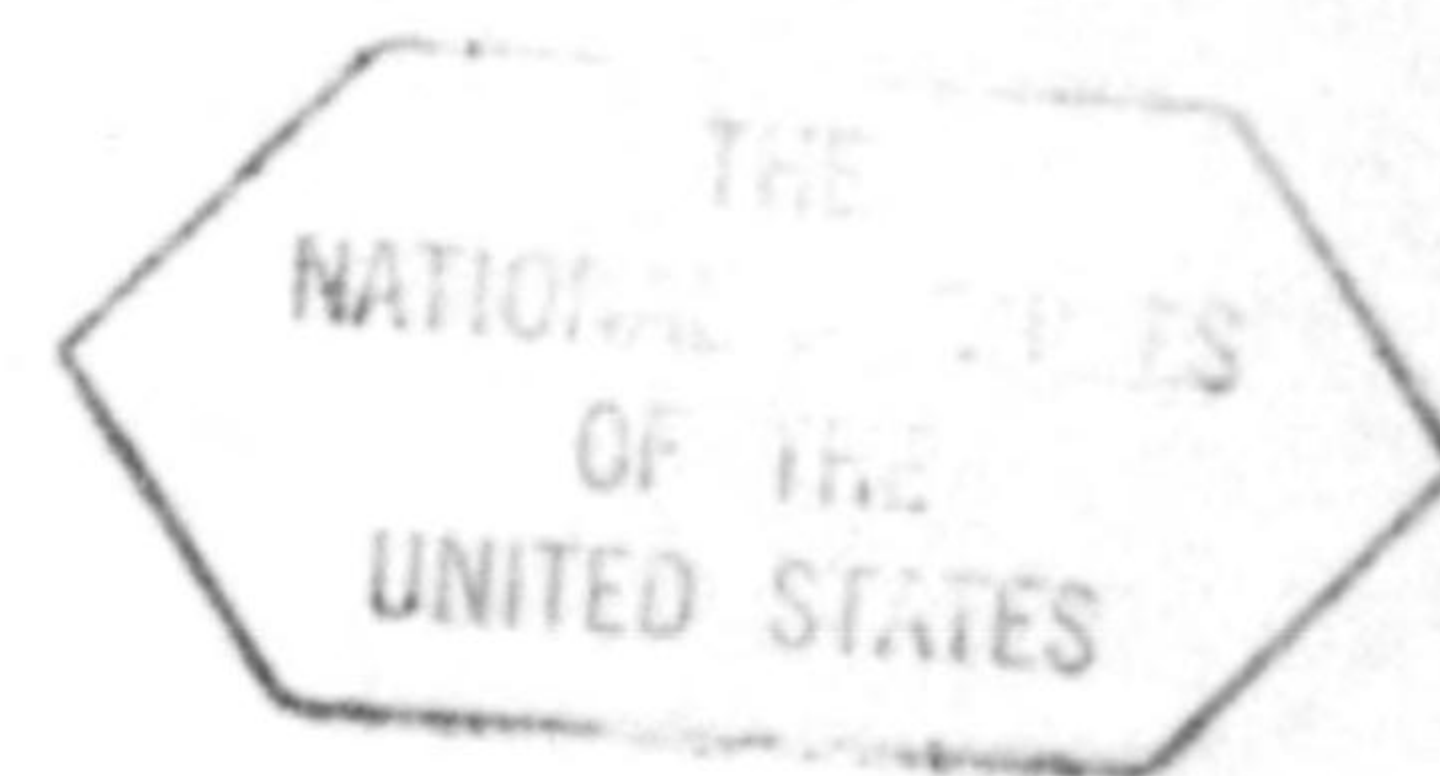


GHQ/SCAP Records(RG 331)
Description of contents



(1) Box no. 2774

(2) Folder title/number: (8)

Operational Directives (Headquarters/Eighth Army)

(3) Date: Jan. 1946 - Dec. 1946

(4) Subject:

Classification	Type of record
021	e

(5) Item description and comment:

1) 1946 Nos.1-50/1: No.50/1(Dec. 7, 1946)

11) Includes Contents List

(6) Reproduction: Yes No

(7) Film no.

Sheet no.

LIST OF PAPERS

FILE UNDER NO. _____

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM	DATE	TO	SYNOPSIS
1	5 Jun	46		Civilian Labor
1/1	18 Feb	46		Civilian Labor
1/2	22 Apr	46		Civilian Labor
1/3	18 Jun	46		Civilian Labor
1/4	23 Jul	46	Ref. - 1/2	Civilian Labor
1/5	13 Sept	46	Resc. - 18 & 31, '45	Civilian Labor
1/6				Civilian Labor
2	6 Jan			Regulations for Occupation Forces
2/1	4 Mar			Regulations for Occupations Forces
2/2	15 Mar			Regulations for Occupations Forces
2/3	17 Jul			Regulations for Occupations Forces
2/4	22 Jul			Regulations for Occupations Forces
3	10 Jan			Control of VD Among Civilians
3/1	17 Jun			Control of VD Among Civilians
4	11 Jan		Resc. 20/45	Release of Airfields
4/1	11 Jul			Release of Airfields
5	18 Jan			Custody of Aircraft Plants
5/1	19 Mar			Custody of Aircraft Plants
5/2	6 Jun			Custody of Aircraft Plants 987
5/3	24 Jun			Custody of Aircraft Plants
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5/6	5 Oct			Custody of Aircraft Plants
5/7	4 Nov			Custody of Aircraft Plants
5/4	22 Aug			Custody of Aircraft Plants

LIST OF PAPERS

FILE UNDER NO. _____

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM	DATE	TO	SYNOPSIS
6	19 Jan			Riots and Disorders
7	20 Jan			Control of Major Epidemic
Circ 42	14 Aug			Control of Malaria & Insect Diseases.
7/1	8 Jun			Control of Major Epidemic 1274-A
8	23 Jan			Report on Historical, Cultural & Religious Objects & Installations.
9	24 Jan			Jap. Army-Navy Supplies for Relief Distribution
10	25 Jan			Care Ryukyuan Refugees
11	26 Jan	370.05		Repatriation of NON-Japanese From Japan
12	26 Jan			Authority to Retain American Clothing & Equipment
13	27 Jan			Weekly Report of Fish Marketing
14	28 Jan			Status of Mil. Targets
14/1	18 Sep			Status of Mil. Targets
15	29 Jan			Smallpox Vaccination of Civilians
16	30 Jan	091	091.1	Removal of Undesirable Personnel.
17	31 Jan	075		Distribution of Relief Supplies Dupl
17/1	28 Feb			Distribution of Relief Supplies
18	12 Feb	004.04		Disp. of War Plant Equipment
19	13 Feb	350		Inspection of Educational Institutions.
19/1	23 Mar			Inspection of Educational Institutions.
19/2	Oct			Inspection of Educational Institutions.
20	19 Feb			Search of Rel. & Imp. Properties.
21	25 Feb			Disposition of Troops.
22	26 Feb			Guards for U.S. Hospitals
22/1	30 Mar			Guards for U.S. Hospitals
23	26 Feb	091.31		Viol. of Scapin 3 (Smuggling.)

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FILE UNDER NO. _____

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM	DATE	TO	SYNOPSIS
24	28 Feb			Notifications of Provost Marshall in Accident and Violence Cases.
25	7 Mar			Excess U.S. Equipment Vehicles furnished Imperial Govt.
26	8 Mar			Refining of Gold and Silver
27	8 Mar			Dispositions of Charges Against Koreans, etc.
28	9 Mar			Winter Clothing for Relief 760
29	11 May			Establishment of Military Occupations Provost Courts.
29/1	5 Jul			" " " "
29/2	17 Aug			" " " "
30	14 Mar			Unsat. Condition aboard Repat. Ships 752, 781
30/1	29 Mar			" " " "
30/2	13 Apr			" " " "
30/3	6 May			" " " " Dupl 989-A
31	21 Mar			Jurisdiction of Jap. Courts in Civil Affairs. 777
32	22 Mar			Quarantine & Screening of Repatriates. 167 806
32/1	9 Jan	OD/32/45		Narcotics
33	26 Mar	OD/19/45		Procurement of Supplies Etc
33/1	11 Oct			" " "
34	26 Mar			Application for Conversion of Installations
35	29 Mar			Public Assistance 404, 775
35/1	6 Jun			Public Assistance
35/2	3 Dec			Public Assistance
36	30 Mar			Aid to Jap Hydrographic Dept
37	1 Apr			Unauthorized Sailing of Repat. Ships. 741-A

LIST OF PAPERS

FILE UNDER NO. _____

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM	DATE	TO	SYNOPSIS
38	3 Apr			Jap Mil & Naval Medical Supplies.
39	8 Apr			Emergency Food Measures
40	9 Apr			Disaster Plan
40/1	26 Apr			Disaster Plan
41				Subject Unknown
42	13 Apr			Repatriation
42/1	9 May			Repatriation
42/3	14 May			Repatriation
42/2	11 May			Repatriation
42/4	15 Nov			Repatriation
43	18 Apr			Relief Board for Veterans 273
44	17 Apr			Payment to Repat. Jap. POW's
45	24 Apr			Release of Jap. Occupations Currency.
46	26 Apr			Asngt of Responsibility for Sugamo Prison.
47	29 Apr			Regulations for Occupation Forces
48	6 May			Export Procedure 814
49	16 May			Emergency Alert Plans (Secret) Missing
50	17 May			Poisonous Beverages 871
50/1				Poisonous Beverages

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

See Ch. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

NUMBER.....1)

5 January 1946

1. The utilization of civilian labor by units of this command is authorized. The initiation and processing of labor requisitions and all procedures taken in regard thereto by unit labor officers appointed pursuant to paragraph 2a hereof, will be supervised by and coordinated with the military government unit administering the functions of military government in the prefecture in which the using unit is located.

2. Procurement of Labor:

Add. Sub-PAR. e-f-g O.D. 1/5

a. The commanding generals of all corps and the Commanding General of USASCC and such commanders as they may authorize will designate labor officers for their commands, who, in coordination with the appropriate military government unit, will requisition Japanese nationals directly from the local representative of the Japanese Liaison Committee or from the local prefectural authorities, if a local liaison committee has not been established. The prescribed requisition form will be Labor Form No 1, a copy of which is attached as Inclosure 1. At least twenty-four (24) hours advance notice of labor requirements will be given to the Japanese authorities in order to insure compliance with requisitions.

b. Foreign nationals will be employed in accordance with Operational Directive No. 21, as amended, this headquarters, dated 14 October 1945, Subject: "Employment of Foreign Nationals".

c. Attached as Inclosure 2 is a translation of Labor Order 199 issued by the Japanese Welfare Ministry instructing prefectural authorities and inspectors general, as to their responsibilities in supplying labor for occupation needs.

d. Also attached as Inclosure 3 is a translation of Order No. 41 issued by Welfare Ministry which provides methods for conscription of labor for occupation forces should adequate volunteer labor not be readily obtainable.

3. *e, f, g added by OD 1/5*
Payment of labor:

a. Japanese nationals will not be paid by occupation troops; the Japanese Government will insure that workers are paid in accordance with wage rates established by prefectural authorities. Wage supplements, such as increased food rations, will also be issued by Japanese authorities.

b. Special wage supplements in the form of extra pay, clothing, food and other material considerations will not be granted to civilian workers by labor-using units.

- 2 -

Opnl Dir No. 1 Hq Eighth Army, 5 January 1946

c. Foreign nationals will be paid in accordance with procedures set forth in Operational Directive No. 21, referred to in paragraph 2b above.

d. Attached as Inclosure 4 is a translation of Labor Order No. 95Q issued by the Japanese Welfare Ministry on the subject of wage payments to Japanese nationals employed by the Allied forces.

e. The Imperial Japanese Government has not been directed to freeze wage rates at 15 August 1945 levels as contemplated in paragraph 3 (e) Annex 8 to Administrative Order 17, this headquarters, 25 September 1945.

f. Wage rate schedules established by Japanese will be investigated by the commanding general of all corps and the Commanding General of USASCOM C from time to time to ascertain their equitability in relation to prevailing wages in private and government concerns and services. Control of these rates and the wages paid in private and government establishments must be coordinated by the Japanese to prevent inflationary wage increases and disaffection among workers. The commanding generals of all corps and the Commanding General of USASCOM C will forward evidences of wage disparities to responsible prefectural authorities with a recommendation for reconsideration of existing schedules. A copy of all such communications to prefectural authorities will be forwarded to this headquarters, Attention: Military Government Section.

4. Workmen's compensation and medical care:

The Imperial Japanese Government will extend workmen's compensation benefits to workers employed by Allied forces. Labor-using units will cooperate with local Japanese authorities in submitting reports of injuries or illness incurred by laborers either on the job site or going to and from the job site via military transport, and will obtain emergency medical attention for such disabled workmen. Labor-using units may secure emergency medical attention or emergency hospitalization for such disabled workmen through military hospital units, but only when Japanese medical attention or hospital facilities are not available; and in such event the Japanese authorities will assume immediate responsibility through their own medical or hospital facilities for such disabled workmen upon notification of such injury or illness.

5. Labor Unions.

Add. Sub-PARS. d-e-f O D //

e. The freedom of industrial and agricultural workers to establish and to join democratic and orderly labor associations or trade unions for the purpose of bargaining collectively with private employers, official and semi-official companies and government industries and services will be recognized. The development and activities of labor organizations will be observed closely in order to prevent growth of militarism and hostility to occupation objectives under the guise of labor unionism.

Opnl Dir. No. 1 Hq Eighth Army, 5 January 1946

b. Strikes, lock-outs, or other work stoppages which are inimical to the objectives of military occupation are prohibited. Whenever work stoppages of this category require military intervention, the commanding generals of all corps and the Commanding General of USASCOM C will secure prior authorization from this headquarters.

c. A labor dispute "inimical to the objectives of military occupation" is one which jeopardizes the safety of Allied troops, interferes with troop supply, disrupts services or production necessary to the maintenance of public order, public service and public health or adversely affects other purposes of the occupation.

Rescinded
of sub. by OD 1/2
Add. Sub. PARAGRAPHS d-c-f - OD 1/1.
Reports.

~~The memorandum of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers to the Imperial Japanese Government, copy of which is attached as inclosure 5, directs that the Japanese authorities responsible for the procurement and payment of labor furnished occupation forces will prepare and submit reports to "local Allied Labor Officers". The military government unit administering the functions of military government within each prefecture will receive for all "local Allied Labor Officers" therein the above reports from the responsible Japanese authorities. The commanding generals of all corps and the Commanding General USASCOM C will submit a consolidated report of the data received from the Japanese authorities in the areas of their military government responsibility on Labor Form No. 2, attached as inclosure 6, to this headquarters, attention: Military Government Section, within twenty (20) days after the period covered by the report.~~

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL HALL:

CLOVIS E. MYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

Burgess
BURGESS
G-4

Supplemented by OD 1/3

6 Incls:

1. Labor Form No. 1
2. Labor Order No. 199, Welfare Ministry
3. Order No. 41, Welfare Ministry
4. Labor Order No. 950, Welfare Ministry
5. Memorandum to the Japanese Government
6. Labor Form No. 2

DISTRIBUTION: "B" plus "Z"

2 copies to each IHL Govt Hq & Hq Co
and each Hq & Hq Det IHL Govt Group

775013

LABOR REQUISITION FOR MILITARY UNITS

TO: _____ Date _____
(Labor Office Concerned)

Labor as listed below is required on _____
(time and date wanted)

for the following project- _____
(brief description of job)

and will report to _____
(officer in charge) (name of place)

LABOR

NUMBER REQUIRED

TYPE OF WORK

Probable duration of job _____

Signature _____
Using Unit _____

Note: Submit in triplicate: To labor office concerned

Lower third may be used for 1st Ind to Japanese Liaison Committee.

DIRECTOR OF LABOR BUREAU OF THE WELFARE MINISTRY

Labor Order
No 199

7 September 1945

SUBJECT: Preparation of Laborers for Advanced Allied Army.

TO : Prefectural Governors and Local Inspector Generals.

Due to the construction and repair of various establishments and installations for the Allied Army, there have been and will be requests made by the Allied Supreme Commander through the Central Liaison Office to submit a required number of laborers.

For the above purpose, the following items will be fully understood and urgent measures will be taken in the preparation of laborers.

1. The classes of laborers who will be prepared are as follows:
 - a. Common laborers.
 - b. Skilled and semi-skilled laborers.
 - c. Laborers for loading and unloading.
 - d. Laborers to repair railroads, roads and piers.
 - e. Laborers for construction of Allied occupation Army's quarters and facilities.

From the above classifications, specifications as to the type of duty for (a) and (b) will be communicated as soon as clarification is made.

