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TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter IV—Production and Marketing Administration and Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter B—Export and Diversion Programs

[Amdt. 1]

PART 524—HONEY

SUBPART B—HONEY EXPORT PROGRAM (1952 MARKETING SEASON)

The "Honey Export Program (1952 Marketing Season)" 17 F. R. 3397, is hereby amended in the manner provided below:

1. Section 524.252 is amended by changing the requirement that the exporter certify that the producer of the honey exported has received the applicable support price to a requirement that the exporter certify, with respect to honey sold by the producer during the 1952 marketing season, that the producer has received specified prices therefor, so that the amended section reads as follows:

§ 524.252 *Eligibility for payment.* Payments will be made to any individual, partnership, corporation or association located in the continental United States (except as provided in § 524.267), (a) who executes an application in quadruplicate, on the form attached hereto;[1] (b) whose application has been approved by the Director; (c) who enters into a sales contract covering the sale and exportation of honey produced within the continental United States to an eligible destination (see § 524.255), who delivers honey pursuant to such contract, and who furnishes evidence of exportation of such honey as required by § 524.260; (d) who certifies, with respect to honey exported hereunder which is eligible under the 1952 Honey Price Support Program and which is sold by the producer during the period April 1, 1952 to March 31, 1953, inclusive, that the producer of such honey has received from the purchaser or exporter not less than the applicable price as specified in § 524.271; and (e) who otherwise complies with all the terms and conditions of this program. Applications must be based on sales contracts and must be approved before exportation of the honey. Approval of applications will be in the order in which they are submitted (see § 524.253), and as long as funds are available. Applicants may make their sales contracts under this program subject to the condition that the Department of Agriculture will make an export payment on such sales.

2. Paragraph (a) of § 524.260 is amended to conform with the amended § 524.252, so that the amended paragraph (a) reads as follows:

§ 524.260 *Filing of claim.* (a) Exporter shall file claim with the PMA Commodity Office serving the exporter's billing office. The PMA Commodity Offices are listed under § 524.270. Each claim for payment shall be filed in an original and three copies on voucher form FDA–564. Each claim shall be supported by (1) two signed or certified true copies of the sales contract, (2) two copies of the applicable on-board ocean carrier bill of lading signed by an agent of the ocean carrier (except that where loss, destruction or damage occurs subsequent to loading on board ocean carrier but prior to issuance of on-board bill of lading, two copies of a loading tally sheet or similar document may be submitted in lieu of such bill of lading), (3) two copies of the inspection certificate required in § 524.258, one of which must be signed by the inspector who issued it, (4) a certification in duplicate that honey produced in the continental United States has been exported to an eligible country of destination and that, with respect to honey exported under this subpart which is eligible under the 1952 Honey Price Support Program and which is sold by the producer during the period April 1, 1952 to March 31, 1953, inclusive, the producer of such honey has received from the purchaser or exporter not less than the applicable price as specified in § 524.271, (5) such other documents as may be required as evidence of sale and exportation of the honey on which payment is claimed.

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(Continued on p. 5387)

[1] Filed as part of F. R. Doc. 52–4315, appearing at 17 F. R. 3397.

CONTENTS

FEDERAL REGISTER

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CONTENTS—Continued

CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

3. Section 524.271 is added to specify the prices which producers must receive for honey sold by them during the 1952 marketing season and reads as follows:

§ 524.271 *Prices to be paid to the producer.* For honey eligible for price support under the 1952 Honey Price Support Program, which is exported under this program and which is sold by the producer during the period April 1, 1952, to March 31, 1953, inclusive, the producer shall be paid, for honey in naked containers f. o. b. producer's honey house, not less than the applicable 1952 support price less a deduction of one-half cent per pound for service and handling charges. In States in which handlers are authorized or directed to collect assessments levied upon producers under State marketing orders, such assessments may also be deducted from the applicable support price. Any transportation cost incurred by a producer in delivering honey for sale at any point other than his honey house shall be for the account of the buyer. The 1952 support prices to which the deduction of one-half cent per pound may be applied are as follows:

For States of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico and States west thereof:

	Rate (cents per pound)
1. White or lighter table honey	11.5
2. Darker than white table honey	11.0
3. Nontable honey	9.5

For all States east of Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico:

	Rate (cents per pound)
1. White or lighter table honey	12.25
2. Darker than white table honey	11.75
3. Nontable honey	10.25

(a) "Table honey" means honey of a flavor which can be readily marketed for table use in all parts of the country. Such honey includes: Alfalfa, Basswood, Brazil Brush, Catsclaw, Clethra, Clover, Cotton, Fireweed, Gallberry, Huajillo, Huckleberry, Lima Bean, Locust, Mesquite, Milkweed, Orange, Raspberry, Sage, Sourwood, Sweetclover, Thistle, Tupelo, Vetch, Western Wild Buckwheat, and similar mild-flavored honeys or mild-flavored blends of honey. The color of the honey shall be determined in accordance with the U. S. Standards for Grades of Extracted Honey, effective April 16, 1951.

(b) "Non-table honey" means honey of a flavor having limited national acceptability for table use but considered to be of table honey in most areas in which it is produced. Such honey includes: Aster, Boneset, Buckwheat (except Western Wild Buckwheat), Cascara, Dandelion, Eucalyptus, Goldenrod, Heartsease (Smartweed), Holly, Horsemint, Mangrove, Manzanita, Palmetto, Partridge Pee, Sumac, Spanish Needle, Tamarisk, Thyme, Ti-ti, Tulip Tree, Yellow Top, and similar honeys or blends of honey.

(c) The determination by the Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, shall be final as to whether honey of a specific floral source or honey in a specific blend, is classified as either "table honey" or "non-table honey." If in doubt as to the category in which honey of a specific floral source or blend falls, exporter can submit a small representative sample of such honey for determination to E. M. Graham, United States Department of Agriculture, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, PMA, Washington 25, D. C.

Effective date. This amendment shall be effective at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., June 11, 1952.

(Sec. 32, 49 Stat. 774, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 612c)

Dated this 11th day of June 1952.

[SEAL] M. W. BAKER,
Representative of the Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 52–6556; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:52 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter IX—Production and Marketing Administration (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

[Lemon Regulation 439]

PART 953—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 953.546 *Lemon Regulation 439*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 53, as amended (7 CFR Part 953; 14 F. R. 3612), regulating the handling of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of the quantity of such lemons which may be handled, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions of this section effective as hereinafter set forth. Shipments of lemons, grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, are currently subject to regulation pursuant to said amended marketing agreement and order; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified in this section was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Lemon Administrative Committee on June 11, 1952; such meeting was held, after giving due notice thereof to consider recommendations for regulation, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time thereof.

(b) *Order.* (1) The quantity of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., June 15, 1952, and ending at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., June 22, 1952, is hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: Unlimited movement;

(ii) District 2: 750 carloads;

(iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.

(2) The prorate base of each handler who has made application therefor, as provided in the said amended marketing agreement and order, is hereby fixed in accordance with the prorate base schedule which is attached hereto and made a part hereof by this reference.

(3) As used in this section, "handled," "handler," "carloads," "prorate base," "District 1," "District 2" and "District 3," shall have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup., 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C. this 12th day of June 1952.

[SEAL] M. W. BAKER,
Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

PRORATE BASE SCHEDULE

[Storage date: June 8, 1952]

DISTRICT NO. 2

[12:01 a. m. June 15, 1952, to 12:01 a. m. June 29, 1952]

Handler	Prorate base (percent)
Total	100.000
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Corona	.490
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Fullerton	.686
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Upland	.448
Eadington Fruit Co	.352
Ventura Coastal Lemon Co	1.871
Ventura Pacific Co	2.472
Glendora Lemon Growers Association	1.392
La Verne Lemon Association	.619
La Habra Citrus Association	1.518
Yorba Linda Citrus Association, The	.754
Escondido Lemon Association	8.351
Alta Loma Heights Citrus Association	.924
Etiwanda Citrus Fruit Association	.385
Mountain View Fruit Association	.301
Old Baldy Citrus Association	.849
San Dimas Lemon Association	1.161
Upland Lemon Growers Association	5.904
Central Lemon Association	1.213
Irvine Citrus Association	1.062
Placentia Mutual Orange Association	.874
Corona Citrus Association	.537
Corona Foothill Lemon Co	3.056
Jameson Co	.934
Arlington Heights Citrus Co	1.397
College Heights Orange & Lemon Association	2.771
Chula Vista Citrus Association, The	1.231
Escondido Cooperative Citrus Association	.234
Fallbrook Citrus Association	2.316
Lemon Grove Citrus Association	.361
Carpinteria Lemon Association	2.885
Carpinteria Mutual Citrus Association	2.545
Goleta Lemon Association	3.556

PRORATE BASE SCHEDULE—Continued

DISTRICT NO. 2—continued

Handler	Prorate base (percent)
Johnston Fruit Co	4.827
Hazeltine Packing Company	.576
North Whittier Heights Citrus Association	.837
San Fernando Heights Lemon Association	.831
Sierra Madre-Lamanda Citrus Association	.602
Briggs Lemon Association	2.449
Culbertson Lemon Association	1.517
Fillmore Lemon Association	1.013
Oxnard Citrus Association	5.236
Rancho Sespe	1.013
Santa Clara Lemon Association	3.279
Santa Paula Citrus Fruit Association	2.742
Saticoy Lemon Association	3.397
Seaboard Lemon Association	4.188
Somis Lemon Association	3.520
Ventura Citrus Association	1.009
Ventura County Citrus Association	.231
Limoneira Co	3.277
Teague-McKevett Association	.757
East Whittier Citrus Association	.792
Leffingwell Rancho Lemon Association	.661
Murphy Ranch Co	2.266
Chula Vista Mutual Lemon Association	.673
Index Mutual Association	.435
La Verne Cooperative Citrus Association	2.515
Orange Belt Fruit Distributors	.665
Ventura County Orange & Lemon Association	1.847
Whittier Mutual Orange & Lemon Association	.154
Allen, Floyd L	.000
Evans Bros. Packing Co	.000
Huarte, Joseph D	.000
Latimer, Harold	.037
MacDonald Fruit Co	.000
Paramount Citrus Association, Inc	.214
Torn Ranch	.001
Valdora, Albert	.000

[F. R. Doc. 52-6600; Filed, June 13, 1952; 9:07 a. m.]

TITLE 8—ALIENS AND NATIONALITY

Chapter I—Immigration and Naturalization Service, Department of Justice

Subchapter B—Immigration Regulations

PART 110—PRIMARY INSPECTION AND DETENTION

DESIGNATION OF AGANA, GUAM, AS A CLASS A PORT OF ENTRY AND AS AN INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT OF ENTRY

JUNE 11, 1952.

Effective as of June 16, 1952, the following amendments to Part 110, Primary Inspection and Detention, of Chapter I, Title 8 of the Code of Federal Regulations, are hereby prescribed:

1. Section 110.1, *Designated ports of entry except by aircraft*, is amended by inserting in the list of Class A ports of entry under District No. 17—Honolulu, T. H., "Agana, Guam, BSI" preceding "Honolulu, T. H., BSI".

(Sec. 19, 39 Stat. 889, sec. 20, 54 Stat. 671; 8 U. S. C. 155)

2. Section 110.3, *International airports for the entry of aliens*, is amended by inserting in the list of international airports for the entry of aliens, "Agana, Guam, Agana Field" preceding "Akron, Ohio, Municipal Airport".

(Sec. 7, 44 Stat. 572; 49 U. S. C. 177d)

(Sec. 23, 39 Stat. 892, sec. 24, 43 Stat. 166, sec. 37, 54 Stat. 675; 8 U. S. C. 102, 222, 458)

JAMES P. MCGRANERY,
Attorney General.

Recommended: June 10, 1952.

ARGYLE R. MACKEY,
Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization.

[F R. Doc. 52-6606; Filed, June 13, 1952; 10:56 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter II—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 29]

PART 608—DANGER AREAS

DANGER AREA ALTERATIONS

The danger area alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee, and are adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Since a military function of the United States is involved, compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is not required.

Part 608 is amended as follows:

1. In § 608.14, the Petaluma, California, area, published on July 16, 1949, in 14 F. R. 4288, and amended on October 14, 1950, in 15 F. R. 6908, is deleted.

2. In § 608.14, the Point Reyes, California, area, published on July 16, 1949, in 14 F. R. 4288, and amended on October 14, 1950, in 15 F. R. 6908, is deleted.

3. In § 608.34, a Dillion, Montana, temporary area (D-411), is added to read:

Name and location (chart)	Description by geographical coordinates	Designated altitudes	Time of designation	Using agency
DILLON (D-411) (Yellowstone Park chart).	N boundary: lat. 45°06'00" N; S boundary: lat. 45°00'00" N; E boundary: long. 112°55'00" W; W boundary: long. 113°10'00" W.	Surface to 20,000 feet.	Continuous, June 15, 1952, through June 29, 1952.	Montana National Guard, Helena, Mont.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

This amendment shall become effective on June 15, 1952.

[SEAL] F. B. LEE,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6561; Filed, June 13, 1952; 9:06 a. m.]

[Amdt. 28]

PART 608—DANGER AREAS

DANGER AREA ALTERATIONS

The danger area alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee, and are adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Since a military function of the United States is involved, compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is not required. Part 608 is amended as follows:

1. In § 608.45, a Warrenton, Oregon, temporary area (D-403), is added to read:

Name and location (chart)	Description by geographical coordinates	Designated altitudes	Time of designation	Using agency
WARRENTON (D-403) (Seattle and Portland Charts).	Beginning at lat. 46°10'04" N, long. 123°55'45" W; due S to lat. 45°59'00" N; due W to a point 3 nautical miles from the shoreline at long. 124°02'45" W; northerly paralleling the shore line at a distance of 3 nautical miles to lat. 46°10'04" N, long. 124°02'45" W; due E to lat. 46°10'04" N, long. 123°55'45" W, point of beginning.	Surface to 20,000 feet.	Daylight hours only, June 14, 1952, through June 28, 1952.	Military Department, State of Oregon (Oregon National Guard).

2. In § 608.51, the Camp Hood, Texas, area, published on August 7, 1951 in 16 F. R. 7696, is amended by changing the "Name and Location (Chart)" column to read: "Fort Hood (Austin Chart)", and by changing the "Using Agency" column to read: "Fort Hood, Texas".

3. In § 608.54, the Quantico, Virginia, area, published on July 16, 1949 in 14 F. R. 4297, and amended on April 26, 1952 in 17 F. R. 3724, is further amended by changing the "Time of Designation" column to read: "Continuous".

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

This amendment shall become effective on June 14, 1952.

[SEAL] F. B. LEE,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6560; Filed, June 13, 1952; 9:06 a. m.]

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket 5916]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

RONELL FASHIONS, INC., ET AL.

Subpart—*Misbranding or mislabeling:* § 3.1190 *Composition: Wool Products Labeling Act;* § 3.1325 *Source or origin—Wool Products Labeling Act.* Subpart—*Neglecting unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure:* § 3.1845 *Composition—Wool Products Labeling Act;* § 3.1900 *Source or origin—Wool Products Labeling Act.* In connection with the introduction or manufacture for introduction into commerce, or the offering for sale, sale, transportation or distribution into Commerce, of women's topper coats or other wool products, as such products are defined in and subject to the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, which products contain, purport to contain, or in any way are represented as containing "wool", "reprocessed wool", or "reused wool", as those terms are defined in said act, misbranding said women's coats or other wool products, (1) by falsely and deceptively representing on any stamp, tag, label or other means of identification appearing on a wool product the character or amount of the constituent fibers appearing therein; (2) by failing to securely affix to or place on such products a stamp, tag, label or other means of identification showing in a clear and conspicuous manner, (a) the percentage of the total fiber weight of such wool product, exclusive of ornamentation not exceeding five percentum of said total fiber weight, of (1) wool, (2) reprocessed wool, (3) reused wool, (4) each fiber other than wool where said percentage by weight of such fiber is five percentum or more and (5) the aggregate of all other fibers; (b) the maximum percentage of the total weight of such wool product of any non-fibrous loading, filling or adulterating matter; and, (c) the name or the registered identification number of the manufacturer of such wool product or of one or more persons engaged in introducing such wool product into commerce or in the offering for sale, sale, transportation, distribution or delivering for shipment thereof in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act and in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939; prohibited, subject to the proviso, however, that the foregoing provisions concerning misbranding shall not be construed to prohibit acts permitted by paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 3 of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939; and to the further provision that nothing contained in the order shall be construed as limiting any applicable provisions of said act or of the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 722, sec. 6, 54 Stat. 1131; 15 U. S. C. 46, 68d. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; secs. 2-5, 54 Stat. 1128-1130; 15 U. S. C. 45, 68-68c) [Cease and desist order, Ronell Fashions, Inc., et al., New York, N. Y., Docket 5916, March 17, 1952]

In the Matter of Ronell Fashions, Inc., a Corporation, and Abraham Wolf and Hyman Ellis, Individually, and as Officers of Ronell Fashions, Inc.

This proceeding was heard by J. Earl Cox, hearing examiner, theretofore duly designated by the Commission, upon the complaint of the Commission, respondents' answer, and hearing at which testimony and other evidence (which were duly recorded and filed in the office of the Commission) in support of and in opposition to the complaint were introduced before said examiner.

Thereafter the proceeding regularly came on for final consideration by said examiner, on the complaint, the answer thereto, testimony and other evidence, proposed findings as to the facts and conclusions presented by counsel, oral argument not having been requested, and said examiner, having duly considered the record and having found that the proceeding was in the interest of the public, made his initial decision comprising certain findings as to the facts,[1] conclusion drawn therefrom [1] and order to cease and desist.

No appeal having been filed from said initial decision of said trial examiner as provided for in Rule XXII, nor any other action taken as thereby provided to prevent said initial decision becoming the decision of the Commission thirty days from service thereof upon the parties, said initial decision, including said order to cease and desist, accordingly, under the provisions of said Rule XXII became the decision of the Commission on March 17, 1952.

