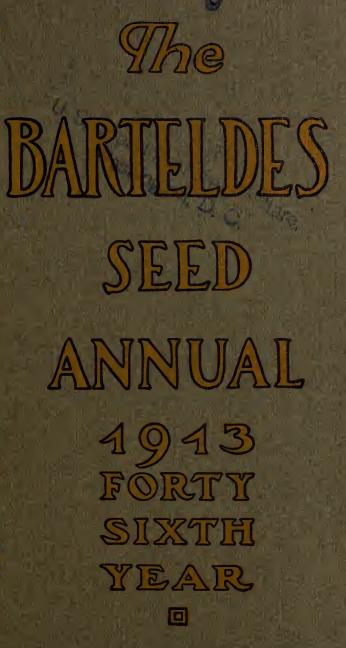
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BARTELDES SEED COMPANY LAWRENCE, KANSAS

"Sunflower" Collection 50c.

15 Full Sized Packets. 85c worth of First Class Tested Seeds sent post-paid for only 50c

This collection is made up especially for the back yard or kitchen garden. We have selected the best varieties and a nice lot of vegetables can be raised from these seeds. This is a bargain that you should not overlook. The packets are full size and the seeds fresh and first class.

- 1 Barteldes Glass Radish
- 2 Davis Perfect Cucumber
- 3 New Model Beet
- 4 Crimson Giant Radish
- 5 Southport Red Globe Onion
- 6 Gradus Pea
- 7 Burrell's Gem Muskmelon
- 8 Hubbard Squash
- 9 Barteldes Denver Market Lettuce
- 10 Kansas Standard Tomato
- 11 Golden Bantam Sweet Corn
- 12 Full Measure Bean
- 13 Fancy Mixed Nasturtium
- 14 Sunflower Mixture Sweet
- 15 Sunflower

This collection is put up in advance and we can make no changes in it. No premium is allowed on this collection as it is a premium in itself.

The Barteldes Seed Co.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Western Seeds for Western Planters.

To Our Friends, Our Customers:

It is with pleasure that we hand you our Seed Annual of the 46th year of our business. We appreciate the orders you have given us and assure you that all orders, whether large or small, shall have our most careful attention.

We believe that a few words here explaining our way of doing business will be of interest and will also save some time in future transactions.

When we receive your order we give it a number, enter it in our order book, and send you a postal card acknowledging receipt of the order and stating the number. The order is then carefully checked up and at once sent to the proper department. All orders are filled at once, or in case of a big rush of business, within a day or two. If for any reason there is a longer delay we will write you about it.

If the order goes by mail no further notice is sent, but if it goes by express we send you a postal card giving date of shipment, and if it goes by freight we mail you the Bill of Lading.

We deliver in good order to the express or railroad company, but here our responsibility ceases. We are, however, always glad to do what we can in the way of tracing shipments, etc. If a shipment should arrive short or in bad order be sure and have your agent make a note of it on your expense bill.

About Guarantee. Our seeds are all carefully selected and thoroughly tested as to vitality. All orders are taken and all shipments are made subject to your being satisfied with the seeds on arrival. You can examine them and have germination tests made. Then if you are not satisfied and will notify us within five days of receipt of shipment we are willing to refund the money paid for them and take the seeds back. We can entertain no claim after five days or after seeds have been planted, as seeds of the best quality often fail through various causes beyond human control; therefore we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter, of any seeds, bulbs or plants, we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop.* If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are at once to be returned.

About Prices. In consideration of the high quality of our seeds our prices are very low. All prices are subject to market fluctuations, but as a rule the prices of garden seeds hold good during the season,

Prices of field seeds change constantly and we issue our "Supplementary List" giving current prices of field seeds. We issue this frequently and are always glad to send it when asked to do so. A postal card will bring it to you.

In case the price is different from what you figure on in your order we will, unless you give us instructions, use our best judgment as to whether to send you more or less seeds, or perhaps write you in case the difference is considerable. You will in all cases get the full value of your money.

Seeds by Mail and Parcels Post. We will send postpaid all Garden and Flower Seeds at the prices given in the following list, with exception of heavy seeds, as Beans, Peas, Corn, Clover, Grain and Grass Seeds. If you order these by mail, be sure to add 8 cents a pound to cover postage.

The instructions as to the parcels post have not come out yet, but whenever we can use this to advantage will do so and allow you any postage money that is due vou.

How to Order.

Fill out the order sheet enclosed herewith, writing your name and address very plainly.

SEND CASH ALONG WITH ORDER.

Remittances may be made by Money Order, Draft, Stamps or Currency. We accept any amount of 2-cent stamps the same as cash. Be sure you register your letters if they contain cash. Money orders are the most economical and practical means of remitting.

ORDER EARLY! We will appreciate it if our customers will favor us with their kind orders as early as possible. All orders receive careful and prompt attention, but often in the busy season we get rushed, and even with extra help and night work get a few days behind in our orders. Therefore early orders will benefit both sides.

Send in your orders. You will be pleased with our service and well satisfied with our seeds.

Yours truly,

THE BARTELDES SEED CO.

BRANCHES.

We have houses in Denver, Colo., and Oklahoma City, Okla., and if for reason of lower freight rates or prompter service a customer prefers to order from either of these places we assure him equally fair treatment.



This Useful Article Should Be in Every Kitchen.

We will send this to you free if your order amounts to \$1.25 in packets and ounces: or \$3.00 in vegetable seeds in bulk. or \$10.00 in field seeds.

Ask for it.

25 cts WORTH OF SEEDS

is allowed on each one dollar sent

Extra

for seed in packets and ounces. This premium (allowed on all orders) can be selected only in packets and ounces. Select one dollar and twenty-five cents worth of seed in packets and ounces and remit us one dollar for this amount. No premium can be allowed on seeds by the Quarter-pound, Pound, or Quarterbushel, nor on Bulbs or Plants, of which the prices quoted are net.

 $\mathbf{2}$

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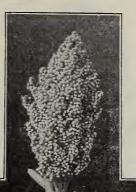
The Barteldes Seed Co., Lawrence, Kansas.

THREE NEW DRY-LAND FORAGE CROPS. FETERITA.

This is a new grain of the Durra group introduced by the United States Department of Agriculture from British Egyptian Soudan. Growers who tried this last season are very enthusiastic about it, and claim it is the best forage crop they have.

It produces a stalk of medium height and size, bearing ten to twelve leaves of me-

dium size and a large head, well filled with pure white or bluish white seeds The grain is larger than milo, is fully as s of t a n d m u c h whiter than Kaffir. Its feeding value is equal to either Kaffir or Milo and does not contain the dust that accompanies the other two.



Feterita is an excellent drouth resister. It stands erect, branches out from the root and matures 25 days earlier than Kaffir. Yields of from 50 to 80 bushels per acre were reported last season.

A remarkable feature is that in Oklahoma two crops of Feterita can be raised on the same ground. planting the second crop with the

> ripe seed of the first crop. It is also reported that chineh bugs do not bother Feterita.

Feterita is bound to become one of the most important crops of this western country. Get your start now and be among 'he first to profit by this valuable addition.

FETERITA.

Price: Per pkt. 5c, per pound postpaid 20c; not prepaid 5 lbs. 40c, 25 lbs. \$1.50, 50 lbs. \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$4.50.

DWARF BLACK-HULL WHITE KAFFIR.

There has been a constant demand the last four years for Dwarf Kaffir Corn. This year we are able to supply it. The value of the dwarf kaffir over the tall is apparent. In the first place the Dwarf Kaffir can be harvested with a grain header. By being able to harvest Kaffir in this manner a considerable saving in labor is effected. In the second place plants of dwarf stature expose less surface to the sun, and therefore can get along with less water.



The above photograph shows a field of our Dwarf Black Hull White Kaffir Corn. The stalks are from four to five and one-half feet high. Please note the level appearance of this field. This is an excellent crop.

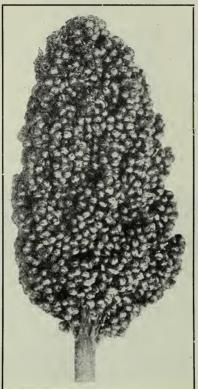
Price: Per pkt. 5c, per pound postpaid 15c; not prepaid 5 lbs. 30c, 25 lbs. \$1.00, 50 lbs. \$1.50 **100** lbs. \$2.50.

DWARF STRAIGHT-NECK MILO.

We offer this for the second time. The demand for this seed last spring was greater than we could supply.

The Original Stock Seed was obtained from the U. S. Department of Agriculture and has been carefully selected and acclimated. It differs from the Standard Milo Maize in being dwarfed, growing from 3 to 5 feet h i g h according t o t h e amount of rainfall, and it is straight necked. The advantage of this straightnecked feature is apparent in gathering, feeding and cutting the heads.

This strain is earlier than Kaffir Corn and Standard Milo Maize. The yield is from 60 to 100 bushels per



acre. This will stand greater drought than other sorghums and for this reason is admirably adapted to dry land farming.

The Dwarf Milo Maize should be planted the same as Kaffir or Milo and cultivated the same as Indian corn. It can be fed in bundles or in head to work horses, cattle and hogs. Stock seem to prefer it to corn, and it has a laxative effect on them, keeping them in good condition.

While our stock is especially selected for straight heads, owing to the constant tendency to revert to the crook necked type there will be a few crook necked in the field.

Price per lb......5c Per 100 lbs...... \$3.00

NEW EARLY CABBAGE.

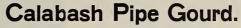


Copenhagen Market.

Without doubt the finest, large round-headed early cabbage in cultivation. The type is fixed and heads mature all at the same time. This is a big advantage to the market gardener. The heads are large, averaging about 10 pounds. are very solid and of fine favor. It matures as early as the Wakefield and yield is much heavier. The plant is short stemmed. Color is light green. Seed from originator in Denmark.

Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.60

4



A rapid growing climbing annual from South Africa. The very popular Calabash Pipes are made from the fruit. When grown to make pipes it is best to let the vines run on the ground like cucumbers. These Pkt. 15c pipes are very light and color nicely.

Mammoth Chinese Cabbage.

This Cabbage measures 29 inches in diameter. This Cabbage does not form a head like our cabbage, but forms a loose head of very large juicy leaves. These leaves are eaten like greens and make excellent food when boiled with beef.

It requires, like all Chinese Cabbages, a rich well drained soil with abundant moisture. It should be sown in June or July and transplanted to open ground in August, two by two feet apart. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c

Japanese Long String Radish.

This new Japanese Radish has just recently been imported from Japan to this country. The root, as the name indicates, is very long, growing down over three feet, with a thickness of two to three inches in circumference. It is a very desirable variety for pickling. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c

Lemon Cucumber.

Here is a cucumber in the shape of a lemon, and having a flavor that at once puts it ahead of the common cucumber. It is bound to become a great favorite a a table delicacy. It is an excellent shipper, and pickled as a gherkin, is delicious. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c; lb. \$2.00, postpaid.

Sakurajima Radish.

This Japanese curiosity is the largest of the oriental winter radishes. It is a white variety of a good quality and mild flavor, at-

Should be sown in July in drills 2 feet apart and thinned to 1 foot apart in the rows. If sown in the spring the winter radishes are apt to go to seed and form no root. In China and Japan they are most commonly eaten cut in chunks and pickled in brine; also sliced or shredded when fresh.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c

SAKURAJIMA RADISH



LEMON CUCUMBER.

taining a length of 2 feet, and a diameter of 1 foot or more.



Stem

CALABASH OR PIPE GOURD.

Bowl

Witloof Chicory. FRENCH ENDIVE.

A few years ago this salad vegetable was almost unknown in America. It is now on the bill of fare of all first Although mostly imported as yet, it is class restaurants. an easily grown winter vegetable which can be raised in every home.

We have many customers that are growing it successfully and are very enthusiastic about it, for it furnishes a delicious salad in winter when other fresh vegetables are not available.

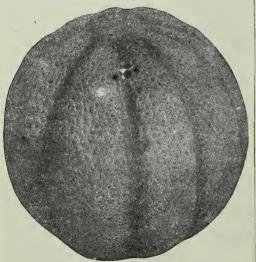
Plant seed in March or April. Lift the roots in November or December, and store in sand in a cool place until ready for starting into growth in soil in the cellar.

Forcing or growing is done any time from December 15, until spring, in good soil in cellars, hot beds or outdoors. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¹/₄ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00

Barteldes' Stringless Green Pod

We offer this fine new stringless bean, which is not only of fine quality, but especially valuable, being a week or ten days earlier than other stringless varieties. The plant is small, bushy, very erect, compact, of well rounded form and prolific. Pods are about $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, straight, bright green, oval round through cross section and contain 5 to 6 seeds. The seeds are yellowish and of production Pkt. 10c $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c postpaid.

Hoodoo Musk Melon.



HOODOO MUSK MELON.

This fine new melon might properly be called the Round Burrell's Gem, since it has all the good qualities of that delicious melon with a fine round shape in addition, making it excellent for packing.

The flesh is extremely thick, of deep orange color and the cavity is very small. The melons are very uniformly round, have close netting, a heavy tough rind and are excellent shippers.

This variety is very prolific, withstands blight well, and an interesting point is that the melon breaks from the vine when ripe.

Price, Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¹/₄ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25



By express not paid, lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 4 lbs. 70c; 10 lbs. \$1.60

White Delicious Radish.

Not since the now popular "Icicle" Radish was brought to us from Germany years ago have we found such an excellent Radish as the "White Delicious," which we now offer to "Western Planters." "White Delicious" is particularly adapted for summer use, producing handsome olive shaped roots, which are pure white, exceed-ingly crisp and of mild flavor. "White Delicious" requires a longer time to mature than the earlier variety of Radishes, but it remains in fine con-dition much longer. It is altogether the most desirable variety for summer use and we are sure our customers will like it.

Per Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¹/₄ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

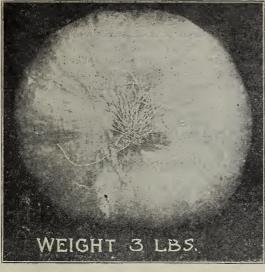




Round Podded Kidney Wax

This exceedingly handsome bean is by far the best that has been offered to our customers for some years. It is a decided improvement over Wardwell's Kidney Wax, with far handsomer pods and of better quality. Under ordinary culture, this new variety will yield twice as many pods as Wardwell's, while its absolute stringlessness and fine delicate flavor make it by far the most desirable Wax Bean yet introduced. The illustration from a photograph, will convey some idea of the handsome appearance of the pods. Market gardeners can rest assured as long as there are Round Kidney Wax Pod in the market no other variety will have a show. These fleshy pods are about six to seven inches long and onehalf inch broad and three-eighths of an inch thick; the color is a rich lemon yellow, a color that will catch the eye. Be sure to have at least one row of these fine beans in your garden. You will be surprised to see what a splendid lot of beans you will have next summer.

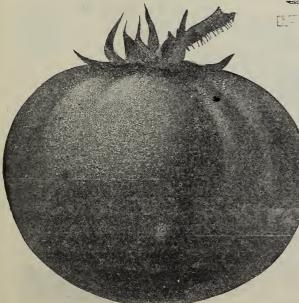
Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postage paid; by express, not prepaid, lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 4 lbs. 70c; 8 lbs. \$1.25.



COLOMBO ONION Lettuce--lceberg.

This remarkable sort belongs to the "Crisp Head Cabbage Lettuces" and is a decided acquisition. It forms a large solid head, the only outside leaves being of a light green color, while the inside is being bleached and is almost white. It is quite as well adapted for planting in the summer as in the spring, as the hottest summer weather can not cause the leaves to open outward and expose the heart. The usual solidity of heads make it in our opinion, the ideal summer lettuce, and we strongly recommend our customers to give this splendid variety a trial.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¹/₄ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25



CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL TOMATO.

Mammoth Colombo Onion

A brand new onion from the Canary Islands. This onion has never been offered and surpasses any variety in the market. The onions are of straw or light brown color, are very mild and excellent for stuffing, for canning and for sausage making.

The feature, however, of this onion is the enormous size to which it grows. Some of them have weighed as high as $4\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. each and 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. is the average.

Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 30c; 1 oz. 50c



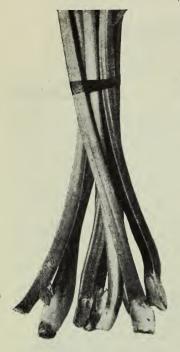
ICEBERG LETTUCE.

Chalks Early Jewel Tomato

Of most handsome appearance, finest flavor and early ripening qualities, this new bright red Tomato is destined to become a leader among the already numerous popular varieties. In time of ripening it is within a week or ten days later than "Spark's Earliana," the well known earliest of all bright red tomatoes. The extremely handsome fruits are of the finest table qualities, possessing remarkably sweet flavor They are solidly meaty, having small seed cavities and are not apt to crack. The plants are of robust growth, strong, producing fruits throughout the season, and for this reason we recommend to plant "Chalk's Jewel" not only for an early crop producer, but as one which may be planted as a main crop as well.

For general garden planting, where customers wish to limit their choice to one variety, we can safely recommend "Chalk's Early Jewell" as the variety which will give the best satisfaction.

Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c



Terry's Mammoth Rhubarb.

Terry's Mammoth forms a stalk sometimes as large as $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches at the base, the average being $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches. The length is generally about eighteen inches. It is well colored but not very dark, being striped with pink or light red. It makes exceptionally good sauce and is considered by those who know it to be the very best. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c

New Bohemian Horseradish, Maliner Kren.

The Maliner Kren Horse Radish Roots were introduced by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. They are much earlier and produce better than the ordinary sort. The roots grow larger, are whiter, and quality is far superior. All who grow Horse Radish should try this variety.

Dozen 25c; 50 for 70c; 100 for \$1.00, postpaid.

The New "June Pink" Tomato.

Undoubtedly the best pink-fruited early Tomato in cultivation. It is fully as early as "Spark's Earliana," of high productiveness and the vines are absolutely blight proof. 'The splendid round, solid, meaty Tomatoes are the attraction of the markets, and when bright red varieties were bringing \$1.25 to \$1.50 per crate, "June Pinks" sold for \$2.25 to \$2.50.

The plants are very thrifty making a very vigorous growth. The fruits are usually set in large clusters and run from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. They stand shipping exceedingly well and bring highest prices wherever offered. The Tomatoes are solid, free from core, have only few seed cavities and the meat is of fine flavor. "June Pink" is altogether the most desirable pink variety of first crop. It will, we are sure, be a great "money maker" for truckers.

Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00

Gigantic Gibraltar Onion

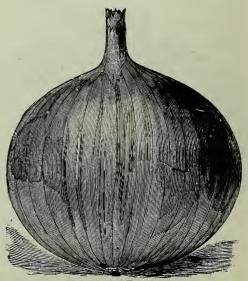
A New Onion of Highest Merit for the South and North.



This comparatively new and little known variety is particularly adapted for growing in warm climates. In appearance it is very similar to the well known "Prize Taker" Onion; will grow larger under favorable conditions. The handsome globular shaped bulbs have a light straw colored skin, while the flesh is white and very mild. The ripe onions are excellent keepers and surpass, in this respect, most of the other varieties, if properly handled. Experiments have shown that of onions harvested in August, fully 95 per cent were in fine marketable condition in January, free from split and rotting.

These onions are excellent for marketing purposes as well as home use. The growing crop withstands dry weather to a remarkable degree. Most highly recommended.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¹/₄ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.25



GIBRALTER ONION.

A SPLENDID NEW CABBAGE FROM DENMARK.



Mariendaler Stonehead.

Our correspondent in Denmark, from whom we obtained this fine new cabbage, describes it to us as being the finest white cabbage he ever saw, and he has grown cabbage all his life.

Mariendaler Stonehead belongs to the class of "Danish Ballhead Cabbages." It forms fine, symmetrical and compact heads of bluish white color. The plant grows to good size and is shorter stemmed, forming fine large round heads of unusual solidity, hence the name—Stonehead. The mature heads are of any literated. mature heads are of excellent keeping quality, being if sheltered properly, in excellent condition as late as June.



Taking everything into consideration, MARIENDALER STONEHEAD CABBAGE. Mariendaler Stonehead deserves the highest recommendations and should quickly attain great popu-Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¹/₄ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$2.00

Sweet Corn-Extra Early White Mexican.

This is the earliest variety of high quality Sweet Corn on the market today. It is from five to ten days earlier than all other early varieties of Sweet Corn. The stalks grow only about four and one half to five feet tall and can be planted close together, thus providing a good yield on a small piece of ground. The ears are uniform in shape and grow to a fair size, making them valuable for Market Gardeners and home use. The seed we offer is of our selection of the past few years. By mail, Package 5c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 45c.

By express not prepaid, 1 lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.25

Peas—Pedigree Extra Early.

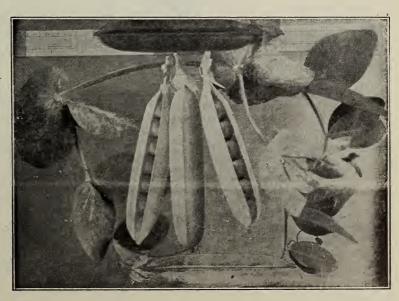
Undoubtedly the Best of All Extra Early Peas.



Equally a s early as the choicest strain of Alaska, and the peas are of much better flavor. The vines

are strong bearers, producing an abundance of fine pods, generally 2¹/₂ to 3 inches long, well filled with from six to seven fine sweet peas. The peas ripen very uniformly and the whole crop can gener-ally be gathered in one picking, a fact which should particularly ap-peal to Market Gardeners.

The first peas com-mand the highest prices and if you have a lot of them, a good share of the money spent for the first fresh vegatables will come to you.



PEPIGREE EXTRA EARLY. Pkt. 10c; lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 65e postage paid. By Express: 2 lbs. 45c ;4 lbs. 90c; 10 lbs. \$2.00

ORCHID-FLOWERED PANSY.

Here is a unique type of pansy among the giant flowered class. The upper petals are up-right and plaited resembling orchids. The colors are terra cotta, flesh, orange, rose pink and lilac. The color combinations are unique and different from others. All pansy growers should try a packet of these as we are sure they will be delighted with them. Price, per pkt. 15c

FOUR NEW ORCHID-FLOWERING Sweet Peas.

We are offering to our customers four strictly new Spencer type Sweet Peas. These magnificent, large flowered varieties a r e becoming more popular every year. The four varieties together with the four we have listed on page 66 give a fine lot to choose from and no Sweet Pea grower should fail to plant at least one of these beautiful flowers. In our own gardens these Spencer varieties grew to a height of seven feet and flowered abundantly.

King Edward Spencer.

This is a glorious and brilliant crimson scarlet. The immense flowers have large wavy standards and long drooping wings. This is the very best of the bright red. Pkt. 10c

Mrs. Routzahn Spencer.

One of the most popular of the Spencers. Flowers are large and crimped and waved after the true Spencer type. very delicious and novel effect. Pkt. 10c

Aurora Spencer.

This is the Spencer type of the long popular Aurora Sweet Pea. The flowers are truly of enormous size and of the real Spencer type. Both standard and keel are waved and fluted. The main color of the flower is a cream white and this beautifully flaked and mottled with rich orange crimson. The magnificent flowers are profusely produced in threes and fours on long, stiff, dark green stems. This will surely become one of the most popular of the Spencers. Pkt. 10e

Othello Spencer.

This beautiful new Spencer Sweet Pea will at once appeal to those who have a preference for the darker colors. The flowers are a rich deep maroon, borne in threes and fours on thick and long stems. The flowers are extra large and come true to type, being beautifully waved and crimped both in

A buff or apricot ground flushed and suffused standard and wings. This variety is a profuse with delicate pink of a very soft rose giving a bloomer but a very shy seeder. Pkt. 10

Special Mixture of Spencer Varieties.

We are offering this excellent mixture for the benefit of those who would like to plant some of these magnificent Spencers, but do not care for separate colors. This mixture is composed of the best and most popular Spencers and will certainly give satisfaction. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c

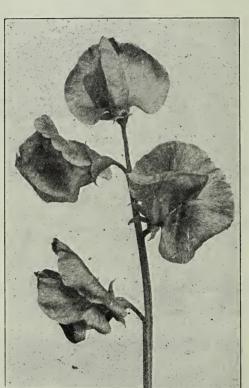
Two Unique and Pretty Novelties in Nasturtiums. Variegated-Leaved, QUEEN OF THUMBS.

This Dwarf Nasturtium has showy variegated leaves, which are green and marbled with creamy white. The contrast between these speckled leaves and the dark purplish crimson flowers is very marked, and the whole plant presents a most attractive sight. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c; oz. 25c

Variegated-Leaved, TALL VARIETIES, Mixed.

The leaves are speckled and marked in the same manner as those of the "Queen of Tom Thumbs," only, of course, the plants are trailing or climbing Some of the leaves are one-half to two-thirds yellow and white, while others are mostly green, but beautifully blotched and striped. The plants are most effective wherever grown. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c; oz. 25c

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SEEDS BY MAIL.

We will send postage paid, all Vegetable—and Flower—seeds, at the prices given in this catalog except heavy seeds, such as Beans, Peas, Corn, Field Seeds, Grass Seeds and Onion Sets. If these are wanted by model it will be accessary to add to the remittance 8 cents for every pound ordered. Half pounds sold at pound rates. Remember this in ordering. If we can send by parcels post we will do so and give you the benefit.

Artichoke.

Artischoke.

Alcahofa.

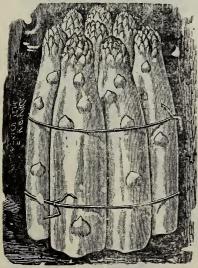
CULTURE. Sow in April in rich soil and transplant the following spring to permanent beds (in rows or hills) three feet apart and two feet between the plants. Green Artichoke gives only partial crop the first of the season, but the beds will be bearing for years. Protect in winter by a covering of leaves or coarse manure.

LARGE GREEN GLOBE. The standard variety. Produces large, globular heads, scales, green shading to purple. Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.00 JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES.

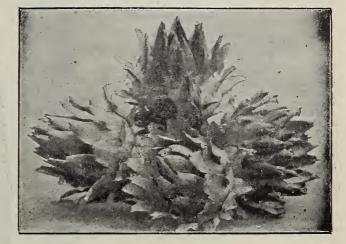
Cultivated for its roots, which make an excellent fodder for stock feeding. Tubers in season.

5c per pound, postage 8c extra. For full description and prices in quantities, see page 82.

Spargel.



ASPARAGUS.



ARTICHOKE, LARGE GREEN GLOBE.

Asparagus.

Asparago.

CULTURE. The seed should be sown in March or April, just as soon as the ground can be worked, in good rich, mellow soil, in drills one foot apart then covered from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{4}$ inch deep. The following spring the young plants should be set in their permanent places. The soil for them should be made as rich as possible, bearing in mind that the beds are to bear a good many years, and it is easier to work in a good supply of manure before the plants are set than after.

For full directions how to grow Asparagus, get our Asparagus Book. by Hexamer, price 50c.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE. A magnificent variety. It furnishes fine, white shoots, which stay white as long as they are fit to use without any artificial means of blanching.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 70c

CONOVER'S COLOSAL.The standard sort, of a large size andexcellent quality.Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 55c

EARLY ARGENTEUIL. Just recently introduced. It is very early and of extremely vigorous habit, two qualities which make this variety less apt to be attacked by rust. The flavor of the stalk is very delicious. It is appreciated wherever there are people who relish Asparagus. Pkt. 5c; cz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.00

PALMETTO. Of bright green appearance, very large size and even, regular growth. Its immense productiveness combined with earliness and good eating qualities, make it a fine variety for general use Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 70c

ROOTS OF THE ABOVE VARIETIES. 25c per dozen; \$1.25 per 100, by mail. Prices for larger quantities on application.

Beans.

NOTICE

We are selling everything by the pound. A pound of beans is equal to a little more than a pint.

In ordering beans, peas and sweet corn, corn, grass and other field seeds by mail please add 8 cents per pound postage, If we can use parcels post to advantage will do so

CULTURE. Plant in drills about two inches deep and from 18 inches to two feet apart, according to the richness of the soil—the poorer the soil the closer the rows can be—and the plants should be about 4 inches apart. A succession of sowings can be made from the first week in May until August One pound to 60 feet of drill; 1 to 11 bushels to the acre.

Barteldes' Stringless Green Pod

Page 6.

BEAN, Full Measure.

We offer for the second time this fine new bush bean. This is a green pod bean and the pods are absolutely stringless, long, more or less curved, round, deeply creased back, sharply constricted between seeds, dark green, extremely brittle, and totally without fibre.

The plan is large and very erect when young. bu becomes weighted down when fully developed This bean matures early, has a moderately long bearing period and is heavily productive.

This bean, because of its absolute stringless brittle fiberless green pods, is going to be one of the most popular varieties on the market.

Pkt. $10c; \frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; postpaid. By express not prepaid, lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 4 lbs. 70c; 10 lbs. \$1.65.

STRINGLESS GREEN POD.

The best green podded bean on the market It is very early extremely vigorous and produces an abundance of brittle, stringless pods. Pkt 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE.

An old favorite and has only recentl, been surpassed by the Stringless Green Pod.' Very prolific and the pods are fine and round, and very tender while young. It is as early as the preceeding one, but the pods are not quite as long nor as straight.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00

EARLY YELLOW SIX WEEKS.

The pods are long and flat and of a bright green color. Plants form erect bushes. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00

EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE OR BROWN SPECKLED VALEN-TINE

This may be called one of the second early sorts. Pods are round. of good flavor, but because of the great vigor of the bush it needs twice the usual room.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD VALENTINE.

The round meaty pods resemble the Early Red Valentine, but this bean matures a week or ten days later The pods are quite stringless and brittle at all stages and this var ety is to be recommended highly. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10 DWARF HORTICULTURAL. An excellen soup bean in

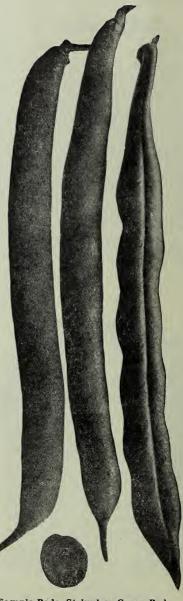
summer, a fine baking bean in winter.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00

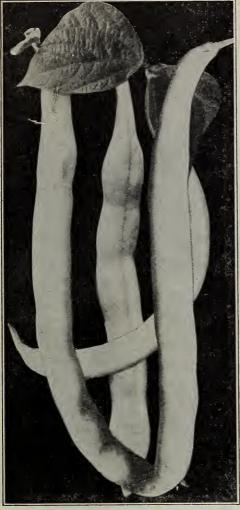
LARGE WHITE MARFOWFAT. The standard of white soup beans. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00

BROAD WINDSOR.Quite hardy, and consequently can beplanted very early.Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00WHITE KIDNEY.One of the best for winter us .

Pkt. 5c; b. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.0)



Sample Pods, Stringless Green Pod.



ROUND PODDED KIDNEY WAX. (See page 6.)

\$1.10.

LIMA.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c;

10 lbs. \$1.10.

Beans—Continued.

Postage 8 cents per pound.

Wax Pods.

NEW STRINGLESS WHITE WAX. The only real first class white wax bean, combining quantity and quality.

The bushes are sturdy, upright and heavily laden with large pods, which are entirely stringless and can be used as snap beans until large enough to be shelled. The pods are brittle. meaty and straight, and this bean is rapidly supp'anting the Davis White Wax with the truckers and canners.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50

IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX. (Rust Proof.)

The standard wax bean for years. The pods are large, slightly flattened, brittle, quite stringless when young, and of golden wax color. It is very tender, of fine flavor, and is unexcelled as a she'l bean for winter use. The bushes are of compact growth and very Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1 00 prolific.

DWARF GERMAN BLACK WAX.

Sometimes cal ed Butter Beans. One of the earliest varieties, producing fine, round meaty pods of good quality Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX.

Highly recommended for private planters and mar-The pods are flat, srtaight, and are proket gardeners duced in large quantities.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

CHALLENGE DWARF BLACK WAX.

Similar to the German Dwarf Black Wax, but the pods are slightly larger and more saddle backed. Bushes are very erect and uniform.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

CURRIE'S RUST PROOF BLACK WAX.

As near rust proof as a good bean can be. Very vigorous and hardy and productive.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00

DAVIS' WHITE WAX.

This bean does not discolor, and is therefore excellent for canning. It is immensely productive and a very good shipper. The pods are straight and 5 to 6 inches in length. The dry bean is white and very desirable for winter Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00 use.

Bush Lima Beans.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA. This is the bush form of the Large White Lima. The bush is about 20 inches high and up to two and a half feet in diameter, bearing from 50 to 100 large pods. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. HENDERSON'S BUSH This bean is about two weeks earlier h n the pole Limas. It needs no stakes and produces an enormous crop of delicious Lima beans.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA.

Beans—Continued. Pole or Running Varieties.

Stangenbohnen.

Postage 8 cents per pound,

BURGER'S GREEN STRINGLESS. This Bean has surpassed the old Kentucky Wonder, it being earlier and bearing for a longer time. The pods are stringless and up to eight inches long. dark green, very tender, and have a delicious flavor. The dry beans are white.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

KENTUCKY WONDER OR OLD HOMESTEAD. This has been for a tong time the most popular bean. It is very vigorous, climbs well, and bears abundance of nearly round pods which are often ten inches long.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

WHITE CREASEBACK. Extremely early and matures all its pods at the same time. Vines are medium sized but wonderfully productive in good soil. The pods are quite round, quite fleshy, medium sized, silvery green, and are borne in clusters of four to twelve. Are excellent snap beans, fine shippers and are especially fine for baking. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

LAZY WIFE. So-named because of the easy picking, and a very popular bean in some localities. Pods are broad, thick, very fleshy, entirely stringless and of a rich buttery flavor when cooked. The beans are white and make a good dry bean for winter use. Pkt. 5c; 1b. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

CUT SHORT OR CORN HILL. The old standard for planting among corn. Pods are short, round and tender.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

 WHITE DUTCH CASEKNIFE.
 Pods are large, flat and green; can be

 either snapped or shelled.
 Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

HORTICULTURAL, OR SPECKLED CRANBERRY. A showy bean and matures in eighty days. Pods green, dashed with red, valued as a snap or for shelling. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX. The only wax bean among the pole varieties. It bears from July until frost and the pods are six to eight inches long and come in clusters from three to six. The flavor is most excellent. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.25

Flowering Beans.

SCARLET RUNNER. Has a fine scarlet flower and is very desirable for covering trellises, old fences, etc. The green pods are edible. Pkt. 5c; lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c

Pole Lima Beans.

LARGE WHITE LIMA OR BUTTER BEANS. The old favorite and of fine flavor.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

BURGER'S STRINGLESS.

KING OF THE GARDEN LIMA. This is a decided improvement over the large White, being a strong grower. very productive and bearing large, well filled pods. The beans are usually shelled, of fine quality and excellent flavor. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

NEW LEVIATHAN LIMA. This excellent new variety is not only the earliest but also the most productive of all. It is a sure cropper, producing well filled pods in clusters of four to six. Will outyield any other variety and bears throughout the season. Pkt. 5c; 1b. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

SMALL CAROLINA, OR SIEVA LIMA. This is a small type of the pole limas. It matures quickly, produces immense crops, and makes an excellent bean for winter use. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

We consider quality of first importance in seeds but the large quantities that we handle enable us to make low prices also. If you buy in quantities please correspond with us and get our special quantity prices. Our Market Gardeners' Wholseale Price List mailed free on request.







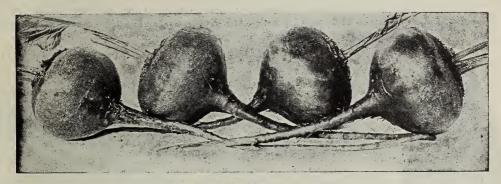
Porotos de enrame.

Table Beets.

Rote Ruben.

Remolachas.

CULTURE. Beets require a deep, rich, mellow soil, and may be sown from early spring to commencement of summer. Drop about one inch deep in drills 12 to 18 inches apart. One ounce to 60 feet of drill; 6 to 8 pounds to the acre. If for sugar factory, sow from 15 to 20 pounds to the acre; the small beets contain proportionally more sugar than the large ones. Hence the reason for sowing thickly.



CROSBY'S EARLY EGYPTIAN.

Early Model.

The earliest of any beet in existence. It is of perfect globe shape with small tap roots. The color of the flesh is very dark red which makes it splendid for pickling purposes. In flavor it cannot be beat. It is tender, sweet and juicy, retaining its crispness throughout the season. The foliage is of a very dark color, is very small, permitting close planting of beets. This is one of the best acquisitions of recent years. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50

Barteldes' Early Blood Turnip.

This is a carefully selected strain of this Blood Turnip Beet. It is very early, deep blood red and almost round. It is smooth and an excellent forcing variety. Good for main, spring or summer crop, and is a fine keeper. It cooks sweet and crisp, and is an excellent beet in every respect. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25

EARLY BLOOD RED TURNIP.

This is a turnip beet, and is the old standard among the early varieties. It is of dark red color and is perhaps the most popular of all beets.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN.

An extra early turnip-shaped variety; has small tops and grows quickly. The flesh is in alternate rings of white and deep red.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

DETROIT DARK RED.

A choice strain of dark red turnip beet of globular to oval shape with smooth roots and small tops. Skin is blood red, zoned with light shades, tender and sweet. Fine for market and canning.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

THE LENTZ.

As early as the Egyptian, flesh very tender and sweet at all times. Very productive, a good keeper and will produce crop in six weeks from time of planting.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

ECLIPSE.

This is as early as the Egyptian, but is more desirable owing to its globe shape. smoothness and regularity. It has a small firm top, is very sweet, fine and of dark red color. Pkt. 5c; oz. $10c; \frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

CROSBY'S EARLY EGYPTIAN.

One of the earliest and best on market. It is more globular than the Early Egyptian. Especially good⁷ for market gardeners. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

EDMOND'S BLOOD TURNIP.

Handsome round shape, skin very deep, blood red, color, flesh very dark and exceedingly sweet and tender Very regular and of good size. Make excellent bunch beets. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

HALF LONG RED.

Larger than the turnip beets and makes a heavier yield. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

LONG BLOOD RED.

The old standard variety for table and cattle. It is the best drouth resister of all; color deep red, flesh very sweet. Grows entirely under the ground.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

SWISS CHARD OR FOLIAGE BEET.

This is a distinct vegetable from the common beet, much superior for greens, and is ready for use much earlier. When mature, the plant forms broad, flat, and beautifully white and wax like stems, which are very delicious when cooked as beets and asparagus tips, or pickled. We recommend this beet.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

Sugar Beets and Stock Beets.

Runkel Ruhen

Remolachas Forrajetas.

CULTURE. The soil for these should be plowed more deeply and the drills should be farther apart than for garden beets. Sow in April or beginning of May in drills from 2 to 3 feet apart, and when 4 to 5 inches high thin to 12 or 15 inches in the row. As soon as frost comes dig up the roots, cut top off and then pile 5 to 6 feet deep on a raised and sloping situation and cover at frost with straw or hay and one inch of earth. As it gets colder, increase to 5 or 6 inches of earth; by so doing all danger of heating is obviated, and the roots keep until next summer. Four or five pounds are sown to the acre. Sugar beets are also used for stock feeding, and while not as large as the Mangels they have a higher per centage of sugar and therefore are of higher feeding value.



Sugar Beets.

RED TOP SUGAR. Fine, sweet flesh and the best for cattle feeding.....Oz. 5c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

LANE'S IMPERIAL SUGAR. Will yield almost as much as the best Mangel......Oz. 5c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

SILESIAN SUGAR. The old well known standard varie-ty and a good beet for feeding......Oz. 5c; 11b. 20c; 1b. 60c

VILMORIN'S IMPROVED SUGAR. This is one of the best for making sugar. The skin is a creamy color and flesh isOz. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 60c white.

WHITE KLEIN WANZLEBEN SUGAR. The beet con-tains 15 to 16 per cent of sugar and yields, under an average con-dition. 16 tons to the acre. It has a long, slender root, and grows

deeply sunk into the ground Oz. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 60c

Stock Beets.

YELLOW GLOBE MANGEL. This beet is easily pulled and more delicate than the Long Red.Oz. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 60c

GOLDEN TANKARD. This is a yellow beet, the most prolific variety, and very nutritious. It is one of the most profit-able varieties for stock feeding.......Oz. 5c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c * MAMMOTH LONG RED MANGEL. These roots at-tain an enormous size and it is a fine variety for feeding......Oz. 5c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

RED GLOBE MANGEL. This variety is especially adap-ed to shallow soils. It is a large, round beet, red-skinned and white

fleshed. It is an excellent keeper......Oz. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 60c



GIANT HALF SUGAR MANGEL. This beet combines the large size of the Mangel with the great feeding value of the Sugar Beets. The flesh is white, crisp and very sweet, and the beet grows well

above the ground. We recommend it especiallyOz. 5c; 11b. 20c; 1b. 60c

SPECIAL PRICES. If beet seeds are to be sent by express or freight not prepaid, deduct 8 cents per pound from the above prices. In quantities we can furnish as below:

10 lb. lots at 50c per lb. not prepaid. 50 lb. lots at 45c per lb. not prepaid. Prices on larger quantities will be furnished on request.

Mammoth Long Red Mangel.

Broccoli.

Spargelkohl.

Coliflor de moradu.

This plant belongs to the family of "Brassica" and is cultivated like Cabbage. Cauliflower, and the other members of that family. Sow early in the spring, then transplant and set out. It will form heads like Cauliflower, but it is more hardy and of a less delicate flavor. It is grown in cold localities to some extent and also in the south for winter use.

Purple Cape......Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; ½ lb. \$1.00

Brussels Sprouts.

Rosenkohl.

Col de Bruselas.

This is another member of the Cabbage family. They form a straight stalk which bears on all sides a large number of miniature cabbages. These have a particularly fine flavor and are esteemed a delicacy by many.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.60



BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

Cabbage.

Weisskraut.

CULTURE. For early cabbages sow the seed in a hot bed in March or April, covering the seed from 1 to 1 inch deep and when big enough transplant to another bed. As soon as the ground is in good condition transplant outside in rows 2 feet apart and 15 to 18 inches in a row. The soil should be mellow, rich and well drained. For late crops the seed can be sown in a cold frame, or even in the open ground, and then transplanted in rows 3 feet one way and 2 feet the other, so as to be able to work with a horse and cultivator. One ounce of salt peter dissolved in 3 gallons of rain water sprinkled over the cabbage or cauliflower, will destroy the green worm. The liquid being clear does not color the caulliflower or cabbage heads. Fine air-slacked lime or tobacco dust sifted on the young plants as soon as the fleas appear on the ground will prevent them from doing harm. One ounce of good seed will produce 2,000 plants. About 16,000 early or 8,000 late cabbage plants to one acre.

Earliest Varieties.

See Copenhagen Market, Page 4.

TRUE JERSEY WAKEFIELD. This is a most remarkable variety, particularly adapted to the wants of market gardeners. It heads evenly from the latter part of Juhe to the beginning of July. It is erect in growth and has cone-shaped heads.

extreme earliness of its maturity.

Our stock is of the true Long Island type, and is sure to give satisfaction.

Pckt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00

EARLY WINNINGSTADT. A well known and popular early variety, but matures a little later than the Early Wakefield. The heads are large, solid and hard even in summer, decidedly conical, with bright glossy green leaves. This is a sure heading variety, valuable not only for early use, but also for winter cabbage. It is a favorite with the Kraut-makers.

EARLY YORK. This is one of the earliest varieties, but it is not a very large size, nor will it stand extreme summer heat.

EXTRA EARLY ETAMPES. One of the very earliest and produces heads which are remarkably hard for a cabbage that ripens so early. The planter is always surprised at the

EXTRA EARLY EXPRESS. This variety produces fair sized heads in 80 to 85 days from time of sowing. The heads are not as large as the Etampes but are matured several days earlier.

EARLY WINNINGSTADT.

Second-Early or **Round-Head Varieties**

THE GLORY CABBAGE. This cabbage was recently introduced from Holland. It combines earliness with good size, qualities which are both very desirable for market purposes. The heads are of fine round shape solid, thin, ribbed, and form very few outside leaves, making it possible to plant more closely than with other varieties. This is easily one of the best sellers on the market.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. 85c

ALLHEAD EARLY. This is the earliest



Cabbage of the large early sorts and cannot be recommended too highly. It is larger than other varieties of its class and grows remarkably uniform. The deep flat heads are not only wonderfully solid, but

also very tender and we consider it the best all round cabbage that we offer.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00



ALLHEAD EARLY.

17



Col Repello

Cabbage—Continued.

FOTTLER'S BRUNSWICK.

This is a good second early variety. It is sure to head, with short stems, solid and compact heads weighing from 10 to 15 pounds. Good sized heads can be marketed in June from seed sown in March.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75

EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH.

A very popular variety because of its heat-resisting character. It never flaws under the most severe heat, and produces heads after the earliest varieties have disappeared. We recommend this cabbage.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75

EARLY SUMMER.

