

THE ARKANSAS HISTORY
COMMISSION

CATALOGUE

Arkansas State History Museum



By

DALLAS T. HERNDON, Secretary

The Arkansas History Commission

Catalogue

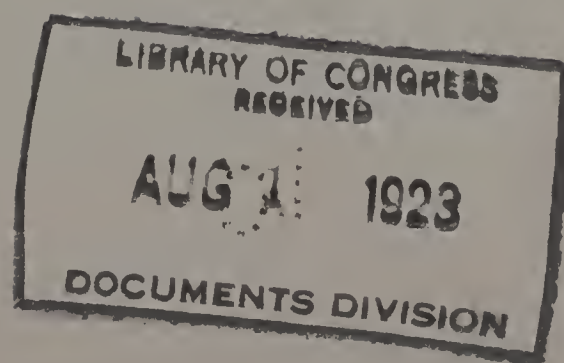
ARKANSAS STATE HISTORY
MUSEUM



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THE ARKANSAS STATE HISTORY MUSEUM

Have you seen it? No? And are you an Arkansan? Or are you a visitor in Arkansas? It matters not which. Here is something you really ought to know. It is, also, an invitation. WHILE YOU ARE IN LITTLE ROCK DON'T FAIL TO SEE THE ARKANSAS STATE HISTORY MUSEUM. It is an opportunity you cannot afford to miss. It is your best opportunity, perhaps, to "discover" Arkansas—discover, from real examples of the history of Arkansas in process of making—things about Arkansas you may be both surprised and glad to know.

Do you care to discover, from observation of many ingenious things they made and employed in their pursuits of peace and of war, points of interest about the Indians and prehistoric races who dwelt once in what is now the State of Arkansas? The State History Museum, with its many illustrative examples of the handiwork of these primitive races, affords you then that opportunity.

The history of Arkansas is different—different from the history of other states. And the difference is in matters which make for individuality—an individuality different from the individuality of other states. Like a child by nature nobly gifted from birth, Arkansas, born of the same parentage which bore the other states, has matured an individuality of its own.

The Arkansas State History Museum affords a revelation of that individuality which gives character to Arkansas history. The Museum is fitted out, for example, with articles which tell a thrilling story of pioneer enterprise and customs, with portraits of men distinguished for notable public services, with historic war memorials, and what not—just the sort of thing to emphasize the high lights of Arkansas history.

Don't forget the place. The Arkansas State History Museum is situated in the new State Capitol. The Museum is part of the state department of public-archives, and history, known officially as the

ARKANSAS HISTORY COMMISSION

MEMBERS OF COMMISSION

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FRANCES MARION HANGER (Little Rock)

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Museum of the State and Territorial History

Exhibit I

1. Miscellaneous Collection of Two Hundred Sixty-five Small Copper Coins—specimens of coinage one time or another in currency in sundry foreign states and principalities, chiefly European. (Gift of Mrs. A. A. Tufts and Mr. Louis Bauerlein.)
2. Eight Copper and Silver Coins (British, German, etc.), of small and various denomination. (Courtesy Mrs. W. H. Pemberton.)
3. Louisiana Purchase Souvenir Coin, struck off in commemoration of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis, in 1904.
4. Ten Pieces of Chinese or Japanese Paper Currency, exhibited in courtesy to Mrs. A. A. Tufts.
5. The Evolution, in a manner, of the Penny of the United States, exhibited in a hundred and five copper coins, for the most part of different issues, beginning about 1790. (Gift of Mrs. A. A. Tufts.)
6. Fifteen Pieces of Colonial and Continental Currency—issues of the period of the American Revolution. (Gift of Mrs. A. A. Tufts.)
7. Two Notes of Two and Five Dollars, issue of the State of North Carolina, of date 1776 and 1778. (Courtesy of Mrs. C. R. Ledbetter.)

Exhibit II

1. Scrap of Martha Washington's Dress, passed down through Nellie Custis to her great-granddaughter, Esther Lewis Moore, of "Andly," Clark county, Virginia. (Gift of Mrs. Ann Bachman Hyde, formerly of Little Rock.)
2. Shot of Small Cannon, found on the field where was fought the Battle of Camden (South Carolina) of the American Revolution.

3. Marble Paper Weight, made of a remnant of the stone used in the erection of George Washington's tomb; it was presented to William S. Fulton while serving as first United States Senator from Arkansas. (Gift of Mrs. May Fulton Curran Johnson.)
4. Common Gourd, used in the American Revolution as a "powder horn." (Courtesy Mrs. Helen E. Hobbs.)
5. Old-fashioned Marrow Spoon of Revolutionary traditions, once the property of Alexander McCulloch, and Mrs. Betsy Montfort Ash, both of North Carolina. (Courtesy Mrs. P. W. Crawford.)
6. Surgeon's Scissors, used during the American Revolution by the father of Dr. L. D. Hill, late of Perryville, Ark. (Courtesy Miss Mattie Harrison.)
7. Silver Medal, struck off by authority of the State of South Carolina for award to Joseph Holt in token of his services in the Mexican War. (Gift of Norman Bellar.)
8. Paper Knife, used by Andrew Jackson while President of the United States. (Gift of Mrs. Ann Bachman Hyde, formerly of Little Rock.)
9. Lancet, used for bleeding horses, carried through American Revolution by Noah Crabtree of South Carolina; brought to Arkansas in 1851 by a grandson, B. M. Crabtree.
10. Pocket Toothbrush of Arkansas Pioneer, said to have been in the family since 1792.
11. Metal Case, such as the pioneer traveler is said sometimes to have used for carrying documents of value. (Courtesy Mrs. William Ayres Cook.)
12. Silver Goblet of Ornate Colonial Pattern, long a prized possession in the pioneer family of Taylors of Arkansas Post or vicinity. (Courtesy of the late Mrs. Orlando Halliburton.)
13. Dessert Knife, said to bear the monogram of Carlotta of Austria, whose it once was; long since in possession of an old and well-known Arkansas family. (Courtesy Miss Frances Mitchell.)
14. Silver Soup Ladle, owned and brought to Arkansas Territory by Governor George Izard. (Courtesy Miss Jeanie Woodruff.)

15. Dainty Kidskin Slipper, doubtless moulded in the height of prevalent fashion during the American Révolution for Miss Betsy Montfort of North Carolina—a relic of traditions in the Crawford-Roots family. (Courtesy Mrs. P. W. Crawford.)
16. Egg Cup of Antique Pattern, an inheritance of Mrs. Walter H. Pemberton, of long Old Virginia lineage, and an Arkansas writer of parts.
17. Flat Silver Fork, Tea and Table Spoon of Colonial Pattern—pieces from the plate of Senator Chester Ashley. (Courtesy of Mrs. B. S. Johnson.)
18. Ornate Sugar Bowl, passed down from Lewis Fletcher, who migrated from Tennessee to Arkansas (then Missouri Territory) in 1814. (Courtesy Miss Mary P. Fletcher.)
19. Quaint Gold Framed Spectacles, worn by James Sevier Conway, the first Governor of the State of Arkansas. (Courtesy Francis H. Conway.)
20. Pair of Razors, a personal memento of Elias N. Conway, Governor of Arkansas 1852-1860. (Courtesy Francis H. Conway.)
21. China Plate, of old fashioned pattern, in possession, since the days of the Arkansas pioneer, of the family of Mrs. Mary Hutcherson Porter of Clarksville, Arkansas.
22. Heavy Glass Pitcher, a present from Henry Clay of Kentucky, to Chester Ashley, while the latter sat for Arkansas in the United States Senate. (Courtesy Mrs. William Ayres Cook).
23. Lock of Hair and Signature, said to be General Robert E. Lee's, given Mrs. James F. Aglar, of St. Louis, for exhibition at Southern Relief Fair. (Courtesy of Mrs. William Ayres Cook.)
24. Maltese Cross, made of wood from the flagstaff which flew the Confederate Flag on the Capitol at Richmond in the 60's.
25. Sash Buttons, Confederate. (Gift Mrs. J. W. Meek.)
26. Souvenir of the Battle of the "Crater," at Petersburg, Va., July 30, 1864. Clay from the "Crater" moulded or carved in form like the Book of Prayer, by the late Major G. P. C. Rumbough of Little Rock.

27. Field Glass, carried through the War Between the States by Captain J. T. Kirk, Co. B, 10th Arkansas Infantry Regiment.
28. Large Letter A, made and worn on his cap by Judge W. Meek, then of Columbia county, Arkansas, while in the Confederate Army.
29. Gutta Percha Necklace and Pendant, made of buttons and a piece of spar by Lieut.-Col. W. N. Parish, 18th Arkansas Infantry Regiment, while a Confederate prisoner of war on Johnson's Island.
30. Fife used in the War Between the States by Monroe Parsley, musician in Co. D, 7th Arkansas Infantry Regiment. (Gift of late Col. R. G. Shaver.)
31. Brass Buttons from Confederate soldier's uniform.
32. Masonic Emblem Pipe, made by a private Confederate soldier during the War Between the States, while in a Federal prison, for Dr. John M. Dunn of Arkansas. (Courtesy N. C. McCrary.)
33. Combination Knife, Fork and Spoon, used in the War Between the States by J. H. McWilliams, a Confederate, of Camden, Arkansas. (Courtesy John D. Lockhart, Jr.)
34. An Arkansas Violin, made of Arkansas wood by an Arkansan, G. T. Shrader of Little Rock.
35. Fac-Simile of Medal and Certificate awarded Mr. Shrader as a Master Violin Maker at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.
36. Thimble of Mrs. E. N. Bailey, brought to Arkansas from Virginia about 1830. (Courtesy J. R. Bailey.)
37. Souvenir of the Surrender of Appomattox, made of wood from the famous apple tree by R. J. Bailey, who procured this bit of the tree at the time, the Federals having cut it down forthwith for preservation as memorials. (Gift of J. R. Bailey.)
38. Souvenir of the Battle of Drewry's Bluff, James River, a spoon made of wood procured there, July, 1862, by J. R. Bailey, of the 3d Arkansas Infantry Regiment, and used by Mr. Bailey throughout the war. (Gift R. J. Bailey.)
39. "Dixie Drinking Cup," made of coconut shell by R. J. Bailey as a souvenir of the Battle of Gaines Mill, June, 1862. (Gift R. J. Bailey.)

40. Knife and Fork, made during the war, 1860-65, by William Rayburn, Arkansas pioneer and Confederate soldier—an illustration of the privations of a Southern soldier, and his skill in improvising common necessities. (Courtesy Mrs. E. L. Rayburn.)
41. Tallow Candles, made at home in the 50s by Mrs. W. D. Morgan, of Wabaseka, Jefferson county, Arkansas, when such were still in general use. (Courtesy Mrs. Frank Tomlinson.)
42. Commemorative Silver Medal to Arkansas by the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in recognition of the part played by Arkansas and its material contribution to the success of the Exposition. (Courtesy Gov. C. H. Brough.)

Exhibit III

1. Original Commission to Robert Crittenden as Secretary of the newly formed Territory of Arkansas, given under the seal and signature of President Monroe, March 3, 1819. (Courtesy Charles, Morris and Tucker Bertrand.)
2. Original of Message by Governor John Pope to the Territorial Legislature, October 5, 1831. (Gulley Collection.)
3. Original of Message by George Izard to the Territorial Legislature, October 7, 1828. (Gulley Collection.)
4. Original Petition to Governor James Miller by sundry citizens of Arkansas, praying him to call the first general election in the new Territory, presented in the fall of 1819. (Gulley Collection.)
5. Original of Message by Governor William S. Fulton to the Territorial Legislature, October 5, 1838. (Gulley Collection.)
6. Original of Message by Governor James S. Conway to the first General Assembly of State, November 6, 1837. (Gulley Collection.)
7. Original of First Message by Governor Archibald Yell to the General Assembly, November 6, 1840. (Gulley Collection.)
8. Paper drawn by Samuel Adams, in the capacity of State Treasurer, who was Acting Governor from April 29 to November 8, 1844. (Gulley Collection.)

