

Arne Wossink, Wikimedia Nederland, wossink@wikimedia.nl

Wikimedia & meer

Universiteit Leiden, 11 januari 2019

[Wikipedia: #Edit2015](#)



Wikipedia

- Vanaf 2001
- [Wat het betekent om de grootste te zijn](#)

NASA, Eugene F. Kranz at his console at the NASA Mission Control Center, PD





Organisatie



- Samenwerking erfgoedinstellingen
- Support vrijwilligers



WIKIPEDIA

Bewerkersgemeenschap



- Content
- Regels, structuur

Niccolò Caranti, CC-BY-SA 4.0

- Software
- Juridisch
- Fondsenwerving



Visie



Wikipedia is overal...?

The screenshot shows a Facebook post for Atlas Obscura. The post text reads: "Atlas Obscura is an online magazine and digital media company led by American journalist David Plotz. It was founded in 2009 by author Joshua Foer and documentary film-maker Dylan Thuras. It catalogs unusual and obscure travel destinations, and relies heavily on user-generated content. It features a...". Below the text is a link for the first time, dated January 2019, and the domain atlasobscura.com registered in 2009. A share overlay titled "Over deze website" is open, showing a list of related articles from Atlas Obscura.com, including "Santa Claus' Main Post Office", "Onam Sadhya", and "Sequoyah Birthplace Museum".

Alle Maps Afbeeldingen Nieuws Video's Meer Instellingen Tools

Ongeveer 136.000.000 resultaten (0,42 seconden)

Gemeente Leiden - Leiden Stad van Ontdekkingen - Leiden Stad van ...

<https://www.visitleiden.nl/nl/landingpage>
Ontdek Leiden, Stad van Ontdekkingen! Bezoek Leiden, bekijk de Uitagenda en plan jouw bezoek.

Home - Leiden Stad van Ontdekkingen

<https://www.visitleiden.nl/nl>
Leiden, Stad van Ontdekkingen. Leiden is de Stad van Ontdekkingen. Ontdek zelf wat hier allemaal te beleven is! De Leidse hofjes Monumentale Leiden ...
Eerste keer Leiden · Ontdek Leiden · VVV Leiden · Musea in Leiden

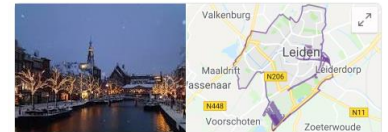
Gemeente Leiden: Home

<https://gemeente.leiden.nl/>
De officiële website van de gemeente Leiden. Met informatie over dienstverlening, wonen, werken en vrije tijd in Leiden.

Leiden - Wikipedia

<https://nl.wikipedia.org/wiki/Leiden>
Met 124.294 inwoners is Leiden, naar inwoneraantal gemeten, na Rotterdam, Den Haag en Zoetermeer de vierde gemeente van Zuid-Holland. Het aan elkaar ...
Geschiedenis · Geografie · Politiek en bestuur · Kunst en cultuur

Voorpaginanieuws



Leiden

Stad in Nederland

Leiden is een stad en gemeente in de Nederlandse provincie Zuid-Holland. Met 124.294 inwoners is Leiden, naar inwoneraantal gemeten, na Rotterdam, Den Haag en Zoetermeer de vierde gemeente van Zuid-Holland. Het aan elkaar vast gebouwde stedelijk gebied van Leiden telt 206.647 inwoners. [Wikipedia](#)

Weer: 6 °C, wind W met 6 km/h, 80% luchtvochtigheid

Bevolking: 121.562 (2015) Verenigde Naties

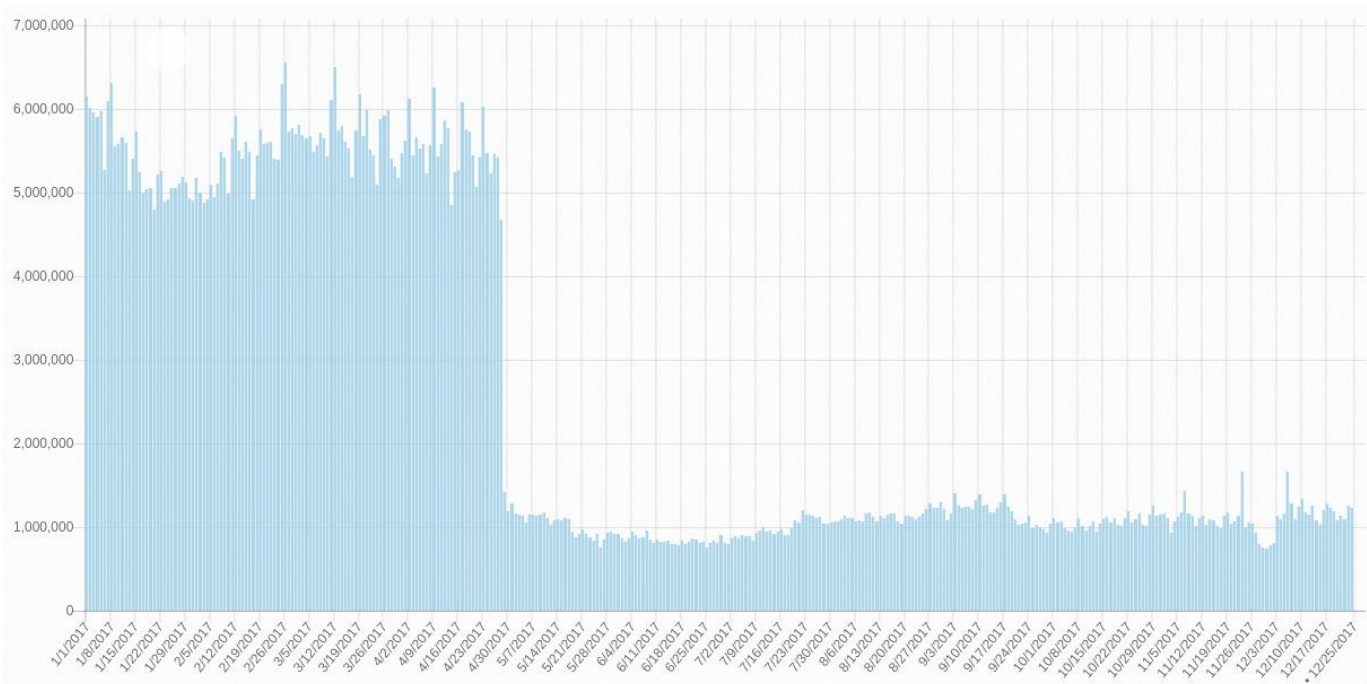
Een reis plannen

[Reizen voor Leiden](#)

Nee, niet overal...

