

Victoria Daily Times.

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NO. 116.

SMELLING SALTS
AND
PERFUME BOTTLES
AT
CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S
JEWELLERS
47 GOVERNMENT ST. TELEPHONE 675.

Prices Reduced on Cool Shirt Waists

Is news worth reading about such days as these.

The buying of our Shirt Waists this summer was done with the intention and determination to have not only the largest stock but also the finest and most varied stock and to sell them at prices that would at once stop all argument as to which was the proper store to look to for shirt waists. The season has been a very successful one, and we can now afford to let what is left of them go at greatly reduced prices.

Nice Cool Blouses with Detachable Collars From 50c.

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd.
THE WESTSIDE. July 20th, 1899.

THE ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE
CANADA'S FAVORITE COMPANY.

BECAUSE of its first-class security; a solid home company.
BECAUSE of its long and successful record.
BECAUSE of its superior results to policy-holders.
BECAUSE of its liberal and attractive policy.
BECAUSE all profits are paid to policy-holders.
BECAUSE its premiums are lower and profits higher than in other leading companies.

Apply now to
R. L. DRURY,
Provincial Manager, 94 Broad Street.

Demanding the Best.....

The most progressive builders demand the best hardware for their work. The most intelligent come to us. They know we give them the best goods and make the prices right for them. They are satisfied that we do better for them than any other dealer and are glad to show they value our methods by coming to us.

Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.
Cor. Yates and Broad streets, Victoria, B. C.

Balbriggan Underwear
Per Suit \$0.70
1.00
1.50

Natural Wool Underwear
Per Suit \$1.50
2.00
2.50

Black and Tan
Fast colors, 100 dozen

Mars. Socks.
10c. per pair. Last to hand.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.
97 JOHNSON STREET.

Use Mellor's Mixed Paints
Guaranteed Absolutely Pure Paint. \$1.50 PER GALLON. Guaranteed Imperial Measure.

J. W. MELLOR, 76-78 FORT ST. Screen Doors from \$1.25 up

BREAD Something New in Bread.
Smith's Machine Baked Bread. Try it. For sale by all grocers, or leave orders for wagon to call.

M. R. SMITH & CO.

TO LET Hotel Brunswick,
Corner Yates and Douglas Sts.
Furnished or unfurnished
96 rooms, exclusive of dining room, office, etc.
B.C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY,
40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

KEEP COOL. Lime Juice
22c a Quart Bottle.
JOHN COCHRANE,
CHEMIST,
N.W. Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.
OUR ICE CREAM IS DELICIOUS

FOR SALE or Exchange.
A 7 roomed house nearly new and modern; electric light, baths, lavatory, etc. good stable, carriage house and lodge; grounds 120x250 feet, fronting two streets. **SUPERB SITE,** will sell very reasonable, or would take a cheaper home and let in part payment. I have also several good buys in small houses and cottages. It will pay you to investigate my sale list before purchasing. **INSURE YOUR PROPERTY** in the reliable "SUN FIRE" COMPANY.

P. C. MACGREGOR, Agent,
92 GOVERNMENT STREET.

GAS FOR COOKING
THE GAS COMPANY are loaning and connecting FREE OF CHARGE Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves.
Fuel Gas, \$1.25 per M. cubic foot.
Stoves can be seen at the Gas Works, Lower Government street, and at L. Blanks' old Post Office building, Government street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
WANTED—Old copper, brass, zinc, lead, scrap iron, rope, canvas and sacks; highest prices given. Apply Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street. B. Aaronsen, Agent. 2,000 potato sacks and 1,500 coal oil cans for sale.
TO RENT—Comfortably furnished house, 5 minutes walk from P.O. Terms low to suitable parties. Address, A. B. Times office.
WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, single or en suite; modern conveniences; good dining room. Sample rooms for commercial use. M. Wait, The Vernon, 68 Douglas street.
MINING ENGINEERS, Assayers and Miners will find a full line of the publications of the Scientific Publishing Company, of New York, at publisher's prices at the Mining Journal, Room 3, Williams Block, Broad street.

CITY AUCTION MART
73 YATES STREET
FOR SALE
A well established grocery and feed business, together with stock in trade, good will, horses, wagons, buggy and harness.
Also the property, buildings and household furniture for immediate sale.
We recommend this as a great bargain.
W. JONES, Auctioneer.

THE CELEBRATED Dodge Felt Shoes
FOR KLONDIKE.
J. L. BECKWITH
Sole Agent for B. C.,
40 JOHNSON STREET.
COAL AND WOOD—Baker & Colston, wharf and office, Belleville street, James Bay; telephone 407; city office, Swinerton & Oddy's, telephone 491.

Sale of Boots and Shoes
NO DAMAGED GOODS, EVERYTHING O.K.
WE ARE MAKING A BIG CUT.
Ladies' and Gents' Oxfords, half price. Ladies' Cloth-top Boots, \$2.00 and \$3.00 and were \$3.50
OLD COUNTRY BOOTS.
MUNDAY'S SHOE STORE,
89 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Dewey and Presidency
Will His Name Be Submitted as a Candidate For Nomination.

Mr. Whitney Leaves New York For Europe to Meet the Admiral.
(Associated Press.)
Chicago, July 20.—Oliver P. Belmont, of New York, was asked last night if William C. Whitney's sudden departure for Europe was in the nature of a mission. He said he understood Mr. Whitney meant to see Admiral Dewey and persuade the admiral to let his name be presented to the National Convention as a candidate for nomination. "Not that I believe Mr. Whitney will succeed in his object," continued Mr. Belmont. "I do not think the admiral would consent to become a candidate."
"Do you think if the admiral were brought to consent he could beat Mr. Bryan in the convention?"
"Candidly," replied Mr. Belmont, "I do not think he could." Mr. Bryan, so far as I can fathom, seems well nigh the unanimous choice of the whole party. Assuredly, to-day he is invincible."
The Admiral at Trieste.
Trieste, Austria, July 20.—The United States cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, arrived here this morning. The principal paper, the Piccolo, has a flattering article welcoming the admiral to Austria. The Olympia will remain here about two weeks. The admiral's health is perfect and he has not decided whether he will go to Carlsbad, as has been announced, but it is not probable he will do so. The admiral intends to visit Vienna. The foreign consuls were received by Admiral Dewey on board the Olympia during the forenoon.

DEWAR'S Scotch Whisky
"EH, MON, IT'S GRAUND."
Hudson's Bay Co
Sole Agents for British Columbia.

JOINT HIGH COMMISSION.
Will Not Reassemble in August, but the Members May Meet Late in the Fall.
(Associated Press.)
Washington, July 20.—The return from Alaska of Senator Fairbanks, head of the American section of the Anglo-American commission, has brought to a decisive issue the future of this body, not only as it relates to the Alaskan boundary, but the entire scope of its work.
Following an extended conference between Mr. Fairbanks and Secretary Hay, as well as with the president, dispatches have been exchanged between the British and Canadian authorities and those in Washington. Already it is assured, practically beyond a doubt, that the commission will not resume its sessions at Quebec on the 2nd of next month, to which time it was adjourned, but that its reassembling will be late in the fall, if the negotiations reach a stage that a continual commission seems desirable.

ACCIDENT TO EMPRESS OF GERMANY
(Associated Press.)
Berlin, July 20.—The accident to the Empress on Tuesday last is more serious than first stated. One of the bones in the lower part of Her Majesty's leg is broken. The swelling is decreasing and the general condition of Her Majesty is satisfactory. Complete recovery, however, can scarcely be expected in less than six weeks.

HASTIE'S FAIR
FOR
Tin and Enamelware.
77 GOVERNMENT STREET.

SPARKLING ARCTIC SODA
ANY FLAVOR 5c
HALL & CO., Dispensing Chemists,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets
Ice Cream Soda, 12c

VICTOR BICYCLES.
The highest grade possible to make. At the same price as low grade makes.
VICTORS sell for \$25.00
YEASONS 35.00
Imperial 40.00
First-class repair work.
JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.
119 Government street.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION
ON THE STRAIT
BY
SS. "CITY OF NANAIMO"
ON
FRIDAY, JULY 21
Under direction of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.
A pleasant sail with music and refreshments.
Steamer leaves Turner, Beaton's wharf, foot Yates street, at 8 p.m.
Fare, 50 cents.

THE REDISTRIBUTION BILL
(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, July 20.—The redistribution bill was defeated in the Senate by 36 for Sir Mackenzie Bowell's amendment to 14. Majority against 22.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.
(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, July 20.—Hon. G. E. Foster has returned from British Columbia and was in the House to-day.
At a meeting of the privileges and elections committee to-day a discussion took place about 14 ballots which were in the box at poll No. 4, Colborne, in West Huron, and which did not correspond in appearance with the other ballots in the box.
Grand Master Malone was re-elected Grand Master Mason in the Grand Lodge to-day.
Preferential Trade.
Ottawa, July 18.—There was a slim attendance in the House when it met this morning. Without any preliminaries, the debate on the preferential trade resolution was resumed by Mr. Davin. He proceeded to sketch the growth of imperial federation from its inception until the present time.
Mr. Bell, P.E.I., was speaking when the House rose for recess at 1 o'clock.
The Mails.
The department of trade and commerce has made provisional arrangements with the Elder Dempster Company for carrying the British mails this summer, but no contract has been entered into. The government is determined that when a contract is made there must be a faster service.

KRUGER'S CONCESSIONS.
New Frontier Law May Prove the Settlement of Difficulties in the Transvaal.
(Associated Press.)
London, July 20.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons to-day regarding the relations between Great Britain and South Africa, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, said that the modifications made in the franchise law of the Transvaal lead the government to hope that the new law may prove the basis of a settlement upon the lines laid down by Sir Alfred Milner. The government, however, Mr. Chamberlain added, observed that the Volksraad had still retained a number of conditions that might be interpreted so as to take with one hand what was given with the other. It would be easy by subsequent legislation to alter the whole character of the concessions, but Mr. Chamberlain continued, the government feels assured that President Kruger, having accepted the principle for what the British government contended, is well prepared to consider any details of his scheme, which might possibly hinder the full accomplishment of the object in view, and that she will not allow it to be nullified or reduced in value by subsequent alterations of the law or any act of administration.

GERMANS IN SAMOA.
They Are Pleased Over the Successes of Baron von Sternberg.
(Associated Press.)
Berlin, July 20.—The Cologne Gazette's Apia correspondent cables that the Germans there are highly pleased over the successes achieved by Baron von Sternberg, of the Samoan commission, against the opposition of the commissioners of Great Britain, Mr. Elliot. The German commissioner, the despatch adds, yielded to the demands of the United States commissioner, Mr. Bartlett Tripp, for the confirmation of Chief Justice Chamber's decision, merely as a matter of form and in order to preserve American friendship.
Germany's influence with the natives, according to the despatch, is stronger than ever. It is added, that Samoans demand special privileges for Mataafa.

A SCHOONER WRECKED.
(Associated Press.)
Gloucester, Mass., July 20.—The schooner Hattie E. Worcester, reported wrecked on Sable Island on Monday night last, was under the command of Captain Crowell, and carried a crew of 18 men. It is believed most of the men were natives of the province. The schooner, which was 117 tons register and was built ten years ago at Essex, Mass., was valued at \$9,000, and was protected by insurance of \$7,500.

GRAIN ELEVATOR DESTROYED.
(Associated Press.)
New York, July 20.—A fire, the origin of which is unknown, destroyed a large eight story grain elevator, two grain storerooms and contents at Brooklyn Wharf Warehouse Company, and were located on the water front near Atlantic basin. The loss is estimated at \$300,000. The property was well insured.

FEVER AT SANTIAGO.
(Associated Press.)
Santiago de Cuba, July 20.—Notwithstanding the fever epidemic only sixteen deaths from all causes were reported last week. This is the lowest mortality record the city has known. No new cases of yellow fever have been reported for five days, and nearly all the patients in the hospital are convalescent. Medical officers claim that the danger is past. Gen. Wood, who expects business will soon show a great improvement, says good reports as to the state of affairs at various points of the province have been received. The Cubans generally are accepting their shares of American gratitude, surrendering arms and returning to their homes.

The Torture of Dreyfus
Half the Cruelties Inflicted Have Not Yet Been Told.

Story of His Treatment on Devil's Island Will Soon Be Published.
(Associated Press.)
Paris, July 20.—The most contradictory statements of all kinds continue to appear regarding the Dreyfus affair. Thus Major Esterhazy, over his own signature, reiterates the guilt of Captain Dreyfus, without, however, offering any proof and charges several generals with various grave offences. At the same time Major Esterhazy's nephew accuses him of being the worst sort of a "black leg," whose work is utterly worthless. The same sort of contradictions appear concerning the treatment of Captain Dreyfus on Devil's Island. One side holds that the prisoner was dreadfully tortured, the other that he was treated with humanity, but it is said by a person in a position to know the whole truth that not half the cruelty inflicted on Dreyfus is yet known. His friends are evidently keeping back the complete story until after the verdict, when all will be revealed and universal indignation and deserved punishments will follow.
M. Zola's powerful pen will be resharpened on these points, and just before the opening day of the trial will appear in a grand article with the aim of winning the favor of the military judges. After the verdict he will address an open letter to the President of the Republic, a sequel to the famous "I accuse" addressed to President Faure. This will be triumphant in tone, vindicating his cause and confounding his enemies. Then, when the country shall have recovered from the first excitement of the verdict, which Zola is convinced will be acquittal, he will address his final message to the country, designating by name those who are guilty and boldly demanding punishment.
Zola is holding himself in the strictest reserve in order that his re-appearance may produce the greatest effect.
"Not the least striking feature of the whole affair," remarked one of Zola's friends, "probably will be the final act of the great novelist, who has lost health and money in this noble crusade."
Dreyfus's lawyers have applied to M. Duguere, Minister of the Colonies, to see all their clients' intercepted letters. Among these letters are many urgent appeals for justice, addressed to the presidents of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies.

EDITORS AT CALGARY.
(Associated Press.)
Calgary, N. W. T., July 20.—The inhabitants of Calgary and hundreds of cattlemen from the ranches tributary to the "Sirolo of Canada," as this foot hill city is called, welcomed the National Editorial Association of the United States when the special arrived from the Canadian National Park to-day. The day was spent on the spacious race course, where was congregated one of the most picturesque crowds seen in Alberta for many a day. Several hundred Indians formed a mounted regiment, and these, with the cowboys, mounted police and other horsemen, joined in a programme arranged for the instruction and amusement of the American newspaper men.

HEIRESS MARRIES A COACHMAN.
(Associated Press.)
Sampson, Mass., July 20.—Abbie Phillips, aged 17 years, niece of Warren W. Phillips, was married yesterday to Bernard B. Kennedy, who is employed by the family as coachman. The girl's parents died when she was about 12 years old, leaving her a fortune of \$25,000. Her first suit she became of age. Miss Phillips is a graduate of the high school, and is prominent in the best circles.

THE FRASER.
(Associated Press.)
Lillooet, B. C., July 20.—The river has risen slightly since last evening. The weather is cloudy and cooler.
Queenside, B. C., July 20.—The river is about at a standstill. The weather is cloudy and it is raining.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.
(Associated Press.)
Montreal, July 20.—Stock market, morning board: War Eagle, 36 1/2; Payne, 13; 12; Montreal and London, 4; 4; Republic, 23; 18 1/2.
Sales—War Eagle, 1,500 at 34; Montreal and London, 1,000 at 14; Republic, 500 at 23, 500 at 12.

Insect Powder.

HAVE YOU USED OURS? IF NOT, TRY IT.

THE TRUE PYRETHRUM CINERARIA FOLIUM.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

Campbell's Prescription Store,

Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts. Victoria, B.C.

THE RESIGNATION OF ALGER.

Came Suddenly and Unexpectedly—The General Will Run for Senate.

Washington, July 19.—The resignation to-day of War Secretary Alger came suddenly and unexpectedly. No official statement as to the cause of the resignation was procurable either from the President or Mr. Alger, neither of whom would talk. Nor was the letter of resignation obtainable at this time.

The belief had prevailed in Washington for some time, that Secretary Alger would resign from the cabinet, but the date generally set for it was toward the close of the year, when he had submitted his annual report, as he intended to sum up what had been accomplished during his brief but eventful direction of the war department.

His tender resignation was regarded as almost a foregone conclusion, in view of Mr. Alger's announcement a month ago that he had concluded to enter into the competition for the vacancy in the United States Senate to be caused by the expiration of the term of Senator McMillan, a strong supporter of the administration, and that he had enlisted in his active support Governor Pingree, to whom had been attributed free criticisms of the policy that was supposed to be cherished by the President toward the Philippines. At one time since then there was ground for the belief that a rupture might be avoided, but this belief ceased to be held when the news spread that Vice-President Hobart and Secretary Alger were in conference at Normansburg. It was largely toward the result of this conference that Secretary Alger decided to leave the cabinet at this time.

The closest inquiry fails to elicit any information as to the intentions of the President respecting the appointment of a successor to Mr. Alger. Names are mentioned but they are only those which have already been suggested with more or less plausibility in the press without securing either confirmation or denial from any well informed person.

London Press Opinions.

London, July 19.—The Standard says, President McKinley's prompt acceptance of Mr. Alger's resignation is equivalent to the admission that the war has been badly managed. It is significant that the resignation followed so quickly on the Manila correspondent's "round robin." Mr. Alger's name is the great blot on the McKinley administration.

The Times describes the resignation as follows: "A decided victory for public opinion or public morals over potential resignation. By resigning, Secretary Alger has practically allowed judgment to go against him by default and has relieved the McKinley administration from a responsibility that was assuming serious proportions."

The papers generally regard the resignation as a revulsion to vigorous policy in the Philippines and the recall of General Otis.

STREET RAILWAY STRIKE.

Several Rioting in New York During Which Many Were Injured.

New York, July 19.—Several times during this afternoon the police were called out to quell rioting on Second avenue, but none of serious importance. The riot trouble did not begin until the hundreds of thousands of working people who live along that great thoroughfare came home from work.

By 7 o'clock Second avenue from Tenth street to the stables at Ninety-sixth, and even as far as One Hundred and Tenth street, was filled with a dense mass of people, all eager for trouble. Police Captain Donohue early in the evening had sent out a squad of men to keep the people out of the middle of the street. They used their clubs with all their power, and the only result was to anger the crowd. This little disturbance was shown between the police and car men when bricks were thrown.

About 8 o'clock a great crowd gathered between Second and Forty-fifth streets, and attempted to overthrow a car that came along. Policeman Owen, who was on the car, was hit on the head and hurled and dropped to the pavement. He was taken to the Flower hospital. Mike Sheridan was taken home with a fractured skull. A sergeant and forty reserves were got out on the double quick, and dispersed the crowd, making a number of arrests.

Another crowd was got together again at Fifty-fifth street and Second avenue, and when a car came along it was met with a perfect shower of bricks, stones and other missiles thrown into the street from windows.

While a car was passing Seventy-second street with Policeman Gallagher and escort, a crowd tried to board it to take off the conductor and motorer. Gallagher got off and drawing his revolver walked ahead of the car clearing the track. Some one threw a brick and hit him on the leg, cutting him badly. Twelve mounted policemen were thrown from the avenue and dispersed the crowd for the time being.

Six hundred policemen were stationed at the Ninety-sixth street stables and distributed along the avenue at various points. A great many men were injured about the line. Policeman Owen, of the Kingsbury mounted squad, was thrown from his horse during a fight near Ninety-fourth street. The policeman's leg is broken, and he is believed to have internal injuries. A motorman was struck on the chest with a brick near the upper stables and seriously injured. Several of the policemen on a car going up Tenth street received scalp wounds from stones thrown by the mob.

All operations on Second avenue were suspended at 10:30.

Captain Schmitt, who was in charge of the policemen at Second avenue and

Ninety-Seventh Street was roughly handled by the mob.

While driving down the avenue he encountered a horrid mob of young strikers. There was a big crowd standing about and Schmitt ordered them to disperse. Instead of obeying him they attacked him, striking him a number of times on the head and chest. Finally he got a revolver and threatened to shoot. With the assistance of some of the policemen he dispersed the mob somewhat.

THE ARBITRATION SCHEME.

Roumanian, Grecian and Servian Delegates Object to Courts of Inquiry.

The Hague, July 19.—At the opening sitting of the committee of the international conference, the Roumanian, Grecian and Servian delegates jointly moved the total suppression of the five articles relating to international courts of inquiry.

M. Beldiman, Roumanian delegate, was their spokesman, and addressed the committee for an hour. He claimed that the proposition for a court of inquiry was not contained in Count Muraviev's circular, and was contrary to the principle of national sovereignty. Roumanians would gladly fulfill their obligations, but it was impossible to fulfil these and other obligations.

Chevalier Deschamps, the Belgian delegate, and Professor Martens, of Russia, defended the articles, which were finally passed on first reading. The three protesting states receding their objections. At the meeting of the drafting committee Professor Martens demolished all of M. Beldiman's arguments. He said that when everything had been done to protect the weaker states against the stronger, the former still obtaining a check in the commission of inquiry, providing this was willing to make some further concessions in the way of making the matter more optional. These concessions were accepted by the smaller powers, and the proposal passed its second reading.

THE BEAUTY THAT ATTRACTS MEN.

It is not so much in the features as in a clear healthy complexion, and a plump body filled with the vigor and vitality of perfect health. Pale, weak, languid women are fully restored to robust health by the use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food, a condensed food which creates rich, pure blood and new nerve tissues.

