894.43 PEACE CONSTRUCTION RESEARCH INSTITUTE/1-14

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UNITED STATES POLITICAL ADVISER FOR JAPAN

DIVISION OF FR

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Tokyo, January 29, 1947

No. 841

Proposed Establishment of a Peace Construction Research Institute

The Counselor of Mission in Charge has the honor to inform the Department that Mr. K. Asakai of the Central Liaison Office, called at this Mission for the purpose of discussing a project for the establishment of a Peace Construction Research Institute. Copies of the proposed project are enclosed.

Mr. Asakai was informed that the matter had been given most careful consideration and that there could be little objection to the establishment of such a body, but that it is felt that it is premature to attempt a project of this nature. It was pointed out that it might be unwise to attempt such research until the peace treaty has been promulgated. Furthermore, delay in the formation of such an institute would have no effect upon its future efficiency as the historical factors would need more time before they could be viewed with entire objectivity.

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Enclosure:

Copy of prospectus of "Peace Construction Research Institute".

Original and hectograph to Department.

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Enclosure to Despatch No. 841 dated January 29, 1947 from the Office of the United States Political Adviser for Japan, Tokyo, on the subject "Proposed Establishment of a Peace Construction Research Institute".

COPY

THE PROSPECTUS

of the Proposed Foundational Juridical Person
"PEACE CONSTRUCTION RESEARCH INSTITUTE"

It is, we believe, a pressingly important matter of to-day to inquire into the means of guaranteeing eternal peace and establishing a new healthy State. For this purpose, the unfortunate causes of the various incidents or wars in which the Japanese people have been involved in the past, especially, the Manchuria Incident, the Sino-Japanese Affair, and the Pacific War, among the rest, must be investigated thoroughly, and from all possible angles, political, diplomatic, financial, economic, educational, ideological, cultural, scientific, and technical, and the results of such investigations should be recorded and handed down to posterity, so that no succeeding generation may ever repeat the blunder of attempting such incidents or hostilities again. In order to guarantee permanent peace, it is also indispensable to make future generations understand clearly enough the terrible disasters of war by leaving for them the detail records of what the present nation had to suffer in and after the wars, the tremendous loss of human life and property, severe privations of living, enormous material ravages, etc.

With the object of investigating the means of building up a new healthy State along the lines referred to above, the proposed foundational juridical person is to be established.

The Articles of Incorporation of the Peace Construction Research Institute a Foundational Juridical Person.

Chapter I. Name.

- Article 1. The Institute shall be called The Peace Construction Research Institute, a Foundational Juridical Person.
- Article 2. The office of the Institute shall be established at 45 Shimo-Takanawa-cho, Shiba-ku, Tokyo Metropolis.

Chapter II. Object and Business

- Article 3. The object of the Institute shall be to inquire into the means of guaranteeing eternal peace and establishing a new healthy State.
- Article 4. For the attainment of the object as mentioned in the preceding article, the Institute shall undertake the following business:-

(1) Thorough

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(1) Thorough research and investigation concerning the unfortunate causes leading to the outbreak of the Manchurian Incident, the Sino-Japanese Affair, and the Pacific War from all possible angles, political, diplomatic, financial, economic, educational, ideological, cultural, scientific, and technical.

(2) Inquiry into full details concerning what the Japanese people suffered in and after the Pacific War, the loss of human life and property, privations of living, material damages, etc.

(3) Recording of the results of the researches and investigations as mentioned in Items 1 and 2 of this article, and the compilation and publication, when necessary, of such records.

Chapter III. Membership and Assets.

- Article 5. Persons who support the undertaking of the Institute and have contributed money or material thereto shall be called its members.
- Article 6. The assets of the Institute, as of the date of its establishment, shall be fifty thousand yen in cash.
- Article 7. The expenditure of the Institute shall be defrayed out of contributions and other revenue.
- Article 8. The budget of the Institute and the settlement of its accounts for each fiscal year shall be submitted to the Board of Trustees for approval.
- Article 9. The fiscal year of the Institute shall commence on the first of April each year and close on the thirty-first of March of the following year.

Chapter IV. President and Advisors.

- Article 10. The Institute shall have its President.