9. Autograph Letter of Governor Thomas S. Drew to E. N. Conway, Auditor of State, January 20, 1846. (Gulley Collection.)
10. Original of Message by Governor John Selden Roane to the General Assembly, April 19, 1849. (Gulley Collection.)
11. Autograph Letter of Dr. David Dale Owen, famous geologist, to Governor E. N. Conway, regarding Owen's Survey of Arkansas, January 16, 1857. (Gulley Collection.)
12. Original Requisition for Troops to put down "the Rebellion," sent Governor Henry M. Rector by Simon Cameron, Secretary of War, April 15, 1861. (Gulley Collection.)
13. Original of Message by Governor Harris Flanagan calling the General Assembly in extraordinary session at Washington, Hempstead county, September 22, 1864. (Gulley Collection.)
14. Autograph Letter of Senator James K. Jones to Mr. Adolph Felsenthal of Camden, January 31, 1905. (Courtesy Mr. Felsenthal.)
15. Autograph Letter of Major Elias Rector, by General Albert Pike brevetted "Fine Old Arkansas Gentleman Close to the Choctaw Line," to Colonel Gilbert Marshall, August 6, 1839. (Courtesy Mrs. T. D. Crawford.)
16. Original Indenture of Apprenticeship of William E. Woodruff by his mother, Hannah Woodruff, to Alden Spooner, Master Printer, October 18, 1810. (Gift Mrs. William E. Woodruff, Jr.)
17. Autograph Letter of Albert Pike, Poet, Jurist, Soldier and Distinguished Mason, October 7, 1888. (Gift Mrs. S. S. Wassell.)
18. Original of Narrative by Reporting to Governor Izard on the journey of the Quapaw Indians from Arkansas to their new reservation among the Caddos of Louisiana, dated January 1, 1826. (Gulley Collection.)
19. Petition to Governor James Miller by sundry chiefs and leading men among the Cherokees, who gave as their abode "Cherokee Nation, on Arkansas." (Gulley Collection.)
20. Original of a Poem written by General Patrick R. Cleburne in an autograph album addressed to Miss Mitty Yerbey, of Phillips county, in July, 1854. (Courtesy Mrs. E. D. Wall.)

21. Original Deed of Conveyance of Lands "entered and located" in the town of Little Rock by William M. O'Hara and Stephen F. Austin, the same known as the founder of Texas. (Knight Collection.)
22. Autograph Letter of Henry W. Conway, whom Robert Crittenden wounded mortally in a duel, October 28, 1827, to Governor James Miller. (Gulley Collection.)
23. Autograph Letter of Ambrose H. Sevier, November 20, 1825, to Governor George Izard—Sevier, the matchless politician, having the measure of a statesman. (Gulley Collection.)
24. Autograph of Richard Searcy, lawyer, politician, and one of the founders of the Town of Batesville. Searcy county was named for him. (Gulley Collection.)
25. Bills of Sales of Slaves, the transaction being between Simon Vanorsdale, of St. Clair county, Illinois, and Lewis Fletcher, of Lawrence county, Arkansas Territory. (Courtesy Miss Mary P. Fletcher.)

Exhibit III-A

Portraits (reprints) of the Governors of the Territory and State, to-wit: James Miller, 1819-1825; George Izard, 1825-1828; John Pope, 1829-1835 (research has failed to reveal the existence of likeness extant); William S. Fulton, 1835-1836; James S. Conway, 1836-1840; Archibald Yell, 1840-1844; Samuel Adams, 1844 (acting from April to November); Thomas S. Drew, 1844-1848; John S. Roane, 1849-1852; Elias N. Conway, 1852-1860; Henry M. Rector, 1860-1862; Harris Flanagan, 1862-1865; Isaac Murphy, 1864-1868.

Exhibit III-B

Powell Clayton, 1868-1871; O. A. Hadley, 1871-1873; Elisha Baxter, 1873-1874; Augustus H. Garland, 1874-1877; William R. Miller, 1877-1881; T. J. Churchill, 1881-1883; James H. Berry, 1883-1885; Simon P. Hughes, 1885-1889; James P. Eagle, 1889-1893; William M. Fishback, 1893-1895; James P. Clarke, 1895-1897; Dan W. Jones, 1897-1901; Jeff Davis, 1901-1907; John S. Little, 1907-1909 (suitable likeness not yet secured); George W. Donaghey, 1909-1913; Joe T. Robinson, 1913 (suitable likeness not yet procured); George W. Hays, 1913-1917 (suitable likeness not yet procured); Charles H. Brough, 1917-1921 (suitable likeness not yet procured).

Exhibit IV

1. Pens used by Governor George W. Hays to sign the Newberry state-wide prohibition law, 1915.
2. Gavel used by T. M. Mehaffy, President of the Constitutional Convention of 1917, as presiding officer.
3. Pen used by President of the Constitutional Convention of 1917 to sign official draft of proposed new Constitution.
4. One of a dozen pens, more or less used by Governor Charles H. Brough to sign the so-called "Bone Dry Bill."
5. Whig Party Pennant of 1840, the log cabin, etc., printed on cloth.
6. One of the Original Ballots cast for presidential electors from Arkansas "Democratic Republican Ticket" in 1836—the first presidential election participated in by the State of Arkansas. (Courtesy Francis Holstein.)
7. One of Original Ballots cast for state and county officers in Phillips county in 1860. (Courtesy James R. Turner.)
8. Original "Ohio Union Presidential Ticket," of 1864—Abraham Lincoln for President, and Andrew Jackson for Vice-President.
9. An Obituary, 1835, printed on silk, and illustrated by representation of a cemetery.
10. A Blank or Form used by the president of the "State Council of Arkansas," "Union League of America," to commission deputies in the several counties of the state with "full authority to initiate proper persons into the secrets of the U. L. of A.", etc.
11. A Blank or Form on which were issued the orders of T. J. Churchill, Major General, in command of the Baxter militia, to guards during the Brooks-Baxter war to "pass" certain persons "in and out of our lines."
12. View of the building and campus of Miss Sophia Sawyer's "Female Seminary" at Fayetteville, Arkansas, in 1852. (Courtesy Miss Clara B. Eno.)
13. Pictures of the Ruins of the old "Batesville Institute," and of the residence of its president, W. Byers. Esq.
14. Photographic Copy of the Plan of the Buildings and Grounds of the Dwight Mission on the Arkansas River.

15. Map of the Supposed Route of DeSoto through what is now Arkansas. (Courtesy Miss Ada Mixon.)
16. Program of Exercises held April 15, 1880, in honor of the visit of Ex-President U. S. Grant to Little Rock.
17. "First Premium" Certificates awarded the prize-winners at the First Annual Fair of the Pulaski County Agricultural and Mechanical Association, November, 1860. (Courtesy Miss Janie Woodruff.)
18. Autograph Letter of David O. Dodd, the Confederate hero, to his mother, October 23, 1862. (Courtesy Mrs. S. D. Booth.)
19. Lock of David O. Dodd's Hair. (Courtesy Mrs. S. D. Booth.)
20. Autograph Letter of David O. Dodd to his sister, Senhora, later Mrs. S. D. Booth, written while in camp with Confederate Army, January, 1863. (Courtesy Mrs. S. D. Booth.)
21. Photograph of the Memorial Window in the Confederate Museum at Richmond, Va., in honor of David O. Dodd.
22. Daguerreotype, Captain Henry Cauty, Confederate officer in full dress uniform, who was killed in seige of Vicksburg. (Courtesy Mrs. Edwin R. Dibrell.)
23. Photograph, Henry Clay Caldwell, Federal Judge, Eastern District of Arkansas, from 1864 to 1891, when he was promoted to the Eighth Federal Circuit Court. (Courtesy Mrs. Frederick Hanger.)
24. Daguerreotype, John Baird and Henry Clements, Confederate soldiers, in uniform, volunteers in Company G, 1st Regiment, Arkansas Infantry. (Courtesy Mrs. George B. Gill.)
25. Daguerreotype, C. C. Danley, one time proprietor of The Arkansas Gazette, member of the Arkansas Military Board, and otherwise active in public affairs during the War Between the States. (Courtesy—)
26. Small Painting, Nathaniel Taylor, veteran of the War of 1812, native of Virginia. (Courtesy Mrs. Charles R. Hyde.)
27. Steel Engraving, Robert W. Johnson, United States Senator, 1853-1869; represented Arkansas also in Confederate Congress. (Courtesy James V. Johnson.)

28. Daguerreotype, Craven W. Harrison, pioneer and Confederate soldier, killed on Price's Raid into Missouri, 1864. (Courtesy Mrs. J. T. Beal.)
29. Daguerreotype, Charles P. Bertrand and Sterling H. Tucker, respectively, pioneer publisher and lawyer, and pioneer banker. (Courtesy Mrs. Edwin R. Dibrell.)
30. Daguerreotype, Miss Sophia Sawyer, missionary to the Cherokee Indians, who, in 1839, started a school for the Indians at Fayetteville, Arkansas, known as the Fayetteville Female Seminary. (Courtesy Miss Clara B. Eno.)
31. Daguerreotype, Phillip Pennywit, long a captain of the steamboat "Facility," one of the first and best known of its kind on the Arkansas and White rivers. (Courtesy Miss Clara B. Eno.)
32. Daguerreotype, R. J. Bailey, of 3d Arkansas Infantry, June, 1861, in Confederate uniform. (Courtesy R. J. Bailey.)
33. Daguerreotype, Benj. M. Davis, an Arkansas pioneer. (Courtesy Mrs. L. H. Boogher.)
34. Daguerreotype, Thomas Worthen, poet, native of Kentucky, and author of the notable poem, "The Old Canoe." (Courtesy Mrs. W. E. Green.)
35. Daguerreotype, Nicholas Headington, native of Kentucky, soldier of the War of 1812. (Courtesy Mrs. W. E. Green.)
36. Daguerreotype, Dr. Craven Peyton, Caroline Crease (later the wife of Dr. Peyton), Bettie Faulkner and James F. Fagan, all well known Arkansans. (Courtesy Mrs. Irene Fagan Cockle.)
37. Daguerreotype, Dr. George Dabney Sizer and wife, pioneers, in the 40's. (Courtesy Miss Janie Woodruff.)
38. Group Photograph—"Gallery of Noted Arkansas Pioneers."
39. Photograph, Samuel C. Roane, native of Tennessee, soldier in the War of 1812, early Arkansas pioneer, lawyer, and a well known politician in his day. (Courtesy Mrs. Frank Tomlinson.)

Exhibit IV-A

(Space left open.)

Exhibit IV-B

40. Photograph, Mrs. Eliza Bertrand Cunningham, "first resident lady," tradition says, of Little Rock; she and her husband, Dr. Matthew Cunningham, it seems, settled there as early as September, 1820. (Courtesy Mrs. Frederick Hanger.)
41. Photograph (copy) Absalom Fowler, pioneer lawyer of Little Rock, and widely known politician during the 30's and 40's. (Courtesy George B. Rose.)
42. Photograph, John W. Walker, civil engineer, who had a part in the building of the old United States Arsenal at Little Rock, begun in 1839. (Courtesy Mrs. Justin Matthews.)
43. Photograph (copy), William S. Fulton, the last of the Territorial Governors, and one of the two first United States Senators.
44. Photograph, Commandant's House, which stood near the old Arsenal, in what is now the City Park, Little Rock. (Courtesy D. L. Phillips.)
45. Photograph, the old Arsenal, in what is now the City Park, Little Rock; the building was begun in 1839. (Courtesy D. L. Phillips.)
46. Photograph, Officers' Quarters and Barracks, which stood near the old Arsenal, in what is now the City Park, Little Rock. (Courtesy D. L. Phillips.)
47. Photograph, St. John's College, Little Rock, taken, it seems, in the 70's. (Courtesy D. L. Phillips.)
48. Pen Sketch of St. John's College, the sketcher's idealized conception of what buildings and grounds should have been. (Courtesy Mrs. George B. Gill.)
49. Photograph, First Presbyterian Church, which stood on the corner at Firth and Scott Streets, Little Rock. (Courtesy D. L. Phillips.)
50. Photograph (copy) of "The Point of Rocks," or "The Little Rock," situated on the south side of the Arkansas River at Little Rock. It was from this rock that the town took its name. (Courtesy Mrs. Frederick Hanger.)
51. Photograph, buildings and street scene at corner of Main and Markham streets, Little Rock, made about 1860. (Courtesy D. L. Phillips.)