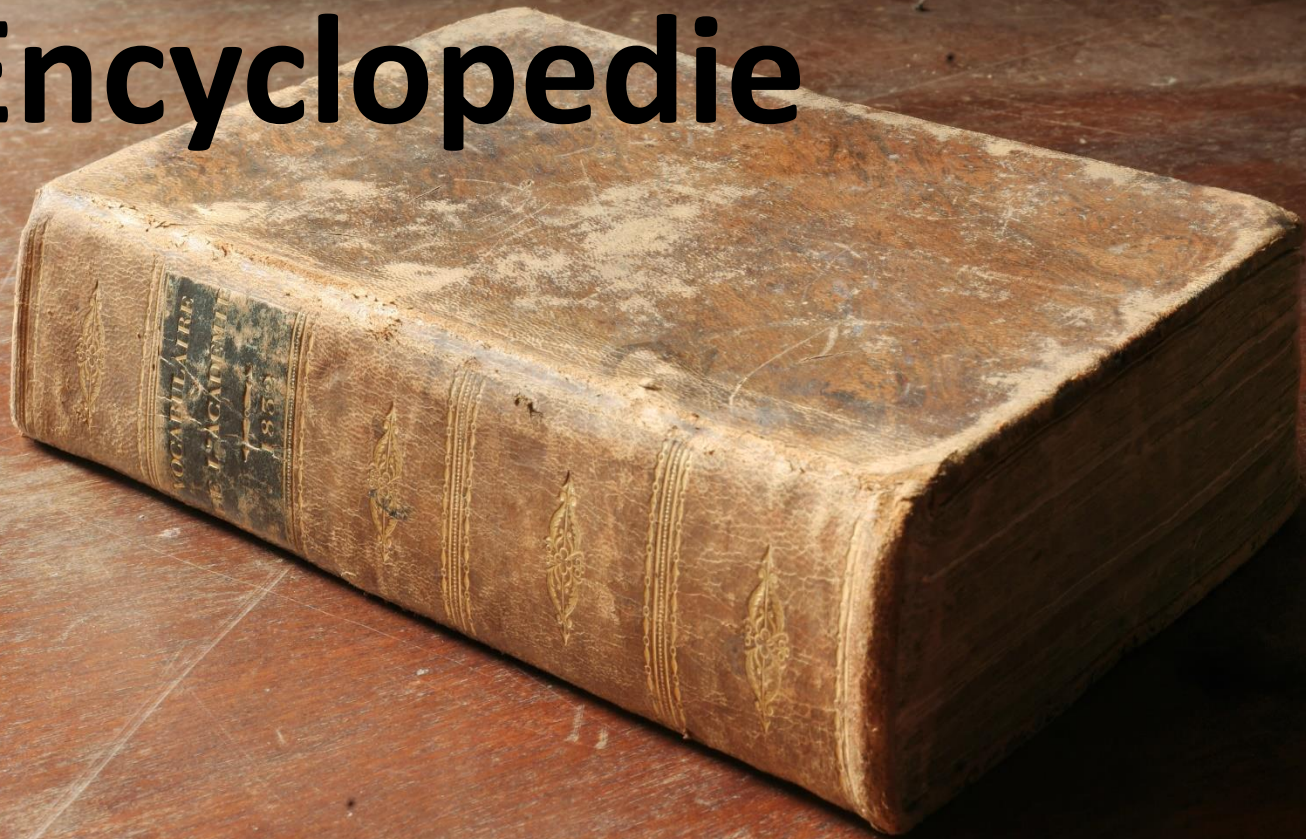


Page views

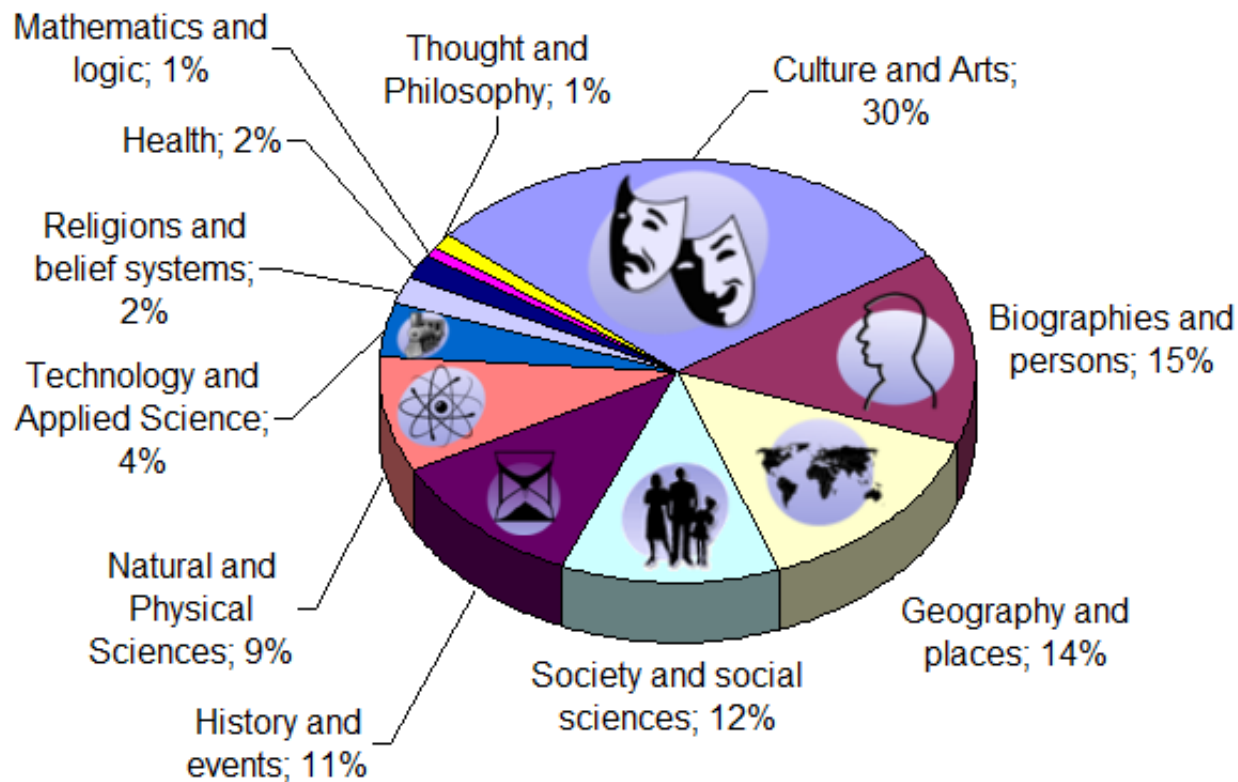


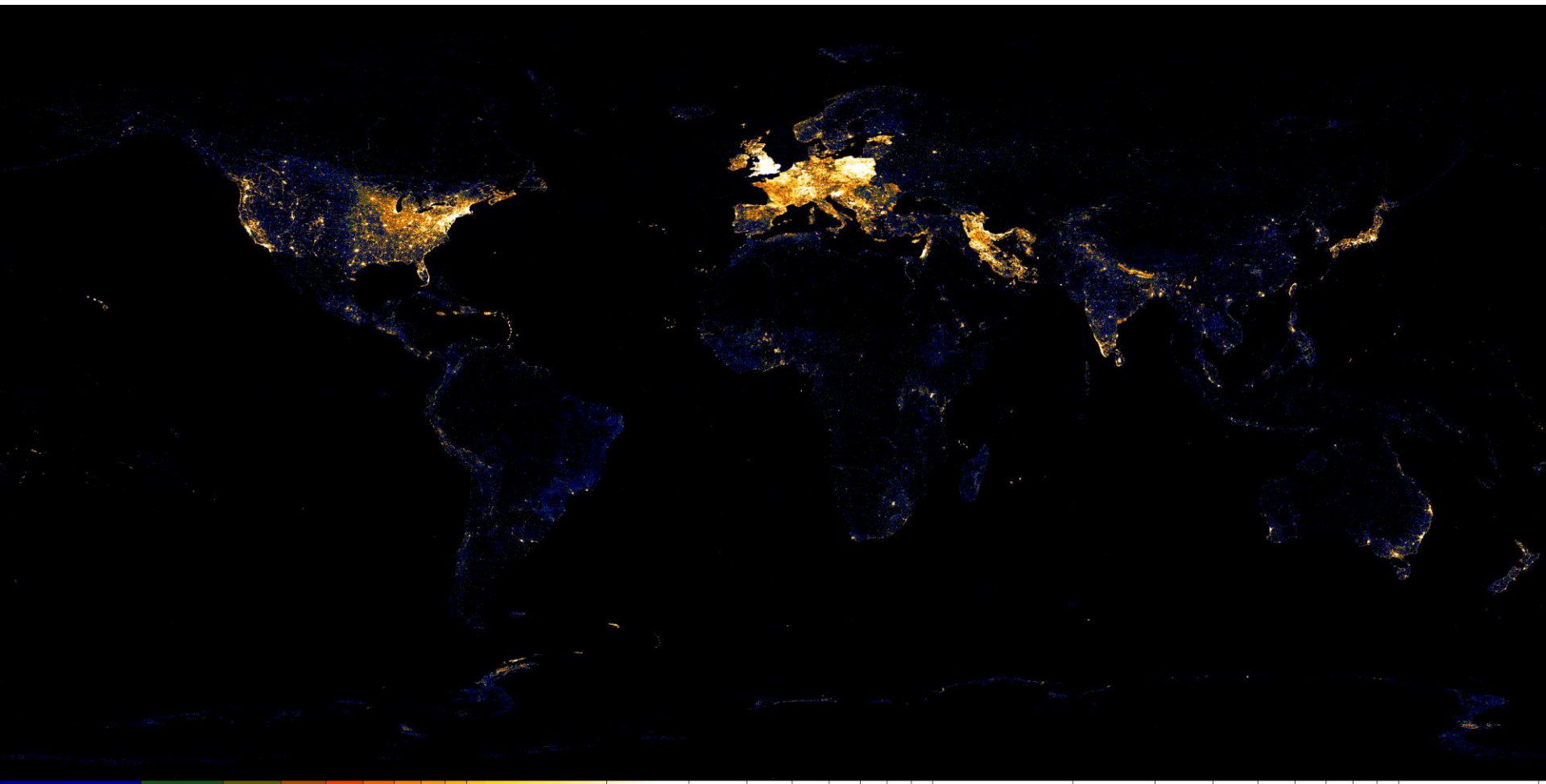
tr.wikipedia.org · 1/1/2017 - 12/25/2017 · 903,136,062 pages vues