This variety is about five days later than the Wakefield, being fully double the size. In weight it is equal to most of the late varieties, and its short outer leaves enable it to be planted nearly as close as the Wakefield. Pkt. 5c: oz. 20c: \pm lb. 60c: lb \$1.75

ALL SEASONS.

A Drumhead Cabbage as early and every way as good as Early Summer. This cabbage, while it matures a day or two later in the spring, when planted in July matures a day or two earlier than Early Summer in the fall, so that it will average as early, while the solid heads are from a third to a half as large again, and they are as good for winter use as for summer use.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75

EARLY SPRING.

Its great value lies in its being a first early flat cabbage, a type much preferred over the pointed heads by many. It is of the "Allhead Early" type resembling it in habit of growth, but smaller, and is nearly as early as the Wakefield. The heads have few outside leaves, and these are small and grow so close to the head that they can be planted very close together. It is round in shape, slightly flattened, very solid even before the cabbage attain their mature size.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 60c; 1 lb. \$1.75

Main Crop or Winter Varieties.

COPENHAGEN MARKET MARIENDALER STONEHEAD. See Novelties.

THE DANISH BALLHEAD. This variety of cabbage is grown exclusively for winter use by the Dutch gardeners who brought it to perfection. The heads are perfectly round, extremely solid, fine grained, bear shipping well, and will keep far into the spring. It requires the full season to mature its heads alone. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; 1 b. 85c; lb. \$2.25

ST. LOUIS LATE MARKET. This variety is very popular with the kraut makers. The plant is very vigorous hardy, the leaves are large and broad, the stem of moderate length, the head is large, white and solid and seldom bursts. It is medium late in maturing, and is an excellent shipper. St. Louis shippers use this cabbage largely for shipping south. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75

SUREHEAD. It is remarkable for its certainty to head and produces large, round, flattened heads of the Flat Dutch type. It is matured medium late, and is one of the best for main crop. The heads are very uniform, hard, fine in texture, and weigh from 10 to 15 pounds apiece. It has scarcely any loose leaves, has a good flavor and is an excellent keeper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75



SURE HEAD.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Varieties.	Pkt.	Oz.	ł lb.	Lb.
	Large fall and winter variety, particularly adapted to Kansas		20c	60c	\$1.75
Late Large Drumhead.	This Cabbage is of the same type as the preceding	5c	20c	50c	\$1.50
Marblehead Mammoth	. It is indeed well named, as it is of true mammoth size	5c	20c	60c	\$1.75

Red Cabbage.

MAMMOTH RED ROCK.

bage ever introduced. The plants are large with numer-

ous spreading leaves. The head is large, round, very

solid, and of a deep red color. Ninety-eight per cent of

This is by far the largest and surest heading red cab-

Repollo Colorado.

Rotkraut.

Savoy Cabbage.

Wirsing.

Repollo de hojas crespas.

DRUMHEAD SAVOY.

An excellent winter and spring family cabbage, pertaking partially of the size of the Drumhead and the curled leaves of the Savoy. Market Gardeners usually find it profitable to provide a limited quantity for discriminating customers; for family use it is equalled by none. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00

the plants will form extra fine heads. Pkt. 5c oz. 20c; ‡ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00

CABEAGE PLANTS. We can furnish Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants about May 1st. If you are interested write us for the names and prices of the varieties grown by us. See page 48.

Möhren.

Carrots.

CULTURE. Carrots delight in sandy loam deeply tilled. For early crops, sow in the spring as soon as the ground is in working order; for late crops, sow any time until the middle of June. Sow in rows and do not cover more than one-half inch deep. One ounce to 150 feet of drill; three pounds to the acre.

Table Use.

EXTRA EARLY SHORT FORCING. An excellent forcing variety; very tender, small tops, and of fine Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00 flavor.

EARLY SCARLET HORN. A very early variety. Recommended for the market and home garden. Texture very fine and very delicate in flavor.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

OXHEART OR GUERANDE. The French Carrot is one of the most valuable varieties either for family use or for the market. It is an intermediate between the half long and the Horn types attaining a diameter of 3 to 4 inches at the neck. It is very productive, rich orange color and beautiful shape.

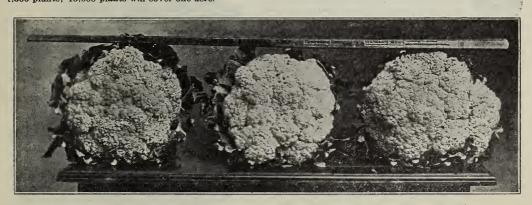
Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00 CHANTENAY OR MODEL. A nice smooth carrot

of perfect and uniform shape. A heavy yielder, a fine table quality, 5 to 6 inches long and easily dug. The flesh is of a deep yellow color, tender and of excellent Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00 flavor.

Blumenkohl. Cauliflower. Coliflor.

CULTURE. The same as for cabbage, except that it will pay to use extra manure and plenty of water for Cauliflower. If the soil is dry water frequently and if the plants have a heavy mulch of hay or straw, it would keep

the soil moist, and the plants would not suffer from drouth. The early kinds should be strong enough to plant out not later than the middle of April; the late kinds may be planted out the same as Cabbage. One ounce of seed produces 1,500 plants; 15,000 plants will cover one acre.



EARLY DANISH SNOWBALL.

EARLY DANISH SNOWBALL. This splendid Cauliflower is extremely early, heads with certainty and

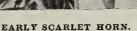
these heads are of high quality. The plant is dwarf, outer leaves are erect, while the inner leaves lap over the head, protecting it from the sun. It is the finest Cauliflower on the market, and we recommend it to the Market Gardeners especially.

Pkt. 15c; 1 oz. 75c; oz. \$2.50; 1 lb. \$8.00

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT. A distinct and valuable late variety. The heads are very large, beautifully white, firm and compact, and being well protected by foliage, remain fit for use for a long time. The plants should be started and transplanted early in the season, to insure their full development. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 80c; 1 lb. \$2.25

EARLY PARIS. An excellent French variety, and very popular among the early sorts in the Paris markets Heads are large white, compact, solid, of excellent flavor, tender and delicious. Leaves large, stalk short.

Pkt. 5c; 1 oz. 80c; 1 lb. \$2.25



EXTRA EARLY DWARF ERFURT, SELECTED.

This is the choicest strain of the popular Erfurt type and

noted for its extreme reliability in heading. Plants are

very dwarf with solid, pure white heads of excellent qual-

ity. When planted in rich soil early in the spring heads

8 to 10 inches in diameter, can be marketed early in July.

Pkt. 5c; 1 oz. \$1.00; oz. \$3.00; 1 lb. \$10.00

Zanihorias.

Carrots-Continued.

DANVERS HALF LONG.

Admirable in color, fixed in habit, a wonderful producer, the i est of all for the stock breeder, and valuable to the market gardener. With this vari ty the planters secure the largest return to the acre, with the least difficulty of harvesting. Pkt. 5c; oz. 1 ∂c ; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00 HALF LONG SCARLET NANTES.

Foliage finely cut, dark and of medium height, roots slender, smooth, and of a bright orange color, flesh orange becoming yellow towards the center, but with no distinct core. Quality very fine.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00 Para Forage.

Fur Futterzwecke.

Stock-Feeding.

 IMPROVED LONG ORANGE.
 The old standby for both stock feeding and table use, either summer or winter.

 Fed to milch cows, it increases the flow of rich milk and gives to the butter a fine flavor and a beautiful golden color.
 Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

LARGE WHITE BELGIAN. Grows one-third out of the ground. Root pure white, green above the ground and has a small top. It will grow to a very rich large size on soil, and is very easily gathered. Flesh rather coarse and used exclusively for stock feeding purposes. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. 80c

LARGE YELLOW BELGIAN. Practically the same as the above, except that the color of the flesh is yellow. An excellent keeper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. 80c

Bleich-Sellerie.

Celery.

Apio.

CULTURE. For early celery sow in March or February, in hot beds, in drills 4 to 6 inches apart and cover about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep. When fairly out of seed leaf transplant to another bed, thin out to 2 or 3 inches in the row, and leave growing until needed to plant outside. In April plant the field in rows 18 to 20 inches apart, and set six inches in the row. In planting press the ground around the plants, but do not let any earth get into the heart. The soil should be very rich and the plants should be earthed up several times during their growth. Celery needs more water than any other garden crops, and is liable to get soft if not watered sufficiently.

For winter use sow the seed in the latter part of April, or beginning of May, in beds, and transplant in the fields in July. If the roots are to be dug up and put in trenches to bleach, allow two feet between the rows, or if they **are** to bleach in the same place where grown, allow four feet. When cold weather sets in dig a trench in a high, well drained place, one foot wide, and of a depth of a few inches less than the height of the celery. Set your plants closely in it and cover gradually with straw or hay and earth as the weather gets colder. The top of the trench should be sloping so as to allow the water to run off. One ounce of seed produces 2,500 plants, and it takes about 42,000 plants to set one acre if the rows are 2 feet apart.

GOLDEN SELF BLANCHING. This is a beautiful plant. of close habit, compact growth, and has straight and



vigorous stalks. The ribs are perfectly solid, crisp and brittle. It's delicate flavor is surpassed by no other variety and moreover it has the decided merit of being self-blanching to a very remarkable degree. Our stock of this seed is selected with special care in France.

is selected with special care in France.

AMERICAN. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$4.00.

FRENCH. Pkt. 5c; 1 oz. 60c; oz. \$1.10; 1 lb. \$4.00;

BOSTON MARKET. The most popular variety in the market of Boston. It forms a cluster of heads instead of single one and is exceptionally tender and crisp. The best variety for light soils. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50

GIANT PASCAL. This is a green leaved variety. It bleaches very quickly after earthing up and is a beautiful yellowish white color, very solid and crisp, and of a sweet flavor which is not equalled by any other variety. The stalks grow broad and thick, a single plant making a large bunch. Under high cultivation this variety will give best satisfaction. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¹/₄ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75

HALF DWARF. When blanched it is of a yellowish white, making it very ornamental for the table; it is entirely solid, possessing the nutty flavor peculiar to the dwarf kinds, while it has much more vigor of growth, surpassing most of the large growing sorts in height of burch grown under the same conditions. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1 b. 50c; lb. \$1.50

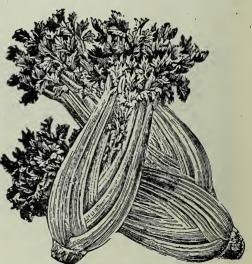
 LARGE WHITE SOLID.
 Of tall growing habit and

 very handsome in appearance.
 A splendid pure white va

 rlety.
 Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50

WHITE PLUME. This celery is valued because the stalks and portions of the inner leaves and heart are white; by simply tying up the stalks and drawing up the soil with the hoe, the work of blanching is completed. It is ornamental, tender, crisp and of good flavor and very early. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 bb. 60c; lb. \$2.00

DWARF GOLDEN HEART. Very popular and distinct variety. In habit of growth it resembles Half Dwarf, except when blanched the heart, which is large and full is of a waxy golden yellow. It is entirely solid, of excellent flavor, and keeps well during the winter. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 50c; lb. \$1,50



GIANT PASCAL.

Celeriac or Turnip-Rooted Celery.

Grown exclusively for its roots, which are turnip shaped, very smooth, tender and marrow-like. The roots are cooked and sliced and eaten with vinegar. They make an excellent salad. Are used for seasoning meats and flavoring soups.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c

CELERY FOR PROFIT. By Griener. Illustrated. Price 20c

CELERY PLANTS. We can supply them during June and July.

If interested, write us. See page 48.

Chicory.

Cichorienwurzel.

Achicoria.

LARGE ROOTED OR COFFEE.

A hardy plant introduced from and much used in Europe as a substitute for coffee; large quantities of prepared roots are exported to this country. May be used to good advantage and pay large profit, and its culture is simple. In the fall the roots require to be taken up and cut into small pieces and put where they will dry, requiring the same treatment used for drying apples. When required for use they should be roasted and ground like coffee. Requires similar treatment as carrots.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb 30c; lb \$1.00

Collards.

GEORGIA SOUTHERN OR CRECLE.

This is the variety so extensively used in the south, where it furnishes an abundance of focd for both man and beast. Forms a large, loose, open head, or a mass of leaves on a tall stem. Freezing improves the quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c Schnittlauch.

The Chives are small and not very important members of the onion tribe, quite hardy everywhere. The leaves are slender and appear very early in the spring. and may be cut several times during the season. They are propagated by seeds and by roots. The Chives make the very best border for beds in the vegetable garden, and are not only useful, but bearing pink flowers and a mass of golden leaves, are ornamental and are equal to the onion for flavoring soups and salads.

Chives.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; Roots 20c per bunch, 3 for 55c postpaid.

Corn Salad.

Stechsalas.

Macha o Valerinailla

BROAD LEAVED.

Used as a small salad throughout the winter and spring. Sow thickly in drills, cover slightly at the beginning of autumn and sprinkle with straw on the approach of severe winter weather, or sow in a cold frame, covered in winter as may be convenient-thus is accessible even when the deep snow prevails.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c

Berro de Fuente.

Cress.

Berro.

Used as a small salad. Sow very thickly in shallow drills; cover on a smooth surface at short intervals throughout the season. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 15c; lb. 50c

Water Cress.

Brunnen Kresse.

Kresse.

Is quite distinct from garden cress, and thrives only when its roots and stems are submerged in water. It is one of the most delicious of small salads and should be planted wherever a suitable place can be found. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; ½ lb. \$1.00

Pop Corn.

WHITE PEARL. A common variety having smooth kernels. WHITE RICE.

A very handsome variety; kernels long, pointed, resembling rice. Very prolific, and fine for parching, Does not pop as large as Queen's Golden, but is more tender and better flavor.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN.

Produces ears in great abundance on stalks nearly six feet high. It pops perfectly white. A single kernel will expand to nearly an inch in diameter.

Prices for all varieties of pop corn. Pkt. 5c; lb. 10c Postage 8 cents per pound extra.

CELERIAC.

WATER CRESS.

Ceholettas.

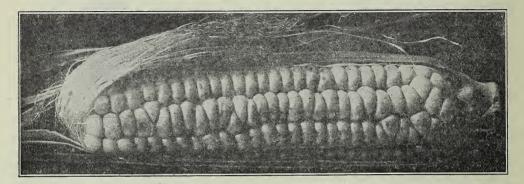
Sweet Corn.

Speise Mais.

Mais Dulce.

Postage of 8 cents per pound must be added in ordering corn sent by mail.—One pound is equal to over threefourths quart.

CULTURE. All varieties of sweet corn may be sown either in rows four feet apart and the seeds planted about eight inches in the row, or planted in hills at a distance of three or four feet each way, according to the variety grown or the richness of the soil in which it is planted. Sweet Corn should not be planted deeper than one to one and a half inches, as it is liable to rot in the ground. Hoe often, drawing the earth against the stems and breaking off the side shoots. One pound to 275 hills. About one-fourth bushel will plant one acre in drills.



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NEW GOLDEN BANTAM.

The earliest of all Extremely Early Sweet Corns. The Sweetest: of most Surpassingly Delicious Flavor.

Golden Bantam is the most tender, sweetest, richest, and best evergreen Sweet Corn in existence. It produces strong, sturdy stalks, growing about four feet high. Is extremely hardy and can be grown from the Gulf to the Great Lakes. Each stalk produces three to four fine ears 5 to 6 inches long, having eight rows of sweet kernels. Golden Bantam is the quickest to mature and will give better and quicker results than any other sweet corn we knew of. We have found it remarkably free of worms. Don't fail to have some of this splendid corn in your garden next year. By mail: Pkt. 5c; lb, 30c; 2 lb. 45c. By express not prepaid: Lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. \$1.10

EXTRA EARLY ADAMS. This is not a true sweet corn, but on account of its hardiness and its round, hard grains it can be planted much earlier than the wrinkled sort sugar corn. The ears are well filled with tender white pkt. 5c; lb. 10c; 2 lbs 15c; 10 lbs. 70c

WHITE MEXICAN. This new variety of recent introduction is 4 to 5 days earlier than the White Cob Cory and has all the delicious sweetness of Black Mexican, which, before the introduction of this new white corn was said to be the sweetest of all sweet corns. It is a grand acquisition for the market gardener, as well as for the home planter. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00

MAMMOTH WHITE CORY. The large extra early Sweet Corn. The ears are 12-rowed, white-cobbed. covered with very large white grains of good quality, and very much larger than the old Cory. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 80c

WHITE COB CORY. Selected for white cob and white kernel from the original and earliest. We offer aorthern grown, extra early matured seed. The pure white kernels retain their luscious flavor and splendid appearance even after being cooked. Pkt. 5c; 16 bls. 25c; 10 bls. 35c;

EARLY MINNESOTA. This is among the earliest of the sugar varieties, and is much esteemed, not only because it matures earlier, but because of its excellent qualities as well. Bars rather small, long and pointed. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 80c

PERRY'S HYBRID. A very fine variety, fully as early as the Minnesota, and having much larger ears, containing each 12 to 14 rows of kernels well filled to the end. The grains are large and pure white, but the cob is reddish. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 80c

CROSBY'S EARLY TWELVE ROWED. A most excellent variety and remarkably early. Ears of medium length, sweet, rich, and delicate. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 80c

EARLY EVERGREEN. Like Stowell's Evergreen, only ten days earlier. Ears large, about 18 inches long. 12 to 16 rowed, and having the identical flavor of the famous Stowell's Evergreen. It remains green a remarkably long time and the kernels retain the sweetness and tenderness which is so characteristic of Stowell's. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 80c

BLACK MEXICAN. The sweetest and most desirable for family use. When dry the kernels are black. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 80c

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN. This variety is more largely planted than any other, and is the general favorite with canners and market gardeners for late use. It is very productive, the ears are of large size, grains deep, exceptionally tender and sugary and remain for a long time in an edible condition.

Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 80c

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. The ears are not only of good size, but are produced in great abundance, one stalk frequently bearing four good ears while the average is three to a stalk. The cob is very small, giving great depth to the kernels, which are of pearly whiteness. But the great merit of the Country Gentleman Corn is its delicious flavor; it is without doubt the sweetest and most tender of sweet corns, and at the same time produces ears of good size. Pkt. 5c; lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.00

SWEET CORN FODDER. We always have on hand a quantity of sweet corn, which is very desirable for fodder. If interested in this write us.

Cucumbers.

Gurken.

Pepias.

· · · · ·

CULTURE. Drop in hills 4 to 6 feet apart, as soon as the weather becomes settled and warm. Scatter 8 to 10 seeds to a hill and cover half an inch deep, and pat it down with a hoe. Hoe often, and when out of danger of insects thin to 4 plants to a hill. June to July is the time to plant for pickles. One ounce to 50 hills, 2 pounds to the acre.

If your cucumbers are troubled with bugs and striped beetles, use Slug Shot Powder,

DAVIS PERFECT. This is one of the very best cucumbers grown, both for forcing and for

out of doors. It is slim and symmetrical in shape and from 9 to 12 inches long and of a dark glossy, green color changing to white,



without a streak of yellow, only when nearly ripe. It is a most vigorous grower, and resists the disease commonly fatal to cucumbers, and should not be planted less than 5 feet apart. It is a shy seeder, and has very thick flesh making it especially desirable for table use.

Pkt. 5c; oz 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

IMPROVED LONG GREEN. This is unquestionably the most popular for general use. When matured is 9 to 12 inches long. Flesh is very solid, crisp and of delicate flavor. The skin is dark green and retains its color for a remarkably long time.

Pkt. 5c: oz. 10c: 1 lb. 30c: lb. \$1.00

EARLY FRAME. Popular both for table and pickling purposes. Growth vigorous, vines very productive, fruit medium size.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

EVERBEARING. This variety EVERBEARING. This variety is of small size; very early, enormous-ly productive, and valuable as a green pickle. Its peculiar merit however, is that the vines continue to flower and produce fruit until killed by frost, whether the cucum-bers are picked off or not, differing in this respect from all others. The vines exhibit at the same time cu-cumbers in every stage of growth cumbers in every stage of growth. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

COOL AND CRISP. A popular extremely early variety of the White Spine type. Very prolific and produces large numbers of medium siz-ed cucumbers, excellent for table use. The fruit is 6 to sinches long, distinctly tapering, with a dark skin thickly set with small knots. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

EARLY WHITE SPINE. Vines vigorous, bearing early and abund-antly. Fruit uniformly straight and handsome, dark green, with a few white spines. Flesh tender and of excellent flavor. Used extensively for forcing under glass. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

EXTRA LONG WHITE SPINE A selection of the White Spine. Is very uniform in size and exceed-ingly early, at the same time makes a long growth—10 to 12 inches The variety for forcing and early market.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00



EARLY RUSSIAN. One of the earliest in cultivation, resembles the early frame, but is smaller and shorter, being only 4 inches long.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

EARLY GREEN CLUSTER. A very popular early cucumber, producing its fruit in small clusters near the root of the plant. Average length is about 5 inches, skin prickly, flesh white, seedy, tender and well flavored.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE.

This is the strain so popular around Chicago for growing under glass. It is the "money maker" among cucumbers, being the earliest and most productive, rich green color throughout its entire length and very straight.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

CHICAGO OR WESTERFIELD PICKLING. Very popular with Chicago market gardeners and grown almost exclusively in that vicinity. Fruit medium length, pointed, has large and prominent spines, color deep green.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

SHORT PROLIFIC. A very short variety of the "Frame" type. It is an abundant bearer, and is highly recommended for pickles, for which it is used extensively in New York State. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 11b, 30c; lb. \$1.00

BOSTON PICKLING. This va-riety has rightfully gained great popularity as a pickle. The fruit abundantly borne, averages 4 to 5 inches in length and is of excellent quality.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

PARISIAN PICKLING A decidedly distinct variety used mostly for making French pickles. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25

JAPANESE CLIMBING. While all cucumbers are running vines, this variety is much more so than others. It climbs quickly on poles or trellises and is entirely distinct. The quality is splendid and well adapted for pickling and salads. The greatest advantage of having **b** cucumber trained on a pole force is cucumber trained on a pole fence is evident.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25

WEST INDIA GHERKIN. This variety used exclusively for pick-ling is a distinct species from the common cucumber. It is a vigorous grower and consequently should be planted 6 feet apart. The fruit is planted 6 feet apart. The fruit is very small, almost round and close-ly covered with spines. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00

Escaroly é Endibia.

Endivien

Culture the same as lettuce.

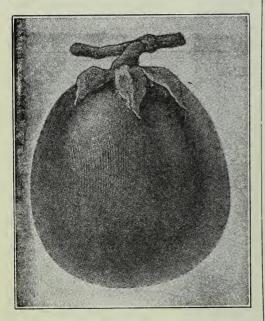
A desirable sailed . When bleached by exclusion of the sun, gather all the leaves and tie them for a couple of days. Open after a rain to give them a chance to dry out, as otherwise the leaves begin to rot. The inside will turn into a beautiful yellowish green, making the plant very attractive for salads and garnishing.

Endive.

Varieties.	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.	Lb.
Green Curiea, the hardy variety	5C	15c	40c	\$1.25
Broad Leaved Batavian very thick leaved	5c	15c	40c	1.25
Moss Curled. Plants com- pact, large leaves, green and finely divided	5c	15c	40c	1.25

Eierpflanze. Egg Plant. Berenjena.

CULTURE. Sow in hot beds very early in the spring; thin them out as soon as big enough to be handled to 3 or 4 inches each way, and transplant to 2 or 3 feet apart in very rich warm ground. Do not plant them outside till nights are real warm, as the least frost will, if it does not kill them, check the growth, and it will take 2 or 3 weeks before they get over it. Hoe often and hill up gradually till they blossom. One ounce to 1,500 plants. nlants



NEW YORK IMPROVED LARGE PURPLE SPINELESS.

This variety has about superseded all others both for market and home garden; a favorite everywhere. Our stock is extra selected direct from the best growers in New Jersey. Pkt. 5c; \pm 02. 15c; 02. 40c; \pm 1b. \$1.25

EARLY LONG PURPLE.

tive; fruit long and of superior quality. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c

Garlic.

Knoblauch.

Ajo.

The garlic is the most pungent of all the onion fam-The garlie is the most pungent of all the onion ram-ily. It is much used in the south of Europe. The root, or bulb, is composed of many small bulbs called "cloves," which are planted in the spring 6 to 8 inches apart, and in August the bulbs are ready to gather. Write for prices on large lots. Lb. 30c; 3 lbs. for 80c; postpaid.

Horse Radish. Meerrettig.

Rabano Rüstico.

Horse radish produces no seed, but is grown from pieces of the root.

CULTURE. Mark off rows 2½ feet apart in rich moist, well prepared ground, and set the pieces of roots 18 inches apart in rows, vertically, the small end down. Cultivate thoroughly until the tops cover the ground, when their shade will keep down the weeds.

See page 8. Small roots 20c per dozen; 85c per 100, postpaid. If wanted in quantity, ask for special prices.

Kale or Borecole

Krauskohl oder Blatterkohl. Col rizida.

DWARF GREEN GERMAN. Sow in the spring for "sprouts" or "greens." Hardy prolific, flavor similar to cabbage; desirable in every garden. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; t lb. 25c

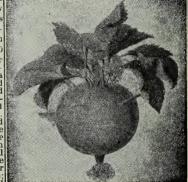
DWARF PURPLE GERMAN. A variety of the preceeding, and identical with it, except in color, which is a beautiful deep purple. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; \ddagger lb. 25c

TALL GREEN CURLED OR SCOTCH. This is one of the most popular varieties. It is very hardy and is much improved by frost. Two feet high. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ 1b. 25c

Kohl-Rabi.

CULTURE

Sow in the spring in row 38 inches apart; afterwards thin out to 8 or 10 inches in the row. The edrow. The eu-ible part is a turnip shaped bulb, formed bulb, formed by the enlargement of When used for the table this should be cut when quite small small as it is the very tender and delicate; but if allowed



to reach its full size it becomes tough and stringy. One ounce will produce 2,000 plants.

Varieties.	Pkt.	Oz.	↓ lb.
Early White Vienna. The earli- est and best for forcing.	5 c	20c	50c
Early Purple Vienna. Both Vi- enna Kohlrabis are very tender and excellent for table use	5c	20c	50c
White Giant. A good sort of Summer and Autumn.	5c	10c	30c
Purple Giant. Differs from the preceding in color only	5c	10c	30c

Leek.

Porree oder Lauch.

Puerro,

CULTURE. A hardy species of onion, sown in drills or broadcast. When 6 inches high transplant into rows a foot apart, setting the plants 4 or 5 inches deep and about 6 inches apart in the row. Used mostly in soups and stews. One ounce to 1,000 plants.

LARGE LONDON OR SCOTCH FLAG. This leek, aside from being valuable for soups and salads, when blanched, makes an excellent dish if sliced and cooked.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.



Lettuces. Lechuga.

CULTURE. Early sowing may be made under glass in January or February, keeping the plants thin and admitting plenty of air every day. For a succession outside sow every two weeks, as soon as the ground is open, in drills two feet apart, and thinning out 4 to 8 inches in the row. For cut salad, sow thicker and do not thin out. They do best in a rich and moist soil. One ounce to 3,000 plants.

Early and Forcing Varieties.

BIG BOSTON. This variety resembles the well known Boston Market but produces heads almost double the size and matures a week later. Endures hot weather exceedingly well.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

WHITE SEEDED TENNIS BALL. One of the best varieties of headed cabbage lettuce for growing under glass. Very hardy, with thick, crisp, and tender leaves. Forms a compact head under glass, but unless planted very early is apt to be loose in the open air. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 80c

BIG BOSTON LETTUCE.

We

MAY KING. The best Butterhead lettuce for forcing, as well as early spring planting in the open ground. It is extremely hardy and therefore can be planted very early in the spring. It makes a quick growth, forming when mature, attractive heads measuring 10 to 20 inches across. The outside leaves are tightly folded, making the plant practically all head. It has a rich buttery flavor which is delicious.

recommend it particularly to Market Gardeners, as the tightly folded heads carry well, and will out-sell any other. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00 Loose-Head or Cutting Varieties. The best of these is the Black Seeded Simpson. It produces even larger bunches of leaves than the popular Curled or Silesia Curled Simpson, and remains in good condition longer before running to seed. For late summer use after the season for head lettuce is passed we would especially recommend the Early Prizehead. This variety forms large, loose heads, with finely curled leaves, lightly tinged with brown. It grows to large size and will stand for a considerable time before running to

seed.

GRAND RAPIDS. For greenhouse forcing this variety has few equals. It is of thick growth, little liable to rot, and can stand some days after being cut. The plant is upright and forms a loose head or cluster of large yellowish green leaves which are slightly crimped, blistered and rather thin. Is a good shipper

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 80c



SIMPSON LETTUCE.

Varieties.	Pkt.	Oz.	<u></u> ¹ /₄ lb.	Lb.
Black Seeded Simpson. Good for forcing as well as outside culture	5c	10c	25c	80c
Early Curled Simpson. Highly recommended for general culture	5c	10c	25c	80c
Early Curled Silesia. The old favorite. Golden leaves with finely curled edges	5c	10c	25c	80c
Early Prizehead. Good variety, bright green, tinged with brownish red		10c	25c	· 80c

Lettuces—Continued.

Barteldes' Denver Market.

It is an early variety of head lettuce either for forcing or open ground. It forms large solid heads of a good light green color and is very slow to seed. The leaves are beautifully marked and blistered, very crisp and tender and of excellent flavor. By these blistered leaves it distinguishes itself from any other kind of head lettuce now grown. Buy from us and get the true stock.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. 90c

Hanson.

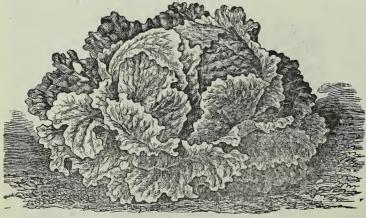
The heads are of a very large size deliciously sweet, tender and crisp, even to the outer leaves; heads weigh 2¹/₂ to 3 pounds and measure 1¹/₂ feet in diam-

3 pounds and measure 11 feet in diameter. Color green outside and white within; free from any bitter, unpleasant taste. Not recommended for forcing, but has few superiors for family use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 80c

EARLY CABBAGE OR DUTCH BUTTERHEAD. Produces the greenish white, large heads of extra qualiity; remarkably tender and crisp, sure to head, of quick growth. It is one of the best for forcing and also for summer use, as it is slow to shoot seeds and resists heat well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; lb. 80c

All Seasons.

All Seaons Lettuce is a distinct black seeded variety forming splendid solid heads of a light silvery green color. These heads are large and will "stand" longer before going to seed than those of any other Butterhead variety. The leaves are of a rich yellow color, crisp, tender, and of mild flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.30



CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER.

them and tied. On account of their exceeding crispness, tenderness, and delicate flavor they are becoming more and more popular in this country.

Paris White Cos.

This is an excellent variety, although it is not quite as early as the "Express" Cos. It forms large, light green plants, well folded and quite solid. The interior is well blanched, and of a crisp, fine flavor, although the flavor is somewhat stronger than that of the preceeding sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

Three New Forage Crops FETERITA DWARF MILO DWARF KAFFIR See pages 3 and 4

ce th ht dd. do of ed my n. do e

c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 40c; lb. \$1 California Cream

Butter. Heads large, round and of a beautiful appearance. The outer leaves are glossy green, masked with small brown spots; the inner leaves are of a rich

outer leaves are glossy green, masked with small brown spots; * the inner leaves are of a rich color. Medium early, and makes a good sort for summer use. Quality is very good. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 25c; lb. 80c

Cos or Celery Lettuce.

The Cos Lettuce are distinct from the preceding sorts, in having long, narrow, spoon-shaped leaves, which usually fold in to loose sugar-loaf shaped heads. which blanch better by having the outer leaves drawn about

Zucker Melonen.

Musk Melons. Melon almizelena o centalu.

CULTURE. The soil for Musk Melons must be light, rich and sandy, for if grown on a heavy soil the quality will be poor, and they will not be so early. When there is no danger of frost drop 8 to 10 seeds in a hill 6 feet apart. each way covering about three fourths inch deep. As soon as a plant commences to run, thin out to 3 best plants in a hill and cultivate until the vines cover the ground. If slow to fruit, pinch off the ends of the growing shoots, Ash or air-slacked lime sifted on the young plants while the dew is on is good to keep insects out. One ounce will plant about sixty hills, and it takes 3 pounds to one acre.

Deduct 15c per pound when 5 pounds or more of one variety are ordered not prepaid.



THE ROCKY FORD.

This melon grown first in Rocky Ford, Colorado, has in a few years acquired a national reputation. It is of the Netted Gem type, oval in shape, averaging from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 inches in length. It is a most delicious flavor, is very fine and smooth grained, has flesh of light green color throughout when ripe. Our seed comes from Rocky Ford where this melon is raised so extensively and from where car loads upon carloads are shipped out every season.

Genuine Rocky Ford seed, grown under our personal supervision in Colorado. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1b. 30c; lb. \$1.00. Kansas grown seed, an excellent strain. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 80c

MONTREAL MARKET. This variety is nearly round flattened at the ends, and very regularly ribbed; skin green, deeply netted; flesh remarkably thick, light green, melting, and of a delicious flavor. They are very regular in shape and uniformly grow to a very large size. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

EXTRA EARLY CITRON. Earlier than any other canteloupe, large, showy, and of fine flavor. This variety will also be found profitable by all market gardeners, and desirable also in the private garden until late varieties become fit for use.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

"OKLAHOMA" CANTELOUPE. This variety is similar to the Rocky Ford, equal in flavor, but of larger size. The originator of the melon writes to us as follows: "In placing the Oklahoma Canteloupe before the public you need not hesitate to mention its blight-proof nature, as it certainly surpasses any one of the melon family in this particular feature; for shipping or eating qualities it certainly unexcelled.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

NETTED GEM. Practically the same as the "Rocky Ford." It has become one of the most popular of small, or basket melons. The description of the Rocky Ford is also to be applied to this variety. We offer an exceptionally fine stock.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

CASABA, OR LARGE PERSIAN. Long, oval shaped, skin very thin and delicate; flesh extremely tender, rich and sweet: Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 80c JERSEY BUTTON JENNY LIND. This is the

leading melon among truckers of the east, particularly in New Jersey, where it is grown largely for the markets of Philadelphia and other cities. Its uniform size, fine quality and early ripening, makes it a most desirable variety, which we can heartily recommend. A peculiar characteristic of this sort is the distinct nub or button, which grows out of the blossom end, and the flesh of which is concentrated sweetness. Not all fruits have this button. but the majority will show it.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25

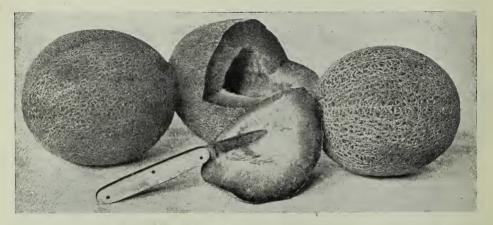
THE HACKENSACK OR TURK'S CAP. The most popular variety of musk melon grown for market by gardeners in the vicinity of New York. It attains a large size, is round in shape, flattened at the ends; it is of most delicate flavor and wonderfully productive.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 80c EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK. By careful selection and improvement carried on for some years this strain has been developed so that it produces melons with all the good qualities of the well known Hackensack Melon, but at least ten days earlier.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 80c **NETTED NUTMEG.** We consider this the very best variety in cultivation. Vines vigorous, hardy, productive, fruit round, slightly flattened at both ends, ribbed, covered with coarse netting; flesh very thick, green and of the highest flavor.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 80c BAY VIEW. A large, prolific and finely flavored green-fleshed melon. It is larger than the Casaba, but not quite so pointed at the ends. A very showy variety and of good quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

Musk Melons-Continued. Yellow - Fleshed Varieties.



NEW MUSK MELON, BURRELL'S GEM.

It was hard to beat the Rocky Ford, and yet it has been done. The new variety has a salmon flesh of unusual thickness and flavor that can hardly be surpassed. The flesh is $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches thick, the rind is heavily netted, slightly ribbed, and very thin. The melons grow to an average size of six inches in length and 41 inches in diameter, weigh about 2 pounds apiece.

They are ideal shipping melons, and, notwithstanding the thin rind have stood shipment from Colorado to New York in perfection. The Burrell Gem has brought more money in the open market than any other variety. A crate containing a dozen melons, sold for one dollar in car load lots and frequently a dozen melons are picked from one hill.

We recommend this new melon very highly and encourage extensive planting.

HOODOO MELON. See Novelties.

EMERALD GEM. This is a variety of excellent quality; it is of medium size. The skin is, while ribbed, perfectly smooth and of deep emerald green color, and ripens to the green rind. It is peculiarly crystaline in appearance, and so very juicy and rich that it almost drops to pieces when dipped out with a spoon. The flavor is very sweet and luscious. The vines are hardy and very prolific, and the melons mature extremely early. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c

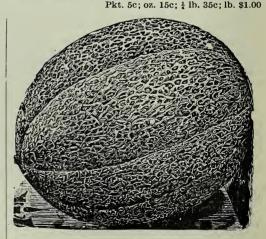
OSAGE OR MILLER'S CREAM. The great popularity which this melon has attained is due mainly to its luscious spicy flavor and its perfect shipping qual-ities. The skin is very thin, and of a dark green color and slightly netted. The flesh is of a salmon color, re-markably sweet, extremely thick, and delicious to the rind. It is also very productive. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c

PAUL ROSE. A cross of Osage and Netted Gem, and best of the salmon, or red-fleshed sorts. Flesh un-usually thick, firm and delicious; well netted and fine for market. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; lb. 80c

KHIVA OR WINTER MUSK MELON. Musk melon for Christmas dinner. You can have such, and from your own garden, if you plant Khiva. It is the most delicately flavored winter keeping melon we have ever eaten. The skin is firm, with a grayish color, green slightly mottled. Is of egg shape and weighs 12 to 30 pounds. Not real delicious until November and later. They keep nicely until January. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c

PEACH OR GARDEN LEMON. The fruit is about the size of a large peach, oval-shaped and of a bright orange yellow color, somewhat russetted. When it first ripens it is quite hard and has very little flavor, but they soon become mellow, not sweet, and have a rich flavor, but for sweet pickles, pies, or preserving, they are superb. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.20

BANANA. An entirely distinct variety, bearing long slender banana like fruit. Flesh deep salmon color, thick and of good quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50



DEFENDER.

DEFENDER. A splendid variety. It is one of the very best yellow-fleshed sorts and in some respects is far superior to any of this class. The fruit is medium sized, oval in shape, slightly ribbed, covered with gray netting. The flesh is firm, finely grained, and of a rich, deep yellow color. The flesh extends to the rind and retains its color hard and firm, so that one can remove the edible portion with a spoon, leaving a rind no thicker than that of an orange. The vine is vigorous and very productive, fruit because of the hard, firm rind, keeps and bears shipment remarkably well. One of the most desirable of the yel-low-fleshed sort either for the home or the market gar-den. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ 1b. 30c; lb. \$1.00

ADMIRAL TOGO. An orange fleshed melon combining the qualities of the Defender and the Rocky Ford. An ideal table and basket melon. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

Water Melons.

Wassermelonen.

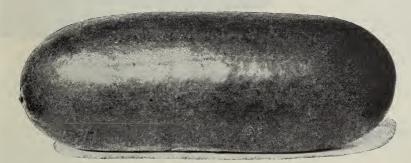
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We grow Water Melons on a very large scale and are in a position to offer the very best seed at reduced prices. Melon seed has been one of our specialties for years and we supply many of the leading seed houses of the country

If you are in the market for a large quantity of melon seeds, be sure and ask us for special prices.

CULTURE. The same as for Musk Melon except that they should be planted from 8 to 10 feet apart. One ounce for 30 hills; 3 to 4 pounds to the acre.



TOM WATSON.

TOM WATSON. In the last few years this melon has become immensely popular. The average size fruit of this variety reaches the size of 24 to 28 inches long and 12 to 14 inches in diameter. It has a dark mottled green rind, thin, but tough enough to stand shipping long distances. For the home or for the market garden or for shipping, it is a money-maker for the growers. The seed we offer is of the very best strain.

Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00

HALBERT HONEY. Originally grown in Texas, it comes to us from the east, where owing to its superb qualities, it has won a reputation in an incredibly short time. The melons are oblong of form, symmetrically rounded at both ends. The skin is smooth, of dark green color, thin and rather brittle; on this account the melons do not stand shipping well. They are, however, the best melons for home use and nearby markets. The fiesh is of a beautiful crimson color, of luscious flavor and entirely free from strings. Try Halbert Honey this year.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

GYPSY OR GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE. The melon is long, smooth, distinctly striped with light, mottled and way dark green stripes. Flesh bright scarlet; and very sugary. Notwithstanding its thin rind it will stand shipping well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 20c; lb. 75c

COLE'S EARLY. This is an extra early melon, maturing fully week or more in advance of any other variety. The melons ar: oval in form, small n size and handsomely striped with light and dark green. The fruits are of good quality and it is a very desirable variety for localities where the season is short.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; lb. 75c

CUBAN QUEEN. A large and solid variety; rind very thin and strong; ripens very close to the rind; skin striped with light and dark green. Vines strong, healthy, and of vigorous growth; very heavy cropper flesh bright red, tender, melting, luscious, crisp and very sugary. It is an excellent keeper, stands shipping well.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 75c

CITRON. For preserving. Rind striped and marbled with light green, flesh white and solid. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ ab. 25c; lb, 75c

BLACK SPANISH. Round, very dark green, with scarlet flesh and black seeds. Has a very thin rind and a rich sugary flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

ICING OR ICE RIND. Solid, always of good flavor, rind very thin. Unequalled i 1 good qualities but not a good shipper. There are two types, light skinned and dark skinned, but the light may be a few days earielr. In ordering please state which you prefer.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

SWEET HEART. An excellent meion. Vine vigorous, productive, and ripens its fruit early. Fruit is large, oval, very heavy, uniformly mottled light and dark green. Rind thin but very firm. Flesh bright red, firm, solid, very tender, melting and sweet.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 60c

ALABAMA SWEET. A long melon with darkskin and red flesh. One of the first to come into market, is good growth and will bear longer than any other varieties. It has light seeds, is of good size though not ungainly, and is a first class shipper. Raised extensively in Texas where it brings extra prices.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 75c

BLACK DIAMOND. This is a cross between Kolbs Gem and Hoosier King and is noted for its extreme size. It produces the largest fruit of any, and melons weighing from 75 to 90 pounds are frequent. The color is a rich dark green, almost black; shape is symmetrically round, to bluntly oval, and all the melons run very uniform. The vine is extremely vigorous.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 75c

The Rocky Ford.



The famous Water Melon is in a fair way to become as popular as the Canteloupe of the same name. Fruit is of large size, oblong in shape, av-

eraging eighteen to twenty inches in length to ten to twelve inches in diameter. The appearance is handsome, the flesh is a bright scarlet with a flavor which is superbly delicious. Unfort-unately the skin is too tender to admit of shipping to any great distance, but its other excellent qualities make it the most desirable for home use and for selling in near-by markets.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 75c

GRAY MONARCH. The skin is mottled gray color, shape long, flesh bright crimson, and of sweet delicious flavor. One of the most productive and popular varieties. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 75c

ICEBERG. Similar to Kolb's Gem, but distinctly darker and the skin, where it rests on the ground is rich yellow instead of white as in that variety. It has a very firm, hard rind, and is a good shipper. The flesh is of deep coloring, very tender and sweet. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

ICE CREAM. One of the best Watermelons, solid, always of good flavor, rind very thin. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; lb. 75c

JONES' JUMBO. The shape is round, color green, with faint lighter stripes; deep red meat, surpassing all other varieties in flavor. As a market melon it sells very rapidly and for high prices. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 20c; lb. 75c

KENTUCKY WONDER. In shape it is oblong, skin dark green, marbled in stripes of light green. The flesh is of a beautiful scarlet color, crisp and of rich sugary flavor. It is always firm and never mealy. Attains an average weight of 30 to 40 pounds. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c[.] lb. 60c

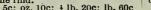
"KING AND QUEEN" WINTER WATERMELON. Average weight 25 pounds. Spherical in shape, ivory shell, pink center, seeds black. The most luscious, handsome and valuable winter melon in the world. It is yery hardy, a good drouth resister, and does well in any soil which grows melons, never sets an imperfect speci-men on its vines, and ripens every melon in less than 120 days. It is a prize taker everywhere. These melons have been shipped to market as late as December. Rip-ens on the vines the third week in August and does not change its condition for ninety days if not bruised. The shell is very hard and the melon ripens to within one-eighth of an inch of it. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; { lb. 25c; lb. \$1.00

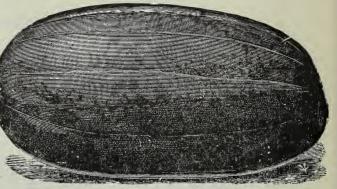
KLECKLEY SWEETS. This melon is dark green, the flesh is scarlet, ripening close to the skin, the rind being only about one-half inch in thickness. Seeds white, lying close to the rind, leav-ing a large, solid heart which does not crack open when ripe. The scarlet flesh is sweet and sugary, and of such texture that it leaves no string of pulp whatever in eating. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 70c

CHILEAN. This melon originated near Los Angeles, Calif., where it is extensively grown. It has a very attractive appear-ance, being nearly round, with dark green rind and black stripes extending from end to end. The flosh is bright red, solid, sweet and melting, leaving no pulp in the mouth. Seeds white; skin one-quarter of an inch thick, very strong, excellent for shipping. Try it. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; lb. 75c

DIXIE.

