

on; *Yuki ga suri dashita*, 雪が降り出シタ, snow has begun to fall; it has commenced to snow.  
 Syn. IDASU.  
**Dashini**, たしあひ, 出合, *n.* Contribution; investing in shares; collecting money together for the purpose of business or refreshment.  
*Dashiai shinshō*, 出合身上, the property of a company; *Dashiai shite shōsha wo hiraku*, 出合シテ商社ヲ開ク, to invest money in shares for opening a store. [above].  
**Dashianu**, たしあふ, 出合, *v.t.* The verb-form of **Dashigianu**, たしあふ, 出合, *n.* Long shirts.  
 Syn. KEDASHI.  
**Dashi-ire**, たしあひ, 出納, *n.* Credits and debits; expenditures and receipts; paying and receiving.  
*Kingin no dashi-ire ga ōi*, 金銀ノ出納ガ多イ, much money is paid and received.  
**Dashijiru**, たしあひ, 煎汁, *n.* A soup.  
 Syn. NISHIRI.  
**Dashinuke ni**, たしあひ, 出抜, 意外, *adv.* All of a sudden; by surprise; at unawares; unexpectedly.  
**Dashinuku**, たしあひ, 出抜, *v.t.* To elude; to get an advantage over others; to overreach; to cheat; to circumvent; to outwit; to go ahead of others to one's advantage.  
*Hito wo dashinuku*, 人ヲ出抜ク, to outwit a person.  
**Dashu**, たしあひ, 唾手, *n.* [Chin.] Spitting in the palm; in an easy manner.  
*Dashu shite tenkwa wo toru*, 唾手シテ天下ヲ取ル, to take a country easily.  
**Dassei**, たしあひ, 脱世, *n.* Same as *Tonsei*.  
**Dasseki**, たしあひ, 脱籍, *n.* Omission of one's name not entered from the census register. — *suru*, *v.t.* To cross out one's name in the register.  
**Dasshi**, たしあひ, 脱履, *n.* [Chin.] Taking off worn-out straw shoes from one's feet; often used as a figure for anything one does not miss in any degree. [personal danger].  
**Dasshin**, たしあひ, 脱身, *n.* Escaping from per-  
**Dasshū suru**, たしあひ, 脱走, *v.t.* Same as *Udatoru*.  
**Dasshutsu**, たしあひ, 脱出, *n.* [Med.] Prolapsus. — *suru*, *v.t.* To escape. [ilus].  
**Dasso**, たしあひ, 脱疽, *n.* [Med.] Gangrene; sphace-  
**Dassō**, たしあひ, 脱走, *n.* Flight; escaping; desertion. — *suru*, *v.t.* To escape; to desert; to abscond; to run away.  
 Syn. NUKEHASHIRU, SHUPPON SURU.  
**Dassō-nin**, たしあひ, 脱走人, *n.* One who has absconded.

**Dassu**, たしあひ, 脱, *v.t.* To omit; to neglect; to leave out; to escape; to retire; to abandon; to take off.  
*Moji wo dassuru*, 文字ヲ脱スル, to omit characters or letters; *Yo wo dassu*, 世ヲ脱ス, to abandon the world; to become obscure; *Zoku wo dassu*, 俗ヲ脱ス, to become a priest; to enter a monastery.  
**Datari**, たしあひ, 堕胎, *n.* Abortion. — *suru*, *v.t.* Syn. KO-OROSHI. [To abort].  
**Date**, たて, 伊達, 豪華, *n.* Foppery; dandyism; vanity; show; love of dress; ostentation; show; finery.  
*Date moyō*, 伊達模様, fine fantastic figures, as on one's dress; *Date otoko*, 伊達男, a fop; a man excessively fond of finery; *Date wo suru*, 伊達ナスル, to be vainly fond of dress; to be weakly ostentatious.  
 Syn. HADE, KAZARI.  
**Date**, たて, 立, A suffix which added to other words makes them nouns, and signifies state or manner.  
*Kamai date wo shite wa ikenai*, カマヒ立テシテハイケナイ, it does not please me that you treat me too kindly; *Otokodate*, 男立, behaving like a man; *Teishudate*, 存主立, behaving like a husband.  
**Datekoki**, たて, とき, 装飾子, *n.* [coll.] A fop; a dandy; one weakly fond and vain of dress.  
**Datekugi**, たて, ぐき, 伊達釘, *n.* A nail used merely for show; an ornamental nail.  
 Syn. KAZARIKUGI.  
**Datera**, たて, ら, An affix signifying to do what is inappropriate to one's nature, age, or profession, only used in poetic language.  
*Onna datera*, 女ダテラ, as a woman.  
**Datesha**, たて, しや, 花嫁者, 花子, *n.* Same as *Dafekoki*, only a little politer. [gallant].  
**Dateshi**, たて, し, *n.* ① A fop. ② A chivalrous  
**Datsu**, たつ, *n.* [Ichth.] *Belone gracilis*.  
**Datsubun**, たつぶん, 脱文, *n.* Omitted sentences or paragraphs. — *suru*, *v.t.* To omit sentences or paragraphs.  
**Datsueba**, たつえは, 穿衣器, *n.* [Build.] An old woman who watches on this side of the Styx and strips the departed before their entrance into Hades.  
**Datsui**, たつゐ, 脱衣, *n.* Taking off sacerdotal robes on dismissal from the priesthood.  
**Datsui suru**, たつゐ, 脱衣, *v.t.* To neglect; to forget to insert; to leave out.  
**Datsuji**, たつじ, 脱字, *n.* An omitted word or character. — *suru*, *v.t.* To omit a letter of  
 Syn. NUKEJI, RAKUJI.  
**Datsujin**, たつじん, 脱塵, *n.* Going out of the

