# The New-Orleans Bee.

No. 803 VOL. IX.—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXII. WHOLE No. 5893.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL AND FIRST MUNICIPALITY.——NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1849.

MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprietors. No. 83 CHARTRES STREET.


TERMS OF THE BEE.

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## The New-Orleans Daily Bee

Thursday Morning, Feb. 1, 1849.

### The Southern Caucus.

[illegible] as described by our able and faithful correspondent:

### Correspondence of the Bee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22, 1849.

[illegible]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23, 1849.

[illegible] When the address had been submitted, Mr. Mason, of Va., opened the opposition, by characterizing it as a petition addressed to Northern compassion, and not a bold and proper proclamation of Southern rights. Mr. Bayly, was willing to adopt either of the papers that would ensure unanimity, but he did not consider it just that Whigs, who were opposed to any publication, should overrule the preference of those who were willing and anxious to go before the country. Mr. Gentry said his position was unchanged, for he questioned now, as he had done from the beginning, the expediency of the whole movement. He was averse to any address, and could neither be induced to sign nor sanction either of those proposed.

To the astonishment of both parties, Mr. Foote came to the rescue of Mr. Berrien's address and sustained it with his *usual* ability. He expressed the conviction, that he would be assailed for deserting his friends, but reflection had persuaded him that the substitute was preferable and he would, therefore, support it at all hazards.

Mr. Hilliard thought a postponement desirable, in order that the developments in Congress might guide the caucus in its ultimate course. He suggested the 23d of February, as the appropriate period for an adjourned meeting.

Mr. Stephens renewed the motion which Mr. Chapman of Md., had submitted in the first general Committee, declaring it inexpedient for the Southern members to take any other action than that required in their representative capacity. He remarked that there was no more reason for this movement now, than there had been a year ago. Indeed, there was much less considering the recent political events.

Mr. Bedinger would accept nothing short of Mr. Calhoun's address, because it embodied the true sentiment and duty of the South. Mr. Iverson, was prepared for any alternative. Still, as he was willing the North should see that every forbearance was felt at the South, he was ready to adopt the expostulation of Mr. Berrien. He was interrupted by Mr. Morehead, who inquired, if the Wilmot Proviso was adopted, whether he would favor disunion as a remedy. He replied "Yes," and his answer was received with applause by many of the Locofocos, conspicuous among whom were Venable of N. C., a poor and contemptible creature—and Mr. Butler, of S. C., who has character and credit to lose.

Mr. Rhett had no ear for moderation. In his judgment the time for action had come.—South Carolina had taken her stand and would maintain it, if she stood alone. Mr. Rhett might have remembered that the ridiculous assumption and abandonment of these periodical "stands" by South Carolina has done more than any thing else to prejudice the cause of the South.

After these speeches a division was called on Mr. Stephen's motion, which had been suspended to enable gentlemen to express their views. It was laid on the table by a vote of 55 ayes against 19 nays.

Mr. King, of Alabama, then exhorted the caucus to unite, on some common ground, so that the country might see that the South was in earnest. Mr. Houston, of Texas, was opposed to any further action, and denounced the purposes of all who contemplated disunion as a possibility.

At this point Mr. Foote endeavored to revive the motion, in which he failed at the previous caucus, authorizing such of the members as thought proper to sign the address, to issue it under their own names, the effect of which would have been to have given the weight and influence of the whole South to the publication. But Mr. Berrien insisted that the question should be fairly put and decided on its direct merits, and a vote was then taken on his address, which was rejected by 26 ayes against 33 nays.

Then came the great and final struggle.—Both divisions were rallied, and Mr. Calhoun's manifesto was adopted by 32 to 19! The Secretary reported 36 in the affirmative, but he was in error. Gov. Gayle, of Alabama, was the only Whig who voted with the ayes. Gov. McDowell, of Virginia, voted with the nays, by way of offset. Mr. King, of Alabama; Messrs. Iverson, Cobb and Lumpkin, of Georgia; Mr. McKay, of North Carolina; the Tennessee Locofocos, except Turney, and various others, declined to vote on the address, thereby evincing that they were either not prepared to follow Mr. Calhoun or to adopt his declarations.

It will be seen from this statement, that only a fraction more than one-fourth of the Southern delegations could be induced or intimidated to follow the lead of disunion. The fact is worthy of reflection. The Southern Locofocos are open in their denunciations of the whole movement and its projectors, now that it has ended disastrously. They charge Mr. Calhoun with having isolated the party in one section and invoked for it the contempt of the other. This is their language, not mine, and I give it as I get it, because they ought to be best able to appreciate their own condition.

Mr. Calhoun was saved the mortification of this defeat by his indisposition, which still keeps him a prisoner to the chamber.

But little of public interest was transacted in either House of Congress. In the Senate, Mr. Foote attempted to sustain his ridiculous charges against Judge McLean, but he was literally bragged down by the good sense of the Chamber.

HOMO.

RECEPTION OF THE ST. LAWRENCE AT BERLIN. The St. Lawrence, Capt. Paulding, recently visited the shores of Germany. A letter from one of the officers who accompanied Capt. P. states that throughout the excursion the uniform was a passport to hospitalities of the most flattering and liberal character. The King of Prussia, in his reception of them, left nothing undone that could render their visit gratifying. Besides being conveyed to the palace and back to the depot in the royal carriages, they were driven through his ground, attended by an officer of high rank, for three or four hours, and were then received by the patriarch of travel and science, Baron Humboldt, the King's principal and confidential counsellor, and entertained with a royal breakfast. The Frankfort Assembly, representing all the States of Germany, entertained them in a magnificent style, and private hospitalities were provided for them in numbers, greater than they could accept.

### Congress.

In the Senate on the 25th, Mr. Downs made complaint as to the manner in which speeches were reported, and a resolution was offered enquiring into the expediency of stopping the contract. It being private bill day, there was nothing of importance transpired.

In the House, the Army Appropriation bill was discussed. Mr. Thompson, of Indiana, made a conciliatory speech on slavery.

Mr. McKay, reported a bill authorising the coining of gold dollars, and also a bill regulating mileage.

KENTUCKY U. S. SENATOR.—The Louisville *Journal* of the 24th ult., says: The House of Representatives on Monday concurred in the Senate resolution fixing the 1st day of February for the election of Senator. The Frankfort *Commonwealth* says, that the names of several gentlemen had been spoken of in connection with the distinguished position, all of whom, however, requested that their names should be withdrawn in the event, it was understood, that Mr. Clay would accept the office.

GEN. CASS.—The election of this gentleman to the United States Senate was hotly contested by his own party. The vote stood 14 in his favor to 36 against him. No less than 22 Democrats voted with the Whigs, against his election.

LATER FROM PORT AU PRINCE.—The N. Y. *Courier and Enquirer* learns from Capt. Wainwright, of the schr. Iowa, at New York, that the American Consul at Aux Cayes had been insulted and struck at that place by one of the blacks, which caused quite an excitement, but he understood it had been arranged. A French and British man-of-war had gone from Port au Prince to Aux Cayes on that account. The former had returned. He also states that the Government were making preparations to send troops to take the Spanish part of the Island.—The authorities had placed double guards at Port au Prince several days previous to the sailing of Capt. W.

ASSAULT BY A NEGRO.—On Saturday night the 20th ult., at Raccourci, in the Parish of Pointe Coupee, a German named Jacob, was violently assaulted by a free negro named Andrew, who struck Jacob several blows with a hoe. The German was so much injured that his life is in danger. The negro is still at large.

AN IMPUDENT ROBBER.—Mr. Sam'l. Knight as well as Mr. Iseminger, of Funkstown, Md., were visited by burglars last week. Mr. Knight lost a small sum of money, and Mr. Iseminger received the following inventory of the articles taken from him by a note through the post-office on the next day:

"Dear Sir: I robbed your house last night of $12 of silver and $20 of gold, and climbed in the window. I slept in your bed, locked your door and took the key along."

### MEXICO.

The brig Irwin, Capt. Robinson, arrived last evening from Vera Cruz, in a passage of 9 days, bringing us files of papers from the city of Mexico up to the 13th ult.

The papers are generally barren of interest, and contain nothing later from California, the Land of Promise, to which all eyes are now so anxiously directed. The only paragraph bearing upon our possessions on the West Coast of America, relates to the arrival of the U. S. ship-of-the-line Ohio, Com. Jones, at Monterey, having on board 350 Mexican emigrants. Several launches had arrived at San Francisco from Monterey, filled with emigrants, all bound to the gold mines. The weather had been very cold in California, ice having formed of the thickness of a quarter of an inch. Large quantities of gold had been discovered in the neighborhood of the North Fork, one man having gathered $12,000 worth in six days, and three others have obtained, in a single day thirty-six pounds of pure metal.

The Mexican Congress was occupied in revising the Tariff.

The inhabitants of Chihuahua were in great dread on account of the Camanche Indians, who were gathering together in large numbers, though their precise object is not known.—Other tribes of Indians were also assembling at various points.

A stage coach on the way from Mexico to Puebla was attacked by robbers and the passengers pillaged of their valuables.

The insurgents at Sierra Gorda have been completely routed by the troops under the command of Gen. Uraga.

The mint of Guanajuato has coined during the last year $8,322,116 worth of dollars, halves, quarters and reals.

