TOYAMA Prefectural Committee

(No. 292, Sogawa, Toyama City)

Chairman	Representative
HARYO Nobumasa	HASHIMOTO Nobuaki
Responsible Person of clerical work	Representative
NIHEI Masao	OMURA Kiyohide

NAGANO Prefectural Committee

(No. 644, Minamiagata Cho Nagano City)

Chairman,	Representative
FURUKAWA Chifuku	TANAKA Sokichi
Responsible Person of clerical work	Representative
YAMASHITA Senichi	KURASHIMA Hamaji

ISHIKAWA Prefectural Committee

(c/o Labor Hall, No. 6 Yumino cho Kanagawa City)

Chairman	Representatives
ŌOKUWA Takao (New)KAITO Yoshio	ISHINO Eisaku OOKUWA Takao
Responsible Person of clerical work	Representatives
YOKOYAMA Shishio SATO Hyoichi	HONNO Kanichi HONNO Kanichi

NIIGATA Prefectural Committee

(Niban chok Kami-Okawamaidori Niigata City)

New (Niban cho, Yamanoshita-dori Niigata City)

Chairman	Representative	
SEKIGAWA Seiichi	ANDO Yoshio	
Responsible Person of clerical work	Representative	Representative
UJIMOTO Shichiro	ITO Shima	KOBAYASHI Shoji

KAGAWA Prefectural Committee

(No. 11, Nakashin cho, Takamatsu City)

Chairman	Representative
ITO Kiyoshi (New)KONISHI Masao	SANO Hiroto
Responsible Person of clerical work	Representative
AKITA Mitsuyuki UEMATSU Kenzo	HOSHINO Hedeko ITO Kiyoshi

KOCHI Prefectural Committee

(No. 134, Tenjin cho, Kochi City)

Chairman	Representative
MORITA Masaki	OKAMOTO Masamitsu
Responsible Person of clearical work	Representative
MORIMOTO Masasuke (New)KUROKE To	TAKEMURA Nobuo

TOKUSHIMA Prefectural Committee

(No. 3-130 Saiwai cho , Tokushima City)

Chairman

TAKAHASHI Michio

Responsible Person of clearical work

YOSHIDA Yozo
YAKECHI ?
(New)KITAGAWA Kei

Representative

KOBAYASHI Etsukichi

Representative

MATSUSHITA Satoyo
MATSUYAMA Kimie
MATSUYAMA Satoe

Ehime Prefectural Committee (No. 68, Yumino-cho, Matsuyama City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
NOZEKI Minoru	SHIMIZU Shozo (New) YASUI Nobuto	YAMADA Teiji SUGIMAKI Shaku	TANAKA Kyuichi

Akita Prefectural Committee (No. 11, Ta-cho, Akita City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
WATABE Toyoharu	OZAWA Michio	HENMI Hisakichi	SATO Toshitake TOSHIMA Kiyoya SASAKI Ikuro

Yamagata Prefectural Committee (Yamagata O ? Dori, Koshirakawa-cho Yamagata City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
NAGAOKA Tachio	TAKEUCHI Ushimatsu	SHIMURA Mune ?	SUZUKI Hikoya

Aomori Prefectural Committee (No. 81, Shin-cho, Aomori City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
OOSAWA Hisano	(Old) OGASAWARA Mitsuo OGASAWARA Tetsuhiko SAWAYA Tomokichi OCHIAI Naofumi	SAWADA Hanemon	

Miyagi Prefectural Committee (C/o MINSEI Hall, No. 91-3, Higashi-sanban-cho, Sendai City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clericla work	Representative
SUZUKI Zenzo	MAKI Takeshi (Old) SAIJO Kanroku	KATAGIRI Hiroshi WATANABE Kazumi	

Fukushima Prefectural Committee (No. 15, Nihama-cho Fukushima City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
TAKENOUCHI Hiehiro	KODAIRA Tokio	MIYATA Ryogo	ITO Shinsaburo

Iwata Prefectural Committee (c/o NAKAMURA, No. 207, Uma-cho, Morioka City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
SHIROSAWA Morio	GOTO Tsuyoshi	YANAGIDATE Tomokichi	TOSHIMA Mikiko

Kyoto Prefectural Committee (Rokujo-kudaru, Kawahara-cho, Shimokyo Ward, Kyoto Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
			(Old) ANDO Haruo OOMI Hisa HARUFUJI Seiichi IWASAKI Akizo (New) HARA Ichiro

Nara Prefectural Committee (No. 25, Nakanoin-cho, Nara City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
(Old) HARADA Hiyojiro	(Old) HARAMURA Akiji INUI Okuo	(Old) INAOKA Osamu (New) OHARI Minoru	

Shiga Prefectural Committee (Front of Otsu Station Tera-cho, Otsu City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
OKADA Kiyoshi	NAKAGAWA Hanjiro (New) OHMORI Kenzo	MATSUURA Yasujiro SHIMONAKA Kazuo	

Hyogo Prefectural Committee (No. 1-71, Arata-cho, Hyogo Ward Kobe City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
MASUI Yoshinori	SHINOZUKA Kazuo	DADA Noboru	HASUCHI Shinji

Osaka Prefectural Committee (No. 35, Kitatani-cho, Minami Ward, Osaka City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
(Old) MIZUNO Susumu (New) NAGADA Takuya	MASUI Yoshinori ( )	KATO Shoichi NISHI Akira	NISHI Akira MIYAJIMA Nobuo MIYAJIMA Nobuo HAYASHI Kashiwa

Fukui Prefectural Committee (c/o Kawate Dentist's, No. 35, Nakakoji, Sabai Town Imadate County)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
YAMADA Seiichi	BOKU Nanjo	WATANABE Jinshi	GOTO Noo

WakayamamPrefectural Committee (No. 3-1, Sugibaba, Wakayama City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
MOCHINO Hiroyuki	HASHIMOTO Kenjiro	HARADA Akira	SHIGA ? shige
HIKO ? Toshiji	HASHIMOTO Kenjiro	KITADA Noberu	

Yamanashi Prefectural Committee (No. 36, Aioi-cho, Kofu City)

Kofu Area Committee of Yamanashi Prefecture	No. 36, Aioi-cho, Kofu City
Kyonan Area Committee of Yamanashi Prefecture	No. 1340 Aoyagi, Masuho-Village, Minami-Koma County

Higashi Yatsushiro Area Committee of Yamanashi Prefecture	Yatsuda, Ishiwa-Town, Higashi Yatsushiro County.
Nakakoma Area Committee of Yamanashi Prefecture	No. 1 Ayuzawa, Ohi-Village, Nakakama-gun County
Tsuru Area Committee of Yamanashi Prefecture	Otsuki Town, Kitatsuru County
Kitakoma Area Committee of Yamanashi Prefecture	No. 594, Wakamiya, Nirasaki Town, Kitakoma County
Higashi Yamanashi Area Committee of Yamanashi Prefecture	No. 74, Kohara, Kusakabe Town, Higashi Yamanashi County

Tokyo Committee (No. 4-598, Sendagaya, Shibuya Ward)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
ICHIYOSHI Tsunehiro	KATO Sensuke	KOBAYASHI Tsutomu	ABE Yoshimi

Shinagawa Ward Committee (No. 3-123, Gotanda, Shinagawa Ward)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
SASAKI Kenjiro	SUZUKI Kenkichi	MIYABARA Kunio	

Sumida Ward Committee (No. 1-23, Koume, Sumida Ward)

Chairman	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
OHTSUKA Shoji	HOSOKAWA Saburo	MATSUDA Sadao

Shinjuku Ward Committee (No. 233, Kaga, Ichigaya, Shinjuku Ward)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
KOBAYASHI Eiichiro	NAKANO Hisashi	UEDA Eizo	IINUMA Katsuo

Daito Ward Committee (c/o YOSHIMURA Kentaro, No. 105, Nagasumi-cho, Daito Ward)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
HOSHIDA Shintaro	OHYAMA Shinzo		YAMADA Toji

Bunkyo Ward Committee (

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
SASAKI Kikuo	INOUE Hajime	INOUE Hajime	(Old) MOCHITO Akira (New) KOMATSU Masaki

Minato Ward Committee (No. 53, Kitamachi, Takanawa, Shiba, Shiba Ward)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
NISHIZAWA Osamu	MUNEKATA Takashi	TANAKA Toshiotomi	

Chuo Ward Committee (No. 3-5, Irifune, Chuo Ward)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
MASUKO Mitsuru	ITO Sokichi	SHINKAWA Nobutomi	MINAKAWA Matsuhei

Chiyoda Ward Committee (No. 1-5, Kanda Tsukasa-cho Chiyoda Ward)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
MURAKAMI Kokutei	HONDA Yoshihei	KONDO Nobuyuki	IZUMISAWA Kenji

Kita Ward Committee (No. 2-1097, Kamiya-cho, Kita Ward)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
TOYODA Haruji		ISHIKAWA Sukeichi	OOYA Hiroshi IWASAKI Hiroshi

Koto Ward, Committee (No. 2-10, Sumiyoshi Cho.) Koto Ward.

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
KOKUFU Takeo	NAKAZAWA Kiyosaku	OZAWA Takao	HINATA Isao

Sagamihara Area Committee (Front of Haramachida Station, Ta Cho, Minami-Tama County)

Chairman	Representative
TOYOTA Haruji	IIDA Toyoji

Kitatama Area Committee (No. 1-55, Nishiki Cho, Tachikawa City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
OOKUBO Toshizo	TSUZAKI Mitsuru	OONO Sanryu	MARUYAMA Taki

Nishitama Area Committee (c/o HOSOYA Yukio, No. 1383, Ome Town, Nishitama County)

Chairman	Responsible person for Clerical work
TSUJI Masao	SEKIGUCHI Chiaki

Edogawa Ward Committee (No. 4-2094, Higashi Komatsugawa, Edogawa Ward)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work
NORIMURA Kenzo	ASANO Syokichi	ASANO Syokichi

Katsushika Ward Committee (No. 2-961, Kameari Cho, Katsushika Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
SHIGIYAMA Masahisa	IWASAKI Hiroshi	SHIGIYAMA Masahisa	SATO Shiro

Nerima Ward Committee (No.1-3542, Minami Cho, Nerima Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerial work	Representative
ITO Yoshimitsu	TAKAMI Akiharu	USHIKI Hiroshi	SEKIGUCHI Takakiyo

Minamitama Area Committee (No. 24, Asahi Cho, Hachioji City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerial work	Representative
KUBO Kitaro	ITO Kazuyoshi KOSHIBA Sakuichi	KOMATA Fumiko	SAKURADA Nobuyoshi

Arakawa Ward Committee (No. 896, 7-chome, Mikawashima, Arakawa Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
SHIGEYAMA Masahisa	KOMATSU Katsuko	TANUMA Koichi	OOSAWA Saburo

Adachi Ward Committee (No. 1-810, Motoki Cho, Adachi Ward.)

Chairman	Responsible person for Clerical work
YAMAUCHI Jun	KAIZAWA Michio

Itabashi Ward Committee (No. 697, Shimizu Cho, Itabashi Ward.)