FORTY-NINE KILLED.

Casualties in Second Oregon Regiment During Philippine Campaign.

Washington, July 19.—According to a statement prepared at the war department, of 56 officers and 1,316 enlisted men of the Second Oregon regiment, only 49 were killed in battle or died of disease during the campaign in the Philippines, a percentage of 3.6.

The "round robin" sent by the American newspaper correspondents from Manila via Hongkong, was discussed at today's meeting of the cabinet. A decision was reached to allow the matter to drop. Officially the matter will be ignored, and General Otis will be authorized to treat it as he deems best.

The upsetting of a canoe at Rat Portage yesterday caused the death of Frank Thorp, aged 14.

Major Marchand has been attached to the Fourth Regiment of Marine Artillery, which is now garrisoning Toulon.

Admiral Dewey has accepted the invitation to the banquet offered to him on his arrival at Trieste, Austria, by the United States Minister, Harris, who has invited all the American consuls and vice-consuls in Austria and Hungary with their wives to meet him.

The Journey of Wombod.

When a young girl develops the first evidences of womanhood, it is as if she were starting alone upon a strange journey beset with rough and dangerous places. A wise and loving mother will not allow any false delicacy to prevent her from giving her daughter the finest information and advice at this critical stage of her existence.

Young girls suffer a vast amount of unnecessary pain and misery for lack of frank and confidential instruction about their own physical weakness.

The special weaknesses and diseases incident to woman's organic development are completely and permanently remedied by the "Favorite Prescription" prepared by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y.

More than 30,000 cases of obstinate female difficulties have been absolutely cured by this wonderful "Prescription." It heals, strengthens and completely rejuvenates the tissues and nerve-centers of the female organism. It is the only medicine devised for this special purpose by a regularly graduated experienced physician. It is the one authentic preparation which may be positively relied upon to cure.

Mothers and daughters may consult Dr. Pierce by letter without charge and in the most absolute confidence. The medicine will be answered not by any mere nurse, but by an educated skilled physician. Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser will be sent free if it cost-cent stamps are enclosed to defray the cost of stamps and mailing only.

Miss Edith Cain, of Clinton, Allegheny Co., Pa., writes: "I take pleasure in expressing my faith in your Favorite Prescription. After two years of suffering I began taking Dr. Pierce's medicine and now I am entirely well. I had been treated by several female doctors for some time and also with a troublesome drain on the system, but now I am happy and well. I cheerfully recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to all invalid ladies."

From Death's Valley.

Remarkable Story of Hardships and Death Told by a Klondiker.

Of a Party of Five Eastern Adventurers But One Returns.

Three Stricken With Loathsome Disease—Left to Die.

A remarkable story is told by H. C. Hoffman, a returning Klondiker, of his experience in far northern Alaska. While Hoffman started his pilgrimage with four companions, he returns alone, leaving all who accompanied him dead or missing in an unknown and unexplored land.

The dead are: Walter Dods, Paterson, N.J.; James La Belle, Lower Canada. — French, address unknown. Henry Martin, late unknown.

Five years ago W. C. Hoffman, a machinist in the shops of the Baldwin Locomotive Works at Paterson, N. J., secured a position with a party to go to Alaska, who claimed to possess information regarding a diamond field, and whose purpose was to work and develop the ground. A few days since Hoffman arrived in Seattle, and so far as he knows he is the only one of the party of five to come out of the country alive. Hardships and adventures that would place his name alongside that of Livingstone, Stanley and Du-Roi, have wrought their ravages, and although only 33 years of age, his hair is nearly white. Deep furrows are etched in his forehead and sunken eyes bear witness to the truth of his story.

The party left New York in April, 1894, and was composed of Henry Martin, of New York, the organizer of the expedition; Walter Dods, of Paterson, N.J.; James La Belle, of Lower Canada; a man named French and Hoffman. After a month spent in San Francisco they took passage on a small trading boat, and landed at Malchata, on the west coast of Alaska. They were bound for a district lying between the Kuskokwim and the Yukon rivers, where the greatest diamond mines in the world were to be discovered. From Malchata, the trip north, over a field of snow and ice, was made by pack and dogs. They were supplied with two year's provisions, and all went well until the day when a hard mattress of snow and ice, which was nothing but a thin blanket. The following morning he was dead. The body was left resting on the blanket, and so far as Hoffman is aware it is there yet. It was frozen stiff when they left it. At Kusobok Dods and French were stricken with the same disease. Rather than go through what he had seen of La Belle, French shot himself through the heart, and Dods, with an ample supply of provisions, was left to care for himself. The understanding was that should he recover he was to push on towards a point on the Kuskokwim. Nothing was ever afterwards heard of him.

With but Hoffman left, Martin pushed on to Kevollong, a Russian Indian village near the Black Hole country. This was the place they longed to reach, having heard it was a settlement, where white people could be found. Instead, however, the town is made up of Russian refugees from the prisons of Siberia, the toughest and roughest lot of cut-throats to be found anywhere. Hoffman and his companion were not within their lead habitation until they were seized and robbed of everything of value they had on them. For days they were kept prisoners, until they had about made up their mind they were to be put to death at any minute.

Their Hoffman was taken away and placed in a village the name of which he never knew. Here he was compelled to perform the work of cleaning fish, preparing timber for the fire, and other jobs of like character. At the end of about a month he resolved to escape, which he did, making his way to Tag-chook, a native village on the coast. On arriving there he was nearly famished, but fortunately for him, he was supplied with food and allowed to depart. He then started onward and arrived at Sisman, a small town on the Koyukuk river, where he found the first white man he had seen in a year and a half. At this place he was taken sick, but good care brought him through after several months.

He was within fifty miles of Circle City when the gold excitement broke out and was one of the early arrivals in Dawson. Sickness has kept him back, and while he has sufficient money, taken from Caribou, to do him for a season at least, he has nothing like the amount he would have had had it not been for the hardships he endured.

THE TRANS-SIBERIAN.

Railway Will Be in Operation in Another Year.

M. Sergeevich, an American engineer who has just arrived from Manchuria en route to New York, reports that since his last trip across Siberia, a year ago, marvelous progress has been made in the construction of the Trans-Siberian and Chinese eastern railroads. American tools, machinery and rolling stock have been introduced everywhere along the line, and while the Chinese coolies, and even Russian workmen struck when steam rock-drills were introduced a few months ago, means were found to reconcile them, but they still

Twelve Victims of Scurvy.

The Scourge All But Obliterates a Party of Gold Seekers.

The Wife of the Leader of the Party the Sole Survivor.

Harold Sturges, of Chicago, who has just returned from St. Michaels, gives details of the loss of the eleven members of the Elk expedition who, as reported in these columns yesterday, died of scurvy in the northland. Of the expedition which sailed for Kotzebue Sound on the steamer Elk about a year ago, but one survived, Mrs. W. H. Bens, wife of the captain of the steamer. The known dead are: W. H. Bens, James Hutton, Frank Calder, Bay City, Mich.; Capt. Chas. Smith, Frank Johnson, Port Hadlock, Wash.; Joe Rheinart, Milwaukee; John Stonehouse, Whidby Island, Wash.; Earl Plummer, Port Townsend, Wash.; Danca, Malak, Port Townsend, Ill.; Dr. Vetter, Stratton, Pa.; Peter Johnson, and unknown sailor.

The story of the death of this party was told to Harold Sturges by Mrs. Bens, who was brought in from Nulato the day before the *Argonne* left. Mrs. Bens escaped death on the trail, but is in danger of dying from scurvy.

Captain Bens was an old lake skipper and came west a year ago to build a steamer for Alaska. He built a staunch vessel called the Elk No. 1, and gathered up a party of seventeen, including the Elk. The Elk was to have gone into the Arctic ocean and up the Mackenzie river, but finally brought up in Kotzebue Sound. A party of thirteen landed and started to reported gold diggings on the Selawick river. They found no gold, but a few rich strikes on the Koyukuk, 300 miles distant.

In January Captain Bens and his wife started for the new diggings. They had no dogs and were forced to pull their sleds loaded with provisions and camping outfits over the soft snow. After following the Selawick for many a mile, the Teregnawick river was reached. Constant exposure, cold and insufficient food was beginning to tell. One by one they succumbed, until only Mr. and Mrs. Bens remained.

Bens and his resourceful wife got to the Husevinkina river—alleged to be the head and was unable to go farther. For several days his wife nursed him and without medicine tried to get him in condition to travel. The scurvy had made too much progress and on May 10 Bens died.

The poor woman was alone on the trail, and miles from human habitation, short of supplies and almost ready to drop from scurvy and frozen limbs. She says she contemplated suicide, but could not bring herself to it. She decided to make one more try for life, and putting a light pack across her shoulders, she started down the river. She was unable to bury her husband's body or to even cover it up, and the thought of its being torn by wild beasts nearly drove her wild.

She traveled on for hours, making very little progress. She had covered about thirty miles and was almost exhausted when she was startled by the baying of a dog. She noticed smoke in a bunch of scrubby timber a few rods from the river, and her cries for help brought several hardy prospectors from Peavy to her assistance.

When the Garmons left Mrs. J. J. Healy and Judge Shephard, United States court commissioner, were interested themselves in Mrs. Bens' behalf, having raised a sufficient sum of money to send her to this city. She will return probably on the next steamer.

A Vancouver Policeman.

Permanently Cured of Catarrh After 15 Years' Suffering.

JAPANESE CATARRH CURE CURES.

Mr. Thos. Crawford, Sergeant Vancouver Police Force, writes: "I have been a great sufferer from catarrh, which I contracted over 17 years ago in Winnipeg. I tried many remedies—catarrh cures, consulted physicians, catarrh specialists, and not one of them gave me more than a little temporary relief. About two years ago I tried Japanese Catarrh Cure, and after completing this treatment I have been permanently cured. I can highly recommend it as the best application of relief."

Sold by all druggists, 50 cents. Six boxes, guaranteed to cure any case of nasal catarrh, for \$2.50. A free sample sent to any person suffering from catarrh. Enclose 5 cent stamp. Address: The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., 121 Church street, Toronto.

"A Fair Outside Is a Poor Substitute For Inward Worth."

Good health, inwardly, of the kidneys, liver and bowels, is sure to come if Hood's Sarsaparilla is promptly used.

This secures a fair outside, and a consequent vigor in the frame, with the glow of health on the cheeks, good appetite, perfect digestion, pure blood. Loss of Appetite—"I was in poor health, troubled with dizziness, tired feeling and loss of appetite. I was completely run down. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and while I felt much better, Hood's Sarsaparilla built me up." Lizzie A. Russell, Old Chelsea, near Ottawa, Que.

Weakness—"I have been troubled with headache and biliousness and was much run down. Tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and it gave me relief and built me up." A. Morrison, 80 Deane Street, Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-drowsing and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Million on the Portland.

Passengers Confirm the News of the "Salting" of Cape Nome.

Many Unemployed at Dawson—Prospectors Have a Narrow Escape.

San Francisco, July 20.—Steamer Portland has arrived with 150 passengers and one million in treasure. The greater portion of the gold was the property of the Alaska Commercial Co. About \$500,000 was held by a few lucky ones.

The miners speak indignantly of the treatment accorded prospectors who went to prospect the Cape Nome district, at the solicitation of the transportation companies. The Portland's passengers say unqualifiedly that the district has been "salted" in the interest of the transportation companies, and that great suffering prevails in the district. Many miners who returned on the Portland spent their last dollar to obtain transportation to this city, and some had to sell their possessions to get enough money to pay their fare and was unable to go farther.

R. E. Edgar, one of the passengers of the Portland, takes a very gloomy view of the state of affairs in Dawson.

"There is nothing doing there," he said. "It is frightfully dull. The place is so overrun with unemployed men that there are at least ten men for every job. There is no suffering. There seems to be food for all, but there are a great many men who are without money and who will undoubtedly suffer. I have no doubt that the government will have to step in and take care of these men. There are hundreds anxious to leave Dawson, but would leave if they had the means, but they have not, and there is an end of it."

"How many have left within the last month?"

"Fully two thousand. A great many have worked their way out, and others hundreds anxious to leave Dawson, but would leave if they had the means, but they have not, and there is an end of it."

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Had to Eat Dog Meat.

J. J. Hollister, a civil engineer of Santa Barbara, Cal., from St. Michael, tells of the narrow escape of a party of Kotzebue sound prospectors who started over this spring to Cape Nome. He gives only the following names of the party, of which he was a member, and which was composed of twenty-four men: Dr. Gale, of Oakland; Dr. Gleason, of Los Angeles; A. A. Eubanks, of Portland; Otto Myers, of San Francisco; J. V. Baird, of Oakland.

The party got lost, ran out of food and were forced to kill and eat sixteen of the dogs.

"At the headwaters of Fish river they contracted heat and rats and floated down to Golovin Bay."

A letter from St. Michael announces the arrival at Cape Nome of J. D. Tallant, a well known San Francisco banker, and George Wain, of San Rafael. They made the trip overland from Kotzebue sound, contracting heat and rats and floated down to Golovin Bay.

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Senator Fairbanks, chairman of the joint high American-Canadian commission, yesterday expressed confidence that some arrangement might be made which would result in a resumption of the negotiations on the Alaskan boundary question.

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VICTORIA MARKETS.

Notwithstanding a very fair promise of productivity, earlier in the season, inland fruit growers are not marketing as liberally as they at one time hoped to do. The currants and berries blossomed well, and until the stage of ripening was reached the cool and somewhat showery weather found a very large showing of the smaller fruits. But this was followed by the present dry and hot spell during which strawberries and raspberries have suffered severely, much of the fruit drying on the branches.

The result, so far as prices are concerned, is apparent in the market stalls, where, although fruit is offered in plenty, prices are held high. On most of the stalls two boxes of raspberries only are offered for the shopper's standard "two bits," where four boxes have formerly been offered for the same money. The raspberry season is likely to be a very short one and next

A SIGN OF THE TIMES.

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We have all the latest and best patterns in the good, which we import direct in large quantities. Samples sent free anywhere outside the city. Mattings shown on second floor.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Weiler Bros. New Showrooms. Government Street.



BEARING A DERBY WINNER.

As with human beings, so with horses—and for that matter all animals—the effect of good or bad education is never eradicated. The fault most frequently found with race horses is that they are disposed to be hot-tempered. Without allowing this for a moment, it can be emphatically stated that hot-tempered horses are seldom born, but are often made by wrong treatment and careless breaking. One of the first and most important of the horse's early lessons, after being shod, should be handled in the stable, is to learn to bear the bit. From this he proceeds to more active schooling. When the yearling gets used to a moving body on his back he is led out into the yard or paddock and made to follow with others behind a steady old horse. This he will in most cases readily do, although sometimes lengthy trouble ensues, but firmness is exercised until it is fully understood that the rider is master.—Strand.

Assistant Secretary Spaulding, of the United States, has decided that Nova Scotia brook trout should not be classified in the assessment of customs duties as fresh water fish, because being of a migratory character, they are doubtless at three quarters of a cent a pound.

A slight advance in oats incident to the shortage between crops is noticeable, but otherwise the grain, feed and flour market has fallen in price, and good dairy butter can be obtained for 15 cents.

The Canadian Royal Art Union, Limited, of Montreal, Canada, offers free courses in art to those desiring same. The course includes drawing and painting from still life, models and from magazine work. Fresh, complete and reliable information and application for admission may be made at any time.

The Canadian Royal Art Union, Limited, was founded for the purpose of encouraging art and disseminating the same. The monthly drawings, which are held on the last day of each month, are for further particulars apply to:

The Canadian Royal Art Union, Limited, 218 and 220 St. James st., Montreal, P. Q.

Free Art Classes

Next Drawing, Monday, July 21st.

FOR SALE

6-roomed house and 1/2 acre, about 7 miles from town. \$300. SWINERTON & ODDY, 108 Government Street.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the 31st day of July, 1896, is the last day for paying rent due for the year 1896, under the Sewers Rental By-Law, 1896.

In default of payment at my office, City Hall, by the said 31st day of July, the said rent will be collected by process of law. CHAS. HENRY KEENE, Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

APOL & STEEL

A REMEDY FOR IRRICULARITIES. Superseding Bitter Apple, Pin Coccus, Pennyroyal, etc.

Order of all chemists, or post free for \$1.50 from EVANS & SONS, LTD., Victoria, or MARTIN, Pharmacologist, Chemist, Southampton, Eng.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use the Big 6 for Constipation, Obese, 5 per center tube, White, 5 per center tube, charge, or any inflammation, irritation or obstruction of the bowels. The Evans' Compound, 100% Pure, 100% Guaranteed, U.S.A. Sold by Druggists. Circular sent on request.

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Dominion Parliament

Sobriety in Canadian Military Camps—Dr. Borden's Reply to Major Campbell.

Senate Reform—Letter Carriers' Salaries The Usury Bill Reported.

Ottawa, July 14.—In the House of Commons yesterday, on motion to go into supply, Dr. Borden brought up a matter referred to in a newspaper report of the meeting of the Ontario Alliance in Toronto. The report stated that at the evening session resolutions were adopted against military camps. In the discussion Major Campbell, of Orillia, was reported as having taken the Minister of Militia severely to task.

This statement, Dr. Borden said, made it necessary that in justice to himself and the officers of the department, he should put forward the facts briefly. When he assumed office he found a regulation in existence, passed in 1885, forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquors in military camps of instruction. It was represented to him that these instructions were being disregarded. In his own province they were enforced, but he wrote to the major-general commanding the London camp. It again this year, just before the camps were organized, he wrote the major-general saying, "In view of the strong temperance feeling in this country and the agitation of the soldiers on and in the interest of their officers and of the department I hope you will endeavor to have this order strictly enforced in the approaching camp."

The major-general in reply observed that the order would be strictly enforced.

Case in London.

After the London camp he had received a letter from Mrs. Thornley, of the W.C.T.U. of London, quite a long letter, alleging that drunkenness had existed in the camp to a greater extent than ever before in any camp in Ontario. The writer carefully refrained from using the name of any person, but in this statement, simply setting it down as "current rumor," he had at once forwarded the letter to the major-general and received the following reply:

Laprarie, June 23, 1899.

In reply to your note forwarding a letter from Mrs. Thornley I shall be much obliged to the lady if she will give me any confirmation, directly or indirectly, of the statement in regard to the sale of liquor in London camp. I was personally in command of the camp at London, and as my duty required was frequently with in the lines. Mrs. Thornley is entirely in error in the statement that there was drinking in the camp. During the whole period of my command there I never saw a drunken man, and I have never seen a camp of young soldiers with better discipline. If there was any drinking on the night of arrival at camp it was because the men brought the liquor with them or got it in the town. The only canteen was one at which the sale of liquor was prohibited.

On receipt of this letter Dr. Borden explained that he had forwarded a copy to Mrs. Thornley, and that he had either withdrawn the charges or name the witnesses who could give evidence. No answer had as yet been received to this letter.

A canteen was a shop where everything that a soldier might require was sold. As to Major Campbell's charge in the Dominion Alliance Dr. Borden thought it would be impossible for any man to confound so short a space a greater number of inaccuracies and a more unjust attack upon himself or upon the gentlemen in charge of the administration of the militia department.

Sir Charles Tupper was glad to know that Dr. Borden had seen fit to put this matter right.

Col. Hughes, speaking of the Niagara camp, bore out what Dr. Borden said. He had hardly thought it possible to get so many men together and have so little drinking.

Mr. Pettit (Prince Edward) said that in the same camp he had never seen a private or an officer intoxicated till the city battalions arrived on the scene.

St. John Long Voted.

The Minister of Railways drew attention to editorials in Montreal and Ottawa papers concerning the purchase of the long wharf property at St. John, which represented that the wharf should cost only \$100,000, while the government, because the valuers set it down as worth \$115,000, "spoke up and offered \$115,000." He suspected the statements were the outcome of an organized conspiracy to misstate to the public the facts as laid before parliament. A hundred thousand dollars was the only amount the government had ever agreed to pay and the government had given no hope to the owners of getting more.

Senate Reform.

Sir Charles Tupper asked whether the Premier had abandoned his intention of introducing resolutions this session with regard to his plan of Senate Reform. He had hardly thought that the government would have left till the summer session the bringing in of such important matter and hoped that the Premier would be able to announce that the question would be allowed to stand over till next session.

The Premier was sorry he could not gratify this wish. The tenor of the resolutions was perfectly well known and no good purpose would have been served by bringing in the resolutions earlier when the time had been fully occupied by this moment.

In Aid of the Empire.

Lieut.-Col. Sam Hughes thought that Canada would do well to follow the example of Queensland in tendering the offer of a regiment for service in the Transvaal in defence of Great Britain's suzerain interests in the Transvaal in case of trouble with the Boers. Thous-

ands of Canadians would willingly volunteer for the service either in the Transvaal or elsewhere.

The Prime Minister hoped there would be no necessity for Queensland or any other part of the Empire to send troops for active service in South Africa. His hope was that the difficulty would be adjusted without the sword being sheathed. He did not think it was too much to expect that the Boers would accept a recognition of the desirability of equal justice being meted out to all and if this were done there would be no occasion for sending troops into the field.

Sir Charles Tupper thought that it was quite apparent that British public opinion backed the plan which the government had assumed. The knowledge that the various units of the Empire would share the burden with the Home Government would contribute to a settlement of the difficulty.

Letter Carriers' Salaries.

