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Ano C, appendix A, Scapin 5 50

Influential Members of Ultr-nationalistic, Terroristic or Secret Putriotic Societies.

Any person who has at any time:

1. Been a founder, officer, or director of; or

Occupied any post of authority in; or

Been an editor of any publication or organ of; or Made substantial voluntary contributions (a sum or property the value of which is large in itself or large in proportion to the means of the individual in question) to any of the organizations or their branches, subsidiaries, agencies, or affiliates (other than the organizations referred to in paragraph D below) described in the Memorandum to the Japanese Government on "Abolition of Certain Political Parties, Associations and Societies" AG 091 (4 Jan 46) GS.

Para III., appendix I, Cabinet + Home offairs Ministry Ordinance 01, 1947

III.

Influential Member of Ultra-nationalistic, Terror tic or Secret Patriotic Sociatios. (15)

- 11 -DAI NIPPON SHINPEI TAI(SHINPEI TAI) (Greater Japan Divine Corps (Divine Corps) (14) DAI TOA KEISETSU KOKUMIN UNDO KENKYUKAI (Association of National Movements for Construction of Greater East Asia) (15) DAI TOA KENSETSU KYOKAI (Groater East Asia Construction Society) (16) DAI TOA KYOKAI (Great East Asia Association) (17) DAI TOA SEINEN DOMEI (Great East Asia Young Hon's Alliance) Dall TO SHA (Greater Union Association) (18) DAI TOA SEINEN TAI (Greater East Asia Youth Corps) (19) DAITO JUKU (Eastorn Academy) (20) DOJIN KAI (Equal Bonevolonce Society) DOKURITSU SEINEN SHA (Independent Youth Association) GENRI NIPPON SHA (Principle Japan Society) (21) GENYOSHA (Dark Ocean Society) (22) ISHIN KORON SHA (Restoration Public Opinion Society) (23) JIKEN SHORI KENKYU KAI (Society for the Study of Management of the Incident) (24) JIKISHIN DOJO (Righteous Academy) (25) JIKYOKU KYOGI KAI (Current Affairs Discussion Society) JIMMU KAI (Jinmu Association) (26) KAI JIN KAI (Occanic Benevolence Society) (27) KAIKO SHA (army officer's Association) (28) KAKULIEI-SHA (The House of the Cry of the Crane) KETSUMEI DAN (Blood Brotherhood Circle) (29) KANNAGARA RENMEI (Divine Way Loague) (30) KENKOKU KAI (National Foundation Society) (31) KINKZI GAKUIN (Golden Pheasant Institute) KINNO GOKOKU KAI (Defense Loyalist Society) (33) KINNO ISHIN DOMEI (Loyal Restoration Alliance) (34) KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Loyalist Truo Solidarity)

- (35) KOA MEKKYO RENMEI (Asia Development and Anti Communist
 League)
- (36) KOA UNDO DOSHI KAI (Asia Devolopment Movement Comrades
 Association)
- (37) KOKO YOKUSAN SEINEN RENMEI (Imporial Rule Assistance Young
 Man's Alliance)
- (38) KOKURYU KAI (Black Dragon Society)
- (39) KOKUSAI HANKYO RENMÆI (International Anti-Communist League)
- (40) KOKUSAI SEIKEI GAKKAI (International Political and Economic Society)
- (41) KOKUSAKU SHA (National Policy Society)
- (42) KOKUSUII DOMEI (Ultranationalist Alliance)
- (43) KOKUSUI TAISHU TO (Ultranationalist People's Party)
- (44) KOKUTAI YOGO RENGO KAI (National Institution Protection League)
- (45) KOMIN JISSEN KYOGIKAI (Imperial Subject Action Discussion
 Association)
- (46) MEIRIN-KAI (Higher Ethics Society)
- (47) MEIRIN-KAI Rengo-KAI (Higher Ethics Society Association)
- (48) MITATE JUKU (Imperial Shield Academy)
- (49) MIZUHO KURABU (Fresh Rice Plant Club)
- (50) NANAO KAI (Southern Phoenix Society)

