

SIERRA MADRE NEWS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

SIERRA MADRE, LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1916.

VOL. XI, NO. 4

FLOWER SHOW AND ART EXHIBIT ATTRACT CROWDS TO CLUB HOUSE THIS WEEK

With ideal fall weather and an attractive program, everything has been auspicious for the annual Chrysanthemum Fete of the Woman's Club this week. In spite of the cold weather which prevailed earlier in the season, the showing of fall flowers was highly creditable as to quality, though not as abundant as in some years.

The showing of the work of local artists proved to be a very attractive feature and one of which Sierra Madre may well be proud. That so many persons could produce work worth showing is cause for congratulation.

The exhibitors included Miss Beatrice Ward, oil; Mr. L. N. Legendre, oil; Mrs. Legendre, oil and water color; Miss Jessie Ward, oil; Mr. Irving N. Ward, pastel; Mr. H. I. Hawxhurst, oil and pastel; Mrs. Hawxhurst, water color; Mrs. Borglum, oil; Mr. G. K. Bourke, pen and ink, wash; Miss E. M. Tucker, oil; Mrs. McCleneghan, water color; Mrs. R. A. Hopkins, pen and ink, wash; Miss Nellie Tucker, oil; Milton Steinberger, pen and ink; Miss Harriet Ferguson, oil; Miss Bernadette Brown, pencil and water color; Mr. H. Ingraham, poster; Miss Munsell, water color; Mrs. C. C. Nourse, oil.

Concert Program

Last evening's concert was accorded a good attendance and the artists were accorded every mark of appreciation. The Marquards proved themselves to be thorough musicians, and Mrs. Riggle's voice showed the excellence of her training. The hit of the program, judging by the response of the audience, was the harp playing of Alexandra Marquardt.

The prize winning exhibitors in the floral competition were announced last evening by Mayor Dietz and are as follows:

Chrysanthemums

Miss Edith Steinberger, 4 first and 2 third prize ribbons.
Miss Thomasella Graham, 3 first, 2 second, 1 third.
S. Oka, 2 first, 9 second, 2 third.

Robt. Ramsey, 2 first, 1 third.
Mrs. Paul Baugh, 1 first.

Cactus Dahlias

Mrs. C. C. Montgomery, 4 first prize ribbons.
Mrs. F. D. R. Moote, 3 first, 3 second.

Miss Thomasella Graham, 2 first, 3 second, 1 third.
Mr. Furneaux, 2 first.
Robert Ramsey, 1 first.
Oscar Ferris, 1 first.

Decorative Dahlias

Mrs. C. C. Montgomery, 4 first, 1 second.
Miss Thomasella Graham, 3 first, 1 second, 1 third.
Mrs. F. D. R. Moote, 2 first.
Mrs. J. T. Mason, 2 first.
Robert Ramsey, 1 first, 2 second.

Miss Alice Tufts, 1 first.
Mr. Furneaux, 1 first, 1 third.
Oscar Ferris, 1 first, 1 third.
J. N. DeTemple, 2 third.

Zinnias

Miss Edith Steinberger, 2 first.
Miss Elizabeth Steinberger, 2 first.
Miss Thomasella Graham, 1 first.
Robert Ramsey, 1 second, 1 third.

Roses

Mrs. M. D. Washer, 2 first.
Mrs. T. H. Flather, 2 first.
Mrs. J. T. Mason, 2 first, 1 second.

Other Classes

Golden Rod: Mrs. E. N. Emerson, first.

Table of Dahlias, many varieties: Kellogg Krebs, special mention.

Display of Cosmos: Mrs. W. S. Andrews, first.

Masquerade Tonight

Arrangements made for the masquerade dance this evening indicate a delightful climax to the festivities. It will be distinctly a Hallowe'en affair and all indications point to a large attendance. Mrs. Flather, who has charge of the social and musical features, has arranged for a high class orchestra and special features to make the affair enjoyable.

OPENING SALE PROVES BIG TRADE EVENT

Hearsh Bros. Prove That a Sale Can Be Made Attractive To Buyers

If anybody had any doubts of the possibility of conducting a successful special sale in Sierra Madre, the opening sale now on at Hearsh Bros., successors to M. Olsen, should convince them. By the liberal use of printer's ink to tell about their bargains and real bargains to back up the advertising they have drawn on Lamanda Park, Arcadia and surrounding country for trade this week. Their store has not had a Broadway fire sale crowd, but at times Mr. Hearsh and Mr. Loeb have been kept so busy as to wish they had additional help. And they have kept the merchandise.

Mr. Hearsh said when he began to plan the sale he considered hiring a special sale manager to conduct it for him. But instead he turned over the immediate management of the sale to Mr. Loeb who has given special study to that sort of thing. Last night he expressed himself as highly pleased with the results. Mr. Loeb has been with Hearsh Bros., for five years or more and will remain in charge of the Sierra Madre store when Mr. Hearsh returns to San Bernardino where he will make his headquarters at the firm's main store.

It is announced that the sale will continue one week longer, the last day being Saturday, November 4.

HELMS MAKES FIGHT ON DRY PLATFORM

Candidate for District Attorney Takes Strong Stand On Wet Issue

Capt. W. T. Helms, candidate for district attorney, is making his race on a "dry" platform. For the first time in the history of the county a candidate for the office has declared against the saloons.

This means the loss of a certain element of the voters, but may bring him many more. He attributes particular importance to the stand of the candidates on this question in view of the likelihood of Amendment No. 2 carrying in November.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

All the regular services next Sunday. The pastor will preach morning and evening. Subject in the morning, "Joseph's Garden." In the evening, "Patience." All are cordially invited.

FRED STAFF, Pastor.

TO SIERRA MADRE NEWS SUBSCRIBERS

Beginning this week, revision of the News mailing list is under way. A new system has been adopted by which the expiration date of every subscriber's paper will be shown, printed after their name on the address label. Everyone will thus be kept constantly posted as to the state of their subscription account. Subscriptions expire on the first day of the month and year thus shown. For instance, if your address label reads: "John Doe, Dec'16" your subscription expires on the first of December next. In case the date appears to you to be incorrect please notify us at once so that the date may be verified.

About Newspaper Prices

All over the country newspapers are advancing subscription prices on account of the unprecedented high cost of print paper. Thousands of weekly papers have been forced to go out of business. The News suffers along with the rest, our paper stock now costing more than double what it cost one year ago. If possible, the News will continue at the old price of \$1.50 a year. Our ability to do this will depend chiefly on the promptness with which subscribers pay up their accounts. A very large proportion of our subscriptions expire between September and January, making the amount due at this time unusually heavy.

Beginning on January 1 all subscriptions will be strictly cash in advance. It is of course necessary to drop from the list at once all who are a year or more in arrears. After the first of January all who are more than thirty days in arrears will have to be dropped. The News does not like to lose a single subscriber or reader, but it has been demonstrated repeatedly that a strict cash in advance policy is the only basis on which a weekly newspaper can be safely conducted.

Revision of the mailing list will have been completed by next week. Watch for the date on your address label.

RESIGNATION OF PASTOR ACCEPTED WITH REGRET

Congregationalists Set About Task of Finding Successor To Rev. Staff

Members of the Congregational Church held a special meeting Wednesday evening to take action on the resignation of Rev. Fred Staff, which was reported last week. The resignation was accepted with regret and a committee was appointed to prepare a suitable expression of the appre-

ciation for his work as pastor of the church.

With keen regret, the church members set about the task of finding a successor to Mr. Staff. It is fully realized that it will be a difficult task to find a man who will appear acceptable in the light of the services given during the present pastorate. A committee on pulpit supply will undertake the task, the committee to consist of the clerk, a member to be chosen by the deacons, trustees and Ladies' Aid Society, and one member at large.

General E. C. BELLOWS

will address the voters of Sierra Madre next week
Thursday, Nov. 2, 8 P. N.
Woman's Club House

under the auspices of the

WOODROW WILSON INDEPENDENT LEAGUE

General Bellows was for five years United States Consul General to Japan, being appointed by President McKinley and serving also under President Roosevelt. He was formerly a Republican member of the legislature of Washington. He has served as chairman of the municipal Civil Service Commission of Los Angeles and his address on efficiency in public affairs at the Sierra Madre Board of Trade banquet two years ago is still recalled as one of the ablest talks ever heard in Sierra Madre. Whatever his subject he is worth hearing. Sierra Madre should give him a large audience on Thursday night.

By special arrangement, some motion picture films appropriate to the campaign will be shown on the screen. Don't fail to come and bring your friends
THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 2, 8 P. M.

RED CROSS MAKING RACE FOR TROPHY

Rapid Increase in Membership List Reported This Week

Members of the Red Cross are reminded of the special meeting of the chapter which will take place on Tuesday the 31st. The new officers will be installed and final reports presented.

A renewal of membership with membership fees will be more than acceptable. Sierra Madre's campaign for members has been a vigorous one with the result that there are now 144 members. Time is short for the limit imposed upon getting new members so that the silver cup may fall to Sierra Madre, the time being up on the 31st of October. Will you not help to swell the list? Join now and aid the local chapter in its broad humanitarian work.

List of new members during the recent two weeks campaign, Mesdames R. H. Mackerras, F. J. Hart, C. W. Jones, C. L. Calvert, Donald Ashmore, Ernest Yerxa, C. F. Gray, F. R. Wood, Ella T. Stork, Fredrick Nichols, H. W. Tinker, Geo. Letteau, W. E. Farman, Wm. Dennison, F. H. Hartman, Clarence Foster, W. S. Hull, S. R. Norris, C. C. Montgomery, Messrs. T. M. Webster, Charles H. Foreman, W. W. Collins, Geo. Humphries, M. D. Welsher, F. H. Hartman, W. S. Hull, and the Misses Clara Larjar, Laura McDaniels, Mabel Everett, Adelaide Brooks, Frances Fletcher.

GET HOUSE NUMBERS FOR PHONE BOOK

Important to Make the Directory As Complete As Possible

Telephone subscribers are advised to see if their houses are numbered and the numbers correctly printed in the telephone directory. A new directory will be published soon and it is highly desirable that the list be made as complete and accurate as possible. The telephone book is the only city directory published for Sierra Madre and house numbers are essential. If your house is not numbered go to the city hall and have the official number designated. Then notify the chief clerk at the telephone office so that it will be inserted in the new list.

THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Church of the Ascension, the Rev. Dr. Geo. H. Cornell, Rector, vested choir. Nineteenth Sunday after Trinity. Sunday School 9:45 A. M. Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11 A. M. All are cordially invited.

PASADENA vs. CHAFFEE CLASH IN BIG PREP CONTEST SATURDAY

Rivaling the Pasadena-Whittier game of last week in importance and football possibilities, the battle scheduled for tomorrow afternoon between the Pasadena high school eleven and Chaffee Union's hopefuls heads the list of prep events.

The game will be held on the Pasadena field and will start promptly at 2:30 p. m. There are no college games of importance this week-end and this game overshadows all other high school events. The winner of this contest will be in line for the championship with no big opposition in the way.

Mrs. Howard Hill was the luncheon guest at the home of her niece, Mrs. C. E. Riley of South Pasadena on Tuesday of this week.

LADIES' NIGHT AT LODGE IS DELIGHTFUL

Tuesday night was observed as "ladies' night" by Sierra Madre Lodge No. 408, F. & A. M. Members of the lodge and their wives and members of the Order of Eastern Star filled the lodge hall almost to overflowing and spent a most enjoyable evening. Franklin Biederman, Master of the Lodge, turned the meeting over to J. D. Mackerras, chairman of the program committee. He called on District Inspector L. L. Test, for some remarks, paying tribute to the earnest and patient work done by Mr. Test in his official capacity and its value to the order.

Talk on Masonry

Although his talk was purely informal, Mr. Test brought out some important points which threw new light on Masonry for many of those present, and deserve wider publicity. After going into some of the tenets of the order, he explained some of the things that Masonry is not. Among other things he decried the mistaken conception of Masonry as a substitute for religion or the church. A true religion, he said, must be universal in its appeal, whereas Masonry is for only one sex and for adult members of one race. But to show that there could not be antagonism between Masonry and the Christian church, he said that while a man might be a good Christian without being a Mason, he could not be a good Mason without at least trying to live a Christian life.

Mmes. Hawxhurst and Hawks sang a duet, with Mrs. Flather at the piano, and were vigorously encored. Mr. G. K. Bourke rendered one of his inimitable Irish songs, without accompaniment, and was also called back for an encore. It was easy to imagine that he had his feet on a bit of the old sod.

Dinner and Dance

After the program the company descended to the parlors of the club house where tables had been set for a delicious repast. During the social hour in the hall and during the diner music was furnished by the popular Fletcher orchestra of Pasadena. After the dinner dancing was enjoyed in the auditorium. The guests departed with regret, all pronouncing it one of the most enjoyable occasions in the history of the lodge.

NEW SUPPLY OF FREE GARDEN SEEDS

Unusually Good Quality is Said To Have Been Provided This Year

Word has been received from Congressman Randall that the supply of free garden seeds will again be sent early for winter planting in Southern California. Order slips have been placed in each post office box and others wishing them will be supplied on application at the stamp window. All that is necessary is to write your name and address on the pink slip and drop it in the letter box and it will be forwarded to Mr. Randall to be taken care of.

The department of agriculture advises that the quality of seeds obtained for free distribution is the best ever sent out by the department. Persons wishing free flower seeds should advise Mr. Randall by letter, addressing him at Los Angeles.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

R. H. Mackerras, M. D.
Office 154 W. Central
Phone Main 53. 128 W. Cent. Ave.

LLOYD L. KREBS, M. D.
Residence—72 W. Alegria
Phone Main 111
Hours—11-12:30
Office, 4 N. Baldwin Main 60

GEORGE W. GROTH
Physician and Surgeon
Osteopath
Blue 144 N. Baldwin

A. J. RUST
DENTIST
308 Higgins Building, Cor. Second and Main, Los Angeles; office hrs. 10-12, 2-4. Office phone Main 7011

ALLEN T. GAY
Undertaker and
Funeral Director
Lady Assistant
AUTO AMBULANCE
Main 93 Central & Baldwin

Transfer and Express
J. C. WHYTE
—Phones—
Blue 55, Green 85
Kersting Court

Sierra Madre Feed & Fuel Co.
ANDREW OLSEN, Prop.
All kinds of stock and poultry feed. Best grades of fuel
TRANSFER
Main 50 Res. Black 24

GOOD REAL ESTATE BARGAINS FIRE INSURANCE AUTO SERVICE
Notary Work at your home or my office, Baldwin and Central
S. R. G. TWYXCROSS
Green 2—Black 11

Auto Service
The Sierra Madre Garage has purchased the
AUTO LIVERY
business hitherto conducted by Jack Richey, and will conduct it from their present place of business, and from the end of the car line also.
Prompt and efficient service will be given our patrons both day and night. First class cars for five or seven passengers, for long or short trips. Passenger service exclusively. (No trucking.)

Sierra Madre Garage
Milton Steinberger, Prop.
Main 110 37-39 W. Central

HERE AT HOME

Miss Mildred Lewis of Alhambra was the guest of Miss Beatrice on Thursday.

Miss Edith Rankin of Salt Lake City was the dinner guest of Mrs. M. H. Clark on Thursday.

F. P. Sperry returned home last week after an absence of several weeks in New York City. Mrs. Ralph Hopkins was the luncheon guest of Mrs. Glenford Dalrymple of Altadena on Thursday.

Miss Hilda Caley spent three days in Pasadena this week attending the Sunday School convention.

Mrs. Guy Buckmaster of Lindsay spent Friday in Sierra Madre as the guest of Mrs. George B. Morgridge.

Crawford Williams drove Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Sharon to San Diego on Sunday, returning on Thursday. They visited various places of interest.

Mrs. Hulda M. Smith has returned to her home in Los Angeles after spending a year or two in Sierra Madre, residing with Mrs. Anna Jackman.

Friends of Capt. Osgood were delighted to see him down town on Wednesday, after being laid up at home for several months as a result of accident injuries.

Rehearsals are well under way for the annual dramatic entertainment of the Episcopal Guild's bazaar which will take place on the afternoons and evenings of Nov. 22 and 23.

Mrs. H. W. Topping and Earl Topping returned home last Friday after an absence of several weeks, during which they visited St. Paul and other places in the middle west, returning by way of Seattle.

Rudolph Hartman entertained the members of his orchestra with a delightful dinner party on Wednesday, the occasion being his 21st birthday anniversary. A large cake formed an appropriate centerpiece for the table and Hallowe'en place cards were used.

Delightfully informal was the Woman's Club meeting on Monday, arranged for the purpose of bringing members and friends, especially new members and newcomers to Sierra Madre an opportunity for closer acquaintance. Mrs. Pierce, the president, read a few words of greeting and good wishes from Mrs. J. H. Wright. Miss Minette Wanstrath played several piano numbers. The company sat at small tables which were prettily decorated, and did fancy work or Red Cross sewing. Refreshments were served. The hostesses were Mrs. Nourse, Walker, Kimball, Mason and Harriet Wright.

Gail Williams left on Monday for a week's business trip to San Diego.

Mrs. M. M. Olds of Los Angeles was a weekend guest of her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Ingraham.

Mrs. C. L. Giddings of Los Angeles has been spending a week at the home of her mother, Mrs. Ballou.

Mrs. G. L. Mitchell of Santa Monica was the guest of the Misses Hazel and Jean Woodward during the flower show.

Mr and Mrs. Percy Austin and daughter, Miss Alice, of Denver, and Mrs. C. P. Austin of Los Angeles were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Lawless.

Mrs. O. S. Carson and daughter Grace, and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Miller, Miss Jessie Robertson and Mr. Dudley M. Clark, all of Glendale, are guests of Miss Bertha Carson for the flower show dance.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Letteau had as guests at the dinner-dance given at the San Gabriel Country Club Saturday night Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Carhart, Mrs. Gray, Mr. Spalding, Miss Robinson, and Mr. Fred Hinton of Los Angeles.

Don's forget the meeting at the club house next Thursday evening which will be addressed by Gen. E. C. Bellows, a most interesting speaker. Gen. Bellows served as Consul General to Japan under two Republican administrations, but is now actively supporting President Wilson for re-election. He is a man you will enjoy hearing, whether you are willing to be convinced or not.

MONROVIA SCHOOLS WANT OUR PUPILS

Several Monrovia school officials visited the Sierra Madre school last Friday for the purpose of trying to effect an arrangement whereby Sierra Madre high school pupils would attend Monrovia High instead of at Pasadena. Various inducements were mentioned, among them free transportation. It is understood Monrovia officials have discovered some state law under which a district may reimburse pupils attending from a distance. It has been pointed out that the same law would apply to Pasadena, and if there is any benefit to be derived from such a law, it would not be necessary to disturb the present arrangements by which local pupils attend the finely equipped Pasadena high school and have all the advantages of the magnificent plant there.

Saturday Evening, Oct. 28

A Mutual Masterpiece
A Child of God
By Cyrus Townsend Brady
In Four Parts
Featuring Sam de Grasse and Francelia Billington
Ford Weekly Comedy
Woman's Club House
8:00 P. M. Adults 15c, Children 10

MODERN DENTISTRY AT MODERATE PRICES

This is the progressive age, and Dentistry has certainly kept Pace with it.
DOCTOR HAWKINS
Ten Years in Practice
Opposite Chamber of Commerce Building
130 E. Colorado St Pasadena Phone Fair Oaks 115

LECTURE FOR BENEFIT OF RED CROSS

The fall benefit for the Red Cross will take place Friday, will take place Friday evening, Nov. 3, when Dr. Byron Stookey of Los Angeles will deliver his stereopticon lecture, "Transportation of the Wounded." Dr. Stookey spent a year in Europe at the front with the army medical corps in France. He has given this lecture throughout the southwest and presents the entire proceeds for Red Cross purposes. He is a graduate of Harvard and of U. S. C., and was a member of the national board of health at Washington.

With his personal experiences in caring for the wounded of the warring countries, his lecture with its stirring snapshots of actual scenes at the front, is of more than usual interest.

Music will form a particularly delightful feature. Miss Lalla Fagge, well known violinist, will play, accompanied by Miss Janet Crowhurst L. R. A. M., of London, a recent arrival but with a splendid reputation as a pianist. Miss Kathleen Lockhart, a Sierra Madre singer who has not been heard here publicly, has promised to give a number.