In committee of supply the civil government estimates for the postoffice department were first taken up. Lieut.-Col. Prior brought up the question of the salaries paid to letter carriers throughout the Dominion, which he considered far too small. The officers received but thirty dollars a month on joining and the maximum salary to which they may attain is but six hundred per annum. They were a hard-worked and a capable body of men and the least the government could do for them was to grant their annual increases.

The Postmaster-General did not think the letter carriers were being harshly dealt with. Last year all carriers receiving no more than \$70 had been granted an increase of \$10 and his impression was that the increases had all been allowed in 1898.

Mr. Clarke Wallace referred to the petition which the letter carriers of Canada had addressed to the Postmaster-General asking that the statutory increases be continued from year to year, as was the case under the Conservative regime. He was inclined to think for his own part that this parsimonious striking off of the revenues of Canada had reached a point of unequal buoyancy. If the people knew that their reduction in the postal rate from three to two cents was secured through the grinding of these hard-worked employees of the department the policy was one which they would hardly sanction.

The Postmaster-General promised that in the estimates for the current year provision was made for an increase in the salaries of all whose salaries did not reach six hundred dollars.

Mr. Wallace thought this clearly constituted an acknowledgment of a mistake taken policy in the last few years.

Montreal Postmaster.

In reply to a question by Mr. Bergeron as to when the vacant postmastership at Montreal is to be filled the Postmaster-General stated that he had found when the Montreal postoffice was managed on some what ancient lines. He had therefore deemed it advisable before making the appointment to inaugurate an up-to-date system so that the new appointee may be given a fair chance at the start off and held responsible for the maintenance of the standard of efficiency. The Montreal postoffice, Messrs. Armstrong and Bennett, both experienced men, had been charged with the reorganization and already have things on a much more satisfactory basis. The Montreal office was a very important post and he expected to have matters so regulated that the appointment may be made during the summer.

Mr. Bergeron made enquiry as to the trouble which occurred some time ago through the Montreal mail carriers losing their right to travel on the electric cars.

The Postmaster-General replied that this had been occasioned through a difficulty allowed the street railway company had demanded a payment of \$800 a month. The department could not sanction such an outlay and an arrangement had been framed by which special tickets, issued at a low rate for use by the carriers, were issued as the service was had at a slight saving on the old contract.

Railway Mail Contracts.

Mr. Clarke Wallace raised the question of the remuneration allowed to railway companies in Canada for the carriage of mail, which amounts to \$1,525,000. A year ago the Postmaster-General had taken a vote for a commission to investigate the existing arrangements, but the money was never used. To his mind the railway companies were very much overpaid.

The Postmaster-General replied that the Grand Trunk, Canadian Pacific, Michigan Central and other Canadian lines considered themselves very much underpaid. Comparison with the prices paid in the United States showed very much to our advantage. The system which was now followed was one which had been sanctioned by long usage. It was true that he had taken a vote for a commission of enquiry into this matter, but had refrained from putting that plan into effect on the suggestion of a former occupant of the post he now filled.

In reply to a question by Mr. Powell (Westmoreland) the Postmaster-General stated that the lowest rate was two cents a mile. By order-in-council the rate had been fixed at four cents for baggage and eight cents for postal car service and these had been the rates for years. In the I.C.R., G.T.R., and C.P.R. this amounted to about \$10 per annum per train mile.

The estimates for the postoffice department were all disposed of, and the consideration of items for the department of railways and canals.

IN THE SENATE.

The Senate yesterday dealt with Senator Dandurand's Usury bill, which gave rise to a protracted discussion, and was finally reported from committee, with a number of amendments. The measure met with strong opposition in several quarters. This bill respecting the Banque du Peuple also passed its third reading in a slightly amended state.

Senator Forget moved the adoption of the report of the banking and commerce

committee on the bill respecting the Banque du Peuple.

Senator McMillan promised to oppose the bill at a later stage.

Senator Drummond thought nothing could exceed the disastrous character of the collapse of this bank. If a banking institution was managed by able and honest men, no vigilance could prevent its discomfiture. He favored the bill with the amendments already proposed, and possibly one or two more. From his knowledge of the directors, he thought they were unfortunate, nothing more.

Senator Drummond thought an amendment would be a fair one, which provided that so soon as the assets of the bank were distributed among the depositors to the extent of the amount named in the bill, all assets in excess of the amount so required should be distributed among the shareholders pro rata, and the expense of administering such assets the Hon. A. Desjardins, of Montreal, should be named and remunerated for his services at such an amount as might be agreed upon by the present directors and trustees of the bank.

The amendment proposed by Senator McMillan was then adopted, with a few verbal amendments, and the bill was read a third time and passed.

The Secretary of State moved the third reading of the bill to amend the Dominion Lands Act. Senator Lougheed proposed an amendment making it necessary for the claimant to have been the possessor of the land since January 1st. This was agreed to, and the bill as amended was read a third time and passed.

The Usury Bill.

The House then went into committee on the Usury bill, taking up an amendment to the first clause proposed by Senator Dandurand, and which provided that no person shall stipulate for, allow or exact on any negotiable document, contract, or agreement, the principal or interest under \$1,000, a rate of interest not greater than twenty per cent per annum, and the said rate of interest shall be reduced to the rate of ten per cent per annum from the date of the issue of process in any suit, action or other proceeding for the recovery of the amount due.

Speaking in support of his amendment Senator Dandurand said the British House of Lords in its bill allowed fifteen per cent on sums over \$500.

The Hon. David Mills suggested reducing the amount to which the bill would be applicable to \$500.

Senator Drummond agreed to accept the suggestion as the sums mostly borrowed by young men where what he wanted to protect, and they ranged from \$100 to \$150.

Senator Wood pressed that the bill be allowed to stand over for another year in order to allow the House time to fully consider the whole question. Senator Power did not think that by the passage of this bill an injustice would be done to anyone. The promoter of the bill did not claim that it was a perfect measure. It was an effort in the right direction, and he thought the bill should be passed in a form that would not inflict an injustice and allow it to meet its fate in the House of Commons.

Senator Dandurand said that while it might be fairly contended that twenty per cent interest should be allowed on short loans, yet a short loan might become a long loan. The bill was intended to protect hundreds of young men who were at the bottom of the ladder and who fell into the hands of sharks. The bill defined what was a money-lender, and the man he wanted to reach would not register as a money-lender but would use five or six names and when wanted would say that he was not a habitual money-lender. Senator Almon said if this bill was aimed at the usurer it was very much in favor of the small lawyer.

Senator Lougheed thought there was no difference of opinion regarding the desirability of meeting the abuse aimed at, but the difficulty was, Senator Dandurand had introduced a special measure. He thought it would have been better to have adopted the English act and to have introduced an "interstitial" clause, which would have covered everything wanted. He was quite prepared to support a measure which was aimed at usury, but he hesitated in supporting a bill affecting general commercial transactions. He advised that the government should introduce a measure dealing with the usurer, and thought that if Senator Dandurand had given as much effort to secure an insolvency law he would have done more for Montreal.

Senator Dandurand said he knew hundreds of cases in Montreal where judgments were hanging over the heads of young men at from sixty to four hundred per cent interest claims.

Senator McMillan thought that money would be left to find its own value. If this bill passed, twenty per cent would be charged on many loans now secured for a lesser rate.

Senator Dandurand disagreed from this statement. Loans of from \$500 to \$20,000 could be had to-day in Montreal at five per cent on mortgage.

Senator McMillan said that supposing he wanted \$100 for ten days, and agreed to pay two dollars for it. That looked like a small sum, but it was seventy-three and a half per cent, and the lender of the money would be liable, if this bill passed, to a fine of \$50 and imprisonment.

Senator O'Donohue sympathized with the principle of the bill, but did not think it was likely to accomplish what it was intended to accomplish. He would vote against the bill, though his sympathies went out for the prey of the usurers.

The Hon. David Mills had given some attention to the matter, though not able to take it up as a government measure. The bill had been passed in the hands of the officers of his department, who were skilled in drafting, and their suggestion was in Senator Dandurand's hands. It was very hard to define a money-lender, and the scope of the bill was all they could well see to this session. It was not until a bill became law that one could see its defects, and it was much easier to perfect a law on the statute book than to frame a new law perfectly.

Senator DeBoucherville said that there was great rejoicing in Montreal among the usurers, when it was reported that the bill had been killed.

HOTEL DAWSON JOHN MICHAEL, Prop. 55, 57, 59, YATES ST. VICTORIA

Lighted by electricity. First-class service. Generally located. Cars pass through to all parts of the city. Newly furnished and refitted throughout. Free baths. Single, \$1.00. Double, \$1.50. per week board, \$4.00. Phone 618.

Bankers' Association, and not from the usurers. He strongly urged Senator Dandurand to accept the "interstitial" clause, which would be returned from committee, should be reported and printed for distribution.

Senator Dandurand said that unless the bill became a government measure it might as well be disposed of now. The vote was taken on the motion that the committee rise, and was lost by a vote of 17 yeas to 21 nays.

Senator McMillan then moved an amendment that six per cent. Canada the rate after maturity and that the rate of interest should apply only to loans made within thirty days. The amendment was declared lost.

Senator Wood moved to change the amended clause by substituting the words "date of judgment," for the words "issue of process."

The Hon. David Mills said that he had suggested to Senator Dandurand that his operation of the bill should be confined to money-lenders, leaving all the rest free. The House could then make the bill as strong as it wished against the class it was intended to reach.

Senator Wood expressed himself as satisfied with this arrangement, and temporarily withdrew his motion.

Senator Dandurand moved then, an clause two of the bill that the expression "money-lender" should include any person who carries on the business of money-lending, or advertises or announces himself or holds himself out in any way as lending or making a practice of lending money at a higher rate of interest than ten per cent, per annum, but did not include any registered pawnbroker.

Senator Power suggested the adding of the words "as such," after the word "pawnbroker."

Senator Dandurand said he had followed the English act in framing the new clause; but accepted the addition, and the clause, as amended, carried.

Senator Dandurand then proposed to amend clause three of the bill by making it read "in any suit, action or other proceeding concerning a loan of money by a money-lender, the principal of which was originally under five hundred dollars," etc. Meanwhile Senator Dandurand accepted the amendment of Senator Wood confining the reduction of the rate of interest after maturity from the date of judgment.

Senator Lougheed moved to insert an amendment excluding taxable charges from operation of the section. This was accepted by Senator Dandurand, and the clause, as amended, was carried.

On the next clause Senator Lougheed doubted whether the bill was intra vires in dealing with the principal of a loan or loans.

The Hon. David Mills reminded him that the Privy Council had decided that where any powers of legislation were distinctly given in the British North America Act, the power included the right to deal with incidental matters. This judgment covered the clause in the bill.

Senator Lougheed concurred in this view, and suggested that the words "due and exigible" be altered.

Senator Dandurand said he had copied the words from the translation of the Quebec Civil Code. The words were replaced by the words "due and payable," and the clause was adopted. The remaining clauses of the bill were adopted with a few slight verbal amendments, and the bill read and reported progress.

Penitentiary Bill.

The Senate then went into committee on the bill to amend the Penitentiaries Act. The Hon. David Mills said the cost of the penitentiaries was decreasing. If they could liberate convicts, tickets of leave, and parole, the cost would be reduced. Senator Dandurand wanted to know if the convicts could not be employed making public roads, as they were in the United States. The committee rose and reported the bill and it was read a third time and passed.

Other Government Bills.

The bill to amend the act respecting the Department of the Interior was passed through committee, read a third time and passed.

On the second reading of the bill to amend the Customs Act, Senator Power vigorously opposed the principle of allowing the exportation of deer. It would open the door to the destruction of game. The bill was read a second time and the Senate adjourned at ten o'clock.

TO TAP THE ENEMY'S WIRES.

The war office has inaugurated a measure of considerable importance. It provides that in future every cavalry regiment shall comprise a certain number of trained telegraphists, and, inasmuch as promotion is to be accorded to troopers like a small sum, but it was seventy-three and a half per cent, and the lender of the money would be liable, if this bill passed, to a fine of \$50 and imprisonment.

Senator O'Donohue sympathized with the principle of the bill, but did not think it was likely to accomplish what it was intended to accomplish. He would vote against the bill, though his sympathies went out for the prey of the usurers.

The Hon. David Mills had given some attention to the matter, though not able to take it up as a government measure. The bill had been passed in the hands of the officers of his department, who were skilled in drafting, and their suggestion was in Senator Dandurand's hands. It was very hard to define a money-lender, and the scope of the bill was all they could well see to this session. It was not until a bill became law that one could see its defects, and it was much easier to perfect a law on the statute book than to frame a new law perfectly.

HUNDREDS OF THEM.

Hundreds throughout Canada are talking the praises of FOOT BALM for tendering sweet relief to their aching feet. It is sold in all parts of the world. Try them.

PROFESSIONAL CLEARERONES. Light On A Shady Street for Society.

The fascinating list of all the advantages and luxuries to be enjoyed by the debutante who puts herself, and her money, into the hands of a society chaperone has a background which is a very important part of the London-Montreal trade that is hardly so alluring. One who has been through this mill, and who is acquainted with other sufferers at the hands of paid chaperones, has been telling me now in a confidential way of their outings during the last London season.

"In the first place," explained this now newly-launched woman in society, "I had to pay \$700 for my board and lodging, introductions, etc. In fact, I was to pay the whole thing, but was to be taken out in public with all the facts and advantages of a daughter of the well known lady of title."

"In my ignorance, I thought everything was being done in proper style. It was only gradually I began to realize that my chaperone was one of the crowd, the by no means small crowd, of women whom I had seen from as the 'sponsors.'"

"Take Henley, for instance. If you are not going with a party or by invitation, you can easily buy tickets for Clubland and the things will get down there just as soon as you are young fellow and up from the university, and with a splash and splurge that they ought to have dropped 20 years before, they will point-blank ask the man if he is not going to take them to lunch. Some of them insist on something to which they were invited, and, of course, the young fellow has to say 'Yes.' They always go for these boys. An older man would diplomatically himself out of it with an excuse that he has a large party now or something of the sort. Imagine my disgust when my chaperone at Ascot introduced herself to a man who, I know, did not remember having met her before, and made him take us to the Gaiety's tent, and of course he had to pay all our expenses, though I had previously said the lady a special lump sum for this outing. She must have made heaps of money out of me for we seemed to sponge on everybody, and I didn't get much of the attention."

VIGILANT DETECTIVES.

When a crime is committed, no matter in what corner of the earth the criminal tries to hide, he knows that probably some detective or other on the look-out is somewhere waiting to lay his hand on him. When any disease attacks mankind and begins to spread in the human system, no matter how obscure or complicated, the disease may be Nature among her great force of detective remedies has one that will eventually hunt down and arrest that particular disease.

Lung and bronchial diseases which doctors have to deal with, because it isn't the lungs or bronchial tubes alone which are affected, but every corner of the system furnishes a lurking place for these elusive maladies.

The change and reappear and dodge about the system under numberless disguises. They are almost always complicated with liver or stomach troubles, nervousness, neuralgia, or "general debility," and has provided to search out and arrest these perplexing ailments is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It lays an arresting hand directly upon the poisonous, paralyzing elements hiding in the liver and digestive organs.

It gives the blood-making glands power to manufacture an abundant supply of pure, red, highly vitalized blood which reinforces the lungs with healthy tissue; builds up solid muscular flesh and active energy.

For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, nasal catarrh, bronchitis, severe coughs, asthma, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. While it promptly cures the severest cough it strengthens the system and purifies the blood.

"I feel very grateful for the home-treatment given me by the World's Dispensary Medical Association," writes Mr. T. J. F. Brown, of Sands, Wauzaga Co., N. C. "I suffered dreadfully for several years, then took grip, and had hemorrhage from the lungs. I had the best of medical attention but only to bring partial relief. I got up for a few days but had more hemorrhages. I took Dr. Pierce's Discovery, (twenty-five or thirty bottles) but in a few months I had been spitting of blood. I wrote to Dr. Pierce and received directions what kind of medicine to use; I commenced taking his 'Golden Medical Discovery' and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. I had only taken one bottle when I could see I was improving. I used three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and five bottles of any kind of labor for more than twelve months. Well I just simply owe my life to the World's Dispensary Medical Association."

"I was first taken (nearly two years ago) with choking and aching in my throat, and I suffered dreadfully," writes Mrs. D. Z. Moore, of Deming, Grant Co., N. Mex. "I took everything I could think of, and spent large sums of money, but it did me no good. I lost my voice. Could scarcely talk so a person could understand me. The doctors called the trouble bronchial affection," said the lady, "and I was almost dead when I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. My throat cleared, my voice returned, and I thought I would try the 'Discovery.' From the first I commenced to improve. I have taken it right along and with a few more bottles I think I will have as good health as ever. I owe my life to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I have been the cause of several lives being cured by it."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice is a book of 1,008 pages and over three hundred illustrations, some of them colored, all fully explained. This book is free. It has been selling for \$1.50. Now you may have it in all its usefulness, in strong paper covers, for 31 one-cent stamps, which pays the cost of customs and mailing only, or in cloth binding for 50 stamps. It is a veritable medical library all contained in a single volume.

Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

If the Drain Pipe in Your Kitchen Clogs

up, what is the result? You must remove the stuff, or it will decay and fill your house with evil odors of putrefaction. That's precisely what happens in your own body when you become constipated, and the poisonous matter is taken up by the blood and carried back into your system, only it is much worse, because you are unconscious of the effects, but every one who comes near you literally smells you. I know, slightly, two ladies, both of them amiable and attractive women otherwise, who are veritable walking, churning houses! Could I use a more expressive or truthful term? These ladies are so saturated with the poisonous effluvia from their internal economy that they are habituated to it; their sense of smell is blunted. I wonder how their husbands endure them! Both of these women suffer from Constipation; their complexions are muddy and their breaths nauseating to sensitive people. I wish I knew them intimately enough to advise them to try Karl's Clover Root Tea, the most wonderful medicine I have ever known for the regulation of the bowels, purifying of the blood and sweetening of the breath.



My dear sisters, I wish to tell you that your health depends entirely on the state of your blood. Your blood makes you whatever you are, for through the blood every organ in your body is kept in repair. If your blood is poisoned by the waste material that is retained in your body because of your constipation, you are not being built up as you should be. Karl's Clover Root Tea is a truly wonderful tissue builder. It produces healthy digestive organs, allowing your food to nourish you, and induces sound, refreshing sleep.

Ask your druggist for a sample, or write to S. C. Wells & Co., 52 Colburn Street, Toronto, Ont., who will mail you one. Sold in the United States and Canada at 25c. and 50c., and in England at 1s. 6d. and 2s. 3d.

British Columbia Printing & Engraving Corporation, Limited.

Hullo! a new printing firm? No, that is the name the Province Publishing Co. is taking; you see so many people thought, on account of the similarity of names, that the Victoria newspaper was connected with us. We had to apply to the courts for divorce even of name. While changing our name we are at the same time doubling our capital, business has increased and we will shortly be ready to move to our new office here in Victoria. We have added to our plant: (1) A complete plating plant with all modern appliances. (2) A new up-to-date color printing press. (3) An entire new style type with all the latest styles. (4) A new and more powerful engine. (5) A new and more powerful engine. (6) A new and more powerful engine. (7) A new and more powerful engine. (8) A new and more powerful engine. (9) A new and more powerful engine. (10) A new and more powerful engine. (11) A new and more powerful engine. (12) A new and more powerful engine. (13) A new and more powerful engine. 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PROFITLESS DISCUSSION.

Sundry would-be guides of public opinion are busy themselves with empty notions upon the political affairs of the province, and endeavoring to feed the public curiosity as to what is going to happen with what is merely wind. There is foolish talk about assistance governments, amalgamations between this, that and the other party or fragment of a party; there is even talk of a return of Turnerism. And it is all folly. Nothing can be done till the Lieutenant-Governor comes back. He is the one man who can say what is to be done; any man's opinion till then is quite as good as the next man's, and neither is worth anything. Of course there are some things that will not happen, and one of these is the return of the Turner government, or any member of that government, to power in this province so long as the Lieutenant-Governor of this province is a conscientious man. So it is the cheapest kind of talk to mention the possibility of the men who composed the late cabinet ever occupying cabinet positions in this province again, and it is very foolish to waste time in speculating upon what might have been had Mr. Semlin and Mr. Turner got together (got what together?). The public will just have to exercise patience till His Honor returns, and not take any notice of foolish dissertations on what the garrulous quidnuncs of the opposition press dub "the political situation."

BRITISH GOLD.

Sir Michael Hicks Beach, the chancellor of the exchequer, was one of the principal guests at a banquet given by the Lord Mayor of London lately, at the Mansion House, to the bankers and merchants of the city of London. In the course of his speech the chancellor said he hoped the interests of the country had not suffered in his hands, although it had been his fate to increase the taxation. Still, the increase was less than was expected. Touching upon the denunciations of his policy with respect to the proposed reduction of the national debt Sir Michael said his critics had denominated him as if he had placed the country in the position of a fraudulent banker, but it was a great comfort to him to find that the bankers of the city of London had not disapproved of his proposal (to reduce the national debt by six or eight millions), and there were no able critics in financial matters than they. The chancellor then went on to speak on the subject of the proposed increase of the stock of gold in Great Britain. He did not think any step to set up a hoard of gold in the United Kingdom would meet with the sanction of parliament. It was the duty of the Bank of England to maintain a sufficient gold reserve for its own requirements and such a sum should be arrived at by the nature of its liabilities. It is thus that British statesmen meet the outcry of the alarmists, who have so much influence in other countries, for the creation of gold hoards in the country. In Great Britain there are many

economists who think the recent great increase in the world's stock of gold has not benefited Great Britain as it ought to have done—passed it by, in fact; but whether they are correct or not—the method suggested by them is not that which meets with the approval of the men who have the responsibility of managing the financial business of the country. There is hardly anything more interesting for the student of government than the contrasted financial methods of the two greatest governments on earth—those of Great Britain and the United States.

