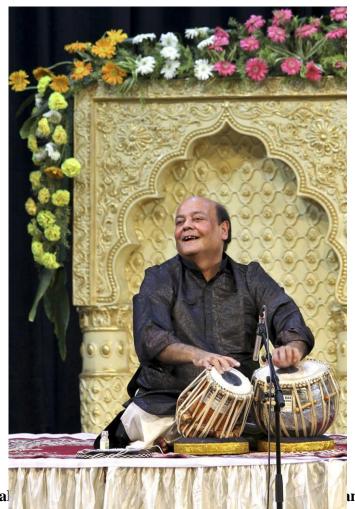


USTAD SABIR KHAN



Sabir khan was born on the 4th of December 1959 in Rampur, U.P. As a child prodigy in a family of great musicians whose heritage goes back to the 11th century A.D of "MIR AKASA" lineage.

Sabir's incredible dexterity, richness, superbtonal quality and maturity surprise any listener or connoisseur of music of the same time. Father, late Ustad Karamatullah Khan Sahab and his grandfather, late Ustad Masit Khan

Sahab were the celebrated tabla

maestros of their times.

Sabir khan is the only living heir and the sole representative of the famous "Farukkhabad Gharana" which was confounded by Late Haji Ustad Vilayat Hussain Khan Sahab, his son late Ustad Nessar Khan, who produced the student like Ustad Munir Khan, his students late Ustad Ahmedjan Thirakwa Khan Sahab and late Ustad Amir Hussain Khan in unbroken lineage.

Sabir's Grandfather late Ustad Masit Khan was the unparallel Tabla Maestro of his time and practically performed with all the top musicians like late Ustad Fayyaz Khan Sahab, Ustad Hafiz Ali Khan, Ustad Enayat Hussain Khan, Ustad Wazir Khan, to name a few. Ustad Masit Khan was primarily responsible for popularizing the style of "Farukkhabad Gharana" in West Bengal through his disciples, like late Pdt. Jnan Prakash Ghosh, late Rai Chand Boral, late Montu Bannerjee, late Kanai Dutta, and last but not the least his son late Ustad Karamatullah Khan, who himself has given a new dimension of accompaniment, with Vocal, Instrument and Dance, and of course in Solo style of playing for which the musicians and the music lovers of the country will remember him forever and ever. Sabir Khan received intensive rigorous TALIM from his grandfather and later from his father. At the age of 9 his first remarkable performance was a unforgettable one, in which he gave his solo performance with late Ustad Karamatullah Khan, and late Ustad Masit Khan Sahab on 19 December 1968 at Banga Sanskriti {Calcutta} in front of ten thousand people. At that early age Sabir has accompanied practically all the top ranking celebrities of the time.

Sitar: Pdt Ravi Shankar, Ustad Vilayat Hussain Khan, late Ustad Mushtaq Ali Khan, Ustad Halim Zafar Khan, Pdt Bimal Mukherjee, Ustad Imrat Khan, Ustad Rais Khan, Debu Chowdhury, Monilal Nag, Subrata Roy Chowdhury, Shujat Khan, Shahid Parvez, Nishat Khan, Budhaditya Mukherjee.

Sarode:Ustad Ali Akbar Khan, Ustad Amjad Ali Khan, Pdt Buddhadev Das Gupta, Ustad Bahadur Khan, Smt Sharan Rani, Smt Zarin Sharma.

Dance: Pdt Birju Maharaj, Begum Roshan Kumari, Smt Sitara Devi, Pdt Gopi Krishna, Pdt Vijay Shankar and others...

Vocal: Ustad Nisar Hussain Khan, Pdt Mallikarjun Mansoor, Pdt Bhimsen Joshi, Pdt Jasraj, Smt Kishori Amonkar, Begum Parveen Sultana, Smt Shobha Gurtu, Smt Nirmala Davi, Pdt Siyaram Tiwari, Smt Na

Pat Jasraj, Smt Kishori Amonkar, Begum
Parveen Sultana, Smt Shobha Gurtu, Smt
Nirmala Devi, Pdt Siyaram Tiwari, Smt Naina Devi, Pdt Vijay Kumar Kichlu, Smt Girja
Devi, Late Ustad Sharafat Hussain Khan, Late
Ustad Latafat Khan and many others...



