SUBJECT: <del>(S)</del> Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct BACKGROUND ON (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct There are 20 cells located inside the prison The cells are stand-alone concrete boxes. (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct Sep 2002 (Attachment 1) (b)(1)Sep 2002 (Attachment 2) May 2002 (Attachment 3) (b)(3) CIAAct Jun 2002 (Attachment 4) (b)(3) NatSecAct Jun 2002 (Attachment 5) Jun 2002 (Attachment 6) Oct 2002 (Attachment 7)

(b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN <del>(S)</del> (b)(3) NatSecAct Four of the cells have high bars that run between two walls to which prisoners can be secured. These four cells are designed for sleep deprivation. (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct Stereo speakers in the cellblock play constant music to prevent communications between detainees. 8 9 (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6)(b)(7)(c)(b)(7)(f)(b)(1)May 2002 (Attachment 8) (b)(3) CIAAct Oct 2002 (Attachment 9) (b)(3) NatSecAct Jun 2002 (Attachment 10) Sep 2002 (Attachment 11) Nov 2002 (Attachment 12) 12 Interview of Nov 2002 (Attachment 13) 13 Interview of Nov 2002 (Attachment 14) 14 Interview of 3 (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct

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(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)

SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN

(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)

> (b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct

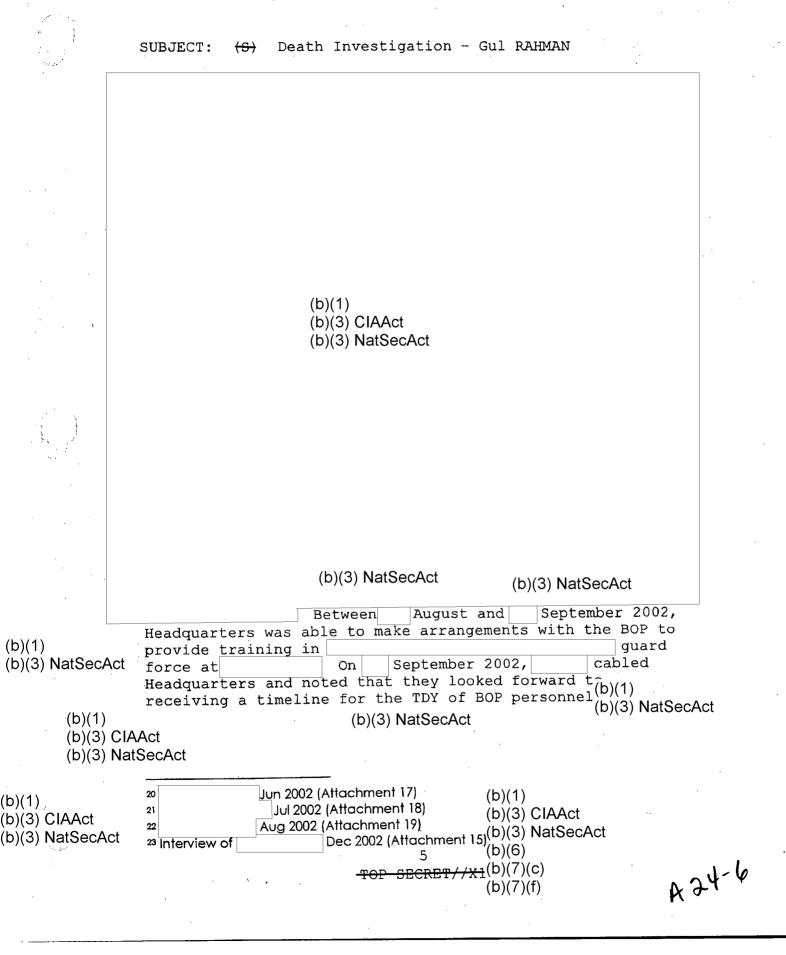
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct

15 Interview of	Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)
16 Interview of	Nov 2002 (Attachment 13)
	Oct 2002 (Attachment 7)
	Jun 2002 (Attachment 5)
	Jun 2002 (Attachment 16)

(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6)

(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)

TOP SECRET//X1



(b)(1) (b)(3) <b>N</b> atSecA		(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct
(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct	BOP officers arrived in and trained the guards from November. BOP instructors trained and guards in restraint techniques, escort process.	edures,
	security checks, entrance procedures, cell search calls, and patdown searches. BOP also made a nurecommendations to improve the security of the procedure of th	umber of
		· .
	(b)(1)	
	(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct	
	(b)(6) Natioes/tel (b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	
	(b)(1) —(b)(3) CIAAct	
	(b)(3) NatSecAct (Attachment 20) (Attachment 21)  26 Interview of Nov 2002 (Attachment 13)	(b)(1)
	Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)  (b)(1) <sub>30 2002</sub> (Attachment 11)  29 Interview of(b)(3) CIAAct Nov 2002 (Attachment 13)	(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct
	nterview of(b)(3) NatSecAct Nov 2002 (Attachment 13) Interview of(b)(6) Nov 2002 (Attachment 13) Nov 2002 (Attachment 22)	(3)(3) 1121333 131
	(b)(7)(c) 6 (b)(7)(f) <del>TOP SECRET//X1</del>	A24-7

	(b)(1)	
	SUBJECT: $(s)$ Death Investigation - Gul RAHMA(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct		
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6)	7. (S) Heating and cooling are problematic at the prison facility. There is no insulation in the building and no central heating or cooling.  The facility is hot in the summer and cold in the winter. There are ceiling fans that help cool the facility in the summer. According to in late September 2002, Station purchased 10 electric	
(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	heaters that were delivered in early October 2002. Five of the electric heaters were placed in the administrative section of the prison and five were placed in the guard shacks.	
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6)		
(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	In mid-October 2002, five gas heaters were purchased and delivered sometime shortly thereafter. All five gas heaters were placed in the guard towers. In early November 2002, five more gas heaters were purchased and delivered at a later date. These heaters were placed in the housing area of the prison. These heaters were in	
(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct	place prior to RAHMAN's death. On November 2002, the day of RAHMAN's death, five more gas heaters were ordered and set up in the housing area circa November 2002. On November 2002, 15 more gas heaters were ordered and set up sometime in December 2002. Some were used to replace broken heaters. According to there are	
(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(1)	approximately 15 gas heaters currently set up in the prisoner housing area. The has now placed a thermometer inside the housing area	(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6)
(b)(3) NatSecAct		(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)
	Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)  Interview of (b)(3) CIAAct Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)  Lotus Note fr(b)(3) NatSecAct Nov 2002 (Attachment 23)  Interview of (b)(6) Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)  (b)(7)(c)	1-8
	$(b)(7)(f) \xrightarrow{\text{TOP SECRET}/7X1} \qquad \qquad$	4-8