As chairman of the affair Mrs. Cary E. Fagge has formed efficient sub-committees, and is aided by Mrs. Flather, Camp, Lawless and Welsher. The patronesses include Mrs. Blumer, Maughlin, Cornell, Pierce, Staff, R. H. Mackerras, Krebs, Nourse, Flather, Osgood, Seiling, Hull, J. J. Hart, Lawless, Mason, F. L. Merrill, G. B. Morgride.

MISS NEWTON PASSES ON

Word was received in Sierra Madre today of the sudden passing of Miss Frances Newton at Elmira, N. Y., from some form of heart trouble. During her residence and work in Sierra Madre as head of the kindergarten she won a host of friends to whom the news will come as a sad shock.

NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS

The present price of flour and other materials has placed the baker in a position where it is absolutely necessary to make a raise in the price of all baked goods or go out of business.

For two years the baker has carried the load of increasing prices on raw materials with practically no profits, hoping the conditions would adjust themselves so as to make it unnecessary to raise prices on our goods. But instead they have grown worse by leaps and bounds until under the present market it is impossible for any baker to even manufacture the goods for the price charged.

We do not wish to cut the quality of our goods and the only thing left is to raise the price.

We are asking our customers to allow us to remain in business by lending their co-operation in this, the most trying time that the bakers have ever been up against. The following will be the prices on and after Nov. 1, 1916:
Bread, 10c straight.
Doughnuts, 15c per dozen.
Cakes of all kinds, 15c each.
Pies of all kinds, 15c each.
SIERRA MADRE BAKERY
D. J. Millard, Prop.
Phone Blue 125. Windsor Lane

WHY DOGS BARK.

Curiously enough, barking, which seems to us so characteristic of the dog, is not one of its natural sounds. Wild dogs do not bark. They howl or yelp. Moreover, dogs that are deprived for any considerable length of time of the companionship of human beings seem to lose the faculty. Thus a number of dogs turned loose on an uninhabited island in the South Pacific, where they subsisted on wild goats and pigs for a period of five or six years, were found at the end of that time to have completely lost the habit, though they soon acquired it. These facts have led some observers to conclude that the artificially acquired bark of the dog is the animal's method of attempting to communicate with man. And in this connection it is worthy of note that the habit can be eliminated when desired, as in some breeds of dogs favored by poachers.

PAY CASH and SAVE MONEY

Where we save you money, some
NORRIS' CASH STORE
EVERY DAY CUT PRICES

- 3 Cans Campbell's Soup \$.25
- 2 Cans Asparagus25
- 2 Pkgs. Krinkle Corn Flakes15
- 1 Pkg. Gold Medal Oat Flakes10
- 3lb. Chase & Sanborn's "Sultana" Coffee 1.00
- 1/2 lb Tin Chase & Sanborn's Ceylon Tea30
- 3 Pkgs. Parlor Matches10
- 7 Cakes Cotton Boll White Laundry Soap25

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY ONLY

- 1lb Best Creamery Butter40
- 15c Pkg. Quaker Corn Puffs11
- 15c Pkg. Caramel Cereal11
- Choice Pot Roast, the lb15
- Try our Home Made Pork Sausage for Sunday Breakfast. It's just right. The lb20

CASH BEATS CREDIT
PHONE BLACK 12
S. R. NORRIS, Proprietor of the
Sierra Madre Dept. Store

MOWE—RICHEY

Sierra Madre was precipitated into a state of incredulous astonishment when it was reported last Friday that Jack Richey, popularly supposed to be immune from the marrying germ, had gone off to Santa Ana and there taken as his wife Mrs. Mary Mowe. Jack had been observed by his friends early in the day, dressed up in glad rags and agitation, but was not suspected of anything but an unusual rush of business. But upon their return, the happy couple admitted the accusation and have been busy receiving congratulations ever since. They will reside at 237 East Highland.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Ballou had as dinner guests on Sunday Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Wilson of Pasadena and Mrs. Giddings of Los Angeles.

New Liners

- FOUND—Pair Glasses in case, Owner may have same by calling at news office. tf.
- WANTED—Woman for general housework. L. R. Thompson, Tel. Red 39. 3
- WANTED—Work by day, will do any kind of work, indoor and outdoor. Tree trimming. Painting and floor waxing a specialty. Phone Main 136. 4*
- FOR RENT CHEAP—Good 8 room house with two baths—House is centrally located. Call C. B. Reas. Phone Blk. 49. tf.
- DO YOU want a loan on your Real Estate? Any amount! See the First National Bank.
- FOR RENT—Cosy three room furnished house with sleeping porch, bath, etc., three blocks from carline. Phone Blk. 49. tf
- FOR SALE—Day-old eggs 60c dozen. No delivery. W. A. Evans, 397 W. Central. 4
- FOR SALE—2 young singing birds, golden color. Price \$3.00 each. Phone Black 32. 4
- FORCED TO SELL—Thoroughbred Boston Terrier pup from Ford's stock, for \$20. 391 Center St., Pasadena. 4*
- WANTED—Respectable girl for general housework, good wages. Mrs. Gesell, 204 E. Central. Tel. Red 88. 4*

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE

Sheriff's Sale No. B35382
Order of Sale and Decree of Foreclosure and Sale
Miguel Latz, Plaintiff, vs. W. J. Milliken, Minnie M. Milliken, A. G. Delisle, Rosa W. Delisle, et al, Defendants.
Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, issued out of the Superior Court of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1916, in the above entitled action, wherein Miguel Latz, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against W. J. Milliken, Minnie M. Milliken, et al; defendants, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1916, for the sum of Sixty-seven hundred eighteen and 12/100 (\$6718.12) Dollars, gold coin of the United States, which said decree was, on the 28th day of September, A. D. 1916, recorded in Judgment Book 377 of said Court,

at page 282, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, and bounded and described as follows:
Lots eight (8) and thirteen (13) in block eighty-nine (89) of the Santa Anita Tract, as per map recorded in book 34, pages 41 and 42, miscellaneous records of said County.
Together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.
Public notice is hereby given, that, on Monday, the 6th day of November, A. D. 1916, at 12 o'clock, M. of that day, in front of the Court House door of the County of Los Angeles, Broadway entrance, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interests and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for cash gold coin of the United States.
Dated this 12th day of October, 1916.
JNO. C. CLINE,
Sheriff of Los Angeles County.
By W. T. Osterholt, Deputy Sheriff
C. E. McDowell, Plaintiff's Attorney.
2-5

Through "Story Land" ---

OVER THE SUNSET ROUTE

Through Arizona and New Mexico—Texas, with its cotton fields and rice plantations—The "Sugar Bowl" of Louisiana—the Bayou Teche, home of Evangeline—Quaint, historic New Orleans: "A dash of Paris—a suspicion of old Spain—a background of Mississippi levees, and an atmosphere of true Southern Hospitality."
AND THROUGH THE SOUTH "DIXIE LAND" OF SONG AND STORY

Double Daily Service
"SUNSET LIMITED"
No extra fare—Through tourist sleeper to Washington, D. C.
SUNSET EXPRESS

Rock-Ballasted road-bed—Oil-burning Locomotives—Protected by Automatic electric block signals—Meals at meal time...
SUNSHINE ALL THE WAY

Southern Pacific Steamers

Leave New Orleans Wednesdays and Saturdays for New York—
Fare same as all rail and includes meals and berth on ship.

Tickets honored on P. E. Ry. Electric to and from Los Angeles

G. E. MESECAR AGENT
Phone Red 38.

Southern Pacific

Southern Pacific Service the Standard

WINE MEN MAKE SERIOUS MISTAKE

Tied Up With Saloons in Opposing Second Amendment

That the wine men have made a serious mistake in joining with the saloon and allied interests in opposing the second amendment on the ballot, that to close the public drinking place, is now recognized throughout the State. The measure does not effect the growers of table and raisin grapes at all, and the same is practically true of the growers of wine grapes. Should it be ratified, not more than 2 per cent of the wine manufactured in California would be affected. And yet, the "wets" are advertising extensively, that should this second measure be ratified, not only will the wine-grape growing industry be ruined, but the raisin and table-grape industry also.

The money which pays for this advertising is not furnished by grape-growers. It comes from saloon, distillery and brewery interests that are skulking behind the grape-grower. And those who exploit the making and distribution of wine—not the wine-grape grower—are responsible for this alliance with the saloon and its allies.

Commenting upon this alliance between saloon and wine association, the Fresno Republican, published in the heart of the grape-growing district, says:

"The total amount of injury to the wine business in California by the passage of Amendment No. 2 would be nowhere in the neighborhood of as great as the injury produced last year by the federal wine tax, and would not be a quarter as great as has frequently been produced in California by some quarrel between rival speculators of various wine associations.

"The fundamental blunder of the wine interests has been in tying themselves up to the saloon cause. The best thing that could happen to the wine business would be the passage of Amendment No. 2, and the consequent closing up of the saloons. Then, there being no more saloons to affiliate with, if the wine producers wished then to organize an agitation for a more liberal treatment of their own business, they would at least be able to do so unhooded."

WHAT THE SECOND MEASURE PROVIDES

The pro-alcohol element have done so much to misrepresent the second measure on the ballot, that to close the public drinking place, that a statement of its provisions is timely.

The measure will close all saloons, take liquor out of the grocery stores, and stop the sale or service of liquor in hotels, restaurants, clubs, dance halls, and all other places of public resort. It closes the public drinking place and the retail liquor shop, and makes unlawful all soliciting of orders for liquor. It does not interfere with the manufacture, exportation, or sale in California by manufacturers on the premises where manufactured in two-gallon, or larger, lots, provided such liquor is delivered at the permanent residence of the buyer. This amendment will go into effect January 1, 1918.

Should this amendment be ratified, it will wipe out the public drinking place. And, in the final analysis, that is just the thing which its opponents are trying to prevent.

"Alcohol is not a life-giver, but a life-destroyer. The menace of it lies in the fact that it makes the user think that it is giving him more strength, whereas it brings him an element of death. It is all the more dangerous because it brings him death masked as a friend."—Joseph H. Crooker.

"In the fight against alcohol, as far as Sweden is concerned, no peace is possible before absolute alcohol prohibition is carried."—Professor Thoren, Svensk Politik.

"Cutting out booze," says the California Industrial Accident Commission, in "Safety Hints for the Employers," "costs nothing and pays dividends."

There are three curses of habit-forming drugs—morphine, cocaine and alcohol—and the greatest of these is alcohol.—Toronto Department of Public Health Bulletin, October, 1915.