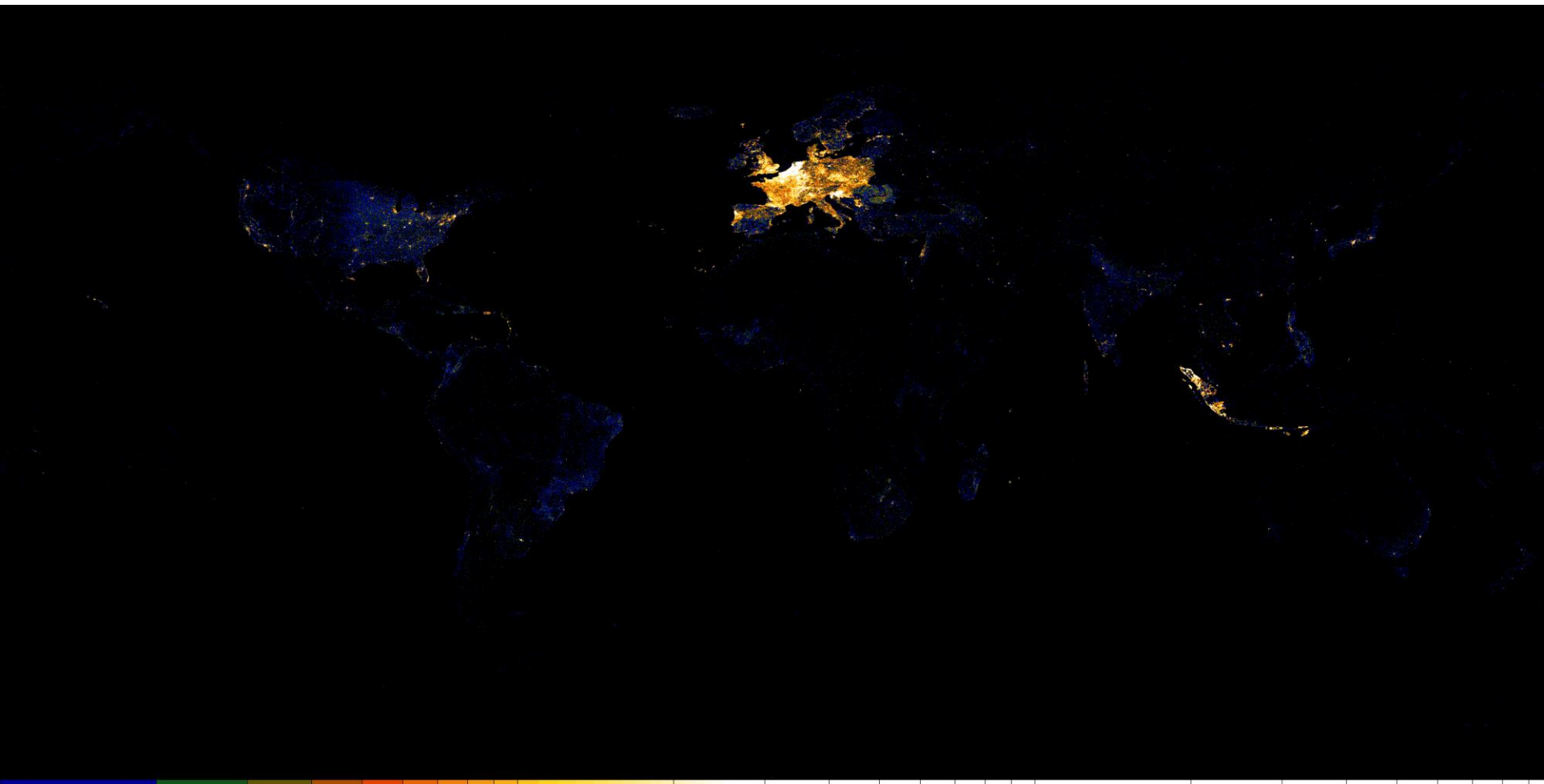
Encyclopedie

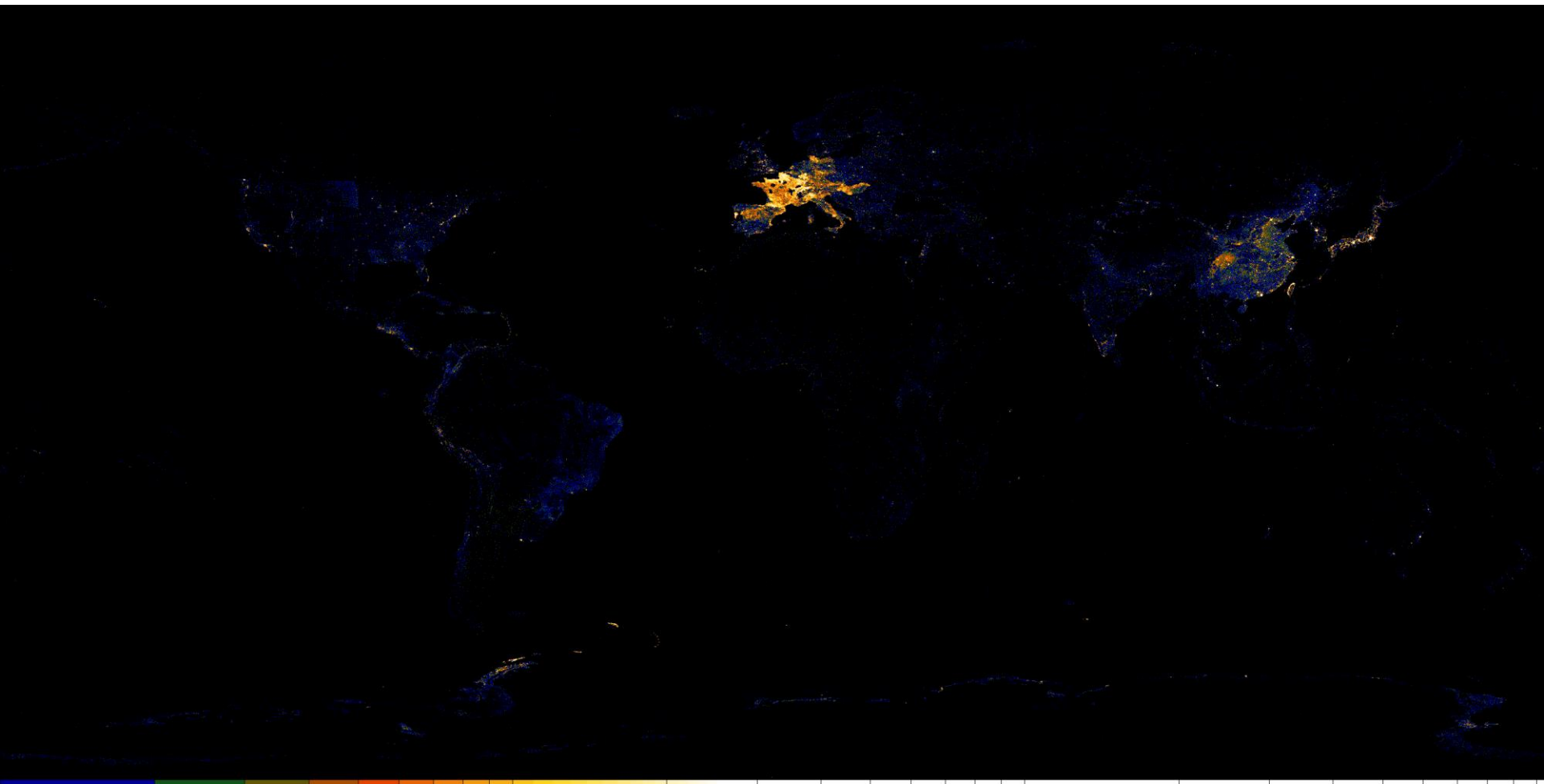


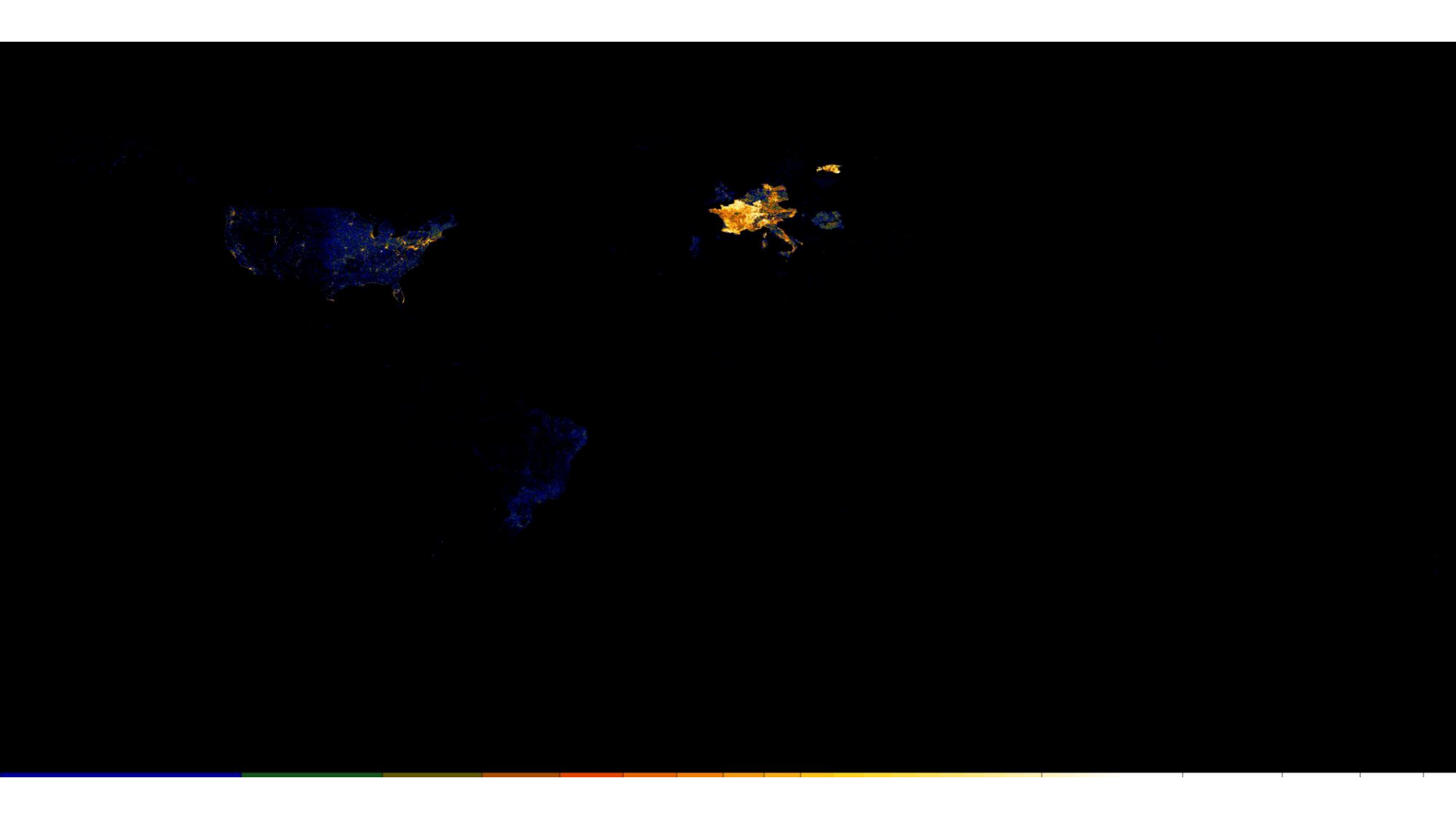
Inhoud ≠ inhoud











Man <> vrouw?