•	Approved for Release: 2016/06/10 C065	555318 (h)/1)	
(b)(		(b)(1) (b)(3)	CIAAct
	3) CIAAct 3) NatSecAct <del>TOP_SECRET / /x1</del>		NatSecAct
(b)(	TOP SECRET//X1	(b)(6)	
		(b)(7)	
	SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul	rahman (b)(7)	(f)
All Section 1995			
/I= \/.4\	stated that he	has requests	.d
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct	that the guards record the temperatures i		
(b)(3) NatSecAct	each day. 36		
	8. (S) From the conception of Headquarters and Station have made	efforts to en	sura.
(b)(1)	Headquarters andStation have made the physical health of the detainees. On		
(b)(3) NatSecAct	Station cabled Headquarters and sta		
	(b)(3)	NatSecAct	
(b)(1)	(b)(1)		
(b)(3) NatSecAct	(b)(3) CIAAct		
	(b)(3) NatSecAct		
,			
*		(b)(1)	
		(b)(3) CIAAct	,
		(b)(3) NatSec	Act
		(b)(1)	
		(b)(3) CIAAct	
		(b)(3) NatSecA	ot
	(b)(1)	(b)(6)	
	(b)(3) CIAAct	(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	
	(b)(3) NatSecAct	(-)(-)	
	(b)(6)		
	(b)(7)(c)		
	(b)(7)(f)		
4			
¥ :	36 Interview of Jun 2002 (Attachment 15) 37 Jun 2002 (Attachment 24)		
	Jun 2002 (Attachment 24)  38 Jul 2002 (Attachment 25)		
	(b)(1) 8		1 2 1 2 9
	(b)(3) CIAAct	•	A24-9
	(b)(3) NatSecAct	•	

•	TOP SECRET//X1	•
b)(1)		(b)(1)
b)(3) NatSecAct		(b)(3) CIAAct
	SUBJECT: <del>(S)</del> Death Investigation - Gul R	AHMAN (b)(3) NatSecAct
(I- ) (A)		
(b)(1)		
(b)(3) CIAAct		
(b)(3) NatSecAct	(b)(1)	
(b)(6)	(b)(3) CIAAct	
(b)(7)(c)	(b)(3) NatSecAct	(b)(1)
(b)(7)(f)	(5)(5) Nate 557 tot	(b)(3) NatSecAct
	10. <del>(S)</del> According to	a CIA medical
	officer TDY to , at the end of August	
·		to examine the
b)(1)	·	s failed to do
b)(3) CIAAct	so. As a result, Station assumed by defau	
b)(3) NatSecAct	responsibility of taking care of the prison	
	needs. stated that he first visit	
•	November 2002, shortly after his arrival	
	TDY to stated that	if a prisoner
o)(1)	becomes ill, he and another Station medic	go to
o)(3) NatSecAct	and treat them. stated that his	<b>=</b>
	treating the prisoners were vague and need	
	defined. stated that he called the (h)(3) CIA	Acting Chief
b)(1)	of the Office of Medical Services (b)(3) CIA	
b)(3) NatSecAct	(OMS and asked for guidance.	was told, "the
	Hippocratic Oath states that if someone is	(b)(1)
	(b)(3) CIAAct	(b)(3) NatSecAct
	11. (S) dated November 11.	oer 2002,
b)(1)	provides a detailed outline of Station's me	·
b)(3) CIAAct		quoted below in
b)(3) NatSecAct	its entirety.	
	(D)(1)	
	SUBJECT: (b)(3) CIAAct STATION MEDICA	L SUPPORT TO
•	DETAINEES (b)(3) NatSecAct	(b)(1)
•		(b)(1)
	REF: NONE	(b)(3) CIAAct
		(b)(3) NatSecAct
	TEXT:	
	1 ACMION DEOLITOED. MONE EVI ONLY	·
	1. ACTION REQUIRED: NONE, FYI ONLY.	•
(b)(1)		
(b)(3) CI	AAct	•
(b)(3) Na	atSecAct	(b)(1)
		(b)(3) CIAAct
	Aug 2002 (Attachment 26)  40 Interview of Nov 2002 (Attachment 27)	(b)(3) NatSecAct
	9	1. [ 1 _ 1
	TOP CECRET//X1	(b)(7)(c)
		(b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f) A2+10
		(E)(1)(I)

SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN

(b)(1)

(b)(3) CIAAct

(b)(3) NatSecAct

(b)(1)

(b)(3) CIAAct

(b)(3) NatSecAct

(b)(1)

(b)(3) CIAAct

(b)(3) NatSecAct

STATION MEDICAL PERSONNEL ALSO

PROVIDE SUPPLEMENTAL MEDICAL SUPPORT ON AN AS-NEEDED BASIS. THIS TYPICALLY CONSISTS OF TREATMENT FOR ACUTE MEDICAL PROBLEMS AND FOLLOW-UP TREATMENT FOR PRE-EXISTING MEDICAL CONDITIONS.