"The fight against alcohol is the most important phenomenon of our epoch—weightier than all state affairs wars, and concluded peaces."—Professor Fick, of Wurzburg, Die Alkoholfrage.

SORRY TRICK OF "WETS" EXPOSED

Fresno Republican Shows How Organizations Are Placed in a False Position

The Fresno Republican, in an editorial article "Caught Lying," exposes a trick of the "wet" publicity department to deceive the voters of the state. The Republican says:

"Some time ago the California Taxpayers League, which is the name of the principal wet organization, sent out from its Los Angeles office a folder under the title, 'Don't Be Fooled,' which professed to contain a verbatim copy of both the dry amendments to be voted on this fall. Who was responsible for the text of the copy we do not know, but the copy is so full of merely stupid minor inaccuracies as to indicate that the compiler must have been either exceedingly careless or exceedingly wet. Two errors, however, were so important that they could hardly have been accidental. One was the insertion into the text of section 1 of Amendment No. 2 of the words 'room, cellar,' as among the places in which the possession, giving away or sale of liquor was prohibited. No such words occur in the actual text of the law, and the only possible purpose of inserting them was to sustain an argument which in fact was actually made in another document sent out at the same time, that this amendment would prohibit the possession of liquor in the private homes or rooms of citizens.

"The other error was the total omission of the section permitting liquor for sacramental purposes. Inasmuch as at the same time another document was sent out arguing that this amendment would be an interference with religious rites, this omission also can hardly have been accidental.

"Two years ago the wet forces decidedly discredited their cause by publishing widespread an alleged quotation from Abraham Lincoln which in fact Lincoln had never said or written. This year the misquotation was in the actual text of the law itself. One would think that those who are willing to use garbled quotations as an argument would be intelligent enough not to use so accessible a document as this initiative law for their misquotations. By some standards of ethics prevarication is not a wrong to be ashamed of; but by all standards, high and low, getting caught at the prevarication is at least a thing which prudence would avoid."

THE PRINCIPLE OF PROHIBITION

James Madison, second vice-president of the California Grape Protective Association, member of the association's campaign committee, and one of its directors, has written the arguments against the anti-alcohol measures which are to be voted upon on November 7. These arguments will be mailed to every voter in California.

The California Grape Protective Association with which Mr. Madison is so intimately connected, is leading the campaign against these measures. It is responsible for the false statements regarding the effect of prohibition upon Portland, Oregon, which some time ago were sent to the California newspapers. It is also responsible for the pamphlet containing the article "Folly of Planting More Fruit Trees" in California.

Mr. Madison opens his argument against the Prohibition measure with the statement that "the principle of prohibition is wrong."

But is it wrong? If it is wrong the entire penal code is wrong. There is not a provision of the penal code that does not affect adversely some minority that does not believe that way.

The parallel between alcohol and cocaine is more in point. Both are narcotic drugs. Both have legitimate uses. Both are dangerous when freely sold for indiscriminate use by the public. Government has a right to suppress the sale of either or both as it thinks wise. For the protection of the public, the general use of cocaine is prohibited. But authorities claim that alcohol is a greater curse than cocaine. The Department of Public Health of Toronto, Canada, said in its Bulletin for October 1, 1915: "Of the three national curses, morphine, cocaine, and alcohol, the greatest is alcohol."

Will Mr. Madison contend that the prohibition of the general use of cocaine is wrong in principle? If not, how will Mr. Madison square the opening statement of his argument that prohibition of the general use of alcohol is wrong in principle?

No man ever held a job because of his capacity to use liquor, and no man was ever given one because he was fond of John Barleycorn. Workers will have to realize this, and their realization of it will be for their betterment.—The Liberator.

DIRECTORS SPEAK FOR MEMBERSHIP

How Organizations Are Placed in a False Position

The San Francisco Real Estate Board early this month went on record against the two anti-alcohol measures which are to be voted upon in November.

The manner in which this was done is typical of the methods employed by the "Wets" to get organizations on record as opposed to these measures. The work is done through directors, and not through membership; it is done not in the open, but behind closed doors; it is done not after hearing both sides; it is done by trickery and deception. To illustrate by the incident of the San Francisco Real Estate Board.

Early in the year when it became evident that California would again vote on the question of Prohibition members of the San Francisco Real Estate Board, members who are not standing with the pro-booze element, suggested that speakers from both sides be invited to address a general meeting of the entire Board, a vote then to be taken by the general membership.

The executive officers of the Board delayed action. Finally, independent of the executive officers, plans were formulated to have the anti-alcohol question come up at a general meeting of the Board who opposed the liquor traffic were to be given opportunity to speak.

These arrangements were stopped, however, by the executive officers on the ground that prohibition was a matter which each member could decide for himself. In the interest of the harmony of the Board those who were making the arrangements for a hearing of both sides were asked to do nothing further about it. They were, at the same time, assured that the matter of the amendments would not this year come up at all.

Relying upon these assurances, the anti-booze element through the incident closed.

Characteristic Trickery. Early in October, however, all the directors of the Board received notice of "a very important directors' meeting," at which it was stated that the directors would receive the tax levy from the Board's tax committee.

The directors met to hear the tax survey report, but the tax survey did not come up.

Instead, some twenty-four men comprising the allied liquor interests of San Francisco and the state, at the invitation of the very official who had assured the anti-liquor group that the question of the alcohol measures was not to come up, appeared before the Board.

The anti-liquor side was not heard, and the Board through its directors was not only placed on record as being opposed to both measures, but further, that the entire active membership be asked to co-operate with the liquor interests by requesting different property owners to give them a contribution of one month's rent on any rental that they may receive from any business associated with the liquor traffic.

And such are the methods by which organizations, be they organizations of capital or organizations of labor, are being placed on record as opposed to the two anti-alcohol amendments.

The membership of these organizations will, however, have an opportunity to express their views on the subject on November 7th next.

CALL SALOONMEN'S VINEYARD BLUFF

The expensive signs which the saloon and allied interests are setting up on vineyards, "Prohibition would destroy this vineyard," are causing both amusement and indignation in the grape-growing districts where the facts regarding grape-growing are known. Those who do not take the saloon interests very seriously are amused. Those who fail to recognize that the whole pro-booze campaign is a bluff, and a sorry bluff at that, are indignant.

A correspondent of the Stockton Record, living in the table-grape district of the San Joaquin Valley, says of this class of pro-booze advertising:

Misrepresentation Exposed. "We wonder how level-headed business men can be so inconsistent as to allow put in their Tokay vineyards great blaring signs, saying, 'Prohibition would destroy this vineyard,' etc. 'People living in the vicinity and all who know the vineyard to be Tokay grapes know it is not true.

"The only hope then is in deceiving the passing public—strangers who may think it a wine vineyard and be influenced to vote against prohibition.

"All this bosh about the culls being so valuable is another deception. In a good grape year (and most years are good) the culls amount to comparatively nothing. In a bad year, how much better to let the hogs dispose of them."



"EXERCISING HIS PERSONAL LIBERTY," IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "WET" IDEA

WETS MISREPRESENT SECOND MEASURE

Statement That It Would Hurt Grape Industry Not Borne Out by Facts

The opponents of the anti-alcohol measures to be voted upon this year, are expending large sums of money—which does not come from growers of wine-grapes to make it appear that the second amendment, that which closes the public drinking place, would have the same effect upon the wine industry as prohibition itself. Indeed, Mr. James Madison, who has written the official argument against this measure, says in his argument that "the effect of this amendment would be as disastrous to the legitimate winery or brewery as prohibition amendment No. 1." Mr. Madison's statement has been generally printed in advertisements throughout the state.

Such statements regarding the amendment are not in accordance with the facts.

Effect Upon Wine.

In 1913, to select a year for illustration, according to figures given out by the wine people, there were 42,000,000 gallons of wine produced in California. Had the state that year been under prohibition, such as is provided for in Amendment Number 1, that wine could not have been made. Mr. Madison and those with whom he is identified state that the second measure would have the same effect upon the wine industry as Amendment Number 1. Therefore, according to Mr. Madison, had the second measure been the law in 1913, that wine would not have been made.

And here Mr. Madison and his group are mistaken.

Does Not Limit Production.

To begin with, the second measure does not limit or interfere with the manufacture of wine in any way.

So the 42,000,000 gallons of wine would have been manufactured in 1913, had the second measure that year been in force.

The wine-people state that of the 42,000,000 gallons made in California in 1913, 40,000,000 gallons, more than 95 per cent of it, were exported from the state.

Could Have Been Exported.

The second amendment does not interfere with the exportation of wine or its free movement in quantities of two gallons or more. So the 40,000,000 gallons would have been manufactured and exported even though the second measure had been the law.

This disposes of all but 2,000,000 of the 42,000,000 gallons, less than 5 per cent of the whole, which, according to the wine men, were manufactured in California in 1913.

A considerable quantity of the 2,000,000 gallons was stored.

The wine stored would not have been affected in the least had the second measure been the law in 1913, for the second measure does not interfere with the storage of wine.

Private Consumption.

Much of the 2,000,000 gallons was consumed in homes and private places. This would not have been affected had the second amendment been the law of the state in 1913, for the second amendment does not interfere with the consumption of wine in homes and private places.

What Was Left.

And this brings us to the small amount which was left of that 2,000,000 gallons, the amount that was consumed in public places. This was a comparatively small amount—probably

not more than 100,000 gallons. This is the part of the 42,000,000 gallons of wine produced in California in 1913 which would have been affected had the second amendment which is to be voted upon in November in 1916, that year been the law of the state.

And yet the opponents of this measure are spending tens of thousands of dollars in a publicity campaign to make it appear, to employ the words of Mr. James Madison, their mouth-piece in presenting their official argument against the bill, that the measure "would be as disastrous upon the legitimate winery as prohibition itself."

"WET" PUBLICITY

Evidence accumulates that the publicity work of the pro-liquor element is directed from outside the state and carried on for all states from a central office.

Californians, for example, are receiving pro-liquor pamphlets from Cincinnati, Ohio. And now comes to The Liberator desk, a copy of the Baltimore News carrying a pro-booze "ad" which might have been taken from a California billboard or newspaper.

It occupies a full page. It shows Labor as "The Thinker." At the top in large type appears the word "Think." Beneath is the statement that "Prohibition positively means a destroyed livelihood for 47,000 people."

Maryland Boozelites are modest. In California they make the "destroyed livelihood" fit 293,000.