ordinary run of the world; retiring into mountains or a forest.  
**Datsuraku suru**, たつらくする, 脱落, *v.t.* To be omitted, neglected, or left out.  
 Syn. MORURU, NUREOTSURU.  
**Datsuri suru**, たつりする, 脱離, *v.t.* To get out of; to separate; to disconnect one's self from.  
**Datsurō**, たつろう, 脱漏, *n.* An omission; anything omitted or neglected. — *suru*, *v.t.* To omit; to neglect; to leave out.  
**Datsuro**, たつろ, 脱路, *n.* A secret passage by which one can escape.  
 Syn. NUKEMICHI.  
**Datsuryaku**, たつりやく, 脱取, *n.* An omission in a writing; an ellipsis.  
**Datsuryaku suru**, たつりやくする, 脱取, *v.t.* To plunder; to take by open force; to spoil; to pillage.  
 Syn. BUNDORU, KASUMURU, UBAITORU.  
**Datsuzen**, たつぜん, 脱然, *adv.* Prominently; prominently; par excellence.  
**Datsuzoku suru**, たつぞくする, 脱俗, *v.t.* To become a priest; to abandon the world.  
**Dattai-kwankotsu**, たつたいくわんこつ, 脱体換骨, *n.* Expressing the same thought in different words; as practised by another writer it is a sort of plagiarism. [plant].  
**Dattana**, たつたんな, 脱産, *n.* [Bot.] Rape seed  
**Dattō suru**, たつたうする, 脱黨, *v.t.* To leave a party.  
**Dauu**, たうん, 柔雲, *n.* [Chin.] Your letter.  
*Dauu haidoku tsukamatsuri soro*, 柔雲拜讀仕候, I have perused your letter.  
 Syn. GOSHOMEN, OTEGAMI.  
**De**, て, [Tentōha.] A particle like an Eng. preposition showing the relation of circumstance, time, situation, value, instrument, measure, reason, etc.  
*Ashi de keru*, 足ヲ蹴ル, to strike with the foot; to kick; *Dō desu ka*, フウヂスカ, how are you or how is it? *Fude de kaku*, 筆ヲ書ク, to write with a pen; *Fune de yuku*, 船ヲ行ク, to go by water; *Futari de yuku*, 二人ヲ行ク, to go accompanied by another; *Hitori de asobu*, 一人ヲ遊ブ, to frolic alone; to play by one's self; *Ichido de sumu*, 一度ヂスル, to be all right without repetition; *Kore wa nan de aru*, 此ハ何ヂアル, what is this? *Nambo de uru ka*, 何程ヂ賣ルカ, how much do you sell it for? *Sayō de gozarimasu*, 左様ヂ御坐リマス, it is as you say; it is so; *Te de tataku*, 手ヂ敲ク, to knock with the hand. [negation].  
**De**, て, [Tentōha, cont. of Zu and te.] A suffix of *Kaira de yamian*, 罫ラヂ止ナン, to go on without returning; *Kawan de sumu*, 罫ハンヂ

