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For a clock (like cut) is exceptional value, yet that is just what we offer you. It has a genuine 8-day American movement, striking the hours and half hours on a cathedral gong. We guarantee it a very accurate timekeeper. The case is black enameled iron with gold decorations, making it an article of beauty for any room.

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Saturday's Bargain

MacLAREN'S Imperial Cheese

25c per Jar

Dixie H. Ross & Co.,

The Independent Cash Grocers.

Paperhanging By First-Class Workmen

House Decorations of all Kinds

The Melrose Co., Ltd., 78 Fort Street.

GOOD POTATOES

We have them. They are first class cookers, and we guarantee them.

Free delivery.

SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 Yates St. Tel. 413.

GOING TO EUROPE.

Mine Workers' President Will Study Industrial Conditions and Attend Congress in Paris.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 11.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, who will sail to-day for Europe on the St. Paul, arrived in this city last evening, accompanied by a delegation of officers of the union and others, who will see him off. He was a guest at an informal reception last night at the Ashland house. Mr. Mitchell will go as a delegate from the United Mine Workers to the International Mining Congress at Paris in August.

Before Mr. Mitchell goes to the congress he will visit Germany, France, Belgium, England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland to study the industrial conditions.

RETURNED FROM SOUTH.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 11.—Sir Wm. C. Van Horn, chairman of the board of directors of the Canadian Pacific railway, was a passenger on the steamer Havana, which arrived here to-day from Havana and Mexico.

IMPORTANT TOWNS HELD BY THE JAPS

Latest Successes Will Enable Army Advancing Northward to Avoid Pass Strongly Fortified by Russians.

(Associated Press.)

Tokio, June 11.—Noon.—The town of Siyen, now occupied by the Japanese army, is of great strategic importance, being situated about forty miles north-east of Kailing, and forty-five miles southeast of Hicheng. It commands perfectly the roads to both places. Simatsza is also an important point, as it controls the roads to Liao Yang and Mukden. By following this route the Mao-Tien Ling Pass, a strongly fortified and almost impregnable Russian stronghold, will be avoided on the advance of the Japanese army northward.

Admiral Kataoka reports that on Wednesday and Thursday last he discovered and destroyed sixteen mines in Tallonwan bay. A landing made at Takakao showed that the pier was undamaged, and that two large reservoirs were intact.

DO NOT EXPECT ADVANCE AT PRESENT.

(Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, June 11.—The view of the general staff is that as the Japanese column which reached Siyen was not followed by either of the main armies in southern Manchuria, the Japanese have no present intention of advancing on Hancheng, but have sent forward a force as a feint, and to discover as much as possible about the dispatch of a heavy Russian force down the Liao Tung peninsula. Neither does the general staff believe that the enemy's column at Simatsza, even should it go so far north as Djandjian, is of a serious character, the opinion being that Gen. Kuraki continues to dangle before Gen. Kouroupatkin's eyes a double objective, but that he is not yet strong enough to risk a real advance.

This belief is based on calculations that the enemy has not more than 130,000 men all told in southern Manchuria, and that only in the event of the Japanese attacking a strength greatly in excess of these figures will they be capable of a genuine forward movement.

No fresh news has been received in regard to the situation around Port Arthur. Private advices from Liao Yang indicate that the Russian forces at Vafandian are prepared to retire northward if seriously threatened.

WILL PROBABLY FALL BACK ON VLADIVOSTOCK.

(Associated Press.)

Seoul, June 10.—4.30 p. m.—The Russian demonstration in northeastern Korea, in the province of Ham Heung, seems nearly ended. It is believed that Gesean, with a reinforced garrison, is in no further danger. All Cossacks have retired north of Ham Heung. A body is still at Sangjin. Several forces are roaming somewhere west of Treng. It is thought that the Russians are probably making a gradual retreat to Vladivostok, gathering provisions en route.

DID NOT REPLY TO JAPANESE WORSHIPS.

(Associated Press.)

Vafangou, Liao Tung Peninsula, June 11.—The Japanese lost a prominent commander in the last fight, and, according to reports from Chinese sources, they are displaying signs of despair, making their retreat in the direction of the Russian forces.

Russian forces on the peninsula think that the bombardment of the coast northward was a mere demonstration. The Russians did not reply.

There is no sickness among the Russian forces, and they are in excellent spirits.

HAS HEADQUARTERS IN RAILWAY CARRIAGE.

(Associated Press.)

Liao Yang, June 11.—The entire Russian plan of campaign is directed from a railway carriage here, in which Gen. Kouroupatkin works. He also uses the carriage as his bedroom.

The commander-in-chief passes most of his time in the study at work, surrounded by his aides. Although small of stature, Kouroupatkin is of once distinguished among his entourage, however brilliant may be their uniforms, by his determined gestures and sturdy figure. He has the reputation of being severe, but just, and his word is law. His officers express the fullest confidence in him, and he is the idol of the common soldiers, and the foreign attaches find him most pleasant.

He takes little or no rest except a half hour's siesta after lunch, when the heat is excessive, and he occasionally indulges in the distraction of reading literary works.

Dispatches from the scene of operations are brought to him at any hour of the day or night. The general eats well, of simple dishes, but hurriedly, seldom remaining at table more than a half hour. He drinks wine sparingly, smokes a cigar or two after breakfast, and sets a general example of abstemiousness to his officers. He rises at 7 o'clock, and retires at midnight.

After drawing up a daily dispatch to the Emperor, summarizing the situation, his mornings are engaged in the consideration of correspondence and tactical questions. He often mounts a horse and makes a tour of inspection of the camps and military works around Liao Yang, seeing visitors during the afternoon, and subsequently receives the reports of the generals at the theatre of operations.

Kouroupatkin is much interested in the Red Cross work, visits the hospitals and speaks encouragingly to the patients. He never misses going to the station to meet trains bringing wounded men, and out of the funds sent from St. Petersburg gives them money according to their rank, one dollar and a half to the unmarried, two dollars and a half to a married man, and as much as \$250 to officers. He also distributed medals to the wounded, who have performed acts of special bravery.

THINKS JAPANESE HAVE MET REVERSE.

(Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, June 11.—The Rusky invalid, in concluding an article on the military situation in the Far East, inclines to the belief that fighting has already occurred in front of Port Arthur, and that the Japanese sustained a reverse.

The Norov Yremys, discussing the report that the submarine boat Protector had been shipped from New York for Japan, expresses the hope that the United States government will make a detailed explanation of why the boat was allowed to leave the United States.

The Vedomosti, of which Prince Oukhtomsky, who is now sojourning in America, is the editor, has received a second warning for "gratuitously disturbing public opinion" by printing a report that some Moscow merchants had subscribed to a Japanese loan. A third warning will result in the suspension of the publication of the paper.

FOR CONSPIRACY.

Filipino Leader Sentenced to Six Years' Imprisonment and Fined \$5,000.

(Associated Press.)

Manila, June 11.—Judge Araulo has sentenced Artemio Ricarte, the former Filipino leader, to one year imprisonment on the charge of carrying concealed weapons, and to six years' imprisonment and a fine of \$5,000 on the charge of conspiracy against the United States government.

LINER REPORTED.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 11.—The American line steamer Philadelphia, from Southampton and Cherbourg for New York, was reported at 1.30 o'clock this morning in communication with Nantucket lightship by wireless telegraph.

MADAME MELBA DECORATED.

(Associated Press.)

London, June 11.—King Edward has conferred upon Madame Melba the decoration for science, art and music. She is the first woman upon whom it has been bestowed.

LORD MINTO'S SUCCESSOR.

(Associated Press.)

London, June 11.—It is announced that Earl Grey, Lord Lieutenant of Northumberland, has been appointed to succeed the Earl of Minto as Governor-General of Canada.

TRAGEDY IN AN INDUSTRIAL HOME

KILLED AS RESULT OF SCUFFLE OVER TOBACCO

Case of Smallpox Discovered in Military Camp—Orange Grand Lodge Meeting Concluded.

(Associated Press.)

Toronto, May 11.—Thomas Hall, an inmate of York county Industrial Home, at Newmarket, has been killed by John Coulson, a fellow inmate, as the result of a scuffle over tobacco. Hall's back was turned on Coulson, when one of the other inmates informed him that Coulson was taking his tobacco. Hall grabbed Coulson, but the latter, who is a big man, shook him off, pushing him out of the door. Hall fell on the ground and broke his neck. Both men are over sixty years of age.

Grand Orange Lodge.

Pictou, Ont., June 11.—The Grand Orange Lodge of British America concluded its session here last night after passing a resolution reasserting its complete independence and independence of all supreme grand lodges. The order decided to build a Wallace memorial hall. A satisfactory statement of the operations of the Orange mutual benefit fund was submitted, and it was decided to further extend the usefulness of this feature by having a \$500 policy, and by making some provision for those who may be partially or permanently disabled. Owen Sound was selected as the next place of meeting after a spirited contest between that place and Vancouver. The former place only won by two votes.

Vote of Confidence.

Toronto, June 11.—Toronto Methodist conference has passed a unanimous resolution of confidence in the board of missions, and the general secretary, Rev. Dr. Sutherland.

A Case of Smallpox.

London, June 11.—A case of smallpox was discovered at the military camp at Carling Heights, where 2,300 officers and men from all parts of the district are under canvas. The victim has been isolated, and every member of the tent which he occupied has been vaccinated.

Officers Elected.

Winnipeg, June 11.—The election of grand officers of the Masonic lodge resulted as follows: Grand master, Rev. A. Chisholm; McGregory; worshipful deputy grand master, J. M. Scott; Winnipeg; senior warden, H. H. Campbell; Indian Head; junior warden, Chas. Greggie; Winnipeg; grand secretary, Jas. A. Ovas; Winnipeg; grand chaplain, Rev. John Wells; Holland, Man.; grand registrar, Dr. Whiteside; Banff; grand tyler, John McBride; Winnipeg.

REOPENING MINES.

Work resumed in the Stratton, Independence and Shurtleff, in Cripple Creek District.

(Associated Press.)

Victor, Colo., June 11.—The Stratton, Independence and Shurtleff mines re-opened last night, and by Monday it is asserted resumption will be quite general. Conditions at the Portland mine are unchanged. Victor was quiet all day yesterday, except for the excitement incident to the deportation.

During the past year the night shelters of Paris received 67,283 men, 2,006 women and 388 children.

C. P. R. COMPANY WILL FIGHT CASE

HAVE REFERRED THEIR FINE TO WASHINGTON

Action of Collector at Ketchikan Will Result in Important International Ruling.

Out of the preliminary action of the collector at Ketchikan in fining the steamer Princess May \$2,600 for carrying thirteen passengers bound for Seattle from that port to Vancouver, there is likely to arise an international question of far-reaching possibilities. The C. P. R. Company will fight the case to a finish.

The authorities at Washington, when the circumstances have been fully presented to them and the injustice of the fine referred to has been clearly and conclusively shown, may set the matter right and give instructions which will obviate the many annoyances which will befall the company does not take this view of the case, then, under existing conditions, it is doubtful whether the C. P. R. Company can continue in the Yukon business. Certainly drastic measures will ensue.

The collector at Ketchikan, who has precipitated the trouble, has proceeded under section II of the act of congress, passed in 1898, entitled an act to amend the Laws of Congress, which states "that no foreign vessel shall transport passengers between ports or places in the United States directly or by way of a foreign port under penalty of \$200 for each passenger transported or landed."

The C. P. R. Company contends this law has in no sense been violated. The passengers were "transported" to Vancouver. There they were given an option of taking the train to Seattle or coming to Victoria and then transferring to the C. P. R. Company's steamer Princess Beatrice on the Seattle run. Three of them did so, and ten went by rail from Vancouver. They all carried orders from the company's agent at Ketchikan to secure their transportation before proceeding into American territory.

This having been done the law was complied with. There is nothing in the section quoted to say that tickets cannot be sold at Ketchikan for Seattle, if even that had been done. So long as the C. P. R. Company forward their Skagway passengers from Victoria on American steamers nothing was ever heard of the shipping regulations being broken. Because the company has now its own steamer operating on the Sound route and attempts to handle its own business it is penalized, although the methods pursued in doing so are perfectly legitimate in so far as the law of the United States or Canada is concerned.

Capt. Troup, superintendent of the coast C.P.R. steamships, was seen yesterday by a Times representative. While annoyed at the action of the Ketchikan collector, he is hopeful that the Washington authorities will treat him fairly. He had already referred a similar case to Washington, wherein the Princess Beatrice had been fined, and he was expecting a decision shortly when set on again. His case is in the hands of able counsel, and an exhaustive review of all the circumstances relating to it has been prepared. The captain considers the action of the Ketchikan collector preposterous. "What difference," said he, "is there between the Princess May picking up American passengers at Ketchikan bound for Seattle and landing them at Vancouver, and the Cottage City picking up at Victoria Canadian passengers bound for White Horse or Dawson, and landing them at Skagway? The cases are parallel. Why can't our company sell tickets at Ketchikan for Seattle when an American company sells tickets in Victoria for Dawson? All is very unjust and inconsistent. American steamers come along here regularly and take freight from our very doors and carry it north, this same freight being destined for the Canadian Yukon. Do you suppose we could carry American freight on our Skagway liners? Not much. This is unfair. The law should not apply to one section of Canada when it doesn't to others. Steamers on the Puget Sound route regularly handle Canadian cargo in bond. Yet the Princess Beatrice is not allowed to carry a particle of American freight in bond. Is this right?"

This whole question, Capt. Troup said, required investigation and remedying. In the present instance he does not intend that he shall be bluffed out of what there is moral justice in, if legally, it has no side whatever. His case, he considers, is the strongest possible that can be made out.

ROBBERS SURROUNDED.

Escape of Men Who Held Up Rio Grande Train Now Seems Impossible.

(Associated Press.)

Glenwood Springs, Colo., June 11.—Sheriff Adams has returned here and reported that the Denver & Rio Grande train robbers are completely surrounded in a patch of brush near the Grande river. A posse of a hundred deputies were picketed about the place, and he expressed the belief that it was impossible for the men to escape except by swimming the river. An attempt to do that, he said, seemed almost certain. The river at that point is nearly half a mile wide and has a tremendous current. The hunted men have not been able to obtain food anywhere during the past thirty-six hours and must be almost at the point of starvation.

MEXICAN TRADE PROMISES WELL

FORMER VICTORIAN WRITES ON SUBJECT

Council of Board of Trade Deals With Questions Affecting Transportation and Trade.

The council of the board of trade met yesterday. A letter was received from Hon. Senator Templeman stating that the commission on transportation would arrive in Victoria in August.

In view of this it was decided by the council to forward to the Minister of Marine the memorandum prepared in connection with the appointment of harbor commissioners. It will also be used before the transportation commission when it arrives.

After discussing the matters to be laid before the transportation commission, it was decided to put the subject in the hands of a special committee to prepare for presentation to that body. The committee consists of C. E. Hedford, J. J. Shalleross, A. J. Morley, W. G. Cameron, M. P. P., T. W. Paterson, M. P. P., and Capt. J. G. Cox.

The committee on railway matters had several subjects brought to its attention requiring investigation. The recent order of the C. P. R. making Nelson and Rossland distributing points was referred to. The railway committee will meet early next week to consider this, and also will deal with any grievances which shippers in this city may have. The latter are urged to make their representations in writing to the secretary of the board or communicate with him so that he may be able to advise them as to the meeting.

A communication was received from Superintendent R. Marpole, of the C. P. R., in reply to one written by the secretary respecting the new hotel, and requesting an answer as to when actual work might be expected.

The reply of Mr. Marpole was considered highly satisfactory.

A letter was read from the deputy minister of inland revenue, in which he acknowledged the receipt of the letter written by the secretary, and enclosing a resolution of the Victoria Fruit Growers' Association relative to the enforcement of the Adulteration Act. The act is to be enforced.

The committee on harbors and navigation reported upon a letter received from W. A. Ward, respecting berthing vessels in the upper harbor. Mr. Ward had applied for a berth to load the John M. Campbell above the bridge. He had found it impossible to get a berth except by paying for such alongside a wharf.

The committee reported: "The depth of water in the upper harbor, averaging as it does from about six feet to ten feet at low water, is insufficient for a vessel of the John M. Campbell's size to lie in wharf loading. That all the surface of the harbor excepting the fairways, which are with difficulty kept open, is occupied by local industries, sailing schooners and logs."

The following letter was received respecting the British Columbia-Mexican steamship service:

Apartado 5, Hermosillo, Son. Mex., May 7th, 1904.

To the Board of Trade, Victoria, B. C.:

Gentlemen:—Noting in the Colonist and Times and other British Columbia papers mention of the prospective line of steamships between British Columbia ports and Mexico, I take the liberty to suggest that the port of Guaymas, on the Gulf of California, be included in this itinerary, as it disputes the honor for shipping supremacy with the only other two great ports of the Mexican Pacific, viz., Acapulco and Mazatlan.

An immense market would be found for lumber, coke and harvesting and other machinery, and return cargoes would be provided with copper and silver ores, sugar, tobacco, cigars, hides and jan bark.

There are houses here which import coke from the United States by train bonds and lumber from Oregon and Puget Sound by the shipment.

In company with British Columbia associates, I am an extensive holder of mining property in this country, and cheaper coke and lumber interest me greatly.

If you wish I will send you the Mexican shipping law and schedule of port charges, but it will be in Spanish, or if you desire any information in this respect, submit your questions and I will be glad to enlighten you.

I would also respectfully inform you that there is quite a colony of wealthy Englishmen and other Europeans here who spend the hot months in California. The former, surprising though it may seem, only have a dim, misty idea that Great Britain has a colony called British Columbia somewhere on the Pacific Coast, but are unaware of the fact of the existence of the great naval station at Esquimalt.

Now, if your Tourist Association would forward some literature to the great new tourist "Hotel Arcadia" here, it might divert some travel to Victoria this season.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Co. operate a line of steamers between Guaymas and San Francisco, and all rail connections are good.

It is in my interest to see closer trade relations between Mexico and Canada, and if I can be of any service to you do not hesitate to command me.

I am from Victoria, and refer you to Royal Bank of Canada or Geo. F. Stoll.

Very truly,

FRANK TURNER.

The meeting then adjourned.

PRESCRIPTIONS



Our prescription department is our especial pride. Physicians' prescriptions or family recipes entrusted to us will be compounded with the utmost care. We check our work, which makes it impossible to make a mistake in dispensing.

OUR DRUGS

Are always fresh and of the best quality. Your prescription will be filled exactly as ordered if left with us. Let us do your dispensing.

Campbell's Prescription Store

Cor. Fort and Douglas Streets.

Advertisement for 'The Electric' light bulbs. Includes an illustration of a person holding a glowing bulb and text: 'YOU SAY YOU WANT A GOOD LIGHT... The Electric... No other illuminant can equal it for brilliancy, safety, convenience and economy. B.C. Electric Ry., Co. 35 YATES ST.'

THE RUSSIANS AGAIN RETREAT

DRIVEN FROM SIUYEN BY THE JAPANESE

Reinforcements Are Being Hurried Out to Gen. Kourapatkin—Rumored Plot to Kill Czar.

St. Petersburg, June 10.—The Emperor has received from General Kourapatkin the following telegram, dated June 9th:

"The Japanese bombardment of June 5th of the coast between Sedyuchen and Kaiping caused no loss of life or material, although a considerable number of shells were fired. All was quiet on the coast this morning, but several Japanese ships were cruising in the offing."

"On June 7th the Japanese continued slowly their march toward Siuyen by the Taku Shan and Feng Huang Cheng roads. Their advance guard did not approach nearer than five miles south and east of Siuyen."

"On the morning of June 8th a Japanese infantry brigade, two mounted batteries and five squadrons of cavalry marched against Siuyen. About 11 o'clock the Japanese appeared before the town on the south side, but were checked by a very successful fire from our batteries. Japanese infantry then began advancing against the town from the east by the Feng Huang Cheng road, and came in contact with the Cossacks, holding the pass. After two hours' fighting the Cossacks were obliged to retire, and our artillery opened fire along the pass, not allowing the Japanese to establish themselves."