THE SAN DIEGO IDEA

San Diego has in a measure solved the problem of securing newspaper space for "Dry" advertising.

One of the handicaps of the anti-alcohol campaign, has been the inability of its managers to secure sufficient funds for adequate newspaper advertising. The saloons and their allies, with an unlimited campaign chest, have purchased space in practically every newspaper in the state that will accept pay for printing their misrepresentations. The "Drys" have recognized the necessity of meeting the booze advertising campaign, but the cost of newspaper space has been beyond their means.

The San Diego idea indicates a method to overcome the difficulty. Various groups of citizens are detailed to meet some particular misrepresentation which the "Wets" are putting out, labor unions take up one issue, "public officials" another, physicians another, etc.

Each group in the name of its members purchases advertising space. When the advertisement appears, it contains a line, showing from whom it came; "this advertisement was inserted by members of labor unions"; "this advertisement was inserted by public officials," etc.

The plan has been so successfully carried out in San Diego, that other communities are trying it. In this way newspaper advertising may be secured in communities where the "Drys" had about given up hope of presenting their arguments through newspaper advertising columns.

LOSSES AND GAINS OF PROHIBITION.

"After eight months' experience," the Spokane Chronicle wires former Lieutenant-Governor Wallace, State President of the California Campaign Federation: "Spokane warns California that prohibition means a loss of population in your jails, your poor houses, your hobo camps, and your dives; it means less business for policemen, divorce lawyers and bad bill collectors; it means more money in the savings banks, more food for the babies and more smiles in the homes."

And for such losses and for such gains, California will vote in November.

Political Advertisement

THE WINNING TICKET

Wilson and Patton

President Wilson will sweep California

A United States Senator pledged to support Wilson Policies will be elected

Get in line

It is to your interest to send George S. Patton to the United States Senate

"I am for the full and complete protection of the citrus industry," says Patton He is the only candidate for that office who represents Southern California

Patton is not only right on national issues, but he knows California's needs, and will at all times work for the State's advancement

VOTE FOR GEORGE S. PATTON FOR U. S. SENATOR

Magazine Premiums!

WITH TIMES: Choice of any two magazine at 80c per month: Woman's Home Companion, American, Popular Science, Motion Picture or Sunset.

WITH EXAMINER: Hearst's Magazine, with paper 80c per month.

HENRY M. OLSEN Phone Green 38

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of John A. Thompson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned executor of the Estate of John A. Thompson, deceased, to the Creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executor at his office, Southeast corner of Baldwin and Central Avenues, City of Sierra Madre, County of Los Angeles, State of California, which said office the undersigned selects as a place of business in all matters connected with said estate, or to file them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Los Angeles.

Dated, 22 September, 1916. S. R. G. TWYGCROSS, Executor of the Estate of John A. Thompson, deceased. K. M. Ham Jr., Attorney for Executor

RURAL CREDIT LAW MAKES MONEY CHEAP

Former High-Interest Agencies
Rush to Reduce Rates to
the Farmers.

BIGGER LOANS AT LESS COST

May Borrow Half of Land Value
at Less Than Five Per Cent.—
Effect Already Being Felt
Strongly.

The effect of the new rural credit law, passed by the Democratic Administration, already is being felt in lower interest rates, although the land banks have not yet been organized. Testimony to this effect is being given at the hearings held by the Federal Farm Loan Board in various western cities.

At the hearings in Nebraska, numerous farmers stated that interest rates in the homesteading section of that State already have been reduced from one to two per cent. by the prospective competition of the thirty to forty-year loans that the land banks soon will be making.

The average loan that an insurance company or other loan agency would make on a 640-acre "Kinkaid" claim was \$1,000. The commission deducted from this left the farmer \$850. He paid interest at from 8 to 10 per cent. for five years on \$1,000, making his average net interest rate from 11 to 13 per cent.

This now is stopped by the coming competition of the new rural credits law. Loan agents are rushing into Nebraska to make five-year loans at lower rates, to forestall the operation of the new law.

Lodge Protecting Banks.

This may account for the attack made on the Democratic rural credit measure by Senator Lodge, at Beverly, Mass., on Sept. 23, when he stated that money could be borrowed on better terms from regular agencies than under the rural credit act.

Mr. Lodge declares that this act will endanger the present National and co-operative banks and tend to break them down, according to the report of his speech in the Boston Globe.

The farmers of the West, who have suffered exorbitant interest rates for years, are not worrying about the banks. Their testimony before the Farm Loan Board showed that they are enthusiastic over the new law, and ready to help put it in successful operation.

Benefits to Farmers.

The new farm loan act provides means by which farmers can form co-operative or joint stock associations and borrow from the regional Federal Farm Loan Bank on the security of their land. Ten farmers can form one of these associations. They can borrow up to 50 per cent. of the value of their land, for a period running up to forty years.

The loan is repayable in small annual installments, or can be paid in full at any time. The estimated interest rate is 5 per cent. The farmer who borrows will share in the profits of the business, thereby reducing his interest rate to a still lower figure.

The Democratic National Committee has issued from its headquarters, at No. 30 East Forty-second street, New York, a pamphlet for free distribution fully explaining the rural credits law. It may be obtained from your Democratic State or County Committee.

LABOR TIDE FLOWING STEADILY TO WILSON

Organized Workers of Michigan and
Illinois Indorse Democratic
Candidate.

Enthusiastic offers of support continue to pour into National Democratic headquarters from working men and union leaders from every section of the United States and from every trade and industry. Not only will President Wilson get hundreds of thousands of votes from working men hitherto members of the Republican party, but thousands of wage-earners who have voted the Socialist ticket will this time mark their ballots for him.

The latest indorsement of President Wilson by a labor leader comes from John H. Walker, president of the Illinois State Federation of Labor.

"A working man who would vote for Hughes, in the face of his acts and declarations against labor, and in the face of the great accomplishments of Mr. Wilson for labor," said Mr. Walker, "must be uninformed, misinformed, blinded by prejudice, or carried away by party sentiment."

No word said for President Wilson will have greater effect than a statement by Andrew Furuseth, president of the Seamen's Union, declaring:

"I am for the election of Woodrow Wilson and a Democratic Congress because of the enactment of the Seamen's law and of the Clayton act, recognizing and enforcing the equality before the law of workmen with other citizens."

Asking, "Are Ye for God or Mammon?" President A. B. Garretson of the Order of Railway Conductors urges President Wilson's re-election, in the October number of "The Railway Conductor." Mr. Garretson is a life-long Republican.

PROSPERITY NOT DUE TO DEMANDS OF WAR

Bulk Comes From Ordinary Business Channels, Declares
Charles M. Schwab.

\$2,500,000,000 TRADE BALANCE

Department of Commerce Shows Vast
Gain in Wealth Under Wilson—
Munitions Business Is but One
Per Cent. of Total.

In answer to the cry of Republican politicians, that the unprecedented prosperity that has come to America under the administration of President Wilson is due to the European war orders, comes a statement from Charles M. Schwab, head of the Bethlehem Steel Company, himself a Republican, that refutes the charge.

"It is a mistake to imagine that the major portion of our business is war order business," says Mr. Schwab, in a signed article in the October number of System. "Even a casual inspection of the great volume of exports will demonstrate that the bulk is drawn from the ordinary course of business. It is also found that, at present prices, domestic business is as profitable as foreign munition business."

No one can doubt the capability of Mr. Schwab to judge the business situation, nor can one gainsay the recent figures issued by the Department of Commerce. In this report, it is stated that, during the first eight months of the present fiscal year, the exports of the United States showed a trade balance in favor of this country of \$1,730,000,000.

Trade Balance \$2,500,000,000.

Predictions are made that the trade balance for the entire year will exceed the unprecedented figure of \$2,500,000,000. The value of the exports for the eight months was \$3,435,969,212, an increase of \$1,205,882,100 over the same period last year.

Another financial authority, too, has spoken—Charles Hayden, of Boston. He estimates that American securities held abroad have been reduced from \$6,000,000,000 before the war, to \$1,000,000,000 at the present time. Coincidentally, the United States has become a creditor of foreign nations, for the first time in history, to the extent of \$1,500,000,000. Under Wilson, therefore, we have wiped out \$6,000,000,000 of foreign indebtedness, and are a creditor to the amount of \$500,000,000.

Mr. Hayden calls attention to the fact that this always was a debtor nation under Republican rule.

All Classes Prosperous.

And so, from all sections of the country, from all kinds and classes of business, from the merchant, the manufacturer, the farmer, the workman, come reports of unparalleled prosperity. The Chamber of Commerce of the United States, in an official report, declares that basic stocks are rising, that railroad earnings are abnormally high (indicating the great movement of commodities), and that the national prosperity will continue.

Not temporary prosperity, due to the war, is this that is filling the coffers of the nation. It has a sound basis for permanency, made certain by the laws enacted under the Wilson Administration. The President himself, in his recent speech at Baltimore, emphasized the value to the country of the Tariff Commission, the Trade Commission, the Federal Reserve Board and the shipping bill. These enactments not only will stimulate the productiveness of the country, but will safeguard its output and provide a means of conveying it to all the parts of the world.

How Business Has Gained.

Here is just a glimpse at percentages, prepared by expert statisticians, that prove what the Wilson Administration has done for the people:

Increase in bank deposits, 68 per cent.; money in circulation, 22 per cent.; stock of gold in United States, 34.1 per cent.; foreign commerce, 52.7 per cent.; balance of trade in favor of United States, 287.6 per cent.; agricultural exports, 44.1 per cent.; manufactured exports, 155 per cent.; railway revenues, 37.6 per cent.; value of general crops and live stock, 12.4 per cent.; value of wheat crop, 67.5 per cent.; output of pig iron, 35 per cent.; production of steel, 35.5 per cent.; farm lands, 12.7 per cent.; men employed in manufacturing, 23.2 per cent.; wages paid in manufacturing, 41.5 per cent.; capital employed in manufacturing, 30.9 per cent.; value of manufactured products, 41.2 per cent.

So it may be seen that all lines of industry have profited under the great wave of prosperity that the Democratic administration has wrought.