2. In regard to the above requisition, we have informed the Allied Army to make any requisition, whenever necessary through Central Liaison Office, or its local liaison office, to the concerned local inspector or prefecture. However, in case there is any request for labor made directly to your office, you will accept this request. This matter then will be immediately communicated to the Central Liaison Office. The location of work, required hours of work, types of work and required number of laborers will be clearly stated at that time.

3. In order to supply laborers appropriately, the prefectural governors will control sources of labor supply by the following methods:

- a. By encouraging RONJU HOKOKU KAI (Labor Service Society) to have the laborers connected with construction work, loading and unload-

Inclosure 2

Labor Order No. 199, Director of Labor Bureau of the Welfare Ministry, subject: "Preparation of Laborers for Advanced Allied Army," dated 7 September 1945.

ing will desire the cooperation of the transportation and automobile control companies and other such associations.

b. By having the companies concerned with construction, contractors and other concerned associations cooperate with skilled workers and technicians.

c. The addresses of laborers will be accurately maintained by utilization of the laborer's registration card and the report of technicians.

4. To outgoing laborers, full information of their duties must be given and they will be assembled at the designated time and place without delay. In cases when a laborer leaves his present address because of his work, measures must be taken to clarify his movement by having him report to his labor service association, company and contractor.

5. In dispatching laborers, they must clearly understand the circumstances of the requisition in order to fulfill their position adequately, and they must be instructed not to refuse any work.

6. Since the Allied Army is requesting laborers at the maximum capacity for any particular work, it appears that attendance will be in large groups. Thus it is advisable that the laborers be prepared in troop formations. The formation will be composed of healthy and efficient laborers.

7. When your prefecture is not able to fill the required number of laborers or the particular type of laborers, inquiry will be made of the local inspector general and help will be obtained from another prefecture. In such cases, the local inspector general will make proper adjustment without delay.

8. It must be fully understood that any delay by laborers in appearing on the date or hour designated by the Allied Army will not be permitted.

9. Instructions will be given separately as to the payment of wages and responsibility for payment. However, if there is a case where laborers are already engaged in work or about to engage in work, wages will be paid based upon the laborer's former income and established wages of that locality. Payment will be made through the Central Liaison Office or local Japanese organization.

10. In accordance with separate sheet No. 2, the prefectural government will submit or report estimated number of laborers, available on 20 September to the Ministry of Welfare and to the local inspector general by 25 September.

Separate Sheet 1

Occupational Classification

Electrical engineer, civil engineer, architect, mechanical engineer

Automobile driver, auto mechanics, foreman, railroad worker, electrician, pipe layer, gas fitter, furniture fixer, carpenter, mason, brick layer, plasterer, quarry workers, concrete worker, well digger, water purifier, roof worker, common laborer, earthworker, metal tool maker, glass maker, lacquer worker, boiler worker, road worker, furnace builder, porter, and freight worker and plumbers.

Note by GHQ SCAP:

This is a suggested list of occupations which the Japanese anticipated would be required by the Allied Armies.

Separate Sheet 2

Report of Survey on Preparation of Labor for Allied Army

Occupation	Total	Supply Capability	Remarks
1. Electrical Engineer	:	:	:
2. Civil Engineer	:	:	:
3. Machinist	:	:	:
4. Automobile Driver	:	:	:
5. Auto Mechanic	:	:	:
6. Steam Boiler Attendant	:	:	:
7. Railroad Worker	:	:	:
8. Electric Line Layer	:	:	:
9. Electrician	:	:	:
10. Pipe Layer	:	:	:
11. Brick Layer	:	:	:
12. Furniture Fixer	:	:	:
13. Inlay Carpenter	:	:	:
14. Carpenter (House)	:	:	:
15. Carpenter	:	:	:
16. Plasterer	:	:	:
17. Tile Layer	:	:	:

Welfare Ministry Ordinance No. 41
Matters Concerning Labor Service Based Upon Imperial
Ordinance No. 542 of 1945

Welfare Ministry: Hitoshi Ashida

16 October 1945

Article I

An order for the requisition of laborers by the Supreme Commander of the Allied Powers.

Article II

The Prefectural Governor (in Tokyo, the Superintendent General of the Metropolitan Police Board), when it is deemed necessary to procure labor supply, will order designated workers (those who have left their professions within the past three years) to report his name, address, occupational background and other important data to the district Employment Exchange Board by a stipulated date.

The Prefectural Governor may order any worker who has registered to report any change of address to the Employment Exchange Board within 14 days.

Article III

In order to fulfill labor requirements swiftly and efficiently Prefectural Governors are authorized to adopt the following measures preparatory to actual assignment of jobs:

- a. Workers can be required to register with specific groups for group job assignments.
- b. Orders attaching workers to groups must be issued in documentary form (Shozoku Reisho).
- c. Workers assigned to groups will be under direct supervision of designated group leader.

Article IV

When the Prefectural Governor deems it essential, he will order individual workers to engage in jobs assigned them and they must abide by such orders.

Article V

When the job for a worker has been determined, he will receive an Assignment Order (Jugyo Reisho) which will include necessary instructions. Workers receiving such orders will abide by them.

Article VI

The revision or voiding of the Group Attachment Order (Shoyoku Meirei) of the Assignment Order (Jugyo Meirei) will be accomplished by the Prefectural Governor by issuance of a new order.

Continued:

Article VII

If the Prefectural Governor deems it necessary he will issue orders to assist either the group leaders or employers employing subject workers in matters concerning wages, hours, labor conditions, etc.

Article VIII

The Prefectural Governor is authorized to delegate powers derived under this ordinance to Employment Exchange Boards, mayors of towns and villages (in Tokyo, Kyoto, Osaka, Nagoya, Yokohama and Kobe to ward heads) or any similar units which might assist in its execution.

Article IX

Any person violating Articles II, III, IV, V, or VII will be sentenced to not more than three years hard labor or penal servitude or a fine not to exceed 5000 yen.

Article X

Any representative of a corporation, attorney, employee or the corporation itself violating Articles VII will be punished by the fine stated in the previous article.

By law

This ordinance will be executed from the date of proclamation.

COPYWELFARE MINISTRY
DIRECTOR OF LABOR BUREAU

LABOR ORDER NO. 950

15 September 1945

SUBJECT: Matters pertaining to wages for laborers employed by the Allied Army.

TO : Prefectural Governors (in the case of Tokyo - Superintendent-General of Metropolitan Police).

1. Payment of wages for laborers employed by the Allied Army will be discussed with the Central Liaison Committee and will be decided according to the separate sheet. In carrying this out, those concerned must be fully informed.

(Separate Sheet)

1. Matters pertaining to payment of wages for laborers employed by the Allied Army.

a. In regard to the payment of wages for laborers; if laborers are hired by contractor, the contractor will pay the wages. All others will be paid by the Central Liaison Office (or by the prefectural government). Payments of the contractor are made by the Central Liaison Affairs Bureau (or by the prefectural government).

b. Wages for the laborers will be paid in the usual pay period.

c. The amount of wages will be determined according to a locally established wage and according to one's former income.

d. Measures will be taken to supply necessities for workers and to supply an increased amount of food.

e. In regard to casualties during employment; the person in charge of payment of wages will bear the responsibility in accordance with "The Factory Law" and "The Labor Disaster Aid Law". However, those employed by contractors will be taken care of by the contractor.

(Translation)

Inclosure 4

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 091.3 (20 Oct 45) ESS

10 November 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Monthly Labor Report.

1. The Imperial Japanese Government will direct local Liaison Committees, inspector generals or prefectural authorities responsible for procurement and payment of laborers furnished to the occupation forces, to prepare and to submit the following certified data to the local Allied Labor Officer:

a. Average number of workers requisitioned by Allied Forces per work day during month. _____

b. Average number of workers furnished to Allied Forces per work day during month. _____

c. Number of laborers working for occupation forces on last work day of month. _____

d. Total amount of cash wages actually paid by the Japanese Government to laborers supplied to occupation forces during month. _____

e. Estimated value of wages in kind, such as food, furnished by the Japanese Government, without cost, to laborers working for occupation forces during month.

2. Initial reports covering the months of September and October 1945 will be submitted separately by 30 November 1945. Succeeding reports will be due by the 5th of the month following the period reported.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ H. W. Allen
H. W. ALLEN,
Colonel, A. G. D.,
Asst Adjutant General.

Inclosure 5

Report on Wages and Workers

Date _____

FROM:

TO : Commanding General, Headquarters Eighth Army, APO 343
(Attn: Labor Division, Military Government Section)

1. Period covered: _____
 2. Average number of workers requisitioned per work day _____
 3. Average number of workers furnished per work day _____
 4. Number of laborers working for occupation forces on last work day of month _____
 5. Total amount of cash wages actually paid by Japanese Government to workers _____
 6. Estimated value of wages in kind advanced to workers by Japanese Government _____
- _____
- _____

Labor Form No 2

Inclosure 6

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER1/1)

18 February 1946

1. Operational Directive No. 1, dated 5 January 1946, is amended as follows:

a. The following sub-paragraphs are added to paragraph 5, "Labor Unions."

(d) Mediation and arbitration of labor disputes which are not inimical to the occupation objectives are responsibilities of the Japanese Government. As a means to accomplish this, prefectural governors have been ordered to establish mediation committees composed of management, labor, and public representatives (inclosure 7). When an application (oral or written) is received by the occupation forces to mediate or arbitrate a labor dispute, the applicant will be advised to refer the matter to the appropriate Japanese officials for action.

(e) Japanese police shall not participate in labor relations activities or intervene in labor disputes unless such intervention is necessary to preserve public order. Violations of this policy on the part of police will be reported to this headquarters without delay.

(f) A labor union act (inclosure 8) which legalizes the status of labor unions and encourages collective bargaining was recently promulgated by the Japanese Government. Administrative procedures to implement this act are to be authorized by a separate Imperial Ordinance which will become effective on or about 1 February 1946.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

Burgess
BURGESS
G-4

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

2 Incls

Incl #7. Translation of Instructions
Concerning Mediation in Labor
Disputes Issued by Japanese
Government 2 November 1945.

Incl #8. Trade Union Law.

DISTRIBUTION:

B plus Z

1 copy each Milt. Govt. 1 each Milt. Govt. Co.

3 January 1946

SUBJECT: Translation of Instructions Concerning Mediation in Labor Disputes Issued by Japanese Government 2 November 1945.

* * * * *

Labor Administration Bureau Instruction No. 1.

2 November 1945

TO : Prefectural Governors
Inspector-General of the Metropolitan Police

FROM: Chief of Labor Administration Bureau, Welfare Ministry
Chief of Police Affairs Bureau, Home Ministry

Instructions concerning Mediation in Labor Disputes.

The matter mentioned in the title was understood by the Cabinet Conference and decided as follows: In view of the importance of the matter you shall be especially careful in consideration of its enforcement, after careful study of the following particulars. The above mentioned matter was decided and promulgated as promptly as possible, partly due to the demand of the General Headquarters for the Allied Powers.

1. Particulars concerning mediation organization.

a. The number of members to the committee shall be in general as follows: three each from representatives of employers, employees and other persons who have knowledge and experience, respectively.

b. The committee shall operate on its own initiation, with the chairman conducting the meetings. Decisions are to be made by a majority vote; however, due to the nature of mediation, efforts shall be made to arrive at the decision by unanimous assent or by a large majority.

c. Temporary committee members shall be appointed in equal numbers from among the representatives of employers and employees concerned in the matter.

d. Secretaries shall be appointed from among labor supervision officials (Pomu Kantokukan) who are labor officials (Romukan). Where no labor officials exist, other officials concerned (except police officials) shall be appointed as such.

2. Particulars concerning mediation method.

a. It is desirable that mediation be made before the outbreak of disputes, but special attention is to be paid not to effect the

Inclosure #7

Translation of Instructions Concerning Mediation in Labor Disputes
Issued by Japanese Government 2 November 1945, dtd 3 Jan 45, cont'd.

mediation by pressure against the will of the parties concerned.

b. When matters submitted for mediation concern wages and other working conditions, mediation shall be made in accordance with various laws and regulations concerning labor and general instructions of this ministry; and as to the conditions which may be exceptions to the above, the grounds for such exceptions shall be clarified, taking the necessary steps, and special attention shall be paid not to give any bad effect to other parties.

3. Particulars concerning the apprehension of the situation in labor circles.

a. For the apprehension of the situation in labor circles, speed, accuracy and special efforts are necessary as Special High Police have been abolished.

b. The apprehension of the situation in labor circles shall be carried out by labor supervision officials in cooperation with the authorities or corporations concerned.

c. Police officials shall report the facts which have come to their knowledge in performance of their proper duties to officials concerned as promptly as possible.

4. Other particulars.

The renovation of the present administrative organization for proper enforcement of this matter is under serious consideration. For the present it is desirable that you shall do your best to renovate, fill and elevate officials concerned in your power.

* * * * *

Mediation in Labor Disputes

1. Policy

Due to the termination of the war, the dismissal and movement of many laborers, the changes in labor conditions, together with the developments of labor movements, all tend toward frequent labor disputes.

In view of the situation, necessary investigations shall be carried out regarding the revision of the laws concerned.

For the present, however, labor disputes shall be settled as promptly as possible on a rational basis in accordance with the following:

Translation of Instructions Concerning Mediation in Labor Disputes
Issued by Japanese Government 2 November 1945, dtd 3 Jan 45, cont'd.

2. Key Points

a. Particulars concerning mediation organization.

A standing mediation committee shall, according to the following terms, be established under the leadership of the Prefectural Governor.

- (1) The committee shall consist of nine committeemen and several secretaries.
- (2) The committee members shall be appointed by a Prefectural Governor in equal ratio of three from among the representatives of employers, laborers and persons who have knowledge and experience, respectively. The chairman of the committee shall be selected by mutual vote of the committee members appointed among the persons who have knowledge and experience.
- (3) A Prefectural Governor may appoint persons who have knowledge in the matters in question as temporary committees when he deems it necessary.
- (4) The secretaries shall be appointed by a Prefectural Governor among Romukantokukan (Labor Supervision Officials).

b. Particulars concerning mediation method.

Labor mediation shall be carried on according to the following terms and high-handed police mediation shall be strictly avoided.

- (1) Labor-capital rivalry is to be settled by their autonomous arrangements and participation of unnecessary mediation machinery shall be avoided.
- (2) In case the mutual autonomous arrangement is difficult, both parties concerned are to be instructed to ask for the mediation of the above mediation machinery on their own initiative before the outbreak of disputes, if possible.
- (3) In case of mediation, claims of both parties are to be listened to and if misunderstanding or opposite opinion exists, the solution on such point shall be tried first.

Translation of Instructions Concerning Mediation in Labor Disputes
Issued by Japanese Government 2 November 1945, dtd 3 Jan 45, cont'd.

- (4) In case wages and other working conditions are included in matter for mediation, a universally rational decision shall be arrived at in addition to considering the special circumstances of the particular factory or work house.
- (5) Accurate public announcement shall be made from time to time of the development and status of the dispute in order to show the just attitude of the mediation machinery and at the same time to continue the mediation with the support of public opinion.

c. Particulars concerning the enforcement of the Labor Mediation Act.

As for the Labor Mediation Act, it ought to be examined to make it quite perfect, but as for its enforcement one ought to deal with it as follows for the time being:

- (1) Mediation of the dispute shall be effected according to the preceding two sections, if possible, and efforts shall be made to avoid the mediation under the above Act.
- (2) In case the mediation under the above Act is to be effected by the special request of the mediators of the dispute, efforts shall be made to complete all the legal steps as quickly as possible.

d. Particulars concerning the Police Control of Acts in Labor Disputes.

As for acts in labor disputes, no control or suppression should be made except for those who are guilty of a criminal offense.

e. Particulars concerning the apprehension of the situation in Labor Circles.

The local governor should do his best in letting the labor supervision officials inspect the tendency between capitalists and laborers at all times and try to perceive as promptly as possible the sign of the opposition between capitalists and laborers that may lead to labor disputes.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DIET

No. XVI (c)

TRADE UNION LAW

We hereby give our sanction to the Trade Union Law approved by the Imperial Diet and cause the same to be promulgated.

This twenty first day of the twelfth month of twentieth year of Showa.

Signed: Hirohito

Seal of the Emperor Countersigned:

Baron Kijuro Shidehara
Prime Minister

Chuzo Iwata
Minister of Justice

Hitoshi Ashida
Minister of Welfare

Viscount Keizo Shibusawa
Minister of Finance

Takeo Tanaka
Minister of Transportation

TRADE UNION LAW

CHAPTER I GENERAL PRINCIPLES.