 NIPPON FASHIZUMU REMMEI (Japan Fascism League)
- (51) NIPPON SHISO KENKYU KAI (Society for the Study of Japanese Thought)
- (52) SEIKYO SHA (Religion and Politics Society)
- (53) SEINEN AJIA DOMEI (Young Mon's Asia Alliance)
- (54) SEISEN KANSHO KAI (Society for Complete Triumph of Holy War)
 SEISEN KANTETSU DOIEI (Alliance for Complete Hely War)

- (35) SEISEN MEICHO UNDO SOHONBU (Sacred War Clarifying National Movement Headquarters)
- (56) SEKAI KOKA KAI (World Imperializing Society)
 SHINEI TAISHU TO (Rising Popularizing Society)
- (57) SHINTO JUKU (East Prosperity Academy)
 SHIRIN SO (House of Knights)
- (58) SHINPU TOKKO KOZOKUTAI (Divine Tompost Special Attack
 Succeeding Party)
- (59) SONJO DOSHIKAI (Loyalist Comrades Society)
- (60) SUIKOSHA (Navy Officers Association)
- (61) SUMERA MIKUNI DOSHI KAI (Imporial State Comrade Society)
- (62) SUMERA MIKUNI UNDO DOMEI (Imporial State Movement League)
- (63) TAIKA KAI (Great Change Society)
 TAIKO SHA (Great Action Company)
- (64) TAISHI DOSHI KAI (Chinese Problem Society)
 TEKKETSU SHA (Blood-and Iron Association)
- (65) TENKAN DAKAI KISEI KAI (Heaven Warrior Break Open Association)
- (66) TENKOKAI (Heavenly Action Society)

 TENSHOGI DAN (Heavenly Rays Patriotic Association)
- (67) TOA KYOKAI (East Asia Society)
- (68) TOA RENMEI (East Asia Loague) which will mean and include
 TOA RENMEI DOSHIKAI (East Asia Loague Comrades Association)
 TOA RENMEI KYOKAI (East Asia League Society)
- (69) TOA SHISOSEN KENKYUJO (Research Institute for East Asia
 Thought War)
- (70) TOA SHINCHITSUJO KENKYUKAI (Society for the Study of the East Asian New Order)
- (71) TOHO DOSHIKAI (Far Eastern Comrades Association)
- (72) TOHO KAI (Including SHIN TO SHA) (Eastern Seciety)
- (73) TOKYO SOSEI KAI (Tokyo Creation Society)

74) TONAN AJIA MINZOKU KAIHO DOMEI (South-eastern Asiatic Races
Liberation Alliance)

TOTEN JUKU (Heaven Governing Academy)

- (75) YAMATO KURABU (Yamato Club)
- (76) YAMATO MUSUBI (Including DAI NIPPON TO) Yamato Solidarity
 Headquarters)

YUSON SHA (Remaining Force Association)

- (77) ZEN NIPPON SEINEN KURABU (All Japan Young Men's Club)
- (78) ZEN NIPPON KOKUMIN TOKKO TAI SOHONBU (General Headquarters of All Japan Special Attack Corps)

Hokkaido

(79) HOKKAIDO KOKUMIN DOJO (Hokkaido National Academy)

Kyoto Prefecture

- (80) DAIDO JUKU (Cardinal Principle Academy)
- (81) ISSHIN JUKU (One Heart Academy)
- (82) KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI KYOTO CHIHO HIMUKYOKU (Kyoto Loyalist
 True Solidarity Office)
- (83) SHINSHIN RYO (Sincerity House)

Osaka Prefecture

- (84) DAI NIPPON YUKO KAI (Great Japan Development Society)
- (85) KAKUSHIN SEINEN TO (Youth Renovation Party)
- (86) KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI OSAKA CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Osaka Loyalist
 True Solidarity Office)
- (87) KOKUCHUDAN (Country Pillar Party)
- (88) TENCHU JUKU (Sky Support Pillar Academy)

Nagasaki Prefecture

(89) NAGASAKI KEN SOSEI KAI (Nagasaki Prefecture Creation Society)