 The President of the Institute shall be appointed in accordance with the resolution adopted by the Board of Directors. The President of the Institute as of the date of its establishment shall be appointed in accordance with the recommendation of its organizers.
- Article 11. The Institute may have its Advisors to reply to questions asked by the President.

Chapter V. Officers.

Article 12. The Institute shall have its Directors not more than ten in number, and its Superintendents, not more than five in number.

The Directors and Superintendents of the Institute shall be appointed by the President in accordance with the recommendation of the Board of Trustees.

Interim Directorate, up to the assumption of office by the Directors appointed as per provision in the preceding paragraph, shall be held by the Organizers of the Institute.

Article 13.

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Article 13. The tenure of office of Directors and Superintendents shall be three years; provided, however, that there will be no objection against their reappointment.

The tenure of officers appointed to fill vacancies shall be the remainder of their predecessors' tenure left unexpired.

Article 14. The Institute shall have its Manager.

The manager of the Institute shall be appointed by the President from among the Directors.

The Manager shall act as representative of the Institute.

The Manager shall transact at his own discretion the business entrusted to him by the consent of a majority of the Directors.

When the Manager is prevented from attending to his duties, the Director specially designated by the President shall execute such duties in his place.

Article 15. The Institute shall have its Trustees, not exceeding fifty in number.

The Trustees of the Institute as of the date of its establishment shall be appointed by the President in accordance with the recommendation of the Organizers.

When vacancies happen in the Board of Trustees and must be supplemented, the President shall appoint Trustees to supplement such vacancies in accordance with the recommendation of the Board of Trustees.

Chapter VI. Supplementary Rules.

- Article 16. Detailed regulations necessary for the actual operation of the present Articles of Incorporation shall be fixed separately.
- Article 17. Any amendment that may be proposed in the future to the Articles of Incorporation shall be made subject to the adoption of the necessary resolution at a meeting of the Board of Trustees and to the approval of the competent Government authorities.

The adoption of a resolution at a meeting of the Board of Trustees, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, except in the case where the location of the office of the Institute is to be changed, shall be subject to the consent of not less than two thirds of the total number of trustees.

Programme of Business

- 1. The business of the Institute is expected to start in October, 1946, and finish in March, 1951.
- 2. The Institute, for the execution of its enterprise, expects to receive from the Government and others, as charges for researches commissioned by them, an amount of \$100,000 in the fiscal year of 1946, and an annual supply of \$200,000 for the following four years, 1947-1950, amounting in total to \$800,000 and in grand total to \$900,000 in addition to which donations from the people at large are also expected. The budget under contemplation is attached hereto.

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3. The Institute expects to complete its researches and investigations generally in March, 1950, and publish in printed form the fruits of such work in the subsequent twelve months, so finishing all the undertaking in March, 1951.

Estimate of Average Annual Revenue and Expenditure of the Peace Construction Research Institute, a Foundational Juridical Person.

Revenue

Commissioned Donations:	sioned Research Fees:				200,000.
motol				¥	239,650.

EXPENDITURE

Item	Number	Unit	Amount	Remark
SALARY			¥118,800	Monthly, ¥9,900
Manager	1	¥14,200	14,200	
Experts	5	8,700	43,500	
Secretary and Under-secretary	2	6,900	13,800	
Assistants and Clerks	7	4,500	31,500	
Employees	3	3,600	10,800	
Subordinate Employees	2	2,500	5,000	
BONUS			¥ 79,200	Estimated at eight times the monthly salary amount.
VARIOUS ALLOWANCES			¥ 31,000	
Travelling Expen	ses		7,600	

Manager,

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<u>Item</u>	Number	Ţ	Init		Amount	Remark
Manager, Experts, Secretary and Under-secretary	. 8	¥	600	¥	4,800	
Assistants and Clerks	7	¥	400		2,800	
Emelumentary Allowances				¥	23,400	
WORKING EXPENSES				¥	10,650	
Office-operat- ing Expenses					4,650	
General	15	¥	110		1,600	
Special	15	¥	200		3,000	
Sundries					6,000	
Office Rent	20 tsubo	¥	240		4,800	Monthly \$20 per tsubo
Conference Expenses	Aggregate 240 meetings	*	5		1,200	Directors and Superintendents Meeting once every other month, and Trustees three times per annum

TOTAL

¥239,650