## Testing the drug against cancer with the entered quantum information, via indirect methods of crystallization of frozen water in which the drug is dissolved

#### Abstract

This experiment is a method for enabling the quantum information that has been stored in the anti-cancer drug is tested indirectly, so that the drug is dissolved in water, which is then quickly freezes at a very low temperature and allowed to stand a minimum time that is required to form crystals of . The theory behind this experiment is that the composition of the water is a liquid crystal, whose crystal lattice is of the ionic type. In liquid aggregate state, the base of this crystal is a tetrahedron structure composed of 14 H2O molecules, where the center of each molecule is the oxygen atom O, which is away from each hydrogen atom H, about 1 angstrom, and an angular angle of 104.45 °. The center of each molecule that is atom O is away from the other molecular center for exactly 28.2 nm and at an angle one from the other by 109.47 °. The aim of this experiment is to see if there is a difference between untreated and treated samples, as well as find two function relationships depending on the time of treatment with the quantum field and the dependence of the gradient on the degradation of information in the treated drug over time, as well as their mutual relationship. The results obtained by measurements show that there is a significant difference between untreated and treated samples. Untreated samples show a small number of crystals on the surface of the observed ice, and these are crystals of the form of glucose, which originate from the very structure of the drug, containing 5% glucose.

#### Introduction

This experiment is a method for enabling the quantum information that has been stored in the anti-cancer drug is tested indirectly, so that the drug is dissolved in water, which is then quickly freezes at a very low temperature and allowed to stand a minimum time that is required to form crystals of . In the experiment, were used freezer for deep-freezing, biological microscope, and the vessels for chemical laboratory to prepare samples. The laboratory should also be specially prepared. It needs to be cooled as much as possible and turn off all signal transmission systems around, especially wi-fi routers and mobile phones, because it works with water, which has been proven to respond to such signals and its ice crystals, which should stay as complete as possible for observation and photography.

### Material and methods

The theory behind this experiment is that the composition of the water is a liquid crystal, whose crystal lattice is of the ionic type. In liquid aggregate state, the base of this crystal is a tetrahedron structure composed of 14 H2O molecules, where the center of each molecule is the oxygen atom O, which is away from each hydrogen atom H, about 1 angstrom, and an angular angle of 104.45 °. The center of each molecule that is atom O is away from the other molecular center for exactly 28.2 nm and at an angle one from the other by 109.47 °. This basic crystal of water, a bit of water, to call it so, under the influence of various external information, connects to one complex polyhedron from the still 14 of these basic bits. It is close to 200 H2O molecules, which in combinations can give over 11 billion nanotubes of information memory. When such water is exposed to external information, depending on the form of information, the same will give completely individual forms of ice crystals, which is water in a solid aggregate state, with a hexagonal structure on a microplate, in the process of sudden icing. These crystals can be scanned and analyzed later.

The concept of this experiment is the following. Firstly, the preparation and calibration of the microscope is carried out by introducing various samples of crystalline structures into distilled water at room temperature which are dissolved in the same way, and then placed in a deep freeze freezer and at a very low temperature at about -70  $^{\circ}$  C in a two-hour duration. The following substances were used as samples, and are marked in letters A, B, C, D;

A-Alcohol (ethanol) -C2H5OH

B-Glucose-C6H12O6

C-Maltose monohydrate-C12H22O11

#### D-Cooking Salt-NaHl

This procedure was seeded water freezes and in its structure in the change in state of the mapped characteristic of this form of crystals for each sample. It has been proven that the best lenses for observing such crystals in water are those who look at the magnification of 20x / 0.40 and for the depth structure of the one looking at the magnification of 40x / 0.65. Then be prepared to perform drug testing for the influence of water. Take random samples from a drug not treated with a quantum field and a drug treated with quantum fields. The samples are crushed separately in the ceramic vessel with the overlay, and then the powder is put in a glass beaker which was filled with water, the approximate volume of about 50 ml and stirred with a glass rod to be better solutions. Then it is necessary that such a solution was filtrated through a tiny filter grid into another glass. After that, this quantity is poured into a small, flat, transparent, plastic box of circular shape up to about half its volume, which is then closed with a lid and marked with a mark on the lid, placed in the deep freeze freezer. Both samples should be subject to the same treatment conditions. So they should be at the same height, pressure and temperature. After two hours of the icing, it is necessary to take samples, open the boxes and place on the microscope platform and expose the ice lens to magnification of 20x / 0.40 and photograph the crystals in ice at least three times, and then change the lens to

the one who performs the deep observation of crystals in the ice to a magnification of 40x / 0.65 and photograph crystals in ice if there is a deeper level, at least three times. Then check should be made by taking a random sample a few more times for each type of drug. Repeat all the same. Thereafter, two types of measurements should be started. The first type is with samples treated with quantum fields for different time and are prepared at the same time as previous samples and subjected to all the same conditions. The second type is with samples treated with quantum fields for a certain time duration and placed on freezing at different time intervals after treatment, starting from zero and continuously after an hour, two hours, increasing the interval more and more and these samples are prepared each separately on the same way and in the same conditions.