Niigata Prefecture

(90) SHINNO JUKU (Sacred Agriculture Academy)

- 15 -Ibaragi Prefecture (91) AIKYO JUKU (Native Country Loving Academy) (92) .AIKYO KAI (Native Country Loving Society) (93) IKKEN KINNO UNDO (Prefectural Loyalist Movement) KINNO YAMATOMUSUBI IBARAGI-CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Ibaragi Loyalist True Solidarity Office) (95) MITO HIMOROGI JUKU (Mito Divine Academy) (96) SHIZAN JUKU (Purple Mountain Academy) (97) TOTEN KAI (Eastern Sky Society) Aichi Prefecture (98) KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI TSUSHIMA DOJO (Tsushima Loyalist True Solidarity Hall) Nagano Prefecture (99) SHIMANO HIMOROGI JUKU (Shinano Divine Academy) Fukushima Prefecture (100) FUKUSHIMA HIMOROGI JUKU (Fukushima Divine Academy) (101) KODO ISHIN JUKU (Imperial Morality Restoration Academy) Aomori Prefecture (102) AOMORI-KEN KINNO SEINEN DOMEI (Loyalist Youth Alliance of Aomori Prefecture) (103) SHINTO JUKU (Rising East Academy) (104) TOTEN JUKU (Eastern Sky Academy) Yamagata Prefecture (105) KOMATSU KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Komatsu Loyalist True Solidarity) (106) TOKO KAI (Eastern Light Society) YONEZAWA HIMOROGI JUKU (Yonezawa Divine Academy) Toyama Prefecture (108) KENSHIM JUKU (True Exaltation Academy) SEMEI JUKU (Sacred Clarity Academy) (110) TATEYAMA JUKU (Mt. Tateyama Academy)

- 16 -TOYAMA SEINEN YUSHI KAI (Toyama Youth Volunteers Society) (112) YUSHI JUKU (Galant Figure Academy) Okayama Prefecture (113) CHOWA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Chuwa Loyalist True Solidarity) (114) KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI OKAYAMA-CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Okayama Loyalist True Solidarity Office) KURASHIKI-SHI KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Kurashiki City Loyalist True Solidarity) (116) OKA YAMASHI KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI (Okayama City Loyalist True Solidarity) (117) TSUYAMA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Tsuyama Loyalist True Solidarity) (118) WAKI KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Waki Loyalist True Solidarity) (119) YATSUKA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Yatsuka Loyalist True Solidarity) Gifu Prefecture (120) KOKUMIN SIEKATSU KENKYUJO (National Living Institute) Wakayama Prefecture (121) NIPPON SUMERA (NIPPON KODO TO) - Japan Kodo To (Japan Imporial Way Party) (122) OTAKEBI, KAI (Gallent Roar Society) Kagawa Profecture (123) KAGAWA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Kagawa Loyalist True Solidarity) Fukuoka Prefecture (124) DAIA TAKUSHI GIJUKU (Great Asia Pioneer School) (125) KONAN SEINEN JUKU (South Development Young Men's Academy) Saga Profecture (126) KUMAMOTO KEN: NIPPON KOITO DOSHI KAI (Kumamoto Prefecture: Carp Banner Comrado Society) (127) SAGA KEN ISSIN DOSHI KAI (Saga Prefecture Renovation Comrade Society)

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS Government Section APO 500 19 March 1947 MEMORANDUM FOR: Central Liaison Office, Tokyo SUBJECT Administration of SCAPIN 550 (MATSUURA, Tosuke) 1. The action taken by the Imperial Japanese Government in screening MATSUURA, Tosuke, is disapproved. MATSUURA, Tosuke, Councillor, Southeast Murayama District Office, Yamagata Prefecture, Member, House of Representatives, Manager, Japan Liberal Party, Director Yamagata Branch Japan Liberal Party and candidate for Governor, Yamagato Prefecture is to be removed from public office and excluded from public service as an undesirable person since he comes within the scope of Category "C", Appendix "A", SCAPIN 550. 2. MATSUURA, Tosuke served as Director, Greater East Asia Association of Yamagata Prefecture from January 1944 to August 1945 COURTNEY WHITNEY Brigadier General, U. S. Army Chief, Government Section NOT SENT 28 March 1947 MEMO FOR PAD: Subject was not a director of the National East Asia Association, but of the Yamagata Prefecture, Greater East Asia Association. The relationship between the two organizations is made clear in the explanation given below by MATSURA: 1. The Yamagata Ken Greater East Asia Association (Yamagata ken Dai Toa Kyokai) has no connection whatsoever with the Greater East Asia Association (Dai Toa Kyokai) which was ordered to be dissolved and which was under the leadership of HOMMA, Kenichiro.

