

VOLUME - - - - FOURTH.

5497 THE 1127
CONFEDERATE STATES
ALMANAC

AND

Repository of Useful Knowledge,

FOR THE YEAR

1865.

VOLUME IV.

H. C. CLARKE,

PUBLISHER,

MOBILE, ALA.

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OF

THE CONFEDERATE STATES ALMANAC

And Repository of Useful Knowledge.

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THE
CONFEDERATE STATES
ALMANAC,

AND

REPOSITORY OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE,

FOR THE YEAR

1865.

BEING THE FIRST YEAR AFTER BISSEXTILE OR LEAP YEAR,
AND THE FIFTH OF THE INDEPENDENCE OF
THE CONFEDERATE STATES.

VOLUME IV.

COMPILED BY H. C. CLARKE,

MOBILE, ALA.

PUBLISHERS NOTE:

— 0 —

THE Fourth Volume of the Confederate States Almanac, is now offered to the people of the South. The publisher is perfecting arrangements that will insure the permanent issue of the work every year. The leading object of the publication, will be to make it the repository of the largest possible amount of useful information: embracing every variety of knowledge—annual statistics from all the States in the Confederacy, showing the progress in Population, Manufactures, Commerce, Wealth, and all the elements of prosperity.

Of the information contained in this volume, great pains has been taken to make them as accurate as possible from the resources at hand. The Reports of the Departments of the Confederate Government have been taken from the latest official documents, and will be found interesting.

Much valuable information has been compiled from the United States census of 1860, which will be found exceedingly interesting at the present time.

The Diary of the War and Incidents of the Revolution, has been prepared with great care. The dates of the battles, will be found accurate; the number of killed and wounded in battles, has been gathered from official reports, as far as published. Although in most cases they have been estimated from statements of correspondents, they will be found in the main to be nearly correct.

The Astronomical calculations, &c., have been prepared by Thomas P. Ashmore, of Georgia. The calculations will be found full and accurate. In a work like this, designed to embrace so much variety of matter, there is no doubt some errors. The compiler would be under obligations to the patrons of the work for any valuable hints, communications or corrections of errors, or improvements in the Almanac.—Address the publisher.

MOBILE, ALA., 1864.

Re-entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1864, by

H. C. CLARKE,

In the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States,
for the Southern District of Alabama.

Names and Characters of the Signs of the Zodiac, and the part of the Body that each Sign is supposed to govern.

- ♈ Aries, the Ram, governs the Head and Face.
 ♉ Taurus, the Bull, governs the Neck.
 ♊ Gemini, the Twins, govern the Arms.
 ♋ Cancer, the Crab, governs the Breast.
 ♌ Leo, the Lion, governs the Heart.
 ♍ Virgo, the Virgin, governs the Bowels.
 ♎ Libra, the Balance, governs the Reins.
 ♏ Scorpio, the Scorpion, governs the Secrets.
 ♐ Sagittarius, the Archer, governs the Thighs.
 ♑ Capricornus, the Goat, governs the Knees.
 ♒ Aquarius, the Waterman, governs the Legs.
 ♓ Pisces, the Fishes, govern the Feet.

EXPLANATION OF THE
 SIGNS USED IN THIS ALMANAC.

☉ Sun, ⊕ Earth, ☾ Moon, ☿ Mercury, ♀ Venus
 ♂ Mars, ♃ Jupiter, ♅ Saturn, ♁ Herschel, 7*'s Seven
 Stars, ♁ Perigee, Nearest to the Earth. Apogee, Farthest from
 the Earth, ☌ Conjunction, ☍ Opposition,

NOTE.—The Calculations of this Almanac, are made to Solar or
 Apparent Time

EQUINOXES AND SOLSTICES.

Vernal Equinox,	(Spring begins.)	March 21st
Summer Solstice.	(Summer begins.)	June 21st
Autumnal Equinox.	(Autumn begins.)	September 23rd
Winter Solstice.	(Winter begins.)	December 21st

MOVABLE FEASTS OF THE CHURCH.

Septuagesima Sunday	Feb 12	Rogation Sunday	May 21
Quin. or Shrove Sunday,	Feb 26	Ascension Day,	May 25
Ash Wednesday,	March 1	Whit Sunday,	June 4
Palm Sunday,	April 9	Trinity Sunday,	June 11
Easter Sunday.	April 16	Advent Sunday,	Dec 3

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

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ASPECTS OF THE PLANETS.

The best time for viewing the Planet Mercury, during this year, will be on the 27th of July, at one hour after sunset. He will then be visible in the western sky, about one hour above the horizon.

Venus will be Evening Star till the 10th of May, then Morning Star till the end of the year. She will be brightest on the 4th of April, and on the 16th of June. Her greatest angular distance from the Sun will be on the 2nd of March, and on the 19th of July.

Mars will be a very conspicuous object in the heavens, in the evenings of January and February. He will be easily distinguished by his red color. Jupiter will be in opposition with the Sun, on the 15th of June.

Saturn will be in opposition with the Sun, on the 18th of April. Herschel will be in opposition with the Sun, on the 22nd of December.

ECLIPSES FOR THE YEAR 1865.

During this year, four Eclipses will take place.—two of the Sun and two of the Moon.

The first will be of the Moon, on the 10th day of April, P. M. visible throughout the Confederate States.

The second will be of the Sun, on the 25th day of April, at 8h 44m A. M. invisible in the Confederate States. It will be visible in South America, and in the South Atlantic Ocean.

The third will be of the Moon, on the 4th day of October, P. M. partially visible, in the Eastern Confederate States.

The fourth will be a great and singular Eclipse of the Sun on the 19th day of October, A. M. visible throughout the Confederate States.

The two visible Eclipses of the Moon. are carefully calculated to apparent time, for the places specified below, in the following table, as follows:—

	ECLIPSE OF MOON, APRIL 10th, P. M.						ECLIPSE OF MOON Oct. 4th P. M.						DIGITS ECLIPSED AT RISE		
	BGN	GN	M	L	END	DIGITS	BGN	GN	MN	RS	ENDS	DIGITS			
	h	m	h	m	h	m	ELFD	h	m	h	m	h	m		
Austin, Tex.	9	16	10	4	10	58	2½ N	3	49	5	49	5	53	4 S. L.	
New Orleans, La.	9	42	10	36	11	30	" "	3	55	5	49	5	57	1 S. L.	
Columbus, Miss.	9	42	10	42	11	36	" "	3	56	5	49	5	58	1 S. L.	
Mobile, Ala.	9	50	10	44	1	38	" "	4	9	6	49	5	1	2 S. L.	
Columbus, Ga.	10	2	10	56	11	50	" "	4	11	6	49	5	13	2 S. L.	
Tallahassee, Fla.	10	4	10	58	11	52	" "	4	12	6	48	5	14	2 S. L.	
Atlanta, Ga.	10	5	10	59	11	53	" "	4	21	6	48	5	23	3 S. L.	
Augusta, Ga.	10	14	11	8	12	0	2 A M	4	25	6	47	5	27	3 S. L.	
Columbia, S. C.	10	18	11	12	12	0	5	" "	4	35	6	46	5	37	4 S. L.
Raleigh, N. C.	10	22	11	22	12	0	10	" "	4	39	6	46	5	41	4 S. L.
Richmond, Va.	10	32	11	26	12	0	20	" "							

N, L. means North Limb, S. L. means South Limb.

THE GREAT SOLAR ECLIPSE

The great Solar Eclipse of the 19th of October, is carefully calculated for the places specified, to apparent time, in the following table, as follows:—

OCTOBER 19TH, A. M.

	BEGINNING		MIDDLE		END		MOON'S		DIGITS ECLIPSED		
	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m			
Austin, Tex.	7	2	8	28	9	54	10	9	8	NL	
New Orleans, La.	7	37	9	11	10	44	10	41	9	NL	
Columbus, Miss.	7	42	9	17	10	53	10	46	10½	NL	Nly Anlr
Mobile, Ala.	7	47	9	23	10	58	10	49	9½	NL	
Columbus, Ga.	8	7	9	39	11	25	11	11	11½	NL	Annular
Atlanta, Ga.	8	5	9	44	11	23	11	5	11½	NL	Annular
Tallahassee, Fla.	8	9	9	45	11	28	11	3	10	NL	
Augusta, Ga.	8	22	9	56	11	45	11	13	11½	NL	Annular
Columbia S C.	8	24	10	21	11	42	11	17	11½	SL	Central
Raleigh, N. C.	8	31	10	15	11	58	11	26	10½	SL	Nly Anlr
Richmond, Va.	8	37	10	19	0	1PM	11	29	10½	SL	

The centre of this Eclipse will pass over the places of the Earth's surface, that are indicated by the following table:—

LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
N 47 15	W 122 33	N 34 23	W 82 21	N 14 26	W 38 44
N 43 42	W 106 48	N 33 43	W 81 1	N 14 7	W 31 59
N 41 0	W 98 7	N 33 2	W 79 43	N 14 26	W 24 17
N 37 58	W 90 11	N 27 54	W 70 47	N 14 51	W 20 7
N 35 43	W 85 5	N 23 54	W 64 16	N 16 7	W 11 4
N 34 43	W 83 1	N 15 24	W 44 48	N 16 50	W 6 50

The central Eclipse will first be seen at Olympia in Washington Territory; and it will be seen last at Timbuctoo in Africa. The central Eclipse at noon, will be in Latitude 23° 54' N. Longitude 64° 16' W. In the above table, Longitude is reckoned from Greenwich, England. The centre of this Eclipse will pass about 210 miles North of Columbus Ga. and about 150 miles North of Macon, Ga. and about 70 miles North of Augusta, Ga. It will pass near Columbia, S. C.

In many respects, this will be the most remarkable of Eclipses that will occur in the Confederate States, during the present century. It will be annular; that is, the apparent size of the Moon will not be large enough to conceal the whole disk of the Sun; therefore at all places where the Eclipse will be annular, the edge of the Sun, all around the dark body of the Moon, will resemble a red-hot ring of iron. If the air be clear, several Planets and Fixed Stars will be visible in different parts of the sky, at the time of the annular Eclipse. The Planet Venus will be seen about 30° West of the Sun. The Planet Jupiter will be seen about 60° East of him; and Regulus will be seen about 60° West of him. Ursa Major near the North Pole of the heavens, and Spica about 11° west of the Sun, and Arcturus about 30° N of him, and many others in different parts of the heavens will be distinctly visible to the naked eye, if the air be *very serene*.

Not many persons have had an opportunity of seeing the Sun either totally or annularly eclipsed; therefore, all the particulars of this Eclipse have been calculated with much prolixity and care, in order that all persons who will then be living, may witness a grand Phenomenon of nature, which in all probability, they will never witness again. If the exact apparent time of the beginning and end of a solar Eclipse, at any place, be noted from correct observations, the longitude of that place can be correctly computed; and this method is the only correct one.

NOTE.—None of the Problems for 1864, have been solved; perhaps the Mathematicians of our country are so much engaged in military affairs that they cannot find leisure time to apply their minds to the solution of difficult Problems. Therefore, the insertion of Problems in this Almanac, has been omitted; but it will be resumed whenever a more propitious year rolls in sight.

1st Month JANUARY 1865 31 days

MOON'S PHASES.

	d.	Mobile.	Atlanta.	Augusta.	Richmond.
		h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
First Quarter,	4	0 13 eve.	0 30 eve.	0 33 eve.	0 58 eve.
Full Moon.	11	4 50 eve	5 7 eve.	5 15 eve.	5 35 eve.
Last Quarter.	19	5 29 ve.	5 46 eve.	5 54 eve.	6 14 eve.
New Mo.n.	27	3 46 mqr	4 3 mor	4 11 mor	4 31 mor.

D	D.	Various Phenomena.	MOBILE.				AUGUSTA.				MOON'S PL		
			☉		☽		☉		☽				
			R	S	R	S	R	S	R	S			
M	W			H	M	H	M	H	M				
1	S	NEW YEARS DAY. ☉ ♂ ♀	6	59	5	1	7	4	4	56	9	39	☾
2	M	Bat Jonesville Va 1863.	6	58	5	2	7	3	4	57	10	58	☾
3	Tu	☉ in Perigee. Fair Cold	6	58	5	2	7	3	4	57	mo		☾
4	W	Princeton Battle, 1777	6	58	5	2	7	3	4	57	0	45	☾
5	Th	Radetsky died 1853	6	57	5	3	7	2	4	58	2	10	☾
6	F	Epiphany and windy	6	57	5	3	7	2	4	58	2	45	☾
7	S	☉ ♂ ♀ at 8h 27m eve	6	57	5	3	7	2	4	58	3	25	☾
8	S	♀ ♂ ☉ Inferior weather	6	55	5	4	7	1	4	59	4	15	☾
9	M	Cot Lubbock died 1862	6	56	5	4	7	1	4	59	5	22	☾
10	Tu	Bat Prestonburg 1862	6	55	5	5	7	0	5	0	6	32	☾
11	W	☉ Highest Frosty morns	6	55	5	5	7	0	5	0	rise		☾
12	Th	Bat Suffolk Va 1863	6	54	5	6	6	5	5	1	5	51	☾
13	F	Cherokee Mission est '63	6	54	5	6	6	5	5	1	7	0	☾
14	S	Bat Bayou Teche 1863	6	53	5	7	6	5	5	2	8	10	☾
15	S	Cloudy and perhaps	6	53	5	7	6	5	5	2	9	25	☾
16	M	☉ in Apogee snow or sleet	6	52	5	8	6	5	5	3	10	3	☾
17	Tu	Franklin born 1706	6	52	5	8	6	5	5	3	11	4	☾
18	W	☉ ♂ ♀ Changeable	6	51	5	9	6	5	5	4	mo		☾
19	Tu	Reg'd Souths 9h 0m	6	50	5	10	6	5	5	5	0	37	☾
20	F	☉ Enters ♃ and	6	50	5	10	6	5	5	5	1	2	☾
21	S	Bat in Galveston Bay '63	6	49	5	11	6	5	5	6	2	21	☾
22	S	Skinish at Carthage '63	6	49	5	11	6	5	5	6	3	15	☾
23	M	☉ ♂ ♀ Unsettled	6	48	5	12	6	5	5	7	4	7	☾
24	Tu	☉ Lowest weather	6	47	5	13	6	5	5	8	1	48	☾
25	W	Conversion of St Paul	6	47	5	13	6	5	5	9	5	48	☾
26	Tu	Bat of Athens Ky 1863	6	46	5	14	6	5	5	10	6	33	☾
27	F	Peter the Great died 1725	6	46	5	14	6	5	5	10	sets		☾
28	S	W H Prescott died 1859	6	45	5	15	6	4	9	11	6	10	☾
29	S	☉ ♂ ♀ Prof Bond died '59	6	44	5	16	6	4	8	12	7	36	☾
30	u	☉ in Perigee Frosty	6	41	5	16	6	4	8	12	8	56	☾
31	Tu	Bat Charleston Harbor '63	6	43	5	17	6	4	7	13	10	36	☾

2nd Month FEBRUARY 1865 28 days

MOONS PHASES.

	d.	h m	h m	h m	h m
First Quarter,	2	11 30 eve.	11 47 eve.	11 55 eve.	0 15 mo
Full Moon,	10	10 18 mo.	10 35 mo	10 43 mo.	11 3 mo
Last Quarter,	18	10 52 mo	11 9 mo.	11 17 mo.	11 37 mo
New Moon,	25	2 42 eve.	2 59 eve.	3 7 eve.	3 27 eve

D.	D.	Various Phenomena.	MOBILE				AUGUSTA				MOON'S PL
			☉	☽	☉	☽	☉	☽	☉	☽	
			R	S	R	S	R	S	R	S	
M	W		H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	
1	W	<i>Cold winds from N. W</i>	6 42	5 18	6 46	5 14	mo			☾	
2	Th	Purification B V Mary	6 41	5 19	6 45	5 15	15				
3	F	☉ ♂ ♀ Fair and Frosty	6 41	5 19	6 44	5 16	10			☽	
4	S	<i>mornings and some ice</i>	6 40	5 20	6 44	5 16	2			☽	
5	S	Earth quake at Sicily 1780	6 39	5 21	6 43	5 17	3			☽	
6	M	♀'s Greatest Elongation W	6 38	5 22	6 42	5 18	3			☽	
7	Tu	☉ Highest <i>Cloudy</i>	6 37	5 23	6 41	5 19	4			☽	
8	W	<i>and perhaps a heavy rain</i>	6 36	5 24	6 40	5 20	5			☽	
9	Th	Arcturus rises 9h 36m	6 35	5 25	6 39	5 21	6			☽	
10	F	Sirius Souths 9h 17m	6 34	5 26	6 38	5 22				☽	
11	S	Rev in Domingo 1807	6 33	5 27	6 37	5 23	6			☽	
12	S	Septuagesima Sunday	6 32	5 28	6 36	5 24	7			☽	
13	M	☉ in Apogee <i>Fair weather</i>	6 31	5 29	6 36	5 24	8			☽	
14	Tu	St Valentine's day	6 30	5 30	6 35	5 25	9			☽	
15	W	☉ ♂ ♀ Bat Nolansville '63	6 30	5 30	6 34	5 26	10			☽	
16	Th	bat of Romney Va 1863	6 29	5 31	6 33	5 27	11			☽	
17	F	Sirius Souths 8h 50m	6 28	5 32	6 32	5 28				☽	
18	S	M. Luther died 1546	6 27	5 33	6 31	5 29	0			☽	
19	S	☉ enters ♋ <i>Cloudy</i>	6 26	5 34	6 30	5 30	1			☽	
20	M	☉ ♂ ♀ — ☉ Lowest <i>and</i>	6 25	5 35	6 29	5 31	2			☽	
21	Tu	bat Fort Lowry 1863	6 25	5 35	6 28	5 32	3			☽	
22	W	Washington born 1732	6 24	5 36	6 27	5 33	4			☽	
23	Th	John Q Adams died 1848	6 23	5 37	6 26	5 34	5			☽	
24	F	Bombard'm't Galveston '63	6 22	5 38	6 25	5 35	6			☽	
25	S	C A Godrich died 1860	6 21	5 39	6 24	5 36				☽	
26	S	Shrove Sunday <i>damp</i>	6 20	5 40	6 23	5 37	6			☽	
27	M	☉ in Perigee <i>weather</i>	6 19	5 41	6 22	5 37	8			☽	
28	Tu	☉ ♂ ♀ at 8h 20m eve.	6 18	5 42	6 21	5 39	9			☽	

3d Month

MARCH 1865

31 days

MOON'S PHASES

	Mobile.	Atlanta.	Augusta.	Richmond
First Quarter	d. 4 h 11 m 29 mo.	h 11 m 46 mo.	h 11 m 54 mo.	h 10 m 14 eve
Full Moon	12 4 52 mo.	5 9 mo.	5 17 mo.	5 37 mo
Last Quart	20 1 23 mo.	1 40 mo.	1 48 mo.	2 8 mo
New Moon	27 0 1 mo.	0 16 mo.	0 24 mo.	0 44 mo

D of M	D. of W	Various Phenomena	MOBILE.				AUGUSTA.				Moon RS HM	Moon's Pl.	
			☉		☽		☉		☽				
			R	S	R	S	R	S	R	S			
1	W	Fight at Tusculumbia Al '63	6	18	5	42	6	20	5	40	10	15	
2	Th	♀ Greatest Elongation E	6	17	5	43	6	19	5	41	11	21	♊
3	F	♂ ♀ Pleasant weather	6	16	5	44	6	18	5	42	mo		♋
4	S	Polaris Souths 8h 44m	6	15	5	45	6	17	5	43	0	36	♌
5	S	1st Sunday in Lent	6	14	5	46	6	16	5	44	1	18	♍
6	M	Fight in Cold Water Ri '63	6	14	5	46	6	15	5	45	2	0	♎
7	Tu	☉ Highest Cloudy and 6	6	13	6	47	6	14	5	46	2	41	♏
8	W	Regulus Souths 10h 43m	6	12	5	48	6	13	6	47	3	15	♐
9	Th	Bat of Bolivar Tenn 1863	6	11	5	49	6	12	5	48	3	54	♑
10	F	Bat of Jacksonville Fla '63	6	10	5	50	6	11	5	49	4	37	♒
11	S	Surnames used in En 1072	6	9	5	51	6	10	5	50	5	12	♓
12	S	2d Sunday in Lent much	6	8	5	52	6	9	5	51	ris	es	
13	M	☉ in Apogee rain	6	7	5	53	6	8	5	52	7	21	♈
14	Tu	♂ ♀ may be expected	6	6	5	54	6	7	5	53	8	0	♉
15	W	Andrew Jackson b 1767	6	5	5	55	6	6	5	54	8	48	♊
16	Th	Bat of Yazoo 1863	6	4	5	56	6	5	5	55	9	30	♋
17	F	Bat of Kelly's Ford 1863	6	4	5	56	6	4	5	56	10	15	♌
18	S	♀ ♂ Superior Stormy	6	3	5	57	6	3	5	57	10	50	♍
19	S	♂ ♀ 3d Sunday in Lent	6	2	5	58	6	2	5	58	11	22	♎
20	M	☉ Lowest and boisterous	6	1	5	59	6	1	5	59	mo		♏
21	Tu	☉ Enters ♃ dys & ng ^e eq	6	0	6		6	0	6	0	0	15	♐
22	W	Sir I Newton died 1727	5	59	6	15	59	6	11	20			♑
23	Th	Bat of Pontchatoula 1863	5	58	6	25	58	6	22	25			♒
24	F	Fair and more pleasant	5	57	6	35	57	6	33	28			♓
25	S	Annunciation B V MARY	5	56	6	49	56	6	44	24			♈
26	S	4th Sunday in lent	5	55	6	55	55	6	55	16			♉
27	M	☉ in Perigee Frosty	5	54	6	65	54	6	6	sets.			♊
28	Tu	Charles Wesley died 1788	5	54	6	75	53	6	77	27			♋
29	W	Sweedenberg died 1772	5	53	6	85	52	6	88	25			♌
30	Th	♂ ♀ Bat of Woodbur '63	5	52	6	95	51	6	99	22			♍
31	F	Vega rises 9h 44m	5	51	6	95	50	6	10	10	15		♎

4th Month APRIL 1865 30 days

MOON'S PHASES

	Mobile			Atlanta.			Augusta.			Richmond		
	d.	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m	
First Quarter	3	0	14 mo	0	31 mo	0	39 mo	7	50 mo			
Full Moon	10	10	33 eve	10	50 eve	10	58 eve	11	18 eve			
Last Quarter	18	1	4 eve	1	21 eve	1	29 eve	1	49 eve			
New Moon	25	8	19 mo	8	36 mo	8	44 mo	9	40 mo			

D of M	D. of W	Various Phenomena	MOBILE				AUGUSTA				MOON		Moon's Pl
			☉		☽		☉		☽		R	S	
			H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	
1	S	☉ ♂♂ All Fools day	5	51	6	9	5	49	6	11	11	4	♏
2	S	5th Sunday in Lent	5	50	6	10	5	48	6	12	11	58	
3	M	☉ Highest <i>Cloudy and</i>	5	49	6	11	5	47	6	13			♏
4	Tu	♀ Brightest in evening	5	48	6	12	5	46	6	14	0	36	
5	W	Bat of Fort Pemberton '63	5	47	6	13	5	45	6	15	1	24	♏
6	Th	♂'s Greatest Elongation E	5	46	6	14	5	44	6	16	2	12	
7	F	Bat Charleston Harbor '63	5	45	6	15	5	43	6	17	2	53	♏
8	S	☉ in Apogee <i>Cool</i>	5	44	6	16	5	42	6	18	3	59	
9	S	☉ ♂ ½ Palm Sunday	5	43	6	17	5	41	6	19	5	12	♏
10	M	☉ Eclipsed visible <i>Frost</i>	5	42	6	18	5	40	6	20			rises
11	Tu	Bat Williamsburgh 1863	5	41	6	19	5	39	6	21	7	24	♏
12	W	Bat Camp Bisland 1863	5	40	6	20	5	38	6	22	8	20	
13	Th	Vega rises 8h 52m	5	40	6	20	5	37	6	23	9	15	♏
14	F	☉ ♂ ¼ Good Friday	5	39	6	21	5	36	6	24	10	8	
15	S	☉ Lowest—Lady day	5	38	6	22	5	35	6	25	10	42	
16	S	Easter Sunday <i>Fair</i>	5	37	6	23	5	34	6	26	11	21	♏
17	M	Easter Monday <i>and</i>	5	36	6	24	5	33	6	27	11	56	
18	Tu	♂♂ ☉-½ rises at sunset	5	35	6	25	5	32	6	28			♏
19	W	Bat Cold water Miss 1863	5	34	6	26	5	31	6	29	0	33	
20	Th	Bat Patterson Mo 1863	5	33	6	27	5	30	6	30	1	18	♏
21	F	☉ Enters ♀ <i>mild weather</i>	5	32	6	28	5	29	6	31	1	58	
22	S	<i>Rain with thunder</i>	5	31	6	29	5	28	6	32	2	41	
23	S	Low Sunday <i>and</i>	5	30	6	30	5	27	6	33	3	35	♏
24	M	☉ in Perigee <i>hail</i>	5	29	6	31	5	26	6	34	4	48	
25	Tu	☉ Eclipsed, invisible	5	28	6	32	5	25	6	35			sets.
26	W	Spica Souths 10h 56m	5	27	6	33	5	24	6	36	7	50	
27	Th	☉ ♂♀ Arcturus Sol 1h 44m	5	26	6	34	5	23	6	37	8	35	
28	F	Bat Mill Spring Ky. 1863	5	25	6	35	5	22	6	38	9	15	♏
29	S	☉ ♂♂ ☉ Highest <i>Fair</i>	5	24	6	36	5	21	6	39	10	0	
30	S	2nd Sunday after Easter	5	23	6	37	5	20	6	40	10	43	♏

