THE [illegible]

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J. BAYON.

NEW ORLEANS,

THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 20, 1831.

At a meeting of the members of the bar of New Orleans, held at the room of the Parish Court, for the City and Parish of New Orleans, on the 19th December, 1831. L. M. Lisle Esq. was called to the Chair, and Alfred Hennen Esq. was appointed Secretary.

On motion of R. Liddell Esq. seconded by G. Eustis Esq.

Resolved, That a committee of four members of the bar be appointed to prepare a presentation to the Judges of the Supreme Court, on the subject of the respective resolutions of the bar and the bench, to be submitted to an adjourned meeting.

On motion of L. Pierce Esq. seconded by P. Soule Esq.

Resolved, That the same committee be further directed to report on a memorial to be addressed to the Legislature for the purpose of providing for the appointment of two additional Judges of the Supreme Court.

Whereon the chairman appointed Messrs. Eustis, Strobel, Denis, Pierce, Soule.

On motion of G. Eustis Esq. seconded by L. Pierce Esq. The Chairman and Secretary were added to the committee.

On motion of P. Soule Esq. seconded by H. R. Denis Esq.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the public papers for the purpose of giving notice to the members of the bar, and that the meeting be adjourned until Friday next, at 10 o'clock, at the room of the Parish Court.

A. DUCROPEAU LISLET, *Chairman.*

ALFRED HENNEN, *Secretary.*

CONGRESS.

We are apprised, by the Baltimore Republican of the 6th inst. that ANDREW STEVENSON, has been elected, on the first ballot, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The Arian, capt. Geekens, bound from Havana to Rome, arrived off Dover on the 17th Oct. having on board the crew of the Hercules, which was burnt at sea on her voyage from New York for New Orleans. The crew was picked up on the 9th September, and one of the men landed at Dover.

We are indebted to the New York Enquirer for the intelligence of the prorogation of the British Parliament, and the final settlement of the affairs of Belgium and Holland, by the conference of London. This information has been gleaned from English papers of the 25th October, received at the office of the above mentioned journal, being nine days later than the advice published in our columns.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.

The packet ship York, Capt. Burdsley, arrived last evening, has brought us our files of Liverpool papers from the 15th to 28th October, inclusive, Lloyds and Commercial advices to the same date.

From the extracts we give below, it will be perceived that, by the mediation of Saturday, the King of England has prorogued the British Parliament, announcing at the same time, his intention of again bringing before that body at the ensuing session, the question of a constitutional reform in the representative body. The Speech of the king is highly eulogized in most of the London journals.

The previous rejection of the Reform Bill by the Hon-ble Peers, has called forth unqualified hisses of the strongest disapprobation in every part of England and Scotland. Meetings have been held throughout those countries, expressive of indignation at the vote of the Lords—approbatory of the conduct of the Government, and urging Ministers to persevere in their project of reform.

In France, perfect tranquillity seems to reign.—We were already informed that the Chamber of Deputies had by a large majority declared against the peerage remaining hereditary, but the attempts to limit the selection of peers by the King and other amendments proposed by the liberal party have failed. We see not therefore that much has been done. It strikes us that this body emating entirely from the King, will be a more pliant machine in the hands of the monarch than it was before.

At last the Conference at London have laid the basis of an arrangement between Belgium and Holland, the particulars will be found below. The Belgians express the utmost dissatisfaction at the terms which are imposed on them; but, as in resisting them, they can look for neither countenance nor aid from France or England, or indeed from any other powes, we have little doubt that they will eventually be compelled to submit.

In relation to Poland the accounts before us complete the picture of the total subjugation of that heroic nation to the autocrat of Russia; we were already in possession of the outlines.

The cholera morbus, we lament to add, has reached Hamburg. When the proximity of that city to England and its frequent intercourse with that country is considered, it can hardly be expected that it will not be carried thither, and indeed throughout all Europe. It is consolating, however, to find, that as it extends to the most civilized part of the continent, it assumes a more lenient character. Additional precautions had been adopted against its introduction in England, but we are unable to insert it to-day. The King of Holland had opened a session States General by a speech which contains notions particularly important.

PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS—Thursday, Oct. 20.

This day being fixed for the prorogation of Parliament by his Majesty, preparations were made at an early hour to give the usual eclat to this national ceremony. To prevent any interruption of the public peace, a strong body of police began at 12 o'clock to line the streets from the Palace to the House of Lords, and shortly afterwards detachments from the House Guards arrived on the ground, to add splendour and efficiency to their arrangements.

