

#### WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1864. LA omofil NO. VOL. X.

## The Moodland Hews.

S. W. RAVELEY, DITOR AND PROPRIETOR

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MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE. Senator-Hon. J. T. Hall, Yolo. Assemblyman-Hon. J. B. Hartsough, Cacheville.

CCUNTY OFFICERS. County Judge ...... James A. Hutton District Attorney ......H. G. Burnett Court Commissioner.....C. P. Sprague. County Clerk.....L. C. Brownell Sheriff......Charles H. Gray Surveyor ...... Amos Mathews Washington. 2d District-George W. Scott,

Buckeye. 3d District-S. N. Mering. Assessors -1st, R. Parker; 2d, J. P. Bul-lock: 3d, A J Hall, Woodland; 4th, A W Wade, Buckeye.

BUSINESS CARDS.

I. W. JACOBS, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW. Knight's Landing, Yolo County, Cal.

#### WOMEN. PHEBE CARY.

'Tis a sad truth, yet 'tis a truth That does not need the proving ; They give their hearts away unasked, And are not loved for loving.

Striving to win a little back, For all they feel to hide it; And lips that tremble with their love, In trembling have denied it.

Sometimes they deem the kiss and smile

Is life and love's beginning; While he who wins the heart away Is satisfied with winning.

Sometimes they think they have not found The right one for their mating, And go on till the hair is white,

And eyes are blind with waiting.

- And if the mortal tarryeth still, They fill their lamps, undyirg; And till the midnight wait to hear The "Heavenly Bridegroom" crying.
- For while she lives, the best of them Is less a saint than woman; And while her lips ask love divine,
- Her heart asks love that's human !

A BEAUTIFUL IDEA.-In the mountains of Tyrol it is the custom of the women and children to come out when it is bed time and sing their national songs, until the husbands, fathers and brothers answer them from the hills on their return home. On the shores of the Adriatic such a custom prevails about sunset, singing a melody. After singing a stanza, they listen for an answering melody from off the water, and continue to sing and listen till the well-known voice comes borne 'on the waters, telling the loved ones are almost home. How sweet to the weary fisherman, as the shadows gather round him, must be the songs of the loved ones at home; and how they must strengthen and tighten the links that bind together those humble dwellers by the sea. Truly it is among the lowly in this life, that we find some of the most beautiful customs in practice - Tourist's Journal.

A HORSE STORY -Near Bermuda Hundred there is a large corral, where all disabled and worn out horses, brough here by General Sheridan after his mous raid, are confined. The poor beas have apparently but little of their orig nal vigor left. That was what we though a week or more since. Now we ha changed our opinion. During the hea firing on our right, a short time sinc these lame and worn out equine warri pricked up their ears, straightened the sore and stiff limbs, tossed their mane formed in squadrons, and with a lou snort charged on a number of inoffensi mules. Two mules were instantly killed, and the others fled in the wildest disorder. The horses again formed to the music of Gillmore's artillery, and charged on a high rail fence, which they at once broke down. They did not desist from their warlike demonstrations until the artillery firing ceased. HEARTRENDING TRAGEDY .- The many friends of Mrs. Mary E. Parker, daughter of Mrs. Hellen Parker, of this city, says the San Francisco Alta of the 8th inst., will hear with unfeigned sorrow, the announcement of her sudden and violent death. A few days since she left this city on a trip to the country and her affianced husband, the chief bugler of the Ninth Infantry band, was to have followed her yesterday, and the wedding ceremony to have been performed last evening. He left on the Napa boat at 10 A. M., and the steamer was hardly clear from the wharf, when a dispatch arrived announcing the melancholy fact that she had been caught in the machinery of a mill at Grass Valley, Solano county, on Friday last, and instantly killed. Miss Parker was a member of the First Baptist Church, and was generally beloved and admired by a large circle of frends. She was at the time of her death, about eighteen years of age. ONE of the articles of the Nevada Constitution reads: "No person who has reached the age of eighteen, who has voluntarily served in the Confederate army, or has held civil or military office thereunder, shall be entitled to the right of suffrage, unless under a Federal amnesty."

## Movement in New York for a Gold and Silver Currency.

The following is from the commercial column of the New York Herald of July 10th. It will be read with even greater interest in California than in New York :

A movement is on foot among the business men of New York to simplify their transactions by trading on the standard of gold and silver-that is, to buy and sell their goods exclusively for coin; to receive nothing as money but what comes from the mint in return for their wares, and to meet all their ordinary obligations, even to the paying of their clerks, workmen, and servants, with the same description of currency. It may be considered by some that it is yet too early to inaugurate such a policy, but we think that none will deny, if we continue in our present course, that the day is not far distant when circumstances will arise that will force us to adoubt some measure similar to the one proposed. The plan would be by no means new, although it would be novel to the present generation, and when once established it could be made to operate as easily here as it does in California, Oregon, and in the Territories of the far West. It was done in this country during the progress of the Revolutionary war, when the continental currency depreciated in three years to the standard of rags; and it was done in France in the time of the first Revolution, when the assignats of that country sunk to a worthless tender. It would also have been done in England had not the most strenuous efforts been employed by the government, regardless of consequences, between 1811 and 1816, to save the Bank of England notes from the paper mills.

The following table shows the depreciation of the continental currency during the three years from the commencement of 1777 to the close of 1779, and the decline of Treasury notes from 1862 to the present day

	Value of a Con- federate Dollar.					
	1777	1778	1779	1862	1863	1864
January	951	303	133	951	623	623
February		281	111	961	581	623
March	913	12	10	98	581	591
April	891	25	9	98	523	53
May		25	81	961	641	511
June		25	71	913	67	331
July	80	231	63	83	69	1-1-1
August	66	221	6	861	773	1000
September	571	21	51	805	69	1 44
October	363	20	43	73	641	-
November	33 <del>1</del>	183	41	751	65	المعد ا
December	321	153	34	754	653	144

THE REASON WHY .- Mr. S. E. Todd writes to the American Agriculturist, proposing and answering the question "why the wheels of carriages are made dishing."

Many farmers and good mechanics ask why carriages wheels are made dishing? Wheels are made dishing that they may endure the greatest strain under all ordinary circumstances, where great stength of wheels is very essential; and also, for the purpose of making small spokes endure as much strain as large and heavier ones would, were the wheel not made dishing. If a wheel were always to bear a load on a track level from side to side, the strongest possible form that a wheel could receive would be, what we term 'straight' -not dishing. But, since carriages must bear loads along slopes and sideling tracks (and make sudden turns) as on a level road the wheel must be made a little dishing. Let us suppose a straight wheel placed resting on a hub, and heavy weights resting on the rim, the spokes would be easily broken at the hub. But if a dishing of the same strength of timber be placed resting on the large end of the hub, it would very obviously sustain a much heavier weight without injury. Now when a wheel of a carriage drops into a rut or hole, or when a carriage is rolling along a steep slope, the greatest weight, as well as the greatest strain, will fall upon those wheels that are in the lowest position. If they are made dishing, the spokes will stand in a bracing position, and those wheels will endure a great strain ; and unless the tire should burst-as there is a great strain in that direction-the wheel will sustain no injury although the strain might be sufficient to crush a staight wheel almost instantaneously when in that position.