At Guanajuato, San Sebastian de Jalisco and at Loguitlan, in the department of Vera Cruz, petitions are being signed praying the Government to tolerate all religious sects. This is a most prominent step in the way of practical reform.

ABOLITION OF FLOGGING IN THE NAVY.—The Lower House of Congress has performed one good act that would redeem it in the estimation of every good citizen if it failed to pass any other during the present session. It has adopted an amendment to the civil and diplomatic bill, to abolish that abominable and degrading practice of flogging seamen in the American navy, the very place where manliness of character and individual self respect are most required. The country is indebted to Mr. Sawyer for the introduction of this excellent amendment. The amendment is in these words:

"Provided, That it shall be, and is hereby, made the duty of the Secretary of the Navy forthwith to publish an order to abolish the practice of whipping in the navy."

This amendment was adopted by a vote of two to one—a favorable augury that the popular sense is against the practice, and that the Senate will unite with the House in giving it its death blow.

THE CALIFORNIA GOLD FEVER.—The New York *Herald* says that it has received private advices which are too wonderful for belief, and which it consequently suppresses. It states, on the strength of them, that the gold region is 800 miles in length by one hundred in width, and that a small body of diggers therein would produce annually one hundred million dollars worth. The *Herald* gives the lengthy letter, however, which it has heretofore promised. Its Monterey correspondent gives the following:

"In my travels I have, when resting under a tree and grazing my horse, seen a few pieces of pure gold picked up from the crevices of the rocks or slate, where we were stopping. On one occasion, nooning or refreshing on the side of a stream entirely unknown to diggers or 'prospectors,' or rather, it known, not attended to, one of my companions, in poking in the sand, said 'Give me your pan, why shall not we be crowing a gold seeker?' He took a pan, filled it with sand, washed it out, and produced in five minutes 2 or $3 worth of gold, merely saying, we have both pan and gold on the sand, I [illegible]

"From the 1st of July to the 1st of October, more or less, one half of the people who have fever and ague, or intermittent fever, which takes them from the first day of digging until they have been one hundred miles from the 'Placer' fifteen or twenty days. In the winter it is too cold to work; but from next April to the following July, one ration of dollars pure gold, or more per month, will be produced from the gold region, without digging more than three feet deep."

A New York letter of Monday evening, the 22d ult., says:

The last news from California has turned the fever into a delirium. The public pulse runs riot under the excitement, and the public tongue discourseth to the public ear of nothing but gold. It is said that even the faro table keepers and other heads of gambling houses in the city have taken the infection, and determined to quit the purlieus of Park Row and Barclay street for the land where *spades* are trumps. Be this as it may, it is certain that a large number of our most respectable citizens have determined to make their way to the modern fairy-land.

Among those who have already taken passage or declared their intentions, I notice the names of two brothers of the Hon. Willis Hall, ex-Attorney General of the State; Mr. William Woodworth, the well known dealer in fancy articles and curiosities; Mr. Bontanti, a son of the late Mr. Bontanti, Mr. Woodworth's former employer; a son of Mr. John B. Lasala; Mr. Furness, a son of Mr. W. P. Furness; Mr. Brackett, a son of Mr. Brackett, the hardware merchant; Mr. Beidleman, of the firm of Harnett & Beidleman, and many other young men of high character and brilliant prospects, the sons of merchants and professional men.

During a stroll along the wharves yesterday, I counted sixteen vessels labelled "Upper California." Most of them were new ships and brigs, ranking A 1, or in that neighborhood.

From the establishment in which I board, thirteen have departed for the promised land within the last seven weeks, and nine are going early next month.

THE CENSUS OF 1850.—It is estimated in some quarters that the population of the United States, in 1850, will amount to twenty-two millions and a half, and some even carry their estimated as high as twenty-five millions. The Baltimore *American* presuming that the former estimate is nearly correct, and that the ratio of Congressional representation will be changed from 70,680 to 100,000, presents the following calculation:

With a population of twenty-two and a half millions, the number of representatives, upon the ratio of one hundred thousand, would be two hundred and eleven; at present it is two hundred and thirty. The slave-holding States have now ninety representatives; the non-slaveholding, one hundred and forty. The apportionment of 1850 will give to the former seventy-eight—to the latter, one hundred and thirty. The representation of the slave-holding States will undergo a diminution of twelve; the non-slaveholding will lose seven.

The diminution of representatives from the Eastern States will be from thirty-one to twenty-five; in the Middle-States, from sixty-four to fifty-eight. The increase in the Western non-slaveholding States will be from forty-five to fifty; the diminution in the Southern States will be from ninety to seventy-eight.

These calculations are based upon the assumption that the increase of population up to 1850 will proceed, in the different States, according to the progressive ratio of the preceding ten years. Two tendencies, however, are so clearly established, that, let the increase of population take place in what ratio it may, nothing is likely to set them aside. One of these tendencies is the rapidly growing ascendency of the non-slaveholding States in population and wealth; the other is the steady progress of political power towards the heart of the great West. No event within the limits of possible contingencies is likely to arrest either of these tendencies, or to defeat their final consummation.

THE FIRST TRIAL BY JURY.—We are indebted to Mr. Peele, agent for the New York *Albion*, for this magnificent engraving. Mr. Peele is prepared to serve the subscribers to the *Albion* with copies of the plate without delay.

The engraving is copied from Cope's prize cartoon, and is exquisitely truthful and expressive. The subject as explained by the *Albion*, is as follows:

The scene is laid in the open air; and contains twenty-one figures, more or less prominent. The most striking group consists of three—a murdered man stretched upon the ground—his wife kneeling over the corpse, her head bowed down in agony—his son, apparently pleading the first cause thus tried, with one hand pointing to the murderer, with the other to the victim. On the spectator's right are grouped the twelve "good men and true," their age and gravity seemed to fit them for their new and important duties. To the left, on a raised chair, sits the King presiding—his wand and footstool exhibiting the plain but recognised symbols of the Royal office in those days. Beside the King, but not on elevated seats, are two members of his Witan or Council: whilst the accused, with the stamp of Cain upon his face, stands in the back-ground, held prisoner between two stalwart yeomen.

☞ Mr. Audubon, jr., the son of the distinguished naturalist of that name, is to head an Overland Expedition, getting ready in New York to start for the mines. They are to go via St. Louis, and contemplate passing through Chihuahua to the region of the Gila, where Lt. Emory reports that gold is found.

### City Intelligence.

THE STATE *versus* HARPER.—It is expected that the examination of Mr. Harper, charged with manslaughter, will take place before Recorder Genois, next week, by which time it is presumed that the accused will have so far recovered from the injuries which he received, as to be able to appear in Court. The only additional light thrown upon the occurrence is contained in the deposition of M. A. Frazer, which he made under oath before Judge Beverly on Tuesday last. This affidavit sets forth that the deponent being in company with J. E. Johnson on the night of the 26th January, at the St. Louis Hotel, and whilst standing five feet in the rear of Johnson, heard J. address an individual unknown to the deponent, asking him if his name was Harper. The person in question replied it was. Johnson then asked him if he had said certain things relative to him. Harper answered that he had. Johnson then observed he was very sorry for it, very sorry indeed, and *that* (touching Harper at the time with a cowhide) was the only way in which he could reply to it.

A scuffle then ensued, on which Harper broke from Johnson and ran some thirty feet or more. At the time of separating from Johnson two individuals unknown to the deponent, but apparently the friends of Harper, stepped aside, occupying the space between the latter and deponent, and looking towards Harper, exclaimed, "*Il l'a fait, Il l'a fait*," at which moment Harper made a movement towards his breast as if for the purpose of drawing a weapon. Deponent observed to Johnson, who was standing behind a pillar, to prepare himself. Johnson only turned his head to the left and smiled contemptuously on Harper, at which the latter rushed upon Johnson, who confronted him. Johnson struck Harper with his fist as the latter rushed upon him, which he did with such force and rapidity that deponent though he did not see the blow, believes that Harper stabbed Johnson somewhere about the breast, inflicting on him a mortal wound. As the parties then grasped together, Harper gave Johnson repeated thrusts. Deponent immediately interfered and struck between them with a cane, but dropped it forthwith and seized both parties, Johnson with the left and Harper with the right hand. At that moment Johnson fell down dead, and whilst the attention of the deponent was directed towards him, Harpier ran away.

The deponent furthermore stated that during the whole difficulty, Johnson, though armed with a pistol made no attempt to draw the same, nor did he have any weapon in his hand pending the entire time which the occurrence lasted. From all that he saw of the transaction, and from what Johnson had told him, deponent fully believes that the sole object and intent of the deceased, in simply passing the cowhide on the shoulders of Harper, was to place the latter in such a position as to compel him to seek satisfaction from Johnson, or to give him the satisfaction due in the premises.

Such is the substance of Mr. Fraser's testimony, who was forthwith bound over in his own recognizance, by Recorder Genois, to appear as a witness at the examination. Some other subpœnas have been issued also to secure the evidence of several parties who are non residents.

A TERRIBLE RIOT ON THE LEVEE.—We regret to state that one of the most brutal riots that has occurred in this city for many a day, took place yesterday on the Levee, opposite Toulouse st., and it pains us to add that in one instance the results are likely to prove of a fatal character.