Chairman	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
SAKAI Kazuo	NAMAI Uhei	TAKAHASHI Yasu

Toshima Ward Committee (No. 2-1093, Ikebukuro, Toshima Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work
TANAKA Ryoichi	OKAMOTO Chiyojiro	NAKAJIMA Sakae

Suginami Ward Committee (No. 1-810, Asagaya, Suginami Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
KATO Minoru	SHIMODA Hirokazu	SUGIKI Masaki	YAMAKAWA Tokiko

Nakano Ward Committee (No. 15, Ekimaidori, Nakano Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
TSUZAKI Mitsuru	HONDA Shintaro	NONOGUCHI Koki	TAKASE Tsuneko

Shibuya Ward Committee (No. 4, Maruyama Cho, Shibuya Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work
HIKAWA Toshio	HIRAKAWA Saburo	NAKAYAMA Masako

Meguro Ward Committee (No. 1-908, Nakameguro, Meguro Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
SAKAHARA Shizuo	OKABE Mitsuo	OOSHIMA Takeo	KOMEYOSHI Chisato

Setagaya Ward Committee (No. 1-943, Setagaya, Setagaya Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
SUGIMURA Yoshitoku	SEKI Kosuke	TADA Midori	MATSUHARA Shigetoshi

Ota Ward Committee (No. 2-6, Higashikamada, Ota Ward.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
OKABE Nagatoshi	ISHI Takashi	SATO Seiko	HAGA Shigeru

Full-time workers of the Tokyo Metropolitan Committee Members

Address	Business in Charge	Name
No. 1-94, Koyamadai Shinagawa Ward, Tokyo	Management of the "AKATSUKI" organ of Tokyo Metropolitan Committee	HIYAMA Toshio
No. 299, Nishigahara, Kita Ward, Tokyo	Information at Secretariat	SUGIMOTO Namako
No. 3-154, Kemigawa-cho, Chiba City.	Organ Section (Compilation of the "AKATSUKI")	HIRANO Koushi
No. 87, Shimonegishi-cho, Taito Ward, Tokyo	Finance Section	SHINKAI Toshio
No. 5-5632, Kamiitabashi-cho, Itabashi Ward, Tokyo		SHIMIZU Katsujiro
c/o Ota Committee No. 2-66, Higashikamata, Ota Ward, Tokyo	Organ Section	KIMURA Saburo
c/o YAMANOUCHI, No. 1-23, Hagoromo-cho, Tachikawa City	Management of the "SHIN MINPO" (New People's News)	NAKAGAWA Tatsuo
No. 1907, 3-chome, Kana-machi, Katsushika Ward.	Propaganda	MURAMATSU Masataro
No. 1028, Kamiazabu, Kawasaki City	Finance	UCHIDA Bunjiro
No. 2-19, Nippori, Arakawa Ward.	Secretariat	UEMURA Kenji
c/o FUJISAWA No. 4-1990, Ekota, Nakano Ward.		NONOMURA Kiyomi
No. 24, Asahi-cho, Hachioji City.	Organ	YAMAMOTO Hiroshi

c/o DAI SAN YUWARYO, Oyada-cho, Adachi Ward.	Responsible for Compilation of the "MINAMI SHIMBUN" (South Newspaper)	MATSUHASHI Hiroshi
No. 2467, Hirai, Edogawa Ward.	Organ Section	FUJIWARA Haruo
c/o Second Floor of IZUMIYA Liquor Shop, No. 2-873, Ikebukuro, Toshima Ward.	Tokyo Committee Organ Section Management of the "JOHOKU TIMES"	KOSHIKAHARA Seiichi
c/o FUKUDA Toshinosuke No. 6-47, Kameari-cho, Katsushika Ward.	Organ Section Management of the HIGASHI MINPO (East People's News)	KAISO Michio
No. 769, Oi Motoshiba-cho, Shinagawa Ward.	Director of Secretariat	SAI Seikan
No. 117, Naka-cho, Senju Adachi Ward.	Investigation Section	EGUCHI Masashi
c/o YAMAZAKI Kuraji, No. 9-119, Tokiwa-cho, Urawa City.	Organ Section	IWABUCHI Goro
No. 2-1236, Kana-cho, Katsushika Ward.	Organ Section of Management Bureau	KAWAMOTO Nagahide
No. 4-52, Itabashi-cho, Itabashi Ward.	Counter Measures Section for Labor Union and Young men & women	TAGOTO Mio
No. 720, Kamitoda, Toda Machi, Kitaadachi County, Saitama Prefecture.	Finance Section	KOBAYASHI Hiichiro
c/o KAWAMURO Kyo, No. 308, Minamisenzoku-cho, Ota Ward.	Finance Section	AKIBA Tatsutaro
No. 1-87, Saginomiya, Nakano Ward.	Books of Finance Section	SAKAMOTO Hajime

c/o JIRITSU KAI No. 77 Kokubunji, Kokubunji Machi, Kitatama County.	Organ Section	NAGAKITA Kimio
c/o SYORAISO Apart, No. 1-392, Zoshigaya, Toshima Ward.	Information at Secretariat	NAGATA Akiko
No. 2-2, Shimochiba-cho, Katsushika Ward.	Compilation of Organ the "HIGASHI MIMPO"	TAKAHASHI Kinichiro
No. 765, Kamiikegami, Ota Ward.	Management of "MINAMI NEWS"	TAKAOKA Yoshio
c/o HAYASHI No. 2-988 Shirota, Setagaya Ward.	Compilation of the "SHIN MINPO" (New People's News)	TAURA Kenichi
No. 536, Hatsudai-cho, Yoyogi, Shibuya Ward.	Compilation of the "YAMATE MIMPO" (Yamate People's News)	KANEKO Tokko
No. 273, Kyodo-cho, Setagaya Ward.	Organ Section	YOKURA Reiko
No. 6-13, Honchodori Nakano Ward.	Management of the Organ "YAMATE MINPO"	HORIKAWA Masami
No. 170, Wakubayashi-cho, Setagaya Ward.	Counter-measure Section for Student	HONMA Eiji
No. 5-628, Kitazawa, Setagaya Ward.	Business Section (Information)	NISHITANI Kazuko
No. 140, Waseda Tsuru-maki-cho, Shinjuku Ward.	Organ.	HAYAKAWA Toru
No. 2754, Kaminakada, Nakada Machi, Kita-adachi County, Saitama Prefecture.	Organ Section.	HAYASHI Hisao.

No. 16, Sakuragaoka, Shibuya Ward.	Education Policy Section.	INAGAKI Masanobu
c/o Itabashi Committee No. 697, Shimizu-cho, Itabashi Ward.	Organ	IZUMI Kenzo (purgee at Shinjiku Ward)
No. 47, Nozaki, Mitaka Town, Kitatama County.	Organ	IWASAKI Sadao (purgee at Shinjiku Ward)

KANAGAWA Prefectural Committee

(No. 2, Omote-Takashima-cho, Nishi Ward, Yokohama City)

Shonan Area Committee (No. 1-3, Odawara City, Kanagawa Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work
KADOMATSU Shigeo	UCHIDA Isamu	TAKAHARA Centaro

Shohoku Area Committee (No. 2600, Kamijiku, Hatano Town, Naka County, Kanagawa Prefecture)

Chairman	Responsible person for Clerical work
OKUZAWA Shinjiro	TANAMI Yoshio

Yokosuka Area Committee (c/o TSUCHIMOTO Gisaburo, No. 387, Aramaki, Yokosuka City, Kanagawa Prefecture)

Chairman	Responsible person for Clerical work
ISHII Michizo	AKASAKA Noboru

Yokohama Municipal Committee (No. 3-7, Nishikanagawa, Kanagawa Ward, Yokohama City)

Chairman	Responsible Person for Clerical work
TAKAYASU Shigemasa	HIRAI Masao

Kamakura Municipal Committee (No. 314, Hase Oyado, Kamakura City.)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
SHIMIZU Tatsuo	KATAOKA Takashi	OKURA Masao	AOKI Motoji

Kawasaki Municipal Committee (No. 85, Ikeda Town, Kawasaki City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
OOKANE Eisuke	HAYASHINOUCHI Higen	AKIYAMA Tsuneo	NAKAMURA Tetsuro

Atsugi Area Committee (No. 545, Atsugi Town Aiko County, Kanagawa Prefecture)

Chairman	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
KONDO Saburo	FUJITA Kenzo	SHIMIZU Masakatsu

Tsukui Area Committee (?)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
KOMURO Totaro	OOSUMI Takashi	YAMAGUCHI Sokichi	KOMURO Keiji

Chubu Area Committee (No. 7, Fujisawa, Fujisawa City, Kanagawa Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work
HAYAMA Matasaburo	OOTSUKA Shi	YAMAGOE Toshihei

Hiratsuka Area Committee (No. 1512, Shinjiku, Hiratsuka City, Kanagawa Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical Work	Representative
NISHIMOTO Shizuo	IIO Tsuneo	IKEYA Toshio	ANDO Shozo

IBARAGI Prefectural Committee

(No. 2-411, Minami-cho, Mito City, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Nishiibaragi Area Committee (No. 4326, Kasama Town, Nishiibaragi County, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Chairman	Responsible person for Clerical work
OOIKE Fumio	SUZUKI Akira

Mito Municipal Committee (No. 2-411, Minami-Cho, Mito City, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Tokiwa Area Committee (No. 947, Shimosakurai, Minami Nakago Village, Taga County, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Inakita Area Committee (No. 293, Takasago, Tatsugasaki Town, Inashiki County, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Chairman	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
KOTOYORI Seiichiro	OONUKI Yo	KOTOYORI Toshiko

Taga Area Committee (No. 1621, Tosa Town, Hitachi City, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
TOYODA Yahei ex KOBAYASHI Takamasa	UENO Shigekichi ex KAWAKO Masayuki	UENO Shigekichi ex KAWAKO Kikuyo	UENO Shigekichi

Eastern Area Committee (c/o Headquarters of Joto Farmers' Union, Asahi-cho, Hokota Town, Kashima County, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
ICHIMURA Ichi ?	SHIBATA Tomo ?	SUGI K ?	SHIBATA Tomo ?

Middle Area Committee (No. 41, Minami-cho, Mito City, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	?	Responsible person for Clerical work
YOKOYAMA Seiichiro	SHIMAMURA Kenji	IGARASHI Marue	KOMATSUZAKI Chiyoko
TACHIKAWA Kosi	SHIMAMURA Kenji		

Sarushima Area Committee (c/o HIRANO Jiro, Ishi-cho, Koga Town, Sashima County, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Western Area Committee (No. 867, Ko, Shimodate Machida-cho, Makabe County, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
FUJIMA Keijiro	MORIKAWA Koichi	SUZUKI Syo	AKIYAMA Shinichi

Southern Area Committee (No. 78, Konishi-cho, Tsuchimra City)

Northern Area Committee (c/o Japanese-Korean Peoples' Association Office, Minami-cho, Omiya Town, Naka County, Ibaragi Prefecture)

Chairman	Responsible person for Clerical work	Respresentative
HARADA Kyoichi	SUMIYOSHI Isamu	ISAKA Hiroyuki

Committee to which the following belong is unknown.