"At this moment a Japanese mountain battery arrived and took up a position to the south, but after a few rounds was silenced by our battery. A second Japanese mountain battery arrived, but did not succeed in getting into position, and was compelled to evacuate their position under the fire of our guns. In the course of the fighting a flanking movement by several battalions of Japanese infantry was observed northeast of Siuyen, threatening our line of route. Consequently our Cossacks gradually withdrew five miles from Siuyen, keeping up their fire from the battery on a dense column of the enemy at a range of 600 yards. The fire slackened about five in the afternoon."

"Among our losses were Cherenisnieff, chief of Cossacks; Corna Komarski and Lieut. Col. Sosokhoff. To all appearances the Cossacks were engaged with troops of the Tenth division."

"The news of the fighting at Siuyen furnished food for thought for considerable speculation regarding the real Japanese objective. Whether the advance to Siuyen constitutes a forward movement in force, military authorities here do not pretend to know. Its character depends largely upon whether General Kuroki has the number of troops with which he reports credit him. If he has, it is considered possible that the Japanese may attempt to push across the peninsula and establish a new base at Newchwang."

"The direct road to Newchwang passes south of Hai-cheng. Such a movement on the part of Gen. Kuroki might precipitate a serious engagement in the neighborhood of Hai-cheng, if Gen. Kourapatkin considers the time ripe to contest the advance seriously. But it is also pointed out that the Japanese movement to Salmatsie and Siuyen may be either feints or merely a continuation of an effort to distract the Russian attention from Port Arthur."

"General Kourapatkin's reinforcements are being pushed eastward. The first division of 29,000 men of the Tenth army corps has crossed the Vladivostok, and following them is a continuous stream of troop trains. The last of the Tenth and Fifteenth corps are scheduled to reach Liao Yang on August 27th. The infantry will cross Lake Balkan in ferry boats and the cavalry will ride across the circular track."

"The mobilization of the First army corps is being hurried. Two regiments of the 22nd division are at Novograd, and one of the 37th at Pskov, 171 miles southwest of St. Petersburg, where the reserve men will join. Two divisions

YOUR BREATH IS BAD AND YOU OUGHT TO REMEDY IT JUST AS FAST AS POSSIBLE.

Bad breath is an evidence that the microbes of Catarrh have found a resting place. If you aren't careful, your throat and lungs will soon become diseased.

No remedy so effective for bad breath and catarrh as Inhalant Catarrhione. It kills the catarrh outright, cleanses the breathing organs, makes the breath pure and sweet. If you are considerate for your friends and for yourself you'll get Catarrhione right away. It's guaranteed to cure catarrh and bad breath, so you run no risk. Price \$1 at all druggists, or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U.S.A.

A sailor's posse has had an encounter nine miles southwest of Newcastle, Colo., with three men, supposed to have been the train robbers who held up a Denver & Rio Grande westbound passenger train near Perkiwits. One of the three, it is reported, has been killed and the other two are surrounded.

A strange bequest, noticeable even among the eccentricities of English wills, has been made by the late Joseph Gillott, the penman of Birmingham. He gave \$250 to his gas man of the \$800,000 and more he left.

A Child's Cry

Pierces the mother's heart like a sword. Often the mother who would do everything for the little one she loves, is utterly impotent to help and finds no help in physicians. That was the case with Mrs. Duncan, whose little one was almost blind with scrofula. But fortunately she was led to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and so cured the child without resorting to a painful operation.

The great blood-purifying properties of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery have been proved over and over again in cases of scrofula, eczema, eruptions, and other diseases which are caused by an impure condition of the blood. It entirely eradicates the poisons which feed disease, and builds up the body with sound, healthy flesh.

"My little daughter became afflicted with scrofula, which affected her eyes," writes Mrs. Angus, Que., "on Royal Friday, demanding that they be put forthrightly instead of monthly. They also have had trouble with the superintendent of the mill. It is not likely that the strike will be prolonged."

"MY KIDNEYS ARE ALL WRONG! How shall I insure best results in the shortest time? It stands to reason that a liquid specific of the unquestioned merit of South American Kidney Cure will go more directly and quickly to the seat of the trouble than the 'pill form' treatment, and when it strikes the spot there's healing in an instant. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—78."

Orange Meat

Ask Your Grocer

CRIMES THE RESULT OF A CONSPIRACY

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury Which Investigated Explosion in Cripple Creek District.

Victor, Col., June 10.—The coroner's verdict in the Independence dynamite explosion finds that the victims "came to their death by an explosion of dynamite, or other explosive, at the Florence and Cripple Creek depot at or near the town of Independence, Teller county, Colorado," on the morning of June 9th, 1904, about 2:30 a. m.

The verdict concludes: "We further find that said explosion was exploded by an infernal machine, purposely and artfully discharged by some person to the jury unknown, for the purpose of willfully, maliciously and feloniously killing and murdering said persons, and others; that said crime is one of similar crimes designed and committed in the past few months and perpetrated for the purpose of intimidating non-union miners and thereby preventing them from working, and said crimes are the result of conspiracy entered into by certain members of the Western Federation of Miners, and further, by certain officers of the organization."

Driven From Home. Denver, Col., June 10.—Governor Peabody today said: "I have not declared martial law in any community in Colorado. I have only decided it to be in a state of insurrection and rebellion, and the newspapers have used the term martial law in describing our proclamation. I believe in stamping out this set of dynamiters, and I intend it shall be done. The Supreme court has granted us the power that policemen and sheriffs have, and I am exercising that power."

The following Teller county officials are driven from their homes, and will not return to Cripple Creek while the military are in power, owing to reports that the citizens' committee, which is co-operating with the military, intend to force them to resign their offices: District Judge Seed, County Judge A. Frost, County Assessor P. Devant, County Treasurer D. McNeill and County Clerk Mannex.

The executive board of the Western Federation of Miners decided today to appeal to President Roosevelt to investigate the condition in Colorado. They decided that a history of the labor trouble in Colorado shall be taken to Washington by an emissary and placed in the President's hands. It was also voted to appeal President Moyer's habeas corpus case to the United States Supreme court.

Joseph Hamilton, chairman of the Democratic county convention appeared before the citizens' deportation committee today and acknowledged that he believed in unions, and was told that he must leave camp within the next four days. He was allowed this reprieve because of his standing in the community.

Secretary Hamilton of the Cripple Creek district Mine Owners' Association, in a statement says: "Our fight has not been against unionism as such, but against criminal organization. It will not be discontinued until no members of this organization is left in Teller county."

JUNE WEDDINGS

Ceremony at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church Last Evening—Victorians Married in Vancouver.

A very pretty wedding took place last evening at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. It was the marriage of Mr. Frank Tenley, principal of Port Guelchon school, and Miss Minnie, second daughter of Mr. James Wilson, sanitary inspector. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Archibald Exling.

In spite of the fact that the announcement of the event was made to only a limited number of the friends of the interested parties, the church was well filled to witness the ceremony.

The bride was given away by her father. She was attended by her sister, Miss Grace Wilson. The former was attended in a beautiful brown travelling dress, the bridesmaid wearing a gown of lawn French voile over a bodice of white cariations, and the bridesmaid a bouquet of pink carnations. Mr. Allan Wilson supported the groom.

The bride and groom left by the steamer Princess Victoria for Vancouver. The honeymoon will be spent there and among the Sound cities. They will reside at Port Guelchon until the summer holidays, when they will take up their residence in this city.

There were many valuable presents received. Rutledge-Robertson.

The marriage of Mr. Frederick Rutledge, of Victoria, and Miss Alberta Robertson, of Vancouver, took place in the Terminal City on Thursday evening. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. M. McLeod, the bride party being unattended. They will take up their residence in Ladysmith.

Young-Watson.

On Thursday evening at St. James' church, Vancouver, the marriage took place of Mr. William L. B. Young, youngest son of Mr. Henry Young, of this city, and Miss Margaret, second daughter of Mr. John Watson, of Vancouver. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. G. Finnes-Clinton.

Three hundred paper makers in the employ of the Royal pulp Mills, East Angus, Que., struck on Friday, demanding that they be paid fortnightly instead of monthly. They also have had trouble with the superintendent of the mill. It is not likely that the strike will be prolonged.

"MY KIDNEYS ARE ALL WRONG! How shall I insure best results in the shortest time? It stands to reason that a liquid specific of the unquestioned merit of South American Kidney Cure will go more directly and quickly to the seat of the trouble than the 'pill form' treatment, and when it strikes the spot there's healing in an instant. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—78."

GRAND LODGE MEETING.

Odd Fellows of British Columbia Transact Business in Rossland—Officers Elected.

The Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., for the jurisdiction of British Columbia, convened in Rossland on Tuesday. After the regular routine business the following officers were elected: James Bell, Victoria, grand patriarch; Thomas Elliott, Rossland, grand high priest; A. Henderson, Victoria, grand senior warden; W. H. Thorpe, Nanaimo, grand junior warden; T. F. Neelds, Vancouver, grand scribe; James Stark, Vancouver, grand treasurer; James R. Webster, Vancouver, grand representative; D. E. Mackenzie, New Westminster, grand marshal; H. F. Fulton, Nanaimo, grand inside sentinel; G. H. Middlemiss, Vancouver, grand outside sentinel; H. J. Raymer, Rossland, deputy grand patriarch. While the afternoon session was in progress the visiting sisters were entertained by the officers of the local lodge of Bebekaha, and were driven about the city and shown the various points of interest. An enjoyable time was thus had by all of the participants.

The Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., of British Columbia, met on Wednesday morning at Rossland. Mayor Clute extended them a hearty welcome to the city, to which Grand Master E. C. Arthur, of Nelson, replied.

The Grand Lodge degree was conferred upon a number who are attending for the first time.

The officers elected were as follows: Grand master, T. F. Neelds, Vancouver; deputy grand master, D. E. Mackenzie, New Westminster; grand warden, F. E. Simpson, Cranbrook; grand secretary, Fred Davey, Victoria; grand treasurer, Thomas Emmons, Rossland; grand representative, H. B. Gilmour, Vancouver.

It is expected Vancouver will be the next place of meeting.

SHAKY NERVES.

Sufferers From Nervous Troubles Are in a State of Continuous Torture—Suggestions as to How the Trouble Can Be Overcome.

When your nerves are shaky your self-control is shattered—your will power is broken. Sudden sounds startle you; your temper is irritable; your hands tremble; there is weakness in your knees; your skin is pale and parched; you are restless at night and tired when you wake. It all comes from nervous exhaustion, perhaps due to overwork and worry, late hours, hot days, and want of blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the only cure. They make new, rich, red blood. They brace up jangled nerves and strengthen tired backs. They give health and energy to dull, weary, despondent men and women. Strong proof is offered in the case of Mrs. Wm. Westcott, of Seaford, Ont., who says: "For a long time my health was in a bad state. I was subject to headaches, dizziness and nervous exhaustion. My appetite was poor, and I was so badly run down I could not stand the least exertion. I tried several medicines and consulted different doctors, but they did not help me any. One of my neighbors strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and before the second box was finished the turning point for the better had been reached, and by the time I had used a half dozen boxes, to the surprise of my friends and neighbors I was again enjoying good health, and have since been strong and well. I do not know anything to equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills when the system is run down."

What the pills have done for others they will do for you, if you will give them a fair trial. Sold by all medicine dealers, or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BALLOONING SPIDERS.

Given a steady breeze and a free course, there is practically no limit to the distance which a ballooning spider may traverse. The writer has taken over a dozen from their spongeries divers descending precipitately in the highest attainable point on the dome of St. Peter's in Rome, whether they had doubtless been carried by the wind when younglings. One may see flocks of gossamer aloft at far greater heights. Seafaring folk often note spider balloons speeding by them at sea or entangled upon various parts of the vessel. Dirce, in his famous voyage of the Beagle, when sixty miles from land, saw great numbers of small spiders with their webs. When they first came in contact with the rigging they were seated upon threads, and while hanging to these the slightest breath of air would bear them out of sight. Thus, though so far from land, the wee voyagers were still moving on over the main.

Captain George H. Dodge, of the American line steamship Pennsylvania, told the printer during a voyage in the winter of 1881-2, of a like observation made by him. While sailing along the eastern coast of South America during the month of March, his ship was covered with innumerable spider-webs. He was then more than two hundred miles south of the equator. The wind was blowing from the continent. "The spiders seemed like elongated balls," said the captain, "with a fine line, saw great numbers above them. They settled upon the sails and rigging, and finally disappeared as they came."

"You know," he added, "that it is not unusual for birds to be blown out to sea. How much easier for a spider, provided he has the means to keep himself suspended in the air!"—Harper's Magazine.

Orange Meat

Ask Your Grocer

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Experienced saleslady for dry goods store. Address "Dry Goods," P. O. Box 567, city.

WANTED—Miscellaneous. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—25 or 30 pack saddles, harness, etc. For sale, a light-firm wagon in good order, cheap. Apply I. K. L. Second-Hand Store, 8 Store street, next to E. & N. Ry. Station. Open evenings.

WANTED—Photo-Engraving work from all parts of the province; satisfaction guaranteed; send for samples. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 29 Broad street, Victoria.

WANTED—Chimney sweeping, no mess, from 50c; smoky chimneys cured. Tel. 498, or 4-Broughton-street.

TO JOB PRINTERS—Our artists are now making cover designs, sketches, etc., for the best catalogue work produced in the West. Send your ideas and outline sketches will be furnished without charge. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., Victoria.

WANTED—We have continual inquiries for Vancouver island farm lands. If your property is for sale write us at once, giving full particulars, and we will sell it for you if it can be sold. Heisterman & Co., Victoria, B. C.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc., should consult us when preparing guide books, advertising literature, and all kinds of illustrated folders. We group photos artistically and guarantee best results. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 29 Broad street, Victoria.

TENDERS WANTED. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TENDERS FOR HAY—Tenders are invited for the purchase of 10 acres standing clover hay, close to Parson's Bridge. Tenders to be in by Wednesday, June 16, 1904. For particulars apply to Jones's Cigar Store, 105 Douglas street. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Terms cash.

LAND FOR SALE. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, section 24, Goldstream District, 165 acres of land, suitable for stock or chicken raising; must be sold. Write, making an offer, to Box 514, Vancouver, B. C.

FOR SALE—At less than cost of improvements, 121 acres in Highland District; first-class frame dwelling, log stable and other outbuildings, about 50 fruit trees bearing; make the chicken ranch; good road; \$1,000; terms. Apply Times office.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

A Question of Speed

When you go hunting around for a "To Let" sign to place in the window of that house, it shows that you are not in a hurry to secure a tenant. When you get in a hurry you will advertise it.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

A GENTLE HORSE, and buggy and harness in good order, for sale cheap. T. H. Times Office.

FOR SALE—Gasoline launch, 108 Kingston street.

BARGAINS in all kinds of second-hand furniture, cooking and oil stoves; also tents, in good condition. At the Old Curiosity Shop, Port and Blanchard streets. Pierce O'Connor.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

\$200 CASH will buy a good modern house, close to town and car, full sized lot; balance on easy terms. Heisterman & Co.

FOR SALE—Or willing to exchange for house property 10 minutes' walk from outer wharf, that fine 5 roomed residence, 312 Richmond avenue, 1 minute from 2 car lines; modern conveniences, beautiful fruit, vegetable and flower garden, lawn, etc. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE—Two lots running from Perry street to Churchway. Apply B. Perry Mills.

A COTTAGE FOR SALE—Three rooms, on West Coast; excellent situation for small store; cash \$500. "B," Times Office.

FOR SALE—Cheap (must sell), at 123 North Park street, 3 lots, new 5 roomed house, electric light; all under cultivation. Apply on premises.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

TO LET. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LET—Store on Government street, two stories with basement; best location. Heisterman & Co.

FOR RENT—Good large store, cor. Cook and Fredrick streets; also 7 roomed house in connection, in good condition. Apply To Frederick street.

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms, with kitchen and use of bath, 120 Vancouver street.

TO LET—Nine roomed house with grounds, James Bay; all modern conveniences; possession July 1st. Heisterman & Co.

FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS—bedroom, kitchen and bathroom, with modern improvements, 104 Pandora street. Apply 97 Quadra street.

TO LET—Good seven roomed house, close to town, all modern conveniences; rent \$15. Heisterman & Co.

Special for Saturday. Perfection Soda Crackers, reg. price, 30c - Saturday, 25c per pkg. Pine Apple 10c per tin. Claret 25 per bottle. Native Port 25c per bottle. Carne's Gash Grocery. COR. YATES AND BROAD STS.

LOST AND FOUND. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

STAYED—From Westholme, a black horse. A reward of \$10 will be given to finder. Apply to Chief Cooper, Songhees Reserve.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

JAS. A. DOUGLAS, Real Estate, 73 1/2 Government Street. Tel. 1040.

FOR SALE—Near Cadboro Bay road, 4 good building lots, \$300 each.

FOR SALE—Near Oak Bay, 3 building lots, well located, \$300 each.

FOR SALE—Near Jubilee hospital, good level building lot, \$275.

FOR SALE—29 acres of land, heavy timber, about 12 miles from city; considerable pasturage; well adapted for sheep, or would make good chicken ranch; price, a snap.

FOR SALE—5 roomed cottage and 2 lots; house and lots, \$2,000; house and lot, \$2,000; Monies street.

FOR RENT—5 roomed house and 4 lots, good location, on Dallas road, \$15 per month.

P. R. BROWN CO., Ltd., 30 Broad Street, Victoria.

FOR SALE—Pandora street, 10 roomed dwelling, all modern conveniences, \$3,150.

FOR SALE—3 choice building lots, Dallas road, fine view of Straits and mountains, \$1,000; or will be sold separately.

FOR SALE—Dallas road, 2 lots and modern 10 roomed dwelling, \$7,000; easy terms.

FOR SALE—The Arm, 2 large water lot, 100 ft. x 140 ft. 10 roomed dwelling, only \$2,500.

FOR SALE—Niagara street, on car line, modern bungalow of 7 rooms, \$2,500.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, new cottage and two lots, on car line, only \$2,025.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay, 2 1/2 acres, 4 roomed house, good soil, city water laid on, price \$2,025.

FOR SALE—Lot, 60x120, and 7 roomed house, McClure street, \$1,900.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, near Rockland avenue, 2 vacant lots, only \$1,500.

FOR SALE—Shawigan Lake, 1/2 acre and cottage, with furniture, only \$500.

FOR SALE—Lot, 90x120, new cottage of 5 rooms, bath and pantry, Old Esquimaux road, \$1,500; particularly easy terms.

FOR SALE—Pembroke street, near Douglas street, lot 60x120, 5 roomed cottage, modern conveniences, only \$1,000.

FOR SALE—150 acres, South Cowichan, 20 acres cultivated, dwelling, 2 large barns, one mile from wharf, 2 1/2 miles from railway, only \$2,100.

FOR SALE—175 acres, six miles from town, small house and barn, \$3,000.

FOR SALE—Water lot and dwelling, near the new C. E. B. wharf, James Bay; price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—Comaklin District, 300 acres, 50 cultivated, stream runs through property; dwelling, barns, sheds, etc., only \$5,150.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, 2 lots and 7 roomed cottage, \$2,000.

FOR SALE—Henry street, Victoria West, 2 vacant lots, only \$525.

FOR SALE—Esquimaux road, 1/2 acre and 5 roomed cottage, \$1,500.

LEE & FRASER, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Truncheon Avenue.

DESIRABLE SIX ROOMED HOUSE, with two large lots in lawn, fruit and vegetables, can be purchased on terms for \$1,450.

THREE WELL SITUATED LOTS on Fernwood Estate, assessed for \$500, to be sold for \$500.

BURNBIDE ROAD, 25 or 50 acres of good land, suitable for farming, 8 acres cleared, fenced and under cultivation, balance partly cleared and light brush; price \$100 per acre.

FOR \$500 YOU CAN PURCHASE a four roomed cottage, off Oak Bay Ave.

NEW HOUSE, on View street, for sale, fitted with all modern conveniences; price \$3,200.

\$1,000 WILL PURCHASE a 5 roomed cottage on Caletonia Ave., electric light and sewer connection, large lot, with double frontage and stable; terms can be arranged.