10

	SUBJECT: (S) Death Investi	gation - Gul RAHMAN	·
	(b)(1) (b	)(1)	
(b)(1)		)(3) CIAAct	
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct	(b)(3) NatSecAct (b	)(3) NatSecAct	
(b)(3) NatSecAct			THE
. L	LAST REGULAR ASSISTANCE VISI	T TO WAS (	CONDUCTED
	· ·	HE NEXT PLANNED VIS	
(b)(1)			ON THE LAST
(b)(3) CIAAct	TNIMATES FROM NICKEMBER	ARE WAS PROVIDED TO	(b)(1)
(b)(3) NatSecAc	<sup>L</sup> (b)(1) <sup>⊥</sup>		(b)(3) CIAAct—
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(b)(3) CIAAct		(b)(3) NatSecAct
	(b)(3) NatSecAct		
	(b)(1)		
	(b)(3) CIAAct		
	(b)(3) NatSecAct		
(b)(1)	, , ,	DURING THE MOS	י ספריפאותי
(b)(3) CIAAct	SCHEDULED VISIT TO	DETAINEES WHO	
(b)(3) NatSecAct	IDENTIFIED THEMSELVES AS DIA		
	SUGAR LEVELS (WHICH WERE NOR		NEE WITH A
	VARIETY OF PRE-EXISTING COND DIFFERENT MEDICATIONS, AND S	•	•
(b)(1)	PRESCRIBED MILD PAIN RELIEVE		
(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct	INMATES INDICATED ALL OF THE		
(b)(o) Natoconct	RECEIVING SUFFICIENT NOURISH		ALL OF THE
	DETAINEES AT   (WITH HAVE BEEN FULLY COOPERATIVE	THE EXCEPTION OF GUITH THE MEDICAL PER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(b)(1)	RESPONDING TO QUESTIONS ABOUT		
(b)(3) CIAAct	THE ONE EXCEPTION, GUL RAHMA		
(b)(3) NatSecAct	"THANKS TO GOD, ALL IS WELL"	' IN RESPONSE TO QUES	STIONING.
	<i>,,,,</i> ,		
	(b)(1)	~ <b>1</b>	
	(b)(3) CIAA (b)(3) NatSe		
	(5)(5) (4)	, o, tot	
·			
	. ,		

11

	(b)(1) (b)(3) CIA (b)(3) Nat		
	TREATMENT OF PRISONERS		
		(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct	
	(h)(/)(+)	b)(1) b)(3) NatSecAct	
(1) (3) NatSecAct (1) (3) NatSecAct	viewed by Station management and personnel as the manager."  arrived in on August Prior to his arrival in did not kn	n, and is e "site 2002. ow he would ted that he (b)(1	
(1) (3) NatSecAct		, , ,	')(c)
	was approximately one month short of booperational at the time of arrival.	eing	
	(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)		
	Oct 2002 (Attachment 28) Apr 2002 (Attachment 29)		

	TOP SECRET//X1	(b)(1)	
	SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul	(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6) (b)(7)(c)	· · ·
		(b)(7)(f)	
(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct	15. (S)  Psychologist who works for CIA as an indecontractor, and is involved in the use of interrogation techniques with high value  weeks at from ea November 2002. worked directly wire RAHMAN and other detainees at	enhanced targets, spent	
	Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)  43 Interview of Jan 2003 (Attachment 30)  13  TOP SECRET//X1	(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	

(b)(1)

SUBJECT:

(S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN

(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct

(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6) (b)(7)(c)

(b)(7)(f)

does not have a written (S) Although 16. set of Standard Operating Procedures (a flaw noted by has established a standard method of For security reasons, prisoners are brought to operation. the facility with their hands and feet shackled. Blindfolds are placed over their eyes and a hood is placed over their heads. Ear plugs are also placed in their ears. This is done so that prisoners have no knowledge of where they are being housed, cannot hear what is being said around them, and have no idea if they are alone or with other prisoners. Additionally, it prevents any form of communication between prisoners. Prisoners are handled by guards in complete silence. Hand signals are used by the quards to communicate with each other. Prisoners are dressed in sweatsuits and adult diapers. The diapers are used for sanitary reasons during transportation, and as a means to humiliate the prisoner. When prisoners are delivered to their cell, one hand or foot is shackled to This is done for the safety of the guard. Later, the manner in which a prisoner is shackled is based on his level of cooperation and the danger he presents to the guards. However, all prisoners are shackled in some If they are not shackled to the wall, their hands manner. and feet may be shackled. If a prisoner is uncooperative, or presents a significant physical threat to the guards, he may be shackled in a "short chain" position. This method was taught to the guards by BOP instructors as a safer alternative to hog-tying prisoners. Hog-tying prisoners has resulted in a number of deaths in the US, and the "short chain" method is safer for the prisoners while still providing a higher degree of safety and security for the guards. In the "short chain" method, the prisoner's hands are shackled together as are his feet. Then a short chain is used to shackle the hands to the feet. This keeps a prisoner's hand shackled within several inches of his feet. The prisoner's feet are then shackled to the wall. provides for the maximum degree of control over the prisoner while allowing for prisoner safety. 45

<sup>15</sup> Interview of (b)(1) Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)
(b)(3) CIAAct 14
(b)(3) NatSecAct TOP SECRET // X1
(b)(7)(c)
(b)(7)(f)