Article 1. The aim of the present Act shall be to raise the status of workers and thereby contribute to economic development through the guarantee of the right of organization and the encouragement of collective bargaining.

The provisions of Article 35 of the Criminal Code shall apply to collective bargaining and other acts of the trade unions which are appropriate, being performed for the attainment of the objects of the preceding paragraph.

Article 2. Trade Unions under the present Act shall be those organizations, or federations thereof, formed autonomously by the workers, with the workers as the main constituents, for the main purpose of maintaining or improving the conditions of work and for raising the economic status of the workers, provided that this rule shall not apply to those:

1. Which admit to membership the employer or persons who may be considered to represent the interest of the employer.
2. Which depend on the employer's aid for the major expenses of the organization.
3. Whose objects are confined to mutual aid work or other welfare work among the members.
4. Which principally aim at carrying on political or social movements.

Article 3. Workers under the present Act shall include those who live by wages, salaries or other remuneration assimilable thereto regardless of the kind of occupation.

Article 4. Police, firemen and employees of penal institutions shall be denied the right to organize or to join trade unions.

As regards other government officials, subordinate officials and municipal officials, and those employed by the state or public bodies, separate regulations may be made by ordinance for the application of the present Act, provided that this rule shall not apply to the prohibition of their organizing a trade union or of their joining such as members.

CHAPTER II TRADE UNIONS

Article 5. Representatives of trade unions shall submit to the administrative authorities within the week after formation of the trade union, its statute and the list of names and addresses of its officers.

When changes occur in the particulars as laid down in preceding paragraph, a report thereon shall be submitted to the administrative authorities within a week thereafter.

Article 6. When a report has been submitted in accordance with paragraph one of the preceding article and the union concerned is not in conformity with Article 2, the administrative authorities shall take action in accordance with the stipulations of ordinance following the resolution of the Labor Relations Committee.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall apply mutatis mutandis to the case of an organization set up as a trade union which has ceased to conform to Article 2.

Article 7. The statute of the trade union shall contain at least the following particulars:

1. Name of the union.
2. Address of the main office.
3. If the union is a legal person, statement to that effect.
4. Objects and business of the union.
5. Rules relating to membership or to affiliated unions.
6. Rules relating to meetings.
7. Rules relating to the representatives of the union and other officers.
8. Rules relating to expenditure and accounts of the union.
9. Rules relating to revision of the statute of the union.

Article 8. When the statute of a union contravenes laws or regulations, the administrative authorities may order its alteration following the resolution of the Labor Relations Committee.

Article 9. The trade union shall keep a membership list or a list of affiliated unions.

Article 10. Representatives of a trade union or those to whom the powers therefore are delegated by the union shall have the power to negotiate with the employer on behalf of the members of the union for conclusion of a trade agreement or on other matters.

Article 11. No employer shall discharge a worker or inflict disadvantages on him on account of his membership in a trade union.

No employer shall make it a condition of employment that the worker must not join or must withdraw from a trade union.

Article 12. No employer shall claim indemnity from a trade union or members or officers of the same for damages received through a strike or other acts of dispute which are proper acts.

Article 13. When a trade union intends to use for other purposes the funds specially set up for mutual aid and other welfare work, it shall obtain the resolution of the General Meeting of the union.

Article 14. The trade union shall be dissolved in the following cases:

1. Occurrence of the circumstances requiring the dissolution as provided in the statute of the union.
2. Bankruptcy of the union.
3. Resolution for dissolution adopted by the General Meeting of the union with at least three-fourths majority of the total membership or of the affiliated unions.
4. The decision taken under the provisions of Article 6.
5. Court action of dissolution order issued in accordance with the provisions of Article 15.

Article 15. When a trade union frequently violates laws and ordinances and disturbs peace and order, the Court may order dissolution of the union at the request of the Labor Relations Committee.

Necessary matters relating to procedure under the preceding paragraph shall be fixed by ordinance.

Article 16. A trade union shall acquire the status of legal person by registering at the place where its main office is located.

The matters necessary for registration other than were provided in this Act shall be fixed by ordinance.

As regards the matters which require registration for a trade union, they shall have no effect against any third person unless a registration has been effected.

Article 17. The provisions of Article 43, 44, 50, 52-55, 57 and 72-83 of the Civil Code and of Articles 35, 36, 37 clause 2, 126 paragraph 1, 137 and 138 of the Law on Procedure of Non-contentious cases shall apply mutatis mutandis to trade unions which are legal persons.

Article 18. Trade unions which are legal persons shall be exempted from income tax and taxes charged on legal persons in accordance with the provisions of an Ordinance.

CHAPTER III TRADE AGREEMENTS.

Article 19. The agreement between a trade union and the employer or organization of the latter concerning conditions of work will take effect when the agreement is signed by the parties concerned.

Parties concerned shall submit the trade agreement to the administrative authorities within the week after signing of the trade agreement.

Article 20. No trade agreement shall fix a term exceeding three years.

Article 21. When a trade agreement is signed, the parties concerned shall mutually assume the obligation to cooperate in all sincerity for giving effects to the agreement for the enhancement of efficiency and maintenance of industrial peace.

Article 22. When a standard is fixed by a trade agreement concerning conditions of labor and treatment of workers (when a special organ exists for fixing such standards in accordance with a trade agreement, the standards fixed by that organ shall come under this provision and this rule shall apply to all the cases where the same terms occur hereafter) any provision of a labor contract contravening the standard mentioned shall be void and the invalidated part of the labor contract shall be replaced by the provisions of the above mentioned standard. The same rule shall apply to the part which is not laid down in the labor contract.

Article 23. When three-fourths or more of the workers normally employed in a factory, mine or other places of employment come under application of a trade agreement, the remaining workers shall ipso facto be bound by the same agreement.

Article 24. When a major part of the workers of similar kind in a given locality come under application of a certain trade agreement, the administrative authority may at the request of either one or two of the contracting parties take the decision to extend the compulsory application of the contract (including the part revised under provisions of the second paragraph) to all the remaining workers of the same kind in the same locality and to the employer.

In case the Labor Relations Committee deems, in making the resolution of the preceding paragraph that the trade agreement in question contains inappropriate provisions, the Committee may amend those provisions.

The decision shall become effective by public notification.

Article 25. When there is a provision in the trade agreement to the effect that disputes concerning matters in the same agreement be put to conciliation or arbitration, it shall be disallowed to engage in strike, lockout or perform acts of dispute except in case of failure of either conciliation or arbitration.

CHAPTER IV LABOR RELATIONS COMMITTEE

Article 26. Labor relations committees shall be set up consisting of equal numbers or representatives of employers and workers and of central members.

The administrative authorities shall appoint the representatives of the employers in accordance with the recommendations of the employers organizations, those of workers with the recommendation of the workers trade unions and the central members with the agreement of the representatives of employers and of workers.

The Labor Relations Committee shall consist of National Labor Relations Committee and Prefectural Labor Relations Committees and in case of a special need, special Labor Relations Committees may be set up for a given locality or to deal with special matters.

The members of a Labor Relations Committee and the staff attached thereto as provided by ordinance shall be regarded as staff members engaged in official business under laws and ordinances.

Matters relating to Labor Relations Committees other than these laid down in the present Act shall be fixed by Imperial ordinance.

Article 27. In addition to the provisions under Articles 6, 8, 15, 24 and 33 the Labor Relations Committees shall have authority to perform the following functions:

1. Compilation of statistics on labor disputes and investigation of conditions of labor.
2. Mediation in collective bargaining and prevention of labor disputes.
3. Arbitration and conciliation in disputes.

The Labor Relations Committee may submit to the competent administrative authorities for improving conditions of labor.

Article 28. When the Labor Relations Committee deems it necessary for public welfare or when the parties concerned request it, the proceedings of a Labor Relations Committee may be made public.

Article 29. When it is necessary for carrying out its work the Labor Relations Committee may require the attendance or presentation of reports of the employer or of his organization and the worker or others concerned or it may require the presentation of books and documents necessary for investigating conditions of labor or it may also have its members or staff of the committee (hereafter called simply staff) as provided by order under Article 26 clause 4 inspect factories, mines and other places of employment involved or inspect the conditions of business, books and papers and other objects.

Article 30. The members and those who were members as well as the staff or those who were on the staff of a Labor Relations Committee shall be disallowed to disclose any secret information obtained in performing their functions.

Article 31. The provisions of Chapter III shall apply mutatis mutandis to the agreements handled by the Labor Relations Committee but to which a trade union is not a party concerning the standard of conditions of work and other terms relating to the treatment of workers.

Article 32. When the conditions of labor or of treatment of workers are especially inappropriate, the Labor Relations Committee may, after investigation of actual conditions, formulate concrete proposals and submit a representation to the administrative authorities.

When the representation of the foregoing paragraph is received and the administrative authorities deem it necessary, they may issue the direction for a fixed standard of working conditions or of treatment of workers to the employer.

When the employer receives the direction of the foregoing paragraph, he must take necessary measures to let all the workers know of the direction without delay.

The standard as directed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph two above shall have the same effects as the trade agreement on the employer and workers concerned.

CHAPTER V PENALTIES

Article 33. In case of violation of the provisions of Article II, the person who committed the act shall be liable to imprisonment not exceeding six (6) months or to a fine not exceeding Five Hundred Yen (500.00 Yen).

The offense of the foregoing paragraph shall be acted upon at the request of the Labor Relations Committee.

Article 34. Those who contravene the provisions of Article 30 shall be liable to fine not exceeding one Thousand Yen (1,000.00 Yen).

Article 35. Those who contravene the provisions of Article 29 and fail to present reports or make false reports or fail to submit the books and papers or contravene the provisions of the same Article and fail to present themselves or refuse, obstruct or evade the inspection under the provisions of the same Article shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Five Hundred Yen (500.00 Yen).

Article 36. When a legal person or the deputy of a person, the head of a family, members of a family, a co-habitant of a family, employees of others engaged for work contravened the provisions of the first portion of the preceding Article, in connection with the business of a legal person or of a person, the said legal person or person shall not be immune from penalty on the ground of not having given order for such contravention.

The provisions of the first portion of the preceding Article shall apply to the directors, managers or other officers who execute the business of the legal person in case the employer is a legal person and to the legally fixed deputy in case the employee is a minor or a person adjudged incompetent provided that this rule shall not apply to a minor who has the same capacity as an adult in the performance of business.

Article 37. The representative or liquidator shall be liable to fine not exceeding Five Hundred Yen (500.00 Yen) in any of the following cases:

1. When he fails to submit the report prescribed in Article 5, paragraph 2 (inclusive of the case where it applies mutatis mutandis under provisions of Article 31) or makes a false report.

2. When he failed to keep the list as prescribed in Article 9.
3. When he failed to register under this Act or under the Ordinance issued under this Act.
4. When he contravened Article 79 or Article 81 of the Civil Code which are applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to Article 17 and failed to make public notification or when he made a false notification.

In case of contravention of the provisions of Article 19 paragraph 2 (including the case where the provisions are applied mutatis mutandis under Article 31), failing to make the report or making a false report, the party to the trade agreement other than the trade union (representative in case the party concerned is an organization) shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty yen (50.00 Yen).

When the employer contravened the provisions of Article 32, paragraph 3, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Fifty Yen (50.00 Yen).

SUPPLEMENTARY REGULATIONS

The date of enforcement of this Act shall be fixed by Imperial Ordinance.

Trade unions existing actually at the date of enforcement of this Act shall submit reports applying mutatis mutandis the provisions of Article 5 within a week after the date of enforcement of this Act.

The following amendment shall be made in the Act in Registration Tax:

In Article 19 clause 7, "Federation of Cooperative Societies" shall be amended to read "Federation of Cooperative Societies, Trade Unions" and "Cooperative Societies Act" to read "Cooperative Societies Act, Trade Union Act".

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

22 April 1946

NUMBER 1/2)

1. Paragraph 6, of Operational Directive Number 1, dated 5 January 1946, is rescinded and the following is substituted therefor:

"6. Reports:

a. It shall be the responsibility of the commanding generals of all corps, the General Officer Commanding British Commonwealth Occupation Forces, and the commanding officers of all military government units operating directly under this headquarters to take the action necessary to insure that labor reports required hereunder are submitted in proper form and on the dates specified.

b. The military government unit administering the functions of military government within each prefecture will receive for all "local Allied Labor Officers" therein the labor reports from the responsible Japanese authorities pursuant to the requirements of the memorandum of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers to the Imperial Japanese Government (Inclosure 9).

c. A report is desired for each of the forty-six (46) Japanese prefectures, including Hokkaido, for each month beginning with September 1945, and every month thereafter until further notice, detailing the following data:

(1) (a) Average number of workers requisitioned by allied forces per work day during month.

(b) Average number of workers furnished to allied forces per work day during month.

(c) Number of laborers working for occupation forces on last work day of month.

Operational Directive No. 1/2, Hq Eighth Army, 22 April 1946, contd.

Rescinded & Sub. by OD 1/4

~~(a) Total amount of cash wages actually paid by the Japanese Government to laborers supplied to occupation forces during month.~~

(c) Estimated value of wages in kind, such as food, furnished by the Japanese Government, without cost, to laborers working for occupation forces during month.

(2) Each report shall be supported by a corresponding Japanese Prefectural Government "Monthly Labor Report" which shall be secured from the prefectural authority concerned in accordance with the requirements of inclosure 9.

(3) Each report shall be supported and qualified further by an accompanying statement which shall outline and assess all available data relating to requisitions by authorized organizations represented for requisitioning purposes during the month. Requisitions bearing fictitious signatures are to be included as well as bona fide requisitions.

(4) Each report shall cover labor services rendered as such in response to formal or informal labor requests by allied occupation forces for a specified number of individuals having specified qualifications to perform work as directed. It shall not cover services involved in the production or provision of supplies, real estate or the completion of specific projects requisitioned pursuant to General Procurement Agent Regulation Number 1 (Inclosure 10). Civilian labor support furnished to the Allied Occupation Forces by Japan shall not be reported in more than one (1) category.

Rescinded & Sub. by 1/4

~~(5) On each report shall appear the actual percentage breakdown, or a recommendation made after liaison with and concurrence by the senior representative present in the area of United States Army, Air Force, Navy and other allied occupation forces as to the approximate percentage breakdown of each item of data detailed in paragraph C(1) above that should be charged to:~~

- Rescinded*
- (a) U S Army (excluding Army Air Force)
 - (b) U S Army Air Force

Operational Directive No. 1/2, Hq Eighth Army, 22 April 1946, contd.

Rescinded & Sub. by OD 1/4

~~(a) Total amount of cash wages actually paid by the Japanese Government to laborers supplied to occupation forces during month.~~

(c) Estimated value of wages in kind, such as food, furnished by the Japanese Government, without cost, to laborers working for occupation forces during month.

(2) Each report shall be supported by a corresponding Japanese Prefectural Government "Monthly Labor Report" which shall be secured from the prefectural authority concerned in accordance with the requirements of inclosure 9.

(3) Each report shall be supported and qualified further by an accompanying statement which shall outline and assess all available data relating to requisitions by authorized organizations represented for requisitioning purposes during the month. Requisitions bearing fictitious signatures are to be included as well as bona fide requisitions.

(4) Each report shall cover labor services rendered as such in response to formal or informal labor requests by allied occupation forces for a specified number of individuals having specified qualifications to perform work as directed. It shall not cover services involved in the production or provision of supplies, real estate or the completion of specific projects requisitioned pursuant to General Procurement Agent Regulation Number 1 (Inclosure 10). Civilian labor support furnished to the Allied Occupation Forces by Japan shall not be reported in more than one (1) category.

Rescinded & Sub. by 1/4

~~(5) On each report shall appear the actual percentage breakdown, or a recommendation made after liaison with and concurrence by the senior representative present in the area of United States Army, Air Force, Navy and other allied occupation forces as to the approximate percentage breakdown of each item of data detailed in paragraph C above that should be charged to:~~

- Rescinded*
- (a) U S Army (excluding Army Air Force)
 - (b) U S Army Air Force

Operational Directive No. 1/2, Hq Eighth Army, 22 April 1946, contd.

- ~~SECRET~~
- (c) U S Navy
 - (d) U S Marine Corps
 - (e) American Red Cross
 - (f) War Shipping Administration
 - (g) Other accredited U S Civilian Components (specify)
 - (h) British Commonwealth Occupation Force
 - (i) Other accredited allied missions or groups (specify)

d. (1) (a) All forty-six (46) prefectural reports for each of the months of September 1945 through March 1946 shall be dispatched not later than 15 May 1946.

(b) All forty-six (46) prefectural reports for April 1946 and for each month thereafter shall be dispatched not later than the 15th day of the month following the period reported.

(c) Negative reports will be submitted.