At two o'clock the bells of St. Margaret's church, and the cheers of the people on the outside of the House, gave notice to those inside of his Majesty's approach. Shortly afterwards the firing of minute guns announced his Majesty's arrival at the House. The Lord Chancellor and Earl Grey immediately withdrew to receive their patriotic Monarch. As they passed through the Painted Chamber to the Peers' Room, they were both cheered loudly by the spectators waiting there. The Lord Chancellor's reception, next to that of the King, was, we understand particularly enthusiastic. In a few minutes afterwards, they returned to the House, leading his Majesty, who was accompanied by the usual officers of State, to the foot of the throne, which his Majesty, who looked exceedingly well, ascended with a firm step and with great alacrity.

The usual intimations were then given to the Usher of the Black Rod to command the attendance of the House of Commons at the bar of the House of Lords to wait upon his Majesty. Shortly afterwards the Speaker, accompanied by Lord Althorp, and several other members of the House of Commons appeared at the bar.

The Speaker, holding the appropriation bill in his hand, then addressed his Majesty as follows:—

"May it please your Majesty—We, your Majesty's dutiful Commons, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, attend your Majesty at the conclusion of a session unusually protracted; and, Sire, amidst difficulties and anxiety, both within and without the walls of Parliament, and labors unprecedented in any former session, we presume to hope that we have discharged our duties as faithful representatives of the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and devotedly attached subjects of your Majesty. Sire, the bill which I have now to present is entitled, 'An act to apply the sum of £1,800,000, out of the Consolidated Fund, to the service of the year 1831, and to appropriate the supplies granted in this session of Parliament,' to which with all humility, we pray your Majesty's Royal assent.

The Royal Assent was then given to the following by commission:—

"The Duties on Hops Bill, Distillation of Spirits (Ireland) Bill, Valuation of Land (Ireland) Bill, Military Asylums (Ireland) Bill, Parliament (Ireland) Bill, Bankruptcy Court Bill, Adverse Claims Bill, Sugar Bill, Select Vestry (England) and Poor Law Bill, and the Enclosure of Crown Land Bill.

The Speaker then read the following speech in a loud voice, pronouncing the concluding paragraph with every marked emphasis:—

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

"I am at length enabled to put an end to the session of unexampled duration and labor, in which matters of the deepest interest have been brought under your consideration.

"I have felt sincere satisfaction in confirming by my Royal assent bills for the amendment of the game law, and for the reduction of taxes which pressed heavily on the interests of my people; and I have observed with no less pleasure, the commencement of important improvements in the law of bankruptcy, from which the most beneficial effects may be expected.

"I continue to receive the most gratifying proofs of the friendly disposition of Foreign Powers.

"The Conference assembled in London has at length terminated its difficult and laborious discussions, by an arrangement unanimously agreed upon by the Plenipotentiaries of the five Powers for the separation of the States of Holland and Belgium, on terms by which the interests of both, together with the future security of other countries, have been carefully provided for.

"A treaty founded on this arrangement has been presented to the Dutch and Belgian Plenipotentiaries, and I trust that its acceptance by their respective Courts, which I anxiously expect, will avert the dangers by which the peace of Europe was threatened whilst this question remained unsettled.

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

"I thank you for the provisions made for the future dignity and comfort of my Royal Consort, in the event of her surviving me; and for the supplies which you have granted for the service of the present year. You may be assured of my anxious care to have them administered with the strictest attention to a well considered economy.

"The state of Europe has made it necessary to incur in the various establishments of the public service an increased expenditure, which it will be my earnest desire to reduce whenever it can be done with safety to the interests of the country. In the mean time I have the satisfaction of reflecting that these demands have been provided for without any material addition to the public burdens.

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

"In the interval of repose which may now be afforded you, I am sure it is unnecessary for me to recommend to you the most careful attention to the preservation of tranquillity in your respective counties. The anxiety which has been so generally manifested by my people for the accomplishment of a constitutional reform in the Commons House of Parliament, will, I trust, be regulated by a due sense of the necessity of order and moderation in their proceedings.

"To the consideration of this important question the attention of Parliament must necessarily again be called at the opening of the ensuing Session; and you may be assured of my unaltered desire to promote its settlement by such improvements in the representation as may be found necessary for securing to my people the full enjoyment of their rights, which, in combination with those of the other orders of the state, are so essential to the support of our free constitution."

Then the Lord Chancellor, by his Majesty's command, said—

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

"It is his Majesty's Royal will and pleasure that this Parliament be prorogued to Tuesday (the 22d day of November next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Tuesday the 22d day of November next."

His Majesty then left the House, and was accompanied on his return by the same enthusiastic cheering with which he had been received on his passage down to the House of Peers.

REFORM BILL—INTENTIONS OF MINISTERS.

—The following is a copy of the reply of Earl Gray to a letter from Sir John C. Hobhouse, accompanying the Address unto the householder of St. George's Hanover square:—

"DOWNING STREET, Oct. 15, 1831.