- [Gendergap](#)
- [Women in Red](#)

Bengt Nyman, Donna Strickland EM1B5760 (46183560632) (cropped), CC BY 2.0

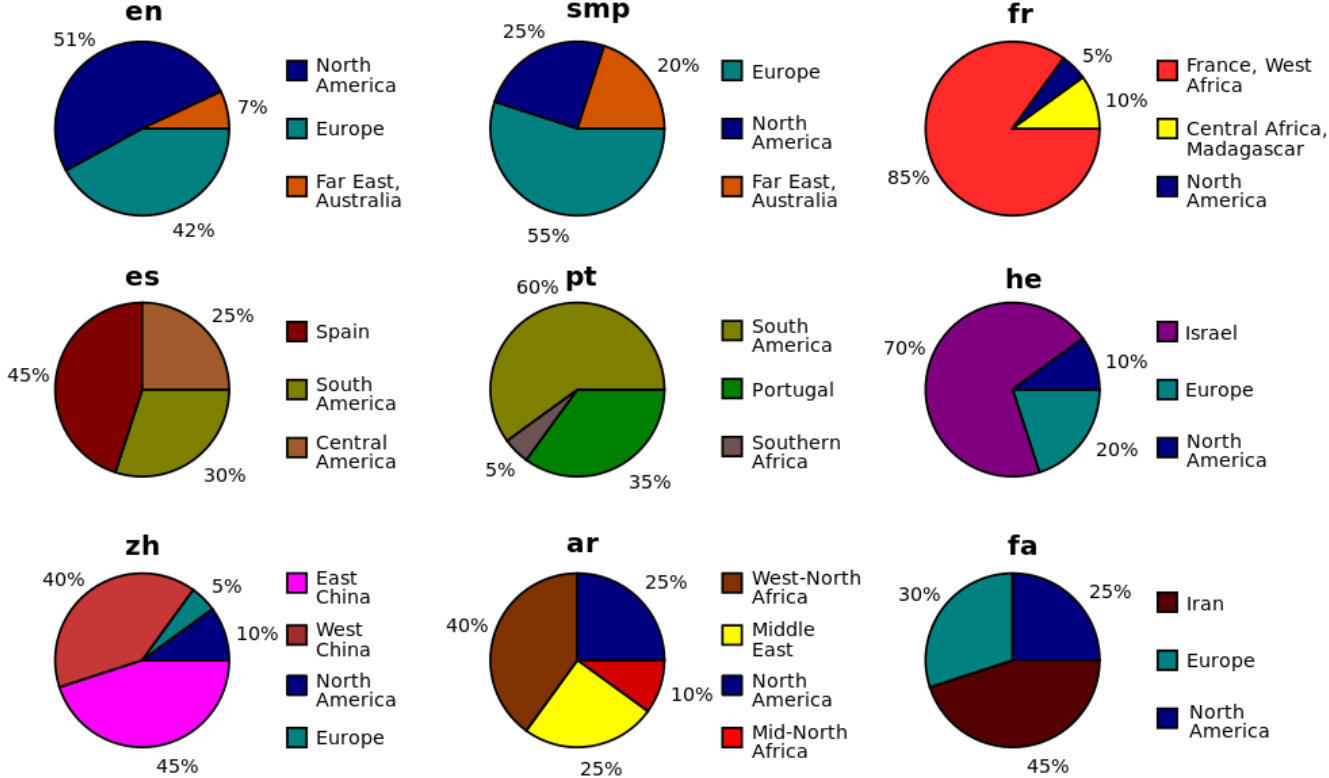


Gemeenschap

Vgrigas (WMF), CC-BY-SA 4.0



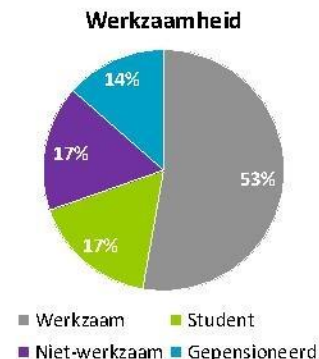
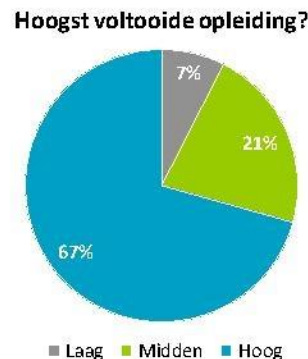
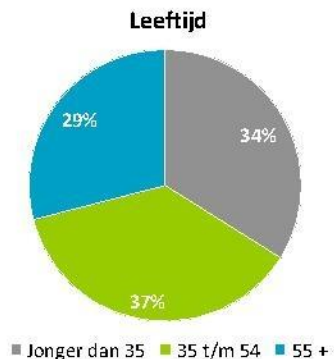
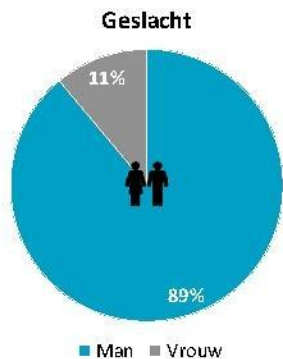
Bewerkers



(Data: PLoS ONE 2012)

WP:NL





Kennis en informatie delen is de belangrijkste reden om bij te dragen aan Wikipedia en/of andere Wikimedia projecten (53%).

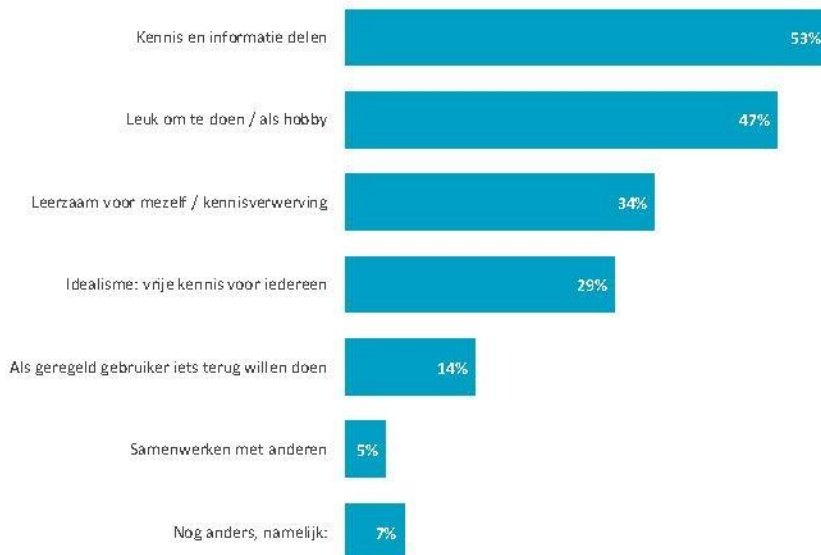


- Vrouwen noemen minder vaak *leuk om te doen/als hobby* (32% om 49%).
- Vrouwen noemen vaker *samenwerken met anderen* (20% om 3%).



- Belgen noemen vaker *Idealisme: vrije kennis voor iedereen* (39% om 27%).

Wat zijn voor u de belangrijkste redenen om inhoudelijk bij te dragen aan Wikipedia en/of andere Wikimedia-projecten (Maximaal 2 antwoorden)? (n=451)





Encyclopedisch

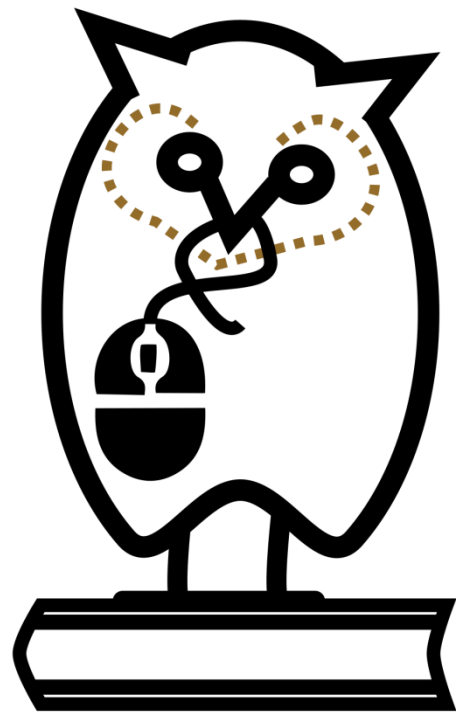
- Voldoende bronnen
- Voldoende kwaliteit
- Geen 'origineel onderzoek'



Unknown artist, PD

[1] LIBRARIAN
REFERENCE

{ } wikicite



Citation hunt

Master of the Codex Manesse, Der von Suonegge, PD



Bronnen



navigation

- Main page
- Contents
- Featured content
- Current events
- Random article

interaction

- About Wikipedia
- Community portal

article discussion modify history protect delete move watch ! sch find

Kylu my talk my preferences my watchlist my contributions Thu, 02 Aug 2007 06:5

Citation

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This article does not cite any references or sources.

Please help *improve this article* by adding citations to *reliable sources*. (*help, get involved!*)

Unverifiable material may be challenged and removed.

This article has been tagged since June 2007.

For Wikipedia's citation policies, see [Wikipedia:Citing sources](#) and [Wikipedia:Citing Wikipedia](#). For other uses, see [Citation \(disambiguation\)](#)

A **citation** or **bibliographic citation** is a reference to a [book](#), [article](#), [web page](#), or other published item with sufficient detail to identify the item uniquely. Unpublished writings or [working papers](#) and personal communications, are also sometimes cited. Citations are provided in [scholarly works](#), [bibliographies](#), and [indexes](#). The word *citation* may also refer to the act of citing a work, that is, providing a reference to the work in the form of a bibliographic citation.