This new and desirable variety of southern origin is a cross between Kolb's Gem and the Mountain Sweet, having the tough rind and the long keeping qualities of the former combined with the great productiveness, high flavor and freedom from stringiness of the latter. Color of the skin dark green striped with a lighter shade, mak-ing very attractive; rind thin, but tough, flesh bright scarlet; ripens closely to the rind. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c





ROCKY FORD.

MAMMOTH IRONCLAD.

This is one of the largest melons grown. It resem-bles the striped gypsy in color, but grows larger. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 70c

KOLB'S GEM.

The vines are remarkably vigorous and healthy. Fruit of the largest size, round and slightly oval, marked with irregular mottled stripes of dark and very light green. Flesh bright red, extending to within half an inch of the rind; always solid, very firm, a little coarse, but sweet and tender. An excellent keeper and very good for shipping. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

MOUNTAIN SWEET.

Size large, flavor good, rind thick, dark in color, best garden culture. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 60c for garden culture.

MOUNTAIN SPROUT.

An early long striped melon, well suited to distant kets. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c markets.

PHINNEY'S EARLY.

A very early variety, medium and uniform size. The skin is smooth, with narrow white mottled and dark green stripes. Flesh light red, or pink, very sweet and delicious. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

PRIDE OF GEORGIA.

A much better table variety than the Kolb Gem, though not so good a shipper, owing to the exceeding thinness and tenderness of the rind. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 60c

SEMINOLE.

It is extra early, enormously productive, extra large and of most delicious flavor. It is of two distinct colors, gray and light green. The gray color predominates, about one-fourth of the melons being the light green color. Melons of both colors are found on the same vines. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; t lb. 20c; lb. 60c

TRIUMPH.

Triumph is a cross between the Duke Jones and the Kolb's Gem, having the same handsome green color of the former and the fine shipping qualities of the latter, but infinitely superior in flavor and grows much larger than either. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

KANSAS STOCK OR COLORADO PRESERVING MELON.

A boon to the dry land farmer. This melon is grown extensively in Oklahoma, western Kansas, and eastern Colorado. It is immensely productive. The melons grow to a large size, some of them weighing as high as 60 to 70 pounds. The flesh is firm and solid with only very few seeds. The melons will keep all winter and can be fed to stock the same as turnips and beets. They grow on most any kind of soil, stand dry seasons very well and seem adapted to most climates. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

FLORIDA FAVORITE.

Oblong in shape, growing to a very large size, rind dark with light green stripes, flesh light crimson, crisp and deliciously sweet. One of our best sellers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 25c; lb 75c

Mushrooms.

Champignonbrut.

Mushrooms can be grown wherever there is a cellar or a close shed, in which an even temperature of from fifty to sixty degrees can be maintained and where a plentiful supply of fresh horse manure for making the beds can be obtained. You can have these delicious fungi, considered one of the finest delicacies, by getting good spawn from us and by following the directions given in our book, "How to Grow Mushrooms," price 10c, postpaid.

PURE CULTURE SPAWN.

1	brick,	by	mail	40c
2	bricks,	by	mail	70c
4	bricks,	by	mail\$	1.30

With every order for four bricks, at mail prices, we shall be pleased to send the above mentioned book, "How to Grow Mushrooms," free of charge.

By express at purchaser's	sexpense
5 bricks	\$1.20
10 bricks	2.15
25 bricks	4.80

Senf.

Mustard.

Mostaza.

varieties			2 10.	L/0.
Giant Curled Southern. Highly esteemed for salads, particularly in the south. The leaves are twice the size of the ordinary White Mustard; flavor sweet and pungent Ostrich Plume. The leaves are long, ruffied and curled as gracefully as an ostrich	5c	10c	25c	\$.75
plume. Is especially good as a salad and as greens, equal to spinach. The growth				
of leaves makes it a very ornamental plant	5c	15c	30c	1.00
Black or Brown. The common, small seeded variety. More pungent than the white	5c .	10c	15c	.40
White English. Leaves are light green, mild and tender when young; seed light yel-		-		
low	5c	10c	15c	.40
Chinese. A very hardy variety. Leaves are large, thick and deeply savoyed with				
broad white mid-rib.	5c	10c	15c	.40

Kupuzinerkresse.

Nasturtiums.

Capuchina.

Quimbombo.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 50c

The seeds while young and succulent, are pickled and used as capers. The plants are also highly ornamental; the tall variety makes an excellent screen or covering for unsightly places in the garden. Do not sow until the ground is warm.

		O1 .	1 Ib.
Tall Nasturtium	5c	15c	35c
Dwarf Nasturtium	5c	15c	40c



TALL OKRA.

Okra or Gumbo.

Safran.

One ounce will plant 100 hills.

CULTURE. Sow late in the spring, after the ground has become warm in drills 3 feet apart, and, when the plants are three inches high thin out from 10 to 12 inches. They should be well manured. They also can be started in a hot bed and transplanted afterwards. The young green seed pods of this plant are used in soups or stewed and served like asparagus. The young pods can also be dried for winter use.

EARLY DWARF PROLIFIC.

Short podded and productive.

TALL.

Grows to a height of five feet. Pods usually eight ridged and about 6 inches long. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 50c

WHITE VELVET.

It is very distinct in appearance, and unlike other varieties, the pod is not ridged, but are perfectly smooth and round. They are of attractive appearance and superior flavor and tenderness. The plants are comparatively dwarf and of compact, branching growth; the pods are of extra large size and produce in great abundance. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c



Onions.

Zweibeln.

Cebollos.

We make a specialty of onion seed and handle it extensively. We grow a large portion of our seed ourselves and have it grown under our supervision. Our seed is grown from choice selected bulbs and can be relied upon. We make special prices to gardeners and others using seed in large quantities. The picture below shows one of our large_fields in California.



FIELD OF ONIONS.

CULTURE. The onion thrives best in a rather deep, rich loamy soil, unlike most vegetables, succeeds well when cultivated on the same ground for successive years. As early in the spring as the ground is in working order, commence operations by levelling the ground with a rake; sow thickly in rows a quarter of an inch deep and one foot apart; cover with fine soil and press down with the back of the spade or a light roller. When the young plants are strong enough, thin gradually so that they stand 3 or 4 inches apart. Keep the surface of the ground open and free from weeds by frequent hoeing taking care not to stir the soil too deeply, or collect it about the growing bulb. When ripe, pull and dry thoroughly before storing. As maggots are the worst enemies of an onion patch, commercial fertil-laers are better to use than manures, which originate maggots. One ounce to 100 feet of drill, 4 to 5 pounds to an acree.

American Yellow Varieties.

PRIZETAKER. This handsome variety is a splendid type of the celebrated Spanish fancy onions, which are annually imported into the United States from Spain and sold by confectioners and fruiters in our large cities at from 25 to 50 cents each, and even higher. The onions grown here quite rival the imported ones in great beauty and enormous size. The outside skin is of a greenish yellow color, while the flesh is white, sweet and mild.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE.

The true Southport Onions are very handsome Globes of superior quality. They are excellent keepers, uniform in size and form, and command higher market prices than any other kind. We highly recommend the Yellow Globe. It ripens little earlier than the red, grows to an average size of two to three inches in diameter and has all the good qualities mentioned above Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS.

A very excellent variety of globular shape; flesh white and of a mild flavor, skin brownish yellow. It is very productive and a good keeper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25

FLAT YELLOW, DANVERS.

Same as the Globe Danvers, except in shape. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10

OREGON YELLOW DANVERS.

It is a cross between the Flat and the Globe, one of the best keepers for our western climate.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1b. 40c; lb. \$1.25



Onions—Continued.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN. This fine Onion is extra large and sure to make a good crop. This Onion is of special merit because of its excellent keeping qualities, bulbs remain in excellent condition until almost a year after

they are harvested. The advantage of this is easily seen; especially by the southern growers. In shape and form they resemble somewhat the round Yellow Danvers, but the former are heavier in every case. The skin is quite thin and bright reddish brown, while the flesh is solid, crisp and mild.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00

American White Varieties.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE.

Yield abundantly, producing handsome and uniformly globe-shaped bulbs. The flesh is firm, fine grained and of fine flavor.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/2 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00

WHITE SILVERSKIN OR PORTUGAL.

A mild, pleasant flavored variety, admirable for family use; not so good a keeper as the dark-skinned varieties. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00

NEW HARDY WINTER ONION.

This variety can be sown in the fall, and will live over winter in the open ground, unprotected and will continue growing in the spring, when it will make handsome bunch onions, from two to three weeks earlier than any onion sets. Think of this tremendous advantage! Besides saving you the trouble of planting onion sets this variety will be ready for market while your neighbors are waiting for their sets to get ready.

When fully grown the Onions somewhat resemble the White Bermuda in shape, only growing much larger The keeping quality of this variety is very remarkable; one of our growers showed us perfect specimens from September, which are still in excellent, faultless condition in August, when we inspected them.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00

American Red Varieties.

EXTRA EARLY RED FLAT.

This variety ripens about 10 days earlier than the large Wethersfield and is rather smaller in size, but close Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25 grained and heavy. SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE.

A large globe-shaped onion, with small neck, and rich red color; a splendid keeper and of extra fine quality It matures a few days later than the Red Weathersfield. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD.

The old standard sort; best for main crop. Large, deep red, thick, nearly round, fine grained, of pleasant flavor and a good yielder. It ripens in September and keeps well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25

Italian Varieties.

GIANT ITALIAN TRIPOLI.

A large, beautiful, pure white onion of mild, excellent flavor. Will produce a somewhat larger onion from seed than our White Portugal, but to attain their full size the plant should be started very early in a hot bed and set Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50 out in rich soil.

EARLY WHITE QUEEN.

Succeeds well everywhere. The bulbs are small, flat, beautifully white and of excellent flavor, but the principal recommendation is the marvelous rapidity of their growth.

It will produce ripe onions in 100 to 110 days from date of sowing. Both the White Queen and the Extra Early Barletta are highly recommended for pickling purposes.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50

MAMMOTH SILVER KING.

We have imported seed of this truly mammoth variety. The onions are of attractive shape with silvery white skin and flesh of a most agreeable flavor. It reaches a larger size than any of the flat white varieties. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50

EL PASO. A variety from Mexico. It grows there to a diameter of 6 inches, weighing two thirds of a pound, flavored very mildly. Our seed of this variety comes direct from Mexico. Skin of the onion generally white, but sometimes mixed with red and yellow.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 70c; lb. \$2.50 EXTRA EARLY BARLETTA.

It is fully two or three weeks earlier than the Early White Queen, which heretofore has been the earliest variety under cultivation. The onions are of a pure paper-white color, very mild and delicate in flavor, from one inch to one and one-half inch in diameter and three fourths of an inch in thickness.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50



Onions--Continued.

Bermuda Onion Seed Imported from Tenneriffe.

RED BERMUDA.

The original variety. Similar in form and early ripening to the White Bermuda; very flat and of a light pink color. The flesh is white slightly suffused with pink. Tenneriffe grown seed.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 80c; lb. \$2.50

WHITE BERMUDA.

This valuable onion is especially adapted to the outhern states and is the most profitable of all varieties of onions for the grower. Ease of cultivation, large size and mildness of flavor make it the most valuable of this type. The White Bermuda is a selection from the original Red Bermuda, and preferred to all others by growers in the south. We offer seeds obtained direct from the Isle of Tenneriffe. one of the Canary Isles, the home of the Bermuda Onion. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00

CRYSTAL WHITE WAX.

Tenneriffe Grown. This is a large, pure white, flat onion. In the south, especially Texas, during the last few years it has become so popular that there has not been enough seed to meet the demand. It grows to a good size early and is the mildest and sweetest of all onions. It is the finest slicing onion for the home garden. True seed very scarce.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00

Onion Sets. Steckzwiebeln.

Prices are subject to market Fluctuations. When you want large quantities ask for market prices. Thirty two pounds constitute a bushel, except the top or Button Sets, which are 28 pounds per bushel. For bushel prices please see our Pink List.

We are selling Onion Sets as well as everything else by the pound; believe our customers will find this more satisfactory than the quart method. A pound of Onion Sets is equal to about a quart. When wanted by mail add 8 cents per pound.

RED BOTTOM. Produced by sowing thickly the seed of the large Red Weathersfield variety, and thinning out. They mature under this method when about half an inch through. They are used precisely as top onions and set them out in the spring instead of sowing seed.

Lb. 15c; 1 bu. 75c

YELLOW BOTTOM. Identical with the preceding except in color. They are used in the same manner and are produced from the seeds of the Yellow Danvers variety. Lb. 15c; ½ bu. 75c

WHITE BOTTOM.

The seed of the White Silver Skin or White Portugal variety is used to produce white sets. They do not keep as well as the red or yellow but produce beautiful white onions early in the season......Lb. 15c; 1 bu. 85c

RED TOP OR BUTTON.

Produce no seed but instead a small number of bulbs or onions about the size of acorns on top of the stock. These little bulbs are used instead of seed, and will pro-duce a large onion, maturing much earlier than from the seed.

The large onion produces the top onion and the little op onion produces the larger onion. Lb. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. \$1.25; bu. \$4.00

WINTER TOP OR BOTTOM. This variety has been lately advertised by eastern houses as "Perennial

Tree or Egyptian Onion," at high prices. We tried it and found it to be our old and long-known Set, which are only good for early bunch onions, making no bulbs. If once set, they will come up year after year without any winter protection. The set grows on the top of the stalks. Should be planted in fall. It is to be \$100, by \$4.00.

POTATO ONION. Produces a quantity of young bulbs on parent root, which should be planted early in the spring in rows 18 inches apart in the row, and covered one inch deep. They should be earthed up like potatoes as they continue to grow. Lb. 15c; ½ bu. \$1.00; bu. \$4.00

Lb. 20c; 1 bu. \$1.25; bu. \$4.00

WHITE MULTIPLIER.

These are of a pure silvery white color, enormously productive. frequently producing as many as 20 bulbs in a cluster from a single bulb plant. It is of excellent quality and size for bunching green, or can be ripened for use as pickling onions, this latter purpose can be grown much more economically than from the seed. Their most important quality is extreme earliness, being ready for market from 3 to 4 weeks ahead of other onion sets. Lb. 20c; 1 bu. \$1.25; bu. \$4.00

productive and of a mild and sweet flavor.

SHALLOTS. Used extensively in Germany. Valuable for an early crop. They grow in clusters; very

Lb. 20c; 1 bu. \$1.25; bu. \$4.00





Parsley.

Perejil.

Petersilie

CULTURE. Parsley succeeds best in rich, mellow soil. As the seeds germinate very slowly, 3 or 4 weeks elapse sometimes before it makes its appearnace. It should be sown early in the spring, previously soaking the seeds for a few hours in tepid water. Sow thickly in rows a foot apart and half an inch deep. One ounce to 150 feet of drill.

Parsnips.



DWARF PERFECTION.

Pastinake.

CULTURE. They do the best in deep rich sandy soil, but will make good roots on any soil which is deep and mellow and moderately rich. As the seed is slow to germinate, it should be sown as early as possible; cover $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, and press the soil firmly over the seed; give frequent cultivation, and thin the plants 6 to 8 to the foot. As they are improved by frost, a part of the crop should be left in the ground for spring use. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill 5 pounds an acre.

MAGNUM BONUM. A very fine and greatly im-proved strain of the Hollow Crown, which we can recom-mend to all market gardeners as a money maker. The roots are smooth, not so long as those of the standard sort, somewhat thicker in diameter and much more easily pulled. A heavy cropper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

SUGAR OR HOLLOW CROWNED. The best for table use; a vegetable of merit, easily raised and of great productiveness.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 50c

IMPROVED GUERNSEY. Roots comparatively short, ending somewhat abruptly with a samll tap root; grows with a cavity on the top or crown of the root. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c



Erbsen.

When ordering Peas to be forwarded by mail be sure to add postage at rate of 8c per pound.

Peas.

CULTURE. Peas can be grown in every garden, but for the earliest varieties a light, warm, moderately rich soil is most suitable. The smooth kinds can be sown as soon as the ground can be worked, but the wrink-led varieties should not be planted till it is warmer, or they will rot. Sow in single or double rows from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 they will be used to be a single overy inch and covering from 2 to 3 inches deep. For a succession sow every ten days up to July. Sow one quart to 50 feet drilled; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels to an acre.



GRADUS OR PROSPERITY. This re-markable pea is not only large and of the best quality, but it is also nearly as early as the small, round, extra early sorts. It is hardy and may be planted as soon as the ground is fit to work in the spring, along wthi smooth peas.

The vine grows to a height of about 30 inches. The pods are of a light green color and measure 4 inches or more in length, being as large as Telephone and equally as well filled with luscious peas—8 to 10 in a pod. The peas are of first class table quality and retain their color and attractive appearance after cooking. It is a grand pea in all respects. Large Pkt. 10c; lb. 25c; 2 lb. 45c; 10 lb. \$2.00

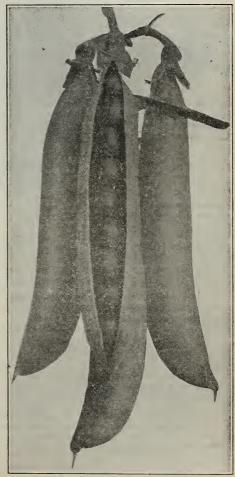
DWARF PERFECTION. This new Parsley well deserves the name of perfection. It combines a highly decorative appearance with a fine delicate flavor and is very desirable for planting as a border around flower beds. The plant, if properly transplanted and given space for development, will form a symmetrical half-globe shaped bush from 6 to 8 inches high and about 10 inches across. The color is a delightful green and the leaves are attractively curled.

are attractively curled.

are attractively curled. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ½ lb. 75c CHAMPION MOSS CURLED. The green leaves are finely cut and curled, and of dark green color. Extra fine for garnishing and culinary purposes. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60 HAMBURG TURNIP ROOTED OR GERMAN PARSLEY. The root resembles a small parsnip and is the edible part of this sort; extensively used for fiavoring soups. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c NEW EMERALD. The plants are dwarf and of compact growth. The leaves are of a handsome bright green color, and very finely crimped and curled. It is very ornamental and commands high prices in western markets. Hkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 50c, lb. \$1 50 PLAIN LEAVED. This is the hardiest var ety, fol-

PLAIN LEAVED. This is the hardiest var ety, fol-iage very dark green, with plain leaves, having a strong parsley flavor, and much preferred in French cooking Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 50c; lb \$1.50

Chirivia.



EXTRA EARLY GRADUS.

Peas-Continued. Early Smooth Varieties.

ALASKA. A variety of remarkable earliness. It is a good yielder and produces pods of good size and dark green color, which are well filled with round, smooth peas of splendid flavor. The color of the dried pea is green. It ripens evenly; one picking will nearly clean off the crop Advise market gardeners to give Pkt. 5c; lb. 20c;2 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. \$1.25 this variety a trial.

PEDIGREE EXTRA EARLY. The market gardener's favorite. For illustration and description, see Novelties.

FIRST AND BEST. This is a reliable early cropper of the hardy smooth seed variety. Not quite as early as Alaska. Pkt. 5c; lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. \$1.25

TOM THUMB. Fine, bushy, growing to a height of 10 inches; foliage heavy; productive; matures in 36 days after sprouting. Pkt. 5c; lb. 20c; 2 lb. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50 sprouting.

Early Wrinkled Varieties. AMERICAN WONDER.

The vine grows 8 to 10 inches high and is very prolific in pods of striking form and size. In maturing it is among the earliest, ripening in about 50 days from germination. It is among the first of the early green wrinkled sorts.

Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50

NOTT'S EXCELSIOR.

Robust and vigorous in growth, very prolific, producing a profusion of long handsome pods, closely packed with large Peas of fine flavor. An improvement on American Wonder, being more vigorous and prolific with larger pods with more green Peas than either the Wonder or Premium Gem. Seeds green, wrinkled, square at the ends like American Wonder. Height 12 inches Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50

PREMIUM GEM.

An improvement on the Little Gem, being larger and more productive. Early in maturing, very luscious in flavor, and highly recommended. Try it. Pkt. 5c: 1 lb. 20c: 2 lbs. 35c: 10 lbs. \$1.50



Main Crop Varieties.

DWARF CHAMPION.

This is a dwarf-growing strain of the popular Champion of England, which for many years has been considered the Standard Pea for main crop and summer use. The stocky vines grow only two feet high and set large wellfilled pods very freely. In warm soils and locations this dwarf type will give better results than the tall strain.

Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.70

BLISS EVERBEARING.

The vines attain a height of 2⁴ to 3 feet; foliage large; the pods will average 3 to 4 inches in length, each pod producing 6 to 8 wrinkled peas. These peas are very large, being half an inch and over in diameter, and in quality unsurpassed. For a continuance of bearing this variety is unexcelled. Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50

CHAMPION OF ENGLAND.

A most popular and extremely productive second early pea, which has been valued for many years as the standard variety for summer use. Vines are of strong growth and very productive of large, well-filled pods. The flavor of the peas is delicious. Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50

IMPROVED STRATAGEM.

Seeds green, wrinkled; middle crop; one of the best peas ever sent out; grows vigorously and showing vine of branching habits; heavily laden with immense pods containing 10 to 12 peas of large size; height 11 feet.

Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50

TELEPHONE. This variety is one of the finest branching, tall, wrinkled marrows yet introduced. It bears splendid peas of the finest quality and excellent, sugary flavor; vine very strong, averaging 18 to 20 pods per plant; the pods are of a large size and closely packed with from eight to ten large delicious peas.

Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50

PRIDE OF THE MARKET.

This famous New England Pea has given great satisfaction. It grows from 18 inches to 2 feet high and has grand pods, well filled with large peas of excellent flavor. Its robust growth, enormous productiveness and superior appearance make it a favorite. Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50

YORKSHIRE HERO.

Maturing after the premium Gem but the vines are of a much stronger habit. It is hardy, productive, and of superior flavor. Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50

Peas--Continued.

Main Crop Varieties.

Marrowfats and Sugar Peas.

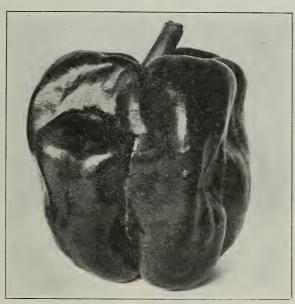
BLACKEYE MARROWFAT. A very productive variety of strong growth, requiring much space. If grown in the garden brushwood or poles are necessary. Matures in 80 days after germination. Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 10c; 2 lbs. 15c; 10 lbs. 70c WHITE MARROWFAT. Very similar to the Blackeye Marrowfat, except that it does not have black eyes. Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 10c; 2 lbs. 15c; 10 lbs. 70c GRAY SUGAR. (Edible pods.) A splendid variety with edible pods. It grows medium high, and is re-markable for its prolific character. The pods are flat and crooked, and contain 5 to 6 peas. Pkt. 5c; 1 lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.70 Note.—If you are in need of peas in large quantities write us. We will make prices that will please you.

Pfeffer.

Pepper.

Pimiento.

CULTURE. Peppers should be started in a hot bed in February or March, and not planted outside until the ground is warm, and there is no more danger of frost. Set the plants in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the row. Hoe often and keep the weeds down. One ounce produces about 1,000 plants.





CHINESE GIANT.

CHINESE GIANT. One of the very best and largest mango Peppers ever introduced. Its mammoth size, splendid shape, beauti-fully rich, glossy-red flesh and mild flavor, all lead us to recommend it very highly. Its strong bushy plants are heavily loaded with large fruits which are produced throughout the season. A very unusual variety worthy of the highest recommendation. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25

NEAPOLITAN, LARGE EARLY. First brought to this country by a company of Ital-ian Market gardeners, this Pepper has quickly pushed its way to the front, and is now on a fair way to become the principal shipping pepper of this country. It combine extreme earliness with a most prolific character, and is now the earliest large fruited Pepper in cultivation. The first fruits are ready for market the last week in June. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25

LARGE BELL OR BULL NOSE. A very large Pepper of square shape, mild, thick and hard. Suitable for stuffing and for mixing pickles. It is less pungent than other sorts, and notwithstanding its size, is one of the earliest. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/2 hb. 75 SWEET SPANISH. An excellent rather late variety. Very mild, thin skinned and fruit rather long. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/2 hb. 75c

PROCOPP'S GIANT OR ELEPHANT'S TRUNK. This variety produces large, long, thick-fleshed pep-pers of a brilliant scarlet color. The flesh is fully one-half inch thick and of a slightly pungent flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ± lb. 75c

Fruit of a bright red color, six to seven inches long by about four inches through. They are remarkably pleasant and mild in flavor and can be eaten sliced with vinegar, like tomatoes. The best for making mangoes. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c

MONSTROUS OR MAMMOTH. Of cylindrical form, 6 inches long by 2½ inches in diam-eter. When ripe, the fruit is of a beautiful coral red, sweet and thick fleshed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 75c

GOLDEN DAWN. It resembles the popular Bell Pepper in shape. It is of a most beautiful golden yellow color, and of a very handsome appearance, both in growth and upon the table. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 75c

LONG RED CAYENNE. This fruit is a brilliant coral red, conical, and from 2 to 3 inches long and from three-fourths to one inch thick. Very pungent. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ½ lb. 75c

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Potatoes.

Kartoffeln.

Patates.

EARLY OHIO .- Northern grown, Red River stock. Extra early, and one of the best, if not the best, for the western states. It is fit for table use before fully ripe, and can be shipped earlier than any other variety.

BURBANK.—A large, long, white potato of excel-lent quality. Fine for main crop and a splendid keeper One of the first introductions of the famous Wizard.

MAMMOTH PEARL.—A handsome main crop variety, white-skinned, shallow-eyed, flesh white: late and_of good quality. Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50

RURAL NEW YORKER NO. 2.—The standard white market potato. It is very large, usually smooth, oblong, inclining to round, and rather flattened. Skin and flesh white; quality excellent; season intermediate. Tubers of great uniformity in size; almost every one mar-ketable. Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50

EARLY OHIO .- Kaw Valley stock.

Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50

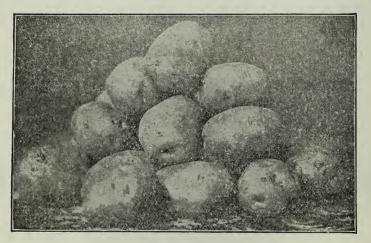
Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.25

Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50

If wanted by mail 25c per pound, postpaid. We use extra packing for small shipments. Standard weights of Irish Potatoes 60 pounds per bushel. Please state in case stock of variety ordered is exhausted if we shall return the money or substitute an equal value of some near variety. We make special prices on large lots. Write us.

Our potatoes are grown by experienced men who make a specialty of potatoes for seed. You can depend on our stock. It is usually cheaper to have potatoes shipped in bags on account of both the cost of the barrel and the greater weight. We will ship potatoes whenever directed or use our best judgment but in no case will we be responsible for delay or damage in transit.

CULTURE. Potatoes can be grown in any soil provided it is well drained, but if grown on sandy, rich soil they will be of better quality than if planted on clay soil. The sets should be planted from 3 to 4 inches deep, according to the time pf planting, in rows three feet apart and 16 to 18 inches in the rows. If planted $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet by 3 feet there will be about 9,700 hills in one acre and it will take between 600 and 700 pounds according to the size of the sets to plant it. At 3 by 3 feet one half the quantity is sufficient.



EARLY OHIO

TRIUMPH. Red River Stock. This beautiful variety combines the wonderful productiveness of the Peerless with all the good qualities of the Early Rose. Tubers are medium size, round and uniform in shape with but few small ones; eyes slightly depressed; color a beautiful light red. Its beauty, productiveness and good qualities in general, make it one of the best early market varieties, especially for the south; from whence it is shipped to northern markets, bringing highest prices on account of its appearance. Pkt. 60c; bu. \$1.75

EARLY SIX WEEKS .--- Earliest potato in existence and most valuable for market gardeners. A great beauty. Perfect table potato and a wonderful yielder. Ready for market in six weeks, matures in 72 days, two weeks ahead of any other variety, and has yielded as high as 400 bushels to the acre. Pkt. 50c; bu. \$1.50

NORTHERN EARLY ROSE .--- A popular standard potato noted for earliness, productiveness and fine quality. Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50

PEERLESS.—Heavy cropper, good keeper, and of good quality Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50

See Pink List for market prices.

Sweet Potatoes.

CULTURE. Sweet potatoes should be started in a hot bed. When the ground is warm and the danger of frost is past the shoots are carefully lifted and planted in rows three feet apart and eighteen inches in the row. They need considerable care till well started, but after getting a good start will grow easily. They should be cultivated quite often moving the vines to prevent from rooting at the joints. They must be harvested before frost. One bushel makes 2,000 to 3,000 plants. Three to four bushels to the acre. To insure prompt filling of orders for sweet potatoes they must be engaged ahead. Standard weight of sweet Buyers will please note that owing to the tenderness of Sweet Potatoes we do not guarantee the safe arrival of Sweet Potatoe Plants or seeds; however, we use all precautions necessary in packing and time of shipping.

Sweet Potatoes cannot be mailed.

Sweet Potatoes--Continued. "PRIDE OF KANSAS."

Grown alongside of all other varieties known to us, "Pride of Kansas" outyielded every other sort, including the "Yellow Jerseys" which have the reputation of being the best all "around." The strongest point in favor of the "Pride of Kansas" is the excellent shape of the tubers. While all the other varieties end in a more or less long, slim neck, this sort is rather blunt on both ends. The average specimen measures 8 inches in circumference in the middle, with 6 and 7 inches in circumference on either end. In the head we frequently found 8 to 10 fine tubers to a single hill, weighing an average of 10 ounces each. The tubers are of superior appearance, having an attractive russettyellow skin, flesh of a beautiful rich, light salmon color. "Pride of Kansas" is the best. Pk. 75c; bu. \$2.50

RED NANSEMOND.—Differs from the yellow Nansemond only in color. Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.00

BLACK SPANISH.—A late variety of fine quality. The skin is of a dark red color, the flesh white. The tubers are of long shape and keep excellently.

Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.00

YELLOW NANSEMOND.—Standard variety for main crop; good keeper and fine flavor Pk. 60c; bu. \$1.75 YELLOW JERSEY.—Similar to the preceeding.

only shorter and thicker in size, Pk. 60c; bu. \$1.75

RED BERMUDA.—The tubers are short and thick the skin is of a bright red, and the flesh of a rich creamy yellow color. An excellent yielder. Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.00

THE VINELESS.—The Vineless is the best dry weather sweet potato in the country Pk. 75c; bu. \$2.00

EARLY GOLDEN.—Extra large; early; good yielder. Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.00

 lar to the preceeding.
 SOUTHERN QUEEN.—An improvement on the

 Pk. 60c; bu. \$1.75
 White Bahama, or Yahm; large size.
 Pk 60c; bu.\$2.00

 Please see our Pink List for market prices.

Sweet Potato Plants.

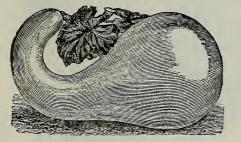
We will have plants of the above varieties about May 1st. Prices, packed at Lawrence express office, per 100 **\$5**C; per 1,000, \$2.00. If wanted by mail add 25c per hundred.

Kürbisse.

Pumpkins.

Calabaza.

CULTURE. Pumpkins require the same general culture as melons and squashes. As the plants require much space and as they readily mix with cucumbers, melons, etc., they are not very suitable for the home garden. The common practice, and a good one, is to plant the seeds in the corn field, either in hills or between the rows, after the last cultivation. One ounce of seed to thirty hills; 4 pounds to an acre.



CUSHAW.

CUSHAW OR CROOKNECK.—A French variety liked by many. Has yellow fiesh, solid and sweet.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/2 20c; 1/2, 60c

KING OF MAMMOTH OR GENUINE MAMMOTH.—The flesh and skin are of a

bright golden yellow. Flesh fine grained and of excellent quality. Notwithstanding its enormous size, it is one of the very best pie pumpkins ever growmn, and a splendid keeper. This enormous variety has been grown to weigh over 200 pounds.



Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ fb30c; fb \$1.00 **SMALL SUGAR.**—Smaller than the field pumkin, but finer grained, sweeter, and very prolific; first rate for the table or stock. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ fb. 20c; fb. 60c

JAPANESE PIE.—The flesh is very thick, nearly solid; the seed cavity being very small in one end of the pumkin; fine grained, dry and sweet, having much the taste and appearance of sweet potatoes. They ripen early, keep well, and are fine for home use. The seeds have peculiar marks resembling characters of the Chinese alphabet. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ fb, 25c; tb. 80c



LARGE CHEESE

LARGE CHEESE.—A popular variety in the south. Fruit flattened, the diameter being 2 or 3 times more than the length. Skin mottled light green and yellow, changing to rich cream color as it matures; flesh tender and of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 tb. 20c; tb. 60c

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO.—A good variety for making pies and other cooking purposes. It is of medium size, of a creamy white color, and has an excellent flavor; good keeper,

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 80c

COMMON FIELD OR BIG TOM.—The well known old Connecticut variety. Grows well among corn; Varies in shape. Excellent for feeding dairy stock. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 15c; lb. 40c

KENTUCKY FIELD.—A large variety, producing pumpkins in abundance. Has thick meat of fine quality. Very suitable for canners' use.

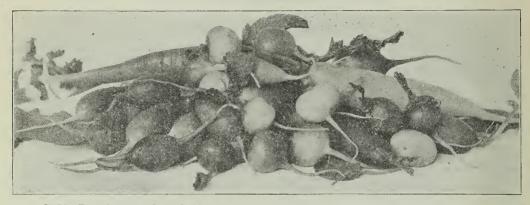
Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1b. 15c; b. 40c

MAMMOUTH TOURS.—A French variety which grows to an immense size, often weighing over 100 pounds. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ ib. 25c; ib. 80c

Radieschen.

Radishes.

Rabanitos.



CULTURE. Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, and every two weeks throughout the season for a succession of crops. A warm sandy loam, made rich and light, by some good, strong manure, which is thoroughly rotted will be most likely to afford them free of worms and brittle. During summer months use the summer or winter varieties, as the early kind get pithy. Winter Radishes can be wintered over as easily as any root crop and furnish an acceptable relish. One ounce to 100 feet of drill; 10 pounds to an acre.

Early Round Varieties.

ROSY GEM. One of the earli-est varieties in cultivation. It is of perfectly globular shape, of rich color, being deep scarlet on top, blending to pure white at the bot-tom. The radishes are exceedingly tender and crisp and delicious. De-sirable for graving under ble sirable for growing under glass as well as in the open ground. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 75c

EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. This variety makes roots fit to pull as early as Non-Plus-Ultra, but they are much larger when full size, and for this reason are very popular in some markets. Roots round or slightly oval shaped; color rich, deep scarlet, flesh white and tender. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 b. 20c; lb. 60c

EARLY ERFURT DARK ROUND RED OR DEEP SCAR-LET TURNIP. This is a splendid strain of the small extra early, round radish; it is is ready for use in 18 to 20 days after sowing. The radishes are very attractive. tender and mild flavor. The tops are small, hence it is an evcellent variety for growing it is an excellent variety for growing under glass.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c

SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIPPED. A beautiful variety., deep scarlet with white tip. It is very ornamental for table use, and

is becoming very popular as a market variety. It is of the same size and shape as the scarlet turnip variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c **EARLY WHITE TURNIP.** Both skin and flesh are white. It is a few days later than the scarlet turnip, and will bear heat, without becoming pithy. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¹/₄ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

Olive-Shaped Varieties.

DEEP SCARLET TURNIP

 FRENCH BREAKFAST. A medium-sized radish with small top.
 Quick growth and very crisp and tender. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

 EARLY SCARLET OLIVE SHAPED. Very early and handsome:
 Lively rose color, oblong shaped, top Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

 EARLY WHITE OLIVE SHAPED. Same as above except in color.
 Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

very small

Summer Varieties.

All of the following varieties attain a larger size than do any of the earlier radishes. While not ready for the market quite so early they remain in fine condition longer without becoming pithy.

Varieties.	Pkt.	Oz.	1-4 Lb.	Lb.
CHARTIERS OR SHEPHERD. Long Scarlet tipped with white		10c	20c	60c
GIANT WHITE STUTTGART. Very large, excellent quality	5c	10c	25c	70c
WHITE STRASBURG. Will stand summer heat admirably	5c	10c	25c	70c
LONG WHITE VIENNA OR LADY FINGER. A rapid grower of fine shape.	5c	10c	20c	60c
YELLOW SUMMER TURNIP. A general favorite with market gardeners	5c	10c	20c	60c

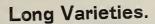
CRIMSON GIANT GLOBE. This new radish is an entirely new type, and differs radically from all the varieties hitherto in cultivation, in so far that its roots attain more than dou-ble the size of those of other forcing varieties without cetting pithy or

ble the size of those of other forcing varieties without getting pithy or hollow. This giant radish devel-opes roots 6 to 8 inches in circum-ference and over an ounce in weight, their pure white flesh remaining firm and crisp, and of mildest flavor. Notwithstanding the extraordinary size and weight of its bulbs, it is sec-ond to none as a forcing variety. Its equally well adapted to outside cul-ture. The seeds should be sown very thinly to permit full develop-ment of the roots.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; lb. 90c

NON PLUS ULTRA. By far the smallest-topped and earliest forcing radish in cultivation. Roots, small, round, deep red, with very crisp, tender white flesh. This is the very best variety for forcing, as it will mature in 18 to 21 days and the tops are so small that a large number can be grown in a single bed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 65c

Radishes--Continued.



White Delicious. See Novelties.



BARTELDES GLASS RADISH. The radish comes from the same gardener in Denver who originated the Denver Market Lettuce, and is a fine ac-

It is a long radish of light quisition. pink color, white tipped, of uniform size. The flesh is transparent white, always crisp and brittle, even if grown to a large size, and mild flavored. It was named "Glass Radish" on account of the fine transparency of the flesh. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c

HALF LONG DEEP SCARLET. The roots of this hardy and desirable variety are of a very brilliant, deep red rich color, and half long, with somewhat tapering points, the flesh is very white, crisp and tender, and holds its juciness very well, not becoming pithy until overgrown.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 60c

EARLY SCARLET SHORT TOP. Is undoubtedly the best standard variety for private garden and market use. It grows 6 or 7 inches long, half out of the ground. It is very brittle and crisp and of quick growth. Color, bright scarlet, small top, tapers regularly to the root, and is uniformly straight and smooth.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/2 lb. 20c; lb. 60c

WHITE ICICLE. (Eizapfen.) An entirely distinct long slender, pure white variety. It is without doubt the earliest and finest long white Radish in existence. Ready for use fully as early as Long Scarlet Top, with less foliage, rendering it most desirable for forcing. In the open ground the roots continue brittle, crisp and mild until they are fully as large as those of the Long Bright Scarlet. The Icicle is perhaps superior to the finest long red ones. Roots four inches in length and half an inch in diameter; they retain their crispness and fresh, mild flavor until fully 6 inches long and an inch in diameter. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 20c; lb. 65c

LONG BRIGHT SCARLET OR CARDINAL.

Extra early, the roots being fit for use about 25 days after sowing; very bright color; quite unique; being the most fiery scarlet in any kind of Radish. It is very slightly tipped with white, and the flesh is crisp and tender.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 60c

WOOD'S EARLY FRAME.

Of the "Long Scarlet" type, not quite so long and a little thicker, the brilliant scarlet color, mild, brittle, of fine flavor, and the most suitable for forcing and the early market garden.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/2 lb. 20c; lb. 600

WHITE ICICLE.

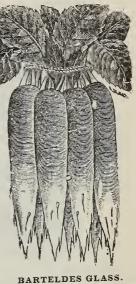
Winter Radishes.

These can be divided into two distinct classes: the European varieties and the Chinese, or California varieties The former have firm, hard, but very fine grained flesh, while the latter produces radishes of an extra large size wit white crisp and juicy flesh.

The Long Black Spanish and the Round Black Spanish are the favorite German Winter "Rettige." The White Chinese is the finest of all extra large white radishes. Nearly the whole of the splendid root grow

above the surface, which makes pulling them a pleasure. The flesh is always crisp and juicy. The China Rose-colored, and the California Mammoth White are quite similar to the above, but not quite so 5lb. lots of one variety 15c less per lb. not prepai

large.				
	Pkt.	Oz.	1-4 Lb.	Lb.
Varieties.	50	10c	25c	70c
LONG BLACK SPANISH. An excellent keeper	5c	10c	25c	70c
WHITE CHINESE OR CELESTIAL. Cultivated extensively by market	5c	10c	25c 25c	80c
gardeners	5C	10c 10c	25C 25C	700
CHINA ROSE COLORED. Not as strong as the Spanish Linches long CALIFORNIA MAMMOTH WHITE. Grows from 8 to 12 inches long				



Rhubarb or Pie Plant.

Rhobarbar.

Ruibarbo.

CULTURE. Rhubarb succeeds best in deep, somewhat retentive soil. The richer its condition and the deeper it is stirred the better. Sow in drills an inch deep and thin out the plants to 12 inches apart. The following spring transplant in place; set the plants from 4 to 5 feet each way. One ounce produces from 400 to 500 plants.

Rhubarb Roots.

LINNAEUS and VICTORIA, 2 for 25c; 5 for 50c; 12 for \$1.;00. charges prepaid. ,If by freight or express not prepaid_50c per dozen; \$3.00 per 100.

Salsify or Oyster Plant.

Haferwurzel.

Salsifi.

CULTURE. The Oyster plant succeeds best in some light, well enriched soil which previous to sowing the seeds should be stirred to the depth of 18 inches. Sow early in the spring in drills 15 inches apart; cover the seeds with fine soil 1 inch deep. One for 60 feet of drill; 7 pounds to one acre.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND.

This splendid variety grows to fully double the size of the old sort; is of superior quality and delicate flavor. The Oyster Plant is one of the most nutritious and delicious vegetables, and should be more generally cultivated for winter use when the supply of really good vegetables is limited.

No Market Gardner should fail to grow it. It is a paying proposition. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50



Spinat.

Espinach.

CULTURE. Requiring but little culture it is one of the most easily managed of all vegetables. The main crop is sown in September in exposed places and it is sometimes covered with straw during the winter, which prevents it being cut by the frost. For summer use it may be sown at intervals of 2 or 3 weeks, from March to August. Spinach is best developed, most tender and succulent when grown in rich soil. One ounce to 100 feet of drill; 10 to 12 pounds to an acre.



SALSIFY.



LONG STANDING SPINACH.

LONG STANDING.

An improved strain of excellent merit, having all the good qualities of the ordinary sorts; but it is especially desirable because of the fact that it is much later in going to seed than the average variety.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ‡ lb. 15c; lb. 35e

PRICKLY OR WINTER.

The hardiest variety and will withstand the severest weather with only a slight protection of straw or leaves. The seed is prickly, leaves triangular, oblong or arrow shaped. It is the best for fall sowing, which in this latitude is about the first of September.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 15c; lb.35e

ROUND SUMMER.

This variety is generally preferred for early spring growing, and is popular with market gardeners. Leaves ick and fleshy. Not quite as hardy as the prickly, but stands winter well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 4lb. 15c; lb. 35c

Spinach--Continued.



TRUE VICTORIA.— The foliage is heavy, the broad dark leaves being o the true Savoy appearance and are of the finest quality. The feature that

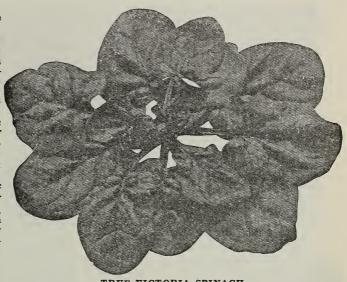
makes it of especial value for both market and family gardens, is that it is in prime condition from two to three weeks after all other varieties of Spinach have run to seed.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb, 15c; lb, 35c LARGE ROUND THICK LEAF VIROFLAY.—A most valuable variety with very large thick leaves, making it especially desirable where bulk is wanted.

Pkt. 5c; oz, 10c; 1 lb. 15c; lb. 35c

AMERICAN CURLED SAVOY LEAVED.—A most valuable variety. In appearance the leaf is wrinkled in the same way as that of the Savoy Cabbage, hence the name. It produces nearly twice the bulk of crop as the ordinary sort, is fully as hardy and in all other respects equal.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 15c; lb. 35c



TRUE VICTORIA SPINACH.

NEW ZEALAND. (Tetragonia expansa.)