The said order to cease and desist is as follows:

It is ordered, That the respondent Ronell Fashions, Inc., a corporation, and its officers, and Abraham Wolf and Hyman Ellis, individually, and as officers of said corporation, their respective representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the introduction or manufacture for introduction into commerce, or the offering for sale, sale, transportation or distribution in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the aforesaid acts, of women's topper coats or other wool products, as such products are defined in and subject to the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, which products contain, purport to contain, or in any way are represented as containing "wool," "reprocessed wool," or "reused wool," as those terms are defined in said act, do forthwith cease and desist from misbranding said women's coats or other wool products:

1. By falsely and deceptively representing on any stamp, tag, label or other means of identification appearing on a wool product the character or amount of the constituent fibers appearing therein;

2. By failing to securely affix to or place on such products a stamp, tag, label or other means of identification showing in a clear and conspicuous manner:

(a) The percentage of the total fiber weight of such wool product, exclusive of ornamentation not exceeding five percentum of said total fiber weight, of (1) wool, (2) reprocessed wool, (3) reused wool, (4) each fiber other than wool where said percentage by weight of such fiber is five percentum or more and (5) the aggregate of all other fibers;

(b) The maximum percentage of the total weight of such wool product of any

[1] Filed as part of the original document.

non-fibrous loading, filling or adulterating matter;

(c) The name or the registered identification number of the manufacturer of such wool product or of one or more persons engaged in introducing such wool product into commerce or in the offering for sale, sale, transportation, distribution or delivering for shipment thereof in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act and in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939.

Provided, That the foregoing provisions concerning misbranding shall not be construed to prohibit acts permitted by paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 3 of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939; and

Provided further, That nothing contained in this order shall be construed as limiting any applicable provisions of said act or of the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

By "Decision of the Commission and order to file report of compliance," Docket 5916, March 17, 1952, which announced and decreed fruition of said initial decision, report of compliance with the said order was required as follows:

It is ordered, That the respondents herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with the order to cease and desist.

Issued: March 17, 1952.

By the Commission:

[SEAL] D. C. DANIEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6553; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 29—LABOR

Chapter V—Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor

PART 670—CHEMICAL, PETROLEUM, AND RELATED PRODUCTS INDUSTRIES IN PUERTO RICO

MINIMUM WAGE ORDER

Pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C., Supp. 1001) notice was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on May 22, 1952, (17 F. R. 4656) of my decision to approve the minimum wage recommendations of Special Industry Committee No. 11 for Puerto Rico for the Chemical, Petroleum, and Related Products Industries in Puerto Rico, and the wage order which I proposed to issue to carry such recommendations into effect was published therewith. Interested parties were given an opportunity to submit exceptions within 15 days from the date of publication of the notice.

No exceptions have been received within the 15 day period.

Accordingly, pursuant to authority under the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended (52 Stat. 1060, as amended; 29 U. S. C. 201), the said decision is hereby affirmed and made final, the recommendations of the Committee for the Chemical, Petroleum, and Related Products Industries are hereby approved, and the said wage order is hereby issued, to become effective July 14, 1952.

Sec.
670.1 Wage rates.
670.2 Notices of order.
670.3 Definitions of the chemical, petroleum, and related products industries in Puerto Rico and its divisions.

AUTHORITY: §§ 670.1 to 670.3 issued under sec. 8, 63 Stat. 915; 29 U. S. C. 208. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 63 Stat. 911; 29 U. S. C. 205.

§ 670.1 *Wage rates.* (a) Wages at a rate of not less than 75 cents an hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, by every employer to each of his employees in the fertilizer division of the chemical, petroleum, and related products industries in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

(b) Wages at a rate of not less than 75 cents an hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, by every employer to each of his employees in the hormones, antibiotics, and related products division of the chemical, petroleum, and related products industries in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

(c) Wages at a rate of not less than 51 cents an hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, by every employer to each of his employees in the general division of the chemical, petroleum, and related products industries in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

§ 670.2 *Notices of order.* Every employer employing any employees so engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in the chemical, petroleum, and related products industries in Puerto Rico shall post and keep posted in a conspicuous place in each department of his establishment where such employees are working such notices of this order as shall be prescribed, from time to time, by the Wage and Hour Division of the United States Department of Labor and shall give such other notice as the Division may prescribe.

§ 670.3 *Definitions of the chemical, petroleum, and related products industries in Puerto Rico and its divisions.* (a) The chemical, petroleum, and related products industries in Puerto Rico to which this part shall apply, is hereby defined as follows:

(1) The manufacture or packaging of chemicals, drugs, medicines (other than food), toilet preparations, cosmetics and related products; the mining (or other extraction) or processing of any minerals used in the production of the foregoing; and the mining or other extraction of petroleum, coal or natural gases and the manufacture of products therefrom.

(2) It includes, but without limitation, heavy, industrial and fine chemicals; basic plastic materials; salt; paints, varnishes, colors, dyes, and inks; vegetable and animal oils (except the refining into edible oils); drugs, medicines and toilet preparations; insecticides and fungicides; soap and glycerin; rayon and other synthetic filaments; wood distillation and naval stores; fertilizers; cleaning and polishing preparations; glue and gelatin; grease and tallow; fireworks and pyrotechnics; candles; gasoline, fuel and lubricating oils, and other petroleum products; coke-oven products; and fuel briquettes of any materials:

Provided, however, That the definition shall not include any product or activity included in the alcoholic beverage and industrial alcohol industry (as defined in the wage order for that industry in Puerto Rico, Part 706 of this chapter), or any activity performed by a company in its capacity as a public utility distributing gas or water.

(b) The separable divisions of the industry, as defined in paragraph (a) of this section, to which this part and its several provisions shall apply, are hereby defined as follows:

(1) *Fertilizer division.* This division shall include the manufacture or mixing of commercial fertilizers, but shall not include the manufacture of fertilizer components or materials.

(2) *Hormones, antibiotics, and related products division.* This division shall include the manufacture of hormones, antibiotics, and related products.

(3) *General division.* This division shall include all products and activities covered by the definition of the chemical, petroleum, and related products industries contained in paragraph (a) of this section, except those included in the fertilizer division or the hormones, antibiotics, and related products division, as defined in this section.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 10th day of June 1952.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6521; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter VI—Department of the Navy

Subchapter C—Personnel

PART 718—MISSING PERSONS ACT

Part 718 is revised to read as follows:

Sec.
718.1 General Provisions.
718.2 Allotments.
718.3 Transportation of dependents.
718.4 Delegations.

AUTHORITY: §§ 718.1 to 718.4 issued under 56 Stat. 143, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. 1001–1012, 1014–1015.

§ 718.1 *General provisions.* (a) Under the provisions of the Missing Persons Act, as amended, a finding of presumptive death is made by the Secretary of the Navy when a survey of all available sources of information indicates beyond doubt that the presumption of continuance of life has been overcome. When a finding of presumptive death is made, a man's pay accounts are closed as of the day following the expiration of the 12 months' absence or a longer period when justified, and the various benefits,

such as the six months' gratuity, become payable. A finding of presumptive death concerning an officer or enlisted man of the Navy means simply that as of the date thereof he is for the purposes of Naval administration no longer alive. It does not mean that death occurred on that or on any other certain date.

(b) Findings of presumptive death are never made when the "missing" status has not continued for at least 12 months. Whenever, subsequent to the expiration of the 12th month, cumulative or other evidence establishes by its preponderance that a "missing" person is no longer alive, a prompt finding of presumptive death will be made. Also, such a finding will be made whenever justified by the lapse of time beyond the 12 months' absence without specific information being received.

(c) The Secretary of the Navy, or such subordinate as he may designate, has authority to make all determinations necessary in the administration of the act, and for the purposes of the act determinations so made shall be conclusive as to death or finding or death, as to any other status dealt with by the act, and as to any essential date including that upon which evidence or information is received in the department. The determination of the Secretary of the Navy, or of such subordinate as he may designate, is conclusive as to whether information received concerning any person is to be construed and acted upon as an official report of death. When any information deemed to establish conclusively the death of any person is received in the department, action shall be taken thereon as an official report of death, notwithstanding any prior action relating to death or other status of such person. Under the foregoing provisions a determination of death is made prior to the expiration of 12 months when the evidence received is considered to establish conclusively the fact of death and settlement of accounts is made to the date established as the date of receipt of evidence on which the fact of death is established.

§ 718.2 *Allotments.* During such period as a person is in a status of missing, missing in action, interned in a neutral country, captured by an enemy, beleaguered or besieged, allotments from his pay and allowances may be initiated, continued, discontinued, increased, decreased, suspended or resumed in behalf of his dependents and for such other purposes as are justified by the circumstances and are in the interests of the person or of the Government.

§ 718.3 *Transportation of dependents.* Whenever a person is officially reported as dead, injured, missing for a period of 30 days or more, interned in a neutral country, or captured by an enemy, upon receipt of such official report by his dependents, and upon application by them, such dependents, household and personal effects including one privately owned motor vehicle, where the vehicle is located outside the continental limits of the United States or in Alaska, may be moved to such location as may have been determined in advance or as may be subsequently approved, except that a reasonable relationship must exist between the condition and circumstances of the dependents and the destination to which transportation is requested. In the case of a person in an injured status, transportation of his dependents or household and personal effects may be authorized only when the hospitalization or treatment of the injured person will be of prolonged duration. Payment in money of amounts equal to such commercial transportation costs for the whole or such part of the travel for which transportation in kind is not furnished, may be authorized, when such travel has been completed.

§ 718.4 *Delegations.* The Secretary of the Navy has delegated to the Director, Personal Affairs Division, Bureau of Naval Personnel with respect to personnel of the Navy, and to the Head, Casualty Section, Personal Affairs Branch, Personnel Department, United States Marine Corps, with respect to personnel of the Marine Corps, authority to make all determinations necessary to administer the act.

Dated: June 9, 1952.

DAN A. KIMBALL,
Secretary of the Navy.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6546; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

Chapter VII—Department of the Air Force

Subchapter C—Claims and Accounts

PART 836—CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES

REIMBURSEMENT TO OWNERS AND TENANTS OF LAND ACQUIRED BY THE AIR FORCE

Sections 836.131 to 836.138 are added to Part 836 as follows:

REIMBURSEMENT TO OWNERS AND TENANTS OF LAND ACQUIRED BY THE AIR FORCE

Sec.
836.131 Statutory provisions.
836.132 Definitions of terms as used in §§ 836.131 to 836.138.
836.133 Scope.
836.134 Delegation.
836.135 Filing of application.
836.136 Limitation of amount of payment.
836.137 Conditions of reimbursement.
836.138 Payment.

AUTHORITY: §§ 836.131 to 836.138 issued under Pub. Law 155, 82d Cong.

§ 836.131 *Statutory provisions.* The Secretary of the Air Force is authorized, to the extent he determines to be fair and reasonable, to reimburse owners and tenants of land acquired by the Air Force pursuant to the provisions of Public Law 155, 82d Congress, for expenses and other losses and damages incurred by such owners and tenants, respectively, in the process and as a direct result of the moving of themselves and their families and possessions because of such acquisition of land, which reimbursement shall be in addition to, but not in duplication of, any payments in respect of such acquisition as may otherwise be authorized by law: *Provided*, That the total of such reimbursement to the owners and tenants of any parcel of land shall in no event exceed 25 per centum of the fair value of such parcel of land as determined by the Secretary of the Air Force. No payment or reimbursement shall be made unless application therefor, supported by an itemized statement of the expenses, losses and damages so incurred shall have been submitted to the Secretary of the Air Force within one year following the date of such vacating (sec. 501 (b), Pub. Law 155, 82d Cong.).

§ 836.132 *Definitions of terms as used in §§ 836.131 to 836.138.*—(a) *The act.* Public Law 155, 82d Congress, approved September 28, 1951.

(b) *Owner.* Any owner of land, who moves himself, his family, or his possessions because of acquisition of his land pursuant to the act.

(c) *Tenant.* One who under proper authority uses or occupies land and who moves himself, his family, or his possessions because of acquisition of such land pursuant to the act.

(d) *Acquisition pursuant to the act.* Acquisition by the Air Force of any interest in land for any project authorized by the act.

(e) *Date of vacating.* The date the owner or tenant moves himself, his family and his possessions.

(f) *Fair value.* The value of the land as determined in accordance with Air Force appraisal procedure.

§ 836.133 *Scope.* Pursuant to the provisions of the act, reimbursement may only be made to the extent determined fair and reasonable for items of expenses and other losses and damages incurred by owners or tenants in the process and as a direct result of the moving of themselves and their families and possessions. The types of reimbursable items and non-reimbursable items described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section are not intended to be exclusive.

(a) *Types of reimbursable items.* (1) Moving expenses, such as costs of transportation, insurance, crating and uncrating.

(2) Temporary storage expenses.

(3) Expenditures for obtaining new site or land such as cost of appraisals, surveys, and title searches, where such expenses are normally borne by the purchaser. This does not include any part of the purchase price for the new site or any expenditures for the purpose of adding to the value or utility of the new site.

(b) *Types of non-reimbursable items.* (1) Costs of conveying property to the Government.

(2) Consequential damages or losses, such as loss of good will, loss of profits, loss of trained employees, or expenses of sales and losses because of such sales.

§ 836.134 *Delegation.* Authority is delegated to the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army, and such of his officers or employees in the Office, Chief of Engineers, as he may designate and are approved by the Secretary of the Air Force to perform all functions and make all determinations which are authorized to be performed by the Secretary of the Air Force with respect to reimbursement under the provisions of section 501 (b) of the act.

§ 836.135 *Filing of application.* All applications for reimbursement will be

filed with the appropriate Division or District Engineer, Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army, for forwarding to the Chief of Engineers for final action. Such applications must be delivered to or mailed to such Division or District Engineer within one year from the date of vacating and must be supported by an itemized statement of the expenses, and the losses and damages incurred and for which reimbursement is requested.

§ 836.136 *Limitation of amount of payment.* The act provides that the total amount of reimbursement to all owners and tenants of any parcel of land shall not exceed 25 per centum of the fair value of such parcel of land. In the event that the approved amount of reimbursement for all owners and tenants exceeds 25 per centum of the fair value of the land, each applicant will receive the same proportion of the 25 per centum of the fair value as the approved amount for each application is of the total amount approved for all applications.

§ 836.137 *Conditions of reimbursement.* In determining whether reimbursement will be made and the extent and amount thereof, consideration will be given to the following:

(a) Reimbursement shall not be made unless and until reasonable proof of the expenses or other losses and damages incurred, in the form of receipts therefor or the next best evidence thereof when receipts are not available, have been submitted.

(b) Reimbursement shall not be made to the extent the applicant's negligence, or wrongful act has contributed to the amount of the expenses, losses or damages.

(c) Reimbursement shall not be made for any expenses, losses or damages which were allowed in establishing the compensation paid or to be paid for the interest acquired in the land.

§ 836.138 *Payment.* Appropriate action will be taken to accomplish payment in accordance with prescribed procedure and regulations. Reimbursement will be made from funds appropriated to the Department of the Air Force pursuant to the act, to the extent available.

NOTE: The regulations contained in §§ 836.131 to 836.138 were approved by the Acting Secretary of Defense on February 19, 1952.

[SEAL] K. E. THIEBAUD,
Colonel, U. S. Air Force,
Air Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6519; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter VI—National Production Authority, Department of Commerce

[NPA Order M-18, Revocation]

M-18—PIGS' AND HOGS' BRISTLES AND BRISTLE PRODUCTS

REVOCATION

NPA Order M-18 (16 F. R. 10261) is hereby revoked.

This revocation does not relieve any person of any obligation or liability incurred under NPA Order M-18 as originally issued or as thereafter amended from time to time, nor deprive any person of any rights received or accrued under said order prior to the effective date of this revocation.

Pigs' and hogs' bristles are subject to the provisions of NPA Reg. 1.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 96, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

This revocation is effective June 13, 1952.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By JOHN B. OLVERSON,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6622; Filed, June 13, 1952; 11:35 a. m.]

[NPA Order M-78, as Amended June 13, 1952]

M-78—MAINTENANCE, REPAIR, OPERATING SUPPLIES, AND CAPITAL ADDITIONS FOR MINING INDUSTRY

This order as amended is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended. In the formulation of this order as amended, there has been consultation with industry representatives, including trade association representatives, and consideration has been given to their recommendations.

NPA Order M-78, as amended by Amendment 1 of September 21, 1951, and as further amended by Amendment 2 of January 30, 1952, is still further amended by raising from $2,000 to $5,000 the limit on minor capital additions as defined in section 2 (e) and by making a corresponding change in the definition of "major capital additions" in section 2 (f). Producers are permitted to use 20 percent of their quota base, or $5,000, whichever is greater, for minor capital additions There is added a new section 16 which makes provision for emergency repairs. The provisions relating to foreign producers are clarified, and various provisions of the order are changed to bring them into line with the latest amendments to CMP Regulation No. 5 on which regulation this order is based.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Sec.
1. What this order does.
2. Definitions.
3. Allotment numbers and ratings.
4. How a person obtains controlled materials.
5. How a person obtains products and materials other than controlled materials.
6. Limitations on types of use of allotment numbers and ratings.
7. Quarterly MRO quotas.
8. Charges against quota.
9. Obligation to supply MRO under lease or other agreement.
10. Use of materials for another purpose.
11. Restrictions on receipts and inventories.
12. Supplier receiving improperly rated orders.
13. Adjustments of quotas.
14. Certification.
15. Major capital additions.
16. Emergency assistance.
17. Request for adjustment or exception.
18. Records and reports.
19. Communications.
20. Violations.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 20 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 96, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply sec. 101, 64 Stat. 799, Pub. Law 96, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2071; sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.; sec. 2, E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61; 3 CFR, 1951 Supp.; secs. 402, 405, E. O. 10281, Aug. 28, 1951, 16 F. R. 8789; 3 CFR, 1951 Supp.

SECTION 1. *What this order does.* This order as amended provides a procedure for priorities assistance to certain producers in the mining industry (other than producers of solid fuel, petroleum, uranium, or natural gas) for whom the Defense Materials Procurement Agency is claimant under NPA Delegation 5, as from time to time amended. The procedure permits use of the allotment numbers and ratings set forth in section 3 of this order to obtain limited quantities of controlled material and products and materials other than controlled material for maintenance, repair, and operating supplies (hereinafter collectively referred to as "MRO") and minor capital additions, and provides for application for major capital additions.

SEC. 2. *Definitions.* As used in this order:

(a) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other organized group, and includes any business enterprise, Government agency, or institution. If in the calendar year 1950, or in his last fiscal year ending prior to March 1, 1951, a person operated more than one plant, division, department, branch, or other unit, and maintained for any such unit separate records showing expenditures therefor for MRO, he may elect to treat any one or more of such units as a separate person for the purposes of this order, or to treat his entire operation as a single person. In the absence of a contrary election, each such unit shall be treated for such purposes as if it were a separate person. An election so made may not thereafter be changed without prior written approval of the Defense Materials Procurement Agency.

