## DFT Matrix Properties (3A)

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## N=8 D「丁 Matrix

$$
\begin{aligned}
& X[k]=\sum_{n=0}^{7} W_{8}^{k n} x[n] \quad W_{8}^{k n}=e^{-j\left(\frac{2 \pi}{8}\right) k n}
\end{aligned}
$$

## $\mathrm{N}=8$ ID F「丁 Matrix

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x[n]=\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{7} W_{8}^{-k n} X[k] \quad W_{8}^{-k n}=e^{+j\left(\frac{2 \pi}{8}\right) k n}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Symmetric Matrices

## $\boldsymbol{A}=\boldsymbol{A}^{T}$

DFT


$$
\boldsymbol{B}=\boldsymbol{B}^{T}
$$

IDF


## Conjugate Transpose Matrices

$$
\boldsymbol{A}=\boldsymbol{B}^{H} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \boldsymbol{A}=\boldsymbol{B}^{*}
$$



$$
\boldsymbol{B}=\boldsymbol{A}^{H} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \boldsymbol{B}=\boldsymbol{A}^{*}
$$



## Product AB

$$
\boldsymbol{A} \cdot \boldsymbol{B} \Rightarrow \boldsymbol{A} \cdot \boldsymbol{A}^{H} \Rightarrow \boldsymbol{A} \cdot \boldsymbol{A}^{*} \Rightarrow N \boldsymbol{I}
$$

## DFT

IDFT


## Unitary Matrix

$$
\begin{aligned}
& C=\boldsymbol{A} \cdot \boldsymbol{B}=\boldsymbol{A} \cdot \boldsymbol{A}^{H}=\boldsymbol{A} \cdot \boldsymbol{A}^{*}={ }_{N} \boldsymbol{I} \\
& \boldsymbol{C}= \\
& \boldsymbol{U} \cdot \boldsymbol{U}^{H}=\boldsymbol{I} \quad \text { Unitary Matrix }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Symmetric Matrices

DFT Matrix in the row-wise view
DFT Matrix in the column-wise view


IDFT Matrix in the row-wise view


IDFT Matrix in the column-wise view

$\boldsymbol{B}=\boldsymbol{B}^{T}$


## Conjugate Transpose Matrices



$$
\boldsymbol{B}=\boldsymbol{A}^{H}
$$


$\boldsymbol{B}=\boldsymbol{A}^{*}$
Real - - Imaginary


## Product AB

## DFT IDFT



## X[k] measures frequency



0 cycle
-1 cycles
-2 cycles
-3 cycles
-4 cycles
+3 cycles
+2 cycles
+1 cycles

X[0] measures " 0 cycle" component in $x$ X[1] measures "+1 cycle" component in $x$ X[2] measures " +2 cycle" component in $x$ X[3] measures " +3 cycle" component in $x$ X[4] measures " +4 cycle" component in $x$ X[5] measures "-3 cycle" component in $x$ X[6] measures "-2 cycle" component in $x$ X[7] measures "-1 cycle" component in $x$

$$
工 R e\left\{e^{-j \frac{2 \pi}{8} k n}\right\}=\cos \left(-\frac{2 \pi}{8} k n\right)
$$

$$
\operatorname{Im}\left\{e^{-j \frac{2 \pi}{8} k n}\right\}=\sin \left(-\frac{2 \pi}{8} k n\right)
$$

## References

[1] http://en.wikipedia.org/
[2] J.H. McClellan, et al., Signal Processing First, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2003
[3] A "graphical interpretation" of the DFT and FFT, by Steve Mann