This is not a Spinach of the ordinary kind, but a plant of branching growth. One single plant will grow to dimensions of six feet across, producing an abundance of thick, fleshy, juicy stems, and leaves, which make an excellent Spinach. The flavor is fine and the fact that it does well throughout the hottest summer, makes it all the more desirable. Every Market Gardener should grow a crop where there is a market for Spinach. It is a money maker. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

5 lbs. or more of one variety, not prepaid, at 15c less per pound.

Squashes.

Speise Kurbiss.

Calabaza.

CULTURE. Squashes are divided into two classes; the early summer sort and the late fruited winter varieties. Sow about the middle of spring in hills, the early sort about 4 feet apart, and the late varieties 6 to 8 feet. **Drop** enough seed to be thinned to three plants in a hill. The hills should be highly manured and prepared in a similar manner as those for cucumbers. One ounce to 40 hills for small sorts; large varieties 1 ounce to 20 hills; 4 or 5 pounds to an acre.

SLUG SHOT. Is good for driving off bugs on melons, squashes, cucumbers, etc. See page 94 for prices. Five pounds or more of one variety, not prepaid, at 15c less per pound.

Summer Varieties.

EARLY WHITE BUSH.

This is the well known White Patty-pan squash. The earliest to mature, very productive; light cream colored,

Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; 1 lb. 25c, lb. 75c

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH.

The fruit is a beautiful clear white wax instead of the yellowish white so often seen in the old stock, and is much larger, Pkt, 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. 90c

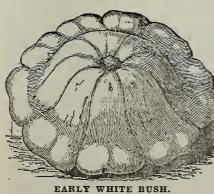
GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKNECK.

A small crooknecked summer squash; skin bright yellow, covered with warty excrescences. Very early, productive and of excellent flavor,

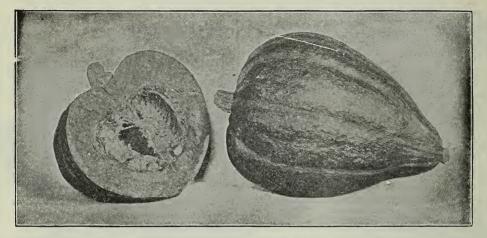
Pkt, 5c; oz, 10c; ½ lb. 25c; lb, 75c

MAMMOTH SUMMER CROOKNECK.

One of the best summer Squashes. It is twice as large as the ordinary Summer Crookneck, highly attractive, several days earlier. This combination of earliness and size makes it a most desirable variety for the market gardener as well as for private use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. 90c



Squashes--Continued. Winter Varieties.



Some Typical Specimens of GREGORY'S DELICIOUS.



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GREGORY'S DELICIOUS.-This fine new winter squash, now offered by us to the Western Planters is of the finest quality possible. The eastern people have had it for the past few years, and the popularity of this splendid variety increases steadily. In form the "Delicious" ranges between the two specimens shown above. In size it closely resembles the original Hubbard. In color it is almost uniform with occasionally a blue specimen. The thickness of its flesh surpasses nearly every other variety; the color being a dark orange. Fot table use it cannot be excelled; these Squashes represent a remarkable combination of

fineness and compactness of grain, dryness, sweetness and exceeding richness of flavor

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.25

HUBBARD.-The best table Squash yet known, rivaled on ly by the "Delicious," as described above. Good specimens are about equal to the sweet potato. It has a hard shell, and with some care will keep three months longer than the Marrows. Flesh fine grained, dry and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. not prepaid \$4 THE WARTED HUBBARD.-This is in quality one of the best winter sorts. It is attractive on the market and a ready seller. Very dark green, and flesh is dru and sweet. Very hard shell, which insures good keeping quali-

ties. It is considered an improvement on the old type of Hubbard on account of its warted skin Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.25 RED OR GOLDEN HUBBARD .--- This is a very distinct short, of the shape and general character of the Hubbard, but a little smaller, earlier to mature, and of a rich orange red instead of the dark olive green of the old Hubbard, while the flesh is of a little deeper color and of fully as good quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

BOSTON MARROW .--- Oval in form, color of skin bright orange, flesh yellow, very desirable for late autumn and winter use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 50c; lb. 90c

ESSEX HYBIRD .- An improved American Turban, having the color, shape and superior quality of the Turban with the dry and hard shell of the Hubbard. It is not only one of the richest flavored, finest grained, and sweetest of all the squash family, but also one of the very best Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00 keepers.

PROLIFIC MARROW .--- One of the earliest varieties, remarkably productive and a good keeper. Its color is a most attractive brilliant orange red. In quality of meat it is rivaled by a few varieties only.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. 90c

MAMMOTH CHILI.-Although not new, we desire to call the especial attention of all who want "Mammoth Squashes" to this variety. Size enormous, often weighing 100 to 200 pounds; very profitable for stock feeding, especially where root crops are not grown extensively; remarkably productive.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. 90c

MARBLEHEAD .- An excellent keeper. It is about the size of the Hubbard with shell of bluish green, and a bright orange flesh. Requires the whole season to mature. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. 90c

SIBLEY OR PIKE'S PEAK .--- One of the best shippers owing to the hardness of the shell. Flesh is solid and thick of bright orange color and choice quality. Flavor rich and sweet, and it ripens easily.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00

Tabak.

Tobacco.

Tabaco.

CULTURE.-Tobacco in this part of the country should be started in a hot-bed in March and treated the same as tomato

HAVANA.—Pure Cuban grown seed. When grown in this country commands a high price as cigar stock. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; ‡ lb. \$1.00

MISSOURI BROAD LEAF.—A well known standard sort, valuable for cigar wrappers Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; ½ lb. \$1.00 CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF.—Best adapted to the clinate of the Middle and Northern states, as it is more ichardy and endures the cold better than the tender varieties grown in the south. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ½ lb. 75c WHITZ BURLEY.—A variety largely grown for the manufacture of fine cut and plug. Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c; ½ lb. \$1.5

Tomaten oden Liebesapfel.

Tomatoes.

Tomate.

CULTURE.—The seed should be grown in March in a hot-bed or green house, or may be sown in a box and kept inside the window of a room where the night temperature is not less than 65 degrees. The plants should be thinned out in the bed so as to give them plenty of room or they will be weak and poor. They should be hardened before planting outside. About the middle of May the plants may be set in the open ground, from 4 to 5 feet apart each way. Our stock of tomatoes is grown by several of the best growers. One ounce produces about 1,500 plants To prevent rot and blight on tomatoes plants spray with Bordeaux mixture, when first fruits have set. If disease appears repeat or use a weak Copper Sulphate STANDARAD

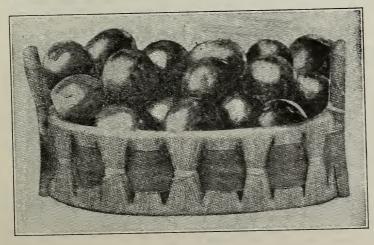
KANSAS STANDARAD.

KANSAS STANDARAD.The Kansas Standard belongs to the potato leaved class of tomatoes; it is of rapid vigorous growth, with strong
heavy stalks, which stand up well unless, which is often the case, they are pulled down with over-abundant fruit. It
begins blooming when only six or seven inches high, attains a height of from two and a half to three feet and sets
its fruit—a rare habit in any tomato—from the first blooms. The fruit is of a bright glossy red color and is pro-
its fruit—a rare habit in of four to five tomatoes. In shape the fruit is round, slightly flattened, ripening clear to the
duced in clusters of from four to five tomatoes. In shape the fruit is round, slightly flattened, ripening clear to the
stem, perfectly smooth. It has very few seeds; the meat is thick and firm and of a most excellent flavor.
This tomato is a first rate keeper and shipper on account of its tough skin, a fact which makes it also very
Tesistable against influences of insects, which are so destructive to other varieties. Highly recommended.
Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00



EARLIANA.

EARLIANA.—This is without doubt the earliest bright red tomato now in cultivation. The tomatoes are deep scarlet and grow closely together in clusters of five to eight. They are of medium size, smooth and solid. The plants are quite hardy with rather slender branches, bearing an abundance of fine tomatoes. The close dwarf habit of growth makes it very desirable variety where not much space can be wasted on a more spreading and branching variety. It is especially valuable as it produces fruir at the time whrn the prices are the highest. No market gardener should be without it. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00



MATCHLESS.

THE MATCH-

LESS. - For the past twenty years Matchless has been the main crop var-



· iety, and in spite of many new varieties, claiming superiority, has maintained its position as the finest large fruited, bright red variety. The vines are of strong vigorous growth, well set with fruit. The fruits are free from core, of a very rich cardinal red color and are not cardinal red color and are not liavle to crack from wet weather. They are of very large size, and the size of the fruit is main-tained throughout the season until the vines are killed by frost. The skin is remarkably tough and solid, and ripe specimens picked from the vines will keep in good condition for several weeks. Our stock of Matchless is absolutely unsur-passed. nassed

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00

Tomatoes--Continued.

after ripening.

to for main crop..

ATLANTIC PRIZE.—One of the largest, smoothest and best flavored of the extra early Tomatoes.

EXTRA EARLY RED.—Very early and an excellent variety, where small tomatoes are wanted early.

ROYAL RED.—First class main crop variety and very productive.

PERFECTION.—A very heavy cropper and produces more and larger fruit toward the close of the season.

PRICES for the above eight varieties: Pkt, 5c; oz. 25c; 1-4 lb. 60c. lb, \$2.00.

The Trucker's Favorite.

This, in our estimation, is the "Peerless amongst the pink tomatoes. A variety of such unusual merit that it deserves the highest praise and recommendation. It is truly "The Trucker's Favorite.' Its fine, and



smooth, uniformly shaped fruits command the highest market price and when once a market has found out the meritorious characteristics of this splendid sort, it cannot do without it.

The fruits are thick meated and very solid: the meat is of the finest flavor, making the tomatoes equally good for slicing and for cooking purposes. A basket of these tomatoes is one of the most attractive sights on the market table, and parties offering them for sale will find the demand larger than the supply. Be sure to include this variety in your next order. You will want more seed next year. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1 th. 70c; th. \$2.50



LIVINGSTON'S FAVORITE .--- Has no green core,

TROPHY.-Large, smooth, solid, fine in color and

STONE.-Next to the Matchless, and a fine Tomato

of perfect shape, smooth as an apple and never cracks

prolific. Fine variety for gardeners or home use.

THE TRUCKER'S FAVOTITE.

ACME. A Tomato of superior quality; of medium size and slightly oval in shape. Flesh deep scarlet and unusually solid. Grows very regular. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ½ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00

BEAUTY. It grows in clusters of four or five large fruits, retaining its large size very late in the season. It ripens very early and evenly, and is in perfect shape. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ½ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00

DWARF CHAMPION. Its close, upright growth enables it to be planted much earlier and nearer together than any of the older sorts, and the yield, therefore, is accordingly much greater. In productiveness it is unsurpassed. It is also very early. The fruit resembles the Acme, and is of a purplish pink color, and always smooth and symmetrical in form. It is medium size and attractive in appearance; the skin is tough and the flesh solid and of fine quality. Pkt. 5c; oz 25c; i lb. 70c; lb. \$2.25

Yellow and Small-Fruited Varieties.

Varieties.	Fkt.	oz.	141b	1b
Golden Queen. The best yellow variety. Of superior appearance and a distinct havor				
of its own Yellow Plum. Color bright yellow; excellent for preserving	5c	20c 20c	60c 60c	\$200 \$200
Red Plum. Same as above except color	5c	25c	75c	\$200
Red Pear. A small variety, early; fine for preserving Yellow Pear. Same as above, except color	50 50	25c 25c	75c 75c	\$200 \$200
Red Cherry. A small variety, size and shape of a cherry; for pickling	5c	25c	75c	\$250
Yellow Cherry. Same as above except color Husk Tomato or Ground Cherry. This is very fine for preserves; immensely productive	50	25c	75c	\$250 \$250
and tomato of Glound Cherry. This is very interest productives	50	200 1	100	Φ 2 00

Tomato Plants.

Choice plants ready in spring. All standard varieties in season. At times, however, we may be out of some inarieties and if customer will allow us to substitute it will hasten matters.

Per dozen postpaid 15c; per 100 not postpaid 60c; per 1000 not postpaid \$5.00

Turnips.

Rüben.

Nabor.

CULTURE. Turnips do best in highly enriched light sandy or gravelly soil; commence sowing the earliest varieties in April in drills from 12 to 15 inches apart, and thin out early to six or nine inches in rows. For a succession sow at intervals of a fortnight until the last week in July, from which time until the end of August sowing may be made for the fall and main crop. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill; one and one-half pounds to the acre.

For feeding stock in the fall or winter there is nothing superior to turnips and rutabagas, as they are much liked by all kinds of stock and serve to keep them in good condition. We cannot too earnestly recommend farmers to increase their sowings largely, for we are sure the crop will prove remunerative.

If five pounds of one variety are ordered, not prepaid, deduct 15c per pound.

White-Fleshed Varieties.

EARLY SNOWBALL .--- Is medium sized, pure white and early, of excellent quality. In our market it is much admired.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 11b. 20c; 1b 50c

EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN.-The earliest in cultivation. The bulb is very flat of medium size, quite smooth, with a bright purple top; leaves few, short and light of color, growing very compact, and making an exceedingly small and neat top. The pure white flesh is of the choicest quality, hard, solid and fine grained. It is an excellent keeper.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 25c; lb. 75c

EXTRA EARLY WHITE MILAN. --- Very similar to the preceding except the skin is pure white, thus making it especially desirable for forcing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 tb. 25c; tb. 75c

EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH. (Strap leaved)-This is a popular early turnip for table use. For autum and the early winter use, this and the purple top are highly popular. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 fb. 20c; fb. 50c

LARGE EARLY RED TOP GLOBE .--- An old favorite. large sized, of rapid growth, unusually attractive and admired by all who have seen it.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/2 fb. 20c; fb. 50c POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE .--- This is a freegrowing, rough leaved sort, useful for both table and stock. It is not quite so rapid in growth as the flat varieties, may be expected to come in as a succession in autumn and is admirable for table use in early winter.

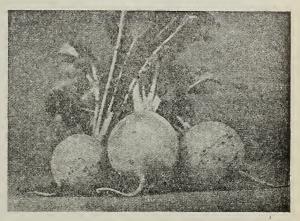
Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 tb. 20c; tb. 50c LONG WHITE OR COW HORN .--- Without question a good flavored and delicate sort. A distinct feature

Yellow-Fleshed Varieties.

AMBER GLOBE OR STRAP LEAVED .--- One of the best varieties for table use or for a field crop for stock. Flesh yellow, fine-grained and sweet, color of skin yellow with green top. Hardy, keeps well, a good cropper, grows

to a very large size. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 tb. 20c; 1b 50c GOLDEN BALL OR ORANGE JELLY.—Undoubt-edly one of the most delicate and sweetest yellow fieshed Turnips. Not of large size, but firm and hard, and of most excellent flavor. Keeps well.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 tb. 20c; tb. 50c



EARLY SNOWBALL.

is its rapid growth. This variety is a pure white excep a dash of green at the crown, and in shape is long like a carrot, and generally crooked, hence its name ..

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 50c

EARLY WHITE EGG.—A quick-growing, egg-shaped variety, perfectly smooth, pure white, growing half out of the ground, with small top and rough leaves. Its pure white skin and quick growth make it particularly suitable for market purposes. The flesh is very sweet, firm and mild, never having the rank strong taste of some varieties. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 1b. 20c; 1b. 50c

Purple Top Strap Leaved .- The standard for this part of the country. Superior for early or late planting. Round, flat, good sized, small top with but few leaves; flesh very fine; flavor good.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 50c

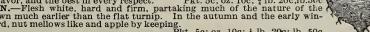
YELLOW ABERDEEN OR SCOTCH YELLOW-This a turnip fine for cattle feeding. It attains a large size, is solid, nutritious, a good keeper, and can be recommended in every respect

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 50c

SEVEN TOP .--- Cultivated exclusively in the south for the tops, which are used for greens. It is very hardy and will grow all winter, but does not produce a good root, Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 tb. 20c; tb. 50c

Ruta Bagas or Swedish Turnips.

PURPLE TOP YELLOW RUTABAGA. —The best variety of Swedish turnip in cul-tivation. Hardy and productive, flesh yellow, of solid texture, sweet and well flavored; shape slightly oblong; terminates abruptly with no side or bottom roots; cclor deep purple abobe and bright yellow under the ground; leaves small, light green, with little or no neck; the most perfect in form, the richest in flavor, and the best in every respect. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 4 lb. 20c; lb. 50c SWEET GERMAN.—Flesh white, hard and firm, partaking much of the nature of the rutabaga. Must be sown much earlier than the flat turnip. In the autumn and the early win-ter, it is apt to be to hard, nut mellows like and apple by keeping. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 4 lb. 20c; lb. 50c



Aromatic, Medicinal and Pot Herbs.

Varieties. Pk	t. Oz	Varieties. Pkt.	Oz.
Anise. An annual, cultivated for its seeds and its leaves, which have a fragrant agreeable scent and a pleasant taste	10c	Rosemary. Perennial; the tops only are used as a medicine	40c
Balm. A hardy perennial of aromatic taste and a fragrant smell	25c	Rue. Perennial; a very powerful tonic. It must not be allowed to run to seed5c	15 c
Borage-Gurkenkraut. Annual. In Germany the leaves are cut and used for a cucumber		 Sage. Perennial; tea made from these leaves is an excellent means of producing sweat5c Saffron. Annual; the dried flowers are used for 	15c
salad. Beautiful blue flowers	15c	medicinal purposes	20c
flavoring5c	10c	Savory. Annual; leaves are used for culinary purposes	20c
Catnip or Catmint. A great favorite among medicinal herbs5c	30c	Sorrel. Broad leaved. Perennial; used in soups and salads and sometimes cooked like spinach5c	20c
Chervil. Annual, used for soups and salads5c Coriander. Annual, its tender leaves are some- times used for soups and salads5c	15c	Sweet Basil. Annual; the leaves are used for highly seasoned dishes as well as in soups, stews and sauces	15c
Dandelion-Loewenzahn. Perennial; cultivat- ed for spring greens; an excellent tonic5c	25c	Sweet Fennel. Perennial. Tea made from the seed is an excellent remedy in case of colic	100
Dill. Annual; it is cultivated for its seeds,		and stomach complaints5c	10c
which are used medicinally and for flavoring pickles5c	20c	Sweet Morjoram. Biennial; the leaves are used in soups, the seeds in the manufacture	
Horehound. Prennial; of strong and aromatic	20c	of sausage. An aromatic of sweet flavor5c	15c
smell; used as a tonic5c Hyssop. A perennial with aromatic flowers and	200	Sweet Thyme. Perennial; thyme tea is an excellent remedy for nervous headaches	30c
of pungent flavor	20c	Wormwood. Perennial; used for medicinal	200
Lavender. Perennial; cultivated for its fragrant flowers and aromatic leaves	15c	purposes. Beneficial to poultry, and should be planted in every poultry yard	20c

NO GARDEN IS COMPLETE WITHOUT A FEW HERBS.

Vegetable Plants.

We will have the following plants in season. The prices per dozen are postage paid, but those in larger quantities are express, the purchaser to pay the charges. We will pack all plants in first-class manner and ship only fresh plants, but cannot guarantee safe arrival.

We will have all standard varieties, but at times we may be out of some of these and if the customers will state whether or not we may substitute it will hasten matters.

	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
CABBAGE	15c	\$.50	\$ 4.00
CAULIFLOWER	30c	1.50	10.00
CELERY	25c	1.25	8.00
CELERIAC	30c	1.50	10.00
EGG PLANT	35c	1.50	10.00
PEPPER	20c	1.00	8.00
TOMATO	15c	.60	5.00
SWEET POTATO (Pride of Kansas)	15c	.50	3.00
SWEET POTATO (other varieties)	10c	.35	2.00
ROOTS.			
ASPARAGUS	25c	1.00	6.00
RHUBARB (Linneaus & Victoria)Postpaid—2 for 25c; 5	for 50c; 1	2 for \$1.0	0
Not postpaid	i—50c per	dozen; \$3	3 per 100.

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Premiums

Premiums

25 cts WORTH OF SEEDS Extra

^a Is Allowed for every dollar sent for Seeds in packets and ounces

SELECT FLOWER SEEDS.

All flower seeds sent prepaid on receipt of price.

All our flower seeds are fresh and put up in neat lithographed packets showing a colored picture of the flower on the front and cultural directions on the back. We will gladly give advise on how and what to plant.

General Culture for Flower Seeds.

The soil for a flower garden should be made light, porous and rich, by adding plenty of well rotted manure on light, poor soils and plenty of sand on sticky and heavy ones. It should be dug up deeply, made very loose, and fine by constant use of the rake, and as level as possible, to allow the water to reach every spot without standing on any. Water laying on top of a newly seeded or planted bed, is sure to decay either roots or seeds, and, if not quite enough to decay will, under the action of the sun, bake the ground so hard that the small and weak germs, just starting out, will be smothered under the crust. Most of the flower seeds are so fine that they should be sown on top of the loose ground, covered very lightly with fine ground or manure, and pressed down with a roller or the hand. Principal causes of failure in raising flowers are due to too deep sowing and lack of water at the proper time. As flower seeds in general are sown shallow, light, but frequent sprinklings are all that is needed. It is no use to have the water reach three or four inches deep when the seeds are only one-half inch under the surface; the same quantity of water applied four times will do more good. The main object is to keep the soil around the seeds always moist, as air and moisture are needed to insure good germination and to prevent the ground from getting a hard crust.

All the annual flowers, which form the largest class of our summer flowering plants, are sown in this locality, the latter part of April or beginning of May, and the sun is then so hot as to dry the ground almost one inch in one day, hence the need of watering twice a day, if you want to be sure of a good germination.

A good way to know how deep to sow flower seed, is to cover the seed from three to four times its depth, using the small figure for the finest seed. Sweet peas are an exception to the rule and may be planted 3 to 4 inches deep. Flower seed cannot be sown all at one time, as some tropical kind, such as the Portulacca (moss-rose) require a warmer temperature to start growing, and must be planted only when the ground is real warm. Germination also varies with different kinds of plants, some sprouting in 8 to 10 days, while others stay 3 and 4 weeks in the ground.

Flowers are divided into three classes:

1. Annuals—Plants that grow, bloom, raise seeds and die the same year.

2. Beinnials-Which generally do not bloom until the second year and then die.

3. Perennials—Which bloom the second season, but last several years, and may be propagated by division of the roots.

Annuals are sown only in the spring, but Biennials and Perennials can be sown in late summer, wintered over and by so doing, gain one year's time. These two kinds of plants can, on the approach of winter, be potted and carried in, the house, where they will bloom through the winter.

Our flower seeds are put up in fancy packets, showing the colored flower on one side, and on the back full directions how to sow and cultivate each kind.

Lists of Flowers for Special Purposes.

PERENNIAL PLANTS.

Antirrhinum, Aquilegia, Asters (hardy sorts), Bellis, Canna, Campanula, Carnations, Chrysanthemums, (hardy sorts) Coreopsis, Delphinium, Dianthus, Digitalis, Gaillardia (hardy), Geranium, Gypsophila, Paniculata, Heliotrope, Hollyhocks, Lobelia (hardy sorts), Matricaria, Myosotis, Pansy, Phlox (hardy), Pinks (hardy), Poppy Iceland, Poppy Oriental, Primrose, Pyrethrum, Stokesia, Sweet William, Verbena, Violet, Wallflower.

EDGING AND BORDER PLANTS.

Abronia, Ageratum (dwarf), Alyssum Sweet, Asperula, Bellis, Candytuft, Centaurea "Dusty Miller," Lobelia, Mignonette, Myosotis, Nasturtium (dwarf), Nemophila, Pansy, Portulacca, Snap Dragon (dwarf), Silene, Sweet William, Sweet Peas (dwarf), Violet.

PLANTS FOR BEDDING AND IN MASSES.

Adonis, Agrostemma, Amaranthus, Antirrhinum, Asters, Bachelor's Buttons, Balsam, Brachycombe, Cacalia, Calendula, Calliopsis, California Poppy, Campanula, Canna, Castor Beans, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Clarkia, Cosmos, Coxcomb, Delphinium, Digitalis, Four O'clock, Gaillardia, Geranium, Heliotrope, Lantana, Larkspur, Linum, Mignonette, Nicotiana, Nigelia, Phlox, Petunia, Pinks, Poppy, Salpiglossis, Salvia, Scabiosa, Sunflower (fancy), Stocks, Stokesia, Sweet Sultan, Sweet Willaim, Verbena, Wallflower, Xinnia.

CLIMBING PLANTS.

Adlumia, Ampelopsis, Bigonia, Canary Bird Flower, Clematis. Cobaea, Cypress Vine, Gourds, Hop Japanese, Hyacinthe Beans, Ipomoea, Ivy, Maurandia, Morning Glory, Nasturtium, Sweet Peas, Thunbergia. Wild Cucumber, Wistaria.

PLANTS SUITABLE FOR POTS.

Abutilon, Ageratum, Asparagus, Begonia, Calceolaria, Carnation, Cineraria, Coleus, Cyclamen, Daisy "Shasta" Daisy, "Paris," Fuschia, Geranium, Gloxinia, Heliotrope, Lantana, Mignonette, Mimosa, Mimulus, Petunia (double), Primrose, Simlax, Stocks, Violet.

EXCELSIOR WEEDER.

STEEL TROWELL.

It is of one solid piece of steel and will outwear





A very useful tool for weeding seed beds, stirring the ground, etc. Is one of the most useful tools in working the garden. No one should be without it. Each 25c: postpaid, 35c.

several of the ordinary sort. It is an article for which we have had many inquiries, filling a long felt want. Price 30c; postpaid 40c

General List of Flower Seeds.

ALL PRICES OF FLOWER SEEDS ARE POSTPAID.

ABRONIA UMBELLATA.

A handsome trailing plant with clusters of sweetscented flowers, resembling verbenas in shape, but of smaller size; color rose lilac, with white eyes. Fine for baskets and vases as well as the garden. Remove the husks from the seed before sowing (as it grows much surer). Height 6 inches. Half hardy annual......Pkt. 5c

ABUTILON OR FLOWERING MAPLE.



Desirable plant for the conservatory in winter, and effective border plants during summer, producing a profusion of flowers Half - hardy shrubs Height 2 to 6 feet; perennial. **Finest mixed**........Pkt. 15c

ACROCLINIUM.

(Everlasting)

This beautiful ever lasting flower somewhat resembles the Rodanthe, but the flower heads are of a

ABUTILLON.

larger size. It is largely used for winter bouquet, for which purpose the flowers should be cut before they are fully expanded. Half hardy annual.

Mixed......Pkt. 5c. White.....Pkt. 25c

ADLUMINA OR ALLEGHENY VINE.

ADONIS AESTIVALS.

Plants with fine and graceful foliage and brilliant scarlet flowers, remaining in bloom a long time. Grows well in shade or under trees. Height 1 foot......Pkt. 5c

ALONSOA MYRTIFOLIA.

ALYSSUM, SWEET.

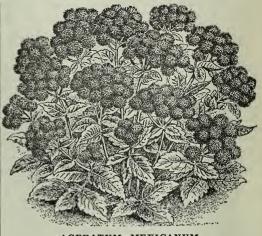
A favorite flower for boquets, white, very fragrant and producing a succession of blooms through the summer and until after severe frosts. Always wanted when a bouwet is made Height 1 foot Hardy annual

bouquet is i	maue. I.	reignu	1	1000. 1	uaruy	am	iuai.
Maritimum.				Pkt	. 5c;	oz.	25c
Little Gem				Pkt	. 5c;	oz.	35c

AGROSTEMMA CORONARIA. (Rose Champion)

Perfectly hardy plants, producing pretty pink-like blossoms, on long, slender stems. Very useful for cutting bouquets, and pretty in masses or in bed. About $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. Perennial.

Fine mixed.....Pkt. 5c



AGERATUM MEXICANUM.



ANTIRRHINUM, TALL.

ANTIRRHINUM.

One of the most desirable flowers in the Catalogue for its variety of color and succession of bloom. lasting from July until severe frosts. The plants should be covered with fine boughs or other light material, in November, and they usually survive and bloom finely the second year. Height 1 foot. Biennial.

Dwarf Mixed	colors	Pkt. 5c
Fall Mixed co	lors	Pkt. 5c
Queen of the	North, white	Pkt. 5c

Valuable for its varieties of handsome foliage, whether grown in the conservatory or garden. The colors will be more brilliant if planted in moderately rich soil. Heighh 2 to 3 feet. Hardy annual.

Amaranthus tricolor (Joseph's coat) Pkt. 5c Amaranthus caudatus (Love lies bleeding) ...Pkt. 5c Amaranthus cruentus (Princess feather) Pkt. 5c

AMMOBIUM ALATUM.

A small, white Immortelle, everlasting, very useful for cutting when fresh and drying admirably for a winter bouquet; producing a succession of bloom from July until frost. Height 18 to 24 inches. Hardy annual Pkt. 5c AMPELOPSIS.

One of the best climbing plants for permanent situations, as it is perfectly hardy, clinging to the sides of whatever it may be grown against by the rootlets it throws out all along the stems. In the autumn the dark green foliage assumes beautiful tints of orange, crimson, etc. Height 5 to 10 feet. Hardy perennial.

Ampelopsis Quinquefolia (American Woodbine) Pkt. 10c

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Japan or Boston Ivy)..Pkt. 10c

ACQUILEGIA COERULEA.

(True Rocky Mountain Columbine.)

Colorado's embleimatic flower. Needs to be seen to be appreciated. Color is a light blue, in very high altitudes nearly white. We are headquarters for this seed and furnish the true stock Pkt. 10c

We can supply roots of this variety at 20 cents each. or three for 50 cents, postage paid.

OTHER VARIETIES OF ACQUILEGIA.

These new double sorts are very beautiful and embrace a variety of colors and forms. Height from one to three feet. Hardy perennial.

Mixed colors.....Pkt. 10c YellowPkt. 10c ARMERIA MARITIMA. (Sea pink.)

These handsome plants are well adapted for ornamenting rock work and edging walks. Hardy perennial. Height 6 inches.....Pkt. 5c

ASPERULA AZUREA SETOSA.

A flower finely adapted for bouquets by reason of its shape, size and deliacte color-a light blue or lavender. In bloom from July until after severe frosts. Height

9 inches. Hardy annual.....Pkt. 5c

ASTERS.

No family of plants bear such marks of progress as the Aster, and none are more eagerly sought. Our seed is German grown and can be depended upon for fine bloom,



HOHENZOLLERN ASTER.

This new Aster is very early and has flowers of enormus size. Brilliant carmine.....Pkt. 10c

BELL FLOWER. (See Campanula.)

BIGONIA RADICANS. (Trumpet Vine.)

Magnificent, hardy, deciduous climber with brilliant flowers deserving a first place as an ornamental and effective covering for walls of houses, etc. Hardy perennial. Height 20 to 30 feetPkt. 10c

BEGONIA. (Tuberous rooted.)

The newer forms of Begonias are among the best brilliantly beautiful flowering plants. The plants will give an abundance of bloom the first year and at the end of the season they may be dried off by withholding water. Plant the bulbs the following spring, when they will bloom more freely than ever.

Single mixed	Pkt.	50
Double mized		
BULBS, (See page 69.)		

LADIES' DWARF. Only 16 inches high and espec-ially adapted for edgings, low beds, etc......Pkt. 10c

TRUFFAUTS PAEONY FLOWERED. An old standard of medium height. The colors are bright and delicate: the flower deserves a place in every garden.

COMET OR BRANCHING. A very handsome and distinct class of half-dwarf habit.

Giant White, the finest white.......Pkt. 10c Many colors Mixed......Pkt. 10c; i oz. 60c Daybreak. This variety is the "Phoenix" Astor, the color is a beautiful delicate pink......Pkt. 10c

VICTORIA ASTERS. One of the best asters for all round use. It grows 15 to 20 inches high, setting numerous and well developed flowers which often measure 4 to 5 inches in diameter.

...Pkt. 10c Pkt. 10c; ‡ oz. 40c

BACHELOR'S BUTTON. (See Centaurea cyanus.)

BALSAM.

Intense cultivation and continuous selections have improved these flowers to such an extent that persons having the old common forms in mind, will hardly recognize the new selected sorts. Require a rich, deep soil, good cultivation and plenty of space to grow to perfection.

Double White Alba Perfecta Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c

Double mixedPkt. 5c; oz 35c



BEETS OF ORNAMENTAL FOLIAGE. A species of Swiss Chard in various colors



CALLIOPSIS.

very showy border plant, producing flowers in

BRACHYCOME IBERIDIFOLIA. (Swan River Daisy)

A delicate dwarf growing plant, suitable for growing

BOX WOOD. (Evergreen Buxus sempervirens.)

A small evergreen with pale green leaves. Can be trained in desired form by shearing, largely used for bordering flower beds. Hardy perennial......Pkt. 5c

BOSTON IVY. See Ampelopsis.

CACALIA COCCINEA.

(Tassel Flower.)

CALENDULA OFFICINALIS.

This splendid va-

riety has large

flowers, beautiful-

ly imbricated, re-

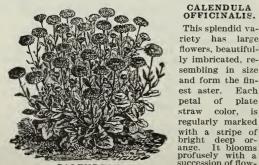
sembling in size

and form the fin-

Each

plate

est aster.



profusely with a succession of flowtil frost. It comes true from seed, and is one of the best annuals for a garden display. Height 18 inches....Pkt.. 5c CALENDULA.

CALCEOLARIA HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA.

A favorite and universally admired genius, remarkable for their large, beautifully spotted blossoms produced in almost countless variegations of marking. They are grown in pots in the conservatory, greenhouse and garden. Flowers of immense size, seed saved from finest specimens.



Stately plant with foliage of elegant growth, presenting a luxurious and gropical appearance, are much employed in ornamental planting; when planted in clumps of 4 or 5 contrasting colors, they are very effective. Height 3 feet. Tender perennial. Mixed colors .. Pkt. 5c

Madam Crozier varieties......Pkt. 5c

For Bulbs, see Bulb list on page 69.

CALIFORNIA POPPY. See Eschscholtzia.

CALLA AETHEOPICA.

An old and very desirable plant, either an aquatic or for ornamentation of the drawing room and conservatory. Thrives in any light, rich soil where plentifully watered. Height 1 to 2 feet. Half hardy perennial. Pkt. 10c For Bulbs, see Bulb list, page 70.

CATCHFLY PLANT.

See Silene.

CALLA

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CAMPANULA MEDIUM. (Bell Flower.)

Campanulas embrace a great many beautiful popular perennials, like the Canterbury Bell, and also a number of annuals of great value for forming masses, as they are neat of habit, hardy and free bloomers. Height 1 foot. Hardy annual. Many varieties mixed. Pkt. 5c

CANARY BIRD FLOWER. See Tropaeolum Canariense.

CANDYTUFT. (Iberis coronaria.)

All of the colors of Candytuft are desirable for bouquets, especially the white, for its form and fragrance and profusion of bloom. Height 1 foot. Hardy annual.

White RocketPkt.	5c:	OZ.	20c
Tom Thumb, DwarfPkt.			
Many Colors mixed Pkt.			



CARNATIONS.

This beautiful and wellknown flower produces a finer bloom when grown from seed than when grown from cuttings taken from old plants. This seed will produce a fine variety of colors, with flowers good size and substance. Height 18 inches. Half hardy perennial.

German, mixed colors, Pkt. 10c Marguerite, blooms in four months from time of planting. Pkt. 10c

Grenadin, Pink and white, Pkt. 10c

CASTOR BEANS (Ricinus.)

A luxuriant expansive foliage plant of tropical appearance, that should have a place in every garden affording the necessary space. The stalks of the plant of this variety are a brownish red; the leaves are very large, palmate and strikingly elegant. Height 6 to 10 ft. Tender annual.

Sanguineus. Large red.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c

CARNATIONS.

Centaurea—Continued.

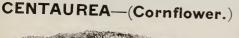
CYANUS. (Bachelor Button). The "Kornblume" of our Ger man friends.

A showy annual, of easy culture, flowering freely with great variety of color, in a most common garden soil. Height 2 feet. Pht. 5c

CENTAUREA. (Dusty Miller Magnificent foliage plants of silver white and gray foliage, indispensible for borders and edges. Half hardy perennial. Height 1 foot. Candidissima, mixed, Pkt. 10c Gymnocarpa........Pkt. 50c CENTAUREA IMPERIALIS. Many colors, mixed....Pkt. 10c White.......Pkt. 10c

MARGUERITE.

A sweet scented Centaurea, about as large as a mediumsized Carnation. It is a sport from Centanurea Odorata, and the plants are about 18 inches high. The flowers are beautifully lacinated and produced on long stems; their lasting quality after being cut is remarkable. The beauty of this easily culti-





MOSCHATA. (Sweet Sultan).

A handsome annual with fragrant flowers, borne on long, slender stems. Their fragrance and habit of growth adapt them finely for bouquets. In bloom from July until October. Height 2 feet......Pkt. 5c

BARTELDES' CULTURAL GUIDE contains much useful information in regard to planting and taking care of vegetables and flowers. It is free. Ask for it.



CHRYSANTHEMUM.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

(Perennial.)

For late autumn blooming in the house, after the frost has destroyed all the bright colors in the garden there is no flower to take the place of this. Colors, golden yellow, white tinted with yellow and brown, etc. Finely shaped double flowers produced in profusion, nearly cov-ering the plants. Height 18 inches. Pkt 100 ering the plants. Height 18 inches. Double mixed colors.....Pkt. 10c

CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM.

(Large or Oxeyed Daisy)

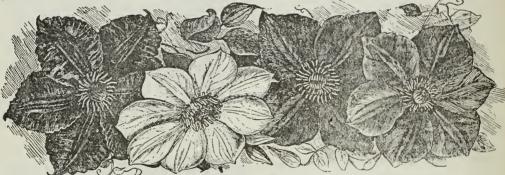
A free blooming hardy perennial, 2 feet high, literally covered with pure white flowers, which are well adapted for cutting, lasting over a week in water.........Pkt. 10c

CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS.—Margue-rite or Paris Daisy).—This variety, under the name of Marguerite has attained great popularity among florists. The pretty star shaped white flowers are freely produced and the plant will grow under almost any circumstances.Pkt. 10c Perennial.

CHRYSANTHEMUM CARINATUM HYBRIDUM.

These magnificent annual Chrysanthemums are the finest production of their particular class. In form, shape and varieties of color they cannot be excelled.

The plants grow to a height of about 2 to 3 deep bearing an abundance of the most perfect flowers that can be imagined. To get the best results plant the seeds by the end of March in a box or a part, which you should keep in a protected position. Transplant the seedlings in small pots when they are about two inches high. After the weather gets settled about the middle of May, plant the young plants in the open ground and watch for them to bloom. A bush or a bed of these Chrysanthemums is a truly refreshing sight and we know of nothing prettier than a bunch of them on the table, or wherever a floral decoration is desired......Pkt. 10c



CLEMATIS.

Well known and universally admired climbers, some of the varieties being remarkable for their beauty and the fragrance of their blossoms. Nice covering for arbors, verandas, etc., as they cling readily to almost any object. Most of the kinds are hardy herbaceous perennials, but some little protection in northern latitudes through winter is advisable. Will do well in any garden soil. Height 15 feet. A fine mixture of varietiesPkt. 10c For Clematis plants see under plants.

CINERARIA HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA.

Very attractive, much admired green house plant; Height 1 to 2 feet.....Pkt. 25c

CLARKIA PULCHELLA.

The Clarkia is highly esteemed in Europe, especially in England, where it is as common as the Candytuft. The flowers are very pretty and of many colors double and single. As the plant is apt to suffer in our hot dry summers, it is better to sow the seed in September and the plants will be large enough by spring to make a good bloom. Hardy annual. Height 11 inches Pkt. 5c

COSMOS.

These are unquestionably very handsome flowers, and it is astonishing howvery quickly they have become Seeds grown in the open ground in general favorites. the beginning of May will produce blooming plants in August, and they will continue to flower late in the fall. We offer the following colors: White, pink,

crimson, yellow and all colors mixed, each Pkt. c5

CLEOME OR SPIDER PLANT.

Better known in the West as "Rocky Mountain Bee Plant.' It is the emblem flower of the Colorado State Bee Keepers Association. Has a very attractive flower in shades of pink and crimson, on tall branching plants.

CLIMBING BLACKEYED SUSAN. (See Thunbergia.)

CLIMBING ANNUALS MIXED.

In this we have included all the popular quick growing climbing annuals, such as Ipomoeas, Nasturtiums, Sweet Peas, Japanese Hops, Cypress Vines, etc. Just the thing for covering old fences, arbors, etc.

Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c

of 87 OD

COBEA SCANDENS.

A splendid climbing plant, with large purple bellshaped flowers and elegant tendrils; when well established grows very rapidly, with numerous branches. Height 15 to 20 feet. Tender annual.....Pkt. 10c

COLEUS.

Probably there is no other kind of foliage plants so well known and universally admired as the Coleus. It is one of the most beautiful of our variegated perennial foliage plants for the green house or garden decorations, ribbon-beds, etc., of rapid growth and easy culture. Tender perennial. Height 1 to 2 feet. New Hybrids mixed......

..... Pkt. 10c

COLUMBINE. (See Aquilegia.)

CONVALLARIA. (See Lilly of the Valley.)

CUCUMBER, WILD. (Echinocystis lobata]

Ornamental climbing cucumbers, with curious fruit, remarkable for its luxuriance and rapidity of growth.



DWARF COCKSCOME.

COCKSCOMB. (Celosia cristata.)

A highly ornamental plant, producing crested heads of flowers, somewhat resembling a cock's comb. There are many colors and shapes, but the scarlet and crimson ones are the most brilliant and rich. Height 1 to 2 feet.

Dwarf, mix	ed colorsPkt.	10c
Feathered	Pkt.	10c
Mixed	Pkt.	10c



CELOSIA THOMPSONIA MAGNIFICA.

CONVOLVULVUS MAJOR.

(Ipomoea purpurea, Tall Morning Glory.)

This well known annual is one of the most popular climbers. Of rapid growth, soon covering a fence or trellis with abundant foliage and bright flowers. A great variety of colors and shades. Height 10 ft. Hardy annual. **Mixed colors**

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 35c IMPERIAL JAPANESE. The flowers are of immense size and of strong colors,

Soak seed before planting. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c

Tall Morning Glory.

CONVOLVULVUS MINOR.

(Dwarf Morning Glory.)

COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA.

Flowers large, single golden yellow. For generosity of bloom there is nothing to compare with it, and it will bear cutting far better than any other plant; at the same time it is always graceful. It can be sown freely from seed and does well when treated as an annual......Pkt. 10c

CORN FLOWER ASTER. (See Stokesia.)

CYCLAMEN.

Well known and universally admired, tuberous rooted plants producing exceedingly handsome red and white flowers. A tender perennial. One foot high. Persicum, mixed of great beauty and many colors....Pkt. 15 Giganteum, mixed, characterized hv beautiful foliage and profuse bloom; each flower is from two to two and one half inches long. Very choice. Pkt. 20c



Cyclamen bulbs are ready in October. Ask for Bulb Catalogue.

CYPRESS VINE. (Ipomoea Quamoclit.)

One of the most beautiful climbers; fine, delicate cut foliage, dotted with small scarlet flowers. For covering pillars, trellis work, etc., it is unsurpassed in grace and beauty. Height 12 feet. Tender annual. Mixed color Pkt. 5c

DAHLIAS.

Dahlias are easy of cultivation, growing freely in most any kind of soil from seed in the spring. Height 4 to 5 feet. Half hardy perennial.

Dahlia.	Finest	double	e mixed	Pkt.	10c
Dahlia.	Finest	single	mixed	Pkt.	10c
For Da	hlia Bul	bs see	page 69.		

DOUBLE DAISY. (Bellis perennis.)

56

Charming little plants for edgings and borders. The flowers are quilled anf flat petaled, white, red, pink and variegated. Not all will come double from the seed, and the single ones should be pulled out. Height 6 inches. Tender perennial.

Longfellow, pink; Snowball, white; Double, mixed; each.....Pkt. 10c



SHASTA DAISIES.

A wonderful evolution over the original form of the wild Daisy, brought about by the constant selection done by Luther Burbank.

Alaska, pure white; California, pale yellow; Westralia, cream yellow; each......Pkt. 15c

OXEYED DAISY. See Chrysthemem Maximum.

PARIS DAISY. See Chrysthemum Fruitescens.

DELPHINUM HYBRIDUM. (Perennial larkspur.)

A very attractive hardy plant for corners of a yard, also center of flower beds. We furnish seeds of assortedPkt. 10c colors.....

DELPHINUM AJACIS.

(Annual Larkspur.)

A fine variety of colors-shades of blue, red and others stripped and mottled. The flowers are produced in spikes, which are continually pushing out from the main stem and branches, furnishing abundance of bloom through the season. Height 2 feet.