(b) "Maintenance" means the minimum upkeep necessary to continue any plant, facility, or equipment in sound working condition. "Repair" means, with respect to any person, the restoration of any plant, facility, or equipment to sound working condition when it has been rendered unsafe or unfit for service by wear and tear, damage, failure of parts, or the like, and where such repair is not capitalized according to his established accounting practice. Neither "maintenance" nor "repair" includes the replacement of any plant, facility, or equipment; nor does it include the improvement of any plant, facility, or equipment by replacing material which is still in sound working condition with material of a new or different kind, quality, or design.

(c) "Operating supplies" means any kind of material carried by a producer as operating supplies according to his established accounting practices in effect

on December 31, 1950. Materials incorporated in a product are operating supplies of a producer if, but only if, they were carried as operating supplies according to established accounting practice in effect on December 31, 1950. It also includes expendable tools and equipment used in production regardless of the accounting practice of the producer.

(d) "MRO" means materials for maintenance, repair, and operating supplies. It does not include capital additions.

(e) "Minor capital addition" means any replacement, improvement, or addition of a kind carried by a person as capital according to his established accounting practice, the total cost of which (excluding the purchaser's cost of labor) does not exceed $5,000 for any one complete capital addition. No capital addition may be subdivided for the purpose of bringing it or any part of it within this definition. In computing the cost of such replacement, improvement, or addition, for the purpose of this order, the cost of all materials obtained for such replacement, improvement, or addition shall be included whether or not acquired by use of an allotment number or rating, and whether or not ordered or delivered at different times and obtained from different suppliers. Where the capital addition, replacement, or improvement involves construction as defined in Revised CMP Regulation No. 6, the procedure provided for herein may not be used to obtain materials therefor.

(f) "Major capital addition" means any improvement, replacement, or addition of a kind carried by a producer as capital according to his established accounting practice, the total cost of the materials or equipment for which, acquired by such producer, exceeds $5,000. This definition does not include machinery or equipment for use in connection with a construction project authorized pursuant to Revised CMP Regulation No. 6.

(g) "Materials" means any raw, in-process, or manufactured commodity, equipment, component, accessory, part, or product of any kind.

(h) "DMPA" means the Defense Materials Procurement Agency.

(i) "Producer" means any person actually engaged in operations for which claimant responsibility has been delegated to DMPA by NPA Delegation 5, as amended. Those operations include: (1) The extraction, by surface, open-pit, quarry, dredging, or underground methods, or in the beneficiation, concentration, or preparation for shipment, of the products of mining activities; (2) the production of nonferrous metals by smelting and refining; or (3) the operation of any prospecting enterprise for the discovery, exploration, or development of new or additional mining projects (including the construction of access roads). This definition does not include operations relating to solid fuels, petroleum, uranium, or natural gas.

(j) "Domestic producer" means any person operating as a "producer" within the United States, its territories and possessions.

(k) "Foreign producer" means any person operating as a "producer" outside the United States, its territories and possessions, and Canada, who: (1) Has a valid serial number issued by the Defense Minerals Administration or DMPA, and (2) has a duly authorized agent within the United States, its territories or possessions, responsible for the producer's compliance with the provisions of this order.

(l) "Controlled materials" means steel, copper, and aluminum, in the forms and shapes indicated in Schedule I of CMP Regulation No. 1.

(m) "Delivery order" means any purchase order, contract, or shipping or other instruction calling for delivery of any material or product on a particular date or dates or within specified periods of time.

(n) "MSA" means the Mutual Security Agency.

(o) "OIT" means the Office of International Trade of the Department of Commerce.

(p) "NPA" means the National Production Authority.

SEC. 3. *Allotment numbers and ratings.* Allotment numbers are used to obtain controlled materials. The allotment number, preceded by "DO", is known as a rating and is used to obtain materials or products other than controlled materials. Subject to the limitations of this order, producers are hereby assigned the right to use the following allotment numbers and ratings for maintenance, repairs, operating supplies, and minor capital additions:

As defined in NPA Order M-78	Allotment No.	Rating
Domestic producers	H-6	DO-H-6
Foreign producers in countries having MSA programs	W-4	DO-W-4
Foreign producers in other countries	W-2	DO-W-2

SEC. 4. *How a person obtains controlled materials.* (a) Subject to the limitations and restrictions specified in subsequent sections of this order, every producer shall have the right to use the allotment number assigned him in section 3 of this order on his delivery orders for controlled materials for MRO and minor capital additions. The assignment of the right to use an allotment number does not constitute the making of an allotment. The allotment number may be used to acquire only that amount of controlled materials actually needed for MRO and minor capital additions.

(b) A delivery order bearing an allotment number assigned in section 3 of this order, and certified as provided in section 14 of this order shall constitute an authorized controlled material order for the purposes of all CMP regulations. A producer who manufactures a Class A or Class B product, not for sale, but solely for his own use as MRO, or as a minor capital addition, may obtain the controlled material required for such production by using the allotment number assigned in section 3 of this order. A producer who manufactures such a Class A or Class B product may not apply to an industry division or claimant agency on Form CMP-4A or on Form CMP-4B for an allotment of controlled materials, or for a DO rating for such production, nor may he use the self-authorization procedure provided in Direction 1 to CMP Regulation No. 1.

SEC. 5. *How a person obtains products and materials other than controlled materials.* (a) Subject to the limitations and restrictions specified in subsequent sections of this order, every producer shall have the right to use the appropriate "DO" rating assigned him in section 3 of this order on his delivery orders for products and materials other than controlled materials for MRO and minor capital additions. The rating may be used to acquire only that amount of such products and materials actually needed for MRO and minor capital additions.

(b) A delivery order bearing a rating assigned in section 3 of this order, together with the certification provided for in section 14 of this order, shall constitute a rated order with an allotment number for the purpose of all regulations and orders of NPA. A producer who manufactures a Class A, Class B, or any other product, not for sale but for his own use as MRO, or as a minor capital addition, may obtain the products and materials other than controlled material required for such production by using the rating assigned in section 3 of this order.

SEC. 6. *Limitations on types of use of allotment numbers and ratings.* (a) The allotment numbers H-6, W-2, and W-4, and the ratings DO-H-6, DO-W-2, and DO-W-4 may not be applied or extended by a producer to obtain any of the materials listed in Schedule I or II of CMP Regulation No. 5, as from time to time amended, or to obtain any equipment pursuant to any lease.

(b) The allotment numbers and ratings assigned in section 3 of this order shall not be applied by a producer to obtain in any quarter (calendar or fiscal) materials for minor capital additions exceeding in the aggregate 20 percent of his quarterly MRO quota or $5,000, whichever is greater. This paragraph shall be construed to place no limitation on the acquisition of additional products or materials other than controlled materials for minor capital additions without the use of an allotment number or rating.

SEC. 7. *Quarterly MRO quotas*—(a) *Computing the quota base.* A producer who applies an allotment number or rating pursuant to this order must establish his quarterly MRO quota if he has not already done so. In calculating the MRO quota base a producer shall include all expenditures made by him in the base period for MRO except materials included in List A of NPA Reg. 2. Expenditures during the base period for capital additions shall not be included in the quota base.

(b) *Standard base period.* The standard base period is the calendar year 1950.

(c) *Fiscal year base period.* If a producer operated on the basis of a fiscal year prior to March 1, 1951, he may elect to take as his base period his last fiscal

year ending prior to that date. After such an election has been made, it may not thereafter be changed without the prior written approval of DMPA.

(d) *Standard quota.* The standard quarterly quota is 30 percent of the quota base.

(e) *Seasonal quota.* A producer may elect to establish seasonal quarterly quotas. An election so made may not be changed thereafter without the prior written approval of DMPA. Such seasonal quota for any quarter shall be 120 percent of the expenditures by the producer for MRO during the corresponding quarter in 1950, or during the corresponding quarter in the last fiscal year ending prior to March 1, 1951.

(f) *Producers not in operation throughout the base period.* A producer not in operation throughout his entire base period shall establish his quarterly MRO quota as follows:

(1) *Producers operating during part of the base period.* A producer who was in operation during a part but not all of the calendar year 1950 (or a part but not all of his last fiscal year ending prior to March 1, 1951), shall determine his quota base by computing the amount he would have spent for MRO (except materials listed in List A of NPA Reg. 2) in his base period had he continued to spend therefor through the year at the same rate as during the part of the year in which he was in operation, making necessary corrections to compensate for seasonal or other exceptional characteristics of the period in which he was in operation. Such producer's standard quarterly MRO quota shall be 30 percent of his quota base. If such producer elects to establish seasonal quarterly quotas, as above provided, he may divide 120 percent of his quota base into four quarterly MRO quotas in accordance with the seasonal demands of the activity in which he is engaged.

(2) *Producers not in operation during the base period.* If a producer was not in operation in any part of the calendar year 1950 (or of his last fiscal year ending prior to March 1, 1951), his quarterly MRO quota (standard or seasonal) shall be the amount he determines to be necessary for his operation. The quota of such producer may not, however, exceed $10,000 for any quarter without prior written approval of DMPA.

(3) *Notice to DMPA.* A domestic producer who, on or after the effective date of this order, establishes a quarterly MRO quota in excess of $10,000 pursuant to paragraph (f) of this section shall, within 30 days after he first applies an allotment number or rating pursuant to this order, notify DMPA in writing of the quota he has established, the base period he has used, the method he used in computing his quota, and the corrections he made for seasonal or other factors.

(g) *Quota applications by foreign producers.* Each foreign producer who has received a serial number under DMPA Mineral Order 7, shall file with DMPA on Form DMPA–28 (formerly MF–400) an application to establish an MRO quota if he has not already applied for such a quota. Such application shall be made within 60 days of the receipt of such serial number.

(h) *Small quotas.* Any domestic producer whose quarterly MRO quota is less than $10,000 as calculated pursuant to the provisions of this section, may nevertheless order (or receive) in any quarter MRO aggregating not more than $10,000 through the use of the appropriate allotment number or rating.

SEC. 8. *Charges against quota*—(a) *When to charge against quota.* A producer may elect to charge expenditures against his MRO quota for the quarter (calendar or fiscal) in which his purchase order specifies delivery is to be made (the delivery basis) or against his MRO quota for the quarter in which the materials are actually received (the receipts basis). Having elected to use one method, he may not thereafter change to the other without the prior written approval of DMPA.

(b) *What to charge against quota.* A producer shall charge against his MRO quota in each quarter all expenditures for materials for MRO (except materials in List A of NPA Reg. 2) ordered for delivery (or, if on the receipts basis, received) during the quarter, whether or not the materials are obtained by the use of an allotment number or rating.

(c) *Exception.* Any producer who uses an allotment number or rating pursuant to this order to order for delivery (or, if on the receipts basis, to receive) during any quarter materials for MRO which aggregate not more than 20 percent of his MRO quota for such quarter may, in addition, order for delivery (or receive) other material for MRO without use of an allotment number or rating and without regard to quota limitations.

SEC. 9. *Obligation to supply MRO under lease or other agreement.* A person who is obligated to maintain, repair, or operate any plant, facility, or equipment under the terms of any lease or other agreement for the use of such property by another producer may apply the allotment number or rating pursuant to this order to obtain materials needed for such purposes. Expenditures for such materials shall be charged to the MRO quota of the person who is applying the allotment number or rating, except that if his purchase is made on a reimbursable basis for the account of the producer using the property, the MRO quota of the latter shall be charged.

SEC. 10. *Use of materials for another purpose.* If a producer has obtained materials for MRO or minor capital additions by applying an allotment number or rating pursuant to this order, he may use the materials for a different purpose if, under an authorized production schedule or authorized construction schedule, he could have applied any other allotment number or symbol or rating to acquire them for such purpose. However, if he does use them for such other purposes he may not use an allotment number or rating pursuant to this order to replace them in inventory. To replace such materials in inventory he may use only the allotment number or symbol or DO rating under such authorized production or construction schedule which he might have applied to obtain them for the purpose for which he used them. If he uses such materials obtained by applying an allotment number or rating pursuant to this order for such other purpose, his records must be adequate to show that his purchases of materials are substantially proportionate to his authorized uses.

SEC. 11. *Restrictions on receipts and inventories.* In accordance with the provisions of NPA Reg. 1 and notwithstanding the provisions of CMP Regulation No. 2, no producer shall receive any delivery of MRO material under the provisions of this order which would increase his inventory of such MRO material to an amount greater than the minimum necessary to sustain his current level of operations; and the ratio of such inventory to current production shall in no event exceed the ratio of average inventory to average production for the years 1948, 1949, and 1950.

SEC. 12. *Supplier receiving improperly rated orders.* When a supplier has received a purchase order bearing an allotment number or rating mentioned in section 3 of this order, which number or rating he knows or has reason to believe has been used in violation of any NPA regulation or order, the supplier shall refuse to accept it as an authorized controlled material order or rated order, as the case may be. In such event, the supplier shall advise the buyer of his reason for such refusal and shall also advise DMPA of his receipt of the order, his refusal to accept it, and his reason for such refusal.

SEC. 13. *Adjustments of quotas.* (a) Any application for an adjustment in quota must be filed on Form DMPA–28 (formerly MF–400) prior to the expiration of the quarter for which adjustment is requested, and the established base quota must not be exceeded unless and until the DMPA–28 application is approved.

(b) If a producer's quarterly MRO quota is increased by specific authorization of DMPA, he may continue to operate with the increased quota as his standard quota unless the increase is granted on a temporary or seasonal basis or is otherwise restricted by the terms of the authorization, but any increase granted shall not be retroactive.

SEC. 14. *Certification.* Each producer who, pursuant to this order, places a delivery order for controlled materials or a rated order for other products or materials for MRO or minor capital additions shall set forth on such order, or on a separate paper attached thereto, the appropriate allotment number or rating and the certification:

Certified under NPA Order M–78

and shall sign the certification as provided in NPA Reg. 2. This certification shall constitute a representation to the supplier and to NPA and DMPA that the producer is authorized to use the allotment number or rating under the provisions of this order to obtain the materials covered by the delivery order.

SEC. 15. *Major capital additions.* (a) Any domestic producer who has a serial

number under Mineral Order 7 may apply to DMPA for priorities assistance to obtain machinery, equipment, or materials for major capital additions. Such application shall be made by letter in duplicate giving all of the following information: (1) Name and adress of applicant; (2) mine serial number; (3) description and price of machinery, equipment, or materials required; (4) name and address of prospective supplier; (5) date and number of purchase order; (6) delivery dates promised by supplier with and without rating assistance; and (7) need for machinery, equipment, or materials, and expected results.

(b) Any domestic producer who does not have a serial number under Mineral Order 7 may apply to DMPA for priorities assistance giving all the information required in paragraph (a) of this section, except the serial number, and shall give in addition a description of the property (location and pertinent facts regarding ore body), production in 1950 and 1951, and current rate of production.

(c) Foreign producers shall apply for priorities assistance in obtaining major capital additions by filing Form IT–835 with OIT or MSA, as appropriate. Any items of machinery or equipment costing more than $5,000 which are required for foreign operations must be applied for on Form IT–835 regardless of whether they are for replacement, addition, or improvement, unless they form part of an expansion which is handled on a project basis in accordance with instructions available from OIT or MSA.

(d) Such applications, when approved by DMPA and NPA, will authorize the producer to use an allotment number or rating specified in this order.

SEC. 16. *Emergency assistance.* In the event of any major breakdown caused by extraordinary cause such as explosion, fire, sabotage, act of the public enemy, flood, storm, or similar catastrophe, a domestic producer may use the allotment number H–6 and the rating DO–H–6 to obtain materials and equipment in excess of his established quota to the extent necessary to reestablish operation by the use of no greater amount of materials than those rendered unfit for service. In so doing he shall place the word "emergency" after the allotment number or rating on his order and, within 10 calendar days after the placing of such order, he shall report the placing of such order to DMPA by letter in duplicate, listing the kinds, quantities, and value of materials and equipment so ordered, explaining the nature of the emergency, and giving full justification for the use of this emergency procedure.

SEC. 17. *Request for adjustment or exception.* Any person affected by any provision of this order may file a request for adjustment or exception upon the ground that his business operation was commenced during or after the base period, that any provision otherwise works an undue or exceptional hardship upon him not suffered generally by others in the same trade or industry, or that its enforcement against him would not be in the interest of the national defense or in the public interest. In examining requests for adjustment or exception claiming that the public interest is prejudiced by the application of any provision of this order, consideration will be given to the requirements of the public health and safety, civilian defense, and dislocation of labor and resulting unemployment that would impair the defense program. Each such request, except as otherwise provided in section 13 of this order, shall be in writing, by letter in duplicate, and shall set forth all pertinent facts, the nature of the relief sought, and the justification therefor.

SEC. 18. *Records and reports.*—(a) *Records to be kept.* Each domestic producer who makes any use of an allotment number or rating pursuant to this order, and the United States agent of each foreign producer who makes any use of an allotment number or rating pursuant to this order, shall make and preserve at his regular place of business for at least 3 years, accurate and complete records showing as to such producer, what his quarterly MRO quotas are, how he computed them, the factual justification for them and for corrections and revisions thereof, any elections made as to the use of seasonal quotas, methods of figuring quotas and charges against them, or other options exercised, and records of receipts, deliveries, inventories, production, and use of all materials for MRO, minor capital additions, or major capital additions obtained pursuant to this order, whether or not such materials were obtained by use of an allotment number or rating, in sufficient detail to permit the determination, after audit, whether each transaction complies with the provisions of this order. This requirement does not specify any particular accounting method and does not require alteration of the system of records customarily used, provided such records supply an adequate basis for audit. Records may be retained in the form of microfilm or other photographic copies instead of the originals by those persons who, at the time such microfilm or other photographic records are made, maintain such copies of records in the regular and usual course of business.

(b) *Inspection and audit.* All records required by this order shall be made available for inspection and audit by duly authorized representatives of NPA or of DMPA at the usual place of business where maintained.

(c) *Other records and reports.* Persons subject to this order shall make such records and submit such reports to NPA or DMPA as either shall require, subject to the terms of the Federal Reports Act of 1942 (5 U. S. C. 139–139F).

SEC. 19. *Communications.* All communications concerning this order shall be addressed to DMPA, Mining Requirements Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: NPA Order M–78.

SEC. 20. *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or any other order or regulation of NPA, or who wilfully furnishes false information or conceals any material fact in the course of operation under this order, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment or both. In addition, administrative action may be taken against any such person to suspend his privilege of making or receiving further deliveries of materials or using facilities under priority or allocation control and to deprive him of further priorities assistance.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

This order shall take effect June 13, 1952.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By JOHN B. OLVERSON,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52–6623; Filed, June 13, 1952; 11:36 a. m.]