Australia has soundly beaten the Englishmen at their own game of cricket, and the dismayed critics throughout the United Kingdom are now frankly acknowledging that it was because the Australians were the better men. Of course; how else could the thing have happened? There is surely no mystery about it. Good men are bound to come to the front sooner or later, and all the tradition and glorious history that ever was will never save a team or a country that does not keep up with the times and adapt itself to the new and changing conditions. England has also been beaten and very badly in a rifle competition with six other European powers. England made the smallest score of all. What is the matter?

That audacious person known as "the Vancouver liar," has, been at it again, and an American paper is the victim of his fiery imagination. He has chosen for his theme this time the political crisis in the province, and in the fifty-six lines (to which his fancy sketch extends there are at the lowest computation fifty-six deliberate lies. Vancouver should canonize the fellow.

Had the late Senator Sandford been able to swim he would in all probability be alive and well to-day. Strong, sensible men are too prone to pooh pooh such things, but time and circumstance are apt some day to exact a terrible revenge. No boy in Canada should be allowed to leave school unless he is able to swim. And why not the girls, too? Admiral Dewey is to be offered a nomination for the presidency of the United States at the approaching quadrennial paroxysm. What has this excellent officer ever done to warrant this mammoth exhibition of indiscretion and folly toward him? Ah! We have it—he said nothing.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

To the Editor: In your semi-weekly of 14th inst. I observed a letter from W. H. Hayward, Metochin trying as he says to throw the search-light of public opinion on what he calls the present befogged political atmosphere. Such endeavors are praiseworthy, especially when covering secret scintillations in the name of I am sorry, not being able to agree with his arguments or statements. I read the Premier's letter to the Attorney-General and the latter's reply, and any fair-minded man, I think, must admit that the Attorney-General had the best of the argument. It is preposterous to try to dismiss any man under such intangible pleas and more especially one of such standing, the man who rules the province really and who is expected to give up his private practice. Ist. You don't show up at office often enough. 2nd. You discussed an affair of state with outsiders. 3rd. You lost your temper at the Rosland banquet when they interrupted you and threatened to prevent their getting the court house. The reply, "my work is up-to-date," what else do you want? 2nd. I don't know to what you refer, but suppose it is to a certain deputa-tion—baratelle, flip-flop—nothing. As to the last I would ask: Do you think you can dismiss ministers more useful and important than yourself, if they happen to say anything displeasing to you at a public dinner? Remember newspaper reports of such convivial affairs are not always accurate—wine may get into reporters' heads as well as cabinet ministers'. You should have ascertained if this report is true before taking action on it, especially such action that is beyond your strength. I have been able to conduct all my official work properly and promptly, which is more than you can say—vide lands and works muddle you had to relinquish. Your correspondent then goes on to say that many are of the opinion that the actions of the Attorney-General during the last ten months have not been of such a nature as to create confidence that affairs are in safe keeping with him in power. If he means cash it is surely safe under a government who has been "firing" clerks all the time without notice or pay in lieu of such. The meanest merchant would not do that. In this dis-credit the government's agent was dismissed and now the policeman does all the work which is not much beyond sitting in court house and receiving the taxes. He employs an Indian, Tom, to do his other work. But what if Sonyer, the Indian murderer, should want money and go again on the warpath? Would Tom apprehend him? Anyhow it results the same. Douglass, the constable, would never have arrested him if the postmistress had not told him and dared him to do his duty. Unless the government empowers Mr. Hussey to appoint his constables and dismiss all the indolent well-born dudes now feeding on us, and doing nothing much except, on the croquet lawn, spare white lives, will be taken. Then again our government agent has to sit on the bench with another trying cases and the policeman prosecutes by procognosing witnesses and marshaling prisoners-out, and in. How can he do both jobs? Should any murders occur the perpetrators must wait until the cop is disengaged. Put these cops in livery and make them do something and you would soon get rid of them. The late government agent always started road gangs early in June, whilst the present one has not yet made up his mind who to give the Cowichan Lake road job to. Third week in July. He is likely waiting until ranchers are harvesting and cannot go; then he may employ his own class of high-born dudes. Only \$500 is given for lake road 23 miles long, with two logging

camps and many settlers also, two hotels at Cowichan Lake. Thus we are punished because a Conservative was returned. I hear that the rancher who drove around with Mr. Sword at election time has been appointed road inspector at a salary of \$400. Just about enough for a government agent—one hand saves nearly another squandered royalty. My conclusion I would just point out that your correspondent says "Can any stock be taken in Mr. Macartney's statement that a conspiracy is on foot to oust him and take in Conservatives," whilst a little further along he comes out flat-footed in favor of such a conspiracy. He says the time is ripe for a coalition of all that is best within us on both sides of the House. Such would commend the respect and confidence of the people and they would be actuated by a sincere desire to "see the province prosper" and a lot of similar ranting bosh used by people when throwing dust in other people's eyes. I will again quote his own words: "The public are not easily hoodwinked, they will allow no one to force their hands in this matter."

That letters seem to be written by two men unknown to each other. He even promises the coming cabinet will do its "level best" to destroy the Chinese monster, oblivious of the fact that Mr. Macartney has already done so, as far as this parliament can. It would be black ingratitude to oust him so early and take in a lot of turncoats. We have had enough of Conservative rule for a time surely, and I do not believe in repentance after death. I fear some of them are hypocritising Mr. Semlin in order to get back to the taxes and fishes. The Liberals are doing pretty tolerably for themselves and can paddle their own canoe sans extraneous aid, they will soon settle down amicably and do better. It is a pity they are making sport for the Philistines. J. JENKINS.

MISSING.

Where is the gallant captain with the double-barrelled name? Who, as special correspondent reached the pinnacle of fame? We miss him, how we miss him, and our hearts are bleeding sore. That this man of light and leading, shall write again no more.

What a master of invective, how he pulled out the long, long hair. And kept us so well posted on the ever present how. How his genius won our plaudits, filled his enemies with ire, As he habbergasted Sifton and stood champion for Prior.

How, with keenest penetration he displayed the marvellous art Of unearthing the iniquities of Quebec's statesman Tart; He commanded all the secrets of the Liberal cabinet And with Sir Wilfrid's gory blood, his sabre he kept wet.

How they survived his onslaughts and lived the tale to tell Will remain a secret ever—but perhaps 'tis just as well.

Why did not the whole country arise at his command And sweep the Liberal party, root and branch, from off the land? Why did they not all follow him and at the point of sword Give the gallant knight of Pictou his just and due reward?

They didn't, no they didn't to his ragged standard rush, They remembered years of Tory rule of bunkum and of push The people long had settled it, for ever, and for good They defected the Liberal policy, and by it they all stood.

Old grandpa seems to miss him, now Eastern news is tame, Can he not be resurrected and wield the sword again? Can he not take up his pen once more and give us of his best To amuse the tenderfooted, in this wild and woolly West? VERAX.

Victoria, July 20, 1899.

FUN ON THE LINKS.

Some Amusing Golfing Stories From United States—A Record Breaking Stroke—Pity the Poor Caddie.

Golf has its funny side as well as its really serious and perplexing points, and, indeed, it is the unexpected occurrence of perplexing situations that generally furnishes the most ludicrous incidents in this famous and popular Scotch sport. What more laughable sight, for instance, than a portly, broad-faced golfer, with his stout legs planted deeply into the thick sand of a vexatious bunker, swinging his club in a series of petulant, jerky circles, now over his head, now descending into the depths of the earth, whence a cloud of dust arises, in which the happy golfer stands as a noble cent, and all on account of an innocent little white ball, which seems to have settled down into the sand with a grim determination not to be moved? When at last the iron club does succeed in finding the ball, and raising it from the obstruction the dirt begrimed golfer emerges moodily and angrily, and well it is for his reputation that his friendly school teacher is not within hearing distance.

We have all been there; that is, all of us who have caught the golfing fever and have purchased liberally upon another's advice, of clubs, balls, brilliant waistcoats, red coats, buttoned shoes and many other singular things, all of which are supposed to have a place in the paraphernalia of the game. And how sad the remembrance when one of these gaily-attired individuals discovers that his dazzling outfit does not have the least influence upon his game! An ordinary-looking fellow, so rude as to play in "sweat" and with "suspenders" exposed, will hit the ball true and dead every time, while he, poor wretch, is causing great dents into his gutta-percha sphere, and perhaps, 50 yards is the best it will do under any circumstances.

"Keep cool and your eye on the ball," is the advice given so constantly that it soon threatens to hurl the novice into a paroxysm of rage, and his temper is not chilled by a lurking suspicion that the bezaen-faced little caddies are slyly grinning behind his back. My, how these cud-

dies can sometimes gail the unfortunate player! "Golf per hain's played much, sir," may be the bold query after a few undisciplined swipes of the club, and then the beginner realises that while he may enjoy the golf, he cannot afford to be an able golfer among his friends, he can never fool the "moss" and "best" watchful caddie.

The caddie, as is pretty well understood by this time, is the individual who carries the golfer's bag, keeps his eye on the ball, and, having ahead of him, it out to you with his foot in advance for the next stroke. A story is told of a young lady at Lakewood who secured Willie Norton, the golf club professional, to teach her the intricacies of the game. She inspected the various clubs and swinging them a few times over her head, she stopped and naively asked— "And do you swing the caddie in the same way?"

By an almost superhuman effort the professional controlled himself, but before the day was over something very near to an explosion occurred in the vicinity of the club-house. Sometimes, however, the player feels like doing a little of the striking himself. For-hall Keene felt so during an important tournament at Meadow Brook about two years ago, when a green caddie dared after Keene had driven his ball, and while the latter was walking towards him at full speed, holding the ball in his hand and yell-

"Here's your ball, Mr. Keene. I just found it," he fell right over there." By the strict rules of the game Keene would have lost the hole, but the committee made an exception in this case, and gave forebore instructions to the caddie as to his future behavior. Dixey's famous song of "the queer things they do and the queer things they say" finds many a true in golf. Every fragment of the links has a small stock of curious incidents to relate, and good golf stories travel rapidly from one club to another.

Who, for instance, would imagine that a golf ball would lodge in the branches of an apple tree? Just ask about it at the Morris County Golf Club, and the tale will be quickly told. Some what over year ago, while William Shippen, a former champion of the club, was driving to a hole near which an old apple tree is situated, the ball suddenly disappeared, and although the caddie and one or two spectators were "in the act" of driving the ball through the hole, the most thorough hunt failed to find it. "It couldn't have stuck in the tree," remarked a friend, laughingly, and unconsciously he began to scan the branches. "Why, bless my soul, there the ball is now," he said, and he pointed excitedly to the little white sphere closely wedged between two twigs. The caddie quickly dislodged it, and, counting the fall to the ground as one stroke, Mr. Shippen leisurely proceeded with the game.

At Norwood Park, near Long Branch, during a big tournament one summer, a player evidently tried to drive his ball clear through the hanging branches of John A. McCall. The ball fell into a window pane, and landed in the narrow gutter on the second story. The unskilful but nervy golfer boldly asked permission to play the ball out of its peculiar haunt, and a moment later he emerged from the window and with a determined stroke scooped the ball from his resting place, sending it down upon the lawn. The amused spectators below applauded this brilliant act as it worthily deserved.

A golf story is told on the Balmoral club, links in which Rev. Dr. Rainford's club play, a somewhat notable game one day when, in approaching the green, his ball hit the trunk of a huge tree squarely in the middle and bounded back fully 50 feet. "Oh, damn that tree!" yelled an enthusiast, who was deeply interested in the game, and as a flash, the reverend doctor added, "Thank you," and then went after his ball. It would not be supposed that when a player has the rare good luck to send his ball into a hole at one stroke he would lose all the benefit of such a record-breaking play. Yet a case is on record where, in a match play, a contestant did this very thing. It was a short hole, and when the green was reached no trace of the ball could be found. The five-minute limit was expended in a hopeless search, but no one dreamed of looking into the hole for the ball. The disconsolate player abandoned the hole to his opponent, when, as the disk was removed to allow the latter to play out, the missing ball was found. What the owner said is not necessary to repeat.

The carelessness of some spectators of golf games, or their supreme ignorance of the etiquette of the links, was exemplified to a marked degree at Glenelg City during the recent Metropolitan championship tournament. Findlay Douglas, in driving a long ball toward one of the last greens, sent it well over the head of a young man who was on his way to the clubhouse. Suddenly his eye fell upon a clear, white golf ball snugly resting upon the turf, and thinking that this indeed was a rare find of a lost ball, he slyly picked it up and placed it in his pocket. The players and spectators a few yards in the rear were dumbfounded, and in another second the young man was seen when he heard loud and angry shouts of "Drop that ball!" "The big clump!" "Put him off the course!" "What are you made of anyway?" The ball was quickly dropped, as though it were a hot potato, and the unsophisticated individual quickened his pace to reach the house and get out of sight. New York Herald.

WALKING ENGLISHWOMEN.

Walking has become a cult in England lately. The Prince of Wales walks regularly every day and has become an advocate of golf, which obliges him to exercise still more. The Duchess of Devonshire gives up two hours every morning to enjoy the beauties of Monte Carlo. The Duchess of Portland is a great pedestrian. The Duchess of Fife, accompanied by the Duke, is often seen walking in Hyde Park and Kensington Gardens. The Princess Victoria of Wales, with Lady Murgrave as her companion, may be met shopping on foot in Sloane street and elsewhere in London. If you are tired and dull, can't get rested, and have to apply for the "Serravallo's" It enriches and vitalizes the blood. Adeline Patti-Cederstrom says that she prefers "Lucia di Lammermoor" to all other operas. Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Pills. They are quick, prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

Spencer's Summer Sale.

Friday and Saturday the Last Days. Remnants Will Be Sold on Friday.

Remnants of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods, Serges, Black Alpaca and Crepons—all sorts lengths, from 7 yards to 1 1/2 yards.

Remnants of Tweeds, Flannels and Flannelettes.

Remnants of Table Linen, Towelling and Glass Cloth.

Remnants of Organdie Muslin, White Muslin, Spot Muslin, Zephyr Gingham and Prints.

Remnants of White Cotton, Pillow Cotton and Sheetings.

Remnants of Cretonnes and Art Muslins.

Remnants of Shirts and Apron Gingham.

Remnants of Laces and Ribbons.

If Remnants at less than half price are what our customers are looking for Friday will be the busiest day of the sale.

150 Pairs Misses' School Boots Regular \$1.50. Friday \$1.00

D. SPENCER Government Street.

WANTED—Good strong boy to learn horse shoeing. Apply to 18 Douglas Street. EMPLOYMENT GIVEN to lady and gentleman agents. Apply T. N. Hibben & Co.'s Subscription Book Department, 28 Broad Street. GOOD FITS GUARANTEED: general dress-making; \$1.00 per day. 179 Gough Street. FOR SALE. BRADY—1800 Isaac Williams' Director's Office, 28 Broad Street. WOOD ALCOHOL for vapor baths, etc. \$2 per gallon, at Muller's, 70-72 Fort Street. FOR SALE—Cheap for cash, 150 acres of land one mile from Shawigan Station with good barn and outbuildings and number of bearing fruit trees. Apply to G. W. McKean, Shawigan Lake, E. & N. Railway.

TO LET. REST—Office in the Times building, ground floor. Apply at Times office.

SOCIETIES. VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas Street, at 7:30 P.M. B. S. ODDY, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS. REMOVAL—Thomas Catterall, builder and general contractor, to 18 Broad Street, near Fort.

NO MORE BAD DEBTS—Collections made with or without suit, in city and in any part of Canada or U.S.A. All claims receive immediate attention, and prompt returns guaranteed. Will call Collection Agency, 4 Adams Block, 15 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

VETERINARY. S. F. TOLMIE, Veterinary Surgeon—Office at Bray's livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417.

SCAVENGERS. JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned; contracts made for removal of earth, etc. All orders left with James Bell & Co., 417 Broad Street, or John Cochrane, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver Street. Telephone 180.

SAVOY THEATRE. JACKSON & McDONELL, PROPRIETORS. VICTORIA. H. GRAHAM, SECRETARY. PETER H. SMITH, GEORGE WALSH, Stage Manager, Musical Director.

Performers will please address all mail to SAVOY THEATRE, VANCOUVER, B. C. P. O. Box 102.

Programme For week commencing July 17 The Clever Song and Dance Artists, 6 PEBI SISTERS. The Clever Duo, GAZETTA SISTERS, Contortionist, Supreme, ZEDA, assisted by Miss ZEDA. The Great LAVENA, Artist Wonder. Victoria's Favorites, PERRY SISTERS, Emperor and Empress of Sketch Teams—SMITH and ELLIS.

NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO., LTD. NANAIMO, B.C. SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent. Coal Mined by White Labor. Best Protection Island No. 1 Coal \$4.25 Per ton, delivered. Good fuel for cooking stoves. Best Protection Island No. 2 Coal \$5.50 Per ton, delivered.

KINGHAM & CO., 44 FORT STREET. Sole Agents for Victoria for the New Wellington Collieries. Telephone Call No. 647. Wharf, Store St. (Sprett's Wharf.)

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital. TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES. Sealed tenders will be received for supplying the above institution from August 1, 1899, to July 31, 1900, with the following articles, to be delivered free: Meat, fish, poultry, vegetables, groceries, bread, milk and drugs. Tenders for procuring will also be received; also tenders for printing and binding the sixth annual report. Tenders to be delivered in the undersigned on or before noon on Tuesday, July 25, 1899. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Forms of tender can be obtained on application to F. ELWORTHY, Secretary, Board of Trade Building.

Peas and beans are the most nutritious of vegetables, containing as much carbon as wheat, and double the amount of mucic-forming food.

A BLOOD-MAKER and WASTE RESTORER. WELCH'S GRAPE JUICE. BOWEN'S Prescription.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, July 20-5 a. m. The pressure has given a considerably fall along the coast, and an important area of low pressure is developing from the northwest which will cause cloudy weather with local showers and lower temperature. Rain has fallen at Barkerville.

Victoria-Barkerville, 29.93; temperature, 54; minimum, 53; wind, 10 miles W.; weather, cloudy.

New Westminster-Barkerville, 29.94; temperature, 56; minimum, 54; wind, calm; weather, fair.

Nanaimo-Wind, N.; weather, cloudy. Kamloops-Barkerville, 29.78; temperature, 52; minimum, 50; wind, 4 miles N. W.; weather, fair.

Barkerville-Barkerville, 29.70; temperature, 56; minimum, 48; wind, calm; rain, .46; weather, fair.

Neah, Wash.-Barkerville, 30.02; temperature, 54; minimum, 54; wind, 6 miles W.; weather, cloudy.

Portland, Oregon-Barkerville, 29.98; temperature, 55; minimum, 51; wind, 10 miles N. W.; weather, cloudy.

Tacoma-Barkerville, 30.00; temperature, 56; minimum, 56; wind, 6 miles W.; weather, cloudy.

Sacramento-Barkerville, 29.80; temperature, 52; minimum, 52; wind, 10 miles S. W.; weather, cloudy.

For 36 hours ending 5 p. m. Friday. Victoria and vicinity-Fresh westerly winds, cloudy and cool, with local showers to-night or Friday.

Lower Mainland-Westerly winds, with local showers, cloudy and cool.

Don't miss the moonlight excursion. Use Blue Ribbon Flavoring Extracts.

Take the City of Nanaimo for the first excursion, Friday evening.

Sand from Wreck Bay has been assayed in the city and yields \$0.85 in gold.

Jelly Glasses, Fruit Jars, Preserving Kettles, etc., at R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

Get your bicycles fixed up by the old reliable firm, Onions & Pimley, the only practical bicycle makers in city; 42 and 44 Broad street.

A W. C. T. U. meeting is being held this afternoon. The principal business under consideration is the new mission hall which it is proposed to erect.

Trading Stamps given with all bargains at The Sterling Summer Clearance Sale, 83 Yates street.

News has been received by carrier pigeon from the crew of Xora, Manager Lorence, of the Queen's hotel, yesterday found the feathered news bringer, which was sent on the 10th in latitude 42.22, longitude 127.56, and the message it brought was to the effect that it left the crew "all well—no fog."

Moonlight excursion leaves Turner-Beeton's wharf Friday evening. See ad.

Several hundred people went out to Goldstream by the E. & N. railway last evening, trains leaving the city at 7.30 and 8.30. The Fifth Regiment band played a very good programme of music, and Bandmaster Finn added "an extra, a popular cakewalk, which had to be repeated in response to very enthusiastic applause. The next excursion is on Sunday afternoon to Shawanigan, the round trip fare being reduced to 50 cents.

For preserving season Erskine, Wall & Co. import by each steamer Peaches, Appricots, etc., fresh, at lowest prices. Full line of Fruit Jars in stock.

A very well attended and enjoyable meeting of the literary department of the Metropolitan Methodist Intermediate Epworth League was held last evening. The chair was taken by Miss Simpson and Mr. Hinkson Siddall, M. A., was a severe and most interesting critic. The programme consisted of an essay on "Transatlantic Trouble," by Miss E. Herbert; a paper on the "Americans in the Philippines," by J. Kay; a paper on "The Peace Conference," by W. Barker; and a resume of the Dreyfus case by Miss L. Simpson. The literature of the society has been enriched by a newspaper, the Intermediate League being presented and read for the first time before the members by the president.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER.