5th Month - MAY 1865 31 days

MOON'S PHASES

	Mobile			Atlanta			Augusta			Richmond		
	d.	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m	
First Quarter	2	1	53 eve	2	10 eve	2	18 eve	2	38 eve			
Full Moon	10	2	11 eve	2	28 eve	2	36 eve	2	56 eve			
Last Quarter	17	9	49 eve	10	6 eve	10	14 eve	10	34 eve			
New Moon	24	4	59 eve	5	16 eve	5	24 eve	5	44 eve			

D.	D.	Various Phenomena	MOBILE.				AUGUSTA				Moon's Ph.		
			☉		☽		☉		☽		R	S	
			H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	
1	M	☽ Disappears in evening	5	23	6	37	5	20	6	40	11	31	
2	Tu	☽ ☉ Inferior <i>Fair</i>	5	22	6	38	5	19	6	41	mo.		☾
3	W	Spica Souths 10h 34m	5	21	6	39	5	18	6	42	0	2	
4	Th	Robert Grier died 1848	5	20	6	40	5	17	6	43	0	39	
5	F	Bat of Tupelo '63 and	5	19	6	41	5	16	6	44	1	25	
6	S	☉ in Apogee <i>mild</i>	5	18	6	42	5	15	6	45	2	36	
7	S	☉ ☽ Gen Van Dorn kld '63	5	18	6	42	5	15	6	45	3	2	
8	M	<i>Cool winds from N W</i>	5	17	6	43	5	14	6	46	3	42	
9	Tu	Arcturus Souths 10h 56m	5	16	6	44	5	13	6	47	4	20	
10	W	☽ ☉ Inferior Gen T J	5	16	6	44	5	12	6	48			☽
11	Th	[Jackson died 1863]	5	15	6	45	5	12	6	48	7	48	
12	F	☉ ☽ Bat Raymond '63	5	14	6	46	5	11	6	49	8	38	
13	S	☉ Lowest <i>Cloudy and</i>	5	13	6	47	5	10	6	50	9	22	
14	S	4th Sunday after Easter	5	13	6	47	5	9	6	51	10	10	
15	M	Jackson Miss evacuated '63	5	12	6	48	5	9	6	51	11	4	
16	Tu	Bat Bakers Creek '63	5	11	6	49	5	8	6	52	11	56	
17	W	Bat Big Black '63	5	10	6	50	5	7	6	53		mo.	
18	Th	Bat Richmond Mo '63	5	10	6	50	5	7	6	53	0	43	
19	F	<i>a fine growing</i>	5	9	6	51	5	6	6	54	1	30	
20	S	☽ Visible in morning	5	8	6	52	5	5	6	55	2	18	
21	S	☉ Enters ♀ Rog Sunday	5	8	6	54	5	5	6	55	3	8	
22	M	☉ in Perigee <i>season</i>	5	7	6	53	5	4	6	56	3	36	
23	Tu	☉ ☽ Irish Rebellion '98	5	7	6	53	5	4	6	56	4	0	
24	W	Queen Victoria born '19	5	6	6	54	5	3	6	57			
25	Th	☉ ☽ Holy Thursday	5	6	6	54	5	3	6	57			
26	F	☉ Highest <i>at this time</i>	5	6	6	54	5	2	6	58	8	35	
27	S	Bat Florence Ala '63	5	5	6	55	5	2	6	58	9	12	
28	S	First Sunday after Ascen	5	4	6	56	5	1	6	59	10	10	
29	M	Bat Fort Gibson '63	5	4	6	56	5	1	6	59	10	44	
30	Tu	Alex Pope died 1744	5	4	6	56	5	0	7	0	11	2	
31	W	Bat Brownville Miss '63	5	3	6	57	5	0	7	0	11	56	

6th Month- JUNE 1865 30 Days

MOON'S PHASES

	Mobile			Atlanta		Augusta		Richmond	
	d.	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m
First Quarter	1	4	26 mo	4	43 mo	4	51 mo	5	11 mo
Full Moon	9	3	31 mo	3	48 mo	3	56 mo	4	16 mo
Last Quarter	16	5	4 mo	5	21 mo	5	29 mo	5	49 mo
New Moon	23	1	52 mo	2	9 mo	2	17 mo	2	37 mo
First Quarter	30	7	46 eve	8	3 eve	8	11 eve	8	31 eve

D. of M	D. of W	Various Phenomena.	MOBILE.		AUGUSTA.		Moon		Moon's Pl		
			R	S	R	S	R	S			
			H	M	H	M	H	M			
1	Th	Arcturus Souths 9h 31	5	36	57	4	59	7	1	mo.	☾
2	F	Donati's Comet seen '58	5	36	57	4	59	7	10	42	☾
3	S	☉ in Apogee <i>Warm</i>	5	36	57	4	58	7	21	10	☾
4	S	Whit Sunday <i>days</i>	5	36	57	4	58	7	21	48	☾
5	M	Whit Monday	5	26	58	4	58	7	22	10	☾
6	Tu	Capella Sets 9h 7m	5	26	58	4	57	7	32	50	☾
7	W	Bat Fredricksburgh '63	5	26	58	4	57	7	33	31	☾
8	Th	Andrew Jackson died '45	5	26	58	4	57	7	34	0	☾
9	F	☉ Lowest <i>Rain</i>	5	26	58	4	57	7	3	rises	☾
10	S	☉ ♂ ♀ Bat Brandy '63	5	26	58	4	56	7	48	10	☾
11	S	Trinity Sunday	5	16	59	4	56	7	49	0	☾
12	M	N Y Incorporated '1665	5	16	59	4	56	7	49	46	☾
13	Tu	♂ Greatest Elongation W	5	16	59	4	56	7	4	1036	☾
14	W	Bat Winchester '63	5	16	59	4	56	7	4	1115	☾
15	Th	♀ ♂ ☉-♀ Rises at sunset	5	16	59	4	56	7	4	1154	☾
1	F	♀ brightest in morning	5	07	04	55	7	5	mo.		☾
1	S	♄ ♂ ☉-♄ in Perigee	5	07	04	55	7	5	0	44	☾
18	S	1st Sunday after Trin	5	07	04	55	7	5	1	33	☾
19	M	Bat of Hernando Miss '63	5	07	04	55	7	5	2	21	☾
20	Tu	☉ ♂ ♀ <i>with thunder</i>	5	07	04	55	7	5	3	1	☾
21	W	☉ Enters ♄ Longest day	5	07	04	55	7	5	3	38	☾
22	Th	Bat Bear Creek '63	5	07	04	55	7	5	4	10	☾
23	F	Bat Berwick's Bay '63	5	07	04	55	7	5	sets.		☾
24	S	☉ ♂ ♀ - ☉ Highest	5	07	04	55	7	5	8	20	☾
25	S	2nd Sunday after Trinity	5	07	04	55	7	5	9	10	☾
26	M	Bat Hanover C H '63	5	07	04	55	7	5	10	0	☾
27	Tu	Bat Monmouth 1778	5	07	04	56	7	4	10	42	☾
28	W	Lord Raglin died '55	5	16	59	4	56	7	4	1115	☾
29	Th	Bat Hanover Penn '63	5	16	59	4	56	7	4	1153	☾
30	F	Antares Souths 9h 44m	5	16	59	4	56	7	4	mo.	☾

6th Month

JULY 1865

31 Days

MOON'S PHASES

	Mobile			Atlanta			Augusta			Richmond		
	d.	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m	
Full Moon	8	2	37 eve	2	54 eve	3	2 eve	3	22 eve			
Last Quarter	15	0	45 eve	1	2 eve	1	10 eve	1	30 eve			
New Moon	22	0	35 eve	0	52 eve	1	0 eve	1	20 eve			
First Quarter	30	11	21 mo	11	38 mo	11	46 mo	0	6 eve			

D.	D.	Various Phenomena.	MOBILE.				AUGUSTA.				Moon		Moon's Ph.
			☉		☽		☉		☽		R	S	
			H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	
1	S	☿ ☊ ☉ Superior <i>Warm</i>	5	16	59	4	56	7	4	0	33	♄	
2	S	♁ ☊ ♃—☉ in Apogee	5	16	59	4	56	7	4	1	13	♄	
3	M	Bat Gettysburgh Penna '63	5	26	58	4	57	7	3	2	0		
4	Tu	U S Independence <i>and</i>	5	26	58	4	57	7	3	2	32	♄	
5	W	Bat South A na '63	5	36	57	4	58	7	2	3	8		
6	Th	Bat Freqbridge '63	5	36	57	4	58	7	2	3	39		
7	F	♁ ☊ ♃ lowest <i>dry</i>	5	36	57	4	58	7	2	4	1	♄	
8	S	Antares Souths 9h 12m	5	46	56	4	58	7	2		riser		
9	S	Port Hudson Sur '63	5	46	56	4	59	7	1	8	25	♄	
10	M	Bat Jackson M ss '63	5	46	56	4	59	7	1	9	55		
11	Tu	Siege Charleston S C '63	5	46	56	4	59	7	1	10	20	♄	
12	W	Bat Yazoo City '63	5	56	55	5	07	0	0	10	58		
13	Th	<i>Now we may expect</i>	5	56	55	5	07	0	0	11	29		
14	F	♁ in Perigee <i>a fine</i>	5	66	54	5	16	59	11	57		♄	
15	S	Antares Souths 8h 55m	5	66	54	5	16	59			mo.		
16	S	<i>and general rain</i>	5	76	53	5	26	58	0	37		♄	
17	M	Elbridge Gerry born 1739	5	76	53	5	26	58	1	15			
18	Tu	♁ ☊ ♀ <i>Sultry</i>	5	86	52	5	36	57	2	0			
19	W	♀'s Gt Elongation W	5	86	52	5	36	57	2	34		♄	
20	Th	Vera Souths 10h 36m	5	96	51	5	46	56	3	20			
21	r	☉ Enters ♈ <i>weather</i>	5	106	50	5	56	55	4	0		♄	
22	S	♁ Highest <i>Rain</i>	5	106	50	5	56	55			sets.		
23	S	♁ ☊ ♂ <i>with loud</i>	5	116	49	5	66	54	7	56		♄	
24	M	Bat Niagara 1759	5	116	49	5	66	54	8	40			
25	Tu	St James <i>thunder</i>	5	126	48	5	76	53	9	15		♄	
26	W	♀'s Gt Elongation E	5	136	47	5	86	52	9	50			
27	Th	♀ visible in evening	5	136	47	5	86	52	10	22		♄	
28	F	Dog days begin	5	146	46	5	96	51	11	0			
29	S	♁ ☊ ♃—☉ in Apogee	5	156	45	5	106	50	11	40		♄	
30	S	<i>Cloudy and wet</i>	5	166	44	5	116	49			mo.		
31	M	Fomalhaut Souths 2h 13 m	5	166	44	5	116	49	0	20		♄	

8th Month AUGUST 1865 31 Days

MOONS PHASES

	Mobile		Atlanta		Augusta		Richmond	
	d.	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m
Full Moon	7	0 1 mo	0	18 mo	0	26 mo	0	46 mo
Last Quarter	13	6 58 eve	7	15 eve	7	23 eve	7	43 eve
New Moon	21	1 38 mo	1	55 mo	2	3 mo	2	23 mo
First Quarter	29	2 0 mo	2	17 mo	2	25 mo	2	45 mo

D.	D.	Various Phenomena	MOBILE.			AUGUSTA.			MOON		Moon's Pl.		
			R	S	R	S	R	S	R	S			
			H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M			
1	Tu	Lammas day	5	17	6	43	5	12	6	48	1	0	
2	W	<i>Warm and sweltry</i>	5	17	6	43	5	13	6	47	1	42	
3	Th	☉♂♀—● Lowest weather	5	18	6	42	5	13	6	47	2	24	☽
4	F	Bat Brownstown '12	5	19	6	41	5	14	6	46	3	2	
5	S	Fomahant-Sou. 1h 53m	5	19	6	41	5	15	6	45	3	51	☽
6	S	Transfiguration	5	20	6	40	5	16	6	44	4	45	
7	M	Yel Fever N Orleans '53.	5	21	6	39	5	17	6	43		riser	
8	W	<i>Showery and much</i>	5	21	6	39	5	17	6	43	8	0	☽
9	W	Vega Souths 9h 17m	5	22	6	38	5	18	6	42	8	30	
10	Th	Bat Brandy Station '63	5	23	6	37	5	19	6	41	8	59	☽
11	F	● in Perigee <i>damp</i>	5	23	6	37	5	20	6	40	9	25	
12	S	George IV born 1762	5	24	6	36	5	21	6	39	10	20	
13	S	<i>and cloudy weather</i>	5	25	6	35	5	22	6	38	11	38	☽
14	M	Altair Souths. 10h 9m	5	25	6	35	5	22	6	38		mo	
15	Tu	N. Bonaparte born 1769	5	26	6	34	5	23	6	37	0	24	☽
16	W	Bat. Camden 1780	5	27	6	33	5	24	6	36	1	12	
17	Th	Bat. Sparta Tenn '63	5	28	6	32	5	25	6	35	1	56	
18	F	●♂♀—● Highest Stormy	5	29	6	31	5	26	6	34	2	40	☽
19	S	Guerriere captured '12	5	30	6	30	5	27	6	33	3	36	
20	S	The Atlantic sunk '52	5	31	6	29	5	28	6	32	4	39	☽
21	M	Bomb't Chattanooga '63	5	32	6	28	5	29	6	31		sets	
22	Tu	☉ Enters ♉ <i>Fair and</i>	5	33	6	27	5	30	6	30	7	0	☽
23	W	Bat. Bristol. Va. '63	5	34	6	26	5	31	6	29	7	25	
24	Th	St Bartholomew	5	35	6	25	5	32	6	28	7	50	☽
25	F	●♂♀—● in Apogee	5	36	6	24	5	33	6	27	8	31	
26	S	Gen. J. B. Floyd d. '63	5	37	6	23	5	34	6	26	8	56	☽
27	S	Bat Dry Creek Va. '63	5	38	6	22	5	35	6	25	9	39	
28	M	St. Augustine <i>warm</i>	5	39	6	21	5	36	6	24	10	25	☽
29	Tu	St. John Bap. beheaded	5	40	6	20	5	37	6	23	11	28	
30	W	●♂♀—● Lowest	5	41	6	19	5	38	6	22		mo	☽
31	Th	Bunyan died 1688	5	41	6	19	5	39	6	21	0	21	

9th Month SEPTEMBER 1865 30 days

MOONS PHASES

	Mobile		Atlanta		Augusta		Richmond	
	d.	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m
Full MOON	5	8 4 mo	8	21 mo	8	29 mo	8	49 mo
Last Quarter	12	2 36 mo	2	53 mo	3	1 mo	3	21 mo
New Moon	19	5 8 eve	5	20 eve	5	28 eve	5	48 eve
First Quarter	27	3 44 eve	4	1 eve	4	9 eve	4	29 eve

D of M	D of W	Various Phenomena	MOBILE.				AUGUSTA				MOON		Moon's Pl
			☉		☽		☉		☽		R	S	
			H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	
1	F	<i>Fair, but still warm</i>	5	42	6	18	5	39	6	21	1	26	
2	S	London burnt 1666	5	42	6	18	5	40	6	20	2	3	
3	S	O Cromwell died 1658	5	43	6	17	5	41	6	19	3	4	
4	W	Bat Moorefields Va '63	5	41	6	16	5	42	6	18	4	45	☾
5	Tu	Dog day - end <i>Cloudy</i>	5	45	6	15	5	43	6	17		ris	
6	W	LaFayette born 1757	5	46	6	14	5	44	6	16	6	40	☽
7	Th	☿ ☊ ☉ Inferior <i>and</i>	5	47	6	13	5	45	6	15	7	10	
8	F	☉ in Perigee <i>rain</i>	5	48	6	12	5	46	6	14	7	42	
9	S	Fomalhaut Sou, 11h 32m	5	49	6	11	5	47	6	13	8	24	☽
10	S	<i>Changeable weather</i>	5	5	6	10	5	48	6	12	9	15	
11	M	Bat Dalton Tenn '63	5	50	6	10	5	49	6	11	10	12	☽
12	Tu	Gun Blakely burst '63	5	51	6	9	5	50	6	10	11	18	
13	W	Bat Culpepper C H '63	5	52	6	8	5	50	6	10		mo	
14	T	☉ Highest - Moscow bt '12	5	52	6	8	5	51	6	9	0	20	☽
15	F	Surrender of N Y 1776	5	53	6	7	5	52	6	8	1	28	
16	S	☉ ☊ ☉ Bat Jonesboro' '63	5	54	6	6	5	53	6	7	2	35	☽
17	S	Bat Ringgold Ga '63	5	55	6	5	5	54	6	6	3	36	
18	M	Quebec Capitulated 1759	5	55	6	5	5	55	6	5	4	31	☽
19	Tu	Bat Chickamunga Ga '63	5	56	6	4	5	56	6	4		sets	
20	W	Fomalhaut Sou 10h 57m	5	57	6	3	5	57	6	3	6	31	☽
21	Tu	☉ ☊ ☉ in Apogee	5	58	6	2	5	58	6	2	7	0	
22	F	Bat Madison Va '63	5	59	6	1	5	59	6	1	7	34	☽
23	S	☉ Eters Days & nights eq	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	8	3	
24	S	<i>Stormy weather</i>	6	1	5	59	6	1	5	59	8	41	☽
25	M	Fomalhaut Sou 10h 29m	6	2	5	58	6	2	5	58	9	25	
26	Tu	☉'s Greatst Elongation W	6	3	5	57	6	3	5	57	10	18	☽
27	W	☉ ☊ ☉ - ☉ Lowest	6	4	5	56	6	4	5	56	11	16	
28	Th	Detroit taken '13	6	5	5	55	6	5	5	55		mo	
29	F	St Michael	6	6	5	54	6	6	5	54	0	20	☽
30	S	St Jerome <i>Calm weather</i>	6	7	5	53	6	7	5	53	1	24	☽

10th Month OCTOBER 1865 . 31 days

MOONS PHASES

	Mobile			Atlanta			Augusta			Richmond		
	d.	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m	
Full Moon	4	4	20 eve	4	37 eve	4	45 eve	5	5	5	5 eve	
Last Quarter	17	2	31 eve	2	58 eve	3	6 eve	3	26	3	26 eve	
New Moon	19	10	43 mo	11	5 mo	11	13 mo	11	33	11	33 mo	
First Quarter	27	4	37 mo	4	54 mo	5	2 mo	5	22	5	22 mo	

D of M	D of W	Various Phenomena	MOBILE						AUGUSTA						MOON R S R S R S	Moon's Pl
			R		S		R		S		R		S			
			H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M		
1	S	Fomalhaut Souths 10h 0m	6	8	5	52	6	8	5	52	2	35		☾		
2	M	Maj A dre exec. 1780	6	9	5	51	6	9	5	51	3	44				
3	Tu	<i>Cool nights and</i>	6	10	5	50	6	10	5	50	4	51				
4	W	☉ Eclips. d, visible.	6	11	5	49	6	11	5	49	ri	es		☽		
5	Th	Fomalhaut Souths 9h-50m	6	12	5	48	6	12	5	48	6	10				
6	F	☉ in Perigee <i>mornings</i>	6	13	5	47	6	13	5	47	7	8		☾		
7	S	Bat Kings Mount 1780	6	14	5	46	6	14	5	46	7	56				
8	S	<i>Rain with wind</i>	6	15	5	45	6	15	5	45	8	50				
9	M	St Denys <i>and</i>	6	16	5	44	6	16	5	44	9	59		☽		
10	Tu	Bat Robinson River '63	6	17	5	43	6	17	5	43	11	12		☽		
11	W	☉ Highest <i>thunder</i>	6	17	5	43	6	18	5	42	mo			☽		
12	Th	Bat Culpepper C H '63	6	18	5	42	6	19	5	41	0	14				
13	F	Murat shot '15	6	19	5	41	6	20	5	40	1	13		☽		
14	S	Bat on Rappahannock '63	6	20	5	40	6	21	5	39	2	8				
15	S	Bat Bible Ridg '63	6	20	5	40	6	22	5	38	2	57				
16	M	Kaid at Harpers Ferry '59	6	21	5	39	6	23	5	37	3	41		☽		
17	Tu	♂♀ Burgoy. etake 1776	6	22	5	38	6	24	5	36	4	18				
18	W	St Luke <i>Fair and</i>	6	23	5	37	6	25	5	35	5	2		☽		
19	Th	GREAT SOLAR ECLIPSE vis	6	24	5	36	6	26	5	34	se	s				
20	F	♂ ♀ in Apogee	6	25	5	35	6	27	5	33	6	0		☽		
21	S	♂♂ Superior <i>cool</i>	6	26	5	34	6	28	5	32	6	52				
22	S	☉ Enters M <i>nights</i>	6	27	5	33	6	29	5	31	7	44		☽		
23	M	7*s Souths 1h 31m	6	28	5	32	6	30	5	30	8	31				
24	Tu	♂♀ — ☉ Lowest	6	29	5	31	6	31	5	29	9	25		☽		
25	W	7*s Souths 1h 23m	6	30	5	30	6	32	5	28	10	15				
26	Th	<i>Frosty mornings</i>	6	30	5	30	6	33	5	27	11	7		☽		
27	F	♂♀ — Ida Pfi ffer dd '58	6	31	5	29	6	34	5	26	mo					
28	S	St Simon & St Jud	6	32	5	28	6	35	5	25	0	14				
29	S	7*s Souths 1h 11m	6	33	5	27	6	36	5	24	1	15		☽		
30	M	John Adams b 1735	6	34	5	26	6	37	5	23	2	20				
31	Tu	<i>Cloudy and damp</i>	6	35	5	25	6	38	5	22	3	39		☽		

11th Month NOVEMBER 1865 30 Days

MOONS PHASES

	Mobile			Atlanta		Augusta		Richmond	
	d.	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m
Full Moon	3	1	45 eve	2	2 mo	2	10 mo	2	3 mo
Last Quarter	10	4	51 mo	5	8 mo	5	16 mo	5	36 mo
New Moon	18	4	50 mo	5	7 mo	5	15 mo	5	35 mo
First Quarter	25	1	45 eve	5	2 eve	5	10 eve	5	30 eve

D of M	D. of W	Various Passages.	MOBILE.				AUGUSTA				Moon's P.		
			SUN	SUN	SUN	SUN	R	S	R	S	R	S	
			H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	Moons P.
1	W	All Saints' day. <i>Fair</i>	6	36	5	24	6	39	5	21	4	44	☉
2	Th	All Sou's day. <i>and</i>	6	37	5	23	6	4	5	20	5	31	☉
3	F	Constantin died, 361.	6	37	5	23	6	40	5	20	6	35	☉
4	S	☉ in-Pericee. <i>mild</i>	6	38	5	22	6	41	5	19	6	3	☉
5	S	Bat. Warrenton, 1862.	6	39	5	21	6	42	5	18	6	54	☉
6	M	Leonard. <i>weather</i>	6	40	5	20	6	43	5	17	7	50	☉
7	Tu	☉ Highest. <i>Frosty</i>	6	41	5	19	6	44	5	16	8	49	☉
8	W	Fire at Syracuse, 1856	6	42	5	18	6	45	5	15	9	56	☉
9	Tu	Aldebaran Sou. 1h 31m	6	43	5	17	6	46	5	14	11	58	☉
10	F	♂♂♂—Milton died, 1674	6	43	5	17	6	46	5	14	mo	5	☉
11	S	Aldebar n Sou. 1h 23m	6	44	5	16	6	47	5	13	0	51	☉
12	S	<i>Cloudy and rainy</i>	6	45	5	15	6	48	5	12	1	42	☉
13	M	Meteoric Shower, '33&'37	6	46	5	14	6	49	5	11	2	35	☉
14	Tu	Charles Carroll d. 1832	6	46	5	14	6	49	5	11	3	26	☉
15	W	♂♂♂—Sirius rises, 9h 57m	6	47	5	13	6	50	5	10	4	15	☉
16	Tu	♂♂♂—Tea dstd, Boston '73	6	48	5	12	6	51	5	9	5	6	☉
17	F	☉ is Apogee <i>Windy</i>	6	49	5	11	6	52	5	8	6	0	☉
18	S	<i>and unpleasant</i>	6	50	5	10	6	52	5	8	sets	1	☉
19	S	7*s Souths 11h 1m.	6	50	5	10	6	53	5	7	6	22	☉
20	M	♂♂♂.. ♀ Lowest.—♀♂♂.	6	51	5	9	6	54	5	6	7	12	☉
21	Tu	Gen. Markham d. 1855.	6	51	5	9	6	54	5	6	8	4	☉
22	W	Sun Enters ♄. <i>Ch ungeable</i>	6	52	5	8	6	55	5	5	8	59	☉
23	Th	Bom'ardment Ft Pick. '61	6	53	5	7	6	56	5	4	10	8	☉
24	F	N. Y. evacua ed, 1783.	6	53	5	7	6	56	5	4	11	18	☉
25	S	<i>and unsettled weather</i>	6	54	5	6	6	57	5	3	mo	20	☉
26	S	Q. Isabella di-d, 1504.	6	54	5	6	6	58	5	2	0	20	☉
27	M	7*s Souths, 11h 10m.	6	55	5	5	6	58	2	1	24	☉	☉
28	Tu	Washington Irving d. '59	6	55	5	5	6	59	5	1	2	28	☉
29	W	Card. Woolsey d. 1530	6	56	5	4	6	59	5	1	3	45	☉
30	Th	St. Andrew's day.	6	56	5	4	7	0	5	0	4	52	☉

12th Month DECEMBER 1865 31 Days

MOONS PHASES

Mobile Atlanta Augusta Richmond

	d.	h	m	h	m	h	m	h	m
Full Moon	2	0	28 eve	0	45 eve	0	53 eve	1	13 eve
Last Quarter	9	9	50 eve	10	7 eve	10	15 eve	10	35 eve
New Moon	17	10	48 eve	11	5 eve	11	13 eve	11	33 eve
First Quarter	25	4	3 mo	4	2 mo	4	28 mo	4	48 mo

D of W	Various Phenomena	MOBILE						AUGUSTA			Moon		Moon's Pl	
		SUN		SUN		SUN		SUN		R	S			
		H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M	H	M			
1	F	☉ in Perigee, Fair	6	56	5	4	7	0	5	0	6	12	☾	☾
2	S	☽'s Greatest Elongation E	6	57	5	3	7	1	4	59	ris	es	☾	☾
3	S	Advent Sunday. and	6	57	5	3	7	1	4	59	6	7		
4	M	Bombardm't P't. Royal, '62	6	58	5	2	7	2	4	58	7	10		
5	Tu	☉ Highest. Frosty	6	58	5	2	7	2	4	58	8	12	☾	☾
6	W	Van Buren born, 1782.	6	58	5	2	7	2	4	58	9	14	☾	☾
7	Th	7*s Souths 10h 30m	6	58	5	2	7	3	4	57	10	18	☾	☾
8	F	Theo. Sedgwick d. 1859	6	58	5	2	7	3	4	57	11	25		
9	S	F.ther Mathew d. 1856	6	59	5	1	7	3	4	57	mo		☾	☾
10	S	2d Sunday in Advent.	6	59	5	1	7	3	4	57	0	21	☾	☾
11	M	Fight at Kingston, 1862	6	59	5	1	7	4	4	56	1	15	☾	☾
12	Tu	7*s Souths 10h 10m.	6	59	5	1	7	4	4	56	2	12	☾	☾
13	W	☉♁♂. Cold winds	6	59	5	1	7	4	4	56	3	19	☾	☾
14	Th	☉ in Apogee. from N. W.	6	59	5	1	7	4	4	56	4	14	☾	☾
15	F	☉♁♀. Cold enough for	6	59	5	1	7	4	4	56	5	11	☾	☾
16	S	Gt Fire in N. Y. 1835	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	6	3	☾	☾
17	S	3d Sunday in Advent.	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	es	es	☾	☾
18	M	☉♁♂. - ☉ Lowest. ice	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	5	42	☾	☾
19	Tu	Right time to kill hogs	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	6	33	☾	☾
20	W	Bat. Dranesville, 1861	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	7	21	☾	☾
21	Th	Sun Enters Vj.-Shst day	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	8	16	☾	☾
22	F	H 8 Sun-Ldg. Plgm. 1620	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	9	28	☾	☾
23	S	Sir I. Newton born, 1642	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	10	38	☾	☾
24	S	4th Sunday in Advent.	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	11	49	☾	☾
25	M	CHRISTMAS DAY.	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	mo		☾	☾
26	Tu	☉♁♂ Sun Infr. - St Stephen	7	0	5	0	7	5	4	55	0	29	☾	☾
27	W	☉ in Perigee. Cold	7	0	5	0	7	4	4	56	1	33	☾	☾
28	Th	Holy Innocents. and	7	59	5	1	6	4	4	56	2	46	☾	☾
29	F	7*s Souths 9h 3m Cloudy	7	59	5	1	6	4	4	56	3	58	☾	☾
30	S	B.t. Chickasaw Bayou, '62	7	59	5	1	6	4	4	56	5	12	☾	☾
31	S	☉♁♂ Sun S'ndy after Xmas.	7	59	5	1	6	4	4	56	6	10	☾	☾

Government of the Confederate States.

