, disciples.

σύν-εμι, (σύν, εἰμί *ibo*) to go or come together, hence to assemble, meet. 2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage with: of states, to engage in war. 3. in peaceable sense, to come together, meet.

3. in peaceable sense, to come together, meet.

to deliberate.

4. of revenue, to come together, to come in.

συν-εἶπον, inf. -εἶπειν, aor. 2 of συναγορεύω or σύμφημι, there being no pres. in use:—to speak with any one, agree with, confirm: to advocate a person's cause: generally, to help, further. 2. to tell along with one, help one to tell.

συν-εἶργνυμι, = συνείργω.

συν-εἶργω Ep. -εἶργω old form -εἶργω: Ep. impf. συνείργω Ep. aor. 2 συνείργαθον: f. συνείργω:—to shut in or enclose together: to bind together: generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνείρηκα, used as pf. of σύμφημι.

συν-εἶρω, to string together, join one after another, add on without stopping. II. intr. to string words together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συνείς, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of συνίημι.

συν-εἰσάγω, f. ξω, to bring in with or together.

συν-εἰσβάινω, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with.

συν-εἰσβάλλω, intr. to make an invroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-εἰσέρχωμαι, aor. 2 act. -εἰσῆλθον, pf. -εἰσελήλυθα: Dep.:—to enter along with or together.

συνείσομαι, fut. without any pres. in use; v. *συν-εἶδω II.

συν-εἰσπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or be thrown into along with. II. to rush in along with or together, to burst or break in together.

συν-εἰσπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together.

συν-εἰσπράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to help in exacting money from others.

συν-εἰσφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (εἰσφορά).

συν-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together.

συν-εκβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to cast out along with: to assist in casting out.

συν-εκβιβάζω, f. -εκβιβάσω Att. -εκβιβῶ, Causal

συνεκβαίνω, to help in bringing out.

συν-έκδημος, on, travelling with: as Subst. a fellow-traveller.

συν-εκδίωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together: to help a poor man in portioning out his daughter.

συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύσω [ῶ], to strip off together:—Med. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθάνουμαι, to die along with or together: metaph. to fail or be exhausted together.

συν-εκαίδεκα, sixteen together, by sixteens.

συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to help to steal away: συνεκκλέπτει γάμος to help in frustrating a marriage.

συν-εκομίζω, f. σω, to help in carrying out. II. to help in bearing or supporting.

συν-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to help to cut out or away.

συνέκλεισα, aor. I of συγκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, chosen along with or together.

συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [ῶ], to dissolve with or together.

συν-εκμάχέω, f. ἦσω, (σύν, ἐκ, μάχομαι) to march out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever.

συν-εκπέπω, f. ψω, to send out together.

συν-εκπέρω, f. δσω [ᾶ], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [ῖ], f. -πίομαι, to drink off together.

συν-εκπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to rush out along with.

II. of the votes taken out of the voting urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur: c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead heat with.

III. to fall out, be thrown out, fail together.

συν-εκπλέω Ion. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with.

συν-εκπέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπονέω, f. ἦσω, to help in working out or achieving: to cooperate with.

συν-εκπορίζω, f. σω, to help in supplying or providing.

συν-εκποτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of συνεκπίνω, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. -πτω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to exact money with or together:—Med. to help a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκσώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving or delivering.

συν-εκτάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to arrange in line or battle order along with others.

συν-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with one or together.

συν-εκτίνω [ῖ], f. -τίσω [ῖ], to pay along with, to help in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear up along with:—Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι: aor. 2 -εξεδράμω:—to run out along with, to sally out together.

συνεκύρησα and συνέκυρσα, aor. I of συγκυρέω.

συνέκυψα, aor. I of συγκύπτω.

συν-εκφέρω, f. -εξοίσω, to carry out together to burial: to attend a funeral.

συνελάβον, aor. 2 of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελάλουν, impf. of συλλαλέω.

συν-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I -ήλασα Ep. -έλασσα: pf. -εληήλακα:—to drive, force or bring together; συνελαύνει δόντας to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat, set to fight.

2. intr., ἔριδι ξυελαύνειν to meet in quarrel.

συνελεῖν, συνέλεεν, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of συναίρειν.

συν-ελευθερόω, f. ὦσω, to join in freeing from: absol. to join in freeing or delivering.

συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήφθη, aor. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ελκυστέον, verb. Adj. of aor. I of συνέλκω, one must draw together.

συν-έλκω, f. ξω: aor. I συνέλκωσα (as if from συνελκίω):—to draw together or to a point. 2. to draw up, contract.

II. to help to draw out.

συνελών, aor. 2 part. of συναίρειν.
 συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put in along with, help in putting in. II. intr. to fall in or upon together, join in attacking: to make a joint inroad. Hence
 συνεμβολή, ἡ, a throwing in together; συνεμβολή κώπης the regular dip of all the oars together.
 συνέμεν, poet. for συνείναι, aor. 2 inf. of συνήμι.
 συνέμειξα, aor. I of συμμίγνυμι.
 συνέμιχθη, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of συμμίγνυμι.
 συν-εμπύρημι, fut. -εμπήρω: aor. I -ενέπηρσα: to burn along with or together.
 συν-έμπορος, ov, travelling with: as Subst., συνέμπορος, ὁ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορείας a partner in dancing.
 συνεμπήρσαι, aor. I inf. of συνεμπήρημι.
 συνενέγκαντες, aor. I part. pl. of συμφέρω.
 συν-ενέικομαι, Ep. for συμφέρομαι, Pass. to be carried so as to meet, to strike or dash against.
 συν-ενθουσιάζω, to be inspired together with.
 συν-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out together: Pass. to be carried away with.
 συν-εξαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take out together, to help in removing: to help in taking or capturing:—Med. to take away forcibly from one.
 συν-εξάκουός, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear of a thing all together.
 συν-εξάμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι to err along with, to commit a joint error, have part in a fault.
 συν-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand up together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην, pf. -εξανέστηκα:—to rise and come forth together.
 συν-εξάπτάτω, f. ἦσω, to cheat along with or together.
 συν-έξιμι, (εἶμι ibo) to go out along with or together.
 συν-εξελαίνω, f. -εξελάσω, to drive out along with or together. II. (sub. στράτον, ἵππον) to march or ride out together.
 συν-εξερύω, f. σω, to draw out with or together.
 συν-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξεήλθω: (cf. έρχομαι):—to go or come out with.
 συν-εξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out or examine along with or together:—Pass. to be reckoned with or among.
 συν-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out together.
 συν-εξορμάω, f. ἦσω, to help to urge on. II. intr. to sally forth together: to shoot up along with.
 συν-εοχμός, ὁ, poet. for συνοχμός.
 συν-επάγω, f. ξω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.
 συν-επάδω poet. -αείδω, to join in celebrating.
 συν-επιαινέω, f. έσω Ep. ἦσω, to approve or advise together: to join in advising or recommending: to approve, agree to. II. to join in praising.
 συν-επιαινω, ov, joining in, consenting to a thing, being a consenting party to it.
 συν-επαίρω, f. -επαῶ, to raise or lift at the same time. II. to urge on together or also:—Pass. to rise together with.

συνέπαισα, aor. I of συμπαίω.
 συν-επαυτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to accuse together, involve in a common charge with.
 συν-επικόλουθέω, f. ἦσω, to follow together, follow close.
 συν-επαμύνω, f. -αμύνω, to join in repelling.
 συν-επανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to rise or rebel along with or together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to join in a revolt or rebellion.
 συν-επανορθώω, f. ώσω, to join in re-establishing.
 συνεπάσθω, Dor. aor. I of συμπήγνυμι.
 συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεπάπτομαι.
 συνεπέδησα, aor. I of συμπεδάω.
 συν-έπειμι, (σύν, επί, εἶμι ibo) to go with against, join in attacking.
 συν-επειφέρομαι, Med. to join in bringing in.
 συν-επεκίνω [ἴ], f. -πίομαι, to drink off quickly
 συν-επελαφρύνω [ϋ], to help to make light, to help to bear or sustain.
 συν-επερίζω, f. ίσω, to contend with.
 συνέπεσον, aor. 2 of συμπίπτω.
 συνεπεσπόμεν, aor. 2 of συνεπέχομαι.
 συνεπέστην, aor. 2 of συνεπίστημι.
 συν-επέυχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to join in a prayer: to vow at the same time.
 συν-επηχέω, f. ἦσω, to join in singing, join in a chant or chorus.
 συν-επιβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to mount together upon. II. to enter upon along with.
 συν-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to join in plotting against.
 συν-επιγραφέυς, ὁ, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk.
 συν-επιθυρέω, f. ἦσω, to desire along with.
 συν-επίκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to press upon together, to join in attacking.
 συν-επικουρέω, f. ἦσω, to help to array or adorn.
 συν-επικουρέω, f. ἦσω, to join as an ally, help to support or relieve.
 συν-επικουφίζω, f. ίσω, to lighten at the same time.
 συν-επικρέδαινα, to move backwards and forwards together with.
 συν-επιλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήφομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him.
 συν-επιμαρτύρω, f. ἦσω, to join in attesting or ratifying: to confirm.
 συν-επιμελέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. -επιμελήθην:—to join in taking care of: to have joint care of: to join in providing.
 συν-επιμελητής, ου, ὁ, one who joins in taking care of, an associate, coadjutor.
 συνέπιον, aor. 2 of συμπίνω.
 συν-επιπλέκω, f. ξω, to help to twine or plait.
 συν-επιπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert.
 συν-επιρρώννυμι, f. -επιρρώσω, to help to strengtben.
 συν-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκίφομαι: pf. -επέσκεμμαι:—to examine along with or together.
 συν-επισπάω, f. άσω [ᾶ], to draw on together:—

Med. to draw along with or together: to draw to oneself, draw over to one's own views.

συνεπιπέσθαι, συνεπιπόμενος, aor. 2 inf. and part. of συνεφέπομαι.

συν-επισπύδω, f. σω, to join in urging forward.

συν-επιστάμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to.

συν-επιστέλλω, f. -σελῶ, to send with or together.

συν-επιστρατεύω, f. σω, to make war together with.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. ψω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχύω, f. ύσω [υ], to help to strengthen or support.

συν-επιτελέω, f. έσω, to join in performing or accomplishing.

συν-επιτίθημι, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together:

—Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτριβῶ [τ], f. ψω, to wear away or destroy utterly.

συν-επίτροπος, δ, a joint-guardian.

συνέπλᾶσα, aor. I of συμπλάσσω.

συνέπλεξα, aor. I of συμπλέκω.

συν-επιπομάω, aor. 2 -εσπόμην, Dep. to follow close upon, to keep up with; ποίμνιμας συνέπεσθαι to follow the flocks.

II. to follow with the mind, understand.

συν-επιπνύμι, to swear to in addition or besides.

συνέπνιξα, aor. I of συμπνίγω.

συνέπρηνξα, Ion. aor. I of συμπράσσω.

συν-εραστής, ου, δ, a fellow-lover, joint-lover. From

συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert:—Med., συν-εράσθαι τινι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι: pf. -εργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work or labour together with another, to help, assist or contribute to a thing: pf. part. in pass. sense, λίθοι ξυειργασμένοι stones wrought for building.

συν-εργάτης [ᾱ], ου, δ, a fellow-worker, partner, colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργάτινης [τ], ου, δ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συν-εργάτις [ᾱ], ιδος, ή, fem. of συνεργάτης.

συνεργέω, impf. συνήργουν, (συνεργός) to work together with, to join or help in work: to cooperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, ου, δ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συνεργία, ή, (συνεργός) a joint-work, assistance, cooperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργός, ου, (σύν, έργον) working together with another, joining or helping in work: taking part in a thing, contributing towards it:—as Subst., συνεργός, ό or ή, an associate or partner in a work, a fellow-workman, a coöperator, coadjutor.

συνέργω, old form of συνείργω.

συν-έρδω, f. έω, to join in a work, coöperate with.

συν-ερέιδω, f. σω: aor. I. συνήριεσα:—to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together: to clench:

—Pass., aor. I συνήρείσθη: pf. συνήρεισμαι or -ερισμαι:—to be fast bound or set firmly together.

συν-ερέω Att. συν-ερώ, fut. without any pres.. in

use (συναγορεύω or σύμφημι being used instead):—I shall speak with or in support of, advocate, support.

συν-ερίθος, ό, also ή, a fellow-worker, helpmate. συνερευκτικός, ή, όν, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving his opponent into a corner, cogent, forcible.

συν-έρπω, f. ψω, to creep together.

συνέρραφα, aor. I of συρράσσω.

συνέρρηγμαί, pf. pass. of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρηξα, aor. I of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρωγα, pf. 2 intr. of συρρήγνυμι.

συν-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go along with or together. II.

to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with. 2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere: of a battle, to be engaged in.

3. c. acc. cognato, στρατείαν συνελθειν to join in an expedition; συνελθειν λέχος σόν to share thy bed. III. of things, to be joined in one, be united.

IV. of events, to concur, coincide, happen together.

συν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask questions with or at the same time. II. to establish a point by questioning:

—Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνήμι, mind! mark!

συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -εφάγον:—to eat together with.

σύνεσις Att. ξύνεσις, εως, ή, (συνήμι) a joining, meeting together. II. the faculty of apprehension, judgment, understanding, intelligence. 2. con-

science, = συνείδησις.

συνεσπάραφα, aor. I of συσπάράσσω.

συνεσπόμην, aor. 2 of συνέπομαι.

συνεσταλμαι, pf. pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεσταότες, Ep. pf. part. pl. of συνίστημι.

συνεσταυρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of συνσταυρώω.

συνεστάλην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεστέλα, aor. I of συστέλλω.

συνέστην, aor. 2 of συνίστημι.

συν-εστίαω, f. άσω [ᾱ], to entertain in one's house:—Pass. to feast along with or together.

συν-εστία, ή, (σύν, έστία) a common feast.

συν-εστιος, ου, (σύν, έστία) sharing one's hearth or home, living or dwelling together: as Subst., συν-εστιος, ό, ή, an inmate, guest. 2. of Jupiter, the guardian of the hearth.

συνεστός, pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνέσχοι, aor. 2 of συνέχω.

συν-εταίρος, ό, (σύν, έταίρος) a companion, partner, comrade.

συνεταράχθη, aor. I pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετάφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of συνθάπτω.

συνετάχθη, aor. I pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετέθειντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of συντίθημι.

συνετλᾶν, Dor. aor. 2 of συντλάω.

σύνετο Ep. ξύνετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ξυνήμι.

συνετός, ή, όν, (συνήμι) quick at apprehending, understanding, intelligent, sagacious. II. pass. easy

to be comprehended, intelligible: neut. pl. *συνερά* as Adv. intelligibly.

συνερίβην [ἴ], aor. 2 pass. of *συντρίβω*.

συνετός, Adv. of *συνετός*, intelligently.

συν-ευδαίμονέω, f. ἦσα, to share in happiness with.

συν-ευδοκέω, f. ἦσα, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep or lie with; ὁ *ξενεύδων* χρόνος the time which sleeps with one, i. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευνάζω, f. σω, to make to sleep together, to marry to each other:—Pass. to lie with.

συν-ευνέτης, ου, ὁ, a bedfellow, husband, consort: fem. *συνευνήτης*, ἰδος, a wife, mate.

σύν-ευνος, ου, (σύν, εὐνή) sharing one bed: as Subst., *σύνευνος* ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort, husband or wife.

συν-ευπάσχω, f. -πέισομαι, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-ευπορέω, f. ἦσω, to help to provide, contribute, c. acc. rei: c. gen. rei, to provide a part of, contribute towards:—c. dat. pers. to assist, help.

συν-ευτύχέω, to be fortunate along with or together.

συν-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to pray with or together, to join in making a prayer.

συν-ευωχέομαι, to feast with or together.

συνεφέαγον, used as aor. 2 of *συνεσθίω*.

συν-επάπτομαι Ion. -επάπτομαι: f. -επάφομαι: Dep.:—to lay hold of, put hand to along with or together: c. gen. rei. 2. c. gen. pers. to join in attacking.

συν-εφέλλω, f. ξω: aor. I -εφέιλκυσα:—to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφέπομαι, aor. 2 -εφεσπόμην Ion. -επεσπόμην: Dep.:—to follow along with or together.

συν-εφήβος, ου, at the age of youth together.

συν-εφίστημι, to place over together: metaph. to make attentive: also (sub. τὸν νοῦν) to attend to.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -επέστην, pf. -εφέστηκα:—to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2. to rise up against, attack jointly.

συνεφέραξα, aor. I of *συνεφράσσω*.

συνεχάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of *συχχαίρω*.

συνέχεια, aor. I of *συχχέω*.

συνέχεια, ἡ, (συνεχής) a continuous series of things, continuity. II. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχεια, Ep. aor. I of *συχχέω*.

συνεχές, Ion. for *συνεχῶς*.

συνεχής, ἐς, (συνέχω) keeping or holding together: continuous, in an unbroken line: c. dat. continuous with, next to, adjacent. II. of Time, continuous, continued, unceasing, unintermitting: the neut. *συνεχές* is used as Adv., = *συνεχῶς*.

συν-εχθαίρω, to bate along with, join in bating.

συν-έχθω, poet. for *συνεχθαίρω*.

συνεχούσθην [ῦ], aor. I pass. of *συχχέω*.

συν-έχω Att. ξυν-: f. -έξω: aor. 2 *συνέσχον*:—to hold or keep together:—*συνέχειν* τὴν εἰρεσίαν to keep the rows together. 2. to contain, comprise. 3.

to constrain, oppress: Pass. to be constrained, distressed, affected by. 4. in Pass., *συνέχεσθαι* αἰχμησὶ to engage with spears.

συνεχῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of *συνεχής*, continually, unceasingly.

συν-εἰλιάω, (σύν, ἐψίαμοι) to play together.

συνεώνημαι, pf. of *συνωνέομαι*.

συν-ηβῶω, f. ἦσω, to pass their youth together: to be young together.

συν-ηβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ηβος, ου, (σύν, ἦβη) young at the same time: as Subst., *σύνηβος*, ὁ, ἡ, a young friend or comrade.

συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of *συνάγω*.

συνηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of *συνάγω*.

συνηγορέω, f. ἦσω, (συνήγορος) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*; *συνηγορέν τῷ κατηγορῷ* to second the accuser. Hence

συνηγορία, ἡ, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνηγορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *συνήγορος* or advocate; τὸ *συνηγορικόν*, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public *συνήγοροι* while the court sat.

συν-ήγορος, ου, (σύν, ἀγορεύω) speaking with, agreeing with. 2. supporting, on one's side, esp. in a court of justice: as Subst., *συνήγορος*, ὁ, an advocate, counsel for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*.

συνήδειν Att. ξυνηδη, plqpf. of *σύννοια*.

συνήδεάτε, Ion. 2 pl. plqpf. of **σύνειδα*.

συν-ἡδομαι: fut. -ἡσθήσομαι: aor. I -ἡσθην: Dep.:—to rejoice together; *συνῆδασθαι τινι* to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathize with one's good fortune.

συνήθεια, ἡ, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. consuetudo. II. use, custom, habit, usage. From

συν-ἡθης, ἐς, gen. eos contr. ους: gen. pl. *συνηθῶν* contr. *συνηθῶν*: (σύν, ἦθος):—dwelling or living together, of like habits or customs, akin, well suited to; *συνῆθης τινὶ* well-acquainted or intimate with him; *χερὶ συνῆθης* = *χειροθήτης*, tame. II. habitual, customary: familiar.

συνηθροισμένος, pf. pass. part. of *συναθροίζω*.

συνήθως, Adv. of *συνῆθης*, customarily.

συνήκα, aor. I of *συνήκω*.

συν-ἦκω, to have come together, to be assembled.

συνήλασα, aor. I of *συνελαύνω*.

συνήλθον, aor. 2 of *συνήρχομαι*.

συν-ηλικιώτης, ου, ὁ, = *συνῆλιξ*.

συν-ῆλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, ἡλιξ) of like or equal age, Lat. aequalis: as Subst., *συνῆλιξ*, ὁ, ἡ, an associate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνῆλιστη and *συνῆλιστος*, ἡ, (συνέρχομαι, *συνελεύσομαι*) a meeting, assembly.

συν-ημερεύω, f. σω, (σύν, ἡμέρα) to pass the day with or together, to live with.

συνημοσύνη, ἢ, union, connexion: in plur. covenants, solemn promises. From
 συνήμων, ὄν, gen. ovos, (συνήμι) joined together, united: a companion.

συν-ἄροπος Dor. and Att. συν-άροπος, ὄν, (σύν, αἰωρέω) banging together, linked with, wedded to: as Subst., συνήροπος, ὄ, ἡ, a consort, a husband or a wife.

συν-πτεροπέτω, f. σω, to join in cheating or tricking.

συν-πρετέω, f. ἦσω, (σύν, ἐπρετής) = συνηπρετέω.

συν-πρετέω, f. ἦσω, to row with: generally, to work or ply with, be friends with.

συνηρφέω, f. ἦσω, to throw a shade over. From συν-ηρφέης, ἐς, (σύν, ἐρέφω) thickly shaded, covered over.

συν-ἡριθμος, ὄν, poet. for συνάριθμος.

συνήρπακα, pf. of συναρπάω.

συνήρπασα, aor. I of συναρπάω.

συνήρτημαι, pf. pass. of συναρτάω.

συνηυλίσθη, aor. I of συναυλίζομαι.

συνήνω, impf. of συνεράω.

συν-ησάομαι Att. -ττάομαι, Pass. to be conquered or overcome together.

συν-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to sound or ring together.

συνήχθη, aor. I pass. of συνάγω.

συνῆψα, aor. I of συνάπτω.

συνθᾶκέω, f. ἦσω, to sit with or together, to sit in council with, take counsel with. From

σύν-θακος, ὄν, sitting with or together. * 2. sbar-ving in, partaking of.

συν-θαμίζω, f. ἦσω, to be astounded along with.

συν-θάλω, f. ψω, to warm with or together: metaph. to soothe by flattery.

συν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury with or together:—Pass. to be buried with or together.

συν-θεάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to view together, to see a spectacle together. 2. to examine together, examine carefully. Hence

συνθεατής, οὐ, ὄ, a fellow-spectator or looker on.

συν-θεάτρια, ἡ, fem. of συνθεατής.

συνθείς, aor. 2 part. of συντίθημι.

συν-θέλω, poet. for συνεθέλω.

σύνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for σύνθημα.

συνθέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of συντίθημι.

συνθεο, Ep. for σύνθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of συντίθημι.

συνθεσία, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a placing together, an arrangement, covenant, treaty: in plur. injunctions, instructions.

σύνθεσις, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together, compounding, composition; σύνθεσις γραμμάτων a combination of letters. II. metaph. an agreement, treaty, covenant: cf. συνθήκη.

put together, feigned, forged. III. metaph. agreed upon, covenanted; ἐκ συνθέτου by agreement, Lat. ex compacto.

συν-θέω, f. -θέσομαι, to run along with, to run together: of things, to go along with, to go smoothly with, concur with one's wishes: to run together, meet.

συν-θεωρέω, f. ἦσω, to contemplate together: to go to a spectacle together.

συνθήκη, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together. II. an agreement, arrangement: in plur. articles of agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty.

σύνθημα, ατος, τό, (συντίθημι) that which is put together.

II. anything agreed upon, a preconcerted signal: generally, a token, sign. 2. a watchword, Lat. tessera.

3. an agreement, covenant, engagement. Hence

συνθημάτιος, α, ὄν, agreed upon: bargained for.

συνθηράτης, οὐ, ὄ, a fellow-hunter. From

συν-θηράω, f. ἄσω [ā], to hunt with or together:—Med. to catch together:—Pass. to be caught and bound together.

συνθηρευτής, οὐ, ὄ, = συνθηρατής. From

συν-θηρεύω, = συνθηράω, to hunt together:—Pass. to be found out to be.

σύν-θηρος, ὄν, (σύν, θήρα) hunting with or in company: joining in chase or pursuit of.

συν-θιάσωσης, ὄν, ὄ, a partner in the θιάσος or sacred company: generally, a fellow, comrade.

συν-θλάω, f. ἄσω [ā], to crush along with or together.

συν-θλίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to press together, compress.

συν-θνήσκω: f. -θνούμαι: aor. 2 -έθανον, inf. -θανεῖν:—to die with or together.

συν-θνοιατῶρ [ā], ὄπος, ὄ, (σύν, θοινάω) a partaker of the same feast, a fellow-banquetter.

συν-θρανών, f. ἄσω, to break in pieces, shiver.

συν-θραύω, f. σω, to break in pieces, crush, shiver.

σύν-θρηνος, ὄν, mourning with or together.

σύν-θρονος, ὄν, sitting on the same seat or throne with: ruling jointly.

σύν-θροος, ὄν, sounding with, in harmony with.

συν-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to break in pieces, crush: metaph. to enervate, weaken.

συν-θύω, f. -θύσω [ῖ], to offer sacrifice along with.

συνιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *συνιδάω.

συνίει [ῖ], imperat. and 3 sing. impf. of συνίημι.

συνίεμαι, Ep. for συνιέμαι, inf. pres. of συνίημι.

συνίει, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of συνίημι.

συν-ιεροποιέω, f. ἦσω, to join in sacrifice with.

συν-ιζάνω, to settle down, collapse, sbrink. 2. to sink, fall, of the wind.

συν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, intr. to sit together, to hold a sitting.

συν-ίημι Att. ξυνίημι [for the quantity, see ἦμι]: impf. συνίην or συνίειν: f. συνήσω or συνήσομαι: aor. I συνήκα: pf. συνιέκα:—also (as if from συνιέω) 3 pl. pres. συνιοῦσι. inf. συνιέειν, imperat. ξυνίει, inf. συνιέειν; 3 sing. impf. συνίει, 3 pl. ξυνίεσαν Ep. ξυνίειν; also (as if from συνίω) impf. 3 pl. ξύνιον; aor. I ξυνήκα: aor. 2

imperat. *ξύνες*; aor. 2 med. 3 sing. *ξύνετο*, 3 pl. subj. *συνώμεθα*:—to send, bring or set together, Lat. *committere*.

II. metaph. to perceive, bear: to take notice of, observe, understand, know.

III. Med. to come to an understanding about a thing.

συνίμεν, Ep. for *συνίεαι*, inf. of *σύνειμι* (εἴμι ἴβο). [Υ]

συνουσίη, 3 pl. pres. of *σύνιημι*, as if from *σύνιέω*.

συν-ἰπταρχος, ὁ, a joint commander of horse.

συν-ἰππεύς, ἑὼς, ὁ, a fellow-rider or horseman, a fellow-knight.

σύνισαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of *σύνειμι* (εἴμι ἴβο), they went together.

II. Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of *σύνιδια*, they shared in the knowledge.

συνίσῃσι, 3 pl. of *σύνιδια*.

σύνισθι, imperat. of *σύνιδια*.

σύνισμεν, I pl. of *σύνιδια*.

συν-ίστημι, impf. *σύνιστην*: f. *συστήσω*; aor. I

συνέστησα:—to place or set together, to combine, unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, attach to.

2. to put together, organise, compose, create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert together.

3. to bring together as friends, introduce, recommend: to advise one to do.

4. to produce, exhibit, represent to one.

5. to make firm or solid, harden.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. *συνέστην*; pf. *συνέστηκα*, part. *συνεστηκός* contr. *συνεστῆς*, ὤσα, ἴον, *συνεστῆς*, ἑῷσα, ἑῷς:—to stand together, stand in close order: also to stand one's ground.

2. to meet or come together: in hostile sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., *συνεστηκότων* τῶν στρατηγῶν when the generals were in dispute.

3. of friends, to form a league or association, to club, league together; τὸ *ξυστάμενον* or τὸ *συνεστηκός*, a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or allied.

4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a thing.

5. to be put together, to be composed, framed: to hold together, endure, continue.

6. to be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen.

συν-ίστωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, knowing also or along with, conscious of a thing; θεοὶ *συνίστορες* the gods are witnesses.

συν-ισχνάλω, to help dry up: metaph. to join with in diminishing or reducing.

συν-ισχυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to help to strengthen, sustain, Ion. for *συνίεις*, pres. part. of *σύνιημι*.

συν-ίω, to dwell along with or together.

συν-νάσσω, f. ξῶ, to pack tight together.

συν-ναυβάτης, ου, ὁ, a shipmate. [α]

συν-ναυκλήρος, ου, a joint owner of a vessel.

συν-ναυμάχῳ, to engage in a sea-fight along with.

συν-ναυστολέω, f. ἴσω, to be shipmate with another.

συν-νάτης, ου, ὁ, a shipmate.

συν-νεάζω, f. σῶ, to spend one's youth or be young with.

συννεάται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of *συννέω*.

συν-νεύω, f. σῶ, to bend together: also, 2. intr.

to incline to the same point, converge. II. to assent to or approve by a nod, consent.

συν-νέφελος, ου, (σύν, νεφέλη) cloudy, overcast.

συννεφέω, f. ἴσω, to collect clouds. II. intr. to be clouded over: impers. *συννεφεῖ*, it is cloudy.

III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity. From *συν-νεφέης*, ἑς, (σύν, νέφος) overcast with clouds, clouded.

συν-νέω, f. -νήσω: pf. pass. *συννέημαι*, Ion. 3 pl. *συννεῖσται*:—to pile or bear together, bear up.

συν-νέω, f. -νεύσμαι, to swim together.

συν-νήχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to swim together with.

συν-νικάω, f. ἴσω, to have part in a victory with. II. transit. to help in conquering.

συν-νόω, f. ἴσω, to think upon together, to think over, meditate or reflect on: also in Med. Hence *σύννοια* Ion. -ούη, ἡ, meditation, thought: anxious thought, trouble. 2. consciousness.

συν-νομοθετέω, f. ἴσω, to be a joint-lawgiver.

σύν-νομος, ου, (σύν, νέμω) feeding or herding together, consorting:—metaph. consorting with. 2. partaking or sharing in a thing: hence, 3. as *σύννομος*, σύννομος, ὁ, ἡ, one who lives with, a consort; of birds, a mate; generally, a partner, fellow, companion, congener.

σύν-νοος, ου Att. contr. -νοος, ου, thinking deeply, thoughtful, anxious.

συν-νοστέω, f. ἴσω, to be ill together or along with.

σύν-νοος, ου, contr. for *σύννοος*.

συν-νυμφόκομος, ου, helping to deck a bride.

συν-οδέω, f. σῶ, to journey along with. Hence *συνοδία*, ἡ, a journey in company. II. a party of travellers, a caravan.

συν-οδίτης, ου, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

συνοδοπορέω, f. ἴσω, to travel together. And *συνοδοπορία*, ἡ, a travelling together. From

συν-οδοίπορος, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

σύν-οδος, ὁ, ἡ, = *συνοδοίπορος*.

σύν-οδος, ἡ, a coming together, assembly, meeting; also an association. 2. in hostile sense, a meeting of two armies, engagement, Lat. *concurus*. 3. of things, a coming together; *χρημάτων σύνοδοι* a coming in of money, income, like *πρόσοδοι*. 4. a meeting, joining, junction.

σύν-οιδα, pf., with pres. sense, of **συνείδω*, q. v.

συν-οικεῖω, f. ὤσω, to bind one to another by ties of friendship.

συν-οικέω, f. ἴσω: pf. -έκηκα:—to dwell or live together: of the scattered inhabitants of a country, to dwell together, form a community: of persons, to live together as man and wife: absol. to marry, wed: metaph. to be wedded or yoked to misery. II. to make to dwell in together: in Pass., of a country, to be thickly peopled. Hence

συνοικήμα, ατος, τό, that with which one lives; σ. ἀχαριπτάτων a most unpleasant house-mate.

συνοικήσις, ἡ, (συνοικέω) a dwelling or living together: wedded life, marriage.

συνοικήτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (συνοικέω) one that lives with.

συνοικία Att. *ξυνοικία*, ἡ, (συνοικέω) a living to-

gether. 2. a body of people living together, a community.

II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to οἰκία, as Lat. *insula* to *domus* (a house occupied by one family). 2. a room built on to a house, an out-house.

συνοικία (sub. ἱερά), τή, (συνοικέω) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, celebrated on the 17th of Boëdromion.

συν-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make to live with: to give in marriage. 2. to make to live together, to join in one city; ξυνοικίσαι τὴν Λέσβον ἐς τὴν Μυτιλήνην to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytilenê. II. to join in peopling or colonising a country. Hence

συνοικίσις, ἡ, a making to live together, joining under one city as a capital.

συνοικιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (συνοικίω) one who joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build with or together:—Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, οἶκος) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., ξύνοικος ἀλλαγῆ βίον associated with change of life.

συν-οικουρός, ὄν, keeping house together: metaph., συνοικουρὸς κακῶν a partner in mischief.

συν-οικτιζέω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to pity along with or together.

συνοίσω, fut. of συμφέρω, med. συνοίσομαι.

συν-ολισθάνω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλλυμι: f. —ολέσω Att. —ολῶ, to destroy along with or together:—Med., with pf. 2 —όλωλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-ολολύω, f. ξω, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-ολος, ον, also η, ον, all together: τὸ σύνολον the whole together. Hence

συνόλωσ, Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαίμων; ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, δμαίμος) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., συνομαίμων, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

συν-ομάλιξ, Dor. for συν-ομήλιξ.

συν-ομαρτέω, f. ἴσω, to follow along with, attend upon.

συν-ομήλιξ Dor. —ομάλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομιλέω, f. ἴσω, to converse or associate with.

συν-ὀμνύμι or —ὄω: f. —ομόσω: aor. I —ῶμοσα:—to swear along with or together, to join in a league or confederacy, to form league or conspiracy. II. to swear to one, promise by oath; συνομόσαι θανάτον τι to join in swearing death against a man.

συν-ομολογέω, f. ἴσω, to say the same thing with, agree with: to agree mutually. II. to agree to do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ὄμορος) to border or abut on.

συν-οπαῖδος, ὄν, following along with, attending on. σύν-οπλος, ον, (σύν, ὄπλον) armed together, allied. συν-οράω, f. συν-όρομαι (as if from συν-όρομαι): aor. 2 σὺνείδον, inf. συνιδεῖν (as if from συν-είδω):—to see together or at the same time. II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. —ίσομαι: aor. I pass. συν-οργίσθη: Dep.:—to be angry along with or together. σύν-ορθρος, ον, dawning together with.

συν-ορίνω [Ὶ], to stir up together or violently:—Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, ὄρκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύν, ὄρμη) clashing together.

συν-ορμεύς, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συνόρνημι.

συν-ορμίξω, f. ἴσω, to bring to anchor together.

συν-ὄρνημι, = συνορίνω: Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. συν-ὄρμενος, having started or set forth together.

σύν-ορος Ion. σύνουρος, ον, bordering on; κόνις πηλοῦ κόνις ξύνουρος dust twin-brother of mud.

συν-οροφῶ, f. ῶσω, (σύν, ὄροφή) to roof all over, cover completely.

σύν-ορος, ον, Ion. for σύνουρος.

συν-ουσία Ion. —ή, ἡ, (from συνών, συνοῦσα, part. of σύνειμι) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society. II. a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who lives with, a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνουσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited for society, sociable.

συν-οφρυδομαι, f. med. ῶσομαι: pf. pass. —ῶφρύομαι: Dep.: (σύν, ὄφρυς):—to knit the brow, frown.

συν-οχή Att. ξυνοχή, ἡ, (συνέχω) a holding or being held together, a meeting, joining. 2. metaph. strain, distress, anguish. Hence

συνοχηδόν, Adv. holding together.

συν-οχημός, ὁ, Ep. σύνεοχημός, = συνοχή, junction.

σύνοχος, ον, (συνέχω) held together: metaph. agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχικα, for συνόκωχα, Ep. intr. pf. of συνέχω, to be held together, come together; ῶμα ἐπὶ στήθος συνοχηκότε shoulders contracted over the chest.

σύνοψομαι, fut. of συνοράω.

σύνταγμα, ατος, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent. 2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συντήκο.

συντακτέον, verb. Adj. of συντάσσω, one must arrange.

συν-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἴσω, to endure hardships together, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for συντέμνω.

συν-τάννω, = συντένω, to bring together into one.

σύνταξις, εως, ἡ, (συντάσσω) a putting together in order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete array: hence 2. order, arrangement: organisation, system. 3. a body of troops. 4. in Gramm.

the combination of words and sentences, syntax. II. a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. 3. = σύνταγμα, a contingent of soldiers. 4. a settled rate of remuneration.

συν-τάρασσω Att. -τρω : f. ζω : aor. I -ετάραφα : Pass., aor. I -εταράχθην : pf. -τετάραγαμαι :—to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare : to trouble, confound, perplex, disquiet :—Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion : to be much disturbed, troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. -τρω : f. ζω : aor. I -έταξα : Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην : pf. -τέταγαμαι :—to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array : also to draw up or bring into line along with others. 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere : to regulate, ordain : to command. II. Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to, drawn up with. 3. metaph. to be collected or firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. III.

Med. to put themselves in order of battle, form in line. 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree together, bargain. 4. to take leave of, bid farewell.

συν-τάχυνω [ῶ], to help to urge on, hurry. II. intr. to hasten, hasten to an end.

συντεθαρμένους, pf. pass. part. of συντρέφω.

συν-τένω, pf. -τέτωκα, pass. -τέτώμαι :—to stretch together, strain, draw tight : metaph. to exert, strain : Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours. II. intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. 2. to direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

συν-τεχνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, to help to build a fortification.

συν-τεκμαίρομαι, aor. I -ετεκμηράμην : Dep. to conjecture, guess, calculate.

συν-τεκνοποιέω, f. ἴσω, to breed children with another.

συν-τεκνώνω, f. ὠσω, to help in breeding : also to breed.

συν-τελέω, = συντελέω intr., to belong to.

συντέλεια, ἡ, (συντελής) a joint payment, a contribution to the public burdens, subscription. II. at Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called συντελείς.

III. an union or partnership formed for bearing public burdens, a club or company. IV. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τελέω, f. ἴσω : pf. pass. συντετέλεσμαι :—to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, completely, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute equally ; συντελεῖν εἰς τὸν πόλεμον to pay all alike towards the war. 2. συντελεῖν εἰς τοὺς ἵππευσι to be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights ; hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body : esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συν-τελής, ἐς, (σύν, τέλος) paying joint taxes, contributing one's share ; συντελής πόλις the city which

had to pay its share of the penalty. 2. belonging to the same συντέλεια or company. 3. tributary to another's state.

συν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω : fut. -τεμῶ : aor. 2 -έτεμον :—to cut in pieces, to chop up. II. to cut down, cut short, Lat. concidere : metaph. to cut short, abridge, curtail. III. intr. (sub. ὀδόν), to make a short cut : (sub. λόγον), to cut the matter short, speak briefly, concisely : τοῦ χρόνου συντάμνωτος as the time became short.

συν-τερεῖζω, to whistle an accompaniment.

συν-τέρμων, on gen. ονος, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on. συντεταγμένους, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω, in an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντεπαμένους, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντένω, earnestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραγμα, pf. pass. of συνταράσσω.

συντετέλεσμαι, pf. pass. of συντελέω.

συντήκηκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκω.

συν-τετραίνω : f. -τρήσω : aor. I -έτηρησα : pf. pass. -τέτηρημαι :—to bore through so as to meet, to perforate :—Pass. to be connected by openings or channels. II. metaph., συντετραίνειν μύθον δι' ὠτων to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply.

συντετριμένους, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβω.

συντετριφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω.

σύν-τεχνος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art : as Subst., συντεχνος, ὁ, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήκω, f. ζω : aor. I -έτηξα :—to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down, dissolve by melting, make to waste away. 2. Pass. συντήκομαι, aor. I συντεήχθην : aor. 2 συντεάκην [ᾶ] : with pf. act. intrans. συντέτηκα :—to melt away, dissolve, disappear.

συν-τηρέω, f. ἴσω, to watch closely ; to preserve, keep safe : keep in mind. 2. to watch one's opportunity.

συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω :—to place or put together, to add together. 2. to put together so as to form a whole, frame, construct : to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. 5. to put together in one, unite, comprehend. II. Med.

συντίθεμαι : aor. I συννεθήκαμην : aor. 2 συννεθέμην :—to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take heed to ; σὺ δὲ σύνθεο do thou take heed, 2. to set in order, organise. 3. to agree on, conclude : to covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τιμῶω, f. ἴσω, to value together :—Med. to fix an estimate :—Pass. to increase in value, rise in price.

συν-τίνάσσω, f. ζω, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concutere : to confuse, confound.

συν-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to wound in many places. *συν-τλάω, aor. 2 συνέτηλην, to venture together.

σύντομος, ον, (συντεμείν) cut off, cut short : metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a road, σύντομος ὁδός a short cut ; συντομώτατον or τὰ συντομώτατα, by the shortest cut. 2. concise, brief, short. Hence

συντόμως, Adv. *concisely, shortly*: Comp. —ώτερον and —ώτερος: Sup. —ώτατα and —ωτάτως.

σύντονος, *ov*, (συντένω) on the stretch, strained tight.

2. metaph. *intense, excessive*: of persons, *earnest, serious, vehement*: neut. pl. σύντονα as Adv. *earnestly, vehemently*.

II. (σύν, τόνος) in *harmony or unison with*.

συν-τράγωδῶ, *f. ἦσω, to act tragedy together*.

συν-τράπεζος, *ov*, (σύν, τράπεζα) *eating at the same table*: as Subst., συντράπεζος, *δ, ἦ, a messmate*.

σύν-τριες, *οἱ, αἱ, σύν-τρια, τά, (σύν, τρεῖς) three together, three and three*.

συν-τρέφω, *f. —θρέψω, to feed besides, help to feed*:

—Pass. *to grow up together, live together*.

II. of liquids, *to congeal*:—Pass. *to be congealed, freeze*.

συν-τρέχω, *f. —θρέβομαι, or more commonly —δράμωμαι*: aor. 2 —έδραμον:—*to run together, gather together*: *to commingle*.

2. of enemies, *to rush together, meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere*.

3. as friends, *to come together, agree*: generally, *to concur, coincide*.

4. *to meet with*.

5. *to run or sbrivel up*.

συντρήσαι, aor. I inf. of συντετραίνω.

συν-τριανώ, *f. ὦσω, (σύν, τρίανα) to overthrow with a trident*: generally, *to overthrow in ruin*.

συντριβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντρίβω.

συν-τρίβω [ῖ]: *f. ψω*: aor. I —έτριψα: Pass., aor. 2 —έτριβην [ῖ]: pf. —τέτριμμαι:—*to rub together*.

II. *to crush, grind down, sbiver to atoms, Lat. conterere*:

συντρίβειν τὰς ναῦς *to stave the ships in*: Pass., συντριβήνα τῆς κεφαλῆς *to have one's head broken*.

III. metaph. in Pass. *to run against, clash with*.

συντριηραρχέω, *f. ἦσω, to be a συντριηραρχος*.

From συν-τριηραρχος, *δ, a partner in fitting out a trireme*.

σύντριμα, *ατος, τό, (συντρίβω) a fracture, destruction*.

II. *a stumbling-block, offence*.

σύντριψ, ἴβος, *δ, ἦ, (συντρίβω) shattering, smashing*:

of a lubber-fiend that breaks the pots in the kitchen.

συντροφία, *ἦ, a being reared together*: a brood.

From

σύντροφος, *ov*, (συντρέφω) *brought up together with*:

of the same origin as.

2. generally, *living with*:

familiar, ordinary, common: of animals, *brought up together*.

3. *natural, usual, common*.

II. act., σύντροφος (*ωῖς helping to preserve life*).

συν-τροχάζω, = συντρέχω.

συν-τυγχάνω, fut. —τεύσομαι: aor. 2 —έτύχον:—*to meet with, fall in with*: *to converse, speak with*: *δ*

συντυχάν, like *δ τυχάν, the first that meets one, any one*: *τό συντυχόν the first thing that comes to hand, anything common or mean*.

II. of accidents, *to happen to, befall*: absol. *to happen, fall out, chance*: *εὖ συντυχόντων if things should go well*: impers., *συνετύχανε, συνέτυχε it happened that ...*

συν-τυμβωρύχέω, *f. ἦσω, to help in robbing graves*.

συν-τύραννοκτονέω, *f. ἦσω, to join in slaying tyrants*.

συν-τύρω, *f. ὦσω, (σύν, τυρός) to make into cheese together, hence to concoct, Lat. concoquere*.

συντύχειν, aor. 2 inf. of συντυγχάνω.

συντύχλια Ion. —λή, ἦ, (συντυχεῖν) *an occurrence, incident*: *a conjuncture, happy chance, happy event*:

also *a miscchance, accident*.

συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. *to play a part along with*:

to help in maintaining a character.

συν-υποτίθημι, *f. —θήσω, to help in putting under*:

Med. *to help in composing*.

συν-υπουργέω, *f. ἦσω, to join in serving or assisting*.

συν-ὑφαίνω, aor. I —ύφηνα [ῦ]: aor. I pass. —ὑφάνθην:—*to weave together*: metaph. *to combine as in one web, frame cunningly*.

συν-ᾠδών [ῖ], *to be in travail together*: *to share in any agony*.

συν-ᾠδός, *όν, (σύν, ᾠδή) singing or sounding in unison*: *echoing or responsive to*: metaph. *according with, in unison with*.

συνᾠκησα, aor. I of συνουκέω.

συνᾠμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. ὄν σνήμη.

συνωμοσία, ἦ, (συνᾠμνυμι) *a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy: confederacy*.

συνωμότης, *ov, δ, (συνᾠμνυμι) one who is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate*.

συνᾠμος, *ov, (συνᾠμνυμι) leagued or banded by oath: confederate*.

συν-ᾠνόμαι, *f. ἦσομαι*: pf. pass. —έωνημαι: Dep.:

—*to buy together*: *to collect by offering pay, take into one's pay*.

II. *to buy up*, Lat. *coëmere*: pf. also in pass. sense, *δ συνεᾠνήμενος σῖτος corn bought up*.

συν-ᾠνίμος, *ov, (σύν, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of like name or meaning*.

συνωριστής, *ov, δ, (συναρίς) one who drives a pair-borsed chariot*.

συνωρίζω, *f. σω, (συναρίς) to yoke together*:—Med. *to link with oneself*.

συνωρίκεύομαι, Dep. *to drive a συναρίς*.

From συναρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (συνάροπος) *a pair of horses or mules, a two-horse chariot*.

II. generally, *a pair or couple of anything, Lat. biga*.

III. *that which binds together, a pair of fetters*.

συν-ωφελέω, *f. ἦσω, to join in helping*: absol. *to be of use, assist together*:—Pass. *to derive profit together*.

συνωφρωμένος, pf. part. of συνοφρῶμαι.

συν-ωχᾶδόν, Adv. (συνέχω) of Time, *perpetually, continually: continuously*.

συν-οκτάδία, ἦ, (σὺς, κτεῖνω) *a slaying of swine*.

συν-οφόντης, *ov, δ, (σὺς, *φένω) a slayer of swine*.

συν-οφόντης, ἴδος, ἦ, fem. of συνοφόντης.

Σύρα, ἦ, fem. of Σύρος, *a Syrian woman*.

Συράκουσαι [ᾱ], αἱ, Ion. Συρήκουσαι Dor. Συράκουσαι, *Syracuse*.

Hence Συράκούσιος, *α, ov, Ion. Σύρηκ-, Dor. and Att. Συράκόσιος, Syracusan*.

σὺρ-γαστρος, *δ, (σύρομαι, γαστήρ) trailing the belly, of a worm or snake*.

σύρην, Adv. (σύω) *rushing furiously*. 2. in a long line.

Σύρια, ἡ, (Σύρος) *the land of the Syrians, Syria*.

σύριγμα, ατος, τό, (σύριτω) *the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound*.

σύριγμός, ὁ, (συρίτω) *the sounding of a pipe, a piping, whistling*.

σύριγξ, ἡ, (σύριγξ) *a shepherd's pipe, Pan's-pipe*. II. anything in shape like a pipe, as, I. a spear-case. 2. the box or hole in the nave of a wheel. 3. metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From

ΣΥΡΙΓΙΖΩ Att. συρίτω Dor. συρίσω: fut. -ίξω Att. -ίξομαι: aor. I ἐσύριξα later ἐσύρισα, inf. συρίσαι:—to play on the Pan's pipe (σύριγξ).

II. to make a piping, whistling sound: hence to hiss an actor, Lat. *explodere*.

Συριη-γενής, ἐς, (Συρία, γένος) *Syrian-born*.

σύρικτάς, ἄ, ὁ, Dor. for συριστής, οὔ.

Σύριος, α, ον, (Σύρος) *Syrian*.

σύρισδα, σύριδες, Dor. for συρίζω, συρίζεις.

σύρισμα, ατος, τό, = σύριγμα.

συριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = συριστής.

σύριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συρίζω) *a player on the Pan's pipe (σύριγξ), a piper*.

Σύριστι, Adv. (Σύρος) *in the Syrian language*.

σύριττω, f. ἴξω, = συρίζω, q. v.

σύρμα, ατος, τό, (σύω) *anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train*.

συρμαία Ion. -αίη, ἡ, (συρμός) *an emetic or purgative draught*, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt-water, whence the radish itself is called *συρμαίη*. Hence

συρμαίω, f. σω, *to take an emetic or purge*.

συρμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύω) *anything swept together, refuse, rubbish*.

συρμός, ὁ, (σύω) *any sweeping or trailing motion, Lat. tractus, the track of meteors, etc.* II. *that which is dragged along, a trail*. III. *a vomiting, purging*.

σύροισα, Dor. for σύροισα, part. fem. of σύρω.

Σύρος, ὁ, *Syros, one of the Cyclades: also called Σύρα, ἡ, and in the Odyssey Συρήν*.

Σύρος, ὁ, *a Syrian*. [ῥ]

Σύρο-φοίνιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, (Σύρος, Φοινίκη) *a Syroboe-nician: fem. Σύροφόνισσα, a Syroboe-nician woman*.

συρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, *to sew or stitch together, sew up*.

συρ-ράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, = συρρήγνυμι in intr. sense, *to dash together, clash together, fight with*, Lat. *confligere*.

συρ-ρέζω, f. ξω, *to sacrifice together*.

συρ-ρέω, f. -ρέσομαι: pf. -ερίρηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -ερίρηι:—to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, *to flow or stream in together*.

συρ-ρήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I συνέρρηξα: Pass. aor. 2 συνέρρηγην [ᾶ]: pf. συνέρρηγαμι, but also pf. 2 intr. συνέρρηγα:—to break to pieces: συρ-ρήξαι εἰς ἓν *to break up and make into one: metaph. in Pass. to be broken down by sufferings*. II. Pass.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 συνέρρηγα): *to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together: of rivers, to run into one another: of war, to break out*.

συρ-ρίζομαι, Pass. (σύν, ρίζω) *to have the root united: to take root together with*.

Σύρτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (σύω) *a sand-bank in the sea: of the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor*.

σύρφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σύω) = συρφετός. II. as Adj. *swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous*.

συρφετός, ὁ, (σύω) *anything swept together, refuse, litter, rubbish, Lat. quisquiliae*. II. metaph. *a mixed crowd, mob, rabble*.

ΣΥΡῶ [ῥ]: f. σῦρῶ: aor. I ἐσύρα: pf. σέσυρκα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐσύρην [ῥ]: pf. σέσυρμαι:—to draw, drag, trail along: to drag by force, force away, bale: generally, *to sweep away*.

ΣΥ΄Σ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. σῦς, acc. σῦν: nom. pl. σῦες, acc. σῦας contr. σῦς, dat. σῦσί Ep. σῦσσι:—Lat. *SUS*, = ὄν, *a swine, pig, whether hog or boar, or sow: σῦς κάπριος a wild boar*.

συ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκηδάσω, *to toss all about*.

συ-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, *to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up: generally, to make ready, prepare: to contrive, concert*. II. Med. *to pack up one's own baggage, and generally to pack up: part. pf. pass. συσκευασμένος or συσκευασάμενος all packed up, in marching order*. 2. *to prepare, make ready, provide*. 3. *to contrive, concert*. 4. *generally, to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together*. Hence

συσκευασία, ἡ, *a packing up, getting ready, for a journey or march*.

συ-σκευοφόρῶ, f. ἦσω, *to carry baggage together*.

συ-σκευορέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. *to contrive, devise, concert*.

συ-σκηνόω, f. ἦσω, *to live in the same tent or house with another, to lodge together: to mess with any one*. Hence

συσκηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *one who lives in the same tent, a messmate, Lat. contubernalis*.

συσκηνητήρια, ἡ, fem. of συσκηνητήρ.

συσκηνία, ἡ, (σῦσκηνος) *a dwelling in one tent: of soldiers, a messing together*.

συσκηνιον, τό, *a common meal, of the Lacedaemonians*. From

σῦ-σκηνος, ον, (σύν, σκηνή) *living in one tent: as Subst., σῦσκηνος, ὁ, a messmate, comrade, Lat. contubernalis*. Hence

συ-σκηνώω, f. ἄσω, = συσκηνέω.

συ-σκιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to throw a shade quite over, to cover entirely*.

σῦ-σκίος, ον, (σύν, σκιά) *shaded over, shaded*.

συ-σκοπέω, *to contemplate along with or together*.

συ-σκοτάζω, f. ἄσω, *to grow or become dark: impers., συσκοτάζει it grows dark*.

συ-σκυθωπάζω, f. σω, *to look sad or gloomy together*.

συσπαράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to rend in pieces.
 συσπάω, f. άω [ά], to draw or squeeze together :
 of skins, to sew together.
 συσπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπειρα) to be coiled up
 together : of soldiers, to be formed in close order : to
 march in close order.
 συσπείρω, to sow or sprinkle together.
 συσπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to join in making a liba-
 tion :—Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc.
 συσπένδο, f. σω, to join in hastening or promoting,
 to lend a helping hand.
 συσπλαγχνέω, f. σω, (σύν, σπλάγχνα) to help to
 the flesh of the victim at a sacrifice.
 σύσπονδος, ov, (σύν, σπονδή) making a libation
 with : joining in the same treaty.
 συσπουδάζω, f. άω, to make haste along with or
 together, to be in earnest about a thing. II. trans.
 to pursue or manage zealously together.
 συσσειώ, f. σω, to shake together : to make to quiver
 or tremble.
 συσσημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαίνω) to join in
 sealing and signing.
 σύσσημος, ov, (σύν, σήμα) marked in common : as
 Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.
 συσσίτέω, f. ήσω, (σύσσιτος) to eat or mess with :
 to eat or mess together. Hence
 συσσίτησις, εως, ή, = συσσιτία : and
 συσσίτια, ή, a messing together or in common. II.
 a club or mess.
 συσσίτιον, τό, (συσσιτέω) : I. in pl. a common
 meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together accord-
 ing to the institution of Lycurgus. II. a dining-
 room, hall.
 σύσσιτος, ov, (σύν, σιτέω) eating together with or
 in common : as Subst., σύσσιτος, ό, a messmate.
 συσσωζώ, f. σω, to help to save or deliver.
 σύσσωμος, ov, (σύν, σωμα) united in one body.
 συσσωφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be a partner in tem-
 perance.
 συσταδόν, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close to-
 gether : of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. *cominus*.
 συσταθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of συνίσταμαι.
 συσταθείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω.
 συστασιάω, f. άω, to join in sedition, be factious
 with. Hence
 συστασιαστής, ου, ό, one who takes part in a sedi-
 tion, a fellow-rioter.
 σύστασις, ή, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together,
 meeting : in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, bat-
 tle : σύστασις γνώμης a conflict of mind. 2. an
 union, association, club. 3. metaph. sternness,
 harshness, rigour.
 συστασιώτης, ov, ό, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of
 the same party, a partisan.
 συστατικός, ή, έν, (συνίστημι) of or for bringing
 together, introductory, commendatory ; ή συστατική
 επιστολή a letter of introduction.
 συσταυρώω, f. άω, to crucify along with.

συστεγάω, f. άω, to cover together or entirely.
 συστέλλω, f. -στέλω : aor. I. -έσειλα : pf. act. -έστα-
 αλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι :—to draw together, draw in :
 hence to shorten sail. 2. to draw in, contract, com-
 press, condense :—Pass. to be contracted, get smaller ;
 συστέλλεσθαι εις εύτελειαν to be drawn in towards
 economy, i. e. to retrench : so also in pf. pass. part.
 συνεσταλμένος, drawn in, brought into narrow com-
 pass, moderate. 3. metaph. to lower, humble,
 abase :—Pass. to be lowered or cast down. II. to
 wrap closely up, shroud, veil :—Med., συστέλλεσθαι
 θομίπιον to wrap one's cloak close round one ; συ-
 στέλλεσθαι έαντων to gird up one's loins ; so aor. 2
 pass. part. συσταλείς ready for action. III. in
 Gramm. to use a syllable short.
 συστενάω, f. ξω, to sigh or groan with.
 συστεφανώω, f. άω, to crown along with or together.
 σύστημα, ατος, τό, (συνίστημι) that which is put
 together, a composite whole : a composition : a col-
 lege, assembly.
 συστοιχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, στοίχος) to stand in the
 same row or line with : to be coördinate or in conform-
 ity with, to correspond to.
 συστολιζώ, f. ίσω, = συστέλλω, to put together, fa-
 bricate. II. to unite.
 συστράτεια, ή, a common campaign or expedition.
 From
 συστράτεύω, f. -εύσω ; also as Dep. συστρατεύο-
 μαι, f. -εύσομαι :—to make a campaign, serve along
 with or together, to join or share in an expedition.
 συστράτηγέω, f. ήσω, to be the fellow-general of.
 From
 συστράτηγος, a fellow-general, joint commander.
 συστράτιώτης, ov, ό, a fellow-soldier.
 συστράτοπεδεύομαι, Dep. to encamp along with.
 συστρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. 2 συνεστράφην [ά] :
 pf. συνέστραμμαι :—to twist or coil up together, roll
 into a mass, Lat. *conglobare* ; generally, to collect in
 one, combine : of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid
 body ; συστρέφειν έαντων to rally or collect oneself :
 —Pass. to be united in one body, combine : to club
 together, conspire. 2. of sentences, to compress,
 condense, make terse or concise ; συνεστραμμένη λέ-
 ξις a rounded, periodic style. II. to twist or whirl
 round, whirl away, carry off. III. to turn all
 together, to make wheel round. Hence
 συστρόφή, ή, a rolling up together, winding into
 a ball. II. any dense or compact mass : a body
 of men, a crowd, Lat. *globus* : a coming together,
 gathering.
 συσφάζω, f. ξω : aor. 2 pass. συνεσφάγην [ά], inf.
 συσφαγήω :—to slay along with or together.
 συσφίγγω, f. γξω, to lace or bind close together.
 συσχηματίζω, f. σω, to conform one thing to
 another :—Pass. to be conformed to another's ex-
 ample.
 συσχολάζω, f. σω, to pass one's leisure with or to-
 gether.

σῦτο [ῦ], Ep. for ἔσσῦτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with aor. sense) of σέω.

σῦφεός, ὁ, lengthd. form for συφεός.

σῦφεός, ὁ, (σῦς) a hog-sty; συφεόνδε = εἰς or πρὸς συφεόν, to the sty.

σῦ-φόρβιον, τό, (σῦς, φέρβω) a herd of swine.

σῦ-φορβός, ὁ, (σῦς, φέρβω) = ὑφορβός, a swine-herd.

σῦφος, α, ον, Aeol. for σοφός.

ΣΥΧΝΟΣ, Σ, ἦ, ὄν, of Time, long; with plur. nouns, many together. 2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, numerous, frequent.

3. the dat. συχνῶ is often joined with a Comp. Adj., like πολλῶ, as, συχνῶ βελτίων far better. 4. neut. συχνόν and συχνά as Adv. often, much.

σφάγιον, τό, (σφαγήναι) a bowl for catching the blood of the victim in sacrifices. II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself.

σφάγεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of σφάζω.

σφάγεις, εἰς, ὁ, (σφάζω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: ὁ σφαγείς ἔστηκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a sacrificial knife.

σφάγη, ἡ, (σφαγήναι) slaughter, butchery, sacrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαὶ πυρὸς the sacrificial fire. 2. a wound. II. the throat, Lat. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγιαζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice. II. more rarely an Act.

σφαγάω occurs in the same sense, whence aor. I part. σφαγιασθεῖς as Pass., having been sacrificed. Hence

σφάγιασμός, ὁ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σφάγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σφάγια, τά, a victim: δοῦλα σφάγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from sq. [ᾶ]

σφάγιος, ον, also α, ον, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing: killing, deadly.

σφάγεις, ἴδος, ἡ, (σφάζω) a sacrificial knife: generally, a knife.

ΣΦΑΔΑΖΩ, f. σῶ, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhe or struggle convulsively. Hence

σφαδασμός, ὁ, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑΖΩ Att. σφάττω: f. σφάζω: aor. I ἔσφαξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσφαχθην: aor. 2 ἔσφαγγην [ᾶ]: fut. σφάγησομαι: pf. ἔσφαγμαi:—to slay by cutting the throat, Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, sacrifice, immolate.

ΣΦΑΙΡΑ, ας, ἡ, a ball, esp. a ball to play with; σφαῖρη παίειν to play at ball; σφαῖραν βίπτειν to toss the ball about. 2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιρηδόν, Adv. (σφαῖρα) like a globe or ball.

σφαιρικός, f. ἴσω, (σφαῖρα) to play at ball.

σφαιρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαῖρα) like a ball, spherical: τὰ σφαιρικά the science of the spheres, astronomy.

σφαιρίον, τό, Dim. of σφαῖρα, a small ball.

σφαιριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (σφαιρίζω) a ball-player.

σφαιρο-εἰδής, εἰς, (σφαῖρα, εἶδος) ball-like, globular, spherical: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρώω, f. ὠσω: pass. pf. ἐσφαιρωμαι, plqpf. ἐσφαιρωμην: (σφαῖρα):—to make globular or spherical:—Pass., στήθεα δ' ἐσφαιρωτο his chest was round and arched. II. to trip with a ball or button;

ἀκόντια ἐσφαιρωμένα spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαιρώω) rounded, made globular. II. tripped with a ball or button.

σφακέλιω, f. σῶ, to be gangrened, mortify; ἐσφακέλισέ τε τό δστέον καὶ ὁ μηρὸς ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From

σφάκελος, ὁ, gangrene, mortification. 2. a spasm, convulsion: convulsive fury. [ᾶ]

ΣΦΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, the plant sage, Lat. salvia. [ᾶ]

σφακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάζω) slaughtered, sacrificed.

σφαλέος, aor. 2 part. pass. of σφάλω.

σφαλέρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σφάλω) making to fall, totter or stagger: metaph. slippery, perilous, precarious, Lat. lubricus. II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, staggering. Adv. -ρῶς.

σφάλῃναι, aor. inf. pass. of σφάλω.

σφαλλόντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλω.

ΣΦΑΛΛΩ: f. σφάλλω: aor. I ἔσφηλα, inf. σφήλαι: Pass., with fut. med. σφάλλησομαι, σφάλλομαι: aor. 2 ἐσφάλην [ᾶ]: pf. ἐσφαλαμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐσφαλτο:—to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wrestling: make to stumble, throw down, overtbrow: to make to totter or reel. 2. metaph. to baffle, foil, balk, disconcert, disappoint. II. Pass. to be tripped up, to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters. 2. to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccessful; οὐ τι μὴ σφαλῶ γ' ἐν σοί ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee:—c. gen. rei, to be balked or disappointed of a thing. 3. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

σφάλμα, ατος, τό, a stumble, false step. II. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault, failing, trespass.

σφάζω, Dor. for σφήξω, a wasp.

σφάζας, aor. I part. of σφάζω.

σφῆραγέομαι, Dep. (σφάραγος) to burst with a noise, to crack, crackle, hiss. 2. to groan with

fuiness, be full to bursting.

σφῆραγίω, f. σῶ, to stir up with a loud noise. From

ΣΦΑΡΑΓΟΣ, ὁ, a bursting with a noise, cracking, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφῆρα]

σφᾶς, enclit. acc. of σφέης.

σφᾶς [ᾶ], acc. pl. fem. of σφέης.

σφάττω, Att. for σφάζω.

σφέ, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and fem. of σφέης, them. II. in Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. him, her.

σφέᾶ, nom. and acc. pl. neut. of σφέης.

σφέές, Ep. and Ion. acc. pl. for σφέας.

σφεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of σφοδρός, eager, vehement, earnest: neut. σφεδανόν as Adv. eagerly, vehemently.

ΣΦΕΙΓΣ, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, *they*, neut. *σφέα*: gen. *σφῶν*: dat. *σφία*: acc. *σφᾶς*, neut. *σφέα*. The Ep. and Ion. forms are,—nom. *σφεῖς*: genit. *σφέων* Ep. also *σφείων*: dat. *σφί* and *σφίν*, very rarely used also for dat. sing.: accus. *σφέας* Ep. also *σφεῖας*, also *σφε* (both sing. and pl.). There are also some Aeol. and Dor. forms,—nom. *σφές*, dat. *φίν* and *ψίν*, acc. *ψε*. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus. The notion is often strengthened by *αὐτός*, as in *σφῶν αὐτῶν*, *σφέας αὐτούς*. II. there is a rare usage of *σφεῖς* for 2nd pers. pl., *μετὰ σφίον* for *μεθ' ὑμῶν*.

ΣΦΕ΄ΛΑΣ, atos, τό, a footstool: Ep. contr. plur. *σφέλα*, for *σφέλατα*, *σφέλαα*.

σφενδάμνινος, η, ov, of maple wood, Lat. *acerinus*: metaph., *ἄνδρες σφενδάμνινοι* 'beards of maple.' From **ΣΦΕ΄ΝΔΑΜΝΟΣ**, ἡ, the maple, Lat. *acer*.

σφενδονάω, f. ἴσω, to sling, to use the sling. II. to throw as from a sling, hurl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish. 3. to smite with a sling. From

σφενδόνη, ἡ, a sling, Lat. *funda*, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each end.

II. *anything like a sling in shape; the hoop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone*, Lat. *funda* or *pala annuli*.

III. *the act of slinging, a throw, cast*. IV. *that which is slung, the stone or bullet of the sling*.

σφενδονήτης, ov, ὁ, (*σφενδονάω*) a slinger.

σφές, Aeol. and Dor. for *σφεῖς*.

σφετερίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴω, (*σφέτερος*) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp: also as Dep. **σφετερίζομαι**, whence Dor. aor. I part. **σφετεριζάμενος**.

σφέτερος, α, ov, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. *σφεῖς*, *their own*, *their*, *belonging to them*:—also of the 3rd pers. sing., *his*, *hers*. II. sometimes also used of others than the 3rd pers., as: I. of the 2nd pers. pl., = *ὑμέτερος*, *your own*: and of the 2nd pers. sing., = *σός*, *thy*, *thine own*. 2. of the 1st pers. pl., = *ἡμέτερος*, *our own*; and of the 1st pers. sing., = *ἐμός*, *my own*, *mine*.

σφέων, Ep. and Ion. for *σφῶν*, gen. of *σφεῖς*.

σφῆ, dat. fem. of *σφός*.

σφηκιά, ἡ, (*σφήξ*) a wasp's nest.

σφηκίσκος, ὁ, (*σφήξ*) a stick of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

σφηκο-εἰδής, ἐς, (*σφήξ*, *εἶδος*) = *σφηκῶδης*.

σφηκόω, f. ἴσω, (*σφήξ*) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the waist: generally, to pinch in, bind tightly:—Pass., *πλοχομοὶ χρυσῶ τε καὶ ἀργύρῳ ἐσφικωντο* (3 pl. plqpf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

σφηκ-ώδης, es, contr. for *σφηκοειδής*, (*σφήξ*, *εἶδος*) *wasp-like*, *pinched in at the waist like a wasp*.

σφήκωμα, atos, τό, (*σφηκῶς*) the point of a helmet in which the plume is fixed.

σφήλαι, aor. I inf. of *σφάλλα*.

σφήλα, Ep. for *ἔσφηλα*, aor. I of *σφάλλα*.

ΣΦΗΝ, *σφηρός*, ὁ, a wedge, Lat. *cuneus*.

σφηνο-πώγων, avos, ὁ, (*σφήν*, *πώγων*) with a wedge-shaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented: in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage.

σφηνώω, f. ὴσω, (*σφήν*) to wedge up, close.

ΣΦΗΞ, *ηκός*, ὁ, a wasp, Lat. *vespa*.

Σφηητός, ὁ, an Attic deme: Adv. **Σφηητοῦ** at *Sphettus*: Adj. **Σφηητικός**, α, ov, a *Sphettian*.

σφί, *σφίν*, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl. of *σφεῖς*: also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

σφιγγίον, τό, (*σφίγγω*) a band, a bracelet or necklace.

ΣΦΙΤΤΩ, f. *σφίγω*: aor. I *ἔσφιγα*: Pass., aor. I *ἔσφιγγην*: pf. *ἔσφιγμα*:—to bind tight, bind in or together: to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture: to shut close: also to straiten, compress. Hence

σφιγκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a tight binder, a lace, band.

σφιγκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *σφίγω*, *tight-bound*: *θάνατος σφιγκτός* death by strangling.

σφιγκτωρ, opos, ὁ, poet. for *σφιγκτήρ*.

Σφίγξ, ἡ, gen. *Σφίγγος*, the *Sphinx*, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself: in works of art she is represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From *σφίγγω*, so the *Sphinx* properly means the *Throttlér*.)

σφίν, v. *σφι*.

σφίστι, *σφίστιν*, dat. of *σφεῖς*.

σφογγιά, *σφόγγιον*, *σφόγγος*, Att. for *σπογγ*.

σφούδα, Adv., properly neut. pl. of *σφοδρός*, *very*, *very much*, *exceedingly*, *with vehemence*.

ΣΦΟΔΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also *ὄς*, *ὄν*, *vehement*, *violent*, *excessive*. II. of men, *violent*, *impetuous*: also *active*, *zealous*.

σφοδρῶνα, (*σφοδρός*) to make vehement:—Pass. *σφοδρῶνομαι*, to be violent or overbearing: *σφοδρῶνεσθαί τι* to put overweening trust in a thing. [ᾤ]

σφοδρῶς, Adv. of *σφοδρός*, *violently*: Sup. *σφοδρότατον*.

σφονδύλη, ἡ, Att. for *σπονδύλη*, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

σφονδύλιος, ὁ, like *σφόνδυλος*, a *vertebre*.

σφονδύλο-δίνητος, ov, (*σφόνδυλος*, *δινῶ*) *twirled on a spindle*.

σφόνδυλος, ὁ, Att. for *σπόνδυλος*, a *vertebre*, Lat. *vertebra*. II. *any round body; the round weight which twirls a spindle*.

σφός, *σφή*, *σφόν*, (*σφέ*) sing. masc., *his*, *his own*; fem., *her*, *her own*. II. (*σφεῖς*) plur. masc. and fem., *their*, *their own*, like *σφέτερος*.

σφραγίδιον, τό, Dim. of *σφραγίς*.

σφραγιδ-ονυξ-αργο-κομήτης, ov, ὁ, (*σφραγίς*, *ονυξ*, *ἄργος*, *κομῆ*) Comic name for a coxcomb, a lazy long-haired fellow that wears an onyx signet-ring.

σφραγίζω Ion. **σφρηγ**—: f. ἴσω: pf. pass. *ἔσφρα-*

γισμα > (σφραγίς) :—to seal: to seal up, shut up.

II. generally, to mark as with a seal, stamp.

III. metaph. to seal or stamp with approval, limit, define, determine.

ΣΦΡΑΓΙΣ Ion. σφρηγίς, ἴδος, ἦ, a seal to mark anything with: a seal, signet-ring: generally, a ring: also the gem or stone for a ring.

II. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit.

σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφραγίζω) an impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίς, Ion. for σφραγίς.

σφριγάζω, f. ἥσω, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere: esp. of horses, to be in full health and strength, Lat. vigere.

II. metaph. to swell with pride; σφριγῶν μῦθος an overweening speech.

σφυγμός, δ, (σφύζω) the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts: also the beating of the heart, the pulse.

σφύζω, f. ζω, to throb, beat violently: of the pulse, to beat; τὰ σφύζοντα, the veins or arteries.

ΣΦΥΡΑ, ἦ, a hammer.

II. an implement of husbandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth.

σφύρας, ἄδος, ἦ, Att. for σπυράς, σπύραθος, the dung of goats and sheep.

σφύρ-ἡλάτος, ον, (σφύρα, ἐλαύνω) wrought or beaten out with the hammer.

II. metaph. wrought as out of iron, rigid.

ΣΦΥΡΟΝ, τό, the ankle: metaph., ὀρθῶ στήσαι ἐπὶ σφυρῶ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright.

II. metaph. the lowest part or base.

σφύσδα, Dor. for σφύζω.

σφῶ, apocope Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶι: gen. and dat. σφῶν for σφῶιν.

ΣΦΩΕ, dual masc. and fem. nom. and acc. of person. Pron. of 3rd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶιν:—they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩΤ, nom. and acc. dual masc. and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶιν:—you two, both of you.

σφῶιτερος, α, ον, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφῶι, of or belonging to you two.

2. as possess. Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφῶέ, of or belonging to them two or both of them.

II. also used as possess. Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., thy, thine.

2. of 3rd pers. sing., his, her.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶιν, gen. and dat. of σφῶι.

ΣΧΑΔΩΝ, ὄνος, ἦ, the larva of the bee or wasp.

II. the cell of a honeycomb, the honeycomb, Lat. favus.

ΣΧΑΖΩ, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἔσχασα:—to slit, cut open; σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open a vein.

II. to let fall, let drop, let down: metaph., σχάζεσθαι τὴν ἰνικήν to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf.

2. to check, stop, master.

3. to let go; σχάζειν τὴν φροντίδα to let the mind go free.

ΣΧΑΛΙΣ, ἴδος, ἦ, a forked stick, used as a ladder,

Lat. scala:—a forked stick, used as a prop for nets.

σχάω, impf. ἔσχω, rare Att. form of σχάζω.

σχέ, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω, for σχές.

σχεδία Ion. -ῆ, ἦ, a light boat or craft, raft, float; σχεδία διαφέρων a raft of hides: poet. a boat, ship.

2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.

σχεδιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχεδῖος) to make or do a thing off-hand: to speak or write off-hand.

σχεδῆν, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σχεδῖος, near, nigh, Lat. cominus.

II. at once.

σχεδῖος, α, ον, (σχεδόν) near, at close quarters; σχεδία μάχη a close fight, hand to hand.

σχεδῶθεν, Adv. (σχεδόν) from near, from nigh at hand: also nigh at hand, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus: also used as Prep., c. dat. and c. gen.

2. of Motion, into the neighbourhood of, towards.

3. of Degree, nearly, hard upon, all but; σχεδόν πάντες nearly all; σχεδόν ἐπίσταται I am pretty well assured.

σχεθον, Ep. for ἔσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.

σχεθεῖν Ep. σχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω: see ἔσχεθον.

σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχελῖς, ἴδος, ἦ, Att. for σκελῖς, mostly in plur. σχελίδες, ribs of beef.

σχεμεν, σχήμεναι, Ep. for σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχένδyla or σχενδύλη, ἦ, (σχεῖν) a carpenter's tool, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχεό, Ep. for σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

Σχερία, ἦ, Scberia, the island of the Phaeacians: later Κέρκυρα, Lat. Corcyra, now Corfu.

σχερός, δ, used only in the phrase ἐν σχερῶ, in a row or line, one after another, successively. Compare ἐπισχερῶ.

σχές, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω.

σχεσθαί, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἔχω.

σχεσίς, εως, ἦ, (σχεῖν) state, condition, habit of body: the nature or fashion of a thing; βίωσ σχεσίς a way of life.

σχετήριον, τό, (σχεῖν) a check, a remedy.

σχετλιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχετλίος) to complain of hardship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, δ, angry complaining, invective.

σχετλίος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (σχεῖν):—properly, able to bear:

I. of Persons, hardbearded, merciless, cruel, savage.

2. much-suffering, unflinching, hardy.

3. miserable, unhappy.

II. of Things, cruel, shocking, horrid, abominable. Hence

σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably: Sup. σχετλιώτατα.

σχετό, Ep. for ἔσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἔχω.

σχήμα, ατος, τό, (σχεῖν) form, shape, outward appearance, the figure, person.

2. the form, outside, opp. to the reality: a mere show, pretence.

3. the bearing, look, mien: stateliness, dignity: in plur.

gestures. 4. *the fashion, manner, way of a thing*; σχῆμα τρολῆς *fashion of dress*. 5. *the state, nature, constitution of a thing*. 6. *a figure in dancing*; in plur. steps. Hence

σχηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ᾠ, *to form, fashion, shape, arrange*: so in *Med.*, σχηματίζεσθαι κόμην *to dress her hair*, Lat. *Jingere*. 2. intr. *to assume a certain form or position: to make steps or figures, to dance*. II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, *to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way*. 2. *to demean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend*; σχηματίζονται ἀμαθείς εἶναι *they pretend to be unlearned*. 3. *to gesticulate*.

σχημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σχῆμα: in plur. *the figures of a dance*; σχημάτια Λακωνικά *Laconian figures*. σχημαῖο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (σχήμα, ποιέω) *to form, shape or fashion a thing*:—Pass* *to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate*.

σχήσω, fut. of ἔχω.

σχιδαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, (σχιζώ) = σχίζα.

σχιζα Ion. σχιζή, ἡ, (σχιζώ) *a cleft piece of wood, splinter, latb, splint*, Lat. *scindula*: in plur. *wood cleft small, firewood*. II. *an arrow, spear*.

ΣΧΙΨΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἔσχισα: Pass., aor. I ἔσχισθην: pf. ἔσχισα:—*to split, cleave*, Lat. *scindo*: *to rend asunder*: generally, *to part asunder, separate, divide*:—so in Pass., Νεῖλος σχιζέται τριφασίας ὕδου's the Nile branches into three channels; ἔσχισοντό σφεων αἰ γνῶμαι *their opinions were divided*. Hence

σχινωδάλυμος, Att. for σκινδάλυμος.

ΣΧΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, *the mastic tree*, Lat. *lentiscus*. II. a *sqwill*.

σχινο-πράκτης, ου, ὄ, (σχιнос, πράγω) *one who cbeves mastic-wood*.

σχισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of σχίζω.

σχισις, εως, ἡ, (σχιζώ) *a cleaving, parting, division*.

σχισμος, ατος, τό, (σχιζώ) *that which is clogen or parted*: a *rent, cleft, division*. II. generally, *division, schism*.

σχισμός, ὄ, (σχιζώ) *a cleaving, splitting, rending*.

σχισσο, ποῖτ. for ἔσχισα, aor. I of σχίζω.

σχιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σχιζώ) *split, clogen, parted, divided*;

σχιστη ὁδός *a road that branches off*.

σχιότιο, ποῖτ. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἔχω.

σχιότην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔχω.

σχιόινος, η, ου, (σχιόινος) *of rusbes, made of rusbes*.

σχιόινον, τό, (σχιόινος) *a rope twisted of rusbes*: generally, *a rope, cord, line*.

σχιόινός, ἰδος, ἡ, (σχιόινος) = σχιόινον.

σχιόινότης [ῖ], ου, ὄ, (σχιόινος) *made of rusbes*: fem. σχιόινότης, ἰδος.

σχιονο-βάτης [ᾱ], ου, ὄ, (σχιόινος, βαίνω) *a rope-dancer*, Lat. *scobenobātes*.

ΣΧΟΙΝΟΣ, ὄ, also ἡ, *a rush, Lat. juncus*. 2. *a sharp, tough rush or reed, used as an arrow*; also *as a spit*. 3. *a place where rusbes grow, a rusbed*. II. anything twisted or plaited of rusbes, a

rope, cord; πλεκτή σχοῖνος *a wicker basket*. II. in Greece, the σχοῖνος was a land measure, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοινο-τενής, ἐς, (σχοῖνος, τείνω) *stretched out like a measuring-line: in a straight line, straight*. II. twisted or plaited of rusbes.

σχολάζω, f. ἴσω, (σχολή) *to have leisure or spare time, be at leisure*: also *to have rest or respite from a thing*: c. inf. *to have leisure or time to do a thing*. 2. *to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter*. II.

σχολάζειν τινί, Lat. *vacare rei*, *to have leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything*: also c. dat. pers. *to devote oneself to one*.

σχολαῖος, α, ου, (σχολή) *at one's leisure or ease, leisurely, slow*:—Comp. *σχολαίτερος*. Hence

σχολαῖότης, ἦτος, ἡ, *slowness, laziness*.

σχολαῖως, Adv. of *σχολαῖος*, *leisurely*:—Comp. *σχολαίτερον* or *-αίτερα*: Sup. *σχολαίτατα*:—formed like *παιλαίτερος*.

σχολαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σχολάζω) *being at leisure, leisurely, at ease*, Lat. *otiosus*. II. *devoting all one's leisure to learning, learned*: hence *pedantic*.

ΣΧΟΛΗ, ἡ, *leisure, spare time, ease, Lat. otium*; *σχολῆν ἄγειν* *to be at leisure*; *σχολῆς ἔργον* *a work for leisure*; ἐπὶ σχολῆ *at leisure*; so, ἐπὶ or μετὰ σχολῆς, κατὰ σχολῆν.

II. dat. *σχολῆ* absol. as Adv., (1) *leisurely, slowly*: (2) *at one's leisure, by leisure, hardly, scarcely, scarcely at all*. III. c. gen. *leisure, rest from a thing*. IV. *idle-ness*.

V. *a work of leisure, esp. a learned discussion, disputation*, Lat. *schola*. VI. *the place where such lectures were given, a school*.

σχολῆ, dat. of *σχολῆ*, used as Adv.: *in a leisurely way, slowly, late*. 2. *scarcely, hardly, not at all*.

σχόλιον, τό, (σχολή) *a scholium, note, comment*.

σχόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἔχω.

σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

σχω, aor. 2 subj. of ἔχω: I plur. *σχωμεν*.

σχωῶν, aor. 2 part. of ἔχω.

σῶ, Att. nom. pl. contr. for *σῶσι*.

σῶεσκον, Ion. impf. of *σῶω*.

σῶω, lengthd. from ΣΑΨ, ΣΑΨ, ΣΑΨ: f. *σῶσω*: aor. I *ἔσωσα*: pf. *ἔσωκα*: Pass., aor. I *ἔσῶθην*: pf. *ἔσωσμαι* Att. *ἔσωμαι*. From the obsol. *σαῶω* are formed fut. *σῶσω*, aor. I act. *ἔσῶσα* [ᾱ]: fut. med. *σῶσωμαι*: aor. I pass. *ἔσῶσθην*. 2. from contr. pres. *σῶω* we have part. *σῶωντες*, Ion. impf. *σῶεσκον*.

3. from *σῶω*, subj. *σῶη, σῶης, σῶοσι*:—*to save, keep*: esp. *to keep alive, preserve*:—Pass. *to be saved, preserved*; *σῶέω*, Lat. *salvus sis*! *vale! God be with you!* 2. of things, *to keep safe, preserve*.

3. of the laws, *to keep, observe*. 4. *to keep in mind, remember*, opp. *to διαλλάναι* *to forget*; mostly in *Med*. II. *σῶζω* is often used with the additional sense of motion to a place, *to bring one safe to*:—Pass. *to get safe or escape to a place*; *ἔς οἶκον σῶθῆναι* *to be brought or get safe home*. 2. *σῶζεν ἐκ πολέμου*, *to carry off safe, rescue from war*;

ἐχθρῶν σώσαι χθόνα to rescue a country from the enemy.

σωθῆναι, aor. I inf. of σώζω.

σώκω, f. ἦσω, like ἰσχύω, to have power or bodily strength: to be able to do, c. inf. From

ΣΩΚΟΣ, ὁ, stout, strong.

Σωκράτεω, f. ἦσω, to do like Socrates, to imitate his dress, gait, speech, etc. From

Σωκράτης, gen. eos contr. ous: acc. Σωκράτη or Σωκράτην: vocat. Σώκρατες:—Socrates, the philosopher. Hence

Σωκρατίδιον, τό, Dim. dear little Socrates. [ῥί]

Σωκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, Adj. of Σωκράτης, of or befitting Socrates, Socratic; οἱ Σωκρατικοί the philosophers of his school, Socratics.

ΣΩΛΗ'Ν, ἦνος, ὁ, a channel, gutter, pipe.

σῶμα, ατος, τό, the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcase, whereas the living body is δέμας: but later either of the living or dead body. 2. body, as opp. to soul (ψυχή); τὰ τοῦ σώματος ἔργα bodily labours; αἱ τοῦ σώματος ἡδοναὶ pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures. 3. one's bodily existence, life. II. any material body. III. a person, human being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.

σωμ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκέω) to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling. Hence

σωμασκία, ἡ, bodily exercise, training.

σωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σῶμα) of or for the body, bodily, Lat. corporeus. Hence

σωματικῶς, Adv. in bodily form.

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῶμα, a small body. [ᾗ]

σωμάτο-εἰδής, ἐς, (σῶμα, εἶδος) of the nature of a body, corporeal.

σωμάτο-φθορέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, φθείρω) to corrupt or enervate the body.

σωμάτο-φυλάκιον, τό, (σῶμα, φυλακή) a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulchre. [ᾗ]

σῶς, α, ον, contr. σῶς, acc. σῶν; v. σῶς.

σωπάω, Dor. for σιωπάω, to be silent.

σῶρεμμα, ατος, τό, (σῶρεω) that which is beaped up: a heap, pile.

σῶρεύω, f. σω, (σῶρε) to pile or heap one thing on another. II. to heap with, cover over with.

ΣΩΡΟΣ, ὁ, a heap, Lat. cumulus: a heap of corn: generally, a heap, quantity, store: a heap or mound of earth.

ΣΩΣ, ὁ, σῶν, τό, acc. sing. σῶν, acc. pl. masc. and fem. σῶς: defect. Adj. σῶος=σόςος, qq. v.: (the radic. form ΣΑΟΣ was found only in the Homeric comp. σώωτερος):—safe and sound, in good case, healthy, Lat. salvus: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer. 2. metaph. safe, sure, certain.

σωσι-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (σώζω, πόλις) saving the city or state. [ῥ]

σωστέον, verb. Adj. of σώζω, one must save.

σῶστρον, τό, mostly in plur. σῶστρα, τά, (σώζω) like ζωάγρια, a reward for saving one's life, a thank-

offering for deliverance from a danger; ὡστρα τοῦ παιδὸς θύειν θεοῖς to offer a sacrifice in thanksgiving for his son's deliverance. II. the reward for bringing back a runaway slave.

σῶτεια, ἡ, fem. of σωτήρ, she that saves. II. epith. of protecting goddesses, as of Τύχα.

σωτήρ, ἦπος, ὁ, vocat. σῶτερ, (σώζω) a saviour, deliverer, preserver; c. gen. subjecti, σωτήρ Ἑλλάδος a saviour of Greece; also c. gen. objecti, σωτήρ νόσου a preserver from disease. 2. as epith. of protecting gods, esp. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Ζεὺς Σωτήρ, the third cup of wine was dedicated: generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σῶτεια, as epith. of Τύχη. II. poet. as Adj. saving, preserving: even with a fem. noun, σωτήρες τιμαὶ the office of saving. Hence

σωτηρία Ion. -λή, ἡ, a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus. 2. a safe return; ἡ οἰκᾶδε σωτηρία a safe return home. 3. a keeping safe; ἐπὶ σωτηρίᾳ for safeguard.

σωτήριος, ον, (σωτήρ) saving, delivering: neut. pl., σωτήρια, τά, like σωτηρία, ἡ, deliverance, safety. 2. σωτήρια (sc. ἱερά), τά, an offering in return for safety. II. pass. saved, delivered, preserved.

σῶτρον, τό, (σώζω) the wooden circumference of the wheel, the felloe: the iron hoop or tire being ἐπίστρονον.

σωφρονέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρόνως.

σωφρονέω, f. ἦσω: poet. σωφρονέω: (σώφρων):—to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moderate. 2. to learn moderation, to recover one's senses. Hence

σωφρόνημα, ατος, τό, an act of self-control, an instance of temperance, act of moderation; and σωφρονητέον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate.

σωφρονητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σωφρονέω) disposed to temperance, moderate, under self-control.

σωφρονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σώφρων) to moderate, control, chasten. 2. to chastise, correct.

σωφρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σώφρων) disposed to temperance, moderate, sober. Adv. -κῶς.

σωφρονισμός, ὁ, (σῶφρονίζω) a making temperate: chastening.

σωφρονιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σῶφρονίζω) one that makes temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor.

σωφρόνως, Adv. of σῶφρων, temperately, moderately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονέστερον: Sup. σωφρονέστατα.

σωφροσύνη Ep. σωφροσύνη, ἡ, the character or conduct of the σῶφρων, moderation, discretion: self-control, temperance, chastity, sobriety, Lat. temperantia. From

σῶ-φρων Ep. σῶφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ: neut. σῶφρον: (σῶς, φρήν):—of sound mind, discreet, prudent, moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, chaste, sober. Comp. and Sup., σωφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

σώχω, Ion. form for ψώχω, *to rub to pieces*.

σώω, Ep. for σώζω.

T

T, τ, ταῦ, τό, indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral, τ = 300, but τ = 300,000.

Changes of τ: in Aeol. and Dor., τ into σ, as τύ (Lat. *tu*), τοί, τέ, τύκον, φατί, etc. for σύ, σοί, σέ, σύκον, φησί, etc.

2. in new Att., ττ for σσ, as πράττω, πάττω, for πράσσω, τάσσω. 3. in Ion., τ for θ, as αὔτις for αῦθις: in the substantive termin. -τρον for -θρον, as in κόσμητρον, φόβητρον, for κόσμηθρον, φόβηθρον.

4. τ is inserted in some words metri grat., as πτόλις, πτόλεμος, for πόλις, πόλεμος. 5. in Dor. and Ion., τ is omitted in the oblique cases of some neut. nouns of 3rd decl., as κέρασος, τέρασος, for κέρατος, τέρατος.

τ', apostroph. for τε, and. 2. the particle τοι is joined by crasis with other particles beginning with a vowel, as τάν, τᾶρα, μεντάν, for τοι ἄν, τοι ἄρα, μέντοι ἄν.

3. the Artic. τό, τά, is never elided, though joined with another word by crasis, as τᾶγαθόν for τὸ ἀγαθόν.

τά, neut. pl. of ὁ, ὅ, and ὅς.

τάβερνη, ης, the Lat. *taberna*, a *tavern*, *inn*: τρεῖς ταβέρναι *the Three Taverns*, a place on the Appian Road.

τάγαθά, Att. contr. for τὰ ἀγαθὰ.

τάγεια, ἡ, (ταγεῖω) *the office or rank of Tagus*: generally, *command*, *rule*.

τάγεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of τάσσω.

τάγεύω, f. ω, (ταγός) *to be Tagus*: generally, *to command*, *rule*:—Pass. *to be united under one ταγός*.

τάγέω, f. ἦω, (ταγός) *to be commander or ruler*.

τάγη, ἡ, = τάξις, *an ordering*, *arraying*.

τάγη, ἡ, (ταγός) *authority*: as Collective Noun, *the commanders*.

τάγηνον, τό, like πήγανον, *a frying-pan*.

τάγκλημα, ατος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐγκλημα.

τάγμα, ατος, τό, (τάσσω) *an ordinance*, *command*. 2. *a regular body of soldiers*, *a corps*, *division*.

τάγος, ὁ, (τάσσω) *an orderer*, *commander*, *ruler*: esp. as title of the *Chief of Thessaly*.

τᾶγ-οὔχος, ὁ, (ταγή, ἔχω) *he that has the command or rule*, *a commander*, *ruler*.

τάδελφοῦ, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀδελφοῦ.

τάδικον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀδικον.

τάθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of τεῖνω.

τάθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τεῖνω. [ᾱ]

ταί, Ep. and Ion. for αἰ, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. ὁ. Ταῖνᾶρος, ὁ, ἦ, also Ταῖνᾶρον, τό, *Taenarus*, a promontory and town at the southern extremity of *Laconia*.

ταινία, ἡ, (τεῖνω) *a band*, *riband*, *fillet*, Lat. *taenia*: esp. *a riband or headband worn in token of victory*.

ταινιό-πωλις, ἡ, (ταινία, πωλέω) *a dealer in ribands*.

ταινίω, f. ὦσω, (ταινία) *to bind with a ταινία or head-band*, esp. as conqueror:—Med. ταινιόμαι, *to wear a head-band or fillet*.

ταῖτιον, crasis for τὸ αἷτιον.

τάκει, τάκείνων, crasis for τὰ ἐκεῖ, τὰ ἐκείνων.

τάκερός, ὁ, ὄν, (τακῆναι) *fluid*, *melting*, *soft*, *tender*: *metaph. melting*, *languishing*.

τάκῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τήκω.

τακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τάσσω) *fit for ordering or arranging*, *of or fit for military tactics*; τὰ τακτικά *military tactics*.

τακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τάσσω, *ordered*, *arranged*, *fixed*, *stated*; τακτὸν ἀργύριον *a stated sum*.

τάκω, Dor. for τήκω.

τᾶλᾶ-εργός, ὄν, (τλάω, ἔργον) *enduring labour*, *rainful*, *drudging*: generally, *much-enduring*.

τάλανα, fem. of τάλας.

τάλαιπαρῶ, f. ἦω: pf. τεταλαιπάρηκα: also as Dep. ταλαιπαρῶμαι, with f. med. -ἦσμαι, aor. pass. ἔταλαιπαρήθη: (ταλαίπαρος):—*to endure hardship*, *do hard work*: *suffer hardship or distress*. II. trans. *to weary*, *wear out*, *annoy grievously*. Hence

τάλαιπαρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *hard work*, *severe labour*: in pl. *bodily hardships or exertions*. 2. *bodily pain*, *suffering*: *affliction*, *misery*.

τάλαιπαρος, ὄν, (τάλας) *enduring toil*, *laborious*. II. *suffering hardship*, *miserable*. Adv. -πος.

τάλαι-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τλάω, φρήν) *patient of mind*, *wretched*: also *stout-hearted*, *daring*.

τᾶλᾶ-κάρδιος, ὄν, (*τλάω, καρδία) *patient of heart*, *stout-hearted*. 2. *much-enduring*, *miserable*.

τᾶλάντερος, α, ὄν, τᾶλάντατος, η, ὄν, Comp. and Sup. of τάλας.

τάλαντεύω, f. ω, (τάλαντον) *to balance*: Pass. *to sway to and fro*, *oscillate*. 2. *to weigh out*, *measure out by weight*.

τάλαντιαῖος, α, ὄν, (τάλαντον) *worth a talent*. 2. *weighing a talent*.

τάλαντιζῶ, = τάλαντεύω, q. v.

ΤΑΛΑΝΤΟΝ [τᾶ-], τό, *a balance*: in plur. *a pair of scales*. II. *anything weighed*: but mostly used of *a fixed weight*, *a talent*: in the post-Homeric times it had a double sense: 1. *the talent of weight*: *the Euboic or old Attic talent* weighed about 57 lb. avoird., and the *Aeginetan* 95. 2. *the talent of money*, i. e. *a talent's weight of silver*, or *a sum of money equivalent to this*, which would make the *Euboic or old Attic talent* worth in our money 243 l. 15 s. The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drachmae.

3. *that which is weighed out or apportioned to one*.

τάλαντο-οὔχος, ὄν, (τάλαντον, ἔχω) *holding the scale or balance*: metaph. *turning the scale of battle*.

τᾶλᾶός, ἡ, ὄν, (*τλάω) = τάλας, *patient*, *enduring*: hence *hard-fated*, *wretched*.

τᾶλᾶ-πέριος, ὄν, (*τλάω, πεῖρα) *one who has suffered much*, epith. of *Ulysses*: hence later *rambling*, *vagabond*.

τάλα-πενθής, ἐς, (*τλάω, πένθος) *enduring great woe, patient in woe.* 2. of things, *toilsome.*

ΤΑΛΑΨΟΣ [τᾶ-], ὁ, a *basket*, Lat. *qualus*: a *cheese-basket*, through which the whey ran off.

ταλάρως, Dor. acc. pl. of ταλάρος.

τάλας, τάλαινα (sometimes τάλας), τάλαν: gen. ἄνος, ἀίνης, ἄνος: voc. τάλαν or τάλας: (*τλάω):—*suffering, wretched*, Lat. *miser*: *enduring, patient*:

also *fool-bardly, headstrong*; τάλαν O *wretch!* Comp. τάλαντερος, α, on: Sup. τάλαντατος, η, on. [τάλας: Dor. also τάλᾶς.]

τάλασιος, α, on, Ion. and Ep. τάλᾶσῆος, η, on, (ταλασία) of *wool-spinning*.

τάλαστία, ἡ, (τλάω) *wool-spinning*.

τάλασιουργέω, f. ἴσω, (ταλασιουργός) to *spin wool*: generally, to *spin*.

τάλασιουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for *wool-spinning*. From ταλάσι-ουργός, ὄν, (ταλασία, *ἔργω) *spinning wool*: as Subst., ταλασιουργός, ὁ, ἡ, a *wool-spinner*.

τάλασι-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τλάω, φρήν) *patient of mind, stout-hearted, of enduring spirit*.

τάλασσης, -ση, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I subj. of *τλάω.

τάλα-ρῖνος, on, (*τλάω, ῖνός) *with shield of tough bull's-hide*: neut. as Adv., ταλαῦρινον *πολεμίζειν* to fight on *toughly, stoutly*.

τάλα-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, shortd. for ταλασίφρων.

τάληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

ταλιθά, Syrian word, a *damsel, maiden*.

ΤΑΛΑΪΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a *marriageable maiden, bride*.

τάλλα or τᾶλλα, crasis for τὰ ἄλλα.

τάμα, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.

τάμε [ᾶ], Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τέμνω.

τάμεῖν Ep. τᾶμείν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τάμεῖον, τό, = ταμείον, a *chamber, closet*.

τάμεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τέμνω.

τάμεσι-χρως, οος, ὁ, ἡ, (τάμνω, χρώς) *cutting or penetrating the skin, wounding*.

τάμια, Ep. -ίη, ἡ, fem. of ταμίας, a *housekeeper, housewife*; also γυνὴ ταμίη.

τάμιας Ep. τᾶμίας, ου, ὁ, (τάμνω) *one who cuts up and distributes, a distributor, dispenser: a manager, overseer.*

II. a *steward, receiver, treasurer*; ταμίης τοῦ ἱεροῦ the *comptroller of the sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens.* 2. = Lat. *quaestor*.

τάμεία, ἡ, (ταμείω) the *office of steward, house-keeping, management.* II. = Lat. *quaestura, the quaestorship*.

τάμειον, τό, (ταμείω) a *magazine, storehouse, treasury*.

τάμειμα, ατος, τό, (ταμείω) *management, house-keeping*.

ταμειντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for *housekeeping.* II. = Lat. *quaestorius, of the quaestor or the quaestorship*. From

τάμεινω, f. σω, and Dep. τᾶμεινόμεναι, f. σομαι: (ταμίας):—to be a *housekeeper, manager or steward*;

οὐκέτι ταμείσεις μοι thou shalt no longer be my *steward.* 2. to be *quaestor.* II. trans. to

serve out *stores, dispense.* III. to *regulate, manage.* 2. to *husband, save, store up*: metaph.

to turn to *good account*.

τάμια, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμία.

τάμιας, ου, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμίας.

τάμνω, Ion. for τέμνω.

τάμος, Dor. for τήμος.

τάμπαλι, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔμπαλι.

τάμῶν, Ion. aor. 2 part. of τέμνω.

τάν or τᾶν, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase ᾧ τάν or ᾧ τᾶν, as a form of address, *sir, my good friend*.

τάν, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἄν.

τάν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐν.

Τάναγρα, ἡ, Tanagra, a town of Boeotia. Hence Τάναγραῖος, α, on, of or from Tanagra.

τᾶνᾶ-ῤῥῆς, ἐς, (ταναός, ἄκῆ) *with long point or edge, cutting far or deep*.

τᾶνᾶ-μύκος, on, (ταναός, μυκάομαι) *bellowing so as to be beard far off, loud-bellowing*.

τᾶναντία, crasis for τὰ ἐναντία.

τᾶνᾶ-δειρος, on, (ταναός, δειρή) *long-necked*.

τᾶνᾶός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (τανύω, τείνω) *stretched, outstretched, tall, taper, long*.

τᾶνᾶ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for τανύπους.

τᾶνδον or τᾶνδον, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνδον.

τᾶνδρῖ, τᾶνδρός, Att. crasis for τῶ ἀνδρῖ, τοῦ ἀνδρός.

τᾶνη-λεγής, ἐς, (ταναός, λέγω) *stretching one at length, epith. of death*.

τᾶνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.

τᾶνικα, Dor. for τῆνικα.

Ταντάλεος or Ταντάλεος, α, on, of or for Tantalus: and

Ταντάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, *daughter of Tantalus*. From Τάνταλος, on, ὁ, Tantalus king of Phrygia, ancestor of the Pelopidae.

ταντάλω, f. ᾶσω, (τάλαντον) quasi *ταλαντώω*, to swing:—aor. I pass. part. *τανταλωθείς, swung, burlled, dashed down*.

τᾶνῦ-γλωσσος, on, (τανύω, γλώσσα) *long-tongued, chattering, noisy*.

τᾶνῦ-γλωχίς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, γλωχίς) *with long point or bead*.

τᾶνῦ-δρομος, on, (τανύω, δρόμος) *running at full stretch*.

τᾶνῦ-ἔθειρος, on, (τανύω, ἔθειρα) *long-haired, with flowing hair*: fem. also τανυέθειρα.

τανυ-ῤῥῆς, ἐς, like ταναῤῥῆς, (τανύω, ἄκῆ) *with a long point or long edge.* II. *far-stretching*.

τᾶνῦ-ἠλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, ἠλιξ) of *extended age*.

τᾶνῦ-θρίξ, -τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, θρίξ) *long-haired, baggy*.

τᾶνῦ-κραιρος, on, (τανύω, κραιρα) *long-borned*.

τᾶνῦμα, Pass. = τανύομαι, to be *stretched, extend*.

τᾶνῦ-μήκης, ἐς, (τανύω, μήκος) *long-stretched, long drawn out, tall and tapering*.

τανύν, Adv., = τὰ νῦν, *now at present*.

ταυῦ-πεπλος, *ον*, (ταυῦ, πέπλος) *with flowing robe.*
 ταυῦ-πλεκτος, *ον*, (ταυῦ, πλέκω) *in long plaits.*
 ταυῦ-πλευρος, *ον*, (ταυῦ, πλευρά) *long-sided, enormous.*

ταυῦ-πους *Ερ.* ταναύ-πους, -ποδος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (ταυῦ, πούς) *stretching the feet, long-striding, long-sbanked.*
 ταυῦ-πτερος, *ον*, (ταυῦ, πτερόν) *shorter form for ταυσιπτερος.*

ταυῦ-πτερύγος, *ον* and ταυῦ-πτερύξ, *ὑγος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ταυῦ, πτερύξ) = ταυῦπτερος, ταυσιπτερος.

ταυῦ-ρίζος, *ον*, (ταυῦ, ρίζα) *with spreading roots.*

ταυῦσειεν [ῥ], 3 *sing.* *Aeol.* *aur.* I *opt.* of ταυῦ.

ταυῦσθείς, *aur.* I *pass. part.* of ταυῦ.

ταυῦσθην, *Ερ.* *aur.* I *pass.* of ταυῦ: *Ερ.* 3 *pl.* τὰυῦσθεν.

ταυῦσ-περος, *ον*, (ταυῦ, πτερόν) *with extended wings, long-winged.*

ταυῦσσα, *Ερ.* *aur.* I of ταυῦ.

ταυῦσσις, *ὑος, ἡ*, (ταυῦ) *a stretching, straining: ταυῦσθον τόξον a stringing of the bow.*

ταυῦ-σφῦρος, *ον*, (ταυῦ, σφυρόν) *with taper ankles.*

ταυῦ-φλοιος, *ον*, (ταυῦ, φλοιός) *with extended bark: of trees, of tall or slender growth.*

ταυῦ-φυλλος, *ον*, (ταυῦ, φύλλον) *with long-pointed leaves, of the olive.* II. *with thick foliage, leafy.*

ταυῦ [ῥ]: *fut.* ὤσω, *Ερ.* also -ῶω: *aur.* I ἐτανύσα *Ερ.* ἐτάνυσα or τάνυσα: *Pass.*, *aur.* I ἐτανύσθην: *pf.* τετάνυμαι:—*Ερ.* form of τείνω, *to stretch, strain, stretch out; ταυῦν τόξον to draw a bow: in Med., τόξον ταυῦσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i. e. to string it; ἰμάσι ταυῦναι to pull or guide with the reins.* 2. *to stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full length.* 3. *metaph. to strain, make more intense.*

II. *Pass. to be on the stretch, to expand, be filled out.* 2. *to lie stretched out, to extend; aur.* I *pass. part.* ταυῦσθείς, *stretched on the ground.* 3. *metaph. to strain or exert oneself, to run at full stretch.*

ταξιάρχῳ, *f. ἦσω*, *to be a taxiarcb or commander of a division.* From

ταξι-άρχης, *ου, ὁ*, = ταξιάρχος.

ταξι-άρχος, *ὁ*, (τάξις, ἄρχω) *a taxiarcb, the commander of a brigade or division, a brigadier.* II. *at Athens, the commander of the τάξις or quota of infantry furnished by each of the ten φυλαί.*

ταξι-λόχος, *ον*, (τάξις, λόχος) *commanding a division of an army.*

ταξιόω, *f. ὤσω*, (τάξις) *to arrange, set in order.*

τάξις, *ews* *Ion.* *ιος, ἡ*, (τάσσω) *an arranging: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of an army.* 2. *battle-array, order of battle, Lat. acies.* 3. *a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat. ordo.* 4. *a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. statio; ἐκλείπειν τὴν τάξιν to desert one's post.* 5. *like τάγμα, a division of an army, a brigade:*

at Athens, the quota of infantry furnished by each φυλή: also of smaller bodies, a company, cohort: generally, a band, company. II. *an arranging, ar-*

rangeinent. 2. *an assessment of tribute.* III. *order; ὑστερον τῇ τάξει later in order.* IV. *the post, rank or position one holds; ἐν ἔχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy.* 2. *one's duty towards another; ἡ εἰνολία τάξις the duty of good-will.* V. *an order, class of men.*

ΤΑΨΩΣ, *ὁ*, *the yew tree, Lat. taxus.*

ΤΑΨΕΙΝΟΣ, *ἡ, ὄν*, *low, Lat. bumilis: of Place, lying low: of stature, low.* 2. *of Condition, Rank, etc., brought down, humbled, lowly.* 3. *humiliated, in bad sense, mean, abject; in good sense, lowly, humble.* Hence

ταπεινότης, *ητος, ἡ*, *lowness of stature.* 2. *of condition, lowliness, low estate, abasement.* 3. *lowness of spirits, dejection, baseness, vileness: in good sense, lowliness, humility.*

ταπεινοφροσύνη, *ἡ*, *lowliness of mind.* From ταπεινό-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ταπεινός, φρήν) *low-minded, base.* 2. *lowly in mind, humble.*

ταπεινός, *f. ὤσω*, (ταπεινός) *to make low, lower, humble, abase: also to make light of a thing.* 2. *to cast down, discourage.* 3. *to make lowly or humble.*

ταπεινός, *Adv.* of ταπεινός, *humblly, poorly.*

ταπεινωσις, *ἡ*, (ταπεινός) *lowering, humbling.* 2. *lowliness, humility.*

ΤΑΨΗΣ, *ητος, ὁ*, *Lat. TAPES a carpet, rug, made of wool.* [ἄ]

τάπι, *Att. crasis* for τὰ ἐπί.

τάπεικη, *Att. crasis* for τὰ ἐπεικῆ.

τάπις, *ιδος, ἡ*, *later form of τάπις.*

τάπό, *Att. crasis* for τὰ ἀπό.

τα-πρῶτα, *Adv.* for τὰ πρῶτα, *at first.*

τάρα, *Att. crasis* for τοί ἄρα.

τάραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (ταράσσω) *disquietude, trouble.*

τάραγμός, *ὁ*, (ταράσσω) = τάραξις.

τάρακτρον, *τό*, (ταράσσω) *a thing to stir with: a ladle.*

τάράκτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (ταράσσω) *a disturber, disquieter, agitator.*

Ταραντινίδιον, *τό*, (Τάρας) *a fine Tarentine garment.*

Ταραντινός, *η, ον*, (Τάρας) *Tarentine.*

τάραξι-κάρδιος, *ον*, (ταράσσω, καρδία) *heart-troubling, vexing the heart.*

τάραξι-ἵππο-στράτος, *ον*, (ταράσσω, ἵππος, στρατός) *troubling troops of horse.*

τάραξις, *ἡ*, (ταράσσω) *disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult.*

Τάρας, *αυτος, ὁ*, also *ἡ*, *Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia.*

ΤΑΨΑΨΣΩ *Att.* -πτω, *Att.* also *contr.* θράσσω: *fut.* ταράξω *contr.* θράξω: *aur.* I ἐτάραξα: *Pass.*, *fut.* παραθήσομαι, but also *fut. med.* παραξομαι *in pass. sense:* *aur.* I ἐταράχθην: *pf.* τετάραγμα:—*to stir, stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet; ταράσσειν τὸν θίνα to stir up the sand: metaph. to stir up, rouse, provoke.* 2. *to trouble the mind, to confound, alarm, frighten: generally, to disturb, throw into disorder:—Pass. to be in disorder.* 3. *of political matters, to*

agitare, distract:—Pass. to be in a state of disorder or anarchy. II. to this Verb belongs the intrans.

pf. *τέτρηχα*, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plpf. Ep. 3 sing. *τετρήχαι*: part. *τετρηχώς*, *via*, *troubled, disturbed, confused*. Hence

τάρᾱχή, ἡ, *trouble, disorder, confusion: commotion, tumult*.

τάρᾱχος, ὁ, (*ταράσσω*) = *ταραχή*.

τάρᾱχ-ώτης, *es*, (*ταραχή*, *εἶδος*) *troublesome, fond of troubling or perplexing*. II. *troubled, disordered: confused*:—Adv. *-δως*, in confusion.

ταρβάλεος, *a, ov*, (*τάρβος*) *frighted, fearful*.

ταρβέω, *f. ἴσω*, (*τάρβος*) to be frightened or alarmed, to fear: τὸ *ταρβεῖν* the being frightened, a state of fear: also to feel awe. 2. c. acc. to stand in awe of, fear, dread.

ΤΑΨΒΟΣ, *eos, τό*, *fright, alarm, terror: also awe, reverence*. II. *an object of alarm, a cause of dread*.

ταρβοσύνη, ἡ, *poët. for τάρβος*.

ταρβόσυνος, *η, ov*, (*τάρβος*) *affrighted*.

τάργα or *τάργα*, *Att. crasis for τὰ ἔργα*.

τάργυριον, *Att. crasis for τὸ ἀργύριον*.

τάριχια *Ion. -ηία*, ἡ, (*ταριχεύω*) a preserving, pickling, salting: *ταριχία* were places in Egypt where fish was salted.

τάριχευσις, ἡ, (*ταριχεύω*) = *ταριχία*, an embalming.

τάριχεντής, οὐ, ὁ, (*ταριχεύω*) a salter, pickler, embalmer.

τάριχεντός, ἡ, ὄν, *verb. Adj. salted, pickled*. From *τάριχεύω*, *f. -εύσω*, (*τάριχος*) to preserve the body by artificial means, to embalm as in the case of the Egyptian mummies. II. to preserve meat, fish, etc. by smoking, salting, pickling; *τεμάχη* *ταριχευμένα* preserved, pickled meat. III. *metaph. in*

Pass. to waste away, wither, pine.

τάριχιον, τό, *Dim. of τάριχος*. [π]

τάριχοπωλείον, τό, *the salt-fish market*. From

τάριχο-πυλέω, *f. ἴσω*, (*τάριχος*, *πυλέω*) to sell dried or salt fish. II. to be engaged in the embalming of corpses.

τάριχος, *ov, ὁ, or τάριχος, eos, τό*, anything preserved or pickled by artificial means: a dead body preserved by embalming, a mummy. II. generally, meat preserved by smoking, salting or pickling, dried or smoked fish.

ταρπήνα *Ep. -ήμεναι*, *aor. 2 pass. inf. of τέρω*.

ταρρός, ὁ, *Att. for ταρσός*.

Ταρσός, *εὐς, ὁ*, a native of Tarsus in Cilicia.

ταρσός *Att. ταρρός, ὁ*, (*τέρσσομαι*) a stand or frame of wicker-work, a crate, flat-basket, *Lat. crates*, for drying cheeses on: also a mat of reeds, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a wicker-basket, like *τάλαρος*. II. any broad, flat surface; *ταρσός ποδός* the flat of the foot, the part between the toes and the heel. 2. *ταρσός κωπέως* the flat end, blade of an oar, *Lat. palmula*: generally, an oar. 3. *ταρσός πτέρυγος* the flat of the wing,

when stretched out, then generally, a wing:—from the fabled fall of the wing of Pegasus there, the city of Tarsus was so called.

Ταρτάρειος, *a, ov*, of or like Tartarus, Tartarean. From

Τάρταρος, ὁ, also ἡ: *irreg. pl. Τάρταρα* (as in *Lat., Tartarus, Tartara*):—Tartarus, a dark abyss, as deep below Hades, as earth below heaven, the prison of the Titans, etc. Later, Tartarus was either the nether-world generally, or a place of torment and punishment, as opp. to the Elysian fields.

Ταρτάρω, *f. ὤσω*, to hurl into Tartarus.

ταρφέες, οἱ, *ταρφέα*, τά, *pl. of ταρφός*.

ταρφεῖός, ἄ, ὄν, = *ταρφός*, *thick, close, frequent*.

τάρφθεν, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τέρω*.

τάρφθη, *Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of τέρω*.

τάρφος, *eos, τό*, a thicket. From

ΤΑΡΦΨΣ, *εἶα* or *ὕς, ὑ, ἕ*, *thick, close, frequent, dense: neut. pl. ταρφέα* as Adv., oftentimes, often. The *Ep. fem. ταρφεῖα* belongs to *ταρφεῖός*: if referred to *ταρφός*, it must be written *ταρφεῖα*.

ταρψών, *f. ὤσω*, shortened form of *ταριχεύω*, to bury solemnly, inter.

τάσις, *eos, ἡ*, (*τένω*) a stretching, straining. [ᾶ]

ΤΑΣΣΩ *Att. -τω*: fut. *τάσω*: *aor. I ἔτασα*: *pf.*

τέτασσα: *Pass. fut. ταθήσσομαι*, and *παυλο-p. fut.*

τετάσσομαι: *aor. I ἐτάθη*: *aor. 2 ἐτάγη* [ᾶ]: *pf.*

τέταγμα:—to arrange or put in order, esp. in military sense, to draw up in line, array; so in *Med., ἐπὶ τεσσάρων ταξάμενοι τὰς ναῦς* having drawn up their ships in four lines; and *absol., τάσασθαι* to draw up, form in order of battle:—*Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle*. 2. to post, station. 3. to appoint: to appoint one to do a thing:—*Pass. to be appointed to do, τοῦτο τετάγμαθα* this we have been charged to do. 4. to order, command, give instructions. 5. to assign to a class. 6. to fix or assess payments to be made:—*Med. to agree to pay a sum, χρήματα ἀποδοῦναι ταξάμενοι* having covenanted to return the money: *absol. in part. ταξάμενος, paying at intervals or by instalments*. 7. to assign or impose punishments. 8. generally, to fix, settle, ὁ *τεταγμένος χρόνος* the appointed time.

τατάω, *Dor. for τητάω*.

τάτιον, *Att. crasis for τὸ αἴτιον*.

τάττω, *Att. for τάσσω*.

ταύρειος, *a, ov*, also *os, ov*, (*ταῦρος*) of bulls, oxen or cows, *Lat. taurinus*: in *Homer, of bull's-bide*.

ταυρ-ελάτης, *ov, ὁ*, (*ταῦρος, ελαίνω*) a bull-driver; a bull-fighter.

ταυρεος, *a, ov*, (*ταῦρος*) = *ταύρειος*.

ταυρηδόν, *Adv. (ταῦρος) like a bull: savagely, Lat. torvo vultu*.

ταυρο-βόλος, *ov*, (*ταῦρος, βαλεῖν*) striking or slaughtering bulls.

ταυρο-βόρος, *ov*, (*ταῦρος, βορά*) devouring bulls.

ταυρο-γάστρω, *oros, ὁ*, (*ταῦρος, γαστήρ*) with the paunch or body of a bull: enormous.

ταυρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ταῦρος, δέω) *binding bulls*: fem. ταυρο-δέτις, ἴδος.

ταυρο-κέρως, ἄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, κέρως) *with bull's horns*.

ταυρο-κράνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κράνον) *bull-beaded*.

ταυροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, *to slaughter or sacrifice bulls*; with cognate acc., ταυροκτονεῖν βοῦς. From.

ταυρο-κτόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κτείνω) *bull-slaying*. II. προπαροχ. ταυροκτονος, *slain by a bull*.

ταυρο-μορφος, ον, (ταῦρος, μορφή) *bull-formed*.

ταυρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πᾶτήρ) *sprung from a bull*.

ταυρο-πόλος or ταυρο-πόλλη, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πολέω) *hunting bulls*, epith. of Diana.

ταυρο-πούς, -πόδος, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, (ταῦρος, πούς) *bull-footed*.

ΤΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, a *bull*: joined with another Subst., ταῦρος βοῦς, like σὺς κάπρος.

ταυροσφάγέω, f. ἦσω, *to cut a bull's throat*; ταυροσφαγεῖν ἐς σάκος *to cut its throat* (so that the blood runs) *into a hollow shield*. From

ταυρο-σφάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, σφάπτω) *bull-slaughtering*: *sacrificial*. [ᾶ]

ταυρο-σφάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, σφάγεῖν) *bull-eating*: a *beef-eater*.

ταυρο-σφάβος, ον, (ταῦρος, *σφένω) *bull-slaughtering*: *sacrificial*.

ταυρώω, f. ὠσω, (ταῦρος) *to change into a bull*:—Pass., ταυρόομαι, *to be or become savage as a bull*, *to look savagely at*, *eye savagely*.

ταῦτα, neut. pl. of οὗτος.

ταῦτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, *the same*.

ταῦτη, also ταυτηί, dat. fem. of οὗτος, freq. as Adv. *in this way or manner*.

ταντί [ἴ], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.

ταυτό Ion. ταυτό, Att. also ταυτόν, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό, τὸ αὐτόν, *the same*.

ταυτόγε, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό γε.

ταυτο-λόγος, ον, (τὸ αὐτό, λέγω) *repeating the same that has been said*, *tautologous*.

ταυτόματον, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτόματον, *what falls out by accident*, a *bar*, *chance*; ἀπὸ ταυτομάτου, *for ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου of itself*, *by chance*: cf. αὐτόματος.

τάφε, in Pindar for ἔταφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use: see τέθηπα.

τάφειος, α, ον, see ταφίος.

τάφεις, ἔως, ὁ, (θάπτω) *one who buries the dead*, a *burier*.

ΤΑΨΗΨ, ἡ, (θάπτω) *burial*, Lat. *sepultura*: a *mode of burial*: in plur. a *burial-place*.

τάψήλιος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ταψείος, (ταφή) *of a burial or a grave*; ψάβος ταψήλιον) a *burial-cloth*, *winding-sheet*, *shroud*.

τάψήναι, aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

τάψιος [ᾶ], α, ον, (τάφος) *of a grave*; τάψιος λίθος a *gravestone*.

τάψόδια, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐψόδια.

ΤΑΨΟΣ [ᾶ], ὁ, (θάπτω) a *burial*, Lat. *funus*: also a

funeral-feast, *wake*; τάφον τυχεῖν *to obtain the rites of burial*. II. *the grave*, *tomb*: in plur. a *burial-place*.