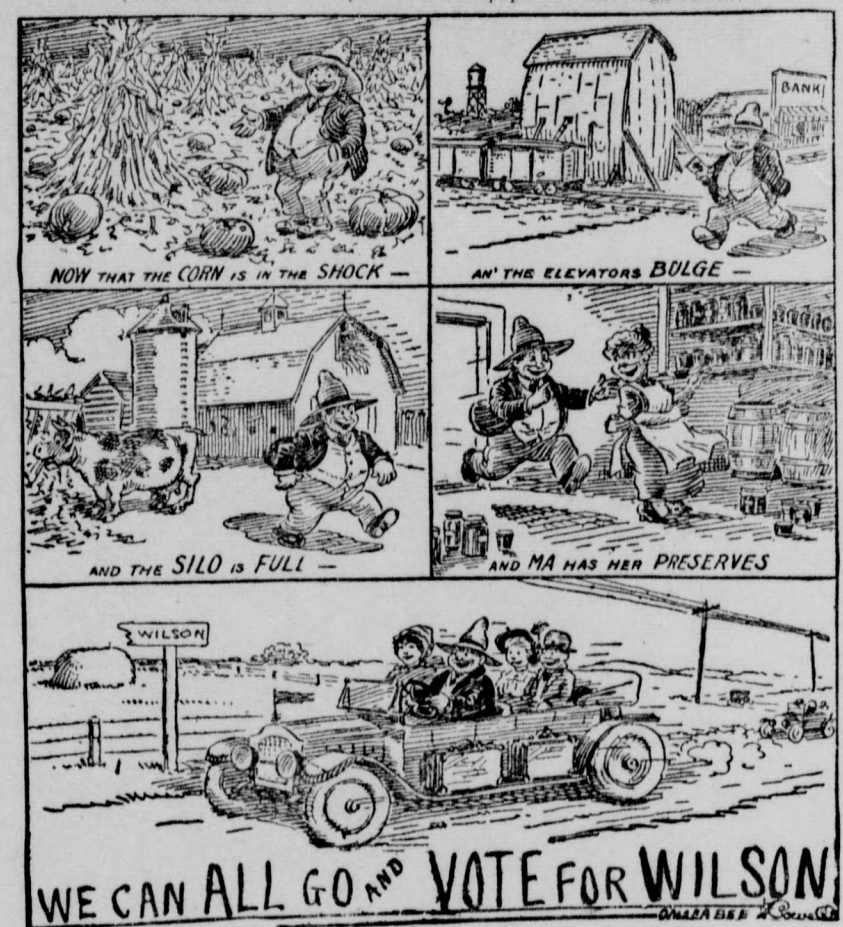
AND THE MUNITIONS BUSINESS COMPRISES ONLY ONE PER CENT. OF THE TOTAL OF MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS.

Is it the part of wisdom, therefore, to gamble with prosperity such as this?

Will the American voter dare to throw away a sure thing, on the chance that his return may be the enormous cost of war's poverty and devastation?

Wilson Joy-Riding in Hughes' "Fool's Paradise"

(With thanks to a Republican newspaper for the suggestion.)



WILSON THE ABLE GUIDE.

WHAT IS BACK OF HUGHES?

Shortsighted Not to Elect Him, Says Mrs. Joseph Fels.

"I have a deep conviction that the hope of Democracy lies with Woodrow Wilson. If we fail to re-elect him, we have much to fear."

Thus speaks Mrs. Mary Fels of Philadelphia, an independent in politics and one of the two American delegates to the Stockholm Peace Conference held in January, 1916. Since the death of her husband, Joseph Fels, she has continued his work in the Fels Commission, founded by him to promote the Single Tax Movement.

"I see no use," she says, "in picking out specific measures, either things done or things left undone. I see

Who nominated Hughes?

The Republican national convention under the control of the Republican bosses, captained by Penrose, Barnes, Smoot, Crane, Cannon, et al., watchdogs of privilege, repudiated as political crooks by Roosevelt and the Progressives four years ago.

Who managed Hughes' campaign in the convention?

Taft's former campaign manager, ex-Postmaster General Hitchcock, whose function in previous conventions has been the delivery of the corrupt Republican delegates from Southern States.

Who is supporting Hughes' candidacy?

Wall Street, the predatory trusts, the tariff beneficiaries, the seekers and holders of special privilege, the exploiters of Mexico, the munition manufacturers, the railroads, the bankers, united plutocracy, even its women folks, all enemies of fundamental Democracy, who hope to prostitute government for selfish gain.

What prominent statesmen are supporting Hughes?

William Howard Taft, foremost apostle of reaction; Theodore Roosevelt, disciple of Bernhard and advocate of war for war's sake; Elihu Root, attorney for malefactors of great wealth, and all the Tory mouthpieces of privilege.

Why are the "interests" supporting Hughes?

Because they expect in return for financial aid, special legislation that will add enormously to the wealth of the few at the expense of the many; because they see in Woodrow Wilson the greatest exponent of Democracy since Jackson, and seek to destroy him lest this nation become a real democracy.

What will Hughes do, if elected?

The nearest he has come to saying what he would do, if elected, was at Milwaukee, when he declared that La Follette's Seaman's bill must be repealed, the Underwood tariff replaced by a higher tariff, and the "whole administrative legislative accomplishments wiped off the books for the good of the country."

What is included in these legislative accomplishments?

The Income Tax, the Inheritance Tax, the Child Labor Law, the Federal Reserve banking system, the Farm Loan system, the Good Roads program, the Federal development of Alaska, the Tariff Commission, the Federal Trade Commission, the Shipping bill, autonomy for the Philippines, the Clayton Act curbing government by injunction, the preservation of neutrality, the maintenance of peace, and the enlarged army and navy.

What would Hughes' election signify?

The triumph of reaction and all that it signifies in thwarting human progress.

Was there ever a worse-bungled campaign than Mr. Hughes' to date?

The New York Evening Post asked that question in an editorial on Hughes and Roosevelt, and frankly answered its own question. "We cannot readily recall one."



MRS. MARY FELS.

them all as a part of a great man striving in a situation incomparably difficult to do what is best for the country that he is trying to save. In this situation and through this endeavor he is becoming more and more the people's friend and the man who can most ably guide the country in the difficult days that lie ahead.

"To me it is so clear that I cannot understand how people may venture to vote for anyone except Mr. Wilson. Mr. Wilson is the man who will inevitably serve the interests of all, except those who are moving heaven and earth to serve their own selfish ends. It is not only Mr. Wilson, it is the people of the United States, that I am thinking of."

THE MAN WHO HAS MADE GOOD.

The Man who has made good,
Is good enough for us
And good to serve four more!

Here's three cheers
For the past four years:
Woodrow Wilson!

Here's three cheers
For the coming four years:
Woodrow Wilson!

The Man who has made good
In all that's gone before,
Is surely good enough for us
To serve another four!

DO YOU WANT PEACE WITH WILSON, OR WAR WITH HUGHES?

There is only one choice as against peace, and that is war. Some of the supporters of that (the Republican) party, a very great body of the supporters of that party, outspokenly declare that they want war; so that the certain prospect of the success of the Republican Party is that we shall be drawn in one form or other into the embroilments of the European war, and that to the south of us the force of the United States will be used to produce in Mexico the kind of law and order which some American investors in Mexico consider most to their advantage. * * *

There is a more serious aspect even than that. There is an immediate result of this thing, my fellow citizens. From this time until the 7th of November it is going to be practically impossible for the present Administration to handle any critical matter concerning our foreign relations, because all foreign statesmen are waiting to see which way the election goes; and in the meantime they know that settlements will be inconclusive.—From President Wilson's address to the Young Men's Democratic League at Shadow Lawn, Sept. 30.

T. W. Mather Co.

Incorporated—Pasadena

White Broadcloth

We have just received a shipment of this very popular but scarce material. Beautiful quality fabric which is so much in demand this season for smart dressing.

Scarfs

Evening scarfs of silver and gold net in rich designs. Some in the plainer styles, others more elaborate. These are being worn more than ever with this season's fashions.

Silk Knitted Scarves in beautiful shades with contrasting fringe. Ideal for Motor wear, warm, durable and stylish.

Our Showing of

Distinctive Coats

Exclusive Frocks

and Smart Suits

is authentic and all are excellent

MT. LOWE EXCURSION FARES

EXTENDED TO NOVEMBER 30

\$150

—Round trip from Los Angeles \$1.50—from Pasadena \$1.25 — every day including Sundays and Thanksgiving—tickets on sale by Agents only—return limit seven days—

—GET ABOVE THE FOG, where the sun is shining—see the beautiful autumn foliage—

—Spend a delightful week or week-end at YE ALPINE TAVERN AND COTTAGES—American plan \$3 per day, \$15 per week, up—Housekeeping cottages cheaper—Camp supplies at city prices—Lunch or dinner 75 cents—Special Turkey Dinner Thanksgiving Day \$1—

—Reservations at P. E. Information Bureau—SECURE FOLDER—Five trains daily from Main Street Station, Los Angeles, 8, 9, 10 A.M., 1:30 and 4 P.M.

Pacific Electric Railway

Pay Cash Pay Less

OR

Poultry feed and grain of all kinds—Beet Pulp, Alfalfa hay, etc. Only the best handled and delivered promptly any place in any quantity. Egg food \$2.00 per sack—most people in Sierra Madre use it.—Makes hens lay. Scratch feed our leader. Beet pulp, both kinds. You will save money on your feed by buying at PAY CASH PAY LESS prices from—

J. W. Strickland

Tel. Red 143

139 Esperanza Ave.

The New Coatings

HAVE ARRIVED

Plain Weave in Burgundy and Purple.
Novelty Weaves in Plain Colors, Tan, Royal and Old Rose.
Plaids and Mixtures in Brown, Green, Grey, and Black and White.

These are the very latest from the fashion centers. All are in coat pattern lengths, only one of a kind. The quality and the reasonableness of the prices will, we know, instantly please.

More New Silks

Having anticipated the great vogue for silks, we are particularly well supplied with the most wanted and desirable styles and colors.

BESIDES THE PLAIN WEAVES

WE SHOW PLAIDS, STRIPES AND CHANGEABLES
ALL 36 INCHES WIDE

GOSSARD CORSETS—REYNIER KID GLOVES

Herman R. Hertel Co.

PASADENA, CAL.

41 NORTH RAYMOND AVENUE PHONE FAIR OAKS 407

SATISFACTION CREATES SUCCESS

Our aim is to give each patron quality work, accommodating service and a better result than home work. Unremitting effort is expended along these lines and on this basis we respectfully solicit your patronage.

MONROVIA LAUNDRY CO.

Sierra Madre Phone Green 85

Monrovia, Cal.