ISHIYAMA Nagatoshi, TAKAKI Kazuo, SUKIGUCHI ? ,
AMAGUCHI ? .

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for Clerical work	Representative
OCHIAI Syuhei	WATANABE Akira	OKAMURA Minoru	SHINOHARA Saburo
KIKUCHI Jusaku	HAKOZAKI Masuo	KAMATA Keinosuke ex KURUSU Munetaka	KAWAKO Kikuyo
OKANO Saburo	ADACHI Tsuneo	ADACHI Tsuneo	NAKAJIMA Sokichi

Saitama Prefectural Committee (No. 1-164, Takasago, Urawa City, Saitama Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
HIRATA Tokichi	KOMI Ken-ichi	GOTO Sadamasa	SHIMIZU Yoshiro

Southern Area Committee (c.o MITSUGI, No. 5-44, Sakuragi-cho, Omiya City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
WATANABE Uichi	KUDO Shigekatsu	SEKINE Takashi	

Northern Area Committee (No. 202, Honzumi-cho, Fukaya Town, Osato County, Saitama Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
SAWADA Hajime	KOBAYASHI Hideo	HIGUCHI Ko	

Eastern Area Committee (No. 962, Kasu Town, Kitasaitama County, Saitama Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
SEKINE Tsukan	MATSUMURA Ya	MATSUMURA Ya	INOUE Hisashi

Western Area Committee (No. 145, Shinden-cho, Kawagoe City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
YAMADA Takeo	TERASHIMA Kiyofumi	SHIBAZAKI Giichi	KOBAYASHI Jiro

Tochigi Prefectural Committee (No. 888, Ishi-cho, Utsunomiya City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
OHARA Kiseji	GOTO Tsunezo	OONUKI Kenya	KATO Tsukasa

Kamitsuga Area Committee (Torisato-cho, Kanuma City, Kamitsuga County)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
KIKUCHI Hachiro	SHIRAKU Tokuo	KOTAHIRA Katsuo	OOAKU Fumiko

Shioya Area Committee (No. 842, Nami-cho, Yasaka-cho, Shioya County, Tochigi Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
OHTANI Sakae	ITO Ryuhei	SUGIBASHI Cho	

Utsunomiya Area Committee (No. 409, Shinjuku-cho Utsunomiya City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
TAKAGI Takeo	KOBAYASHI Tadao	AYABE Tsunekichi	

Haga Area Committee (No. 2354, Daieno, Haoka Town, Haga County, Tochigi Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
FUKUTA Saburo	KUROKAWA Kihei	KOBANAWA Mitsuo	KAMIYAMA Akiko

Ansoku Area Committee (No. 3-355, Sukedo, Ashikaga City, Tochigi Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
NAKASATO Tomizo		TACHIKAWA Eiichi	HIROSE Noboru

Shimotsuga Area Committee (No. 3-456, Yorozu-cho, Tochigi Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
INAGAWA Jiro		KAWASE Mamoru	OHSHIMA Torao

Northern Area Committee (Dissolved)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
SUGIHASHI Seinosuke	SATO Kaoru	KITAHARA Saburo	NAKAYAMA Hamako

Gumma Prefectural Committee (No. 51, Kuruma-cho, Maebashi City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
SAKAUCHI Toshi	TSUTSUMI Genjiro	TAKEUCHI Masa	YAMADA Akira

Ora Area Committee (No. 2406, Tsukaba-cho, Tatebayashi Town, Gumma Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
NEGISHI Kichitaro	ANDO Toshio	SAKURAI Hideo	TAKAHASHI Kinji

Usui Area Committee (c/o HONJYO Akira, No.902, Matsueda, Matsueda Town, Usui County, Gumma Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
HONJO Akira	NAKAJIMA Goro	NAKAJIMA Goro	

Agatsuma Area Committee (No. 95701, Nakanojo Town Agatsumagun, Gumma Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
KANAI Kazuo	TANAKA Heitaro	NAMIKI Shimayo	ISHIZUKA Toshio

Takasaki Area Committee (No. 1, Yorlai-cho, Takasaki City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
HONDA Tomizo	HOSONO Kaneo	SATO Keizo	HIRATSUKA Kimiko

Shibukawa Area Committee (No. 2147, Sakashita-cho, Shibukawa Town Kitagumma Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
MIYAZAWA Tadao	SHIONO Toshiko	YAMAMOTO Shizue	OHARA Isamu

Kiriu Area Committee (No. 1298, Mon-cho, Kiriu City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
KAWADA Toshi	OONO Tsutomu	KURAMOTO Hajime	

Kanra Area Committee (c/o NASU Ichikichi, 5-chome, Nanukaichi, Tomioka Town, Kanra County, Gumma Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative

Tone Area Committee (No. 1053, Numata (Boshinden) Numata Town, Tone County, Gumma Prefecture)

Chairmen	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
NOBUSAWA Fusao	OMI Umeo	OMI Umeo	NOBUSAWA Fusao

Isezaki Area Committee (No. 80, Sakai-cho, Asezaki City, Gumma Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
HATTA Kosaku	KOSHIBA Ayao	HATTA Kosaku	KOSHIBA Ayao

Maebashi Area Committee (No. 44, Hon-cho, Maebashi City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
KANAKO Mitsuhiro	NAKASHIMA Koichi	TSUKADA Iso	SHIMADA Seizo

Nitta Area Committee (No. 399, 3-chome, Ota City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative

Tano Area Committee (?)

Chairman	Representative
WATAYA Kenjiro	SATO Yoshio

The following is uncertain.

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
TAKAHASHI Ichiji		OKAWA Hiromasa	AMANO Shigeru

Chiba Prefectural Committee (No. 121, Kasuga-cho, Chiba City)
?(No. 146 Sakai-cho, Chiba City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
OKUNO Kunikichi	KAWASAKI Saburo	YOSHIMOTO Masami	TANAKA Jun

Awa Area Committee (No. 1050, Shimo-cho, Tateyama City, Chiba Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
WATANABE Danjiro		TSURUOKA Masao	SAKUMA Takashi

Tosc Area Committee (Nishishiba-cho, Choshi City, Chiba Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
HAYASHI Chotaro			TERASHIMA Morinosuke

Tokatsu Area Committee (c/o YOSHINO Hiroshi, Kashiwa, Higashi-Katsushika County, Chiba Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
YOSHINO Hiroshi			YOSHINO Hiroshi

Sanbu Area Committee (No. 1585 Tani Togane Town, Sanbu County)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
YAMABE Kei	YAMAMOTO Kisaburo	YAHATA Masato	FURUKAWA Masayuki

Northern Area Committee (No. 821, Hanasaki-cho, Narita Town, Chiba Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
UCHIKI Shigeki	HAYASHIDA Toshinori	HAYASHIDA Toshinori	HIGAYA Saburo

Middle Area Committee (No. 146, Sakai-cho, Chiba City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
KAWASHIMA Kotaro	WAKABAYASHI Hidesaburo	WADA Akiko	KOIZUMI Seisaburo

Kimizu Area Committee (No. 176, Minami-cho, Kisarazu City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
		SAITO Masao	

Chosei Area Committee (No. 442, Hama-cho, Mohara Town, Chosei County, Chiba Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
HAYASHI Kunimi	TORII Yoshio	KUGA Tan	HASEGAWA Fumio

Isumi Area Committee (No.801, Sunima, Katsuura Town, Isumi County, Chiba Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
UEDA Utao		OKANDA Sachiko	SUZUKI Yoshio

Western Area Committee (No. 3-1625, Hon-cho, Funabashi City, Chiba Prefecture)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
KIKUCHI Ichie		NAKAYAMA Isao TAKAHASHI Tomiko	

Miyazaki Area Committee of Miyazaki Prefecture (c/o SAITO Seiichi, No. 5, Motomiya Town, Miyazaki City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
NIINASU Koromoo	YAMASHITA Saburo	TANAKA Hideo	WABOSHI Shoichi

Hiroshima Area Committee of Hiroshima Prefecture
(c/o TAGAMI Akira, No. 1080, Mijiyama Hon-cho, Hiroshima City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
MIYOSHI Yasuto	MATSUMOTO Yasuhiko	OKINO Teruo	TAKAMI Akira

Committee to which the following belong is uncertain.

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
KOBAYASHI Fukio	AKIYAMA Yasutaro	HOSAKA Seiichiro	
YONEI Eiichi	MITSUI Goro	MITSUI Goro	
OSHIMA Junnosuke			
ABE Seiichi		KUROBE Nariko	
HARADA Minoru	HOSHINO Yoshio	AKAMATSU Tsureo	ITO Sukeko

Temporary Guidance Body in Nagasaki Prefecture
(No. 4, Zaimoku-cho, Nagasaki City)

Chairman	Representative	Responsible person for clerical work	Representative
KOYANAGI Masafumi	YAMASHITA Shigeru	NAKAMURA Kijuro	AOYAGI Keiji

COPY

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Kawamata T, I.D. Third (1) (Mar. 9, 1951) (428) 238. I.

March 15, 1951.

FORM: Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col Jack P.Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

SUBJECT: Main Movements of Japan Communist Party in February.

1. Based on the data gathered by Investigation Division of SIB during February 1951, Secretary KAWAMATA has squeezed the following facts:

II. A. Local Election Struggle of Japan Communist Party:

As to the April Election Struggle of the Japan Communist Party, the following three principles were issued by the Temporary Central Guidance Division at the end of January.

(1) Duty and struggle policy of the Party in the Local Election.

(2) Unified struggle policy in Local Election.

(3) Full accomplishment of the struggle principles in Election and strict observation of submitting reports.

In every place, a concrete movement has been started in conformity with the above principles. Main movements during February are as follows:

1. Fukuoka Prefectural Committee of the Japan Communist Party has decided the slogan and candidates for the election of this time as follows:

Slogans:

1. Protect Fukuoka from being made a base for aggression in Asia.

2. Stand against the separate peace treaty which will make ITATSUKI a base for 30 years. Make efforts to make rice-fields through the over-all peace treaty.

3. Don't use HAKATA Harbor for the use of military transportation.

Promote trade with Communist China through the over-all peace treaty.

4. Protect Fukuoka from being made a city of soldiers and pan-pan girls.

Candidates for chiefs:

candidate for Governor of Fukuoka Prefecture:

HAYASHI Isao (Party member)

Candidate for Mayor of Fukuoka City:

TAKAKURA Kin-ichiro (Party member)

2. SHIMOSUMIYOSHI County Committee of Japan Communist Party in Osaka Prefecture decided in the Party conference on February 7 the following manoeuvres against the SHAKAITO (Japan Social Democratic Party) policies in the local election struggle. This shows an example how the principles of the Party center are developed in a concrete form in the lowest organization.

"SHAKAITO is crying out an over-all peace treaty. Winning over this SHAKAITO to our side, a unified candidate shall be selected so as to make labor aggression active and to regulate the acts of the candidate."

