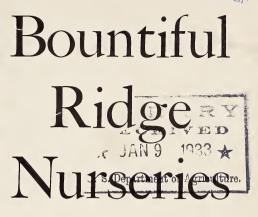
INDEXEN



Princess Anne Maryland

 Monmouth Beauty Apple
 YOUR GUIDE

 Monmouth Beauty Apple
 BETTER FRUITS

 AND MORE BEAUTIFUL HOMES FOR 1933

 THE NEW
 THE OLD



62,37

COMMON DELICIOUS

All Red & "August Color" & Still Green

The Men That Wish to Serve You Always at Your Service



HOMER S. KEMP Assistant Manager



GEO. W. KEMP General Manager

Their Long Experience in The Nursery Means Quality Stock to You



EDGAR H. KEMP Assistant Manager

Stability and Opportunity for 1933

We are rounding another turn in that winding road of time, looking forward, visualizing what the next mile stretch will bring to us during the year 1933. The past two years have been the source of pages of history for this great republic of ours which the future generations can rightly point to with pride, for the citizens of the United States have met these disturbing and distressing conditions with their usual courage, with their superior initiative, with their enviable ability, progressive spirit and untiring efforts, with a will to win. With these high standards to lead them the American citizens have beat down the dark shadows that hung over our nation for a time, until now we see the sun rising a little brighter each day, and soon this good old U. S. A. will be the hustling, prosperous, progressive country that we so much want it to be and the envy of the other nations of the world. Even these depressing times have their bright spots, for they have taught us to build on sounder foundations for permanent prosperity, they have taught us to plan before we build or plant, they have taught us to buy right, to give more thought to selection of things we buy, to spend with the idea of increasing our future income.

We do not know of any place where a few dollars can be spent to better advantage than by buying good nursery stock from a reliable nursery. Whether you buy fruit trees or berry plants that will grow in value for you as they come into fruiting or whether you buy ornamentals for beautification of your home and surroundings, in this way increasing the value of your property, you will always have a profitable and permanent investment. During every period such as we are now passing through the foundations are laid for fortunes in the future, this being made possible usually by properly investing a comparative small amount of money. An orchard planted today will be at its best in a few years and might mean independence to you.

The managers of the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries believe that they can contribute to your material gains in the future if you will buy judiciously of what they offer you in this their new catalogue for 1933. We have strived to obtain the original strains of and produce trees and plants of the most recent introductions in fruits and ornamentals so as to offer our patrons the best that it is possible for them to select and buy so they will have the most up-todate fruits and plants for the future markets. These are essential factors to the success of every planting, whether large or small. The next largest factor to your success with any planting is the quality of the stock as it is delivered to you. We have been growing nursery stock since our childhood days and have today combined our practical experience with the modern methods expounded by the various colleges of the United States until we can say without hesitating that we have as fine nursery stock to offer you as can be bought anywhere. Our vigilance to secure the newer and better varieties, our modern methods of production and distribution, and our enviable reputation for delivering TRUE TO NAME stock are outstanding factors, each great enough to show our loyalty to our patrons and the reliability of the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries.

reliability of the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries. Our duty to you this year is to offer you the results obtained by our years of experience at the very lowest prices possible. We have effected every economy possible and still maintain our high standard of quality, which we will not sacrifice under any circumstances. You will find by going through this catalogue carefully that we have made new low prices on all stock offered this year; low enough to justify your patronage if you consider quality of plant and variety, whether you class yourself a conservative buyer or are buying and planting as an investment. We want to help every planter build for the future. We would like for you to take us into your confidence and tell us of your anticipated planting plans for the future, and it is possible that we can help you bring these plans to realization and thereby lay the foundation for your fortune in the future.

We wish it were possible for us to discuss further the problems that are common to us all, but space here will not permit us to do so. We do, however, want to ask that you again send your order to us this year and tell your friends of us. We want to again pledge ourselves to give you service and satisfaction on every item that you might order from us, the grade and variety of plant being considered. We have the stock. Our prices are very low. We guarantee satisfaction. We shall appreciate your order.

MAKE YOUR FARMS MORE PROFITABLE AND YOUR HOMES MORE BEAUTIFUL WITH BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERY PRODUCTS

THE STATING OF TRUTHFUL FACTS

We made our first planting of Nursery stock in Somerset County, Maryland, in the spring of 1907. We had been located in western Pennsylvania, but the growing conditions there were so that we knew if we were to hold our trade and build our business up as it should be we would have to seek a better location. After considering many sections of the United States we finally decided on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, and made our first planting on a large 200-acre farm near Princess Anne during the spring of 1907. The results obtained from this planting were such that we knew we had ideal conditions to develop the Nursery business at our new location. After struggling for more than twenty years trying to produce good trees and plants in Pennsylvania, where our climatic and soil conditions were not favorable to growing them, we cannot tell you how gratified we were to see the results of our efforts here in Maryland. We knew the principles of producing Nursery stock, but we never had the advantages that only Mother Nature can give through proper geographical location. Here at Princess Anne we could grow a fruit tree as large in two years as we could possibly grow it in three years in Pennsylvania. We could grow it with less cultivation and fertilization. We could grow it at a greatly reduced cost of production. We could produce a tree or plant with a better root system because of soil conditions.

..., We could grow a more uniform growth on our stock, giving the planters a tree or plant each year that would run uniform in size. We could grow our stock without fear of winter injury from sudden freezes and low temperatures. We could carry our stock through the winter without winter storage and give our patrons stock kept alive and vigorous with Nature's moisture. We could produce a tree or plant that would thrive whether it was planted in the far north, or south, or west.

THE REASONING ABILITY OF AN UNPREJUDICED MIND

Now that we have told you some of the reasons why the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries are located at Princess Anne, Maryland, we wish to substantiate these statements with some reasons from which you can draw your own conclusions. Why will stock grow so well here, why is it hardy, and why do we make the claims we do? Our geographical location gives to us one of the most ideal conditions to be found in the Temperate Zone. Our growing seasons are long. Our rainfalls are uniform enough that lack of moisture does not affect the growth of any of our trees or shrubs which root deeply. Our summers are not excessively hot so as to produce too tender a growth. Our fall season comes on gradually, never giving us a frost that will damage Nursery stock while it is yet growing. Our winters are mild, very seldom having temperatures lower than 12 degrees F; our cold nights remaining long enough in the spring to hold our stock dormant so it will not be damaged by late frost. Our soil varies from a rich chocolate loam, where all of our deeper rooted plants and trees are growing, to the lighter sandy soils, where our strawberry, raspberry and blackberry plants grow, because they can be dug at any time with their full-root system. Our water level is comparatively close to the surface, so that when we are in severe droughts our trees and plants obtain moisture from below if we keep our top soil worked well. We do not have to use a lot of fertilizer to force a growth on our stock. It grows natural with Nature's help and our thorough methods of cultivation and propagation. Do these things sound reasonable to you? Don't you consider them natural advantages for producing Nursery stock?

ARE YOU OPEN TO PERSUASION?

We have tried to state the facts as they are in a simple way so anyone could understand them. We know we can grow as good stock or better than it is possible for most other nurseries to produce, and we know that it is possible for us to produce it at a much more reasonable price than most other nurseries can, quality of stock being considered. We also know that we can stand back of our stock, guaranteeing it to be thrifty, guaranteeing it to be hardy, guaranteeing it to be free from all injurious diseases, guaranteeing it to give absolute satisfaction to everyone who buys it. It is not humanly possible for any nursery to give their products any more careful attention than we give our nursery. Mr. George W. Kemp, general manager of our nursery, who is now rounding out his sixty-fifth year, has given his entire life to the study of producing and distributing nursery stock. His two sons, Edgar H. Kemp and Homer S. Kemp, have spent most of their years since childhood in the nursery business with their father, and we believe, being interested in the business as we are, giving every branch of it our personal supervision, participating actively in the development of the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, delivering to their patrons hardy, thrifty, productive true-to-name trees and plants, serves as one of the greatest guarantees to the buyer that deals with the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries that he will get satisfaction and liberal treatment in whatever he may buy.

Consider what the selection of proper seedling understock can mean to an orchardist ten years after planting a tree. Consider what it can mean to a planter who may be sacrificing in order to plant an orchard which might mean his success or failure in the near future to have trees that are grown from buds cut directly from bearing trees by a man who is really interested in his nursery and is selecting the best trees of each variety or the best plants of each species to cut buds and grafts from to propagate his trees and plants. Doesn't it mean something to you to have trees and berry plants propagated from the finest types of each variety and species which will produce much heavier, and, in the case of apple trees, come into fruiting from one to four years sooner than trees produced by cutting buds and grafts from the nursery rows year after year? Does it mean anything to you to be able to buy stock which you can plant with absolute assurance that it is going to prove true to name? Does it mean anything to you to start with disease-free stock that will thrive and produce for you? Does it mean anything to you as a planter to deal direct with a nursery that gives the growing of their stock personal supervision and are always looking for better fruit and plants which will mean added profits to you as their patrons and who offer you only what they consider the most dependable of our present-day varieties and species of trees and plants, giving honest descriptions and ripening periods as near as it is possible to do so? We could go on asking questions like these until we covered pages, but we are sure that you know what we are trying to tell you, and we hope that you will answer each of these questions in your own mind, being unprejudiced in your conclusions, and choose the right nursery to buy your trees and plants from this year.

CAN WE FIGHT FAIR TODAY?

The Bountiful Ridge Nurseries has always tried to be in the open in anything they said or did towards their customers. We don't claim to be perfect and we don't say that we never make a mistake, for if we did we would be telling a deliberate untruth, but we do say that we are men enough to admit our mistakes when we make them and do our best to correct them. We don't want to get your order by ridiculing other nurseries. We want your order on the merits of our stock and our methods of doing business. We know that you are often told not to buy that southern stock or that northern stock. You are often told that you will be treated unfair by dealing away from home and that the stock will be nothing but trash, inferior in quality and infected with disease. You will have most any story told you in order to get your order. We cannot be present to refute these charges, so we must tell you of our nursery and our stock in black and white print so you can read it for yourself, and, if necessary, show it to the person who makes these untrue statements about us. You can listen to his replies and draw your own conclusions. We know we can depend upon you being your own honest judge. We are not way down south, neither are we way up north; we are in the Temperate Zone, where the temperatures are not excessively hot nor excessively cold, and our stock will do well whether planted north, south or west. Statistics show our average temperature for the year to be 56 degrees F., as compared with 58 degrees F. at Atlanta, Georgia, 53 degrees F. at Columbus, Ohio, and 50 degrees F. at Hartford, Connecticut. Our stock grows natural and is not forced in order to have a large tree or plant. We used less than \$400.00 worth of fertilizer this past season in our nursery, where we now have growing more than seven hundred thousand fruit trees, twenty-five thousand evergreens, fifty thousand flowering shrubs, shade trees and climbing vines, besides several millions of strawberry, raspberry and blackberry plants and grape vines. Our stock must be hardy when it is grown naturally and matured naturally and gradually in the fall of the year. We are members of the American Association of Nurserymen, a national organization, and all stock is graded by the standards set by this organization except where stock is graded special for some orders. You will always find our stock running strong to grade, and in fruit trees they will be graded both as to height and thickness of the body, which guarantees to you a uniform tree at all times. Everything we ship has been passed on by our state inspector. It also passes the eyes of our experienced graders, and we guarantee our stock to be free from injurious diseases of any kind. We want to play the game fair regardless of the tactics pursued by our competitors, for we feel that you, as a buyer, can discern and appreciate honest and sincere efforts.

PROOF OF THE PUDDING

The constant increase in the number of our customers who have sent us orders from practically every state in the Union and Canada certainly speaks well for our efforts. The increasing thousands of trees and plants we ship each year shows the confidence placed in us. The reports of the various state inspectors who have inspected our shipments on their arrival to the planters show that we are delivering disease-free stock. The many fine letters we receive from patrons in the far north prove the hardiness of our stock in the northern states and in the mountainous district. The results of our stock which has been planted in the far southern states, such as Texas, Arizona and Georgia, show it will do well in the south and west. The fact that we invite you to come to our nursery and see the stock growing, and if you order from us invite you to have your state inspector go over all stock we ship you, abiding by his instructions, replacing free any stock which he might reject, proves we have confidence in our stock and that thousands of planters in every part of the country have confidence in our stock, and should you place your order with us we know you will boost Bountiful Ridge Nurseries stock in the future.

WILL YOU GIVE OUR STOCK A FAIR TRIAL

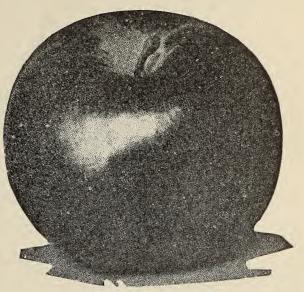
We don't say we have the best in the world, but we do say that we have as good as can be grown, and we further say, quality of tree or plant, the care with which it is grown, and all we have said taken into consideration, no greater values in Nursery stock can be had for the dollar invested than can be found at the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries. We ask that you give our products a fair trial, wherever you are located. You can buy cheaper stock, but buying for price alone is the worst thing any orchardist, any berry grower or any planter can do when he is buying Nursery stock, for he is making a permanent investment, one that will be made to give profits in the years to come, and if you get started wrong it may mean the loss of fortunes to you. Remember, and always choose the right source for the Nursery stock you buy, for you are not going to get something for nothing anywhere. We are in close contact with conditions as they exist, we have put our prices as low as it is possible to put them and still deliver the type of nursery stock you should plant, so please consider this when you see lower prices quoted. Many nurseries are higher in price, and have to be because of their unfavorable locations for producing the stock they sell and their overhead costs, such as labor, real estate and taxes, are higher. We wish to give you the best that it is possible to grow at the lowest price possible to give you. Now we are going to ask you a straightforward question. Do you approve of what we have tried to tell you? If you do, we hope you will at least give us a part of your order for what stock you are going to plant this spring. We have tried to be plain and honest in our story to you about our nursery and our methods of doing business. We are going to carry on here at the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, and we are going to give the best we have in us to serve you in a satisfactory way, and we need your order to encourage us. Bring your planting problems to us. The knowledge we have gathered through years of experience may benefit you in some way. We are always glad to help you when we can, and we trust you will lend a hand to a nursery that is trying to go forward on a fair basis by sending your order to us this spring, whether it be for fruit trees, berry plants or ornamentals. You can buy them all at the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries at prices which will mean a real saving to you.

MAKE YOUR FARMS MORE PROFITABLE AND YOUR HOMES MORE BEAUTIFUL WITH BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERY PRODUCTS

ARE YOU PLANTING THE BEST NEW AND OF RECENT APPLES OF RECENT INTRODUCTION IMPROVED THE RED ROME BEAUTY SPORTS GALLIA BEAUTY - OHIO RED ROME - DARK RED ROME

The advantages of either growing highly colored fruit or growing green colored apples in the past few years has been clearly demonstrated to all growers, and it is with this in mind we want to call your attention to the above sports of the Rome Beauty Apple. Possibly where the Rome Beauty thrives no other apple brings as much return to the grower as this variety of apple, and with increased color the return would be much greater. There have been many variations of the Rome Beauty lin color and quality, but few of them have been worth while. The Gallia Beauty Red Rome, Ohio Red Rome and Dark Red Rome seem to be the only ones to stand the test. We mean by this they have retained the size and texture of the old Rome, which is one of its valuable assets, at the same time having the ame vigorous and productive tree. There is little difference in the Gallia Beauty and the genuine Ohio Red Rome, possibly the Gallia Beauty being slightly larger in size. Both are about equal in color, being a clear bright red, without the usual Rome Beauty planter will find it superior to the regular Rome Beauty. The Dark Red Rome should be planted on very light soil or on high, dry elevation, or else it will get too dark for the eastern grower. We have re-ceived the grafts for our trees from the original trees in Ohio, and we know they are true-to-name, and varieties to all our patrons where they want more color on the Rome Beauty type of apple. FOR THE FIRST TIME WE OFFER THEM AT THE SAME PRICE AS ALL OTHER STANDAED

FOR THE FIRST TIME WE OFFER THEM AT THE SAME PRICE AS ALL OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES.



GALLIA BEAUTY RED ROME

The McIntosh Apple and Its Hybrids As Money Makers

CASH IN ON THE POPULARITY OF THE MCINTOSH APPLE BY PLANTING THESE VARIETIES WHICH RIPEN FROM EARLY TO LATE. THEY ARE WORTH CONSIDERING.

EARLY McINTOSH: Typical McIntosh in appearance; not quite so good quality, ripening about DUCHESS season or six to eight weeks before regular McIntosh. Extremely thrifty tree and good cropper.

MILTON: Typical McIntosh, coloring full red; very good quality, about equal to McIntosh, being same textured Tree not as vigorous as Early McIntosh. Ripens three to four weeks before McIntosh or just before Wealthy. apple.

MELBA: Truly a McIntosh in quality and appearance, only more flat in shape, ripening a week before McIntosh. Drops badly before coloring as it should in southern districts. Vigorous tree.

30: Same season as the McIntosh; larger apple, and colors a more full red than the regular McIntosh before Extra good quality. Tree equal to McIntosh. Comes recommended highly to replace the regular McIntosh for the LOBO: dropping. Extra good quality. Tree e Middle Atlantic and southern growers.

CORTLAND: A cross between Ben Davis and McIntosh, ripening two to four weeks later than McIntosh. About equal in size, colors well, same textured fruit, but not quite as good quality. ITS MAIN QUALITY IS THAT IT HANGS TO THE TREE TILL IT IS WELL COLORED AND WILL SELL AS MCINTOSH ON THE MARKETS.

MACOUN: Very highly colored, having no stripe. Same quality as McIntosh, same textured fruit, hangs to tree better than McIntosh, and ripens two to three weeks after Cortland. Tree about equal to McIntosh, a regular bearer, and strongly recommended to lengthen the McIntosh season and give the Middle Atlantic and southern growers a McIntosh type fruit they can grow successfully.

WE OFFER ALL OF THE ABOVE HYBRIDS AT NO ADVANCED PRICE OVER OUR REGULAR VARIETIES

The Monmouth Beauty Apple

SALES FROM YOUNG ORCHARDS THIS YEAR SHOW IT IS WORTHY OF BEING PLANTED

Introduced by us in 1925, we can truthfully say that it is one of the finest mid-season commercial apples now in cul-tivation. Originating in Monmouth County, N. J., it has proven itself to be hardy and a thrifty grower, a regular bearer of large to very large, almost solid red apples of superior quality for cooking and eating purposes. Has tough skin with white flesh and juicy. Ships well and keeps well for a summer apple. It has now been fruited in several widely distrib-uted sections and we feel can now be classed among the tried and tested profitable varieties to grow, it being a large apple ripening just after the Duchess and before Wealthy fills a place where it has very little competition and brings good prices. The tree is spreading in growth and bears very young. We have some unusually fine stock this year. Prices have again been reduced. Now is the opportune time to plant them.

						E	ach	10 for	50 for
5	to	6	feet.	2-year	well branched	trees\$	1.00	\$4.00	\$15.00
4	to	5	feet,	2-year	well branched	trees	.75	3.00	12.50
4	to	5	feet,	1-year	whips		.75	3.00	12.50
3	to	4	feet,	1-year	whips		.50	2.50	11.00

NEW VARIETIES CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

THE DELICIOUS SUPREME SEE FRONT COVER FOR COLOR ILLUSTRATION

THE FAMOUS DELICIOUS APPLE SCORES AGAIN BY GIVING TO THE PEOPLE A BLOOD-**RED MUTATION THAT PROMISES TO REVOLUTIONIZE THE FUTURE OF** THE DELICIOUS APPLE

We are giving you a brief history of the apple and our own personal opinion and description of it along with the opinions of some of the leading orchardists and fruit buyers of the Northwest Apple District.

opinions of some of the leading orchardists and fruit buyers of the Northwest Apple District. In the spring of 1910 Mr. G. T. Richardson planted near Monitor, Washington, an orchard consisting of 425 Delicious apple trees. When the orchard came into bearing Mr. Lewis Richardson, the present owner, noticed that the apples on one tree were much deeper red in color than any of those on the adjoining trees. He did not at once pay much attention to this seemingly freak tree, but when the tree continued to bear these large, highly colored apples he was amazed, and concluded that here was a definite variation from the other Delicious and one that would prove valuable. Accordingly he showed the fruit to the management of the Columbia & Okanogan Nursery Company of Wenatchee, Washington. After an investigation which revealed that the apples from this tree were a true Delicious in every way except for the increased color. The Nursery Company saw that here was an apple that was worth millions of dollars to the fruit industry of the world providing the tree could be propagated and grown that would produce fruit identical with the parent tree. They accordingly entered into negotiations with Mr. Lewis Richardson, the son of the original owner, and who is now owner of the orchard, and secured the exclusive propagating rights from this tree. They then grafted several surrounding trees and budded a number of young nursery trees from the original tree, to see if this color would carry through to the next gen-eration. eration.

The following year buds were taken from these grafts and again the following year buds were taken from buds set the year before, giving us three generations of trees.

In the fall of 1925 the first grafts set bore fruit identical with the parent tree. SOLID RED—NO STRIPE WHAT-EVER, even in the shaded portions of the tree, getting this brilliant color about two to three weeks before the fruit on the old Delicious trees nearby began to color any noticeable amount. In 1926 and 1927 two other generations of this remark-able fruit bore and the fruit was identical with the parent tree. It was then released to the planters for orchard planting, being called and trade-marked "RICHARED" DELICIOUS. We, the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, secured propagating rights to the apple in July, 1928, and at once set 25,000 buds in the best seedlings we had, and have at this time a fine stock of the trees for our patrons. Every tree has a well developed root and seems to be unusually rugged. Many of the trees are now over six feet tall at one year old.

now over six feet tall at one year old. We have exhibited the fruit of the Richared at many fairs and horticultural meetings in the east, some of the fruit being two years old, from storage, and have given it every test possible in comparison with the old Delicious, and must say that it stands out as a definite and permanent improved Delicious. It has everything to recommend it where high colored Delicious fruit is desired. The fruit colors several weeks ahead of the old Delicious and colors equally as well on every part of the tree regardless of foliage. This means you can pick earlier—before the fruit is dead ripe, which enables you to handle it more readily either for immediate marketing or for storage, and gives you almost all extra fancy grade apple. Any grower can realize what this means to him in dollars and cents, and while the trees may seem a little high, we want to say to all our patrons that if you wish Delicious type of apple and are not now getting enough color on your old Delicious to realize these increased price you get for the first bushel of apples picked from a RICHARED Delicious tree and then you are able to realize these increased profits throughout the entire life of the tree. So again we say to you if you wish the DELICIOUS TYPE of apple do not let the increased price on the RICHARED DELICIOUS stop you from ordering these trees. Sign the special order agreement when ordering RICHARED.

We have thousands of RICHARED TREES this year in all grades, one and two year. We have reduced the prices again, so we say: "If you want Delicious type of apples, plant RICHARED DELICIOUS, and get your trees from BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES."

The following letters will be of interest to you. READ THEM. PRICES ON PAGE FIVE.

AMERICAN FRUIT GROWERS ORCHARD MANAGER MAKES LARGE PLANT OF "RICHARED"

MAKES LARGE PLANT OF "RICHARED" Wenatchee, Wash., October 24, 1927. Last spring I decided to set out an orchard of my own, and my observations over a period of years led me to be-lieve that I wanted a large portion of my own orchard planted to Delicious, as it has been a consistent money getter for the grower in this district. After a good deal of deliberation, I decided that your "RICHARED" Delicious was the apple I wanted on account of solid, blood-red, early coloring, early picking, less liability of loss from drop, large percentage of Extra Fancy, as this colors so much more than the common Delicious, coloring even in the shade and dense foliage, together with better keeping qualities. All these qualities convinced me that this was the profitable apple for me to plant, and I did plant about one thousand of them last spring. They were good trees and have made very satisfactory growth. very satisfactory growth.

Vth. Yours very truly, FRANK H. AYERS.

Mr. Ayers is orchard manager of the 276-acre Birchmont Orchards, belonging to the American Fruit Growers, and has been in charge of this immense orchard for the last seven years. In addition to Mr. Ayers, personal plant the American Fruit Growers also planted many "RICHARED" Delicious trees this past year.