Hallowe'en

WE HAVE ON DISPLAY FOR HALLOWE'EN A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF FAVORS, MASKS, LANTERNS, ETC. SEE OUR WINDOW.

Phone us your order for drugs.

Sander Drug Store

WE DELIVER PROMPTLY

Phone Black 100 14 N. Baldwin (East Side)

DISCOUNTED



The above cartoon is taken from the Denver Rocky Mountain News, after the Liquor interests had been driven out of Colorado. Fourteen months before, the Liquor interests had intimidated and dominated the business men of Colorado, much as they to-day intimidate and dominate the business men of San Francisco and other California communities. The business men of Colorado voted themselves free of this intimidation and domination. The business men of California have their opportunity this year.

COLORADO BUSINESS FREE OF LIQUOR DOMINATION

FINE JOB PRINTING — THE NEWS PRINTERY

Political Advertisement

Return To Congress
9th District



Hon. Charles W. Bell
A DRY REPUBLICAN
Independent Candidate

The only member of Congress from this 9th District who has Voted for NATIONAL PROHIBITION. Stands for PROTECTION of American Products and Industries. Stands for PREPAREDNESS both Defensive and Economic. Stands for NATIONAL EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

Vote For A Republican
Who will be able to Secure Recognition from a Republican Congress and Accomplish Results for the District.

Mr. Bell did not compete in the Primary Election. His candidacy is made by Request of a Republican District Conference. His name will be printed on the ballot:

CHARLES W. BELL, Independent [X]

People who are without enemies simply have not attracted notice, you cannot please everybody.

KEEP THE PORK MONEY AT HOME

How California Neglects a
\$30,000,000 a Year
Opportunity

The "Wets" have raised the question, what is to become of our barley in the event of the State stopping the making of beer.

The "Wets" apparently believe that the materials wasted in the manufacture of intoxicants could be put to no other use; that the labor employed in their manufacture could be employed in no other way. It does not seem to occur to them that the material thus wasted and the labor thus dissipated could be put to more beneficial use.

But to take the matter of the barley crop for example: California is paying forty cents a pound for Middle West bacon and Californians are sending out of their state every year over \$30,000,000 for hogs and pork products that could easily be raised here at home.

Bailey Millard, commenting upon this fact, states that "Here is a shortage that makes defaulters of our California farmers. There is nothing they could produce that would be so much in the nature of a mortgage-lifting product as pork." And then Mr. Millard goes on to say that California can raise barley and wheat and other grain that would feed hogs up to standard.

The barley that California is putting into beer is needed right here in California to put into pork.

Vote for Prohibition on November 7 next and help keep that \$30,000,000 pork money at home.

The only time you need begin to worry is when you hear nothing but kind things said about yourself, then you can be sure you are "a dead one," of no one else do all speak gently.

Your progress is sure to arouse the hospitality of the one who wants what you have, some people cannot keep it, others do not try.

Nonentities are not talked about, there is no subject for discussion.

WANTED—All kinds of junk and old papers. Phone Black 142 I. B. Goldberg tf

See the Auto Show!!

Both the King and Reo will be represented with complete exhibits at the Los Angeles Auto Show next week, corner of Main and Pico Streets. A member of our firm will be there every day to assist Sierra Madre friends in seeing these great cars in the variety of models shown. This will be the greatest motor show ever held in Los Angeles. Don't fail to see it It's a motor education.

Sierra Madre Motor Car Co.

King 8
Reo

Blue 100
8 N. Baldwin

The Sierra Madre Clarified Dairy

Our Milk and Cream has no superior for flavor and cleanliness; tuberculin tested cows' milk, clarified, thereby keeping down bacteria. Visitors welcomed any hour of the day.

L. R. THOMPSON

RED 39

SIERRA MADRE

Political Advertisements

YOU WANT A MAN FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Then Elect

WILLIAM THOMAS HELMMS

A man of strong moral fibre, who will enforce your dry and anti-liquor laws.

DON'T FAIL TO CAST YOUR VOTE FOR HELMS
(A staunch, loyal Republican and the only Republican candidate.)

NEWS LINERS WILL BRING YOU QUICK RETURNS

80c will buy \$1.50 worth of Merchandise!!

Perhaps you think such a statement is an exaggeration. We will prove to you here that this assertion is **absolutely correct**. Take for instance all former 50c articles. Such merchandise retails today for 75c, or two for \$1.50. As we are selling **all former 50c articles for 39c** you are paying **78c** for two of them, valued today at \$1.50.

The same holds good in shoes. A pair of shoes which formerly sold for \$3.50 retails today for \$5.00, and we are selling such a shoe at **20% off the old price** of \$3.50, which makes that **\$5.00 Shoe cost you \$2.80**.

In the last 5 days cotton advanced to 19 1/2c per lb., and leather advanced over 17%. Can you afford to wait until you'll have to pay over 100% more for your merchandise? Or are you going to take advantage of this wonderful money-saving opportunity and buy

\$1.50 worth of merchandise for 80 cents?

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28TH

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| One lot of Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords 85c | One lot of Ladies' High Shoes valued up to \$4.....\$1.95 | \$2.50 Blue Flannel Shirts\$1.39 |
| One lot of Ladies' Oxfords valued up to \$3.50...\$1.65 | One lot of Men's Oxfords valued up to \$5\$2.65 | Fast Black Bib Overalls 89c |

And many other special attractions for Saturday, October 28th.

REMEMBER OUR MOTTO: Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, WILL POSITIVELY BE THE LAST DAY OF THIS GREAT SALE.

HEARSH BROS.

12 Baldwin Avenue

Sierra Madre, Cal.

THE SIERRA MADRE NEWS

GEORGE B. MORGRIDGE - Editor and Publisher

An Independent Newspaper devoted to the dissemination of local news and to the development of Sierra Madre

Published Every Friday
Subscription \$1.50 Yearly, in Advance
Single copies 5 cents; 50 cents a dozen

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Post Office at Sierra Madre, Cal.
OFFICES ROOM G, KERSTING PLACE, Opposite Pacific Electric Station.

Telephone Black 42 (Either System)
Official Newspaper of the City of Sierra Madre

EDITORIAL CHAT

MONEY DOES NOT ALWAYS COUNT

Wrong impressions might have been gained from the reference in last week's News to the calling of Rev. Fred Staff to a larger field of work. When it was said that a small town church could not hold a man of large caliber in competition with the wealthy churches able to pay large salaries, undue emphasis should not be read into the salary feature. There are a few men to whom salary does not count, provided they are making a living and doing a real work that needs to be done. Mr. Staff is one of them. But for the educational opportunities offered for his family, together with the larger field of work offered, I do not believe that any salary inducement would enter into his consideration of such a change. Understanding of that side of his character is one of the things that has endeared him to Sierra Madre friends and deepened their appreciation of his work as he has been doing it here. It did not require a call from a more important field to make them realize his true caliber.

LOOKS LIKE CALIFORNIA DRY

All the indications point to a great victory for the Dry forces at the November election. Even the wets appear to believe there is great danger of Amendment No. 2 prohibiting public drinking places being voted onto the statute books, for they are concentrating their efforts on that measure. It is supported by a great many people who are afraid complete prohibition would prove too drastic in its effect on the viticultural industry. The second amendment would not interfere with the manufacture and sale of the 95 per cent of California wines which are marketed outside the state. So many moderate drinkers favor the closing of the saloons that there seems almost a certainty that this measure will receive the necessary majority.

STRAWS POINT TO WILSON

With constantly accelerating momentum, the tide of votes is turning toward President Wilson. All the comprehensive polls indicate it, as admitted by the Times and other anti-Wilson papers. Go into the theaters or other public places where pictures of Wilson and Hughes are thrown on the screen and the Wilson applause puts the Hughes followers in the background. Hughes has been a tremendous disappointment to multitudes who had hoped for a progressive Republican candidate with some really constructive program. That such expectation must be hopeless was really apparent when the organization of the national Republican party fell into the hands of the reactionary element. Those "thieves and robbers" of four years ago with whom Roosevelt is fighting so valiantly now do not unite behind a candidate unless they know he is a man of their own kind.

WITH SCISSORS AND PASTE

IT MUST BE TRUE

On the back of their campaign text-book, in the most prominent place they could put it except the front page cover the Republicans have printed the following:

GREATER IMPORTS—LESSER REVENUE

Imports	
33 last months under Payne Tariff.....	\$4,677,817,286
33 last months under Underwood Tariff.....	5,318,282,072
Customs Duties Collected.	
33 last months under Payne Tariff.....	\$868,111,075
33 first months under Underwood Tariff.....	629,756,431

An increase of \$640,464,787 in imports in spite of 23 months of war. A loss of revenue amounting to \$238,354,644.

This is splendid—for the Democrats. In the first 33 months under the Underwood Tariff the people of the United States were able to buy \$640,000,000 more of foreign goods than they were in the last 33 months of the Payne Tariff.

They were also able and did export in the same period \$1,150,000,000 more of merchandise than they did in the same period under the Payne Tariff, a gain of practically \$500,000,000 in our favor in the balance of trade.

It is true that the government lost in customs duties in the first 33 months under the Underwood Tariff \$238,000,000 as compared with the same period under the Payne Tariff, but that amount of money remained in the pockets of the people of the United States, for even the Republicans have not now the effrontery to claim that the "foreigner pays the tax."

But this loss of customs duties under the Underwood Tariff law is more than offset by the \$274,000,000 that the government collected under the income tax provisions of that law. The money not collected by the government from customs duties was saved in a great measure to the ordinary citizens. The revenue collected as income tax was paid entirely by the well-to-do and wealthy.

The figures given such importance and display by the Republicans, when shown along with other figures necessarily allied to them, like exports to imports, revenue from tariff duties and revenue from income tax provisions of the tariff law, are unanswerable arguments for the wisdom and success of President Wilson's administration.

SEATTLE GAINS UNDER PROHIBITION

How "Wets" Failed to Create Contrary Impression

A sample misrepresentation by the saloon and allied interests that are opposing the two anti-alcohol amendments that are before the state this year, is contained in a circular headed, "How Prohibition Hit Seattle." This circular is issued by the "United California Industries."

On one side of the circular is what purports to be Page 431 of the Seattle Directory of 1915 marked to show those who changed their addresses during the year.

The page originally contained 99 names. The corrected page shows that 26 have left the city and that 40 have changed their address or business. The liquor interests comment on these figures as follows: "Only 33 remain unaffected by prohibition."

