

A Genuine Sale!

This week we will continue the sale of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware, purchased for less than 50c. on the dollar. We wish it distinctly understood that these goods are being sold at way below the original wholesale cost. Having purchased them at the figure given, we can afford to sacrifice them, and are doing so. Remember this Sale only lasts for a limited time. Next door to our own establishment.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.,
No. 47 Government Street.

There's Wisdom In Economy,

And there are different sorts of economy. The truest saving is to buy the best at the lowest price for which it can be sold. We buy the best, and sell on such a close margin of profit that our customers feel confident that bottom has been struck. Hence the active, progressive look of things which some people wonder at.

Dress Goods Again.

Never in such a position to serve your every need as now. The big stock fairly sparkles with Spring freshness. Whatever your Dress Goods thought may be here you will find its materialization. As to the prices—well, they're right, absolutely right, we've "sold" 'em the business.

Seductive Silks.

Every woman in town will have a new Silk Waist this Spring, and we would like the contract for supplying them. A little money goes a long way in this Silk matter.

Kid Gloves.

Perrin, Freres & Co. having at last settled their trouble with the Customs department, we are again able to supply their Bretagne Lacing Gloves, which are unquestionable.

Wash Goods Reception.

Dainty Dimities, Crinkly Crepes, pretty Percales, breezy Lawns, Window Challies, cleanly Ginghams, and hosts of other weaves.

Laundried Shirt Waists.

Going to be the biggest Shirt Waist season ever known. We've bought accordingly. Many pleasant surprises await you. Buy soon and get first pick, then it's off your mind.

Jackets and Capes.

A room full of them, and a room full of customers admiring and buying them. All Cloakdom contributes to this handsome stock of ours. We get the new things as fast as turned out.

The Westside.

April 11th, 1896.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,

100 Government Street.

- Fire Agency—The Liverpool & London & Globe Insce. Co. Losses settled without reference to Head or other branch offices.
- Marine Agency—The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, Lloyd's Underwriters, London.
- Life and Accident—The Traveler's Insurance Company.
- Railway Agents—The Union Pacific Railway Co'y.
- Steamship Agents—Atlantic Steamship Lines. Berths reserved by wire. Orders from Europe issued at lowest rates.
- Coal Office—THE WELLINGTON COAL YARD. Best Wellington Household, Nut, and Coasting Steam and Blacksmith Coal, constantly on hand, delivered in quantities to suit.

A Great Head



For business you'll be compelled to admit when you see our stock of Groceries. It's only a matter of opinion, of course, about your own personal likes and dislikes, but universal opinion comes very near, being positive proof. It's only a matter of universal opinion that our prices and goods are unexcelled. We are always with the markets, up or down. Look for an advance in Sugar. See our values in Butter. Another shipment of Soap: Electric, Eclipse, Mikado and Rose Bar, the best 5c. bar of Soap in the market. IMPORTED English Ale in pints, 10c.; quart, 20c. See our windows for Oranges and Lemons.

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

Hot Water Bottles, Fountain and Bulb Syringes.

We have a full line of these goods, of the best manufacture, at moderate prices.
John Cochran, Chemist,
N. W. Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

Reports on Mines

We are in a position to give clients the following for the prices set opposite: Report on the value of a prospect, including map and abstract of title \$50 00 Report on the value of a developed mine including maps and abstract of title 100 00 Special report on the value of the stock of any incorporated company in Trail Creek 25 00 General information free to clients.

FOR SALE—T. E. O. K.'s, St. Elmo, Iron Mask, Poorman, Virginia, Gerrude, War Eagles, Albert, Consolidated, Mineral Creek, Albert, Nanaimo.

"JIMMIES" the only lot in the market. PHOENIX and POORMAN. For all particulars, information and maps, call upon H. CUTHBERT & CO., Stock Brokers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MINING SHARES FOR SALE—8000 shares Poorman, between Le Roy and War Eagle @ 1c.; block of 1000 Josie @ 47c.; St. Elmo @ 16 1/2c.; 25,000 Home-estate in 1000 parcels; O. K. @ 30c.; 1000 War Eagle at \$2 (good dividends), and other shares. A. W. More & Co., Mining Brokers, 70 Douglas Street.

WE BEG to sincerely thank Chief Deasy, firemen and citizens, who so kindly assisted us in putting out the fire which took place at our mill yesterday afternoon. Multhead & Mann.

NEW WALL PAPER arriving daily. J. W. Mellor, 76 and 78 Fort Street.

A FURNISHED ROOM with use of bath. 144 Menzies St. ap10-3t

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Mann, Holland & Co., Broad Street, opposite the Drift.

CREOSOTE OIL, for shingles; 45c. per gallon. J. W. Mellor.

PIANO FOR SALE—Cheap for cash. X. Y. J., Thias Office. ap10-3t

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD WELLINGTON COAL at lowest market prices. Full weight guaranteed. Only white labor employed. Mann, Holland & Co., Broad Street, opposite Drift. Yard at foot of Johnson Street.

MIXED PAINTS—\$1.50 per gallon. J. W. Mellor.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS—'Changes' for standing advertisements must be handed in at the office before 11 a.m. of the day the 'Change' is desired to appear.

Dr. Hannington

Having returned from Europe, may be consulted at his office, corner of Kane and Blanchard streets. Hours 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 8 p.m. to 9 p.m.

For Sale or To Let.

Spacious Farm, 80 acres, for sale or to let at South Fork, Fine house, barn and chicken house (holds 100 chickens). 30 acres ready to plough; remainder good for grazing. Apply to A. HARMAN & CO., 30 Broad Street.

Sir William Wallace Society.

At their Hall, 28 Broad St.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 13th

Plus programme, followed by dance, with good music and refreshments. Admission 50 cents. Ladies free. ap11-1

The Ideal Wheel

Is a First-Class Machine...

We have just opened up a number of these much appreciated wheels, and if we can judge from the ready sale of the "IDEAL," it has gained much favor with the local bicyclists.

See Our SHOW WINDOWS OF Bicycles.

Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort Street.

ASK FOR CATALOGUE.

Garden tools at cut prices at Shorr's Hardware store, 57 Johnson Street.

SATAN WAS INCARNATE

In the Multi-Murderer and Arch-Enemy Holmes, Shortly to be Hanged.

A Blood-Curdling Chronicle—A Career of Crime, Bloodshed and Murder.

In His Diseased Imagination He Believes He Physically Resembles Satan.

Philadelphia, April 11.—The North American of this city to-day prints what purports to be extracts from the confession alleged to have been made by murderer H. H. Holmes. In pre-facing the confession, which covers in full nearly three newspaper pages, written in Holmes' own handwriting, and detailed with a minuteness simply revolting, the arch-murderer and author of twenty-seven murders, as he admits himself to be, states with something like pathos, that he does so simply that he may obtain enough money to educate his boy. Holmes writes his blood-curdling atrocities with an abandon which simply appals one. Not one grain of remorse seems to enter into the construction of the document, and never for a moment, except in one or two isolated cases, one, where he refers touchingly to the memory of Miss Williams, and another time when he pathetically speaks of the outrage perpetrated on his boy, does the redeeming element of pity figure in the case. Regret is never for a moment expressed; he comes out boldly and without compunction, opening with the statement: "I was born with the very devil in me." Even now he believes that the evil spirit is the guiding genius of his destiny. He believes he is fully under the spell of the damned, and, despite assertions to the contrary, that he is receiving the attentions of a minister of God, and that he is generally becoming imbued with the spirit of forgiveness and religion, he feels he is lost hopelessly. He even goes further and asserts that he is gradually, in appearance, in figure and in face, becoming distorted; and he sees, whether in the distortion of his body, imagination, by which he conjures hosts of vengeance-calling devils, or not all the faces assume the look, the eyes the leer and the very ears an exact similitude of the picture of Satan.

"Yes, I was born with the devil in me," says he in one part of his confession. "The inclination came to me naturally, as the inspiration to do right comes to the majority of persons. Where others' hearts are touched with pity, mine is filled with cruelty; where in others the feeling was to save life, I revealed in the thought of destroying it. Not only that, not satisfied in taking it in the ordinary way, I sought devices strange, fiendish, even grotesque, and my fancy gave me play to work my murderous will. I revelled in it with the enthusiasm of an alchemist who is hot on the trail of the philosopher's stone. This inclination came early in life. I remember, when a mere lad, my ambition was to study medicine that I might know the relative effects of poisonous gases; that I might fully become acquainted with their uses and learn to be expert in handling them.

"I am convinced that since my imprisonment I have changed woefully and gruesomely from what I formerly was in face and figure. I mean, in fact, that my features are gradually assuming that of a pronounced satanic cast, that I have become afflicted with that disease, rare but terrible, with which physicians are acquainted, over which they seem to have no control whatever. The disease is malformation or distortion of the osseous parts, causing deformity so marked in many methods that they are made to assume a likeness to the inferior animals. The change begins with pain in all the joints, followed by excruciating symptoms located on the head and bones of the face. These I attributed first to rheumatic trouble, until I found they were gradually causing a change to take place in my whole figure, quite in keeping with my character. The real nature of the malady then began to dawn on me. I recollect having studied once about a man whose features became deformed by this disease in such a way that he gradually grew to resemble a donkey. The horror of the thing did not fall on me, for it was quite in keeping with my nature, and like a true medical student, I began to study the new conditions that had arisen. From what I can see, I fully believe that I am growing to resemble Satan; that the osseous parts of my head and face are gradually assuming that elongated shape so pronounced in what is called the degenerate head that the similitude is almost completed."