A LOVELY HOME on Quadra street, comprising 2 acres of cleared land, all fenced, 100 fruit trees, 1 acre in strawberries, 7 roomed two story house; price only \$5,200.

COTTAGE, on Leighton road, 1 1/2 story, 5 rooms, beautiful garden, to be bookkeeping; also three lots under cultivation; can be bought for \$2,800.

LEE & FRASER, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Truncheon Avenue.

For Optimists

Not a all boarding houses are good ones—you can believe this and still be an optimist. If your boarding house and yourself are incompatible, secure a better one through an ad. in these classified columns

CLEANING WORKS. GENTS' CLOTHES cleaned, pressed, repaired or altered, at 139 Yates street, opposite Dominion Hotel. All work guaranteed. James Dupuis.

PRACTICAL CLEANING AND PRESSING WORKS—Lace, Curtains and Blankets a specialty. Paul's, 165 1/2 Douglas street. Phone 1012.

CEMENT WORK. SLATE AND GRAVEL ROOFING, cement sidewalks laid, etc. John Bell. Leave orders at Nichol's & Renout.

COFFEE AND SPICES. VICTORIA COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS—Office and mills, 148 Government street. A. J. Morley, proprietor.

ENGRAVERS. TO ADVERTISERS—We make cuts which enhance the effectiveness of your advertisements one hundred per cent. Nothing so effective as illustrations. From \$2 upwards, according to size. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co.

EDUCATIONAL. BORTHAN SCHOOL—15 Broad street. Special attention given to bookkeeping. Thorough instruction in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

ART SCHOOL—53 Douglas street, cor. of Fort. All subjects, including wood carving and mechanical drawing. Martindale, master. Private lessons given.

RENOVATING. B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS, 141 Yates street. Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Tel. 200.

UNDERTAKING. W. J. HANNA, Graduate U. S. College of Embalming, New York, 102 Douglas street. Office telephone, 468. Residence telephone, 611.

ENG. ETCHINGS. SPECIAL DESIGNS for firm names executed by us in zinc. Just the thing to use in your advertisements, maps, plans, etc. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co.

HALF TONES. OUR HALF-TONE CUTS in copper are unexcelled by the biggest Eastern firms. Send a trial order to the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 26 Broad street.

MACHINISTS. L. HAFFER, General Machinist, No. 180 Government street. Tel. 990.

Gillard's Pickle and Sauce Knox's Gelatine Retail by all Grocers. Wholesale by R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, June 1.—5 a. m.—An extensive high barometer area is slowly spreading over this province from the Pacific. It will cause a general fair spell and warmer weather for several days.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p. m. Sunday. Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate winds, fair and warmer to-day and Sunday. Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, fair and warmer to-day and Sunday.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.41; temperature, 43; minimum, 35; wind, calm; weather, clear. New Westminster—Barometer, 30.40; temperature, 36; minimum, 44; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, clear.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Princess Victoria from Vancouver—Mrs. Rayner, B. B. Rayner, A. Scott, W. G. Stevenson, Miss Heycroft, Mrs. Bales, Mrs. Deaville, J. T. Deaville, W. Sears, C. S. Fosse, J. Turnbull, Mrs. McMillan, H. G. Morrison, Miss Rodden, A. H. C. Jamieson, A. S. Garvin and wife, M. Allan, W. Caldwell, W. G. Astle, J. E. Creisk, P. T. Shutt, A. N. Gray, Mrs. Goddard, Miss Keith, G. Held, G. H. Halse, Mrs. W. J. Hanna, H. G. Nason, B. Helmerman, G. C. Jones, Mrs. Jones, C. S. Carter, Mrs. B. Bailey, Mrs. Stevenson, J. Kroeger, J. Cochran, M. Miller, A. Collinson, F. Hooper, S. C. Thomson, F. W. Patterson, J. Einfeld, A. J. Broughton, A. Heathorn, Guy Goddard, Mrs. Sweet, J. T. Matthey, J. W. Windle, J. W. McMillan, Mrs. McMillan, J. G. Fordham, A. L. Cameron, W. C. Stevenson, Mrs. Stevenson, A. McGregor, S. Lorie, Mrs. Luscombe, J. T. Higgins.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Princess Beatrice from Seattle—R. P. Rithet & Co., Colonist, Speed Bros., Brown & Cooper, Watson & Hall, Wilson Bros., Randle Bros., S. L. & Co., Carruthers, D & H. Brackman & Ker M. Co.

A Great Future

For the New Scale Williams Piano—Miss Eva N. Roblyn, vocal instructor of the Alma Ladies College, an artist of superior training and attainments, after carefully testing the New Scale Williams Piano, writes as follows:—"Gentlemen,—After thoroughly testing your New Scale Williams Piano, it gives me great pleasure to express to you my high appreciation of its excellent qualities. It's beautiful mellow sustaining tone is especially adapted to supporting the voice. I predict for the New Scale Williams a great future. Very sincerely yours. (signed) EVA N. ROBLYN."

DELEGATE SENDS INTERESTING NEWS

WORLD'S CONVENTION HELD AT JERUSALEM

Jean Templar, Representing This Province, Gives an Account of the Important Gathering.

Noah Shakespeare, president of the Provincial International Sunday School Association, has received a very interesting account of the world convention held at Jerusalem. This has been sent by Jean Templar, a delegate from the Provincial Association to the convention.

"On the morning of April 17th a few of us had gathered on the roof of our hotel to watch the first rays of the sun as it rose majestically from behind the Mount of Olives, ushering in a glorious day, a day never to be forgotten in the lives of the Jerusalem Sunday school pilgrims. Reverently we bowed our heads and thanked God for the privileges that had been ours. Soon after breakfast we wended our way along the city wall, past the Damascus gate, to the huge tent pitched a short distance from Gordon's Calvary, which was to hold beneath its canvas the most unique company that ever assembled in the name of Christianity. More than fifteen hundred delegates had gathered from all parts of the world. North America had sent her eight hundred, England's four hundred and fifty were added to the number, while from Japan, China, India, Persia, European Turkey, Palestine, Egypt, Australia and other lands had come the two and the three.

"The convention was to open at 10.30 a.m., and for nearly an hour we sat and watched the gathering crowd, sometimes joining in the sweet strains of some familiar hymn or lost in reverie as we contemplated some of the wonderful changes that had taken place since the birth of the Christ child in Bethlehem, a few miles distant, or His crucifixion, thirty-three years later, on a mound not many yards from where we sat.

"Did ever such diverse elements meet on any platform? Side by side sat Jews, Mohammedans, Greek, Catholics, Roman Catholics, Armenians, Syrians, Copts and Protestant Christians.

"W. N. Hartshorn, chairman of the international committee, spoke the opening words, and Archbishop Sinclair preached the convention sermon, emphasizing the importance of Sunday school work in its relation to the work of the church.

"A union sacramental service was held in the tent in the afternoon, Dr. John Potts, of Toronto, presiding, while Dr. M. Gibson addressed the worshippers.

"A three-minute luncheon was made for the speakers at the evening session, and a night sparkling message was heard from all parts of the world. Among the speakers was Jacob, the Samaritan high priest from Nablos, and his words were translated by a Christian Jew. What a wonderful change has taken place since the Jews had no dealings with the Samaritans.

"Monday morning dawned bright and beautiful. Many of the delegates, who were late in arriving at Jerusalem, owing to the side trips taken, had to go seeing, while the rest again found their way to the tent. After the devotional exercises a few items of business were speedily attended to, and the following speakers delighted and edified their hearers: Dr. Munro Gibson on 'The Geographical and Historical Basis of Divine Revelation'; Professor L. E. Paton, of Harford Theological Seminary, on Jerusalem, the Old Testament Times; and Dr. Geo. W. Mackie, of Beyrout, on 'Customs of Syria as Illustrating the Bible'. Dr. Ghos-el-Hogry, of Mount Lebanon, and his little daughter, appeared on the platform in native costume, and the doctor described many characteristic observances of his people.

"In the afternoon, by permission of the authorities of the Armenian church, a devotional meeting was held on the Mount of Olives.

"The Organized Sunday School Work of the World" was the topic for the evening's session. Among the speakers were Rev. F. Johnson, editor of the Sunday School Chronicle of London; Mrs. Mary Foster Bryner, superintendent of the primary department of Sunday school work in the United States; Rev. R. Burgess, of India; Rev. J. P. Macdonald, of Sumatra; and Marion Lawrence, of Ohio, the last named taking for his subject 'Childhood the Hope of the World,' emphasizing his words in closing by stating that eighty-three out of every hundred members added to the church were from the Sunday schools.

SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.

Students from British Columbia Passed Examination Prescribed in Connection With Rhodes Scholarships.

Dr. Parkin, who is in charge of the Rhodes scholarship fund, has received from Oxford the news that W. A. Donaldson and E. K. DeBeek, who competed from this province, have been successful in passing the prescribed examination. The other candidates, graduates of affiliated colleges, are exempt from the written examination. The selection will be made from these and the two who passed the examination.

A dispatch from Montreal says that Dr. Parkin has received the report of the Oxford examiners upon the papers of candidates examined on April 13th and 14th throughout the United States and in those provinces of Canada which have no college affiliated with Oxford. Altogether 120 candidates have passed from the different states and territories of the union, and thus become eligible for selection as Rhodes scholars. This probably represents about one-third or one-fourth of all the candidates who took the examinations. The candidates have been accepted from all the states and territories offering candidates except four. Those for which no candidates have passed are Arizona, Florida, Mississippi and Nevada. There was no candidate from New Mexico, and no scholarship was offered in the Indian Territory. In no less than thirteen states only one candidate has passed. Candidates passed from all of the provinces of Canada in which scholars have not already been appointed, in Prince Edward Island, Manitoba, Northwest Territories and British Columbia. In the Dominion candidates have passed as follows: Prince Edward Island, Wm. G. Cameron; Manitoba, John MacLean, Walter Burman; Northwest Territories, Ralph V. Bellamy; British Columbia, W. A. Donaldson, E. K. DeBeek. The other candidates from these provinces are excused the qualifying examination as graduates of affiliated colleges.

With reference to the relative values of cruisers and battleships apropos of the launch of the Sapphire and of the remarks made thereon, a representative of The London Daily News, called on Lieut. Curlyon Bellairs, R.N., an expert on naval affairs, who held that supremacy at sea was a matter of battleships.

BATTLESHIPS VINDICATED.

Question of Naval Supremacy—Interview With Lieut. Bellairs, R.N. "So far," he said, "from the notion that small ships should be built instead of big ones being correct, all nations have practically suspended the building of Sapphires. The Sapphire is a third-class unarmoured cruiser, and would be at the mercy of any armoured vessel; she has twelve four-inch guns, and a speed of 21 1/2 knots. Any modern armoured cruiser of the County class would chase her down, and I am perfectly certain that half-a-dozen Sapphires would not be able to stand up against one of the County class, but would cost a very great deal more."

"It is singular," continued the lieutenant, "how the notion of the efficiency of small vessels persists. Two or three years ago Admiral Makarov gave a lecture at St. Petersburg, and he made precisely the same suggestion. Admiral Togo bases the operations of his fleet on the battleships being always behind them. So that when the Novik and the Ashdod went out a few days ago to attack the Japanese torpedo craft they found the battleships coming up in support, and immediately fled, and Admiral Makarov was on board.

"The strength of the torpedo boat," said Lieut. Bellairs, "lies in its invisibility at night, but the Sapphire would not be invisible. The torpedo's greatest advantage is when it has a fixed objective, such as a fleet at anchor, as at Port Arthur, and it operates under cover of darkness."

"A further illustration of the value of battleships was found by Lieut. Bellairs in the protection of commerce.

"Japanese commerce," he said, "is practically free in the China seas, and transport work is being done. That is because the command of the sea in those waters is established by the Japanese battleships.

"We want," said Lieut. Bellairs, in conclusion, "every class of vessel in proportion, but for supremacy at sea battleships are the most essential. Cruisers are mainly for the purpose of scouting and look-out work. The fact that a torpedo or submarine boat might succeed in destroying a battleship is simply an argument for having a margin of safety in the number of battleships, and does not condemn the battleship per se."

A DARK PLACE OF EARTH.

One is given a startling insight not only into the size, but also into some of the conditions prevalent in parts of Russia by the statement made in La Tribune Russ that in the "government" of Archangel, which covers an area of 830,000 square kilometres, or as much as France and Great Britain together, there are only eighteen doctors.

This implies that there is only one doctor to a district of eight French departments, or more than that number of English counties.

There are dozens of large villages of more than 1,000 inhabitants in which such a person as a doctor, to say nothing of an officer of health, is never seen.

Cancer and Tumors.

Treated scientifically by a common sense method without pain, and in your own home, not even the members of your family need know it. No knife, no pain, no plaster. Send 6 cents in stamps for booklet, "Cancer, Its Cause and Cure." D. V. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Orange Meat Save Your Coupons

Boys' Knickers

The boy's strong point is in finding the weak point in his knickers. The Lion Brand knickers are stout, durable ones, made of the best material, that will hold the boy whenever he gets caught; won't tear and won't rip; made with double knees and double seats; double sewn with linen thread; taped bottoms; linings boxed in, thus covering all seams; trimmings of the best; and the fit perfect. If you are not a customer, try a pair the first time you have to buy. It will pay you.

75c, \$1.00, and \$1.25 Pair. W. G. Cameron 55 Johnson St.

The Edison Theatre JAMES H. ERRICKSON, Prop. and Mgr. Programme Week June 6th, 1904. LE NOIRS. Up-to-Date Marionettes. MISS LULU THIBIS. Society Entertainer and Whistler. Special Engagement of the Eastern Vaudeville Stars. COWLES AND ALDEN. In Their Pastoral Play, "Jonathan's Courtship."

GRAND PROGRAMME Week of June 6th A Pronounced Sensation, Farmer Jones' Pigs. —AND— 5-OTHER BIG ACTS— The Novel Porcine Musical Trio— The Famous Barnyard Scene at the Old Farm—Mother Jones and Her Beautiful Flock of Pigeons— The Highest Priced in Vaudeville. A Positive Theatrical Novelty. 20c Johnson Street Go Where the Crowds Go.

CAMPBELL'S New Belts Another shipment of new belts received this morning from Mr. Campbell. See the latest novelty in the East, the washable twine mesh belt, suitable for the present style of shirt waist suits. Our lines now complete in crushed leather belts.

DO IT NOW ASK FOR G.W.R. Veribest Teas and Coffees 35c per lb. Coffee ground while you wait. None better or money back. ROBINSON'S CASH STORE 1010 Phone. 89 Douglas St.

Stoddart's Jewellery Store. 20-Year Gold-Filled Waltham Watches, \$10.00 BANKRUPT STOCK. MUST BE SOLD

10c Will Buy A BEAUTIFUL UNMOUNTED VIEW OF THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING Size 6x8. There are also nine other subjects to select from See our window. T. N. Hibben & Co'y.

Plumbing and Sewer Connections If you want a first-class job of Sanitary Plumbing and Sewerage which will do credit to your home, call on the undersigned for a tender. A. SHERET, 102 FORT ST.

NOTICE TO QUIT WHARF We Have Just Received Another Shipment of Massey Harris and Rambler Bicycles These are Canada's standards, and are acknowledged to be the best. We also repair all makes of bicycles. T. PLIMLEY Metropolitan Block, Opp. Post Office, and 42 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C. OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Paul Beygrau 52 Fort Street House Painting and Paperhanging WALL PAPER 80 OLD STOCK

Dr. Hamilton Talks TO ALL YOUNG GIRLS AND TO WOMEN, BOTH OLD AND YOUNG. The reputation of this noted physician needs no comment. For years he was one of the most noted and distinguished practitioners in England. In speaking of the ills from which women suffer, Dr. Hamilton points out that nine out of every ten women are by nature inclined to habitual constipation. Harsh purgatives are resorted to which only intensify the trouble. Although not generally known, it is a constituted condition of the bowels that causes half the sickness and tired weariness with which all woman-kind is so familiar. It was after long years of study that Dr. Hamilton perfected the formula which has proven of such marvellous benefit to women the world over. In his pills of Mandrake and Buttercup every suffered will find an absolute specific for constipation, sick headache and biliousness. It is safe to say that Dr. Hamilton's Pills bring better health, and keep the system in a more vigorous condition than any other medicine ever discovered. Mrs. Chrissie G. Young, of Colborne, believes in Dr. Hamilton's Pills were taken by women that half their suffering would cease. "I have at last found good health," she writes, "and entirely through the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. For years I didn't feel at all well, but didn't know that my trouble was caused by chronic constipation. I felt heavy and dull, and had no ambition to work or even to read. One day I found a sample of Dr. Hamilton's Pills in a bottle of Nergilline, which we always use in the house, and this started me using the pills. They have made a wonderful change in my health, and I have improved in every way." Dr. Hamilton's Pills are the right thing to take for constipation. Price 25c. per box, or five boxes for \$1. at all druggists, or by mail postpaid from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., Hartford, Conn., U.S.A.

The Daily Times

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her commercial relationship with the United States. One result of the policy of extreme protection will be seen in the adoption of the maximum and minimum tariffs, undoubtedly aimed primarily at the United States, practically by the unanimous consent of the Houses of Parliament within a few days.

Wedding Presents See our stock of beautiful Cut Glass, Tea Services And other useful and elegant articles in Sterling Silver and Silver-plate, Fish and Dessert Knives and Forks

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd. General Hardware GARDEN TOOLS, LAWN MOWERS, GARDEN HOSE, BARROWS, GALVANIZED POULTRY NETTING, ETC., IRON, STEEL, PIPE AND FITTINGS, ETC.,

Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour Sunlight Soap B. C. Creamery Butter B. C. Sugar Hardress Clarke, 86 Douglas St.

Made in Canada's Good Made in B. C.'s Better £ Flavoring Extracts Are the Best, Prepared by HENDERSON BROS., LD., WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, VICTORIA & VANCOUVER, B. C.

discontent on the other side of the Rhine has nothing that can surprise or displease us. The French Republic, the friend and ally of Russia, is reaping the fruits of thirty years of mediation, sagacity, and laborious effort to regulate its position in the world.

Do You Shave Yourself? WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR THE FAMOUS RADIUMITE Razor Strop The Strop that Honors

THE BUILDERS. Chicago Tribune. We quarrel of land and line, We bicker of work and wage; We trouble our souls with a doubtful sign, Forgetting our heritage— Forgetting the restless feet That fared, undaunted, through unknown lands Till the path was made complete.

clearing they would vote against the second reading of the bill making the estimates legal if the E. & N. railway purchase bill was not first introduced and passed. They were tricked into allowing the bill to be read a second time by Premier McBride stating that there would be a session in May or June, at which the government would bring down its railway legislation.

IN PROPHECIC MOOD. Nelson Tribune. Premier McBride and his government were up against the real thing the fore part of last February. The government members, presided over by Carter-Cotton, had repeatedly caused the scheme to purchase Dunsmuir's E. & N. railway and land grant for \$3,500,000, and the Socialists were demanding that the deal be carried through.

This Week Tweed Suits for \$28.00 to \$30.00 We are making a specialty of Scotch Patterns the latest and cannot be duplicated in city. Get one while they last. You miss it if you don't. Cooper & Linklater MERCHANT TAILORS, 47 FORT, FACING BROAD. PHONE 604.

WHAT CAN CANADA DO?

The United States and Canada are diligently engaged in an extremely undignified and unprofitable business at present. This occupation of hoarding individuals who in the course of their life's work gravitate from one side of the boundary to the other is unworthy of the people of both countries. Yet on our behalf as Canadians it can be pleaded that the other side started the war.

CHAOS!

Mr. Borden should make a fourth "greatest speech that was ever spoken" on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway scheme, and take care to let his followers know exactly what his policy is. His organs in the East are furiously reading each other in the attempt to arrive at a decision. In the West we are a brighter and more perceptible people. The Colonist knows exactly what Borden intends to do, because it has described his attitude as that of a sagacious, wise and careful statesman, or words to that effect.