Alderman Lanata, who was present during the whole of the disturbance, and to whose active interference the arrest of the parties implicated in this disgraceful disturbance is due, related to us last evening the full particulars of the occurrence, which we now transcribe as accurately as possible from memory. At a quarter past 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a schr. from the Coast was discharging sugar at the wharf opposite Toulouse street, and a flatboat outside was getting rid of a cargo of coal, several Irishmen being engaged in attending to this business. The latter wanted to monopolize the gangway, to which the captain of the schooner, whose name is Lorenzo, replied that they ought each to take their turn.

The party in the flatboat then commenced cursing and abusing the Captain, but as the latter did not wish to have any difficulty, he took no notice of the matter. After the lapse of a quarter of an hour the flatboatmen who had gone off came back, accompanied by some thirty or forty laboring men, and forthwith began beating the Captain and crew of the schooner with bricks, stones and irons, and coal.—Captain Lorenzo then took up an axe to defend himself, and the sailors a scantling, to [illegible] [illegible] Canal, whom the leader of the crowd, P. Kirwin by name, [illegible] amongst the latter with [illegible] [illegible] of Domenico Campo, a sailor, thereby inflicting such a dangerous wound that he was reported to be in a dying condition last night. Two of the [illegible] [illegible] but at [illegible] their names are Joseph Dynova and Joseph Varany. Alderman Lanata, who had come up at the moment, endeavored to arrest the miscreant, but he escaped in company with the other rioters to the corner of St. Peter street and the Levee, where they concealed themselves in the coffee house and alley.

At this juncture Capt. Lorenzo proceeded to the Guard house in search of the police, and was waylaid on the route by some of the same party of rioters, who fell upon him, beat him by the head and knocked him down, after which they kicked and bruised him, besides wounding him with a knife in the cheek. Alderman Lanata, who came up then, arrested Kerwin, the leader of the party, a long distance up the Levee, accompanied by Christian Sanner, a member of the First Municipality police, and the latter, finally, succeeded in catching hold of him and dragging him to the guard-house. Alderman Lanata then pursued his enquiries amongst some of the sugar brokers who identified several others as having been engaged in the affray, by which means he succeeded in arresting six of the ringleaders, viz: Jerry Lane, Michael Murphy, Francis Hendy, Michael Powers, John Kerwin and Patrick McAvoy.

Recorder Genois at once proceeded to investigate the circumstances connected with this disgraceful affair, and was busily employed in taking testimony up to a late hour last evening. All the parties concerned were committed to jail to await their trial.

A DARK MODEL.—It is certainly not an unusual occurrence for negroes to be arrested in the night, either suspected as runaways, or for being in the streets without a pass. Not a day elapses but that the masters and mistresses are apprised of the detention of their slaves under these circumstances, and no further notice is taken of the matter.

It was therefore with some degree of surprise that whilst at Recorder Genois' Court yesterday, we witnessed the singular effect that was produced by the appearance of a bright quadroon girl who was brought up on the charge of being a runaway. No sooner had several respectable looking gentlemen caught sight of the girl, than a quiet but not less decisive stampede ensued which resulted in the sudden disappearance from Court of quite a number of persons who had accidentally gathered together for the purpose of listening to some of the cases under trial. There was something so peculiar in the coincidence of the two events, not the least remarkable part of which was that one of the gentlemen went off in such a hurry as to leave his gold headed cane behind, that the attention of the Reporters who happened to be present was at once attracted to the proceedings. Now, there was nothing repulsive in the appearance of the girl, but on the contrary, she was plump, hearty and twenty, and it was therefore the more inexplicable how she could have thus innocently produced the effect of a torpedo.

We might forever have remained in ignorance of this extraordinary phenomenon, had not the gentleman who walked off without his cane returned, and just poking his nose into the door, inquired in a whisper, of a person standing in close proximity to us, "Is she gone?" "Who?" "The Model artist." "What do you mean?" "The girl who was brought up as a runaway." "Yes!" Greatly relieved by this announcement, our friend in search of the cane entered, and we then learned that the bright runaway (who by the bye was claimed by her mistress, but not as a runaway, she having given her leave of absence) was one of the principal stars of the Mythological Club, which holds its nightly assemblies somewhere on the Levee, in the neighborhood of Bienville street. She does not perform in the classical groupings, but exhibits in the so called fancy dances, where she displays a suppleness of limb that greatly delights the *habitués* of the club. It appears also from the statement of the individual with the cane that the parties engaged in these exhibitions carry out the principles of Heathen Mythology to their fullest extent, discarding the covering that vulgar mortals assume as altogether unnecessary and superfluous. We heard no more, but very readily comprehended the reason of the "big scare."

COMMITTED.—Joseph S. Fretwell *alias* Wm. Treelman, was examined yesterday before Recorder Genois, on the charge of swindling.—We stated yesterday that he obtained the sum of $6 from Mrs. Ann Campbell by falsely representing himself as a collector of State Taxes, and giving a receipt for the same under his assumed name. Not satisfied with this, he also made out a bill for $26. As the amount of State Taxes due by the same party for 1848, which she however refused to pay until he brought a regular printed receipt. Fretwell, nothing daunted, brought a receipt in conformity, but on a close examination Mrs. Campbell detected that the printed part had been cut off from some original document and very cleverly pasted on the white paper. Suspecting some roguery she then observed that she would call at the State House in person and settle the demand, though she also remarked that the tax for 1848 was not due and payable until the present year. The accused seems to be well armed at all points, stated that the urgency of the demand arose from the result of the Presidential Election, by which the Whigs had come into power and the Democrats had become totally extinct.

It was for this reason a Fretwell stated that the poor Democrats were compelled to settle up their accounts with all commendable speed, and in order not to be behind hand he had worked night and day so as to bring his multifarious business to a satisfactory termination. When Mrs. Ann Campbell was confronted with the accused, she immediately recognized him as the person who had called several times at the house to collect the people's money, and without a moment's hesitation turning round to the man, said "you are the individual, though the last time I saw you, you had a large pair of whiskers which you have now shaved off; I know you." Fretwell appeared by no means flattered with this speedy recognition and insisted stoutly that on the day in question which the tax receipt purported to be dated [illegible]

was lying in bed suffering under intense physical agonies. This plea was of no avail with the Recorder, who committed him for trial before the First District Court.

A HEAVY BUSINESS.—Recorder Genois had a busy time of it yesterday; no less than sixty-eight individuals having been arrested during the night for various offences. They presented indeed a motley group, composed of thieves, vagabonds, rowdies *et id omne genus*.

AFFRAY.—An affray took place yesterday morning at 4 o'clock, at the corner of Levee and Enghien streets, in the Third Municipality, between Cornelius Hickey, a watchman, and Anthon Verbeck, lamp-lighter, in which the latter was assaulted and beaten with a club. The dispute arose from Verbeck attempting to extinguish one of the municipal lamps, which the watchman resisted, as the hour was too early. Recorder Seuzeneau will investigate the matter.

EXAMINATION FIXED.—The case of Melbourne, charged with assaulting R. Haughton, and biting his ear, will be examined before Recorder Baldwin on Saturday next.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Valentine Tousseca, accused yesterday, before Recorder Genois, with having committed an assault and battery; wasesent before the First District Court.

ROBBERY.—John Sullivan made an affidavit yesterday before Recorder Genois, that on the evening on the 16th ult., whilst at the corner of Customhouse and Rampart street, he was knocked down by three persons, whose names he does not know, but whom he can point out to the police, and robbed of the sum of $65 in gold. The offenders will no doubt be brought to justice.

SENT DOWN.—Thomas Spriggs, who was arrested in the First Municipality on Tuesday, for disturbing the peace, was identified yesterday by the police as being concerned in the burglary which took place some time ago on the Levee. Recorder Genois committed him for trial before the First District Court.

SENTENCED.—Nathan Merritt was arraigned before Recorder Baldwin yesterday morning on the charge of cutting out the pocket of a man's coat (a), on board the steamer Pike No 8, on Tuesday afternoon. Nobody appeared to prosecute for the offence, but the Recorder committed the accused to the workhouse for six months, as a notorious vagrant.

BREACH OF TRUST.—Michael Farrell was brought before Recorder Genois yesterday, charged with a breach of trust. It appears that Patrick Day deposited with the accused, who is a bar-keeper at the White Mansion House, at the corner of Levee and Canal streets, the sum of $34 on the 29th ult., which the prisoner refused to deliver to him on his application. The Recorder committed him for trial before the First District Court.

An affidavit was made yesterday before Recorder Genois by J. M. Maureau, charging Anthony Tora with a breach of trust, he having disposed of a diamond pin, of the value of $50, entrusted to him by the affiant, and appropriated the proceeds to his own use. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

DISMISSED.—Jesey, a slave belonging to J. Welsh, was examined yesterday before Recorder Genois, on the charge of having stolen, on the 19th ult., from the pantaloon pockets of Philip Gehlbeck the sum of $70. In the absence of any evidence to sustain the accusation, the Recorder dismissed the case.

ASSAULT WITH A DANGEROUS WEAPON.—Denis Forey was arrested yesterday in the First Municipality, charged with having assaulted Jeremiah Conolly with a knife in his hand, and having made several attempts to stab him.—Recorder Genois sent the accused before the First District Court.

LARCENY.—Mary Troveland was arrested yesterday in the First Municipality, charged with stealing a purse containing $15 from J. A. Nartie, at whose house she was employed as a servant. The matter will be examined before the Recorder this morning.