Holmes' confession from this on speaks of his early experience of boyhood days on the farm in Vermont, and a life he led until he entered college to study medicine in Michigan. Not until after he graduated, fully equipped with a knowledge of the human frame and the easiest way to sever the simple thread of life, that Holmes began his career as a murderer and mutilator. When he began, he admits himself, that he was ruthless and never once halted until he took 27 lives, and would have committed six other murders, he added, had not certain occurrences intervened. Possibly one of the worst, most brutal, revolting and disgusting this arch-murderer ever committed was the one which he speaks of in the chapter devoted to

his boy, son of the wife whom he married in New England when but a youth. The chapter in question tells a story hardly creditable. Coming as it does from the lips of the father, it outranks for barbarous cruelty any other act ever committed. The only explanation he offers is that he did it simply to gratify his love of mutilation. "Shortly after I was married," he declares, "our boy, then but a youngster, was playing about with other lads of his own size and age, when I was seized with a wild desire to destroy him. I called him in from the road and took him out to the rear barn. I don't know what possessed me, but I took a surgical knife along with me. It was not a sudden impulse, nor the mad passion of a father, seeing his child about to grow up and enter a world of sorrow and sin, that led me to the deed. It was simply the craving of the murderer within me which inspired me to make a subject of my little one. I noticed there was a terrible look of fear on the little fellow's face as I took him into the barn. He trembled as I took the knife and told him to undress. I have often thought since it was like the look of a scared rabbit laid on the operating table, its pitiful eyes searching the group about him to see if all are intent on the anticipated incision. With the utmost abandon, and with here and there a sign of regret, Holmes tells how he went through the operation mutilating his own son. He tells how his own flesh and blood were made to submit to the barbarous blade, and then and there mutilated, it simply to rectify the cravings of the murderer's heart. Finished with that, Holmes felt satisfied that he did not murder the boy outright.

A BREACH OF FAITH

Rev. Mr. Knapp Was Forced to Leave Bitlis Earlier Than Was Agreed.

Had to Do So Without His Family, and Must Have Suffered Much From Bad Roads.

Constantinople, April 11.—Although the Turkish government have officially announced that missionaries in Asia Minor will not be expelled as long as they comply with the laws, it becomes more and more apparent, as fact after fact leaks out, that Rev. George H. Knapp's case seems to be assuming a graver aspect as time passes. It is stated to-day, on good authority, that the local officials of Bitlis received orders some time ago from a high quarter to expel Rev. Mr. Knapp, and it is added that it is highly probable that the order would have been carried out long before the missionary was compelled to leave his post, had it not been for the arrival at Moosh of the British vice-consul, Mr. Hampson. He interested himself in the case of the missionary, examined into the charges brought against him and eventually pronounced them to be entirely groundless, and so informed the United States minister, who thereupon insisted that the Rev. Mr. Knapp should be tried in his presence at Constantinople. Finally it was agreed between the Turkish government and Mr. Torrell that Rev. Mr. Knapp should leave Bitlis when the state of the roads permitted, or about the end of April. That is said to be the substance of the understanding arrived at. The missionary, however, was forced by the authorities of Bitlis to leave his post before April 1, and the roads were so bad that the Rev. Mr. Knapp's family were unable to accompany him. He is now reported to be at or near Alexandria. It is further stated that the United States minister was not informed, as he should have been, according to the agreement between the Porte and Mr. Torrell of the expulsion of the American missionary from Bitlis, and it is considered certain that he must have suffered a great deal on the journey to the coast.

C. P. HUNTINGTON IS ON TOP.

Re-elected President of the Southern Pacific Railway Yesterday.

San Francisco, April 11.—The annual election of officers of the Southern Pacific company occurred yesterday with the following result: President, C. P. Huntington; vice-president, Charles F. Crocker; second vice-president, E. H. Hubbard; third vice-president, E. C. Wright; assistant secretaries, C. F. Kretz and J. E. Gates; controller, William Mahd; assistant controller, E. C. Wright.

DEATH OF COL. COCKERELL.

Had an Apoplectic Fit, and the End Was Sudden.

New York, April 11.—A dispatch to the Herald from Cairo, Egypt, dated the 10th, gives the following details of the death of Col. John A. Cockerell: Col. Cockerell was out driving this afternoon, apparently in perfect health. At 7 o'clock he went to the barber shop at the hotel, and while there was seized with an apoplectic attack, fell from the chair and was carried to his room. At 10 o'clock he died peacefully without having regained consciousness. Mr. Powell, U. S. diplomatic agent in Cairo, being notified of the melancholy event, left a dinner party at which he was a guest, and, with Mr. Washington, U. S. vice-consul general, went to the colonel's bedside. The end was painless. These gentlemen saw the body conveyed to the mortuary chapel at midnight.

SIR CHARLES A CATHOLIC.

This is the Latest Turn That is Reported of Tupper The Elder.

The House Will Probably Close Its Long Drawn Out Session at Midnight.

It Will then Have Sat 120 Hours Straight—Sir Charles Purchases a House.

Ottawa, April 11.—The house is still sitting. Eleven clauses of the bill have been passed, and the debate is now on the motion to adjourn. The house will have sat 120 hours at midnight, when it is expected that an adjournment will be reached.

Mr. Kelley, the member for Chicoutimi, has sent a letter to his constituents stating that Sir Charles Tupper will join the Roman Catholic church shortly.

Hon. Mr. Laurier is to-day attending the Liberal convention at Beauharnois, where Mr. Tupper will be nominated against Mr. Bergeron.

Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., has bought a fifteen thousand dollar house in Ottawa.

The revenue last month increased a quarter of a million dollars. Nine members of the Bisley team have accepted so far.

CECIL RHODES IS ALL RIGHT.

He Has Recovered From the Fever and Resumed His March.

Port Salisbury, Matabeleland, April 11.—Mr. Cecil Rhodes, formerly premier of Cape Colony, who has been suffering from fever here for some days, is now much better. He proposes to march to Bulawayo with the column of troops intended for relief of that place.

IT IS FRANCE AND TURKEY

That Are Now Arriving at an Understanding About Egypt.

Paris, April 11.—Le Jour says that Premier Bourgeois has had a long conference with the Turkish ambassador here, and the newspaper expresses the opinion that an agreement between France and Turkey in regard to the Egyptian situation has been arrived at.

CONSUL WILLIAMS IS SAFE.

No Truth in the Story of His Murder in Havana.

Havana, April 11.—There is absolutely no truth in the story from Madrid, printed this morning in the New York Herald, to the effect that the United States consul-general here, Mr. Ramon O. Williams, had been murdered and his body dragged through the streets. A representative of the Associated Press called upon Mr. Williams to-day, and found him enjoying the best of health. He laughed at the report circulated, and said he was very busy with diplomatic matters.

MATABELELAND MATTERS.

Relief Parties Being Organized for the Assistance of Settlers.

London, April 11.—The secretary of state for the Colonies, Mr. Jos. Chamberlain, has received a dispatch from the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, dated to-day, saying that a relief party of one hundred troops will leave Mafeking on Monday for Bulawayo, with a supply of rifles to arm the volunteers of the latter place. Governor Robinson added that Captain Brand's force is thirty miles from Bulawayo, in the direction of Tull, and that he has asked for assistance. Two of the party have been killed, and twenty are wounded. A relief party will start immediately to the assistance of Capt. Brand. The Mac-sully of cattle and grain, but the cattle in Mafeking are reported to be dying of pest.

American News.

New Orleans, April 11.—Arthur Schneider, a German about 20 years of age, was hanged to-day. Schneider was in love with a girl employed in the same restaurant as he. She rejected him. He murdered Herman Schroeder, a rival, and almost killed the girl. He killed Deputy Sheriff Jerry Regan in prison with a knife.

CAMPAIGN FUND IS MOVING.

To Establish Conservative Clubs Elsewhere as in Victoria.

Montreal, April 11.—Montreal will have a new Liberal-conservative association. The membership will be about 1,000. The club building on St. James street has been taken as its headquarters.

"Odorama" imparts beauty to the teeth, fragrance to the breath and health to the gums.

Everybody wants a wheel; everybody wants the best for the money; everybody ought to know the merits of the "Ideal." Call at Weiler Bros.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

THE BERMUDA'S TRIP

Story of the Steamer's Successful Strategy Against Suspicious Spaniards.

Rumors of Another Battle—Official Report of Heavy Insurance Loss.

New York, April 11.—The Herald publishes the following correspondence, under date of Puerto Cortez, Honduras: The steamship Bermuda, which was detained in New York harbor on Feb. 24 as she was preparing to leave for Cuba with a large and enthusiastic party of patriots and an ample supply of ammunition and arms, arrived here.

The history of her voyage, ending in the safe disembarkation of the filibusters and their arms, bristles with dramatic incidents.

The log was recited off by one of the officers of the ship, who told his story in a matter of fact way which rather served to intensify than dull its interest.

"I'll tell you the story," he said, "beginning with our departure from New York harbor. You know that on Saturday, March 14, we lay at anchor off Bedloe's island. We had some trouble in engaging a crew, owing to the previous difficulty with the United States authorities. But after we had got our agents at work they went beautifully.

"Sundry mornings following, at seven o'clock, we weighed anchor and slipped through the narrows.

"During the night of Monday, March 16, we steamed up and down the coast at half speed, and when the day dawned the Bermuda was a changed ship. Men had been set to work at night to change her red funnel into black.

"This was necessary to avoid immediate identification in case we should fall in with any Spanish men-of-war, and the event proved that the precaution was well timed.

"The sun rose brilliantly, as if in favor of our enterprise, and as the sea was brightening under its first rays our hearts sank like lead at the spectacle presented a few miles seaward. There in the half light hung a big Spanish man-of-war. She seemed not over two miles away, and I do not yet understand how she let us go by unchallenged. We did nothing but watch her apprehensively until she sank out of sight on the edge of the horizon.

"On Tuesday morning the Bermuda cast anchor off Assateague island, Va., and took on a quantity of lumber, eight boats and four seamen. The seamen were badly needed. By two o'clock in the afternoon she was heading northward again. Next day the Bermuda came to anchor early in the morning off Atlantic City. Here Gen. Garcia came on board with 72 Cubans, and among them was Senor Nemes.

"In half an hour she was heading southward, with her band of Cubans, who were in the very best of spirits.

"All went well until March 19, when a stiff southerly gale roughened the sea. On the following day, Friday, the gale increased, the waves rose still higher, the ship labored considerably and then a marked change came over the wind—men—they were dreadfully seasick. On Saturday, however, the weather abated, but the engines broke down twice that day, once in the morning and once in the afternoon. This caused a delay of four hours altogether. During the lull the arms and ammunition were brought on deck and distributed to the Cubans.