Santoor: Pdt Shiv Kumar Sharma, Bhajanlal Sapoori, Dulal Roy, Himangshu Biswas, and others...

Flute: Pdt Hariprasad Chaurasiya, Pdt Vijay Raghav Rao.

Shehnai: Ustad Bismillah Khan, Ali Ahmed Hussain, Daya Shankar.

Guitar: Brij Bhushan Kabra, Vishnu Mohan Bhatt.



Sabir Khan with his Vocal Tune

Sabir khan also earned wide reputation as a composer and Singer of ghazals and has rendered a vast number if ghazals recitals all over India and in foreign countries i.e. Far East and U.K. He also received the title of Ghazal King and Composer in 1983 from (Djakarta Music Association Indonesia). Sabir's Recital; both as a soloist and as an accompanist was granted praiseworthy not only in India, but also in many countries aboard. He was invited to perform in countries, like Japan, France, UK, Holland, Germany, Belgium, Yugoslavia, U.S.A, USSR, China, Italy, Norway, Sweden, Thailand, Honkong, Singapore, Taiwan, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Sri Lanka and Middle East Countries.

H.M.V has released L.P Disc and cassette of ghazals composed and sung by Sabir khan and Aruna Kundanani

Achievements:

In 1984 he organized a seven day long Festival of Indian Classical Music and Dance. In which all the top ranking musician had taken part in memory of Late Ustad Karamatullah Khan and was highly praised and publicized by the press and Media.

In 1994 he organized a six day long festival of Indian Classical Music and Dance, with all the top ranking artistes, in which an award in the name of Ustad Karamatullah Khan was given to Pdt A.T. Kanan, the renowned vocalist and in 1995 to Late Pdt. Kishan Maharaj, the reputed Tabla Player. 2009 is the celebration of the silver jubilee of Ustad Karamatullah Khan Music Circle, which is one the biggest achievement as a tribute to the guru and father Ustad Karamatullah Khansaheb.

Sabir khan travelled extensively all over the world many a times but the work mentioning is he's being invited as a cultural ambassador for the "Festival of India" in USA, Germany, France, Sweden, with all top ranking musicians today.

Sabir khan has been in the judgment panel of the one the most famous Indian television singing talent "Zee Sa Re Ga Ma Pa"

Press Review a few:

Harvallabh Music Conference 27th Dec.1983:

This whole night Music Conference has been stolen by young Sabir khan, where he accompanied Budhaditya Mukherjee. Pdt. Hariprasad Chaurasia. Ust Munawar Ali khan, Pdt Jasraj and Ustad Amjad Ali Khan, with each artistes Sabir's Stamina was getting stronger and stronger, and the last of his was worth praising the *Sawal-Jawab* and individual round brilliant and enjoyable.

Times of India (Bombay) 30.3.85:

The tabla accompanist Sabir khan is an extremely accomplished artist who competed well with the dancer in producing and reproducing the intricate rhythmic patterns with very fine percussion effects. He also provided interesting fillers by way of solo tabla recitals in between the dance sequence.

The Times of India (Bombay) 13.12.92

St. Xavier's College presented a three day festival of Indian Classical Music, where Ustad Amjad Ali Khan sarode recital excelled the evening and the tabla player Sabir khan was equally good.

