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Lipari

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Lipari (Sicilian: *Lipari*, Latin: *Lipara*, Ancient Greek: *Meligunis*) is the largest of the [Aeolian Islands](#) in the [Tyrrhenian Sea](#) off the north coast of [Sicily](#), and the name of the island's main town. It has a permanent population of 11,231; during the May–September tourist season, its population may reach up to 20,000.

Geography

Lipari is the largest of a chain of islands in a [volcanic archipelago](#) that straddles the gap between [Vesuvius](#) and [Etna](#). The island has a surface area of 37.6 km² (14.5 sq mi) and is 30 km (19 mi) from Sicily. Besides the main town, most of the year-round population resides in one of the four main villages: [Pianoconte](#) is almost due west across the island, [Quattropani](#) in the northwest, [Acquacalda](#) along the northern coast, and [Canneto](#) is on the eastern shore north of Lipari town.

Geology



A pumice mine just east of Acquacalda.

It is generally accepted that the island was created by a succession of four volcanic movements, the most important of which was the third one, presumably lasting from 20,000 BC to 13,000 BC. A further important phenomenon should have happened around 9000 BC ([C14 exams](#) by Keller). The last recorded eruptions occurred in the fifth century CE when the airborne pumice covered Roman villages on the island, as well as volcanic ash. The volcanoes are considered active, and steaming fumaroles and hydrothermal activity may still be seen. As a result of the volcanic origins, the island is covered with [pumice](#) and [obsidian](#). Pumice mining has become a large industry on Lipari, and the pale pumice from Lipari is shipped internationally. [↗][Nii-jima](#) of [Izu Islands](#), Japan is another locality where the pumice of the same component occur in the world. It is called Koga Stone there.

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Lipari

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Lipari (Sicilian: *Lipari*) is a small island in the Tyrrhenian Sea off the north coast of Sicily, Italy, during the May–September season.


Geography

Lipari is the largest island in the Lipari Islands. The island has a large town, most of the year is built across the island, and the shore north of Lipari.

Geology

A pumice mine just east of Lipari, Acquacalda.

a large industry on Lipari, and the pale pumice from Lipari is shipped internationally. [↗]Nii-jima of Izu Islands, Japan is another locality where the pumice of the same component occur in the world. It is called Koga Stone there.



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Geography

Lipari is the largest island in the Lipari Islands. It is the largest town, most of the year. The island is divided into two parts across the island, the northern part is the town of Lipari, the shore north of Lipari.

Geology

A pumice mine just east of Lipari, near the town of Acquacalda.

a large industry on Lipari, and the pale pumice from Lipari is shipped internationally. ↪Nii-jima of Izu Islands, Japan is another locality where the pumice of the same component occur in the world. It is called Koga Stone there.

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Lipari

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Lipari (Sicilian: *Lipari*) is a town and island in the Aeolian Islands, a group of islands in the Tyrrhenian Sea off the north coast of Sicily. It is the largest island in the group, and is the only one with a town. It is known for its volcanic activity, particularly during the May–September season.


Geography

Lipari is the largest island in the group, and is the only one with a town. It is known for its volcanic activity, particularly during the May–September season.

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Lipari (Sicilian: *Lipari*) is a town and island in the Aeolian Islands, a group of islands in the Tyrrhenian Sea off the north coast of Sicily, Italy. It is the largest island in the group, and is the only one with a town. It is known for its volcanic landscape, particularly during the May–September season.

Geography

Lipari is the largest island in the Aeolian Islands, and is the only one with a town, most of the year. It is known for its volcanic landscape, particularly during the May–September season. The island is located in the Tyrrhenian Sea, off the north coast of Sicily, Italy. It is the only island in the group with a town, and is the only one with a beach. The island is known for its volcanic landscape, particularly during the May–September season. It is the only island in the group with a town, and is the only one with a beach. The island is known for its volcanic landscape, particularly during the May–September season.

Geology

A pumice mine just east of Lipari, near the town of Acquacalda. The island is known for its volcanic landscape, particularly during the May–September season. It is the only island in the group with a town, and is the only one with a beach. The island is known for its volcanic landscape, particularly during the May–September season.

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Lipari (Sicilian: *Lipari*) is a town and a small island in the Aeolian Islands, a group of islands in the Tyrrhenian Sea off the north coast of Sicily. It is the largest island in the group, and is the only one with a town. It is the only island in the group during the May–September season.


Geography

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Lipari (Sicilian: *Lipari*) is a small island in the Aeolian Islands, located off the north coast of Sicily during the May–September season.

Geography

Lipari is the largest island in the Aeolian Islands. It is a large island with a large town, most of the island is covered in pumice, and across the island, there are many pumice mines. The shore north of Lipari is a large industry on Lipari, and the pale pumice from Lipari is shipped internationally. ←Nii-jima of Izu Islands, Japan is another locality where the pumice of the same component occur in the world. It is called Koga Stone there.

A pumice mine just east of Lipari, Acquacalda.

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Murakami, Haruki. *The Wind-Up Bird Chronicle*. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1997.

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