61st Congress, (2d Session. 5 CONFIDENTIAL.

(Executive B.

PUBLIC

MAY 2 5 1910

BOUNDARY LINE THROUGH PASSAMAQUODDY BAY.

MESSAGE

FROM THE

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

TRANSMITTING

- A TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN IN RELATION TO THE LOCATION OF THE BOUNDARY LINE BE-TWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE DOMINION OF CANADA, THROUGH PASSAMAQUODDY BAY, SIGNED AT WASHINGTON ON MAY 21, 1910.
- MAY 24, 1910.—Read; treaty read the first time and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, and, together with the message and accompanying papers, ordered to be printed in confidence for the use of the Senate.

The Senate:

With a view to receiving the advice and consent of the Senate to its ratification, I transmit herewith a treaty between the United States and Great Britain, signed at Washington on May 21, 1910, by which the location of the boundary line between the United States and the Dominion of Canada from a point between Treat Island and Friar Head, and extending through Passamaquoddy Bay to the middle of Grand Manan Channel, is fixed and defined without resort to the arbitration provided for in the treaty of April 11, 1908, between the United States and Great Britain.

WM. H. TAFT.

THE WHITE HOUSE, Washington, May 24, 1910.

The PRESIDENT:

The undersigned. Secretary of State, has the honor to lay before the President, with a view to its transmission to the Senate to receive the advice and consent of that body to its ratification, a treaty between the United States and Great Britain, signed at Washington on May 21, 1910, by which the location of the boundary line between the United States and the Dominion of Canada. from a point between Treat Island and Friar Head, and extending through Passamaquoddy Bay to the middle of Grand Manan Channel, is fixed and defined without resor to the arbitration provided for in the treaty of April 11, 1908, between the United States and Great Britain.

Respectfully submitted.

 $\mathbf{2}$

P. C. KNOX.

,5

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, May 23, 1910.

1 The United States of America and His Majesty the King of $\mathbf{2}$ the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, being 3 equally desirous of fixing and defining the location of the inter-4 national boundary line between the United States and the Domin-5ion of Canada in Passamaquoddy Bay and to the middle of 6 Grand Manan Channel, and of removing all causes of dispute 7 8 in connection therewith, have for that purpose resolved to conclude a Treaty, and to that end have appointed as their Pleni-9 10 potentiaries: The President of the United States of America, Philander C. 11 12Knox, Secretary of State of the United States; and His Britannic Majesty, the Right Honorable James Bryce, 13 O. M., his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at 14 15Washington; Who, after having communicated to each other their respective 16full powers, which were found to be in due and proper form, 17 have agreed to and concluded the following Articles: 18 19 ARTICLE I. 20WHEREAS, by Article I of the Treaty of April 11, 1908, between the United States and Great Britain, it was agreed that Commis-21 sioners should be appointed for the purpose of more accurately 22defining and marking the international boundary line between the 23United States and the Dominion of Canada in the waters of Passa-2425maquoddy Bay from the mouth of the St. Croix River to the Bay of Fundy, the description of the location of certain portions of 26such line being set forth in the aforesaid Article, and it was . 27 agreed with respect to the remaining portion of the line that 28

29 "each of the High Contracting Parties shall present to the other



within six months after the ratification of this Treaty a full 1 2 printed statement of the evidence, with certified copies of original documents referred to therein which are in its possession, and 3 the arguments upon which it bases its contentions, with a view to 4 arriving at an adjustment of the location of this portion of the 5 line in accordance with the true intent and meaning of the provi-6 sions relating thereto of the treaties of 1783 and 1814 between the ī 8 United States and Great Britain, and the award of the Commissioners appointed in that behalf under the Treaty of 1814; it 9 being understood that any action by either or both Governments 10 or their representatives authorized in that behalf or by the local 11 governments on either side of the line, whether prior or subse-12quent to such treaties and award, tending to aid in the interpre-13 tation thereof, shall be taken into consideration in determining 14 their true intent and meaning;" 15

And it was further agreed that if such agreement was reached between the Parties the Commissioners aforesaid should lay down and mark this portion of the boundary in accordance therewith and as provided in the said Article, but it was provided that in the event of a failure to agree within a set period, the location of such portion of the line should be determined by reference to arbitration;