(2) (a) Original and two (2) copies of each report shall be forwarded through channels to General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500, Attention: Economic and Scientific Section, Labor Division.

(b) One (1) additional copy of each report shall be forwarded by the agency preparing the report direct to General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500, Attention: General Procurement Agent."

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MICHELEBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

Schanze
SCHANZE
G-1

CLOVIS E BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

Supplemented by O.D. 1/4

2 Incls

No. 9 - Memo from Imperial Japanese Govt.

No. 10 - General Procurement, Regulation No. 1

Operational Directive No. 1/2, Hq Eighth Army, 22 April 1946, contd.

DISTRIBUTION:

"B" plus "Z"
6 copies to DCOF.
2 copies to Kanagawa Mil. Govt.
District.
2 copies to each Mil. Govt. Hq
& Hq Co. and each Hq & Hq Det.
Mil. Govt. Group.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 091.3 (20 Oct 45) ESS

10 November 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Monthly Labor Report.

1. The Imperial Japanese Government will direct local Liaison Committees, inspector generals or prefectural authorities responsible for procurement and payment of laborers furnished to the occupation forces, to prepare and to submit the following certified data to the local Allied Labor Officer:

a. Average number of workers requisitioned by Allied Forces per work day during month. _____

b. Average number of workers furnished to Allied Forces per work day during month. _____

c. Number of laborers working for occupation forces on last day of month. _____

d. Total amount of cash wages actually paid by the Japanese Government to laborers supplied to occupation forces during month. _____

e. Estimated value of wages in kind, such as food, furnished by Japanese Government, without cost, to laborers working for occupation forces during month.

2. Initial reports covering the months of September and October 1945 will be submitted separately by 30 November 1945. Succeeding reports will be due by the 5th of the month following the period reported.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ H. W. Allen
H. W. ALLEN,
Colonel, A. G. D.,
Asst Adjutant General.

Incl. 9 to O.D. 1/2, Hq Eighth Army,
22 April 1946.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES, PACIFIC

GENERAL PROCUREMENT

27 September 1945

REGULATION No. 1

1. a. These regulations will govern all procurement from the Japanese by the occupation forces in Japan. They implement and reflect the policy of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers that Japan will be expected to provide supplies, facilities and services to meet the needs of the occupying forces to the extent that this can be effected without causing starvation, wide-spread disease, or acute physical distress. Due to the dislocation of the Japanese economy, procurement demand will not be made for large quantities of supplies which would tend to cause these conditions.

b. All United States Army, Air, and Naval forces, and Allied forces will procure their requirements through the Army Commanders responsible for the area in which elements of these forces are located.

2. a. Procurement Demand is the formal instrument (GPA Form 1) to be placed upon the Central Liaison Office, Imperial Japanese Government, subordinate offices thereof, or other Japanese Government agencies responsible for providing supplies, facilities and services required, excluding labor.

b. Procurement demand will be placed upon the Central Liaison Office, or other designated Japanese Government representatives, for those supplies, facilities, and services obtainable within the area of occupation in which the demand originates.

c. Procurement demands for supplies and services obtainable in whole or in part from an area outside the occupational area in which the demand originates will be directed to the General Procurement Agent, General Headquarters, United States Army Forces, Pacific, APO 500.

Incl 10 to O.D. 1/2, Hq Eighth Army,
22 April 1946.

3. a. No cash purchases will be made except in cases of emergency. No cash purchases will be made in excess of 3000 Yen in each instance, except with the prior approval of the General Procurement Agent, who will be furnished full particulars upon which to base his decisions.

b. All cash purchases will be in yen and vouchers therefor will bear the certificate: "I certify that this purchase is an emergency military requirement which would not conform to standard procurement procedure because (giving reasons)".

c. There will be no agreements made by any representative of the Occupation Forces with any agency or representative of the Japanese Government or with civilian suppliers as to value or price of supplies, facilities or services obtained except in cases of emergency cash purchases.

4. a. Distribution of copies of Procurement Demands (GPA Form 1) will be:

- (1) Two copies for Central Liaison Office.
- (2) Copy to be forwarded the General Procurement Agent.
- (3) Additional copies as required by the headquarters originating the demand.

b. Upon accomplished delivery of the supplies, facilities or services demanded, a receipt (GPA Form 2) will be given the supplier, and distribution of copies of GPA Form 2 made as prescribed in par 4a. In the columns on the right of GPA Form 2 there will be entered on all copies, except those given the Japanese, the estimated value in dollars of supplies, facilities and services obtained.

5. Where supplies and services have been obtained prior to the receipt of these instructions, GPA Form 2 will be rendered as herein prescribed, with a statement of the form and date the demand was placed (letter, requisition, or informal arrangement.) In such cases, the name and address of the supplier will also be reported, or if unknown, a full and exact description of where possession of the supplies and equipment was taken will be furnished. Account of real property and facilities in use will also be rendered on GPA Form 2, showing date of initial occupancy, whether currently occupied, and, if applicable, the estimated value of any improvements completed to make the facilities suitable for occupancy.

6. A monthly report showing all supplies and services, other than labor, received in each area of occupation will be rendered to the General Procurement Agent on GPA Form 3.

7. A copy each of the forms referred to are appended.

/s/ H. A. Brenn
H. A. BRENN
Colonel, FA
General Procurement Agent.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

18 June 1946

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

NUMBER 1/3)

1/3

1. This directive supplements policy stated in Operational Directive Number 1, this headquarters, 5 January 1946.

2. It is desired that Japanese civilians working for the occupation forces be efficiently utilized. Appropriate measures will be taken to implement this policy, including the following:

a. Unit labor requisitions within each prefecture will be reviewed by the appropriate authority to insure that such requisitions do not exceed the amount of labor reasonably required.

b. The use of labor will be limited to productive employment for projects directly concerned with accomplishing the mission of the occupation.

c. Increased efforts will be made to provide adequate supervision of labor by competent Japanese supervisors.

3. For the information of all concerned, the Japanese Government has been prohibited from recruiting labor by coercion or compulsory summons except in a case of genuine threat to the security of the occupation forces or in a case of grave military necessity.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL: *Schanze*
SCHANZE
G-1

A. P. THAYER
Colonel, GSC
Deputy Chief of Staff

DISTRIBUTION:

- "B" plus "Z"
- 4 copies to Kanagawa Mil Govt Dist.
- 4 copies to each Mil Govt Hq & Hq Co. and each Hq & Hq Det. Mil Govt Grp.

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

23 July 1946

NUMBER. 1/4)

1. Reference: Operational Directive Number 1/2, this headquarters, dated 22 April 1946.

a. Paragraph 6c (1)(d) is rescinded and the following is substituted therefor:

"(d) Total amount of cash wages EARNED (as determined by present wage scale) by Japanese labor working for Allied Forces during month."

b. Paragraph 6c (5) is rescinded and the following is substituted therefor:

"(5) On each report shall appear the actual breakdown of each item detailed in paragraph 6c (1) above, that should be charged to:

(a) U. S. Army (excluding Army Air Forces)

(b) U. S. Army Air Force

(c) U. S. Navy

(d) U. S. Marine Corps

(e) American Red Cross

(f) War Shipping Administration

(g) Other Accredited U. S. Civilian Components (specify)

(h) British Commonwealth Occupation Force

(i) Other Accredited Allied Missions or Groups (specify)

2. All reports submitted in compliance with Operational Directive Number 1/2 will be submitted on OGA Form No. 2, copy attached as Inclosure 11. Reproduction of this form as needed is authorized.

3. All reports submitted in compliance with Operational Directive Number 1/2 will be supported as completely as is practicable by the in-

Operational Directive Number 1/4, Headquarters Eighth Army, 23 July 1946

closure of receipts from using units and agencies for the labor received by them in response to "Labor Requisition for Military Units (Labor Form No. 1)". The receipt from each labor using unit and agency will be in the form of "Monthly Report of Labor Received in Response to Labor Requisitions (MGL Form No. 27)", copy attached as Inclosure 12. A single copy of each receipt will be enclosed with the reports which are forwarded through channels in compliance with paragraph 6d (2)(b), Operational Directive Number 1/2.

4. All military units, accredited United States civilian agencies, and accredited Allied missions or groups which utilize Japanese civilian labor will submit in duplicate a "Monthly Report of Labor Received in Response to Labor Requisitions (MGL Form No. 27)", copy attached hereto, to the prefectural military government team (locations of Eighth Army military government teams are listed in Inclosure 13). This report will be dispatched not later than the 3rd day of the month following the period reported. The initial report will be for the month of August 1946.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

Schanze

SCHANZE

G-1

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

3 Incls (added):

- No. 11 - OGA Form No. 2
- No. 12 - MGL Form No. 27
- No. 13 - List of 8th Army MG Teams

DISTRIBUTION:

- "A" plus "Z"
- 4 copies to each Mil Govt team.
- 10 copies to 5th Air Force.
- 10 copies to PACUSA.
- 10 copies to COMNAVJ/P.
- 10 copies to SCAP.

775613

OGA Form No. 2

SUBJECT: Monthly Report of Labor Furnished to Occupation Forces by Japanese Government in _____ Prefecture for _____ 19 ____.

TO : Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500.
Attention: (Economic and Scientific Section, Labor Division) (General Procurement Agent)
(Delete one)

	(1)	(2)	(3)	¥ (4)	¥ (5)
1. Average number of workers requisitioned by Allied Forces per work day during month.	_____	_____	_____		
2. Average number of workers furnished to Allied Forces per work day during month.	_____	_____	_____		
3. Number of laborers working for Allied Forces on last work day of month.	_____	_____	_____		
4. Total amount of cash wages EARNED (as determined by present wage scales) working for Allied Forces during month.				¥ _____	
5. Estimated value of wages in kind, such as food, furnished by the Japanese Government, without cost, to laborers working for Allied Forces during month.					¥ _____

6. The above labor was furnished as follows (breakdown of 1 through 5 above):	(1)	(2)	(3)	¥ (4)	¥ (5)
a. U. S. Army (exclude Army Air Force)					
b. U. S. Army Air Force.					

- c. U. S. Navy
- d. U. S. Marine Corps
- e. American Red Cross
- f. War Shipping Administration
- g. Other Accredited U. S. Civilian Components.*
- h. British Commonwealth Occupation Force.
- i. Other Accredited Allied Missions or Groups.**
- j. Inter-Allied***

TOTAL

(1) (2) (3) ¥ (4) ¥ (5)

_____ ¥ _____ ¥ _____
 ----- ¥ ----- ¥ -----

7. The above report covers ONLY labor services rendered in response to Labor Requisitions for Military Units (Labor Form No. 1).

Notes: * Specify
 ** Specify: i.e., Russian, Chinese, etc.
 *** Specify: i.e., Allied Council for Japan, International Tribunal, etc.

(See Instructions on Reverse Side)

 Military Government Labor Officer
 _____ Prefecture

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF

1. This form will be used to report labor as required by letter, GHQ SCAP, file AG 319.1 (26 Mar 46) ESS/LA, dated 26 March 1946, subject: "Reports of Labor Furnished to Occupation Forces by Japanese Government," and letter, GHQ SCAP, file 319.1 () ESS/LA, dated , subject: "Reports of Labor Furnished to Occupation Forces by Japanese Government."

2. Form will be typed or printed in ink.

3. Values of Sections 4 and 5 will be in yen.

4. Negative reports will be submitted.

5. This form will be distributed as follows:

a. One original and two copies of each report shall be forwarded through channels to General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500, Attention: Economic and Scientific Section, Labor Division.

b. One additional copy of each report shall be forwarded by the agency preparing the report direct to General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500, Attention: General Procurement Agent.

775013

Monthly Report of Labor Received in Response to Labor Requisitions (MGL Form No. 27)

by _____ APO _____
 (Unit or Agency)

in _____ Prefecture for the month of _____ 19____

1 Day of Month	2 'No. of Workers Requested	3 'No. of Workers Received	4 Value of Wages in Yen	
			Monetary	5 In Kind
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				

Incl. 12 to O. D. 1/4, Hq Eighth Army, dtd 23 July 1946

775013

1 Day of Month	2 No. of Workers Requested	3 No. of Workers Received	4 Value of Wages in Yen		5
			Monetary	In Kind	
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					

Average	Average	Total	Total
---------	---------	-------	-------

The above report includes all Japanese laborers except those involved in the performance of services obtained by Procurement Demand.

Labor Officer Rank

Unit or organization

MGL Form No. 27.

1. To be submitted in duplicate to the appropriate military government unit not later than the 3rd day of the month following the period reported.
2. Columns No. 2 and 3 will include all classes of Japanese labor, i. e., common and skilled labor, clerical and technical employees, etc.
3. Column No. 4 will be an accurate calculation of wages EARNED based on existing wage scales.
4. Column No. 5 will be an estimate of the monetary value of wages in kind, such as food or clothing, furnished by the Japanese Government, without cost to the laborers.

EIGHTH ARMY MILITARY GOVERNMENT T.

17 July 1946

Prefectural Military Government Team	Location	APO
Aichi	Nagoya	25
Akita	Akita	547
Aomori	Aomori	248
Chiba	Chiba	181
Ehime	Matsuyama	317
Fukui	Tsuruga	301
Fukuoka	Fukuoka	929
Fukushima	Fukushima	547
Gifu	Gifu	25
Gumma	Maebashi	201
Hiroshima	Kure	317
Hokkaido	Hakodate	928
Hyogo	Kobe	660
Ibaraki	Mito	181
Ishikawa	Kanazawa	301
Iwate	Morioka	547
Kagawa	Takamatsu	317
Kagoshima	Kagoshima	929
Kanagawa		
Tokyo-Kanagawa Mil Govt Dist	Yokohama	503
Kochi	Kochi	317
Kumamoto	Kumamoto	929
Kyoto	Kyoto	301
Mie	Tsu	660
Miyagi	Sendai	547
Miyazaki	Miyazaki	929
Nagano	Nagano	201
Nagasaki	Nagasaki	929
Nara	Nara	25
Niigata	Niigata	453
Oita	Oita	929
Okayama	Okayama	317
Osaka	Oseka	660
Saitama	Urawa	201
Saga	Saga	929
Shiga	Otsu	25
Shimane	Matsue	317
Shizuoka	Shizuoka	25
Tochigi	Utsunomiya	201
Tokushima	Tokushima	317
Tokyo		
Tokyo-Kanagawa Mil Govt Dist.	Tokyo	503
Tottori	Tottori	317
Toyama	Toyama	301
Wakayama	Wakayama	660
Yamagata	Yamagata	547
Yamaguchi	Yamaguchi	317
Yamanashi	Kofu	181

Inclosure 13 to O. D. 1/4, Hq Eighth Army, dtd 23 July 1946

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
 United States Army
 Office of the Commanding General
 APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

13 September 1946

NUMBER 1/5)

1. Paragraph 2, Operational Directive Number 1, this headquarters, dated 5 January 1946, is amended by adding sub-paragraphs e, f, and g, as follows:

"e. The following persons will not be employed by the occupation forces in any position of executive or supervisory responsibility, or in any position which requires action in a liaison capacity with Japanese officials or nationals, or as instructors in schools sponsored by the occupation forces:

- (1) Japanese nationals who were formerly police officials, members of police forces or members of organizations or public agencies responsible for the control of thought, speech or assembly.
- (2) Japanese nationals who are affected by Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, GHQ, SCAP, file AG 350 (22 Oct 45) CIE, (SCAPIN - 178), dated 22 October 1945, subject: "Administration of the Educational System of Japan," copy attached as Inclosure 14.
- (3) Japanese nationals who are affected by Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, GHQ, SCAP, file AG 350 (30 October 1945) CIE, (SCAPIN - 212), dated 30 October 1945, subject: "Investigation, Screening and Certification of Teachers and Educational officials," copy attached as Inclosure 15.

f. The following persons will not be employed in any capacity by the occupation forces:

- (1) Japanese nationals who exhibit militaristic or militant nationalistic tendencies or who in a supervisory capacity attempt to limit or restrict freedom of speech, thought, or assembly of others.
- (2) Japanese nationals who are affected by any of the following GHQ, SCAP Memoranda to the Imperial Japanese Government:

Legal

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

13 September 1946

NUMBER 1/5)

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- (1) Japanese nationals who exhibit militaristic or militant nationalistic tendencies or who in a supervisory capacity attempt to limit or restrict freedom of speech, thought, or assembly of others.
- (2) Japanese nationals who are affected by any of the following GHQ, SCAP Memoranda to the Imperial Japanese Government:

Opnl Dir No. 1/5, Hq Eighth Army, 13 Sep 46.