THE WONDER OF THE BRAIN .- One of the most inconceivable things in the nature of the brain is, that the organ of sensation should in itself be insensible. To cut the brain gives no pain, yet in the brain alone resides the power of feeling in other parts of the body. If the nerve which leads from it to the injured part be divided it becomes instantly unconscious of suffering. It is only by communication with the brain that any kind of sensation is produced, yet the or- days of Lent, and the eve of the Assumpgan itself is insensible. But there is a circumstance more wonderful still. The brain itself may be removed-may be cut away down to the corpus calasum, without destroying life. The animal lives, and perfoms all its functions which are necessary to simple vitality, but no longer has a mind: it cannot think or feel. It requires that the food should be pushed into the stomach; once there, it is digested, and the animal will thrive and grow fat. SAD FULFILMENT OF A JEST .- A very singular occurrence was noted in the 10th Massachusetts. A sergeant had been engaged in the 2d division hospital the day previous in placing upon a number of headboards the names of members of his regiment who had been killed in the late fight, or had died in battle, which was to mark their last resting place--There was one board in excess, and, in a sportive vcin, he placed with a lead pencil his own name upon it, and the date of his demise, 20th of June, as his term of service had then expired and he was about to leave for home. Yesterday morning, while near the front bidding his companions in other regiments farewell, he was struck in the breast by a twenty-pounder Parrott and instantly killed. His remains were interred to-day, and the very headboard he had unthinkingly inscribed with his own name was placed over his grave, and, with date, correctly marks for the time his last resting place. DICKINSON .- Daniel S. Dickinson was Orator of the Day at Oswego, New York, on the Fourth of July, and in the evening of that day a sealed envelope, containing \$100, was handed to him as an acknowledgment of his highly satisfactory effort, but Diskinson handed it back with the request that a committee of ladies should distribute it among the poorest families of absent soldiers from that viler of the Republican party, or a slogel

Sounding Mountain .--- The meaning of the Indian name Kearsarge is said to be "Thunder Mountain." The Amador Ledger thus desribes a phenomenon in the Sierra Nevada that suggests an equally poetical name :

At the foot of the first summit of the grand old Sierras, at a point just south of Amador and Sierra Nevada wagon road, quietly nestles one of the most beautiful sheets of pure crystal water to be found in California. Surrounded with snow clad giant hills, resting in a bed seemingly hewn out of solid granite, gives it a picturesque appearance, in fact its situation is lovely and romantic in the extreme. Mountain trout are found here in abundance, and at this season of the year in no spot on the Pacific coast can the pleasureseekers realize more enjoyment than at Silver Lake. But hold-we started out to tell about a strange phenomenon frequently occurring at that point. Of a calm morning about 10 o'clock, a singular noise is often heard passing over the lake. At times, the sound resembles that produced by the rapid flight of ducks as they seemingly descend; at other times, like the ringing of a bar of iron passing swiftly through space ; and then again, like the crackling noise made by the bending of sheet iron. Now the sound comes from the east, going west, then from the north going south. It apparently comes from some of the lofty mountain peaks surrounding the lake, and loses itself on some other on the other side. The sound produced is a strange, awe-inspiring sound, and it is said the Indians avoid the lake as haunted.

The Right Rev. Bishop Timon of Buffalo, has just received a rescriptum from Rome, dated 10th of April, 1854, by which a concession to soldiers and sailors, obtained from the Sovereign Pontiff in the Holy Week of 1850, and augmented subsequently in Rone, is now continued for ten years. By it all soldiers and sailors, and their families, in service in the army or navy of the United States, are dispensed from abstinence all days of the year except six, namely : the eve of Christmas; Ash Wednesday; the three last

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#### H. G. BURNETT, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal. WILL FAITHFULLY ATTEND to all business

entrusted to his professional care. (jy11-tf.)

### C. P. SPRAGUE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

will practice in the several courts of Yolo county and in the Supreme court. Office at WOODLAND, Yolo Go., Cal.

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#### COMN B. HARMON. HENRY H. HARTLEY. H. H. HARTLEY. Attorney and Counsellor at Law. OFFICE\_MUNSON'S BUILDING, 39 J street, Sacramento.

Will practica in the Surreme Court, and District Courts of Sacramento, Yolo, Solano, Sutter and Colusa. f15-t1

#### COUNTY SURVEYOR.

Amos Matthews, County Surveyor, OFFICE-BELOW WARING'S LOTEL, WASHINGTON,

Will promptly attend to all orders in the time of his profession. AMOS MATHEWS.

Swamp Land Affidavits may be made before Charles F. Reed, who will forward them to ms. Mr. Reed has the necessary Blanks. may17-tf.

### BELLE UNION SALOON

Main street, Woodland 1. LEWALD, Proprietor,

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he keeps the best of Biquors, Cigars, and Confection-ery, &c., always on hand. Also, a good sup-ply of IOE. july2-tf

#### J. SCHERLE & CO., WOODLAND BREWERY, Main street, Woodland,

ETURN thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and would respect fully anguage that they can supply private families as well as hotels with LAGER BER of surerige unlity, at shortest notice. All orders from the country punctually st-tended to. July 2-tf

TEE Nevada Gasette propounds the following conundrum: Why are the Copperhead apers, since the arrest of Weller, like the sir apparent to the crows of Great Britain ? Because they are the prints of wails.

Owing to the movements of speculators in gold the depreciation of our present paper money has not been as regular as was that of the continental currency, but its decline seems quite as certain, unless something is done to check its downward course. The plan which was adopted by shop keepers during the present Revolu tion was to make out their bills at the currency rates and receipt them for a certain amount in gold, as the following, copied from Lossing's History, shows : CAPT. A. M'LEAN, Bought of W. NICHOLS 6 yards chintz, at \$150 ..... 900 

Total ......\$3,144 If paid in specie .....£18 10s. Rec'd paym't in full for Wm. Nichols, JONA JONES.

Jan. 5, 1781.

It will be seen by the above that less than \$100 in coin paid a bill of \$3,144, which had been made out at currency prices. How to avoid drifting into the same humiliating condition is now the study of all the true patriots-not the alarmists, as they have been termed-of the country. If the Government is pow erless to afford relief the trades people will be justified in resorting to such financial measures as lay within their reach, and the one proposed will probably be the most beneficial that could be adopted.

Iowa .- The farmers in some parts of Iowa are paying " harvest hands " three dollars a day and a cumber of manufacturing establisments have been closed in order to give the workmen an opportunity to assist in harvesting.

Said & conceited young lady: "You men are a covet-us set."

A PIC-NIC INTERRUPTED BY GUER-RILLAS.-Yesterday a party of young ladies and gentlemen had a pic-nic near Falls Church, Virginia, and in the midst of their pleasures were surprised at the appearance of about twenty-five of Mosby's guerrillas who told them " not to be afraid." After dancing a set with the ladies anddevouring the ice-cream and catables provided for the occasion, they departed - Philadelphia Inquirer, July 11th.

tion.