THE EXECUTIVE.

The First Presidential term of six years under the permanent Constitution, commenced on the 22nd day of February, '62 and will expire on the 22nd day of February '68.

Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi; President.
Alexander Stephens, of Georgia; Vice President.
Private Secretary to the President,—B. N. Harrison, of Miss.

THE CABINET.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Judah P. Benjamin, of Louisiana, Secretary of State.— L. Q. Washington, Chief Clerk.— W. J. Brunnell, Disbursing Clerk.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

G. A. Trenholm, of S. Car, Secretary of the Treasury.— J. M. Strother, Chief Clerk.— E. C. Elmore Treasurer.— Robert Tyler, Register.— Thompson Allen, Chief of War Tax Bureau.— Lewis Cruger, Comptroller.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

James A. Seddon, of Virginia, Secretary of War.— John A. Campbell, of Ala. Assistant Secretary of War.— R. G. H. Ken, Chief of War Bureau — Gen. S. Cooper, Adjutant and Inspector General.—Lt. Col John Withers, Assistant Adjutant.—Brig. Gen. A. R. Lawton, Quarter Master General — Major W. F. Alexander, Assistant Quarter Master General.— Col. J. Gorgas, Chief of Ordnance — Col. L. B. Northrop, Commissary General. Lt. Col. T. G. Williams, Assistant Commissary General.—Dr. Sml. P. Moore, Surgeon General — Dr. C. H. Smith, Assistant Surgeon General.—Col. J. S. Preston, Chief of Bureau of Conscription. Robert Ould, Chief of Exchange of Prisoners.— Major W. Bailey, Chief of Finance of Quartermasters Department.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

S. R. Mallory, of Florida, Secretary of the Navy.— E. M. Tidball, Chief Clerk.—W. P. Williamson, Engineer in Chief of Construction Machinery, &c.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

George Davis, of North Carolina, Attorney General.—Wade Keys, of Ala. Assistant Attorney General.—Rufus R. Rhodes, of Miss. Commissioner of Patents.—Americus Featherman, Examiner.—G. E. W. Nelson, Superintendent of Public Printing.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

John H. Reagan, of Texas, Post Master General.—H. St. George Offutt, Chief of Contract Bureau,—R. N. Clements, Chief of Appointment Bureau.—John L. Harrall, Chief of Finance Bureau.—B. Fuller, Chief Clerk.

CONFEDERATE STATES.

DATES OF SECESSION	Representation in Congress.	Electoral votes.	Population 1861.
Of S. States from the Union.			
S. Carolina, December 20th, 1860.	16	18	715,371
Mississippi, January 9th 1861.	7	9	791,395
Florida, January 10th 1861.	9	4	140,439
Alabama, January 11th 1861.	9	11	964,296
Georgia, January 19th 1861.	10	12	1,057,327
Louisiana, January 25th 1861.	6	3	706,433
Texas, February 1st 1861.	6	3	6 1,039
Virginia, April 17th 1861.	16	13	1,506,033
Tennessee, May 6th 1861.	11	13	1,109,847
Arkansas, May 6th 1861.	4	6	433,327
N. Carolina, May 20th 1861.	10	12	992,667
Missouri, October 28th 1861.	11	13	1,173,317
Kentucky, November 19th 1861.	11	13	1,155,713

The organization of the Confederate States Government commenced under a Provisional Constitution on the 8th day of February, 1861, and expires on the 18th day of February, 1862. Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, and Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, were chosen as President and Vice President for the provisional term of one year.

The first Presidential term of six years under the permanent constitution commenced on the 18th February 1862, and will expire on the 18th day of February, 1868.

The first election for President and Vice President under the permanent Constitution took place on the 6th day of November, 1861, in each State of the Confederacy.

Total number of States voting, 11.

Total number of electoral votes cast, 109.

Of which number Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, received for the office of President of the Confederate States, 109.

Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, received for the office of Vice President of the Confederate States, 109.

SECOND OR PRESENT CONGRESS OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.

THE SENATE.

Alex H. Stephens of Geo. President.
 J. H. Nash of S. Car. Clerk.

(The figures denote the expiration of the terms of the Senators.)

ALABAMA.		TENNESSEE.	
Richard Wilde Walker.	1870	No Returns.	1870
Robert Jemison.†	1868	Landon G. Hayne.	1868
FLORIDA.		VIRGINIA.	
James M. Baker.	1870	R. M. T. Hunter.	1868
A. E. Maxwell.	1866	Allen T. Caperton	1866
KENTUCKY.		ARKANSAS.	
No Returns.	1870	Robert W Johnson	1870
H. C. Burnett.	1868	Charles B. Mitchell.	1868
MISSISSIPPI.		GEORGIA.	
J. W C. Watson.	1870	Herschel V. Johnson.	1870
Albert G. Brown	1866	Benjamin H. Hill.	1868
NORTH CAROLINA.		LOUISIANA.	
William A. Graham.	1870	Edward Sparrow.	1868
William T. Dortch.	1866	Thomas J. Simmes.	1866
MISSOURI.		SOUTH CAROLINA.	
No Returns.	1879	James L. Orr.	1868
No Returns.	1868	Robt. W Baruwell.	1866
TEXAS.			
W. S. Oldham.	1868		
Louis T. Wigfall.	1866		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SECOND CONGRESS

The first session of second congress met in May 1864. Second Session commences December 1864.

ALABAMA—9.

DIST.		5	Francis M. Lyon.
1	Thomas J. Foster.	6	W. P. Chilton.
2	Wm. R. Smith.	7	David P. Clopton.
3	H. R. W Cobb. *	8	James L. Pugh.
4	M. H. Cruikshank.	9	J. S. Dickinson: *

ARKANSAS.—4.

No Returns.
No Returns.No Returns.
No Returns.

GEORGIA.—10

DIST.

1 Julian Hartridge.
2 Wm. E. Smith. *
3 Mard H. Blandford. *
4 Clifford Anderson. *
5 J. T. Shewmake,

DIST

6 J H. Echols.*
7 James M. Smith. *
8 George N. Lester. *
9 H. P. Bell. *
10 Warren Aiken. *

MISSOURI.—7.

DIST.

1 Thomas L. Sneed.
2 N. L. Norton.
3 John B. Clarke.
4 A. H. Conrow.

DIST.

5 George W. Vest.
6 Peter S. Wilkes.
7 Robert A. Hatcher.

NORTH CAROLINA.—10.

DIST.

1 W. H. N. Smith.
2 E. C. Yellowby. *
3 J. T. Leach. *
4 Thomas C. Fuller. *
5 Josiah Turner, Jr. *

DIST.

6 John A. Gilmer. *
7 Samuel H. Christian, *
8 J. G. Ramsay. *
9 G. S. Ganther.
10 George W. Logan. *

TEXAS.—6.

DIST.

1 John A. Wilcox.
2 Claiborne C. Herbert.
3 A. M. Branch. *

DIST.

4 Frank B. Texton
5 J. R. Baylor. *
6 S. H. Morgan. *

FLORIDA.—2

DIST.

1 St. George Rogers. *

DIST.

2 R. B. Hilton.

KENTUCKY.—12.

DIST.

1 W. B. Machen.
2 G. W. Triplett.
3 H. E. Read.
4 G. W. Ewing.
5 J. S. Chrisman.
6 T. L. Barnett.

DIST.

7 H. W. Bruce.
8 Humphrey Marshall.
9 E. M. Bruce.
10 J. W. Moore.
11 B. F. Bradley.
12 J. M. Elliot.

LOUISIANA.—6.

DIST.

- 1 Charles J. Villere.
- 2 Charles M. Conrad.
- 3 Duncan F. Kenner.

DIST.

- 4 Lucien J. Dupre.
- 5 Henry Marshall.
- 6 John Perkins, Jr.

MISSISSIPPI.—7.

DIST.

- 1 J. A. Orr. *
- 2 W. D. Holden. *
- 3 Israël Welch.
- 4 Henry C. Chambers

DIST.

- 5 Otho R. Singleton.
- 6 Ethel Barksdale.
- 7 J. T. Lampkin. *

SOUTH CAROLINA.—6

DIST.

- 1 J. H. Wiherspoon. *
- 2 W. Porcher Miles.
- 3 Lewis M. Ayres.

DIST.

- 4 W. D. Simpson.
- 5 James Farrow.
- 6 W. W. Boyce.

TENNESSEE.—11.

DIST.

- 1 J. B. Haskel.
- 2 Wm. G. Swan.
- 3 A. S. Colyar. *
- 4 John P. Murray. *
- 5 H. S. Foote.
- 6 A. E. Keeble. *

DIST.

- 7 James M. Cullum. *
- 8 Thomas Meenece.
- 9 J. D. C. Atkins.
- 10 John V. Wright.
- 11 David M. Curriu. *

VIRGINIA.—16.

DIST.

- 1 Robert L. Montague. *
- 2 Robert H. Whitfield.
- 3 William H. Wickham. *
- 4 Thomas S. Gholson. *
- 5 Thomas S. Bocoek.
- 6 John Goode, Jr.
- 7 Wm. C. Rives. *
- 8 D. C. Dejarrette.

DIST.

- 9 David Funsten. *
- 10 F. W. M. Holliday.
- 11 John B. Baldwin.
- 12 Walter R. Staples.
- 13 Fayette Mc. Waleu.
- 14 Samuel Miller.
- 15 Robert Johnson.
- 16 Charles W. Russell.

† Elected to fill vacancy, caused by the death of William L. Yancy.

* New Members.

THE FORM OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA.

The President and Vice President are elected for a term of six years, and are not re-eligible to office.

The Congress of the Confederate States consists of a Senate and House of Representatives, which must assemble at least once in every year, on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

The Senate is composed of two members from each State, now 26 members. They are chosen by the Legislatures of the several States, for the term of six years, one-third of their number being elected every two years. The Vice President of the Confederate States is the President of the Senate.

The House of Representatives is composed of members from the several States, (now 105) elected by the people for a term of two years. The Representatives are apportioned among the different States according to the number of inhabitants, and shall be one for every fifty thousand inhabitants.

The Salary of Members of Congress shall be \$2,700 per year. Each member shall be allowed ten cents per mile for coming to, and ten cents for returning from, the place where Congress may assemble for each session. The salary of the President of Congress shall be sixteen dollars per day, and the mileage the same as members.

SALARIES OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.

President,	\$25,000 per year.
Vice-President,	8,000 "
Secretary of State,	6,000 "
" Treasury,	6,000 "
" War,	6,000 "
" Navy,	6,000 "
Attorney General,	6,000 "
Postmaster-General,	6,000 "

AREA OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.—The Southern States, including those west of the Mississippi River, embrace an area of 827,064 square miles, or 529,320,960 square acres;

THE NAMES OF THE MEMBERS OF THE FIRST
CONGRESS OF THE PERMANENT GOVERN-
MENT OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.

(The Term of the First Congress expired on 18th of February, 1864.)

SENATE.

Alabama—Clement C. Clay, William L. Yancey.
Arkansas—Robt. W. Johnson,* Charles B. Mitchell.
Florida—James M. Baker, Augustus E. Maxwell.
Georgia—Benjamin H. Hill, Robert Toombs.*
Kentucky—Henry C. Burnett, William E. Simms.
Louisiana—Thomas J. Semmes, Edward Sparrow.*
Mississippi—Albert G. Brown, James Phelan.
Missouri—John B. Clark, R. S. T. Peyton.
North Carolina—George Davis,* Wm. T. Dortch.
South Carolina—Robert W. Barnwell,* Jas. L. Orr.*
Tennessee—Langdon C. Haynes, Gustavus A. Henry.
Texas—William S. Oldham,* Louis T. Wigfall.
Virginia—Robt. M. T. Hunter,* William Ballard Preston.*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

<i>Dist.</i>	ALABAMA.	<i>Dist.</i>	GEORGIA.
1.	Thomas J. Foster.	8	Lucius J. Gartrell.
2.	William R. Smith.	9	Hardy Strickland
3.	John P. Ralls.	10.	Augustus R. Wright.
4.	J. L. M. Curry.*		KENTUCKY.
5.	Francis S. Lyon.	1.	Alfred Boyd.
6.	Wm P. Chilton.	2.	John W. Crockett.
7.	David Clopton.	3.	H. E. Read.
8.	James R. Pugh.	4	George W. Ewing.
9.	Edw. S. Dargan.	5.	James S. Chrisman.
	ARKANSAS.	6.	T. E. Burnett.
1.	Felix I. Batson.	7.	H. W. Bruce.
2.	Grandison D. Royston.	8.	S. S. Scott.
3.	J. P. Johnson.	9.	E. M. Bruce.
4.	Thomas B. Hanly.	10.	J. W. Moore.
	FLORIDA.	11.	Robt. J. Breckinridge.
1.	James B. Dawkins.	12.	John M. Elliott.
2.	Robert B. Hilton.		LOUISIANA.
	GEORGIA.	1.	Chas. J. Villere.
1.	Julian Hartridge.	2.	Chas. M. Conrad.*
2.	C. J. Munnerlyn.	3.	Duncan F. Kenner.*
3.	Hines Holt.	4.	Lucien J. Dupre.
4.	Augustus H. Keenan.*	5.	Henry Marshall.*
5.	David W. Lewis.	6.	John Perkins Jr.*
6.	William W. Clark.		MISSISSIPPI.
7.	Robert P. Fripp.	1.	J. W. Clapp.

List. MISSISSIPPI.

2. Reuben Davis.
3. Israel Welch.
4. H. C. Chambers.
5. O. R. Singleton.
6. E. Barksdale.
7. John J. McRae.

MISSOURI

1. W. M. Cook.
2. Thomas A. Harris.
3. Casper W. Bell.
4. A. H. Condon.
5. George G. Vest.
6. Thomas W. Freeman.
7. John Heye.

NORTH CAROLINA.

1. W. N. H. Smith.*
2. Robert R. Bridgers.
3. Owen R. Keenan.
4. T. D. McDowell.
5. Thomas S. Ashe.
6. Arch. H. Arrington.
7. Robert McLean.
8. William Lander.
9. B. S. Gaither.
10. A. T. Davidson.*

SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. John McQueen.
2. W. Porcher Miles.*
3. L. M. Ayer.
4. Milledge L. Bonham.
5. James Farrow.
6. Wm. W. Boyce.*

TENNESSEE.

1. Joseph T. Heiskell.

Dist. TENNESSEE.

2. William G. Swan.
3. W. H. Tebbs.
4. E. L. Gardenhire.
5. Henry S. Foote.
6. Meredith P. Gentry.
7. George W. Jones.
8. Thomas Meneese.
9. J. D. C. Atkins.*
10. John V. Wright.
11. David M. Currin.

TEXAS.

1. John A. Wilcox.
2. C. C. Herbert.
3. Peter W. Gray.
4. B. F. Sexton.
5. M. D. Graham.
6. Wm. B. Wright.

VIRGINIA.

1. M. R. H. Garnett.
2. John R. Chambliss.
3. James Lyon.
4. Roger A. Pryor.*
5. Thos. S. Bocoek.*
6. John Goode, Jr.
7. J. P. Holcombe.
8. D. C. deJarnett.
9. Wm. Smith.
10. A. R. Boteler.
11. John R. Baldwin.
12. Walter R. Staples.
13. Walter Preston.*
14. Albert G. Jenkins.
15. Robt. Johnston.*
16. Chas. W. Russell.*

* Were Members of the Provisional Congress.

Assessment of War Tax.—By a report recently made to Congress, we have the valuations of the different species of property embraced within the provisions of the tax act of August 19th, 1861. The following principal items will be interesting:

Real Estate,	\$1,393,719,759	64
Slaves,	1,430,399,656	17
Merchandise,	67,521,668	52
Bank Stock,	94,165,231	46

Railroad and other corporation stock, . . . \$ 51,502,063 12
 Money at interest, 498,765,468 70
 Cash on hand, 41,300,341 88.
 Horses, Cattle, &c., 44,563,258 26

The sum of the several aggregates (we have only enumerated the principal) is \$4,220,755,834 21.

TABLE SHOWING THE SEATS OF GOVERNMENT.

The time of the Election of the State Officers, and the meeting of the Legislatures of the several States in the Confederacy.

STATE.	SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.	TIME OF HOLDING ELECTIONS.	TIME OF THE MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE.
Alabama	Montgomery.	1st Monday in August.	2d Monday in November, <i>Bienn.</i>
Arkansas	Little Rock.	1st Monday in August.	1st Monday in November, <i>Bienn.</i>
Florida	Tallahassee.	1st Monday in October.	1st Monday in Nov. <i>Biennially.</i>
Georgia	Milledgeville.	1st Monday in Nov. <i>Bienn.</i>	1st Monday in Oct. <i>Annually.</i>
Louisiana	Shreveport.	1st Monday in November.	3d Monday in January.
Mississippi	Jackson	1st Monday in October.	1st Monday in Nov. <i>Bienn.</i>
Missouri . . . . .	.....	1st Monday in August.	Last Monday in Dec. <i>Bienn.</i>
Kentucky . . . . .	.....	1st Monday in August.	1st Monday in December.
North Carolina	Raleigh	1st Thursday in August.	3d Monday in Nov. <i>Bienn.</i>
Tennessee . . . . .	.....	1st Thursday in August.	1st Monday in Oct. <i>Bienn.</i>
South Carolina	Columbia.	2d Monday in October.	4th Monday in November.
Texas	Austin.	1st Monday in August.	December, <i>Biennially.</i>
Virginia	Richmond	4th Thursday in May.	1st Monday in Dec. <i>Bienn.</i>

GOVERNORS OF THE STATES.

With their Salaries, Terms of Office, number of Senators and Representatives in Congress, with their respective Terms.

STATE.	GOVERNOR.	SALARY.	Term of Years.	TERM EXPIRES.	Senators.	Term of Years.	Representatives.	Term of Years.
Alabama.	Thos. H. Watts.	\$ 4,000 2.	2.	December, 1865.	2.	4.	9.	2.
Arkansas.	Harry Flanigan.	\$ 2,000 4.	4.	November, 1864.	2.	4.	4.	2.
Georgia.	Jos. E. Brown.	\$ 3,000 2.	2.	November, 1865.	2.	4.	10.	2.
Louisiana.	Henry W. Allen.	\$ 4,000 4.	4.	January, 1868.	2.	4.	6.	2.
Mississippi.	Charles Clarke.	\$ 4,000 2.	2.	November, 1865.	2.	4.	7.	2.
North Carolina.	Zeb. B. Vance.	\$ 3,000 2.	2.	January, 1865.	2.	4.	10.	2.
South Carolina.	M. L. Bonham.	\$ 3,800 2.	2.	December, 1864.	2.	4.	6.	2.
Tennessee.	Robt. L. Caruthers.	\$ 3,000 2.	2.	October, 1865.	2.	4.	11.	2.
Texas.	Pendleton Murral.	\$ 3,000 2.	2.	December, 1865.	2.	4.	6.	2.
Virginia.	Wm. P. Smith.	\$10,000 4.	4.	January, 1868.	2.	4.	16.	2.
Florida.	John Milton.	\$ 1,500 4.	4.	October, 1865.	2.	4.	2.	2.
Missouri.	Thos. C. Reynolds.	\$ 3,000 4.	4.	June, 1864.	2.	4.	6.	2.
Kentucky.	Richard Hawes.	\$ 2,500 4.	4.		2.	4.	12.	2.

Statistics of Slavery.—The United States census of 1860 furnishes material for some remarkable statistical comparisons on the subject of slavery in the South. These statistics have at this time an extraordinary interest in indicating the probable status of the States in the future division of our country.

The decennial increase from 1850 to 1860 was

Of the whole population,	36 per cent.
Of the slaves,	25 " "
In Maryland, decrease of slaves was.	54 " "
In Delaware,	26 " "
In Virginia, increase.	4-9 " "
In South Carolina,	4-7 " "
In Kentucky,	11-8 " "
In North Carolina,	13 " "
In Tennessee,	19 " "
In Georgia,	22-4 " "
In Alabama,	27-8 " "
In Louisiana,	27-8 " "
In Missouri,	31-2 " "
In Mississippi,	61 " "
In Florida,	62 " "
In Arkansas,	131 " "
In Texas,	217 " "

Assuming 25 per cent. as the normal increase, it will be seen which States have lost and which have gained from the migration of this population. The increase in Missouri is remarkable, and would seem to fix her destiny with the Confederate States, while the decrease in Maryland and Delaware would keep them with the North.

HORSES AND CATTLE IN THE WORLD—An illustrated natural history of the animal kingdom has just been published by S. G. Goodrich. Among other information abounding in it, it contains the following, which is an estimate of the number of horses in various parts of the world. From this we extract the following:

The general estimate has been 8 to 18 horses in Europe to every hundred inhabitants. Denmark has 45 horses for every hundred inhabitants, which is more than any other European country.

Great Britain and Ireland have 2,500,000 horses.

France has 3,000,000

Austrian Empire, exclusive of Italy, 2,600,000.

Russia has 3,500,000.

The Confederate States have 2,338,402.

The Northern States have 2,641,998.

The horses of the whole world are estimated at 57,420,000.

By blood in horses is meant the blood of the English race horse, and it is said that every animal of this stock has more or less of the blood of the Godolphin Arabian in his veins. This famous sire was imported into England about 110 years ago. In trotting, the American horses have been superior to those of all other nations for many years.

The Confederate States have 7,791,419 cattle.

The Northern States have 12,709,322.

Russia has 20,000,000.

Great Britain and Holland have 8,000,000.

Austria has 19,000,000.

France has 8,000,000.

The world is estimated to contain 210,000,000. It is supposed that one third of them are killed annually, so that we have about 28,000,000 bodies, 70,000,000 skins, 140,000,000 horns, 280,000,000 feet annually—to be converted into beef tallow, leather, combs, manure, etc.

The Creeds of the World.—The following classification of the inhabitants of the earth, according to the creeds, is made by C. F. W. Deiterich, a very thorough and careful statistician, and Director of the Statistical Department of Berlin. Taking the number of 1,200,000,000 as the total population of the earth, he classifies them as follows :

Christians, 335,000,000, or 25,77 per cent.

Jews, 5,000,000, or 38 per cent.

Asiatic religions, 600,000,000, or 46,15 per cent.

Mahomedan, 150,000,000, or 12,81 per cent.

Pagans, 200,000,000, or 25,29 per cent.

Total, 1,200,000,000, or 100 per cent.

The 335,000,000 of Christians are again divided into,

170,000,000 Roman Catholics, 50,7 per cent.

89,000,000 Protestants, 25,6 per cent.

76,000,000 Greek Catholics, 22,7 per cent.

Total, 335,000,000, or 100 per cent.