- (a) AG 091.1 (4 Jan 46) GS, (SCAPIN - 550), dated 4 January 1946, subject: "Removal and Exclusion of Undesirable Personnel from Public Office," copy attached as Inclosure 16.
- (b) AG 091.1 12 (4 Oct 45) CIS, (SCAPIN - 93), dated 4 October 1945, subject: "Removal of Restrictions on Political, Civil and Religious Liberties," copy attached as Inclosure 17.
- (c) Any other memorandum or directive which requires the dismissal and exclusion of any person from all government service.

g. Persons falling within any of the categories listed below will not be employed in any capacity by the occupation forces, except in cases involving technical specialists whose services are essential to the achievement of the occupation objectives, and who are irreplaceable. Such exceptions will be referred to this headquarters for approval.

- (1) Nationals of Germany (including Austria), Bulgaria, Hungary and Rumania, except:
 - (a) Those who during the war were confined by the Japanese Government as anti-Nazis, anti-Fascists, anti-militarists or pro-Ally.
 - (b) Those who during the Nazi regime were rendered stateless for racial or political reasons.
 - (c) Such others as can show satisfactory evidence that they were opponents of the Nazi or Fascist regimes in their respective countries.
- (2) Nationals of Italy who, following the surrender of that country, registered as persons loyal to the Italian Fascist Republic.
- (3) Nationals of any of the United Nations who during the war were ardent sympathizers of collaborationists in their respective countries.
- (4) Nationals of the United Nations or of neutral countries who during the war acted as representatives in Japan of commercial interests of enemy (except Japanese) nationality or registry.

Opnl Dir No. 1/5, Hq Eighth Army, 13 Sep 46.

2. In the event of conflict with previous instructions, the above provisions will apply.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

Schanze
SCHANZE
G-1

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

4 Incls:

- 14 - Memo to IJG, file AG 350 dtd (22 Oct 45) CIE SCAPIN 178, sub: "Administration of the Educational System of Japan."
- 15 - Memo to IJG, file AG 350 dtd (30 Oct 45) CIE SCAPIN 212, sub: "Investigation, Screening, and Certification of Teachers and Educational officials."
- 16 - Memo to IJG, file AG 091.1 dtd (4 Jan 46) GS SCAPIN 550, sub: "Removal and Exclusion of Undesirable Personnel from Public Office."
- 17 - Memo to IJG, file AG 091.112 dtd (4 Oct 45) SCAPIN 93, sub: "Removal of Restrictions on Political, Civil, and Religious Liberties."

DISTRIBUTION:

"A" plus "Z" plus

4 copies to each Mil Govt Unit.

OFFICE OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER
FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 350 (22 Oct 45) CIE
(SCAFIN - 178)

22 October 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Administration of the Educational System of Japan.

1. In order that the newly formed Cabinet of the Imperial Japanese Government shall be fully informed of the objectives and policies of the occupation with regard to Education, it is hereby directed that:

a. The content of all instruction will be critically examined, revised, and controlled in accordance with the following policies:

- (1) Dissemination of militaristic and ultra-nationalistic ideology will be prohibited and all military education and drill will be discontinued.
- (2) Inculcation of concepts and establishment of practices in harmony with representative government, international peace, the dignity of the individual, and such fundamental human rights as the freedom of assembly, speech, and religion, will be encouraged.

b. The personnel of all educational institutions will be investigated, approved or removed, reinstated, appointed, reorientated, and supervised in accordance with the following policies:

- (1) Teachers and educational officials will be examined as rapidly as possible and all career military personnel, persons who have been active exponents of militarism and ultra-nationalism, and those actively antagonistic to the policies of the occupation will be removed.
- (2) Teachers and educational officials who have been dismissed, suspended, or forced to resign for liberal or anti-militaristic opinions or activities, will be declared immediately eligible for and if properly qualified will be given preference in reappointment.
- (3) Discrimination against any student, teacher, or educational official on grounds of race, nationality,

creed, political opinion, or social position, will be prohibited, and immediate steps will be taken to correct inequities which have resulted from such discrimination.

- (4) Students, teachers, and educational officials will be encouraged to evaluate critically and intelligently the content of instruction and will be permitted to engage in free and unrestricted discussion of issues involving political, civil, and religious liberties.
- (5) Students, teachers, educational officials, and public will be informed of the objectives and policies of the occupation of the theory and practices of representative government, and of the part played by militaristic leaders, their active collaborators, and those who by passive acquiescence committed the nation to war with the inevitable result of defeat, distress, and the present deplorable state of the Japanese people.

c. The instrumentalities of educational processes will be critically examined, revised, and controlled in accordance with the following policies:

- (1) Existing curricula, textbooks, teaching manuals, and instructional materials, the use of which is temporarily permitted on an emergency basis, will be examined as rapidly as possible and those portions designed to promote a militaristic or ultra-nationalistic ideology will be eliminated.
- (2) New curricula, textbooks, teaching manuals, and instructional materials designed to produce an educated, peaceful, and responsible citizenry will be prepared and will be substituted for existing materials as rapidly as possible.
- (3) A normally operating educational system will be re-established as rapidly as possible, but where limited facilities exist preference will be given to elementary education and teacher training.

2. The Japanese Ministry of Education will establish and maintain adequate liaison with the appropriate staff section of the Office of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, and upon request will submit reports describing in detail all action taken to comply with the provisions of this directive.

3. All officials and subordinates of the Japanese Government affected

775013

by the terms of this directive, and all teachers and school officials, both public and private, will be held personally accountable for compliance with the spirit as well as the letter of the policies enunciated in this directive.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ H. W. Allen
H. W. ALLEN
Colonel, A.G.D.
Asst Adjutant General

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERSAG 350 (30 Oct 45) CIE
(SCAFIN - 212)

30 October 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Investigation, Screening, and Certification of
Teachers and Educational Officials.

1. In order to eliminate from the educational system of Japan those militaristic and ultra-nationalistic influences which in the past have contributed to the defeat, war guilt, suffering, privation, and present deplorable state of the Japanese people; and in order to prevent the teachers and educational officials having military experience or affiliation it is hereby directed that:

a. All persons who are known to be militaristic, ultra-nationalistic, or antagonistic to the objectives and policies of the occupation and who are at this time actively employed in the educational system of Japan, will be removed immediately and will be barred from occupying any position in the educational system of Japan.

b. All other persons now actively employed in the educational system of Japan will be permitted to retain their positions at the discretion of the Ministry of Education until further notice.

c. All persons who are members of or who have been demobilized from the Japanese military forces since the termination of hostilities, and who are not at this time actively employed in the educational system of Japan, will be barred from occupying any position in the educational system of Japan until further notice.

2. In order to determine which of those persons who are now actively employed in or who may in the future become candidates for employment in the educational system of Japan are unacceptable and must be removed, barred, and prohibited from occupying any position in the educational system of Japan, it is hereby directed that:

a. The Japanese Ministry of Education will establish suitable administrative machinery and procedures for the effective investigation, screening, and certification of all present and prospective teachers and educational officials.

b. The Japanese Ministry of Education will submit to this Headquarters as soon as possible a comprehensive report describing all actions taken to comply with the provisions of this directive. This report will contain in addition the following specific information:

(1) A precise statement of how acceptability of the individual is to be determined, together with lists of specific standards which will govern the retention, removal, appointment or re-appointment of the individual.

(2) A precise statement of what administrative procedures and machinery are to be established in order to accomplish the investigation, screening, and certification of personnel, together with a statement of what provisions are to be made for review of appealed decisions and reconsideration of individuals previously refused certification.

3. All officials and subordinates of the Japanese Government affected by the terms of this directive, and all school officials, both public and private, will be held personally accountable for compliance with the spirit as well as the letter of the policies enunciated in this directive.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ H. W. Allen
H. W. ALLEN
Colonel, A.G.D.
Asst Adjutant General

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AGO 500
4 January 1946

AG 091.1 (4 Jan 46) CS
(SCAFIN - 550)
MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Removal and Exclusion of Undesirable Personnel
from Public Office.

1. The Potsdam Declaration states: "There must be eliminated for all time the authority and influence of those who have deceived and misled the people of Japan into embarking on world conquest, for we insist that a new order of peace, security, and justice will be impossible until irresponsible militarism is driven from the world".

2. In order to carry out this provision of the Potsdam Declaration, the Imperial Japanese Government is hereby ordered to remove from public office and exclude from government service all persons who have been:

- a. Active exponents of militaristic nationalism and aggression.
- b. Influential members of any Japanese ultra-nationalistic, terroristic, or secret patriotic society, its agencies or affiliates; or
- c. Influential in the activities of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association, the Imperial Rule Assistance Political Society or the Political Association of Great Japan,

as those terms are defined in Appendix A to this directive.

3. The term "public office" as used in this directive shall mean and include.

a. Any position in the government service which is customarily filled by one with civil service rank or Chokunin or above (or equivalent rank under any reorganization of the civil service system); or

b. Any other position in the government service not customarily filled by a member of the civil service which is equivalent or superior to the civil service rank of Chokunin (in the case of government corporations the term will include at least: Chairmen of the Board of Directors, President, Vice-President, Director, Advisor, and Auditor).

(Inclosure 16 to Operational Directive 1/5, dated 13 Sept 46)

LG 091.1 (4 Jan 46) GS, Memo to IJG.

4. The term "government service", as used in this directive, shall mean and include all positions in the central Japanese and Prefectural Governments and all of their agencies and local branches, bureaus (including Regional Administration Bureaus) and offices and all positions in corporations, associations and other organizations in which said Governments or any of their agencies have a financial interest representing actual or working control.

5. The term "remove from public office" as used in this directive shall mean to discharge the person from the public office which he holds and to terminate his influence and participation therein, directly and indirectly. Persons removed from public office will not be intitled to any public or private pensions or other emoluments or benefits without the consent of this headquarters. An official removed under this procedure will be dismissed summarily and will not be intitled to the hearing or other procedures precedent to removal to which he may have been entitled under Japanese law.

6. The term "exclude from government service" as used in this directive shall mean to bar the person in question from any position in the government service. Thus, persons removed from public office will be disqualified from holding any other positions in the government service. Also persons who may not be holding public offices from which they must be removed, may nevertheless be disqualified from taking a position in the government service. This disqualification from holding public office shall be continued until the provisions of the Potsdam Declaration quoted in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled in Japan.

7. The mere removal of officials from public office and the exclusion from government service of those persons described herein will not be sufficient to establish the new order of peace, security and justice envisaged by the Potsdam Declaration. If Japan is to achieve a peacefully inclined and responsible government, the greatest care must be taken to appoint new officials who will foster the revival and strengthening of democratic tendencies among the Japanese people and who will respect fundamental human rights and freedom of speech, religion and thought. If existing civil service qualification regulations provide obstacles to the appointment of such officials or unduly narrow the field from which appointments may be made, such regulations shall be amended or superseded.

8. The removal ordered by this directive shall be effected as expeditiously as possible, priority being given the more important positions. Removal may be postponed in the case of individuals who are absolutely required to insure demobilization of the Japanese armed forces in the outlying theaters or to carry out the provisions of this directive. When their assistance is no longer absolutely required they will be dismissed. The names of such individuals, their positions, the reason for their disqualification, and the reasons for their temporary retention will promptly be reported to this headquarters. The time of their final dismissal will also promptly be reported.

AG 091.1 (4 Jan 46) GS, Memo to IJG.

9. Appendix "A" contains a list of the categories of persons who must be removed from public office and excluded from government service by the Imperial Japanese Government in order to carry out the provisions of paragraph 2 of this directive. Persons included in the categories listed in Appendix "A" shall be removed from public office as provided in paragraphs 8 and 10 and shall thereafter be excluded from government service. However, if the Imperial Japanese Government represents that in order to carry on indispensable peaceful executive activities of such government, the temporary reinstatement of an individual so removed is essential and that it is impossible to obtain a suitable replacement and application so stating, signed by a responsible official of the Imperial Japanese Government, may be filed with this Headquarters. Such applications shall contain a statement of the name, rank, position, duties, and responsibilities of the individual involved; shall state fully the reasons why such temporary reinstatement is regarded as essential, the requested period of temporary reinstatement and the efforts made to obtain a suitable replacement. Such application shall be accompanied by a copy of the questionnaire described in paragraph 10, below. No such temporary reinstatement will be effected by the Imperial Japanese Government until this Headquarters has registered its approval in writing.

10. In order to insure that the government service is cleansed of undesirable personnel the following action will be taken:

a. The Imperial Japanese Government will instruct each of its Ministries or other appropriate agencies to remove from the positions described in paragraph 3 which are within its competence, any persons whom the records show or who are known to have been within the categories listed in Appendix "A". A Questionnaire (see below) will be obtained from each such individual before he is notified of his dismissal.

b. In addition, the Imperial Japanese Government will instruct each of its Ministries or other appropriate agencies to prepare and distribute to all incumbents of positions described in paragraph 3 and to future applicants for government positions which are within its competence, the Questionnaire contained in Appendix "B". Such Questionnaires will be reviewed and on the basis of them and any other knowledge in possession of the Government, individuals will be removed from office or denied employment in accordance with the provisions of this directive.

11. Each Ministry or other appropriate agency will prepare a Plan for handling the Questionnaires which will provide for:

- a. Distribution.
- b. Collection.
- c. Review.

AG 091.1 (4 Jan 46) GS, Memo to IJC.

d. Action on basis of information in Questionnaire.

e. Classification and filing -- this system should permit reference to the Questionnaire in terms of agency, rank of officials, and action taken (e.g. removal or retention.)

12. Each Plan will provide for screening of positions occupied by higher rank officials first. A duplicate set of complete Questionnaires will be provided at the Headquarters of each Ministry or other agency where it will be available for inspection or removal by this Headquarters.

13. In addition to the Questionnaires each Ministry or other agency will maintain at its headquarters an alphabetical file of Questionnaire Record Cards substantially in the form indicated in Appendix "C" available for inspection or removal by this headquarters. The cards will be filled out in English (also in Japanese if desired). Identical numbers, with an identifying symbol for each Ministry or other agency, will be assigned to each Questionnaire and the Record Card relating thereto.

14. In order that the forthcoming elections may provide a full opportunity for democratic elements in Japan to obtain memberships in the Imperial Diet denied them during the years of Japan's militaristic nationalism and aggression and in order to eliminate from the new Diet the influence of those who have deceived and misled the people of Japan into embarking on world conquest, any person who comes within the categories described in Appendix "A" shall be disqualified as a candidate for any elective position in the Imperial Diet. Any such person shall be disqualified from standing at any time as a candidate for Prefectural Governor or Mayor of a city (Shi). Also, all such persons shall be removed from and henceforth excluded from appointment to the House of Peers. The Imperial Japanese Government shall adopt measures to enforce this disqualification of candidates for elective office, including the issuance of necessary regulations, the publication of disqualification categories prepared in conformity herewith and the certification by each candidate that he is not thereby disqualified from standing for election. A comprehensive report of the measures proposed to be adopted will be furnished to this Headquarters.

15. The Imperial Japanese Government will make the following reports to this Headquarters (in English; in triplicate):

a. Reports required by paragraphs 8 and 14 hereof.

b. An initial report of the Plan of each Ministry or other agency called for by paragraph 11. This Headquarters may direct revision of any of these Plans if they are not considered adequate.

c. A weekly report, divided into sections for the fields of

AG 091.1 (4 Jan 46) GS, Memo to IJC.

competence of each Ministry or other agency, showing:

- (1) Total number of positions whose incumbents are to be investigated.
- (2) Number and type of positions investigated previously and during the current week.
- (3) Number of persons removed or denied employment during the current week.
- (4) Names, ranks, positions, and Questionnaire numbers of persons removed or denied employment during the current week.

16. This Headquarters will provide for inspections and investigations necessary to check compliance with this directive, and the Imperial Japanese Government will render any assistance required for the making of such inspections and investigations. Action taken by the Japanese Government with respect to removal or denial of employment and with respect to disqualification of candidates for elective office will be reviewed and may be reversed by this Headquarters.

17. Wilful falsification of or failure to make full and complete disclosures in any Questionnaire, reporter Application provided for in this directive will be punishable by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers as a violation of the Surrender Terms. In addition, the Imperial Japanese Government will make any provisions necessary to provide adequate punishment in Japanese courts and under Japanese law for such wilful falsification or non-disclosure and will undertake such prosecutions as may be required.

18. In addition to the general provisions of this directive covering all public offices, this Headquarters has made and may make more restrictive requirements respecting employment of certain classes of individuals at all levels in special fields.

19. All officials and subordinates of the Imperial Japanese Government affected by the terms of this order will be held personally responsible and strictly accountable for compliance with and adherence to the spirits and letter of this directive.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H. W. ALLEN
Colonel, AGD,
Asst Adjutant General.