What a slasher that man Borden is, if it were possible to believe anything dated from Ottawa that appears in the Colonist, which it isn't. The Conservative leader dressed Mr. Fisher down yesterday, it appears, and was not satisfied until he had laid the Prime Minister low. Now Borden does not look to be such a rampaging fellow. He is generally regarded as a quiet-mannered man of no more than average ability.

A correspondent of the London Times, in a letter from Paris, says that among recent signs of the times few things are more noticeable than the growing self-confidence of the French, as manifested in the calm indifference with which they listen to unfriendly manifestations from German sources. Even the pointed remarks of the German Emperor fail to elicit any response.

D. SPENCER'S 75c to \$2.00 Sailors, To-night 50c Western Canada's Big Store. 75c to \$2.00 Sailors, To-night 50c

The Big Attraction Next Week is Our Summer Sale of Silks.

We Can Promise Our Customers Great Bargains. For a Starter We Offer the Following on

Monday Morning, At 9.

- At 35c 430 yards French Pongee and Louise Silk in White, Cream, Black, Natural and all Plain Colors. Regular selling price 75c yard. At 60c 290 yards Checked Louise the fashionable Shirt Waist Silk. Regular selling price \$1.00 yard.

White Costume Department, Monday, \$7.50 Skirts for \$4.90. Tweed Skirts, also Blue and Black Cloth and Serge Skirts. Represented in the lot are all the Styles now being worn.

To-night in the Millinery Department, Stylish Sailors Sold in the usual way for 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00, To-night 50c Each. IN THE MEN'S STORE TONIGHT.

- \$4.75 For Flannel Suits; all the newest styles. Value \$7.50. \$6.75 For Flannel Suits; all the newest styles. Values to \$12.00. \$1.90 For Men's Trousers. Values \$2.25 to \$3.50. \$1.90 For Boys' Suits, worth double the price asked.

The Most Important Time to Have Well Chosen Shirts

Summer-time, of course, when the man who may, goes without waistcoat as much as possible. It puts a premium upon shirts that are well fitting, distinctive in pattern and color, but in good taste, and shows up the short-comings in judgment of the man who "doesn't know."

BELTS White and Black Crush Leather Belts Price 50c. White and Black Silk Lined Crush Leather Belts Price 75c. Black Silk Crush Belts, large gun metal buckle Price \$1.00. Black Silk Elastic Belts, heavy gilt buckle Price \$1.75

STYLISH SUMMER FOOTWEAR

TAN OXFORDS FOR MEN. PATENT OXFORDS FOR WOMEN. Men's Military Oxfords, patent kid. Price per pair \$3.75

Reliable Boots for Boys That Cost Little Boys' Box Calf Lace Boot, medium heavy sole, back strap, extra wide last, sizes 11 to 13, \$1.50 pair. Boys' Buff Bal. Lace Boots, standard screw, wide extension sole, outside back strap, sizes 11 to 13, \$1.50 pair.

D. SPENCER, Broad and Government Streets.

Preserve Your Eggs WITH WATER GLASS

We will give you full directions.

CYRUS H. BOWES,
CHEMIST,
98 Government St., Near Yates St.
PHONE 425 AND 450.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

—Get the habit. Eat Fruit Sugar as often as you please.

—The merchants' lunch at the Dillard served from 12 m. to 2 p.m., 50c.

—Sunday, 12th, take a trip to Mayne, V. & S. and Iroquois. Two hours' stop over; \$1 return.

—For best values get those fine, juicy prunes, 4 lbs. for 25 cents, at Erskine's grocery, corner Johnson and Quadra streets.

—Fruit is said to be like gold in the morning, silver at noon, lead at night. But taken with Fruit Sugar made specially for it, it is all right at any time. Try it!

—John Taylor, formerly of the Taylor Mill Company, from which firm he recently retired, has purchased a waterfront lot on the harbor and intends erecting a mill on it in the near future.

—Steamers for Puget Sound points: Steamer Rosalie sails daily except Tuesday, at 9 a.m.; steamer Whatcom sails daily, except Thursday, at 8 p.m., calling at Pt. Angeles daily, except Tuesday and Thursday. Cheap week-end excursions.

PROF. HOFF'S CONSUMPTION CURE
\$1.25 a Bottle

At Fagett's Family Drug Store, cor. Douglas street and King's road. Telephone 630. If you require a doctor or nurse during the night, don't hesitate to ring the night bell.

—The evening service in Calvary Baptist church to-morrow evening will be addressed by Rev. A. A. McLeod, who is in Canada recruiting his health after a prolonged term in India as a missionary of the Baptist Foreign Mission Board of Ontario and Quebec.

—Fruit Sugar is the result of long, careful, patient experiment. Unlike the article we all knew in our childhood days, it does not turn lumpy while you wait, and need to be broken up with a hammer or a brick, but remains free and granular till used. Try it!

—Individual members of the board of trade, who aim to bring about certain reforms in the by-laws and working effectiveness of that organization, say that they are meeting with good success. They are endeavoring to have more legislative power placed in the hands of the board and less under the control of the council, and to interest business men who have heretofore shown little concern in the meetings of the organization.

—John Savill, a native of Sheffield, Yorkshire, died at the Jubilee hospital yesterday. Deceased, who was 53 years of age, was a well-known carpenter, residing on Fort street. He injured his knee about six weeks ago by falling from a building in course of construction at Saanich. The funeral takes place on Monday at 2.30 p.m. from the parlors of the B. C. Furnishing Co., Government street, and from Christ Church cathedral at 2.45 o'clock.

—A letter has been received by the city police from Mrs. Margaret A. Collins, of 122 Charles street, Boston, in which inquiry is made concerning her husband, John Collins. The latter came to British Columbia in 1876 or 1877. After being in Victoria a time he went to Yale, and in 1885 wrote to his friends from there. Since that time no word has been received by his wife. Mr. Collins would now be about 51 years of age. The police desire any information respecting him which anyone may be able to furnish.

—There was a large and merry gathering at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Bennett, Fernwood road, last evening, to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the wedding of the host and hostess. The "happy young couple" were united in wedlock in this city a quarter of a century ago, and have resided here ever since. Two or three of those present had been present at the original marriage ceremony. Last night the auspicious event was duly honored. Mr. Bennett and his estimable wife being the recipients of a large number of souvenirs of the occasion. During supper, which was served under a large wedding bell, the health of the bride and groom was proposed in happy terms by H. G. Edwards, who expressed the hope that all present might be present at the golden wedding of the worthy couple.

ANOTHER SHIPMENT OF THE LATEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE Suits and Trousers JUST RECEIVED

Get the best for the least money, at **PEDEN'S**

98 Fort St. Merchant Tailor.

Beautiful Cottage

In exceptional location, almost new, and modern. This is a chance to buy a pretty home at

A SNAP

Fire and Life Insurance Agents. Money to Loan.

One good store or office to let on Broad street, in MacGregor block.

Grant & Conyers
NO. 2 VIEW STREET.

—Saw and tool sharpening, Waites Bros., 58 Fort street.

—Monkey Brand Soap removes all stains, rust, dirt or tarnish—but won't wash clothes.

—Old furniture exchange for new at Plitton's, 129 Douglas street.

—Dr. Jameson, phrenologist, 111 Pandora street. Office hours 9 to 12 and 1 to 5.

—Woven wire and canvas cots and mattresses for campers at Smith & Champion's, 100 Douglas street.

—For Skagway and way ports. Past steamer Dolphin sailing June 14th and 23rd. Office, No. 100 Government street.

—Sunday, 12th, a delightful trip through the islands, V. & S. and Iroquois, calling at Fulford both ways, returning via Pender Island canal.

—Have your new house fitted with blinds from Smith & Champion's, 100 Douglas street. We guarantee every blind. We make also awnings, etc., etc.

—The Problem Solved.—Buy an artistic electric table lamp for that wedding present. We have them from \$3 up. Hinton Electric Co., Government street.

—A meeting of the various committees organizing a plan of campaign on which the Municipal Voters' League will commence to work, will meet on Thursday next.

—If you are going to St. Louis, or any point East, take the Northern Pacific railway. Three trains daily from Seattle. Tickets on sale for the exposition, June 7th, 16th, 17th and 18th.

—The funeral of the late Miss McMillan will be held on Sunday afternoon at 4.15 o'clock. Service will be conducted at St. Columba Presbyterian church, Oak Bay, at that hour. The cortege afterwards will proceed directly to the cemetery. Rev. Joseph McCoy, M. A., of whose Sunday school the deceased was a member, will officiate.

—A court-martial was in progress aboard H. M. S. Bonaventure this morning, the accused being a member of the Florida's company named Robins, who is charged with insubordination. Another court-martial is shortly to be held on a postman named Harris. The charge in this case is that of destroying mail belonging to the Florida. The offence, it is said, was committed shortly after the recent accident to the ship.

—The Victoria Juvenile Opera Company, of this city, will present "The Pirates of Penzance" on Tuesday evening. The greatest care has been taken in preparing for this, and a first class production is expected. It will be given in the A. O. U. W. hall. The final rehearsals are being held to-night and Monday evening. The reserved seats are on sale at Waitt's music store. A great deal of attention has been given to the scenery and costumes for the opera. The play will be excellent throughout.

—In theatre circles the Grand has had a wonderfully successful week with Farmer and Mother Jones and their musical pigs. For the coming week Manager Jamieson has secured what will be an equally strong set of attractions. At the head of this week's programme are the musical selections by Bonlon and Worley. These two are marvelously clever violinists. They introduce a number of original features into their violin duets, which are very attractive. A new vocalist, Frederic Roberts, will appear in baritone selections. In addition to these there is a very varied programme. Among the elected attractions are the Amers, the novelty rag pickers; Layne and D'Avra, with talking sketches, and the juggling Thorns. To-night Farmer and Mother Jones will appear.

—The annual meeting of the British Columbia Pharmaceutical Association was held at the Hotel Metropole, Vancouver, last Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. After the reception of the usual reports, which showed the association to be in a satisfactory condition, both numerically and financially, the counting of the ballots for the election of three councillors to serve for a period of two years was proceeded with. The result was that Messrs. T. E. Atkins, Vancouver; J. H. Emery, Victoria, and R. E. Strong, Trail, B. C., were chosen. After the general meeting had adjourned the new council met and elected their officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, John Cochrane, Victoria; vice-president, C. R. McDonald, Revelstoke; secretary-treasurer-registrar, John K. Sutherland, Vancouver. The entire company then repaired to the dining-room, where ample justice was done to an elaborate repast, with the usual accompaniment of toasts, speeches and vocal and instrumental music.

Mary ate a little peach. One day just after dinner. It was not very ripe, and so The next day she was thinner.

It seems to me that little girl Was mad as any hatter, For if she'd used some nice Fruit Sugar It would have made her fatter.

—Good dry cordwood at Johns Bros., 250 Douglas street.

—Mattress making and all kinds of repairs. G. A. D. Plitton, 129 Douglas street.

—Treasurer Smith, of Victoria Day celebration committee, requests all who have accounts against the committee to call at city hall to receive payment.

—Wives, daughters, housekeepers, lead me your ears! You know, of course, that the best recipe for peace at home is to "Feed the brute!" When everything else fails, try Fruit Sugar!

—Argument in the Full court against the assessment of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Company was not completed yesterday afternoon. It will be resumed on Monday.

—New potatoes, 7 lbs. for 25 cents; gooseberries, 8 cents per lb.; sweet cherry, phosphate, and lime juice, for summer drinks, at 25 cents per bottle, at Erskine's grocery, corner Johnson and Quadra streets.

—All those interested in forming a branch of L'Alliance Francaise in this city are requested to meet in the Ballroom parlors at 5 o'clock Monday evening. The committee appointed to draft a constitution has completed its work, and will report at the meeting on Monday evening.

—In the city police court this morning one solitary Indian named Harry appeared upon a charge of having intoxicated himself in his possession. He belonged to the Saanich tribe. The arrest was made by Officer Deary, of the Indian department. Harry was fined \$25 and \$1 costs, or one month's imprisonment.

—On Wednesday evening, June 22nd, the Eagles of this city will give one of their social sessions in the Adelphi club. The invitations are in the form of bank cheques, and on presentation call for one million dollars' worth of fun. On July 1st the Eagles will give a big excursion to Ladysmith. A double train service for the day being provided.

—The attack made on Esquimalt last night was frustrated by the forts. Between 12 and 1 o'clock last night the torpedo boats crept in towards the harbor and endeavored to pass the forts unnoticed, but were detected before they reached the entrance to the harbor, and were fired on by the forts. The attack was frustrated by the forts. Between 12 and 1 o'clock last night the torpedo boats crept in towards the harbor and endeavored to pass the forts unnoticed, but were detected before they reached the entrance to the harbor, and were fired on by the forts.

—The Edison to-night closes for the summer. About August 1st the building will be altered; the stage will be put back four feet, the gallery lowered and the whole house thoroughly renovated and put in first class condition. The seating capacity will be in the neighborhood of 700, which will allow the management to present the leading attractions of the vaudeville world.

—Several days ago Mrs. Richer, of Spring Ridge, received an interesting communication informing her that her niece, Miss H. Walker, who had charge of the arrangement of the apartments used by Queen Alexandra in a recent visit to the Duke of Devonshire, had been sent for, and personally presented with a gold and emerald brooch by the Queen as a token of appreciation of her services.

—Arrangements have been made by the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church to hold a basket picnic on Saturday at Shawigan Lake. The picnic will leave the depot at 1 o'clock, and starts from the lake on the return trip at 7 in the evening. Tea, cake, strawberries and cream and ice cream, as well as other light refreshments, will be sold by the ladies. Tickets may be obtained from members of the society. Already the ladies have the assurance of a large attendance, and all are promised a most pleasant time.

REGIMENTAL MATTERS.

Sports This Afternoon at Macaulay Point.—Acceptance of Vancouver's Invitation Favoured.

Commencing at 3 o'clock this afternoon an excellent programme of field sports will be carried through at Macaulay Point in connection with the Fifth Regiment. Preparations for this event have been in progress for some weeks and no pains have been spared by the committee in charge to make the affair an unequalled success. A complete list of the races and other contests has already been published in these columns. A concert will be given by the band, and a cordial invitation is extended to the general public to be present. Both the officers and the sergeants will be "at home," and all who make a call will be hospitably treated.

At the camp last evening, after the regular routine drill, detachments were ordered to stand ready to respond to an alarm from Fort Macaulay between the hours of 8 and 9. An attack from the torpedo boats of Esquimalt was expected some time before 11 o'clock, and after 9 another company made ready to answer to any call to defend the fort. The torpedo boats did not approach, however, until after the time specified, and the regiment was not called to man the guns.

About 8 o'clock a general meeting was held in the large marquee to consider the invitation to the Fifth Regiment received from Vancouver to take part in the Dominion Day celebrations. The majority were in favor of accepting the invitation. Lieut.-Col. Hall has accordingly telegraphed to the committee in charge of the carnival at the Terminal City regarding the arrangement of details.

To-morrow the Fifth Regiment will hold a joint church parade with the Work Point forces. Open air services will be held and an appropriate address delivered by Captain the Rev. E. C. Sharpe, chaplain of the regiment. The muster parade will also be held in the forenoon, when the men will "fall in" in church parade order, tunics being worn. All are warned of the necessity of being present on this occasion to answer the roll call.

In the afternoon a band concert will be rendered for which an excellent programme has been prepared.

THE MASTER MECHANIC'S PURE TAR SOAP washes and softens the skin, while promptly cleansing it of grease, oil, rust, etc. Invaluable for mechanics, farmers, sportsmen. Free sample on receipt of 2c. or postage. Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs., Montreal.

VICTORIA AMATEURS JOIN BASEBALL LEAGUE

Bellingham, Everett, Sedro Wolley and Mannel Lopez Also Included — Matches Arranged.

Victoria, together with a number of semi-professional teams of Washington, has entered an association to be known as the "Puget Sound Baseball League." Organization was completed at a meeting of delegates from the different clubs interested held on Thursday last at Everett. The constitution and rules and regulations were drafted, and all other necessary business transacted. The first game of the new league series will be played on Saturday next at the Oak Bay grounds.

This city was represented at the meeting by A. Goward, treasurer of the local club. He reports that the proceedings were marked by an enthusiasm which augurs well for the success of the venture. Entries were received from five clubs, more than sufficient to make the contest for the pennant interesting. They are Bellingham, Everett, Sedro Wolley, Seattle (Mannel Lopez) and Victoria.

After the introduction of the delegates, the first question considered was whether the condition in each of the cities represented would warrant the organization of a league. It was pointed out that the travelling expenses in the amalgamation proposed would be comparatively small. A league match, it was generally agreed, would be a much better attraction than an ordinary exhibition game. All circumstances taken into consideration, it was the unanimous opinion that the formation of the suggested league would be in the interests of baseball throughout the Northwest.

Business in connection with the organization was then taken up. One of the most important matters discussed was the guarantee a team should receive when playing away from home. It took some time to satisfactorily settle this matter. Finally, however, the full expenses of eleven miles with the option of 50 per cent. of the gate receipts, was agreed upon. This decision found favor with all present. It makes it necessary for the home club to make up any deficiency should the gate go below about \$50, but, as was remarked, when a game cannot draw to that extent it is time to give up playing baseball.

A constitution was then adopted calling for the election of a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer, as well as the formation of a board of managers to consist of the officers named and the duly accredited manager of each of the competing teams. It was also provided that the annual election of officers should be held on the first Tuesday of June each year; that the board of managers should have the control and direction of the league; that the initiation fee should be \$10 for each club, and the annual dues after the first year \$10, and that on or before June 14th each club should remit to the treasurer a cash guarantee of \$25 to be held by the league as a guarantee that such club will faithfully keep and perform all its engagements as required by the constitution, the by-laws and the schedule of games, each guarantee to be forfeited by the club failing in its engagements to the club disappointed thereby.

This was followed by the drafting of a number of rules and regulations, the most important of which follow: "No games shall be played by any of the clubs composing this league which conflict with the regular scheduled games. Resolving will not be permitted. Clubs guilty of negotiating with players already signed with other clubs of this league shall be subject to expulsion. Players may be loaned from one club to another by consent of the managers of such clubs. If any player is released the club releasing him shall report such fact to the president and also whether there is anything against his character to prevent his re-engagement."

Officers were then elected as follows: President, Mr. Drosen, of Everett; vice-president, S. E. Cole, of Bellingham; secretary, S. Newman, treasurer, Drosen.

A complete schedule for the season was not drafted, it being found impossible to make satisfactory dates at such short notice. The following games were, however, decided upon:

June 18th—Seattle (Mannel Lopez) vs. Victoria, at Victoria.

June 25th—Everett vs. Victoria, at Victoria.

June 26th—Everett vs. Victoria, at Everett.

July 1st—Bellingham vs. Victoria, at Victoria.

July 2nd—Bellingham vs. Victoria, at Victoria.

July 3rd—Bellingham vs. Victoria, at Bellingham.

July 4th—Sedro Wolley vs. Victoria, at Mount Vernon.

FIRST BASEBALL GAME.

The first newspaper report of a baseball game that I remember reading was an account of a game played at Hoboken, N. J., in 1859. It appears in an illustrated weekly, and was such a novel and interesting event that the weekly gave a double-page illustration.

There were no baseball schedules in those days, and nobody lay awake nights hatching up reasons why Harvard should not play Princeton and why Yale should not play Pennsylvania. All that was needed was an occasion such as a Fourth of July celebration, a county fair, a house-raising, or some other event of that nature. The occasion for this particular game was the entertainment given to a team of English cricketers then touring this country, and defeating "United States twenty-twos" with commendable regularity. We had availed a game regularly from the old English "grounders," which we called baseball, and we wanted to show our cousins what a high old game it was.

It may have been the "humors of the day" editor who wrote the report, which was as follows:

"Baseball differs from cricket, especially in there being no wickets. The bat is held high in the air. When the ball has been struck, the 'outs' try to catch it, in which case the striker is 'out,' or, if they cannot do this, to strike the striker with it when he is running, which likewise puts him 'out.'