WILL ENTIRELY REPLACE PLANTING OF COMMON DELICIOUS

EDWARD TRUMBLE Consulting Horticulturist

Wenatchee, Washington.

I have seen and observed your new strain of Delicious the "RICHARED," both on the original parent tree and also the

apples on the young trees, and in my opinion you have the most beautiful apple in the world. It is certainly marvelous to see these full blood-red color in August while Delicious on adjoining trees are still green. This added color, with advantages of earlier picking, earlier marketing, firmer ap-ples, more extra fancies, no loss from "windfalls," and bet-ter keeping qualities, convinces me that in the "Richared" Delicious you have an apple worth millions of dollars to the apple industry of the world. I have seen and tasted your "Richared" Delicious which the records at the cold storage plant showed were kept in cold storage for three (3) seasons—apples picked in 1925 and still firm, crisp and juicy in September, 1927—two years later.

years later.

I have no hesitancy in stating that in my opinion the "Richared" Delicious will entirely replace plantings of com-mon Delicious and that it is a better apple from every standpoint.

R. EDWARD TRIMBLE.

Consulting Horticulturist.

"RICHARED" REPRODUCES TRUE TO TYPE Wenatchee Produce Co., Inc.

Wenatchee Froduce Co., Inc. Wenatchee, Wash., October 22, 1927. I was indeed surprised when I first saw the original "RICHARED" Delicious tree at the Richardson Orchard during the early fall of 1926, which at that time was loaded down with deep red apples, while the apples on the other Delicious trees in the same orchard were still green. I also saw the young trees propagated from the parent tree and they also were bearing apples of identical type. Yours truly, WENATCHEE BRODUCE CO

WENATCHEE PRODUCE CO ... By CONRAD RAN, President.

IN U. S. PATENT OFFICE

Prices on RICHARED DELICIOUS AND BLAXTAYMAN These Prices are for the Spring of 1933

EVEN THE BEST OF OUR PRODUCTS HAVE BEEN REDUCED IN PRICE

	ONE-YEAR				
	1-11	12 - 24	25 - 49	50-99	100 - 499
4 to 6 feet, 1-year	\$.80	\$.70	\$.60	\$.50	\$.45
3 to 4 feet, 1-year		.65	.55	.45	.40
2 to 3 feet, 1-year			.40	.30	.25
	TWO-YEAR				
	1-11	12-24	25 - 49	50-99	100 - 499
5 to 7 feet, 2-year, 11-16 inches	up\$1.00	\$.80	\$.65	\$.55	\$.50
4 to 5 feet, 2-year, 9-16/11-16 inc	hes up90	.70	.55	.45	.40
3-4½ feet, 2-year, 8-9-16 inches	up60	.50	.40	.30	.20

These prices are for Richard and Blaxtayman trees delivered to you. Further discounts allowed on large quantities. Write to us if you are interested in planting some of these, the finest of all recent introductions of fruits. Give quantities and grades desired.

BLAXTAYMAN

(Trade Mark)

THE FULFILLMENT OF THE FRUIT GROWER'S WISH—A SOLID BRIGHT RED APPLE WITH STAYMAN'S QUALITY AND THE SAME HARDY AND PRODUCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS

First offered by the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries in the spring of 1930, and we consider it one of the most valuable apples of recent introduction to the eastern fruit grower. See back cover page for color illustration.

The fruit is equally as large or larger than the Regular Staymans. The tree is equally as thrifty as the Old Staymans. The apple has a slightly tougher skin, which tends to make it keep better in storage and carry better to the markets. The apple, having a slightly heavier skin, has never been known to crack at the stem. The apple will not scald in storage as readily because of its clear bright red color without any stripe. The apple has the same shape as the old type of Staymans. Winesap. Because of its solid red color you can pick the apple earlier if desired and seek the export markets with one of the best quality apples now in cultivation. Because of its solid red color you can harvest almost 100% extra fancy grade and fancy grade apples. Can you as a planter disregard these natural advantages which nature has contributed to our progressive age? We give a brief history of this wonderful apple.

The management of the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries are proud of the privilege to offer their patrons another Blood Red apple as a companion to the Blood Red Delicious. This apple was found among a planting of 75 Staymans Winesap trees planted in 1906. From the start it has produced apples which were in sharp contrast with apples from the other Staymans Winesap trees. The tree was a typical STAYMANS WINESAP tree in every way, having the same type of foliage and habits of growth, but the fruit was a SOLID BLOOD RED, without a trace of stripe, over the entire tree. It was also noticed that it got this very attractive color at least ten days before the other Staymans Winesaps in the same orchard began to color any noticeable amount, even though the fruit came to maturity at apparently the same time.

Realizing the advantages of this Blood Red color of the apple and still retaining the full quality of the Old Staymans, tests were made to be sure the tree would reproduce true to type. We top-worked some trees in the orchard and set buds in the nursery for three years, taking buds from grafts set the first year from the original tree and the following year we took buds and grafts from these and worked them on other trees, bringing them to fruiting as soon as possible. Our every hope was fulfilled when these topworked trees came into fruiting and proved that the full red color of the fruit would carry through to coming generations of trees and give to the fruit-growing world a BLOOD RED STAYMANS WINESAP APPLE. This will mean millions of dollars in time to come to the fruit grower, for with its BLOOD RED COLOR the apple brought with it a thicker and tougher skin.

Continued tests have proven that the Blaxtayman colors a beautiful solid RED all over without a trace of a stripe. That it does not crack at the stem as the old Staymans. That it is crisp and juicy and that it has the same excellent flavor as the Staymans Winesap. That the Blaxtayman has a firmer texture and a thicker skin than the regular Staymans and will not scald in storage, which enables the grower to pick it earlier and keep it longer. It has everything to recommend it.

It pays to plant the best regardless of price, and every alert orchardist should choose his varieties by looking into the future and visioning what competition he will have to meet when these trees now set come into heavy fruiting. You should plant the best of each type of fruit, varieties that will sell at any time, for this is what makes your orchard profitable. You cannot discount the advantages to be realized from planting an apple that colors a full BRIGHT RED and has the shape and quality of the Old Staymans, with the added advantage of the fruit not cracking and holding better in storage, and we urge that if you desire the Staymans type of fruit plant the Blaxtayman by all means, not for the present, but for your future market. We have further reduced the price this year and are trying to meet you in every way possible for we want you to succeed. Plant liberally of these Red Sports. They are bound to be winners for you. Our trees are fine this year—both one and two year olds. ORDER NOW.

5

GENERAL LIST OF VARIETIES AND PRICES OF **APPLE TREES**

No other fruit can take the place of the apple whether it is planted for home use or in a large com-mercial planting for profit. No other fruit will thrive over so wide a range of soil and climate. No other fruit has the general health-giving merits of the apple. THE APPLE TODAY IS THE KING OF ALL FRUITS. We have listed here some varieties that are adapted to most any section of the WORLD, and you can select the varieties which you know will succeed for you wherever you wish to plant them. Sta-tistics gathered over a period of years show that FRUIT GROWING HAS PROVEN ONE OF THE MOST PROFITABLE BRANCHES OF AGRICULTURE. NOW IS THE OPPORTUNE TIME TO START A NEW ORCHARD SO IT WILL BE IN FULL FRUITING IN A FEW YEARS AND YOU CAN REAP THE BENE-FITS DURING THE BETTER DAYS WHICH ARE BOUND TO COME SOON. 1933 WILL PROVE THE YEAR OF OPPORTUNITIES: THE YEAR WHEN FOUNDATIONS ARE LAID FOR FORTUNES IN THE FUTURE. PLAN TO PLANT A NEW ORCHARD THIS YEAR.

The Lowest Prices We Have Ever Made on Apple Trees

How to figure your order on all fruit trees: 1 to 6 at each rate; 6 to 50 at 10 rate; 50 to 350 at 100 rate; 350 to 1,000 or more at 1,000 rate.

ONE YEAR	Each	10	100	1,000
Large size, 4 to 6 feet, extra fine	\$.45	\$3.00	\$19.00	\$180 00
Medium size, 3 to 4 feet high	.40	2.75	15.00	140.00
Small size, 2 to 3 feet high	.35	2.50	12.00	110.00
TWO-YEAE-OLD TREES	Each	10	100	1,000
Large size, 5 to 6 feet, 11/16 inch up	\$.50	\$4.00	\$25.00	\$240.00
Medium size, 4 to 5 feet, 9 to 11/16 inch	.45	3.50	20.00	150.00
Small size, 3½ to 5 feet, 7 to 9/16 inch	.35	2.50	15.00	100.00

WHOLESALE ORCHARD PRICES QUOTED ON LARGE QUANTITIES

WE HAVE ACRES AND ACRES OF FINE ONE AND TWO YEAR TREES The Finest Man's Ingenuity Can Grow-The Cheapest Money Can Buy

The Reliability of the Nursery and the Quality of the Tree Being Considered



Varieties listed in order of ripening near as pos-sible on Eastern Shore of Maryland.

SUMMER VARIETIES

- CRIMSON BEAUTY. Originated in Maine. Very hardy, strong grower and very productive; ex-tremely early bearer, earliest ripening apple known. A handsome red apple. Flesh sub-acid, pleasant to eat out-of-hand. Ripens July 1st. YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Tree upright, and a very early and abundant bearer. Fruit of good size; skin clear white, turning to a pale yellow; flavor acid and very good. Ripens from ten days to two weeks earlier than Early Harvest. Ripens July 1st to 10th. July 1st to 10th.

Over 1,000 trees to the row, as shown above. More than 150,000 apple trees in this one block, many of the one-year trees going seven feet in height. Each tree a living example of vigor. They are grown right, and will meet the most exacting examination of the planters. We invite you to come and look them over. Every tree grown by the whole root system. Every tree guaranteed to give satisfaction.

- WILLIAMS' EARLY RED. Among the earliest to ripen and the largest of all early apples, a better name for it is "Big Red Apple." Flesh is white, juicy and slightly tart, tender and crisp. A very good one, like Transparent, bears heavily on young trees. July 10th to 15th.
- **TARR.** One of the finest early apples grown in New Jersey. Can be picked over a long period of time; large and of a fine yellowish color; a great bearer and valuable market variety; comes into fruiting very young. July 15th to 30th. STARR.
- EARLY HARVEST (Yellow Harvest). Medium to large; pale yellow; beautiful; fine flavor. Tree moderate, erect grower, good bearer. Ripens July 15th to 30th.



CORTLAND

- **EARLY McINTOSH.** A McIntosh Hybrid being almost solid red in color, very crisp and juicy, with the same high quality as the well-known McIntosh. A thrifty grower and a regular bearer. Your opportunity to have the McIntosh type as a very early apple. Cash in on the popularity of the McIntosh by growing Early McIntosh for your markets. Ripens July 15th to 20th.
- your markets. Inpens support to your to yours, Russian; large; striped; tender, juicy, sub-acid; good; regular and abundant bearer. One of the hardiest kinds known. Ripens July 20th.
- **GRAVENSTEIN.** Ripens continuously during a period of several weeks and should have two or three pickings, beginning July 25th.
- **IMPROVED WILSON'S RED JUNE**. Identical to the old type except it is more solid red and will average larger in size. A good quality red apple to follow the William Early Red season. Very thrifty tree and a good bearer.
- MILTON. A promising McIntosh Hybrid introduced by New York Experimental Station. A typical McIntosh in every way, ripening three to four weeks earlier than regular McIntosh. Tree vigorous and regular bearer. Fruit is pinkish red with heavy bloom; flesh white, tender, crisp, juicy and McIntosh flavor and aroma. Ripens August 5th to 10th.
- **ENGLISH CODLING.** This apple ranks among the most profitable apples for New Jersey. A good bearer, color green, large in size, a splendid baking apple. Ripens August 10th to 15th.
- TWENTY-OUNCE. Fruit exceptionally large, yellow and red. Juicy and crisp, sub-acid. Tree is vigorous and productive. August 15th to 25th.

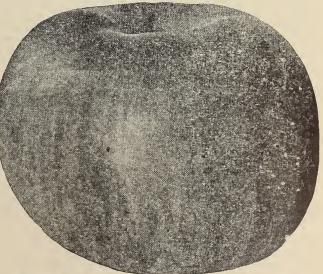
AUTUMN VARIETIES

- **WEALTHY.** This beautiful, moderate sized, brilliant red apple is of fine quality, one of the best of its season. It is a relatively good keeper, and owing to the hardiness of the tree, its adaptability to cold climates and early bearing habits, it can be profitably planted as a filler. Season August 15th to 25th.
- **SUMMER RAMBO.** Large, flat, streaked red and yellow; very tender, juicy and fine flavored. Tree an upright grower, hardy and productive. Ripens August 20th to 25th.

- MAIDEN'S BLUSH. Of uniformly large size, smooth, round, beautifully flushed with red on creamy yellow ground; flesh tender, of pleasant but not high flavor. Ripens August 25th.
- **JONATHAN.** Very red apple, smooth, of good size and fine quality. Ripens September 1st. Can be kept in common storage late in winter.
- **MELBA.** A real McIntosh in quality and appearance, only more flat in shape, ripening a week before McIntosh. Drops badly before coloring, as it should in southern sections. Tree vigorous and productive.
- **GRIMES GOLDEN.** An apple of the highest quality. It is one of the fancy dessert apples and ranks with Delicious and Jonathan on the market. Medium to large; bright yellow with pink cheek; flesh fine grained, juicy, with a very pleasing spicy flavor. The tree is hardy, grows upright, and is quite disease and insect resistant. Ripens September 5th to 15th.
- **GRIMES GOLDEN, DOUBLE WORKED.** Same as regular Grimes Golden except they are budded on other varieties high above the ground to eliminate any possible chance of collar blight. 10c extra per tree all grades.

WINTER VARIETIES

- **DELICIOUS.** A remarkable variety introduced in the West several years ago, where it is being largely planted and rapidly taking first rank both for commercial and home orchards. Fruit large, nearly covered with brilliant dark red; flesh fine grained, crisp and melting; juicy, with a delightful aroma; of very highest quality. A splendid keeper and shipper. Tree one of the hardiest, a vigorous grower. Ripens September 5th to 25th.
- **LOBO.** Same season as McIntosh, larger apple, and colors a more full red than the regular McIntosh before dropping. Extra good quality. Tree similar to McIntosh. Comes recommended highly to replace the regular McIntosh for the Middle Atlantic and southern growers.
- McINTOSH RED. A choice variety of the Fameuse type. Tree vigorous with spreading head; a good annual bearer. Fruit above medium to large, highly perfumed; almost covered with brilliant crimson; a beautiful fruit; flesh snow-white, crisp, very tender, slightly aromatic, sub-acid; very good quality. Ripens September 5th to 20th.



McINTOSH RED

- **MOKE HOUSE.** Comes into bearing moderately young. It has a thin skin of yellow striped with rather a dull red, and is very attractive. Ripens September 10th to 20th. SMOKE HOUSE.
- September 10th to 20th. **NORTHWESTERN GREENING.** Tree vigorous grower, quite hardy. Fruit large to very large; green, becoming yellowish-green when ripe; flesh yellow, fine grained and firm; flavor a good sub-acid; very smooth and attractive. Ripens Septem-ber 15th to 20th. **WINTER BANANA.** Fine, vigorous grower; large, healthy foliage; early bearer. Fruit medium to large, smooth and handsome golden-yellow, usually shaded with red blush; flesh fine grained, rich, sub-acid, aromatic; highest quality. Ripens Septem-ber 20th.
- acid, aro ber 20th.
- **TARK.** This is an early and abundant bearer; fruit medium to large in size, color greenish-yellow nearly covered with red. STARK.
- **OPALESCENT.** Very large, brilliant dark red all over. Tree bears young and very prolific. Aver-age quality. Ripens September 20th to 25th.
- **TOLMAN SWEET.** Medium, pale yellow, slightly tinged with red; firm, rich and very sweet; the most valuable baking apple, vigorous hardy and productive. Ripens September 25th to 30th.
- **BHODE ISLAND GREENING.** Fruit large and handsome, smooth, dark green overspread with yellow. Flesh tender, rich, rather acid, but highly flavored and excellent; tree vigorous, spreading. Ripens September 25th to 30th.

- flavored and excellent; tree vigorous, spreading. Ripens September 25th to 30th.
 MACOUN. A promising McIntosh Hybrid introduced by New York Experimental Station. A typical McIntosh apple, highly colored, white fleshed, richly flavored and aromatic. Almost solid red, with no stripe, and heavy blue bloom. Tree vig-orous, heavy and regular bearer. Ripens three to four weeks after McIntosh, about Oct. 1st to 10th.
 STAYMAN'S WINESAP. Tree vigorous, hardy, spreading. An early bearer and very productive. Fruit medium size, round, approaching conic; skin smooth, greenish-purple; flesh yellow, firm, tender, juicy, rich, sub-acid, aromatic; quality the best. A splendid late keeper. October 10th to 15th.
 YORK IMPERIAL. This is a fine, hardy, large, red winter apple. It succeeds over a wide range of country. Comes into bearing at four years from planting, bears regularly and heavily. The foliage and fruit are remarkably free from scab. The fruit is of medium size, skin yellow and almost wholly covered with two shades of red. Oct. 10th.
 ALBEMARLE or NEWTON PIPPIN. Large, smooth skinned, beautifully colored yellow apple that usually brings the highest market price. Can only be grown successfully in certain sections of the country, principally in Virginia and New York in the east. Tree long lived and productive. Our trees propagated direct from orchards in Virginia.
 CORTLAND. (New variety developed by New York State Experimental Station.) A fine apple result-
- **OBTLAND.** (New variety developed by New York State Experimental Station.) A fine apple result-ing from the cross-pollination of McIntosh and Ben Davis, inheriting only the good qualities of each. The Cortland is a beautiful red apple, larger than the MoIntoch and mature a match larger CORTLAND. than the McIntosh, and matures a month later. Keeps late in winter and can be handled and shipped like the hardlest of other market varieties. October 15th to 20th.
- **BALDWIN.** No variety yields larger crops or bears shipment better or is more attractive in color, size shipment better or is more attractive in color, size and shape than the Baldwin. It is esteemed as an eating apple and for cooking. For a commercial orchard it can be relied upon. Large, bright red, crisp, juicy and rich; tree vigorous, upright and productive. Keeps until April. Ripens Oct. 10th. **NOETHERN SPY.** Large, roundish-conical, often flattened, slightly ribbed; handsomely striped with red; flavor rich, aromatic, mild sub-acid, fine. Keeps through winter and late into spring. Octo-ber 25th
- ber 25th.
- RED SPY. **ED SPY.** Red Spy is a typical Spy except color. The color is a solid bright red with either stripes or splashes. October 25th. red without
- ROME BEAUTY. Keeps in good condition till May and June. Large, round, mottled, and striped in different shades of red; flavor and quality away above the average; appearance and size are its valuable points; always sells and always brings good prices.
- ARK RED ROME. This is another Rome Beauty sport originating on the farm of U. T. Cox, Proc-torville, O., and is considered very desirable by many growers. It is a typical Rome Beauty in size, shape and texture, with the same keeping qualities, except that it is a dark red, and on some soils almost black. We recommend this where one wants dark red color. October 25th to 30th. DARK RED ROME.

- **OHIO RED ROME BEAUTY.** One of the best of the Red Rome strains originating in Ohio and being quite extensively planted. About equal to Gallia Beauty, being a typical Rome Beauty in both tree and fruit, except for color, which is solid red.
- and Iruit, except for color, which is solid red. GALLIA BEAUTY RED ROME. This apple is con-sidered by all of the leading authorities on apples the best of the Red Rome sports for the Eastern fruit grower. It is a typical Rome Beauty, having the same shape and general texture, with equal or better quality, with the advantage of a clear bright red on all of the fruit. Our scion wood of the Gallia Beauty came direct from the original trees and their progenies that are fruiting with Mr. E. J. Riggs, Gallipolis, O. Ripens October 25th to 30th. to 30th.
- **ARAGON.** One of the best of the long keeping winter varieties. Does well on almost any soil; thrifty grower and fruits young; bears regular. Is of the Winesap type, good quality; coloring a deep dull red almost all over; flesh slightly yellow. PARAGON. November 1st.
- AMMOTH BLACK TWIG. Excels Winesap in nearly every important point, better grower, hardier, and the fruit much larger; color even a darker red; flesh firmer; flavor milder, but fully equal. A long keeper. November 1st. MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG.
- **WINESAP.** Medium size, dark red, juicy, mild. A favorite late winter apple and a leading commercial variety on all markets, as well as a very popular home apple in the west. Is a high-class dessert apple. November 1st to 10th.

Crab Apples

Prices Same as All Standard Apple Trees

- **YSLOP.** Season September to October; tree vig-orous where hardy. Fruit medium; yellow grounded with heavy shadings of deep crimson and splashes of maroon with heavy blue bloom. Flesh fine, firm, yellow, astringent; bears abundantly in clus-ters, which make tree exceedingly commental HYSLOP. which make tree exceedingly ornamental. ters.
- **TRANSCENDENT.** Season September; fruit medium to large; color brownish-yellow with blush of car-mine; flesh firm and crisp, yellowish, fine-grained, very juicy, acid. Tree is a vigorous grower. Hardy. Subject to blight and should not be planted near other orchard trees.

Dwarf Apple Trees

The Dwarf Apple Trees come into bearing much earlier than the standard trees. Their low, broad heads are within reach, so that the fruit can be easily picked. These trees take up so little room that they can be planted in the garden, or even on the lawn, and with care will bear good crops within three or four years. The fruit is of extra high quality. Trees bear very early. We have the fol-lowing list of best varieties of Dwarf Apples to offer: offer:

Stayman's Winesap Baldwin Delicious Rome Beauty Yellow Transparent McIntosh Jonathan Wealthy Cortland

\$4.50 for 10 trees

WELL ROOTED PLANTS--OUR METHODS APPROVED

Tanguy, March 13, 1932.

Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, Princess Anne, Md.

Dear Sirs:

Received my order of raspberries and asparagus in good condition. They are nicely rooted plants. Thank you for your prompt delivery. It is gratify-ing to deal with a firm that gives a receipt of order and fills the same promptly.

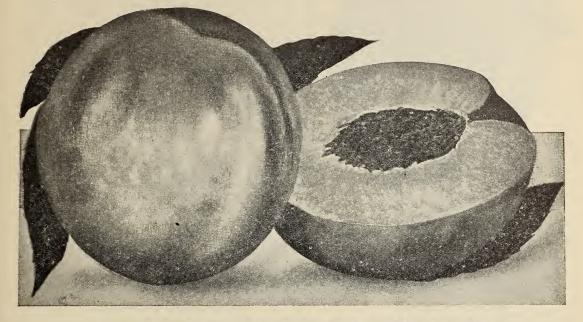
I remain yours truly, LEO A. HAENN,

Glen Mills, Route No. 1, Delaware County, Pa.

PEACH TREES

NEW VARIETIES DEVELOPED AND INTRODUCED BY NEW JERSEY **EXPERIMENTAL STATION**

Prices Same as All Other Standard Peaches; General Prices for All Varieties on Page 10



GOLDEN JUBILEE PEACH A DEVELOPMENT OF THE NEW JERSEY EXPERIMENTAL STATION;

THE OUTSTANDING PEACH OF ALL RECENT INTRODUCTIONS

A HIGH QUALITY, EARLY, YELLOW, FREESTONE PEACH. THE VALUE OF THIS PEACH TO THE EASTERN AND SOUTHERN GROWER CANNOT BE ESTIMATED. A TYPICAL ELBERTA TYPE FRUIT, HIGHLY COLORED, RIPENING BEFORE CARMAN OR ABOUT FOUR WEEKS BEFORE THE REGULAR ELBERTA. The BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES was the first nursery to offer this peach to the planters outside of the State of New Jersey. We have watched it carefully since its introduction, and it continues to show unusual merit, and today stands superior and without an equal for a peach of its season. The GOLDEN JUBILEE reaches its highest state of perfection on light sandy soils, where the elevation is not too great. TO THE SOUTHERN PLANTERS WE WISH TO SAY you are letting millions of dollars pass by you by not planting this variety of peach more extensively. You would be able to harvest this peach and market them with no competition from any other section. "THE FIRST YELLOW FREESTONE, HIGH QUALITY PEACH TO GO ON THE MARKET." TO THE NORTHERN GROWERS WE WISH TO SAY THAT EVERY MAN KNOWS THE VALUE OF A PEACH OF THIS SEASON. A PEACH WHICH WILL ENABLE HIM TO GO ON ANY MARKET AND COMPETE WITH SOUTHERN PEACHES AND GET A PAYING PRICE FOR THEM. The Golden Jubilee is a second generation seedling of the Elberta crossed with the Greensboro. The tree is unusually hardy. The buds resist winter freezes well and open after Elberta, which insures a regular crop. The blossoms are self-fertile. The peach is medium to large size and firm. It has proven a good shipper. WE RECOMMEND IT TO BE PLANTED ANY PLACE WHERE OTHER PEACHES CAN BE GROWN SUCCESSFULLY.