"Dear Sir—I have had the pleasure of receiving your letter of the 14th, with the accompanying Addresses from the electors of Westminster, from the parish of St. Anne, and from the householders of St. George's, Hanover square. The expressions of approbation and confidence with which we are honored in these addresses have afforded the highest gratification to my colleagues and to myself. It will be our most anxious wish to merit a continuance of these sentiments, which we know can only be secured by a steady, consistent, and persevering conduct, directed to the accomplishment of a real reform in the representation of the people, not less efficient than that which has been so lately rejected. A bill for this purpose will be offered to Parliament immediately on the opening of the next session, and in the mean time we hope we shall not be thought to claim too large a credit in requesting you to be assured that all our measures will be taken with a view to the most effectual means of insuring the success of this important object. I have the honor to be, dear sir, your obedient servant,

GREY."

HOLLAND AND BELGIUM.

The affairs of Holland and Belgium have at last been arraigned by the Conference of London. Both parties complain of partiality, but though they both grumble, they will neither of them have the folly to refuse the terms. The following is the Treaty prescribed for their adoption:—

"1. The Belgic Territy, by this article, is to be composed of the provinces of South Brabant, Leige, Namur, Hamault, Western Flanders, Eastern Flanders, Anthwerp, and Limburg, as made part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands in 1825, with the exception of the districts of the Prince of Limburg pointed out by article 4.

"2. The Belgic territory will comprise, besides, the part of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg indicated in article 2

"3. His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, Grand Dutchy of Luxingburg the limits of the Belgic territory shall be such as they are hereafter described.

[The remainder of the article traces the line of frontier.]

"4. His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, Grand Duke of Luxemburg, shall receive for the cession made in the preceding article, a territorial indemnity in the province of Limburg.

[The article then points out the limits of this indemnity.]

"5. This article stipulates for the arrangement of the ceded territory with the Germanic Confederation.

"6. Pending these territorial arrangements the parties are to resign forever all pretentions to the ceded parts, and Commissioners from Belgium and Holland are to assemble as soon as possible in Maestrich, to mark out the boundaries.

"7 Belgium, in the limits pointed out by these articles, will form an independent and perpetually neutral state.

"8, 9, and 10. These articles regulate the navigation of the rivers of Flanders, of the canals which traverse both countries, on a system of perfect equality.

"11. Leaves free commercial communication between Maestricht and Sitfard.

"12. Regulates the continuation of all new canals henceforward made.

"13. From the first of January; 1832. Belgium is to be charged a debt of 8,400,000 florins of annual rentes; and the article regulates the transfer of the capital which is henceforward to form a part of the Belgic national debt.

"14. Regulates the payment of the expenses incurred by Holland since November 1. 1830, which Belgium is to reimburse in three enstalments—on the 1st of January, the 1st of April, and the 1st of July, 1832.

"16. Refers to public works, as canals, roads, &c. which are to belong to the country in which they are situated.

"18, 19 and 20. The inhabitants of both countries are to be allowed two years to dispose of their property, &c., if inclined to transfer their domicile from one country to the other.

"21. A general amnesty for past political occurrences.

"22. All claims to be examined by mixed Commissions of Liquidation.

"24. Immediately after the exchange of the Treaty of intervention between the two parties, the necessary orders shall be sent to the commanders of the respective armies for the evacuation of the territories, cities, towns, and places which change domination. The civil authorities of them will at the same time receive necessary orders for the surrender of their territories, cities towns, and places, to the Commissioners who shall be appointed to that effect on one part and the other. This evacuation and surrender shall be so effected, that they may be completed within 15 days, or sooner if it can be done.

"(Signed) "Esterhazy, "Bulow.
"Wessemberg, "Lieven.
"Talleyrand. "Matusewich.
"Palmerston.

The above articles, in being communicated to the Belgian Congress, were accompanied with the following document.

"The undersigned plenipotentiaries of Austria, France, Great Britain, Prussia and Russia, after having maturely weighed all the considerations which have been made to them by the Belgian Plenipotentiary upon the means of concluding a definitive treaty relative to the separation between Belgium and Holland, have experienced the regret of finding that there is in these communications no approximation of the views and opinions of the parties directly interested.

"Being unable to abandon to more protracted uncertain ty one of the five of which the immediate solution has become necessary to Europe,—forced to resolve them under pain of seeing them produce the incalculable evil of a general war—perfectly informed, moreover, respecting all the points in discussion by the communications which have been made to them by the Belgian Plenipotentiary, and the Plenipotentiary of the Netherlands, the undersigned have but submitted to a duty which their courts have no discharge, as well towards themselves as towards the other states, and which all attempts at direct conciliation between Belgium and Holland have still left unaccomplished, they have only caused to be respected the supreme law of an European interest of the first order, they have only caused a cession of resistance to a necessity which had become more and more imperious—when they fixed the condition of a definitive agreement which Europe friendly to peace, and having a right to exact the preservation of peace, has sought for in vain, during the space of a year, on the propositions made by the two parties, or accepted in turn by one of them and rejected by the other.