In 1860 there were in the Southern States the following number of sheep :

	1850. Wool—lbs.	1860. Wool—lbs.	1850. Sheep.	1860. Sheep.
Virginia,	2,860,765	2,509,443	1,310,004	1,042,946
N. Carolina,	970,738	883,473	595,249	546,749
S. Carolina,	487,233	427,102	285,551	233,509
Georgia,	990,019	946,229	560,435	512,618
Florida,	23,247	48,594	23,341	23,958
Alabama,	657,118	681,404	371,880	369,061
Mississippi,	555,619	637,729	304,929	337,754
Louisiana,	109,897	296,187	110,333	180,885
Texas,	131,917	1,497,768	100,530	783,618
Arkansas,	182,595	410,285	91,256	202,674
Tennessee,	1,364,278	1,400,508	811,591	772,317
Kentucky,	2,297,433	2,325,124	1,102,091	938,990
Missouri,	1,627,164	2,069,778	762,511	937,445
	12,298,253	13,112,417	6,429,701	6,889,494
Increase only	814,184		Increase only	359,793
Of the wool in the Southern States in the territory overrun,				8,594,800 lbs.
Of the wool in the Southern States in the territory not overrun,				4,517,617 lbs.
It will be seen the increase in the wool of United States from 1850 to 1860 was				8,064,385 lbs.
Increase in Southern States only				814,164 lbs.

OUR POSTAL SYSTEM.

The report of the Postmaster-General, communicates the gratifying intelligence that the revenues of the Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1863, were largely in excess of the expenditures—the revenues amounting to \$3,337,853.01, and the expenditures \$2,662,804.57, leaving a balance in favor of the Department of \$675,048.44, thus bringing it within the requirement of the Constitution, that its expenses shall be paid out of its own revenues after the 1st of March, 1863.

The personnel of the Department consists of the Postmaster-General, Chiefs of Bureaus, and subordinate clerks and messengers in Richmond, 62; Postmasters, 6,141; Special Agents, 10; Route Agents, 87; Mail Contractors, 1253; in all 7,553, to which are to be added the assistants and

clerks in the larger postoffices. In all appointments of clerks, route agents and postmasters, during the past and present fiscal years, they have been limited to persons exempt from military duty by being over age, or on account of having been disabled by wounds, or from other causes. In a number of cases in the smaller offices, females have been appointed, and they have been generally found faithful and efficient in the discharge of their duties.

The number of lineal miles, length of routes, miles of actual transportation annually, and the cost thereof, contracted for during the past year, with the cost of railroad service per annum in each State, is as follows :

	<i>Lineal miles.</i>	<i>Actual Trans.</i>	<i>Cost.</i>	<i>Rail Road.</i>
Virginia,	7052	1,387,646	\$98,867	\$157,662
North Carolina,	7026	1,181,440	96,135	77,864
South Carolina,	3787	193,684	49,930	138,327
Georgia,	3859	956,426	78,862	160,475
Florida,	1785	297,544	28,652	27,777
Total,	23,459	4,416,740	\$352,466	\$560,105

The cost of transportation in the other States of the Confederacy, contracted for during the previous year, was \$800,891 ; and the service on Rail Roads to \$444,602, making the total cost of transportation of the mails, per annum, \$2,158,065.

The number and denomination of postage stamps supplied to Postmasters during the year ending June 30, 1863, was 557,200 two cent stamps ; 37,953,977 five cent ; 10,417,700 ten cent, and 95,100 twenty cent, amounting in value to \$2,969,632,85 ; of these, \$2,392,333 were sold, of which \$1,857,798 were used in pre payment of postage and cancelled, leaving a balance afloat, and principally employed as currency, \$534,534.

The number of dead letters returned to the Dead Letter Office during the year was 518,327 ; of these 2402 contained money, amounting to \$29,058 ; and 1313 contained drafts, checks, bills of exchange, &c., amounting to \$691,567. The large number of 31,395 letters for transmission through the mails and 11,816 drop letters, that is for delivery from the office at which they are deposited, making in all 43,211 let-

ters, which were sent to the Dead Letter Office because the postage was not pre-paid on them as required by law.

RATES OF POSTAGE WITHIN THE CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA.

On Letters.—Single letters or parcels, not exceeding a half ounce in weight, for any distance within the Confederate States, 10 cents. An additional single rate for each additional half ounce or less. Drop letters 2 cents each. In the foregoing cases, the postage to be prepaid by stamps or stamped envelopes. Advertised letters 2 cents each additional.

On Packages.—Larger packages, containing other than printed or written matter—money packages are included in this class—are rated by weight as letters are rated, and charged the rates of postage on letters. In all cases postage to be prepaid by stamps or stamped envelopes.

On Newspapers.—Sent to regular subscribers, one cent for each paper weighing not more than three ounces, and for each additional ounce or fraction of an ounce, one-half cent additional on each paper. Periodicals published oftener than semi-monthly, to be charged as newspapers. On other periodicals sent to actual subscribers, one cent on each number, not exceeding one and a half ounces, and one cent on each additional ounce or fraction thereof. Postage to be prepaid quarterly in advance at the office of delivery.

On Transient Printed Matter.—Every other newspaper, pamphlet, &c., not exceeding one ounce, one cent; and for each additional ounce, or fraction thereof, one cent.

The postage on books, bound or unbound, not weighing over four pounds (the limit,) is two cents on each ounce or fraction of an ounce.

The postage on all transient matter and books shall be prepaid, except when sent by any officer or private of the army, as provided in the act of July 29, 1861.

Franking Privilege.—The following persons *only* are entitled to the franking privilege, and in all cases strictly confined to *official business*: The Postmaster General and his

chief clerk ; the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department and deputy postmasters.

By an act of Congress, approved July 29th, 1861, letters written or sent by any officer, musician or private in the army, may be transmitted through the mails without prepayment of postage, provided said letters shall be endorsed with the name, etc., and shall be on account of the individual sending the same. A similar privilege is given to members of Congress. In both cases, the postage is paid by the persons receiving the letters.

Deaths in the Confederate Army.—The number of deaths in the Confederate army reported to the Second Auditor's office at Richmond up to the 31st of December, 1863, is 57,895, distributed among the States as follows:—Georgia, 9,504; Alabama, 8,987; North Carolina, 8,261; Texas, 6,377; Virginia, 5,943; Mississippi, 5,367; South Carolina, 4,511; Louisiana, 3,039; Arkansas, 1,948; Florida, 1,119.

POPULATION OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.

According to the Census of 1860.

States.	White.	Slaves.	Total.
Virginia,	1,097,373	495,826	1,593,100
North Carolina,	697,965	328,377	1,008,342
South Carolina,	308,186	407,185	715,371
Georgia,	615,336	467,461	1,082,797
Florida,	81,865	93,809	145,694
Alabama,	520,444	435,473	935,917
Mississippi,	407,551	497,607	887,158
Louisiana,	354,245	312,186	666,431
Arkansas,	331,710	109,665	440,775
Texas,	515,999	184,956	600,955
Tennessee,	859,528	287,112	1,146,040
Missouri,	1,185,590	155,619	1,145,567
Kentucky,	920,077	225,490	1,301,209
	<hr/> 7,895,869	<hr/> 3,960,166	<hr/> 11,669,956

POPULATION OF THE TERRITORIES.

Territories.	Population in 1850	Population in 1860.
New Mexico,	61,547	93,024
Arizona,		9,000

CONFEDERATE TREASURY NOTES.

For the following figures and statements, we are indebted to the politeness of the Register of the Treasury :

Statement of the issue of non-interest bearing Treasury Notes since the organization of the Confederate Government :

Fifty cents,	\$ 911,258 50
Ones,	4,882,000 00
Twos,	6,086,320 00
Fives,	79,090,315 00
Tens,	157,982,750 00
Twenties,	217,425,120 00
Fifties,	188,861,400 00
Hundreds,	318,038,200 00
Total,	\$973,277,363 50

Statement showing the amount of non-interest bearing Treasury Notes outstanding on 31st March, 1864 :

Act May 15 1861—Two year notes, ..	\$ 7,201,375 00
Act Aug. 19, 1861—General currency, ..	154,356,631 00
Act April 19, 1862—Ones and twos, ..	4,516,509 00
Act Oct. 13, 1862—General currency, ..	118,997,321 50
Act March 23, 1863—General currency, ..	511,182,566 50
Total,	\$796,254,403 00

From these two statements it appears that \$177,022,960 50 of the non-interest bearing issues have been redeemed and cancelled. This amount includes only such notes as have been regularly cancelled and destroyed in pursuance of warrants from the Treasury. There is always in the hands of the depositaries notes not yet reported for destruction. We have heard the amount thus held at present, apart from the four per cent. funding, estimated at ten millions.

There is but little doubt that the funding, east and west of the Mississippi, will amount to three hundred millions. The total issue outstanding March 31st is thereby reduced say to \$485,000,000. Of this, a considerable portion, probably a hundred millions, is in hundred dollar notes. Excluding these, we have \$385,000,000 left; of which, the issues of five dollars and under amount to \$90,969,898 50. Suppose \$85,000,000 of these are now in circulation, and we have for all others \$300,000,000, which the tax of one-third has reduced to \$200,000,000.- The total circulation at the present time, irrespective of the new issue, is, therefore, largely less than three hundred millions, and of this a considerable amount is always to be found in the hands of the disbursing officers and depositaries.

We have not included in the above any estimate of the amount of circulation lost or destroyed, and thereby gained to the Government. It is doubtless considerable.

The amount of currency which has been cancelled and destroyed (irrespective of the operation of the present currency law) is nearly twenty per cent. of the whole issue. If this reduction be applied to the five dollar notes, the amount of these in circulation would appear to be \$63,272,252.

THE AMENDED TAX LAW

The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact, That the first, second and third sections of the act to levy additional taxes for the common defense and support of the Government, approved seventeenth of February, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, be amended and re-enacted, so as to read as follows, to-wit :

Section 1. That, in addition to the taxes levied by the "act to lay taxes for the common defense, and to carry on the Government of the Confederate States," approved April 24, 1863, there shall be levied, from the 17th day of February, 1864, on the subjects of taxation hereinafter mentioned, and collected from every person, copartnership, association, or corporation, liable therefor, taxes as follows, to-wit :

1. Upon the value of all property, real, personal or mixed,

of every kind or description, not hereinafter exempted or taxed at a different rate, five per cent: Provided, That from the tax on the value of property employed in agriculture shall be deducted the value of the tax in kind derived therefrom during the same year, as assessed under the law imposing it, and delivered to the Government, whether delivered during the year or afterwards, including the bacon, deliverable after, and not prior to, the assessment of the tax on property employed in agriculture, as aforesaid: and the collection of the tax on such property shall be suspended after the assessment, under the order of the Secretary of the Treasury, until the value of the tithe to be deducted can be ascertained, and when so ascertained, it shall be the duty of the post quartermaster to certify, and of the district collector to deduct, the value of such tithe, and any balance found due may be paid in bonds and certificates therefor, authorized by the "act to reduce the currency and to authorize a new issue of notes and bonds," in like manner as other taxes, payable during the year: Provided, That no credit shall be allowed beyond five per cent.

II. On the value of gold and silverware and plate, jewels, jewelry and watches, ten per cent.

III. The value of property taxed under this section shall be assessed on the basis of the market value of the same, or similar property in the neighborhood where assessed, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty, except in cases where lands, slaves, cotton and tobacco have been purchased since 1st day of January, 1862, in which case the said lands, slaves, cotton and tobacco so purchased shall be assessed at the price actually paid for the same by the owner; Provided, That land purchased by refugees, and held and occupied by them for their own use and residence, shall be assessed according to its market value in the year 1860.

Sec. 2. The section second of an act entitled "an act to levy additional taxes for the common defense and support of the Government," approved 17th February, 1864, be, and the same is hereby repealed; and it is hereby declared, that all the property and assets of corporations, associations and joint stock companies, of every description, whether incor-

porated or not, shall be assessed and taxed in the same manner, and to the same extent, as the property and assets of individuals; the tax on such property and assets to be assessed against, and paid by, such corporations, associations and joint stock companies: Provided, That no bank or banking company shall be liable to pay a tax upon deposits of money to the credit of, and subject to the checks of others: Provided further, That the stock, shares or interests, representing property or assets in corporations or joint stock companies, or associations, shall not be assessed or taxed. And, provided further, That all property within the enemy's lines be, and the same is hereby exempted from all taxation so long as it remains in the enemy's lines.

Sec. 3. That paragraph one section three of an act entitled "An act to levy additional taxes for the common defense and support of the Government," approved 17th February, 1864, be, and the same is hereby, amended and re-enacted, so as to read as follows: Upon the amount of all gold and silver coin, gold dust, gold or silver bullion, moneys held abroad, or bills of exchange drawn therefor, promissory notes, rights, credits and securities, payable in foreign countries, five per cent. to be paid in specie, or Confederate treasury notes at their value, as compared with specie at the time the tax is payable; the relative value of specie and Confederate treasury notes, for the purpose of payment under this act, to be fixed by regulations to be prescribed by the commissioner of taxes, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 4. That section sixteen of the "act to amend an act entitled 'an act to lay taxes for the common defense and to carry on the Government of the Confederate States,' approved 17th February, 1864," be, and the same is hereby amended, so as to read as follows:

I. The income, property and money, other than Confederate treasury notes, of hospitals, asylums, churches, schools, colleges and other charitable institutions, shall be exempted from taxation under the provisions of this act, or any other law. The property of companies formed under the act en-

titled "an act to establish a volunteer navy," shall be exempt from taxation, except on the income.

II. That paragraph six, section seven, of the same act, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto as follows:

"If any person shall fail to make the return, as required by said section, of the income or profits taxed under any law of Congress, or in case of disagreement with the assessor to submit the same to referees, as provided by law, or shall fail or refuse to pay the tax thereon, within such time as shall be prescribed by public notice, by the district collector, under the direction of the Commissioner of Taxes, such person shall be deemed and held to be in default: Provided, That such person shall not be deemed or held to be in default, who may fail, or has failed to make payment, or due returns, in consequence of the presence or interference of the enemy, or the absence or neglect of the officers charged with the assessment and collection of taxes."

Sec. 5. That this act shall not be so construed as to subject to taxation corn, bacon and other agricultural products, which were produced in the year 1863, and in the possession of the producer on the 17th of February, 1864, and necessary for the support of himself and family during the present year, and from or on which taxes in kind have been deducted and delivered or paid.

Sec. 6. That section four, paragraphs one and two, of the act approved February 17, 1864, entitled "An act to levy additional taxes for the common defense and support of the Government," be so amended as to levy an additional tax of thirty per cent. upon the amount of all profits made by selling the articles mentioned in the said paragraphs, between the 17th day of February, 1864, and the first day of July next, which additional tax shall be collected under said act.

Sec. 7. That on all treasury notes of the old issue, of the denomination of five dollars, not exchanged for the new issue prior to the 1st day of January, 1865, and which may remain outstanding on that day, a tax of one hundred per cent. is hereby imposed.

Sec. 8. That section seven of an act entitled "An act to levy additional taxes for the common defense and support of the Government," approved 17th February, 1864, be, and the same is hereby repealed, and the following inserted in lieu thereof:

I. That the first section of the "Act to lay taxes for the common defense and to carry on the Government of the Confederate States," approved 24th April, 1863, is suspended for the year 1864.

II. In all cases where a tax is levied on income derived from property, real, personal and mixed of every description, on the amount or value of which an ad-valorem tax is laid, the ad-valorem tax shall be deducted from the income tax: Provided, That in no case shall less be paid than the ad valorem tax.

III. In the assessment of income derived from manufacturing or mining, there shall be deducted from the gross income or profits, the necessary annual repairs, not exceeding ten per cent. on the amount of the income derived therefrom. And, in addition to the deduction now allowed by law in the assessment of incomes derived from any source, the following shall be made, namely: The Confederate taxes actually paid by the owner on sales made by him, and the commissions actually paid by the consignor or shipper for selling, and in the production or manufacture of pig metal, or other iron, the cost of fuel.

Sec. 9. That all citizens of any one of the Confederate States, temporarily residing in another State, shall be liable to be assessed and taxed in the State or district in which he may temporarily reside, and it shall be the duty of all such who have not heretofore made return of their taxable property to the district assessor where they may temporarily reside, within thirty days after the passage of this act, to make such return, and any one liable to be assessed and taxed aforesaid; who shall fail or refuse, within the said period of thirty days to make such return shall be liable to all the pains and penalties imposed by the laws of the Confederate States in such case.

DIARY OF THE WAR.

(Continued from the Confederate States Almanac for 1864.)

1863.

Sept. 9-10. Battle of Little Rock, Ark. Gen. Price's army defeated by Gen. Steele after a desperate resistance—1000 Confederates captured, with a large amount of stores, &c. Federal loss, 90 killed and wounded; Confederate loss, 89 killed and wounded.

Sept. 9-10. The failure of Gen. Hindman to attack the Yankees at McLemore's Cove, Tenn. Successful manoeuvring of the enemy around Chattanooga.

Sept. 12. Bursting of the large English Blakely Gun at Charleston, S. C.

Sept. 12-13-14. Fighting near Culpepper Court House, Va. Confederates defeated with a loss of 55 killed and wounded. Gen. Stuart defeated at Brandy Station, Va.

Sept. 13. Skirmishing near Lafayette, Tenn.

Sept. 15. Fight at Enterprise, Mo.—Confederates defeated.

Sept. 16. Battle near Jonesboro, Tenn. Gen. Buikner defeats the Yankees and captures 300 prisoners. Skirmishing at Raccoon Ford, Va.—27 Yankees captured.

Sept. 17. Skirmishing at Ringgold, Ga.

Sept. 18-20. Fighting near Bristol, Tenn. The Confederates repulsed. The enemy occupy Bristol and commit great outrages in the city. Skirmishing continues in Virginia. Rosecrans fortifying Chattanooga; another great battle imminent.

Sept. 19-20. Battle of Chickamauga, Tenn. Gen. Bragg most signally defeats the Yankee army under Rosecrans. Yankee loss 2,299 killed, 15,280 wounded and 2,000 prisoners. The Confederates captured 38 cannon and nearly 19,000 small arms, with a large amount of stores, &c. Confederate loss 1,789 killed, 12,208 wounded, with 2,300 missing or captured. The Yankee forces numbered 75,000 infantry and 10,000 cavalry. The Confederate forces numbered 60,000 infantry and 5,000 cavalry.

Sept. 20. The Confederates, 1200 strong, under Gen. Tom Green, attacked a superior Federal force at Bayou Fordoche, La., near the mouth of Red river, killing 200 and capturing 400 prisoners.

Sept. 20. Fighting at Zollicoffer, Tenn.

Sept. 21. Minister Mason withdraws from his mission in England.

Sept. 21-22. Cavalry fight at Madison Court House, Va. Gen. Stuart defeats the Yankees, killing and wounding 92 and capturing 115. Confederate loss 87 killed and wounded.

Sept. 26. Gen. Wheeler makes a cavalry raid in the rear of Rosecrans's army, capturing many prisoners and destroying large amounts of Federal stores, wagon trains, &c.

Sept. 28. Capt. Beal's expedition on the Chesapeake Bay. He captures several Yankee vessels valued at \$50,000.

Sept. 30. Battle of Morganza, La. Gen. Greene surprises the Yankees, killed and wounded 180 and captured 460. Confederate loss, 22 killed and 89 wounded.

Sept. 30. Skirmishing near Brownsville, Miss. Gen. S. D. Lee routes the Yankee cavalry.

Sept 30. Francis J. Grund, of Philadelphia, died of apoplexy, caused by the demonstrations of a Democratic procession—Gen. Wheeler crossed the Tennessee at Cottonport.

Oct. 1. Fight at Fort Baxter, Cherokee nation. Gen. Quantrell repulsed with a loss of 7 killed and wounded. Gen. Quantrell afterwards encounters the Federal General Blount and escort, and kills nearly all the party—75 men.

Oct. 2. 1,000 prisoners, 800 negroes and 5,000 mules captured by Wheeler in Sequatchie Valley. Ould's letter to Meredith exposing the perfidy of the Yankees in the matter of the cartel.

Oct. 3. Wheeler captured McMinnyville. Three steamboats burned at St. Louis.

Oct. 4. A large force of Yankees, consisting of eleven regiments of cavalry with nine pieces of artillery advanced upon and burned Wyatt, Miss. Confederate cavalry maintained several skirmishes with the enemy for many miles. The contest at times severe.

Oct. 5. Richardson's cavalry fight at New Albany, Miss.

Wheeler captured a stockade 3 miles from Murfreesboro', and destroyed the railroad bridge near Wartrace. Coffee and Shelby took Greenfield, Dade co., Mo.

Oct. 5. Both armies still confronting each other in and near Chattanooga. The Federals still entrenching and fortifying their position. The Confederates also entrenching and occupying Lookout Mountain, commanding the river and railroad below and near Chattanooga. Rosecrans heavily reinforced by Burnside, Hooker and Sherman. Artillery firing continues on both sides. Gen. Wheeler's cavalry continue to harrass the enemy's rear. The reports of capture of enemy's supplies, unprecedented.

Oct. 6. Daring, but unsuccessful attempt of Lieutenants Glassell and Sullivan, to destroy the Monitor Ironsides, by a submarine Battery, in Charleston Harbor, 5 Confederates drowned. Lieut. Glassell rescued by the enemy.

Oct. 6. Ironsides crippled by a torpedo. Wheeler ran the enemy out of Shelbyville.

Oct. 7. Yankees routed by Chalmers near Lagrange, Tenn. Wheeler's fight at Farmington. Coffee and Shelby took Humanville.

Oct. 7-8. Gen. Chalmers defeats the Yankees at Salem, Miss., after a severe fight. Killing and wounding 94. Confederate loss 63 killed and wounded.

Oct. 7, 8, 9. Gen. Quantrill's operations in south-west Missouri. He attacks the Yankees at Fort Scott, killing and wounding 88 of the Yankees. Makes a Raid into Carthage, and burns part of the town, and destroys several Bridges on the Pacific Railroad.

Oct. 8. Dismissal by President Davis of all the British consuls in the Confederate States, in consequence of their interference in behalf of British subjects, enrolled under the conscription laws.

Oct. 10. President Davis, visits Bragg's Army in Tenn.

Oct. 10. Army in front of Chattanooga reviewed by the President. Meade's pickets captured at Robinson's river—Yankee raiding force defeated at Bible Ridge, near Greenville.

Oct. 10, 11. Battle near Greenville, Tenn. Confederates

defeated with a loss of 300 killed and wounded. Federal loss 470 killed and wounded. Skirmishing near Harpers Ferry, Va. Gen. Imboden routes the Yankees.

Oct. 10, 11, 12. Gen. Lee advances to Culpepper Court House, Va. Skirmishing continues—Fight at Brandy Station, Gen. Stuart routes the Yankees, and captures 320. Confederate loss in Stuart's fight 77 killed and wounded.

Oct. 11. Meade's cavalry driven across the Rappahannock—Yankee reconnoitering party captured in Charleston harbor. Fight at Richtown, East Tennessee; Confederates fell back to Zollicoffer.

Oct. 11. Gen. D. H. Hill, removed from the Army of Tennessee.

Oct. 11, 12. Gen. Chalmers attacks the enemy at Collierville, Miss. Confederates compelled to retire. A few Yankee prisoners were captured by the Confederates and their trains saved. Confederate loss 52 killed and wounded.

Oct. 12. A slave conspiracy discovered in Hancock county, Georgia.

Oct. 12. Battle of Warrenton Springs—Fight at Byhalia, Miss; Richardson fell back to Wyatt.

Oct. 13. Fight at Wyatt, closing Chalmers' series of operations, in which the enemy's loss summed up 40 killed, 115 wounded, and 150 prisoners.

Oct. 14. Confederate cavalry operations in the enemy's rear continue. Gen. Wheeler reports he crossed the river in the face of a division of the enemy at Cotton Port Ford, on the 30th, and proceeded in the direction of McMinnville, when after a sharp fight he captured a large train and 1,200 prisoners. The train was loaded with ammunition and other stores, and supposed to consist of 700 wagons, all which were burned. He then attacked McMinnville, capturing 530 prisoners, and another large train, destroyed several bridges, an engine and a train of cars. He then moved to Shelbyville where he captured a large amount of stores and burned them. Gen. Wheeler up to this date has destroyed an amount of wagons, stores, &c., which has no precedent in the annals of raiding.

Oct. 14. Heavy skirmishing continues on the Rappahan-

noek, Va., with varying success; the enemy generally retiring. Cavalry operations in Tennessee still continue. Gen. Williams meets with a severe reverse to the Confederate arms near Jonesboro', Tenn.

Oct. 14. A severe cavalry fight took place between the Confederates and Yankees, at Catlett's Station, Va.; Confederate loss about 300 killed and wounded. A Confederate brigade thrown into confusion by a sudden attack of the Yankees, and nine pieces of artillery lost. The enemy were finally repulsed by Gen. Stuart, with heavy loss.

Oct. 16. The Yankees routed at Tampa, Florida.

Oct. 16-17. Fighting near Brownsville, Miss. Yankees repulsed with a loss of 130 killed and wounded, Confederate loss 45 killed and wounded.

Oct. 18. Gen. Imboden surprises the Yankees at Charleston, Va., and captures the Garrison 434 Yankees. Confederate loss 25 killed and wounded.

Oct. 19. Gen. Rosecrans removed from the command of the Yankee Army in Tennessee. Gen. Grant sent in his place, with Gen. Thomas.

Oct. 19. Cavalry fight at Buckland, Va. Gen'l Stuart defeats the Yankees under Kilpatrick, and captures 200.

Oct. 20. Fighting near Philadelphia, Tenn., the Yankees routed, 100 killed and wounded, and 200 taken prisoners.

Oct. 21. The steamer Banshee, with a valuable cargo captured off Wilmington, by the blockading fleet. Fight at Tulip, Ark. Confederates defeated.

Oct. 21. Yankee reconnoitering party driven off from Fort Sumter—Steamer Mist captured and destroyed above Helena.

Oct. 22. Cavalry fighting at Tuscumbia, continuing till the 25th.

Oct. 23. Pass Christian, Miss., plundered, and women and children fired on by a gunboat; Confederate cavalry arrived towards the close, but retired.

Oct. 24. Troops at Mobile reviewed by the President.