3. Nagano Prefectural Committee of Japan Communist Party seems to back HAYASHI Hirokichi, a member of MINKA (Dimocratic Scientific Society), to stand for goveror in the election of this time.

4. Yamanashi Prefectural Committee of Japan Communist Party proposed a cooperation in forming a unified election struggle and in raising a national movement for the over-

all peace treaty to the Yamanashi Prefectural Federation of SHAKAITO.

The Yamanashi Prefectural Federation rejected this proposal flatly, saying openly that it would go along its own view on the both items of the proposal.

5. Fukui Prefectural Committee of Japan Communist Party decided its policy for nominating candidates for the coming election as follows. This is regarded to be a concrete policy of local organization against the principles of the Party center.

(1) Area Committee would not put its hand to the nomination of the candidate for governor, but is willingly cooperate if it is recommended by KEN RO HYO (Prefectural Labor Council) (an asumed name) which is to be formed in near future.

(2) Every area committee shall nominate one candidate for prefectural assembly in each county or city.

(3) As a candidate for mayor, a most influential person shall be induced from other place so as to be able to fight.

(4) As candidates for city assembly, 10 persons shall be nominated so as to be able to fight.

(5) Every candidate must be a member of the area federation

of labor unions and in case he is belonging to some political party, he is allowed to disclose it.

(6) The deposit of the candidate shall be paid by the area federation of labor unions and a part of the campaign fund shall be paid by the individual union.

6. SHAKAITO seems to have decided to nominate SUGIYAMA Motojiro and KONDO Hiroo as the candidates for govenor and mayor, respectively, in Osaka.

It is reported that the organ of the Communist Party on the spot is now under consideration whether the above mentioned candidates are adopted as unified candidate or not.

B. Movement for Over-all Peace Treaty:

The movement for Over-all Peace Treaty of the Japan Communist Party has been expanded to the local organization step by step under a close connection with the local election struggle in coming April.

ZEN MIN KOWA AIKOKU UNDO KYOGIKAI (Council of Patriotic Movement for Over-all Peace Treaty), which was held on January 15 at Tokyo, has been developed, strengthening its connection with labor or farmer unions or masses organizations, into a concrete movement in which signature movement or dispersion of agitation leafets is pushed.

C. Trend of Organs:

Drastic move for the nationwide distribution system of HEIWA NO KOE (Voice of Peace), publication of which was suspended on the charge of being the substitute paper of the central organ of the Japan Communist Party, was carried out all at once throughout the country on February 4.

By this move, 713 responsible persons of distribution and persons concerned were arrested.

2. The Guidance Division of the Japan Communist Party showed the principles of the organ activities for the time being by the notice of the Party Activities principles dated Feb. 28. It stressedespecially the importance of the organs for massea, that is "Laborers", "National Railway Front" and "DAIKAGAKU SENSHN (Great Scientific Front)" etc. It urges that, making organs weapons of a unified front movement, all the organs hould be propagandists and agitators standing on the class struggle standpoint.

D ZENKOKU FUJIN SEISAKU KAIGI (National Women's Policy Conference):

Temporary Guidance Division of the Japan Communist Party gathered all the chiefs of the women's divisionss or the persons who are in charge of women's policies of all regional and prefectural committees all over the country

and gave the following decided matters concerning the policies and activities to be observed for the time being.

(1) Struggle for keeping livelihood.

(2) Struggle for protection of education and the problem of children.

(3) Struggle against the reactionary women's organizations.

(4) Emphasis placed on the the struggle of the laborers at PESO.

(5) Unification of activities aiming at the women's peace front.

(6) Establishment of base for area people's struggle.

(7)

E. Conference of responsible persons of the Book Division of Kanto Region:

Kanto Regional Committee of the Japan Communist Party held a meeting of responsible persons of the Book Division of each prefectural committee on February 5 and decided the following principles with an intention of strengthening and expanding the activities of the Book Division.

(1) Strengthening of connection with the Organ and regimentation of masses.

(2) Connection with the local election struggle and over-all peace treaty.

(3) Strengthening of organs and quasi-organs

(4) Activities through pamphlets.

F. Five million yen Campaign of Party Defense Fund:

In response to the directive of the Central Guidance Division of the Japan Communist Party concerning five million yen campaign of Party defense fund, Hokkaido Region Committee issued a notice dated February8 bearing the following principles.

(1) Every sort of campaign of organ defense fund hitherto shall be unified in the "Five Million Campaign of Party Defense Fund."

(2) The apportionment of the campaign shall be in conformity to pyramidal financial principle as follows:

Cell:	4
Area committee:	3
Prefectural committee	1
Regional committee:	1
Central committee:	1

(3) The period of campaign covers from February 15 to the end of March.

G. Self-criticism of Osaka Prefectural Committee:

Osaka Prefectural Committee took a measure of expulsion toward ISHIKAWA Takeo, a candidate committee, on the charge of a violence against a woman party member, and at the same time expressed its own self-criticism to the Central Guidance Division, saying, "Such act comes out of partiality which prevails all over the Party as well as the character of Party which is not justifiable."

H. Investigation Activities of Japan Communist Party:

The Control Committee of the Japan Communist Party seems to have issued a directive to gather detailed fundamented data, pointing out the following important points concerning the investigation activities of local organs in every grade.

(1) Every blind side of prefectural administration shall be attacked.

(a) Examination and analysis of the contents of financial budget of the prefectural government shall be made.

(b) Thoroughgoing investigation into the background of the administratve leaders which is the source of the boss bargaining shall be made.

(2) Make attack on local financial clique.

(a) Investigation shall be made on the amount of deposit, the amount of loan and the results of business of all local banks.

(b) Actual status of business of factories to which the loan is made and the connection of them with the institutions of authorities shall be grasped.

(3) Actual ability of police must be known correctly.

(a) Formation and equipment of every station, order system, training, connection with the neighboring ones and the power of manoeuvre of the National Rural and Municipal Police.

(b) Condition of organization of Public Safety Commission and Police Supporting Association.

(c) Information organization of police and the investigation of spies.

(d) Condition of organization of terroristic groups which have some connection with police or traitorous bosses.

(4) Others:

(a) Whether or not exist Imperial Rule Assistance Association, Ex-service men's Associations or High Police Organization.

Activities of former leaders.

(b) Distribution of mountain workers.

(c) Living condition of repatriates.

II. none

III. none

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

COPY

Ogata. K, I.L. Third (2, Mar, 20, 1951)(456) 280, i

March 30, 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

SUBJECT: General View of the Movement of the ZAI-NICHI CHOSEN KAIHO UNDO KYUENKAI (Korean Liberation Relief Association in Japan) from October 1950 up to Now (Third Report).

I. Present Status of the Korean Liberation Relief Association in Japan (commonly called "KAIKYU" and abbreviated KLRAJ hereafter):

1. Brief View of Declaration.

The declared organization for which the fixed formalities have presented since November 6 of last year is only the following body in spite of the many times repeated warning of the authorities concerned since June 8 of last year.

Accordingly, the declaration is the only case of the following body of a prefectural headquarters as of March 1 of this year:

(1) KAIKYU KAGAWA-KEN HOMBU (Kagawa Prefectural Headquarters, KLRAJ) (with constituent members numbering 68):

a. Address of Office:

1, 1-chome, Nishinomaru-cho, Takamatsu City, Kagawa Prefecture.

b. Date of Formation: October, 1950.

c. Date of Declaration: November 30, 1950.

d. Main Officers:

Chief Commissioner.	GON Shun-so	(47)
Deputy Chief Commissioner.		
Chief, Relief Division.	BOKU Tetsu	(37)
Chief, Finance Division.	RI Sei-an	(38)

(Note:— Korean personal names have been transcribed into Roman letters after the Japanese pronunciation of the given Chinese characters; the same shall apply hereafter).

2. Brief View of Movement:

Though the general status of the KLRAJ's movement since our previous report on November 6 of last year leads us to the view that the movement as a whole throughout the country has been somehow low-toned, yet one has found out thereof a true fact that KLRAJ has been developing the threatening anti-U.S., anti-tax and other movements

together with left-wingged organizations of the CHOSEN TOITSU MINSHU SENSEN (Korean Unification Democratic Front), the CHOSENJIN SEINEN KODOTAI (Korean Youth Action Corps). The recent intelligence received at SIB's office shall be shown in the following items:

(1) Struggle against the Public Employment Security Office in Mito City, Ibaraki Prefecture.

KIN GI-gen, Chief Commissioner of the Saitama Prefectural Headquarters of KLRAJ, in a party with three Korean Communist Party members, leading members of the MITO CHIKU JIYU RODOSHA KUMIAI (Mito Area Day-Laborers' Association), thronged to the Reconstruction Office of the municipal government of Mito City, to demand the competent authorities there of the following headings:

a. To raise the wage up to ¥ 250.
b. To grant the year-end allowance of ¥ 1,000.
c. To give four paid off-days at the end of the year and in the beginning of the new year.

In replying to this demand, the city authorities gave them approval of raising the old wage of ¥ 160 up to ¥ 200, though they checked up the rest of the demand, of which should be someday given an answer, as the authorities promised the rally. They left then the office.

(2) Petition Rally of Koreans in Itami City, Hyo-go Prefecture:

Go Ichi-sei, Chief of Itami Branch of KLRAJ, leading rally-men of 4 communist Party members and 146 Koreans, totaling 150, raised at 9:00 a.m. of December 16, 1950 a three-partite petition demonstration to throng simultaneously to the municipal office, tax office, board of education of Itami City and did violences there. The details of the rally shall be shown below.

a. Petition and threatening action to Itami City office:

Go Ichi-sei, the above leader, in a party with rally-men saw the assistant mayor in person at the appointed time of the appointed day mentioned above, to demand him of the following items:

a. To apply the Daily Life Protection Law to Koreans.

b. To grant day-laborers the year-end allowance of ¥ 1,000.

c. To raise the wage for day-laborers.

d. To give four paid off-days at the new year.

As the above demand, however, was turned down, so Koreans, 100 or so in number, who had been gathering at the former local office of the League of Koreans in Japan in Itami City, thronged to the city office and 12 representatives from the whole rally-men stepped with force in the office of the said assistant mayor.

They caused then the atmosphere of the office to become threatening, whereupon the assistant mayor ordered the trespassers to withdraw from the office, though the latter refused it and, demonstrating their collective power, attempted to reach with force the goal of the rally there. At this moment standing-by policemen arrested the twelve men on the charge of the crime of not leaving upon demand and further on the way back to the police with the arrested the policemen arrested four Koreans on the charge of interfering in the official duty.

b. Anti-Taxation Struggle Against the Itami Taxation Office:

On the same day, about ten Koreans of the Separated Action Corps attacked the Itami Taxation Office and protested against the decision of reassessment of enterprise tax for 1950, but they were broken up uneventfully due to the saying on the side of the Taxation Office that it shall be reconsidered under research of the actual state.

c. Appeal to the Itami Municipal Board of Education:

About 10:00 a.m. of the same day, about more-than twenty Koreans of the Separated Action Corps thronged to the office of the Municipal Board of Education and requested the restoration of Koreans' primary school destroyed by Jane Typhoon, but due to the promise on the side of the said Board to mediate a temporary school-building, they drew off uneventfully.