	Approved for Release: 2016/06/10 C06555318	(b)(3) CIAAct
		(b)(3) NatSecAct
	יייט פורייט אויט פורייט פוריט פורייט פוריט פורייט פוריט פורייט פורייט פורייט פורייט פורייט פורייט פורייט פוריט פורייט פורייט פורייט פורייט פורייט פורייט פוריט פ	(b)(6)
,	-IOI BIBLITY AT	(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)
)	SUBJECT. (C) Dooth Transaction C 1 Dansaction	(6)(7)(1)
	SUBJECT: <del>(S)</del> Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN	
•		
	17. (S) Prior to the guards' departure from the	
(b)(1)	cell, the hood, blindfold, and ear plugs are taken from the prisoner. Prisoners are housed in total darkness.	
(b)(3) CIAAct	stated that this is done for a couple of reasons.	
(b)(3) NatSecAct	stated that he wanted to disorient prisoners so they didn't	]
(b)(6)	know if it was day or night.	
(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)		
(6)(7)(1)	Additionally, music is played in the prisoner housing area	
	24 hours a day. This is done to prevent prisoners from	
	communicating with each other.46	
	18. <del>(S)</del> Sleep deprivation is also used to enhance	
(h)(4)	successful interrogation. The decision to use sleep	•
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct	deprivation is made by the individual CIA officer who is	
(b)(3) NatSecAct	working with a particular prisoner. When sleep deprivation is utilized, the prisoner is chained by one or both wrists	
(b)(6)	to a bar running across the ceiling of the cell. This	
(b)(7)(c)	forces the prisoner to stand. stated that he	
(b)(7)(f)	consulted with and was told that no prisoner should undergo more than 72 hours of sleep deprivation because	
	lucidity begins to decline and questioning become	
	ineffective.47	
4.242		
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct		
(b)(3) NatSecAct	19. <del>(S)</del> Often, prisoners who possess significant or	
(b)(6)	imminent threat information are stripped to their diapers	
(b)(7)(c)	during interrogation and placed back into their cells wearing only diapers. This is done solely to humiliate the	ĺ
(b)(7)(f)	prisoner for interrogation purposes. When the prisoner	
•	soils a diaper, they are changed by the guards. Sometimes	·
	the guards run out of diapers and the prisoners are placed back in their cells in a handcrafted diaper secured by duct	
	tape. If the guards don't have any available diapers, the	·
	prisoners are rendered to their cell nude.48	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(	Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)	
e de la companya de Reservo	47 Interview of (b)(1) Dec 2002 (Attachment 15) 48 Interview of (b)(3) CIAAct Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)	
		, 16
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{(b)(6)} & \xrightarrow{\text{TOP-SECRET}//\text{X1}} \\ \text{(b)(7)(c)} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	4-14
·	(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	

SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN

- 20. (S) Prisoners' cells are austere. A prisoner begins his confinement with nothing in his cell except a bucket used for human waste. Prisoners are given rewards for cooperation. Rewards can consist of a light, "foamies" for the prisoners' ears (blocks out the music), a mat to sleep on, extra blankets, etc. Additionally, a luxury room has been built which has a light, a rocking chair, a table, and carpeting on the floor. Prisoners are not punished for lack of cooperation. Instead, rewards that they have received for cooperation are taken from them if they become uncooperative.<sup>49</sup>
- 21. (S) When guards move prisoners from their cell to the interrogation room, usually guards enter the cell with a flashlight. A hood is placed over the prisoner's head and he is lead to the interrogation room in shackles. The guards do not speak to the prisoners and all communication between the guards is completed with hand signals. Once the detainee is placed in the interrogation room the guards depart, and the hood is removed by personnel. Every effort is made to ensure that the only person a detainee communicates with is his CIA interrogator. 50

# DEATH OF GUL RAHMAN

(b)(1)

(b)(1)<sub>1</sub>

(b)(3) CIAAct

(b)(3) NatSecAct

(b)(3) CIAAct

(b)(3) NatSecAct

22. (S) Gul RAHMAN was a Hezbi Islami official from Wardak province, Afghanistan, who was known to interact with and support Al Qa'ida. He was known to be a close associate of Gulbuddin Hekmatyar and Abu Abd Al-RAHMAN Al-Najdi.

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(b)(1)
(b)(3) CIAAct
(b)(3) NatSecAct
(b)(6)
(b)(7)(c)
(b)(7)(f)

Station
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Dec 2002 (Attachment 15) 49 Interview of (b)(1) Dec 2002 (Attachment 15) 50 Interview of (b)(3) CIAAct Oct 2002 (Attachment 31) 51 Alec (b)(3) NatSecAct 52 Alec Nov 2002 (Attachment 32) (b)(7)(c)Nov 2002 (Attachment 33) (b)(7)(d)(b)(1)TOP SECRET / / X1 (b)(7)(f)(b)(3) CIAAct

(b)(3) NatSecAct

)(7)(f) A24-17

A Section 1	SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN
	was very optimistic that they had somebody who was going to
)(1) )(3) <b>N</b> atSecAct	have some good information. 54
	23. (S) RAHMAN was apprehended in Islamabad, Pakistan on October 2002, during an early morning raid
	(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct
	(b)(1)
	(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct
• :	(b)(6) (b)(7)(c)
	(b)(7)(f)
	(b)(1)
	(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct
	(b)(6)(b)(7)(c)
	(b)(7)(f)
\$\$	Jan 2003 (Attachment 30) Oct 2002 (Attachment 34) 17
	(b)(1)————Oct 2002 (Affachment 34) 17 (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct  A 24

### TOP SECRETIVA

SUBJECT: <del>(S)</del> Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN (b)(1)<sub>-</sub> (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6)(b)(7)(c)(b)(7)(f)(b)(1)(b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6)(b)(7)(c)(b)(7)(f)

(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct Oct 2002 (Attachment 34)
Nov 2002 (Attachment 35)
Nov 2002 (Attachment 36)
Nov 2002 (Attachment 36)
Nov 2002 (Attachment 37)

18

TOP SECRET//X1

SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN

	(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct
(b)(1)	(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(3) NatSecAct
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(1)	29. (S) Later that day, RAHMAN were flown from where they were subsequently transferred to upon RAHMAN's arrival at he was given a physical examination and all of his personal clothes and effects were removed. He was dressed in standard prison garb and placed in a single cell. described the standard prison garb as a sweatshirt and sweat pants. RAHMAN was also wearing an adult diaper that was placed on him in This is
(b)(3) NatSecAct  (b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct	done because prisoners are not allowed to use bathroom facilities on the airplane and later as a means of humiliation. According to standard operating procedures, one of RAHMAN's hands or feet would have been shackled to the wall when he was placed in his cell.
(b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	took place in  (b)(1)  (b)(3) CIAAct  (b)(3) NatSecAct  (b)(6)  (b)(7)(c)  (b)(7)(f)
Andrew Control of the	Nov 2002 (Attachment 38) Nov 2002 (Attachment 39) Nov 2002 (Attachment 40) 19