Oct. 24. Gen'l Franklin's Yankee expedition from New Orleans arrives at New Iberia, La.

Oct. 25. Fight at Brandy Station, Va., the Yankees defeated.

Oct. 25. Fight at Pine Bluff, Ark., Gen. Marmaduke attacks the city, and is repulsed after a severe fight, with a loss of 190 killed and wounded, and 30 captured. Federal loss 63 killed and wounded.

Oct. 26. Fight at Warm Springs, N. C., four hundred Yankees whipped, and 30 killed and wounded.

Oct. 26. Cavalry fight at Bealton, Va., Col. Johnson defeats the Yankees. Confederate loss 43 killed and wounded.

Oct. 26-27. Yankee raid into North Alabama; they do considerable damage.

Oct. 27. The English Government takes possession of two Iron-clad Steamers, being built for the Confederates in England.

Oct. 28-29. Fighting in Lookout Valley, Tenn., Confederates defeated with a loss of 500 killed and wounded. Lookout Mountain captured by the Yankees. Terrible bombardment of Fort Sumter.

Nov. 2. Fight at Lawrenceburg, Tenn., 50 Confederates captured.

Nov. 2. Legislature of Mississippi met at Columbus—The President arrived at Charleston. Reconnoitering party at night driven off from before Fort Sumter.

Nov. 2-3. Battle of Bayou Barbeaux, Teche County, La., the Yankee General Washburne, defeated by General Greene, 600 Yankees captured.

Nov. 3. Gen. Banks' expedition from New Orleans, arrives at Brownsville, Texas, he occupies the city, the Confederates evacuating the place.

Nov. 3. Faulkner's attack on Mayfield, Ky.

Nov. 5. Memphis and Charleston Railroad track destroyed at Middleton. Longstreet marched for Knoxville.

Nov. 5. Col. Richardson's raid on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Confederate raid near Maysville, Ky.

Nov. 6. Battle of Droop Mountain, Va., the Confederates under Gen'l Echols defeated after a hard fight, with a loss of 230 killed and wounded.

The Dead of South Carolina.—W B. Johnston, Esq., of

South Carolina, who was appointed Agent to record the names of soldiers from that State who have fallen during the war, reports satisfactory progress. His report, made up to the 1st of November, shows an aggregate loss of 4,089 men of which number 2,239 fell in battle or died from wounds, and 1,850 from disease, including a few from accidental causes.

Nov. 7. Desperate fight at Kelly's Ford, Va., the Confederates surprised, and two Brigades captured, and 470 killed and wounded, Yankee loss 400 killed and wounded.

Nov. 7. Gen'l Jones defeats the Yankees at Rogersville Tenn., 843 Yankees captured with four pieces of Artillery Confederate loss 10 killed and wounded.

Nov. 9. The C. S. Steamers R. E. Lee, Cornubia, and others captured off Wilmington, by the Blockading fleet.

Nov. 10. Iuka destroyed by Confederates (a Yankee report.) Averill's forces repulsed by Imboden in front of Staunton, Va.

Nov. 12-13. Some excitement created at the North, by the reported exposition of a scheme to liberate the Confederate prisoners on Johnson Island, Lake Erie. The scheme was reported to originate from Confederate sympathizers in Canada.

Nov. 13. Longstreet crossed the Tennessee at Loudon.

Nov. 13-14. Gen'l Longstreet and Gen'l Wheeler advances on Knoxville, Tenn. he encounters, routes the enemy near Loudon, killing and wounding 137 Yankees, Confederate loss 70 killed and wounded—Gen'l Wheeler skirmishes with the enemy, captures 251 Yankees. The enemy driven into their entrenchments at Knoxville.

Nov. 14. Yankee General Hurlbut's order impressing all able-bodied citizens in West Tennessee.

Nov. 15. Meade repulsed in his attempt to cross the Rapidan.

Nov. 15. Skirmish at Mortons' Ford, Va., 40 Yankees captured.

Nov. 16. Battle of Campbell's Station, Tenn. General Burnside defeated by Gen'l Longstreet, and driven into Knoxville, 700 Yankees captured and 383 killed and wounded, Confederate loss 182 killed and wounded.

Nov. 16-18. Skirmishing in the Valley of Virginia. Yankees defeated at Mount Jackson.

Nov. 17. Gen'l Banks surprises, and captures the Confederate garrison at Aransas Pass, Texas, 104 men captured. Corpus Christi, Texas, occupied by the Yankees.

Nov. 18. Yankees surprised, and 175 captured near Stevensburg, Va. Fight at Germania Ford, Va., Yankees repulsed.

Nov. 18-19. Fighting at Knoxville, Tenn., Gen'l Longstreet invests the city. Skirmishing near Clarendon, Ark.

Nov. 19. Guerilla raid into Hickman, Ky., the raiders afterwards captured, and 60 killed and wounded.

Nov.—Col. Jo. Shelby makes official report to Gen'l Priece that he has arrived at Washington, Ark. safely, with his entire command, increased by 300 recruits, with as many more on the way to join him in a few days. Of his operations he says:

I have marched fifteen hundred miles; penetrated Missouri at Pineville; surprised and captured the Federal garrison at Neosho, four hundred strong, with everything they possessed; passed rapidly through Sarcouxie, Bower's Mills, Greenfield, Stockton, Humansville, Warsaw, Cole Camp, Florence, Tipton, Syracuse, Boonville, and thence to Marshall, Saline county, when I was attacked by Generals Brown and Ewing, with eight thousand troops. I fought them six hours fiercely, lost about 125 men in killed and wounded, expended nearly all my ammunition, and finally retreated in perfect order, with all my wagons and one piece of artillery.

I burned the Lamine bridge and six others on the same road, destroyed the track for thirty miles, and captured many prisoners. Also captured the Bank of Boonville with a large amount of money, and sacked the stores for the benefit of the troops, many of whom had been driven from their homes at this same place by the abolitionists.

Nov. 23-24. Gen'l Grant defeats the Confederates at Lookout Mountain, Tenn., Confederate loss 178 killed and wounded, and 400 captured. Gen'l Bragg retreats to Missionary Ridge.

Nov. 24. Gen'l Greene surprises a Yankee camp at Carrion Crow Bayou, West La., killing and capturing 500 Yankees.

Nov. 25. Battle at Missionary Ridge, Tenn. Generals Grant and Thomas with 85,000 men defeats the Confederates under Gen'l Bragg. The Confederate forces in the battle estimated to be 39,000 men, Confederate loss 383 killed, 1882 wounded, and 3000 missing and captured, together with 34 guns, and a large amount of stores, wagons, &c. Yankee loss 3800 killed and wounded, and 600 captured.

Nov. 25-26. Gen'l Mosby made a raid around the Yankee army in Va., and captured many prisoners.

Nov. 26. Two corps of Meade's army crossed the Rappahannock at Ellis' and other Fords. Confederate steamer Rappahannock sailed from Sheernees for Calais; seized by the French customs but released.

Nov. 27. Gen'l Bragg continues his retreat to Dalton, Geo. Gen'l Cleburne attacks the advance of the pursuing enemy at Tunnell Hill, Geo., and defeats them, killing and wounding 1,700 Yankees, and captured 280, Confederate loss 30 killed and 129 wounded.

Nov. 27. Battle near Ellis and Germania Fords, Va. Gen'l Ed. Johnson defeats the Yankees, destroys property and captures many prisoners. Confederate loss 479 killed and wounded, Yankee loss heavy.

Nov. 27. Gen'l Morgan with six members of his staff, make their escape from the Ohio Penitentiary at Columbus, Ohio.

Nov. 27. Grant's advance repulsed by Cleburne at Dalton with loss of 2000 men. Morgan and six of his officers escaped from their prison at Columbus, Ohio. Meade's advance repulsed.

Nov. 28. Gen'l Forrest leaves Okolona, Miss., for his new field of operations in East Tennessee.

Nov. 29. Camp in Meade's rear captured with 110 prisoners. Longstreet repulsed at Knoxville.

Nov. 29. Capt. Scott defeats a party of Yankee Cavalry at Plains Store, La., killing and wounding 17, Confederate loss none.

Nov. 29. A small Confederate party surprised and captured in Lee county, Va.

Nov. 29. Gen'l Bragg removed at his own request from the command of the Confederate Army in Tennessee and Georgia. Gen'l Hardee assumes command temporarily.

Nov. 29. Siege at Knoxville, Tenn., by Gen'l Longstreet. A desperate assault was made to-day on Fort Sanders, in which the Confederates met with a sad failure, in which 650 Confederates were killed and wounded, and 200 captured, Federal loss 170 killed and wounded.

Nov. 29-30. Skirmishing near Orange Court House, Va., 110 Yankees captured.

Specie and Bank Notes.—Specie seems to be advancing steadily as the article becomes scarcer in the market. We understand that \$16 is now the buying, and \$17 the selling, price for gold. Brokers pay \$12 for silver, and sell it at \$13. All Southern bank notes are bought by the brokers at \$2 75 to \$3, which they sell at \$3 25.—[Richmond Sentinel, 28th.

Nov. 30. Skirmishing between Lee and Meade at Mine Run. The enemy driven into Port Hudson with loss.

Dec. 1. Confederate Cavalry guard, at Loudow, Tenn., routed, and stores destroyed.

Dec. 1-2. Skirmishing continued near Orange Courthouse, Va. 250 Yankees captured on the Rapidan River—Gen. Meade with his army retreats from Orange Courthouse. The Yankee army retires from Ringgold, Ga., after setting fire to the town and committing many outrages.

Dec. 1-3. Gen. S. D. Lee makes a successful raid on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. He destroys the road and burns bridges, &c., drives the Yankees from Saulsbury and Lagrange; defeats them at Moscow and drives them across Wolf river, killing and drowning 270, and capturing 75. He assists Gen. Forrest and his command in East Tennessee. Confederate loss in the raid, 57 killed and wounded.

Dec. 2. Gen. Longstreet retires from the siege of Knoxville, Tenn., estimate of Confederate loss during the siege of

15 days, 2,300 killed and wounded, and prisoners. Federal loss 1,200 killed and wounded.

Dec. 3. Fight at Maynardsville, Tenn. Yankee defeat and many captured.

Dec.—The Federals continue to arrest Ladies in Baltimore, Md., for alleged disloyalty to the Yankee Government.

Dec. 6. Forrest entered Jackson, Tenn.

Dec. 7. Enemy's cavalry repulsed at Ringgold. Skirmishing on Clinch river.

Dec. 7. Fighting near Parrottsville, Tenn.

Dec. 7. Cavalry skirmishing near Ringgold, Geo.

Dec. 8. Daring enterprise at Sea. The Yankee Steamer Chesapeake, taken possession of by Confederate passengers.

Dec. 9. Capt. Everett returns from his raid in Kentucky—Capt. Peter M. Everett, of the 1st Battalion Mounted Rifles, recently made a raid into Kentucky, which, for daring and gallantry, has not been surpassed during the war.

He started with 220 men from Pound Gap, on the 25th ult., and arrived at Castle Woods, Va., on the 8th instant, with his entire command and 49 prisoners, having made the trip from Castle Woods to the heart of the Blue Grass regions of Kentucky and returned, capturing about 200 prisoners and killing and wounding about 60, remounting his command afresh, destroying nearly if not quite one million of dollars worth of stores, and making the enemy pay his expenses, in the space of 15 days, without losing a man in killed, wounded or captured, and bringing them all out in better condition than when he went into Kentucky.

Dec. 11. The siege of Charleston continues—A magazine in Fort Sumter accidentally exploded setting the Fort on fire, doing considerable damage, 11 killed and 41 wounded by the explosion.

Dec. 11-12. Guerrilla firing on Steamboats in Mississippi river continues.

Dec. 12. Captain Adams surprises a party of Yankees on Beouf River, La., killing 35 and captured 12

Dec. 12., The Yankees claim to have 68,000 negroes in arms in the field, and 106,000 in all employed in their Army.

Dec. 13. Fight at Greenbrier Bridge, Va., the Confederates under Gen'l Echols defeated.

Dec. —. Fight at Charles City Courthouse, Va. Seven Yankees killed and wounded and 100 captured.

Dec. 14. Battle at Bean's Station, Va. The enemy defeated by Gen. Longstreet, and 200 killed and wounded.—Confederate loss 185 killed and wounded.

Dec. 15. The Yankee journals of the 12th, say that according to Chase's figures, the estimates of the national debt will amount, by the 1st of July, 1864, to \$1,667,000,000, on the 1st of July, 1865, to \$2,250,000,000.

Dec. 16. The Yankees destroy the Salt Works on St. Andrew's Bay, Fla., and captures 100 negroes,

Dec. 16-18. Averill's raid in Va. He burns the Courthouse and Railroad depot at Salem—destroys bridges on the Va. and Tenn. Railroad.

Dec. 18. Gen. J. E. Johnson appointed to the command of the Confederate army in Tennessee and Georgia.

Dec. 18. Fight near Port Gibson, Cherokee County. Quantrill's band repulsed by the Yankees.

Dec. 19. The Yankee steamer Chesapeake recaptured.

Dec. 19. Fight with Averill's raiders near Jackson river, Va.—100 captured, their wagon trains destroyed. The main body of the raiders made good their escape.

Dec. 20. Gens. Kirby Smith and Price reported marching on Little Rock, Ark.

Dec. 21. Fight at Fayette, Miss. Wirt Adams repulsed the Yankees.

Dec. 22. Major White makes a dash on Cleveland, Tenn. dispersing the Yankees.

Dec. 25. A small party of Confederates routed in Ripley County, Mo.

Dec. 26. Gen. Rosser returns from a successful raid around Meade's army in Virginia.

Dec. 28. Gen. Wheeler's expedition to Charleston, Tenn. He has a narrow escape from being captured.

Dec. 29. The shelling of Charleston continues.

Dec. —. Gen. Forrest returns from East Tennessee. He crossed the Memphis and Charleston Railroad safely on the

27th, after several fights, in all of which he was successful. He defeated the 7th and 9th Illinois near Summerville, with heavy loss; captured Lafayette; drove the enemy into his works at Collierville; captured the wagon train of the 7th Illinois and sixty prisoners; fought the enemy, infantry and cavalry, at Jack's Creek, north of Jackson, Tenn., on the 22d and 23d, and drove them back.

1864.

Jan. 1-4. Skirmishing near Greenville, Miss. Col. Ross routes the Yankees.

Jan. 1-6. Col. Mosby has several skirmishes with the Yankees in Faquir County, Va. Gen. Jones defeats the Yankees near Cumberland Gap. Gen. Rosser captures a Yankee wagon train in Hardy county, Va. Gen. Wheeler defeated in an engagement near Charleston, Tenn.

Jan. 10. Major Mosby attacks a Yankee encampment at Loudon Heights, Va., and killed a large number of the enemy. Confederate loss 19 killed and wounded.

Jan. 12. Skirmishing at Strawberry Plains, Tenn.

Jan. 19. Major Day captures 67 Yankees at Virginia Spring, Tenn.

Jan. —. Gen. Roddy captures the Yankee garrison at Athens, Ala.

Jan. 23. Gen. Wirt Adams captures 35 Yankees at Tolarsville, Miss.

Jan. 26. Yankee raid on Lower Brandon, Va. Major Pickett made a brilliant assault on the Yankees near Newbern, N. C., killing and wounding 80 and capturing 260 of the enemy. Confederate loss 39 killed and wounded.

Jan. 27-28. Fighting at the French broad River, Va., 137 Confederates killed and wounded. The Yankees finally defeated by Gen. Martin.

Jan. —. Fight at Smithfield, Va. Yankees routed.

Jan. 29. Bombarding at Fort Sumter continued, 3 Confederates killed. Col. Rosser's raid on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad—he captures a large wagon train with stores, &c., destroys bridges, and captures 100 prisoners.

Jan. —. Fight near Jonesville, Lee county, Va. Gen. Jones captures a large amount of stores and 380 Yankee prisoners. Confederate loss 19 killed and wounded; Yankee loss 32 killed and wounded.

Jan. 30. Battle near New Creek, Va. Gen. Rosser killed and wounded 80 Yankees and captured 300.

Feb. 2-4. Sherman starts on his Mississippi raid from Vicksburg. Skirmishing near Canton and Jackson, the Confederates retire before the advance of the enemy.

Feb. 3. Gen. Picket attacks the Yankees at Batchellor's Creek, N. C.—killed and wounded 100 of the enemy, and captured 278. Confederate loss 47 killed and wounded.

Feb. 5. Third fall of Jackson, Miss. Confederates defeated with a loss of 73 killed and wounded. Sherman occupies Jackson.

Feb. 6. Yankees defeated at Morton's Ford, Va., with a loss of 27 killed and wounded. Confederate loss 24 killed and wounded and 26 captured.

Feb. 8. Battle at Vidalia, La. Brig. Gen. Polignac attacks the Yankee garrison, and drove the enemy to their gunboats; a large amount of stores captured. Sherman raiders arrive at Morton, Miss. Skirmishing on Johnson's Island, near Charleston.

Feb. 9. Col. Streight with 109 Yankee prisoners make their escape from Libby prison in Richmond, Va.

Feb. 10-11. Gen. Wise defeats the advance of the Yankees at Johnson's Island, S. C.

Feb. 14. Fight at Cedar Run Bridge, Va.—the Yankees routed with a loss of 22 killed and wounded. Gen. Forrest skirmishes with the Yankees near Panola, Miss.

Feb. 15. Gen. Ross defeats the Yankees near Yazoo river, Miss.

Feb. 16. Farragut's mortar fleet makes an attack on Fort Powell, Mobile Bay. Sherman's raid arrives at Enterprise, Miss.

Feb. 17. The Yankee war steamer Housatonic blown up by torpedo boat under command of Lieut. Dixon, near Charleston. Yankee cavalry at Desoto, Miss.—they destroy the railroad, &c.

Feb. 20. Battle of Oulustee, Fla. Gen. Finnegan most signally defeats and routes the Yankees after a heavy fight—Confederate loss 755 killed and wounded—Yankee loss 2300 killed and wounded. Fight near Cumberland Gap, Tenn. Gen. W. B. Jones defeats the Yankees and captures 260 prisoners—Confederate loss 11 killed and wounded.

Feb. 21-22, Battle at Prairie Mound, near Okaloosa, Miss. Gen. Forrest routes the Yankees, killing and wounding 300 and capturing 127 prisoners—Confederate loss 100 killed and wounded.

Feb. 23. Col. Mosby attacks a large Yankee force of cavalry near Drainsville, Va., killing and wounding 28 and capturing 71—Confederate loss 7 killed and wounded.

Feb. 24-25. Fighting near Dalton and Tunnel Hill, Ga. Yankees repulsed with heavy loss—Confederate loss 183 killed and wounded.

Feb. 28. The shelling of Charleston continues.

Feb. 28-March 1. Yankee raid under Kilpatrick around Richmond, Va.—the raiders repulsed and driven off by local defence troops. Yankee loss 47 killed and wounded and 350 captured—the Yankee General Dahlgreen killed. Confederate loss 22 killed and wounded.

Feb. 29-30. Skirmishing near Canton, Miss.—Jackson's cavalry pursues Sherman's retreating forces.

March 1. Skirmishing near Madison Court House, Va. 20 Confederates killed and wounded and several captured. Col. Anderson defeats the Yankees at Camp Finnegan, Fla. Confederate loss 11 killed and wounded.

March 1. Guerilla fight at Calfkill River, Tenn.—42 Yankees killed and wounded.

March 2. Sherman returns to Canton, Miss—Skirmishing continues near Canton. Sherman's loss was 200 killed and wounded in his raid through Mississippi.

March 4. Skirmish at Morristown, Tenn.; Yankees repulsed. Battle at Yazoo City, Miss.; the Yankee garrison captured, and 200 killed and wounded—Confederate loss 50 killed and wounded. Cavalry fight near Ringgold, Ga.

March 9. Fort Pilatka captured by the Yankees. The Yankees driven from Suffolk, N. C.

March —. Yankee expedition up the Ouchita River, La. The Confederates driven from Trinity and Harrison's Landing; several towns sacked and burned.

March 12. Gen. Grant made Commander-in-Chief of the Yankee army—Headquarters in Virginia.

March —. An expedition under Bailey and Maxwell captures two Yankee steamers in Chesapeake Bay.

March 14. The advance of Banks' army up Red River. Fort DeRussey captured; 200 Confederates taken prisoners.

March 15. Banks occupies Alexandria, La.

March —. Guerilla operations on the Southern Rivers continue successful.

March 20. The first exchanged prisoners since the resumption of the cartel, arrives in Richmond, Va.—they were received by President Davis and the people with great enthusiasm.

March 22. Fight on Bayou Rapides, La.

March 23. Gen. Steele moves from Little Rock, Ark. to effect a junction with Banks in Louisiana.

March 24. Gen. Forrest captures Union City, Tenn. and took 480 Yankee prisoners.

March —. A company of Yankee cavalry captured on the Kanawha River, Va.

March 25-26. Gen. Forrest's attack on Paducah, Ky.; captures 500 prisoners and destroys a large amount of Yankee property—Confederate loss at Paducah and Union City was 25 killed and wounded. Yankee loss at Paducah 82 killed and wounded.

March 29. Yankees routed at Bolivar, Tenn., 30 killed and wounded.

April 1. Yankee plantations destroyed on the Yazoo river, Miss., by Col. Ross.

April 1. Fight near Spoonville, Ark. Gen. Shelby checks the advance of Steele's forces.

April 2. Jacksonville, Fla., occupied by the Yankees. Several Yankee boats destroyed by torpedoes in the St. John's River, Fla.

April —. Skirmish between Marmaduke and Steele at Elkins Ferry, Ark.

April 7. The Yankees defeated by Col. Powers at Plain's Store, La., 80 of the enemy killed and wounded, and 20 captured.

April 8-9-10. Battles of Pleasant Hill and Mansfield, La. Bank's army defeated by Taylor and Kirby Smith. Confederate loss 2,200 killed and wounded; Yankee loss 9,000 killed and wounded. Gen. Mouton of Louisiana killed.

April 9. Exploit of Hunter Davidson. He gets amongst the Yankee fleet at Fortress Monroe and explodes a torpedo under the Minnesota, doing great damage to the vessel.

April 11. Confederates repulsed in an attack on Roseville, Ark.

April 12. The capture of Fort Pillow, Tenn., by Gen. Forrest; 556 Yankees (negroes and whites) killed and wounded; Confederate loss 82 killed and wounded.

April 12. Attack on the Yankee gunboat fleet in Red River, La. Gen. Thomas Green killed.

April 12-14. Skirmishing continues in Arkansas, near Ouchita River. Steele's forces repulsed by Marmaduke and Shelby.

April 13. Skirmishing near Benton, Ga.; 35 Yankees captured by Gen. Wheeler.

April 14-15. Skirmish near Grand Ecore, La.

April 15. Second attack on Paducah, Ky., by the Confederates.

April 15. Yankee raiding party in Matthews county, Va. Skirmish at Bristow Station, Va.; 30 Yankees captured.

April 16-17. Fighting near Newbern, N. C.; Yankees repulsed.

April 18. Yankee wagon trains captured near Camden, Ark. Steele commences his retreat from the Ouchita River pursued by Gen. Price.

April 18-20. Battle and capture of Plymouth, N. Car. Gen. Hoke defeats the Yankees, capturing 2,500 prisoners, 30 cannon, &c. Commander Cooke drives off the Yankee gunboats, disabling three. Confederate loss 300 killed and wounded. Banks driven into Alexandria, La., by Taylor.

April 19. Fight at Hainesville, Ky.; Confederates defeated.

April 22. Wirt Adams captures a Yankee gunboat on the Yazoo River, Miss. Guerilla fighting continues in Mississippi and Louisiana.

April 22-24. Col. Mosby has several skirmishes with the Yankees near Leesburg, Va.

April 23. Col. Ross makes a dash on the Yankees near Tunnel Hill, Ga., and kills 15 of the enemy.

April 25. Price's pursuit of Steele continues in Ark.—Gen. E. A. Jackson defeats the Yankees at Carter's Station, Tenn., killing 27 of the enemy.

April 29. Skirmishing near Augusta, Ark. A large amount of stores captured from the Yankees.

April 30. The Yankees evacuate Washington, N. C., after destroying the town.

"THE BLOODY MAY," 1864.

May 1. Skirmishing near Tunnell Hill, Ga. The advance of Sherman's army commences.

May 2. Col. Scott routes the Yankees at Olive Branch Church, La., killing and wounding 47 of the enemy.

May 3. Gen'l Majors captures a gunboat and 300 prisoners on Red River, La. Fight near Bolivar, Tenn., Gen'l Forrest repulses an attack of the Yankees; Major Strange wounded.

May 3-4. Two Yankee gunboats captured, and three disabled, by batteries on Red River, La. 300 prisoners captured from Yankee transports.

May 4. Grant's Yankee army crosses the Rapidan river, Va., preparatory to making an attack on Lee's army.

May 5. Successful exploit of the Confederate gunboat Raleigh, under Commander J. M. Cooke, attacks the Yankee fleet near Wilmington; one Yankee war vessel sunk and three disabled.

May 5-6. The battles of the Wilderness, Va. Fighting commenced on the 5th; the enemy held in check; Gen'l Stafford killed. The great battle took place on the 6th, in which Grant was repulsed with great loss. Confederate loss 1000 killed and wounded, and 1500 captured. Brig. Gens

Jones, Jennings and Jenkins killed. Gen'l Longstreet wounded. Butler's forces and gunboats advance up the James River.

May 6. Two Yankee gunboats with 150 prisoners captured at Calcasieu Pass, La., by Col. Griffin.

May 6-7. Grant retires towards Fredricksburg, and skirmishing continues. Gen. Roddy makes a dash on Florence, Ala., and captures 45 Yankees. Butler lands his forces at Bermuda Hundreds.

May 8. Fight at Dug Gap, Geo. The advance of Sherman's army in Georgia. Fight at Spottsylvania Court House, Va.; Yankees defeated with heavy loss. Skirmish near Port Walthal, Va.