Double	tall, mi	xed	.Pkt.	5c
Double	Dwarf,	mixed	.Pkt.	5c

DIANTHUS BARBATUS. (Sweet Williams.)

The improved varieties of this popular flower are very beautiful, and should find a place in every garden. A great variety of rich flowers, eyed and variegated with other shades forming large trusses of blossoms, remaining a long time in bloom. A bed of Sweet Williams is very attractive the last of June and the first of July, a time when but few other flowers are in bloom. Hardy perennial. Height 18 inches.

DIGITALIS. (Foxglove.)

Showy and useful plauts for the border, flowers borne in tall spikes, bell or thimble shaped of all colors: new plants may be obtained by dividing the roots. Height 2 feet. Hardy perennial. Mixed colors Pkt. 5c

HYACINTH BEANS. DOLICHOS LABLAB. (Hyacinth Bean.) Splendid climbers with abundant clustered spikes

Pe Dla of purple and white flowers, which are followed by exand ceedingly ornamental seed pods. It is of rapid growth lore and often runs 30 feet in a season. Height 10 to 20 feet. dese Tender annual......Pkt. 5c

EVERLASTING FLOWERS.

Containing all the popular varieties of the "straw flower'' class. All kinds mixed......Pkt. 10c

FEVERFEW (Matricaria capensis.)

A free-flowering, half hardy perennial plant growing 18 inches in height. Seed sown early in the spring in the open ground will produce flowers by fall. The plant throws up numerous stems terminating in clusters of very double pure white flowers three quarters of an inch in diameter. These are desirable for cut flowers. Plants bloom freely when grown in pots in a cool room ... Pkt. 10c

FLAX. Scarlet. (See Linum.) FORGET-ME:-NOT. (Myosotis Alpestris.) This beautiful little flower is too well known to require description or recommendation. The delicate tenos blue flowers. appear all summer. Height 6 inches.

Hardy perennial.....Pkt. 100

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ESCHSCHOLTZIA. (California Poppy.)

A flower attractive in foliage, bud and blossom. One of the most attractive flowers grown. Plants procumbent, forming dense bushy masses, with a succession of flowers from June until after severe frosts. When grown with Dwarf Convolvulvus contrasts finely with the dark blue. Height 1 foot. Hardy annual.

Californica, the original variety.....Pkt. 5c

Early Douglasii, yellow with golden center Pkt. 5c

Mammoth Golden West, large flowers of orange color shading to yellow at the edge.....Pkt. 5c FOUR O'CLOCK. See Marvel of Peru. FUCHSIA.

The varieties of Fuschias are now numbered by hundreds and some are exceedingly beautiful. They are as easily grown from seeds as raised from cuttings, and from seed many improved varieties are obtained.

Height 1 to 3 feet. Double and single mixed Pkt. 25c

GILIA.

Colors azure and light blue, shaded with yellow andwhite. Their size, shape and delicate coloring make them useful for bouquets. In bloom from the first of July till after severe frosts have destroyed most of the other annuals. Height 18 inches. Hardy annual, many colors mixed. Pkt. 5c

GLOXINIA.

Perennial greenhouse plants producing rich and beautifully collored flowers. They deserve extensive cultivation.

> Hybrids mixed Pkt. 25c

GLOXINA.

Gloxinia bulbs are offered page 69. GLYCINE SINENSIS. (See Wisteria) | 10 in. Tender annual. Mixed Pkt. 5c

GOURDS. (Useful as well as ornamental.)

A great variety of curiously formed and marked fruit. The vines are of rapid growth and with luxuriant foliage; adapted for covering screens, arbors, etc. Height 10 to 20 feet. Tender annual.

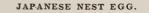
All kinds mixed......Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 25c DIPPER AND SIPHON.

Useful for dipper... ...Pkt. 5c: oz. 15c DISH CLOTH OR LUFFA.

A rapid climber having long green fruit, the inside of which is a fibrous mass, which, when shelled and seeds removed, makes an excellent substitute for a bath sponge. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c

HERCULES CLUB.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c



White like eggs, does not crack and is not injured by heat or cold..... Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c

SUGAR TROUGH.

With thick tough shell and of great durability. Makes dishes and other utensils for various purposes.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c

GYPSOPHILA. (Baby's Breath)

Small fragrant flowers, borne on long feathery stems, No flower adds more of light and grace to a boquet than this, and when once grown will be found indispensible. In bloom through the summer from the first of July until frost. Height 1 foot.

Paniculata, Pure white, perennial......Pkt. 5c

GAILLARDIA.

A showy annual, brownish red flowers, bordered with vellow and white, blooming strongly through the season, and until after heavy frosts. Height 18 inches.

All colors mixed Pkt. 5c GERANIUM.

(Pelargonium zonale.)

Probably the Geranium is better known and more universally admired than any other plant known. The constant succession and durability of bloom till frost comes, the brilliancy of the scarlet and other colors, and the exquisite markings of the leaves of some of the varieties render them very desirable for pot culture or bedding. No garden seems complete without a bed of them, and in every collection of conservatory or parlor plants we are sure to find the Geranium. Propagation by seed is the only way to obtain new varieties. Height 1 to 2 feet. Half hardy perennial. Single and double mixed Pkt. 15c

Geranium plants can be sent by mail. See page 71

GODETIA.

A beautiful class of flowers; the plants are of neat, dwarf compact habit. They produce a profusion of rich carmine flowers, bearing same continually from August until frost. Height 1 foot. Hardy annual, mixed.

Pkt. 5c GOMPHRENA GLOBOSA.

(Globe Amaranth) An excellent ever-

lasting or immortelle; flowers globe-shaped purple, orange and variegated. Retain their shape and color when dried; are also good for cutting as fresh flowers. Height



HELIANTHUS GLOBOSUS. (Sunflower.)

An exceedingly double variety of this well known plant, adapted by its stately growth for a background to the lawn, or a screen to hide unsightly places. It is also raised as an absorbent of miasma in damp or ill drained situations thus preventing fevers. The flowers are quite attractive. Hardy annual.

Pistolusus		Pkt.	5c;	oz.	10c	
Stella, pure golden yellow	with black		_			
		Pkt.	5C;	oz.	15c	

Orion, same as above except petals are twisted like a cactus dahlia......Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c

Mammoth Russian.....Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c



HELICHRYSUM. (Strawflower.) HELICHRYSUM MONSTROSUM.

One of the best immortelles; good shape, size and variety of desirable colors—yellow, sulphur, cream, white, pink, rose, red and crimson. Retain their natural shape very perfectly when dried. In bloom from July until destroyed by frosts. Height 18 inches. Hardy annual.

Many varieties mixed......Pkt. 5c

HELIOTROPE.

A well known popular green house plant, fine for bedding, vases or baskets and exquisite for pot culture in winter. Flowers purple, borne in clusters and exceedingly fragrant. Height 1 foot. Mixed colors...Pkt. 10c

HIBISCUS AFRICANUS.

A showy hardy annual, cream color with rich brown center. Height 2 feet.....Pkt. 5c

HOLLYHOCKS. (Althea Rosea.)

A great variety of brilliant colors, combining richness and delicacy in a remarkable degree; flowers large and densely double, remaining in bloom for a long time. It is one of the best and most ornamental of the perennials Height 5 feet. Separate colors, double white, pink, maroon, each......Pkt. 10c Finest prize mixture of double varieties.....Pkt. 10c

HYACINTH BEAN. (See Dolichos.)

ICE PLANT. (Mesembryanthemum crystallinum.)

Dwarf plant of procumbent or trailing habit, finely adapted for vases, rock work, etc. The surface of the foliage is covered with panicles, resembling crystals of ice glistening in the sun, forming a curious and attractive display. Height 6 inches. Tender annual........Pkt. 5c

IMPOMOEA QUAMOCLIT. See Cypress Vine.

IPOMOEA MEXICANNA. See Moonflower.

INSECT POWDER PLANT. See Pyrethrum.

IVY. (Hedera Helax.)

For a climbing plant in the garden to do duty as a screen for an old well or building, or to adorn either when new, it is a well known and favorite plant. For indoor decoration Ivy is unequalled as it can be trained in any desired form, and will bear any amount of hardshipe and bad usage. Height 30 to 60 feet. Perennial Pkt. 10c

JAPANESE HOP. (Humulus japonicus.)

A rapid growing, perfectly hardy, annual climber of the hop family, of the easiest culture and indispensible for covering unsightly objects, or verandas, trellises, etc. Sows itself after the first year. Variegated leaves Pkt. 10c

JOB'S TEAR. (Coix Lachrymae.)

LANTANA.

Rapid growing plants; the flowers are borne in Verbena-like heads embracing every shade of **pink** purple, orange and white. Half hardy perennial. Height 3 feet......Pkt. 10c

KOCHIA TRICHOPHILA. (Also called Mexican

Burning Bush or Summer Cypress.)

LARKSPUR. (See Delphinum.)

LILY OF THE VALLEY. (Convallaria majalis.)

LINUM GRANDIFLORUM RUBRUM. (Scarlet Flax.)

Distinguished for the brilliant colored flowers, which are deep crimson with black centers saucer shaped, and very conspicuous in bed or border. The foliage of the plant is slender and delicate, and the flowers produce very little seed. Height 1¹/₂ feet. Hardy annual...Pkt. 5c

For something new and fancy see Nasturtiums

and Sweet Peas under Novelties.

MARVEL OF PERU. (Mariabilis jalaba or Four O'clock)

A handsome plant for making an attractive display of its many colored flowers from the middle of July until frost. The blossoms are marbled and spotted in the most diversified manner, the same plant producing different colors; some branches will grow flowers of a single color only, while others will have striped or partly colored The leading colors are red, white and yellow, with stripes and variegations of all three. Height 2 feet. Hardy annual.......Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c

9MESENBRIANTHEMUM. See Ice Plant

MEXICAN BURNING BRUSH. See Kochia

MORNING GLORY. See Convolvulus.

MIGNONETTE. (Reseda odorata.)

Grandiflora, very fragrant, large flowering Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c

Golden Queen, of golden yellow color Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c

Giant White, of tall, pyramidal growth Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c

Giant Matchett is the popular strain used by florists......Pkt. 5e; oz. 40e

MIMOSA PUDICA. (Sensitive Plant.)



MIMULUS.

These flowers are remarkable for their rich and beautiful markings and spots; well adapted for vases, pots and baskets, and also open culture in the garden. Height 1 foot. Hardy perennial. Moschatus. Musk plant Pkt. 10c. Tigrinus. Monkey flower......Pkt. 10c MOONFLOWER. (Ipomoea Mexicana.)

The true Moonflower is one of the most vigorous of all the summer climbers; a single plant can be made to cover by August 15, a trellis 20 to 30 feet high and 6 feet broad, with a dense mass of leaves studded every night or cloudy day with hundreds of beautiful white wax like flowers 4 to 6 inches in diameter. Height 30 to 50 feet. Tender annual......Pkt. 10c

MOSS ROSE. See Portulacca. MOURNING BRIDE. See Scabiosa. MYOSOTIS. See Forget-me-not.

MARIGOLD. (Tagetes patula nana.)

A showy plant of compact symmetrical growth, handsome foliage and a profusion of flowers of brilliant colors of yellow and finely variegated and stripped with dark rich colors of maroon and brown. Flowers of this variety are about 1 inch in diameter, full double to the center and cover the plant profusely. Height 1 foot. Half hardy annual.

Dwarf Double, French......Pkt. 5c Dwarf Double, African (Tagetes erecta nana) Pkt. 5c

LOBELIA.

An elegant and useful class of dwarf, plants compact growth, bearing a profusion of delicate flowers. In bloom during summer and autumn. Make a neat and effective border for geranium beds and beds of ornamental plants; pretty for baskets, vases and piazza decorations. Height 6 inches.

Half hardy annual. Blue Crystal PalacePkt. 10c

LOVE IN A MIST. (See Nigella.)

MAURANDIA.

This vine is one of the best for window garden and almost equal to smilax in delicate beauty. It is very hardy, blooms profusely and is very easily grown from seeds and roots, from cuttings......Pkt. 10c



CHAMELEON.

TALL VARIETIES, (Tropaeolum majus.)

This well known annual is the best for trellis and arbor decoration; flowers of a great variety of rich colors striped and spotted with different shades. Is excellent for vases and baskets; also does finely when grown in beds without trellis support; produces an abundance of flowers from the first of July until frost. Height 6 to 10 feet.

Coccineum. Bright orange scarlet.

Heinemanni. Silky bronze chocolate.

Pearl. Creamy white.

. Regelianum. Brownish violet.

Schillingi. Bright yellow with maroon blotches. Each of the abovePkt. 5c; oz. 15c

NEW FRENCH CHAMELEON. (See illustration.) This new Nasturtium is a most remarkable advance in this brilliant family. We find that in richness and variety of color it surpasses any other strain, and is also unique in bearing flowers of quite distinct coloring on one and the same plant—some clear, deep crimson, others blotched on light ground and others beautifully mottled. This characteristic as well as wonderful richness of the unusual markings has been fixed in both the tall and dwarf forms. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 25c

NEMOPHILA.

This popular plant is to be found in almost every garden. and has secured a place in the heart of every lover of flowers. Of dwarf, spreading habit, it is well adapted to border or pot culture. The flowers are exquisitely colored, blotched and spotted; they are quite apt to sport an endless variety of shades from black and blue to lighter colors. Height 6 inches. Hardy annual.

Mixed colors......Pkt. 5c

NICOTIANA AFFINIS.

A handsome genius of garden plants of the tobacco family, which are noted for freedom and fragrance of their bloom. Half hardy annual, 3 feet high. The flowers are white, silver, shaped, and have long tubular corollas. Deserve a place in every garden......Pkt. 10c

NICOTIANA SANDERAE.

Introduced a few years ago by one of the leading horticultural firms of England, this remarkable novelty has in an incredibly short time won the admiration of the public, both in America and Europe. The shape of the flower resembles that of the Nicotina Affinis, but the flower tube is short and stout. The greatest beauty of it all is the brilliancy of its carmine-red flowers which are produced in the greatest profusion from early May till the close of autumn. The fragrance is not so pronounced as that of the Nicotiana Affinishut is deliciously sweet. Plant early in spring, same as other hardy plants, and transplant to open ground 2 feet apart when weather is suitable is suitable......Pkt. 15c

NEW IVY LEAVED.

This is the most brilliant and showy variety, dif-fering from all others Nasturtiums in both foliage and flower. The plants are of a strong running growth; leaves are deep, rich, green, veined with silvery white, closely resembling in form and veining those of the hardy English Ivy. The flowers are of the deepest and richest glowing scarlet, comparatively small in size, but of most distinct form. It is also desirable as a trailing vine for planting in hanging baskets, vases, or for winter pot culture in the house. All colors mixed...Pkt.5c; \$ 02, 10c; 02, 15c; 2 02, 25c. All colors mixed Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 15c; 2 oz. 25c

LOBB'S VARIETIES. (Tropaeolum Lobbianum)

These constitute without doubt some of the finest of our annual climbers; they are as easily grown as the common Tall Nasturtiums which they far surpass in remarkable brilliancy of their flowers, and also in the height of vines and rapidity of growth. Many colors mixed......Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 15c

MADAM GUNTER'S HYBRIDS.

A grand strain of tall growth, containing many colors not found in any other mixture. Many colors mixedPkt. 5c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 15c; 2oz. 25c

DWARF VARIETIES. (Tropaeolum majus nanum)

Dwarf Nasturtiums are very desirable for borders g walks, paths, etc. They are in constant bloom. along walks, paths, etc. Grow about a foot high.

Brilliant. A handsome scarlet.

King Theodore. Marroon.

Lady Bird. Orange yellow, red spots.

Pearl. Creamy white.

Ruby King. A blue tinted red.

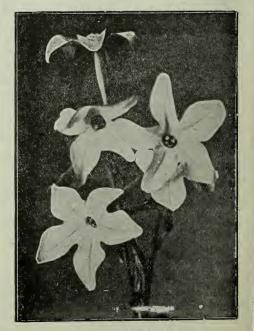
All of the above.....Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c

DWARF FRENCH CHAMELEON.

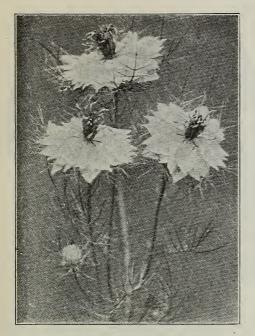
Same as described above amongst the tall varieties, but of the true dwarf habit......Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c; oz. 25c Mixed colors of Dwarf Sorts,

Pkt. 5c; 3oz. 10c; oz. 15c

Six assorted packets of any of the above varieties of Nasturtiums for 25c; 12 for 40c. Five 1 oz. packages (except Chameleon and Ivy-leaved) for 50c.



NICOTIANA AFFINIS.



NIGELLA DAMASCENA. (Love in a Mist.)

A showy annual with finely cut foliage and curiously formed flowers of light blue color. The form and color make them very desirable for bouquets. Height 1 foot.



OXALIS.

Very attractive and beautiful plants, with richly colored flowers, suitable for rock and rustic baskets. Half hardy perennial. Height 6 inches.

Mixed varieties	Pkt.	10
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Oxalis Bulbs are ready in September. Ask for our Bulb Catalog.

Ornamental Grasses.

Ornamental grasses are very useful for cutting, when fresh, for summer bouquets, and also dry well for working with everlasting flowers for winter bouquets. This assortment includes the most delicate and graceful varieties. **Gynerium argenteum** (Pampa Grass), forms elegant

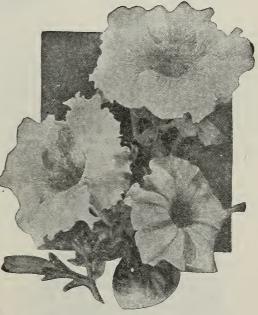
plumes of striking appearance.....Pkt. 5c Lagurus ovatus (Hare's Tail), very pretty in bouquets, Pkt. 5c

*Stipa pennata (Feather	Grass)Pkt. 5c
Many splendid varieties	mixedPkt. 10c

Those varieties which are marked with asterisks (*) are perennial.

PASSIFLORA COERULEA. (Passion Flower .---

A most interesting and well known order of climbers, bearing singularly beautiful flowers. They are the pride of South America and the West Indies, where the woods are filled with their species, climbing from tree to tree, bearing flowers of striking beauty......Pkt. 5c



Petunias.

One of the best flowers for a splendid display throughout the season. Beautiful new colors, striped and marked in the most diversified manner. The ease and culture, profuse and continuous bloom, adaption for different ways of growing—indoors and in the garden render the Petunia one of the most valuable of the annuals and entitle it to a generous share of the space in every garden. In bloom from July to October.

GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA.

Produce immense large blossoms.......Pkt. 15c Striped and blotched single mixed.....Pkt. 5c Double mixed, saved from the choicest double flowers only.....Pkt. 20c

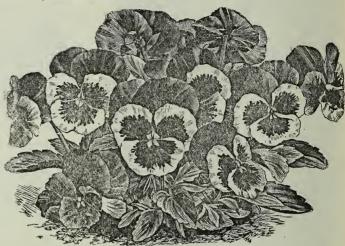
PANSIES.

(Viola tricolor maxima.)

With the exception of the Rose there is no plant which enjoys such universal popularity as does the Pansy. It has a larger range of color than most plants and is a favorite with all. It is a hardy biennial, blooming continuously from spring until fall and if slightly covered will blossom the second year. It is better, however, to resow each year as the flowers the second year are never as fine as the first year. It is very easy to cultivate and no garden however small, should be without a Pansy bed.

ORCHID FLOWERED PANSIES

See Novelties.



TRIUMPH OF THE GIANTS.

The imposing five-spotted flowers are from 24 to 3 inches in diameter, perfectly round in form and borne on long graceful stems, a decided advantage over the old short stemmed sorts. The plants are of compact form. building perfectly round bushes, with strikingly pretty foliage. The beauty of these plants is in their being covered over with flowers of brilliant and rich colors, cannot be surpassed by any other dwarf growing annual.

These Pansies have taken first prizes at all the leading worlds fairs and exhibitions and are now recognized leaders amongst the hundreds of their brethern....Pkt. 15c



TRIUMPH OF THE GIANTS.

BARTELDES GIANT MARKET PANSIES.— A mixture of the very best grown in different parts of the world. Not excelled by any_in_size_and fine colorings. Pkt. 15c

PANSIES.

BUGNOT'S VERY LARGE STRAIN MIXED.— An extra large five blotched race; plants vigorous, with short stalks, bearing well above the foliage, immense flowers of fine form and substances. Extra fine.....Pkt. 15c

GERMAN IMPERIAL MIXTURE.—While the giant flowered are great favorites, they do not carry all shades and colors which are found in our German mixtures. This is the florists' popular strain.

Mixed, a fine assortment....Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; ½oz. 75c Good Mixed, consisting of many popular colors of ordinary strains.....Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c

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TRIMARDEAU. (Giant Pansies.)

White, with dark centers.

Black, King of the Blacks.

Yellow, a beautiful clear color.

Blue, azure blue.

Purple, deep, royal purple.

Bronze, a fine golden bronze.

Mixed, many colors.

Each of the above 10c per pkt., the whole collection of seven for 50 cents.

SWEET SCENTED.

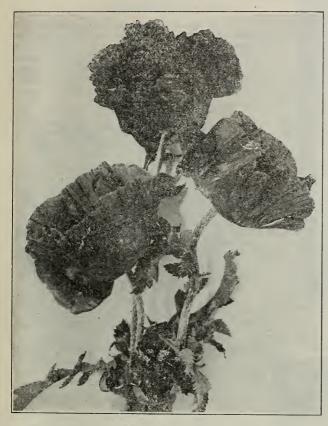
This lovely new class is the result of a hybridization of the Pansy and the Sweet Violet, retaining the delightful perfume with Pansy bloom 2 inches in diameter, of good substance and in many colors. They include pure white, yellow, black, maroon, orange, and lavender, also striped, blotched, etc.......Pkt. 15c

PASSION FLOWER. See page 61.

PETUNIAS. See page 61.

PANSY PLANTS.

Some people have neither the time nor inclination to raise Pansies from seed. We can furnish fine large flowered Pansy plants in the spring. Price 40c per dozen postpaid



ORIENTAL POPPY. PHLOX DRUMMONDI.

No flower excels this in all the qualities hat make it a popular annual. The flowers are brilliant and of varied colors; it blooms profusely and continuously; is one of the last to succum to the frosts of late October, and is excellent for bouquets. Taking everything into consideration it should certainly be placed in the light of the half dozen best flowers for garden decoration. Height 18 inches.

Mixed.....Pkt. 5c; oz. 60c PHLOX DRUMMONDI GRANDIFLORA.

Extra large flowering.

Alba, White......Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.00 Star of Quedlinburg. Star shaped flowers.....Pk. 10c Mixed.....Pkt. 10c; oz. 80c

PHLOX DECUSSATA.

Perennial Phlox......Pkt. 10c

PINKS. (Dianthus.)

Splendid large flowers of the most brilliant colors and markings; constantly in bloom from July until after severe frosts the first and also the second year. No flower exceeds this genius for a brilliant show of colors through the summer. Height 1 foot.

Chinensis, (double China) mixed,

Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 15c; oz. 50c Laciniatus, (double Imperial), mixed......Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c Imperialis, (single fringed) mixed,

POPPY. (Papaver.)

A well known flower of great profusion. Single and double mixed, a grand collection of annual varieties.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c

FAIRY POPPIES.

THE SHIRLEY POPPIES. (Papaver Rhaeas.)

They are similar in every way to the wild scarlet Field Poppy of England and the continent, but the range of colors is so varied that scarcely two will be found alike

Pkt. 5c

ORIENTAL HYBRID POPPIES.

(Papaver orientale.)

For brilliancy of coloring there is nothing to equal these oriental poppies. The flowers are of enormous size, often measuring over six inches in diameter, while the colors range from soft flesh and rose to the most brilliant dazzling scarlet, and richest maroon purple. Their culture is simple as that of the common garden poppy. One of their most valuable properties is that they are perfectly hardy perennials, increasing n size and beauty from year to year.

Pkt. 10c

ICELAND POPPIES. (Papaver Nudicaule.)

The delicate fragrant flowers are exceedingly beautiful and with their long stems are suitable for cutting. The plants are perfectly hardy, easily cultivated, and the lovely flowers are in bloom from early summer until fall. Hardy perennial, blooming the first year from seed

PORTULACA GRANDIFLORA. (Moss Rose.)

There are scarcely any flowers in cultivation that make such a dazzling display of beauty as a bed of many hued, brilliant colored portulacas. They are in full bloom from about the first of July till killed by frost in the auturn. Plant in open ground after it has become warm in light soil and in a dry situation. After the plant appears withhold water, and if the plants have full exposure to the sun the ground will be covered with the plants and the effect will be beautiful. Tender annual. Height 9 inches.

Double	Rose, Mixed Pkt. 10c
Single.	All colors mixed Pkt. 5c

PRIMROSE. (Primula.)

These are perhaps the most desirable of all house plants. They are in almost constant bloom all winter, and if the plants be transferred to the border they will bloom nearly all summer. Though perennial, few plants flower more continually and seed should be sown every year. Give them a long time for growth before flowering, and do not force the young plants, but simply protect them from frost and damp and cutting winds. Height 9 inches.

Obconica.....Pkt. 10c

PYRETHRUM. (Insect-Powder Plant.)

Practical entomologists have long been looking for some effective, safe and cheap insecticide, and now tell us they have found it in the Persian Insect Powder. This is the dried and powdered flowers of the Pyrethrum Roseum and it is certain death to plant lice, flies, cabbage woems and nearly every form of insect life. It is harmless to man, but when diluted with ten times its bulk of flour kills every cabbage worm or other insect it touches. Height 1 foot. Pyrethrum Roseum, Pkt. 10c.

Pyrethrum Aureum .- This is the beautiful bedding plant with golden leaves called "Golden Feather" Pkt. 10c.

> RAGGED SAILOR. See Centaurea cyanus.

RESEDA ODORATA. See Mignonette.

RICINUS. See Castor Beans.

NEW DWARF ROSE. (Rosa poloantha multiflora.) Height 20 inches. This variety comes to us from France. The rose commences blooming when about eight inches high; like annuals, they germinate, flower and produce seed within the first year. Their bloom is continuous throughout the summer, but is naturally more abundant the second season. The flowers are single. semi-double and double in almost equal proportions and present most all the variations found in other roses. A young plant raised from seed sown expands its first flowers in 3 months. Pkt. 15c



SALPIGLOSSIS.

A beautiful annual that deserves to be more widely known; when once grown in the garden, will be one of the first to be chosen for the next year. Flowers of the richest colors, blue, crimson, yellow, purple, scarlet, etc., with texture like rich velvet, each petal beautifully pencilled. Splendid for boquets. Height 2 feet. Mixed colors, Pkt, 5c

SCABIOSA ATROPURPUREA. (Mourning Bride.)

One of the best flowers for boquets; plants of dwarf habit and compact, the flowers borne upon long wiry stems, A great variety of colors from white to very dark purple-almost black. In bloom from August till after severe frosts. Height 18 inches. Tender perennial. Mixed colors, Pkt. 5c



SALVIA SPLENDENS. (Scarlet Sage.)

The Salvia, or Flowering Sage, is a very ornamental plant, flowering in spikes and continues in bloom until frost in the open ground, when the plant can be removed to the green house and will continue in bloom a long time. This variety is of the dwarf habit, and the spikes of flowers are not so large as some of the green house sorts. Height 11 feet. Tender annual. Pkt: 5c

SCHIZANTHUS.

This annual should be more widely cultivated, Flowers different shades of blue, curiously cut and delicately spotted; laced with crimson, white and yellows. etc. Adapted for garden and indoor culture. Excellent for boquets. Height 18 inches. Mixed colors, Pkt. 5c

SENSITIVE PLANT. See Mimosa pudica.

SILENE ARMERIA. (Catchfly plant.)

A showy, free-flowering plant, with bright, dense heads of flowers growing well in common garden soil Adapted for border, circular beds and ribbons. Height Pkt. 5c 18 inches. Hardy annual.

SMILAX. (Myrsiphyllum asparagoides.)

No climbing plant in cultivation surpasses this for graceful beauty of its foliage. In cut flowers and for wreaths, etc., it is indispensible to florists. Height 10 inches. Tender annual. Large sized Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c

STOKESIA CYANEA. (Corn Flower Aster.)

This is one of the most charming and beautiful native hardy plants. 'The plant grows from 18 to 20 inches high bearing freely from early July until frost, its handsome lavender-blue Centaurea like blossoms measuring from four to five inches across. We do not hesitate to state that Stokesia is one of the most valuable and desirable hardy plants offered. Pkt. 10c

BROMPTON STOCK.

The Brompton stock cannot endure the winter, but trplants are grown in the open ground, during the summer in the autumn they can be moved to the house, where they will flower well if not kept too hot and dry. Half hardy annual. Height 1 foot.

White_____Pkt. 10c Mixed Colors_____Pkt. 10c

Sunflowers. (See Helianthus.) Swan River Dalsy. (See Brackycome.) Sweet Sultan. (See Centaurea moschata.) Sweet Williams. (See Dianthus Barbatus.)

TEN WEEKS STOCKS. (Cherianthus Matthiola.)

Plants grow about one foot high, making a compact bash covered with splendid spikes; in bloom from July till frost. This seed is of our own importation from the most celebrated German growers of these flowers, save only from the selected pot plants, and will produce the largest proportion possible of large double flowers, in the most brilliant colors and varieties. Half hardy annual. fleight 1 foot.

Dwarf German Double, the following colors sep-

White, blue, erimson, purple and

yellew.....Pkt. 10c; ± 02. 75c Many colors mixed......Pkt. 10c; ± 02. 60c



TEN WEEKS STOCKS.

Sweet Peas.

We are headquarters for strictly high grade Sweet Pea Seed. Our growers give special attention so celesting and cleaning. We have orders from all parts of the United States for our selected strains, which are furnished at prices within the reach of all and as low as the ordinary stocks are priced by many.

CULTURE. Sweet Pea delights in a soil inclined to be clayey, and, as the little beauty is a gross feeder, a good supply of well rotted manure should be mixed with the ground. Fall is the best season to prepare the soil. A good many failures are caused by manuring in the spring, for the reason that all pea vines like a moist ground, and the beat originated by the manure combined with the heat from the sun is too much for the young vines, which turn yellow and die. The best season to sow the seed is as soon in the spring as the ground can be worked. Late sowing produces rank growth, but few flowers. Dig a trench a foot deep by 16 or 18 inches wide and mix in it 6 inches of top sold with old manure. In this, plant your seed in two rows, dropping one every inch or two; then cover with two inches of soil, gradually filling the trench as they grow. One side has to be a little lower to allow the surplus water to drain off. The flowers must be picked every day if you want them to bloom through the summer. Bone dust and nitrate of sode will hasten the time of flowering.

Sweet Peas Up to Date, by Hutchins. A complete treatise on Sweet Pea culture, 10 cents postpaid.

Orchid-Flowered Varieties.

These are extra large flowered types and besides having gigantic flowers, have the edges of the standard and wings beautifully waved and crumpled. This is an extra fancy stock and every sweet pea order should contain at least one of these varieties.

Spencers.

COUNTESS SPENCER. This is the most magafficent variety, of bright, soft pink color. The petals are wavy; the blossoms are very large, often measuring two inches across. The stems are long and stiff, and the fowers possess every desirable characteristic.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1b. 50c

PHENOMINAL.—A unique variety of this splendid race. The color is silvery white, shaded and edged with rich liac or purple. The large hooded flowers are magalicent representatives of an improved type of Maid of Honer or Lottie Eckford. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 50c JOHN INGMAN. This is a selection out of Countess Spencer, having the same form and being almost as large. The flowers are often borne four to a spray, of carmine, rose color in the standard and bright rose in the wings. This represents the deepest color in the "orchid flowering" reds. Very beautiful.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ‡ lb. 50c COUNTESS SPENCER SEEDLINGS MIXED. This mixture contains many rare and beautiful seedlings all showing the wavy "orchid-flowering" blossoms. It is the best and most beautiful mixture of Spencer seedlings that we know. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ‡ lb. 50c

Unwins.

GLADIS UNWIN. Flowers are large, of bright sink color with unusually long stems. Generally four blossoms to the stem. A great variety for florists. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 b. 50c **PHYLLIS UNWIN.** Larger than Gladis Unwin. Color of a rich rosy carmine with all good points of Gladis Unwin. Crimped and wavy wings.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c: 1 lb. 50c

Sweet Peas—Continued.

Tall Varieties.

Prices by mail.

5c, per packet, 6 packets for 25c; 12 packets for 40c; 15c per 0z.; 3 one-ounce packets for 40c; {lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50. If pounds are wanted by express, deduct 10c, per lb.

White.

Emily Henderson. A persistent bloomer Blanche Burpee. A splendid pure white variety.

Sadie Burpee. An improvement on either of the above, being very large with hooded form.

Dorothy Eckford. One of the best white. **Mont Blanc.** Earliest of the whites.

Yellow

Mrs. Eckford. Beautifully shaded Very vigorous grower.

Pink and White.

Early Blanch Ferry. This is the Standard among florists, as it has no rival for forcing Our strain is the earliest of all.

Pink

Katherine Tracy. A soft but brilliant pink.

Lady Mary Curry. Fine orange pink, of Intense color. Splendid for cutting.

Lady Penzance. An attractive orange pink with a medium hooded blossom.

Lovely. A delicate shell tinged with yellow; often four flowers upon a stem.

Modesty. White, with a tint of pink on the edges.

Prima Donna. A lovely shade of soft pink vigorous, usually four blossoms on a stem.

Rose.

Her Majesty. Large, hooded flowers, oft simes four to a stem.

Scarlet.

King Edward VII. Dark rich red. Salopian. Very bright scarlet with large flowers.

Cardinal. A large and well formed scarlet.

Lavender.

New Countess. Delicate Lavender, the finest color.

Lady Grisel Hamilton. Very large with long stems.

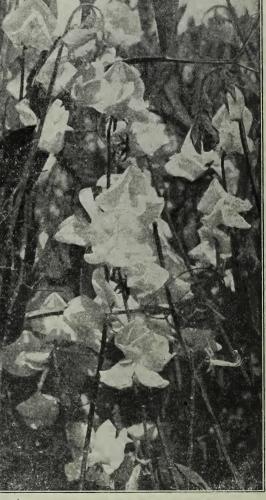
Maroon

Black Knight. Very deep maroon. An improvement on Boreatton.

Blue.

Captain of the Blues. Bright purple blue. Countess of Cadogan. Flowers open purple, but soon change to lilac and then to blue.

Navy Blue. The large flowers are of a rich violet purple with the effect of dark navy blue.



Variegated and stripped.

Gray Friar. Watered purple on white ground.

Dorothy Tennant. Rosy purple, large size.

Juanita. Standard mauve, wings lavender. both stripped.

America. Is a common scarlet striped on white Large open flowers

Sweet Peas-Continued.

Double Varieties.

It has been a difficult task to change the habit of the Sweet Pea by hybridization and selection to the double form, and much remains to be done. The result at best is really a semi double flower. The best varieties we have will not produce more than half the doubles, oth remaining of the usual single type. We furnish them Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 2 oz. 30c; 1 lb. 50c mired

Bush Varieties.

A distinct class growing 15 to 18 inches high. It forms erect, compact bushes with blossoms similar to those of the tall varieties. Recommended where garden space is limited.

Mixture of colors Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 2 oz. 30c; 1 lb. 50c

SUNFLOWER MIXTURE.

This mixture put up by us under our celebrated "Sundower" brand, is the very best. It is made up of a great many named varieties, selected and mixed by us. This is an extra fancy mixture and should not be classed with the ordinary mixtures on the market.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 2 oz. 25c; 1 lb. 40c; lb. \$1 20

LIGHT COLORS ONLY

From named varieties, mixed to order. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 2 oz. 25c; 1 lb. 40c.

TASSEL FLOWER.

(See Cacalia.)

THUNBERGIA ALATUM. (Climbing Blackeyed Susan.)

A trailing or climbing plant with flowers of various shades of yellow and white, having a dark center, or eyes. Particularly adapted for vases or hanging baskets, for

VERBENA.

The most popular bedding plant grown from seed. The fine varieties of colors with stripes and markings of different shades, profuse and long continued bloom, and excellent for bouquets making them one of the most desirable annuals in the catalogue for general culture. Grow from the seeds, the plants will bloom more profusely than those produced from cuttings.

Mammoth Verbenas in the following colors. White, pink, purple, blue, scarlet, each.....Pkt. 10c

TROPAEOLUM CANARIENSE.

(Canary Bird Flower).

One of the best climbing plants, with graceful foliage of a delicate green shade with small yellow flowers which when half expanded, have in shape a fanciful resemblance to canary birds. Height 8 feet. Half hardy annual. Pkt. 10c

VERBENIA HYBRIDA.

1 foot.....Pkt 10

Dwarf Varieties.

CUPID SWEET PEAS.

A decided acquisition in Sweet Peas. Grows to a height of about 10 inches, suitable for hedding and borders. The blossoms are smaller than those of tall bush varieties.

White Cupid. Pure white blossoms,

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 2 oz. 30c; 1 lb. 50c Pink Cupid. Same as preceeding, differing in color only.....Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 2 oz. 30c; 1 lb. 50c Mixed Cupids Contains many colors. Prices same as for Pink and White Cupids.

Everlasting Peas.

A perennial climber producing a succession of white rose and purple blossoms in clusters. Suitable for trellises, arbors. etc. Hardy perennial. Height 5 feet. Mized colors......Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c

Sweet Pea Mixtures.

THE NATIONAL MIXTURE.

The National Mixture. Red, White and Blue consists of Salopian, Blanche Burpec, and Navy Blue. Try some in your garden next year. It will make a fine show......Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 2 oz. 25c; 1b. 40c LARGE FLOWERED MIXED.

All good varieties though not all choice.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 2 oz. 25c; lb. \$1; 5 lbs not prepaid \$4.25

VIOLET. (Viola odorata.)

The violet should not be wanting in any garden on account of its fragrance and early appearance. A single flower will perfume the whole room. Succeeds best in a shady place, and can easily be increased by dividing the roots. The violet is an emblem of faithfulness. Hardy perennial. Height 4 inches.....Pkt. 10c

WALL FLOWER. (Cherianthus Cherri fl pl)

The massive spikes of the Wall Flower are very conspicuous in beds and borders, and are very useful in making bouquets. They are deliciously fragrant, perfectly double and combine many shades of color-the orange. purple and chocolate predominating. Height 18 inches. Tender perennial.

Double mixed....Pkt 10c Single mixed Pkt. 10c

WHITLAVA GRANDI-FLORA.

An elegant annual with delicate foliage and a drooping cluster of rich, dark blue and white bellshaped flowers. Is fine for baskets and vases. and for piazza decoration is one of the best flourishing well in partly ishing well in partly shaded situation. Height



WILD GARDEN FLOWER. A mixture of all Kinds of Flower Seeds.

Anyone who has planted and cultivated flowers in neatly laid out beds and borders is aware of the labor and constant care and attention required to produce the desired effect. To those who can not give it this care, "The Wild Flower Garden" presents a substitute which for its unusual and varied cheapness, and the small amount of labor necessary for its construction has no equal. The seeds we offer for the "Wild Flower Garden" are a mixture of over 150 different varieties, and being mixed, can be offered at a much cheaper price than when sold in separate packages. No one not having such a bed can form an idea of its beauty, the different seasons of bloom insuring something new almost every day.

WISTARIA VINES.

(Glycine Sinensis.)

One of the quickest growing climbers, of fine bright foliage producing bunches of rose lilac flowers in great abundance during spring. If once started it will live for years. Hardy perennial. Height 20 feet. Pkt. 10c

XERANTHEMUM.



ZINNIA ELEGANS, Double.

NEW MINIATURE ZINNIA.

ZINNIA ELEGANS FLORE PLENG.

Very few flowers have such a long period of popularity as has this eld fashioned Zinnia.

Fine, large flowers, or great variety of colors—red rose, crimson, scarlet, purple, orange, white and yel low, the flowers are full double as a Dahlis, remais ing in bloom from July till after frost. Make a dense hedge, covered with bloom Height 2 feet. Half hardy annual.

Double Variety Mized. This is made up of the best and showiest double varieties. Pkt. 5c

New Zebra. Striped like the animals of distant lande the name of which it has. Pkt. 10-

Pkt. 10.

The most dainty and ornamental miniature Zinnia in existence. It is of truly lilliputian growth, the plants, growing from 3 to 4 inches in height only. At the same time these pretty little plants display a perfection in leaves dowers and growth generally, not often met with in this class of the Zinnia.

The mixture which we offer to our customers this year, contains all the popular colors that can be found smongst the tall Zinnias, and the profusion of the blossoms make it an exceedingly showy variety in every garden.

Indispensible for borders around small flower beds, where larger plants would spoil symmetrical forms. The plants themselves are splendidly adapted for bedding purposes, as they stand transplanting readily, and when in bleers some beautiful beds of finest color combinations can be created.

Mixed Colors.....

Specials.

Include at least one of these in your order. It is money well spent.

MIXED CLIMBERS.

includes Nasturtiums, Sweet Peas, Japanese Hops, Oypress Vine, etc., just what you want to cover an old fence, stumps, trellases, etc. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c

EVERLASTING FLOWERS MIXED.

All the popular Everlastings. You cut them when to bloom, and they keep all winter. Pkt. 10c

NASTURTIUMS.

We give 6 packets of any kind for 25c; 12 packets for 40c. Your choice from page 60.

PANSIES.

Seven of the finest giant flowered Pansies, one packst each for only 50c.

SWEET PEAS.

Six separate packets for 25c; 12 packets for 40c three 1-ounce packages for 25c. Your choice from pages 65 and 66.

Don't miss our offer of plants including Roses, Pernst Carnations, Geraneums, etc.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS.

Order a few Gladiola, Tuberoses, or Caladiums, and you'll not regret it. Every August we issue a Fall Bub Catalog. If you have not been receiving it write for is next fall and set out a few Hyacinths and Tulips.

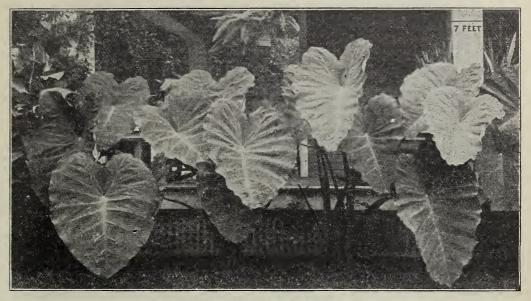
NOTICE.

We would call your attention especially to the two collections offered on the inside back and front covers There are bargains that you ought not to overlook.

Under Novelties you will find listed three excellent grains: "Feterita, Dwarf Black Hull White Kaffir Corn; and Dwarf Straight Neck Milo Maize." All three of these are worthy of your attention.

Selected Summer Flowering Bulbs FOR SPRING PLANTING.

Prices are postage paid unless otherwise noted.



Caladiums. (These were almost seven feet high.)

BEGONIA.

Handsome young flowering bulbs of rich varied colors, ranging from delicate yellow and salmon to crim-son. Early bloomers, in full bloom until early frost. Grow best in soil composed of leaf mould and sand and a small portion of well rotted cow manure.

Single. each 10c; doz. \$1.00; double, each 15c; doz. \$1.50

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

(Elephant's Ear.)

One of the most effective plants in cultivation, for planting out on the lawn, growing 6 feet high with hand-some leaves, often 3 feet long and 20 inches wide. Can be stored in sand during the winter.

Each 25c; doz. \$2.00

CANNAS.

Combining grand tropical foliage with large and orilliant flowers. The Canna is one of the most showy bedding plants. The large flowers and varied colors double their popularity. Each 5c; doz. 50c

CINNAMON VINE.

A charming climber with heart shaped leaves and cinnamon scented flowers, making a perfect bower of beauty. It thrives anywhere, and when once planted will grow for years. They are grown from roots or tu-bers, and will grow in any locality. Each 5c; doz. 50c

DAHLIAS.

Always a favorite for autumn flowering. The flow-ers are symmetrical and perfect, and the range of colors are so varied and perfect that they will always be popu-lar where display is wanted. Roots easily injured by frost. Set two feet apart. The to stakes. Show and fancy varieties 15c each; \$1.00 per dozen.

GLOXINIA.

This plant is very ornamental on account of the richess of its foliage, and its ample, graceful and deli-cately tinted flowers. The soil should be porus and very rich, and the bulbs being small, should be planted shal-low. They grow best in a warm, moist atmosphere, but to produce the finest colors they should be shaded, or grown in a northern exposure. Imported separate colors, each 10c; per doz. 90c

GLADIOLUS.

We are large growers of these bulbs and supply only varieties and mixtures that we know are the best to be obtained and such as will give complete satisfaction. Each 5c; doz. 30c

HYACINTHS CANDICANS.

The flowers are bell shaped and pendulous, pure white, and fragrant. Plant is hardy and grows stronger each year. Each 5e; doz. 50e

WHITE CALLA.