[NPA Reg. 2, Direction 3 as Amended June 13, 1952]

REG. 2—BASIC RULES OF THE PRIORITIES SYSTEM

DIR. 3—RESTRICTIONS UPON USE OF RATINGS

This amended direction to NPA Reg. 2 is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the authority granted by the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended. In the formulation of this direction as amended, consultation with industry representatives, including trade association representatives, has been rendered impracticable by the fact that this direction applies to all trades and industries.

As amended, NPA Reg. 2, Direction 3 reads as follows:

SECTION 1. (a) No rating shall be applied or extended to obtain any of the materials or products listed in any numbered item of Appendix A of this direction on or after the date set forth opposite such numbered item, unless the rating bears a program identification consisting of the letter A, B, C, or E, and one digit, or the program identification Z–1 or Z–2.

(b) These restrictions shall not affect the status of ratings applied or extended to obtain any item listed in Appendix A of this direction prior to the date set forth opposite each such numbered item.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 96, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

This direction as amended, shall, except as otherwise provided herein, take effect June 13, 1952.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By JOHN B. OLVERSON,
Recording Secretary.

APPENDIX A OF DIRECTION 3 TO NPA REG. 2

Material or Product and Effective Date

1. Any basic, organic, or inorganic chemicals, their intermediates and derivatives, other than compounded end products not customarily sold as chemicals. Sept. 25, 1951.

2. Any primary paper or paperboard (this does not include paper or paperboard processed beyond the primary or base stock stage). Jan. 15, 1952.

3. Waterfowl feathers (goose or duck feathers and down, separated from the fowl, domestic and imported, new and used, regardless of length; except flight feathers having no natural curl). May 12, 1952.

4. Pigs' or hogs' bristles, and brushes and bristle products containing pigs' or hogs' bristles. June 13, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6624; Filed, June 13, 1952; 11:36 a. m.]

Chapter XVII—Housing and Home Finance Agency

[CR 3, Amdt. 12 to Appendix]

CR-3 — RELAXATION OF RESIDENTIAL CREDIT CONTROLS: REGULATIONS GOVERNING PROCESS AND APPROVAL OF EXCEPTIONS AND TERMS FOR CRITICAL DEFENSE HOUSING AREAS

APP.—CRITICAL DEFENSE HOUSING AREAS

1. This Amendment 12 amends the Appendix to CR 3 initially published in the FEDERAL REGISTER November 20, 1951 (16 F. R. 11731), which Appendix was revised and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER January 30, 1952 (17 F. R. 893) and last amended by Amendment 11 published May 22, 1952 (17 F. R. 4654), by adding the following additional critical defense housing areas to the areas already designated under CR 3:

Area, Including Geographical Description and Date Designated

174. Poughkeepsie, New York, Area. (The City of Poughkeepsie and the Towns of Poughkeepsie, Hyde Park, Pleasant Valley, Lagrange, Wappinger, and East Fishkill, all in Dutchess County), June 14, 1952.

175. Grosse Ile, Michigan, Area. (The Island of Grosse Ile in the Detroit River, Wayne County), June 14, 1952.

176. Bagdad, Arizona, Area. (That part of Supervisorial District 2 lying west of 113° longitude, in Yavapai County), June 14, 1952.

177. Milan, Tennessee, Area. (Carroll, Gibson, and Madison Counties), June 14, 1952.

2. The Appendix to CR 3 is further amended by changing the description of critical defense housing area numbered 5 and designated as Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio, to read as follows:

5. Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio. (All of Greene and Montgomery Counties; the Townships of Pike, German, Moorefield, Springfield, Greene, Mad River, Bethel, and the City of Springfield, in Clark County.)

[SEAL] B. T. FITZPATRICK,
Acting Housing and Home Finance, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6528; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

Chapter XXI—Office of Rent Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Rent Regulation 1, Amdt. 56 to Schedule A]

[Rent Regulation 2, Amdt. 54 to Schedule A]

RR 1—HOUSING

RR 2—ROOMS IN ROOMING HOUSES AND OTHER ESTABLISHMENTS

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

WASHINGTON

These amendments are issued as a result of joint certification(s) pertaining to critical defense housing areas by the Secretary of Defense and the Director of Defense Mobilization under section 204 (l) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and a determination as to the relaxation of real estate construction credit controls under section 204 (m) of said act.

Effective June 14, 1952, Rent Regulation 1 and Rent Regulation 2 are amended so that the item(s) of Schedule A read(s) as set forth below.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App Sup. 1894)

Issued this 11th day of June 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Rent Stabilization.

State and name of defense-rental area	Class	County or counties in defense-rental area under regulation	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation
Washington				
(353a) Wenatchee	A	In Chelan County, the election precincts of Appleyard, Canyon, Lewis and Clark, Lincoln, Malaga, Millerdale, Monitor, Sunnyslope, Suburban, and all Wenatchee City election precincts; in Douglas County, the election precincts of Cascade, East Wenatchee, Highline, Majestic, North Bridge, Rock Island, South Bridge, and Valley.	Jan. 1, 1952	June 16, 1952
Washington				
(353b) Bridgeport	A	In Douglas County, Census Division 2; in Okanagon County, Census Division 8.	Apr. 1, 1952	Do.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6551; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:51 a. m.]

[Rent Regulation 3, Amdt. 66 to Schedule A]

[Rent Regulation 4, Amdt. 10 to Schedule A]

RR 3—HOTELS

RR 4—MOTOR COURTS

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

WASHINGTON

These amendments are issued as a result of joint certification(s) pertaining to critical defense housing areas by the Secretary of Defense and the Director of Defense Mobilization under section 204 (l) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and a determination as to the relaxation of real estate construction credit controls under section 204 (m) of said act.

Effective June 14, 1952, Rent Regulation 3 and Rent Regulation 4 are amended so that the item(s) of Schedule A read(s) as set forth below.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

Issued this 11th day of June 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Rent Stabilization.

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under regulation	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation
(353a) Wenatchee	Washington	In Chelan County, the election precincts of Appleyard, Canyon, Lewis and Clark, Lincoln, Malaga, Millerdale, Monitor, Sunnyslope, Suburban, and all Wenatchee City election precincts; in Douglas County, the election precincts of Cascade, East Wenatchee, Highline, Majestic, North Bridge, Rock Island, South Bridge, and Valley.	Jan. 1, 1952	June 16, 1952
(353b) Bridgeport	do	In Douglas County, Census Division 2; in Okanagon County, Census Division 8.	Apr. 1, 1952	Do.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6552; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS

Chapter I—Coast Guard, Department of the Treasury

Subchapter L—Security of Waterfront Facilities

[CGFR 52-30]

PART 126—HANDLING OF EXPLOSIVES OR OTHER DANGEROUS CARGOES WITHIN OR CONTIGUOUS TO WATERFRONT FACILITIES

DESIGNATED DANGEROUS CARGO

The purpose for amending 33 CFR 126.09 is to redefine "designated dangerous cargo" in order to remove an inequality between shipments of Classes B and C military explosives and shipments of Classes B and C commercial explosives. At present 33 CFR 126.29 requires that a Captain of the Port will issue a designated waterfront facility permit for each transaction of handling, storing, stowing, loading, or discharging or transporting designated dangerous cargo in amounts exceeding 500 pounds, provided, among other conditions, the facility offers isolation and remoteness from populous areas which compare favorably with the distances required by the American Table of Distances for inhabited buildings, unbarricaded. The amendment to 33 CFR 126.09 will eliminate

isolation requirements for the handling of Classes B and C military explosives at designated waterfront facilities and will thereby remove the inequality existing between shipments of Classes B and C military explosives and shipments of Classes B and C commercial explosives. It is hereby found that compliance with the notice of public rule making, public rule making procedure thereon, and effective date requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act is impracticable because it is necessary to expedite the handling of Classes B and C military explosives shipped by, for, or to the United States Armed Forces, or similar types of explosives shipped by, for, or to the government of any country whose defense is deemed vital to the defense of the United States.

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Commandant, United States Coast Guard, by Executive Order 10173, as amended by Executive Order 10277, and Executive Order 10352, the following regulation is prescribed which shall become effective on and after the date of publication of this document in the FEDERAL REGISTER:

Section 126.09 is amended to read as follows:

§ 126.09 *Designated dangerous cargo.* The term "designated dangerous cargo" shall mean explosives (commercial or military), Class A, as classified in 46 CFR Part 146.

(40 Stat. 220, as amended; 50 U. S. C. 191. E. O. 10173, Oct. 18, 1950, 15 F. R. 7005, 3 CFR, 1950 Supp., as amended by E. O. 10277, Aug. 1, 1951, 16 F. R. 7537, 3 CFR, 1951 Supp., as amended by E. O. 10352, May 19, 1952, 17 F. R. 4607)

Dated: June 9, 1952.

[SEAL] MERLIN O'NEILL,
Vice Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard, Commandant.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6549; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

PART 2—FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY MATTERS; GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS; DELETION OF FOOTNOTE

In the matter of amendment of § 2.104 (a) of the Commission's rules and regulations.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 4th day of June 1952;

The Commission, having under consideration footnote US9 to the Table of Frequency Allocations, which footnote permitted use of the frequency band 225–231 Mc for distance indicator systems at certain United States terminals of International air routes, and, where Amateur use of 220–225 Mc would interfere with the distance indicator system, permitted Amateur use of the frequency band 235–240 Mc in lieu thereof for a period not to extend beyond January 1, 1952; and

It appearing, that there is no longer a requirement for the allocation exceptions contained in footnote US9 to the Table of Frequency Allocations; and

It further appearing, that the termination of authority contained in footnote US9 to the Table of Frequency Allocations ordered herein, is only carrying out the provisions of the Atlantic City Table of Frequency Allocations, paragraph 207, which also permitted the use of 220–231 Mc for distance measuring equipment for a period not to extend beyond January 1, 1952; and

It further appearing, that notice of proposed rule-making in accordance with section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary; and

It further appearing, that authority for the amendment ordered herein is contained in sections 4 (i), 301, 303 (e) and 303 (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended:

It is ordered, That effective immediately, footnote US9 of § 2.104 (a) of the Commission's rules and regulations is deleted.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interprets or applies secs. 301, 303, 48 Stat. 1081, 1082; 47 U. S. C. 301, 303)

Released: June 6, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6580; Filed, June 13, 1952; 9:06 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[14 CFR Part 302]

[Procedural Regulations Draft Release No. 8]

RULES OF PRACTICE IN ECONOMIC PROCEEDINGS

CONSOLIDATION OF HEARINGS

JUNE 9, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that the Civil Aeronautics Board has under consideration a revision of § 302.12 of the Procedural Regulations (14 CFR 302.12). This revision relates to the filing of motions for consolidation of two or more proceedings or for contemporaneous consideration thereof.

The present § 302.12 of the procedural regulations (rules of practice) contemplates that consolidation motions shall be filed not later than the prehearing conference, but does not make this an express requirement.

The Board believes that this practice should be made a procedural requirement and that consolidation motions or motions for contemporaneous consideration of applications filed after such date should be dismissed in the absence of a clear showing of good cause for failure to file the motion on time. The Board further believes that the regulations should be clarified to make clear that the burden of seeking consolidation or contemporaneous consideration of applications rests on the parties thereto and not on the Board. Although the Board may from time to time consolidate proceedings or give contemporaneous consideration thereto upon its own initiative, the Board does not believe that it should assume the burden of searching out of its docket every application which could be consolidated or heard contemporaneously.

The Board believes that this clarification of consolidation procedures will insure a more orderly handling of proceedings and eliminate the possibilities of delay and burden upon other parties inherent in a less definite procedure. Board prehearing conferences are designed to establish the outlines of proceedings and future procedural dates. These clearly must depend upon the scope of applications included. If later filed motions to consolidate or hear applications contemporaneously are permitted except under unusual circumstances, the other parties are faced with the need for new preparation, in many cases new exhibits, and are encouraged as a matter of the protection of their interest to seek procedural postponements. The further advanced the case has become in its various procedural stages, the more pronounced becomes this problem.

Interested persons may participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate and addressed to the Secretary, Civil Aeronautics Board, Washington 25, D. C. All communications received by July 15, 1952, will be considered by the Board before taking further action upon the proposed rule. Copies of such communications will be available after July 15, 1952, for examination by interested persons in the Docket Section of the Board, Room 5412, Commerce Building, Washington, D. C.

This rule is proposed under the authority of sections 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984, 49 U. S. C. 425; Interpret or apply section 1001, 52 Stat. 1017, 49 U. S. C. 641.

Dated June 9, 1952, at Washington, D. C.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

§ 302.12 *Consolidations.* (a) The Board, upon its own initiative or upon motion, may consolidate for hearing or for other purposes or may contemporaneously consider two or more proceedings which involve substantially the same

parties, or issues which are the same or closely related, if it finds that such consolidation or contemporaneous hearing will be conducive to the proper dispatch of its business and to the ends of justice and will not unduly delay the proceedings. Although the Board may, in any particular case, consolidate or contemporaneously consider two or more proceedings on its own motion, the burden of seeking consolidation or contemporaneous consideration of a particular application shall rest upon the applicant and the Board will not undertake to search its docket for all applications which might be consolidated or contemporaneously considered.

(b) *Time for filing.* A motion to consolidate or contemporaneously consider an application with any other application shall be filed not later than the prehearing conference in the proceeding with which consolidation or contemporaneous consideration is requested, and shall relate only to a then pending application. If made at such conference the motion may be oral. All motions for consolidations or for consideration of issues which enlarge, expand, and change the nature of a proceeding shall be addressed to the Board. A motion which is not timely filed shall be dismissed unless the movant shall clearly show good cause for his failure to file such motion on time. A motion which does not relate to an application pending at the time of or before the prehearing conference in the proceeding with which consolidation or contemporaneous consideration is requested shall likewise be dismissed unless the movant shall clearly show good cause for his failure to file the application within the prescribed period.

(c) *Answer.* If a motion to consolidate two or more proceedings is filed with the Board, any party to any of such proceedings, or any person who has a petition for intervention pending, may file an answer to such motion within such period as the Board may permit. The Examiner may require that answers to such motions be stated orally at the prehearing conference in the proceeding with which the consolidation is proposed.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6559; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:53 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

United States Coast Guard

[CGFR 52-28]

APPROVAL OF EQUIPMENT

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Commandant, United States Coast Guard, by Treasury Department Order No. 120, dated July 31, 1950 (15 F. R. 6521), and in compliance with the authorities cited below, the following approvals of equipment are prescribed and shall be effective for a period of five years from date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER unless sooner canceled or suspended by proper authority, and the following corrections in Coast Guard Document CGFR 52-22, Federal Register Document 52-4871, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER dated May 1, 1952, shall be made:

CLEANING PROCESSES FOR LIFE PRESERVERS

NOTES: When buoyancy fillers are not removed from envelope covers during cleaning process.

Approval No. 160.006/21/0, Overall cleaning process for kapok life preservers, as outlined in letter of April 1, 1952, from Overall Cleaning and Supply Co., 220 Yale Avenue, North, Seattle 9, Wash.

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 4482, 4488, 4491, sec. 11, 35 Stat. 428, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 164, 166, 346, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, 245, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 391, 396, 404, 475, 481, 489, 526e, 526p, 1333, 50 U. S. C. App. 1275; 46 CFR 160.006)

BUOYANT CUSHIONS, NON-STANDARD

NOTE: Cushions are approved for use on motorboats of classes A, 1, or 2, not carrying passengers for hire.

Approval No. 160.008/511/0, 14½" x 24" x 2" rectangular buoyant cushion, 31 oz. kapok, American Pad and Textile Co., dwg. Nos. A-43 and C-78, dated April 24, 1952, manufactured by The American Pad & Textile Co., Greenfield, Ohio, for Thompson Bros. Boat Mfg. Co., Inc., Peshtigo, Wis.

(R. S. 4405, 4491, 54 Stat. 164, 166, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 375, 489, 526e, 526p; 46 CFR 25.4-1, 160.008)

BUOYANT APPARATUS

Approval No. 160.010/17/1, 5.0' x 2.5' (7½" x 9" body section) elliptical, solid balsa wood buoyant apparatus, 5-person capacity, dwg. No. 31052 and specifications, dated March 10, 1952, manufactured by Atlantic-Pacific Manufacturing Corp., 124 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn 2, N. Y. (Supersedes Approval No. 160.010/17/0 published in the FEDERAL REGISTER dated June 23, 1949.)

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 4488, 4491, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 346, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, 245, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 391a, 404, 489, 1333, 50 U. S. C. App. 1275; 46 CFR 59.54a, 60.47a, 76.51a, 160.010)

WINCHES, LIFEBOAT

Approval No. 160.015/23/1, Type B135 lifeboat winch, approval is limited to mechanical components and for a maximum working load of 13,500 lbs. pull at the drums (6,750 lbs. per fall), identified by general arrangement dwg. No 2105-7 dated May 15, 1951, and revised July 19, 1951, manufactured by Welin Davit and Boat Division of Continental Copper & Steel Industries, Inc., Perth Amboy, N. J. (Supersedes Approval No. 160.015/23/0 published in the FEDERAL REGISTER dated July 31, 1947.)

Approval No. 160.015/57/0, Type H21G lifeboat winch, approved for a maximum working load of 2,100 lbs. pull at the drums (1,050 lbs. per fall), identified by general arrangement dwg. No. 3337 dated July 6, 1950, and revised Apr. 11, 1952, manufactured by Welin Davit and Boat Division of Continental Copper & Steel Industries, Inc., Perth Amboy, N. J.

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 4488, 4491, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 346, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, 245, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 391a, 404, 481, 489, 1333, 50 U. S. C. App. 1275; 46 CFR 33.10-5, 59.3a, 60.21, 76.15a, 94.14a, 160.015)

LADDERS, EMBARKATION-DEBARKATION (FLEXIBLE)

Approval No. 160.017/10/0, Model 241-A/GR, embarkation-debarkation ladder, chain suspension, steel ears, steel rungs, dwg. No. 241-A/GR, dated January 10, 1952, manufactured by Great Bend Mfg. Corp., 151 East Fiftieth Street, New York 22, N. Y.