Films in which Sabir Khan has directed music or assisted:-

- 1) Duratwa {Bengali}
- 2) Kaala Jal {Hindi}
- 3) Adavi Ramandu {Hindi version of Tamil}
- 4) Dhwani {Hindi}
- 5) Shruti {Tamil}
- 6} Shankar Lal {Hindi version of Tamil}
- 7} Every seventh Man is a Muslim {English}

Musical Releases {tabla}

- 1}105 records with almost every eminent artist in India
- 2}65 C.Ds and records in abroad.
- 3}4 solo C.Ds in abroad.
- 4} 1 Solo C.D in India (Drums of India)

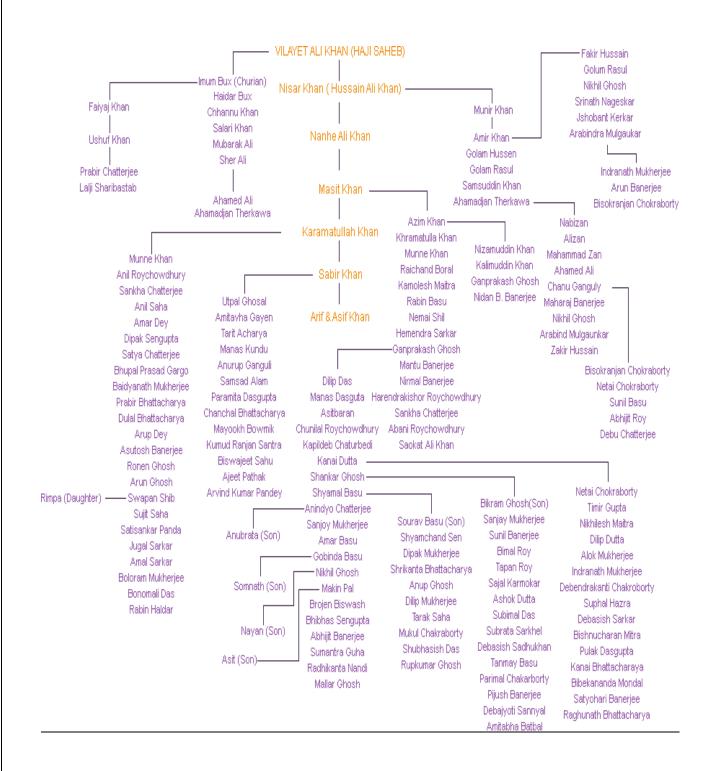
Awards:

- (1) The Best tabla player of 1981, from Indo American Society (Calcutta)
- (2) The Best Tabla player of the country from Rotary Club (Calcutta)
- (3) The Best Talent from India (Darlington College of Music, London. UK, in 1980)
- (4) Aftab-E-Tabla (Rampur Music Conference). India 1990
- (5) Talmani (twice) by (Swami Haridas Sangeet Sammelan) in 1976 and in 1991(Bombay)
- (6) Bharat Nirman Award in 2011
- (7) Sangeet Natak Academy Award in 2012
- (8) Banga Samman Award in 2013

Sabir has also been awarded the *Top Grade* in A.I.R & Doordarshan, From the Govt of India in 1995.

The Farukhabad Gharana Lineage:

- 01. Mir Akaasa(founder) (1132 1189)
- 02. Ustad Bilawal Akasa (1151 1208)
- 03. Ustad ALi Bux (kran) (1182 1255)
- 04. Ustad Bairam Khan (1204 1260)
- 05. Ustad Dhamman Khan (1236 1292)
- 06. Ustad Tajalmulh Khan (1260 1297)
- 07. Ustad Bunda Khan (1284 1329)
- 08. Ustad Asgari Khan (1306 1348)
- 09. Ustad Ali Raza Khan (1331 1371)
- 10. Ustad Ali Ahmed Khan (1355 1398)
- 11. <u>Ustad Ramzan Khan (1378 1438)</u>
- 12. Ustad Bakshu Khan (1397 1508)
- 13. Ustad Ali Asgar Khan (1425 1480)
- 14. Ustad Neyaz Khan (1450 1525)
- 15. Ustad Daulu Khan (1496 1548)
- 16. Ustad Waheed Khan (1517 1565)
- 17. Ustad Altaf Khan (1534 1574)
- 18. Ustad Jannesar Khan (1546 1609)
- 19. Ustad Dilawar Khan (1570 1646)
- 20. Ustad Yawar Khan (1602 1653)
- 21. Ustad Nasru Khan (1628 1677)
- 22. Ustad Bhurey Khan (1648 1691)
- 23. Ustad Enayat Khan (1676 1732)
- 24. Ustad Murad Khan (1705 1747)
- 25. Ustad Inam Ali Khan (1731 1790)
- 26. Ustad Shetab Ali Khan (1759 1816)
- 27. Ustad Aman ALi Khan (1779 1826)
- 28. Ustad Haji Vilayat Ali Khan(1803-1873)
- 29. Ustad Naser Ali Khan(1824-1877)
- 30. Ustad Nanhe Khan(1847-1902)
- 31. Ustad Masit Khan(1872-1974)
- 32. Ustad Karamatullah Khan(1917-1977)
- 33. Ustad Sabir Khan(1959