May 8-9. Great battle at Port Walthal Junction, near Petersburg, Va., lasting two days. Beauregard defeats Butler. Three Yankee gunboats disabled near Drury's Bluff, Va.

May 9. Successful exploit of the sloop of war Albermarle, under Commander Cooke; he attacks the Yankee gunboats in Albermarle Sound, North Carolina. 9 of the enemy's boats disabled.

May 9. The siege of Charleston continues. Yankee steamer blown up by torpedoes, in St. John's river, Fla.

May 9-10. Averill's raid in Western Virginia. Gen'l Morgan defeats the raiders. Battle of Cloyd's mountain near Wytheville; Confederate loss 52 killed and 200 wounded; enemy lost 480 killed and wounded.

May 10-11-12. Fighting continued in Georgia. The Yankees repulsed at Rocky-face Ridge and Mill Creek Gap, after some desperate fighting. Yankee loss estimated at 2,310 killed, and 5,306 wounded. Gen'l Johnston retires from Dalton.

May 10. Skirmishing near Drewry's Bluff, Va.

May 10. Fighting at Spottsylvania Court House; Grant again repulsed with heavy loss.

May 10-11. The great cavalry raid near Richmond, under Gen'l Sheridan. General Stuart defeats the raiders near Yellow Tavern. Stuart mortally wounded at Chester Station.

May 12. Battle of Spottsylvania Court House, Va. The

Yankees defeated with heavy loss. Gen'l E. Johnson, with 1500 Confederates captured by the enemy. Grant's losses up to the present time, estimated at 45,000 killed and wounded. Confederate losses 17,000 killed and wounded. Cavalry fighting continued near Richmond, Gen'l Gordon wounded. Major Gen'l J. E. Stuart died in Richmond.

May 12-13. Skirmishing near Port Walthall continued. Cavalry fighting near Richmond. Sheridan's forces driven off. Butler makes night assaults on Beauregard, and is defeated.

May 13-14. The Yankee raid under Speare's on the railroad south of Petersburg. They do considerable damage. The Yankees succeed in getting their gunboats and transports over the falls at Alexandria, La. Banks with the remnant of his army evacuates Alexandria, after firing the town. Gen'l Taylor pursues Banks and greatly harasses his retreat.

May 14. Cavalry fight near Fredricksburg, Va.; Yankees routed.

May 14-15-16. Battles of the Oostanalau or Resaca, Geo., desperate fighting between the main forces of Sherman's and Johnson's armies. The Yankees repulsed with a loss of 4,800 killed and wounded. Confederate loss 2000 killed and wounded.

May 15. Col. Powell attacks the Yankees at Springhill Landing, Miss. river, and captured 40 of the enemy. Fighting near Rome, Geo. Gen'l Johnston retires. Battle near New Market in Western Virginia. Breckenridge most signally defeats the Yankees under Seigle, and puts him to flight.

May 15. Col. Scott makes a dash upon a Yankee plantation near Port Hudson, La.; several negroes killed.

May 15-16. Fighting near Drewry's Bluff. Beauregard defeats Butler, and drives him from his entrenchments 2000 of the enemy left dead on the field, and 1500 captured.

May 16. Scott's batteries on the Miss. river damage passing steamers.

May 16-18. Gen'l Taylor pursues Banks' retreating army; fighting takes place at Avoyelles Prairie and Yellow Bluff, La. The Confederates repulsed at the latter place. Banks succeeds in escaping across the Atchafalaya.

May 17-18-19. Beauregard continues to press Butler near Port Walthall. Confederate loss in the last four days fighting 18 killed and 162 wounded.

May 18. Brig. Gen'l Gordon died in Richmond.

May 18-19. Fighting in Virginia, severe battle near Guinea's Station. Confederate loss 70 killed, 150 wounded.

May 20. Sheridan's Yankee raiders defeated near Hanover Court House, Va. Fight near Holly Springs, Miss., 12 Yankees killed and 5 captured, by a small force under Captains Rody and W. H. Forrest. Battle near Bermuda Hundreds, Va. The Yankees driven from their defenses by W. D. Hill's forces. Gen'l W. S. Walker captured by the enemy. Fighting in Georgia. Battle near Etowah Bridge. Johnston retreats across the Etowah river.

May 21. A night attack on Beauregard near Port Walthall; in which the Yankees were severely defeated.

May 24. Gen'l Wheeler attacks the Yankees at Cassville, Geo., and captures 200 prisoners, with 100 wagons, stores, &c.

May 24. Fighting in Virginia. Mahone repulses three regiments of Yankees and captures several prisoners. Fight in Charles City County. Fitz Lee's cavalry defeated with a loss of 30 killed and wounded. Grant crosses the North Anna river.

May 25-6. Fighting near Dallas, Ga. A severe engagement took place near New Hope Church, in which the Yankees were routed. Yankee gunboat fleet repulsed in the Ashpoo river.

May 27. Yankee raid near Courtland, Ala. Col. Pickett's forces repulsed by the Yankees. Gen'l Roddy afterwards attacks and defeated them. Gen'l Marmaduke erects batteries at Gaines' Landing, Mississippi river, and interrupts the navigation of the river.

May 27-8. Skirmishing continues in Georgia. General Cleburne routs the enemy after a hard fight. 700 Yankees left dead on the field and 200 captured; Confederate loss 200 killed and wounded. Cavalry fight at Hanover town, Va. Confederates defeated and 100 captured.

May 28-9. Fighting continues in Virginia. Cavalry

fight at Hanover town. Confederates defeated, 100 captured.

May 29. Fight near Moulton, Ala. Gen'l Roddy defeated by a superior force of the enemy. Confederate loss 20 killed and wounded.

May 30. Yankees repulsed at Bethel Church, Va. Confederate loss 50 killed and 300 wounded.

May 31. Fight near Morganza, La.

The month of May, which has just closed, might be termed "bloody May." The terrible and unprecedented carnage in Virginia, Georgia, and other portions of the Confederacy where the opposing armies have met, would seem to give it that designation. A friend, who has taken the trouble to make a rough estimate of the killed in battle since the first of May, has given his calculation :

In Virginia—Yankees.....	30,000
In Virginia—Confederates.....	10,000—40,000
In Georgia—Yankees.....	12,000
In Georgia—Confederates.....	5,000—17,000
In the West—Yankees.....	9,000
In the West—Confederates.....	4,000—13,000

Total killed in May,.....70,000

Both armies suffered severely in the loss of officers. In Virginia alone, since the commencement of the long fight with Grant, we have lost nineteen Generals—seven killed, ten wounded and two captured. The names of the killed are Stuart, Jenkins, Stafford; Jones, Julius Daniel, Gordon of North Carolina, and Perrin of South Carolina. Those captured are Gen'l Edward Johnson and Gen'l Walker.

The Yankee loss in Generals is equally as large as ours: The New York Herald itself admits the following loss :

Killed—Maj. Gen. James E. Wadsworth, Maj. Gen. Sedgwick, Brig. Gen'l Haynes, Gen'l Webb, Gen. Taylor, Gen'l Bailey. Wounded—Gen'l John T. Owens, General T. G. Stevenson, Gen'l James C. Rice (since dead), Gen'l Getty, Gen'l Talbot (wounded in bowels), Gen'l Robinson (in leg). Captured—Gen'l Shaler, Gen'l Neal and General Heckman. Recapitulation—Killed, 5 ; Wounded, 6 ; Captured, 4. Total, 15.

June 1. Battle near Moorfield, Virginia, Seigel's forces routed, 100 of the enemy killed and wounded.

Yankees repulsed near Wainesboro' Virginia, by General Imboden. Lexington, Virginia, taken by Hooker and Averill. Confederates defeated.

June 1. Gen'l Marmaduke's Batteries at Greenville Mississippi River, engages the Yankee Gunboats. Yankee raid near Ashland, Virginia. Gen'l W. H. F. Lee routes the enemy, and captures many prisoners. Confederate loss 75 killed and wounded. Skirmishing continues in Va. and Ga.

June—Yankees defeated at Baldwin, Fla.

June 2. Fighting near Gaines' Mill, Va., General Lee repulses the Yankees with great slaughter. General Early drove a large division of the enemy from their entrenchments and captured 600. Gen'l Doles of Georgia killed.

Fight at Ware Bottom Church, Virginia. The Yankees driven from the field and one hundred captured.

June 3. Daring and successful enterprise. The Yankee Steamer Water Witch burned and captured, near Savannah, Georgia. Confederate loss 5 killed and 18 wounded.

June 4. Heavy fighting continues in Virginia. Grant's assaults repulsed.

June 5. Battle of New Hope, near Staunton, Virginia. Confederates defeated with a loss of 450 killed and wounded, and 600 captured. Gen'l W. E. Jones killed. Staunton occupied by the enemy, on the 6th inst.

June 6. Skirmishing in Georgia. The Yankees take possession of Big Shanty Station.

June—Fight near Greenville, Tennessee. 11 Confederates killed. Skirmishing in Florida. Two companies of Yankees were captured near St. Augustine.

June 6. Battle at Columbia, Arkansas. Marmaduke repulsed by Gen'l A. J. Smith. The town partly destroyed by the enemy. Yankee loss 24 killed and 79 wounded.

June 6. Marmaduke continues to interrupt the Yankee navigation on the Mississippi river.

June 9. A great Yankee raid under Kautz near Petersburg, Va. The enemy defeated and driven off. Confederate loss 9 killed and 30 wounded.

June 10. Battle of Tishomingo Creek, near Baldwin, Mississippi. General Forrest most signally routes the enemy and captures 2,000 prisoners. 250 wagons taken from the enemy. Confederate loss, 150 killed and 450 wounded. Yankee loss 11,200 killed and wounded. Fighting continues in Georgia. Iverson defeats the Yankee cavalry.

June 11. General Hampton defeats Sheridan's raiders near Louisa Court House, Va., and captures 500 prisoners. Confederates repulsed at Riddell's Shop, Va.

June 12. General Morgan defeated near Cynthiana, Ky., by Burbridge.

June 12. Grant changes his base and moves across the Chickahominy and James Rivers, and joins Butler near Petersburg.

June 16-17. Fighting continues in Georgia. Hooker makes a heavy assault on Cleburne's division and is repulsed with great slaughter. The siege of Charleston continues.

Fighting continues near Petersburg. Two attacks were made by the enemy on the entrenchments near the city. The enemy was repulsed and 200 prisoners captured. W. H. F. Lee's cavalry routes the Yankees near Malvern Hill, Virginia. Skirmishing near Lynchburg, Virginia. Averill's raiders defeated, Confederate loss 48 killed and wounded.

June 19. Naval fight between the Confederate Steamer Alabama and a Yankee War vessel Kearsage near Cherbourg, France. The Alabama sunk. Confederate loss, nine killed and twenty-one wounded, Capt. Semmes and part of his crew was saved by the English Yacht Deerhound.

June 19. Morgan's expedition into Kentucky. He captures Mt. Sterling, Paris and Lexington and defeats the Yankees at Cynthiana on the 11th inst., capturing 2,000 prisoners. Morgan returned to Abingdon on the 21st, having made a brilliant expedition through Kentucky, capturing and destroying immense supplies and transportation, and mounting his entire command at Lexington. He destroyed the railroads from Lexington to above Cynthiana, to Frankfort and Louisville. He visited Mt. Sterling, Lexington, Winchester, Georgetown, Frankfort, Cynthiana, Maysville, Paris and Flemingsburg; captured 2500 prisoners.

June 20-21. Fighting continued in Georgia. The Yankees repulsed.

June 22-23. Marmaduke has an engagement with the Yankees near the mouth of White River, Arkansas. Yankee raiders in North Carolina near Kingston. The enemy defeated at Cobbs' Mill. Hancock's Corps defeated near Petersburg by A. P. Hill. Mahone captured 480 Yankees.

June 22-23. Fighting continues in Georgia. W. H. F. Lee, defeats the Yankees at Dinwiddie Court House, Va.

June 25. Yankee raid on the Danville Rail Road. The enemy defeated at Staunton Bridge, 20 killed and wounded. Confederate loss, 30 killed and wounded.

June 24. Battle at LaFayette Georgia. General Pillow attacks the garrison and is repulsed after a hard fight. Confederate loss 78 killed and wounded. 80 Yankees captured.

June 28. Fighting in Georgia continues, a heavy assault was made on the Confederate position at Kennesaw Mountain in which the enemy lost three hundred killed and wounded. Yankee raid on Morgantown, N. C. Marmaduke blockades the White River, Arkansas, two Yankee gunboats captured.

June 30. Battle near Reams Station, Va. W. H. F. Lee defeats Wilson's raiders, capturing 1,200 prisoners. Skirmishing continues in Georgia and Virginia.

July 2. Gen'l Johnston retires from Kennesaw mountain, Ga. The enemy occupy Marietta; skirmishing continues.

July 2-3. Martinsburg, Va., captured by Early. The Yankee Seigel routed and driven from Harper's Ferry; a large number of the enemy captured.

July 2-4. Fighting on James Island, near Charleston. The advance force of the Yankees repulsed and driven back. Attack on Fort Johnson; the enemy defeated and 104 captured.

July 4-5. The invasion of Maryland by Early. He defeats the Yankees at Leestown, and occupies Hagerstown.

July 4-5. Skirmishing continues near Petersburg, Va. Skirmishing takes place with Yankee raiders near Jackson, Mississippi.

July 5. Yankee raiders arrive in Jackson, Miss., they destroy the railroad bridge. Fight on Coleman's plantation, near Rodney, Miss. Yankee raiders repulsed by Col. Wood.

July 7. Early advances on Baltimore, Md. Fighting near Frederick.

July 7-9. Fighting on Johns' Island, S. C., the enemy routed and driven from the Island. Johnston crosses the Chattahoochee.

July 8-9. Battle near Clinton, Miss. The enemy repulsed by Gen'l Gholson. Confederate loss 130 killed and wounded.

July 10. Battle near the Monocacy river, Maryland. Gen'l Early defeats the Yankees under Wallace. The Governors of Pennsylvania and Maryland call out troops to repel the Confederate invasion.

July 12. Fitz Lees' cavalry repulses an attack of the Yankees near Lee's Mill, Va.; 37 Yankees captured.

July 12-13. The Confederates advance on Washington City. Skirmishing continues. Fighting on the Chattahoochee river, Ga. The Confederates destroy the railroad between Baltimore and Washington; Yankee property destroyed.

July 12-16. Yankee raid under Rosseau, through Alabama; they destroy factories and railroad depots. Skirmishing with the enemy takes place near Talladega. State troops repulsed.

July 13-14-15. Battle of Harrisburg or Tupelo. Gens. Lee and Forrest repulsed the Yankees under A. J. Smith after a severe battle. Confederate loss 1,473 killed and wounded.

July 17. Gen'l J. E. Johnston succeeded by Gen. Hood, in command of the army of Tennessee.

July 18. Fight at Chehaw, Ala. Rosseau's Yankee raiders defeat the State troops under Clanton. Confederate loss 7 killed and 145 wounded. The raiders destroy depots on the Montgomery and West Point Railroad, and make good their escape.

July 19-20. Fighting continues near Atlanta, Ga., 150

Yankees captured. A. G. Trenholm of Charleston, appointed Secretary of Treasury, in place of Memminger, who resigned.

July 22. Second successful attack on Vidalia, La., by Gen'l Polignac, 700 negroes captured, and several killed.

July 20-23. Yankee raid on the Georgia Central Railroad east of Atlanta, great damage done. Depots burned and road destroyed.

July 25. Fighting continues around Atlanta. The enemy shell the city, several persons killed and wounded in the city.

July 21. Battle at Atlanta, Ga., the enemy signally repulsed, 2,000 captured. Major Gen'l Walker killed. A force of Yankees from Pensacola attempt a raid on the Mobile and Montgomery Railroad, the raiders driven back. Guerilla warfare continues in Missouri, Kentucky and Kansas. Gen'l Marmaduke's batteries blockade the Arkansas and White rivers. Yankees routed near Helena, Arkansas. Henderson, Ky., attacked by Guerillas.

July 24. Battle at Kearnstown, Va. Gen'l Early defeats the Yankees under Crook and Averill.

July 30. The siege of Petersburg continues. Severe battle took place near the city in which the enemy was repulsed. Confederate loss 1,200 killed and wounded. Yankee loss 3,000 killed and wounded, and 500 captured. Fighting at Atlanta continues. Stoneman's raid on the Macon and Western railroad. Battle near Macon, Ga. The raiders defeated and put to route, Confederate loss in the battle 7 killed and 38 wounded. Fight at Newnan, Ga. Yankee raiders defeated, 700 captured.

July 30. The enemy explode a mine at Petersburg, Va., 5,000 Yankees killed and wounded. Confederates invade Pennsylvania. Chambersburg burned.

July 31. Fight at Clinton, Ga. Stoneman and 1,500 of his raiders captured. Battle near Fort Smith, Ark.

Aug. 4-5. The invasion of Pennsylvania by Early. Chambersburg burned by McCausland's forces. Fighting continues at Atlanta.

Aug. 5. Naval battle in Mobile Bay, the Yankee fleet of

18 war vessels under Commodore Farragut run in by Fort Morgan, and attack the Confederate fleet of one iron clad and three wooden vessels, the Confederates defeated after a gallant fight, the Tennessee with Admiral Buchanan captured. Yankee loss 270 men killed and wounded, 2 iron clads sunk, and 3 vessels disabled. Fort Powell, Mobile bay, evacuated.

Aug. 6. Col. Scott captures 100 Yankees near Baton Rouge, La.

Aug. 7. Fort Gaines (garrison of 600 men) surrendered to the Yankees. Battle near Moorfield, Va., the Confederates defeated and 300 captured, by Averill. Yankee raids in Florida. The Confederates retire from Pennsylvania.

Aug. 8-9. Fighting near Abbeville, Miss. Forrest engages Smith's forces. Terrific explosion of a Yankee ammunition barge at City Point, Va., 130 killed and wounded.

Aug. 13. Col. Mosby captures a large wagon train from the Yankees near Winchester, Va., and routes a force of the enemy.

Aug. 13-14. The siege of Atlanta continues. Yankee raids on the Georgia Railroad around Atlanta.

Aug. 16. Battle at White's Tavern, near Richmond, Va. The Yankees routed after a hard fight. The Confederate Gens. Girardy and Chambliss killed.

Aug. 17-18. Heavy fighting takes place at Atlanta.

Aug. 18-19. Skirmishing on the Weldon Railroad, near Petersburg, Va. Yankees repulsed and 800 captured. Wheeler's raids in rear of Sherman's army. He defeats the enemy near Dalton, Ga., destroys the Railroad, &c. Yankee raiders defeated at Gainesville, Fla., and 150 captured. Kilpatrick's raid on the Macon Railroad, Ga., on the 20th inst., he was defeated, and most of his forces captured.

Aug. 16. Cavalry fight at Graysville, Tenn., the Yankees routed, Col. Streight killed. Early defeats part of Sheridan's forces near Front Royal, Va.

Aug. 21. Forrest's attack on Memphis, Tenn. He enters the city and engages the garrison, and captures 300 prisoners. Confederate loss 32 killed and wounded.

Aug. 23. Smith's Yankee forces retreat from Mississip-

pi, they burn the town of Oxford. Fort Morgan, Mobile Bay, surrendered after a severe bombardment.

Aug. 25. Gen'l Hill most signally defeats the Yankees on the Weldon Railroad, near Petersburg, capturing 2,000 prisoners. Col. Scott defeats the Yankees near Clinton, La. Skirmishing continues near Petersburg, 56 Yankees captured at Bermuda Hundreds.

Aug. 23. Gen'l Early engages the Yankees at Leesstown, Va., routing the enemy. Confederate attack on Athens, Ala., repulsed.

Aug. 27. Battle near Sheppardstown, Va., Yankees repulsed.

Aug. 20. Fight near Paris, Tenn. Confederates defeated, Col. A. R. Johnson killed.

Aug. 9. Fight at Point Isabel, Texas, the Yankees defeated. The Yankees evacuate Brownsville, Texas.

Aug. 29. Wheeler routes the Yankees at Franklin, Ala.

Aug. 31.—Sept. 1. Battle at Jonesboro', Ga., Confederates repulsed.

Sept. 2. Atlanta evacuated by Hood's army. Sherman occupies the city soon after.

Sept. 4. Gen'l Morgan and Staff surprised and killed by the enemy of Greenville, Tenn. The siege of Petersburg continues.

Sept 3-4. Fighting at Wooley Springs, Ala.

Sept. 10-11. Shelby defeats the Yankees at Little Rock, Ark. Heavy Skirmishing at Petersburg, Va.

Sept. 12. A truce of ten days between Hood and Sherman's armies near Atlanta.

Sept. 12. Cavalry fight at Winchester Turnpike, Va., 130 Confederates captured.

Sept. 15. Price advances on St. Louis, Mo. Pilot Knob occupied by the Confederates.

Sept. 16. Gen'l Hampton's raid in rear of Grant's army. He captures 2,500 head of cattle, and 300 Yankees. The enemy attack Hampton at Deep Bottom and are repulsed.

Sept. 18. Fight at Bleacher's Mill, Va., Gen'l Hampton defeats the Yankee cavalry.

Sept. 19. Battle near Winchester, Va. Gen'l Early de-

feated by Sheridan, Gens. Rhodes and Goodwin of Alabama killed.

Sept. 19. Wheeler's expedition in rear of Sherman's army. He destroys Railroad bridges, &c.

Sept. 21. The siege at Petersburg continues, skirmish near the city. The siege at Charleston continues.

Sept. 23. Gen'l Forrest captures the garrison at Athens, Ala., after a brisk fight, 600 negroes captured.

Sept. 22. Battle at Fisher's Hill, Va. Gen'l Early defeated by Sheridan. Fight at Powder Mills, Mo., Shelby repulses the State troops. Price advances into Missouri. Yankee wagon train captured at Bloomfield, Mo.

Sept. 24. Gen'l Price defeats the Yankees under Ewing at Arcadia Valley, Missouri.

Sept. 25. Battle at New Market, near Port Republic, Va. Early repulses an attack of the enemy. Forrest captures the garrison at Sulphur Springs, Ala.

Sept. 27. Fight at Wier's Cave, Va., Yankees repulsed by Early's cavalry.

Sept. 28. Hood advances in the rear of Atlanta. Heavy skirmishing continues at Petersburg. Fort Harrison captured by the Yankees.

Sept. 27. President Davis visits Hood's army. Fight at Pilot Knob, Mo.

Sept. 29. Shelby and Price operating successfully in Missouri.

Sept. 30, and Oct. 1. Fighting near Richmond, Va., Yankees repulsed and 1200 captured. Confederate assault on Battery Harrison repulsed with severe loss.

Oct. 1-2. Hood moves his army round Atlanta and occupies New Hope Church, north of Atlanta.

Oct. 2-3. Forrest and Wheeler's successful raids in northern Ala., and Georgia, they capture Yankee garrisons, destroy Railroads, &c.

Oct. 2. Fight at Saltville, Va., Gen'l Echols routes the Yankees. Gen'l Hardee relieved at his own request, from his command in the Army of Tennessee, and sent to Charleston.

Oct. 5. Confederates attack the Yankee garrison at Al-

toona, Ga., and were repulsed with considerable loss. Beauregard assigned to the command of the Army of Tennessee, and all Confederate forces east of the Mississippi river.

Oct. 6-8. Yankee raid in Eastern Louisiana, Confederate Cavalry defeated by the raiders at Clinton and Jackson, La.

Oct. 7. Battle of Darbytown, near Richmond, Va., Yankees defeated, 300 captured. Gen'l Gregg of Texas, killed. Mosby's raid on the Manassas Gap Railroad; Yankees routed and 50 captured, stores destroyed, &c.

Oct. 9. Skirmishing near Cherokee, Ala. Forrest falls back to Florence. Col. Kelly repulses the Yankees near Tennessee river.

Oct. 8. Cavalry fight at Edinburg, Va. Yankees repulsed.

Oct. 8. Gen'l Vaughan routes the Yankees from Rogersville, East Tennessee.

Oct. 9. Cavalry fight in the Valley of Virginia, the Confederates defeated.

Oct. 10. Gen'l Price's invasion of Missouri, he advances on Jefferson City, destroys bridges on the line of the Pacific Railroad, &c.

Oct. 12. The Yankees keep up the Bombardment of Charleston, S. C., this being the four hundred and sixty first day of the siege. Cavalry fight at Greenville, Va., the Yankees routed with severe loss.

Oct. 13. Battle on the Darbytown road near Richmond, Va., the Yankees repulsed after a sharp fight.

Oct. 12-13. Fighting in the Valley of Virginia. Sheridan retreats down the Valley pursued by Early. Chief Justice R. B. Taney of U. S. Supreme Court died in Washington City.

Oct. 13-14. Hood's successful advance into Northern Georgia, he captures the garrison at Dalton. Cavalry fight near Rome, Georgia, Confederates repulsed.

Oct. 13. Fight near Milton, Florida, the Yankees defeated with a loss of 40 killed and wounded. Grant massing his forces near Richmond, a great battle expected before Richmond. Battle expected between Hood and Sherman in Northern Georgia.

**NAMES AND DATES OF BATTLES, SKIRMISHES AND
ENGAGEMENTS, WITH THE NUMBER OF KILL-
ED, WOUNDED AND PRISONERS, FOR
THE YEARS 1861, 1862 and 1863.**

CONFEDERATE VICTORIES.