Approval No. 160.017/11/0, Model CTL-6, embarkation-debarkation ladder, chain suspension, steel ears, steel rungs, dwg. No. CTL-6, dated January 14, 1952, approved for use where the height of the boat deck above the lightest seagoing draft exceeds 55 feet and stowage facilities require special consideration of the ladders used, manufactured by Great Bend Mfg. Corp., 151 East Fiftieth Street, New York 22, N. Y.

Approval No. 160.017/12/0, Model CTL-6/WR, embarkation-debarkation ladder, wire rope suspension, steel ears, steel rungs, dwg. No. CTL-6/WR, dated January 28, 1952, approved for use where the height of the boat deck above the lightest seagoing draft exceeds 55 feet and stowage facilities require special consideration of the ladders used, manufactured by Great Bend Mfg. Corp., 151 East Fiftieth Street, New York 22, N. Y.

(R. S. 4405, 4426, 4488, 4491, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 346, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, 245, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 404, 481, 489, 1333, 50 U. S. C. App. 1275; 46 CFR 59.63, 76.56a, 94.55a, 113.47a, 160.017)

DAVITS, LIFEBOAT

Approval No. 160.032/127/0, mechanical davit, straight boom sheath screw, size A-5-6, approved for maximum working load of 5,000 lbs. per set (2,500 lbs. per arm) using 2-part falls, identified by general arrangement dwg. No. G-458, revised March 27, 1952, manufactured by C. C. Galbraith & Son, Inc., 99 Park Place, New York 7, N. Y.

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 4481, 4488, 4491, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 346, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 391a, 404, 474, 481, 489, 1333, 50 U. S. C. 1275; 46 CFR 160.032)

LIFEBOATS

Approval No. 160.035/277/0, 20.0' x 6.5' x 2.6' aluminum oar-propelled lifeboat, 20-person capacity, identified by general arrangement and construction dwg. No. 51-2020 dated January 9, 1951, and revised April 23, 1952, manufactured by Lane Lifeboat & Davit Corp., 8920 Twenty-sixth Avenue, Brooklyn 14, N. Y.

Approval No. 160.035/278/0, 30.0' x 10.0' x 4.13' aluminum, hand propelled lifeboat, 70-person capacity, identified by construction and arrangement dwg. No. 3367 dated June 15, 1951, manufactured by Welin Davit and Boat Division of Continental Copper & Steel Industries, Inc., Perth Ambody, N. J.

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 4481, 4488, 4491, 4492, 35 Stat. 428, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 346, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 391a, 396, 404, 474, 481, 489, 490, 1333, 50 U. S. C. 1275; 46 CFR 33.01–5, 59.13, 76.16, 94.15, 113.10, 160.035)

FLASHLIGHTS, ELECTRIC, HAND

Approval No. 161.008/9/0, Model F–91X, watertight and explosion-proof flashlight, Types I and II, size No. 3 (3-cell), identified by assembly dwg. No. C–1108 dated April 11, 1952, manufactured by Stewart R. Browne Mfg. Co., Inc., 258 Broadway, New York 7, N. Y.

Approval No. 161.008/10/0, Model F–81X, water-tight and explosion-proof flashlight, Types I and II, size No. 2 (2-cell), identified by assembly dwg. No. G-1108 dated April 11, 1952, manufactured by Stewart R. Browne Mfg. Co., Inc., 258 Broadway, New York 7, N. Y.

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 4491, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 346, and sec 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, 245, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 391a, 404, 481, 1333, 50 U. S. C. App. 1275; 46 CFR 33.15–1, 33.15–5, 59.11, 76.14, 161.008)

VALVES, SAFETY

Approval No. 162.001/181/0, Series 100 cast-steel body safety valve, 600 p. s. i. maximum pressure, 450° F. maximum temperature, dwg. No. D–100 dated July 27, 1951, approved for sizes 1½", 2", 2½", 3" and 4", manufactured by Marine & Industrial Products Co., 3731–35 Filbert Street, Philadelphia 4, Pa.

Approval No. 162.001/182/0, Series 110 cast-steel body safety valve, 600 p. s. i. maximum pressure, 450° F. maximum temperature, dwg. No. D–110 dated July 27, 1951, approved for sizes 1½", 2", 2½", 3" and 4", manufactured by Marine & Industrial Products Co., 3731–35 Filbert Street, Philadelphia 4, Pa.

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4418, 4426, 4433, 4491, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 346, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, 245, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 391a, 392, 404, 411, 489, 1333, 50 U. S. C. App. 1275; 46 CFR 52.65)

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, PORTABLE, HAND, DRY-CHEMICAL TYPE

Approval No. 162.010/5/0, Kidde Model 20 dry-chemical type, hand portable, fire extinguisher, assembly dwg. No. 890047, Rev. C dated March 9, 1951, name plate dwg. No. 270127, Rev. E dated February 3, 1949, manufactured by Walter Kidde & Co., Inc., Belleville 9, N. J.

Approval No. 162.010/6/0, Kidde Model 30 dry-chemical type, hand portable, fire extinguished, assembly dwg. No. 890048, Rev. C dated March 9, 1951, name plate dwg. No. 270141, Rev. C dated February 4, 1949, manufactured by Walter Kidde & Co., Inc., Belleville 9, N. J.

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 4479, 4491, 4492, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 165, 166, 346, 1028, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 391a, 404, 463a, 472, 489, 490, 526g, 526p, 1333, 50 U. S. C. 1275, 46 CFR 25.5–1, 26.3–1, 27.3–1, 28.3–5, 34.25–1, 61.13, 77.13, 95.13, 114.15)

DECK COVERINGS

Approval No. 164.006/28/0 "LORALITE," Magnesite type deck covering identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. TG10210–1826:FP3121 dated April 1, 1952, approved for use without other insulating material to meet Class A–60 requirements in a 1½-inch thickness, manufactured by Lorentzen Co., 2207 Market Street, Oakland, Calif.

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 49 Stat. 1384, 1544, 54 Stat. 346, 1028, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 369, 375, 391a, 404, 463a, 1333, 50 U. S. C. 1275; 46 CFR 164.006)

STRUCTURAL INSULATION

Approval No. 164.007/6/1, "BX Spuntex," mineral wool type structural insulation identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. TG–3619–36; FR–1404 dated May 17, 1939, bats and blankets approved for use without other insulating material to meet Class A–60 requirements in a 3-inch thickness and 8 lbs. per cubic foot density, and a 4-inch thickness and 6 lbs. per cubic foot density, manufactured by Johns-Manville Sales Corp., 22 East Fortieth Street, New York 16, N. Y. (Supersedes Approval No. 164.007/6/0 published in the FEDERAL REGISTER dated July 31, 1947.)

Approval No. 164.007/7/1, "#450 Cement," mineral wool cement type structural insulation identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. TG–3619B; FR–1466B dated July 7, 1939, approved for use without other insulating material to meet Class A–60 requirements in a 3½-inch thickness and 30 lbs. per cubic foot density, manufactured by Johns-Manville Sales Corp., 22 East Fortieth Street, New York 16, N. Y. (Supersedes Approval No. 164.007/7/0 published in the FEDERAL REGISTER dated July 31, 1947.)

Approval No. 164.007/9/1, "Banroc 202AA," mineral wool type structural insulation identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. TG–3619–36; FR–1404 dated May 17, 1939, blankets with asbestos paper facings approved for use without other insulating materials to meet Class A–60 requirements in a 3-inch thickness and 16 lbs. per cubic foot density, manufactured by Johns-Manville Sales Corp., 22 East Fortieth Street, New York 16, N. Y. (Supersedes Approval No. 164.007/9/0 published in the FEDERAL REGISTER dated July 31, 1947.)

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 49 Stat. 1384, 1544, 54 Stat. 346, 1028, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, 245, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 369, 375, 391a, 404, 463a, 1333, 50 U. S. C. App. 1275; 46 CFR Part 144)

CORRECTIONS TO PRIOR DOCUMENT

In Coast Guard Document CGFR 52–22, Federal Register Document 52–4871, filed April 30, 1952, and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER May 1, 1952 (17 F. R. 3860–3862), the following corrections shall be made:

1. Under the heading "Life Preservers, Fibrous Glass, Adult and Child (Jacket Type)," the "Approval No. 160.005/3/C" shall be changed to "Approval No. 160.005/3/0" for Model No. 51 adult fibrous glass life preserver (17 F. R. 3860).

2. Under the heading "Lifeboats" Approval No. 160.035/280/0 shall be corrected by changing the date of revision of drawing No. 26–8 from "February 21, 1952" to "April 23, 1952" (17 F. R. 3861).

Dated: June 9, 1952.

[SEAL] MERLIN O'NEILL,
Vice Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard, Commandant.

[F. R. Doc. 52–6548; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

[CGFR 52–29]

TERMINATION OF APPROVAL OF EQUIPMENT

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Commandant, United States Coast Guard, by Treasury Department Order No. 120, dated July 31, 1950 (15 F. R. 6521), and in compliance with the authorities cited below, the following approvals of equipment are terminated because the items of equipment covered are no longer being manufactured for marine service or the company has gone out of business:

CLEANING PROCESS FOR LIFE PRESERVERS

Termination of Approval No. 160.006/5/0, Moreland's cleaning process for kapok life preservers, Moreland's Industrial Laundry, 225 Roy Street, Seattle 9, Wash. (Approved FEDERAL REGISTER dated July 31, 1947.)

(R. S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 4482, 4488, 4491, sec. 11, 35 Stat. 428, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 164, 166, 346, and sec. 5 (e), 55 Stat. 244, 245, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 367, 375, 391, 396, 404, 475, 481, 489, 526e, 526p, 1333, 50 U. S. C. App. 1275; 46 CFR 160.006)

BUOYANT CUSHIONS, KAPOK, STANDARD

Termination of Approval No. 160.007/79/0, Standard kapok buoyant cushion, U. S. C. G. Specification Subpart 160.007, manufactured by Greenwood Cowan and Platt, 949 Asbury Avenue, Ocean City, N. J. (Approved FEDERAL REGISTER dated April 13, 1949.)

Termination of Approval No. 160.007/83/0, Standard kapok buoyant cushion, U. S. C. G. Specification Subpart 160.007, manufactured by O'Keefe's Auto Top Shop, 6217 Baltimore Avenue, Yeadon, Pa. (Approved FEDERAL REGISTER dated July 27, 1949.)

Termination of Approval No. 160.007/98/0, Standard kapok buoyant cushion, U. S. C. G. Specification Subpart 160.007, manufactured by Crawford Cushion Mfg. Co., 1081 West View Drive SW., Atlanta, Ga. (Approved FEDERAL REGISTER dated January 19, 1951.)

(R. S. 4405, 4491, 54 Stat. 164, 166, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 375, 489, 526e, 526p; 46 CFR 25.4–1, 160.007)

CONDITIONS OF TERMINATION OF APPROVALS

The termination of approvals of equipment made by this document shall be made effective upon the thirty-first day after the date of publication of this document in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Notwithstanding this termination of ap-

proval on any item of equipment, such equipment manufactured before the effective date of termination of approval may be used on merchant vessels so long as it is in good and serviceable condition.

Dated: June 5, 1952.

[SEAL] MERLIN O'NEILL,
Vice Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard,
Commandant.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6547; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Immigration and Naturalization Service

OFFICER IN CHARGE AT AGANA, GUAM

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN ACTIONS

JUNE 10, 1952.

Effective as of June 16, 1952, the following section is added to those provisions which were formerly designated as Part 1 of Chapter I, Title 8 of the Code of Federal Regulations, but the codification of which has been discontinued (13 F. R. 6760):

SEC. 1.48b *Delegation of authority to officer in charge at Agana, Guam.* In addition to the authority conferred by law upon officers in charge, the officer in charge at Agana, Guam, shall have authority, concurrent and coextensive with that exercised by the district director at Honolulu, T. H., to make any determination or to take any action within the purview of Subchapter B of Title 8 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

ARGYLE R. MACKEY,
Commissioner of
Immigration and Naturalization.

Approved: June 11, 1952.

JAMES P. MCGRANERY,
Attorney General.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6607; Filed, June 13, 1952; 10:56 a. m.]

Office of Alien Property

[Vesting Order 18887]

DR. HERMANN EMDE

In re: Stock owned by Dr. Hermann Emde.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181. 82d Cong., 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Dr. Hermann Emde, who there is reasonable cause to believe on or since December 11, 1941 and prior to January 1, 1947 was a resident of Germany is, and prior to January 1, 1947 was, a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: Ten (10) shares of capital stock of Hugo Stinnes Corporation, 541 Lexington Avenue, New York 22, New York, evidenced by a certificate numbered NYO 9685, registered in the name of Professor Dr. Hermann Emde, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Dr. Hermann Emde, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That the national interest of the United States requires that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, be treated as a person who is and prior to January 1, 1947, was a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 9, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6506; Filed, June 12, 1952; 8:58 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

CALIFORNIA

SMALL TRACT CLASSIFICATION ORDER NO. 338

MAY 29, 1952.

1. Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Director, Bureau of Land Management, by Order No. 427 dated August 16, 1950, I hereby classify under the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609), as amended July 14, 1945 (59 Stat. 467, 43 U. S. C. 682a), as hereinafter indicated, the following described lands in the Los Angeles land district, embracing approximately 160 acres.

CALIFORNIA SMALL TRACT CLASSIFICATION NO. 338

For lease and sale for homesites only:

T. 4 N., R. 1 E., S. B. M.:
Sec. 17, SE¼.

The lands are situated in San Bernardino County, California, in an area known as Lucerne Valley. They can be reached over a paved highway from Victorville to Lucerne Valley post office and thence over a desert road. The general area is one that is used extensively for health and recreational purposes.

2. As to applications regularly filed prior to 9:00 a. m., March 1, 1949, and are for the type of site for which the land is classified, this order shall become effective upon the date it is signed.

3. This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of such lands until 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this order. At that time the said lands shall, subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, become subject to applications under the Small Tract Act as follows:

(a) *Ninety-one day period for preference-right filings.* For a period of 91 days, commencing at the hour and on the day specified above, the public lands affected by this order shall be subject only to application under the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, 52 Stat. 609 (43 U. S. C. 682a), as amended, by qualified veterans of World War II, subject to the requirements of applicable law. All applications filed under this paragraph either at or before 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this order shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at that time. All applications filed under this paragraph after 10:00 a. m. on the said 35th day shall be considered in the order of filing.

(b) *Date for non-preference-right filings.* Commencing at 10:00 a. m. on the 126th day after the date of this order, any lands remaining unappropriated shall become subject to disposal under the Small Tract Act only. All such applications filed either at or before 10:00 a. m. on the 126th day after the date of this order, shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at the hour specified on such 126th day. All applications filed thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

4. A veteran shall accompany his application with a complete photostatic, or other copy (both sides), of his certificate of honorable discharge, or of an official document of his branch of the service which shows clearly his honorable discharge as defined in § 181.36 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or constitutes evidence of other facts upon which the claim for preference is based and which shows clearly the period of service. Other persons claiming credit for service of veterans must furnish like proof in support of their claims. Persons asserting preference rights, through settlement or otherwise, and those having equitable claims, shall accompany their application by duly corroborated statements in support thereof, setting forth in detail all facts relevant to their claims.

5. All of the lands will be leased in tracts of approximately 5 acres, each being approximately 330 by 660 feet, the longer dimension to extend east and west.

6. Preference right leases referred to in paragraph 2 will be issued for the land described in the application irrespective of the direction of the tract, provided the tract conforms to or is made to conform to the area and the dimension specified in paragraph 5.

7. Where only one 5-acre tract in a 10-acre subdivision is embraced in a preference right application, an application for the remaining 5-acre tract extending in the same direction will be accepted in order to fill out the subdivision notwithstanding the direction specified in paragraph 5.

8. Leases will be for a period of three years at an annual rental of $5.00 payable for the entire lease period in advance of the issuance of the lease. Leases will contain an option to purchase clause at the appraised value of $20.00 per acre. Application to purchase may be filed during the term of the lease but not more than 30 days prior to the expiration of one year from the date of the lease issuance.

9. Tracts will be subject to all existing rights-of-way and to rights-of-way not exceeding 33 feet in width along or near the edges thereof for road purposes and public utilities. Such rights-of-way may be utilized by the Federal Government, or the State, County, or municipality in which the tract is situated, or by any agency thereof. The rights-of-way may, in the discretion of the authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management, be definitely located prior to the issuance of the patent. If not so located they may be subject to location after patent is issued.

10. All inquiries relating to these lands should be addressed to the Manager, Los Angeles Land Office, Los Angeles, California.

L. T. HOFFMAN,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6520; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

[63146]

ARIZONA

ORDER PROVIDING FOR OPENING OF PUBLIC LANDS

EDITORIAL NOTE: In F. R. Doc. 52-5805, appearing at page 4825 of the issue for Tuesday, May 27, 1952, the third township listed has been corrected to read:

T. 4 N, R. 16 W.,
Sec. 2, lot 4,

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

Public Housing Administration

FIELD ORGANIZATION

DESCRIPTION OF AGENCY AND PROGRAMS AND FINAL DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

Section III, *Field Organization and Final Delegations of Authority*, is amended as follows:

Subparagraph 15 is added to paragraph b as follows:

15. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 12 of the United States Housing Act, as amended, and section 606 of the Lanham Act, as amended, to transfer and convey PWA, Farm Labor Camp, and permanent war housing projects to Local Authorities for low-rent use and to execute all deeds, bills of sale, administration contracts, and/or any other documents necessary therefor.

Date approved: June 9, 1952.