Inclosures:

Appendix A - Removal and Exclusion Categories.
Appendix B - Questionnaire.
Appendix C - Questionnaire Record Card.
(Appendix B & C not included with inclosure 16 to
Operational Directive 1/5, dated Sept 46)

- 5 -

(Inclosure 16 to Operational Directive 1/5, dated 13 Sept 46)

AG 091.1 (4 Jan 46) GS, Memo to IJC.

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- (1) Total number of positions whose incumbents are to be investigated.
- (2) Number and type of positions investigated previously and during the current week.
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FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H. W. ALLEN
Colonel, AGD,
Asst Adjutant General.

Inclosures:

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Appendix B - Questionnaire.
Appendix C - Questionnaire Record Card.
(Appendix B & C not included with inclosure 16 to
Operational Directive 1/5, dated Sept 46)

- 5 -

(Inclosure 16 to Operational Directive 1/5, dated 13 Sept 46)

APPENDIX "A"REMOVAL AND EXCLUSION CATEGORIESA. War Criminals.

Persons arrested as suspected war criminals unless released or acquitted.

B. Career military and naval personnel; special police and officials of the war ministries.

Any person who has at any time held any of the following positions:

1. Member of:

Board of Fleet Admirals and Field Marshals
 Supreme Military Council
 Imperial General Headquarters
 Army and Navy General Staffs
 Supreme Council for Direction of the War

2. Commissioned officer in the Imperial Japanese Regular Army or Navy or in the Special Volunteer Reserve.

3. Commissioned or non-commissioned officer, enlisted man or civilian employee who served in or with the Military Police (Kempei-Tai) or Naval Police, the TOKOMU KIKAN, KAIGUN TOKUMU BY, or other special or secret intelligence or military or naval police organizations.

4. Ministry of War (unless appointed since 2 September 1945)

Minister
 Permanent Vice-Minister
 Parliamentary Vice-Minister
 Parliamentary Councillor
 Chief Secretary

All civilian officials of the civil service rank of Chokunin, or above, or who occupy positions normally held by persons of such rank.

5. Ministry of the Navy (unless appointed since 2 September 1945)

Minister
 Permanent Vice-Minister
 Parliamentary Vice-Minister
 Parliamentary Councillor
 Chief Secretary

All civilian officials of the civil service rank of Chokunin, or above, or who occupy positions normally held by persons of such rank.

APPENDIX "A" to AG 091.1 (4 Jan 46) GS, Memo to IJG.

C. Influential Members of Ultr-Nationalistic, Terroristic or Secret Patriotic Societies.

Any person who has at any time:

1. Been a founder, officer, or director of; or
2. Occupied any post of authority in; or
3. Been an editor of any publication or organ of; or
4. Made a substantial voluntary contributions (a sum or property the value of which is large in itself or large in proportion to the means of the individual in question) to any of the organizations or their branches, subsidiaries, agencies, or affiliates (other than the organizations referred to in paragraph D below) described in the Memorandum to the Japanese Government on "Abolition of Certain Political Parties, Associations and Societies" AG 091 (4 Jan 46) GS.

D. Persons Influential in the Activities of IRRA, IRATS, and the Political Association of Great Japan.

Any person who has at any time:

1. Been a founder or national officer, a national director, national committee chairman, or a leading official of a prefectural or metropolitan subdivision of; or
2. Been an editor of any publication or organ of:
 - a. The Imperial Rule Assistance Association (Taisei Yokusankai) and any of its affiliates.
 - b. The Imperial Rule Assistance Political Society (Taisei Seijikai) and any of its affiliates or agencies.
 - c. The Political Association of Great Japan and any of its affiliates or agencies.

E. Officers of Financial and Development Organizations involved in Japanese Expansions:

Any person who has at any time between 7 July 1937 and 2 September 1945, occupied any of the positions listed below:

Chairmen of the Board of Directors, President, Vice-President, Director, Advisor or Auditor of any of the following or, in territory occupied by the Japanese armed forces since 7 July 1937, manager of a branch of:

South Manchurian Railway Company
 Manchuria Development Company
 North China Development Company
 Central China Development Company

(Appendix A to Dec 16 to Operational Directive, dated 13 Sept 46)

APPENDIX "A" to AG 091.1 (4 Jan 45) GS, Memo to IJG.

Southern Development Company
 Taiwan Development Company
 Manchuria Heavy Industry Development Company
 Nanyo Development Company
 Oriental Development Company
 Wartime Finance Bank
 United Funds Bank
 Southern Development Bank
 Overseas Funds Bank
 Chosen Colonization Bank
 Deutsche Bank Fuer Ostasien
 Bank of Chosen
 Bank of Taiwan
 Bank of Manchukuo
 Manchurian Development Bank
 Korean Trust Company

Any other bank, development company or institution whose foremost purpose has been the financing of colonization and development activities in colonial and Japanese-occupied territory, or the financing of war production by the mobilization or control of the financial resources of colonial or Japanese-occupied territories.

F. Governors of Occupied Territories.

Japanese officials who have held the positions listed below:

1. Korea:

Governor General
 Chief Civilian Administrator
 Members of Privy Council

2. Formosa:

Governor General
 Chief Civilian Administrator

3. Kwantung:

Governor General
 Chief Administrator
 Director of the Bureau of Pacification

4. South Seas:

Governor General
 Director of South Seas Administration Office

5. Netherlands East Indies:

Chief Military Administrator
 Chief Civil Administrator

(Appendix A to Incl 16 to Operational Directive 1/5, dated 13 Sept 46)

ATTENDIX "A" to AG 091.1 (4 Jan 46) CS, Memo to IJG.

6. Malaya:

Chief Military Administrator
Chief Civil Administrator
Mayor of Singapore

7. French Indo-China:

Governor General
Inspector General of Police
Director of Bureau of General Affairs
Financial Charge d'Affaires

8. Burma:

Advisors to the Burmese Administration
Chief to the Political Affairs Department of the Japanese
Military Administration
Chief of the Internal Affairs Department of the Central
Administration

9. China:

Advisors to the Nanking Puppet Government
Ambassador

10. Manchukuo:

Director of General Affairs Board
Vice-Director of General Affairs Board
Officers of the Central organization of the Concordia Society

11. Others:

Responsible Japanese Officials controlling collaborationist
native governments in the Mongolian Federated Autonomous
Government, the Philippine Puppet Republic, the Provisional
Government of Free India, and Thailand.

G. Additional Militarists and Ultra-Nationalists.

1. Any person who has denounced or contributed to the seizure
of opponents of the militaristic regime.

2. Any person who has instigated or perpetuated an act of
violence against opponents of the militaristic regime.

3. Any person who has played an active and predominant govern-
mental part in the Japanese program of aggression or who by speech,
writing or action has shown himself to be an active exponent of militant
nationalism and aggression.

(Appendix A to Incl 0 to Operational Directive 1/5, dated 13 Sept 46)

OFFICE OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER
FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

(SCAFIN - 93)

4 October 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Removal of Restrictions on Political, Civil, and
Religious Liberties.

1. In order to remove restrictions on political, civil and religious liberties and discrimination on grounds of race, nationality, creed or political opinion, the Imperial Japanese Government will:

a. Abrogate and immediately suspend the operation of all provisions of all laws, decrees, orders, ordinances and regulations which:

(1) Establish or maintain restrictions on freedom of thought, of religion, of assembly and of speech, including the unrestricted discussion of the Emperor, the Imperial Institution and the Imperial Japanese Government.

(2) Establish or maintain restrictions on the collection and dissemination of information.

(3) By their terms or their application, operate unequally in favor of or against any person by reason of race, nationality, creed or political opinion.

b. The enactments covered in paragraph a, above, shall include but shall not be limited to, the following:

(1) The Peace Preservation Law (Chien Iji Hō, Law No. 54 of 1941 promulgated on or about 10 March 1941).

(2) The Protection and Surveillance Law for Thought Offense (Shisō Han Hogo Kansatsu, Hō, Law No. 29 of 1936, promulgated on or about 29 May 1936)

(3) Regulations Relative to Application of Protection and Surveillance Law for Thought Offense (Shisō Han Hogo Kansoku Hō Shikō Rei Imperial Ordinance No. 401 of 1936, issued on or about 14 November 1936).

Memorandum for Imperial Japanese Government, page 2

- (4) Ordinance Establishing Protection and Surveillance Stations, (Hogo Kansoku-Jo Kansei, Imperial Ordinance No. 403 of 1936, issued on or about 14 November 1936).
- (5) The Precautionary Detention Procedure Order (Yobo Kokin Tetsuzuki Rei, Ministry of Justice Order, Shihosho Rei, No. 49, issued on or about 14 May 1941)
- (6) Regulations for Treatment of Persons Under Precautionary Detention (Yobo Kokin Shogu Rei, Ministry of Justice Order, Shihosho Rei, No. 50, issued on or about 14 May 1941).
- (7) The National Defense and Peace Preservation Law (Kokubo Hoan HB, Law No. 49 of 1941, promulgated on or about 17 March 1941).
- (8) National Defense and Peace Preservation Law Enforcement Order (Kokubo Hoan Ho Shiko Rei, Imperial Ordinance No. 542 of 1941, issued on or about 7 May 1941).
- (9) Regulations for Appointments of Lawyers Under Peace Preservation Laws (Pengoshi Shitei Kitei, Ministry of Justice Order, Shihosho Rei, No. 47 of 1941, issued on or about 9 May 1941).
- (10) Law for Safeguarding Secrets of Military Material Resources (Gunyo Shigen Himitsu Hogo Ho, Law No. 25 of 1939, promulgated on or about 25 March 1939).
- (11) Ordinance for the Enforcement of the Law for Safeguarding Secrets of Military Material Resources (Gunyo Shigen Himitsu Hogo Ho Shiko Rei, Imperial Ordinance No. 413 of 1939, issued on or about 24 June 1939).
- (12) Regulations for the Enforcement of the Law of Safeguarding Secrets of Military Material Resources (Gunyo Shigen Himitsu Hogo Ho Shiko Kisoku, Ministries of War and Navy Ordinance No. 3 of 1939, promulgated on or about 26 June 1939).
- (13) Law for the Protection of Military Secrets (Gunki Hogo Ho, Law No. 72 of 1937, promulgated on or about 17 August 1937, revised by Law No. 58, of 1941).
- (14) Regulations for the Enforcement of the law for the Protection of Military Secrets (Gunki Hogo Ho Shimo Kasoku, Ministry of War Ordinance No. 59, issued on or about 12 December 1939 and revised by Ministry of War Ordinance Numbers 6, 20 and 58 of 1941).

Memorandum for Imperial Japanese Government, page 3

(15) The Religious Body Law (Shukyō Dentai Hō, Law No. 77 of 1939, promulgated on or about 8 April 1939).

(16) All laws, decrees, orders, ordinances and regulations amending, supplementing or implementing the foregoing enactments.

c. Release immediately all persons now detained, imprisoned, under "protection or surveillance", or whose freedom is restricted in any other manner who have been placed in that state of detention, imprisonment, "protection and surveillance", or restriction of freedom:

(1) Under the enactments referred to in paragraph 1 a and b above.

(2) Without charge.

(3) By charging them technically with a minor offense, when, in reality, the reason for detention, imprisonment, "protection and surveillance", or restriction of freedom, was because of their thought, speech, religion, political beliefs, or assembly.

The release of all such persons will be accomplished by 10 October 1945.

d. Abolish all organizations or agencies created to carry out the provisions of the enactments referred to in paragraph 1 a and b above and that part of, or functions of, other offices or sub-divisions of other civil departments and organs which supplement or assist them in the execution of such provisions. Those include, but are not limited to:

(1) All secret police organs.

(2) Those departments in the Ministry of Home Affairs, such as the Bureau of Police, charged with supervision of publications, supervision of public meetings and organizations, censorship of motion pictures, and such other departments concerned with the control of thought, speech, religion, or assembly.

(3) Those departments, such as the Special Higher Police (Tokubotsu Koto Koisatsu Bu), in the Tokyo Metropolitan Police, the Osaka Metropolitan Police, any other Metropolitan Police, the police of the territorial administration of Hokkaido and the various Prefectural police charged with supervision of publications, supervision of public meetings and organizations, censorship of motion pictures, and such other departments concerned with the control of thought, speech, religion or assembly.

(4) Those departments, such as the Protection and Surveillance Commission, and all protection and surveillance stations responsible thereto, under the Ministry of Justice charged with Protection and Surveillance and control of thought, speech, religion, or assembly.

Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, page 4.

e. Remove from office and employment the Minister of Home Affairs, the Chief of the Bureau of Police of the Ministry of Home Affairs, the Chief of the Tokyo Metropolitan Police Board, the Chief of Osaka Metropolitan Police Board, the Chief of any other Metropolitan police, the Chief of the Police of the Territorial Administration of Hokkaido, the Chiefs of each Prefectural Police Department, the entire personnel of the Special Higher Police of all Metropolitan, Territorial, and Prefectural police departments, the Guiding and Protecting officials and all other personnel of the Protection and Surveillance Commission and of the Protection and Surveillance Stations. None of the above persons will be reappointed to any position under the Ministry of Home Affairs, the Ministry of Justice or any police organ in Japan. Any of the above persons whose assistance is required to accomplish the provisions of this directive will be retained until the directive is accomplished and then dismissed.

f. Prohibit any further activity by police officials, members of police forces, and other government, national or local, officials or employees which is related to the enactments referred to in paragraph 1 a and b above and to the organs and functions abolished by paragraph 1 d above.

g. Prohibit the physical punishment and mistreatment of all persons detained, imprisoned, or under protection and surveillance under any and all Japanese enactments, laws, decrees, orders, ordinances and regulations. All such persons will receive at all times ample sustenance.

h. Ensure the security and preservation of all records and any and all other materials of the organs abolished in paragraph 1 d. These records may be used to accomplish the provisions of this directive, but will not be destroyed, removed, or tampered with in any way.

i. Submit a comprehensive report to this headquarters not later than 15 October 1945 describing in detail all action taken to comply with all provisions of this directive. This report will contain the following specific information prepared in the form of separate supplementary reports:

(1) Information concerning persons released in accordance with paragraph 1 c above. (to be grouped by Prison institution in which held or from which released or by office controlling their protection and surveillance)

(a) Name of person released from detention or imprisonment or person released from protection and surveillance, his age, nationality, race and occupation.

(b) Specification of criminal charges against each person released from detention or imprisonment or reason for which each person was placed under protection and surveillance.

Memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, page 5

(c) Date of release and contemplated address of each person released from detention or imprisonment or from protection and surveillance.

(2) Information concerning organizations abolished under the provisions of this directive:

(a) Name of organization.

(b) Name, address, and title of position of persons dismissed in accordance with paragraph 1 c.

(c) Description by type and location of all files, records, reports, and any and all other materials.

(3) Information concerning the Prison System and Prison Personnel.

(a) Organization chart of the Prison System.

(b) Names and Location of all prisons, detention centers and jails.

(c) Names, rank and title of all prison officials (Governors and Assistant Governors, Chief and Assistant Chief Warders, Warders and Prison Doctors).

(4) Copies of all orders issued by the Japanese Government including those issued by the Governors of Prisons and Prefectural Officials in effectuating the provisions of this directive.

2. All officials and subordinates of the Japanese Government affected by the terms of this directive will be held personally responsible and strictly accountable for compliance with and adherence to the spirit and letter of this directive.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ H. W. Allen
H. W. ALLEN
Colonel, A.C.D.
Asst Adjutant General

SM

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
 United States Army
 Office of the Commanding General
 APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
 NUMBER 1/6)

26 December 1946

1. References:

- a. Operational Directive Number 1/2, this headquarters, dated 22 April 1946.
- b. Operational Directive Number 1/4, this headquarters, dated 23 July 1946.

2. Paragraphs 2 and 3, Operational Directive Number 1/4, are rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

"2. All reports submitted in compliance with Operational Directive Number 1/2 will be submitted on OGA Form No.2, copy attached as Inclosure 11. Reproduction of this form is authorized.

- a. The column totals of the reports, subject: "Monthly Report of Labor Received in Response to Labor Requisitions (MGL Form No.27)," will be consolidated and total figures entered on OGA Form No.2.
- b. One copy of each unit report (MGL Form No.27) will be inclosed with the reports submitted in compliance with paragraph 6d (2)(a), Operational Directive Number 1/2.
- c. To facilitate accurate and complete reports, increased efforts will be made by Military Government Teams to obtain MGL Forms No.27 from all units and agencies within their respective prefectures.

"3. Prior to submission of OGA Form No.2 as required in paragraph 2, above, military government teams will obtain from the local prefectural government the corresponding Japanese labor report. This report will be reviewed in connection with OGA Form No.2 and the two reports will be reconciled insofar as is practicable. Where differences not correctible by military government action exist, a brief statement of the reasons for differences between Japanese

Opnl Dir No. 1/6, Hq Eighth Army, 26 Dec 46.