(6) Struggle Preparatory Conference Against Trial on the Otsu Local Public Prosecutor's Office Event:

From 14:00 to 16:00 p.m. of Jan. 28, 1951, the above Conference was opened at the Shiga Prefectural Headquarters of the KLRAJ situated at Higashi 1-chome, Awatsu, Zeze, Otsu City. The Korean attendants were,

BOKU Shun-sei, chief of secretariat of the Shiga Prefectural Headquarters, KLRAJ.

RI Gaku-kon, Ditto.

and above 50 persons including Japanese members.

The abovementioned BOKU Shun-sei reported in detail the attitude of the accused at the trial on the Kobe case and the auditor's brisk activities,

and left there, uttering "Let's struggle to the utmost" which hints at the forthcoming disturbance.

(4) Opening of 2nd Youth Cultural Festival at the Akasaka Theatre, situated at Akasaka Town, Fuha County, Gifu Prefecture:

On Feb. 8, 2nd Youth Cultural Festival was opened at the aforesaid Akasaka Theatre under the auspice of Fuha County Branch of the KLRAJ with about 600 (350 male, 250 female) Koreans coming from various areas in the Prefecture; Takayama, Gifu, Ogaki and Sekigahara cities.

As a cultural event, a Korean Communist Party member commented on "War Situation in Korea", and discussion was had about the determination and acts concerning its process for the Koreans in Japan, but no conclusion has been got.

(5) On Oct. 25, 1950 at 6:00 p.m. the Area Committee of the KLRAJ held conference at Beppu Branch Office to decide the followings.

(a) As a base of the Youth Action Corps, the partisan corps in the prefecture will take an active part in spite of changing situation of Korean war, and the

KLRAJ establish the counter-measure for it and appeal to masses to gain their support.

(b) The KLRAJ will carryout the fand campaign by means of through-going movement for saving of a spoon of rice and delivery movement of an old article.

(c) As a result of election of officers the following persons were newly appointed:

Chairman of Ohita Prefectural Headquarters of the KLRAJ: TEI Shakuto.

Vice chairman: RI Kansui.

Chief secretareat: TEI Jimboku.

(6) Information concerning the national representatives' conference held at Tokyo.

From Oct. 10, 1950 to Dec. 10 a certain place at Tachikawa City, the aforesaid conference was held with attendants of about 40 national representatives.

The contents of the conference was the counter-measure and selection method of members concerning 500 persons as a first elements for despatch army of Korean people in Japan. And the so-called decision for the first despatch army seems to be matter concerning the gathering elements at a certain port along Japanese Sea. The plan for departure at

proper time suddenly is promoting and this despatch army seems to have a duty on guerrilla corps in adition to assistance of Communist Army in Korean Front.

(7) Direction concerning counter-measure for the forced deportation of Koreans in Japan.

About Jan. 8, 1951, Fukushima Prefectural Headquarters of the KLRAJ issued to the branches in the prefecture the following directions:

All members should keep your assets by Japanese name in cooperation with reliable Japanese for security of assets preparing for freezing of assets at the forced deportation of Koreans.

II. Suspected a violation of the Article 2 (item 6) of the Organizations Control Order.

III. The movements are under watch.

COPY

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Hagashi, M., I.D. Third (2)(Feb. 24, 1951)(402) 201, 1'

March 7, 1951

FROM : Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Lt. Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: On an Article Relating to "Opposition to Compulsory Repatriation of Koreans" Appearing in the Weekly Newspaper "Shin Chosen (New Korea)" (No. 8) Issued on January 8, 1951.

I. The newspaper "Shin Chosen (New Korea)", whose publishing office and responcible person are both unknown, published an article titled "Struggle in Opposition to Koreans' Compulsory Repatriation Started over Whole Kyushu : Extensive Propaganda First Raised," the Contents of Which are as follows :

"The plot for compulsory repatriation of Korean nationals in Japan as a step toward turning this country into an invasive base to secure the success of the Korean War of invasion is now steadily under way at the hand of the Japanese Government under the leadership of American imperialists, and movements in opposition to it have now been raised everywhere in Japan. For example, active people in the Kyushu District organized a Committee for Struggling against Compulsory Repatriation of Koreans already in the middle part of last month and has started propaganda action to completely disclose the actual nature of the plot relating to Koreans' Compulsory repatriation. This Committee distributed about 5,000 pieces of leaflets among Korean brethren all over Kyushu in the middle of last month, disclosing the nature of the wicked plot and urging them to stand up against the compulsory repatriation. At the same time the Committee distributed among Japanese people more than 50,000 pieces of leaftes which disclosed that

the plot of compulsory repatriation formed a preparatory step toward the colonialization of Japan and the enslavement of its people. Apart from this, the Council of Youths' Organizations in the Kyushu District forwarded a statement even to young men in the Chugoku District, urging them to stand at the head of the struggle.

In consequence of such movements, the Committee has attained a remarkable result and its propaganda activities have been continued day after day even thereafter. It is intended that, upon the achievement of these movements and of the year-end struggle, the struggle against compulsory repatriation of Koreans be further systematized into a locally extended people's struggle by working penetratively upon the extensive range of people, and particularly of Japanese labourers, which program is now actually being pushed on. "

II. None.

III. None.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

COPY

Takazawa K ,I.D. Third (2 Mar 8 ,1951)(K22) 217, I

March 10, 1951.

From: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

Subject: Registration of Aliens in Japan classified by Nationality as of January 31, 1951.

I. The number of aliens registered is as shown in the following table, classified by nationality. (according to the investigation by the Emigration and Immigration Service Agency).

Country	Number of Persons
United States of America	5,141
Korea	467,897
Republic of Korea	79,162
China	22,820

Formosa	17,928
Soviet Union	263
White Russians	356

II. None.

III. None.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

COPY

Miyoshi, K, I.D. Third (3)(Mar,22,1951)(338) 274, i

March 28, 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Suspension Measure for the Publication of the Organ Papers of the Japan Communist Party and their Succeeding and Similar Papers which was taken until early in March, 1951.

I. Secretary MIYOSHI of the 3rd Sub-Section, Investigation 3rd Section, SIB has arranged and consolidated the number of cases as to the mentioned measure which had been executed by the Special Investigation Bureau, since June 29, 1950. as is found in the separate list.

II. None.

III. None.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Separate List:

List of number of the executed cases of the supention measure for the publication of the organ papers of the Japan Communist Party and their succeeding and similar papers (On March 10, 1951.)

Division	1st Term	2nd Term	3rd Term (total number as of 1950)	Total number in 1950	Number from Jan. 1 to Mar. 10, 1951	Aggregation
Central Paper	1	0	10	11	1	12
Local Paper (Total)	118	655	* 681	* 1,454	62	1,516
Tokyo	28	26	* 33	* 87	9	96
Hokkaido	1	43	47	91	24	115
Aomori	1	6	2	9	4	13
Iwate	1	13	17	31	0	31
Miyagi	1	10	15	26	0	26
Akita	1	10	37	48	0	48
Yamagata	1	10	9	20	0	20
Fukushima	3	10	38	51	0	51
Ibaraki	1	13	17	31	0	31
Tochigi	1	10	31	42	0	42
Gumma	5	33	3	41	0	41

Saitama	1	14	14	29	7	36
Chiba	3	11	28	42	0	42
Kanagawa	2	27	56	85	0	85
Yamanashi	2	10	18	30	0	30
Niigata	1	29	6	36	0	36
Nagano	1	23	22	46	0	46
Toyama	1	10	2	13	0	13
Ishikawa	1	10	7	18	0	18
Fukui	1	10	0	11	0	11
Shizuoka	2	9	12	13	1	14
Aichi	4	29	28	61	0	61
Gifu	6	11	22	39	0	39
Mie	4	14	8	26	0	26
Shiga	3	16	5	24	0	24
Kyoto	1	11	14	26	0	26
Osaka	2	30	36	68	11	79
Hyogo	0	23	8	31	0	31
Nara	1	13	2	16	3	19
Wakayama	1	3	0	4	0	4
Tottori	2	8	10	20	0	20
Shimane	2	9	13	24	0	24
Okayama	1	18	15	34	0	34
Hiroshima	2	18	10	30	0	30
Yamaguchi	3	23	27	53	0	53
Kagawa	1	6	3	10	3	13
Tokushima	1	3	2	6	0	6

Ehime	1	4	7	12	0	12
Kochi	1	6	3	10	0	10
Fukuoka	3	20	35	58	0	58
Saga	5	14	4	23.	0	23
Nagasaki	1	7	0	8	0	8
Kumamoto	5	10	8	23	0	23
Oita	5	8	2	15	0	15
Miyazaki	1	3	2	6	0	6
Kagoshima	3	11	1 3	27	0	27
Aggregation	119	655 *	691	* 1,465	63	1,528

Remarks: The Columns with the mark * in the list indicates correction which was missed to be done in the last report (dated January 24, 1951).

COPY

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Iriyoshi K, I.D. Third (d) (Feb. 20, 1951) (376) 190 L
March 5, 1951

From : Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For : Lt. Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject : Publications which appear to be the intra-party reports of the Japan Communist Party.

I. As a result of the investigation made by our Third Subsection, Third Section, SIB. into the latest publications which appear to be the Communists' intra-party reports, referring also to the reports from each branch of our office, we obtained the following facts :

(a) The "TO KATSUDO SHISHIN" (Guide to Party Activity)

The representative one of the intra-party reports is the above "Guide to Party Activity" published by the Education-Propaganda Section of the Party Headquarters. The first issue of the above paper was published on November 10 of 1948 and was then distributed only among the party members. But in June, 1950, when the publication of the AKAHATA was suspended, the same "Guide to Party Activity" took place of the AKAHATA and the Party Authorities recommended to take the Guide and now it has a circulation of about sixty thousand.

As the above Guide to the Party Activity has been continuously

published, the every organ of the party have come to positively publish the intra-party reports by modelling after the above Guide, as follows :

It is very difficult for us to obtain these reports because these are being distributed only among the party-members and are not being regarded as the organ papers. Therefore we suppose that there are much more reports which are being distributed among members.

The following forty papers, including seventeen paper which we actually obtained, are the all we have ever found out :

(b) List of Intra-Party Reports of Various Local Organs of the Japan Communist Party

"*"---- shows that the paper is attached to this report.

"O"---- shows that the picture of the paper is attached to this report.