[SEAL] JOHN TAYLOR EGAN,
Commissioner.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6523; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Commodity Credit Corporation

SALES OF CERTAIN COMMODITIES AT FIXED PRICES

JUNE DOMESTIC AND EXPORT PRICE LIST

Pursuant to the Pricing Policy of Commodity Credit Corporation issued March 22, 1950 (15 F. R. 1583), and subject to the conditions stated therein, the following commodities are available for sale in the quantities and at the prices stated:

JUNE 1952 DOMESTIC PRICE LIST

Commodity and approximate quantity available (subject to prior sale)	Domestic sales price
Dried whole eggs, 1950 pack (packed in barrels and drums) in carload lots only, 1,000,000 pounds.	$1.03 per pound "in store" at location of stock in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Ohio, Kansas, Missouri, and Minnesota ("in store" means in storage at warehouse, but with any prepaid storage and out-handling charges for the benefit of the buyer.)
Nonfat dry milk solids, in carload lots only, 1951 production, 7,000,000 pounds, 1952 production, 7,000,000 pounds.	Spray process, U. S. extra grade—1951 production, 17 cents per pound; 1952 production, 18 cents per pound. Prices apply "in store" at location of stock in any state. ("In store" means at the processor's plant or in storage at warehouse, but with any prepaid storage and out-handling charges for the benefit of the buyer.)
Cottonseed oil, bleachable prime summer yellow, 75,000,000 pounds.	Market price or 17¾ cents per pound, whichever is higher, f. o. b. tank cars at points of storage locations.
Linseed oil, raw, 198,000,000 pounds.	Market price on date of sale. (See note on Ceiling Price Certification at the end of this price list.)
Dry edible beans	On all beans, for areas other than those shown below, adjust prices upward or downward by an amount equal to the price support program differential between areas. Where no price support differential occurs, the price listed will apply. For other grades of all beans, adjust by market differentials. Prices listed below, on all beans, are at point of production. Amount of paid-in freight to be added, as applicable.
Pinto, bagged, 650,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade, 1949 [1] crop: $8.16 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Denver rate area; $7.76 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Idaho area.
Great Northern, bagged, 744,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade 1948,[1] 1949, 1950, and 1951 crops: $8.16 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Twin Falls, Idaho, area; $8.53 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Morrill, Nebr., area.
Baby lima, bagged, 490,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 Grade 1949 [1] crop: $7.34 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. California area.
Cranberry beans, bagged, 21,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade 1949 crop: $9.60 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Michigan area.
Small red, bagged 30,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade 1951 crop: $9.06 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Portland, Oreg., area.
Small white, bagged, 190,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade 1951 crop: $8.90 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. California area.
Pink, bagged, 171,200 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade 1951 crop: $9.01 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Portland, Oreg., and California areas.
Pea, bagged, 1,000,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade 1950 [1] and 1951 crop: $8.85 per 100 pounds, f. o. b. Michigan area.
Austrian winter pea, seed, bagged, 2,203,000 hundredweight.	$4.50 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production plus paid-in freight, as applicable.
Austrian winter peas, bagged, not certified for purity or germination, 1,718,000 hundredweight.[1]	In Portland, Oreg., and San Francisco areas only. The domestic market price for feed but not less than $3.50 per 100 pounds, f. o. b. point of storage, plus paid-in freight, as applicable. Purchaser must certify that commodity will be used for feed purposes only.
Blue Lupine seed, bagged, 1,142,000 hundredweight.	$5 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production, plus paid-in freight, as applicable.
Common and Willamette Vetch seed, bagged, 130,000 hundredweight.	$7 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production, plus paid-in freight, as applicable.
Red clover seed (uncertified), bagged, 52,270 hundredweight.	$38.65 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production, plus paid-in freight, as applicable.
Ladino clover seed, bagged, certified, 38,500 hundredweight.	$135.85 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production, plus paid-in freight, as applicable.
Wheat, bulk, 25,000,000 bushels.[1]	Basis in store, the market price but in no event less than the applicable 1951 loan rate for the class, grade, quality, and location, plus: (1) 35 cents per bushel if received by truck, or (2) 30 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. Examples of minimum prices, per bushel: Kansas City, No. 1 HW, Ex rail or barge, $2.75; Minneapolis, No. 1 DNS, ex rail or barge, $2.77; Chicago, No. 1 RW, ex rail or barge, $2.80. NOTE: No wheat will be for sale in the Portland, Oreg., area until further notice.
Oats, bulk, 4,500,000 bushels [1]	At points of production, basis in store, the market price but not less than the applicable 1951 county loan rate plus: (1) 17 cents per bushel if received by truck, or (2) 16 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. At other points, the foregoing plus average paid-in freight. Examples of minimum prices, per bushel: Chicago, No. 3 or better, ex rail or barge, $1; Minneapolis, No. 3 or better, ex rail or barge, 96 cents.
Barley, bulk 8,000,000 bushels [1]	Basis in store, the market price but in no event less than the applicable 1951 loan rate for the class, grade, quality, and location, plus: (1) 24 cents per bushel if received by truck or (2) 21 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. Examples of minimum prices per bushel: Minneapolis, No. 1 Barley, ex rail or barge, $1.53; San Francisco, No. 1 Western barley, ex rail or barge, $1.58.
Corn, bulk, 50,000,000 bushel	At points of production, basis in store, the market price but not less than the applicable 1951 county loan rate for No. 3 yellow plus: (1) 25 cents per bushel if received by truck, or (2) 23 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. At other locations, the foregoing plus average paid-in freight. Examples of minimum prices per bushel: Chicago, No. 3 yellow, $1.98; St. Louis, No. 3 yellow, $2.00; Minneapolis, No. 3 yellow, $1.89; Omaha, No. 3 yellow, $1.91; Kansas City, No. 3 yellow, $1.96. For other classes, grades, and quality, market differentials will apply.
Rice, rough, bagged, 106,000 hundredweight.	Per 100 pounds $0.40 plus 105 percent of 1951 support price for class, grade and yield plus paid-in freight and/or bags, if applicable.

[1] These same lots also are available at export sales prices announced today.

Ceiling Price Certification. Any purchaser from CCC of raw linseed oil, must be able and will be required to certify that the price paid to CCC does not exceed the highest ceiling price he could pay any of his usual suppliers for the commodity in the quantity and at the price and season that delivery is made.

JUNE 1952 EXPORT PRICE LIST

Commodity and approximate quantity available (subject to prior sale).	Export price list
Cottonseed oil, bleachable prime summer yellow 75,000,000 lbs. [1]	Market price f. o. b. tank cars at points of storage locations.
Dry edible beans	
Pea, bagged, 1950 crop, 13,000 hundredweight. [1 2]	No. 1 grade delivered on track present location, on basis costs and freight paid to f. a. s. vessel at locations shown below. For export to Western Hemisphere countries—$6.50 per 100 pounds. East Coast ports. For export to other than Western Hemisphere countries—$5.50 per 100 pounds, East Coast ports.
Great Northern, bagged, 1948 crop 282,000 hundredweight. [1 2]	$6.00 per 100 pounds, U. S. Gulf ports. (See note below.)
Baby lima, bagged, 1949 crop., 490,000 hundredweight.[1]	$4 per 100 pounds, San Francisco Bay area.
Pinto, bagged, 1949 crop, 650,000 hundredweight.[1 2]	$6.90 per 100 pounds Portland, Oreg., and Gulf ports, $7 per 100 pounds Mexico border points. NOTE: Available at PMA commodity officers at Portland, Oreg., for West Coast shipments and Mexico border points, Nogales and point west. Dallas, Tex., for Mexico border-Nogales to El Paso, inclusive. Kansas City, Mo., for Texas-Mexico border points and Gulf ports. "U. S. Gulf ports" means ports with freight rates not greater than to New Orleans. Any excess freight will be for account of the buyer. Discounts for grades on all beans: No. 2, 25 cents less than No. 1; No. 3, 50 cents less than No. 1. Appropriate discounts will also be given for "off-color" beans. At CCC's option, 1949 crop beans may be furnished in place of 1948 beans in instances where stocks of 1948 beans of the type and grade desired are exhausted.
Austrian winter peas, bagged, not certified for purity or germination, 1,718,000 hundredweight.[1]	In Portland, Oreg., and San Francisco areas only. The domestic market price for feed but not less than $3.50 per 100 pounds, f. o. b. point of storage plus paid-in freight, as applicable.
Wheat, bulk, 25,000,000 bushels [1]	Market price on date of sale at point of delivery, provided delivery takes place within 15 days unless otherwise agreed upon.
Oats, bulk, 4,500,000 bushels [1]	Market price on date of sale at point of delivery, provided delivery takes place within 15 days unless otherwise agreed upon.
Barley, bulk, 8,000,000 bushels [1]	Market price on date of sale at place of delivery, provided delivery takes place within 15 days unless otherwise agreed upon.

[1] These same lots are available at domestic sales prices announced today.
[2] *Ceiling Price Certification.* Any purchaser from CCC of Pinto or Great Northern beans for export, or of Pea beans for export to Western Hemisphere countries, must be able and will be required to certify that the price paid to CCC does not exceed the highest ceiling price he could pay any of his usual suppliers for the commodity in the quantity and at the place and season that delivery is made.

(Pub. Law 439, 81st Cong.)

Issued June 11, 1952.

[SEAL] HAROLD K. HILL,
Acting President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6558; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:53 a. m.]

SALES OF CERTAIN COMMODITIES AT FIXED PRICES

SUPPLEMENT TO MAY EXPORT PRICE LIST

Pursuant to the Pricing Policy of Commodity Credit Corporation issued March 22, 1950 (15 F. R. 1583), and subject to the conditions stated therein, the following commodities are available for sale in the quantities and at the prices stated:

SUPPLEMENT 1 TO MAY 1952 EXPORT PRICE LIST

Commodity and approximate quantity available (subject to prior sale)	Export sales price
Dry edible beans	No. 1 grade delivered on basis shown below.
Pinto, bagged (K. C.), 1949 crop, 135,860 hundredweight.[2]	$6.90 per 100 pounds, with freight and costs paid to Gulf ports; [1] $7 per 100 pounds, with freight and costs paid to Texas-Mexico border. NOTE: The above offering is limited to 17,699 bags stored in Kansas City; 60,458 bags stored in Joplin, Mo.; 9,537 bags stored in Denver, Col.; 15,601 bags stored in Hackney, Kans.; and 32,565 bags stored in Woodlawn, Nebr.
Pinto, bagged, 1949 crop, 644,000 hundredweight.	At the market price f. o. b. point of storage on the date of sale. NOTE: The above quantity is available at the Portland, Dallas, and Kansas City offices. Discounts for grades on all beans: No. 2, 25 cents less than No. 1; No. 3, 50 cents less than No. 1.

[1] "Gulf ports" means ports with freight rates not greater than to New Orleans. Any excess freight to other ports will be for account of the buyer.
[2] CCC reserves the right to limit the quantity sold to any buyer and also reserves the right to limit the quantity sold for delivery at any one destination.

(Pub Law 439, 81st Cong.)

Issued: June 11, 1952.

[SEAL] HAROLD K. HILL,
Acting President,
Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6557; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:52 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Production Authority

[Suspension Order 14, Docket No. 20]

CHARLES CO., ET AL.

SUSPENSION ORDER

A hearing having been held in the above-entitled matter on the 29th day of May 1952, before Joseph Sloane, a Hearing Commissioner of the National Production Authority, on a statement of charges made by the General Counsel, National Production Authority, in accordance with the National Production Authority General Admistrative Order 16-06 (16 F. R. 8628), dated July 21, 1951, and Implementation 1 to National Production Authority General Administrative Order 16-06 (16 F. R. 8799), dated August 30, 1951; and

The respondents Charles Sussman, David Sussman, and Morris Sussman, individually and doing business as The Charles Company (hereinafter referred to as the respondents), having been duly apprised of the specific violations charged and the administrative action which may be taken, and having been fully informed of the rules and procedures which govern these proceedings, and each of them being represented by Arthur E. Dennis, an attorney at law, 1204 Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; and

The respondents having stipulated to a statement of facts to be filed in lieu of the presentation of other evidence in support of and in opposition to the statement of charges, the following findings of fact as stipulated between the parties hereto are found:

Findings of fact. 1. The respondents herein committed acts prohibited by sections 17 (a), 19 (c), and 19 (f) of CMP Regulation No. 1, dated May 3, 1951, as amended November 23, 1951, in that they placed orders with suppliers during the calendar quarter commencing July 1, 1951, and requested delivery of 113,900 pounds of aluminum when they were lawfully entitled to place orders and request delivery of no more than 56,700 pounds during said period.

2. The respondents herein committed acts prohibited by sections 17 (a), 19 (c), and 19 (f) of CMP Regulation No. 1, dated May 3, 1951, as amended November 23, 1951, in that they placed orders with suppliers during the calendar quarter commencing October 1, 1951, and requested delivery of 70,496 pounds of aluminum when they were lawfully entitled to place orders and request delivery of no more than 43,439 pounds during said period.

3. The respondents herein committed acts prohibited by section 13 of CMP Regulation No. 1, dated May 3, 1951, as amended November 23, 1951, in that they failed to cancel or reduce authorized controlled material orders which they had placed with suppliers upon receipt of a reduction in their authorized allotment of aluminum for the quarter commencing October 1, 1951, to the extent that said orders exceeded their allotment as reduced.

4. The respondents herein committed acts prohibited by section 17 (b) of CMP

Regulation No. 1, dated May 3, 1951, as amended November 23, 1951, in that they used an allotment to obtain 62,457 pounds of aluminum in the fourth quarter of 1951 and used the said material for unauthorized purposes.

5. The respondents herein committed acts prohibited by section 23 (a) of CMP Regulation No. 1, dated May 3, 1951, as amended November 23, 1951; section 10 of CMP Regulation No. 2, as amended October 12, 1951; and section 16 (a) of NPA Reg. 1, as amended October 22, 1951, in that they failed to maintain accurate records of allotments received, and procurement pursuant to such allotments; and failed to maintain adequate records of receipts, deliveries, inventories, production, and use of aluminum.

Conclusions. During the calendar quarters commencing July 1, 1951, and October 1, 1951, the respondents herein violated the provisions of National Production Authority regulations and orders as hereinabove cited by placing orders with suppliers and requesting delivery from said suppliers of more aluminum than they were entitled to order or to request delivery of during said period, by using at least 62,457 pounds of aluminum for unauthorized purposes, by failing to maintain accurate records of allotments received and procurement pursuant to allotments, and by failing to maintain adequate records of receipts, deliveries, inventories, production, and use of aluminum.

In order to correct the unauthorized use of aluminum occasioned by the violations found herein and in order to prevent future violations of National Production Authority regulations, orders, and directives by these respondents,

It is accordingly ordered:

1. That all priority assistance be withdrawn and withheld from the respondents for a period of four (4) months commencing from the date of issuance of this order;

2. That all allocations and allotments of material be withheld from the respondents for a period of four (4) months commencing from the date of issuance of this order;

3. That the respondents be prohibited from producing or acquiring Class "A" products and from producing Class "B" products (as defined in National Production Authority CMP Regulation No. 1, as amended November 23, 1951, and as may be amended hereafter), and from acquiring, using, or disposing of any materials under control of the National Production Authority, except as may be directed by the Administrator of the National Production Authority for a period of four (4) months commencing from the date of issuance of this order; and

4. In the event that the allocations and allotments of aluminum which would have been made to the respondents during the period of four (4) months commencing from the date of issuance of this order do not equal 62,457 pounds of aluminum, then all allocations and allotments of aluminum which may be made in accordance with established procedures to the respondents herein during the quarter commencing October 1, 1952, and succeeding quarters, shall be reduced by one-third (33⅓%) until such time as 62,457 pounds of aluminum shall have been withheld from the respondents herein.

Issued this 29th day of May 1952.

THE NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By JOSEPH SLOANE,
Hearing Commissioner.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6625; Filed, June 13, 1952; 11:36 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

[Administrative Order 419]

TERRITORIAL DIRECTOR AND ACTING TERRITORIAL DIRECTOR FOR PUERTO RICO AND THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO SPECIAL CERTIFICATES FOR EMPLOYMENT OF APPRENTICES AND LEARNERS

In order to consolidate previous administrative orders relating to the issuance of certificates for learners and apprentices in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, and to provide authority for the Acting Territorial Director for Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands to issue apprentice certificates, pursuant to authority under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1060, as amended; 29 U. S. C. 201), I, Wm. R. McComb, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, hereby designate and appoint the Territorial Director and Acting Territorial Director for Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands as my authorized representatives, with full power and authority, pursuant to the provisions of section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, and Parts 521 and 522 (Title 29, Chapter V, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 521, 522), to grant or deny applications for, and to sign, issue and cancel special certificates for the employment of apprentices and learners in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, and to take such other action as may be necessary or appropriate in connection therewith.

This order supersedes Administrative Order No. 86, and supplements Administrative Order No. 415.

This order shall become effective June 9, 1952.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 9th day of June 1952.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6522; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File Nos. 54-168, 54-203, 59-12]

AMERICAN POWER & LIGHT CO. ET AL.

ORDER APPROVING PLAN

JUNE 6, 1952.

In the matter of American Power & Light Company, File No. 54-203; Electric Bond and Share Company, American Power & Light Company, et al.; File Nos. 54-168 and 59-12.

American Power & Light Company ("American"), a registered holding company, having filed an application and amendments thereto pursuant to section 11 (e) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act"), and other applicable provisions of the act, for approval of a plan ("Plan") providing, among other things, for the distribution of the common stock of The Washington Water Power Company ("Washington Company") by American to its stockholders;

A public hearing having been duly held after appropriate notice, at which hearing all interested persons were afforded an opportunity to be heard;

American having requested the Commission to enter an order reciting that the transactions proposed in the Plan are necessary to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the act and are fair and equitable to the persons affected thereby, and that such order contain recitals in accordance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, including section 1808 (f) and Supplement R thereof;

American having further requested that the Commission, pursuant to section 11 (e) of the act, apply to an appropriate court, in accordance with the provisions of section 18 (f) of the act, to enforce and carry out the terms and provisions of the Plan;

The Commission having considered the record in the matter and having filed its findings and opinion herein, finding that the Plan, as amended, is necessary to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the act and fair and equitable to all persons affected thereby;

It is ordered, on the basis of the record herein and the said findings and opinion, pursuant to section 11 (e) of the act and other applicable provisions of the act, That the said Plan, as modified, be, and it hereby is, approved, subject to the terms and conditions contained in Rule U-24 and to the following additional terms and conditions:

1. That the order entered herein shall not be operative to authorize the consummation of the transactions proposed in the Plan until an appropriate United States District Court shall, upon application thereto, enter an order enforcing said Plan;

2. That jurisdiction be, and it hereby is, specifically reserved to determine the reasonableness and appropriate allocation of all fees and expenses and other remuneration incurred or to be incurred in connection with the Plan and the transactions incident thereto;

3. That jurisdiction be, and it hereby is, specifically reserved with respect to the selection or election and the composition of the initial board of directors of the Washington Company, and pursuant to Rule U-62, with respect to any solicitation of authorizations from stockholders of American or the Washington Company in connection with the selection or election of the initial board of directors;

4. That American, at the time of making the proposed distribution, send to each of its stockholders recent financial statements of the Washington Company;

5. That jurisdiction be, and it hereby is, specifically reserved to entertain such further proceedings, to make such supplemental findings, and to take such further action as may be necessary in connection with the Plan, the transactions incident thereto, and the consummation thereof;

It is further ordered, That American's request to withdraw its Rule U-44 (c) Notice and Declaration filed on December 26, 1951, is hereby granted.