ΤΑΨΟΣ [ᾶ], τό, (τέθηπα) *astonishment*, *amazement*. Τάφος, ἡ, old name of one of the small islands between Acamania and Leucadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates.

ταφρεύω, f. ὠ, (τάφρος) *to make a ditch*.

τάφρη, ἡ, Ion. for τάφρος.

ΤΑΨΡΟΣ, ἡ, a *ditch*, *trench*; τάφρον ἐλαύνειν *to draw a trench*.

τάψων, part. of aor. 2 ἔταφον: see τέθηπα.

τάχα, Adv. (τάχως) *quickly*, *soon*, Lat. *statim*. II. in prose and Att., τάχα is often joined with ἄν, when it means, *probably*, *perhaps*, like ἴσως:—Sup. τάχιστα; see τάχος, ταχύς.

τάχέως, Adv. of ταχύς, *quickly*.

τάχιόνος, ἡ, ὄν, ποθ. for ταχύς, *swift*, *speedy*.

τάχιον, ονος, neut. of ταχίων, Comp. of τάχως, often as comp. Adv. of τάχα.

τάχιστα, sup. Adv.: see τάχως.

τάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of τάχως, *quickest*, *swiftest*.

ταχίων, ονος, neut. ταχίων, Comp. of ταχύς. [ἴ]

ΤΑΧΟΣ, εος, τό, (ταχύς) *swiftness*, *speed*, *quickness*, *fleetness*; τάχος ψυχῆς *quickness of mind*. II.

τάχος is often used as Adv. for ταχέως, *quickly*, *with speed*; so also with a Prep., ἀπὸ τάχους, διὰ τάχους, ἐν τάχει, κατὰ τάχος, σὺν τάχει: also ὡς or ὅ τι τάχος, like ὡς or ὅ τι τάχιστα, *with all speed*; ὡς εἶχον τάχος as they were for *speed*, i. e. as quickly as they could.

ταχυ-άλωτος, ον, (ταχύς, ἀλίσκομαι) *conquered or captured quickly*.

ταχύ-βουλος, ον, (ταχύς, βουλῆ) *quick or hasty of counsel*.

ταχύ-δακρυς, v, gen. υος, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) *soon moved to tears*.

ταχυ-δρόμος, ον, (ταχύς, δραμεῖν) *fast-running*.

ταχύ-εργία, ἡ, (ταχύς, ἔργον) *quickness in working*.

ταχύ-ήρης, ες, (ταχύς, ἐρέσσω) *fast-rowing*.

ταχύ-μήνις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήνις) *quick to anger*.

ταχύ-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήτηρ) *being quickly a mother*.

ταχύ-μορος, ον, (ταχύς, μύρος) *quick-dying*, *short-lived*.

ταχύ-ναυτός, (ταχύς, ναυτής) *to sail fast*.

ταχύνω [ῶ], f. ὄνω, (ταχύς):—*to make quick*, *to hasten*, *to urge on*. II. intr. *to make haste*, *speed*.

ταχύ-πειθής, ἐς, (ταχύς, πείθω) *soon persuaded*, *credulous*.

ταχύ-πομπος, ον, (ταχύς, πέμπω) *quickly-sending*, *quick-sailing*.

ταχύ-πορος, ον, (ταχύς, πόρος) *quick-passing*, *quick of motion*.

ταχύ-ποτμος, ον, (ταχύς, πύτμος) *quick-fated*, *short-lived*. [ῶ]

ταχύ-πούς, -πόδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, πούς) *swift-footed*.

ταχύ-πτερος, ον, (ταχύς, πτέρνα) *with swift beels*, *swift-footed*.

ταχύ-πτερος, *ον*, (ταχύς, πτερόν) *swift-winged*.
 ταχύ-πυλός, *ον*, (ταχύς, πύλος) *with swift, fleet horses*. [ῥ]
 ταχύρ-ροθος, *ον*, (ταχύς, βοθέω) *rushing rapidly*.
 ταχύρ-ρωστος, *ον*, (ταχύς, ρύομαι) *borne quickly along, quick-rushing*.
 ΤΑΧΥΣ, εἶα, ὄ, *quick, swift, fast, fleet*. 2. of events, *quick, speedy*. II. Comparison: 1. regul. Comp. ταχύτερος, *α, on* only in Ion. 2. irreg. Comp. θάσσων Att. -των, neut. θάσσων, gen. ονος; neut. θάπτον, also used as Adv. *more quickly*. 3. another Comp. is ταχίων [ῖ], neut. ἰον: Sup., τάχιστος, η, *ον*; neut. pl. τάχιστα as Adv., *most quickly, most speedily*; ὅτι τάχιστα *as soon as may be, as soon as possible*; also in Prose, τὴν ταχίστην (sub. δδόν), as Adv. *by the quickest way, i. e. most quickly*.

ταχύ-σκαρθμος, *ον*, (ταχύς, σκαίρω) *quick-springing*.
 ταχύτης, ἦτος, ἦ, (ταχύς) *quickness, swiftness, speed*.
 ταχύ-χειλῆς, ἔς, (ταχύς, χεῖλος) *over which the lips run quickly, of a flute*.

τάων, Dor., and Aeol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article.
 ΤΑΩΣ, ὄ, gen. ταῶ, acc. ταῶν: nom. pl. ταῶ: another form of the nom. is ταῶν, gen. ταῶνος; pl. ταῶνες, dat. ταῶσι:—Lat. PAVO, *a peacock*: metaph. of *coxcombs*.

ΤΕ, enclitic Particle, *and*, answering to Lat. *que*, as *καὶ* answers to *et*. When it stands before another τε or before *καὶ*, it takes the sense of *both*; εἰδός τε μέγεθος τε, *both in form and in size*; αὐτοὶ τε καὶ ἵπποι, *both themselves and their horses*. II. in Ep. and Ion., τε is attached to Relatives, without altering their sense, as, ὅτε, ὅσος τε, etc., which is to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pronouns were originally Demonstratives, and required to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained as a mere affix, as in ὥστε, οἷός τε, ἐφ' ᾧ τε. It is also joined in like manner with many relat. Adv. as ἔνθα τε, ὅτε τε, ὥσει τε, ἴνα τε, ἀλλά τε, etc.

τέ, Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σὺ.
 τέ', apostroph. for τεά, nent. pl. of τεός.
 ΤΕΥΓΩ, fut. τεγγῶ: aor. ἰ τεγγα: aor. I pass. ἐτέγηχθην:—*to wet, moisten, esp. with tears: to bedew with tears*. 2. with cognate acc., τεγγῆν δάκρυα *to shed tears*: Pass., ὄμβρος ἐτέγγετο *a shower was poured, fell*. II. *to soften, melt*: metaph. *to soften, move to compassion, make to relent*. III. *to dye, stain, Lat. tingere*: metaph. *to stain or mix with anything else*.

Τεγέα Ion. -ἔη, ἦ, Tegea, in Arcadia. Hence Τεγεάτης [ᾱ] Ion. -ἦτης, ὄ, *a man of Tegea, a Tegeate*: fem. Τεγεάτις, ἰδος, (sub. γῆ) *the land of Tegea*. Hence

Τεγεατικός Ion. -ητικός, ἦ, ὄν, *of or for a Tegeate*.
 τέγος, *ον*, (τέγος) *with a roof, roofed, or near the roof*.

ΤΕΤΟΣ, eos, τό, like στέγος, *a roof, covering of a*

house or room, Lat. *tectum*. II. *a room, chamber, garret: a brobel*.

τέθλα, τεθάλως, ὄτος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc.
 τεθάλυια, Ep. for τεθλυῖα, pf. part. fem. of θάλλω.
 τεθάλφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάλλω.
 τέθαιμα, -ψαι, -πται, pf. pass. of θάπτω.
 τεθάφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω.
 τεθάλομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω.
 τεθέαται, for τεθέονται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of τίθημι.
 θέακα, θέθειμα, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι.
 θεμελιώτο, 3 sing pass. plqpf. of θεμελιώω.
 τέθηγμα, pf. pass. of θήγω.
 τέθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plqpf. Ep. τεθήλει.
 τεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τίθημι.
 τέθηπα, pf. with pres. sense, without a pres. in use: —intr. *to be astonished, astounded or amazed*, chiefly used in part. τεθηπώς: also in Ep. plqpf. as impf. ἐτέθηπεα. II. from same root comes aor. 2 ἐτάφω, with part. ταφών, *astonished or amazed*.
 τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of τίθημι.
 τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω.
 τεθλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλιβω.
 τέθμος, *α, ον*, Dor. for θέσμος, *fixed, settled, stated, regular, Lat. solennis*: generally, *due, fitting*.
 θεμός, ὄ, (τίθημι) Dor. for θεσμός, *that which is fixed, a law, custom, ordinance*.
 τεθνάθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκω.
 τεθναίην, pf. opt. of θνήσκω.
 τεθνάκαμες, Dor. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσκω.
 τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾱ], Ep. pf. inf. of θνήσκω.
 τεθνάμεν, Att. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσκω.
 τεθνάμαι [ᾱ], rarely τεθνάμαι, pf. inf. of θνήσκω.
 τεθνάσι, for τεθνήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of θνήσκω.
 τεθνεώς, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνεώς.
 τεθνεώς, -ῶτος, ὄ, Att. part. pf. of θνήσκω; fem. τεθνεῶσα; neut. τεθνεώς and τεθνεός.
 τέθηκα, pf. of θνήσκω.
 τεθηγέομαι, Att. fut. of θνήσκω.
 τεθνητός, -ῶτος, Ep. for τεθνεώς, masc. and neut. part. pf. of θνήσκω: Ep. gen. τεθνητός, acc. -ῶτα: but the fem. is τεθνηκεία formed from the orig. τεθνηκίως.
 τεθνώς, poet. for τεθνεώς.
 θεορεῖν, redupl. for θορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκω.
 τεθραμμαι and τεθρεμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέφω.
 θεβρ-ἡμερον, τό, (τέτταρα, ἡμέρα) *a time of four days*.
 τεβριπο-βάμων [ᾱ], ονος, ὄ, (τέβριπος, βαῖνω) *driving a four-borsed chariot: a driver of four horses*.
 τεβριπο-βάτης, *ον, ὄ*, (τέβριπος, βαῖνω) *driver of a four-borsed chariot*. [βᾶ]
 τέβρ-ιππος, *ον*, (τέτταρα, ἵππος) *with four horses yoked abreast*: as Subst., τέβριπον (sub. ἄρμα), τό, *a four-borsed chariot*; τέβριπον ἵππων *a team of four abreast*.
 τεβριποτροφῆω, f. ἦσω, *to keep a four-borsed chariot*. From
 τεβριπο-τρόφος, *ον*, (τέβριπον, τρέφω) *keeping*

a four-horsed chariot; *θεθριπποτρόφος οἰκία* a family that could furnish such a chariot in the games.

τεθύμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τεθύωμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τέ, poet. for *τέ*, which is Dor. for *σέ*, acc. sing. of *σύ*.

τέιν, Dor. for *σοι*, dat. of *σύ*. [*ῖ*]

τέιδε, Dor. for *τίδε*, *this way, here*.

τέινα, Ep. for *ἔτινα*, aor. I of *τείνω*.

ΤΕΙΝΩ: f. *τενώ*: aor. I *ἔτεινα*: pf. *τέτακα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐτάθην* [*ᾶ*]: pf. *τέταμαι*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. *τέτατο*, 3 dual *τετάσθην*, 3 pl. *τέταντο*:—to stretch, strain, extend, to draw tight; *τόξον τείνειν* to stretch the bow to its full compass:—Pass. to be stretched to the full; *ιστία τέτατο* the sails were stretched taught; *ναὸς πόδα τείνειν* to keep the sheet taught; *νύξ τέταται βροτοῦν* night is spread over mankind. II. to lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay prostrate; *ταβέῖς ἐπὶ γαίῃ* stretched upon the ground. III. metaph. to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense:—Pass. to be strained to the utmost, to be intense; also, to be stretched on the rack; also to exert oneself, be anxious. IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. 2. to aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards ..: absol. to stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach a thing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer, belong to, Lat. *spectare, pertinere ad* ..: *τείνει ἐς σέ* it has reference to you.

τέως, Adv., Ep. for *τεῖως*, *τέως*.

τέπρεα, Ep. pl. of *τέρας*, the heavenly bodies, signs.

ΤΕΙΡΩ, impf. *τέιρον*; only found in pres. and impf.:—to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away, wear out:—Pass. to be worn away, worn out, distressed. II. intr. to suffer greatly.

τευχισι-πλήτης, ου, ὁ, (*τείχος, πελάζω*) *approacher, assailer, stormer of walls*.

τεχέω, f. ἦσω, (*τείχος*) to build walls: to build. II. to wall, fortify, c. acc.

τεχ-ῆρης, ἐς, (*τείχος, ἀραρεῖν*) enclosed by walls, beleaguered, besieged.

τεχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I *ἐτέχισα*: pf. *τετέχικα*: Pass., pf. *τετέχισμαι*: 3 sing. Ion. plqpf. *τετέχιστο*: (*τείχος*):—to build a wall, generally, to build; *τείχος τεχίσασθαι* to build oneself a wall: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. *τετέχιστο*, impers., *there were buildings*. II. to wall or fortify:—Pass. to be walled, fenced or fortified with walls.

τεχίσεις, ἐσσα, εν, (*τείχος*) walled.

τεχίον, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a wall, mostly of the walls of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town (*τείχος, τείχη*).

τεχίσαις, ἦ, (*τεχίζω*) the work of walling, building a wall.

τεχίσμα, ἀτος, τό, (*τεχίζω*) a wall or fort, a raised fortification.

τεχισμός, ὁ, (*τεχίζω*) = *τεχίσεις*.

τεχοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build a wall or fort. From *τεχο-δόμος*, ου, (*τείχος, δέμω*) building a wall.

τεχομαχέω, f. ἦσω, to attack the walls, to assault or besiege a fortified place; *τεχομαχῆν δυνατοί* skilled in conducting sieges. From

τεχο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (*τείχος, μάχομαι*) assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer. [*ᾶ*]

τεχομαχία Ion. -ῆ, ἦ, (*τεχομαχέω*) an assault of walls, a siege: this was the name of Il. 12.

τεχο-μελής, ἐς, (*τείχος, μέλος*) raising walls by music, of Amphion's lyre.

τεχο-ποῖός, ὄν, (*τείχος, ποίω*) building walls or forts: ὀ *τεχοποῖός*, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls.

ΤΕΙΧΟΣ, εος, τό, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; *τειχέων κιθῶνες* coats of wall, i. e. walls one within the other; *τείχεα ῥήσασθαι* to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from *τοῖχος, τείχιον*, as Lat. *murus, moenia* from *paries*, or city-walls from a house-wall. II. any fortification, a castle, fort: a walled town or city: a fortified post.

τεχο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (*τείχος, φύλαξ*) one that guards the walls, a sentinel, warder.

τεχυδριον, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a small wall or fortified place.

τεῖως, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for *τεῖως*.

τέκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τίκτω*.

τεκεῖν, τεκέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of *τίκτω*. *τεκμαίρομαι*: fut. *τεκμαῖρομαι*: aor. I *ἔτεκμηράμην*: Dep.: (*τέκμαρ*):—to fix by a mark or boundary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint: to mark out. II. to perceive from certain signs and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; *τεκμαίρεσθαι τὰ καινὰ τοῖς πάλαι* to judge of new by old events: to conjecture.

III. the Act. *τεκμαίρω* is rare, to shew by a sign or token.

ΤΕΚΜΑΡ Ep. *τέκμαρ*, τό, a fixed mark or boundary, a goal, end; Ἰλίου *τέκμαρ* the end of Troy: generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an end, purpose. II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token, a solemn pledge.

τέκμαρσις, ἦ, (τεκμαίρομαι) a concluding from signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way or mode of shewing.

τεκμηράμην, Ep. aor. I of *τεκμαίρομαι*.

τεκμήριον, τό, (τεκμαίρομαι) a sure sign or token, a positive proof; *τεκμήριον δέ* is sometimes put in an independent clause, *here is the proof*. II. in Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the fallible *σημείον*. Hence

τεκμηρίω, f. ὄσω, to give a token or proof, to shew or prove by evidence:—Med. to conclude from a sure sign or token.

τεκνίδιον, τό, = τεκνίον.

τεκνίον, τό, Dim. of *τέκνον*, a little child.

τεκνογονέω, (τεκνογόνος) to bear children. Hence *τεκνογονία, ἦ, child-bearing*.

*τεκνο-γόνος, ου, (τέκνον, *γένω)* begetting or bearing children.

τεκνο-κτόνος, ου, (τέκνον, κτείνω) child-murdering.

τεκνολετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τέκνον, ὄλλυμι) *losing or having lost one's children*: fem. τεκνολέτειρα, of the nightingale, *having lost her young*.

τέκνον, ον, τό, (τεκεῖν) *that which is borne or born, a bairn, child*, whether son or daughter: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, τέκνον ἔμον, *my son*: sometimes with masc. Adj., φίλε τέκνον. 2. of animals, *the young*.

τεκνοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (τεκνοποιός) *to bear children, of the mother*:—Med. *to beget children, of the father*; but Med. also of both parents, *to breed children*. Hence

τεκνοποιία, ἡ, *a bearing or begetting of children*.

τεκνό-ποιος, ον, (τέκνον, ποιή) *child-avenging*.

τεκνοποιός, ὄν, (τέκνον, ποιέω) *bearing or begetting children*.

τεκνο-σπορία, ἡ, (τέκνον, σπείρω) *a begetting of children*.

τεκνο-τροφέω, f. ἦσω, (τέκνον, τρέφω) *to bring up or rear children*.

τεκνοῦς, οὔσσα, οὖν, (τέκνον) *contr. from τεκνοῦεις, οεσσα, οεν, having children*.

τεκνο-φάγος, ον, (τέκνον, φάγειν) *eating children*.

τεκνοφονέω, *to murder children*. From

τεκνο-φόνος, ον, (τέκνον, *φονή) *child-murdering*.

τεκνώω, f. ὠσω (τέκνον), *to furnish with children*.

II. *to beget children, of the father*:—Med. of the mother, *to bear children*; metaph., χθῶν ἐτεκνώασατο τέκνα the earth gave birth to her children: also of wealth, etc. —Pass. *to be born*.

τέκνωσις, εως, ἡ, (τεκνώω) *a begetting or bearing of children*.

τέκοιεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίκτω.

τέκον, Ep. aor. 2 of τίκτω.

τέκος, εὸς, τό, Ep. dat. pl. τέκεσσι, τεκέεσσι: (τεκεῖν):—poët. for τέκνον, *a child*.

τεκταίνομαι, Dep. (τέκτων) *to make, build, frame*:—metaph. *to devise, plan, contrive*. II. later also in Act.: whence in Pass. *to be built, contrived*.

τεκτῆναιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτῆνατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτονικός, τό, (τέκτων) *a carpenter's shop*.

τεκτονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέκτων) *of or for a carpenter or builder, skilled in building*: as Subst., τεκτονικός, ὁ, *a good carpenter*; ἡ τεκτονική (sub. τέχνη) *carpentry*.

τεκτοσύνη, ἡ, *the art of a carpenter or builder: carpentry, building*. From

τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, *a worker in wood, a carpenter, joiner, builder*; νηῶν τέκτων *a ship-carpenter, ship-builder*. 2. *any craftsman or workman, a master of any art*; hence of the art of poetry, τέκτονες ὕμνων *makers of songs*. II. *a planner, contriver, plotter*: generally, *an author*.

τεκῶν, aor. 2 part. of τίκτω.

ΤΕΛΑ-ΜΩ'Ν, ὠνος, ὁ, *a broad band or strap for bearing or supporting anything, a leather strap or belt for carrying either the shield or sword*. 2. a

broad linen bandage or roller for wounds; also for swathing mummies.

τελέεις, εσσα, εν, shortened form of τελέεις.

ΤΕΛΕ'ΘΩ: 3 sing. Ion. impf. τελέθεσκε:—*to come forth, come into being, arise*: hence *to be, become*.

τέλειον, τό, *a complete feast, a royal feast*. From τέλειος or τέλειος, α, ον, in Att. also ον, (τέλος):—*complete, perfect, entire*; of victims, *without spot or blemish*: but, ἐπὶ τέλεια *are perfect sacrifices, performed with full rites*. 2. of animals, *full-grown*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a full-grown man*, Lat. *adultus*: hence *perfect in his or its kind*. 3. of numbers, etc., *full, complete*.

4. of actions, *ended, finished*: of vows, etc., *fulfilled, accomplished*: also *fixed, resolved upon*. II. act. *bringing to pass, accomplishing*; ἀπὸ τελεία *a curse working its own fulfilment*. 2. *able to do or bring about*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a man who has full rule or authority*.

τελειότης, ητος, ἡ, (τέλειος) *completeness, perfection*.

τελείω or τελεῶ, f. ὠσω, (τέλειος):—*to make perfect*: *to inaugurate, consecrate*. II. *to complete, bring to accomplishment*: *to make successful*. 2. generally, *to fulfil, accomplish, effect*.

τελείται, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of τελεῶ.

τελέω, Ep. for τελεῶ.

τελείως, doubtful form for τελέως.

τελείωσις, ἡ, (τελείω) *a becoming perfect, completion, accomplishment, consummation*.

τελειώτης, οὔ, ὁ, (τελείω) *a perfecter, finisher*.

τελεό-μηνος, ον, (τέλειος, μήν) *revolving with full completion of months*; ἄροτος τελεόμηνος, i. e. *a full twelvemonth*.

τέλεον, Ep. impf. of τελεῶ.

Τελεόντες, οί, one of the four original Attic tribes, (τελέω II) *Payers, Farmers*; or (τελέω III), *Priests*.

τέλειος, α, ον, (τέλος) = τέλειος.

τελέσεια, Acol. aor. I opt. of τελεῶ.

τελεσθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τελεῶ.

τέλεσμα, ατος, τό, (τελεῶ) *a payment, outlay*.

τέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελεῶ.

τελεσι-δότρια, ἡ, poët. for τελεσιδ-, (τέλειος, δίδωμι) *she that gives completeness or accomplishment*.

τελεσιφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for τελεσιφρών, (τελέω, φρήν) *working its complete will*.

τελεστήριον, τό, (τελεῶ) *a place of initiation*. II. plur. τελεστήρια, τά, *a thank-offering for success*.

τελεστωρ, ορος, ὁ, poët. for τελεστής, (τελεῶ) *a magistrate*.

τελεσφορέω, f. ἦσω, *to bring fruit to perfection*: generally, *to bring to perfection*. II. *to pay toll or custom*. From

τελεσ-φόρος, ον, (τέλος, φέρω) *brought to an end, coming to an end*; τελεσφόρον εἰς ἑνιαυτὸν *for the space of a complete year*. 2. *brought to an end or fulfilment, accomplished*.

II. act. *bringing to an end, accomplishing*; πεσεῖν ἐς τὸ μὴ τελεσφόρον *to fall with fruitless result, i. e. powerless, idle*. 2.

bearing fruit in due season. 3. bearing rule, having the control or management of.

τελετή, ἡ, (τελέω) a making perfect: initiation in the mysteries, the celebration of mysteries. II. in plur. mystic rites, any religious rites, a festival.

τελευμένος, Ion. part. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of τελέω.

τελευντι, Dor. for τελοῦσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.
τελευταίος, α, ον, (τελετή) at the end, last, Lat. ultimus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. neut. τὸ τελευταῖον, as Adv. the last time, last of all. 2. last, in the last place.

τελευταῖος, f, ἡώς: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. med. τελευτήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., aor. ἔτελευτήθην: pf. τετελεύτημαι: (τελετή):—to bring to an end, complete, accomplish, Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify:—Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, happen. II. τελευτᾶν τὸν βίον, τὸν αἰῶνα to bring one's life to an end, i. e. to die: absol. τελευτᾶν, to die, be deceased; τελευτᾶν ὑπὸ τινος to die by another's hand: c. gen., τελευτᾶν βίον to make an end of life. 2. intrans. to come to an end, finish; αἰ εὐτυχία ἐς τοῦτο ἐτελεύτησαν his good fortune came to this end. 3. the part. pres. τελευτῶν, ὦσα, ὦν, was used with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at last; as, κὰν γίγνεται πληγὴ τελευτῶσα there would have been blows at the last.

τελευτώ, Ion. for τελευτάω: part. τελευτόντες.
τελευτή, ἡ, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, fulfilment, accomplishment. II. a finish, end: βίον τελευτῆ the end, finish of life: absol. the end of life, death; so, θανάτιο τελευτῆ the end that death brings, Lat. mortis exitus: ἐς τελευτῆν at the end, at last: in plur. the boundaries or extremities, esp. of countries; metaph. the issues or events of things.

τελευτήσσεια, Aeol. aor. I opt. of τελευτάω.
τελέω, Ep. also τελείω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσωω, Ion. τελέω contr. τελῶ: aor. I ἐτέλεσα Ep. ἐτέλεσσα: pf. τετέλεκα:—Pass. τελέομαι Ep. -είομαι: fut. med. in pass. sense τελέσομαι Ep. τελέομαι contr. τελοῦμαι: aor. I ἐτέλεσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:—(τέλος):—to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to perform, execute, Lat. perficere; to fulfil or keep one's word: with dat. pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the accomplishment of anything: generally, to work out, accomplish one's end:—Pass. to be completed, fulfilled, accomplished: to come to pass, happen: part. pf., τὸ καὶ τετελεσμένον ἔσται which shall also be accomplished. 2. to make perfect, bring to maturity. 3. to bring to an end, finish, end: in Pass. to come to one's end. 4. sometimes intr. like τελευτάω, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also, τελεῖν εἰς τόπον to finish (one's course) to a place, i. e. arrive at it. II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to pay as tax, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend:—Pass. of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be liable to pay tax. 2. since at Athens the citizens were distributed into classes and rated according to

their property, τελεῖν meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among, as, τελεῖν εἰς ἰππέας to be rated among the knights; so of states, τελεῖν ἐς Ἕλληνας, ἐς Βοιωτοὺς to belong to, be rated among the Greeks, the Boeotians; εἰς ἀστούς τελεῖν to be rated among the citizens. III. to consecrate, initiate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to have oneself initiated, Lat. initiari; Διονύσω τελεσθῆναι to be initiated in the mysteries of Bacchus; c. acc., τελεσθῆναι Βακχεῖα to be initiated in the rites of Bacchus. 2. τελεῖν ἱερά to perform sacred rites.

τελέως, Adv. of τέλεος or τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

τελής, εσσα, εν, (τελέω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number; βέζειν τελήσας ἑκατόμβας to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemish; τελήεντες οἰωνοὶ birds of sure augury; ἔπεια τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέεις). II. τελήεις ποταμὸς, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

ΤΕΛΛΩ: f. τελῶ: aor. I ἔτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: plrpf. ἐτετάλμην:—Med. τέλλομαι, aor. I ἐτειλάμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:—Pass. to come forth, arise. 2. intr. to arise; ἡλιου τέλλοντος at sun-rise.

τέλμα, atos, τό, (τέλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond. II. the mud of a pool: mud or clay to build with, mortar.

ΤΕΛΟΣ, eos, τό, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: τέλος ἔχειν to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplishment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to have full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition, as, τέλος γάμοιο; τέλος ἡβης manhood:—generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus; τέλος βίου the end of life, then like τελευτή, without βίου, the end of life, death: but also, τέλος θανάτου the end or completion of death, i. e. death itself: so, νόστοιο τέλος the end or accomplishment of return, i. e. a safe return. 3. τέλος is often used adverbially; as τέλος for κατὰ τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, ἐς τὸ τέλος, εἰς τέλος:—in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omnino:—διὰ τέλους, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II. the end proposed, chief matter.

III. a body of soldiers, κατὰ τέλα in regular bodies, in divisions or troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νεῶν squadrons of ships; ὀρνιθῶν τέλα flocks of birds.

IV. the highest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; οἱ ἐν τέλει men in authority; so, οἱ τὰ τέλη ἔχοντες; in Att., τὸ τέλος the government, τὰ τέλη the magistrates.

V. that which is paid to the state (cf. τελέω II), a tax, duty, toll, due; τέλος πρίασθαι to farm a tax; λύνειν τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be profitable, advantageous, like λυσιντέλω. 2. at Athens, the property at which a citizen was as-

sessed: hence a class or order of citizens. VI. *consummation by being admitted to mysteries, initiation*, esp. into the Eleusinian mysteries: in pl. also, *the mysteries themselves*. 2. generally, *any religious ceremony, a solemnity*, esp. of marriage.

τέλοσδε, as Adv. *towards the end or term*.

τέλοσν, τό, collat. form of τέλος, a boundary, limit, τέλοσν ἀρούρης a piece of corn land marked off.

Τελχίν, ἴνος, ὁ, (θέλγω) one of the Telchines, the first workers in metal: also a mischievous elf:—as Adj., τελχίνες σήτες mischievous moths.

τελωνέω, f. ἦσω, to be a farmer of tolls, be a tax-gatherer, to farm the taxes. From

τελ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (τέλος, ἄνέμομαι) one who farms the tolls, customs or taxes of a state, a tax-gatherer, Lat. publicanus.

τελωνία, ἡ, (τελωνέω) the office of a farmer of the customs, the farming of the taxes.

τελωνιάσ, ἄδος, ἡ, (τελώνης) of tax-gatherers.

τελωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τελώνης) of or for tax-gathering.

τελώνιον, τό, (τελωνέω) a toll-house, custom-house.

τέμαχος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a slice cut off, a slice of salt-fish.

τεμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τεμένιος, α, ον, (τέμενος) of or in the sacred precincts; φυλλάς τεμενία the grove in the sacred precincts.

τεμενίτης [ἴ], ου, ὁ, (τέμενος) the God of the sacred precincts, epith. of Apollo at Syracuse, whence a quarter of the city was called Τεμενίτης: fem., ἡ ἄκρα ἡ Τεμενίτης the height on which stood the temple of Apollo Temenites.

τέμενος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a piece of land cut off and allotted for any purpose: a portion of land, esp. of corn-land.

II. a piece of land sacred to a god: the precincts of a temple: hence, from the worship offered to the Nile, the valley of the Nile is called τέμενος Νείλοιο.

ΤΕΜΝΩ Ion. τάνωμ: fut. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἔτεμον Ep. and Ion. ἔταμον, Ep. inf. ταμέειν: pf. τέτμηκα: Med., fut. τεμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἔταμόμην, inf. ταμέσθαι: Pass., aor. I ἐμήθημ: pf. τέτμημαι:—to cut or hew in battle, to wound, maim. 2. of the surgeon, to cut, use the knife, as opp. to cautery. II. of animals, to cut up, cut in pieces: to slaughter, sacrifice:—since truces, covenants, and the like were solemnised with sacrifices, ὄρκια τάνειν came to mean to conclude, ratify oaths, as in Lat. foedus ferire, foedus ictum.

III. of timber, to cut, cut down, fell, hew, lop: in Med. c. acc., δοῖρα τάνεσθαι to fell oneself timber; λίθους τάνεσθαι to hew stone wrought or hewn. 2. φάρμακον τέμνειν to cut or chop up a plant for medicinal purposes: metaph., πόρον τέμνειν to contrive a means. 3. τέμνειν γῆν, πεδίον, to lay waste a country by felling fruit trees, cutting the corn, etc.

IV. to cut off, sever: to part off, mark off: to divide. V. to cut or draw a line, τέμνειν ἀρουραν to plough corn land; τέμνειν ὀχέτους to cut

trenches: also, τέμνειν ὁδοῦς to cut or make roads: τέμνειν ὁδόν to cut or cleave one's way, go on, advance (cf. προκόπτω); μέσον τέμνειν to hold a middle course. 2. of ships, to cut through or cleave the waves, Lat. secare mare: so too of birds, to plough or cleave the air: absol., τέμνειν to go. VI. to cut short, bring to a crisis.

Τέμπεα contr. Τέμπη, τά, Tempé, the valley between mounts Olympus and Ossa, through which the river Peneius flows into the sea.

τεμῶ, fut. of τέμνω.

τεναγίτης [ἴ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτης, ἴδος, used as Adj., swallow. From

ΤΕΝΑΤΟΣ, εος, τό, a shoal, shallow, Lat. vadum.

ΤΕΝΑΨΩ Att. τένωθ, to gnaw, nibble at. Hence

τενεΐα, ἡ, a nibbling: epicurism, gluttony.

τένων, οντος, ὁ, (τένω) a sinew, tendon: usually, a tendon of the foot: hence the foot itself.

τένω, τένομαι, fut. act. and med. of ῥίκτω.

τέο, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of interrog. τίς. II. τεο, enclit., Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of enclit. τίς.

τέο, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεοῖσι, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τέοισι, Ion. for τίσι, dat. pl. of τίς.

τέος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. for σός, Lat. tuus.

τεοῦς, Dor. and Aeol. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεράζω, f. ἄσω, (τέρας) to interpret portents or prodigies, to bode.

τέραμνον or τέρεμνον, τό, anything closely shut, a room, chamber; only used in plur.

ΤΕΡΑΣ, gen. ατος Ep. aos Ion. εος, τό; plur., nom. τεράτᾱ Ep. τεράᾱ contr. τερά; Ep. gen. τεράων; dat. τεράσι Ep. τεράεσσι:—a sign, wonder, marvel, portent. II. anything that serves as an omen: a monster, strange creature, Lat. monstrum. 2. like Lat. signum, a sign in the heavens, a constellation, meteor; cf. τεῖρα.

τερα-σκόπος, ον, poet. for τερατο-σκόπος (τέρας, σκοπέω) boding, prophetic.

τεράσπιος, α, ον, (τέρας) of portents, portentous.

τεράτεια, ἡ, (τερατεύομαι) a dealing in the marvellous, imposture, quackery.

τεράτευμα, ατος, τό, a juggling trick, quackery. From

τεράτεύομαι, Dep. (τέρας) to talk marvels, Lat. portentosa loqui: to deal in the marvellous, be an impostor.

τερατολόγέω, f. ἦσω, (τερατολόγος) to tell of marvels.

τερατολογία, ἡ, (τερατολογέω) a telling of marvels.

τεράτο-λόγος, ον, (τέρας, λέγω) telling of marvellous sights or portents. II. pass. of which marvellous things are told, marvellous.

τεράτο-σκόπος, ον, (τέρας, σκοπέω) observing portents: as Subst., τερατοσκόπος, ὁ, a soothsayer.

τεράτοουργία, ἡ, a working of wonders. From

τεράτ-ουργός, ὄν, (τέρας, ἔργω) wonder-working.

τερατώδης, ες, (τέρας, εἶδος) like a prodigy, marvellous, wondrous.

τερατώδης, ὄν, (τέρας, ὄψ) with a marvellous face; τερατώδης ἰδέσθαι marvellous to behold.

τερεβινθίνος, ἡ, ὄν, made or taken from the turpentine-tree, made from turpentine. From

ΤΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, ἡ, the terebinth or turpentine-tree: also the resin that flows from it, turpentine.

τερεβινθώδης, ες, (τερέβινθος, εἶδος) like turpentine: full of turpentine-trees.

ΤΕΡΕΪΝΑ, fem. of τέρην.

τέρεμνον, τό, = τεράμνον.

τέρενος, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of τέρην.

τερετίζω, f. σω, to whistle. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

τερέτισμα, ατος, τό, a whistling, trilling.

τέρετρον, τό, a borer, gimlet, Lat. *terebra*. From τέρω, f. ἦσω and ἔσω, (τέρω) to bore, pierce, perforate. Hence

τερηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, the wood-worm, Lat. *teredo*.

τέρην, εἰῶ, εν, gen. τέρενος, είνης, ενος, etc.: (τέρω):—worn smooth, smooth, soft, delicate, Lat. *tener*:—

Comp. τερενώτερος.

τερηρέομαι, Dep. = τερατεύομαι, to practise juggling tricks, use rhetorical artifices.

τέρθριος, ὄ, (τέρθρον) the rope from the end of a sail-yard (τέρθρον), the brace.

ΤΕΡΘΡΟΝ, τό, an end, extremity: properly, the end of a sail-yard.

τέρμα, ατος, τό, an end, boundary, Lat. *terminus*: the goal round which horses and chariots had to turn at races, Lat. *meta*. 2. a mark for throwing or shooting at.

II. an end, limit: in plur. the boundaries.

2. metaph. the finishing point: the acmé, height, summit.

τερμίνθινος, ἡ, ὄν, = τερεβινθίνος.

τερμίνθος, ἡ, = τερέβινθος.

τερμιόεις, εσσα, εν, (τέρμα) reaching to the end; ἄσπις τερμιόεσσα a shield that covers one from top to toe; χιτών τερμιόεις a tunic reaching to the ground.

τέρμιος, α, ὄν, (τέρμα) at or coming to the end, last, final: of Time, *τερμία ἡμέρα* the day of death.

τερμόνιος, α, ὄν, (τέρμων) at the far-end.

τέρμων, ονος, ὄ, = τέρμα, a boundary. II. an end.

τερπίζομαι, ὄν, (τέρπω, κεραυνός) delighting in thunder.

τερπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέρπω) delightful, pleasant, agreeable, cheering. II. pass. delighted, pleased.—

Comp. and Sup. *τερπνώτερος*, —ότατος. Hence

τερπνώς, Adv. agreeably, pleasantly.

ΤΕΡΠΙΩ, f. ψω: aor. I *ἔτερψα*:—Pass., aor. I *ἔτερφην* or *ἔτερφθην*: aor. 2 *ἔταρπην*, inf. *ταρπῆναι* Ep. *ταρπῆμεναι*, Ep. I sing. and pl. subj. *τραπέω*, *τραπέομεν*:—Med. aor. I *ἔτερψάμην*: aor. 2 *ἔταρπόμην*, Ep. redupl. *ταρπαρόμην*, *ταρπαρο*, 1 pl. subj. *ταρπαρώμεθα*, part. *ταρπαρόμενος*:—to delight, please. II. in Pass. and Med. to be cheered, enjoy oneself, make

merry:—absol., *πῖνε καὶ τέρπου* drink and be merry. 2. c. gen. rei, to have enough of, have one's full enjoyment of, be content with. 3. rarely c. acc., *τέρπεσθαι ὄνησιν*, to enjoy profit. Hence

τερπωλή, ἡ, ποῖτ. for *τέρψις*, delight.

τερραίνω: aor. I *ἔτερσηνα* Ep. *τέρσηνα*: (τέρσομαι):—to dry, dry up, wipe up; *αἷμα μέλαν τέρσηνε* be dried up the black blood. Cp. *τέρσομαι*.

τερσιά, ἡ, like *ταρσιά*, *τρασιά*, a frame for drying anything on, a frame of wickerwork. From

ΤΕΡΨΟΣΜΑΙ: aor. 2 inf. *τερψήσθαι* Ep. *τερψήμεναι* (but no indic. *ἔτερψην* occurs):—to be or become dry, to dry, dry up, be stunted: also to be parched or dried up: c. gen., *ὄσσε διακρούφην τέρσοντο* his eyes became dry from tears. II. the Act. *τέρσω* occurs in Alexandr. poets, = *τερσαίνω*.

τερψθέη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. opt. of *τέρπομαι*.

τερψίμβροτος, ὄν, (τέρπω, βροτός) gladdening the heart of man.

τερψίνοος, ὄν, (τέρπω, νόος) gladdening the heart.

τέρψις, εως, ἡ, (τέρπω) enjoyment: gladness, delight.

Τερψι-χόρη Att. -χόρᾱ, ἡ, (τέρπω, χορός) she that delights in the dance, Terpsichoré, one of the nine Muses.

τερψίχορος, ὄν, (τέρπω, χόρος) delighting in the dance.

τέσσαρα, neut. of *τέσσαρες*.

τεσσαράβοιος, ὄν, (τέσσαρα, βοῖς) worth four steers.

τεσσαράκαιδεκα, τά, see *τεσσαρες-καιδεκα*.

τεσσαράκαιδεκάδωρος, ὄν, (τεσσαρακαιδεκα, δῶρον) fourteen handbreadths long, broad or high.

τεσσαράκαιδεκἔτης, ὄν, ὄ, (τεσσαρακαιδεκα, ἔτος) fourteen years old: fem. —έτις.

τεσσαράκοντα Att. *τεττάρκοντα*, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (*τέσσαρες*) forty, Lat. *quadraginta*. [ῥᾱ]

τεσσαράκοντᾱέτης, ὄν, ὄ, and —έτης, ἐς, (τεσσαράκοντα, ἔτος) forty years old.

τεσσαράκοντᾱόργυιος, ὄν, (τεσσαρακοντα, ὄργυια) forty fathoms high, deep, etc.

τεσσαράκοντούτης, ὄν, ὄ, contr. for *τεσσαρακονταέτης*.

τεσσαράκοστος, ἡ, ὄν, (τεσσαράκοντα) fortieth, Lat. *quadagesimus*. II. ἡ *τεσσαρακοστή* (sub. μοῖρα): I. a tax of one fortieth, i. e. 2½ per cent. 2. a fortieth, a coin of Chios.

ΤΕΣΣΑΡΕΣ, οἱ, αἱ, τέσσαρα, τά; gen. *τεσσαρών*; dat. *τέσσαραι* ποῖτ. *τέτρασι*:—Att. *τέτταρες*, *τέττᾱρα*: in Ion. prose *τέσσαρες*, *τέσσαρα*, dat. pl. *τέσσαραι*: Dor. *τέττορες* or *τέτορες*: Aeol. *πίσυρες*:—four, Lat. *quatuor*.

τεσσαρεο-καιδεκα Ion. *τεσσαρες-*, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. = *τέσσαρες* καὶ *δέκα*, fourteen: the neut. form *τεσσαρα-καιδεκα* is very rare. Hence

τεσσαρεοκαιδέκατος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. *τεσσαρεςκ-*, *ἡ* *τεσσαρεοκαιδέκατος*.

τεσσαράκοντα, Ion. for *τεσσαράκοντα*.

τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα, Ion. for *τέσσαρες*, *τέσσαρα*.

τεσσερήκοντα, f. l. for τεσσεράκοντα.
 τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of τάσσω: hence Adv.
 τεταγμένως, in set order, regularly.
 τετάγων, ὄντος, ὄ, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. with no
 pres. in use; βίβη ποδὸς τεταγών he threw him taking
 him by the foot.
 τέτακα, pf. of τείνω.
 τέταλμαι, pf. pass. of τέλλω.
 τέταλτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τέλλω.
 τέταμαι, pf. pass. of τείνω.
 τετάνος, ὄν, (τείνω) stretched, strained, smooth.
 τετάνως, ὄ, (τείνω) a stretching, straining: tension.
 τετάνυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τάνύω.
 τετάξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τάσσω.
 τεταραγμένος, pf. pass. part. of παραάσσω:—hence
 Adv. τεταραγμένως, confusedly.
 τετάρπετο, —πώμιστα, —πόμενος, Ep. redupl. aor. 2
 3 sing., 1 pl. subj., and part. med. of τέρπω.
 τεταρτάως, α, ον, (τέταρτος) of or for four days:
 on the fourth day.
 τεταρτη-μόριον, τό, (τέταρτος, μόριον) the fourth
 part; a quarter-obolus, Lat. quadrans.
 τέταρτος Ep. τέταρτος, η, ον, (τέσσαρες) the fourth,
 Lat. quartus:—neut. τὸ τέταρτον as Adv., the fourth
 time. II. ἡ τετάρτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the fourth
 day. 2. (sub. μοῖρα), a liquid measure, a quart.
 τετάσθη, Ep. 3 dual plqpf. pass. of τείνω.
 τετάτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τείνω.
 τετάχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of τάσσω.
 τετελεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of τελέω.
 τετέλεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τελέω.
 τετεύξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχα, pf. of τυγχάνω.
 τετεύχεται, τετεύχάτο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf.
 pass. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχετον, 3 dual pf. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχημαι, inf. τετεύχῆσθαι, Ep. pf. pass. with
 pres. sense, formed from the Subst. τεύχεα, without
 any pres. τεύχῃ in use:—to be armed.
 τέτηκα, intr. pf. of τήκω.
 τετιμίαι, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. τιέω in use,
 to be sorrowful, be grieved, to sorrow, mourn:—used in
 2 dual τετιήσθον; but more commonly in part. τετι-
 ημένος, τετιμημένη, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in
 phrase τετιμημένος ἦτορ grieved at heart.
 τετιήως, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pret. τιέω in
 use, = τετιμημένος, grieved, sorrowing.
 τέτιμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.
 τετιμήσθαι, pf. inf. part. of τιμάω.
 τέτισμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.
 τέτλα, shortd. for τέτλαθι.
 τέτλαθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of *τλάω.
 τετλαῖν, Ep. pf. opt. of *τλάω.
 τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [ᾗ], Ep. pf. inf. of *τλάω;
 but τέτλαμεν, 1 pl. pf. for τετλήκαμεν.
 τετλάτω [ᾗ], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of τλάω.
 τέτληκα, pf. of τλήμ.
 τετλήως, υἷα, gen. ὄτος, Ep. pf. part. of *τλάω.

τέτμηκα, pf. of τέμνω.
 τετμημένος, pf. pass. part. of τέμνω.
 τετμηώς, Ep. pf. part. of τέμνω.
 τέτμομεν, 1 pl. opt. of τέτμων.
 τέτμων, Ep. for ἔτμετον, an aor. 2 without pres. in
 use, to overtake, come upon. 2. c. gen. to partake of.
 τετοκώς, τετοκυῖα, pf. part. of τίκτω.
 τέτορες, οἱ, αἱ, τέτορα, τά, Dor. for τέσσαρες.
 τετορήσω, irreg. fut. of τορέω.
 τετρά-, shortd. for τέτορα = τέσσαρα, only found in
 compd. words.
 τετρά-βάνω, ον, gen. ονος, (τέτρα-, βαῖνω) four-
 footed, quadruped. [βᾶ]
 τετρα-γλῶχῖς, ἴνος, ὄ, ἦ, (τετρα-, γλῶχῖς) with four
 points or angles, square.
 τετρά-γῖος, ον, (τέτρα-, γῖα) as large as four acres
 (γῖα) of land. II. τετράγων, τό, as Subst., a mea-
 sure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day.
 τετραγώνεω, (τετράγωνος) an astrological term, to
 stand in square with, c. acc.
 τετράγωνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (τετράγωνος, πρόσωπον)
 square-faced, like otters and beavers.
 τετρά-γωνος, ον, (τετρα-, γωνία) with four equal
 angles, square:—as Subst., τετράγωνον, τό, a square,
 a body of men drawn up in square, Lat. agmen quad-
 ratum. II. perfect as a square, complete, per-
 fect. III. τετράγωνος ἀριθμός a square number,
 i. e. a number multiplied into itself.
 τετραδῖον, τό, (τετράς) the number of four, four
 persons or things, a quaternion. [ᾗ]
 τετρά-έλικτος, ον, (τετρα-, ἐλίσσω) four times wound
 or coiled.
 τετρά-έτης, ἐς, (τετρα-, ἔτος) = τετραετής. [ᾗ]
 τετρά-ετής, ἐς, (τετρα-, ἔτος) four years old. II.
 of four years.
 τετρά-ζυγος, ον, (τετρα-, ζυγόν) four-yoked, with
 four horses: as Subst., τὸ τετράζυγον (sc. ἄρμα) a
 four-horsed chariot.
 τετρά-θελυμος, ον, (τετρα-, θέλυμον) of four lay-
 ers; τετραθέλυμος σάκος a shield of four ox-bides.
 ΤΕΤΡΑΪΝΩ, fut. τετραῖνῶ: aor. I ἐτέρηνα Ep.
 τέρηνα: aor. I pass. ἐτεράνηθη: also (from the
 root ΤΡΑΪΝΩ), fut. τρήσω: aor. ἔτρησα: pf. pass. τέ-
 τρημαι:—to bore through, pierce, perforate.
 τετρά-και-δεκ-ετής, fem. —ετις, ἴδος, (τετρα-, και,
 δέκα, ἔτος) fourteen years old.
 τετρά-κερως, ον, (τετρα-, κέρας) four-horned. [ᾗ]
 τετρά-κέφαλος, ον, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) four-beaded.
 τετράκις, Adv. (τετρα-) four times. [ᾗ]
 τετρακισ-μύριοι, αἱ, α, (τετράκις, μύριοι) four times
 ten thousand, forty thousand. [ᾗ]
 τετρακισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, (τετράκις, χίλιοι) four thou-
 sand. [χί]
 τετρά-κλίνος, ον, (τετρα-, κλίνη) with four beds or
 couches to recline on at table.
 τετρά-κνώμος, ον, Dor. for τετρακνήμος, (τετρα-,
 κνήμη) with four spokes, fastened to a four-spoked
 wheel.

τετρά-κόρυμβος, ον, (τετρα-, κόρυμβος) with four bunches or clusters; generally, thick-clustering.

τετρά-κόρωνος, ον, (τετρα-, κορώνη) four times a crow's age.

τετρακόσιοι, αι, α, (τετρα-) four-hundred. Hence τετρακόσιοστος, ή, όν, the four-hundredth.

τετρακτύς, ύος, ή, (τετράς) the number four.

τετρά-κύκλος, ον, (τετρα-, κύκλος) four-wheeled.

τετρά-λογία, ή, (τετρα-, λόγος) a tetralogy, i. e. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus:—without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called a trilogy, τριλογία, such as the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe, and Eumenides of Aeschylus.

τετρά-μετρος, ον, (τετρα-, μέτρον) consisting of four metres, i. e. in iambic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. versus octonarius; in dactylic, choriambic, dochmiac verse, consisting of four feet:—as Subst., τετράμετρος (sub. στίχος), ό, a tetrameter or verse of four feet.

τετρά-μηνιαίος, α, ον, and τετράμηνος, ον, (τετρα-, μήν) of four months, lasting four months.

τέτραμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέπω.

τετράμοιρα, ή, a fourfold portion. From

τετρά-μοιρος, ον, (τετρά-, μοίρα) consisting of four parts, fourfold.

τετρανοβίς, αορ. I pass. part. of τετραίνω.

ΤΕΤΡΑΞ, άγος, and άκος, ό, prob. the pheasant, Lat. avis Phasianus.

τετραορία, ή, a four-borsed chariot. From

τετρά-ορος contr. τέταρος, ον, (τετρα-, άείρω) yoked four together; τετραορον άρμα a four-borsed chariot. II. four-legged. [α]

τετρά-πάλαι, Adv. four times long ago, long long ago.

τετρά-παλαιστος, ον, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) of four spans, four spans long or broad.

τετρά-πηχus, υ, gen. εος, (τετρά-, πήχus) four cubits (i. e. six feet) long, broad, etc.: of men, six feet high.

τετραπλάσιος, α, ον, (τετρα-) fourfold, four times as much, Lat. quadruplus. [πλά]

τετρά-πλευρος, ον, (τετρά-, πλευρά) four-sided.

τετραπλή, Adv. (τετρα-) in a fourfold manner, fourfold.

τετραπλόος, η, ον contr. -πλοός, ή, ούν, (τετρα-) fourfold, Lat. quadruplus: as Subst., τó τετραπλόον = τετραμοιρία, a fourfold portion.

τετρά-ποδιόδον, Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on four feet.

τετρά-ποδιότη, Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on all fours.

τετρά-πολις ποët. τετράππολις, εως, ή, (τετρά-, πόλις) of, with four cities.

τετρά-πολος, ον, (τετρά-, πολέω) turned up or ploughed four times.

τετρά-πους, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, (τετρά-, πούς) four-footed:—as Subst., τετράποδα, τά, quadrupeds. II. of four feet in length.

τετρά-περος, ον, (τετρά-, πτερόν) four-winged. Hence

τετρα-περυλλίς, ίδος, ή, (τετρα-, πτερόν) a four-winged creature, grasshopper, locust.

τετρα-πτιλος, ον, (τετρα-, πτιλον) four-winged.

τέτραπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

τετρά-πτολις, ή, ποët. for τετράπολις.

τετράρ-ρῦμος or τετράρ-ρυμος, ον, (τετρα-, ρυμός) with four poles, i. e. drawn by eight horses.

τετταρχέω, to be a tetrarch. From

τετράρ-αρχης, ον, όδ, (τετρα-, άρχω) a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country. Hence

τετταρχία, ή, a tetrarchy, the power or dominions of a tetrarch:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four tetrarchies, and so Palestine under the Romans.

τετράς, άδος, ή, (τέτταρες) the number four. 2. the fourth day.

τετρα-σκελής, ές, (τετρα-, σκέλος) four-legged, four-footed.

τετρα-στάτης, ον, (τέτρα-, στάτηρ) worth four staters, i. e. about 13 shillings.

τετρα-σύλλαβος, ον, (τετρα-, συλλαβή) of four syllables.

τετρά-σώματος, ον, (τετρα-, σώμα) with four bodies. τετράτος, η, ον, ποët. for τέτατος, fourth:—neut. τó τέτατον as Adv., for the fourth time.

τετρά-τρυφος, ον, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) broken or that may be broken into four pieces.

τέτραφα, pf. of τρέπω.

τετρά-φάληρος, ον, of a helmet, = τετράφαλος. [φά]

τετρά-φάλος, ον, (τετρα-, φάλος) of a helmet, with four φάλοι; see φάλος.

τετράφᾶται, -φάτο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

τετράφω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τρέπω.

τετρά-φύλος, ον, (τετρα-, φύλη) divided into four tribes.

τετράχᾶ, Adv. (τέτταρες) fourfold, in four parts.

τετράχῃ, Adv. = τέτραχα.

τετραχάθι, Adv. ποët. for τέτραχα.

τετρά-χους, ον contr. -χους, ουν, (τετρα-, χουές) holding four χους.

τετρά-χορδος, ον, (τετρα-, χορδή) four-stringed:—as Subst., τó τετράχορδον, the tetrachord, a scale comprising two tones and a half.

τετρά-χυτρος, ον, (τετρα-, χύτρος) made of four pots. τετρεμαίνω, redupl. form of τρέμω, to tremble.

τέτρημαι, pf. pass. of τετραίνω.

τέτρηνα, Ep. for έτέτρησαι, aor. I of τετραίνω.

τέτρηχα, intr. pf. with pres. signif. of παρασσω; part. fem. τετρηχία; 3 sing. plqpf. τετρήχει.

τετριγεί, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τρίζω. [τ]

τετριγώς, τετριγνία, pf. part. of τρίζω.

τετριγώτος, Ep. for τετριγώτας, acc. pl. pf. part. of τρίζω.

τέτριμμαι, pf. pass. of τρίβω.

τετρά-ύργυιος, ον, (τετρα-, ύργυια) four fathoms long or broad.

τέτροφα, pf. of τρέπω; also intr. pf. of τρέφω.

τετρῦσθαι, pf. pass. inf. of τρῦω.

τετρ-ῶβολος, *ov*, (τετρα-, βολός) *weighing or worth four obols*:—as Subst., τετράβολον, *tó*, a four-obol piece.

τετρώκοστος, *η*, Dor. for τεσσαρακοστός, *fortieth*.

τέτρωμα, *pf. pass. of τετράσκαο*.

τετρ-ῶρος, *ov*, contr. for τετράροσ.

τετρ-ῶροφος, *ov*, (τετρα-, ὄροφή) *of four stories*.

τετρ-ῶρυγος, *ov*, more correct form of τετράρυγιος. τέττα, an address of youths to their elders, *Father, like ἄττα, πάππα*.

τεττάρκοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-

τεπτιγο-φόρος, *ov*, (τέπτιξ, φέρω) *wearing a τέπτιξ or cicada*: epith. of the Athenians, because in early times they wore golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being *αὐτόχθονες*.

τεπτιγ-ῶδης, *es*, (τέπτιξ, εἶδος) *like a τέπτιξ or cicada*.

ΤΕΤΤΙΞ, ἴγος, *δ*, a kind of grasshopper, *the cicala*, Lat. *cicada*, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise:—see τεπτιγοφόρος.

τέτυγμα, *pf. pass. of τεύχω*.

τετύγμην, *Ep. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω*.

τετύκειν, *Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of τεύχω*.

τετύκῃσθαι, *Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of τεύχω*.

τετυμμένος, *pf. pass. part. of τύπτα*.

τέτυγμα, *ξαι, και*, *pf. pass. of τεύχω*.

τέτυγμην, *ξο, κτο*, *plqpf. pass. of τεύχω*.

τετύφωμένος, *Adv. pf. pass. part. of τυφώω, stupidly*.

τετύχηκα [ῶ], *pf. of τυγχάνα*.

τετύχθαι, *pf. pass. inf. of τεύχω*.

τετύχθω, *3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τεύχω*.

τεῦ, *Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of τύ, σύ*.

τεῦ, *Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of τίς (interrog.)*. II. τεῦ *enclit. gen. for τινός, from τίς (enclit.)*

τεῦγμα, *ατος, τό*, (τεύχω) *that which is made, a work*.

τεῦθίς, *ιδος, ἦ*, a cuttle-fish, Lat. *sepia, loligo*.

τευκτός, *ή, ὄν*, *verb. Adj. of τεύχω, made, prepared, wrought*.

τεῦξα, *Ep. aor. I opt. of τεύχω: opt. τεύξεια*.

τεῦξομαι, *fut. of τυγχάνα*. 2. *fut. med. of τεύχω*.

τεῦτλον, = τεῦτλον, *beet*.

ΤΕΥΤΛΟΝ, *τό*, Att. for σεῦτλον, a kitchen-herb, *beet*, Lat. *beta*.

τεύχεια, *τά*, see τεῦχος.

τευχσο-φόρος, *ov*, (τεύχεια, φέρω) *bearing arms, wearing armour*.

τευχηστήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, or τευχηστής, *οῦ, δ*, (τεύχεια) *an armed man, warrior*.

τεύχοισα, *Dor. pres. part. fem. of τεύχω*.

τεύχος, *εος, τό*, (τεύχω) *like ὄπλον, a tool, implement, utensil*: mostly in plur. τεύχεια *implements of war, armour, arms, barness*. 2. in plur. also the *tackle or rigging of a ship*.

3. *a vessel of any kind, as a bathing-tub, a balloting or funereal urn*. 4. *a book*, whence the term *Pentateuch or Five-books*.

ΤΕΥΧΩ, *f. ζω*: *aor. I τεύξα: Ep. aor. 2 τέτυ-*

κον: *pf. τετεύχα: Med., fut. τεύξομαι: Ep. aor. 2 τετύκωμαι: Pass., fut. 3 τετεύξομαι: aor. I ἐτεύχθη: pf. τετύγμαι: Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. τετεύχθαι, τετεύχθω:—to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge: to weave: also metaph. to work, bring about, cause: to form, create:—Pass., c. gen. rei, τεύχσθαι χρυσοῦ to be wrought of gold.*

II. c. dupl. acc. to make a person so and so: and *pf. pass. τετύγμαι is often used = εἰμι or γίγνομαι, to have been made, i. e. to be, so and so; γυναικίος ἀντὶ τέτυξο, thou badst been made, i. e. thou wert, like a woman*. 2. the *pf. pass. part. τετυγμένος* commonly means *well or fitly made, well-wrought, compact, lasting*; metaph. of a field, *well-tilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous*.

τέφρα *Ion. τέφρη, ἦ*, (τύφω) *ashes, sprinkled over the head and clothes in token of grief: the ashes of the funeral pile*.

τέφρώω, *f. ὄσω*, (τέφρα) *to reduce to ashes, consume*.

τεχθεῖς, *aor. I pass. part. of τίκτω*.

τεχνάσω, *f. ὄσω*, (τέχνη) *to use art or cunning, deal subtly, contrive cunningly*.

τεχνάεις, *εσσα, εν*, *Dor. for τεχνήεις*.

τέχνασμα, *ατος, τό*, (τεχνάσω) *anything made by art, a piece of bandiwork*. II. *an artifice, trick*.

τεχνάομαι, *f. ἦσομαι: aor. I ἐτεχνησάμην: Dep.: (τέχνη)*:—*to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully*: also followed by a relat., *to contrive that* . . .

II. τεχνάομαι also occurs as a *Pass.*, with *pf. τετέχνημαι, to be made by art*.

τέχνη, ἦ, (τεκεῖν) *art, skill, regular method of making a thing; τέχνην by rules of art*. 2. *art, craft, cunning, sleight*: in plur. *cunning devices, arts, wiles*. 3. generally, *a way, manner, means whereby a thing is gained; μηδεμιῇ τέχνην in no way; πάση τέχνην by all means; παντοίῃ τέχνην by all manner of means*. II. *an art, craft, trade*. III. *a work of art*.

τεχνήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (τέχνη) *cunningly wrought, ingenious*. *Adv. τεχνηέντως, artfully, with art*.

τέχνημα, *ατος, τό*, (τεχνάω) *that which is wrought by art, a work of art, a bandiwork*. II. *an artful device, trick, artifice*: of a man, *all trick and cunning*.

τεχνήμων, *ov*, *gen. ovos*, = τεχνήεις.

τεχνήσοσα, *contr. for τεχνηέσσα, fem. of τεχνήεις*.

τεχνικός, *ή, ὄν*, (τέχνη) *artistic, skilful*. *Adv. -κῶς, artistically*.

τεχνίτης [ῖ], *ου, δ*, (τέχνη) *an artificer, artist, craftsman, workman: one who works by rules of art*.

τεχνίτις, *ιδος, fem. of τεχνίτης*.

τεχνοσύνη, ἦ, *poët. for τέχνη, art, skilfulness*.

τέχῃ, *Ion. for τίνι, dat. of τίς (interrog.)*. 2. *τεψ*

Ion. for τινί, dat. from τίς (enclit.).

τέων, *Ion. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίς (interrog.)*. 2. *for τινῶν, gen. pl. of τίς (enclit.)*.

τέως *Ep. τεῖως, Adv. of Time, so long, meanwhile, the while*; also *before, ere this*:—*antecedent to the relat. ἔως*. II. *absol. a while, for a time*. [τέως: but it also occurs as one long syllable.]

τῆ, Ep, 2 sing. imperat., with no other form in use, like λάβε, ἔχε, φέρε, *there! take!* always followed by a second imperat., as τῆ, σπείσον Δί .. *take and pour a libation to Jove ..* τῆ, πίο οἶνον .. *take and drink wine.*

τῆ, dat. fem. of the Art. ὁ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat. ὄς. II. as Adv., like ταύτη, *here, this way.*

τῆδε, dat. fem. of ὄδε, used as Adv., *in this direction, in this way.*

τῆδί, dat. fem. of ὀδί, used as Adv. = τῆδε.

Τῆ'Θῆ or τῆθῆ, ἡ, a *grandmother.*

τῆθίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (τήθη) a *father's or mother's sister, aunt.*

Τῆ'ΘΟΣ, εος, τό, an *oyster.*

Τῆθύς, ὄος, ἡ, (τήθη) *Tethys, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia, a Sea Deity.* II. later, put for *the sea itself.*

τῆκεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (τήκω) a *melting away, wasting away*: hence *consumption, decline, phthisis.*

τῆκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τήκω, *melted, melted down so as to be poured in: soluble.*

Τῆ'κΩ Dor. τάκω: fut. τήξω: aor. I ἔτηξα: I. transit. *to melt, melt down, make to melt away; to smelt metals: metaph. to make pine or melt away.* II. Med. and Pass., f. med. τήξομαι, pass. τᾶκῆσομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἐτάκην [α̅]:—*to melt, melt away: to pine, waste away: to ooze away, vanish, fall away.* III. the pf. act. τέτηκα is used intr. = pres. pass., and plqpf.

ἐτετηκεῖν = impf. pass., *to pine, melt away; κρέα τετηκότα sodden flesh.*

τῆλαυγής, ἑς, (τῆλε, αὐγή) *far-shining, glittering from afar*: hence *far-seen, conspicuous.* Comp. and Sup. τῆλαυγέστερος, -έστατος. Adv. τῆλαυγῶς, *clearly, distinctly.*

Τῆ'λαε, Adv., like τῆλοῦ, *far off, far away, far: abroad*: c. gen. *far from.*

τῆλε-βόας, ὄν, ὄ, (τῆλε, βοάω) *shouting afar or loud.*

τῆλε-βόλος, ὄν, (τῆλε, βαλεῖν) *striking from afar.*

τῆλε-γονος, ὄν, (τῆλε, γενέσθαι) *born far from one's father or one's fatherland.*

τῆλεδαῖος, ἡ, ὄν, (τῆλε) *from a far country, foreign*: also *afar off, distant.*

τῆλεθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf. τέθηλα), used only in Ep. part. pres. τῆλεθάων, Ep. -ῶν, ὄσασα, *luxuriant, blooming, flourishing*, of trees and plants, as ὕλη, ἐλαία, δένδρα, etc.: metaph., παῖδες τῆλεθάοντες *blooming children; χαιτή τῆλεθόσασα luxuriant hair.*

τῆλε-κλειτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλέος) *far-famed.*

τῆλε-κλητος, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλητός from καλέω) *called from afar, summoned from afar.*

τῆλε-κλυτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλυτός from κλύω) = τῆλε-κλειτός.

τῆλε-μάχος, ὄν, (τῆλε, μάχομαι) *fighting from afar*: as pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, ὄ, a son of Ulysses.

τῆλε-πλάνος, ὄν, (τῆλε, πλανάομαι) *far-wandering, devious.*

τῆλε-πομπος, ὄν, (τῆλε, πέμπω) *sent from afar, far-journeying.*

τῆλε-πορος, ὄν, (τῆλε, πόρος) *far-reaching.*

τῆλε-πύλος, ὄν, (τῆλε, πύλη) *with gates far apart,*

τῆλε-σκοπός, ὄν, (τῆλε, σκοπέω) *far-seeing.* II. proparoxyt. τῆλεσκοπος, ὄν, pass., *far-seen, conspicuous.*

τῆλε-φάνης, ἑς, (τῆλε, φάνηαι) *appearing afar, seen from far*: of sound, *heard from afar.*

τῆλε-φίλον, τό, (τῆλε, φίλος) *far-love, love-in-absence*, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned: if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other, burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

Τῆλαγία, ἡ, *my flat board with a raised rim*, as, 1. a *sieve, the boop of a sieve.* 2. a *stand or platform* on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. 3. a *gambling-table.* 4. a *chimney-top*, i. e. a *lid* which covered the aperture in the roof.

Τῆλαγκός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. τάλικος, α, ὄν [γ]:—*of such an age, so old or so young*: generally, *so great*, Lat. *tantus*: anteced. to the Relative ἡλικός, Interrog. *πῆλικός.* Hence

τῆλικόσδε, -ήδε, -όνδε, and τῆλικούτος, -αὔτη ὄρ -ούτος, -ούτο, Att. for *πῆλικός*, *so very, so much.*

τῆλόθεν ὄ -θε, Adv. (τῆλοῦ) *from afar, from a foreign land*: c. gen. *far from.*

τῆλόθι, Adv. (τῆλοῦ) = τῆλε, τῆλοῦ, *far, afar, at a distance*: also c. gen., τῆλόθι πάτρης *far from fatherland.*

τῆλο-πέτης, ἑς, (τῆλε, πέτομαι) *far-flying.*

τῆλο-ρός, ὄν, collat. form of τῆλουρός.

τῆλοσ, Adv. (τῆλοῦ) *to a distance, far away.*

τῆλοτάτω, Adv., Sup. of τῆλοῦ, *furthest away.*

τῆλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τῆλοῦ, *farther away.*

τῆλοῦ, Adv., like τῆλε, *afar, far off or away, in a far country*: also c. gen. *far from.*

τῆλο-ουρός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὄρος) *with distant boundaries or confines*: generally, *far, distant, remote.*

τῆλυγετος, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, an epith. of sons, *who have no brother*, or of daughters *who have no sister, a darling*; hence in bad sense, τῆλυγετος ὄς like a *spoilt child* or *pet.* II. *born afar off.* (The latter sense points to the deriv. τῆλε, *γένω. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τῆλο-ωπός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὤψ) *looking afar, seeing to a distance.* II. pass. *perceived or heard from afar.*

τῆμελέω, f. ἦσασ, *to take care of*, c. gen. 2. *to heed, look after, see to*, c. acc. From

τῆμελής, ἑς, *careful, heedful.* (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix τῆ- added.)

τῆμερα, τῆμερον, Att. for τῆ ἡμέρον.

τῆμη, Att. crasis for τῆ ἔμη.

τῆμος, Adv. *then, thereupon*; ἑς τῆμος *till then.*

τῆμόσδε Dor. ταμόσδε, Adv. = τῆμος.

τῆμοῦτος, Adv. = τῆμος.

τῆνεῖ, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, *there*: also for ὄδε *here.*

τῆνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate

the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, *τήμελλα ὦ καλλίνικε, χαίρε*; hence *τήμελλα καλλίνικε* became a common mode of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence

τήμελλος, ὁ, Comic word, *a conqueror who is received with a cry of τήμελλα, a victor in the games.*

τηνικά, Adv. (τήνος) at this or that time of day, then. [r]

τηνικάδε, Adv. (τηνικά) at this time of day, so early; αὔριον τηνικάδε to-morrow at this time of day. [α]

τηνικάυτα, commoner form for *τηνικά*, *at this particular time*: s. gen., *τηνικάυτα τοῦ θέρους at this time of the summer.* II. *in this case, then.*

τηνόθι, Adv. (τήνος) Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there.

τήνος, τήνα, τήνο, Dor. for κήνος, = κείνος, ἐκείνος, that. Hence

τηνώ, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there.

τηνώθε and *-θεν, Adv., Dor. for ἐκείθεν, thence.*

τηξί-μελής, ἑς, (τήκα, μέλος) melting or wasting away of the limbs.

τήπερ, Ep. and Ion. for ἦπερ, dat. fem. of ὄσπερ, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

τηρέω, f. ἦσω, (τηρός) to give heed to, watch narrowly; to take care of, keep, guard; τηρεῖν εἰρήνην to keep, observe peace. 2. metaph. *to observe, watch for a person or thing; τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέληνον having watched for a moonless night.* II.

Med., f. ἦσομαι, like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, take care or heed: fut. med. τηρήσομαι is also used in pass. sense. Hence

τήρησις, εως, ἡ, a watching, guarding: vigilance. II. *a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison.*

ΤΗΡΟΣΨ, ov, a watch, guard.

τής, τῆσι, Ep. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of ὁ and ὅς.

τητάω, f. ἦσω, to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be in want: c. gen. *to be bereft or deprived of a thing.*

τήτες, Adv., Att. for Ion. σῆτες, this year, of or in this year. (From *ἔτος, as τῆμερον from ἡμέρα.*)

τήτινος, η, ov, (τήτης) of this year, Lat. hornius.

τητόςος, α, ov, empty, idle, vain. Adv. -ως, in vain.

τί and τί, neut. of τίς (interrog.) and τίς (enclit.).

τιάρᾱ [α], ἡ, or τιάρας Ion. τῆρης, ov, ὁ, a tiāra, the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

τιάρο-εἰδής, ἑς, (τιάρα, εἶδος) shaped like a tiara, like or resembling a tiara.

τιέμεν, τιέμεναι, Ep. inf. for τίειν.

τίσκεν, τίσκειτο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med. of τίω.

-τίη, strengthd. for τί; why? wherefore?

τιθήης, ov, ὁ, Ion. for τιάπας.

τιθαβίωσσω, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make honeycombs. (Akin to *τιθῆνη, τιθασός.*)

τιθάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (τιθασός) a barn-door fowl.

τιθάστυής, οὔ, ὁ, one who tames, domesticates.

From

τιθάσεύω, to tame, break in, domesticate. From

-τιθάσός, ὄν, (τιθῆ, τιθῆνη) tamed, domesticated, of

animals, *tame*: of plants, *cultivated*: of men, *moderate, mild*: metaph., *τιθασός Ἄρης domestic strife.*

τιθέμεν, for τίθεμεν, like διδόμεν for δίδομεν, I pl. pres. of τίθημι: so τιθέωσι, 3 pl. for τιθεῖσι.

τιθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, pres. part. of τίθημι.

τιθεῖς, τίθει, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. impf. of τίθω = τίθημι.

τιθεῖς, τίθει, 2 and 3 sing. of τίθω = τίθημι.

τιθέμεν, Ep. for τιθέναι, inf. of τίθημι: but τιθε-

μεν, I pl.

τιθεν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἐτίθεσαν Ep. τίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of τίθημι.

τίθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of τίθημι.

τίθεσο Ep. τίθεσσο, pres. med. imperat. of τίθημι.

τιθέω, poet. form of τίθημι, whence 2 and 3 sing.

τιθεῖς, τίθει, and impf. ἐτίθει, ἐτίθει Ep. τίθει.

τιθήμεναι, Ep. for τιθέμεναι, τιθέναι, inf. of τίθημι.

τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος, pres. med. part. of τίθημι.

τίθημι, τίθης, τίθησι, also Ep. 2 sing. τίθησθα; 3 pl. τιθείσι Ion. τιθεῖσι; inf. τιθέναι Ep. τιθήμεναι, τιθέμεν; Impf. ἐτίθην, Ep. 3 pl. τίθεσαν; Ion. τίθεσκον: (There are also some forms from the pres. τιθέω, q. v.): Fut. θήσω, Ep. inf. θησέμεναι or θησέμεν: Aor. I ἔθηκα Ep. θῆκα: Pf. τέθεικα, plqpf. ἔθησέικειν: Aor. 2 ἔθην only used in pl. ἔθεμεν, ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν Ep. θέσαν; imperat. θές; subj. θῶ Ion. θέω. I pl. θέωμεν; lengthd. Ep. θεῖω, 2 sing. θῆης, pl. θείομεν for θέωμεν, θῶμεν; opt. θείην, pl. θείημεν or θέιμεν, θεῖτε, θεῖσιν; inf. θεῖναι Ep. θέμεναι, ἔθεμεν; part. θεῖς.—MED. τίθεμαι, τίθεσθαι, τίθεται; imperat. τίθεσο, τιθοῦ, Ep. part. τιθήμενος: impf. ἐπιθέμην: Fut. θησομαι: Aor. I ἔθηκαμην, Ep. 3 sing. θήκατο: part. θηκάμενος: Aor. 2 med. ἔθεμην; imperat. θέο contr. τοῦ; opt. θέιμην, 3 sing. θεῖτο.—

Pass. τίθεμαι: fut. τεθήσομαι: aor. I ἐτέθην: pf. τεθήμεναι: plqpf. ἐτεθήμην. To place, put, set, Lat. ponere; θεῖναι τινί τι ἐν χερσὶ to place a thing in a person's hands: metaph., θεῖναι τι ἐπος ἐν φρεσὶ or βουλῇ ἐν στήθεσσι, to plant a word, warning, etc., in his mind; but, τιθέμεν νόω to lay a thing to one's own heart, bear in mind.—MED., θέσθαι θυμὸν ἐν στήθεσσι to lay up or treasure anger in one's heart.

II. *to fix, settle, determine; τιθέναί ἀγῶνα to appoint, bold games: of the prizes, θεῖναι ἐς μέσον to set them in the middle, propose them for competition; also of sovereign power, οὐκ ἐς μέσον ἀρχὴν τιθεῖς throwing it open to you publicly.* 2. *to assign, award; θεῖναι νόμον to lay down, fix the law, of a king or legislator; θέσθαι νόμον to give oneself a law, of the people.* 3. *to ordain, establish, order, institute.* 4. *in Med. to fix in common with others, agree upon, set le.*

III. *to set up, in a temple, to devote, dedicate.*

IV. *to assign to a place or class, to hold, reckon, esteem: to believe, consider.*

V. *in Med., τίθεσθαι ψῆφον to put down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence τίθεσθαι τὴν γνώμην to determine, decide: τίθεσθαι τινί (sc.*

τὴν ψῆφον) to decide in a person's favour: τίθεσθαι τῇ γνώμῃ to agree or subscribe to an opinion. 2. to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, discharge. VI. to deposit, as in a bank. VII.

in military language, τίθεσθαι τὰ ὄπλα has three senses: 1. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take up one's quarters: generally, to take up a position. 2. to get soldiers under arms, to draw them up in order of battle. 3. to lay down one's arms, surrender.

VIII. τίθημι is often used of persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; ναὺν λαὸν ἔθηκε he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, appoint. 2. with an Adj., θεῖναι τινα ἀθάνατον καὶ ἀγήραον to make him undying and undecaying. 3. παῖδα τίθεσθαι τινα to make him one's child, adopt him, like θετὸν παῖδα ποιεῖσθαι.

IX. of things, to make, cause, bring to pass:—Med. to make or prepare for oneself; θέσθαι δῶμα to build oneself a house; θέσθαι κέλευθον to make oneself a road. 2. εἶ or καλῶς θέσθαι τί to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it. X. τίθημι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκέδασον κεῖναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσαι; θεῖναι κρύφον, θεῖναι αἶνον, for κρύπτειν, αἰεῖν, etc.

τίθημι, f. ἦσω, to take care of, tend, nurse; and so generally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med. From

τίθῃνη, ἡ, (τιθνήσκει) a nurse. τίθῃνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τιθνήσκω) = τιθνήσκω. Hence τίθῃνητήριος, α, ον, nursing, tending. τίθῃνός, ὄν, (τίθῃνη) nursing: as Subst., τιθνήσκει, ὁ, a foster-father.

τίθησθα [τ], Ep. for τίθησι, 2 sing. of τίθημι. τίθητι [τ], Dor. for τίθησι, 3 sing. of τίθημι. τίθημαλος, ὁ, irreg. pl. τὰ τίθημαλα:—spruce, Lat. *euphorbia*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Τίθωνός, ὁ, *Tibonus*, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Memnon: metaph. of a decrepit old man, because he had immortal life without the continuance of youth.

τίκτω, for τιτέκω, which is formed by redupl. from Root *TE'KŌ: fut. τέξω or τέξομαι, poet. τεκούμαι, inf. τεκείσθαι: aor. 2 ἔτεκον Ep. τέκον: pf. τέτοκα, part. τετοκώς, υἷα, ὄσ:—Med. *τίκτω* occurs in the same sense:—to bring into the world, I. of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. *parere*. 2. of the father, to beget, Lat. *gignere*: hence, 3. οἱ τεκίοντες the parents; ὁ τεκίον the father; ἡ τεκούσα the mother: and even as Subst. c. gen., ὁ κείνου τεκίον his father.

II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to hatch; ἄν τικτεῖν to lay eggs. III. of trees, to bear, produce. IV. metaph. to produce, bring about, give birth to.

τίλλουσα, Dor. for τίλλουσα, fem. part. of τίλλω. ΤΥΛΛΩ, f. τίλλω: aor. 1 ἔτιλα: pf. pass. τέτιλαμι:—to pluck, pull, tear, esp. the hair in token of lamentation:—Med., χαίτας τίλλεσθαι to pluck out

one's hair. 2. from tearing the hair in token of sorrow, it came to mean absol. to mourn bitterly for any one. 3. to pluck at, vex, annoy.

τίλων, ὁ, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake Prusias.

τιλμός, ὁ, (τίλλω) a plucking, tearing.

τίλφη, ἡ, = σίλφη.

τίμαλφέω, f. ἦσω, to do honour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τίμ-αλφής, ἑς, (τιμή, ἀλφεῖν) fetching a price: hence, costly, precious.

τιμάν, Dor. for τιμήν.

τιμάντα, Dor. for τιμήντα, acc. of τιμήν.

τίμ-όρος, ον, Dor. for τιμωρός.

τίμά-οχος, ον, poet. for τιμούχος, held in honour, honoured, esteemed.

τιμᾶσύντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of τιμάν.

τιμᾶω, f. ἦσω: aor. 1 ἐτίμησα: pf. τετίμηκα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but always in pass. sense): aor. 1 ἐτιμήσαμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paullo-p. fut. τετιμήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐτιμήθην: pf. τετιμήμαι: (τιμή) —to deem or hold worthy, to honour, respect, revere, hold in reverence; in Pass. c. gen. rei, τετιμήσθαι τιμῆς to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love. 2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen. to estimate or value at a certain price; πλοῖα τετιμημένα χρημάτων vessels valued at a certain sum: Med., πολλοῦ τιμᾶσθαι, like πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι, to hold in much account. II. c. dat. rei, to honour with a thing, τιμᾶν τινα τάφω, στεφάνοις, etc., to honour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward. III.

as Act. law-term: I. Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punishment due to the prisoner, Lat. *litem aestimare*; τ. τὴν δίκην to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακρὰν τινα to award the long line, i. e. sentence of death; hence, τιμᾶν τινα θανάτου (sc. δίκην) to give sentence of death against a man. 2. Med., of the accuser, τιμᾶσθαι τινα [δίκην] δεσμῶν, φυγῆς, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc.: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called ἀντιτιμᾶσθαι or ἰοπιμᾶσθαι.

τιμή, ἡ, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing. II. metaph. the honour in which one is held, worship, esteem, respect. 2. a place or post of honour, rank, dignity. 3. generally, distinction, privilege: hence a dignity, office, magistracy. 4. an offering to the gods, Lat. *bonor*: a reward, present. III. a prizing, valuing. 2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong, and so punishment, damages. Hence

τιμήεις, εσσα, εν; contr. τιμῆς, acc. τιμήντα; Dor. τιμᾶεις:—valued, honoured, esteemed, of men. 2. of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. τιμηέστερος: Sup. —έστατος.

τίμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμᾶω) that which is estimated or valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, τίμημα

τύμβου the honour of a tomb.

valuation; esp. the estimate of damages: hence a penalty, punishment: a fine.

2. the value at which an Athenian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census; ἡ ἀπὸ τιμημάτων πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment. [Ὶ]

τιμῆντα, poet. for τιμήντα, contr. acc. of τιμήεις.

τιμή-ορος, ov, Ion. for τιμάορος, τιμαρός.

τιμῆς, poet. contr. for τιμήεις.

τιμήσις, εως, ἡ, (τιμάω) an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing; an assessment of damages. [Ὶ]

τιμήσσα, contr. poet. for τιμήσσα, fem. of τιμήεις.

τιμητεία or τιμητία, ἡ, (τιμητής) the censorship at Rome, Lat. censura.

τιμητέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, to be honoured.

II. τιμητέον, one must honour.

τιμητής, ου, ὁ, (τιμάω) a valuer, assessor.

II. at Rome, a censor.

τιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τιμητής) estimating, valuing; for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment.

II. at Rome, of censorial rank.

τιμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, estimated, valued, assessed: as Att. law-term, δίκη τιμητή a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to δίκη ἀτιμητος, where the penalty is fixed by law.

τιμιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (τιμή) valued: of persons, esteemed, held in honour: of things, prized, precious, honourable.

2. of high price, dear, Lat. carus.

Hence

τιμιότης, ητος, ἡ, worth, value, preciousness.

τιμος, ὁ, poet. form for τιμή.

τιμωρέω, f. ἦσω, (τιμαρός) to help, aid, succour: esp. by way of redressing injuries, to avenge:—in full, τιμαρῆναι τινι τοῦ παιδὸς τὸν φονέα to avenge a man on the murderer for (the murder of) his son:—Pass., τιμαρῆσθαι τινι to have vengeance taken for any one.

II. Med., f. —ήσομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) τιμαρῆμαι:—to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers.: also c. gen. rei, τιμαρῆσθαι τινά τιος to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing: absol. to avenge, right oneself, seek vengeance.

Hence

τιμωρήμα, ατος, τό, help, aid, succour.

II. an act of vengeance.

τιμωρητέον, verb. Adj. of τιμωρέω, one must assist: one must avenge, punish.

τιμωρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τιμωρέω) a helper, aider.

2. an avenger.

τιμωρία Ion. —τη, ἡ, (τιμωρέω) help, aid, succour.

II. vengeance, retribution: also punishment, torture.

τιμωρός, ὄν, (τιμή, αἰρω) contr. from τιμάορος: helping, aiding, succouring: as Subst., τιμαρός, ὁ, a helper, aider.

II. avenging, punishing for wrong.

τίν, like τεῖν, Dor. for σοί, dat. of σὺ.

for σέ.

II. Dor.

τίναγμα, ατος, τό, (τινάσσω) a shake, quaking.

τινάκτηρ, ἦρος, and τινάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (τινάσσω) one who shakes, a shaker: fem. τινάκτειρα.

τιναξάσθη, Ep. 3 dual aor. I of τινάσσω.

τινάσσω, f. ξω, (τεῖνω) to swing, shake, brandish: disturb, upset: of a harp, to make the strings quiver:—Pass. to be shaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear.

τιναχθεῖς, aor. I pass part. of τινάσσω.

τιναχθέν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

τινώμαι, Med., poet. for τίνομαι, to take vengeance upon, punish, chastise, c. acc. pers.: absol. to avenge oneself.

2. to avenge, take vengeance for.

τινώ [Ὶ Ep, Ὶ Att, Ὶ f. τίσω [Ὶ]: aor. I ἐτίσα: pf. act. τέτικα, pass. τέτισμαι:

1. Act. to pay a price, mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas: also to pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: τίνειν χάριν τινί to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one pays is put in gen., τίνειν ἀμοιβὴν βούων to pay compensation for the oxen: but, the price being omitted, in acc., to pay or atone for a thing, τίσαι ὕβριν to atone for one's insolence: also c. acc. pers. to make atonement, pay the price for a person slain: absol. to make return or recompence, repay.

II. Med. to have a price paid one, make another pay for a thing, avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo:—mostly c. acc. pers. et c. gen. rei, τίσεσθαι Ἀλέξανδρον κακότητος to punish Alexander for his wickedness: c. acc. rei only, to take vengeance for a thing: but also c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, τίσεσθαι τινι δίκην to exact retribution from a person: but also with the means of punishment in the dat., τίσεσθαι τινι φυγῇ to requite, punish with exile: absol. to repay oneself, take vengeance.

τιό, τῶ, imitation of a bird's note.

τιον, Ep. for ἐτιον, impf. of τίω.

τί-ποτε; contr. τίπτε; Adv. (τί, πότε) what or why then? why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. quid tandem?

ΤΙΣ, neut. ti; gen. τινός Ep. τευ Att. τού; dat. τινί Ep. τῷ or τῷ; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινές, τινά;

gen. τινῶν; dat. τισί; acc. τινάς, τινά:—indef. Pronoun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., one, any one, some one, freq. answering to our indef. Article, α, an: of places and things, νῆσός τις an island, etc.; neut. anything, something: εἰ τις εἶ τι, Lat. si quis, si quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whatever.

II. τις is often used indef. of a number of persons, as ἄδε δέ τις εἶπεσκεν but thus some one said, i. e. thus men said.

2. like ἕκαστος or πᾶς, each, each one, every one; εἷ μὲν τις δόρυ θηξάσω let each man look to sharpening his spear; ἀλλά τις αὐτὸς ἴτω let each come of himself.

3. so in Att., φοβεῖται τις some one fears, fear is among them; πείσεται τις some one will suffer.

III. τις, τι, of a person or thing, some great person, some great thing, ἡχῆς τις εἶναι

you boasted that you were *somebody*: opp. to οὐδείς, μηδείς; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. to οὐδὲν λέγειν.

2. emphatically *a man*, opp. to *a brute*; τις ἢ κίων *a man or a dog*: but also in sign of contempt, *somebody or other*, Θεορίτης τις ἦν there was one Thersites: hence τις is used for *a slave*.

IV. joined with Adjs., τις makes them less precise; μαινόμενος *a madman*, μαινόμενός τις *a crazy sort of fellow*: so with an Adj. of number or size, οὗς τις *such a kind of person* as.; πᾶς τις *every one*; εἷς τις *some one*; ὀλίγοι τινές *some few*; τρεῖς τινες *some three or so*.

2. joined with Adjectives, *somewhat, in a certain way*; ἤττον τι *somewhat less*.

V. in long sentences τις is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when ὅστις follows in the relative clause, τις must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

ΤΙΣ, neut. τί; gen. τίνος, Hom. τέω contr. τεῦ, Att. τού; dat. τινί Att. τῷ; acc. τίω, neut. τί; Plur. τίνες, τίνα; gen. τίνων Hom. τίνων; dat. τίσι; acc. τίνας, τίνα;—interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. *who? which? neut. what? which?* Lat. quis, quae, *quid?* strength. τίς γάρ; τί γάρ; like Lat. quisnam? *quidnam? es τί; until when? how long?* with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; τίς δ' οὗτος ἔρχεται; *who art thou that comest?*

II. the question is modified by ἄν or κεν and a change of mood; τίς ἄν or κεν with the opt. expresses strong doubt, *who could, who would do so?* when there is no doubt the ἄν or κεν is omitted, τίς ἐργάσατο *who could do it?* i. e. no one.

III. τίς is also used in indirect questions; ἰρώτα δὴ ἔπειτα, τίς εἶη καὶ πόθεν ἔσθαι he asked thereupon who he was, and whence he came.

IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; ἐκ τίνος τίς ἐγένετο; *who is he, and from whom descended?*

V. τίς is also used for ποῖος; *of what sort?* as Lat. quis for qualis? so also for πότερος; as Lat. quis for uter?

VI. τί; alone, the question refers to something going before.

VII. τί; often stands absol. as Adv., *how? for why? wherefore?* 2. τί δέ; *but how?* 3. τί δὴ; τί δὴ ποτε; *why ever? τί δῆτα; how pray?* expressing surprise.

4. τί μήν; *why not? how else?* i. e. *yes surely!* Lat. quidni?

[τί was never elided, and sometimes stands before a vowel even in Trag., as τί οὖν; τί εἶπας;]

τίσαιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of τίω.

τίσις [τ], εως, ἡ, (τίνω) *payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; τίσιν δούνα to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare.*

II. *a requital in good sense, reward.* III. in plur. *retributive justice, retribution.*

τίσων, aor. I imperat. of τίνω; inf. τίσαι.

τίσω [τ], fut. of τίνω; also aor. I subj.

τίταινω, aor. I ἐτίτηνα, Ep. for τείνω, τανύω, *to stretch*: Med., τόξα τιταίνεσθαι *to stretch one's bow.* 2. *to spread out or along, spread, ex-*

tend:—Med. or Pass. *to stretch oneself, to extend, spread.* 3. *to draw along*:—in Med. *to strain or exert oneself*; τιταίνοντες πεδίωσιν *stretching on over the plain*; ἀψ ὥσασκε τιταίνόμενος he thrust it back exerting himself, with all his strength.

τίταινω, part. from Τίταν, aor. in passage, φάσκει δὲ τιταίνοντας ἀπασθάλῃ μέγα βέβαι ἔργον he said that, being Titans, they had done violence in their pride.

Τίταν [τ], ἄνω, δ, mostly in plur. Τίτᾶνες, Ep. and Ion. Τίτῆνες, οἱ, *the Titans*, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets Titan is a name for the Sun.

Τίτανῖς Ion. Τιτηνίς, ἴδος, fem. of Τίταν, *a Titaness.*

ΤΙΤΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, *a white earth, chalk or gypsum.*

Τίτᾶν-ῶδες, ες, (Τίτᾶν, εἶδος) *like Titans*; Τίτᾶν-ῶδες βλέπειν *to look Titanic.*

τίτας, ου, δ, (τίω) Dor. for τίτης, = τιμαρός, *an avenger.* [τ]

Τιτῆνες, οἱ, Ep. and Ion. for Τιτᾶνες.

τιτθεῖα, ἡ, *a suckling by a nurse, fostering.* From

τιτθεῖω, f. σω, *to suckle, nurse, foster.* From

ΤΙΤΘΗ, ἡ, *the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse.*

τιτθίον, τό, Dim. of τίτθος, *a nipple, teat.*

ΤΙΤΘΟΣ, δ, *the teat or nipple of a woman's breast.*

τίτλος, ου, δ, formed from Lat. titulus, *a title, superscription.*

τιτρώσκα, f. τρώσω; aor. I ἔτρωσα; Pass., fut.

τραθῆσκα, but also fut. med. τρώσομαι in pass.

sense: aor. I ἐτρώθην; pf. τέτρωμαι; (formed from

Root *TRŌŌ):—*to wound, hurt; τετρώσκα τὸν μηρὸν to have been wounded in the thigh*:—of ships,

to damage, cripple, scatter: of wine, *to overpower.*

τιττῆβίζω, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, *to twitter, chirrup.*

(Formed from the sound.)

Τίτυο-ιπτόνος, δ, (Τίτυός, κτείνω) *slayer of Tityos.*

Τίτυός, δ, Tityos, son of Gaia, a giant.

τίτσομαι, only used in pres. and impf., akin both

to τεύχω and τυγχάνω: I. like τεύχω, *to make, make ready, prepare.* II. like τυγχάνω, *to aim;*

ἔντα τιτσοκθεῖαι *to aim straight before one*; c. gen. *to aim at an object.* 2. metaph., φρεσὶ τιτσοκθεῖαι *to aim at a thing in one's mind*, i. e. *to purpose or design to do, c. inf.*

ΤΙΦΗ, a kind of beetle or *water-spider*, that runs on the top of smooth water. [τ]

τίφθ', for τίπτε, before an aspirate.

τίφος, εος, τό, *a pool.*

ΤΙΩ [τ], Ep. inf. τιέμεν; impf. ἔτιω; Pass., pres.

τιομαι; pf. ἐτίμαι, part. τετιμένος:—Ion. impf. act.

and pass. τίσκομαι, τιεσκόμεν, 3 sing. τίσκετο:—*to pay honour to a person, to esteem, honour, respect,*

regard: also of things, θεοὶ δίσκην τίουσιν *the gods honour right.* 2. *to value or rate at a certain worth.*

II. fut. and aor. I act. τίσω, ἔτισα, and

fut. and aor. I med. τίσομαι, ἐτίσαμεν, are only used

in the sense of *τίνω*, *τίνομαι*:—in Act. to pay a price, make return: in Med. to have a price paid, or return made one: see *τίνω*.

τλά-θύμος, *ον*, Dor. for τλήθυμος.

τλαίην, *αορ.* 2 opt. of *τλάω.

τλάμων, Dor. for τλήμων.

τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν, *αορ.* 2 part. of *τλάω.

*ΤΛΑΩ, a radic. form never found in pres.: fut.

τλήσσομαι: *αορ.* 2 ἐτλην (formed as if from τλημί), imperat. τλήθι, opt. τλαίην, Ep. 3 pl. τλαίειν (for τλαίησαν), inf. τλήναι, part. τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν: pf. τέτληκα, also used in pres. sense; from this pf. is formed imperat. τέτλαθι, τετλάτω [ᾶ]; opt. τετλαίην; inf. τετλάναι [ᾶ] Ep. τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι, Ep. part.

τετληώς, τετληυῖα, gen. τετληότος:—there is also a poet. *αορ.* I ἐτάλασα (as if from a pres. ταλάω), Ep.

ἐτάλασσα, subj. ταλάσσω, ης, η:—to take upon oneself, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship: sometimes absol., esp. in imperat. τλήθι, bear up, endure: so in pf. part., τετληότη θυμῷ with enduring, patient heart.

II. to bear steadfastly, hold out: c. inf. to dare to do something, whether good or bad: also c. acc. to dare a thing, i. e. dare to do it.

τλή, Ep. 3 sing. *αορ.* 2 of *τλάω.

τλή-θύμος Dor. τλά-, *ον*, (*τλάω, θυμός) of enduring soul, stout-hearted.

τλήμεναι, Ep. *αορ.* 2 inf. of *τλάω.

τλημόνος, Adv. of τλήμων, patiently.

τλημοσύνη, ἡ, *ιθα* which is to be endured, misery, distress. II. endurance, patience. From τλημων, *ονος*, ὁ, ἡ, vocat. τλήμων, (*τλάω) suffering, enduring: hence, I. patient, steadfast, stout-hearted: also bold, daring: in bad sense, reckless, rash, Lat. *audax*. II. full of suffering, wretched, miserable.

τλήναι, *αορ.* 2 inf. of τλάω.

τλησι-κάρδιος, *ον*, (*τλάω, καρδία) of patient heart, much-enduring, miserable. II. bard-hearted.

τλήσομαι, fut. of *τλάω.

τλήτε, 2 pl. *αορ.* 2 imperat. of *τλάω.

τλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τλάω: I. act. suffering, patient, constant in suffering or labour. II.

pass. suffered, endured: to be suffered, endurable.

τμάγεν, Ep. 3 pl. *αορ.* 2 pass. of τμήγω. [ᾶ]

τμάγον, Ep. for ἐτμάγον, *αορ.* 2 of τμήγω.

τμήγω, f. τμήξω: *αορ.* I ἐτμηξα: *αορ.* 2 ἐτμάγον: *αορ.* I med. ἐτμηξάμην: *αορ.* 2 pass. ἐτμάγην [ᾶ] and ἐτμήγην: Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, to cut, cleave:—Pass. to be divided, be parted asunder. Hence

τμήδην, Adv. by cutting, scratching, grazing.

τμηθῆναι, *αορ.* I pass. inf. of τέμνω.

τμήξας, *αορ.* I part. of τμήγω.

τμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέμνω) cut, heven, cut into shape. 2. cut lengthwise, furrowed.

τμητο-σίδηρος, *ον*, (τμητός, σίδηρος) cut down with iron.

τοδί, neut. of ὀδί.

τόθεν, demonstr. Adv., answering to relat. ὅθεν and

interrog. πόθεν, (properly an old form of the gen. τοῦ) hence, thence. II. hence, therefore, thenceupon.

τόθι, demonstr. Adv. there, in that place. II. also for relat. ὅθι, where.

τοί, enclit. Particle of inference, therefore, accordingly; also strengthening an assertion, in truth, in sooth, verily: it is often joined with other Particles: with ἄρα it coalesces by crasis into τάρα, with ἄν into τάν, with μέντοι ἄν into μεντάν.

τοί, Dor., Ion., and Ep. for σοί, dat. sing. of σύ: always enclitic.

τοί, ταί, Ep. and Ion. nom. plur. masc. and fem. of the Art. ὁ and the Relat. ὅς.

τοι-γάρ, strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle τοί, so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly.

τοι-γαρ-οὖν Ion. τοι-γαρ-ᾶν, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, therefore indeed, therefore assuredly.

τοι-γάρ-τοι, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, used at the beginning of a speech or narrative.

τοῖν, Ep. for τοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of ὁ.

τοί-νυν, (τοί, νυν) strengthd. form of the Particle τοί, so then, therefore. 2. in Att. often used to continue a speech, further, moreover.

τοῖο, Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. ὁ.

τοῖος, τοία Ion. τοίη, τοῖον: (from τοῖο, old gen. of ὁ, ἡ, τό):—of such kind, nature or quality, such, such-like, Lat. *talis*, demonstr. Pron., to which the relat. οἷος, interrog. ποῖος, and indefn. ποῖος correspond: τοῖος in Homer commonly refers to something gone before: in later authors it points to something to come, the following. 2. τοῖος c. inf., such as to do, i. e. fit or able to do; τοῖοι ἀμυνέμεν able to assist; cf. οἷος. II. with an Adj. it makes the sense of the Adj. more prominent, so very, just; ἐπικρῆς τοῖος just of moderate size; κερδαλέος τοῖος so very crafty. III. Homer uses neut. τοῖον as Adv., so, thus, so very, so much.

τοῖσδε, τοιάδε Ion. τοιήδε, τοῖωνδε: Att. also τοιοσδί, etc., like τοῖος, with stronger demonstr. sense, of such kind, nature or quality; more commonly of what follows than what has gone before, to which τοιοῦτος properly refers; ἕτερος τοῖσδε just such another.

τοιοῦτος, τοιαύτη, τοιοῦτο, Att. also τοιοῦτον: and in strengthd. form Att. τοιοῦτοσί, like τοῖος and τοῖσδε, of such kind, nature or quality: more commonly of what has gone before than what follows, such as the foregoing: absol., ἐν τῷ τοιοῦτῳ, ἐν τοῖς τοιοῦτοις in such a state of things: strengthd., τοιοῦτος ἕτερος: also in neut. ἕτερον τοιοῦτον, ἕτερα τοιαῦτα.

τοιοῦτό-τροπος, *ον*, (τοιοῦτος, τρόπος) of such fashion or kind, such like. Adv. -τρόπως, after such a fashion.

τοιοῦτό-δης, *ες*, (τοιοῦτος, εἶδος) of such kind or form.

τοῖσδεσι and τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσιν, Ep. forms for τοῖσδε, dat. pl. of ὅδε.

τοῖχαρχος, ὁ, (τοῖχος, ἄρχω) captain of the rowers on each side of the ship.

τοῖχος, ὁ, (τείχος) the wall of a house or court, opp. to τείχος, as Lat. paries to moenia: proverb., ὁ εὖ πρᾶττων τοῖχος, = 'the right side of the hedge.' II. in plur. the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρῦχέω, f. ἦσω, (τοιχαρῦχος) to be a house-breaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence

τοιχωρῦχία, ἡ, housebreaking, burglary.

τοιχωρῦχος [ῥ], ὁ, (τοῖχος, ὄρυσσα) one who breaks through the wall, a housebreaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

τοῖως, τοῖωσθε, Advs. of τοῖος, τοῖωσθε.

τόκᾱ, Dor. for τότε.

τοκᾱς, ἀδός, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) one who has just brought forth, Lat. foeta: as Adj., τοκᾱς λέαινα a lioness with cubs; ἐκ τοκᾱδων from one's birth.

τοκετός, ὁ, =τόκος.

τοκεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) one who begets, a father: plur. τοκεῖς Ion. τοκήες, parents.

τοκίζω, (τόκος) to lend on interest; τοκίζειν τόκον to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, ὁ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) a bringing forth, birth, the time of delivery. 2. offspring, young child, son. II.

metaph. the produce or usance of money lent out, interest, Lat. usura: also in pl., τόκοι τόκων interest of interest, i. e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τόκος, φέρω) to bring in interest.

ΤΟΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμᾱ, ἡ, courage to venture on a thing, boldness, daring. 2. in bad sense, over-boldness, recklessness, Lat. audacia: a bold or daring deed.

τολμᾱσῆς, Dor. 2 fut. of τολμάω.

τολμάω Ion. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμήτε Dor. for τολμᾱτε: f. ἦσω: (τόλμα):—to undertake, take heart to do or bear anything, to endure, undergo. 2. to take courage, have the heart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμᾱν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμᾱν to dare all things.

τολμήεις, ἔσσα, εν, Dor. —άεις, Ep. contr. τολμῆς, ἦσσα, ἦν (whence Sup. τολμηστάτος) enduring, steadfast, stout-bearded: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, atos, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

τολμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (τολμάω) daring, bold:—Comp. τολμηρότερος. Adv. —ρῶς, boldly; Comp. —ρότερον; Sup. —ρότατα.

τολμηῆς, ἦσσα, ἦν, Ep. contr. for τολμήεις, q. v.

τολμητέον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must venture.

τολμητής, οὐ, ὁ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturesome man.

τολμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or hazarded.

τολμίστατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of τολμήεις.

το-λοιπόν or divisim τὸ λοιπόν, (λοιπός) as Adv., henceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τολῦπεύω, f. σπιν, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning. II. metaph. to contrive, devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a hard task.

ΤΟΛΥΨΗ, ἡ, a clew or ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. glomus. [ῥ] τομαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (τομή) cut, cut off; ἄκος τομαῖοι a remedy cut ready for use.

τομῖα, (τομή) to need cutting; πῆμα τομῶν a disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ἡ, (τέμνω) the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree: the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. II. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; καύσις καὶ τομῆ cautery and the knife.

τόμιος, ον, (τομή) cut up: in pl., τὰ τόμια (sc. ἱερά), parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: ci. τέμνω.

τομός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, cutting, sharp: Comp. τομώτερος cutting sharper: Sup. τομώτατος.

τόμος, ὁ, (τέμνω) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. II. a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορούω or -ίζω, to speak inarticulately, mutter: also of inarticulate cries of animals. (Formed from the sound.)

τόνος, ὁ, (τείνω) that which strains and tightens a thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; οἱ τόνοι τῶν κλινῶν the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals, the sinews or tendons, Lat. nervi. II. a stretching, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. 2. of sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; τόνος ἑξάμετρος hexameter measure. 3. in Music, τόνοι were measures or modes, Lat. modi: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three; the Dorian, Lydian and Phrygian.

III. exertion of force, force, intensity: also direction, tenour. το-νῶν, = τὸ νῶν, for the present. τοξάζομαι, f. —άσομαι, Dep. (τόξον) to shoot with a bow: c. gen. to shoot at, take aim at. τοξ-αλκήτης, ον, ὁ, (τόξον, ἀλκή) a strong archer. τοξ-αρχος, ὁ, (τόξον, ἀρχω) master of the bow, a bowman, archer. II. the captain of the τοξῶται at Athens.

τόξενμα, atos, τό, (τοξέω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; ὅσον τόξενμα ἐξικνέεται as far as an arrow reaches, i. e. a bowsbot. II. collective in plur. for οἱ τοξῶται, the archers.

τοξεντής, οὐ, ὁ, (τοξέω) a bowman, archer.

τοξεντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τοξέω, struck by an arrow, shot.

τόξενω, f. σω, (τόξον) to shoot with the bow, use the bow: c. gen., τοξείεν τινός to shoot at a mark. 2. metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow. II. to shoot as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

τοξήρης, *es*, (τόξον, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with the bow. 2. of or for the bow.

τοξικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τόξον) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. ἡ τοξική (sub. τέχνη), bowmanship, archery.

τοξοδάμυς, *αντος, ὁ*, and τοξοδάμνος, *ον*, (τόξον, δάμια) subduing with the bow; τοξοδάμνος Ἀρης the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξον.

ΤΟΞΟΝ, τό, *a bow*, its arrows being οἰστοί or ἰοί, the string νευρά or νεῦρον: often in pl. τόξα, because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the πῆχυς in the middle; τόξα τιταίνειν to draw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon, τόξον ῥῦμα, i. e. the Persians, is opp. to λόγχις ἰσχύς, i. e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see τοξοδάμνος. II. in plur. also, *bow and arrows*, or even the arrows only.

τοξοποιός, *φ. ἦσω*, to make like a bow, to arch. From τοξοποιός, ὄν, (τόξον, ποιέω) making bows.

τοξοσύνη, ἡ, (τόξον) bowmanship, archery.

τοξοτευχής, *ἐς*, (τόξον, τεύχεα) armed with the bow.

τοξότης, *ον, ὁ*, (τόξον) a bowman, archer. II. at Athens, οἱ τοξῶται were the police, also called Σκῦθαι, because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

τόξοτις, *ιδος, fem.* of τοξότης, an archeress; as Adj., τόξοτις χεῖρ an archer hand.

τοξοουλκός, ὄν, (τόξον, ἔλκω) drawing the bow; τοξουλκὸν λῆμα the spirit of archers, i. e. of the Persians; see τόξον.

τοξοφόρος, *ον*, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., τοξοφόρος, ὁ, = τοξότης, an archer, bowman.

τοπάξιον, τό, = τόπαζος.

ΤΟΠΑΖΟΣ, ὁ, the topaz, a precious stone.

τοπάξω, *φ. ἄσω*, (τόπος) to guess, divine.

τοπᾶν, Adv., = τὸ πᾶν, altogether, quite, wholly: ἔς τοπᾶν in general, for the mass.

τοπᾶραυτικά, Adv., = αὐτίκα, immediately, on the instant.

τοπάροιθε, -θεν, Adv., = πάροιθε.

τοπάρος, Adv., = πάρος. [ᾶ]

τόπαρχος, ὁ, also ἡ, (τόπος, ἀρχω) ruling over a place: as Subst., τόπαρχος, ὁ, ἡ, a master or mistress.

ΤΟΠΟΣ, ὁ, a place, spot, Lat. locus; χθονὸς πᾶς τόπος the whole space of earth. 2. place, position. 3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus.

III. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

τοπρίν, Adv., = τὸ πρίν.

τοπρόσθεν, Adv., = τὸ πρόσθεν.

τοπρῶτον, Adv., = τὸ πρῶτον, first, at first, in the first place.

τόρευμα, τό, embossed work, work in relief. II. = τὸρνευμα, a circling or wheeling round.

τορεύς, *ἔως, ὁ*, (τορεύω) the graver of a sculptor. II. a borer, auger.

τορευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τορεύω, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

τορεύω, properly, = τορέω, to bore through: metaph. to sing in a piercing tone. II. to work in relief.

2. to chase, Lat. caelare.

*ΤΟΡΕΨΩ, obsol. pres., whence aor. 2 ἔτροπον, aor. 1 ἐτόρησα, part. τορησας, and redupl. fut. τερορήσω:—to bore, pierce. II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tone. Hence

τόρμος, ὁ, a hole, socket: the nave of a wheel.

τορνευτο-λύρα-ασπίδο-πηγός, ὁ, (τορνεύω, λύρα, ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) lyre-turner and shield-maker.

τορνεύω, *φ. ἴσω*, to turn, work with a lathe and chisel, Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off: and generally, to twist round. From

τόρνος, ὁ, (τορέω) a carpenter's tool to draw a circle with, compasses, Lat. tornus. II. a turner's chisel, a lathe-chisel. Hence

τορνόμοι, *φ. -ώσομαι*, Dep. to make round, mark off with compasses; τορνώσαντο σήμα they rounded off the barrow; ἔδαφος νηὸς τὸρνώσεται ἀνήρ he will round him off the ship's bottom.

τορός, ἄ, ὄν, (τρέπω) piercing: of the voice, piercing, thrilling. 2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. II. of persons, sbarp, quick, smart.

τοροτιγέ or τοροτιξέ, imitation of a bird's note.

τορήνη, ἡ, (τρέπω) a stirrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula. [ῥ]

τορύνω, (τορήνη) to stir, stir up or about. [ῥ]

τοσάκις *Ep.* τοσσάκι [ᾶ], Adv. (τόσος) so many times, so often.

τόσος *Ep.* τόσος, *η, ον*, Lat. tantus, of Size, so great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much, so very: answered by the Relat. ὅσος; but τόσος often stands alone in Homer, as τρίς τόσοι thrice as many. In Homer τόσον and τόσων are often Adv. so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantum; λίην τόσον so much too much. 2. ἐκ τόσου, so long since.

τοσόσο-δε *Ep.* τοσσόσο-δε, -ἦδε, -ἴνδε, = τόσος, with stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, wide, etc.:—c. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing. II.

τοσόσνδε *Ep.* τοσσόσνδε, as Adv., so very, so much, to such a degree.

τοσουτ-ἀριθμός, *ον*, (τοσσούτος, ἀριθμός) of so large a number. [ᾶ]

τοσσούτος *Ep.* τοσσούτος, -αῦτη, -οῦτο Att. -οῦτον, = τόσος, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence τοσσούτον, only so much, so much and no more; ἔς τοσσούτο, Lat. eatenus, so far; ἔτερον τοσσούτο as great, as much or many again. II. τοσσούτο or -ον, *Ep.* τοσσούτο or -ον, as Adv., so much, so far.

τοσουτοσί, τοσαυτή, τοσουτονί, Att. for τοσσούτος.

τοσσάκι and τοσσάκις, Adv. *Ep.* for τοσάκι. [ᾶ]

τόσσαις, in Dor. form τόσσαις, = τυχάνω, aor. I part. of an obsol. pres., = τυχάναω, to hit, hit upon.

τοσσήνος, Dor. for τοσσούτος.

τόσσοι, *η, ον*, *Ep.* for τόσος.

τοσσόσδε -ή-δε, -όν-δε, Ep. for τοσσόσδε.
 τοσσούτος, -αύτη, -ούτο and -ούτον, Ep. for
 τοσούτος.

τόσως, Adv. of τύσως, so much, as much.
 τότε, Adv. at that time, then: often in Att. *afors-*
time, formerly: sometimes emphatic, at that fa-
 mous time.

2. joined with other Particles, τότε
 δή, τότε ἔπειτα, δη τότε γε. 3. with the Article,
 οἱ τότε people then living; ἐν τῷ τότε in the then
 time. It answers to the Relat. ὅτε and interrog. πότε.

τοτέ, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answer-
 ing clauses, τοτέ μὲν .., τοτέ δέ .., at one time ..,
 at another; τότε ἢ τότε, at one time or other.

το-τέταρτον, Adv. = τὸ τέταρτον, for the fourth time,
 like ὀπάρτων, etc.

το-τηνικά, or divisim τὸ τηνικά, Adv., = τηνικά. [γ]
 τοτοβρίξ, imitation of a bird's note.

το-τρίτον, Adv., = τὸ τρίτον, for the third time; cf.
 τοτέταρτον. [γ]

τοῦ, gen. of Art. ὁ, and interrog. Pron. τίς.
 του, enclit., gen. of enclit. Pron. τις.

τοῦβολου, Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀβολου.
 τοῦκ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἐκ.

τοῦλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔλασσον.
 τοῦλάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον.

τοῦλειθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλειθερον.
 τοῦμόν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόν.

τοῦμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπαλιν.
 τοῦμόδων, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόδων.

τοῦμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπροσθεν.
 τοῦμφανές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφανές.

τοῦμφύλον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφύλον.
 τοῦναντίον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐναντίον.

τοῦνεκα, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἔνεκα, for that reason,
 therefore.

τοῦνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνθένδε.
 τοῦνομα, Att. crasis for τὸ ὄνομα.

τοῦντεθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεθεν, henceforth.
 τοῦπέκεινα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα.

τοῦπος or τοῦπος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔπος.
 τοῦργον or τοῦργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον.

τοῦρανοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ οὐρανοῦ.
 τουτάκις or τουτάκι, Adv. poet. for τότε, then. II.

so many times, so often. [ἀ]
 τουτεί, Adv., Dor. for ταῦτη, in that direction, thence,
 yonder.

τοῦτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἔτερον.
 τουτοθε Adv. (οὗτος) hence, thence.

τουτώθεν, Dor. Adv. (οὗτος) thence.
 τόφρα, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; an-
 swering to the Relat. ὅρα. II. τόφρα some-

times stands absol., meantime, meanwhile.
 τραῖαλίζω, = τρώγω.

Τραῖασαῖος, a, ov, of or from the city Τραγασαί in
 Epirus: but of swine, ὡς τραγασαῖα φαίνεται, with
 allusion to τραγεῖν, to eat: and again τραγασαῖον
 πατρός, with play upon τράγος, a goat.

τραγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρώγω.

τράγειος, a, ov, poet. for τράγος; τραγεῖη (sub
 δορά), ἡ, a goat's skin. [ἀ]

τραγῆ-ἐλάφος, ὁ, (τράγος, ἔλαφος) the goat-stag, a
 fabulous creature mentioned in Aristophanes.

τράγειος, a, ov, (τράγος) of or from a be-goat; τραγῆ
 (sub. δορά), ἡ, a goat's skin. [ἀ]

τραγήμα, ατος, τό, (τραγεῖν) mostly in plur. sweet-
 meats, dessert, Lat. bellaria.

τραγηματίζω, f. σω, to eat sweetmeats: so also in
 Med. τραγηματίζομαι.

τραγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος) of or for a goat. II.
 of or for a tragedy, tragic (cf. τραγωδία): τραγικός
 λῆρος the tawdry decorations of tragedy:—hence
 generally, stately, majestic; in bad sense, pompous:
 Adv. -κῶς, in tragic style.

τράγιος, η, ov, (τράγος) like τράγειος, of a be-goat.
 τράγισκος, ὁ, Dim. of τράγος, a young be-goat.

τράγο-κουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος, κουρά) of or for
 shearing be-goats.

τράγῶ-κτονος, ov, (τράγος, κτείνω) of slaughtered
 goats.

τράγο-μάσχᾶλος, ov, (τράγος, μασχάλη) with arm-
 pits smelling like a be-goat.

τράγῶ-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τράγος, ποῖς) goat-footed.
 τράγος, ὁ, (τραγεῖν) a be-goat, Lat. bircus, caper. II.

the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. bircus alarum.
 τράγο-σκελής, ἐς, (τράγος, σκέλος) goat-shanked,
 of Pan.

τράγω, Dor. for τρώγω, like πρᾶτος for πρώτος. [ἀ]

τράγωδέω, f. ἦσω, (τραγωδῆς) to act a tragedy:
 generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy:—Pass.

to be made the subject of a tragedy. II. metaph.
 to tell in tragic phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically.
 Hence

τραγωδία, ἡ, a tragedy or heroic play, invented by
 the Dorians, and with them of lyric character (τρα-
 γικοί χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it
 assumed its dramatic character. See τραγωδῆς.

τραγωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τραγωδῆς) besitting a tragic poet
 or tragedy.

τραγωδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (τραγωδῆς, διδάσκω) a
 tragic poet, who himself trained the chorus and actors.

τραγωδο-ποιός, ὄν, (τραγωδῆς, ποιέω) making tra-
 gœdies: as Subst., τραγωδοποιός, ὁ, a tragic poet.

τραγῶδός, ὁ, (τράγος, αἰδῶς contr. αἰδῶς) a tragic
 poet and singer, as the poet took part in the perform-
 ance of his play: later, the term τραγωδῆς was con-
 fined to the tragic actor. Properly, the goat-singer,
 either because a goat was the prize, or because the
 actors were clothed in goat-skins.

ΤΡΑΨΗΣ, ἐς, piercing: metaph. clear, plain;
 distinct.

τρᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of τρανής.

τρᾶνώθ, (τρανός) to make clear, plain, distinct.

τρᾶνός, Adv. of τρανής, clearly, distinctly.

τράπε, for ἔτραπε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τρέπω. [ἀ]

τρά-πεῖα [τρά], ης, ἡ, a table, esp. a dining-table;
 ξενιή τράπεζα the hospitable board; τραπέζη και κούρη

δέχσθαι to entertain at bed and board. 2 a table, dinner, meal.

II. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. mensa argentearia. III. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. tabula. (Acc. to some from τετρα-, πέξα; acc. to others from τρι-, πέξα: Horace speaks of mensa stripes.) Hence

τράπεζεύς, εως, ὁ, at or of a table; κύνες τραπέζης dogs that were fed at mealtime.

τράπεζιτεύω, to be a money-changer or banker. From τράπεζιτης [τ], ου, ὁ, (τράπεζα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. mensarius, argentarius. Hence

τράπεζιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, concerning a banker or banking.

τράπειομεν, Ep. for τραπέωμεν, τραπῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass., both of τέρω and τρέπω.

τράπισσα, ἡ, Dor. for τριπέσα.

τράπισθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τρέπω.

τράπισκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράπω = τρέπω. [ᾶ]

ΤΡΑΠΕΩ, to tread grapes: hence Lat. trapētes, trapētum, an oil-press.

τράπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρέπω.

τράπητέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one must turn.

τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [ᾶ]

τράσιά, ἡ, (from τασός, as if τασιά) a crate to dry figs on.

τραυλίω, f. ἴσω, to lisp, mispronounce a letter, Lat. balbutire; so of children. From

ΤΡΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, lispings, Lat. balbus of the swallow, twittering.

τραῦμα Ion. τρώμα, ατος, τό, (τιτρώσκω) a wound, hurt; ἀπό τοῦ τρώματος ἀποθνήσκεις to die of the wound. II. a hurt, damage, as of ships. III.

metaph. a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence

τραυματικός, ου, ὁ, Ion. τραυμ-, a wounded man.

τραυματίζω Ion. τραυμ-, f. ἴσω, (τραῦμα) to wound.

τράφειν, Ion. for τραφεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέφω: see τρέφω II. 4.

τράφειν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐτράφησαν 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. [ᾶ]

τράφεις, ἀ, ὄν, (τρέφω) like τρόφεις, well-fed, fat, solid, substantival: τραπερῆ (sub. γῆ), as opp. to ὑγρή, dry land, ἐπὶ τραπερῆν τε καὶ ὑγρῆν over dry land and sea: as Subst. οἱ τραπεροὶ or τὰ τραπερά, the fishes.

τραπερῆ [ᾶ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω.

τράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τρέφω.

τράφω, Aeol. and Dor. for τρέφω. [ᾶ]

τράχέως Ion. τρηχέως, Adv. roughly, harshly; τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι to be roughly handled.

τράχλια, τά, (τράχλος) scraps of meat from about the neck thrown away, gristle, offal.

τράχλια, (τράχλος) to arch the neck, as a pampered horse: metaph. to be bawdily, beadstrong.