which aided the immigration of Yamagata citizens to Manchuria. It was formerly known as the "Yamagata Ken Colonial Affairs Association (Yamagata Ken Takumu Kyokai)". Its officials were composed of the governor of Yamagata Ken as president; Chief of the Yamagata Ken Internal Affairs and several others as vice-presidents; Chief of the Prefecture's Colonial Affairs Section as the managing director; and the Chiefs of the Prefectural Office, Members of the Prefectural Assembly, Heads of the Cho, Son as the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors (numbering about 50 to 60 persons).

The functions of this association was to render aid to immigrants to Manchuria and help the Prefectural Colonial Affairs Section. Its office was in the Colonial Affairs Section of the Yamagata Prefectural Office.

3. Meetings of the board of directors and the board of trustees were held two or three times during a year and they were purely perfunctory.

I swear that the above is the absolute truth.

23 Mar 47

Matsuura, Tosuke

4449

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
Government Section

25 March 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Public Administration Division

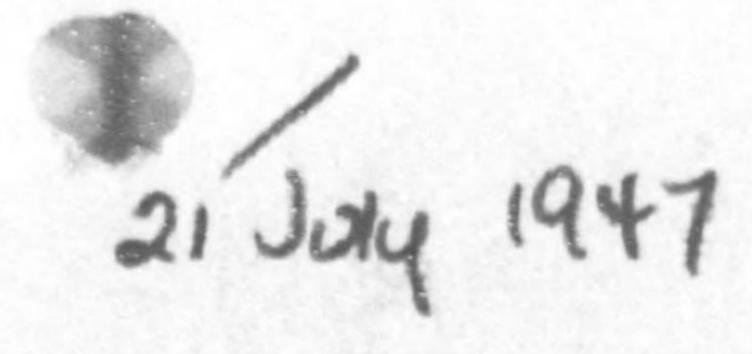
SUBJECT: Record of Conference with Officials of the Central Public Office Qualifications Examination Committee with Regard to Proposed Purge Cases.

MATSUURA Tosuke, Director, Greater East Asia Association of Yamagata Prefecture. The Greater East Asia Association (Dai Toa Kyokai) is on the list of ultra-nationalist organizations, (Paragraph 3 of Appendix I of Cabinet and Home Ministry Ordinance No. 1 of 1947). However, the officials of the Central Screening Committee claimed that the National Greater East Asia Association and the Greater East Asia Association of Yamagata Prefecture were two entirely different organizations. It was decided that the case should be held in obeyance until Friday, 28 March by which time information would be available approving or disapproving the point.

HANS H BEARWALD,

2nd Lt Inf
Public Administration Division

DOJIN KAI 1. The Dojin Kai is an organization listed among those ultra-nationalistic, terroristic or secret societies under Paragraph III, Appendix I, Cabinet and Home Ministry Ordinance No. 1 of 1947. The organization was an affiliate of the Great Japan Asia Development League (Dai Nippon Koa Domei), which is listed under Paragraph IV, Cabinet and Home Ministry Ordin-2. Although all officers of organizations under Paragraph III have been regarded as falling under the mandatory purge provisions, it is recommended, in the light of the findings of this memorandum, that the following exceptions be made to those a. Persons who at any time held the position of counsellor or advisor will be screened on an individual case basis, and will be purged in the absence of proof that subject did not give other than professional and technical advice, and had no association whatsoever with any firm producing or distributing narcotics. b. Any person who can prove that he left the organization in protest to its being used for furthering the program of expansion may be exempted. c. Any cases of persons whose term of office ended at a very early date and whose work can be shown to have been solely of a humanitarian nature may be considered individually on their respective merits.