"Instead of wickets, there are, at this game, four or five marks called bases, one of which, being the one at which the strike stands, is called 'home.' "As at cricket, the point of the game is to make the most runs between bases; the party which counts the most runs wins the day."

The fact that the reporter thought it necessary to explain how the game was played indicates the extent of the public's knowledge of baseball at that time, and even he wasn't quite sure whether there were four bases or five. When he says a base runner may be put out by hitting him with the ball he makes no mistake, for that was an actual fact, and it was considered a good play on the part of a base runner to draw a throw from the pitcher, for usually the runner would dodge the throw and gambol around the bases, while the fielders were hurrying after the ball. This rule was abolished as soon as the game became popular, for a baseman, instead of following a runner with the ball, would often "soak" him at short range, which generally brought forth unprintable remarks from the soaker.

The artist in illustrating this game was not far behind the reporter. The picture shows us several hundred spectators, and, with the exception of a few ladies and gentlemen seated in carriages, the only person sitting down in the entire assemblage is the umpire; and, as if to show the perfect tranquility of his mind and his contempt for foul tips, he leans gracefully back in his chair with his legs crossed. The basemen, instead of "playing off," are standing, each with one foot on his base, and a base runner is "glued to third," although the pitcher is about to deliver the ball. In short, the general aspect of the field is enough to give a modern baseball captain nervous prostration.—James L. Steele in Outing.

DON'T CROSS YOUR KNEES.

A medical authority has recently uttered a warning against the habit of sitting with one knee crossed over the other—a pose which is nowadays almost as common among women as among men. This apparently harmless habit, it seems, is likely to cause a sciatica, lameness, chronic numbness, ascending paralysis, cramps, varicose veins, and other evils. The reason is simple: The back of the knee, it is explained, as well as the front of the elbow and wrist, the groin and the armpit, contain nerves and blood-vessels which are hence adequately protected than in other parts of the body. The space behind the knee contains two large nerves, a large artery, and numerous veins and lymphatic glands. It is the pressure on these nerves and vessels which is apt to give rise to the various troubles against which we are heir to Harper's Weekly.

Orange Meat
The Nation's Cereal

Baseball

PORT TOWNSEND VS. VICTORIA
Saturday, 3 p. m.
Oak Bay Park
LADIES FREE.

Orange Meat
The Nation's Cereal

Baseball

PORT TOWNSEND VS. VICTORIA
Saturday, 3 p. m.
Oak Bay Park
LADIES FREE.

—One of the series of the city junior championship baseball matches was played between the North Ward and South Park teams this morning at Beacon Hill. The game resulted in a win for the former by a score of 13 runs to nil. Several times the South Park boys filled the bases, but through the excellent playing of their opponents they could not send a man across the home plate. Messrs. Hall and Penketh were the battery for the North Ward aggregation, and did effective work. The fielding on the part of the victors was exceptionally fine, only one error being made throughout the nine inning.

—Arrivals from Mount Sicker by the noon train to-day report that a fire broke out, at that camp about 3 o'clock this morning. It originated at Hagan's store, and had obtained such a hold before notice that the building was completely demolished, the loss being estimated at \$2,500. The miners from the Tyeey property, who had just left work, first observed the blaze. They quickly organized a bucket brigade, and through determined efforts succeeded in preventing the fire from destroying an adjoining building, which is occupied by Wm. Priestly. As it is the latter structure took fire several times, and Mr. Priestly just succeeded in escaping.

—An important customs sale will be held by order of the Dominion government by W. Jones on Wednesday next. Following is the list of goods to be disposed of: 1 box tobacco, H. C. Job Co.; 1 box castings, J. West; 13 c. cattle food, R. Croft; 1 lb. iron, W. M.; samples, 23 fish plates, angle bar, F. C. Davidson; 1 c. rolling pins, J. H.; 2 c. whisky, order S. P.; springs, hardware, etc., L. A. M.; 1 M. T. trunk, Mrs. McDonald; 6 c. M. T. bottles, J. T.; S. c. backing, J. M.; 20 c. spiritine, 2 c. tripolis, 10 boxes figs, 11 boxes raisins, 15 logs sawkraut, 30c. mineral water, 5-ton sleep, with gear and sails, will be sold where she lies at C. P. N. Slip; lady's bicycle, paintings, cigars, cigarettes, books, jap. boxes, Chinese tobacco and 100 express parcels, via Dominion, Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Wells Fargo Express Company.

HOUSEKEEPERS' BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY

3 lb Pails Pure Lard, each 35c
Fresh Walnuts per lb 15c
Large Eastern Eggs, guaranteed stock, 2 doz for 45c
Fresh Australian Butter per lb 25c
Sweet Oranges, 2 doz for 35c

THE SAUNDERS GROCERY COMPANY, LIMITED
PHONE 28. 39 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.

THE "WEST END" GROCERY COMPANY, LIMITED
PHONE 88. 42 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FOR SALE
3 1-3 Acres Oak Bay,
Only \$1,050
Money to Loan.
Fire Insurance Written.
P. R. Brown, Ltd.,
30 BROAD ST.

WEDDING CAKES FOR JUNE BRIDES

The quality and artistic excellence of your wedding cake is of first importance. A cake from us is a guarantee of excellence and artistic and original designs. From **CLAY'S** LEADING CATERERS.
TEL. 101. 39 FORT ST.

Kingham & Co.
VICTORIA AGENTS FOR THE WESTERN FUEL CO., NANAIMO, B.C.
NEW WELLINGTON COAL
Lump or Sack \$9.50 per ton
Delivered to any part within the city limits.
OFFICE, 54 BROAD ST. TELEPHONE 647.

TO BE LEASED

The handsome residential property on Cadboro Bay road and St. Charles street, known as **HEBERT PARK**, is offered for lease; city water supply, sewer connection, electric light, orchard, ornamental trees and shrubbery, vegetable and flower garden, tennis court, stabling, etc. The grounds occupy an entire city square, being surrounded by streets. A car line passes the gate. Apply on the premises 2 to 4 p. m. daily.

A Splendid Bargain \$1.900

Will buy on Denman Island 150 acres of land including coal rights, 30 acres chopped and seeded down, 30 acres logged up and seeded down, orchard of 100 trees (various ages), 90 acres alder bottom, good black loam. The land is all fenced. Frontage of half a mile on water with fine beach; on main road about 2 1/2 miles from wharf. Good market at Union and Cumberland. The best of shooting and fishing. Five roomed house and barn.

SWINERTON & ODDY,
102 GOVERNMENT ST.

WEILER BROS.
COMPLETE HOME FURNISHERS
VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA

SUMMER REQUISITES

CAMP SUPPLIES, SUMMER GOODS.

Ice Cream Freezers, Refrigerators, Water Filters, etc., Palmer's Hammocks, Garden Seats, Camp Bedsteads.

Fruit Jars, Jelly Glasses, Jam Squeezers, etc., Japanese Mattings, Window Mullins, Camp Furniture, etc.

Another Consignment of "Diamond" Tapestry Carpet Squares.

THE BEST VALUE IN THE TRADE.

7x10 feet, for \$8.00; 9x9 feet, for \$9.50; 9x12 feet, for \$10.00; 10x12 feet, for \$14.00.

NOTICE TO TOURISTS.

We have many articles in our extensive stock that can be packed into very small space; articles that will make acceptable presents to your friends in the East. We shall be glad for you to visit us, even if you do not buy.

SOME OF THE ARTICLES:

Indian Brass Goods, Armenian Cushion Covers, Benares Brass Ware, Liberty Art Goods, Fine Decorative China, etc.

Real Turkish Goods, Embroidered D'Oyleys, Damascus Wares, Fancy Articles, Souvenir Spoons, etc., etc.

WEILER BROS., Victoria, B. C.

Popular Songs That Are Now The Rage

"Tell Me That Beautiful Story," "The Sweetest Girl in Dixie," "Under a Panama," "We Old Owl," "I've Got to Go Now," "I'll Be There in the Public Square," And Hundreds of Others.

We Try Them Over for You.

FLETCHER BROS.
96 GOVERNMENT ST.

Tennis Goods

We have the largest and best selected stock in the city, consisting of

Racquets, Balls,
(Wright & Ditson's and Ayres, etc.)

Nets, Poles Racquet Presses, Court Markers, Etc.

M. W. Waitt & Co., LIMITED,
44 GOVERNMENT ST.

Atkinson's White Rose. Recognized as the Standard the World Over. We have just received a consignment of this delightful perfume and would appreciate an opportunity of showing it to you. JOHN COCHRANE, CHEMIST, N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

The Nice Things of Life. Fresh Strawberries daily from some of the best gardens. Also fresh Devonshire Cream. We still maintain our reputation as retailers of High Class Groceries. Windsor Grocery Company, Opposite Post Office, Government St.

Nasco THE NEW SOAP. Nasco is a household necessity. It will clean linoleum and carpets. It will be found an excellent furniture polish and will clean leather and brighten the colors.

Money to Loan. At Lowest current rates, on approved security. Large and small amounts. B. C. LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LD., 40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Customs Sale. W. Jones, auctioneer, is instructed by J. C. Newbery, Esq., Acting Collector of Customs, to sell at 10.30 a. m.,

W. JONES. DOM. GOVT. AUCTIONEER. Contents of DRUG STORE, corner Yates and Landay streets, next to B. N. A. Bank, including: Counters, Show Cases, Drugs, Etc. Will be sold on the premises at 11 a. m., Monday, June 13th.

W. JONES. DOM. GOVT. AUCTIONEER. Contents of DRUG STORE, corner Yates and Landay streets, next to B. N. A. Bank, including: Counters, Show Cases, Drugs, Etc. Will be sold on the premises at 11 a. m., Monday, June 13th.

Catalogues FOR THE Great Auction. Tuesday and Wednesday, June 14 and 15, at 1 p. m. At the Residence of HON. D. W. HIGGINS. Are now ready, and can be obtained from the auctioneer.

W. T. Hardaker, Auctioneer. COLDEST CITY IN THE WORLD. The coldest city in the world is Yakutsk, eastern Siberia, in the Empire of the Czar and the Russians. It is the great commercial emporium of East Siberia and the capital of the province of Yakutsk.

Orange Meat. A Perfect Food. The largest flower in the world is found in Sumatra. It is fully three feet in diameter. The five petals are creamy white, growing round a centre filled with countless long, violet-lined stamens. The flower weighs about 15 lbs.

Church Services To-Morrow

During the summer months notices of church services must be handed in at the Times office not later than 9.30 a. m. Saturday morning, in order to insure insertion.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL. Services: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning service and litany, 11 a. m.; children's service, 3.30 p. m.; evening service, 7 p. m. Preacher, morning and evening, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven. The music set for the day follows: Morning: Voluntary—Pastorale, Wely Venite, Venite, Burrows, Psalms for 12th Morning, Cathedral Psalter To Deum, Jackson, Benedictus, Barnby, Litany, 178 (pt. 3), 412 and 306, Voluntary—Postlude, Merke, Evening: Voluntary—Elevation, Bettate, Professional Hymn, 179, Psalms for 12th Evening, Cathedral Psalter Magnificat, E. A. Clare, Nunc Dimittis, E. A. Clare, Anthem—Behold, How Good and Joyful, Hymns, Mr. Wollaston; Duets, Masters A. Hauch and E. Petch, Hymns, 206 and 413, Vesper Hymn, M. S., Recessional Hymn, 540, Voluntary—Fantasia, Hy. Smart.

ST. JAMES'S. Rector, Rev. J. H. S. Sweet. Holy communion at 8; matins, litany and sermon at 11; evensong and sermon at 7.

ST. SAVIOUR'S. Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning prayer, 11 a. m.; preacher, Rev. J. Keen, Melita, kahtia. Evening prayer, 7 p. m.; preacher, Ven. Archdeacon Collison, Naas River.

ST. JOHN'S. Preachers, morning, Ven. Archdeacon Collison; evening, Rev. J. B. McColligan. The music set for the day follows: Matins: Psalms—As Set, Jubilate, Anthem—All 3rd Set, Hymn, 240, Hymn, 296, 2nd Tune, Litanies, Ferial, Hymn, 251, Evensong: Pro. Hymn, 379, 1 and 3, Unison, Magnificat, Battell, Nunc Dimittis, Monk, Hymns, 207 and 302, Hymn, 19, Last V. Unison, Vesper—Lord-Keep Us Safe.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN. Rev. Dr. Campbell will preach at both morning and evening services at 11 and 7 respectively. Communion at close of the morning service. Christian Endeavor Society (Junior) at 10 a. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 2.30 p. m. Musical selections follow: Morning: Psalm, 69, Hymns, 79, 37 and 423, Anthem—When I Survey the Wondrous Cross, Bradbury, Evensong: Hymns, 444, 404, 253 and 375, Tenor Solo—Nearer My God to Thee, G. J. Burnett, Housen Pirih.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN. Services will be held at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The communion will be observed at the morning service. The preacher for the day will be Rev. A. Ewing. The musical portion is as follows: Morning: Organ—Remembrance, Teina, Psalms, 72 and 87, Anthem—Abide in My Love, Clare, Hymns, 209, 53 and 207, Evensong: Organ—Andante Pastorale, Richmond, Anthem—The King of Love, Simpson, Soprano Solo, Miss Bishop; Bass Solo, H. Shackleton, Hymns, 474, 376, 390 and 198, Solo—The Better Land, Jude, Miss Zoe Bucknam, Organ—Heaven and Earth Display, Mendelssohn.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST. Special musical day. Extensive programme in the evening. The pastor, Rev. J. P. Westman, will speak at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Morning subject, "What I Can Do"; evening, "My Place and Duty." The musical programme follows: Organ Voluntary, Hymn, Anthem—I Am Alpha and Omega, Stainer, Hymn, Offertory, Anthem—God Came From Termon, Steggall, Solo—A Song of Heaven, Berthold Tours, Miss Kayton, Quartette—Saviour, When Night Invokes the Sky, Shelley, Soprano Solo and Chorus—Hear My Prayer, Mendelssohn, Miss Deaville and Choir, Hymn, Dismissal.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL. Divine worship at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. In the morning the subject will be "Eternity in the Heart." The evening's theme will be "Two Phases of the Personality of Christ, 'Humility and Love.'" The pastor, Hermon A. Carson, B. A., will preach at both services. The Sunday school and Bible class meets at 2.30 p. m. Young people's meeting after the evening service.

Strangers and visitors are cordially welcomed always. CHURCH OF OUR LORD. Morning and evening prayer at 11 and 7 as usual, with sermons by Rev. H. J. Wood. Bishop Cridge's Bible class on Friday afternoon at his residence, 4 o'clock, and a short service that evening conducted in the chapel of the church by the rector, beginning at 7.45. CALVARY BAPTIST. Rev. J. P. Vichert, M. A., pastor. The pastor will preach at 11 a. m. Subject, "The New Commandment." At 7 p. m. Rev. A. A. McLeod, returned missionary from India, will speak. Sunday school and Bible class, 2.30 p. m. B. Y. P. U., Monday, 8 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 p. m. SPIRITUALISTS. R. H. Kneeshaw will hold a meeting at 8 o'clock. The subject will be "Hypnotism and How to Hypnotize," to be followed by spiritual readings. Admission free. All welcome. PERSONAL. J. W. Lockhardt, an engineer staying at the Dominion, has been making preparations during the past few days to accompany a big party which will shortly be leaving this city for Berry creek, in the Cassiar country. In the party there will be 25 or 30 men. They will embark on the steamer Mount Royal at Wrangell, proceed to the head of navigation on the Stikine, then take mule train to Dease lake, and continuing their journey by water to Berry creek. Mr. Lockhardt has been engaged to look after the machinery of a small sawmill which the Hendell-Pike Mining Company will install this year. The company purpose doing a lot of work this season preparatory for operations another year, and are sending North with the party quite a big outfit, including a large amount of pipe. Mrs. Pim, Mrs. Lumscombe and Miss Lola Pim, of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., are visiting Mrs. Murton, of Market street, Victoria. Their arrival in Winnipeg on the way West was recorded by the Free Press as follows: "An interesting trio of visitors arrived in the city on Monday. They represent three generations. Mrs. Pim was 100 days postnatal stress at the south, and Mrs. Lumscombe was the first white girl born there. The ladies are now en route to the Coast on a pleasure trip, and during their stay here are the guests of Mrs. Hunter, 89 Charlotte street."

Flexible Steel Wire, Plough Steel, Iron Wire, Manila, Sisal. PETER McQUADE & SON, 78 WHARF STREET. Wholesale and Retail.

COST OF A GOOD ROAD. The cost of road building varies in the different places according to the topography of the country and the proximity of the stone used. A satisfactory highway can be built eighteen feet wide exclusively of stone usually for \$3,000 to \$5,000 a mile. These are known as macadam roads. A more costly stone road running from \$4,000 to \$6,000 a mile is the Telford road. Both are named after Scotchmen, who first devised the systems. The macadam road consists of a deep foundation of large stones, laid as smoothly together as possible; the foundation stones being of a nearly uniform size. A layer of smaller stones is placed over the foundation and rolled down, binding the two together. Then layers of crushed stone, each layer being of finer quality than its predecessor, are rolled into and over the foundations. The final layer is of very fine crushed stone. The whole settles itself into a compact mass, almost as smooth as a flag stone, from which water runs off as soon as it falls. The Telford road is more expensive because its foundation is laid with more care. The foundation stones are of a uniform size and are laid with the ends uppermost, like so many bricks set upon edge. These are bound together by smaller sizes of stone, the various dressings of finer stone being laid and rolled in the same way as for the macadam roads. The durability of such a highway is unquestionably longer than any other kind of a road known.—Franklin Matthews in "Outing."

SEINE RIVER PILOTS. A black and stormy night—the whole sky flapping with wind—we hunted the pirate of the Seine. In a slim sloop launch we slipped down from the old bridge of Sevres, past Billancourt and under the dark mass of the Invalides. There were five of us in the launch; four were men of the river police. I was a mere guest of theirs, welcome for the sake of my company and cigars. We were after thieves of all sorts, marauders, wharf-roppers, pickers-up of cables and cables, pirates and poachers. Notably, however, we were hunting the men with the nets. It was two in the morning when we shot the bridge at the Point-du-Jour and crept on toward Meudon. We had just passed the Poplars at Billancourt when the sergeant hushed us down. We carried no lights and the launch went almost noiselessly through the fog and storm of the night. We heard clearly enough, however, the fall of oars, soft but regular—over near the fair de Robinson dark forms hovered on the water. At a venture you might have guessed there were two skiffs and six or eight men. One of the boats slipped into mid-stream. There were two men at the oars. A third fellow was standing. Suddenly there came a splash as the net was cast and then—in a track of the net was cast, and drove down on the skiff. So sudden and unexpected was the net, that the launch poachers squealed as though they had seen a ghost. One of the oarsmen flung himself overboard and swam for shore. The sergeant's revolver barked—his fired in the air—but the swimmer came up back. The other two poachers were mild-mannered men. We towed them to the Break-o-Day. It was the first stage in their journey to New-Caledonia, I understand, for they were old and sinful.—Vance Thompson in "Outing."

FATAL THIRTEEN. At a weekly meeting of a Paris club the members were just at the discovery that those present formed the fatal number thirteen, upon which the secretary was backed off, hot-haste, into the street to drag in the first person he encountered, which individual happened to be the cabman who had driven him to the club. Upon matters being explained to Jéhu, he willingly consented to come to the rescue, and he proved such jovial company that the invitation was afterwards repeated. "A similar experience befell the London Thirteen Club. Four tables were laid for thirteen at each, but the secretary was dismayed to find that the company numbered one short. Without displaying the impetuosity of the Frenchman, he quietly pressed one of the waiters into his service, and, like the Parisian caddy, the extra guest proved a welcome addition to the party, slinging some capital songs and quaffing his nectar as though to the manner born.—Harry Furniss in the Windsor Magazine.

Useful Wedding Presents.—Artistic electric table lamps complete with shades, ready to use, from \$5 up. Novel and useful. Haddon Electric Co., Government street.