Citations are used in scholarly works to give credit to or acknowledge the influence of previous works, or to refer to authorities. Citations permit readers to put claims to the test by consulting earlier works. Authors often engage earlier work directly, explaining why they agree with, or differ from, earlier views. Ideally, sources are [primary](#) (first-hand) and recent.

Bronnen

The field of communication (or communication) overlaps with some of the disciplines also covered by the title. The most common disciplinary style recommendations student papers in such departments in American colleges and universities is often *The Publication Manual of the APA* (American Psychological Association); desi

References [edit | edit source]

Citations [edit | edit source]

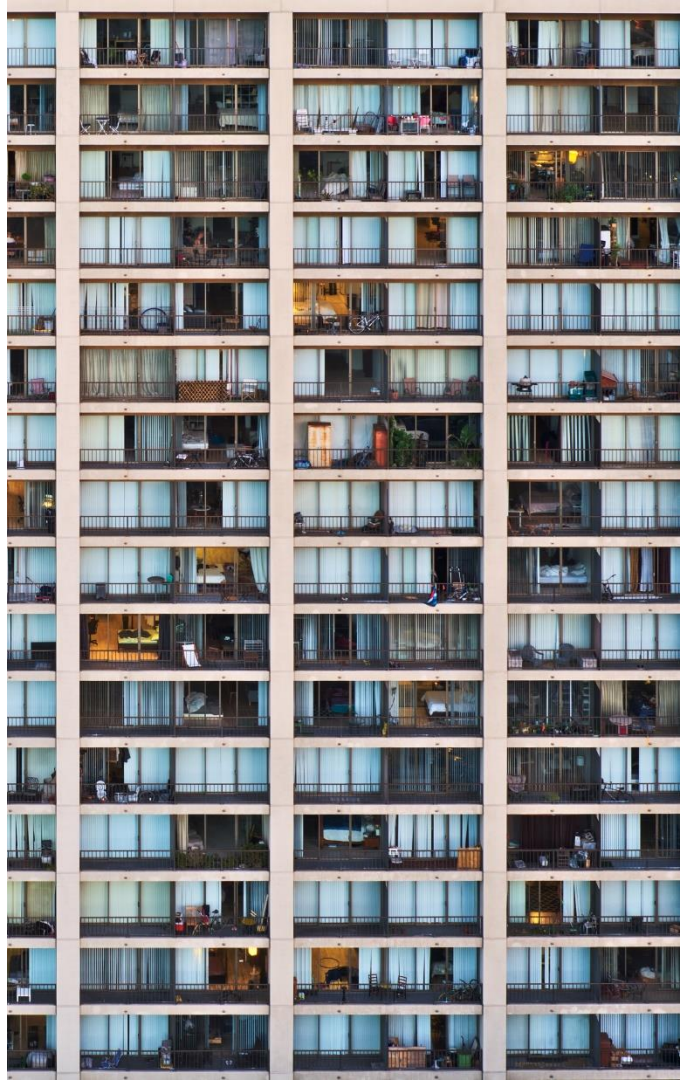
- ↑ "What Does it Mean to Cite?". *Massachusetts Institute of Technology*. MIT Academic Integrity.
- ↑ Association of Legal Writing Directors & Darby Dickerson, *ALWD Citation Manual: A Professional System of Citation*, 4th ed. (New York: Aspen, 2010), 3.
- ↑ Roark, Marc Lane; Emerson, Warren (2015-11-10). "Signals". Rochester, NY. *SSRN 2688685*.
- ↑ Moustafa, Khaled (2016). "Aberration of the Citation". *Accountability in Research*. **23** (4): 230–244. doi:10.1080/08989621.2015.1127763. ISSN 1545-5815. PMID 26636372.
- ↑ "Oxford Referencing System". Retrieved 18 January 2011.
- ↑ "Library glossary". *Benedictine University*. August 22, 2008. Archived from the original on April 30, 2008. Retrieved 2009-02-27.
- ↑ Long Island University.
- ↑ Duke University Libraries 2007.
- ↑ ^ ^ ^ Brigham Young University 2008.
- ↑ ^ ^ ^ Neville, C. (2012). Referencing: Principles, practices and problems. In *RGUHS Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences*. Vol 2:2. pp. 1-8
- ↑ Council of Science Editors, *Style Manual Committee* (2007). *Scientific style and format: the CSE manual for authors, editors, and publishers*.
- ↑ "How to Write Research Papers with Citations: MLA, APA, Footnotes, Endnotes". Retrieved 2010-01-31.
- ↑ Live Reference Initiative. Retrieved 2012-04-28.
- ↑ California State University 2007.
- ↑ Lesley University 2007.
- ↑ Rochester Institute of Technology 2003.
- ↑ Elizabeth Shown Mills. *Evidence Explained : Citing History Sources from Artifacts to cyberspace*. 2d ed. Baltimore:Genealogical Pub. Co., 2009.
- ↑ The 2nd edition (updated April 2008) of the *MHRA Style Guide* is downloadable for free from the Modern Humanities Research Association official Website.
- ↑ Martin 2007.
- ↑ *Canadian Guide to Uniform Legal Citation (Cite Guide)*. McGill Law Journal. Updated October 2008. Retrieved 2009-02-05.
- ↑ *Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts Submitted to Biomedical Journals*.
- ↑ International Committee of Medical Journal Editors. "ICMJE Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts Submitted to Biomedical Journals -- Sample References".
- ↑ IEEE Style Manual. Retrieved 2015-02-16.
- ↑ *Pechenik Citation Style QuickGuide* (PDF). University of Alberta, Augustana Campus, Canada. Web. November 2007.
- ↑ Garfield, Eugene (2006). "Citation indexes for science. A new dimension in documentation through association of ideas". *International Journal of Epidemiology*. **35** (5): 1123–1127. doi:10.1093/ije/dyl189. PMID 16987841.
- ↑ Stephen Yoder, ed. (2008). *The APSA Guide to Writing and Publishing and Style Manual for Political Science*. Rev. ed. August 2006. APSAnet.org Publications. Retrieved 2015-09-28.
- ↑ "Publishing Style Guide - Stay Informed".
- ↑ Bugeja, Michael and Daniela V. Dimitrova. *Vanishing Act: The Erosion of Online Footnotes and Implications for Scholarship in the Digital Age*. Duluth, Minnesota: Litwin Books (2010)
- ↑ Raymond Hubbard and J. Scott Armstrong (1994). "Replications and Extensions in Marketing: Rarely Published But Quite Contrary" (PDF). *International Journal of Research in Marketing*. **11** (3): 233–248. doi:10.1016/0167-8116(94)90003-5.
- ↑ Wright, Malcolm; Armstrong, J. Scott (2008). "The Ombudsman: Verification of Citations: Faulty Towers of Knowledge?" (PDF). *Interfaces*. Catonsville, Maryland: Institute for Operations Research and the Management Sciences. **38** (2): 125–139. doi:10.1287/inte.1070.0317. eISSN 1526-551X. ISSN 0092-2102. JSTOR 25062982. OCLC 5582131729. SSRN 1941335. Archived (PDF) from the original on 2013-12-17.
- ↑ Bornmann, L., & Daniel, H. D. (2008). What do citation counts measure? A review of studies on citing behavior. *Journal of Documentation*, 64(1), 45-80.
- ↑ Anauati, Maria Victoria and Galiani, Sebastian and Gálvez, Ramiro H., Quantifying the Life Cycle of Scholarly Articles Across Fields of Economic Research (November 11, 2014). Available at SSRN: <http://ssrn.com/abstract=2523078>
- ↑ van Wesel, M.; Wyatt, S.; ten Haaf, J. (2014). "What a difference a colon makes: how superficial factors influence subsequent citation". *Scientometrics*. **98** (3): 1601–1615. doi:10.1007/s11192-013-1154-x.
- ↑ Heneberg, P. (2014). "Parallel Worlds of Citable Documents and Others: Inflated Commissioned Opinion Articles Enhance Scientometric Indicators". *Journal of the Association for Information Science and Technology*. **65** (3): 635. doi:10.1002/asi.22997.
- ↑ Fister Jr., I.; Fister, I.; Perc, M. (2016). "Toward the Discovery of Citation Cartels in Citation Networks". *Frontiers in Physics*. **4**: 49. doi:10.3389/fphy.2016.00049.