52. Photograph, Buildings and Street Scene, Main Street, Little Rock, made about 1860. (Courtesy D. L. Phillips.)
53. Miniature (copy), Ralph Izard, "gentleman," of South Carolina, father of Governor George Izard. (Courtesy Mrs. Charles A. Pratt.)
54. Miniature (copy), Mrs. Ralph Izard, "lady," of South Carolina, mother of Governor George Izard. (Copy of miniature on Mrs. Izard's gold snuff box). (Courtesy Mrs. Charles A. Pratt.)
55. Photograph (copy of painting), Ralph Izard, "at Cambridge University, England." (Courtesy Mrs. Charles A. Pratt.)
56. Photograph (copy of painting), Ralph and Alice DeLancey Izard, parents of Governor George Izard. (Courtesy Mrs. Charles A. Pratt.)
57. Photograph (copy of painting), Mrs. Ralph Izard, mother of Governor George Izard. (Courtesy Mrs. Charles A. Pratt.)
58. Photograph (copy) the Home of Governor James Miller, in Temple, New Hampshire, with "insert" of Miller himself. (Courtesy Mrs. Frederick Hanger.)
59. Photograph (copy), the Burial Place and Memorial to Governor James Miller, in Temple, New Hampshire. (Courtesy Mrs. Frederick Hanger.)

Exhibit V

1. Copy (photographic) of "The Life and Morals of Jesus of Nazareth, Extracted Textually from the Gospels, in Greek, Latin, French and English;" the work of Thomas Jefferson, known as the "Jefferson Bible." (Courtesy H. W. Stewarr.)
2. "The Saint's Treasury;—being Sundry Sermons preached in London, By the Late Reverend and Painful Minister of the Gospel, Jeremiah Burroughs." Printed in London, 1656. A relic of the Arkansas pioneers. (Courtesy Miss Frances Mitchell.)
3. "The American Preceptor;—Being a New Selection of Lessons for Reading and Speaking. Designed for the Use of Schools. By Caleb Bingham, A. M.,—Sixty-eighth Edition, Boston, 1831." Miss Julia Ludlow's Book, Arkansas Territory, 1834.

4. "The Constitution of the Incorporated Practical House Carpenter's Society, of the City and County of Philadelphia," etc. "Incorporated June 29, 1811," Book of Robert Miles, Arkansas Territory pioneer mechanic. (Courtesy Miss Clara B. Eno.)
5. "Constitution of the Bar Association of the State of Arkansas, Adopted at a Meeting of the Profession, Held in the City of Little Rock, 24th day of November, 1837." The first organization of its kind by the lawyers of Arkansas.
6. Confederate Diary, kept by Dr. John M. Dunn during his service as a surgeon in the Confederate Army. (Courtesy N. C. McCrary.)
7. Journals of the Fourth Session of the General Assembly of the Territory of Arkansas, at Little Rock, October, 1825.
8. School Text Book, "Philosophical Theory and Practice of Penmanship," 1844.
9. School Text Book, "A Sequel to Webster's Elementary Spelling Book," 1844.
10. Roster of Confederate Soldiers (officers) made by Lieut. Thomas N. Hail, 1st Regiment Arkansas Infantry, while he was a prisoner of war on Johnson's Island. (Courtesy C. A. Hail.)
11. Family Bible, the Walkers, of Little Rock, having vital records of the Walkers and their family servants (slaves) on opposite pages. (Courtesy Mrs. Justin Matthews.)
12. Family Bible, the Fausts, of Little Rock, in German; brought from Germany to America in 1758 by John Faust and his wife, Anna Barbara, who removed to the Territory of Arkansas in the 30's. (Courtesy Miss Emma Faust.)
13. Mile's Weekly Register, issue of March 8, 1817; a national weekly journal printed in Baltimore. (Courtesy Mrs. L. W. Cherry.)
14. Cyphering Book of Robert Ricks, made by him, 1790-93, while at school in Rocky Mount, North Carolina. (Courtesy James E. Talbot, great-grandson of Robert Ricks.)
15. Bible, an Award to David O. Dodd, by his teacher for excellence in penmanship. (Courtesy Mrs. S. D. Booth.)
16. School History, said to have been the property of David O. Dodd. (Courtesy Miss Mary Leigh.)

17. Pocket Testament, carried through the War, 1861-65, by John W. Leigh, of the Macon (Georgia) Guards. (Courtesy Miss Mary Leigh.)
18. Knights Templar Ritual, a copy of which belonged to E. H. English, Chief Justice Supreme Court of Arkansas. (Courtesy Mrs. J. E. Williams.)
19. Bible, pocket edition, once owned by Peter Dubose, Revolutionary War veteran, one of whose descendants, Charles Stuckey, removed to Arkansas in the 50s. (Courtesy Mrs. J. W. Meek.)
20. "Christian Hymns," presented, in 1835, to Nancy Marshall, wife of Gilbert Marshall, by her friend, John Kaiser, of Lexington, Kentucky. (Courtesy Mrs. J. E. Williams, for her daughters, Misses Marie and Louise.)
21. Diary, kept by Mrs. Maria Watkins, wife of Major Isaac Watkins, of the journey of herself and family from Shelbyville, Kentucky, to Little Rock, Arkansas, in 1821. (Courtesy Mrs. W. A. Royston.)
22. Diary, kept by J. J. Clendenin, of his journey from Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, to Arkansas, in 1836. Clendenin was a lawyer who held sundry important offices of trust, being elected Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Arkansas in 1866. (Courtesy Mrs. W. A. Royston.)
23. Locks of Hair, as labeled, some time dated and kept by Mrs. Maria Watkins of relatives and friends: "James H. Tancray, Feb. 1816;" "Mrs. Mary Nichols, died, 1830;" "Lewis Nuckals, died, 1839;" "Silas Tracy Tancray, Feb. 11, 1847;" "Isaac Watkins, Dec. 13, 1827;" etc. (Courtesy Mrs. W. A. Royston.)
24. Autograph Letters, Thomas W. Newton, Shelbyville, Ky., 1830, to Mrs. Maria Watkins, of Little Rock, Arkansas. (Courtesy Mrs. W. A. Royston.)
25. Steel Engraving of War Currency, and note printed from same, to-wit: "The State of Arkansas will pay One Dollar to bearer to be paid according to number. April 9, 1863. L. B. Cunningham, Treasurer."
26. Steel Engraving of War Currency, similar to No. 25.
27. Steel Engraving of War Currency, and note printed from same, to-wit: "The State of Arkansas will pay Two Dollars to bearer, to be paid according to number. August 18, 1863. L. B. Cunningham, Treasurer."

28. Steel Engraving of War Currency, and note printed from same, to-wit: "The State of Arkansas will pay Five Dollars to bearer to be paid in the order of their numbers. June 20, 1864. L. B. Cunningham, Treasurer."
29. Steel Engraving of War Currency, and note printed from same, to-wit: "The State of Arkansas will pay Ten Dollars to bearer with interest at eight per centum per annum to be paid in the order of their numbers, April 11, 1862. O. Basham, Treasurer."
30. War Currency, Note, to-wit: "The State of Arkansas will pay Three Dollars to bearer to be paid according to number. November 29, 1862. O. Basham, Treasurer."
31. Shinplaster Currency, Note, to-wit: "The City of Camden will pay to the bearer Ten Cents on demand, Camden, Ark., Oct. 1, 1869. Jas. A. McGill, City Treasurer." (Gift Mrs. A. A. Tufts.)
32. Shinplaster Currency, Note, to-wit: "United States, Ten Cents, Fractional Currency, 1874." (Gift Mrs. A. A. Tufts.)
33. Shinplaster Currency, Note, to-wit: "H. Polydore, Will pay at Hillsboro, Ark., Fifty Cents, in Confederate Treasury Notes, or War Bonds, when presented in sums of twenty dollars, August 1st, 1862." (Gift Mrs. A. A. Tufts.)
34. Shinplaster Currency Note, to-wit: "W. E. Hunt will pay at his office in Hillsboro, Arkansas, Fifty Cents. In Confederate Money, Arkansas War Bonds or Treasury Notes, when presented in sums of Five Dollars."
35. "Arkansas War Bond," with detachable coupons, in the sum of Twenty Dollars, payable in five years, from September 25, 1861.
36. Arkansas War Bond, with detachable coupons, in the sum of Five Dollars, payable in five years, from April 3, 1861.
37. Shinplaster Currency, Note, to-wit: "Anthony House. This Ticket will be taken for Twenty-five cents, Arkansas money, due the Anthony House. A \$5 bill, Arkansas money, will always be exchanged for that amount in tickets. P. L. Anthony, proprietor, Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 11, 1862."
38. Shinplaster Currency, Note, to-wit: "Twenty-five cents. Camden, Ark's., March 22, 1862. D. W. Fellows, Redeemable in Confederate Notes, or War Bonds, when presented in sums of Ten Dollars." (Gift Mrs. A. A. Tufts.)

39. Shinplaster Currency, Note, to-wit: "Two dollars redeemable in Arkansas War Bonds, Arkansas Treasury Notes, Confederate Notes, or Louisiana Bank Notes, by the Exchange Company of Washington, Ark. Issue of Aug. 1, 1862."
 40. Shinplaster Currency, Note, to-wit: One Dollar, etc., as in Exhibit No. 39.
 41. Shinplaster Currency Note, to-wit: "Two Dollars, Maysville, Ark., Sept. 1, 1862. Due the Bearer, Two Dollars in Confederate Notes, when the sum of Ten Dollars and upwards is presented. (Signed) Reed Tinnin."
 42. Shinplaster Currency, Note, to-wit: "Corporation of Little Rock. Little Rock, Dec. 13, 1838. The Corporation of the City of Little Rock will pay to Chas. Rapley, or order on demand, One Dollar, at the Mayor's Office in Little Rock, payable in Arkansas Bank Notes, when the sum of Five Dollars is presented. Jefferson Smith, Recorder. J. Brown, Mayor."
 43. Same as Exhibit No. 42.
 44. Shinplaster Currency, twenty-five notes, in denominations from five to fifty cents, the issues of the Confederate Government, and sundry states. (Gift of Mrs. A. A. Tufts.)
 45. Confederate War Bond, of One Thousand Dollars, with detachable coupons, issue of March 1, 1864. (Gift of Dr. T. A. Hightower.)
 46. (Note: There were ten different issues of Currency by the Confederate Government, nine denominations and a multiplicity of designs, for there were seventy-two patterns of paper money. Of these the rarest and most prized were those issued at Montgomery at the beginning of the War, May, 1861. For the facts upon this head, as well as sundry specimens in possession of the Commission, credit is due Mr. Louis Bauerlein, of Camden, Arkansas.)
- \$1000.00—Busts of Jackson and Calhoun; Montgomery, 1861.
- 500.00—Cattle in Brook; Montgomery, 1861.
- 100.00—Train of cars near depot; Montgomery, 1861.
- 50.00—Plantation, three negroes in field, two hoeing; Montgomery, 1861.
- 100.00—Train of cars; Richmond, 1861.
- 50.00—Two women on bale of cotton; Richmond, 1861.

- 100.00—Bust of Washington; Richmond, July 25, 1861.
50.00—Bust of Washington; Richmond, July 25, 1861.
20.00—Sailing ship; Richmond, July 25, 1861.
20.00—Woman on deer; Richmond, July 25, 1861.
10.00—Woman, Shield, Confederate flag; Richmond,
July 25, 1861.
5.00—Woman, sailor at left.
100.00—Men loading cotton on wagon; Richmond, Sept.
2, 1861.
50.00—Moneta seated amid chests; Richmond, Sept. 2,
1861.
50.00—Bust of Jefferson Davis; Richmond, Sept. 2,
1861.
50.00—Train of cars; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
20.00—Woman and figure 20, bust of Alexander H.
Stephens; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
20.00—Bust of Alexander H. Stephens; Richmond, Sept.
2, 1861.
20.00—Three women; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
20.00—Woman and globe; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
20.00—Ship sailing, sailor; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
10.00—Negro picking cotton; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
10.00—Camp scene; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
10.00—Three Indians; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
10.00—Hunter and child; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
10.00—P. M. Oldham, cotton; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
10.00—Woman and urn; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
10.00—Hunter and Memminger, woman on anchor;
Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
10.00—Woman and eagle; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
10.00—Marion; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
5.00—Group of women; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
5.00—Machinist; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
5.00—Memminger; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
5.00—Sailor beside cotton, Memminger; Richmond,
Sept. 2, 1861.
5.00—Woman on cotton; Richmond, Sept. 2, 1861.
5.00—Memminger, V and Five Dollars; Richmond,
Sept. 2, 1861.
2.00—South striking down North; Richmond, Sept. 2,
1861.
100.00—Calhoun, negroes in field; 1862.
100.00—Train cars; 1862.
2.00—Confederacy killing Union; June 2, 1862.