LATE AND VERY INTERESTING FROM CALIFORNIA.—We are permitted, says the Washington *Union*, of the 24th, to make an extract from a highly intelligent source, which gives increased interest to the gold region in California. The letter left Tepic on the 19th of December last, and is the latest intelligence received from the West Coast.

There is a late arrival from California, bringing intelligence that a region of gold richer than any yet known, has been discovered north of the Sacramento. The U. S. ship Lexington is to leave [illegible] for the United States, [illegible] already on board [illegible] in gold dust for the United States.

We understand, says the *Union*, that the gold dust was put on board the ship as the property of individual citizens for safe transportation here.

DECISION IN THE FANNY KEMBLE PIERCE CASE.—We copy from the Philadelphia *Bulletin* of the 29th ultimo:

*Butler vs. Butler Sur Petition and Answer.*—In this case the opinion of the Court was delivered by his honor Judge King. His honor reviewed the positions assumed by the respective counsel, and having stated the matter would be referred to a jury, he laid down those principles which were likely to arise in, and govern the cause.

The endeavor of the eminent counsel, both of the libellant and respondent, had been to assimilate the pleadings and procedure to those adopted in divorce cases by the English Ecclesiastical Courts. Hence the Paper book in the present cause had accumulated to ninety printed pages. The Court ordered the narrative part of the respondent's answer, and the libellant's exceptions and counter allegations, to be stricken from the record as surplusage. They decided that the principles of the English Ecclesiastical Courts, were to a large extent recognized in Pennsylvania, but not their mode of pleading or procedure.

The following principles were deliberately discussed and laid down as the law:

1st. That a wife's abandonment of her husbands previous consent or subsequent approval, is not a malicious or wilful desertion within the Pennsylvania Statute. That such consent or approval is revokable, and the parties, by such revocation, are then placed in the same legal standing of position which they occupied at the time of such consent or approval.

2d. That the reasonable cause which justifies a wife's desertion must be such as would be sufficient ground of divorce.

3d. That according to the English decisions, the cruelty and indignities which would authorize a separation by the wife from her husband, must be such as would produce or tend to produce bodily harm.

Having discussed the three preceding propositions, and having established them by a mass of authority laboriously gleaned, from the English, the Roman and the French law, his honor the President Judge then examined and laid down the following propositions:

That a husband able to afford his wife such necessaries as her education and habitudes have rendered indispensable, and yet refusing to allow them, is in Pennsylvania guilty of such legal cruelty as would authorize a divorce; but the refusal of mere luxuries in such a case would not sanction a divorce.

That a husband who maliciously inflicts upon his wife such a long and humiliating and annoying course of insults and mortifications as must ultimately destroy health or life, is guilty of such legal cruelty as would authorize a divorce, although such course of insult, &c., were unaccompanied by actual or threatened violence to her person.

The Court decreed that the matter should go to a jury upon the libel and answer as curtailed by the Court.

The whole opinion is long and important, and will doubtless hereafter be published in extenso.

The United States Courts were not in session.

A CAREER OF CRIME.—Some time in September last, a man named Stephen Putnam was released from the Auburn State Prison, after serving out a term of five years' imprisonment, which had succeeded a previous term of two years, with no interruption of but three months of liberty between the two. On his way from Auburn to Syracuse, in September, he committed a theft and was sent to the Cayuga county jail for thirty days. After satisfying this penalty he returned to Syracuse, and was there convicted of grand larceny. But escaping from custody, he took passage on a canal boat, coming to this city. Before arriving here, however, he stole the Captain's gold watch, and escaped with it. A few days after this, he offered to sell to the Sheriff an axe; and being suspected that he had stolen it, he was taken to the police office, where he was recognised as the person described by the Captain as having stolen his watch. He was convicted of both thefts, and sent to jail, and at the sitting of the county court, was sentenced to confinement in Auburn prison for the term of nine years and four months. Truly a career of unmitigated wickedness! His prompt arrest and conviction for his smallest and greatest crimes exemplifies the proverb, that the "way of the transgressor is hard."—*Rochester Dem.*

CALIFORNIA vs CHINA.—We quote the following paragraph from a letter in the Boston *Transcript*, (which vouches for its authenticity,) received by a young Chinaman, employed in a Boston tea-store, from his brother in Canton:

Good many American men speak of California. Oh! very rich country! I hear good many American and Europe men go there. Oh, they will get gold very quick, I hear. Oh some people say, get money very quick; every day, two or three pounds of gold each. I feel as if I should like to go very much. I think I shall go to California next summer. After going to America first, suppose I not keep store. Oh, California is not very pleasant place, new place, it is warm, however, just the same as Canton. That is good for China men. I afraid our mother won't like us to go there. People tell me that two months' sail is the distance from here there. I wish you would come back to China soon and I wait here for you. This you can count upon. I am afraid you will laugh. Everybody in house and shop wants to see you very much, and send their affectionate remembrance.

☞ Mr. J. W. Menzies, Whig, has been elected to the Legislature of Kentucky, from Kenton county by a majority of more than 300—the first Whig ever elected from that county.

A TERRIBLE AFFLICTION.—Mr. Richard McAsher, of Dutchess county, New York, has been confined to his bed for twenty-five years, a victim to disease and intense suffering. The N. Y. *Sun* says:

During the first year after his attack, his knees were dislocated and ossified, and subsequently other joints in his lower limbs were drawn asunder and ossified. Two years after these disastrous afflictions his pains became less acute, and being naturally industrious and ingenious he commenced making shoes, whips, and such other articles as he could, while lying in bed. He thus helped to maintain himself, and for eleven years he continued to work until his arms were dislocated and became ossified. For the last eleven years he has been unable to help himself in the least. His jaws were set some years since, and his teeth have been broken out, that food might be placed in his mouth. The only joints, which he is now able to move, are the extremes of his index fingers and one or two joints in his toes.

DARING ROBBERY.—The daring robbery of Mr. S. Eckel's jewelry store, on Pennsylvania avenue, Washington city, at an early hour on Friday evening, has been a theme of general conversation to-day. It appears that soon after 7 o'clock, Mr. E., about to go to tea at Brown's Hotel, carefully secured his premises—the front door being fastened with an ordinary lock, the key-hole of which was covered with a plate and hasp, and secured with a patent spiral lock, on the outside. Absent only about three quarters of an hour, he was surprised to find an obstruction to his opening the patent lock. After some effort, Mr. E. obtained assistance of his neighbor Mr. Gibbs, and finally sawed off the hasp. Then the key of the main lock instantly threw back the principal bolt, when the discovery was made that the lower (small) bolt was so fixed by some one within as still to fasten the door. The door was soon prized open. During all this operation, persons occupying rooms above head heard the back window shutter of the store open, but hearing Mr. E's voice and so much noise, presumed that it was the proprietor at work.

Upon entering, Mr. Eckel found the window shutter open, and his store stripped of almost every article of value. His loss is estimated at $3,000. It appears that a small nail or tack had been fixed in the spiral lock.—*Balt. Sun.*

## COMMERCIAL.

### The Markets.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 31st, 1849.

In the absence of any later advices from Europe, which are unaccountably delayed, the Cotton market exhibits much heaviness, and to-day's business was limited to 1,200 bales, at drooping prices. Buyers seem determined to keep aloof until the receipt of the Steamer's accounts.

The Sugar market was dull to-day with sales of 400 hhds. Of Molasses, 600 bbls were sold at 20 a 21c ⅌ gallon, according to quality.

No change in Flour. A lot of 1000 bbls. choice Ohio was taken at $4 37½; common brands are offering at $4 25. But little business was done in Corn to-day.

Provisions continue to droop. Mess Pork was sold to-day, at $10 87½, and Prime at $9 87½.—a decided decline. A sale of Bulk Pork was made at $1 15 ⅌ 100 lb.—a decline. Nothing of consequence doing in Beef and Bacon.

We notice small sales of Whiskey at 17½a ⅌ gallon.

Exchanges on all points are heavy. Sterling 7 a 8 ⅌ cent. prem. Francs, 5f 27½ a 5f 35. New York 60 day bills 1½ a 2 ⅌ cent. discount. Checks, par a ¼ ⅌ cent prem.

The Freight market still remains unsettled, and we have not heard of any fulfil engagements.


**Catalogue Sale of Dry Goods.**
☞ The attention of Dealers is called to the Catalogue Sale of Dry Goods, to take place THIS DAY, 19th February, at 10 o'clock, at F. H. Petitpain's Auction Room, No. 8 Canal street.

☞ We are instructed to refer our readers to the sale of a Sugar Plantation, which is particularly well situated on Bayou Lafourche, and will be sold at auction THIS DAY, by Messrs. Beard, Calhoun & Co. at Banks' Arcade.

**Institution of Messrs. Merrill & Garreau.**
☞ We would invite the attention of our friends to the Prospectus of the above Gentlemen in our columns.

☞ Their day and night school is now in successful operation at 129 Barracks street. They have an elegant Philosophical Apparatus, Globes, Maps, Cabinet of Minerals and every other facility for giving a thorough and complete education.