罫, to do without buying; *Me mo sure de iru*, 目モ睨レテ居ル, does not even turn (his) eyes upon; *Mono wo mo iwa de kaeru*, 物ヲモ云ハテ居ル, to return not saying anything; *Uta yōmai de sa* (*Uta yōmanai koto ga arumono ka*, 歌謡マイヂサ (歌謡子イ)ガアルモノカ), the idea of not composing a poem! (we will of course composing a poem); *Yoman de wakaran*, 讀マンテワカラン, ..... do not know because (I) have not read; *Fuka de aru*, 行カヂアリ, ..... did not go.  
**De**, て, *n.* ① [cont. of Ite, to come out.] Coming or rushing out, as of people to look at some objects of sight, or of water over the banks of a river. ② The capacity of lasting, the slowness or quickness of exhaustion.  
*Hito no de ga ōi*, 人ノ出ガ多イ, people come out in great numbers; *Kono cha wa de ga aru*, 此茶ハ出ガアル, this tea is not soon exhausted; *Mizu no de ga sukunai*, 水ノ出ガ蘇ナイ, water does not run out in great quantities, as a well; *Sato wa de ga nai*, 砂糖ハ出ガ無イ, sugar is quickly used up.  
**Deai**, てあひ, 出合, *n.* Coming together with; meeting; holding a meeting.  
*Yoshi no deai*, 有志ノ出合, meeting of pro-  
 Syn. SHUKKWAJ. [lecters].  
**Deigashira**, てあひがしら, 出合頭, *n.* Coming together of two or more persons unknown to one another, as at a corner, in the dark, or on going out from a room.  
*Deigashira ni atama wo utsu*, 出合頭ニ頭ヲ打ツ, to strike one's head against another's just at the moment of meeting.  
**Deikinai**, てあひない, 出商賣, *n.* Selling out of one's home; hawking; itinerant trade.  
**Deau**, てあふ, 出合, *v.t.* To meet; to meet with; to agree; to coincide.  
*Hanashi ga deau*, 話ガ出合フ, the stories agree; the relations coincide; *Iro ga deau*, 色ガ出合フ, colours agree well with one another; *Kaijō nite nampō ni deau*, 海上ニテ暴風ニ出合フ, to meet with a violent gale at sea; *Michi de chiki ni deau*, 道ヂ知己ニ出合フ, to meet acquaintances on the road.  
**Doba**, ては, 露齒, *n.* A projecting tooth.  
 Syn. SOPPA. [in dressing fish or fowl].  
**Deba**, ては, 出刃, *n.* A kitchen-knife; a knife used  
**Debabōchō**, てはぼうちやう, 出刃庖丁, *n.* ① Same as above. ② A weapon often used in bloody attempts.  
*Debabōchō sawagi*, 出刃庖丁騒動, a sanguinary affair. [for discharge].  
**Debana**, てはな, 出端, 出初, *n.* The first appearance  
*Bancha mo debana*, 番茶モ出端, even coarse tea tastes well at the first infusion; *Atara*



*dehana no hana wo chirashita*, 可憐出初ノ花ヲ散シテ, [H.] a beauty of high promise died an untimely death.  
 Syn. NIBANA, ONIBANA.

**Dehari**, でばり, 出張, n. Attending to one's duty away from his office or home; a police station; an outlying station.

**Deharijo**, でばりじよ, 出張所, n. An outlying station.

**Debaru**, でばる, 出張, v.i. To go to a fixed place on business or duty.  
*Shiten ye debaru*, 支店へ出張ル, to go to a branch store on business.  
 Syn. SHUTCHO SURU.

**Deboso**, でべろ, 出帆, n. A projecting navel; umbilical hernia. [forehead.]

**Debitai**, でびたい, 出帆, 陸揚, n. A projecting  
 Syn. ODEKO. [pencil.]

**Debogaya**, でばがや, n. [Bot.] *Cephalotaxus dru-*  
**Doehigai**, でちがひ, 出逢, n. Missing a visitor by being away from home.

**Dedana**, でたな, 出店, n. A branch shop, or store; an agency.

**Dedemushi**, ででむし, 蝸牛, n. [Entom.] Snail.

**Degake**, でがけ, 出掛, n. The time when one is  
 Syn. DESHINA. [about to leave home.]

**Degaru**, でがる, n. ① Grounds; dregs; refuse. ② The cocoon left by the moth.  
*Cha no degaru*, 茶ノデガラ, tea-grounds.

**Dego**, でご, n. A little porcelain spoon with a short handle.

**Degirai**, でぎらい, n. One who dislikes to go out; one exceedingly desirous of remaining at home. [cutting.]

**Degire**, でぎれ, 出羽, n. Scraps of cloth left after

**Degiri**, でぎり, 出羽, n. Absence of all from the house; the state of universal absence.

**Degitwa**, でぎた, 出羽, n. The point of going out.  
 Syn. DESHINA, DEGAKE.

**Degoshi**, でがし, 出格子, n. A projecting lattice-work built outside of a window.

**Deguchi**, でぐち, 出口, n. Same as *Dekuchi*.

**Deha**, では, 出端, n. The opportunity for going out.  
*Kyakurai ga atte deha wo ushinatta*, 客來が有テ出端ヲ失ツタ, lost my chance of going out owing to the arrival of visitors.

**Dehari**, でばり, 出逢入, n. Going out and in.  
 Syn. SHUTSUNYU.

**Dehana**, ではな, 出端, n. Same as *Degitwa*.

**Deharai**, でばらい, 出掛, n. Same as *Degiri*.

**Deharau**, でばらう, 出掛, v.i. To go all out; to leave none at home, or in an office.

**Dehōdai**, でほうたい, 出放題, adv. [coll.] Speaking without study, reflection, or preparation; giving utterance to momentary sentiments;

expressing one's thoughts off-hand, or at  
 Syn. DETARAMU. [random.]