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Lawn mowers and garden tools in variety at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. You boil potatoes but you brew tea. To do so properly consult the directions on the packets of "HONDI."

The Board of School Trustees meet to-morrow evening at 7.30 in the office of the secretary, superintendent, City Hall. Another piece of concrete sidewalk, much needed, is being laid on Johnson street in front of Messrs. Saunders' store.

The social given in Harmony Hall last evening in aid of destitute widows was a success from an entertainment and financial standpoint.

The disappearance of Augustus Stahr is still a mystery, although less anxiety is felt by his friends now it is known the sloop found near Beacon Hill a few days ago was not his.

Purchasers of property at the last civic tax sale will be able to obtain a clear title thereto on June 17, 1900, unless the owners reënter it, Mr. Justice Walken having confirmed the sale.

The barristers of the city have decided to close their offices at 4 o'clock every afternoon during the long vacation. This does not interfere with the usual Saturday afternoon holiday.

Fruit Season Now In—Weller Bros. have everything wanted in self-sealing jars, jelly glasses, preserve kettles, wooden spoons, etc. Some new things in jelly glasses which you will like.

Great Summer Clearance Sale at The Sterling, 83 Yates street.

Consult Prof. Harvey, F. O. M. C. L. of Toronto, about those painful eyes, and all defects of vision, crossed eyes, straightened without pain or operation, glasses fitted to any sight at F. W. Fawcett & Co.'s, 40 Government street.

It is particularly requested that a full attendance of the Committee of Fifty will be on hand at the city hall on Friday evening, as the report of the railway committee on the Port Angeles connection will be settled by being pushed to an issue.

The Vancouver and Victoria fire underwriters have been reorganized into separate boards. The Vancouver Island board has elected Richard Hall, M. P., president; H. M. Graham, vice-president; and G. G. Hill, secretary.

Arrangements are complete for an excursion by moonlight on the waters of the Straits of Fuca by the comfortable and commodious steamer City of Nanaimo on Friday evening, leaving Turner, Beeton's wharf, foot of Yates street, at 8 p. m. The excursion is under the direction of the management of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, and everything arranges well for a pleasant evening's sail.

About 80 couples enjoyed themselves last night in the K. of P. hall, Broad street, under the auspices of Capt. Norman Light, O. P. E. There was ice cream and cake in abundance, the music was good, the floor excellent, and the company kept things lively until an early hour this morning. The management was in the hands of Messrs. Oliver, MeLeod, Thomas Smith and G. F. Hanft, and the next social to be given in about four weeks, is looked forward to with keen anticipation.

The Y. A. will hold a garden party in the grounds surrounding the home, 52 Broad street, on Tuesday afternoon. An entertainment will be provided and refreshments such as the Y's only can serve will be not the least attractive feature. Mrs. R. Jones will be in charge of the afternoon programme. Any members or friends of the Y. W. C. A. wishing to contribute cakes or candy are asked to communicate with Mrs. McMicking, and to bring their contributions to the rooms on Tuesday morning. A pleasant surprise awaits those who have not visited the rooms lately.

Among the guests at the Occidental are Frank Crompton, formerly of Victoria and Duncan, and Mr. McKercher, lately of Huron County, Ontario, who has just arrived from Dawson, having left there on June 20th, steamer "The Roseate" by the Kerr to St. Michaels, and thence shipped via the Garonne here. The Kerr was hung upon a sand bar, her passengers having been brought down to Circle City by the Cudahy. The Rigout, with its barge, containing about 900 people, was also on a bar. Mr. McKercher has been in Klondike about two years and has done well on Eldorado.

For preserving season Erskine, Wall & Co. import by each steamer Peaches, Appricots, etc., fresh, at lowest prices. Full line of Fruit Jars in stock.

A pleasant moonlight sail to-morrow evening.

Detective Perdue is instituting inquiries regarding Fleming, a passenger on the Rosalie on her last trip down, who had been on the Edmonton trail, and who was dying from dropsy when the Rosalie touched at Victoria. J. C. Fleming, of Chicago, seeing the Associated Press dispatch, writes asking if it was his brother, Mark Fleming, who left Litchfield, Ill. about seven years ago. He went to Alaska about two years ago. He was born in Norfolk county, Ontario, in 1831, weighed 190 pounds and was 5 feet, 11 inches in height. The sick man, who is now in the hospital in Seattle, corresponds to the above description.

Chief Deasy, of the city fire department, is rapidly inaugurating the methods of the Metropolitan brigade, and now at No. 1 hall three daily drills are held; at noon, 3.30 p. m. and 9 p. m. An electric clock, a new installation put in by Electrician Hutchison, is the first of its kind in use on the Pacific coast. The new fire hall on Yates street was occupied yesterday by a detachment from headquarters with the chemical, a precautionary step taken in consequence of the water being turned off in the high levels. Chief Deasy extends a cordial invitation to all interested in fire fighting in the city to inspect headquarters hall, City Market building, especially at the time of any of the daily drills.

Lipton's teas at Hardress Clarke's.

POLICE COURT MATTERS.

The Turkish Bath Case Now Going on—Smart Arrest and a Lenient Sentence—Chinese Cases Remanded.

The crowd of police court frequenters who expected to be regaled this morning with a repetition of the comical scenes of yesterday during the hearing of the Turkish bath robbery case, were disappointed. Immediately upon the opening of the court, Mr. Farquhar-Macrae informed Magistrate Hall that the prosecutor, Catherine Lewis, had come to him at ten minutes before the court opened and asked him to set her free. After hearing her story he consented to do so, but as he had not had time to go into the case, nor to read the evidence given yesterday, he would ask his honor for an adjournment until such time as would suit the convenience of the court.

Magistrate Hall expressed some surprise that the prosecuting witness should make such a request in view of the fact that yesterday morning she desired to have an adjournment to enable her to procure counsel, that an adjournment was taken in the forenoon, and she had made no effort to secure a lawyer until ten o'clock this morning. This, taken in conjunction with her demeanor in the witness box yesterday, encouraged the opinion that she was not serious in the matter.

Mr. Walls, counsel for the defence, said the request of Mr. Macrae was a difficult one to refuse on personal and professional grounds alone, but as far as the prosecutor was concerned he must as she was not treating the court as she should. He had five witnesses present and he would desire that the case be proceeded with as quickly as possible.

The magistrate again referred to the conduct of the prosecutrix yesterday, but Mr. Macrae said that it should be remembered that a witness might be unfortunate in her manner and yet be perfectly honest. Of course, counsel knew nothing of her conduct yesterday.

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It being then apparent that all were willing to postpone the hearing, the question of what time it should be postponed to was taken up. His honor said it was of no use setting it down for to-morrow, as the adjourned Logan case will occupy the court all day. Mr. Walls said Saturday would be very inconvenient for him, and he would like to have the case settled before the end of the week. It was decided to take it up at 10 o'clock this afternoon, and the prosecuting witness is being further examined as the Times goes to press.

Shew Sing, the Chinaman against whom a charge of obtaining money under false pretences from the manager of Yee Yick's business is laid, was yesterday occupant of the dock during the discussion upon the other matter and when his case was called, the interpreter informed Mr. Macrae that the prisoner desired an adjournment to obtain a lawyer. Mr. Macrae so informed the magistrate, and it transpired that there was no objection to statements between Shew Sing and the police. He said he had followed the advice of the comic song and "asked a policeman" about a lawyer, but no officer could be found to whom the prisoner had addressed himself in that connection.

The magistrate instructed the interpreter to inform the prisoner that unless he obtained counsel the case would proceed without when it was next called, and it was adjourned until Saturday.

"Adolph Kiminsky" called the clerk, and in answer, a boy apparently about fourteen years of age made his way around the court to the clerk's desk. The magistrate read the charge which was to the effect that accused had committed an assault upon a Chinaman, but before a plea was entered the boy's father asked for an adjournment, as some witnesses who had promised to attend were not present. The magistrate said he would issue a subpoena, and the case would be adjourned until Monday.

Mr. Maurice Hills said the Chinaman who had been assaulted was in his employment and had asked him to represent him. Mr. Hill suggested taking the evidence for the prosecution, but Mr. Hills preferred to wait until Monday to put his witness in the box. It seems that two other boys are alleged to have assisted Kiminsky in the assault, and they are the witnesses which will be called for the defence.

The only case disposed of this morning was that of a drunk, Thomas Mastill, who was convicted and fined \$2.50 with the alternative of six days in jail.

The preliminary hearing of the charge of seduction laid against James Armstrong was completed yesterday afternoon, the accused being committed for trial at the next court of competent jurisdiction. Bail was allowed.

A very smart arrest was made last night by Officer Campbell of the provincial police force, which resulted in a hearing this afternoon by Magistrate Hall in the provincial police court. Edwin Everett Crow yesterday visited the Four-Mile House and bought a glass of soda water for which he paid ten cents. It is said he also visited the Four-Mile House yesterday afternoon and took out of the till a sum of money said by a witness to have been \$25, but which the accused, in a moment of haste, is said to have stated at \$24.25.

After taking the money it was further stated in evidence, that accused came to town, bought some new shoes, had his beard shaved off, visited the Delmonico and afterwards went on board the Utopia.

The principle witness was Mr. Calvert, the proprietor of the Four-Mile House, who described the first visit of the accused.

"TRADING STAMPS NOT IN IT"

We are giving a 5 per cent. discount before they of any value. We will have different priced articles, so that with \$5 in checks you will be able to see something of the checks saved by our patrons.

We have a shipload of ornamental and useful household furniture, which we will exchange for the checks saved by our patrons.

We do not make it compulsory to save 50¢ before they of any value. We will have different priced articles, so that with \$5 in checks you will be able to see something of the checks saved by our patrons.

Our goods are of the best; prices, rock bottom; and weights, 10 ounces to the pound.

Give us a trial and secure the advantage offered.

JOHNS BROS. 230 DOUGLAS STREET.

cuéd; his own absence from the house during the afternoon; his subsequent return and his missing the sack usually kept in the till and containing the money alleged to have been stolen.

Constable Campbell detailed being informed by Calvert of the circumstances and of seeing accused on the Utopia's deck. Witness afterwards went back to the Utopia and there found accused in the engine room of the steamer, where he was arrested. Witness cautioned him and told him not to commit himself. Witness asked Calvert how much was stolen to which the latter replied "twenty-five dollars." Accused said "No, it was twenty-four and a quarter."

After the evidence was put in the magistrate asked accused if he desired to have the case tried summarily by him or held over until the assizes. Accused asked to have it disposed of at once and in answer to the formal question of "guilty or not guilty," pleaded guilty.

Asked if he had anything to say he made a short statement expressing sorrow for what he had done in a moment of weakness, adding that he had been sick and was in destitute circumstances.

The magistrate asked Sergeant Langley if anything was known of the prisoner and was informed that he had worked last summer for the E. & N. railway and also for Mr. Harlow of Fort Street.

The magistrate said he would take a lenient view of the case and impose a light sentence, three months with hard labor. The prisoner, who appeared to feel his position very acutely, was removed.

NOTES.

Chief Sheppard took his annual vacation and Sergeant Walker appeared to prosecute on behalf of the city. The chief has not yet decided where he will go to recuperate during his holiday.

The police court presents some queer contrasts sometimes. There was one this morning when A. B. Jackson, the grocer, was seated beside Catherine Lewis, the alleged victim of the Turkish bath robbery. The reverend gentleman was interested on behalf of the Chinaman who charges young Kiminsky with assault.

The Vancouver Province publishes an account of the adventures of Charles E. Nevill, who three years ago embezzled \$14,000 from the Hudson Bay Company at Regina and gave himself up to the Spokane police last Saturday. Nevill, it is said, has a wife and child in Victoria, but nothing is known of her by the police.

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DEATH OF DIXIE H. ROSS.

A Well Known Business Man of Victoria Passes Away After Undergoing a Painless Operation.

Mr. Dixie H. Ross died at an early hour this morning at his residence, Hillside avenue, the immediate cause of death being an operation performed yesterday. This deceased gentleman has suffered for some time from acute kidney disease and a consultation of medical men was held a few days ago, as a result of which it was decided that the dangerous and difficult operation of removing one of the kidneys afforded the only chance of the patient's recovery. The operation was successfully performed yesterday by Dr. J. C. Davis, but Mr. Ross failed to rally from its effects and death supervened this morning.

The deceased leaves a widow and two children, son and daughter, to mourn his loss.

The funeral is arranged for Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence and at 3 o'clock from the St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.

Dixie Harrison Ross was a son of the late Hon. A. D. Ross, a native of Cambridge Springs, Pennsylvania, where he was born, March 31, 1842, and where he spent his youth and early manhood. In 1870, when he was twenty-eight years of age, he came to Victoria, where he remained, where a mild excitement then existed, reached him and induced him to leave his native state and emigrate to the Pacific coast. He remained in the Cariboo country two years, mining and being also interested in the Cottonwood ranch. Returning to Victoria in 1872 Mr. Ross again engaged in the grocery business, in which he had been brought up. Very shortly afterwards he founded the firm of Dixie H. Ross & Co., now well-known throughout the province and which he placed in the front rank of Victoria mercantile firms.

A thorough business man and a good citizen, Mr. Ross was of that disposition which made public life distasteful and although taking a keen interest in all questions which affected the city and its commerce, he was never an aspirant for office. He was an active and valuable member of the Board of Trade and during the Klondike excitement rendered great assistance by many suggestions to the advertising committee of which he was a member, the work devolving upon him for body being one which he had made a special study of and for which he had a distinct and unusual gift.

Mr. Ross was a member of the Masonic order and the funeral will be conducted under the auspices of the local lodge.

His untimely death, at a time when it is the lot of most men to be but just past the prime of life has been the most interesting subject of conversation in the city to-day and on all hands are heard sincere expressions of regret and of deepest sympathy with the bereaved widow and children.

PROVINCIAL GAZETTE.

No Appearances Announced This Week.—A. Anderson, Formerly of the City Police, to Build a Telegraph Line.

The Official Gazette, which issues to-night, will contain the following announcements:

The first sitting of the Local Improvement Court of Revision, appointed by the city of Grand Forks, will be held at that city on August 21st.

A special general meeting of the directors of the British Columbia Yukon Railway Company will be held at 23 Langley street, Victoria, on Friday, August 4th, at 11 a. m. to confirm and approve the acts, etc., of the directors up to the 18th inst., and for the transaction of other business.

Notice is given that the Union Colliery Company of British Columbia intends to apply to the Hon. the Lieut. Governor for permission to change its name to that of the Wellington Colliery Company, Limited.

The names of Richard G. Sidley, Frank Leslie Fitch and Francis Edward Webb, of Fort Rupert, are as now described and not as in the Gazette of July 22nd, 1898.

The Council of Public Instruction has created the following new school districts: Hume, Hammond, Vananda and Nelson. The Maple Ridge school district has been altered and re-defined. Frederick Logan, merchant tailor of Kamloops, has assigned to C. S. Stevens, the creditors will meet at 11 o'clock on August 1st, at Kamloops.

A partnership has been formed between Alexander Weir and Chas. W. Guest, of Vancouver, for carrying on a publishing business under the name of Weir & Co.

Notice is given by the Provincial Secretary that the regulations and forms of application for an examination of candidates for the civil service of India, to be held in August, 1900, may be seen at the office of the Provincial Secretary.

The following extra provincial companies have been licensed: Howe Group Mining Company of Spokane, capital \$100,000; local office Fort Steele, with Daniel Hoag, attorney, Gen. Silver-lead Mining & Smelting Co. of Spokane, capital \$75,000; local office at Sullivan Hill; J. Hughton, attorney.

A. E. Porter and W. A. Anderson, of Bennett, B. C., give notice that they will apply at the next sitting of the legislature for an act to incorporate a telegraph line from Bennett southeasterly to a point on or near the C. P. R. in British Columbia, with power to build branches to Vancouver Island and other portions of the province.

The following companies have been incorporated: Industrial Power Company of British Columbia, Limited, of Nelson, capital \$50,000; Canadian-Lardner-Gold Mining Company of British Columbia, of Kamloops, capital \$150,000; British Columbia Mining & Exploration Company, Limited, of Victoria, capital \$150,000; Midway Trading Company, of Midway, capital \$15,000; Boundary Homestead Mining Company, Limited, of Greenwood, capital \$1,000,000; Florida Mining Company, of Kaslo, capital \$100,000.

Mails will leave Victoria for West Coast points to-night and for Port Simpson, Port Simpson and other northern ports to-morrow night.

KEEP COOL WITH Thorpe's Lemonade. Tel. 130. P.O. Box 135.

EVIDENCE IS THE ARGUMENT OF ASSURANCE. Those whom we fitted out last Spring and Summer with Business or Dress Suits are here again. We just as good value as we did last season and have a much larger stock of all the latest shades and novelties to choose from.

BOYS' \$1.00 KNIVES. BEST SCOTCH AND ENGLISH FISHING TACKLE. FINE LEATHER PURSES and POCKET BOOKS.

AT FOX'S 78 GOVERNMENT STREET.

STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS. (Specially prepared for the Times by Frank S. Taggart & Co., Chicago Board of Trade and New York Stock Exchange brokers.)

STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS. (Continued) New York, July 20.—The following quotations ruled on the Stock Exchange:

STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS. (Continued) Am. Sugar, Am. Tobacco, etc.

"DENSMORE" THE WORLD'S GREATEST TYPEWRITER. Easiest to Use, Hardest to Wear Out.

Lakeside Hotel COWICHAN LAKE. The Noted Fishing and Summer Resort of the Island.

EXCELLENT BOATING. Stage leaves Duncan's Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Special boats will be issued by the E. & N. R. Co. for Cowichan Lake on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, good for 15 days. \$2.00 return. PRICE BROS., Props.

CLAY'S HIGH CLASS CONFECTIONERY. We have just received a large consignment of DELICIOUS CHOCOLATES from Kovnar's, England. Callard & Bowser's famous BUTTER SCOTCH and French CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS from Paris. GENUINE TURKISH DELIGHT and a full line of choice Confectionery from the leading Canadian and American confectioners.

METROPOLITAN. Telephone 101. 30 Fort Street. The Columbia & Western addition to the Canadian Pacific Railway is rapidly nearing completion. It will reach Cascade the first week in August and Grand Forks ten days later. The C.P.R. Company is now receiving freight for Cascade, Grand Forks, Greenwood and Midway, via West Robson, taking the same in by the construction trains.

NO FORTUNE NEEDED. To have your feet covered with the latest style in good durable shoes. Our prices are surprising the people, and the longer you wear the shoes the bigger is the surprise. James Maynard, 119 DOUGLAS STREET, OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

ALL STREET CARS START AND STOP AT OR NEAR Hardress Clarke's WHERE YOU CAN GET The Tea You Like. The Coffee You Like. The Butter You Like. The Sugar You Like. The Flour You Like. Potted and Deviled Meats. Chicken and Turkey. Rabbit and Tongue. THE PLACE TO BUY SUGAR, FRUIT AND JAM JARS. OLD POST OFFICE, GOVERNMENT STREET.

TWO MILES OF MILLIONAIRES.

A Row of Residences on Fifth Avenue Occupied by the Wealthiest Men of New York.

There are a good many miles of millionaires in New York. The Bowery, the east side and the west side, down town and up town, and every neighborhood of the borough of Manhattan, and the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens, Richmond and the Bronx—all these have their millionaires. In some sections there are few, in others many; but if all the millionaires living in Greater New York could be gathered together and were to reside on a single street there would be twenty-contiguous miles of them—perhaps more, possibly forty miles. But as these rich men are scattered all over the town, and as there is only one section where a very great number of them are congregated, it is of this section we speak.

Fifth avenue is the backbone of New York, the spinal column. This is not only true geographically, but socially and financially as well. The two miles under consideration extend from Murray Hill to Eighty-ninth street, and in these two miles there is more wealth than can be found in any other residential two miles of any city in the world. It was only a few years ago that the strictly millionaire line ran from Washington square to Murray Hill; to-day it begins at Murray Hill and stretches northward as far as Harlem.

This is the section of clubs and of palatial hotels, as well as of the homes of the Croesuses of the metropolis. No poor man reside within the limits of this plutocratic district. They cannot afford to do so. The aristocracy of descent and the aristocracy of brains are no more to be found here, except, perchance, the god of gold has smiled upon them, than are the longshoremen or the draymen. And the reason for this is that none but the very wealthy can maintain homes on this the most expensive residential avenue of any capital.

The repairing of Fifth avenue with asphalt last fall made it at once the light of the boulevard and the parade ground of the pleasure driver, and, in fact, of every one who esteems a handsome horse. The hansom, by the way, has literally captured New York. They are as thick on Fifth avenue as in Piccadilly, and are the joy of the feminine heart. The whole avenue is alive with them. They fill here and there and everywhere down in the shopping district up among the big hotels, and the clubs, and the palaces that stir the passion of the socialist to envy.

From 50th street to 110th, Fifth avenue runs along the east side of Central Park. This is the most exclusive and the most fashionable part of the avenue. Here the lavish expenditure of money on the homes of the multimillionaires makes all the world marvel. No such row of palaces can be found in any other city—new, modern, beautiful, and all facing Central Park, with its soft green grass, its graceful and stately trees, its lakes and its walks and its drives.