"In the condition which the 24 articles hereunto annexed contain, the Conference of London has been obliged to have regard only to the principles of equity. It has followed the impression of the strong desire which animated it, of conciliating interests which rights, and securing to Holland as well as to Belgium, reciprocal advantages, good frontiers, a state of territorial possession without dispute, a liberty of commerce usually beneficial, and a partition of debt which has been regulated less by minute calculation (the materials for which, indeed, have not been furnished,) less also by the strictness of conventions and treaties, than with the view of lessening the burdens and of favoring the prosperity of the State.

"In having the Belgian Plenipotentiary to sign the article of which mention has been made above, the undersigned will observe.

"1. That these articles shall have all force and value of a solemn convention between the Belgian Government and the Five Powers.

"2. That the Five powers guarantee the execution of them.

"3. That once accepted by the two parties, they are destined to be inserted, word for word, in a direct treaty between Belgium and Holland, which shall in addition to them, contain only stipulations relative to the peace and friendship which shall subsist between the two countries and their two sovereigns.

"2. That this treaty, signed under the auspices of the Conference of London, shall be placed under the formal guarantee of the Five Powers.

"5. That the article is a question form a whole, and do not admit of any separation.

"6. Lastly, that they contain the final and irrecoverable decision of the Five Powers, who, of common accord, are resolved themselves to bring about the full and entire acceptance of the said article by the party adverse to them, if the party should reject them.

"The undersigned embrace this opportunity of offering to the Belgian Plenipotentiary the assurance of their most high consideration.

(Signed.) Esterhazy, Wessemberg.
Talleyrand, Palmerston,
Bulow, Lieven.
Matusewicz.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 21.—(Private correspondence.)—The Minister of Foreign Affairs stated yesterday, that the Government had come to no decision in relation to the Treaty.

It is said here that the Dutch Government is highly dissatisfied with the decision. The Belgian Minister of War does not relax in his efforts to be prepared for battle next week, in case the Dutch make another invasion.

PARIS, OCTOBR 15.—Private Correspondence.—On my way to the Chamber this morning, I called at the American Embassy in the neighboring street, when I was shown a letter which had just been received by way of Havre, from a Gentleman residing in General Jackson's family—in fact, from the President's private secretary, aide-de-camp, and friend. Its import was to say the elections in progress for the approaching Session of Congress, so far as known at the date of the communication, were in a sense so decidedly friendly to the principles and policy of the present government of the United States that no doubt was entertained by the President himself, or by any of his friends, as to his election for a second time to the chief magistracy of the American Republic. It is not doubted by Mr. Rives that the treaty negociated by him for giving the indemnity due by France to America, arising from the spoliations committed under the Berlin and Milan decrees, and for regulating the commercial intercourse between the two countries, will be promptly ratified by Congress; from whence, and from the expected re-election of General Jackson, it is inferred that the foreign policy of the United States will henceforth be conducted on more liberal principles than heretofore.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—Within these few days a pretty considerable number of English have arrived at Paris. They announce that many of their countrymen, especially of the higher classes, are preparing to quit England for a time, where they are not without fears, to come and reside in our capital. Viscount de Chatenubriand has returned to Paris.

LOST yesterday evening at about 2 o'clock, in Toulouse street, between Chartres and Royal, a note of the amount of $278, 10, drawn by J. Coulon & Co. to the order of E. Debergue, and endorsed by H. Landeaux Jr., and H. Landeaux. The said note is dated the 1st October, at six months: payment having been stopped, the public is apprised not to take up said note; whoever finds it, is requested to leave it at the office of Landreaux & Chubert, No 54 Toulouse Street. dec. 20.

WET nurse to be hired out—a young and healthy black woman, having a child five days old—apply to No 116 Royal St.—dec 20.

SPADES and SHOVELS—50 dozen No. 1 2 & 3. 50 do steel back strap shovels, 9 do long handled shovels. Manufactured by T. E. Roland, Philadelphia, landing and for sale by YORK MACALESTER & Co.
dec. 15.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, October 22.

There has been a considerable improvement in the demand for Cotton, the sales of the week reaching 21,240 bags; (of which 1000 bags American are on speculation, and 900 American and 800 Brazil for export;) prices have advanced about 1-8d per lb. The sales comprise 180 Sea Island at 10½ to 19½d, with 20 Stained at 6½d to 7½d—3890 Bowed 5d to 6½d, with 160 at 6 7-8d to 7d—8510 Orleans 5d to 7 7-8d, which 10 at 8d—4960 Alabama and Mobile 4 5-8d to 6½d—1440 Pernambuco 7½d to 7 7-8d—2490 Maranham 6d to 7 5-8d—1210 Bahia 6d to 7d—1240 Egyptian 7 3-4d to 2d. We have no transaction worth reporting in Tobacco. Scarcely any thing has been done in Ashes, Rice, or in Quercitron Bark. 200 bbls American Tar have been taken at 13s 6d per barrel; and 2280 barrels Terpentine at 10s 6d per cwt.