CHRISTIAN-LIKE .- How admirable and beautiful is the simplicity of the Evangelists ! They never speak injuriously of the enemies of Jesus Christ, of his judges, nor of his executioners. They comment neither on their Master's mildness when he was smitten, nor on his constancy in the hour of his ignominious death, which they thus describe : "And they crucified Jesus."

THE Canada Farmer recommends all who are troubled with ants, to strew small quantities of sage where the frequent. This never fails in driving them away for the entire summer It would be well for every one troubles with them to try this remedy.

MACHINE POETRY. The man who doeth no paper take,

The man who doet no paper they, Grudging five dollars once a year, Will never a good husband make, Because his wife can never know what is going on in the world, and his children will very ignorant and ridiculous appear.

JONES-" Poor Lucinda took that eirumstance very much to heart."

NIBBLES-" Did she, indeed ? The dear girl! I wish I was that circumance !"

"Good morning, Mr. Hespeck ; have you any daughters that would make good type setters ?"

"Not exactly ; but I have a wife that would make a first-rate 'devil !' "

## The Woodland Rebs. OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER. SATURDAY, AUG. 20th, 1864.

J. J. KNOWLYON & Co., are our authorized Agents for receiving Subscriptions and Adver-tisements. Office—Cor. Montgomery and California streets, opposite Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco

#### THE total amount in the State Treasury on the 13th inst., was \$264,445 63.

A dispatch to the Union of yesterday says Charles L. Weller has been liberated on giving bonds to the amount of \$25,000.

HOME AGAIN !- Dr. Fred. Morse anounces, in a card, his return to Knight's Landing, and offers his professional services to his friends and the public generally.

THE IRON-CLADS .- The far-famed Iron-Clad Minstrels will give a concert in this place, this evening, at Good-Templars' Hall. The troupe is composed of well-known firstclass singers, dancers, and negro delineators. All are invited to attend. Tickets, 50c.

WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE .- This medicine, which will be found advertised elsewhere in our columns, is making great excitement in the Eastern States. If we are to believe all the reports that get into the newspapers, it will effectually cure Rheumatism, Consamption, Neuralgia, Cholera Morbus, Cholic, Fevers, Gout, Whooping Cough, Vertigo, and numerous other complaints ; in fact, it would be easier to enumerate what it will not cure than what it will. One thing, however, we do know-it gives the sweetest sleep known.

DODGE'S CONCERT .- It rarely occurs that we are permitted an evening of enjoyment like the one bestowed by Dodge and Hayward on Thursday evening last. Dodge is well known to be the best comic singer in the country, so he needs no notice from us; and of Hayward we can but say, that we believe he is not surpassed, if equalled, as a balladist; not only on account of the sweetness and melody of his voice, but he enters into the spirit of what he sings, and inspires all who hear him with like feeling. Between the two we alternated from the pathetic to the ludricous all the evening.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS .- The Board met on Tuesday last, Aug. 17th, and disposed of the following business :

In the matter of Vacancy of the Office of Constable of Buckeye Township. Ordered that J. B. R. Warder be appointed constable to fill said vacancy for the unexpired term.

P. McManus made application for an estimate and allowance on the contract for building Court House and Jail. Ordered that \$2,000 be paid said McManus, and that \$1,050 of said sum be drawn in favor of Asa W. Morris, in accordance with an assignment heretofore made by McManus to said Morris, and accepted by the Board upon the first allowarce to said McManus.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS .- To day the several precincts of Yolo county hold their Primary Electicas, to select Delegates to the County Convention to be held in this place, on Saturday next. It is to be hoped that the several precincts will be represented by thinking where it actually exists. and independent men, who have the good of their country at heart. Let them come unpledged to support any particular men, but rather support principles. Let the County Convention send men to the Congressional District Convention, who will select the best man as a candidate for Congress. If Mr. Shannon (of whom we spoke last week) is the most honest, the most able, and the most influential statesman in our District, re-nominate him; but if we have a man in the District who is equal to Shannon in all of these qualifications, and superior to him in one, let Mr. Shannon be set aside. Let no favoritism be shown during this our country's trial.

#### After the War

Amongst the many bug-bears that are used by Peace " Democrats " to frighten loyal men from their allegiance, and to draw ignorant and unthinking ones into the meshes of copperheadism, is the constant harping upon one of their favorite themes-that a peace effected by crushing treason by force of arms could not be permanent; that such a peace could only engender a more bitter hatred between the Northern and Southern sections of the country, and that a perpetual guerrilla warfare would be the natural and inevitable result.

Such an argument is simply ridiculous. We might as well oppose the use of force in arresting thieves, robbers, and murderers, fearing, if they were brought to punishment by such means, that after the expiration of the term for which they might be imprisoned for their crimes, they would show a disposition not to be governed by force, and hence would carry on a constant guerrilla warfare agaiust the authorities.

As to the result of a peace effected by crushing treason, we apprehend that no such fears need be entertained.

It is more likely that the result would be an investigation of the causes of the war through which they had so recently passed. When freedom of speech, freedom of the press, and a free circulation and transmission, through the United States mails, of all moral and logical productions, should be established South, as it has ever been North, there would be a general inclination and curiosity to examine and scrutinize those incendiary docu ments that had been so long excluded from the Southern mails, for the reading of which many had been forced from their homes, and compelled to take up their abodes in other parts of the land.-They will remember of having heard it shrieked and howled by politicians that the Chicago platform, upon which Lincoln ran and was elected, declared that Congress had power to abolish slavery in the States, and that they (the Republican party) were in favor of such abolition .---They will send for the Chicago platform, which will then reach them and will not be condemned as an incendiary document. They will read, and find that the resolutions only declare that in the opinion of the Republican party, slavery is an evil, and ought not to be extended into territory now free; that they believe that Congress has power to exclude slavery from the Territories, and that it was the duty of Cougress to exercise that power; and that Congress has no power to interfere with the institution of slavery

Is it possible, they exclaim, that this is the Abolition Chicago platform ! Why,

#### vote in Congress cast by a Republican, advocating the abolition of slavery in the States previous to the breaking out of the rebellion.

Then will slave owners discover that they have lost their property and been induced to take up arms against their Government, by the base, demon like misrepresentations of Davis, Wigfall, Benjamin, Slidell, Yancy, and a few others. They will see and know that the just law of the land dictates a confiscation of the property of those who war against the Government. They will desspise the men who led them into the awful crime, and teach their children to despise them, and there is no word yet invented that would express the probable feelings that they would entertain toward the Copperheads who assisted in the misrepresentations that induced Southern men to rebel against the Government. We say this is more likely to result from a forcible subduing of the rebellion, than that it would result in a perpetual warfare between the two sections.