MONEY REWARDS OF SINGERS. After years of hard uphill struggle and study, a singer may be recognized as successful. What is her reward? The season is short, a few weeks of fall festivities, a week or two of Christmas concerts, and a few weeks of spring festivals, with a sprinkling of individual concerts between times, make up the list of her opportunities. When she obtains an engagement there is much more preparation necessary than rubbing up her knowledge of the work to be given, and singing the rehearsal—often public—with the local chorus the day or the afternoon before the performance. She must watch for draughts; a cold would disable her completely. She must be constantly careful of the atmosphere she breathes. She receives in compensation two, three or four hundred dollars, from which must be deducted many expenses. There are probably not a dozen American concert and oratorio singers who clear ten thousand dollars a year from singing, including one thousand or fifteen hundred dollars they receive from churches or synagogues. And the study and work they did at the start of their careers, and the years and years they must do all their life. Of the rest, a few make a considerable amount of money by being invited to wealthy private houses, singing for people there and receiving cheques the next day for their kindness. The vast majority of the remainder exist on twenty-five and fifty dollar concert work, or take to teaching, or drift into comic opera, or in the end weary of it all, and do something else.—Leslie's Monthly.

OVERALLS FREE. By saving the snowshoes tags on Pay Roll the plug chewing tobacco. Made by experts, this tobacco just hits the popular taste, and the tags are exchangeable for premiums, among which are included overalls and over 600 other articles. All stores sell "Pay Roll."

BORN. GRAHAM—At Revelstoke, on June 8th, the wife of Dr. Graham, of a son. RAE—At Revelstoke, on June 8th, the wife of D. M. Rae, of a daughter. MARRIED. PETERSEN-DEVILLERS—At Vancouver, on June 8th, by Rev. J. M. McLeod, Hans P. Petersen and Miss Clara P. Devillers. OSBORNE-HUNT—At Vancouver, on June 9th, by Rev. J. M. McLeod, George O. Osborne and Miss Ethel Hunt. RUTLEDGE-ROBERTSON—At Vancouver, on June 9th, by Rev. J. M. McLeod, Frederick Rutledge and Miss Alberta Robertson. YOUNG-WATSON—At Vancouver, on June 9th, by Rev. H. G. Finlayson, W. L. B. Young and Margaret Watson.

DIED. SAVILLE—At the Jubilee hospital, on the 10th instant, John Saville, a native of Sheffield, Yorkshire, England, aged 53 years. The funeral will take place on Monday, June 13th, at 2.30 p. m., from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co., Government street, and at Christ Church Cathedral at 2.45 p. m. Friends will please accept this intimation. STRILING—At Vernon, on June 4th, Walter Striling, aged 41 years. BOSTON—At Vernon, on June 8th, Wm. Boston.

Cheap Property FOR SALE. This property, consisting of 140 acres in North Saanich, to be sold at a very cheap figure. Pemberton & Son, 45 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

Furnished Houses to Let. SEVERAL VERY NICE. APPLY TO A. W. JONES, 28 FORT STREET.

ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED. General Agents for London and Provincial Marine & General Ins. Co., Ltd. Ocean Marine Insurance Company, Limited. London Assurance Corporation (Marine) of London, England. Absolute Security—Prompt and Liberal Settlements. Insurances Effected to Dawson City. And Other Alaskan Ports at Current Rates.

For Lumber, Sash, Doors, And All Kinds of Building Material. Go to THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY. MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C. P. O. BOX 628. TEL. 624.

THIRTY YEARS' TEST IN VICTORIA. John Round & Sons, Sheffield, Plated Spoons and Forks. We absolutely guarantee these goods for seven to twenty years' use, according to grade. A fine stock of table cutlery and carvers constantly in stock, at AT FOX'S 78 Government St.

The D. W. H. STORIES. In response to a general request it has been decided to issue the series of historical sketches from the pen of D. W. HIGGINS. In a handsomely bound and illustrated volume of about 400 pages, at a uniform sale price of \$1.50. The stories are about 38 in number and have been carefully edited for the press by the author. SALE WILL BE BY SUBSCRIPTION ONLY. Delivery will be about July the 1st. Lists will be found at the book stores and in the hands of authorized agents.

Sheriff's Sale. The sale of the shares standing in the name of H. Grieve in the Roberts-Kitchener Mines, Ltd., which was advertised to take place on May 30th last, will be held on Wednesday next, June 16th, at 10.30 a. m. in front of my office, Bastion street, Victoria. Terms of sale, cash. F. G. RICHARDS, Sheriff. Victoria, June 11th, 1904.

Granite and Marble Works. Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first class stock and workmanship. A. STEWART. COR. YATES AND BLANCHARD STS.

Grace Bonner. IN "ESMERALDA" Y.M.C.A. Tuesday, June 14th. Admission: 25c.; reserved, 35c.

Hotel Davies Cigar Store. 53 1/2 YATES STREET. Headquarters for all daily and Sunday Eastern and Pacific Coast papers; full line of domestic and imported cigars, cigarettes and tobacco always on hand; souvenir postal cards, etc. Sole agent for "Common Sense Cuff and Collar Buttons," once used always used. GEO. C. ANDERSON, Proprietor.

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY JUNE 11, 1904.



X-RAY-munized.

The Capture of Susan Sturgis by Haida Pirates

By C. McK.S.

There were among the pioneer miners who came to California many educated men, who, being ambitious to better their conditions as quick as possible, decided to try their luck in the newly discovered gold mines on the Pacific Coast.

Francisco, where the schooner arrived and landed the miners. The company not being satisfied with what had been done by the explorers, ordered the schooner back to the island to complete the exploration as intended in their original plan.

On the reception of the letter at Fort Simpson, an effort was made at once for the release of the captured crew, and in a few days the seamen were all brought over to the fort, and ransomed by the Hudson's Bay Company, paying the Indians \$30 for each of them in blankets.

After remaining at Fort Victoria for a short time, they all made their way back to San Francisco as soon as an opportunity offered, except Robert Lang, who decided to remain in Victoria, and being a ship carpenter was employed by the Hudson's Bay Company for a number of years, and subsequently started a ship yard of his own in the Cove, near the present Chemical Works.

sent over to Fort Simpson by Indians, will explain their situation:

OF Massett Harbor, September 20th, 1882.

To Whatever Christian This May Come—This is to inform the public that the captain and crew of the schooner Susan Sturgis are now confined in the after-cabin of this vessel, the tribe of Massett Indians having taken the ship this day at 10 a. m., and are now fighting with Edensaw and a few of his men who are trying to save our lives.

MATHEW ROONEY, Master.

will treat him well, for he deserves well of every white man.

MATHEW ROONEY, Master.

After some considerable delay at the fort the steamer Beaver, Capt. Mitchell, arrived, and when the cargo was on board steamed away for Fort Victoria, where, after a rather long passage, she arrived and landed the crew of the Susan Sturgis, who were delighted to be free from the Indian pirates, who were eager to despoilate them, and more particularly the captain and mate, whose heads they doubtless would have placed on poles in front of their ranches.

After remaining at Fort Victoria for a short time, they all made their way back to San Francisco as soon as an opportunity offered, except Robert Lang, who decided to remain in Victoria, and being a ship carpenter was employed by the Hudson's Bay Company for a number of years, and subsequently started a ship yard of his own in the Cove, near the present Chemical Works.

benefits of "skipping."

Dr. Bond, of Gloucester, England, has lately put forth a pamphlet on the advantages to be derived from "skipping" as a systematic exercise; a pamphlet the first mention of which is perhaps likely to provoke a smile, but which deserves, nevertheless, to be seriously considered.

Foot Elm Cures Sweaty Feet

Hundreds have been cured. It will cure you! 25 cents, at Drug Stores, or by mail postage free. D. V. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

The Brown Jug Corner

THE NURSERY OF THE SCOTCH THISTLE.

By D. W. H.

All Rights Reserved.

Seven thousand pounds—thirty-five thousand dollars—for the Brown Jug corner! It is a small lot, about 70 by 28 feet, and the buildings that occupy it might be erected for \$2,800. But the stand for retail liquor purposes is a good one, and the license, which has run interruptedly for forty-four years, is worth a goodly sum.

less than a few seeds of the good old Scotch thistle, the national emblem of the homesick man's native country. With trembling hands he cut the cord and the next thing he did was to scatter the seeds over the identical lot where now stands the Brown Jug. The patient immediately began to regain strength.

After Carroll had departed for Kingdon Come one Tommy Golden took over the Jug and made a barrel of money. In an evil hour he took to drinking his own liquor, and before long went mad, bankrupt and left for California, where he died. Gus Convey came after Golden, and died after some years. Two or three generations of saloonkeepers succeeded Convey, and Messrs. Meldrum & Maloney, the enterprising firm who have just paid the big figure for the property, have conducted the place for two or three years.

The Brown Jug corner was acquired from the Hudson Bay Company in 1858 by John D. Carroll, a wholesale liquor dealer, with a warehouse on Yates street, where Mr. S. J. Pitt's wholesale warehouse now stands. I have no means of ascertaining the sum paid by Carroll, but judging by the figures at which lots in the same vicinity were sold at that time it probably did not exceed \$300. In 1860 Mr. Carroll grew weary of looking at the lot, and decided to erect the present brick building thereon. The garden, by that time, had begun to develop a wonderful crop of Scotch thistles. It may be a scandal, and it may be an untruth, but the popular story at the time was that when the whites first set foot upon Vancouver Island there were no thistles here or anywhere on the Pacific coast.

Ed. Lowenberg, a real estate dealer from San Francisco, and Richard Lewis, afterwards Mayor, bought lots in the garden and erected frame buildings there. Mr. Bridgman's brick office occupies the site of the Lowenberg office, and Weiler Brothers' massive building stands on the Lewis lots. Many others bought garden lots, but it is not necessary to name them in this paper. The night on which Carroll first filled his Brown Jug and "skouted" for the town, as they say in Australia, with "Come in and have something," was a gala event for Victoria. It was a Saturday night. Wine, brandy and beer flowed like water. The little bar was crowded with thirty mortals, and as fast as one gang was supplied another stood ready to take their places. How many times the Brown Jug was filled and emptied on that occasion it would be difficult to say, but I do know that the little bell in the bellies of the Church on the Hill was ringing merrily at the hour of their Sunday morning duties, and the last roysterer stumbled out of the Jug and wended his tortuous way homeward. The Brown Jug did a very heavy business during Carroll's time. It was the headquarters of the parties interested in horse racing. Under the auspices of the first Jockey Club a track was laid out at Beacon Hill, and many interesting events came off there. The naval officers then in this station took a keen interest in these races. People used to say that none of the races were fairly run, and that the worst kind of jockeying was connived at by the stewards. Be that as it may, the amounts wagered were seldom large. The horses were fairly good, and some excellent runs were made. Occasionally a horseman from the American side would bring in a swift animal that had won fame and purses in California, give him his most prominent points, give him a new name and sweep the field.

I paid one of my visits to the Quadra street cemetery, to look for the section where lies buried John D. Carroll. The shaft is a massive and elaborate affair, one of the largest and finest in the graveyard. Built of sandstone, the monument gives evidence of decay. With forty years more of exposure in recording the virtues of the man in whose honor and with whose money it was erected, the shaft will undoubtedly have become a mass of broken stone. I was so struck with certain inscriptions on the face of the monument that I copied these. Here they are:

Erected by Ellen Carroll, in memory of her beloved husband, John D. Carroll, who died on the 14th of July, 1862, aged 38 years and 11 days. Born at Shinrone, King's Co., Ireland. "I am the resurrection and the life."

Also—To the memory of her beloved husband, George Washington Carroll, born on the 22nd of February, 1830, died on the 26th of July, 1891, lived only a few minutes after birth.

Mary Margaret Carroll, born on the 25th of September, 1852, died on the same day.

At the foot of the monument is a broken marble slab. All that can be made out is that the person in whose memory it was erected was named "Alice," the first wife of J. D. Carroll, and that she died on the 7th of October, 1858. Mr. Carroll could not have remained a widower very long as the inscriptions to the memory of his children follow.

But we should not forget that if to a Scotchman we are indebted for the thistle, to another Scot we owe the broom—the radiant, glorious shrub which lines our island roadsides and with golden-hued blossoms and bright emerald spines presents a picture of enchanting beauty and graceful loveliness that is a joy forever to the lovers of Nature. I never see the broom-blossoms depart that I do not long for the season when they shall be resurrected—when they shall live again! Yesterday, on my way to Ross Bay, I walked through a grand avenue of green and gold which no pen could depict and to which no reader of the Times should fail to see, like a bright vision, it shall have faded away. Fairfield road is to-day truly a Bower of the Gods. With Tom Moore the wayfarer to that enchanted spot may well exclaim— "And oh! if there be an Elysium on earth, it is this! It is this!"

Dairying and Fruit Growing on Salt Spring Island

The chief industry of Salt Spring Island is dairying, and the people are to be complimented on their creamery, which is a splendid proof of their industry and enterprise. This creamery is situated at the most beautiful spot on the island, Ganges Harbor; it is built of stone, and is fitted up with the most modern appliances for butter making that can be secured. The demands for the butter made by the creamery is growing by leaps and bounds, its excellent quality being its best advertisement. The size of some of the dairies on the island can be judged from the fact that the largest shareholder in the creamery, Mr. Cooney, milks 35 cows every day, and there are numbers of others who also milk a large number.

Mayne Island and Its Many Pleasure Resorts

It was the London Daily Chronicle which first tried in its columns to describe this beautiful island, to grasp the real beauty of which it is necessary for the person to behold it. The inhabitants of this island have been quick to realize its great attractions as a tourist resort, and on the island are to be found two hotels, viz., at Point Comfort and at Mayne Island.

the public their ability to manage a first class hotel.

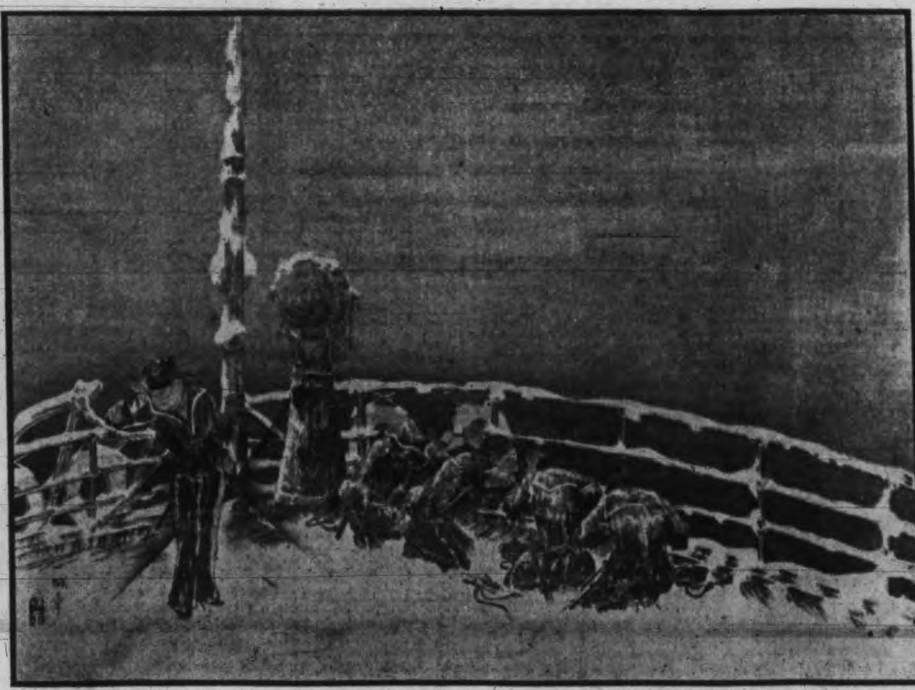
After a short walk through the woods one suddenly emerges at Point Comfort hotel. The very name of this hotel will signify what it really is: the Mayne Island hotel, it is a place of seclusion from all business cares, yet the boat traffic in the pass tends to make it interesting. This hotel, which has accommodation for 50 people, is managed by E. Maude, and is a beautiful building, every room of which has a view of the sea. The delicious spring water found here deserves special mention, as it is the best water to be found among the islands.

Both these hotels face Plumper's Pass, which is a noted fishing grounds, as Indians come from all parts of the province to fish here during the salmon season, and it is a common sight to see as many as 60 canoes going up one side of the strait and back on the other. These grounds can be enjoyed by the tourist, as both hotels furnish plenty of boats. There is also splendid bathing to be obtained off rafts.

Most of the dairymen and farmers here send their cream to Salt Spring creamery. The island is dotted with beautiful farms, the homes of a contented and prosperous people.

LIFE'S A BURDEN—if the stomach is not right. Is there Nausea? Is there Constipation? Is the Tongue Coated? Are you Light-headed? Do you have Sick Headache? Any and all of these denote Stomach and Liver Disorder. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills act quickly and will cure most stubborn and chronic cases. 50 in a vial for 10 cents. Sold by Jackson & Co., and Hall & Co.—77.

Sea power is being utilized as a source of light. An engineer has designed a lamp which automatically generates electricity as it rides on the breakers, thus producing a constant light in the lantern.



THE EYE OF THE ATTACK—JAPANESE ON A SECRET MISSION IMPLORING THE GODS FOR SUCCESS—REPRODUCED FROM A JAPANESE PRINT.

The Viceroy of India.

Lord Curzon has returned to England from India for a short rest, preparatory to a further term as Viceroy of England's Asiatic Empire. The announcement that he would come home was made early this year, and it was suggested in some quarters that he would not go back. The matter was the subject of considerable discussion at the time, and a question was put in the House of Commons as to the real facts of the case. Mr. Brodick replied that by leaving India Lord Curzon automatically vacated the position of Viceroy, but that no successor would be appointed, and that it would be open to the King to reappoint Lord Curzon.

His term of office has been a notable one, and he has been the subject of much criticism, aroused by a more active part by the government of India than many Viceroys have thought fit to take. The first duty of India's ruler is to protect his charge from external attack, and it was to this task that Lord Curzon addressed himself immediately on his arrival in the country. The independent tribes along the northwest frontier are at once the scourge and the safeguard of the more settled districts. For centuries past they have been accustomed to raid the plains and settlements, and during all within their reach; but at the same time, their mountains are so inaccessible and the habitable so few as to be practically prevented from invading the other side. We have spent many millions on little wars against these frontier tribes; but at the same time, they supply the best fighting material in our own army. Previous Viceroys had no settled policy with regard to these tribes. They either allowed them to plunder at will or provoked them to revolt by occupying "strategic" posts in their territory. But Lord Curzon introduced a strong and consistent system along the whole border. He withdrew the British garrisons from tribal territory, but massed them at strategic points on our own border; he made the tribesmen the guardians of their own interests by raising regiments of native militia, and paying them to keep the rest of the tribe in order; and he made a new province with a single head out of the whole of the disturbed tract. These measures have resulted in peace during the present rule, at least.

Lord Curzon's administration has unfortunately been marked by two great failures, which have devastated whole districts of India, and cost the government and the people many millions sterling, and by an endemic condition of plague, which has cost hundreds of thousands of lives and practically halved the trade of the great port of Bombay. Against such natural disasters it is impossible for any mere man to make headway. Lord Curzon, on the advice of his irrigation commission, has started a great national scheme of irrigation as an insurance against famine, and three millions sterling are to be borrowed this year to begin the work at once. In the face of these adverse circumstances, he has nursed the finances of India so carefully that the country seems almost to have recovered now from the famines of the past decade, and last year he was able to lower the salt tax for the first time in twenty years. This is the tax that presses most heavily on the poorest section of the population.