Bibliography [edit | edit source]

Neutraal

- Verifieerbaar
- Standpunten accuraat weergegeven
- Geen trivia

Dilu, CC-BY-SA 4.0

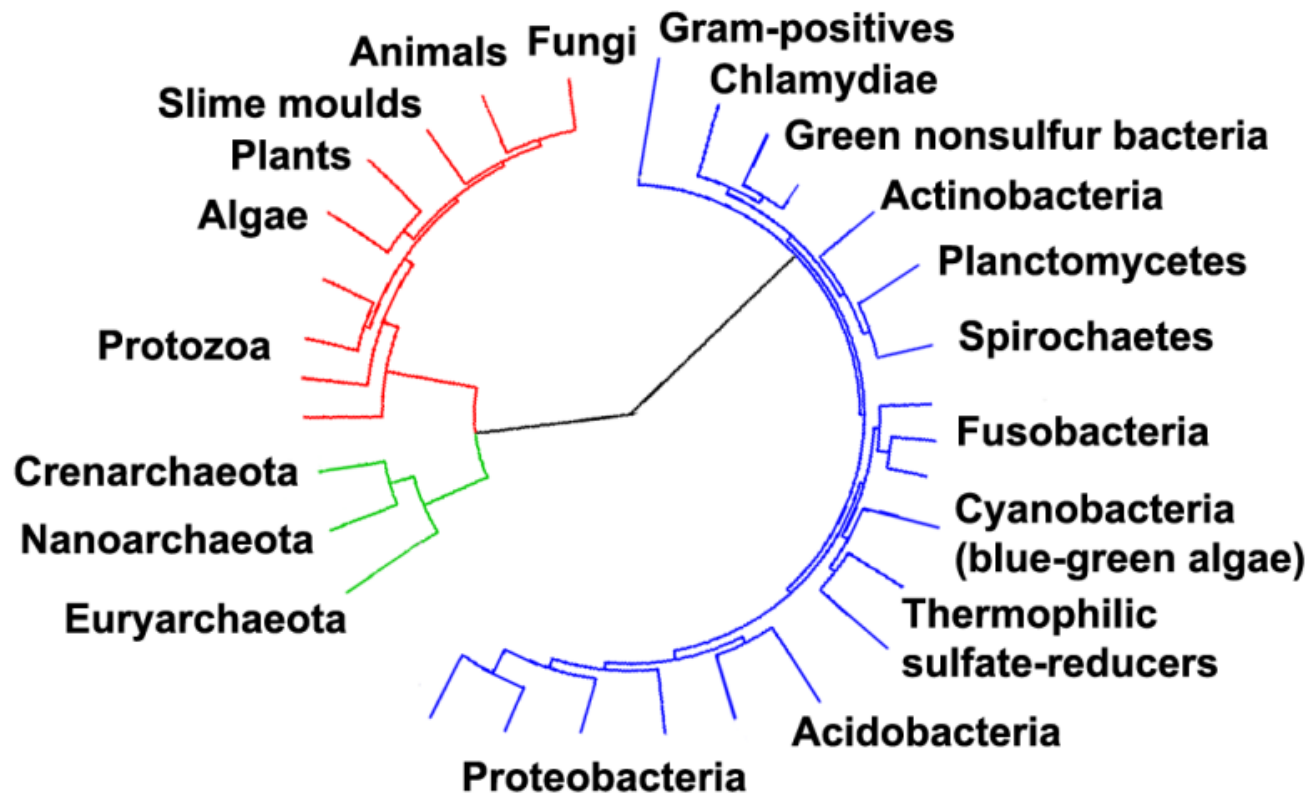


#FactsMatter

Shealah Craighead, Donald Trump official portrait (cropped), PD



Evolutie



Evolutie



The screenshot shows the Wikipedia article for 'Evolution'. At the top left is the Wikipedia logo. Below it is a navigation sidebar with links like 'Main page', 'Contents', 'Featured content', etc. The main content area starts with 'Evolution' as a featured article, followed by a description: 'A featured article from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia'. Below that is a paragraph: 'This article is about evolution in biology. For related articles, see Outline of evolution. For other uses, see Evolution. For a more accessible and less technical introduction to this topic, see Introduction to evolution.' The article then begins with 'Evolution is change in heritable traits of biological populations over successive generations.' and continues with 'All life on Earth originated through common descent from a last universal ancestor that lived approximately 3.5–3.8 billion years ago (anagenesis), and loss of species (extinction) throughout the evolutionary history of life on Earth can be inferred from the fossil record. Existing patterns of biodiversity have been shaped both by speciation and by extinction. Although there are currently 10–14 million species of life on Earth.' It then discusses Charles Darwin's theory and the modern evolutionary synthesis.

The screenshot shows a forum thread. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'WP tools', 'WMNL links', 'Other links', and 'WO2'. Below that is a yellow banner with the text 'vant style guide, this should not be changed without broad'. The main content area has a white box containing the text 'olution' and 'theory of evolution is...?'. Below this is a section titled 'e Theory of Evolution' with a horizontal line underneath. The text continues: 'en there wasn' there were multiple t charles darwin's thery alone since he is both incorrect in its decription !015 (UTC)'. Below this is another section titled 'olitical sense. It implies greater certainty and in a context where Evolution is ically religious) the need to label "a theory" as "the theory" to make it sound science is often a political fight between multiple schools of thought, both'. To the right of the main text is a yellow sidebar with an 'Archives' section containing a list of numbers from 1 to 65. Below the list is a 'Search' box and a note: 'Threads older than 30 days may be archived by MiszaBot I.'

Jerusalem

- Verschillen tussen gemeenschappen
- Conflicterende belangen editors

Andrew Shiva / Wikipedia, CC BY-SA 4.0



Jerusalem



WIKIPEDIA
The Free Encyclopedia

[Main page](#)

AWossink [Talk](#) [Sandbox](#) [Preferences](#) [Beta](#) [Watchlist](#) [Contributions](#) [Log out](#)

Article

[Talk](#)

Read

[View source](#)

[View history](#)



Jerusalem



A *B-class* article from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia. A *former featured article*.

Coordinates: 31°47′N 35°13′E

[Wikidata: Jerusalem \(Q1218\)](#), ancient city in the Judean Mountains

Aliases: Al Quds, Yerushalayim, Al-Quds



WIKIPEDIA
The Free Encyclopedia

[Talk](#) [Sandbox](#) [Preferences](#) [Beta](#) [Watchlist](#) [Contributions](#) [Log out](#)

Article

[Talk](#)

Read

[Edit](#)

[Edit source](#)

[View history](#)



Jerusalem

[[edit](#) | [edit source](#)]



A *B-class* article from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia. A *former featured article*.

Coordinates: 31°47′N 35°13′E

Jerusalem



WIKIPEDIA
The Free Encyclopedia

- Main page
- Contents
- Featured content
- Current events
- Random article
- Donate to Wikipedia
- Wikipedia store

Interaction

- Help
- About Wikipedia
- Community portal
- Recent changes

Talk Sandbox Preferences Beta Watchlist Contributions Log out

Article **Talk**

Read Edit **Edit source** View history

Search Wikipedia



Paragraph



Cite



Save changes

Insert



Jerusalem [edit | edit source]

A *B-class* article from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia. A fo

For other uses, see [Jerusalem \(disambiguation\)](#).

Pp-move-indef

"Al-Quds" and "Bayt al-Maqdis" redirect here. For ot
[Maqdis \(disambiguation\)](#).

Pp-30-500 Use dmy dates

2 notices



Editors to this page:

- must be signed into an account and have at least 500 edits and 30 days' tenure
- are restricted to making no more than one **revert** per twenty-four (24) hours (subject to exceptions below)
- If an edit is reverted by another editor, its original author may not restore it within 24 hours of the revert