Farukhabad Gharana

-

Press Review

Ustad Sabir Khan and Pt. Jyoti Guha on the harmonium, the win-try musical night took off with rang madbubanti in both bilam-bit (slow) and druta lai (speedy rhythm), followed with consecu-

tive renditions of thumri 'saiyyan

gaye pardes yaad sataye din raina' in raag Misbra Pahari, the famous bhairavi bhajan 'Bhavani

is m A BATSMAN may retire hur from the cricketing crease and resume his interrupted innings later on. But a performer can't. For the latter believes in the adage, 'the show must go on.' Plus, a true blue artiste always dies in harness. So even if she feldown and was injured by her own admission prior to the soirce on 21 December; she continued to conquer hearts non-stop for the next two enthralling hours. That's Begum Parveen Sultana for you, who needs no introduction. "Arni pade gipeo gaan geye cholechbi," she blurts out with a girlic innocence in fluent Bengali on stage, much to the entapt listeners' amusement. A BATSMAN may retire hurt os ni C. ıg at it ir 38

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teners' amusement.

One of the gleaming luminaries in the realm of Hindustani classiin the realm of Hindustan classi-cal music, this queen of graceful gamaks, ornamented taans, curvy murkis and alankaars mesmerized the "samajbdar sunkaars (discreet audiences)" of Kolkata at ther mebfil in the packed auditorium of Kala Mandir as part of the three-daylong 30th Sangeet Kala Mandir Utsav'.

Ably accompanied by tabla ace



Photos : Dilip Dutta

and the haunting romantic melody 'Hume tumse pyaar kitna' in thumri style from the popular Rajesh Khanna-Hema Malini star-rer, Kudrat

Having been a diligent disciple of both Patiala and Kirana gibaranas, this living legend considers music to be a fathomless ocean and she, "still a learner" in the process. "It is

part of our musical education to recognise our stalwart teachers' names and their remarkable contribution in our lives before beginning a programme. After all, Guru bina gyan koi in apuwe (nobody) acquires knowledge without a guru). His status is indispensable. And I have been personally fortunate to get a galaxy of great masters as my gurus. My first guru was my respectable lather likramul Mazuksaub. Then I took teadim (music lessons) from Pandit Chinmoy Lahin of Bengal who belonged to nine different gharmus of learning and finally, continued my shirksha under the tutelage of my reputed musicologist husband-guru, Dishad Khan," she enlists, touching an earlobe out of enlists, touching an earlobe out of reverence.

Stressing on the importance of "karni vidya" that can be gained only through painstaking hard work, industrious efforts and per-severance, Sultana dissents from imparting classes through digital

mediums and the Internet.