- CUMBERLAND (25 BG). A seedling crossed with Greens-boro. The tree is a vigorous grower and as hardy as the Carman. The fruit is larger than Belle of Georgia; attrac-tively colored with red; oval in shape. The flesh is white, almost free, firmer and better quality than Carman or Alton. Ripens five days before Carman.
- Atton. Ripens nee days before Carman. ECLIPSE (1 B). A self-pollinated seedling of Belle. A dark red, yellow-fleshed freestone peach of firm texture and good flavor, ripening with Hiley. Size equal to Hiley, tree more vigorous. Fruit oval, flesh fine grained; excellent shipper; hangs to tree well. Recommended as a variety to replace Hiley.
- PRIMROSE (28 BE). A seedling of Belle crossed with Elberta. A large, yellow-fleshed freestone of good qual-ity, ripening with Belle of Georgia. Recommended as a yellow-fleshed variety to replace Belle and precede Elberta in home orchards.
- RADIANCE (47 BG). A seedling of Belle crossed with Greensboro. A large, oval, white-fleshed freestone sim-ilar in form to Belle; good color and quality. Ripens with Carmen. Adapted both to the home and to commercial orchards.

THE NEW HOPE FARM PEACH

This peach originated as a chance seedling at Hope Farm in Bergen County, N. J., owned by the late H. W. Colling-wood, editor of the Rural New Yorker paper. Introduced by Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, Princess Anne, Md., 1925. Descrip-tion of peach written by Mr. Collingwood. In color Hope Farm is a very light yellow with red cheek. The flesh is white. It is a clean freestone, with a flavor which we consider superior to Belle of Georgia. It is firm and solid. Its season of ripening is week later than Elberta. It can be recommended for its extreme vigor and hardiness. It is partially self-sterile and needs to be planted near other varieties to insure good crops. It is proving successful in most sections and we recommend it for trial. It is hard to equal when planted where it succeeds. 5c per tree more on all grades as listed on page 10.

GENERAL LIST PEACH TREES

Peach growing has long been a specialty in our nursery, both from the viewpoint of producing better, healthier and stronger trees, and eliminating all varieties but the best. While eliminating the undesirable and worthless varieties the matter of new and better varieties has not been over-looked. The nurseryman who does not endeavor to better his assortment to strengthen the movement towards bet-ter fruits is not doing justice to his patrons. With pride we can say the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries is keeping pace with the world. with the world.

with the world. Our Peach trees are not quite as tall this year as other years, but they have good straight bodies on them and are stocky trees, being exceptionally well rooted, and we are sure will give good results to anyone who plants them. The buds were cut from bearing trees and we know them to be TRUE-TO-NAME. REDIEMBER, ALL OF OUR PEACH TREES ARE GRADED BOTH AS TO CALIBER AND HEIGHT, WHICH INSURES YOU OF HAVING A UNIFORM TREE, AND ARE WORTH MORE THAN TREES SOLD ON THE BASIS OF HEIGHT ONLY.

PRICES OF PEACH TREES

All varieties except Hope Farm, 1 to 6 trees at the each rate; 6 to 50 at the 10 rate; 50 to 250 at the 100 rate, and 250 to 1,000 at the 1,000 rate. These trees are as good as can be grown. We will gladly submit samples of the grades you are interested in

for your own inspection.

	Each	10	100	1.000
18 to 24 inch sturdy trees	\$.10	\$.80	\$ 5.00	\$ 40.00
2 to 3 feet light	.15	1.25	7.00	50.00
2 to 3 feet high sturdy trees, 5/16 to 7/16 inch	.25	2.00	10.00	70.00
3 to 4 feet high, 7/16 to 1/2 inch cal. (special planters' grade)		2.50	13.50	110.00
3 to 4½ feet high, ½ to 9/16 inch		3.00	15.00	120.00
4 to 5 feet high, 9 to 11/16 inch	.40	3.50	16.00	140.00
5 to 6 feet high, 11/16 inch up	.50	4.00	20.00	180.00

Write for special prices on quantities of 1,000 or more.

Varieties listed according to season of ripening as near as possible.

EARLY VARIETIES

J. R. HALE

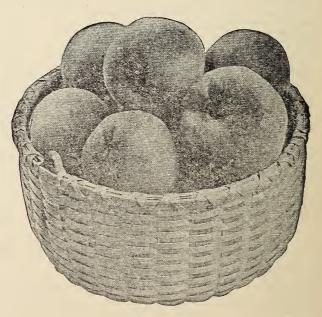
- EARLY VARIFILES MAYFLOWER. Earliest peach known. Dark red all over; beautiful appearance. Carries well to market. Blooms very late, crop never entirely cut off by late frosts. Size medium, quality good. Semi-cling. **RED BIRD (Early Wheeler).** Cling, earliness, high color and good quality make it very valuable. Very large. Creamy white over-spread with a bright, glowing red. Good shipper.
- shipper.
- **GREENSBORO** (Semi-Cling). Large yellow with splashes of bright red; highly colored; flesh white, very juicy and of good quality.
- Hardy, early.
 CARMEN. Large, creamy white with deep blush; skin tough, making it a good market variety; flesh tender, juicy, fine flavor. Semi-
- **OUTH HAVEN.** An early yellow freestone peach of recent introduction which shows promise of being an excellent peach. We recommend it where an early, high quality peach is desired. OCHESTER SOUTH HAVEN.
- peach is desired. **BOCHESTER (Free).** Large yellow and red peach. Flesh yellow, of fine quality and ex-quisite flavor. Stone very small and will ship as well as Elberta. The tree comes into bearing when very young, is a strong, upright grower, and is hardy as an oak. **CHAMPION (Free).** Large, round, quite reg-ular; yellowish-white mottled with red on sunny side; flesh white with red at the pit. One of the best in quality and a general favorite of great hardiness.

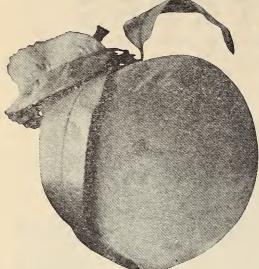
MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES

- **HILEY.** Freestone, white. A large white peach with beautiful red cheek; the flesh is
- peach with beautiful red cheek; the flesh is juicy, tender and white. **SLAPPEY.** A comparatively new yellow free-stone, which ripens at about the same time as the Rochester and the Early Crawford, both of which it excels in every way. It bears early and heavily. **CRAWFORD'S EARLY (Free).** Large, round-ish, bright yellow with red cheek; flesh yel-low, juicy and sweet; quality good. **FITZGERALD (Free).** Improved early Craw-ford, a bright yellow splashed with red; flesh deep yellow and of best quality; early. **Freestone**.
- Freestone.

BELLE OF GEORGIA. Fruit large size; color red and white; flesh white, firm and highly flavored. This variety has become one of the standard varieties in the big commercial orchards, both north and south. Stands shipping well and brings top prices. Tree a rapid grower; very productive. Perfect freestone.

MIDSEASON VARIETIES





ELBERTA

- **EARLY ELBERTA.** This is one of the finest of all the Elberta family, being finer flavored, as handsome in color, perfect freestone. Whoever plants this variety will be more than satisfied, as it is a money-maker and a great peach for all purposes. Ripens from one week to ten days earlier than the regular Elberta.
- **ELBERTA.** The leader of all peaches and the greatest commercial variety on the market; 50 percent of peaches planted are Elbertas. In all probability no peach will succeed over so wide a range of territory as this kind. It will thrive where any peach can be grown. High colored yellow freestone.
- **J. H. HALE.** A description will hardly do justice to this fine variety. In size it is one-third to one-half larger than the Elberta and is more highly colored. The skin is deep crimson, smooth, tight, and without fuzz. Flesh is golden yellow, firm, and has a most delicious flavor. The pit separates easily from the flesh. It is exceptionally valuable as a commercial peach, owing to its unusual keeping qualities. Will ship nearly as well as an apple. Fruit ripens about five days before the Elberta, but it will hang on the tree longer. Your collection is incomplete without it. Note—The J. H. Hale does not have an entirely perfect bloom, and to get best results it should be planted with some other variety.
- SHIPPERS' LATE RED. A comparative new peach; extremely hardy. Large, very highly colored to attractive red. Yellow fleshed, freestone and good quality. Ripening just after Elberta and Hale. Can be recommended to follow Elberta season. Our buds for this variety cut from bearing orchards at Paw-Paw, W. Va.
- **THE BRACKETT PEACH.** This is a comparatively new variety in some sections, but has been tried and proven one of the most profitable peaches in the South. Its season is about five days after Elberta, with a beautiful orange-yellow skin tinged with carmine. Flesh is a deep yellow and much higher flavored than Elberta. This peach sizes up well under heavy crops and is equal to Elberta as a shipper. A perfect freestone.

MEDIUM LATE VARIETIES

- **ROBERTA.** A new variety that is becoming justly popular. Very similar to Elberta in all respects except its season, which is a week to ten days later. The Roberta is an excellent variety to plant to lengthen the Elberta season.
- WILMA. A large, late, yellow freestone peach similar to Elberta in shape, size, color and quality, ripening about two weeks later than Elberta. Tree hardy and thrifty.
- **SALBERTA.** A large, late, yellow freestone peach of distinct Elberta type with good color and quality. Very similar to Roberta, only ripens a little later. Can be recommended to extend the Elberta season.
- **HEATH CLING (Cling).** Very large, creamy-white, with delicate red blush; flesh white, slightly red at the pit; tender, juicy and sweet; a valuable sort for canning and one that commands fancy prices in all markets.



EARLY ELBERTA

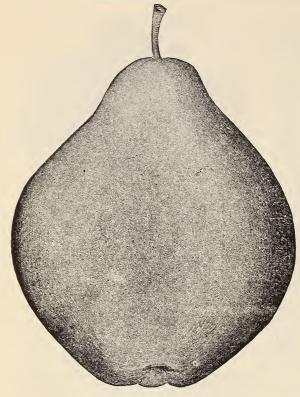
CRAWFORD'S LATE (Free). Large, roundishoval, yellow with broad red cheeks; flesh yellow with red at pit; melting vinous and very good.

VERY LATE VARIETIES

- **IRON MOUNTAIN.** Free, white. Size enormous, egg-shaped; color pure white, with slight blush; good quality; good keeper; very regular bearer.
- **SALWAY (Free).** Large, roundish, deep yellow with rich red cheeks; flesh yellow, firm and juicy and sugary; trees are strong growers and bear plentiful crops. A late market sort.
- **TRUMMER'S OCTOBER.** A magnificent peach; the most prolific and best late yellow freestone, which ripens about two weeks after Salway, or four weeks after Elberta. Large, almost round, deep yellow with a dark carmine blush; very firm, fine texture.

Are You Buying for Price Alone?

We know many people are going to be inclined to buy their nursery stock this year where they can get it the cheapest. This is one of the greatest mistakes any planter can make, for the saving which he thinks he is making may prove very costly to him when the trees or plants come into fruiting. Don't think that all nurserymen are rich and are not being prove than ever, pursuing every course possible to get an order, making misleading statements about their products, giving inferior grades to meet these low prices they will make, and in general not have their goods up to any standard. It takes prover than ever, pursuing every course possible to get an order, making misleading statements about their products, giving inferior grades to meet these low prices they will make, and in general not have their goods up to any standard. It takes prove that ever, pursuing every stock and it takes care and money to give it to you in good condition, and this is the year YOU SHOULD BUY FROM THE RELIABLE NURSERY THAT YOU KNOW WILL BE BACK TO SERVE YOU NEXT YEAR AND THE YEARS TO FOLLOW, EVEN THOUGH THEIR PRICES MAY BE A FEW CENTS A TREE HIGHER THAN YOU CAN GET THE TREES FOR FROM SOME OTHER NURSERY. Don't try to beat the nurseryman down in price all the time. He has to live just as you do, and when you force his prices too low the man who buys the stock is the one who is going to suffer, even though he may not know it for a few years. PRICES CAN BE TOO HIGH AND THEY CAN BE TOO LOW, AND WHEN YOU KEEP ASKING FOR CHEAPER STOCK YOU ARE ENCOURACING THE NURSERYMEN TO CHEAPEN THE QUALITY OF THEIR PLANTS, AND A POOR TREE OR PLANT IS THE MOST EXPENSIVE THING A PLANTER CAN BUY IN THE LONG RUN. The Bountiful Ridge Nurseries are so located to have every natural advantage possible to produce good nursery stock at a minimum price, and WE HAVE AND WILL SATISFACTION WHEN THEY ARE PLANTED AND WHEN THEY FRUIT FOR YOU, AND WE HAVE MAD WILL SATISFACTION WHEN THEY ARE PLANTED AND WHEN THEY FRUIT FOR YOU, AND WE HAVE MAD WILL SATISFACTION WHEN THEY ARE



SUMMER PEARS

- BARTLETT-Large size. Golden yellow when ripe, with a beautiful blush next the sun. Buttery, very juicy, and highly flavored; tree a strong grower, bears early and abundantly; very popular. August, September.
- **CLAPP'S FAVORITE.** A large, fine pear resembling the Bartlett; pale lemon-yellow with brown dots and a fine texture, melting, buttery, juicy, with a delicate flavor; tree hardy and productive. August and September.
- WILDER. Medium to small, greenish-yellow with brownish-red cheek; melting, sweet and very pleas-ant; tree vigorous, and starts to bear quite young. Early.

AUTUMN AND WINTER PEARS

ANJOU (Buerre d'Anjou). A large, fine pear, buttery and melting, with sprightly flavor; tree a fine grower and very productive. One of the best.

and melting, with sprightly flavor; tree a fine grower and very productive. One of the best. October to January. **BEURRE BOSC.** Greatly esteemed. A large, yellow pear; flesh white, rich and delicious; has long stem which allows it to sway in heavy winds without dropping. Tree slow grower, but most productive; keeps until Christmas.

Pear Trees

The Pear is the most delicious of modern fruits on account of its fine, juicy texture, exquisite flavor and aroma. While some varieties do better if picked when partially ripe and finished indoors, yet the really enjoyable supply should come from the home orchard, planting a number of varieties that will ripen in succession, from fall to winter. Some points in favor of pears are: They begin bearing in a very few years after planting; seldom miss bearing at least a partial crop, for which there is a ready sale; besides, they are one of the most healthful of our fruits. fruits.

The soil most congenial to this fruit is a strong clay loam, but it will succeed in any good soil, pro-viding it is moderately rich and dry. The usual dis-tance for planting is about 25 feet each way, but if the soil is not very strong, 20 feet is sufficient. All our standard pears are propagated on imported Jap-anese blight-resistant stock, which insures a strong, hardy-growing tree. Do not fertilize pear trees very much, as it encourages blight.

PRICES ALL PEAR TREES, STANDARD AND DWART

E	ach	10	100
Large size, 2-year, 5 to 6 feet\$.60	\$4.00	\$25.00
Medium size, 2-year, 4 to 6 feet.	.50	3.00	22.50
Smaller size, 2-year, 3½ to 5 feet	.40	2.50	18.00
Best 1-year, 4 to 5 feet buds	.50	3.00	25.00
Medium size, 1-year, 3 to 4 feet.	.40	2.00	18.00

- DUCHESS D'ANGOULEME. Very large, greenish-yellow, sometimes russeted; makes a beautiful tree. A heavy bearer, buttery, melting and sweet. A dependable cropper and good market sort. Octo-ber and November. FLEMISH BEAUTY. Large, juicy, melting and rich; a strong grower and good bearer; very hardy but prefers sunny situation. September and Octo-ber.
- ber
- **KEIFFER.** Large, golden-yellow, often blushed in the sun; juicy and melting. Tree healthy, hardy and vigorous.
- LAWRENCE. Medium, yellow with brown dots, melting, pleasant, aromatic. November and December.
- ECKEL. Small, rich, yellowish-brown; one of the best flavored pears known; very productive. Sep-SECKEL. tember and October.
- **HELDON.** A large, round, russet and red pear of very rich, fine quality; melting and delicious. Tree vigorous, bears well. October. SHELDON.
- **OCDEN-SECKEL**. This beautiful and delicious pear attracted wide attention when introduced re-cently. In quality it is rated very high. In size it is much larger than Seckel. It is shaped like Bartlett, but is not as large. October. WORDEN-SECKEL.

DWARF PEARS

The cultivation of Dwarf Pears is very profitable. The trees are low-headed and the fruit is easily han-dled and comes into bearing usually the second or third year. We recommend the following varieties to be good growers and bearers and to give the best satisfaction as dwarfs:

Bartlett Duchess

B. D. Anjou Worden-Seckel (For description of these varieties, see Standard Pear.)

Clapp's Favorite Seckel

131,000 STRAWBERRY PLANTS ARRIVE IN FINE CONDITION—ALMOST PERFECT STAND— VERY GRATIFYING RESULTS

Bountiful Ridge Nurseries. Gentlemen:

Hamburg, Pa., September 15, 1931.

The large order for 131,000 Strawberry plants placed with you last spring and which we had come to us in two shipments arrived in fine condition. The plants were well rooted and were set promptly. We had almost perfect stand from entire planting of your plants. A small shipment received from Michigan did not give near the results. The plant beds nearly cross the rows new. We could not ask for better plants, more prompt shipment or better results.

Yours truly,

PEERLESS ORCHARDS.

Plum Trees

The Plum, like the Pear and other finer fruits, succeeds best in heavy soil with some clay, and, be-ing almost entirely free from disease, they can be grown very profitably. The finer kinds are excellent dessert fruits, of rich and luscious flavor; for cook-ing and canning they are unsurpassed.

Plums should be planted 18 feet apart in rich soil, which should be kept well cultivated.

PRICES OF PLUM TREES

	Each	10	100
Largest size, 2-year, 5 to 6 feet.	\$.60	\$5.00	\$35.00
Medium size, 2-year, 4 to 5 feet.	.40	3.00	25.00
Very fine 1-yr. Buds, 4 to 6 feet.	.50	4.00	25.00

EUROPEAN PLUMS

- **BRADSHAW.** Very large, dark violet-red, flesh yel-lowish green; juicy and pleasant; tree vigorous, erect and productive. August.
- **FELLEMBURG or ITALIAN PRUNE.** Dark purple with a dark blue bloom; size medium; oval, pointed and tapering. Flesh juicy and delicious; fine for drying.
- **GERMAN PRUNE.** A valuable Plum of fair quality for dessert, but most esteemed for drying and pre-serving. Large, long-oval, purple, with a thick blue bloom; flesh firm, sweet and pleasant, sepa-rating from the stone. Moderate to vigorous in -growth Santamber growth. September.
- **IMPERIAL GAGE.** Large, oval, yellowish-green with marbled green stripes, heavy white bloom, flesh greenish, juicy, melting, rich and best qual-ity; tree upright and vigorous. September.
- **LOMBARD.** Medium, roundish-oval, violet-red, juicy and pleasant; adheres to stone; valuable market sort, hardy, and adapted to light soils; a reason-ably sure cropper.
- YORK STATE PRUNE. Is one of the largest, best in quality and most productive of all prunes or plums. Large, dark blue, covered with purple blush; flesh yellow and delicious; freestone, ripen-ing the last week in September.
- SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. Fruit oval; tree a good grower and enormously productive; fruit of me-dium size produced in thick clusters or groups, dark purple color, esteemed for preserving.
- **DAMSON.** The old-fashioned blue Damson known to every housewife for the fine jelly and preserves they make. Tree very hardy and prolific bearer.

JAPANESE PLUMS

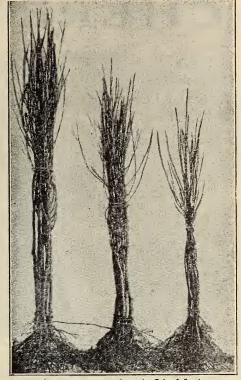
- **BUNDANCE.** One of the best Japan Plums. Tree is very rapid grower, healthy, and comes into bearing quite young and yields abundantly; medium size, rich, bright cherry red with distinct bloom and highly perfumed; flesh light yellow, juicy and tender, and excellent quality. Tree vig-orous and hardy. ABUNDANCE.
- **URBANK.** Medium to large, orange-yellow, dotted and marbled with red; flesh meaty yellow, sweet and good; valuable for canning and a good mar-ket plum. Mid-June. Hardy and most prolific of the Japan varieties. BURBANK.

Quince Trees

All Varieties, 2-Year, 4 to 5 Feet, 5%-Inch Caliber, 60c Each, \$4.00 Per 10

ORANGE. Roundish, bright golden yellow, very large, fine grained, fine quality. Best for cooking. Firm. will stand shipping.

CHAMPION. Fruit verv large, fair and handsome. Bears abundantly while young; flesh cooks as tender as an apple without hard spots and cores; flavor delicate; quince taste.



5 to t iccl. 4 to 5 leet. 3 to 4 feet. Showing size of trees and roots.

Buy Trees With Roots That Make Them Grow

Apricot Trees

All Varieties, Fine 4 to 5 Feet Trees, 60c Each, \$4.00 Per 10

ALEXANDER (Russian). Medium to small, light orange, yellow flecked with red; flesh tender, juicy, sweet and good quality; hardy; very productive. July.

- **MOORPARK.** One of the largest; orange-yellow with numerous specks and dots; flesh yellow, sweet, juicy and rich. August.
- **EARLY GOLDEN.** A good variety; very large, deep golden yellow, and fine in quality.



Any home garden should have some figs. Sprouts and suckers should be kept down and the tree pruned so the trunks are clean for at least two feet from the ground. They will bear better and stand more cold if treated this way.

MAGNOLIA FIG. One of the hardiest species, doing well where the winters are not too severe. Fruit very large and of rich straw color. Fruit begins to ripen the last of June and continues to put on new fruit until frost. Trees offered are fruiting age. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25 each; \$10.00 for 10.

the second se	
ARRIVED IN GOOI 28 S. Church	St., Waynesboro, Pa.
	May 4, 1932.
Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, Princess Anne, Md.	
Dear Sirs: The trees and roses orde	red were received last
week in good condition. That	nk vou.
Yours tru	ily,
	M. R. DETRICH.

CHAMPION QUINCE

CHERRY TREES

PLANT CHERRIES FOR GREATER PROFITS

Any well-drained soil will be found to be adapted to the sturdy growth of cherry trees. Our cherries are all budded on imported French stocks and these form a fibrous root which reduces considerably the loss in planting.

Sour Cherries, 1 year, are well branched; Sweet Cherries are mostly whips. They are well rooted. Fifty trees at 10 rate. Write for special prices for lots of more than 100 trees. Cherries on Mazzard Roots, all grades, 10c each extra.

Prices of all varieties of Sweet Cherry, Sour Cherry Trees, loc less per tree.



	Each	10	100	
Large size, 2-year, 5 to 6 feet	\$.60	\$5.00	\$35.00	
Medium size, 2-year, 4 to 6 feet.	.50	4.00	30.00	
Small size, 2-year, 3 to 4 feet	.30	2.50	20.00	
Large size, 1-year, 9/16 up,				
5 feet up	.50	4.00	30.00	
Medium size, 1-year, 7/16 to				
9/16, 4 feet up	.40	3.00	25.00	
Small size, 1-year, 6/16 to				
7/16, 3 feet up	.30	2.50	20.00	

SOUR CHERRIES

10c Less Per Tree

- **ENGLISH MORELLO.** Easily grown, generally producing a heavy 'crop. Fruit dark red, quality good; rich, acid flavor; late. Hardy for extremely cold latitudes. August.
- **EARLY RICHMOND.** One of the most valuable and popular cherries, unsurpassed for cooking purposes. It is the good old variety that yields such marvelous crops in the gardens. The most hardy of all varieties, uninjured by the coldest winters.
- of all varieties, uninjured by the coldest whiters. LARGE MONTMORENCY. This is the best of all the sour varieties of Cherries. There is a greater demand on the market for this Cherry than for any other. The trees are the cleanest and best growers and are less subject to disease, less affected by wet weather, and are the best bearers of the best fruit of all other sour varieties. No matter how unfavorable the season may be, Montmorency can be depended upon for a full crop. The Montmorency is a good shipper, very attractive looking, and always brings good prices. The canning factories are always calling for them and want them by the hundreds of tons. The fruit is good-sized, fine flavored and bright clear red. Fruit ripens ten days after Early Richmond.