Here are a few of the names that go to make up the two miles of millionaires: Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Marshall Orme Wilson, Colonel Lawrence Kip, Russell S. Henry, H. Plant, Mrs. Ogden Goelet, General Daniel Butterfield, William Ziegler, D. O. Mills, R. T. Wilson, Gen. Thomas T. Eckert, Miss Helen Gould, Frederick Roosevelt, James B. Haggin, Robert Goetz, John W. Mackay, William T. Astor, James T. Seligman, Jr., George W. Vanderbilt, William D. Sloan, William K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard, H. McK. Twombly, William S. Webb, F. Gallatin, Harry Payne Whitney, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Moses Hopkins, F. H. Benedict, Andrew Carnegie, George Gould, Isaac Stern, Charles F. Yorkes, William C. Whitney, John H. James, H. R. Bishop, John Sloane, James A. Burden, James D. Layne, Isaac Wormser, H. O. Havemeyer, Ogden Mills, John Jacob Astor, Colonel Oliver H. Payne, H. H. Cooke, Isaac V. Brookway, H. M. Flagler, H. V. Newcomb, George A. Mortimer, William Rockefeller, Levi P. Morton, Calvin S. Brice, James Everard, Benjamin Brewster, Robert D. Evans, Herman Oelrichs, Collins P. Huntington, William E. Iselin.

A single dozen of these names stand in round numbers of twelve hundred million dollars each. These are startling figures, but how much more startling would they be if the total wealth of these Two Miles of Millionaires could be accurately stated. For instance, the combined Vanderbilts, for instance, are represented by the Vanderbilts, the Webbs, the Sloanes, the Shepards, and the Twomblys, is perhaps five hundred million dollars. The wealth of the Astors, not including William Waldorf Astor who now resides in England, is fully half as much more. William Rockefeller's fortune is a good second that of the Astors, and he is followed closely by John W. Mackay, Colonel Oliver H. Payne, H. M. Flagler, Collins P. Huntington, George Gould and Russell Sage. The foregoing represent the colossal fortunes of Fifth avenue, but there are a good many estates and individual fortunes here that run up to possibly as much as thirty or forty million dollars each. Of course all the residents of this Two Miles of Millionaires are not on a par with the Vanderbilts, the Astors, the Mackays and the Huntingtons, but they are rich. There is not enough money to buy, however, of the fortunes of the quieter families for us to give anything like an accurate estimate of the total wealth of this particular residential section. The man who is undoubtedly the richest in New York, and the richest in America, and the richest in the world as to the matter, is not included in this article, as he does not live on Fifth avenue. We refer to John D. Rockefeller. He lives just off Fifth avenue on West Fifty-fourth street. We have not included in this article any of the rich men living on the cross streets running out of Fifth avenue. We could not include them, as they would not come strictly under the heading of the Two Miles of Millionaires we are discussing. If we were to diverge at all we should certainly have to take in Pierpont Morgan, whose home is block east on Madison avenue.

But this section of Fifth avenue is relatively quite as strong socially as financially. The Astors, perhaps, head the list of which the Vanderbilts, the Wilsons, the Goelets, the Whitneys, the Oelrichs, the Millises, the Twomblys, the Sloanes, the Webbs, the Bishops, the

Thousands are drinking Blue Ribbon Beryl Tea now everyone will drink it after a while.

Gerrys, and the Mortons are among the most notable—all "Four Hundreders." The Waldorf-Astoria, the Renaissance, the Windsor, the Buckingham, the Plaza, the Savoy, the Netherlands and the palatial hotels on this stretch of Fifth avenue, and on this same stretch are the following clubs: the Manhattan, the New York, the Union League, the Republican, the Lotos, the Democratic, the University, the Military, the Metropolitan, and the Progress.

We made the statement that none but rich men, and we meant men of a good deal of wealth lived in this district. So far as the individual homes go, this is true, but an exception must be made regarding the residents of hotels and clubs. A man does not necessarily have to be a millionaire to live on Fifth avenue and hasn't the means to support an individual establishment. And they make no mean homes either. They are in very fact palaces, luxuriously and artistically furnished. Indeed so homelike and attractive are they that not a few families, too, who have the means to keep up first class independent residences. Since it has become the thing to own country places, a good many people find that the big modern hotel serves their purposes for the few winter months they expect to be in town better than house-keeping.

HOW THE QUEEN HEARS OPERA. Description of the Recent Birthday Entertainment at Windsor. The Royal Opera Company, of Covent Garden, recently gave a performance before the Queen at Windsor, and the next day, Her Majesty, with customary thoughtfulness, sent a telegram to them, expressing the hope that all the members of the company, who so delighted her with selections from "Lohengrin," on her birthday, arrived home safely after their journey.

The arrangements for the musical guests were splendidly carried out, making the trip to Windsor an even more delightful honor. A special train left Paddington at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, carrying Mr. Neil Forsyth and all the members of the opera company who were to take part with the company, the Duke of Devonshire, and Mrs. Schumann-Heink, who, with the directors of the company, travelled down by the train arriving at Windsor at 6:20.

From the castle were sent carriages and other conveyances to meet the members of the company, including the Duke of Devonshire, and at half past three, except for the principals, a full rehearsal of the whole performance took place. With infinite care and liberality the guests were entertained by Mrs. Collman, Her Majesty's inspector of the palace.

The date was beautifully decorated with choice flowers and foliage by the Queen's gardener, Mr. Owen Thomas, who had also arranged the floral designs for the whole of the chamber.

At ten minutes past nine the Queen entered, while the orchestra played the national anthem. The performance then commenced, and terminated just 20 minutes before midnight.

When it was over Her Majesty sent for the principal singers of the company and M. Marchelli, the conductor, and after expressing her thanks presented them with special royal gifts, bestowing upon Jean de Reszke the Victorian Order, a delicate white enameled Maltese cross.

To Edouard de Reszke the Queen gave a silver pitcher; a silver cigarette case to Mr. Bisham; to Mme. Nordica and Mme. Schumann-Heink brooches, with the letters V.R.I. in diamonds, and to others various gifts.

The whole of the company then left the castle, and, with the exception of Mme. Nordica, who remained in Windsor, travelled up to London by a special train, leaving Windsor at 1:45 a.m., and reached Paddington at 2:05 a.m.

A FEW SIMPLE REMEDIES. Things which one should have ready at hand in case of need are, first and foremost, essence of cinnamon. When exposed in a sick room it will kill the bacilli which are floating round. A decoction of cinnamon is recommended as a drink to be taken freely in localities where malaria or fevers prevail, for cinnamon has the power to destroy all infectious microbes.

Peppermint is an old friend, but not on this account to be snubbed. Nothing is better for a bee sting than the application of a drop of peppermint.

In case one is near the premises or apartments where there is a dipper, but shutting the door, at once, with a cloth, is to keep a little sulphur on a hot stove or on a few hot coals carried through the rooms. In this way the spread of the disease may be stopped.

A disinfectant to use in different parts of the house, which will prevent the spread of the disease, may be made for 10 cents or less. Take one pound of common copperas and eight ounces of crude carbolic acid and dissolve in one gallon of water. Use frequently.

A little carbolic acid added to the water in which burns, brushes and coats are washed greatly lessens the soreness. After applying iodine to the skin, if it smart so intensely to be borne, it is well to know that it can be washed off with ammonia.

That there is a royal remedy for scald-head, one is inclined to wonder, but shutting the door, at once, with a cloth, is to keep a little sulphur on a hot stove or on a few hot coals carried through the rooms. In this way the spread of the disease may be stopped.

Knowing to his own sorrow that so many poor sufferers are being imposed upon by unscrupulous quacks, Mr. Graham considers it his duty to give his fellow-men the benefit of his experience and assist them to a cure by informing anyone who will write to him in strict confidence where to buy the cure. No attention can be given to those writing out of mere curiosity but any one who really needs a cure is advised to address Mr. Graham as above.

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES and you will make direct connections at St. Paul for Chicago, Milwaukee and all points East. For any further information call on any ticket agent, or correspond with J. C. POND, General Pass Agent, Milwaukee, Wis. or JAR. A. CLOUGH, General Agent, Portland, Ore.

TRANSPORTATION. Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry. TIME TABLE 34. NORTH BOUND. D'y Sat. Sun. 4.30 5.30 6.30

Goldstream and Return 50c. Children under 12 years 25c. Shawnigan Lake and Return 75c. Children under 12 years 40c. Duncan's and Return \$1.00. Children under 12 years 50c.

Canadian Development Co. Ltd. H. Maitland Kerrey, Managing Director. BENNETT LAKE AND UPPER YUKON ROUTE. Carrying Canadian and United States Mails and Express.

THROUGH TICKETS AND BILLS OF LADING. From British Columbia and Puget Sound Ports to Atlin, Dawson and Yukon. Goods routed through in bond. Express matter and postal express messages carried at reasonable rates.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co. For San Francisco. The company's elegant steamships Queen, City of Vancouver, Walla, Walla and Umalla, carrying H.R.M. mail, leave Victoria on FRIDAY, 8 p.m. July 8, 15, 22, 29; August 5, 12, 19, 26; Sept. 2, 9, 16, 23, 30; August 19, 26, 30; August 19, 26, 30; August 19, 26, 30.

FOR ALASKA. LEAVE SEATTLE 9 A.M. Queen, July 14, 21, 28. City of Topeka, July 24, August 8, 23. Alki, July 8, 15, 22, 29. And every fifth day thereafter.

A FEW INTERESTING FACTS. When people are contemplating a trip, whether on business or pleasure, they naturally want the best service obtainable so far as speed, comfort and safety are concerned. Employees of the WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES are paid to serve the public and our trains are operated so as to make close connections with diverging lines at all junction points.

For Naas River and Way Ports VIA VANCOUVER. For freight and passage apply at the company's office, Janion block, Store street, Victoria, B.C. H. LOGAN, General Agent.

TRANSPORTATION. CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED). WHARF STREET, VICTORIA. Time Table No. 43—Taking Effect July 1, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, Monday, at 1 o'clock a.m., Sunday, 11 p.m. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 1 p.m. or 1 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. H. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE. Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner and Louisa Island—Sunday at 11 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. H. train No. 2 going east Monday. For Plumper Pass—Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock. Leave New Westminster for Victoria—Monday at 1 o'clock p.m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

C. P. N. Co., Ltd., Steamers. Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf for DYE, SKAGWAY, WRANGEL. Carrying Her Majesty's Mails. As follows at 8 p.m.

"TEES" July 19th. "ALPHA" July 26th. And from Vancouver on following days. For freight and passage apply at the office of the company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserves the right of changing this time-table at any time without notice.

THE V. V. T. CO.'S STEAMER "ALPHA". Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s Wharf for Dyea, Skagway and Wrangal WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, And from VANCOUVER at 12 noon on following day.

HUMBOLDT STEAMSHIP CO. LIGHTNING EXPRESS TO DYE AND SKAGWAY IN 66 HOURS. SS. HUMBOLDT. SAILS FOR Dyea and Skagway Direct every ten days. No stops. No delays. Round trip in seven days. Rates same as on other steamers. Next sailing Tuesday, 26th July. And every ten days thereafter.

ALASKA STEAMSHIP CO. For Alaska and Gold Fields. "Dirigo" and "Rosalie". EVERY THURSDAY. Calling at Mary Island, Metlakatla, Ketchikan, Wrangal, Juneau, Skagway and Dyea.

WASHINGTON & ALASKA STEAMSHIP CO.'S Alaska Excursion Trips. SS. "CITY OF SEATTLE". Sails from Outer Wharf THURSDAY, JULY 20TH. FRIDAY, JULY 21ST. SATURDAY, JULY 22ND. AUGUST 4TH. AUGUST 10TH. AUGUST 17TH. Calling at Vancouver, Mary Island, Ketchikan, Wrangal, Juneau, Skagway, Dyea, Haines, Mission, Glacier Bay, Sitka and various other points, at all of which will remain long enough for passengers to see everything of interest.

Victoria and Texada Island. STR. CLAYOQUOT. WILL LEAVE Victoria for Nanaimo, Thursday, 7 a.m. Nanaimo for Texada, Friday, 7 a.m. Texada for Nanaimo, Saturday, 7 a.m. Nanaimo for Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m. Calling at way ports. Every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Sooke and return same day.

Spokane Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard Red Mountain Railways. The only all rail route without change of cars between Spokane, Rosland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Rosland. DAILY TRAINS. Leave 8:00 a.m. Spokane. Arrive 9:00 p.m. Rosland. Leave 9:10 a.m. Nelson. Arrive 5:30 p.m. Spokane. Leave 8:00 a.m. Spokane. Arrive 9:00 p.m. Rosland. Leave 9:10 a.m. Nelson. Arrive 5:30 p.m. Spokane.

THE White Pass and Yukon Route. THE PACIFIC AND ARCTIC RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO. BRITISH COLUMBIA YUKON RAILWAY CO.

Our Tracks are completed to Lake Bennett, B.C. Shipments Receive Prompt Despatch. We are Authorized United States and Canadian Bonded Carriers.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Atlin, B.C., or Dawson, N.W.T. WE GUARANTEE DELIVERY DURING SEASON OF NAVIGATION, 1899.

INVESTIGATE FULLY. DO NOT BE MISLED. SKAGWAY IS THE GATEWAY TO YUKON, KLONDIKE and ATLIN.

For rates and particulars apply to I. H. GRAY, General Traffic Manager, Dexter Horton Bldg., Seattle. J. H. GREER, Commercial Agent, 16 Troncon Avenue, Victoria. Send 2 cents in stamp to any of our agents for our new map of Atlin.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS TO AND FROM All Points in Europe. Via Montreal, Quebec, Boston or New York, and all steamship lines. For all information as to sailings, rates, etc., apply B. W. GREER, Agent, Cor. Government and Fort sts.

NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. TO SPOKANE, ROSSLAND, NELSON, KASLO, SANDON, GRAND FORKS, KETTLE RIVER, HELENA, BUTTE, ST. PAUL, CHICAGO, and all points East and South. The only line operating latest improved Pullman sleepers. Quick time. Good service. Rates as low as other lines. For all information, time cards, maps, etc., call on or address E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, British Columbia. A. D. CARLTON, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 225 Morrison street, Portland, Ore.

Canadian Pacific Ry. 500 PACIFIC LINE. 4 DAYS Across the Continent By the "Imperial Limited". The fastest and best equipped train crossing the continent. Trains leaving the Pacific Coast Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays connect at Fort William with the palatial lake steamers "MANITOBA," "ALBERTA" and "ATHABASCA" across the Great Lakes. For full particulars as to time, rates, and for copies of C. P. R. publications apply to B. W. GREER, Agent, Cor. Government and Fort streets, Victoria, B. C.

Puget Sound & Alaska Steamship Co. TIME CARD No. 15. Subject to change without notice. STR. UTOPIA. FROM SEATTLE DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY). Lv. Seattle 8:30 a.m. Ar. Port Townsend 12:00 p.m. Ar. Victoria 5:30 p.m. FROM VICTORIA DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY). Lv. Victoria 8:30 p.m. Ar. Port Townsend 1:00 a.m. Ar. Seattle 6:30 a.m. DODWELL & CO., LD., Gen'l Agents, E. E. BLACKWOOD, AGENT.

O.R. & N. Oregon Short Line. LOWEST RATES. SHORTEST ROUTE. Seattle to all points East and Southeast, via Portland, Salt Lake City and Denver. Pullman palace sleepers, upholstered, comfortable and free reclining chair cars; steam heat, pinhead light. For tickets to or from any points in the United States, Canada or Europe, call on or address RICHARD HALL, Agent, 100 Government street. E. B. MULLIS, Gen. Agent, Seattle. W. B. SULLIVANT, G.P.A., Portland.

THE NORTH-WESTERN'S Fast Mail. THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE. Have added two more trains (the Fast Mail) to their St. Paul-Chicago service, making eight trains daily. Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. This secures passengers from the west making connections. "The 30th Century train, the finest train in the world," leaves St. Paul every day in the year at 8:10 p.m. F. W. PARKER, General Agent, 605 First Avenue, Seattle, Wash.

OCEANIC Steamship Company. FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia. SS. AUSTRALIA to sail Wednesday, July 20, at 2 p.m., for HONOLULU only. SS. MOANA to sail Wednesday, Aug. 3, at 10 p.m. Line to COOLGARDIE, Aus., and GAPTOWN, South Africa. Agents, 114 Montgomery street, San Francisco. Freight office, 227 Market street, San Francisco. G. G. DIXON, G. F. & T. A., Spokane, Wash.

Agency Atlantic S.S. Lines. ORDERS ISSUED FOR PASSAGE FROM GREAT BRITAIN OR THE CONTINENT. HALL, GOEPEL & CO., 100 Government street. Victoria & Sidney RAILWAY. Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney as follows: DAILY: Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m. SATURDAY: Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m. SUNDAY: Leave Victoria at 9:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 10:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

THE GREAT NORTHERN. Leave "Utopia" Arrive 8 p.m. Daily. Connecting at Seattle with overland lines. J. H. ROBERTS, Agt.

Provincial News.

GRAND FORKS.

James Delaney, a resident of West Kootenay since the early days of main line construction, died last week at Grand Forks of pneumonia. Mr. Delaney was from Perthborough, Ontario, and was about 38 years of age.

CARIBOO.

D. G. Clark, of Chicago, was thrown off the seat of a freight wagon near 100-Mile House, on Cariboo road. Clark had both arms broken, below the elbows. Clark is a brother-in-law of W. McKinley, of Chicago, assistant auditor of the Northwestern Railway Company.

COLUMBIA.

The hotel Columbia was completely destroyed by fire on Monday. It is estimated to be \$100,000 above the insurance carried. All the guests were in bed at the time, but fortunately they escaped. Three hundred dollars worth of furniture was saved. Two men jumped from the second-story window, one of them Frank Base, being badly burned about the head and one arm.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The run of sockeye salmon continues to be very disappointing, and it is questionable if the fishermen average any fish piece for last Monday night's operations. The catch-upriver was, perhaps, a little better, and the traps at Boundary Bay are said to have been full of fish on Sunday, but so far there has been nothing but a spurt on the Fraser.

A fire alarm from box 36, at the Canadian Pacific Railway station brought out the hose wagon and the chemical engine from No. 1 fire hall on Tuesday. The cause of the alarm was a fire on the steamer Glenora. One of the lifeboats on the upper deck had taken fire from a spark, but the blaze was extinguished before the firemen arrived. Rev. W. B. Hinson has gone to Ladner, where he will assist in the organization of a Baptist church. Rev. W. West will be inducted at a special service, which will be held in connection with the ceremonies of the day. Rev. H. E. McEwen, of this city, and Rev. J. E. Combs, superintendent of missions, will also be present.

KASLOOBS.

Hon. S. Fisher, M. P., has accepted the invitation to be present at the agricultural exhibition in September. A start was made opposite the K. M. & A. Hall on the Ward block on Tuesday. The building is to be 70 feet wide in the front, extending back 75 feet, and will contain three large and commodious stores on the ground floor, the other portion being taken up with two large work rooms and a show room in connection with a large double store measuring 40 feet on the front.

The petition for the incorporation of the city of Kaslo, for the purpose of raising funds wherewith to make the proposed improvements to the city water plant, has been drawn up and is being signed by property owners. G. Slater and S. Durand, managers of the Provincial Loan, were on Monday sentenced to spend ten days in the goal for disorderly conduct.

The marriage of Miss Hattie Cooney to Jack Spearin took place on Monday afternoon at Tranquille, the home of the bride. The Rev. Flewelling officiated. The funeral of one of the boys who was drowned on Sunday last, took place on Monday afternoon. The Archdeacon Penreath officiated at the ceremony.

NELSON.

There were no complaints received against any of the hotels or saloons in the city and at a meeting on Saturday morning of the license commissioners the city clerk was authorized to renew all the existing licenses. A telegram has been received by the local postal authorities stating that a daily mail service had been inaugurated between Fernie, Cranbrook, Kootenay Landing and Nelson.

The organization of the Presbyterian Church in British Columbia has been remodelled, and East and West Kootenay have been made into a separate presbytery called the Kootenay Presbytery. Rev. Robert Frow, of this city, has been appointed the first moderator. The steamer Morley, which arrived in Kootenay Landing on Monday night, brought full particulars of the homicide which occurred at the Port Hill dance hall early on Friday morning. The victim was a Canadian named William Reese, who was the proprietor of the dance hall. From the story told by witnesses on the stage it appears that Reese was fighting with one of the dancers, the dance hall when Denman, who is a police officer, interfered to prevent the woman being injured. Reese then turned on the police officer and the latter beat a hasty retreat. Reese advanced upon the prostrate officer, the latter drew a revolver and ordered him to halt. Reese paid no attention to the command and Denman then fired, the first bullet passing through Reese's heart.—Tribune.

VANCOUVER.