"I subscribe to the old school of gurn-shishya param."
para which signifies the tradition of face-to-face learning. The best way to imbibe music is to sit and learn at the feet of your gurn For no amount of musical training is achievable via CDs, computers, Youtube or Skype," explains the vocalist, who already owns the country's top civilian awards as a cultural icon—Padma Shri (1976), Padma Bhushan (2014) granted by the Government of India, and the Sangeet Natak Akademi Award she received in 1998. Nonetheless, she finds the growing interest and enthusiasm for shastriya sangeet among today's Gen-Y very encouraging. Pointing at youngster Asif Man (Ustad Sabir Khan), who assisted her on the tanpura during her fielicule bandshes is had teese ended like a roller-coaster ride, Sultana asserts that the current-day youth

mediums and the Internet.

like a roller-coaster ride, Sultana asserts that the current-day youth is no less keen in pursuing their craft sincerely, especially in the instrument-section like percussion

crat sincerely, especially in the instrument-section like percussion as well as the tabla with pulsating beats," she notes.

Born in the sylvan slopes of Nagaon region in Assam, Begum sabiba confirms to be close to the roots of Assamese folklore and its music of the soil. "I used to watch the natives sing and dance to Bihu songs, which soaked with natural beauty and the customs of tight-knit hilly tribes," she reflects with nostalg Ask her to denote her favourite ragas, and she quickly mentions the morning strains of abirbba and gurjori todi, while the evening ragas she instances as puria abyanesbri, raagesbri and malkaus.



The Telegraph



Amaan, Ayaan enthrall city's music lovers

By Our Reporter

By Our Reporter

SHILL ONG The strings of sared countries of the country of the country of the country of the countries of th

Arman and Ayaan also brought alive Gharana that has enriched the country's classical music for the last 300 hundred years, through sarred.

Ayaan and Sabir Khan during their performance gave vitality to the show and the audience accepted the pulse of the audience they concluded the musical show with Bengali and Assamese folk tunes.

Earlier, the students of Gitanjali

Bengali and Assamese folk tunes.

Earlier, the students of Gitanjali under the direction of Prof Asia under the direction of Prof Asia under the direction of the cultural evening. Editor of The Shillons was the chief guest on the occasion released the annual publication of the Gitanjali Academy Swaranjali Academy in bringing cultural tradition and music in Shillong.

Statesmen

Fostering shared moods

The creative, scintillating renditions at some disparate events ennobled, encouraged and enriched the souls of listeners



Sangeet Bandopadhyay with Ustad Sabir Khan and Sanatan Goswami



elebrating the 85th birth anniversary of Pandit Sankha Chatterjee and honouring him on this occasion was the special feature of the annual music conference of Sangeet Amritam. The event witnessed eminent musicians offering tributes to the octogenarian tabla maestro of the golden era of classical music who also groomed several successful performers of this era. Quite understandable, the main attraction of the evening was a scintillating tabla solo by Pandit Swapan Chaudhuri which enthralled numerous musicians and music lovers present in the audience. The auditorium of Madhusudan Manch was resonating with each and every stroke of the living legend. Earlier, an opening song based or Misra Purvi describing the profound energy of music (sangeet) and the effi cacy of its nectar (amritam) illumined the objective of the school of Sangee ta Bandyopadhyay. After the felicita tion in the presence of Swapan Chaud huri and Ustad Sabir Khan, the Khal ifa of Farukhabad gharana, the student of Shankha Chatterjee recited some c his selective tabla compositions a tribute to their guru. Several anecdote associated with their senior, wer recounted by both Chaudhuri an Khan, Next, Sangeeta Bandyopadhya accompanied by Sabir Khan an Sanatan Goswami on the tabla and ha monium respectively, sang raga Mac huwanti, a Saraswati yandana set to iin Saraswati and rupaktal and a tarai in ektal.