Prefecture	Title	Publishing Organization	Publisher	Date of the latest issue	Remark
Aomori	KEN TOHO (Prefectural Party Report)	Aomori Prefectural Committee			The first number was issued on August 10, 1948.
"	NAKAKONAN TOHO (Nakakonan Party Report)	Naka-konan Area Committee			
"	SAMPACHI TOHO (Sampachi Party Report)	Thirty-eight Area Committee			Weekly edition

Aomori	SAMPACHI JOHO (Sampachi Information)	Thirty-eight Area Committee		
Miyagi	TOHOKU TOHO (Tohoku Party Report)	Tohoku Regional Committee	No. 42, Dec. 2, 1950	
"	MIYAGI TOHO (Miyagi Party Report)	Miyagi Prefectural Committee	No. 35, Oct. 27, 1950	
Akita	TOHO (Party Report)	Akita Prefectural Committee		
Yamagata	YAMAGATA JOHO (Yamagate Information)	Yamagata Prefectural Committee	Extra Nov. 25, 1950	
"	MURAYAMA TOHO (Murayama Party Report)	Murayama Area Committee	No. 16, Nov. 15, 1950	
"	CHIKUI HO (Area Committee Report)	Oitama Area Committee	No. 3, Dec. 8, 1950	
Fukushima	CHIKU TOHO (Area Party Report)	Fukushima Area Committee	Extra, Dec. 5, 1950	Reigning Faction
"	HEIWANO SENSHI (Warrior for Peace)	Iwaki Area Committee	Extra, Nov. 7, 1950	Internationalists' Faction
"	TOHO (Party Report)	Soso Area Committee	No. 26, Dec. 1, 1950	"
"	"	Fukushima Prefectural Committee		Issued for the first time in Jan. 1951 by the Internationalists' Faction
* Ibaraki	IBARAKI TOHO (Ibaraki Party Report)	Ibaraki Prefectural Committee	No. 2, Nov. 14, 1950	It is only a childish intra-party report, mimeographed on the Japanese writing paper

* Saitama	JIMMIN TO TOMONI (Together with the People)	Saitama Prefectural Committee	Published every other day	No. 65, Jan. 25, 1951	This was formerly entitled "the SENDEN SHISHIN (Guide to Propaganda), and has a tint of propaganda much more than the TOKATSUDO TSUSHIN (Party Activity News). It appears to be stronger than the ordinary intra-party report is.
* "	TONAI SENDEN TSUSHIN (Intra-party Propaganda News)	Organ Papaer Section of the Saitama Prefectural Committee			The first number issued on June 30, 1950. It seems to be issued in haste immediatly after the suspension of publication of the "SHIN SAITAMA" (New Saitama) but it is not being published at present.
* "	NAMBU TOHO (Nambu Party Report)	Nambu Area Committee	Weekly edition	No. 6, Jan. 29, 1951	The paper has a subtitle of "Organ paper of the Nambu Area Committee of Saitama Prefecture"
*Chiba	CHIBA TOHO (Chiba Party Report)	Chiba Prefectural Committee		Extra, Sep. 27, 1950	It is unknown whether or not the paper is being published at present. It is only a childish party report.

*Yamanashi	YAMANASHI TOHO (Yamanashi Party Report)	Yamanashi Prefectural Committee		No. 9, Nov. 17, 1950	It is being published in the form of the intra-party news but it appears to be the organ paper of the Prefectural Committee.
*Tokyo	KANTO TOHO (Kanto Party Report)	Kanto Regional Committee	1 yen a copy, published three times a month	No. 2, Jan. 8, 1951	Mimeographed pamphlet which was republished in January this year, and imitated from "the Guide to Party Activities".
* "	TOHO AKAI HOSHI (Party Report 'Red Star')	Shibuya Ward Committee		No 22, Feb. 9, 1951	Mimeographed weekly which is published on every Thursday, having a form of common newspaper, 15 yen a month.
* "	TOHO (Party Report)	Kitatama Area Committee		Nov. 24, 1950	Infantile party report which seems to be published irregularly.
* "	TOKATSUDO SHISHIN (Guide to Party Activities)	Nakano Ward Committee		No. 5, Oct. 11, 1950	Affiliated paper of "the Guide to Party Activities".
* "	MINZOKU DOKURITSU NO TAMENI (For Racial Independence)	Chuo Ward Committee		No. 10, February 9, 1951	Affiliated paper of "the Guide to Party Activities," 10 yen a month.
* "	TAISHU ROSEN (Line of Masses)	Shibuya Ward Committee		No. 12, Feb. 3, 1951	Affiliated paper of "the Guide to Party Activities".

* Tokyo	TAISHU NO NAKAE (Into Masses)	Tokyo Metropolitan Committee, Propaganda Education Section	No. 66, Jan. 31, 1951	Formerly, a report for party activities, but now an affiliated paper of "the Guide to Party Activities", whose title was changed from No. 63, Jan. 10 issue, 1951 and has been published weekly.
Tokyo	TONAI JOHO (Intra-Party Information)	Unknown	December 27, 1950	
"	ZAISEI BUHO (Financial Section Report)	Tokyo Metropolitan Committee	October 29, 1950	
Osaka	KANSAI SHISHIN (Kansai Guide)	Kansai Region Unification Committee	October 3, 1950	
"	KANSAI JOHO (Kansai Intelligence)	"	October 6, 1950	
* Osaka	SENDEN SHIRYO (Propaganda Materials)	Propaganda Section, Osaka Prefectural Committee	January 11, 1951	This pamphlet was an infantile intra-party propaganda material, but it now has been published though in mimeograph, modelling after the "Guide to Party Activity".
Tot[illegible]tori	TONAI SHISHIN (Intra-party Guide)	Tot[illegible]tori Prefectural Committee	September 22, 1950	
O Hiroshima	CHUGOKU TOHO (Chugoku Party Report)	Chugoku Regional Committee		

Hiroshima	KAKUMEI SENSHI (Revolution Warrior)	Internationalists, Chugoku Regional Committee		September 1, 1950	
O Kagawa	SHIKOKU TONAI SHIRYO (Shikoku Intra-party materials)			No. 7, Oct. 24, 1950	Founded on Nov. 2, 1949, this pamphlet has a form of the "Guide to Party Activity and was published irregularily.
Kagawa	TAKAMATSU TOHO (Takamatsu Party Report)	Takamatsu Municipal Committee		No. 8, Jan. 3, 1951	This is of pamphlet type, and was imitated from special form of the Guide to Party Activity.
O Kagawa	KADORU (Kad?ol)	Education and propaganda Section, Shikoku Regional Committee			
Kochi	TONAI SHIRYO (Intra-party materials)	Kochi Prefectural Committee		December 23, 1950	
Kochi	SOSHIKI SENDEN SHISHIN (Organization propaganda guide)	Kochi Area Committee	SHIMAZAKI Yuko		Founded on August 30, 1950

(c) KOKKAI JOHO (National Diet Intelligence)

This pamphlet is a kind of paper of a tabloid size, which is published by the Communist Members of Diet, but this is not a mere party report, but a report which informs M.P.'s movements to the general public. It seems to us that a considerable numbers of papers have been published, so we, further, wish to gather them as many as possible.

II. None.

III. None.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

COPY

Kato. Y A.D. Third 3 (Mar. 20, 1951) (G) 257, i

March 23, 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Printed Matters under the title of "Against the Storm" detected in Shimane Prefecture at the time of All-Out Round-Up of Those Concerned with the Newspaper "HEIWA NO KOE (Voice of Peace)" enforced on Feb. 4, 1951.

I. The result gained through investigation is as follows:

a. Get-Up:

Title letters red-printed & others blue-printed on Japanese writing paper.

b. Date of Issue:

First number---Jan. 18, 1951.

Second " ---Jan. 23, 1951.

c. Contents:

(Written below the title "Against the Storm".)

(1) Words of Publication (No. 1):

Peace Movement initiated by the Soviet Union, strong development of democracy, and especially the people's heroic liberation war in Korea where the international proletariats are remarkably rising up, are intensifying the last agony of the imperialistic camp and letting them make desperate efforts for the military colonization of Japan which is the imperialists' aggressive base.

The American imperialists and Japanese reactionaries, their watch-dogs, who purged formerly the Central Committee members of our Party and those concerned of the organ Red Flag, are preparing as well for the all-out outlawry of the Party, as the expulsion of the fighting-spirited laborers by means of the Red Purge and the emasculation of labor unions and making them, as it were, the Industrial Patriotic Society of former days.

Additionally, they are trying to suppress our nation's culture, inspiring the erotic and grotesque decadent culture and Americanism and

frantically engaging in the anti-Soviet and anti-Communist Propaganda. Furthermore, mobilizing all kinds of weapons as movie, drama and radio in order to making human bullets of aggressing Asia of Japanese people, covering all circles, they are prohibiting the issuing of all kinds of democratic publications and newspapers which appeal to Japanese nation's freedom and independence and the world peace. To make matters worse, when we consider about the pre-publication censor-ship to the news of the Korean Conflict, we are noticed that all kinds of freedom guaranteed by the Potsdam Declaration are completely deprived of by the American imperialists and thus Japanese people are being driven into the bog of dark polities.

Thereupon, we must know ourselves that the "racial independence", peace and freedom are won by our nation's "blood-shed resistance" against suppressors, as is being proved by the present-day world liberation struggle, never yielding to their barbarous suppression absolutely.

Now we have to rise up to take back our all freedom and independence of which we have been deprived by the American imperialists and their cat's paw.

Every patriots hoping for the independence of Japan and all peace-loving peoples wishing a eternal world peace, should be united toward the Democratic Racial Front and the Peace Maintenance Committee, without regard to political opinion, belief and sex.

Fight against any repression and intervention!

March on against the storm of oppression by the imperialists!

Go ahead in live with the slogan of patriots "against the Storm" !

May victory be on the campaign for independence, liberty and peace of our race!

(2) Advance with a peace flag of anti-imperialism and anti-war. (No. 2):

The U. S. imperialistic invasion into Korea has stired up the peace-loving peoples throughout the world. Above all, they have been inflicted a strong blow and have been at bay by reinforcement of Chinese Volunteer Corps who rose up to fight for their independence and peace in accordance with the Proletarian Internationalism.

Under such circumstances they are going to turn Japan to military base and their colony, and Japanese reactionaries who are loyal cat's-paw to them, are repressing the democratic organizations in the country. Also they, war-mongers, who are running the Government for an aggressive war, regimented two hundred thousand odd Police Reserve in order to kill the racial independence struggle.

Moreover, now they, foreseeing that the Korean invasion will be failed, are designing the rearmament of Japan.

On the other hand, ASHIDA, an instrument of the imperialists, is conspiring the revival of imperialistic military under the cloak of "to defend our country for ourselves." And YOSHIDA, a traitor, is going to accept the long term occupation by U. S. and a seperate peace with U. S. who will bring wreck and ruin to the Japanese people. For this purpose he is conspiring with some traitors within the Democratic Party, the People's Cooperative Party and the Social Democratic Party.

The U. S. Occupational Authority intends to infringe the Constitution that was enacted under the cloak of "democracy" in conspiracy with Japanese

reactionaries, in order to fetter the Japanese and to oppress all campaign for our racial independence and peace.

We know, however that such repressions and violence cannot strangle our patriots; we know also how to resist such oppressions.

In order to frustrate their aggressive project, eight hundred million peace-loving population in the world are observing the resolution at Stockholm; also in Japan millions of free and peace-loving fighters following the vanguard of Communists are waging a heroic struggle in order that Japan might perfectly stand on its own feet through the immediats evacuation of all foreign troops and an over-all peace.