Government reports and military government reports will be inclosed with the reports forwarded through channels in compliance with paragraph 6d (2)(a), Operational Directive Number 1/2.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

Schanze
SCHANZE
G-1

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

DISTRIBUTION:

"B" plus "Z" plus
4 copies to each Mil Govt unit.

D

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

*File
cw*

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE) *see Ch 1, 2, 3, 4*

6 January 1946

X NUMBER. 2)

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Section I - REGULATIONS

1. General.

The regulations contained in this directive are approved by the Commander-in-Chief Army Forces Pacific. They apply to all personnel subject to military law in the metropolitan areas of TOKYO and YOKOHAMA; and become effective at 0001 10 January 1946.

2. Rescissions.

Operational Directive Number 18, Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 1 October 1945 and Operational Directive Number 31, Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 25 November 1945, are rescinded and all previous instructions pertaining to military control in the Tokyo-Yokohama area are superseded.

Section II - TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

1. a. For the purpose of these regulations, the term "vehicle" includes all motor vehicles, motorcycles, scooters, and all animal drawn conveyances.

b. Unit commanders are responsible for the strict control of all vehicles under their jurisdiction, and for the punishment of members of their commands who violate traffic regulations. Officers will apprehend violators of traffic regulations observed, and will report them to the nearest provost marshal or traffic control station, giving the following information: Name, rank, ASN (verified by identification tags), unit, A.P.O., vehicle number, verification of possession of

2

operator's permit and authentic trip ticket, date, hour, place, circumstances, and witnesses.

c. Army, corps, and division military police have jurisdiction over all traffic violators in their respective areas. Military and naval personnel apprehended will be turned over to the police authorities of their respective commands, except where trial by summary court-martial is authorized as prescribed in Section III. Civilian offenders excluding those subject to military law will be turned over to appropriate civil authorities.

d. Military police or shore patrols may impound any vehicle which is involved in a serious violation of these regulations. The commanding officer of a military police or shore patrol unit impounding a vehicle under these provisions will immediately advise the commanding officer of the unit, to whom the vehicle is assigned, of the fact that his vehicle is impounded.

e. No subordinate commanding officer will authorize speeds in excess of established limits.

2. Operator's Forms. Each driver of a military vehicle will have in his possession:

a. Trip ticket issued in accordance with paragraph 56c, Section VI, AR 850-15, 1 August 1945, (War Department Form No. 48). Officers to whom vehicles have been issued, investigators, signal and engineer emergency repair crews, CIC, ambulances, ordnance wreckers, military police and shore patrol cars only, may use the notation, "As Directed". Trip tickets for routine courier vehicles will indicate the points between which the vehicle operates.

b. Operators Permit as prescribed by paragraphs 56i, AR 850-15, 1 August 1945, (War Department Form 9-74).

c. War Department Standard Form No. 26 (Accident Report Form), which in case of accident will be filled in immediately (at the scene) by the driver. Completed form will be turned in to unit commander and copy forwarded to Provost Marshal, Eighth Army, APO 343.

d. Drivers of naval vehicles, will have in their possession all required naval forms.

e. Civilian drivers, excluding those subject to military law, must have an operator's permit as prescribed by the statutes of the Japanese government.

Rescinded 4 Subs.
by O D 2/2

3. Traffic Rules.

a. Speed limits.

(1) Within metropolitan areas of TOKYO and YOKOHAMA, all vehicles 20 miles per hour. Slower speeds to be observed as posted.

(2) Highways 1 E and 1 W between TOKYO AND YOKOHAMA

(a) Trucks, 1/4 ton, command reconnaissance and trucks, 3/4 ton, command reconnaissance, sedans and motorcycles 30 miles per hour. Slower speed to be observed as posted.

(b) All other vehicles including ambulances 25 miles per hour. Slower speeds to be observed as posted.

b. Reckless Driving. No vehicle will be operated at a speed or in a manner which will endanger the life, property or safety of other or self upon the highway; taking into consideration roadway surface, road width, visibility, light and weather conditions, curves, hills, and the hazards of traffic thereon.

c. Right of Way.

(1) All vehicles will be operated on the left side of the highway, except when passing other vehicles going in the same direction, or when road conditions require otherwise.

(2) Parked vehicles will not be placed in motion unless such can be done without danger to traffic moving on the highway. When two vehicles traveling on intersecting roads approach the intersection at approximately the same time, the vehicle on the left will have the right of way..

(3) The traffic signals of military police or Japanese civil police on traffic duty will be obeyed by all personnel.

d. Prohibited Practices. The following acts are prohibited:

(1) Unnecessary halting of vehicles on road.

(2) Passing on hills, blind curves, narrow bridges, or intersections.

~~(3) Passing vehicles going in the same direction except when there is sufficient clear distance ahead to pass with safety and not exceed the speed limit.~~

(3) Passing vehicles going in the same direction except when there is sufficient clear distance ahead to pass with safety and not exceed the speed limit.

(4) Double parking.

(5) Parking where prohibited by signs or on wrong side of road, except where specifically authorized.

(6) Entering upon or crossing any thoroughfare from driveways with out first coming to a full stop and observing all safety precautions.

(7) Drivers will give adequate warning by using the proper arm signals before slowing down, stopping or making turns.

f. Vehicles stopped on the highway for repairs or any other purpose will pull as far as possible to one side of the road and will not be left unattended. During hours of darkness, light will be left burning and the driver or assistant will caution approaching vehicles.

g. Drivers at night will "dim" or use low-beam lights when passing vehicles going in the opposite direction.

h. Vehicles will remain in line when head of column is halted. Priority vehicles listed below will be ordered out of column and directed to proceed by military police only.

i. A distance of not less than 40 feet will be maintained between vehicles in motion and not less than 10 feet when halted.

j. No person will operate a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating beverages or drugs.

k. Drivers of all military vehicles, when involved in an accident resulting in death or personal injury, will report to the military police or to their organization commander as soon as practicable.

l. Vehicles will not be left unattended at any time except when locked, or when in guarded motor pools.

4. Traffic Priority. Vehicles will be given priority of passage as follows

a. Ambulances loaded with patients or proceeding to an accident in which case the red cross flag will be flown in daylight. The red light will be turned on for this purpose at night.

b. Fire trucks enroute to a fire.

c. Engineer and/or signal construction vehicles and ordnance wreckers equipped with red light and sirens only when on emergency repair missions.

5. Restricted Vehicles.

a. Steel tracked vehicles will not be permitted on macadam roads. If necessary to cross such roads, planks will be used.

6. Authorial Passengers

a. Hitchhikers will not be picked up by vehicles carrying cargo. Empty cargo vehicles may pick up members of the Allied military forces, provided traffic will not be held up.

b. Personnel are prohibited from riding on fenders, running boards, hood tops, cabs, or dangling legs or arms over sides or from rear of vehicle.

c. No civilians will ride in construction of cargo vehicles, either loaded or empty, except vehicles dispatched for the purpose of transporting labor parties.

d. Vehicles will not carry more than the following authorized number of passengers, including drivers:

Type of Vehicle	Americans	Japanese
(1) 1/4 Ton 4x4, command reconnaissance	5	5
(2) 3/4 Ton 4x4, command reconnaissance	5	5
(3) 3/4 Ton 4x4	10	15
(4) 1 1/2 Ton 6x6	20	30
(5) 2 1/2 Ton 6x6	25	30

e. Motor Cycles.

(1) When operated solo, not more than one passenger will be permitted in addition to operator.

(2) When operated with a side car, not more than one passenger in side car and one passenger on the cycle in addition to operator.

7. Vehicle Regulations.

a. Each military vehicle will have the maximum speed authorized stenciled on the dash in direct view of the operator.

b. Each military vehicle will have its U. S. Army registration number painted on both sides of the hood exterior. Vehicles lacking such numbers or showing evidence that the number has been tampered with, will be impounded pending investigation. Eighth Army vehicle markings will be in accordance with Section I, Circular No. 297, Eighth Army, 14 November 1945; for units other than Eighth Army, markings will be, in general, as prescribed by AR 850-5 dated 15 February 1945, and WD Circular #174 dated 12 June 1945.

c. Military units will maintain their vehicles in accordance with Section IV, AR 850-15, 1 August 1945, with special emphasis on safety factors.

d. Red lights and sirens will be mounted on emergency vehicles only, and will be used only in performance of emergency duty.

(1) Emergency vehicles are defined as:

(a) Fire trucks on way to a fire.

(b) Ambulances on way to an accident or when taking injured patients to a hospital.

(c) Engineer and signal corps vehicles when on emergency duty.

(d) Military police, and shore patrol vehicles when used in performance of duty.

(e) Wreckers, when towing disabled vehicles.

e. When trucks are in motion, tail gate and/or safety strap will be in place.

8. Stolen and Recovered Vehicles.

a. Stolen or recovered vehicles will be reported to the nearest provost marshal's office, giving accurately the following information:

(1) Serial Number (Located on dash).

(2) Engine Number (Located on left side of engine block).

(3) Registration Number (Located on both sides of hood exterior).

(4) Type of Vehicle.

(5) Time, location and any other pertinent facts as to the stolen or recovered vehicle.

(6) Recovered military and naval vehicles will be released only to a commissioned officer of the unit concerned, or upon written request of the unit commander. Release will be processed through the unit provost marshal.

9. Check Points.

a. Military police check points will be established and maintained where and as conditions dictate for the purpose of:

(1) Recovering stolen or unauthorized vehicles.

(2) Checking trip tickets.

(3) Checking of vehicle for mechanical safety (Ordnance personnel to assist).

10. Arrests.

a. Arrests will be made in accordance with paragraph 16, Chapter 2, FM 19-5 (14 June 1944).

11. Vehicle Impounding.

a. Whenever a vehicle is picked up it will be impounded in a fenced or guarded motor pool.

(1) A list of such articles as may be found will be made by the finding military policeman at the time the vehicle is picked up, and checked and certified by a

commissioned officer of the command impounding said vehicle when brought into the motor pool. The articles may be removed from the vehicle and kept in a safe place until claimed by the owner. This list will be attached to the impounding slip.

- (2) Copy of impounding slip should be forwarded to the area provost marshal within twelve (12) hours of receipt of vehicle in motor pool.
- (3) A statement describing the condition of each recovered vehicle and a list of parts found missing will be made by the finding military policeman and certified by a commissioned officer.

b. Whenever it is necessary to impound a vehicle and take it from an authorized driver, a receipt for the vehicle and all the property in it will be made out, checked and signed by the driver and the military policeman. One copy of the receipt will be given the driver and one copy retained by the military policeman and turned in with the vehicle. Upon releasing the vehicle, property slip, etc., to be filed together.

c. Impounded military and naval vehicles will be released only to a commissioned officer of the unit concerned, or to a senior officer, when an officer is involved, except that vehicles belonging to field force units may be released upon the written request of the unit commander. A receipt signed by a commissioned officer for the release of the vehicle will be obtained from the unit or party establishing ownership.

d. All impounded standard U. S. Army vehicles whose proper assignment has not been established within fifteen (15) days after seizure will be transferred to the Commanding General, USASCOM C, APO 404.

Section III - SUMMARY COURTS

RESCINDED BY OD 2/6

1. Personnel subject to military law may be tried by summary court-martial for minor violations in the TOKYO-YOKOHAMA metropolitan area by the arresting jurisdiction. For this purpose, when arrested, such personnel shall stand attached for trial by summary court-martial to such units or organizations as may be hereafter designated by commanding generals headquartered in the metropolitan area, as follows:

Rescinded & Subs.
by OD 2/4

~~1. ARMY, AFSA, AFSA, AFSA, and USASCOM C will designate an organization or organizations within their respective areas of control.~~

2. Special Procedure.

~~Confiscation of vehicles sentenced in excess of forfeiture of pay or impounding of vehicles will not be adjudged. Charges will be preferred and summary court-martial proceedings will take place without delay after arrest, except where it is necessary to release the violator immediately in which case he will be required to report for trial normally within twenty-four (24) hours.~~

Rescinded & Subs.
by OD 3/1

b. Officers and noncommissioned officers of the first three grades will not be subject to the jurisdiction of such courts, nor will such other noncommissioned officers who do not agree in writing on page four (4) of the charge sheet.

c. The officers appointed as summary courts will be either judge advocates, qualified lawyers, or otherwise fully competent officers, exclusive of military police officers, who will maintain a docket, in form to be prescribed, of all cases referred to them, containing the name, grade, and Army Serial Number and organization of the accused, date of the offense, nature of the offense, date of reference for trial, date of trial, plea, findings, and sentence of the court, and date upon which the report of trial (charge sheet) was forwarded, for the attention of the reviewing authority.

d. All such records will be passed upon for legal sufficiency under the supervision of the army, corps, division, or USASCOM C judge advocate prior to action by the designated organizational reviewing authority, which office will, after action, retain one copy of the charges and forward three (3) copies thereof to the judge advocate on the staff of the general officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction over the accused. The latter, in turn, will forward two (2) copies to the soldier's organization by covering letter directing proper entries be made on the personnel records of the accused, thereby to carry the sentence of the court into execution.

e. Non-commissioned officers who refuse to be tried by such summary courts-martial will be reported direct to the provost marshal of the unit to which said summary court appertains.

Section IV - PASSES Rescinded & subs by OD 47

1. The following general policies will be adhered to in order that circulation of military personnel within the TOKYO-YOKOHAMA areas may be controlled:

a. Permanent passes. Company and similar unit commanders may issue permanent passes as prescribed in paragraph 10, AR 615-275, 2 September 1944, to personnel authorized to be absent from the unit area during off-duty hours. Personnel issued permanent passes will not be authorized to travel beyond the communities in the general proximity of their organizations.

b. Temporary passes. Temporary passes as prescribed in paragraph 9, AR 615-275, may be issued to personnel who are authorized to be absent for periods not exceeding three days. WD AGO Form No. 7 will be issued in each case.

c. Enlisted personnel stationed in the TOKYO and YOKOHAMA areas will not be required to carry passes between the hours of 0600 and 2300.

d. All military personnel will be off the streets by 2300 hours, with the exception of officers and personnel on official duty.

Section V- MILITARY COURTESY

1. All military personnel will render courtesies as prescribed by Army Regulations and the customs of the Service.

Section VI - UNIFORM

1. Commanders will stress the need for meticulous attention to uniform and demeanor. The respect created in the mind of the population by a well-dressed, well-behaved Army will greatly ease the problems of occupation.

2. The following practices are considered as violations of wearing of the proper uniform:

- a. Sleeves rolled up and unbuttoned.
- b. Trousers rolled up.
- c. Collar unbuttoned when tie is worn.
- d. Mixed uniform.
- e. Incomplete or non-standard uniform.

3. The issue sweater may not be worn as an outer garment when out of doors.

4. Outer garments will be worn buttoned in the TOKYO-YOKOHAMA area or they may be removed and carried on arm.

Section VII - OFF LIMITS AREAS *Amended by O.D 2/3*

1. The following installations have been declared off limits:

- a. Japanese banks.
- b. Public bath houses.
- c. All eating and drinking establishments except those indicated by a sign "Approved for Allied Occupation Forces".
- d. All Japanese buildings except buildings open to the public, and private homes upon invitation of the owner.
- e. All civilian areas around which fences or barriers have been constructed.
- f. Temporary enclosures and stockades for War Criminals or Enemy Alien Internees, as well as places designated as areas of protective custody of persons of diplomatic status, except to those persons having official business in such areas.
- g. Dump areas containing confiscated war materials and supplies, except to authorized personnel.

h. Any building, house, business establishment, or area which has been placed "Off Limits" to military personnel by this or higher headquarters.

2. *JAPANESE hospitals except for admittance of emergency cases OR ON OFFICIAL business.*

Section VIII - CARRYING OF ARMS

1. Military personnel will not carry fire-arms within the TOKYO-YOKOHAMA area except when on duty which requires them to be armed.

2. Military personnel will not carry knives with blades longer than three (3) inches.

Section IX - RECOVERY OF MISSING PROPERTY

1. Any article found in the possession of an individual, when there is reasonable belief that it has been illegally acquired, will be impounded until inspected and cleared by the provost marshal.

Section X - USE OF MILITARY POLICE SYMBOLS

1. Military police brassards and symbols will not be worn by any persons other than by authorized military police while in the performance of official duty.

2. Military police signs or markings will not be displayed on any vehicle other than on those actually being used by authorized military police in the performance of official duty.