The unfavorable account of the Whail Fishery has caused an advance in Olive Oil of £8 to £4 per ton Seal Oil is also increased; and Palm Oil has been sold at an improvement of £1 to £2 per ton.

LONDON, Nov. 22.

Since Monday we have had a large supply of English wheat and flour, but little or no Irish and Scotch: and there being few millers at market this morning, the demand was in consequence very limited, as it was confined almost entirely to the best samples, which were taken off at fully last Monday's currency. We heard of no sales to-day of either bonded wheat or rye. The finest qualities of Malting and Distillers' Barley met a fair sale at Monday's prices. Oats, however, were dull, and rather cheaper.

The Government contract for 100,000 gallons Rum was taken yesterday at an average of 1s 5-16, being in three parts at 1s 4½d, 5-16 and 6-16. The quantity of indigo declared for sale was 9154 chests, of which 1577 were company's; previous to the opening and during the sale 1258 chests were withdrawn, leaving 7785 chests. The sale began with the Company's marks, which were taxed at about 1s under the market price; the whole sold from 2s 2d to 3s 9d, averaging 4s. Upon the whole ordinary and low qualities brought fully last sales prices, middling and good ridding from par to 3d discount; and good and fine 44 discount The home consumers have bought very sparingly, but continental ordes have taken fully three fourths of the quantity sold. The whole quantity sold. The whole quantity bought in by the propietors does not exceed 1290 chests. The demand for Saltpetre has been languid, and prices are a shade lower.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—New Dollars 4s. 10d. American Stocks—Bank Shares £26, 6s 261 10. New York Sixes, 1837, 103 a 104.—Pennsylvania Fives, 1856, 10¼ a 105. Ohio Sixes, 1850, 112.—Louisiana Fives, [Boring's] 102 a 103.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Home, Mitchell, Liverpool, I Linton.
Brig Phœnix, Allen, Barcelona. A. Fisk
Brig Gaulois Gnignard, Havre, Ferret & Charbonet

DEPARTED LAST EVENING FOR THE PASSES

Steamer Florida, Morrison, with ship Home, Brigs Phœnix; Juno, Schr Pocahounts and Columbia.

ARRIVED.

Towboat Pilot, Riddle, from the Passes—having towed to sea ship Gem, and brig Omar—brought up schrs Myuna, Thadius, and Spanish schr ——. Left the N E Pass at P M. on Sunday—nothing new off either Pass—in the river, brigs Pensacola, and Eleanor, and schr Gen. Jackon. Other vessels reported.

Schr Atrevida, Havana, cargo coffee, sugar, fruit, &c.

Shr Thaddeus, Conklin, Havana, cargo coffee, sugar fruit, &c.

Schr Rising States, Gariner, Providence ballast.

Steamer Telegraph, Crane, from Bayou Sarah, with 26 bales cotton, Reynolds, Byrne & co; 23 do, Allaine, Perrault & Allaine; 8 do, J Linton; 68 do Williams and Lee; 36 do W & J H Leverich & co; 24 do M White; 10 do S C Bell: 10 boxes musket cartridges, 1 box do flints, 1 box slow match and copper tacks, Capt S Shanon; 52 bhls molasses, 2 do sugar, Peyroux, Rivarde & co. 34 Passengers.

Steamer Rapide, Waters, from Natchitoches, with 134 bales cotton to Peyroux, Rivarde & co; 100 Maurin & O'Dunigg; 60 Planche & Courcelle; 71 J Hagan & co; 82 A Fisk, Watt & co; 4 Bullitt & Snapp; 25 N & J Dick & co; 3 kegs sundries Rogers & Slocom.—Passengers, Madam Deslanche, child and servant, Madam Caratep, child & servant, Madam Lacour & child, Miss Rowley, Miss A Lacour, Miss Castinado, Miss J Lacour and others.

Steamer Planter, Colla, Bayou Sarah, with 24 bales of cotton Williams & Lee; 38 do A Fisk, Watt & co; 12 do S C Bell and others. 39 passengers.

MEMORANDA.

Cleared from New York for this port, 5th Dec. brig Cadmus, Sanders.

Brig Barbara, 15 days from this port for Marseilles was spoken on the 20th Nov. off Martinsville reef.

Hence at Liverpool, 22d Oct, the Trescott.

Cleared at Liverpool for this port, 22d Oct. the Robert Pulsford and the Wm. Neilson.

Up at Liverpool for this port, 25th Oct. the Sarah and Caroline, brig Diamond, Todd.