**Dei**, でい, 泥, n. ① [Chin.] Mud. ② A paste of doughy consistence made of gold or silver dust, glue, and water, used as paint.

**Deibetsu**, でいべつ, 泥鰌, n. [Zool.] The snapping turtle.

**Deidei**, でいでい, n. [coll.] One who walks the streets for mending *geta*, shoes, and boots (so called from his crying *dei dei* as he goes along); a pariah.

**Deigu**, でいぐ, 楊蝸, n. [Bot.] Coral tree. [slate.]

**Deihansaki**, でいはんせき, 泥盤石, n. [Min.] Clay

**Deihin**, でいひん, 泥金, n. Same as *Kondei*.

**Deiko**, でいこ, 楊蝸, n. [Bot.] Same as *Deigu*.

**Deikwal**, でいくわい, 泥鰌, n. Same as *Deibetsu*.

**Deinel**, でいねい, 泥濘, n. and a. [Chin.] ① Deep mud. ② Very muddy (said of roads).  
 Syn. NURARUMI.

**Deiri**, でいり, 出入, n. ① Going out and coming in. ② Credits and debits; expenditures and receipts. ③ A law-suit; an action. ④ A dispute or quarrel.  
*Deiri no mono*, 出入ノ者, one who has the *entrée* to a superior's residence for getting custom or employment.

**Deiri-chō**, でいりちょう, 出入帳, n. A book in the which debits and credits are recorded; a day-book.

**Deirishi**, でいりし, 出入師, n. [coll.] A lawyer; one who manages a lawsuit for another.  
 Syn. KIJISHI. [of copper.]

**Deiroku**, でいろう, 泥緑, n. Verdigris; diacetate

**Deishō**, でいしょう, 泥匠, n. A plasterer.  
 Syn. SHAKWAN.

**Delsui**, でいすい, 泥水, n. ① Muddy water. ② The life of a prostitute. [drunk.]

**Delsui**, でいすい, 泥酔, n. The state of being dead—*suru*, v.i. To be dead drunk; to be excessively intoxicated.

**Deitan**, でいたん, 泥炭, n. Brown coal.

**Delto**, でいと, 泥土, n. Mud; clayey earth.

**Dejiro**, でじろ, 出城, n. A small castle built at some distance from the main one; an out-  
 Syn. DEMARU. [castle.]

**Dekakeru**, でかける, 出掛, v.i. To go out.

**Dekasegi**, でかせぎ, 出稼, n. Seeking or getting employment away from home.  
*Dekasegi ni yuku*, 出稼ニ行ク, to go away from home to get employed.

**Dekashi**, でかし, 大, a. Triumphant; exulting in success; victorious; successful.  
*Dekashi ga*, デカシ顔, triumphant countenance; *Kouido no koto wa ōdekashi*, 今度ノ事ハ大デカシ, this time (you were) very successful.

**Dekasu**, でかす, 出来, v.t. The causative form of *Dekiru*.

**Dekata**, でかた, 出方, n. A spy; a secret agent.

**Dekawari**, でかばり, 出替, n. ① Leaving one's house, especially of a servant. ② The debut of a new actor; playing another drama.  
*Gejo no dekawari*, 下女ノ出替リ, leaving of old maid-servants, and coming in of new ones; *Shidai no dekawari*, 芝居ノ出替リ, change of plays.

**Deki**, でき, 出来, n. ① Workmanship; finish. ② Result; effect. ③ Success; accomplishment.  
*Deki futeki*, 出来不出来, success or failure; good or bad workmanship; *Deki ga warui*, 出来が悪い, is badly made; not successful.  
 Syn. SHUTTAI.

**Dekiyari**, できやり, 出来上, 成就, n. Finish; accomplishment; workmanship; work; production.

**Dekiyaru**, できやる, 出来上, v.i. To be accomplished, finished, or completely made.  
*Je ga dekiyaru*, 家が出来上ル, the house is completely made or finished.

**Dekiai**, できあひ, 出来合, a. ① Ready made; on hand. ② United by mutual consent, not through a middleman, as a couple.  
 Syn. DEKIAWASE, ARIAI. [clothes.]

**Dekiai-gi**, できあひぎ, 成衣, n. Ready made

**Dekiai-meshi**, できあひめし, 飯飯, n. Boiled rice not specially prepared, as for a guest.  
 Syn. ARIAIMESHI.

**Dekiaisuru**, できあひする, 溺愛, v.i. To love in an excessive degree.

**Dekiaiki**, できあいき, 出来秋, 秋收, n. The autumn harvest; crops. [to have on hand.]

**Dekiau**, できあう, 出来合, v.i. To be ready made; Syn. ARIAU.

**Dekibae**, できばえ, 出来成, n. Production; result; effect; work; success.  
*Dekibae ga nai*, 出来成が無イ, no success; *Dekibae ga yoi*, 出来成が好イ, successful; has brought about a good result. [bugen.]