"Fine weather and a smooth sea ushered in the Sabbath, and the Cubans busied themselves making into small packages the munitions of war for greater facility in handling. The Bermuda passed Turk's Island on the morning of the 23rd, and on Tuesday, the 24th, hove to three miles off shore, and about seven miles west of Baracoa, in the southeast end of Cuba. It was an anxious time for the Cubans. A reconnoitering party, consisting of volunteers from the ship's crew, including the New York pilot and five Cubans, commanded by one of the ship's officers, went ashore.

"A signal had been arranged with the ship. If the reconnoitering party found nothing suspicious the signal was to be given for lowering the boats before effecting a landing. Fortune favored the expedition. The discipline was excellent, and in a remarkably short time the men and cargo were ashore safely. It was two o'clock in the morning when the last load left the ship.

"Up in the blue sky the moon was shining brightly and the stars shone gloriously. The heart of those on shore beat high when they saw each little cargo come silently and swiftly from the ship to the shore. As boat after boat unloaded its cargo there was a disposition to cheer, but this was checked by the officers, who could not afford to let their comrades lead them into danger while it was not necessary to do so just then.

"It was well for us that all our movements at this critical time were characterized with the utmost caution. Not a word was spoken as the men and arms were landed. Seven miles away, in Baracoa harbor, lay six Spanish cruisers, and the slightest blunder would have imperiled our lives.

"The officer concluded his narrative by stating that thirty minutes after the Cubans marched inland and the Bermuda got under way again, a Spanish man-of-war came from the harbor and began throwing her searchlight across the sea. Again fortune favored the Bermuda, and she escaped unnoticed.

"A special to the Herald from Havana says: Reports have reached here of a serious battle between the Spanish troops and a strong body of insurgents who made an assault upon the government line in Havana province with the intention of crushing it. It is rumored the insurgent loss was very heavy.

Havana, April 11.—Gen. Oliver, near Camajuan, Santa Clara, had a severe engagement with 200 insurgents under Jose Gonzalez, the colored leader, resulting in the defeat of the insurgents with the loss of thirty killed and many wounded. The troops lost 15 killed and 26 wounded.

Ministers, Lawyers, Teachers, and others whose occupation gives but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid liver and biliousness. One is a dose. Try them.

THE HOPE MINE DISASTER.

One of the Rescuing Party Made a Victim to Bad Gas.

Helena, Mont., April 11.—Another victim has been added to the Hope mine disaster. Last evening the rescuing party succeeded in descending to the 100 foot level, but bad air made them come up soon. All returned but one. An attempt was made to go back after him but the gas increased so that it was impossible, and the man is dead beyond doubt. There are no signs of life from the seven men entombed.

DISHONEST RAWSON IS OUT.

Expelled From the Thirteen Club for a Low Down Trick.

A TYPO'S RELEASE.

FROM THE AWFUL SUFFERINGS OF RHEUMATISM.

The Case of E. P. Robbins, of Welland—A Sufferer for Seventeen Years—His Case Resisted the Treatment of the Best Hospitals, and He Has Become a Physical Wreck—His Wonderful Release.

From the Welland Telegraph.

The world-to-day is both commercially and scientifically inclined towards systems, and news like everything else is gathered systematically. Every newspaper has its staff of reporters to observe and collect the news of its particular locality or district. For some time past a reporter of the Welland Telegraph has been watching the development of a treatment for a serious case of rheumatism on one of the employes of that institution. About eighteen years ago, Mr. E. P. Robbins, while at work in the Telegraph printing office, was suddenly seized with sharp pains all over the body, accompanied by extreme swellings. He reached home, but a short distance from the office, with difficulty, and on the doctor being called he pronounced it inflammatory rheumatism. For seven weeks he laid in bed under the care of the physician, and at the end of that time he was again able to resume his duties. During the next few years he was subject to frequent slight attacks, and finally thought a change of location might be beneficial. With this idea Mr. Robbins visited the different American cities, sometimes in good health and again unable to get out of bed, until in 1888 he finally settled in New York. Here, for about two years, he followed his occupation with comparative little sickness, when he suffered a severe attack which left him, until a few months ago, a martyr to that terrible disease. Mr. Robbins recalls somewhat after weeks of illness and went back to the types, but again and again he was laid up, working only about six days a month. Gradually he grew worse, and almost discouraged entered the Sisters hospital. After spending many weary months within its walls he was discharged with the awful verdict "incurable." More from a sense of duty than with hope he tried other hospitals in the city but with the same result, and resigned to his fate he left for his old home, where he arrived in February, 1893, a crippled resemblance of his former self, and was passed unrecognized by his former friends. Here, in the house of his father, James W. Robbins, he was bed-ridden until the summer, and then during the warm days was able to walk about with the aid of a spiked cane for a few minutes at a time. When the cold weather came, however, he was again confined to the house. Pink Pills were frequently recommended to Mr. Robbins, and in December last he started to take them. The first box was unnoticeable but the second produced a slight change for the better. More were taken, and the improvement was daily hailed with joy by his friends. The rheumatism slowly but surely laid and has not since returned. In March last Mr. Robbins was once more at work and has not lost a day since. The cane has long since been discarded and "E.P." is one of the happiest, jolliest employes in the office. Mr. Robbins is well known in the county and indeed throughout the whole district, and although, as he says, he has not got the strength of Hercules yet, Pink Pills have given him for a trifling cost the relief he spent hundreds of dollars in vain trying to secure. He considers the disease completely out of his system and can eat and sleep well, two essential points to good health. Mr. Robbins strongly recommends this wonderful medicine to other sufferers.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of the disease, driving it from the system and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralysis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, sciatitis, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these are superior to all other treatment. They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women a burden, and speedily restore the rich glow of health to sallow cheeks. Men broken down by overwork, worry or excess, will find in Pink Pills a certain cure.

Sold by all dealers or sent by mail, postpaid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

San Francisco, April 11.—One of the wealthiest passengers who ever crossed the Pacific ocean in the steerage of an ocean steamer arrived from Australia on the Mariposa. John Nagel was the passenger, and he carried his fortune in a small canvas bag. His girth would never give rise to the suspicion that he was worth thousands of dollars. He wore a pair of duck trousers and a coat of similar texture, the latter being held together by a hundred threads. The sack he carried contained scores of diamonds of all sorts and sizes, which he had gathered in the wilds of Western Australia.

When Nagel boarded the Mariposa at Sydney he handed over his bag of diamonds to Philip Smith, who gave him a receipt for it and dismissed the matter from his mind.

The purser's troubles had only begun, for the diamond king of the steerage for the diamond king of the steerage for the diamond king of the steerage.

Shortly after the Mariposa docked Nagel left the steamer with his bag and soon disappeared from the dock. Of his future movements he would say nothing further than he was going to remain in America, as this country was good enough for him. He is about 40 years and has been a diamond hunter most of his life. His fortune represents the labor of many weary days and nights, and he thinks he has made enough to enable him to settle down.

Dr. Blue, governor examiner of emigrants, but he is not alone to inquire into the physical condition of those who desire to land, but to see that they are possessed of the necessary \$30, which raises them above the level of paupers, had before him yesterday an exceptional case. The man was shabbily dressed, but he is not alone to inquire into the physical condition of those who desire to land, but to see that they are possessed of the necessary \$30, which raises them above the level of paupers, had before him yesterday an exceptional case. The man was shabbily dressed, but he is not alone to inquire into the physical condition of those who desire to land, but to see that they are possessed of the necessary \$30, which raises them above the level of paupers, had before him yesterday an exceptional case. 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PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

FIFTIETH DAY.

Friday, April 10, 1896. Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock; prayers by Rev. W. D. Barber, and the house at once went into committee on the supplementary estimates.

There was some discussion on the necessity of a forest ranger (\$1,140), but the item was passed. The principal discussion was over the vote for the parliament buildings, \$50,000 in which the ground of the principal objections to the buildings was all traversed again.

On reaching the item \$15,000, colonization road, Bella Coola valley, there was some enquiry about the matter, when, Hon. Col. Baker said that this money would be spent to good purpose. There are some 110 colonists there at present, who are going to work steadily building up the country, having begun in a small and moderate way, but in a manner which promised well for the future of the district and the consequent benefit to the province as the country is opened up and developed.

In reply to Mr. Semlin, Col. Baker said that there are some one hundred and ten settlers who have 160 acres each, and that there are some 14,000 acres of arable land still open for settlement in that valley.

On vote contesting legal questions with Dominion government, counsel fees re foreshore and fisheries, Mr. Williams drew attention to the unsettled state of the title to some of the fore-shore property in Vancouver, and said he thought the question should be cleared up as soon as possible.

Hon. Mr. Eberts said there was some doubt as to whether the title was not quite good. He understood that the late attorney-general had given an opinion that it was.

Mr. Semlin, in this connection, brought up the matter of the settlers on the south side of the Thompson. The C. P. R. he said, had served these people with injunctions to restrain them from using the water there for irrigation purposes, and as the people had acquired their titles from the local government, it was only right that the latter should defend them in their suits with the C. P. R.

Hon. Mr. Mann supported Mr. Semlin's remarks, and Mr. Turner thought also that the government should defend the settlers.

Mr. Kennedy, on the motion to approve the amount to be written off in connection with the defaulting registrars, drew attention to the relative sentences passed on Prevost and Warwick in view of the crimes and subsequent conduct of the two men. Prevost did all he could to avoid arrest, while Warwick did quite the reverse when he found himself unable to make restitution.

OFFICIAL LOG SCALERS. Mr. Walkem, chairman of the select committee appointed to enquire into the working of the official log scalers' act, submitted the following report, which was received and adopted:

Your select committee appointed to enquire into the working of the act of 1895 in respect to the scaling of logs in the province beg leave to report as follows: Your committee have held six meetings and have received evidence from the timber inspector government scalers with men and loggers. In our opinion no proper effort has yet been made on the mainland to carry out the provisions of the log scaling act, and we are of opinion that it could easily be done with the number of men originally appointed. We also think that in the interior it would not pay expenses to keep a government scaler,

but the government should require a sworn statement from each mill-owner or company that the logs cut in their mill have been scaled according to the rules laid down in the B. C. scale. The nearest government official could attend to this compliance on the part of the mill-owner or company. We also find that a prejudice exists in the minds of a great many loggers against the British Columbia scale, but this in our opinion is founded principally on theory and from misconception of the rule.