DOJIN KAI

- 1. Persons who at any time held the position of counsellor or advisor will be screened on an individual case basis, and will be purged in the absence of proof that subject did not give other than professional and technical advice, and had no association whatsoever with any firm producing or distributing narcotics.
- 2. Any person who can prove that he left the organization in protest to its being used for furthering the program of expansion may be exempted.
- 3. Any cases of persons whose term of office ended at a very early date and whose work can be shown to have been solely of a humanitarian nature may be considered individually on their respective merits.

Chier, Public Service Qualifications Division Officials of the DOJIN KAI, Status of Under BUBJECT SCAPIN 550. A. Activities of the DOJIN KAI: According to the articles of the DOJIN KAI, as regised 5 May 1925, the Society was organized (in 1902) with certain humanitarian objectives in mind. These consisted of: establishing medical schools and hospitals in China and other Asiatic countries; providing physicians, pharmacists and technicians to staff such institutions; assisting in liaison between such institutions abroad and those in Japan; providing facilities and various services for Japanese physicians, etc. practicing abroad; encouraging medical and pharmaceutical students to study in Japan; conducting investigations in medical, sanitary and pharmaceutical subjects; and publishing and disseminating in East Asia books and magazines pertaining to such matters. Information submitted by the Japanese Government indicates that these objectives were being realized in China, and that expenditures were made principally to finance a large scale medical welfare enterprise. Hospitals established by the DOJIN KAI in Manchuria and Korea were transferred to the South Manchurian Railway and the Government General, respectively, before 1913.

With respect to affiliation between the Society and the Japanese Government, considerable jurisdiction was exercised by the Foreign Ministry, under which it was placed in 1902. Due to administrative changes in January 1939, it was placed under the jurisdiction of the East Asia Development Board. In 1941 an invitation was extended by the Asia Development League of Great Japan (DAI NIPPON KOA DOMEI) to participate in its activities. This invitation was refused by the DOJIN KAI which disclaimed any political or ideological objectives, but was necessarily accepted, however, unwillingly. In November 1943 the DOJIN KAI became an agency of the Greater East Asia Ministry, and as such was terminated after the surrender. As an affiliate of the Asia Development League of Great Japan, the DOJIN KAI was listed among organizations in Paragraph C, Appendix A, SCAPIN 550.

B. Requests of the Japanese Government Concerning the Status of Officials of DOJIN KAI Under SCAPIN 550:

The Japanese Covernment has presented two requests, reproduced below, affecting the classification of DOJIN KAI and scope of officers to be purged with criteria therefor.

I. 1. The DOJIN KAI will be transferred to Para. G.

Scope of officers to be purged:

a. The "officers" mentioned below will mean and include those who held officership in the Society between January 1939 and

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September 1945. Chairman, Vice-Chairmen, and the Hanaging Director will be automatically purged from the public service. Directors and auditors will be examined individually and be purged in the absence of the proof that! Their attendance at conferences was none or few. Their activities as officers were confined to giving advice in their respective professional fields. d. Counsellors and advisors will be exempted from the purge. The DOJIN EAI will be transferred to Para. G. from Fara. C. Scope of officers to be purged: a. The "officers" mentioned below will mean and include those who held officership in the Society between January 1939 and September 1945. Chairman, Vice-Chairmen, and the Managing Director will be automatically purged from the public service. Directors and auditors will be examined individually and be purged in the absence of the proof that their activities as officers were confined to giving advice in their respective professional fields. Counsellors will be examined individually and will be purged in the absence of the proof that: Their attendance at conferences was none or rew. Their activities as officers were confined to giving advice in their respective professional fields. Advisors will be exempted from the purge. C. Comments on the Requests of the Japanese Covernment 1. Classification. While available information indicates that the activities of the Society in the field in China were laudable and above reproach, there are definite indications that the Japanese Covernment recognized the potential contribution of the Society to the prestige of Japan abroad and to the gradual exploitation of China. The Society was constantly, and, immediately prior to and during the war, heavily subsidized by the Government as shown below:

Govt. Subsidy 395,155 1,297,879 6,022,254 4,742,401 6,614,744

Total Income 522,269 1,733,963 7,099,003 7,238,030 11,463,819

b. Among the officers of the Society there were several high ranking Army and Navy medical officers, ostensibly commissioned to posts in the Society to give prestige. This is to be regarded as adding definitely more than prestige, and is considered to symbolize the cooperation between the Society and the Army and Navy in the exploitation of China.