His Grace, Archbishop Langensin, of St. Boniface and suite, left for Winnipeg on Tuesday. Still another child is reported on the "Missing and Lost" back of the police station. No trace has yet been found of Harold Austin, aged three years, who was lost last Friday. The funeral of John M. Ellis, whose death occurred in the city hospital on Monday took place on Tuesday afternoon. Rev. J. S. Gordon officiated. It is stated that at a recent meeting of the fire underwriters it was practically decided that as soon as the new main across the narrows is connected a new insurance rate will be placed in force and the present rate on residences and frame stores considerably lowered. No change will be made in connection with brick, stone or other large business blocks, which are considered to be quite low enough now. The marriage took place in St. Andrew's Church on Tuesday evening of Rev. J. Simpson Gordon, formerly of Mount Pleasant, to Miss Laura Brown, daughter of Mr. H. Brown, merchant.

of Water street. The nuptial knot was tied by Rev. Thomas Scouler, of New Westminster. Rev. Mr. Koowles, of Victoria and Mr. W. C. Brown, brother of the bride, assisted the groom. The bride was Miss Margaret Fisher, sister of Miss Margaret Fisher, of Victoria. Miss Fisher, of Victoria, and Miss Hannah Wilton, of Victoria, were bridesmaids. Mr. Gordon, owing to ill-health, has temporarily resigned from active work in the pulpit, and is at present engaged on the staff of the West End school.

Mining News

Around Ymir. The shaft on the Trask is now down a little over 30 feet. The vein is 5 feet 10 inches in width and has a paystreak of 22 inches. It assays \$38.50 per ton, and the ledge will be opened up shortly. It is 30 feet wide and gives good shipping values. On the Rio Grande an 8-foot ledge has been struck of concentrating ore in the crosscut.

At the Big Horn group Tom Woods is busy with his force of men doing both tunneling and shaft sinking. On the M. & M. mineral claim up Wild Horse creek assessment work is being done.

W. M. Jeffery, the mining expert, has been reporting upon the Red Day and Rainey No. 2, the properties owned by the Gold Reef Mining & Milling Company, Limited. Sixteen Mile creek is beginning to give a good account of itself. On the Wilcox Hill Write and his force of men are busy with the mine. M. W. Simpson has been out looking up his mining interests on Porcupine creek.

Lardo-Duncan Country. Everything seems to be moving up in the Lardo-Duncan country. Mr. J. H. Love who returned on Saturday from a trip to the President group claims information to a Nelson Miner representative. The President group is composed of five claims and they give great promise. One shipment went as high as \$22 to the ton. The Gold Hill E. & D. Company have 40 men working on different claims. As yet the work is principally on the surface. The Northwest Development Company has four men at work on Bear creek, 14 miles up the Upper Duncan. The Bannockburn group on Lardo-Duncan has been built, warehouses at the head of navigation on the Upper Duncan. The Standard Gold Mining Company of B. C. and the Imperial Mining & Development Company are jointly working men on a trail to their properties, between Cariboo and Hoodo creeks. The Old Gold Quartz & Placer Mining Company are about to make a shipment of ore via Thompson's Landing at the head of Arrow Lake. A number of other companies in the district are employing about 30 men. All the reports are to the effect that the development work thus far has proved the district to be unusually rich one and no part of the province seems to offer better advantages for the investment of capital.

Widernere Notes. The entire district is now open for the season to the prospector and capitalist, the mountains being practically free from snow.

C. E. Smith, representative of the British American Corporation, is making an examination of several of the promising propositions situated on Horse Thief creek. R. S. Gallop has a force of five men doing development work on the Phoenix group, Horse Thief creek.

Some interesting discoveries of argentiferous galena and gray copper have been made on Toby and Horse Thief creeks and other tributaries during the last three weeks. Development work will be resumed on the Hot Punch, Mint Julep, on an extensive scale at an early date. This property will probably start shipping before fall.

Development work is being pushed on an extensive scale on the Red Line group. This group consists of three claims, namely Iron Cap, Red Line No. 1, Red Line No. 2. This property has been rebounded for \$100,000.

The White Elephant group, situated on the same lead as the Red Line group and has just as large a showing, has been rebounded for \$20,000. L. W. Parkinson has located a very promising property in the immediate vicinity of the Delphine mine, north fork of Toby creek.

Mr. Hand, manager of the Payne mine, visited the Red Line, White Elephant and Divided groups during the past week. Mr. Hand has great faith in the future of the Widernere district.

John Burman has resumed work on the Burman group situated on Boulder creek. This group is an immense grey-copper argentiferous-galena proposition.

The lack of rain in Cuba in usual quantities is causing much delay in the maturing of crops, particularly sugar. A majority of planters are preparing a large acreage for fall planting.

DISAPPEARED!

Kidney Pains All Gone, What Did It? Doan's Kidney Pills. How Do You Know? A Kingstom Man Says So. Mr. W. J. Pappa, 112 Barrie street, Kingston, Ont., writes as follows: "I have been troubled with kidney disease for years, and not having received any permanent relief until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. I take great pleasure in letting others similarly afflicted know of the wonderful curative properties possessed by Doan's Pills. Before taking them I was troubled at night by having to rise, but now sleep, and do not feel weary in the morning. I hope that this may induce other sufferers from kidney or urinary troubles to give Doan's Kidney Pills a faithful trial, for I know that no other remedy could have acted so well as they did in my case." Doan's Kidney Pills are the only sure cure for Catarrh of the Bladder, Diabetes, Dropsy, and all Kidney and Urinary troubles. Price 50c. All druggists. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont. Ask for Doan's and refuse all others.

MUNYON'S CATARRH CURE

Catarrh seldom fails to affect the whole system. It extends to the lungs, producing asthma, bronchitis or consumption; to the stomach and liver, and finally to the whole system, causing general debility, nervous prostration. Discharges from the nose and throat, bad breath, stuffed nostrils, and head, pressure and sharp pains in the head, dizziness, sneezing, nose-bleed, inflamed watery eyes, and hoarseness, and spitting of mucus are some of the symptoms of catarrh. The Munyon treatment for catarrh is based upon the latest scientific discoveries and is a positive cure. The Munyon Catarrh Cure, price 25c. per bottle, eradicates the disease by its action on the blood and nerves, and the Catarrh Tablets, price 25c. per bottle, cleanse the diseased parts and restore them to a healthy condition. Munyon's Asthma Remedies relieve in five minutes and cure in a few days. Asthma Cure, with Asthma Tablets, 25c. per bottle. Munyon's Remedies at all druggists, most of the world.

The Mines of McKinney

Early History and Subsequent Development of a Busy Camp.

The Novelty of It and Some Matters Which Impress the Visitor.

The history of Camp McKinney, a camp which during the last 12 months has leaped into a position of premier importance in British Columbia, is, in a measure, the history of every gold-mining camp in the province. It has had its genesis of hope when great things were expected of it within a decade, it was followed by an epoch of lethargy and almost of desertion, out of which it is now emerging. The past year has witnessed a revival of interest almost amounting to a boom, but the camp wears to-day an air of solidity and permanence which it never before enjoyed.

During its prospecting, in April, 1887, A. L. McKinney, Rice Harshaw and Levere, a trio of mining partners, discovered and located the claim which has since developed into the Cariboo property. They also staked the Cariboo, a small rush of prospectors followed to the scene of the new find. It was not until 1884, however, that the Cariboo claim fell into the hands of the present proprietors, who consolidated the Cariboo, Emma, Maple Leaf and Sawtooth fractions. Active work followed, and in a short time the Cariboo became a dividend-payer.

The actual history of the camp, therefore, dates from 1884, for until the Cariboo company had demonstrated the wealth of at least one property in the camp, men with money were very averse to investing there. Early in the year 1884, the Cariboo company, made a trip on the Cariboo, a deck of a casp through southern British Columbia, he found Camp McKinney deserted, save for the presence of the bush rat, the camp follower of the prospector, or of an occasional coyote. Mining development in the province was at that time languishing at a very unsatisfactory rate, and Camp McKinney enjoyed more than its share of public indifference and neglect.

A visitor to the camp at the present time finds it hard to imagine such a condition of affairs so strongly in contrast with the conditions prevailing to-day. The camp is a cesspool of noise, strangely unfamiliar to one who has never lived in a mining settlement. All day and all night the din goes on, for work does not cease at the sinking of the sun, nor commence with its rising. There are many men in these rock excavations who for most of the year are idle, and who are in many matters, miners are as a rule extremely cautious in giving or in receiving signals. A slight bell cord and a mutually understood code is all the means of communication between the men in the mine and the man above who alone can insure their escape in case of accident. Many instances are told of the horrible results which have followed the confusing of these signals, and of the presence of mind which such emergencies have developed. One of these occurred in the Cariboo mine last year. The men in the lowest level had signalled the engineer that they were about to fire, and that trusty employee was standing with his hand on the levers, prepared to hoist, at a moment's notice. In a few minutes came the signal that the fuse was fired, the miners in the bucket, and an order to hoist. The bucket had only ascended about a hundred yards when a mine on another level ran out to the shaft and signalled to lower. The engineer, thinking that the bucket had got away before all the miners in the lowest level had got on board, commenced to lower rapidly to the bottom of

the shaft, where the fuse was already sending the charge. Frantic with excitement, one of the men in the bucket began pulling and jerking the bell rope wildly, which only increased the violence of the explosion. The mine, however, escaped, and with his hands leaped out of the shaft, the man, who had disconnected from the dynamite to which, by this time, they had very nearly reached. His prompt action alone saved himself and his companions from being the victims of a terrible accident.

To those whose acquaintance with mining matters has been limited there is a delightful charm of novelty in a few days' visit to the camp. Here, almost 3,000 feet above the sea, with the snow-line lying over on a neighboring hill, and almost as completely shut off from what we regard as civilization as if he were in Klondike. Yet this is only an illusion, for the miners up there in the hills have their Toronto papers left at their doors the same day that they reach the Coast papers, while the great wealth of news is at their disposal. It is two or three miles to the nearest town, to the ordinary visitor to find the table of a busy mine manager littered with the best London periodicals and American magazines, or to find him beguiling his spare hours with "David Harum," or "In the Market Place."

There is the aroma of the forest even in the dwellings of the miners. Clear fir and pine hewn into symmetrical proportions constitute walls and floor, while one cabin has a "pipe organ effect," as its proprietor rather humorously appears in a paragon of rafter from floor to roof, constructed of slight jack-pins stripped of their bark. The clean, cylindrical sticks resemble nothing so much as the pipes of an organ. The little colony of ladies, who are sharing the fortunes of the camp with their husbands, decorated these rather rude walls in the left way which the feminine mind alone can understand, and have produced cozy effects which are little short of astonishing, considering the rather limited stock of "trifles" at their disposal.

The altitude of the camp is demonstrated in a number of striking ways. A small stream from the hills strikes the miner in the face as he opens his cabin door in the morning, and the water barrel contracts a covering of ice of considerable thickness even during a July night. A visitor, too, is apt to find the clearest start from his usual experience, so rare is the atmosphere. Even the sweet briar, which 20 miles further down towards Fairview was in full bloom, was only budding at McKinney in the opening days of July.

AFTER-DINNER ORATORY.

There is room for infinite variety in the toast after the loyal toasts and the toast of the evening—which would tend to enliven many a public dinner. It would not be difficult to give a list of important additions to the toast programme which might well take the place of its usual occupants. For instance, there is "Commerce," without which both Literature and Art would find a difficulty in existence; there is the "British Public," an influential body on whom most things are dependent; there is the "Police," to whom our obligations are infinite; there is the "Clerk of the Weather," whom we all of us desire to propitiate; the "Electric Telegraph," one of our greatest scientific achievements; there is an unimpaired blessing; and the "Printing Press." At public dinners the "Cook," the "Butler," and the "Waiters" might certainly form themes for post-prandial adulation, especially if they had distinguished themselves more than usual. There are but a few things out of the way that might be selected, either variety to the monotonous oratory of after-dinner speakers. J. Ashby Sterry, in the Graphic.

THE GYPSY TRAIL.

THE WHITE MOON to the glowing vine And the bow to the open clasp. And the Gypsy blood to the Gypsy blood. Ever the wild world over.

Ever the wild world over, Ever the trail held true, Over the hills and across the world And back at the last to you.

Out of the dark of the Gorgio camp, Out of the grime and the gray, (Morning waits at the end of the world) Gypsy, come away!

The wild roar to the sun dried swamp And the red crane to the Reed, And the Romany lass to the Romany lad By the tie of a roving breed.

Morning waits at the end of the world Where the winds unaltered play, Nipping the flanks of their plunging ranks Till the wild sea horses neigh.

The pied snake to the lifted rock, The buck to the stony plain, And the Romany lass to the Romany lad And both to the road again.

Both to the road again, again, Out of the cleft sea track, Follow the cross of the Gypsy trail Over the world and back.

Follow the Romany patteran North where the blue larks call, And the bows are grey with the frozen spray, And the masts are shod with mail.

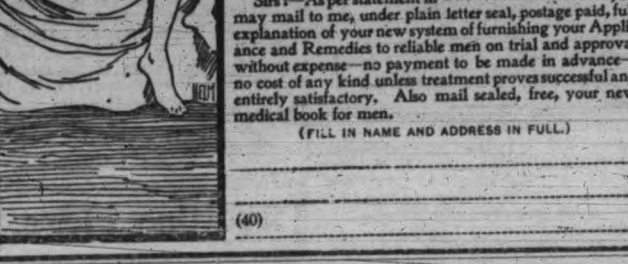
Follow the Romany patteran West to the sinking sun, Till the junk sails lift through the noiseless drift, And the East and the West are one.

Follow the Romany patteran East where the silence broods By a purple wave on an open beach In the hush of the Maldiv woods. The wild hawk to the wind-sew'd sky, The deer to the wholesome wood, And a heart of a roan to the heart of a man, As it was in the days of old.

The heart of a man to the heart of a maid, Light of my tents, be fleet! Morning waits at the end of the world And the world is all at our feet. RUDYARD KIPLING.

WEAK MEN

No Money in Advance. Marvelous appliance and remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, without any advance payment, by the foremost Company in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, discouraged, from effects of excesses, worry, overwork, etc. Happy marriage secured, complete restoration or development of all robust conditions. No C. O. D. fraud; no deception; no exposure. Any man writing in good faith may obtain full account of this astonishing system. You have only to write your name and address in the blank form below, cut out the coupon and mail it to the Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N. Y. We pay Canadian duty. No delay, no exposure. ERIE MEDICAL CO., 66 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.



POWER FROM THE TIDES. Another Attempt to Solve an Old Problem.

William Reed, who for the last year has been perfecting a contrivance intended to utilize the power in the rise and fall of the tides, has just received letters for his invention from the governments of the United States, Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Russia and Japan. Mr. Reed's contrivance is a rising and falling pier—has interested some scientific men, and many inventors who have made a special study of the problem which he believes he has solved, and its usefulness as a motive power will be tested at an early day. Inventors have heretofore found a great stumbling block to success in the interval, usually about an hour, at the turning of the tide, when the power assumed to have been furnished becomes inoperative. All previous plans, therefore, have been attempts to control the tides only for a short period of time, and this and other facts have made them failures from the start.

Mr. Reed believes that he has successfully overcome this difficulty; in fact, he claims, is the very period of time when his floating pier works to the best advantage. He says that his contrivance will keep continuously at work twenty-four hours a day. This pier or boat is to be built in two compartments; one, which resembles an immense screw, is the boat proper, but directly on this, with an altitude precisely as high as the tide in the locality in which the boat is built, is to be superimposed a tank, which is to be filled with water and emptied as occasion demands. A place upon the coast is to be selected, either where there is a creek or small river near by, or where one can be artificially built. Where this creek runs into the ocean a dam is to be built, against which one side of the rectangular dock is to be conveniently placed. At the opposite side of the dam is to be a reservoir.

Inasmuch as the pier is buoyant, there is, of course, no difficulty in making it rise and fall with the tide. Mr. Reed's ingenuity has been in continuing, as he claims, this rise and fall when the tide is stationary; and for this purpose he uses the superimposed tank and creek. At low tide, the pier is raised, the water in the creek, which has been dammed up, is emptied by opening a gate, and flows into the tank. Of course the weight of the water causes the boat to continue to sink; and, as the water flows in to the height of a full tide in the course of an hour, the downward passage of the boat is very rapid. At the end of this period the tide again subsides, and the dock, with its cargo of water, rises to its full height in the usual time. As soon as the natural rise is over, the gates are to be unlocked, and the water permitted to flow into the reservoir. As the water flows in, the pier is relieved and continues to rise, the speed being increased for reasons already made plain. By the time all the water has run out, the natural tide has begun to fall again, and the operation is repeated. It will, therefore, be seen that the boat, if it fulfils the expectations entertained of it, will rise and fall just twice as high as the tide.

The power thus generated is utilized by a large lever. A shaft of steel is run directly through the boat into the ocean bed. Upon this is swung the lever, one end of which is made fast to the boat itself. Thus every motion of the boat will affect the lever, which rises and falls responsive to the rise and fall of the dock. One end of the lever is provided with a section of an immense cog wheel. In turn, connects with a series of smaller cog-wheels, by which the power is transmitted. The boat, therefore, performs the same part in the new contrivance as the weights do in a clock. Its rise and fall may be as imperceptible as the rise and fall of the clock-weights, but its power in turning wheels will be as demonstrated in the same way.—New York Post.

AN AUSTRALIAN CATTLE STAMP.

When a cattle rush comes in the blackest of the night, among thick-standing, low-lying trees, with the nature and levels of the country unknown and invisible, to stem it calls for the finest and fiercest quality of the horseman. As he dodges, swerves and clings to the saddle to avoid mutilation from the rushing trees, he must see to it also that the horse shall win to the lead. The rider, therefore, must be beside him, if he does not the maddest of the danger is still to come. The rider's hands must double duty now as he lets loose the whip and guides the horse as well. The whip must be turned and directed against itself. The horse is deigned inward and the whip lashed and falls; the man, silent and now, opens throat and lungs in the stockman's battlecry: "If the leading cattle spurge and swing away, carrying confusion among the rest, and breaking the directness of the rush, it is the finest and most scorching of the thing on head and flank, and bear the note of man's supremacy, that they have feared since breeding time, the eddy spreads.

The blind rush becomes a maelstrom, the maelstrom spreads into eddies of confusion—the clash of horns and hoofs and uttering sounds. The herd settles down and spreads out. When the sound arises of big gruzzles blowing and nibbling at the grass, the horseman knows that his danger is past. Low down in an embrasure of the woods a white plumed bird; it is the herald of the dawn—Harper's Magazine.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company with power to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from Beechy Bay or Pedder Bay, or Beechy Bay and Port Angeles, in the State of Washington, United States, with power to convey cars, passengers and freight between either or all of said ports or harbors and connect with one or more lines of railway at the said Port Angeles, and with power to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway between Pedder Bay or Beechy Bay and Langford Station, on the line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway, and to connect with the said line of railway from said Langford Station, or some point contiguous thereto, and along the West Coast of Vancouver Island, and to build wharves and warehouses and operate telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railway and the extension or other lines thereof, and to appropriate lands and receive donations and contributions from individuals, governments and municipalities, with power to make other arrangements, and for all other powers, rights and privileges which may be conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them. Dated at Victoria, B. C., the 14th day of July, 1899. FRANK HIGGINS, Solicitor for the applicants.

Can You Be Convinced

That Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment Will Absolutely Cure Itching Piles? A trial will convince you And will cost only a stamp.

Instead of using large space in this paper to convince you of the fact that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a positive cure for Piles, we have another plan which will convince the most skeptical. We know that if you try Dr. Chase's Ointment you will be convinced, just as scores of thousands have been, by being cured. If we could hand you a sample box of Dr. Chase's Ointment we would do so, but we can't, and therefore we ask you to send us your name and address and a 2-cent stamp for postage, and we shall send you a sample box of Dr. Chase's Ointment and a copy of Dr. Chase's Supplementary Recipe Book. There may be enough in the sample to cure you, and if so we shall not lose in the long run, for you will tell your friends, and the fame of this great Ointment will spread. This special offer is for a short time only. Send to-day. Dr. Chase's Ointment for sale by all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

JOHN MESTON Carriage Maker, Blacksmith, Etc. BROAD ST., BETWEEN PANORA AND JOHNSON.

Charles Hayward, (Established 1870.) Funeral Director and Embalmer Government street, Victoria.

ATLIN MINES. Reliable information can be had by applying to RANT & JONES, Notaries, Mining Brokers & General Agents. ATLIN, B.C.

ANDREW SHERET, Plumber. 102 GAST ST. Can. Steam and Hot Water Filter

Stoddart's Jewelry 68 YATES STREET. Stoddart's Watches Prices over than ever. N. B.—We Give Trading Stamps.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT." In the Matter of the Application of The Kootenai Quarry Company, Limited Liability for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the Section of Sections Six (6) and Seven (7), Range Seven (VII) Quamian District, and the west half of Section Six (6) Range Eight (VIII) Quamian District, except parcel 479 acres, thereof, excepted in a deed, dated December, 1885, conveyed to The Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company. Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to issue a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above lands to The Kootenai Quarry Company Limited Liability, on the 1st day of September next, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person having an estate or interest therein, or in some part thereof. S. Y. WOODTON, Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., 18th May, 1899.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company with power to establish, maintain and operate a line of railway ferry boats between the port of Victoria, the harbor of Beechy Bay or the harbor of Pedder Bay, in the Province of British Columbia, and the port of Port Angeles, in the State of Washington, United States, with power to convey cars, passengers and freight between either or all of said ports or harbors and connect with one or more lines of railway at the said Port Angeles, and with power to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway between Pedder Bay or Beechy Bay and Langford Station, on the line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway, and to connect with the said line of railway from said Langford Station, or some point contiguous thereto, and along the West Coast of Vancouver Island, and to build wharves and warehouses and operate telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railway and the extension or other lines thereof, and to appropriate lands and receive donations and contributions from individuals, governments and municipalities, with power to make other arrangements, and for all other powers, rights and privileges which may be conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them. Dated at Victoria, B. C., the 14th day of July, 1899. FRANK HIGGINS, Solicitor for the applicants.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE. 37 ST. STREET, VICTORIA, B.C. OPEN FROM 6 P.M. TO 10 P.M. The Institute is free for the use of Sailors and shipping generally. It will supply with papers and a temperature bar. Letters may be sent to a sailor's wife. A parcel of literature can be had for outgoing ships on application to manager. All are heartily welcome.