The Telegraph

Memorable Moments



Accompanying Bharat Ratna Pdt. Ravi Shankar



Accompanying Aftab-e-sitar Ust. Vilayat Khan



Accompanying Bharat Ratna Ustad Bismillah Khan and Pdt. V.G. Jog



With Ustad Amjad Ali Khan



Receiving the prestigious Bharat Nirman Award



Receiving Sangeet Natak Academy award from Then president late Sri Pranab Mukherjee

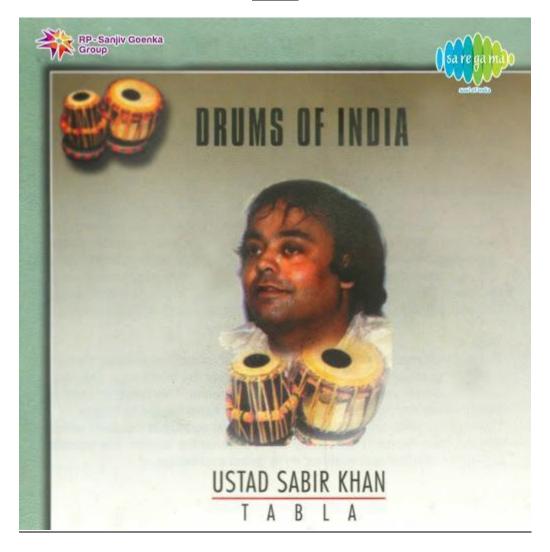


Tabla Lecture Demonstration at Mardala University (bhubaneshwar)



Lecture Demo at West Bengal State Music Academy

<u>Albums</u>



Drums of India (1996)-Saregama

RAGA DARBARI THE KING OF RAGAS—THE RAGA OF KINGS

ECSD 2824 STEREO

The Gramophone Co. of India Ltd. is happy to present yet another record of the eminent sarod player, Ustad Amjad Ali Khan. Though in himself he needs no introduction, it is important to know that he belongs to the sixth generation of a hereditary Gharana (school) of sarod players. Son of the noted Ustad Hafiz Ali Khan Saheb, Amjad has created his own niche with music lovers and connoisseurs. He has given performances extensively in India as well as abroad, and was awarded Padma Shri in 1974. But let us have a word from Amjad himself—

"The release of my new record by HMV provides me with a happy opportunity to say hello to my old listeners and also welcome new ones. Let me also thank all of you who took the trouble to write to me after listening to my earlier record of Bihag and Piloo. In this record, I have played for you Raga Darbari. I may as well confess that this is a raga that I approach with some apprehensions and trepidations Somehow, since my childhood, I have had many associations with this raga. Its vastness has always filled my imagination. The background of this raga and the stories about its origin have always thrilled me. I have often tried to visualise how it was composed for the court of Emperor Akbar by the outstanding musical genius Mian Tansen, who, according to legend, could illuminate lamps with his rendering of raga Deepak, and cause rain with his singing of Megh.

My imagination has also fed on the different versions of this raga that I have heard. Of course, my father's memories come immediately to my mind. Among the vocalists whose rendering of Darbari I especially recall, and whose influence remains vividly with me, are Ustad Faiyaz Khan Saheb and Ustad Amir Khan Saheb.

I have always been aware of the technical I have always been aware of the technical limitations of the sarod and have been consciously and constantly trying to overcome these. It has been a constant challenge for me to portray the fluidity and virtuosity of vocal music through my instrument. This is a challenge I like to meet and master. I have been recording music since 1966, but so far, had hesitated to record this particular years. To eliver the technical master and the second service of the particular raga. To play in the presence of an audience is one thing, and to leave a permanent record of one's music is a different matter.

Darbari is a raga I am extremely fond of, and I have been constantly striving for more dexterity and flow in my instrument before recording it.

But then, one can wait a lifetime for these things and never be completely satisfied!

> LONG PLAY 33 1 R.P.M. RECORD Manufactured & Distributed by THE GRAMOPHONE COMPANY OF INDIA LIMITED

I have to tell you something about this particular raga and my approach to it. As is well known, great importance is given to the bandish (composition) in vocal music. In my music also, this is one aspect which I like to emphasize. Improvisations are not more important than the bandish, and to my mind, it is like a beautiful house, but one which has no garden or setting to show it off. By themselves, improvisations are like gypsies, wandering from one place to another with no settled home to return to. The bandish provides this home. It stands like a crown in which the improvisations sparkle like jewels.