- 100.00—Train cars, \$100.00 in green on back; 1862.
 2.00—Benjamin, Confederacy killing Union; June 2, 1861.
 1.00—Mrs. Pickens, steamboat; June 2, 1861.
 20.00—Woman on barrel; Sept. 2, 1862.
 10.00—Hunter, woman, bale cotton; Sept. 2, 1861.
 100.00—Mrs. Jefferson Davis; Dec. 2, 1862.
 50.00—Jefferson Davis; Dec. 2, 1862.
 20.00—Capitol at Nashville, Stephens; Dec. 2, 1862.
 10.00—Capitol at Montgomery, hunters; Dec. 2, 1862.
 5.00—Capitol at Richmond, Memminger; Dec. 2, 1862.
 2.00—Bust Benjamin; Dec. 2, 1862.
 1.00—Bust C. C. Clay; Dec. 2, 1862.
 100.00—Bust Mrs. Jefferson Davis; April 6, 1863.
 50.00—Jefferson Davis; April 6, 1863.
 20.00—Capitol at Nashville, Stephens; April 6, 1863.
 10.00—Capitol at Montgomery, Hunter; April 6, 1863.
 5.00—Capitol at Richmond, Memminger; April 6, 1863.
 2.00—Benjamin; April 6, 1863.
 1.00—C. C. Clay, on pink paper; April 6, 1863.
 .50—Jefferson Davis, on pink paper; April 6, 1863.
 500.00—Horseman with flag, Stonewall Jackson; Feb 17, 1864.
 100.00—Mrs. Jefferson Davis; Feb. 17, 1864.
 50.00—Bust Jefferson Davis; Feb. 17, 1864.
 20.00—Capitol at Nashville, Stephens; Feb. 17, 1864.
 10.00—Artillery, hunter; Feb. 17, 1864.
 5.00—Capitol at Richmond, Memminger; Feb. 17, 1864.
 2.00—Judah P. Benjamin; Feb. 17, 1864.
 1.00—C. C. Clay; Feb. 17, 1864.
 .50—Jefferson Davis, Feb. 17, 1864.

Exhibit V-A

47. Pen Sketch, Cortez Mountain of Sugar Loaf range, Sebastian county, Arkansas.
48. Photograph, Street Scene, Hot Springs, Arkansas, 1862.
49. Pen Sketch, Site of Fort Smith, Arkansas, 1858.
50. Pen Sketch, Magazine Mountain as seen from Stone Point, Faulkner county, Arkansas.
51. Pen Sketch, Bee Rock, in White county, Arkansas.
52. Pen Sketch, Marshall's Prairie, in Washington county, Arkansas.

53. Photograph, vapors rising from waters of hot springs, Hot Springs, Ark.
54. Pen Sketch, Ouachita River at Rockport, in Hot Spring county, Ark.
55. Pen Sketch, Natural Dam, at Lee's Creek, in Crawford county, Ark.
56. Pen Sketch, Dardanelle Rock, near Dardanelle, Ark.
57. Pen Sketch, Profile of Dardanelle Rock, near Dardanelle, Ark.
58. Pen Sketch, Standing Rock, in Polk county, Ark.
59. Pen Sketch, Mammoth Spring, in Fulton county, Ark.
60. Pen Sketch, Round-top Mountain, in Newton county, Ark.
61. Pen Sketch, Boston Mountains, from elevated point.
62. Pen Sketch, Boston Mountains, as seen from point in Newton county, Ark.
63. Pen Sketch, Rock House, on Cave Creek, in Newton county, Ark.
64. Pen Sketch, Street Scene, Hot Springs, Ark., 1868.
65. Photograph, Bath House Row, Hot Springs, Ark., 1865.
66. Photograph, principal hotel at Hot Springs, Ark., 1860.
67. Photograph, "first bath house," Hot Springs, Ark., 1854.
68. Photograph, view of the mountains, 1854.

Exhibit V-B

69. Pen Sketch, Short Mountain, as seen from Hogue Wood Prairies.
70. Photograph, Indian Ball Players, in City Park, Little Rock, 1865.
71. Pen Sketch, Sugar Loaf Mountain, Marion county, Ark.
72. Photograph, Indian Ball Players, in City Park, Little Rock, 1865.
73. Pen Sketch, Natural Steps, Arkansas.
74. Pen Sketch, Calico Rock, on White River, Arkansas.

75. Photograph, Indian LaCrosse Team, in City Park, Little Rock, 1865.
76. Pen Sketch, the "Sunk Lands," as seen near Deep Landing.
77. Photograph, similar to No. 73.

Exhibit VI

1. Bed Spread, made about the time of the American Revolution by Betsy Montfort, later wife of John B. Ashe, one time governor of North Carolina, certain of whose descendants removed long since to Arkansas. (Courtesy Mrs. P. W. Crawford.)
2. Calico Dress of pattern such as was worn in Arkansas in the 30's; made by Mrs. S. A. Walker, of Little Rock. (Courtesy Mrs. Justin Matthews.)
3. "A Belle of the 50's," hand-painted on porcelain, one time fashion for "interior decoration" of the home in Arkansas. (Courtesy Mrs. L. C. Hall.)
4. Doll and Doll Clothes, a childhood possession of the late Mrs. Lundy Holmes, Drew county, Arkansas, who removed from Mississippi all but one hundred years ago. (Courtesy Mrs. Frank Tillar.)
5. Fancy Waistcoat, of "home spun," in part; the wedding garment of an early Arkansan, Samuel Brookes. (Gift Mrs. P. C. Hamilton.)
6. Newspaper, "The Vicksburg Citizen," of July 2, 1863—printed on the "wrong side" of wall paper, reminiscent of the pinch and necessities of war. (Gift Mrs. S. S. Wassell.)
7. Hand-carved Rings, brought by a pioneer, James Brown, of Crittenden county, Arkansas, from the Holy Land, 1854. (Courtesy Miss H. H. Blackwood.)
8. Silk Slipper, a war time possession of Mrs. Ellisiff Beal Fagan, wife of General James F. Fagan. (Courtesy Mrs. Irene Fagan Cockle.)
9. Pearl Pendants, hand carving of the Virgin Mary, etc., reminiscent of the fashions in pioneer times. (Courtesy Miss H. H. Blackwood.)
10. Needle Work, the handiwork of a pioneer of Desha county, Arkansas; made of thread spun from home grown flax. (Courtesy Miss H. H. Blackwood.)

11. Beads, made of olive seeds; brought by a pioneer, James Brown, of Crittenden county, Arkansas, from the Holy Land 1854. (Courtesy Miss H. H. Blackwood.)
12. Needlework, the handiwork of a pioneer; made of homespun thread. (Courtesy Miss H. H. Blackwood.)
13. Calico, a dozen "stylish" patterns, such as sold at "fabulous" prices during and following the War, 1861-65. (Courtesy Miss H. H. Blackwood.)
14. Homespun Gingham. The dyes shown of brown and blue are said to have been improvised by Mrs. Mary B. Ludlow of Desha county, Arkansas, 1861-65. (Courtesy Miss H. H. Blackwood.)
15. Homespun, a coarse cotton fabric, sometimes called "nigger cloth," woven by Mrs. W. D. Morgan, of Jefferson county, Arkansas, 1862. (Courtesy Mrs. Frank Tomlinson.)
16. Tablecloth, homespun, of cotton, such as the pioneers made for themselves, and used for the most part. (Courtesy Mrs. L. H. Boogher.)
17. Bed Spread, homespun of wool, grown also at home; a common achievement among the pioneers. (Courtesy Miss H. H. Blackwood.)
18. China Doll, bust done in the style of the South of the 50's. (Courtesy Miss Allie Wing.)
19. Toilet Case of a Confederate Soldier, Private John Murphy of Company A, 6th Arkansas Infantry, 1861-65. (Courtesy Mrs. Nicholas Murphy.)
20. Thread and Needle Roll of a Confederate or Federal Soldier, found on battlefield of Pleasant Hill, Louisiana, by W. Mixon of Columbia county, Arkansas. (Courtesy Mrs. J. W. Meek.))
21. Sample of Tent Cloth, submitted by the manufacturers to the Arkansas Military Board, 1861.
22. Gavel, made from the wood of a tree which stood near what is known as Marmaduke's Ford, Camden, Ark. (Courtesy Grinstead Chapter, U. D. C.)
23. Gavel, made from wood of a tree which grew on the site of the battle of Mark's Mill, now in Cleveland county, Arkansas. (Courtesy Mrs. C. W. Pettigrew.)

24. Small Table Mat, for candle stand, illustrative of the needlecraft of the pioneer housewife. (Courtesy George B. Gill.)
25. Same as No. 24.
26. Gavel of David O. Dodd Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy.
27. Woolen Homespun, of unique pattern, spun, dyed and wooven on hand loom by the slaves of Mrs. Thomas Carroll, of Carrollton, N. C. (Courtesy Mrs. W. H. Pemberton.)
28. Cotton Homespun, a muslin, spun, dyed and woven on hand loom, a relic of a lost art familiar to the pioneers. (Courtesy J. W. Meek.)
29. Envelope, made of wall paper wrong-side-out, reminiscent of the pinch of war, 1861-65. (Courtesy J. W. Meek.)
30. Similar to No. 28. (Courtesy Mrs. Frank Tomlinson.)
31. Similar to No. 28. (Courtesy Mrs. S. S. Wassell.)

THE CAPPLEMAN COLLECTION

32. Paper Weight, of wood said to have been part of Old Libby Prison at Richmond, Va., notorious in the history of the War of Secession, 1861-65.
33. Print of General Robert E. Lee, autograph copy, in quaint old frame, one of the many such pictures reverently preserved and esteemed in homes all over the South.
34. "Lines on the Back of a Confederate Note," an autograph copy by the author of the poem, S. A. Jones.
35. Autograph Print of General Clement A. Evans.
36. Daguerreotype (prized by the owner as a family relic).
37. Silver Cup (prized by the owner as a family relic).
38. Sandstone, said to have been "part of the hearthstone in Daniel Boone's fort" at Boonesboro, Kentucky.
39. Print of General "Stonewall" Jackson, autograph copy. (Otherwise same as No. 33.)
40. Confederate Flag, one of several which were part of the decoration at the unveiling of Winnie Davis Monument, Richmond, Virginia.

41. Confederate Stamps and Envelopes, as sent during the war, 1861-65.
42. Walking Cane, a gift "of the ladies of Richmond," to Col. Sommers, C. S. A.
43. Fragments of Shells, Rifle Balls, Canister, Shot, etc., souvenirs of the battlefields of Shiloh, Franklin, Vicksburg, etc.
44. Souvenir Button of General N. B. Forrest.
45. U. C. V. Badge, souvenir of Confederate Reunion at Memphis, Tenn., 1901.
46. Print of General Robert E. Lee, on wood said to be part of crating in which the stone of the General was shipped to Richmond, Virginia.
47. Old Fork, said to be of Colonial origin (prized by owner as family relic).
48. Souvenir Button of the "Daughter of the Confederacy." Winnie Davis.
49. Pieces of old Confederate Battleflags.
50. Confederate Notes.
51. "Lock of Henry Clay's Hair."
52. Photograph, a group of U. C. D. women of Arkansas.
53. Piece of Porcelainware, of ornate pattern; type common among the pioneers.
54. Same as No. 43.
55. Ink Well, said to be of a type which was more or less common in the day of the "goose quill."
56. "The Conquered Banner," poem written on back of Confederate note.
57. Gavel made of cedar and magnolia from "Beauvoir," home of Jefferson Davis.
58. Confederate War Bond, having coupons attached.
59. Thread and Needle Kit of a Confederate soldier.
60. Souvenir Button, etc. of Confederate Reunions.

Exhibit VI-A

(Space left open.)

Exhibit VI-B

CAPPLEMAN COLLECTION—Continued

61. Confederate Flags (pictured in colors). Three different designs at one time or another, adopted officially during the war, 1861-65.
62. Group of Confederate Officers, represented as grouped about President Jefferson Davis.
63. Robert E. Lee, in Uniform, done in water colors (reprint).
64. Photograph (reprint) "Stonewall" Jackson.
65. "Arlington House," the home of Robert E. Lee.
66. Photograph (reprint) Robert E. Lee.
67. Photograph (reprint) the Winnie Davis Memorial.
68. Photograph (reprint) Jefferson Davis.
69. Photograph (reprint) Statue of Jefferson Davis, at Richmond, Va.
70. Photograph (reprint) General John B. Gordon.
71. Photograph (reprint) General N. B. Forrest.
72. Photograph (reprint) General S. D. Lee.
73. Photograph (reprint) General John C. Breckenridge.