During the past five years Lord Curzon has shown an insatiable curiosity about all the conditions of Indian life, and has appointed commissions of inquiry into every conceivable topic. These commissions have now all handed in their recommendations, and action is beginning

to be taken to carry their advice into practice. That is why Lord Curzon has in India amid a blaze of opposition to his three specific contentious measures—the Official Secrets Act, the Universities Bill and the Bill for the Partition of Bengal. In the case of the Official Secrets Act, the Viceroy has the whole press against him. It is directed against editors who publish confidential secrets of state. The editors claim that, except in naval and military matters, the measure is unnecessary, and that the check should be applied elsewhere. If checks in public departments sell secrets to editors, the clerk and not the editor should be punished. The Viceroy has defended this act in very full-hearted fashion, and it is generally supposed that someone else is responsible for it. The Universities Bill is an attempt to make the Indian universities approximate to its English model, and supply a training for character as well as for learning of the brain. The agitation against it in Calcutta is chiefly engineered by lodging-house keepers, who allowed the students too much license for their good, and who now find their monopoly threatened. The Partition of Bengal is a purely administrative measure, necessitated by the growth of the province until it has become too unwieldy to be controlled by a single man; but it has caused much excitement among the natives of Bengal. In India change of this or any other kind is so frequent that it needs to be made slowly and gradually, but Lord Curzon's one defect seems to be that he is in too much of a hurry, that he has tried to crowd into five years reforms that it will take a century to assimilate.

As the outcome of two journeys round the world, Lord Curzon, then the Hon. George N. Curzon, published in 1901 his "Problems of the Far East." An ambitious work, it was put forward by its author as an attempt to examine in a comparative light, the political, social and economic conditions of the kingdoms and principalities of the Far East. Naturally China and Japan, and the relations of both to Russia and Korea, are dealt with at considerable length. In the light of the present situation, some of his conclusions are of no little interest.

"Japan," he wrote, "has been blamed for expanding too much money upon armaments, military and naval, and for neglecting the requirements of industrial and commercial expansion. . . . But the critics to whom I allude lose sight of the part which Japan aspires to play in the Far East, and to which her present policy of expenditure and organization is strictly subordinated. That part is determined by her geographical situation. Placed at a strategic position, she has a natural advantage upon the flank of Asia, precisely analogous to that occupied by Great Britain on the flank of Europe, exercising a powerful influence over the adjoining continent, but not necessarily involved in its responsibilities, she sets before herself the supreme ambition of becoming, on a smaller scale, the British Empire of the East."

Proceeding to deal with the relations between Japan and China, he says: "That the true policy for Japan is a friendly understanding with China, interested like herself in keeping at a distance the single common peril—namely, the advance of the Muscovite from the north—appears to me self-evident, and is, I believe, appreciated by her own statesmen. Such a solidarity, without taking the form of an offensive and defensive alliance, would be strong enough to preserve the balance of power in the Far East, and to prepare the way by which Japan may attain to that high place which she yearns to fill among the nations of the world."—London Chronicle.



ORGANIZATION FOR FARMERS

Almost every other branch of industry in the United States has its organizations, its unions or its trusts, for the purpose of advancing their interests of the members. The farmers are about the only workers in the American "beehive" of industry who have no large organization. Their products amount to more than any other line of industry. The crops of the farmers and planters amount in a single year to 5,000,000,000 of dollars. Some start ambitious work, it was put forward by its author as an attempt to examine in a comparative light, the political, social and economic conditions of the kingdoms and principalities of the Far East. Naturally China and Japan, and the relations of both to Russia and Korea, are dealt with at considerable length. In the light of the present situation, some of his conclusions are of no little interest.

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It increases the activity of the blood-making glands, so that the supply of pure, healthy blood is increased, and the whole body built up with the good, sound flesh, which only pure blood can make. Words cannot express what I suffered for three years from the effects of a torpid liver," writes Jas. E. Hawkins, Esq., president of the Golden-Creole, No. 41, of America, Box 1028, St. Louis, Mo. "I had I but known of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' sooner what misery I might have been spared. I was bilious, tongue was coated, appetite poor, and I had frequent distressing pains in the side and under shoulder blades, but within a week after I commenced Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery there was a marked change for the better, so I kept on using it, three times a day, for over a month, with an occasional dose of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets to regulate the bowels, and the results were all and more than I could wish. My appetite is splendid—I feel ten years younger, and am entirely free from pain of any kind. Your 'Golden Medical Discovery' is certainly all that its name implies, and I gratefully endorse it."

The cures effected by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery are so many and so remarkable that an explanation of these cures seems almost necessary. To understand the action of the "Discovery" we must go beyond the blood—if we follow the so-called clue of vein or artery it leads us at last to the stomach. "The blood is the life?" True. But what is blood made from? Blood is made chiefly from what we eat and drink. It is the food, which, after being properly digested and assimilated, nourishes the body in the form of blood. But when the stomach and the allied organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased there cannot be a perfect digestion and assimilation of food. Hence, in what is called "weak" stomach the nutrition of the body is reduced, and the various organs which depend on this blood made from food are put on short rations. Like soldiers in a siege they will hold out on this reduced ration as long as they can. But it is only a question of time when collapse comes, and "weak" stomach is followed by "weak" heart, "weak" lungs, "weak" kidneys or weakness of some other principal organ. The conclusion is obvious. To help the blood you must cure the stomach. The great success of "Golden Medical Discovery" is in chief due to the fact that it begins with the stomach. It cures weakness of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, and with these it cures diseases which seem remote from the stomach, but which have their origin in the disease of that organ.

Accept no substitute for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. There is no other blood-purifying medicine which is "just as good." If constipated use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They cure constipation, biliousness and sick headache. They do not produce the "pill habit."

The Golden Race.

"The forefathers of the Japanese are the Malays, Koreans and the Chinese." At present they represent the race of Asia, says a native Japanese correspondent of the London Chronicle. The question arises: Who are the Japanese so different from the other races? If it is religion, it is not the religion of Buddha. If it is education, it is not the education of Confucius. To the great multitude of Malays, Koreans and the Chinese now inhabiting the vast area of Asia, the same religion and the same education, excepting perhaps the Malays, have been prevailing for the last two or three thousand years.

Not there can be only one reason, and that is the question of race. This is a problem which requires a delicate handling for we may be treating the human race in the same way as we do a horse. But it is a problem which will have to be solved out sooner or later, and the difference in breed between the Japanese and other Asiatic nations is an interesting way of solving the question.

Briefly, to what can we attribute the difference? To hard training, and there is nothing like war, I mean the modern warfare, where the faculties of mind and body are so well trained. In peace we hunt, we shoot, or we ride, we walk, we swim, we fence, we box, we wrestle and we gamble. Without knowing we are training for war. From beginning to end the human passion is the survival of the fittest, and that is the only way of improving the breed, as we try to improve the breed of a horse by making a fine racer.

A Japanese poet describes the national spirit of Japan as "the wild cherry blossoms scattering perfumes in the rising sun." These Japanese heroes are verily scattering an everlasting perfume in honor of their flag. And yet even now they are looked down upon as a yellow race. A distinguished writer mentioned somewhere that since the days of Peking the Japanese ought to be ranked among the white race. I don't know what the Japanese will take it as a compliment. Color is a matter of

fashion, and I should not be surprised if the Yellow may become the red at the time being, I shall certainly not include the Japanese among the white race, but make out a separate race, which I shall call "The Golden Race."

GIVES TWO REAL GOOD REASONS

FOR BELIEVING DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE ALL KIDNEY AILMENTS.

Cured His Backache of Twenty-Five Years Standing and Satisfied Everyone He Recommended Them To.

Economy Point, N. S., June 10.—(Special.)—Geo. S. McLaughlin of this place gives two splendid reasons for his belief that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the one remedy for kidney ailments. Here are the two reasons in his own words:

"I was troubled with lame back for 25 years or more, sometimes so severe that I could not turn myself in bed. One box of Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me, and I have had no return of the trouble since. I have recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to a number of persons who had kidney trouble. All who used them have been benefited or cured."

Dodd's Kidney Pills not only relieve all Kidney Diseases, from Backache to Bright's Disease, but they absolutely cure them. But sometimes where one or two boxes relieves it takes more to make a complete cure.

Elastic traces for horse-yokes, it has been shown, enabled three horses to do the work of four, and the fact was utilized in Denmark, Sweden, Germany, Austria, for artillery traction. Now France has adopted the elastic principle in the form of springs between the vehicle and the traces of the horses.



AGRICULTURAL

The Dominion Fair at Winnipeg.

Advance sheets of the Winnipeg fair prize list for 1904 show that the prizes offered for the principal classes of live stock are about as follows: Short-horns, \$2,505; Herefords, \$1,125; Polled Angus and Galloways, about \$800 each; Ayrshires, Holsteins and Jerseys, about \$500 each; Clydesdales, \$893, shires, \$496; draft and general-purpose horses, \$350 and \$450 each; light harness horses and thoroughbreds, nearly \$500 each; hunters and saddle horses, \$700 and \$800; ponies, \$190; speed classes, \$18,000. Sheep—the different breeds will average about \$175 each. Swine—Yorkshires, Tamworths and Berkshires, \$300 each, the American breeds about \$200 each. Good prizes are also offered in the bacon classes. Prizes of \$100, \$60 and \$40 are offered for carload lots of cattle.

Auction Sale System.

The auction system of marketing live stock advocated by the live stock commissioner, Ottawa, seems to be gaining ground steadily and surely. During May at Calgary nearly four hundred head of pure bred cattle have gone under the hammer at the sale conducted by the Territorial Breeders' Association, and several district sales are being established in Ontario. An important sale is being arranged at Port Perry for June 10th. These sales will be held at intervals, and if sufficient encouragement is extended to them, they will probably be held monthly to sell by auction all kinds of farm animals, including stock-ers, fat stock, dairy cows, pigs, etc.

Several very prominent breeders of pure bred stock are consigning excellent animals to the first sale.

Making Fairs Educational.

Three years ago when F. W. Hodson, live stock commissioner, pointed out to the annual meeting of the association of fairs and exhibitions the utter inefficiency of many of the agricultural societies of Ontario, and unfolded a systematic plan of improvement, he was looked upon by many of the delegates as a dangerous iconoclast. The fact that fairs that received government grants were intended to be educational seemed to be almost forgotten, and the proposal to arrange the fairs in convenient circuits and send them expert judges who would give educational addresses in the ring was considered impracticable in many. Still the project was taken up in an experimental way, and the results have been so satisfactory that this year it is expected that about 170 agricultural societies in Ontario will arrange with the provincial department of agriculture for the services of expert judges. Last year 152 societies in that province were supplied with judges, while in the other provinces and the Territories many of the fairs had expert judges furnished by the local and Dominion departments of agriculture.

Don't Grow Corns This Year

People who are wise will not grow corns this year (on their feet). Every corn can be removed without pain, by using Carples' Corn Cream. At Drug Stores or send 15 cents in stamps and get two corn cushions free and a full size box of the Corn Cream. D. V. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

TOURISTS' GUIDE

TO LEADING HOTELS AND TOURIST RESORTS.

The Hotel Driard The Gorge Hotel

C. A. HARRISON, PROP. NEW MANAGEMENT European and American plans. Service and appointments first class. Rates reasonable. The only first-class hotel in Victoria. Mrs. Marshall, Prop. TOURIST RESORT.

Don't Hesitate

Where to take lunch, but just drop into the Victoria Coffee Parlors 40 Broad St.

AN EXCELLENT MENU To select from. Everything first-class and up-to-date. Open from 7.30 a.m. to 12 p.m. Sundays from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Mikado Lunch and Tea Rooms.

BREAKFASTS served from 8.30 a.m. LUNCHEONS put up for picnic parties at moderate prices. STRAWBERRIES AND CREAM, 10c. 44 FORT STREET



HOTEL OSBORNE

Latest improvements, sanitary and otherwise. Hot and cold bath on two floors. Rest-rooms, swimming, boating and camping. J. T. PEARCE, Prop. OSBORNE BAY, CROFTON, B.C.

SEEING VICTORIA

The popular Tally-Ho Coach leaves the Tourist Association Rooms and Hotels every afternoon at 2 o'clock for a delightful drive. Tourists will find it the most enjoyable way to see the most picturesque portions of the city and environs. Take your camera along and secure charming views of gardens, fields, sea and snow-capped mountains. To secure seats telephone 323. Victoria Transfer Co. LIMITED, 10, 21, 23 BROUGHTON ST.

HOTEL DAVIES And Poodle Dog Restaurant

Family and Tourist Unexcelled Cuisine.

Shawnigan Lake Hotel

The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort outside of Victoria. Twenty-eight miles ride on B. & N. railway. Tennis and croquet lawns, pleasure boats, fishing and hunting. Get off at Koenig's. MRS. A. KOENIG, Proprietress

Painless Dentistry

Dentistry in all its branches as true as can be done in the world, and absolutely free from the SLIGHTEST PAIN. Extracting, filling, fitting of crowns and bridges without pain or discomfort. Examine work done at the West Dental Parlors and compare with any you have ever seen and then judge for yourself. Painless, Artistic and Reliable. Are the Watchwords of Our Office. Consultation and your teeth cleaned free. Full set, \$7.50; silver fillings, \$1.00 up; gold fillings, \$2.00 up; gold crowns, \$5.00. In fact, all operations as reasonable as our watchwords can make them. Remember the address: THE WEST DENTAL PARLORS, THE IMPERIAL BANK CHAMBERS, Corner Yates and Government Sts., (Entrance on Yates St.) Office hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.; evenings, from 7 to 8.30.

J. Piercy & Co., WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

VICTORIA, B. C. Manufacturers of the Celebrated Brand of "Ironclad" Overalls, Top Shirts, Etc.



The B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co'y.

Chas. Hayward, President. Fred'k Casleton, Manager. Show Rooms and Parlors: 62 Government St., Victoria, B. C. Orders attended to at any time. Night or Day. Charges very reasonable. The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province. Telephone Nos. 45, 305, 404 or 504.

The Hotel Dallas

The Only Seaside Resort in the City. Cars Stop at the Door. Boats to Hire for Fishing, at the Hotel. Rates by Day, Week or Month. J PATERSON, Prop.

WATCH THIS SPACE!!

Victoria Gardens

B. M. EWING, PROP. Chicken Dinners a Specialty. Meals at all hours. Grand Musical Entertainment Every Afternoon and Evening. PHONE, 332



Hotel Strathcona

Shawnigan Lake NOW OPEN UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT. Pleasure Boats, Fishing, Tennis and Croquet Lawns, Bath Houses, Etc. MRS. J. H. WARK, Proprietress

ANGEL HOTEL,

Langley St. Mrs. Carro, Prop. Temperance Family Hotel.

THE Daily Times

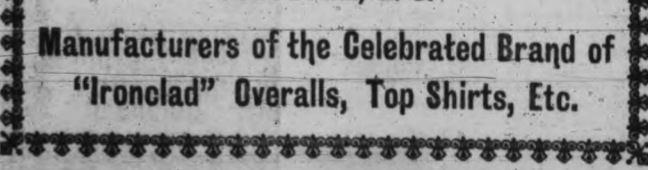
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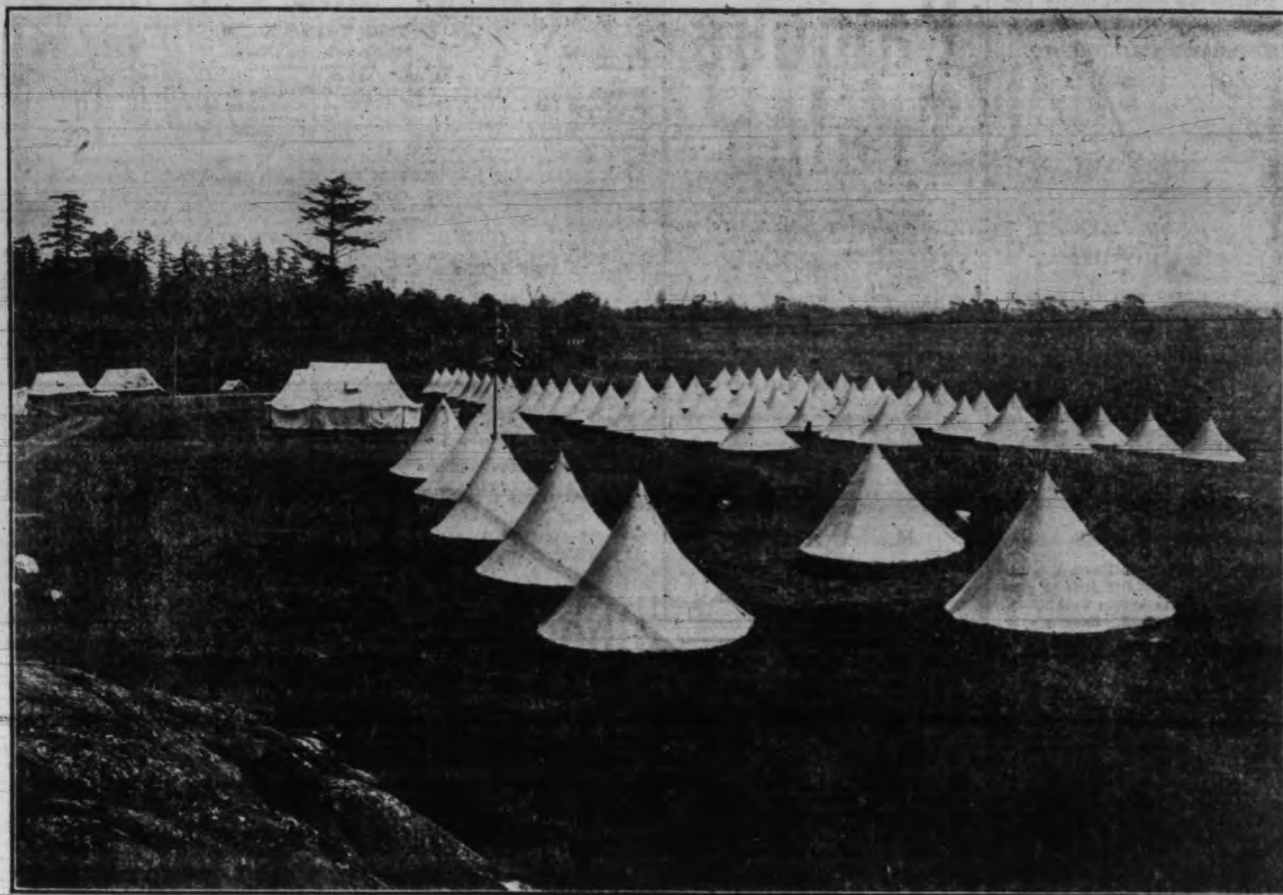
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THE FIFTH REGIMENT, C. A., UNDER CANVAS—THE CAMP AT MACAULAY POINT.

French Appreciation of King Edward

King Edward VII. in the triple capacity of monarch, statesman and diplomat, is the subject of a keen, if generous, criticism in *La Revue de Paris*. The writer, who conceals his identity under "X. X. X.," is evidently a close student of English politics, and knows the King well.

Beginning with the death of Queen Victoria, the writer of the article remarks that at that time there were not wanting prophets who announced the decline of the British Empire, and events, he says, seemed to justify them. The Transvaal war still lingered, and Great Britain had lost the sympathies of Europe. While Queen Victoria lived there seemed to be nothing to fear, but with her death people asked if the new King could support the heavy burden of monarchy.

The presence of the German Emperor at the funeral provoked involuntary comparisons. In his warlike accoutrements, the Emperor seemed to extend the protection of his majestic sovereignty over the King, who appeared subdued by the assumption of the royal dignity. Diplomats smiled at the Emperor's military manners, but, nevertheless, the people were captivated by them.

Edward VII. attained power at a ripe age, heralded by prophecies of a slanting character which in this day of mourning struck the superstitious imagination of his subjects. Sooth to say, the part of the Prince of Wales appeared to have but indifferently prepared him for the office of King. He had been jealously kept aside from the great affairs of state by his mother, who would cede no part of her responsibility. He had to resign himself to futile pursuits—perhaps his resignation was easy.

The surprise was by no means little when it was discovered that the King possessed in a high degree the qualifications of a sovereign. Says the writer: "By the nobility of his bearing, the distinction of his conduct, and by his affability composed of simplicity and good nature, he conquered from the first one-half of the world; the other half he had already subjected by the charm of a youthfulness which had been prolonged beyond the average. Everything about Edward VII. contributed to make him popular—everything, even to his habits of frequenting racetracks and his love of sports."