SWEET CHERRIES

- **BING.** This valuable black cherry succeeds everywhere. Flesh very solid, flavor of the highest quality, a fine shipping and market variety. July.
- **BLACK TARTARIAN.** Very large; bright purplish black; half tender; juicy, very rich. Tree a remarkably vigorous and erect grower, and an immense bearer. One of the most popular varieties in all parts of the country. June.
- **GOVERNOR WOOD.** Large, heart-shaped; light yellow, mottled light red, juicy, sweet and rich. Tree vigorous, productive; forms a round head. An old variety still a favorite in many regions.

MONTMORENCY CHERRY

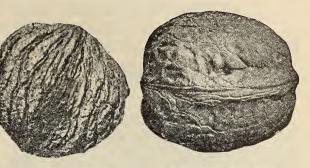
- **LAMBERT.** One of the largest of all Cherries. It is purple-red, firm and rich. Every year sees an enormous crop, and the tree not only grows well, but is proof against insect and fungous attacks.
- NAPOLEON BIGGAREAU (Royal Ann). A beautiful cherry of large size; pale yellow with bright red cheeks; flesh firm, juicy and sweet; one of best for market and canning. Hardiest of light yellow cherries and deservedly popular.
- SCHMIDT'S BIGGAREAU. The fruit is of very large size, of deep mahogany color. Flesh dark, tender, very juicy, with a fine rich flavor. Fruit grows in clusters. Is an excellent shipper. July.
- grows in clusters is an extention shipper. The grower of the second state of the secon
- YELLOW SPANISH. A pale yellow cherry with bright red cheek in the sun. It is one of the best, most beautiful and popular of all the lightcolored cherries; vigorous and productive.



Nut Trees

PECANS

- SCHLEY. Of all the varieties of this lus-cious and valuable nut family, the Schley and Stewart stand at the head of the list. The Schley is a thrifty, strong grower; nuts long, well-filled, with a very thin paper-like shell. Trees 3 to 4 feet, \$1.25 each; trees 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 each. STUART. Probably the best known and most valuable of all the Pecans. Ex-tremely hardy and a strong grower. Nuts of good size and well-filled; shell very tremely hardy and a strong grower. Nuts of good size and well-filled; shell very thin and easily opened. **Trees 3 to 4 feet**, **\$1.25 each; trees 2 to 3 feet**, **\$1.00 each**. PRICES on large quantities of English Walnuts and Pecans will be given on application.
- JAPAN CHESTNUT. Of dwarf growth-JAPAN CHESTNUT. Of dwarf growth— not strictly speaking, a tree; productive and bears extremely young; nuts of im-mense size; fair quality. Not so highly flavored as the native American chestnut. Price of 5 to 6 feet trees, \$1.75 each; 4 to 5 feet trees, \$1.25 each. BLACK WALNUT. The common Black Walnut is very productive in nuts which are liked by many. Price 5 to 6 feet 80c each: 10 for \$7.001 4 to 5 feet.
- Price, 5 to 6 feet, 80c each; 10 for \$7.00; 4 to 5 feet, 70c each; 10 for \$6.00; 3 to 4 feet, 50c each; 10 for \$4.00.
- AMERICAN FILBERT (Hazel Nut). The family favorite, having attractive bush, yielding abundant crops of tasty round nuts. Bears young. Does not grow large tree. 2 to 3 feet plants heavy, 60c each; 10 for \$5.00.



BLACK WALNUT

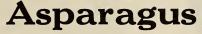
ENGLISH WALNUT

ENGLISH WALNUT. Tree valuable for its fruit and shade; the nuts are thin-shelled and equal to and shade; the nuts are thin-shelled and equal to any you can buy out of the stores; full-meated kernels of delicious flavor; hardy and productive. Independent fortunes will be made in growing English Walnuts for the man or woman who now plants an orchard of from 1 to 500 trees. The investment will prove to be better than the pur-chase of government bonds. **Price for 3 to 4 feet** trees, \$1.25 each; 10 for \$10.00; trees 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 each; 10 for \$9.00.

Rhubarb

MYATT'S LINNAEUS. Those who have never grown this variety, which is of superior quality, will hardly recognize the old "Pie Plant." It is an early, tender variety, without being in the least tough or stringy, with a mild sub-acid flavor.

	Each	10	100	1000
Strong 1-year	plants\$.10	\$.75	\$4.00	\$30.00



Asparagus culture, where you have land that is adapted to growing it, has proven to be one of the most profitable of the farm products. It should be planted on loamy soil for best results. It does not require a lot of attention or expense in cultivation. An asparagus bed will develop in a surprisingly short time and will last for several years.

We advise that you plant the rust-resistant varieties known as Wash-ington, for they have proven the most profitable. In fact, the demand for the older varieties is so negligible that we are only growing the Pedigreed Washington, Martha Washington and Mary Washington. They are the best for either home or commercial planting. A. well cared for asparagus bed of a few thousand plants can always be depended on to bring you a good return and give you money when you most need it during the early spring months. during the early spring months.

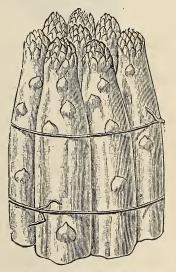
All Varieties	25	100	500	1,000	5,000
Strong 1-year roots		\$1.00	\$3.50	\$6.00	\$27.50
Strong 2-year roots	.50	1.35	4.50	8.00	37.00

WASHINGTON PEDIGREED. A new asparagus that is very rust-resistant and is noted for its vigor, large size and productiveness. Exceptionally good quality and very tender.

MARTHA WASHINGTON. Of same hardy characteristics as the Washington Pedigreed, only considered an improvement of that variety. Very rust-resistant. The stalks are large, dark green, with a heavy purple overtone. The tips are tight and firm and do not open until well out of the ground.

MARY WASHINGTON. **ARY WASHINGTON.** This is considered the best of the Washington kinds of asparagus. It starts early and produces a heavy crop of very large, tender asparagus. Green in color and very good quality.

Dear Sir:



WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS

STRONG, HEALTHY TREES TO PENNSYLVANIA

Allentown, Pa., Route 1, April 6, 1932.

Received your trees in fine shape and am well pleased with them. They are sure strong and healtay looking. In case I want some more next year, you will hear from me.

Yours truly.

MORRIS L. EJTZ.

PLANT SMALL FRUITS

EVERY THINKING MAN TODAY KNOWS THE VALUE WHEREVER YOU ARE LOCATED, THEY PLANT A FEW ACRES THIS YEAR AND INCREASE YOUR

CONCORD GRAPE

- AGAWAM. Bunch large, berry large, reddish-brown, tender, vinous and of excellent flavor. Very vigorous and productive. Vine hardy and one of the best in its class.
 CONCORD. The standard commercial grape. The old reliable Concord—the standard by which all the other black grapes are judged—a lifetime money-maker! Whatever other varieties are grown, no vineyard or arbor is complete without a liberal planting of Concords. Our Concord vines are well rooted and are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, producing huge bunches of deepest purple grapes of very finest flavor.
 CATAWBA. Bunches medium, shouldered; berries large, deep coppery-red, becoming purple when ripe; flesh somewhat pulpy; juicy, sweet, aromatic and rich.
- **RIGHTON.** Bunch large, berries above medium; round; excellent flavor and quality. One of the earliest. BRIGHTON.

GRAPE VINES

Because of their adaptability to any place where there is a bit of soil, grapes are often a source of considerable profit. In fact, some fruit growers say if you can plant but one kind of fruit, let that be grapes. They require little care, and as a rule will produce most abundantly. Rocky hillsides on which no other fruit would thrive will produce wonderful crops of grapes and show profits that will over-shadow any other part of the farm. Good grapes command high prices and will find a ready market anywhere. We have the following varieties. Only the best:

CONCORD PRICES

1-year, 2-year,	No. 1 No. 1	Each \$.20 .20	10 \$1.00 1.50	100 \$7.00 8.00
	ALL OTHEN	R VARI	TIES	
		Each	10	100
1-year.	No. 1	\$.20	\$1.25	\$10.00
2-year,	No. 1	.25 100 rate	1.50	12.00

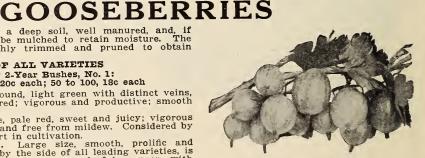
Write for Prices on Lots of 1,000 or More

- MOORE'S EARLY (Black). Early black; similar to Concord in looks and quality, and ripens about two weeks earlier. Has a peculiarly sweet flavor all its own. Vines are healthy, vigorous, hardy, heavy bearers.
- **IAGARA.** Occupies the same position among the white varieties as Concord among the black. Bunch and berries are large, greenish-white, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Skin thin but tough; quality much like the Concord. NIAGARA.
- SALEM (Rogers' No. 53). A strong, vigorous vine; berries large, Catawba color; thin skin, free from hard pulp; sweet and sprightly. Ripens first of September.
- **WORDEN.** Seedling of the Concord, which it greatly resembles in appearance and flavor, but the berries are larger. The fruit is said to be better flavored and to ripen several days earlier. These qualities will give it the foremost rank among native grapes grapes.
- ACO (Red). This new grape is of the highest quality, being so rich in sugar and excellent in flavor it can be eaten two weeks before it is ripe. The grapes are very large, bunches good size, compact and good form. The vines are strong growers, hardy and prolific. Ripens one week be-fore Concord. Large 2-year No. 1 vines: 40c each; 10 for \$3.50; 25 for \$7.50; 50 for \$12.00; 100 for \$22.00. CACO (Red). \$22.00.

The Gooseberry requires a deep soil, well manured, and, if inclined to be dry, should be mulched to retain moisture. The bushes should be thoroughly trimmed and pruned to obtain large, fine fruit.

PRICES OF ALL VARIETIES Fine, Strong 2-Year Bushes, No. 1: 25c each; 6 to 10, 20c each; 50 to 100, 18c each

- **DOWNING.** Fruit large, round, light green with distinct veins, soft, juicy and fine flavored; vigorous and productive; smooth
- soft, juicy and fine flavored; vigorous and productive, smooth skin. One of the best. **HOUGHTON.** Medium size, pale red, sweet and juicy; vigorous grower, abundant bearer and free from mildew. Considered by many the best paying sort in cultivation. **RED JACKET (Josselyn).** Large size, smooth, prolific and hardy. Has been tested by the side of all leading varieties, is most free from mildew of all. A wonderful cropper, with large, smooth, pale red fruit of first-class flavor.



DOWNING GOOSEBERRY

FOR INCREASED PROFITS

OF A GENERAL PLANTING OF SMALL FRUITS. ARE IN DEMAND AND BRING FAIR PRICES. **INCOME NEXT YEAR AND THE YEARS TO FOLLOW.**

BLACKBERRIES

Blackberries are among the best known and most valued of our berries. No fruit of any kind is more wholesome. A liberal use of berries and other good fruits will save doctor bills. Blackberries should be planted in rows 6 to 7 feet apart, 3 to 4 feet in the row. Keep the ground light, rich and clean, and pinch the canes back when they have reached four feet in height.

Prices-Strong, Well-Rooted Plants, All Varieties:

\$1.00 per 25; \$3.00 per 100; \$22.00 per 1,000

- BLOWERS. LOWERS. Large size, jet black, good shipper, best quality and unexcelled productiveness are the main characteristics of this splendid new sort.
- **LDORADO.** Vine is vigorous and hardy; berries are very large, black, borne in clusters; ripens well together; sweet, melting and pleasant to the taste. ELDORADO.



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DEWBERRIES

The Dewberry is a dwarf and trailing form of the Blackberry. The fruit is highly prized as a market fruit owing to its large size and fine quality. Set the plants two feet apart in the row and cover in winter with coarse litter. Should be mulched in the the plants two leet apart in the row and cover winter with coarse litter. Should be mulched in t spring to keep them off ground. Prices, No. 1 Plants-75c per 25; \$2.00 per 100; \$12.00 per 1,000

CURRANTS

The Currant is one of the most valuable of small fruits. They mature just before raspberries and can be used either raw or cooked. Being very hardy, they do not winter-kill and are easy of cultivation, requiring little care. They can be grown in any good garden soil. Currants should be planted four feet apart.

PRICES OF ALL VARIETIES Two-Year, No. 1, Strong Bushes: 25c each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100

- **CHERX.** The largest of all red currants; berries sometimes more than one-half inch in diameter; bunches short; plant very vigorous and produc-tive when grown in good soil and well cultivated. **FAY'S PROLIFIC.** For size, beauty and productive-ness it is a remarkable red currant. The berry is equal to cherry currant, while the flavor is supe-rior. The stem is long, which permits rapid pick-ing. Valuable for both market and home. Fruit hangs on well, never dropping, as in other cur-rants. rants
- **PERFECTION.** Bright red, and of a size larger than the Fay; size of berries is maintained to end of bunch. It is one of the most productive currants.



CHERRY CURRANT

Rich, mild, sub-acid flavor and having plenty of pulp with few seeds. You can p ick Perfections fast as cherries.

- WHITE GRAPE. Very large, yellowish white; sweet or very mild acid; excellent for table. The finest of white sorts. Very productive
- WILDER. Very large; bright red and attractive; a splendid sort; not so acid as most. Bush very productive; large bunches; ripens rather early; fruit keeps well.

UCRETIA. Perfectly hardy and remarkably pro-ductive; said to be the best of this class of fruit; ripens early, is often 1½ inches long by 1 inch in diameter; sweet, luscious and melting. This vari-ety is highly recommended. LUCRETIA.

AUSTIN'S DEWBERRY. Fruit very large. Enor-mous bearer. The most productive market variety we have ever grown, and is 8 to 10 days ahead of any other. Strong and vigorous grower.

YOUNGBERRY

The new Young Dewberry. The Youngberry has

The new Young Dewberry. The Youngberry has achieved the greatest success ever scored by any of the berry family. It not only bears very heavily, but the fruit is easy to handle, is very attractive, ships well, keeps well, cans well, and has so many commercial possibilities and fits in so well in the home garden that everybody should be interested in having a few vines or a commercial planting. Youngberries are universally liked and easily grown. They are among our largest berries of dark wine color, have a minimum of seeds, are highly flavored, and yield a rich-looking, cherry-colored juice. In the home garden you will find that more fruit will be produced from a few Youngberry bushes than most any other that will grow in the same amount of space. Youngberries thrive where any other bush fruit grow, but do best in states the same latitude as Ohio and South. **Price, 20c each; \$1.25 per dozen; \$9.00 per 100**

Price, 20c each; \$1.25 per dozen; \$9.00 per 100

STRAWBERRY-RASPBERRY

(TREE STRAWBERRY)

Bushes grow one to three feet high and are cov-ered with red berries in the shape of strawberries. Upright in growth. Perfectly hardy, very produc-tive, and a distinct novelty in small fruits.

Price, 15c each; \$1.00 per dozen

EVERGREENS VERY SATISFACTORY
Hanover, Pa., October 31, 1932.
Bountiful Ridge Nurseries,
Princess Anne. Md.
Dear Sirs:
The evergreens arrived this morning, October 31.
They were in fine shape. I am very much pleased
with them. I have planted them and they look fine.
Yours respectfully,
GEORGE M. FORNEY.

(Small fruits continued on next page)

PLANT SMALL FRUITS RASPBERRIES A ready market can al ways be found for raspberries. When well cared for they are good profit. A



LATHAM, THE GIANT NEW RED RASPBERRY

Prices for raspberry plants except as noted. Every plant well rooted and twice inspected. They must be right. \$1.00 for 25; \$2.00 for 100; \$18.00 for 1,000.

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- CUTHBERT (Red). Large, bright scarlet-crimson, excellent quality, firm, juicy and refreshing, vigorous grower, hardy and productive. Very popular as a home garden and market berry.
 - **CUMBERLAND (Black).** The largest of all black caps; healthy, vigorous grower, throwing up stout, wellbranched canes that produce immense crops of magnificent berries. Fruit very large, firm; quality about the same as Gregg.
 - **COLUMBIAN (Purple).** Berry is firm, dark red, and adheres to the bushes for a long time. A strong grower, attaining large size. One of the hardiest and most productive. \$3.50 per 100; \$30.00 per 1,000.
 - **PLUM FARMER (Black).** It is covered with a grayish bloom like the bloom on a grape, which makes it very attractive in appearance. It ripens very early and quickly. The fruit is enormously large.
 - **ST. REGIS EVERBEARING (Red).** The new everbearing variety. It gives a crop of fruit all summer and autumn, fruiting on the old canes in generous quantities until late in August. By this date berries begin to ripen on the young canes and continue until late in autumn. Berries are a bright crimson of large size and of surprising quality; sugary with raspberry flavor.

LATHAM

Yields Twice as Much as Most Other Red Raspberries

SHIPPING NOTICE AND PROMPT DELIVERY Williamstown, N. J., April 4, 1932. Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, Princess Anne, Md. Dear Sirs: We received the nursery stock you sent us all O. K. It came the same day we got your card.

JOHN HUBER.

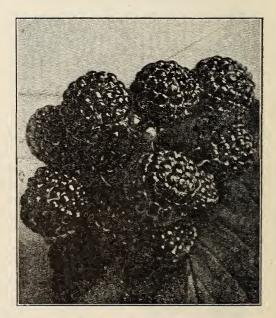
SPBERRY The new mosaic-free hardy red raspberry. Without question Latham is the most profitable Red Raspberry for commercial planting. It is absolutely hardy. It cannot be surpassed in productiveness, outyielding even Cuthbert. Due to its rich, brilliant red color it sells readily on market stands, and in addition is a delightful table berry and almost perfect for canning. The berries are large, round and unusually firm, exceptionally well suited for shipping to distant markets. It ripens evenly over a very long season.

patch of raspberries should be renewed about once

in five years, as by that time the quality of the berries deteriorates and the fruit becomes small. The plants should be

well manured and cultivated at frequent intervals. In

Prices: Strong No. 1 Plants of Latham, 25 for \$1.50; 100 for \$3.00; 500 for \$12.50; 1,000 for \$20.00



CUMBERLAND RASPBERRY

FOR INCREASED PROFITS CHIEF LATHAM'S ONLY RIVAL

Our latest red Raspberry of real merit. Extremely hardy and mosaic resistant, and we consider it superior to Latham. Ten days earlier than Latham, will outyield Latham, and almost equal in size with better quality. We recommend the Chief for early and Latham for mid-season. They are sure winners. Our supply of plants is limited on this splendid variety, so order early.

\$1.50 for 25; \$4.00 for 100; \$17.50 for 500; \$34.00 for 1,000



CHIEF RASPBERRY



NEW LOGAN Most Dependable Black Raspberry

One of the New Logan's outstanding characteristics is its resistance to mosaic and other raspberry diseases. It seems to outclass all other black raspberry varieties in this respect, and this is one of the primary reasons why it is gaining popularity among the growers who depend on black raspberries for their livelihood. The berry ripens one week earlier than Cumberland. It is a heavier yielder and the glossy black berries are as large as that variety. It holds well through drought and in fact the last picking has always proven as fresh and free from seediness and tendency to crumble as the first.

Another good feature of the New Logan is that it ripens its crop quickly and does not string out over a period of time, thus making picking much easier.

A thrifty grower, and, although not as upright as Cumberland, our growers find this no objection if the summer shoots are topped higher than normal.

Prices, No. 1 Tips-\$1.50 for 25; \$3.00 for 100; \$15.00 for 500; \$25.00 for 1,000



EACH TREE A LIVING EXAMPLE OF VIGOR-THEY MUST GROW FOR YOU

Mr. Geo. W. and Homer S. Kemp in our block of one-year peach. These are Elberta here; 28 other varieties in the entire block of over 200,000 peach trees. Note the height and dark green thrifty foliage they have. Budded from bearing trees, they are now ready for you to plant, and what an orchard they will make for Block of apple to the left of about 75,000.

STRAWBERRIES-THE

THE STRAWBERRY REMAINS ONE OF THE MOST PROFITABLE SMALL FRUITS IT WILL AVERAGE LARGER NET RETURNS PER ACRE THAN MOST OTHER CROPS IT WILL SUCCEED UNDER MOST ALL CLIMATIC CONDITIONS IF PROPERLY CARED FOR THERE SHOULD BE A STRAWBERRY FIELD ON EVERY FARM

Culture: Any good garden soil will produce Strawberries successfully, although they will prove results. Never plant in newly plowed sod land, for the white grubworm is sure to do you damage by eating the crowns of the newly set plants. If you must set them in sod land, plow it during the fall and harrow it several times during the winter, and many of the grubs will be killed. Rye or crimson clover make splendid crops to turn under when they are planted in the early fall. In this way you put natural humus in the soil and it will not require so much fertilizer for best results. Prepare ground as early as possible in the spring. Ground bone used at the rate of about 500 pounds or more to the acre; gives splendid results as a fertilizer, although complete fertilizers such as 4-8-4 prove very satisfactory where they are properly applied and worked into the soil thoroughly. Sometimes it is well to side dress the plants after they have started to grow, hoeing and cultivating the fertilizer in the soil thoroughly. The fruit buds of the strawberry are formed in the fall of the year, and the plant should be fed well during August iberal spreading of barnyard manure is always desirable for a new strawberry bed, being careful not to let any large chunks lay on the beds. If this is not possible, be sure and mulch the beds with some straw or other reasonably coarse litter to protect the plants during severe freezing weather. Remove litter from the beds in the spring and rake to the middles of the rows to help control weed growth and keep the berries clean while ripening. We recommend that they be planted in rows 3½ to 4 feet apart, putting the plants stightly elevated row and continue to build this up while hoeing and cultivating the plants to insure avainage for the beds during the picking season. Liberal applications of manure, applied after plowing and worked well in the soil, are the best things to build up the land ready for planting.

worked well in the soil, are the best things to build up the land ready for planting. Updating plotting the plotting and worked well in the soil, are the best things to build up the land ready for planting. We have developed our strawberry plant business till we are now shipping plants by the million each season, and our plants are grown on land that will produce clean-rooted stock. Each field is personally examined each year several times for mixtures; and we feel confident that we have as nice plants to offer as can be grown by anyone. We are practicing the same policy of grading and packing our strawberry plants as we are in the balance of our nursery, and you will find our plants and methods of packing superior to many other nurseries. We have tried to make our prices as reasonable as it is possible to make them and still maintain our standard of quality. IT DOES NOT PAY TO BUY CHEAP STRAWBERRY PLANTS, AND AT THE PRICE THEY ARE NOW SELLING FOR IT DOES NOT PAY YOU TO DIG FROM YOUR OWN BEDS AND LIMIT YOUR YIELD. Our plants are all grown on sandy loam soils and are only listing what we consider the best, except for a few new varieties which we are listing for trial, and we know they are worthy but we advise they be tried in your section before planting heavy of them. They have proven up well in our test blocks here and we would like for you to try them. Plants are not so plentiful this year, the crop being almost as short as the drought year of 1930. We have a supply of several million, but not as many as last year, and if there is a normal demand there will develop a plant short as the drought year of 1930. We have a supply of several million, but not as many as last year. We shall do our best to serve you in a satisfactory way in whatever strawberry plants or other nursery stock you might want to plant this spring, and we shall look forward to serving you. SPECIAL PRICES WILL BE GIVEN TO CO-OPERATIVE BUYING ORGAN-IZATIONS AND CLUB ORDERS. WE WANT TO SERVE YOU IN THE WAY THAT IS TO YOUR BEST

EARLY VARIETIES

Blakemore A promising new variety of strawberry that was introduced by the U. S. Department of Agriculture in 1930. It was thoroughly tested in most of the large strawberry conditions existing where it was planted. With us it is a very free plant maker and should not be planted too close when set for fruiting purposes. It shows unusual thriftiness and freedom from natural plant diseases. Some say it even surpasses the old reliable PREMIER in making new plants, thriftiness and productiveness, but desiring to be conservative in our statements, we cannot say it is superior to the Premier, but it will equal it on these three points. It will outyield the Missionary and Klondyke and the fruit is much more desirable. The fruit averages larger than Missionary. The most outstanding characteristics of the Blakemore are its uniformity of ripening, its firmness and ability to hold on the vines from one to three days after it is apparently ripe without any waste. It is conceded to be from one to four days earlier than Missionary or Premier. We can recommend this variety for general planting. Our plants have been thoroughly inspected by State authorities and are absolutely free from all injurious diseases. See general price list on page 18 for prices.