The aim of this experiment is to see if there is a difference between untreated and treated samples, as well as find two function relationships depending on the time of treatment with the quantum field and the dependence of the gradient on the degradation of information in the treated drug over time, as well as their mutual relationship.

### Results and discussion

The results obtained by measurements show that there is a significant difference between untreated and treated samples. Untreated samples show a small number of crystals on the surface of the observed ice, and these are crystals of the form of glucose, which originate from the very structure of the drug, containing 5% glucose.





Appearance of crystals of frozen water treated with ethanol.





Appearance of crystals of frozen water treated with glucose.





Appearance of crystals of frozen water treated with maltose.





Appearance of crystals of frozen water treated with kitchen salt.

Samples treated with information via the quantum field show greater progress in the growth of crystals, which literally occupy the entire volume of the container with the pattern, as well as the significantly higher number of crystals, and also these crystals are found at a deeper level of scanning, which in the case of a non-treated sample , is not the case. The crystals are also longer lasting and have a more pronounced angles.





Appearance of crystals of frozen water untreated quantum information.







Appearance of crystals of frozen water treated quantum information.





Appearance of crystals frozen water treated quantum information to a deeper level scanning with a 40x / 0.65 lens.

Also, subsequent checking of random samples from an untreated and treated drug, from each of three more samples, confirmed this.

Further investigation showed that the number of crystals on one surface directly depends on the time of quantum field treatment, ie it is directly proportional to the time in which the drug is treated with quantum fields. This is confirmed by my theory of information, which says that quantum information is the product of the most probable physical size, which depends exclusively on form, which is the moment of inertia I and the time in which it exists, t. This first size is a complex of numbers that can be shown matrixally and it is a tensor size, so it can be written as  $\hat{I}$ , while time t is only the scalar size of a number. For ease of writing, because I write quantum information as I, this size, i.e., the tensor of inertia will be written as J. So the formula will not be  $I=\hat{I}*t$ , but I=J\*t.





Appearance of crystals of frozen water treated quantum Information for a period of 6 minutes.





Appearance of crystals frozen water treated quantum Information for a period of 6 minutes at deeper level scanning with 40x / 0.65 lens.





Appearance of crystals frozen water treated quantum Information for a period of 24 minutes.







Appearance of crystals frozen water treated quantum information for a period of 24 minutes at deeper level scanning with 40x / 0.65 lens.

From all this, one can see that the sample was treated for 24 minutes, which is four times longer than the first sample of 6 minutes, for the same number of richer ones with crystals than the first one. It can also be seen that there is a difference at a deeper level of scanning, because in the second sample the crystals are larger, more numerous and more stable.

Examining gradient degradation information of the treated sample over time, it has been concluded that it more generally subject to the standard or Laplace-Gauss distribution so that the percentage of the original amount of crystals in the sample treated decreases in inverse proportion to the increase in the number of days from the day of treatment the drug of quantum information and that on the function of the distribution of **100%/1.01^t**.





Appearance of crystals frozen water treated quantum Information for a period of 20 minutes scanned immediately after treatment.





Appearance of crystals frozen water treated quantum Information for a period of 20 minutes scanned 4 days of treatment.

1	2	3	Arithmetic mean
115	110	105	110
114	110	105	109,66
114	111	104	109,66
112	112	104	109,33
110	111	107	109,33
112	112	103	109
108	109	107	108
109	108	104	107
107	106	105	106

The results of the scan patterns of the ice crystals in the 9-point measurement of the 3 samples

#### with the arithmetic mid.

This all confirms the above distribution function and can be approximated by taking a percentage in the following diagram;



Diagram of the function of distribution of the number of crystals in relation to time starting from 100%.

This means that by taking the above formula for the distribution of **100%/1.01^t** through the days; 0-100%, 1-99%, 2-98%, 3-97%, 4-96% and so on.

The prediction of such a distribution function taking the initial number of crystals by time would be like all kinds of standard distributions with their specific curve.



Diagram of the function of the distribution of the number of crystals in relation to time

starting from 100% in the prediction.

### Conlusion

This can be concluded that after one year from the date of treatment drug, it weakens some 38 times the initial value and contains 2.64% of the original quantum information, but after a year and a third of the year, less than 1% of quantum information.

The ultimate conclusion of this study is that one quantum field can really encode this drug to the desired quantum information, all due to certain crystalline structures that contain, and which are of glucose origin. Under two, this quantum information is found in a greater amount of drug in proportion to the time of exposure of the drug to the quantum field. Under

three, this quantum information in the drug degrades by the standard Laplas-Gaussian distribution. Finally, the final formula for the algorithm for calculating quantum information over time can be drawn, taking into account the initial treatment time of the drug with that quantum information.

This is the formula below, which combines the first two and can be taken as the most suitable for the development of certain programs for calculating the amount and gradient of degradation of quantum information in the drug.

<u>J\*t<sub>T</sub></u> 1,01^t<sub>D</sub>=I

I=quantum information

J=moment of inertia

....

t<sub>T</sub>=drug treatment times

t<sub>D</sub>=time degradation from the moment of treatment

# $(J^{*}t_{T})/1,01^{t_{D}}=I$

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