We find that on Vancouver Island the new system has been in force for the last eight months, and has given, or appears to have given, general satisfaction. We think also that some more efficient check should be put on the distinction between dutiable and non-dutiable logs. One very desirable suggestion would be that the government should the masters of all tugs engaged in towing logs with blank forms to be filled in duplicate or every tow with the following information: The amount or the approximate amount in the boom or the license lease or other description of property on which the logs were cut, the name of the logger, the distinction of the boom, the name of the tug and the master, the date and date.

A copy of this information in the form specified to be given to the timber inspector and another copy to the mill authorities. We have also had the suggestion made that the scale which would give the fairest to all concerned and prices would arrange themselves accordingly. This would encourage the using of sawing, saving machinery wherever possible, and your committee would recommend this suggestion to the government's most serious consideration.

In conclusion we would strongly recommend that the act be enforced and that in every case where the scaling has been done by the government scaler he be required to give a copy of the scale to both buyer and seller.

Hon. Mr. Turner introduced the bill of indemnity, Mr. Booth an act respecting the creditors' trust deeds act, and Hon. Mr. Eberts an act respecting contented a message transmitting the county courts act, with amendments, for the consideration of the house.

The suggested additions are as follows: Nothing contained in the execution act shall be deemed to affect or impair the force or effect of sections 160 to 172, both inclusive, of the county courts act, as they same may be or have been amended, or the powers and jurisdiction thereof, or in relation to the proceedings thereby provided for.

The existing law, practice, and procedure relating to appeals from any county court, or a judge thereof, is hereby abolished, and for greater certainty, but not so as to restrict the generality of the foregoing, the following acts are hereby repealed: County court amendment act, 1892, sections 3 and 4. County courts amendment act, 1893, sections 16 and 17. County courts amendment act, 1894, section 6.

Provided that such repeal shall not affect any proceedings had or taken prior to the passage hereof, and the same may be carried on and concluded as if this act had not been passed.

In any action of contract or tort where the plaintiff shall claim a sum of one hundred dollars or over, or a counter claim shall be set up of the said amount or any suit under section 44 of the principal act, where the subject-matter or question in dispute shall equal or exceed in value one hundred dollars, or in cases of interpleader, replevin, or garnishment proceedings, where the subject matter shall equal or exceed

one hundred dollars, an appeal shall lie to the supreme court sitting as a full court from all judgments, orders, or decrees, whether final or interlocutory, of the county court, or a county court judge, made in such action, suit or proceeding; and in the event of the appeal being from a judge of the supreme court sitting as a county court judge, such appeal shall not sit on the hearing of such appeal. Provided, always, that in all cases where the amount involved is under one hundred dollars, an appeal shall lie to the full court from final judgments, without leave on questions of law only, and from interlocutory judgments by leave of the county court judge.

The rules, orders, and statutes from time to time regulating appeals in the supreme court to the full court shall govern the practice and procedure upon similar appeals from a county court.

The costs of and consequent upon such appeals as aforesaid shall be charged and taxed according to the scale in force from time to time in the supreme court, and in such cases, which no provision is made in the said scale for work done, the same shall be charged for in accordance with similar work in the said scale.

The full court shall have the like powers with reference to appeals in the supreme court to the full court as the Hon. Mr. Martin presented a return respecting government and other town lots in Nelson.

It being six o'clock the speaker left the chair.

AFTER RECESS. The house went into committee of supply on the supplementary estimates, which were finally dealt with and the bill of indemnity put through the usual formal stages.

Mr. Semlin in this connection asked if the government could not bring down the estimates earlier in the session, say two weeks or a month after the meeting of the house. He suggested that such a course should be made statutory, and remarked that it would not only be convenient to the house, but would materially shorten the session.

The small debt court act was read a third time and passed. The report on the mineral bill was considered and adopted after considerable discussion and amendment.

On division it was resolved to adjourn till Monday, as it was manifest the business could not be finished Saturday.

NOTICE OF MOTION

Mr. Semlin—Whereas the proposition submitted by the promoters of the British Pacific railway to the government has aroused considerable discussion throughout the province; and whereas the amount of financial aid asked for was one of the reasons given by the executive council for their refusal to entertain the proposition; and whereas the revenue of the province is insufficient to meet the expenditure; Be it therefore resolved, That in the opinion of this house, the province is not in a position to justify the giving of financial aid to this enterprise, either by direct payment or by any guarantee of interest or principal.

Are You One Of those unhappy persons who are suffering with weak nerves, starting at every slight sound, unable to endure any unusual disturbance, finding it impossible to sleep? Avoid opiate and nerve compounds. Feed the nerves upon blood made pure and nourishing by the great blood purifier and true nerve tonic, Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation. 25c.

—We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one, at Fox's, 78 Government street.



John Taylor & Co., Manufacturers.

HE HAS SWORN TO IT

AN EX-DEPT. POLICE OFFICER OF CARLETON CO., ON THE SITUATION.

The Strongest Affidavit He Has Made in His Wide Experience of Twenty Years—He Says He Never Expected to Do So, and is Glad the Hour Has Struck.

County of Carleton, To-wit: I, Thomas Moffatt of the city of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, do solemnly declare that I live at 176 Murray street, in the city of Ottawa, that I am forty-six years of age and a baker by trade and was formerly of the Dominion police. For over twenty years I have been badly afflicted with rheumatism. So severe was my case that I thought I would never get better.

On the first day of May, 1895, I began taking "Rychman's Kootenay Cure." I used three bottles and it cured me completely. I have not felt the least sign of rheumatism since. It is a great tonic and a grand Blood Purifier. I gained twelve pounds in weight while using the remedy. I recommend it most highly.

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true, and knowing it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath, and by virtue of the Canadian Evidence Act.

(Signed) THOMAS MOFFATT. Taken and acknowledged before me at the city of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, this 10th day of February, 1896.

(Signed) JOSEPH R. ESMONDE, Justice of the Peace for the County of Carleton.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Regular Monthly Meeting of the School Board Held Yesterday Evening.

Changes Made in the Salaries of Some of the Victoria West Teachers.

Trustee Yates was the only absentee at the regular meeting of the school board last evening, when a lot of general business was taken up.

Edith M. Dalby resigned her position of pupil teacher of the North Ward school. Accepted.

A number of applications for positions were received and laid on the table. It was decided to retain the services of Mr. J. N. Muir as teacher in the high school until the end of the term at the rate of \$1,000 per annum.

The attendance officer reported that there was not so much sickness lately. In regard to boys playing truant the officer suggested that the police be sent after them, he being unable to find out who they were. Received and filed.

The supply committee recommended that the contract for coal be awarded to Messrs. Ruttray & Hall and for scavenger work to Peter Hansen. Adopted.

The monthly reports for February and March are: February average daily attendance, 1878.5, average actual attendance 1846.7, number of pupils enrolled, 2128; average per teacher, 43.3, March average daily attendance, 1931.4; average actual attendance, 1929.80; pupils per teacher, 45.61. This is an improvement over last year.

A petition, largely signed, was presented to the board asking them to reconsider their action regarding teachers' salaries.

Trustee Belyea moved that the petitioners be notified that the board cannot at present see their way clear to changing their policy regarding the reduction of the teachers' salaries. It was seconded by Trustee Lovell and carried.

It was decided to remove the two classes now being taught in the Rock Bay school to the North Ward school, rooms to be fixed up for their accommodation.

Trustee Belyea moved, seconded by Mrs. Grant, that the salary of Mr. Stephenson of the Victoria West school be raised from \$550 to \$600. This latter is the average of the teachers going the same work as Mr. Stephenson. This was adopted, and it was also decided to raise Miss Kermode's salary from \$700 to \$750 a year.

Trustee Belyea moved, seconded by Mrs. Grant, that the chart and first primer classes be dismissed at 11:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. each day after May 1st.

Trustee Belyea moved that after the present term no children be admitted to the primary or chart classes after the first ten days of the term. Trustee

She sings this merry refrain for her work is done early by using

ECLIPSE

Soap. Are you using it? If not, send for a bar to your grocer. It will pay you to do so.

McMicking seconded the motion, which was adopted. Trustee Saunders, that the salaries of the fifth assistant teachers be raised from \$550 to \$600 per annum.

Trustees Belyea and Hayward expressed the opinion that men should receive higher salaries than ladies. To this Mrs. Grant strongly objected.

Trustee McMicking moved in amendment that no salaries be lower than \$600. At present fifteen teachers are receiving \$550. Mrs. Grant seconded the amendment.

After some discussion both motions were withdrawn. The supply committee was empowered to make arrangements regarding the use of board rooms at the secretary's office.

Miss E. A. Lee was appointed pupil teacher of North Ward school. The board adjourned at 10:30.

PROPPED UP BY PILLOWS FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS.

A Terrible Experience with Heart Disease, Yet Cured by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart.

Do not our largest sympathies well out to those who suffer from heart disease? It comes so suddenly, and its symptoms are usually so distressing that direct agony is experienced by the patient. The case of Mr. L. W. Law, of Toronto Junction, Ont., who was unable to lie down in bed for eighteen months owing to smothering spells and palpitation, is by no means exceptional. Who would have thought the case would be cured, and yet one bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart removed trouble in this case. It gives such speedy relief, that even where the symptoms are less dangerous, it ought at once to be taken as a means of driving the terrible disease from the system.

—People of good taste use Odorama for their teeth—Do you?

An Affidavit.

This is to certify that on May 11th I walked to Melick's drug store on a pair of crutches and bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm for inflammatory rheumatism, which had crippled me up. After using three bottles I am completely cured. I can cheerfully recommend it. Charles H. Wetzel, 8 Murray, Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me on August 10th, 1894.—Walter Shipman, J. P. For sale at 75 cents per bottle by all druggists, Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

—The primary object of the farcical play, "A Railroad Ticket" which comes to the Victoria Theatre on Monday evening, is to please; its secondary object is to amuse, and in both of these undertakings it is said to succeed admirably. "A Railroad Ticket" is a farce comedy in three acts, satirizing cut-rate ticket brokers, and has sufficient plot to sustain interest throughout the performance. The cast includes Eugene Canfield, J. H. Bradbury, Harry Porter, Frank Gallinger, John S. Terry, Kathel Kerr, Beatrice Norman, Hattie Waters, Nellie Stembler, Mattie Lockette, Hulda Walters and Lou Rice.