47°N 35°13'E

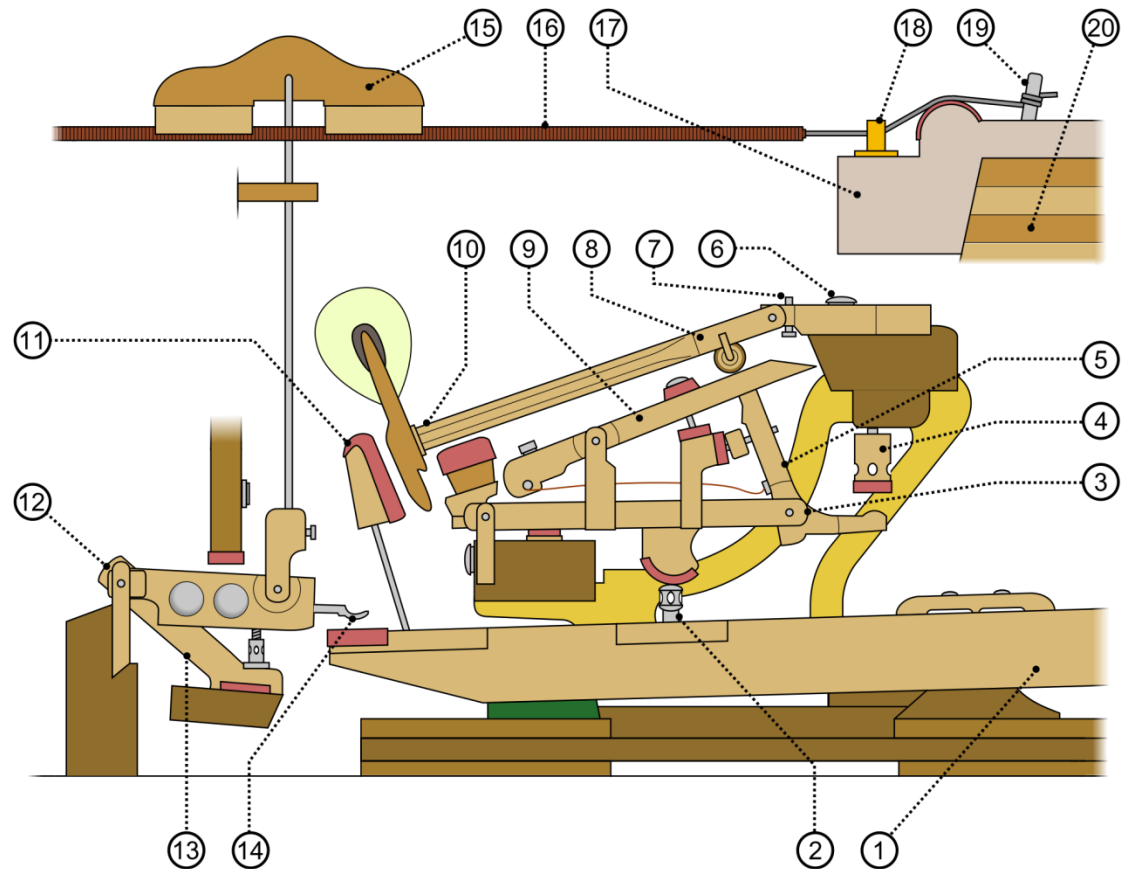
Open in houd



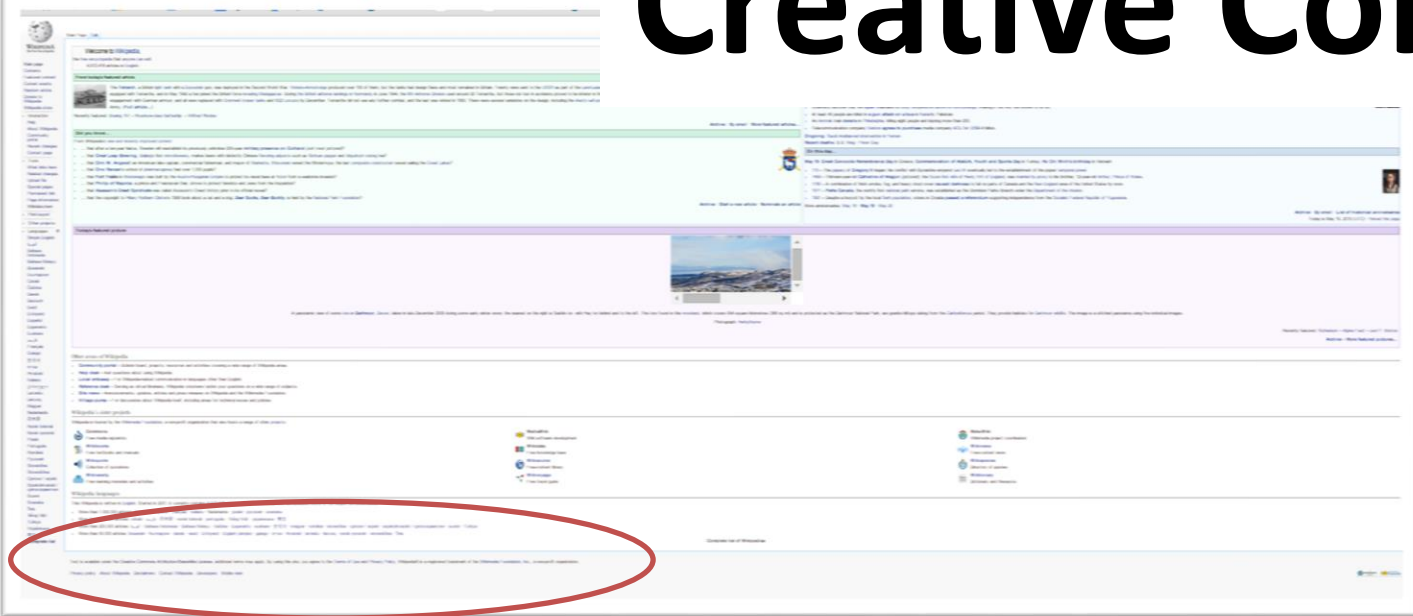
Iedereen kan bewerken



Hatnote



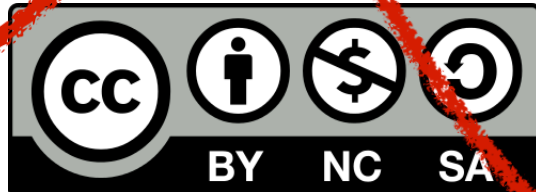
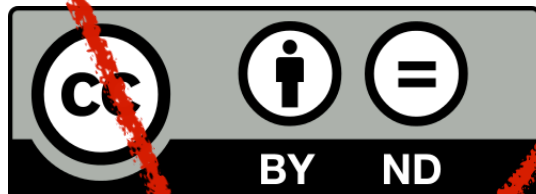
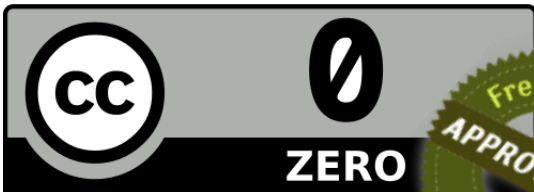
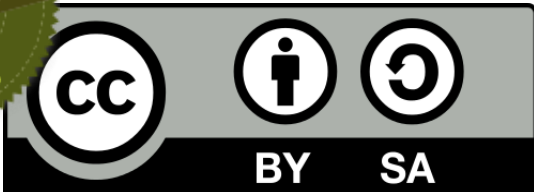
Creative Commons



Text is available under the [Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License](#); additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the [Terms of Use](#) and [Privacy Policy](#). Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the [Wikimedia Foundation, Inc.](#), a non-profit organization.

[Privacy policy](#) [About Wikipedia](#) [Disclaimers](#) [Contact Wikipedia](#) [Developers](#) [Mobile view](#)





Kwaliteitscontrole

- Featured Articles
- "Open peer review"
- [Hoaxes worden gevonden](#)

Petar Milošević, CC-BY-SA 4.0



Gedragcode

- Beleefd
- Kalm
- Ga uit van goede wil

Francis C. Franklin, CC-BY-SA 3.0



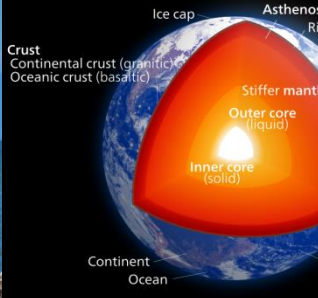
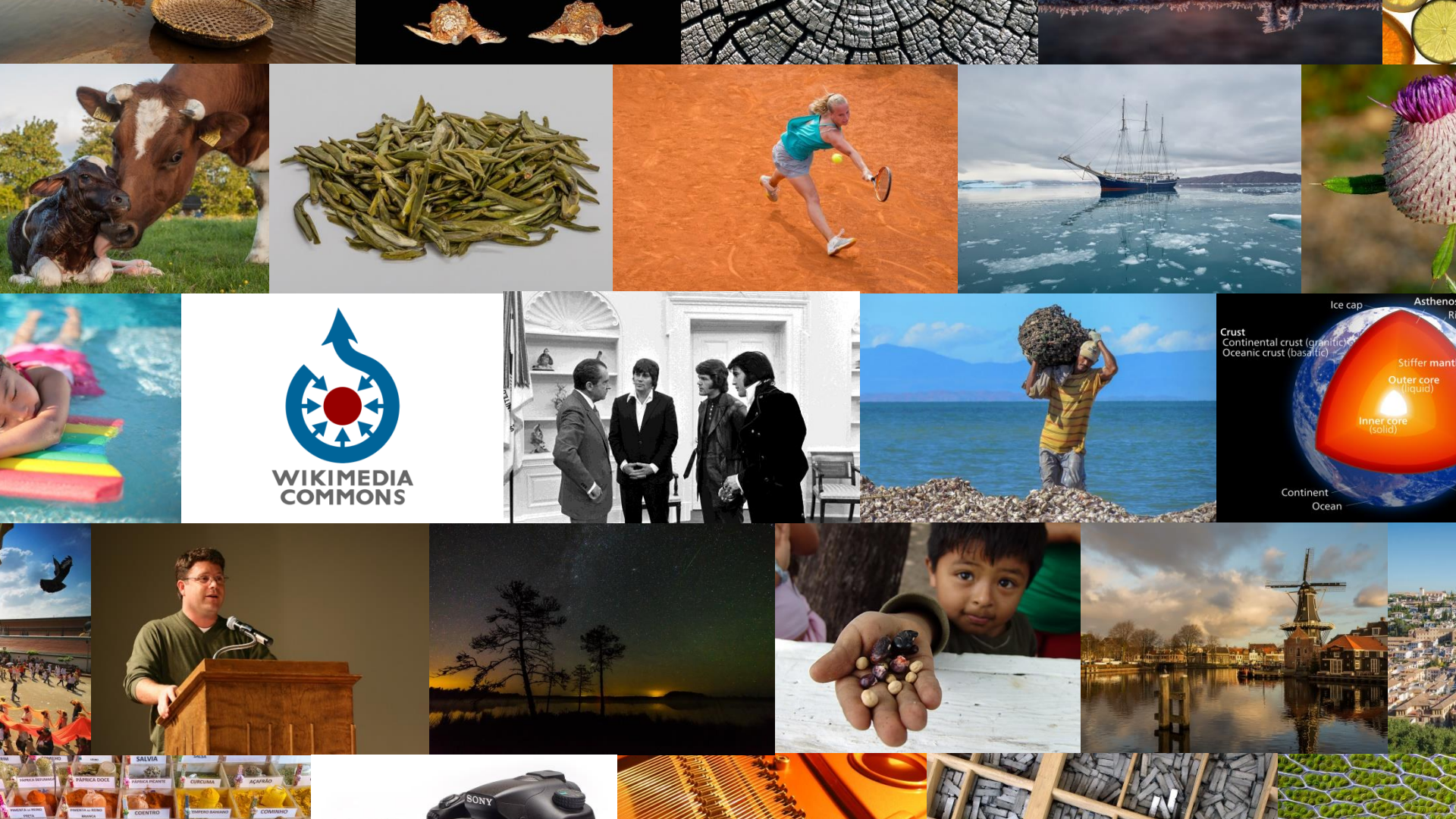
Negeer alle regels