Exhibit VII

1. Army Saddle, made at saddle factory of the Confederate Government, which was situated at Brandon, Mississippi; owned by S. S. Key, as a soldier, who, after the war, used it many years as a circuit-riding minister in Arkansas. (Courtesy Mr. Key.)
2. Pack Saddle, reminiscent of the mode of transport employed by the pioneers; this particular saddle, once the property of B. J. Jacoway, pioneer, and the grandfather of H. M. Jacoway, of Dardanelle, Ark.
3. Surgeon's Case, found on the battlefield of Poison Spring by W. D. C. Cook, private in Confederate Army. (Courtesy N. C. McCrary.)
4. Writing Desk, portable style, bought in New York and brought to Arkansas about 1840 by Rutson V. R. Green, pioneer. (Courtesy Mrs. C. A. Forney-Smith.))

5. Spinning Reel, such as the pioneers made and used in the manufacture of homespun. (Courtesy J. W. Carlisle.)
6. Spinning Wheel, such as the pioneers made and used in the manufacture of homespun. (Courtesy Mrs. C. A. Forney-Smith.)

Exhibit VIII

1. Rawhide Bottom Chair, which William E. Woodruff, founder of The Arkansas Gazette, November 20, 1819, sat in at his desk in the office of The Arkansas Gazette. (Courtesy Misses Bell.)
2. Spinning Wheel used for spinning flax by Mrs. Margaret McKim Armstrong of Fairfax county, Virginia. (Courtesy Mrs. William Ayres Cook.)
3. Brass Andirons, one time the property of General Albert Pike.
4. Surveyor's Compass, known as a "Distance Instrument," patented by James B. Faucett, of Arkansas, August 14, 1888. (Courtesy Mrs. Jack Weas.)

Exhibit IX

1. Cannon Shell, fired in the fighting at the surrender of Little Rock to the Federals, September 10, 1863. (Courtesy Misses Bell.)
2. Cannon Shell (same as No. 1). (Courtesy D. G. Judd.)
3. Cannon Shell (same as No. 1). (Courtesy Mrs. Charles R. Hyde.)
4. Cannon Shell (unexploded) fired from Federal Gunboat on White River, 1864.
5. Cannon Shell, fired from Mississippi river gunboat in battle of Helena, Arkansas.
6. Cannon Shell found on battlefield of Marks' Mill, Cleveland county, Arkansas. (Gift J. H. Hinemon).
7. Cannon Shell (same as No. 5).
8. Cannon Shell and Solid Shot, found at site of old fort near Camden, reminiscent of the War of Secession. (Courtesy Mrs. J. W. Meek.)

9. Solid Shot, several of sundry small calibre, relics of the surrender of Little Rock, September 10, 1863.
10. Ballot Box (tin) used in the election of 1863 in Marion township, Phillips county, Arkansas. (Courtesy James R. Turner.)
11. Canteen (tin) used by Confederate soldier, 1861-65.
12. Canteen of Maj. G. P. C. Rumbough, C. S. A., 1861-65. (Courtesy Misses Rumbough.)
13. Canteen of Private John Murphy, Co. A, 6th Regiment, Arkansas Infantry (Confederate). (Courtesy Mrs. Nicholas Murphy.)
14. Canteen (wood) issued to H. B. Morgan, Private, Co. I, 31st Tennessee Infantry, at Corinth, Miss, May 10, 1862. (Courtesy Colonel Morgan.)
15. Canteen (wood) of Captain John S. Brown, C. S. A., of Monticello, Arkansas, who was killed at Resaca, Georgia, May 14, 1865. (Courtesy Dr. W. A. Brown.)
16. Pewter Ladle, used for pouring molten lead into bullet mould; a familiar object to the pioneer household. (Courtesy Mrs. Justin Matthews.)
17. Steel Stiletto and Brass Tags, used by the U. S. Revenue Service for marking bales of cotton in the days of Reconstruction. (Courtesy O. H. Thomas.)
18. Cartridge Box of Lieut. J. W. Sims, C. S. A., reminiscent of the Battle of Marks' Mill. (Courtesy R. A. Baker.)
19. Stiletto (Spanish), brought home from the Mexican War, 1847-48, by William Latter.
20. Leather Belt worn by Col. Archibald Yell, Commander Arkansas Mounted Volunteers, who fell mortally wounded at the Battle of Buena Vista, 1848.
21. Cartridge Belt, reminiscent of the War Between the States. (Courtesy Henry W. B. Coleman.)
22. Flag Staff (part of it), upon which the flag bearer of Co. F, Arkansas Mounted Volunteers bore the flag presented the company by the women of Van Buren in the Mexican War. (Courtesy Miss Clara B. Eno.)
23. Sling Shot, found on dead Indian at the Battle of Pea Ridge, March 6, 1862.

24. Saber, taken by a Confederate soldier, J. S. Frazee, from a Federal soldier at the Battle of Okolona, Miss. (Courtesy Mrs. Josie Frazee Cappleman.)
25. Saber, taken by Captain A. V. Reiff, of Arkansas, from Federal soldier at the Battle of Dug Springs, Missouri, in 1861. Gift Captain Reiff.)
26. Rifle given David Crockett, then of Tennessee, by the Young Men of Philadelphia, 1834. (Courtesy J. W. Crockett.)
27. Saber of Major Hugh Wilson, C. S. A., 1861-65. (Courtesy Mrs. S. R. Reid.)
28. Saber of Major G. P. C. Rumbough, C. S. A. (Courtesy Misses Rumbough.)
29. Sword Scabbard of General James F. Fagan. (Courtesy Mrs. Irene Fagan Cockle.)
30. Sword of Major William P. Campbell, 1st Regiment Arkansas Infantry, Confederate. (Courtesy J. H. Campbell.)
31. Army Pistol of Major William P. Campbell, 1st Regiment Arkansas Infantry, Confederate. (Courtesy J. H. Campbell.)
32. French Navy Pistol, found on the battlefield of Murfreesboro, Tennessee, December 31, 1862. (Courtesy Dr. W. A. Brown.)
33. Army Pistol of Charles Ogden of Van Buren, Arkansas, and of Co. G, 3d Arkansas Infantry.
34. Army Pistol of Colonel Coleman, C. S. A. (Courtesy Mrs. R. A. Booker.)
35. Army Pistol of C. W. Dowell, C. S. A., of Monticello, Arkansas. (Courtesy Dr. A. G. Blankenship.)
36. Army Pistol of Dr. John M. Dunn of Arkansas, a surgeon in the Confederate Army. (Courtesy N. C. McCrary.)
37. Army Pistol of Col. R. G. Shaver, late of Mena, Arkansas, sometime Commander of the 6th Arkansas Infantry Regiment (Confederate). (Courtesy J. F. Smith.)
38. "Pepper Box" Pistol, reminiscent of the War Between the States. (Courtesy C. P. Newton.)
39. Derringer of L. Pollock of Little Rock, private in Woodruff's Battery (Confederate). (Courtesy Mrs. Dora P. Hirsch.)

40. Similar to No. 39.
41. Similar to No. 39. (Courtesy R. J. Bailey.)
42. Similar to No. 41.
43. Rifle (squirrel gun), type of gun with which the pioneers were famed as marksmen. (Courtesy A. L. Morgan.)
44. Shotgun of English Make, one of sundry specimen of such, more or less common among the pioneers. (Courtesy Mrs. J. W. Meek.)
45. Army Rifle (breech loading), one of the best tyees in use during the War Between the States. (Courtesy Harleston Reynolds.)
46. Musket (muzzle loading), one of the many types of gun used by the Confederates, 1861-65. (Courtesy Mrs. J. W. Meek.)
47. Musket (flint lock), specimen of the arms with which the Patriots fought the American Revolution. (Courtesy E. W. Tucker.)
48. Army Rifle, specimen of the superior firearms with which the Federals fought in the War Between the States. (Courtesy Mrs. Josie Frazee Cappleman.)
49. Musket (flint lock), specimen of the type of firearms with which not a few Southerners went armed to war, 1861-65. (Courtesy R. J. Bailey.)
50. Musket (flint lock), see No. 49.

Exhibit X

1. Saber, Belt and Walnut Sword Case of Col. Samuel S. Bell, C. S. A., who was captured at the Battle of Helena, July 4, 1863. (Courtesy Misses Bell.)
2. Branding Iron, said to have been used during the War Between the States to brand Confederate army mules "C. S."
3. Confederate Uniform, of an officer (T. J. Churchill's coat), of the rank of Major General.
4. Confederate Uniform, of an officer (James F. Fagan's coat), of the rank of Major General; cloth of the real "Confederate Gray." (Courtesy Mrs. Irene Fagan Cockle.)
5. Confederate Uniform, the short jacket of a private, T. O. C. Murphy. (Courtesy Mrs. T. O. C. Murphy.)

6. Leather Haversack of Major G. P. C. Rumbough. (Courtesy Misses Rumbough.)
7. Leather Haversack of J. T. Hughes, C. S. A. (Courtesy Mrs. C. A. Forney-Smith.)
8. Battle Flag of the 3d Arkansas Infantry Regiment (Confederate); made by the women of Monticello, Arkansas, who presented it to Co. C of the Regiment in June, 1861. (Courtesy R. J. Bailey.)
9. Battle Flag of the 3d Arkansas Infantry Regiment (Confederate); made by the women of Fredericksburg, Virginia, who presented it to the Regiment in December, 1862; when the flag (as described in No. 8) was discarded and preserved by Private R. J. Bailey of the Regiment. (Courtesy Spencer Young.)
10. Battle Flag of the 6th Arkansas Infantry Regiment (Confederate), which flag was surrendered by the Regiment at Bentonville, N. C., as part of Johnston's Army, April 26, 1865. (Returned by the United States Government to the State of Arkansas by Resolution of Congress, 1905.)
11. Battle Flag of the 7th Arkansas Infantry Regiment (Confederate), which flag was surrendered by the Regiment at Bentonville, N. C., as part of Johnston's Army, April 26, 1865. (Returned by the United States Government to the State of Arkansas by Resolution of Congress, 1905.)
12. Battle Flag of the 8th Arkansas Infantry Regiment (Confederate), which flag was surrendered by the Regiment (then known as the 19th Arkansas), at Bentonville, N. C., as part of Johnston's Army, April 26, 1865. (Returned by the United States Government to the State of Arkansas by Resolution of Congress, 1905.)
13. Battle Flag of the 30th Arkansas Infantry Regiment (Confederate), captured by the Federals at Murfreesboro, Tennessee, February, 1863. (Returned by the United States Government to the State of Arkansas by Resolution of Congress, 1905.)
14. Battle Flag of the 1st Arkansas Infantry Regiment (Confederate), captured by the Federals near Jonesboro, Georgia, September 1, 1864. (Returned by the United States Government to the State of Arkansas by Resolution of Congress, 1905.)

15. Battle Flag of the 15th Arkansas Infantry Regiment.
16. Battle Flag of the Arkansas Regiment of Mounted Volunteers in the Mexican War; flag made by women of Van Buren, Arkansas, and presented to Company F, June, 1846. (Courtesy Mrs. Leonard Wilhoff.)
17. Battle Flag of the Arkansas Regiment of Mounted Volunteers in the Mexican War; flag made by the women of Little Rock, Arkansas, and presented to Company E (Captain Albert Pike's Company), in June, 1846. (Courtesy Dr. J. L. Dibrell.)

Exhibit XI

SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR COLLECTION

1. Walking Cane of Stokeley P. Morgan, Lieutenant-Commander of the Battleship Olympia. Commander Morgan, who was a native of Camden, Arkansas, it is said fired the first shot in the Battle of Manilla Bay. (Courtesy John H. Hinemon.)
2. Telegraphic Apparatus, used by Intelligence Department of General Shafter's American Army in Cuba. (Courtesy H. W. Stewart.)
3. Cartridge Box of Lieutenant H. W. Stewart, of Intelligence Department, American Army in Cuba, 1898.
4. Sling Shot, Spanish, brought back from Cuba by Lieutenant H. W. Stewart.
5. Sword, Spanish, brought back from the Philippines by Lieutenant Commander Stokeley P. Morgan.
6. Dagger, Spanish, brought back from Cuba by Lieutenant H. W. Stewart, 1898.
7. Chain Pulley from the Battleship "Maine," taken from the ship in 1912 when it was raised by order of the Navy Department.

MISCELLANEOUS

1. Newspaper, "The Searcy Eagle," Vol. 1, No. 45, printed at Searcy, Arkansas, June 19, 1848. (Courtesy Eugene Cypert.)
2. Newspaper, "The Arkansas Gazette," copy, Vol. 1, No. 1, printed at the Arkansas Post, November 20, 1819. (Courtesy Mrs. Justin Matthews.)