The aristocracy and the commercial classes learnt with equal satisfaction the intention of the King to be more often at Buckingham Palace, to which, it was understood, he would give back its ancient splendor; and to hold as often as possible his courts in the heart of London. He thus broke with the traditions of the late Queen who, since her widowhood, was accustomed to retire to the austere retreat of Windsor or amongst the fields of the Isle of Wight or of Scotland. Edward VII. wished to revive the grand life of the court. In this regard for decorum and of etiquette, regulated to even its minutest details, corresponded to English custom. These court functions have a capital importance in the eyes of the English. The interminable columns of the newspapers of eight pages are filled with them, and let it be noted that even on the kitchenboards of the omnibuses the clerks journeying to city delight to read them without missing a line.

The "roi-gentleman."

"Edward VII. knows how to furnish a spectacle which will agreeably strike the imagination of the masses. He remains on the throne just the gentleman that he showed himself when, as Prince of Wales, he used to familiarly rest his elbow on the mantelpiece of Marlborough House and chat, smoking a cigar, with one person or another. He knew, also, very well how to take up an attitude of impetuosity, to appear even stiff and circumspect, an attitude which Englishmen of every rank know how to assume, and which with the King produces its maximum effect. This imposing aspect, which forms part of the English demeanor,

Edward VII. puts on at will as a uniform.

"In Edward VII. we trace the features which, so to speak, are common to the race. No one possesses in a higher degree the personal qualities of a gentleman. In moral, as in physique, he is truly the 'roi-gentleman.' He has that cordiality, that good sense, mingled with humor, and that ease of speech which one finds in a certain degree amongst well-educated Englishmen. When we say facility of speech, let us not be misunderstood; it is the art of conversation, which is peculiarly ours. The English eloquence does not resemble ours. It is often devoid of rhetoric; it has neither sonority nor color. But it is a language which, in scorn of composition, every English gentleman knows how to express his opinions. Edward VII. has this eloquence, familiar to the English, and he astonishes his people, as well as foreigners, by his prodigious facility of speech. Before a meeting with the King of Italy, a chamberlain asked him to communicate the discourse which he would pronounce in reply to the royal speech of welcome. Edward VII. was very much surprised, and excused himself, saying that he never prepared his remarks, that he improvised them at the moment; and as they insisted further to know in what language he would speak, he said he would use that which King Victor Emmanuel employed. Every language of Europe is familiar to the King."

A Policy in External Politics.

"Triple X." comes to the question—has the King any policy? and replies. Yes, in matters of external politics. The King knows that in a parliamentary monarchy he cannot be at the same time general, admiral, financier, economist, and diplomatist. On the world's stage, which he does not pretend to occupy himself alone, he does not ambition the role of those Fregoli monarchs who every day, in a new costume, produce a new idea in order to dazzle the multitude. To direct and control the foreign policy of his country appears to him to be a sufficient occupation. We do not ask of King Edward the profound calculations and the far-reaching policy of a Bismarck. However clever and far-seeing it may be, the policy of the King preserves its English character. One would say it is excellent compared to the operations of a great banking firm. The King avoids hazardous speculations, and is content to find good investments as a father of a family. His intimacy with great financiers has given him that wide survey and practical common sense necessary for such a role. He has, indeed, what is commonly called the foresight of a financier.

It is thus the writer sees the King happily intervening to settle affairs in the Boer war. The country was tired of the struggle, which threatened to bring as little profit to men of finance as success to the military. Edward VII. was forced to put an end to an expedition of which the gain was out of all proportion to the sacrifice. "It did not pay." Continuing the financial simile, the writer goes on: "After the liquidation there was a period of reparation. England had to remake the situation; hence that series of voyages, so cleverly conceived, by Edward VII. with the intention of conciliating European opinion. It was necessary to put an end to the moral quarantines which weighed upon England after an expedition which had so little glory. We see him go by turns to Lisbon and Rome, to Paris and Vienna. Let us not be deceived as to the importance of this first step. The visit to Portugal had another object than that of marking the centuries old sympathies which united these two monarchies. By declaring to Edward VII. the protection of a little country, Edward VII. discouraged Germany's hankering after Portugal's possessions. It was the indefinite postponement of that partition of Portuguese Africa to hopes of which the secret convention of 1898 made between London and Berlin

had given rise. It was the point of departure of a policy which was to be continued in France.

The King and France.

The journey to France is described as a supreme act of cleverness on the part of the King. To come to a rapprochement the King perceived that diplomacy was impotent. The King found it necessary first to address himself to the English public opinion, to gain it over and make it his accomplice.

For a long time he had nourished the prospect of the visit. It was necessary to prepare the ground, and a campaign of the press was begun and led with great ability. If the preparation of this important step appeared arduous, the expectation called forth admiration. It required all the tact of Edward VII. to undertake a mission so perilous. It was no longer a question of conciliating a court. It was necessary to conquer a whole population, a most nervous and most impressionable nation, a nation which is called feminine in certain places. The success exceeded all hopes. On the boulevards, where they had lately acclaimed President Kruger, the King saw himself saluted by all classes of society.

It remained for the King to finish his work by inducing M. Loubet, to visit London, where enthusiasm went beyond anything one had ever seen in the welcome given to sovereigns.

The King knew his subjects, knew them to be somewhat biased in the matter of professions of crowned heads, and then, if in England the aristocracy remains popular, it is so because it is open to anybody. The English were ready to admire in our President a man who had made himself, who by his own hand had risen to the highest position in the country.

HE'S BEEN WELL EVER SINCE

A. D. Miller Has an Experience With Dadd's Dyspepsia Tablets That's Worth Remembering.

"I wish to state that Dadd's Dyspepsia Tablets are the best medicine anyone can take for Dyspepsia. The speaker was A. D. Miller, of Tomstown, Ont., and when he was asked for his reason he continued, "I had been troubled with indigestion and Dyspepsia and during the summer of 1900 my doctor treated me for Liver Complaint, but I kept growing worse.

"My appetite was very irregular, and I would bleed after eating and I also had palpitation of the heart. Sometimes I would not sleep at night on account of my heart beating so hard.

"I was hardly able to get around when I started using Dadd's Dyspepsia Tablets. After using half a box I felt better; by the time I had used two boxes I was well and I have been well ever since."

You can't have Dyspepsia if you use Dadd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

NOVEL RELAXATION.

Sir Charles Dilke has written a pamphlet on the recreation of his contemporaries. Suitable relaxation is always a problem to the man holding a commanding place in public life. One prime minister of a time not so far removed from the present used to get gloriously drunk by way of set-off to official strain. Peel's chief concern was to see that his nose bled satisfactorily every night. Had that not happened, he used to assert, he never could have held the premiership. Not all men take things so philosophically as Sir John Macdonald, first prime minister of the Dominion. When, after a desperate struggle, his ministry was defeated thirty years ago, he packed up a few things at Government House, went home, put on his dressing gown, took up a novel, and said, contentedly, "Well, that got along with."

"What do you mean?" asked Lady Macdonald. "Why, the government has resigned, my dear, and it's a relief to be out of it, that's all," and next minute he was laughing over his book.

Prisoners in France are permitted to pay one visit to dying parents.

Lactated Food

THE TRUE NOURISHMENT FOR BABIES.

When it is found impossible for the mother to nurse her baby in the hot summer weather, it is well to know that Lactated Food is a perfect substitute for mother's milk. This life-saving food is relished by the babies when milk and common prepared foods cannot be tolerated by the little weak stomachs. Lactated Food saves babies' lives. A trial can be sent to any mother who has not yet used it. Send address to The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P. Q.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR LACTATED FOOD.

TESS'S FATE.

Mr. Thomas Hardy is one of the men in whom readers take a personal interest. When "Tess" was running in serial form, he received hundreds of letters imploring him to avert the catastrophe which was threatening his heroine. His explanation of the fate of "Tess" is characteristic. He visited Stonehenge for local color before writing the tragic chapter. "If it hadn't been such a dreadful day," he said to a friend, "it is probable that I shouldn't have decided that Tess must die." Possibly it may not be known that Mr. Kipling refers to Mr. Hardy in one of his privately circulated poems.

Lord of the Wessex coast, And all the hands thereby, He sings, The least-liked of the Wessex novelists' words is "Jude the Obscure." Curiously, Mr. Hardy asserts that that is one book of his which will live. There is one work of his which he shall not see during his lifetime—if at all. It was his first story, and called "The Poor Man and His Lady." George Meredith read it, saw genius in it, but advised a more restrained, conventional, social philosophy. Hardy withdrew it, and wrote instead, "Desperate Remedies."

MONTENEGRIN AFFAIRS.

Montenegro has been stunned by astonishment. For the first time in the history of its relations with Russia, the Tsar's government has refused to comply with Prince Nikita's request to send a few shipments of wheat or maize to be distributed among the Montenegrins, who hardly ever have enough corn to carry them through the winter. Prince Nikita explains this rebuff to his people by the scarcity and distress which prevails in Russia at present. But the rumor is spread that the Russian government has discovered that during a number of years the cargoes of corn which ought to have been distributed as the Tsar's free gift to the poor Montenegrins have been distributed only to those who could pay with hard cash for it. This dissatisfaction of the people with their present government is constantly increasing, and no country in the world has comparatively so many political emigrants as Montenegro. The payment of Prince Nikita's debt by the Sultan has alienated many sympathies from the Prince, and the Serbian papers outside of Montenegro are full of violent attacks against him, written by Montenegrin emigrants.

Saves the Dying

DOCTORS DIDN'T GIVE MRS. JAMES LONG TO LIVE—BUT DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART FOLDED THEM AND CURED HER.

FOR FIFTEEN YEARS Mrs. John A. James, of Warton, Ont., was a great sufferer from Heart Disease. For days at a time she was confined to bed, and it seemed as though every breath might be her last. Her physicians said that she might "drop off" any minute. With woman's tenacity in suffering and believing that "while there's life there's hope," she started using Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. Three bottles cured her.

This remedy relieves in thirty minutes and cures every form of heart disease and nervousness.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 40 Doses, 10c. 25

By Its Wonderful Drawing Qualities and Delicious Flavor

"SALADA"

CEYLON tea captivates the most critical tastes
Black, Mixed or Natural Green.
Sold only in sealed lead packets. By all Grocers.
KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO., DISTRIBUTORS.

The Royal Bank of Canada
Capital, Reserve and Undivided Profits,
\$6,192,705
Savings Bank Department
In connection with all Branches.
Interest at current rate from date of deposit credited semi-annually.
Correspondence Solicited.

FREE DURING MAY

During this month only, I have decided to give away free of charge to every person sending me his name and address, one copy of the latest edition of my beautiful medical book, entitled "Electro-Therapeutics," which explains all diseases of men and women, and how to cure them in every case. It is an invaluable book, beautifully illustrated, and should be read by every man and woman. I have decided to give away a limited number of these splendid books, and every person, man or woman, who wants to thoroughly understand the human body in health and disease, and how to maintain it in perfect strength and health always will find this new book a God-send, and of great and constant value.

IT IS FREE

And to be had for the asking. It explains fully all men and women's diseases, how to avoid them, and gives a positive home cure for each. Varicose, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Losses, Sexual Diseases, Female Troubles, Weak Nerves, Kidney, etc., fully explained and treated. Send me a postal with your name and address and receive by return post, charges prepaid, sealed in plain wrapper, this magnificent Medical Treatise. Do not delay, but send at once for a copy of this splendid new book. One copy only will be sent to each person. Write to-day.

Dr. M. D. Macdonald, 2362 St. Catherine St., Montreal, Que.

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Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose and Poultry Netting
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Corner Yates and Broad Sts., Victoria, B. C.

Superior To All Others
E. B. EDDY'S
Latest Improved
Indurated Fibre Ware
Tubs, Pails, Etc.
For Sale By All First Class Dealers
Give it a trial and you'll never go back to the old wooden ware.
INSIST ON GETTING EDDY'S
James Mitchell, Agent for B. C.

Environment Affects Temperament
Few people can be happy amid gloomy surroundings, and it is surprising how little it costs to renovate your home. Let us estimate the cost of painting or papering for you.
Mellor Bros., Ltd., 83 Johnson St., Phone, 512

A Study in Vibration
Our Cushion-Frame Chain Bicycle
With Coaster Brake and Spring Fork is the Pullman Palace Car of bicycle riding.
Harris & Moore
Sole Agents for Vancouver Island, 114 YATES ST., PHONE B300.

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF MINERAL RIGHTS ON DOMINION LANDS IN MANITOBA, THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES AND THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$25 for anthracite. Not more than 250 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miner's certificates may obtain entry for a mining location.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$7.50 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500 x 1,500 feet by marking and subject to the mining recorder's office, bearing location notice, one of each end on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within the limits of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles of fraction. The fee for recording a claim is \$5.

At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year, or the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1.00 an acre.

Permittees may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 100 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 10 per cent of the net value of the products of the location.

Miner's Mining.—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory, are divided into mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, \$5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River, or other bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter including bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 200 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging.—The rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—A free miner may obtain a lease for five miles each for a term of twenty years, terminable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may hereafter acquire, by bar diggings or bench claims, on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee may dredge for high water mark on each alternate leasehold.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one year of the date of the lease for each five miles, but where the person or company has obtained more than one lease on five miles, or each fifteen miles or fraction is sufficient. Rent, \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent, collected on the output after exceeding \$10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory.—Six leases of five miles each may be granted, a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental, \$100 per mile for first year and \$10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory.—Creek, gulch, and hill claims, measured on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the latter being measured on a 2,000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notice of claim. Claims must be obtained within ten days, if the claim is within ten miles of mining recorder's office. One day is allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a new mine is entitled to a claim of 1,000 feet in length, and if the party consists of two or more, they may divide the output of which no royalty is charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee, \$10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent, on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller, \$10 per ton. No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of \$2. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee of \$2.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least \$200.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year; if not the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notice in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum.—All unappropriated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the North-West Territories and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for such purposes any company having machinery on the land to be prospecting, an area of 640 acres. Should the prospecting be successful, the claimant, including the oil well and such other land as may be determined, will be sold to the discoverer at the rate of \$1.00 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by order-in-council.

Department of the Interior, Ottawa, February, 1904.

JAMES A. SMARL,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

Notice is hereby given that the Craigflower bridge is closed to traffic during repairs and until further notice.
F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer,
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 6th June, 1904.

REMOVED
J. T. Braden's Plumbing and Hot Water Fitting Establishment
Has Removed from 70 Fort Street to
78 1-2 Douglas Street
And will be pleased to receive all their old customers at the new stand.
Bicycle and instrument repairing a specialty.
ASSAYERS
For sale, one of the best assaying businesses in the Kootenays. Terms reasonable. Good reasons for leaving. For particulars, write
R. MACHIN,
Yates Street.



THE FIFTH REGIMENT, C. A. UNDER CANVAS—THE CAMP AT MACAULAY POINT.

French Appreciation of King Edward

King Edward VII. in the triple capacity of monarch, statesman and diplomat, is the subject of a keen, if generous, criticism in *La Revue de Paris*. The writer, who conceals his identity under "X. X. X.," is evidently a close student of English politics, and knows the King well.

Beginning with the death of Queen Victoria, the writer of the article remarks that at that time there were not wanting prophets who announced the decline of the British Empire, and events, he says, seemed to justify them. The Transvaal war still lingered, and Great Britain had lost the sympathies of Europe. While Queen Victoria lived there seemed to be nothing to fear, but with her death people asked if the new King could support the heavy burden of monarchy.

The presence of the German Emperor at the funeral provoked involuntary comparisons. In his warlike accoutrements, the Emperor seemed to extend the protection of his majestic sovereignty over the King, who appeared subdued by the assumption of the royal dignity. Diplomats smiled at the Emperor's military manners, but, nevertheless, the people were captivated by them.

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DOCTORS DIDN'T GIVE MRS. JAMES LONG TO LIVE—BUT DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART FOILED THEM AND CURED HER. For fifteen years Mrs. John A. James, of Warton, Ont., was a great sufferer from Heart Disease. For days at a time she was confined to bed, and it seemed as though every breath might be her last. Her physician said that she might "drop off" any minute. With woman's tenacity in suffering, and believing that "while there's life there's hope," she started using Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. Three bottles cured her. This remedy relieves in thirty minutes and cures every form of heart disease and nervousness. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 40 Doses, 10c.

FREE DURING MAY

During this month only, I have decided to give away free of charge to every person sending me his name and address, one copy of the latest edition of my beautiful medical book, entitled "Electro-Therapeutics," which explains all diseases of men and women, and how to cure them in every case. It is an invaluable book, beautifully illustrated, and should be read by every man and woman. I have decided to give away a limited number of these splendid books, and every person, man or woman, who wants to thoroughly understand the human body in health and disease, and how to maintain it in perfect strength and health always will find this new book a God-send, and of great and constant value.

IT IS FREE. And to be had for the asking. It explains fully all men and women's diseases, how to avoid them, and gives a positive home cure for each. Varicose, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Loosening, Sexual Diseases, Female Troubles, Weak Nerves, Kidney, etc., fully explained and treated. Send me a postal with your name and address and receive by return post, charges prepaid, sealed in plain wrapper, this magnificent Medical Treatise. Do not delay, but send at once for a copy of this splendid new book. One copy only will be sent to each person. Write to-day.

Dr. M. D. Macdonald, 2362 St. Catherine St., Montreal, Que.

Montenegrin Affairs

Montenegro has been stunned by astonishment. For the first time in the history of its relations with Russia, the Tsar's government has refused to comply with Prince Nikita's request to send a few shipments of wheat or maize to be distributed among the Montenegrins, who hardly ever have enough corn to carry them through the winter. Prince Nikita explains this rebuff to his people by the scarcity at present. But the rumor is spread that the Russian government has discovered that during a number of years the cargoes of corn which ought to have been distributed as the Tsar's free gift to the poor Montenegrins have been distributed only to those who could pay with hard cash for it. This dissatisfaction of the people with their present government is constantly increasing, and no country in the world has comparatively so many political emigrants as Montenegro. The payment of Prince Nikita's debt by the Sultan has alienated many sympathies from the Prince, and the Servian papers outside of Montenegro are full of violent attacks against him, written by Montenegrin emigrants.

Environment Affects Temperament

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SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF MINERALS ON DOMINION LANDS IN MANITOBA, THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES AND THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$20 for anthracite. Not more than 200 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—Persons of eighteen years and over and who stock companies holding from miner's certificates may obtain entry for a mining location. A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$1.50 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital. A free miner's certificate discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500x1,500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end of the line of the lode or vein. The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is \$5.

At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. Where no work has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1.00 an acre. Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 100 acres. The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a royalty of one per cent of the sales of the products of the location. Placer Mining.—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—Placer mining claims generally are 100x500 acres, entry fee, \$5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending beyond high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 200 feet wide may be obtained. Dredging in the Yukon Territory.—Big losses of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable. The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons to have, or who may receive, all rights for bar diggings, but not to the North Saskatchewan River, where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each alternate low-water mark. The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, and where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each five miles or fraction thereof. Rental, \$10 per acre for each mile of river, and a half per cent on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory.—Big losses of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable. The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease. The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental, \$100 per mile for first year and \$10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, same as placer mining. Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory.—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 200 feet in length, and shall be on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1,000 to 2,000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square. Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry fee, \$5, renewable yearly. The claim is within ten miles of mining recorder's office. One extra day allowed for each additional ten miles. The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate. The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days to a claim of 1,000 feet in length, and if the party consists of two, 1,500 feet altogether, on the output of which no royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only. Entry fee, \$10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller. No free miner shall receive an acre separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold several acres, each a separate purchase, and free miner's certificate claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of \$5. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained, on a creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee. No claim must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least \$200. A certificate that work has been done must be obtained within ten days if the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner. The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum.—All unappropriated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospecting, an area of 640 acres. The prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfied within ten days of discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well and such other land as may be determined, will be sold to the discoverer at the rate of \$1.00 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by order-in-council. Department of the Interior, Ottawa, February, 1904.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

Notice is hereby given that the Craigflower bridge is closed to traffic during repairs and until further notice. P. C. GAMBLE, Public Works Engineer, Victoria, B. C., 6th June, 1904.

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