Board, the Asia Development League of Great Japan, and the Greater East Asia Ministry, the Society's activities cannot be regarded as other than being a visible implementation of the aims and policies of those bodies. In a tangible way the activities of the Society served to give forceful expression to the ideals of Japanese nationalism. While the means used in order to achieve the aims of the organization were laudable, determined beyond all doubt to have been undesirable.

points in favor of setting a date, before which officers of DOJIN KAI should not be considered purgeable, such an action is not considered desirable inasmuch as the organization is suspected of being a medium for traffic in dope and inasmuch as practically all of the same officers continued on with the society after it became a part of the East Asia Development program. Furthermore it is believed and accordingly recommended that, if any person can prove that he left the organization in protest to person could be exempted. Any cases of persons who were officers at a very early date and whose work can be shown to have usely on their respective merits.

directors occupied positions of sufficient importance and responsibility to bring them within the policy-making level.

(b) Inasmuch as auditors of other Paragraph III organizations have been mandatory purge cases, and were in political organizations zations for the most part, it is hardly within the realm of justice to exempt auditors of organizations which were as active as the DOJIN KAI.

4. Counsellors and Advisors.

meetings of counsellors were to be held twice a year, and that a quorum was one fifth of the counsellors. Information submitted by the Japanese Covernment shows that number of meetings was as specified in the rules. These facts indicate that the

regards opinions on policy. In addition, a large number of counsellors were professional men, principally of the medical profession. Attendance was usually about 20 persons out of a total of 67, and during 1936 and 1942 there were 18 counsellors who had never attended a conference. From the above the conslusion is made that the opinions of the counsellors on matters of policy were not regarded as being important. Otherwise, it and, had the policies of the society been regarded as being of quired for a quorum would have been higher.

they occupied positions of minor importance, and were not on a policy-making level. A meeting of advisors was never called. However, it is reasonable to assume that certain advisors would have been consulted in private.

D. Notes and Recommendations

a. The rumor has been heard that the DOJIN KAI was an agent in the distribution of narcotics in China. Consultation with Col. Sams indicated information available at this Headquarters provides no facts relative to this matter. However, it is believed that Chinese sources might be in a position to supply material in substantiation of this rumor. Through the courtesy of the Diplomatic Section and the Consular Affairs Office of the Chinese Mission, an interview was held with a chinese physician who was graduated from a medical school in Japan under DOJIN KAI auspices. No information concerning this matter being available from this source, the Consular Affairs Office kindly offered to wire their Government for information relative to the rumored distribution of narcotics by the DOJIN KAI. This offer has been accepted. It is believed that information which may be obtained from the Chinese Covernment is not essential to the purposes of this memorandum. However, it will be of value when reviewing the screening action taken by the Japanese Government.

mended that: In view of the findings of this study it is recom-

l. Persons who at any time held the position of counsellor or advisor be screened on an individual case basis, and be purged in the absence of proof that subject did not give other than professional and technical advice, and had no association whatsoever with any firm producing narcotics. (The recommendation has been made by Colonel Sams, Chief, Public health and Welfare Section, in conference with Colonel Kades and Major Napier on 26 May 1947.

that those counsellors and advisors who served in a technical professional capacity because of medical qualifications be considered for exemption from the purge on an individual case basis.)

2. If any person can prove that he left the organization in protest to its being used for furthering the program of expansion, that person could be exempted. Any cases of persons who were officers at a very early date and whose work can be shown to have been solely of a humanitarian nature can be considered individually on their respective merits.

John Brady