—It may save you time and money to be informed that when you need a blood purifier, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the kind most in favor with the medical profession. It is the standard, and as such, the only blood-purifier admitted at the Chicago World's Fair.

"77"

For Spring Colds.

* The most tantalizing of all are * * * the colds of Spring, influenza * * * with its running rivulets, requiring the ever-ready handkerchief * * * in hand, and so dangerous, after * * * the long siege of winter, the system is in just the condition for * * * La Grippe, and the slightest * * * carelessness, in dress or exposure, * * * are, may bring on the chill, pain * * * in the head or back-ache, * * * the first symptoms of Grip or * * * Pneumonia. * * * "77" is the shield between you * * * and the danger. When taken in * * * time it never fails to ward off * * * the disease, and is a positive * * * cure for Colds, Grip, Influenza, * * * Pains in the Head or Chest, * * * Cough, Sore Throat, General * * * Prostration and Fever.

Sold by druggists, or sent prepaid upon receipt of price, 25c, or five for \$1. May assured. Humphreys' Medicine Company, 111 William Street, New York.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

"THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blood or Bleeding Piles, Itching or Stinging of the Anus. The relief is immediate—the cure certain. PRICE, 50 CENTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CENTS. Sold by druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 119 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 15

VICTORIA THEATRE.

ONE JOLLY NIGHT MONDAY, APRIL 13th.

Freeman's Funmakers

Headed by Everybody's Favorite, EUGENE CANFIELD, (late of Hoyt's "A Temperance Town Co."), presenting the Ozone of March.

A Railroad Ticket

Printed at the Victoria Daily Times, 50c. Seats at 5c. Sale at 2c. Jamieson's.

MR. KAYE Receives pupils for instruction in Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Mathematics and other studies. Cases of neglected education receive special attention. 111 Fisgard street.

Newfoundland Cod Fish, Finnan Haddies, Skd. Salmon, Labrador Herring.

R. H. Jameson, 43 FOYET STREET

Kootenay Mines.

LATEST INFORMATION OF New Finds, Transfers, Shipments of Ore, Developments. WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF Stock and Share Prices.

THE MINER

PUBLISHED AT NELSON. The oldest mining paper in B. C. To be had of all news agents or of

Mr. Geo. Shedden, Agent for Victoria and Vancouver Island.

Harrison Hot Springs

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

St. Alice Hotel

Pleasure Resort. Now Open for Reception of Guests

This popular resort has been completely renovated and improved, and intending visitors will find every comfort and attention. The medical department is in charge of Dr. H. J. Philpot, so well and popularly known to those who visited the springs during the past season.

The bathing department, with latest improved porcelain lined baths, has been entirely renovated, and is in charge of experienced male and female attendants.

Excellent hunting and fishing can be had in the vicinity of the springs. A steam launch and a fleet of sail and row boats are provided for guests.

The nearest point to the Harrison Lake mines. Guides and outfits provided. Bath Hotel—winter and summer—under same management.

Stages meet all trains at Agassiz Station, C. P. Ry., 5 miles from the springs. For further particulars and rates, which are very low, write to

BROWN BROS.,

Harrison Hot Springs, B. C.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Don't forget, these Remedies have been PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other

Sold by all Chemists and direct from Langley & Co.

AMUSEMENTS

Young Men's Liberal Club.

Members of the above association and all those opposed to the present Dominion government, are invited to attend the

Smoking Concert

To be held in the CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS, Balmoral Buildings, Douglas St., on

Wednesday Evening, April 15

A choice programme is being prepared.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

ONE JOLLY NIGHT MONDAY, APRIL 13th.

THE TALK OF THE TOWN.

Dwarfing all former triumphs in farce comedy's realm. A giganti... weeping central... of America's best. New & Songs, Ideas and Danes.

Freeman's Funmakers

Headed by Everybody's Favorite, EUGENE CANFIELD, (late of Hoyt's "A Temperance Town Co."), presenting the Ozone of March.

A Railroad Ticket

Paine's Celery Compound Victorious!



Fearful Sufferings Endured for Years.

SIX DOCTORS FAIL TO CURE A TORTURED LADY.

Mrs. Thomas McMaster, of Toronto, Tells Her Story.

Hope and Comfort for All Who Suffer From Any Disease.

Paine's Celery Compound the Great Healer and Life-saver.

Mrs. Thos. McMaster, of 46 Cumberland street, Toronto, is now a happy and grateful woman, and deems it her duty to acquaint suffering humanity of the great healing and health-giving virtues of Paine's Celery Compound. From her statement made to a reporter of the Toronto Evening Star we give the following extracts:— "Ten years ago I was attacked with neuralgia, and though treated by six doctors, the disease grew and nearly

drove me insane. I was for one summer an out-door patient at the hospital here, but only got temporary relief. "I was sleepless for nights, my digestion was bad, and I would feel a pain in my stomach everything time I ate anything. Day after day I suffered the most intense agony, and I often wonder I didn't go crazy. I took endless medicines given me by medical men, and getting worse, I became utterly disheartened. "One day my deliverance came. A

lady who had suffered just as I had told me Paine's Celery Compound had cured her. I used the compound as a last resort, and it simply made a new woman of me. The pain vanished; my eyesight, which was impaired, returned, and I felt myself growing well, and I never felt happier in my life. I am now well and strong, and all my health and happiness are due to Paine's Celery Compound. I will always gratefully remember the medicine that cured me and speak a good word for it."

Calendar for April 1896 showing days of the week and dates.

JOSHUA DAVIES STOCK BROKER, Room 7, Board of Trade Building, Member of the Victoria Stock Exchange.

The Daily Times. MANITOBA'S OFFER.

Remedial legislation at Ottawa has been, said by its advocates to be necessary because Manitoba refused to redress the grievances of the minority, as directed in the judgment of the privy council. It is impossible to offer that excuse any longer, since Manitoba did make a distinct offer, at the conference with the Dominion commissioners to remove any well-founded grievances. The province's representatives went so far as to offer the recognition of religious instruction at stated hours, the privilege of controlling this instruction among the children of its own faith to be conferred on any denomination choosing to accept it.

It is certainly not essential that the statutes repealed by the act of 1890 should be re-enacted, or that the precise provisions of these statutes should again be made law. The system of education embodied in the statutes of 1890 no doubt commends itself, and adequately supplies the wants of the great majority of the inhabitants of the province. All legitimate grounds of complaint would be removed if that system were supplemented by provisions which would remove the grievances upon which the appeal is founded; and were modified so far as might be necessary to give effect to these provisions.

A NICE LEADER. If Sir Charles Tupper has accomplished nothing else by his scheme of coercing parliament to coerce Manitoba, he has at least elicited some interesting opinions of himself from good Conservatives.

Addressing Mr. McNeill, he (Sir Charles) told that hon. gentleman that he had read himself out of the party. "He has read himself out," said Sir Charles, "to my entire satisfaction. (Delirious cheers.) I will fight a manly battle with him outside this house, but I don't want traitors in my party. I would rather sit in opposition than sit on the treasury benches with such support as the member from North Bruce."

pledge over and over, and then to deliberately object to that resolution he had promised to support. I hope no such disgraceful record can ever be urged against me. (Hear, hear.) I shall bid adieu to this house and retire into my head, leave this house and retire into my head, leave this house and retire into my head, leave this house and retire into my head.

Mr. McNeill—I made no reference to the hon. gentleman's remarks in support of preferential trade, but to my resolution, which he knew perfectly well was not a resolution confined to the trade question. He is too intelligent not to know it embodied the Hofmeyer scheme. He discussed it with me, and discussed the special phase with reference to defence, which was its peculiarity. It was amended to suit his views, and afterwards he wrote to say he would support it. Here is his letter:

"Dear Mr. McNeill—I am greatly obliged to you for sending me a copy of your amended resolution respecting the imposition of a small duty on foreign products, and which I shall have much pleasure in supporting. He says he would have voted for it, but I attach little value to such a promise when in his speech he opposed the essential part of the resolution. If the hon. gentleman had no better explanation to give, I am obliged to let the statements I have already made stand on the record.

Mr. McNeill went on to say that the leader of the house did himself no good by insulting, browbeating and bullying every member of the party who differed from him, nor would it advance his position in the country or command him to those who were proud to belong to the Conservative party, but repudiated the policy he tried to force down their throats. He was trying to do what he knew in his heart was unconstitutional.

When several hundred citizens petitioned the school board to reconsider their action regarding the teachers' salaries, "they could not see their way clear to do it." Half an hour later they were busily engaged in changing some of the salaries.

The school board seem to have forgotten their resolution to economize. They are still paying a truant officer \$40 a month for recommending that a policeman be sent after a number of boys who are in the habit of playing truant, and now they propose to pay rent for a meeting room. The public are likely to ask what is the matter with the rooms at the city hall, for which rent is not charged.

Last evening the school board quietly passed a bill of \$5 from Shelden Goward & Co. for examining a statement. It will be remembered that that firm verified some figures quoted by Chairman Hayward at a public meeting and that that gentleman used their report in his controversy against Principal McNeill. It does not look like economy for the city to be called upon to pay a trustee's polemical expenses.

The Farmers' Sun says:—"Where do Canadians go? They go everywhere, and they are going all the time. Last Monday brought to us in one of five mails two orders to change the address of this paper from Petrolia to Denver, Colorado, and from Tupperville to Hamilton, Dakota, respectively. The mills are grinding slowly, but very surely."