#### The New Enrolment Law and the Draft.

An official copy of the Enrollment Law, approved on the last day of the Session of Congress, has been published in the Bulletin. It authorizes the President at his discretion, to call for any number of volunteers for the term of one, two, or three years, and if they fail to come in 50 days, to draft for double the number asked for. In the eyes of Europe this must seem an astonishing grant of power from a people so jealous of their own agents, to env one man-the power to raise by draft ust as large a number of soldiers as he pleases. t is an immense power to put into any one's hands, and that it is conferred demonstrates again the fact that we will spare no costs to conduct this business we are at to a satisfactory issue, and that the nation puts implicit faith in Mr. Lincoln. Immense as is the power that the bill conveys, it must be remembered that Congress can recall it at any hour after it resumes its sessions. in a case of danger of its being abused, and that when the war is ended the law will of course be abrogated.

All who respond to the call for volunteers, are to be credited to the town, county or State they belong in, as are all persons in the naval service; the object being to make each part of the country contribute equally to the army or navy. Volunteers are entitled to \$100, \$200 or \$300 bounty, according as they serve for one, two or three years. The drafted man draws no bounty, nor can he any longer commute in money for the services required of him; but he may provide a substi-tute, if he can find one who is not subject to this or another draft. His sub itute must not be between the ages of 18 and 45, because all such are liable to the draft-he must of necessity be an alien, or citizen past 45 years of age. Substitutes will hold their hands high, for they will be very scarce and command almost any price. A very natural effect of this will be to prevent aliens from naturalization, who would be glad to exchange the privilege of voting for President for the high wages that substitutes will command.

How will this new law affect California? Of course precisely like all other States, unless our great distance from the battle-field and the cost of transporting troops hence, shall exempt us as it has hitherto. Soon after the adjournment of Congress the President issued a proclamation for 500,000 men, and ordered that if volunteers to that number had not presented themselves by the 5th of September, that a draft for one-year's-men be held in every county, town, and election dis-trict, till the quota is filled. The Act gives the President no discretion to exempt any State, but as the draft can only be made by the district provost-marshals under the direction of the Provost-Marshal General, if the President should for reasons of economy elect not to give that officer orders to announce the quota of California and direct its being filled those would be no drafting here. Neither the proclamation so far as its substance has been telegraphed, nor the law, limits the enrolment for purposes of crushing the rebel-lion. It is for "millitary service" of any sort. If there were imminent peril of a foreign war, the enrolment would in all probability be ordered here as elsewhere ; if at Washington no such peril is anticipated, it would scarcely be economical to enroll men here, since the Government has all the troops it needs for ordinary purposes already on the coast. When a man is drafted, unless he finds a substitute, there no is escape for him from a year's service to his country. If he is away from home prosecuting his usual business, he will not be deemed a deserter until he has been notified that he is wanted, and due time is allowed him to return. There is not much prospect that our State will be called on for its quota. If it should, probably volunteers enough would spring in to report themselves to fill it before the 5th of September. Failing that, the draft need have no terrors. It summons a man to but one year's service, and doubtless scores who would prefer to be spared would be all the better for a twelvemonth of vacation from their absorbing daily engagements .- Bulletin.

### [ COMMUNICATED. ] Rebel Sympathy.

MR. EDITOR :- While it is in confidence asserted that there is a sympathy between "Peace Democrats" and the rebels in arms, it is quite possible that many of those who act with that party have no sympathy with rebels, for in public, and in private, while conversing with the uninitiated, the leaders declare that they are opposed to a recognition of the independence of the Jeff Davis Confederacy, and are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war without a violation of the Constitution, or are in favor of a compromise whereby the South should return to their allegiance and be protected in their

"rights." There are perhaps innumerable citizens acting with the Copperhead party because of its having taken upon itself the name of "Democracy," who would dissolve their con-nection with that party if they could be convinced that such sympathy exists. First, then, let us see if rebels have any

sympathy with Copperheads, and in proof of this we might quote numerous articles from Southern rebel papers, but will let a single quotation suffice. The Atlanta Appeal of July 20th says: "The greatest battle of the war will probably be fought in the immediate vicinity of Atlanta. Its result determines that of the pending Northern Presidential election. If we are victorious, the peace party will triumph; Lincoln's Administration is a failure, and peace and Southern independence are the immediate results." Uninitiated Democrats, read the above extract, and then say whether or not rebels have a sympathy for the party to which you belong !

Would the Atlanta Appeal have published such an article if there had not been an understanding between the rebels and the leaders of the so-called "Democrats" of the North, and that understanding to the effect that all compromise proposed between them is symply a recognition of the "Southern Confederacy?" Is it necessary to make fur ther proof that the rebels are partial to the Copperhead party ?

While this point may readily be conceded, it will be denied that the Copperheads have any sympathy with treason. Let us examine this matter. Proof of the existence of a secret organization, called the American Knights, is beyond cavil: that the leaders of the party belong to that organization there is no room left to doubt; that the aim and object of the organization has been discovered is equally certain. There are also convincing proofs that the members of the organization have taken upon themselves certain obligations, in which is incorporated a declaration that "the chosen officers of our Government have usurped authority, and that it is not only the right, but the duty, to resist those efficers, and if needs be to expell them by force.". This language is so similar to language used by C. L. Weller in his San Francisco speech, and by the Marysville Express, of July 12th, we can scarcely doubt that Weller and the editor of the Express both belong to the organization. The Marysville Express, for example, says : "Let Democrats arm themselves that they may repel force by force;" and again: "Dark hints are thrown out of continuing Lincoln as President, regardless of the popular will." How similar this language is to that used by traitors in 1860, who declared that dark hints were thrown out that Lincoln would make war upon the South, hence the South must arm themselves. When the time arrived in which the people of the South could be no longer duped by such assertions, they found it necessary to fire upon Fort Sumpter; and then a howl went forth that Lincoln had commenced a war upon Charleston, and the people, not yet too incredulous to believe such assertions, of course resorted to arms.

Now, Copperhead American-Knights-Peace-Democrats, of course (?), acknowledge their allegiance to the Government of the United States ; but that allegiance subordinate to the O. A. K.'s, as is shown by the ob-

#### B Notice

Methodist Episcopal Church; the Rev. V. Rightmyer, pastor. Services every Sabbath morning, at 11 o'clock, at their place of worship, in the Hall over Freeman & Co.'s store.

BIRTH. July 20th, at Lakeport, Lake county, the wife of U. Shellhammer, of a son.

New Advertisements.

Bome Again!

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DR. FRED. MORSE,

To remain permanently, (where I may at all times be found, except when away on professional business.

Thankful for the generous confidence and liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon me, I would solicit a continuance of like favor, pledging my best efforts to merit the same.

FRED. MORSE, M. D. and Surgeon. Knight's Landing August 20, 1864, a20-tf.

Important Medical Notice! THE ELECTROPATHIC INSTITUTE. 645 Washington street. Below Kearny St., SAN FRANCISCO.

Established February, 1860, by an Association of Scientific Gentlemen,

FOR THE CURE OF DISEASE! And for the

Suppression of Quackery!