☞ It is not true, as has been reported, that Mr. Garreau left the institution. We would say to Parents, go and see for yourselves, and you will be pleased. j31

☞ Notice is hereby given to the consignees of cargo per steamer ANGLO SAXON, from New York that they are requested to sign the average bond and receive their goods at the warehouse of J. W. STANTON & CO., Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts. j31

☞ The consignee of 93 packages merchandise per ship Toronto, from New York, marked L & C in a triangle, consigned to order, will please make known to the Discharging Clerk on the Levee, at Post No. 2, Second Municipality, or they will be stored at the expense and risk of the owner. J. W. STANTON & CO., corner Magazine and Lafayette sts. j23

☞ The consignee of one hundred and twenty-five bbls. Mackerel, one hundred half bbls. one hundred quarter bbls., and ten drums Codfish, marked H., in a diamond, per bark DELAWARE, from Boston, is requested to make himself known to the discharging Clerk on the Levee. L. H. GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The bark Kilby, from Liverpool, is discharging below the Railroad, 2d Municipality. Consignees are hereby notified that all goods not permitted within five days will be sent to the public stores. L. H. GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The driver of Dray No. 246, is requested to bring or receipt for goods hauled from ship House, otherwise he will be prosecuted according to law. LEVI H. GALE, 93 Common.

W. L. BURGESS & CO., COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, No. 11 Front Levee—New Orleans. j1

**STONE & McCOLLUM'S NEW LEVIATHAN CIRCUS.**
Under the Direction and Management of JOHN SMITH.
THE universal Public of New Orleans, are respectfully informed that the NEW LEVIATHAN CIRCUS of STONE & McCOLLUM, under the Direction and Management of John Smith will make its entry into the "Crescent City" on SATURDAY, the 3d of February, preceded by a magnificent Brass Band, in an elegant and appropriate Music Car, drawn by Sixteen Horses, beautifully bridled and caparisoned, and will open the same Evening, on
WASHINGTON SQUARE, (Third Municipality.)
☞ The troupe is by far the largest in the United States, comprising a combination of talent unequaled by any Circus in this or any other country.
☞ The representations will consist of a series of Gymnastic and Acrobatic Evolutions, and of those superior Acts, Scenes, and Gems of Equestrian excellence, so highly applauded by the citizens of Mobile for the last nine weeks.
☞ From amongst the host of talent attached to the NEW LEVIATHAN, we would merely mention the names of the following, who, in the peculiar line, are universally acknowledged to be unequaled in the world:
☞ EATON STONE, the best bare-back rider in the world. T. McCOLLUM, unequaled as an Equestrian. LA BELLE ROSA, the ethereal Mercury of Female Equestrianism. JOHN SMITH, confessed the best representative of Ethopian Characters now living. H. P. MADIGAN, M. J. LIPMAN, J. BLACKWOOD, J. E. SHAY, A. LEVI, D. W. STONE, P. COLEMAN, B. BROWN, F. FOUNS, J. BRENARD, A. & W. HINCKLEY, BEN JERMINGS, GREEN JOHNSON, &c.
☞ A leading feature of the amusements of the New Leviathan is the magnificent BRASS BAND, under the direction of the celebrated H. K. GATE.
☞ The entire Arena will be brilliantly illuminated with Gas, and seats will be arranged for the accommodation of Family Parties, and can be engaged, on application at the Box Office, between the hours of Ten and Eleven A. M.
ADMISSION:
Box Seats, 50c
Pit, 25c
Seats for Free Persons of Color, 50c
Children and Servants—Half price.
f1 JOHN W. SMITH, Manager.

**To Planters, Engineers, &c.**
THE Subscriber has made arrangements to be constantly supplied with CAST & WROUGHT IRON PIPES, of various diameters, from 1 to 6 ins., and will receive orders for any sizes, to be executed at the shortest notice.
An invoice of assorted sizes just received, embracing 6's, 4's, 3's, 2½'s, 2's and 1½'s inches.
f1 1aw1m E. W. WELLS, Gas Office.

MR. BARTOLOMB SIMO invites his debtors and creditors to call at No. 95 Old Levee street, between Jefferson and Toulouse streets, in order to settle with him. f1 10t

**Dissolution of Partnership.**
THE Copartnership existing in this city under the firm of Martial Peyret & Co., is dissolved this day, by common consent. Mr. C. Passy is the sole liquidator. MARTIAL PEYRET, PAUL JUGE FILS. New Orleans, 1st February, 1849. f1

**Partnership.**
THE Subscribers will continue to carry on the same kind of business, and forwarding commission in general, under the firm of Paul Juge Fils & Co., at 27 St. Louis street. PAUL JUGE FILS, C. PASSY. f1

FOR SALE, when landed from ship Jupiter, from Marseilles—800 cases Anisardy Red Wine; 400 baskets Plagniol's Olive Oil, in large bottles; 150 do do in half bottles; 200 boxes Muscatel Wine; 150 bxs Soap; 100 baskets Empty Bottles; 20 bales Almonds; 200 boxes Orange Flower Water; 200 cases assorted Pickled Fish; 50 do Green Water; 1000 Empty Flasks for Maraschino. f1 D. LANATA, 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

WINE, in casks, per ship Ovando, from Bordeaux, for sale by the subscriber, at long or short price—184 cases St. Estephe; 439 do St. Julien. f1 J. F. BERCIER & CO, 54 Old Levee st.

TURKS ISLAND SALT—1500 bush. in store and for sale by C. J. WHEELER, Broker, 5 Bank Place.

BAGGING AND ROPE—[illegible] for sale by C. J. WHEELER, Broker, 5 Bank Place.

[illegible] C. J. WHEELER, Broker, 5 Bank Place.

**CALIFORNIA.**
**San Francisco Commission House.**
THE undersigned, leaving this city on the 7th February next, for the above place, by the quickest route, (via Chagres, Panama and the Pacific mail steamship) has the honor of informing his friends, acquaintances and the merchants, that he has determined and made arrangements to establish a COMMISSION HOUSE at San Francisco, to transact every branch of commercial affairs, either a consignment of merchandise, produce, orders, remittances, investments, purchase of land in town or country, &c.
The undersigned, having a long experience of business and travelling, respectfully solicits the patronage of those desirous of opening correspondences with this new country, where he will arrive long before consignments now shipped or to be shipped reach their destination, thus affording him a chance of becoming acquainted with the business of the place, and to dispose advantageously of the orders of those who will favor him with their confidence.
For orders apply, previous to his leaving, at No. 31 Chartres street, and afterwards at Mr. Alphonse Noel's, No. 40 Chartres street—his correspondent, who will transmit all communications relative to those interested. N. D. MOLLOT.
REFERENCES: N. C. Hall, De Goer & Rillard, J. W. Zacharie & Co., Lafitte & Sylvestre, North Bros., Bordeaux & Co., R. G. Hobbs, Revolat & Peste.
New Orleans, Jan. 29, 1849. 12t

**Fifty Dollars Reward.**
RANAWAY on about the 1st of November last, NERO, a griffe boy, about 30 years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, very stout, having two or three teeth wanting in front of his mouth. This slave is well known in the city as having belonged to Mr. John Sprougue, and sold to me last summer by Mr. Merritt. The above reward will be paid to whoever will deliver him to Mr. Merritt, 165 Gravier street, or lodge him in one of the city jails. j30 GEORGE K. DISGLE.

**Ten Dollars Reward.**
ABSENTED himself from the subscriber's, Desiree street, Third Municipality, whilst he was on trial, the negro boy STEPHEN—about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, and has a scar on his throat, which appears black.—Whoever will return him to the subscriber, or to J. P. Phillips, auctioneer, Banks' Arcade, will receive the above reward. j29 JOHN P. JOHNSON.

**Notice.**
MUNICIPALITY No. One, SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF SALUBRITY.
THE Apothecaries who have furnished medicines to indigent sick, during the prevalence of the Cholera, are respectfully invited to present their bills for settlement, within ten days, at the Mayor's office. E. BARTHE, President. New Orleans, Jan 29, 1849. j29 10t

**To Travellers.**
THE subscribers respectfully inform the travellers and persons who intend to go to California, that they have always in store a large assortment of St. Louis Preserved Meats, such as Game, Fish, Vegetables, Fruits, Cold Meat, &c., which they offer for sale at very low prices. FERBOS FRERES, Corner Royal & Dumaine.
N. B. Packages of those preserves will be made up to suit purchasers. j29

**Portuguese Benevolent Society.**
*Celebration of its Foundation.*
ALL the members of this Association are requested to assemble to-morrow, SUNDAY, 28th January, at 10 o'clock A. M. at Alex. Pereira's coffee house, corner of Barracks and Canal streets in order to proceed to the Cathedral, to have the Banner, that is to be presented to the Association, baptized, and after the ceremonies are over to proceed in a body to partake of the refreshments which are prepared for the occasion.
It is of the greatest importance that every member should be present at the hour above named. By order of the President. ANT. VIEIRA, Jr., Secretary. j27

**MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,** 22nd Jany 1849.
AGREEABLY to a Resolution of the Council of Municipality No. One, passed on the 22d January, 1849, notice is hereby given that Sealed Proposals will be received at my office until the 5th February, 1849, for Making an Awning at the Vegetable Market. Specifications to be seen at the Surveyor's office. Terms—Cash. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor. j27

**Garden Seeds, Roots, &c.**
10,000 Giant Asparagus Roots, 3 years old, in fine order for planting, just received; also, a large assortment of Garden and Flower Seeds.
Country Merchants supplied with seed by the dozen, 100 or thousand papers, for retailing. Market Gardeners supplied with seeds by the barrel, bushel or smaller quantities.
Boxes of seed containing a well assorted variety for plantation or garden use, at prices from $2, $3, $4, $10 to $20 per box.
Flower Seeds in packages containing 36 one pound[?] varieties, price $1.
Also on hand Grass Seed, consisting of the following varieties: Red Clover; Blue Grass; Timothy; Herd &c. j27 D. MAUPAY, 99 Camp st., near Poydras st.