The raga Darbari has a characteristic musical shape: its aroha (ascent) and avroha (descent) unlike some other ragas, are not in straight order, but involve turns (vakratra). Particular stress is laid on the notes gandhar and dhaivat, which are treated with a special kind of shake called andolan. It is mostly this treatment of these two notes which gives this raga its special character, one of majestic beauty and grandeur best suited to performance in the late evening. In my previous records of Mian Malhar and Shri, I had played one raga on both sides, side one contained the alap, jor and jhala, and side two, the gat. Whenever I hear these being played,
I notice that people generally prefer to play
side two. Frankly, and I won't hesitate to confess,
this disappoints me, because although the
second side is faster and more rhythmic, the alap and barhat of the first side are more crucial to the unfolding of the raga's character.

On this record, however, I have made a small change by adding on side one a composition in madhya laya tritaal (sixteen beats). This goes with the mood of the raga, and I hope you will like it. On side two, I have continued the same raga and played two other compositions. The first is set to a time cycle of twelve beats (ektaal), and the second one to tritaal. The structure of this last gat is somewhat unusual in that it is based on the style of khayal singing rather than the traditional patterns of instrumental composition.

Before concluding, I would like to introduce to you a young tabla player, Sabir Khan, who makes his debut with this record. He is the son of the well-known late Ustad Keramatullah Khan of

I hope you enjoy listening to this record as much as I have enjoyed recording it. Do write and let me have the pleasure of keeping in touch with you and hearing your suggestions."

pomps dalilla

USTAD AMJAD ALI KHAN * SAROD *

Raga Darbari Alap: Jor, Jhala Gat: Madhyalaya Tritaal

side two

Raga Darbari Gat: Ektaal Gat: Drut Tritaal

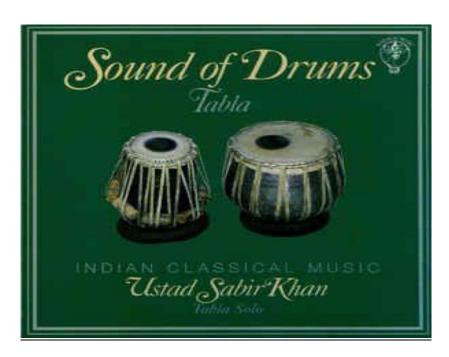
TABLA SABIR KHAN

Design: LOVLIN Photos: RAGHU RAI

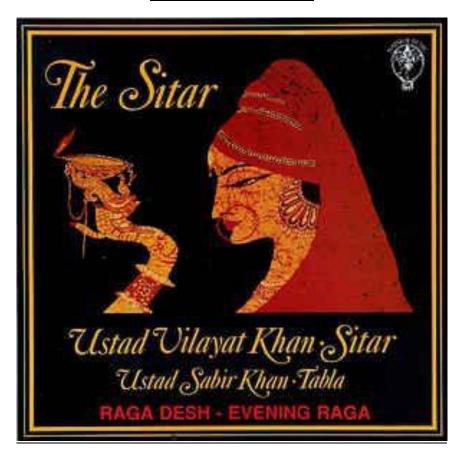
Raag Darbari With Ustad Amjad Ali Khan (1979) - Gramophone Records



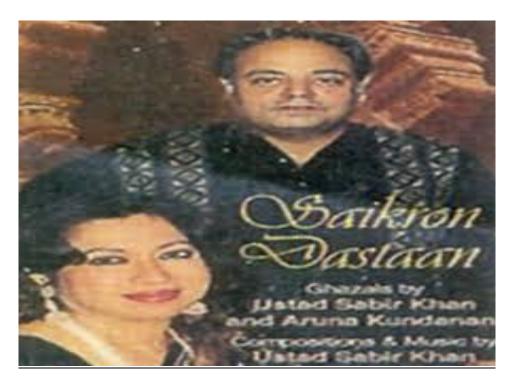
With Ustad Amjad Ali Khansaheb



Sound of Drums –Germany



With Ustad Vilayat Khan



Saikron Dastan with Smt. Aruna Kundanani (ghazal)