The Calla is one of the best flowering plants for room culture, needing little care beyond abundant water, and an occasional washing of the leaves to keep them free from dust. Take a four or five inch pot, fill it with good rich loam (1 leaf mould and 1 good garden soil) then put in the bulb and cover one inch below the surface, water good and place in a dark place for three or four weeks. As soon as it starts growing bring to the light.

Each 15c; 3 for 49c

TUBEROSES.

Most delightful, fragrant and beautiful summer flowering bulbs. Flowers wavy, white and sweet-scented Plant is fond of light and heat. Plant outside after April 1.

Each 5c; dog. 40c

LILY OF THE VALLEY.

The Lily of the Valley is a sweet little plant thriving in any common soil; it will do well in any shaded situa-tion, where few other plants will thrive. Each 5c; doz. 30c

MADEIRA VINE.

Madeira Vine is a popular and favorite tuberous rooted clinuber of rapid growth, with dense and beautiful foliage. It crows everywhere, but does better in warm sunny locations. Each 5c; doz. 40c

Summer Flowering Bulbs-Continued.

Hardy Lilies.

On account of their distinct and exquisite type of beauty no garden should be without a few lilies.

Price for each of the following varieties, 20c apiece; \$2.00 a dozen.

We shall be pleased to send one fine bulb of each of the four varieties for 65 cents postpaid. Be sure to profit by this generous offer.

in diameter.

LILIUM RUBRUM.

heavily with crimson at the base.

Flowers white with a deep rosy crimson band on

The "Golden Banded Lily of Japan". Petals are

each petal with deep colored spots between; 5 to 6 inches

LILIUM AURATUM.

clear white with golden yellow stripes in center, spotted

LILIUM SPECIOSUM ALBUM

Large flowers of pure white color and delicious fragrance. The petals are curved and give the whole plant a particularly graceful appearance.

LILIUM LONGIFLORUM.

Very much like the Bermuda Easter Lily. Flowers trumpet shaped and very fragrant. A fine acquisition.

Herbaceous Paeonies.

There is nothing that makes a more refreshing sight than a well planted group of Pacenies. They have been so improved during the last few years that now they are a strong rival to the finest rose. The following selected sorts have been chosen fron hundreds of splendid sorts, and we can safely call them the "cream" of the best and most widely cultivated. All have been grown on Kansas soil for years, and are thoroughly acclimated, and can, we are sure, be successfully raised by every garden lover. Time of blooming, May and June.

CULTURE. Plant them as soon in the spring as possible, from 5 to 6 inches deep, 2 to 3 feet apart, putting in some well rotted manure in the bottom of each hole. Press the ground carefully around the roots, being careful not to break the crown. Water well if the weather is dry.

Each post	
Achille, A beautiful variety of a soft rose or flesh color, changing to almost pure white	30c
Festiva Maxima. One of the grandest varieties in existence The standard of perfection in Paeonies. A strong grower, very early, free flowering and very fragrant. The magnificent flowers are of delicate, pure white color with some of the center petals flanked with carmine. The most popular white Paeony today	
Floral Treasure. This variety has few, if any superiors as a cut flower. It is an excellent bloomer, bearing the large blossoms on strong, stiff stems. Colors of flower, a bright light pink	4 0c
Humeii. A late flowering sort of rich rose color. Very fragrant and exceedingly free flowering. Blossoms are very large	
Lady Bramwell. Produces large flowers of a beautiful silvery rose color	30c
L'Esperance. A splendid variety for florists, as it is an excellent bloomer, and fragrant as a rose. The flowers are of dark rose color, very compact and of splendid shipping and keeping qualities. Altogether a most profita- ble variety for cutting.	
Queen Victoria. Very early, white and extremely popular with florists. It produces white flowers with creamy	

30c

Ruby Grandifiora. A late bloomer. The plants are of robust growth and produce extra large very full blossoms. Color, a deep blood red..40c Double White Mixed. This lot contains many unnamed seedlings of surprising beauty 30c Double Pink, Red and Rose, Mixed Containing a splendid assortment of the most brilliant shades and colors. If ordered not prepaid, deduct 5c on each.... 200

Carnations.

We offer below what we consider the best variety of each color. Price 15c each; three for 40c; four for 50c.

Beacon. A splendid new red that blooms throughout the season. The flowers are grace-

fully formed, and will average from two to three inches in diameter. Color scarlet with a brightening dash of orange.

Enchantress. The queen of carnations on account of its immense size, magnificent color, fine strong stem, and early, free and continuous blooming habit. The color is a beautiful shade of light, silvery pink, deepening toward

James Whitcomb Riley. This is the only pure yellow carnation that is grown today. It is a variety easy to grow and of healthy constitution; flowers large and have a pleasing clove fragrance.

The flower is enormous and the plant is an ideal grower.

White Enchantress. The purest white sport from the variety of Enchantress. It is absolutely pure white in color.

center tipped with red

the center.

Summer Flowering Bulbs-Continued.

Chrysanthemums.

The Chrysanthemum is rapidly becoming America's most popular flower. It is easy of cultivation and we offer the best varieties at low prices. 12c each; 3 for 30c; 4 for 40c postpaid

GLORY OF THE PACIFIC.

Flowers of great size and clear pink color.

BLACK HAWK.

A beautiful dark crimson scarlet.

A soft clear yellow. The ideal Chrysanthemum. WHITE BONAFFON.

MAJOR BONAFFON

Flower a perfect ball of pure white color.

Geraniums.

The Improvement both in size and beauty of this flower has been wonderful. We offer the very best varieties 12c each; 3 for 30c postpaid

S. A. NUTT. The best double dark crimson.

JEAN VIAUD.

Flowers semi-double, clear rosy pink, with distinct white eye.

L'AUBE.

An excellent single white.

BEAUTE POITEVINE. Best salmon colored for general purposes.

ROSE SCENTED GERANIUM. An old favorite.

IVY-LEAVED GERANIUM.

Of trailing habit and very desirable for vases and boxes.

Potted Geraniums Assorted.

From 3 inch pot 30c each, postpaid; 3 for 50c not postpaid. From 4 inch pot 40c each, postpaid; 3 for 80c not postpaid.

Pansy Plants.

Fine healthy plants, extra large flowers, 1 doz., postpaid 40c: 100 not postpaid \$2.50.



OSTRICH PLUME FERN

finest silk or lace. The fronds retain their freshness for weeks when cut, and are greatly admired for floral decorations. An exceedingly beautiful plant for house and conservatory, and will thrive nicely in temperature of an ordinary living room. Each 12c

Asparagus Springerii.

(Emerald Feather Asparagus).

It is especially valuable for pots, baskets, etc., covering all with its beautiful sprays of lovely green feathery foliage. It makes a charming ornamental plant for the window or conservatory in winter and is equaly valuable for vases, baskets, porch boxes in summer. Each 12c

Umbrella Plant. (Cyperas Alternifolia)

This is a plant of the easiest culture and a large specimen is handsome as a palm for decoration. It makes a handsome pot plant, or can be used in baskets or vases, making a charming effect. It will grow luxuriantly in water, and is therefore indispensible for aquariums or fountains.

Ostrich Plume Fern.

This is without question the most Popular fern on the market. It is a rapid grower, of easy culture and soon forms a large and graceful plant. The accompanying illustration is from a photograph and conveys a fair idea of the beauty of the plant. You can make no mistake in ordering this fern Price 15c each

Asparagus Plumosa.

(Climbing Lace Fern.)

Very satisfactory for windows and house culture; an extremely graceful window climber, bright green feathery foliage, as fine as the



ASPARAGUS PLUMOSA. Each 12c; 3 for 30c

Lemon.

72

AMERICAN WONDER OR PONDEROSA.

A cross between the ordinary lemon and the grape fruit of Pomelo, of rapid growth with dark green foliage, and often bears fruit weighing 3 to 5 lbs. Flowers are pure waxy-white and resemble orange blossoms, only larger and more compact and exceedingly sweet scented. An elegant plant for porch or lawn decoration.

Otaheite Orange. CHINESE DWARF.

A pot plant of great beauty. It is a dwarf orange that grows, blooms and fruits freely in pots, even when only a foot or two high. The fruit is about one-half the size of the ordinary orange, and is very sweet and luscious. The blooms are delicate and beautiful in color. and rich in delicious perfoume Price 15 each

Price 15c each | and rich in delicio One Lemon and one Orange for 25 ets.

Abutilon, red, yellow, pink. white. orange	
Flowering Begonias	
Rer, or Painted Leaf Begonias	
Hardy Garden Pinks	
Coleus	
Fuchias	
Boston Sword Fern	
Heliotrope, purple and white, white	
Double Petunias, crimson, pink, white. variegated.	
Salvia Splendens	
Solanum, (Jerusalem Cherry)	
Moon Vines	
Violets, single blue, double blue, double white	
Weeping Lantana, fine for porch boxes	10c each: 5 for 45c

Clematis.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA.

Paniculata. The most valuable of all hardy flowering vines. Exceedingly rapid growth, soon reaching a asight of 16 to 20 feet and spreading out in all directions. Small, pure white flowers in masses or clusters on long stems fairly covering the plant with fleecy white flowers in August and September after other vines have ceased. Magnoliatike fragrance, rare, delicious, perfectly hardy.

Madam Baron Villard. Recently introduced. Quite like its parent, the well known Jackmanii, in habit and appearance excepting flowers are satiny lavendar pink, entirely distinct from any other. Charming in effect.

Madam Edouard Andre. Also of Jackmanii type, nearest to bright red yet produced. Flowers large, usually six-petalled, distinct and pleasing shape of carmine; profuse flowering, grand.

Ramona. Lavender blue, large flowers, often 9 inches in diameter. Most beautiful of its color yet known Price of Clematis 14c each; 3 for 35c; the 7 varieties, 1 of each, 80c postpaid.

Wistaria.

Each 12c; 3 for 30c; 12 for \$1.00 postpaid.

Chinese Purple. This variety is best adapted to covering verandas, porches and tall buildings where climbere are wanted. Rapid in growth and perfectly hardy. Long purple clusters violet tinted and deliciously sweet. Chinese White. Habit same as above. White, fragrant.

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII. (Boston Ivy.)

Elegant climbers for walls as it clings firmly to the smoothest surface, covering it with overlapping foliage of tresh. deep green in summer, changing to gorgeous shades of crimson, yellow and gold in autumn

Each 12c; 3 for 30c; 12 for \$1.00 postpaid **Honeysuckles.** Real home vines, none prettier. Climbers for windows and doorways, sweet scented flowers almost continuous during summer. Best varieties described below. Honeysuckles for division fences, wire or iron fences or railings are best of all. Plant 2 feet apart. Each 12c; 3 for 30c; 12 for \$1.00 postpaid Each 12c; 3 for 30c; 12 for \$1.00 postpaid Each 12c; 3 for 30c; 12 for \$1.00 postpaid Each 12c; 3 for 30c; 12 for \$1.00 postpaid

Hall's Japan. Strong growing, almost evergreen, pure white flowers changing to yellow. Delightful fragrance. July till November.

Monthly Fragrant. Red and yellows, very sweet, blooms all summer. Reddish tinted leaves. Searlet Trumpet. Bright red trumpet shaped flowers, constant and free flowering. Vigorous and rapid

Duchess of Edinburg. Dcubie white, one of the best. Vigorous habit, free bloomer, very fragrant

Henryli. Habit same as above. Pure white, constant bloomers during summer and early autumn.

Jackmanii. Large velvety, violet purple flowers produced in masses, a vertitable cloud of bloom. Well known and extremely popular.



FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI.

ROSES.

NOTICE. These roses are sent through the mail and are necessarily small plants. They are strong, thrifty, well established stock from 2 in. pots. If you wish two year old field grown roses please see page 78.

Orders for them will be filled separately from seeds or other orders and will be shipped in season about April 15.

orders and will be shipped in season about April 15. CULTURE. The Rose, the Queen of Flowers, being a very heavy feeder, should be planted in a soil made as rich as possible and not too wet. Before planting incorporate in the soil when digging the hole, a shovel of well rotted manure and set your plant about one inch leeper than originally planted. spreading the roots and pressing the ground firmly about them. Plant the bedding kinds about 14 feet apart, while the climbers are set from 3 to 4 feet apart. The best time to plant them is in April or May. During the summer months the ground must be cultivated to keep it free from weeds and to prevent it thom haking. In the fall after the leaves have fallen off, the plant should be trimmed back to one-half the s ason's trowth, tied together and dirt heaped around them. A good dressing of old manure, or bone meal will insure a big yield of flowers next year. To prevent and de-stroy the rose chafer and rose slug, sprinkle the bushes as soon as the checked by dusting sulphur on the leaves every two or three days, and the green fly will soon disappear if tobacco dust is sprinkled under the leaves. The plants should be sprinkled thoroughly before applying the powdered insecticides.

Two New Roses of Especial Value.

Veilchenblau, the New Blue Rose.

After years of unsuccessful effort the blue rose has finally been attained. The flowers appear in large clusters after the manner of the Crimson Rambler, are semi-double and of mea-turn size. Upon first opening the color is partyly bright red and partly bright rose, soon turning to a steel blue. This rose is a strong grower, and is classed as among the hardiest climbing roses. Price 16c each, two for 30c postpaid

"Flower of Fairfield," the Everblooming Crimson Rambler.

Here we have the first real perpetual blooming climbing rose. The many beautiful varieties of rambler, were valuable acquisitions, but none of them can touch this rose, which blooms all summer. It is a sport from the Grimson Rambler, is of the same color, if not a shade more brilliant, and resists the sun better. Price 16c each, two for 30c postpaid

Hybrid Perpetual Roses.

These roses are hardy, requiring but little if any protection over winter. Their flowers are the largest and timest of any class of roses; they improve greatly in qulaity and quantity of bloom under care and should be well pruned each spring

Beach spring.
 American Beauty. Without question the most popular sort in America. Constant blooming with imenese buds and flowers, rich glowing crimson and exceedingly fragrant. Very hardy and an excellent outdoor variety Frau Karl Druschki. (White American Beauty.) A fit companion for the above. Is strong growing, very vigorous and has proven hardy everywhere. Magnificent, large, pure white flowers are produced in great abundance.
 The "Two Beauties" for 30c postpaid.
 Caprice. A fine striped rose of remarkable beauty. The

flowers are larger and elegantly shaped. Color clear pink with wide stripes of pure white. Very attractive and a good hardy grower.

Gen. Jacqueminot. A grand eld rose which everyone knows at least by reputation. Rich, crimson scarlet in color and especially handsome in the bud. Although introduced nearly fif-ty years ago is still one of the most popular and excellent for garden planting.

Mme. Plantier. The Cemetery Rose. Needs no care. This variety when once planted is permanent and therefore excellent for cemetery plant-ing. Flowers are pure white and pro-duced in good number.

Mrs. John Laing. A splendid constant-blooming hardy rose, with lmmense flowers, full and double. Col-or is a clear bright, shining pink, ex-quisitely shaded.

Prices of the above: 16c each; four for 60c; six for 75c postpaid.

"soth CENTURY COLLECTION.

Four magnificent hardy roses for soc postpaid.

Clie, flesh pink. Marchioness of Lorna, carmine Margaret Dickson, white. Mrs. R.,G.,Sherman.

THE "BIG FOUR." Hardy Red Roses for 50c postpaid. Alferd Colomb.

Gen. Jacquemia. not.

Gen. Washington Ulrich Brunner.

GEN. JACQUEMINOT.

Roses—Continued. The "Wedding Bells" Collection.

12c each, the three for 32c, postpaid.

The Bride: The well known white Tea Rose. One of the best for bouquets.

The Bridesmaid: Pink Tea Rose of rare beauty. Stems long and stiff and flowers of excellent keeping

quality. **Richmond:** The ever-blooming Gen. Jacqueminot. It is free blooming and its scarlet.crimson flowers are of great beauty and excellent for cut flowers.

Climbing Roses.

The Two Dorothys.

Two for 22c, postpaid.

Dorothy Perkins. The best pink, hardy climbing Rose. Flowers a beautiful shell pink, of large size and a good grower. 12c each

White Dorothy Perkins. A pure white sport of the above and resembles it in everything except color. A most valuable addition, and bound to become popular 15c each

Four Royal Rambler Roses.

12c each or 40c, postpaid.

Aglaia (Yellow Rambler). A very hardy rose of bright lemon yellow color changing to creamy white.

Crimson Rambler. This wonderful climbing rose was introduced about twelve years ago and has made an unequalled record. Perfectly hardy and very vigorous, making shoots 10 to 20 feet in height in one season. It is greatly admired for the display of its crimson clusters of blossoms. Philadelphia Rambler. Pure deep crimson. A brighter more intense color than the crimson Rambler and blooms two weeks earlier. Flowers are perfectly double and born in large clusters.

Thier. A new yellowish rambler from a famous German rosarian. A free and almost perpetual bloomer. Flowers are soft, creamy white, changing to pure white but the very numerous and rather prominent yellow antlers give quite a pronounced yellowish cast to the flowers.

The Famous Baby Roses.

Baby Rambler (Crimson). Plant is about two feet high, of bush form and is practically covered with towers. There is nothing better for bedding purposes, and also makes an attractive house plant. Very hardy.

Baby Dorothy The same as the above except the color is a pleasing rose pink White Baby Rambler: Same as above except in color 12c each, postpaid 15c each, postpaid 15c each, postpaid



14 DIFFERENT KINDS

of

EVERGREEN

and

FOREST TREE

SEEDLINGS

\$1.00 per Package, Postpaid.

Fourteen Packages, as Listed Below, by Mail Postpaid for Only \$1.00 per Package. Any Six Sets for \$5.00.

Trees for Woodlot, Hedges, Windbreaks and Lawn Framing.

Owing to the wide spread interest in forestry and woodlot planting, farmers and land owners all over the country are beginning to realize that the establishing of woodlots or shelterbelts is just as important as the rais ing of staple crops, and the profits larger and more sure. Evergreen hedges and rows of trees between fields tend not only to increase the fertility of the soil, but by their ornamental appearance, add considerable to the cash value of the farm.

1-100 Norway Spruce	
2—100 Scotch Pine	
3— 25 Blue Spruce	yr. seedlings
4—100 White Pine	yr. seedlings
5←100 Austrian Pine	yr. seedlings
6—100 Jack Pine2	
7- 50 Black Hill Spruce 2	yr. seedlings

These varieties are all those which have been thoroughly tested and are proven absolutely hardy and reliable and will grow successfully in all parts of the Country. Complete planting instructions and cultural directions will be furnished with each order sent. Send in your order as early as possible to avoid disappointment, as stock is limited. Shipment will be made in March. April and May. You cannot afford to overlook these wonderful collections. 8-25 Concolor Fir.

8— 25 Concolor Fir		
9-75 Penderosa Pine	2 yr.	seedlings
10- 50 White Spruce	2 yr.	seedlings
11—100 White Ash		
12-100 Black Locust.		
13-100 Soft Maple		
14- 50 Hard Maple		
nen nachage fin for \$5.00		

Your choice for \$1.00 per package, Six for \$5.00

Nursery Stock.

We are giving special attention to nursery stock this season and it will pay you to investigate our line. We will furnish first class stocks only and in ordering from us you will get the very best to be had.

PRICES. It is easily understood that the cost of producing stock is about the same for one nursery as for another. Where we have the advantage is in the cost of selling. Where you buy from an agent you have to help pay his salary or commission and also his traveling expenses. In buying from a Nursery mail order house you must help pay for the entire nursery catalog. As we are already printing our seed catalog it costs us very little more to include the nursery stock and therefore our cost of selling is practically nothing. Take advantage of this and get first-class stocks at the very lowest possible prices.

TERMS: Our terms as for seed orders, are cash with order, prices include packing in first-class manner and delivery at express or freight office here, purchaser to pay transportation charges.

Apples.

Standard-First-class, 5 to 6 feet	.35 each	\$3.00 per 10	\$25.00 per 100
Standard—2 years, 4 to 5 feet	.30 each	2.75 per 10	22.00 per 100
Standard—2 years, good 3 to 4 feet	.25 each	2.00 per 10	17.00 per 100

Summer Apples.

COOPER'S EARLY WHITE. Very large, round-ish pale yellow with faint blush; flesh white, crisp and sprightly. Originated in the west. First of August.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. A Russian apple of splendid quality. The hardiest and finest early summer apple grown. Ten days earlier than Early Harvest. Fruit large, pale yellow, sub-acid. This variety is one of the best marked sorts.

CAROLINA RED JUNE (Red June). Medium size, red; flesh white, tender, juicy, sub-acid; an abundant bearer. June.

size, red; flesh white, tender, juicy, sub-acid; an abundant bearer. June. EARLY HARVEST. The most popular summer Apple on our list. Tree healthy, vigorous grower and good bearer; fruit medium size, nearly round, somewhat flattened; surface smooth, clear waxy yellow, rarely blushed; flesh tender, juicy, acid to sub-acid, flavor good. quality best for table and kitchen. July.

covered with dark red; flesh white, fine grained, juicy sub-acid, good. September and October.

JEFFRIES. A beautiful apple and valuable for its season. Size medium, blushed and splashed with red; very tender and juicy, with a rich, mild, pleasant, sub-acid flavor; quality best. The tree is hardy, healthy, long lived. Comes into bearing moderately early and is reliable.

Also: Sweet June, Duchess of Goldenberg, Red Astrachan, etc.

Fall Apples.

MAIDEN BLUSH. This is the favorite Fall Apple MAIDEN BLUSH. This is the favorite fall Apple tree vi;orous, upright, spreading, very productive; fruit medium to large, flat and very handsome; surface smooth polished, pale waxen yellow, with rich blush; flesh white, fine-grained, juicy; quality good; for cooking, table and market. August and September. WEALTHY. Highly valued for its extreme hardi-ness at the far north. Tree thrifty grower and good bearer; fruit medium; rcundish; skin smooth, oily, mostly

Also: Alexander, Fall Pippin, Fameuse, Lowell, Rambo, Western Beauty, Strawberry, Domini. etc.

is reliable

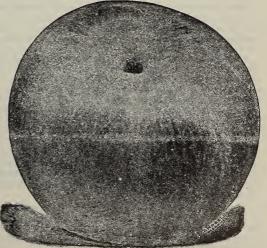
Winter Apples.

JONATHAN. Tree of rather slender growth and spreading habit, fruit medium or above in size, round or oblong; surface very smooth, waxy yellow; often wholly covered with brilliant red; flesh whitish yellow, tender, very juicy; for dessert and cooking; also one of the most profitable market apples; quality best; a genuine favorite October and November.

GRIMES' GOLDEN. This is one of the best pop-ular apples in cultivation. Tree strong, thrifty grower, with spreading branches; fruit medium or above, cylin-drical, regualr surface, yellow veined, russeted, flesh yel-low, firm, very fine grained, juicy; flavor sub-acid; qual-ity rich; for dessert, cooking and market.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG. Excels Winesap in nearly every important point; a better grower, hardier and the fruit much larger; color even a darker red.; fiesh firmer; flavor milder, but fully equal. A long keeper.

firmer; flavor milder, but fully equal. A long keeper. STAYMAN WINESAP. A seedling of winesap, originating at Leavenworth, Kansas, with the late Dr J. Stayman. Dark, rich red, indistinctly striped. Flesh firm, fine grained, crisp, juicy and very tender; rich sub-acid; quality the very best. Tree a stronger grower than Winesap; a drouth resister, and will thrive on most any yoil. A more regular bearer than Winesap, han gs longer. and keeps fully as well, and in quality is far superior. ROME BEAUTY. Tree thrifty, upright grower fruit large to very large, roundish, oblate, sometimes con. ical; surface smooth, pale yellow, striped and mixed with red; flavor sub-acid, not rich; quality good; desirable market fruit on account of its productiveness and fine ap-pearance. November to January.



ALSO. Arkansas Beauty, Arkansas Black, Ben Davis, Baxter, Bismarck, Clayton, Huntsman, Mann, Minkler, Missouri Pippin, Rhode Island Greening, Salome, Shackelford, Stark, Willow Twig, Winesap, Wolf River, etc.

Nursery Stock—Continued. Crab Apples.

Whitney, Florence, Gen. Grant, Martha, Red Siberian.

Pears.

Standard, First class, 5 to 6 feet, 2 and 3 years... Standard, Medium, 4 to 5 feet, 2 years.... Dwarf Pear, First class, 4 to 5 feet..... Dwarf Pear, Medium, fine, 3 to 4 feet.... Dwarf Pear, Light, 2 to 3 feet.

76

Standard Pears.

Bartlett. S. and D. An old favorite, more genscally known and highly esteemed than any other sort. Pree thrifty, upright grower; fruit large, irregular, pyramidal; skin thin and smooth, clear yellow, sometimes with faint blush on the sunny side; flesh white, fine grained, buttery, juicy, sweet: quality best. August and Spetember.

Also: Seckel, Clapp's Favorite. Lawrence. Buerre de Anjou. Howell, Garber, Rutter etc.

Dwarf Pears.

Seekel. Tree a moderate grower, said to be less subject to blight than the most varieties. Fruit small to medium, regularly formed; Sull, yellowish brown, with lively red cheek; flesh whitish, buttery, very juicy and melting, with a peculiarly rich, spicy flavor A regular and abundant bearer. August to October.

Also: Duchess, Louise, Howell, Bartlett. Clapp's Favorite, Ruster. Beuerre de Anjou, Lawrence.

Cherries.

Early Richmond. Medium size, dark red, melting and juicy. acid flavor; one of the most valuable and popular of the acid chersee and is unsurpassed for cooking; tree slender grower, exceedingly productive and very hardy; will stand the most severe weather.

English Morello. Medium to large, roundish; dark red, nearly slack when ripe; flesh purplish red, meaty, juicy, slightly astringent and good; very productive. August

Bing. A new black cherry; originated in Oregon; size large, color blackish purple; flesh very solid and of the highest flavor; tree vigorous. upright, hardy and productive; a fine shipping and market cherry.

Lambert One of the largest known, smooth, glassy, dark purpleh-red, with numerous russet dots; flesh dark purplish-red, with whitish veins, firm, meaty flavor, sweet, rich and highest quality. form roundish, heart-shaped; tree hardy and vigorous; a good shipplary varlety.

Montmorency. This is a cherry of the Early Richmond class, seme larger and about ten days later; a strong upright growing tree and good bearer. By experienced horticulturists considered one of the most valuable varieties.

Also: Dychouse, Governor Wood, Leib, May Duke, Ostheimer and Wragg.

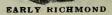
Flemish Beauty. Fruit large; skin a little rough pale yellow, mostly covered with patches of russet, be coming reddish brown at maturity on the sunny side flesh yellowish white, juicy and rich. September. One of the best.

....40c each; \$3.50 per 10

... 50c each; \$4.00 per 10

.40c each; \$3.00 per 10 .30c each; \$2.00 per 10

Keiffer. Very large, deep yellow with russet dots julcy, sweet, coarse; immensely productive; fruit must be thinned to get the largest size. Fine for canning Said to be blight proof October and November.



Nursery Stock—Continued.

Plums.

- 2 years, first class, 5 to 6 feet..45c each; \$4.00 per 10
- ² years, Medium, 4 to 5 feet..35c each; \$3.00 per 10
- year, 4 to 5 feet.. 35c each; \$3.00 per 10

Abundance. One of the best Japan plums. Tree is a very rapid grower, healthy and comes into bearing quite young and yields abundantly; medium size, rich, oright cherry red with distinct bloom and highly perfumed; flesh light yellow, juicy and tender, and excellent quality. Tree vigorous and hardy.

Burbank. Medium to large, orange-yellow, doted and marbled with red; flesh nearly yellow, sweet and good; valuable for canning and a good market plum. Mid-June. Hardy and most prolific of the Japan varieties **Damson**, Fruit small, oval; skin purple, covered with blue bloom; flesh melting and juicy, rather tart. separates partly from the stone. September.

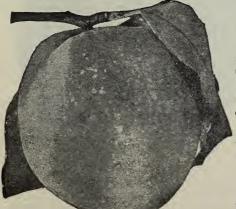
German Prune. A large, long, oval variety, mucb esteemed for drying; color dark purple; of very agreeable flavor. September.

Lombard. Perhaps the best of the European varieties now in cultivation. Tree vigorous, hardy and productive; fruit of medium size, roundish-oval, slightly flattened at the ends; skin delicate violet-red, paler is shade; flesh deep yellow, juicy and pleasant. August.

Also, Bradshaw, Hale, Miner, Red June, Satsuma, Shippers Pride, Weaver, Wickson, Wild Goose, Willare Wolfe, Gage.

Peaches.

Standard, 1 year, fine, 5 to 6 feet... Standard, 1 year, fine, 4 to 5 feet..



Arkansas Traveler. Medium size, round, shaded with red flesh melting, splendid in quality. Ripens a trifle earlier than Alexander, which it much resembles.

Carman. (Free) Large; resembles Elberta in shape, creamy white with deep blush; skin tough, making it a good market we riety; flesh tender, juicy and fine flavor; a prolific bearer

Champion. (Free) Large, round, quite regular; yellowish white mottled with red on sunny side; flesh white with red at pit one of the best in quality.

Crosby. (Free) Medium to large; orange-yellow splashed with red; flesh yellow, red at pit, juicy and rich; tree hardy and prolific; fruit should be thinned in order to make good-sized peaches; a popular market sort; middle of September.

Elberta. (Free) The greatest 'market peach of the southwest; perfectly hardy in the north and is believed by many growers to be the best all around peach; color lemon-yellow. tender and juicy; tree vigorous; a good shipping peach.

Fitzgerald. (Free) An improved early Crawford fully equal to it in size, quality and color; tree bearquite young, is productive and very hardy; bright yellow splashed with red; flesh deep yellow and of the best quality arly September.

Heath Cling. Downing calls this peach "The must successful and delicious of all late clingstones." Tree vigorous and moderately productive; fruit very large, and narrowing at both ends; skin downy, cream-colored, while with faint blush in the sun, flesh greenish white, very tender and melting, julcy with the richest, highest flavor; quality very best. September.

Lemon Cling. Large, oblong, having a swollen point similar to a lemon; skin yellow, with red check; flesh yellow, firm, juicy, sweet; tree a fine grower. August.

Also: Alexander. Stump of the World. Amsden, Early Rivers, Old Mixon. Solway. Bo-anza. Early Michgan, Triumph, etc.

Nursery Stock—Continued. Apricots. 45c each; \$4.00 per 10

2 year, 4 to 6 feet 2 year, 4 to 5 feet.....

Superb. This variety excells in quality as well as in (hardiness and productiveness. It has large, beautifully ish red on sunny side, marked with numerous dark specks. colored fruits with rich, sweet and meaty golden yellow flesh, averages better in size and quality than any other apricot and bears most constantly.

Moorepark. Large, yellowish green with brownflesh bright orange, parts readily from the seeds; grown largely for commercial purposes, especially for canning and drying. Tree vigorous and prolific. July.

Also: Early Golden, Alexander, Alexis, Early May, Royal, Budd, etc.

Quinces.

3 to 4 feet

Grapes.

Concord..... Other varieties.....

Concord (Black). Too well known to need much description: is considered by many to be the best all around grape grown; is extremely hardy, vigorous and productive, bunches large, compact; berries large and juicy, buttery and sweet; will succeed well almost anywhere.

Brighton (Red). Bunch medium to large, quite compact, flesh rich sweet, and best quality, color datrk. crimson or brownish red; vine vigorous and hardy.

Moore's Early (Black). Bunch large, berry round with a heavy blue bloom, quality said to be better than Concord. hardy and prolific; a good market berry; ripens about two weeks before Concord.

Niagara (White). One of the leading white sorts; bunch large, shouldered, compact; berry large, yellowishwhite, juicy, vinous and sprightly, quality good; skin tough, making it a good shipper and market berry..

Vorden. (Black). A seedling of the Concord; bunch large and compact, berry round, black with blue bloom, pulpy, juicy and very pleasant; ripens several days earlier than Concord.

Also: Catawba, Moore's Diamond, Salem.

Gooseberries.

	per 10	per 100
Downing, large greenish white	\$1.50	\$12.50
Houghton, medium, pale red	1.50	12.50
Industry, large dark red.	1.75	15.00

Currants.

No. 1 plants......15c each; \$1.20 per 10; \$8.00 per 100 Red Dutch, White Dutch, Cherry, Fay's Prolific, Pomona.

Strawberries.

Senator Dunlap (S). The great market berry, fruit medium to large, regular; bright, glossy red; sweet and good quality; exceptionally firm, making it a good keeper and shipper; ripens early and continues a long time; immensely prolific. Mid-season.

Warfield (P). Plant is a vigorous grower with long penetrating roots; a good berry for dry seasons; dark crimson, firm, sub-acid, and very good; popular as a market variety.

Also: Splendid and Aroma.

...10c each; 75c per 10; \$5.00 per 10015c each; \$1.25 per 10; \$9.00 per 100

...35c each; \$3.00 per 10

CONCORD

Raspberries.

BLACK CAPS

Danon e					
Cumberland	.50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100				
Gregg	.50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100				
Kansas	.50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100				
RED VARI	ETIES.				
New Cardinal.	50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100				
Cuthbert	.50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100				
London	.50c per 10; \$3.00 per 100				
Blackberries.					
Early Harvest	.40c per 10; \$2.75 per 100				
Dewberry, Lucretia	.60c per 10; \$5.00 per 100				
Snyder	.40c per 10; \$2.75 per 100				

Nursery Stock—Continued.

Ornamental Trees and Shrubs.

Roses.

American Beauty, Alfred Colomb, Anna de Diesbach, Caprice, Coquette des Alps, Gen. Jacqueminot. La France. Madam Plantier, Magna Charta, Paul Neyron Frau Karl Druschki, Augusta Triplets, Hermosa, Clio.

Deciduous Shrubs.

	ucn 👘	per 10
Althea, or Rose of Sharon. Hardy flower in the fall when other shrubs are out of bloom. Double		
Purple or White	.40	\$3.50
Almond. Dwarf Double Rose, flowering. A fine shrub with small double blossoms. Rose or White	.40	3.50
Calycanthus. Sweet scented Shrub or Allspice. A shrub of peculiar fragrance and chocolate col-		
ored flowers	.40	3.50
Deutzia. Gracilis. Flowers pure white	.40	3.50
Hydrangea. Large-clustered. A fine shrub, large, bearing showy panicles of pink and white flowers		
in great profusion. Hardy	.40	3.50
Lilac. Needs no description. Large, flowered, purple and white	.40	3.50
Purple Fringe. Or Smoke Tree. Small tree with dusky, fringe-like flowers	.60	5.00
Quince. Japan Scarlet. Bright scarlet flowers in early spring Fine for Hedge	.40	3.50
Snowball. A well-known favorite shrub of large size	.35	3.00
Spirea. Van Houttei. One of the finest flowering shrub;. Is covered with clusters of small white		
flowers in early spring.	.35	3.00
Weigelia. Rosea. An elegant, hardy shrub, with fine rose-colored flowers	.35	3.00
Svringa, Or Mock Orange	.35	3.00

Hardy Climbing and Trailing Shrubs.

Ampelopsis Veitchii. Boston Ivy. Foliage smaller than the American and more dense. Forms a sheet of green and is unequaled for covering brick or stone walls. Should be protected while young	.35	3.00
Ampelopsis Quinquefolia. American Ivy or Virginia Creeper . A rapid grower, foliage turning to a rich crimson in autumn	.35	3.00
Bigonia Radicans. Scarlet Trumpet Flower. Vigorous and bears clusters of large, trumpet shaped scarlet flowers in August.	.35	。 3.00
Clematis Henryi. Large, pure white flowers	.40	3.50
Clematis Jackmanni. Large, intense violet-purple flowers. Very popular. Clematis Paniculata. Bears an abundance of small, pure white flowers of penetrating fragrance. The most hardy and best variety of all	. 4 0	3.50 3.50
Honeysuckle. Hall's Japan. An every even variety with pure white flowers	.35	
Honeysuckle. Monthly Fragrant. Blooms all summer, very sweet	.35	3.00
Honeysuckle. Yellow Trumpet. Well known variety with yellow trumpet flowers	.35	3.50
Wistaria. Chinese. Either white or purple. Hardy and makes an enormous growth	35	3.00

California Privet.

Undoubtedly the best all-around hedge plant. Can be sheared to any shape, is hardy, needs little care and is an ornament nearly the entire year. 12-18 inch \$4.50 per 100

Ornamental Trees.

	Each	Per 10		Each	per 10
Ash, American	\$.70	\$ 6.50	Maple, Silver Leaf	.45	4.00
Catalpa Bungei	1.00	9.00	Maple, Silver Leaf	.65	6.00
Catalpa Speciosa	.70	6.50	Mountain Ash, European6-8 ft.	.65	6.00
Chestnut, American Sweet . 6-8 ft.	.45	4.00	Oak, Pin	.65	6.00
Elm, American 6-8 ft.	.65	6.00	Oak, Red	.90	8.00
Box Elder	.65	6.00	Poplar, Carolina	.65	6.00
Linden, American	.65	6.00	Poplar, Lombardy	.65	6.00
Maple, Norway	.90	8.00	Red Bud	.65	6.00
Maple Sugar. 5-6 ft.	.60	6.00	Sycamore, American	.65	6.00
			Tulin Tree 5-6 ft	.65	6.00

Weeping Trees.

		Each	per 10		Each	per 10
Birch, Cut Leaf	. 5- 6 ft.	.65		Mulberry, Teas Weeping	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
Elm, Camperdown		1.25	10.00	Willow, Kilmarnock	1.00	9.00
Mountain Ash, Weeping	6-8 ft.	1 10	10.00			

Evergreens.

Each per 10	Each	per 10
Arbor Vitae, American 12-18 inch \$.45 \$ 4.00 Pine, Austrian, White or Arbor Vitae, American	nob \$ 65	\$ 6.00
Arbor Vitae, American 18-24 inch .65 6.00 Scotch	nch .65	6.00
Arbor Vitae, Pyramidalis 18-24 inch 65 6.00 Spruce, Black Hills, Douglas		
Irish Juniper 18-24 inch 65 6.00 Norway or Hemlock 18-24 i Spruce, Colorado Blue 18-24 i	nch .65 nch 1.50	6.00 14.00

Field Seeds. Alfalfa.

Our attention was called this summer to a remarkable field of Alfalfa. This field was sown thirty years age is has never been plowed up and never been resown. It has been producing first class hay and seed of fine quality during all these years and the yield today is as good in both hay and seed as it ever was. This field of Alfalfa has been bringing in a handsome profit year after year without any labor except for the cutting. This is as good as a bank ac count. Better start one now.

Alfalfa is grown more or less in every state in the Union but it is in the western states that it has found its true home.

It has done more to develop this country than any other eiches of the land. Its use as a forage crop increases every year and the crops of hay which it produces are adding immensely to the wealth of the country.

Alfalfa will thrive well in almost any soil except a wet one. It is the dry land forage plant. Its drouth resisting qualities are due to the tremendous development of the roots. These have been known to reach the almost impossible depth of over 100 feet. These roots tap the water supply far beyond the seach of other plants and Altalfa will remain green when other plants dry up.

Besides producing from 3 to 10 tons of good nutritious hay Alfalfa stores nitrogen, the greatest of nature's fertilizers, in the ground. Here, then, is a way to fertilize your soil and at the same time cut four crops of use best kind of hay each year.



This fertilization is broughs about by means of the minute bacteria in the nodules, of the roots. These bacteria take the free nitrogen of the air and convert it into a form in which it is available to plants.

With all the advantages of Alfalfa it has only one disadvantage, namely, that it will not do well on wet land. Here the weeds will get ahead of it and cause a failure.

An Alfalfa field should not be grazed the first year, as trampling the crowns of the young plants is very injurious to them

Alfalfa can be sown either is the fall or in the spring. Sow from 15 to 25 pounds to the acre. according to the soil and to the seed. If sown too thin the stalks become thick and coarse and are not relished by the stock. In raising alfalfa for the seed twelve to 15 pounds per acre is sufficient.

If you are not already growing this wonderful clover, don's fail to try it this year, and you will soon be convinced that it is the biggest money maker en your farm.

We consider Kansas Grown Alfalfa the best on the market and shall always supply the same as long as we have it in stock, or can procure it. In buying our celebrated Sunflower Brand you are sure to get only the purest and best that can be had anywhere. It is "Unsurpassable."

Price 20c per pound. If by mail, add 8c to cover postage. Ask for latest market prices when quantities are wanted.

Large Book on Alfalfa by Hon. F. D. Coburn. 344 pages, \$2.00. Small Book on Alfalfa by Hon. F. D. Coburn, 161 pages, 50c.

With an order for \$10.00 of field seeds at retail prices we will give this 50c book free upon request.

Farmogerm.

(High Bred Nitrogen Fixing Bacteria.)

For inocculating Alfalfa and other Leguminous Orops.

Garden size, containing material to treat the seeds for 1-6 acre of land, 50c each.

Acre size, \$2.00. Five acre size, \$9.00

In ordering state what crop you wish to plant; quantity wanted, and ask for book on the Farmogerm Method.

Nitrogen Culture.

Each Leguminous Crop requires a special bacteria.

In order name the kind of seed you wish to inoculate.

Full instructions with every package. Alfalfa per acre, \$1.50. Five acre package, \$5.00 Larger amounts quoted on application. Larger amounts quoted on application.

SEE OUR PINK LIST FOR MARKET PRICES,

Field Corn.

GRADED SEED CORN. We have a corn grader in our equipment and can furnish graded corn. All our corn is grown under personal supervision; is selected, tipped, shelled and cleaned, and then put over a first-class grader which eliminates all the uneven grains. If you want the best, get our graded corn and you will not be disappointed. If wanted by mail add 8c per pound postage.



Kaw Chief. The Result of Thirty Years of Selection.

Mr. Evans, the grower of this corn, has been working on this variety, constantly selecting and continually improving it for thirty years.

Mr. Evans has shown wonderful patience and tenacity in breeding up this corn and the result of his endeavors is the finest yellow corn we have ever seen.

The corn is of a deep, golden yellow color, the ears are large, measuring up to 13 and 14 inches in length and have 16, 18 and 20 rows to the cob. Mr. Evans had in mind constantly not so much a very large ear, but an ear that was well filled at both tip and butt, and kernels that were long and square shouldered. This is the kind of corn that yields heaviest when shelled. A bushel of Kaw Chief Corn on the ear will yield 58 to 60 pounds of shelled corn.

Kaw Chief corn matures in from 95 to 105 days, is yielding this season from 75 to 80 bushels per acre and makes a good growth of foliage. It does well on both upland and bottom land.

The picture shown here was made from a photograph and shows the character of the ears and the splendid manner in which the butts and tips are filled out.

We would advise you to plant some of this excellent variety and would suggest that you order early as our supply of Kaw Chief is very limited this season. Per lb. 10c, postage 8c; per peck \$1.00; per bushel \$2.50

Hiawatha Yellow Dent.

One of the largest yielding yellow corns ever produced. The ears are 11 to 12 inches long and 9 to 11 inches in curcumference. Measure the circumference of some of your own corn and you will see that 10 inches is a large ear. The color is a rich golden yellow and the ears are well filled both at the tips and butts.

The cobs are red and small for such large ears. The kernels are firm on the cob and are plump, deep and square shouldered.

It is a medium late variety and ripens in from 110 to 120 days. We can recommend Hiawatha Yellow Dent very highly as it is an excellent variety. Per peck 60c

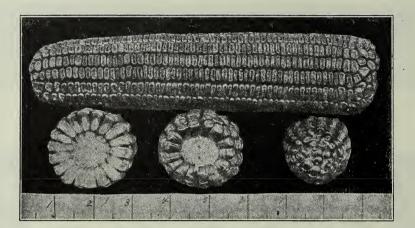
We think the following "Clipping" from a farm paper will be of interest:

"So much has been said during the last few weeks about the importance of testing seed corn, that we fear that the subject will take the form of a sort of nightmare in the minds of many farmers. College professors, bankers, experiment-station workers, the agricultural press, and in some cases even preachers, have been pointing out to farmers how careless they are in not testing their seed corn. We have endorsed the propaganda because the last (all the conditions were very unusual and as a result the vitality of a great deal of corn was destroyed. The 'stand) is the thing in getting a good yield of corn, and good seed is the basis of a good stand."

Our seed corn is all carefully tested and is of high vitality. With, conditions at all favorable it will produce a good stand.



Field Corn—Continued. Yellow Varieties.



KANSAS SUNFLOWER.

Best and most popular medium corn. The Pride of Kansas. This is the largest medium yellow corn we know of, ears averaging 1 foot in length and about 2 inches in diameter, weighing one pound and upwards. The ears are very uniform in size and shape, and of a fine golden color. It matures 100 to 105 days, and looks as pretty as the Golden Beauty Corn. Stalks grow about eight feet in height, and are very leafy and furnish large quantities of fodder. We have grown it for several years and find it to be a heavy yielder, highly recommended to anybody who wants a large medium Yellow Corn. Lb. 10c: $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 60c

KING OF THE EARLIEST. (85 Days.)