**Dekiboshi**, できぼし, 出来星, n. Same as *Deki-*

**Dekibotsu suru**, できぼつする, 溺没, v.i. To be drowned, or to founder.

**Dekibugen**, できぶげん, 出来必限, 暴富, n. ① One who has suddenly got rich. ② Riches or wealth gained by chance.  
 Syn. NIWAKA BUGEN.

**Dekidaka**, できたか, 收穫高, n. The quantity of crops reaped or gathered.  
 Syn. AGARIDAKA.

**Dekigokoro**, できごころ, 出来心, n. A sentiment of the moment; a sudden thought; caprice.  
 Syn. FUTOSHITA KOKORO.

**Dekigoto**, できごと, 出来事, n. An event; an accident; what proceeds from an unknown cause.  
*Tanda deki goto de shita*, トンダ出来事デシタ, what an accident!

**Dekijishō**, できじしょう, n. Same as *Dekibugen*.

**Dekimono**, できもの, 腐蝕, n. An ulcer; a sore, attended with a discharge of pus.  
*Dekimono ga dekita*, 腫物が出来タ, an ulcer has formed.  
 Syn. FUKIDEMONO, HAREMONO, SHUMOTSU.

**Dekiru**, できる, 出来, v.i. Same as *Dekaru*.  
*Je ga dekiru*, 家が出来ル, the house is made (or to be made); *Kane ga dekiru*, 金が出来ル, money is made; one becomes richer; *Ko ga dekiru*, 子が出来ル, begets (or gives birth) to a child.

**Dekiri**, できり, 出羽, 徳出, n. The state of all being gone out; that no one is left whom one can send.

**Dekishi**, できし, 溺死, n. Dying by being overwhelmed in water. — *suru*, v.i. To be drowned; to be suffocated in water.

**Deki-sokonau**, できそこなう, 出来損, v.i. To fail to produce the desired result; to be spoiled in making; to be of bad workmanship.  
 Syn. SHISONZERU.

**Deki-wakusuru**, できわくする, 溺成, v.t. [Chin.] To be too much addicted to; to be enchanted; to be under the spell of.

**Dekui**, でくい, 大, a. [coll.] Large; great; big; tremendous; extraordinary.  
 Syn. ŌKII.

**Deko**, でこ, 木偶, n. ① A puppet, a doll. ② One

**Deku**, でく, who has a projecting forehead.

**Dekuboku**, でくぼく, 凹凸, adv. [coll.] Concave and convex; uneven; having ups and downs; undulating.  
*Dekuboku no chi*, 凹凸ノ地, uneven land.

**Dekuchi**, でぐち, 出口, n. A passage way out of

**Deguchi**, でぐち, 出口, n. A passage way out of

**Deguchi**, でぐち, 出口, n. A passage way out of

**Deku-gutsu**, でくぐつ, 傀儡, n. A puppet-player.

**Deku-no-bō**, でくのぼ, n. Same as *Deko*.

**Dekuru**, でくる, 出来, v.i. ① To produce the desired effect; to succeed; to result; to accomplish; to produce; to finish. ② To be able. ③ To do; to make. ④ To be admitted.

**Deku-tsukai**, でくつかい, n. [coll.] Same as *Deku-gutsu*.

**Dekuwasu**, でくわす, 運送, v.i. To meet unexpectedly.

**Demae**, でまへ, 出前, n. Sending food to order from a restaurant to one's house.  
 Syn. SHIDASHI.

**Demaru**, でまる, 出丸, n. Same as *Dejiro*.



**Demben**, でんべん, 電鞭, *n.* A shaft of lightning; a thunderbolt; a stream of lightning; a bolt.

**Dembō**, でんぼう, *n.* A bully; a noisy, blustering overbearing fellow; a dead-head; taking things without paying for them.  
Say. AOTA.

**Dembōhata**, でんぼうはた, *n.* [coll.] The disposition of a bully.

**Dembu**, でんぶ, 田餅, *n.* ① *Katsubushi* sliced into fine pieces and boiled till dry in *shōyu* sweetened with sugar. ② The flesh of some fish, boiled, dried, ground, and boiled again till dry, and seasoned with sugar and common salt. [son; a clown.]

**Dembu**, でんぶ, 田夫, *n.* A peasant; a rustic person.  
*Dembu yajin*, 田夫野人, rustics and clowns; uneducated persons.

**Dembun**, でんぶん, 傳聞, *n.* Learning by hearsay; common talk; a rumour or report. Takes verb-forms. [graphic intelligence.]