HOW THEY WIN. We do not wonder that our correspondent of last evening—a life-long and high-minded Conservative—was shocked at the statement of Mr. John McAllister at the meeting of the party on Monday night to the effect that "instead of there being some nine thousand real voters on the Dominion list of the City of Vancouver, there were only some three thousand seven hundred and ninety. Diligent search failed to find any more. Many of the names on the list were those of men who have been in the cemetery for four or five years. He had been engaged in the preparation of the lists and had wished to strike those names off, but had been ordered not to do so by the revising barrister. He knew also that there were many duplications." This represents a state of things positively shameful, and we trust the matter will be taken up in parliament and thoroughly discussed.

what should be a great and honorable party! Much better it would be, even for the government itself—because then it would gain the respect of the people—if fair battle were given the enemy in open ground, not from behind hedges, and let victory fall to those most worthy of it. It will be the duty of the Lib. Party to see that the provisions of the law are rigidly enforced should personship be attempted. It is presumed that this tampering with the lists is general throughout Canada, and systematically such disgraceful means in order to retain power and feed at the treasury crib—Vancouver World.

It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 75 cent bottles for sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

FLOATING A NEW COMPANY. One of Our Contemporaries Apparently Wanting to Sell at a Good Price.

The London Riado of March 21st contains an announcement of the registration of a new joint stock company as follows: NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING AND PRINTING COMPANY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, LTD.

Registered 7th March by H. M. Hubbard, 1 and 2 Great Winchester street, E. C. 1, London, E. C. 1, England. Capital £200,000, divided into 100,000 shares of £2 each. Objects: To print and publish a newspaper or newspapers in British Columbia; acquire the goodwill and copyrights of any existing newspaper or newspapers on the business generally carried on by newspaper proprietors, printers and publishers; to publish, print, and sell newspapers, magazines, journals, and other printed matter; to act as stationers, printers, and agents, &c. The signatories are: Shares. F. Williams, 1 and 2 Great Winchester street, E. C. 1, London, E. C. 1, England. E. C. Bowen, 25 Carlingford road, Hampstead, E. C. 1, London, E. C. 1, England. W. Turner, 22 Jean Road, Stoke Newington, E. C. 1, London, E. C. 1, England. H. E. Tarver, 20 Whitechapel road, E. C. 1, London, E. C. 1, England. W. J. Hampton, 6 Aurland road, West Kensington, W. 8, London, W. 8, England. C. V. James, 65 Cranfield road, Brockley, E. 9, London, E. 9, England.

The names of the above signatories are unknown to British Columbia, but six of them, viz. Messrs. Robson, Turner, Trever, Hampton and James, also appear in a similar capacity in the formation of the "Vancouver House, Land & Investment Company, Ltd.," of which F. S. Barnard, J. E. Croft, J. H. Payne, Q. C., and R. H. Spedding are named the first directors. No doubt the prospectus of the "Newspaper Publishing & Printing Company of British Columbia, Ltd.," would be interesting reading—probably it would equal in its optimism the celebrated Cranbrook estate prospectus—and the Times' hopes soon to have a copy for publication.

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR. No. 4.

To the Editor: During the present parliament we have had no less than four premiers, and may possibly have a fifth if Sir Charles Tupper has his way without an appeal to the people. One would almost think we were in France, there have been so many changes in the leadership of the house within a short period of time. To the frequent changes in the prospectus of the school question is in a measure due. When Sir John Macdonald died his cloak fell upon the shoulders of Sir John Abbott (Tupper being left out in the cold, it is said, by request of Sir John Macdonald), Sir John Abbott's health failing him, Sir John Thompson was chosen to take his place, and with that change in the leadership commenced the trouble over the school question. From being a Protestant Sir John Thompson had become a Roman Catholic and his friends say he was peculiarly sensitive lest he might be regarded as biased on account of his religious convictions when dealing with any matter of state. One cannot but respect such a feeling on his part, but unfortunately it prevented him from dealing decisively with a question which is now tearing the Dominion to pieces. Sir John Macdonald would have settled it in short order, but Sir John Thompson dilly-dallied with it, and finally left it in a very unfortunate condition to his successor, Sir Mackenzie Bowell. Still more unfortunately, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper became minister of justice, and to his inexperience and impetuosity may be traced the issuing of the short-sighted remedial order—canceling of Manitoba a change in her educational laws. Sir Mackenzie Bowell weakly allowed himself to be led by the young minister of justice until he found himself confronted by divisions in his cabinet over this vexed question. Whether Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper acted on the advice of his aged father in London is not known, but it is shrewdly suspected that he did, for the elder Tupper has been a coadjutor to the back bone from his youth upwards. If Sir Charles, senior, advised his son, it is evident that he did not understand the temper of the people of Canada, which is not to be wondered at seeing to his long residence in England. Another view is that Sir Charles Tupper saw his way by creating trouble for Sir Mackenzie Bowell to step into his shoes and acted accordingly. At all events he soon had himself invited to Canada and almost immediately after his arrival the bolt of the seven ministers (Sir Hibbert Tupper included) took place, and Sir Charles, senior, pretended not to be the part of non-maker. The result was that the bolters returned to the fold on condition that Sir Charles Tupper should enter the cabinet. He did so and soon word went forth that he was the coming premier to displace Sir Mackenzie Bowell. But the latter has not been displaced, and recent events indicate that he will remain where he is until the government is turned out of office next June.

What makes it look extremely probable that Sir Charles advised his son in favor of coercion is the fact that so soon after he entered the cabinet that he declared himself an ont and out coadjutor, and he has acted up to his

profession certainly ever since. By his course, however, he has sounded his own death knell as a political leader forever and destroyed his chances, if I mistake not, of ever being premier of Canada.

Now let us look at this school question. In the first place it is considered by many thoughtful men that a great mistake was made in ever referring it to the privy council of England. It was a question from the very first which should have been settled by mediation rather than intimidation. It was not so much a subject of a constitutional character as one of conciliation to bring the two parties together and effect a settlement. The privy council, looking at it from a purely legal aspect, declared that through the passing of the act of 1890 the minority had a grievance which gave them the right of appeal. But the privy council did not command the Dominion government to concede Manitoba. On the contrary, it was left to the Ottawa authorities to decide upon the best course to pursue. And to show that the Lords of the privy council had it in view that the Manitoba government was the proper party to settle the difficulty, it was suggested in their decision that amendments to the act of 1890, or rather supplementary thereto, should be made by the legislature, which would probably grant the desired relief. Instead, however, of approaching Manitoba in a proper spirit, the Dominion government hastily summoned the provincial authorities to Ottawa. So little time was given, that Mr. McCarthy, upon the part of the legislature, would probably grant the desired relief. The result of this hurried court was the issuing of the remedial order. That document threw the fat into the fire, and conciliation or a temperate discussion of the question was at an end for the time being. Then came the threat of a remedial bill and all the difficulties which that threat brought about. Finally the French members of the cabinet took the government by the throat until Mr. Foster promised that on the 3rd of January, 1896, parliament would be summoned to pass a remedial measure. The house met on 3rd of January and immediately there was such a succession of bolts in the ministerial ranks that a thunder storm was nothing to it. It is now near the middle of April and the remedial bill has only entered upon its committee stage. Sir Charles Tupper is kept busy reading his followers out of the party and in trying to bulldoze the members of the commons, but notwithstanding his frantic efforts and continuous session, there is little likelihood of the remedial bill ever becoming law. The minority of Manitoba may well say "Save us from our friends."

In my next I will deal with some phases of the school question itself and the Liberal attitude upon it.

ALEXANDER BEGG.

Spring Time. When nearly everyone feels the need of some blood-purifying, strength-involving and health-producing medicine. The real merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla is the reason of its widespread popularity. Its unequalled success is its best recommendation. The whole system is susceptible to the most good from a medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla taken at this time, and we would lay special stress upon the time and remedy, for history has it recorded that delays are dangerous. The remarkable success achieved by Hood's Sarsaparilla and the many words of praise it has received, make it worthy of your confidence. We ask you to give this medicine a fair trial.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Book. Send 12 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers to Lever Bros. Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, who will send post-paid a paper-bound book, 100 pages. For 6 "Lifebuoy" Soap wrappers, a similar book will be sent. This is a special opportunity to obtain good reading. Send your name and address written carefully, remember "Sunlight" sells at six cents per wrapper, and "Lifebuoy" at 11 cents. One cent postage will bring your wrappers by leaving the ends open.

A toilet requisite and a toilet ornament—O-I-L-O-O-I-S.

"The Yellow Fellow" is the title bestowed on the admirers of his orange rams. In constructing the '96 Steamers we have striven to make the best bicycle producible, and if best materials, superior workmanship, unsurpassed facilities and honest effort count for anything, we have surely succeeded. Our handsome new catalogues, which we will mail on request, is not more artistic than the wheel itself.

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Victoria Stock Exchange of British Columbia, LIMITED LIABILITY. Commencing at 10:30 a.m. on Wednesday, April 15th, proximo, this Board will call Stocks daily (Sundays and holidays excepted), in the Board Room, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C. For further particulars apply to the undersigned. By order of the Board. F. ELWORTHY, Secretary.

NOTICE. The mortgagees having decided to offer the Stock of the Manchester House on the 20th inst., by tender, ...THE GREAT... Mortgage Sale. Will Positively Close on Saturday, April 18th. Special Bargains for Everybody Until Then. J. H. WARK, Manager.

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COLUMBIA HOUSE. (Clarence Block.) Spring Millinery Opening, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 1st. All the latest styles in English, French and American Pattern Hats and Bonnets, and a large assortment of Sallors. Ladies and Children's Underwear a specialty. Mrs. M. A. Vigor, St. Douglas Street.

THE HINDUSTAN TEA AGENCY. 32-1-2 Government Street, over Bank of Montreal. NOTICE.

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British Columbia.

NANAIMO. Nanaimo, April 11.—Mr. J. Haggart was presented with a requisition at the Abbotsford Hotel, Vancouver, last evening requesting him to stand in the Conservative interest for the Dominion election. According to my informant the said requisition was taken around by one of the bosses for the miners to sign, and which was looked upon by many of them as an act of intimidation because they feared if they refused to sign the requisition that some means would be found to discharge them. When the day of election comes Mr. Haggart will find that the means he has taken of getting the nomination is not to be relied upon.

A public meeting of citizens will be held shortly to make arrangements for the celebration of Her Majesty's birthday, the council having declined to take the initiative this year, although it has been the custom for many years. The Nanaimo Agricultural society will hold their annual show some time in September.

NEW WESTMINSTER. Oolachans have commenced their annual ascent of the Fraser, though it will be some days yet before they will be caught in large numbers.