A24-20

(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct

(b)(3) NatSecAct

1	Approved for Release: 2016/06/10 C06555318	4 > 4 >
h)(1)		(b)(1)
(b)(1)		(b)(3) CIAAct
(b)(3) CIAAct	mon cronem / /v1	(b)(3) NatSecAct
(b)(3) NatSecAct	TOP SECRET//XP	(b)(6)
(b)(6)		(b)(7)(c)
(b)(7)(c)		
(b)(7)(f)	SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN	(b)(7)(f)
	physical exam would note such observations.	also
	indicated that the prisoner would be photographe	
	search of cable traffic related to RAHMAN found	
	of any reporting indicating that any injuries or	
e e e	conditions were noted. stated that they	
(b)(1)	medical records on the prisoners and the digital	KCCP IIO
	photographs taken of RAHMAN at rendition have lo	na haan
(b)(3) CIAAct		ng been
	overwritten. 63 64	
(b)(6)		
(b)(7)(c)	30. (S) According to he was at	n
(b)(7)(f)	early November 2002, in conjunction with the int	
	3	ollections
	were fuzzy, recalled that he might have b	een present
	during the first interrogation of RAHMAN at	
(L)(4)	recalled that approached him, and	they
(b)(1)	discussed strategies to use during his interroga	tion.
(b)(3) CIAAct	stated that he believes conducted	
(b)(3) NatSecAct <sup>[</sup>	interrogation, and he watched from behind the li	ghts.
	stated that they talked afterwards and co	llaborated
\ \ \\	on some approaches he might want to take. 65	
, J		
Maria Tanàna	31. <del>(S)</del> Cable traffic reflects that on	and
b)(1)	November 2002, interrogated	•
b)(3) NatSecAct <sup>L</sup>	The cable goes on to state that despite 48 hours	
	deprivation, auditory overload, total darkness,	isolation.
	a cold shower, and rough treatment, RAHMAN maint	ained a
; h)/1)	a cold shower, and rough creatment, wanted maint	ied to deny
b)(1)	high interrogation resistance posture and contin	to the
b)(3) NatSecAct	that he was RAHMAN, despite overwhelming evidence	e to the
•	contrary. His resistance posture suggested a so	phisticated
	level of resistance training. The cable cited s	everar
	examples of his interrogation resistant behavior	
(b)(1)		- 1 - / 6 am aim a d
(b)(3) CIAAct	o Remained steadfast in outright deni	ars (rgnored
(b)(3) NatSecAc	obvious facts).	·
` , ` ,	o was unresponsive to provocation.	
(b)(6)	o Claimed inability to think due to c	onditions
(b)(7)(c)	(cold)	
(b)(7)(f)	o Complained about poor treatment.	
·		•
(b)(1)	43 Latus Note from to Jan 2003 (Attachm	ent 41)
(b)(3) CIAAct	20,00 1,0.7	
(b)(3) NatSecA	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Jan 2005 (Anderment 30)	. 1
(b)(6)	TOP SECRET//X1	1-21
(b)(7)(c)	TOE PECKET//VI	124
(b)(7)(f)		A24-21

	•	•				
100	SUBJECT:	(S) Death	n Investigat	ion - Gul R	AHMAN	
					•	
		o Complai	ned about tl	ne violatio	n of his hum	.an
		_		tly unemotion	onal, calm,	and
		o Blatant		_	ng to appear	
			ently used l			
		o Display	ed no anxie	ty (calmly p	picked at hi	
(b)(1)	•		ils during o e against h	· ·	ons with dam	ning
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct					sychological	
(b)(3) NatSecAct	•	confron	tations.66	<u>-</u>		
	20	(a) a-1-1	. busefia ma	floata that	- alaan	
	32. deprivatio		e traffic re MAN began al		ately after	his
	arrival at				he believed	
(h)(2) CIAAat	RAHMAN's s	sleep depr	ivation star	ted from th	ne beginning	•
(b)(3) NatSecAct	According	to	, RAHMAN'S C	:lothes were	e taken from diaper. Dur	him.
(b)(6)	the period	l of sleep	deprivation	, RAHMAN's	arms were	Liig
(b)(7)(c)	shackled t	o a bar ti	hat ran betw	veen the wal	lls of the co	ell.
(b)(7)(f)	This preve	ented RAHM	AN from sitt	ing down. 67	68 ,	
	33	<del>(S)</del> Duri	<u>ng the f</u> irst	few days c	of RAHMAN's	
(b)(1)	incarcerat	ion at	cab	ole traffic	also reflect	
(b)(3) CIAAct	that he re	eceiveda	cold shower.	During ou	ır interview	with
(b)(3) NatSecAct			that RAHMAN eater was no		a cold showe:	
	that he wa	ne water n as deliber	eater was no ately given	a cold show		cea
(b)(1)	deprivation	on techniq	ue. Cable t	raffic tend	ds to suppor	t
(b)(3) CIAAct		statements	. st	tated that a	after RAHMAN	
(b)(3) NatSecAct		the cold s	hower, he sa ted that RAI	IW KAHMAN SI IMAN was sh	tanding with	tne
(b)(6) (b)(7)(c)	guards.		of hypother		instructe	d the
(b)(7)(f)	guards to	provide R	AHMAN with a	a blanket, v	which they d	id. <sup>69</sup>
					s that durin	
	34. first two	days of i	ncarceration	n, RAHMAN u	nderwent "ro	ugh .
	11155 000		· 	•		•
	66	Nov 2002 (/	Attachment 33)			
	67 Interview of	(b)(1)	Jan 2003 (Atto			
(b)(1)	68 Interview of 69 Interview of	(b)(3) CIAA		ttachment 15) ttachment 15)		
(b)(3) CIAAct	70 Interview of	(b)(3) <b>N</b> atS	ecAct <sub>1</sub> 2003 (Atto			
(b)(3) NatSecAct		<sup>∟</sup> (b)(7)(c) <sup></sup>	. 2	1		

A24-22

(b)(7)(d) (b)(7)(f)

(b)(7)(f)