NASA / Goddard Space Flight Center / Arizona State University, PD





WIKIMEDIA





Bill Larkins, CC-BY-SA 2.0



Wiki loves art / NL



wiki loves
EARTH



WIKI loves
monuments



KB





WIKIDATA

Wikidata

label — **Douglas Adams** (Q42) — item identifier

description — English writer and humorist
Douglas Noel Adams | Douglas Noel Adams — aliases
▶ In more languages

property — **educated at** — value

rank —

statement group —

St John's College	
end time	1974
academic major	English literature
academic degree	Bachelor of Arts
start time	1971

qualifiers

opened references

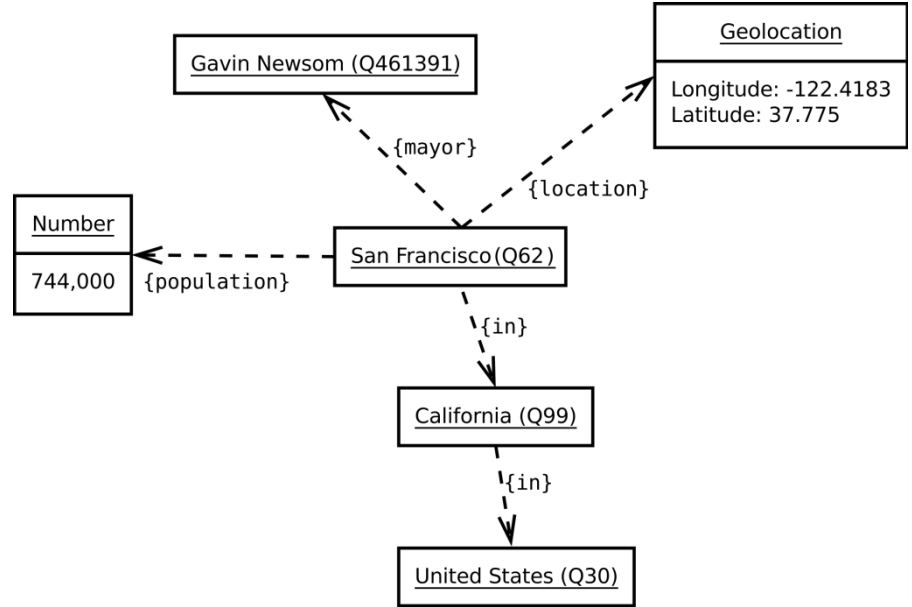
▼ 2 references	
stated in	Encyclopædia Britannica Online
reference URL	http://www.nndb.com/people/731/00023662/
original language of work	English
retrieved	7 December 2013
publisher	NNDB
title	Douglas Adams (English)
+ add reference	

collapsed reference

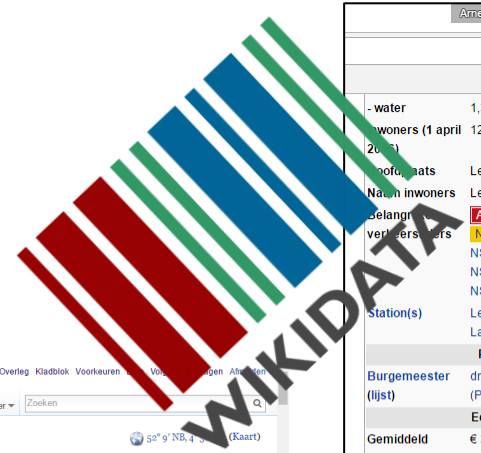
Brentwood School	
end time	1970
start time	1959

▶ 0 references

+ add (statement)



Wikidata



WIKIPEDIA

De vrije encyclopedie

- Hoofdpagina
- Vind een artikel
- Vandaag
- Etlage
- Categorieën
- Recente wijzigingen
- Nieuwe artikelen
- Willekeurige pagina

- Informatie
- Gebruikersportaal
- Snelcursus
- Hulp en contact
- Donaties

- Hulpmiddelen
- Links naar deze pagina
- Vervante wijzigingen
- Bestand uploaden
- Speciale pagina's
- Permanente koppeling
- Paginagegevens
- Wikidata-item
- Deze pagina citeren

- Afdrukken/exporteren
- Boek maken
- Downloaden als PDF
- Printvriendelijke versie

- In andere projecten
- Mediabestanden
- Wikivoyage

- In andere talen
- Afrikaans
- Englisc
- العربية

Artikel **Overleg**

Leiden

Wikidata: Leiden (Q43631), plaats en gemeente in de Nederlandse provincie Zuid-Holland
Alfassen: Geen

← [Zie Leiden \(doorverwijspagina\)](#) voor andere betekenissen van Leiden.

Leiden (utsprak (info/uitleg)) is een stad en gemeente in de Nederlandse provincie Zuid-Holland.

Met 122.915 inwoners is Leiden, naar inwoneraantal gemeten, na Rotterdam, Den Haag en Zoetermeer de vierde gemeente van Zuid-Holland. Het aan elkaar vast gebouwde stedelijk gebied van Leiden (waar Oegstgeest, Voorschoten en Leiderdorp bij gerekend worden) telt 195.916 inwoners. Met 5524 inwoners per vierkante kilometer is het sinds 2014, na Den Haag, de dichtstbevolkte gemeente van Nederland.^[1]

De *Sleufterstad*, zoals de bijnaam van de stad, verwijzend naar het stadswapen, luidt, heeft de *oudste universiteit* van Nederland. Daarnaast is de stad bekend om de rijke geschiedenis en de oude *binnenstad*, met grachten, monumentale bouwwerken en hofjes.

De gemeente Leiden valt onder de Rechtbank Den Haag en de Regionale Eenheid Den Haag van de politie.

Inhoud [verbergen]

- Naamgeving
- Wapen en vlag
- Geschiedenis
- Geografie
 - Stadsdelen, districten en buurten
 - Water en groen
- Politiek en bestuur
 - Meenteraad
 - College van B&W
 - College 2014-2018
 - Eerdere colleges tot 2014
 - Partnersteden
- Religie en levensbeschouwing
- Kunst en cultuur
 - Bezienswaardigheden
 - Musea
 - Film, muziek, theater en kunst
 - Kunst in de openbare ruimte
 - Bibliotheken
- Evenementen
- Media

AlWosink Overleg Kladblok Voorkeuren Verwijzen Afmaken

Lezen Bewerken Brontekst bewerken Geschiedenis Meer Zoeken

Leiden

Gemeente in Nederland



Situering

Provincie Zuid-Holland
Coördinaten 52° 9′ NB, 4° 29′ OL

Algemeen

Oppervlakte 23.27 km²

-land 21.95 km²

-water 1.32 km²

Inwoners (1 april 2016) 122.915 (5600 inv./km²)

Hoofdplaats Leiden

The screenshot shows the Leiden website with various statistics and a population pyramid. The statistics include:

- water: 1,32 km²
- Inwoners (1 april 2016): 122.915 (5600 inv./km²)
- Hoofdplaats: Leiden
- Naam inwoners: Leidenaren
- Belangrijke verkeerslijnen: A4, A44, N11, N206
- Verkeerslijnen: N445, N447
- Station(s): NS Oude Lijn, NS Schiphollijn, NS Utrecht - Leiden, Leiden Centraal, - Lammenschans, De Vink
- Politiek: drs. H.J.J. (Henri) Lenferink (PvdA)
- Economie: Gemiddeld inkomen (2012): € 34.000 per huishouden, Gem. WOZ-waarde (2014): € 210.000, WW-uitkeringen (2014): 28 per 1000 inv.
- Overig: Postcode(s): 2300-2334, Netnummer(s): 071, CBS-code: 0546, CBS-wijkindeling: zie wijken en buurten, Amsterdams code: 10702
- Website: www.leiden.nl

The population pyramid (Bevolkingspiramide (2008)) shows the distribution of the population by age and sex. The x-axis represents the percentage of the population, ranging from 20% on the left (males) to 20% on the right (females). The y-axis represents age groups, from <10 to >90. The pyramid shows a relatively stable population structure with a slight increase in the 60-69 age group.

Wikidata queries



Wikidata

- [SAE: Wiki-wetenschappers](#)

Dr. Marcus Gossler, Schlagwortkatalog, CC-BY-SA 3.0



Schrijf!

Eric Gaba, CC-BY-SA 3.0



Fotografeer!



Hack!

Draper Laboratory, PD



Kom langs!

- WikiconNL (8-9 maart 2019, Utrecht)
- Wikizaterdagen (WMNL)
- Wikivrijdagen (Atria)

Carlos Delgado, CC-BY-SA 4.0
CEphoto, Uwe Aranas, CC-BY-SA 4.0
Ollie Atkins, PD
Vaido Otsar, CC-BY-SA 4.0
Petar Milošević, CC-BY-SA 4.0
Jonathan McIntosh, CC-BY-SA 3.0
Uberprutser, CC-BY-SA 3.0
Kelvinsong, CC-BY-SA 3.0
Dietmar Rabich, CC-BY-SA 4.0
I, Michael Gäbler, CC-BY-SA 3.0
H. Zell, CC-BY-SA 3.0
Opus33, PD
Martin Mark, CC-BY-SA 4.0
Dey.sandip, CC-BY-SA 3.0
The Photographer, CCO
Daniel Schwen, CC-BY-SA 3.0
Tommy Wong, CC-BY 2.0
Michielverbeek, CC-BY-SA 4.0
Jebulon, CCO
SkywalkerPL, CC-BY 3.0
Willi Heidelberg, CC-BY-SA 3.0
Scott Bauer, USDA, PD
Des_Callaghan, CC-BY-SA 4.0



Vragen?

- Arne Wossink
- wossink@wikimedia.nl

Charlie Chu, CC-BY-SA 2.0