τράχλιζω, f. ἴσω, (τράχλος) to take by the throat: to bend back the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.

τράχλο-δεσμότης, ου, ὁ, (τράχλος, δεσμός) as masc. Adj., chaining the neck.

ΤΡΑΧΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, the throat, neck. [ᾶ]

Τραχίς Ion. Τρηχίς, ἴνος, ἡ, Trachis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τραχύς). Hence

Τραχίνιος, α, ον Ion. Τρηχίνιος, η, ον, of or from Trachis, Trachinian; αἱ Τραχίνιαι the Trachinian women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.

τραχύνω Ion. τρηχύνω [ῦ]: f. ἴνω: pf. τετράχυκα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτραχύνθην: pf. τετράχυσμαι and τετράχυμαι: (τραχύς)—to make rough, rugged: in Aesch. Theb. 1045, τράχυνε refers to τραχύς ὁ δῆμος just before, call them, make them rough.

ΤΡΑΧΥΣ Ion. τρηχύς, εἶα, ὄ, rough, rugged: metaph. rough, harsh, savage.

τράχυτης, ητος, ἡ, (τραχύς) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit:—metaph. roughness, harshness.

τράχω, Dor. for τρέχω. [ᾶ]

τρυχόν, ἄνω, ὁ, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Τραχωνίτις, ἴδος, Trachonitis, i. e. the rugged country.

ΤΡΕΪΣ, οἱ, αἱ, τρία, τά; gen. τριῶν; dat. τρισί; acc. τρεῖς, τρία:—THREE, Lat. TRES, tria.

τρεῖς-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τρια-καί-δεκα, τά, thirteen, Lat. tredecim.

τρέω, poet. for τρέω.

τρέμω, only used in pres. and impf., (τρέω) Lat. tremo, to tremble, quake, quiver. II. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at, fear.

τρεπέτον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn.

ΤΡΕΠΩ Ion. τράπω: f. τρέψω: aor. 1 ἐτρέψα: aor. 2 ἐτρέπον: pf. τέτροφα or τέτραφα: Med., aor. 2 ἐτρέπην: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτρέφθην Ion. ἐτράφθην: aor. 2 ἐτράπην, whence Ep. 1 plur. τραπέιομεν (for τραπέωμεν, τραπῶμεν): pf. τέτραμμαι, 3 plur. τετράφαται; imperat. τέτραφθι, τετράφθω: plqpf. ἐτετράμην, Ep. 3 sing. τέτραπτο; 3 plur. τετράφατο:—to turn, Lat. vertere; τρέπειν τινα εἰς τι to turn, lead, guide to a thing:—Pass. and Med. to turn, betake oneself, Lat. converti; ἐπὶ ἔργα τρέπεσθαι to turn or go to work; also of place, ἀντ' ἡλείου τετραμμένος turned towards the sun; τρέπεσθαι ἑδῶν to turn oneself to (i. e. take) a course; ποῖ τράπωμαι; which way must I turn me? II. to turn, i. e. turn round, put about; also, πάλιν τρέπειν to turn back: to turn away, divert: τρέπειν τὴν ὀργὴν εἰς τινα to divert anger on any one: Pass. and Med. to turn round. 2. to turn another way, alter, change: Pass. and Med. to be changed, change: absol., τράπομαι I am changed, change my opinion: also, οἶνος τρέπεται the wine is turned, become sour. III. to turn or put to flight, rout, defeat: later, τρέπειν εἰς φυγὴν, Lat. convertere in fugam, to put to flight:—Pass. to be put to flight, turn and flee:—Med. to turn oneself to flight, flee. IV. to turn away or off, keep off: to binder, prevent. V. to overturn, upset. VI. to turn, apply to a purpose.

τρέσσαι, Ep. for τρέσαι, aor. 1 inf. of τρέω.

τρεφθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of τρέπω.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Aeol. and Dor. **τράψω** [ᾶ]: fut. **θρέψω**: aor. I **ἔθρεφα**: Ep. aor. 2 **ἔτράφον**: pf. **τέτροφα**: Pass., aor. I **ἔθρέφθην**: aor. 2 **ἔτράφην** [ᾶ]: pf. **πέθραμμα** and **τέθρεμμα**, inf. **πεθράφθαι**:—to make firm or solid, to thicken or congeal; γάλα θρέφαι to curdle milk; τυρὸν τρέφειν to make cheese:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. **τέτροφα**, to become firm, curdle, congeal.

II. commonly, to nourish, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med. to rear for oneself:—Pass. to grow, grow up, wax, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live, be. 2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: **τρέφειν κόμην** to cberish one's hair, wear it long, Lat. **comam alere**: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, Lat. **nutrire, alere**: hence poet. to contain, bave.

III. Homer uses aor. 2 act. **ἔτραφον** in intrans. or pass. sense, as, **ἔτραφε** for **ἔτράφη**, **ἔτραφέτην** for **ἔτραφήτην**, inf. **τραφέμεν** (Att. **τραφέν**) = **τραφήναι**.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Dor. **τράχω** [ᾶ]: fut. **θρέξομαι**: aor. I **ἔθρεξα**: but more commonly (from Root ***ΔΡΕΨΩ**), fut. **δράμωμαι** Ion. **δραμέομαι** poet. **δράμομαι**: aor. 2 **ἔδραμον**: pf. **δεδράμηκα** [ᾶ] poet. **δέδρομα**:—to run, Lat. **currere**: of things, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. loci, to run over.

3. c. acc. cognato, **τρέχειν δρόμον** to run a course; metaph., **ἀγῶνας δραμεῖν περὶ ἑαυτοῦ** to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without δρόμον or ἀγῶνα, to run a risk or chance, as **τρέχειν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς** to run a race for one's life; also, **παρ' ἐν πάλαισμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν** he was within one bout of carrying off the victory.

τρέψαιαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of **τρέπω**.

ΤΡΕΨΩ poet. **τρέω**, inf. **τρέϊν**: f. **τρέσω**: aor. I **ἔτρεσα** Ep. **τρέσσα**:—to tremble, quake, esp. for fear: hence to run away, flee, fly: δ **τρέσας** the coward. II. trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. acc.

τρίμα, atos, τύ, (**τιτράω**) that which is pierced or bored through: a hole, aperture.

τριμᾶτεις, εσσα, εν, (**τρίμα**) with many boles, porous.

τρήρων, avos, ὄ, ἦ, (**τρέω**) fearful, timorous, shy: epith. of doves (**πέλεια** or **πελειάδες**): hence later as Subst., **τρήρων**, ἦ, = **πέλεια**, a dove.

τρήσω, fut. of **τιτράω**.

τρηστός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adv. of **τιτράω**, bored or pierced through; **τρητά λέχρα** bedsteads perforated for inlaid work.

τρηχᾶλεος, ἦ, on, poet. for **τρηχύς**, **τραχύς**.

τρηχύς, εἶα, ὄ, Ion. for **τραχύς**: Adv. **τρηχέως**, Sup. **τρηχύτατα**.

τρί-, in compds. **three times, thrice**, Lat. **ter**.

τρίβᾶ, neut. from **τρέϊς**.

τριάσω, f. **άσω**, (**τρία**) to conquer, vanquish; metaph. from a wrestler, who did not win until he had thrice thrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: hence, **διὰ τριῶν ἀπόλλυσθαι** to be utterly undone.

τριάνα, ἦ, (**τρία**) Lat. **tridens**, a trident, the attri-

bute of Neptune: generally, a *three-pronged spear*.

Hence

τριανῶ, f. ὄσω, to move or heave with the trident: hence to heave or prise up, overbrow; **τριανοῦν τὴν γῆν** δικέλλη to break up the ground with a mattock.

τριῶκός Ep. and Ion. **τριηκός**, ἄδος, ἦ, (**τρέϊς**, **τρία**), the number thirty.

II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. **τριακάδες**.

III. also any

division of thirty.

τριάκονθ-ἄμμάτος, on, (**τριάκοντα**, ἄμμα) with or of thirty knots.

τριάκονθ-ἡμέρος Ion. **τριηκοντήμερος** Dor. **τριακοντᾶμερος**, on, (**τριάκοντα**, ἡμέρα) of thirty days.

τριάκοντα Ep. and Ion. **τριήκοντα**, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl.: (**τρέϊς**, **τρία**), Lat. **TRIGINTA**, thirty.

II. as Subst. of **τριάκοντα**: I. at Sparta, the council of thirty, assigned to the kings. 2. at Athens, the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by Lysander (B. C. 404).

τριάκοντᾶ-ετής Ion. **τριηκ-**, ἐς, (**τριάκοντα**, ἔτος):—*thirty years old*. II. of or lasting thirty years; also fem. —**έτις**, ἰδος:—Att. contr. **τριακοντούτης**, ἐς: fem. **τριακόντουτις**, ἰδος, whence **τριακοντούτιδες σπονδαί** a thirty years' truce.

τριάκοντᾶ-ἔθγος, on, (**τριάκοντα**, ζυγόν) with or of thirty benches of oars.

τριάκοντ-αρχία, ἦ, (**τριάκοντα**, ἀρχω) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. **τριάκοντα** II. 2.

τριάκοντ-όργυλος, on, (**τριάκοντα**, ὄργυια) of thirty fathoms.

τριάκοντος Ion. **τριηκόντερος**, on, with thirty oars:—as Subst. **τριακόντορος** (sub. ναῦς), ἦ, a vessel of thirty oars.

τριάκοντ-ούτης, ἐς, see **τριακονταετής**.

τριάκοντ-ώργγος, on, more correct form of **τριακοντ-όργγος**.

τριάκῶσιοι Ion. **τριηκῶσιοι**, αι, α, (**τρέϊς**, **τρία**) *three hundred*, Lat. **tricensi**.

τριάκῶσιο-μέδιμνος, on, (**τριακῶσιοι**, μέδιμνος) of three hundred medimni: οἱ **τριακῶσιομέδιμμοι** those whose property qualified three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Athenian Ἴππεῖς.

τριάκῶστος Ion. **τριηκ-**, ἦ, ὄν, (**τριάκοντα**) the thirtieth: ἦ **τριακῶσθῆ** (sub. μοῖρα), a duty of one thirtieth.

τριακτῆρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (**τριάω**) a conqueror: see **τριάω**.

τρι-άρμενος, on, (**τρία**, ἄρμενον) with three sails.

τριάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (**τρέϊς**) the number three, a triad.

τριάσσω, ἄξω, = **τριάω**.

τριβᾶκός, ἦ, ὄν, (**τρίβω**) rubbed, worn, Lat. **tritius**: ἦ **τριβακία** a breadbare coat: cf. **τρίβων**.

Τρίβαλλοί, the Triballi, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

τρι-βελῆς, ἐς, (**τρι-**, βέλος) *three-pointed*.

τριβῆ, ἦ, (**τριβῆνα**) a rubbing.

II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; **βίος οὐκ ἀχαρὶς ἐς τὴν τριβῆν** a pleasant life in the spending.

2. a busyng oneself

about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine. 3. that about which one is busied, the object of one's care. 4. delay, putting off, evasion; ἐς τριβὰς ἐλᾶν to seek delays; and without a Verb, μὴ τριβὰς ἔτι no more delays.

τριβῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τριβῶ.

τριβολο-εκτριπέλος, ον, (τριβολος, ἐκτριπελός) neut. plur. as Subst., τριβολοεκτριπέλα unmannerly, coarse jests. [α̅]

τρι-βολος, ον, (τρι-, βαλεῖν) three-pointed, three-pronged. II. as Subst., τριβολος, ὁ. I. a prickly plant, burr. 2. in plur. smart sayings, gibes. 2. in plur. also, a threshing-machine.

τριβος, ἡ, also ὁ, (τριβῆναι) a worn or beaten track, a road, path: the high road, highway. 2. metaph. a path of life, course, career. II. a rubbing, like τριψίς. III. metaph. practice. 2. delay.

ΤΡΙΒΩ [τ]: f. τριψῶ. aor. 1 ἔτριψα, inf. τριψᾶν: pf. τέτριψα: Pass., fut. 1 τριψθήσομαι, fut. 2 τριψήσομαι, paullor-p. fut. τετριψομαι, also fut. med. τριψομαι in pass. sense: aor. 1 ἔτριψθην: aor. 2 ἔτριβην [τ]: pf. τέτριμμα:—to rub: esp. to rub corn, thresh it out, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, bruise: to rub a thing in or on another; μόχλον τριψᾶ ἐν ὀφθαλμῷ to grind the stake in his eye; χρυσὸν βασάνῳ τριβεῖν to rub gold on a touchstone, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with. II. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: of a road, to wear or tread it smooth. 2. of Time, to wear away, spend; τριβεῖν βίον to pass away life, Lat. terere vitam: absol. to waste time, tarry. 3. metaph. of persons, to wear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander. 4. to wear or use:—Pass. to be much busied or engrossed with a thing.

τριβωμες [τ], Dor. for τριβωμεν, I pl. subj. of τριβῶ. τριβων [τ], ὄνος, ὁ, (τριβῆναι) a worn garment, threadbare cloak. II. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, practised, well versed or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc. 2.

absol. as Subst. a backneyed rogue, crafty knave. τριβωνικῶς, Adv. (τριβων) in the fashion of a τριβων, cloak-wise.

τριβώνιον, τό, Dim. of τριβων, a small cloak, a cape. τρι-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γέρων) triply old, very very old.

ΤΡΙΤΛΑ΄, ἡ, a mullet, Lat. triglia.

τρι-γληνος, ον, (τρι-, γληνος) epith. of ear-rings or drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγλο-φόρος, ον, (τριγλα, φέρω) catching mullets.

τρι-γλύφος, ον, (τρι-, γλύφω) thrice-cloven: as Subst., τριγλυφος, ἡ, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a three-grooved tablet placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρι-γλώχῃς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γλωχίς) three-barbed, three-forked.

τριγμός, ὁ, = τρισμός.

τριγόνια, ἡ, the third generation. From

τρι-γονος, ον, (τρι-, γενέσθαι) produced at three births, of children; τριγονοὶ κόρυα three daughters.

τρι-γωνος, ον, (τρι-, γωνία) three-cornered, triangular. Hence

τριγωνον, τό, a triangle. II. a musical instrument of triangular form. [γ]

τρι-δουλος, ον, (τρι-, δούλος) a slave through three generations, thrice or trebly a slave.

τρι-δραχμῖος, ον, (τρι-, δραχμή) worth or weighing three drachms.

τρι-δυστηνος, ον, thrice wretched.

τρι-έλικτος, ον, (τρι-, ἐλίσσω) thrice wound or coiled: of a rope, consisting of three strands or cords.

τρι-έμβολος, ον, (τρι-, ἔμβολον) with or like three ships' beaks.

τρι-εσπερος, ον, (τρι-, ἑσπέρα) in three successive nights.

τρι-ετηρία, ἴδος, (τρι-, ἔτος) fem. Adj. triennial: as Subst. (sub. ἐορτή) a triennial festival.

τρι-έτης, ον, ὁ, (τρι-, ἔτος) of three years, three years old. Adv. τριέτες, three years long.

τριετία, ἡ, (τριέτης) a space of three years, Lat. triennium.

τρι-ζυγῆς, ἑς, and τρι-ζυγος, ον, and τρι-ζυξ, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, ζυγῆναι) three-yoked: three-fold, triple: also simply three.

ΤΡΙΖΩ, f. τριζῶ; pf. τέτριγα with pres. sense; part. τετριγώς, Ep. pl. τετριγῶτες for τετριγότες; plqpf. ἔτετριγώς Ep. τετριγέων, with sense of impf.:—of animals and birds, to make a shrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, νῶτα τετριγέει their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. stridere. (Formed from the sound.)

τριηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριηκοντα, τριηκόσιοι, Ep. and Ion. for τριακ-.

τρι-ημι-πόδιον, τό, (τρι-, ἡμι-, πούς) three half feet, i. e. a foot and half.

τριηραρχέω, f. ἡσῶ, to be a τριηραρχος, command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme; c. gen. τριηραρχέων νηὸς to be captain of a ship. II. at Athens, to be trierarch, fit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχία, ἡ, (τριηραρχέω) the command of a trireme. II. at Athens, the fitting out of a trireme for the public service: the office of trierarch. Hence

τριηραρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, fitted for a trierarch or his office. τριηρ-αρχος, ὁ, (τριήρης, ἀρχω) the captain of a trireme.

II. at Athens, a trierarch, one who had to fit out a trireme for the public service.

τριηρ-αύλης, ον, ὁ, (τριήρης, αὐλέω) the flute-player who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.

τρι-ήρης, gen. εὖς Ion. εὖς; acc. εἶα, ἡ; plur., nom. εἶς, εἶς; gen. τριηρέων contr. τριηρῶν: (τρις, ἀρ-ρεῖν or ἐρέσσω) properly an Adj. thrice-fitted or thrice-rowed:—but only used as Subst. τριήρης (sub. ναὺς), ἡ, Lat. triremis, a galley with three banks of oars, first built by the Corinthians: the lowest rowers

being called θαλάμιοι, the middle ζυγῖται, and the topmost θρανῖται; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times *quadriremes* (τετρήρεις), *quinqueremes* (πεντήρεις), etc., came into use.

τριηρίτης [Ὶ], *ou, ó*, (τριήρης) *one who serves on board a trireme.*

τριηρο-ποιός, *όν*, (τριήρης, ποιέω) *building triremes.*

τρί-κάρηνος, *ον*, (τρί-, κάρηνον) *three-beaded.* [κᾶ]

τρί-κέφαλος, *ον*, (τρί-, κεφαλῆ) *three-beaded.*

τρί-κλῖνος, *ον*, (τρι-, κλῖνη) *with three beds or couches, for sleeping or reclining on at meals:—as Subst.,*

τρίκλινον (sc. οἶκος), *ó*, like the Roman *triclinium*, a *dining-room with three couches*; also *τρίκλινον, τό.*

τρί-κλωστός, *ον*, (τρι-, κλώθω) *ibrice spun.*

τρί-κόρυθος, *ον*, and *τρί-κορυς, ὕθος, ó*, (τρι-, κόρυς) *with triple plume.*

τρί-κόρωνος, *ον*, (τρί-, κορώνη) *ibrice a crow's age.*

τρί-κράνος, *ον*, (τρι-, κράνον) *ibree-beaded, with triple crest.*

τρί-κύαθος, *ον*, (τρί-, κύαθος) *holding ibree κύαθοι.*

τρί-κύμια, *ή*, (τρί-, κύμα) *the third wave, a huge, overubelting wave, since every third wave (as also every tenth, cf. δεκακυμία) was supposed to be larger than the rest: metaph.,*

τρικυμία κακῶν a flood of evils.

τρί-λιστος, *ον*, *poët. for* τρίλιστος, (τρι-, λίσσομαι) *ibrice prayed for, i. e. often or earnestly prayed for.*

τρίλογία, *ή*, (τρί-, λόγος) *a trilogy; see* τετραλογία.

τρίλοφια, *ή*, *a triple crest.* From

τρί-λοφος, *ον*, (τρί-, λόφος) *with ibree crests.*

τρί-μάκαρ, -μακαίρα, (τρί-, μάκαρ) *ibrice-blessed.*

τρί-μέτρος, *ον*, (τρί-, μέτρον) *of verses, consisting of three metres; the metre consisting either of one foot as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse; τόνος*

τρίμετρος trimeter iambic verse.

τρί-μήνος, *ον*, (τρί-, μήν) *of ibree months, ibree months old: ή* τρίμηνος *a period of ibree months.*

τρίμμα, *ατος, τό*, (τρίβω) *that which is rubbed: metaph., like* τρίβω, *a practised, hackneyed knave.*

τριμμός, *ó*, (τρίβω) *a beaten road, like* τρίβος.

τρίμοιρα, *ή*, *triple pay.* From

τρί-μοιρος, *ον*, (τρί-, μοίρα) *ibreefold, triple.*

τρί-μορφος, *ον*, (τρί-, μορφή) *ibree-formed, triple: Μοίρα*

τρίμορφοι the ibree fates.

Τρίν-ακρία, *ή*, (τρι-, άκρα) *epith. of Sicily, from its ibree promontories (άκρα): also written* Τρινακρία *Ion. —ή* (from τρίναξ).

Τρίνακριος, *α, ον*, *of Trinacria or Sicily, Sicilian.*

τρίν-αξ, *άκος, ή*, (τρίς, άχή) *a trident.*

τρίξός, *ή, óν*, *Ion. for* τρισσός, *ibreefold, triple; so*

διξός *for* δισσός.

τρί-οδος, *ή*, (τρι-, óδος) *a meeting of ibree roads, ibree cross-roads, Lat. trivium.*

τρί-όδουος, -óδοντος, *ó, ή*, (τρι-, óδουος) *with ibree teeth: as* Subst., *τρίόδουος, ó*, *a trident.*

τρί-όργυιος, *ον*, (τρι-, όργυια) *ibree fathoms long.*

τρί-όροφος, *ον*, = *τριώροφος.*

τρι-όρχης, *ον, ó*, and *τρί-ορχος, ον*, (τρι-, όρχις) *a kind of falcon or kite.*

τριοτό, *a sound imitative of a bird's voice.*

τρί-πάλαι, *Adv.* (τρί-, πάλαι) *ibrice long since, i. e. very long ago.*

τρί-πάλαιστος, *ον*, (τρι-, παλαιστή) *ibree bands broad, long, etc.*

τρί-παλτος, *ον*, (τρί-, πάλλω) *ibrice-brandished; metaph., furious, fierce.*

τρί-πάνουργος, *ον*, (τρι-, πάνουργος) *trebly a rogue.*

τρί-πάχυος, *ον*, *Dor. for* τριπήχυς, *q. v.*

τρί-πέτηλος, *ον*, (τρι-, πέτηλον) *ibree-leaved.*

τρί-πηχυς, *ν*, *gen. eos*, (τρι-, πήχυς) *ibree cubits long.*

τρί-πίθκίνος, *η, ον*, (τρι-, πίθκος) *ibrice apish.*

τρίπλαξ, *άκος, ó, ή*, (τρίς) *triple, ibreefold, Lat. triplex.* [Ὶ]

τρίπλάσιος, *α, ον*, (τρι-) *ibrice as many, ibrice as much, ibrice as great as, c. gen.; neut. τριπλάσιον*

as Adv., τριπλάσιον σοῦ ibrice as much as you.

τρί-πλεθρος, *ον*, (τρι-, πλέθρον) *ibree plethra long.*

τρίπληγ, *ν*, *τριπλός.*

τριπλοιστός, *όν*, (τριπλός) *made ibreefold, tripled, trebled.*

τρίπλός, *η, ον* *contr. τριπλοῦς, ή, ούν*, (τρίς) *triple, ibreefold. Adv. —πλός*, but *dat. fem. τριπληή*

is also used as Adv., triply, trebly.

τρίπδοεσι, *Ep. dat. pl. of* τριπῶς.

τρί-πόδης, *ου, ó*, (τρί-, πούς) *ibree feet long.*

τρί-πόθητος, *ον*, (τρί-, ποθέω) *ibrice longed for, much or earnestly desired.*

τρί-πολις, *εως* *Ion. ιος, ó, ή*, (τρί-, πόλις) *with ibree cities; cf.* δεκάπολις.

τρί-πόλιστος, *ον*, (τρι-, πολίζω) *ibrice-built, triply or firmly founded.*

τρί-πολος, *ον*, (τρί-, πολέω) *ibrice turned up or ploughed, bearing ibree crops in a year, of corn land.*

τρί-πόνητος, *ον*, (τρί-, πονέω) *ibrice-worked: έπις τριπόνητος* *a dispute between ibree labourers.*

τρί-πορθος, *ον*, (τρί-, πορθέω) *ibrice wasted.*

τρί-πος, *ου, ó*, *poët. for* τριπῶς. [Ὶ]

τρί-πους, -ποδος, *ó, ή*, -πουν, *τό*, (τρί-, ποί's) *ibree footed, ibree-legged or with ibree feet: measuring ibree feet.*

II. *going on ibree feet: proverb of an old man who leans on a staff; τριπόδας óδουος στείχει.*

2. *as* Subst., *τρίπους, ó*, *a tripod, a ibree-footed brass kettle or caldron; tripods were often made of exquisite material and workmanship, and dedicated in temples.*

3. *the stool or throne of the Delphic priestess.*

τρί-πρᾶτος, *ον*, (τρί-, πιπράσκω) *ibrice sold.*

τριπτήρ, *ήρος, ó*, (τρίβω) *a rubber or tool for rubbing with, a pestle.*

τριπτήτης, *ον, ó*, (τρίβω) *a rubber, sbamפוοer.*

Τρι-πτόλεμος, *ó*, *Triptolemus*, an Eleusinian, who established the worship of Demeter.

τρί-πτύχος, *ον*, (τρι-, πτύσσω) *consisting of ibree layers or plates, ibreefold, triple; also simply ibree.*

τρί-πῳλος, *ον*, (τρί-, πῳλος) *of or with ibree horses.*

τρίρ-ρυμός, *ον*, (τρι-, ρυμός) *with three poles, i. e. with four horses abreast.*

τρίς, *Adv.* of τρεῖς, *thrice, three times, Lat. ter; τρίς τόσος thrice as much; ἐς τρίς up to three times: often used indefinitely in compds., to strengthen the force of the simple word, like Lat. ter, and our thrice. Proverb., τρίς ἐξ βάλλειν to throw thrice six, i. e. the highest throw (there being three dice), hence to have the best luck. [ῥ]*

τρίσ-άθλιος, *α, ον*, *thrice-unhappy.*

τρίσ-άλαστος, *ον*, *thrice-tormented.*

τρίσ-ἀριθμός, *ον*, *thrice-numbered.*

τρίσ-ἀσμενος, *η, ον*, *thrice-pleased, i. e. well-contented.*

τρίσ-ἄωρος, *ον*, *very untimely.*

τρίσ-δείλαιος, *ον*, = τρισάθλιος.

τρίσ-δύστηνος, *ον*, *trebly, i. e. very, miserable.*

τρίσ-ενιάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (τρίς, ἐνενεάς) *sub. ἡμέρα, the third ninth day in a month; i. e. the ninth day of the third decad, the 29th.*

τρί-σέληνος, *ον*, (τρι-, σελήνη) *of three moons or nights.*

τρίσ-ἐπαρχος, *ὁ*, (τρίς, ἐπαρχος) *thrice an overseer.*

τρίσ-θάνης, *ἑς*, (τρίς, θανείν) *thrice worthy of death.*

τρίσ-καί-δεκα, *οἱ, αἱ, τά*, = τρεῖσκαίδεκα.

τρίσκαϊδεκά-πηχυς, *υ, gen. εος*, *thirteen cubits, high, long, etc.*

τρίσκαϊδεκα-στάσιος, *ον*, (τρίσκαϊδεκα, ἴστημι) *of thirteen times the weight or value. [στᾶ]*

τρίσκαϊδέκατος, *η, ον*, (τρίσκαϊδεκα) *the thirteenth.*

τρίσκαϊδεκ-ἑτής, *ου, ὁ, fem. τρίσκαϊδεκῆτις, ἴδος*, (τρίσκαϊδεκα, ἔτος) *of thirteen years, thirteen years old.*

τρίσ-κακοδαίμων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, *thrice-unlucky, trebly ill-fated.*

τρί-σκαλμος, *ον*, (τρί-, σκαλμός) *thrice benches of rowers; νῆες τρισκαλμοὶ = τριήρεις.*

τρίσ-κατάρατος, *ον*, (τρίς, καταράομαι) *thrice accursed.*

τρίσ-κοπάνιστος, *ον*, (τρίς, κοπάνιζω) *thrice struck; ἄρτος τρισκοπάνιστος thrice-kneaded bread.*

τρίσ-μάκαρ, *fem. -μακαρα, gen. -μάκᾰρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (τρίς, μάκαρ) *thrice blest; τρισμάκαρες καὶ τετράκις, Virgil's terque quaterque beati.*

τρίσ-μάκᾰριος, *α, ον*, = τρισμάκαρ.

τρίσμός, *ὁ*, (τρίζω) *a squeaking: a squeak.*

τρίσ-μύριοι, *αι, α, (τρίς, μύριοι) thrice ten thousand, 30,000; also in sing. with a collective Subst., as, τρισμύρια ἵππος thirty thousand horse. [ῥ]*

τρισμύριό-πάλαι, (τρισμύριοι, πάλαι) *Adv. thirty thousand times long ago, immensely long ago.*

τρίσ-ολυμπιονίκης, *ου, ὁ*, (τρίς, Ὀλυμπιονίκης) *thrice victorious at Olympia. [ν]*

τρίσ-σπιθάμος, *ον*, (τρι-, σπιθαμή) *three spans long.*

τρίσ-σπονδος, *ον*, (τρι-, σπονδή) *thrice-poured, forming a triple libation or drink-offering.*

τρίσσάκις, *Adv. (τρίς) thrice, three times. [ᾶ]*

τρίσάτιος, *η, ον*, *poët. for τρισσός. [ᾶ]*

τρίσσοθεν, *Adv. (τρισσός) from three sides.*

τρίσσός *Att. τριπτός Ion. τριξός, ἡ, ὄν*, like δισσός, διξός, (τρίς) *threefold, Lat. triplex: in plur. = τρεῖς. Adv. -σῶς, three times.*

τρίσσο-φαῖς, *ἑς*, and τρίσσο-φῶτος, *ον*, (τρίς, φῶς, φῶς) *in a threefold light.*

τρί-στεγος, *ον*, (τρι-, στέγη) *of or with three stories: τὸ τρίστεγον (sub. οἰκῆμα), the third story.*

τρι-στοιχεί *ὀ* or -χί [ῥ], *Adv. of τρίστοιχος, in three rows.*

τρί-στοιχος, *ον*, (τρι-, στοῖχος) *in three rows.*

τρί-στομος, *ον*, (τρι-, στόμα) *three-mouthed. II. three-edged or three-pointed.*

τρίσ-χίλιοι, *αι, α, (τρίς, χίλιοι) three thousand; also in sing. with a collective Subst., τρισχιλία ἵππος 3000 horse. [χ]*

τρί-σώματος, *ον*, (τρι-, σώμα) *with three bodies, Lat. tricolor.*

τρίτᾰγωνιστέω, *φ. ἡσῶ*, *to be a τριταγωνιστής, to play third-rate characters. From*

τρίτᾰγωνιστής, *οἰ, ὁ*, (τρίτος, ἄγωνιστής) *the player who takes the third part, a third-rate performer.*

τρίτατος, *α, ον*, (τρίτος) *of time, in three days, on the third day; τριταῖοι ἐγένοντο they arrived on the third day. 2. three days old; τριταῖος γενόμενος after being three days dead. 3. three days ago. 4. generally for τρίτος, third.*

τρί-τάλαντος, *ον*, (τρι-, τάλαντον) *of three talents weight or worth. [τᾶ]*

τρί-τάλας, *τάλαινα, τάλαν, (τρι-, τάλας) thrice-wretched. [τᾶ]*

τρί-τάνυστος, *ον*, (τρι-, τανύω) *triply stretched or drawn out, i. e. very long.*

τρίτατος, *η, ον*, *poët. lengthd. for τρίτος, like μέσσοτος for μέσος. [ῥ]*

τρίτη-μόριος, *α, ον*, (τρίτος, μέρος) *equal to a third part, forming a third part: as Subst., τριτη-μόριον (sub. μόριον), τό, a third part.*

τρίτη-μορίς, *ἴδος, ἡ*, like τριτημύριον, *a third part. τριτο-βάμων [ᾶ], ον, gen. ονος*, (τρίτος, βαίω) *going as third, forming a third foot.*

Τρίτο-γένεια, *ἡ*, *the Triton-born, epith. of Minerva; derived from the lake Τριτανίς in Libya, near which the goddess was born.*

Τρίτο-γενής, *ἑος, ἡ*, = Τριτογένεια.

τρίτοκέω, *to bring forth thrice, have three at a birth. From*

τρι-τόκος, *ον*, (τρι-, τεκεῖν) *bearing thrice or three at a birth.*

τρίτος, *η, ον*, (τρίς, τρεῖς) *the third, Lat. tertius; τρίτος ἐλθεῖν to come as third, i. e. with two others; τρίτος γενέσθαι to be third in a race; ἐς τρίτην ἡμέραν on the third day, i. e. the day after to-morrow.*

II. τρίτον as *Adv. thirdly*, also τὸ τρίτον: also ἐκ τρίτου or ἐκ τρίτων, *in the third place.*

III. τὰ τρίτα λέγειν *τινὶ to play the third part to any one, like τριταγωνιστεῖν τινι. [ῥ]*

τρίτό-σπονδος, *ον*, (τρίτος, σπονδή) = τρισπόνδος, *crowned with triple libation; τριτόσπονδος αἰών a life*

in which one pours the third libation (to Zeus Σωτήρ), i. e. a life without drawback.

τριτόσπορος, *ov*, (τρίτος, σπείρω) sown for the third time; τριτόσπορος γονή the third generation.

τριπτός, *ή, ov*, Att. for τρισσός.

τριπτός, *υός, ή*, also τριπτός, (τρεις) the number three, Lat. *ternio*.

II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman *sa-oue-taurilia*). III. at Athens, a third of the φυλή or tribe.

Τρίτων, *αως, ό*, Triton, a sea-god, son of Poseidon and Amphitrité.

2. the god of the Libyan lake Tritonis. II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis with the sea. [τ] Hence

Τριτωνιάς, *αδος, ή*, like Τριτωνίς, epith. of Minerva: λίμνη Τριτωνιάς the Libyan lake Tritonis.

Τριτωνίς, *ιδος, ή*, the lake Tritonis in Libya famous for the birth of Athena. 2. epith. of Minerva.

τριπλάσιος, *α, ov*, (τρεις) threefold, Lat. *triplex*: also simply *three*. [α]

τριφίλιτος Dor. -ατος, *ov*, (τρι-, φιλέω) thrice-beloved.

τριφύλλον, *τό*, (τρι-, φύλλον) a plant, trefoil, clover.

τριφύλος, *ov*, (τρι-, φυλή) of three tribes; τριφύλος ποιεῖν to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα or τριχή, Adv. (τρεις) threefold, in three parts, Lat. *trifariam*: c. gen. τρίχα νυκτός in the third watch of the night; τρίχα σχίζειν to divide in three. [τ]

τριχάϊκες [τ], *oi*, the threefold people, i. e. the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τριχάλεπτος, *ov*, (τρι-, χαλέπτω) very angry.

τριχάλος, *ov*, Dor. for τριχηλος, (τρι-, χηλή) cloven in three.

τρίχες, *αι*, nom. pl. of θρίξ. [τ]

τρίχη, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poet. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts. [α] Hence

τριχθάδιος, *α, ov*, threefold. [α]

τριχίνος, *η, ov*, (θρίξ) of or from hair. [τρί]

τριχίς, *ιδος, ή*, (θρίξ) a kind of anchovy full of small bones like hair, whence its name.

τριχόβρωτος, *ατος*, (θρίξ, Βιβρώσκω) eating hair: as Subst., τριχόβρωτες, hair-eaters, i. e. moths.

τριχοίνικος, *ov*, (τρι-, χοίνιξ) holding three χοίνικες: τριχοίνικον έπος a most capacious word.

τριχόλωτος, *ov*, (τρι-, χολώω) thrice-detested.

τριχόμαλλος, *ov*, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with fleecelike hair.

τριχορρούω, *φ, ήσω*, to shed or lose the hair. From τριχορρύής, *ές*, (θρίξ, ρέω) shedding or losing the hair.

τριχός, gen. of θρίξ.

τριχού, Adv. (τρίχα) in three places.

τριχρωμος, *ov*, (τρι-, χρωμα) three-coloured.

τριχρωμα, *ατος, τό*, (τριχία) a growth of hair, shock of hair.

τρίχως, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τρίψαι, aor. I inf. of τρίβω.

τριψ-ήμερος, *φ, ήσω*, (τρίβω, ήμέρα) to idle away the day, waste time in delays, Lat. *terere tempus*.

τριψς, *εως, ή*, (τρίβω) a rubbing, friction. II. firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed. III.

τριψεις, *αι*, potted meat.

τρι-ώβολον, *τό*, (τρι-, ώβολός) a three-obol piece. i. e. a half-drachma, about 4½d., from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's sitting in court.

τριώροφος, *ov*, (τρι-, όροφή) of three stories or floors:—as Subst., τριώροφον, *τό*, the third story.

τριώργιος, *ov*, more correct Att. form of τριόργιος.

Τροιάθεν Ion. -ηθεν or -θε, (Τροία) Adv. from Troy.

Τροιάθεν Ion. -ηνδε, (Τροία) Adv. to Troy.

Τροία Ion. Τροίη, *ή*, either the city or the country, Troy or the Troad: also Τροία as trisyll.

τρομεόισατο, Ion. for τρομέοιντο, 3 pl. med. opt. of τρομέω.

τρομέοντι, Dor. and Ep. for τρομέουσι, 3 pl. of τρομέω. 2. dat. pres. part. of τρομέω.

τρομερός, *ά, ov*, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, quivering.

τρομεύμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομέω.

τρομέω, *φ, ήσω*, (τρόμος) to tremble, quake, quiver: hence to be afraid. II. c. acc. to tremble before or at, to fear, dread, shudder at.

τρόμος, *ό*, (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering, esp. from fear.

τροπαία (sub πνοή), *ή*, (τροπαίος) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαία a change in one's spirit. 2. a change from, release from.

τρόπαιον Ion. τροπαίον, *τό*, properly neut. of τροπαίος; a trophy, Lat. *trophaeum*, in token of the enemy's rout (τροπή): consisting of shields, helmets, etc., taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts:—στήσαι or στήσασθαι τρόπαια to set up trophies.

τροπαίος, *α, ov*, (τρέπω) of a turning or change. II. of defeat or rout (τροπή); θεοί τροπαίοι the gods who caused the defeat; Έκτορος όμμασι τροπαίοι terrible to the eyes of Hector. III. turning away, averting, Lat. *avertuncus*.

τροπαιο-φόρος, *ov*, (τρόπαιον, φέρω) bearing trophies.

τροπάλιζω, poet. for τρέπω.

τροπαλίς, *ιδος, ή*, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poet. form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, *ή*, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about; τροπαί ηελιοιο the solstices or tropics, i. e. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called τροπαί θερναί and χειμερναί, Lat. *solstitium and bruma*.

II. the turning about of the enemy, putting him to flight; τροπήν τινος ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι to put one to flight; εν τροπή δορός in the rout of the spear. 2. (from Pass. τρέ-

πομαι) a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. *conversio in fugam*. 2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίας, ου, ὁ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour. τροπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρόπος) of or like a turn or turning: ὁ τροπικός (sc. κύκλος) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή. II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

τρόπος, ἡ, Ep. gen. τρόπιος or -ιδος; acc. τρόπιν: (τρέπω)—a ship's keel: metaph., ἡ τρόπος τοῦ πράγματος the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

τρόπος, ὁ, (τρέπω) a turn, direction, way. II. metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρέπω τοιῶδε in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρέπω in no wise; παντὶ τρέπω by all means; ἐκουσίῳ τρέπω willingly; τρέπω φρενύς according to one's way or humour; ἐν τρόποις Ἰξίου after the fashion of Ixion. 2. absol. in acc., πάντα τρόπον in every way or manner; Βάρβαρον τρόπον in barbarous fashion.

3. ἐκ παντὸς τρόπου by all means. III. of persons, a way of life, habit, custom: a man's habits, character, temper; οὐ τοῦμοι τρόπου νοῦ after my taste; πρὸς τοῦ Κύρου τρόπον suitably to his temper or taste. IV. in Music, a particular mode.

τροπός, ὁ, (τρέπω) a twisted leathern thong, with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead of a rowlock.

τροπο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (τρόπος, φέρω) to bear with another man's manners.

τροπέω, f. ὦσω, to furnish the oar with its thong (τροπός): Med., τροπούτο κώπην fastened his own oar by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

τροπωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, =τροπός, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφιλίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (τρέφω) fresh cheese.

τροφεία, τά, (τροφέω) pay or recompence for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother. II. living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύς, ἕως, ὁ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, ὦ τροφῆς ἔμοι γε who have fed me.

τροφέω, =τρέφω, as φορέω for φέρω.

τροφή, ἡ, (τρέφω) nourishment, food, victuals, maintenance; βίον τροφήν a livelihood, living: one's means of living. II. a rearing or nursing, bringing up: a tending or keeping of animals. III. that which is reared, a nursling, brood.

τρόφιμος, η, ου, also ος, ου, (τροφή) nourishing, nutritious, fruitful: c. gen., γῆ πρόφιμος τέκνων earth prolific in children. II. pass. nourished, reared up: as Subst. a nursling, foster-child.

τρόφις, ὁ, ἡ, τρόφι, τό, gen. ιος, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big; τρόφι κύμα a huge, swollen wave.

τροφῶεις, εσσα, εν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, huge.

τροφός, δ and ἡ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse. τροφο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourishment to, maintain, support.

Τροφῶνιος, ὁ, the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along. [ᾶ]

τροχάζω, f. ἄσω, (τρόχος) to run along, run quickly, trip along.

τροχάϊος, α, ου, (τρόχος) running, tripping: in prosody, ὁ τροχάϊος (sc. πούς) a trochee, foot consisting of a long and short syllable, used esp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχάλιος, ἡ, ὄν, (τρέχω) running: swift: round. τροχηλάτew, f. ἦσω, to drive a chariot. II. metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chafe. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (τροχός, ἐλαύνω) a driver of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ηλάτος, ου, (τροχός, ἐλαύνω) moved on wheels, wheel-drawn. 2. dragged by or at the wheels. 3. turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel. 4. metaph. driven round and round, driven about.

τροχιά, ἡ, (τροχός) the track of wheels. 2. the round of a wheel.

τροχίζω, f. ἴσω, (τροχός) to turn upon the wheel, torture.

τροχίλια, ἡ, (τροχός) a pulley, Lat. trocblea.

τροχίλιος, ὁ, (τρέχω) a small bird of the wagtail kind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick βδέλλα out of the crocodile's throat. 2. a small land-bird, the wren. [Υ]

τροχίος, α, ὄν, (τροχός) running round or quickly. τροχίος, ιος and εως, ὁ, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger.

τροχο-δινέω, f. ἦσω, (τροχός, δινέω) to turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-εἰδής, ἐς, (τροχός, εἶδος) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχόεις, εσσα, εν, (τροχός) round, circular.

τροχοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make wheels. From τροχο-ποιός, ὄς, (τροχός, ποίew) making wheels: as Subst., τροχοποιός, ὁ, a wheelwright.

τροχός, οὔ, ὁ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round: anything round or circular, a round ball or cake; the sun's disc: esp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III. a boy's hoop, Lat. Graecus trochus. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχίω; ἐπὶ τροχῷ στρεβλοῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ου, ὁ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution. 2. a place for running.

ΤΡΥΒΑΙΟΝ, τό, a cup, bowl.

τρύγαν, f. ἦσω, (τρύγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gather in the vintage or harvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph., τρυγάν τινα to reap advantage from some one.

2. proverb., ἐρίμιας τρυγάν (sc. ἀμπέλου) to strip unwatched vines, of one that is bold where there is nothing to fear.

τρύγη [ῦ], ἡ, (τρύγη) ripe fruit gathered in, a crop

of corn, fruit, grapes, etc.

II. a gathering of such fruits; ἀμπέλων τρύγη the vintage.

τρῦγήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τρῦγάω) one who gathers ripe fruits, esp. grapes.

τρῦγῆτος, ὁ, (τρῦγάω) a gathering of fruits, barvest, esp. the vintage. 2. the time of gathering in the crops or vintage.

τρῦγήτρια, ἡ, fem. of τρῦγήτηρ, a woman that gathers in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρῦγη-φόρος, ον, (τρῦγη, φέρω) wine-bearing.

τρῦγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρῦξ) made of lees. II. = τρυγδικός, of or for comedy.

τρῦγο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, (τρῦξ, δαίμων) for τρυγώδης, with allusion to κακοδαίμων, a luckless wight of a poet.

τρῦγο-οἶπος, ὁ, (τρῦξ, ἵπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [ῥ]

τρῦγόωεν, Ep. for τρυγῶεν, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγάω.

ΤΡΥΓΤΩ, to dry. [ῥ]

τρῦγ-ωδία, ἡ, (τρῦγωδός) = κωμωδία, comedy. Hence

τρῦγ-ωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, = κωμωδικός, of or for comedy or the comic art.

τρῦγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τρῦξ, ᾠδή) a must-singer or lees-singer; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with lees as a ludicrous disguise: afterwards called κωμωδός when their performance assumed a more regular character.

τρῦγ-ώων, ὄνος, ἡ, (τρῦξ) the turtle-dove, named from its cooing.

ΤΡΥΓΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to make a murmuring sound; of doves, to coo; of men, to mutter, murmur. (Formed from the sound.)

τρῦμᾶλια, ἡ, (τρώω) = τρύμη; the eye of a needle.

τρύμη, ἡ, (τρώω) a bole. II. metaph. a sharp fellow, a sly knave. [ῥ]

τρώξ, ἡ, gen. τρώξω, (τρώω) new wine not yet fermented, must, Lat. mustum. II. the lees of wine, dregs, Lat. faex; generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat. scoria; metaph. of an old man or woman.

τρώπανον, τό, (τρώπᾶω) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet. [ῥ]

τρώπαω, f. ἦσω; pf. pass. τετρώπημαι; (τρύπη):—to bore, pierce through, perforate; ἅτα τετρωπημένα ears pierced for earrings; ψῆφος τετρωπημένη the pebble of condemnation (which had a hole through it).

τρώπη, ἡ, (τρώω) a bole.

τρώπημα, ατος, τό, (τρώπᾶω) that which is bored, a bole: in a ship, a port-hole.

τρώπῳ, contr. for τρωπάω, 3 sing. opt. of τρωπάω.

τρώ-ἄνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρώω, ἀνήρ) boring, i. e. wearing out, men, harassing. [ᾠ]

τρώσι-βλος, ον, (τρώω, βλος) wearing out life. [σῖ]

ΤΡΥΤΑΝΗ ἡ the tongue of a balance; generally, a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trutinna. [ᾠ]

τρώ-φάλεια, ἡ, a helmet. (Prob. from τρώω and φάλος, strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the φάλος.)

τρώφῳ, f. ἦσω, (τρωφή) to live softly or delicately, fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρωφῶν, ὄσα,

delicate, effeminate; neut. τὸ τρωφῶν as Subst., effeminacy. 2. to be licentious, to revel. 3. to carry oneself high, give oneself airs, be insolent.

τρώφραϊνομαι, Pass. (τρωφρός) to be fastidious or delicate: aor. I part. τρωφρανθεῖς, with a fastidious air.

τρώφρός, ἄ, ὄν, (τρωφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. τὸ τρωφρόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -ρῶς, voluptuously.

τρώφρότης, ητος, ἡ, (τρωφρός) delicacy, luxury.

τρωφή, ἡ, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plur. luxuries, daintinesses, Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit, insolence.

τρωφήλος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for τρωφρός.

τρωφήμα, ατος, τό, (τρωφάω) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.

τρωφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω.

τρώφος, εος, τό, (τρωφῆναι) that which is broken off, a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [ῥ]

τρώχηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (τρώχος) ragged, tattered, in rags and tatters.

τρώχος, ὁ, = στρώχος, rough, rugged.

τρώχος, εος, τό, (τρώχω) a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, sbred; in plur. rags, tatters. Hence

τρώχῳ, rare form of τρώχω.

τρώχω, f. ζω, (τρώω) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph. to eat one out of house and home. 2. generally, to distress, afflict, harass, vex:—Pass. to be worn out; λιμῶ τρώχεσθαι to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen., τρώχεσθαι τινος to waste or pine away for some one. [ῥ]

ΤΡΥΩ, chiefly in pf. pass. τέτρωμαι, part. τετρωμένος, inf. τετρώσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, harass, afflict, vex; τετρώσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to have been ground down to the extreme of misery. [ῥ]

Τρώας, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of Τρώα, a Trojan woman. II. the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρώγᾶλια, τά, (τρώγω) fruits eaten at dessert, figs, almonds, sweetmeats, etc. [γᾶ]

τρώγλη, ἡ, (τρώγω) a bole.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ου, ὁ, (τρώγλη, δύω) one who creeps into holes; οἱ Τρωγλοδύται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwelt in holes or caves. [ῥ]

τρωγλο-δύω, (τρώγλη, δύω) to creep into holes.

τρωγούσας, Dor. for τρωγούσας, fem. part. acc. pl. of τρώγω.

τρώγωνι, Dor. for τρώγωνι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώγω.

ΤΡΩΤΩ, f. τρώξομαι; aor. I ἔτρωξα; aor. 2 ἔτρωγον; Pass., aor. 2 ἔτρωγην [ᾠ]: pf. τρώωμαι:—to gnaw, chew; of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: esp. of dessert, to eat fruits, cp. τρωγᾶλια.

Τρωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Τρώς) of Troy, Trojan.

Τρώιος, η, ον, Ep. for Τρωός, Trojan; fem. Τρωιάς, ἄδος, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτός.

τρώκτης, ου, ὁ, (τρώγω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called τρωῖται, *greedy knaves*; so as Adj., τρωῖ-
ται χεῖρες *greedy, grasping hands*.
τρωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τρώγω, *gnawed, nib-
bled at*; of vegetables, fruit, etc., *eaten raw, eatable*:
neut. τρωκτά, τά, as Subst., = τραγάλια.
τρώμα, τρωματίζω, τρωματίας, Ion. for τρωαμ-
τρώμη Dor. τρώμᾶ, ἡ, = τρώμα, Ion. for τρωάμα.
τρώξις, εως, ἡ, (τρώγω) *a gnawing*.
Τρώας, ἄ, ὄν, contr. for Τρώϊος, (Τρώς) *Trojan*.
Τρωο-φθόρος, ὄν, (Τρώς, φθέρω) *destructive to the*
Trojans or to Troy.
τρωπάω, Ep. for τρέπω, *to turn, to change, alter*:—
Med. *to turn oneself, turn about or back*; 3 sing. Ep.
and Ion. impf. τρωπάσκειτο φεύγειν *be turned himself*
to flight.
Τρώς, ὄ, gen. Τρώος, Τρός, the founder of Troy:
plur. Τρώες, ὄ, gen. Τρώων, dat. Τρωσί, *Trojans*.
τρώσσεισθαι, fut. med. inf. of τιτρώσκειν.
τρώσω, fut. of τιτρώσκειν.
τρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τρώω, τιτρώσκειν,
wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable.
τρωύμα, false reading for τρώμα, Ion. for τρωάμα.
τρωχάω, Ep. for τρέχω, *to run*.
ΤΡΩΨ, radic. form of τιτρώσκειν, *to wound: to hurt,*
harm, damage, do one a mischief.
τύ, Dor. for σύ: also acc. for σέ. [ῥ]
τύβι, τό, an Egyptian winter month.
τυγχάνω, fut. τεύρομαι: aor. 2 ἐτύχον, Ep. subj.
τύχωμαι: Ep. aor. I ἐτύχησα [ῥ]: pf. τετύχηκα [ῥ],
Ion. also τέτευχα: plqpf. ἐτετεύχηον — *to hit*, esp. *to*
hit with an arrow, commonly joined with acc., when
the object hit is alive, with gen. when it is life-
less.
II. generally, *to hit, hit upon, light upon*:
so of persons, *to meet by chance, fall in with*, c.
gen. 2. of things, *to meet with, hit, reach, gain,*
get, obtain a thing, also c. gen. 3. in aor. 2 part.,
ὁ τυχών *one who meets one by chance, the first one*
meets, any one whatever, Lat. *quintus*; οἱ τυχόντες
every-day men, the ordinary run of men; τὸ τυχόν
any chance thing. 4. in bad sense, βίαι τυχεῖν *to*
meet with, suffer violence. III. absol. *to hit the*
mark, gain one's end or purpose; καλῶς τυχεῖν *to*
fare well, succeed, in speaking, to hit the mark, i. e. *to*
be right. 2. generally, *to have the lot or fate*.
Intr. *to happen, to be at a place*. 2. of things,
come to pass, fall out, occur by chance; often impers.,
ὅπως ἐτύχαιεν, ὥσπερ ἐτυχεν, etc., *as it chanced,*
by mere accident. 3. of events or undertakings, *to*
happen to, befall one, come to one's lot or share, c. dat.
pers.: esp. *to fall out well, come to a good end, suc-*
ceed. II. in Att. τυγχάνω was used almost as an
auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the partici-
ples of other Verbs, τυγχάνω ἔχων *I happen to*
have, i. e. I have in possession; παρὰν ἐτύχαιον *I*
chanced to be by: ἐτυχε κατὰ τοῦτο καιροῦ ἐθλῶν
he happened to come at that nick of time; but, τυγ-
χάνω ὦν = εἰμί, *I am*; so also without any part., εἰ
σοι χαρὰ τυγχάνει τάδε *if these things are pleasant*

to thee. 2. in such phrases as ὅτι ἂν τύχωσι, τοῦτο
λέγουσι, we must supply a part. from the other Verb,
ὅτι ἂν τύχωσι λέγοντες, τοῦτο λέγουσιν, etc.
Τυδεύς, εως, Ep. εὖς, ὄ, Tydeus.
τυδεῖ, Adv. Dor. for τῆδε, *here*.
τύκλιζω, f. ἰσώ, (τύκος) *to work stones with a chisel or*
pick, to dress stones. Hence
ΤΥΚΗ, ἡ, (τέτυγμα) *mason's work*. [τῦ]
τύκιμα, ατος, τό, *a working or dressing of stones*:
in plur., κανῶν τυκίσματα *walls of stone worked*
square by rule. [ῥ]
τύκος, ὄ, (τέτυγμα) *a tool to dress stones with, a*
mason's hammer or pick. II. *a battle-axe, pole-axe*. [τῦ]
τυκτά, a Persian word, which Herodotus explains by
τέλειον δέιπνον βασιλῆιον.
τυκτός, ἄ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω (τέτυγμα), *made,*
made ready: esp. *made by art, artificial*, as opp. to
natural: τυκτὴ κρήνη *a fountain made by man's hand*:
esp. *well-made, well-wrought, finished carefully*.
ΤΥΔΗ, ἡ, like τύλος, any swelling or lump:
esp., I. *a place worn hard by rubbing*, Lat. *callus*:
the shoulder. II. *a pad for carrying burdens*
on, a porter's knot. III. *a cushion*. [ῥ in
Att., ῥ later.]
τύλος, ὄ, = τύλη, *a knot or callus*; esp. on the
hands, as from rowing, etc. II. *anything rising*
like a lump, a knob, knot; *esp. a wooden nail or bolt*
used in ship-building. [ῥ]
τύλω, freq. used in pf. part. τετυλωμένος: (τύ-
λος):—*to make hard or callous*:—Pass. *to grow hard*
or callous from rubbing, as the hand from rowing or
digging; ῥόπαλα σιδήρων τετυλωμένα *clubs knobbed*
or knotted with iron: cf. τυλατός.
τύλατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τυλόω; ῥόπαλα τυ-
λατά *clubs knobbed with iron, like τετυλωμένα*.
τύμνεμα, ατος, τό, (τυμβεύω) *aburial, grave*. II.
the corpse to be burnt or buried.
τυμβεύω, f. σω, (τύμβος) *to bury, burn or entomb*
a corpse. 2. ῥαδς τυμβεύσαι τινι *to pour libations*
as an offering on one's grave. II. intr. *to be*
entombed.
τυμβήρης, es, (τύμβος, ἀρᾶρειν) *buried, entombed,*
interred, sepulchred. II. *like a grave or tomb*.
τυμβίτης [τ], ου, ὄ, fem. τυμβίτις, ιδος, (τύμβος) *in*
or at the grave.
τυμβο-γέρον, οντος, ὄ, (τύμβος, γέρον) *an old man*
on the verge of the grave.
τυμβο-ἀλέτης, ου, ὄ, (τύμβος, ὄλλυμι) *a destroyer of*
tombs: fem. τυμβόλετις, ιδος.
ΤΥΜΒΟΣ, ὄ, *the place where a dead body is burnt*,
Lat. *bustum*: commonly, *a mound of earth heaped*
over the ashes, a cairn, barrow, Lat. *tumulus*: gene-
rally, *a tomb, grave*. II. metaph., γέρον τύμ-
bos, = τυμβογέρον, *a decrepit old man*: so also τύμ-
bos, absol.
τυμβο-οῦχος, ον, (τύμβος, ἔχω) *dwelling in a tomb,*
sepulchral.
τυμβο-φόνος, ον, (τύμβος, *φένω) *tomb-destroying*.

τυμβοχοεώ, f. ἦσω, (τυμβοχός) to throw up a cairn or barrow: to raise a mound over a grave. Hence τυμβοχοή, a throwing up a cairn or barrow. τυμβο-χός, ον, (τύμβος, χέω) throwing up a cairn or barrow. II. pass. thrown or poured upon the tomb. τυμβό-χωστος, ον, (τύμβος, χώννυμι) heaped up into a cairn or barrow. τυμβωρυχέω, f. ἦσω, to break open graves. From τυμβ-ωρύχος, ον, (τύμβος, ὀρύσσω) digging up, breaking open graves: as Subst., τυμβώρυχος, ὁ, a grave-robber. [ρῦ]

τύμμα, ατος, τό, (τύπτω) a blow, stroke, wound. τυμπάνιζω, f. ἴσω, (τύπανον) to beat a drum. II. generally, to beat with a stick, bastinado. τυμπάνισμός, ὁ, (τυμπανίζω) a beating of drums, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybelé. τυμπανιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (τυμπανίζω) one who beats the τύπανον, a drummer: fem. τυμπανίστρια, of a priestess of Cybelé. τύπανον, τό, (properly for τύπανον, from τυπεῖν) a kettle-drum, such as was used in the worship of Cybelé. II. a drum-stick: generally, a staff, cudgel. III. in Lat., tympana were wagon-wheels made of a solid piece of wood, rollers. Τυνδάρεος, α, ον, or os, ον, of Tyndarus. From Τυνδάρεος Att. Τυνδαρέως, εω, ὁ, Tyndarëus, Tyndarus, husband of Leda. Τυνδαρίδης [τ], οὔ, ὁ, (formed as if from Τύνδαρος) son of Tyndarus: Τυνδαρίβαι, οἱ, Castor and Pollux: fem. Τυνδαρίς, ἴδος, daughter of Tyndarus. τύνη, Ep. and Dor. for τύ, σύ, as ἐγάνη for ἐγώ. τυνός, ἡ, ὄν, akin to τυτθός, so small, so little. Hence τυννοῦτος, ον, Att. τυννουτοσί, -ονί, so small, so little, Lat. tantillus. τυντλάζω, to dabble in the mud or mire: esp. to grub round the roots of a vine. From ΤΥΝΤΛΑΟΣ, ὁ, mud, mire, dirt. τύπανον, τό, (τύπτω) orig. form of τύπανον, preserved also in Latin *typanum*. τύπειν, ης, η, aor. 2 pass. opt. of τύπτω. τύπειν, aor. 2 inf. of τύπτω. τύπείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. pass. of τύπτω. τύπή, ἡ, (τύπτω) a blow, wound. τύπηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τύπτω. ΤΥΠΟΣ, ὁ, a blow. II. the mark of a blow, the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind; τύποι στίβου the prints or tracks of footsteps. 2. figures or impressions wrought in metal or stone: simply, a figure, image, statue of a man. 3. an outline, sketch, draught; τύπω λέγειν to describe in outline. 4. the original pattern, model, mould, type: metaph. a type, figure. 5. a system, form of doctrine. III. the effect produced on the ear by a blow, as the beat of horses' feet. Hence τύπώω, f. ἴσω, to impress, stamp. II. to form, mould, model.

τυπήσω, Att. fut. of τύπτω. ΤΥΠΤΟΙ, Dor. for τύπτοι. ΤΥΠΤΩ, fut. τύψω or τυπήσω: aor. I ἔτυψα: aor. 2 ἐτύπον: Pass., fut. τυπήσομαι: aor. I ἐτύφην: aor. 2 ἐτύπην [ῦ]: pf. τέτυμμαι:—to beat, strike, smite, knock: metaph. to strike or smite at heart; ἄχος ὀξὺ κατὰ φρένα τύψε sharp grief smote him to the heart; ἡ ἀληθινή ἐτυψε Καμβύση the truth of it struck Cambyses: later of bees, etc., to sting. In Homer τύπτω is chiefly used of a blow struck hand to hand, as opp. to βάλλω, which implies a blow from a missile. 2. ἅλα τύπτειν ἐρετροῖς to beat the sea with oars, i. e. to row: absol., Ζέφυρος λαίλαπι τύπτων the west wind beating, lashing with fury. II. Med. to beat or strike oneself; esp. like κόπτομαι, Lat. plangor, to beat one's breast for grief:—c. acc. pers., τυπτεσθαι τινα to mourn for a person. III. Pass. to be beaten, struck or wounded; c. acc. cognato, τύπτομαι πολλάς (sc. πληγὰς) I get many blows. τύπωμα, ατος, τό, (τύπώω) that which is formed, fashioned, modelled: a vessel wrought; τύπωμα χαλκόπλευρον a brazen urn: a figure, outline. τύρηνεω, f. ἐσω and τυρηνέω, f. ἦσω: fut. med. τυρηνήσομαι in pass. sense: (τύραννος):—to be a tyrannos or absolute sovereign: to rule absolutely: c. gen. to be ruler of a people or place; τυρηνεύειν Ἀθηνῶν to be tyrant of Athens:—the aor. I τυρηνεῦσαι means to have acquired a tyranny, to have made oneself tyrant. II. Pass. τυρηνεῖσθαι or -έσθαι, to be ruled by τύραννοι, to be governed with absolute power. τύραννικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τύραννος) of or fit for an absolute prince, royal, imperial: befitting a tyrant, lordly, imperious. Sup. τυραννικώτατος. τύραννις, ἴδος, ἡ, vocat. τυραννί: (τύραννος):—the rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway, sovereignty, royalty. τύραννος [ῦ], ὁ, also ἡ, properly Dor. for κοίρανος (from κύρος, κύριος) a lord and master; hence an absolute sovereign, unlimited by law or constitution: it was applied to anyone who had made himself king by force; not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance) not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia; and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing conduct: later however the term was used as our tyrant or despot; and in poets it was taken loosely for a king. 2. in a wider sense, the whole family of a τύραννος:—hence also, ἡ τύραννος was the queen, princess; as ὁ τύραννος was the king's son, prince. II. τύραννος, ον, as Adj., like τυραννικός, princely, lordly: imperious, despotic; τύραννον δῶμα the king's palace. τύραννο-φόνος, ον, (τύραννος, *φένω) slaying tyrants. τυρβάζω f. ἄσω, to trouble, confuse, stir up, Lat. turbare:—Pass. to be in disorder, be jumbled or crowded together. From ΤΥΡΒΗ, ἡ, disorder, ibrong, bustle, Lat. turba. τύρευμα, ατος, τό, (τυρέω) that which is curdled, cheese. [ῦ]

τυρευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and τυρευτής οὐ, ὁ, (τυρεύω) *one who makes cheese*; said of Hermes as god of goat-herds and goats-milk cheese.

τυρεύω, f. εύσω, and τυρέω, f. ἦσω: (τυρός):—to make cheese. II. metaph: to stir up, jumble, confound. 2. to concoct, brew a thing cunningly.

Τύριος, α, ον, cf or from Tyre: a Tyrian. [ῥ]

τύρισσω, Dor. for σπρίζω.

τύριος, εσσα, en contr. τυρούς, ούσσα, ούν, (τυρός) like cheese: as Subst, τυρός Dor. τυράς, ὁ, cheese-bread, a cheese-cake or cheese.

τύρό-κνηστις, ἦ, (τυρός, κνάω) a cheese-grater.

τύρό-βάτος, ον, (τυρός, βάτος) with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese.

τύροπώλῳ, f. ἦσω, to sell cheese, sell like cheese. From

τύρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (τυρός, πώλῳ) a cheesemonger.

ΤΥΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, cheese. II. the cheese-market.

Τύρος, ὁ, Tyre, an ancient city of Phoenicia. [ῥ]

τυρούς, contr. for τυρόεις.

τύρο-φόρος, ον, (τυρός, φέρω) bearing cheese, spread with cheese.

Τυρην-ολέτης, ον, ὁ, (Τυρηνός, ὄλλυμι) destroyer of Tyrrhenians.

Τυρηνός Ion. and old Att. Τυρσηνός, ἦ, ὄν, Tyrrhenian, Etruscan: Τυρσηνοί or Τυρρηνοί the Etruscans:—Adj. Τυρσηνικός, ἦ, ὄν, Etruscan.

ΤΥΡΣΙΣ, ἦ, gen. ios: acc. τύρσιν: nom. pl. τύρσις, gen. έων, dat. εσι, Lat. TURRIS:—a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion.

τυρός, ἄντος, Dor. for τυρούς.

ΤΥΤΘΟΣ, ὄν, also ἦ, ὄν, little, small, young, of children. II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., a little, a wee bit: hence scarcely, hardly: of the voice, low, softly, gently. 2. also in pl., τυτθὰ διατηῆσαι to cut into small pieces.

Τυφάων, ονος, ὁ, poet. Ep. lengthd. form for Τυφῶν: hence, Τυφάωνιος, α, ον, poet. for Τυφάνιος.

τυφεδάνος, ὁ, (τύφω) one with clouded wits, a stupid fellow, a dullard.

τυφ-ήρης, es, (τύφος, ἀράρησι) set on fire, burning.

τυφλό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἦ, (τυφλός, ποῦς) with blind foot, stepping in blindness.

τυφλός, ἦ, ὄν, blind, Lat. caecus: c. gen., τυφλός τινος blind to a thing. 2. metaph. τυφλός τά τ' ὦτα τόν τε νοῦν τά τ' ὄμματα blind in ears and mind and eyes. 3. of things, dark, unseen, dim, obscure; τυφλαί σπιλάδες blind, i. e. sunken, rocks.

τυφλώω, (τυφλός) to blind, make blind:—Pass. to be blinded or blind. II. metaph. to blind, dull, baffle, dim. Hence

τυφλῶς, Adv. of τυφλός, blindly.

τύφλωσις, ἦ, a making blind, blinding.

τύφλωτις, (τυφλός) to be blind.

τύφο-γέρον, οντος, ὁ, (τύφος, γέρον) a silly old man, a dotard; cf. τυμβογέρον.

τύφος, ὁ, (τύφω) smoke, mist, cloud. II. metaph. conceit, vanity, Lat. fucus.

τύφωω, f. ὤσω, (τύφος) to wrap in smoke or mist: metaph. to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure: pf. pass. τετύφωμαι, to be shrouded in conceit and folly, to be silly, stupid, absurd.

ΤΥ'ΦΩ [ῥ]; f. θύψω: aor. I ἔθυψα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτύφην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι:—to raise a smoke; c. acc. cognato, καπνόν τύφειν to make a cloud of smoke. II. to smoke; καπνῷ τύφειν μελισσας to smoke bees, and metaph., καπνῷ τύφειν πόλιν to fill the town with smoke.

III. to consume in smoke, burn with fire and smoke:—Pass. to smoke, smoulder.

Τυφώεις, έως, Ep. έός, ὁ: contr. Τυφῶς, ὦ:—Typhoeus, Τυφῶς, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf. τυφῶς.

Τυφῶν, ὄνος, Ep. Τυφῶων, ανος, ὁ, Τυρῶν, Τυρῶων, the same giant who is more freq. called Τυφῶς, Τυφῶεύς.

II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean a furious storm, burricane, typhoon. Hence

Τυφῶωνικός, ἦ, ὄν, cf or from Τυρῶν. II. stormy, tempestuous.

Τυφῶς, ὁ, contr. for Τυφῶεύς. II. as appellat., τυφῶς, gen. τυφῶ, dat. τυφῶ, acc. τυφῶ:—like τυφῶν II, a furious storm, burricane.

τύχη, Ep. for ἐτύχη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of τυγχάνω.

τύχην, aor. 2 inf. of τυγχάνω.

ΤΥ'ΧΗ [ῥ], ἦ, what man obtains (τυγχάνει) from the gods, good fortune, luck, Lat. fortuna; κοινὸν τύχη luck is a thing common to all; τύχα θεῶν, σὺν θεοῦ τύχα by luck from the gods; esp. in phrase, θεία τύχη by divine providence; later, Τύχη was deified, like Lat. Fortuna, by the name of Τύχη Σώτειρα or Σωτήρ.

2. generally, chance, fortune, good or bad, good luck or ill luck; often with an Adj. to shew which; e. g. τύχη αγαθῆ was often used in public acts, by crasis τύχᾶγαθῆ, also ἐπ' αγαθῆ τύχη and μετ' αγαθῆς τύχης, like Lat. quod felix faustumque sit.

3. Adverbial usages, τύχη by chance, Lat. forte, forte, fortuna:—so also ἀπό or ἐκ τύχης, κατὰ τύχην.

II. a chance, hap, lot, accident: in plur., τύχαι ὑμέτεροι your fortunes. Hence

τύχηρός, ἄ, ὄν, fortunate, lucky. 2. by chance, accidental. Hence

τύχηρως, Adv. luckily.

τύχησας, aor. I part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τεύχω.

τύχοιμι [ῥ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνω.

τύχον, Adv., by chance, perhaps; properly acc. neut. of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύχων, οῦσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύψασκον, Ion. aor. I of τύπτω.

τῷ, dat. sing. of neut. τό, used absol., therefore, so, in this wise.

II. for τίμι, dat. sing. of τίς, quis? τῷ, enclit. for τινί, dat. sing. of τίς, aliquis.

τῶγαλα, ατος, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀγαλμα.

τῶδε, dat. of ὅδε, used as Adv., = οὕτως, in this manner, thus.

ΤΩΘΑ'ΖΩ Dor. τωθάσσω: fut. -άσομαι: aor. I

ἐτῳθασα, subj. τῳθάσῳ:—to mock or scoff at, jeer, flout.

τῳθάσδοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τῳθάζω.

τῳληθές, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

τῳποβαῖνον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀποβαῖνον.

τῳρχαῖον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀρχαῖον.

τῳς, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. πῳς; and to the Relat. ὡς, = ὡς, οὔτως, so, in *ibis* wise.

II. Dor. = οὔ, where.

τῳτρεκές, crasis for τὸ ἀτρεκές.

τῳαὐτό, gen. τῳαὐτοῦ, dat. τῳαὐτῷ, Ion. for τὸ αὐτό, τοῦ αὐτοῦ, τῷ αὐτῷ.

Υ

Υ, υ, ὕ ψιλόν, τῷ, indecl., twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral υ' = 400, but υ = 400,000. The written character Υ is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a vowel it was distinguished by the name of Υ ψιλόν.

The use of υ was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for ο, as in ὄνομα ὕμοιος μύγης. They often inserted υ after α and ε, as, θένω χένω for θέω χέω. The Aeol. sometimes changed the diphthong ου into οι, as Μοῖσα for Μοῖσα, λέγοισα for λέγουσα.

ῴαδες, ὡν, αἰ, (ῴω) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. *Pluviae*, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [ῴ in Hom., ῠ in Eur.]

ῠαῖνᾶ, ἡ, (ῠς) a Libyan wild beast, the hyena, an animal of the dog kind, with a bristly hog's mane (whence the name).

ῴακινθία (sub. ἱερά), τῷ, the Hyacinthia, a Lacedaemonian festival in honour of Hyacinthus.

ῠακινθινο-βάφης, ἐς, (ῠακινθινος, βαφήναι) dyed hyacinth colour. [ῠ]

ῠακίνθινος, ἡ, ὡν, (ῠακινθος) hyacinthine, hyacinth-coloured.

ῴακινθος, ὁ, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beloved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the discus. Hence

ῠακίνθος, ὁ or ἡ, the hyacinth, a flower said to have sprung from the blood of Hyacinthus, or acc. to others from that of Telamonian Ajax: some pretended to decipher on the petals the initial letters of these names, ΥΑ or ΑΙ, or the interjection αἰ αἰ; hence it is called γραπτὰ ῠακίνθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. The older poets describe it as very dark, later authors make it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have been included under the name. II. ῠακίνθος, ἡ, the jacinth or perhaps the sapphire, a precious stone of blue colour.

ῠαλέος, α, ὡν, contr. ῠαλοῦς, ἁ, οὔν, (ῠαλος) of glass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

ῠάλινος later ῠέλινος, ἡ, ὡν, (ῠαλος) of or made of glass, glass.

ῠαλέος, εσσα, ἐν, (ῠαλος) of glass: like glass, glassy.

ῠαλος or ῠελος, ἡ, a clear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, etc. 2. a convex lens of crystal, used as a burning-glass, explained by Aristophanes as λίθος διαφανῆς ἀφ' ἧς τὸ πῦρ ἅπτονται a transparent stone from which they light fire.

II. glass, Lat. *vitrum*; glass itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called ῠαλος till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

ῠαλοῦς, ἁ, οὔν, contr. for ἱαλέος.

ῠαλό-χροος, ὡν, contr. -χροος, οὔν, (ῠαλος, χροῖα) glass-coloured.

ῠαλο-χρώδης, ἐς, = ἱαλόχροος.

ῠβ-βάλλω, Ep. contr. for ἱποβάλλω.

ῠΒΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, bent outwards, hump-backed.

ῠβρίζω: f. ῠβρίσω Att. -ῶ: aor. I ῠβρισα: pf. ῠβρικα: plqpf. ῠβρίκειν. Med., fut. ῠβριούμαι: Pass., fut. ῠβρισθήσομαι: aor. I ῠβρίσθην: pf. ῠβρισμαι:—to wax wanton, run riot, Lat. *lascivire*, opp. to σωφρονεῖν to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigh, snort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank.

II. with regard to others, to treat despitely, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat: in Att. more commonly, ῠβρίζειν εἰς τινα to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; ῠβρίζειν ἐπὶ τινα to exult over one: c. acc. cognate, ῠβρίζειν ῠβρει to commit outrages; so, ῠβρίζειν ἀδικήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do one a personal outrage, to beat and insult, assault. [υ naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.]

ῠΒΡΙΣ [υ], εὖς Ep. ἰος, ἡ, wanton violence, arising from the pride of strength, passion, etc., riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness.

2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, despitely treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings, ῠβρις meant an aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being *αἰκία* [ι]; hence in the former case the injured person proceeded by γραφή or prosecution; in the latter by δίκη or private suit. 3. harm, detriment, damage, loss.

II. as mascul. Adj., ῠβρις ἀνήρ, = ῠβριστής.

ῠβρίσδω, Dor. for ῠβρίζω, 3 sing. ῠβρίσδει for ῠβρίξει.

ῠβρισμα, ατος, τῷ, (ῠβρίζω) a wanton act, outrage, insult, Lat. *contumelia*.

II. the object of insult. ῠβριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ῠβριστής.

ῠβριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ῠβρίξω) one who is violent and overbearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man.

II. as masc. Adj. unbridled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage. Hence ῠβριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, given to wantonness or insolence, outrageous: τὸ ῠβριστικόν an insolent disposition. Adv. -κῶς, insolently.

ῠβριστος, ἡ, ὡν, (ῠβρις) insulting, insolent: Comp. and Sup., ῠβριστότερος, -τατος.

ὕγιαζω, f. σω: aor. I ὑγιασα (ὕγιης) to make sound or healthy, to heal.

ὕγιαίνω, f. ἀνώ: aor. I ὑγιαῖνα: (ὕγιης):—to be sound, healthy, Lat. bene valere: to be in a certain state of health, Lat. valere. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind: also to be staunch, true, trustworthy; τὸ ὑγιαῖνον τῆς Ἑλλάδος the sound part of Greece. 3. ὑγιαῖνε, like χαιρε, a common form of taking leave, farewell, Lat. vale. [ῦ, but ῖ in augmented tenses.]

ὕγιαῖα Ion. —εἴη, ῆ, and sometimes in Att. ὑγιαῖα: (ὕγιης):—health, soundness of body, Lat. salus; ὑγιαῖνα φρονῶν soundness of mind. [ῦ]

ὕγιαίνος, ῆ, ὄν, (ὕγιης) wholesome, sound, healthy, healthful: of food, wholesome. II. of persons, sound, healthy, stout, Lat. sanus. [ῦ] Hence

ὕγιαίνως, Adv. healthily:—Comp. ὑγιαϊνοτέρως and -ρον; Sup. -ότατα.

ὕγιαῖς, εσσα, εν, Boeot. for ὑγιῆς: acc. masc. ὑγιαῖντα. [ῦ]

ὕγιηρος, ἄ, ὄν, (ὕγιης) good for the health, wholesome, hearty, strong, Lat. sanus:—Sup. ὑγιηρότατος.

ὕγιης, ἐς, gen. ἐός: acc. ὑγιαῖ or -ιῆ Ion. —έα: plur. nom. neut. ὑγιαῖ or -ιῆ:—sound, healthy, hearty, stout, Lat. sanus; σῶς καὶ ὑγιῆς safe and sound. II.

sound in mind, sound-minded: metaph. of advice, sound, wholesome, wise; οὐδὲν ὑγιῆς προφέρειν to make no one sound proposal:—Comp. and Sup. ὑγιαῖστερος, —έστατος. [ῦ]

ὕγραῖνω, f. ἀνώ, (ὕγρός) to wet, moisten: of a river, to water a country.

ὕγρα-βόλος, ον, (ὕγρός, βαλεῖν) wetting, moistening.

ὕγρα-μελής, ἐς, (ὕγρός, μέλος) with pliant limbs.

ὕγραπορεύω, f. ἦσω, to traverse water. From

ὕγρο-πόρος, ον, (ὕγρός, πόρος) traversing water.

ὕγρος, ἄ, ὄν, (ὕω, ὑδωρ) wet, moist, liquid, Lat. liquidus, opp. to ξηρός (siccus); ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον liquid oil, as opp. to fat; ἀνεμοὶ ὑγρὸν ἀέντες winds blowing moist or rainy: ἡ ὑγρά Ion. ὑγρή, the moist, the sea, opp. to χέρσος the dry land; so, ὑγρά κέλευθα, or ὑγρά alone, the watery ways: τὸ ὑγρὸν and τὰ ὑγρά, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor: θῆρες ὑγροὶ water animals. II. soft, pliant, supple, limbe, waving, Lat. mollis; κέρας ὑγρὸν a pliant bow: metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. 2. slack, languid, faint. III. of the eyes, swimming, melting, languishing; ὑγρὸς πῶθος languishing desire; neut. pl. as Adv., ὑγρά δεδορκώς with languishing glances. Hence

ὕγροτης, ητος, ῆ, (ὕγρός) wetness, moisture. II. generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness: metaph. pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper. 2. feebleness.

ὕγρο-φθογγος, ον, (ὕγρός, φθόγγος) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gurgling sound.

ὕγρως, Adv. of ὑγρός, in liquid fashion: softly, pliantly.

ὕγρωσσω, poet. for ὑγραῖνω, to be wet or moist.

ὑδᾶρής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑδωρ) watery, washy: metaph. unstable as water, unstable, wavering.

ὑδάτινος, η, ον also ος, ον, (ὑδωρ) of water, watery: wet, moist. II. transparent as water, of thin garments.

ὑδάτιον, τό, Dim. of ὑδωρ, a small stream, rivulet.

ὑδάτοις, εσσα, εν, (ὑδωρ) watery, like water.

ὑδάτοποσία, ῆ, water-drinking. And

ὑδάτοποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink water. From

ὑδάτο-πότης, ον, ὄ, (ὑδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, Lat. aquae potor.

ὑδάτος, gen. of ὑδωρ.

ὑδάτο-τρέφής, ἐς, (ὑδωρ, τρέφω) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

ὑδάτ-ῶδης, ἐς, (ὑδωρ, εἶδος) like water: watery, wet, sloppily.

ὑδερὸς, ὄ, (ὑδωρ) the dropsy.

ὑδνης, ον, ὄ, ῆ, (ῦω) watered, nourished.

ὑδρα, ῆ, (ὑδωρ) like ὑδρος, a water-serpent, Lat. hydra.

ὑδραῖνω, (ὑδωρ) to water, to sprinkle or bedew with water:—Med. to wash oneself, to bathe; λουτρά ὑδραῖνσθαι χροῖ to pour water over one's body.

ὑδρεία, ῆ, (ὑδρεύω) a drawing water, fetching water. II. a watering place.

ὑδρεῖον Ion. —ῆιον, τό, (ὑδρεύω) a water-bucket, well-bucket.

ὑδρεύω, f. σω, (ὑδωρ) to draw, fetch or carry water:—Med. to draw water for oneself, get water.

ὑδρηῖον, τό, Ion. for ὑδρεῖον.

ὑδρηλῆς, ῆ, ὄν, (ὑδωρ) watery, moist, wet, damp.

ὑδρηγαμένη, aor. I med. part. fem. of ὑδραῖνω.

ὑδρία, ῆ, (ὑδωρ) a water-pot, bucket, picher. II. a vessel of any kind, a balloting urn, a funeral urn.

ὑδριάς, ἀδος, ῆ, (ὑδωρ) of or from the water.

ὑδριᾶ-φόρος, ον, (ὑδρία, φέρω) carrying a water-vessel.

ὑδροεῖδης, ἐς, (ὑδωρ, εἶδος) like water, watery.

ὑδροεῖς, εσσα, εν, (ὑδωρ) watery.

ὑδροποσία, ῆ, water-drinking; and

ὑδροποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink water. From

ὑδρο-πότης, ον, ὄ, (ὑδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, a drinker of thin potations; hence, in Comic phrase, for a thin-blooded fellow, Horace's aquae potor.

ὑδρο-ρύα or -ρύη, ῆ, (ὑδωρ, ῥοή) a water-course, a conduit, canal, sluice, gutter.

ὑδρος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ) like ὑδρα, a water-serpent.

ὑδροφορέω, to carry water. From

ὑδρο-φόρος, ον, (ὑδωρ, φέρω) carrying water:—as Subst. ὑδροφόρος, ὄ or ῆ, a water-carrier.

ὑδρο-χόρος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ, χέω) the water-pourer, the constellation Aquarius: Ep. dat. ὑδροχοῆι, as if from ὑδροχοεῖς.

ὑδρό-χῦτος, ον, (ὑδωρ, χέω) gushing with water.

ὑδροπικός, ῆ, ὄνι (ὑδραψ) dropsical.

ὑδροψαφ, ὡπος, ὄσος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ) dropsy. II. a dropsical person.

ὑδωρ, τό, gen. ὑδατος: Ep. dat. ὑδαι:—water of any kind; of rivers, ὑδατα Καφίαια the waters of

Cephus; ὕδωρ πότιμον *fresh water*; ὕδωρ πλατὺ *salt water*:—Proverb., γράφειν τι εἰς ὕδωρ to write in water. 2. *rain-water*, and then *rain*, also called ὕδωρ ἐξ οὐρανοῦ. 3. in Attic law-phrase, τὸ ὕδωρ was the *water of the water-clock* (κλεψύδρα), and also the *time it took in running out*; ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ ὕδωρ to stop the *water* (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [ῥ]

ὑεικός, ἡ, ὄν, and ὑειος, α, ον, (ὕς) of or belonging to a swine. [ῥ]
 ὑέλινος, ὑελίτης, Ion. forms of ὑαλ-.
 ὑελος, v. sub ὑαλος.
 ὑέσσι, dat. pl. of ὕς.
 ὑέπιος, α, ον, and ὑετόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὑετός) rainy, bringing or causing rain.
 ὑετός, ὁ, (ὑώ) rain, Lat. *pluvia*: a heavy shower, a storm of rain, Lat. *nimbus*; whereas ὄμβρος, Lat. *imber*, is a lasting rain, and ψεκός or ψακάς, a drizzling rain. II. as Adj. in Sup., ἀνεμοὶ ὑετώτατοι the rainiest winds.

ὑνία, ἡ, swinishness, boggisbness. From ὑνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὕς) swinish, boggisb.
 ὑθλέω, f. ἦσω, (ὑθλος) to talk nonsense, drivel, trifles, Lat. *nugari*.
 *ΥΘΛΟΣ, ὁ, idle talk, nonsense, Lat. *nugae*.
 υἷα, υἷας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of υἷός, as if from υἷς.
 υἷάσι, poet. dat. pl. of υἷός. [ᾱ]
 υἷδός, εως, ὁ, (υἷός) a son's son, grandson: fem. υἷδῆ, a son's daughter, granddaughter.
 υἷδιον, τό, Dim. of υἷός, a little son. II. Dim. of ὕς, a little pig.
 υἷδοῦς, οὔ, ὁ, (υἷός) a son's son, grandson.
 υἷί, Ep. dat. of υἷός.
 υἷκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὕς) of or fit for swine, like a swine, swinish, boggisb.

υἷο-θεαία, ἡ, (υἷος, τίθημι) adoption as a son.
 υἷος, Ep. gen. of υἷός, as if from υἷς.
 ΥἸΟΨ, ὁ, declined regul. υἰοῦ, υἰῶ, υἰόν, etc.: but it is also declined as if from nom. *υἷεύς,—gen. υἷεύς, dat. υἷεί, υἷεί, acc. υἷέα; Dual. υἷέε, υἷέου; Plur. υἷέος or υἷέις, gen. υἷέων, υἷάν, dat. υἷέων, acc. υἷέας, υἷέις:—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from nom. υἷς,—gen. υἷός, dat. υἷί, acc. υἷα; Dual. υἷε; Plur. υἷές, dat. υἷάσι, acc. υἷας:—Lat. *FILIUS*, a son; υἰὸν ποιέσθαι or τίθεσθαι τι to adopt as son. 2. later, the plur. was often periph., *ιατρῶν υἷέις, ῥητορῶν υἷέις* sons of physicians, sons of orators, i. e. physicians, orators themselves; so in Homer, υἷες Ἀχαιῶν for Ἀχαιοί.

υἷος, Ep. gen. of υἷός, as if from *υἷς.
 υἷωνός, οὔ, ὁ, (υἷός) a child's child, a grandson.
 ὕλαγμα, ατος, τό, (ὕλαω) the bark of a dog, a bark, bowl, yelp: metaph. in plur. snarling words. [ῥ]
 ὕλαγμός, ὁ, (ὕλαω) a barking, baying. [ῥ]
 ὕλαγωγέω [ῥ], f. ἦσω, to carry wood. From ὕλ-αγωγός, ὄν, (ὕλη, ἄγω) carrying wood. [ῥ]

ὕλαεις, Dor. for ὕληεις.
 ὕλαϊος, α, ον, (ὕλη) woody, belonging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest. [ῥ]
 ὕλακῆ, ἡ, (ὕλαω) a barking, howling. [ῥ]
 ὕλακόμενος, ον, (ὕλακῆ) ever barking, howling or yelling. Ep. word, formed like ἐγχεσίματος, ἰομαρος.
 ὕλακτέω, f. ἦσω, (ὕλαω) to bark, bay, bowl, Lat. *latrare*; metaph. of a hungry stomach, to cry out, yelp, bark: also, ἄμυσσα ὕλακτεῖ he bowls his uncouth songs. II. transit. to bark or yelp at, Lat. *alatrare*. Hence
 ὕλακτιγής, οὔ, ὁ, a barker, bawler. [ῥ]
 ὕλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὕλακτέω) yelping.
 ὕλας, gen. ἄντος, contr. for ὕλαεις, —ἦεις.
 ὕλασκω, = ὕλακτέω.

ΥΛΑΪΩ [ῥ], radic. form of ὕλακτέω, only used in pres. and impf., to bark, bay.—3 pl. impf. med. ἔλαοντε in same sense. II. transit. to bark or bay at.
 *ΥΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *SYLVA*, wood, a wood, forest, woodland, as opp. to δένδρα (fruit-trees): also of corpse, *bruswood*, *underwood*, as opp. to *timber-trees*. II. *wood cut down*, *timber*, *firewood*, *fuel*, *logs of wood*. III. generally, like Lat. *material*, the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of, subject-matter, Lat. *sylva*. 2. matter, as opp. to mind, Lat. *sylva*.

ὕληεις, εσσα or -εις, εν, (ὕλη) woody, wooded.
 ὕλη-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὕλη, κοίτη) one who lodges or makes his lair in the wood. [ῥ]
 ὕλη-τόμος Dor. ὕλατ-, ον, = ἰλοτόμος.
 ὕλη-φόρος, ον, = ἰλοφόρος.
 ὕλη-ωρός, ὄν, (ὕλη, οἶρος) watching the wood, forest-ranging. [ῥ]
 ὕλο-δρόμος, ον, (ὕλη, δραμεῖν) wood-ranging.
 ὕλο-κομος, ον, (ὕλη, κόμη) overgrowth with wood.
 ὕλο-νόμος, ον, (ὕλη, νέμομαι) haunting the woods.
 ὕλοτομέω, f. ἦσω, to cut or fell wood. From ὕλο-τόμος, ον, (ὕλη, τεμείν) cutting or felling wood:—as Subst., ἰλοτόμος, ὁ, a woodcutter, woodman. II. proparox. ἰλότομος, ον, pass. cut in the wood:—as Subst., ἰλότομον, τό, a plant cut in the wood, used as a charm. [ῥ]
 ὕλο-ουργός, ὄν, (ὕλη, ἔργω) working wood:—as Subst., ὕλοουργός, ὁ, a carpenter or woodman. [ῥ]
 ὕλο-φάγος, ον, (ὕλη, φάγειν) feeding in the woods.
 ὕλο-φορβός, ὄν, (ὕλη, φέρβω) feeding in the woods.
 ὕλο-φόρος, ον, (ὕλη, φέρω) carrying wood.
 ὕλο-ώδης, ἐς, (ὕλη, εἶδος) woody, wooded, bushy.
 ὕμεις [ῥ], old Aeol., Dor., and Ep. ὕμμες Ion. ὕμέες Dor. ὕμές: gen. ὕμῶν Ion. ὕμεων, Ep. also ὕμειων: dat. ὕμῖν, old Aeol. ὕμμῖ, ὕμμῖν; but ὕμῖν [-ο] or ὕμῖν, only in Trag.; also ὕμᾶς Ion. ὕμέας: Aeol. ὕμμε Dor. ὕμέ, in Trag. also ὕμᾶς [-ο] or ὕμᾶς.—Pron. of 2nd pers. plur. of σὺ, ye, you.
 ὕμναιος [ῥ], ὁ, (*Υμνήν) *hymenaeus*, a wedding-song, sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the bridegroom's house. II. later, = Ὑμνήν, *Hymen*,

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs as Ἕμην ᾧ Ἕμναιε Dor. Ἕμᾶν ᾧ Ἕμναιε, Lat. *Hymen o Hymenaeae*. Hence

ὕμναιώ, f. ᾠσα, to sing the wedding-song. II. to take to wife. [ῥ]

ὕμνητος, ὁ, (Ἕμην) epith. of Bacchus as god of joy. ὑμενό-πτερος, ὀν, (ὕμνην, πτέρων) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [ῥ]

ὕμεν-δοτράκος, ὀν, (ὕμνην, δοτράκων) made of earthenware as thin as a membrane. [ῥ]

ὑμέε, Dor. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμέτερος, α, ὀν, (ὑμέτῃς) your, yours, Lat. *vester*; also with gen. of the personal pron. added, as ὑμέτερος αὐτῶν θυμός your own mind; ὑμέτερονδε to your house; τὸ ὑμέτερον (sc. μέρος) what in you lies, for your part. [ῥ]

ἝΜΗΝ [ῥ] ἔνος, ὁ, a skin, membrane.

ἝΜΗΝ [ῥ] ἔνος, ὁ, *Hymen*, the god of marriages, cf. Ἕμναιος. II. like ὑμναιος, a wedding-song.

ὑμέε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμί, ὑμμιν, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. dat. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμός, α, ὀν, Aeol. for ὑμός, ὑμέτερος.

ὑμν-ἀγοράς, ὀν, ὁ, (ὑμνος, ἀγορεύω) a singer of hymns.

ὑμνέσται [ᾗ], Ion. for ὑμνηται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέω, Ep. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέομεν, Dor. for ὑμνέομεν, 1 pl. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέω, Dor. 3 pl. ὑμνεῖσι, part. fem. ὑμνεύσα: fut. ἦσω: aor. 1 ὑμνησα: pf. ὑμνηκα: (ὑμνος):—to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, descend upon, Lat. *canere*, c. acc.: part. pass. ὑμνούμενος, renowned, famous. 2. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. *inrepare*. 3. to tell over and over again, to be always telling of, keep harping upon, Lat. *decantare*: to recite, as, τὸν ἄβυθον ὑμνεῖν to recite the form of the law.

II. intr. to sing, chant.

ὑμνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑμνητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑμνέω) a singer of hymns, a minstrel, bard.

ὑμνητός, ἦ, ὀν, verb. Adj. of ὑμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

ὑμνω, Dor. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνο-θέτης, ὀν, ὁ, (ὑμνος, τίθημι) a composer of hymns, a lyric poet:—as Adj., ὑμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

ὑμνο-ποιός, ὀν, (ὑμνος, ποιέω) making hymns: as Subst. ὑμνοποιός, ὁ, a minstrel.

ὑμνο-πόλος, ὀν, (ὑμνος, πολέω) busied with hymns: as Subst., ὑμνοπόλος, ὁ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

ἝΜΝΟΣ, a song: a hymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

ὑμνοφδός, f. ἦσα, (ὑμνοφδός) to sing a hymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognate, to sing, chant. II. to give a prophetic response. Hence

ὑμνοφδία, ἦ, the singing or chanting of a hymn. II. a prophetic strain.

ὑμν-ωδός, ὀν, (ὑμνος, ᾠδή) singing hymns or odes; ὑμνοφδοὶ κόραι the minstrel maids.

ὑμός, α and ἦ, ὀν, Dor. and Ep. for ὑμέτερος, your.

ῥν, acc. of ῥς.

ῥο-μουσία, ἦ, (ῥς, Μοῦσα) swine's music, swinish taste in music.

ῥός, gen. of ῥς.

ῥοο-κύζμος, ὁ, (ῥς, κύζμος) bog-bean, answering to our *ben-bane*, which causes giddiness and madness.

ῥπ-ἀγγελος, ὀν, (ῥπός, ἀγγελος) summoned by a messenger.

ῥπ-αγκάλῳ, f. ἰώ, (ῥπός, ἀγκάλιζομαι) to take in the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass., γένος ῥπηγκαλισμένη having clasped the children in her arms. Hence

ῥπαγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the arms, a wife, mistress.

ῥπ-ἀγορεύω, f. ᾠσα, to dictate, Lat. *praecire verbis*.

ῥπ-ἀγω [ᾗ] impf. ῥπήγον: f. ῥπάξω: aor. 2 ῥπήγαγον:—to lead or bring under; ῥπάγειν ἵππους ζύγον to bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them; also simply ῥπάγειν ἵππους. 2. to bring under one's power:—Med. to bring under one's own power, reduce. 3. to draw from under, Lat. *subducere*:—Pass., ῥπαγομένου τοῦ χώματος as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; ῥπάγειν τιὰ ῥπὸ τὸ δικαστήριον to bring one before the court or under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ῥπάγειν τιὰ θανάτου ῥπὸ τὸν δῆμον to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so ῥπάγειν τιὰ ἄλῳ. III. to lead slowly on, Lat. *inducere*; to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing):—Med. to suggest, throw out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, drawn on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw. V. intrans. to take oneself away secretly, withdraw, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slowly. 2. to go after, go slowly on: ῥπαγε, like ἄγε, come! cheer up!

ῥπαγωγέω, ἔω, ὁ, (ῥπάγω) a trowel or tool for shaping bricks.

ῥπαγωγή, ἦ, (ῥπάγω) a leading on gradually or secretly. II. intr. a withdrawing, a retreat.

ῥπ-ᾄω, f. -ᾄσομαι, (ῥπός, ᾄω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude.

ῥπαί, poet. for ῥπός.

ῥπαιδέοικα, Ep. for ῥποδέοικα, pf. of ῥποδεῖω.

ῥπ-αἰδέομαι, f. -έσομαι, Dep. to shew some respect to another, c. acc.

ῥπαιθᾶ, Adv. (ῥπαί poet. for ῥπός) out under, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. II. as Prep. with gen., under, near, at one's side.

ῥπ-αἰθριος, ὀν, also ἄ, ὀν, (ῥπός, αἰθήρ) under the sky, in the open air.

ῥπ-αἰθρος, ὀν, = ῥπαιθριος, mostly in phrase, ἰν ῥπαιθρῳ, Lat. *sub Dio*, in the open air.

ῥπ-αἰθω, = ῥποκαίω, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

ῥπ-ανίσσομαι Att. -ττομαι: f. -ξομαι; Dep.:—

to intimate darkly, give a slight hint of, make a covert allusion to.

ὑπ-αίρεω, Ion. for ὑφαίρεω.

ὑπ-αἴσω, f. ξω, to dart beneath, c. acc. II. to dart from under, c. gen.

ὑπ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, αισχύνω) to be somewhat ashamed of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

ὑπ-αίτιος, ον, (ὑπό, αἰτία) under accusation, called to account for a thing; ὑπαίτιός τινι responsible or accountable to one.

ὑπάκοή, ἡ, (ὑπακούω) hearkening to, obedience.

ὑπάκουσιν, Dor. for ὑπάκουσον, aor. I imperat. of ὑπακούω.

ὑπ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to listen, hearken, give ear to: to listen to and answer. II.

to hearken to, give ear to, with gen. or dat.: often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. 2. to obey, submit to, c. gen. pers.: to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers.: absol. to submit, comply.

ὑπ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to spread thinly on, spread like salve. II. to anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself;

ὑπαλείφεται τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to anoint one's eyes.

ὑπ-αλεύομαι, imperat. -αλεύεο: Dep.: (ὑπό, ἀλεύω):—to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, elude, c. acc.;

mostly used in aor. I part. ὑπαλευόμενος.

ὑπαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, exchange. II. *hypallagé*, a figure of speech, by

which the parts of a proposition seem to be interchanged.

ὑπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to interchange, exchange, barter.

ὑπαλύξας, aor. I part. of ὑπαλύσκω.

ὑπαλύξεις, εως, ἡ, an avoiding, shunning, escaping, eluding. From

ὑπ-αλύσκω, f. ξω: aor. I part. ὑπαλύξας:—like ὑπαλεινομαι, to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, evade, c. acc.;

χρεῖος ὑπαλύξας having got quit of a debt.

ὑπ-αναγινώσκω, later -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι:—to read by way of preface.

ὑπ-ανακτινέω, f. ἦσω, intr. to rise up and go away.

ὑπ-ανυλίσκω, f. -ανάλωσω: aor. I -ανάλωσα:—to spend, waste, consume gradually.

ὑπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to retire slowly.

ὑπαναστάτεον, verb. Adj. of ὑπανίσταμαι, one must rise up, to make room for another.

ὑπ-ανδρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀνὴρ) under or subject to a man, married.

ὑπανηλόσθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπαναλίσκω.

ὑπ-ανιάω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἦσω:—to trouble or vex a little:—Pass. to be somewhat distressed.

ὑπ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω: aor. I -ανέστησα:—to make to rise up, raise up gradually. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην; pf. -ανέστηκα:—to rise, stand up: of game, to start up, to be sprung or roused;

ὑπαναστήναι τῆς ἐδρας to rise up from one's seat to shew respect to another, Lat. *assurgere alicui*;

ὑπαναστήναι τοῖς πρεσβυτέροις to rise up so as to make room for one's elders.

ὑπ-ανολίγω, f. ξω, to open underband or furtively; ὑπανοίγειν γράμματα to intercept and open letters.

ὑπ-αντάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω:—to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. II. to meet, reply to.

Hence

ὑπάντησις, εως, ἡ, a coming to meet.

ὑπ-αντάζω, f. ἄσω, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat.; also c. acc.

ὑπ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἦσω, to threaten underband.

ὑπ-ἀπειμι, (ὑπό, ἀπό, εἰμι ibo) to depart underband or slowly, to retreat, retire.

ὑπ-αποκινέω, f. ἦσω, intr. to move off secretly, slink away, c. gen.:—verb. Adj. ὑπαποκινήτεον, one must make off, slink away.

ὑπ-αποτρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμωμαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

ὑπ-άπτω, Ion. for ὑπάπτω.

ἜΠΙΑΡ, τό, indecl. a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to ὄναρ a mere dream: οὐκ ὄναρ, ἀλλ' ὑπάρ, i. e. no illusion but a reality. II.

the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake: hence really, actually. [ὑ]

ὑπαργαμί, Ion. for ὑπηργαμί, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπ-ἀργύρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀργυρος) having silver underneath: of rocks, containing silver, veined with silver:

of metallic substances, containing a proportion of silver. II. turned into silver, sold for silver. III.

of silver-gilt. IV. hired for silver, venal.

ὑπ-αρνος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀρνός gen. of ἀρνός) with a lamb under, suckling a lamb: metaph. suckling an infant.

ὑπαρξίς, εως, ἡ, (ὑπάρχω) subsistence: one's substance, possessions, goods.

ὑπ-αρπάξω, Ion. for ὑφαρπάξω.

ὑπ-αρχή, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἀρχή) the beginning; ξέ ὑπαρχῆς from the beginning, over again, afresh.

ὑπ-αρχος, ό, (ὑπό, ἀρχω) commanding under another: a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ὑπ-άρχω, f. ξω: aor. I ὑπῆρξα: Pass., pf. ὑπηργαμί: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπηρκετο: (ὑπό, ἀρχω):—to begin: c. gen.:

1. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing; ὑπάρχει εἰς ποιῶν τινα he begins doing good to one.

3. c. acc., ὑπάρχειν εὐεργεσίας εἰς τινα to begin [doing] kindnesses to one: Pass., τὰ ἐκ τινος ὑπαργμῆνα (Ion. for ὑπηργμῆνα) the beginnings made by one; τὰ παρὰ τῶν θεῶν ὑπαργμῆνα what has been given by the gods. 4. absol. to begin.

II. to come into being, arise, spring up. 2. to be at hand, be ready. 3. to be:

ὑπάρχει impers., the case is . . ; ἡ ὑπάρχουσα τιμὴ the price being what it may. III. to lie under, hence like ὑποκειμαι, to be taken for granted; τούτου ὑπάρχοντος, Lat. *bis positus, this being granted, this being the case.*

IV. to belong to, fall to: of persons, to be devoted to. 2. often in part., τὰ ὑπαρχοντα one's property, or present circumstances or advantages; ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων according to one's means. 3. impers., ὑπάρχει μοι it belongs to me, I have. IV. to be sufficient: ὑπάρχει impers., it

is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in part. neut. ὑπαρχον, since it is possible.

ὑπ-ασπίδιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀσπίς) under cover of the shield; ὑπασπίδιος κόσμος the body-armour. [Υ]

ὑπ-ασπίζω, f. ἴσω, to carry the shield for one, serve as a shield-bearer. Hence

ὑπασπιστήρ, ἦρος, δ, and ὑπασπιστής, οὔ, δ, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer.

ὑπ-αστρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀστρον) under the stars: guided by the stars.

ὑπάτικος, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑπατος ι) of consular rank, Lat. consularis.

ὑπάτος [ῥ], η, ον, contr. for ὑπέρτατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the biggest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; οἱ ὑπατοί, Lat. superi, the gods above, opp. to those beneath the earth (χθόνιοι, ἐνεροί, Lat. inferi).

2. of Place, biggest, topmost; ἐν πρῆ ὑπάτῃ on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen. (as if it were a superlative Preposition), ὑπατοί λεχέων high above their nest. 3. of Quality, biggest, best. 4.

of Time, last, Lat. supremus. II. ὑπατος, ὁ, as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

ὑπ-αυγάω, f. ἄσω, to begin to shine, dawn, of day-break.

ὑπ-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to play the flute in accompaniment.

ὑπ-αυλος, ον, (ὑπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκηνῆς ὑπαυλος under cover of the tent.

ὑπ-αυχίνος, α, ον, (ὑπό, αὐχὴν) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπανχίνιον, τό, a cushion or pillow for the neck.

ὑπ-αφίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. -ἀπέστην, pf. -ἀφέστηκα:—to step back slowly, retire.

ὑπ-αφρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀφρός) somewhat frothy, moist.

ὑπ-ἄφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἄφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ἀφρονέστερος.

ὑπέαισι, Ion. for ὑπείσι, 3 pl. of ὑπείμι (εἰμί sum).

ὑπέβαλλον, aor. 2 of ὑποβάλλω.

ὑπ-ἐγγυος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surety: of persons, having given surety, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπέγγυος πλὴν θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ὑπέδαμνα, 3 sing. impf. of ὑποδάμνημι.

ὑπέδδεισαν, Ep. for ὑπέδεισαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὑποδείδω.

ὑπ-εδείδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of ὑποδείδω.

ὑπέειξα, aor. I of ὑποείκνυμι.

ὑπέδεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπέδραμον, aor. 2 of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπέδυν, aor. 2 of ὑποδύω.

ὑπέδυστο [ῥ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ὑποδύω.

ὑπεθερμάνθη, aor. I pass. of ὑποθερμαίνω.

ὑπ-ειδόμην, (ὑπό, εἶδω), aor. 2 med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. suspicari.

ὑπ-εκάθων, inf. ὑπεκαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπέκω.

ὑπ-εκτεόν, verb. Adj. one must give way. From ὑπ-εἶκω Ep. ὑποεἶκω: fut. -εἴξω or -εἴξομαι: aor. ὑπέειξα Ep. ὑπέειξα: poet. aor. 2 ὑπέκαθον:—to retire, withdraw; ὑπέκινεν τινὶ ἔδρησ to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; ὑπέκινεν τινὶ λόγον to give him the first word. 2. c. acc. to escape, shun, elude; χεῖρας ἐμὰς ὑπέειξε he scaped my hands. II. to yield, give way: generally, to submit to, to obey.

ὑπ-εμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί sum) to be under, Lat. subesse; φίλτατοι ἄνδρες ἐμῷ ὑπέαισι μελάρων my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to be under the yoke, to be yoked in the chariot. II. to be or lie underneath: to be at the bottom. 2. to be laid down, granted, assumed. 3. of things, to be left remaining: to remain behind, after everything else. III. generally, to be at or near, be at hand, at command. IV. to be subjected or subject.

ὑπ-εμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί ibo) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. subire; ὑπέαισι τινά to insinuate oneself into a person's favour. II. to depart gradually or secretly.

ὑπέξομαι, fut. med. of ὑπέκω: Ep. 2 sing. ὑπέξειαι.

ὑπέπυον, (ὑπό, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to say or repeat before another, Lat. praesire verba: also to premise, say by way of introduction: to suggest. 2. to explain, interpret.

ὑπέρ, poet. for ὑπέρ, used when a long syll. is needed before a vowel, e. g. ὑπέρ ἄλλα. [ῥ]

ὑπερέβαλλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-εχον, Ep. for ὑπέριχον, impf. of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρηκα, ὑπέρημαι, see ὑπέρεω.

ὑπέροχος, ον, poet. and Ion. for ὑπέροχος.

ὑπέρισας, Ion. for ὑφέισας, aor. I part. of ὑφέισα having set on, suborned.

ὑπ-εισδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εἰσέδυν, pf. -εἰσέδεδυκα:—to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

ὑπ-εἰσεμι, (εἰμί ibo) to go in covertly.

ὑπ-έκ, before a vowel ὑπέξ, (ὑπό, ἐξ) Prep. with gen., out from under, from beneath: also written divisim ὑπ' ἐκ.

ὑπεκ-βάλλω, to cast out secretly.

ὑπεκδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκτρέχω.

ὑπ-εκδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξέδυν, pf. -εκδέδυκα:—to get secretly out of, slip out of, shun, escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

ὑπ-εκεχῦτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὑποχέω.

ὑπ-εκαίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below or by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ὑπ-εκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover from below or a little.

ὑπέκκαυμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπεκαίω) fuel put under to light a fire, combustible matter. 2. metaph. a provocative, incentive.

ὑπ-έκκεαι, Pass. to be carried out and away, to be put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place.

ὑπ-εκκλίνω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

ὑπ-εκκοιμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to carry out or away secretly:—Med., ὑπεκομισάσθαι πάντα to get all one's goods carried secretly out.

ὑπ-εκλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to carry off underband.

ὑπεκλίνθη, aor. I pass. of ὑποκλίνω.

ὑπ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away underhand; ὑπεκπέμπειν χθονός to send secretly out of the land.

ὑπ-εκπροθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run forth from under, start out before: c. acc. to outrun, oustrip.

ὑπ-εκπρολύω, f. σω, to loose from under: of horses, to unloose from under the yoke.

ὑπ-εκπρορέω, f. -ρῆσομαι, to flow forth from under.

ὑπ-εκπροφεύγω, f. -φεύβομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from.

ὑπεκπροφυγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκπροφεύγω.

ὑπεκρύπτω, aor. I pass. of ὑποκρύπτω.

ὑπ-εκσώζω, to save from under, rescue or deliver from.

ὑπ-εκτάνω, to stretch out under.

ὑπ-εκτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put out secretly:—Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away:—Pass. to be carried safe away.

ὑπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing:—Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.

ὑπ-εκτρέχω, f. -θρέβομαι and -δρῆμοῦμαι: aor. 2 -εξεδράμον (cf. τρέχω):—to run out from under, run beyond: to escape from, c. acc.

ὑπέκυψα, aor. I of ὑποκύπτω.

ὑπ-εκφέρω, to lift up a little. II. to carry out from under, esp. from danger: to carry away. III.

intr., ὑπεκφέρειν ἡμέρης ὁδῶν to get on before, to get the start of another by a day's journey.

ὑπ-εκφεύγω, f. -φεύβομαι, to fly out or escape secretly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.

ὑπέκφυα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

ὑπεκ-χαλάω, f. άσω [ά], to slacken from below or slightly.

ὑπ-εχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire secretly: withdraw quietly from a place: c. dat. pers. to retire and give place to one.

ὑπέλαβον, aor. 2 of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ά] Att. -ελαῶ:—to drive under: intr. (sub. ἵππων) to ride up to.

ὑπελείφθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπέλθοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπέλοντο, Ep. for ὑφείλοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ὑφαιρέω.

ὑπέλυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπέλυσαο [ῆ], Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπέμεινα, aor. I of ὑπομῆνω.

ὑπεμνάσθε, Ep. 2 pl. impf. of ὑπομνάομαι.

ὑπεμνήμυκε, Ep. for ὑπήμυκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπημύω, to hang down the head. This is the only form of the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an orphan boy,—πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε be stands with head utterly hung down: see ἡμύω.

ὑπ-εναντιόομαι, Dep. to oppose covertly.

ὑπ-εναντίος, a, ov, (ὑπό, ἐναντίος) set over against, opposite.

II. set against, hostile: as Subst., οἱ ὑπενάντιοι the enemy:—neut. as Adv., τὸ ὑπεναντίον τοῦτου in opposition thereto.

ὑπεναντίως, εως, ή, (ὑπεναντιόομαι) a being opposed to: contrariety.

ὑπ-ενδίδωμι, to give way a little, give in a little.

ὑπ-ένδυμα, atos, τό, (ὑπό, ἐνδύω) an under-garment.

ὑπ-ένερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπό, ἐνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.

ὑπ-εξ, form assumed by ὑπ-εκ before a vowel.

ὑπέξάγαμι [γά], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπεξάγω.

ὑπ-εξάγω, f. ζω, to carry out from under or secretly, esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or withdraw gradually.

ὑπ-εξαιρέω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. -εξίρημαι Ion. -εξαιρήρημαι: aor. 2 -εξείλον:—to take away privily, destroy, remove secretly or gradually; τοῦπίκλημ' ὑπεξέλων having done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf. pass. part., τουτέων ὑπεξαιρημένων these things having been put out of the question:—Med. to take out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.

ὑπ-εξαιρώ, to raise, lift up from below.

ὑπ-εξακρίω, to go up to the mountain-top.

ὑπεξάλασθαι, aor. I inf. of ὑπεξάλλομαι (a Dep. pres. not in use, see ἀλείβομαι), to flee out away and escape, c. acc.

ὑπ-εξάλυσκα, f. ύζω, to flee away or escape from secretly, c. acc.

ὑπ-εξαναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually.

ὑπ-εξανόγομαι, Pass. with aor. 2 med. -εξηγαγόμην, to sail out and away secretly. [άγ]

ὑπεξανοδοῦμαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. -εξανόδων, pf. -εξανόδοικα:—to come up from under gradually, esp. to rise from out the sea.

ὑπεξανόδω, ύσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of foreg.

ὑπ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to rise up and give place to.

ὑπ-εξαντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out from below, exhaust.

ὑπεξαιρήρημαι, Ion. for ὑπεξηρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑπεξαιρέω.

ὑπ-εξείμι, (ὑπό, ἐξ, εἶμι ἴβο) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually; ὑπεξίναμι τινα to make way for one. II. to go out to meet or against one.

ὑπ-εξείρω, Ion. for ὑφείρω.

ὑπ-εξελάνω: fut. -εξελάσω [ά] Att. -εξελεῶ:—to drive out from under, drive off secretly. II. intr. to march away secretly or slowly.

ὑπεξελεῖν, -ών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ὑπεξαιρέω.

ὑπ-εξερώ Ion. -εξερίρω, to draw out from under, draw away underhand.

ὑπ-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξήλθουθα:—to go out from under: to go out secretly, withdraw, retire: also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before. 2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate. II. to go out to meet.

ὑπεξεσάσων, 3 sing. aor. I of an Ep. pres. ὑπεκσάσω, = ὑπεκσώζω.

ὑπεξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

ὑπ-εξέχω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place.

ὑπ-εξίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξέστην, pf. -εξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come out suddenly. II. to go out of the way of, sbun, avoid:

c. dat. to give place to, rise up and make way for. III. c. gen. rei, to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition.

ὑπέπλευσα, aor. I of ὑποπλέω.

ὑπέπαιτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποπέταμαι.

ΥΠΕΡ Ep. ὑπέρ, in phrases ὑπέρ ἄλλος and ὑπέρ ἄλα; Prep. governing gen. and acc., Lat. SUPER. Hence are formed the Comp. and Sup. ὑπέτερος, -τατος. [ῥ]

WITH GENIT., expressing that over which something is: 1. of Place, over: of rest, over, above; ὑπέρ κεφαλῆς στήναι to stand over a person's head: 2. of motion, over, across; or over, beyond.

II. (from the notion of standing over to protect) for, in defence of, in behalf of; ὑπέρ τῆς πατρίδος ἀνύειν to fight in defence of one's country.

2. for, because of, by reason of: for the purpose of, for the sake of; ὑπέρ τοῦ μὴ ἀποθανεῖν for the sake of not dying.

3. for, instead of, in the name of, acting for; ὑπέρ ἐαυτοῦ in his stead. III. like περί, on, of, concerning, respecting, Lat. de.

WITH ACCUS., expressing that over and beyond which a thing goes: I. of Place, over, beyond, past.

II. of Measure, over, above, exceeding, beyond; ὑπέρ τὴν ἡλικίαν above his years. 2. beyond what is right, against, contrary to; ὑπέρ αἰσάν contrary to right; ὑπέρ θεόν contrary to the will of the god.

III. of Number, above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over; ὑπέρ τὸ ἥμισυ above half.

POSITION: ὑπέρ may follow its Subst. in all cases, when it is written ὑπέρ.

IN COMPOS., ὑπέρ signifies over, above, of Place, as in ὑπερβαίνω. 2. in defence of, in behalf of, as in ὑπερ-αλγέω, mostly c. gen.

3. of excess, as in ὑπερ-ἤφανος.

ὑπέρα, ἦ, (ὑπέρ) the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (ἐπίκρια), by means of which the sails are shifted. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-ἄβηλος, on, also a, on, above measure simple or silly.

ὑπερ-ἄγαμαι, Dep. to admire above measure. [ἄγ]

ὑπερ-ἄγνακτέω, f. ἦσω, to be exceedingly angry or indignant at a thing.

ὑπερ-ἄγνάω, f. ἦσω, to love exceedingly.

ὑπερ-ἄγωνάω, to be in great distress of mind.

ὑπερ-ἄης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἄημι) blowing down from above or blowing very hard.

ὑπερ-αμώω, (ὑπέρ, αἴμα) to have overmuch blood.

ὑπερ-αίρω, to lift up over: Med. and Pass. to rise above, be lifted up. II. to rise up over, to climb over, scale, Lat. transcendere, c. acc.

2. to transcend, excel, outdo: to conquer. 3. to overshoot, go beyond, exceed, c. acc.

4. absol. of a river, to overflow.

ὑπερ-αίσχος, on, exceeding base or ugly.

ὑπερ-αίσχυνομαι, Pass. to feel much ashamed.

ὑπερ-αωρέω, f. ἦσω, to hang up over or above. II. Pass. to be suspended over, project

over a thing:—of ships, c. gen. loci, to lie off a place.

ὑπέρ-ακμος, on, (ὑπέρ, ἀκμή) beyond the bloom of youth.

ὑπερ-ἄκοντιζέω, f. ἴσω, to overshoot, hence to outdo, surpass: c. part., ὑπερακοντίζειν τινα κλέπτων to outdo one in stealing.

ὑπερ-ἄκριβής, ἐς, exceedingly accurate or careful.

ὑπερ-ἄκρῖζω, f. σω, to mount and climb over. II. to project or beetle over, c. gen.

ὑπερ-ἄκριος, on, (ὑπέρ, ἄκρα) over or upon the heights: τὰ ὑπεράκρια the heights above the plain; οἱ ὑπεράκριοι, at Athens, the inhabitants of the Attic uplands.

ὑπερ-ἄκρος, on, (ὑπέρ, ἄκρος) over the top: metaph. going to extremes; Adv. ὑπεράκρως, to excess.

ὑπερ-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing: to grieve exceedingly at a thing: absol. to feel great pain of mind.

ὑπερ-αλγής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἄλγος) exceeding grievous or painful.

ὑπερ-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: aor. I -ἤλαμην; Ep. aor. 2 ὑπεράλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενος: Dep.—to spring or leap over, c. gen.; also c. acc.

ὑπέρ-ἄλλος, on, over or above others.

ὑπεράλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part, of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπεράλτο, 3 sing. aor. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπερ-αναιδεύομαι, Pass. to be surpassed in impudence.

ὑπερ-αναίσχυντος, on, exceeding impudent.

ὑπερ-ανατείνω, f. -ανατείνω, to stretch excessively.

ὑπερ-ανίσταμαι, Pass. with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, to stand up or project above.

ὑπερ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ἀντλέω) to be very leaky, to be waterlogged.

ὑπέρ-αντιλος, on, quite full of water, waterlogged: metaph. overwelmed, borne down. II. act. overflowing, overwelming.

ὑπερ-ἄνω, Adv. over, above: ὑπεράνω γίγνεσθαι to get the upper hand of. [ἄ]

ὑπερ-ἄνωρ, opus, ὄ, Dor. for ὑπερήνωρ.

ὑπερ-ἄπᾶτάω, f. ἦσω, to deceive or cheat excessively.

ὑπερ-ἀποθνήσκω, f. -ἀποθνούομαι, to die for.

ὑπερ-ἀποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer for any one, vindicate. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-ἀπολογέομαι, fut. med. ἦσομαι: Dep. to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend.

ὑπερ-ἄρρωδέω, f. ἦσω, Ion. for ὑπερρρωδέω, to be exceedingly afraid, τῇ Ἑλλάδι for Hellas.

ὑπέρ-ασθμος, on, (ὑπέρ, ἀσθμα) gasping or panting exceedingly.

ὑπερ-ασπάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to be exceeding fond of, greet very kindly.

ὑπερ-ἄτοπος, on, beyond measure absurd.

ὑπερ-ἄττικός, ἦ, ὄν, excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess. Adv. -κῶς.

ὑπερ-αυγής, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, αὐγή) exceedingly bright.

ὑπερ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase or enlarge

above measure.

II. intr. to abound beyond measure.

sure.

ὑπεραύξω, rarer form of ὑπεραυξάνω.

ὑπεραυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be over-proud. From

ὑπερ-αυχος, ov, (ὑπέρ, αὐχῆ) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ὑπερ-άφανος, ov, Dor. for ὑπερήφανος.