Battles, Skirmishes and Engagements.	Date.	Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.	Confed. Captured.	Federals Killed.	Federals Wounded.	Federals Captured.
1861							
Evacuation of San Antonio.	February	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	250
Surrender of Fort Brown.	March	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	100
Fort Sumter.	April	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Surrender of Fort Bliss.	April	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	100
Surrender at Indianola.	April	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	600
Sewell Point.	May	19	.....	.....	6	10	.....
Fairfax Court House.	May	81	1	2	6	4	6
Acquia Creek.	June	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pig's Point.	June	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Great Bethel.	June	10	1	7	150	250	.....
Vienna.	June	18	.....	.....	50	100	.....
Kansas City.	June	17	15	80	5	150	150
New Creek.	June	19	.....	.....	8	6	.....
Romney.	June	26	2	1	15	.....	.....
Mathias Point.	June	27	.....	1	6	10	.....
Hainesville.	July	4	2	12	16	45	53
Carthage.	July	5	70	200	800	200	.....
Scary Creek.	July	17	8	1	50	100	.....
Bull Run.	July	18	55	95	5	197	200
Manassas.	July	21	869	1483	1000	2200	1000
Mesilla.	July	25	.....	.....	82	.....	600
Fort Stanton.	July	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	750
Oak Hill.	August	10	265	800	30	1000	1800
Mathias Point.	August	15	1	.....	.....	5	.....
Hawk's Nest.	August	20	.....	.....	22	8	.....
Charleston.	August	21	3	7	9	18	.....
Bailey's Cross Roads.	August	26	.....	.....	35	.....	72
Big Creek, Va.	September	3	.....	2	3	8	.....
Fort Scott.	September	7	.....	6	7	18	.....
Gauley, or Carnifax Ferry.	September	10	.....	20	150	250	.....
Lewinsville.	September	11	.....	.....	5	9	.....
Toney's Creek.	September	11	.....	.....	20	30	50
Blue Mills, Mo.	September	17	5	20	60	280	.....
Barboursville.	September	19	2	.....	50	.....	2
Lexington.	Sept 19-20-21	25	72	.....	89	120	3500
Alamogosa.	September	25	2	.....	80	.....	17
Steamer Fanny.	October	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	45
Greenbrier River.	October	3	7	33	10	150	.....
Chickamahcomico.	October	5	.....	.....	10	.....	32
Santa Rosa.	October	8-9	20	42	82	70	50
Mississippi Passes.	October	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bullver.	October	16	1	10	15	40	12
Leesburg.	October	21	86	118	2	475	835
Rock Castle Ford.	October	21	11	80	29	47	.....
Belmont.	November	7	105	419	117	473	627

CONFEDERATE VICTORIES—CONTINUED.

Battles, Skirmishes and Engagements.	Date.	Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.	Confed. Captured.	Federals Killed.	Federals Wounded.	Federals Captured.
1861							
Piketon,	November 8-9	11	20	7	220	97	.....
Guyandotte,	November 9	5	9	.....	43	57	118
Upton Hill,	November 16	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	30
Fall's Church,	November 18	1	2	.....	10	.....	26
Pensacola,	November 23	13	7	.....	11	23	.....
Near Vienna,	November 26	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	26
Annandale,	December 2	2	.....	.....	4	.....	15
Alleghany,	December 13	20	96	28	95	178	3
Woodsonville,	December 17	7	11	.....	29	42	.....
Gen. Price's Retreat,	Dec 17-18-19	5	19	200	15	60	.....
Chustenahlah,	December 26	18	32	.....	250	170	200
Skirmish on Green River,	December 28	2	3	.....	15	20	15
1862							
Port Royal River,	January 1	8	15	.....	17	9	.....
Middle Creek,	January 10	10	14	.....	200	230	.....
Near Boston, Ky,	January 22	.....	3	.....	8	5	.....
James Island,	January 27	5	8	.....	45	15	35
New Concord,	February 14	.....	.....	.....	5	9	.....
Near Galveston,	February 18	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
Near Savannah, Tenn. river	March 1	7	14	.....	22	45	.....
Near New Madrid,	March 1	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	20
New Creek, Va.,	March 6	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	40
Hampton Roads,	March 8-9	9	18	.....	250	.....	.....
Near Nashville,	March 9-9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60
Charleston,	March 8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17
St. Mary's River,	March 25	.....	.....	.....	40	16	.....
Warrenton, Va.,	March 15	6	108	.....	40	.....	100
Point Pleasant,	March 18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Valverde,	March 21	86	156	.....	280	300	500
Mosquito Inlet,	March 22	.....	.....	.....	9	15	.....
Kerntown,	March 23	93	163	230	275	460	24
Near Jefferson City,	March 27	3	.....	78	130	200	.....
Edisto Island,	March 29	.....	.....	.....	1	3	24
Rappahannock River,	March 29	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	29
Jacksonville,	March 31	4	1	.....	4	.....	3
Shiloh,	April 6-7	1728	8012	959	2335	7082	4044
Near Shiloh,	April 8	4	6	.....	50	200	48
East Tennessee,	April 6-7	.....	.....	.....	30	10	17
Skirmishing on Peninsula,	April 12-13	5	13	10	17	28	.....
Whitemarsh Island,	April 16	6	4	.....	8	12	.....
Lee's Farm,	April 16	30	55	.....	100	280	.....
South Mills,	April 19	18	50	.....	43	150	.....
Peninsula, Va.,	April 18	16	52	.....	49	78	.....
Logan County,	April 23	13	40	.....	15	39	.....
Pittsburg Landing,	April 23	.....	.....	.....	5	16	.....
Cumberland Gap,	April 23-29	27	61	.....	100	284	.....
Barhamville,	May 7	.....	.....	.....	174	255	.....
Williamsburg,	May 5	520	1100	.....	1000	2700	.....
McDowell's,	May 8	100	250	.....	175	255	.....
Farmington,	May 9	19	109	.....	82	100	.....
Parisburg,	May 10-11	5	17	.....	20	100	100
Pollocksville,	May 11	3	.....	4	10	.....	.....
Drury's Bluff,	May 15	7	8	.....	13	11	.....

CONFEDERATE VICTORIES—CONTINUED.

Battles, Skirmishes and Engagements.	Date.	Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.	Confed. Captured.	Federals Killed.	Federals Wounded.	Federals Captured.
	1862						
City Point,.....	May.....18	18	.....	.....	8	.....	9
Near Corinth,.....	May.....18-19-20	25	65	.....	32	120	.....
Near Warrenton,.....	May.....19	2	.....	.....	4	.....	.....
Searcy,.....	May.....18-19	5	11	.....	10	80	.....
St. Marks,.....	May.....20	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	.....
Front Royal,.....	May.....23-24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1470
Winchester,.....	May.....23-24	70	160	.....	91	270	.....
Garnett's Farm,.....	May.....23-24	25	80	.....	37	85	.....
Winchester,.....	May.....25	41	83	.....	50	200	800
Hanover Court House,.....	May.....26-27	90	232	.....	63	279	.....
Seven Pines,.....	May 31. June 1,	1087	2760	.....	2070	4800	550
Washington,.....	June.....2-5	3	4	.....	9	17	.....
James Island,.....	June.....3	2	8	.....	.....	.....	20
Sweeden's Cave,.....	June.....4	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harrisburg,.....	June.....5	40	100	.....	72	97	.....
Port Republic,.....	June.....8-9	130	330	.....	200	800	700
Cross Keys,.....	June.....11	43	160	.....	160	640	.....
Langnelle,.....	June.....14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Secessionville,.....	June.....16	40	100	.....	74	226	.....
Williamsburg Road,.....	June.....25	40	165	.....	79	194	.....
Mechanicsville,.....	June.....26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gainesville,.....	June.....27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frazier's Farm,.....	June.....29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Willis Church,.....	June.....30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Malvern Hill,.....	July.....1	1850	6920	.....	2085	9800	8000
Near Murfreesboro,.....	July.....13	.....	.....	.....	60	140	800
"Arkansas" near Vicksburg	July.....15	9	11	.....	63	84	.....
Siege of Vicksburg,.....	May 26. July 24	7	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
Courtland,.....	July.....25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	133
Gen. Morgan's Raid,.....	June and July..	23	47	.....	180	300	1200
Stevenson,.....	July.....27-30	17	40	.....	16	33	.....
Near Malvern Hill,.....	August.....5-6	5	9	.....	9	31	.....
Tazewell,.....	August.....5	21	35	.....	31	64	.....
Near Decatur,.....	August.....7	2	7	.....	.....	.....	123
Culpepper Court House,.....	August.....8	.....	.....	.....	5	19	21
Cedar Mountain,.....	August.....8-9	163	570	.....	800	890	.....
Love Jack,.....	August.....15-16	25	48	.....	69	230	.....
Loudon,.....	August.....17	3	.....	.....	10	18	111
Independence,.....	August.....11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gallatin,.....	August.....20-21	27	39	.....	49	162	.....
Catlett's Station,.....	August.....22	2	5	.....	.....	.....	350
Bristow Station,.....	August.....27	9	37	.....	16	50	213
Richmond, Ky.....	August.....29-30	125	300	.....	178	450	.....
Thoroughfare Gap,.....	August.....28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Big Hill,.....	August.....22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Second Battle of Manassas,	August.....29-30	1700	4000	.....	2000	8300	7000
Near Centerville,.....	September.....1	45	13	.....	55	190	.....
Near Williamsburg,.....	September.....9	10	17	.....	15	60	70
Cotton Hill,.....	Sept.....13-14-15	9	15	.....	90	300	.....
Harper's Ferry,.....	September.....14	31	32	60	40	90	11583
Roanoke Gap,.....	September.....13	400	1300	.....	1000	3500	.....
Newtonia,.....	September.....18	22	76	.....	30	120	100
Ponchatoula,.....	September.....17	5	.....	.....	7	9	.....

Battles of
the Chick-
sawamy.

CONFEDERATE VICTORIES—CONTINUED.

Battles, Skirmishes and Engagements.	Date.	Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.	Confed. Captured.	Federals Killed.	Federals Wounded.	Federals Captured.	
1863								
Fairfax Courthouse,.....	March 9-10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	159
Fort Pemberton,.....	March 15	8	20	.....	19	85	.....
Kelly's Ford,.....	March 16-17	62	188	50	100	278	.....
Ponchatoula,.....	March 25	.....	11	.....	6	23	.....
Brentwood,.....	March 25	7	35	.....	16	10	750
Drainesville,.....	April 1	.....	.....	.....	60	.....	79
Snow Hill,.....	April 4	7	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charleston,.....	April 7	4	.....	.....	7	8	.....
Pascagoula,.....	April 9	.....	.....	.....	15	40	.....
Big Bear Creek,.....	April 17	9	17	.....	.....	.....	170
Kingston,.....	April 29	10	12	.....	17	53	.....
Streight's Cavalry Raid,.....	May 2	6	15	.....	23	76	750
Battles of the Rappahanock	May 2-3-4	2300	6000	2000	3600	16400	1200	
Near Fredericksburg,.....	June 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3040
Martinsburg,.....	June 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2000
Mechanicsburg,.....	June 20	.....	.....	.....	13	57	.....
Strawberry Plains,.....	June 20	7	12	.....	8	20	.....
Near Pontotoc,.....	June 20	.....	.....	.....	10	25	.....
Berwick Bay,.....	June 23	18	84	.....	25	178	.....
Gettysburg,.....	July 2-3	2200	13470	4000	2334	14709	7000	
White Sulphur Springs,.....	August 20	40	147	.....	52	108	70
Dry Creek,.....	August 27	39	97	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sabine Pass,.....	September 7-8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	800
Berkley Springs,.....	September 8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28
Chickamauga,.....	September 19-20	1789	12208	2300	2299	15280	2000	
Madison Courthouse,.....	September 21-22	27	60	88	40	63	115	
Morganza,.....	September 29	22	89	53	163	.....	400
Quantrell's Raids,.....	October 8-9	.....	10	19	88	70	.....
Salem,.....	October 8-9	10	49	.....	18	81	.....
Colliersville,.....	October 11-12	13	39	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wheeler's Raids,.....	October 8-14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1000
Brownville,.....	October 16-17	10	37	.....	29	101	.....
Charleston, Va.	October 18	.....	.....	.....	.....	434	.....
Buckland,.....	October 19	.....	.....	.....	20	71	.....
Philadelphia,.....	October 20	21	88	.....	.....	.....	600
Brandy Station,.....	October 11-12	19	56	.....	.....	.....	820
Wyatt,.....	October 13	.....	.....	.....	10	23	150
Warm Springs,.....	October 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30
Beaton,.....	October 26	10	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
Campbell's Station,.....	November 18	87	135	.....	49	184	700
Bayou Barbeaux,.....	November 2-3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	600
Rogersville,.....	November 7	4	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Near Knoxville,.....	November 13-14	9	13	.....	37	100	.....
Stevensburg,.....	November 18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175
Tunnel Hill,.....	November 27	80	129	.....	300	1400	260
Orange Courthouse,.....	December 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250
Near Jackson River,.....	December 19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100
Bean's Station,.....	December 14	82	183	.....	45	175	.....
Forrest's Raids,.....	December 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	110
(In various skirmishes during the last ten months not enumerated in this column.)			800	1800	2000	500	2200	3009

FEDERAL VICTORIES.

Battles, Skirmishes and Engagements.	Date.	1861		1862		1863		1864		1865	
		Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.	Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.	Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.	Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.	Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.
Phillippa.....	June.....	3	9	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	.....
Boonville.....	June.....	17	7	29	83	24	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
Carraek's Ford.....	July.....	12	45	57	.....	20	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. George.....	July.....	13	17	.....	500	4	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hatteras.....	August.....	23	12	.....	691	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ocoola.....	September.....	21	.....	7	.....	30	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chapman'sville.....	September.....	55	3	4	.....	10	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fredericton.....	October.....	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Port Royal.....	November.....	7	11	48	7	3	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
McCoy's Mill.....	November.....	14	7	9	.....	4	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
Capture of Col. Magoffin.....	December.....	19	.....	.....	960	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Drainesville.....	December.....	20	60	139	8	85	110	.....	.....	.....	.....
Surrender of Fort Smith.....	April.....	23	.....	.....	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Surrender of Neosho.....	July.....	5	.....	.....	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fredorlekstown.....	.....	.....	15	35	.....	23	52	.....	.....	.....	.....
1862											
Hanging Rock.....	January.....	5	5	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fishing Creek.....	January.....	19	114	102	45	92	194	.....	.....	.....	.....
Near Ocoquan.....	January.....	29	9	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bloomery.....	February.....	1	.....	.....	35	3	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fort Henry.....	February.....	5-6	10	15	57	45	60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Roanoke.....	February.....	7-8	23	58	2437	175	300	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cobb's Point.....	February.....	10	6	3	.....	11	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fort Donelson.....	February.....	14-15	231	1007	5079	1200	2880	.....	.....	.....	.....
Winton.....	February.....	20	7	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newbern.....	March.....	4	45	55	202	150	500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elkhorn.....	March.....	7-8	125	400	200	300	900	350	.....	.....	.....
Cumberland Gap.....	March.....	11	2	1	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	.....
New Madrid.....	March.....	13	16	29	.....	25	47	.....	.....	.....	.....
Near Cumberland Gap.....	March.....	14	2	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Near Cumberland Gap.....	March.....	22	2	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polk County.....	March.....	26	6	9	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....
Uaton City.....	March.....	30	2	3	30	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fort Pulaski.....	April.....	11	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Island 10.....	April.....	7	3	3	2000	150	300	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fort Jackson.....	April.....	24	38	125	.....	300	900	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fort Macon.....	April.....	25	7	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cassville.....	April.....	27-28	30	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Near Lebanon.....	May.....	5	20	35	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lewisburg.....	May.....	23-24	46	184	.....	53	179	.....	.....	.....	.....
Garnett's Farm.....	May.....	23-24	28	72	.....	80	74	.....	.....	.....	.....
Naval Battle near Memphis.....	June.....	6	80	.....	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mt. Stirling.....	July.....	29	13	20	.....	.....	3	7	.....	.....	.....
Near Bolivar.....	July.....	27	5	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orange Court House.....	August.....	2	2	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fort Craig.....	September.....	14	65	275	.....	18	30	.....	.....	.....	.....
Near Opelousas.....	September.....	13-14	15	30	50	19	150	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iuka.....	September.....	19-20	265	687	.....	168	532	.....	.....	.....	.....
Corinth.....	October.....	3-4-5	1200	2300	2000	450	1820	320	.....	.....	.....
Albemarle.....	October.....	27	17	15	208	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Williamston.....	November.....	4	4	32	.....	7	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
In various skirmishes during the last ten months.....	.....	.....	800	2500	2000	500	1200	800	.....	.....	.....

FEDERAL VICTORIES—CONTINUED.

Battles, Skirmishes and Engagements.	Date.	Confed. Killed.	Confed. Wounded.	Confed. Captured.	Federals Killed.	Federals Wounded.	Federals Captured.
1862							
Abbeville, Miss.	December..... 1	5			18		
Water Valley.....	December..... 3				6	14	
Whitehall.....	December..... 16	71	232	400	300	900	
Davis Mills.....	December..... 21	13	52		20	63	
Watagua Mills.....	December..... 29			112			
Parker's Cross Roads.....	December..... 31	60	189	250	45	133	
1863							
Springfield.....	January..... 8	20	82		29	100	
Arkansas Post.....	January..... 9-10	50	480	3760			
Fort Donelson.....	February..... 3	27	81	200	14	37	75
Richmond, La.....	February..... 1	3					
Tuscumbia.....	March..... 1			80			
Bradyville.....	March..... 2	5	17	3	3	17	
Milten.....	March..... 13	24	120				
Franklin.....	April..... 9-10	23	78		15	60	20
Camp Bisland.....	April..... 13-14						
Tuscumbia.....	April..... 17						
Fayetteville.....	April..... 18	4	18				
Suffolk.....	April..... 19			50			
Grierson's Raid.....	April..... 24	2	9				
Cape Girardeau.....	April..... 26	50	180		10	43	
Hamilton's Crossing.....	April..... 29	9	30	55			
Bayou Pierre.....	May..... 1	200	470	193	200	730	
Raymond.....	May..... 12	89	370	130	100	400	
Jackson.....	May..... 14	47	120	78	100	300	
Baker's Creek.....	May..... 16	380	879	435	429	1850	
Big Black Bridge.....	May..... 17	47	190	2000	69	259	
Upperville.....	June..... 21						
Hoover's Gap.....	June..... 4	90	320	2000			
Hanover Court House.....	June..... 29	10	25		8	31	150
Vicksburg.....	July..... 4	940	3760	27000	1850	5250	
Helena.....	July..... 3	105	513	504	90	270	
Port Hudson.....	July..... 9	308	517	6265	1000	3800	
Jackson.....	July..... 16	117	308		200	680	
Morris Island.....	September..... 6	140	392		82	193	487
Chattanooga.....	September..... 8						
Cumberland Gap.....	September..... 8			1900			
Little Rock.....	September..... 9-10	20	69	1060	19	81	
Culpepper Court House.....	September..... 13-14	11	43				
Greenville.....	October..... 10-11	90	219				
Pine Bluff.....	October..... 25			30			
Lookout Valley.....	October..... 29	92	400				
Droop Mountain.....	November..... 6						
Kelly's Ford.....	November..... 7	94	381	700	87	312	
Rogersville.....	November..... 7	4	7				
Aransas Pass.....	November..... 17			104			
Lookout Mountain.....	November..... 23-24	43	135	400			
Missionary Ridge.....	November..... 25	383	1882	3600	500	3080	600
Knoxville.....	November..... 18-29	260	880	300	120	454	200
Greenbrier Bridge.....	December..... 13						
Charleston, Tenn.....	December..... 28				43		

A COMPARATIVE VIEW OF THE CAPITAL,
WEALTH AND ANNUAL PRODUCT OF
THE NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN
STATES.

The first attempt to obtain the data by actual investigation was made by the United States Marshals in 1840. Since that time we have official valuations more and more complete at the end of each census decade. That these three inventories of the property of the Union are all defective in the matters intended to be embraced, and under-stated also in valuation, is well known. There is not an item in which they are suspected of overstatement.

We are indebted to Professor Tucker for his digest of the Census of 1840, and to him and the Secretary of the Treasury (Mr. Guthrie) for the like service in 1850. The valuation of property in 1860 for the Union and for the loyal States, we have from the Census Bureau. From the official returns of both 1850 and 1860, we have subtracted the value of the slaves, which was included in the official aggregates, holding them, for all the purposes of our inquiry, as producers and consumers of wealth, and not as property, otherwise than the laborers of any other country are a part of their national wealth and resources.

The property value of the loyal States at mid-summer, 1863, we have estimated by adding to its amount in 1860 the average increase of the decade ending that year, and not at the market prices ruling in 1863.

The estimates for the other periods in the table for which no authority is quoted, are our own, under guidance of such data as we could command.

The value of the year's products in 1860 is obtained by taking the agricultural products of that year (given in quantity in the preliminary report of the Bureau, but not priced, at 90 per cent. increase upon those of 1850; by subtracting from the value of the manufactures one third for the raw materials, which are included in the estimate of the agricultural values; and by adding 400,000,000 for the profits of commerce.

We have not room, here, to describe the process by which we obtain the year's product for 1860 in the *loyal* States. No labor or care has been spared in obtaining it.

The annual product put down in the table to the United States in the several periods, is in all instances greatly below the truth. The share allowed to each person stands at \$62,28 in 1840, and at \$86,41 in 1850; but the expenditure or consumption per head, in these years, cannot be estimated at less than \$100; and the consumption per head in 1860 was at least equal to the amount allowed by the stated production of the year. Beside this deficiency of provision for the current subsistence of the people, there is the accumulation of capital wealth to be accounted for, amounting to 2,410,000,000 in the former period, and to the enormous sum of 8,009,000,000, or an increase of 130 per cent. in the latter.

We need not stop here to estimate the spontaneous growth of our national wealth, or that enbancement of value which occurs in real estate by the rapid settlement of our wild lands, and almost as rapid growth in the value of the fixed property in the older States, which, of course, would account for a very considerable part of the apparent disparity between the property value and the annual production, because an unquestionable deficiency in the reported products occurs in the following particulars, for which the Census-takers are not responsible:—

They take no account of the current consumption of our agriculturists and of their families and employes. In 1840, this class amounted to three fourths of the total population, and approached the same proportion in 1850; nor are any manufacturing or mechanical products of the year returned whose annual value falls below \$500. Beside all this, which probably amounts to one-fourth of the total annual product, no account is taken of the labor employed in clearing and improving land, in building railroads, canals, houses, manufactories, steamships, and other vessels; nor of the labor employed in coal-mines; nothing of the products of the fine arts, nor of a large portion of the products of the useful arts; all of which may be very safely stated as equal

to half the value of the agricultural and manufacturing products noticed by the Census takers. Some of these appear in the valuation of the property of the country in the decennial Census appraisements, and help to swell the obvious disparity. The very considerable increase of the values of 1863 over those of 1860, is owing to the fact that the growth of wealth in the loyal States is so much greater than the average enhancement in the whole Union before the severance of the estimates given in the tabular statement. The most surprising of our statements are precisely those which have been most carefully considered and best verified.

United States debt and interest. Our debt is official for every period stated. For 1863 it is given as it stood on the books of the Treasury on the 1st of October. It is treated in the other columns of the table as chargeable upon the people and property of the loyal States only. And the annual interest stated is the amount which the principal would carry for the year ending October 1, 1864, if the principal remained so long unchanged. The proportion of this interest to the annual income of the year, is stated at 1 3-10 per cent. This would be true if the annual income of the people were correctly given; but if, as we suppose, this is put down at two-thirds of its real amount, the burden of interest upon the people's income would be something less than nine tenths of 1 per cent.

The proportion of the total debt of the United States to the private property of the loyal States, stated at $8\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. nearly, means that the value of our property in 1863, at the prices ruling before the rebellion, if standing at the amount given in the property-column twenty years hence, or at the maturity of the debt, would be as \$100 to \$8.77 of the debt, and takes no account of the enhancement of our wealth in the mean time. What that shall be when the debt is to be reimbursed, cannot now be foretold or even imagined. If it shall increase during the two next decennial periods following the year 1863, at the rate of the period between 1850 and 1860, the sum will be above 70,000,000,000, or double the present computed value of Great Britain and Ireland; and a debt of 2,000,000,000 would

then be less than 3 per cent. upon the principal of the wealth pledged for its ultimate discharge, while the burden of its interest upon the annual income of the country would be lessened in corresponding proportion.

If we take the estimated wealth of Great Britain to be equally underrated in 1816 and in 1858, we see how the burden of national debt declines relatively to the value of the property which must pay it. In these forty-two years the incumbrance fell from 40 to 13 per cent. of the national wealth, while the capital of the debt was reduced less than 3,000,000 on 4,200,000,000; or the burden fell from 40 to 13, while the debt fell only as from 40 to 37, or, in other words, the debt of 1858 would have been a charge of 37½ per cent on the property of 1816, but was only 13.4 per cent. of the property of 1858. The debt of the United States in 1816 was a charge of 7 per cent. on the property of that day; in 1860 it would have been no more than nine tenths of 1 per cent.; and a debt of 1,222,000,000; which is 8½ per cent. of the computed wealth of the loyal States in 1863, would, at a rate of increase in valuation in the next twenty years no greater than occurred in the last ten years, sink to 1-6-10 per cent.

General Remarks.—The increase of the total population of the United States in the ten years, 1850–60, was 35.52 per cent.—of the total population of the free States, 41.62 per cent.; of the loyal States, 40.22 per cent.; of the total population of the rebel States, 25.37 per cent.; of the free population of the rebel States, 26.32 per cent.; of the slave population of the rebel States, 23.5 per cent.; of the whole slave population of the Union, 23.38 per cent.; and of the total free colored population, 12.3 per cent.

The increased value of the property of the United States in the same period (1850–1860) was 129.7 per cent.—of the property of the free States, 124.52 per cent.; of the loyal slave States, 132.04 per cent.; of the rebel slave States, 139.76. (The value of the slaves in neither case included.)