Hence at Bremer, 8th Oct. ship Shepherdess, Cook, and Fame, Strange.

Hence at Cuxhaven, 14th Oct. the Favorite, Hauer. This late vessel entered at Cuxhaven, after being on Yulat Reef, whence she got off after being lightened by fishing smacks.

ROYAL STREET NO. 188.

THE subscriber has received from France by the ship Indien, a large assortment of goods, consisting in mantleaux, leather and satin bootees and shoes, of all colors, and pranella do. for ladies, also a choice selection of cloth and circassion dresses, children's caps, ribbons, gloves, flowers, ridicules &c. &c. Having previously on hand a general assortment of dry goods; which he offers for sale at moderate prices.
dec 20. VR. GOUY.

LANDING from ship Chester, cartes, drays and wheels, for sale by SAM. C. BELL.
dec 20.

COFFEE—190 bags prime Havana coffee, landing from schr. Shuddens—for sale by
dec 20. STETSON & AVERY.

COFFEE—147 bags St. Domingo mountain coffee landing and for sale by dec 20.
dec 20 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

WANTED TO HIRE.—Two or three negro men who understand baking. Apply at this office. dec 19

MOLASSES HOGSHEADS.—160 superior tight Molasses Hogshead landing from ship Liberty and for sale by.
dec 19 YORKE, MACALESTER & Co.

185 kegs Lexington leaf lard, landing from steamer Criterion, for sale by
TOURNE & BECKWITH.
dec 19. No. 15 New Levee.

CHOPPAS,—one case superfine—for sale by WM. G. HEWES
No 9 Camp street dec 19.

FOR SALE.—two fine BILLIARD TABLES, second-handed—apply Jefferson street.—dec 19. C. ROSSELIUS.

THE subscribers have just received per brig Delight, from Marseilles, and offer for sale by wholesale or retail, 15 bales almonds; 110 baskets sweet oil, large bottles; 5 jars cristalized fruit & nougat; 2 jars sausages; 2 jars dates; 12 boxes with 14 pots in each pickles *than*: 15 pounds pickled truffles in small kegs: 45 boxes vermicelli, macaroni & lefaigne: 34 doz. mats of all sizes for rooms.

In store—received from Havre & Bordeaux, fresh plums; Lyon sausages; pate grass cheese gruyere; pine apple cheese; preserved strawberries, raspberries, cherries, sardines preserved in butter and in oil; truffle pies, and many other succulent and desirable articles fully preserved; all kinds of seeds for birds; maraschino, cordial, assorted cordials; Parisian cordial of the 27, 28 & 29th of July. Also 50 boxes Canton crackers, which they will sell by wholesale or retail, at their store corner of Chartres & St Peter sts
dec, 19. CLAPIER & MICOUD.

BACON AND PORK.—15 casks Shoulders Bacon, 140 barrels Joles, Chimes and Rumps Pork, suitable for plantation use, will be sold low to close consignments, by
dec 17 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR LOUISVILLE, [illegible] and all intermediate landings.

The very fast running steamer BRANDYWINE, capt. Hamilton, has part of her cargo on board, will start on Sunday 25th inst.

Freight for Nashville will be forwarded from the mouth of the Cumberland without delay. For freight or passage apply on board or to
dec 20 YORKE, MACALESTER & CO.

FOR LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATTI.

The fast running steamer CRITERION, A. Ryon master, has part of her cargo on board and ready to go on board, will meet with despatches for the remainder of freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board or
dec 19. to TOURN & BECKWITH.

FOR LA FOURCHE INTERIOR.

The new steamer VOLANT, Wm. R. Carter master, will depart for the above and intermediate landings, this day at 10 o'clock A. M. For freight or passage, apply on board or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
dec 19 15 New Levee st.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The new ship LIBERTY, Captain Davis will be despatched as above. For freight or passage, apply to
dec 20. YORKE, MACALESTER & Co.

WANTED

To purchase a first rate schooner of 1000 to 1200 bbls burthen—apply to
dec 19. T. NICOLET & Co.

FOR SISAL.

The fine and fast sailing brig HUNTER, J. BONNEY master, having half of its cargo engaged, will meet with immediate despatch for the balance thereof or passage. Apply to the captain on board or to
JOSE PRATS,
14 dec. No. 52 St. Anne street

FOR HAVANNA.

The fine Spanish brig MARIA, class No. 1. T. M. Larragan master, having part of her cargo engaged, will sail with dispatch. For freight or passage, apply to
SIMON CUTULLU.
dec 13 53 Toulouse st.

FOR BALTIMORE.

The fine fast sailing copper fastened brig VOLTA, Sylvester master, has the principal part of her cargo engaged, will meet with immediate dispatch. For freight of the remainder and passage apply to Capt. on board or to J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.
dec 13 Conville st

BALL ROOM,

Corner of Orleans and Bourbon streets—

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 21,

Will be given a

GRAND DRESS & MASQUERADE

BALL.