ὑπερ-αχθής, és, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, ἀχθος) overburdened.

ὑπερ-αχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -αχθέσομαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat.

ὑπερ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέβην Ep. ὑπέβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their banks.

2. to overstep or transgress a law: abscl. to transgress, trespass, offend.

3. to pass over, pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitto: hence to omit.

4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed.

II. Causal, in aor. I ὑπερέβησα, to put over, lift or raise over.

ὑπερβάλλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of ὑπερβάλλω, above measure, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπερ-έβᾶλον: pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβημαι:—to throw over or beyond a mark, to oversboot: to beat at throwing, to throw further.

2. to outstrip in racing. II. to oversboot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed; ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν χρόνον to exceed the time; ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν καιρόν to go beyond the right time: absol. to exceed all bounds, to go too far.

2. to go on further and further, bid more and more; προέβαινε τοῖς χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλον he went on bidding more and more.

3. to be at its height, at the zenith, of the sun.

4. to be over and above.

5. part. ὑπερβάλλον, ουσια, ov, exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure; τὰ ὑπερβάλλοντα an exceeding high estate.

III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trajicere; of ships, to double a headland.

2. of rivers, to overflow; of a kettle, to boil over.

Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc. 2. to exceed all bounds: so in pf. pass. part., ὑπερβεβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman.

II. to put off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing: absol. to delay, linger.

ὑπερ-βάρης, és, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, βάρος) overloaded, overweighed, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερβάσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβάσια, ἡ, (ὑπερβαίνω) an overstepping or transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

ὑπερβατός, ἡ, óv, verb. Adj. of ὑπερβαίνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be scaled.

II. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

ὑπέβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπέβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep.: (ὑπέρ, βιάζω):—to press with great violence, of the plague.

ὑπερ-βιάζω, f. -βιάσω Att. -βιῶ, Causal of ὑπερβαίνω, to carry over, transport.

ὑπέρ-βιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, βία) of overwelming strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. ὑπέβιον as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

ὑπερβολάδην, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, excessively. [α]

ὑπερβολή, ἡ, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyond: an oversbooting, superiority, excess in anything; οὐκ ἔχει ὑπερβολὴν it can go no further; εἰς or καθ' ὑπερβολὴν as Adv., excessively.

2. excessive praise, hyperbolé.

II. a passing over or crossing mountains, rivers, etc.

2. a place of passage, a mountain-pass.

III. (from Med.) delay, putting off.

ὑπερ-βόρεος, ov, (ὑπέρ, Βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north: οἱ Ὑπερβόρειοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness; τύχη ὑπερβόρεος more than mortal fortune.

ὑπερ-βράζω, f. σω, to boil or foam over.

ὑπερ-βριθής, és, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, βριθος) overloaded, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερ-βρῶ, to be overfull, overflow.

ὑπερ-εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. pass. ὑπείργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work under, plough up, prepare for sowing, Lat. subigere.

II. to subdue, reduce, bring under one: pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, ὑπείργασμαι ψυχὴν έρωτι I have been subdued in my soul by love.

III. = ὑπηρετέω, to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πολλὰ ὑπείργασται φίλα many kind services have been done.

ὑπερ-γέλοιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, γέλοιος) above measure ridiculous or laughable.

ὑπερ-γεμίζω, f. ἴσω, to overflow, overload.

ὑπερ-γήρειος, and ὑπέρ-γηρος, ov, = ὑπέργηρος.

ὑπέρ-γηρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, γήρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπέργηρον extreme old age.

ὑπέρ-δαΰς, v, gen. έως, very hairy.

ὑπέρ-δέης, és, gen. έος, Ep. acc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερδέα, -ά: (ὑπέρ, δέος): above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ὑπερ-δέιδω, f. -δέισω, to fear for or on account of one: absol. to be in exceeding fear.

ὑπερ-δειμαίνω, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

ὑπέρ-δεινος, ov, exceeding dangerous or formidable.

ὑπερ-δέξιος, ov, placed high above one on the right hand.

2. placed above or over; ὑπερδέξιον χωρίον higher ground; ἐξ ὑπερδέξιου from vantage-ground.

II. superior.

ὑπερ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind upon.

ὑπερ-δατεινομαι, Pass. to strain or exert oneself above measure.

ὑπερ-δίδομι, f. -δώσω, to give up in behalf of.

ὑπερδικέω, f. ἦσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπερ-δίκος, ov, (ὑπέρ, δίκη) exceeding righteous or just.

II. pleading for.

ὑπερ-ερεθίζω, to stimulate a little.

ὑπερ-εἶδων, inf. ὑπεριδέειν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, ὑπεροράω being used instead:—to overlook, neglect, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.: cf. *εἶδω.

ὑπερ-εἶδω, f. σω, to put under as a prop. 2. to prop or support from beneath.

ὑπερ-εἶπω, f. ψω, to undermine, subvert. II. intr. in aor. 2 ὑπήριπτον, to tumble, fall down.

ὑπερ-έκεινα, Adv. (ὑτέρ, ἐκείνος) on your side, on the further part, beyond.

ὑπερ-εκτηρά πένω, f. σω, to seek to win over by excessive attention.

ὑπερ-εκκρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], to hang out over.

ὑπερ-εκ-περισσοῦ, Adv. for ὑπὲρ ἐκ περισσοῦ, more than superabundantly: also ὑπερεκπερισσῶς.

ὑπερ-εκπίπτω, f. -εκπεσοῦμαι, to fall out over or beyond. II. absol. to go beyond all bounds.

ὑπερ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ὑπερεκπέπληγμαι:—to frighten or astonish beyond measure:—Pass. to be astonished excessively: c. acc. to be frightened beyond measure at.

ὑπερ-εκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch beyond measure: ὑπερεκτείνειν ἑαυτὸν to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

ὑπερ-εκτίνω [ῖ], f. ἰσω [ῖ], to pay for any one.

ὑπερ-εχέω, f. -χεῶ, also ὑπερ-εχχύνω [ῦ], to pour out over:—Pass. to run over, overflow.

ὑπερ-ελαφρος, ov, exceedingly light or active.

ὑπερ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill overfull of a thing:—Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.

ὑπερ-εμφορόμαι, Pass. to be filled quite full of.

ὑπερ-εντυγχάνω, f. τεύχομαι, to in'cede for another.

ὑπερ-εξηκοντα-έτης, es, gen. eos, (ὑτέρ, ἐξήκοντα, ἔτος) above sixty years old.

ὑπερ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω and ἴσω, to praise above measure.

ὑπερ-επιθύμειω, f. ἴσω, to desire exceedingly.

ὑπερέπτα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ὑπερέπτομαι.

ὑπερέπτω, f. ψω, (ὑπό, ἐρέπτω) to cut away from below, undermine.

ὑπερ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.: absol. to exceed, excel.

ὑπερ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -εφάγον:—to eat immoderately.

ὑπερέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπερσέω.

ὑπερ-έσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπερ-έσχον, aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπερ-ευ, Adv. exceeding well.

ὑπερ-ευγε, Adv., strengthd. for εὖγε, ἕναυο, capital.

ὑπερ-ευτύχια, ἡ, exceeding good luck.

ὑπερ-ευφραίνομαι, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly.

ὑπερ-εχθαίρω, to hate exceedingly, c. acc

ὑπερ-έχω Ep. ὑπερέχω: Ep. impf. ὑπέρεχον: f. ὑπερέχω: aor. 2 ὑπερέσχεθον poet. -έσχεθον:—to hold over, esp. to hold over so as to protect; ὑπερέχων

χείρας τινος to hold one's arms over one to shield him.

II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up over a thing, c. gen., e. g. γαίης: of a star, to rise above the horizon.

2. metaph. to be above, be superior, to excel, surpass, be the better; οἱ ὑπερέχοντες the more powerful; ἐὰν ἡ θάλαττα ὑπερσχηῖ if the sea be too powerful:—Pass. to be outdone.

3. c. gen. rei, to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear.

4. to outflank, overlap.

5. to get over, cross.

ὑπερ-ερώ Att. -ερώ, fut. of ὑπέειπον, in same senses: from same root come pf. act. ὑπ-είρηκα, pass. ὑπ-είρημαι.

ὑπερ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil over.

ὑπερ-ήδιστα, Adv. of ὑπέρηδus, very pleasantly: Sup. ὑπερήδιστα.

ὑπερ-ήδομαι, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part., ὑπερήδeto ἀκούων be rejoiced much at hearing.

ὑπέρ-ηδus, v, exceeding sweet or pleasant: Sup. -ήδιστος.

ὑπερ-ηκόντισα, aor. I of ὑπερακοντίσω.

ὑπερ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὄ, ἡ, above a certain age.

ὑπερ-ἡμαι, properly pf. of ὑπερέζομαι, to sit above.

ὑπερ-ἡμερία, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagements at the proper day.

2. forfeiture of recognisances, a distraint of goods, execution.

ὑπερ-ἡμερος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, having an execution levied: metaph., c. gen., ὑπερήμερος γάμων over-due for marriage.

ὑπερ-ἡμίσις, v, (ὑπέρ, ἡμισυς) above half, more than half.

ὑπέρ-ημος, ov, somewhat desolate.

ὑπερ-ηγορός, ovτος, ὄ, (ὑπέρ, ἡγορέη) exceeding mainly: in bad sense, overbearing, overweening.

II. excelling men, thinking oneself more than man.

ὑπερ-ἦνωρ, opos, ὄ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἀνῆρ) overbearing.

ὑπερήσος, fut. of ὑπερήσμι.

ὑπερ-ἠφάνεω, f. ἴσω, (ὑπερήφανος) to be conspicuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like ὑπερηγορός, overweening, arrogant.

II. transit. to treat disdainfully.

ὑπερ-ἠφάνεια, ἡ, (ὑπερηφανέω) arrogance, haughtiness: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

ὑπερ-ἠφάνος, ov, = ὑπερ-φανής with ἠ inserted, conspicuous above others: in good sense, magnificent, splendid, noble.

2. in bad sense, extravagant, overweening, arrogant. Hence

ὑπερηφάνως, Adv. magnificently: arrogantly.

ὑπερ-θάλασσιδος, ov, (ὑπέρ, θάλασσα) some way above the sea. [στ]

ὑπερ-θαυμάζω Ion. ὑπερθωμ-, f. ἄσομαι, to wonder exceedingly.

2. c. acc. to admire above measure.

ὑπερ-θαύμαστος, ov, exceedingly admirable.

ὑπερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπέρ) from above: above: c. gen. above, over; ὑπερθεν εἶναι ἡ.. to be above or beyond, i. e. worse than.

ὑπερ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run over or beyond. 2. to outstrip, to surpass, excel.
 ὑπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσομαι, to die for or instead of.
 ὑπερθοροῦμαι Ion. -έομαι, fut. of ὑπερθρώσκω.
 ὑπερθερέειν Ion. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπερθρώσκω.
 ὑπερ-θρώσκω: fut. -θοροῦμαι Ep. -θορέομαι: aor. 2 ὑπέρεθορον Ep. ὑπέρορον, inf. -θορέειν contr. -εῖν: —to overleap, leap, spring, vault or bound over, c. acc.
 ὑπερ-θύμος, ov, high-spirited, daring. II. in bad sense, over-spirited, overweening: of a horse, too high-couraged, restive. Hence
 ὑπερθύμως, Adv. in excessive wrath.
 ὑπερ-θύριον, τό, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) the lintel of a door. [ῥ]
 ὑπέρ-θύρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) above the door: as Subst., ἰπέρθυρον, τό, = ὑπερθύριον.
 ὑπερ-ύχω, to shout above, outdo in shouting, c. gen. [ᾱ]
 ὑπεριδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ὑπεριδεῖν.
 ὑπερ-ίημι, f. -ήσω, to send or throw further, hurl beyond the mark.
 ὑπερ-ικταίνομαι, Pass. to move exceeding swiftly: the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation is uncertain.
 Ὑπεριονίδης, ov, ὁ, patronym. from Ὑπερίων [ῥ], son of Hyperion, i. e. the Sun.
 ὑπερ-ίστάμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: (ὑπέρ, ἴστημι): —to stand over, c. gen.: to stand over so as to protect one, to shield, guard.
 ὑπερ-ίσταω, opos, ὁ, ἡ, knowing but too well, c. gen.
 ὑπερ-ίσχυρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἰσχυρός) exceeding strong.
 ὑπερ-ίσχω, = ὑπερέχω, to bold above. II. intr. to be above: to prevail over, c. gen. 2. to protect, c. gen.
 Ὑπερ-ίων [ῥ], onos, ὁ, Hyperion, the sun-god, commonly joined with Ἥλιος in Homer, as Ὑπερίων Ἥλιος, or Ἥλιος Ὑπερίων. (Said to be derived from ἰπέρ, ἰών, be that walks on high.)
 ὑπερ-κᾶθημαι, properly pf. pass. of ὑπερκαθέζομαι, to sit over, above or upon. II. metaph. to sit over and watch, keep an eye upon.
 ὑπερ-καλλής, es, gen. εὖος, (ὑπέρ, κάλλος) exceeding beautiful or fine.
 ὑπερ-κάμνω, f. -κάμῶμαι, to suffer or labour for any one, c. gen.
 ὑπερ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι, to get down over.
 ὑπερ-καταγέλαστος, ov, exceedingly absurd.
 ὑπερκατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερκαταβαίνω.
 ὑπερ-καυλάζω, f. σω, to laugh outright.
 ὑπέρ-κειμαι, Pass. to be situated over or above.
 ὑπερ-κίλέω, f. ἦσω, to charm beyond measure.
 ὑπερ-κίλαεω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately.
 ὑπερ-κομπος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόμπος) over-confident, overweening, boastful, arrogant: generally, excessive; c. dat., νῆες ὑπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in swiftness.
 ὑπέρ-κοπος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόπτα) like ὑπερκόμπος, overweening, overbearing, boastful. Hence
 ὑπερκόπως, Adv. exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κορέω, f. ἦσω, to overflow or glut.
 ὑπέρ-κοτος, ov, exceedingly angry or furious: exceedingly savage. Adv. -τως, overmuch, exceedingly.
 ὑπερ-κρεμάννυμι: f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ] Att. -κρεμῶ: —to bang up over or out of the way.
 ὑπερ-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: aor. I -εκτησάμην: —to acquire over and above.
 ὑπερκύδαντας, acc. pl. of
 ὑπερ-κύδας, αντος, ὁ, (ὑπέρ, κύδος) exceeding famous or renowned, very glorious.
 ὑπερ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend, stretch over, peep over. 2. c. acc. to overstep.
 ὑπέρ-λαμπρος, ov, exceeding bright or glistening. II. of sound, exceeding clear or loud.
 ὑπερ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. to make a very splendid show: also to shew great eagerness. [ῥ]
 ὑπερ-λίαν, Adv. (ὑπέρ, λίαν) beyond all measure or doubt, undeniably. [ῥ]
 ὑπερ-λύττω, f. ἦσω, to pain exceedingly, cause one great distress: —Pass. to be distressed beyond measure.
 ὑπερ-μαίνομαι, Pass, with f. med. -μάνομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἰπρεμάνην [ᾱ]: —to be struck mad.
 ὑπερ-μάκης, es, Dor. for ὑπερμήκης.
 ὑπερ-μάχη, f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, μάχη) to fight for or in defence of one: also to fight with one for another.
 ὑπερμαχητικός, ἦ, ov, inclined to fight for another.
 ὑπερ-μάχομαι [μᾶ], fut. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep., like ὑπερμαχέω, to fight for anyone; ὑπερμαχοῦμαι τάδε πατρός I will fight out this for my father.
 ὑπέρ-μάχος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μάχομαι) fighting for: as Subst., ὑπέρμαχος, ὁ, a champion.
 ὑπερ-μεγάθης, Ion. for ὑπερμεγέθης. [ᾱ]
 ὑπερ-μέγας, μεγάλη, μεγα, enormously great.
 ὑπερ-μεγέθης Ion. ὑπερμεγάθης [ᾱ], es, gen. εὖος, (ὑπέρ, μέγεθος) excessively large, enormous. II. exceedingly difficult.
 ὑπερ-μεθύσκομαι, aor. I -μεθύσθην: Pass. —to be excessively drunk.
 ὑπερ-μενέτης, ov, ὁ, ποῦτ. for ὑπερμενής.
 ὑπερμενέων, onτος, ὁ, excessively mighty. From
 ὑπερ-μενής, es, (ὑπέρ, μένος) exceeding strong: also in bad sense, overweening, insolent.
 ὑπέρ-μετρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure, excessive. Adv. -τως.
 ὑπέρ-μήκης, es, gen. εὖος, (ὑπέρ, μήκος) exceeding long, high, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud.
 ὑπερ-μίσέω, f. ἦσω, to bate exceedingly.
 ὑπέρ-μορον, Adv. = ὑπὲρ μῦρον, beyond fate or destiny.
 ὑπερ-νέφελος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νεφέλη) above the clouds.
 ὑπερ-νικάω, f. ἦσω, to be more than conqueror.
 ὑπερ-νόεω, f. ἦσω, to think or reflect upon, c. acc.
 ὑπερ-νότιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νότος) beyond the south wind, at the extreme south, opp. to ὑπερβόρειος.
 ὑπέρ-ογκος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ὄγκος) of excessive size or bulk, overgrown, immensely great.
 ὑπερ-οιδάινω or -άνω, to swell, be much swollen.
 ὑπερ-οιδᾶω Ion. -έω, f. ἦσω, to swell excessively.

ὑπερ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell above or beyond.
 ὑπερ-οικέω, ον, (ὑπέρ, οἰκέω) dwelling above, beyond.
 ὑπεροπλία, ἡ, (ὑπεροπλος) proud confidence, defiance, presumption: high courage. [i Ep.]
 ὑπερ-οπλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (ὑπέρ, ὀπλίζω) to vanquish by force of arms.
 ὑπέρ-οπλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὄπλον) confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., ὑπέρ-οπλον εἰπεῖν to speak haughtily, arrogantly. II. generally, excessive, immense.
 ὑπερόπτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπερόψομαι) a contemner, disdain: absol. disdainful, haughty.
 ὑπεροπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, contemptuous, disdainful, scornful. Adv. -κῶς, disdainfully. From
 ὑπέρ-οπτος, ον, (ὑπερόψομαι) overlooking: hence disdainful, haughty: neut. pl. as Adv. haughtily.
 ὑπερ-οράω, fut. -όψομαι: aor. 2 -εἶδον inf. -ιδεῖν: aor. 1 pass. -ώφθην: (cf. ὄραω):—to look over, survey. II. to overlook, pay no heed to, disregard: to slight, despise, disdain, both with acc. and gen.
 ὑπερ-όριος ποῖτ. -ούριος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὄρος) over or beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish. 2. ἡ ὑπερορία (sc. γῆ) the country beyond one's own frontiers, a foreign land or country.
 ὑπερ-όρνυμαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ὄρνυμι) to rise up over a thing.
 ὑπερ-ορρωδέω Ion. -αρρωδέω: f. ἦσω:—to be much afraid, be in great terror on account of.
 ὕΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, or ὕπερον, τό, a pestle to bray and pound with.
 ὑπερ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οὐρανός) above the heavens.
 ὑπεροχή, ἡ, (ὑπερέχω) a projection, prominence, summit. II. metaph. preëminence, superiority, supremacy: excellence. 2. excess, superabundance.
 ὑπέροχος Ep. ὑπέροχος, ον, (ὑπερέχω) prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπέροχον ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing. Sup. -ώτατος.
 ὑπεροψία, ἡ, contempt, disdain: arrogance. From
 ὑπέρ-όψομαι, used as fut. of ὑπεροράω, from obsol. ὑπερόπτομαι.
 ὑπερ-πάγῃς, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) excessively frosty: as Subst., τὸ ὑπερπαγῆς extremely hard frost.
 ὑπερ-παθέω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, παθεῖν) to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.
 ὑπερ-παίω, f. -παίωσω: pf. -πέπακα:—to strike beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.
 ὑπερ-παλύω, to strew or surpass. [v]
 ὑπερ-περισσεύω, also Dep. -εύομαι:—to abound overmuch, to superabound.
 ὑπερ-πέρισσος, η, ον, excessive:—Adv. -σως, beyond measure.
 ὑπερ-πέταμαι, Dep., = ὑπερέπτομαι.
 ὑπερ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [α̅], to stretch over.
 ὑπερ-πέτομαι or -πέταμαι: fut. -πήσσομαι: aor. 2 -επάμην [α̅], whence Ep. 3 sing. ὑπέπτιστο: we also find Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. ὑπέπετᾶ, from ὑπέπετῆν: Dep.:—to fly over, above or beyond.

ὑπερ-πέτω, Att. for ὑπερέσσω.
 ὑπερ-πηδάω, f. -ἤσομαι, to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from. II. metaph. to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.
 ὑπέρ-πίκρος, ον, exceeding sharp or bitter.
 ὑπερ-πύπλωμι, f. -πύπλωσω, to overfill:—Pass. to be overfull of a thing.
 ὑπερ-πίνω, f. -πίνομαι, to drink overmuch. [f]
 ὑπερ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to fall over or beyond. II. of time, to be past, gone by, be spent.
 ὑπερ-πλεονάζω, f. ἄσω, to abound exceedingly.
 ὑπερ-πλήθης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πλήθος) superabundant.
 ὑπερ-πλήρωσ, to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull.
 ὑπερ-πλούτος, f. ἦσω, to be exceeding rich. From
 ὑπέρ-πλουτος, ον, (ὑπέρ, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich.
 ὑπέρ-πολυς, πολλή, πολυ, (ὑπέρ, πολὺς) overmuch, very much or many.
 ὑπερ-πονέω, f. ἦσω, to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly. II. to bear or endure for another:—Med., ὑπερπονείσθαι τινος to take trouble on oneself for another.
 ὑπερ-πόντος, ον, also a, ον, (ὑπέρ, πόντος) over or beyond the sea, far away. II. over or across the sea.
 ὑπέριπᾶτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερέπτομαι.
 ὑπερ-πυπάζω, (ὑπέρ, πύππαξ) to make very much of one, to caress fondly.
 ὑπερ-πυρρίω, f. ἄσω [α̅] (ὑπέρ, πυρρός) to redden or blush for another.
 ὑπερ-πωτάομαι, Ep. for ὑπερέπτομαι.
 ὑπερρᾶγην, aor. 2 pass. of ὑπερρᾶγγνυμι. [α̅]
 ὑπερ-σεμνόνωμαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, σεμνῶν) to be exceeding solemn or pompous.
 ὑπέρ-σοφος, ον, extremely wise or clever.
 ὑπερ-σπουδαίω, f. σω, to take excessive pains, be very anxious.
 ὑπερ-στάτέω, = ἐπείσταμαι, to stand over and protect, c. gen.
 ὑπέροχη, ὑπέροχοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ὑπερέχω.
 ὑπέριπᾶτος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. of ὑπέρ, uppermost, biggest: eldest: more used in shortened form ὑπάτος: there is also a form ὑπερώτατος. [v]
 ὑπερέλλας, aor. 1 part. of ὑπερέλλω.
 ὑπερ-τένω, f. -τενώ: pf. -τέτακα:—to stretch over or above: to hold out over; ὑπερτείνειν σκυῶν σειρίου κυνός to spread a shade from the dog-star over the house; ὑπερτείνειν πίδα ἀκτῆς to stretch one's foot over the beach, i. e. pass over it. II. intr. to stretch, stand out or project beyond: c. acc., ὑπερτείνειν τὸ κέρας to outflank the enemy's wing. 2. metaph. to surpass, excel.
 ὑπερτελέω, to pass quite over, overleap. From
 ὑπερ-τελής, ἐς, gen. εὖς, (ὑπέρ, τέλος) going over or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overleaping: c. gen., ἄθλων ὑπερτελής one who has reached the end of his labours. II. = ὑπερέλλων, rising over or above.
 ὑπερ-τέλλω, f. -τελώ: aor. 1 -έτειλα:—to rise or

appear over or above; ὑπερτείλας ὁ ἥλιος the sun having risen above the horizon; ὑπερτέλλειν ἐκ γαίας to start from the ground: c. gen. to bang or project over.

ὑπερτερία Ion. —ἴη, ἦ, the upper part, esp. the upper frame of a carriage. From

ὑπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ὑπέρ, over or above, upper, bigger: hence better, more excellent; γενεῆ ὑπέρτερος bigger by birth, nobler; ὑπέρτερα νέρτερα θείναι to turn topsy-turvy. II. stronger, mightier; victorious over, c. gen.: neut. as Adv., μαντέων ὑπέρτερον better than soothsayers. III. further, more.

ὑπερ-τίθημι, f. ἤσω: aor. I —έθηκα: aor. 2 —έθην: —to put or set over:—Med., ὑπερτίθεσθαι τινί τι to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice.

ὑπερ-τίμιώ, f. ἤσω, to prize or honour above measure.

ὑπερ-τόλμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, τόλμα) overbold.

ὑπέρτονος, ον, (ὑπερτείνω) overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch or stretch.

ὑπερτοξεύω, ον, to be overshot: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone. From

ὑπερ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to overshoot.

ὑπερ-τρέχω: f. —δραμούμαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέδραμον: —to run over or beyond, outrun, escape from. 2. to excel, surpass. 3. to overstep, transgress a law.

ὑπερ-τρύφω, f. ἤσω, to revel extravagantly.

ὑπερ-ρυθρίαώ, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to grow rather red, to blush or colour a little.

ὑπερ-έρυθρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐρυθρός) somewhat red.

ὑπερ-ύψηλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὑψηλός) exceedingly high.

ὑπερ-ύψω, f. ὦσω, to exalt or extol exceedingly.

ὑπερ-φαίνομαι, aor. 2 ὑπερεφάνην [ᾶ]: Pass. to appear over or above.

ὑπερ-φάλαγγέω, f. ἤσω, (ὑπέρ, φάλαγξ) to extend one's phalanx so as to outflank.

ὑπερφάνηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑπερφαίνομαι. Hence ὑπερφάνης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, appearing over or above.

ὑπερ-φάτος, ον, beyond expression, ineffable.

ὑπερ-φέρω, f. —οίσω: aor. I act. —ήνεκα, pass. —νήχην: —to carry over or across. II. intr. to have the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.

ὑπερ-φευ, Adv. like ὑπερφῶς, excessively, overmuch: too highly.

ὑπερ-φθίνομαι, poet. 3 sing. aor. 2 —έφθιτο: Pass. to perish for or in behalf of one.

ὑπερφιάλος, ον, properly exceeding in power, exceeding puissant: but mostly in bad sense, overbearing, overweening, arrogant; θυμὸς ὑπερφιάλος an overbearing spirit. Adv. ὑπερφιάλως, exceedingly, excessively: also haughtily, arrogantly. (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of ὑπέρβιος.)

ὑπερ-φίλω, f. ἤσω, to love beyond measure.

ὑπερ-φοβέομαι, Pass. with fut. med. —ήσομαι, to be excessively afraid.

ὑπερ-φοβός, ον, exceeding timid, very fearful.

ὑπερ-φορέω, to carry over.

ὑπερ-φρίσσω Att. —πτω: f. ξω:—to shudder at one beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of.

ὑπερφρονέω, f. ἤσω, to have high thoughts, to be overproud. 2. to look down upon, disdain. From

ὑπέρ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἦ, (ὑπέρ, φρήν) big-minded, big-spirited: haughty, disdainful, arrogant: ἐκ τοῦ ὑπέρφρονος from a confidence in one's superiority.

ὑπερ-φύνης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, φύνη) beyond natural size, overgrown, enormous, immense. II. of things, extra-

ordinary, singular: beyond the natural course of things, marvellous, strange, absurd: also joined with a relat., ὑπερφύνης ὅσος, like Lat. mirum quantum, wonderful how great, i. e. excessively great.

ὑπερ-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. —έφυν pf. —πέφυκα:—to spring or shoot up over or above: hence to outshoot, surpass, excel.

ὑπερφῶς, Adv. of ὑπερφύνης, excessively, marvelously; ὑπερφῶς ὡς wonderfully bow, i. e. most wonderfully.

ὑπερφύς, ὦσα, ὦν, aor. 2 part. of ὑπερφύομαι.

ὑπερ-χαίρω, f. —χάρησω:—to rejoice exceedingly at a thing, c. dat. II. c. part. to delight in doing.

ὑπερ-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to let down over.

ὑπερ-χθόνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, χθών) above the earth.

ὑπερ-χλιδάω, f. ἤσω, strengthd. for χλιδάω, like ὑπερρυφάω, to be over wanton or arrogant.

ὑπερ-έρχομαι, f. —ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. —ήλυθον or —ήλθον: pf. —ελήλυθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι): Dep.:—to go or come under, get under, enter, Lat. subire, c. acc. II. to go into secretly, to steal or creep into:

metaph. to come upon or over one; ὑπέρχεται με φρίκη a shuddering steals over me. III. to creep into another's good graces, to fawn on: hence to undermine, deceive. IV. to advance slowly.

ὑπερ-χρεως, ον, (ὑπέρ, χρέος) excessively in debt.

ὑπερ-ερωέω, f. ἤσω, (ὑπό, ἐρωέω) to shrink back, recoil.

ὑπερηψί Att. ὑπερφῶ, ἦ, the upper part of the mouth, the palate: properly fem. of ὑπερφῶς.

ὑπερωίθεν, Adv. from the upper story. From

ὑπερῶν, Ep. and Ion. ὑπερῶιον, τό, the upper part of the house, the upper story or upper rooms, where the women resided: properly neut. of ὑπερφῶς (sub. οἴκημα).

ὑπερφῶς, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. ὑπερῶιος (from ὑπέρ, as πατρῶος from πατήρ), being above or over, overbead.

ὑπερῶτατος, η, ον, poet. Sup. for ὑπέρτατος.

ὑπεροσείται, Dor. 3 sing. fut. of ὑπείμι (εἰμι sum).

ὑπέσταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑφίστημι, also 2. Dor. for ὑπέστην, 1 sing. of same.

ὑπέστελα, aor. I of ὑποστέλλω.

ὑπέστρεφα, aor. I of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑπέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπέχω.

ὑπέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπέσχημαι, pf. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπέστρεας, 2 sing. aor. I of ὑποτρέω.

ὑπέτυψα, aor. I of ὑποτύπτω.

ὑπε-εύθυνος, ον, (ὑπό, εὐθύνη) liable to give account,

accountable, responsible; ὑπεύθυνος ἀρχή an office at the expiration of which the magistrate has to give an account of his conduct. 2. c. genit. liable to, amenable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of a thing. 3. also c. dat. subject, liable, exposed to.

ὑπ-εννάομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, εἰνάω) to lie under.

ὑπέφθηνα, aor. I of ὑποφαίνω.

ὑπέφραδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποφράζω.

ὑπέχευα, aor. I of ὑποχέω.

ὑπέχρισα, aor. I of ὑποχρίω.

ὑπέχω, f. ὑφέξω: aor. 2 ὑπέσχων poet. ὑπέσχεθον: (cf. ἔχω):—to hold under or underneath.

2. to put under or place under. 3. to hold out the hand as a pledge: ὑπέχειν οἶσας, Lat. praebere aurem, to lend an ear: hence to hold out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of. 4. to supply, afford, place at one's disposal. II. to hold from underneath, uphold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo, submit to, suffer. 2. in law-phrase, ὑπέχειν δίκην τινός to have to give an account of a thing; ὑπέχειν λόγον to have to give account.

ὑπηγάμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήγηον, ὑπήγαγον, impf. and aor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήκοος, ον, (ὑπακούω) giving ear, barking, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen.: as Subst., ὑπήκοοι, οἱ, subjects.

ὑπήλθον, aor. 2 of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπηύμω, to bang down: see ὑπεμνήμυκε.

ὑπήνεικαν, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of ὑποφέρω.

ὑπηρέμιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀνεμος) full of wind; ὑπηρέμιον ὄν a wind-egg which produces no chicken.

ὑπήνεικα, ον, (ὑπό, ἀνεμος) under the wind, under shelter from it; ἐκ τοῦ ὑπηρέμιου on the lee side.

ὑπήνη, ἡ, (ὑπό) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

ὑπήνητης, ον, ὁ, a bearded man; πρῶτον ὑπήνητης a youth with his first beard.

ὑπήνοτος, ἡ, ον, (ὑπό, ἡώς) about dawn, towards morning, early.

ὑπηργαί, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπηρέσια, ἡ, (ὑπηρέτω) the service or duty of rowers. 2. Collective for οἱ ὑπηρέται, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew. II. generally, hard service, hard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

ὑπηρέσιον, τό, (ὑπηρέτω) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

ὑπηρέτω, f. ἦσω: pf. act. ὑπηρέτηκα, pass. ὑπηρέτημαι: (ὑπηρέτης):—to row, serve on board ship. II. generally, to do hard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; ὑπηρετέιν τι to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; τὰ ἀπ' ἡμέων εἰς ἡμέας ὑπηρετέται the services which are rendered to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, humour. 3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

ὑπηρέτημα, ατος, τό, service rendered, service, help, Lat. officium.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἐρέτης) a rower: generally, a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant, servant, inferior officer, Lat. apparitor; ὑπηρέτης ἔργου a helper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each heavy-armed soldier.

ὑπηρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑπηρέτης) of or fit for serving: of or for an ὑπηρέτης or inferior officer or soldier; ὅπλα ὑπηρητικά the arms of the common men; κέλης ὑπηρητικός a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ἴδος, fem. of ὑπηρέτης, a helpmate, assistant.

ὑπήριπτε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπηρέπω.

ὑπήσω, Ion. for ὑφήσω, fut. of ὑφήμι.

ὑπήχξω, f. ἦσω, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

ὑπ-ίημι, Ion. for ὑφήμι.

ὑπ-ίλλω: aor. I ὑπίλα: (ὑπό, ἰλλω = εἰλω):—to force or draw in underneath: metaph. to keep under, check, restrain; ἰπίλλεν στόμα to check one's tongue.

ὑπίουσα, part. fem. of ὑπειμι (εἰμι ἰβο).

ὑπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ὑφίστημι.

ὑπ-ισχόμεαι, contr. -οῦμαι Ion. ὑπίσχομαι: fut. ὑπίσχησομαι: aor. 2 ὑπέσχομην, imperat. ὑπόσχω: pf. ὑπέσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἰσχω = ἔχω):—to hold oneself under, i. e. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight her troth: also to promise or vow to the gods: generally, to assure, assert, profess.

ὑπ-ισχομαι, Ion. for ὑπισχνόμεαι.

ὑπνάλιος, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleep-bringing, drowsy.

ὑπν-ἀπάτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπνος, ἀπάτῶ) cheating of sleep.

ὑπνίδιος, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleepy, drowsy. [γῆ]

ὑπνο-δοτή, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑπνο-δότης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπνος, δίδωμι) giver of sleep; ὕπνος ὑπνοδότης a lulling strain: fem. ὑπνοδότειρα.

ὑπνο-μάχων, f. ἦσω, (ὑπνος, μάχομαι) to resist or strive against sleep.

'ΥΠΝΟΣ, ὁ, sleep, slumber: metaph. the sleep of death. II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death.

ὑπνο-φόβης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπνος, φοβέω) frightening in sleep.

ὑπνώ, f. ὦσω: pf. act. ὑπνωκα, pass. ὑπνωμαι: (ὑπνος):—to lull to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber. II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep.

ὑπνω, Dor. gen. of ὑπνος.

ὑπνωδης, ες, (ὑπνος, εἶδος) of a sleepy nature, drowsy.

ὑπνώων, Lacon. for ὑπνοῶν, inf. of ὑπνώω.

ὑπνώσσω Att. -ττω, = ὑπνώω, to be sleepy or drowsy; οὐκ ὑπνώσσει κέορ my heart slumbers not.

ὑπνώω, Ep. for ὑπνώω, to sleep, fall asleep.

'ΥΠΟ', Prep., governing gen., dat., et acc.: under: poet. ὑπάλ, metri grat.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from under; βρέει

κρήνη ὑπὸ σπέους a fountain flows from under a cavern; ἔπιπυς ὑπὸ ζυγοῦ λύειν to unharness horses from under the yoke; ὑπ' ἀρνεοῦ λόμην I loosed myself from under the ram. 2. of that under which a thing is, under, beneath; ὑπὸ στέρνοιο τυχῆσας having hit him under the chest.

II. of the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neuters in pass. sense, by, through, Lat. a or ab; κτείνεσθαι ὑπὸ τινοῦ to be slain by a man; θανεῖν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ to fall by his hand; ὑπ' ἑαυτοῦ by one's own free action; ἀκούειν ὑπὸ τινοῦ to hear, i. e. be told by, one.

2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινοῦ to flee by reason of one; ὑπὸ κήρυκος προηγύρευε he proclaimed by voice of herald.

3. ὑπὸ is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; ὑπὸ θεῶν, χαρᾶς, etc., by or from fear, joy, etc.; hence with active Verbs also, as πράττειν τι ὑπ' ἀρετῆς to do somewhat by reason of courage; ὑπὸ θεῶν by reason of fear, etc.; ὀρύσσειν ὑπὸ μαστίγων to dig by constraint of the lash. 4. to express subjection, ἀρετῶν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ they are virtuous under his sway.

5. ὑπὸ is often used of attendant circumstances; ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο λύης at the blast of Zephyr; of music, κομμάζειν ὑπ' αὐλοῦ to revel to the sound of the flute; πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, ὑπ' εὐφήμου βοῆς θύσαι to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

WITH DAT. of the object, under which a thing is:

I. of Place; ὑπὸ ποσὶ ὑπὸ ἑστέων ὑπὸ τῆ ἀκροπόλει under the acropolis; ὑπ' ἔρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; ὑπὸ χειρὶ δαμνῆναι to be subdued under, i. e. by force of, one's arm; so φοβεῖσθαι ὑπὸ τινι to fear under, i. e. by reason of, one; ὑπὸ πομπῇ τινοῦ βῆναι to proceed under one's guidance.

II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence ὑπὸ τινι under one's power; εἶναι ὑπὸ τινι to be subordinate, subject to a person; ἔχειν ὑπ' ἑαυτῷ to have under one, at one's command.

WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, to express motion towards and under an object, as, ὑπὸ σπέος ἦλασε μῆλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; ὑπὸ Τροίην ἵεναι to go under the walls of Troy; so, ὑπὸ δικαστήριον ἄγειν to bring under the judgment-seat. 2. under an object, without signf. of motion, ὑπ' ἡῶ τ' ἡέλιον τε under morning and the sun.

II. of Time, like Lat. sub, about, near ὡρον, ὑπὸ νόκτα towards night; ὑπὸ τὴν ἑω about morning; ὑπὸ τὸν σεισμόν about the time of the earthquake; also c. part., ὑπὸ τὸν νῆδον κατακάεντα about the time of the burning of the temple.

POSTRIN: ὑπὸ sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written ὑπο.

Ἵπο stands absol. AS ADV., under, below, beneath. 2. behind. II. secretly, unnoticed.

IN COMPOS.: I. under, either of rest, as in ὑπ-εἰμι to be under; or of motion, as in ὑπο-βαῖνω to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with another, as in ὑπ-ἀργυρος, ὑπ-χρυσος. 3. to express

subjection, as in ὑπο-δαμάω, ὑπο-διδῶς. II. denoting what is gradual, secret, etc., somewhat, a little, by degrees, like Lat. sub, as in ὑπο-θεῖναι.

ὑπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

ὑπο-βαῖνω, f. -βῆσομαι: aor. 2. -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base. II. metaph. to be below, be less in height; τεσσαράκοντα πῶδας ὑποβάς τῆς ἐτέρης [πυραμίδος] ταῦτὸ μέγεθος going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i. e. building it forty feet lower.

ὑπο-βάλλω Ep. ὑββάλλω: f. -βάλῶ: pf. act. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw, put or lay under, Lat. substernere. II. Med. to substitute another's child for one's own, palm a supposititious child upon one. 2. metaph. to palm or pass off false charges. III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort. IV. to suggest, submit to one.

ὑπόβασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποβαῖνω) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden.

ὑπο-βένθος, ον, (ὑπό, βένθος) in the depths below.

ὑπο-βήσσω Att. -βήττω: f. -βήτω:—to cough a little, have a slight cough.

ὑπο-βιβάξω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑποβαῖνω, to draw or bring down:—Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down.

ὑπο-βλέπω, f. -βλέφομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrily.

ὑποβλήθην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in underhand or covertly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. II. looking sidelong.

ὑποβλητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ὑποβάλλω, to be laid or put under.

ὑπόβλητος, ον, (ὑποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeit, false.

ὑποβολή, ἡ, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting or laying under. 2. a suggesting, reminding. II. pass. that which is put under, a foundation, groundwork: metaph. the subject, subject-matter.

ὑποβολιμαῖος, α, ον, (ὑποβάλλομαι) substituted by stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit; τὰ ὑποβολιμαῖα (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children.

ὑπο-βρέμω, to roar under or in answer to.

ὑπο-βρέχω, f. ζω: pf. pass. -βέβρεγαί:—to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:—pf. pass. part. ὑποβεβρεγμένος, somewhat drunk.

ὑπο-βρύχιος, ον, also α, ον, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ῥ]

ὑπόβρυχος, ον, = ὑποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα to be covered with water.

ὑπό-γαίος or ὑπόγειος, ον, (ὑπό, γαῖα) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous.

ὑπο-γάστριον, τό, (ὑπό, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the paunch.

II. the lower part of a sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

ὑπό-γειος, *ov*, = ὑπό-γαιος.

ὑπο-γελᾶω, *f.* —ἀσομαι [ᾶ] :—to laugh at. II. to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. subridere.

ὑπο-γενεαίω, *f. σω*, (ὑπό, γένειον) to intreat by touching the chin.

ὑπο-γίγνομαι, later and Ion. —γίνομαι: *aor.* 2 —εγε-νόμην: *Dep.* :—to grow up by degrees or in succession, Lat. subnasci.

ὑπό-γλαυκος, *ov*, somewhat gray.

ὑπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under, to eye askance or suspiciously.

ὑπο-γλυκαίνω, (ὑπό, γλυκίς) to sweeten a little: metaph. to coax and smooth down.

ὑπο-γνάμψω, *f. ψω*, to bend under or gradually.

ὑπο-γνώσῃς, 2 *sing. aor.* I subj. of ὑπογινώσκω.

ὑπόγραμμα, *atos, τό*, (ὑπογράφω) that which is written under: a signature. 2. an inscription.

ὑπο-γραμματεύς, *εως, ὁ*, an under clerk, under secretary. Hence

ὑπογραμμάτεύω, *f. σω*, to be a ὑπογραμματεύς, act as under clerk.

ὑπογραμμός, *ὁ*, (ὑπογράφω) a writing-copy, pattern, model.

ὑπογραφέυς, *εως, ὁ*, (ὑπογράφω) one who writes under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis: at Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (ἐκκλησία).

ὑπογραφή, *ἡ*, a subscription, signature: an indictment. 2. an inscription, mark, print. II. a sketch, design, outline, Lat. adumbratio. III. a painting under of the eyelids. From

ὑπο-γράφω [ᾶ], *f. ψω*: *pf.* γέγραφα, *pass.* γέγραμμαι:—to write under, subjoin: to subscribe, sign: to write the name or title upon a thing. II. Med. to set one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringing a charge against any one, Lat. subscribere accusationem in aliquem. 2. in drawing, to sketch, draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat. adumbrare: metaph. to sketch out, delineate. III. to paint under the eyelids.

ὑπό-γυιος or —γυος, *ov*, (ὑπό, γυίον) under the band, close at hand: fresh, new; hence late, recent. II. sudden, unexpected; ἐξ ὑπογυίου off band, on the spur of the moment. Hence

ὑπογυίως or —γυώς, *Adv.* newly, lately: *Comp.* ὑπογυϊότερον more recently; *Sup.* ὑπογυϊότατα very lately.

ὑπό-γυος, *ov*, = ὑπό-γυιος.

ὑπο-δακρύω, *f. ύω* [ῆ]: to weep a little or in secret.

ὑπο-δάμω, *f. άω* [ᾶ]: *pf.* δέδημκα: *Pass.*, *aor.* I ἤπεδμήθην: *pf.* —δέδημκα:—to subdue under one, to overpower, overcome: *aor.* I *pass. part. fem.* ὑποδη-θείσα, having yielded to.

ὑπο-δάμνημι, = ὑποδάμω; so also in *Med.*:—*Pass.* ὑποδάμνημαι, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome.

ὑποδέξασαι, *Ep. aor.* I part. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδέξμενος, *Ep. aor.* 2 part. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδέδημαι, *pf.* of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδεδεμένος, *pf. pass.* of ὑποδέω.

ὑποδεδιώς, *pf. part.* of ὑποδέω.

ὑποδεδιός, *ὁ*, (ὑπό, δεδιός) literally, crouching for fear, name of a bird in Aristophanes.

ὑποδέδρομα, *poët. pf.* of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δεής, *ες, gen. εὸς*, (ὑπό, δέος) somewhat deficient, slighter, less, generally, below another, inferior to him; esp. in *Comp.*, ὑποδέστερος inferior; ἐκ πολλῶ ὑποδέστραν with means much inferior.—*Comp. Adv.* ὑποδέστερας, in inferior numbers.

ὑπόδειγμα, *atos, τό*, (ὑποδείκνυμι) a sign, token, mark. II. a pattern, copy, example.

ὑπο-δείδω, *f. σω*: *aor.* I ὑπέδεισα *Ep.* ὑπέδδεια: *Ep. pf.* ὑποδείδια: 3 *pl. Ep.* πλqpf. ὑποδείδιαν: *poët. pf.* ὑπαιδείδουκα, for ὑποδείδουκα:—to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc. 2. to shrink in fear from, cover before. II. absol. to be somewhat afraid.

ὑπο-δέκνυμι and —ῶ: *fut.* —δέξω *Ion.* —δέξω: *aor.* I ὑπέδειξα *Ion.* —έδεξα:—to shew underhand or secretly: to give a mere glimpse of. 2. to intimate, give to understand. II. to mark out: to shew, teach by example. III. to shew forth, make a display of, pretend to: also simply, to shew.

ὑπο-δελιάω, *f. άω* [ᾶ], to be somewhat cowardly.

ὑπο-δειμαίνω, to stand in secret awe of.

ὑπο-δειπνέω, *f. ἡσω*, to dine instead of another.

ὑποδείσας, *aor.* I part. of ὑποδείδω.

ὑπο-δέκομαι, *Ion.* for ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέμω, to build under, lay as a foundation.

ὑποδέξῃ, *ἡ*, (ὑποδέχομαι) reception of a guest, means of entertainment. [ῖ in *Ep.*, metri grat.]

ὑποδέξιος, *α, ov*, (ὑποδέχομαι) able to receive, capacious, ample.

ὑπο-δέρας, *ίδος, ἡ*, (ὑπό, δέρη) a neck-ornament, necklace.

ὑπόδεσις, *εως, ἡ*, (ὑποδέω) = ὑποδήματα, one's shoes.

ὑποδέσθαι, *Ep. aor.* 2 *pass. inf.* of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέχομαι *Ion.* —δέκομαι: *f.* —δέξω: *aor.* I —έδεξάμην: *pf.* —δέδεγμα: also *aor.* I *pass.* —έδεχθην (in *pass. sense*): *Dep.* :—to receive beneath the surface of the sea. 2. to receive under one's roof, welcome, entertain; ὁ ὑποδεξάμενος one's entertainer or host. 3. to give ear to, barken to. II. to undertake, engage, promise, Lat. in se recipere: also to undertake a work or task. 2. to admit or allow the justice of a thing; with a negat., οὐχ ὑποδέχεσθαι to refuse to admit, deny. III. to endure, bear. IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, Lat. excipere. 2. to follow in rank or order: to come next to, border upon. V. of a woman, to conceive, become pregnant.

ὑπο-δέω, *f.* —δήσω: *pf. pass.* ὑποδέδεμαι:—to bind or tie under:—*Med.* to bind under one's feet, put on one's shoes, etc., κόθρυνος ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's buskins: absol., ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's shoes: *pf. pass. part.* ὑποδεδεμένος, with one's shoes on; ὑποδε-μένου τὸν ἀριστερὸν πόδα with the left foot shod.

ὑπο-δηλώω, f. ὤσω, to show secretly, indicate.
ὑπόδημα, atos, τό, (ὑποδέω) that which is bound under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. calceus.

ὑπόδησαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὑποδέω.

ὑπόδησαι, aor. I act. inf. of ὑποδέω.

ὑπο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, the under-teacher of a chorus.

ὑπό-δίκος, ov, (ὑπό, δίκη) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., ὑπόδικος γενέσθαι χερῶν to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.

ὑπο-δίφθερος, ov, (ὑπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins.

ὑποδηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ὑποδαμάω.

ὑπο-δμῶς, -ῶος, ὁ, an under-servant, assistant.

ὑποδοχή, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a hospitable reception, entertainment: also a harbouring, as of slaves.

II. acceptance, approval: hence support, aid, succour.

III. a supposition, assumption.

IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, quarters.

ὑπόδρα, (ὑποδρακεῖν) poet. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase ὑπόδρα, ἰδῶν, looking askance, i. e. fiercely, sternly.

ὑποδρακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποδέρκομαι.

ὑποδραμῆν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δράω poet. ὑποδρώω: f. -δράσω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.

ὑποδρηστήριον, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

ὑποδρομή, ἡ, (ὑποδραμεῖν) a running under or into the way of a thing.

ὑπόδρομος, ov, (ὑποδραμεῖν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομος ἔχουσα a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

ὑπό-δροςος, ov, somewhat dewy or damp.

ὑποδρῶσι, poet. for ὑποδρῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑποδρῶω.

ὑπο-δύω, = ὑποδύω. [ῶ]

ὑποδύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύω.

ὑπόδυσος, εως, ἡ, a diving or plunging under.

II. refuge, escape from a thing. From

ὑπο-δύω or -δύνω [ῶ]: f. -δύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ὑπέδυσα:

—to put on under. 2. intr. to slip in under, to slip or slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip from under, c. acc.

II. mostly in Med. ὑποδύομαι, aor. I ὑπέδυσάμην: also with aor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, pf. ὑποδέδυκα:—to dive under, slip into, steal or slink into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes. 2. c. gen. to creep or come forth, emerge from. 3. to go under, take on one's shoulders: then, to steal into, take on oneself, c. acc. 4. of feelings, to undergo or over, come on gradually. 5. ὀφθαλμοὶ ὑποδεδυκότες sunken eyes.

ὑπο-εἰκω, f. ὑπο-εἶξομαι, Ep. for ὑπέικω, ἐπέιξομαι.

ὑπο-εργός, ὄν, contr. ὑπουργός, q. v.

ὑπο-ἐξάκορος, ὁ, also ἡ, an under-priest or priestess.

ὑπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ῶω, f. -ζεύξω: aor. I ὑπέζευξα:

Pass. aor. 2 ὑπέζυγην [ῶ]: pf. ἐπέζευγα:—to yoke under, put under the yoke: to bring under:—Pass. to be yoked under, be subjected to.

ὑπο-ζύγιον, τό, (ὑπό, ζυγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

ὑπο-ζυγίω, f. ὤσω, = ὑποζεύγνυμι.

ὑπόζωμα, atos, τό, (ὑποζώννυμι) a flat rope or strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ὑπο-ζώννυμι and -ῶω: f. -ζύσω: pf. act. ἐπέζωκα, pass. ἐπέζωσμαι:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a ship, i. e. to fasten ropes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ὑπο-θάλλω, f. ψω, to beat underneath or inwardly:—Pass. to glow beneath.

ὑποθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θερμαίνω, to heat gently:—Pass. to grow somewhat hot, to glow.

ὑπό-θερμος, ov, somewhat hot or passionate:—Comp. -ότερος, too basty or passionate.

ὑποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπόθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundation.

II. that which is laid down or assumed, a hypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumptio. 2. a question for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat. argumentum.

III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle. 2. generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

ὑπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip up.

II. to run in before, slip in before in running a race.

III. to run in too hastily.

ὑποθήκη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, hint, piece of advice.

II. a pledging, mortgage.

ὑποθημοσύνη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ὑπο-ζύγιον, τό, (ὑπό, ζυγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

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ὑποθημοσύνη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ὑποθήσομαι, fut. med. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θλίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to press under or gently.

ὑπο-θορυβέω, f. ἦσω, to make a little noise: to begin to make a noise.

ὑπο-θράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -θράξω, Att. contr. from ὑποθράσσω.

ὑπο-θρύπτομαι, fut. -θρύψομαι: aor. I ὑπεθρύψην:

Dep.:—to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ὑπο-θυμάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. suffire.

ὑπο-θυμῖς, ἶδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, θυμός) a garland worn on the neck.

II. a kind of bird.

ὑπο-θωπεύω, to flatter a little, win by flattery.

ὑπο-θωρήσω, f. ξω, to arm underhand:—Med. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ὑπο-ιάχω [ᾶ], to sound forth a little or below.

ὑπο-οἶγνυμι and ὑπο-οἶγω, f. ὀνοῖω, to open a little or secretly.

ὑπο-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell or lie under.

ὑπο-οικέομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, οἰκίω) = ὑποοικέω.

ὑπο-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build under or beneath.

ὑπο-οικουρέω, f. ἦσω, to keep house, stay at home.

II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at home, to contrive underhand.

2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with.

ὑπο-οιμῶζω, fut. -ώξομαι, to moan a little or softly.

ὑπο-καθέζομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down under.

ὑπο-κάθημαι Ion. -κάθημαι, (properly perf. of ὑποκαθέζομαι):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambush. 2. c. acc. pers., to lie in wait for.

ὑπο-καθίζω, fut. Att. ᾠ, to set down under: to place in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidere.

ὑπο-καίω, f. -καύω, to set on fire from below.

ὑπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend short back. 2. intr. to turn short back, double, as a hare.

II. metaph. to fall short of, c. acc.

ὑπο-κάρδιος, ον, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the heart.

ὑπο-καταβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι; aor. 2 -έβην; pf. -βέβηκα:—to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

ὑπο-κατακλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lay down under:—Pass. to lie down below: metaph. to give way, submit, yield.

ὑπο-κάττημαι, Ion. for ὑποκάθημαι.

ὑπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, underneath. [ᾶ]

ὑπό-κειμαι, f. -κέισομαι, used as Pass. of ὑποτίθημι, to lie under or below; πεδίον ἱερῶ ὑπόκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie bidden under.

II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; δυνὸν ὑποκειμένων two things being proposed. 2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: ὑπόκειται absol. a rule is laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject to, submit: also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ἄλλ' ὑποκειμένη subject matter. 6. to be subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; τὰ ὑποκείμενα the articles pledged.

ὑπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κελευστής: to give the time in rowing.

ὑπο-κέρυσσω Att. -τρω, f. ζω, to proclaim by voice of herald:—Med. to have a thing proclaimed or cried.

ὑπο-κίνω, f. ἦσω; aor. I -εκίνησα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently on. II. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδεμία πόλις ἂν ὑπεκίνησε no city would ever have moved so gently.

ὑπο-κλιάζω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ὑπο-κλαίω, to weep in secret.

ὑπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to break underneath or by degrees.

ὑπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal underhand:—Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

ὑπο-κλίνω, to lay under:—Pass., aor. I ὑπεκλίνθην, to be laid or lie under.

ὑπο-κλονέω, f. ἦσω, to rout under one or by one's prowess:—Pass. to be routed, scattered before one.

ὑπο-κλοπέω, f. ἦσω, like ὑποκλέπτω, to conceal under:—Pass. to be bidden under.

ὑπο-κλύω, f. ὕω, to wash or cleanse from below:—Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

ὑπο-κνίζω, f. ἴσω, to irritate or excite secretly:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὑπο-κόλπιος, ον, (ὑπό, κόλπος) lying on the bosom: as Subst. a darling. 2. worn under the girdle.

ὑπό-κοπος, ον, (ὑπό, κόπος) somewhat tired.

ὑπο-κορίζομαι, f. -ἴσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, 1. to call by endearing names. 2. to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate. 3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

ὑποκόρισμα, ατος, τό, a coaxing or endearing word: a fair name for something base.

ὑποκορισμός, ὁ, = ὑποκόρισμα.

ὑπο-κουρίζομαι, Ion. for ὑποκορίζομαι: to console with songs.

ὑπο-κρέω, f. ζω, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's hand: to sound in harmony with, c. dat. 2. c. acc. to play an accompaniment.

ὑπο-κρητηρίδιον, τό, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [Ὶ]

ὑποκρίναίτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [Ὶ]

ὑποκρίνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [Ὶ]

ὑπο-κρίνομαι [Ὶ], f. -κρινῶμαι; aor. I med. ὑπεκρινάμην, pass. ὑπεκρίθην [Ὶ]: Med.:—to reply, make answer, answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound, interpret. II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue, play a part on the stage, the part played being put in acc.; ὑποκρίνεσθαι Προμηθεῖα to play Prometheus. 2. of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph. to play a part, dissemble, play the hypocrite.

ὑποκρίσια, ἡ, = ὑπόκρισις.

ὑπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) a reply, answer. II. the (playing a part) on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also an orator's delivery, elocution. 2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

ὑποκρίτης, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) one who answers: an interpreter or expounder. II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor. 2. a dissembler, pretender, hypocrite. Hence

ὑποκριτικός, ἡ, ὄν, befitting an actor: skilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ υποκριτικὴ (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ὑπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harper striking the strings: to beat time. II. metaph. to take up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack.

ὑπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω; aor. I pass. ὑπεκρύφθην:—to bide under or beneath:—Med., c. acc. pers. to keep something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρούω, f. ζω, to croak against.

ὑπό-κυκλος, ον, running upon wheels.

ὑπο-κύπτω, f. ψω; aor. I ἐπέκλυα:—to bend or stoop under, esp. under a yoke; οἱ Μῆδοι ἐπέκλυαν Πέρσῃσι the Medes submitted to the Persians: to bow down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to peep into a place. II. c. acc., ὑποκύντων τὴν τύλαιν to stoop the shoulder so as to let a load be put on.

ὑπο-κύομαι, Med. (ὑπό, κῦέω) of the woman, to conceive, to become pregnant; aor. I part. ὑποκῦσάμενη. ὑπο-κῶλιον, τό, (ὑπό, κῶλον) the hip-bone, or the thigh.

ὑπο-κωμῶδέω, f. ἴσω, to ridicule a little or underhand.

ὑπό-κωφός, ον, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.

ὑπόλαβῆς, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον: pf. ἐπέληφα, pass. ἐπέλημμαι: (cf. λαμβάνω):—to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. 2. to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake: of events, to follow next, come next. 3. to take up a word and answer, to reply, rejoice, retort; often in aor. 2 part., ἔφη ὑπολαβῶν he said in answer. 4. to take up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat. excipere. II. = ὑποδέχομαι, to take or receive under one's protection. 2. to accept or entertain a proposal. III. to take up a notion, assume, understand:—Pass. to be supposed; ἡ ὑπελημμένη χάρις the supposed favour. 2. to suspect. IV. to seize underhand: to draw away, entice. V. ὑπολαμβάνειν ἵππον to hold up or check a horse.

ὑπολαμπής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, shining with inferior light, gleaming. From

ὑπό-ἀμπω, f. ψω, to shine in under, to gleam beneath. II. to shine a little, begin to shine or dawn.

ὑπο-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour a libation therewith or to

ὑπο-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave remaining, leave behind. 2. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὑπολείβομαι, to be left behind, stay behind or at home; ὑπολείπεσθαι τοῦ στόλου to stay behind the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced by any one, properly in a race: of stragglers, to lag behind: metaph. to be inferior to one. 3. absol. to fail, come to an end: also to fall short of what one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind one, c. acc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve; ὑπολείπεσθαι αἰτίαν to leave cause for reproach against oneself.

ὑπό-λεπτός, ον, somewhat fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λεπτύνω, to make rather fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λευκαίνω, to make white underneath:—Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white.

ὑπό-λήγω, f. ξω, to desist gradually.

ὑπο-λήμιον, τό, (ὑπό, ληνός) the vessel under a press to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Lat. lacus.

ὑπο-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπολαμβάνω, one must suppose or understand.

ὑπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching up a word; ἐξ ὑπολήψεως, in turn, alternately. 2. a rejoinder. reply. II. a taking in a certain sense, an understanding, opinion.

ὑπό-ολίζω, ον, gen. ονος, (ὑπό, ὀλίζω) somewhat less, slighter or smaller.

ὑπό-λίθος, ον, somewhat stony.

ὑπο-λυμπάνω, collateral form of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπό-λισπος Att. -λίσφος, ον, somewhat smooth, worn smooth.

ὑπό-λιχνος, ον, somewhat dainty.

ὑπο-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: Dep. 1:—to take into account or consideration.

ὑπό-λογος, ὁ, a taking into account, a reckoning, account; ὑπόλογον ποιῆσθαι τινος, to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem habere rei.

ὑπο-λόγος, ον Adj. taken into account, held accountable, responsible.

ὑπό-λοιπος, ον, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat. superstes.

ὑπο-λόχῳος, ὁ, a lieutenant.

ὑπο-λύριος, ον, (ὑπό, λύρα) under the lyre; δόναξ ὑπολύριος a bridge of reed on which the strings rest. [ῥ]

ὑπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ]: aor. I -ἐλύσα: pt. -λέλυκα: Pass., pf. -λέλυμαι: plpf. -ελέλυμην: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἐπέλυτο, 3 pl. ἐπέλυτο:—to loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually; ἐπέλυσε γυῖα he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυῖα ἐπέλυτο his limbs were relaxed under him. II. to loose from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by stealth. 2. to untie a person's sandals from under his feet, take off his shoes, unshoe him:—Med., to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp. to ὑποδέσθαι.

ὑπό-μακρος, ον, rather long, longish.

ὑπο-μαδάκιζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, μαλακίζω) to grow soft or cowardly by degrees.

ὑπο-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften a little or by degrees:—Pass. to be softened gradually.

ὑπό-μαργος, ον, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp. -ότερος.

ὑπο-μάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneath.

ὑπο-μειδίω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to smile a little or gently.

ὑπομείνας, aor. I inf. of ὑπομένω.

ὑπο-μείων, ον, gen. ονος, somewhat less or inferior: as Subst., ὑπομείωνες, οί, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. to ὅμοιοι (peers).

ὑπο-μενετόν or -ἡτέον, verb. Adj. one must abide, endure. From

ὑπο-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I -έμεινα:—to stay behind: to stay at home. 2. to survive, remain alive. II. trans. to abide or await another, to bide his attack. 2. c. acc. rei, to be patient under, to abide patiently, submit to, endure: absol. to stand one's ground, stand firm: c. inf. to undertake to do a thing. 2. to wait for an event: to abide the issue of a thing. 3. to uphold, support, maintain.

ὑπο-μειγνύμι, f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμικμαι:—to mix among or up with. II. intr. to come near secretly, c. dat.; ὑπομίκει τῇ γῆ to run close under land.

ὑπο-μμυήσκω, f. -μνήσω: aor. I ὑπέμνησα:—I. c. acc. pers. to put one in mind or remind one of a thing. 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind, mention, suggest. II. Pass. and Med., f. -μῆθη

σομαι : aor. I —εμνήσαμην; pf. —μέμνημαι:—to call to mind, remember: to make mention of.

ὑπό-μισθος, *ov*, serving for pay, hired, retained.

ὑπο-μνάομαι *contr.* —μνώμαι: Dep.:—to court a woman underhand or behind her husband's back.

ὑπο-μνάομαι, Ion. pass. of ὑπομνήσκω; Ep. 2 pl. impf. ὑπεμνάσθε. Hence

ὑπόμνημα, *ατος*, a remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder: mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. *commentarii*.

ὑπομνήσας, aor. I inf. of ὑπομνήσκω.

ὑπόμνησις, *εως*, ἡ, (ὑπομνήσκω) a reminding, calling to mind. II. remembrance.

ὑπο-μνηστέομαι, Med. to betroth underband.

ὑπό-μνημι, to interpose by oath. II. Med. ὑπό-

μνήμαι, f. ὑπομύομαι: aor. I ὑπομοσάμην:—to swear in bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit: to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

ὑπομονή, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) a remaining behind. II. a holding out, endurance, patience: c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

ὑπό-μωρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly.

ὑπο-ναίω, to dwell under.

ὑπο-νέφω, incorrect form of ὑπονίφω.

ὑπο-νεύομαι, aor. I —ενειμάμην: Med.:—to eat away from beneath: metaph. to consume secretly, undermine.

ὑπο-νέφελος, *ov*, (ὑπό, νεφέλη) under the clouds.

ὑπό-νήσιος, *ov*, (ὑπό, Νήσιον) under the promontory Neëum, lying at its base.

ὑπο-νήχομαι, f. —ήχομαι, Dep. to swim under, dive.

ὑπο-νίφω [Ὶ], to snow a little:—impers. ὑπενίφε, there was a little snow:—Pass., νιξέ ὑπονιφομένη a snowy night.

ὑπο-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think covertly, suspect: to conjecture, guess, guess at; ὑπονοεῖν τι εἰς τινα to entertain a suspicion of one. Hence

ὑπόνοια, ἡ, a bidden meaning or sense: I. a suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy. 2.

the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing.

ὑπονομηδόν, Adv. underground, by pipes. From

ὑπόνομος, *ov*, (ὑπονώμω) going underground, underground. II. as Subst. ὑπόνομος; ὄ, an underground passage, mine, Lat. *cuniculus*: a water-pipe.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἦσω, to be somewhat sickly.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἦσω, to go down, sink, settle down, Lat. *subsidiere*: of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ὑπο-νόσσω, f. ξω, to prick underneath: to sting.

ὑπο-ξενίζω, f. ἴσω, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ξύλος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath, made of wood plated over.

ὑπο-ξύριον ὁ ἔω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπό, ξυράω) to shave or cut off some of the hair: ὑπεξυρήμερος, half-shaven.

ὑπο-ξύριος, *α, ov*, (ὑπό, ξυρίον) under the razor.

ὑπο-ξύω, f. ὕσω, [Ὶ], to scrape a little: to graze slightly, Lat. *stringo*.

ὑπο-παρωθέω, f. —ωθήσω and —ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underhand.

ὑπο-πάσσω, f. —πάσω [ᾗ], to strew under.

ὑπο-πεινάω, f. ἦσω, to be rather hungry, begin to be hungry.

ὑποπεμπτός, *ov*, despatched underband, sent covertly, Lat. *submissus*. From

ὑπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send under or into, c. acc. II. to send secretly: to send as a scout or spy, Lat. *submittere*.

ὑποπεπηῶτες, Ep. pf. part. nom. pl. of ὑποπήσσω.

ὑποπέπωκα, pf. of ὑποπίπω.

ὑποπέτωκα, pf. of ὑποπίνω.

ὑπο-πέρδομαι, aor. 2 act. ὑπέπαρδον: Dep.:—to break wind a little, Lat. *suppedere*.

ὑπο-περκάζω, f. άσω, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

ὑποπεσέω, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποπίπω.

ὑπο-πετάννυμι, f. —πετάσω [ᾗ]: pf. pass. —πέπτάμαι:—to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewhat rocky.

ὑπο-πίθηκίζω, f. ἴσω, to play the ape a little.

ὑπο-πίμπλημι, f. —πλήσω: aor. I ὑπέπλησα, pass.

—επλήσθην:—to fill a little, fill by degrees:—Pass., τέκνων ὑποπλησθῆναι to abound with children.

ὑπο-πίπτωμι, f. —πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ὑπο-πίνω [Ὶ]: f. —πίομαι: pf. —πέπωκα:—to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tipping: ὑποπεπωκάς rather tipsy.

ὑπο-πίπτω, f. —πεσοῦμαι: pf. —πέπωκα: aor. 2 ὑπέπεσον:—to fall under or down, sink. 2. to fall down before anyone: of a flatterer, to cringe to, fawn on. 3. to fall behind, fall in the rear. II.

to get in under or among. III. of things, to fall out, happen to, befall.

ὑπο-πισσώω Att. —πτώω, f. ώσω, to smear with pitch or tar.

ὑπο-πλάκος, *α, ov*, (ὑπό, Πλάκος) under mount Placos near Troy: cf. ὑπονήσιος. [ᾗ]

ὑπό-πλάττω, v, somewhat flat or extended. II. somewhat salt: cf. πλάτις.

ὑπό-πλεος, *ov* Att. —πλεως, *ων*, (ὑπό, πλέως) pretty full of, c. gen.

ὑπο-πλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι, to sail close under.

ὑπό-πλεως, *ων*, gen. ω, Att. for ὑπόπλεος.

ὑπο-πλήσσω Att. —πτω, f. ξω, to strike beneath.

ὑπο-πλώω, Ion. for ὑποπλέω.

ὑπο-πνέω, f. —πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow gently.

ὑπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, ποῦς) a footstool.

ὑπο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to bring under:—Med. to make subject to oneself, bring into one's power, win by secret arts. II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ὑπο-πόλιος, *ov*, (ὑπό, πολίος) somewhat gray.

ὑπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under: go secretly.

ὑπό-πορτις, *ιος, ἡ*, ἡ, with a calf under it: of a mother, with a child at the breast.

ὑπο-πραῦνω Ep. and Ion. —πρήννω, to appease a little or by degrees. [Ὶ]

ὑποπρίμαι, Dep. to buy under the price.
 ὑποπρίω, to gnash (the teeth) secretly. [Ὶ]
 ὑπόπερος, ον, (ὑπό, πτερόν) feathered, winged :
 swift-winged, fleet : also soaring, flighty.
 ὑποπτέω, f. σω, to be suspicious, have suspicion of,
 suspect that, c. inf. : also to suspect, surmise :—Pass.
 to be suspected, mistrusted. From
 ὑπόπτῆς, ον, ὄ, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) as masc.
 Adj., suspicious, jealous : of a horse, shy.
 ὑποπιτήσω, f. ξω : pf. —πέπηχα, Ep. part. —πεπ-
 τῆς, pl. —πεπηῶτες :—to crouch or cower down
 from fear ; πετάλιος ὑποπετηῶτες crouching under
 the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cower be-
 fore another : absol. to be modest, abashed.
 ὑποπτος, ον, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) looked at
 from under : looked askance at, viewed with suspicion
 or jealousy, suspected. II. act. suspecting, fear-
 ing, Lat. suspicax : as Subst., τὸ ὑποπτον, suspicion,
 jealousy.
 ὑπόπτως, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.
 ὑπόρθριος, ον, also, α, ον, (ὑπό, ἄρθρος) towards
 morning, about dawn, at break of day.
 ὑποριπίξω, f. σω, (ὑπό, ρίπις) to fan from below
 or gently.
 ὑπορνύμι, f. —ῥσω : aor. 1 —ῥσα :—to stir up
 from under, rouse gently or gradually :—Pass. ὑπόρ-
 νύμαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ὑπόρτο : pf. 2 —ῥορα :—to
 arise from under or gradually.
 ὑπόροφος, ον, = ὑπόροφος. II. sounding softly
 from a reed ; ὑπόροφος βοῶ the soft note of the pipe.
 ὑπορράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up :
 metaph. to devise, make up.
 ὑπορρέω, f. pass. —ρῆσομαι and aor. 2 ὑπερρῆν
 (in act. sense) : pf. —ερρῆκα :—to flow away under :
 to glide into unperceived, Lat. subretere ; to flow or
 fall in gradually. 2. to slip away : of the hair,
 to fall off : of Time, to run on.
 ὑπορρήνυμι and —ύω, f. —ρῆξω, to make to break
 underneath :—Pass. to be rent from beneath, break
 gradually open.
 ὑπόρρηνος, ον, (ὑπό, ῥήν) poet. for ὑπαρνος, with
 a lamb under it.
 ὑπορριπίξω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, = ὑποριπίξω.
 ὑπορύσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω, to dig under, under-
 mine.
 ὑπορχόμεαι, f. —ῆσομαι, Dep. to dance with or to
 music.
 ὑπόσαθρος, ον, somewhat rotten, tainted.
 ὑποσαλπίζω, f. ἰξω, to sound the trumpet slightly.
 ὑποσειώ Ep. ὑποσειέω : f. —σειώ :—to shake from
 below or gently, set in motion a little.
 ὑποσημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to give a hint of, intimate,
 indicate quietly : c. dat., σάλπιγγι ὑποσημαίνειν
 to make signal by sound of trumpet.
 ὑποσιγάω, f. —ῆσομαι, to be silent to or during.
 ὑποσιωπάω, f. —ῆσομαι, to pass over in silence.
 ὑποσκάζω, f. ἄσω, to halt a little.
 ὑποσκαλεύω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire.

ὑποσκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.
 ὑποσκελίξω, f. σω, (ὑπό, σκέλος) to trip up one's
 heels, to upset, throw down, Lat. supplantare.
 ὑπόσκιος, ον, (ὑπό σκιά) under the shade, over-
 shadowed : of suppliants, shaded by their olive-
 branches.
 ὑποσνύχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire :—
 Pass. to smoulder away. [Ὶ]
 ὑποσπάνίζομαι, pf. ὑπεσπάνισμαι : Pass. :—to suf-
 fer want a little, c. gen. rei, βοῶς ὑπεσπανιμένως
 stinted or in want of food.
 ὑποσπᾶω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to draw away from under,
 to withdraw secretly :—Med., ὑποσπᾶσθαι τὸν ἵπ-
 πον to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.
 ὑπόσπονδος, (ὑπό, σπονδή) under a truce or treaty,
 secured by treaty : subject to the conditions of a truce
 or treaty : τοὺς νεκροὺς ὑποσπόνδους ἀποιδόναί or
 ἀναίρεισθαι, to grant or ask for a truce to take up
 the bodies of the slain.
 ὑπόσταθμη, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the
 bottom, sediment.
 ὑποσταίη, aor. 2 opt. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑποστάς, ἄσα, ἀν, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπόστασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles
 at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under,
 a support : metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter
 of a thing. 2. metaph. the foundation or ground
 of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. III.
 subsistence, reality : substance, nature, essence.
 ὑποστάτος, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑφίσταμαι, set un-
 der. II. borne, endured, to be borne or endured.
 ὑποστάχομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, στάχος) to grow up
 gradually like ears of corn.
 ὑπόστεγος, ον, (ὑπό, στέγη) under the roof, under
 cover of a house. 2. covered over.
 ὑποστέγω, f. ξω, to cover, stow, hide under.
 ὑποστέλλω, f. —στέλω : aor. 1 ὑπέστειλα : pf.
 ὑπέσταλκα, pass. —έσταλμαι :—to let down, lower,
 take in : to furl, strike sail, etc. II. Med. to
 draw or shrink back from, shrink from the presence
 of. 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear :
 dissimulate : οὐδὲν ὑποστειλάμενος with no
 dissimulation.
 ὑποστενάξω, f. ξω, = ὑποστένω, to sigh or moan in
 an under tone. II. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόνον νώτους
 ὑποστενάξει he groans under the weight of heaven
 on his back.
 ὑποστενάχίζω, f. ἰσω = ὑποσπενάξω.
 ὑποστενώω, to sigh or groan in a low tone, begin to
 sigh or groan.
 ὑποστιγναι, aor. 2 inf. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑποστηρίζω, f. ξω, to underprop.
 ὑποστήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑποστίβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shine softly.
 ὑποστολή, ἡ, (ὑποστέλλω) a letting down or lower-
 ing of sails : a shrinking back. II. submission.
 ὑποστοναχίζω, = ὑποστεναχίζω.
 ὑποστορέννυμι also —στόρνυμι and —στροννυμι :

fut. -στορέσω and -στρώσω : aor. I ὑπεστόρεσα and -έστρωσα : pf. ὑπέστρωκα, pass. ὑπέστρωμαι :—to spread, lay or strew under :—Med., to strew or lay under for oneself : 3 sing. pf. pass., ᾧ χαλκὸς ὑπέστρωται which has copper laid under it.

ὑποστορέσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑποστράτηγος, ὁ, a lieutenant as lieutenant. From

ὑποστράτηγος, ὁ, a lieutenant-general.

ὑποστρέφθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. from

ὑποστρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. I -εστρέφθην : pf. -έστρωμαι :—to turn round about, guide back. II.

intr. to turn short round, wheel round, turn and flee to return : so in fut. med. ὑποστρέφομαι and aor. I pass. 3. to turn away, elude a person. Hence

ὑποστρεψία, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑποστροφή, ἡ, (ὑποστρέφω) a turning round : a turning about, either to flee or to rally; ἐξ ὑποστροφῆς, Lat. *denovo*, again, anew : also on the contrary. ὑπόστρωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποστράννυμι) that which is spread or strewed under, a bed, litter.

ὑποστράννυμι, = ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑπο-σπρίζω or -ίτω, f. ξω, to whistle gently, rustle.

ὑπο-σύρω, to drag down : to trip up. [ὑ]

ὑπο-σφιγγω, f. γω, to bind tight below.

ὑπόσχοε, 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑποσχεόμεαι.

ὑποσχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποσχεόμεαι.

ὑποσχέσθαι, ἡ, Ep. for ὑπόσχεσις, a promising.

ὑπόσχεσιον, τό, = ὑπόσχεσις.

ὑπόσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποσχεόμεαι) a promising, promise, engagement ; ὑπόσχεσιν ἐκπληρῶσαι to fulfil a promise ; ὑπόσχεσιν ἀπολαβεῖν to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

ὑποσχομένος, aor. 2 part. of ὑποσχεόμεαι.

ὑπόσχομαι, aor. 2 subj. of ὑποσχεόμεαι.

ὑποσχών, aor. 2 part. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποτάγη, ἡ, (ὑποτάσσω) subordination, subjection.

ὑπο-ταμῶν, τό, a plant cut off at the root for magic purposes. From

ὑπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ὑποτέμνω.

ὑπο-τάρασσω Att. -τρω, contr. -θράσσω : f. ξω : pf. pass. τέταραγμα :—to stir up, trouble from below or a little :—Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

ὑπο-ταρβέω, f. ἦσω, to be somewhat afraid : c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

ὑπο-ταρταριος, ον, (ὑπό, Τάρταρος) under Tartarus, dwelling below Tartarus.

ὑπόταξις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτένω) a stretching or spreading out from under ; πεδίων ὑποτάξις the plains that stretch below.

ὑπο-τάσσω Att. -ττω : f. ξω : pf. pass. τέταγμα :—to place or arrange under, subject.

ὑπο-τένω, f. -τένω : aor. I -τέτεινα :—to stretch under, put under as a prop or stay. 2. to hold out before or towards, to hold out, suggest hopes, to promise, offer :—Med. to propose by way of question, submit. 3. to strain to the utmost, make intense.

ὑπο-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to build a wall under or across : to build a cross-wall. Hence

ὑποτειχίσαις, εως, ἡ, the building of a cross-wall ; and

ὑπο-τείχιωμα, ατος, τό, a cross-wall.

ὑπο-τέλω, f. ἔσω, to pay off, discharge, liquidate : absol. to pay tribute, be tributary.

ὑπο-τέλης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπό, τέλος) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. *vectigalis*, *tributarius*. II.

act. receiving payment, c. gen.

ὑπο-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω : f. -τεμῶ and -τάμομαι : aor. 2 ὑπέταμον : Pass., aor. I -ετμήθην : pf. -τέτμημαι :—to cut away or under : to cut unfairly. II.

to cut off, Lat. *intercipere* ; ὑποτέμνειν τὴν ἐλπίδα to cut off all ground for hope ; so also in Med., ὑποτέμνεσθαι τὸν πλοῦν to cut off one's passage :—Pass., ὑποτάμνεσθαι τὸ ἀπὸ τῶν νεῶν to be cut off from the ships.

ὑπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω : aor. I ὑπέθηκα : aor. 2 ὑπέθην :—to place under : to put under, make subject.

2. place under as a foundation, to lay down : esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for oneself, presuppose, premise. 3. to propose to oneself for discussion or argument : to propose to do.

II. to suggest, mostly in Med. : c. dat. pers. to advise, counsel, admonish : c. inf. to advise one to do a thing. III. to put down as a deposit or stake, pawn, pledge, mortgage : hence, 2. to stake, hazard, venture. 3. to lay in store, store up, keep.

ὑπο-τιμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. : as Att. law-term, to propose a less penalty for oneself, to lay the damages at a lower rate.

ὑπο-τίτραω, to bore through below.

*ὑπο-πλάω, obsol. pres., whence are formed fut. ὑποπλήσομαι, aor. 2 ὑπέπλην, pf. ὑποπέπληκα :—to bear, endure, submit to.

ὑπο-πυρορίζω or -ύζω, to murmur or hum softly.

ὑποποπέω, = ὑποποπέω.

ὑποποπέω, f. ἦσω : aor. I ὑπεπόπησα : also as Dep.

ὑποποπέομαι : aor. I ὑπεποπήθην : (ὑποπτος) :—to suspect or surmise that : also c. acc., to suspect a person or thing.

ὑπο-πραυλίζω, f. σω, to lisp a little.

ὑπο-πρέω, Ep. for ὑποπρέω.

ὑπο-πρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up secretly or in succession : Med. to foster or cherish secretly.

ὑπο-πρέχω, fut. -θρέψομαι and -δράμομαι : aor. 2 ὑπέδραμον : pf. ὑποδέδρομα :—to run in under ; ὁ κύων ὑπέδραμε ὑπὸ τοῦς πόδας τοῦ ἵππου the dog ran under the horse's legs.

II. to run under or below. III. to run in between, intercept. IV.

to insinuate oneself into anyone's good graces, flatter, deceive.

ὑπο-πρέω, f. -πρέσω, to tremble a little : to shrink back, give ground. II. c. acc. to tremble at anyone, be afraid of him.

ὑπο-τριβω, f. ψω, to rub beneath, rub or wear away gradually. II. to grate or pound ingredients for a dish ; cf. ὑποτριμμα. [ῆ]

ὑπο-τρίβω, to chirp or whistler softly.
 ὑπότριμμα, atos, τό, (ὑποτρίβω) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together; ὑπότριμμα βλέπειν to look sharp and sour.

ὑπο-τρομέω, f. ἦσα, to tremble under or a little. II. c. acc. to tremble before anyone.

ὑπότρομος, ου, (ὑποτρέμω) trembling a little, somewhat fearful.

ὑποτροπή, ἡ, (ὑποτρέπω) a turning back, reverse. II. a return, recurrence.

ὑπότροπος, ου, (ὑποτρέπω) turning back, returning or returned home.

ὑπο-τροχάω, ποῖτ. for ὑποτρέχω, to run under.

ὑπο-τρύξω, to hum in an undertone.

ὑπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -έτρώγον:—to eat underhand or secretly.

ὑπο-τύπῶ, f. ὤσω, (ὑπό, τύπος) to sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

ὑπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to strike or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύψα κλωνήν ἀντλεί he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface; ὑποτύπουσα φιάλη τοῦ χρυσοῦ ἐδαρέτω dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.

ὑποτύπωσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτύπῶ) a general representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio: a copy, pattern.

ὑπο-ουθάτιος, α, ου, (ὑπό, οὔθα) under the udder, hence sucking. [ἄ]

ὑπο-ουλος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐλή) of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over: hence unsound or rotten underneath, βόλω, unreal; κάλλος κακῶν ὑπουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.

ὑπο-ουράτιος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐρανός) under heaven or the heavens: reaching up to heaven.

ὑποουργέω, f. ἦσω: pf. act. ὑπούργηκα, pass. ὑπούργηται: (ὑπουργός):—to render service, to serve, succour: to be of service: c. neut. acc., χρηστά Ἀθηναίοισι ὑπουργεῖν to do the Athenians good service; τὰ ὑπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence ὑπούργημα, atos, τό, a service rendered.

ὑποουργήτης, verb. Adj. of ὑποουργέω, one must serve or be kind to.

ὑπουργία, ἡ, (ὑπουργέω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium: in bad sense, obsequiousness, complaisance.

ὑπο-ουργός, όν, contr. for ὑποεργός, (ὑπό, *εργω) rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.

ὑπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I -έφηνα:—to shew or bring to light from under; θρήνην ἐπέφηνε τραπέζης he drew the stool from under the table. 2. to shew a little, give a glimpse of. II. Pass. to shew oneself or to be seen under; ὑπὸ τὰς πύλας ποδῆς ὑποφαινόνται feet are seen under the gates.

III. intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn, break, glimmer: so also of the first appearance of spring; cf. ὑπολάμπα.

ὑπο-φάτις, ιος, ἡ, Dor. for ὑποφήτις, fem. of ὑποφήτης, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑπόφαισις, ἡ, a small light glimmering through a hole: generally, a narrow opening. From ὑπο-φαισκω, (ὑπό, φάος) to begin to shine. ὑπό-φανυτις, ιος, ἡ, Aeol. for ὑπόφαισις, (ὑπό, φάσις) a secret whispering.

ὑπο-φείδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to spare or forbear. ὑπο-φέρω, f. ὑποίσω: aor. I ὑπήνεγκα Ion. ὑπήνευκα: aor. 2 ὑπήνεγκον: (cf. φέρω):—to bear or carry away under, to bear out of danger, to rescue. II. to bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer.

III. to hold out under or before: to hold out, suggest, proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.

ὑπο-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee from under, evade: to retire a little, shrink back.

ὑποφήτεω, to hold the office of ὑποφήτης. From ὑπο-φήτης, ου, ό, (ὑπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.

ὑπο-φθάω [ἄ]: f. ὑποφθήσομαι later also -φθάσω [ἄ]: aor. I ὑπέφθασα: aor. 2 ὑπέφθον, inf. ὑποφθῆναι, part. ὑποφθός: pf. ὑπέφθκα:—to haste before, be or get beforehand; ὑποφθὰς δουρὶ μέσον περιύρησεν getting beforehand he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part., ὑποφθάμενος κτεῖνεν he killed him beforehand.

ὑπο-φθονέω, f. ἦσω, to feel secret envy at.

ὑπό-φθονος, α, ἡ, a little envious or jealous: Adv. -ῶς, somewhat jealously.

ὑπο-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire or beat from below.

ὑπο-φόνιος, ου, (ὑπό, φόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.

ὑπο-φραδμοσύνη, ἡ, suggestion: in plur. counsels: From ὑπο-φράζομαι, Med. to conjecture.

ὑπο-φρίσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: pf. -πέφρικα:—to shudder a little.

ὑποφύγόν, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποφεύγω.

ὑπο-φωλεύω, to lie bidden under.

ὑπο-φονέω, f. ἦσω, to call gently to.

ὑπο-χάζομαι, aor. 2 -κεκᾶδόμεν: Dep.:—to give way gradually or a little, retire slightly.

ὑπο-χαλινίδιος [γ], α, ου, (ὑπό, χαλινός) under the bridle; ὑποχαλινιδία (sc. ἡνία), ἡ, a kind of snaffle-bridle.

ὑπο-χάροπος, όν, (ὑπό, χαροπός) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.

ὑπο-χάσκω, to gape or yaw open a little.

ὑπο-χείριος, ου, also α, ου, (ὑπό, χεῖρ) under one's hands, in the hand: under anyone's power or control, subject to; ὑποχειρίους ποιεῖσθαι to make subject. ὑπο-χεύω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I ὑπέχεα Ep. ὑπέχευα: pf. pass. -κέχῦμαι: 3 gen. plqpf. ὑπεκέχυτο:—to pour under, pour out for another: of dry things, to strewn or spread under; φύλλα ὑποκεχυμένα ὑπὸ τοῖς ποσὶ the leaves strewn under their feet: metaph. in Pass., to be spread or steal over one gradually; ἀπιστή ὑπέκέχυτο αὐτῷ distrust stole over him.

ὑπο-χθόνιος, *ov*, (ὑπό, χθών) *under the earth, subterraneous.*

ὑπό-χθων, *ovos*, ὁ, ἡ, = ὑποχθόνιος.

ὑποχος, *ov*, (ὑπέχω) *subject, under control*, τινί *to one*: also *c. gen.*, ὑποχοί *τινος* *a king's subjects.*

ὑπό-χρεως, *ov*, *gen. ov*, (ὑπό, χρέος) *subject to debt, in debt*: of property, *involved, embarrassed*, *Lat. obaeratus.*

ὑπο-χρίω, *f.* —χρίσω [Ὶ]: *aor. I act.* ὑπέχρισσα, *pass.* ὑπεχρίσθην: *to smear under or on*: *to besmear or anoint a little*, *Lat. sublinere*: *to paint or colour the face under the eyes.*

ὑπό-χρύσος, *ov*, *containing a mixture of gold.*

ὑπο-χωρέω, *f.* ἤσομαι, *to go back, recoil*; ὑποχωρεῖν *τοῦ πεδίου* *to retire from the plain*; ὑποχωρεῖν *τινι* *τοῦ θρόνου* *to withdraw from one's seat in honour of one*, *give it up to him.* 2. *c. acc. pers.* *to retire before, avoid meeting.* II. *to go on in succession.*

ὑπό-ψαμμος, *ov*, *having sand under or in it, mixed with sand, sandy*: *Comp.* —ότερος, *somewhat sandy.*

ὑπόψια *Ion.* —τή, ἡ, (ὑπόψομαι) *suspicion, jealousy*; ὑποψία *λαμβάνειν κατά τινος* *to entertain suspicion of a person*; of things, ἔχειν ὑποψίαν *to admit of suspicion.* II. *a jealous watchfulness, censoriousness.*

ὑπόψιος, *ov*, (ὑπόψομαι) *viewed from below, Lat. suspectus*; hence *viewed with suspicion.*

ὑπόψομαι, *servicing as fut. of ὑφοράω.*

ὑπο-οψωνέω, *f.* ἤσω, (ὑπό, ὀψωνέω) *to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.*

ὑπτιάζω, *f.* ἄσω, (ὑπίος) *to bend oneself back*: *to carry one's head high.* II. *transit. to bend or throw back*: *Pass.*, ὑπτιάζεται *κόρα* *his head is stretched back.*

ὑπτιάζμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑπτιάζω) *that which is stretched out with the under side uppermost*; ὑπτιάζματα *χερῶν* *hands stretched up in supplication*, *cp. Lat. supinis manibus.* II. *a backward fall.*

ὑπτιαστέον, *verb. Adj.*, of ὑπτιάζω, *one must throw back.*

ὑπίος, *a, ov*, (ὑπό) *with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back*, *Lat. supinus, resurinus*; of one falling, πέσεν ὑπίος *he fell on his back*; ὑπίοις σέλμασιν *ναυτίλλεται* *he sails with planks turned bottom upwards*; γαστήρ ὑπτία *belly uppermost.* 2. generally, anything *turned up, inverted*; κράνος ὑπίον *a helmet with the hollow uppermost*; so, ἀσπίς ὑπτία; but, κύλιξ ὑπτία *a cup with the bottom uppermost*; ἀψίς ὑπτία *a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost.* 3. of Place, *sloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually.* Hence

ὑπτιόω, *f.* ὤσω, *to turn over, upset.*

ὑπο-αθέω, (ὑπό, ἀθέω) *to push or thrust away.*

ὑπο-αλένιος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (ὑπό, ἀλένη) *under the arm or elbow.*

ὑπομοσάμην, *aor. I med.* of ὑπόμνυμι.

ὑπομοσία, ἡ, (ὑπόμνυμι) *an oath taken to bar proceedings at law, an application for delay upon affidavit*: it was resisted by an ἀνθυπομοσία.

ὑποπιάζω, *f.* ἄσω, (ὑπώπιον) *to strike one under the eye*: generally, *to beat black and blue*: *metaph. to mortify, afflict, vex or annoy greatly.* Hence

ὑποπιασμός, ὁ, *a striking under the eye*: *affliction.*

ὑπό-ώπιον, τό, (ὑπό, ὤψ) *the part under the eyes, the face.* II. generally, like ὑποπιασμός, *a blow under the eye, a black eye.*

ὑπό-ωρέα or ὑπο-ωρέα, ἡ, (ὑπό, ὄρος) *the foot of a mountainous track*: *plur.* ὑποωρέα, *the roots of a mountain*, *Lat. radices montis.*

ὑπό-ωρορε, 3 *sing. pf. intrans.* of ὑπόρρυμι.

ὑπο-ωρόφιος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (ὑπό, ὄροφος) *under the roof, under cover of a house, in a house*: generally, *under shelter.*

ὑπό-ωρόφος, *ov*, = ὑποωρόφιος.

ἄΤΡΧΑ, ἡ, *an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a pickle-jar*, *Lat. orca.* (Aeol. word.)

ἄΤΣ, ὁ and ἡ, *gen. ὄσ* [Ὶ]: *acc. ὄν*:—like *ὄσ*, *a swine, pig, boar or sow, a tame pig*; but *ὄσ ἄργιος*, *a wild boar.*

ἄΤΣΓΗ, ἡ, *a shrub from which comes the dye ὄσγινον.*

ὄσγינו-βάφης, ἔς, (ὄσγινον, βαφήναι) *dipped or dyed in ὄσγινον, scarlet.*

ὄσγινον, τό, (ὄσγη) *a vegetable dye of scarlet colour.*

ὄσδος, *for ὄσδος*, Aeol. for ὄζος.

ὄσθην, *aor. I pass.* of ὄω.

ἄΤΣΜΙΝΗ [Ὶ], ἡ, *irreg. dat.* ὄσμινι, *a fight, battle, combat*; πρώτη ὄσμίνη *the front of the fight*: ὄσμινῆδε *to the fight.* Ep. word.

ὑποπλάγεις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. for ὑσπληγεις, = ὑσπληγεις.

ὑσπληγεις, ἀγγος, ἡ, Dor. for ὑσπληγεις.

ὑσπληγεις, ἡγγος, or —πληγεις, ἡγος, ἡ, *a rope which was drawn across a race-course, and was let down when the racers were to start.* II. *the snare of the fowler.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὑσσωπος, ἡ, *the aromatic plant byssop.* (Oriental word.)

ὑστάτιος, *a, ov*, = ὄστατος, (*cp.* μεσσάτιος = μέσσος, τοσσάτιος = τόσσος), *last, hindmost*: *neut.* ὄστατιον *as Adv., last, at last.* [ᾗ]

ὑστάτος, ἡ, *ov*, (*Comp.* ὄστερος, *q. v.*) *last, utmost, hindmost*, of space: also of time, ἡ ὄσάτη (*sc.* ἡμέρα) *the last day*:—*neut.* ὄστατον and ὄστατα, *as Adv., last, at last.*

ὑστέρα *Ion.* —έρη, ἡ, (ὄστερος) *the womb*, mostly in *plur.* ὄστέραι, αἱ, *Ion. gen.* —έων.

ὑστεραίος, *a, ov*, (ὄστερος) properly *on the day after*; ἡ ὄστεραία (*sub.* ἡμέρα) *the day after, following day*; τῆ ὄστεραία *Ion.* —αἶη, *on the following day, next day.* *Lat. postidie*: generally, = ὄστερος, *later, next.*

ὑστερέω, *f.* ἤσω, *aor. I* ὄστέρησα: *pf.* ὄστέρηκα: *Pass., aor. I* ὄστερήθην: (ὄστερος):—*to be behind, come later*: of Place, *to come after or afterwards.* II. of Time, *c. gen. rei*, *to come later than, come too late for*; ὄστερεῖν τῆς μάχης πέντε ἡμέρας *they were five days too late for the battle*: *c. dat. pers.* *to be too late for him*: *absol.* *to come late*

or too late. III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to: also to be robbed of a thing. 2. to be in want of:—in Pass. to be in want. IV. of things, to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence ὑστέρημα, ατος, τό, a coming short, deficiency. ὑστέρησις, εως, ἡ, (ὑστερέω) a coming short: want, need.

ὑστερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὑστερίσα: (ὑστεροσ):—to come after, come later or too late. II. c. gen. rei, to come later than; ἡμέρη μὴ τῆς συγκειμένης ὑστερίζων to be one day behind the day appointed. III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to, c. gen. IV. to be in want of, to lack:

ὑστερό-ποινος, ον, (ὑστερος, ποινή) late-avenging. ὑστερό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, with latefoot, late-coming. ὕστερος, α, ον, (Sup. ὕστατος, q. v.):—the latter, coming after, following, opp. to πρότερος. II. of Time, after, later, too late; c. gen., ὑστερός τινος later than a person: c. gen. rei, too late for a thing; with Preps., ἐς ὑστερον afterwards; so, ἐν ὑτέρῳ, ἐξ ὑτέρου and ἐξ ὑτέρης. III. standing after, inferior, weaker; γυναικὸς ὑστερος under a woman's power. IV. the neut. ὑστερον is used as Adv. of Time, after, afterwards, hereafter, in future, for the future; also ὑστερα; c. gen., ὑστερον τουτέων later than these events.

ὑστερο-φθόρος, ον, (ὑστερος, φθείρω) destroying after, late-destroying. ὑστερό-φωνος, ον, (ὑστερος, φωνή) sounding after, echoing. *ΥΣΤΡΙΞ, ἴχος, ὁ and ἡ, a hedgehog, porcupine. Hence ὑστρίχις, ἴδος, ἡ, a whip for punishing slaves.

ὑφαῖεϋ, Dor. for ὑφηγού, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of ὑφηγέομαι.

ὑφαίματος, ον, (ὑπό, αἷμα) suffused with blood, blood-shot. II. hot-blooded.

ὑφάλεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὑφαίνω.

*ΥΦΑΙΝΩ, f. ὑφάνω: aor. I ὑφήνα later ὑφάνα: Pass., aor. I ὑφάνθη: pf. ὑφασμαι:—to weave; ἵσ-τον ὑφαίνειν to weave a web. II. absol. to weave, ply the loom. III. metaph. to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise, Lat. texere, as, μῆτιν or δόλον ὑφαίνειν. 2. to make, construct, fabricate.

ὑφαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφαίρω) a taking away under or underband, a purloining, pilfering.

ὑφαίρέω Ion. ὑπαίρέω: f. -αίρησ: aor. 2 ὑφέλων: pf. ὑφήρηκα: Pass., aor. I ὑφήρηθη: pf. ὑφήρημαι, part. ὑφήρημένος Ion. ὑπαρημένος:—to seize underneath or inwardly, to seize secretly. II. to draw from under. 2. to take away something of, c. gen. 3. to draw away, seduce. III. Med. to take away from underband, filch away, purloin: ὑφαρῆσθαι τινὰ τι or τινος to deprive one secretly of a thing. 2. to make away with underband, keep out of the way.

ὑφάλος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄλς) under the sea; ὑφαλον Ἐρεβος the darkness of the deep.

ὑφάντης, ον, ὁ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaver. Hence ὑφάντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for weaving: skilled in weaving.

ὑφαντο-δόνητος, ον, (ὑφαντός, δονέω) swung in the weaving, wovene.

ὑφαντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑφαίνω, wovene: τὰ ὑφαντά cloth inwovene with figures.

ὑφάπτω Ion. ὑπάπτω: f. ψω: aor. I ὑψησα Ion. ὑψησα: pf. pass. ὑψημαι:—to set on fire from underneath: metaph. to inflame secretly, excite. 2. absol. to light underneath: to light a fire under or in a place.

ὑφαρπάξω Ion. ὑπαρπάξω: f. -άσομαι later -άσω: aor. I ὑφήρασα:—to snatch away from under, take away underband, filch away, Lat. surripere: to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt.

ὑφαρπάμενος, ποῖτ. for ὑφαρπασάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ὑφαρπάξω.

ὑφασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑφαίνω) a thing wovene, web, wovene garment. [ὑ]

ὑφάω, ποῖτ. for ὑφαίνω: Ep. 3 pl. ὑφώοσι.

ὑφεμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὑφήμι: Adv. ὑφεμένως, slackly, less violently or insolently, quietly, Lat. submissé.

ὑφ-εῖσα, (ὑπό, εἶσα) Causal aor. I of ὑφίξω, I placed under or secretly; Ion. part., ὑπέσας ἀνδρας having set men in ambush.

ὑφ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπέχω, one must support.

ὑφ-ελκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑφέλω, one must draw away under or underband.

ὑφ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκύω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑφέλικύσα: (cf. ἔλω):—to draw away under, underband or gently; ὑφέλικεν τιὰ ποδοῖν to draw one away by the two legs:—to draw away by undermining, diminish by drawing from under:—Med. to draw along under one, trail along, as a pair of slippers.

ὑφελόιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ὑφαρέω.

ὑφέντας, acc. pl. of ὑφέεις, aor. 2 part. of ὑφήμι.

ὑφ-έρπω, f. -έρψω or -ερπίσω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑφείρπισα: (cf. ἔρπω):—to creep under or secretly; ὑφ-εῖρπε πολύ it crept far on secretly, spread abroad. II. c. acc. to steal upon, come over.

ὑφ-εσπερος, ον, (ὑπό, ἑσπερα) towards evening; neut. pl. ὑφέσπερα as Adv., about evening.

ὑφή, ἡ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaving, web; πέπλων ὑφαί wovene garments.

ὑφ-ηγεμών, ὄνος, ὁ, = ἡγεμών.

ὑφ-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: pf. ὑφήγημαι: Dep.:—to go just before, to guide, lead the way. 2. to shew the way to do, instruct in a thing. 3. hence also to lead to, prove a thing. Hence

ὑφήγησις, εως, ἡ, a leading, guiding; and ὑφήγητιρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and ὑφ-ηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who leads the way, a conductor: metaph. a leader, adviser.

ὑφήνα, aor. I of ὑφαίνω.

ὑφηνιόχος, f. ἡσο, to be a charioteer:—Pass. to drive after or behind. From

ὑφ-ηνιόχος, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἡμιόχος) the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot.

ὑψ-ήσων, *ov*, gen. *onos*, (ὑπό, ἦσων) somewhat less or younger.

ὑψ-ιζάνω, *f. ζήσω*, = ὑψίζω.

ὑψ-ίζω, *f. ζήσω*, (ὑπό, ἴζω) to sit or crouch down: to sink or fall in.

ὑψ-ίτημι Ion. ὑπίτημι: *f. ὑφήσω*: aor. I ὑφήκα: pf. ὑφέικα, pass. ὑφέιμαι: (see ἴτημι):—to send down, let down, to lower; ὑφέινα ἱστόν to lower the mast; ὑφέινα ἱστία to let down the sails. 2. to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in Med., of a woman, ὑφέισθαι μαστοῖς to put a child to her own breasts, to suckle it. 3. to engage secretly, Lat. *submittere*: hence pf. pass. part. ὑφεμένως, secretly lurking. II. intr. to slacken, relax or abate from a thing; *c. gen. rei*, ὑφέινα τῆς ὀργῆς to cease from anger; so in Med., ὑφέισθαι ὀργῆς; τὸ ὕδωρ ὑπέιται τοῦ ψυχροῦ the water abates its coldness. 2. absol. to submit, give in, slacken, abate.

III. in Pass. absol., to submit, surrender: *c. inf.*, to submit to do a thing: so in pf. pass. part., πλεῖν ὑφεμένην to sail with lowered sails.

ὑφήτηι, Dor. for ὑφήσι, 3 sing. of ὑφήμι.

ὑψ-ίστημι: (cf. ἴστημι):

I. Causal in pres. and impf., in *f. ὑποστήσω* and aor. I ὑπέστησα:—to place or set under. 2. to post secretly. 3. to submit, propose, suggest: so also in fut. and aor. I med. to lay down, suggest; εἰ μή τι πιστὸν ὑποστήσει unless I doubt shall give some ground for confidence.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ὑπέστην, pf. ὑφέστηκα:—to stand under, be under or beneath; τὸ ὑφιστάμενον τῆν ὑβίω is underneath, of milk, as opp. to τὸ ἐφιστάμενον that which comes to the top, the cream. 2. to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do: *c. acc. cognato*, ὑποσθῆναι ὑπόσχεσιν to make a promise: absol. to promise. 3. to submit, yield to one: also *c. inf.* to submit to do. 4. *c. acc. rei*, to submit to. 5. ὑποσθῆναι ἀρχὴν to undertake an office. 6. to put oneself under, bide oneself, lie concealed. 7. to support an attack, to resist, withstand: absol. to stand one's ground, face the enemy, Lat. *subsistere*.

ὑψ-οράω, or as Dep. ὑφοράομαι: fut. ὑπόψομαι: (ὑπό, ὄρω):—to look at from below, to look askance at, to view with suspicion, Lat. *suspiciere*, *suspiciari*. II. to keep in view.

ὑ-φορβός, ὁ, (ὑς, φέρβω) a swineherd.

ὑψ-ορμίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. ἰώ, to bring into harbour secretly:—Pass. to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor. Hence

ὑφορμισαί, ἡ, a place for ships to run into, harbour. ὑφος, *eos*, τό, = ὑφή.

ὑφόωσι, Ep. for ὑφώωσι, 3 pl. of ὑφάω.

ὑψ-υδρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ὕδωρ) under water.

ὑψ-ἄγορας, *ov*, ὁ, Ion. —αγόρης, (ὑψι, ἀγορεύω) a big talker, a boaster, braggart.

ὑψαυχενέω, *f. ἴσω*, and ὑψαυχενίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to carry the neck high, strut proudly. From

ὑψ-αύχην, *enos*, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, αύχὴν) carrying the neck high: hence stately, towering: haughty.

ὑψ-ερεφής, *és*, (ὑψι, ἐρέφω) high-roofed, high-vaulted.

ὑψ-ήγορος, Ion. for ὑψαγ—

ὑψ-ήγορος, *ov*, (ὑψι, ἀγορεύω) talking loftily, vaunting.

ὑψηίης, *εσσα*, *ev*, poet. for ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλός, Dor. for ὑψηλῆς, fem. gen. of ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλ-αυχενία, ἡ, (ὑψηλός, αύχὴν) a carrying the neck high.

ὑψηλό-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὑψηλός, κρημνός) with high crags.

ὑψηλός, ἡ, ὅν, (ὑψι, ὕψος) high, lofty, towering; χώρα ὑψηλή a highland country:—metaph. high, lofty, stately, proud.

ὑψηλοφρονέω, *f. ἴσω*, to be highminded, bearing oneself haughtily. From

ὑψηλό-φρων, *onos*, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψηλός, φρήν) highminded, high-spirited, haughty.

ὑψ-ηρεφής, *és*, gen. *eos*, = ὑπερεφής.

ὑψ-ηρχής, *és*, gen. *eos*, (ὑψι, ἦχος) sounding on high.

ὙΨΙ, Adv. high, aloft, on high: on the high sea: hence are formed Comp. ὑψίων, Sup. ὑψιστος.

ὑψι-βάτος, *ov*, (ὑψι, βαίνω) set on high, standing high, high-placed.

ὑψι-βρεμέτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ὑψι, βρέμω) high-tundering.

ὑψι-γέννητος, *ov*, (ὑψι, γεννάω) high-grown, topmost.

ὑψι-γυλος, *ov*, (ὑψι, γυῖον) with high limbs or branches, high-stemmed. [r]

ὑψι-ζυγός, *ov*, (ὑψι, ζυγόν) of the benches in ships, sitting high or aloft on the bench: metaph. of Jove, high-enthroned.

ὑψι-θρόνος, *ov*, (ὑψι, θρόνος) high-throned.

ὑψι-κάρηνος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κάρηνον) with high head, high-topped. [α]

ὑψι-κέλευθος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κέλευθος) with a path on high, moving on high or aloft.

ὑψικέρατα, irreg. acc. of ὑψικεράς.

ὑψι-κεράς, *av*, gen. *ω*, (ὑψι, κέρα) with high or lofty horns: there is also an irreg. acc. in phrase, ὑψικέρατα πέτρων a high-peaked rock.

ὑψι-κόμος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κόμη) with lofty foliage, of the oak.

ὑψι-κόμπως, Adv. (ὑψι, κόμπως) with high boasts, arrogantly.

ὑψι-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κρημνός) with high steeps or cliffs, high-beetling, built on a cliff.

ὑψι-λοφος, *ov*, (ὑψι, λόφος) high-crested. [r]

ὑψι-μέδων, *ovtos*, ὁ, (ὑψι, μέδω) high-ruling, ruling on high: lofty.

ὑψι-μέλαθρος, *ov*, (ὑψι, μέλαθρον) high-built.

ὑψι-νεφής, *és*, (ὑψι, νέφος) dwelling high in the clouds.

ὑψι-παγήας, *és*, (ὑψι, παγήα) built on high.

ὑψι-πέδος, *ov*, (ὑψι, πέδον) with high ground, high-placed.

ὑψι-πετής, *εσσα*, *ev*, poet. for ὑψηπέτης.

ὑψι-πέτηλος, *ov*, (ὑψι, πέτηλον) with high leaves or foliage.

ὑψι-πέτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑψι, πέτομαι) flying on high, soaring.

ὑψι-πόλις, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, πόλις) highest in one's city. [Ὶ]

ὑψι-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, neut. —πουν, gen. —ποδος, (ὑψι, πούς) high-footed: on high, sublime.

ὑψι-πύλος, ον, (ὑψι, πύλη) with high gates.

ὑψι-πυργος, ον, (ὑψι, πύργος) high-towering.

ὑψιστος, η, ον, Sup. from Adv. ὑψι, highest, loftiest; τὰ ὑψιστα the highest heavens. 2. of persons, most high, dwelling on high.

ὑψιτερος, α, ον, Comp. from Adv. ὑψι, higher, loftier.

ὑψι-φαής, ἐς, (ὑψι, φάος) beaming on high.

ὑψι-φανής, ἐς, (ὑψι, φανῆναι) seen on high.

ὑψι-φόρητος, ον, (ὑψι, φορέω) high-borne, soaring on high.

ὑψι-φρων [Ὶ], ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, φρήν) high-minded, haughty.

ὑψι-χαιτής, ον, ὁ, (ὑψι, χαιτή) long-haired.

ὑψηλ, ον, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. from ὑψι, higher, loftier.

ὑψηλθεν, Adv. (ὑψος) from on high, from aloft, from above, Lat. *desuper*. II. high, aloft, on high, above, over.

ὑψηθι, Adv. (ὑψος) high, aloft, on high.

ὑψη-όροφος, ον, (ὑψι, ὀροφή) high-roofed, high-vaunted.

ὑψος, εος, τό, (ὑψι) height: the top, summit, crown: absol. in acc. ὑψος, in height.

ὑψησε, Adv. (ὑψος) on high, upwards, aloft, up.

ὑψού, Adv. (ὑψος) high, aloft, on high, up.

ὑψησώ, f. ὕσω: aor. I ὑψησα: Pass., fut. ὑψηθήσομαι: aor. I ὑψηθην: (ὑψος):—to heighten, raise, elevate, exalt. Hence

ὑψημα, ατος, τό, height, elevation.

Ἵψω, f. ὕσω [Ὶ]: aor. I ὕσα: Pass., fut. med. ὕσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ὕσθην: pf. ὕσαμε:—to wet, water: to rain, Zeus ὕε Jove sent rain; so, ὁ θεός ὕει the god sends rain; but the nom. was soon omitted, and ὕει used impers., like Lat. *pluit, it rains*; εἰ ὕει if it rained; part. neut. used absol., ὕοντος πολλῶν as it was raining heavily: c. acc. loci, ἐπτά ἔτεων οὐκ ὕε τὴν Θήρην for seven years it did not rain on Thera: c. acc. cognato, ὕσε χρυσόν ὕει rained gold. II. Pass., of places, to be rained on, to be wetted; λέων ὕμενος a lion drenched with rain; ὕσθησαν αἱ Θήβαι Thebes was rained upon; ἡ γῆ ὕεται the country is rained upon, it rains in the country.

Φ

Φ, φ, φῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-first letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral φ' = 500, but φ = 500,000.

The Consonant Φ arose from the labial Π followed by the aspirate; and was anciently written ΠΗ, and was expressed in Lat. by *ph*, though φ was used to express the Lat. *f*.

Changes of Φ.

I. in Aeol., Dor., and Ion. the aspirate was often dropped, and φ became π, as λίσπος σπύργος σπονδύλη for λίσπος σφύργος σφονδύλη: the Att. sometimes used it for π, as φανός φάτρα for πανός πάτρα. II. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion., φ is put for θ, as φήρ φλάω for θήρ θλάω.

Φ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so that a short vowel before it became long by position, as in ᾠφισ, quasi ὀφισ.

φά, Dor. and poet. for ἔφα, ἔφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φάνθεν, lengthd. for φάνθεν, Ep. for ἐφάνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

φάαντατος, η, ον, Ep. Sup. of φαεινός, most brilliant, brightest.

φάαντερος, α, ον, Ep. Comp. of φαεινός, more brilliant, brighter.

ΦΑΓΕΪΝ Ion. φαγείν Ep. φαγέμεν, inf. of ἐφαγον, with no pres. in use, used as aor. 2 of ἐσθίω, to eat, devour, c. acc.: c. gen. to eat of a thing: generally, to eat up, devour, consume, waste.

φάγες, Ep. for ἐφαγες, 2 sing. aor. 2: see φαγείν.

φάγγστ, Ep. for φάγγ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγείν.

φάγος, ὁ, (φαγείν) a glutton. [ᾗ]

φάγοντι, Dor. for φάγωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγείν. [ᾗ]

φάε, 3 sing. impf. of φάω.

φάεθοντίς, ἴδος, poet. for φάεθουσα, fem. of φάεθω, shining.

φάεθω, (φάος) to shine; only found in part. φάεθων, beaming, radiant: hence φάεθω as Subst., the beaming one, the Sun; neut. pl., πάννυχα καὶ φάεθοντα whole nights and days.

Φάεθων, ὁ, (properly part. of φάεθω) Shining, one of the steeds of Morning. 2. son of Apollo, famous for upsetting the chariot of the sun.

φαινός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. φαινός, (φάος) shining, beaming, radiant:—Comp. φαινώτερος. 2. also like λαμπρός, of the voice, clear, distinct. 3. generally, splendid, brilliant.

φαινώ, poet. form of φαίνω, to shine, give light.

φαινώς, ἡ, ὄν, poet. form of φαινός.

φαισίμ-βροτος, ον, (φάος, βροτός) bringing light to mortals, shining on mortals.

φαισ-φορός contr. φωσφόρος, ον, (φάος, φέρω) light-bringing.

φάη, contr. for φάεα, pl. of φάος.

φᾶθί, imperat. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

Φαίαιξ, ἄκος, Ep. and Ion. Φαίηξ, ηκος, ὁ, a Phaeacian: the Phaeacians are in Homer inhabitants of the island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu), and were famous as sailors.

φαιδιμύεις, εσσα, εν, poet. form of φαιδιμος.

φαιδιμος, ον, also η, ον, (φαίνω) shining, brilliant: metaph. famous, glorious, Lat. *clarus*.

φαιδρό-vous, ον, (φαιδρός, νοῦς) of cheerful, joyous mind.

φαιδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (φάω, φαίνω) beaming, radiant:

metaph. *beaming or radiant with joy, jocund, gay.* Adv. —δρῶς, *joyously, cheerily*: also neut. pl. φαιδρά as Adv. Hence

φαιδρότης, ητος, ή, *brighthness, lustre.* II. metaph. *joyousness.*

φαιδρῶω, f. ὤωω, (φαιδρός) *to make bright.* II. metaph. in Pass. *to be cheerful or joyous.*

φαιδρύντρια, ή, *a washer, cleanser.* From φαιδρύνω [ῥ]: f. ὤνω: aor. I φαιδρῦνα: (φαιδρός): *—to make bright, clean, cleanse.* II. metaph. *to cheer, please*:—Pass. *to brighten up with joy.*

φαιδρῶ-ώπος, ὄν, (φαιδρός, ὤψ) *with a bright, joyous look.*

φαίην, pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

φαίκός, ἄδος, ή, (φάος) *a kind of white shoe.*

φαίμεν, for φαίημεν, 1 pl. pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

φαίνεμεν, Ep. for φαίινεμ, inf. of φαίνω.

φανέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. med. of φαίνω.

φανόλης, ου, ὄ, formed from the Lat. *paenula*, *a thick upper garment, or cloak.*

φαινολής, ἶδος, ή, (φαίνω) *light-bringing.*

φαινομένηφι, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνομαι.

φαίνω, f. φάνῶ: Att. also φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐφῆγα, inf.

φῆγα Dor. ἐφᾶνα: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε: pf.

πέφαγα: pf. 2 (intr.) πέφηνα: Pass. and Med. φαί-

νομαι: fut. φᾶνομαι Ion. φανέομαι; also φᾶνήσομαι:

also poet. paulo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι: aor. I ἐφάνθηρ,

Ep. 3 sing. φάνθηρ, 3 pl. φᾶσθεν: aor. 2 ἐφάνην, Ep.

inf. φᾶνήμεναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφασται,

inf. πεφάνθαι, part. πεφασμένος: (φᾶω). 1. *to bring*

to light, make to appear: *to shew, to make clear or*

known, hence to lay bare, uncover, disclose: hence

almost *to grant*, as, γίνον Ἐλένη φαίνεω *to grant*

Helen a child:—at Sparta, φρουρᾶν φαίνεω *to pro-*

claim a levy, call out the array. 2. *of sound, to*

make distinct, make ring clear. 3. *to bring to*

light, display, exhibit: also *to explain, expound.* 4.

in Att. *to inform against, indict, impeach*: *to inform*

of a thing as contraband: τὰ φανθέντα *articles in-*

formed against as contraband. 5. aor. I med. φῆ-

νασθαι *to shew or display as one's own.* II. intr.

to give light, shine forth. 2. *to appear*, like the

Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε, pf. 2 πέφηνα. III.

Pass. *to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or*

manifest. 2. *of the rising of heavenly bodies, to*

appear: ἅμα τοῖ φαινομένηφιν *at break of day.* 3.

generally, *to appear to be*, c. part. or c. inf., which

are used in different senses, φαίνεται c. inf. denoting

what appears or is likely: φαίνεται c. part. *what is*

apparent or manifest: as, φαίνεται εἶναι *be appears*

or seems to be (like δοκεῖ), φαίνεται εἶναι *be manifestly*

is. 4. often in dialogue, φαίνεται σοι ταῦτα: *does*

this appear so? is not this so? Answ., φαίνεται *it*

does appear so, yes. 5. the phrase φανῆναι ὁδόν,

to appear on the road, is shortd. for ἵεναυ ὁδόν ὥστε

φανῆναι: so also, κέλευθον φανείας. 6. in Att., esp.

in aor. I ἐφάνθηρ, *to be denounced, informed against*;

see φαίνω I. 4.

ΦΑΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *dusky, dun, gray*, Lat. *fuscus.* II. also like Lat. *fuscus*, of the voice, *deep, hollow.*

φαιο-χίτων, ἄνος, ὄ, ή, (φαιός, χιτών) *dark-robed.*

ΦΑΪΚΕΛΟΣ, ὄ, *a bundle*, Lat. *fasciculus.*

φᾶκη, ής, ή, (φάκος) *a dish of lentils or pulse, pease-porridge.*

ΦΑΪΚΟΣ, ὄ, *the plant lentil*; also *its fruit*, which was eaten at funerals.

φᾶλαγγηδόν, Adv. (φάλαγξ) *in phalanxes.*

φᾶλάγγιον, τό, (φάλαγξ) *a venomous kind of spider.*

φᾶλαγγομάχew, f. ήσω, *to fight with or in a phalanx*:

to fight in the ranks. From

φᾶλαγγομάχης, ου, ὄ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομαι) *one that fights in the phalanx*: *fighting in the ranks.*

ΦΑΪΛΑΓΞ, ἄγγος, ή, in Homer, *a line or order of battle, battle-array*: mostly in plur. *the ranks of an army in battle.* 2. later, *the Greek mode of drawing up infantry, the phalanx, a compact mass of infantry* usu. of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep: the phalanx was brought to great excellence under Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under Philip of Macedon; ἐπὶ φάλαγγος ἄγειω *to lead in phalanx*, Lat. *quadrato agmine.* 3. generally, *the main body, centre*, as opp. to the wings (κέραια). 4. also *a camp.* II. *a round piece of wood, a trunk or log*; φάλαγγες ἐβένου *logs of ebony.* III. *a spider*: see φάλαγγιον.

φάλαγξ, τό, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.