(b)(1)	SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN (b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecA
(b)(3) NatSecAct	(b)(3) Natioech
	35. (S) On November 2002, Station forwarded
	a cable to Headquarters indicating that to date, RAHMAN had
	provided no information to his interrogators. He still
•	refused to admit his true name was Gul RAHMAN. He appeared somewhat fatigued relative to his appearance upon arrival
(b)(1)	at and remained resolutely defiant as
b)(3) CIAAct	interrogators attempted to obtain information from him.
b)(3) NatSecAct	
,	(b)(1)
	(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct
	(b)(1)
	(b)(3) NatSecAct
o)(1)	
o)(3) CIAAct	36. <del>(S)</del> On November 2002, Station Officers
o)(3) NatSecAct [	again met
p)(6)	with RAHMAN. "RAHMAN had spent the days since his last
o)(7)(c)	session with Station officers in cold conditions with
o(7)(7)(f)	minimal food or sleep. RAHMAN appeared incoherent for portions of this session, but was completely lucid by mid-
	session. 74 During this session, RAHMAN finally admitted
' 	that he was indeed Gul RAHMAN.
	/b)/4)
	(b)(1) (b)(2) NotSooAst
	(b)(3) NatSecAct
,	
•	
•	
. ,	
, <u></u>	
:	73 Nov. 2002 (Attacker and 40)
v. 1/	Nov 2002 (Attachment 42) Nov 2002 (Attachment 43)
t were	(D)(1)Rov 2002 (All definition 40)
	(b)(3) CIAAct  (b)(3) NotSecAct  TOP SECRET//X1
	(b)(3) NatSecAct

Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN SUBJECT:

	·
	(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct
	(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)
b)(1) b)(3) CIAAct b)(3) NatSecAct b)(6) b)(7)(c) b)(7)(f)	37. (S) and both attributed this small interrogation breakthrough to the pressure techniques used on RAHMAN. stated that he believed RAHMAN would have never made the admission without the pressures placed on him. stated that he considered RAHMAN's
b)(1) b)(3) CIAAct b)(3) NatSecAct	admission of his identity as a breakthrough but did not believe that RAHMAN had been "broken." stated that he believes RAHMAN made a compromise. He knew he was in trouble and knew we had a lot of evidence that he was RAHMAN. believes that RAHMAN knew that he could give up his identity and possibly get a little better treatment, but still protect the information that was important to him. 76 77
	Nov 2002 (Attachment 43)   (b)(1)   (b)(3) CIAAct   (b)(3) NatSecAct   (b)(7)(c)   (b)(7)(d)   (b)(7)(f)   (b)(7)(f)   (b)(7)(f)   (c)   (c)(7)(f)   (c)(7)(f)

	(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct <del>TOP SECRET//X1</del>	
Z Y		
(* 1.50 million (* 1.50 millio	SUBJECT: (5) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN	
e duer		
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	38. (S) On November 2002, Headquarters requested that psychologist ICs and conduct a psychological assessment exam of RAHMAN to determine which interrogation measures would be required to render RAHMAN compliant. The cable stated that Headquarters was motivated to extract any and all operational information on Al-Qa'ida and Hezbi Islami from RAHMAN. The cable noted that it was the assessment of the debriefers that RAHMAN may need to be subjected to enhanced interrogation measures to induce him to comply.	
	(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct	
(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct	Headquarters requested that the results of the examination be sent to Headquarters where a determination on the course of action could be made. 78	
(8)(6) National Toler	39. <del>(S)</del> On that same day November 2002), conducted a psychological captivity assessment of RAHMAN.	
	(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	
	78 Alec Nov 2002 (Attachment 32) 25	21

SUBJECT: Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN

	•	
(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct		
	(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct ——(b)(3) NatSecAct—— (b)(6) (b)(7)(c)	
	(b)(7)(f)	
	(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct	

Nov 2002 (Attachment 44) Nov 2002 (Attachment 44) \*(b)(1)\_

(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct

(b)(1)			
(b)(3) CIAAct	(b)(1)	•	
(b)(3) NatSecAct	(b)(3) NatSecAct TOP SECRET//X1		
		(1.)(4)	
(b)(4)	SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN	(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct	
(b)(1) NotSocAct		(b)(3) NaisecAci	
(b)(3) NatSecAct		•	
		n Medical	
	Officer, examined Gul RAHMA no health problems. 81		
/b\/4\	no nearth problems.	(b)(1) (b)(3) NatSecAct	
(b)(1)	42. (S) The afternoon of November 2002	, was the	
(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct	last time saw RAHMAN alive. At the		
(b)(6)	assessed RAHMAN to be in good overall hea		
(b)(7)(c)	noted that RAHMAN had small abrasions on		
(b)(7)(f)	and ankles as a result of the restraints. His a restraints were loosened, and his hand restraint		
	removed when RAHMAN was returned to his cell. 82		
	to RAHMAN had complained that he was cole		
(b)(1)	gave him a sweatshirt.83	(b)(3) NatSecAct	
(b)(3) NatSecAct			
(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(	43. (8) According to Guard was fed at 2100 on November 2002. Because pr	RAHMAN	
/I= \	fed one large meal a day, and because of RAHMAN'.		
(b)(1)	on the following day, this is the last meal RAHM		
(b)(3) NatSecAct	prior to his death. 84		
(b)(6) (b)(7)(c)			
(b)(7)(f)	44. (8) According to RAHMAN was fee		
( ) ( ) ( )	1500 on November 2002.85 According to numerou		
	when the guards gave RAHMAN his food, he threw the waterbottle, and waste bucket at the guards. He		
(b)(1)	yelling at the guards, repeating his threat, last	<del>-</del>	
(b)(3) NatSecAct	approximately one week prior, that he knew their		
(8)(6) Hate 66 tet	he would kill them when he got out of the prison		
	result of his violent behavior, ordered the		
(b)(1)	guards put RAHMAN's hand restraints back on to p		
(b)(3) NatSecAct	from taking any other violent actions. 86 The gua proceeded to shackle RAHMAN to the wall of his co		
(b)(6)	short chain position. (In the "short chain" met		
(b)(7)(c)	prisoner's hands are shackled together as are his feet.		
(b)(7)(f)	Then a short chain is used to shackle the hands	to the	
		(b)(1)	
(b)(1)		(b)(3) CIAAct	
(b)(3) CIAAct	91 Let a view a £ 27)	(b)(3) NatSecAct	
(b)(3) NatSecAct	Nov 2002 (Attachment 27) Nov 2002 (Attachment 40)	(b)(6)	
	83 Interview of Dec 2002 (Attachment 15)	(b)(7)(c)	
;	84 Interview of Nov 2002 (Attachment 45) (b)(1)	(b)(7)(f)	
	Nov 2002 (Attachment 45) (b)(3) CIA Nov 2002 (Attachment 40) (b)(3) Nat	ACT	
	(b)(1)	A2428	
	(b)(3) CIAAct TOP SECRET $(4)(0)$	124°	
	(b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)	k.	