The one great object of the establishment of the Institute was to assure to the afficted scientific and honorable treatment, where they would be safe from the wiles of empirics, who not only rob them of their money, bot fill their systems with poisonous minerals, thereby destroying what little of the constitution was

left from the ravages of disease. The result thus far has greatly exceeded the most sanguine expectations of its founders.-So liberal has been the patronage of the public that the Resident and Consulting Physician,

#### J. H. Josselyn, M. D., Has been enabled to reduce the prices of cure

very materially. The Institute combines with its practice both the use of Vegetable Medicines and the Electropathic System ; that is, the use of Elec-tricity and the Celebrated Electro-Medical Bath, -the most powerful auxilliary in the removal of virus from the sy tem yet discovered. It is not necessary to enumerate all the diseases treated at the Institue. All diseases-ner.

#### Venercal.

This terrible scourge can be entirely eradi-cated by the system practiced at the Institute in a much shorter time than it has hitherto been accomplished by any other Physician in this country, and so entirely is the disease re-moved that no taint is left in the blood to break out at some future time. The RESIDENT PHYSICIAN would advise any one who has been afflicted, and who may have any fears that a cure was not effected, or that there is some of the virus still remaining, to call or write and consult him, and they can at once have their mind relieved, and should there be any trouble, a cure can be warranted.

#### To Females.

Ladies afflicted or in trouble will find at the Institute one who can understand and sympathize with them in their afflictions, and one who will reader them prompt assistance, no matter what may be the trouble or disease, with the utmost dispatch and secrecy. Irreg-ularities attended to promptly, and by the most approved methods.

#### Seminal Weakness. That soul-destroying disorder can be cured a very short time by the system practiced

short tin

## Board of Equalization.

#### COMMENCED MONDAY, AUG. 15

H. P. Hamblin-Application for remission of tax levied on lots in Knight's Landing and improvements thereon, for the reason that the same is used exclusively for the purpose of a private school house. Granted.

Joseph Prader .- Ordered that \$800 be deducted from a sessment of personal property. Lambert & James—It appearing to the Board, in giving the Assessor of 3d Dist. a list of personal property, gave in only 150 head of cattle when at said time said parties owned within the county from 500 to 600 head. Ordered that ass. be raised to a sum to be determined on the 29th inst., at which time they may be present and defend their

rights. Property ordered to be placed on roll not yet assessed.-E. M. & J. F. Hiatt, mortgages for \$1254 50; W. S. Runyon, 160 acres; W. G. Overholt 31 acres; Estate of Wm. Wild, 5150 person property; Wm. Gordon, real estate, and ers; L. C. Drummond; Geo. W. Sevy, swamp and overflowed land; W.
M. Borden, 320 swamp and overflowed land; W.
Mm. B. Todbanter, real estate.
Raising Assessments.—E. R. Low, \$1,500

or more, secured by mortgage; 29th inst. is fixed for settlement. Henry Welch, \$1,000 on the item of money at interest; the 30th inst fixed for settlement.

S. R. Smith - Assessor ordered to add to the assess. of S. R. Smith half lot in the town of Knight's Landing. Gilleg & Arnold—Deduction of \$7395 from

- David Hershey-\$350 was deducted from assess. of real estate in the town of Knight's

Landing. Application of J. W. Baldwin, agent of Knight's Landing Association, for reduction on 317 lots in the town Knight's Landing, as-sessed at \$6,000. Postponed until the 30th

Edson-For reduction of assessment on perty in K. Landing. \$340 was deducted D. Edson-

Henry Rhodes-For reduction of assess. on real estate. Granted. Askins-For reduction of assess. on im-provements in Woodland. Granted.

Jefferson believed that Congress had power to exclude slavery from the Terri tories, and introduced a measure for that purpose, believing that (longress ought to exercise that power, and his 'measure was carried. Patrick Henry, himself a slave owner, when the Territory of Indi-

ana asked for slavery, said, as Chairman of the Committee on Territories : "We your committee deem it highly inexpedient to impair a measure so wisely calculated to exclude slavery from the Territories." They will remember of having heard it proclaimed that Lincoln said at a political meeting in Chicago, that he believed this Government could not en. dure permanently half slave and half free, and that the rest of his speech wis so frightfully incendiary that it would be dangerous to repeat it in the free and sunny South ; they will be anxious to see the whole speech, and they will obtain it; they will find in the same connection that he says: " Either the opponents of slavery will arrest the spread of it, and place it where the public mind shall rest, or its advocates will push it forward until it shall become alike lawful in all the States North as well as South." That, they will discover, is precisely what the framers of the Constitution thought, and they were in favor of arresting the spread of it. But again, in the same speech, Mr. Lincoln said : "I believe there is no right, and ought to be no inclination, in the people of the free States to enter into the slave States and interfere with the question of slavery at all." "And when it is said that I am in favor of interfering with slavery where it exists, I know it is unwarranted by anything I have ever

intended or ever said." This is the finale of that frightfully incendiary document.

Thus they will go on with their investigations until they discover that it is vain to search for a single speech or newspaper article uttered by any member of the Republican party, or a single

PLAIN TALK .- The Solano Press copies an article "on the war path" from the Colusa Sun, and replies:

The " tag end of the rebellion " is the Copperhead party of California; and if you infer-nal traitors do kick up a muss in this State, every one of those fifty thousand voters will shoulder his musket for the purpose of send-ing Copperheads to that individual you designate as "our master." If there is " nothing bad in being killed," you may have a chance of going through the operation. Better hold your tongue, my boy. Attend to your mines around Ashton, as you are heavy on copper, or you may experience the virtues of lead.— Dost thou understand?—Appeal.

THE COMMANCHE -The hull is now put together, though not entirely completed. The anchor well and overhangs are put up, the last being about roady to receive the wood backing and side armor overlying it. Her boilers, and a good portion of heavy machin-ery, are in the quarters assigned them for duty. A very correct idea may now be had of the general shape of the vessel proper, bet-ter indeed than when she is afloat and mostly hid under the water. If the imagination can supply the turret, pilot house and smoke pipe a very good estimate may be had of the fu-ture looks of the Is-to-be.-Bulletin.

ligations they take when initiated into the mysteries of that order. It has been ascertained that a part of their obligation is as "I do solemnly promise, that I follows: will, at all times, in all places, yield and observe a prompt obedience, without remonstrance or question, to any mandate, command, order or request, of any immediate Grand Commander, in all things touching or relating to the purposes of the O. F. K., if in my power to do so. I do further promise, that I will at all times, if needs be, take up arms against any monarch, prince, potentate, power, or government usurper, which may be found in arms against a people or peoples who are endeavoring to establish, or have inaugurated, government for themselves."

If honest Democrats will reflect upon these facts for a moment, they will discover that the Copperhead party assume that Lincoln is a government usurper; they will further discover, too, that the rebels are endeavoring to establish a government for themselves ; they will further find that the Government is in arms against the rebels; their obligation, then, compels them to take up arms against the Government, and in favor of the rebels.