ΦΑΪΛΑΙΝΑ, ή, *a whale*, Lat. *balaena*: hence of a

devouring monster. [φᾶ]

φᾶλᾶκρα, ή, (φαλακρός) *baldness, a bald head.*

φᾶλᾶκρός, ἄ, ὄν, (φᾶλος) *bald-beaded, bald-pated.*

φᾶλᾶκρῶω, f. ὤωω, (φαλακρός) *to make bald*: Pass.

to become bald.

φᾶλανθας, ου, ὄ, *a bald man.* From

φᾶλανθος, ὄν, (φᾶλος) = φαλακρός. [φᾶ]

φᾶλᾶρα, τά, (φᾶλος) *the cheek-pieces of the helmet.*

II. *the cheek-pieces of horses*: generally,

trappings. [φᾶ]

φᾶλᾶρίς Ion. φᾶληρίς, ἶδος, ή, (φαλᾶρός) *a cool,*

Lat. *fallica*, so called from its *bald white head.*

φᾶλᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for Ion. φᾶληρός, (φᾶλος)

having a patch of white, white-crested.

Φᾶληρείος, εἰς, ὄ, *a man of Phalerum, a Phalerian.*

φᾶληριῶω, (φᾶληρός) *to be or become white*: Ep.

part., κύματα φᾶληριῶντα *waves crested with white*

foam.

Φᾶληρον, τό, *Phalerum, the western harbour of*

Athens: φᾶληρόθεν *from Phalerum*; φᾶληρόνδε *to*

Phalerum. [ᾶ]

φᾶληρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for φᾶλαρός.

φᾶλᾶς or φᾶλᾶς, ητος, ὄ, = φᾶλλος.

Φᾶλλαινα, ή, = φᾶλαίνα.

Φᾶλλο΄Σ, ὄ, membrum virile, *a figure thereof,*

which was borne in solemn procession in the Bacchic

orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in

nature.

ΦᾶΪΛΟΣ, ὄ, *a part of the helmet worn by the*

Homeric heroes: either *the peak or fore-piece*, or perh. a *metal ridge on the crown in which the plume* (λόφος) *was fixed.* [ᾶ]

φάμα, ἡ, Dor. for φήμη.

φάμεν, Ep. for ἔφαμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. 2. poet. for φάνα, inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάμέν (enclit.), 1 pl. pres. of φημί.

φάμενα, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.

φάμενος, pres. and aor. 2 med. part. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φαμί, Dor. for φημί.

φάν, poet. for ἔφησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάνα, pres. or aor. 2 inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάνα, aor. I inf. of φαίνω.

φάνεις, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνειμεν, Att. for φανείημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φαίνω.

φάνεν, Aeol. and poet. for ἐφάνησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω: but φάνεν, aor. 2 part. neut. [ᾶ]

φάνερός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (φαίνω) *open to sight, visible: manifest, evident:* freq. joined with part., ἐπισπειδῶν φανερός ἦν he was *conspicuous* urging the matter forward: ἐκ τοῦ φανεροῦ = Adv., φανερώς, *plainly, clearly:* so, ἐν φανερῶ, ἐν τῷ φανερῶ, κατὰ τὸ φανερόν. 2. of persons, *known, famous, conspicuous.* 3. of property, *tangible, real*, opp. to money.

φάνερώ, f. ὄσω, (φανερός) *to make visible or manifest.* II. *to make known or famous:*—Pass. with aor. I—ᾠθην:—*to become known or famous.* Hence φάνερώς, Adv. of φανερός, *openly, manifestly:* Comp. φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερώτατα.

φάνερωσις, ἡ, *a making visible: a manifestation.*

φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. [ᾶ]

φάνῃ, ἡ, (φαίνω) *a torch:* in plur. φαναί, *torch-processions.*

φάνῃη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of φαίνω.

φάνῃθι, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίνω. [ᾶ]

φάνῃμεναι, for φανῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φαίνω.

φάνῃσομαι, fut. pass. of φαίνω.

φάνιον, τό, Dim. of φανός, (Subst.), *a small torch, taper.*

φάνοιη, for φανοίη, aor. 2 opt. of φαίνω.

φάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (φαίνω) *light, bright; τὸ φανὸν brightness:—of garments, washed clean.* 2. *bright, joyous*, like φαιδρός. Comp. and Sup. φανύτερος, —ῥατος. [ᾶ]

φάνος, also πάνος, ὄ, (φαίνω) *a lamp, lantern, torch.*

φάνομαι, fut. med. of φαίνω.

φαντάζω, f. ᾠσω, (φαίνω) *to make visible, clear or manifest.* II. Pass., fut. φαντασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐφαντάσθην:—*to become visible, appear, shew oneself.* 2. *to make a show or parade*, Lat. *se ostentare.* 3. φαντάζεσθαι τινι *to be like, assume a likeness* to some one. 4. used for φαινέσθαι or σκεφαντίζεσθαι, *to be informed against.* Hence φαντάσια, ἡ, *a making visible, displaying.* 2.

φαντάσια, ἡ, *a making visible, displaying.* 2. display, parade, Lat. *ostentatio.* II. as a term

of philosophy, *the power of the mind*, by which it places objects before itself, *presentative power.*

φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) *an appearance, image, phantom*, like φάσμα: also *a vision, dream.* 2. *an image presented to the mind by an object*, Lat. *visum: a mere image, unreal appearance.*

φάντες, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of φημί.

φάντι, Dor. for φασί, 3 pl. of φημί.

φάω, Ep. pres. or aor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.

φάος, φάεος, εος contr. φάους, τό contr. φῶς, φωτός: Ep. also φῶος: (φάω):—*light, daylight; ἐν φάωσι by daylight; ἐτί φάος ὄντος* while there was still *daylight*; often in phrases ὄραν φάος ἡελίοιο, or φάος βλέπειν, to see the *light* of the sun, i. e. to be alive; so also, φάος λείπειν ἡελίοιο, i. e. to be dead; εἰς φῶς λέναι to come into *the light*, i. e. into public.

2. *the light* of a fire or torch, *fire-light or torch-light.* II. metaph. *light*, i. e. joy, deliverance, happiness, and the like; ὡ μέγιστον Ἑλλησιν φάος O greatest *light of safety* to the Greeks.

III. plur. φάεα, *the eyes*, Lat. *lumina:* so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑΨΑΞ [φᾶ], αγγος, ἡ, *a mountain cleft, a deep chasm, ravine, gully.* (Akin to φάρυγξ.)

φᾶράω, to plough.

φᾶρέτρα Ion.—τρη, ἡ, (φέρω) *a quiver for carrying arrows*, Lat. *p̄baretra.* Hence φᾶρετρέων, ἄνος, ὄ, = φᾶρέτρα.

φᾶρέτριον, τό, Dim. of φᾶρέτρα, *a small quiver.*

φᾶρετρο-φόρος, ον, (φᾶρέτρα, φέρω) *quiver-bearing.*

Φαρισαῖος, ου, ὄ, *a Pharisee:* pl. οἱ Φαρισαῖοι, the *Pharisees or Separatists*, a sect of the Jews, who affected superior holiness of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φαρμακῶ, (φάρμακον) *to suffer from poison*, be mad from the effects of poison. II. *to require medicine*, as τομάω to require cutting.

φαρμακεία, ἡ, (φάρμακον) *the use of any kind of drugs, potions or spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery.*

φαρμακία, ἡ, poet. for φαρμακεία.

φαρμακεύς, εώς, ὄ, (φάρμακον) *one who deals in drugs or poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner:* fem. φαρμακεύτρια.

φαρμακεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) *to administer a drug: to use enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεύειν τι ἐς τὸν ποταμὸν to use a thing as a charm to calm the river.* 2. c. acc. pers. *to drug, purge.*

φαρμακίς, ἰδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, *a sorceress, witch.*

φαρμακκοίς, εσσα, εν, (φάρμακον) *drugged, poisonous.*

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ΦΑΨΜΑΚΟΝ, τό, *a medicine, drug, remedy; φάρμακον νόσων a medicine for disease; metaph., φάρμακον λύπης, a remedy against grief.* The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά ointments or salves, and παστά, ἐπίπαστα or καταπλαστά plasters; those taken inwardly were βρώσιμα, such as

phills, and *πότιμα, ποτά, πιστά, draughts* or *portions*. II. a *poisonous drug, drug, poison*. III. an *enchanted potion, philtre*: also a *charm, spell, enchantment: any secret means of effecting a thing*. IV. also a *means of producing something, as, φάρμακον σωτηρίας an expedient to procure safety*. V. a *means for colouring, a dye, colour*.

φαρμακο-ποιία, ή, (φάρμακον, ΠΟ— Root of πίνω) a *drinking of medicine or poison*.

φαρμακο-πώλης, ου, ό, (φάρμακον, πωλέω) one who *sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary*.

φαρμακός, ό, ή, (φάρμακον) = φαρμακεύς. II. one who *is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat*: then since worthless fellows were reserved for this fate, an *arrant rascal, polluted wretch*, Lat. *homo faticularis*.

φαρμακο-τριβής [τ], ό, (φάρμακον, τριβήναι) one who *grinds and prepares drugs or colours*.

φαρμακώω, f. ώω, (φάρμακον) to *endure with healing power*.

φαρμασσω Att. —ττω: f. έω: pf. pass. πεφάρμαγμαi: (φάρμακον):—to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres; φαρμάσσειν χαλκόν to temper metal by plunging it in cold water. II. to *enchant or bewitch by the use of potions, to poison*. III. to *alloy, adulterate: season, spice*.

ΦΑΡΟΣ [α] or φάρος [α], εος, τό, a cloth, sheet, web: sail-cloth. II. a *wide, loose cloak or mantle, worn as an outer garment, also* used as a shroud; πύματον φάρος my last rag*.

Φάρος, ή, Pharos, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. II. as *appellat. φάρος, ό, a lighthouse*.

φάρωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of φάράω.

φάρσος, εος, τό, (φάρω) a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division, Lat. pars; φάρσεια πόλιος the quarters of a city.

φάρυγξ, ή or ό, gen. ύγος, (φάρω) the throat. II. a *gulf, cleft, chasm in the earth: cf. φάραγξ. [α]*

ΦΑΡΩ, f. φάρωω: pf. πέφαρκα:—to cleave, part.

φάς, φάσα, φάν, part. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

φασγάνεις, ίδος, ή, Dim of φάσανον, a knife.

φάσγανον, τό, (σφάζω, for σφάσανον) a ibing to cut with, a sword.

φασγάν-ουργός, όν, (φάσανον, *έργω) forging swords.

φάσε, Dor. and poet. for έφησε, 3 sing. aor. I of φημί.

φάσηλος [α], ό, a sort of bean, Lat. *phaselus*. II. a *light boat, canoe, skiff, from its likeness to the pod of the φάσηλος. (Egyptian word.)*

φάσθαι, Ep. med. inf. of φημί.

φάσθε, φάσθω, 2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of φημί.

φάσι, 3 pl. of φημί.

Φάσιανικός, ή, όν, from the river Phasis, but with a play on συκο-φαντικός, informing-like.

Φάσιανός, όν, (Φάσις) from the river Phasis: hence ό φασιανός (sub. ύρνις) the Phasian bird, pheasant,

Lat. *phasianus*: but **Φασιανός άνήρ** with a play on **συκο-φάντης, an informer: cf. Φασιανικός.**

φάσις, εως, ή, for φάσις, (φαίνω) an accusation, information. [α]

φάσις, εως, ή, (φημί) a saying, speech, sentence. II. *affirmation, assertion. [α]*

Φάσις, ιος, ό, the river Phasis in Colchis or Pontos. **φάσκω, impf. έφασκον Ep. φάσκον,** (which is used as *impf. of φημί*): = *φημί, to say*, but often with a *collat. notion of saying what you do not believe, to allege, to pretend*, Lat. *prae se ferre*: also *to think, suppose: to promise to do*.

φάσμα, ατος, τό, (φαίνω) an apparition, phantom; φάσμα άνδρός the phantom of a man. 2. a *sign from heaven, a portent, omen.* 3. a *monster, prodigy, portent; φάσμα ταύρου a monster of a bull.*

ΦΑΨΣΑ Att. φάττα, ή, the wood-pigeon, ring-dove or cushat, Lat. *palumbus*.

φασσο-φόνος, ον, (φάσσω, *φένω) dove-killing, of the hawk; as Subst., φασσοφόνος, ό, name of a kind of hawk.

φάσω, φάσεις, Dor. for φήσω, φήσεις, fut. of φημί. φάτέ, 2 plur. of φημί.

φάτεός, ά, όν, (φημί) poet. for φατός, to be spoken of, pronounced.

φάτεον, verb. Adj. of φημί, one must say.

φάτι, Dor. for φησί, 3 sing. pres. of φημί.

φάτιζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίζω: aor. I έφάτισα: Pass., aor. I έφάτισην: pf. πεφάτισμαι: (φάτις):—to say, speak, report; τὸ φατιζόμενον used absol., as the saying is. II. to *promise, plight, betroth.* III. to *call, name.*

φάτις, εως Ion. ιος, ή, (φημί) a saying, speech, report; κατὰ φάτιν as the report goes; ή φάτις έχει μιν the report goes of him. II. *one's (good or bad) report, reputation, fame, report, Lat. fama.* III. *the saying, answer of an oracle. [α]*

φάτιη, ή, (πατέρομαι) a manger, crib.

φάτω, Ep. for έφάτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φάτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of φημί, said, spoken; that may be spoken, uttered or pronounced: with a negat., ού φάτός, unspeakable, unutterable. II. *famous.*

φάττα, ή, Att. for φάσσα.

φαυλ-επί-φαυλος, (φαύλος, επί, φαύλος) bad upon bad, bad as bad can be.

φαυλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίώ, (φαύλος) to bold cheap, to depreciate, disparage.

ΦΑΥΛΟΣ, ή, ον, also ος, ον, like φλαύρος, light, easy, slight, trifling. 2. *trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, bad.* II. of persons, *low in rank, mean, common: worthless, poor, common, of no account; οι φαύλοι the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or uneducated, as opp. to οι σοφοί.* 3. of outward appearance, *ugly, mean-looking.* 2. *careless, thoughtless.*

φαυλότης, ητος, ή, meanness, paltriness. 2. *want of accomplishments; ή έμη φαυλότης my lack of judgment.*

φαύλως, Adv. of φαύλος, easily, lightly; φαύλως

φέρειν τι to bear a thing *lightly*, take it *easily*. 2. at a *rough guess*; φαύλος λογισασθαι to estimate *roughly*; φαύλος εἰπεῖν to speak *loosely*.

φασίμβροτος, *ov*, = φασίμβροτος.
ΦΑΪΝ, Root of φαῖνω, to give *light*, *shine*, *beam*, esp. of the heavenly bodies.

ΦΕΒΟΜΑΙ, poet. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = φοβέομαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted. c. acc. to flee from.

ΦΕΤΓΟΣ, *eos*, τό, *light*, *splendour*, *lustre*: sunlight, daylight; δεκάτω φέγγει ἔτους, periph. for in the tenth year. II. poet. *light*, *gladness*, *joy*. Hence φέγγω, to make *bright*:—Pass. to *shine*, *gleam*, be *bright*.

φειδέομαι, Ion. for φείδομαι.

φείδο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.

φειδίτιον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια, τά, *sparc ibrifty meals*, being the Spartan name for the public tables (συσσίτια), at which all citizens eat together the same *frugal meal*. 2. also the common *ball*, in which these meals were taken.

ΦΕΙΔΟΜΑΙ: fut. φείσομαι Ep. paullo-p. fut. πεφιδήσομαι: aor. I ἐφείσαμην Ep. φειδάμην: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 πεφιδύμην, opt. πεφιδούμην, πεφιδούτο, inf. πεφιδέσθαι: Dep.:—to *sparc*, to be *sparing* or *chary* of a thing, Lat. *parcere*. c. gen.: of provisions, to use *sparingly* or *ibriftly*: also to *draw back* or *from*, *turn away from*: c. inf. to *sparc* or *forbear* to do. Hence φειδομένος, Adv. pres. part. of φείδομαι, *sparingly*, *ibriftly*, *charily*.

φειδώ, *os* contr. οὔς, ἡ, (φείδομαι) a *sparing*, *re-fraining*. II. *ibrift*, *singiness*.

φειδωλή and φειδωλία, ἡ, = φειδώ. From φειδωλός, ἡ, *ov*, (φειδώ) *sparing*, *ibriftly*, *chary* of a thing: c. gen., φειδωλός χρημάτων *sparing* of money. Adv. —λάς, *sparingly*, *ibriftly*.

φείσασθαι, aor. I inf. of φείδομαι.

φείσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of φείδομαι.

φειστού, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, *one must spare*.

φеллеῦς, *ews*, ὁ, *stony ground* or *soil*: hence as the name of a rocky district of Attica.

φέλλινος, ἡ, *ov*, (φελλός) *made of cork*.

φέλλιον, τό, mostly in plur. *stony ground*: cf. φελλέεις.

φелλό-πους, —ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. —πων, (φελλός, πούς) *cork-footed*.

ΦΕΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, the *cork-tree*, Lat. *quercus suber*. 2. the *bark of the cork-tree*, a *cork*, Lat. *cortex*.

φενάκιζω, f. *ισω*, (φέναις) to play the impostor, *cheat*, *lie*. 2. trans. to *cheat*, *trick*:—Pass. to be *cheated*. Hence

φενάκισμός, ὁ, *quackery*, *imposture*, *trickery*.

ΦΕΨΑΞ, *ākos*, ὁ, *a cheat*, *quack*, *impostor*.

*ΦΕΨΩ, to *slay*, obsol. Root, to which belong Ep. aor. 2 πέψων, shortd. from the redupl. form πέφενον, also with augm. ἐπέφονον, infin. πεφνέμεν, part. πέφονον (not πεφνών) as if it were part. pres.:—Pass., pf. πέψαμαι, 3 sing. πέψαται, 3 pl. πέψανται,

inf. πεφάσθαι: paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι, Ep. 2 sing. πεφήσει.

φέρ-ανθής, *ēs*, (φέρω, άνθος) *bringing flowers*.

φέρ-ασπης, *idos*, ὁ, ἡ, (φέρω, άσπίς) *shield-bearing*.

φέρ-αυγής, *ēs*, (φέρω, αύγή) *bringing light*, *shining*.

ΦΕΨΒΩ, plarf. (φέρω, ψών) —to *feed*, *nourish*: to *preserve*. II. Pass. to be *fed* or *feed upon* a thing: hence to *eat*, *consume*, Lat. *depassi*: metaph. to *feed on*.

III. Med. c. acc. to *feed oneself* on a thing; φέρβεσθαι νόον to *feed one's mind*.

φέρ-έγγυος, *ov*, (φέρω, έγγυή) *giving surety* or *bail*, *able to give security*, *trusty*, *responsible*: generally, *capable*, *competent*: c. inf., λιμήν φερέγγυος διασώσαι τὰς νέας a harbour *capable* of preserving the ships: c. gen. *able to answer sufficiently* for a thing, *trusty*: —cf. έχέγγυος.

φέρεμεν, Ep. inf. of φέρω.

φερεμ-μελής, poet. for φερεμελής, *ov*, ὁ, (φέρω, μελία) a *warrior bearing an aspen spear*, generally, a *spear-bearer*.

φέρε-νίκος, *ov*, (φέρω, νίκη) *carrying off victory*, *victorious*.

φέρε-οικος, *ov*, (φέρω, οίκος) *carrying one's house with one*, of the nomad Scythians:—as Subst., φερέοικος, ὁ, the *house-carrier*, i. e. *snail*; cf. πουλύπους, άνόστειος.

φέρε-πονός, *ov*, (φέρω, πόνος) *bringing trouble* or *sorrow*.

φέρεσ-βίος, *ov*, (φέρω, βίος) *bearing life* or *food*, *life-giving*, *food-giving*.

φερεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φέρω.

φερεσ-σάκης, *ēs*, gen. *έος*, (φέρω, σάκος) *shield-bearing*, *heavy-armed*.

φερε-στάφυλος, *ov*, (φέρω, σταφυλή) *bearing bunches of grapes*.

φέρετρον contr. φέρτρον, τό, (φέρω) a *bier*, *litter*, *Lat. feretrum*.

φέρην, Aeol. for φέρειν, inf. of φέρω.

φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη, 3 sing. subj. of φέρω.

φέριστος, ἡ, *ov*, like φέρτατος, *stoutest*, *bravest*, *best*; mostly in addresses, ὦ φέριστε.

φέρμα, *ατος*, τό, (φέρω) *that which is borne*, a *load*, *burden*: the *burden* or *fruit of the womb*.

φέρνή, ἡ, (φέρω) *that which is brought by the wife*, a *dowry*, *portion*, Lat. *dos*; φερνὰ πολέμου the *dowry of war*, i. e. a wife won in battle.

φέρουσα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.

φέροντι, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω: but also part. dat.

Φερσεφάτιον Att. Φερρεφάτιον, τό, a *temple* or *sanctuary of Persephonē*.

Φερσεφάσσα Att. —τα, and Φερρεφάττα, ἡ, = Περσεφάσσα, —τα, Περσεφώνη, *Proserpine*.

Φερσεφόνη, ἡ, = Περσεφώνη.

φέρτατος, ἡ, *ov*, Sup. Adj. = φέριστος, *stoutest*, *bravest*, *best*, *mightiest*, *most powerful*. (From φέρω, as Lat. *fortis* from *fero*.)

φέρτε, Ep. for φέρτε, 2 pl. of φέρω.

φέρτερος, *a*, *ov*, Comp. Adj. *stouter*, *braver*, *better*, *mightier*, *more powerful*. See φέρτατος.

φερός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φέρω, *to be borne, enduring*.

Φέρον, contr. for φέρετρον.

ΦΕΥΩ, a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. φέρτε for φέρετε; 3 sing. subj. φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη; Ion. impf. φέρεσκον, φέρεσκει. From the Root *ΟΥΩ comes the fut. οἶσω, med. οἶσσομαι; Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσέμεν, οἶσέμεναι; also fut. pass. οἰσθήσομαι. From the Root *ΕΝ-ΕΤΚΩ come aor. I ἤνεγκα, Ion. ἤνεικα Ep. ἐνεικα, subj. ἐνείκω, inf. ἐνείκαι: aor. 2 ἤνεγκον Ion. ἤνεικον, Ep. inf. ἐνεικέμεν: Ion. aor. I pass. ἤνείχθη: 3 pl. aor. I med. ἤνεικαντο. From the same Root come pf. act. ἐνήνοχα, pass. ἐνήνεγμα, fut. pass. ἐνεχθήσομαι, aor. I pass. ἤνείχθη. I. like Lat. *FERO*, *to bear or carry* a load.

II. *to bear along*, with an idea of *motion* added, as of horses, ἀρμα φέρειν, etc.

III. *to bear, endure, suffer*, esp. with an Adv., βαρέως, χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. *aegrè, graviter ferre*, *to bear a thing impatiently, take it ill or amiss, be disconcerted at it*; opp. to κούφως φέρειν τι, Lat. *leviter ferre*, *to bear a thing cheerfully, take it easily*.

IV. *to fetch: to bring, present, give*; δῶρα φέρειν *to bring presents*; and Med. *bring with one or for one's own use*:—χάριν τινὶ φέρειν *to grant any one a favour, do him a kindness*; but later, *to show gratitude to one*. 2. *to occasion, cause, work*; as, κακῶν or πῆμα φέρειν. 3. *to bring in, pay, discharge*; φέρον or δασμὸν φέρειν *to pay tribute*; τιμὴν φέρειν *to pay a fine*. 4. ψήφον φέρειν *to give one's vote*, Lat. *ferre suffragium*.

V. *to bear, bring forth, produce*: absol. of the earth or of trees, *to bear fruit, be fruitful*: metaph. *to bring in, yield, produce*; ἀγών ὃ τὸ πᾶν φέρον the contest that bestows everything.

VI. *to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder*, mostly in phrase φέρειν καὶ ἄγειν, Lat. *agere et ferre*, where φέρειν refers to the moveables which are carried off, and ἄγειν to the cattle which are driven away: also simply φέρειν *to rob*. 2. *to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain*: also *to receive one's due, c. g. to receive pay*:—Med., esp. in phrases ἀέθλων φέρεσθαι *to carry off a prize*; τὰ πρῶτα, τὰ δεύτερα φέρεσθαι *to win and hold the first, the second rank*: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and behoof, so as to take and carry away to one's home.

VII. absol. of roads, *to lead to a place*; ἡ ὁδὸς φέρει, like Lat. *via fert or ducit*. 2. of a tract of country, *to stretch, extend, verge to or towards*: metaph. *to lead or tend to an end or object*; τὰ πρὸς τὸ ὑγιαίνειν φέροντα that which is conducive to health; and so generally, *to contribute or conduce to or towards*. 3. *to aim at, hint or point at, refer to a thing*; ἐς ἀρτίους ἀγῶνας φέρον τὸ μαντήιον the oracle referring to martial contests; τῶν ἡ γνώμη ἔφερε συμβάλλειν their opinion inclined to giving battle: also c. dat. pers.,

πλέον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνώμη, c. inf., his opinion inclined rather to do so and so:—φέρει is also used like συμ-φέρει, *it tends [to one's interest], is expedient*. VIII. *to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of*; εὖ or πονηρῶς φέρεσθαι *to be well or ill spoken of*. 2. *to be carried about, to be in circulation*.

IX. φέρε is used in Homer as imperat., *bear, carry, bring*: but, like ἄγε, it was afterwards used as an Adv., *come, now, well*, before the I sing. or plur. subj., φέρε ἀκούσω, *come let me hear*; φέρε στήσωμεν *come let us set*.

Pass. *to be borne or carried from a place, esp. involuntarily; to be borne, carried on or along by waves, to be hurried, swept away, rush, fly along*, Lat. *ferri*; λῶς φέρεσθαι *to rush right upon*; φερόμενοι ἐσέπιπτον ἐς τοὺς Αἰγινίτας *bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetans*: so also part. act. used intrans., φέρονσα ἐνέβαλε νηὶ φιλή *bearing down she ran into a friendly ship*. 2. also of bodies moved by their own power, *to hasten, run, fly, speed*.

3. metaph., εὖ or κακῶς φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., *to turn out, prosper well or ill*; τὰ πράγματα κακῶς φέρεται our affairs are in a bad state.

ΦΕΥ, Exclamation of grief or anger, *ah! alas!* *woe!* like Lat. *vah, vae, our joy!*: c. gen., φεὺ τῆς Ἑλλάδος *woe for Hellas!* II. of astonishment or admiration, *ah! oh!*

φεύγμεν, -έμεναι, Ep. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγω.

φεύγεσκον, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω.

φευγόντων, Ep. for φευγέτασσαν, 3 pl. imperat., *let them flee*: also part. gen. pl. of φεύγω.

ΦΕΥΓΩ: Ion. impf. φεύγεσκον: f. φεύγομαι Dor. φευγούμαι: aor. 2 φεύγον: pf. act. πέφυγα, pass. (inact. sense) πέφυγμα: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυζότες, as if from φύω:—*to flee, take flight*: c. acc. cognato, φεύγειν φυγήν *to flee in flight*: also, φεύγειν τὴν παρὰ θάλασσαν [sc. τὴν ὁδὸν] *to flee [the way] by the sea*.

2. the pres. part. φεύγων often expresses only *the purpose or endeavour to flee*, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being added to denote *the escape*; as, Βέλτερον, ὡς φεύγων προφύγη κακὸν ἢ ἀλῶν *it is better that running off one should escape than be caught*; so, φεύγων ἐκφεύγειν, φεύγων ἀποφεύγειν. 3. φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινοσ *to flee before any one*.

4. c. inf. *to shun or shrink from doing*: absol. *to fear, flinch*.

II. c. acc. *to flee, shun, avoid*: as, φεύγειν θάνατον, πῆλομον, etc.: metaph. of any rapid movement, ἡνίοχον φύγων ἡνία the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer. 2. pf. pass. part. retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένους μοίραν, ἄεθρον *having escaped, being quit of fate, destruction*: but also c. gen., πεφυγμένος ἀέθλων *escaped from toils*.

III. *to flee one's country for a crime*; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινοσ *to be banished by one*: hence to go into exile, live in banishment, be banished, Lat. *exulare*.

IV. as Att. law-term, *to be accused or prosecuted at law*, opp. to διώκω: hence, ὁ φεύγων *the accused, defend-*

ant, Lat. *reus*, ὁ δῖσκων *the accuser, prosecutor*; c. acc., φεύγειν γραφήν or δίκην, to be put on one's trial on a public or private indictment: the crime being added in gen., as φεύγειν φόνου (sc. δίκην) to be defendant on a charge of murder, i. e. to be charged with murder.

φεύζω, f ζω: aor. I ἐφευσα:—to cry φεύ, cry woe, wail. (From φεύ, as οἰμῶζω from οἶμοι, αἰδῶζω from αἰ αἰ.)

φευκτόν, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, one must flee.

φευκτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be avoided: that can be shunned or avoided.

φευξέω, Desiderat. of φεύγω, to wish or desire to flee.

φεύξις, εως, ἦ, (φεύγω) = φύξις.

φεύξομαι Dor. φευξοῦμαι, fut. of φεύγω.

φεύξω, fut. of φεύγω (not of φεύγω).

ΦΕ'Υ'Α'ΛΟΣ, ου, ὄ, and φειλάλυξ, ὄ, α, a spark, brand, piece of the embers or hot ashes. Hence

φειλάλω, f. ὄσω, to reduce to ashes, to burn up.

φειλάλυξ, υγος, ὄ, = φείλαλος. [ἄ]

φή, Ion. for ἐφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φημί.

φηγίνεος, α, ον, and φηγίνος, η, ον, (φηγός) oaken, of oak, Lat. *faginus*.

φηγινόυς, ἦ, οὔν, contr. for φηγινέος.

ΦΗΓΟΣ, ἦ, a kind of oak, bearing an esculent acorn, not the Lat. *fagus* (beech). II. *the esculent fruit of the same tree.*

φήη, Ep. for φῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of φημί.

φήληξ, ηκος, ὄ, (φηλός) deceiver, name of a wild-tig, which seems ripe when it is not really so.

φήλητεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, trick. From φηλήτης, ου, or φηλητής, οὔ, ὄ, (φηλός) a deceiver, cheat, knave, thief.

ΦΗΛΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, deceitful, knavisb. Hence

φηλόω, f. ὄσω, to deceive, cheat, trick. Hence

φήλωμα, ατος, τό, a deceit, deception, cheat.

φήμη Dor. φάμα, ἦ, Lat. *fama*, (φημί) a voice from heaven, a prophetic voice: an oracle, an augury. II. any voice or words, a speech, saying: also a song. 2. a common saying, an old tradition, legend, adage. 3. like Lat. *fama*, a rumour, report: hence a man's good or bad report, his fame, reputation, character. 4. a message.

ΦΗΜΙ, φῆς, φησί: aor. 2 ἐφην (the impf. being ἔφασκον, see φάσκω), ἐφησθα Ep. φῆσθα, ἐφη; imperat. φάθι; inf. φάνα; part. φάς, φάσα, φάν: fut. φήσω: aor. I ἐφήσα. Med., aor. 2 ἐφάμην [ἄ], inf. φάσθαι, part. φάμενος: impf. or aor. 2 ἐφάμην: also pf. pass. πέφασμαι; 3 sing. imperat. πεφάσθω. Ep. forms I pl. pres. opt. φαίμεν for φάιμεν; 3 sing. subj. φῆη for φῆ; aor. 2 φῆν, φῆς, φῆ, for ἐφην, ἐφῆς, ἐφη, and 3 pl. ἐφάν, φάν for ἐφασαν; med. imperat. φάο for φάσο:—Ἥμι is a shortd. form of φημί: φάσκω is also a collat. form. The pres. indic. φημί is enclitic, except in 2 pers. φῆς. To say, speak, tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts: hence, to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine, esp. in Med.; ἴσον ἐμοὶ φάσθαι to fancy himself equal to

me; in familiar language φημί is often put before its pronoun, as, ἐφην ἐγὼ said I; ἐφη ὁ Σωκράτης said Socrates: φημί is sometimes joined with a synonym. Verb, as, ἐφη λέγων, ἔλεγε φάς, etc. II. φημί often means, to say yes, affirm, assert: opp. to οὐ φημι or φημί οὐχί, to say no, deny, refuse.

φημίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ Dor. ἴζω: aor. I ἐφήμισα: (φήμη):—to speak, utter, name:—Med. to express in words.

φήμω, ιος, ἦ, ποῖετ. for φήμη, speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation; δήμοιο φήμω the voice or judgment of the people.

φήν, Ep. for ἐφην, aor. 2 of φημί.

φήναι, aor. I inf. of φάινω.

φήνεε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of φάινω.

ΦΗΝΗ, ἦ, a kind of vulture.

φήρ, ὄ, gen. φηρός, Aeol. for θήρ, esp. in plur. Φῆρες, the Centaurs.

φηρο-μάνης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φήρ, μανῆναι) madly fond of wild animals or bunting.

φής, 2 sing. of φημί: but 2. φῆς, Ep. for ἐφῆς, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φήσθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φήτηρ, ἦ, Ion. for φάτρα.

φθαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φθάνω.

φθαίρω, Dor. for φθείρω.

φθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of φθάνω. [ἄ]

φθάν, Ep. for ἐφασσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

ΦΘΑ'ΝΩ: fut. φθήσομαι, later also φθάσω [ἄ]: aor. I ἐφθασα: aor. 2 ἐφθην, 3 pl. φθάν for ἐφθασαν, subj. φθῶ, Ep. 3 sing. φθηῖη and φθῆσιν, Ep. I pl. φθέωμεν, 3 pl. φθέωσιν, opt. φθῆναι, inf. φθῆναι, part. φθάς: pf. ἐφθάκα: Ep. aor. 2 med. part. φθάμενος [ἄ]: Dor. fut. φθαζῶ, aor. I ἐφθαφα. To come before, do, reach before; ὁ φθάσας the first comer; φθάνειν εἰς τὴν πόλιν to come first into the city:—c. acc. pers. to be beforehand with, overtake, outstrip, anticipate, Lat. *praevenerit*; and sometimes simply to arrive; ἐφθησαν τὸν χειμῶνα they anticipated the storm; it is often joined with a part. act. agreeing with the agent, ἐφθη βαλὼν αὐτὸν he was beforehand in striking him; ἦ κε πολὺ φθαίη πόλις ἀλούσθη the city would be beforehand in being taken, i. e. it would be taken first. II. in these constructions, φθάνειν is best rendered in English by an Adv. before, sooner, first; ἐφθην ἀπικόμενος I came sooner or first: we also find the part. of φθάνω joined with another Verb, οὐκ ἄλλος φθὰς ἐμεῦ καθήγορος ἔσται no other shall be an accuser before me; φθάσας προσεσοῦμαι I will first fall upon you; so part. φθάσας with imperat., λέγε φθάσας speak quickly. III. φθάνειν with οὐ and part., followed by καί, etc., like Lat. *simul ac*, denotes two actions following close on each other, οὐ φθάνει ἐργόμενος καὶ εὐδὺς ὁμοῦς ἔστι no sooner is he brought out than he is like; οὐκ ἐφθη μοι συμβάσα ἡ ἀτυχία καὶ εὐδὺς ἐπεχείρησαν scarcely or no sooner had misfortune befallen me than they attempted.

IV. in questions with οὐ, φθάνω de-

notes impatience to have the thing done; ἀποτρέχων οὐκ ἂν φθάνοις; will you not be quick and run off? i. e. make haste and run off. V. in answers with οὐ and opt. c. ἂν, οὐκ ἂν φθάνομαι I could not be too quick, i. e. I will begin directly.

φθάρῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φθείρω.

φθαρτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθείρω, corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory.

φθάς, φθάσα, φθάν, aor. 2 part. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΓΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγγομαι; aor. I ἐφθεγγάμην; pf. ἐφθεγγαί; Dep. I:—to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; τὸ φθεγγόμενον, that which uttered the sound, the voice. 2. of animals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a fawn, to cry; of a door, to creak. II. c. acc. cognato, φθέγγεσθαι ἔπος to utter or say a word. III. to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, ατος, τό, (φθέγομαι) a voice: language, speech: a saying, word: in plur. accents, words. 2. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγγομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι.

φθέομεν, Ep. for φθέωμεν, φθῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΙΡ, ὁ, gen. φθειρός, a louse, Lat. pediculus. II. the small fruit or cone of a kind of pine. φθειριάω, f. ἄωα, (φθείρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis.

φθειρο-τράχυν, f. ἦσω, (φθείρ, τραχεῖν) to eat lice, or rather to eat fir-cones; cf. φθείρ.

φθείρω; fut. φθερέω Ep. φθέρωσ; aor. I ἐφθειρα; pf. ἐφθαρα, pf. 2 ἐφθορα; Pass., pf. ἐφθαρμαι, 3 pl. ἐφθάραι; aor. 2 ἐφθάρην [ᾶ]; (φθίω):—to corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, persummare:—Pass. to go to ruin, perish; in Att., φθείρον was a common imprecation, go and be hanged! Lat. abi in malam rem! hence, εἰ μὴ φθέρῃ unless thou depart; but, φθείρεσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to run headlong into a thing. 2. in Pass., of shipwrecked persons, to be cast away. II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of women, to seduce:—Pass. to perish, pine away.

φθερεσι-γενής, ἐς, (φθείρω, γένος) destroying the race or family.

φθέωμεν, φθέωσιν, Ep. for φθῶμεν, φθῶσιν, I and 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆ, Ep. for ἐφθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

φθῆη, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω.

φθῆσιν, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆσομαι, fut. of φθάνω.

Φθία, as, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ἡς, ἦ, Phtbia, a district in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [ῆ]

Φθιάς, ἄδος, ἦ, fem. of Φθίος, a Phtbian woman.

φθίεται, Ep. for φθίηται, aor. 2 pass. subj. of φθίω.

Φθίηνδε, Adv. to Phtbia. [ῆ]

Φθίηφι, Ep. dat. sing. of Φθίη, at Phtbia. [ῆ]

φθίμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. [ῆ]

φθινάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (φθίνω) intr. perishing, wasting,

waning.

II. act. causing to decline, wasting: νόσοι φθινάδης wasting diseases.

φθίνασμα, ατος, τό, (φθίνω) a declining, wasting, pining, waning. [ῆ]

φθινάω and φθίνω, (φθίνω) to waste or pine.

φθινό-καρπος, ον, (φθίνω, καρπός) with blighted fruit.

φθινόπωρός, ἦ, ὄν, (φθινόπωρον) autumnal.

φθινόπωρος, ἴδος, fem. of φθινόπωρος.

φθίν-ἄπωρον, τό, (φθίνω, ἄπώρα) the last part of ἄπώρα or the time after ἄπώρα, late autumn, the fall of the year.

φθινύθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φθινύθω. [ῆ]

φθινύθω, poet. for φθίνω, used only in pres. and impf.: I. intr. to waste away, decay. II.

trans. to consume, waste. [ῆ]

ΦΘΙΝΩ, common form of φθίω. [ῆ]

φθίομαι, Ep. for φθίωμαι, aor. 2 pass. subj.

Φθίος, α, ον, (Φθία) Phtbian; οἱ Φθίοι, the Phtbians.

φθίσεσθαι [ῆ], fut. med. inf. of φθίνω.

φθισ-ἄνωγος, ος, ὄν, (φθίνω, ἀνήρ) man-destroying, destructive, deadly, fatal.

φθίσαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω, φθίω.

φθισίω-βροτος, ον, (φθίνω, βρότος) man-destroying.

φθίσις, εως, ἦ, (φθίνω) of persons, consumption, decline, decay, Lat. tabes. 2. generally, a dwindling or wasting away, decay, waning. [ῆ]

φθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φθίω; but, 2.

φθίτο [ῆ], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. indic.

φθιτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθίω, wasted, decayed, dead; οἱ φθιτοὶ the dead.

ΦΘΙΩ, impf. ἐφθιον, more common in form ΦΘΙΩΝΩ [ῆ Hom., ῖ Att.]: fut. φθίσομαι [ῆ]: pf. pass. (in same sense as act.) ἐφθίμαι; plpf. ἐφθίμην [ῆ]:

—but ἐφθίμην is more commonly Ep. aor. 2 pass., 3 pl. ἐφθιατο; subj. φθίωμαι Ep. φθίωμαι, 3 sing. φθίεται (for φθίηται), I pl. φθίωμεσθαι (for φθίωμεθα); opt. φθίμην, φθίω, φθίτο; inf. φθίσαι; part. φθίμενος [ῆ]:—to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste away, perish, die; οἱ φθίμενοι the dead: of Time, πρὶν κεν νδὲ φθίτο first would the night come to an end; φθίνουσιν νύκτες the nights wane; μηνῶν φθίνοντων in the moon's wane, i. e. towards the month's end: in Homer's time, the month was divided into two parts, μὴν ἱστάμενος and μὴν φθίνων, as in phrase, τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἱσταμένου both at the waning of the month, and at its beginning; at Athens the month was divided into 3 decads, μὴν ἱστάμενος, μὴν μεσῶν, μὴν φθίνων; in the two first of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, wither, die.

II. Causal in fut. φθίσω [ῆ], aor. I act. ἐφθίσαι (like βήσαι, ἐβησαι):—to make to decline, decay or pine away, to consume: also of money, etc., to waste, squander.

Φθιώτις, ον, ὄν, (Φθία) a man of Phtbia:—fem. Φθιώτις, ἴδος (sub. γῆ), the land of Phtbia.

φθογγή, ἦ, (φθέγγομαι) like φθόγγος, the voice of men: also the cry of animals.

φθογγός, ὁ, (φθέγγομαι) *the voice of men*: also *the cry of animals*: generally, *a sound*.

ΦΘΟΓΓΙΣ, ἴος, ὁ, nom. pl. φθοίς, *a kind of cake*.

φθονερός, ἄ, ὄν, (φθόνος) *envious, jealous*; τὸ θεῖον πᾶν ἐστὶ φθονερόν *the gods are altogether jealous*. Adv. φθονερώς ἔχειν *to be enviously disposed*.

φθονέω, f. ἦσσι: aor. I ἐφθόνησα, in late Poets ἐφθόνησα: Pass., aor. I ἐφθονήθη: (φθόνος):—*to be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or ill-will*: c. dat. pers., φθονεῖν τινι ἐν πρήσσοντι *to envy a man in a state of prosperity*: absol., μὴ φθονήσῃς *bear no malice*, Lat. *ne graveris*: also c. gen. rei, οὗ τοι ἡμίονων φθονέω *I bear thee no grudge for the mules*.

2. c. acc. rei, *to grudge, refuse or withhold through envy or jealousy*. 3. c. inf., οὐκ ἂν φθονέοιμι ἀγορεύσει *I will not grudge to tell*; ἐφθόνησαν ἄνδρα ἓνα τῆς τε Ἀσίας καὶ τῆς Εὐρώπης βασιλεύσαι *they were jealous that one man should be king both of Asia and Europe*. 4. Pass. φθονοῦμαι, *to be envied or begrudged*, Lat. *invidetur* (in Horace). Hence φθόνος, εἰς, ἦ, *an envying, a being jealous or grudging*: *envy*.

ΦΘΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *ill-will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of another*: also *an envying, a grudge, malice*, Lat. *invidia*; οὐδεὶς φθόνος *there is no grudging*, i. e. I am willing: c. gen. rei, *envy for or because of a thing*—φθόνος *jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase τὸν φθόνον πρόσσυσον, intreat, i. e. disarm, their envy*.

φθορά Ion. φθορή, ἦ, (ἐφθορα) *corruption, decay, destruction, ruin*: also *a mortality, perdition, death*. 2. *seduction of a woman*. II. *moral corruption, depravity, wickedness*.

φθόρος, ὁ, = φθορά, *destruction, ruin, perdition*: hence, οὐκ ἐς φθόρον [sc. ἀπει]; as a curse, like Lat. *abi in malam rem, wilt thou not go to ruin?* i. e. *go bang*. II. like ὄλεθρος, *a pestilent fellow*.

-φι, -φιν, in Ep. poetry a termin. of the dat. and of genit., both in sing. and plur.: hence as an adverbial termin., mostly of *place*.

ΦΙΑΛΗ [ᾶ], ἦ, *a flat shallow cup or bowl, esp. a drinking-bowl or bowl for libations*, Lat. *patena*: also *a funereal vase or urn*:—from its broad flat shape, Ἄρεος φιάλη *the bowl of Mars*, was a comic metaph. for *ἀσπίς a shield*.

φιάλω, f. φιάλῳ, *to take in hand, undertake, set about a thing*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φιάρος, ἄ, ὄν Ion. φιερός, ἦ, ὄν (πῖαρ) *sleek, plump*. φιβάλει Att. φιβάλει, αἰ, with or without ἰσχάδες, *a kind of early figs*, so called from Φίβαλις, *a district of Attica or Megaris*.

φιδίτιον, see φειδίτιον.

φιλ-άβουλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄβουλος) *wilfully thoughtless, wayward*.

φιλ-ἀγαθός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγαθός) *loving goodness*.

φιλ-ἀγλαός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγλαός) *loving splendour*.

φιλ-ἀγραυλός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγραυλός) *fond of a country life*. [ἄρ]

φιλ-ἀγρέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (φίλος, ἄγρα) *a lover of the chase*: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ἴδος, *a huntress*.

φιλ-ἄγρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρός) *fond of the country or of a country life*.

φιλ-ἀγρηνπος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρηνπος) *fond of waking or watching, wakeful*. [ἄρ]

φιλ-ἄγων, ἄνος, ὁ, ἦ, (φίλος, ἀγών) *fond of contests: used in contests*. [ᾶ]

φιλ-ἀδελφία, ἦ, *brotherly or sisterly love*. From φίλος-ἀδελφός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀδελφός) *fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly*. [ᾶ]

φιλ-ἄεθλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄεθλον) *fond of the games*.

φιλ-ἄθηναίος, ὄν, (φίλος, Ἀθηναίος) *fond of the Athenians*.

φίλα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of φιλέω.

φιλ-αίαικτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰάω) *fond of wailing: lamentable*.

φιλ-αἰδήμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (φίλος, αἰδᾶς) *loving modesty*.

φιλ-αἰμάτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἷμα) *fond of blood, blood-thirsty*.

φιλαίτερος, α, ὄν and φιλαίτατος, ἦ, ὄν, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of φίλος, *dearer, dearest*.

φιλ-αἰπίος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰρία) *fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censorious*. II. *liable to blame*.

φιλ-ἄκολουθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) *readily following*.

φιλ-ἄκρητος Ion -ἄκρητος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄκρατος) *fond of sheer wine: given to wine*. [ἄκρ]

φιλᾶμα, Dor. for φίλημα.

φιλάμενος, ποῖτ. aor. I med. part. of φιλέω, in pass. sense.

φιλ-ἄμπελος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄμπελος) *friend of the vine*.

φιλανδρία, ἦ, *love for a husband: love for men*. From φίλος-ἀνδρός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνῆρ) *loving one's husband, conjugal*. II. *loving men*. [ῖ]

φιλ-ανθήs, ἔς, (φίλος, ἀνθος) *fond of flowers*.

φιλ-ανθράκευς, ἔως, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀνθρακεύς) *friend of colliers*.

φιλανθρωπεύω, (φιλάνθρωπος) *to be a friend to mankind*: in Med. *φιλανθρωπεύομαι, to act humanely or kindly*.

φιλανθρωπία, ἦ, (φιλάνθρωπος) *love for mankind, humanity, benevolence, kindness, clemency*: in plur. *acts of humanity or kindness*.

φιλ-ἄνθρωπος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄνθρωπος) *loving mankind, humane, benevolent, kind*. Hence

φιλανθρώπως, Adv. *humanely, kindly*: Sup. -ότατα, *most humanely*.

φιλ-ἄνωρ [ᾶ], ὀρος, ὁ, ἦ, Dor. for φιλήνωρ, (φίλος, ἀνῆρ) *loving one's husband, affectionate*.

φιλ-αἰτός, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰτός) *fond of singing or singers*.

φίλαοιδῶ, Dor. gen. of φίλαοιδός.

φιλ-ἄπεχθημοσύνη, ἦ, *fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels*: in pl. *quarrelsome attempts*. From

φιλ-ἀπεχθήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (φίλος, ἀπεχθίνουμαι) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome, wrangling.* Adv. — *μόνος*.

φιλ-ἀπλοῦκός, ἡ, *όν*, (φίλος, ἀπλός) *fond of simplicity or frankness.*

φιλ-ἀπόδημος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀπόδημος) *fond of going abroad or travelling.*

φιλ-αργυρία, ἡ, *love of money, covetousness.* From φιλ-ἀργυρός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀργυρός) *fond of money, covetous, avaricious.*

φιλ-ἄριστειδής, *ον*, δ, (φίλος, ἄριστειδης) *a friend of Aristides.*

φιλ-ἄρματός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἄρμα) *fond of chariots or the chariot-race.*

φιλ-αρχία, ἡ, *love of rule, lust of power.* From φιλ-αρχος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀρχή) *fond of rule, ambitious.*

[φί]

φιλᾶσε, — *άσας*, Dor. for ἐφίλησε, φιλήσας.

φιλᾶσει, Dor. for φιλήσει, 3 sing. fut. of φιλέω.

φιλ-αστραγάλος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀστράγαλος) *fond of playing at dice.* [τρῆ]

φιλ-ἄσματος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἄσματος) *fond of profligacy.*

φιλᾶτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω. [ῖ]

φιλ-αυλός, *ον*, (φίλος, αὐλός) *fond of the flute.* [χ]

φιλ-αυτός, *ον*, (φίλος, αὐτοῦ) *fond of oneself, self-loving, selfish.* Adv. — *τως*. [τ]

φιλᾶσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φιλέω.

φιλ-ἔθειρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἔθειρα) *loving the hair, i.e. worn in the hair.*

φιλ-ἔλλην, *νος*, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, Ἑλλην) *fond of the Hellenes or Greeks.*

φιλ-ἐννυχός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐννυχός) *loving night.*

φιλᾶσαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. pl. of φιλέω.

φιλᾶντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of φιλέω: but also pres. part. dat. sing.

φιλ-ἑορτός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἑορτή) *fond of feasts or holidays.*

φιλ-ἐπιτίμητής, *οὔ*, δ, (φίλος, ἐπιτιμάω) *fond of fault-finding: a censorious person.*

φιλ-εραστής, *οὔ*, δ, (φίλος, ἐραστής) *dear to lovers.*

φιλ-εργία, ἡ, *love of labour, industry.* From φιλ-εργός, *όν*, (φίλος, ἐργον) *loving work, working willingly, industrious.*

φιλ-ἐρίθος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐρίθος) *fond of wool-spinning.*

φιλ-ερός, *ωτος*, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, ἐρός) *prone to love, full of love.* [γ]

φιλ-ἑσπερος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἑσπέρα) *fond of evening.*

φιλ-ἑταιρία, ἡ, *love of comrades, friendship.* From φιλ-ἑταῖρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἑταῖρος) *fond of one's comrades or friends, true to them.* Adv. — *πως*.

φιλ-εὔσιος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὔσιος) *loving the cry of εὔσιος*, epith. of Bacchus.

φιλ-εὐ-λεχός, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐ, λέιχω) *fond of dainties.*

φιλ-εὔσιος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐνή) *fond of the bed, esp. the marriage-bed.* [γ]

φιλᾶντα, φιλᾶντι, φιλᾶσα, Dor. for φιλοῦντα, φιλοῦντι, φιλοῦσα, forms of the pres. part. of φιλέω.

φιλ-εὐτακτός, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐτακτός) *fond of order.*

φιλ-ἐφήβος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐφηβος) *fond of youths.*

φιλ-εχθός, ἔς, gen. ἑος, (φίλος, ἐχθός) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome.*

φιλᾶω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφίλησα: pf. πεφίληκα: Med. Ep. aor. I ἐφιλᾶμην in 3 sing. ἐφίλατο, φίλατο; imperat. φίλαι; 3 plur. subj. φίλωνται. part. φιλάμενος in pass. sense, *beloved*; also fut. φιλήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., paullo-p. fut. πεφίλησομαι: aor. I ἐφιλῆθην: pf. πεφίλημαι: (φίλος): — *to love*: Pass. *to be beloved* by one From the general sense of *loving* came various special meanings, as, *to treat affectionately or kindly, to welcome, to befriend*; παρ' ἄμμι φιλήσεια *thou shalt be welcome* with us. 2.

to shew signs of love, esp. to kiss; φιλεῖν τῶ στόματι *to kiss on the mouth*: — Med. *to kiss one another.* 3.

to like, be fond of, practise. II. c. inf., like Lat. amo, *to be fond of doing, be wont, use to do*: impers., φιλεῖ γίγνεσθαι *it is wont to happen, usually, happens*: absol., οἷα δὲ φιλεῖς *as is wont, Lat. ut solet.* [χ, except in Ep. aor. ἐφιλᾶμην.]

φιλη, ἡ, fem. of φίλος, *a mistress.* [χ]

φιληδέω, *to love pleasure, find delight in a thing*, c. dat. From

φιλ-ῆδής, ἔς, (φίλος, ἦδος) *loving pleasure.* Hence φιλῆδία, ἡ, (φιληδέω) *fondness for pleasure, delight.*

φιλ-ῆδονός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἦδονή) *fond of pleasure.* 2. *causing pleasure.*

φιλῆκοῖα, ἡ, *fondness for listening, attentiveness.* From

φιλ-ἠκοός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἠκοή) *fond of listening: fond of bearing discussions.*

φιλ-ἠλάκατος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἠλακάτη) *fond of the spindle.* [ᾷ]

φιλ-ἠλαστής, *οὔ*, δ, (φίλος, ἠλαστής) *one who delights in trials, esp. as a jurymen in the court Heliaca.*

φίλημα, *ατος*, τό, (φιλέω) *a kiss.* [τ]

φιλῆματιον, τό, Dim. of φίλημα, *a little kiss.*

φιλῆμναι, Ep. pres. inf. of φιλέω.

φίλημι, Aeol. for φιλέω. [τ]

φιλῆμοσύνη, ἡ, (φιλέω) *friendliness.*

φιλῆνσιος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἦνσιος) *obeying the rein, tractable.*

φιλ-ἦρεμος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἦρεμος) *loving the oar, fond of the sea.*

φίλησα, Ep. for ἐφίλησα, aor. I of φιλέω. [γ]

φιλῆσέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of φιλέω.

φιλῆσι-μολπος, *ον*, (φίλος, μολπή) = φιλόμολπος.

φιλῆσεν, verb. Adj. of φιλέω, *one must love.*

φιλῆτωρ, *ορος*, δ, = φιλῆτής, *a lover.*

φιλία Ion. φιλῆ, ἡ, (φιλέω) *love, affection, friendship*, Lat. *amicitia*; *φιλία ἢ ἐμῆ, ἢ σῆ, friendship* for me, for thee.

φιλικός, ἡ, *όν*, (φίλος) *of or for a friend, friendly, affectionate*; *φιλικά proofs or marks of friendship.* Adv. — *πως*, in a kind, friendly way: Comp. *φιλικώτερον*; Sup. — *ώτατα*.

φίλιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (φίλος) *of or from a friend, friendly, kindly*: opp. *to πολέμιος, friendly, in alliance with one*: ἡ φιλία (sc. χώρα) *a friendly*

country, opp. to ἡ πολεμία. 2. Ζεὺς φίλιος, Jove as god of friendship. II. beloved, dear. Adv. φίλιως, in a friendly way. [φί]

Φιλίππειος, α, ον, of Philíp.

Φιλίππειος, ον, (Φιλίπποι) of or from Philípri: as Subst. a Philíppian.

Φιλίππειος, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (Φιλίππος) to be on Philíp's side or party, to Philíppize.

Φιλίπποι, αἱ, a town in Thrace.

Φίλιππος, ον, (φίλος, ἵππος) fond of horses: Sup. φιλιππότατος. II. as masc. pr. n., Philíp. [φί]

φιλίτιον, τό, (φίλος) = φειδίτιον.

φίλιων, ον, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of φίλος, dearer.

φιλίως, Adv. of φίλιος, in a friendly manner.

φίλο-βάκχος, ον, (φίλος, Βάκχος) leaving Bacchus or wine.

φίλο-γαῖης, ἐς, Dor. for φιλογηθῆς.

φίλο-γαίος, ον, (φίλος, γαῖα) loving the earth.

φίλο-γάμος, ον, (φίλος, γάμος) longing for marriage.

φίλο-γαστροῖδας, ον, δ, (φίλος, γαστήρ) fond of one's belly.

φίλο-γέλοιος, ον, (φίλος, γέλοιος) fond of the ludicrous, loving a joke.

φίλο-γελως, ατος, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, γέλω) laughter-loving.

φίλο-γεωργία, ἡ, fondness for farming or for a country life. From

φίλο-γεωργός, ὄν, (φίλος, γεωργός) fond of farming or of a country life.

φίλο-γηθῆς Dor. -γαῖης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, γῆθος) loving mirth, mirthful, cheerful.

φίλο-δαφνος, ον, (φίλος, δάφνη) loving the laurel.

φίλο-δένδρος, ον, (φίλος, δένδρον) fond of trees.

φίλο-δέσποτος, ον, (φίλος, δεσπότης) loving one's lord or master: of slaves, attached, submissive.

φίλο-δημος, ον, (φίλος, δῆμος) befriending the commons or people, the commons' friend.

φίλο-δικέω, f. ἦσω, to be fond of law, litigious. From

φίλο-δικός, ον, (φίλος, δίκη) fond of lawsuits: litigious.

φίλο-οδίτης, ον, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὁδῆτης) a friend of travellers. [ί]

φίλο-δοξος, ον, (φίλος, δόξα) loving honour or glory.

φίλο-δουπος, (φίλος, δούπος) loving noise.

φίλο-δύρτος, ον, (φίλος, ὑδύρτος) fond of lamenting, indulging sorrow, melancholy.

φίλο-δώρος, ον, (φίλος, δῶρον) fond of giving, bountiful. Adv. -ρως.

φίλο-εργός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἔργον) fond of work, industrious.

φίλο-ξέφυρος, ον, (φίλος, Ζέφυρος) loving the west-wind.

φίλο-ζωος, ον, (φίλος, ζωή) fond of one's life, cowardly. II. (φίλος, ζῶον) fond of animals.

φίλο-θεάμων [α], ον, (φίλος, θεάομαι) fond of seeing, fond of spectacles or shows.

φίλο-θεός, ον, (φίλος, θεός) loving God, pious, devout.

φίλοθηρία, ἡ, love of hunting, love of the chase. From

φίλο-θηρος, ον, (φίλος, θήρα) fond of hunting.

φίλο-θουκυδίδης, ον, δ, (φίλος, Θουκυδίδης) fond of Thucydides.

φίλο-θρηγῆς, ἐς, (φίλος, θρήνος) fond of wailing or lamentation.

φίλο-θύτης, ον, δ, (φίλος, θύω) one fond of sacrificing, a zealous worshipper. [v]

φίλο-θύτος, ον, (φίλος, θύω) fond of sacrificing; φιλόθυτα ἔργα sacrifices offered with zeal.

φίλο-οικόδομος, ον, (φίλος, οικόδομος) fond of building.

φίλο-οικτίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, οικτείρω) prone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μῶνος.

φίλο-οικτιστος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκτίω) = φίλοικτος.

φίλο-οικτος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκτος) fond of compassionate, fond of lamentation: piteous. [ί]

φίλοινία, ἡ, love, fondness of wine. From

φίλο-οίνος, ον, (φίλος, οἶνος) fond of wine.

φίλο-οίφης, ον, δ, (φίλος, οἰφάω) a lewd fellow.

φίλοκαλῶ, f. ἦσω, to be a lover of the beautiful, to indulge a taste for refinement. From

φίλο-κάλος, ον, (φίλος, καλός) loving the beautiful, loving beauty and goodness: fond of refinement and elegance. II. also fond of honour, seeking honour.

φίλο-καμπῆς, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, καμπή) easily bent, pliant, lithe.

φίλο-καρποφόρος, ον, (φίλος, καρποφόρος) bearing fruit abundantly.

φίλοκερδεια, ἡ, (φίλοκερδῆς) love of gain.

φίλοκερδέω, f. ἦσω, to be greedy of gain. From

φίλο-κερδῆς, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, κέρδος) loving gain, greedy of gain.

φίλο-κέρτομος, ον, (φίλος, κέρτομος) fond of jeering or mocking.

φίλο-κηδεμών, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, (φίλος, κηδεμῶν) fond of one's relatives or connections.

φίλο-κίνδυνος, ον, (φίλος, κίνδυνος) fond of danger, venturesome, enterprising, bold. Adv. -ρως, venturesomely, in an enterprising way.

φίλο-κισσοφόρος, ον, (φίλος, κισσοφόρος) fond of wearing ivy.

φίλο-κνίσος, ον, (φίλος, κνίω) fond of pinching.

φίλο-κοινος, ον, (φίλος, κοινός) fond of what is common.

φίλο-κρημνος, ον, (φίλος, κρημνός) loving steep rocks, crag-loving.

φίλο-κρινέω, f. ἦσω, (φίλος, κρίνω) to pick and choose as friends.

φίλο-κρόταλος, ον, (φίλος, κρόταλον) loving a rattle or din.

φίλο-κρῆτος, ον, (φίλος, κρότος) loving noise or din.

φίλο-κτέανος, ον, (φίλος, κτέανον) = φιλοκτημῶν. loving possessions, greedy of gain, covetous: Sup. φιλοκτηματοτάτος, most covetous, most grasping.

φίλο-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, κτῆμα) = φιλοκτέανος.

φίλο-κύβος, ον, (φίλος, κύβος) fond of dice or gambling.

φιλο-κυδής, ἐς, gen. έος, (φίλος, κύδος) *loving splendour, joyous, brilliant.*

φιλο-κύνηγέτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, κυνηγέτης) *a lover of hunting or the chase.*

φιλό-κωμος, ον, (φίλος, κῶμος) *fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry.*

φιλο-λάκων, ονος, δ, (φίλος, Λάκων) *fond of the Lacedaemonians.* [α]

φιλο-λήτος, ον, ποët. for φιλόλειος, (φίλος, λήη, λέια) *loving booty.*

φιλό-λιχνος, ον, (φίλος, λίχνος) *loving dainties.*

φιλολογία, ή, *love of discussion, love of learning and literature: the study of language and history.* From φιλό-λογος, ον, (φίλος, λέγω) *fond of words, wordy.*

II. *fond of dissertation; fond of learning and literature, Lat. studiosus:—as Subst., φιλό-λογος, δ, a student of language and history, a learned man.*

φιλο-λοιδωρος, ον, (φίλος, λοιδωρος) *fond of reviling, abusive.*

φιλομάθεια, ή, *love of knowledge.* [μᾶ] From φιλο-μαθής, ἐς, gen. έος, (φίλος, μαθείν) *fond of learning, loving knowledge.* Adv. —θῶς.

φιλό-μαντις, εως, δ, (φίλος, μάντις) *loving soothsayers or soothsaying.*

φιλο-μαστός, ον, (φίλος, μαστός) *loving the breast.*

φιλομαχέω, f. ήσω, *to be fond of fighting, eager to fight.* From

φιλό-μάχος, ον, (φίλος, μάχη) *loving fighting, warlike.*

φιλό-ὄμβριος and φίλο-ὄμβρος, ον, (φίλος, ὄμβρος) *rain-loving.*

φιλομήλα Ion. —λη, ή, *the nightingale*, so called, because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence

φιλομήλειος, α, ον, of, *belonging to the nightingale.*

φιλο-μήτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (φίλος, μήτηρ) *loving one's mother.*

φιλομ-μειδής, ἐς, ποët. for φιλομειδής, (φίλος, μειδάω) *laughter-loving, epith. of Venus.*

φιλό-μολπος, ον, (φίλος, μολπή) *loving the dance and song.*

φιλομουσέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόμουσος) *to love the Muses.*

φιλομουσία, ή, (φιλομουσέω) *love of the Muses.*

φιλό-μουσος, ον, (φίλος, Μούσα) *loving the Muses, loving music and the arts: refined, learned.*

φιλό-μῦθος, ον, (φίλος, μῦθος) *fond of fables.*

φιλό-μωμος, ον, (φίλος, μῶμος) *given to find fault, censorious.*

φιλό-μωσος, Dor. for φιλόμουσος.

φιλο-ναύτης, ου, δ, (φίλος, ναύτης) *loving sailors.*

φιλονακεία, f. ήσω, (φιλοναικός) *to be fond of dispute, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τὰ χείρω φιλονακείν to choose the worse part out of obstinacy.* Hence

φιλονακία, ή, *love of strife, contentiousness, rivalry, party-spirit, pertinacity, obstinacy.*

φιλό-νεικος, ον, (φίλος, νέικος) *fond of strife, contentious, pertinacious, obstinate.*

φιλονυκεία, f. ήσω, (φιλονυικός) *to strive for victory.*

Hence

φιλονυκτέον, verb. Adj. *one must strive for victory.*

φιλό-νίκος, ον, (φίλος, νίκη) *striving for victory.*

φιλο-νύμφιος, ον, (φίλος, νύμφιος) *loving the bridegroom or bride.*

φιλό-ξενος, ον, ποët. for φιλόξενος.

φιλό-ξενος ποët. —ξενος, ον, (φίλος, ξένος) *loving strangers, hospitable.* Adv. —ως, *hospitably.*

φιλό-οιος, ον, ποët. for φίλοιος.

φιλο-παίγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, παίγμα) *fond of play or sport, playful, sportive.*

φιλό-παῖς, —παῖδος, δ, ή, (φίλος, παῖς) *loving one's children, loving boys.*

φιλο-πατρία, (φίλος, πατρίς) *love of one's country.* 2. (φίλος, πατήρ) *love of one's father.*

φιλό-πάτρις, ιδος, ή, acc. —πάτριν, (φίλος, πατρίς) *loving one's country.*

φιλο-πάτωρ, ορος, δ, ή, (φίλος, πατήρ) *loving one's father.*

φιλό-πλεκτος, ον, (φίλος, πλέκω) *constantly braided.*

φιλό-πλος, ον contr. —πλους, ουν, (φίλος, πλύος) *fond of sailing.*

φιλό-όπλος, ον, (φίλος, ὄπλον) *loving arms or war.*

φιλοπλουτία, ή, *love of riches.* From

φιλό-πλουτος, ον, (φίλος, πλούτος) *loving or seeking riches: φιλοπλουτος ἄλλα the race for wealth.*

φιλο-ποίμνος, ον, (φίλος, ποιμήν) *loving the flock.*

φιλο-πόλεμος ποët. φιλοπολέμος, ον, (φίλος, πόλεμος) *fond of war, warlike.* Adv. —μως.

φιλό-πολις, εως and ιδος, Ion. ιος, δ, ή: acc. —ιν: ποët. also φιλόπολις: (φίλος, πόλις):—*loving one's city, state or country: as Subst., φιλόπολις, δ, a patriot:*

φιλόπολις ἀρετή or τὸ φιλόπολις patriotism:—at Athens, φιλόπατρις was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολις of one who was devoted to his own state.

φιλοπονέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόπονος) *to love labour, work hard, be diligent; τὸ φιλοπονείν, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry.*

φιλοπονηρία, ή, *love of bad men.* From

φιλο-πόνηρος, ον, (φίλος, πονηρός) *fond of bad men.*

φιλοπονία, ή, (φιλοπονέω) *love of labour, patient industry.*

φιλό-πονος, ον, (φίλος, πόνος) *loving labour, diligent, industrious.* II. of things, *toilsome, laborious.*

Adv. —ως, *laboriously:* Comp. —νώτερον; Sup. —νώτατα.

φιλοποσία, ή, *love of drinking, drunkenness, Lat. vinolentia.* From

φιλο-πόσις, ου, δ, (φίλος, ΠΟ—Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a lover of drinking, a toper, Lat. vinolentus.*

φιλοπραγμοσύνη, ή, *a restless, meddling disposition, officious interference, meddlesomeness.* From

φιλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, πρᾶγμα) *fond*

of business, meddling, officious: as Subst., φιλοπρά-
γμαν, ὁ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv.—μόνος.
φιλοπροσηγορία, ἡ, easiness of address, affability,
courtesy. From

φιλο-προσῆγορος, ον, (φίλος, προσῆγορος) easy of
address, affable.

φιλο-πρωτεύω, f. σω, (φίλος, πρωτεύω) to strive to
be first or in the front rank.

φιλο-πτόλεμος, ον, ποῖτ. for φιλοπύλεμος.

φιλό-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, ποῖτ. for φιλόπολις.

φιλό-πυρος, ον, (φίλος, πυρός) loving wheat.

φιλο-οπωριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὄπῳρα) a lover of
autumn fruits.

φιλο-ὄργιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄργια) fond of orgies.

φιλο-ὀρθιος, ον, (φίλος, ὀρθιος) loving what is right.

φιλο-ὀρμίστρια, ἡ, (φίλος, ὀρμίζω) she who loves
the barbour.

φιλο-ὀρνιθία, ἡ, fondness of birds. From

φιλορῖνος, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὀρνις) fond of birds:
sheltering, barbouring birds.

φιλο-ῥῶξ, ὦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ῥῶξ) loving or bearing
grapes.

φιλο-ῥτυξ, ὦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ῥτυξ) fond of quails.

ΦΙΛΑΟΣ, η, ον; vocat. φίλε, sometimes even with
neut. nouns, as φίλε τέκνον:—loved, beloved, dear,
Lat. amicus, carus. 2. as Subst., φίλος, ὁ, φίλη, ἡ,

Lat. amicus, amica, a friend; ὁ Διὸς φίλος the friend
of Jove: in addressing others, ὦ φίλος, ὦ φίλε, ὦ
φίλοι, O friend, O friends: οἱ φίλοι friends, kins-
men, one's kith and kin; κοινὰ τὰ τῶν φίλων friends
have all in common. 3. of things, dear, pleasing;

φίλον ἐστὶ μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat.
cordi est. 4. Homer and other Poets use φίλος for

the possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart,
limbs, etc., as, φίλον ἦτορ, φίλα γυῖα, γούνατα, φίλος
θυμός, ἄλοχος, τέκνα etc.; even when no affection is
implied in it, as, μητρὶ φίλη Ἀλθαίη χυόμενος κῆρ
enraged in heart with his mother Althaea: also to
denote possession or custom, φίλα εἴματα their own
garments; φίλος πόνος their wanted labour. II.

In Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλιος, loving,
friendly, fond: kindly, kind; φίλα φρονεῖν to feel
kindly; φίλα ποιεῖσθαι τινα to do one a kindness.

φίλος has several forms of Comparison: 1.
Comp. φίλιων, ον: Sup. φίλιστος, η, ον, 2. Comp.
φίλτερος: Sup. φίλτατος. 3. Comp. φιλαίτερος,
Sup. φιλαίτατος.

φιλό-σίτος, ον, (φίλος, σίτος) fond of corn, agri-
cultural. II. generally, fond of food or eating.

φιλό-σκηπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκῆπτρον) sceptered.

φιλο-σκήπων, ἄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σκήπων) loving or
carrying a staff.

φιλο-σκόπελος, ον, (φίλος, σκόπελος) loving or
baunting the rocks.

φιλο-σκώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, σκῶμμα) loving
a jest.

φιλοσοφέω, f. ἦσω: pf. πεφιλοσόφηκα: (φιλοσο-
φος):—to be a lover of knowledge, seek to become

wise, to seek after knowledge, study hard, Lat. philo-
sophari. II. c. acc. rei, to discuss or examine a

subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically,
Lat. meditari; φιλοσοφίαν φιλοσοφεῖν to seek out a
philosophic system. 2. generally, to study, work
at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφῆτέον, verb. Adj. one must pursue wisdom.
φιλοσοφία, ἡ, (φιλοσοφῶ) love of knowledge and
wisdom, fondness for studious pursuits. 2. the

systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investiga-
tion, Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy, Lat. philosophia
or sapientia.

φιλό-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom or
knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called him-
self φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφός a sage:
hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgar
(οἱ πολλοί) 2. as Subst., φιλόσοφος, ὁ, one who
professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one
who discusses subjects scientifically. II. philo-
sophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφως, Adv. philosophically.

φιλο-σπηλυξ, υγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σπηλυξ) fond
of dwelling in grottoes.

φιλό-σπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drink-
offerings or libations, employed in libations.

φιλό-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal,
zealous.

φιλο-στέφανος, ον, (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns,
wreathed, garlanded.

φιλό-στονος, ον, (φίλος, στόνος) loving sighs or
groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv.—ως.

φιλοστοργία, ἡ, tender love, warm affection. From

φιλό-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly,
affectionate, esp. of natural affection. Adv.—γῶς.

φιλο-στρατώτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, στρατώτης) the
soldier's friend.

φιλο-σώματος, ον, (φίλος, σῶμα) loving, indulging
the body; sensual.

φιλοτάσιος [ᾱ], α, ον, Dor. for φιλοτήσιος.

φιλό-τεκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) loving one's children
or offspring.

φιλοτεχνέω, f. ἦσω, to love art, practise an art. From

φιλό-τεχνος, ον, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, inge-
nious: of things, curious.

φιλότης, ητος, ἡ, (φίλος) friendship, love, affection:
also of friendship between nations.

φιλοτήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φιλότης) of friend-
ship or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια
ἔργα works of love. II. ἡ φιλοτήσια κύλιξ, or

absol. ἡ φιλοτήσια (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to
friendship, the loving-cup; φιλοτήσιαν λαβεῖν to have
one's health drunk; φιλοτήσιαν προπίνειν to drink a
health.

φιλοτιμέομαι: fut. med. ἦσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλο-
τιμησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοτιμήθην: pf. πεφιλοτιμη-
μαι: Dep.: (φιλότιμος):—to love honour or distinc-
tion; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's
fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

φιλοτιμῆσθαι τι *οὐ πρὸς τι* to be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμῆσθαι πρὸς τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him. 3. c. inf. to strive emulously, endeavour earnestly, aspire to do a thing; οὐ πάνυ ἂν φιλοτιμηθεῖεν φίλω σοι χρῆσθαι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.

φιλοτιμία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (φιλοτιμέομαι) love of honour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry; hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing; in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy. 2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality. II. a coveted object, honour, distinction.

φιλό-τιμος, *ον*, (φίλος, τιμή) loving honour, ambitious: zealous, emulous. Adv. -μως, emulously. II. pass. much-honoured.

φιλοτάριον, τό, poet. for φιλοτάριον, Dim. of φιλότης, a little pet, darling.

φιλό-φθογγος, *ον*, (φίλος, φθογγή) noise-loving.

φιλό-φίλος, *ον*, loving one's friends.

φιλό-φόρμιγξ, *ιγγος*, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φόρμιγξ) loving the lyre, accompanying it.

φιλό-φρονεομαι: f. med. ἤσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοφρονήσάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθην: (φιλόφρων)—to treat or deal with affectionately, to shew kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονήθηναι, to shew kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, = φιλοφρονήσασθαι ἀλλήλους. II. absol. to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.

φιλοφρονέστερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of φιλόφρων.

φιλόφροσύνη, ἡ, (φιλόφρων) friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindness: friendly greeting, welcome. II. cheerfulness, gaiety.

φιλοφρόσυνος, *η, ον*, = φιλόφρων.

φιλό-φρων, *ονος*, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φρήν) kindly minded or affectioned, friendly, kindly. Adv. -φρόνως, kindly, affectionately, cheerfully.

φιλο-χορευτής, *ου, ὁ*, (φίλος, χορεύω) friend of the choral dance.

φιλό-χορος, *ον*, (φίλος, χορός) loving the choir or choral dance, epith. of Pan.

φιλοχρημάτew, *η, ἡσω*, (φιλοχρήματος) to love money, be covetous. Hence

φιλοχρημάτια, ἡ, love of money, covetousness.

φιλο-χρημάτος, *ον*, (φίλος, χρήματα) loving money, fond of money, covetous. Adv. -τως.

φιλό-χρηστος, *ον*, (φίλος, χρηστός) loving goodness, fairness or honesty.

φιλό-χριστος, *ον*, (φίλος, Χριστός) loving Christ.

φιλό-χρῆστος, *ον*, (φίλος, χρῆστος) greedy of gold.

φιλοχρῆw, *η, ἡσω*, (φιλόχρητος) to be fond of a place or country, to haunt a particular spot. Hence

φιλοχρηρία, ἡ, fondness for a place, attachment to a particular spot or haunt.

φιλό-χωρος, *ον*, (φίλος, χώρα) fond of a place.

φιλο-ψευδής, *ές*, gen. *έος*, (φίλος, ψεύδος) fond of lies or lying.

φιλό-ψογος, *ον*, (φίλος, ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

φιλοψύχew, (φιλόψυχος) to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fainthearted. Hence

φιλοψυχία Ion. -τή, ἡ, excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness.

φιλό-ψυχος, *ον*, (φίλος, ψυχή) loving one's life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted. Adv. -χως.

φιλό-τατος, *η, ον*, irreg. Sup. of φίλος, dearest, most loved, best beloved.

φιλό-τερος, *α, ον*, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, dearer, more or better loved.

φιλότρον, τό, (φιλέω) a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespear's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλατρα τόλμης spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον. II. in plur. charms, loveliness.

φιλό-υβριστής, *ου, ὁ*, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) one given to wanton violence.

φιλό-υδρηλος, *ον*, (φίλος, ὑδρηλός) abounding in moisture.

φιλό-υμνος, *ον*, (φίλος, ὕμνος) loving song. [ἴ]

φιλό-υπνος, *ον*, (φίλος, ὕπνος) loving sleep. [ἴ]

ΦΙΛΑΤΡΑ Ion. φιλήρη, ἡ, the lime or linden tree, Lat. *tilia*. II. the bass underneath its bark, Lat. *philyra*, used to tie up flowers, etc. [ἴ]

φιλό-υρίνος, *η, ον*, (φιλήρα) of the lime or linden tree, light as linden wood. [ἴ]

φιλό-ωδός, *ον*, (φίλος, ᾠδή) fond of singing or song.

φιλό-ωρείτης, *ου, ὁ*, (φίλος, ὄρος) a lover of mountains.

φίλος, Adv. of φίλος, in friendly manner, in a pleasing way, kindly. [ἴ]

ΦΙΜΟΣ, ὁ, with irreg. neut. pl. φίμα, τά, any instrument for keeping the mouth closed, a muzzle for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. *capitrum*, *fiscella*. II. the nose-band of a horse's bridle, to which pipes and bells were sometimes attached. III. a kind of cup, used as a dice-box, Lat. *fritillus*. Hence

φιμόw, *η, ὡσω*: aor. I pass. ἐφιμάθην: pf. πεφίμαμαι:—to muzzle, gag, shut up as with a muzzle; φιμούv τῷ ἔιλw τὸν ἀνύχew to make fast his neck in the pillory: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silence; Pass., φιμώθητι be thou silent; πεφίμισσο be still.

ΦΙΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log; generally, a piece of wood.

φίτw, τό, poet. contr. for φίτwμα, as δῶ for δῶμα.

φίτwμα, *ατος, τό*, (φίτw) a shoot, scion: metaph. a son, scion.

φίτw-ποιμήν, *ένος, ὁ*, (φίτw, ποιμήν) a tender of plants, gardener.

φίτwσει, Ep. 2 sing. fut. med. of φίτw.

φίτwς, *η, ὡσω* [ἴ]: aor. I ἐφίτwσα: (φίτw) = φwτεύω, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.

*φλάζw, *ατος*, 2 ἐφλαδον, (φλάw) to be broken or rent asunder with a noise.

φλασῶ, Dor. for φλάσw, fut. of φλάw.

πλαττόθρατ and πλαττοθραττοπλαττόθρατ, Comic words in Aristophanes, meant to ridicule sound without sense.

φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. for φαυλίζω. From φλαῦρος, a, ov, collat. form of φαῦλος, preferred by Ion. writers.

φλαυρότης, ητος, ἦ, = φαυλότης.
φλαυρ-οὔργος, ov, (φλαῦρος, ἔργον) working badly: φλαυροὔργος, a, a sorry workman.

φλαῦρος, Adv. of φλαῦρος, badly, meanly; φλαῦρος ἔχειν τῆν τέχνην to know an art indifferently well; φλαῦρος ἀκούειν, Lat. male audire, to be ill spoken of.

ΦΛΑΪΩ, 3 sing. impf. ἔφλα: f. φλάσω [ᾶ] Dor. φλάω: aor. I ἐφλάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐφλάσθη: pf. πέφλασμα:—collat. form of θλάω, to crush, bruise, pound: hence to hurt, wound. II. in Att. Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλεγέω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres.:—transit. to burn, scorch, burn up:—Pass. to be burnt. II. intr. to blaze, blaze up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, ατος, τό, (φλέγω) a flame, fire, beat. II. as Medic. term, inflammation, beat. 2. pblegm, Lat. pituita.

φλεγμαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐφλεγμάνα and ἐφλεγμη-γα: (φλέγμα):—to be heated, inflamed, to fester.

Φλέγρα, ας, ἡ, Pblegra; Φλέγρας πεδίων a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire; here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods: also in plur. Φλέγραι, as name of a place exposed to volcanic agency.

Φλεγραιός, a, ov, (Φλέγρα) of Pblegra, Pblegraean. φλεγῦρός, á, óν, (φλέγω) like φλογερός, burning, scorching: metaph. bot, ardent.

φλεγυάς, ov, ó, (φλέγω) a kind of vulture or eagle, so called from being flame-coloured.

ΦΛΕΪΤΩ, fut. φλέω: aor. I ἐφλεξα:—trans. to burn, scorch: Pass. to become hot, blaze up. 2. metaph. to kindle, inflame, Lat. urere: Pass., like Lat. uri, to be inflamed, burn, glow. 3. metaph., also c. acc. rei, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal, to make to flash; φλέγειν βέλος to hurl a flaming bolt:—metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat. illustrare:—Pass. to be or become renowned or famous. II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. 2. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth, become famous.

φλέδων, ovos, and φλεδών, ὠνος, ó, (φλέω) an idle talker, babbler.

ΦΛΕΪΣ, εως, ἡ, name of an unknown bird. φλέψ, ἡ, gen. φλεβός, (φλέω) a vein: metaph. any vein or channel: a vein of metal: a spring of water. ΦΛΕΪΩ, to gush, teem, overflow.

φλέως, ω, ó, Att. for the Ion. φλοῦς, a kind of rush or reed.

φληνάφω, f. ἦσω, to chatter, babble, drivel. From φληνάφος, ó, (φλέω) idle talk, babble, chatter.

ΦΛΙΑΪ, ἡ, in plur. φλιαί, the doorposts, jambs. φλίβω, f. ψω, Aeol. and Ion. for θλίβω. [ἦ]

φλόγος, a, ov, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, flashing. φλογυρός, á, óν, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, gleaming. φλογίζω, f. ἴσω, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, kindle, scorch: metaph. to inflame:—Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγινος, η, ov, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, burning. φλογιστός, ἡ, óν, verb. Adj. of φλογίζω, burnt, set on fire.

φλογμός, ó, (φλέγω) a blazing, blaze: inflammation. φλογόεις, εσσα, εν, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, blazing. φλογ-ώδης, ες, (φλόξ, εἶδος) like flame, fiery bot.

φλογ-ώπος, óν, (φλόξ, ὤψ) fiery-looking, flaming. φλόγωσις, εως, ἡ, (φλογώω) burning beat. φλογ-ώψ, ὠπος, ó, ἡ, = φλογωπός.

φλοῖνος, η, ov, (φλοῦς, φλέω) of or from the water-plant φλοῦς or φλέω; ἐσθῆτες φλοῖνα garments made of φλοῦς, mat-garments.

φλοῖός, ó, (φλέω) the inner bark of trees, smooth bark, bass.

φλοῖστος, ó, any roaring noise, the hum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din: the roaring of the sea. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ, ἡ, gen. φλογός, (φλέγω) a flame, blaze; φλόγα ἐγείρειν to raise a flame: metaph., φλόξ οἴνου the fiery heat of wine: pl. φλόγες, flames, fire.

φλοῦς, ó, Ion. for φλέω. φλυαῖρα Ion. φλυηρ-: f. ἦσω: (φλυᾶρος):—to talk folly or nonsense, speak idly: also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. nugari. Hence

φλυαῖρα, ἡ, silly talk, nonsense, foolery. φλύαρος, ó, (φλύω) silly talk, foolery. II. a silly talker, prater.

φλύκταινα, ἡ, (φλύω) a rising on the skin: a blister: a pustule.

φλύος, τό, = φλυαρία, idle talk, foolery. φλύω, f. φλύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐφλυσα: (φλέω):—to boil over, rise up. II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble; γράμματ' ἐπ' ἀσπίδος φλύοντα devices idly threatening on his shield.

φνεῖ, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound. φοβῆθῆς, Dor. for φοβηθῆς, 2 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of φοβέω.

φοβέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φοβέω. φοβέντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερός, á, óν, (φοβέω) fearful: either, I. act. causing fear, frightful, awful, formidable; πλῆθει φοβερῶς formidable only from numbers. 2. fearful, giving cause for fear; οὐδέ ὄρκος φοβερός nor was an oath a matter of dread; φοβερόν [ἔστι] μή there is reason to dread that . . . II. pass. feeling fear, frightened, affrighted, afraid. 2. caused by fear, panic: anxious.

φοβερώς, Adv. of φοβερός, fearfully, both in act. and pass. sense.

φοβεῖ-στράτη, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατός) scarer of hosts, epith. of Minerva.

φοβέ-στρατός, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατός) striking fear or panic into armies.

φοβεύμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβούμενος, pres. pass. part. of φοβέω.

φοβέω, f. ἦσω, aor. I ἐφόβησα: (φόβος):—to strike with fear, to frighten, terrify, dismay: to put to flight.

II. Pass. φοβέομαι: fut. med. φοβήσομαι, and pass. φοβηθήσομαι: aor. I. med. ἐφοβήσασθαι, and pass. ἐφοβήθη: pf. pass. πεφόβημαι:—to be put in fear, take fright, be affrighted, to fear, dread: in Hom. usually, to be put to flight, to flee; ὑπό τινος φοβέσθαι to flee before him: c. acc., φοβείσθαι τινα to flee from, fear, dread anyone; φοβείσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to be alarmed at a thing: but, φοβείσθαι ἀμφοῖν τι, περὶ τινος or τι, to fear or be anxious about a thing; c. acc. cognato, φόβον φοβείσθαι to fear: c. inf. to fear to do, be afraid of doing.

ΦΟΨΗ, ἡ, a lock, curl or tuft of hair, hair; the mane of a horse: δρακόντων φόβαι, the Gorgon's snaky locks. II. metaph. like κόμη, Lat. coma, the leaves, foliage of trees; ἰαν φόβαι tufts of violets.

φοβηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φοβέω.
 φόβηθεν, Ep. and Dor. for ἐφοβήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φοβέω.

φόβημα, atos, τό, (φοβέω) an object of fear, a terror.
 φοβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φοβέω) liable to fear, timid.
 φόβητρον, τό, (φοβέω) an object of terror, a terror.

φόβος, ὄ, (φέβομαι) fear, terror, fright, dismay: in Homer flight, properly the outward show (as opp. to δέος the sensation) of fear: c. gen., φόβος ἀνδρῶν the flight of men; but also c. gen. objecti, fear or dread of another:—φόβονδε ἵππους ἔχειν, τροπᾶσθαι, ἀίσσιν to turn the horses, turn, start to flight, like φύγαδε; φόβονδε ἀγορεύειν to advise to flight: also in plur., causes of fear, ἦν φόβους λέγει. 2. an object of terror, a terror. II. Φόβος, personified, son of Mars, coupled with his brother Δείμος.

φοιβάζω, f. ἴσω, (φοίβος) to cleanse, purify. II. (Φοίβος) to utter prophetic words.

φοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Φοίβος) the priestess of Phoebus: generally, one inspired by Phoebus, a prophetess.

φοιβάω, f. ἦσω, (φοίβος) poet. for φοιβάζω, to cleanse, wash.

Φοιβεος, a, ov, also os, ov, Ion. Φοιβήιος, η, ov: (Φοίβος): of Phoebus, belonging or sacred to Phoebus; hence prophetic, inspired.

Φοίβη, ἡ, Phoibé, Lat. Phoebé, a frequent name of Diana, as is Phoebus of Apollo.

Φοιβηίς, ἴδος, poet. fem. of Φοιβεῖος.

Φοιβό-λαμπρος, ov, Ion. for Φοιβόληπτος, (Φοίβος, λαμβάνω) rapt or inspired by Phoebus.

φοίβος, η, ov, (φάος) pure, bright, radiant, beaming. II. as prop. n., Φοίβος, ὄ, Phoebus, the Bright One, epith. of Apollo: often joined Φοίβος Ἀπόλλων.

φοίνιεις, εσσα, εν, (φοίνις) blood-red, deep-red; δράκων φοινήεις a blood-red dragon.

φοινικ-άνθεμος, ov, (φοίνιξ, άνθημεν) with purple flowers; φοινικάνθημον ἔαρ, Lat. purpureum ver.

φοινίκεος, a, ov, contr. -οῦς, ἡ, οὖν, (φοίνιξ) of a purple dye, purple or crimson, Lat. puniceus. [r]

Φοινίκη [v], ἡ, (Φοίνιξ) Pboenicia.

φοινικῆος, η, ov, Ion. for φοινίκεος, = φοινικίνος,

of the date or palm-tree; ἐσθῆς φοινικῆη a garment of palm-leaves; φοινικῆος οἶνος palm-wine. II. = Φοινικικός, Pboenician.

Φοινικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Φοίνιξ) Pboenician: later, Punic, Carthaginian:—Adv. -κῶς, in Pboenician fashion. II. φοινίκεος, red.

φοινικίνος, η, ov, (φοίνιξ) = φοινικῆος, of, from the palm-tree; φοινικίνον μύρον palm-unguent. [v]

φοινικιοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, = φοινίκεος, purple, crimson.

φοινίλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (φοίνιξ) a red or purple cloth, a red cloak, Lat. punicea vestis: esp. a dark-red military cloak worn by the Lacedaemonians. 2. a red curtain.

3. at sea, a red flag hung out by the admiral as the signal for action: generally, a red standard or banner.

φοινικιστής, οὔ, ὄ, (φοίνιξ) among the Persians, a wearer of purple, i. e. one of the highest rank, Lat. purpuratus.

φοινικό-βαπτos, ov, (φοίνιξ, βάπτω) purple-dyed, crimson.

φοινικό-βυάτω, f. ἦσω, (φοίνιξ, βαινω) to climb palms.

φοινικό-γενής, ἐς, (Φοίνιξ, *γένω) Pboenician-born.

φοινικό-δάκτυλος, ov, (φοίνιξ, δάκτυλον) crimson-fingered.

φοινικόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for φοινίκεος, dark-red, purple or crimson: of a blood-red.

φοινικό-κροκος, ov, (φοίνιξ, κροκός) of purple wool.

φοινικό-λόφος, ov, (φοίνιξ, λόφος) purple-crested.

φοινικό-πάρελος Ion. -πάρηος, ov, (φοίνιξ, παρείω) purple-cheeked, red-cheeked, of ships having red bows.

φοινικό-πέδος, ov, (φοίνιξ, πέδον) with a red bottom or ground, of the Red Sea.

φοινικό-πέξα, ἡ, (φοίνιξ, πέξα) the ruddy-footed goddess, Virgil's rubicunda Ceres.

φοινικό-πτερος, ov, (φοίνιξ, πτερόν) with purple or crimson wings: as Subst., φοινικόπτερος, ὄ, a red water-bird, the flamingo.

φοινικό-ροδος, ov, (φοίνιξ, ῥόδον) red with roses.

φοινικό-σκελής, ἐς, (φοίνιξ, σκέλος) red-legged, red-skanked.

φοινικό-στερόπτης, ov, Dor. -ας, a, ὄ, (φοίνιξ, στεροπή) hurling red lightnings.

Φοινικό-στολος, ov, (Φοίνιξ, στέλλω) sent by Pboenicians.

φοινικόους, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for φοινίκεος.

φοινικό-φᾶής, ἐς, (φοίνιξ, φᾶς) red-skinning.

Φοίνιξ, ἴκος, ὄ, a Pboenician, first mentioned in Homer; Φοίνιξ ἀνήρ ἀπατήλια εἶδος a Pboenician skilled in trickery, so mentioned as being the first commercial nation: fem. Φοίνισσα, ἡ, a Pboenician woman. 2. a Carthaginian, Lat. Poenus.

φοίνιξ, ἴκος, ὄ, Subst. a purple-red, deep purple or crimson, because the discovery of this colour was ascribed to the Pboenicians. II. the palm, date-

palm: the male palm is called by Herodotus ὄ φοίνιξ ἔρσπν, to distinguish it from ἡ φοίνιξ Βαλανηφόρος the female or fruit-bearing palm. 2. the fruit of the palm, date.

3. a musical instrument, like a

guitar, invented by the Phoenicians.

III. the fabulous Egyptian bird *phoenix*, described by Herodotus 2. 73.

φοῦνξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, also fem. φοῦνισσα, Adj. purple-red, purple or crimson, red; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. *fulvus*, of the colour of fire. The words φοῦνξ, φοῦνίκεος, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter shades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεος, etc., scarlet being κόκκινος, κοκκοβαφής.

φοῦνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φοῦνός) blood-red: hence blood-stained, bloody, Lat. *cruentus*: also warlike.

Φοῦνισσα, fem. of φοῦνίξ (Subst.), a Phoenician woman. II. φοῦνισσα, fem. of φοῦνίξ (Adj.)

φοῦνίσσω, f. ἔω: aor. I pass. ἐφοῦνίχθην: (φοῦνός):—to redden, to make red: to tinge, dye red:—Pass. to become red, to colour, bluish.

φοῦνός, ἡ, ὄν, (φόνος) blood-red: blood-stained, bloody.

φοιτάλέος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φοιτάω) straying, ranging, roaming about: metaph. distraught, raving, frenzied. II. act. driving madly about, maddening.

φοιτάλωτης, ον, ὁ, (φοιτάω) epith. of Bacchus, a roamer, ranger.

φοιτάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φοιτάω) poet. fem. of φοιταλέος, a strolling woman: metaph. a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantes. II. as Adj. mad or maddening; φοιτάς νόσος madness, frenzy. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιτάσι πτεροῖς on roaming, wandering wings.

φοιτάω Ion. ἔω: f. ἦσω: (φοῖτος):—to go to and fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; διὰ νηὸς φοιτᾶν to range up and down the ship; ἐφοῖτον ἄλλοθεν ἄλλος they roamed one one way, one another. 2. to roam wildly about: hence to go mad, rave; cf. φοιταλέος, φοιτάς.

3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times. II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to come in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρα τὰ ἐς Ἑλλάδας φοιτέοντα horns which are imported into Greece; σίτους σφισι πολλὰς ἐφοῖτα corn was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. *redire*; τάλαντον ἀργυρίου Ἀλεξάνδρῳ ἡμέρης ἐκάστης ἐφοῖτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander every day. 2. φοιτᾶν παρὰ τῷα to go to visit a person; φοιτᾶν ἐπὶ τὰς θύρας τῷος to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again. 3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; φοιτᾶν εἰς διδασκάλου [οἶκον] to go to school; absol. to go to school: hence συμφοιτάω, to go to school with another. Hence

φοιτήσις, εως, ἡ, a constant going or coming, a visiting. 2. a going to school.

φοιτήτην, Ep. for ἐφοιτάτην, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω. φοιτητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and φοιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, (φοιτάω) one who goes or comes regularly: one who goes to school, a disciple, pupil.

φοιτίξω, poet. for φοιτάω.

ΦΟΙΤΟΣ, ὁ, a going to and fro. II. madness, frenzy.

φολκός, ὁ, found only in the description of Therites, either (from φάεα ἔλκειν) squint-eyed; or more probably (akin to ἔλκω, ὄλκος) bandy-legged, Lat. *valgus*.

φόλλις, εως, ἡ, also ὁ, a single piece of money, formed from Lat. *folliis*.

φονάω, f. ἦσω, (φόνος) to be atbirst for blood, have murderous desires.

φόνεμα, ατος, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύς, εως Ion ἦος, ὁ; acc. φονεᾶ or φονεᾶ: nom. pl. φονέες, φονεῖς, acc. φονεάς: (φονεύω):—a murderer, slayer, homicide.

φονεύω, (φόνος) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ἡ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter; ἐν φοναῖς, in the midst of slaughter; σπᾶν φοναῖς to rend in murder, i. e. murderously.

φονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φόνος) inclined to slay, murderous, bloody. II. of, relating to blood or murder; φονικαὶ δίκαι trials for homicide.

φόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φόνος) of blood, bloody. II. bloody, blood-stained: murderous.

φονο-λίβθις, ἐς, (φόνος, λείβω) blood-dripping.

φονόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (φόνος, ῥέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, ὁ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter, Lat. *caedes*; φόνος Ἑλληνικός a slaughter of Greeks: in plur. murders. 2. blood shed in murder, gore, blood, Lat. *cruro*. 3. a murdered body, corpse.

φοξί-χειλος, ὁ, (φοξίς, χεῖλος) narrowing towards the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

φοξός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀξύς) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Therites, φοξός ἐην κεφαλῆν he was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ἡ, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φορὰ the giving one's vote. 2. a bringing in, paying of money, payment. 3. a bearing, producing.

II. (from Pass. φέρομαι) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ἡ φορὰ ἀκοντίου the javelin's range. 2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat. *impetus*.

III. (also from Pass. that which is borne or carried, a load, freight, burden. 2. that which is paid as rent or tribute, Lat. *vectigal*. 3. that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat. *proventus*: metaph. a large crop, harvest.

φορᾶδην [ᾶ], Adv. (φέρωμαι) with a rushing or violent motion. II. borne or carried in a litter.

φορβάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φέρβω) giving pasture or food, feeding. II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβεία, ἡ, (φέρβω) the balter by which a horse is tied to the manger, Lat. *capistrum*. 2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of tifers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ἡ, (φέρβω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals: metaph. fuel.

φορέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φορέω.
 φορέησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of φορέω.
 φορείον, τό, (φορά, φέρω) a bandbarrow, litter, sedan-chair, Lat. *sella, lectica*.
 φορείουσα, Dor. part. fem. of φορέω.
 φορεύντος, Dor. part. gen. of φορέω.
 φορέω, ές Ion. ής, ό, (φέρω) a bearer, carrier.
 φορέω, f. ήσω: aor. I έφόρησα Ep. φόρησα:—Frequentat. of φέρω, to bear or carry constantly: hence to wear: and so, to have, possess: as differing from φέρειν, άγγελίην φέρειν meant to convey a message; but, άγγελίας φορέειν to be in the habit of conveying messages, serve as a messenger:—Pass. to be borne violently along, be hurried along: to be tossed about at sea:—Med. to fetch for oneself, fetch regularly.
 φορηδόν, Adv. (φορέω) like a bundle.
 φόρημα, ατος, τό, (φορέω) that which is carried: a load, freight: a burden.
 φορημεναί, Ep. for φορείν, inf. of φορέω.
 φορηται, Ep. for φορείν, inf. of φορέω.
 φορητός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj. of φορέω, borne, carried: to be borne or endured, bearable.
 φόρμιγος, ον, (φέρω) bearing, fruitful.
 Φορκίδες [Γ], ίδων, αι, the daughters of Phorcys, i. e. the three Gorgons, Stheino, Euryalé, Medusa.
 Φόρκος, ό, = Φόρκυς.
 Φόρκος, ύνος and ύος, ό, Phorcys, an old sea-god, son of Pontos and Gaia, father of the Gorgons.
 φορμηδόν, Adv. (φορμός) like mat-work or walling: crosswise, atwart.
 φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ή, the phorminx, a kind of lyre, the oldest stringed instrument of the Greek minstrels, esp. the instrument of Apollo: it was richly inwrought, and had seven strings. (From φέρω, because it was carried on the shoulder by a strap.) Hence
 φορμιζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίζω, to play the φόρμιγξ or lyre. Hence
 φορμικτής, ου, ό, Dor. —τάς, a lyre-player, harper.
 φορμός, ίδος, ή, Dim. of φορμός, a small basket.
 φορμο-ράφέω or φορμορ-ραφέω, f. ήσω, (φορμός, ράπτω) to stitch mats:—Pass. to be stitche'd up like a mat, straitened, bamp'ered.
 φορμός, ό, (φέρω) anything made of wicker-work: I. a wicker basket to carry corn, sand, etc. 2. a mat, Lat. *storea*: also a seaman's cloak made of coarse plaited stuff. II. a measure of corn.
 φορον, ου, τό, the Lat. *forum*; Φόρον 'Αππίου Appii Forum, a small town on the Appian Way.
 φόρος, ό, (φέρω) that which is brought in, tribute, paid by foreigners to a ruling state, as that paid to Athens by her subject states; φόρον ύποτελεΐν to pay tribute; φόρον τάσασθαι to agree to pay tribute; φόρον τάσαι to impose tribute; φόρον ύποτελής subject to pay tribute.
 φορτάγωγέω, f. ήσω, to carry loads or burdens: of a merchant-ship, to carry a freight or cargo. From

φορ-άγωγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) carrying freights; ναύς φορταγωγός a ship of burden, merchantman.
 φορτηγός, f. ήσω, (φορτηγός) = φορταγωγέω.
 φορτηγικός, ή, όν, belonging to the freight of a ship; πλοΐον φορτηγεμένον a ship of burden, merchantman. From
 φορτηγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) like φορταγωγός, carrying burdens: of a ship, freighted:—as Subst., φορτηγός, ό, a carrier, porter: a trafficker, merchant.
 φορτίω, f. ίσω, (φόρτος) to load; φορτία φορτίζειν τινάς to load men with loads:—Med., τὰ μείονα φορτίσθαι to ship the smaller part of one's wealth:—Pass., pf. part. πεφορτισμένος heavy laden.
 φορτικός, ή, όν, (φόρτος) of persons, burdensome, tiresome, common, vulgar:—so of things, φορτική κωμωδία a vulgar, commonplace comedy. Hence φορτικός, Adv., vulgarly.
 φορτίον, τό, (φόρτος) a burden, load: a ship's freight or lading: in plur. wares, merchandise. II. the burden of the womb, a child unborn.
 φορτίς, ίδος, ή, (φόρτος) a ship of burden, merchantman.
 φόρτος, ό, (φέρω) a ship's freight or cargo. II. in Att. something coarse or vulgar, tiresome stuff.
 φορύνω, = φέρω, of dough, to knead: generally, to mix up, spoil, defile. [ῶ]
 φορυσσω, f. ξω, = φορύνω, to stain, defile.
 φορϋτός, ό, (φέρω) whatever is swept along by the wind, rubbish, refuse, Lat. *quisquiliae*: also *caff*, *sawdust*, etc., used for packing earthenware.
 φώς, τό, Ep. lengthd. from φώς, light. Hence φώσδε, Adv. to the light, to the light of day.
 φραγελλών, τό, the Lat. *flagellum*, a scourge. Hence φραγελλώω, f. ώσω, the Lat. *flagello*, to scourge.
 φράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φράσσω.
 φράγησμονα, fut. pass. of φράσσω.
 φράγμα, ατος, τό, (φράσσω) a fence, protection, palisade, defence.
 φραγμός, ό, (φράσσω) a shutting up, blocking up: fencing, partition. II. like φράγμα, a hedge, fence, paling.
 φράγνυμι, = φράσσω.
 φραδάω: f. άσω: aor. I έφράδασα ποēt. φράδασα: (φραδή):—to tell of, make known.
 φραδή, ή, (φράω) understanding, knowledge. II. advice, a hint, warning, intimation. Hence
 φραδής, ές, gen. έος, understanding, sbrewd, cunning.
 φραδμοσύνη, ή, understanding, sbrewdness, cunning. From
 φράδμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φράω) = φραδής. From ΦΡΑΪΩ, f. φράσω: aor. I έφράσα Ep. φράσα and φράσσα: pf. πεφράσα: Ep. aor. 2 πέφραδον or έπέφραδον, inf. πεφραδέειν or πεφραδέμεν:—to tell, declare, pronounce, stronger than λέγω:—c. dat. pers. et inf., to counsel, advise, bid, order: also absol. to advise, counsel:—c. acc. rei, σηματα πέφραδε he gave indications by signs:—φράζειν χειρί to make signs, signal with the hand. Med. and Pass. φράζομαι:

3 sing. Ion. impf. φραῖσκετο: fut. φράσσομαι: aor. 1 med. ἐφράσάμην, pass. ἐφράσθην: pf. pass. πέφραδμαι and πέφρασαι: to speak with oneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by εἰ with indicat. fut., to consider whether; ἀμφὶς φράζεσθαι to think differently.

2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for him.

3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, imagine that.

4. to remark, perceive, notice: to come to know, see, understand: also

5. to mind, heed, take care or heed of, c. acc.

φράν, ἦ, gen. φράνός, Dor. for φρήν.

φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of φράσσω.

φράξας, ασα, av, aor. 1 part. of φράσσω.

φράσδω, Dor. for φράξω.

φράσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of φράξω.

φρασθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 1 pass. part. of φράξω.

ΦΡΑΨΣΩ Att. -τω: f. ἔω: aor. 1 ἔφραξα: Pass., fut. φρήγήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐφράχθην: aor. 2 ἐφράγην [ᾶ]: pf. πέφραγμασι:—in Att. the letters are sometimes transposed, as φράξασθαι for φράξασθαι, πέφραγμασι for πέφραγμασι, φαρκτός for φρακτός:—to fence in, hedge round, for defence; to fence, defend, fortify; φράξαι δέμας ὕπλοις to fence in one's body with arms, to arm oneself:—so in Med., ἐφράξαντο τὸ τεῖχος they strengthened the wall: in Med. also, to fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications.—Pass. to be fenced in, fortified; φραχθέντες σάκεσιν fenced with shields: absol. πεφραγμένος, fenced, secured.

II. to put up as a fence; φράξαντες δόρυ δουρί, σάκος σάκει locking spear fast to spear, shield to shield (so as to make a fence); φράξαντες τὰ γέφυρα having put up the shields as a fence.

III. to block up: make close, fill quite full.

φραστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φράζω) a teller, informer, of or about a thing; φραστήρ ὕδων a man who tells one the way, a guide:—φραστήρες ὕδωντες the teeth that tell the age.

φράστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φράζω) = φραστήρ.

φράττηρ, ερος, or φράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φράτρα) a member of a φράτρα: pl. φράτερες or φράτορες those of the same φράτρα or ward, Lat. curiales; εἰσάγων τὸν υἱὸν εἰς τοὺς φράτερας to introduce one's son to his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of age; οὐκ ἔφυσε φράτερας he has not yet got his φράτερες, i. e. he has been entered in no φρατρία, is no true citizen, with allusion to φραστήρες ὕδωντες (see φραστήρ). [ᾶ]

φράτορικόν, ἦ, ὄν, (φράτωρ) of, belonging to a clan or clansmen.

φράτρα or φράτρη Ion. φρήτρη Dor. πάτρα, ἦ:—a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan; κριν' ἀνδρας κατὰ φρήτρας, ὡς φρήτηρ φρήτρηων ἀρήγη choose men by clans, that clan may stand by clan: originally derived from ties of blood: but,

II. at Athens, the subdivision of the φυλή, as at Rome the curia was the subdivision of the tribus; every φυλή consisted of three φράτραι or φρατρία, whose

members were called φράτερες or φράτορες, as those of a φυλή were called φυλῆται, and at Rome the members of a tribus, tribules, those of a curia, curiales. (The word is derived from the same Root as Lat. frater, and properly meant a brotherhood.)

φράτριά, ἦ, = φράτρα.

φρῦτριάω, f. ἄσω, to be in the same φρατρία.

φράτρι-άρχης, ος, ὁ and φρῦτρί-αρχος, ὁ, (φρατρία, ἄρχω) president of a φρατρία, Lat. magister curiae. φράτριος, α, ον, (φράτρα) of or concerning a φράτρα: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minerva, as tutelary deities of the φρατρία. [ᾶ]

φράττω, Att. for φράσσω.

φράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, see φράττηρ.

ΦΡΕΨΑΨ, τό, gen. φρεΐατος: Ion. φρεΐαρ, gen. φρεΐατος:—a well; or more commonly a water-tank, cistern, reservoir, Lat. puteus: an oil-jar. Hence φρεΐα, ἦ, a tank or reservoir.

φρεΐατις, ος, ὁ, (φρεΐαρ) of a tank or reservoir.

φρεΐαρ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. and poet. for φρεΐαρ.

φρεν-ἄπατάω, f. ἦσω, (φρήν, ἀπατάω) to deceive the mind, deceive. Hence

φρενᾶπάτης, ος, ὁ, one who deceives the mind, a seducer.

φρεν-ἦρης, ἐς, gen. εος, (φρήν, ἄραρεῖν) master of his mind, sound of mind, Lat. compos mentis.

φρενοβλάβεια, ἦ, damage of the understanding. From

φρενο-βλάβης, ἐς, (φρήν, βλαβήναι) damaged in understanding, crazy.

φρενο-γηθής, ἐς, (φρήν, γήθος) of glad heart, delighting the heart.

φρενο-δάλης, ἐς, (φρήν, δηλέομαι) impairing the mind, maddening.

φρενόθεν, Adv. (φρήν) = ἐκ φρενός, from the heart, heartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, ον, (φρήν, κλέπτω) stealing away the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-ληστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φρήν, ληστής) a robber of the understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μᾶνης, ἐς, (φρήν, μανήναι) frenzied in mind.

φρενο-μόρως, Adv. (φρήν, μόρος) only found in phrase φρενομόρως νοσεῖν to be diseased in mind.

φρενο-πληγής, ἐς, (φρήν, πληγῆναι) giving a stroke to the mind, maddening.

φρενό-πληκτος, ον, (φρήν, πλήσσω) stricken in mind, smitten with madness, frenzied.

φρενο-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἦ, = φρενόπληκτος.

φρενο-τέκτων, ον, gen. ονος, (φρήν, τέκτω) making with the mind, ingenious.

φρενώω, f. ὦσω, (φρήν) to make wise, make understanding, instruct, inform, teach; φρενοῦν οὐκέτ' ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων to teach no longer by riddles; κλαῖων φρενώσεις ἔβου sbalt teach me to thy sorrow.

φρεν-ῶλης, ἐς, (φρήν, ὄλλωμι) destroyed in mind, frenzied.

ΦΡΕΨΩ, f. φρήσω, a root, which is found only in the compds. ἐκ-φρέω, εἰσ-φρέω, δια-φρέω.

φρεωρχέω, f. ἴσω, (φρέαρ, ὀρύσσω) to dig tanks: metaph. of a gnat, to make a hole in one's skin.

ΦΡΗΝ, ἡ, gen. φρενός, plur. φρένες, φρεω φρεωνῶν, etc.: Dor. φράν, gen. φρανός, dat. plur. φρασί, φρασίην:—in plur. the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also called διάφραγμα. 2. in Homer both in sing. and plur., the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the heart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with θυμός, as, κατὰ φρένα καὶ κατὰ θυμόν, as in Lat. mens animusque; φρεωνῶν ἐκοτήναι to be out of one's wits; φρεωνῶν ἐπήβολος possessed of sense, in one's right mind; ἐκ φρενός from one's very heart; ἐξ ἄκρας φρενός from the surface of one's mind, i. e. superficially, carelessly. 3. of beasts, sense, instinct. 4. φρένες is also used in Homer in the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp. to ψυχῆ (the departed soul).

φρήτρη, ἡ, Ion. for φράτρα, a clan.
φρήτρηφιν, Ep. dat. of φρήτρη.
φρήτριος, η, ον, Ion. for φράτριος.
φρίκη [ῖ], ἡ, = φρίξ, the ruffling or ripple on a smooth sea. II. a shuddering, shivering, chill. 2. shivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. horror: then any fear.

φρίκωδής, es, (φρίξ, εἶδος) that causes shuddering or horror, awful, horrible: neut. φρικώδες as Adv., horribly.

ΦΡΙΓΜΑΨΣΟΜΑΙ Att. —τρομαι: f. —ξομαι: Dep.: —to snort, neigh, of horses, to shew their mettle: to move briskly or wantonly.

φρίξ, ἡ, gen. φρίκός, (φρίσσω) the ruffling of a smooth surface, the ruffling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat. horror; μέλαινα φρίξ the dark ripple. II. a bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίξαι, aor. I inf. of φρίσσω.
φρίξο-κόμην, ου, ὄ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling hair.

φρίξος, ὄ, a shivering, shuddering. From ΦΡΙΨΣΩ Att. —τω: f. φρίξω: aor. I ἐφριξα: pf. ἐπέφρικα: poet. part. πεφρίκωτες formed as if from a redupl. pres. πεφρίκω:—to be rough or ruffled, to bristle, Lat. borreare, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc., φρίσσειν λοφίην to bristle with the mane; περὶοισι νῶτα πεφρίκωτες bristling on their backs with feathers: of smooth water, to be ruffled, to ripple, Lat. borrescere. II. often of a feeling of chill, which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle; to have a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver with cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to shudder before anyone, to dread him. 3. also to thrill or quiver with delight; ἐφριξέ ἔρωτι I thrilled with love.

φροιάζομαι, f. —άσομαι, Dep. (φροίμων) contr. for προοιάζομαι, to make a prelude or beginning, to

begin: c. acc., φροιάζεσθαι θεούς to begin with invoking the gods.

φροίμων, τό, contr. for προοίμων (cp. φροῦδος) a prelude.

φρονέησι, Ep. for φρονέη, 3 sing. subj. of φρονέω.
φρονέω, Ep. impf. φρόνεον: f. ἴσω: (φρήν):—to think, to have understanding; ἀριστοί μάχεσθαι τε φρονέειν τε best both in battle and counsel; οἱ φρονούντες the wise; τὸ φρονεῖν, like φρόνησις, understanding. 2. to be in one's sound senses; ξέω ἐλαύνειν τινὰ τοῦ φρονεῖν to drive one out of his understanding or senses; ἐξίστασθαι τοῦ φρονεῖν to lose one's wits. 3. c. acc. rei, to have in mind, purpose. II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; φρονῶν ἐπρασσον I did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; ἴθις φρονεῖν to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; τοῦτο φρονεῖ ἡ ἀγαγῆ ἡμῶν this is what your bringing us means. 2. often with a neut. Adj., ἀγαθὸν ἢ φίλα φρονεῖν τινὶ to be well or kindly minded towards him; κακὰ φρονεῖν τινὶ to be evil minded towards him; τὰ ἀμείνως φρονεῖν to be of the better mind, hold the better opinion: and without a dat. pers., to be minded or inclined in a certain way; πικρὰ φρονεῖν to have wise thoughts; μέγα φρονεῖν, to have high thoughts, either in good sense to be high-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and conceited, of animals, to be high-spirited; σμικρὸν φρονεῖν to be low-minded, poor-spirited; οὐ κατ' ἄνθρωπον φρονεῖν to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, τὰ τινος φρονεῖν to hold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party; τὸ αὐτὸ φρονεῖν to be like-minded; ἄλλω φρονεῖν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, heed, hence to take heed of, guard against a thing. IV. to have one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence

φρόνημα, ατος, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus: in plur. thoughts, purposes. II. high feeling, high spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence

φρονηδίας, ου, ὄ, one who is high-spirited, or in bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.

φρόνησις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. high-mindedness: and in bad sense, pride, presumption. II. thoughtfulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονήτεον, verb. Adj. of φρονέω, one must pride oneself.

φρόνιμος, ου, (φρονέω) understanding, in one's right mind or senses. II. discreet, sensible, steady. III. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudens; τὸ φρόνιμον practical wisdom, good sense; ἄπορος ἐπὶ φρόνιμα without resource in matters of thought.

φρόνιμως, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently, skilfully.

φρόνως, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) wise thoughts, wisdom.

φρονούντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of φρονέω, wisely, prudently.

φροντίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐφρόντισα: (φρον-

τίς):—to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give heed; φροντίζεν ὅπως τι γενήσεται to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent. III. c. gen. to take thought for, give heed to a thing, care about, reckon of, regard it; μηδὲν φροντίζεν τῶν θεῶν to take no thought of the gods; φροντίζεν περί τινος to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μὴ φροντίστῃς heed not. IV. absol. to be thoughtful or anxious; πεφροντικὸς βλέπειν to have a careworn look.

φροντίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (φρονέω) thought, care, heed to a thing, c. gen. II. absol. thought, reflection, meditation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, concern. 3. power of thought, mind.

φρόντισμα, ατος, τό, (φροντίζω) that which is thought out, a contrivance, invention.

φροντιστέον, verb. Adj. of φροντίζω, one must take care.

φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίζω) a place for bard thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes.

φροντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φροντίζω) a deep, bard thinker; φροντιστῆς τῶν μετέωρων or φροντιστῆς τὰ μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence

φροντιστικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, of or for thinking, thoughtful, speculative. Adv. —κῶς, thoughtfully, carefully.

φρούδος, η, ον, also ος, ον: (contr. from πρὸ ὁδοῦ, as φροῖμον from προῖμον):—gone away: I. of persons, gone, departed; c. part., φρούδοι [εἰσι] δῶλοντες σε they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, φρούδος εἶ θανάον thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined. 2. of things, gone, vanished.

φρουρά lon. φρουρή, ἡ, (φρούρος) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; φρουρῶν ὄχειν to keep watch; φρουρᾶς ἀδεν (sub. ἕνεκά) to sing on guard. 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, imprisonment. II. of men, a watch or guard, a garrison. 2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for φρουρᾶν φαίνεν, see φαίνομαι.

φρουραρχία, ἡ, the post of commandant. From φρούρ-αρχος, ὁ, (φρουρά, ἀρχω) a commander of a watch, an officer or guard: the commandant of a garrison or fortress.

φρουρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφρούρησα: Pass., f. med. —ῆσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐφρούρηθην: (φρουρός)—to keep watch or guard; οἱ φρουροῦντες those on guard, the watch or guard. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep: to garrison a place. 2. to watch for, observe. 3. Med., like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence

φρούρημα, ατος, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λέιας Βουκόλων φρουρήματα the herdsmen's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single man. III. watch, ward, guard; φρούρημα ἔχειν to keep watch.

φρουρητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded.

φρουρήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard, φρουρικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison.

φρούριον, τό, (φρουρός) a watch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a castle, tower, isolated fort. II. the guard or garrison of a place.

φρουρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (φρουρός) a guard-ship. φρουρο-δόμος, ον, (φρουρός, δόμος) watching or guarding the house.

φρουρός, ὁ, (contr. for προορός from προοράω, as φρούδος from πρὸ ὁδοῦ) a watcher, guard; οἱ φρουροὶ the guards or garrison of a fort or city.

φρουράμενος, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρουρέω. φρύαγμα, ατος, τό, (φρύσσομαι) a violent snorting, the neighing of a spirited horse. II. metaph. insolence, arrogance.

φρυαγμο-εμέναιος, ον, (φρύαγμα, σεμνός) wanton and baughty.

φρύσσομαι Att. —τομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to snort and neigh, of a spirited horse. II. metaph. to be wanton, insolent.

φρύγανίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. (φρύγα-νον) to gather sticks for fuel.

φρύγανισμός, ὁ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood.

φρύγανον [ῆ], τό, (φρύγω) a dry stick: mostly in plur. dry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta. φρύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φρύγω.

ΦΡΥΓΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a finch, Lat. fringilla. [ῆ]

Φρύγιος, α, ον, (Φρύξ) Phrygian; Φρύγιοι νόμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Phrygian music, i. e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [ῆ] Hence

Φρύγιστί, Adv. in Phrygian fashion; of music, in the Phrygian mode.