BUCKWHEAT—Fresh landing, in boxes and sacks, and packages; Butter—Goshen, Western and in Rolls, in kegs, 500 packages; Cheese—English Dairy and Western; Madeira, Port and Sherry Wines; Brandies and Bourbon Whiskey; Spices, Cloves, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Mace, Pepper, Hops, Ground Spices, all kinds; Salt in sacks of 2 each, and in sacks, &c. For sale by J. E. HART & CO., 29 Tchoupitoulas st.

**Champagne! Champagne!**
RECEIVED per ship Cachelot, from Havre, an invoice of 100 baskets superior Champagne, from M. de Muller Ruinart, at Rheims, for sale by FRED. BOHN, j30 Le Conte's up the Louisiana Bank.

**Popular School Books.**
ROWAN'S French Reader; Porney's Syllabaire Français; Cowie's English Grammar; Bullion's First Lessons in English Grammar; McGuffey's Eclectic Spelling Book; McGuffey's Eclectic Readers; Worcester's Dictionary, abridged; Emerson's First and Second Arithmetic; Smith's Arithmetic; Mitchell's Primary Geography; Morse's School Geography; Goodrich's Child's History of the United States; Wilson's History of the United States.
An extensive assortment of other STANDARD SCHOOL and MISCELLANEOUS WORKS in every Department of Literature, Science and Art, together with every article of STATIONERY. Now in use. For sale at the New Orleans Stationer's Warehouse. J. B. STEEL, j27 14 Camp st.

WHITE WINE—100 bbls. white Wine just received per ship Cachelot, Cabot and Ravara, from Bordeaux, and for sale by FRO. DE FUENTES & CO. j3 90 Common st.

LANDING ex ship Cabot and Hannah Thornton, from Bordeaux—300,000 pointed Corks, in bales of 20 and 25 the each; 30,000 regular Corks, assorted in bags of 500; 4,000 dozen Corks, in bags of 1000, for sale by V. MAIGNAN, 87 St. Louis st. d25

IN STORE and for sale—15 half pipes Cognac Brandy, J J Dupuy, 4th proof; 10 quarter pipes Cognac Brandy, J J Dupuy, 4th proof; 10 do do Cognac Brandy, J Ducastaing & Co., 4th proof, 15 do do Cognac Brandy, Denzil, 4th proof; 3 half pipes Cognac Brandy, A. Seignette, 2d proof. j16 B. TALAMON, 184 and 186 Royal st.

500 bags Coffee; 400 packages Mackerel; 100 barrels family Flour; 100 boxes Teas; 100 boxes Candles; 20 do assorted Soap; 50 casks Bacon (Shoulders, Sides and Hams); Pepper Spices—for sale by W. L. BURGESS & CO., a16 11 Front Levee st.

**Clothing! Clothing! Clothing!**
THE undersigned is now selling off his winter stock at COST. He will continue to do so until the 15th February, by which time Cloth Goods must be closed, to make room for Summer Clothing. N. B.—Call soon, or you may miss a bargain! j11-15t M. BARNETT, 12 Camp st.

LANDING ex ship Tabor, from Bordeaux—100 casks St. Estephe Claret; 45 casks St. Julien Medoc; 8 do, Lafitte, do, for sale by F. DUBUCH, 77 St. Louis st., between Royal and Bourbon. 9d2

IN STORE—100 casks Bedford Wine; 100 do. Bordeaux do, sundry brands; 40 do. Brenford, 1841; 200 boxes Ch. Belair Claret, 1842; 200 do. Haut Sauterne Wine, 1845; 1000 do, St. Julien Medoc; 40 do, Tete de Maure Cheese; 50 do, imitation paste; 200 baskets Plagniol Oil; 200 do, Bordeaux do; 5 jars Portugal Bergamotte and Lemon Essence; 27 cases Genoa Lemon; 50 bags Shot; 450 boxes Nice Brandy Cherries; 200 do, Bordeaux Brandy Fruits; 40 baskets empty Bottles, 22 ounces; 12 do, Rose Essence, 1st quality, for sale by D. LANATA, 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

BORDEAUX CLARET—Just received ex ships Orozimbo, Hannah Thornton, Radius, Cabot and Mount Washington—70 casks sup. Claret Wine, imp. for family use; 64 do Claret Wine, (Montferrant;) 105 bbls. sup. white Wine; 250 boxes Claret Wine, St. Julien, in store and for sale by FRO. DE FUENTES & CO., j11 90 Common st.

GOODS ENTITLED TO DEBENTURE—Received per ship Kirby, from Liverpool—10 cases printed Jaconets; 5 do do Organdies; 5 do do Turkey Red Hdkfs; 2 do worsted Shawls; 20 do Platillas Britannias and Estopillas; 5 do white and brown Drillings. For sale by j24 2w McDOWELL & PECK, 96 Gravier st.

**Manufacture of French Hats.** WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
J. BENAZECH, Inventor of a New Water-Proof Hat, 27 TOULOUSE STREET, respectfully offers for sale every kind of HATS, of the latest fashion. He prepares, in six hours' time, all sorts of Hats, and is ready to suit every one's taste.
Prices for subscriptions will vary according to the quality of Hats. Merchants will find it to their advantage to purchase a quantity of these Hats. They will find in the store of the undersigned every species of Hats elegantly made, and which will be offered for sale at very moderate prices. Those merchants who shall have already bought a dozen Hats, will have the privilege to make up their assortment at the price of the first dozen.
The new Water-Proof Hat dreads nothing from the rain, and does not soil by the sweat. d6 3m

COGNAC—90 qr pipes 4th proof Dukaut's, landing ex ship Ovando, from Bordeaux, for sale by D. LANATA, 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

MACARONI AND VERMICELLI—100 boxes lately received from Italy, for sale by D. LANATA, 9 and 10 Jefferson st.

FRENCH DEMIJOHNS—Per ship Lyons, from Havre, the following assortment for sale by the subscribers, in lots to suit purchasers: 300 of 3 gallons; 100 of 2 do; 100 of 1 do. J. F. BERCIER & CO. 54 Old Levee

BRAN WHISKEY—75 bbls. in store and for sale by JOHN O. WOODRUFF & CO., 69 and 93 Magazine st.

GUNNY BAGS—[illegible] for sale by C. J. WHEELER, Broker, 5 Bank Place.

RIO COFFEE—[illegible] for sale by C. J. WHEELER, Broker.

[illegible]

BOARDER WANTED. Wanted, a Gentleman Boarder, in a private family residing in the First Municipality. Apply at this office. j6

REMOVAL.—Dr. J. U. LANDREAUX, has removed to Conti street, between Dauphine and Burgundy streets, opposite Messrs. Boyer and Birot School. j10

DR. PIERNAS, begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established his residence at 77 Canal street, where he will be found every day, from 12 M. to 2 o'clock, P. M. daw

**Cure for the Cholera!** GUACO TINCTURE.
FOR sale 74 Barracks street, between Conde and Royal street, by A. E. PARRY. ☞ The means to use it are on the label. d23 1m

NOTICE.—Mr. PERINAUD being on the eve of his departure for France, requests the persons to whom he is debtor, and those to whom he is creditor, to settle their accounts with him within eight days. He offers for sale a very good Creole Servant, good cook, washer and ironer, with her two children. Apply to 136 Chartres st. j23—8

BANK OF LOUISIANA, New Orleans, January 22d, 1849.
A Semi annual dividend of 4 1-2 per cent. was this day declared by the Board of Directors, payable to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after Monday, 5th of February next. j23 E. M. DAVIS, Cashier.

**Union Bank of Louisiana.** New Orleans, January 9, 1849.
THE annual election by the Stockholders for six Directors of this Institution, will be held on Monday, the 5th February next, at the Banking House, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. j10 FREDERICK FREY, Cashier.

**Citizens' Bank of Louisiana.** New Orleans, 2d January, 1849.
THE annual election of three Directors by the Stockholders, will take place at the Banking House, on Monday, the 5th of February next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. By order, j1 2taw5t M. MUSSON, Cashier.

Office N. Orleans and Carrollton Railroad Co., New Orleans, 19th Jan., 1849.
NOTICE.—An election of seven Directors of this Company, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office on Monday, 29th inst., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. j19 10t CHARLES BAQUIE, Secretary.

**British Consulate,** New Orleans, 10th January 1849.
INFORMATION wanted regarding two English men named William Canning, aged about 41 years, and Edward Hiles, aged about 36 years. The former arrived in this City, in the autumn of 1841. The latter was in this City in the month of March, 1846, and is a printer by trade. Any person knowing their whereabouts, or giving information regarding their death or not living, will confer a favor on their relatives, by communicating with j11 1m WM. MURE, H. Consul.