•	o)(1)	
	o)(3) CIAAct o)(3) NatSecAct	TOP SECRET//X1
-	0)(6)	
	o)(7)(c), <sup>/</sup> o)(7)(f) <sup>ÿ</sup>	SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN
\"	-/(. /(./	
		feet. This keeps a prisoner's hand shackled within several inches of his feet. The prisoner's feet are then shackled
		to the wall). The only clothing being worn by RAHMAN at
•	)(1)	this point was the sweatshirt given to him by the
•	)(3) CIAAct )(3) NatSecAct	day before. RAHMAN was nude from the waist down. RAHMAN had been nude, with the exception of a diaper for most of
(D	)(3) NatSecAct	his incarceration. There is uncertainty as to when
		RAHMAN's diaper had been removed. As of approximately
(b	)(1)	1500 on November 2002, RAHMAN was shackled in a sitting position on bare concrete while nude from the waist down.
•	)(3) NatSecAct	The manner in which he was shackled prevented him from
		standing upright.
	)(1) )(3) NatSecAct	45. <del>(S)</del> The guards made their normal rounds to
	(6)	check on the prisoners on November 2002, at 2200 and 2300. The guards did not enter RAHMAN's cell, but visually
b)	)(7)(c)	inspected him from the outside using a flashlight.87
b)	)(7)(f)	According to quard checked RAHMAN's cell at 0400 on
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	November 2002. stated that they looked into his
		cell and whistled. RAHMAN was sitting in his cell, alive
	)(1)	and shaking.88 At 0800, guards made the rounds to check on the prisoners. According
	)(3) CIAAct )(3) NatSecAct	to the guards, RAHMAN was alive, sitting on the floor and
(1)	(a) Natoconct	shaking. noted that RAHMAN's eyes were open and blinking. said RAHMAN's shaking did not seem unusual
/	a)(1)	because all of the prisoners shake. 89 According to
	o)(1) o)(3) NatSecAct	guard he checked RAHMAN's cell at 1000. He noted that the prisoner was lying on his side.
(k	0)(6)	tapped the door with his nightstick; however, the prisoner
- 1	o)(7)(c)	did not move. At that point, sought out a  CIA TDY'er who was at to debrief other
(,	o)(7)(f)	detainees. 90
		46. <del>(S)</del> According to interviews conducted with
(k	o)(1)	Agency personnel present at when RAHMAN's body
•	o)(3) NatSecAct	(6)(4)
	o)(6) o)(7)(c)	(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) CIAAct
	o)(7)(f)	(b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(3) NatSecAct
	/ (b)(1)	Nov 2002 (Attachment 40)  Nov 2002 (Attachment 45)
	(b)(3) CIAA	Ct <sub>9</sub> Interviews of Nov 2002 (Attachment 45)
	(b)(3) NatS	ecAct <sub>erview of (b)(1) Nov 2002 (Attachment 45)</sub> (b)(1)
	(b)(6) (b)(7)(c)	(b)(3) NatSecAct 28 (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(7)(c) TOP SECRET /-/X1 (b)(7)(c)
	(b)(7)(f)	(b)(7)(d) $(b)(7)(d)$
		$(b)(7)(f) \qquad \qquad (b)(7)(f)'$



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(b)(1)

(b)(3) CIAAct

SUBJECT: (3) (b)(1)AUTOPSY (b)(3) NatSecAct 51. RAHMAN on his report entitled, "Final Autposy Findings, CASE # (b)(1)which is attached to this report. In summary, (b)(3) CIAAct listed the cause of death as "undetermined." (b)(3) NatSecActDr. stated, however, that it was his clinical impression (b)(6) that RAHMAN died of hypothermia. 100 (b)(7)(c)(b)(7)(f)52. <del>(3)</del> of exclusion. out one by one until you are left with no other possibility. (b)(1)anterior neck dissection. (b)(3) CIAAct hemorrhage in the tissue, muscles, and cartilage around the (b)(3) NatSecAct neck and no evidence of damage to the Hyoid bone. (b)(6)such as these are common in cases of strangulation. examined the soft tissue on the inside of the mouth and (b)(7)(c)found no evidence that pressure was placed over the mouth (b)(7)(f)as is common in cases of smothering. to the teeth. The head and skull were examined and displayed no evidence of facial or skull fractures and no blood in the anterior chambers of the eyes. (b)(1)the chest, trunk, abdomen, and genitals and found no (b)(3) CIAAct evidence of trauma. RAHMAN had abrasions to both wrists (b)(3) NatSecAct and ankles, but there was no evidence of infection. had a number of scrapes on his shoulders, legs, and hips; (b)(6)however, there was no bruising around the abrasions (b)(7)(c)suggesting that there was no blunt force trauma. 101 (b)(7)(f)The toxicology was conducted by the for all of the classic poisons to include cyanide. Additionally, they tested for substances used in truth serums and found no evidence of toxic substances. (b)(1)specifically looked for injection marks (b)(3) CIAAct the autopsy, on the body and searched for pill fragments in the mouth (b)(3) NatSecAct and stomach and found no indication that he had ingested (b)(6)any pills or received any injections. 102 (b)(7)(c) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(7)(f)(Attachment 48) 100 Final Autopsy Findings, Dec 2002 (Attachment 49) 101 Interview of Dr. (b)(1)A24-32 Dec 2002 (Attachment 49) 102 Interview of Dr. (b)(3) CIAAct 31 (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6)(b)(7)(c)