 $\underline{23}$ AND WHEREAS, the time for reaching an agreement under the provisions of the aforesaid Article expired before such agreement 24was reached but the High Contracting Parties are nevertheless 25desirous of arriving at an adjustment of the location of this por-26tion of the line by agreement without resort to arbitration, and 27have already, pursuant to the provisions above quoted of Article 28I of the Treaty aforesaid, presented each to the other a full 29 printed statement of the evidence and of the arguments upon 30 which the contentions of each are based, with a view to arriving 31 at an adjustment of the location of the portion of the line referred 32to in accordance with the true intent and meaning of the pro-33 visions relating thereto in the Treaties of 1783 and 1814 between 34the United States and Great Britain and the award of the Com-35 missioners appointed in that behalf under the Treaty of 1814; 36

37 Now, THEREFORE, upon the evidence and arguments so pre-38 sented, and after taking into consideration all actions of the

3

respective Governments and of their representatives authorized 1 in that behalf and of the local governments on either side of $\mathbf{2}$ the line, whether prior or subsequent to such treaties and award, 3 tending to aid in the interpretation thereof, the High Contract-4 ing Parties hereby agree that the location of the international $\mathbf{5}$ boundary line between the United States and the Dominion of 6 7 Canada from a point in Passamaquoddy Bay accurately defined in the Treaty between the United States and Great Britain of S April 11, 1908, as lying between Treat Island and Friar Head, 9 and extending thence through Passamaquoddy Bay and to the 10 middle of Grand Manan Channel, shall run in a series of seven 11 connected straight lines for the distances and in the directions 12as follows: 13

Beginning at the aforesaid point lying between Treat Islandand Friar Head, thence

16 (1) South 8° 29' 57" West true, for a distance of 1152.6 meters; 17 thence

18 (2) South $8 \cdot 29' \ 34''$ East, 759.7 meters: thence

19 (3) South 23 - 56' 25" East, 1156.4 meters; thence

20 (4) South 0 - 23' 14" West, 1040.0 meters; thence

21 (5) South 28⁻ 04' 26" East, 1607.2 meters; thence

(6) South 81° 48′ 45″ East, 2616.5 meters to a point on the line
which runs approximately North 40° East true, and which joins
Sail Rock, off West Quoddy Head Light, and the southernmost
rock lying off the southeastern point of the southern extremity
of Campobello Island; thence

27 (7) South 47 · East 5100 meters to the middle of Grand Manan
28 Channel.

The description of the last two portions of the line thus defined, viz, those numbered (6) and (7), is intended to replace the description of the lowest portion of the line, viz, that numbered (2), as defined in Article I of the Treaty of April 11, 1908. ARTICLE II.

The location of the boundary line as defined in the foregoing Article shall be laid down and marked by the Commissioners under Article I of the aforesaid Treaty of April 11, 1908, in accordance with the provisions of such Article, and the line so defined and laid down shall be taken and deemed to be the international boundary extending between the points therein men tioned in Grand Manan Channel and Passamaquoddy Bay.

3

ARTICLE III.

It is further agreed by the High Contracting Parties that on 4 either side of the hereinabove described line southward from the $\tilde{\mathbf{5}}$ point of its intersection with a line drawn true north from Labec 6 Channel Light, as at present established, either Party shall have 7 the right, upon two months' notice to the other, to improve and 8 extend the channel to such depth as may by it be deemed desir-9 able or necessary, and to a width not exceeding one hundred and 10 fifteen (115) meters on each side of the boundary line, and from 11 such point of intersection northerly through Lubec Narrows to 12 the turning point in the boundary lying between Treat Island and 13 Friar Head, either Party shall have the right, upon two months' 14 notice to the other, to improve and deepen the present channel to 15a width not exceeding sixty-five (65) meters on each side of the 16 boundary line and to such depth as may by it be deemed desirable 17 or necessary; it being understood, however, that each Party shall 18 also have the right to further widen and deepen the channel any-19 where on its own side of the boundary. 20

21

ARTICLE IV.

22 This Treaty shall be ratified by the President of the United 23 States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, 24 and by His Britannic Majesty; and the ratifications shall be 25 exchanged in Washington as soon as practicable.

26 IN FAITH WHEREOF, the respective Plenipotentiaries have
27 signed this Treaty in duplicate and have hereunto affixed their
28 seals.

29 DONE at Washington the 21st day of May, in the year of our 30 Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten.

> P C KNOX [SEAL] JAMES BRYCE [SEAL]

.



,

.

.