The earliest Dent variety, ripening in 85 days, and ean be grown as far north as any other variety of dent or fint corn. Stalks small with broad leaves. Ears short, twelve to sixteen-rowed, well filled. Grain long, yellow, making an extra quality of meal Lb. 10c; ½ bu. 60c

PRIDE OF THE NORTH. (90 days.)

This variety has smaller ears than the late kinds, but is valuable, as it matures early. Planted as late as July 4, it has fully matured by October 2. The ears have from fourteen to sixteen rows growing eight to ten inches in length, slightly tapering. The kernels are closely set together on the cob, and of a light orange color. The stalks usually grow six to eight feet in height, producing one or two good ears. Our seed of this variety has been grown for us with special care from the original stock. Lb. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 60c

IMPROVED LEAMING (90 days.)

This is one of the earliest yellow dent corns in cuttivation, ripening in 90 to 100 days from planting, surpassing the yellow Canada and flint varieties in earliness, productiveness and quality. The ears are large and handsome, with deep, large grains; orange yellow color and red cob. Stalks medium sized, tapering gradually, producing two good ears, each of which husks and shells **easily**. Lb. 10c; ‡ bu. 60c

IOWA GOLD MINE. (90 days)

It is early, ears of good size and symmetrical; color bright golden yellow; grain very deep; cob small, and therefore dries out very quickly. Lb. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 60c

REID'S YELLOW DENT. (100 days)

Ears medium size, remarkably uniform in size and of a light yellow color with a deep grain and small red cob. Best for shredding, as it shatters least of any. A sure cropper and a very reliable variety in all respects.

Lb. 10c; ½ bu. 60c

GOLDEN BEAUTY. (100 days)

The ears are of perfect shape, with from ten to fouteen straight rows of bright golden yellow grains, remarkable in size and filled out completely to the extreme end of the cob. The richness of color and fine quality of grain make it vastly superior for grinding into meal. The grains are not of a hard finty nature, neither are they so soft as to be greatly shriveled. The ears are easily shelled, although the kernels are firm on the ear, and in every respect as perfect a type as could possibly be had. Golden Beauty matures in 100 to 110 days from planting and surpasses all in size and beatuy of grain. Lb. 10c; ‡ bu. 60c

HILDRETH YELLOW DENT. (100 days.)

This corn is a very large growing variety. The ear is large and well rounded at butt and tip. The kernels are inclined to be small, but are very deep. Indentation medium rough; color deep golden yellow.

Lb. 10c; ½ bu. 60c

Red Corn.

BLOODY BUTCHER. (100 days.)

This corn resists the drouth better than any other variety. Ears long, and of perfect shape. Grain deep red, having some times a yellow tip fixed. Lb. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 60c

Enclose 8c for postage for each pound of corn which is to be sent by mail.

For prices on large quantities of grass and field soeds ask for supplementary price list issued monthly subject to market changes.

Field Corn-Continued. White Varieties.



SELECTED EARS OF BOONE COUNTY WHITE.

BOONE COUNTY WHITE. (100 days)

Medium late, and in our opinion the best white corn for bottom lands and good soil. The ears are of large size, well proportioned, well rounded at butt and tip. The up to date type has a deep, narrow grain giving the largest possible amount of corn to the cob. This variety yielded well even in the past dry season and we cannot recommend it too highly. Lb. 10c; 2 bu. 60c

IOWA SILVER MINE. (90 days.)

The stalk grows to a height of 7 or 8 feet, and set the ears about three and a half to four feet from the ground. The cars measure from ten to twelve inches in lenght. They are very uniform in size and shape, with sixteen to twenty straight rows of deep, pure white kernels, on a small cob. It is the heaviest yielder we know, having yielded over 100 bushels to the acre. Seventy pounds of ears will make sixty-two pounds of corn. It is entirely distinct and will give satisfaction. Lb. 10c: 3 bu. 60c

CHAMPION WHITE PEARL. (100 days.)

The stalk is short and thick. The ears grow long on the stalk, from seven to twelve inches in length, almost parallel throughout, of medium size, averaging sixteen rows of grains. The grains are pure white, very deep, compact, and heavy. The cob is small. By a test seventy ears weighed eighty-seven and one-half pounds, of which the cobs alone weighed only seven pounds. It makes superior quality of corn meal. We recommend it highly

Lb. 10c; 1 bu. 60e

HICKORY KING. (110 days.)

This is an entirely distinct variety amongst the white corn, combining the largest grain with the smallest cob A single grain will completely cover the cob of a ear broken in half. It is a great yielder, giving more shelled corn to the acre bulk of ears than any other variety. It is satisfied with any kind of soil, and will produce good strong stalks, bearing two, and occasionally three good ears. A good drouth resister. We recommend it very highly.

Lb. 10c; 1 bu. 60c

Brazilian or Stooling Flour Corn.

This corn, as the name indicates, is inclined to stool, and one grain will produce in many instances more than one stalk. Each stalk bears two or three ears five to seven inches in circumference, nine to twelve inches in length and, beautifully white. It produces an abundance of fodder, and is the best variety for ensilage. It yields 30 to 50 bushels of corn per acre, and the ears are fine for roasting although not sweet. It does not require a very rich soil and therefore the best variety for poor soils. The kernel contains more starch than any other corn, and ground and bolted by the same process as wheat, gives a fine flour that will make bread, biscuits, etc., the same as the wheat flour. Plant two kernels in a hill and cultivate the same as other corn. Three pounds will plant one acre. Lb. 15c: 1 bu. 75c

For prices on large uquatities of Field and Grass Seeds see supplementary price list issued monthly on account of market fluctuations.

Clovers and Grasses.

Klee-und-Grass Saaten.

We print a pink list giving quantity prices of field seeds. We will send this gladly upon request. All prices are subject to market fluctuations. Our prices include sacks, but do not include freight or express charges, which must be paid by customers. If field seeds are wanted by mail, add 8c per pound for postage. With every order for grass or clover seeds amounting to \$10.00, we will be pleased to send Coburn's Book on Alfalfa if asked for.

ALFALFA OR LUCERN. (Medicago satava.)

(See page 80.)

ALSIKE OR SWEDISH HYBRID CLOVER.

(Trifolium hybridum.)

Comes from the little province of Alsike in Sweden. One of the hardiest varieties known; is perpetual and does get winter kill; stands drouth and wet alike. A great favorite with bee keepers. as it has large flowers, having • sweet and agreeable odor, and affords an excellent forege for bees. Sow 5 to 8 pounds to the acre. Per lb. 30c

RED CLOVER. (Trifolium pratensis.)

Next to alfalfa it is considered the most important of the whole genius for practical culture; valuable not only for forage, but also a fertilizer of the soil. Long, powerful roots, which in decaying, add largely to that black mass of matter we call soil. Makes excellent hay, and can be put up twice a year. Sow 12 to 15 pounds to the acre. Per lb. 25c

ESPARSETTE OR GERMAN CLOVER. (Onobrychis sativa.)

A leguminous plant with many stems 2 to 3 feet long. seaves in pairs of oblong leaflets, hairy on the under side; dower stalks higher than leaves, with spikes of crimson or variegated leaves followed by hard flat pods toothed and prickly. Perennial, roots hard and woody; blooms in July. Same family as alfalfa, adapted to light chalky colls, stands gravel and barren regions, deficient in rainfall and without irrigation privileges. Shorter lived plant than alfalfa, but will last from 8 to 10 years, according to coil, by judicious top dressing of manure. It is excellent for cows, increasing flow and quality of milk. Would advise early and heavy seeding. Follow with roller. Sow seed 2 inches deep and from 30 to 40 pounds per acre.

Per lb. 15c

Troboles y Gramineas.

CRIMSON CLOVER. . (Trifolium incarnatum.)

An annual variety in common use in Italy and southern France for feeding green. Also largely grown in this country in Virginia. A good portion is now being used in Texas and adjoining states. Two to four weeks earlier than the Red Clover, and for that reason being more desirable. Immense yielder of fodder. Commences to grow at once after cutting and continues to do so until after frost. Height 1 foot; roots nearly black, and blossoms long and of deep carmine color. Makes good hay Sow in the fall in southern country. Sow 15 pounds to the acre. Per lb. 15c

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER. (Trifolium repens.) Excellent for pasture and when mixed with Kentucky Blue Grass, makes the finest and most nutritious food for sheep and cows. Used universally for lawns in most of the United States. Sow 5 to 8 pounds to the acre.

Per lb. 40r

WHITE BOKHARA OR SWEET CLOVER. (Melilotus alba.)

Tall shrub plant that is being highly recommendee especially for sowing on poor soil. Very hardy. Thrives on land where nothing else will grow. Grows from 4 to 6 feet high with branches, extremities of which bear abun-dant small, white extremely fragrant flowers. Splendid for bees. Sown in the spring in drills 16 inches apart Twenty-five pounds will sow one acre. Per lb. 25c

BUR CLOVER. (Medicago Maculata.)

Is used mainly in the southern states and in Cal-fornia. Fills in the season when other forage plants have become dried up by the summer heat. Stock of all kinds feeds upon the burs, which contains a large portion of nu-tritious matter. Sow 15 to 20 pounds per acre in August September or October. Per Ib. 20r

JAPAN CLOVER. (Lespedeza striata.)

Low, perennial, spreading habit. Stands excessive drouth well; flourishes on poorest soil in southern states Sow 15 pounds per acre. It make a fair hay, and stock eat it readily when green. It is also valuable for turning under as green manure. Sow in spring broadcast at the rate of 30 pounds per acre. Per lb. 30c

MAMMOTH SAPLING OR PEA VINE CLOVER.

Being a rank grower makes it most valuable for fertilizing purposes. Foliage, flower and stem much darker than common Red Clover, ripens later than the latter, about the time Timothy, Red Top and other grasses ripen, makag thereby a much better quality of hay, when mixed with them. Sow 12 to 15 pounds to the acre. Lb 20r

Fancy, Extra Heavy, Re-cleaned Grass Seeds.;

Ask for special prices on large quantities. Prices given below do not include postage. If wanted by man be sure to send 8 cents per pound extra.

KENTUCKY BLUE. (Poa pratensis.)

The great American grass. The standard for lawns. Our "O. K. brand" is the purest obtainable. The ok seandard grass for pastures as well as lawns. Every farmer knows it and its good qualities. An old "Blue Grass Barmer" of central Kentucky says about it, "whoever has limestone land has Blue Grass; whoever has Blue Grass has the basis of agricultural prosperity, and that man, if he has not the finest horses and cattle, has no one but himself to blame. He can hardly avoid doing well if he tries." Sow 25 to 30 pounds to the acre for meadows, and 65 to 80 pounds per acre for lawns. Per lb. 15c

ITALIAN RYE. (Lolium Italicum.)

Surpasses the perennial rye grass in earliness and nutrition and rapid growth. Indispensible for alternating Lasts only two years, and of no use for permanent pas-ture. Particular as to soil, a moist, tenacious, fertile and of medium consistency being considered the best. On such it is considered one of the best grasses cut green. Sow 30 to 40 pounds to the acre. Per lb. 10c

TALL MEADOW OAT. (Avenea elatior.) The roots of this desend deeply into the sub soil enabling it to withstand a protracted drouth, and it is green all seasons of the year. Its early growth in spring makes it equal to rye pasture. It grows quickly after mowing, giveing a dnser and more succulent aftermath than any of the present popular cultivated grasses. Sow broadcast 25 to 30 pounds of seed to the acre. Per lb 20c

Per Ib. 20c

For prices on large quantities of Grass and Field Seeds ask for supplementary price lists issued monthly subject to market changes.

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Grasses—Continued.

Barteldes' "Sunflower Brand" Lawn Mixture.

This mixture put up under our celebrated "Sunflower brand" is the result of forty odd years' study and experiments with grasses.

It is not made up of chaff, but of good, heavy seeds and is indeed a lasting one. If your lawn looks ragged tow a little on the bare spots and the result will please you.

Full directions as to "How to Make and Care for a Lawn" on each package. Sow 1 pound to 150 square feet.

Put up in neat two colored cartons and in bulk; 1 sound carton, postpaid, 40c; in builk not prepaid. 1 lb. 39c; 10 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$20.00.

FANCY RED TOP. (Agrostis vulgaris.)

A valuable grass for moist soils. It is a good permanent grass, standing our climate as well as any other, and consequently adapted to our pastures, in which it should be fed close, for if allowed to grow up to seed, the cattle refuse it. On moist, rich soil it will grow two feet tigh, and on poor, gravelly soil about half that height. It has been grown successfully even on "alkall" bottom tands, where other grasses failed. We have discontinued handling the chaffy grade of Red Top, and now offer only clean seed. Sow 15 to 20 pounds clean seed to the sere. Lb. 20c

PERENNIAL ENGLISH RYE. (Lolium perenne.) While this has long been highly esteemed in Europe and Australia, it has but recently been recoganized by our western ranchers. It is worthy of all the praise given. As a pasture grass it grows thick and withstands drouth reasonably well We have reports of its success as far south as Mexico City and in the far west, also in Old Mexico it is used extensively for lawns. Our new crop is carefully cleaned, and may be depended upon. For pasture sow in spring 25 to 30 pounds to the acre. For lawns 60 to 75 pounds to the acre. Lb. 15c

ORCHARD GRASS.

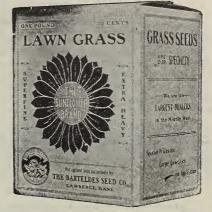
No farmer should be without a small field of Orchard Grass as in many respects it is superior to all other grasses. It stands the drouth, grows well in the shade, does well in wet or poor ground and is splendid to prevent worn out delds from washing. This grass furnishes excellent pasture three weeks before any other and after close grazing ten days' rest is sufficient for another growth. Cows fed on this will produce more and richer milk than on blue grass. It makes a very heavy sod and when well set remains for many years. It is especially adapted for winter grazing, as it remains green all season. It is well suited to sow mixed with alfalfa; an average of 12 lbs. Orchard Grass 6 to 8 thes alfalfa seeds. Sow 20 to 25 lbs. per acre. Lb. 20te

BROMUS INERMIS OR HUNGARIAN BROME GRASS. A Wonderful Drouth Resister. A Grass for the Stock Raiser. All Cattle Like It.

This pre-eminent drouth-resisting grass stands at the head of all, and is destined to lead as the most satisfactory and valuable forage grass in all localities where arid soils demand a plant with ability to stand the drouth. Stands intense cold equally as well. May be sown in autumn with winter wheat, or early in spring. In southern states sow in Pebruary or March, preparing lands as for other grasses. Blooms in north in June, and earlier in southern states.

Its nature is to stool out, and thus does not show its best until the second season. It seldom produces seed the first year. Aside from Alfalfa no grass has fulfilled the promise to the western farmer better than Bromus Inernis. It meets drouth as wel as wet and cold, and for Kansas we know of no grass to equal it. Many of our large ranchers are planting it extensively.

For hog pasture a mixture of Bromus Inermis and alfalfa, where the latter succeeds well, is recommended by Prof. Ten Eycke of the Kansas State Agricultural College Experiment station, and he also suggests for large pastures for cattle a mixture of the following per acre: Bromus Inermis, 10 lbs.; Orchard Grass, 8 lbs.; Meadow Fescue, 8 lbs.; Red Clover, 1 or 2 lbs., added to the mixture. For worn out pastures he advises a disc early in the spring, following with a harrow and sow Bromus Inermis on the land, putting most on places where native grasses are most killed out.



MEADOW FESCUE OR ENGLISH BLUE GRASS. (Festuca praetensis.)

Especially adapted for permanent pasture. Growe 2 to 3 feet high, but not on tufts like orchard grass. Earlest and most nutritious of grasses. Makes good hay: cattle thrive on it whether in dry or green state. Succeeds even on poor soils, and as the roots penetrate deeply from 12 to 15 inches, it takes extremely dry weather to affect it. Will stand more freezing than any other variety, and yields an abundant crop of seed. Heretofore has been sown to but a limited extent, but the area is rapidly increasing each year. Sow 15 to 20 lbs per acrea. Lb 15c

TIMOTHY. (Phleum pratense.)

As a crop of hay Timothy is probably unsurpassed by any other kind of grass. It is greatly relished by all kinds of stock, especially horses; yields more nutritious matter than any other forage plant or grass. Being an early grass It is well adapted to spring and summergrazing, too. Sow 10 to 12 pounds to the acre. Lb. 10c (Dactylis glomerata.)

Lb. 20c

Postage on all Grass Seeds 8 cents per pound.

FOR MARKET PRICES OF FIELD AND GRASS SEEDS SEE OUR PINK LIST.

Grasses-Continued.

BERMUDA GRASS. (Cynodon Dactylon.)

This has come to be one of the most valuable grasses for the south. It is used very extensively both for lawn and pastures. It is subject to freezing but resists hot and dry weather to a remarkable degree. Should be kept cut short for lawns and forms a very dense mat. It will stand any amount of tramping and makes a beautiful lawn.

It can be started by sowing the seed 3 to 5 lbs. per acre, or by setting out the roots. Neither should be done until the ground is thoroughly warm. The roots should be planted about 18 inches apart and then watered thoroughly for about six weeks. After they once have a start they require very little water.

SWEET VERNAL. (Anthoxanthum Odorztum.)

JOHNSON GRASS. (Sorghum Halapense.) We find this grass winter kills in the northern states. A perennial, a rapid grower with long cane-like roots; the leaf. stalk and pinnacle of this grass resembles those of sorghums. It is grown on any land where corn will grow. Ten pounds will sow an acre. (For out of state trade only.) Lb. 20c

Yields a moderate amount of herbage, which is remarkable for its pleasing fragrance during the drying of

the hay. Mix with other grass seeds for lawns or permanent pasture. Sow 3 to 5 pounds to the acre. Lb. $40\mathrm{c}$

WILD RICE. (Zizania Acquaitica.)

An annual which sows itself in the fall about the middle of September, lies dormant in the winter, and in the spring commences to sprout as soon as the water gets warm, reaching the surface about the first of June. It grows very rapidly in 1 to 4 feet of water, reaches a height of 7 to 10 feet and ripens late in August or early in September. It does well along the shores of marshes, and makes good hay. In the south two crops can be cut and all cattle are very fond of it. Lb. 25c; 5 lbs. \$1.00

COMMON MILLET.

It is an annual grass with juiry, tender and luxuriant leaves, much relished by all kinds of stock; makes good hay. Sow 25 to 40 pounds to the acre. Lb. 5c

GERMAN MILLET.

An enormous yielder. It has produced 4 to 5 tons of hay to the acre, and from 70 to 80 bushels of seed. It is sown in the spring on newly broken prairie, and after harvesting it leaves the ground in the finest condition for wheat. Sow 25 to 40 pounds to the acre. Lb. 5c

TRUE TENNESSEE GERMAN MIL-LET.

We have secured a limited quantity of seed and offer it at close price, with hopes that farmers will be interested in growing and producing a pure variety. Lb. 5c

HUNGARIAN MILLET.

It is of fine growth and makes excellent hay. It has numerous succulent leaves, which furnishes abundance of gree fodder, taken by all kinds of stock. Sow 25 to 30 pounds to the acro. Lb. 5c

MANITOBA OR HOG MILLET

The seed is very rich and thus especially valuable as a hog food. A very much prized peculiarity of this millet is that the seed ripens while the stem is yet green. thus if cut promptly can be threshed for the seed, while the hay after being threshed, will make excellent fodder. Sow same as other millet. Lb. 5c

JAPANESE MILLET.

Or "Billion Dollar Grass." as it is sometimes called, is of recent introduction, and great claims are made for it as to productiveness and value as a forage plant. Prof. Brooks, of the Massachusetts Experiment station is quoted as saying: "At our station it produces 60 bushel of seed, 11,297 pounds of straw, 36,000 pounds of green fodder, 12,000 pounds of hay per acre, being superior to good corn fodder in feeding for milk, and in combination with the soja bean makes a very superior ensilage. Recommended highly for feeding dairy cattle, young stock and sheep, being very rich in nutritious elements.



If sown in the latter part of April will be ready to cut for hay by the middle of July Attains a height from 5 to $7\frac{1}{2}$ feet, accordining to season.

In drills plant 10 to 12 pounds per acre. broadcast, 15 pounds per acre. 1.b. 5c

PEARL MILLET OR PENCILLARIA.

Immensely productive. 25 tons per acre.

A native of Central America. It is an annual plant having long, broad foliage, and if allowed to develop fully will attain a height of from 10 to 12 feet, and bear numerous heads from 19 to 20 inches in length and 1 inch in diameter, completely covered with thousands of seeds, much relished by poultry. It is of rapid growth, throwing out from one plant humerous suckers, and if cut as soon as it reaches the height of 2 to 3 feet, it can be mowed from 4 to 6 times, according to the latiturde, and yields several tons of hay to the acre. If allowed to grow 6 or 7 feet high, and cut when the flower heads beginto develop, it will yield the heaviest fodder crop per acre now in civilization. For feeding it is equal

of any plant now in civilization. For feeding it is equal to any forder, and is relished either green or dry, by all kinds of stock. Lb. 15c

SIBERIAN OR RUSSIAN MILLET.

It is claimed to be the most wonderfully productive and satisfactory forage plant, possessing in a superior degree all of the essential merits of any of the older sortsexceeding them by far-besides many other points of excellence that distinguishes it and render it a most valuable addition yo the list of forages. If the claims are well founded it is destined to take front rank, if not to lead all the rest. Lb. 5c

Postage on all Field Seeds is 8 cents per pound.

Put a top dressing of our bone meal on your pasture. The result will surprise you.

For prices on large quantities of field and garden seed, write for supplementary price list issued monthly on account of fluctuations in the market.

Forage Plants—Continued.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.

Main standby of the English farmer in raising choice mutton. Perfectly hardy and of remarkable fattening properties. Easily grown. One acre will pasture 36 head for two months, lambs will make a gain of from 8 to 12 pounds per month. Pigs and cattle are so extremely fond of it. A very rank grower and bears heavy manuring and high cultivation. Sow at intervals of several weeks and secure a supply of good feed. Sow in June. Rape should be fed in August, though if a first crop be cut about 4 inches from the ground an after growth would be useful later. Does well sown with oats. If soil is clear and clean sow broadcast, otherwise in drills, and cultivate same as corn. Poultrymen will do well to sow a small patch to feed green to growing chicks. Can be sown on wheat stubble, furnishing excellent pasture late in the fall. Broadcasted it takes 8 to 10 pounds to the Lb. 10c; 10 lbs. 85c; 100 lbs. \$7.50 ACTO

LUPINS.

When young the plants are good for sheep, yellow Lupins remaining green longer than white. One of the best plants for soiling. May be sown from April until July and succeeds well in the poorest soil. Lb 10c

TEOSINTE.

Recommended as the most prolific forage plant yet introduced. The stalks containing much sacharine matter, are very nutritious. It can be cut several times during the season, yielding enormously. One seed will sometimes produce 20 to 60 stalks or shoots, and the warmer the climate the better it yields. Should not be planted until the soil is perfectly warm in the spring Requires about 4 pounds of seed to the acre. Plant in drills three feet apart and two or three seeds every 12 inches in drill. Lb \$1.00

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH. (Atriplex semibaccata)

The department of agriculture of California recommends this very highly for planting on alkali soils. They claim thousands of acres of arid and alkali land have been reclaimed by the use of this plant. The plant is of spreading habit, branching freely and making a thick mat of stems and foliage. The plant needs some moisture to start a growth but when once started it can stand the hottest and dryest weather Should be cut and cured same as clover. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; Hb. 30; lb. \$1,00

SHALLU.

A non-saccharine Sorghum from India, where it is extensively cultivated under the name of "Shallu." It is known under the name of California Rice, California Wheat, Egyptian Wheat.

One farmer here secured a small sample of it five years ago from California Experiment Station and after coatinual planting raised two acres for us last year and thus furnished our stock seeds. The following statement will show you what the grower thinks of this grain. "It is more valuable than Kaffir Corn for the grain, as it yields considerable more seed, it being of stooling habit, producing all the way from three to six stalks fronn a single grain, and that it is quite a drouth resister. The heads grow similar to broom corn, forming large heads of large, plump round white seeds. It is an excellent feed for horses, cattle, and for chicken feed it is unexcelled. Can be popped the same as pop corn, being more crisp than pop corn. When ground it makes excellent flour for pancakes. It is more of a grain erop than a forage crop. It will form more seeds than any of the cane or sorghum family, and double the amount of Kaffir Corn.

Sow in rows three feet apart 3 to 5 pounds of seed per acre. For fodder sow half to one bushel either broadeast or in drills. We think it worth a trial. Pkt. 5c; lb. 10c; 5 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. 60c. By mail 8c per lb extra.

Varieties of Sorghum Recommended for Fodder.

All the following species of Sorghum, bear dry weather well. When common corn will fail entirely for want of rain these plants simply stop, wait for the rain and then go on and make their full crop. In weight of grain they will make more per acre than the same land will make of corn. Some mills have been grinding the grain for flour with good success. In the way of dry forage they give enormous returns, at a cost less than the gathering cost alone of fodder corn. The cultivation is simple as that of corn. They will grow on any land where corn will, and on many lands too poor for corn. As soon as the seed begins to glaze commence to cut and shock.

NOTICE.

We wish to call your attention especially to three new and very valuable grains. These are Dwarf Straight Neck Yellow Milo Maize, Dwarf Black Hull White Kaffir Corn. and Feterita. Yoy will find all of these listed under novelties in the front part of the book.

WHITE KAFFIR CORN

It grows 4 to 5 feet high, making a straight upright growth. It has a strong stem with enormous wide leaves The stalks keep green and are brittle, making excellent fodder, either green or dried, which is highly relished by cattle and horses. The heads form at the top of each stalk, and as soon as these show the grain well, the joint next below top send up shoots which yield the second seed heads. For the grain sow in rows 3 feet apart, 3 to 5 pounds of seed to the acre. For fodder sow one half to one bushel, either broad cast or in drills. Lb. 5c

RED KAFFIR CORN.

This grows taller than the white; the stalks are more slender, but more juicy and very leafy. The heads are long, slender, compact, and grow very erect; they measure from 1 to 2 feet. The seed is red, smaller than that of the white, and rather hard and brittle. It does well on poor land and yields well. It ripens a little earlier than the white variety and yields much heavier. It is highly recommended by the Kansas Agriculture al College at Manhattan. Lb. 5c

JERUSALEM CORN. (White Durra.)

 YELLOW MILO MAIZE. (Milo.)

Growth is tall, 9 to 12 feet, stooling from t'e ground, like White Milo Maize, but not so much. It sends shoots also from the joints. Seed heads grow to great size, often weighing $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pound, sometimes a full pound, after ripening. On account of its branching habits this grain should be planted in rows 4 to 5 feet apart, and 2 to 3 feet in the drill, or 2 plants in a hill, 3 to 5 feet a part. Lb. $\frac{1}{2}$

BROWN DOURRHA. (Durra).

Similar to the Jerusalem Corn. Grain same size and shape, but of brown color instead of white, as the Jerusalem Corn. It withstands dry weather better than Kaffir Corn and Milo Maize, and is a sure cropper every year. Raised more for the grain than for the fodder. Yields immensely. Three or four pounds will plant an acre.....Lb.10e

Saccharine Sorghums.

In ordering these sorghums or canes please state whether you intend to now for syrup making or for fodder.

Texas Seeded Ribbon Cane or Gooseneck Sorghum.

This variety makes the most and the best quality of syrup. Growers who have used it for that purpose are enthusiastic about it. The stock is not entirely pure and both Goosenecked and straightnecked plants appear in the same fields......Lb. 10c

EARLY AMBER CANE. This popular and well known variety is the earliest and makes the finest quality of amber syrup and sugar. Succeeds well from Texas to Minnesota.......Lb. 5c

ORANGE CANE. A well known variety adapted to the southwest. It is from 8 to 10 days later than the Early Amber......Lb. 5c

RED TOP CANE. Planted very extensively in the southwest. Smaller than the other varieties, but makes a large amount of fodder.

FORAGE OR FODDER CANE. Cane seed is now grown to a considerable extent for stock feeding. It yields heavily. It can be raised anywhere, and is sown extensively in dry regions where grasses do not do well. Because of its sweetness it is greatly relished by cattle and horses and sheep. For forage sow 50 lbs. to the acre. Ask for Market prices.

Broom Corn.

There are many farmers who make this a most profitable crop. One acre will produce 500 cwt, of brush and nearly 40 bushels of seed. which is almost equal in value to oats for feed. Requires soil similar to corn, same cultivation, but should be planted some later in the season. Put in ground in prime condition. We think that more of our western farmers should grow Broom Corn for market. It is profitable. Frequently planted in drills 33 feet apart, leaving 6 inches apart: 10 to 20 pounds to an acre.



CANE

CALIFORNIA GOLDEN. An excellent standard variety, grows fine brush of good length and is free from the large center stem. Bleaches very evenly in the sun.....Lb. 5c IMPROVED EVERGREEN. This Broom Corn grows about 8 to 10 feet high, stands up well, and is entirety free from crooked brush. The fiber is long and fine. Its great value is that it will not get red in the field before it is sut, but is strictly a green variety of brush commanding high price.....Lb. 5c

THE OKLAHOMA DWARF BROOM CORN. Originated in Oklahoma. Most valuable strain grows here and in the southwest. Quite distinct from all others in earliness. Of robust habit and extreme productiveness; brush long and well fibered, and is a drouth resister. On new breaking it does splendidly, leaving the ground in prime erder for fall wheat crop, only slight discing needed to prepare for seeding. Averages five feet in height, making it convenient for pulling brush. It is a great yielder; one of our Oklahoma growers reports several fields yielding 1 to 3 tons fine long brush; seeds may be left to ripen on bush without injury to latter, removing danger of heating from immature seed bins. Stalks make excellent fodder if cut at once after brush is pulled.......Lb. 5c

For prices on large quantities of Field and Grass Seeds see supplementary price list issued monthly on account of Market fluctuations.

Field Beans, Peas and Cow Peas.

If by mail 8c per pound extra.

Field Beans.

WHITE NAVY. The standard white beans of medium size. Plant in drills so as to cultivate with a horse, 25 to 30 pounds enough to sow an acre. Lb. 10c

Get our prices on large quantities.

SOY BEAN. They are erect, growing with from one to six stems or more, branching out from near the ground and reaching a height of from one and a half to three and a half feet; seldom falling down, except in very rich loose ground. The branches are thickly studded with pods from the surface of the ground to the top; a single plant having sometimes as many as 200 pods containing from one to four beans, the usual number being three. The Soy Bean is a remarkable drouth resister, and will do comparatively as well on thin land. However, they respond very readily to plenty of moisture and good soil. Planting should not be done until the weather is warm—after corn planting. Soy Bean, as feed, takes the place of oil or gluten meal. Feeding them to milch cows. fattening hogs or cows, they have given astonishing results. If sown broadcast use one half to one bushel per acre. We have the early Yallow. Late Mammoth; this last variety, however, hardly ever matures north, but is all right for the southern states. Early Yellow Soy Beans. Lb. 100 Late Mammoth Soy Beans. Lb. 100

CASTOR BEANS. Are largely grown in our state, and have paid well the past few years. Will do well on any good corn land. One bushel plants fifteen acres. Lb. 10e

Field Peas.

CULTURE. Field Peas deserve more general cultivation. They are equal to corn in fattening hogs and are ready for feed several weeks earlier. Can be sown advantageously with oats or will do well alone. As a land fertilizer they are very beneficial. For such the crop should be plowed under when they begin to bloom. They will grow on most any kind of land.

White	Seeded	Golden					
		Canada		Pkt.	5c:	Ю.	10c
	Ask for 1	market p	rices	on large quantities.			

Cow Peas.

Cow Peas belong to the Bean family. They require a full season to mature. The seed or grain is ground and used for cattle feed; the stalk and leaves also make excellent fodder. fed green Poor sandy land may be greatly improved by plowing under a crop of cow peas, and thus made into fertile loam. Plant in a thoroughly pulverized soil. If wanted to plow under for manure, sow with grain drills a foot apart. If grown for fodder or for seed, plant three feet apart and cultivate thoroughly. The seed must not be sown until the soil has become thoroughly warm. Sow from i bushels to 1i bushels per acre. Being the best for Kansas.

 We carry the following varieties:
 Lb. 10c

 New Era.
 Lb. 10c

 Black
 Lb. 10c

 Clay
 Lb. 10c

 Blackeyed
 Lb. 10c

 Whip Poor-Will
 Lb. 10c

Miscellaneous Field Seeds.

SILVER HULLED BUCKWHEAT.

An improved sort, much excelling the old common variety which it has about superceded with us. It blooms longer, matures sooner, and yields double the amount per acre. Husks thinner, corners less prominent and seeds of a beautiful light gray color Flour made of this variety is pronounced better and more nutritious than others. Thirty to fifty pounds to an acre. Lb. 10c

JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT.

A new variety that has been raised here with good success. Early and very productive, with kernels twice the size of any other buckwheat, of a dark rich brown color and makes a superior flour. As it possesses a branching habit only half as much seed is required to plant an acre. Straw is very stiff and stands well up. Lb. 10c

CANARY SEED.

As easily grown as wheat. Requires similar culture. 20 to 30 pounds to an acre. We are in the market for seed. Lb. 10c

FLAX SEED.

Largely grown in this state for seed. Sow one-half to three quarters bushel to the acre. Can furnish choice, re-cleaned seed any time at market price.

For prices on large quantities of Field and Grass Seeds see supplementary price list issued monthly on account of market fluctuations.



SUNFLOWER, MAMMOTH RUSSIAN.

SUNFLOWER, MAMMOTH RUSSIAN. Single heads measure 15 to 20 inches in diameter, and contain an immense amount of seed, which is highly val-ued by all farmers and poultry breeders who have tried it as an excellent and cheap food for fowls. For poultry it is the best egg producing fruit known. It can be raised cheaper than corn, and is destined to be an article of great value. Every farmer should plant some of the seed in any waste piece of ground any time from early spring to the middle of July. Three pounds of seed will plant the acre. Lb. 10c

SUNFLOWER SEEDS FOR FEEDING BIRDS. We have suitable stock for feeding that we sell at reduced prices.

HEMP SEED. This is a crop that deserves more attention. The seed can be marketed with us. The fiber is in demand in the eastern markets. Lb 5c

In the eastern markets. SAND VETCH. (Vicia Villosa.) Another forage plant from Europe and highly es-teemed there. The sandvetch prospers on the most barren soils, on those too poor to grow any other crop. Six tons per acre of green forage have been harvested in in one cut in poor silicious soils with second cut for seeds or for plowing under. Sow seed in August alone with a certal, rye preferred, as this vetch reaches a heigkt of 3 to 5 feet and must have a support. Sow 60 to 75 pounds per acre. If it makes a good growth before winter, it may be cut, and again by March 15. Eaten by all farm tock.

SPRING VETCHES' OR' TARES. Similar in growth to Sandvetch, though for spring sowing only. Lb. 10c

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE. A well known vegetable produced from tubers like potatoes, which they resemble somewhat. Excellent food for stock. Do best in light rich soil, when an open exposure, but will resist any degree of cold incident to the United States. Planted like potatoes and as early as the ground will permit in May. Can remain in ground all winter as freezing does not hurt them. Yield from 500 to 1,000 nbushels per acre. Lb. 5c; bu. \$1.50

Peanuts.

The peanuts thrive and produce best on light, sandy fertile soil with a good clay subsoil. They possess long tap roots, which extend into the earth, drawing thence the nutriment, which is beyond the reach of any of our cultivated crops.

SPANISH.

The earliest variety grown, pods are small, but re-markably well filled and solid, and the yield per acre is very large. Can be cultivated with the plow. Recause of its early habit and easy cultivation it is the best va-riety to grow for fattening hogs. Lb. 15c

WHITE JUMBO.

This is the standard variety for roasting. The pea-nuts are three times as large as those of the ordinary Spanish peanut. The nuts proper grow in fine double jointed hulls of beautiful white appearance, are from $\frac{1}{2}$ to one inch in length, and of fine flavor. An excellent variety worthy of the highest recommendation. Lb. 15c



PEANUTS.

Grains.

We give special attention to our grain, procuring same from reliable growers who select for seed. Our process of cleaning is near perfect. When grain seeds are shipped in seamless sacks, we charge 25c per sack extra, and will refund price of same should sacks be returnes to our store in good condition.

Barley.

It is an unquestionable fact that Kansas produces Barley much brighter in color than countries having much rain.

MANSURY BARLEY.

A six-rowed barley with long, heavy well-filled heads containing large plump grains. Straw bright, very strong and is not apt to lodge even on the richest lands. Ripens about a week or ten days later than the common six-rowed barley, or about the same time as the two-rowed barley. Bu. \$1.50

SIX-ROWED BARLEY.

This barley succeeds best on lands more sandy and lighter than those adapted to wheat. It is sown in the spring, and can be grown farther north than any other grain. Sow from two to two and a half bushels per acre. Bu. \$1.00

Bu. \$1.00 WHITE HULLESS BARLEY. This is used mainly for food, and it produces one of the best hog fatteners that we know of. It is equal to the best Kansas Iowa, Nebraska or Illinois corn, as a fattener, and it is surer than most any other crop. The yield the past season was fifty bushels to the acre. Hulless barley did splendidly. We are urging farmers and stock raisers to give this splendid sort a trial. Bu. \$3.00 CHAMPION DEPARDUESS BAPLEY

OHAMPION BEARDLESS BARLEY. A new beardless barley, earliest barley known, about ten days earlier than other kinds A good yielder, six-rowed and strictly beardless. It can be handled as easy as oats. This barley is not strictly pure and has a few Bu. \$1.25

Oats.

Sow 50 to 65 pounds per acre. No crop gives better results by change of seeds than oats. If you have been reseding the same strain for several years, now is the time to change. Do not com-pare our select re-cleaned strains with the common oats frequently offered as seed oats.

NEW KHERSON.

The Earliest Oats in Cultivation.

It has done all that is claimed and more. It ripens in 100 days and brings big yields. The grain runs heavy. It is suited for making oat meal. The earliest, heavy grain and heavy yield even on dry and makes this the oat of the west.

Description. The plant is a vigorous but not a rapid grower. The straw is short and on the same land it stands shorter than any other oats tested. The leaves are very broad, and expose a large surface. The panicles are spreading, i. e., it is not a side oat. The berries are very thin hull. They usually weigh well per bushel, and in this respect, as well as in yield per acre, they have led all other varieties. Bu. \$1.00

RED RUST PROOF.

Largely grown in this state; it is a heavy yielder and sure cropper and entirely rust proof, makes a very heavy grain. The stock in this variety is Kansas grown from stock obtained from Texas, which will, we are sure, prove satisfactory. Bu. 75c

For prices on large quantities of Grass and Field Seeds ask for supplemenarty price list, issued monthly, subject to market changes.

Grains-Continued.

Other Varieties of Oats.

NEW SIXTY DAY OATS.

This new variety is highly recommended by our State Agricultural College Its particular merits are its rust proof qualities, which are very marked indeed. It has very stiff straw, a point which will prevent lodging in seasons where the straw will make a rank growth. Farmers who have grown this variety are delighted with it, and say it is from three to five days earlier than the Kherson. Try it. We recommend it very strongly. Bu, 85c

WINTER TURF OATS.

Valuable for winter grazing and early grain crop in the southwest. Its turfing and stooling qualities are remarkable. If sown in the middle of September they can be pastured in December and will continue to give an abuntance of fine pasture until spring. Sow about 1 to 1 bushels per acre.

Wheat.

All our seed wheats are extra selected and re-cleaned on our own mills. Farmers can rest assured that in buying from us they can procure the best that can be had anywhere.

Winter Wheat.

We expect to have the following varieties of winter wheat. When in the market ask for prices.

Hard Wheats.

The Kharkov. Is considered the best variety of the hard red Winter Wheats.

Red Turkey. Has the reputation to be one of the best hard bearded sorts.

Red Russian. An exceedingly hard variety, highly recommended by the government experiment station.

Soft Wheats.

Harvest Queen. This variety is a good yielder of solden yellow color.

Harvest King. Is a red chaff wheat, not so extensively grown as some of our standard varieties.

Red Cross. A new early variety here. Heavy rielder and fine color.

Fultz. A very old variety and well known.

Pearl's Prolife. We recommend this variety very highly.

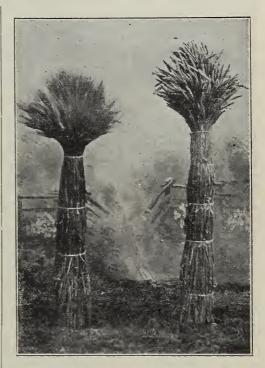
A Spring Wheat.

MACARONI WHEAT "KUBANKA."

A Wheat That Will Grow Where Other Varieties Fail

The last three seasons have brought to us many samples of Macaroni or Durum Wheat to be tested. We have followed the experiments very carefully and now we are convinced the variety "Kubanka" is the most satisfactory. The variety is no longer an experiment for yield or quality of grain. In fact we hear nothing but praise of its wonderful drouth resisting qualities and heavy yield. The reports of yield are from 28 bushels to 45 bushels per acre and many report such yields without irrigation. Minneapolis and Illinois millers 'have bought the grain this last season from us for milling.]

5 lbs. 30c; ½ bu. 90c; 1 bu. sacked \$1.50



Kharkov

Harvest Queen.

SEED RYE.

Rye does best on rich sandy soil, and is a sure cropper almost every year. Should be sown in August or September either in drills or broadcast at the rate of one to one and a half bushels to the acre. Bu. \$1.00

SPELTZ OR EMMER.

A grain for dry lands introduced from Russia. This is a remarkable grain, and should receive the attention of all farmers It is a speciaes of drouth resisting Barley, and not inclined to rust. It will produce a fair crop under almost any condition of climate, but grows best in dry prairie regions with hot summers, giving excellent results. Thrives on poor land in stony ground. The experiment stations of both Dakotas report that it resists drouth more than oats or barley. All animals eat it greedily and are fond of the straw. It will undoubtedly become a regular valuable crop for stock feed. Sow 70 to 80 pounds per acre very early, same as barley or oats. Our seed is Kansas grown and acclimated.

Pk. 25c; bu. of 40 lbs. \$1.25

Tree Seeds. PRICES GIVEN INCLUDE POSTAGE. EXCEPT WHEN QUOTED BY THE POUND.

The growing of forest trees is in the case of some varieties, a very simple and easy process, requiring but little care or skill on the part of the grower. Other varieties require special treatment and great care and attention to insure success, while some are very difficult to grow, and with such planters are not very likely to succeed until after having made repeated failures. One important fact in connection with this subject must always be kept in view, and that ia, it takes time for these seeds to germinate, in some cases only a few days, in others several weeks, while quite frequently they will be dormant the whole season before commencing to grow. It often happens that seeds of a given variety, all taken from the tree at one time, sown together and subjected to the same treatment, will show great irregularity in time of germinating, some coming up in a few days, others not until the next season, and still others not until the season

The second provide the plat, and make a shallow trench from a half to one inch deep, according to the size of the second the second the solution the solution of the second the second plant is inches wide, solution the solution to the size of the second the seco

Fruit Seeds.

APPLE. Apple seeds do not produce the same variety out an inferior, though hardy stock. Upon the stock thus raised from the seed are grafted or budded the cut-elans of such varieties as are desired. The seed may be planted in good time in any soil during the winter in the south, or early in the spring; it must first be frozen which can be done during the winter by laying the seed in lay-ers in the boxes and covering them with sand, and ex-posing them to the cold freezing weather. After freezing the need must not be allowed to become dry, or many will be spoiled if deprived of all moisture. Branch Crabappie

MAHALEB CHERRIES. The remarks regarding apples are applicable to cherries. This variety is con-sidered the best stock upon which to graft the choicest sorts

PEAR. Sow the seeds thickly in the spring in drills eighteen inches apart. The soil should be deep: a rich moist loam is most suitable. The value of the stock depends largely upon a rapid and vigorous growth; take them up in the autumn, shorten the tap root and set them in rows four feet apart, a foot apart in the row. The next season they will be fit to bud or graft, provided they have been well grown. Oz. 10c: 10.500 MNDOPOLAR BULKLY The direction size for

MYROBOLAN PLUM. The direction given for planting apples will apply to plums, except they should be planted farther apart in the rows. The varieties raised from seed will be inferior, but hardy, vigorous stock upon which to graft the choicest sorts Oz. 10c; lb. 50c

GERMAN PRUNES. Treated same as preceding. Oz. 10c., lb. 50s

PEACH. Peach stock is raised by planting the stones two or three inches deep in the fail. If the stones are cracked they are most sure to grow. The after treat-ment is about the same as apples, though budding can be commenced sooner than grafting in apple stock. Bu. \$2.00

Small Fruits.

CURRANTS, GOOSEBERRY, RASPBERRY, STRAWBERRY AND BLACKBERRY. (We have a fine stock of the above small fruit seeds.) Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c.