**To the Ladies of Louisiana:** No. 57 Royal street, between Bienville and Customhouse.
THE MISSES FOURNIER, from Paris, already well known in France as manufacturers of ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, have now taken the above store.
Just arrived from Paris, they have imported a complete assortment of Head Dresses for Balls, Bouquets Bonnet Trimmings, etc.
The latest engravings of modes from Paris will be exhibited to the ladies who will honor them with their visit. j16 1m

**Mrs. THEODORE**
Just returned from Paris has removed her store to 67 CANAL STREET, Between Carondelet and St. Charles. She respectfully informs her distinguished patrons that she has given all her care to the choice of her New Stock of Fancy Goods. 15t

MISS ELIZABETH LOUIS BLANC informs her friends and the public generally, that those who have any business to transact with her to apply to Mr. Robt C. Cammack, her nephew, Bourbon street, between Customhouse and Canal sts. j20 7

**American School Method.** *A Manual of Orthography.*
THIS little book, containing all the monosyllables in the English language, and with key to examples of the prefixes and suffixes in polysyllables, is now for sale—price 10 cents per copy—at No. 24 CANAL STREET. To Teachers and Booksellers who may purchase the work by the dozen a liberal discount will be made. j20 1m J. B. MENNY.

**Virginia Manufactured Tobacco.**
THE Undersigned, Agents for the sale of Virginia Manufactured Tobacco, have received by late arrivals direct from the manufacturers, a large stock, consisting in part of the following choice brands, which they offer to the Grocers and Merchants at the lowest factory prices and on accommodating terms:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Jas. Thomas, Jr's El Dorado and Virgin El Dorado, | | |
| | Natural Leaf. | |
| James Thomas, Jr's | Virgin Gold Leaf, | 1-2 lbs. |
| Do. | Nectar Leaf, | 1-2 lbs. |
| Do. | W. V. Walsh, | 1-2 lbs. |
| Archy Thomas | Extra Honey Dew, | 5's |
| Langhorne & Sons, | J. M. Stansel, | 5's |
| Do. | Extra fine Gold Leaf. | |
| Langhorne & Co., | Jones & Wanin, | 5's |
| Do. | do. | 5's |
| Hardgrove's, | S. & B. Green, | 5's |
| Do. | Robert Gunn, | 5's |
| Do. | W. Harvey, | 1-2 lbs. |
| S. S. Myers & Co's | Super Super C C | |
| C. P. Word's | Premium Plums, | |
| Henry & Plessants, | Honey Dew | |
| James Saunders', | Harry of the West, | |
| Do. | A. M. Waddell | |
| P. Robeson, | Russell & Robinson, | |
| Do. | Kusse Robinson & Co., | |
| Do. | D J Kerr, | |
| Do. | Robinson Extra, | |
| R. A. Mayo, | Honey Dew, | |
| M. Wooden, | do. | |
| J. A. Abey, | Better Still, | |
| J. Moike's, | Extra No. 1, | |
| D. M. Branch, | Better Still, No. A, | |
| Do. | Fine Cured, | |
| Do. | Kinber, | |
| Do. | Reidere Oronoko, | |

Many other brands, in cases, half cases, whole, half, quarter and eighth boxes. BRIDGES & MACMURDO, j31 ly New Orleans, 55 Camp st.

**PLOUGHS.**
The undersigned, agents of "Young's" celebrated "Maysville Ploughs," beg leave to call the attention of Planters and others to their large assortment of these and other good brands, viz: Young's, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4; King's Carey, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4; Hall & Spears, Nos. 1, 2 and 3; Do. Improved Peacock, Nos. 1, 2 and 3. PRIESTLEY & BEIN, 89 and 91 Camp st.

**Tennessee Iron.**
THE undersigned, Agents of Messrs. Hillman Vanleer & Co's Iron Works, beg to call the attention of their customers, the city trade, cotton makers, &c. to their large and complete assortment of TENNESSEE IRON, comprising 300 tons flat Bars of all sizes; 120 do round and square do; 50 do Plough plated do; 30 do do Moulds; 500 Sheets boiler Iron; 100 bundles Sheet Iron; All guaranteed to be of the best quality, now offered for sale in this market. PRIESTLEY & BEIN, j31 3w No. 89 and 91 Camp st.

LANDING ex ship Oxnard, from Bordeaux—90 casks St Julien Wine; 40 doz. Mustard; 10 bbs Putty, for sale by FERBOS FRERES, j31 Corner Royal and Dumaine.

**Louisiana Reports, &c.**
COMPLETE SETTS OF LOUISIANA REPORTS, in 19 volumes; COMPLETE SETTS OF MARTIN'S LOUISIANA REPORTS, in 20 volumes; COMPLETE SETTS OF ROBINSON'S LOUISIANA REPORTS, in 12 volumes; DUNLAP'S ADMIRALTY PRACTICE; STORY'S COMMENTARIES ON THE CONSTITUTION, in 3 volumes; STORY'S COMMENTARIES ON THE CONSTITUTION, abridged, in 1 volume. For sale by ALEXANDER LEVY & CO., Law Book Sellers and Stationers, j31 Corner Camp and Gravier sts.

**GENERAL AGENCY.**
Exchange Place Building, designated by letters a, b, c, between Bienville and Custom House.
WANTED to buy directly—Many field hand NEGROES, used to the climate. Apply to E. EUDE, Director, or to A. BOURGEOIS BLESINE, Broker, Exchange Place, up Stairs, between Custom House and Bienville sts. j30

**GENERAL AGENCY.**
EXCHANGE PLACE, BUILDING DESIGNATED BY LETTERS A, B, C, BETWEEN BIENVILLE AND CUSTOMHOUSE STS.
ADVICE TO INHABITANTS.—On February the 5th, 1849, will be sold at auction, at Opelousas, Parish of St. Landry, at 1 an 12 years from the day of sale, without interest, 100 field hand Negroes, among them carpenters, blacksmiths, &c. These Negroes are almost all creoles before the sale, 2 steamboats will set out from here to that place.
For information apply to F. EUDE, Director, or to A. BOURGEOIS BLESINE, Broker, Exchange Place, between Bienville and Customhouse. j30

SUNDRIES—Landing and in store, for sale by the undersigned: REFINED SUGAR—Loaf crushed and powdered; NAILS—300 kegs landing per bark Isabella; SALERATUS—50 casks; RICE—50 cks. landing from bark Harriet & Martha; WINE—60 bbls. Dry Malaga; BLEACHED GOODS—20 cases; PIMENTO—200 bags; RAISINS—1,500 whole and ½ boxes. JAVA COFFEE—300 bags. SPERM CANDLES—300 boxes; CIDER—6 pipes; TEAS—200 cases Cannister; 100 half chests Imperial and Pouchong; 300, 6, 8, 12, and 13 lbs boxes Imperial, Gunpowder and Young Hyson. d15 R. A. NORCROSS, 54 Magazine st.

**Blankets.**
RECEIVED per late Arrivals from Boston and New York—6 cases Ribbon bound Bed Blankets; 10 bales Heavy White and Grey do; 2 do Superior Imitation 3 point Granier do; 1 case Crib Blankets, for sale low. j30 3w McDOWELL & PECK, 96 Gravier st.

**Shirtings, Listadoes, Hdkfs, etc.**
LANDING per ship Kilby from Liverpool: 10 cases Irish Linens, superior styles; 3 " Linen Blue Listadoes; 4 " Linen Cambric Hdkfs; 4 " White and colored Drillings, for sale by j30 2w McDOWELL & PECK, 96 Gravier st.

GOODS entitled to debenture, and suitable for the Mexican market—10 boxes printed Jaconets; 3 boxes two colored Prints; 4 bales Verona handkerchiefs, just received per ship Kilby, from Liverpool, and for sale by j30 2w DUNCAN KENNEDY, 52 Toulouse

LANDING ex ship Ovando, from Bordeaux—16 casks Haut Sauterne White Wine. 34 barrels do do do. 15 qr do Cognac Brandy, 1846, 4th proof, for sale by B. TALAMON, 184 & 186 Royal st.

HAVANA SUGAR—[illegible] boxes white, yellow [illegible] landing and in store, and for sale by [illegible] TROGRAND & LAMPER, 96 Old Levee.