3. Birdseye View of the City of Little Rock, the Capitol of Arkansas, 1791. Population in 1860, about 3,200; population in 1871, 1,560.
4. Same as No. 3, for the year 1873. (Courtesy Miss Allie Wing.)
5. Portrait (oil) of Ex-Governor George W. Donaghey, to whom much is due for his part in providing facilities for preserving the history of the State. It was with his sympathetic co-operation that the Arkansas History Commission was established.
6. Old French Map of France, 1670.
7. "In Congress, July 4, 1776. The Unanimous Declaration of the Thirteen United States of America," etc., fac-simile copy of the Declaration of Independence.
8. Photograph (grouped) of the Members of the Board of the First Arkansas History Commission, 1909.
9. Photograph, the Arkansas Building at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis. (Courtesy Mrs. Frederick Hanger.)
10. Coat of Arms of the State of Arkansas; reproduction in plaster cast. (Courtesy Renton Tunnah.)
11. Portrait of the Confederate Artillery Officer in Uniform—the artist's ideal.
12. Portrait of the Confederate Infantryman—the artist's ideal.
13. Portrait of the Confederate Cavalryman—the artist's ideal.
14. Roster of "Tom Hindman Camp," U. C. V., Newport, Ark.
15. "The Arkansas Pioneer Association, Certificate of Incorporation," etc.
16. Charter of the Little Rock Chapter, D. A. R.
17. Commissions to John Nicks, Arkansas pioneer, by the President of the United States, as a Captain in the Army of the United States, 1809, and a Major, 1815.
18. Charter J. M. Keller Chapter, U. D. C.
19. Charter General T. J. Churchill Chapter, U. D. C.
20. Charter Memorial Chapter, U. D. C.

21. Charter Margaret Rose Chapter, U. D. C.
22. Charter Nicholas Headington Chapter, U. S. Daughters of 1812.
23. Charter Basil Gaither Chapter, D. A. R.
24. Charter Gilbert Marshall Chapter, D. A. R.

PORTRAIT GALLERY

1. GEORGE C. WATKINS. Born November 25, 1815, at Shelbyville, Kentucky; removed thence to Little Rock with his father, Major Isaac Watkins, in 1821; began the practice of law in 1837; was State's Attorney General in 1848; Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, 1852-1854; died December 7, 1872. Arkansas has had no greater lawyer or judge.
2. GEORGE WASHINGTON. Portrait painted by John H. Byrd, of El Dorado, Union county, Arkansas. (Courtesy Adolph Felsenthal, Camden, Ark.)
3. L. BELDING. Member of General James F. Fagan's personal staff, with the rank of Major. For many years Major Belding was a resident of Hot Springs. His portrait was presented to the Commission by his niece, Mrs. S. H. Stitt, of Hot Springs.
4. LOGAN HOLT ROOTS. Native of Illinois, where he was born March 26, 1841. Quartermaster of 81st Illinois Volunteer Regiment and on General Sherman's Staff as Supply Officer, 1861-65; Collector of Internal Revenue for First District of Arkansas, 1867; in Congress 1869-71; United States Marshal of Western District; long active in the financial and business affairs of the State; a generous public benefactor. Died May 30, 1893.
5. PATRICK R. CLEBURNE, of Helena, Arkansas, distinguished Confederate soldier; enlisted in 1861 in company of volunteers raised at Helena; elected captain of company, "Yell Rifles;" elected Colonel 1st Arkansas Infantry Regiment; promoted to rank of Brigadier, March 4, 1862; Major General, December 13, 1862, in Army of Tennessee; killed at Battle of Franklin, Tennessee, November 30, 1864.

6. JEFFERSON DAVIS. President of the Confederacy, 1861-65, to which Arkansas was admitted May 10, 1861, by adopting the Provisional Constitution of the Confederate States. The Arkansas Convention passed an ordinance of secession May 6, 1861, and four days later adopted, by a vote of 63 to 8, "The Provisional Constitution of the Confederate States of America," composed at the time of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas.
7. FREEMAN W. COMPTON. Born in Orange county, North Carolina, January 15, 1824; admitted to bar in 1844; practiced his profession at Greenville, Tenn., until 1849, when he removed to Arkansas, settling first at Princeton, in Dallas county, and shortly thereafter at Camden. In 1858 he was elected an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, which position he held until 1868. He died in Little Rock, May 28, 1893.
8. ALBERT PIKE. This picture of General Albert Pike was painted for the History Commission by Mr. William Besser, sometime student at the Royal Art Institute of Munich. As a poet General Pike ranks with the best of the South. He was distinguished as a soldier for his services in the Mexican War, and again in the War Between the States. He was recognized as a lawyer of great ability. He is said to have been the highest Mason in the world. He spent the greater part of his life in Arkansas, and perhaps there is no public character better known to the people of the state.
9. ROBERT W. JOHNSON. United States Senator from Arkansas from 1853 to 1860. Represented the State in the Provisional Congress of the Confederacy at Montgomery and sat in Confederate Senate until the end of 1855. Senator Johnson's father was a Kentuckian who migrated to Arkansas Territory in 1820 while the son was still a boy of six years. He received his professional education at Yale, graduating in law in 1835. After the war he removed to Washington City, where he formed a law partnership with General Pike. In 1878 he returned to Little Rock and died the following year.
10. CHESTER ASHLEY. United States Senator from 1844 to 1847. Re-elected in 1848. Died in Washington City, April 29, 1848, a few days after entering the Senate to begin his

second term. Senator Ashley came of distinguished New England stock. Born at Amherst, Massachusetts, and educated at Old Williams College, he moved west soon after completing his law course at Litchfield, Connecticut. In 1820 he settled at Little Rock, being one of the first to locate there for the practice of law. In the latter years of his life he stood at the head of his profession, was a man of wealth and large influence in the early development of Little Rock and the Territory.

11. JOHN SELDEN ROANE. Born in Tennessee, January 8, 1817; removed to Arkansas in 1836; studied law under his brother, Judge Sam C. Roane, at Pine Bluff; settled at Van Buren in 1842; enlisted a company of volunteers and went as its Captain to the Mexican War; upon the death of Colonel Archibald Yell was promoted to Colonel of the Arkansas Regiment; Governor of Arkansas, 1849-1852; rose to the rank of a Brigadier in the Confederate Army. Died April 15, 1867.
12. AMBROSE H. SEVIER. Born in Tennessee in 1801, he moved to Arkansas in 1821 and settled in Little Rock. From 1827 to 1836 was Territorial Delegate to Congress. First United States Senator from Arkansas, which position he held until 1848. Resigned that year to accept appointment as member of Commission which negotiated the treaty of peace between the United States and Mexico. Died December 31, 1848. The results of his political career at the National Capital entitle him to the rank of statesman.
13. H. B. ARMISTEAD, Secretary of State, 1893-1897.
14. MARY MORRIS BERTRAND. Wife of Charles P. Bertrand and sister of the wife of Robert Crittenden, first Secretary and Acting Governor of Arkansas Territory. Mary Morris was married to Charles P. Bertrand in 1836, at her home in Frankfort, Kentucky. Her married life she spent in Arkansas, where she took an active interest in the social life of the State, residing for many years in Little Rock. She died on the family estate in Jefferson county, Arkansas, in 1892.
15. CHARLES P. BERTRAND. Born in New York City, November 23, 1808. In 1830 Charles P. Bertrand and Robert Crittenden established the second newspaper in the Territory, called "The Advocate." Bertrand was the editor until 1835, when Albert Pike took charge; was printer to

the Territory in the early thirties; Mayor of Little Rock in 1835; Secretary of the First Constitutional Convention of the State of Arkansas in 1836; member of the Arkansas Legislature in 1840-48; president of the first telegraph company that operated lines between Memphis and Little Rock. He was an able lawyer and a successful capitalist. He died in Little Rock, August, 1865.

16. EDWARD CROSS. A native of Kentucky, he migrated to the Arkansas Territory in 1826 and settled at Washington, in Hempstead county, where he formed a law partnership with Daniel Ringo, first Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Arkansas. In 1832 President Jackson appointed him a Judge of the Superior Court for the Territory. From 1839 to 1845 he represented Arkansas in Congress—House of Representatives—and in 1845 was Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. Cross county is named for him.
17. WILLIAM E. WOODRUFF, SR., at the age of 35. Founder of The Arkansas Gazette. (Presented to the Arkansas History Commission by members of his family.)
18. JOHN NICKS. Served in War of 1812 as Captain in the 3d Regiment, U. S. Infantry, and Major in the 7th. After promotion to the rank of Colonel by President Monroe in 1819, he and his regiment—the 7th U. S. Regulars—were ordered to the western frontier of the newly organized Territory of Arkansas and stationed at Old Fort Gibson. In the early twenties he resigned his commission in the regular army and established a residence in the new territory, and was later appointed Brigadier General of Militia by Governor George Izard, the second Governor of Arkansas Territory. This portrait was presented to the Commission by his daughter, Mrs. S. L. Griffith, who resided in Little Rock until her death, in 1913.
19. SUE HICKS TERRY. Sue Hicks, who became the wife of Colonel Francis A. Terry, Colonel of the 4th Arkansas Infantry Battalion of the Confederate Army, was the daughter of Allen Hicks, a well known planter and pioneer of Eastern Arkansas. The Hicks family moved to Pulaski county about 1850, where the daughter met and married Colonel Terry. They resided in Little Rock for many years. This portrait of Mrs. Terry was painted many years ago and is a good specimen of the style of dress and personal bearing of the young women of the well-to-do class of the old South.

20. CHARLES COFFIN. Circuit Judge of the Third Judicial Circuit, 1908; Confederate soldier, 1861-65, and Commander of the Arkansas Division of U. C. V., 1912-13.
21. DAVID OWEN DODD. Hanged as a Confederate spy at Little Rock, January, 1864, in front of old St. John's College, which stood on the ground just east of the City Park. This portrait of the boy hero was presented to the Commission by the U. D. C., through local chapters of the Society situated in different parts of the state.
22. AUGUSTUS H. GARLAND, his wife, VIRGINIA SANDERS, and infant. Augustus Hill Garland was born in Tipton county, Tennessee, June 11, 1832; taken by parents to Hempstead county, Arkansas, in 1833; attended Bardstown College in Kentucky; settled to the practice of law at Washington, Hempstead county, in 1853; sat in Confederate House of Representatives and Senate, 1861-65; elected United States Senator in 1867; Governor, 1874-77; elected United States Senator, 1877 and 1882; appointed Attorney General of the United States by President Cleveland, 1885. Died, 1889, in Washington City, and was buried in Mount Holly Cemetery, Little Rock.
23. THOMAS C. HINDMAN. Colonel 2d Arkansas Infantry Regiment; Brigadier General, September 28, 1861; Major General in Army of Tennessee, April 14, 1862.

MISCELLANEOUS

1. ROSWELL BEEBE. Born in Dutchess county, New York, December 22, 1795; died in New York City, September 21, 1856. An Arkansas pioneer; married Clarissa Elliott, a sister of the wife of Chester Ashley, and daughter of Captain Henry Elliott of St. Genevieve, Mo.; first president of the old Cairo & Fulton Railroad; an enterprising and successful man of affairs. (Courtesy Miss Emma Faust.)
2. DAVID DODD. Arkansas pioneer who settled in Saline county in 1835; the grandfather of David Owen Dodd, the boy hero of Arkansas. (Courtesy C. W. Dodd and Miss Bessie Dodd.)
3. SOLON BOURLAND. Pioneer newspaper man, editor and publisher of the "Arkansas Banner," at Little Rock in the forties; United States Senator, 1848-55; Confederate soldier, Colonel 3d Arkansas Cavalry Regiment.