The New Bellmar Another variety the U. S. Department of Agriculture developed from a cross of Premier and Missionary made in 1922 which is just being introduced. As we have not yet fruited this variety we are quoting from Circular No. 171 of the U. S. Dept of Agriculture dated July, 1931. "As compared with Premier the plants are much more vigorous and produce runners more freely; the blossoms are perfect, ripens about a week earlier than Premier and fruits about as long, in Glendale, Md., it has been more productive than Premier and has produced a better grade of berries, and on good soil the berries are as large, color bright red, similar to Premier but not as dark as Missionary, they have a very large green calyx and a gloss which has caused it to be selected as the handsomest among hundreds. They are firmer than Premier and not so acid as Missionary. They rank high in dessert quality when grown under conditions similar to those in North Carolina and Maryland." This is one variety we advise you to try this season and order early, as the supply of plants is limited.

Premier No strawberry ever introduced has brought the returns to the grower that the Premier has, and it still stands unchallenged as a real money-maker. It has a record very hard to equal as an early market berry, and we cannot say too many good things about it. Consider these important facts about Premier and you can readily understand why we say this about it. Until the introduction of the Blakemore it had no equal as a variety that would adapt itself to most all soil and climatic conditions, whether the soil was sandy, clay loam or rocky; whether it was planted in North Carolina, Massachusetts or Illinois, you always had an abundance of new plants that were thrifty and disease free. The land did not have to be rich. Of course, it will do better on good soils, but even on comparatively poor soil Premier always makes a showing for you. It can be considered almost frost-proof. It has never failed in a crop in this section since it was introduced. The berries average large and hold up well under heavy

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FARMER'S FRIEND

crops and unfavorable seasonal conditions; it ripens over a comparative long period, from two to three weeks; the berries have an attractive bright red color and unusual quality that is only surpassed by Chesapeake and possibly Red Gold. It is moderately firm and will carry well to markets up to three hundred miles and further if handled properly. It is the best of the tried and proven early varieties. Whether you are planting for garden and home use, whether it be for roadside stand market, or whether it be for city markets on a large commercial basis, you will find the Premier equally satisfying and profitable. As an assurance for next year's income, plant an acre or more of Bountiful Ridge Nursery grown PREMIER this spring.

PREMIER this spring. Howard 17 Conceded by all em-inent horticulturists to be the same as the Premier. It seems Mr. Howard brought the variety to the at-tention of the public a few years after the introduction of the Premier and some nur-serymen advertised it and sold it as the Howard 17, and when tests were made it was found to be the same as the Premier, but it is advertised by some as the Howard 17, and they are one and the same variety. For full descrip-tion see under Premier.

Red Gold Introduced by Gardner Nursery Company of Iowa and very highly recom-mended by them. Briefly, it is an early berry, fairly productive, berries aver-

age very large, oval in shape and extremely high quality. It is a free plant maker and the foliage disease-resistant. We recommend this berry for trial especially where a large, high quality berry is desired.

Klondyke The old standby for shipping to distant markets, adapted to southern planting, berries medium to large, attrac-tive red, flesh very firm and red to the core. Medium in quality, good plant maker, and yields good crops.



MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES

Missionary The leading berry of the South cause of its ability to make plants on light sandy soil as well as on loamy soils; its thriftiness and productiveness of medium to lerge berries, which are dark red and very firm, so as to carry to distant markets and because it is a favorite of the "cold pack" and "juice" men. It will pos-sibly be replaced entirely by the Blakemore in a few years.

Senator Dunlap

(Dr. Burrell). An old-time universal favorite of the Warfield type berry. Conceded to be the same as the Dr. Burrell. Makes abundance of thrifty plants even under adverse soil and climatic conditions. Very productive of medium-sized berries of average quality. It is gradually being re-placed by Premier, which is earlier, larger, firmer, and better quality.

Dr. Burrell Same as Sena-tor Dunlap. For description see Senator Dunlap.

Ridgely A cross between Pre-mier and Gandy. Ripens early mid-season. A free plant maker, having large, healthy foliage. Fruit very firm and large and of good quality. Very good ship-per, and we consider it one of the best mid-season berries.

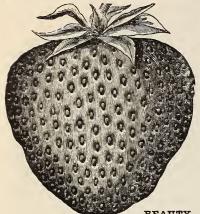
Fruitland A new early berry, popular a round Fruitland, Md., as a shipper. The plants are vigorous, healthy, and the berries are firm, large in size, and show up well as a shipping berry. Starting in medium early, runs well into mid-season. Those who have prown it most claim that it will out grown it most claim that it will outsell Premier and compare favorably with it in yield.



BLAKEMORE Complete Prices for Strawberry Plants on Page 24

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MIDSEASON



Beauty This is an exceptional new variety. The plants and foliage are large and strong, with long, fibrous roots. The berries are large, every one being almost perfect in shape and more glossy and shiny than most any other variety. They are of fine quality and very firm. The blossoms are very resistant to late frosts, making Beauty very productive. We consider Big Joe, Aberdeen and Beauty the best mid-season berries.

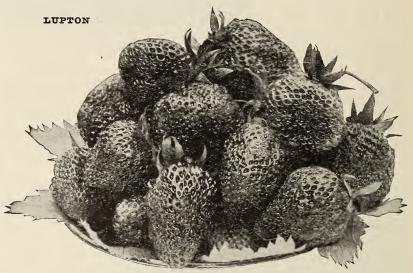
Aberdeen A comparative new variety becoming very popular in eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and justly so, for it has much to recommend it. The plants show unusual thriftiness, making abundance of new plants, and we recommend planting the Aberdeen 24 inches apart in the rows. The Aberdeen is unusually productive, equaling or surpassing the Premier. The berries will average larger than Premier, being somewhat pointed in shape, and most every berry is perfect in shape. Its ripening period extends from two to three weeks.

Caledonia A product of the New York Experimental Station that seems worthy of trial. The plant leaf spots quite a little here in Maryland, but the berries are fine. It is a free plant maker. The berries are large and red to the center, mod-erately acid, and of very good quality. Put them in your trial block.

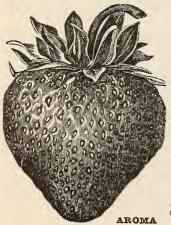
BEAUTY BEAUTY and come through with a crop, a combination which makes it one of the most popular and profitable ber-ties to grow.

ries to grow.

Aroma One of the best for its season, following closely on the Big Joe. The plant is very thrifty and readily adapts itself wherever it is planted. It is especially popular in the Midwest and Southwest, and is becoming more popular in the East as the merits of the berry are becoming better known. The fruit is medium to late, dark bright red, the color The fruit is medium to late, dark bright red, the color carrying through the berry. It is firm and a good ship-per. It is a good plant maker and very productive, the blossoms being very re-sistant to frost injury. You cannot go wrong on the Aroma as a berry to pre-cede the Chesapeake.



LATE VARIETIES



Chesapeake where there is plenty of moisture. It will not stand abuse, seeming to do best in dark, loamy soil and heavier soils and it the most profitable berry to grow. Like the Premier, it is about frost-proof and bears abundantly, the plants having large, healthy foliage. The berries are large and attrac-tive, being superior in quality. These points of merit enable it to com-mand the highest price possible for berries. The berry is very firm, so you can ship it to distant markets. You will always be able to command the top of the market with well-grown Chesapeake berries.

William Belt This variety is the standard of excellence for what irregular in shape, having an attractive cap, and the berries them-selves are a bright, glossy red, which makes them very handsome. On any market where quality, and appearance predominate among the buyers the William Belt will prove a good money-maker for the grower. It does best in the middle and northern states. It can be depended on for plant growth and productiveness. We recommend it to lengthen the Chesapeake season with a birch outlity berry. with a high quality berry.

Culver Also a product of the New York Experimental Station. We consider it the best of the three we list which they have released. It is a good plant maker; not so susceptible of leaf spot. The berries are very large, bright red color and excellent quality, and seemed quite firm here with us in our test block.

Camden Released by the New York Experimental Station for trial as a late market berry. Did not show up so good with us the first year, but it has many good points which might make it a favorite at a higher elevation. The berries are large and firm; not as good quality as the Culver. A free plant maker. Try a hundred of them and see what they will do for you.

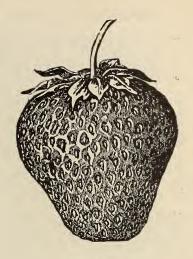
Big Late The only imperfect flowering variety we list. It could be classed as one of our greatest berries if it did not thave this fault. It must be interplanted with other varieties to produce good crops. This being done, it is one of the most productive varieties in cultivation. The plant is a strong grower and disease-resistant. The berry is medium to large and unusually attractive. It is very profitable if given proper polonization.

Lupton A fancy late shipping berry similar to Chesapeake in size and appearances but does not have the quality the Chesapeake has. We recommend it where you cannot get satisfactory beds of plants of Chesapeake, because the Lupton will do equally as well on most all soils, making abundance of plants and being a vigorous grower, and you can always depend on a good crop of Lupton berries.

VERY LATE VARIETIES

Gandy A tried and proven real late berry. A vigorous grower, making plants freely, preferring springy soil to come to its best. Berries are large, very firm and attractive.

Washington A new late variety introduced recently in Michigan. The introducer seems very enthusiastic about it, saying it is a good plant maker, big cropper, berries large, glossy, deep rich, red-like black heart cherries. Keeps very well. The plant seems to be a vigorous grower with us, and seems worthy of a thorough trial.



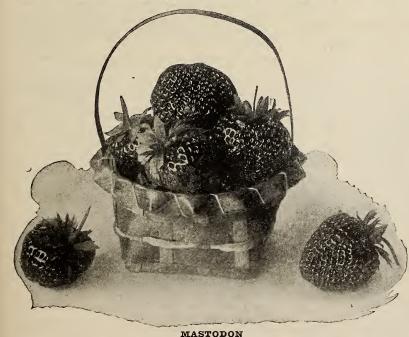
CULVER

EVERBEARING VARIETIES

THE MASTODON THE KING OF ALL EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

HARVEST A CROP THREE MONTHS AFTER PLANTING THE PLANTS AND CONTINUE TO PICK THE BERRIES TILL FROST COMES. A FEW THOUSAND MASTODON PLANTS PLANTED ON GOOD SOIL AND CARED FOR MEANS AN INDEPENDENT INCOME. The crop the following spring almost equals our best one-crop varieties. They require good fertile soil, and if given this and good cultivation they will delight you with a fine crop of large, beautiful, luscious berries. Our stock of Mastodon plants are genuine and selected for productiveness. Be sure and order some for this spring's planting.

The best everbearing strawberry yet introduced, called by some western specialist "The Wonder Berry." This variety is supreme among all ever-bearing varieties even as the Premier is supreme among the early spring bearing varieties. It



outylelds some of our best June bearing sorts during their season and continues to bear throughout summer and fall berries of amazing size and superior quality, being very firm and attractive. For best results newly set plants should be disbudded up to July 1st. They will then bear till frost. They are grown very successfully by hill culture methods as well as matted bed row system. Where hill culture is practiced, set the plants 15 inches apart in the row and have rows from 2 to 2½ feet apart. This produces strong, robust hills that produce very heavily.

Lucky Strike

Introduced recently by an eastern plant grower and is worthy of planting. We do not consider this variety equal to Mastodon, but it is superior to Progressive and Champion ever-bearing sorts. It is a persistent yielder of medium to large berries of very good quality and go od appearances. Makes plants quite freely and is a vigorous grower.

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Complete Prices For Strawberry Plants on Page 24

Prices for All Varieties of Strawberry Plants

ALL PLANTS GUARANTEED TO BE OF FIRST QUALITY, TRUE-TO-NAME AND FREE FROM ALL INJURIOUS DISEASES

Plant a field of Strawberries this spring for a guaranteed income next spring. Write to us if you are interested in making a large planting for special quotations. Come to our place and see them growing. Samples gladly submitted if interested in large quantity.

Early Varieties:	25 -	50	100	300	500	1.000	5.000	10.000
Blakemore (perfect)	3 .40	\$.60	\$.80	\$1.80	\$2.20	\$4.25	\$20.00	\$38.00
Premier (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	1.80	2.50	4.50	21.00	40.00
Howard 17 (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	1.80	2.50	4.50	21.00	40.00
Red Gold (perfect)	.55	.75	1.00	2.15	3.00	5.00	22.50	42.50
Klondyke (perfect)	.35	.60	.70	1.40	2.00	3.75	17.50	34.00
Rolmon (perfect)								42.50
Belmar (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	2.15	2.75	5.00	22.50	42.50
Medium Early Varieties:								
Ridgeley (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	1.80	2.50	4.50	21.00	40.00
Fruitland (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	1.80	2.75	5.00	22.50	42.50
Missionary (perfect)	40	.50	.60	1.30	2.50	3.50	16.25	30.00
Sen. Dunlap (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	1.80	2.50	4.25	21.00	40.00
Dr. Burrell (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	1.80	2.50	4.25	21.00	40.00
	.10	.00	.50	1.00	2.00	1.20	21.00	10.00
Mid-Season Varieties:								
Aberdeen (perfect)	.50	.60	.90	1.80	2.50	4.50	21.00	40.00
Beauty (perfect)	.50	.60	.90	2.10	2.75	5.00	22.50	42.00
Caledonia (perfect)	.50	.60	.90	2.10	2.75	5.00	22.50	
Big Joe (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	1.80	2.50	4.50	22.50	40.00
Aroma (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	1.80	2.50	4.50	22.50	40.00
Late Varieties:			05	0.15	0.75	5.00	23.75	46.00
Chesapeake (perfect)	.55	.75	.95	2.15	2.75			
Bid Late (imperfect)	.55	.75	.95	1.80	2.75	5.00	23.75	46.00
Wm. Belt (perfect)	.55	.75	.95	1.80	2.75	5.00	23.75	46.00
Lupton (perfect)	.45	.67	.95	1.80	2.50	4.50	21.25	40.00
Culver (perfect)	.55	.70	.95	2.25	2.75	5.00	23.75	
Camden (perfect)	-55	.70	.95	2.25	2.75	5.00	23.75	
Very Late Varieties:								
Gandy (perfect)	.45	.60	.90	1.80	2.50	4.50	21.25	40.00
Washington (perfect)	.55	.00	.95	1.80	2.70	5.00	23.75	46.00
	.55	.70	.95	1.00	2.70	5.00	20.10	10.00
Everbearing Varieties:								
Mastodon (perfect)	.65	.90	1.50	3.40	5.50	10.00	42.50	80.00
Lucky Strike (perfect)	.70	1.05	1.70	4.20	6.50	12.00	55.00	100.00
Parcel Post Rates:								
1st and 2nd zones, up to 150 miles	8c	90	12c	\$.20	\$.26	\$.46		
3rd zone, 150 to 300 miles	100	12c	180	.34	.46	.86		
4th zone, 300 to 600 miles			28c	.60	.84	1.48		lip
5th zone, 600 to 1 000 miles	12c	16c					ł	y
5th zone, 600 to 1,000 miles.	15c	210	39c	.87	1.23	2.19 2.90	exp	ress
6th zone, 1,000 to 1,400 miles	18c	26c	50c	1.14	1.62		-	
7th zone, 1,400 to 1,800 miles	22c	32c	62c	1.42	2.02	3.52		

If you wish your plants shipped by Parcel Post, please add enough for postage, according to the above rates, otherwise they will be shipped by express or C. O. D. for the amount of postage.

Kemp's Bountiful Sure Crop Yellow Dent Field Corn

For years Mr. Geo. W. Kemp, general manager of our nursery, has been selecting to a type of corn after making a definite cross of Reids Yellow Dent and the Mammoth Yellow Dent. Last year his efforts were rewarded with almost 100% reproduction to type, at the same time giving a medium-sized stalk that produces to a maximum under all conditions. The ears are produced from three to five feet from the ground on the stalk and under good growing con-ditions will run largely two well-developed ears to the stalk. We have never given this corn much fertilization, trying to instill in it the habit of producing a maximum crop on just average soil, and this we have succeeded in doing. It can be termed as a 100-day corn and will do equally as well on practically all types of soil.

In spite of the very dry season from July 1st to October, this corn came through practically a full crop this year and is the best corn we know of in the county and possibly in the state. The ears average long, with small to mediumsized cob and very deep grains.

We sell only the shelled corn for seed. All ears carefully selected and the end grains shelled off before shelling for shipment to you. It is all tested for germina-tion, which insures you of good stands. Rest assured the corn is right, or the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries would not offer it to you.

1/2 peck, 50c; 1/2 bushel, \$1.25; 1 bushel, \$1.75

Lawn Grass Seed

Again we are passing to our customers the benefits of our experience by offering them Lawn Grass Seed Mixtures that we have tried for years and have proven more than satis-factory for general use and for large estate, park and golf course plantings. Each mixture is prepared to our specifications by one of the best seed men of the East. You have a guaranteed purity analysis with each brand. You have a brand for every use, whether you desire to plant in the shade or in sunlight.

Write for special prices in quantities of more than 100 pounds. Prices below are for seed delivered to your station.

We recommend from six to eight pounds to 1,000 square feet of lawn where a heavy new sod is desired. To old lawns, three to five pounds per 1,000 square feet.

Cur Old English General Purpose Mixture, containing blue grass, S. Red Top, White Clover, Timothy and Ryc grass, makes a quick, hardy lawn, suitable for irregular and extreme sandy soils. 98.90% pure. 2-lb. cans, 90c; 5-lb. cans, \$2.00; 20-lb. bags, \$7.50; 50-lb. bags, \$16.00.

Our Old English Shady Spot Mixture, prepared especially for planting where the sun seldom penetrates, as under trees and northern exposures. You can now have the best of a lawn in constant shade with this mixture. Contains Poa Trivialis, N. Z. Red Fesue, S. Red Top. 99.30% pure. 2-lb. cans, \$1.15; 5-lb. cans, \$2.50; 20-lb. bags, \$9.75; 50-lb. bags, \$23.50

Our Old English Evergreen Mixture. Where a re heavy turf is desired, we recommend this mixture. Where a real fine the best grass seeds used, and will make a lawn of superior quality. Our finest mixture for general planting. Contains Blue Grass, Red Top and White Clover. 99.10% pure. 5-lb. bags, \$2.35; 20-lb. bags, \$9.00; 50-lb. bags, \$21.00.

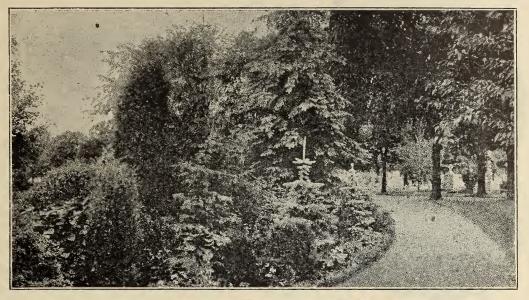
Old English Seashore Mixture of Grasses which will thrive under extremely adverse conditions, such as in sand which is low in fertility and moisture, and produce a good lawn. Prices same as Old English Evergreen.

Old English White Clover for lawns. 1-lb., 60c; 5-lbs., \$2.50.

Old English Bone Meal for lawns. 50-lb. bags, \$3.00; 100-lb. bags, \$5.00.

Old English Pulverized Sheep Manure for lawns, ever-greens and shrubs. 100-lb. lots, \$4.00; 500-lb. lots, \$16.00.

Ornamental Department



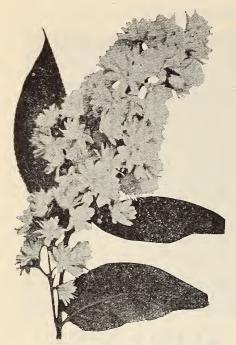
FLOWERING SHRUBS

In many cases it would be better to plant Shrubs in groups of several to one side of the lawn instead of following the method of planting one in a certain place and spoiling the effect of the open lawn. In most cases, three, six, eight or twelve of one variety should be used in a particular grouping. Several such groupings make an excellent border or foundation planting.

- ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon). Double assorted colors; red, white, lavender; a very desirable shrub; flowers large in late summer. 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10.
- BUTTERFLY BUSH. So named because blooms attract large numbers of butterflies. Blooms profusely; lilac-colored tapering panicles 6 to 10 inches long. Height 3 to 4 feet. No. 1 plants, 2-year, 13 to 24 inch, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10.
- **BEAUTYBUSH.** The attractively leaved bush attains about six feet, the center upright, the outer branches gracefully arching. Has a general resemblance to both Weigela and Honeysuckle, the beautiful trumpet-shaped flowers appearing in great profusion during June in pairs which cluster closely into cymes of about twenty-five. Flowers are bell-shaped and somewhat lipped, pale pink with orange veins in the throat, the buds being much darker. 45c each; 5 for \$2.00.
- **INDIAN CURRANT.** A slender-branched upright shrub, valuable for planting in shady places, as the foliage is very persistent. The fruit is purplish-red. 18 to 24 inch, 30c each; \$3.00 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 40c each.
- **SNOWBERRY.** An upright, low-growing shrub with pink flowers in July. Showy white berries in fall. Very effective in mass in the shrubbery border. 18 to 24 inch, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 40c each.
- **CREPE MYRTLE.** Too much cannot be said in favor of the delicate-flowered Lagerstroemia, producing throughout the summer great clusters of delicately fringed flowers. Makes the most charming flowering hedge known. A success with everyone. Perfectly hardy as far north as central New Jersey. We have all colors—blue, pink and red. Fine 2 to 3 foot trees, 80c each; \$7.00 per 10; 18 to 24 inch, 60c each.
- **DEUTZIA-CRENATA.** A very hardy shrub with luxuriant foliage and a profusion of double white flowers tinged with rose produced in late June on long racemes. 18 to 24 inch, 25c each; \$2.00 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 4 to 5 feet, 50c each; 5 to 6 feet, 75c each.
- **DEUTZIA** (Pride of Rochester). Produces large white flowers tinged with rose; vigorous grower, profuse bloomer, and one of the earliest flowers to bloom. 18 to 24 inch, 25c each; \$2.00 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 4 to 5 feet, 50c each.
- **DEUTZIA LEMOINE.** Somewhat dwarf habit of growing. In June the plants are literally covered with snow-white flowers. **18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.**
- **KERRIA (Kerria Japonica).** Another old garden favorite that becomes a mass of golden yellow, globe-shaped flowers in mid-spring. The branches remain green in the winter. Ultimate height, 6 to 8 feet. No. 1 plants, 18 to 24 inch, 50c each; 2 to 3 feet, 70c each.
- **DOGWOOD (Red-Twigged Dogwood).** Good for border groupings, where the smooth, slender, bright red branches in winter make a very pleasing contrast with evergreen and snow. Thrives in shade. Height, 6 to 8 feet. 2 to 3 feet, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10; 4 to 5 feet, 45c each; \$4.00 per 10; 5 to 6 feet, 60c each.