**Dembun**, でんぶん, 電文, *n.* A telegram; a tele-

**Dembutsu**, でんぶつ, 澱物, *n.* A precipitate, sediment, or deposit.

**Deme**, での, 白眼, *n.* Projecting eyes.

**Demise**, でのせ, 出店, *n.* A branch shop or store.

**Demizu**, でのみづ, 出水, *n.* A freshet; a flood; an inundation.  
*Demizu ga shita*, 出水がシタ, there was a freshet; water rushed over the banks. [nata.]

**Demmu**, でんま, 田麻, *n.* [Bot.] *Corchoropsis cre-*

**Demo**, での, *conj.* and *tenioha*. And; either; whether; or; both; even.  
*Asonde mo yoi*, 道デモヨイ, he (or you) may be idle, or amuse himself (yourself); *Non demo miyo*, 本デモ見ヨフ, let us read (books); *Iya demo shikata ga nai*, イヤデモシカタガナイ, there is no help, even if you dislike; *Kane demo nōkeyō*, 金デモ働ケヨフ, let us make money; *Ki demo chigatta no ka*, 氣デモ違ガッタノカ, may it be that he had his head turned? *Ocha demo agare*, 御茶デモアガレ, please take tea; *Sō demo nai*, ソウデモナイ, it is not that either; not so too.

**Demo**, での, *a.* [Chin.] Mediocre; not genuine; commonplace; nominal; not real; ordinary; barely adequate; interior.  
*Demo gakusha*, デモ學者, a pedant; a scholar of meagre erudition; *Demo isha*, デモ醫者, a quack doctor; a physician of mediocre capacity.

**Dempa suru**, でんばする, 傳播, *v. i.* To be propagated; to become publicly known; to go abroad, as a rumour or secret.

**Dempata**, でんぱた, 田圃, *n.* Cultivated fields; land under cultivation.  
Syn. TAHATA.

**Dempo**, でんぱ, 田圃, 田圃, *n.* Same as above.

**Dempō**, でんぼう, 電報, *n.* A telegram; a telegraphic message or intelligence.  
Syn. DENSHIN.

**Dempō**, でんぼう, 傳法, *n.* ① Introduction and propagation of religious doctrines. ② Religious rites or doctrines transmitted from age to age.

**Dempō**, でんぼう, 傳法, *n.* A method of preparing some quack medicine transmitted secretly from a person to another; a secret prescription or receipt.

**Dempu**, でんぶ, 田夫, *n.* Same as *Dembu*.

**Dempun**, でんぶん, 澱粉, *n.* Starch.

**Dempu suru**, でんぶする, 傳布, *v. t.* To make known to the public; to propagate. [below.]

**Demukai**, でのかひ, 出迎, *n.* The noun-form of *Demukai ni yuku*, 出迎ニ行ク, to go out to meet, to receive, etc.

**Demukan**, でのかふ, 出迎, *v. t.* To go out to meet, to receive, or to welcome some persons coming home.

**Den**, でん, 傳, *n.* ① Anything transmitted from age to age, or from father to son in writing; tradition; chronicle. ② Biography; life.

**Den**, でん, 電, *n.* [Chin.] Lightning; electricity.  
Syn. INABIKARI, DENKI.

**Den**, でん, 殿, *n.* [Chin.] ① A palace. ② The after-most part; the rear-guard.  
*Den ni noboru*, 殿ニ昇ル, to visit a palace.

**Den**, でん, 田, *n.* [Chin.] A rice-field.  
Syn. TA.

**Denchi**, でんち, 電池, *n.* An electric battery.  
Syn. DENSŌ. [palace.]

**Denchū**, でんちゆう, 殿中, *n.* A palace; [lit.] in a

**Denchū**, でんちゆう, 田圃, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Den* (田).

*Denchū wo koyasu*, 田圃ヲ肥ヤス, to fertilize (or manure) rice-fields.

**Dendō**, でんたう, 殿堂, *n.* [Chin.] A palace; a castle.  
Syn. KYŪDEN.

**Dendō**, でんたう, 傳道, *n.* Propagation of religious truths; mission work.

**Dendō**, でんたう, 傳導, *n.* [Physics.] Conduction.

**Dendōbutsu**, でんたうぶつ, 傳導物, *n.* [Physics.] Conductor. [cable conductivity.]

**Dendōdo**, でんたうど, 傳導度, *n.* [Physics.] Specific

**Dendō-gwaishū**, でんたうぐわいしゆ, 傳道會社, *n.* A missionary society.

**Dendōshi**, でんたうし, 傳道師, *n.* A missionary; one sent to propagate religion.

**Deneki**, でんけき, 傳驛, *n.* [Chin.] Sending by the mail; an established system of letter-carrying; post.

**Dengu**, でんが, 殿下, *n.* [coll.] Same as *Denka*.

**Dengaku**, でんがく, 田楽, *n.* ① An ancient musi-

cal and dancing performance originated among peasants. ② [coll.] *Tōfu* baked and covered with sweetened *miso*.  
*Dengaku wo mau*, 田楽ヲ舞フ, to play *dengaku*; *Dengaku wo yaku*, 田楽ヲ焼ク, to bake or prepare *dengaku*.