SHIPPING NEWS

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY ALONG THE WATERFRONT.

Steamer Queen City returned from northern British Columbia ports this morning bringing news that the steamer Barbara Bosworth of this city is coming down in tow of the steamer Capitan of Vancouver, having broken her tail shaft. She was steaming into Port Simpson when the accident occurred. The tugboat showed that the propeller had dropped off. It was afterwards recovered and will be refitted on the arrival of the steamer. News comes from the canneries that the fish are running freely on the Skeena and everything seems to be pointing to big profits being put up. On Rivers Inlet the fish ran poorly until last Monday, when they began to come in big bunches and since then the boats have been doing very well. The strike on the Skeena is off. After a week's rest, the fishermen went back to work on the old terms. Purser Brewster gives over the following tables of the packing up to the time of the Queen City's departure, at the various canneries: Naas river—Naas Harbor Cannery, 2,700 cases; Mill bay, 2,800; Skeena—Inverness Cannery, 5,000 cases; North Pacific, 5,000; British American, 5,000; Windsor, 4,500; Combingham, 5,200; Carlisle, 5,200; Claxton, 2,800; Standard, 2,200; Inlet—Low Inlet Cannery, 4,200; Rivers Inlet—Vancouver Packing Co., 4,500; Brunswick, 5,000; Wainock, 2,600; British Columbia Canning Co., two canneries, about 5,000; Good Hope, 1,700; Wadhams, 6,300. The following passengers were brought down by the Queen City: Mrs. Murray, Miss J. Hill, W. Longren, W. H. Robinson and W. Ross; F. P. Wilson, C. A. Carman, Robt. Cunningham, J. McMillan, J. Anderson, A. and J. Young, Messrs. Robinson, Ross and Wilson are Vancouver men who have been on the steamer some recently. Discovered coal seams on Queen Charlotte Island. J. McMillan is a provincial geologist. He brought down George Sakai, a Jap, who has been sentenced to six months in the "skookum house" by Magistrate Alexander for striking a white fisherman on the head with an oar. The Queen City will go to the West Coast tonight. The Princess Louise will take her run north.

With her flag at half-mast to mourn the loss of three of her crew, sailing schooner Diana, Capt. Nelson, sailing to port from her sealing and other hunting cruises this morning. She brought three otter skins, which, according to the price latterly obtained for the rare pelts, should net her owners somewhere in the neighborhood of \$1,800. Capt. Nelson has searched further for the valuable skins had the weather not been so rough. As the weather was he had to content himself with the three, which were taken on the Queen Charlotte Islands. The Mary Taylor was spoken by the Diana on June 18. She had no cargo on board then, having just landed her 172 seals. She is expected to be brought by the Queen City. She will not go to other hunting, but either to Behring Sea or the Copper Islands, seal hunting. The Diana will not go to Behring Sea. She took 76 skins, which have already been received on the coast. The three men who were lost from the schooner were Al. Donaldson, of Sulistat, California, a well-known hunter; G. H. Stewart, a young Englishman, who went out for the first time as a boat puller, and Luke McGee, a hunter. They were hunting on April 9th off the coast, when a squall upset their boat. The Mary Taylor was the only vessel spoken by the Diana. She had no news of any of the other vessels.

The United States government, within the next five weeks, is to send 250 horses to the Philippines for the use of the cavalry regiments now in the islands. In the prior reports for the commissary wagons, the war department utilized the sailing ship Tacoma, says the Tacoma News. Now, it is stated, on fairly good authority that the eyes of the government officials are turned toward the big Tacoma barge skookum, details of her construction carrying capacity of her seaworthiness having reached the army officers. As a matter of fact, the barge could be better adapted for the safe transfer of Uncle Sam's live stock. The barge is built with a "ship" bow and rides the heaviest of seas easily, as has been proven in her late Alaska trips.

Steamer Princess Louise came from the place of idle ships this morning and went in to the wharf to take on freight for northern British Columbia ports. She will sail for Naas and way ports tomorrow, replacing the steamer Queen City, which will run up the West Coast to allow the Willapa to go over.

D.G.S. Quadra left yesterday to construct stone beacons on Shart rock and Whatum reef in Trindon channel. The Shart rock beacon will be 12 feet high and 16 feet on the base and the Whatum reef beacon 12 feet high and 10 feet on the base. Each will be surmounted by a ball and staff.

Steamer Queen City, which sails for Cape Scott and ports on the coast tonight in lieu of the steamer Willapa, will have several passengers for the new gold fields at Wreck Bay. She will on this trip include Bear river in her ports of call.

United States training ship Adams arrived from Port Angeles this morning and came to anchor off the outer wharf. She has a large number of cadets on board. After a short stay here she will proceed to the Sound.

Steamer Tees sailed last night for Isan Canal. Steamer City of Seattle arrived from the Sound at 5 a.m. and followed her northward a few hours later. Both had a large number of passengers.

Tug Lorne went to Chemulung this afternoon to tow the lumber laden American ship Eng. C. Goss to Port Townsend. The Goss will get a crew there and then proceed to sea.

The American ship Lucile passed up this afternoon in tow of the tug Tacoma, bound to Departure Bay from Vladivostok.

Stock. She will load coal for San Francisco. Steamer City of Nanaimo is again to be "hauled out." She will go on one of the ways for a second overhauling on Monday. Steamer Port Albert is due from Honolulu. On her arrival she will go into the drydock for repairs. Steamer Islander left Vancouver at 1:50 and connected with the Imperial Limited from the East.

LAW INTELLIGENCE. Mr. Justice Walkem is holding County Court today. Fairfull vs. Conn was the first case tried. The plaintiff sued for damages for breach of warranty of a horse guaranteed sound. The defence was that the plaintiff at the time of the purchase agreed to take chances. The judge decided otherwise and allowed the plaintiff \$40 and costs. J. K. Macrae vs. Taylor for defendant. Blodgett, the plaintiff, a Spanish farmer, recovered judgment for \$45 against the defendant, who is a Vancouver butcher. The claim arose in respect of 13 sheep sold defendant about three years ago.

THE SILVER MEDAL. Shooting in the Second Stage of the Queen's Competition at Bisley Began Today. (Associated Press.) Bisley, July 20.—The principal event here to-day was the shooting in the second stage of the Queen's Prize. The conditions were 10 shots at 500 yards and 15 shots at 300 yards, the winner taking the silver medal.

At the first distance the Canadians scored as follows: Croze, 44; Fleming, 44. The Graphic Cup was won by Sergeant Dalgety, of the Northumberland Fusiliers, who scored 100 in shooting off the 15 Dalgety won, adding 15 to Besala's 13. The Gregory prize was won by Carrwright, of the Canadian team. In shooting for the Ladies prize, Simpson, a Canadian, secured the only highest possible score thus far made. The Winner. Later Colonel Matthews, of the Old Service, won the silver medal and the silver badge for the highest aggregate in the first and second stages of the competition for the Queen's Prize, scoring 218 out of a possible 220. A Canadian, Hertram, tied for the second place with 216. The scores of the other Canadians were: Croze, 212; Fleming, 200; Huggins, 204; Wetmore, 199. Hertram's last two shots were an otter and a magpie.

ALGER'S RESIGNATION ACCEPTED. United States Secretary for War Leaves Office on August 1st. (Associated Press.) Washington, July 20.—Secretary Alger has received from President McKinley a letter accepting his resignation from August 1st. Among the many names mentioned as a successor, the most prominent is Gen. Horace Porter, ambassador to France. Nearly every general who figured in the recent war has been mentioned, that of Gen. James S. Wilson being the most prominent in this class. Secretary Alger will turn the war department over to Assistant-Secretary Meljehon on Monday next.

QUIET DAY IN BROOKLYN. (Associated Press.) New York, July 20.—There was a marked reduction in the number of passengers carried in the morning rush hours to-day, as well as a slight reduction in the number of cars operated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. The elevated roads and Dekalb avenue and Smith street surface roads were taxed to their utmost carrying capacity in consequence. No disturbance beyond one or two assaults occurred during the night. To-day opened in quiet fashion so far as the railroad strike in Manhattan Borough was concerned. Almost without exception the cars started from the barns on schedule time, and at 6 o'clock there was to be no indication of trouble, at least in the early hours. When the first cars started this morning there were two policemen on each car, and the early trips were without incident.

Suicidal hair removed by electrolysis. Electric Parlors, 114 Yates street.

The marriage of H. K. Le Lievre to Miss M. A. Billingsley was solemnized by the Rev. J. C. Spicer last night at the residence of the bride's sister, Miss Mabel Billingsley, at 425 Broadway and F. R. Le Lievre as best man.

WARM WEATHER BREAKFASTS Grape-Nuts

Require No Cooking. EASY FOR THE COOK.

As the warm days approach, it is well to give some thought to an easy way to prepare breakfast. A food that is at once cooked and simply needs to be treated with a little cold milk or cold cream, is ideal on that point, and such a food can be found in Grape-Nuts, at 15 cents per package. It is sold by all grocers and is so highly concentrated that not more than three or four teaspoonfuls are required for three or four cups of a meal. This makes the food very economical, and does not overtax the stomach with a great volume of food.

SHOOTING AT NANAIMO.

Annual Meeting of the British Columbia Rifle Association—A. Victoria Marksman Scores a Possibility. (Special to the Times.) Nanaimo, July 20.—The 20th annual prize meeting of the British Columbia Rifle Association opened under very good auspices as regards the attendance of competitors and spectators.

The Wadsworth range was in excellent condition, and great trouble had been taken by the Nanaimo Rifle Association to put the range in shape for the meeting. The morning was taken up chiefly in practice at 800 and 900 yards, these ranges being placed in use for the first time. This, with some extra series shooting at 500 yards continued until 1 p.m., when the Tyro match began. This match is now in progress, and the winner, G. W. Winstanley, has won the possible score at 500 yards, 35 points. There are upwards of 25 competitors in this match.

The matches were opened at 1 o'clock by Mrs. Pittendrigh, wife of the popular secretary of the local association, who secured a bullseye amidst the applause of the competitors. The register-keepers are in charge of Sergeant-Major Cornish, and the markers under Sergeant-Major Mulcahy. Major Bennett, of Vancouver, is the range officer in charge of the meeting, and as usual is most acceptable to the competitors. Lieut. Colonel Gregory and Major Williams arrived this morning to swell the Victoria contingent.

Sporting News.

LACROSSE. SATURDAY'S GREAT GAME. If ever a big crowd can be attracted to a lacrosse game, it was Saturday night that of Saturday between Victoria and New Westminster should be the game. The facts that the standing of the teams is so interesting a position and that the elms which will do battle are both determined to win, guarantee an exciting game. The Bays are practicing every evening and the New Wests are doing so. It is said to be also working very hard to get into the best possible condition on Saturday. Some enthusiasts prophesy that the squabbles of the last few months between the players of the two cities will culminate in some "scrapping" on Saturday. Anything of the kind will be sternly repressed by the referee, however, the weight of public opinion being that if lacrosse is to continue to occupy a position in public favor, anything resembling rowdiness must be eliminated.

ATHLETICS. GEORGE DAVIDSON'S GREAT FEAT. W. McMillan Smith, writing in the People's Journal, Dundee, says: On 30th August last summer attention was drawn to "Athletic Notes" to a great feat by George Davidson, Dundee, Scotland, putting up two 56 lb dumb-bells one in each hand, 50 consecutive times from shoulder to stretch of arm above the head. On the 8th October note was taken of a letter from Edwin Dinale, in which he said his father, Donald Dinale, hardly believed Davidson's record. Davidson's feat, as he (D. D.) said, he could not do more than 40 times. I said I had no doubt Mr. Davidson would be willing and able to prove conclusively his ability to do what he claimed to have done. On the second night of D. Dinale's entertainment in the Trades' hall, Aberdeen, George Davidson appeared, and after the dumb-bells had been made the exact weight by strips of lead put round the handles he put them up 52 times. It was a great feat, far greater than it appears at first sight. To run 100 yards under 10 sec. is about as rare as to run one mile under 4 min. 20 sec. Yet the Dundee athlete took 10 sec. to strain in his 10-sec. burst, while the mile runner may be suffering agony from falling strength and respiration for some time before the finish. In addition to great strength, a feat like Davidson's requires extraordinary courage, and a general test of a man's gameness. It often happens that in a long race or putting up weights a given number of times that the defeated athlete is physically capable of continuing longer, but has not the pluck to endure the bodily suffering that is entailed. To leave no doubt as to the genuineness of Davidson's record, I have in respect, the fact that "George Davidson put up two dumb-bells, weighing 56 lbs. each, simultaneously 52 consecutive times from shoulder to full stretch of arms above head," is attested by Donald Dinale, whose name is given as best man. It is also attested by James G. Fraser, journalist, W. W. Kennedy, journalist, John B. Kelly, and Alexander Mackay. Mr. Davidson's record is important in another sense, so many famous athletes break down prematurely, or are mere wrecks of their former selves by the time they are 40, that the pursuit of athletics is denigrated as detrimental to health and longevity. Yet here we have one of the most famous athletes of his time, after being in the front rank till well over 50, coming out after 10 years' retirement and making a world's record at the first attempt.

J. B. A. MEETS TO-NIGHT. The managing committee of the Bay's association meets this evening to further the arrangements for the field day of sports contemplated early in the fall.

YACHTING. SATISFIED WITH THE SHAMROCK. (Associated Press.) London, July 20.—Mr. William Fife, Jr., naval architect, and designer of the Shamrock, challenger for the America Cup, in a letter to his father expresses great satisfaction with the result of the Shamrock's trials in the races on Tuesday and Wednesday last. Mr. Fife says the yacht was steered as easily as a rowboat and is undoubtedly very speedy, but adds that whether she is speedy enough to win the cup is another matter.

THE WHEEL. NEW RECORDS. (Associated Press.) Ottumwa, Iowa, July 20.—At the I. A. W. national circuit races yesterday, Nat. Butler broke the world's record for a mile, single paced, making it in 2:01 1/2.

BASEBALL. WEDNESDAY'S GAMES.

At New York—New York, 5; Chicago 0. At Washington—Washington, 7; Cleveland, 2. Second game—Washington, 6; Cleveland 2. At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburgh, 2. At Boston—Boston, 8. At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; Louisville, 3. At Baltimore—Baltimore, 9; Cincinnati, 5.

THE KENNEL. THE COMING SHOW.

Sanction has been received from the Canadian Kennel Club for the fall bench show of the Victoria Kennel Club to be held September 28, 29 and 30. Mr. H. Payne, editor of the Victoria Sports, San Francisco, has accepted the position of judge; the prize list is being increased daily and everything points to a great success being achieved by the local club.

THE OAR. NO CREW FOR ASTORIA.

The J. B. A. has decided not to be represented at the big regatta in Astoria, the big boat being unable to get away from Victoria for the time necessary.

CONCERNING CANCER.

Cancer cannot be restored to health, and, therefore, cannot be cured, but the "cure" denotes the restoration of the sufferer's health a more precise, if less popular, definition is at once achieved. The doctrine of cure implies, then, the projection of the treatment of cancerous growths towards a complete removal of the disease, or, failing that, towards the restoration of the patient to comfortable conditions. In this respect, later-day surgery has secured a triumphal vindication since by the knowledge of the composite forces of cancer which has come to the profession under certain circumstances, patients are cured. If the advance of the disease has been neglected, their vitality can be comfortably maintained. The steady advance which has taken place of late years as regards the safety of these cancer operations, and also as regards the increased immunity from any recurrence of the malady, creates a feeling of optimistic belief in the eventual mastery of the arts and practices of surgery over the malignancy of this fearful scourge. The Necessity for Steel. But it cannot be too clearly stated, and, indeed, this has been specially pointed out by experts—that the chief and most efficacious treatment for cancer lies in the power to operate freely and at an early stage. A tumor, however, is invariably abortive. The destruction of cancer by local applications of caustics, formalin, injections of irritating materials, injections of specially prepared serums, while providing relief, and, in some cases, an alleviating acute distress, do not lead to any effectual recovery. Opposition of Patients. The great menace to the power of the medical profession to contend successfully against cancer lies, unfortunately, with cancer patients. Those afflicted with the operating table as their last resource, to the certain detriment of their state of health, and to the probable end that they are making, almost invariably refuse to undergo the operation when they do consult a doctor. An operation should be the first possible remedy, and if only patients would face such a course with half the determination, courage and patience with which they enter the agony of death, almost the entire number of operations would show the most glowing process at last to be the most consoling.

The Time Limit. In relation to the presence of cancer, the attitude of those who are suffering from the disease is generally marked by such extreme reticence that it is a matter of great difficulty to tell whether in a case once treated the growth has reappeared in a less modified form and in such a manner as to enable the patient to evade the obligations of medical supervision. Volkman fixed three years as the length of time which may be permitted to elapse before the patient may be regarded as free from the disease. After much careful study, König has fixed the 15 per cent. of cases operated upon for removal of cancer may still recur, so that the odds in favor of a patient being permitted to continue in the life's handicap at the end of three years, as permanently free from cancer, are six to one. But it is here that our improved knowledge in the matter of cancer exerts a benign influence, since the old style of operation for cancer left so much behind, which is now removed, that it would be improbable that the modern operation would not give a far more satisfactory estimate in favor of non-recurrence of the growth.—London Sun.

The Committee of Fifty will hold a meeting to-morrow night at which the proposed subsidy to the Port Angeles ferry scheme will be discussed, and probably brought to a vote of the committee. It is therefore desirable that the gathering will be as representative as possible. The meeting will be open to the public.

Critics are sententious in the grand army of letters, stationed at the corners of newspapers and reviews, to challenge every author.—Longfellow. The total number of women over 18 years of age in the country of the United Kingdom of the British Islands is about 50,000,000, of whom 11 per cent. belong to trades unions.

Miss Annette Howler has gone to Turkey to practice dentistry in the harbor of the Sultan. She studied dentistry in America. Henceforth, because of the strict exclusion of men, the harem has no dentist, and the ladies are reported to be sadly in need of one.

It is not generally known that Henrik Ibsen, the dramatist, was for many years a drugist, 50 years ago.

Royal and Dry Royal CHAMPAGNES. Whether for Health or Merriment are Without Equal. R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd. J. M. DOUGLAS & CO'Y, Montreal, Dominion Agents.

The Dawson Fire. A LESSON TO BE LEARNED. Before concluding any arrangement for shipping your freight from Bennett to Dawson, please give us a call. By using our barges you can carry your freight for very much less than other steamships would charge you. Two thousand tons were sent down to Dawson in our barges during the season of 1918 without loss or accident. On your arrival at Dawson you will find the best possible condition for making good beef. On your arrival at Dawson you will find our own warehouse, and, if necessary, your own dwelling, and you can move your goods before they are damaged. This may save you hundreds of dollars for teaming, storage &c., while at the same time you run the risk of fire. Insurance en route on cargo may be effected at our office if you so desire. If you wish to make rapid work we will arrange a tow for you past the falls. Verify these facts before shipping your freight and it will save you money. Lumber, boats and merchandise of all kinds constantly on hand at our wharves at Bennett, L.A.

VICTORIA-YUKON TRADING CO., Ltd. MILLS AT BENNETT, B. C. HEAD OFFICE, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. J. Pierrey & Co. Wholesale Dry Goods. 25, 27, 29, 29 Yates Street. VICTORIA, B. C.

REAL ESTATE SNAPS. 20 acres of excellent land, cleared and cultivated, with water frontage on Victoria Arm near Craigflower. We are offering this at one-half its value. 25 acres of improved land with good dwellings and outbuildings, situated at Parsons Bridge, which we can sell for \$2,500 and on easy terms. We solicit a share of your Fire Insurance for the reliable Phoenix of Hartford. F. G. RICHARDS & CO. Notaries, Public and Conveyancers, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, No. 15 Broad Street, next Diridon Hotel.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE. FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP 50c. Children Under 12 Years, 25c. Trains leave 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE. The Myrland Newydd chapel has existed and has been in regular use for 54 years. It was started, so far as I could discover, on August 18, 1845, two or three years after the opening of the colliery. It was one of the first happy thoughts that occurred to the newly employed colliers. There are one or two men still working in this colliery who were present at the first service held there.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE. The Eastern Extension Telegraph Company has made an offer to the Victorian government to lay a cable from Australia to South Africa without cost to the Colonies. The company requires neither a subsidy nor a guarantee. Gurney, Tilson & Co., Moore & Co., and O. Moore & Co., of Hamilton, Ont., have granted the above-mentioned 10 per cent. increase. Other foundries in the city may follow.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE. BIRTH. FARMER—At 3 Amelia street, Victoria, on the 18th inst., the wife of William Farmer, of a son.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE. DIED. ROSS—In this city, on the 20th instant, Dixie Ross, a native of Cambridge Springs, Pennsylvania, aged 77 years. The funeral will take place on Saturday at 2:30 p. m. from the family residence, No. 35 Hillside avenue, and at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church at 5 o'clock. Friends will please accept this intimation.