My Democratic neighbors, will you suffer yourselves to be thus deceived by designing traitors? Are you so blind as not to see that this course, if persisted in, will lead to a civil war in our midst. Cannot any one readily perceive that to acknowledge the right of secession would sever the last link that holds the several States together as a nation, and that the immediate result would be to divide our country into thirty-four separate nations. each too weak to cope with any respectable European power? That wars would continue some despot should arise and destroy until the last vestige of our liberties, and establish a Despotism, where once stood our happy Republic?

But again, many will confidently assert that they and a majority of their party are in favor of crushing the rebellion; and they instance McClellan's speech in proof of their position. To such we would refer the following facts : "Of the real character of the 'Mc-Clellan Minute Men,' in New York and some other States, and its identification with this Order, there is abundant evidence. Its signs and rituals have been obtained and its workings and objects are well understood. Its National Secretary frankly admitted-supposing himself to be speaking to a member of the O. A. K.—that it has assumed a support of the war policy only because 'people are full of gunpowder and fight,' and that those who represent its interest are to preach a vigorous prosecution of the war, but that, when once in power, they could soon throw off that policy, and that the war would be closed within thirty days after assuming the reins of Government, with such guarantees to the South as would satisfy them." O. T. W.

House Bursen -On the night of August 13th the dwelling of Jefferson Wilcorson, near Washington, in Yolo county, was destroyed by fire. the loss is estimated at \$2,000.

at the Institute, and a perfect cure warranted. Medicines sent to all parts of the State, Oregon, Nevada Territory, and, in fact, every-where within the range of Express facilities. All letters answered promptly and with pleasure, when directed to

J. H. Josselyn, M. M., Resident Physician, ELECTROPATNIC INSTITUTE,

645 Washington street, San Francisco.

Dr. J. H. Josselys has no connection with any other establishment in Galifornia. Remember the No .- 645 Washington Street .. aug20

#### UNION COUNTY Convention !

A T a Meeting of the Union Central Com-mittee of Yolo County, held at Woodland, August 1st, 1864, it was ordered that Primary Meetings be held at the usual places of voting in the several Precincts of the County,

On Saturday, August 20th, 1864, For the Election of Delegates to a County Convention, to be held

AT WOODLAND On Saturday, August 27th, 1864. At 1 o'clock P M., for the purpose of electing. FIVE DELEGATES to attend a UNION STATE CONVENTION, to be held at Sacra-mento, August 30th, for the purpose of

Nominating Presidential Electors. The County Convention will also elect Five. Delegates to attend the District Convention, for the purpose of nominating a Candidate. for Congress for the Third Congressional District.

Said Convention will also attend to such other business as may properly come before

The number of Delegates to which the respective Precincts are entitled is as follows.

Canon,	21	Osburn's,
Cottonwood,	2	Ristine's,
Buckeye,	17.3	Washington,
Plainfield,	3	Fremant,
Luddon's	2	Knight's Landing,
Putah,	12.1	Grand Island,
Joseph's,	2	Cacheville,
Powell's,	2	Woodland,
W	avend	and an arriver to a start

The Polls will open at 4 a'clock P'. If, and close at any time after 5 o'clock, at the dis-cretion of those present qualified to yote at the Primary Elections. All those who are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war, for the suppression of the present rebel-lion, and the preservation of the Govern-ment, are extitled to yote at the Primary Elections.

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> ADV: N. E. C

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## The Woodland Hews.

#### Eastern News.

The following are from the latest dispatches to the Union :

The Eastern dispatches give us news to the 18th of August Grant has gained a position on the north bank of the James, two miles from Fort Darling, and apparently not far from Chapin's Bluff, where work might be con-structed to silence or neutralize that fort. Hancock conducted the movement with his Hancock conducted the movement with his usual skill, and the object was attained with but little loss of life. This position covers the men who are constructing the canal at Dutch Gap. No serious fighting has occurred in the Valley. Early is said to have been re-inforced, but Lee has too long a line to protect to be able to detach more than a division. Some of the panic-making correspondents have given Early the whole of Longstreet's old corps, which would leave Lee to cover a line twenty-five miles long with the corps of Beauregard and Hill, provided Beauregard had not obeyed the same correspondent and departed for Atlanta. The bulk of Lee's departed for Atlanta. The bulk of Lee's army is in the vicinity of the James and can-not be greatly weakened while Grant is ac-tive and vigilant without sacrificing Peters-burg, Fort Darling or Richmond itself.— Sheridan, at last accounts, was in the neigh-borhood of Strasburg. He is one of the Gen-erals who ascertains the strength of his ad-versary by giving battle. Wheeler with 5,000 men and some light artillery, attacked the small garrison at Dal-ton on the 14th. He was held at bay by 400 of our troops until Gen. Steadman arrived on the 15th, when he was put to flight by a single charge. A slight break in the Atlanta railroad was promptly repaired. The raid

railroad was promptly repaired. The raid was anticipated by Sherman, and prepara-tions made to defeat it. The road upon which our army depends for supplies is guarded by a force heavier than the enemy can spare to

A rebel dispatch from Mobile, dated Aug. 11th, states that for three days heavy firing had been going on at Fort Morgan. No particulars were known, as our troops had cut the telegraph wires. Probably the forces un-der Granger and Farragut's fleet were co-op-erating in the attack. Some of Farragut's wessels had appeared at Dog River Bar, on the were tide of the Bar, six miles halow the the west side of the Bay, six miles below the city. The dispatch states that troops were arriving daily. If these troops were not Ala-bama malitia, they must have come from "Georgia; and in that case, Farragut would

e helpsng Sherman. The pirate Tallahassee is reported to be creating great havoc on the coast of Maine. We suppose the vessels said to be destroyed are chiefly fishing crafts.

INDEN TROUBLES .- OMAHA, August 17th .--The Overland Stage Company continue to remove their stock to places secure against incursions of the Indians. The Indians attacked three oonches loaded with passengers seven miles east of Cottonwood this noon. Soldiers have been sent to their relief from that place it is ascertained by reliable scouts that in the las' twenty days simultaneous at-tacks were to be made by the combined hordes of Cheyennes, Utahs, Kiowas, Aarpa-hoes, Commache, Snake, on Fort Kearney, Fort Cottonwood, and along the Platte valley. Every measure is being taken by the whites to give them a warm meception. All the ranches are deserted. The propretors with their families are taking refuge in the forts. Depredations continue to be made daily on the stock, coaches and stations The telegraph operator at Alkali Lake was driven off, settled pertines of the route Detween Omaha and Fort Kenney the people are crecting forts for the defense of their lives and property, and arming far emergencies, although it is not probable that any excursions will be made this far down theriver. Maj. Gen. S. Curtis, com-manding this Department, arrived here yes-terday. He leaves for the west shortly to adept fiedisive and efficient measures for the ction of the muil route and emigrants.