**Dengaku-dōfu**, でんがくどうふ, 田楽豆腐, *n.* See above.

**Dengaku-hōshi**, でんがくほうし, 田楽法師, *n.* A professional player of *dengaku*.

**Dengo**, でんご, 傳語, *n.* Word conveyed through a person; verbal message.  
*Dengo wo uku*, 傳言ヲ受ク, to be entrusted with a verbal message; to be requested to say to  
Syn. KOTOZUTE. [another.]

**Dengun**, でんぐん, 殿軍, *n.* [Chin.] The rear-guard of an army.

**Dengurigaeshi**, でんぐりがへし, 殿斗, *n.* A summersault; turning head-over-heels.  
Syn. TOMBOGARE.

**Denji**, でんぢ, 田地, *n.* A cultivated field; land under cultivation. [quadrifolia.]

**Denjisō**, でんぢそう, 田字彈, 彈, *n.* [Bot.] *Marsilea*  
Syn. TANOSHIMO. [palace.]

**Denjō**, でんじやう, 殿上, *n.* [obs.] The Imperial

**Denjō-bito**, でんじやうびと, 殿上人, *n.* [obs.] Persons who, by rank or office, are admitted into the Imperial palace.

**Denju**, でんじゆ, 傳授, *n.* Transmitting to another the secrets of an art or a profession; instruction; teaching. [instructed.]  
*Denju wo ukuru*, 傳授ヲ受ル, to be taught or — *suru*, *v. t.* To teach, etc.

**Denka**, でんか, 田家, *n.* A farm-house; a rural  
Syn. INAKAYA. [cottage.]

**Denka**, でんか, 殿下, *n.* A title of honour and respect used in speaking of princes and princesses of Imperial blood; H. I. H. (his or her Imperial Highness).  
*Kōtaishi denka*, 皇太子殿下, H. I. H. the Prince Imperial.

**Denka**, でんか, 田歌, *n.* A rural song.

**Denkei**, でんけい, 田雞, *n.* [Ornith.] Gallinule.  
Syn. KOBAN.

**Denken**, でんけん, 田鶯, *n.* [Ornith.] The cuckoo.



(田樂法師)

**Denki**, でんき, 傳記, *n.* A chronicle; a biography; a historical narrative.

**Denki**, でんき, 電氣, *n.* [Physics.] Electricity.  
*In-denki*, 陰電氣, negative electricity; *Netsu denki*, 熱電氣, thermo-electricity; *Ryūdo denki*, 流動電氣, galvanic electricity; *Fōdenki*, 陽電氣, positive electricity.

**Denki**, でんき, 電機, *n.* An electrical machine.

**Denki-bunkai**, でんきぶんかい, 電氣分解, *n.* [Physics.] Electrolysis.

**Denki-dame**, でんきだめ, 電氣溜, *n.* [Physics.] Accumulator; secondary battery.

**Denki-kwō-gaku**, でんきくわうがく, 電氣光學, *n.* [Physics.] Electro-optics. [scope.]

**Denkimi**, でんきみ, 電氣鏡, *n.* [Physics.] Electro-

**Denkin**, でんきん, 田芹, *n.* [Bot.] *Ranunculus sceleratus*. [Electric forces.]

**Denkiyoku**, でんきりよく, 電氣力, *n.* [Physics.]

**Denkiyoku-gaku**, でんきりよくがく, 電氣力学, *n.* [Physics.] Electro-dynamics. [math.]

**Denkiseki**, でんきせき, 電氣石, *n.* [Min.] Tour-

**Denki-tō**, でんきとう, 電氣燈, *n.* An electric light.  
*Denkitō wo hiku*, 電氣燈ヲ引ク, to furnish with electric lights.

**Denki-undō-gaku**, でんきうんどうがく, 電氣運動學, *n.* [Physics.] Electro-kinematics.

**Denkwa**, でんくわ, 電火, *n.* Same as *Dankwō*.

**Denkwaku**, でんくわく, 田鶴, *n.* [Ornith.] A crane.

**Denkwō**, でんくわう, 電光, *n.* A flash of lightning; lightning.  
Syn. INAZUMA. [lighting.]

**Denkyō**, でんけう, 傳教, *n.* Teaching of religious truths or doctrines; mission; propagandism.

**Denkyōshi**, でんけうし, 傳教師, *n.* A missionary; an evangelist. [Paludina.]

**Denra**, でんら, 田螺, *n.* [Entom.] River-snail.

**Denrai**, でんらい, 傳來, *a.* Transmitted or handed down from; inherited; imported; introduced.  
*Senzo denrai no tsurugi*, 先祖傳來ノ劍, a sword handed down to successive heirs from an ancestor.