Evergreens.

EUROPEAN LARCH. This variety is of great value for forest planting and is being exteneively grown in the United States. Is easily transplanted if handied while dormant, but as it starts very early in the spring, It is best to transplant it in the fall, or procure the seeds and row, where wanted.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00 ARBOR VITAE, AMERICAN CEDAR.....An evergreen of very great value for ornamental Its timber is exceedhedges. ingly beautiful, lasting a hundred years in exposed situations without showing signs of decay.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00



CHINESE ARBORVITAE. A very beautiful tree for towns and ornamental hedges, for which purpose it has been a long time in cultivation

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00

GOLDEN ARBORVITAE. A variety of the preceeding species with foliage of golden hue. Very pretty Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; lb. \$4.00

NORWAY SPRUCE. A very popular variety from Europe. It has been very extensively planted in this country for ornamental purposes, and also for timber and wind breaks. It is easily transplanted or grown from seed, and succeeds in a variety of soils and climates.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.09 HEMLOCK SPRUCE. A well known evergreen of high northern latitudes. It is one of the most graceful spruces with a light spreading spray, frequently branching almost to the ground. The wood is coarse grained, but is used in great quantities for rough work. The bark is very extensively used in tanning. It is a beautiful tree for the lawn and makes a highly ornamental hedge.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; lb. \$4.00

Tree Seeds-Continued.

Evergreens—Continued.

WHITE SPRUCE. It is a beautiful ornamental tree, noted for fine silvery foliage and graceful form.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; lb. \$4.00

AUSTRIAN PINE. It is tough and hardy and of very rapid growth, adapted to a great variety of soil and climate. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00

MEDITERRANEAN PINE. A variety from southsra Europe. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00

WHITE OR, WEYMOUTH PINE. The pine umber of commerce is mostly the product of this species Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; lb. \$3.00

SWISS STONE PINE. Extremely rapid grower. rout too tender for the north. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; lb. \$3.00

SILVER FIR. Like the preceding, but of larger size and coarser foliage. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; lb. \$1.50

BALSAM FIR. It is in great demand for ornamental purposes. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00

RED CEDAR. Grown in all sections. very valuaole timbers, a fine ornamental tree, will stand the dry not winds of Nebraska and western Kansas, and is fine for wind breaks and round the farm house and stock yards Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; lb. \$1.50

BOXWOOD. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; lb. \$3.00

CYPRESS. They are very fine trees for ornamental ourposes, and largely used for that,

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00

Rocky Mountain Evergreen.

PICEA PUNGENS. (Colorado Blue Spruce.) From selected blue trees only.

 Oz. 35c; ½ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00

 ABIES DOUGLASH. (Douglas Spruce.)
 45.000

 oedds to the pound.
 Oz. 25c; ½ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00

 PINUS PONDEROSA. (Yellow Pine.)
 16,000

 seeds to a pound.
 Oz. 35c; ½ lb. \$5c; lb. \$3.00

 PICEA ENGLEMANII. (Similar to the blue
 Spruce.)

 Oz. 25c; ½ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00
 JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA. (Silver Cedar.)

Oz. 25c; ½ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.00 ABIES CONCOLOR. (Colorado Black Balsam.) Oz. 25c; ½ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00

Deciduous Trees.

 SUGAR MAPLE.
 This is one of our highly priced

 cative trees.
 Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.00

 SOFT OR SILVER LEAF MAPLE.
 One of the

 most beautiful of Maples.
 Can give prices in May.

 WHITE ASH. This is one of the most valuable

 varieties for forest planting.

 Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. 60c

 EUROPEAN ASH.

 Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.00

 WEEPING BIRCH.

 Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; lb. \$3.00

 ASH-LEAVED MAPLE OR BOX ELDER.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; lb. \$3.00 WHITE BIRCH. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1 00 EUROPEAN BEECH. [Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.00 WHITE ELM. It is the largest of the native elms often growing to the height of 80 feet.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$1.50 EUROPEAN ELM. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$1.50 AMERICAN BASSWOOD OR LINDEN.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.00 EUROPEAN BASSWOOD.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.00 AILANTHUS, TREE OF HEAVEN. Grows to large size, and the foliage has a rich tropical appearance. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. 60e EUROPEAN ALDER. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.36

CATALPA SPECIOSA. Of all the trees that have been suggested as adapted to the formation of timber plantations, the Cataipas stand pre-eminent. It is exceedingly rapid in growth, its adaptation to most all soils and situations; its wide range of latitude; Its extraordinary success on the western and northern prairies, the ease and certainty with which it is transplanted; the strong vitality and freedom from disease and insects; the incomparable value of its timber; the almost imperishable nature of the wood when used for posts, railroad ties and in other exposed conditions and the unrivaled beauty of its flowers all point to the Catalpa as the tree to plant The yearling Catalpa should be cut off above the ground. It will then insure a straight and stronger growth the following season. The same treatment applies on hard and soft Maples. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; lb. \$1.00

TEA'S JAPAN HYBRED CATALPA.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00

COTTONWOOD. A very quick growing tree; will grow anywhere, lumber not very valuable.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; lb. \$1.00

WHITE MULBERRY. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00 BLACK MULBERRY. Same as preceding, ber not so hardy. Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; lb. \$2.59

RUSSIAN MULBERRY. Said to be most valuable for our climate. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; lb. \$3.00

YELLOW OR BLACK LOCUST. This variety is noted for its rapid growth of hard, durable timber.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. 50e HONEY LOCUST. This is a large and handsome tree, the trunk and branches generally set with long and

formidable spines. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. 50e KENTUCKY COFEE TREE.

	Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. 40e
HAWTHORNE.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; lb. \$1.50
BARBERRY.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; lb. \$1.59
PURPLE LEAVED B.	ARBERRY.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; ib., \$4.00 OSAGE ORANGE. A native of Texas, but has been generally introduced over the country because of is extensive employment as a hedge plant.

	Pkt.	5c; oz. 18	ic; ib. 60e
BLACK WALNUT.	One of t	the most	valuable
varieties for timber plantin	g.		Bu. \$1.00
ENGLISH WALNUT			Lb. 40c
SHELL BARK HICE	ORY.		Bu. \$2.50
AMERICAN SWEET	CHESTN	UT. Na	tive. Tree
hardy. A rapid grower after	er a few yea	ars' growt	h. Lb. 50
PAWPAW.	Pkt. 5c	; oz. 10c	; lb. \$1.00

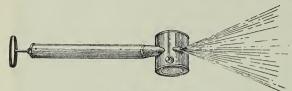
HORNBEAM. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.75 TULIP TREE. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. 80e SYCAMORE. A native tree extending over a large portoin of the United States.

arge portoin of the United States.

	Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. 80e
PERSIMMON.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.00
BLACK CHERRY.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.00
HACKBERRY.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.09
TREE CRANBERRY	OR SNOWBALL.
	Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; lb. \$3.09
BUCKTHORN.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ib. \$2.00
RED BUD.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2 00
DOGWOOD.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; lb. \$1.59
SASSAFRAS.	Pkt. 5c; ox. 25c; lb. \$2.00
SWEET GUM.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; lb. \$5.00
LILAC.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00
WHITE FRINGE.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; lb. \$2.00
GOLDEN CHAIN TRI	EE.
	Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; lb. \$1.50
CALYCANTHUS.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1b. \$2.00
WITCH HAZEL.	Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; lb. \$3.60

Sprayers, Insecticides, Fertilizers, Etc.

Barteldes' Faultless Sprayer.



Barteldes' Faultless Sprayer.

The best low priced tin sprayer on the market It throws a spray as fine as steam, and is very useful for applying Liquid Lice Killer in cracks and crevices about the poultry house, roost, nest boxes, etc.; also about the hog pens. It is more economical of the insecticide than a paint brush or other means of application. For applying insecticides onto rose bushes, shrubs, etc.it is unequaled, and should be in the hands of every gardener, poultry keeper and fruit grower

Price 60c. Postage 20c extra.



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Auto Spray No. 1.

Fully guaranteed and money refunded if not satisfactory after ten days. It is useful and practical for every variety of spraying, such as for trees, shrubbery, vines, up to five acres of field crops, disinfectants and small whitewashing jobs.

Tank made of heavy brass or galvanized iron. Tank made of the strongest construc-tion possible and the troublesome safety valve not necessary. Capacity three gallons.

The pump is two inches in diameter and of heavy, seamless brass. Can be easily removed and locked in by means of a cam. Absolutely air tight and no screw connections of any kind. Two or three pumpings will empty the tank under high pressure.

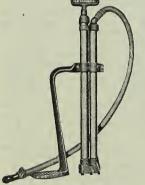
The pump plunger can be removed and re-inserted by simply drawing the leather cup into a sleeve. There is no wrinkling or disarranging the cup while inserting into the cylinder.

The Auto Spray has more special and desirable features than any other pump and at the same time is of the best possible construction.

Auto Spray No. 1. Brass tank with Auto pop. Price, \$7.20

Auto Spray No. 1. Galvanized iron tank with Auto pop. Price. \$4.95

Auto Spray No. 1.



Auto Sgray No. 2.

Cartons with perforated tops, 1 lb. Slug Shot in each. 15c; postage 16c. extra Canister. This can holds half a pint; it has screw top; perforated with fine small holes. Is well suited for Canister. This can holds half a pint; it has screw top; perforated with fine small holes. Is well suited for ladies use on house plants and for flowers. Price, filled 25c; Postage 16c extra The Duster. Is the most common implement in use for applying Slug Shot on potatoes, cranberries, can-bages and vine crops. These dusters are two sizes, holding half gallons and gallon, and are bottomed with finely per-forated material.

Price 35c and 50c each forated material The Complete Garden Bellows. It is intended to use among the roses, shrubs, and small trees. It is strongly and neatly made, substantial in all parts. Price, \$1.00

Fertilizers.

THE COMPLETE FERTILIZER.

Is guaranteed to be uniform in composition. rich in ammonia and soluble phosphoric acid. It is a fine powder easily mixed with the soil. It may be composited, sowed by hand or sowed by the drill or broadcast plaster sower. It is the best fertilizer for lawns, and will make an old and exhausted one look fresh and green. Price of 10 lb. sacks 40c; 20 lb. sacks 60c; 100 lb. sacks \$2.00; 200 lb. sacks \$3.50 FINE GROUND BEEF BONE. Fine ground beef bone is a product from which the glue and grease have been extracted. It contains some-what over 3 per cent of ammonia and 50 per cent bone phosphate of lime, in which 124 per cent of valuable phosphroic acid. Price of 10 lb. sacks 30c; 20 lb. sacks 55c; 100 lb. sacks \$1.75; 200 lb. sacks \$3.25



Auto Spray in Potatoes.

Auto Syray No. 2.

A Full Brass Bucket Pump of New Pattern.

A lot of power in a small compass. The construction of this pump makes it practically indestructible, and it can be used for all purposes. It has brass valves. Heavy brass air chamber and pump cylinder. The leg is made of mal-leable iron, and the pump can be moved up and down so as to fit over any bucket.

The "Auto-Spray" No. 2 develops very high pressure, and can be used for spraying whitewash or cold water paint, as well as for general spray purposes Price of Auto-Spray No. 2, \$3.20

Insecticides.

HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT. It kills potato bugs in all stages of growth, except in the eggs. It kills the black fleas on cabbages, turnips, beets, radishes, and egg plants. Apply by dusting over the plants. It kills the cabbage worm and also the currant and gooseberry worm, the aphils or green fly on roses and other flowers. Has prevented the ravages of the curculio and canker worm on fruit trees, has likewise been used around beans, melons, squashes, etc., with great success. Keeps the striped bug from all vine crops.

For Slugs on Roses. Slug shot is a sure killer. Apply with a bel-lows after a dew or rain on both under and upper side of leaf. Price per 5 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. 75c; 50 lbs. \$3.00; 100 lbs. \$5.75

Poultry Supplies

Conkey's Remedies.

Conkey's Poultry Book. In order to introduce these remedies, we will send free to anyone asking for it, a copy of this very valuable Poultry Book. The price of the book is 5oc, but we will give it to you free. It should be in the hands of every poultry raiser.

All guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

Roup Remedy	50c	Head Lice Remedy	25c
Cholera Remedy	50c	Lice Powder	25c
Gape Remedy	50c	Lice Liquid	35c
Chickenpox Remedy	50c	Laying Tonic	50c
Limber Neck Remedy	50c	Noxicide	35c
Scaly Leg Remedy		Stock Tonic	50c
White Diarrhoea Remedy	50c	Fly Knocker	35c

Prices are not prepaid.

(All registered with the Kansas Agricultural College.)

Fine Ground Blood Meal. A highly concentrated and natural food for hens, containing 87 per cent protein. Makes the plumage bright and glossy, and is particularly beneficial during the moulting season. Should never be fed without mixing with other food in proportion of 1 to 15 parts of meal or shorts.

Price, lb. 5c; 10 lbs. 40c; 100 lbs. \$3.75 Coarse Poultry Bone. Consists of ground beef bone thoroughly dried and free from grease. It is more economical and better in every way than raw beef bone. Rich in bone phosphate of lime, which is necessary for making egg shells, and for building up the frame of the chicken. Should be placed in liberal quantities in a clean dry place. Price, lb. 5c; 10 lbs. 32c; 100 lbs. 33.00

Fine Poultry Bone. Is the same as the coarse, but ground finer for the small chickens, and is a great frame builder It can be mixed with the mash in limited quantities Price, lb. 5c; 10 lbs. 30c; 100 lbs. \$2.75

Coarse Meat Meal.Made from cooked beef scraps, thoroughly dried and ground.Is especially useful forfattening poultry for the market.It is better and more economical than fresh beef scraps, because it is concentratedand free from moisture.A great flesh producer.Price, lb. 5c; 10 lbs. 35c; 100 lbs. \$3.00

Genuine Crushed Oyster Shells. Not clam shells, like some dealers offer.

Mica Crystal Grit. Best for both old and young chickens. Pearl Poultry Shell. Crysco-Co., Grit and Shell Producer. (Fine and coarse). Bantoldoc' Supfle

LBS. NET

Barteldes' Sunflower Chick Feed. Barteldes' Sunflower Hen Feed.

Present prices: 10 lbs. 40c; 25 lbs. 70c; 50 lbs. \$1.10; 100 lbs. \$2.00. Subject to change

Here are absolutely the best feeds we know how to make. Made up of all ingredients mixed in the proportions to give the best results. The e were made for quality and not to sell at a certain price. Try a bag and you will not be diaspointed.

For prices of cracked Kaffir Corn, Whole Kaffir Corn, Cracked Cane see our Pink List.

Oil Cake Meal.

Unequalled for feeding purposes. Especially valuable to farmers. Best and most economical food for

cattle. Greatest flesh former and milk producer known. Keeps stock in excellent condition and improves value of land. It is a great food. For milk-producing should be fed in equal parts of oil meal to either bran or shorts. Should be mixed and soaked twelve hours before feeding. At night and morning feeding, corn meal should be used with the oil meal when butter is the object. Thin when feeding at dinner, with cold water. Feed cattle and hogs three to four quarts per day; calves one to two quarts; horses two to three quarts. Present prices, see Pink List

Bird Seed.

If to be sent by mail, add 8 cents for postage. Our best mixed Bird Seed is put up according to the mixed formula of the health of birds, from the cleanest and choicest seeds. Special prices on larger lots.

Mixed Bird Seed, per lb. 10c; Canary Seed, per lb. 10c; Hemp Seed, per lb. 10c; Poppy Seed, per lb. 25 c; Rape Seed, per lb. 10c Cuttlefish bone, per oz. 10c; per lb. 60c.

Porcelain Nest Eggs.

THE "Opal" brand are the best. They are clean cut and uniform. Worth double the common ones. With these there is no danger of getting bad eggs mixed up with the fresh ones, nor of the hens acquiring the habit of egg eating. 3 for 10c; 6 for 15c; 12 for 30c; if wanted by mail 50c per dozen.

We can supply in gross lots at special prices.



rice, lb. 5c; 10 lbs. 25c; 100 lbs. \$3.00 Price, lb. 5c; 10 lbs. 25c; 100 lbs. \$1.00 Price, lb. 5c; 10 lbs. 25c; 100 lbs \$1.00 Price, lb. 5c; 10 lbs. 25c; 100 lbs. \$1.00

Price. lb. 5c; 10 lbs. 20c: 100 lbs. \$1.00

Incubators.

Buckeye 50-Egg Incubator.

(Guaranteed for Five Years.)

Buckeye Incubators have been on the market for twenty years and have earned the reputation of being the best small incubators in the world. This is a hot water incubator, which is always the safest, measuring 30 by 17 by 18 inches with a capacity of 50 eggs. It is extremely simple, and made in the very best manner possible. It is fully equipped with steel lamp, steel boiler, egg tester, extra trays, and everything necessary to do the work. The thermostat and regulator are built on scientific principles and are absolutely accurate in their work. The machine is finished in a workmanlike manner and will do the work as satisfactory and will be found as dependable as the highest priced machine on the market.

Style C, Single Walls Style A, Double Walls. Price ready for use, \$7.00. Price ready for use, \$8.00.

Safety-Hatch Incubators

These are absoluctly the best medium priced incubators on the market today. They are made in a first class manner throughout, of best materials, and have more special and sanitary features than any other make.

THE CASE is exceptionally well built of two walls, one inch kiln dried Louisiana Red Cypress lined between with two pound wool deadening felt. This Cypress has proven to be by far the best for this purpose, being the least affected by heat, cold, or dampness, and yet is firm and light. The whole case except the doors, including the top and bottom is neatly covered with galvanized iron. This makes the case practically indestructible and air tight except the necessary openings for ventila-tion. This construction means an even temperature at a low cost of oil. Do not however, confuse this with the galvanized iron incubators on the market as the Safety Hatch is galvanized iron over the regular wood walls. walls.

THE LID is hinged at the back so that it can raised and the entire contents of the incubator, including the tank and trays can be lifted out and the inside easily cleaned, and exposed to the sun for a sun bath. This excellent sanitary feature is found in the Safety Hatch only.

THE DOORS are double, the inside of glass and the outside of wood. They can be opened separately or both together. When open they drop down entirely out of the way. This arrangement is another special Safety Hatch feature,

THE HEATING SYSTEM is the most important feature of an incubator. The tank and boiler are made of ten-ounce, cold rolled and polished copper, reinforced at the corners. The tubes are full two inches in diameter insuring free circulation and an even temperature at all times.

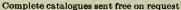
↓↓ THE ENTIRE SYSTEM can be lifted out of the in-cubator and easily emptied. Those that have tried to drain the water out of other incubators will appreciate

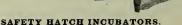
drain the water between the second se the burner cool and the flame uniform, and minimizes the

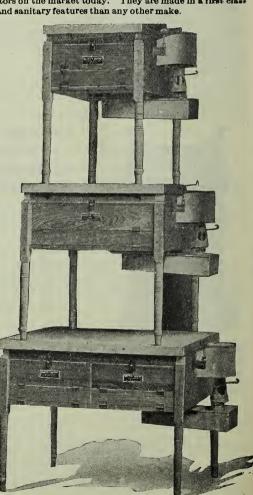
the burner cool and the flame uniform, and minimizes the fire danger. THE CHIMNEY is double for the purpose of send-ing the heat far up into the boiler. There is a mica open-ing which leaves the flame always in view. The chim-neys part at a convenient place so that the lamp can be easily taken out for cleaning. THE TRAYS are strongly built of Louisiana Red Cypress and galvanized hardware wire cloth instead of the ordinary screening, usually used. These trays will not sag at any place. The nursery tray is built deep and so constructed that the chicks cannot fall out when the tray is removed.

constructed that the chicks cannot tail out when the tray is removed.
 THE REGULATOR is Oakes Wafer which is recognized as the best. Is simple and efficient.
 You can make no mistake in buying this incubator.
 It is built in the best possible manner, very attractive and does the work as well as the highest priced machine made.
 It is guaranteed to give satisfaction or money back.

Safety Hatch Incubator, No. 1—100 to 120 eggs ...\$12.00 Safety Hatch Incubator, No. 2— 160 to 175 eggs... 14.00 Safety Hatch Incubator, No. 3—200 to 240 eggs ... 16.50







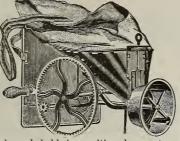


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Miscellaneous Implements.

CAHOON'S PATENT HAND SEED SOWER.

For sowing alfalfa, wheat, oats barley, rye, buck wheat, grass, seeds, etc. The best machine of the kind in the market. The grain is held in a tight sheet iron hopper, surrond-ed by a bag that will hold a bush-el of seed. This is suspended by



Is suspended by by a strap from the operator's neck and held in position by a strap around the waist. The seed is thrown from eight to twenty feet on each side of the operator, the heaviest seed being of course thrown the greatest distance.



No. 1.



The frame of this machine which carries all the bearing parts, is made of one piece of metal, thus assuring perfect and permanent align-ment. This fea-ture makes the Premier the easiest running machine on the mar-ket, and prevents

out of order. The seed is fed to the fan wheel through an adjustable slide, in such a manner as to insure an even distribution.

PREMIER BROADCAST SEED SOWER.

even distribution. The slides can be closed instantly. The grain bag is supported by a strap thrown across the shoulders. The Premier will sow any seed that is sown broadcast, such as oats, wheat, rye, rice, flax, millet, c.over, timothy, price \$1.50

THE CLIPPER GRAIN and SEED CLEANER.

· We are using this mill in our warehouses. The Improved No. 1 Hand Grain and Seed Mill is the most complete grain and seed cleaner ever invented. It cleans wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, buckwheat, beans, clover, timothy, flax, millet, mustard, cabbage, turnip, radish, and all other kinds of grain and seen grown in the United States with once through, without waste, and leaves no tailing over to clean. It will separate plantain from the medium clover seed, as well as any mill we have ever used in our plant. It has zinc sieves, vertical blast, and is the most practical farm mill. The capacity of this mil large enough for a farmer, and when it comes to cleaning all kinds of grain seeds this little dandy always takes a front seat. Seven out of eight sieves used in this mill are made of perforated zinc, the best sieve in the world, and the fact is it is the best farm mill on the face of the earth. Weight 150 pounds. Price, \$25.00

Royal Wheelbarrow Grass Seeder.



ing, nicely finished, first class Wheelbarrow Grass Seeder, our machine is far ahead of them all. THE EUREKA SEED DRILL

Weight of seeder complete, 40 to 50 pounds.

No. 11. Single Hopper Seeder. Sows all small seeds like clover, timothy and alfalfa, with hopper 14 feet long.

Price \$8.00 each

No. 12. Double Hopper Seeder. Sows all small seed like clover, timothy, alfalfa, and also chaffy seeds like red top, orchard grass and clean bluegrass, with hopper Price \$9.00 each 14 feet long.

THE EUREKA SEED DRILL For Kitchen Garden & Hot Bed. This little handy garden drill is designed only for small plots of ground, hot-beds, etc., and of course is not expected to be used for ex-tensive planting like the large drills. It fills its place very well, and we feel confident our customers will not be disappointed in placing or-ders for this valuable little drill. You can get close to the sides of your hot beds with this drill and save the annoyance of filling in by hand the ends of the rows as occurs with other machines. Price, \$1.00



Price \$3.50



We show in the following pages, cuts of the best known machines of the **Celebrated Planet Jr.**, line The great machines that have become the world's standard. Guaranteed to be better made, better finished; stronggr and capable of doing hard work and better work, with less labor to the operator, than any others on the market. Examine any one of them anywhere to be convinced of these facts.

NO. 1 COMBINED DRILL SEEDER, WHEEL HOE CULTIVATOR AND PLOW.

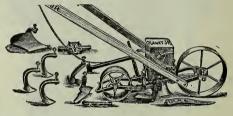
This has long been the most popular combined tool made. As a seed sower it is the same as No. 2 Drill Seeder. but smaller, holding three pints. From a drill it is changed to its other uses by removing two bolts, when hoes, etc., can be attached. It is an excellent seed sower, a first class double or single wheel hoe, and excellent furrower, an ad-mirable wheel cultivator, and a rapid and efficient garder plow. Weight 44 pounds. Price with tools as shown, \$9.00; with pair rakes, \$10.25.



It sows evenly in drills, and also drops in hills at 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart. It is thrown out of gear instantly by moving a convenient lever; or the flow of seed is stopped by pushing down the rod. No time is lost, no seed is wasted. It is quickly set to sow different kinds of seed in the exact thickness desired. It covers and rolls down light or heavy, and marks the next row clearly. Holds three quarts. Weighs 43 pounds. Price, \$10.50

NO. 4 IMPROVED HILL AND DRILL SEEDER, WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR AND PLOW.

This admirable tool combined in a single convenient impleplement a grand hill-dripping seeder, a perfect drill seeder, a single wheel hoe, a cultivator, and a plow. It holds two quarts and as a seeder is like No. 3, sowing in continuous rows, or dropping in hills in five different distances. The drill is detached and the tool frame substituted by removing but one bolt. It then becomes a single whose he, garden plow or cultivator. It useful almost every day of the season, at every stage of garden work. With this one implement the small farmer can do prac-tically all the work in his small crop. Price with tools as shown, weight 53 lbs. \$11.90; with rakes \$12.00; as a drill only, \$9.00.



NO. 6 PLANET JR. COMBINED HILL AND DRILL SEEDER, WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR AND PLOW.

No. 37 PLANET JR. No. 37 PLANET JR. Single Wheel Disc Hoe, Cultiva-tor and Plow. Price complete as in cut, \$7.00. Packed, weight 20 pounds. 1 set discs, 1 pair three-pronged cultiva-tor teeth, 1 plow, 1 leaf lifter. 12222

WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR AND PLOW. This is the Planet Jr. Seeder and is made as perfect as it is possible to have. The wheel has forged steel spokes, is 164 inches high, and is most substantial. The feed is made accurate, and the hill dropping device is made of steel. It drops 4, 6, 8, 12 and 24 inches apart and the change from drill to hill and vice versa can be made in a few seconds. The index is a new design, easily adjusted by means of an accurate thumb screw. The cut-off is within easy reach of the thumb and fore finger of the right hand. The opening plow is narrower than other drills and the covers have sufficient opportunity to swing to adjust themselves to all inequalities of the ground. The roller is wide and hollow faced and has a scraper on its rear to return at once to their proper place, the seedsand wet soil adhering to it. The handles adjust to a man or boy's height. Weight packed, 64 pounds. Price for the Machine complete, \$13.50 NO. 12 DOUBLE WHEEL HOE CULTIVATOR

NO. 12 DOUBLE WHEEL HOE CULTIVATOR AND PLOW. The number of different kinds of work done by this one tool is marvelous, and all are done in the most perfect manner. The teeth are changed with this one tool is marvelous, and all are done in the most perfect manner. The teeth are changed with the greatest ease and quickness, without taking the nuts from the standards. The wheels may be set at four different distances apart; the frame at three heights. The handles are adjustable in height to suit man or boy. For rapid and perfect work, it's the money-making tool a farmer can own. Weight 32 pounds. Price with tools as shown, \$7.50 NO. 13. This tool is the NO. 12 with pair six-inch Schuffle Hoes only, these being the most useful form of low priced Cultivator. Price. \$4.75



No. 12 Planet Jr. NO. 38 PLANET JR. SINGLE WHEEL DISC HOE CULTIVATOR AND PLOW. Price complete as in cut, \$7.50 Packed weight 29 pounds. 1 set discs; 1 pair three-pronged Cultivator teeth, 1 plow, 1 leaf lifter.

No. 38 Planet Jr.

98

NO. 25 COMBINED HILL AND DRILL SEEDER AND DOUBLE WHEEL HOE, PLOW, ETC



No. 25 Combined Drill and Double Wheel Hoe

N O. 14 PLANET JR. DOUBLE WHEEL DISC HOE" CULTIVATOR AND PLOW.

Price with attachment \$8.00 packed, weight 38 lbs, one set disc hoes, one pair 3-prong cultivator teeth, one pair plows, one pair leaf-lifters.

No 18. This tool has the same frame and handles as No. 16, but has one pair of 6-inch hoes only--the tools that are most constantly useful through out the season. All the others can be added as needed Price \$3.50

Price as shown in cut with all parts \$13.50



No 16 Single Wheel Hoe.

ne pair leaf-lifters. NO. 17 SINGLE WHEEL HOE CULTIVATOR AND PLOW. This latest and best single wheel hoe has a very full set of tools, several of them being of a new design such as n found to work in the very best manner. It has 11-inch wheel with broad face; is very light, strong and easy It has adjustible handles and quick-change frame. The tools are a well shaped plow for marking out, plow ing, covering and late cultivation, a pair of 6-inch shield hoes and three all steel patent cultivator teeth, the frame changes in height and the wheel may be at-tached to the other side of the wheel frame. when both side of the row may be hoed at one passage. Price \$5.00 have been found to work in the very best manner. unning.

NO. 16 SINGLE WHEEL HOE CULTIVATIR, RAKE AND PLOW. Same as No. 17, but has two rakes and a leaf lifter in addition. Price \$5.85

Planet Jr. No. 8 Horse Hoe and Cultivator.



No. 14 Planet Jr.

THE "PLANET JR." NO. & HORSE HOE AND CULTIVATOR. Probably no other cultivating ma-chine is so widely known as the "Planet Jr." Combined Horse Hoe and Cultivator, for it is in use throughout the civil-ized world. It is so strongly built as to withstand incredible strain, yet it is light and easy to handle. The Frame is longer than usual and about one and a half inches higher, making a tool that will not clog easily. The Stadnards are formed up bollow with round throats of stiff steel, they polish quickly and free themselves readily from obstructions and they clasp the frames and strengthen it. The Depth is under perfect control by means of a new lever wheel and the new patented depth regulator which is moved instantly in unison by a single lever, making exact work, steadying the machine and relieving the oper-ator. ator.

This is an entirely new pattern, superior to all other forms, exceedingly strong, simple, ac-

ator. The Expander. This is an entirely new pattern, superior to all other forms, exceedingly strong, simple, ac-curate and positive in all positions. Handles and Braces. These are also new and the most effective and stiffest combination known, at once making the tool rigid, yet allowing every adjustment of handles in height and sidewise. The Reversible Side Hoes. Patented, are an important part of the implement. As shown in the cut they act as plows and hillers, but when turned end for end the tool becomes a genuine horse hoe, working so closely that an immense amount of hard labor is avoided. Every part is perfected to make the tool acceptable to the farmer who know the best is cheapest. Price \$9.00

"PLANET JR." TWELVE TOOTH HARROW AND CULTIVATOR.

This tool has rapidly grown into favor with farmers, market gardener and strawberry growers. It has a high frame and the chisel sharp teeth can cut an inch wide each. It may be set with teeth trailing. The foot level pulverizer is a capital addition for preparing ground for the seed drill or set for planting. Hand levers reg-ulate both width and depth while in motion in contracts to 12 inches, and may be further reduced in width by taking off the outside teeth; it expands to 32 inches. It cultivates deep without throwing dirt upon the plants and the smooth, round-throated teeth turn strawberry runner without injuring them.

6 20

pain

Haglund's Handy Hanger

Here is a new device just patented that will make a hanging basket out of an ordinary flower pot, and not only this, it will also hold the saucer with the pot, so that there is no dripping of water and soiling of carpets and rugs when the plants are watered. This is the only device on the market that holds both pot and saucer. It holds the pot steady, level and cannot be shaken out by the wind. The hanger is cheap, efficient, and lasts a life-time life-time.

In ordering please state size of pot to be used. Price 25c each postpaid.



RE'

PERFECTION CORN GRADER



Here is a small hand corn grader that will grade your seed corn in a very efficient and satis-factory manner. This grader is for the farmer and will more than pay for itself in a season. The will more than pay for itself in a season. The double grader gets three grades and the single grader gets two grades.

Price Double Grader \$1.50. Single Grader \$1.00.

Safety Chicken Fount

This is designed especially for small chicks and is one of the most convenient on the market. is a galvanized pan with which any Maxner it Jar can be used. It gives out water or feed only as the chicks use it. The opening is small so that chicks cannot fall into the water and drown.

HUMPHREY'S CONCAVE POTATO KNIFE.

Price 25c; by mail 30c.

Small Garden Implements.

LANG'S HAND WEEDER.

One of the best of this class, allowing use of the hand while Each 25c; postpaid working.



HAZELTINE WEEDER

One of the best, solid steel, good size and durable; in very

general use over the country. Each 25c; postpaid, 30c

EXCELSIOR WEEDER.



A very useful tool for weeding seed beds, stirring the ground, etc. This is one of the most useful tools in working the garden. No one should be without it. Each 25c; postpaid 35c

COMBINATION WEEDER.

Combining as it does both the rake and hoe, it is the most serviceable, desirable and perfect weeder on the market. Allows weeding close to the plants, and is offered at about the same price as the other weeders.



Each 30c; postpaid 35c

Concave Potato Knife. seed potatoes can be cut better, and \$2 to \$3 an acre saved in seed and time by its use. Our illustra tion shows

the

With

how the eyes are cut with the knife, making a compact piece with the center surrounded by the greatest amount of tuber. If the same eye has been cut by a straight knife, the piece would be thin, flat and broad and liable to dry up and decay before germination. A circular is being put in each box with the knife.

Price postpaid, 30c

STEEL TROWEL. It is of one solid piece o

steel and will outwear several of the ordinary sort. It is an article for which we

have had many inquiries, filling a long felt want.



Price 30c; postpaid 40c

Useful Books for the Private or Commercial Gardener

We carry in stock the following books on gardening, etc., which we will furnish postpaid to any address on receipt of price.

Practical Suggestions on Vegetable Culture. Price 25c Coburn's Book on Alfalfa... By F. D. Coburn. Coburn's Large Book on Alfalfa.

How to Grow Mushrooms.

Price 50c Price \$2.00 Price 10c Celery for Profit. Illustrated. By Grenier. Price 20c How to Grow Asparagus. By Hexamer. Price 50c

Lupton's How to Grow Cabbage and Cauliflower for Profit. Price 30c

USEFUL TABLES.

	Quantity of Seed Required for a Give	n N	u m I	ne l
	quantity of Seca mogine	п п	u	
1.1	of Hills			
• •	Pole Beans1 qt.	to		50
	Corn	to		00
	Cucumbers1 oz.	to	1	50
	Watermelons 1 0Z.	to		30
	Muelmelong QZ	to		60
	Dumplring UZ.	to		20
	Squash 1 02.	to		30
inter .	Okra1 oz.	to	1	00
1		T	-+ h	~
	Quantity of Seed Required for a Given	Len	Sem.	01
A Mar	Drill	,	Teet	of
Ser. a		L	Dril	
111	Asparagus1	oz.		50
湯		oz.		60
	Doong Dworf	lb.		70
N.C.		oz.	1	50
	Endive	oz.		00
1	Okra	oz.		40
- the	Onions	oz.		50
anti-	Onion Sets	lb.		20 25
Vanant V	Parsley1	OZ.		50
Sector Sector	Parsney1 Parsnips1 Peas1	oz. lb.		60
1000	Radishes1	0Z.	1	.00
Service of the local division of the local d	Salsify1	oz.		60
The search	Spinach	oz.	1	00
1	Turnip1	OZ.	. 1	50
AD DA				.
	Table Showing the Number of Plants or 7	rees	tot	he
	Acre of Given Distance.			
	Dist. No. Dist.		N	0.
h	apart Trees apart		Tr	ees
	1 foot 43 500 9 teet			$537 \\ 302 $
A TRAN	$1\frac{1}{2}$ feet			193
H	2 feet			134
Ē	$2\frac{1}{2}$ feet 6,960 18 feet 3 feet 4,840 21 feet 6,960 18			98
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			75
	4 feet			59
	5 feet 1,740 27 feet 6 feet			40
	Quantity of Seed Required for a Given	Nun	ıber	of
	Quantity of Seed Required for a Given Plants.	Nun	aber	of
	Plants.	Nun		
	Plants.	oz.	:	300
	Plants.	OZ. OZ.	2.	300 000
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	Plants. Asparagus1 Cabbage1 Cauliflower1 Celery1 Leer1	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2,	300 000 000 500
	Plants. Asparagus	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2, 1, 3,	300 000 000 500
	Plants. Asparagus. 1 Cabbage. 1 Cauliflower. 1 Celery. 1 Leek. 1 Endive. 1 Egg Plant. 1	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1,	300 000 500 500 000 000 000
	Plants. Asparagus. 1 Cabbage. 1 Cauliflower. 1 Celery. 1 Leek. 1 Endive. 1 Egg Plant. 1	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1, 3,	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 000
	Plants. Asparagus	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1,	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 000 300
	Plants. Asparagus. 1 Cabbage. 1 Cauliflower. 1 Celery. 1 Leek. 1 Endive. 1 Egg Plant. 1 Lettuce. 1 Pepper. 1 Tomato. 1 Thyme. 1	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2,, 2,, 2,, 3,, 1,, 3,, 1,, 4,	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 300 000
	Plants. Asparagus	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2,2,2,2,1,3,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 300 000 300 000
	Plants. Asparagus	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 1, 4, 1, 2,	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 300 000 000
	Plants. Asparagus	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 4, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 300 000 000
	Plants. Asparagus	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 4, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 300 000 000
	Plants. Asparagus. 1 Cabbage. 1 Callidower. 1 Celery. 1 Leck. 1 Endive. 1 Lettuce. 1 Lettuce. 1 Tomato. 1 Sage. 1 Sage. 1 Marjoram 1 Rhubarb 1	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1, 1, 3, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 300 000 000
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	Plants. Asparagus	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 2, 2, 1, 3, 1, 1, 4, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 300 000 300 000 500 5
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	Plants. Asparagus	0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z. 0Z.	2, 4, 2, 4, 2, 4, 2, 4, 2, 4, 2, 4, 2, 4, 2, 4, 2, 4, 2, 4, 3, 4, 1, 3, 4, 1, 1, 3, 4, 1, 1, 1, 4, 1, 1, 1, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	300 000 500 500 000 000 000 000
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	Plants. Asparagus	0z. 0z. 0z. 0z. 0z. 0z. 0z. 0z.	2,2,2,1,3,1,3,1,1,4,1,2,1,1, m.to to t	3000 5000 5000 0000 3000 0000 5000 5000
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en Nu	mbe	In Drills.	DT.	The
			to	. Lbs. Acre.
to	50	Dwarf Beans	to	90
to	200	Early Peas	to	
to	50	Marrowfat Peas	to to	
to	30	Beets	to	
to	$\begin{array}{c} 60\\ 20 \end{array}$	Carrots 2	to	
to to	30	Onions	to	5
to	100	Onions for sets	to	
_		Parsnips	to to	
Leng	th of	Radishes	to	
17	oot of	Rutabagas 1	to	
E E	eet of Drill	Spinach	to	
oz.	50	Salsify	, to	12
oz.	60	Number of Tree Seeds to One Poun		About
lb.	70	American White Ash		10.000
OZ. OZ.	$150 \\ 100$	Apple Arbor Vitae American		12,000
0Z.	40	Arbor Vitae American	3	00,000
oz.	50	Austrian Pine Ailanthus	:	25,000 20,000
lb.	20	Balsam Fir.		20,000
OZ. OZ.	$\frac{125}{150}$	Black Cherry		4 000
lb.	60	Black or Yellow Locust Box Elder		30,000
oz.	100	Box Elder.		15,000
oz.	60	Catalpa Speciosa Catalpa Teas Japan		20,000
oz.	100	1 Cherry Pine		1 1 1 1 1 1 1
oz.	150	European Elm.		50.000
Trees	tothe	European Linden Gum, Eucalyptus		5,000
		Hemlock Spruce	···· ₁	20,000
	No.	Honey Locust		2,500
	Trees 537	Mammoth Maple		7,000
		Mulberry, all kinds	2	70,000
	. 193	Hickory Nuts. Honey Locust. Mammoth Maple Mulberry, all kinds. Norway Spruce. Osage Orange Paw Paw. Peach Peach Pear and Quince. Pad Godor		10.000
	. 134	Paw Paw.		400
		Peach		200
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Red Coder		15,000
	40	Soft Maple		8,000 2,000
		Pear and Quince. Red Cedar. Soft Maple Sugar Maple Sweet Chestnut.		7,000
Num	ber of	Sweet Chestnut		100
		Sycamor Maple Walnut		$^{6,000}_{25}$
oz.	300			
oz.	2.000	an Accurate Estimate of the Amount of	of L	andin
oz.	2,000	Different Fields Under Cultivation.		
OZ. OZ.	$2,500 \\ 1,500$		1	acre
0Z.	3,000	lounda m 90 mode ocure	1	acre
oz.	1,000		1	acre
OZ.	3,000	4 rods x 40 rods equal	···· 1	acre
oz.	$1,000 \\ 1,300$	5 yards x 968 yards equal 10 yards x 484 yards equal 40 yards x 121 yards equal 209 feet x 209 feet equal	1	acre
OZ. OZ.	4,000	40 yards x 121 yards equal	1	acre
oz.	1,000	209 feet x 209 feet equal	1	acre
oz.	-2,000	100 foot x 145.2 foot equal	···· 2	-2 acre
oz.	$1,500 \\ 1,500$	200 feet x 108 feet equal. 100 feet x 145.2 feet equal. 100 feet x 108.9 feet equal.		acre
oz.	1,500	Weight of Manure and Fertilizers to App	lv	to Dif.
eed So	wn to	ferent Crops per Acre.		
ccu se		PotatoesStable 15 to	30	tons
s. An	n. Lbs.	Gennete Stolle 10 to 1	30	tons
y. 1	to Acre	CarrotsStable 12 to	$\frac{20}{20}$	tons
-20 t	0 30	Options Stable 95 to	$\frac{20}{40}$	tons tons
		Nitrate of Sodaand Potash	50	lbs.
	0 6	$2 + 5a_1 \dots 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2$	00	lbs.
10 4	o 18	5 Soot	00	lbs.
	0 40	Concentrated Fertilizers for garden or field cultures500 to 8	00	lbs.
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		55	103.
$\frac{13}{32}$ t	$50 \frac{2}{64}$	Beans, table use 40 to	50) days
60 t	io 90	Beets table use 50 to	70) days
-8 t		Cabbages, carry for carring	80) days
	to 30	Cabbages, late for cutting100 to Carrots, table use	$\frac{120}{70}$) days) days
	to 40	Celery, table use	140	
25 t	to 40	Sweet Corn, table use	- 80) days
35 1	to 5.	5 Cucumbers, table use	60) days
30 1	to 40 to 50	0 Lettuce, table use 40 to 0 Melons, table use 65 to	$\frac{50}{120}$) days) days
	to 90	0 Onions for Storage 80 to	120	0 days
60 1	to 9	0 Peas, table use 50 to	70) days
	to 10^{10}	0	48 100	5 days
	to 12 to 30	0 Turnips for Storage	100	

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FOR NOTES AND RECORDS.

For the convenience of our customers we are enclosing this extra "Note Sheet." We suggest that you use this to make notes of what varieties did the best for you so that you will be sure to include them in your order for the next year. We expect you will find as the season advances that there are several items you neglected to order. Jot these down as they occur to you and then you will not forget them next season.

Records of date of planting, date of harvest, yields, etc., will also be of great value for another season.

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Notes and Records—Continued.

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"One Dollar" Collection

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\$1

33 Full Sized Packets. \$1.70 worth of First Class Tested Seeds sent prepaid for only \$1.00

This collection is sufficient to plant a good sized garden and will keep your family, and even some of the neighbors, abundantly supplied with fresh vegetables all summer. We have selected the best varieties in all cases and we are sure the assortment will please you. We have also added some flowers for the ladies. Take advantage of this liberal offer and get \$1.70 worth of the very best seeds to be had for only \$1.00.

1	Beans-Golden Wax	12	Muskmelon-Burrell Gem	23	Radish-Early Sarlet Turnip	
2	Beans-Stringless Green Pod	13	Onion-Prizetaker	24	Squash-Warty Hubbard	
3	Beet-Early Blood Turnip	14	Onion-Large Red Wethersfield	25	Squash-Early White Bush	
4	Cabbage-Ey, Jersey Wk'fld	15	Parsnip-Hollow Crowned Sugar	26	Tomato-New Stone	
5	Cabbage-Surehead	16	Peas-Gradus	27	Tomato-Kansas Standard	
6	Carrot-Oxheart	_17	Peas-Telephone	28	Turnip-Early White Egg	
7	Celery-Giant Pascal	18	Parsley-Moss Curled	29	Pansy-Good Mixed	
8	Cucumber-Davis Perfect	- 19	Pepper-Sweet Spanish	30	Sweet Peas-Mixed	
9	Lettuce-Denver Market	20	Pumpkin-Small Sugar	31	Nasturtium-Dwarf Mixed	
0	Watermelon-Kolb's Gem	21	Radish-Barteldes Glass	82	Aster	
-	Muslimalan Dealer Flored		The State (NY and WYL the Tate Is	0.0	Printer to C. V. State 1	

This collection is put up in advance and we can make no changes in it. No premium is allowed on this collection as it is a premium in itself.