Admittance—One dollar. Ladies will not be admitted without an invitation Ticket. Gentlemen will find a place to deposit their hats, clocks, canes &c. dec 19

NOTICE.—Whereas, *William F. Palfrey*, late Sheriff of the Parish of St. Martin, has applied to me, praying for the cancelling of the thirteen following bonds, to wit:—A bond of seven thousand five hundred dollars; (as Sheriff) subscribed by him on the 29th day of October, 1822, jointly with Isaac L. Baker, John Brownson and John Palfrey, his securities. The second as Collecter of Taxes, of thirteen thousand one hundred and eighty seven dollars and twenty one and one fourth cents, subscribed by him on the 21st day of December 1822, jointly with David Rees, John Muggath, Wm. Greig, Thos. B. Brashear, Robert Perry and Judiah D. Nixon, his securities, the third as Sheriff, of seven thousand five hundred dollars, subscribed by him on the 10th of February 1823, jointly with John Brownson, John Palfrey and M. Arail, his securities. The fourth as Collector of Taxes, of eight thousand two hundred and ninety three dollars and twenty eight cents, subscribed by him on the 22d day of November, 1823, jointly with Ramson Eastin, Isaac L. Baker, John Muggah and Wm. Greig, his securities. The fifth, of ten thousand one hundred and sixty two dollars, subscribed by him as Collector of Taxes on the 18th day of December 1824, jointly with R. Eastin, John Muggah, Isaac L. Baker and Wm. Greig, his securities. The sixth, as Collector of Taxes, of eight thousand seven hundred and ten dollars, subscribed by him on the 20th day of December, 1825, jointly with Isaac L. Baker, Raymond Francois and David Weakes, his securities. The seventh, as Sheriff of five thousand dollars, subscribed by him on the 7th day of February, 1826, jointly with John Brownson, Wm. Arail and John Palfrey, his securities. The eighth, as collector of Taxes, of ten thousand nine hundred and five dollars, subscribed by him on the 23d day of December, 1826, jointly with Isaac L. Baker, David Weaks, J. J. Rowseau and Wm. Greig, his securities. The ninth, as Sheriff, of five thousand dollars, subscribed by him on the 12th day of February, 1827, jointly with John Palfrey, John Brownson and M. Arail, his securities.—The tenth, as Collector of Taxes, of twelve thousand, seven hundred and ninety six dollars, subscribed by him on the 23th day of December, 1827, jointly with Wm. Greig, David Weeks, J. J. Rowseau and Isaac L. Baker, his securities. The eleventh, as Collector of Taxes, of thirteen thousand nine hundred and eighteen dollars, subscribed by him on the 10th day of January, 1829, jointly with David Weakes, Wm. Greig and Leonard J. Smith, his securities. The twelfth, as Sheriff, of five thousand dollars, subscribed by him on the 2d day of March, 1829, jointly with John Brownson and John Palfrey, his securities, and the thirteenth, as Collector of Taxes, of fifteen thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars and forty three cents, subscribed by him on the 9th day of January, 1830, jointly with David Weakes, Leonard J. Smith and Wm. Greig, his securities.

These are to give notice to all persons interested therein, to show cause in writing at the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof, why the said bonds should not be cancelled, raised and annulled as also the mortgage resulting therefrom.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the State, at New Orleans on the 16th day of December, 1831, and in the year of the Independence of the United States, the fifty sixth

B. ROMAN.

By the Governor,

THOMAS F. MCCALEB, *Sec'r. of State*

dec. 19.

80 Hogheads prime sugar deliverable at Point Coupée. For sale by
dec. 15. A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.—3t.

COURT OF PROBATES.—*Sale by the Register of Wills.*—On Tuesday December 20th 1831, I shall expose for sale at 12 M. at the Exchange, on account of the estate of the late Caleb De Jordan.

100 Shares in the New-Orleans Canal and Banking Company.

12 Shares in the Merchants' Insurance Company, of which $30 have already been paid.

Terms cash.—By order of the court.
dec 10. MARTIN BLACHE, Register.

A splendid assortment of paper hangings; screens, and mantel pieces, views of the Revolution, for sale, at wholesale and retail, on liberal terms. Apply at Mr. Fréneux, Royal street, No. 315, at the corner of Ursulines.
dec 14 V. HEBERT.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY P. A. GUILLOTTE.

Will be sold by the undersigned auctioneer at Mr. H. Norton's, corner of Tchaupitoulas and Hunter sts. at 11 o'clock

28 MULES AND 5 HORSES,

All amounts less than $100 for cash, and all above that at six months credit with endorsed notes.
dec 20.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

THIS day, the 20th inst., will be sold at the Exchange Coffee House, at 12 o'clock the following VALUABLE SLAVES: Isaac, aged about 22 years, a first rate saxman and timber hewer, and also accustomed to weighing cotton; Bob, aged about 35 years, a carpenter and ship joiner. The above are Charleston negroes and therefore considered acclimated. Terms made known at the time and place of sale. dec 20.