# United States Excise Tax Notice

THE Annual List of Taxes, comprising the License and Income Tax, the Tax on Car-riages, Billiard Tables, &c., assessed under the Excise Laws of the United States, having been returned to the Collector of Inter-nal Revenue for the Fifth District, of the State of California, by the United States As-sessor of said District;

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given, That said Taxes are now due and payable, and that the under-signed, Deputy Collector of the 6th and 7th Divisions, District and State aforesaid, comprising the counties of Solano and Yolo, will attend at his office, in Woodland, from Mon-day, August 15th, to Thursday, August 25th, inclusive, in said 7th Division and District, between the hours of 10 A M and 4 P M, of said days, to receive and receipt for the Taxes due as aforesaid.

All persons who shall neglect or refuse to pay the taxes assessed upon and due from them as before mentioned, by the 25th inst., within ten days from the date of this notice, are liable to and will be required to pay ten per cent. additional upon the amount of Taxes due. Except the Tax on Incomes, on which five per cent. additional will be required to be paid.

Dated at Woodland this 13th day of August, 1864. GEO. D. FISKE, Deputy Collector 6th and 7th Divisions, aug13-2t Fifth Dist., California.

Summons.

Statistic association	
L District of the	ourt of the Sixth Judicial State of Galifornia, in and
for the County of Y	folo.
F. S. FREEMAN and	Action brought in the
M. BARBER,	District Court of the 6th
vs.	Judicial District of the
J. R. COLBURN,	State of California, in and
A. R. COLBURN,	for the County of Yolo,
WM. TROOP,	and the complaint filed in
GEO. C. TROOP,	said County of Yolo, in
WM. E. TROOP,	the office of the Clerk of
FULLER.	said District Court.
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The People of the State of California send Greeting to J. R. Golburn, A. R. Colburn, William Troop, William E. Troop, Geo. G. Troop, and — Fuller, Defendants.

You aer hereby required to appear in an action bought againt you by the above named Plaintiffs in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, (a copy of which accompanies this Summons,) within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service,) after the service on you of this summons—if served within this Country or if served within this Gounty; or, if served out of this County, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; or if served out of said District, then within forty days-or Judgment by detault will be taken against you, ac-cording to the prayer of said Complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of four hundred and thirty-eight [dollars and eighty cents, for Goods, Wares and Mer-chandize, by said Plaintiffs bargained, sold, and delivered to you, under the firm, name and style of J. R. Golburn & Co, at divers times between the 1st day of December, 1863, and the 12th day March, 1864, at Yolo coun-ty, State of California, all of which is set

forth in plaintiffs' complaint. And you are hereby notified: That if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required the said plantiffs will apply to the Court for the relief therein deman<sup>4</sup>ed. Given under my hand and Seal of the District Court of the 6th Judicial District of the

State of California, in and for the SEAL

County of Yolo, this 8th day of Au-gust, A. D. 1864 L. C. BROWNELL, Clerk. Attest--A true copy. L C. BROWNELL, Clerk.

aug13-3m

Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SIXTH Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo. The people of the State of California, to IOMAS J. GLARK, Greeting :

U. S. EXCISE TAX, THE " ROWE " 7th Divis., 5th Dist., State of California. **DOUBLE-THREAD** LOCK-STITCH Comprising the County of Yolo. Notice is hereby given, that the Lists of Valuations and Enumerations of Prop-erty subject to Tax under the "Act to pro-vide Internal Revenue to support the Gov-ernment and to pay interest on the Public Debt," approved July 1st, 1862, and the Amendatory Act, approved March 3d, 1863, made and taken by the Assistant Assessor of said Division, will remain open for the ex-amination of all persons interested, for the space of fifteen days from the date hereof, at the office of the Assistant Assessor, in Wood-land, between the hours of 9 A M and 4 P M; SEWING MACHINE. From which all others derive their Vitality ! ! Established in 1845, Improved from time to time and fully per-fected in 1862! land, between the hours of 9 A M and 4 P M and immediately after the expiration of said fifteen days, on the 24th day of August, I will receive and determine all appeals rela-tive to erroneous or excessive valuations or enumerations made and taken by said Assistant Assessor All appeals to the Assessor as aforesaid must be made in writing, and specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and state the ground or principle of inequality or error complained of. W. A. ELIASON, Assessor 5th District. Dated at Suisun, Aug. 8th, 1864. 23-2t Notice to Creditors. E STATE OF CALVIN GALLUP, Deceas-ded.—Notice is hereby given by the un-dersigned, Administratrix of the Estate of Calvin Gallup, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said MARY E. GALLUP, at Woodland, or to C. P. SPRAGUE, her Attorney, in the said county of Yolo. MARY E. GALLUP, Administratrix, By C. P. SPRAGUE, Att'y. Dated at Woodland, Aug. 2d, 1864. 4t Agency for Sacramento. For Marysville, STOVES !! STOVES !! For Woodland, june25-3m JUST RECEIVED, A Fine Lot of those Celebrated VISITING " Leader " ... AND .... "Golden Harp" COOK STOVES. TINWARE! TINWARE!! A LARGE ASSORTMENT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, - BY --B. C. AUSTIN, -AND-324 Clay Street, San Francisco.

N. B.—The Leader Stove is

entirely different from any stove heretofore introduced into this market. The top is made

double with a hollow space between, thus

insuring the outer thickness from becoming

red hot. The top is so constructed that any

size boiler can be used. The oven is large and

is made with ventilators, so as to secure any degree of heat desired. Persons wishing to

purchase a Stove, the most complete and

convenient yet invented, will do well to call and see the "Leader." july30 3m

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

The undersigned, thankful for the libera! patronage bestowed for many

Gruhler's Saleon,

Sixth street, between J and K streets.

Books and Stationery.

Fall kinds for sale at

ended to.

Orders from the Usualry promptly at-

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Reveloy;

years upon the firm of

july30 3m

The Character of their House FOR FIRST CLASS GOODS !! IS WELL KNOWN. THE MOST BEAUTIFUL VARIETY - OF --We have also for sale the Genuine ALL THE NEW DRESS FABRICS New England Machines, Formerly sald at \$25), price ...... \$15 00 Is Complete in their WE GUARANTEE ALL OUR MACHINES. NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS Purchase only of us or our Agents, as there is a spurious article in the market. DEMING & CO., No. 3 Montgomery st. (Masonic Temple), San Francisco, Sole Agents for the No. 88 J STREET. SACRAMENTO. Pacific Coast. W. SHARP, 142 J street. S. D. Baldwin, 57 D street P. S.-Attention is directed to the New Spring Mantle-s beautiful garment. may 14-3m J. S. CUNNINGHAM. B. KOZMINSKY. . . G. W. LOCKE. . . S. LEVENSON. NOTICE TO PERSONS B. KOZMINSKY & CO. THE CITY! SUCCESSORS TO H. GOODEIND & CO... No. 166 J St., Sacramento,' Headquarters for Boys' Clothing. IMPORTERS AND BEALERS IN A LL Strangers visiting the city are particularly invited to call on HAVANA AND DOMESTIC R. T. BROWN & CO. CIGARS, TOBACCO. CORNER FOURTH AND J STREETS, Brier Wood, Turkish, SACRAMENTO. French and And examine their Extensive Stock of MEERSHAUM PIPES, **GENTS' and BOYS'** CARDS, MATCHES, SNUFF. **Fashionable Clothing** Smoking and Tine-Cut Tobacco, CIGARITOS, ETC., ETC. FURNISHING GOODS, ALSO. Comprising every conceivable DRIED FRUITS, Style, and adapted to the And a full assortment of Wants of All and at IF INTUTTON ! TH Very reasonable Prices. We are receiving by every steamer immense Particular attention given to Country Oradditions to our stock. ders. R. T. BROWN & CO., Jan23-tf Cor. 4th and J streets, Sacramento. d! -tf NEW GOODS !! Gt

# SUMMER GOODS. - 07--

Boots and Shoes,

Boys Clothing.