[illegible]

**St Louis Ball Room.** HEADS OF FAMILIES BALLS.
THE Sixth Ball of this series will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 31st inst. Subscribers having made applications for invitation tickets, will please send for them at the office of the Ball Room, where they are ready for delivery. j30—3t

**St Louis Ball Room.**
MASKED SOCIETY BALLS.—The subscribers to the Masked Society Balls, to be given at the St. Louis Ball Room, are requested to send their invitation list to the office of the Ball Room previous to Thursday next, that they be presented to the committee of Invitation for the first ball to take place on Friday, February 2d. j30—3t

**St. Louis Ball Room.** MASKED SOCIETY BALLS.
THE subscription list is now open, at the office of the Ball Room, for a series of five MASKED SOCIETY BALLS, to be given at the above room. Gentlemen wishing to subscribe to the same will please apply to Mr. H. RUFFIER, from 8 a. m. to 2 P. M. and from 4 to 6 P. M.
The first Ball will take place on FRIDAY, January 26, the last on SHROVE TUESDAY, February 20, 1849. d19

**HEAD QUARTERS.**
Louisiana Legion, New Orleans, January 22, 1849.
GENERAL ORDERS, NO. 3.
**INSPECTION AND REVIEW.**
IN conformity to law, the Louisiana Legion will assemble in arms on the Place d'Armes on THURSDAY, the 22d February, at 9 o'clock A. M. precisely, for Inspection and Review, and to take part in the celebration of the Grand National Jubilee, the anniversary of his country's Saviour—the great and immortal Washington's Birthday.
The artillery shall fire a national salute at sunrise from the Place d'Armes.
The Commanders of Companies shall deliver to Major Chatry, Brigade Inspector, a correct roll of the men present under arms at the said review.
The Company of Catalan Volunteers, Captain Vionet, shall be stationed on the square half an hour previous to the time of Review to guard the gates.
Col. Justin Durel, commanding the regiment of infantry, Lieut. Col. Vignes, commanding the cavalry, and Major Gally, commanding the artillery, are charged within their respective commands with the execution of the present order.
D. AUGUSTIN, Brig. General.
E. F. DEMPSEY, Aide de Camp. j22

**Day and Boarding School for Young Ladies.**
*Founded in 1832 by Madame Lusie, and conducted since 1840*
BY MADAME DESRAVAUX,
Burgundy street, between Customhouse and Bienville streets, New Orleans.
MR. AND MRS. DESRAVAUX respectfully intimate to parents and guardians of youth, that their establishment for Young Ladies is open the whole year, and that it offers superior advantages as regards health and comfort.
The house recently built, and which can accommodate sixty boarders, was erected for the express purpose of a Seminary for ladies; and, besides being thoroughly ventilated there is attached to it a spacious garden, well shaded with trees, to be used as pleasure ground for the recreation of the pupils.
Families are invited to visit the establishment, which is open for inspection on Sundays. Copies of the prospectus to be found at the principal book stores. j17 1y

**ETIENNE & REBOUL,** LOOKING-GLASS MANUFACTURERS, Corner Orleans and Treme streets.
THEY undertake the polishing of Looking Glasses and restore their primitive brightness, plating, framing and gilding in every style, and undertake every other work in their line. They have always on hand French and Belgium Looking Glasses, at the most reasonable prices. j18 1y

**PEPIN,** LOOKING-GLASS MANUFACTURER, No. 213 Royal street.
HAS just arrived from Paris, with an assortment of Hanging Paper of the last pattern. He polishes the Looking-Glasses and restore their primitive brightness, plating, framing and gilding in every style, at moderate prices. j12 1m

PAUL ALDIGE & CO., 232 ROYAL ST. have just received by the late arrivals from France and New York, and for the new store that they have opened at 232 Royal street, between Du maine and St. Anne streets, the following Goods, which they will sell at the lowest price.
Silk Dress Bareges, best pattern, mens' and children' Plaid Tartans, Embroidery, a very large variety of Cashmere Shawls. Fringes and Gimps, plain, black and colored Silk Mantillas, &c. French Merino, we assorted colors, black watered Silk; Florence, of every color, silk Scotch Hdkfs., printed Chinese crape do, Gloves, kid do; cassimere do, black and fancy Cassimere, &c. &c.

OLIVE OIL—Landing ex ship Cato, from Marseilles—1000 baskets Oil, James Plagniol, 12 bottles each of 24 ounces; 1000 do, do, 24 halves, for sale in bulk on the Levee, by J. F. BERCIER & CO., j23 54 Old Levee

HAVANA SEGARS—[illegible] in store, comprising a full assortment of all kinds and qualities, such as Imperiales, Regalias, Panatelas, Cazadores and Millares. For sale in quantities to suit all purchasers. Also Paper Segars and chewing Tobacco. j23 J. M. CABALLERO, 76 Old Levee.

**Fresh Garden, Farm and Flower Seeds—Warranted the growth of** 1848—The Subscriber has just received by the ship Palestine, from New York, a large assortment of Fresh Garden Seeds, from some of the most respectable Growers in the North, consisting of every variety of Seeds suited for winter and spring sowing. Commission and Country Merchants, Planters, and Market Gardeners can have their orders filled at the shortest notice and at prices lower than any other House in the City. Apply at No. 10 Gravier st. WM. DINN.

NOTICE.—A person, a native of the State of Louisiana, having long experience in planting, well acquainted with the cultivation of sugar cane, also, a brickmaker, carpenter, cabinet maker, and competent in all kind of buildings on a plantation, sugar house, &c., wishes to find employment. For further particulars apply to Mr. Francois Lacroix, Chartres street, between St. Louis and Conti streets. j17 15t

**The American Lacon.**
D. APPLETON & CO., 200 Broadway, New York, have just published: ACTON: or the Circle of Life. A Collection of Thoughts and Observations, designed to delineate Life, Man and the World. In one handsome volume, 12mo., of 540 pages, with colored plates and gilt edges.
"A book which will make men think before they think of it."—*Dr. Cheever.*
"It will bear an advantageous comparison with the works of La Bruyere, Rochefoucauld, and La Fontaine, and is superior to them in fullness and variety of thought on each individual subject."—*Dr. Coggeshall.*
Received and for sale at the New Orleans Stationer's Warehouse. J. B. STEEL, 14 Camp.

DEMIJOHNS—The subscribers are now receiving by the ship Cachelot, from Havre, the following assortment of demijohns, which they offer for sale on the Levee in lots to suit purchasers: 300 demijohns of 5 gallons; 100 " 3 "; 100 " 2 "; 100 " 1 ". j18 J. F. BERCIER & CO., 54 Old Levee.

LANDING—Ex ship Orozimbo, from Bordeaux—10 quarts Cognac Brandy, J J Dupuy, 10 bbls do do; 5 half pipes old Cognac Brandy, Hagtory, 10 quarts do do; 94 boxes choice Prunes, 12 jars; 94 do 6 jars. For sale by J. & J. TARDOS, 15 Conti st. d19

**Medical Text Books, &c.**
MEDICAL STUDENTS can find, at the New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse, No. 14 Camp street, the largest and best assortment of all kinds of Medical Works, latest editions, American publishers' prices. This collection embraces works in every branch of the profession, and stands unrivaled as a complete Library for the Student of Medicine—all at the same price that they are sold in Boston, New York and Philadelphia. As the list is too extensive for an ordinary advertisement, the attention of medical students, and the Medical Faculty generally, is respectfully invited. The subscriber feels assured that a critical examination of his stock and prices will give satisfaction to all parties. J. B. STEEL, 14 Camp st.

SUNDRIES—100 boxes Sardines in oil; 300 half do Sardines in oil; 500 boxes French Peas; 1000 half do French Peas; 100 half do Mackerel in oil; 5 cases Prunes; 30 do Kirchenwasser; 30 baskets Champaign Wine; 65 cases Burgundy Wine. For sale by TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO., j10 1m 90 Customhouse st.

SUNDRIES—10 bales, 3 points, French woolen Blankets; 15 do Louisiana Penitentiary Shirtings; 20 do Indian-Head Shirtings; 10 cases Swiss Muslins; 10 bales French Prints, from Dolfus, Meig & Co; suitable for the Mexican trade. For sale by TH. BAILLY BLANCHARD & CO., j10 1m 90 Customhouse st.

WHITE WINE—125 half casks Haut Sauterne for sale by EUGENE ROCHEREAU & CO., jan29 17 & 19 St. Louis st.

SUBJECT to the drawback—30 quarter pipes Cognac, 4th proof, J & J Prata & Co brand, 400 boxes Claret Wine, St Julien Medoc, &c. Just received and for sale by FRO. DE FUENTES & CO., j11 90 Common st.

GRAIN BAGS—25,000 Bags Grain Bags, in bales of 300 each, just received per ships Adeline and New York Packet, from Liverpool, and for sale by McDOWELL & PECK, j25 2w 96 Gravier st.

WINE—650 casks Marseilles Wine, per ship Cato, for sale by J. F. BERCIER & CO., 54 Old Levee st.

CEMENT—500 bbls Newark Rosendale Hydraulic Cement, of this celebrated brand, now landing and in store and for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, j23 99 Mag. st. and 11 Red Stores, 2d My.

SPERM CANDLES—300 boxes Howland's New Bedford, assorted sizes for sale by J. W. STANTON & CO., 8 1w Corner Magazine and Lafayette sts.

PLASTER OF PARIS—[illegible] bbls Coggins & Co Plaster of Paris, for sale by HAYMAN & HOLDEN, j23 99 Magazine, and 11 Red Stores.

HAVANA SUGAR—150 boxes white and brown, landing and in store, for sale by WM. H. SIMMONS, 31 Gravier st.

COW PEAS—100 sacks Cow Peas, for sale by AUGUSTIN & THIBAUT, j19 1w 10 Conti st.

WHITE WINE—60 tierces Haut Sauterne, for sale by FERBOS FRERES, cor. Dumaine and Royal.

FRENCH MUSTARD—40 dozen assorted, for sale by FERBOS FRERES, cor. Royal & Dumaine.

COGNAC—20 half pipes J J Dupuy, 4th proof; 20 quarter do do do; 20 eighth do do do. In Customhouse store and for sale by RAYMOND GAHUZAC, 34 Old Levee st.

ABSYNTH—300 boxes Swiss Absynthe, Pernod & Co., landing ex ship Cato, from Marseilles, and for sale by RAYMOND GAHUZAC, 34 Old Levee st.

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