No persecutions and terrorism, whatever they may be, cannot kill the Party and the people's right.

Now it is time for our Japanese people to refuse to go a wrong way that the Japanese reactionaries intend to lead us, and to band ourselves against them.

* Opposition to the American invasion of Korea and China!
* The U. S. and all other foreign troops ought to evacuate immediately from Korea.
* Go hand in hand with all peace-loving people throughout the world in conformity with

the instruction of the World Federation of Free Labour Unions.

* We favour the U. S. S. R. that is a peace rampart for the world!

* Opposition to a seperate peace with the U. S. who aims at turning Japan into its military base and colony.

II. None.

III. None.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

COPY

Toda 14 ,I.D. Third (4)(Feb.28,1951)(407)194 I

March 5 , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Movement of SEINEN SOKOKU SENSEN (Youth Fatherland Front) on Feburary 21, 'stuggle against colonization' day.

I. The following fact was revealed on Feburary 27, 1951:

It happened that some 30 youths scribbled anti-America words on a military transportation train standing in Shimoitabashi Station of Tojo Line.

1) Date: Feburary 21, about 8:12 a.m.

2) Place: Shimoitabashi Station, Tojo Line.

3) Train Number: 6715.

4) Details:

On Feburary 21, 30 odd youths, professing themselves Party members, rushed in two groups into the station yard, where special, six-carridge No. 6715 train for military transportation, bound from Shinagawa for Asagasumi, was standing.

They scribbled with chalks anti-America words on the left side bodies of five carridges excluding the first, goods car, and also scribbled on the near-by buildings and standing freight cars. After all, they were driven out by the officers of the station.

Name of persons, organizations involved in the case is unknown, but the suspectable organizations are:

1. Northern Area Committee of SEINEN SOKOKU SENSEN (Youth Fatherland Front)
2. Northern Area Committee of MINSHU SEINEN DAN (Democratic Youth Association)
3. Itabashi Preparatory Committee of SEINEN SOKOKU SENSEN (Youth Fatherland Front)

5) Contents of Scribbles:

1. No colonization of Japan.
2. Return Tojo Line to Japanese.
3. Sweep Yankees away.
4. No military base along Tojo Line.
5. Bravo! Anti-colonization day.
6. Laborers, bind together.
7. Strike off special military train.
8. Break down reactionary war project both American and Japanese.
9. Expel Mac.

10. Give 12,000 Yen.

11. No train for arms & munition transportation leading Japan into another war.

12. Opposition to tightening labor condition.

II. None.

III. None.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

COPY

Ishizaki T I.D. Third (5) (Mar. 19, 1951) (438) 260. I.

March 24, 1951

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special
Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

SUBJECT : Written petition dated March 6, 1951, sent by those who were dismissed from ZAIDAN HOJIN KEKKAKU YOBOKAI (Tuberculosis Preventive Society, Foundation) to Allied Council for Japan.

I. OKADA Hisashi and other forty-two who had been discharged from the foregoing society on August 28, last year, sent a written petition to the representatives of each country of the Allied Council for Japan in the name of both representatives, OKADA Hisashi and SATO Toshitsugu.

As this bureau has received a copy of the petition, we report it in the annexed paper (1)

In addition those discharged applied the Tokyo District Court for the provisional disposition for the security of their social positions and the case is pending. On the occasion of the seventh inquiry on march 8, the foregoing written petition was submitted to the court as a referential material.

II None

III None

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

ANNEXED PAPER (1)

Petition

March 6, 1951

For : Representative of Allied Council for Japan.

From : Representatives, OKADA Hisashi and SATO Toshitsugu, of the members of former Tuberculosis Preventive Society.

We, forty-three persons, made efforts not only for development of the tuberculosis preventive work in Japan, but also for development of labor movement and for improvement of living conditions of suppressed people as well as for rooting out the feudalistic and reactionary militarism in Japan in order to back up the strict practice of the Potsdam Declaration after the defeat.

We, however, were suddenly dismissed by the Board of Directors of the Society on August 28, 1950. The representative of the board has declared that the reason of the dismissal was nothing but being communists. See annexed paper (2)

We who had only thought the faithful practice of the Potsdom Declaration as well as rooting out tuberculosis from Japan, considered the dismissal improper, and inquired into the reason. In consequence, the representative of the board testified through lawyer SAWADA Yoshimichi at the court the fact that it was because Brigadier General Sams, Chief of the Public Health and Welfare Section, GHQ, SCAP, had made a "demand" upon chairman of the board KATSUMATA, and director KUMABE Hideo, but later Kumabe himself setified that it was because of the strong suggestion by the General and that it was out of question whether we were destructive or not.

Our representative called Chief Emis of the Labor Division, GHQ, and questioned how he thought the fact that the society dismissed us, who were quite just and had no destructive activity, in accordance with the suggestion given by Brigadier General Sams only by the single reason of being communists. There-upon he answered that such could not be true, and that such as the suggestion was given by the Brigadier General, etc. might be an excuse of the managment.

Besides we called Bri.Gen.Sams to affirm it, whose mouth piece Mrs. Manitof refused the answer, only having heard our representatives' questions.

Since the end of last August a half of us, as they are physicians and nurses, should have enjoying no protection owing to the procedure of unemployment insurance, and the

other half have hardly made a living on the mere delivery due to the unemployment insurance law which is only sixty percent (60%) of the last income. The court, to which we requested a provisional dispostion for the guarantee of our social standing has still given no decision for our protection.

We expect your ecrdial instruction about the following items.

(1) Is the discharge right, when it was carried on only because of our being the Communists?

(2) Is it right that such a 'Request(or a 'Strong Suggestion' is made directly, in writing, or orally, without through the Japanese Government, from the GHQ Authorities, notwithstanding the Japanese managements have never desired it ?

(3) Is it unlawful or not, that we, the Communists members and those of the line, have been discharged under the ground of such a 'Request' or a 'Strong Suggestion; even the representing managements consider it 'undemocratic'?

(4) Does the management of Tuberculosis Prevention Society have any duty to submit unconditionally to such a 'Request' or a 'Strong Suggestion?

(5) In case of the Tuberculosis Prevention Society, does the Allied Council for Japan take the same standing as

Mr.Emis, Labor Relations Section, GHQ says, (However he be a Communists, if he be not of destructive, he could never be discharged because of his being a Communists' or does the Council take such a standing as, the Communists should be discharged as they are destrcutive due to the suggestion of Bri.Gen.Sams, as the representatives of the Prevention Directors Board say ?

(6) If such a discharge of the Communists as we experienced in the Tuberculosis Prevention Society be considered proper and if it gives an example, will it not afford a possibility to bring about an oppression not only on the Japanese Communists but also on Social Democrats, Libiralists, and Peace Lovers as 'destructive', by the reactionary, warlike capitalists in Japan ?

We will be much obliged to you and the Allied Council for Japan, if we can have the instructions on the foregoing six items.

ANNEXED PAPER (2)

Materials

Process of the Collective bargaining.

--by the secretariat of the Workers' Union
of the Tuberculosis Prevention Society.

Date: September 1 from 3:30 p.m.

Attendants: Directors--UCHINO, KUMABE, SHIBATA,
SUZUKI, FUJITA and FUKUSHIMA.
Union------SASHIDA and ten (10) others.

KUMABE, "..... As I have stated several times in the workshop, the recent discharge has been carried out neither because of our idea or principle different from them, nor making an individual the object. It is because of the difference of a view of life, and of a view of world. There is only a cold reality of the world's history there."

Union, "Was the suggestion an order? And who has the permission right for manufacture?"

Management, "It was a suggestion, but not an order. And the permission right GHQ has."

U, "Was the suggession given in a form of document?"

M, "Verbally."

U, "Who shall be responsible for the personnel retrenchment?"

M: "The retrenchment was carried out on the responsibility and will of the management."

U: "Is it true that the reason of retrenchment lies in the fact that they are Communists?"

M: "Yes, it is true, and there is no other reason."

U: "Who shall be responsible for the judgement that they are Communists?"

M: "The management juedged."

U: "Among the persons who have been noticed, there are some who are not Communists. How do you think of it?"

M: "Anyone who is not a Communist is requested to report us the fact. The notice of discharge shall be cancelled at once."

U: "Have you any evidence that they are true Communists?"

M: "We have none. But our judgement depends on the name list of SIB and their acts."

U: "Do you admit their self-assertion that they are not Communists?"

M: "If they have any evidence, we wish they will offer it to us."

U: "What sort of evidence do you want?"

M: "We cannot say."

U: "YOBO EISEI KENKYUJO (Prevention Sanitation Laboratory) is saying, 'within 60 days....', why can they say so?"

M: "They can say so, because they are the competent authorities."

U: "If Dr. OKADA quits here, BCG will be suspended actually. What is your means against it?"

M: "We know that OKADA and IKEDA are able men and such men of parts can't be easly got. But we are of opinion that it would be rather better than the right of manufacture is suspended. The right of sanction lies in the hands of others. Therefore, it is beyond our power that whether or not the manufacture is banned.

If the YOBO KAI (Prevention Society) is banned, the sanction will be given to any other institute, but in such case, it takes half a year or one year at least. If so, those who are most troubled are the people."

U: "As you say, if the work is started newly, there are much difficulty. Therefore, though the personnel retrenchment is not carried out, the right of manufacture will remain without being cancelled. We are sure the people oppose to the ban of manufacture, if we appeal to them. If the people think of the fact that the YOBO KAI is a unique organization of tuberculosis prevention works and a unique manufacturing factory of BCG, the public opinion will surely

not support the cancellation of the right of manufacture. By this reason, the management should have avoided the measures of the personnel retrenchment by appealing to the public opinion."

M: "Your opinion is right. But the ideal does not always agree with the reality."

U: "You are saying the suggestion is not an order. But judging from your saying, it seems to be next door to an order. We cannot help doubting that they gave an order aiming at the dissolution of the YOBO KAI."

M: "You are free whatever judgement you may make."

U: "Those who have been announced to be discharged are all able technicians. If these persons difficult to be replaced are discharged, troubles will occur."

M: "What was accused was the party, not individuals."

U: Is it not unlawful that only the Communist Party was accused while the Law and Regulations are fully disregarded?"

M: "Yes, it is unlawful."

U: "If it is made clear that the violation of law exists, what do you do?"

M: "We do not know."

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

COPY

Takahashi S.I.D. Third (6) Year 7, 1951) (404) 232 .I

March , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Inv Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: General View of the Agricultural Village Operation Carried out October 1950 in Fukuoka Prefecture Based on the Directive of JCP's Temporary Central Guidance Body.

I. SIB Kyushu Branch Office made an investigation of the subject case, to find out the following fact:

A. The Kyushu Regional Committee of JCP in Fukuoka Prefecture, having received a directive from JCP's Temporary Central Guidance Body, assembled various subordinate committees as its preparatory action for the outlawing of the Communist Party and held conference and made thereby decision on the

forming anew of the secondary front organization to give a way to its under-ground actions. After this assembly the regional committee started an operation to make inroads into farming, mountain and fishing villages because they thought those villages might be fit to be used as their hiding places to be needed after the outlawing and because they had otherwise been of such a mind that a revolution could be well carried out only by the comrade-minded junction of laborers and farmers with each other.