Hats and cops,

NEW GOODS, SPRING GOODS, THE VERY LATEST STYLE AND PATTERN CAN BE FOUND AT

GOOD

West, is approvided ad

Call attention to

FOR-

STREETS AND STREETS!

O'CONNELL, EYAN & CO.,

ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THIS KIND

With which their

EXTENSIVE AND SUPERE STOCK Is Replete.

MISS PARKER, who was lately killed at a flouring mill at Green Valley, Solane county, by being cought in the machinery, was a type setter on the Pacific Monthly, and was the chief support of the family, consisting of a mother and five children, and was to have been married in a few days.

A Concear .- Eight hundred children of the public schools in San Francisco, on Friday afterneon, 12th inst., gave a concert in favor of the Freedmen's Relief Association.

THE ban Francisco and San Jose Bai Iroad is now paying \$26,000 a month over expenses of sunning.

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The number of rebel prisoners now in our hands is sem-officially stated to be upward of 62,000 of which about 4,000 are officers.

#### **EAGLE STEAM FLOUR MILLS.** Knight's Landing.

THE undersigned would respectfully an-nounce to the public that the EAGLE STEAM FLOUR MILLS will commence running next Friday, the 19th inst,

CUSTOM WORK will be ground on Fridays and Saturdays of each week.

R. GARDNER, Per E. H. EASTHAM. Knight's Landing, Aug. 13, 1864

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

#### R. P. GLASS

WOULD respectfully inform the public that he has purchased the well known Livery and Sale Stable from Adams & Glasscock, at Woodland, and he is prepared to car-ty on the business as usual. He has always Feed for sale in any quantity. B. P. GLASS, Woodland. on hand good Saddle and Buggy Horses. J. J. ENOWLTON. . H W. CHENEY. J. J. KNOWLTON & CO.,

ADVERTISING AGENTS. N. E. Cor. Montgomery and California Sts.,

(Over Pacific Bank,)

july-30 SAN FRANCISCO. T. J. MILLIKIN.

ORN M. MILLIEIN. MILLIRIN BROS.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND IM-

**Fereign and Demestic Liquors**, etc No. 165 J street, between 6th and 7th,

Julyao-M BACRAMENTO.

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of CAMILLUS NELSON in said Court filed against you within ten days from. the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county, if served out of this county but within this Judicial District, then in twenty days, but if served on you without said District, then in forty days from such service exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the 13th day of July. 1864, in said Court.--

Said action is brought to recover judgment for the sum of Eleven Hundred Dollars with interest on said sum from the 30th day of October, 1862, as specified in complaint on a promisory note, given by you, B. B. Glascock and others, dated June 2d, 1862, for the sum of \$2,000, payable on or before the 1st day of January, 1863, with two per cent. per month interest from date, with a credit thereon of Eleven Hundred Bollars, made the 30th of October, 1862, all of which is fully set forth in the complaint, a copy of which accompanies this Summons.

And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to answer the Complaint as directed, plaintiff will demand judgment against you for the amount as herein above specified

In Testimony whereof I, L. C. BROWNELL, Clerk of the 6th Judicial District Court aforesaid do hereunto; set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court. at office in Woodland, this 13th day of July, A D 1864. L. C. BROWNELL, Clerk. july15 3m

SUMMONS.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Yolo. In Justice E. M. Hiatt's Court Grafton Township, THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFOBNIA, TO CARY LADUE, Greeting :-

VOU are hereby summoned to appear be-I fore me at my office, in the Township of Grafton, in the County of Yolo, on the 29th day of August A. D. 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M. to answer unto the complaint of J. & J. W. Baldwin who brings action to recover the sum of One Hundred and ninety one dollars and eighty eight cents, due upon a promissory note, when a judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, together with costs and damages, if you fail to appear and an-

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County, Greeting : Make legal service and due return hereof. Given under my hand, this 27th day of May, A. D. 1864. E. M. HIATT. A. D. 1864. E. M. HIATT, Justice of the Peace of said Township.

may28-3m

Notice.

THOSE indebted to the undersigned, eithe-by note or account, are respectfully rer quested to call and settle with GILES E. SILL. The books will be found at the old stand, in Woodland. julye-\*



CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT

April30-3m Of those for whom we fond emotion sheries Secure the shadow ere the substance perish The open from SUNPISE UNTIL DARK bere all varieties of PICTURES will be to en in a superfer minner and at the aborter for the superfer minner and at the aborter

Knight's Landing.

Notice to Wool Growers-Just received, a fine lot of Wool SAGE and TWINS, at RAVELEYS.

Lubin's Extracts,

Obeics variety, just received and for sale at Reveloy's.

or whit LIGHT & P 19011-11

in SACRAMENTO. B. LASKY. m21-3m 228 J street, bet. Eighth & Ninth tradi ""captaret" book DEUEL, GRIFFITTS & O., Wholesale and Retail DRY GOODS DEALERS. No. 248 J street, SACRAMENT Adapted to the wants of the

Have just received a full assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY COODS Spring and Summer Frede. 



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Meets on the lat Monday in every month, at the Court House, in Woodland. Regular drill days last Saturday in every month. C. W. LEWIS, Captain.

Sculpture and Ornamental work jan24-th | Veisse

h	JUST RECEIVED, FROM	
h	Europe and the Eastern States, by	The W(
-	LAMOTT,	WC
	A Large and Magnificent Lot of New Styles of	
y	SOFT AND SILK HATS,	
-	ALL OF WHICH WILL BE	
n 	Sold at Prices Lower than any House in the State.	
	CHILDREN'S HATS AND CAPS IN LARGE QUANTITIES.	
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	Of the New Style and all Styles, Made	11 1
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	DIFFERENT QUALITIES now in FASHION.	For
ve	Also, on hand,	1.03
115	Fur Gloves,	12
to	Fur Collars, and	K
	Buffalo Overshoes, For Gents and Ladies, adapted to those trav-	
	eling over the mountains. On hand	Ca
	A Fine Lot of BUGGY ROBES.	malea
	All of which are guaranteed as represented.	E
-	Being a Practical Furrier, he knows what he is selling.	
!!	In purchasing Furs, beware of whom you buy.	30
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4	Fall kinds for sale at Raveley	
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Opposite the Steamboat Landing