The greater increase per cent. of the wealth of the slave than of the free States, in the decade, is mainly attributable to the quantity of cotton produced in the period, and the price it

commanded. From 1840 to 1850, the exports of cotton to foreign countries were valued at \$533,000,000, and at an average of 7.7 cents per pound; in the period 1850 to 1860, the exports amounted to \$1,236,000,000, at an average of 10½ cents per pound. To this must be added their exports of tobacco, rice, and breadstuffs and provisions, and the amount of all these articles sold to the Northern States. But to understand the value of the greater increase as expressed in percentage, it must be recollected that the capital wealth of the rebel States in 1850 was but \$2,289,000,000, slaves included, while that of the loyal States was \$4,846,000,000,—the latter having increased their capital \$6,050,000,000, the former but \$2,913,000,000,—the Census valuation of the slaves being embraced in these aggregates. But the character of this enhanced wealth is also a matter of prime importance in estimating its worth as a measure and index of prosperity. The real estate of the rebel States, as reported by the marshals in 1860, was 43 per cent. and the personal 57 per cent. of their property; while in the loyal States the real was 66 per cent., and the personal but 34. The average ratio of real to personal estate in New York, Massachusetts, and Pennsylvania, is 75 per cent. of the total, or $\frac{75}{100}$ against $\frac{43}{100}$ the average of the rebel States. South Carolina, Georgia, and North Carolina have but 30 per cent. of their wealth in real estate, and 70 in personal. The proportion of fixed to floating capital in a nation is the truest measure of real wealth and of its grade of civilization.—[From the National (Northern) Almanac for 1864.

Foreigners in the Confederate States.—It appears from the United States census for 1860, that the number of foreigners in the States now forming the Confederacy were—Alabama, 12,000; Arkansas, 4,000; Georgia, 11,000; Kentucky, 59,000; Louisiana, 81,000; Mississippi, 8,000; Missouri, 160,000; North Carolina, 3,000; South Carolina, 10,000; Tennessee, 20,000; Texas, 47,000; Virginia, 35,000. Total, 443,000. Total, in non-seceding States and Territories, 3,693,000!

THE NEW TAX LAW.

1. The first section imposes a tax of eight per cent. upon the value of all naval stores, salt, wines and spirituous liquors, tobacco, manufactured or unmanufactured, cotton, wool, flour, sugar, molasses, syrup, rice and other agricultural products held or owned on the first day of July 1863, and not necessary for family consumption for the unexpired portion of the year 1863, and of the growth or production of any year preceding the year 1863; and a tax of one per cent. upon all moneys, bank notes or other currency on hand or on deposit on the 1st of July, 1863, and on the value of all credits on which the interest has not been paid, and not employed in a business, the income derived from which is taxed under the provisions of this act, Provided, that all moneys owned, held or deposited beyond the limits of the Confederate States, shall be valued at the current rate of exchange in Confederate Treasury notes. The tax, to be assessed on the 1st day of July and collected on the 1st day of October, 1863, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable.

2. Every person engaged, or intending to engage, in any business named in the 5th section, shall, within 60 days after the passage of the act, or at the time of beginning business, and on the 1st of January in each year thereafter, register with the district collector a true account of the name and residence of each person, firm or corporation engaged or interested in the business, with a statement of the time for which, and the place and manner in which the same is to be conducted, &c. At the time of the registry there shall be paid the specific tax for the year ending on the next 31st of December, and such other tax as may be due upon sales or receipts in such business.

3. Any person failing to make such registry and pay such tax, shall, in addition to all other taxes upon his business imposed by the act, pay double the amount of the specific tax on such business, and a like sum for every thirty days of such failure.

4. Requires a separate registry and tax for each business mentioned in the 5th section, and for each place of conduct-

ing the same; but no tax for mere storage of goods at a place other than the registered place of business. A new registry required upon every change in the place of conducting a registered business, upon the death of any person conducting the same, or upon the transfer of the business to another, but no additional tax.

5. Imposes the following taxes for the year ending the 31st December, 1863, and for each year thereafter:

Bankers shall pay \$500.

Auctioneers, Retail Dealers, Tobacconists, Pedlars, except persons peddling exclusively Books, periodicals and Newspapers, published in the Confederacy, Apothecaries, Photographers and Confectioners, \$50, and two and a half per centum on the gross amount of sales made. Mechanics and their Families who sell only the products of their labor, shall be exempt from Tax.

Wholesale dealers in liquors, \$200, and five per centum on gross amount of sales. Retail dealers in liquors \$100, and ten per centum on gross amount of sales.

Wholesale dealers in groceries, goods, wares, merchandise, &c., \$200, and two and a half per centum.

Pawnbrokers, Money and exchange brokers, \$200.

Distillers \$200, and twenty per centum. Brewers \$100, and two and a half per centum.

Hotels, Inns, Taverns, and Eating Houses, first class \$500, second class \$300, third class \$200, fourth class \$100, fifth class \$30. Every house where food or refreshments are sold, and every boarding house where there shall be six boarders or more shall be deemed an eating house under this act.

Commercial brokers or commission merchants, \$200, and two and a half per centum.

Theatres, \$500, and five per centum on all receipts.

Each circus \$100, and \$10 for each exhibition. Jugglers and other persons exhibiting shows, \$50.

Bowling alleys and Billiard rooms, \$40 for each alley and table registered.

Livery Stable keepers, Lawyers, Physicians, Surgeons, and Dentists, \$50.

Butchers and Bakers, \$50 and one per centum. Cattle Brokers \$50, and two and a half per centum.

6. Every person registered is required to make returns of the gross amount of sales from the passage of the act to the 30th June, and every three months thereafter.

7. A tax upon all salaries, except of persons in the military or naval service, of one per cent. when not exceeding 1500, and two per cent. upon an excess over that amount. Provided, that no taxes shall be imposed by virtue of this act on the salary of any person receiving a salary not exceeding \$1000 per annum; or at like rate for any other period of time, longer or shorter.

8. That the tax on annual incomes, between \$500 and \$1000, shall be five per cent. between \$1,500 and \$3,000, five per cent. on the first \$1,500, and ten per cent. on the excess; between \$3,000 and \$5,000, ten per cent.; between \$5,000 and \$10,000, 12½ per cent.; over \$10,000, fifteen per cent.; subject to the following deductions; on incomes derived from rents of real estate, manufacturing and mining establishments, etc., a sum sufficient for necessary annual repairs; on incomes from any mining or manufacturing business, the rent, (if rented) cost of labor actually hired, and raw material; on incomes from navigating enterprises, the hire of the vessel or allowance for wear and tear of the same, not exceeding ten per cent.; on incomes derived from the sale of merchandize or any other property, the prime cost, cost of transportation, salaries of clerks and rent of buildings; on incomes from any other occupation, the salaries of clerks, rent, cost of labor, material, &c., and in case of mutual insurance companies, the amount of losses paid by them during the year. Incomes derived from any other sources are subject to no deductions whatever.

All joint stock companies and corporations, shall pay one tenth of the dividened and reserved fund annually. If the annual earnings shall give a profit of more than ten and less than twenty per cent. on capital stock, one eighth to be paid; if more than twenty per cent. one sixth. The tax to be collected on the first of January, 1863, and of each year thereafter.

9. Relates to estimates and deductions, investigations, referees, &c.

10. A tax of ten per cent. on all profits in 1862, by the purchase and sale of flour, corn, bacon, pork, oats, hay, rice, salt, iron, or the manufactures of iron, sugar, molasses made of cane, butter, woolen clothes, shoes, boots, blankets, and cotton cloths. Does not apply to regular retail business.

Tax in Kind { 11. Each farmer, after reserving for his own use 50 bushels sweet, and 50 bushels Irish potatoes, 100 bushels corn or 50 bushels wheat, produced this year, shall pay and deliver to the Confederate Government one-tenth of the grain, potatoes, forage, sugar, molasses, cotton, wool, and tobacco produced. After reserving twenty bushels peas or beans, he shall deliver one-tenth thereof.

12. Every farmer, planter or graizer, one tenth of the hogs slaughtered by him, in cured bacon, at the rate of 60 pounds of bacon to 100 pounds of pork; one per cent. upon the value of all neat cattle, horses, mules, not used in cultivation, and asses, to be paid by the owners of the same, beeves sold, to be taxed as income.

13. Gives in detail the duties of post-quartermasters under this act.


14. Relates to the duties of assessors and collectors.

15. Makes trustees, guardians, &c., responsible for taxes due from estates, &c., under their control.

16. Exempts the income and moneys of hospitals, asylums, churches, schools, and colleges from taxation under the act.

17. Authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to make all rules and regulations necessary to the operation of the act.

18. Provides that the act shall be in force for two years from the expiration of the present year, unless sooner repealed; that the tax on naval stores, flour, wool, cotton, tobacco and other agricultural products of the growth of any year preceding 1863, imposed in the first section, shall be levied and collected only for the present year.

 See the Amended Tax Law on page 37.

THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD, 1864.

State.	Name of Ruler.	Title.	Form of Government.	Sq. Miles.	Population.	Religion.
Confederate States	Jefferson Davis	President.	Republic	827,044	11,669,956	Univ. Tolera'n
United States	Abraham Lincoln	President.	Fed. Rep.—two houses of Cong.	2,100,000	19,769,985	Univ. Froie'n
Great Britain	Victoria I.	Queen.	Lim. Mon.—Lords & Commons.	116,700	27,485,325	Univ. Froie'n
France	Napoleon III.	Emperor	Const. Mon.—Senate & Legis.	208,786	35,781,628	Catholic.
Russia	Alexander II.	Czar	Absolute Monarchy	2,120,897	60,362,815	Greek Ch.
Austria	Francis Joseph I.	Emperor	Absolute Monarchy	255,226	36,514,466	Catholic.
Sweden and Norway	Charles XV.	King.	Lim. Mon., with Legislature	296,540	4,762,274	Lutheran.
Liechtenstein	John	Prince.	Principality	58	7,680	Prot. & Cath.
Denmark	Frederic VII.	King.	Lim. Mon., with Prov. States	21,856	2,296,567	Lutheran.
Holland	William III.	King.	Lim. Mon.—two Chambers	13,890	8,267,688	Reformed.
Belgium	Leopold I.	King.	Lim. Mon.—two Chambers	11,318	4,859,080	Lutheran.
Prussia	Fred. William IV.	King.	Lim. Mon.—two Chambers	107,800	16,846,625	Evangelical
Saxony	John	King.	Lim. Mon.—two Chambers	5,705	1,864,431	Catholic.
Hanover	George V.	King.	Lim. Mon.—two Chambers	14,600	1,768,847	Evangelical
Mecklenberg-Schwerin	Fred. Francis.	Grand Duke.	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	4,701	548,328	Lutheran.
Mecklenberg-Strelitz	Fred. William.	Grand Duke.	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	897	96,232	Lutheran.
Oldenburg	Peter.	Grand Duke.	Lim. Sov.—two Chambers	2,470	278,080	Lutheran.
Brunswick	William.	Duke.	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber.	1,525	268,948	Lutheran.
Nassau	Adolphus	Duke.	Lim. Sov.—two Chambers	1,786	498,218	Evangelical
Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach	Charles Alexander.	Duke	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	1,408	261,370	Lutheran.
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha	Ernest II.	Duke	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	798	149,786	Lutheran.
Saxe-Meiningen	Bernard.	Duke	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	968	181,780	Lutheran.
Saxe-Altenburg	Ernest.	Duke	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	491	68,700	Evangelical
Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach	Ernest.	Duke	States with Limited Powers.	389	60,411	Evangelical
Anhalt-Dessau	Leopold	Duke	States with Limited Powers.	405	69,650	Lutheran.
Anhalt-Bernburg	Alexander.	Duke	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	785	60,092	Lutheran.
Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt	Fred. Gunther.	Prince	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	588	112,175	Lutheran.
Schwarzburg-Sondersh.	Gunther	Prince	Lim. Sov. } one Chamber	445	104,674	Lutheran.
Reuss-Elder Line	Henry XX.	Prince	Lim. Sov. } one Chamber	205	28,887	Reformed.
Reuss-Younger Line	Henry LXVII.	Prince	Lim. Mon.—one Chamber	205	28,887	Reformed.
Lippe-Detmold	Leopold	Prince	Lim. Mon.—one Chamber	455	68,219	Evangelical
Lippe-Schaumburg	George.	Prince	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	206	24,208	Reformed.
Waldeck	George Victor	Prince	Lim. Sov.—one Chamber	206	24,208	Reformed.
Hesse-Homburg	Ferdinand	Landgrave	Absolute Sov.—one Chamber	5,712	1,862,714	Evangelical
Baden	Frederic.	Grand Duke.	Lim. Sov.—two Chambers	5,712	1,862,714	Evangelical

THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD—CONTINUED.

State.	Name of Ruler.	Title.	Form of Government.	Sq. Miles.	Population.	Religion.
Hesse-Cassel.....	Frédéric William.	Elector	Lim. Sov.—two Chambers	4,430	754,690	Reformed.
Hesse-Darmstadt.....	Louis III.	Grand Duke	Lim. Sov.—two Chambers	8,761	852,524	Lutheran.
Wurtemberg.....	William I.	King	Lim. Sov.—two Chambers	7,368	1,802,232	Lutheran.
Bavaria.....	Maximilian II.	King	Lim. Mon.—two Chambers	28,435	4,319,546	Catholic.
Spain.....	Isabella II.	Queen	Lim. Mon., with Legislature.	176,480	14,216,219	Catholic.
Portugal.....	Pedro V.	King	Lim. Mon.—one Chamber.	34,500	3,412,500	Catholic.
Sardinia.....	Victor Emanuel II.	King	Lim. Mon.—two Chambers	52,175	11,683,987	Catholic.
States of the Church.....	Pius IX.	Pope	Absolute Sovereignty	17,048	2,908,116	Catholic.
Greece.....	Otho I.	King	Lim. Mon.—two Chambers	18,244	995,868	Catholic.
Turkey.....	Abdul Medjid.	Sultan	Absolute Monarchy	189,920	13,500,000	Moham.
Monoaco.....	Chas. Honoré.	Prince	Absolute Sovereignty	50	7,000	Catholic.
Naples.....	Victor Emanuel II.	King	Absolute Monarchy	41,521	8,681,289	Catholic.
Bremen—Free City.....	Charles Fred. G. Mohr	Burgomaster	Municipal	112	74,000	Prot. & Cath.
Frankfort—Free City.....	Dr. Ed. Louis Harner	First Syndic	Municipal	90	77,971	Prot. & Cath.
Hamburg—Free City.....	Dr. Henry Kellmbaser	Burgomaster	Municipal	151	200,690	Prot. & Cath.
Lubeck—Free City.....	C. L. Roeck.	Burgomaster	Municipal	114	53,306	Prot. & Cath.
Andorra.....		24 Counsuls.	Republic	200	6,000	Catholic.
Switzerland.....	Peyer Ampoff	Pres. Nat. Coun.	Federal Republic	15,161	2,390,116	Prot. & Cath.
San Marino.....	Jules Belluzzi	{ Captaines Re- gents	Republic	22	5,000	Catholic.
Serbia.....	Michel Oecool	{	Five Council	26,000	1,000,000	Greek Ch.
Montenegro.....	Alex. Karageorgeovic,	Hospodar	Hereditary Monarchy	450	100,000	Greek Ch.
Egypt.....	Danjel	Prince	Republican	11,000	2,500,000	Moham.
China.....	Said Pasha.	Viceroy	Absolute Monarchy	1,297,299	387,682,807	Confucian & Buddhae
Persia.....	Heinfang,	Hoang Th.	Absolute Monarchy	450,000	11,299,500	Moham.
Japan.....		Schah	Absolute Despotism	160,000	20,000,000	Buddhite.
Anam (Cochin China).....		Siogoon	Absolute Despotism	78,695	12,500,000	Buddhite.
Siam.....	Phra Bard Klva	King	Absolute Despotism	84,730	8,620,000	Buddhite.
Afghanistan.....	Dost Mohammed.	Shah	Absolute Despotism	235,000	5,000,000	Moham.
Bokhara.....		Khan	Absolute Despotism	235,000	2,000,000	Moham.
Khokan.....		Khan	Absolute Despotism	150,000	1,000,000	Moham.
Yemen.....		Imaum	Absolute Despotism	169,000	2,500,000	Moham.
Beloochistan.....		Khan	Confederate Tribes	169,000	2,700,000	Moham.

THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD—CONTINUED.

State.	Name of Ruler.	Title.	Form of Government.	Sq. Miles.	Population.	Religion.
Tibet		Tale Lama	Hierarchy		30,000,000	Buddhic.
Burmah	Serawa	King	Absolute Despotism	200,000	3,000,000	Buddhic.
Abyssinia	Ranavalomanjaka	Emperor	Federate Monarchy	252,000	8,500,000	Coptic Chris.
Madagascar	Sidi Mohammed	Queen	Despotic Monarchy	240,000	4,700,000	Mo. & Chris.
Morocco		Emeer	Despotic Sovereignty	222,560	6,000,000	Moham.
Brazil	Dorn Pedro II	Emperor	Hereditary Monarchy	3,004,460	6,063,000	Catholic.
Argentine Confederation	J. J. Urquiza	President	Federate Republic	874,480	1,080,000	Catholic.
Buenos Ayres	D. Felipe Liavallol	Acting Pres.	Republic	820,000	690,000	Catholic.
Uruguay	Gabriel A. Pereira	President	Republic	75,000	1,000,000	Catholic.
Paraguay	Carlos Antonio Lopez	Pres. for life	Republic	84,000	303,355	Catholic.
Bolivia	Jos. M. D'Acha	President	Republic	337,500	1,538,438	Catholic.
Chile	Mannel Montt	President	Republic	170,000	180,000	Catholic.
Costa Rica	Montealegre	Provis. Pres.	Republic	16,259	800,000	Catholic.
Ecuador	Francisco Robles	President	Republic	240,000	600,000	Catholic.
Guatemala	Rafael Carrera	President	Republic	44,500	350,000	Catholic.
Honduras	Santos Guadeola	President	Republic	33,000	350,000	Catholic.
Mexico	Maximilian I.	Emperor	Empire	534,140	7,833,394	Catholic.
New Granada	Mariano Ospino	President	Republic	480,000	2,368,054	Catholic.
Nicaragua	Thomaso Martinez	President	Republic	39,000	235,000	Catholic.
Peru	Ramon Castilla	President	Republic	370,000	2,279,085	Catholic.
San Salvador	Gen. G. Barrios	President	Republic	7,500	250,000	Catholic.
Venezuela	M. F. Tovar	President	Republic	400,000	1,419,289	Catholic.
Haiti	Gen. Goffard	President	Republic	30,081	550,000	Catholic.
Dominica	J. Desiderio Valverde	President	Republic	17,500	126,500	Catholic.
Sandwich Islands	L. Kamehameha IV	King	Monarchy	6,500	52,964	Protestant.
Society Islands	Pomare	Queen	Monarchy		200,000	Pagan.
Liberia	Stephen A. Benson	President	Republic		13,000	Unk. Tol'n
Dahomey	Baddahang	King	Absolute Despotism		200,000	Pagan & Cath.

THE BRITISH COTTON TRADE.

(BY GEORGE MCHENRY)

The quantity of cotton and cotton goods in the hands of all classes in the United Kingdom, was greater on the first of January, 1862, than at any other time; and the stocks were less on the 1st of January, 1864, than on any previous occasion. The chief falling off was in yarns and goods—a diminution in clothing material that is seldom alluded to; and the importance of which has not been fully considered. The following may be regarded as a fair estimate of the wants of the United Kingdom, for 1864:

The home consumption will require in weight of present inferior sorts of cotton,....(lbs.)	275,000,000
The exportation of cotton goods, if only the same as last year,	600,000,000
The exportations of raw cotton, if only the same as last year,.....	240,000,000
	<hr/>
	1,115,000,000

The quantity of cotton of all kinds in warehouse on 1st Jan. was.	123,000,000
In spinners' hands, same time, ..	20,000,000
In yarns and goods, same time, in the hands of all classes from the spinners to the retailers, ..	100,000,000
Imports at the rate of increase since 1st Jan. (to April) over last year,	815,000,000-1,058,000,000

Deficiency, .. (lbs.) 57,000,000

With stocks of everything in the shape of cotton and cotton goods exhausted.

Included in the receipts of cotton last year were, as before remarked, all the old stocks of cotton attracted from the interior of India, China, Egypt, etc., by reason of the high prices that prevailed in England in the latter part of 1862. It cannot be supposed that the increase in the production this year will more than balance those old stocks,

though in the preceding table an addition of 22 per cent. has been made over the importations of raw cotton in 1863 for the estimate of 1864. To be sure, the increase so far this year has been at that rate, but there is no likelihood of its being kept up when reference is made to the sources of supply, through the whole twelve months.

The importations into the United Kingdom for January, February and March, 1863 and 1864, are thus given :

	1863.	1864.
Confederate States....pounds	4,050 000	18 500 000
Brazil,.....	9,000,000	9,900,000
West Indies, etc.....	1,500,000	150,000
East Indies, etc.....	95,200,000	105,600,000
Egypt, etc.....	39,000,000	48,000,000
Total,.....	148,750,000	182,150,000

The increase, as already stated, was 22 per cent.; but nearly one-half of this increase was owing to the contributions for the Confederate States having risen from 4,050,000 pounds in 1863, to 18,500,000 pounds in 1864.

Quantity of raw cotton, cotton yarns and cotton goods in the whole world, civilized and uncivilized, at the following periods :

January 1, 1858,.....	5,000 000 000
January 1, 1859,.....	6,000 000 000
January 1, 1860,.....	7,000 000 000
January 1, 1861,.....	7,500,000,000
January 1, 1862,	7,000 000 000
January 1, 1863,.....	5,500,000,000
January 1, 1864,.....	2,500,000,000

The eighth census of the United States shows that the ten chief cities of the country rank in the following order: New York, population 805 651, increase per cent. 56.27; Philadelphia, population 562 529, increase per cent. 65.43; Brooklyn, population 265 661, increase per cent. 175.37; Baltimore, population 212 418, increase per cent. 25.65; Boston, population 177,812, increase per cent. 29.90;

New Orleans, population 168 676, increase per cent. 44.94;
 Cincinnati, population 161,045, increase per cent. 39.51;
 St. Louis, population 160 773, increase per cent. 106.49;
 Chicago, population 109,260, increase per cent. 264.65; New-
 ark, N. J., population 91,744, increase per cent. 31.80.

HISTORICAL RECORD.

The existence of the United States of America as a separate and independent nation usually dates from July 4, 1776, when the second Continental Congress passed the Declaration of Independence, dissolving all connection with Great Britain. The colonies, however, were virtually under their own government from the time of the meeting of the second Continental Congress, May 10, 1775, which body continued its sittings during the greater part of the Revolutionary War, and had the general direction of affairs. The powers of this Congress were not defined,—there was no settled form of government; but, their authority being of a revolutionary or provisional character, they exercised such as the necessities of the times required. The REVOLUTIONARY GOVERNMENT continued until the Confederation was organized, the articles for which were adopted by the Congress as early as November 15, 1777, but were not finally ratified by all the Colonies until March 1, 1781. On the following day (March 2, 1781) Congress assembled under the Confederation. The CONFEDERATE GOVERNMENT was intended to be perpetual; but it was soon found to be so defective, inefficient, and even powerless, that a convention of delegates was called to meet at Philadelphia on the 14th of May, 1787, “for the sole and express purpose of revising the Articles of Confederation, and reporting such alterations and provisions therein as shall render the Federal Constitution adequate to the exigencies of the Government and the preservation of the Union.” The CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT was the result of the deliberations of this convention; for they adopted, on the 17th of September, 1787, that great and wise charter known as the Constitution of the United States. Eleven of the States having ratified this Constitu-

tion, Congress, on the 17th of September, 1788, resolved that it should go into operation on Wednesday, the 4th day of March, 1789.

The following is a list of the Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the United States, as well as those who were candidates for each office, since the organization of the Government :

1789—George Washington and John Adams, two terms no opposition.

1797—John Adams, opposed by Thomas Jefferson, who having the next highest electoral vote, became Vice President.

1801—Thomas Jefferson and Aaron Burr; beating John Adams and Chas. C. Pinckney.

1805—Thos. Jefferson and George Clinton; beating Charles C. Pinckney and Rufus King.

1809—James Madison and George Clinton; beating Charles C. Pinckney.

1813—James Madison and Elbridge Gerry; beating De-witt Clinton.

1817—James Monroe and Daniel D. Tomkins; beating Rufus King.

1821—James Monroe and Daniel D. Tomkins; beating John Quincy Adams.

1825—John Quincy Adams and John C. Calhoun; beating Andrew Jackson, Henry Clay and Mr. Crawford,—there being four candidates for President, and Albert Gallatin for Vice President.

1829—Andrew Jackson and John C. Calhoun; beating John Quincy Adams and Richard Rush.

1833—Andrew Jackson and Martin Van Buren; beating Henry Clay, John Floyd and William Wirt for President, and William Wilkins; John Sergeant and Henry Lee for Vice President.

1837—Martin Van Buren and Richard M. Johnson; beating William H. Harrison, Hugh L. White and Daniel Webster for President, and John Tyler for Vice President.

1841—William H. Harrison and John Tyler; beating Martin Van Buren and Littleton W. Tazewell. Harrison

died one month after his inauguration, and John Tyler became President for the rest of the term.

1845—James K. Polk and George M. Dallas; beating Henry Clay and Theodore Frelinghuysen.

1849—Zachary Taylor and Millard Fillmore; beating Lewis Cass and Martin Van Buren for President, and William O. Butler and Charles F. Adams for Vice President. Taylor died July 9, 1850, and Fillmore became President.

1853—Franklin Pierce and Wm. R. King; beating Winfield Scott and W. A. Graham.

1857—James Buchanan and John C. Breckinridge; beating John C. Fremont and Millard Fillmore for President, and William L. Dayton and A. J. Donaldson for Vice President.

1861—Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin; beating John Bell, Stephen A. Douglas and John C. Breckinridge for President, and Edward Everett, Herschel V. Johnson and Joseph Lane for Vice-President.

ERRATA.

On page 20, the date of the secession of the State of Tennessee should read June 8th. The people voted for separation on May 6th and the vote was ratified by the people on June 8th.

On page 28, the time of meeting of the Legislature of Georgia should read *November* instead of *October*.

A few copies of the "Confederate States Almanac and Repository of Useful Knowledge," for the year 1864, containing the Constitution of the Confederate States, Census Returns for 1860, &c., can be had by applying to the Publisher.