On Wednesday night a fisherman at South Westminster was aroused by some one coming along the plank road singing, and then going on to the ferry wharf. A few minutes after, a splash and a cry were heard, and on looking out, the fisherman saw a man struggling in the water. He hurried to shove off his boat, but it was stuck too firmly in the mud, and when he returned again, it was too late to render any assistance, as the man had disappeared. The unfortunate man is supposed to have been one J. Kelly, who was employed on Mr. C. McDonough's ranch. He went across on the 5 o'clock ferry last night, and as he had been drinking freely, was advised to go straight home. When coming on, he took shelter at the Surrey hotel, until 11 o'clock, when he got a lantern and started for the ranch.

MIDWAY. Midway Advance. Mr. Brophy is now at Fairview examining property.

Mr. J. Sheldahl will begin the assessment work on the Crown Silver and Sunset this week. The diamond drill which the M. & B. C. P. and P. Company is bringing in, is to be used first, it is understood, on the Snoeshoe.

Mr. F. Oliver, of Spokane, the promoter of the Josie Company, is in the district at present, and it is understood that the company will put nine or ten more men to work on the Morrison claim in Deadwood camp, which they recently acquired and stocked.

Rapid headway is being made in the development of the Lake View and North Star properties in Long Lake camp. So far a 50 foot tunnel has been run into the Lake View. The ledge is widening and the ore looks richer.

It is reported that Mr. Christie has struck a fine body of ore in the Nigatigale claim, Skylark camp.

The I. T. U.—International Typographical Union—is an original name for a mineral claim located last week near Midway.

The owners are carrying on development work on the Keystone claim, Wellington camp.

Mr. J. Meyer, who has pitched his tent at the Wellington camp, and will, with other men, start to work at once on the Double Eagle claim, located by him last summer.

The report of a wonderfully rich find on Kruger mountain reached Midway this week. A claim, which has several times been staked, and was in fact owned by Mr. Kruger and named the Snow Storm, was located by a prospector named Brown recently. This property seems to have suddenly developed into a free gold proposition of exceptional value. Large nuggets have been taken out of the rock.

Greenwood City and Anacosta are booming. New buildings are being built daily in both places and are completed in an incredibly short space of time. New comers are arriving every week, and several families are camping near the town in tents waiting their turn to obtain lumber from the mill in order to build.

The proprietors of the Stenwindar at Fairview were agreeably surprised lately to strike a pay streak in the claim in a spot where it was least expected. They had come, while crossing, to what they supposed was the hanging wall. This, however, was penetrated, when quartz carrying a much higher percentage of gold than in the original vein was exposed. The pay streak is three feet wide.

VERNON.

Fall wheat in some parts of the Mission valley suffered somewhat last winter from the scarcity of snow, and some of the ground is being re-seeded this spring.

Some most excellent specimens of gold-bearing quartz have recently been brought up from the Star claim at Camp Hewitt, on which work will be vigorously prosecuted this summer.

A heavy fall of rain on Monday night was the first of any consequence this spring, and farmers would not object to seeing a good deal more of it, as the fall wheat and ranges would be the better of a good soaking.

Last week was the slackest of some time as regards recording mineral claims at the Vernon office, the only one entered during the week being the Star claim, located by N. Spicer and A. Bromley on Mr. Middleton's property, about a mile east of this city.

The spring court of assize will be a large one this year, there being already four criminal and four civil cases on the docket. That of Thomas Lesly who shot old man Moore at Okanagan Mission, and very nearly killed him, will probably be the most important of the criminal cases.

Judge Spinks intends experimenting on grape culture this year to some considerable extent, and daily expects a shipment of 600 vines from New York, embracing twelve of the best known and most reliable varieties.

Mr. J. R. Alcock, of Vancouver, is in

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the city in the interests of a mining and prospecting syndicate which he organized during a recent trip to Ontario. He will spend some time in the district looking over claims in the different camps, with the view of making investments for the company.

There are few idle men in town this spring, most of them having either found work on the ranches or gone prospecting. Business in consequence is reported dull by city merchants, as the farmers and their employees are too busy with spring work to visit the town very frequently.

The area of land under wheat crop this year exceeds to a considerable extent that of any previous season in the history of the Okanagan and Spallumcheen districts, and with a favorable season the total amount harvested will, it is thought, be about a fifth more than last year.

Mr. J. B. Graves, of Douglas Lake, Nicola, who for a number of years has been one of the largest purchasers of cattle in this district, has secured between five and six hundred head during his recent visit. Among those from whom he bought are Messrs. Knox, Postill, Ellison, Ellis and the Coldstream ranch. Mr. E. H. Wood has also been buying small lots for him during the winter, and in this way nearly all the available cattle in White Valley have been disposed of. The price realized averaged about \$3 per head more than that of last year.

The incoming freight and way traffic on the S. & O. branch has been considerably larger for the last two months than during the same period last year, while a falling-off is noticeable in freight sent out, there being less hay, flour and live stock shipped during March than was the case in March, 1895.

Mr. H. Craven, with whom the owners of the Swan Lake group of mineral claims have been negotiating for some months with a view of having a working bond placed on their property, will leave England about the middle of this month, and is expected to be in this city about the first of May. The deal with the English company which he represents has not yet been completed, but it will probably be at once placed on a definite basis as soon as he arrives.

The catch of marten this year has been fairly large, and a good many fine skins have been purchased from local trappers by Mr. W. C. Pound. The price paid is slightly higher than that of the past two or three years, and some of the trappers have realized comfortable little sums from the winter's work. Beaver are getting scarcer every year, but lynx and wolverine seem to be on the increase.

Mr. Macmillan, who returned last week from Ontario, was much pleased to be once again in a climate where the railway trains are not blocked by snow storms or the tops of the fences hidden by drifts. When he reached his farm near this city he found his spring seeding well under way, while in the part of Ontario which he had recently left blizzards and deep snow were the order of the day.

NO EQUAL IN THE WORLD.

Rev. W. H. Withrow, D. D., now Touring Europe with a Canadian Party, is one of Many to Talk Favorably of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

There are few more noted travellers than the Rev. W. H. Withrow, D.D., editor of the Canadian Methodist Magazine, and of other publications of the great Methodist church of this country. He is a wide traveller, and enjoys the opportunities that travel gives of judging broadly of the merits of any article. He has expressed the written opinion that Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is the most excellent remedy for cold in the head and various catarrhal troubles. One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses the powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Hoarse, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. 50 cents. Sample bottle and Blower sent or receipt of two three-cent stamps. S. G. Detchon, 44 Church street, Toronto.

AFRICA'S WHITE NATIVES.

London Daily News: There have always been vague traditions of a white race locked up in the interior, but when the tales have come to be tested the white race generally turns out to be merely a tribe of lighter colored Arabs, keeping all the characteristics of the negro and having none of the white man's. But in this race we have something much more correct and precise.

Capt. Larymore, at present A. D. C. to Sir Francis Scott, was sent up to Karan as on a mission, and stayed a considerable time in the capital. He took advantage of the opportunity to inquire about this comparatively unknown race and its neighbors, and was surprised to find that there was an accepted tradition that they lived in an indefinite number of days' marches to the northeast, a tribe of white men. Further inquiry elicited the statement that they lived on the skirts of a desert, which was difficult and dangerous to cross. Attempts had been made to avoid this desert by passing through their country, but they were found to be so fierce and so absolutely devoid of fear that the caravans preferred the dangers of the desert to the hospitality of the white tribe.

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No Trouble To furnish information about Splendid Service offered via "The Northwestern Line" from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Milwaukee and Chicago—it's a pleasure. If you contemplate a trip East, please drop a line to T. W. Teasdale, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn., and receive illustrated folder, free, with detailed information about the three superb trains leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis every day in the week, together with any special information you may desire. Your home agent will sell you tickets via this first class line and reserve you sleeping car berths in advance, on application. F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent, Seattle.

TRANSPORTATION. ATLANTIC Steamship Agency THROUGH TICKETS TO AND FROM ALL EUROPEAN PORTS. At Lowest Rates. SPECIAL RATE. Parties sending for their friends in Europe will receive the benefit of a great reduction by purchasing their tickets here. For location of berths, sailing lists, etc., apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria, Cor. Fort and Government streets.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. Is the only direct line to the Cariboo AND Kootenay Gold Fields. Passengers should leave Victoria for Kootenay points on Friday, Sunday and Tuesday nights, making direct connections for

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED.) TIME TABLE NO. 27, Taking effect June 21st, 1895. VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of G. I. R. No. 1 train.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY. TIME TABLE NO. 26. To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Saturday March 21st, 1896. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time. GOING NORTH. Daily and Sunday

TRANSPORTATION. ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY. Str. JOAN, L. P. LOCKE, Master. Sails as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may order.

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PACIFIC COAST S.S. COY Dispatch a Steamer Every 5 days for San Francisco Carrying Her Majesty's Mail FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M. CITY OF PUEBLA - - - APRIL 12 R. P. BIRNEY & CO., Agents.

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Victoria & Sidney R'y Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows: Leave Victoria at 7 am., 4 pm. Leave Sidney at 8:15 am. 5:15 pm. SATURDAYS and SUNDAYS. Leave Victoria at 7 am., 2 pm. Leave Sidney at 8:15 am., 5:15 pm.

POINTS ON PUGET SOUND. SS. "ROSALIE" Leaves Victoria Daily at 8:30 p.m. except Sunday. Arriving at Victoria Daily except Sundays at 5 p.m. Leaves Seattle at 10 a.m. Daily except Sundays. For tickets and information call on J. K. DEVLIN, Agent, 75 Government Street.

The Oceanic Steamship Company. Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Pilsen St., San Francisco. FOR HONOLULU ONLY S. S. AUSTRALIA (3000 tons) Tuesday, April 28th, 1896, at 10 a.m. For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change. The splendid, new 3000 tons steel screw steamer Mariposa, Thursday, April 30, at 2 p.m. or immediately on arrival of the English mail. For passage apply to 114 Montgomery street. For freight apply to 327 Market St. J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents, R. P. BIRNEY & CO., Agents, Victoria.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R. RUNS Through Pullman Sleeping Cars, Elegant Dining Cars, Tourist Sleeping Cars. To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and All Points East and South. Also to China and Japan via Northern Pacific S.S. Co. For full information, time cards, maps, etc., call on or address E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B. C. A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Ore.