ΦΡΥΓΙΩΝ [ῆ], also ΦΡΥΓΣΣΩ Att. —ττω: f. φρύξω Dor. ξω: aor. I ἐφρυξα: Pass., aor. I ἐφρύχθην: aor. 2 ἐφρύγων [ῆ]: pf. πέφρυγα:—to roast, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrere. Hence

φρυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. roasted, toasted, parched. II. as Subst., φρυκτός, ὁ, a firebrand, torch: in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοὶ πολέμοι αἰρῶνται ἐς τόπον fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place.

φρυκτωρέω, f. ἦσω, (φρυκτώρος) to give signals by fire:—Pass., ἐφρυκτωρήθησαν νῆες προσπλέουσαι the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by alarm-fires. Hence

φρυκτωρία, ἡ, a giving signals by beacon or alarm-fires. II. a night-watch to make fire-signals.

φρυκτ-ωρός, ὁ, (φρυκτός, οὔρος) one who watches to give signals by beacons or alarm-fires.

ΦΡΥΓΗ, ἡ, a toad. [ῆ]

ΦΡΥΓΞ, ὁ, gen. Φρύγος, a Phrygian.

φρύξω Dor. —ξω, fut. of φρύγω.

φρύσσω Att. —ττω, = φρύγω.

φρυχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of φρύγω.

φύ, φαυγ! an exclamation of disgust.

φῦ, Ep. for ἔφυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φύω.

φύα, Dor. for φύη.

φύαδε, Adv. (φύγη) like φύβονδε, to flight; φύαδ' ἔτραπεν ἵππου he turned his horse to flight.

φύγαδέω, f. σω, (φυγάς) to make one an exile, drive from a country, banish. II. intr. to be an exile, live in banishment.

φύγαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φυγάς) fit for an exile or refugee; φυγαδική προθυμία the zeal of an exile.

φύγ-αίχμης, οὐ, ὄ, (φυγεῖν, αἰχμή) fleeing from the spear, unwarlike, cowardly.

φύγας, ἄδος, ὄ, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) a fugitive, esp. a banished man, exile, refugee, Lat. exul, profugus; κατάγειν φυγάδας to recal the exiles; κατείναι or κατεθεῖν was said of their returning themselves. 2. a deserter.

φυγγάνω, collat. form of φεύγω.

φύγδᾶ, Adv., contr. for φύγαδε, to flight.

φύγε, Ep. for ἔφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγειν Ion. φυγείν, aor. 2 inf. of φεύγω.

φύγή, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) flight in battle, Lat. fuga: dat. φυγῆ, in hasty flight, hastily. 2. flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.; νόσων ἀμηχάνων φυγάς ξυμπέρρασαι he has devised means of escape from incurable diseases. II. banishment, Lat. exilium; φυγῆν φεύγειν to live in banishment. 2. as a collective

Noun φυγή, = φυγάδες, a body of exiles or refugees. φύγησι, Ep. for φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγο-δέμιος, ον, (φυγεῖν, δέμιον) sbunning the marriage-bed.

φύγο-δικέω, f. ἦσω, (φυγεῖν, δίκη) to sbun a lawsuit: to dislike litigation.

φύγο-ξενος, ον, (φυγεῖν, ξένος) sbunning strangers or guests, hence inhospitable.

φύγο-πτόλεμος, ον, ποῖτ. for φυγοπόλεμος, (φυγεῖν, πόλεμος, πτόλεμος) sbunning war, cowardly.

φύγῶν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of φυγεῖν.

φυεῖς, εἰσά, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φύω.

φύξα, (φεύγω) ποῖτ. for φυγή, flight, rout. Hence φυξικινός, ἡ, ὄν, flying, sby, scared.

φυξάλλος, α, ον, = φυξικινός.

φύλη Dor. φυά, ἡ, (φύω) growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature. II. one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius: nature. III. the flower or prime of age.

φύη, for φύη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φύηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φύω.

φύην, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φύκιεις, εσσα, εν, (φύκος) full of sea-weed, weedy.

φύκιον or φύκιον, τό, (φύκος) sea-weed.

φύκο-γέτωρ, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (φύκος, γέτωρ) near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea.

ΦΥΚΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. FUCUS, sea-weed, seawrack, tangle. II. a red paint or dye formed from φύκος, Lat. fucus.

φυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, = φευκτός, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be sbunned or escaped, that can be escaped. II.

sbunned, avoided.

φυλάκεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

φύλακῆ, ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watching or guarding, keeping watch or guard, watch or guard: in plur. a night-watch. Lat. excubiæ; φυλακὰς ἔχειν to mount the night-guard; φυλακὰς φυλάττειν to keep guard or watch; τὰς φυλακὰς καταστήσασθαι to set the watches. 2. a watch or guard, Lat. custodia: also a guard or garrison of a place. 3. a watch-tower: a fortified post or station. 4. of time, a watch, esp. a watch of the night. 5. a ward, prison, place of security. II. a watching, guarding, keeping in ward; ἔχειν τιὰ ἐν φυλακῇ to keep in custody:—

also φυλακῆν ἔχειν, = φυλάττεσθαι to take heed or care, be cautious; δεινῶς ἔχειν ἐν φυλακῆσι to be straitly on one's guard.

φύλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (φυλακῆ) to tbrow into prison.

φύλακος, ὄ, ποῖτ. for φύλαξ.

φυλάκτεος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of φυλάσσω, to be watched or kept. II. φυλακτέον (from Med. φυλάσσομαι) one must guard against.

φύλακτῆρ, ἦρος, ὄ, = φύλαξ, a guard. Hence

φύλακτῆριον, τό, a post for a garrison, a fort or castle: an outpost, Lat. statio. 2. a safeguard, preservative, amulet: amongst the Jews, φυλακτῆρια were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against evil spirits.

φύλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φύλάσσω) fit for preserving, preservative, c. gen. II. cautious:—Adv. -κῶς.

φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, also ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watcher, guard: a sentinel, Lat. excubitor; οἱ φύλακες the garrison: also body-guards. II. a guardian, keeper, protector, governor; φύλαξ παιδός a protector of the lad.

φύλαξις, Dor. for φύλαξις, 2 sing. fut. of φυλάσσω.

φύλαξις, εως, ἡ, (φύλάσσω) a watching, guarding against, caution. II. (from Med.) occasion for guarding

against, caution.

φύλαρχος, f. ἦσω, to command the contingent of a tribe (φυλή). II. to command the cavalry. From

φύλ-αρχος, ὄ, (φυλή, ἄρχω) the chief of a tribe (φυλή). II. a commander of cavalry.

φύλασσεμένοι, Ep. inf. of φυλάσσω.

ΦΥΛΑΪΣΣΩ Att.-ττω: fut. φυλάξω: aor. I ἐφύλαξα Ep. φύλαξα: pf. πεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαχθήσομαι, also f. med. φυλάζομαι: aor. I ἐφυλάχθην: pf. πεφύλαγμαi: I. absol. to watch, be sleepless: esp. to keep watch and ward, be on guard; νύκτα φυλάσσειν to watch the night through. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep, secure; φυλάττειν τιὰ ἀπό τῶς to guard one from a person or thing. 2. to watch for, lie in wait or ambush for; to watch, wait for or observe the right time. 3. metaph. to preserve, keep, maintain; φυλάσσειν ἕρκια to keep, respect oaths; φυλάσσειν ἔπος to observe a command. III. Med. to heed, take heed or care, be on one's guard; used by Homer only in pf. pass.,

πεφυλαγμένοις εἶναι to be cautious, prudent. 2. to keep a thing, bear it in mind or memory: c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take heed, beware of, be on one's guard against, sbun, avoid; φυλάσσεσθαι τοὺς πολέμους to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φύλετης, ου, ὄ, (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribesman, Lat. tribūlis.

φυλή, ἡ, (φύλις) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or caste. 2. later, a union according to local habitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood. II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή: also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥΛΙΑ, ἡ, a wild olive-tree.

φυλλός, ἄδος, ἡ, (φύλλον) a heap of leaves, a bed or litter of leaves. II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ἤδη κατακαρφομένης when his leaf now becoming sere and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself: a branch or bough.

φυλλεῖον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, herbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the bargain; βαφανίδων φυλλεῖα, radish-tops.

φύλλινος, ἡ, ον, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves.

φυλλοβολέω, f. ἴσω, to shed the leaves. From

φυλλο-βόλος, ον, (φύλλον, βαλεῖν) shedding leaves.

φυλλό-κομος, ον, (φύλλον, κόμη) covered with leaves, thick-leaved, leafy.

ΦΥΛΛΑΟΝ, τό, a leaf; in plur. leaves, foliage; οἰήπερ φύλλον γενεή, τοιγάρ κἀ ἀνδρῶν as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; πλεκτὰ φύλλα wreathed leaves. 2. in pl. also flowers.

φυλλόροπος, ον, (φύλλον, βέω) leaf-shedding. Hence

φυλλορροέω, f. ἴσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Comic phrase, φυλλορροεῖν ἀσπίδα to shed or let drop one's shield.

φυλλό-στρωτος, ον, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen. ὠτος, ὄ, ἡ, (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewn or covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόρος, ον, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; φυλλοφόρος ἀγών a contest in which the prize is a crown of leaves.

φυλλο-χοέω, f. ἴσω, (φύλλον, χέω) to shed like leaves.

φύλο-κρίνειω, f. ἴσω, (φύλον, κρίνω) to distinguish races, choose by races.

φύλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φύλον θεῶν, γυναικῶν. 2. in plur. to denote a number of one kind, a troop, host, crowd, as, φύλα θεῶν, φύλα γυναικῶν, etc.: a swarm of gnats: φύλον ὀρνίθων the race of birds. 3. sex, τὸ γυναικεῖον φύλον the female sex. II. a race, people, nation.

III. in a more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατὰ φύλα by races or clans.

φύλο-πις, ἰδος, ἡ: acc. φύλοπιον or φύλοπιδα:—(φύλον, ὄψ) the battle-cry, din of battle, battle.

φύμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

φύναι, aor. 2 inf. of φύω.

φύξ-άνωρ, ορος, ὄ, ἡ, (φεύγω, ἀνὴρ) fleeing men. [ᾱ] φύξηλς, ιος and ἰδος, ὄ, ἡ, (φεύγω) fugitive, sky, cowardly.

φύξιμος, ον, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, where one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, a place of refuge. II. c. acc., φύξιμος τινα able to flee from or escape one.

φύξις, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φυγή, flight.

φύρμα, ατος, τό, (φύραμαι) that which is mixed or kneaded, paste, dough.

φύραω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐφύρασα Ion. -ησα: Pass., aor. I ἐφυράθην [ᾱ] Ion. -ήθην: pf. πεφύρημαι:—lengthd. form of φύρω, to mix up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., μαλακῆν φωνῆν πρὸς τοῖς ἔραστάς φηράσασθαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρδην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion. φύρῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φύρω.

ΦΥΡΩ, f. φύρωσμαι, f. φύρωσμαι: aor. I ἐφύρωσμαι: Pass., poullo-p. fut. πεφύρωσμαι: aor. I ἐφύρωσθη: aor. 2 ἐφύρωσθη [ῶ]: pf. πέφυρμαι:—to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. 2. to mix and knead dough; ὁ φύρων one who kneads bread, a baker. II. metaph. to mingle or jumble together, confound, confuse:—Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [ῶ]

φύς [ῶ], aor. 2 part. of φύω: ὁ φύς a son.

φύσα, ἡς, ἡ, (φύω) a pair of bellows, bellows. II. a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φύσαθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φύσαθίς, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φύσαῖλος and φύσαῖλλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φυσάω) a bladder, bubble, Lat. pustula. II. a wind-instrument, a pipe, bagpipe.

φύσαῖλος, ὄ, (φυσάω) a toad from its puffing itself up. [ῶ]

φύσας, aor. I part. of φύω; ὁ φύσας one's father. [ῶ]

φύσατήριον, τό, Dor. for φυσήτριον.

φύσάω, Ion. -έω: f. ἴσω: (φύσα):—to blow, puff, either with the breath or with bellows: to snort, snuff, breathe; δευὰ φύσᾶν to snort furiously. II. trans. to puff or blow up, Lat. inflare; φυσᾶν κύστιν to blow up a bladder: Pass., plqpf. ἐπεφύσητο ἡ γαστήρ my belly was blown out; pf. part. πεφυσημένος, blown out, swollen. 2. metaph. to cheat; φυσᾶν τινα to puff one up, make him vain:—Pass. to be puffed up, elated. 3. to blow out, spurt out, discharge. 4. to blow out a lamp. 5. to blow a wind-instrument.

φυσέω, Ion. for φυσάω: φυσεώμενος, Ion. for φυσώμενος, pres. pass. part.

φύση, ἡ, Ion. for φύσα.

φύσημα, ατος, τό, (φυσάω) that which is blown or blown out: a breath: any sound made by blowing or

snorting : a roaring, raging : of a horse, a *snorting*, *snuffing* : αἵματος φύσημα a blowing forth blood.

φύσητόν, verb. Adj. of φυσάω, one must blow up.
φύσητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing, a blow-pipe or tube. 2. a pair of bellows, a fan for blowing fire.

φύσητήριον Dor. φυσατήριον, τό, (φυσάω) a pair of bellows. II. a wind-instrument.

φυσῆμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From φυσῆσαι, Ep. part. φυσῆσάν, (φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort, breathe hard, pant. II. transit. to blow or puff up :—metaph. to elate, make vain.

φυσῆγόμεαι, Pass. (φύσιγξ) to be excited by eating garlic, properly of fighting cocks : of the Megarians, ὀδύνας πεφυσῆγόμενοι inflamed to fury with their woes, in allusion to the garlic grown in Megara : cf. φύσιγξ.

φύσι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, = φυσιογνώμων.
φύσιγξ, ἰγγος, ἦ, (φυσάω) the hollow stalk or clove of garlic : garlic itself.

φύσι-ζῶος, ον, (φύω, ζῶῆ) producing or sustaining life, life-giving.

φύσιικός, ἦ, ὄν, (φύσις) natural, produced or implanted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or belonging to external nature, physical, as opp. to moral, metaphysical, etc.

φύσιογνωμόνῳ, f. ἦσω, (φυσιογνώμων) to judge of a man by his features, know or detect him by his looks.

φύσιογνωμία, ἦ, the art of judging a man by his features, physiognomy.

φύσιο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φύσις, γνώμη) judging of a man's character by his outward look.

φύσιώω, f. ὠσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud.
φύσιώων, Ep. pres. part. of φυσῆσαι.

φύσις [ῆ], εως, ἦ, (φύω) the nature, inborn quality, property or constitution of a person or thing ; φύσις ἀριθμῶν the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat. vis ; φύσις ἀποστήνια χαλεπὸν it is hard to part from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature ; natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. 3. the outward form, stature, look, Lat. species, like φύς.

4. natural order, nature ; φύσει or κατὰ φύσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμῳ or κατὰ νόμον (by custom, conventionally) ; ἅπας ὁ ἀνθρώπων βίος φύσει καὶ νόμοις διοικεῖται the whole life of man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by laws ; ὁ κατὰ φύσιν θάνατος a natural death, opp. to παρὰ φύσιν, contrary to nature ; so, προδότης ἐκ φύσεως a traitor by nature. II. natural origin, birth ; φύσει by birth. III. a creature ; θνητὴ φύσις mankind ; πόντου εἰναλία φύσις the creatures of the sea ; θηλεῖα φύσις woman-kind.

φυσῶσις, εως, ἦ, (φυσῶω) a being puffed up, vanity.
φύσικη, ἦ, (φυσάω) the large intestine : a sausage or black pudding.

φυστή or φύστη, ἦ, (φύρω) a kind of barley-cake, not kneaded firmly.

φύστις, εως, ἦ, (φύω) a progeny, race.

φύτᾶλα, ἦ, (φυτόν) a planted place, an orchard or vineyard, as opp. to corn-land (ἀρούρα). II. a plant, esp. of the vine.

φυτάλιος, ον, (φυτός) producing, nourishing, fostering ; fatherly. II. by nature, from one's birth ; ἀρα καὶ ἦσα φυτάλιος δυσαίων ; wast thou thus miserable from thy birth ?

φύτεία, ἦ, (φύτεύω) a planting. II. a plantation ; or simply a plant.

φύτευθεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐφύτεύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φυτεύω ; but φυτευθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of φυτεύω.

φύτευμα, ατος, τό, (φύτεύω) that which is planted, a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucker, a seedling, Lat. planta, stolo. From

φύτεύω, f. σω : aor. I ἐφύτευσα : Pass., aor. I ἐφύτευθην : pf. ἐφύτευμαι : (φυτόν) :—to plant trees or plants : mostly as opp. to ἀρῶν (to sow). 2. metaph. to beget ; ὁ φυτεύσας πατήρ or ὁ φυτεύσας alone, the father ; οἱ φυτεύσαντες the parents :—Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents. 3. generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. to plant ground with trees ; φυτεύειν χωρίον to plant a spot with trees :—Pass., γῆ πεφυτευμένη land planted with trees.

φύτλη, ἦ, (φύω) poet. for φύσις, a stock, generation, race, tribe.

φύτο-εργός, ὄν, poet. for φυτουργός.

φυτόν, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant, tree, fruit-tree. II. a creature : of men, a descendant, child. Properly neut. of φύτός.

φύτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φύω, grown, growing. 2. metaph. of a statue, made of the natural wood, native.

φύτο-σκάφος, ον, (φυτόν, σκάπτω) digging or delving round plants ; φυτοσκάφος ἀνὴρ a gardener.

φύτο-σπόρος, ον, (φυτόν, σπείρω) planting trees :—metaph. begetting, φυτοσπόρος, ὁ, a father.

φύτο-ουργός, poet. φυτο-εργός, ὄν, (φυτόν, *ἐργω) cultivating plants or trees : as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a gardener, vine-dresser. II. metaph. begetting :

as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a father.

ΦΥΩ, fut. φύσω [ῆ] : aor. I ἐφύσα : in these tenses Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow ; τρίχας φύσει to make hair grow ; φύνει πτερά to put forth, grow wings ; of a country, φύνει καρπὸν τε θαυμαστὸν καὶ ἀνδρας ἀγαθοὺς to produce excellent fruits and brave men :—also to beget, generate : ὁ φύσας, the begetter, father. 2. metaph., φρένας φύνει to get understanding ; δόξας φύνει to get or gain reputation. II. Pass. and Med. φύομαι : f. φύσομαι :

the sense of Pass. and Med. also belongs to intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐφῦν, inf. φύναι, part. φύς, φύσα, φύν ; later in pass. form ἐφύνη, φύνῃ, φυέις : perf. ἐφύκα, plqf. ἐπεφύκειν :—Ep. 3 pl. pf. πεφύσισι for πεφύκασι, part. πεφύνας, πεφυνία, πεφυκῶτος, for πεφῦκῶς, -κνία, -κώτος : there is also an Ep. redupl. impf. ἐπέφουκον, as if from a pres. πεφύκα ; Ep. 3 plur. aor. 2

ἐφῶν for ἐφῦσαν: aor. 2 opt. φῦν for φῦήν:—to grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced; δένδρα πεφυκῶτα trees growing there. 2.

of men, to be begotten or born, μὴ φῦναι νικᾶ not to have been born were best:—φῦναι or πεφυκέναι τινός to be born or descended from any one; ὁ φῶς the son, opp. to ὁ φύσας the father. 3. to be so and so by nature, be formed so and so: hence simply to be;

the pf. πέφῦκα being often used as a pres., I have been born, I am; plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν as impf., I had been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἐφῦν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατεῖν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i. e. they naturally prevail. 4. c. dat. to fall to one by nature, be one's natural lot; ἄνθρωπος πεφυκός man according to his nature, as he is.

φῶις, ἴδος, ἦ, contr. φῶς, φῶδος: pl. φῶιδες, φῶδες: (φῶς):—a blister or weal, caused by a burn, a burn, blister.

Φῶκαια Ion. —αἴη, ἦ, a city in Ionia. Hence Φωκαίεύς Att. —αῖεύς, εως, and Φωκαίτης, ὁ, a Phocaeen: fem. Φωκαίς, ἴδος, a Phocaeen woman.

Φωκέύς, εως, ὁ, (Φωκίς) a Phocian.

Φῶλκῆ, ἦ, a seal, sea-calf, Lat. phoca.

Φωκικός, ἦ, ὄν, (Φωκίς) of Phocis, Phocian.

Φωκίς (sub. γῆ), ἴδος, ἦ, Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Boeotia.

φωλάς, ἄδος, ἦ, fem. Adj. (φωλεύς) lurking in a hole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear.

φωλεός, ὁ, Ep. for φωλεύς.

ΦΩΛΕΟΨ, ὁ, with irreg. plur. φωλεά, τά, a den, lair, hole, as of bears, foxes, mice.

φωλεύω, f. εὔσω, or φωλέω, f. ἦσω, (φωλεύς) to lie in a hole or den: to lie torpid in a hole.

φωναίεύς, Aeol. and Dor. for φωνήεις.

φωναῖσαι, Dor. for φωνῆσαι, aor. I inf. of φανέω.

φωνασκέω, f. ἦσω, (φωνασκός) to practise or cultivate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence φωνασκία, ἦ, practice of the voice.

φωνασκόδ, ὄν, (φωνή, ἀσκέω) practising the voice.

φωναῦντες, φωνεῦντα, Dor. for φωνοῦντες, φωνοῦντα, pres. part. from

φανεώ, f. ἦσω, (φωνή) to produce an articulate sound or tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to call out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα φωνεῖν to have the loudest voice. 2. of animals, to cry. 3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to sound sweetly. 4. τὰ φωνοῦντα the vowels, like τὰ φωνήντα.

II. c. acc. pers. to speak to, accost, address: to call by name, call to, cry to, call upon: c. acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do. III. c. acc. rei, to speak of.

ΦΩΝΗΉ, ἦ, a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, Lat. vox: a loud clear voice, a cry; φωνῆν βρηγνύαι to utter a clear, articulate sound. 2. the voice or cry of animals. 3. sound: the sound of musical instruments. 4. any articulate sound, as opp. to inarticulate (ψόφος); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that

of consonants. II. the faculty of speech, discourse, Lat. sermo. 2. language, Lat. lingua. 3. a kind of language, dialect. Hence φωνήεις Dor. φωνάεις, εσσα, εν; contr. in neut. plur. φωνᾶντα:—sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνᾶντα συνετοῖσι that have speech to the wise; uttering a sound, tone or speech:—τὰ φωνήεντα vowels opp. to ἄφωνα (consonants). See φωνή.

φώνημα, ατος, τό, (φωνέω) a sound made or uttered, voice. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for ἐφώνησα, aor. I of φωνέω.

ΦΩΡ, ὁ, gen. φωρός, dat. pl. φωροσί, Lat. FUR, c. thief; φωρῶν λιμὴν, a harbour at Athens, used by smugglers. Hence

φωρά, ἄς, Ion. φωρή, ἦς, ἦ, (φάω) a theft. II. detection.

φωράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: Pass., aor. I ἐφωράθην [ᾶ]: pf. πεφωράμαι: (φωρά):—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a thief: generally, to trace, detect, discover:—Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωράσθαι κλέπτῃς ὄν to be convicted of being a thief; of things, ἀργύριον ἐφωράθη εξαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation.

φώρη, Ion. for φώρα.

φωριᾶμός, ὁ, a chest, trunk, coffer, esp. for clothes and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωριδίος, α, ον, poet. for φώριος, stolen.

φώριος, ον, (φάω) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit.

φῶς, ὁ, gen. φωτός; dual φῶτε, φωτῶν; pl. φῶτες, φωτῶν: (*φάω, the Root of φημί):—poet. for ἀνήρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god.

φῶς, τό, contr. for φῶς.

φωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φῶς) a light-giver, luminary. II. metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσφόρος, ον, (φῶς, φέρω) bringing light; as Subst., φωσφόρος, ὁ, with or without ἀστήρ, the light-bringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star. 2.

φωσφόροι κέρα, the eyeball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye. II. torch-bearing.

φωτ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (φῶς, ἄγω) guiding with a light:—φωταγωγός (sub. θύρα), ἦ, an opening for light, a window.

φωτεινός, ἦ, ὄν, (φῶς) shining bright, giving light.

φωτιζῶ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (φῶς) intr. to shine, give light, beam. II. transit. to bring to light, make known. 2. metaph. to enlighten, instruct, teach:—Pass. to be enlightened or instructed.

φωτισμός, ὁ, (φωτιζῶ) an enlightening. II. that which enlightens, illumination, light.

X

X, χ, χι, τό, indecl., twenty-second letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral χ' = 600, but ,χ =

600,000; also in Inscr. χ stands as first letter of χίλιοι, 1000.

Changes of χ, esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. for θ, as ὄρνιχος for ὄρνιθος. II. Ion. very freq. into κ, as δέκομαι κιθών κύθρα for δέχομαι κίτων χύτρα. III. put before λ, as χλαίνα for λαίνα, χλιαρός for λιαρός.

Like φ, χ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it long by position, as in φαιδόχίτων.

χάδε, Ep. for ἐχάδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of χανδάνω.

χάδειν Ep. χადέειν, aor. 2 inf. of χανδάνω.

ΧΑΨΩ, Ep. fut. κεκάδησω: Ep. aor. 2 κέκαδον, for κέχασον:—to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, c. gen.

II. Med. χάζομαι: f. χάσομαι Ep. χάσομαι: aor. I ἔχασαμην, Ep. 3 sing. χάσατο, Ep. part. χασάμενος: there is also Ep. 3 pl. κεκάδοντο for κεχάδοντο, from a redupl. aor. 2 κεκάδωμην:—to give way, give ground, draw or shrink back, recoil, retire: absol., ὅπως χάζεσθαι to retire or retreat back.

2. c. gen. to draw back or retire from; πύλων χάζεσθαι to retire from the gates; χάζεσθαι ἐτάρων εἰς ἑνὸς to retire into the troop of his companions. 3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, hesitate, fear to do.

ΧΑΪΝΩ, seldom used in pres. and impf., ΧΑΪΣΚΩ, ἔχασκον being used instead: fut. χαινούμαι: aor. 2 ἔχωνον: pf. κέχνηα, with pres. sense:—to gawn, gape, open wide; τότε μοι γὰρ μοι εὐρέια χῶν then may earth gawn wide for me: to open the mouth: of a wound, to gape, gawn.

II. in Comic Poets, to gape or gawn from weariness or in eager expectation; ἄνω κειρνέαι to look gawping up; οἱ κειρνότες γαπῆρ, starers: χάσκειν πρὸς τι to gape or look greedily after a thing; χάσκειν πρὸς τινα to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about.

III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. biscere, c. acc.; δεινὰ ῥήματα κατὰ τινας χανεῖν to speak fowl words against any one.

ΧΑΪΤΟΣ, α, ov, genuine, true, good, staunch.

χαιρέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of χαιρῶ.

χαιρετίζω, f. σω, (χαιρε) to greet. Hence

χαιρετισμός, οὐ, ὄ, a greeting.

χαιρηδών, ὄνος, ἦ, (χαιρῶ) joy, delight, formed like ἄληγδών.

χαιρην, Dor. for χαιρεῖν, inf. of χαιρῶ.

χαιρούσα, Dor. for χαιρούσα, pres. part. fem. of χαιρῶ. χαιρόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of χαιρῶ.

ΧΑΪΡΩ: f. χαιρήσω Ep. κεχάρησω: pf. κεχάρηκα, Ep. part. κεχάρηως:—Med., fut. χαιρούμαι: Ep. aor. I ἔχρηάμην, 3 sing. χήρατο: and from a redupl. aor. 2 κεχάρωμην the 3 pl. ind. κεχάροντο, 3 sing. and pl. opt. κεχάροιτο, κεχαροῖατο: Pass., in same sense as Act., fut. χάρησομαι; Ep. paullo-p. fut. κεχάρησομαι: aor. 2 ἐχάρην [ἄ], Ep. 3 sing. χάρη, opt. χαιρήην, inf. χαιρήναι, part. χαιρείς: pf. κεχάρημαι, later κέχωρμαι: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. κεχάρηντο:—to rejoice, be glad, be

delighted or pleased; χαιρεῖν νόμῳ to rejoice in one's mind.

2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with, take pleasure in a thing; also, χαιρεῖν γέλωτι to express one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, χαιρῶ δέ σ' εὐτυχοῦντα I rejoice at your prosperity.

3. c. part., χαιρῶ ἀκούσας I rejoice at having heard, am glad to hear; χαιρείς ὦρων φῶς thou rejoiceest at seeing the light.

4. with the pres. part., χαιρῶ is used also in sense of φιλέω, to delight in doing, to be wont to do.

II. often with a negat., οὐ χαίρησῃς thou wilt or shalt not rejoice, i.e. thou shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. χαιρῶν with impunity; οὐ χαιρόντες ἀπαλλάξετε ye shall not get off with impunity.

III. the imperat. χαιρεῖ is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, hail, welcome, Lat. salve; or at parting, farewell, Lat. vale; so in part., χαιρῶν ἴθι fare-thee-well.

IV. inf. χαιρεῖν, in phrase χαιρεῖν λέγω σοι, is used as a greeting like χαιρεῖ; προσειπὼν τινα χαιρεῖν having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, Κύριος Κουαζάρη χαιρεῖν [sc. λέγει], Lat. salvere jubet, salutem dicit.

2. in bad sense, χαιρεῖν εἶν or κελεύειν to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at naught; πολλά χαιρεῖν εἰεῖν τιμι to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. χαιρέτω, like ἐπρέτω, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

ΧΑΪΤΗ, ἦ, long flowing hair, both in sing. and plur.: also a horse's mane; later also a lion's mane, Lat. juba.

II. of trees, like Lat. coma, leaves, foliage. Hence

χαιτήεις Dor. -άεις, εσσα, εν, with long flowing hair: also with a long mane.

χαιτώμα, = χαιτή, hair, the plume of a helmet.

χαλά, ἦ, Dor. for χηλή.

ΧΑ'ΛΑΖΑ, ης, ἦ, hail: a hail-shower, hail-storm: metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows. II. a small pimple or tubercle. Hence

χάλαζω, to bail. II. to have pimples or tubercles.

χαλαζ-επίης, ἐς, (χάλαζα, ἔπος) burling abuse as thick as bail.

χάλαιζης Dor. -άεις, εσσα, εν, (χάλαζα) like bail, thick as bail, pelting, pitiless.

χάλαζο-βόλω, f. ἦσω, (χάλαζα, βαλεῖν), to strike with bail.

χάλαινω, poet. for χαλάω.

χάλαρῶς, α, ὄν, (χαλάω) slackened, loosened, slack; χαλαρά κοτυλήδων a loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

χάλαρότης, ητος, ἦ, slackness, looseness.

ΧΑ'ΛΛ'Ω: f. ἄσω [ἄ]: aor. I ἐχάλασα Ep. χάλασσα, Dor. part. χαλάζαις; pf. κεχάλακα: Pass. aor. I ἐχαλάσθη: pf. κεχάλασμαι: I. transit.

to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; χαλᾶν τόξα to unstring the bow; ἥνιας χαλᾶν to slack the reins; χαλᾶν πῶδα to slack the sheet of the sail. 2. to let down, let fall or droop; μέτωπον χαλᾶν to smooth

the brow. 3. to let loose, loose, release; κλῆθρα or κλῆδας χαλάν to loose the bar or bolts. 4. metaph. to relax, let go, give up. II. intr. to become slack or loose: to gape, stand wide open. 2. metaph. c. gen. to relax or leave off from a thing, to cease from. 3. c. dat. to give way or yield to any one: to be indulgent to any one, pardon him. 4. absol. like εἶκνε, to give in, yield:—Pass., like the intr. usage, to be loosened or slackened.

Χαλδαίος, ὁ, a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, caster of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much given to such pursuits. Hence

Χαλδαϊστί, Adv. in the Chaldee tongue.
χάλ-εμάς, ἀδός, ἦ, (χαλάω, εἶμα) Lat. laxivestis, loose-robed, ungirt.

χάλεπαίνω, f. ἀνώ: aor. I ἐχαλέπηνα, pass. ἐχαλεπάνην: (χαλεπός):—to be hard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storms, Lat. ingravescere: metaph. of men, to deal severely or harshly, to be harsh, ill-tempered; χαλεπαίνειν τινί to be embittered or sbew harshness towards one; χαλεπαίνει ἐπί τινι to be angry at a thing: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρὸς ἀλλήλους to be angry or grow embittered towards one another.

χαλεπήναι, aor. I inf. of χαλεπαίνω.
χάλεπής, ἑς, poet. for χαλεπός.

ΧΑΛΕΠΟΣ [ἄ], ἦ, ὄν, hard to bear, sore, severe, grievous; τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνεύματος the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπά hardships, sufferings. 2. hard to do or deal with, difficult, troublesome. 3. difficult, dangerous. 4. of approaches, difficult, rough, rugged, steep.

II. of persons, hard to deal with, bitter, hostile, angry; οἱ χαλεπώτεροι bitter enemies: mischievous, dangerous, troublesome. 2. harsh, cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict. 3. ill-tempered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

χάλεπότης, ητος, ἦ, difficulty, roughness, ruggedness. II. of persons, harshness, severity, rigour.

χάλεπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἐχαλέφθην:—poët. for χαλεπαίνω, to deal harshly with, oppress, distress, harass: also to bring low, humble. 2. to provoke, enrage, irritate. II. intr. to be angry, irritated.

χαλεπός, Dor. for χαλεπός, gen. of χαλεπός.
χαλεπῶς, Adv. of χαλεπός, hardly, with difficulty; χαλεπῶς ἦν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. 2. scarcely, Lat. aegré.

II. of persons, severely, cruelly, harshly. 2. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegré, graviter ferre, to bear a thing ill.

χαλεπώτερον, -ώτατα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπῶς.
χάλι-κρῆτος Ion. χάλι-κρητος, ον, (χάλις, κεράννυμι) unmixed, of wine, Lat. merus.

χάλιν-ἀγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλινόν, ἀγω) to guide with or as with a bridle: hence to curb, restrain.

χάλινός, ὁ, irreg. pl. χαλινά, τὰ, (χαλάω) a bridle, esp. the bit of a bridle; χαλινὸν ἐνδακύν to champ the bit; χαλινὸς δίδουσι to give a horse the rein. 2. metaph. of anything which curbs or compels; Διὸς χαλινός the curb imposed by Jove.

χάλινός, f. ὦσω, to bridle or bit a horse:—Pass. to be bridled or curbed. Hence

χάλινώσις, εως, ἦ, a bridling. [Ὶ]
χάλινωτήρια, τὰ, (χαλινώω) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

ΧΑΛΙΑΞ, ἶκος, ὁ and ἦ, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [ἄ]

χάλις, ιος, ὁ, (χαλάω) sbeer wine, Lat. merum.
χάλιφρονέω, f. ἦσσω, (χαλιφρον) to be light-minded, flighty, silly. Hence

χάλιφροσύνη, ἦ, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness.
χάλι-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἦ, (χαλάω, φρήν) light-minded, flighty, thoughtless.

χαλκ-ἀρματός, ονος, (χαλκός, ἄρμα) with brasen chariot, epith. of Mars.

χάλκ-ασπίς, ιδος, ὁ, ἦ, (χαλκός, ἀσπίς) with brasen shield.

χαλκ-έγχης, ες, gen. εος, (χαλκός, ἔγχος) with brasen lance.

χαλκεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (χαλκεῖω) a smith's shop, forge, smithy, Lat. officīna. II. anything made of copper: 1. a copper vessel, caldron. 2. a concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκεος, α, ον Ion. χαλκήιος, η, ον, poet. for χάλκεος, (χαλκός) of brass, brasen.

χαλκ-έλατος, ον, (χαλκός, ἐλατύω) poet. for χαλκήλατος.

χαλκ-έμβολος, poet. fem. of χαλκέμβολος.
χαλκ-έμβολος, ον, (χαλκός, ἔμβολον) with brasen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-εντής, ἑς, (χαλκός, ἔντεα) armed with brass.

χαλκεό-γομφος, ον, (χάλκεος, γόμφος) fastened with brasen nails.

χαλκεο-θώραξ, ἄκος, Ep. -θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἦ: (χάλκεος, θώραξ) with brasen breastplate.

χαλκεο-κάρδιος, ον, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with heart of brass.

χαλκεο-πέζος, ον, (χάλκεος, πέζα) brass-footed.

χαλκεό-οπλος, ον, (χάλκεος, ὄπλον) with arms or armour of brass.

χάλκεος, ἑα Ion. ἐη, εον, also εος, εον: contr. χαλκοῦς, ἦ, οὐν: poet. χάλκεος Ion. -ήιος, η, ον: (χαλκός):—of copper or bronze, brasen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Ζεύς a brasen statue of Jove; χάλκεον ἱστάναι τινά to raise a brasen statue to one. 2. metaph., like brass, hard, stout; χάλκεον ἦτορ, a heart of brass; χάλκεος ὕπνος a brasen sleep, i. e. sleep of death.

χαλκεο-τευχής, ἑς, (χάλκεος, τεύχος) in arms of brass.

χαλκεό-φωνος, ον, (χάλκεος, φωνή) with voice of brass, i. e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκεῖω) anything made of brass, a brasen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brasen bonds.

χαλκεύς, εως, ὁ, (χαλκεῖω) a worker in copper, a

coppersmith, brasier. 2. more generally, a worker in metal, smith, even of a goldsmith; esp. a blacksmith.

χαλκευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) = χαλκεύς: metaph. a forger.

χαλκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the brasier or his art: skilled in metal-working: ἡ χαλκευτική (sub. τέχνη), the smith's art or trade.

χαλκεύω, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαλκεύω, wrought of copper or metal.

χαλκεύω, f. σω, (χαλκός) to make of copper or of metal, to forge:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II. intr. to be a smith, work as a smith, ply the hammer or forge; τὸ χαλκεύω the smith's art.

χαλκεῖον, ἄνωσ, ὁ, = χαλκείον, a forge, smithy.

χαλκειδών, ὄνωσ, ὁ, (χαλκός) chalcedony, name of a gem like an onyx.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for χαλκείον.

χαλκήιος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for χάλκειος.

χαλκ-ἡλάτος also χαλκ-έλατος, ὄν, (χαλκός, ἐλαύω) forged out of brass, of beaten brass.

χαλκήρης, ἐς, gen. εὐσ, (χαλκός, ἀράρειν) furnished with brass: of spears and arrows, tipped with brass.

χαλκί-οικος, ὄν, (χαλκός, οἶκος) dwelling in a brassen house or sbrine.

χαλκίον, τό, (χαλκός) a copper utensil, vessel, implement. 2. copper money, copper coin.

χαλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a bird of prey.

Χαλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Chalcis, a city in Euboea, said to have its name from neighbouring copper-mines.

χαλκοάρης, ἐς, gen. εὐσ, poet. lengthd. form for χαλκήρης. [ἀ]

χαλκο-βάρης, ἐς, gen. εὐσ, (χαλκός, βάρος) heavy or loaded with brass.

χαλκοβάρεα, used as fem. of χαλκοβαρής.

χαλκο-βατής, ἐς, gen. εὐσ, (χαλκός, βαίνω) standing on brass, with foundation of brass, with brassen base.

χαλκο-βόας, οὔ, ὁ, (χαλκός, βοή) with voice of brass.

χαλκο-γένειος, ὄν, (χαλκός, γένειος), and χαλκό-γενυς, υ, gen. νος, (χαλκός, γένυς) with teeth of brass.

χαλκο-γλώχιν, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, γλωχίς) with point or barbs of brass.

χαλκο-δαίδαλος, ὄν, (χαλκός, δαιδάλλω) inlaid with brass. II. act. working in brass.

χαλκο-δάμας, ἄνωσ, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, δαμάω) subduing, i. e. sharpening brass.

χαλκό-δετος, ὄν, (χαλκός, δέω) brass-bound.

χαλκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, θώραξ) = χαλκο-θώραξ, with brassen breastplate.

χαλκο-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, κνήμις) with greaves of brass.

χαλκο-κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (χαλκός, κορύσσω) as masc. Adj., with or in brassen armour.

χαλκό-κροτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, κροτέω) sounding or rattling with brass: of horses, brassen-boofed. II. beaten or forged of brass.

χαλκο-λίβανον, τό, fine or glowing brass. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χαλκο-μίτρας, οὔ, ὁ, (χαλκός, μίτρα) with girdle of brass.

χαλκό-νωτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, νῶτος) brass-backed.

χαλκο-πᾶγής, ἐς, (χαλκός, παγγίαι) compacted of brass.

χαλκο-πάρηος Dor. -πάρῃος, ὄν, (χαλκός, παρειά) with cheeks or sides of brass, epith. of helmets.

χαλκό-πέδος, ὄν, (χαλκός, πέδον) with floor of brass.

χαλκό-πλευρος, ὄν, (χαλκός, πλευρά) with sides of brass, of an hip.

χαλκο-πληθής, ἐς, gen. εὐσ, (χαλκός, πλήθος) filled with brass, armed all in brass.

χαλκό-πληκτος Dor. -πληκτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, πλήσσω) forged or welded of brass.

χαλκό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -που, τό; gen. -ποδος (χαλκός, πούς):—brassen-footed, with brassen tramp. II. with steps of brass, brassen.

χαλκό-πύλος, ὄν, (χαλκός, πύλη) with gates of brass or bronze.

ΧΑΛΚΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, brass, or rather copper, Lat. aes, called from its colour ἐρυθρός and αἰθοψ. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hence χαλκός was used as a name for metal in general; and afterwards, when iron began to be worked, the word χαλκός was used for σίδηρος. Later, χαλκός was applied to bronze, a mixture of copper with tin, which was the chief metal used by the ancients in the arts. II. in the Poets, anything made of brass or metal, esp. of brassen arms: also a brassen vessel, urn.

χαλκο-σκελής, ἐς, (χαλκός, σκέλος) with legs of brass.

χαλκο-στέφανος, ὄν, (χαλκός, στέφανος) crowned or compassed with brass.

χαλκό-στομος, ὄν, (χαλκός, στόμα) with brassen mouth. II. with edge or point of brass.

χαλκό-τευκτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, τεύχω) made of brass.

χαλκό-τευχής, ἐς, (χαλκός, τεύχος) in brassen armour.

χαλκό-τοξος, ὄν, (χαλκός, τόξον) with brassen bow.

χαλκοτορέα, f. ἡσω, to form or mould of brass. From

χαλκό-τορος, ὄν, (χαλκός, τείρω) wrought of brass.

χαλκό-τύπος, ὄν, (χαλκός, τύπω) beating or working copper:—as Subst., χαλκοτύπος, ὁ, a worker in copper, coppersmith: generally, a smith. 2.

striking brass together, beating the cymbals, of the priests of Cybelé. II. χαλκοτύπος, ὄν, pass., struck with brass, inflicted with brassen arms.

χαλκο-σύργος, ὁ, (χαλκός, *ἔργω) a coppersmith.

χαλκοῦς, ἡ, ὄν, Att. contr. from χάλκειος. II. as Subst., χαλκοῦς, ὁ, a copper coin, somewhat less than a farthing.

χαλκο-φάλαρος, ὄν, (χαλκός, φάλαρα) adorned or ornamented with brass or copper. [φᾶ]

χαλκόφι, Ep. for χαλκοῦ, gen. of χαλκός.

χαλκο-χάρμη, ὄν, ὁ, (χαλκός, χάρμη) fighting in brassen armour.

χαλκο-χίτων, ἄνωσ, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, χιτών) brassen-coated, brass-clad.

χαλκό-χυτος, ον, (χαλκός, χέω) cast in copper or brass.

χαλκώω, f. ὤσω, (χαλκός) to cover with brass:— aor. I pass. part. χαλκωθείς, clad in brass. II. to make in brass or bronze.

χάλκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκώω) anything made of bronze or copper, a brassen vessel or instrument.

χάλυβδικός, ή, όν, (χάλυψ) of steel; τὸ χάλυβδίκον steel.

χάλυβος, ό, ποët. for χάλυψ, steel.

Χάλυψ, ὕβος, ό, one of the nation of the Chalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel. II. as appellat., χάλυψ, ὕβος, ό, hardened iron, steel.

χάμαδῖς [μά], Adv. (χαμαί) ποët. for χαμάξ, on the ground, to the ground.

χαμάξ, Adv. (χαμαί) to the ground, on the ground, Lat. bumi.

χαμάθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) from the ground.

ΧΑΜΑΪ, Adv. on the earth, on the ground. 2. like χαμάξ, Lat. bumi, to the ground, to earth.

χάμαι-γενής, ές, gen. έος, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) earth-born, sprung from the soil.

χάμαι-ευνάς, άδος, ποët. fem. of sq. [αἷ metri grat.] χάμαι-εύνης, ου, ό, (χαμαί, εύνή) making one's bed or lair on the ground. [αἷ metri grat.]

χάμαιζήλος, ον, (χαμαί) growing low or near the ground: generally, low: ό χαμαιζήλος (sub. δίφρος), a low stool. II. metaph. fond of mean things, bumle; τὸ χαμαιζήλον humility.

χάμαικοιτέω, f. ήσω, to lie, make one's bed on the ground. From

χάμαι-κοίτης, ου, ό, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making one's bed on the ground.

χάμαιλεχής, ές, gen. έος, (χαμαί, λέχος) = χαμαικοίτης.

χάμαι-λέων, οντος, ό, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon, a kind of lizard known for changing its colour.

χάμαιπετώω, f. ήσω, to fall to the ground; γνάμμα χαμαιπετώσα a thought that falls to the ground. From

χάμαι-πετής, ές, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ— Root of πίπτω) falling to or on the earth; χαμαιπετής πίπτειν to fall to earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust. 2. lying or sleeping on the ground. 3. on the ground. II. metaph. falling to the ground, coming to naught fruitless.

χαμαιπετώσα, Dor. for χαμαιπετούσα, part. fem. of χαμαιπετώω.

χάμαι-τυπέιον, τό, (χαμαί, τυπεῖν) a brotbel.

χάμ-ερπής, ές, (χαμαί, έρπω) creeping on the ground, grovelling.

χάμ-εύνη, ή, for χαμαιεύνη, (χαμαί, εύνή) a bed on the ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed. II. a bedstead.

χάμ-ευνίς, ίδος, ή, (χαμαί, εύνή) a low bed, a pallet-bed.

χάμηλός, ή, όν, (χαμαί) on the ground. 2. diminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.

χάμθεον, Adv. (χαμαί) later form for χαμάθεν, from the ground.

χάμψαι, οί, the Egyptian name for crocodiles.

χάν, ή, Dor. for χήν, a goose.

Χανααῖος, α, ον, Canaanitish, of Canaan:—as Subst., Χανααῖος, ό, a Canaanite; Χανααία, ή, a Canaanitish woman. See Κανανίτης.

χανάνωω, fut. ήσομαι: aor. 2 έχάδον Ep. χάδον: pf. with pres. sense κέχανδα: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. with impf. sense κεχάνθει:—to bold, take in, comprise, contain, έξ μέτρα χάνδατα κρητήρ the bowl held six measures: οὐκ έδνήσατο πάσας αλγυαλδς νήας χαδέειν the beach could not hold all the ships.

χανδόν, Adv., (χάινω) gaping, with mouth wide open: metaph. greedily, eagerly.

χάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of χάινω.

χάινω [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of χάινω.

ΧΑ'ΟΨ [α], eos, τό, Chaos, Space, personified by Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of existence, the rude unformed mass. 2. infinite space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space, a gulf, chasm.

χάός, όν, like χάϊος, genuine, true, good.

χάρᾶ, ή, (χαρήναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρᾶ with joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing.

χάραγμα, ατος, τό, (χάράσσω) any mark imprinted: χ. έχιδνής the serpent's bite. 2. a graven mark or line, character, inscription.

χάρᾶδρα Ion. χαράδρη, ή, (χαράσσω) like χείμαρρος, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself (χαράσσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. torrens. II. the bed of such a stream, a deep gully, rift, ravine. Hence

χάρᾶδραϊος, α, ον, of or from a mountain-torrent.

χάρᾶδριός, ό, (χαράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts (χαράδρα) whence its name, the curlew.

χάρᾶδρός, f. ώσω: Pass., aor. I έχαραδρήθην: pf. κεχαράδρωμαι: (χαράδρα):—to tear up into clefts:—Pass. to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to be full of ravines and gullies; χῶρη κεχαράδρωμένη a country intersected with ravines.

χάρᾶκώω, f. ώσω, (χάραξ) to pale round, palisade, fortify. II. to prop with a pole or stake.

χαρακτήρ, ήρος, ό, (χαράσσω) that which is cut in or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, seals, etc.; χαρακτήρα έπεμβάλλειν τινί to set a stamp upon a thing. 2. metaph. the mark or token impressed on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive mark, character; ανδρών οὐδεις χαρακτήρ έμπεφνε σώματι no outward mark has been impressed by nature on the person of men. 3. a likeness, image, exact representation.

χαρακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαράσσω, cut in, notched, like a saw.

χάρᾶκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαράκωω) a place pale round or palisaded, a fortified camp. II. a paling, palisade, Lat. vallum.

χάρᾶκωσις, εως, ή, (χαράκωω) a fencing with pales, a palisading, fortifying.

χάραξ, άκος, ό, also ή, (χάράσσω) a pointed stake: a vine-prop, vine-pole. II. a pale used in fortifying the rampart of a camp, Lat. vallus: hence 2.

collectively, a place *paled in, a fortified camp*, Lat. *vallum*.

ΧΑ΄ΡΑ΄ΣΣΩ Att. —ττω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐχάραξα: Pass., aor. I ἐχαράχθην: pf. κεχάραγμαi:—to make sharp or pointed, sharpen: Pass. to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasperate, irritate, provoke:—Pass. to be irritated, exasperated. II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. III. to engrave, inscribe.

χάρησαι, aor. I inf. pass. of χαίρω.

χάρησομαι, later fut of χαίρω.

χαρί-δώτης, ου, ό, (χαρίς, δίδωμι) *he that gives joy or grace*.

χαρίεις, χαρίεσσα, χαρίεν, gen. εντος: (χαρίς):—graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, elegant.

II. in Att., χαρίεις was often used of persons, graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined; οί χαριεντες men of taste and refinement, men of education.

III. the neut. was used in Att. as Adv., when it was written χαρίεν. Hence

χαριεντίζομαι, f. —ίσομαι Att. —ιούμαι: Dep.:—to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest; σπουδή χαριεντίζεσθαι to jest in earnest.

χαρίεντος, Adv. of χαρίεις, gracefully, elegantly: neatly, cleverly. 2. kindly, courteously.

χαρι-εργός, όν, (χαίρω, εργον) *delighting in the arts, epith. of Minerva*.

χαρίζομαι: fut. med. —ίσομαι Att. —ιούμαι, also f. pass. —ισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχαρισάμην and ἐχαρίσθην: pf. κεχάρισμαι both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.: (χαρίς):—to shew favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour.

2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. *indulgere*; χαρίζεσθαι τῷ σώματι to indulge one's body.

II. c. acc. rei, to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; χαρίζεσθαι άλλοτριον to give freely of what does not belong to one; ταμὴ χαριζομένη παρεόντων the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand.

III. in pass. sense, to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour; τοῖσι Εὐβοέεσσι ἐεχαρίστο it was done to please the Euboians.

2. pf. part. κεχαρισμένος, pleasing, acceptable, welcome; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ most welcome to my heart; κεχαρισμένος ἦλθεν he came wished for, was welcome.

χαριξή, Dor. for χαρίσει, 2 sing. fut. of χαρίζομαι.

χαρίς [ᾶ], ἡ, gen. χάριτος: acc. χάριν or χάριτα: plur. χάριτες, dat. pl. χάρισι Ep. χαρίτεσι poet. also χάρισι: (χαίρω):—favour, grace, Lat. *gratia*:

I. outward grace, grace, loveliness; χάριν καταχέειν τι to shed grace over one. 2. of things, a grace, a charm.

II. grace or favour felt, either, 1. by the Doer, kindness, good-will: or, 2. by the Receiver, the sense of favour received, thanks, gratitude; esp. in phrases χάριν εἶδέναι to feel gratitude; χάριν ὀφείλειν to owe a debt of gratitude, be beholden; χάριν or χάριτα καταθέσθαι τινί to lay up

a store of gratitude with a person, i. e. earn his thanks; χάριν λαμβάνειν to receive thanks.

3. influence, as opp. to force, Lat. *gratia*; χάριτι πλείον ἢ φόβῳ more by favour than fear.

III. a favour done, a grace, kindness, boon; χάριν φέρειν τινί to confer a favour on one: hence in phrases, χάριν θέσθαι, νέμειν, δρᾶσαι to confer a grace, favour, kindness.

IV. a gratification, delight; φορημῶνος from the harp. 2. δαιμόνων χάρις homage or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift; εὐκταία χάρις a gift in consequence of a vow.

V. special usages: acc. sing. absol. χάρον, c. gen., in anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, χάριν Ἔκτορος for the sake of Hector: also with the Artic., τὴν Ἀθηναίων χάριν for the sake of the Athenians:—

it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., = ἔνεκα, Lat. *gratia, causa, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of*: so too, ἐμὴν χάριν, σὴν χάριν for my, thy pleasure or sake, Lat. *mea, tua gratia*.

2. εἰς χάριν τινός to do one a pleasure; πρὸς χάριν λέγειν τινί to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him; but, πρὸς χάριν ἐμᾶς σαρκός for the sake of my flesh, i. e. of devouring it.

3. ἐν χάριτι κρίνειν τινά to decide from partiality to one. 4. διὰ χαρίτων εἶναι or γίνεσθαι τινα to be on terms of friendship or mutual favour with one.

VI. in Mythology, αἱ Χάριτες the Charitēs or Graces, were the goddesses who confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games: three in number, *Aglaiā, Euphrosynē, Thalia*.

Χάρισμα, ατος, τό, (χαρίζομαι) a grace, favour: a free gift, grace.

χαρίσσοσθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of χαρίζομαι.

χαριστήριος, ου, (χαρίζομαι) in token of thanks-giving.

II. as Subst., χαριστήριον, τό, a grace, gift.

2. τὰ χαριστήρια (sub. ἱερά), thank-offerings.

χαρίτια, ἡ, (χαρίς) a jest, joke.

χαρίτο-βλέφαρος, ου, (Χαρίς, βλέφαρον) with eyelids like the Graces.

χαρίτο-γλωσσέω Att. —ττέω, f. ἦσω, (χαρίς, γλῶσσα) to speak to please, glose with the tongue.

χαρίτιος, f. ὦσα, (χαρίς) to shew favour or grace to anyone:—Pass. to be highly favoured.

χαρίτ-ώπης, ες, (χαρίς, ὦπ) graceful of aspect: fem. χαριτώπις, ἰδος.

χάρμα, ατος, τό, (χαίρω) a source of joy, a joy: joy, delight.

χάρμη, ἡ, (χαίρω) = χάρμα, joy: the joy of battle, battle.

χαρμονή, ἡ, (χάρμα) joy, delight: in pl. joys, delights.

χαρμόσυνος, η, ου, (χάρμη) joyful, glad; χαρμόσυνα ποιεῖν to make rejoicings.

χαρμό-φρων, ονος, ό, ἡ, (χάρμα, φρήν) gladdening the heart or of joyous heart.

χάρο-ποιός, όν, (χαρά, ποιέω) causing joy, gladdening.

χάρ-οπός, ἡ, όν, also ός, όν, (χαρά, ὦπ) glad-eyed. bright-eyed: properly it only implied brightness and fierceness: later, it came to mean light blue or gray, much like γλαυκός.

χαρτάριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτης.
 χάρτης, ου, ὁ, (χαράσσω) Lat. *charta*, a leaf of paper, made from the separated layers of the papyrus.
 χαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαίρω, *delightful, gladdening, cheerful*.

Χάρυβδις, εως Ion. *ios*, ἡ, *Cbarybdis*, a dangerous whirlpool on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian rock Scylla: then generally a *whirlpool, gulf*: metaph. of a *greedy rapacious person*, like Lat. *barabrum*.

Χάρων [ᾶ], ωνος, ὁ, *Charon*, the ferryman of the Styx, so called from his *bright fierce eyes*. Cp. *χάροπος*.

χασκάω, f. ἄω, Frequentat. of χάσσω, c. acc., to keep yawning or gaping at or for a thing.

χάσσω, ἔχασσον, to *gape, yawn*, used as pres. and impf. of χαίνω: see χαίνω.

χάσμα, ατος, τό, (χαίνω) a yawning hollow, a chasm, gulf.
 II. the open moub, like Lat. *riectus*.
 III. any wide space or expanse.

χασμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. (χαίνω) to *yawn, gape wide*, of the mouth.

χασμέομαι, Ion. for χασμάομαι.
 χασμεύμενος, Dor. pres. part. of χασμάομαι.

χασμήμα, ατος, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, Lat. *riectus*.

χασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of χάζομαι.
 χάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χάζομαι.

ΧΑΨΕΨΩ, f. ἴσω, to long, desire, wish much to do a thing, c. inf.: absol. to wish, desire. II. c. gen. to *crave, want, have need of* a thing.

χάψιω, f. ἴω, like χαιρέω, to long for, desire, *crave: to want, have need of*; χαιτίξιν ἔργου to want or be without work: absol. in part., one who is in want, a needy, poor person.

χᾶψις, ἡ, and χάτος, εος, τό, want, need, = χητίς, χῆτος.

χαυλι-όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαύλιος, δδούς) with outstanding or projecting teeth.
 II. χαυλιόδοντες ὀδόντες of the crocodile's teeth, *outstanding, tusky*: absol., χαυλιόδοντες *sharp, jagged teeth*.

χαυνο-πολιτής, ου, ὁ, (χαίνος, πολιτής) an open-mouthed citizen, a gaping cit. [Ὶ]

χαυνό-πρωκτος, ov, (χαυνος, πρωκτός) wide-breeched.

χαῦνος, η, ov, and os, ov, (χαίτω) gaping: flaccid, loose, porous.
 II. metaph. loose, foolish, silly, vain. Hence

χαυνότης, ητος, ἡ, looseness, porousness.
 II. metaph. *folly, vanity*.

χαύνωσις, εως, ἡ, (χαυνώω) a making loose or slack.
 II. metaph. *making a thing light, weakening its force*.

χέε, χέεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. or aor. I of χέω.
 χέζητιώ, like χεσείω, Desiderat. of χέζω, to wish to ease oneself.

ΧΕΨΩ: f. χεσούμαι: pf. κέχοδα: aor. I ἔχσα: aor. 2 ἔχσον: pf. pass. κέχεσμαι:—to ease oneself: —Pass., σπέλεθος ἀρτίως κεχεσμένος dung just dropt.

ΧΕΙΑ' Ion. χείη, ἡ, a hole, esp. of serpents.
 χείλευς, Dor. for χείλεος, gen. of χείλος.

χειλο-ποτέω, f. ἴσω, (χείλος, πίνω) to drink with the lips only, to sip.

ΧΕΙΛΟΣ, εος, τό: plur., gen. χηιλέων contr. ἄν; dat. χηίλει Ep. -εσει:—a lip: proverb., χηίλει γελᾶν to laugh with the lips (only); χηίλεα μὲν τ' ἔδιγν', ὑπερώην δ' οὐκ ἔδιγνε it wetted the lips, but the palate it wetted not. 2. of beasts, the snout, muzzle: of birds, a bill, beak. II. metaph. of things,

the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χέιμα, ατος, τό, winter-weather, cold, frost, Lat. *hiems*: winter, as a season of the year, opp. to θέρος: χέιμα absol. in acc., in winter. II. a storm: metaph. a storm of passion.

χηιμάδιον [ᾶ], τό, a winter-dwelling, winter-quarters; χηιμαδίω χρῆσθαι Λήμῳ to fix upon Lemnos as winter quarters. From

χηιμάω, f. ἴσω: (χέιμα): I. transit. to expose to the winter, set in the frost or cold: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: live through the winter. II. intr. to pass the winter: to go into winter quarters, to winter, Lat. *hiemare*.

III. to raise a storm or tempest: metaph. to trouble, afflict. 2. absol. χηιμάζει (sc. ὁ θεός), there is a storm, like ἕει, νίφει, etc.; ἔχημαζε ἡμέρας τρεῖς the storm lasted three days. 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, suffer from it: metaph. to be tempest-tost, distressed, esp. of the state: to be distracted, overwhelmed by suffering.

χηιμαῖω, f. ἄω, (χέιμα) distress by a storm or tempest:—Pass. to be driven by a storm, be tempest-tost. II. intr. to be stormy.

χηιμάρος, ὁ, (χέιμα) a plug in a ship's bottom, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the bilge-water.

χηιμάρ-ροος, ov, Att. contr. -ροος, ov: (χέιμα, ῥέω)—winter-flowing, swollen in winter; χηιμάρροος ποταμός a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rain and melted snow. 2. as Subst., χηιμάρροος, ὁ, a water-drain, conduit. II. wintry, stormy.

χηιμαρρος or χηιμάρρος, ov, poet. for χηιμάρροος.
 χηιμασία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (χηιμάζω) a passing the winter, wintering: winter-quarters.

χηιμερίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰω, (χέιμα) to pass the winter, winter.

χηιμερίνός, ἡ, ὄν, (χέιμα) of or in winter, in winter-time, wintry, stormy; χηιμερινὸν χωρίον a wintry, bleak place. See χηιμέριος.

χηιμέριος, α, ov, Att. also os, ov: (χέιμα)—in, of, belonging to winter, wintry; ὤρη χηιμερῖν the winter-season; μῆνες χηιμεριώτατοι the most wintry, i.e. most stormy, months; ἀκτὰ χηιμερία κυματοπλήξ a shore lashed by the waves of winter: metaph., χηιμερία λύπη raging pain.—Generally, χηιμέριος and χηιμερίνος are distinguished thus:—χηιμέριος wintry, like winter, stormy; χηιμερίνος wintry, in winter-time.

χηιμο-θνής, ητος, ὁ, ἡ, (χέιμα, θνήσκω) frozen to death.

χηιμῶν, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (χέιμα) winter, the season of winter; τὸν χηιμῶνα during winter; χηιμῶνος in winter-

time. II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; χεϊμών νοτερός a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm, fury: also great distress or suffering.

ΧΕΙΜΩΝΟΥΤΥΠΟΣ, ον, (χεϊμών, τύπτα) beating tempestuously.

ΧΕΙΡΉ, ή, γεν. χείρως: plur. χείρες, χείρων, χερίσι: Ion. decl., χείρ, χείρως, χερί, χέρα, χείρες, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are χερίων (rarely χερίων) even in Att.: Ep. dat. pl. χείρεσι and χείρεσσι:—the band, or rather the band and arm, the arm; άπερα χείρ the band; χείρ σιδηρά an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, grapnel.

2. χείρ is often joined with δεξιός and άριστερός, to mark the side on which a thing is; see άριστερός, δεξιός. 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. to mere words; έπεναν και χερίων άρήςεν to assist with word and deed; προσφέρειν χείρας to apply force; of deeds of violence, χείρων άρχειν to begin the fray.

4. like Lat. manus, a number or body of men, a band: the band, skill of an artist or workman: also his handywork.

II. special usages: χείρως έχειν τινά to have, hold one by the band; χείρας άνασχέιν θεούς to raise one's bands to the gods in prayer; χείρας άρέξαι to stretch or spread the arms in token of entreaty. 2. άγασθάι τι ές χείρας to take a thing in band; έν χερί, μετά or διά χείρας έχειν τι to have a thing in band, be engaged in it.

3. έν χερί, έν χερίσι, in one's band or bands, and so in one's power: but also in warlike sense, έν χερίσι έν the fray, in close fight, Lat. cominus. 4. ές χείρας έλθειν to fall into anyone's bands or power, but also to come to blows. 3. εκ χείρως, out of band, off band; άπό χείρως λογισάσθαι to reckon off band, roughly. 6. πρό χείρων at band, in readiness.

7. υπό χείρως or χείρων, under the bands, under the power; cp. υποχείριος.

ΧΕΙΡ-ΆΓΡΑ, ή, (χείρ, άγρα) gout in the band; as ποδ-άγρα in the feet.

ΧΕΙΡΆΓΩΓΕΩΣ, f. ήσω, to lead by the band. From χείρ-άγωγός, όν, (χείρ, άγω) leading by the band: as Subst., χείραγωγός, ό, one that leads by the band.

ΧΕΙΡ-ΑΠΤΆΞΩ, f. άσω, (χείρ, άπτω) to touch with the band, take in band, handle.

ΧΕΙΡΕΣΙ, ΧΕΙΡΕΣΣΙ, Ep. dat. pl. of χείρ. ΧΕΙΡΪΔΩΤΟΣ, όν, (χείρ) having sleeves, sleeved, of the χιτών or tunic: the χιτών without sleeves was called έξομοίς.

ΧΕΙΡΙΟΣ, α, ον, (χείρ) in the bands, in the power of, subject, captive.

ΧΕΙΡΙΣ, ίδος, ή, (χείρ) a covering for the band, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

ΧΕΙΡΙΣΤΟΣ, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of χείρων, worst, Lat. pessimus: οί χείριστοι men of lowest degree.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΒΟΛΕΩ, f. ήσω, (χείρ, βαλείν) to throw with the hand.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΓΡΆΦΟΣ, ον, (χείρ, γράφω) written with the hand, in handwriting:—as Subst., χείρογραφον, τό, a handwriting, written decree.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΔΑΪΚΤΟΣ, ον, (χείρ, δαίω) slain by the band.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΔΕΙΚΤΟΣ, ον, (δείκνυμι) pointed out by the band, Lat. digito monstratus: manifest, confessed.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΔΙΚΗΣ, ον, ό, (χείρ, δίκη) one who asserts his right by force of bands, who uses the right of might. [Υ]

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΔΡΆΚΩΝ, οντος, ό, (χείρ, δράκων) with serpent-bands or arms. [Α]

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΗΘΗΣ, ες, (χείρ, ήθος) accustomed to the band, manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. mansuetus: used or habituated to a thing; submissive, obedient.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΜΑΚΤΡΟΝ, τό, (χείρ, μάσσω) a cloth for wiping the hands, a towel, napkin, Lat. manile: the Scythians used scalp as χείρομακτρα.

ΧΕΙΡΟΜΆΧΕΩ, f. ήσω, to fight with the bands. From χείρο-μάχος, ον, (χείρ, μάχομαι) fighting with the band.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΜΥΛΗ, ή, (χείρ, μύλη) a hand-mill. [Υ]

ΧΕΙΡΟΝΟΜΕΩ, f. ήσω, (χειρονόμος) to move the bands to a certain time or order; σκέλεσι χειρονομείν to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms. Hence

ΧΕΙΡΟΝΟΜΙΑ, ή, measured motion of the bands, gesticulation.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΝΟΜΟΣ, ον, (νέμω) moving the bands regularly, gesticulating: as Subst., χειρονόμος, ό, Lat. pantomimus, a pantomimic performer.

ΧΕΙΡΩΝΟΣ, Adv. of χείρων, worse.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΠΛΗΘΗΣ, ές, (χείρ, πίμπλημι) filling the band, as large as can be held in the band.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΠΟΙΕΜΑΙ, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to make or do by band. Hence

ΧΕΙΡΟΠΟΙΗΤΟΣ, ον, made by band, artificial: made on purpose.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΣΟΦΟΣ, ον, (χείρ, σοφός) skilled with the bands: hence = χειρονόμος.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΤΕΝΩΝ, οντος, ό, ή, (χείρ, τένω) with outstretched arms, of the crab.

ΧΕΙΡΟΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, poet. for χείρων, worse.

ΧΕΙΡΟ-ΤΕΧΝΗΣ, ον, ό, (χείρ, τέχνη) a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic; χειροτέχνης Ιατρούς a chirurgeon, surgeon. Hence

ΧΕΙΡΟΤΕΧΝΙΑ, ή, handicraft, art. ΧΕΙΡΟΤΕΧΝΙΚΟΣ, ή, όν, (χειροτέχνης) of or for handicraft or a handicraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. —κάς.

ΧΕΙΡΟΤΟΝΕΩ, f. ήσω, (χειροτόνος) to stretch out the band, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian εκκλησία.

II. c. acc. to vote for, elect:—Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to λαγχάνειν κλήρου to be chosen by lot: c. acc. rei, to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

ΧΕΙΡΟΤΟΝΗΤΕΩΝ, verb. Adj. one must vote.

ΧΕΙΡΟΤΟΝΗΤΟΣ, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χειροτονέω, elected by show of bands; άρχή χειροτονητή an elective magistracy.

ΧΕΙΡΟΤΟΥΙΑ, ή, (χειροτονέω) a stretching out of bands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of bands; χειροτονία του δήμου election by the people. II. a vote, Lat. suffragium: also collectively, the votes.

χειροτόνος, *ov*, (χείρ, τείνω) stretching out the bands; of prayers, offered with outstretched bands.

χειροτύπη, *és*, (χείρ, τυπείν) striking with the bands.

χειρουργία, *f. ήσω*, (χειρουργός) to do with the hands, execute; to commit acts of violence. Hence

χειρουργία, *ή*, a working by hand, practice of a handicraft or art. II. a trade, business.

χειροουργός, *όν*, (χείρ, *έργω) working or doing by hand, practising a handicraft or art. 2. as Subst.,

χειρουργός, *δ*, a chirurgeon, surgeon.

χειρώ, *f. ώσω*: Med., *f. χειρώσομαι*: *aor. I. έχειρώσάμην*: *Pass.*, fut. χειραθήσομαι: *aor. I. έχειρώθην*:

pf. κεχείρωμαι: (χείρ):—to take in hand, bundle: to get into one's hands, to master, subdue, take possession of: to take prisoner:—*Pass. χειρούμαι*, to be mastered, subdued, led captive, taken prisoner. Hence

χειρώμα, *ατος, τό*, that which is done by hand; τυμβοχόα χειρώματα offerings to the dead poured by one's own hand. II. that which is brought into

one's hands or under one's power, a conquest. 2. a deed of violence.

χείρων, *δ, ή*, *neut. ov*; *gen. ovos*: plur., *nom. and acc.*, χείρονες, χείρονας *contr. χείρους*, *neut. χείρονα contr. χείρω*;

dat. χείροισι *poët. χείρόνεσσι*: *Ep. χερείων, ov*: *Dor. χερήων*: *poët. also χερίότερος, χερείωτερος*: *irreg. Comp. of κακός* (formed from *χέρης):—worse, meaner, inferior: the comparative force sometimes

altogether disappears, esp. with a negat., as, ού τι χερείον εν ώρη δειπνον έλέσθαι, 'tis not ill to take one's meal in season; so, ού χείρόν [έστι] it is well: of persons,

δ χείρων *one of lower degree*; οί χείρονες *men of lower degree*:—*επι τδ χείρον τρέπεσθαι* to fall off. II.

χείρον, as *Adv.*, worse.—See χείριστος.

Χείρων, *ωνος, δ*, Cheiron, one of the Centaurs, teacher of Aesculapius, Achilles, Jason, etc.; famous for his skill in surgery (whence his name, cf. χειρου-

ργός).

χειρώνναξ, *ακτος, δ*, (χείρ, άναξ) one who is master of his band, a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic, like ιωήςης άναξ: also as *Adj.*, πās δ χειρώνναξ *λέως* all the mechanic sort. Hence

χειροναξία *Ion. -ία, ή*, skill in workmanship, handicraft, trade.

Χειρονίς, *ιδος, fem. Adj. of Cheiron*: as *Subst.* (*sub. βιβλος*) a book on surgery.

χειρωτός, *ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χειρώω, subdued*: to be subdued.

χείσομαι, *fut. of χανθάνω*.

χείω, *Ep. for χέω*, to pour.

χελιδοί, *irreg. voc. of χελιδών*, as if from χελιδώ.

χελιδονίζω, *f. ίσω Att. ιώ, (χελιδών) to twitter like a swallow*: to speak unintelligibly, to speak a foreign language.

χελιδόνιον, *τό, (χελιδών) swallow-wort, celandine*, of which there were two kinds, χελιδόνιον κινάνεον

(*or. γλαυκύν*) and χλαρόν. Properly *neut. of χελιδόνιος, α, ov, (χελιδών) of the swallow, like the*

swallow: coloured like the swallow's throat, russet brown.

χελιδόνισμα, *ατος, τό, (χελιδονίζω) the swallow-song*, an old popular song at the return of the swallows.

χελιδών, *όνος, ή*: *irreg. vocat. χελιδοί* (as if from χελιδώ):—the swallow, *Lat. hirundo*. The twittering of the swallow was a proverbial expression for

foreign or barbarous speech; for χελιδόνων μουσεία, *see μουσειόν*: *proverb.*, μία χελιδών έαρ ού ποιεί one swallow does not make a summer. II. the

frog in the hollow of a horse's foot.

χελύνη [ή], *ή, (χελίος) the lip*: χελύνην έσθθειν υπ' όργής to bite the lip from passion. II. *Aeol. for χελώνη*.

ΧΕ'ΑΤ'Σ, *ός, ή*, a tortoise, *Lat. testudo*: Mercury made the first lyre by stretching strings on its shell: hence 2. the shell or lyre itself, *Lat. testudo*. II. the arched breast, the chest.

χελώνη, *ή, (χέλυσ) a tortoise*: *proverb.*, ιώ χελώναι μακάριαι του δέρματος ού tortoises, happy in your thick hides! 2. the shell of the tortoise. II. the lyre: see χέλυσ.

III. as a military term, a pen-house formed of shields overlapping each other as in a tortoise's back, the Roman testudo, used by storming parties in approaching a city's walls: hence a shed or moveable roof for protecting besiegers.

χένυς, *poët. for χήνυς*, *acc. pl. of χήν*.

χένιον, *τό*, a kind of quail.

χεράγγρα, *ή, = χεράγγρα*.

ΧΕ'ΡΑ'ΔΟΣ, *τό*, the gravel and silt brought down by rivers, *shingle*.

ΧΕΡΑ'Σ, *άδος, ή*, doubtful form of χέραδος.

χέραια, *see χέρης*.

χεριότερος, *α, ov, Ep. Comp. for χερείων*.

χεριώω, *δ, ή, neut. χερίων*, *poët. for χείρω*, worse.

χερίεσσι, *poët. for χεράσι, dat. pl. of χείρ*.

ΧΕ'ΡΗΣ, an *obso.* *Adj.* from which the *irreg. Comparatives χείρων and χερείων* are formed, used in *dat. χέρη*; *acc. χέρηα*; *nom. pl. χέρηες*; *acc. neut. χέρηα or χέρεια*:—*χέρης* itself has a comparative sense, weaker, worse, inferior.

χερήων, *ov, gen. ovos, Dor. for χερείων*.

χερί-άρης, *ov, δ, (χείρ, άρᾶρειν) fitting with the band*.

χερί-φύρης, *és, gen. έος, (χείρ, φύρω) mixed or kneaded by hand*.

χερμάδιον, *τό, = χερμάς*, properly *neut. of χερμάδιος*.

χερμάδιος, *ov, of the size of a large stone, fit for throwing*. [ά] From

χερμάς, *άδος, ή*, a stone or large pebble, for throwing or slinging, a sling-stone. (*Deriv. doubtful*: either from χέραδος; or from χείρ, a stone that can be grasped in the hand.)

χερμαστήρ, *ήπος, δ, (χερμάς) a slinger*: as *masc. Adj.*, χερμαστήρ μνός the leather of a sling.

χέρνης, *ήτος, δ, (χείρ) one who lives by the work of his hands, a day-labourer*: a poor, needy man. II. as *Adj.*, poor, needy.

χειρήτης, *ov, δ, = χέρνης*.

χερνήτις, ιδος, fem. of χερνήτης, a workwoman, a woman that works for her daily bread.

χερ-νίβειον and χερ-νίβον, τό, (χείρ, νίζω) a vessel for water to wash the hands, a hand-basin.

χερνίπτομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to wash one's hands with holy water to sprinkle or purify with holy water, Lat. lustrare. From

χερ-νιψ, ἴβος, ἦ, (χείρ, νίζω) holy water to wash or sprinkle the hands before a sacrifice. II. plur.

χερνίβες, purifications with holy water; εἰργασθαι χερνίβων to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed; χερνίβων κοινανός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

χερνίψαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of χερνίπτομαι.

χερο-μύσθης, ἐς, (χείρ, μύσος) hand-defiling.

χερό-πλήκτος, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by or with the hand.

χερός, Ion. and poet. gen. of χεῖρ.

χερρό-νησος, ἦ, Att. for χερσόνησος. For all words formed from it, see under χερσ-.

χερρός, Att. for χέρσος.

χερσαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χέρσος) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; ὄρνιθες χερσαῖοι land-fowl, opp. to λιμναῖοι sea-fowl: also of landsmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαῖον κύμα στρατοῦ the land wave of an army.

χερσεύω, f. σω, (χέρσος) to lie waste or barren.

χερσόθεν, Adv. (χέρσος) from dry land: from the earth or ground.

χερσόθι, Adv. (χέρσος) on dry land.

χερσονδε, Adv. (χέρσος) to or on dry land.

χερσονησίτης Att. χερρον-, οὔ, ὄ, (Χερσόνησος) a dweller in the Chersonese.

χερσονησο-ειδής Att. χερρον-, ἐς, (χερσόνησος, εἶδος) like a peninsula, peninsular.

χερσό-νησος Att. χερρῶν-, ἦ, (χέρσος, νῆσος) a land-island, i. e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersonese or Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

χερσονησο-ώδης Att. χερρῶν-, ἐς, contr. for χερσονησοειδής.

ΧΕΡΣΟΣ Att. χέρπος, ἦ, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρσον ἵκείσθαι to reach the land. II. as Adj., χέρσος, ον, dry, firm, of land; χέρσος Εὐρώπη the mainland of Europe.

2. dry, barren, waste, barrened: χέρσα waste places. 3. c. gen. barren or destitute of.

χερῦδριον, τό, Dim. of χεῖρ, a little hand or arm.

χερσεῖω, Desiderat. of χέσω, to want to ease oneself.

χεύαι, χεύαν, χεύε, Ep. inf., 3 plur., and 3 sing. aor. I of χέω.

χεύμα, ατος, τό, (χέω) that which is poured: a stream. II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

χεύομεν, Ep. for χέωμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of χέω.

χεύω, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of χέω.

ΧΕ'Ω, fut. χεῶ Ep. χεύω: aor. I ἔχεα Ep. ἔχενα or χεῦα; imperat. χέων Ep. χέουν; subj. χέω Ep. χεύω, Ep. I pl. χεύομεν; inf. χέαι Ep. χεύαι, part. χέας Ep. χεύας: Ep. aor. I med. ἐχέαμην: Pass., f. χυθῆσομαι: aor. I ἐχύθην [ῦ]: pf. κεχύμαι [ῦ]: 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. κέχυτο: also Ep. aor. 2 ἐχύμην [ῦ], used in 3 sing. ἐχύτο, χύτο, 3 pl. ἔχυντο, χύντο, part. χύμενος:—to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill:—Pass. to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush forth. 2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed:—Med. to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χόην χεῖσθαι νεκείσσει to pour forth a libation to the dead. II. of solids, to pour or shoot out, shed, scatter: also, like χόω, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβον χέειν to raise a mound. 2. χέειν δούρα to pour or shower spears. 3. to let fall or drop:—Pass. to be thrown or heaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in a dense mass. III. metaph. of sounds, to pour, let stream or flow. 2. ἀχλὺν κατ' ὀφθαλμῶν χέαι to shed darkness over the eyes; so, χέειν ἤερα to shed a mist abroad:—Pass. to be spread or flung around; ἀμφὶ δὲ οἱ θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο ἀήρ the mist dissolved or vanished. 3. ἀμφ' αὐτῷ χυμένη θρούση herself around him; in pf. pass. part., κεχυμένος εἰς τι given up to a thing.

χηλ-αργός Dor. χᾶλ-, ον, (χηλή, ἀργός) with fleet hoofs; χηλαργοὶ ἀμλλαῖα the racing of fleet horses.

χηλευτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From χηλεύω, f. σω, (χηλή) to net, plait.

ΧΗΛΗ', ἦ, a horse's hoof: also a cloven hoof, as of an ox: pl. χηλαί also of bird's talons, of a wolf's claws, of a crab's claws. II. a sea-bank, sea-wall or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its stretching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of rocks forming a natural mole.

χηλίνος, ἦ, ὄν, = χηλευτός.

ΧΗΛΟΣ', οὔ, ὄ, a large chest, coffer or strong box.

ΧΗ'Ν, ὄ and ἦ, gen. χηνός: irreg. acc. plur. χένας: Dor. χάν: (χάινω, κέχρηνα)—a gander, goose, named from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

χην-ἀλώπηξ, εκος, ὄ, (χην, ἀλώπηξ) the fox-goose, an Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake, χήνεος, α, ον, (χην) of or belonging to a goose, like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

χήνεος, η, ον, Ion. for χήνεος.

χηνίσκος, ὄ, (χην) the end of a ship's stern which turned up like a goose's neck.

χῆρα Ion. χήρη, ἦ, see χῆρος.

ΧΗΡΑ'ΜΒΗ, ἦ, a kind of muscle.

χηρᾶμο-δύτης, ον, ὄ, (χηραμός, δίω) one who creeps into boles. [ῦ metri grat.]

ΧΗΡΑ'ΜΟΣ', ὄ, a bole, cleft, gap, hollow.

χῆρατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χαιράω.

χηρεία, ἦ, (χηρῆω) widowhood, widowed estate.

χῆριος, α, ον, (χῆρος) widowed.

χρηρεύω, f. σω, (χῆρος) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., νῆσος ἀνδρῶν χρηρεῖα the island is destitute of men: to be bereaved of a husband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in solitude. II. transit. to keep in widowhood, keep aloof or apart.

χρηρῖος, ἦ, ov, Ion. for χῆρῖος. χῆρος, a, ov, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. bereft of a husband or wife, widowed. II. as Subst., χῆρα Ion. χῆρη, ἡ, a widow, Lat. vidua. Hence

χρηρῶν, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐχῆρωσα Ep. χῆρωσα, pass. ἐχρηρώθη:—to bereave, make desolate or deserted. 2. c. gen. to bereave of.: *Ἄργος ἀνδρῶν ἐχρηρώθη was left destitute of men: to bereave of a husband or wife, to make widowed. II. intr., like χρηρεύω, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence

χρηρωστής, οὐ, δ, a collateral relation, heir-at-law. χῆρεῖτε, Dor. crasis for καὶ ἥσετε, fut. of ἴημι.

χῆρτις, ios Att. εως, ἡ, = χῆτος. χῆτος, eos τό, (χατέω) want, need, destitution; mostly in dat., χῆτέϊ τοιοῦ δ' ἀνδρός from want or loss of such a man; χῆτι (Ion. dat. of χῆτις) συμμαχῶν from need of allies. Hence

χῆτοσύνη, ἡ, want, need, destitution. χῆφθαί, Dor. for καὶ ἥφθαι, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω. χθαμᾶλοι, ἡ, ὄν, (χαμαί) near the ground, on the ground, low, sunken, flat.

ΧΘΕΣ, Adv., length. ἐχθές, yesterday; πρῶν τε καὶ χθές or χθές καὶ πρῶν yesterday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

χθεσίνος, ἡ, ὄν, = χθιζός, of yesterday; τὸ σκύροdon τὸ χθεσινόν yesterday's onion.

χθιζά, Adv.: see χθιζός.

χθιζίνος, ἡ, ὄν, = χθεσινός.

χθιζός, ἡ, ὄν, (χθές) = χθεσινός, of yesterday; ὁ χθιζός πόνος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as, χθιζός ἔβη he went yesterday: the neut. χθιζόν and χθιζά are used as Adv., = χθές, of yesterday; χθιζά τε καὶ πρῶτα yesterday and the day before, lately, like χθές καὶ πρῶν.

χθόνιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (χθών) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; θεοὶ χθόνιοι the gods of the nether world, Lat. Inferi; χθόνιος Ἑρμῆς Hermes conducting below the earth. II. of or from the earth.

χθονο-στιβής, ἐς, (χθών, στιβεῖν) treading the earth, on or of the earth.

χθονο-τρέφής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (χθών, τρέφω) nourished by or growing on earth.

ΧΘΩΝ, ἡ, gen. χθονός, the earth, ground; χθόνα δύναι to go beneath the earth, i. e. to die; ὑπὸ χθονός κεκευθῆναι to be hidden under the earth, i. e. to be buried. 2. of ὑπὸ χθονός those beneath the earth, i. e. those in the shades below, Lat. inferi. II. Earth, personified as a goddess. III. a particular land or country.

ΧΙΓΔΡΟΝ, τό, pl. χιῶρα, τά, a dish of unripe wheaten groats toasted:—as ἀλφίτα is a dish of barley groats.

χιλιάκις, Adv., (χιλίοι) a thousand times. [ᾶ] χιλί-ανδρος, ov, (χιλίοι, ἀνήρ) containing a thousand men.

χιλι-άρχης or χιλί-αρχος, ov, δ, (χιλίοι, ἄρχω) the commander of a thousand men. II. used to translate the Roman tribunus militum, a legionary tribune. Hence

χιλιαρχία, ἡ, the office or post of χιλιαρχος, command of 1000 men.

χιλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χιλίοι) the number one thousand, a thousand.

χιλι-έτης, ov, δ, or χιλι-ετής, ἐός, δ, ἡ, (χιλίοι, ἔτος) lasting a thousand years.

ΧΙΛΙΑΙΟΙ, αι, a, a thousand, Lat. mille: the sing. is used with collective nouns, as, χιλία ἵππος a thousand horse, like μυρία ἵππος, etc.

χιλιό-ναυς, εως, δ, ἡ, (χιλίοι, ναῦς) of or consisting of a thousand ships.

χιλιο-ναύτης, ov, δ, Dor. -τάς, (χιλίοι, ναύτης) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., χιλιοναύτης ἀρωγή the help of a thousand ships.

χιλιό-πάλαι, Adv. (χιλίοι, πάλαι) long ago a thousand times over, very long ago.

χιλιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (χιλίοι) the thousandth.

χιλιοστός, ὄνος, ἡ, (χιλίοι) the body of a thousand.

ΧΙΛΟΣ, οὐ, δ, (χαμᾶ) near the ground, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; προέρχασθαι ἐπὶ χιλόν to go on to forage; χιλὸς ξηρός bay. Hence

χιλώω, f. ὥσω, to turn out to graze.

χιμαῖρα [ῖ], ἡ, a she-goat, Lat. capra, fem. of χίμαρος.

II. as prop. n., Χίμαρα, ἡ, Chimaera, a monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

χιμαρο-βάτης [ᾶ], ov, δ, (χιμαῖρα, βαίνω) epith. of Pan, he who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

χιμαρο-θύτης, ov, δ, (χιμαῖρα, θύω) one who sacrifices goats.

χιμαρο-φόνος, ov, (χιμαῖρα, *φένω) slaying goats.

χιμάρ-αρχος, δ, (χιμαρος, ἀρχω) leading goats; τράγος χιμάραρχος the he-goat that leads the flock.

ΧΙΜΑΡΟΣ [ῖ], δ, a he-goat, Lat. caper, = τράγος.

χιμᾶρο-σφάκτης, ov, δ, (χιμαρος, σφάζω) a goat-slayer.

χιμάρως, Dor. for χιμάρους, acc. pl. of χίμαρος.

χιμετλον [ῖ], τό, (χείμα) a chilblain, kibe.

Χίτο-γενής, ἐς, (Χίος, γενέσθαι) of Chian birth or growth, of wine.

χίον, τό, (χίος) a wine-vessel, holding about 1½ χούς, i. e. about a gallon.

χιόνος, a, ov, (χίω) of snow, snowy.

χιονίζω, f. ἴσω, (χίω) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., εἰ ἐχιονίζε τὴν χώραν if snow fell upon the country; absol., ἐχιονίζε it was snowing.

χιονο-βλέφαρος, ov, (χίω, βλέφαρον) with eye of dazzling white.

χιονό-βλητος, ov, (χίω, βάλλω) beaten or covered with snow.

χιονο-βοσκός, ὄν, (χιών, βύσσω) *fostering snow, snow-clad.*

χιονο-θρέμμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (χιών, θρέμμα) *feeding snow, snow-clad.*

χιονο-κτύπος, ὄν, (χιών, κτυπέω) *snow-beaten.*

χιονο-τρέφος, ὄν, (χιών, τρέφω) *nursing snow, snow-clad.*

χιονο-χρῶς, ἄστος and οος, ὁ, ἡ, (χιών, χρῶς) *with snow-white skin: generally, snow-white.*

χιον-ᾠδης, ἐς, (χιών, εἶδος) *like snow, snow-white.*

Χίος, ἡ, Chios, an island in the Aegean sea, now Scio. Hence

Χίος, α, ὄν, Chian, of or from Chios: οἱ Χίοι *the Chians.*

II. ὁ χίος (sub. βόλος), an unlucky throw with the dice: the side with the ace-dot was χίος ἀσπράγγος, the opp. side with the size-dot was called κῶος, Lat. *unio*; cp. κῶος. The proverb οὐ χίος ἀλλὰ κείος referred to the contrast between the dishonest Chians and the honest Ceians.

ΧΙΤΩΝ, ἄνωσ, ὁ, in Ion. Prose *κιδών*, an undergarment, frock, kirtle, Lat. *tunica*, both of men and women: it was a woollen sbirt worn next the body: on going out they threw a wide cloak over it, called φάρος, χλαῖνα, or ἱμάτιον: the χιτών sometimes reached to the feet, and was then called χιτών ποδῆρης: with sleeves it was called χιτών χεριδωτός. II. of soldiers, a coat of mail, cuirass; χιτώνες λεπίδος σιδηρῆς coats of iron scales. III. in plur. *the pieces of a shoe.* IV. metaph. any coat, case or covering; λάνος χιτών a coat or covering of stones, i. e. a tomb; τειχῶν κιδῶνες coats, lines of walls: also in plur. *the coats of an onion.*

χιτώνιον, τό, Dim. of χιτών, a little tunic, sbort coat.

χιτώνισκος, ὁ, = χιτώνιον.

ΧΙΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, snow; properly fallen snow, opp. to νιφάς or νιφετός, falling snow; χιών τηκομένη melting snow. II. snow-water.

ΧΛΑΪΝΑ, only found in pf. κέχλαδα part. κελᾶδός, and plur. κελᾶδόντες (for κελᾶδότες):—to sound, ring, sbout: hence redupl. καχλάζω.

ΧΛΑΙΝΑ Ion. χλαῖνη, ἡ, Lat. *laena*, a large square upper garment, a cloak, mantle, worn loose over the χιτών: it was made of wool, was thrown over the shoulders, and fastened with a clasp; it served also as a covering in sleep. It was nearly the same as the φάρος and ἱμάτιον.

χλαϊνίον, τό, Dim. of χλαῖνα, a small cloak.

χλαϊνός, f. ᾠσω, (χλαῖνα) to clothe or cover with a cloak: generally, to clothe. Hence

χλαϊνώμα, ἄστος, τό, a clothing, covering.

χλαμυδῆ-φόρος, ὄν, (χλαμύς, φέρω) wearing a χλαμύς or horseman's cloak: as Subst., χλαμυδηφόρος, ὁ, a horseman, cavalier.

χλαμυδ-ουργία, ἡ, (χλαμύς, *ἐργω) *the making of cloaks, the art or trade of a cloak-maker.*

χλαμύς, ὕδος [ῥ], ἡ, a sbort cloak or mantle, worn by horsemen: generally, a military cloak, the general's cloak, Lat. *paludamentum*. It was fastened by

a brooch on the right shoulder so as to hang over the left. (Akin to χλαῖνα.)

χλαῖνιδιον, τό, Dim. of χλαῖνίς, a small cloak or coverlet. [ῥ]

χλαῖνδο-ποιία, ἡ, (χλαῖνίς, ποιέω) *the art or trade of cloak-making.*

χλαῖνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (χλαῖνα) an upper garment of wool, like the χλαῖνα, but of finer make: worn by women as well as men: hence χλαῖνιδα φορεῖν, to wear the χλαῖνίς, was a mark of effeminacy.

χλαῖνισκιδιον [κῆ], or χλαῖνίσκιον, τό, and χλαῖνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of χλαῖνίς, a small cloak.

χλευάζω, f. ἄσω, (χλεύη) to joke, jest, scoff. II. trans. to mock, scoff at, jeer, treat scornfully. Hence χλευασία, ἡ, and χλευασμός, ὁ, mockery, scoffing.

ΧΛΕΨΤΗ, ἡ, a joke, jest; χλεύην ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαί τινα to make one a jest.

ΧΛΗΔΟΣ, ὄν, slime, mud: the dirt and rubbish carried down by a flood; also rubbish swept out of a house, Lat. *quisquilliae*.

χλιαῖνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐχλήνω: (χλίω):—to make warm:—Pass. to warm oneself: to grow warm. II. to soften by warmth, melt.

χλιαρός, ἄ, ὄν Ion. χλιερός, ἡ, ὄν, (χλίω) warm, lukewarm, Lat. *tepidus*.

χλιδαῖνω, (χλιδή) to make soft or delicate:—Pass. to be luxurious or delicate, revel in luxury.

χλιδᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, (χλιδάω) delicate, voluptuous, luxurious.

χλιδάω, f. ἦσω, (χλιδή) to be soft or delicate: in bad sense, to live delicately or luxuriously, to revel, luxuriate; χλιδᾶν ἐπὶ τινι to pride oneself upon a thing: hence to be insolent or arrogant.

χλιδή, ἡ, (χλίω) delicacy, luxury, voluptuousness. 2. wantonness, insolence, arrogance. 3. any sign or accessory of luxury: in plur. fine raiment, costly ornaments, Lat. *deliciae* = also charms, beauty.

χλιδήμα, ἄστος, τό, (χλιδάω) = χλιδή. [ῥ]

χλιερός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for χλιαρός.

χλιώ, Ep. for χλιαώ.

ΧΛΙΩΝ, only used in pres. and impf., to become warm or soft, melt: metaph. to be luxurious, to revel, luxuriate. [ῥ]

χλόα, see χλόη.

χλο-αυγής, ἐς, (χλόη, αὐγή) with a greenish lustre. χλοερός, ἄ, ὄν, poet. lengthd. for χλωρός.

χλοερο-τρέφος, ὄν, (χλοερός, τρέφω) producing green herbs, grass-growing.

χλοερ-ᾠπῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, (χλοερός, ᾠψ) greenish looking.

ΧΛΟΨΗ, ἡ, and χλόα, ἄσ, also Ion. χλοΐη, ἡ, the tender sbout of plants in spring, the blade of young corn or grass: poet. the young verdure of trees, foliage, leaves.

χλοη-κομέω, f. ἦσω, (χλόη, κόμη) to be green as a young leaf.

χλο-ἦρης, ἐς, (χλόη, ἄρᾶρῆν) = χλοερός, χλωρός.

χλοη-τόκος, ὄν, (χλόη, τεκῆν) producing young sboots.

χλοη-φόρος, ον, (χλόη, φέρω) putting out young shoots, bearing grass or leaves.

χλοιάω, (χλόη) Ion. for χλοάω.

χλοΐη, ἡ, Ion. for χλόη.

χλούνης, ον, ἡ, Epic epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean feeding or living alone: later as Subst. = κάπρος, the wild boar itself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χλοῦνις, ἡ, a doubtful word in Aesch. Eum. 189, commonly derived from χλόη, and taken to mean green age, i. e. youth, freshness.

χλωρ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (χλωρός, αύχην) with pale green or olive neck, of the nightingale: see χλωρηΐς.

χλωρηΐς, ἴδος, ποët. fem. of χλωρός, for χλωρά, pale green, olive-green, epith. of the nightingale.

χλωρό-κομος, ον, (χλωρός, κόμη) green-leaved.

χλωρός ποët. χλοερός, ἄ, ὄν, (χλόη) pale green, light-green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass: also of the colour of honey and sand, yellow.

II. generally, pale, pallid.

III. without regard to colour, green, fresh, as opp. to dry; τυρός χλωρός fresh cheese: metaph. fresh, blooming, youtiful: tender, delicate.

χναύω, = κνάω, to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble.

χνοάω, f. ἄσω, (χνόος) properly of youths, to get the first down on their chin: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάζων ἄρτι λευκανθές κάρα having his head just sprinkled with white.

χνοάω, = χνοάω.

ΧΝΟΉ Ion. χνοΐη, ἡ, the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle itself.

2. metaph., χνοάω ποδῶν the joints on which the feet are set.

χνόος, α, ον, (χνόος) downy.

ΧΝΟΪΟΣ Att. contr. χνοῦς, gen. χνοῦ, ὁ, any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea: the fine down or bloom on the peach: the first down on the chin, like ἀχνή.

χόα, acc. of χύος, χοῦς.

χοάνευα contr. χωνεύω, to cast metal. From

χοάνη contr. χώνη, ἡ, a funnel.

II. = χόα-νος. [ἄ]

χόανος, ὁ, (χέω) the hollow in which metal was placed for melting, a melting-pot: also the mould for casting metal in.

χόες, οί, nom. pl. of χύος, χοῦς.

χοή, ἡ, (χέω) a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio, made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and water.

χο-ήρης, ες, gen. εος, (χοή, ἀρᾶρεῖν) furnished with drink-offerings to the dead; ἀργος χοήρης a vessel filled with them.

χοη-φόρος, ον, (χοή, φέρω) bearing drink-offerings.

χοῦκος, ἡ, ὄν, (χοῦς) of rubbish, of earth or clay.

χοῦνικίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (χοῦνιξ) an iron ring.

χοῦνιξ, ἴκος, ἡ, a choenix, a dry measure, containing three κοτύλαι (about 1½ pint Engl.) or four κοτύλαι (about a quart): the choenix of corn was a slave's

daily allowance; ὅς κεν ἐμῆς γε χοῖνικος ἄπηται whoever tastes of my rations.

II. from the shape, the box or nave of a wheel. 2. a kind of shackle or stocks for fastening the legs in.

χοῦράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χοῖρος) a low rock rising above the sea, like a bog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo; χοῦράς ἀμυδρά a sunken rock; χοῦράς Δηλία the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Delos.

χοῦράδες, αἱ, glandular swellings.

χοῖρεος, α, ον, (χοῖρος) of a swine or hog.

χοῖρεος, α, ον, ποët. for χοῖρειος: χοῖρεα (sub. κρέατα), τά, bog's-flesh.

χοῖριδιον, τό, Dim. of χοῖρος, a little pig. [p̄r]

ΧΟΙΡΙΝΗ, ἡ, a small sea-muscle, used by the Athenian dicasts in voting. [r]

χοῖριον, τό, Dim. of χοῖρος, a little pig, porker.

χοῖρισκος, ὁ, Dim. of χοῖρος, = χοῖριον.

χοῖρο-κομῆιον, τό, (χοῖρος, κομῆω) a fence for keeping swine in, a pig-sty.

χοῖρο-κτένος, ον, (χοῖρος, κτένω) slaying swine. II.

χοῖροκίτωνος, pass. of or belonging to a slain swine; αἷμα χοῖροκίτωνον blood of a slain swine.

χοῖρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -πώλας: (χοῖρος, πώλω) — a dealer in swine.

ΧΟΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus: generally, a pig.

χολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χολή) in plur. χολάδες, the bowels, intestines.

χολάω, (χολή) like μελαγχολάω, to be full of black bile, to be melancholy mad. II. = χολόμαι, to be angry, rage.

ΧΟΛΗ, ἡ, = χόλος, gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis; χολή μέλαινα black, i. e. diseased bile: pl. χολαί, the gall-bladder.

II. metaph. like Lat. bilis, anger, wrath, bitterness: anything which causes disgust or aversion.

ΧΟΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ἡ, mostly in plur. χολικῆς, like χολάδες, the entrails or bowels of oxen, tripe.

χόλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χύλος) enraged, angry.

ΧΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, like χολή, in physical sense, gall, bile, though this sense was mostly confined to χολή. II.

bitter anger, wrath, Lat. bilis; χόλον σβέσαι, παῖδα, to smother, get rid of wrath: c. gen., χόλος τινός either rage towards another or another's rage towards oneself. Hence

χολόω, f. ὦσω, to stir one's gall or bile: hence to make angry, embitter.

II. Med. and Pass., f. χολώσσομαι, paullo-post fut. κεχολώσομαι: aor. I nied. ἐχολώσαμην, pass. ἐχολώθην: pf. pass. κεχόλωμαι: — to have one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered; κεχολώμενος τινί angry at or with a person.

χολωθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of χολόω.

χολώθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of χολόω.

χολωσέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χολόω.

χολωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. cf χολόω, angry, wrathful, passionate.

χόνδρος, ὁ, a corn, grain, groat, Lat. granum, mica; ἄλός χόνδρου lumps of salt. 2. wheat-groats. 3.

a drink made from groats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, *χῶνδρον λείχειν* to sip gruel.

χοῦδρός, ὁ, ὄν, (χῶνδρος) like groats; χοῦδροὶ ἄλες coarse-grained salt, opp. to λεπτοὶ ἄλες, fine salt.

χῶς, see χῶδς.

χορ-ἄγιον, χορ-ἄγός, Dor. and Att. for χορηγ-.

χορδέυμα, ατος, τό, a sausage or black-pudding.

From
χορδέω, f. σω, (χορδή) to make into sausages: metaph., χορδέουεν τὰ πράγματα to make mince-meat of state affairs.

χορδή, ἡ, a string of gut: the string or chord of a lyre. II. a sausage.

χορεία, ἡ, (χορεύω) a dancing: the choral dance.

χορεύμα, ατος, τό, (χορεύω) a choral dance.

χορευτέον, verb. Adj. of χορεύω, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

χορευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (χορεύω) a choral dancer; θεοῦ χορευτής the votary of a god.

χορεύω; fut. -εύσω: aor. I ἐχόρευσα: Med., fut. -εύσομαι: aor. I ἐχόρευσαμην: Pass., aor. I ἐχορεύθην: pf. κεχόρευμαι: (χορός):—to join in the dance, to dance: to form a chorus, perform the part of chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus. 2. metaph. to practise for the chorus, hence to practise a thing, be versed in it: c. acc. cognato, χορείας χορεύειν to ply the dance; φροῖμιον χορεύσομαι I will begin festivities with a dance: pass., κεχόρευται ἡμῶν our dance has been danced.

II. Intrans. to celebrate with choral dances.

III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or call to the dance.

χορηγέω Dor. χορῶγέω: f. ἴσω: (χορηγός):—to lead a chorus.

II. in Att. of the χορηγός, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; χορηγεῖν ταῖς αἰτούσῃσι ἡδοῦαίς to find money for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:—Pass. to have choregi found or supplied one; χορηγοῦσιν μὲν οἱ πλούσιοι, χορηγείται δὲ ὁ δῆμος the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them. III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing.

Hence

χορηγία, ἡ, the office of χορηγός: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian λειτουργία. II. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty.

χορηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (χορηγός) of or for a χορηγός; χορηγικοὶ ἀγῶνες rivalry in bringing out choruses.

χορηγίον Dor. and Att. χοράγιον, τό, a place of rehearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

χορ-ηγός Dor. and Att. χορᾶγός, ὁ, (χορός, ἡγέομαι) one who leads the chorus, = κορυφαῖος: generally, the leader of a train or band. 2. at Athens, one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus.

II. generally, one who supplies the costs for any purpose.

χορ-ιαμβος, ὁ, (χορός, ἱαμβος) in metre, a choriambus, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a chorus (or trochee) and iambus, as ἱππομέδων.

χορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (χορός) of or for a choral dance; τὸ χορικόν the choral song.

ΧΟΡΪΟΝ, τό, skin, leather, Lat. corium: Doric proverb., χαλεπὸν χορίω κύνα γέυσαι 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's canis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto.

χορός, ὁ, (χορός) a metrical foot, = τροχαῖος or trochee, e. g. ἱππός.

χορο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (χορός, διδάσκαλος) one who teaches and trains the chorus, the chorus-master, who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = χοραγός or κορυφαῖος, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

χορο-ήθης, es, gen. εος, (χορός, ἥθος) accustomed to the dance.

χοροι-θάλλη, ἐς, gen. εος, (χορός, θαλεῖν) rejoicing in the dance.

χοροι-μᾶνία, ἡ, (χορός, μανία) a rage for dancing.

χοροῦ-τύπια, ἡ, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plur. From

χοροι-τύπος, ον, (χορός, τύπειν) beating the ground in the dance: dancing. II. χοροῖτυπος, ον, pass. played to the choral dance.

χορο-μᾶνις, ἐς, gen. εος, (χορός, μανῆναι) mad after dancing.

χορόνδε, Adv. (χορός) to the festive dance.

χορο-παίγμων, ον, gen. ονος, and χορο-παίκτης, ον, ὁ, (χορός, παίζω) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

χορο-ποιός, ον, (χορός, ποίω) forming or arranging a chorus: leading the dance.

ΧΟΡΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or choral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of the gods. 2. a chorus, choir, i. e. a band of dancers and singers, who performed such dances. 3. generally, a troop, band, company of persons; also of things, as, χορὸς ἀστρων the company of the stars; χορὸς καλάμων a row of reeds. II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the χορὸς κυκλικὸς performed at the Athenian Dionysia. This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the χορός τραγικὸς consisting of twelve or fifteen persons, the κομικὸς of twenty-four, and the σατυρικὸς. When a Poet wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (χορὸν ἔδωκε) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called χορηγός: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called χοροδιδάσκαλος.

χορτάζω, f. ἄσω, (χόρτος) to feed or fatten in a stall: generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence χορτάσια, ἡ, a feeding at the stall: generally, a feeding, fattening.

χόρτασμα, ατος, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle: rarely, food or provisions for men.

ΧΟΡΤΟΣ, ὁ, a feeding-place; ἀλλῆς ἐν χόρτων in the feeding-place of the court-yard: plur. feedings-grounds; χόρτοι λέοντος the haunt of the lion. II. fodder, provender, esp. for cattle, grass, hay, opp. to σίτος (food for man); but in Poets used for food generally.

χορ-ωφελήτης, ου, ὁ, (χορός, ὠφελῶ) helping or cheering the chorus.

χοῦν, inf. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦσι, 3 pl. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦς, ὁ and ἡ, gen. χόος; dat. χοῖ; acc. χῶά: plur. χῶες, χοῶν, χοῦσι, χῶας: but also, gen. χῶός, acc. χῶά [ᾱ] (χῶω):—a liquid measure, Lat. congius, = 12 κοτύλαι or 6 sextarii, about 3 quarts. 2. οἱ Χῶες the feast of Pitchers, the second day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion.

χοῦς, ὁ, gen. χοῖ, acc. χοῦν, (χῶω) a bank, mound, heap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound.

χῶω, see χώννυμι.

χραίνω, f. χρᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐχρᾶνα: = χράω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: I hence to smear, paint. 2.

metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

χραισμέω, (χράομαι) a Verb hardly used in pres., whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμησέμεν: aor. I χραισμησα: aor. 2 χραίσμων, 3 sing. subj. χραίσμη and -ῆσι, inf. χραισμεῖν:—like ἀμύνω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo; ἀεθρόν τινι χραισμεῖν or χραισμήσαι to ward off destruction from one. 2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, help, aid, succour: with a neut. Adj., χραισμεῖν τι to assist or avail at all. Hence

χραισμήτιον, τό, a means of help, remedy.

χραισμησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω.

χραίσμησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of χραισμέω.

χράομαι, see χράω c.

ΧΡΑΨΩ (A), Aeol. χρᾶψω, f. σω, to touch lightly, wound slightly, Lat. radere, stringere.

ΧΡΑΨΩ (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, annoy; στυγερὸς ὁ ἔχραε δαίμων a hateful god vexed him. II. to be eager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρῆς, χρῆσθα = χρῆσεις.

ΧΡΑΨΩ (C), Ion. χρέω Ep. χρεῖω: fut. χρήσω: aor. I ἐχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι: aor. I ἐχρησάμην: Pass. paullo-p. fut. κεχρήσομαι, aor. I ἐχρήσθη: pf. κέχρημαι and κέχρημαι.—χράω contracts αε into η, as χρῆς, χρῆ, inf. χρῆν, etc., but Ion. into ᾱ, as χρᾶς, χρᾶ, etc.: there are also special Ion. forms of Med., χρέομαι, χρέεσθαι, χρέόμενος, ἐχρέοντο. Radic. sense, to give what is needful: I. Act., of the gods and their oracles, to give the needful answer, to proclaim, declare, pronounce; χρήσω βουλήν Διὸς ἀνθρώποισιν I

will proclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. 2.

Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered; τὸ χρησθέν the divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle: also in pf. pass. part., κεχρημένος one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρήσθαι περὶ τινος to consult an oracle about a thing: more commonly c. dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχῇ χρησόμενος Θεβαλίον Τειρεσίαο to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias: hence, χρήσθαι μαντηγῇ, χρηστηρίῳ, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of χράομαι to use; see below. II. in

aor. I ἐχρησα, pf. κέχρηκα, with the pres. κίχρημι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχραμαι, aor. 2 ἐχρησάμην, to have furnished one, hence to borrow; πῶδας χρήσας, ὄμματα χρησόμενος having lent feet and borrowed eyes.

III. the Med. χράομαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. κέχρημαι in same sense, (see above χράω 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. 2. metaph. in various relations, to be possessed of, sbeu, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσὶ γὰρ κέχρητ' ἀγαθῶν for he was endowed with a kind disposition; ὄρηγῃ or θυμῷ χρήσθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχία, εὐτυχία χρήσθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; ὁμολογία χρήσθαι to come to an agreement; ἄνη καὶ πράσει χρήσθαι to buy and sell: often periph. with a Subst. for the simple. Verb; as, μῶρον χρήσθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρήσθαι τέχνῃ to follow a trade; χρήσθαι ἀνομία to practise lawlessness. 3.

χρήσθαι τινι εἰς τι to use a thing for an end or purpose: also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τούτῳ; what use shall I make of him? χρήσθαι τινι ὅτι βούλεται τις to make what use one likes of him; ἀπορέων ὅ τι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of it.

4. of persons, to have intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρήσθαι τινι ἄς φίλω, ὡς πολεμίῳ to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρήσθαι τινι, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχειν ἑαυτὸν τινι χρήσθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol., οὕτω χρώνται οἱ Πέρσας such is the practice of the Persians. 6.

c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' ἀγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχρημαι with pres. sense, to be in need or want of a thing, c. gen.; τοῦ κεχρημένοι; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but κεχρημένος occurs in the regular sense of χράομαι, as συμφορῇ κεχρημένος having experienced a misfortune. 8. the aor. I pass. ἐχρήσθη has a pass. sense, αἱ νῆες οὐκ ἐχρήσθησαν the ships were not used.

χρέᾶ, Ep. shortened for χρέεα, acc. pl. of χρέος. χρέεσθαι, Ion. for χρήσθαι, inf. of χράομαι.

χρεία, ἡ, (χράομαι) *use*, Lat. *usus*: *advantage, service*: τὰ οὐδὲν εἰς χρείαν things of no use or service: in plur. *services*. 2. *using, usance, use*; κτήσις καὶ χρήσις having and using. 3. of persons, *acquaintance, intimacy*. II. like Lat. *opus, need, necessity*; ἐν χρείᾳ εἶναι ἢ γίγνεσθαι τινος to be in need, want of a thing. 2. *want, poverty, lack*: c. gen. *want, lack of a thing*. 3. *need of a person's help*, hence a *request on the score of necessity*: generally, a *request*. 4. a *needful matter, business*; ἐν πάσαις ταῖς τοῦ σώματος χρείαις in all functions of the body.

χρεῖη, 3 sing. pres. opt. of χρή.
 χρεῖος, τό, Ep. for χρέος.
 χρεῖος, ον, (χρή) *useful: needful, fitting*. II. act. *needing, being in want of*, c. gen.: absol. *needy*.
 χρεῖω, Ep. for χρέω, χράω, to deliver an oracle.
 χρεῖω, ὅς contr. οὖς, ἡ, Ep. for χρέω.
 χρεμετίζω, f. ἴσω, to neigh, snort, Lat. *binnire*, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence
 χρεμετίσμα, τό, and χρεμετισμός, ὁ, a *neighing*.
 χρεμίσαν, shortd. poet. for ἐχρεμέτισαν, 3 pl. aor. I of χρεμετίζω.

ΧΡΕ' ΜΠΤΟΜΑΙ, f. -ψομαι, Dep. to hawk and spit, expectorate.

χρέομαι, Ion. for χράομαι: part. χρεόμενος.
 χρέω, Ion. for χρεῖω.
 χρέος, τό, gen. χρέεος contr. χρέους: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. χρεῖᾶ Att. χρεῖᾶ: Ep. nom. sing. χρεῖος Att. χρέως: (χράομαι, χρή): I. like χρεία, *want, need*. II. a *needful matter, business, affair*; κατὰ χρέος τυνὸς ἐλλεῖν to come for need of a person or thing; ἐφ' ὃ τι χρέος ἐμὸλερε; for what need came ye?—also, like χρήμα, a thing. III. a *debt*; χρέω δόφειλεται μοι a debt is due to me; χρέος ἀποδιδόναι and ἀπολαμβάνειν to pay and recover debts; τὴν οὐσίαν ἅπασαν χρέα κατέλιπε he left all property in outstanding debts. 2. metaph. a *debt, trespass, sin*. 3. a *debt, due, duty*; κατὰ χρέος according to what is due: hence a *promise due*, ἀρᾶς τίνειν χρέος to pay the debt, i. e. do the work, of a curse.

χρέω, Ion. for χράω, to deliver an oracle.
 χρέω Ep. χρεῖω, gen. ὅς contr. οὖς, ἡ: (χρέος, χρεία):—*want, need*, hence *desire, longing, urgent wish*, c. gen., χρεῖω ἐμείω *want, need of me*; ἢ' οὐ χρέω πείσματός ἐστιν where there is no need of a cable. 2. in phrase, χρεῖω ἰκάνεται *want or necessity* arises, c. acc. pers.; τίνα χρεῖω τῶσον ἴκει; to whom doth necessity come so much? so also with γίγνομαι and εἰμί, ἐμὲ δὲ χρεῖω γίγνεται νηὸς need of a ship comes upon me; οὐδέ τι μιν χρεῖω ἔσται τυμβοχοῆς nor will need of a grave come upon him. 3. hence χρέω is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., τίπτε δέ σε χρεῖω [sc. ἰκάνει] wherefore does need [come to] thee, i. e. why must thou do so? so also c. gen., οὔτι με ταύτης χρεῖω τιμῆς no need of this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, οὐδέ τί μιν χρεῖω νέων ἐπιβανόμεν nor does need at all

[reach] him to embark on board this ship. [χρέω in Homer is used as a monosyllable, χρεῶ.]
 χρεώμενος, Ion. for χράμενος, part. of χράομαι.
 χρεῖω, τό, Ion. χρέον, inclcl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc.: properly a part. neut. from χρέω (Ion. for χράω), = τὸ χρεῖον γίγνεσθαι, that which an oracle declares, that which must be, fate, necessity; χρεῖω or χρεῖον ἐστί it is fated or necessary, it must be:—absol. χρεῖον, it being necessary, since it was necessary. 2. that which is expedient or right: absol. as Adv., οὐ χρεῖω ἀρχετέ ye rule not rightfully. [ὑ -, but sometimes poet. χρεῖω as one long syllable.]

χρέωνται, Ion. for χρώνται, 3 pl. of χράομαι.
 χρέως, τό, Att. for χρέος, a debt.
 χρεώσμενος, ον, ὁ, (χρέω) a debtor.
 χρε-ωφέλης, ον, ὁ, (χρέως, δόφειλω) a debtor.
 χρή or χρή, ἡ, = χρεία II, *need, necessity*.
 χρή, impers.: subjunct. χρή: optat. χρεῖη: inf. χρήναι, poet. also χρήν: impf. ἐχρήν and χρήν: fut. χρήσει: (for part., see χρέω):—it is fated, necessary: c. inf. it must, must needs be, it is good, fit, meet. 2. like δεῖ, Lat. *oportet, decet*, c. acc. pers. et inf.; one must needs do a thing, it behoves or befits, it is right and proper that one should do.— Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase οὐδέ τί σε χρή, as τίπτε μάχης ἀποναίεαι; οὐδέ τί σε χρή why restand thou from the battle? it behoves thee not (sc. ἀποναίεσθαι μάχης). 3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, οὐδέ τί σε χρή ἀφροσύνης thou hast no need of impudence, i. e. it does not befit thee; οὐ σε χρή ἐ' αἰδοῦς thou hast no longer need of shame. II. in a less strong sense, one may, one can; πῶς χρή τοῦτο περᾶσαι; how is one to get through this? III. τὸ χρήν fate, destiny.

χρή, shortened for χρήξει.
 χρήζω, used only in pres. and impf.: Ep. and Ion.
 χρήζω: Dor. χρήσσω and χρήδω: (χρεία):—to need, want, lack, have need of: absol. in part. χρήζων, *needy, poor*. 2. to desire, long for: to ask, crave, desire, Lat. *solicitare*:—c. gen. rei, to ask or demand a thing. 3. μὴ ἐχρήξες θανεῖν, like μὴ ὠφέλες, thou oughtest not to have died, oh that thou hadst not . . .! 4. the part. χρήζων is used absol. for εἰ χρήξῃ, if one will, if one chooses: hence *wisdom well, well-inclined*.

χρήζω, like χράω I, to deliver an oracle, foretell.
 χρήτα, ἡ, Ion. for χρεία, use, need.
 χρήζω, Ep. and Ion. for χρήξω.
 χρήσσομαι, Ion. collat. form of χράομαι, to use, make use of.

χρήμα, ατος, τό, (χράομαι) a thing that one uses or needs: mostly used in plur. *goods, money*: proverb., κρείστων χρημάτων superior to money, i. e. inaccessible to bribes. II. a thing, matter, business, affair, event; κινεῖν πᾶν χρήμα to set every/thing in motion, 'to leave no stone unturned': a dealing, business,

transaction, like Lat. res. 2. χρῆμα is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, τί χρῆμα; for τί; what? 3. χρῆμα is also used to express something strange or unusual, μέγα σὺς χρῆμα a huge monster of a boar; τοῦ χειμῶνος χρῆμα ἀφόρητον the intolerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass, χρῆμα πολλῶν ἀρδίων, νεῶν, etc., a vast amount of javelins, ships, etc.; ὅσον τὸ χρῆμα παρῶσαν what a lot of locusts; μέγα χρῆμα Λακωνῶν a great host of Laconian women.

χρηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: pf. κρηματικά: (χρῆμα):—to do or carry on business, have dealings: to negotiate, transact business. 2. to consult, debate, advise about a matter. 3. to give an answer after due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be solemnly warned. II. Med. χρηματίζομαι, f. -ιοῦμαι, to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, have dealings with another. III. in late Greek, the Act. χρηματίζω means to bear a title or name; χρηματίζει βασιλεὺς he takes the title of king; οἱ μαθηταὶ Χριστιανοὶ ἐχρημάτισον πρῶτον ἐν τῇ Ἀντιοχείᾳ the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

χρηματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (χρῆμα) of or for money. χρηματίσις, εως, ἡ, and χρηματισμός, ὁ, (χρηματίω) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning. II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

χρηματιστέον, verb. Adj. of χρηματίζω, one must make money. χρηματιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (χρηματίζω) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence

χρηματιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fitted for money-making; χρηματιστικός οἰκῶν an omen portending gain.

χρηματο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (χρῆμα, δατέομαι) a divider of money or of possessions.

χρηματο-ποιός, ὄν, (χρήματα, ποιέω) money-making, money-getting.

χρημοσύνη, ἡ, (χράομαι) = χρεία, need, want, lack. χρῆναι, inf. of χρῆ.

χρησδω, Dor. for χρῆξω.

χρησ, χρησθα, shortd. for χρῆσεις, see χράω (B) II.

χρησίμος, η, ου, also os, on: (χράομαι):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: τὸ χρησίμον use, advantage. 2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceable to the state. 3. used, made use of. Hence

χρησίμως, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

χρησίμως, Dor. for χρησίμως, acc. pl. of χρήσιμος.

χρησις, εως, ἡ, (χράομαι) a using, employment, use made of a thing: in plur. uses. 2. power or means of using. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. usus. II. (χράω c) an oracle.