It is further ordered and recited, That the transfer by American to the Washington Company of $186,000 in cash, of all of the capital stock of the Washington Irrigation & Development Company and of $43,200 in principal amount of promissory notes together with any and all claims of American against Washington Irrigation & Development Company, all as a capital contribution to the Washington Company; the changing of the 2,541,800 shares of common stock without par value of the Washington Company into 2,342,411 shares of the same stock, and the distribution by American of said 2,342,411 shares of the Washington Company common stock to the stockholders of American in partial liquidation of American as provided in the Plan are necessary or appropriate to the integration or simplification of the holding company system of which American is a member and necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of subsection (b) of section 11 of the act, all in accordance with the meaning and requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, including section 1808 (f) and Supplement R thereof.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6526; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2842]

CAMBRIDGE ELECTRIC LIGHT CO. ET AL.

ORDER AUTHORIZING SALE TO BANK OF UNSECURED PROMISSORY NOTES BY SUBSIDIARIES OF REGISTERED HOLDING COMPANY

JUNE 10, 1952.

In the matter of Cambridge Electric Light Company, Cambridge Gas Light Company, Cape & Vineyard Electric Company, New Bedford Gas and Edison Light Company, Plymouth County Electric Company, Plymouth Gas Light Company, Worcester Gas Light Company, File No. 70-2842.

The above named companies (hereinafter individually referred to as "Cambridge Electric," "Cambridge Gas," "Cape Electric," "New Bedford," "Plymouth Electric," "Plymouth Gas" and "Worcester Gas"), each a subsidiary company of New England Gas and Electric Association, a registered holding company, having filed an application and amendments thereto pursuant to section 6 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 and the rules thereunder with respect to the following proposed transactions:

The companies named above propose to issue and sell to The First National Bank of Boston, from time to time during 1952, $3,550,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured promissory notes, bearing interest at a rate not to exceed 3½ percent per annum, and maturing December 31, 1954.

The aggregate principal amount of notes proposed to be issued by each of the applicant companies is as follows:

Company:	*Aggregate amount of company's notes to be issued*
Cambridge Electric	$500,000
Cambridge Gas	700,000
Cape Electric	750,000
New Bedford	750,000
Plymouth Electric	250,000
Plymouth Gas	100,000
Worcester Gas	500,000

The application states that the proceeds to be derived from the proposed note issues will be applied by each applicant to reimburse its plant replacement fund, except in the case of Cambridge Gas which will use a portion of the proceeds to finance directly net property additions.

The application also states that no Federal commission other than this Commission, and no State commission, other than the Department of Public Utilities of Massachusetts, which has issued orders approving the proposed issuance and sale of the notes, has jurisdiction over the proposed transaction; and that total expenses in connection with the proposed transactions are estimated at $900, including legal fees of $500. The filing requests that the Commission's order become effective upon issuance.

Due notice having been given of the filing of the application, as amended, and a hearing not having been requested of or ordered by the Commission; and the Commission finding that the proposed note sales are solely for the purpose of financing the businesses of the respective companies and have been expressly authorized by the State Commission of the State in which each of said companies is organized and doing business, and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that said application, as amended, be granted effective forthwith:

It is ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act that said application, as amended, be, and hereby is, granted forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6525; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2881]

GEORGIA POWER CO.

NOTICE OF FILING REGARDING SALE OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS AT COMPETITIVE BIDDING

JUNE 10, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed with this Commission by Georgia Power Company ("Georgia"), a public utility subsidiary of The Southern Company, a registered holding company. The filing has designated section 6 (b) of the act and Rule U-50, promulgated thereunder, as applicable to the proposed transactions, which are summarized as follows:

Georgia proposes to issue and sell pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, $20,000,000 principal amount of First Mortgage Bonds, __ percent Series due 1982, to be issued under and secured by Georgia's present Indenture, dated as of March 1, 1941, as last supplemented on June 1, 1951, and to be further supplemented by a Supplemental Indenture to be dated as of July 1, 1952. The interest rate and the price to the company for the bonds will be determined through the competitive bidding, except that the invitation for bids will specify that the price to the company shall not be less than 100 percent nor more than 102.75 percent of the principal amount. The company proposes to use the proceeds from the sale of these new bonds to provide a portion of the funds required for extensions and additions to the company's property, to reimburse its treasury in part for expenditures made for such purposes and to provide for the payment of temporary bank loans incurred for such purposes.

The filing states that the issuance and sale of the proposed new bonds are subject to authorization by the Georgia Public Service Commission, the State Commission of the state in which Georgia is organized and doing business. Georgia requests that any order of this Commission granting the application shall become effective forthwith upon issuance.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than June 25, 1952, at 5:30 p. m., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the reasons for such request, the nature of his interest and the issues of fact or law raised by said application which he desires to controvert, or may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time after June 25, 1952, said application, as filed or as amended, may be granted as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rules U-20 (a) and U-100 thereof.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6527; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 812-786]

ST. LOUIS MIDWEST CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

JUNE 10, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that St. Louis Midwest Company (Applicant) has filed an application pursuant to section 6(c)

of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for an order granting exemption from the provisions of section 17, 18 (a) and 30 of said act so as to permit certain sales and purchases between Applicant and persons who may be promoters or affiliated persons of Applicant; to permit Applicant to issue and sell senior securities not meeting the requirements of section 18(a); and to relieve Applicant of certain requirements of the act concerning the filing of reports.

Applicant is incorporated under the laws of Missouri and is a closed end, non-diversified, investment company and has filed a registration statement under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The application alleges that Applicant was created as a means by which employees, officers and directors of Midwest Piping and Supply Company, Inc. (Midwest Piping) will be permitted to acquire part of Midwest Piping's common stock for a small cash payment in order to assure for the future, so far as possible, the continuance of the present personnel and management of Midwest Piping. It is further alleged that the plan under which Applicant was created contemplates the sale by Boatman's National Bank, and A. G. Stoughton, E. A. Kerbey, F. J. Blum and N. B. Champ (Trustees), individual trustees under the wills of Hugo F. Urbauer and Ina C., his wife, both deceased, of 155,938 shares of Midwest Piping stock; 100,938 shares in a distribution to the public and 55,000 shares to Applicant. The sale to Applicant provides for a cash payment of $12.50 per share and delivery of two purchase money 8 year notes at 4 percent interest per annum. Applicant's shares are to be sold to G. H. Walker & Co. (Walker), a principal underwriter of the above mentioned public distribution of Midwest Piping's stock, and Walker is to offer the shares to the employees, officers and directors of Midwest Piping. A ten year voting trust for the 55,000 shares is to be created, the original trustees of which will be the aforementioned Trustees. The voting trust certificates will be deposited as collateral for the repayment of the above described notes. At the expiration of five years from the date of purchase of the 55,000 shares, holders of Applicant's stock, upon surrender of same and upon payment of a pro rata portion of any indebtedness remaining unpaid on account of the purchase of such shares, will be entitled to receive, free from pledge and from the terms of the voting trust, a pro rata portion of the shares of Midwest Piping.

Re exemption from section 17 of the Investment Company Act. Under the Urbauer wills, the Trustees may direct disposition of the Midwest Piping shares. The Trustees have approved the plan for the sale of the shares, in cooperation with Walker, and may be deemed to be promoters of Applicant within the meaning of section 2 (a) (29) or an affiliated person within the meaning of section 2 (a) (3) of the act. Trustees may also be among the purchasers of Applicant's shares. Consequently, such sales and purchases may be prohibited by section 17 (a) (1) or (2) of the act and exemption from the section is requested.

Re exemption from section 18 (a) of the Investment Company Act. As part of the plan, Applicant desires to issue two eight year notes at 4 percent interest in addition to its common stock. Section 18 (a) of the act prohibits the issuance of senior securities by closed end investment companies except under certain conditions. Since the proposed issuance of the notes does not come within the excepted conditions of the section, exemption therefrom is requested.

Re exemption from section 30 of the Investment Company Act. Section 30 of the act requires every registered investment company to file annually with the Commission such information, documents and reports as investment companies having securities registered on a national securities exchange are required to file annually pursuant to section 13 (a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations thereunder, as well as other reports either semi-annually or quarterly and certain periodic or interim reports. The Applicant alleges that, in view of the limited purposes of Applicant and its limited functions, which will be limited to receipt of dividends in respect of shares of Midwest Piping to be purchased by it, payments on account of its purchase money notes and administrative expenses and possibly the disbursement of limited dividends to its shareholders, the reports required by the section will contain little information of value and will involve considerable administrative expenses, and requests exemption from the reporting requirements of the section and to be permitted in lieu thereof to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission annually, within 90 days after the close of its fiscal year, an annual report which will fairly reflect the financial condition of Applicant at the close of such fiscal year.

Applicant states that the price to be paid by it for the stock of Midwest Piping is fair and reasonable and that no commissions, expenses or fees are to be paid by it in connection with the purchase, and that the transaction as a whole represents a special price available only to Applicant by reason of the fact that all, or substantially all, of Applicant's common stock is expected to be owned by persons active in the business of Midwest Piping in order to afford the stabilization and continuity of employment management and control which will permit the public offering of the remaining shares of Midwest Piping owned by the Urbauer Trusts. It further states that the terms of the plan and the transactions thereunder are fair and do not involve overreaching on the part of anyone concerned and that the exemptions sought are appropriate in the public interest and consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes fairly intended by the policy and provisions of the act.

Notice is hereby given that an order granting the application, in whole or in part and upon such conditions as the Commission may deem necessary or appropriate, may be issued by the Commission on or at any time after 12:00 o'clock noon, e. d. s. t., on June 23, 1952, unless prior thereto a hearing upon the application is ordered by the Commission, as provided by Rule N-5 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act. Any interested person may, not later than June 23, 1952, at 10:00 a. m., e. d. s. t., submit to the Commission in writing his views or any additional facts bearing upon this application or the desirability of a hearing thereon, or request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held thereon. Any such communication or request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C., and should state briefly the nature of the interest of the person submitting such information or requesting a hearing, the reasons for such request, and the issues of fact or law raised by the application which he desires to controvert.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6524; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

STATEMENT OF ORGANIZATION, DELEGATIONS OF FINAL AUTHORITY, AND PLACES AT WHICH INFORMATION MAY BE SECURED

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of the Administrative Procedure Act, approved June 11, 1946 (60 Stat. 238; 5 U. S. C. 1002), and the regulations of the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register approved by the President effective October 12, 1948 (13 F. R. 5929), the statement of Organization, Delegations of Final Authority, and Places at which Information may be Secured made by the Selective Service System (14 F. R. 2676), is amended as follows:

1. Section 1 is amended to read as follows:

SECTION 1. *Establishment and functions of the Selective Service System.* (a) The Selective Service System was established by Title I of the Universal Military Training and Service Act (62 Stat. 604; 50 U. S. C. App. 451-471), as amended. The Selective Service System includes a National Headquarters, State Headquarters in each State, Territory, and possession of the United States, and in the District of Columbia, civilian local boards, civilian appeal boards, and such other civilian agencies, including agencies of appeal, created and established by the President as may be necessary to carry out its functions with respect to the registration, examination, classification, selection, delivery for induction into the armed forces, ordering to perform civilian work in lieu of induction, and maintenance of records of the male persons who are required to register under that title.

(b) The functions of the Office of Selective Service Records, which was established by the act of March 31, 1947 (61 Stat. 31; 50 U. S. C. App. 321-329), and the functions of the Director of the Office of Selective Service Records, were transferred by section 10 (a) (4) of Title

I of the Universal Military Training and Service Act, as amended, to the Selective Service System and the Director of Selective Service, respectively.

(1) The function of the Office of Selective Service Records so transferred to the Selective Service System are the preservation and servicing of the records of Selective Service obtained under the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, and the performance of such other duties relating to the preservation of the records, knowledge, and methods of Selective Service, not inconsistent with law.

(2) Functions so transferred to the Director of Selective Service include the authority to prescribe the rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of the act of March 31, 1947 and to establish Federal record depots in the several States, the District of Columbia, and the Territories and possessions of the United States.

2. Section 2 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 2. *Authority vested in the President.* Under Title I of the Universal Military Training and Service Act, as amended, the President is authorized—

(a) To select and induct into the armed forces of the United States such number of men as may be required to provide and maintain the strength of such forces;

(b) To require the special registration of and, on the basis of requisitions submitted by the Department of Defense and approved by him, to make special calls for the induction into the armed forces of male persons qualified in needed medical, dental, and allied specialist categories who have not attained the age of fifty at the time of registration;

(c) To determine the time, place, and manner of registration of those male persons required to register;

(d) To exempt from registration and liability for training and service aliens in categories specified by him who have not been admitted to the United States for permanent residence;

(e) To provide, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, for the deferment of men from training and service by reason of their occupations being essential to the national health, safety, or interest; of their having persons dependent on them for support, other than wives alone, except in cases of extreme hardship; of their physical, mental, or moral disability; and of their having children or wives and children with whom they maintain a bona fide family relationship in their homes;

(f) To finally determine, upon appeal or upon his own motion, all claims or questions with respect to inclusion for, or exemption or deferment from training and service;

(g) To delegate, and to provide for the subdelegation of, any authority vested in him under that title; and

(h) To prescribe the necessary rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of that title.

3. Section 5 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 5. *Organization and functions of National Headquarters.* The operations of the Selective Service System are largely decentralized. National Headquarters functions under the supervision of the Director of Selective Service as a coordinating agency for the State Headquarters in the several States, Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, the Canal Zone, and the District of Columbia. Within National Headquarters are the following organizational elements with functions as indicated:

(a) *Office of the Director*—(1) *Deputy Director.* The Deputy Director assumes the duties of the Director in his absence; represents the Director in activities with other agencies, as designated by him; obligates funds; and performs such other functions as the Director may delegate.

(2) *Assistants to the Director.* The Assistants to the Director carry out special assignments for the Director and perform related work as delegated.

(3) *Office of the General Counsel.* The Office of the General Counsel acts as legal counsel to the Director; advises and assists in connection with legal matters referred or assigned; perfects regulations, amendments, orders, memoranda, and such other documents as required; maintains liaison with the Department of Justice on matters regarding law enforcement, and also maintains liaison with the Division of the Federal Register and legal departments of other Government agencies; maintains the law library in National Headquarters; maintains a digest of court decisions affecting selective service operations; maintains a digest of related laws which affect selective service operations; furnishes legal opinions and advice on pending legislation affecting the Selective Service System; prepares a digest of significant correspondence for National Headquarters; and handles special assignments for the Director as delegated.

(4) *Office of Legislation, Liaison, and Public Information.* The Office of Legislation, Liaison, and Public Information serves as liaison to the Congress, to the Executive Office of the President, and to other agencies on matters not otherwise delegated; keeps the Director currently informed on all matters pertaining to legislation in which the Selective Service System might be concerned; prepares proposed legislation; studies pending legislation and related matters and prepares reports thereon as required; handles correspondence, telegrams, and telephone calls dealing with proposed or pending legislation; conducts a public relations program; clears all articles, speeches, or other information and material for publication, delivery, or dissemination; and handles special assignments for the Director as delegated.

(5) *Office of the Chief Medical Officer.* The Office of the Chief Medical Officer advises the Director on all medical, dental, and other matters coming within the purview of the healing arts; advises the Director relative to the appointment of area and State medical officers and medical advisors to the local boards; maintains liaison concerning medical functions with the Department of Defense, the medical services of the armed forces, and other departments and agencies of the government; maintains liaison with professional health associations on a national level; maintains supervision over area medical officers; maintains liaison with the Medical Advisors to the State Directors through the State Directors; establishes and maintains an appropriate health service for the personnel of National Headquarters; consults with the Department of Defense regarding the application of current physical, mental, and intellectual standards; advises the Director concerning examinations of registrants in accordance with current prescribed standards within the Selective Service System; and handles special assignments for the Director as delegated.

(6) *Office of the Chief Planning Officer.* The Office of the Chief Planning Officer develops plans and recommends regarding the availability of the manpower supply of the nation for national defense and related purposes; prepares plans anticipating the manpower procurement demands which may be made upon the Selective Service System under different Department of Defense policies and under varying degrees of emergency; develops plans and recommends policies and procedures regarding the procurement of manpower for service in the armed forces, or for any other type of service for which the Selective Service System might be given procurement responsibility; maintains planning contacts with other agencies engaged in manpower planning at the national level; prepares plans for the emergency functioning of the Selective Service System under conditions which might be caused by the direct impact of war or other catastrophe on the National Headquarters or other elements of the System; and handles special assignments for the Director as delegated.

(b) *Administrative Division.* The Administrative Division performs all personnel functions required in the operation of National Headquarters and the several State Headquarters and maintains liaison with the Civil Service Commission; prepares and maintains leave, retirement, and pay roll records for National Headquarters; issues travel orders, prepares and processes travel vouchers, bills of lading, and vouchers for National Headquarters; maintains the administrative fiscal accounts for National Headquarters; allocates and maintains office space, maintains liaison with the Public Buildings Service, General Services Administration; secures supplies and property for National Headquarters, and maintains a stockroom for the issue thereof; maintains a property record for National Headquarters; maintains a motor pool; processes and distributes printed material and maintains liaison with the Public Printer; maintains reproduction facilities for National Headquarters; maintains a clerical pool of employees; maintains a warehouse and provides for bulk shipments of forms, supplies, and equipment; and performs such other functions as the Director may delegate.

(c) *Communications and Records Division.* The Communications and Records Division establishes, maintains, and

operates the records management program; has charge and custody of all archives and permanent records of the Selective Service System other than those required for current use by other elements of the System; supervises and coordinates the activities of the Records Depots of National and State Headquarters; recommends procedures with regard to the keeping, arranging, storing, transporting, physical custody, use and withdrawing of archives and permanent records; recommends procedures for the protection, preservation, or destruction of archives and permanent records; recommends procedures and provisions for locating, identifying, describing, and analyzing permanent records; with the approval of the Director, requisitions such archives and permanent records as may be considered advisable for deposit with this division or with the Archivist of the United States for deposit with the National Archives; studies the use of and evaluates all records of the Selective Service System and provides the Director with recommendations relating to their disposal; maintains liaison with the Archivist of the United States and the General Services Administration in complying with the provisions of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, relating to records; maintains liaison with the Bureau of the Budget in complying with the Federal Reports Act of 1942 in clearing plans and forms; furnishes technical advice on the development of forms and forms procedures; maintains a Selective Service Form Manual; maintains mail and communications systems and messenger service; establishes filing systems and has custody of and maintains the current files of National Headquarters; provides a correspondence unit charged with the responsibility for answering all correspondence not requiring specific handling by another Division or Staff Office; receives visitors and telephone inquiries and answers inquiries presented by the general public; and performs such other functions as the Director may delegate.