THROUGH TICKETS. To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and All Points East and South. Also to China and Japan via Northern Pacific S.S. Co. For full information, time cards, maps, etc., call on or address E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B. C. A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Ore.

Puget Sound Points. TAKE THE FINE STEAMER "City of Kingston" Speed, 18 knots. Tonnage, 1147. 8:30 am. Lv. Victoria. Arrive at 11 am. 11:45 am. Lv. Seattle. Arrive at 12:30 pm. 3:45 pm. Lv. Seattle. Arrive at 4:45 pm. 4:45 pm. Arrive in Tacoma. Arrive at 7:30 pm. Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south. *Daily except Monday. E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agt. Victoria, B. C.

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THE TURF.

San Francisco, April 11.—To-day at Ingleside, Orestes, the two-year-old son of mighty Ormonde and Kissing Cruise, will sport the silk for the first time. Orestes is the property of W. O. B. MacDonough, and as the colt is the first of Ormonde's American born progeny to face the starter, more than ordinary interest attaches to the maiden two-year-old event in which he is entered.

The youngster is a bright bay, and as he favors his illustrious sire, both in conformation and disposition his owner is hopeful that some of Ormonde's superior racing qualities have descended to his son.

Orestes has had considerable schooling with the starting gate, and while the main he takes kindly to the device it is said that lately he has developed a knack of "ducking" when the barrier goes up, a habit which those interested in him fear will cause him to be slow in getting away.

In to-day's race he will carry 108 pounds and he will probably be ridden by Jockey S. J. H. He is to be shipped east in a few weeks to keep his engagements in prominent two-year-old races across the Rockies.

CRICKET.

The Victoria College cricket club has elected the following officers: President, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven; Vice-Presidents, Principal Church, M. A., and Henry Goward, M. A., LL. D.; Captain, F. Prevost; Vice-Captain, A. Goward; Secretary-Treasurer, W. R. Wilson; Committee, J. D. Pemberton, F. B. Ward, R. C. Trimen, A. Kitto, R. C. Trimen and R. Harris. The secretary will arrange matches for the season, which opens on April 25th. There will be practice Tuesday and Thursday afternoons.

A meeting was held last night at the Victoria college for the purpose of organizing a cricket club for the forthcoming season. The Principal occupied the chair and the following officers were elected: Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, president; vice-presidents, Principal Church, M. A., Henry Goward, M. A., LL. D.; captain, F. Prevost; vice-captain, A. Goward; secretary, W. R. Wilson; committee, J. D. Pemberton, F. B. Ward, A. Kitto, R. C. Trimen and R. Harris. The secretary is now open to receive communications from the local clubs with regard to matches after April 25.

ATHLETICS.

San Francisco, April 11.—Robert W. Edglin, of the University of California, has again beaten the world's hammer throwing record. From the regulation seven foot ring he hurled a sixteen pound hammer 148 feet 5 inches. This was over 3 feet better than the world's record, and a foot further than Edglin's best previous trial throw.

FOOTBALL.

NANAIMO VS. WANDERERS. To-day's match between these teams drew a large crowd to the Caledonia Park. The match was a fast one and one of the players had his collar bone broken. At four o'clock the Wanderers had secured four goals while Nanaimo had not scored.

LACROSSE.

The Vancouver lacrosse clubs have amalgamated and will put a strong team in the field this year. H. Darling has been elected honorary president. C. M. Beecher, president; George Bartley, secretary and D. A. Smith club captain.

The rapidity with which croup develops calls for instant treatment; and yet few households are prepared for its visits. An admirable remedy for this disease is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has saved hundreds of lives and should be in every home where there are young children.

DEBS IS BELLIGERENT.

The American Railway Union Getting Ready for Another Fight. Chicago, April 11.—Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway Union, says that organization will be ready for another fight by August 15, throughout the country will ask for the redress of a number of alleged grievances and a general advance in wages on a number of the most important trunk lines in the country.

"We do not want another big strike," said Mr. Debs to-day, "and will try to avoid it. All labor troubles should be adjusted through arbitration and that is our aim. However, while hoping for the best, we will be prepared for the worst."

"We can give a much larger and harder fight than two years ago. We are well organized in both the east and the west, and the membership is as large as ever and increasing rapidly."

"I have just returned from a trip through Georgia, Alabama, and South Carolina. We organized 4,000 men in two weeks and I never witnessed such enthusiasm. We are also successful in Buffalo and other eastern cities. Our organization is stronger than ever in the west and northwest. The only places we are weak in is Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit and the other cities where the effects of the big strike are felt most. We will begin the work of re-organization in Chicago within 30 days and will have a larger membership here than ever before."

Grimsby—Here is a safe wager. Asking—What is it? Grimsby—But you are worth that bet. A man on the street can tell what kind of a bet that pretty blossom girl, who just passed, had on.

QUIET ON THE COLUMBIA.

Buyers Will Not Pay a Price to Justify the Packers Working.

Astoria, Or., April 11.—All of the salmon packers on the lower Columbia river were represented at a meeting held here yesterday afternoon, and, notwithstanding rumors to the contrary, they were unanimous in support of the position previously taken by them to pay only four cents per pound for the raw material this season. The packers are so sure that the buyers are not even now willing to pay prices which justify a four-cent rate on raw material.

With one exception there is perhaps not a packer on the river who is not carrying over a large stock of shipping goods of the first quality, and there is no encouragement to put up goods this year at prices which would entail a loss. The assertions made by the fishermen that New York prices on canned goods would justify the payment of five cents, the packers say, is not in accordance with the facts. The meeting was held behind closed doors, but the foregoing facts were disclosed by some of the members.

There has been no violence anywhere on the river, but as both parties are very determined it seems probable that should any of the packers attempt to open their canneries or procure fish from nonunion men there will be war. From present indications it is hardly possible that a pound of fish will be put up for a month or six weeks.

The trap men are preparing to resist any further invasions on their property, but from the best information obtainable it is not likely any more attempts will be made to destroy their property. In any event the pack this year will be far short of an average, but it is thought that with the stocks already on hand the markets will have about the usual amount of first grade chinook.

A LONG TOW.

Standard Oil Company Will Try a Barge Trip Across the Ocean.

The Standard Oil Company will make an attempt, this spring, to tow a large steamer across the Atlantic Ocean, from either New York or Philadelphia, to some English port, probably Liverpool. This has never yet been tried. The Standard Oil Company has been considering the plan for four years, and was about ready to make the trial last summer, but, for some reason, the idea was given up for a time. It is now announced that a start will be made, in all probability, about May 1. Transatlantic towing, if possible at all, will be only possible in the summer months.

The company has been led to try towing across the ocean by the success of its two steam-going barges, Nos. 57 and 58. The first of these boats was built about four years ago, and the other a year or two later.

These boats have been towed by the company's ocean-going tug Hercules, and the tank-tow steamer Maverick. The company is now building another steamship capable of doing the work of the Hercules. It is said by those who know the lighterage business, that the company can transport oil, by towing, at one-fourth the expense of carrying it in tanks.

These barges are used now between stations of the company on the Atlantic coast, the longest consecutive trip which they make being between Bangor and Philadelphia.

The barge to be used in making the prospective trip across the ocean is No. 58. This is a steel tank barge, schooner rigged, with four masts. The masts are some times used to help along the steam power of the towing ship.

The barge is 250 feet long, about 40 feet beam, and draws ten and a half feet of water. She is fitted with 12 tanks, each separated so that, if need be, twelve different oil products might be carried. Each of these tanks will hold about 1250 barrels, giving for the whole barge a carrying capacity of 15,000 barrels, which would make a total of 750,000 gallons.

No. 58 will, it is expected, be towed by the English tank ship Lackawanna, owned by the Anglo-American Oil Company, the English branch of the Standard Oil company. The Lackawanna will herself carry in her tanks 1,200,000 gallons, so that, with her tow, the load would reach the enormous total of more than 2,500,000 gallons of oil.

The barge does not look much like the common, broad-nosed, shallow wooden boats used for towing in the harbor, but is herself a rather handsome looking ship. It is calculated that, in case of necessity, her sails could carry her to a place of safety. She is fitted with steam steering gear, windlass and hoister, and will carry a crew of about eleven men.

The novel feature of this barge, which is relied upon to make this trip successful, is her steam-towing machinery. The great difficulty in towing in any but smooth waters has always been the snapping of the hawser. If the towing vessel and the tow happen to be one riding and the other falling in heavy waves, a sudden strain is put upon the cable, so great that not even the four and a half or six-inch steel cables, which are used for this purpose, can withstand it. The common remedy resorted to to break one of these cables may be judged from the fact that the "breaking strain" of one of these six-inch cables is 125 tons.

To avoid this danger, a number of machines has been devised, the most successful being the one on this barge. The main feature is a large iron drum, some three or four feet in diameter, firmly fastened to the main deck forward. On one side of this drum is a piston rod, connected with the steam chamber, in which is always a quantity of steam the expansive power of which forces out the piston and gives the large drum a constant tendency to turn, and to turn in such a direction that the hawser will wind up and be kept always taut.

Another device, however, is so arranged that any sudden pull on the cable, produced, for instance, by a heavy wave parting, the two boats, will open a steam valve, and, instead of always tending to wind up the drum, will allow enough of the cable to unwind to prevent a sudden breaking.

The outcome of this trial will be watched with great interest, and with considerable fastening, and there is danger of such expeditions can be found in the trip of this same barge, No. 58, about a year ago last March. She started from New York to Philadelphia, in tow of the Standard oil tank steamship Maverick. In a heavy snowstorm, off the Long Island coast, the hawser snapped. The Maverick was unable to pick up her tow again, and went on without her. The barge drifted along down the coast, and was picked up by the English steamship Kate and taken to Bermuda. She was found along the coast of one of the northern States, off the Long Island coast, the hawser snapped. The Maverick was unable to pick up her tow again, and went on without her. The barge drifted along down the coast, and was picked up by the English steamship Kate and taken to Bermuda. She was found along the coast of one of the northern States, off the Long Island coast, the hawser snapped. 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