The purpose of the circular is to make it appear, in fact it is put in so many words, that at least 66 out of every 99 of the residents of Seattle have been forced to get out of the town or change their address and business because that city has gone on a prohibition basis.

The contrary is the case. Seattle's population under prohibition has increased rather than decreased.

And yet Seattle's 1916 directory gives Seattle a population of 314,150 or a gain of about 10,000 over the population as shown in the Seattle directory of 1915. On the very page given by the liquor interests as a horrible example of the effect of prohibition on Seattle there are 103 names in the 1916 book as against 99 in the directory of 1915.

The activities of the liquor interests in misrepresenting Seattle have led the Seattle papers to make comparison between the changes in the Seattle directory of 1915 and the directories of California cities.

The Seattle Times in its issue of October 1st reproduces page 463 of the Los Angeles 1915 directory showing that out of 129 names on this page of the Los Angeles book 31 per cent only remain unchanged while on the "horrible" example page of the Seattle book 33 1-3 per cent remain unchanged. Furthermore, the Times shows that 39 1/2 per cent of those crossed off the Los Angeles city directory have left the city, while of those crossed off the Seattle directory only 26 1/4 per cent have left the city.

California communities are also beginning to make the same comparison.

The San Diego papers are running an advertisement showing page 250 of the San Diego directory of 1915. On this sample page only 25 per cent are unchanged as against the 33 1-3 unchanged in Seattle. The San Diego advertisement sets forth that the "Seattle 1916 directory shows an increased population of about 10,000 over 1915, and San Diego's directory also shows an increase in population."

And such is the record of every city in the land. Changes of address are constant. The liquor interests in trying to make it appear that over 2-3 of the people of Seattle have been adversely affected by prohibition has no foundation in fact. Their use of the page in the Seattle directory is but another effort on their part to mislead the people of this state.

Half of the problems the immigrant creates would be solved if he had no access to liquor in any form.—Edward A. Steiner.

PROHIBITION REDUCES CRIME

Testimony From Dry Communities Conclusive on That Score

James Madison in his argument against the prohibition measure which is to be voted upon on November 7th, states that "Prohibition has never decreased crime."

The testimony from Prohibition states, however, disproves Mr. Madison's unsustained statement.

George Herbert Smalley, writing for the Sunset Magazine of conditions in Arizona under prohibition, says that the number of arrests in the ten principal cities of Arizona decreased from 4793 for the first six months of 1914, when Arizona was wet, to 2390 for the first six months of 1915 when Arizona was dry.

"Even the city of Prescott," says Mr. Smalley, "did not have an arrest for three months last summer, (1916)."

Seattle's Experience.

Major C. B. Blethen, editor of the Seattle Times, shows that the arrests in Seattle for the first six months of 1915, when Seattle had saloons, was 11,288. For the first six months in 1916 when Washington was under prohibition the number of arrests in Seattle fell to 5444, a decrease of 5844.

Governor Alexander of Idaho makes similar report of the effect of prohibition on crime in Idaho. Mayor Albee of Portland, Oregon, reports the same for Portland. Similar reports come from every community which has adopted prohibition.

A Judge's Testimony.

"I think," said Judge William C. Van Fleet of the United States District Court, in passing sentence upon Diggs and Caminetti, convicted of taking young girls into another state for immoral purposes, "that the evidence discloses very clearly that drink had its paralyzing hand upon your sleeping consciences during the period when you were debauching these girls, and society has, to a certain extent, to answer for that. The responsibility for the presence of the saloon, the dance hall and the road-house, with all their debauching influences, rests, I think, upon society."

Mr. Madison's contention that alcoholic drink does not increase crime and that Prohibition has never decreased it, is readily disproved not from the records alone but by the experience and observation of us all.

The derision of fools and the "mud flinging" of sore heads, is the penalty for ambition, but Lord child keep on trying, the good Lord helps the honest ones. I never yet had cold feet.

When Fortune knocks at your door, envy promptly follows suit. Every winning starts a whinnying.

CERTIFICATE OF BUSINESS

Fictitious Firm Name

The undersigned does hereby certify that he is conducting a drug store business at 14 N. Baldwin Ave., Sierra Madre, Calif., under the fictitious firm name of Sander Drug Store and that said firm is composed of the following persons, whose name and address is as follows: H. W. Sander, 247 San Gabriel Court, Sierra Madre, Cal.

Witness my hand this 29th day of Sept., 1916.

H. W. SANDER.

On this 29th day of Sept., in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, before me, S. R. G. Twycross, a Notary Public in and for said County, residing therein, duly commissioned and sworn, personally appeared H. W. Sander, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same. Witness my hand and official seal.

S. R. TWYXCROSS, Notary Public in and for said County of Los Angeles, State of California. 53-4

Sierra Madre Hardware Co.

Phone Main 98

Next to Garage

THE PEOPLE'S CONGRESSMAN

Overwhelmingly endorsed

by voters of Prohibition, Republican, Progressive and Democratic parties in the Primary Election



Charles H. Randall

Primary Vote

RANDALL19,488

All other Candidates.....16,989

Randall's vote over all.....2,499

ANDREWS & HAWKS

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance

Exchange 2

27 North Baldwin Avenue

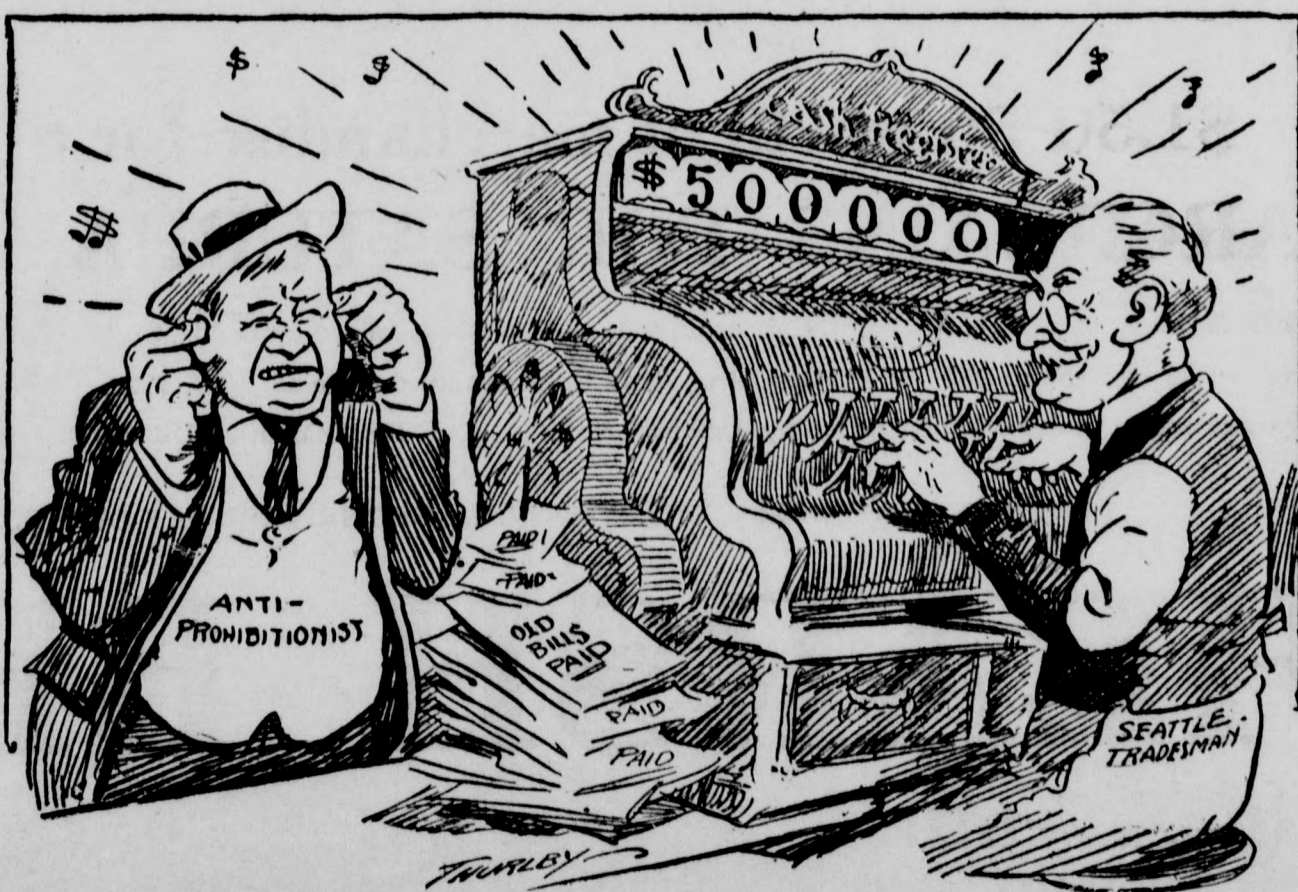
Better Be Safe than Sorry

THE BEST FIRE INSURANCE FOR THE LEAST MONEY

A. N. ADAMS

Real Estate — Rentals — Insurance

"CAN'T HEAR IT! CAN'T SEE IT!" . . . By Thurlby



SEATTLE BUSINESSMEN ENJOY A TUNE OF PROSPERITY WHICH THE LIQUOR INTERESTS WILL NOT HEAR.—From the Seattle Times.

CERTIFICATE OF BUSINESS

Fictitious Firm Name

The undersigned do hereby certify that they are conducting a motor car accessory business at 8-10 N. Baldwin Ave., Sierra Madre, California, under the fictitious firm name of Sierra Madre Motor Car Co., and that said firm is composed of the following persons, whose names and addresses are as follows, to-wit: Philip C. Carter, N. Baldwin Ave. Carlton J. Pegler, 280 E. Grand View Ave.

Witness our hands this 29th day of Sept., 1916.

CARLTON J. PEGLER. PHILIP C. CARTER.

State of California, County of Los Angeles, ss:

On this 29th day of September in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, before me, S. R. G. Twycross, a Notary Public in and for said County, residing therein, duly commissioned and sworn, personally appeared Carlton J. Pegler and Philip C. Carter, known to me to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that they executed the same. Witness my hand and official seal.

S. R. TWYXCROSS, Notary Public in and for said County of Los Angeles, State of California. 53-4

GonnBand Instruments

We have been appointed sole agents. Write for catalog and special information for Band Men, FREE GEO. J. BIRKEL CO. 446-46 Broadway, Los Angeles