3. In the event the commanding generals of corps and divisions, and the Commanding General USASCOM C, authorize the use of units or individuals other than officially designated military police for military police duty such action will be coordinated with the Provost Marshal of TOKYO or the Provost Marshal of YOKOHAMA, through this headquarters.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL HALL:

OFFICIAL:

[Signature]
Sgt. Major
Acting C-1

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

NUMBER.....2/1)

4 March 1946

Paragraph 2a, Section III, Operational Directive Number 2, this headquarters, dated 6 January 1946, is rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

"2. Special Procedure.

"a. Summary courts appointed under this directive will not sentence offenders to confinement or to reduction in rank. All other authorized punishments by summary court, including maximum partial forfeitures of pay, are authorized. Charges will be preferred and summary court-martial proceedings will take place without delay after arrest, except where it is necessary to release the violator immediately in which case he will be required to report for trial normally within twenty-four (24) hours."

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL

Schanze

SCHANZE
Asst C/S G-1

CLOVIS E BYERS
Major General GSC
Chief of Staff

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

15 March 1946

Operational Directive)
Number 2/2)

Paragraph 3a, Section II, Operational Directive Number 2, this headquarters, dated 6 January 1946, is rescinded and the following substituted therefore:

"3. Traffic Rules

a. Speed limits

- (1) Unless otherwise posted, 35 miles per hour for the following vehicles:
 - (a) Trucks, 1/4 ton, 4x4, command reconnaissance
 - (b) Sedans
 - (c) Motorcycles
- (2) Unless slower speeds are posted, 20 miles per hour for ambulances and all other vehicles within metropolitan areas of TOKYO and YOKOHAMA and 25 miles per hour in other areas.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:
A. E. Schanze
A. E. SCHANZE
Colonel, GSC
Asst C/S, G-1

CLOVIS E BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

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United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

17 July 1946

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

NUMBER 2/3)

Paragraph 1, Section VII, Operational Directive Number 2, this headquarters, 6 January 1946, is amended as follows:

SECTION VII - OFF LIMITS AREAS

1. The following installations have been declared off limits:

* * * * *

i. Japanese hospitals except for admittance of emergency cases or on official business.

* * * * *

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

CLOVIS E BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

Schanze

SCHANZE
Asst C/S, G-1

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22 July 1946

Operational Directive)
Number 2/4)

Paragraph 1a, Section III, Operational Directive Number 2, this headquarters, 6 January 1946, is rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

"a. Army, corps, divisions and bases may designate organizations within their commands which will exercise the summary court-martial jurisdiction provided for herein within their respective areas of control."

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

A. E. Schanze

A. E. SCHANZE
Colonel, GSC
Asst C/S, G-1

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
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OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER 2/5 for 1946)

19 March 1947

Section III, Operational Directive Number 2, this headquarters, 6 January 1946, is amended by adding the following:

SECTION III - SUMMARY COURTS.

1. b. Minor violations for the purpose of this directive, in the case of civilian personnel, will be considered to be violations of current regulations and directives pertaining to traffic, passes, uniforms and off limit areas.

c. Minor violations for the purpose of this directive, in the case of military personnel, will be considered to be violations of current regulations and directives pertaining to traffic only.

2. f. Commanders of organizations designated under the provisions of Section III, paragraph 1 a, above, will provide for the operation of such summary courts 24 hours daily for the expeditious handling of such cases as may be presented.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

Schanze
SCHANZE
G-1

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United States Army
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OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER 2/6 for 1946)

23 June 1948

SUMMARY COURTS

Section III, Operational Directive 2, 6 January 1946,
this headquarters, subject: "Summary Courts;" as amended, is
rescinded.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELEBERGER:

J. A. LESTER
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

Chazal
CHAZAL
G-1

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 3b3

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE) *See ch 1,*
NUMBER 3)

10 January 1945

CONTROL OF VENEREAL DISEASE AMONG CIVILIANS

1. Venereal disease is becoming an increasing hazard to troops in the Eighth Army area, particularly in metropolitan districts. In certain areas of Japan there is a shortage of drugs for the treatment of venereal disease among civilians.

Rescind 4 Subs. by OD 3/1
~~Authorization for the issue from army stocks to proper Japanese medical authorities, of minimum amounts of penicillin sodium, wapharson, bismuth subsalicylate, sulfathiazole and the necessary supplies for the administration of these drugs may be secured on request to this headquarters.~~

3. Request for authorization will show:

- a. Amount of each drug.
- b. The amount and type of supplies.
- c. The prefecture in which drugs and supplies are to be used.

4. Drugs and supplies issued will be for the purpose of treatment of venereal disease only among Japanese civilians who constitute a special hazard in venereal disease transmission.

Rescind 4 Subs. by OD 3/1
~~Supplies released to Japanese agencies for treatment of venereal disease will be used only in hospitals or clinics designated by military commanders for that purpose. The commanding generals of all corps and the Commanding General of USASCOM C will exercise equal supervision over the distribution and use of these supplies, in accordance with Operational Directive No. 37 this headquarters, dated 17 December 1945.~~

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL L. H. LL:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, CSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL: *Burgess*
BURGESS
C-4

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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
 United States Army
 Office of the Commanding General
 APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
)
 NUMBER.....3/1)

17 June 1946

CONTROL OF VENEREAL DISEASE AMONG CIVILIANS

1. Operational Directive Number 3, dated 10 January 1946, is hereby amended as follows:

a. Paragraph 2 is rescinded and the following is substituted:

"2. Authorization for the issue from U. S. Army stocks to proper Japanese public health authorities of limited amounts of mapharsen, bismuth subsalicylate, sulfathiazole and the necessary equipment and supplies for the proper administration of these drugs may be secured on request to this headquarters. In addition, authorization may now be obtained on request to this headquarters for the issue of certain specified stocks of penicillin sodium, namely those stocks which have become outdated and which have been surveyed. Such penicillin is still effective but it will be necessary to increase the dosage to compensate for some loss of potency. At least 25% increase in dosage is recommended. Requisitions for this penicillin will be made on the 29th Medical Depot, Yokohama, APO 503, and will be submitted to this headquarters for approval."

b. Paragraph 5 is rescinded and the following is substituted:

"5. Supplies released to Japanese agencies for treatment of venereal disease will be used only in hospitals or clinics designated by military commanders for that purpose. The commanding general of each corps and the commanding officers of military government units operating directly under this headquarters will exercise general supervision over the issue, distribution, use and receipt of these supplies in accordance with Operational Directive Number 37/1 for 1945, this headquarters dated 12 June 1946."

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

Shute
 SHUTE
 Actg G-4

CLOVIS E. BYERS
 Major General, GSC
 Chief of Staff

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 313

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)
NUMBER.....3/1)

17 June 1946

CONTROL OF VENEREAL DISEASE AMONG CIVILIANS

1. Operational Directive Number 3, dated 10 January 1946, is hereby amended as follows:

a. Paragraph 2 is rescinded and the following is substituted:

"2. Authorization for the issue from U. S. Army stocks to proper Japanese public health authorities of limited amounts of mapharsen, bismuth subsalicylate, sulfathiazole and the necessary equipment and supplies for the proper administration of these drugs may be secured on request to this headquarters. In addition, authorization may now be obtained on request to this headquarters for the issue of certain specified stocks of penicillin sodium, namely those stocks which have become outdated and which have been surveyed. Such penicillin is still effective but it will be necessary to increase the dosage to compensate for some loss of potency. At least 25% increase in dosage is recommended. Requisitions for this penicillin will be made on the 29th Medical Depot, Yokohama, APO 503, and will be submitted to this headquarter for approval."

b. Paragraph 5 is rescinded and the following is substituted:

"5. Supplies released to Japanese agencies for treatment of venereal disease will be used only in hospitals or clinics designated by military commanders for that purpose. The commanding general of each corps and the commanding officers of military government units operating directly under this headquarters will exercise general supervision over the issue, distribution, use and receipt of these supplies in accordance with Operational Directive Number 37/1 for 1945, this headquarter dated 12 June 1946."

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

OFFICIAL:

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SHUTE
Actg G-4

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

3/1

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R E S T R I C T E D
 HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
 United States Army
 Office of the Commanding General
 APO 343

11 January 1946

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE) See Chg. 1,
 NUMBER..... 4)

Operational Directive Number 20, this headquarters, dated 10 October 1945, is rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

1. The Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers has directed that all airfields in JAPAN that are not required by occupation forces be released as soon as practicable to the Japanese for cultivation purposes.

2. Prior to the release of any airfields for the purpose noted in paragraph 1 above, concurrence of this headquarters will be obtained.

3. The Commanding Generals of all corps will submit an airfield status report to this headquarters on 25 January 1946 listing alphabetically the official name of each airfield within their respective areas, map location by latitude and longitude (with map inclosure), classification, and pertinent explanatory remarks as indicated in the following example:

Example Only:

<u>NAME</u>	<u>LAT N & LONG E</u>	<u>* CLASS</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
ATSUGI Airfield	35 26 139 22	A	Operational Airfield.
EBIGASHIMA Airfield	36 14 140 02	D	Available for release.
KATORI Airfield	35 43 140 36	C	Unused section (200 acres) released for cultivation.
MATSUDO Airfield	35 48 139 54	D	Unused section (100 acres) available for release.
SAGAMI Airfield	35 31 139 21	B	Cultivation.

* CLASSIFICATIONS:

Class A: Airfield is being used by occupation forces, e.g., as operational airfield, storage area, cantonment, etc.

Class B: Airfield has been released to Japanese for non-military use, e.g., for cultivation, pasture, etc.

Class C: Airfield is being used by occupation forces with a section of the field released to the Japanese for non-military use.

Class D: Any status other than A, B, or C above, e.g., airfield available for release to Japanese for non-military use.

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Operational Directive No. 4, dated 11 January 1946. (cont'd)

Rescinded by OD 4/1

~~4. As changes to the original report occur they will be transmitted without delay to this headquarters. ~~Periodic consolidated reports listing all changes for the completed period will be submitted to this headquarters on the twenty-fifth of each month; negative reports will indicate no changes.~~~~

~~BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL PAUL:~~

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

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Supplemented by OD 4/1

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11 July 1946

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE)

NUMBER.....4/1)

1. Paragraph 4, Operational Directive Number 4, Headquarters Eighth Army, 11 January 1946 is rescinded.
2. All reporting will be as prescribed in Operational Directive Number 28/12, Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 8 July 1946.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBEGER:

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Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff.

OFFICIAL:

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HEADQUARTERS TENTH ARMY
 United States Army
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 APO 343

OPERATIONAL DIRECTIVE) See Chg 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 18 January 1946
 :
 NUMBER..... 5)

PARS. 12-3 Rescinded & Subs. by O.D. 5/5

1. ~~At the present time, it appears probable that machinery and technical equipment in Japanese Army and Navy arsenals and laboratories and the principal factories of the Japanese aircraft industry will receive first attention under the reparations program. Attention is invited to Paragraph 4 of memorandum to the Imperial Japanese Government, AG 360 (18 Nov 45) TSS/E, dated 18 November 1945, subject: "Commercial and Civil Aviation", Inclosure 1, which divorces Japanese Nationals from control or operation of aircraft production and research facilities on 31 December 1945.~~

2. Corps commanders and Commanding General, USASCOM C, will take action to effect custody and control as specified below for each factory or institution named in the attached list of arsenals, laboratories and aircraft plants, Inclosure 2, where such installation is located within their zone of responsibility.

a. Require the Japanese to place each installation under guard to carry out their orders for prevention of theft, sabotage and unauthorized removals of equipment.

b. Require the Japanese to perform such maintenance of equipment, and the buildings housing it, as is necessary to prevent deterioration.

c. Permit no additional removals by the Japanese of capital equipment or facilities except to locations approved by them when required as a protective measure, or to centralize control. All aircraft components and parts found in the aircraft factories will be disposed of in accordance with existing instructions. The program for turning back to the Japanese Home Ministry for civilian use such Japanese Army and Navy Arsenal stocks as food, medical supplies, clothing, blankets, metal scrap, etc., is to be continued in accordance with Paragraph 13g, Operational Directive No. 28, 18 November 1945.

d. Review all cases within the area of their command which have been authorized total or partial conversion of any of the aircraft plants, arsenals, or laboratories in the attached lists, with due consideration of the probability that those plants will be taken as reparations, and consequently should not be allowed to acquire importance in the Japanese economy with other industrial plants becoming dependent on their production. If in the opinion of Corps or USASCOM C commanders any converted plant is not immediately and absolutely

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Opn Dir # 5 dtd 18 January 1946 (Cont.)

essential to the civilian economy, they will cancel authorization for its conversion. Otherwise, it may continue to operate under custody and control as specified herein, and said commanders will make clear to the Japanese that conversion in no way prejudices final disposition of any installation for reparations or other purposes. Commanders will report to this headquarters all actions taken with regard to such reviews, indicating their reasons therefor. No further conversions of any of the listed installations are to be authorized without specific approval from this headquarters. In cases which indicate that conversion of a listed installation is necessary for restoration of minimum civilian requirements to avoid distress and because no similar facilities are available, recommendation with full supporting data will be submitted.

e. In cases where the installation itself has not been converted, but machinery or capital equipment has been released to the Home Ministry or removed for use in essential civilian production and is in useful operation, return will not be required, pending final disposition. Otherwise require return, where practicable, of all machinery and capital equipment already moved from listed installations unless the new location is more advantageous for maintenance and storage than the old one, or more convenient listing and guarding can be accomplished at new location or an authorized conversion of an aircraft plant, arsenal, or laboratory, remains effective as specified in the preceding paragraph.

f. Require immediate removal of all useful machinery and capital equipment from underground or small dispersed locations to convenient collection and storage points unless, in their opinion, the present location is better adapted to proper custody and control as specified herein.

g. Institute a system for spot checking listed installations by Allied personnel to insure compliance with their orders.

h. Make such inventories of plant equipment as they deem necessary for their own use in connection with custody and control of the listed installations, pending receipt of detailed inventory instructions which will be furnished at a later date.

i. If any installations are discovered in their area that are considered to be within the intent of this letter, but are not included in the attached lists, take similar action regarding them and report names and locations with a brief description to this headquarters.

j. The aircraft factories and aeronautical research facilities included in the lists attached, together with any that may be added as provided in sub-paragraph 2i above, are the ones which the Japanese are forbidden to operate in Paragraph 4 of the memorandum referred to in Paragraph 1 above.

Opn Dir # 5 dtd 18 Jan 1946 (Cont.)

3. Transmitted herewith is a copy of a directive, Inclosure 3, which the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers will issue to the Japanese Government, requiring it to furnish such implementation as Commanding General, Eighth Army, and Commander, Fifth Fleet, may require for the above measures. The commanding generals of all corps and Commanding General of USASCOM C will within the area of their responsibility call upon the appropriate prefectural officials to make available all personnel, equipment and supplies deemed necessary by them for the establishment of proper custody and control, and protective maintenance. This directive will be withheld until 20 January 1946, in order to allow time for the issuance of necessary instructions to subordinate units and its contents are not to be made public prior to that date.

Added PARS. 4-5 B.J.O.D. 5/1
BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL HALL:

CLOVIS E. BYERS
Major General, GSC
Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

Burgess
BURGESS
G-4

3 Incl:

1. Directive to Japanese Government, 18 Nov 1945
2. Lists of Arsenals, Laboratories and Aircraft Plants
3. Directive to Japanese Government, 20 Jan 1946

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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 360 (18 Nov 45)ESS-E

18 November 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Commercial and Civil Aviation.

1. You will abolish by 31 December 1945 all governmental and semi-governmental bodies concerned with commercial or other civil aviation in any of its aspects except those activities specifically authorized for operation under the direction of the Supreme Commander.

2. You will take necessary measures by 31 December 1945 to effect the dissolution of all companies, partnerships, or associations of any kind which have been engaged in any way with relation to commercial air transport or other civilian air operations, or in pilot or other training related to aircraft design, construction, maintenance or operation.

3. You will submit to this headquarters not later than 15 December 1945 a register of officers, principal operating officials, professional engineering and research personnel, pilots and instructors of the organizations affected by the above dissolution.

4. On and after 31 December 1945 you will not permit any governmental agency or individual, or any business concern, association, individual, or any business concern, association, individual Japanese citizen or group of citizens, to purchase, own, possess, or operate any aircraft, aircraft assembly, engine, or research, experimental, maintenance or production facility related to aircraft or aeronautical science including working models.

5. You will not permit the teaching of, or research or experiments in aeronautical science, aerodynamics, or other subjects related to aircraft or balloons.

6. Acknowledgment of receipt of this memorandum is directed.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

/s/ H. W. Allen
H. W. ALLEN,
Colonel, A.G.D.,
Asst Adjutant General.

Inclosure 1 to Operational Directive No. 5, Hq. 8th Army