χρησιμολόγος, f. ἴσω, to utter oracles, divine. From χρῆσιμολόγος, ου, (χρησμός, λέγω) uttering oracles, divining; χρησιμολόγος ἀνὴρ a soothsayer, diviner. II. an expounder or interpreter of oracles.

χρησιμο-ποιός, ὄν, (χρησμός, ποιέω) making oracles in verse.

χρησμός, ὁ, (χράω c) the answer of an oracle, an oracular response, oracle.

χρημοσύνη, ἡ, (χράομαι) like χρημοσύνη, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

χρησιμ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (χρησμός, φύλαξ) a keeper of oracular responses.

χρησμοφθέω, f. ἴσω, (χρησμοφθός) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophesy. Hence

χρησμοφθία, ἡ, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophecy.

χρησμοφθικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or fit for a soothsayer or diviner, oracular. Adv. -κῶς. From

χρησιμ-φθός, ὄν, (χρησμός, φθῆ) reciting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., χρησμοφθός, ὁ, a soothsayer, prophet.

χρῆσον, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of κείρημι, to lend.

χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of χράομαι, one must use.

χρηστεύομαι, Dep. (χρηστός) to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

χρηστηριάω, f. ἴσω, like χράω, to give oracles, prophesy:—in Med., like χράομαι, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; χρηστηριάζεσθαι θεῷ to consult a god; ἰποῖσι χρηστηριάζεσθαι to consult victims. From

χρηστήριον, τό, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi. 2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response. II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of χρηστήριος.

χρηστήριος, α, ου, also os, on, (χράω) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

χρηστής, ου, ὁ: gen. pl. χρηστῶν (to distinguish it from χρηστῶν, gen. pl. of χρηστός): (χράω):—one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, soothsayer. II. a creditor, usurer. 2. (χράομαι) a debtor.

χρηστολόγος, f. ἴσω, (χρηστολόγος) to use fair words. Hence

χρηστολογία, ἡ, fair-speaking: a kind address.

χρηστο-λόγος, ου, (χρηστός, λέγω) speaking fairly.

χρηστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χράομαι, like χρήσιμος, useful, serviceable: χρηστά, τά, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. 2. good, favourable; τελευτή χρηστή a happy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky. II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, upright, deserving: ironically, χρηστός εἶ you are a nice fellow.

2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

χρηστότης, ητος, ἡ, of persons, goodness, honesty, uprightness. 2. kindness, good-nature, like εὐθθεια.

χρίμα, ατος, τό, = χρίσμα.

χρίπτω, f. ψω: also as Dep. χρίπτομαι, f. χρίψομαι; aor. I med. ἐχρίψάμην, pass. ἐχρίψθην, part. χρίμβέθεις:—poët. for χρίω, to touch the surface.

of a body, to graze, scratch, wound, Lat. *radere*, *stringere*; *χρῖματις πέλας* grazing close:—more generally, to come nigh, draw near, approach, c. dat.; *δῶμοις χρῖματταί* to draw near the house.

2. also intr. in Act., to come or keep near: also with *πόδα* added, *πόδας χρίμματα* *ραχίαισι* keeping her feet close to the shore; so, *ὄν' ἐσχάτην στήλην ἐχρίματ' ἀεὶ σύριγγα* he kept the axle close upon the post.

χρῖσαν, Ep. for *ἐχρίσαν*, 3 pl. aor. I of *χρίω*.
χρίσμα, atos, τό, (*χρίω*) anything smeared on, a scented unguent, of thicker consistency than *μύρον*.

Χριστιανός, ὁ, (*Χριστός*) a Christian.

χριστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χρίω*, to be rubbed on, used as ointment or salve; *φάρμακα χριστά* salves. II. anointed; τὸ *χριστόν* anointing oil. 2. *Χριστός*, ὁ, the Anointed One, the CHRIST, as a transl. of the Hebrew *Messiah*.

ΧΡΙΩ, f. *χρίω* [ῖ]: aor. I *ἐχρίσα* Ep. *χρίσα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχρίσθη*: pf. *κέχρημαι*:—to touch the surface of a body: to anoint with scented unguents or oil, esp. after bathing:—Med. *χρίομαι*, aor. I *ἐχρίσαμην*, to anoint oneself; *χρίεσθαι* *ιούς* to anoint, i.e. poison, one's arrows. 2. to rub over with colour, to colour, dye, stain; *χρίεσθαι* τὰ *σώματα* *μίλτω* to dye their bodies with vermilion. 3. to puncture the skin slightly, prick, sting.

χρόα, *χρόι*, irreg. acc. and dat. of *χρός*.

χροιά, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. *χροιή*, Att. also *χρόα*: (*χρός*):—the surface of a body, the skin; hence the body itself. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; *χροιάν* *ἀλλάσσειν* to change colour: also the colour of a thing.

χρῶζω, f. *ῖσω*: contr. *χρώζω*, f. *σω*: (*χρόα*):—to touch or graze the surface, also generally, to touch:—Med. *χρῶζομαι*, to touch another person, to lie with.

χρόαδος, ὁ, a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gnashing, crushing. (Formed from the sound.)

χρονίζω, f. *ῖσω* Att. *ῖω*, (*χρόνος*) intr. to spend time, to continue or last long, hold out: c. part. to persevere in doing; c. inf. to delay to do: absol. to linger, delay, be slow. II. to prolong, put off:

—Pass. to be prolonged or protracted: absol. to grow up.

χρόνιος, α, ον, and Att. os, ον: (*χρόνος*):—after a long time or interval, late. 2. for a long time;

χρόνιος *εἶμι* ἀπὸ *βοῶς* I have been for a long time apart from food. 3. long, lasting long; *χρόνιοι* *πόλεμοι* lasting wars: lingering, delaying:—neut. pl. *χρόνια* as Adv., after a long time.

ΧΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time: absol. in acc. *χρόνον* for a while; *πολὺν χρόνον* for a long time; *τὸν ἀεὶ χρόνον* for ever; *ὀλίγον χρόνον* in a short time: *πόσων χρόνον*; for how long? *χρόνῳ* in time, at last. 2. with Prepositions:—*ἀνὰ χρόνον* in course of time: *διὰ χρόνον* after an interval; *ἐκ πολλοῦ χρόνον* long ago; *ἐν χρόνῳ* in time, at length; *ἐντὸς χρόνον* within a certain time; *ἐπὶ*

χρόνον for a time: *ἐς χρόνον* till aftertime. II. time of life; *χρόνῳ βραδύς* slow from his time of life. *χρονο-τρίβέω*, (*χρόνος*, *τρίβω*) to waste time, loiter. *χρός*, gen. of *χρός*.

χρυσ-ἀλάκατος, ον, Dor. for *χρυσηλ-*.
χρῦσ-ἀμύβος, ὁ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀμείβω*) changing gold or gold money: metaph. "Ἄρης *σωμάτων* *χρυσαιμύβος* Mars who buys men's bodies with gold.

χρῦσ-ἀμυξ, ὄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀμυξ*) with fillet or frontlet of gold, epith. of horses: also of goddesses. *χρῦσ-ἀνθής*, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (*χρυσός*, *ἀνθος*) with flower of gold.

χρυσ-άνιος, Dor. for *χρυσήνιος*.

χρυσ-ανταυγής, ἐς, (*χρυσός*, *ἀνταυγής*) reflecting a golden light.

χρῦσ-άορος, ον, (*χρυσός*, *ἄορ*) with sword of gold, epith. of the gods.

χρῦσ-ἀρμάτος, ον, (*χρυσός*, *ἄρμα*) with or in car of gold, epith. of the moon.

χρῦσ-ασπίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀσπίς*) with shield of gold. [ῖ]

χρῦσ-αυγής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (*χρυσός*, *αὐγή*) gold-gleaming.

χρῦσ-ἄωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἄωρ*) = *χρυσάορος*.
χρῦσειον, τό, (*χρυσός*) mostly in plur., *χρυσεία*, τά, gold mines, in full *χρῦσεια μέταλλα*.

χρῦσειος, η, ον, ποῖτ. for *χρῦσειος*.

χρῦσ-ελεφαντ-ήλεκτρος, ον, (*χρυσός*, *ἐλέφας*, *ἤλεκτρον*) of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum.

χρῦσεο-βόστρυχος, ον, (*χρῦσειος*, *βόστρυχος*) with locks or ringlets of gold.

χρῦσεο-δμητος, ον, (*χρῦσειος*, *δέμω*) built or formed of gold.

χρῦσεό-κμητος, ον, (*χρῦσειος*, *κάμνω*) wrought of gold.

χρῦσεό-κυκλος, ον, (*χρῦσειος*, *κύκλος*) with disk of gold.

χρῦσεό-μαλλος, ον, = *χρυσόμαλλος*.

χρῦσεο-μήτρης, ον, ὁ, = *χρυσομήτρης*.

χρῦσεο-νωτος, ον, = *χρυσόνωτος*.

χρῦσεο-πήληξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρῦσειος*, *πήληξ*) with helm or casque of gold.

χρῦσεο-πήνητος, ον, (*χρῦσειος*, *πήνη*) with woof of gold, inwrought with gold.

χρῦσειος, η, ον, and os, ον; Att. contr. *χρυσούς*, ἡ, οὖν; Ep. *χρῦσειος*, η, ον, (*χρυσός*):—golden, of gold, inlaid with gold: also gilded, gilt; *χρυσούν τινα ἱσάνα* to raise a statue of gold to one. 2.

χρῦσεια μέταλλα gold mines; see *χρῦσειον*. II. gold-coloured, of golden hue. III. metaph. golden, happy, blessed: hence the first Age of Man was the golden age. [In Homer, *χρῦσῆ*, *χρῦσῆ*, *χρῦσῆ*, *χρῦσῆ*, etc. must be pronounced as spondees.]

χρῦσεο-σάνδαλος, ον, (*χρῦσειος*, *σάνδαλον*) with sandals of gold; *ἕχνος χρυσεοσάνδαλον* the step of golden sandals.

χρῦσεο-στέφανος, ον, = *χρυσοστέφανος*.

χρῦσεό-στολμος, ον, or *χρῦσεό-στολος*, ον, (*χρῦσειος*, *στέλλω*) decked or dight with gold.

χρυσεό-τευκτος, *ov*, = χρυσότευκτος.
 χρυσο-φάλαρος, *ov*, (χρύσειος, φάλαρα) *with* *trappings of gold.*

Χρυσῆς, *ιδος, ἡ*, patronym. of Χρύσης, *ov, ὁ*, daughter of Chryses.

χρυσῶ-ηλάκτος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ἡλακῆ) *with* *spindle or arrow of gold.*

χρυσῶ-ἡλατος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ἑλαίνω) *beaten out of gold, of beaten gold.*

χρυσῶ-ἡνιος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ἡνία) *with* *reins of gold.*

χρυσῶ-ἡρης, *es*, gen. *eos*, (χρυσός, ἀράρειν) *furnished or decked with gold, golden.*

χρυσῶ-ἰδιον, *τό*, Dim. of χρυσίον, *a small piece of gold.*

χρυσῶ-ἰον, *τό*, Dim. of χρυσός, *a piece of gold, gold in general: anything made of gold, gold coin, money; ἀργύριον καὶ χρυσίον silver and gold money: but the generic term for money was ἀργύριον, as in Lat. argentum.*

II. as a term of endearment, *my little treasure!*

χρυσῆς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (χρυσός) *a vessel of gold.* 2. *a golden dress.*

χρυσίτης [ῆ], *ov, ὁ*, fem. χρυσίτις, *ιδος*, (χρυσός) *like gold, containing a proportion of gold.*

χρυσῶ-βάφης, *es*, (χρυσός, βαφῆναι) *gilded, gold-embroidered.*

χρυσῶ-βωλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, βῶλος) *with* *soil containing gold.*

χρυσῶ-γονος, *ov*, (χρυσός, γενέσθαι) *born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danaë.*

χρυσῶ-δαίδαλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, δαίδαλλω) *richly wrought with gold.*

χρυσῶ-δακτύλιος, *ov*, (χρυσός, δακτύλιον) *with a gold ring.* [κτύ]

χρυσῶ-δερος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (χρυσός, δέω) *bound with gold, set in gold: overlaid with gold.*

χρυσῶ-ἔθειρ, *ειρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, ἔθειρα) *with* *golden hair.*

χρυσῶ-εἰδής, *es*, (χρυσός, εἶδος) *like gold.*

χρυσῶ-ζυγος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ζυγόν) *with* *yoke of gold.*

χρυσῶ-θριξ, -τρίχος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, θρίξ) *golden-haired.*

χρυσῶ-θρονος, *ov*, (χρυσός, θρόνος) *on* *throne of gold, gold-entroned.*

χρυσῶ-κάρηνος Dor. -ἄνος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κάρηνον) *with* *bead of gold.* [κᾶ]

χρυσῶ-κερως, *ωτος, ὁ, ἡ*, and χρυσῶ-κερως, *ov*, gen. *ov*: (χρυσός, κέρας):—*with* *horns of gold.* II. *with* *gilded horns, like a victim for the sacrifice.*

χρυσῶ-κόλλητος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) *welded or wrought of gold: generally, of gold, golden.*

χρυσῶ-κόλλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) *welded or inlaid with gold.*

χρυσῶ-κόμης, *ὁ*, Dor. -μας, *α, ὁ*, (χρυσός, κόμη) *be of the golden hair: ὁ Χρυσοκόμης the golden-haired, for Apollo.*

χρυσῶ-κομος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κόμη) *golden-haired: with* *golden plumage.*

χρυσῶ-κρόταλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, κρόταλον) *rattling or ringing with gold.*

χρυσῶ-λίθος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, λίθος) *the chrysolite or gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz.*

χρυσολογέω, *f. ἴσσω*, *to talk of gold.* II. *to collect gold, i. e. money.* From

χρυσολόγος, *ov*, (χρυσός, λέγω) *speaking of gold.*

χρυσῶ-λόχος, *ov*, (χρυσός, λύγχη) *with* *golden spear.*

χρυσῶ-λοφος, *α, ov*, (χρυσός, λύφος) *with* *golden crest.*

χρυσῶ-λύρης, *ov, ὁ*, Dor. -λύρας, (χρυσός, λύρα) *with* *golden lyre.* [λύ]

χρυσῶ-μαλλός, *ov*, (χρυσός, μαλλός) *with* *golden fleece.*

χρυσῶ-μάνθης, *es*, (χρυσός, μανῆναι) *mad after gold. χρυσῶ-μηλολόνηθ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, μηλολόνηθ) *the gold-beetle or cockchafer.* Hence

χρυσῶ-μηλολόνηθιον or -όντιον, *τό*, Dim. of χρυσῶ-μηλολόνηθ, *a little cockchafer: used as a term of endearment.*

χρυσῶ-μίτρης, *ov, ὁ*, (χρυσός, μίτρα) *with* *girdle or bead-band of gold.* [μί]

χρυσῶ-μορφος, *ov*, (χρυσός, μορφή) *in the shape or likeness of gold.*

χρυσῶ-νωτος, *ov*, (χρυσός, νῶτος) *with* *golden back: covered with gold; χρυσῶντος ἡνία a rein studded with gold.*

χρυσῶ-παστος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πάσσω) *sprinkled or shot with gold; χρυσῶπαστος τήρης a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρυσῶπαστα gilded splendours.*

χρυσῶ-πέδιλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πέδιλον) *with* *sandals of gold.*

χρυσῶ-πέπλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πέπλον) *with* *robe of gold.*

χρυσῶ-πήληξ, *ηκος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, πήληξ) *with* *helm or casque of gold.*

χρυσῶ-πλόκαμος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πλόκαμος) *with* *tresses of gold.*

χρυσῶ-ποιός, *ὄν*, (χρυσός, ποίω) *working in gold: as* *Subst., χρυσοποιός, ὁ, a goldsmith.*

χρυσῶ-πράσος, *ὁ*, (χρυσός, πράσον) *the chrysofrase, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour.*

χρυσῶ-πτερος, *ov*, (χρυσός, πτερόν) *with* *wings of gold.*

χρυσῶ-ράπις, *ὁ*, poet. for χρυσόραπις.

χρυσῶ-ροος, *ov*, (χρυσός, βέω) *streaming with gold.*

χρυσῶ-ροφος, *ov*, (χρυσός, ὀροφή) *with* *golden roof or ceiling.*

χρυσῶ-ρᾶπις, *ιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, ράπις) *with* *wand of gold.*

χρυσῶ-ρῦτος, *ov*, (χρυσός, βέω) *flowing with gold, in a stream of gold.*

ΧΡΥΣΟΣ, *ov, ὁ*, *gold, Lat. aurum; χρυσός κοῖλος gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρυσός ἀπεφθός refined gold; λευκός χρυσός white gold, i. e. alloyed with silver.*

χρυσῶ-στεφάνος, *ov*, (χρυσός, στέφανος) *gold-crowned.*

χρυσό-στομος, *ov*, (χρυσός, στόμα) of golden mouth, dropping words of gold.

χρυσό-στροφος, *ov*, (χρυσός, στρέφω) twisted with gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.

χρυσο-τέκτων, *ovos, os*, a worker in gold, goldsmith.

χρυσότερος, *a, ov*, Comp. Adj. formed from χρυσός, more golden.

χρυσό-τευκτος, *ov*, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold.

χρυσο-τευχής, *és, es*, (χρυσός, τεύχος) with golden armour.

χρυσό-τοξος, *ov*, (χρυσός, τόξον) with bow of gold.

χρυσο-τρίαινος, *ov*, (χρυσός, τρίαίνα) with trident of gold. [γ]

χρυσ-οὔατος, *ov*, (χρυσός, οὔα) with ears or handles of gold.

χρυσούς, *ή, ουν*, Att. contr. for χρύσεος.

χρυσο-φάνενος, *ov*, (χρυσός, φαίνομαι) = χρυσοφαής.

χρυσο-φαής, *és, es*, (χρυσός, φάος) with golden light.

χρυσο-φεγγής, *és, es*, (χρυσός, φέγγος) with golden beam.

χρυσό-φίλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-loving.

χρυσοφορέω, *f. ήσω*, to wear gold or golden apparel.

From

χρυσο-φόρος, *ov*, (χρυσός, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρυσο-φύλαξ, *άκος, os, ή, es*, (χρυσός, φύλαξ) a guarder or keeper of gold; a treasurer. [φύ]

χρυσο-χαίτης, *ov, os*, (χρυσός, χ αίτη) with golden hair: fem. χρυσοχαιτίς, *ιδος*.

χρυσο-χάλινος, *ov*, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with gold-studded bridle. [α]

χρυσό-χειρ, *-ήειρος, os, ή, es*, (χρυσός, χείρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρυσο-χίτων, *ανος, os, ή, es*, (χρυσός, χιτών) with coat of gold. [χ]

χρυσοχοεῖον, *τό*, the shop of a goldsmith. From

χρυσοχοός, *f. ήσω*, (χρυσοχοός) to be a goldsmith or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

χρυσοχοϊκός, *ή, óv*, belonging to a goldsmith or gold-refiner; χρυσοχοϊκήν τέχνην ἐργάζεσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

χρυσο-χόος, *ov*, (χρυσός, χέω) melting or casting gold: —as Subst., χρυσοχόος, *os, os*, one who gilds the horns of a victim; a goldsmith.

χρυσό-χροος, *ov* contr. —χρους, *ovv*, (χρυσός, χράω) gold-coloured.

χρυσώω, *f. ώσω*, (χρυσός) to make golden, gild.

χρυσώ, Dor. for χρυσού, gen. of χρυσός.

χρυσώμα, *ατος, τό*, (χρυσώω) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [ψ]

χρυσ-ανέω, (χρυσός, ἀνέομαι) to buy or change gold.

χρυσ-ώπη, *ov, os*, fem. —ώπις, *ιδος*, = χρυσωπός.

χρυσ-ωπος, *ón, on*, (χρυσός, ὤψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

χρυσωσις, *εως, os*, (χρυσώω) a gilding. [ψ]

χρυσ-ώψ, *ωπος, os, ή, es*, (χρυσός, ὤψ) gold-coloured, shining like gold.

χρῶ, contr. from χράω, pres. imperat. of χράομαι.

χρῶ, irreg. dat. of χρώς.

χρῶζω, *f. χρώσω*: aor. I ἔχρωσα: Pass., aor. I ἐχρώσθη: pf. κέχρωσαι: (χρώς):—like χροίζω, to touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch, clasp.

2. to tinge, stain: generally, to taint, defile.

χρῶμα, *ατος, τό*, (χρώννυμι) the surface of the body, the skin. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion;

μεθιστάναί τοῦ χρώματος to change colour. III. as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonic music. Hence

χρωματικός, *ή, óv*, suited for colour. II. ἡ χρωματική (sc. μουσική) the chromatic music of the ancients, differing from the diatonic in having the tetrachord divided into less simple intervals.

χρωμάτιον, *τό*, (χρώμα) a colour, paint, dye. [α]

χρώννυμι, = χρώζω.

χρῶς, *os*, χρωτός, χρωτί, χρώτα: Ion. χρούς, χροί, χροά: Att. dat. χρῶ:—like χροιά and χρώμα, the surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: the flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's body, frame.

2. ἐν χρῶί, Att. ἐν χρῶί, close to the skin; ἐν χρῶί κείρειν to shave close: metaph., ξυρεῖ ἐν χρῶί it shaves close, i.e. it touches one nearly, comes home; ἐν χρῶί παραπλέειν to sail past so as to shave or graze, Virgil's raderē littus.

II. the colour of the skin, complexion; χρῶς τρέπεται bis colour changes.

χρωστήρ, *ήρος, os*, (χράζω) one who colours or dyes; χρωστήρ μύλμβος a lead-pencil.

χρωτίω, *f. ήσω*, (χρός) like χράζω, to colour, dye, tinge:—Med., χρωτίζεσθαι τήν φύσιν τινί to tinge one's nature with something.

χύδην [ψ], Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly. II. in flowing language, i.e. in prose, opp. to poetry. III. abundantly, utterly.

χυθείην, aor. I pass. opt. of χέω.

χυλός, *os, os*, (χέω) juice, moisture: a decoction. 2. juice drawn out by digestion, chyle. II. the flavour, taste of a thing.

χύμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ψ]

χῦμιζω, *f. ήσω* Att. ἰώ, (χυμός) to make savory, season: metaph. to tone down, temper.

χυμός, *os, os*, (χέω) juice. II. taste, flavour.

χύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.

χύσις, *εως, ή, es*, (χέω) a pouring, shedding. II. a flood, stream, gush. 2. of dry things, a heap: a quantity. [ψ]

χῦτλάω, *f. ήσω*, to pour out: metaph. to throw carelessly down. From

χῦτλον, *τό*, (χέω) anything that can be poured, a liquid, fluid: esp., I. in plur. χῦτλα, τά, water for washing or bathing. 2. a mixture of water and oil rubbed in after bathing. [ψ] Hence

χῦτλώω, *f. ώσω*, to wash, bathe, anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself after bathing.

χῦτλώσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of χῦτλώω.

χῦτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ψ]

χϋτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χέω, poured, sbd. 2. of dry things, beaped up; χυτή γαῖα a mound of earth.

2. as Subst., χυτοί, οἱ, mounds, dykes, dams. II. made liquid, cast, melted; ἀρτήματα λίθινα χυτά pendants of melted stone, i. e. of glass.

III. liquid, fluid, flowing. χύτρα, ἡ, (χέω) an earthen pot:—pl. χύτραι, αἱ, the pottery-market:—χύτραι were also pots of pulse, used to consecrate altars and statues of inferior gods; hence of a statue, ταύτην χύτρας ἱδρυτέον this must be erected with pots of pulse. [ῥ]

χύτρειος, α, ον, = χυτρεῶς, of earthenware: τὰ χύτρεια earthenware, pottery. [ῥ]

χύτρεῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.

χύτρες, ἔως, ὁ, (χύτρα) a potter.

χύτρινδιον, τό, Dim. of χύτρίς, a small pot. [ῥ]

χύτρινξ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

χύτρινος, ἡ, ον, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen, Lat. testaceus. [ῥ]

χύτρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of χύτρα or χύτρος, a pot.

χύτρό-πους, —ποδος, ὁ, (χύτρος, πούς) a pot or caldron with feet: also a kind of chafing-dish.

χύτρος, ὁ, (χέω) an earthen pot, esp. for boiling: οἱ χύτροι was the name given to the hot-baths at Thermopylae.

II. οἱ χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Anthesteria, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [ῥ]

χῶ, contr. for καὶ ὁ.

χῶος, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χῶομαι.

χωλαίνω, f. ἀνώ, (χωλός) to be or go lame.

χωλεύω, (χωλός) to be or become lame, to halt, limp.

χωλ-ιαμβος, ὁ, (χωλός, ἱαμβος) a lame or balking iambic, i. e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hipponax; also called σκάζων.

χωλο-ποιός, ὄν, (χωλός, ποιέω) making lame men, of Euripides, who was fond of introducing lame men upon the stage.

ΧΩΛΌΣ, ἡ, ὄν, lame, balking, limping: also of the hand, maimed. II. metaph. maimed, imperfect, defective, Lat. mancus.

χώμα, ατος, τό, (χάννυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound, mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Lat. moles: also like Lat. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

χών, part. of χῶω: see χάννυμι.

χώνη, ἡ, contr. from χῶάνη, (χέω) a melting-pit, a mound to cast in. 2. a funnel.

χῶννυμι: f. χῶω: aor. I ἐχῶσα: Pass., fut. χωσθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχῶσθη: pf. κέχωμαι: there is also the regul. pres. χῶω, inf. χῶνν, part. χῶν: (χέω): —to throw or heap up; χῶματα χῶνν to heap up a mound: to raise a sepulchral mound. 2. to block up by throwing in earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from rivers. 3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury; χῶσαι τινα λίθοις to cover any one over with stones: —Pass. to be heaped up with earth, have a sepulchral mound raised over one.

Χῶ'ΟΜΑΙ, f. χῶομαι: aor. I ἐχῶσαμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χῶόμενος κῆρ enraged at heart; also c. dat., χῶοσθαι φρέσιν ἦσαν:—c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing; and c. neut. acc., μὴ μοι τόδε χῶο be not angry with me for this.

χώρα Ion. χῶρη, ἡ, = χῶπος, the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; κατὰ χῶραν εἶναι to be in one's place; κατὰ χῶραν μένειν to stay in one's place, to stand one's ground; εἰν κατὰ χῶραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χῶραν λαβεῖν to take a position, find one's place; εἰς ἂν χῶραν λάβη τὰ πράγματα till the affairs find their proper place. 2. metaph. the place assigned to any one, one's post, station, office, position; ἐν ἀνθρώπων χωρά εἶναι to be ranked in the place of slaves; ἐν οὐδεμῶ χωρά εἶναι to be of no account, Lat. nullo in numero haberi. II. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ἡ χώρα one's country. 2. landed property, land, an estate, farm, Lat. ager. 3. the country, opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

χωρέω, f. ἦσω Att. ἡσομαι: aor. I ἐχώρησα: pf. κέχωρηκα: (χῶπος):—to make room for another, give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; νεκροῦ χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; ἀπὸ νηῶν ἐχώρησαν πρὸς Ἴλιον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him. II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἔργον to come to action; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἦπαρ to go to one's heart. 2. to advance, make way, proceed; οὐ χωρεῖ τοῦργον the work advances not. 3. to come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; παρὰ σμικρὰ χωρεῖν to come to little. 4. to spread abroad, become current, of reports.

III. transit. to have space or room for a thing, to hold, contain, like χανόνα; ὁ κρητήρ χωρεῖ ἀμφορέας ἑξακοσίους the bowl holds 600 amphorae; ἡ πόλις αὐτὸν οὐ χωρεῖ the city cannot contain him.

χωρινδιον, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [ῖ]

χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: pf. pass. κέχωρισμαι, Ion. 3 pl. κέχωριδᾶται: (χωρίς):—to separate, part, sever, divide:—οἱ χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to those Grammarians who ascribed the Iliad and Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated, severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance; νόμοι κέχωρισμένοι different laws.

χωρίον, τό, Dim. of χῶπος and χώρα, a particular place, a place, spot, country; ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ χωρίου from the same spot. 2. also a place or passage in a book, Lat. locus. II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort. III. landed property, an estate.

χωρίς, Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; κείται χωρίς ὁ νεκρός the corpse lies apart. 2. separately, one by one. 3. χωρίς μὲν . . . , χωρίς δέ . . . on one side . . . , on the other, by themselves . . . by themselves . . . 4. χωρίς ἢ ἑκοίσι except so many as . . . ; χωρίς ἢ except; χωρίς ἢ ὅτι except that. II. of different or distinct kind; χωρίς τό τ' εἰπεῖν πολλά καὶ τὰ καιρία it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

χωρίς, Prep. with gen., without: without the help or will of; χωρίς θεοῦ, Lat. sine diis, without the favour of the gods. 2. separate from, apart from; χωρίς ὀμμάτων ἐμῶν far from my eyes. 3. independent of, without reckoning, besides.

χωρισμός, ὁ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation. χωρίτης (ῖ), ου, ὁ, fem. χωρίτις, ἴδος, (χώρα, χῶρος) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. χωρίτις, ἴδος, a country girl. Hence

χωρίτικός, ἡ, ὄν, beseming a countryman, rustic, rural. Adv. -κῶς, in rustic fashion.

χώρος, ὁ, space to hold a thing, room, a place, spot. II. a place, a land, country, Lat. regio: c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χώρος τῆς Ἀραβίης the tract of Arabia. 2. landed property, an estate. (Akin to χανθῶνα, χά-ζουμαι.)

Χῶρος, ου, ὁ, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind: the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φιλῆω, f. ἦσω, (χώρος, φιλέω) to love a place or spot, haunt, frequent it.

χῶς, contr. for καὶ ὡς.

χῶσαι, aor. I inf. of χῶνννμ.

χωσάμενος, aor. I part. of χῶσομαι.

χωσθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χῶνννμ.

χῶσις, εως, ἡ, (χῶσαι) a heaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ἡ χῶσις τῶν λιμένων the blocking up of harbours.

χῶσους, crasis for καὶ ὄσους.

χωστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χῶνννμ, heaped up made of earth thrown up.

Ψ

Ψ, ψ, ψι, τό, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral ψ = 700, but ϖ = 700,000.—The letter ψ is a double Consonant, compounded of σ and a labial, = πσ, βσ, or φσ. The character ψ was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with η, ω and ε: see H, η.

Changes of ψ, esp. in the dialects: I. in Aeol. the older πσ was retained, esp. in prop. names, as Πέλοισ for Πέλοισψ. II. ψ was resolved into σπ, as, ἀσπίνθιον for ἀψίνθιον, ψίν Dor. for σφίν, ψέ for σφέ.

III. ψ was sometimes put for σ or σσ, as,

ψιττακός for σιττακός, κόψιχος for κόσσυφος. IV. ψ was omitted or added as in ἄμμος ἄμαθος, ψάμμος ψάματος.

ψαῦθρός, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; ψαίρων πτεροῖς οἴμον αἰθέρος to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil radere iter liquidum. II. intrans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστόν, τό, Dim. of ψαστόν, a small cake. ψαιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, barley; τὰ ψαιστά (sub. πέμματα) cakes of ground barley.

ψαίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, same. Adj. that which wipes off.

ψαίω, f. σω, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound. ψακάξω later ψεκάξω, f. ἄσω, (ψακάς) to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like ὕει, etc., ψακάξει it drizzles.

ψακάς later ψεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; ἀργυρίου μυδὲ ψακάς not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., ψάμμον ψακάς grains of sand. 2. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to ὕμβρος; ὕσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι ψακάδι Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., φοίνισσα ψεκάς a shower of blood.

ψαλιδό-στομος, ου, (ψαλίς, στόμα) having a mouth or head like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.

ψαλίξω: fut. ἴσω and ἴξω Att. ἰώ: (ψαλίς):—to clip with shears or scissors.

ΨΑΛΙΟΝ, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. ψάλια, τὰ, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a cbain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors, Lat. forfex.

ΨΑΛΛΩ, strengthened. from ψάω: f. ψάλλω: aor. I ἐψηλα: pf. ἐψαλκα:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck. 2. to pull and let go again,

to pull, twang with the fingers; τόξον νευρὰ ψάλλειν to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a harp. 3. Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence ψάλημα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers. 2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χαρής, ἐς, (ψαλμός, χαρῆναι) delighting in harp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ἦρος, ατος τῆς, του, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a harper. ψάλλτρια, ἡ, fem. of ψαλτήρ.

ψάμαθος, ἡ, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, ὅσα ψάματος τε κίνις τε as many as the sand and dust. See ψάμμος. [ψᾶ]

ψάμαθ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψάματος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψᾶμαθών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ψάματος) a sandy place, sand-pits, Lat. *sabuletum*.

ψαμμακοσιο-γάργαροι, αἰ, α, (ψαμμακοσιοί, Γάργαροι) Comic word in Aristophanes, *numberless as heaps of sand*: cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ἄκιστοι, αἰ, α, *sand-bundred, numberless as the sand*, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος ἑκατον, as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from δις ἑκατόν, τρίς ἑκατόν, to denote a countless multitude.

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα, ἡ, = ψάμμος, sand.

ψάμμινος, η, ον, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, α, ον, = ψάμμος, on the sand.

ψαμμίτης [τ], ον, ὁ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ἰδος, (ψάμμος)

of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ἡ, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb., ἐκ ψάμμου σχοινίον πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in vain.

II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμος and its poet. form ψάματος sometimes drop the ψ, and become ἄμμος ἄματος.

ψαμμ-ῶδης, ες, (ψάμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψᾶνός, Dor. for ψηνός.

ψᾶρ, ψᾶρός, Ion. ψᾶρ, ψηρός, ὁ, a starling, Lat. *sturnus*.

ψᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψᾶρ) like a starling, asben-gray or speckled; ψᾶρός ἵππος a dapple-gray horse.

ψᾶύω, f. ψᾶύω: aor. I ἔψαυσα: pf. act. ἔψαυκα, pass. ἔψαυσμαι: (ψάω):—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instrumentally, ψᾶων κόρυθες φάλοισιν the helmets touched with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (1) ἔψαυσα ἀλγεινοτάτας ἐμοὶ μερίμνας, πατὴρ τριπόλιστον οἶτον τοῦ βαστὸν touched upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thrice-told fate of my father; (2) κείνος ἐπέγνω ψᾶύων τὸν θεὸν ἐν κερτομοίῳ γλώσσαις he knew too late that he had attacked the god with abusive speech.

II. to touch as an enemy, lay hands upon.

III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψᾶφᾶριτης, ον, ὁ, fem. —ιτις, ἰδος, = ψαφαρός.

ψᾶφᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν Ion. ψαφερός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, loose, crumbling, without consistency.

II. dry, dusty, sandy:—as Subst., ἡ ψαφαρὰ the shore, opp. to ἄλς.

ψᾶφᾶρό-τρίχος, εν, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough shaggy hair or coat.

ψᾶφᾶρό-χρους, ον contr. —χρους, ονν, (ψαφαρός, χροῖα) rough on the surface.

ψᾶφιγῆ, ψᾶφος, Dor. for ψᾶφιγῆ, ψᾶφος.

ΨΑ-Ω [ᾶ], ψᾶ, inf. ψᾶν (for the regular forms ψᾶς, ψᾶ, ψᾶν are incorrect): f. ψᾶω: Pass., aor. I ἔψᾶθη: pf. ἔψᾶμαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, disappear.

ψᾶ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψῖν for σφῖν: always enclit.

ΨΕΓΩ, f. ψέξω: aor. I ἔψεξα:—to blame, disparage, find fault with, c. acc. ψέξω τινὰ περὶ τίνος to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut.

Adj., ἃ με ψέγειν the things wherein thou blamest me.

ψεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair: of a person, bald-beaded.

ψεδυρός or ψευθρός, ἄ, ὄν, = ψιθυρός.

ψείω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάξω, ψεκάς, see ψακάξω, ψακάς.

ψεκάτης, ον, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censurer, disparager.

ψεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv. —τῶς.

ΨΕΛΙΟΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. *armilla*: in pl. ψέλια, τὰ, bracelets, armlets, a favourite ornament of the Persians.

ψελο-φόρος, ον, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets.

ψελίω, f. ὥσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

ψέλλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child.

II. of words, indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, = ψευδάγγελος. Hence ψευδαγγελία, ἡ, a false message or report.

ψευδ-ἄγγελος, ον, (ψευδής, ἀγγέλλω) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, ὁ, a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-ἄδελφος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀδελφός) a false brother: a pretended Christian. [ᾶ]

ψευδ-ἄμαμαξῦς, υος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀμάμαξυς) a false, barren vine. [μάμ]

ψευδ-ἄπόστολος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀπόστολος) a false apostle.

Ψευδ-ἀρτάβας, (ψευδής, ἀρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, *False-measure*: see ἀρτάβη.

ψευδ-ἀτράφαξυς, υος, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἀτράφαξυς) false orchid, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes.

ψευδ-ἄττικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψευδής, Ἄττικός) false Attic, sham Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sham deserter.

ψευδ-ἐνέδρα, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἐνέδρα) a sham ambushade.

ψεύδω, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδογηρόω, f. ἤσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ον, (ψευδής, ἀγορεύω) false-speaking.

ψευδ-λογέω, f. ἤσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. *mendax, falsus*, opp. to ἀληθής; ψευδής φαίνεσθαι to be detected in falsehood:—as Subst. ψευδής, ὁ, a liar: ψευδῆ, τὰ, falsehoods:—ψευδεῖς λόγοι fallacies.

II. pass. *belied, deceived*.

III. Att. irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, η, ον, *most lying*: as Subst., ψευδίστατος, ὁ, an arch-liar.

ψεύδις, ἰος, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for ψευδής.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ἡ, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended help.

ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ὄκος, ὁ, (ψευδής, κήρυξ) a false or lying herald.

ψευδο-κλητεία or -κλητεία, ἡ, (ψευδής, κλητεύω) a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service of it; γραφή ψευδοκλητείας a prosecution for such false indorsement.

ψευδο-λίτρος, ον, (ψευδής, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδόνιτρος, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδο-λόγος, f. ἦσω, (ψευδολόγος) to speak falsely, spread false reports. Hence

ψευδο-λογία, ἡ, a false speech, falsehood, false report.

ψευδο-λόγος, ον, (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-μάντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, μάντις) a false, lying prophet.

ψευδομαρτύρεω, f. ἦσω, to be a false witness, bear false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτυρία, ἡ, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριῶν ἀλῶναι to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δίκη, (ψευδής, μαρτύριον) an action for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, ὕπος, ὁ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false witness.

ψευδο-νίτρος ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) see ψευδόνιτρος.

ψευδο-νύμφευτος, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφεύω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφευτος γάμος a pretended marriage.

ψευδο-παρθένος, ἡ, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, ον, (ψεύδος, ποιέω) framing lies.

ψευδο-προφήτης, ον, ὁ, (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false or lying prophet.

ψευδορκέω, f. ἦσω, (ψευδορκος) to swear falsely, be forsworn.

ψευδο-όρκιος, ον, (ψευδής, όρκιον) perjured, forsworn.

ψεύδ-όρκος, ον, (ψευδής, όρκος) = ψευδοόρκιος.

ψεύδος, εως, τό, Ep. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι, (ψεύδω) a lie, falsehood, untruth: a fraud, deceit. II. a pimple on the nose.

ψευδοστομέω, f. ἦσω, to speak falsely, lie. From

ψευδο-στομῶς, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-φήμιος, ον, (ψευδής, φήμη) of false augury or divination.

Ψευδο-χριστός, ὁ, (ψευδής, Χριστός) a false Christ.

ΨΕΥΤ'ΑΔ, f. ψεύσω: aor. I ἔψευσα: Pass., aor. I ἔψευσθην: pf. ἔψευσαμαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; ἔψευσάς με ἐλπίδος thou hast defrauded me of my hope:—Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευσθῆναι δέπνον to be cheated of a supper; ἔψευσμένοι τῆς τῶν Ἀθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; ἡ τρίτη τῶν ὀδῶν μάλιστα ἔψευστα the third mode of explanation is most untrue. II. c. acc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. 2. to falsify: Pass., ἡ ψευσθεῖσα ὑπόσχεσις the promise broken.

Dep. ψεύδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: aor. I ἔψευσαμην: pf. pass. ἔψευσαμαι in act. sense:—absol. to lie, speak

false, play false. 2. generally, to be false or faithless, to be perjured or forsworn. II. to belie, falsify; ὅρκια ψεύσασθαι to falsify or break the oaths; οὐκ ἐψεύσαντο τὰς ἀπειλάς they did not belie, i. e. they made good, their threats; τὰ χρήματα ἔψευσμένοι ἦσαν they had broken their word about the money.

III. to belie or deceive by lies, cheat, impose upon.

ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. —μως.

ψευδώς, Adv. of ψευδής, falsely, untruly.

ψευσι-στυξέ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψεύσις, στυγέω) hating falsehood and fraud.

ψεύσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud.

ψευστέω, f. ἦσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play false. From

ψεύστης, ον, ὁ, (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also as Adj., like ψευδής, lying, false.

ψεφνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέφος) dark, obscure: metaph. obscure, base, mean.

ΨΕ'ΦΟΣ, εως, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

ψέω, Ion. form for ψάω.

ψῆ, 3 sing. pres. of ψάω; but ψῆ, Ep. for ἔψη, 3 sing. impf.

ψῆγμα, ατος, τό, (ψήχω) that which is rubbed or scraped off; shavings, Lat. ramentum; ψῆγμα χρυσοῦ gold-dust; and so absol. ψῆγμα, gold-dust.

ψηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ψήκτρα, ἡ, (ψήχω) an instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλάφω, f. ἦσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερσὶ ψηλαφῶν (Ep. for —άων) feeling one's way with one's hands: c. acc. to feel for, grope after. II. to feel, stroke, Lat. palpāre, mulcere. Hence

ψηλάφημα, ατος, τό; a touch: a caress. [λᾶ]

ψηλάφωον, Ep. part. of ψηλαφάω.

ΨΗ'Ν, ψηρός, ὁ, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (δλυνθος) and male palm. Hence

ψηνίζω, f. ἴσω, to bang wild figs (δλυνθοί) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (ψήνες) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of the latter.

II. to write a play called the Ψῆνες, as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηνός Dor. ψανός, ὁ, like ψεδός or ψιλός, = φαλακρός, a bald-head.

ψηξίς, εως, ἡ, (ψήχω) a rubbing or scraping: the currying of a horse.

ψῆρ, gen. ψηρός, ὁ, Ion. for ψάρ (q. v.), a starling.

ψησῆσα Att. ψήπτα, ἡ, a kind of flat-fish, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rhombus.

ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον, (ψηφίς, φέρω) giving one's vote, entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to count or reckon. II. Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. —ίσομαι Att. —ισομαι: aor. I ἐψηφισάμην: pf. pass. ἐψηφισαμαι: (ψηφός):—to give one's vote with a pebble, which was thrown into the voting-urn; ψηφίζεσθαι ἐς ὑδρίαν to throw one's ballot into the urn: generally, to vote, Lat. suffragari,

ψηφίζεσθαι τινι to vote for any one. 2. c. acc. to vote for, adjudge a thing by vote, ψηφίζεσθαι τινι τὸν πλοῦν to vote him the voyage: also, to decide by vote, to vote: κληρὸν τινι ψηφίζεσθαι to adjudge the inheritance to one. 3. c. inf. to vote or resolve to do something: the aor. ἰ ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pf. ἐψηφισμα, are used in pass. sense, to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote; τοῖς στρατηγοῖς εἶ του προσδέοντο ψηφισθῆναι that anything which they wanted should be voted to the generals.

ψηφίς, ἶδος, ἡ, (ψηφός) a small stone: a pebble for counting, Lat. calculus.

ψηφισμα, atos, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) a proposition carried by vote: at Athens, a measure passed in the popular assembly (ἐκκλησία), a vote, decree; ψηφισμα γράφειν to move such a measure in the ἐκκλησία, propose a vote; ψηφισμα καθαίρειν to rescind a vote. ψηφισμάτω-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ψηφισμα, παλέω) one who drives a traffic in acts or statutes.

ψηφο-ποιός, ὁ, (ψηφος, ποιέω) a making or tampering with votes.

ψηφός Dor. ψάφος, ἡ, (ψάω, ψέω) a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble. II. a pebble used for reckoning, a counter, Lat. calculus:—in plur. accounts, καθαρά ψηφοί an exact balance. 2. in Att. a pebble used in voting, which was thrown into the voting-urn (ἰδρία), the vote itself; ψηφὸν φέρειν to give one's vote Lat. suffragium ferre; ψηφὸν κρίνειν, διακρίνειν to determine by vote: also that which is carried by vote, a vote of the Assembly; ψηφὸς καταγνώσεως a vote of condemnation: hence any resolution or decree. The ψηφός Ἀθηνῶν, calculus Minervae, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even; because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by ψηφός, ballot, was different from that by κίλιον, lot; the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers. The ψηφοί of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (τετραπημέναι), the latter whole (ἄληπτοι). 3. the place of voting (as πεισοί is used for the place of play).

ψήχω, f. ἔω, from ψάω, (as νήχω from νέω), to rub down, curry a horse. II. to rub down, wear away.

ΨΙΑ'Ω Dor. ψιάδω, fut. άσω, to play, sport, dance, be merry.

ψιάθος Ion. ψιέθος, ἡ, a covering of rushes or reeds, a rush mat.

ψιάθος, Dor. acc. pl. of ψιαθος.

ψιάς, άδος, ἡ, (ψίω) like ψακάς or ψεκάς, a drop: in plur. a shower of drops, small rain.

ΨΥ'Ω, f. ψίω: pf. pass. ἐψύμαι:—to feed on far.

ψιθύριζω Dor. ψιθυρίσσω: fut. ἰσω Att. ἰω: (ψι-θυρός):—to whisper, speak in a low tone: also to

mutter, mumble. 2. of any whispering noise, as of trees, to rustle.

ψιθύρισμα, atos, τό, (ψιθύρίζω) a whispering, rustling.

ψιθύριμος, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whispering. 2. a whispering of slander, slander.

ψιθύριστης, οὔ, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whisperer. 2. a tale-bearer, slanderer.

ψιθύρος, ὄν, whispering. 2. whispering, slanderous. (Formed from the sound.)

ψιλο-μετρία, ἡ, (ψιλός, μέτρον) heroic poetry, as not being accompanied by music, opp. to lyric.

ΨΙΛΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, bare, naked: c. gen. strip bare of a thing: of land, without trees, ψιλὴ ἄρουρα a bare corn-field (without trees); πεδῖον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλὸν a champagne country of large extent and without trees; in full, γῆ ψιλὴ δευδρόων land bare of trees.

II. of animals, strip of hair, feathers, etc., bald, Lat. calvus; ἴβις ψιλὴ κεφαλῆν the ibis without feathers on the head.

2. generally, unclad, uncovered, bare: c. gen., ψιλὴ σώματος ὅσα ἡ ψυχὴ the soul being divested of the body; ψιλὴ τρύπις the bare keel with the planks torn from it; ψιλὴ θρίδαξ a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off.

III. in Att. Prose, as a military term, ὁ ψιλόι (sc. τῶν ὄπλων) soldiers without heavy armour, light troops, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to ὄπλαται; ψιλὸς ἵππος a horse without housings: generally, unarmed, defenceless.

IV. ψιλλὸς λόγος language without accompaniments or accessories, 'prose, as opp. to poetry: also of a speech, unsupported by evidence.

2. ψιλὴ ποίησις mere poetry without singing or music, Epic poetry, as opp. to Lyric; cf. ψιλομετρία.

ψιλός, f. ὦω: pf. pass. ἐψίλωμαι: (ψιλός):—to strip bare, to make bald:—Pass. to become bald. II. c. gen. to strip bare of a thing; ψιλοῦν τινα τὰ πλείεστα τῆς δυνάμιος to strip one of the chief part of his power: generally, to leave naked or defenceless.

2. to strip one thing off another: pf. pass. part., κρέα ἐψιλωμένα τῶν ὀστέων the flesh stripped from the bones.

ψιλός, Adv. of ψιλός, simply, merely, only.

ψιμίθιον, ψιμίθος, etc., later forms for ψιμίθιον, etc.

ψιμίθιον or ψιμμύθιον, later also ψιμίθιον, τό: (ψιμυθος):—white lead, Lat. cerussa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face. Hence ψιμμυθός, f. ὦω, to paint with white lead: Med., ψιμυθοῦσθαι τὸ πρόσωπον to apply a pigment of white lead to one's face.

ΨΙΜ'Τ ΘΟΣ, ὁ, radic. form of ψιμίθιον, white lead.

ψίν, Dor. for σφίν, as ψέ for σφέ.

ΨΥ'Ξ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ψιχός: nom. pl. ψιχες: a crumb, morsel, bit.

ψίττα, =σίττα, a drover's or shepherd's cry, 'st.'

ψιττάκος, ὁ, or ψιττάκη, ἡ, a parrot. (Foreign word.)

ψιχίον, τό, Dim. of ψίξ, a crumb of bread.

ψω, aor. I ἐψισα, = ψίζω.

ψογερός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

ψόγιος, ἄ, ὄν, blaming, fond of blaming. From

ψόγω, ὄ, (ψέγω) blame, censure.

ψολοῖς, εσσα, εν, (ψολός) sooty, smoky: of the thunderbolt, smouldering.

ψολο-κομπία, ἦ, (ψολός, κομπέω) talk that ends in smoke: empty noise and fury.

ΨΟΛΟΣ, ὄ, soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ψόφηκα: (ψόφος):—to make a noise or din, Lat. strepere, of the creaking or sound made in opening a door; εἰ αἱ θύραι νύκτωρ ψοφοῖεν if the doors were heard to open at night, Lat. si crepuissent fores.

ψοφο-δέης, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ψόφος, δέος) frightened at every noise. Adv. —εῶς, timidly.

ψοφο-μῆδης, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ψόφος, μῆδος) caring for noise, noisy, uproarious.

ΨΟΦΟΣ, ὄ, any inarticulate sound, as opp. to φωνή: a noise, sound, Lat. strepitus: the sound of a door opening. 2. a mere sound, empty sound or noise; τοῦ σοῦ ψόφου οὐκ ἂν στραφεῖν I would not heed your noise; ψόφοι mere sounds without sense.

ψοφ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψόφος, εἶδος) noisy, ranting. ψυγγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ψυγγήσομαι, fut. pass. of ψύχω.

ψυδρός, ἦ, ὄν, = ψυδρός.

ψυδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψύθος, ψεύδομαι) with collat. form ψυδρός, lying untrue.

ψυθής, ἐς, (ψύθος) = ψευδής, lying, false.

ψύθος, εὖος, τό, collat. form for ψεύδος, a lie. [ῶ]

ψυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler. II. in plur. of ψυκτήρες cool shady places.

ψυκτήριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place.

ψυκτήριος, ἄ, ὄν, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥΛΛΑ΄, ἦς, ἦ, a flea, Lat. pullex.

ψύλλιον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-wort.

ψυλλο-τοξότης, ου, ὄ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a flea-archer, flea-knight, formed like ἵπποτοξότης, Comic word in Lucian.

ψύξασα, aor. I part. fem. of ψύχω.

ψύξις, εὖος, ἦ, (ψύχω) a cooling: a becoming cold.

ψύττα, = ψίττα, σίττα.

ψυχ-αγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (ψυχαγωγός) to be a conductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the nether world, esp. of Hermes. II. to evoke or conjure up the dead by sacrifice. 2. metaph. to win or attract the souls of the living; to win over, persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce, delude. Hence

ψυχᾶγωγία, ἦ, an evoking of souls from the nether world. 2. metaph. a winning of men's souls, persuasion.

ψυχᾶγωγός, ὄν, (ψυχή, ἄγω) leading departed souls to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like ψυχοπομπός.

II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the dead: as Subst., ψυχαγωγός, ὄ, a necromancer.

Ψυχ-ἄπατης, ου, ὄ, (ψυχή, ἀπάτω) deluding the soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, glad-dening.

ψυχεῖός, ἦ, ὄν, (ψύχος) cooling, cool, fresh.

ψυχή, ἦ, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the sign of life, life, spirit; ψυχή τε μένος τε life and strength; ψυχή τε καὶ αἰὼν spirit and life, etc.; ποιῆν τῆς Δαΐμονος ψυχῆς ἀνελεῖσθαι to take revenge for the life of Aesop; ψυχήν παρθέμενος staking or risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θεῶν περὶ ψυχῆς to fight, run for one's life.

II. the soul of man, as opp. to the body: I. in Homer, only a departed soul, spirit, ghost, which still retained the shape of its living owner. 2. generally, the soul or spirit of man, Lat. animus; ἀνθρώπου ψυχή ἀθάνατος ἐστὶ the soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχή τινος is used for the man himself, e.g. ψυχή Ὀρέστου = Ὀρέστης: ψυχαί ἀβολοι = ἀνθρώποι, ψυχαί πολλαὶ ἔθανον many souls perished: so in addressing persons, ἦ μελέα ψυχή Ὁ wretched being. 3. also as the seat of the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart; ἐκ τῆς ψυχῆς from the inmost soul, with all the heart: desire, appetite.

III. the soul, mind, reason, understanding. Hence

ψυχήσιος, ἦ, ὄν, having breath, alive, living.

ψυχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ψυχή, Lat. animula. [χῆ]

ψυχικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ψυχή) of the soul or life. II. mental, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψυχο-δαύκτης, ου, ὄ, (ψυχή, δαίζω) destroying or killing the soul.

ψυχο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the soul or life.

ψυχο-λίπτης, ἐς, (ψυχή, λιπεῖν) left by the soul, lifeless.

ψυχο-μαντις, εὖος, ὄ, (ψυχή, μάντις) one who conjures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a necromancer.

ψυχο-μάχης, f. ἦσσω, (ψυχή, μάχομαι) to fight to the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψυχο-πλάνης, ἐς, (ψυχή, πλανάω) perplexing or misleading the soul.

ψυχο-πομπός, ὄν, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγός.

ψυχορραγία, f. ἦσω, (ψυχή, ραγῆναι) to let the soul break loose, to lie at the last gasp, be at the point of death, Lat. animam agere. From

ψυχορ-ραγής, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ψυχή, ραγῆναι) letting the soul break loose, lying at the last gasp.

ψύχος, εὖος, τό, (ψύχω) coolness, cold, chill: cold, frost, in pl. ψύχεα, extreme colds: also winter-time, ἐν ψύχει in winter.

ψυχο-σόος, ὄν, (ψυχή, σώζω) saving the soul.

ψυχο-τάκης, ἐς, (ψυχή, τακῆναι) melting the soul.

ψυχώ, f. ἄσω, (ψυχή) to give soul or life, to animate.

ψυχρο-βαφής, ἐς, (ψυχρός, βαφῆναι) dyed in cold water, like red-hot iron.

ψυχρο-δόχος, *ον*, (ψυχρός, δέχομαι) receiving what is cold; οἶκος ψυχροδόχος the cold-bath room.

ψυχρο-λογία, *ἡ*, (ψυχρός, λέγω) the use of frigid phrases, exaggeration.

ψυχρο-πότης, *ον, ὁ*, (ψυχρός, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a cold-water drinker.

ψυχρός, *α, ὄν*, (ψύχω) cold, chill, Lat. frigidus: τὸ ψυχρόν (sc. ὕδωρ) cold water, Lat. gelida (sc. aqua); ψυχρῶ λούονται they bathe in cold water:—τὸ ψυχρόν also=ψύχος, cold. II. metaph. cold, vain, fruitless, unreal; ψυχρὰ νίκη a delusive victory: also chilling, horrible. 2. of persons, cold-hearted, fearless, spiritless, indifferent. 3. of exaggerated phrases, cold, frigid. Hence

ψυχρότης, *ητος, ἡ*, coldness, chill. II. metaph. of persons, coldness of heart, indifference. 2. of phrases, frigidity.

ψυχρόω, *φ, ὠσω*, (ψυχρός) to make cold:—Pass. to grow cold or cool.

ψυχρῶς, Adv. of ψυχρός, coldly, frigidly.

ΨΥ'ΧΩ [ψ], *φ, ψύζω*: aor. I ἐψύξα: Pass., aor. I ἐψύχην: aor. 2 ἐψύχην and ἐψύχην [ψ]:—to breathe, blow; ἦκα μάλα ψύξαμαι breathing very faintly. II. to make cool or cold: hence to refresh, recruit. 2. Pass. to grow cool or cold.

ψυλός, (ψάω) *ὁ*, one circumcised. 2. a lewd fellow.

ψωμίζω, *φ, ἴσω* Att. ἰῶ: (ψωμός):—to feed by putting little bits into the mouth, as nurses do children: hence to pamper, feed, fatten.

ψωμίον, *τό*, Dim. of ψωμός, a morsel, crumb.

ψωμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (ψάω) a bit, morsel, scrap, esp. of meat or bread; ψωμοὶ ἀνδρόμοι gobbets of man's flesh.

ψώρα Ion. ψώρα, *ἡ*, (ψάω) a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange, Lat. scabies.

ψωράλλεος, *α, ὄν*, (ψάρα) scabby, mangy.

ψάχω Ion. σάχω, (ψάω) to rub in pieces, rub.

*ψάω, collat. form of ψάω, to rub, rub in pieces.

gen. plur. of first decl. *ων* becomes *ων*, as Μουσῶν from Μουσῶν.

ὦ and ὦ, an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our O! oh! 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. O! As an exclamation it is written ὦ, as an address ὦ.

ῶα or ὦά ἡ, (ῶς) a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it. 2. the edge or skirt of a garment.

ῶαριων [ῶ], *αιος, ὁ*, poet. for Ὀρίων. Hence ῶαριωνεος, *α, ὄν*, of Orion.

ῶας, *αιος, τό*, Dor. for οἶας, οἶς, the ear.

ῶγαθέ, with apostroph. ῶγάθ', contr. for ὦ ἀγαθέ.

ῶγμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (ῶζω) a crying ob!

ῶγύγία, *ἡ*, Ogygia, a fabulous island in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. the oldest name of Egypt.

ῶγύγιος, *α, ὄν*, Att. also *ος, ὄν*, Ogygian, of or from Ogyges, an Attic king of the earliest times: hence primeval, primal. [ῶ]

ῶδῆς, Dor. for ᾠδῆς, gen. of ᾠδή.

ῶδε Att. ὦδε, from ὀδε, demonstr. Adv., I. of Manner, in this wise, so, thus, also so very, so exceedingly: as opp. to οὕτω it refers to what follows, in the following way, as follows; ὦδ' ἡμέλειγο he answered in the following terms. 2. c. gen., ῶδε γέγυς thus off for family. II. of Place, hither, here.

ῶδες, 3 sing. impf. of οἰδέω.

ῶδειον, *τό*, (ᾠδή) the Odæum, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

ᾠδή, *ἡ*, contr. for ἀοιδία, (ἀείδω, ᾄδω) a song, lay, ode, strain: in plur. lyric poetry.

ᾠδήκαντι, Dor. for ᾠδήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of οἰδέω.

ᾠδῆ, Att. strengthd. form of ὠδε. [ῶ]

ᾠδικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ᾠδή) fond of singing, musical. Adv. -κῶς, musically, in good time or harmony.

ᾠδῖνας, acc. pl. of ᾠδῖς.

ᾠδῖνα [ῶ], *φ, ἴνω*: aor. I ᾠδῖνα: (ᾠδῖς):—to have the pains or throes of childbirth, to be in travail or labour: c. acc. to be in travail of a child: metaph. of a bee, κηρίον ᾠδῖνευ to be in labour with honey. 2. of any great pain, to be in travail, be in pangs or pains. 3. to work painfully or hard, to travail, labour with, c. acc. 4. metaph. of the mind, to be in the throes or agonies of thought.

ᾠδῖς, *ἡ*, the pain of childbirth, travail-pain; mostly in plur. the pangs or throes of labour. 2. in sing. also the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, child. II. generally, travail, pain, distress. (Akin to ὀδύνη.)

ᾠδο-ποιός, *ὄν*, (ᾠδή, ποιέω) making songs or odes.

ᾠδοῦς, *ὄν*, contr. for ἀοιδός, a singer, minstrel.

ᾠδῶδει, poet. for ὀδῶδει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὄζω.

ᾠσον, *τό*, = ὠβον, an egg.

ᾠζησα, aor. I of ὄζω.

ᾠζω, to cry ob! hence ᾠγμός. (From ὦ or ὦ, as οἴζω from οἶ, οἰμῶζω from οἶμου.)

Ω

Ω, ω, ὦ μέγα, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral ω=800, but ω=800,000. The name of ὦ μέγα, great or long o, was given to distinguish it from the ὀ μικρόν little or short o. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see H, η.

Changes of ω in the dialects: I. Ion. sometimes for α, as ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος for ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος. II. Ion. also for αυ, as θῶμα τῶμα for θαῦμα τραῦμα. III. Aeol. and Dor., ω is often put for οὔ, as ἄρανός Μῶσα κῆρος λιπῶσα for οὐρανός Μοῦσα κῆρος λιπῶσα; also in genit. sing. and acc. pl. of 2nd decl., as, βροτῶ βροτῶς for βροτοῦ βροτούς.

IV. Dor. ω into ᾠ, as πᾠτος πᾠτιστος θεᾠρῖς into πᾠτος πᾠτιστος θεᾠρῖς; and so the

ὤῃ, a call to another, *ho! bol! Lat. obe!* *heus!*
 ὤθησι, aor. I pass. of οἴομαι.
 ὤθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ὠθέω.
 ὠθεύτω, Dor. for ὠθούτω, 3 pl. impf. med. of
 ὠθεῖν, Ion. impf. ἔωθον: fut. ὠθήσω and ὠσω: aor. I
 ἔωσα Ion. and Ep. ὠσα: pf. ἔωκα: Pass., aor. I ἔω-
 σθην: pf. ἔωμαι Ion. ὠμαι:—Ion. 3 sing. impf.
 ὠθεσκε, 3 sing. aor. I ὠσασκε:—to thrust, push, shove,
 force away or from a place; ἐκ μῆροῦ δύρου ὠσε be
 forced the spear from the thigh; ξίφος ἄψ ἐς κοιλὴν
 ὠσε be thrust back the sword into its sheath: to push
 or force back in battle; ὠσαι ἐαυτὸν ἐς τὸ πῦρ to rush
 into the fire; ὠσαι τὴν θύραν to force the door: also
 to break open, force a passage: metaph. to hurry,
 push on; ὠθεῖν τὰ πρήγματα to push matters on:—
 absol. to push off from land:—Pass. to be thrust or
 pushed away: also to force one's way:—Med. to thrust
 or push from oneself, push or force back.
 ὠθίζω, f. ἴσω, = ὠθέω, to thrust or push on:—Pass.
 and Med. to push against one another, struggle; me-
 taph. to be in hot dispute, Lat. altercari. Hence
 ὠθισμός, ὁ, a thrusting, pushing; a struggling,
 wrestling: metaph., ὠθισμός λόγων a struggle of
 words, a hot debate.
 ὠγγυτω, Ep. for ὠγγυτω, 3 pl. impf. pass. of οἴγγυμι.
 ὠίετο, Ep. for ὠετο, 3 sing. impf. of οἴομαι. [Ὶ]
 ὠίξαι, Ep. for οἴξαι, inf. of οἴγγυμι.
 ὠίξε, ὠίξαν, Ep. for ὠίξε, ὠίξαν, 3 sing. and 3 pl.
 aor. I act. of οἴγγυμι.
 ὠίσθη, Ep. aor. I of οἴομαι.
 ὠκα, poet. Adv. of ὠκός, quickly, swiftly, fast.
 ὠκαλέος, ἡ, on, later Ep. form for ὠκός.
 ὠκέα, Ep. and Ion. and for ὠκεία, fem. from ὠκός.
 ὠκεανίη, ἡ, (ὠκεανός) daughter of Ocean, an
 Ocean-nymph. [Ὶ]
 ὠκεανίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὠκεανός) daughter of Ocean
 ὠκεανόνδε, Adv. to the ocean or sea. From
 ὠκεανός, οὐ, ὁ, Oceanos, acc. to Hesiod, son of
 Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters:
 according to Homer, Ocean was a river which en-
 compassed the whole earth, hence often called
 ὠκεανός ποταμός. In later times, Ocean remained
 as the name of the great Outward Sea, opp. to the
 Inward or Mediterranean, which was called θάλασσα.
 (From ὠκός and νᾶω.)
 ὠκεϊάν, Ep. gen. pl. fem. of ὠκός.
 ὠκίως, Adv. of ὠκός, quickly, swiftly.
 ὠκήεις, εἶσα, εν, poet. for ὠκός, swift.
 ὠκιστα, neut. plur. of ὠκός used as Adv., most
 swiftly, very swiftly.
 ὠκιστος, ἡ, on, irreg. Sup. of ὠκός.
 ὠκίον, on, gen. ovos, irreg. Comp. of ὠκός.
 ὠκνεον, impf. of ὠκνεῖν.
 ὠκτεῖρα, aor. I of οἴκτερω.
 ὠκῶ-ἄλος, on, (ὠκός, ἄλος) sea-swift, speeding over
 the sea, epith. of a ship. [Ὶ]
 ὠκῶ-βόλος, on, (ὠκός, βαλεῖν) quick-biting or quick-
 shot: quick-darting.

ὠκῶ-δῆκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ὠκός, δάκνω) biting sharply.
 ὠκῶ-δίδακτος, on, (ὠκός, διδάσκω) quickly taught.
 ὠκῶ-δίητος Dor. -δινᾶτος, on, (ὠκός, δινέω) quick-
 whirling. [Ὶ]
 ὠκῶ-δρόμος, on, ὁ, = ὠκνδρόμος.
 ὠκῶ-δρόμος, on, (ὠκός, δραμεῖν) swift-running.
 ὠκῶ-επής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὠκός, ἔπος) quick-speaking.
 ὠκῶ-φοος, on, also ἡ, on, (ὠκός, θέω) swift-running.
 ὠκῶ-μάχος [ᾗ], on, (ὠκός, μάχομαι) quick to fight.
 ὠκῶ-μυρος, on, (ὠκός, μύρος) short-lived, dying
 early: Sup., ὠκνμυρώτατος. II. act. bringing
 a quick or early death.
 ὠκῶ-πέτης, on, ὁ, (ὠκός, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω)
 quick-flying.
 ὠκῶ-πλάσων, on, (ὠκός, πλάνη) quick-wandering.
 ὠκῶ-πλοος, on, (ὠκός, πλέω) fast-sailing.
 ὠκῶ-πόδης, on, ὁ, poet. for ὠκῶπους, swift-footed.
 ὠκῶ-ποινος, on, (ὠκός, ποιή) quickly-avenged.
 ὠκῶ-πομπος, on, (ὠκός, πέμπω) swift-conveying.
 ὠκῶ-πορος, on, (ὠκός, πόρος) swift-passing.
 ὠκῶ-πος, on, collat. form of ὠκῶπους. [Ὶ]
 ὠκῶ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος (ὠκός, πούς),
 swift-footed, fleet of foot.
 ὠκῶ-πτερος, on, (ὠκός, πτερόν) swift-winged, swift-
 flying: τὰ ὠκῶπτερα the long quill-feathers in a
 wing.
 ὠκῶ-ρήης, on, ὁ Dor. -ρούς, = ὠκίροος.
 ὠκῶ-ροος, on, (ὠκός, ῥέω) swift-flowing.
 ὠκός [Ὶ], ὠκεία, ὠκός, gen. ὠκεός, εἰας, ἐος, Ep. fem.
 ὠκεά:—quick, swift, fleet, speedy. Adv. ὠκεώς, but
 more commonly ὠκα, swiftly, fleetly.—Comp. and Sup.
 ὠκῶτερος, ὠκῶτατος: irreg. ὠκίον, on, gen. ovos (like
 Lat. ocyor, ocyus), ὠκιστος. (Akin to ὀξύς.)
 ὠκῶ-σκοπος, on, (ὠκός, σκοπέω) quick-aiming.
 ὠκῶτης, ἡτος, ἡ, (ὠκός) quickness, swiftness, fleetness,
 speed. [Ὶ]
 ὠκῶτόκειος or -τόκιος, on, belonging to or pro-
 moting a quick and easy birth: τὸ ὠκῶτόκειον (sc. φάρ-
 μακον) a medicine to cause easy delivery. From
 ὠκῶ-τόκος, on, (ὠκός, τεκεῖν) causing quick and
 easy birth; of a river, fertilising: τὸ ὠκῶτόκειον a quick
 and easy birth.
 ὠλαξ, ακος, ἡ, Dor. for ὠλαξ.
 ὠλάφιον, contr. for ὠ ἐλάφιον.
 ὠλέ-κράνον, τό, properly ὠλενό-κρανον, = ὠλένης
 κρᾶνον, the point of the elbow: also ὠλέκρανον.
 ὠΛΕ'ΝΗ, ἡ, the elbow, or rather the arm from the
 elbow to the wrist, the lower arm, Lat. ulna: gene-
 rally, an arm; περὶ ὠλένας βέρα βάλλειν to throw
 one's arms round a person's neck.
 ὠλεσα, aor. I of ὀλλυμι.
 ὠλεσι-βωλος, on, (ὀλλυμι, βῶλος) crushing clods of
 earth.
 ὠλεσι-καρπος, on, (ὀλλυμι, καρπός) of a tree, losing
 its fruit, i. e. shedding its fruit before it is ripe.
 ὠλεσι-οικος, on, (ὀλλυμι, οἶκος) destroying or ruin-
 ing the house.
 ὠλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὠλισθον, aor. 2 of ὀλισθάνω.

ὠλίσθηκα, pf. of ὀλισθάνω.

ὠλλος, ὠλλοι, Ion. for ὀλλος, οἱ ἄλλοι.

ὠλλε, ἦ, poet. contr. for ὠλαξ, αὐλαξ, a furrow :
mostly used in acc. ὠλλα.

ὠλόμην, aor. 2 med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὠμ-αχτής, ἐς, (ὠμος, ἀχθος) *heavy to the shoulders.*

ὠμες, Dor. for ὠμεν, 1 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμί *sum.*

ὠμ-ιστής, οὐ, δ, (ὠμός, ἐσθίω) as masc. Adj. *eating raw flesh*; also with a fem. Subst., Ἐχιδνα ὠμ-ιστής. II. generally, *savage, brutal.*

ὠμμαί, pf. pass. of ὀράω, formed from *ὀπτομαι.

ὠμο-βοεός or -βόειος, α, ον, (ὠμός, βοῦς) *of raw, untanned ox-hide*:—as Subst., ὠμοβοήη (sc. δορά), ἦ, a raw ox-hide, like Λεωντή, etc.: but, ὠμοβόειον (sc. κρέας), τό, raw ox-flesh.

ὠμο-βοεύς, ἑως, δ, (ὠμός, βοῦς) as masc. Adj. *of raw ox-hide*: acc. pl. ὠμοβοεῖς.

ὠμο-βότινος, ἦ, ον, like ὠμοβοεός, *of raw ox-hide.*

ὠμο-βρώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἦ, (ὠμός, Βιβρώσκα) *eating raw flesh.*

ὠμο-βρωτος, ον, (ὠμός, Βιβρώσκα) *eaten raw.*

ὠμο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ἦ, (ὠμός, γέρων) *a fresh, active old man, a man in a green old age*; cp. Virgil's *cruda viridisque senectus.*

ὠμο-δακής, ἐς, (ὠμός, δακεῖν) *fiercely stung or fiercely stinging.*

ὠμό-δροπος, ον, (ὠμός, δρέπω) *plucked unripe*; νόμιμα ὠμόδροπα *the rights of the marriage-bed.*

ὠμο-θετέω, f. ἦσω, (ὠμός, τίθημι):—in sacrificing, *to place the raw pieces cut from a victim on the thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (θημός)*: also in Med.

ὠμό-θυμος, ον, (ὠμός, θυμός) *savage-bearded.*

ὠμοί, not ὠμοι, = ἔμοι, *ab me, we's me*, Lat. *bei mihi.*

ὠμο-κράτης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὠμος, κράτος) *strong-shouldered*, or (ὠμός, κράτος) *of savage strength.*

ὠμολογημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ὀμολογέω, *confessedly, without contradiction.*

ὠμο-πλάτη, ἦ, (ὠμος, πλάτη) *the shoulder-blade*, mostly in plur. ὠμοπλάται, αἱ, Lat. *scapulae*. [ᾶ]

ἜΜΟΣ, δ, *the shoulder with the upper part of the arm, the shoulder*, Lat. *humerus*; φέρειν ὠμοῖς *to bear on one's shoulders*; ὠμοῖσι τοῖς ἐμοῖσι *by the strength of mine arms*: also of animals, as of a lion: of a horse, like Lat. *armus.*

ἜΜΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, raw, undressed, Lat. *crudus*, esp. of flesh; ὠμόν καταφαγεῖν τινα *to eat one raw*: of food, *undigested.* 2. *unripe, unseasonable*, properly of fruits: also of a man, ὠμόν γῆρας *an untimely old age.*

II. metaph. *savage, rude, cruel.* 2. *rough, bardy.*

ὠμοσα, aor. I of ὀμνυμι.

ὠμό-σitos, ον, (ὠμός, σιτέομαι) *eating men raw*: hence *savage, ferocious.*

ὠμο-σπάρακτος, ον, (ὠμός, σπάρασσω) *torn in pieces raw.*

ὠμότης, ἦτος, ἦ, (ὠμός) *rawness, unripeness.* II. metaph. *savageness, cruelty.*

ὠμο-φάγος, ον, (ὠμός, φάγεῖν) *eating raw flesh.* II. ὠμοφάγος, ον, pass., *eaten raw, raw.*

ὠμό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἦ, (ὠμός, φρήν) *savage-minded.* Adv. —φρόνος.

ὠμωσα, aor. I of οἰμῶζω.

ὠμῶς, Adv. of ὠμός, *savagely.*

ὠν, Ion. for οἶν, now, *therefore*.—Herodotus often places this particle between a verb and its preposition, as, ἀπ' ὧν ἔδοντο for ἀπέδοντο ὧν.

ὠνα, ὠναξ, poet. contr. for ὠ ἄνα, ὠ ἄναξ.

ὠνάθη, Dor. for ἀνήθη, aor. I pass. of ὀνίημι.

ὠνάμη, ὠνάτο, 1 and 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὀνίημι.

ὠνάσα, Dor. aor. I of ὀνίημι.

ὠνεμος, Dor. contr. of ὀνεμος.

ὠνεόμαι contr. ὠνούμαι: fut. ὠνήσομαι: impf. ἔω-νούμην Ion. ἀνεύμην: aor. I ἐσησάμην, pf. ἐώνημαι; (but pf. part. ἐωνήσασα, and 3 sing. plqpf. are also used in a pass. sense):—ἐπριάμην [ᾶ] is used as esp. 2,

Ep. 3 sing. πριάτο; imperat. πριάσο, πρίω; subj. πρίωμαι; opt. πριάμην; inf. πριάσθαι; part. πριάμενος: (ᾶνος): Dep.:—to buy, purchase, opp. to πάλειω, πι-πράσκω, as Lat. *emere to vendere*; ἀνεῖσθαι τι παρά-τινος *to buy a thing from a person*: c. gen. pretii, for so much, ἀνεῖσθαι δραχμῆς *to buy for a drachma.* 2.

to farm public taxes or tolls. 3. in pres. and impf. *to wish or offer to buy*, hence *to bargain, bid for a thing*, Lat. *liceri*: hence *to buy off, effect a compromise by money*: hence *to bribe.*

II. as Pass. *to be bought.* Hence

ὠνή, ἦ, (ᾶνος) *a buying*, Lat. *emptio*, ὠνή καὶ πρᾶσις *buying and selling.* 2. *purchase, a bargain*: esp. *a contract for the farming of taxes.*

ὠνήμη, Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀνίημι.

ὠνήσα, aor. I of ὀνίημι.

ὠνήτης, οὐ, δ, (ἀνεόμαι) *a buyer.*

ὠνήτός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀνεόμαι, *bought.* II. *to be bought, that may be bought.*

ὠνθρωπε, crasis for ὠ ἄνθρωπε.

ὠνθρωποῖ, Ion. crasis for οἱ ἄνθρωποι.

ὠνιος, α, ον, (ᾶνος) *to be bought, for sale*, Lat. *venalis*; πῶς ὁ σίτος ὠνιος; how is corn selling? what is the market price? τὰ ὠνια *goods for sale, market-wares.*

ὠνομα, ατος, τό, Aeol. for ὄνομα.

ὠνομάδαται, Ion. for ὠνομασμένοι εἰσίν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀνομάζω.

ἜΝΟΣ, δ, *a price, value, payment for a thing.* II. *a buying*, like ἄνή. (Hence Lat. *venium*, as *vinium* from *vinos*, *vicus* from *oikos*.)

ὠνοσάμην, aor. I med. of ὀνομαι.

ὠνοχοῖ, 3 sing. impf. of ὀνοχοέω.

ὠνωμαί, pf. pass. of οἰνώω.

ὠξ, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἐξ.

ὠξε, 3 sing. aor. I of οἰνυμι.

ἜΟΝ, τό, an egg, Lat. *OVUM.*

ὠόπ, a cry of the κελυστής *to make the rowers stop pulling, avast!*

ὥπασα, aor. I of ὀπάω.

ὤπερ, Dor. for οὔπερ, Adv. *where*.

ὤπολλον, poet. crasis for ὤ Ἀπολλων.

ὤπόλλων, by crasis for ὀ Ἀπόλλων.

ὠπόλοι, Dor. crasis for οἱ αἰπόλοι.

ὠπτα, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ὄραω.

ὠπτησα, ὠπτων, aor. I and impf. of ὀπάω.

ὠπωπα, pf. 2 of ὄραω.

ῶΠΑ Ion. ὠρη, ἦ, Lat. *CURA*, *care, concern, heed*, regard for a person or thing; ὠραν τινὸς εἶχειν or ποιεῖσθαι to pay heed or regard to a thing.

ῶΠΑ Ion. ὠρη, ἦ, Lat. *HORA*, *any limited time or period* fixed by natural laws, a *season*: in plur. *the seasons*; hence also in plur. *the climate* of a country as dependent on its seasons. 2. *the blooming season of the year, the spring-time*, in full εἶταρος ὠρη or ὠρη εἰαρίην; but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, ὀπώρα or *autumn*, was not distinguished in Homer's time. 3. *later, the whole year*, ἐν τῇ πέρυσιν ὠρᾷ last year, (as we say) last season.

II. *the time of day*: also, ὠρα νυκτός *night-time*.

III. generally, *the right, fitting time or hour, the time or season for a thing: the time of corn ripening; ἐν ὠρῃ in good time, early*: c. gen. rei, ὠρη ὕπνου *the time for sleep, bed-time*.

IV. in plur. also as connected with the seasons, *the four quarters of the heavens*.

V. in Att. *the spring or prime of life, youth*: also *manhood*. VI. in Att. also sometimes for τὰ ὠραία, *the fruits or produce of the year*.

VII. as pr. n., ῶΡαι, αἱ, *the Hours*, keepers of Heaven-gate: generally, ministers of the gods; often joined with the Χάριτες or Graces.

ὠραῖος, α, ον, (ὠρα) *produced or ripened at the fit season*: hence *in due season, ripe, mature*; ὠραῖοι καρποῖ or τὰ ὠραία, *the fruits of the season*. 2. as Subst., ὠραία, ἡ, *the season of corn or fruit ripening*: generally, *the good season, season fit for military operations*.

II. *happening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable*.

III. of persons, *seasonable, ripe* for a thing; παρθένος γάμου ὠραία *a maid ripe for marriage*: of old persons, *ripe or ready for death*.

IV. of the age of man, *at the freshest, fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming*: hence of things, *beautiful*. Hence

ὠραιότης, ἡ, *the bloom of youth, beauty*. ὠρακία, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], *to faint, swoon away*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὠρᾶνός, ὁ, Dor. for οὐρᾶνός.

ὠρᾶσι, ὠρᾶσιν, Adv. (ὠρα) *in season, in good time*.

ὠρέλ-τροφος, ον, poet. for ὀρέιτροφος, (ἔρος, τρέφω) *mountain-bred*.

ὠρέξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ὀρέγα.

ὠρεσί-δουπος, ον, (ἔρος, δουπέω) *making a din on the mountains*.

ὠρεσι-δότης, ον, ὁ, (ὠρα, δίδωμι) *one who gives the fruits in their due season*.

ὠρεσσειν, Ep. for ὀρεσσειν, dat. of ὄρα.

ὠρετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ὀρνυμι.

ὠρέω, (ὠρα) *to take care of, attend to*, c. acc.

ὠρη, ἦ, Ion. for ὠρα.

ὠρη, ἦ, Ion. for ὠρα.

ὠρη-φόρος, ον, (ὠρα, φέρω) *leading on the seasons or bringing on the fruits in their season*.

ὠρθαι, pf. pass. inf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὠρίζεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὀρίζω.

ὠρικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὠρα) *ripe, in one's prime or bloom*. II. *in season, seasonable*: Adv. —κώς, ὠρικώς πυνθάνει you ask seasonably.

ὠρίμος, ον, (ὠρα) *ripe, timely, in season*.

ὠρίνην, aor. I pass. of ὀρίνω.

ὠριος, ον, (ὠρα) *happening or returning in due season; ὠρια πάντα all the fruits of the seasons*. II. *timely, seasonable, ripe*. III. *at the right time, in season, seasonable*.

ὠρισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὀρίζω.

ὠριστος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ἄριστος.

ῶριων, ανος, ὁ, *Orion*, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis.

II. *a bright constellation* named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [Ἱ Ep., Ἱ Att.]

ὠρμάθη [ᾶ], Dor. for ὠρήθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὠρμάτο, ὠρμήθη, 3 sing. impf. and aor. I pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὠρμέσται, —ἄτο, Ion. for ὠρμηνται, ὠρμητο, 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὠρμηταν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὀρμαίνω.

ὠρνύτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ὀρνυμι.

ὠρο-θεύω, f. ἡσώ, (ὠρα, τίθημι) *to take note of a thing in casting a nativity or observing the natal hour*. II. *to be in the ascendant at that hour, of one's ruling planet*.

ὠρορε, 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 of ὀρνυμι.

ὠρος, εος, τό, Dor. for ὄρος Ion. οὔρος, *a mountain*.

ὠρσα, aor. I of ὀρνυμι.

ὠρστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀρνυμι.

ὠρσθμός, ὁ, *a bowling, bellowing, roaring*.

ὠρσξα, aor. I of ὀρσσαι.

ὠρσώμαι, fut. ὠσμαι [ῶ]: aor. I ὠρσάμην: Dep. : —to *bowl, bellow, roar*, Lat. *rugire*: mostly of animals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, *to roar*. II.

transit. *to bowl over, bewail*.

ὠρχαῖος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ἀρχαῖος.

ὠρχεῖσθην, 3 dual impf. of ὀρχέομαι.

ὠρχέυτο, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of ὀρχέομαι.

ὠρχυρε, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὠρωρέχεται, Ion. for ὀρωρεγμένοι εἰσίν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀρέγα.

ὠρωρυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὀρσσω.

ῶΣ, I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, I. Demonstr. Adv. *so, thus*, when it takes an accent, ὤς.

2. Relat. Adj. *as*, when it is without accent, ὠς.

II. as Conj. *that*, when it is also without accent, ὠς.

I. *ὡς*, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, so, *thus*, Lat. *sic*. 2. *καὶ ὡς*, even so, *nevertheless*: with a negat., οὐδ' ὡς, μηδ' ὡς, *not even so, in no way soever*. 3. in Comparisons, *ὡς* is answered by *ὡς*, so as, Lat. *sic ut*: also, ὥστε .. *ὡς*, as .. *thus*.

II. *ὡς*, Relat. Adv. of Manner, as, Lat. *ut*, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—*Ὡς* in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as, θεὸς ὡς for ὡς θεός.

2. with Elliptical Phrases, ὡς ἐμοί or ὡς γ' ἐμοί (sc. δοκεῖ); ὡς ἀπ' ὀμμάτων (sc. εἰκάζει) to judge by eyesight; ὡς Λακεδαιμόνιος (sc. εἶναι) for a Lacedaemonian; συμπέμπας αὐτὸν ὡς φύλακα (sc. εἶναι) having sent him with them as a guard. 3. so with Participles, to give the reason of the principal Verb; ἀναγκασθέντων αὐτὸν ὡς ἀδικούμενοι they are indignant as being injured, i. e. by reason of being injured; so with questions, ὡς τί δὴ θέλων; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; εἰργουσιν αὐτὸν ὡς ἀδικούντα they restrain him as acting wrongfully, i. e. by reason of: so also with Participles used absol., ὡς οὕτως ἐχόντων, Lat. *res cum ita sint*, since things are so, i. e. by reason of their being so.

4. so also with Prepositions; ὡς ἐπὶ ναυμαχίαν as for a sea-fight, i. e. as if about to fight; ὡς ἐπὶ φρυγανισμὸν as though to collect fuel: *us*, with the Preps. ἐπί, εἰς, πρὸς, but also with others; ὡς ἐκ κακῶν ἐχόρη he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i. e. considering his evil plight: hence 5. sometimes the Prep. is omitted, and *ὡς* itself is used like a Prep., = *eis*, c. acc., as Lat. *usque* for *usque ad*, only with the names of persons, as, ὡς τὸν Φίλιππον τὸν Φίλιπ: first in Homer, ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς ὡς τὸν ὅμοιον how God does ever bring like to like.

6. with Adverbs:—with the Positive, ὡς ἀληθῶς, ὡς ἐτέρως how truly! how differently! Lat. *quam veré, quam aliter*: so too *ὡς* follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, θαυμαστῶς ὡς, ὑπερφανῶς, etc. 7. *ὡς* strengthens the Superlative, like *uti* and *opwas*, Lat. *quam, ὡς μάλιστα*, Lat. *quam maxime*, as much as possible; ὡς βᾶστα, Lat. *quam facillime*, as easily as possible; ὡς τᾶχιστα, Lat. *quam celerrime*, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases ὡς τὸ πολὺ, ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ, ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πλείστον for the most part, commonly, Lat. *plerumque, ut plurimum*.

8. so also with Superlative Adjectives, ὡς ἄριστος, ὡς βέλτιστος the best possible, etc.

III. *ὡς* as CONJUNCTION I. expressing a fact, *that*, like *ὅτι*, Lat. *quod*. 2. = ὥστε, so *that*, Lat. *adeo ut*. 3. *ὡς*, *that*, Lat. *quod*, where, as in Latin, the acc. c. inf. may be put instead; εἶπον ὡς τοῦτο εἶη, or εἶπον τοῦτο εἶναι. 4. *ὡς*, marking an end, like *ἵνα* or *ὅπως*, *that, in order that*, Lat. *ut*. 5. in Inferences, like *ὥστε*, c. inf., so *that*, Lat. *adeo ut, ita ut*; εἶρος ὡς δύο τριήρεις πλείον ὁμοῦ in breadth such *that* two triremes could sail abreast. 6. *ὡς* is also used like *ὅτι* and *ἐπεὶ*, as, *since*, Lat. *quippe*,

quandoquidem: also for *ὅτε*, *when*, Lat. *ut*: sometimes also = *ὅπως*, Lat. *quomodo, quemadmodum*.

IV. *ὡς* is sometimes used in independent sentences, as in phrase ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς ὡς τὸν ὅμοιον how God ever brings like to like: also with Adjs. and Advs., ὡς ἡλίθιος εἶ how silly thou art; ὡς σεμνὸς ὁ καταρατὸς how pompous the rascal is; ὡς ὄξεα κλάζει how shrilly it screams.

2. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events, ὡς ἰδεν, ὡς μιν Ἔρως πνικνίνας φρένας ἀμφεκάλυψεν how he saw, how did Love encompass his soul; so, ὡς ἰδὼν, ὡς ἐμάνην, ὡς μεν περὶ θυμὸς ἰάφθη, as in Virgil, *ut vidi, ut perii, ut me malus abstulit error*.

3. *ὡς* to express a wish, *ob that!* like *εἴθε*, Lat. *utinam*, with the optat., ὡς ἀπόλοιο καὶ ἄλλος *ob that* another also might perish: also negatively, ὡς μὴ θάνοιο *ob that* he might not die!

V. *ὡς* with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, about, nearly; ἀπέθανον ὡς πεντακόσιοι about 500 fell.

VI. *ὡς* in some Elliptical Phrases: 1. ὡς τί (sc. γένηται) in order that *what* may happen? for *what end?* wherefore? 2. ὡς ἕκαστοι ἦσαν or ἔτυχον ὄντες, each separately, Lat. *pro se quisque*.

(*Ὡς* is an old pl. acc. of *ὄς*, as *τῶς* pl. acc. of *ὄ*: οὕτως from οὕτος, etc.: so *ἄτε* is used Adv.)

ὦς or ὦς, Dor. for οὔ, where.

ὦς, τό, gen. ὠτός, Dor. for οὖς, the ear.

ὦσα, Ion. and Ep. for ἔσσα, aor. I of ὠθέω.

ὦσαμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of ὠθέω.

ὡς ἂν, Ep. ὡς κε or ὡς κεν, = *ὡς* with a conditional force added.

ὡσ-αν-εἰ or ὡς ἂν εἰ, like as if, as if.

ὡσαννά, Hebr. word meaning *save now!* *save we pray!*

ὦσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ὠθέω.

ὡσ-αύτως, Adv. of ὁ αὐτός (the same), strengthd. for ὡς, in like manner, just so; ὡσαύτως καὶ .. in like manner as ..

ᾤσθε, Dor. for ᾤξε, 3 sing. impf. of ὄξω.

ὡσ-εἰ or ὡς εἰ, Adv. as if, as though: in Comparisons, as if, like, just as: so also ὡσ-εἰ-τε. II. with Numerals, about.

ὠσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ὠθέω.

ὠσίω, dat. plur. of οὔ.

ὠσμαι, pf. pass. of ὠθέω: part. ὠσμένοι.

ὡσ-περ, Adv. (ὡς, περ) even as, just as: in Homer there is often a word interposed between *ὡς* and *περ*, as, ὡς τοπάρος περ, ὡς ἔσατο περ, etc. 2. of Time, as soon as, Lat. *simul ac*. 3. to limit or modify an assertion, as if, as it were: and so with Participles used absolutely, ὥσπερ ἐξόν as if it were in our power.

ὡσ-περ-εἰ or ὡσπερ εἰ, just as if, even as, Lat. *tanquam*.

ὡσ-περ-οὖν, Adv. even as, just as: as really, εἰ' δ' ἔστιν ὡσπερὸν ἔστι θεός but if he is, as he really is, a god.

ὡσ-τε, as Adv. (ὡς, τε) being to ὡς, as ὥστε to ὄς,

used to introduce a comparison, as, *like as, just as*.
2. to mark the power by which one does a thing, as, *as being*, like *ἄτε*, Lat. *utroque*; τὸν δ' ἐξήραπαξ Ἀφροδίτην ῥεῖν μάλ', ὥστε θεός but Aphrodité bore him very easily away, *as being* a goddess.

II. as Conjunction, to express a result or effect; εἰ δέ σοι θυμὸς ἐπέσονται, ὥστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, so as to return.—This Construct. is very freq. in Att. 2. ὥστε is sometimes used like *ὡς* with a Part.; ὥστε φυλασσομένων τῶν ὁδῶν as or since the ways were guarded. 3. ὥστε is used after Comparatives with *ἤ*; μείζονα κακὰ ἢ ὥστε ἀνακλαίειν greater woes than that one could weep for: but ὥστε is sometimes left out, as, μείζον ἢ φέρειν too great to bear:—the Posit. is sometimes used, ψυχρον ὥστε λούσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in.

III. ὥστε is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e. g. ὥστε θάρρει so that, or therefore, be of good cheer.

ὠστίζω, f. ἴσω, Frequentat. of ὠθέω, to push to and fro, Lat. *trudo*.

II. in Med., Att. fut. ὠστιοῦμαι, c. dat. *jostle with another*: so absol., ὠστιζέσθαι εἰς τὴν προεδρίαν to jostle for the first seat.

ὠστοργος, crasis for ὁ ἄστοργος.

ὠσφρόμην Ion. ὀσφράμην, aor. 2 med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

ὠσω, fut. of ὠθέω.

ὠτ-ἄκουστέω, f. ἴσω, (οὖς, ἀκούω) to hearken or listen covertly or anxiously.

ὠ τᾶν or ὠ τάν, see τάν.

ὠτάριον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, a little ear. [ᾶ]

ὠτε, Dor. for ὥστε.

ὠτελή, ἡ, (οὐτάω) a wound: later also a scar, Lat. *cicatrix*.

ὠτίον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, a little ear.

ὠτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (οὖς) a bustard with long ear-feathers.

ᾠτος, ὁ, Otos, son of Alöeus, brother of Ephialtes.

ὠτρίνα, aor. I of ὠτρίνω.

ὠτώεις, εἶσα, εν, (οὖς) with ears or handles.

ὠυτός, Ion. and Dor. for ὁ αὐτός: also ὠυτός or *ωυτός*.

ὠφέλα, aor. I of ὠφέλλω.

ὠφέλεια Ion. ὠφελίη also in Att. ὠφέλια, ἡ, (ὠφέλω) *help, aid, assistance, succour*, esp. in war. 2. *profit, advantage, gain*: in plur. *gains, profits*.

ὠφελον, aor. 2 of ὠφέλω.

ὠφελέω, f. ἴσω: (ὠφελος):—to *help, aid, assist*,

succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: absol. to be of use or service; οὐδὲν ὠφελεί *it does no good*: also with a neuter Adj., οὐδὲν τινα ὠφελεῖν to do one no service: sometimes c. dat. pers., like Lat. *prodesse*:—in phrase οὐδέ τις ἐρωτος τοῦδ' ἐφαίνετ' ὠφελῶν, the part. is taken as a Subst. a *helper*. II.

Pass. ὠφελούμαι, with fut. med. ὠφελήσομαι, pass. ὠφελήθησομαι:—to be *helped, to receive help, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage*; πρὸς τινος *from a person or thing*: so, ἐκ or ἀπό τινος; and c. dat., ὠφελείσθαι τινι to be *profited by a thing*: c. part., ὠφελείσθαι ἰδῶν to be *benefited by the sight of a thing*. Hence

ὠφάλημα, ατος, τό, that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing. II. generally = ὠφελία, use, advantage, benefit.

ὠφελήσιμος, ον, (ὠφελέω) *useful, serviceable*.

ὠφελήσις, εως, ἡ, (ὠφελέω) a *helping, aiding*: generally, *service, advantage*.

ὠφελήτεός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ὠφελέω, *necessary or proper to be assisted*. II. ὠφελητέον, one must assist.

ὠφέλια, Att. for ὠφέλεια.

ὠφέλιμος, ον, sometimes also η, ον, (ὠφελέω) *helping, aiding*: *useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous*. Adv. —ως: Sup. ὠφελιμώτατα.

ὠφέλλον, Ep. for ὠφέλω.

ὠφέλον, aor. 2 of ὠφέλω.

ὠφθη, aor. I of ὠράω, in pass. sense.

ὠφληκα, pf. of ὠφλισκάνω: ὠφλον, aor. 2.

ὠφρόντιστος, crasis for ὁ ἀφρόντιστος.

ὠφα, pf. of οἴγνυμι.

ὠφᾶτο, Ion. for ὠγμένοι ἦσαν, 3 plur. plqpf. pass. of οἴγνυμι.

ὠχετο, ὠχοντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of οἴχομαι.

ὠχηκα, Ep. for ὠχωκα, pl. of οἴχομαι.

ὠχθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὠχθέω.

ὠχράω, f. ἴσω, (ὠχρός) to turn pale, be pale, wan, etc.:

ὠχρίαύω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ], (ὠχρός) to be or turn pale.

ᾠΧΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, pale, wan, sallow. Hence

ὠχρος, ον, ὁ, or εος, τό, like ὠχρότης, *paleeness, wanness*, esp. the *paleeness of fear*.

ὠχωκα, Ion. pf. of οἴχομαι.

ὠψ, ἡ, gen. ὠπός acc. ὠπα, (ὠφομαι, fut. of ὠράω) *the eye, face, countenance*; εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι *to look one full in the face*: so absol., εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι: but, θεῖς εἰς ὠπα ἔοικεν as to the face, i. e. in face she is like the goddesses.

APPENDIX

OF

PROPER AND GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES,

PREPARED BY

REV. JAMES M. WHITON, PH. D.

NOTE.

THE following pages contain those proper and geographical names — not contained in the body of the work — which occur in the Greek usually read in American schools in preparation for college, especially those found in Xenophon's Anabasis, in Goodwin's Greek Reader, and in the first six books of the Iliad and the first two of the Odyssey.

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APPENDIX.

*Αβαντες—Αϊαντε

A

*Αβαντες, οί, *the Abantes*, the earliest inhabitants of Eubœa.

*Αβαρβαρέη, ἡ, *Abarbarëa*, a Naiad.

*Αβας, -αντος, ὁ, *Abas*, a Trojan.

*Αβδηρίτης, -ου, ὁ, *an Abdërite*, inhabitant of Abdera, in Thrace, near the Nestus.

*Αβληρος, -ου, ὁ, *Ablërus*, a Trojan.

*Αβροζέλης, -ου, ὁ, *Abrozëles*, a Thracian.

*Αβροκόμας, -α, ὁ, *Abrocômas*, a Persian satrap.

*Αβροκόμης, -εω, ὁ (Ionic form of the foregoing word), *Abrocomes*, a son of Darius and half-brother of Xerxes.

*Αβρόνιχος, -ου, ὁ, *Abronichus*, an Athenian.

*Αβρόνυχος, see *Αβρόνιχος*.

*Αβυδηνός, -ῆ, -όν, *belonging to Abÿdus*; οί

*Αβυδηνοί, *the people of Abÿdus, the Abydenes.*

*Αβυδόθεν, *from Abÿdus.*

*Αβÿδος, -ου, ἡ, *Abÿdus*, in Troas, on the Hellespont.

*Αγαμεινονίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Agamemnon.*

*Αγαμέμνων, -ονος, ὁ, *Agamemnon*, king of Mycenæ, and commander-in-chief of the Greek army before Troy.

*Αγαπήνωρ, -οπος, ὁ, *Agapënor*, an Arcadian chief.

*Αγασθένης, -εος, contr. -ους, ὁ, *Agasthënes*, son of Augeas, king in Elis.

*Αγασίας, -ου, ὁ, *Agasias*, of Arcadia, a captain.

*Αγήνωρ, -οπος, ὁ, *Agënor*, a Trojan. (See *ἀγήνωρ*, p. 4.)

*Αγησίλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Agësilaüs*, the name of several kings of Sparta, especially of (1) the son of Dorystus; and (2) the son of Archidamus, and a celebrated general. Ionic forms *Ἡγησίλεος and *Ἡγησίλαος.

*Αγίας, -ου, ὁ, *Agias*, of Arcadia, a general.

*Αγίς, -ιδος, ὁ (Ionic *Ἡγίς), *Agis*, the name of several kings of Sparta.

*Αγκαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Ancæus*, an Arcadian.

*Αγλαΐη, -ης, ἡ, *Aglaïa*, mother of Nireus. (See *ἀγλαΐα*, p. 5.)

*Αγλαυρος, -ου, ἡ, *Aglaurus*, daughter of Cecrops, worshipped at Athens.

*Αγνων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Hagnon*, an Athenian, father of Theramenes.

*Αγχιάλος, -ου, ὁ, *Anchiälus*, father of Menetes, king of the Taphians. Also the name of a Greek warrior at Troy. (See *ἀγχίαλος*, p. 8.)

*Αγχίσης, -ου, ὁ, *Anchises*, father of Æneas.

*Αδείμαντος, -ου, ὁ, *Adimantus*, a Corinthian commander. (See *ἀδείμαντος*, p. 11.)

*Αδμητος, -ου, ὁ, *Admëtus*, king of Phæræ in Thessaly. (See *ἀδμητος*, p. 12.)

*Αδρήστεια, Ionic for *Αδράστεια, -ας, ἡ, *Adrastëa*, a city of Asia Minor on the Propontis.

*Αδρηστίνη, Ionic for *Αδραστίνη, -ης, ἡ, *daughter of Adrastus.*

*Αδρηστος, Ionic for *Αδραστος, -ου, ὁ, *Adrastus*, (1) a king of Argos and of Sicyon; (2) a son of Merops, and confederate of the Trojans. (See *ἀδραστος*, p. 12.)

*Αξειδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Azeus*, i. e. Actor.

*Αθηνάδης, Ionic for *Αθηνάδας, -ου, ὁ, *Athênâdas*, a citizen of Trachis.

Αἶα, -ης, ἡ, *Æa*, a district of Colchis on the E. coast of the Euxine.

Αἰακίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Æacus*. Peleus, the son, and Achilles, the grandson of Æacus are each thus termed. οἱ Αἰακίδαι, *the Æacids*, including, at the widest, Æacus and his immediate posterity, Peleus, Telamon, Achilles, and Ajax.

Αἰακός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Æacus*, son of Zeus and king of Ægina, made after death one of the three judges of departed souls.

Αἴαντε, τῶ, *the two Ajaxes*, sons respectively of Telamon and Oileus. The plural is also formed regularly.

Αἰγαίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Ægeion*, the name given by men to one of the hundred-armed giants, whom the gods called Briareus.

Αἰγάλεος, -ω, ὁ, *Ægaleus*, a mountain in Attica, over against the island Salamis.

Αἰγείδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Ægeus*, i. e. Theseus.

Αἰγιάλεια (poetic form of *Αἰγιάλη*), -ας, ἡ, *Ægiālea* or *Ægiāle*, daughter of Adrastus and wife of Diomedes.

Αἰγιαλός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Ægiālus*; (1) an ancient name of Achaia; (2) a city in Paphlagonia. (See *αἰγιαλός*, p. 17.)

Αἰγιάλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Ægiālea*, a small island near Eubœa.

Αἰγίλιψ, -ιπος, ἡ, *Ægīlīps*, a district of Ithaca. Others say, an island near Epirus, or a city on the peninsula Leucas. (See *αἰγίλιψ*, p. 17.)

Αἰγίνα, -ης, ἡ, *Ægīna*, an island in the Saronic Gulf, S. W. from Athens.

Αἰγιαταῖος, -α, -οῦ, belonging to *Ægina*, *Ægīnetan*.

Αἰγινητάς, -ου, ὁ, an inhabitant of *Ægina*, an *Æginetan*.

Αἰγίον, -ου, τό, *Ægium*, a city of Achaia.

Αἰγισθός, -ου, ὁ, *Ægisthus*, son of Thyestes.

Αἰγύπτιος, -α, -οῦ, Egyptian.

Αἰγύπτιος, -ου, ὁ, *Ægyptius*, an inhabitant of Ithaca.

Αἰήτης, -ου, ὁ, *Æētes*, the name of several kings of Colchis.

Αἰθίκες, -ων, οἱ, the *Æthiæcs*, a Thessalian or Epirotic tribe, dwelling, according to Homer, on Mount Pindus.

Αἰθήρη, -ης, ἡ, *Æthra*, mother of Theseus. (See *αἰθήρη*, p. 19.)

Αἰμονίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Hæmon*, i. e. Mæon.

Αἰμων, -οιος, ὁ, *Hæmon*, a warrior of Pylus. (See *αἰμων*, p. 20.)

Αἰνιάνας or **Αἰνιήνας**, Ionic form *Ἐνιήνας*, -ων, οἱ, the *Æniānes*, a tribe inhabiting Northern Thessaly in the Homeric period; subsequently found dwelling in Southern Thessaly.

Αἰνόθεν, from *Ænus*.

Αἰνός, -ου, ἡ, *Ænus*, a city of Thrace, at the mouth of the Hebrus.

Αἰζωνεύς, -έως, ὁ, a resident of the Attic deme *Æzōne*.

Αἰολίδης, -ου, ὁ, a son or descendant of *Æolus*; οἱ **Αἰολίδαί**, the descendants of *Æolus*, the *Æolids*.

Αἰολίς, -ίδος, fem. adj., *Æolian*; γῆν τῆν **Αἰολίδα**, the *Æolian land*, an ancient name of Thessaly. As a substantive (χώρα understood), *Æolis*, a district on the W. coast of Asia Minor.

Αἰπυ, -εος, τό, *Æpy*, a city in Elis. (See *αἰπός*, p. 21.)

Αἰπίτιος τύμβος, the sepulchral mound of *Æpytus*, an ancient Arcadian chief.

Αἰσθηπός, -ου, ὁ, *Æsēpus*; (1) a river of Northern Mysia, flowing into the Propontis; (2) a son of Bucolion.

Αἰσιήτης, -ου, ὁ, *Æsiētes*, a Trojan.

Αἰσχίνης, -ου, ὁ, *Æschīnes*; (1) a commander of Greek light-armed troops; (2) a friend of Socrates.

Αἰσχροαῖος, also written **Αἰσχροαῖος**, -ου, ὁ, *Æschroaïos*, an Athenian.

Αἰσώπτος, -ου, ὁ, *Æsōpus* or *Æsop*, the fabulist.

Αἰτώλιος, collateral form of **Αἰτωλός**, which see.

Αἰτωλός, -οῦ, ὁ, an *Ætolian*; also as adj., *Ætolian*. οἱ **Αἰτωλοί**, the *Ætoliāns*.

Ἀκάμας, -αντος, ὁ, *Acāmas*; (1) a son of Antenor; (2) a Thracian leader. (See *ἀκάμας*, p. 24.)

Ἀκάνθιος, -α, -οῦ, *Acanthian*, belonging to *Acanthus*; in the plural, the *Acanthians*.

Ἀκανθος, -ου, ἡ, *Acanthus*, a city of Chalcidice, in Southern Macedonia, on the Strymonian Gulf.

Ἀκαρνανός, -ἄνος (in Herodotus *Ἀκαρνήν*, -ῆρος), ὁ, an *Acarnian*.

Ἀκαρνανία, -ας, ἡ, *Acarmania*, a country on the W. coast of Greece, between Epirus and Ætolia.

Ἀκράτος, -ου, ὁ, *Acra'tus*, a prophet-priest at Delphi. (See *ἀκράτος*, p. 25.)

Ἀκτορίων, -ωνος, ὁ, son of *Actor*, i. e. Eurytus.

Ἄκτωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Actor*, son of Azeus, of Orchomenus. (See *ἄκτωρ*, p. 30.)

Ἄλαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Halæ*, the name of two Attic demes; also the name of "the marshy district at the junction of Piræus with the mainland." — GOODWIN.

Ἀλαλοκομενής, -ίδος, fem. adj., *Alalcomenēan*, epithet of Athene, from *Alalcomēnæ*, a city in Bœotia, where she had a temple.

Ἀλάστωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Alastor*; (1) a Greek warrior, son of Neleus; (2) a Lycian hero. (See *ἀλάστωρ*, p. 31.)

Ἀλεῖσιον, -ου, τό, *Alēsiūm*, a place in Elis.

Ἀλήϊον πεδῖον, τό, the *Alēian plain*, the land of wandering (ἄλη), located by Homer in Lycia, by Herodotus in Cilicia.

Ἁλίαρτος, -ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Haliartus*, a city of Bœotia.

Ἁλιζώνες or **Ἁλιζῶνοι**, -ων, οἱ, the *Haliζōnes* or *Haliζōni*, a Bithynian tribe.

Ἁλιθέρης, -ου, ὁ, *Hali'theres*, an inhabitant of Ithaca.

Ἁλιός, -ου, ὁ, *Hali'us*, a Lycian.

Ἁλίσαρνα, -ης, ἡ, *Hali'sarna*, a city of Mysia.

Ἀλκαμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Alcamēnes*, son of Teleclus, king of Sparta.

* Ἀλκανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Aleander*, a Lycian.
 * Ἀλκή, -ης, ἡ, *Force, Might*, personified.
 * Ἀλκηστis, -ίδος and -ιος, ἡ, *Alecestis*, daughter of Pelias, and wife of Admetus.
 * Ἀλκιβιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Alcibiādes*, a celebrated Athenian leader.
 * Ἀλκμαιωνίδαι, -ῶν, οἱ, *the descendants of Alcmæon, the Alcmæonids*, an illustrious family at Athens.
 * Ἀλκμήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Alcmêne*, mother of Hercules.
 * Ἀλόπη, -ης, ἡ, *Alôpe*, a town in the southern part of Phthiōtis in S. Thessaly, near the Malian Gulf.
 * Ἄλος, -οῦ, ὁ and ἡ, *Alus*, a town in the eastern part of Phthiōtis, in S. Thessaly, near the Pagasæan Gulf.
 * Ἄλπηρος, -οῦ, ἡ (also Ἄλπηροῦ), *Alpēnus* (or *Alpēni*), a city at the E. entrance of the pass of Thermopylæ.
 * Ἀλυάττης, -ου, ὁ, *Alyattes*, king of Lydia, father of Croesus.
 * Ἀλύβη, -ης, ἡ, *Alýbe*, a city in Bithynia on the Euxine.
 * Ἄλυς, -νος, ὁ, *the Halys*, the principal river of Asia Minor, flowing N. into the Euxine.
 * Ἄλφειός, -οῦ, ὁ, *the Alphæus*, a river of Elis.
 * Ἄλφεός, -οῦ, ὁ (Doric form of Ἄλφειός), *Alpheus*, a Lacedæmonian, who fought bravely at Thermopylæ.
 * Ἄλφεός, -έως, ὁ, *Alphæus*, son of Poseidon. (See ἄλφεός, p. 37.)
 * Ἀμαρυγκειδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Amarynceus*, i. e. Diōres.
 * Ἀμβρακιώτης, -ου, ὁ, *an Ambraciote*, inhabitant of Ambracia in S. Epirus.
 * Ἀμεινίας, -ου and -α, ὁ, *Amīnias*, an Athenian naval captain.
 * Ἀμεινοκλῆς, -έως, ὁ, *Amīnoklēs*, a citizen of Magnesia in Thessaly.
 * Ἀμυδών, -ῶνος, ὁ, *Amýdon*, a city of the Pæonians, on the Axius, in Macedonia.
 * Ἀμύκλαι, -ῶν, αἱ, *Amýclæ*, a city of Laconia, on the Eurotas.
 * Ἀμφιγένεια, -ας, ἡ, *Amphigēnēa*, a city of Triphylia, in S. Elis.
 * Ἀμφιδῆμος, -ου, ὁ, *Amphidēmus*, father of Amphicrates.
 * Ἀμφικράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Amphicrātes*, an Athenian captain.
 * Ἀμφίμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Amphimāchus*; (1) leader of the Epēi at Troy; (2) leader of the Carians.
 * Ἀμφίος, -ου, ὁ, *Amphios*; (1) son of Merops; (2) son of Selagus.
 * Ἀμφιπολίτης, -ου, ὁ, *an Amphipolite*, inhabitant of Amphipolis in S. E. Macedonia, on the Strymon. (See ἀμφίπολις, p. 45.)

* Ἀμφισσα, -ης, ἡ, *Amphissa*, a town of the Locri Ozolæ.
 * Ἀμφιτρυών, -ωνος, ὁ, *Amphitryon*, king of Tiryns, and subsequently of Thebes; husband of Hercules's mother, Alcmeue.
 * Ἀναγυράσιος, -ου, ὁ, *a resident of the Attic deme Anagyrsus*.
 * Ἀναίτιος, -ου, ὁ, *Anaitius*, one of the Thirty at Athens. (See ἀναίτιος, p. 40.)
 * Ἀναξανδρίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Anaxandrides*, a king of Sparta, and father of the celebrated Leonidas.
 * Ἀνάξανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Anaxandrus*, a king of Sparta, and ancestor of Leonidas.
 * Ἀναξίβιος, -ου, ὁ, *Anaxibius*, a Spartan naval commander.
 * Ἀνδραίμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Andraimon*, father of Thoas, and king of Cálydon in Ætolia.
 * Ἀνδρόβουλος, -ου, ὁ, *Androbulus*, a Delphian, the father of Timon.
 * Ἀνδρόδαμας, -αντος, ὁ, *Androdāmas*, a Samian, father of Theomestor.
 * Ἀνδρομάχη, -ης, ἡ, *Andromāche*, wife of Hector. (See ἀνδρομάχος, p. 58.)
 * Ἄνδρος, -ου, ἡ, *Andrus*, one of the Cyclades Islands, with a city of the same name.
 * Ἀνεμώρεια, -ας, ἡ, afterwards called Ἀνεμώλεια, *Anemoria*, an elevated town of Phocis. (See ἀνεμώλιος, p. 59.)
 * Ἀνθεμίδης (for Ἀνθεμιωνίδης), *son of Anthemion*, i. e. Simoisius.
 * Ἀνθεμίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Anthemion*, a Trojan. (See ἀνθέμιον, p. 62.)
 * Ἀνηθῶν, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Anthēdon*, a city on the E. coast of Bœotia.
 * Ἀνθήλη, -ης, ἡ, *Anthēle*, a town in Phocis, in the immediate vicinity of Thermopylæ.
 * Ἀνόπαια, -ας, ἡ, *Anopæa*, a name given both to a part of Mt. Ceta, and to a path leading over the same.
 * Ἄντανδρος, -ου, ἡ, *Antandrus*, a city of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida.
 * Ἄνταια, -ας, ἡ, *Antæa*, wife of Prætus, king of Tiryns.
 * Ἀντηγορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son or descendant of Antenor*.
 * Ἀντήνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Antenor*, a Trojan prince.
 * Ἀντιδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Antidōrus*, a Lemnian ship-captain.
 * Ἀντικυρα, -ας, ἡ, *Anticyra*, a town at the entrance of the Spercheus into the Malian Gulf. The earlier form of the name is Ἀντικύρα.
 * Ἀντικυρεῖς, -έως, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Anticyra*, an *Anticyrean*.
 * Ἀντιλέων, -οντος, ὁ, *Antileon*, of Thurii in S. Italy.
 * Ἀντίλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Antilochus*, son of Nestor.

Ἄντινοος, -ου, ὁ, *Antinoüs*, a suitor of Penelope.

Ἄντιπάτρος, -ου, ὁ, *Antipäter*, a Thasian, son of Orge.

Ἄντισθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Antisthēnes*, a friend and pupil of Socrates, founder of the cynic school of philosophy.

Ἄντιφος, -ου, ὁ, *Antiphus*; (1) a son of Ægyptius of Ithaca; (2) a leader of the Greeks from Nisyros; (3) a leader of the Mæonians confederate with the Trojans; (4) a son of Priam.

Ἄντιφῶν, -ῶντος, ὁ, *Antiphon*, an Athenian.

Ἄντρῶν, -ῶνος, ὁ and ἡ, *Antron*, a city of Phthiōtis in S. E. Thessaly, at the entrance of the Malian Gulf.

Ἄνυτος, -ου, ὁ, *Anjytus*, an Athenian, one of the accusers of Socrates.

Ἄξιός, -οῦ, ὁ (also accented Ἄξιος), *the Axius*, the principal river of Macedonia, flowing into the Thermaic Gulf.

Ἄξυλος, -ου, ὁ, *Axjylus*, a Thracian princee. (See ἄξυλος, p. 75.)

Ἄπαισός, -οῦ, ἡ, *Apæsus*, a city in N. W. Mysia, at the entrance of the Propontis. The same as Pæsus, Παισός.

Ἄπιδανός, -οῦ, ὁ, *the Apidænus*, a river of Thessaly. Ionic form Ἡπιδανός.

Ἄπολλόδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Apollodōrus*, a frequent name among the Greeks; specially, a friend of Socrates.

Ἄπολλωνία, -ας, ἡ, *Apollonia*, the name of several cities, specially of a city of Mysia, near the Lydian border.

Ἄπολλωνίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Apollonides*, a Lydian.

Ἄραβία, -ας, ἡ, *Arabia*. The name is extended (Xen. *Anab.*, I. 5. 1) to the southern part of Mesopotamia.

Ἄραιθυρέα, -ας, ἡ, *Aræthyrea*, an ancient city in Peloponnesus, near whose site Phlius stood.

Ἄραξίς, -ου, ὁ, *the Araxes*, a river of Mesopotamia flowing into the Euphrates.

Ἄρβάκης, -ου, ὁ, *Arbæces*, satrap of Media.

Ἄργεῖος, -α, -ου, of or belonging to Argos, *Argive*. Ἄργεῖοι, -ων, οἱ, a frequent Homeric designation of the Greeks.

Ἄργισσα, -ης, ἡ, *Argissa*, later named Argūra, a town of Thessaly on the Peneus near Larissa.

Ἄργοςδε, *to Argos*.

Ἄρεςίας, -ου, ὁ, *Aresias*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἄρετάων, -ονος, ὁ, *Arctæon*, a Trojan warrior.

Ἀρήϊος, Ionic for Ἄρεος, see p. 100.

Ἀρήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Arēne*, a city in S. Elis.

Ἀρηξίων, -ονος, ὁ, *Aræxion*, an Arcadian soothsayer.

Ἀριαβίγνης, -ου, ὁ, *Ariabignes*, a Persian

naval commander, son of Darius, and half-brother of Xerxes.

Ἄριαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Ariæus*, a Persian general in the service of the younger Cyrus.

Ἄριαράμνης, -ου, ὁ, *Ariaramnes*, a Persian.

Ἄριμα, -ων, τό, *Arima*, a mountain district in Asia Minor, locality uncertain, under which it was fabled that the giant Typhon lay.

Ἄρισβη, -ης, ἡ, *Arisbe*, a city of Troas, not far from Abydus.

Ἄρισβηθεν, *from Arisbe*.

Ἄρισταρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristarchus*; (1) a Lacedæmonian, governor of Byzantium; (2) an Athenian commander.

Ἄριστέας, -ου, ὁ, *Aristeas*, a Chian.

Ἄριστείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Aristides*, son of Lysimachus, a distinguished Athenian magistrate and leader.

Ἄριστιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristippus*; (1) a Thesalian; (2) a native of Cyrene, disciple of Socrates, and founder of the Cyrenaic school of philosophy.

Ἄριστογείτων, -ονος, ὁ, *Aristogiton*, an Athenian, who, in conjunction with Harmodius, murdered Hipparchus.

Ἄριστόδημος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristodēmus*, a Spartan.

Ἄριστόμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristomachus*, a king of Sparta.

Ἄριστονίκη, -ης, ἡ, *Aristonice*, priestess at Delphi.

Ἄριστοτέλης, -ους, ὁ, *Aristotle*, one of the Thirty at Athens, not to be confounded with the philosopher of Stagira.

Ἄριστων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Ariston*; (1) an Athenian in the service of the younger Cyrus; (2) a king of Sparta.

Ἄριστώνυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristonijmus*, an Arcadian.

Ἄρκαδία, -ας, ἡ, *Arcadia*, the central district of Peloponnesus.

Ἄρκαδικός, -ῆ, -όν, *Arcadian*.

Ἄρκας, -άδος, ὁ, an *Arcadian*. οἱ Ἄρκαδες, *the Arcadians*.

Ἄρκεσίλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Arcesilæus*, a leader of the Boeotians at Troy.

Ἄρμα, -ατος, τό, *Harma*, a town in E. Bœotia.

Ἄρματίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Harmatides*, a Thespian, father of Dithyrambus.

Ἄρμενία, -ας, ἡ, *Armenia*, a highland region of Asia, S. E. of the Euxine.

Ἄρμένιος, -α, -ου, *Armenian*. οἱ Ἄρμένιοι, *the Armenians*.

Ἄρμήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Harmēne*, a town of Paphlagonia, near Sinope. Also called Ἄρμένη, *Armenē*.

Ἄρμόδιος, -ου, ὁ, *Harmodius*, an Athenian, the accomplice of Aristogiton in the assassination of Hipparchus. (See ἄρμόδιος, p. 103.)

Ἄρμονιδης, -ου, ὁ, *Harmonides*, a Trojan artificer.

Ἄρνη, -ης, ἡ, *Arne*, an ancient town in Bœotia, of uncertain site.

Ἄρπασος, -ου, ὁ, *the Harpæsus*, a river of Armenia.