4. Print, Robert E. Lee. (Courtesy Mrs. William Ayres Cook.)
5. Print, General "Stonewall" Jackson. (Courtesy Mrs. William Ayres Cook.)
6. Idealized Print of General Robert E. Lee, as he appeared on event of his farewell address to his army. (Courtesy Mrs. Cappleman.)
7. Print of Gen. N. B. Forrest and other Confederate Generals.
8. Print of Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederacy. (Courtesy Mrs. Cappleman.)
9. Print "Arkansas Traveller," from painting by Washburn. (Courtesy Miss Bessie Cantrell.)
10. Print, "Stonewall" Jackson's Grave. (Courtesy Mrs. Cappleman.)
11. Photograph, Omer R. Weaver, first Arkansas soldier killed in the War Between the States.
12. Photograph, R. J. Bailey, of Company H, 3d Arkansas Infantry (Confederate).
13. Photograph of Arkansas Veterans at Confederate Reunion, Tulsa, Okla. (Courtesy J. Polk Fancher.)
14. Group Photograph of Governor Baxter and his Staff.
15. Bust of Elias N. Conway, Governor of Arkansas, 1852-60. (Courtesy Francis H. Conway.))
16. Photograph, Augustus H. Garland, while Attorney General of the United States. (Courtesy Mrs. Rhoda Coulter.)
17. Urn, Ashes of Moses Tran Clegg, Siloam Springs. Veteran of Spanish-American War; achieved fame by discovery and segregation of leprosy germ; saw years of service in United States Army in Hawaii and the Philippine Islands. Died August 9, 1918.
18. Mexican War Flag made by women of Little Rock, 1847. Carried through the Mexican War by "Capital Guards," Company E, Arkansas Mounted Volunteers, Captain Albert Pike. (Courtesy Dr. J. L. Dibrell.)
19. Mexican War Flag made by the women of Van Buren, 1847. Carried through the Mexican War by Van Buren Avengers (Company F, Arkansas Mounted Volunteers), Captain John S. Roane. (Gift Miss Clara B. Eno.)

20. Flag of the 6th Arkansas Infantry (Confederate) made by women of Little Rock, 1861; captured at Macon, Georgia, 1864; returned to Arkansas by U. S. Government, 1905.
21. Pencil Sketch of Convent of Mercy at Little Rock as it looked in the 60's.
22. House and Office occupied by the late Judge U. M. Rose while residing at Batesville in the 50's. (Courtesy H. L. Ponder.)
23. First Courthouse in Lawrence county, at Davidsonville, the old county seat. Postoffice established at Davidsonville was the first in Arkansas Territory. (Courtesy H. L. Ponder.)
24. Arkansas State Flag. Original design as offered in contest which the Committee on Selection of a State Flag chose with slight modifications; designed by Miss Willie Hocker, Pine Bluff.
25. Arkansas State Flag adopted by the General Assembly in 1913. (Courtesy L. E. Sawyer, Hot Springs.)
26. James F. Fagan. Born Louisville, Kentucky, 1827; died at Little Rock, September 1, 1893. Arkansas pioneer who settled in Saline county in early manhood; served in Mexican War, 1847-48; elected Colonel of the Third Arkansas Infantry Regiment (Confederate), 1861; later promoted to Brigadier and Major General.

WORLD WAR MUSEUM

The exhibits in this quarter of the Arkansas History Museum are catalogued below by sections in the order of display, the first cabinet being designated Cabinet A. Each item listed is accompanied by significant descriptive matter, which has been carefully selected and briefly phrased from informal memoranda furnished the director of the department by Mr. Gulley, who, at the instance and request of the History Commission, made the collection while in France in the employment of the overseas Postal Service of the American Expeditionary Force. It was, and is, the aim of the Commission, as avouched by the measures taken in season to procure this, an initial, collection, to make forthwith a beginning in the matter of collecting memorials of the World War, which collection is here distinctly set apart as a World War Museum. Such a museum, to which it is hoped may be added hereafter from time to time other more significant donations touching the part which Arkansas played in the War, will stand, in some small degree, as a fitting reminder through the

years to come of the spirit of patriotism which the citizenship of Arkansas evinced at home in loyal self-denial and in deeds of valor on the field of battle in an hour when the mettle of every man's loyalty to the nation was tried in the fire of a national peril.

Arranged from Memoranda Furnished by L. C. Gulley

- A- 1. Flag, self-closing, used to signal aeroplanes from position.
- A- 2. Cap worn by German, battlefield of Verdun.
- A- 3. Cap of French, known as the Blue Devils.
- A- 4. Fatigue Cap, German, found in St. Michel sector.
- A- 5. Cap of German prisoner at St. Quentin.
- A- 6. German Cap secured at Chateau Thierry.
- A- 7. Cap of German prison, taken in the Argonne.
- A- 8. Officer's Cap, German.
- A- 9. Cap of private soldier, French.
- A-10. French Officer's Cap, said to be that of General LaFavre.
- A-11. Style of Hat worn by United States field agents and postal clerks.
- A-12. Overseas Cap worn by American soldiers.
- A-13. Cap of private in artillery, French.
- A-14. Cartridge Box, secured at Hill 304.
- A-15. Leather Pouch, German.
- A-16. Improvised German Cartridge Box.
- A-17. American Automatic Holster.
- A-18. Case of German Field Glass.
- A-19. Wrist Watch Strap, battlefield of Ham.
- B- 1. Laces found at Johnville in German dugout, part of famous Hindenburg Line.
- B- 2. Container used by aviators to carry messages and to spread propaganda behind the German lines.
- B- 3. German Soldier's Shoulder Straps.
- B- 4. Wood from parts of aeroplanes, said to have been the same in which Lieutenant Harriman was killed.
- B- 5. Canteen Strap taken from body of dead German.
- B- 6. Tapestry found in German dugout.
- B- 7. German Canteen Cover.
- B- 8. Money Belt carried by Australian killed at St. Quentin.
- B- 9. Container used by aviators for dropping messages from aloft.
- B-10. Insignia worn on collar of Russian uniform.
- B-11. British Corporal Insignia.
- B-12. British Sergeant Insignia.
- B-13. French Service Stripe.

- B-14. British Insignia of divisional unit.
- B-15. Icon or Charm carried by Russian soldier.
- B-16. Insignia worn on collar by soldiers of certain French unit.
- B-17. Spool of Thread, part of equipment of German soldier.
- B-18. Insignia worn on shoulder of Prussian Guardsmen.
- B-19. Insignia of United States Postal Clerks worn in France.
- B-20. Russian Shoulder Strap Insignia.
- B-21. Type of French Officer's Insignia.
- B-22. German Soldier's Insignia from St. Quentin.
- B-23-24. French Insignia worn on collar.
- B-25. German Insignia worn on Shoulder, secured at Verdun.
- B-26-27. Shell Extractor for removing shells from container case.
- B-28. Letter written in French found in German dugout.
- B-29. Bow of Velvet, probably that of some French woman, found in German dugout.
- B-30. Sword Knot, German, secured at Chateau Thierry.
- B-31. Pillow Case taken from German dugout.
- B-32-33-35-36. Varieties of French Service Stripes.
- B-34. German Insignia, supposed to be blood-stained.
- B-37-38-39. Rubber Nose Cap for protecting timers on shells.
- B-40. Soft Padding worn inside steel helmet.
- B-41-42-43. Casings of rubber for protection of heavy shells.
- B-45-46. Powder Bags for powder used in shells.
- B-47. Toilet Articles Case, found in German lines.
- B-28. Sampler found in ruins of French house in Verdun.
- B-48. German Black Bread picked up within once German lines at St. Quentin.
- B-49. Drinking Cup Case.
- B-50. German Drinking Cup of Aluminum.
- B-51. German Drinking Cup of Aluminum, dented, perhaps, by shrapnel.
- B-52-56. German Mess Kits—52 hit by shrapnel.
- B-53-54. Combination Spoon and Fork, German; 53 hit by machine gun bullet.
- B-58-59. Forks and Spoons of German soldiers.
- B-60. Spoons taken from German dugout somewhere on the Somme.
- C- 1. Part of Stole worn in token of the priestly office, removed from the ruins of the Cathedral of Roisel.
- C-2-4. Piece of Velvet found in German dugout.
- C- 3. Wading Boot used by soldiers in the trenches.
- C- 5. Parasol Cover taken from evacuated German dugout.

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- C- 6. German Gas Mask of leather picked up on field at Chateau Thierry.
 - C- 7. Gas Mask Container.
 - C- 8. Type of Gas Mask made of cloth.
 - C- 9. Preparation for keeping the eyelets of gas masks clear of fog or moisture.
 - C-10. Case for carrying the gas mask conveniently suspended on the chest.
 - C-11. The American Type of Gas Mask.
 - C-12. French Gas Mask.
 - C-13. Gas Mask Container, said to be of early English type.
 - C-14. German Leather Gas Mask, secured at St. Quentin.
 - C-15. Eyelet of German Gas Mask.
 - C-16. French Gas Mask and Container from Verdun.
 - C-17. Part of Gas Mask of early French type.
 - C-18. Gas Mask made of cloth by French.
 - C-19. Part of rubber lined Gas Mask.
 - C-21. Crude type of Gas Mask with eyelets of glass.
 - C-22. Unperfected French Gas Mask and Container.
 - C-23. Container used by French to carry rations or whatnot.
 - C-24. Lantern improvised by French soldier from tin carrier can for use, no doubt, in dugouts.
 - C-25-26-27. Carrier Tin of pattern similar to one described in C-4.
 - D- 1. Type of Haversack of German soldier in which he carried parts of his equipment. This one found at St. Quentin.
 - D- 2. French Haversack from Verdun.
 - D- 3. German Haversack of raw cowhide.
 - D- 4. Head of Figure of the Christ, said to have been taken from the ruins of a Cathedral.
 - D- 5. Shattered Figure of the Christ found on the grave of an Austrian at Ham.
 - D- 6. The "Soldier's Prayer," printed on card of size convenient for the soldier to carry on his person.
 - D- 7. Figure of the Christ, said to be from the grave of soldier where it was shattered by shell.
 - D- 8. Crucifix found in the Balleau Woods.
 - D-10. Pieces of Stained Window Glass from Cathedral at St. Pol.
 - D-11. Insignia removed from uniform of dead Austrian officer near Assewillers.
 - D-12. Figure of French colonial soldier secured at Verdun.

- D-14. Painting done by Lieut. Hornschfeger of American Postal Service while off duty in France.
- D-16. Part of Wing of Statue, supposed to be Joan of Arc, shattered by shellfire.
- D-17. Key said by tradition to have been used by French officer to escape from a German prison. Secured at Verdun.
- D-18. A piece from German Officer's Helmet, found on Dead Man's Hill.
- D-19. Automatic Cigar Lighter of a sort sometimes carried by soldiers.
- D-20. Glove reputed to have belonged to the aviator, Lieut. Harriman.
- D-21. Spike of German Officer's Helmet; it is said he was killed by an American sergeant at Chateau Thierry.
- D-22. German Belt Buckle.
- D-23. Watch of German soldier found where he had fallen on Dead Man's Hill.
- D-32. Book of German War Savings Stamps, said to have been found on body of dead German near St. Quentin.
- D-33. German Iron Cross and official citation, which tradition says was taken by an American from the body of dead German at St. Quentin.
- D-24-25. Decorative Designs wrought in beads by the French for decorating graves.
- D-31, a-b-c, etc. Sundry Medals struck off on different occasions commemorative of various historical events.
- D-37-38-39. German Identification Tags, made in two parts in order to simplify the identity of the dead.
- D-41. Watch Fob made, it is said, by Russian prisoners of war.
- D-42. Identification Place from German aeroplane put out of action somewhere on Ourcq River.
- D-43. Piece reported to have been taken by an American from German artillery piece known as Big Bertha.
- D-44-45, etc. American Identification Tags found in sundry places.
- D-53-54, etc. Rings made by Russian prisoners of war—made to be traded for tobacco, candy, etc.
- D-67. Locket of Aluminum with Miniature Photographs, found on body of dead German near Bohain.
- D-35. Cross of War (Croix de Guerre) with Palm, awarded by the French government—distinguished service.
- D-40-40a. French Belt Buckle found on field near Bras.
- D-40b. Match Box of cannon shell.
- D-77. Part of Decoration from cap of German officer.