(d) *Field Division.* The Field Division furnishes personal representation for the Director in the field; advises the Director and the Division Chiefs and Staff concerning State operations and other matters in the field relative to selective service operations; establishes and maintains liaison in the field with the State Directors of Selective Service, the State Governors, appropriate offices and commands of the armed forces, agencies of the Federal Government, and such other agencies as may be deemed necessary, including industry, labor, and agriculture; prepares and conducts training programs for officer replacements; represents the Director in coordinating the activities of scientific advisory committees; and performs such other functions as the Director may delegate.

(e) *Fiscal and Procurement Division.* The Fiscal and Procurement Division procures supplies and equipment and exercises supervision over field procurement; studies cost requirements; devises and supervises fiscal accounting procedures and prepares regulations governing fiscal, property, and pay roll procedures for the Selective Service System; supervises and coordinates civilian pay roll procedures for the System; supervises the execution of and reviews contracts and leases; audits and certifies carriers bills for payment covering the cost of bills of lading and transportation requests for the entire System; maintains liaison with the Department of the Treasury, the Chief of Finance, United States Army, and other Federal agencies with respect to fiscal and procurement matters; conducts field audits and inspections of the records and accounts of State Procurement Officers and Authorized Certifying Officers; maintains, edits, and prepares the Fiscal and Procurement Manual; prepares budget estimates for obtaining appropriations of funds for selective service operations; makes allocations of funds; maintains liaison with the Bureau of the Budget on fiscal matters; and performs such other functions as the Director may delegate.

(f) *Manpower Division.* The Manpower Division applies plans and programs for the registration, classification, selection for, or deferment from military service, and delivery for induction of persons liable for training and service in the armed forces; initiates, prepares, and coordinates regulations, procedures, and forms required in the manpower procurement process; determines quotas and credits for the States, Territories, and possessions; recommends allocation of calls to States, Territories, and possessions; maintains national records of availability, and maintains national records of deliveries to the armed forces; evaluates the effectiveness of policies and procedures in manpower procurement, and plans for the improvement of the operation or its enlargement to meet more urgent or emergency situations; evaluates religious organizations and theological schools in order to recommend their placement on the list of recognized religious organizations or of recognized divinity and theological schools; and performs such other functions as the Director may delegate.

(g) *Research and Statistics Division.* The Research and Statistics Division maintains and operates the reference library in National Headquarters; maintains and operates the statistical and research activities of the Selective Service System; collects, evaluates and disseminates statistical information; conducts statistical analyses of program nature; applies plans and programs for research in manpower mobilization and related subjects; performs statistical computations for Divisions and Staff Offices as required; compiles, edits, and prepares reports designated by the Director; makes special studies and carries out other assignments as required; and handles special assignments for the Director as delegated.

4. So much of section 6 as precedes paragraph (a) is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 6. *Organization and functions of State Headquarters.* A State Headquarters for Selective Service has been established in each of the States, except that two State Headquarters have been established in the State of New York, one for the City of New York and one for the remainder of the State. State Headquarters have also been established in Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, the Canal Zone, and the District of Columbia. Each State Headquarters is responsible for the coordination and general supervision of the activities of the local boards, appeal boards, Federal racord depot, and other selective service agencies under its jurisdiction, and for the procurement of supplies, equipment, office and storage space, and personnel therefor. Members of local boards and appeal boards, medical advisors to the State Directors, medical advisors to the local boards, government appeal agents, and advisors to registrants serve without compensation. Within each State Headquarters are the following officers and, except in Guam and the Canal Zone, a Federal record depot with functions as indicated:

5. So much of section 7 as precedes paragraph (c) is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 7. *Local boards.* At least one local board has been established in each county or political subdivision corresponding thereto of each State and Territory, of Puerto Rico, of the Virgin Islands, of Guam, and of the Canal Zone, and in the District of Columbia, except where upon recommendation of the governors or comparable executive officials intercounty local boards have been established for areas not exceeding five counties or comparable subdivisions. Each local board consists of three or more members who are appointed by the President upon recommendation of the Governor except in the case of an intercounty local board which has at least one member from each county or comparable subdivision included within its area. Each local board member is a civilian and a citizen of the United States residing in a county in which his local board has jurisdiction. In the District of Columbia an additional local board has been established which has jurisdiction over all persons registered who have no place of residence in the United States.

(a) *Jurisdiction.* Each local board has the power to determine, subject to the right of appeal to the appeal board, all questions or claims with respect to inclusion for, or exemption or deferment from, training and service in the armed forces of all men registered in, or subject to registration in, the area for which it was appointed. The decision of a local board is final except where an appeal is authorized and is taken to the appeal board.

(b) *Functions.* The local board is responsible for the registration, examination, classification, selection, delivery to the armed forces for induction, ordering to perform civilian work in lieu of induction, and maintenance of the records of men who are required by law to register and who are within the jurisdiction of the local board.

6. Section 8 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 8. *Appeal boards.* At least one appeal board has been established for each Federal judicial district in each of

the States. Appeal boards have also been established in Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, the Canal Zone, and the District of Columbia. Each appeal board consists normally, of five civilian members, residents of the appeal board area, appointed by the President upon recommendation of the Governor and includes one member from labor, one member from industry, one physician, one lawyer, and, where applicable, one member from agriculture. The functions of an appeal board are to review the cases of registrants appealed to it and to affirm or change any decision of the local board.

7. Section 9 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 9. *National Selective Service Appeal Board.* The National Selective Service Appeal Board is located at National Headquarters of the Selective Service System and consists of three members appointed by the President from citizens of the United States who are not members of the armed forces, one of whom is designated by the President as the chairman. The President has authorized the National Board to finally determine, upon appeal or upon its own motion, all claims or questions with respect to the inclusion of registrants for, or their exemption or deferment from, training and service in the armed forces. In carrying out its functions the National Board is independent of the Director of Selective Service.

8. Immediately following section 9 the following new section is inserted to read as follows:

SEC. 10. *National Advisory Committee on the Selection of Physicians, Dentists, and Allied Specialists.* The National Advisory Committee on the Selection of Physicians, Dentists, and Allied Specialists is located at National Headquarters of the Selective Service System. The members of this committee are appointed by the President from among individuals who are outstanding in medicine, dentistry, and sciences allied thereto. The functions of the National Committee, as prescribed by section 4 (j) of the Universal Military Training and Service Act, as amended, are to advise the Selective Service System and to coordinate the work of State and local volunteer advisory committees established to cooperate with the National Committee, with respect to the selection of needed medical, dental, and allied specialist categories of persons for service in the armed forces. The National Committee is independent of the Selective Service System but in performing its functions it consults with the Director of Selective Service and the Selective Service System defrays its expenses.

9. Section 21 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 21. *Authority delegated to National Selective Service Appeal Board.* The President has delegated to the National Selective Service Appeal Board the authority vested in him by Title I of the Universal Military Training and Service Act, as amended, to finally determine upon appeal or upon his own motion all claims or questions with respect to inclusion for, or exemption or deferment from, training and service under that title.

10. Section 30 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 30. *Places to secure information concerning functions and operations of Selective Service System.* Information concerning any of the functions for which the Selective Service System is responsible and its operations may be obtained in person or by letter at the office of the local board having jurisdiction over the area in which any person desiring such information is located. Information as to the location of the local board office for a particular area may be obtained from the respective State Headquarters for Selective Service. In the State of New York there are two State Headquarters, one in the City of New York with jurisdiction over that city and one in the City of Albany with jurisdiction over the remainder of that State. State Headquarters are located in the capital of each of the other States with the exception of the following:

State and Location of State Headquarters

Delaware: Wilmington.
Florida: St. Augustine.
Illinois: Chicago.
Iowa: Fort Des Moines.
Kentucky: Louisville.
Louisiana: New Orleans.
Maryland: Baltimore.
Massachusetts: Hingham.
New Jersey: Newark.
Oregon: Portland.
South Dakota: Rapid City.
Utah: Fort Douglas.
Washington: Tacoma.

State Headquarters in the Territories, possessions, and District of Columbia are located as follows:

Alaska: Juneau.
Canal Zone: Balboa Heights.
District of Columbia: Washington.
Guam: Agana.
Hawaii: Honolulu.
Puerto Rico: San Juan.
Virgin Islands: St. Thomas.

11. Section 31 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 31. *Places to secure information from records in Federal record depots.* Information contained in the records obtained in each State under the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, and other records relating thereto which are in the Federal record depots located at each State Headquarters, except in Guam and the Canal Zone, may be obtained by persons entitled thereto either by letter or in person at the respective State Headquarters having jurisdiction over the records. All records which are in the Federal record depots are confidential and information from these records may be supplied only to those persons or agencies entitled thereto under the provisions of Part 1670 of the Selective Service Regulations (32 CFR Part 1670).

[SEAL] LEWIS B. HERSHEY,
Director of Selective Service.

JUNE 11, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6550; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 27140]

BRICK FROM POINTS IN NEBRASKA TO POINTS IN MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, AND WISCONSIN

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: L. E. Kipp, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. A-3686.

Commodities involved: Brick and related articles, carloads.

From: Endicott, Hastings, Lincoln, and Nebraska City, Nebr.

To: Points in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to apply over short tariff routes rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: L. E. Kipp, Agent, I. C. C. No. A-3686, Supp. 61.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6532; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27141]

BRICK FROM POINTS IN NEBRASKA TO POINTS IN MINNESOTA AND NORTH DAKOTA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: L. E. Kipp, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. A-3686.

Commodities involved: Brick and related articles, carloads.

From: Endicott, Hastings, Lincoln, and Nebraska City, Nebr.

To: Points in Minnesota and North Dakota.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to apply over short tariff routes rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: L. E. Kipp, Agent, I. C. C. No. A-3686, Supp. 61.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52-6533; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27142]

BRICK AND RELATED ARTICLES FROM MISSOURI AND KANSAS TO MINNESOTA AND NORTH DAKOTA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: L. E. Kipp, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. A-3686.

Commodities involved: Brick and related articles, carloads.

From: Points in Missouri and Kansas.

To: Points in Minnesota and North Dakota.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to apply over short tariff routes rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: L. E. Kipp, Agent, I. C. C. No. A-3686, Supp. 61.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52-6534; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27143]

ANHYDROUS AMMONIA FROM POINTS IN ARKANSAS, TEXAS, AND LOUISIANA TO CINCINNATI, OHIO

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. 3746.

Commodities involved: Anhydrous ammonia, in tank-car loads.

From: El Dorado, Ark., Etter and Velasco, Tex., Lake Charles, Sterlington, and West Lake Charles, La.

To: Cincinnati, Ohio.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and market competition.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3746, Supp. 85.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52-6535; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27144]

BEET SUGAR FINAL MOLASSES FROM LAKE CHARLES, LA., AND TEXAS GULF PORTS TO ST. LOUIS, MO., AND EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: H. M. Engdahl, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. 70.

Commodities involved: Beet sugar final molasses, in tank-car loads.

From: Lake Charles, La., and Texas gulf ports.

To: St. Louis, Mo., and East St. Louis, Ill.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to maintain port rate relations.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: H. M. Engdahl, Agent, I. C. C. No. 70, Supp. 180.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52-6536; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27145]

SODA ASH AND CAUSTIC SODA FROM CORPUS CHRISTI, TEX., AND LAKE CHARLES LA., TO POINTS IN MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, AND IOWA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariffs I. C. C. Nos. 3906 and 3967.

Commodities involved: Soda ash and caustic soda, carloads.

From: Corpus Christi, Tex., and Lake Charles, La.

To: Points in Missouri, Illinois, and Iowa.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3906, Supp. 123; F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3967, Supp. 124.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days

from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52-6537; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27146]

PRINTING PAPER FROM KINGSPORT AND HOLSTON, TENN., TO POINTS IN THE WEST AND MIDWEST

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1201.

Commodities involved: Paper, printing, other than newsprint or carbonized print, carloads.

From: Kingsport and Holston, Tenn.

To: Denver, Colo., Lincoln, Nebr., Columbia, Mo., Des Moines, Iowa, and other points in Iowa.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger, Agent, I. C. C. No. 1201, Supp. 66.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52-6538; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27147]

BEET SUGAR FINAL MOLASSES FROM LAKE CHARLES, LA., AND TEXAS GULF PORTS TO ST. LOUIS, MO., AND EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the aggregate-of-intermediates provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: H. M. Engdahl, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. 70.

Commodities involved: Beet sugar final molasses, in tank-car loads.

From: Lake Charles, La., and Texas gulf ports.

To: St. Louis, Mo., and East St. Louis, Ill.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to maintain port rate relations.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: H. M. Engdahl, Agent, I. C. C. No. 70, Supp. 180.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52-6539; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27148]

MACHINERY FROM BELOIT, WIS., TO ROANOKE RAPIDS, N. C.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: W. S. Mercer, Alternate Agent, for carriers parties to Agent R. G. Raasch's tariff I. C. C. No. 741.

Commodities involved: Paper making or pulp making machinery or machines, or parts thereof, carloads.

From: Beloit, Wis.

To: Roanoke Rapids, N. C.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail and motor carriers and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: R. G. Raasch, Agent, I. C. C. No. 741, Supp. 21.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52-6540; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27149]

COMMODITY RATES BETWEEN WARNER, PA., AND POINTS IN THE U. S. AND CANADA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 11, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Boin, Agent, for carriers parties to Consolidated Freight Classification, Agent W. S. Flint's I. C. C. No. 64.

Commodities involved: Commodity rates.

Between: Warner, Pa., and points in the United States and Canada.

Grounds for relief: New station, rail competition, circuity, grouping, and to apply over short tariff routes rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52-6541; Filed, June 13, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

ECONOMIC STABILIZATION AGENCY

Office of Price Stabilization

[Ceiling Price Regulation 32, Supplementary Regulation 2, Section 3, Special Order 16]

BAUGH-STRAWN FIELD, SCHLEICHER COUNTY, TEXAS

CRUDE PETROLEUM CEILING PRICES ADJUSTED ON AN IN-LINE BASIS

Statement of considerations. This special order adjusts the ceiling price for the purchase of sweet crude petroleum produced from the Baugh-Strawn Field, Schleicher County, Texas.

The Office of Price Stabilization has been requested to eliminate the differentials heretofore imposed upon sweet crude petroleum produced from the Baugh-Strawn Field, Schleicher County, Texas. During the base period full production had not been attained and there was a lack of low cost pipe line transportation and as a result the crude petroleum produced from the Baugh-Strawn Field, Schleicher County, Texas, was sold at a lower price than that which is being and has been paid for crude petroleum of comparable quality in the same general area. It appears that this condition has now been eliminated and these differentials should no longer be imposed.

From the information available to this office, it appears that the ceiling prices as posted during the base period for sweet crude petroleum produced in this same general area are: $2.65 per barrel for 40° API gravity and above with a 2-cent differential less for each degree of gravity lower than 40°, down to $2.23 per barrel for below 20° API gravity; and $2.58 per barrel for 40° API gravity and above with a 2-cent differential less for each degree of gravity lower than 40° down to $2.16 per barrel for below 20° API gravity. A ceiling price of $2.58 per barrel is requested for 40° API gravity and above with a 2-cent differential less for each degree of gravity below 40°, down to $2.16 per barrel for below 20° API gravity. This ceiling price does not exceed the ceiling price of comparable crude petroleum produced in this same area.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to the provisions of Section 3 of Supplementary Regulation 2 to Ceiling Price Regulation 32, *it is ordered:*

1. That the ceiling price at the lease receiving tank for sweet crude petroleum produced from the Baugh-Strawn Field, Schleicher County, Texas, shall be: $2.58 per barrel for 40° API gravity and above with a 2-cent differential less for each degree of gravity below 40°, down to $2.16 per barrel for below 20° API gravities.

2. All provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 32, except as inconsistent with the provisions of this order, shall remain in full force and effect as to the commodities covered by this order.

3. This order may be amended, modified or revoked by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on June 13, 1952.

ELLIS ARNALL,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JUNE 12, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6593; Filed, June 12, 1952; 4:18 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 32, Supplementary Regulation 2, Section 3, Special Order 17]

CERTAIN FIELDS IN GAINES COUNTY, TEXAS

CRUDE PETROLEUM CEILING PRICES ADJUSTED ON AN IN-LINE BASIS

Statement of consideration. This special order adjusts the ceiling price for the sale of crude petroleum produced from the Doss Canyon, Robertson Canyon, Robertson Lower Clear Fork, Robertson Devonian and Robertson Ellenburger Fields, all located in Gaines County, Texas.

The Office of Price Stabilization has been requested to eliminate the differentials heretofore imposed upon the crude petroleum produced from the Doss Canyon, Robertson Canyon, Robertson Lower Clear Fork, Robertson Devonian, and Robertson Ellenburger Fields, all in Gaines County, Texas. During the base period there was a lack of competitive factors and as a result, the crude petroleum produced from these fields was sold at a lower price than is being and has been paid for crude petroleum of comparable quality produced in this same general area. It now appears that this condition has been eliminated and these differentials should no longer be imposed.

From the information available to this office, it appears that the price as posted during the base period for sweet crude petroleum produced in this same general area was: $2.65 per barrel for 40° API gravity and above with a 2-cent differential for each degree of gravity lower than 40°, down to $2.23 per barrel for below 20° API gravity. This price is now requested as the ceiling price for sweet crude petroleum produced in the above-named fields. This price does not exceed the ceiling price of comparable crude petroleum produced in this same area.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to the provisions of Section 3 of Supplementary Regulation 2 to Ceiling Price Regulation 34, *it is ordered:*

1. That the ceiling price at the lease receiving tank for crude petroleum produced from the Doss Canyon, Robertson Canyon, Robertson Lower Clear Fork, Robertson Devonian and Robertson Ellenburger Fields in Gaines County, Texas shall be: $2.65 per barrel for 40° API gravity and above with a 2-cent differential less for each degree of gravity below 40°, down to $2.23 per barrel for below 20° API gravity.

2. All provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 32, except as inconsistent with the provisions of this order, shall remain in full force and effect as to the commodities covered by this order.

3. This order may be amended, modified, or revoked by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on June 13, 1952.

ELLIS ARNALL,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JUNE 12, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-6594; Filed, June 12, 1952; 4:18 p. m.]