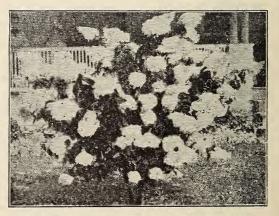


EVERBLOOMING BUTTERFLY BUSH



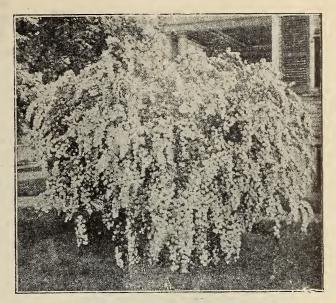
DEUTZIA PRIDE OF ROCHESTER

- FORTUNE'S FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell). Medium size; flowers are of a bright yellow and appear before the leaves very early in the spring. 2 to 3 feet bushes, 30c each; 2.50 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 45c each; 4 to 5 feet, 50c each.
- **FORSYTHIA** (Intermedia). One of the most floriferous. It blooms so early it is frequently covered with its bright golden flowers while the ground is still covered with snow. It does not grow as tall as the Fortunei. 2 to 3 foot plants, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10; 4 to 5 feet, 50c each; \$4.50 for 10.
- FORSYTHIA (Viridissima). Of the same habits of growth as the Fortunei. The flowers are a little deeper yellow and somewhat twisted. 2 to 3 foot plants, 30c each; §2.50 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 4 to 5 feet, 50c each.
- FLOWERING ALMOND, DOUBLE PINK (P. jap. flore pleno rosea). A vigorous, beautiful tree, covered in May with rose-colored blossoms like small roses; hardy. 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.
- FLOWERING ALMOND, DOUBLE WHITE (P. jap. flore pleno alba). Same as above, except blossoms are pure white. 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.
- **HYPERICUM (Prolificum).** A free-flowering shrub that thrives on most any soil. Continuous bloomer from July to September. Of dwarf habit of growth and particularly desirable for a succession of lemon-yellow flowers. 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.
- HONEYSUCKLE, PINK TARTARIAN (L. Tartarica rosea). Pink flowers that make a lovely contrast with the foliage. Fine 2 to 3 foot bushes, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10.
- HONEYSUCKLE, RED TARTARIAN (L. T. var. rubra). Blooms early in the spring; flowers a beautiful bright red. Fine 2 to 3 foot plants, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10.
- FRAGRANT HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera Fragrantissima). Fragrant white flowers, sometimes bursting into bloom in January. Holds green leaves into winter. 2 to 3 feet, 40c each.
- HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY. 8 to 10 feet. Handsome, dense, brilliant green foliage; a rich setting for large bunches of crimson berries which persist on otherwise bare branches throughout winter. The flowers are in dense cymes about four inches across; pure white. 2 to 3 feet, 40c each.
- JAPAN QUINCE, SCARLET (C. Japonica, also Pyrus Japonica). Flowers a bright scarlet crimson, borne in great profusion in early spring; foliage bright glossy green. 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.
- HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS STERILIS (Hills of Snow). This grand American shrub deserves increased attention. Handsome foliage and snow-white, ball-shaped clusters of flowers make it a most conspicuous object wherever grown. Blooms the greater part of summer. 15 to 18 inch, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10; 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$3.75 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, heavy, 50c each; \$4.50 for 10.
- **HYDRANGEA** (Paniculata Grandifiora). A beautiful, tall shrub with leaves of bright, shiny green; flowers borne in huge panicles from 8 to 12 inches long, light pink, changing to brown later in the fall; blooms in August and September. 15 to 18 inch, 30c each; \$2.00 for 10; 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 50c each; \$4.00 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 60c each; \$5.00 for 10.
- HYDRANGEA, P. G. (Tree Form). Same as above except trained to single stem with well-formed top on it like a tree. Continues to grow like a tree, drooping towards ground when in bloom. 3 to 4 foot stems, well topped, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 for 10.
- HYDRANGEA, MAURICE HAMAR. A pleasing shade of delicate flesh-pink. No. 1 plants, 2-year, 60c each. HYDRANGEA OTAKSA. Fine for planting near the dwelling. Flowers generally blue, with a few exceptions, when they are a delicate pink. A Japanese variety. 2-year, No. 1 plants, 60c each.
- LILAC, WHITE (S. Vulgaris Alba). Too well-known to need description; its flowers are white and fragrant. Fine 18 to 24 inch, 50c each; \$4.00 for 10.
- LILAC PURPLE (S. Vulgaris). The well-known purple variety; always a standard sort. Fine 2 to 3 feet, 50c each; \$4.00 for 10; 18 to 24 inch, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10.
- LILAC (Persian). A favorite among the purple lilac, having a rich color and unusually fragrant. 18 to 24 inch, 50c each; \$4.00 per 10; 2 to 3 feet, 70c each.
- LATE LILAC. A late blooming lilac of fine pink color; medium-sized plant. 18 to 24 inch strong plants, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 60c each.
- HENRY LUTESCE LILAC. A vigorous late bloomer of beautiful lavender color. 18 to 24 inch strong plants, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 60c each.
- **SNOWBALL COMMON (V. Opulus Sterilis).** Grows 6 to 8 feet high; the old-fashioned Snowball; pure white flowers are produced in May and June and make a very attractive appearance. **Fine 2 to 3** feet, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10.
- **PINK KOREAN SNOWBALL.** One of the outstanding new varieties of recent introduction sometimes called the Mayflower Viburnum. Blooms profusely in early spring and flowers are pink in color and heavily laden with spicy fragrance. 12 to 18 inch strong plants, 80c each; \$7.50 for 10.
- SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER. A very popular lowgrowing bush, constantly in bloom all summer. Flower clusters large, flat-topped and of deep rose color. Well shaped, 18 to 24 inch, 35c each; \$3.00 for 10; 12 to 18 inch, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10.
- SPIREA BILLARDI. Narrow, dense shrub, six feet high, with dense panicles of rich pink and white flowers from July on. 2 to 3 feet 30c each; heavy 3-foot plants, 50c each; \$4.00 for 10. State color wanted.



HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA

- SPIREA VAN HOUTTE (S. Van Houttei). This is the most popular of all the spireas. Its gracefully arching branches heaped as they are with the white blossoms in spring and its thriftiness under the most trying conditions are the reasons for its popularity. 18 to 24 inch, 20c each; \$1.50 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.
- **SPIREA THUNBERGII.** One of the most charming of all low-growing shrubs, with fine, delicate foliage and a profusion of small white flowers in April and May. **Price**, 2-year, 18 to 24 inch, 35c each; \$3.00 per 10.
- SPIREA BETHLEMENSIS. One of the newer varieties having spikes of rosy pink flowers excellent for cutting. An excellent variety for use in foundation planting. 18 to 24 inch, 35c each; \$2.75 for 10.
- **PUSSY WILLOW (Salix Discolor).** A very hardy shrub of gray-green foliage producing oval-shaped balls of a fir-like appearance of grayish color early in spring. 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 4 to 5 feet, 60c each.
- PHILADELPHUS, Grandiflora (Mock Orange). May or June. Forms a large, spreading bush with graceful, drooping branches; flowers slightly fragrant. 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10; 4 to 5 feet, 50c each.



SPIREA VANHOUTTI IN FULL BLOOM

PHILADELPHUS, Coronarius (Mock Orange). A well known shrub with pure white, very fragrant flowers; one of the first to bloom. 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10; 4 to 5 feet, 50c each.

TAMARIX AFRICANA. Of strong, upright grotesque habit, with airy, slender leaves and a profusion of dainty, soft pink flowers in May. 1½ to 2 feet, 30c each; 2 to 3 feet, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10.
 WEIGELA EVA RATHKE. Flowers a brilliant crimson; a beautiful, clear, distinct shade. 18 to 24 inch

bush, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10.

WEIGELA ROSEA. An elegant variety with fine rose-colored flowers appearing in June. 18 to 24 inch, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 35c each; \$3.00 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, 45c each; \$4.00 for 10.

VARIEGATED WEIGELA (Nana Variegata). Variously colored leaves. It stands the sun well and retains its well-marked tints until autumn. The flowers are lighter in color than the Rosea. July. Fine 18 to 21 inch bush, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.

GOLDEN PRIVET. A plant of the California privet type, only it has beautiful golden leaves, making it very showy and attractive. Beautiful when planted as specimen plants and sheared or interplanted with other shrubs given striking contrast; heavy cut plants. 18 to 24 inch, 50c each; \$4.00 per 10; 24 to 30 inch, 70c each; \$6.00 for 10; 30 to 36 inch, 75c each; \$7.00 for 10.

We can supply large size shrubs for park planting if desired. Write for prices and kinds desired.

Our Fruits Show Productiveness, Adaptability in Far South

Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, Princess Anne, Md. Gentlemen:

Four years ago I sent you an order for one thousand Delicious apple trees, one year old. At the same time I ordered some two-year-old trees from another firm. At the present time it would be impossible for anyone to tell which are the older trees. The past year I harvested quite a lot of apples from the trees.

1

I also ordered about two hundred peach trees from you, and last year I sold my peaches readily at \$2.00 per bushel, while ordinary peaches went begging at fifty cents. I also sold plums from the two hundred Abundance and Waneta trees purchased from you at \$3.20 per 32-quart crate while others were begging the public to buy their fruit at less than \$1.00 per bushel. One fruit stand sold the Wanetas at two for five cents. I sold thousands of pounds of Concord grapes from the one thousand vines bought at the same time I bought the trees at four cents per pound while others were advertising grapes at 2½ cents, and buyers kept coming for weeks after the crop was gone. Wish I had set more Niagaras, as I could get my own price for the limited number I had of them. The dwarf pear trees began bearing the year I set them, and last fall grape buyers were astounded to see those little trees bending to the ground with great big pears. Sold dewberries from the one thousand plants at five cents above the market. Did equally well from the one thousand Eldorado blackberry plants.

Considering the fact that I did not live here on the farm the first three years after setting the fruit and had to depend upon very inefficient help, and at times no help at all, it is little wonder that the community in this short time should begin to dub me a sort of fruit wizard. I tell them that anyone could have done as well with the kind of stock I had to start with and they could have done even better had they given it better care than I found it possible for me under the circumstances. The above facts may be easily substantiated.

I almost forgot to tell you that the six Montmorency and Early Richmond cherry trees were loaded with fruit.

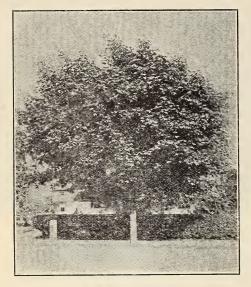
Yours truly,

J. D. PRICKETT.

College Park, Ga., February 16, 1932.

SHADE TREES

We give special prices for street and park plant-ing using fifty trees or more. Write to us, giving quantities and grades desired.

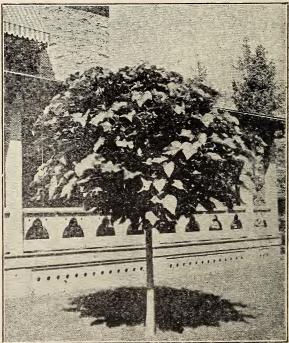


NORWAY MAPLE

- ASH, EUROPEAN MOUNTAIN. Hardy tree; head dense and regular, beautiful fern-like green foli-age; covered from July till winter with clusters of bright red berries. The combination of foliage and clustered fruits makes this one of the most striking and beautiful trees that grow. 6 to 8 striking and beautiful trees that grow. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 each; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.50 each; \$14.00 for 10; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.00 each; \$16.00 for 10; 12 to 14 feet, 2.50 each.
- **IRCH, WHITE (Betula Alba).** Erect growing. Branches slightly drooping and attractive bark which is almost white. Very beautiful for in-dividual specimen planting. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 each; \$17.00 for 10; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.00 each. BIRCH.
- **CATALPA BUNGEI (Umbrella Catalpa).** Per-fectly hardy, and flourishes in almost all soils and climates. Leaves large, glossy, heart-shaped deep green; lie like shingles on a roof; always makes a symmetrical head. Desirable for lawn, park and cemetery planting. 6-foot stems, 2-year heads, \$1.25 each; 5-foot stems, 2-year heads \$1.00 each 2-year heads, \$1.00 each.
- CATALPA SPECIOSA (Western Catalpa). Rapid grower. Large, heart-shaped, downy leaves and compound panicles of white flowers tinged with violet and dotted with purple and yellow. 5 to 6 feet, 50c each; \$4.00 for 10.
- ELM, AMERICAN WHITE (U. Americana). A magnificent tree growing 80 to 100 feet high with drooping, spreading branches. One of the grandest of our native trees. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.50 each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each; \$9.00 for 10.
- CHINESE ELM. Recently released to the nur-serymen by the U. S. Government and becoming very popular as a quick-growing, desirable shade tree. Tree grows upright, extreme end of branches drooping. Very dense, making good shade. Large growing and resistant to drought and cold. 5 to 6 feet, \$1.25 each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.25 each.
- MOLINE ELM. A quick-growing elm of distinct habits being very dense and developing into conical-shaped specimen trees. Very desirable. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each; \$14.00 per 10.
- MULBERRY, NEW AMERICAN. Largest fruit; black; delicious flavor; a very attractive lawn tree, with very large leaves. Of rapid growth. Hardy. 6 to 8 feet \$1.00 each.

- MAPLE, NOEWAY (A. Platanoides). A large, hand-some tree with broad, deep green foliage; has a very compact growth. A valuable tree for parks, lawns or streets. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each; \$12.50 for 10; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.25 each; \$20.00 for 10; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.75 each; 12 to 14 feet, \$3.50 each. MAPLE, SILVER-LEAVED or SOFT (A. Dasycar-pum). A rapid-growing tree of large size, irreg-ular, rounded form; foliage bright green above and silver beneath; a favorite street and park tree. 6 to 8 feet, 50c each; 8 to 10 feet, 80c each; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.25 each; \$12.00 for 10; 12 to 14 feet, \$1.50 each. \$1.50 each.

- 6 to 8 feet, 50c each; 8 to 10 feet, 80c each; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.25 each; \$12.00 for 10; 12 to 14 feet, \$1.50 each. **MAFLE, SUGAR or HARD (A. Saccharum).** A well-known native tree valuable both for the production of sugar and wood; very desirable. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.00 each; 10 to 12 feet, \$2.50 each; 12 to 14 feet, \$3.00 each. **MAFLE, WIER'S CUT-LEAVED (A. Wierii Lacinia-tum).** A variety of the silver-leaved, and one of the most beautiful, with cut or dissected foliage; rapid growth, shoots slender and drooping. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each. **ORIENTAL PLANE, or EUROPEAN SYCAMORE** (P. Orientalis). A rapid-growing, erect tree with bright green foliage; much more esteemed than the American variety as a shade tree; very desirable for parks, streets and lawns. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.50 each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 each. **CHINESE FOPLAR.** Like Lombardy in having a pyramidal or columnar head. The leaf is medium green, red veined, and smaller than Lombardy. This is a good tree for narrow streets. It is useful, too, where a naturalistic effect is wanted. 5 to 6 feet, 50c each. **FOPLAR, LOMBERDY.** This tree grows to an immense height. May be used to good advantage or vindbreak. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.00 each; 6 to 8 feet, 50c each. **TEXAS UMBERELLA TREE.** This is a rapid-growing tree which naturally assumes a spreading head, resembling a gigantic umbrella. Its beautiful foliage and natural shape make it a most desirable shade tree. Not hardy north of southern New York. 3 to 4 feet, 75c each; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.00 each; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.50 each. **TULIF TREE (L. Tulipfera).** A magnificent rapid-growing tree which light green, glossy fiddle shaped leaves and greenish-yellow, tulip-shaped fowers. Also known as white wood. 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each.



SHADE TREES-(Continued)

PRUNUS PISSARDI (Purple-Leaved). Leaves when young are a lustrous crimson, changing to dark purple, and retain this beautiful tint until they drop late in the autumn; no other purple-leaved tree retains its color like this. Flowers small, white, single, covering the tree. 4 to 5 feet, \$1.00 each; \$8.00 for 10.

- **TIN OAK.** Broadly pyramidal in growth. Compara-tive fast grower, leaves very attractive. One of our finest shade trees. 6 to 8 feet, \$2.00 each; 10 for \$17.50; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50 each.
- **RED OAK.** Comparative quick-growing tree. Large leaves with rich autumn coloring of purplish crimson and red. 6 to 8 feet, \$2.25 each; 10 for \$20.00; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.75 each.
- **HITE OAK.** Best planted in spring. The most rugged oak of all. Slow in growth, but makes magnificent tree. Very desirable. 6 to 8 feet, \$2.25 each; 10 for \$20.00; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.75 each. WHITE OAK. Can supply all of above oaks in larger sizes if desired. Write for prices, giving sizes wanted.

FLOWERING ORNAMENTAL TREES

You can combine the beauty of moderate sized shade trees, beautiful foliage and flowers by planting some of the following trees. You can have the same beautiful display of cherry blossoms right at home that draws thousands to Washington each spring by planting the Japanese cherry listed here. All flowering cherries are two and three year trees, well branched, and have bloomed.

JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRY

The Beauty Tree of America Today

KANZAN. Large, double, pink blossoms borne in profusion. Tree vigorous and upright in growth. One of the best of the pinks. 2-year 6-foot trees, \$2.00 each.

AMANAGAWA. Large double blossom, not so intense pink as Kanzan; forms a beautiful tree and should be in your collection. 2-year, 6-foot trees, \$2.00 each.

MT. FUGI. Without a doubt the very best white flowering cherry. We have never seen such clusters of snow-white double blossoms as this tree bears in the spring. Tree upright in growth, but droops nat-urally when in bloom. We can recommend it to anyone. Large 2-year, 5-foot trees, \$2.00 each.

ADEN. Large pale pink flowers, being very double. Tree tiful sight when in bloom. 2-year, 5-foot trees, \$2.00 each. NADEN. Tree upright and spreading; presents a most beau-

KOFUGEN. One of the most profuse blooming flowering cherry. Flowers are very large and very double, sometimes being almost pure red. Tree vigorous spreading. Should be in every planting if you wish real beauty. 2-year, 6-foot trees, \$2.25 each.

TEMARI. Double pink flowers shading to almost a white after in bloom. Tree upright in growth and very showy. 2-year, 6-foot trees, \$2.00 each. **BENIHIGAN.** Single white flowers almost covering the tree. Very early bloomer. Tree upright to spreading in growth. 2-year, 6-foot trees, \$1.75 each.

OTHER PLOWERING TREES

DOWNY HAWTHOENE (Crataegus Mollis). Bright green leaves, creamy white flowers and scarlet, edible fruit. Two to three feet size. **75c.**

- PAUL'S SCARLET THORN (Crataegus Oxycantha Splendens). Flowers deep crimson-scarlet, very double. This is one of the most attractive trees for specimen planting or groups. Three to four feet size. \$1.25.
- BECHTEL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING CRAB (P. An-gustifolia). One of the most beautiful of the flowering crabs; tree of medium size, covered in early spring with large, beautiful, fragrant flowers of a delicate pink color. 3 to 4 feet, 75c each; \$7.00 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, 60c each.
- JUDAS TREE, or RED BUD (C. Canadensis). A medium-sized tree with large, irregular head and perfect heart-shaped leaves. The profusion of delicate reddish-pink blossoms with which it is covered in early spring before the foliage appears make it one of the finest ornamental trees. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.00 each; 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25 each; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.75 each.
- **DOGWOOD, WHITE FLOWERING** (Cornus Flor-ida). Large white flowers appear in the spring before the leaves. Scarlet fruits are borne in the autumn and the leaves turn to a deep red. 3 to 4 feet, 75c; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.00; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.25.
- **DOGWOOD (Pink Flowering).** This is a colored form of the native species of Dogwood, resembling it very closely in habits of growth, period of bloom and general behavior; bright, deep rose-colored blossoms. Nice 2 to 3 feet trees, \$2.00 each; \$20.00 for 10; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50 each.
- **IMOSA.** A beautiful shade tree. Spreading in habits of growth and has feathery foliage. Its cotton-like, crimson-tinted bloom is very orna-mental through the summer months. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 each; 10 for \$9.00; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.50 each; MIMOSA.

\$12.00 for 10; 6 to 8 feet, \$2.00 each; 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50 each.

MAGNOLIA LILIFOLIA. A deciduous shrub bloom-ing early spring before the leaves appear. Has large, double pink flowers. Very attractive and perfectly hardy. Grows in bush form; ultimate growth 7 to 8 feet. 24 to 30 inch plants, balled and burlapped, \$2.00 each.

WEEPING **ORNAMENTAL TREES**

- TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY (Morus Tartarica Pendula). A graceful and beautiful hardy tree, forming a perfect umbrella-shaped head, with long, slender, willowy branches drooping to the ground and gracefully swaying in the wind; foliage small, lobed, and of a delightful, fresh, glossy green. First-class 2-year heads, 5 to 6 foot stem, \$2.00 each. each.
- WEEPING WILLOW, BABYLONIAN (S. Baby-lonica). The well-known, common weeping wil-low; makes a large tree covered with drooping branches. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00 each.
- WEEPING WILLOW, WISCONSIN (S. Babylonica, via dolorosa). Of drooping habits and considered the hardiest; valuable on account of its ability to resist severe cold. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00.
- **CUT LEAF WEEPING BIRCH.** One of the most beautiful weeping trees now offered. Pyramidal in growth habit. Dark green leaves and shiny white bark surely makes a showy appearance. 6 to 8 foot trees, \$1.60 each.
- WIERS CUT LEAF WEEPING MAPLE. A silver maple with remarkable and beautiful dissected foliage. Of rapid growth; shoots slender and drooping, giving it a very dense appearance clear to the ground. 6 to 8 foot trees, \$1.60 each; 10 .for \$15.00.

SAME SATISFACTION IN REPEAT ORDER Telford, Pa., April 25, 1932.

Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, Princess Anne, Md.

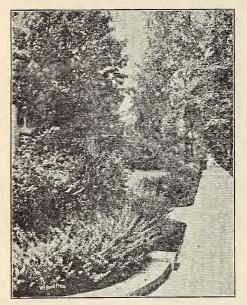
Dear Sir: We have received the trees in the very best condition you want to see them. Surprising us the fine stock you sent us this year and the 500 peach trees you sent us last year, which we never Thanking you very much, in which we will depend on you in the future. Yours truly,

MAURIVIO ROSSI.

ORNAMENTAL HEDGES

REAL BEAUTY AND DISTINCTION AT LOW COST

That is what you can have by planting judiciously of the hedge plants we offer you here. There is a plant for every purpose. Select them and plant at these low prices.



JAPANESE BARBERRY HEDGE

- NEW RED LEAF BARBERRY. Similar to Barberry Thunbergi, but the foliage of this new variety is of a rich, lustrous, bronzy red. It becomes more brilliant and gorgeous throughout the summer, and in the fall its foliage changes to vivid orange, scarlet and red shades. Scarlet berries remain on the plant the entire winter. All that is required to develop its brilliant coloring at all seasons is that it be planted in full exposure to the sun. Grows three feet. Price, 15 to 18 inches, 45c each; \$3.00 per 10; 12 to 15 inches, 30c each; \$2.25 for 10; 18 to 24 inches, 50c each; 24 to 30 inches, 60c each.
- **JAPANESE BARBERRY.** A pretty dwarf species that will fit into almost any planting and will grow in most any place. Handsome foliage of bright green oval-shaped leaves which turn to the most brilliant shades of coppery red and orange in autumn and which remain on until late fall. The slender, graceful little branches are lined with small scarlet berries which hang until well into winter and help give life to the shrubbery border, especially when there is snow on the ground. Used for foundation and group plantings and hedges. (Does not harbor wheat rust.) Height 2 to 3 feet. 12 to 18 inches, \$1.25 per 10; \$12.00 per 100; 18 to 24 inches, heavy, \$2.00 per 10; \$16.00 per 100; 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 per 10; \$20.00 per 100.
- CALIFORNIA PRIVET. California Privet will give you living fences for less than you can build them of wire. Fences of this kind add a wonderful touch of beauty to the home ground, and they can be sheared into any shape or size or allowed to grow naturally. A few dollars invested in California Privet will add many times their value to your property, besides making it more beautiful. Plant California Privet grown by us and you will soon realize that live fences are best. 12 to 13 inches, 40c per 10; \$3.00 per 100; \$30.00 per 1,000; 18 to 24 inches, 60c per 10; \$3.50 per 100; \$30.00 per 1,000; 2 to 3 feet, 80c per 10; \$5.00 per 100; \$40.00 per 1,000; 3 to 4 feet, 90c per 10; \$6.00 per 100; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.00 per 10; \$8.00 per 100.
- AMOOR RIVER PRIVET NORTH (L. Amurense). A valuable ornamental shrub for hedges and borders; very hardy; foliage glossy green, and holds its color almost the entire year; will stand shearing to any extent. Well branched. 18 inch, \$1.00 for 10; \$0.00 for 100; 2 to 3 feet, \$1.25 for 10; \$10.00 for 100; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50 for 10; \$11.00 for 100; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.75 for 10; \$15.00 for 100.
- **GLOBE PRIVET.** This is regular California Privet carefully sheared into ball-shaped specimen plants. Each plant is perfect and very dense, giving compact ball effect. Very attractive, and are used extensively as markers for driveways, walks, and to border lawns and terraces. Dark green foliage which hangs till late in winter. 9x9 inch ball, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10. 12x12 inch ball, 50c each; \$4.00 for 10. 18x18 inch ball, 60c each; \$5.00 for 10.