1. Communist Movements in Yabe Village, Yame County, Fukuoka Prefecture.

i) In this village with the overtone of fendalistic pattern Communist propagandas and instigations have been made vivid on account of the post-war legalization of the Communist Party and the repatriation of those interned in Soviet.

ii) HARASHIMA Takijiro, a Soviet-returnee, and UMENO Bokugetsu, a Communist, gave in December of last year an uninvited visit to the office of the said village, taking the opportunity of imposing the enterprise tax upon day laborers by a quota system, where they made negotiations on the reduction of the tax in question with the village headman and the assistant headman.

iii) There were found hand-bills with the

slogans of anti-taxation, over-all peace settlement, immediate withdrawal of the Occupation forces, opposition to the military basification, etc. distributed ten times from October of last year in the whole village.

iv) On the occasion of a big fire which occurred in the village toward the end of last year, people thronged to the village office to have a Korean suffering from the fire relieved by the hands of the village authorities.

v) Toward the end of December of last year Communist Party members thronged to the village assembly in session and forced the assembly to be allowed to enter as hearers only to be refused though. On this occasion HARASHIMA Takijiro and FUKUSHIMA Takeo railed at as emblymen.

vi) They started on December 15 or thereabouts of last year the publication of "YABE NO TOMO" (Friends of Yabe) trimonthly organ of the Yabe "SEIJI KOSAKU TAI" (Political Operation Corps) of JCP.

vii) HARASHIMA, FUKUSHIMA, etc. mentioned above appeared frequently to the village office beginning from about January 20, 1951, to collect by themselves materials to be used for anti-tax struggles

and those for their tactics to unveil the weak points of the administrative structure.

viii) HARASHIMA, FUKUSHIMA, etc. invited in the beginning of Feburuary of this year a Communist theatrical troop to the village, to make efforts to spread and propagandaze the Communism.

ix) Those who have the heavier tone of Communism in the village are:

Day laborer	KAWASHIMA Mamoru	Returned from Soviet
"	NAKAJIMA (-and-so)	
"	FUKUSHIMA Mikio	
(Jobless)	HARASHIMA Tetsuzo	
Day laborer	ITO Masao	Returned from Soviet Learned in a Communist institute while staying there
Paymaster, Agricultural Cooperative Association	KAWAGUCHI Midori	
Ex-chief of a labor union	KOGA Sueo	
Head teacher of a middle school	TAMURA Tokio	

B. Communist Movements in Hoshino Village, Yame County, Fukuoka Prefecture:

1. NAKAJIMA Tadao, a Communist member and chief commissioner of the MINSHU NOZEI DOMEI

(Democratic Tax-Payment League) of Yame County, Fukuoka Prefecture, is believed to be ever making his plan to make inroadsiinto day labores, engaged exclusively in the expanding of the his party influence since his residential transposition from Hisatomi, Haentsuka Town, Yame County to the village in question.

2. On the occasion of the investigation of the stealing of the electric current in the village exercised in December of last year by the Kyushu Electric Power Distribution Co., the abovementioned NAKAJIMA, instigating violators of the regulation concerned and getting reinforcement from the outsiders, embarked on its negotiation, saying "It is just unreasonable to impose a penalty on them in spite of not sending the current of normal power."

With this intention he gave uninvited a visit to the village headman and assistant headman, to force the village authorities to make negotiations with him and denounced that the assistant headman made feeble bargains as he took the charge of the proposed negotiation.

3. NAKAJIMA Tadao frequented to the village office to collect there materials to be used for the Communist struggle.

4. People invited twice on January 29 and on February 1 a Communist theatrical group under the guidance of NAKAJIMA Tadao, to have a play shown in the village center, for the purpose of making Communist propagandas and a compaign to raise funds for the Communist Party in parallel.

5. Since about November of last year there have been puton or distributed in the village hand-bills for the publicty of the Communist slogan of over-all peace settlement and others.

6. NAKAJIMA in a party with outside Communists proposed on February 7 a dialogue debate to the anti-Communist lecture held by the KIKU-HATA DOSHI KAI (Chrysanthemum Flag Comrade Society), to be defeated by the society after all at the questions and answers after the end of the lectures.

7. NAKAJIMA handed over on February 6 a paper of public inquiries written in the name of the "Political Operation Corps" of Hoshino Village and

for the village headman and assembly to the headman and demanded him of a reply to it. The village authorities took, however, a firm attitude toward this proposal, because they thought they were not bound to reply to any such organization that had not declared its formation.

8. The organ "YAMA NO TOMO" (Friend of the Mountain) has been published in the name of the Japan Communist Party since December 1 of last year, to be issued trimonthly.

9. Brief view of the acquistion of Communist Party members in the village.

The village has only one member, namely NAKAJIMA Tadao, on the surface, while there shall be counted nine persons who are following the party line or waiting for some good opportunity, to be, therefore, given a special attention. They shall be line-upped as follows:

Day laborer	KAWAJIRI Naoki	30
Ditto	KAWAJIRI Wataru	23
(Jobless)	ABE Tadashi	28
Farmer	HARADA Takeji	25
Construction day laborer	YAMAGUCHI Tadayoshi	28

Farmer	IMAMURA Tsuyoshi	30
Middle school teacher	TAKAGI Daihachi	33
(Jobless)	TANAKA Bijitsu	(unknown)
Postman	TOKUNAGA Hiromi	"

10. Smuggling of a red-purged person into the village.

TANAKA Reiji, who had moved from within Kasuya County, Fukuoka Prefecture to the village in question, is being kept in special observation for he is believed to act most possibly some role of the guidance of the village to Communism conspiring with NAKAJIMA mentioned above, judging from his old career of such movement.

C. Anticipation of the Communist Movement in Yabe and Hoshino Villages:

It shall be anticipated that the Communist may see the possibility in these villages to develop a permeation movement deep-rootedly, because they are both remote, and there is also a fear of their being selected as evacuation places prepared for the outlawing of the Communist Party.

II. None.

III. None.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

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March 10, 1951

From: Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject: Movement Policies decided by the General Rally of the ZEN NORIN RODO KUMIAI (All Agriculture and Foresty Workers' Unions) held at Matsumoto City, Nagano Prefecture on Feb. 7, 8, 1951.

1. As a result of investigation into this case, the following facts were revealed.

a. Development of deadlock of the Unions movement:

Our livelihood is facing with crisis owing to the preparation for war, especially, our economical conditions is facing with crisis and presure over laborer is strengthening and our cultural, welfare lives are ignored, owing to the changed structure to war time's as a result of Korean war. What method we should choice to protect our livelihood under the present changed situation of enemy's continual attachs over us. It is the best way that we accomplish our requests by means of our united movement.

1 Split of movement is the most vital problem of preventing our unions' activities.

2 Fight against the MINDO (Democratization Alliance) flattering the times.

b. How should we overcome the deadlock?

1 How should we accept the criticism on our fighting labor unions?

We should make movement policies of our unions, in cooperation of unions' execution committee with members, to protect enemy's pressure over us, and then we can accept the members' criticism on us leaders and we can perform our duty of protecting members' livelihood as their earnest desier.

For the sake of this, unification of all members' movement is required and this unification is the only way to attain our aim and to give enemy no chance of pressure over us.

2 United movements:

a) All questions should be referred to agenda of members' workship.

b) The movements should be opened not only by the Headquarters' directive but members' voluntary actions based on their requests.

3 How to start the united movement:

This should be developed in vericus workships with the aim of attainment of concrete requests.

4 Relation of united activities with labor union.

a) When the members' voluntary united requests as their earnest desire are developed, the execution division of the Unions should issue the direction toward it according to circumstances.

b) Judging from the world changing situation and all domestic labor unions movements, the execution division should hold educational propaganda towar members.

c) Preparatory movement for negotiation and demonstration:

Execution division should start movement in response to members' requests through their discussion.

c. Course of the Movement:

1 Objective:

a) Wage question.

It is our first theme to fight for settling our wage question. This is also the fighting for blowing down to pieces the Dodge plan which, having lured the livelihood of the public official down to the bottom under the worst conditions and destructed the life of the whole labor class, was applied to be made the backbone of the colonial wartime budget of Japan.

b) Improvement of labor condition.

c) Protection of livelihood.

(Establishment of minimal wage system accompanied by the acquisition of the base of ¥12,000 and of the livelihood grant of ¥10,000)

d) Protection and acquisition of democratic freedom.

e) Protection of the peace.

f) Unification of labor fronts.

2 Method of Struggle:

a) Use-force tactics.

The concrete method of the use-force tactics must be set-

tled at the popular examination made to unanimous comprehension in each workshop and in pursuit to the development of the strug-gle.

b) Daily struggle:

The daily struggle will spring out of the very junction of the unified movements of all union members rising from the midst of the daily struggle made indefatigably in our workshops for various demands and the struggle made out by All Agriculture-Forestry Ministry Workers' Union.

The union members are seeking for what to do with the suf-fering from our labor and livelihood amidst the enemy's strengthe-ing of the attack, wherein one is to see the very starting point of all our struggles.

c) Circle movement.

1. Formation of circle.

Although we now are suffering from the life owing to the strengthening of the service regulation, still we shall be capa-ble of having some group of union members who in their workshop flock together with similar interests and hopes.

2. Circle movement and the union.

All union members shall be so arranged as to participate in any one of the circles to be made.

3. Course to solve the circle question.

Any demand of any circle must be at first examined by the presence of all members belonging to this given circle, to find out how to achieve this given demand and following this examination some representative or all of the circle members concerned are to make negotiations on the matter with the authorities concerned or to produce it to the executive organ of the union.

d) Intelligence or publicity movement.

1. Publicity to be made for showing the public the reasonableness of our demands.

2. Disclosure of the war planning by concrete examples.

3. Unveiling of the true body of the Democratic League, disrupting sectionalists.

4. Emphasis of the unified movement.

5. Publicity movements centerring on the organ paper:

a) To assure the correspondent system, selecting one responsible person for the system.

b) To have thorough-goingly the intelligence and publicity movement in such a way that the responsible person for the intelligence and publicity body should always make periodical communications with the intelligence and publicity department in the union headquarters.

c) To publish section organ papers.

d) To publish various circle organ papers.

e) To strengthen the activities by means of bulletin board news, hand-bills, etc.

e. Strengthening of the struggle for the peace protection.

The struggle of the labor union acquiring various demands cannot be entirely cut off from the struggle for the peace protection in view of the fact the thorough-going destruction of our life basically owes to policies to make preparations for the war.

The struggle for the peace protection should not neglected even a day at the very moment when the dread of war and the destruction of life are coming nearer. We should promote our fight all the more, seeing in the struggle for the peace protection a serious mission and unifying at the same time our movements for protecting our life.

II. None.

III. The investigation is completed.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.