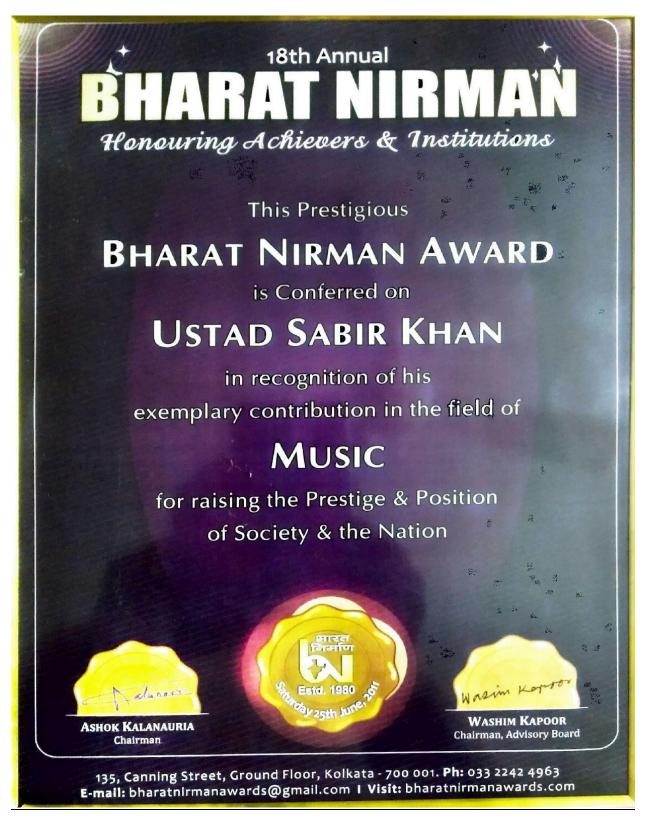


Ghazal Mehek-with Smt Aruna Kunadanani (ghazal)

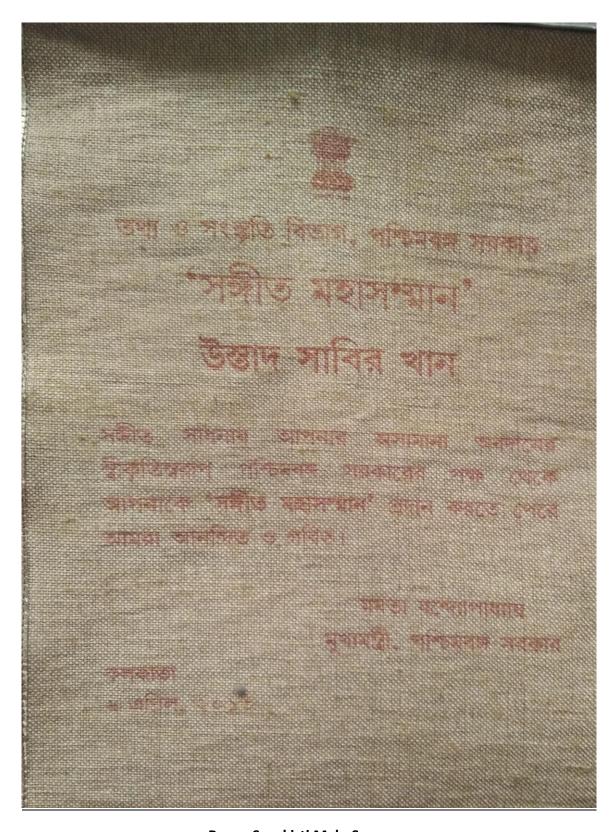
Awards:



Sangeet Natak Acdemy Award (2012)



Bharat Nirman Award (2011)



Banga Sanskirti MahaSamman

Present Age: 60yrs Contact details: Rail Vihar Flat no: 637, 6th floor 480, Mdhurdaha, Kasba, Kolkata-700107 T: +91-98310-78110 E:sabirkhan_tabla@gmail.com