BY ISAAC L. M'COY.

ON Saturday next 24th inst. at 12 o'clock at the Exchange Coffee House will be sold,

A LOT OF GROUND

and improvements thereon, situate at the corner of Constance and Barthelemy streets, measuring 63 feet 11 inches front on the former and 62 feet front on the latter as per plan exhibited, at the Exchange Coffee House. The improvements thereon consists of a double kitchen and one good room, there is also a well and stabling for five horses all enclosed by a good pale fence and commands a rent of $15 per month.

Terms—$1000 payable in six months and the balance in 1 and 2 years, for notes drawn and endorsed to the satisfaction of the vender and secured by mortgage until final payment. The act of sale to be passed before Wm. Christy Esq.
dec 20.

BY ISAAC L. McCOY.

ON Tuesday 27th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee house will be sold, (if not previously disposed of at private sale)

TWO LOTS OF GROUND,

No's. 20 and 21, situate on Poplar, between Josephine and St. Andre streets, Fauxbourg La Fayette, each lot measures 31 feet 5 inches front by 106 feet, 6 inches in depth and 31 feet 10 inches in the rear, agreeable to a plan which may be seen at the office of Wm. Y. Lewis.

Terms—both lots will be sold together, the purchaser assuming the payment of three notes for $100 each, payable 28th April 1832, 1833 and 1834, and the balance of the purchase money payable cash. dec. 20.

BY T. MOSSY.

SPENDID sale of marble. Bronze and alabaster clocks, china and agate vases. Mosaic marble, centre tables, candelabrols and other rich parlour and mantle ornaments for particulars see hand bills.—They will be sold on Thursday next, 22d inst at 10 o'clock in the morning at No. 15 Conti street, between Chartres and the Levee, opposite Richardsons Hotel.—Being an importation, direct from the manufactures in Paris and Florence by Mr. Vito Veti, of Italy. To enumerate the great variety of articles contained in this superb collection would be too tedious for the readers. The ladies and gentlemen of New Orleans and the vicinity in general, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves; should they not become purchasers, they could not consider their time misspent in viewing the goods, as a more beautiful collection was never exhibited in this place at public auction. They will be ready for examination to morrow, Tuesday the 20th inst. In order to display the transparency of the alabaster, the room will be brilliantly illuminated on Wednesday evening.

Purchasers to the amount of $200, four months credit for approved endorsed notes.
dec 19.

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Tuesday the 20th instant, will be sold at his auction store: 16 pcs. fine cotton, blue, black, and other assorted colors: white flannels; fine white cotton shirtings; unbleached, do Irish linnens; ginghams: handkerchiefs of sundry qualities; ready made clothing. dec 19.

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Monday, the 19th inst will be sold, at Hewlett's Exchange Coffee House, at 12 o'clock, a negro named Henry, aged 28, has been in the country 8 years, and is used to plantation work.

Terms—1 year credit, in approved endorsed paper with a good endorser, and mortgage until final payment.

The act of sale to be passed before A. Mazureau, Esq. notary public at the cost of the purchaser. dec 14

BY H J DOMINGON

ON Wednesday, December 21st, 1831, will be sold at Hewlett's Exchange at 12 o'clock, in virtue of an order from the hon. the court of probates, dated the 16th inst. the following property belonging to the estate of the late Madam Annette Constance Bruneau, widow of Mr. Jean François Michon:

SLAVES.

Anna, an American wench, about 40 years of age, speaking both English and French, a Laundress, cook and house servant, with her child named

Adelaide, a creole of this place, about 8 years old.

Marcelite, a yellow girl, a creole by birth, about 21 years old, cook and childrens' nurse.

REAL ESTATE.

A Lot of Ground, situate in Toulouse street, on the east side, between Rampart and Burgundy streets, having thirty feet in front and one hundred and twenty in depth, bounded on the right by Mr. Dansac's property, on the left by Mr. C. Nagel's and in the rear by Mr. J Bourdain's, having a story Brick House, also back brick buildings; these buildings will be sold independently of the ground, the lot being subject to an annual rent payable every three months at the rate of five per cent on a capital of seven hundred dollars.

Another Lot, situate in the same street (west side) between Bourbon and Dauphin, measuring thirty-five feet and one and a half inch in front, on the said Toulouse street; on a depth of one hundred and fifty feet, bounded on the right by the property of the widow Grima, on the left by Mr. Bordurat, in the rear by Mr. Bucas, with a house built of bricks betwen posts, a baker's oven, and other out buildings.

Another Lot, situ