REGELS PRIVET. A strong, very hardy type of Privet with dark and shiny leaves. The numerous branches are stiff, twiggy and horizontally spreading, gracefully drooping at the ends. Makes a naturally wide, dense bush particularly adapted to foundation plantings, and develops to a very pretty specimen plant when planted alone. 18 to 24 inch bushy plants, 25c each; \$2.00 for 10; \$18.00 for 100.

CLIMBING VINES

COVER THOSE BARE, UNSIGHTLY WALLS AND TRELLISES WITH BEAUTIFUL CLIMBING VINES—WE LIST A CLIMBING VINE FOR EVERY PURPOSE

- **PURPLE WISTERIA.** Flowers light purple and blue in early spring, borne in large drooping clusters. Well adapted for arbor plantings. **Price**, 3-year strong plants, 40c each; \$3.50 per 10.
- WHITE WISTERIA. Resembles the purple variety, but with white flowers. Hardy and very desirable. Price, 3-year strong plants, 40c each; \$3.50 per 10.
- ARISTOLOCHIA SIPHO (Dutchman's Pipe). Brownish, pipe-shaped flowers. Highly useful for its large leaves, which make a perfect screen for porches. 2-year, 2 feet, 55c each; \$5.00 for 10.
- CLEMATIS PANICULATA (Small Flowering Clematis). A great novelty from Japan. This variety of Clematis has proven to be one of the most desirable, useful and beautiful of hardy garden vines. Frice, 2-year, 40c each; \$3.00 for 10.
- CLEMATIS JACKMANI (Large Flowering Clematis). It is a strong grower, and produces a mass of intense violet-purple flowers 4 to 6 inches in diameter from July until October. 2-year, 70c each; \$6.00 for 10.
- HALL'S JAPAN HONEYSUCKLE (L. Halleana). A strong, vigorous vine with pure white flowers, changing to yellow; foliage remains green well into winter; very fragrant and covered with flowers almost the entire season. 2-year strong plants, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10.
- ENGLISH IVY, HEDERA HELIX. This popular evergreen vine with medium-size dark green leaves

is extensively used in this country for covering brick and stone walls and dwellings. **3-year**, **30c** each; **\$2.50** for **10**.

- **BOSTON IVY.** Foliage handsome in summer, changing to crimson-scarlet in autumn. Clings to walls and fences; fine for brick and stone. 2-year strong plants, 30c each; \$2.50 for 10.
- **TRUMPET VINE.** Trumpet-shaped, scarlet flowers in August. Deep green foliage. 2-year strong plants, 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.
- AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA (American Ivy). A strong-growing, hardy, trailing vine with beautiful foliage, large orange-scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers blooming through the entire summer makes this plant very desirable as a cover plant for trellises; also brick or stone walls and fences. Strong 2-year plants, 35c each; \$3.00 for 10. **KUDZU VINE**. Large foliage and dense shade, growing 50 feet in cover cover and dense shade.
- KUDZU VINE. Large foliage and dense shade, growing 50 feet in one season. Flowers plentiful in August; rosy-purple, pea-shaped—in small racemes. Good porch vine wherever it is able to withstand the cold winters. 2-year, 40c each; \$3.00 per 10.
- **EUONYMOUS RADICANS.** A fine, practically evergreen vine, with small, rich green foliage and pink fruits. For covering rocky banks, climbing rough walls, tree trunks, etc.; also for vases, baskets and borders of beds. This type is narrowleaved and compactly matting. Used for general covering. 2-year, 50c each; \$4.00 per 10.

HARDY PERENNIALS

Peonies

All Peonies 3 to 5 Eye Divisions

- **FESTIVA MAXIMA.** Large, full bloom, color pure white with an occasional carmine spot; strong grower. One of the best of the white varieties. Early. 40c each; \$3.00 for 10.
- **DELACHEI** (Red). Late mid-season, compact, rose type. Deep purple, crimson reflex, a very sure and free bloomer. One of the best of the dark reds. 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.
- **QUEEN VICTORIA.** Opens flesh white, fading to milk white. Center petals tipped with coral blotches. Fragrant. Free bloomer. Extra good in bud. The very best commercial white. Mid-season. 40c each; \$3.00 for 10.
- **EDULUS SUPERBA (Pink).** Large, loose crown type. Bright pink with slight violet shadings at base of petals. Fragrant. Early, strong and upright in habit, very free bloomer. Best early commercial pink. 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.
- FELIX CROUSSE (Red). Large, compact. Deep rosered. Fragrant. Strong, robust grower. Free bloomer. Called by many growers the best onè-color red in cultivation. Medium season. 50c each; \$4.50 for 10.
- **FLORAL TREASURE (Pink).** Large, compact bloomer of a delicate all one-color pink, borne in great profusion on erect, medium length stems. One of the best all-around peonies. Extra fine as a commercial sort. Fine to plant for low hedge where one color is desired. Mid-season. Extra. 40c each; \$3.50 for 10.

Assorted Peonies No. 1, 5 for \$1.00

Cannas, Dwarf

All roots strong 2 and 3 eye divisions, 12c each; \$1.00 for 10; \$7.00 per 100.

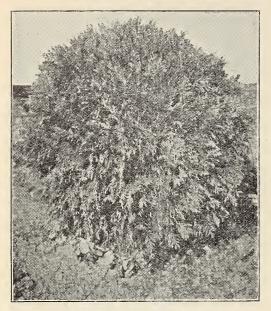
- **YELLOW KING HUMBERT.** A sport of King Humbert, but with green foliage and golden-yellow flowers. Occasionally there will be plants with bronze foliage and scarlet flowers.
- **KING HUMBERT.** Truly the King of Cannas. Its foliage, which is of large size and a deep bronze, is striking. Flowers are borne in great profusion and are a rich coppery scarlet.

THE PRESIDENT. Has no competitor as a red canna. The color is a rich glowing scarlet, flowers often 7 inches across on strong, erect stems well above the foliage. Foliage rich green.



FESTIVA MAXIMA PEONY

HARDY EVERGREENS

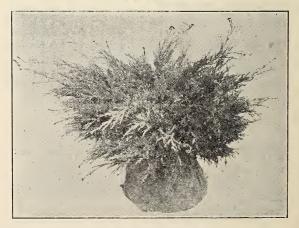


GLOBE ARBORVITAE

- ARBORVITAE (American). It is very hardy and easily transplanted. It grows rapidly and with little care. It soon forms a most beautiful hedge, very dense and perfectly impervious to the sight. It forms a most desirable and ornamental screen to divide the lawn from other grounds. 18 to 24 inch, 75c each; 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.00 each; 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00 each; 6 to 7 feet, \$3.50 each.
- ARBORVITAE (Hovey's Compacta). It is a semidwarf, compact grower with beautiful yellowish green foliage. It is especially desirable for a foundation planting. **Price**, 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50 each; \$12.50 for 10.
- **ARBORVITAE (Pyramidalis).** A superb, new and hardy sort of very compact habit and grows in a perfect column. Largely planted in cemeteries, owing to the small amount of space it occupies. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00 each; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00 each; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.50 each.
- ARBORVITAE, GLOBE (Thuya Globosa). A perfect globe when well grown, the spread usually equaling the height. Foliage of light green. 10 to 12 inch, 75c each; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25 each; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50 each; 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00 each.
- ARBORVITAE, CHINESE (Biota Orientalis). Smaller growing than the American, more compact and regular and pyramidal in outline, with fine, feathery, deep-green foliage. 12 to 18 inch, 60c each; 18 to 24 inch, 90c each; 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.00 each; 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00 each; 6 to 7 feet, \$3.50 each.
- ARBORVITAE, BERCKMAN'S GOLDEN (Biota Aurea Nana). Of beautiful conical form, very dense and compact. A dwarf type with golden 12 to 15 inch, 1.25 each; 15 to 18 inch, foliage. \$1.50 each.
- ROSEDALE ARBORVITAE (Biota Rosedale). beautiful evergreen. Broad, cone-shaped, with blue-green foliage of very fine texture. Attains a height of 3 to 4 feet. 12 to 18 inch plants, \$1.25 each; \$13.50 per 10; 18 to 24 inch plants, \$1.60 each.
- CHINESE COMPACT AREORVITAE (Biota Compacta). A very compact, dwarf form of Chinese Arborvitae. Holds its color well through the winter. We recommend this variety as one of the best of the compact forms of Arborvitae. 12 to 18 inch plants, \$1.35 each; \$12.00 per 10.

- PLUME-LIKE CYPRESS (Retinospora Plumosa). A rapid growing variety with gracefully drooping branches of bright green plume-like foliage. Price, 18 to 24 inches, \$1.00 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.75 each.
 CYPRESS, GOLDEN PLUMED (Retinospora Plumosa Aurea). One of the hardiest and most desirable of the Retinosporas. Retains its golden foliage continuously. 12 to 18 inches tall, 1.00 each; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.75 each.
 CYPRESS, LAWSON'S (Cupressus Lawsoniana). Native of Southern Oregon. A very beautiful and graceful tree, with delicate, feathery, bluish-green foliage. 2 to 3 feet tall, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet tall, \$2.00 each; 2 to 3 feet tall, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 each.
 CYPRESS THREAD (Retinospora Filifere). The branches of this variety are gracefully slender and pendulous. The plant grows into a rather broad, dense, pyramidal form. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50 each.
 SILVER CYPRESS (Retinospora Squarrosa). A very showy type, its foliage being of silvery blue-green. Not quite so strong a grower as the preceding varieties, but valuable on account of its color. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50 each.
- **CEDAR DEODAR (Cedrus Deodara).** A large growing evergreen and one of the most beautiful grown. Foliage a silvery green, branches drooping and grace-ful. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50 each; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00 each.
- ful. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50 each; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00 each.
 CEDAR, RED (J. Virginiana). Well-known native tree: varies much in habit and color of foliage; very attractive in winter when the golden bronze of the young growth contrasts with the dark green of the older. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$1.75 each; 3 to 4 feet specimens, \$2.75 each. Can supply larger ones if desired. Write us.
 SAVIN JUNIPER. A low, many-branched shrub, usually growing not over 2 or 3 feet high. Its branches are spreading, dense, thickly covered with branchlets and heavily clothed with short, tufted foliage. 18 to 24 inch size, \$2.00 each.
 IRISH JUNIPER. Very erect and tapering in growth, forming a column of deep green foliage; a pretty little tree or shrub, and a general favorite for its beauty and hardihood. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50 each; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.35 each.
 PFITZERIANA JUNIPER. A very hardy, valuable, spreading variety, with silvery green color. Both the main stems and lateral shoots have a light, feathery appearance. 18 to 24 inch, \$2.50 each.
 SPINY GREEK JUNIPER (J. excelsa stricta). An unusually attractive dwarf pyramidal form with very compact bluish-green foliage. Vigorous in growth, and not particular as to soil. 10 to 12 inch, \$1.00 each; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.50 each; 15 to 18 inch, \$2.00 each;

- each.
- **NDORA JUNIPER.** One of our finest spreading juni-pers of recent introduction. Grows closer to the ground than the Pfitzer. During summer it has a silver reflex to the otherwise green foliage. In win-ter it turns a purplish cast, which is unusual in ever-greens. 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00 each. ANDORA JUNIPER.



PFITZER JUNIPER

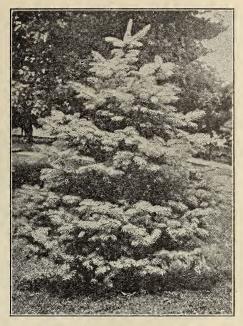
- **COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE.** Foliage blue and sage—that distinctive color which is so rare in the East. Tree usually has a symmetrically shaped narrow-pointed or rounding top; is hardy and quick growing. This, of course, has not the blue color of Koster's, which is grafted. Selected Blue Spruce. 18:inch, \$2.50; 24-inch, \$3.00; 30inch, \$3.75.
- **COLORADO GREEN SPRUCE.** Grown from blue spruce seed, but are not blue enough to be classed as a blue spruce. Very compact and symmetrical in growth. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.50.
- **CONCOLO FIR** (also known as "Silver Fir" and "White Fir"). This is the showlest of all firs, because it is the nearest to blue. It retains its lower branches, has no insect enemies, and is the best fir tree to withstand the heat and drought. Should be planted as a specimen plant. 24 to 30 inch, \$3.50 each; 18 to 24 inch, \$2.50 each; 30 to 36 inch, \$4.25 each.
- WHITE SPEUCE. One of our hardiest evergreens; grows very compact and symmetrical. Foliage very dense and silvery blue; almost like Blue Spruce. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.75 30 to 36 inch, \$2.00; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50.
- TAXUS CUSPIDATA (Japanese Yew). One of the hardiest of Yews. Bushy, upright, spreading nature, with rich green foliage. A beautiful, me dium-sized specimen, equally well suited for foundation planting. Price, 12 to 15 inches, \$2.00 each.
- **DWARF MUGHO FIRE.** A true dwarf grower, many stemmed, compact, with good dark green foliage which is retained throughout the winter. Excellent for planting in front of taller evergreens, in foundation plantings, borders, etc. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.00 each; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50 each; 9 to 12 inch, 75c each.
- GOLD DUST RETINOSPORA. Very compact, semidwarf evergreen with fine feathery golden foliage. Hardy and very desirable for foundation and formal plantings. 15 to 18 inch sheared specimens, \$1.50 each.
- BALSAM FIR. Compact, erect pointed tree, with short, soft leaves which are dark green above, silvery beneath; a good grower. 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.50 each.
- **HEMLOCK.** An elegant, pyramidal tree, with drooping branches and delicate dark foliage like that of the Yew; distinct from all other trees. It is a beautiful lawn tree and makes a highly ornamental hedge. 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.50; 3 to 4 feet, \$3.00.
- SPRUCE, DOUGLAS (A. Douglasi). A native of Colorado; large, conical form; branches spreading, horizontal; leaves light green above, silvery white below. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.50; 3 to 4 feet, \$3.00.



IRISH JUNIPER

SPRUCE, NOR-WAY. A lofty, elegant tree of perfect pyramidal habit, exceedingly picturesque and beautiful. One of the best evergreens for windbreaks. 12 to 18 inch, 50c each; 18 to 24 inch, 75c each; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.25 each; 30 to 36 inch, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 each.

- feet, \$2.00 each. **PINE, AUSTRIAN** or **BLACK.** A remarkably robust, hardy, spreading tree; leaves long, stiff, dark green; g r o w th rapid; valuable for this country. 24 to 36 inch, \$2.00 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.75 each.
- PINE, SCOTCH. Is one of the most rapid growers while young, one of the best for shelter planting in the West. It



SELECTED COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE

will make the best windbreak in the least time of any; it is a very valuable species. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.75 each.

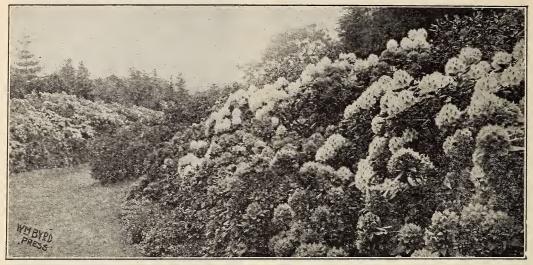
Hardy Azaleas

- AMOENA. A dense, dwarf-growing evergreen shrub with slender branches and semi-double flowers of bright, cheerful rosy-purple, produced in such great numbers as to literally envelop the bush in June. Bushy plants, 12 to 15 inch, \$1.75 each; 15 to 18 inch, \$2.00.
- **HINODEGIRI.** Is of broad, spreading habit, with beautiful evergreen foliage and many fiery-red, single flowers. Bushy plants, 10 to 12 inches, \$1.50 each; 12 to 15 inches, \$1.75 each.
- **CALENDULACEA (Flame Azalea).** The beautiful blossoms of this plant, ranging from flame color through shades of red and yellow, remain in bloom for several weeks and make it a plant of unusual beauty. It is not an evergreen, but has attractive foliage, and every ornamental planting should contain some. Ultimate growth 6 to 8 feet, bushy plants. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25 each; \$11.00 for 10; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.65 each; \$15.00 for 10.

Boxwood

- BOXWOOD SEMPERVIRENS. A compact grower, thrives is any soil, and does well in shaded places. Can be trimmed to any shape and used extensively for hedges, formal gardens and tub specimens. 8 to 10 inch, 60c each; \$5.00 for 10; 10 to 12 inch, 70c each; \$6.00 for 10; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 for 10; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50 each; 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00 each.
- SEMPERVIRENS ARBORESCENS (True Tree Box). More open and more rank grower than the Sempervirens. 15 to 18 inch, \$1.00 each; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25 each.
- SUFFRUTICOSA (True Dwarf Box). For edging the borders of flower beds or for planting along walks. Retains its dwarf size, never growing tall. 4 to 6 inch, \$2.25 for 10; \$20.00 per 100; 6 to 8 inch, 35c each; \$25.00 per 100.

HARDY BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS



MASS PLANTING OF RHODODENDRONS

RHODODENDRONS. This type of stock grows slowly—it is in great demand, and we do not want you to confuse our selected stock with that which is being offered by many nurseries at low prices. You want stock that will grow for you and thrive. This is what we have to offer you, and we have made the prices as reasonable as possible. We request that those who wish to make extensive plantings write to us as to selection and prices in quantity.

34

- **BHODODENDRON CAROLINA (Carolinianum).** This hardy Rhododendron with clear, pink flowers borne in great masses is the first of the Rhododendrons to bloom in the spring. It has beautiful dark green foliage and does well in most all locations. Heavy plants, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 each; 3 to 4 leet, \$3.00 each.
- **RHODODENDRON CATAWBA** (Catawbiense). This is a medium. large-growing Rhododendron and very hardy. It is a great favorite and invaluable for foundation work and in shady places. It follows the Carolina in blooming, having large clusters of rosy lavender flowers. Heavy plants, 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$3.00 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$4.00 each; 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00 each.
- **BHODODENDRON ROSEBAY (Maximum).** This is probably the favorite of many because of its beautiful, almost pure white flowers borne in great profusion late in the spring. Its large, dark green foliage makes it unusually attractive in the winter time. It usually grows more compact than other Rhododendrons, and is extremely hardy. We have an especially fine stock of these running from single-stem plants to plants with 15 or more stems (specimens). 18 to 24 incl, \$1.50 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 each; 3 to 4 feet specimens, \$2.75 each; 4 to 5 feet specimens, \$3.50 each; 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00 each.
- **KALMIA LATIFOLIA.** The beauty of this plant is brought out as a specimen plant and as a front for large Rhododendron plantings. Its clusters of delicately variegated blooms blooming early are especially desirable. It should be used with all Rhododendron plantings. It is very hardy and will do well in almost constant shade or sunlight. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00 each; 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 each; 4 to 5 feet, selected, \$3.00 each.

Write for prices on 10 plants or more of any kind.

- MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA. One of our most beautiful evergreen trees. Its immense, pure white flowers in mid-summer are very fragrant and its natural pyramidal growth, coupled with its large, dark green foliage, make it very handsome. It is vigorous in growth and a tree you will always admire. Not hardy north of southern New York. 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50 each.
- AMERICAN HOLLY. The Christmas Holly. Its bright green, spiny leaves and brilliant scarlet berries make it one of our handsomest evergreen shade trees. Should be severely cut back when transplanted from open ground. Nursery grown, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.75 each; collected, 3 to 4 feet, \$1.75 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.50 each; 5 to 6 feet, \$3.50 each.
- CHERRY-LAUREL (Laurocerasus). A hardy evergreen with dark green, glossy foliage; compact and symmetrical in form. Blooms are yellowishwhite, appearing in spring. Useful as a specimen plant or in groups. Very hardy, but prefers full sun with good drainage. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50 each; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.25 each.
- LEUCOTHOE CATESBAEI. A beautiful evergreen shrub with large glossy leaves. Blooms a small white flower in late spring. Attractive to mix with other shrubs or evergreens and Rhododendrons. 18 to 24 inch plants, \$1.25 each; \$11.00 for 10.
- **EUONYMUS JAPONICA.** Lustrous, deep green leaves; upright, bushy habit; evergreen; very desirable for specimen plants. Can be trimmed to any desired shape. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.50.
- ABELIA GRANDIFLORA. One of the most attractive evergreen shrubs offered. Foliage dark green and glossy, and its arching branches have a distinct tinge of red. From May until frost this plant is covered with small, pinkish-white, bellshaped flowers. They are somewhat slow to come out after being transplanted. 18 to 24 inch, 60c each; \$5.00 for 10; 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50.
- JAPANESE SPURGE (Pachysandra) Ground Cover. A trailing plant 6 to 8 inches high, forming broad mats of bright, glossy, green foliage. A ground cover which will grow in all shady situations, and the only plant which will thrive under pine trees. 2-year plants, field-grown, \$1.25 dozen; \$10.00 per 100.

TREES ARRIVE IN FINE CONDITION-GROWING

Bountiful Ridge Nurseries. Gentlemen: Pittsburgh, Pa., April 16, 1931.

The trees which you shipped to me arrived in fine condition. The peach trees are starting to grow. You may be sure I will keep you in mind in the future. Yours very truly,

LAWRENCE JAE.

ROSES The Queen of Flowers

Hardy, Field-Grown, Ever-Blooming, Hybrid Teas and Perpetual Roses

PRICES ALL EVERBLOOMING ROSES Hybrid Teas, Hybrid Perpetuals, All 2-Year Strong Plants: 45c each; \$4.00 per 10

AMERICAN BEAUTY. Well known, beautiful bright red rose. Buds large and compact. COMMONWEALTH. The buds are large, long and pointed. Solid deep pink color; very fra-

grant

ANGEL NGEL PERNET. A most remarkable color, rich brownish-orange. Buds well formed, quite double.

MRS. CALVIN COOLIDGE. A clear, golden yel-low rose deepening in color as the rose ex-pands and retaining its color till the last.

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON. The gem of yellow roses. Large, well-formed buds, saf-fron yellow flowers stained with crimson. **DAME EDITH HELEN.** Big, full, double flow-ers of glowing pink. Free bloomer, very fra-grant. One of the best pinks

DAME EDITH HEILEN. Die, Int., de autory fragrant. One of the best pinks.
 ETOILE DE HOLLAND. Brilliant red blooms of magnificent size, perfect in bud or flower. Very fragrant. A rose with few faults.

GRUSS AN TERPLITZ. Bright scarlet, shad-ing to deep crimson. Profuse bloomer, fragrant, free grower.

GOLDEN EMBLEM. Without a rival as a bed-ding rose. Intense yellow, large, well-shaped buds.

GENERAL MCARTHUR. Brigh bloomer, fragrant, thrifty plant. Bright red, free

HADLEY. Rich velvet crimson, borne on long stems. Keeps well after cutting. Strong Strong grower.

HOOSIER BEAUTY. Glowing crimson-scarlet of dazzling brilliance. Buds of good length, very fragrant. Strong grower.

J. L. MOCK. Flowers large size, perfect form, produced on long, stiff stems. Deep imperial pink in color.

KILLARNEY PINK. The exquisite shade of pink of this most beautiful rose is hardly equalled by any other rose. Very fragrant. **KILLARNEY WHITE.** Killarney type, pure white, perfect form, free bloomer, hardy plant.

K. A. VICTORIA. White, blended with cream color; very large, full and double buds and flowers. A most generous bloomer with exceptionally strong plant.

LADY HILLINGDON. Beautiful coppery shade of yellow; beautiful in bud. Strong and vigorous grower and very free bloomer. An old favorite.

LOS ANGELES. A luminous pink overlaid with translucent golden yellow at base. Long, pointed buds.