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- D-71. Door Knob made of wood from ruins of old French house at Amiens.
- D-73. French Belt Knife, said to be of English make, carried by artillery.
- D-75. Piece of German Aeroplane reported shot down aflame in Balleau Woods.
- D-74. Shaving Brush of sort issued to English soldiers.
- D-78. Cigarette Holders made by Russian prisoners of war.
- D-79. English Knife carrier suspended from belt.
- D-82, etc. Stamps incased in metal backs sometimes improvised by Americans to take place of small change.
- D-83, etc. A kind of Playing Cards used by German soldiers.
- D-84-85. Chess Pieces and Pawns improvised by German prisoners of war. Inkstand made also by German prisoners.
- D-86-87, etc. Pipes picked up somewhere in No Man's Land.
- E- 1. Bugle thought to have been that of an Algerian French soldier killed in action.
- E- 2. French Bayonet, Scabbard and Holder from near Fort Vaux.
- E- 3. German Rifle from Verdun.
- E- 4. Belt of Austrian soldier from somewhere on the Somme.
- E- 5. Cartridge Box taken from machine gun pit at Johnville.
- E- 6. German Rifle taken at St. Quentin.
- E-7-8. Part of Australian soldier's equipment from the Somme.
- E- 8. Belt picked up near Fort Douromount, in Verdun sector, by Mr. Gulley, who says the corpse of the wearer, unburied, was far gone in a state of decay. The sundry insignia were attached from time to time by the finder.
- E-11. Barrel of American Rifle burst in firing, secured near line of trenches at Romagne.
- E-12. Machine Parts from German gun found in Balleau Woods.
- E-14. Part of German Bayonet which, it is said, was known as needle bayonet.
- E-15. Part of Bayonet, supposed to be German.
- E-16. One Model of American Bayonet.
- E-17. Broad Blade German Bayonet from field at Romagne.
- E-19. Another Type of German Bayonet.
- E-20. American Trench Knife and Scabbard.
- E-22. French Knife and Scabbard from Chateau Thierry.
- E-23. German Bayonet from St. Quentin.
- E-24. Two-edged Bayonet of German make.
- E-25. German Bayonet, Scabbard and Holder, from the Somme.

- E-26. Bayonet, said to be German, pierced, as appears, by machine gun bullet; found near Johnville.
- E-27. German Saw Bayonet from Chateau Thierry.
- E-28. Hilt of French Bayonet picked up near Fort Douromount, Verdun.
- F- 1. Type of French Bayonet, said to have been used also by the Germans.
- F-2-3. Bayonets of the needle variety, French, from Verdun.
- F- 4. Another Type of French Bayonet.
- F- 5. Rifle, said to be of Austrian make.
- F- 6. American Trench Knife and Scabbard; hilt guard made to be used like knucks.
- F- 9. Hilt of Sword from somewhere in Argonne.
- F-11. Piece of Bayonet from Dead Man's Hill.
- F-13. Cartridge Holder for automatic pistol.
- F-14-18. Luger Pistol, German, from Chateau Thierry.
- F-16. German Flare Pistol, used for signalling.
- F-19. American Automatic Pistol.
- G-1-2-3, etc. Shell Base of the famous French 75 millimetre gun, wrought in vases either by soldiers or souvenir venders.
- G- 9. French Helmet from dugout near Verdun.
- G-10. Same as G-9.
- G-11. German Helmet.
- G-12. Colonial French Helmet of cork.
- G-13. German Helmet, camouflaged, battered by shrapnel; found near Amiens.
- G-14. German Helmet, said to have been found on corpse of its wearer near Johnville.
- G-15. German Helmet, camouflaged.
- G-16. German Helmet, camouflaged, pierced apparently by machine gun bullets, from field near St. Quentin.
- H- 1. Vase wrought of shell or cartridge base for cannon of 77 millimetre caliber; German.
- H-2-3-5. French 75 Millimetre Cartridges.
- H-4-6. German 77 and another for cannon of larger size, said to be 105 millimetre.
- H- 7. German 77 from Verdun.
- H- 8. American Helmet.
- H- 9. French Helmet.
- H-10-11-12-13-14. French Canteens for wine and water, from Verdun and elsewhere.
- H-15-16. American Canteens of Aluminum, with carrier case; 16 battered by shrapnel.

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- H-17. Battered French Canteen on Dead Man's Hill, among unburied dead.
- H-18. German Canteen from Dead Man's Hill.
- H-19. American Mess Kit.
- H-20. Cup from a German soldier's outfit taken from battlefield at St. Quentin.
- H-21. Aluminum Drinking Cup, German.
- H-22. Frying Pan, French, from Verdun.
- H-23. Part of Mess Kit, said to be Australian; H-23, same.
- H-24. Paraffined Paper made and used for fuel in the trenches for heating tea or coffee, etc.
- I- 1. Base of 155 French Shell.
- I-2-3-4. One-pound American Shell.
- I- 5. German 77—base of iron.
- I- 6, 6a. Message Shell from battlefield at Romagne; employed by supporting batteries to keep in touch in emergency with other batteries or the infantry.
- I- 7-8. Base of Shells for German gun of small calibre—8, not exploded.
- I- 9. Shell Base of 155 Millimetre Cannon, German.
- I-10. Same as I-2.
- I-11-12-13. Shell Bases of German Howitzers.
- I-14. Shell fired from American 4-inch Howitzer.
- I-15. Shell Base of large German Howitzer.
- I-16. Shell Base cut off for ash tray.
- I-17. Base of American Howitzer shell.
- I-18. Nose Cap of one of large shells.
- I-19-23. Handle for pulling shells from casson.
- I-20-21-22. Ash Tray, German Howitzer.
- I-24. German Howitzer.
- I-25. English Howitzer.
- I-26. Piece of Machine Gun Cartridge Clip of cloth, and said to be of German cloth.
- I-27-28-33. Clip and Cartridges for rifle of infantryman.
- I-29. Shell Base for a cannon of small calibre.
- I-30. Dum-dum Bullets.
- I-31. Gun Oiler.
- I-33. Rifle Cartridge with Charge, said to be of wax and sometimes fired by French to clean gun.
- I-34. Oil Can of French infantryman.
- I-35. Cartridge Clips for loading automatic pistols, from Chateau Thierry.
- I-37-38. Cartridge Clips of German Luger Pistol.

- I-39. Shrapnel and Machine Gun Bullets found on Verdun battlefield.
- I-40-41-47-48, etc. Flare Shells fired from pistol for signalling or for light.
- I-42-43, etc. Parts of Shell intended by soldiers for making various articles.
- I-53-54, etc. Entrenching Tools.
- J- 1. Part of German Machine Gun Equipment for holding cartridge belt.
- J- 3-6-7. German Hand Grenade, commonly called the potato masher.
- J- 3. Light Armor Breastplate, from Verdun.
- J- 4. Bomb, said to have been designed for use of aviators.
- J- 5. Part of electrical device for testing or firing mine and set explosives.
- J- 9. Machine Gun Cartridge Belt or Clip.
- J- 8. Heavy Steel Armor worn by German machine gunners.
- J-10. Aluminum Nose Cap from large shell.
- J-11. Nose of Projectile of similar shell as J-10.
- J-12. Part of heavy Hand Grenade.
- J-13. Similar to J-10.
- J-14. Part of German Bomb dropped in by aviators near headquarters of 78th American Division.
- J-15. Similar to J-10.
- J-16. Mills Hand Grenade, English and American.
- J-17-18-19, etc. Similar to J-10.
- J-26, etc. Shells and Shell Fragments from Verdun and elsewhere.
- J-34-37. Pieces of bark and steel part of a German Observation post which in form was, it is said, a faithful imitation of the tree it replaced.
- J-35-36-37. Fragments of exploded shells.
- J-38. Powder for firing heavy shells.
- J-39-40. Broken Glass and Bullets from Argonne and Dead Man's Hill.
- J-41. Paper Knife made by French soldier.
- J-42. Gun Wiper, one-pound cannon.
- J-43-44-47-50. Flashlight, used in trenches.
- J-48. French Trench Lantern.
- J-49. French Hand Grenade.
- J-52. Candlesticks taken from French homes and used in trenches by Germans.
- J-53. Grass or Fibre Cloth, put on walls of French and German dugouts.

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- J-54. Sacks woven of paper strings, used as sandbags, etc., by the Germans.
- K- 1. A curious toy put together in a bottle, said to be the handiwork of Russian prisoners at Verdun.
- K- 2. Metal Grave Decoration, done in national colors of France, bearing individual identification tag.
- K- 3. Sign Board, in German, from fortified headquarters somewhere in the Argonne Forest.
- K- 4. Signboard, in German, from trenches on Dead Man's Hill.
- K- 5. One of many Signboards put in trenches.
- K- 6. Metal Signboard from Verdun, hit by missile of some sort.
- K- 7. Signboard found on German Postoffice in Argonne.
- K- 9. Signboard placed on captured German dugout.
- K-10. Signboard taken from building left by the Germans.
- K-11. A French Signboard from trench near Fort Douromount.
- K-12. An Improvised Stencil used by Americans near the front to paint P. W. (prisoners of war) on backs of German prisoners.
- K-13. Signboard done on shoulder blade bone of a horse, said to be from German prison camp at Aubreville.
- K-14. German Signboard on glass, taken from dugout in Argonne Forest.
- K-15-16. Head of military figure on body of a snake, made by by Russian prisoners, intended, perhaps, to be symbolical of the Kaiser.
- K-17-18, etc. Numeral Tags from munition boxes; German.
- K-21-22. Seals of lead from same as K-17.
- K-24. Toy Bird, carved in wood and colored by Russian prisoners at Verdun.
- K-23-25. Cane and Fish—same at K-24.
- K-26. Floral Beadwork made by French for decorating graves of soldiers.
- K-27. Figure of Iron Cross from circular of some sort found in German dugout.
- K-28. Letter in German script found on battlefield near Johnville.
- K-29. Diary of German soldier found on battlefield.
- K-30. Pocket-size Bible (German).
- K-31. English Pay Book, said to have been found on person of dead German.
- K-32. German Memoranda Book.
- K-33. Book from ruins of house in Verdun.

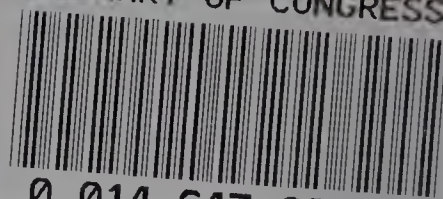
- K-34. Book said to have been issued for instruction of English Indian soldiers.
- K-35. Book in French, same as K-33.
- K-36. Pamphlet in German, from dugout on the Somme.
- K-37. Book from aviator's barracks at Verdun.
- K-38. German Memoranda Book.
- K-39. Child's Composition Book from ruins of house near Amiens.
- K-40. French Book of Accounts taken from ruins of shop in Verdun.
- K-41-42. War Maps of certain kind used by British and American armies in France.
- K-43. Piece from a shell-shattered tomb at Montfaucon.
- K-44. Paper Weight from ruined house at Verdun.
- K-45. Pieces of Marble, said to have been taken from dugout fitted out with marble bathroom for Prince Rupert of Bavaria .
- K-46. Paper Weight made of marble from the altar of ruined Cathedral at Verdun.
- K-47. Fossils from shell-torn battlefield near a French village.
- K-48. Same as K-46, at Amiens .
- K-49. Pieces of Marble from ruined monument in French cemetery.
- K-50. Same as K-48.

Note: AMERICAN RED CROSS COLLECTION, of Specimens of articles made by the women of Arkansas during the World War.

- L- 1. Split Irrigation Pad.
- L- 2. Pneumonia Jacket.
- L- 3. Oakum Pad, 12x24.
- L- 4. Abdominal Bandage.
- L- 5. T Bandage.
- L- 6. Triangular Bandage.
- L- 7. Many-tailed Bandage.
- L- 8. Paper-backed Pad, 12x18.
- L- 9. Scultetus Bandage.
- L-10. Two-inch Drain.
- L-11. Gauze Wipe, 4x4-in.
- L-12. Gauze Wipe, 2x2-in.
- L-13. Gauze Strip, 6x3-in.
- L-14. Contagious Ward Mask.
- L-15. Webbing Splint Strap.
- L-16. Front Line Parcel No.1.

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- L-17. Front Line Parcel No. 3.
 - L-18. Sample Cellu-cotton.
 - L-19. Operating Gown.
 - L-20. Operating Mask.
 - L-21. Operating Cap.
 - L-22. Operating Legging.
 - L-23. Convalescent Robe.
 - M- 1. Bed Jacket.
 - M- 2. Bed Jacket (reversible).
 - M- 3. Pajamas.
 - M- 4. Bed Shirt.
 - M- 5. Bed Shirt (taped).
 - M- 6. Pair Men's Drawers.
 - M- 7. Trench Foot Slipper.
 - M- 8. Bed Sock (lined).
 - M- 9. Bed Sock (unlined).
 - M-10. Property Bag.
 - M-11. Comfort Kit.
 - M-12. Infant's Layette.
 - M-13. Boy's Blouse Suit.
 - M-14. Child's Cape with Hood.
 - M-15. Child's Dress.
 - M-16. Child's Undershirt.
 - M-17. Child's Petticoat with Waist.
 - M-18. Child's Panifore.
 - M-19. Chemise.
 - M-20. Girl's Drawers.
 - M-21. Woman's Apron.
 - M-22. Girl's Nightgown.
 - M-23. Soldier's Sweater.
 - M-24. Soldier's Sock.

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