Ἄρσάμης, -ου, ὁ, *Aršames*, grandfather of King Darius.

Ἄρτάβανος, -ου, ὁ, *Artabānus*, brother of Darius, and uncle to Xerxes.

Ἄρταγέρσης, -ους, ὁ, *Artagerses*, a cavalry officer of King Artaxerxes.

Ἄρτακάμας, -α, ὁ, *Artacāmas*, a Persian satrap.

Ἄρτάνης, -ου, ὁ, *Artanes*, a brother of Darius.

Ἄρταξέρξης, -ου, ὁ, the name of three Persian kings, specially of *Artaxerxes*, surnamed Mnemon, the brother of the younger Cyrus.

Ἄρταόζος, -ου, ὁ, *Artaozus*, a friend of Cyrus.

Ἄρταπάτας, -α, or Ἄρταπάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Artapātes*, a friend of Cyrus.

Ἄρταφέρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Artaphernes*; (1) brother of Darius; (2) son of the foregoing, and associate commander of the first Persian expedition against Greece.

Ἄρτεμισία, -ας, ἡ, *Artemisia*, sovereign of a few Carian cities, and ally of Xerxes.

Ἄρτεμισιον, -ου, τό, *Artemisium*, the name of the northern coast and N. E. promontory of Eubœa.

Ἄρτιμας, -α, ὁ, *Artimas*, Persian satrap of Lydia.

Ἄρτούχης, -ου, or Ἄρτούχας, -α, ὁ, *Artūchas*, a Persian satrap.

Ἄρυστας, -α, ὁ, *Arystas*, an Arcadian.

Ἄρχαγόρας, -α, ὁ, *Archagōras*, an Argive.

Ἄρχελαος, -ου, Ionic form Ἄρχέλεως, -εω, ὁ, *Archelæus*, a king of Sparta, son of Agesilaus.

Ἄρχελοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Archelochus*, a Trojan.

Ἄρχεστράτος, -ου, ὁ, *Archestrātus*, an Athenian commander.

Ἄρχιδάμος, Ionic form Ἄρχιδήμος, -ου, ὁ, *Archidāmus*, king of Sparta.

Ἄσια, -ας, ἡ, *Asia*, at first the name of a district in Lydia, between Mt. Tmolus and the river Caÿster, then applied more widely to the E. coast of the Ægean, and extending N. E. along the Propontis and the Euxine.

Ἄσιδάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Asidātes*, a Persian.

Ἄσιναῖος, -α, -ου, of *Asine*, *Asinawan*.

Ἄσινη, -ης, ἡ, *Asine*; (1) a city on the S. coast of Messenia; (2) a city on the S. coast of Argolis.

Ἄσιος, -α, -ου, *Asian*; Ἄσιος λεμών, *the Asian meadow*, so called either from Ἄσια, which see, or, according to others, from Ἄσιος, as the meadow of the hero *Asias*.

Ἄσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Asius*, from Arisbe, ally of the Trojans.

Ἄσκαλαφος, -ου, ὁ, *Ascalāphus*, king of the Minyæ.

Ἄσκανία, -ας, ἡ, *Ascania*, a district in the W. part of Bithynia.

Ἄσκανίος, -ου, ὁ, *Ascanius*, of Ascania, an ally of the Trojans.

Ἄσκληπιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Æsculapius*.

Ἄσπένδιος, -ου, ὁ, *an Aspendian*, from Aspendus, a city of Pamphylia.

Ἄσπληδών, -όνος, ἡ, *Asplēdon*, an ancient city in N. W. Bœotia.

Ἄσσυρία, -ας, ἡ, *Assyria*, a name somewhat vaguely applied, but strictly belonging to the district bounded W. by the Tigris and N. and E. by the mountains of Armenia and Media.

Ἄσσύριος, -α, -ου, *Assyrian*; οἱ Ἄσσύριοι, *the Assyrians*.

Ἄστέριον, -ου, τό, *Asterium*, a town of uncertain site in the central part of Thessaly.

Ἄστύαλος, -ου, ὁ, *Astyālus*, a Trojan.

Ἄστυνάξ, -ακτος, ὁ, *Astyñax*, son of Hector. (See *ἀστυνάξ*, p. 110.)

Ἄστυνός, -ου, ὁ, *Astynous*, a Trojan.

Ἄστυόχεια, -ας, ἡ, the same as the following.

Ἄστυόχη, -ης, ἡ, *Astyōche*; (1) daughter of Actor; (2) daughter of Phylas. (See *ἀστυόχος*, p. 110.)

Ἄσωπος, -οῦ, ὁ, *the Asōpus*; (1) a river flowing E. through the S. part of Bœotia; (2) a river flowing into the Malian Gulf near the Pass of Thermopylæ.

Ἄταρνεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Atarneus*, a city of Æolis, opposite Mitylene in Lesbos.

Ἄτραμύτιον, -ου, τό, *Atramyttium*, a coast city in W. Mysia, on the Caicus. Also written Ἄδραμύτιον, &c.

Ἄτρεΐδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Atreus*; οἱ Ἄτρεΐδαι, or τῶ Ἄτρεΐδα, *the Atreida*, Agamemnon and Menelaus.

Ἄτρεΐων, -ωνος, ὁ, the same as the preceding.

Ἄτρεΐς, -έως, ὁ, *Atreus*, son of Pelops.

Ἄτυμνιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Atymnius*, i. e. Mydon.

Ἄυγαεΐ, -ῶν, αἱ, *Augæe*; (1) a Locrian city, near the S. coast of the Malian Gulf; (2) a city in S. Laconia.

Ἄυγητιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Augæas*, king of Elis, i. e. Agasthenes.

Ἄύλις, -ίδος, ἡ, *Aulis*, the city and harbor of Bœotia whence the Greek armament sailed for Troy.

Ἄυτόνοος, -ου, ὁ, *Autonous*, a Delphian hero.

Ἄυτόφονος, -ου, ὁ, *Autophōnus*, a Theban.

Ἄφεταιί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Aphetai*, a port of Magnesia in S. E. Thessaly, not far from Artemisium.

Ἀφιδναῖος, -ου, ὁ, a resident of the Attic deme *Aphidna*.

Ἀχερουσιᾶς, -άδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Acherusian*; Ἀχερουσιᾶς Ἰσθμίου, the *Acherusian peninsula*, near Heraclea in Bithynia, with a cavern through which Hercules was said to have descended to the lower world.

B

Βαβυλών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Babylon*, on the Euphrates, the chief city of the Persian empire.

Βαβυλωνία, -ας, ἡ, *Babylonia*, the district of which Babylon was the capital; extending, in the widest sense, from Mesopotamia to the Persian Gulf.

Βάκς, -ιδος, ὁ, *Bacis*, a soothsayer of Bœotia. (See βακίζω, p. 125.)

Βάκτριος, -α, -ον, *Bactrian*; οἱ Βάκτριοι, the *Bactrians*, inhabitants of Bactria or Bactriana, now S. E. Turkestan and N. E. Afghanistan.

Βασίς, -ου, ὁ, *Basias*; (1) an Arcadian; (2) a soothsayer of Elis.

Βατία, -ας, ἡ, *Batiæa*, a hill near Troy.

Βελβιντής, -ου, ὁ, a *Belbivite*, an inhabitant of *Belbina*, a small island S. W. of the Attic promontory Sunium.

Βέλσος, -υος, ὁ, *Belšys*, a satrap of Syria.

Βελλεροφόντης, -ου, ὁ, *Bellerophon*, son of Glaucon.

Βήσσα or Βήσα, -ης, ἡ, *Bessa*, a Locrian city, of uncertain site, near Augæa. See Ἀυγαία.

Βίας, -αντος, ὁ, *Bias*, a warrior from Pylus.

Βιθυνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Bithynians*, whose country bordered the Propontis and Euxine, on the Asiatic side.

Βισάνθη, -ης, ἡ, *Bisanthe*, a coast city of Thrace, on the Propontis.

Βίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Bion*, an officer of the Spartan general Thibron.

Βοάγριος, -ου, ὁ, the *Boagrius*, a rapid stream in Locris, flowing into the Malian Gulf. (See βόαγρος, p. 131.)

Βοίβη, -ης, ἡ, *Bœbe*, a town of Magnesia in E. Thessaly on the E. side of the Bœbean Lake.

Βοιβηίς, -ίδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Bœbean*; ἡ Βοιβηΐς λίμνη, the *Bœbean Lake*.

Βοϊσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Boiscus*, a Thessalian.

Βοιωτίος, same as Βοιωτός, see p. 132.

Βουκολίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Bucolion*, son of Laomedon. (See βουκολέω, p. 133.)

Βουπράσιον, -ου, τό, *Buprasium*, a city in N. Elis, the ancient capital of the Epēi.

Βρασιδίας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Brasidas*, a Spartan general.

Βρισηΐς, -ίδος, ἡ, daughter of *Briseus*, i. e. Hippodamia.

Βρυσηαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Bryseæ*, an ancient town of Laconia, a little S. W. of Sparta.

Βυζάντιον, -ου, τό, *Byzantium*, a city of Thrace, on the Bosphorus, the modern Constantinople.

Βυζάντιος, -α, -ον, of *Byzantium*; οἱ Βυζάντιοι, the *Byzantians*.

Βώρος, -ου, ὁ, *Borus*, a Mæonian.

Γ

Γαῖα, see Γῆ.

Γάνος, -ου, ἡ, *Ganus*, a small fortified place in Thrace, on the coast of the Propontis.

Γαυλίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Gaulites*, a Samian.

Γέλων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Gelon*, tyrant of Syracuse.

Γεραϊστός, -οῦ, ὁ and ἡ, *Geræstus*, a promontory, town, and port at the S. W. extremity of Eubœa.

Γερένιος, -ου, ὁ, *Gerénian*, applied to Nestor, as is said, from Gerénia, a Messenian city, where he was said to have been reared.

Γῆ, -ῆς, ἡ, poetic form *Γαῖα*, *Earth*, personified as a goddess. (See Γῆ, p. 141.)

Γλαύκος, -ου, ὁ, *Glauclus*; (1) father of Bellerophon; (2) grandson of Bellerophon, and leader of the Lycians before Troy. (See γλαυκός, p. 142.)

Γλαύκων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Glaucón*, an Athenian, grandfather to Plato.

Γλαφυραί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Glaphyræ*, a town of uncertain site in S. E. Thessaly, not far from Bœbe.

Γλισας, -αντος, ἡ, *Glisas*, a city of Bœotia, not far E. from Thebes.

Γλοῦς, -οῦ, ὁ, *Glus*, an Egyptian, whose father, Tamus, was admiral of Cyrus the younger.

Γνήσιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Gnesippus*, an Athenian.

Γογγύλιος, -ου, ὁ, *Gongylus*, an Eretrian.

Γονόεσσα, -ης, ἡ, *Gonoëssa*, a promontory on the Corinthian Gulf, near Pallene, in N. E. Achaia.

Γόργιος, -α, -ον, belonging to the Gorgon. (See Γοργώ, p. 144.)

Γοργίας, -ου, ὁ, *Gorgias*, a sophist and orator of Leontini in Sicily.

Γοργίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Gorgion*, son of Hellas.

Γόργος, -ου, ὁ, *Gorgus*, king of Salamis in Cyprus.

Γόρτυν, -ῦνος, ἡ, *Gortyn*, a principal city of Crete. Also written Γόρτυνα, Gortýna.

Γουνεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Guneus*, leader of the Ænians in the Trojan war.

Γραῖα, -ας, ἡ, *Græa*, a Bœotian town, site uncertain.

Γυγαίη λίμνη, ἡ, *the Gygean Lake*, near Sardis in Lydia, and *the nymph of the lake*.

Γυμνίας, -ου, ὁ, *Gymnias*, a city in N. Armenia.

Γυρτώνη, -ης, ἡ, *Gyrtonie*, a town in the central part of Thessaly. Also written Γυρτών, Gyrtou.

Γωβρύας, -ου, ὁ, *Gobryas*, a Persian general.

Δ

Δαμάρατος, Doric form of Δημάρατος, which see.

Δαμασίθυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Damasithymus*, king of Calynda.

Δάνα, -ης, ἡ, *Dana*, a city of Cappadocia, generally known as Tyana, Τύανα.

Δαράδαξ, -ἄκος, ὁ, *the Daradax*, a river of Syria, flowing into the Euphrates.

Δαρδανεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a Dardanian*, from Dardanus, a city of Troas on the Hellespont.

Δάρης, -ητος, ὁ, *Dares*, a Trojan, priest of Hephaestus.

Δάτις, -ιδος, ὁ, *Datis*, a Mede, associate commander of the first Persian expedition against Greece.

Δαύλιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Daulians*, inhabitants of Daulis in Phocis.

Δαυλῖς, -ιδος, ἡ, *Daulis*, a town of Phocis, E. of Mt. Parnassus.

Δαφναγόρας, -α, ὁ, *Daphnagoras*, a Mysian.

Δείμος, -ου, ὁ, *Fear*, personified. (See *δειμός*, p. 152.)

Δεινομένης, -ους, ὁ, *Dinomēnes*, father of Gelon.

Δεκέλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Decelēa*, an Attic deme, occupied as a stronghold by the Spartans.

Δέλτα, τό, *the Delta*, a region of Thrace, near Byzantium.

Δέξιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Dexippus*, a Laconian.

Δερκυλίδας, also written Δερκυλλίδας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Dercylidas*, a Spartan general.

Δέρνης, -ου, ὁ, *Dernes*, a Persian satrap.

Δηϊκόων, -ωντος, ὁ, *Deicoön*, a Trojan.

Δηϊπύλος, -ου, ὁ, *Deipylos*, a Greek, comrade of Sthenelus.

Δημάρατος, Ionic Δημάρητος, -ου, ὁ, *Demaratius*, an exiled king of Sparta, who accompanied Xerxes marching against Greece.

Δημοκόων, -ωντος, ὁ, *Democoön*, son of Priam.

Δημοκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Democrates*, of Temenium in Argolis.

Δημοσθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Demosthenes*, an Athenian general prominent in the Peloponnesian war.

Δημόφιλος, -ου, ὁ, *Demophilus*, a leader of the Thespians at Thermopylae.

Διαδρόμης, -ου, ὁ, *Diadromes*, a Thespian.

Διηνέκης, -ους, ὁ, *Dienēces*, a Spartan of distinguished courage. (See *διηνεκής*, p. 172.)

Διθύραμβος, -ου, ὁ, *Dithyrambus*, a Thespian who distinguished himself at Thermopylae.

Δίκαιος, -ου, ὁ, *Dicæus*, an Athenian. (See *δίκαιος*, p. 173.)

Διοκλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Diocles*; (1) king of Phere in Messenia; (2) one of the Thirty at Athens.

Διομήδης, -εος, ὁ, *Diomedes*, next to Achilles the bravest of the Greeks before Troy.

Δίον, -ου, τό, *Dium*, a town in the N. W. angle of Eubœa.

Διώρης, -ους, ὁ, *Diöres*, a chief of the Epēi before Troy.

Δόλοπτες, -ων, οἱ, *the Dolopes*, a Thessalian tribe, dwelling about Mt. Pindus in S. E. Epirus.

Δολοπίων, -ονος, ὁ, *Dolopion*, a Trojan, priest of the river-god Scamander.

Δορίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Doriseus*, a plain at the mouth of the Hebrus on the coast of Thrace, containing a city of the same name, ἡ *Δορίσκος*.

Δόρυσσος, -ου, ὁ, *Doryssus*, son of Leobötes.

Δουλίχιον, -ου, τό, *Dulichium*, an uncertain locality, but probably the largest of the Echinades Islands off the S. W. coast of Acarnania, or a city on the Acarnanian coast in that vicinity.

Δουλιχίονδε, *to Dulichium*.

Δρακοντίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Dracontides*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Δρακόντιος, -ου, ὁ, *Dracontius*, a Spartan.

Δρήσος, -ου, ὁ, *Dresus*, a Trojan.

Δριλῆι, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Drilæ*, a warlike people in Pontus, near Trapezus.

Δρύας, -αντος, ὁ, *Dryas*; (1) one of the Thessalian Lapithæ; (2) a Thracian prince, father of Lycurgus.

Δρυοπίς, -ιδος, ἡ, *Dryöpis*, the country of the Dryopes, which was, originally, Mt. Œta and the adjacent valleys.

Δύρας, -ου, ὁ, *the Dyras*, flowing into the Malian Gulf a little W. of Thermopylae.

Δωριεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Dorieus*, son of Anaxandrides, king of Sparta.

E

Ἐβρος, -ου, ὁ, *the Hebrus*, the principal river of Thrace, flowing into the Ægean Sea.

Ἐϊλέσιον, -ου, τό, *Ilesium*, a town of uncertain site in Bœotia.

Ἐϊρέτρια, poetic form for Ἐρέτρια, which see. Ἐκάβη, -ης, ἡ, *Hecuba*, wife of Priam.

Ἑκατόνυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Hecatonūmus*, a citizen of Sinope.

Ἐκβάτανα, -ων, τὰ, *Ecbatāna*, the chief city of Media, where the Persian kings resided during a part of the year.

Ἐκτορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Hector*, i. e. Astyanax.

Ἐκτωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Hector*, eldest son of Priam, and chief hero of the Trojans.

Ἐλαιούς, -οῦτος, ὁ, *Elaius*, the southernmost town of the Thracian Chersonesus.

Ἐλατος, -ου, ὁ, *Elātus*, a confederate of the Trojans.

Ἐλένη, -ης, ἡ, *Helen*, daughter of Zeus and Leda, and wife of Menelaus.

Ἐλενος, -ου, ὁ, *Helēnus*, son of Priam, both a warrior and a prophet.

Ἐλεφήνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Elephēnor*, chief of the Eubœan Abantes.

Ἐλεών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Eleon*, a town of uncertain site, in E. Bœotia.

Ἐλικάων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Helicāon*, a Trojan noble, son of Antenor.

Ἐλικη, -ης, ἡ, *Helicē*, on the Corinthian Gulf, most ancient of the cities of Achaia, swallowed up by an earthquake, B. C. 373.

Ἐλλησποντιακός, -ῆ, -όν, *Hellespontiac*, equivalent to the following.

Ἐλλησπόντιος, -α, -ον, *on or of the Hellespont, Hellespontic*.

Ἐλος, -ους, τό, *Helos*, (1) a town of Laconia, on the S. coast, whose name survives in the word *Helot*. (See *Ἐλλως*, p. 197.) — (2) a town or district of Elis, on the Alpheus.

Ἐνετοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Enēti*, a people of Paphlagonia.

Ἐνίηνες, see *Αἰνιάνες*.

Ἐνίσπη, -ης, ἡ, *Enispe*, an Arcadian town, site unknown.

Ἐννομος, -ου, ὁ, *Ennōmus*, an ally of the Trojans, from Mysia. (See *ἐννομος*, p. 227.)

Ἐξάδιος, -ου, ὁ, *Exadius*, one of the Thessalian Lapithæ.

Ἐπαιμινώδας, -ου, ὁ, *Eparaminondas*, the greatest general of Thebes.

Ἐπειοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Epēi*, the ancient inhabitants of Elis, and extending thence some distance northward.

Ἐπιάλτης, Doric form for Ἐφιάλτης, which see.

Ἐπιγένης, -ους, ὁ, *Epigēnes*, son of Antiphon, and friend of Socrates.

Ἐπιδαυριος, -α, -ον, *Epidaurian*; οἱ Ἐπιδαύριοι, *the Epidaurians*.

Ἐπίδαυρος, -ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Epidaurus*, an important town in Argolis, on the coast of the Saronic Gulf.

Ἐπίζηλος, -ου, ὁ, *Epiželus*, an Athenian.

Ἐπισθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Episthēnes*; (1) of Amphipolis, commander of the light-armed Greek troops in Cyrus's expedition; (2) an Olynthian, serving in the same expedition.

Ἐπιστροφος, -ου, ὁ, *Epistrōphus*; (1) a leader of the Phocians before Troy; (2) an ally of the Trojans from Alybe; (3) son of Eueñus, king of Lynnessus. (See *ἐπιστροφος*, p. 261.)

Ἐπιτάδας, -α and -ον, ὁ, *Epitādas*, commander of the Lacedæmonians at Sphacteria.

Ἐπίταξα, -ης, ἡ, *Epiptaxa*, wife of Syennesis, the king of Cilicia.

Ἐρασιπίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Erasinīdes*, one of the Athenian commanders in the naval battle off the Arginuse, unjustly put to death for his conduct after the victory.

Ἐρασίστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Erasistrātus*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἐρατοσθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Eratosthēnes*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἐρέτρια, -ας, ἡ, *Eretria*, on the W. coast of Eubœa, and next in rank to Chalcis among the cities of that island.

Ἐρετριεύς, -ῆς, ὁ, *an Eretrian*; οἱ Ἐρετριεῖς, or Ionic Ἐρετριεῖς, *the Eretrians*.

Ἐρευθαλίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Ereuthalion*, an Arcadian.

Ἐρεχθεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Erechtheus*, an ancient king of Athens.

Ἐρμιόνη, -ης, ἡ, *Hermiōne*, a town and port at the S. extremity of Argolis.

Ἐρμιογένης, -ους, ὁ, *Hermogēnes*, an Athenian, friend of Socrates.

Ἐρυθῖνοι, -ῶν, οἱ, *Erythīni*, a place on the coast of Paphlagonia.

Ἐρυθραῖ, -ῶν, αἱ, *Erythrae*, an ancient city in S. Bœotia, at the foot of Mt. Cithæron.

Ἐσπερίται, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Hesperitæ*, a tribe in W. Armenia.

Ἐτεοκλέης, poetic form of Ἐτεόκλειος, -α, -ου, *of or belonging to Eteobeles*, a king of Thebes.

Ἐτεόνικος, -ου, ὁ, *Eteoniceus*, a Spartan.

Ἐτεώνος, -οῦ, ὁ, *Eteōnus*, a town of S. Bœotia, later called Scarphe.

Εὐάμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Euæmon*, a Thessalian chief.

Εὐαιμονίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Euæmon*, i. e. Euryppylus.

Εὐβοιεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a Eubœan*; οἱ Εὐβοίειος, or Ionic Εὐβοίειος, *the Eubœans*. (See *Εὐβόια*, p. 279.)

Εὐβοικός, -ῆ, -όν, *of Eubœa, Eubœan*.

Εὐδῖος, more correctly Ἐνδῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Eudius*, or *Endius*, a Spartan ephor.

Εὐηγορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Eueñor*, i. e. Liocrius.

Εὐνός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Eūnōs*; (1) the name of two poets of Paros, one of whom is said to have instructed Socrates in poetry; (2) a king of Lyrnessus.

Εὐκλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Euclides*; (1) a soothsayer of Phlius; (2) an officer of the Spartan general Thibron; (3) one of the Thirty at Athens; (4) of Megara, a pupil of Socrates, and founder of the Megarian school of philosophy.

Εὐμάθης, -ους, ὁ, *Eumāthes*, one of the Thirty at Athens. (See *εὐμαθής*, p. 284.)

Εὐμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Eumēnes*, a brave Athenian at Salamis. (See *εὐμένης*, p. 284.)

Εὐμηλος, -ου, ὁ, *Eumēlus*, a Thessalian leader at Troy. (See *εὐμηλος*, p. 284.)

Εὔοεύς, -έως, ὁ, an uncertain designation, in Xen. *Anab.*, VII. 4. 18, of Hieronymus, elsewhere called an Elean. Probably, says Hertlein, a corrupted form denoting an inhabitant of some place in Elis.

Εὐπέιθης, -ους, ὁ, *Eupēthes*, an Ithacan noble. (See *εὐπευθής*, p. 286.)

Εὐρύαλος, -ου, ὁ, *Euryālus*, lieutenant commander of the Mycenaeans before Troy.

Εὐρυβάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurybātes*; (1) a herald of Agamemnon; (2) a herald of Ulysses.

Εὐρυβιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurybiādes*, the Spartan admiral of the Greek fleet at Artemisium and Salamis.

Εὐρυδάμας, -αντος, ὁ, *Eurydāmas*, a Trojan prince.

Εὐρύδημος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurydēmus*, father of the traitor Ephialtes.

Εὐρύκλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Euryclia*, Ulysses's nurse.

Εὐρυκλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Euryclides*, a Spartan.

Εὐρυκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Eurycrātes*, a king of Sparta.

Εὐρυκρατίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurycratīdes*, a king of Sparta.

Εὐρύλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurylōchus*, an Arcadian.

Εὐρύμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurymāchus*; (1) a suitor of Penelope; (2) a Dardanian; (3) a Theban, father of Leontides; (4) the grandson of the preceding.

Εὐρυμέδων, -οντος, ὁ, *Eurymēdon*, charioteer of Agamemnon. (See *εὐρυμέδων*, p. 288.)

Εὐρύνομος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurynomus*, a suitor of Penelope.

Εὐρύπυλος, -ου, ὁ, *Euryppylos*; (1) a Thessalian chief; (2) a king of Cos. (See *εὐρυπυλῆς*, p. 288.)

Εὐρυσθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Eurysthēnes*, a king of Sparta, twin-son of Aristodemus, and progenitor of one of the two royal families.

Εὐρύπυτος, -ου, ὁ, *Euryppytus*; (1) a chief of the Epēi; (2) a brave Spartan at Thermopylae.

Εὐσσωρος, poet. for **Εὔσωρος**, -ου, ὁ, *Eusōrus*, a Thracian.

Εὐτρησις, -ιος, ἡ, *Eutrhēsis*, a Bœotian town, near Thespie.

Εὐφῆμος, -ου, ὁ, *Euphēmus*, an ally of the Trojans. (See *εὐφῆμος*, p. 290.)

Εὐφορίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Euphorion*, an Athenian, father of Cynægirus and the poet Æschylus.

Εὐφράτης, -ου, ὁ, *the Euphrātes*, in W. Asia, rising in Armenia, and flowing into the Persian Gulf.

Ἐφέσιος, -α, -ον, *Ephesian*; οἱ **Ἐφέσιοι**, *the Ephesians*.

Ἐφέσος, -ου, ἡ, *Ephēsus*, on the coast of Ionia, at the mouth of the Cayster.

Ἐπιάλτης, -ου ὁ, Doric form **Ἐπιάλτης**, *Ephialtes*; (1) a giant, the son of Poseidon; (2) a Trachinian, who betrayed the Greeks at Thermopylae.

Ἐφύρα, -ας, ἡ, *Ephūra*; (1) a town of Elis; (2) a town of Thesprotia in Epirus. (See *Ἐφύρα*, p. 295.)

Ἐχεκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Echecrātes*, of Phlius, a friend of Socrates.

Ἐχέμων, poet. **Ἐχέμμων**, -ονος, ὁ, *Echēmon* or *Echemmon*, son of Priam.

Ἐχέπωλος, -ου, ὁ, *Echepōlus*, a Trojan.

Ἐχέστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Echestrātus*, a king of Sparta.

Z

Ζάκυνθος, -ου, ἡ, *Zacynthus*, now Zante, an island containing a city of the same name, in the Ionian Sea, W. of Elis.

Ζαπάτας, -α, ὁ, *the Zapātas*, a river flowing from Armenia into the Tigris. Commonly written **Ζάβατος**, the Zabatus.

Ζέλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Zelēa*, a town of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida.

Ζήλαρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Zelarchus*, a market overseer.

Ζωστήρ, -ῆρος, ὁ, *Zoster*; Mt. Hymettus, which bounds the Athenian plain on the south, terminates in the promontory of Zoster, and this terminates in three capes.

H

Ἠγήσανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Hegesander*, an officer in the army of the 10,000 Greeks.

Ἠγησίλαος and **Ἠγησίλεως**, Ionic for **Ἀγησίλαος**, which see.

- Ἦγυς, Ionic for Ἄγυς, which see.
- Ἠρίβωια, -ας, ἡ, poetic form of Ἐρίβωια, *Eribea*, the second wife of Alceus, and step-mother of the giants Otus and Ephialtes.
- Ἠριῶν, -ωνος, ὁ, *Eëtion*, king of Thebe in Mysia.
- Ἠϊόνες, -ων, αἱ, *Eiōnes*, literally, *the Banks*, a town in S. E. Argolis. (See ἡϊών, p. 303.)
- Ἠϊών, -ονος, ἡ, *Eion*, literally, *the Beach*, in S. E. Macedonia, the port of Amphipolis, at the mouth of the Strymon. (See ἡϊών, p. 303.)
- Ἠλείος, -α, -ον, of *Elis, Elean*; οἱ Ἠλείοι, *the Eleans*.
- Ἠλις, -ιδος, ἡ, *Elis*, a district in W. Peloponnesus.
- Ἠλώνη, -ης, ἡ, *Elōne*, an old town of N. E. Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Olympus.
- Ἠπιδανός, Ionic for Ἄπιδανός, which see.
- Ἠράκλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Heraclēa*, a city of Bithynia, on the coast of the Euxine.
- Ἠρακλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *son or descendant of Hercules*, as Thessalus and Tlepolemus; also as a proper name, *Heraclides*, of Maronēa in Thrace.
- Ἠρακλεῶτης, -ου, ὁ, a *Heraclēan*; οἱ Ἠρακλεῶται, *the Heraclēans*.
- Ἠρακλεῶτις, -ιδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *χώρα* understood, *the Heraclēan (territory)*.
- Ἠσιόδος, -ου, ὁ, *Hesiod*, a celebrated Grecian poet.

Θ

- Θάλπιος, -ου, ὁ, *Thalpius*, a chief of the Epeî, at Troy.
- Θαλυσιᾶδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Thalyisius*, i. e. Echeplōlus.
- Θάμυρις, -ιδος and -ιος, ὁ, *Thamyris*, an ancient bard of Thrace.
- Θαρύπας, -ου, ὁ, *Tharýpas*, a favorite of the Thessalian Menon.
- Θάσιος, -α, -ον, *Thasian*, of Thasus, an island in the N. Aegean, off the Thracian coast.
- Θαυμακία, -ας, ἡ, *Thaumaicia*, a town of Magnesia in N. E. Thessaly.
- Θαψακηνοί, -ων, οἱ, *the Thapsacenes*, inhabitants of Thapsacus.
- Θάψακος, -ου, ἡ, *Thapsacus*, a city on the Euphrates, where was the most important of its northern fords.
- Θεανᾶ, -οὔς, ἡ, *Theāno*, sister of Queen Hecuba, and wife of Antenor.
- Θεμιστοκλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Themistocles*, the great statesman and leader of the Athenians.
- Θεογένης, -ους, ὁ, *Theogēnes*; (1) one of the Thirty at Athens; (2) a Locrian captain. (See *θεογενής*, p. 314.)

- Θεόγυς, -ιος and -ιδος, ὁ, *Theogynis*, one of the Thirty at Athens.
- Θεοκύδης, -ου, ὁ, *Theocýdes*, an Athenian.
- Θεομήστωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Theomestor*, tyrant of Samos. (See *θεομήστωρ*, p. 314.)
- Θεόπομος, -ου, ὁ, *Theopomus*, an Athenian in the army of the 10,000 Greeks. (See *θεόπομος*, p. 215.)
- Θερμαῖος κόλπος, -ου, ὁ, *the Thermæan Gulf*, the northwestern arm of the Aegean Sea.
- Θέρμη, -ης, ἡ, *Therme*, a city in S. Macedonia, at the head of the Thermæan Gulf; in later times called Thessalonica.
- Θερμῶδων, -οντος, ὁ, *the Thermōdon*, a river of Cappadocia, flowing into the Euxine.
- Θερσίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Thersites*, the most ugly and scurrilous of the Greeks before Troy.
- Θέσπεια, -ας, ἡ, — also *Θέσπια*, -ας, ἡ, — but usually *Θεσπιαί*, -ᾶν, αἱ, *Thespieae*, a noted city of Bœotia, at the foot of Mt. Helicon.
- Θεσπιάς, -έως, ὁ, a *Thespian*; οἱ Θεσπιάς, or Ionic Θεσπιάς, *the Thespians*.
- Θεσπρωτοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Thesprotians*, an ancient race dwelling on the coast of Epirus.
- Θεσσαλία, -ας, ἡ, *Thessaly*, the N. E. district of Greece, mostly a plain, noted for its fertility and fine horses.
- Θεσσαλός, adj., see p. 317. As a proper name, *Thessalus*, a son of Hercules.
- Θεστοριδῆς, -ου, ὁ, *son of Thestor*, i. e. Calchas.
- Θετταλία, Θετταλός, Attic for Θεσσαλία, &c., which see.
- Θηραμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Theramēnes*, one of the Thirty at Athens, a noted general and politician, who from his frequent changes in politics was nicknamed *κόθορονος*, which see, p. 383.
- Θήχης, ὁ, *Thèches*, a mountain in Pontus, to the S. E. of Trapezus, from which the 10,000 Greeks desried the sea.
- Θίβραχος, -ου, ὁ, *Thibvāchus*, an Athenian polemarch.
- Θίβρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Thibron*, a Spartan general.
- Θίσβη, -ης, ἡ, *Thisbe*, a city of Bœotia, at the base of Helicon. It abounds now, as in Homer's time, with wild pigeons.
- Θόας, -αντος, ὁ, *Thoas*, a leader of the Ætoli-ans, at Troy.
- Θούριος, -α, -ον, of *Thurii*, in S. Italy, *Thurian*.
- Θῶν, -ωνος, ὁ, *Thoön*, a Trojan.
- Θῶσα, -ης, ἡ, *Thoösa*, a nymph, mother of Polyphēmus.
- Θράκιον, -ου, τό, *the Thracian square*, a spot in Byzantium near the Thracian gate. (See *θράκιος*, p. 320.)
- Θρασύβουλος, -ου, ὁ, *Thrasýbulus*, an Athe-

nian, son of Lycus, who expelled from Athens the Thirty Tyrants.

Θρασύλευς, -ω, Ionic form for **Θρασύλαος**, -ου, ὁ, *Thrasyläus*, an Athenian.

Θράσυλλος, -ου, ὁ, *Thrasyllus*, one of the victorious Athenian generals at Arginusæ, afterwards shamefully put to death.

Θρασυμηλίδας, -α, ὁ, *Thrasymelidas*, a Spartan naval commander.

Θριάσιος, -α, -ον, of *Thria*, an Attic deme; τὸ **Θριάσιον πεδῖον**, the *Thriasian plain*, a fertile plain between Thria and Eleusis.

Θρόνιον, -ου, τό, *Thronium*, a chief town of the Locrians, on the Boagrius, near the Malian Gulf.

Θρόνιον, -ου, τό, *Thrygum*, a city of Elis, on the Alpheüs.

Θυέστης, -ου, ὁ, *Thyestes*, son of Pelops, brother of Atreus.

Θύμβριον, -ου, τό, *Thymbrium*, a city in E. Phrygia.

Θυμώτης, -ου, ὁ, *Thymotes*, a Trojan, one of the city fathers.

Θυνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Thyni*, a warlike people in the S. E. of Thrace, part of whom, at a very early period, crossed into Asia, and occupied parts of Bithynia.

Θώραξ, -ακος, ὁ, *Thorax*, a Spartan commander. (See *θώραξ*, p. 324.)

I

Ἰάλμενος, -ου, ὁ, *Ialmēnus*, son of Ares, a chief of the Minyæ.

Ἰασόνιος, -α, -ον, belonging to Jason (*Ἰάσων*); ἡ **Ἰασονία ἀκτὴ**, the *Jasonian promontory*, on the coast of Pontus, where Jason with the Argonauts is said to have landed.

Ἰαωλκός, poetic form of **Ἰωλκός**, -οὔ, ἡ, *Iolcus*, where Jason dwelt, the rendezvous of the Argonauts, a town of Magnesia, in E. Thessaly.

Ἰδαίος, -ου, ὁ, *Idæus*; (1) a Trojan herald; (2) a Trojan, son of Dares.

Ἰδηθεν, from *Ida*. (See "*Ἰδα*", p. 326.)

Ἰδομενεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Idomēneus*, son of Deucalion, and grandson of Minos, leader of the Cretans before Troy.

Ἰέρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Hiéro*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἰερώνυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Hieronimus*, of Elis, a captain.

Ἰηλυσός, Ionic form for **Ἰαλυσός**, -ου, ἡ, *Ialysus*, a city in the island Rhodes.

Ἰήσων, Ionic form for **Ἰάσων**, -ωνος, ὁ, *Jason*,

son of Æson, leader of the Argonautic expedition to obtain the Golden Fleece.

Ἰθώμη, -ης, ἡ, *Ithōme*, a fortress in S. W. Thessaly.

Ἰκάριος, -ου, ὁ, *Icarius*, father of Penelope.

Ἰκετάων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Iicetäon*, a Trojan, son of Laomedon.

Ἰκόνιον, -ου, τό, *Iconium*, in Xenophon's time, the easternmost city of Phrygia, but, subsequently, the chief city of Lycaonia.

Ἰλιάς, -άδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Trojan*; applied as an epithet to the goddess Athēne. (See "*Ἰλιάς*", p. 330.)

Ἰλισσός, -οὔ, ὁ, the *Ilissus*, a river of Attica, flowing S. W. from Mt. Hymettus, through the southern part of Athens.

Ἰλος, ου, ὁ, *Ilus*, son of Mermērus, in the Thesprotian Ephyra.

Ἰμβρασίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Imbräsus*, i. e. Pirous.

Ἰμβριος, -α, -ον, of *Imbrus*; οἱ **Ἰμβριοι**, the *Imbrians*.

Ἰμβρος, -ου, ἡ, *Imbrus*, an island in the N. Ægean, W. of the Thracian Chersonesus.

Ἰνδοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Indians*.

Ἴπνοι, -ων, οἱ, *Ipni*, literally, the *Ovens*, a rugged place on the E. coast of Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Pelium. (See *Ἴπνός*, p. 331.)

Ἴππαγρέτας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Hippagretas*, a Spartan commander at Sphacteria.

Ἰππίας, -ου, Ionic **Ἰππίης**, -εω, ὁ, *Hippias*, tyrant of Athens, who, being exiled, joined the Persians in their first expedition against Greece.

Ἰπποδάμεια, -ας, ἡ, *Hippodamīa*, daughter of Adrastus.

Ἰπποδάμειος ἀγορά, ἡ, *Hippodāmus market-place*, or, as we say, "*square*"; the market-place, or great square, of Piræus, so named from Hippodamus of Miletus, who was employed to lay out the new town of Piræus. (See *Ἰπποδάμειος*, p. 332.)

Ἰππόθους, -ου, ὁ, *Hippothous*, of Larissa in Troas.

Ἰπποκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Hippocrätēs*, an Athenian, father of Pisistratus.

Ἰππόλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Hippolochus*; (1) a son of Bellerophon; (2) one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἰππομάχος, -ου, ὁ, *Hippomächus*, one of the Thirty at Athens (See *Ἰππομάχος*, p. 332.)

Ἴρις, -ιος and -ιδος, ὁ, the *Iris*, a river of Pontus, flowing N. W. into the Euxine, to the E. of the Halys. (For *Ἴρις*, the goddess *Iris*, see p. 333.)

Ἰσανδρός, -ου, ὁ, *Isander*, son of Bellerophon.

Ἰσσός, -ῶν, οἱ, also written **Ἰσσός**, -οὔ, ἡ, *Issi* or *Issus*, a town at the S. E. extremity of Cilicia.

Ἰστίαια, -ας, ἡ, *Histiāia*, an ancient and

important town at the N. extremity of Eubœa, after the Athenian conquest, B. C. 445, called Oreus. (Ἰστίαια and its derivatives are Ionic forms for Ἐστίαια, &c.)

Ἰστιαίεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Histiæan*; οἱ Ἰστιαίεύς, Ionic Ἰστιαίεύς, the *Histiæans*.

Ἰστιαίητις, -ιδος, ἡ, fem. adj.; γῆ ἡ Ἰστιαίητις, the *Histiæan territory*.

Ἰστιαίος, -ου, ὁ, *Histiæus*, a Samian.

Ἰσχενοός, -ου, ὁ, *Ischenous*, of Ægina.

Ἰταβέλιος, -ου, ὁ, *Itabellius*, a Persian commander.

Ἴτων, -ωνος, ἡ, *Iton*, a city in S. E. Thessaly.

Ἴφικλος, -ου, ὁ, *Iphiclus*, of Thessaly, son of Phylacus.

Ἴφίτος, -ου, ὁ, *Iphitus*, of Phocis, son of Naubolus.

Ἴωκή, -ης, ἡ, the *Battle-Din*, personified.

Ἴωνία, -ας, ἡ, *Ionía*, in the W. of Asia Minor, the strip of coast with adjacent islands, inhabited by Ionian Greeks, from Phocæa in the north to Miletus in the south. (See Ἴων, p. 337.)

K

Καΐκος, -ου, ὁ, the *Caicus*, a river of Mysia, falling into the Ægean Sea nearly opposite Lesbos.

Καιναί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Cænæ*, a town of Mesopotamia, on the Tigris.

Καινέδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Cænæus*, i. e. Corōnus.

Καινεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Cænæus*, king of the Thessalian Lapithæ.

Καλήσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Calesius*, charioteer of Achylus.

Καλλιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Calliades*, an Athenian archon.

Καλλίαρος, -ου, ἡ, *Calliærus*, an E. Locrian town, site uncertain.

Καλλιβίος, -ου, ὁ, *Callibius*, the Spartan harmost of Athens, in the time of the Thirty Tyrants.

Καλλιμάχος, -ου, ὁ, *Callimachus*; (1) an Athenian polemarch at Marathon; (2) an Arcadian captain.

Καλλίστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Callistratus*, an Athenian.

Κάλπη, -ης, ἡ, *Calpe*, a port in Bithynia, about half-way between Byzantium and Heraclea.

Κάλυδνα νήσοι, αἱ, the *Calydnae Islands*, off the coast of Caria.

Καλυδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Calýdon*, an ancient city in S. Ætolia.

Καλυνδεύς, -έως, ὁ, an inhabitant of *Calýnda*, in S. E. Caria; οἱ Καλυνδείς, the *Calýndians*.

Καλυνδικός, -ῆς, -όν, *Calýndian*.

Καλχηδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Calchædon*, a city of Bithynia, opposite Byzantium.

Καλχηδονία, -ας, ἡ (χώρα understood), the territory of *Calchædon*.

Καμβύσις, -ου, ὁ, *Cambyses*, son and successor of the elder Cyrus on the Persian throne.

Κάμειρος, -ου, ὁ, *Camirus*, a city on the W. coast of the island Rhodes.

Καπανεύς, -έως, ἡ, *Capaneus*, father of Sthenelus.

Καπανηϊάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Capaneus*, i. e. Sthenelus.

Καπανηϊός, -α, -ον, of or belonging to *Capaneus*.

Καππαδοκία, -ας, ἡ, *Cappadocia*, an inland district of Asia, W. of the Euphrates, and N. of Cilicia.

Καρδοῦχος, -α, -ον, of the *Carduchi*, *Carduchian*.

Καρδοῦχοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Carduchi*, a race of warlike mountaineers on the upper waters of the Tigris.

Κάρσος, -ου, ὁ, the *Carsus*, a river of Cilicia.

Καρύστιος, -α, -ον, of *Carystus*, *Carystian*.

Κάρυστος, -ου, ἡ, *Carystus*, a town at the S. extremity of Eubœa.

Κασθαναία, -ας, ἡ, *Casthanaea*, at the foot of Mt. Pelium, on the Magnesian coast of Thessaly. (Also written *Κασταναία*.)

Κάσος, -ου, ἡ, *Casus*, one of the Cyclades Islands.

Κασταλία, -ας, ἡ, *Castalia*, a fountain on Mt. Parnassus.

Καστωλός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Castolus*, a city of Lydia, site uncertain.

Καῦστριος, -ου, ὁ, the *Castryrius* or *Cayster*, a river of Lydia, flowing into the sea near Ephesus.

Καῦστρου πεδῖον, τό, *Castrypedium* or *Cayster-plain*, a Phrygian city, site uncertain.

Καφηρέυς, -έως, ὁ, *Caphereus*, the S. E. promontory of Eubœa, where the Greek fleet was wrecked on its return from Troy.

Κεάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Ceas*, i. e., Træzēnus.

Κέβης, -ητος, ὁ, *Cebes*, a Theban, friend of Socrates.

Κεῖοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Ceans*, inhabiting the island Ceos.

Κελαίναί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Celænae*, a city in S. Phrygia.

Κεντρίτης, -ου, ὁ, the *Centrics*, an eastern affluent of the Tigris, the boundary between the Carduchi and Armenia.

Κεραμῶν ἀγορά, ἡ, *Ceramon-agora*, a town of uncertain site in W. Phrygia.

Κερασούντιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Cerasuntians*, inhabiting Ceräsus.

Κερασούς, -ούτος, ἡ, *Ceräsus*, a Greek city on the coast of Pontus.

Κέρκωπες, -ων, οἱ, *the Cercöpes*, droll and thievish dwarfs, who play a part in the legends of Hercules, haunting the pass at Thermopyläe.

Κερτόνιον, -ου, τό, *Certonium*, a town in S. W. Mysia.

Κέως, -ω, Ionic **Κέος**, -ου, ἡ, *Ceos*, one of the Cyclades, about 13 miles S. E. of Attica. The name is also given on uncertain authority to the southern cape of the island Salamis.

Κήρινθος, -ου, ἡ, *Cerinthus*, a small coast town in N. E. Eubœa.

Κηφισόδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Cephisodorus*, an Athenian captain.

Κηφισοφών, -ώντος, ὁ, *Cephisophon*, father of Cephisodorus, also, perhaps the same, a partisan of the Thirty at Athens.

Κιθαιρών, -ώνος, ὁ, *Cithæron*, a range of mountains separating Bœotia from Megaris and Attica.

Κίκονες, -ων, οἱ, *the Cïcönes*, dwelling near the coast of Thrace on Mt. Ismarus.

Κιλικία, -ας, ἡ, *Cilicia*, a region in S. E. Asia Minor.

Κίλλα, -ης, ἡ, *Cilla*, a city of Troas, sacred to Apollo.

Κίμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Cimon*, the name of two Athenians; (1) the father of Miltiades; (2) the son of Miltiades, distinguished as a general and statesman.

Κισσιής, -ίδος, ἡ, *the daughter of Cisseus* or *Cisses*, king of Thrace.

Κισσιοί, -ων, οἱ, *the Cissians*, inhabiting the district in which Susa, one of the Persian capitals, was situated.

Κλεαγόρας, -ου, ὁ, *Cleagöras*, a painter, of Phlius.

Κλεάνετος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleänëtus*, a captain among the 10,000 Greeks.

Κλέανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleander*, Spartan harmost at Byzantium.

Κλέανωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Cleänor*, from Orchoménus in Arcadia, a general of the 10,000 Greeks.

Κλέαρετος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleärëtus*, a captain of the 10,000 Greeks.

Κλέαρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Clearchus*, a Lacedæmonian, commander of the Greeks in Cyrus's expedition.

Κλέοδαίος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleodæus*, grandson of Hercules.

Κλέοκριτος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleocrítus*, herald of the Eleusinian mysteries.

Κλεομβρότος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleombrotus*; (1) a Spartan, brother of Leonidas; (2) a pupil of Socrates.

Κλεομένης, -ους, ὁ, *Cleomënës*, a Spartan king, half-brother of Leonidas.

Κλεομήδης, -ους, ὁ, *Cleomëdes*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Κλέων, -ίως, ὁ, *Cleon*, an Athenian politician and commander in the Peloponnesian war.

Κλεωναί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Cleönæ*; (1) a town of N. E. Peloponnesus, near Corinth, in whose territory the Nemean games were celebrated; (2) a town of Macedonia, on the peninsula of Athos.

Κλεώνυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleonymus*, a brave Spartan.

Κλονίος, -ου, ὁ, *Clonius*, a leader of the Bœotians at Troy.

Κλυμένη, -ης, ἡ, *Clymëne*, an attendant of Helen. (See κλύμενος, -ης, p. 381.)

Κλυταιμνήστρα, -ας, ἡ, *Clytæmnestra*, Agamemnon's wife.

Κλυτίος, -ου, ὁ, *Clytius*, a Trojan, son of Laomedon.

Κνωσός, -ού, ἡ, *Cnosus*, an ancient royal city of Crete, on the N. side of the island.

Κοίλα, -ων, τά, *Cœla*, literally, *the Hollows*, a dangerous part of the coast of Eubœa, on the S. W. side. (See κοίλος, p. 383.)

Κοίρανος, -ου, ὁ, *Cœrānus*, a Lycian.

Κοιρατάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Cœratâdes*, a Theban.

Κοῖται, -ων, οἱ, *the Cœta*, a tribe, otherwise unknown, whom the 10,000 Greeks passed on their retreat.

Κολοσσαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Colossæ*, a city in S. W. Phrygia.

Κομανία, -ας, ἡ, *Comania*, a locality, perhaps a castle, near Pergamus in Mysia.

Κορσωτή, -ῆς, ἡ, *Corsöte*, a desolate city of Mesopotamia, near the junction of the Mascas with the Euphrates.

Κορύδαλος, -ου, ὁ, *Corydalus*, of Anticyra.

Κορύλας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Corylās*, satrap of Paphlagonia.

Κορυφάσιον, -ου, τό, *Coryphasium*, a promontory of the Messenian coast, on or near which Pylus, the city of Nestor, once stood.

Κορώνεια, -ας, ἡ, *Coronæa*, a city in W. Bœotia.

Κορώνος, -ου, ὁ, *Corönus*, son of Cæneus. (See κορωνός, p. 389.)

Κοτύωρα, -ων, τά, *Cotyöra*, a Greek city, on the coast of Pontus.

Κοτυωρίται, -ῶν, οἱ, *the people of Cotyora*, *the Cotyoritæ*.

Κουφαγόρας, -ου, ὁ, *Cuphagöras*, an Athenian.

Κρανάη, -ης, ἡ, *Cranæë*, a little island in the Laconian Gulf, whither Paris first betook himself when absconding with Helen from Sparta. (See κραναός, p. 391.)

Κράπαθος, see *Κάρπαθος*, p. 349.
Κραθησικλής, -έους, ὁ, *Cratesicles*, a Spartan.
Κρήων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Crethon*, of Phere in Messenia.
Κρητίνης, -ου, ὁ, *Cretones*, father of Aminocles the Thessalian.
Κρίος, -ου, ὁ, *Crius*, one of the chief men of Ægina.
Κρίταλλα, -ων, τά, *Critalla*, a place in Cappadocia where the army of Xerxes was mustered.
Κριτίας, -ου, ὁ, *Critias*, cousin of Plato, and one of the Thirty at Athens.
Κριτόβουλος, -ου, ὁ, *Critobulus*, an Athenian, pupil of Socrates.
Κρίτων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Crito*, the intimate friend of Socrates.
Κροίσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Cræsus*, the last king of Lydia.
Κροκίνας, -ου, ὁ, *Crocinas*, a Thessalian, a victor in the Olympic games.
Κροκύλεα, -ων, τά, *Crocylæa*, a district of Ithaca.
Κρῶμνα, -ης, ἡ, *Cromna*, a stronghold in Paphlagonia.
Κτέατος, -ου, ὁ, *Cteatus*, a chief of the Epēi.
Κτησίας, -ου, ὁ, *Ctesias*, of Cnidus, physician of Artaxerxes Mnemon, and a distinguished historian.
Κτησίππος, -ου, ὁ, *Ctesippus*, of Athens, a friend of Socrates.
Κύδνος, -ου, ὁ, *the Cydnus*, a river of Cilicia.
Κυδοιμός, -ου, ὁ, *Uproar*, personified. (See *κυδοιμός*, p. 397.)
Κυζικηνός, -ου, ὁ, a gold coin of Cyzicus, equal to about \$4.48, a *Cyzicene*. Strictly an adjective with *στατήρ* understood.
Κύζικος, -ου, ἡ, *Cyzicus*, an important city of Mysia, on the southern coast of the Propontis.
Κύμη, -νης, ἡ, *Cyme*, a principal city of Æolis in Asia Minor.
Κυνέγειρος or **Κυναίγειρος**, -ου, ὁ, *Cynegirus*, an Athenian, who fought bravely at Marathon.
Κυνίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Cyniscus*, a Spartan. (See *κυνίσκος*, p. 399.)
Κύνος, -ου, ἡ, *Cynus*, a port of Locris, on the Malian Gulf.
Κυνόσουρα, -ας, ἡ, *Cynosūra*, a promontory on the E. coast of Attica, sheltering the bay of Marathon. The same name is assigned, on dubious grounds, to the S. E. cape of the island Salamis, opposite Psyttalæa. (See *κυνόσουρα*, p. 400.)
Κυπαρισσῆεις, -εντος, ἡ, *Cyprisæis*, a city on the coast of Messenia, later called **Κυπαρισσία**, Cyprisia.
Κυπάρισσος, -ου, ἡ, *Cyprisissus*, a little Pho-

cian city, on Mt. Parnassus. (See *κυπάρισσος*, p. 400.)

Κυρέος, -α, -ου, of *Cyrus, Cyreian*.

Κύρος, -ου, ὁ, *Cyrus*; (1) grandson of Astyages, king of Media, and founder of the Persian empire, surnamed "the Great," or "the Elder"; (2) surnamed "the Younger," son of Darius II., and brother of Artaxerxes II., in an expedition to dethrone whom he perished.

Κύτωρος, -ου, ἡ, *Cytōrus*, a coast city of Paphlagonia.

Κύφος, -ου, ἡ, *Cyphus*, a city in N. E. Thessaly.

Κώπαι, -ῶν, αἱ, *Copæ*, a town of Bœotia at the N. extremity of the Lake Copais.

Κωρύκειον ἄντρον, τό, *the Corycian cave*, in Mt. Parnassus, sacred to Pan and the nymphs. (See *κώρυκος*, p. 403.)

Λ

Λᾶας, poetic form for **Λᾶς** (see *lāas*, p. 403), ἡ, *Las*, an ancient city on the W. coast of the Laconian Gulf.

Λαέρτης, -ου, ὁ, *Laërtes*, father of Ulysses.

Λαερτιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Laërtes*, i. e. Ulysses.

Λακεδαιμόνιος, -α, -ου, *Lacedæmonian*. (See *Λακεδαιμών*, p. 405.)

Λακράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Lacrates*, a Spartan, Olympic victor.

Λάμπρος, -ου, ὁ, *Lampus*, a son of Laomedon.

Λαμψακηνός, -ῆ, -ῶν, of *Lampsacus, Lampsa-cene*.

Λάμψακος, -ου, ἡ, *Lampsacus*, a flourishing city of Mysia, on the Hellespont.

Λαοδάμεια, -ας, ἡ, *Laodamia*, daughter of Bellerophon, and mother of Sarpedon.

Λαοδίκη, -ης, ἡ, *Laodice*, daughter of Priam.

Λαόδοκος, -ου, ὁ, *Laodocus*, a Trojan, son of Antenor.

Λαομεδοντιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Laomedon*, i. e. Priam.

Λαομέδων, -οντος, ὁ, *Laomedon*, son of Ilus, father of Priam, and king of Troy.

Λαύρειον, -οντος, τό, *Laurium*, a range of hills in the S. of Attica, celebrated for silver mines.

Λειώκριτος, -ου, ὁ, *Liocritus*, a suitor of Penelope.

Λεοντεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Leonteus*, son of Coronus.

Λεοντιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Leontiades*, leader of the Thebans at Thermopylæa.

Λεοντίνος, -ης, -ου, of *Leontini*, in E. Sicily.

Λεοντίς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Leontis*, an Attic phyle.

Λευκάδιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Leucadians*, inhabiting Leucas, an island off the coast of Acarnania,

originally a promontory of the coast. The chief city of the island was also called Leucas.

Λεύκος, -ου, ὁ, *Leucus*, a comrade of Ulysses at Troy.

Λεωβώτης, -εω, ὁ, *Leobōtes*. Ionic form of **Λαβώτας**, -α, ὁ, *Labotas*, a king of Sparta.

Λέων, -οντος, ὁ, *Leon*; (1) a king of Sparta, grandfather of Leonidas; (2) an Athenian, native of Salamis.

Λεωνίδας, -α and -ου, Ionic **Λεωνίδης**, ὁ, *Leonidas*, king of Sparta, celebrated by his defence of Thermopylae.

Λεωπρέπης, -ους, ὁ, *Leoprepes*, father of the poet Simonides of Ceos.

Λήθος, -ου, ὁ, *Lethus*, a Pelasgian prince, allied with Troy.

Λήϊτος, -ου, ὁ, *Leitus*, a leader of the Bœotians at Troy. (See *Λήϊρος*, p. 412.)

Λίβυς, -νος, ὁ, *Libys*, a Spartan naval commander.

Λικύμνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Licyminius*, half-brother of Alcmena, the mother of Hercules.

Λίλαια, -ας, ἡ, *Lilæa*, a town of Phocis, at the base of Mt. Parnassus, and the sources of the Cephissus.

Λίνδος, -ου, ἡ, *Lindus*, a city on the E. coast of Rhodes.

Λουσιάτης, -ου, ὁ, and **Λουσιεύς**, -έως, ὁ, an inhabitant of *Lusi*, in N. Arcadia, a *Lusian*.

Λυκαονία, -ας, ἡ, *Lycæonia*, a region of Asia Minor, E. of Phrygia and N. of Cilicia.

Λύκαστος, -ου, ὁ, *Lycastus*, a town of Crete, site uncertain.

Λυκάων, -ονος, ὁ, *Lycæon*; (1) father of Pandarus, of Zelea; (2) son of Priam.

Λύκιοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Lycians*, inhabiting Lycia, in S. W. Asia Minor.

Λύκιος, -ου, ὁ, *Lycius*; (1) a Syracusan; (2) an Athenian, a cavalry leader.

Λυκομήδης, -ους, ὁ, *Lycomædes*, an Athenian ship-captain.

Λύκος, -ου, ὁ, the *Lycus*, a river of Bithynia, flowing into the Euxine near Heraclea. (See *λύκος*, p. 419.)

Λυκούργος, poetic form **Λυκόοργος**, -ου, ὁ, *Lycurgus*, a king of the Edōnes, a Thracian tribe, who was punished by the gods for his hostility to Bacchus.

Λύκτος, -ου, ἡ, *Lyctus*, an ancient city of Crete, a little to the S. E. of Cnosus.

Λύκων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Lycæon*, an Achæan.

Λυρνησσός, -ου, ἡ, *Lyrnessus*, a city of Troas.

Λυσάνδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Lysander*, the celebrated Spartan general, conqueror of Athens.

Λυσικλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Lysicles*, an Athenian, father of Abronichus.

Λυσίμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Lysimachus*; (1) father

of the celebrated Athenian, Aristides; (2) commander of cavalry in the service of the Thirty at Athens.

Λυσίστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Lysistratus*, an Athenian soothsayer.

M

Μαγνησία, -ας, ἡ, *Magnesia*, a long and narrow district of Thessaly, between Mts. Ossa and Pelium on the W. and the Ægean on the E.

Μάδυτος, -ου, ἡ, *Madytus*, an important port-town of the Thracian Chersonesus, nearly opposite Abydus.

Μαίανδρος, -ου, ὁ, the *Mæander*, a river of Phrygia and Caria, famed for its windings, and flowing into the Icarian Sea near Miletus.

Μαιονία, -ας, ἡ, poetic form **Μηονία**, *Mæonia*, the country, or part of the country, afterwards called Lydia, in Asia Minor.

Μαιονίς, -ίδος, ἡ, poetic form **Μηονίς**, fem. adj., *Mæonian*.

Μαισάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Mæsædes*, father of the Thracian Seuthes.

Μαίων, -ωνος, ὁ, poetic form **Μήων**, a *Mæonian*; οἱ **Μήωνες**, the *Mæonians*.

Μαίων, -ονος, ὁ, *Mæon*, son of Hæmon of Thebes.

Μακεδονία, -ας, ἡ, *Macedonia*, a country north of Greece proper, and extending along the coast of the Ægean Sea from Thessaly to Thrace.

Μακίστιος or **Μακίστιος**, -α, -ου, of *Macesstus* or *Macistus*, in S. Elis.

Μάκρωνες, -ων, οἱ, the *Macrōnes*, a people in E. Pontus.

Μαντινεία, -ας, ἡ, Ionic form **Μαντινέη**, *Mantinea*, a place of great military importance in E. Arcadia, noted for the victory and death of Epaminondas, B. C. 362.

Μαντινεύς, -έως, ὁ, of *Mantinea*, a *Mantinean*.

Μάρδοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Mardi*, mountaineers dwelling to the S. of the Caspian Sea.

Μαρδόνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Mardonius*, son-in-law of Darius I., and lieutenant of Xerxes, defeated and slain at Plataea, September, B. C. 479.

Μαριανδυνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Mariandyni*, a Thracian tribe in Bithynia, on the coast of the Euxine.

Μαρσύας, -ου, ὁ, *Marsyas*; (1) a celebrated flute-player in Phrygia; (2) a Phrygian river, named from the foregoing, tributary of the Mæander.

Μάρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Maron*, a Spartan who distinguished himself at Thermopylae.

Μαρωνείτης, -ου, ὁ, a *Maronite*, belonging to Maronēa, a Grecian colony on the coast of Thrace to the E. of Abdera.

Μάσης, -ητος, ὁ, *Mases*, an ancient coast-city in S. Argolis.

Μασκάς, -ᾶ, ὁ, *the Mascas*, a tributary of the Euphrates in Mesopotamia. Also accented **Μάσκας**.

Μαστορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Mastor*, i. e. Halitherses.

Μεγάβυζος, -ου, ὁ, *Megabýzus*, a common Persian name, also the official name of the priest or keeper of the temple of Diana at Ephesus.

Μεγακρέων, -οντος, ὁ, *Megacreon*, a citizen of Abdera.

Μεγαφέρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Megaphernes*, a Persian noble.

Μέγης, -ητος, ὁ, *Meges*, leader of the Dulichians at Troy.

Μεγιστίας, -ου, ὁ, *Megistias*, of Acarnania, a soothsayer.

Μεδεών, -ῶνος, ὁ, *Medeon*, an old Boeotian city, near Lake Copais.

Μέδων, -οντος, ὁ, *Medon*, half-brother of Ajax son of Oileus, and commander of the troops of Philoctetes at Troy during the latter's sickness.

Μεθυδριεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Methydrian*, belonging to Methydrium in Arcadia. (See *Μεθύδριον*, p. 430.)

Μεθώνη, -ης, ἡ, poetic form *Μηθώνη*, *Medone*, a city of Magnesia in Thessaly, on the E. coast of the Pagasæan Gulf.

Μελάμπους, -οδος, ὁ, *Melampus*, supposed by the ancients to have been the first mortal possessing prophetic powers and practising the healing art.

Μελάμπυγος, -ον, *black-bottomed*, an epithet of Hercules, implying manly vigor; hence, perhaps from some fancied resemblance to the hero, ὁ *Μελάμπυγος λίθος*, a rock or cliff on Mt. Anopæa, near Thermopylæ.

Μελανδίται, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Melanditæ*, a Thracian tribe.

Μελάνθιος, -ου, ὁ, *Melanthius*, an Athenian commander.

Μέλας, -ανος, ὁ, *the Melas*, a river flowing into the Malian Gulf near Thermopylæ. (See *μέλας*, p. 431.)

Μελέαγρος, -ου, ὁ, *Meleager*, of Calydon, an Etolian hero and hunter.

Μέλητος, -ου, ὁ, *Melētus*, a partisan of the Thirty at Athens.

Μελίβοια, -ας, ἡ, *Melibœa*, a town on the coast of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Μενέξενος, -ου, ὁ, *Menæxenus*, an Athenian, pupil of Socrates.

Μενέσθης, -ους, ὁ, *Menesthes*, a Greek, slain by Hector.

Μενουτιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Menætius*, i. e. Patroclus.

Μέντης, -ου, ὁ, *Mentes*, king of the Taphians, friend of Ulysses.

Μέντωρ, -οπος, ὁ, *Mentor*, a friend of Ulysses, intrusted by him, on his departure from Ithaca, with the care of his affairs.

Μένων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Menon*, a Thessalian commander in the expedition of Cyrus the younger.

Μερμερίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Mermerus*, i. e. Ius.

Μέροψ, -οπος, ὁ, *Merops*, a prince of Percôte on the Hellespont, and a celebrated soothsayer. (See *μέροψ*, p. 435.)

Μέσθλης, -ους, ὁ, *Mesthles*, a leader of the Mæonians at Troy.

Μέσπιλα, -ης, ἡ, *Mespila*, an ancient deserted city of Mesopotamia, probably the ruins of Nineveh, on the E. bank of the Tigris, opposite the modern Mosul.

Μέσση, -ης, ἡ, *Messa*, a city and haven on the S. W. coast of Laconia.

Μεσσηΐς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Messēis*, a fountain of Phæra in Thessaly.

Μεσσηνία, -ας, ἡ, *Messenia*, the S. W. district of Peloponnesus.

Μεσσηνιοί, -ων, οἱ, *the Messenians*.

Μήδεια, -ας, ἡ, *Medea*, a queen of Media. (*Xen. Anab.*, III. 4. 11.)

Μηδία, -ας, ἡ, *Media*, a country of Asia, lying between the Caspian Sea and the Tigris valley. **Μηδίας τεῖχος**, *the wall of Media*, extending from the Tigris to the Euphrates, the northern boundary of Babylonia, as a defence to which against the Medes it was originally erected.

Μήδοκος, -ου, ὁ, *Medocus*, a prince of the Odrýsæ in Thrace.

Μήδος, -ου, ὁ, a *Mede*; οἱ *Μῆδοι*, *the Medes*.

Μηδοσάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Medosades*, an ambassador of the Thracian prince Seuthes.

Μηθώνη, see *Μεθώνη*.

Μηκιστεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Mecisteus*, father of Eurylus.

Μηκιστιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Mecisteus*, i. e. Eurylus.

Μηλόβιος, -ου, ὁ, *Melobius*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Μηρόνη, *Μηρόνις*, &c., see *Μαιονία*, &c.

Μηρόνης, -ου, ὁ, *Merônes*, a Cretan hero, friend of Idomeneus.

Μίδας, -ου, ὁ, *Midas*, an ancient king of Phrygia, famed for his wealth and covetousness.

Μίδαία, poetic form of *Μίδα*, *as, ἡ, Midea*, an ancient Bœotian city of disputed site.

Μιθριδάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Mithridates*, a Persian noble, friend of the younger Cyrus. Also written **Μιθραδάτης**.

Μιλήσιος, -α, -ον, *Milesian*, of *Miletus*.

Μίλητος, -ου, ἡ, *Miletus*; (1) a flourishing city, the southernmost in Ionia; (2) an ancient town on the N. coast of Crete.

Μιλτιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Miltiades*, an Athenian, son of Cimon, victor at Marathon.

Μιλτοκύθης, -ου, ὁ, *Miltocýthes*, a Thracian.

Μυτιλήνη, -ης, ἡ, more correctly **Μυτιλήνη**, *Mytilēne*, a flourishing commercial city on the E. side of the island Lesbos.

Μνησιθέδης, -ου, ὁ, *Mnesithēdes*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Μνησίλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Mnesilochus*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Μνησίφιλος, -ου, ὁ, *Mnesiphilus*, an Athenian, whose good counsel contributed to the victory at Salamis.

Μοσσύνοικοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Mossynœci*, a barbarian tribe on the coast of Pontus.

Μουσαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Musæus*, a famous Greek poet of the legendary period.

Μύγδων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Mygdon*, a king of Phrygia.

Μύδων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Mydon*, charioteer of Pylæmenes.

Μυκάλη, -ης, ἡ, *Mycæle*, a mountain and promontory on the Ionian coast, opposite Samos.

Μυκαλησσός, -οῦ, ἡ, *Mycalessus*, a city in E. Bœotia, near the Euripus.

Μυκῆνη, -ης, ἡ, *Mycēne*, a daughter of Inachus the founder of Argos. See also *Μυκῆνη*, p. 454.

Μύνης, -ητος, ὁ, *Mynes*, husband of Brisēis.

Μυριάδος, -ου, ἡ, later form **Μυριανδρος**, *Myriandrus*, a coast city of Syria, on the borders of Cilicia.

Μυρίνη, -ης, ἡ, poetic form of **Μυρίνα** or **Μύρινα**, *Myrina*, daughter of Teucer, and wife of Dardanus.

Μύρσινος, -ου, ἡ, *Myrsinus*, probably in N. W. Elis.

Μύσιος, -α, -ον, *Mysian*; οἱ **Μύσιοι**, *the Mysians*, inhabiting Mysia, the N. W. district of Asia Minor.

N

Νάστης, -ου, ὁ, *Nastes*, leader of the Carians at Troy.

Ναυβολίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Naubolus*, i. e. Iphitus.

Ναυκλείδας, -α, ὁ, *Nauclydas*, a Spartan ephor.

Ναύπακτος, -ου, ἡ, *Naupactus*, a town of the Locri Ozolæ, just inside the entrance of the Corinthian Gulf, once the best harbor on its northern coast.

Νεοκλῆς, -έως, ὁ, *Neocles*, an Athenian, father of Themistocles.

Νέον πείχως, τό, *Neonichus* (as it were, Newcastle), a fortress of Thrace on the coast of the Propontis.

Νεστορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Nestor*, i. e. Antilochus.

Νέστωρ, -ωρος, ὁ, *Nestor*, king of Pylus, in Messenia, distinguished for bravery, wisdom, and eloquence.

Νέων, -ωνος, ἡ, also τὰ **Νέωνα**, *Neon*, a town of Phocis, at the foot of Tithorea, one of the peaks of Mt. Parnassus.

Νέων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Neon*, a Spartan commander of the 10,000 Greeks.

Νήϊον, -ου, τό, *Neium*, a mountain of Ithaca, a spur of Mt. Neritum; see *Νήριον*.

Νηληϊός, -ου, of *Neleus*; **Νηληϊός υἱός**, *the son of Neleus*, i. e. Nestor.

Νήριον, -ου, τό, *Neritum*, a mountain in the northern part of Ithaca.

Νίκανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicanter*, a Spartan.

Νίκαρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicarchus*, an Arcadian.

Νικηράτος, -ου, ὁ, *Niceratus*, an Athenian, son of the noted general Nicias.

Νικίας, -ου, ὁ, *Nicias*, an Athenian, distinguished as a military commander in the Peloponnesian war.

Νικόμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicomachus*, an Ætæan.

Νικόστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicostratus*, an Athenian in the cavalry force of the Thirty Tyrants.

Νιρεΐς, -έως, ὁ, *Nireus*, of Syme, next to Achilles the handsomest of the Greeks at Troy, but feeble.

Νίσσα, -ης, ἡ, *Nisa*, mentioned by Homer, in connection with Bœotian localities, but of unknown site.

Νίσσα, -ας, ἡ, *Nisæa*, the port of Megara, on the Saronic Gulf.

Νισαῖος, -ον, *Nisæan*. The Nisean horses, so called, were bred on the Nisean plain, a district in the highlands of Media.

Νίσυρος, -ου, ἡ, *Nisyros*, a small island among the Sporades, S. E. of Cos, and S. W. of Cnidus in Caria.

Νοθήμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Noëmon*; (1) a Lycian; (2) an Ithacan. (See *νοθήμων*, p. 466.)

Νομίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Nomion*, a Carian chief.

Νυσηϊόν (*βρος* understood), -ου, τό, poetic form for **Νυσαῖον**, *Nysæum*, a mountain in Thrace, where Bacchus was worshipped.

Η

Ξανθικλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Xanthicles*, an Achæan, a commander of the 10,000 Greeks on their retreat.

Ξανθήπιππ, -ης, ἡ, *Xanthippe*, wife of Socrates.
Ξάνθος, -ου, ὁ, *Xanthus*; (1) a Trojan; (2) a river of Lycia; (3) a stream in the Troad. (See *ξανθός*, p. 470.)

Ξένιας, -ου, ὁ, *Xenias*, an Arcadian commander in the expedition of the younger Cyrus.

Ξενοφών, -ώντος, ὁ, *Xenophon*, son of Gryllus, the celebrated Greek author.

Ξέρξης, -ου, ὁ, *Xerxes*, son of Darius I., king of Persia.

Ο

Όγχηστός, -ου, ὁ, *Onchestus*, a Bœotian city, near Lake Copais.

Όδιός, -ου, ὁ, *Odius*, a chief of the Halizones, and ally of Priam.

Όδρύσις, -ου, ὁ, *an Odrysian*; οἱ **Όδρύσαι**, *the Odrysians*, a people of Thrace, on the river Hebrus.

Όιλεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Oileus*, a Locrion king, father of Ajax the Less.

Όινείδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Æneus*, i. e. Tydeus.

Όινεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Æneus*, king of Calydon in Ætolia.

Όινομᾶος, -ου, ὁ, *Enomæus*, a Greek, slain at Troy.

Όιονπίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Enopion*, i. e. Helenus.

Όιταός, -α, -ον, *Etæan*; οἱ **Όιταῖοι**, *the Etæans* (same as the *Αἰνῶνες*, which see), inhabiting Etæa, a name applied to that part of Thessaly which contains Mt. Œta (*Όἶτη*), a famous mountain ridge dividing Locris, Doris, and Ætolia, on the south, from Thessaly on the north).

Όϊτύλος, -ου, ὁ, *Œtylus*, a Laconian town on the E. side of the Messenian Gulf.

Όιχαλιεύς, ἕως, ὁ, *an Echalian*.

Όιχαλίθην, *from Echalia*, a city in W. Thessaly on the Peneus. (Iliad, II. 596 and 730, refer to the same city.)

Όλιζών, -ώνος, ἡ, *Olizon*, a city on the S. coast of Magnesia in Thessaly, opposite Artemisium in Eubœa.

Όλοοσσών, -όνος, ἡ, *Oloösson*, a city of Perrhæbia in N. Thessaly.

Όλύθιος, -α, -ον, *of Olythius*, a Macedonian city at the head of the Toronaic Gulf; οἱ **Όλύθιοι**, *the Olythians*.

Όμηρος, -ου, ὁ, *Homer*, the great poet. (See *δημῆρος*, p. 486.)

Όνήτης, -ου, ὁ, *Onetes*, a Carystian.

Όνόχωνος, -ου, ὁ, *the Onochonus*, a river of Thessaly.

Όπίεις, -εντος, ἡ, *contr. form Όπούς*, -ούντος, *Opus*, the chief town of the Eastern (Opuntian) Locrians.

Όπουντίος, -α, -ον, *of Opus, Opuntian*. (See *Λοκροί*, p. 417.)

Όργης, -εος, ὁ, *Orges*, a Thasian.

Όρέσβιος, -ου, ὁ, *Oresbivus*, a Bœotian, of Hyle.

Όρέστης, -ου, ὁ, *Orestes*; (1) son of Agamemnon, and the slayer of his mother Clytæmnestra; (2) a Greek, slain at Troy.

Όρθη, -ης, ἡ, *Orthe*, a town of the Perrhæbi in N. Thessaly.

Όρμένιον, -ου, τό, *Ormenium*, an old Thessalian town, of uncertain site.

Όρνεαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *poetic form for Όρνεαί*, *Orneæ*, a city in the western part of Argolis.

Όρόντας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Orontas*, satrap of Armenia.

Όρόντης, -ου, ὁ, *Orontes*, a Persian noble, executed by Cyrus the younger. The same name as the preceding.

Όρσίλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Orsilochus*, the name both of the father and the son of Diocles, king of Pheræ in Messenia.

Όρσίφαντος, -ου, ὁ, *Orsiphantus*, a Spartan.

Όρχομένιος, -α, -ον, *of Orchomenus*; οἱ **Όρχομένιοι**, *the Orchomenians*.

Όρχομένος, -ου, ὁ, *Orchomænus*; (1) a city of the Minyæ in N. W. Bœotia; (2) a city in E. Arcadia.

Όσσα, -ης, ἡ, *Ossa*, the home of the Centaurs, a mountain in Thessaly, on the coast of Magnesia, with Mt. Pelium on the south and Mt. Olympus on the north, from which last the river Peneus separates it by the vale of Tempe.

Ότάνης, -ου, ὁ, *Otanes*, a Persian.

Ότρεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Otreus*, a Phrygian prince.

Όυκαλέγων, -ωντος, ὁ, *Ucalægôn*, one of the elders of Troy.

Όφελτίος, -ου, ὁ, *Opheltius*, a Trojan.

Όφρύνιον, -ου, τό, *Ophryniûm*, a small town in the north of Troas. Otherwise written **Όφρύνειον**.

Όχησίος, -ου, ὁ, *Ochesius*, an Ætolian.

Π

Παγασαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Pagæsæ*, a port of Magnesia in Thessaly, at the head of the Pagasæan Gulf, where Jason built the Argo.

Παιανιεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Pæonian*, a resident of the Attic deme Pæania, on the E. side of Mt. Hymetus.

Παίονες, -ων, οἱ, the *Pæonians*.

Παιονία, -ας, ἡ, *Pæonia*, the country inhabited by the Pæonians, on the rivers Axius and Strymon, included in the later boundaries of Macedonia and Thrace.

Παισός, see 'Απαισός.

Παλαμήδης, -ους, ὁ, *Palamædes*, of Eubœa, famed for his ingenious inventions.

Παλληνεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Pallenian*, a resident of Pallène, a celebrated Attic deme.

Πάμμων, -ονος, ὁ, *Pammon*, a Scyrian.

Παναίτιος, -ου, ὁ, *Panaëtius*, a Tenian ship-captain. (See *παναίτιος*, p. 516.)

Πάνδαρος, -ου, ὁ, *Pandäurus*, commander of the Zeleans, in alliance with Troy.

Πάνθοος, -ου, ὁ, *Panthous*, one of the elders of Troy.

Πανοπεῖς, -έων, ὁ, the *Panopeans*, inhabiting Panopeus.

Πανοπεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Panopeus*, a city of Phocis near the Bœotian frontier.

Παντίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Pantites*, a Spartan, mentioned with Aristodemus as surviving Thermopylæ.

Παρθένιον, -ου, τό, *Parthenium*; (1) a mountain between Arcadia and Argolis; (2) a city in S. W. Mysia.

Παρθένιος, -ου, ὁ, the *Parthenius*, a river in W. Paphlagonia. (See *παρθένος*, p. 533.)

Παριανοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the inhabitants of *Parium*.

Πάριον, -ου, τό, *Parium*, a city of Mysia, on the Propontis, near the mouth of the Hellespont.

Πάρις, -ίδος and -ιος, *Paris*, son of Priam, whose seduction of Helen led to the Trojan war. (See 'Αλέξανδρος, p. 32.)

Παρρασία, -ας, ἡ, *Parrhasia*, a district and town, in S. W. Arcadia.

Παρράσιος, -α, -ου, a *Parrhasian*.

Παρύσατις, -ίδος, ἡ, *Parysätis*, wife of Darius II., and mother of Artaxerxes II. and Cyrus the younger.

Πασίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Pasion*, a Megarean, a general in Cyrus's expedition against Artaxerxes.

Πατηγύας, -ου, ὁ, *Pategyas*, a Persian, attached to Cyrus the younger.

Πατιράμφης, -ου, ὁ, *Patiramphes*, charioteer of Xerxes.

Παυσανίας, -ου, ὁ, *Pausanias*, a king of Sparta.

Παφλαγονία, -ας, ἡ, *Paphlagonia*, a country of Asia Minor, on the Euxine, between Pontus and Bithynia.

Παφλαγονικός, -ή, -βν, *Paphlagonian*.

Πειραίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Piræus*, i. e. Ptolemæus.

Πειρήθοος, -ου, ὁ, *Pirêthous*, of Larissa in Thessaly, one of the Lapithæ.

Πείροος, -ου, ὁ, *Pirôus*, a leader of the Thracians in alliance with Troy.

Πεισνοριδής, -ου, ὁ, son of *Pisënor*, i. e. Ops.

Πεισιήωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Pisënor*, a herald, of Ithaca.

Πεισιστρατίδης, -ου, ὁ, a son of *Pisisträtus*; οἱ *Πεισιστρατίδαι*, the *Pisistratidæ*, strictly, only Hippias and Hipparchus, but in a wider sense, Hippias and his party.

Πεισιστρατος, ου, ὁ, *Pisisträtus*, tyrant of Athens.

Πείσων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Pison*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Πελάγων, -οντος, ὁ, *Pelägon*; (1) a Pylian, follower of Nestor; (2) a Lycian, friend of Sarpedon.

Πελίας, -ου, ὁ, *Pelias*, half-uncle to Jason, whom he compelled to undertake the Argonautic expedition.

Πελληνεύς, -έως, ὁ, of *Pellene*, a *Pellenian*.

Πελληνη, -ης, ἡ, *Pellene*, near the Corinthian Gulf in N. E. Achaia.

Πέλται, -ῶν, αἱ, *Peltæ*, a city of Phrygia.

Περαῖβοι, poetic form for *Περαυβοί*, which see.

Πέργαμον, -ου, τό, *Pergänum*; (1) the acropolis of Troy, on a hill to the S. E. of the city, a branch of Mt. Ida; (2) also called *Πέργαμος*, ἡ, a city in S. W. Mysia.

Περγασίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Pergasus*, i. e. Deïcoön.

Περίνθιοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Perinthians*.

Περίνθος, -ου, ἡ, *Perinthus*, a flourishing town of Thrace, on the Propontis.

Περίφας, -αντος, ὁ, *Periphās*, an Ætolian.

Περκόσιος, -α, -ου, of *Percole*, *Percosian*.

Περκόπη, -ης, ἡ, *Percolte*, a city of Mysia, on the Hellespont.

Περαῖβοι, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Perrhæbians*, inhabiting *Perrhæbia*, the northern district of Thessaly.

Περσείδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Perseus*. The Greeks represented Perseus, son of Perseus, as founder of the Persian nation, and so applied to the latter the epithet *Περσεΐδαι*.

Πετείων, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Peteon*, a town in Bœotia of uncertain site.

Πετεεύς, -ῶ and -ῶο, ὁ, *Peteus*, father of Menestheus.

Πηγαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Pegæ*, literally, the Springs, a town of Megaris on the Corinthian Gulf.

Πηδαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Pedæus*, son of Antenor.

Πηδασος, -ου, ὁ, *Pedäsus*, son of Bucolion.

Πηδάσιος, -ου, ἡ, *Pedäsus*, a city of Troas.

Πηγεῖός, -οῦ, ὁ, the *Penëus*, the chief river of Thessaly, through the center of which it flows,

emptying into the Thermaic Gulf between Mts. Ossa and Olympus.

Πηνέλεως, -ω, ὁ, *Peneleus*, a leader of the Bœotians before Troy.

Πήρεια, -ας, ἡ, *Peræa*, a region of Thessaly.

Πίγρης, -ητος, ὁ, *Pigres*, an interpreter in the service of the younger Cyrus.

Πιδύτης, -ου, ὁ, *Pidutes*, of Percote.

Πιερία, -ας, ἡ, *Pieria*, originally a district at the foot of Mt. Olympus, along the W. coast of the Thermaic Gulf, celebrated as the birthplace of the Muses. The inhabitants were driven eastward, where they settled a new Pieria afterwards included in the southern part of Thracæ.

Πισιδης, -ου, ὁ, a *Pisidian*, inhabiting Pisidia which lay between Phrygia and Pamphylia.

Πιθέυς, -έως, ὁ, *Pitheus*, king of Trœzen, grandfather of Theseus.

Πιτυεία, -ας, ἡ, *Pityœa*, a city of Mysia on the S. W. coast of the Propontis.

Πλάκος, -ου, ἡ, *Placus*, a mountain of Mysia, at the foot of which Thebe was said to have been situated.

Πλάτων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Plato*, the son of Ariston, the celebrated Athenian philosopher.

Πλευράν, -ώνος, ἡ, *Pleuron*, an old city in S. W. Ætolia, in the plain between the Achelous and the Evenus.

Ποδαλείριος, -ου, ὁ, *Podalirius*, a Thessalian chief, son of Æsculapius, and surgeon to the Greeks at Troy.

Ποδάρκης, -ους, ὁ, *Podarces*, a Thessalian chief in the expedition against Troy. (See ποδάρκης, p. 567.)

Πολίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Polites*, son of Priam. (See πολίτης, p. 571.)

Πολυάρχης, -ου, ὁ, *Polyarches*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Πολύας, -ου, ὁ, *Polyas*, a Greek scout at Artemisium.

Πόλυβος, -ου, ὁ, *Polybus*, an Ithacan.

Πολύδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Polydorus*, a king of Sparta. (See πολύδωρος, p. 572.)

Πολυίδος, also Πολυΐδος, -ου, ὁ, *Polyidus*, a Trojan.

Πολυκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Polycrates*, an Athenian captain among the 10,000 Greeks. (See πολυκράτης, p. 573.)

Πολύκριτος, -ου, ὁ, *Polycritus*, of Ægina, a brave ship-captain.

Πολυνεικής, -ους, ὁ, *Polyneices*, son of Œdipus the king of Thebes. (See πολυνεικής, p. 574.)

Πολυνίκος, -ου, ὁ, *Polyneicus*, a Lacedæmonian.

Πολύξεινος, Ionic form for Πολύξενος, -ου, ὁ, *Polyxenus*, commander-in-chief of the Epeï before Troy. (See πολύξενος, p. 574.)

Πολυποίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Polypoetes*, one of the Thessalian chiefs in the war against Troy.

Πολύστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Polystratus*, an Athenian.

Πολύφημος, -ου, ὁ, *Polyphemus*; (1) of the Thessalian Larissa, one of the Lapithæ, and an Argonaut; (2) son of Neptune, a Cyclops. (See πολύφημος, p. 576.)

Πολυφώντης, -ου, ὁ, *Polyphontes*, a Theban chief.

Ποσειδήσιος, poetic form for Ποσειδεῖος, see p. 579.

Πράκτιος, -ου, ὁ, *the Practius*, a small river of Troas flowing from Mt. Ida into the Hellespont, near Percote.

Πριαμίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Priam*. (See Πριάμος, p. 584.)

Προθοήνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Prothoenor*, a leader of the Bœotians before Troy.

Πρόθοος, -ου, ὁ, *Prothous*, chief of the Magnesians before Troy.

Πρόϊτος, -ου, ὁ, *Proetus*, king of Tiryns.

Προκλής, contracted from Προκλέης, -έους, ὁ, *Procles*, a descendant of Demaratus king of Sparta, and ruler of a petty principality in W. Mysia.

Πρόξενος, -ου, ὁ, *Proxenus*, a Bœotian, one of the generals in Cyrus's expedition. (See πρόξενος, p. 594.)

Πρύτανις, -ιος and -ιδος, ὁ, *Prytānis*, a Lycian. (See πρύτανις, p. 613.)

Πρωτεσίλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Protesilaus*, a Thessalian chief, the first of the Greeks slain at Troy.

Πρόπη, -ης, ἡ, *Prote*, a small island off the W. coast of Messenia.

Πτελέον, -οῦ, τό, *Pteleum*; (1) a coast town of Phthiotis, in S. E. Thessaly; (2) a town in S. Messenia, site unknown.

Πτολεμαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Ptolemæus*, father of Agamemnon's charioteer, Eurymedon.

Πυθαγόρας, -α, ὁ, *Pythagoras*, a Lacedæmonian with a naval command in the service of Cyrus the younger.

Πυθέας, -ου, ὁ, *Pytheas*, of Ægina, a brave ship-captain.

Πυθόδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Pythodorus*, an Athenian archon.

Πυλαϊμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Pylæmènes*, a chief of the Paphlagonians, allied with Troy.

Πύλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Pyleus*, an ally of the Trojans from Larissa on the coast of Æolis near Cyme. (See πυλαῖος, p. 618.)

Πυλήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Pylène*, a town of S. W. Ætolia, site unknown.

Πύλιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Pylians*. (See Πύλος, p. 618.)

Πυραΐχμης, -ου, ὁ, *Pyraechmes*, a leader of the Pæonians in alliance with Troy.

Πύραμος, -ου, ὁ, *the Pyramus*, one of the principal rivers of Asia Minor, reaching the sea at Mallus in Cilicia.

Πύρασος, -ου, ὁ, also **Πύρρασος**, *Pyrasus*, a coast-city of Phthiotis, in S. E. Thessaly.

Πυρρίας, -ου, ὁ, *Pyrrhias*, an Arcadian captain.

Πώγων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Pogon*, the harbor of Troezen in S. E. Argolis.

Πῶλος, -ου, ὁ, *Polus*, a Lacedæmonian naval commander. (See πῶλος, p. 621.)

P

Ῥαδάμανθης, -νος, ὁ, *Rhadamanthys*, son of Zeus, and brother of Minos of Crete, made after death, in consequence of his justice, one of the judges in the realm of the dead.

Ῥαθίνης, -ου, ὁ, *Rathines*, a Persian, general under Pharnabazus.

Ῥεῖθρον, -ου, τό, *Rhithrum*, a harbor on the E. coast of Ithaca. (See ρεῖθρον, p. 623.)

Ῥήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Rhene*, a nymph, wife of Oileus.

Ῥίπη, -ης, ἡ, *Rhipe*, an Arcadian town, of doubtful site.

Ῥύτιον, -ου, τό, *Rhytium*, a city of Crete, locality unknown.

Ῥωπάρας, -ου, ὁ, *Rhoparas*, satrap of Babylon.

Σ

Σαγγάριος, -ου, ὁ, *the Sangarius*, one of the principal rivers of Asia Minor, flowing through Bithynia into the Euxine.

Σάκαι, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Sacæ*, a nomadic race inhabiting the N. E. frontier of the Persian empire, in what is now E. Turkestan; sometimes used as a general term to denote *Scythians* of all tribes.

Σαλμυδησός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Salmydessus*, a town of Thrace, on the coast of the Euxine.

Σαμόλας, -ου, ὁ, *Sambolas*, an Achæan among the 10,000 Cyrean Greeks.

Σάνη, -ης, ἡ, *Sane*, situated on the isthmus through which Xerxes dug his canal to avoid coasting round the peninsula of Acte.

Σάρος, -ου, ὁ, see Ψάρος.

Σατνίοεις, -εντος, ὁ, *the Satnioeis*, a small river of southern Troas, rising in Mt. Ida, and flowing west into the Ægean Sea.

Σάτυρος, -ου, ὁ, (1) *a Satyr*, see p. 630; (2) *Satyrus*, chief of the Eleven at Athens; see ἑνδεκα, II. p. 223.

Σελαγος, -ου, ὁ, *Selagus*, of Pæsus, father of Amphius.

Σεληπιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Selepius*, i. e. Euenus.

Σελινούς, -οῦντος, ὁ, *the Selinus*; (1) a river of Elis; (2) a river flowing by the temple of Diana at Ephesus.

Σελλασία, -ας, ἡ, *Sellasia*, a city of Laconia, a little to the N. of Sparta.

Σελλῆεις, -εντος, ὁ, *the Sellæis*; (1) a river of Elis, between the Peneus and the Alpheus; (2) a river of Troas.

Σεύθης, -ου, ὁ, *Seuthes*, a king of the Odryses in Thrace.

Σηλυμβρία, also written **Σηλυβρία**, -ας, ἡ, *Selymbria*, a Thracian city on the Propontis, between Byzantium and Perinthus.

Σηπιάς, -άδος, ἡ, *Sepias*, a promontory of Magnesia, forming the S. E. extremity of the Thessalian coast.

Σήσαμος, -ου, ὁ, *the Sesamus*, a small river in the W. part of Paphlagonia, flowing into the Euxine.

Σθέnelος, -ου, ὁ, *Sthenelus*, of Argos, friend and comrade of Diomedes in the Trojan war.

Σκιωννος, -ου, ὁ, *Sciönvus*, a slave of Themistocles.

Σιλανός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Silænus*; (1) an Ambraciot soothsayer among the 10,000 Greeks; (2) a soldier in the same army from Macistus in Elis.

Σιμμίας, -ου, ὁ, *Simmias*, of Thebes, a friend and pupil of Socrates.

Σιμοείσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Simoisius*, a Trojan.

Σιμωνίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Simonides*, of Ceos, a celebrated lyric poet.

Σινοπεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a Sinopean*, inhabiting Sinope, in Paphlagonia, the most important of the Greek colonies on the coast of the Euxine.

Σίρις, -ιος, ἡ, *Siris*, a city of Pæonia, E. of the Strymon.

Σιτάλκας, -ου, ὁ, *Sitalcas*, a name of several Thracian kings; also, *the Sitalcas*, a warlike song.

Σιτάκη, -ης, ἡ, *Sittæce*, a city of Babylonia, near the W. bank of the Tigris.

Σκαμάνδριος, -ου, ὁ, *Scamandrius*, a Trojan. Also the son of Hector. (See Σκάμανδρος, p. 637.)

Σκάρφη, -ης, ἡ, *Scarphe*, a Locrian town near the Malian Gulf.

Σκιάθος, -ου, ἡ, *Sciæthus*, a small island off the S. extremity of Magnesian Thessaly.

Σκιλλοῦς, -οῦντος, ἡ, *Scillus*, a town of S. Elis, where Xenophon lived in comfortable exile more than twenty years.

Σκιρωνίς, -ίδος, fem. adj., *Scironian*. The "Scironian Road" was a rugged mountain road

along the coast from Megara to Corinth, so called, says tradition, from a dreaded bandit, Sciron. (See Σκίρων, p. 638.)

Σκιωναῖος, -α, -ον, Scionean, of Scione, the chief city on the peninsula Pallēne in S. Macedonia.

Σκυθῖνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the Scythini, a barbarian tribe on the frontiers of Pontus and Armenia.

Σκυλλίας, -ου, ὁ, Scyllias, a diver of Scione.

Σκύριος, -α, -ον, Scyrian, of Scyros. (See Σκύρος, p. 642.)

Σκῶλος, -ου, ὁ, Scolus, a town of S. Bœotia, not far from Thebes. (See σκῶλος, p. 642.)

Σμίκρης, -ητος, ὁ, Smicres, an Arcadian commander.

Σόλοι, -ων, οἱ, Soli, an important coast-town of Cilicia. (See σόλοικος, p. 643.)

Σόλυμοι, -ων, οἱ, the Solymi, ancient inhabitants of Lycia.

Σοφαίνερος, -ου, ὁ, Sophænētus, an Arcadian, one of the Greek generals of Cyrus the younger.

Σοφοκλής, contracted from **Σοφοκλέης** (see p. 643), ὁ, *Sophocles*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Σπιθριδάτης, -ου, ὁ, Spithridātes, a Persian, general under Pharnabazus.

Στησαγόρας, -ου, ὁ, Stesagōras, grandfather of Miltiādes.

Στησίλαος, -ου, ὁ, Ionic form Στησίλωος, Stesilāus, a commander of the Athenians at Marathon.

Στρατή, -ης, ἡ, Ionic form for Στρατία, Stratiā, an old Arcadian town of unknown site.

Στρατοκλής, -έους, ὁ, Stratōcles, commander of the corps of slingers in the retreat of the 10,000.

Στρόφιος, -ου, ὁ, Strophius, a Trojan.

Στυμφάλιος, -α, -ον, of Styμφῆλιος, Stymphalian.

Στυμφάλος, Ionic form Στύμφηλος, -ου, ὁ and ἡ, Stymphῆλιος, the name of a town, district, mountain, lake, and river in N. E. Arcadia.

Στύρα, -ῶν, τά, Styra, a city on the S. W. coast of Eubœa, nearly opposite the bay of Marathon in Attica.

Στυρέυς, -έως, ὁ, a Styrian, inhabiting Styra.

Στύφων, -ωνος, ὁ, Styphon, a Spartan commander, son of Pharaoh (or Charax).

Συέννεσις, -εως or -ιος, ὁ, Syennēsīs, a common name of the kings of Cilicia.

Σύμηθεν, from Syme, a small island situated between Rhodes and the Carian peninsula of Cnidus.

Σφακτηρία, -ας, ἡ, Sphacteria, a long narrow island enclosing the bay of Pylus on the W. coast of Messenia.

Σχεδῖος, -ου, ὁ, Schedius, a chief of the Phocians at Troy.

Σχοῖνος, -ου, ἡ, Schœnus, a Bœotian city, near Thebes. (See σχοῖνος, p. 687.)

Σωσίας, -ου, ὁ, Sosias, of Syracuse, commanding a division of the Greeks in Cyrus's expedition against his brother.

Σωσιμένης, -ους, ὁ, Sosimēnes, a Tenian.

Σωτηρίδης (or -ας), -ου, ὁ, Soterides, of Sicyon, one of the 10,000 Greeks.

T

Ταλαιμένης, -ους, ὁ, Talamēnes, a Mæonian prince.

Ταλαῖονδης, -ου, ὁ, an irregularly formed patronymic for Ταλαΐδης, son of Talaus, i. e. Adrastus.

Ταλθύβιος, -ου, ὁ, Talthybius, herald of Agamemnon.

Ταμῶς, -ῶ, ὁ, Tamos, of Memphis in Egypt, governor of Ionia, and subsequently commander of the fleet of Cyrus.

Τάσχοι, -ων, οἱ, the Tašchi, a tribe in N. Armenia.

Τάρνη, -ης, ἡ, Tarnē, a Mæonian town, site unknown.

Ταρσοί, -ῶν, οἱ, oftener Ταρσός, -οῦ, ἡ, Tarsus, on the Cydnus, the ancient capital of Cilicia, and later noted for commerce and learning, and as the birthplace of St. Paul.

Τάρφη, -ης, ἡ, Tarphe, an old town of Lycris.

Τάφιοι, -ων, οἱ, the Taphians, a race of seamen and pirates anciently inhabiting a group of small islands, lying between Acarnania and Leucas, the largest of which was Τάφος.

Τελαμών, -ῶνος, ὁ, Telāmon, son of Ææcus, father of Ajax, and king of Salamis. (See τελαμών, p. 696.)

Τελαμώνιος, -α, -ον, Telamonian.

Τερενίτης (Xen. Anab., IV. 4. 15) for Τημενίτης, which see.

Τεμεση, -ης, ἡ, Temēse, probably a place in Cyprus, whither the Taphians went for copper.

Τένεδος, -ου, ἡ, Tenēdus, an island off the coast of Troas.

Τενθηρῶν, -ῶνος, ὁ, Tenthrēdon, a chief in Magnesia Thessaly.

Τερψίων, -ωνος, ὁ, Terpsion, of Megara, a pupil of Socrates.

Τευθρανία, -ας, ἡ, Teuthrania, a city and district in W. Mysia, about the river Caicus.

Τευθρανίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of Teuthras, i. e. Axylus.

Τεύθρας, -αντος, ὁ, *Teuthras*, a Greek from Magnesia, slain at Troy.

Τευταμίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Teutamius*, i. e. Lethus.

Τηλεβόας, -ου, ὁ, *the Telebōas*, a river of Armenia, tributary to the Euphrates. (See *τηλεβόας*, p. 703.)

Τηλεκλος, -ου, ὁ, *Telēklus*, a king of Sparta.

Τημενίτης, -ου, ὁ, *a Temenite*, belonging to Temenium, in Argolis, at the upper end of the Argolic Gulf.

Τήνιος, -α, -ον, *of Tenus*, one of the Cyclades, next S. E. of Andrus; οἱ **Τήνιοι**, *the Tenians*.

Τήρεια, -ας, ἡ, *Terēa*, a mountain in N. W. Mysia near Zelea.

Τήρης, -ους and -εω, ὁ, *Teres*, king of the Odrysæ in Thrace, and father of Sitalcas.

Τιβαρηνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Tibarēnoi*, a people of Pontus on the coast of the Euxine.

Τίγρης, -ητος, and **Τίγρις**, -ιδος, ὁ, *the Tigris*, rising in Armenia, and, after uniting with the Euphrates, flowing into the Persian Gulf.

Τιθορέα, -ας, ἡ, *Tithorēa*, one of the summits of Mt. Parnassus; also a fortress lower down the mountain.

Τιμασιών, -ωνος, ὁ, *Timasion*, a Dardanian, one of the generals who directed the retreat of the 10,000.

Τιμησίθεος, -ου, ὁ, *Timesitheus*, a citizen of Trapezus.

Τιμόδημος, -ου, ὁ, *Timodēmus*, of Athens, an enemy of Themistocles.

Τίμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Timon*, a citizen of Delphi.

Τιριβαζος, -ου, ὁ, *Tiribāzus*, a Persian satrap.

Τίρυνς, -υθος, ἡ, *Tiryns*, in Argolis, near the head of the Argolic Gulf, one of the oldest Greek cities, and now celebrated for its massive ruins.

Τισσαφέρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Tissaphernes*, a distinguished Persian, satrap of Lydia.

Τίτανος, -ου, ὁ, *Tītānus*, a mountain of Thessaly not far from the junction of the Peneus and the Enipeus. (See *Τίτανος*, p. 707.)

Τιταρέσιος, -ου, ὁ, *the Titaresius*, a river draining N. Thessaly, and flowing into the Peneus.

Τληπόλεμος, -ου, ὁ, *Tlepolēmus*, son of Hercules, led the forces of Rhodes to Troy.

Τμόλος, -ου, ὁ, *Tmolus*, a mountain range of Lydia, south of Sardis.

Τολμίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Tolmides*, a herald in the service of Cyrus the younger.

Τορωναῖος, -α, -ον, *of Torone*, *Toronean*.

Τορώνη, -ης, ἡ, *Torōne*, a city of Macedonia, on the Toronean Gulf, on the S. W. coast of the peninsula of Sithonia.

Τράλλεις, -εων, αἱ, *Trallis*, a wealthy city in N. W. Caria.

Τράνιψαι, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Tranipsæ*, a Thracian tribe, northward from Byzantium.

Τραπεζούντιος, -α, -ον, *of Trapezus*; οἱ **Τραπεζούντιοι**, *the Trapezuntians*.

Τραπεζοῦς, -οὔντος, ὁ and ἡ, *Trapezus*, an important city on the coast of Pontus, now Trebizond.

Τρηχός, -ου, ὁ, *Trechus*, a Greek, slain at Troy.

Τρίκκη, -ης, ἡ, *Tricca*, an ancient city in W. Thessaly.

Τρόζην, -ήνος, ἡ, *Træzen*, in the S. E. extremity of Argolis, one of the oldest and most important Greek cities.

Τροϊζήνιος, -α, -ον, *Træzenian*.

Τυδείδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Tydeus*, i. e. Diomedes.

Τυριάειον, -ου, τό, *Tyriāeum*, a town in E. Phrygia, near the frontier of Lycaonia.

Τυρώ, -οὔς, ἡ, *Tyro*, daughter of Salmoneus, and wife of Cretheus.

Υ

Ύαμπεα, -ας, ἡ, *Hyampēa*, a lofty cliff on the E. of Delphi.

Ύαμπολις, -εως, ἡ, *Hyampolis*, a town in E. Phocis, near the borders of Locris and Bœotia.

Ύδαρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Hydarnes*, commander of the division of Xerxes' army called "the Immortals."

Ύλη, -ης, ἡ, *Hyle*, a little town of Bœotia, on Lake Hylica. (See *ἕλη*, p. 725.)

Ύλλος, -ου, ὁ, *Hyllus*, son of Hercules, to whom the Spartan kings traced their lineage.

Ύπείρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Hyperion*, a Trojan chief.

Ύπεράνθης, -ους, ὁ, *Hyperanthes*, a son of Darius I.

Ύπέρεα, -ας, ἡ, *Hyperēa*, a fountain with the surrounding district, in Thessaly.

Ύπερησίη, -ης, ἡ, *Hyperesia*, a city of Achaia, near the coast of the Corinthian Gulf, the later *Ægira*.

Ύποθῆβαι, -ῶν, αἱ, *Hypothēbai*, a city of Bœotia, either the later Potniæ, 10 stadia south of Thebes, or Lower Thebes in distinction from the citadel.

Ύγρια, -ας, ἡ, *Hyria*, a Bœotian town near Aulis.

Ύρκάνιος, -α, -ον, *of Hyrcania*, a country bordering the Caspian Sea on the S. and S. E. οἱ **Ύρκάνιοι**, *the Hyrcanians*.

Ύρμίνη, -ης, ἡ, *Hyrmīne*, a town of the Epēi on the W. coast of Elis.

Ύρτακίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Hyrtæus*, i. e. Asius.

Ἰσθαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Hysiae*, a town of Bœotia, at the northern foot of Mt. Cithæron.

Ἰστάσπης, -εος and -ου, ὁ, *Hystaspes*, father of Darius I.

Ἰψήνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Hypsênor*, a Trojan.

Φ

Φαιδρίας, -ου, ὁ, *Phædrias*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Φαίδων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Phædon*, of Elis, a disciple of Socrates, and the founder of a school of philosophy.

Φαιδώνιδης or **Φαιδώνδας**, -ου, ὁ, *Phædonides* or *Phædonidas*, a friend of Socrates.

Φαίνοψ, -οπος, ὁ, *Phænops*, son of Asius of Abydus, and friend of Hector.

Φαίστος, -ου, ὁ, *Phæstus*, of Tarne in Mæonia, an ally of the Trojans.

Φαίστος, -ου, ἡ, *Phæstus*, a city near the S. coast of Crete.

Φαλίνοσ, -ου, ὁ, *Phalinnus*, a Greek of Zacynthus in the service of Tissaphernes.

Φαναγόρας, -ου, ὁ, *Phanagoras*, of Carystus.

Φάραξ, -ᾶκος, ὁ, *Pharax*, a Spartan.

Φάρισ, -ιος, ἡ, *Pharis*, an old city in central Laconia.

Φαρνάβαζος, -ου, ὁ, *Pharnabazus*, a Persian of high character, satrap of Bithynia.

Φασιανοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *Phasiânî*, dwelling near the river Phasis. (See *Φᾶσις*, p. 752.)

Φειδιππίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Phidippides*, an Athenian courier.

Φείδιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Phidippus*, grandson of Hercules, a leader in the Trojan war of Greeks from Nisyrus, and other islands S. W. of Caria.

Φείδων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Phidon*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Φένεος, -ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Pheneus*, a town of N. Arcadia.

Φεραί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Pheræ*, a town of E. Thessaly, near the port of Pagasæ on the Pagasæan Gulf.

Φέρεκλος, -ου, ὁ, *Phereclus*, said to have built the ship in which Paris carried off Helen.

Φηγεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Phegeus*, a Trojan warrior.

Φήμιος, -ου, ὁ, *Phemius*, a famous minstrel of Ithaca.

Φηρή, -ῆς, ἡ, *Phere*, anciently the chief town in the southern Messenian plain, on the coast of the Messenian Gulf. Also written *Φηραί*, *Φεραί*, and *Φεραί*.

Φηρητιάδης for **Φερητιάδης**, -ου, ὁ, *son* or *descendant* of *Pheres*, i. e. Admetus, his grandson.

Φθειρών ὄρος, τό, a mountain near Miletus,

perhaps the mount of pine-cones. (See *φθειρ*, II. p. 756.)

Φθίηται, -ῶν, οἱ, the inhabitants of *Φθιήτης* (or *Φθιώτης*) in S. Thessaly. **Ἀχαιοὶ οἱ Φθιήται**, the Achæans of *Phthiêtis*, so called in distinction from the Achæans of the Peloponnesus.

Φιλᾶων, -ονος, or **Φιλέων**, -ωνος, ὁ, *Philaon*, brother of King Gorgus of Salamis in Cyprus.

Φιλήσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Philesius*, one of the generals of the 10,000 Greeks on their retreat.

Φιλοκτῆτης, -ου, ὁ, *Philoctetes*, a Thessalian chief, pupil of Hercules and a renowned archer.

Φιλόλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Philolaus*, a distinguished teacher of the Pythagorean philosophy, a native of Italy.

Φιλιάσιος, -α, -ον, of *Phlius*, *Phliasian*.

Φλιοῦς, -οῦπος, ὁ, *Phlius*, an independent city in N. E. Peloponnesus, whose territory lay between Sicyonia on the north and Argolis on the south.

Φοίνιξ, -ίκος, ὁ, the *Phœnix*, a tributary of the Asopus, 15 stadia from Thermopylæ. (See *φοῖνιξ*, pp. 764, 765.)

Φρασίας, -ου, ὁ, *Phrasias*, an Athenian.

Φραταγούνη, -ης, ἡ, *Phratagûne*, wife of Darius I.

Φρόνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Phronius*, an Ithacan, father of Noëmon.

Φρυγία, -ας, ἡ, *Phrygia*, the region in Asia Minor inhabited by the *Φρύγες* (see *Φρύξ*, p. 769).

In Homer this was about the Ascanian Lake in the W. of the later Bithynia, and on the banks of the Sangarius. The Phrygia of after times was distinguished into *Phrygia Major*, lying between Bithynia and Pamphylia, and *Phrygia Minor*, including Troas, with the country adjacent to the Hellespont and the neighboring coast of the Propontis.

Φρυνίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Phryniscus*, an Achæan with a command in the army of the 10,000 Greeks.

Φυλάκη, -ης, ἡ, *Phylacæ*, a city of Phthiotis in Thessaly, at the N. foot of Mt. Othrys. (See *φυλακή*, p. 770.)

Φυλακίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son* of *Phylacæus*, i. e. Iphiclus.

Φύλακος, -ου, ὁ, *Phylacæus*; (1) the supposed founder of Phylacæ; (2) a Trojan warrior; (3) a Delphian hero.

Φυλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *son* of *Phyleus*, i. e. Meges.

Φυλεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Phyleus*, son of Augeas the king of Elis.

Φυλή, -ῆς, ἡ, *Phyle*, an Attic deme, and a strong fortress on the Bœotian frontier, commanding the pass across Mt. Parnes on the road from Thebes to Athens.

Φύσκος, -ου, ὁ, the *Physcus*, a river of Assyria flowing into the Tigris.

X

Χαιρέλεως, -ω, ὁ, *Chærelaus*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Χαίρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Chæron*, an Athenian pole-march.

Χαλκιδεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Chalcidian*, inhabiting Chalcis in Eubœa. (See *Χαλκίς*, p. 776.)

Χαλκίς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Chalcis*; (1) the chief town of Eubœa, separated from the opposite shore of Bœotia by the Euripus, here only 40 yards wide; (2) a coast-town in S. Ætolia.

Χαλκωδοντιάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Chalcōdon*, i. e. Elephēnor.

Χάλος, -ου, ὁ, the *Chalus*, a river of Syria.

Χαρίκλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Charicles*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Χαρμάνδη, -ης, ἡ, *Charmande*, a city of Mesopotamia, on the Euphrates.

Χαρμίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Charmides*, an Athenian, uncle to Plato.

Χαρμίνος, -ου, ὁ, *Charminus*, a Spartan officer serving under Thibron.

Χάροπος, -ου, ὁ, *Charōpus*, chief of Syme. (See *χαροπός*, p. 778.)

Χειρίσοφος, -ου, ὁ, *Chiristōphus*, a Spartan, successor to Clearchus in command of the 10,000 Greeks.

Χέρσις, -ιος, ὁ, *Chersis*, of Salamis in Cyprus.

Χρέμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Chremon*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Χρομῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Chromius*; (1) a son of Priam; (2) a son of Neleus; (3) a Lycian warrior.

Χρόμις, -ιος, ὁ, *Chromis*, a leader of the Mysians in alliance with Troy.

Χρύσα, poetic form *Χρύση*, -ης, ἡ, *Chrysa*, a city probably of Troas, but of unknown site.

Χρύσης, -ου, ὁ, *Chryses*, priest of Apollo at Chrysa, and father of Astynōme (*Chryseis*, *Χρυσήϊς*, p. 791.)

Χρυσόπολις, -εως, ἡ, *Chrysoḗolis*, the modern Scutari, a city of Bithynia on the Bosphorus, opposite Byzantium.

Ψ

Ψάρος, -ου, ὁ, the *Psarus*, a river of Cilicia. Also written *Σάρος*.

Ψυττάλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Psyttaïa*, a little island close to the E. cape of the island Salamis.

Ω

᾽Οκαλία, -ας, ἡ, *Ocalia*, an old city of Bœotia just S. of Lake Copais.

᾽Οκντος, -ου, ὁ, *Ocnthus*, a Corinthian.

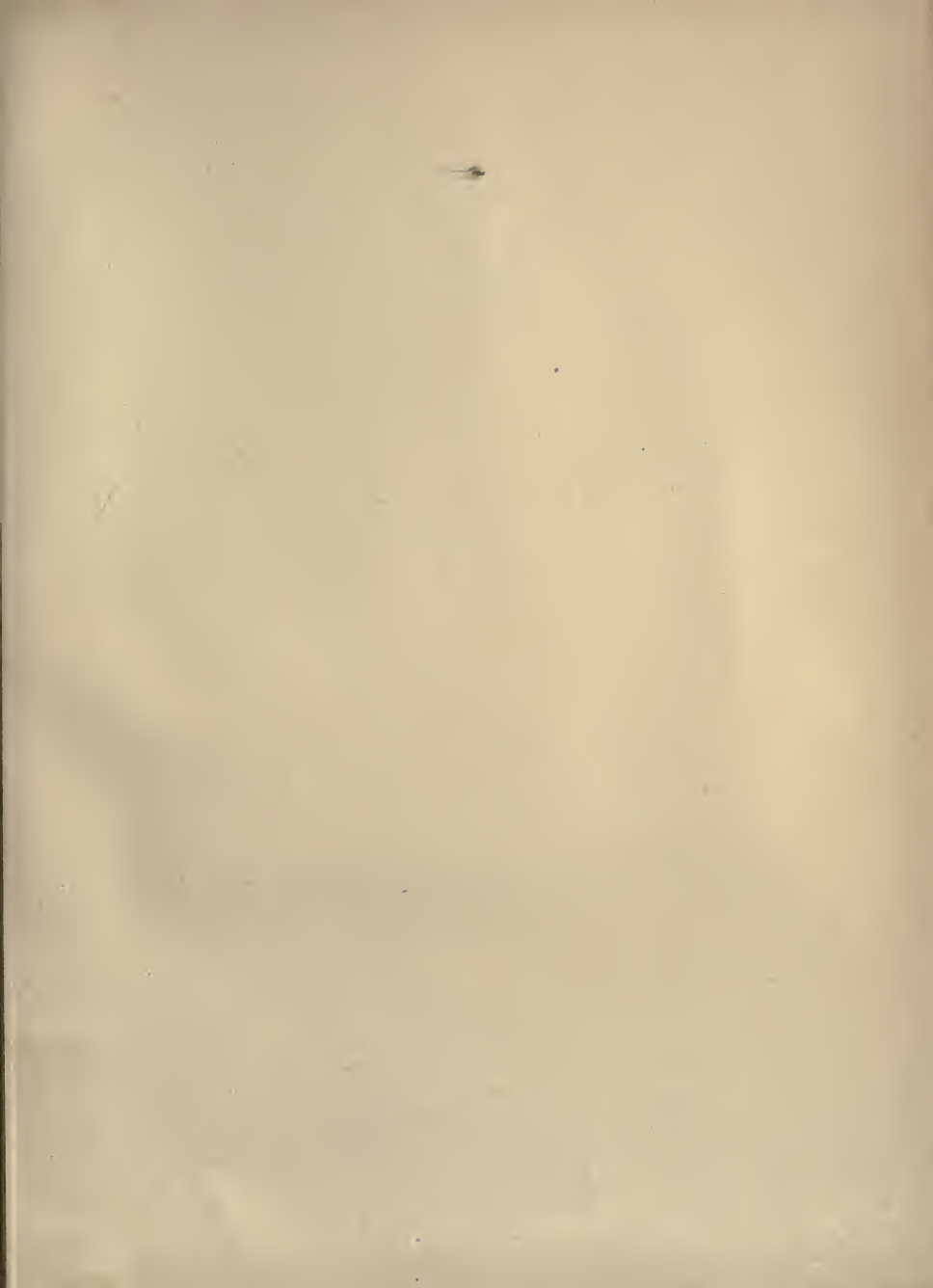
᾽Ολενία, -ας, ἡ, in Homer *πέτρῃ ᾽Ολενίῃ*, the *Olenian crag*, probably the summit of Mt. Scollis, in Elis on the border of Achaia.

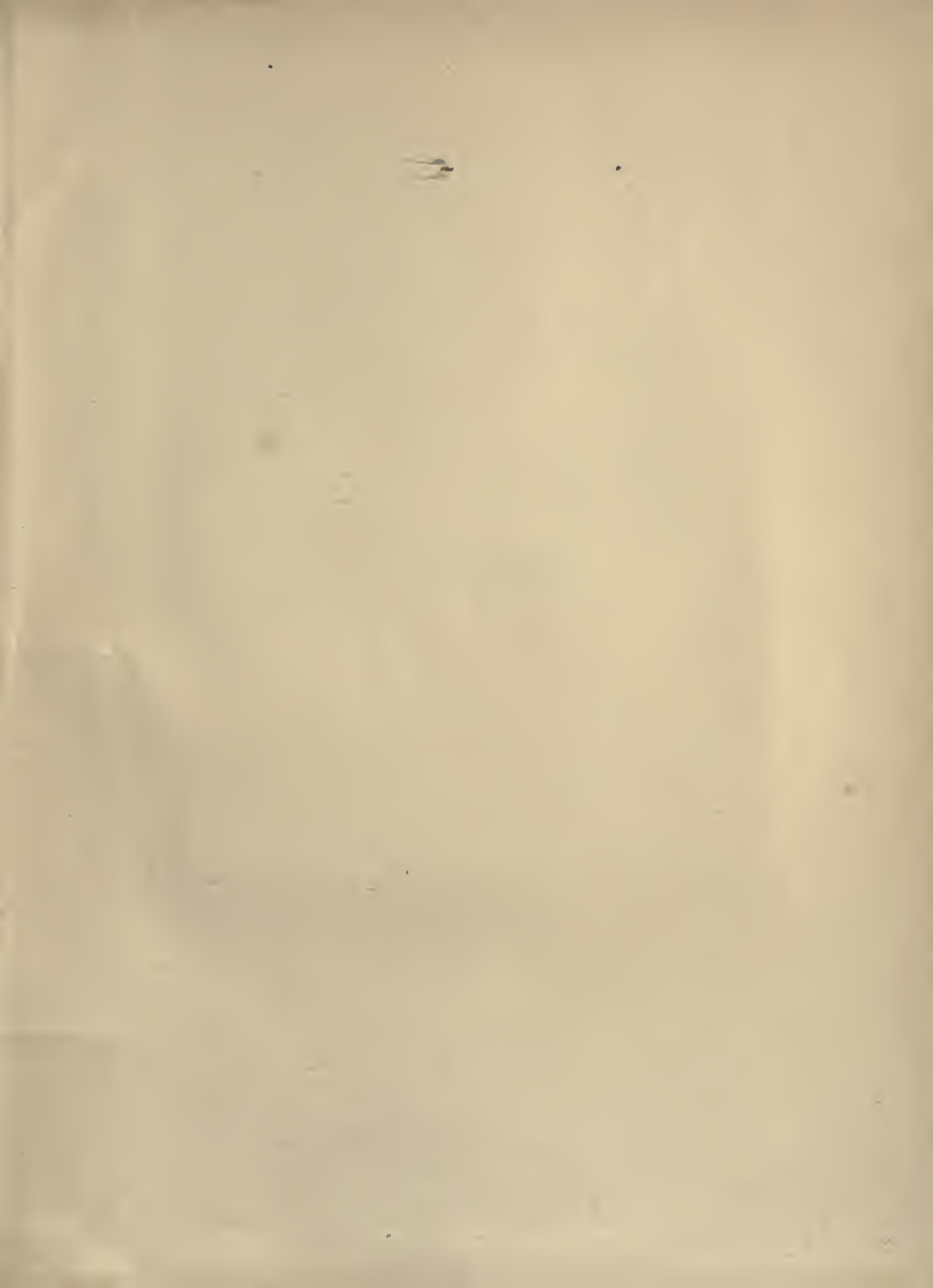
᾽Ολενος, -ου, ἡ, also ὁ, *Olenus*, an old town of S. Ætolia at the N. foot of Mt. Aracynthus.

᾽Οπις, -ιδος, ἡ, *Opis*, a city of Assyria, at the junction of the Physcus and the Tigris.

᾽Ορέθνια, -ας, ἡ, *Orithyia*, daughter of Erechtheus, carried off by Boreas.

᾽Οψις, ᾽Οπός, ὁ, *Ops*, father of Ulysses' nurse, Euryclia.





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