LUXEMBURG. Large, fully double rose; of vig-orous branching habit. Rich golden yellow. MADAME BUTTERFLY. All the color tones of

Ophelia, making it harmony of bright pink, apricot and gold

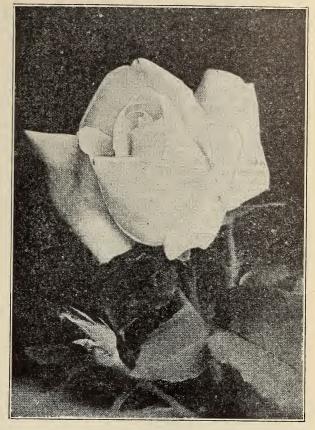
M. C. TESTOUT. Decidedly deeper and more brilliant in color than LaFrance. Color brilliant satiny rose.

OPHELIA. Delicate salmon flesh, shaded with rose.

Long, pointed buds on stiff stems. OPHELIA, GOLDEN. Seedling of Ophelia. Buds fine size, beautifully formed; bright golden yellow. Hardy plant.

PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER. An outstanding color combination—maroon, orange and gold— rioting in the most contrasting fashion. Long, pointed buds on rigid stems. No rose bed is com-plete without this hardy, free-blooming, fragrant rose. 80c each; \$7.50 for 10.

PREMIER. A magnificent variety of large size. Deep rose color, with a broad roll to the outer petals.



RAPTURE. **APTURE.** An improved sport of M. Butterfly. Foliage almost mildew proof. An exquisite sal-mon shade with golden flush at base of petals. Large, pointed buds.

RADIANCE PINK. Brilliant carmine pink, with sal-mon pink and yellow shadings at the base of the petals. Exceptionally beautiful in bud; strong grower.

BADIANCE RED. Leading red rose. Vigorous grower and continual bloomer. Deep red with intense fragrance.

REV. F. PAGE ROBERTS. The flowers are large, very double and fragrant. Coppery red in bud, opening to buff yellow mixed with rich salmon color. Very attractive.

SUNBURST. Golden orange and golden yellow, giv-ing extreme brilliant effect. A giant rose; long, pointed buds. Healthy plant.

SOUVENIR DE CLAUDIUS PERNET. Lo on long stems; very large and full flower. sun yellow, shaded warmer in the center. Long bud er. Superb

TALISMAN. Its brilliant orange red buds open to a large, fragrant, high-pointed bloom of glowing golden yellow stained with copper red and orange rose on the inside of the petals. 60c each; \$5.00 for 10

TLLOWMERE. This strong, rugged grower has wonderful long, pointed buds of magnificent bril-liant pink flowers suffused with golden yellow. WILLOWMERE.

Hybrid Perpetuals

F. K. DRUSCHKI. Pure snow-white. The glory is in its flowers, which are immense and are pro-duced with great freedom.

PAUL NEYRON. Largest rose in the world; very double and full. Clear pink shaded to rose.

ULRICH BRUNNER. One of the grandest hardy roses, covered in spring with big blooms of cherry crimson. Flowers very fragrant.

CLIMBING ROSES

PRICES OF ALL CLIMBING ROSES Strong Field-Grown Two-Year Strong Plants: 40c each; \$3.75 per 10

- **CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY.** Rich, red, fra-grant. Very vigorous in growth and a prolific bloomer, having hundreds of perfect flowers open at one time.
- **CRIMSON RAMBLER.** The best known and most popular of all the climbing roses. Flowers are borne in clusters of 15 to 25 perfectly shaped blossoms of a rich glowing crimson.
- **PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER.** Vivid scarlet, shaded crimson; makes a brilliant display for a long period of time in the garden.
- **PINK DOROTHY PERKINS.** The flowers are clear shell-pink, with lovely, oddly wrinkled petals; buds pointed, well formed, borne in great clusters.
- **GAEDENIA.** One of the strongest growers, with beautiful glossy foliage. Buds rich creamy yellow and open flowers yellow at first. Very popular among the yellow climbers.
- **DR. W. VAN FLEET.** A rose which on account of its dainty color and exquisitely shaped buds and fowers appeals to everyone. The long, pointed buds are of a rich flesh-pink on stems 12 to 18 inches long. Splendid for cutting.
- How to Plant Evergreens 1) Dig hole a foot larger and deeper than ball of earth Provide good, loamy top soil to fill around ball. 2) SET TREE IN HOLE TRIFLE LOWER THAN IT STOOD IN NURSERY * E) (3)FILL GOOD LOOSEN BURLAP AT TOP OF BALL AND ROLL BACK OR CUT TOP SOIL UP AROUND WITH FEET OR SET OFF WITH WATER 5) FILL HOLE WITH SOIL. PACK FIRMLY AND LEAVE TOP OF GROUND COVERED WITH LOOSE EARTH, OR BETTER MULCH WITH STRAWY WELL ROT-TED MANURE STRAWBERRY PLANTS WERE FINE AND ARE GROWING-BEST STOCK HE EVER BOUGHT Pittsfield, Mass., August 8, 1931. Bountiful Ridge Nurseries. Dear Sir: Dear Sir: This last spring I bought from you 5,000 Mastodon strawberry plants, 43 fruit trees and 300 Raspberry plants, and other small stuff, and want to tell you that everything is growing fine. It was the best nursery stock I have ever bought. My Mastodon berries are coming fine and I am picking berries from them now. Yours truly, MR. C. D. LOVELESS. PACKED TO CARRY AROUND THE WORLD Woodford, Va., March 9, 1931. Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, Princess Anne, Md. Gentlemen : Gentlemen: Trees ordered from you November 24, 1930, came duly to hand. The packing was very noticeable. Plentiful, secure, perfect. Could have shipped around the world in safety. The trees are large, well branched and beautiful. Thank you for the care and attention you gave the order. Kindest regards and good wishes. Sincerely yours, H. J. SEAMAN.

- FLOWER OF FAIRFIELD. The new ever-blooming Crimson Rambler which puts forth its flowers in rich profusion throughout the entire summer. The flowers are very compact and much more brilliant than the old Crimson Rambler.
- SILVER MOON. Very large; flowers of clear silvery white with bright yellow stamens. Blooms profusely on strong stems and is delicately perfumed. Foliage bronze-green, abundant and practically free from mildew.
- ARY WALLACE. A pillar rose, making a fine, strong, self-supporting plant 6 to 8 feet high, with large glussy foliage blooming with great freedom in spring and bearing a considerable num-ber of fine buds in summer and fall. Flowers very large, generally exceeding 4 inches across; of a bright, clear rose-pink with salmon base to the peters. MARY WALLACE. the petals.
- MARY LOVETT. Large, pointed flowers borne sin-gly; pure snow-white. A vigorous grower and one of the finest of the white roses. Blooms all summer.
- AMERICAN PILLAR. The single flowers range from 2 to 3 inches in width arranged in mam-moth, evenly rounded clusters. Brilliant carmine-rose, with distinct cream variegation and yellow stamens at center.

THESE LETTERS SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES:

LARGE ORCHARDISTS HAVE RESULTS FROM SHIPMENT OF 4,495 PEACH AND APPLE TREES

Zionsville, Pa., September 25, 1931.

Bountiful Ridge Nurseries.

Gentlemen:

You will be interested to know that the large ship-You will be interested to know that the large ship-ment of trees sent to us last spring were very fine stock and have made a splendid growth this summer. We have only a few dead trees that the groundhogs killed for us in the entire planting of nearly 5,000 trees. This orchard was started by the debudding system. We appreciate the nice stock you sent us. Yours truly, DICKENSHIED & WEINBERGER.

OHIO SHIPMENT ARRIVES IN GOOD CONDITION PROMPT SHIPMENT—FINE STOCK

Warren, Ohio, October 21, 1931. Bountiful Ridge Nurseries.

Gentlemen:

I received my order of 102 apple trees October 19th. They were fine trees and in good condition, excepting three trees damaged in transit. I want to thank you for your promptness in delivering trees when ordered and sending such fine trees. Will remember you in my spring order.

Yours truly, F. E. VAN DEVORT.

RECEIVED IN FINE CONDITION—FINEST STOCK HE EVER PLANTED

North Port Center, N. Y., Oct. 21, 1931. Bountiful Ridge Nurseries.

Gentlemen :

I received my trees in wonderful shape and I want to say they are the finest stock I ever planted. I am very much pleased with them. I will certainly recommend you to my friends. Send any new catalogues you may put out.

Yours truly, ELIAS T. ABBERLEY.

LONG SHIPMENT-TREES ALL GROW

Stephenville, Texas, May 12, 1930.

Bountiful Ridge Nurseries, Princess Anne, Md.

The trees were received April 17th, so they must have been on the road a month. They are all alive and growing.

Yours truly, J. E. FITZGERALD.

SUCCESSFUL PLANTING, PRUNING, CARE

Be sure to remove label before tree begins to grow or it will be fatally injured through strangulation.

grow of it will be latally injured through strangu-lation. In presenting these instructions to our patrons, we would earnestly request that they give the most careful attention to the details. They have been compiled with a view of making them as simple as possible. Having fulfilled our part of the contract by delivering first-class stock in good condition, with full instructions how to care for it, the fault is not ours if any of our customers should lose a portion of their stock. Experience has taught us that pur-chasers frequently lose Nursery stock through neg-lect; and we have taken the precaution to send a copy of our Transplanting Directions for every cus-tomer, so that none may claim that they do not know how to plant and care for their stock. We guarantee to deliver the stock in good condi-tion, and could we plant and care for it for the first three months, would willingly insure the growth of every tree and shrub sent out. We seldom lose a plant, even when we import them from Europe and grow them here during the summer for fall delivery, and the stock is out of the ground for many weeks. Anything that is cultivated in the earth cannot live without nourishment and care.

without nourishment and care.

CARE OF STOCK

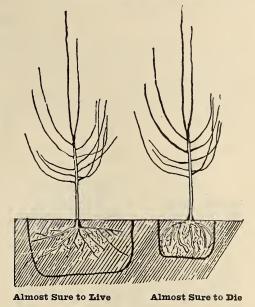
The bundles should be opened immediately, the roots dipped in water, then heeled in moist ground so that the mellow earth will come in contact with the roots and thoroughly protect them from the air, having the earth tramped solid about them. When ready to plant, take up only a few at a time, puddle the roots, and do not allow them to lie exposed to the sun or air. The ground should be carefully prepared by deep plowing and firming down with a disc and harrow.

PLANTING

PLANTING The holes for planting must be large enough to receive the roots freely, without cramping or bend-ing them from their natural position. All broken or mutilated portions of the roots must be cut off so as to leave the ends smooth and sound. All trees should be planted two or three inches deeper than they stood in the nursery row; pack the soil very firmly about the roots by tamping with the feet or post tamper, being careful not to bark or break the roots. Leave three inches of the surface soil loose to serve as a mulch. If the ground is very dry apply one to two pails of water before this soil mulch is in place, and after the water has soaked away it can then be placed over the moist soil. Never put manure so as to come in contact with the roots of any plant or tree.

PRUNING

PRUNING Apple and Fear-Select from three to five of the branches to form the permanent head of the tree. These branches should be well distributed around the trunk, and at a safe distance apart up and down the trunk. If two branches come out, one exactly opposite the other, forming a crotch, a split may occur at this weak point in later life when the tree is full of fruit. Shorten these selected branches to about five buds, cutting the branches just above a bud that points outward. Remove all the other branches close to the trunk, leaving no stub longer than one-eighth to one-quarter inch. Also shorten back two-thirds the central leader of the tree, if one exists, else the tree assumes a too upright growth for best results in later life. Therry-Five or six good limbs, well distributed around the trunk, will be sufficient to form a well

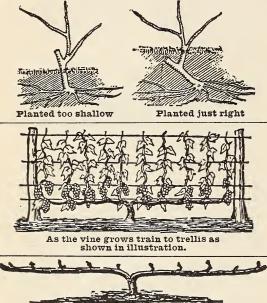


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Asparagus—Prepare ground by deep plowing or spading. To have it real early it should be planted on light soil. The sprouts are not usually cut for the market until the second year after planting, except to mow down the canes in the fall or spring. Plant from four to five inches deep, covering with only three inches of soil at first, and cover the re-mainder as the plants grow. The rows should be five feet apart, with the plants set two feet apart in the row. Broadcast about five bushels of salt and three hundred pounds of Nitrate of Soda to the acre in March and give it a good top dressing of stable manure in November. **Rhubarb**—Prepare ground as for asparagus. Set the plants with crown or eye two inches under ground. Plant three feet apart each way. Mulch in winter. Give clean cultivation the same as for any other crop.

any other crop.



SHRUBS

If planted in beds or groups the ground should be spaded deeply and well worked. If shrubs are set as individual specimens they should be planted the same as trees.

the same as trees. Set shrubs at the same depth as they stood in the nursery row, or with their crowns at about the sur-face of the ground. Water the plants well during the hot, dry weather and keep the ground well stirred around them. Most shrubs require judicious pruning at planting time, and subsequently, when shrubs are planted, it is advisable to cut them back from one-half to two-thirds, with but few excep-tions. tions.

HEDGES

HEDGES **Frivet**—Dig trench twelve inches deep or more and set the plants four to six inches deeper than they stood in the nursery row, or deep enough so the lower branches will be four to six inches under the ground. Such deep planting will make a com-pact hedge down to the ground line, but if the plants are set shallow there will always be unde-sirable open spaces at the base of the hedge. Some planters set Privet in a double row, eight to ten inches apart each way, which makes a very dense hedge. Cut Privet back to six inches when planting to promote thick new growth at the lower part of plant. plant.

Barberry-Spirea—Should be planted in the same manner as shrubs, either in trenches for hedge or as groups or individual specimens. Cut back and thin out one-half of top wood.

ROSES

If roses are planted in the ordinary way with the tops left exposed to the sun and drying winds of the spring, they are almost sure to shrivel before time for them to grow, and thus the plants are greatly endangered, while if the following sugges-tions are followed, success is almost certain. The tions are followed, success is almost certain. The plants should be unpacked as soon as received from the nursery and planted, if possible. If unable to plant them immediately upon receiving them, they should be heeled-in deep (buried) in moist, loose earth, waiting time to plant. In planting they should be set two or three inches deeper than they stood in the nursery in well-prepared, damp soil, but not wet enough to be muddy. If the soil is dry it is well to plant the roses solidly, then wet thoroughly, and after the water has soaked away throw up a small mound of earth five or six inches high around the plant. Then cut off the branches about one inch above the mound, leaving it this way for ten days or two weeks, or until the buds start and show a desire to grow, when the dirt mound can be raked down. Roses handled in this way hardly ever fail to make a good start and a very satisfac-tory growth. tory growth.

SHADE TREES

SHADE TREES Ornamentals—Dig holes large enough to accom-modate all rcots without bending or cramping. Fill the hole with good top dirt and firm it hard. When the hole is three-fourths full allow a bucket or more of water to seep away around the roots, after which the hole may be entirely filled. It is well to mulch the tree immediately to prevent drying out. Frune all limbs back to five or seven good buds, even though the appearance of the tree is impaired by such treatment. Water trees during the sum-mer months and give them plenty of attention until they have become well established. Large sizes of shade trees can often be staked to advantage until their roots have obtained good anchorage in the soil. FALL PLANTING

FALL PLANTING

When set in autumn, a mound of earth, a foot or more in height, must be raised about the trees. This is very essential, as it keeps them from being swayed by the winds or thrown out by the frost during the winter. It should be removed in the spring.

spring. In sections where the winters are extremely se-vere, trees procured in the fall can be best cared for by covering the roots with earth during the winter and planting them in the spring. To insure success, select a spot where no water will stand during the winter, having no grass near to invite mice. Dig a trench deep enough to admit one layer of roots, and sloping enough to permit the trees to lie at an angle of not more than 30 degrees with the ground. Having placed one end of the roots in this trench, cover them with mellow earth, extending well up on the tree and see that this is firmly packed. Then add another layer of trees, overlapping the first, continuing as at first until all are heeled in. As soon as this is done, cover the tops so with evergreen boughs that they will be thoroughly protected from winds. SPRAYING

SPRAYING

SPRAYING There are four distinct types of troubles to com-bat, i. e.: Chewing insects, sucking insects, scale insects and fungous diseases. Chewing insects are controlled with a stomach poison, some form of arsenic (lead arsenate), sucking insects are controlled with a stomach poison (nicotine), or mis-cible oil (kerosene emulsion), and fungous diseases by lime-sulphur solution or Bordeaux mixture. Be sure you know what you are spraying for, since arsenate of lead will not control lice or aphids, nor will nicotine or kerosene emulsion control apple worms, and neither of these will have any effect on apple scab or other fungous diseases. Lime-sulphur is used as a dormant spray for scale insects and also for fungus. In spraying the apple, keep in mind the two main apple troubles, the codding moth and apple scab, and, in controlling these, most other troubles are incidentally controlled. Lead ar-senate and lime-sulphur or Bordeaux mixture are the sprays to use. For further information write your State Department. TO THE ACRE (Square System)

NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS TO THE ACRE (Square System)

Distance	No. of Trees	Distance	No. of Trees		No. of Trees
1 foot apart each	way43.560	9 feet apart each	way537		h way150
2 feet apart each	n way10,890	10 feet apart each	way435		h way134
3 feet apart each	n way 4.840	11 feet apart each	way		h way120
4 feet apart each	n way 2,722	12 feet apart each	n way		h way108
5 feet apart each	n way 1,745	13 feet apart each	a way257		h way 69
6 feet apart each	n way 1,210	14 feet apart each	n way		h way 48
7 feet apart each	n way 888	15 feet apart each	n way193		h way 35
8 feet apart each	n way 680	16 feet apart each	n way170	40 feet apart eac	h way 27
		Court In American Alice	has the distant	as the plants and	number of square

RULE—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are; number of square feet for each plant, which, divided into the number of square feet in an acre (43,560), will give the number of plants or trees to the acre.

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PLEASE USE THIS ORDER SHEET. ADDRESS:-**BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES** PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Make all remittances payable to "BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES." Send Bank Draft, Express or Postoffice Money Order, or Cash in Registered Letter.

IMPORTANT-No matter how often you have written us, always give your full address and write your Name—always the same way—Postoffice, County and State very plainly. By so doing you will save us much trouble and avoid the possibility of delay and mistake in filling your order.

Please send by	
Please send by State here by Express or Freight	Date
Post Office	Enclosed find \$
County State	
Street and Number	
or R. F. D. No	
Railroad Co	
If different from Post Office, give name of town or city in which your nearest freight or express office is located.	
CHECK WHEN TO SHIP SPRINGFALLDATE	

FILL IN AND SIGN THIS FORM WHEN ORDERING RICHARED DELICIOUS OR BLAXTAYMAN TREES

"RICHARED" DELICIOUS and "BLAXTAYMAN" PURCHASE AGREEMENT

The following agreement between the undersigned and the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries refers to the purchase by the undersigned of Richared Delicious or Blaxtayman apple trees or scions.

In consideration of the agreement of the undersigned not to give away or sell or permit anyone else to give away or sell or take these Richared Delicious or Blaxtayman apple trees or scions or their progeny (or scions, buds or cuttings) from these trees or scions or their progeny or any other Richared Delicious or Blaxtayman apple trees or scions or their progeny that may be furnished to the undersigned in the future by the Bountiful Ridge Nurseries for a period of twenty-

The undersigned agrees in case of disposition of the property on which any Richared Delicious or Blaxtayman apple trees are planted or scions set to make this agreement a condition of the transfer. Date..... 19.... Name.....

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ALWAYS WRITE LETTERS ON SEPARATE SHEET OF PAPER over				

BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Quantity Names of Trees or Plants Ordered	Size	Age	Price
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Please write below the names and addresses of a few friends who are interested in Fruit Growing. We will send them our Catalog. Thanks.			
	Jui Out		ALCITIN, J.

CUT ON THIS LINE

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How to Order From Bountiful Ridge Nurseries

10% Cash Discount for Orders Received Before April 1st

Free Delivery on All Orders of \$50.00 or More Up to 500 **Miles From Our Nursery**

OUR SHIPPING SEASON

We pack and ship all through the winter to South-We pack and ship all through the winter to South-ern States. Our regular spring shipping and pack-ing season usually opens here about the 15th of Feb-ruary and continues until May 10th. Our fall ship-ping season opens about October 15th and continues to Northern points until December 1st.

OUR TERMS

Our terms are cash except in large orders when satisfactory reference is given; then one-third the amount of the order must be sent and balance on arrival of trees at depot. On early orders one-third the amount can be sent in and balance a few days before shipment. **Prices in this catalog are for the present season, spring and fall of 1933 only.**

GRADING

We guarantee every tree to be as represented in grade and quality, and if upon arrival you do not find our trees to be exactly as we say they are, return them to us securely packed and we will re-fund to you every dollar you have paid us for them. This is as fair as we can offer.

Do not confuse this well graded stock with stock offered to you at a lower price with only height mentioned. Our stock is graded both in height and thickness, the only true way to grade nursery stock.

ORDER EARLY

We earnestly request our patrons to send their orders in early and specify when you wish them shipped. We pride ourselves on making prompt delivery, but sometimes in our rush seasons we can-not get the orders shipped on the exact time, and we must ask our customers' indugence for a week or so. We are keeping close check on weather con-ditions in every part of the country, and shipment will be made just as promptly as possible and in proper season. Often we are compelled to delay fall shipments until the stock is sufficiently mature to make it hardy. If time of shipment is left to us we can assure our customers of receiving stock in per-fect condition. fect condition.

DISCOUNTS

10% Discount for Cash with Order before April 1st. No Discount after April 1st. Free delivery on all orders of \$50.00 or more up to 500 miles or more from our nursery. Spring 1933 only.

HOW TO REMIT

Remittance should be made either by Postoffice money order, registered letter, or by check on your bank.

SMALL ORDERS

Because of the high cost of labor, packing mate-rial, implements and land, we cannot accept orders for less than \$2.00.

MISTAKES

Wistakes We use every precaution that is humanly possible to avoid mistakes and believe that we are as near free from them as any Nurserymen in the United States; but in the event any of our stock should prove untrue to name under which it is labeled or sold, we will replace the original order or refund the amount paid for such stock. Further than this we are not responsible.

RATES

1 to 6 trees at the each rate; 6 to 50 at the ten rate. 50 to 350 at the 100 rate, and 350 to 1,000 and more at the 1,000 rate. Write for prices on quantities of 1,000 or more. All boxing, baling and packing free.

RECEIVING STOCK IN COLD WEATHER

RECEIVING STOCK IN COLD WEATHER In the event that it should turn cold after your stock has been shipped to you and there is a pos-sibility that there is frost in the box in which the stock is shipped, put the box in a place where the temperature is above freezing—a cellar or a frost-proof building, and do not disturb for 5 to 7 days, at which time stock can be removed from the box in first-class condition. Under no circumstances should you open a box when you think there is frost in it, for if the air strikes nursery stock in frozen condition it will kill it. But if allowed to thaw out in box, the stock will not be injured.

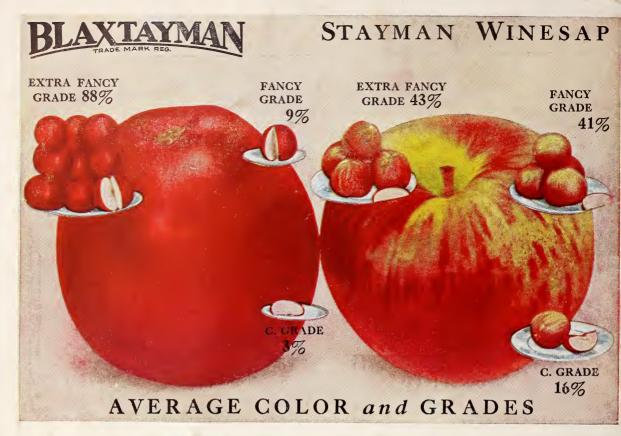
OUR REFERENCES

our responsibility, As to we refer you to the Salisbury National Bank, Salisbury, Md., and to any of our thousands of customers throughout the country that you might know of whose names you find in this catalogue.

PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE ORDERING

Write to us if in doubt.

FROM growing in <u>Distance</u> with the laws of Maryland, 1896. Obspect 289, Section 58, and that said nurseries and permises are suparently free, so far as can be determined by inspection, from the San Jose Scale, Peach Vellows.	EVERY SHIPMENT CERTIFIED FREE FROM DISEASE STATE HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT Certificate of Inspection Duplicate of Number	HEALTHY STOCK GROWS ONE ORDER OF OUR PRODUCTS WILL BE CON-
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