(b)(7)(f)

SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN

54. (3) In making the clinical diagnosis of death by hypothermia, based his conclusion and the clinical environment in which RAHMAN was found and the information compiled during the investigation. based his conclusions on the following factors

(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6)

(b)(7)(c)

(b)(7)(f)

- o RAHMAN's urine had high catecholamine levels, which is consistent with hypothermic deaths.
- o RAHMAN was seen shivering for a number of hours immediately prior to his death.
- o The environment in which he was housed was extremely cold. On the night of his death, the outside temperature was 31 degrees. The prison facility is not insulated.
- o RAHMAN had not eaten in approximately 36 hours.
  No food was found in his stomach during the
  autopsy. RAHMAN's glycogen levels would have
  been depleted. Glycogen is a fuel source used by
  the body to stay warm.
- o RAHMAN was unclothed from the waist down and was in direct contact with cold concrete. Direct conduction is a significant cause of heat loss in the body.
- o RAHMAN was chained in a short chain position. This prevented him from standing up and moving around to warm his body.
- o RAHMAN was dehydrated which is a contributing factor to hypothermia. 103

(b	)(1)	
(b	)(3) CIAAct	
(b	)(3) NatSecAct	
(b	)(6)	•
(b	)(7)(c)_	•
103 Interview of Dr. (b	)(7)(f)	Dec 2002 (Attachment 49)
		32
	man-	ATION TO A PORT

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SUBJECT: (3) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN

### CONCLUSIONS

The evidence developed during the course of this investigation suggests the following:

- o There is no evidence to suggest that RAHMAN's death was deliberate.
  - o There is no evidence to suggest that RAHMAN was beaten, tortured, poisoned, strangled, or smothered.
  - o Hypothermia was the most likely cause of death of Gul RAHMAN.
  - o His death was not deliberate, but resulted from his incarceration in a cold environment while nude from the waist down, and shackled in a position that prevented him from moving around to keep warm. Additionally, this kept him in direct contact with the cold concrete floor leading to a loss of bodyheat through conduction.
  - o Gul RAHMAN's actions contributed to his own death. By throwing his last meal he was unable to provide his body with a source of fuel to keep him warm. Additionally, his violent behavior resulted in his restraint which prevented him from generating body heat by moving around and brought him in direct contact with the

concrete floor leading to a loss of bodyheat through conduction.

(b)(1)

(b)(3) CIAAct

(b)(3) NatSecAct

(b)(6)

(b)(7)(c)

(b)(7)(f)

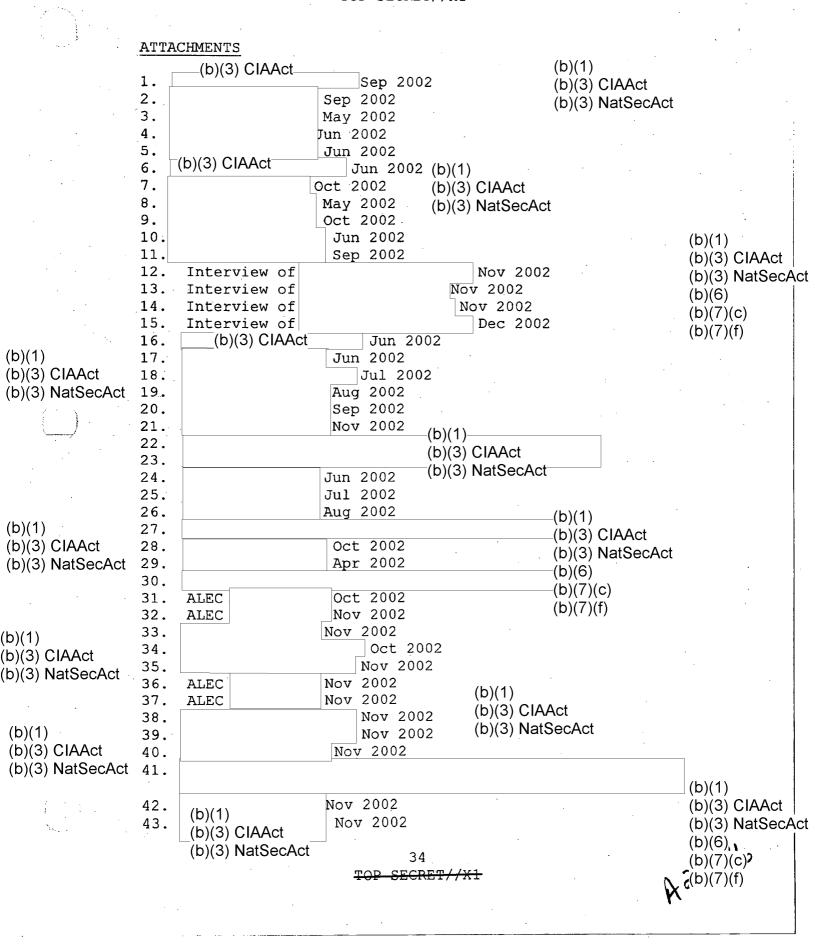
Attachments
As stated

33 <del>TOP SECRET//X1</del>

SUBJECT: (S) Death Investigation - Gul RAHMAN

Distribution:
Original & 1 - Addressee
1 - ADDO/CI
(b)(3) CIAAct
(b)(3) NatSecAct
(b)(6)
(b)(7)(c)
(b)(7)(f)

36 <del>TOP SECRET//X1</del>



(b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(3) NatSecAct 44. Nov 2002 45. Nov 2002 46. Interview of Nov 2002. (b)(1)(b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) CIAAct 47. Interview of Final Autopsy Findings, (b)(3) NatSecAct 49. Interview of Dr. Dec 2002 (b)(6)50. Interview of Nov 2002 (b)(7)(c)Gul Rahman Autopsy Photographs (b)(7)(f)

(b)(1)

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(b)(1) (b)(3) CIAAct (b)(3) NatSecAct (b)(6) (b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(f)

35 <del>POP SECRET//X1</del>