**Denran**, でんらん, 電覽, *n.* Your seeing, observation, scrutiny, examination, or perusal, (only used in letters).  
*Go denran kudasaretakusoro*, 御電覽被下度候, please see, examine, etc.

**Denrō**, でんらう, 殿廊, *n.* A porch or vestibule at the entrance of a palace or temple.

**Denryō**, でんりやう, 田獵, *n.* [Chin.] Hunting. — *suru*, *v. t.* To hunt. [field.]  
*Ya ni denryō suru*, 野ニ田獵ス, to hunt in a

**Densan**, でんさん, 田産, *n.* The produce of a rice-field; rice; grains; cereals; corn.

**Densei**, でんせい, 傳説, *n.* Same as *Dengo*, only used in letters.

**Densen**, でんせん, 電線, *n.* A telegraph wire.



**Denson**, でんせん, 傳染, *n.* Infection; spreading or prevailing, as a disease. — *suru*, *v.i.* To spread; to be infectious.

**Densenbyō**, でんせんびやう, 傳染病, *n.* [Med.] An infectious disease; an epidemic.

**Densetsu**, でんせつ, 傳説, *n.* Tradition; report or rumour transmitted from age to age, or from one to another.

**Densha**, でんしゃ, 田舎, *n.* ① A rural cottage. ② The country; a rural district. Syn. INAKAYA, INAKA.

**Densha**, でんしゃ, 殿舎, *n.* A palace.

**Densha**, でんしゃ, 傳寫, *n.* Repeated copying. *Densha no ayamari*, 傳寫ノ誤, errors made in copying.

**Denshakan**, でんしゃかん, 田舎漢, *n.* [Chin.] People from the country; a rustic; a clown.

**Denshin**, でんしん, 電信, *n.* ① The telegraph. ② A telegram. *Denshin wo kakeru*, 電信ヲ掛ケル, to send a telegram; *Denshin wo utsu*, 電信ヲ打ツ, Same as above.

**Denshinki**, でんしんき, 電信機, *n.* The telegraph.

**Denshin-kishō-ki**, でんしんきしやうき, 電信氣象器, *n.* [Physics.] Telemeteorograph.

**Denshin-kwa**, でんしんくわ, 電信課, *n.* The Section of Telegraphs.

**Denshin-kyoku**, でんしんきよく, 電信局, *n.* A telegraph office. [Densen (電報)].

**Denshin-sen**, でんしんせん, 電信線, *n.* Same as *Denshō*.

**Denshō**, でんしやう, 殿上, *n.* Same as *Denjō*.

**Denshō suru**, でんしやうする, 傳承, *v.l.* To hear from another.

**Denshō-forishimari**, でんしやうどりしまり, 殿承取係, *n.* The superintendent of the keepers of the Palace.

**Denshū**, でんしゅう, 傳習, *n.* Learning the various branches of knowledge; tuition; instruction. — *suru*, *v.i.* and *t.* To be taught; instructed, or trained. [fee.]

**Denshūryō**, でんしゅうりやう, 傳習料, *n.* Tuition.

**Densō**, でんろう, 電燈, *n.* Same as *Denchi*.

**Denso**, でんろう, 田鼠, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Chiso*.

**Denso**, でんろう, 田鼠, *n.* [Zool.] A mole. Syn. UGURAMOCHI.

**Densō**, でんろう, 傳奏, *n.* An official in the Imperial Palace whose office it was to hear any statement of a *daimyō* and report to the Emperor.

**Densōkwan**, でんろうくわん, 傳奏館, *n.* A mansion in the enclosure of the Shōgunate castle furnished as lodgings for a *densō*, and his suite. [Denlatsu suru.]

**Densō suru**, でんろうする, 傳送, *v.l.* Same as *Deusu*.

**Deusu**, でんす, 殿司, *n.* The keeper of a temple.

**Denzaku**, でんたく, 田宅, *n.* Cultivated fields & dwelling houses.

**Dentatsusui**, でんたつせい, 傳達性, *n.* [Physics.] Transmissibility.

**Dentatsu suru**, でんたつする, 傳達, *v.l.* To send goods or messages by transmitting them from one person to another till they reach their destination. Syn. TSŪDATSU SURU. [above.]

**Dentei suru**, でんていする, 傳遞, *v.t.* Same as *Dentō*.

**Dentō**, でんとう, 田頭, *n.* [Chin.] The places near or about a rice-field. Syn. TA NO HOTORI.

**Dentō**, でんとう, 傳燈, *n.* [Budd.] Being fully instructed in the doctrines of Buddha; [lit.] transmitted light.

**Dentō**, でんとう, 電燈, *n.* Same as *Denkiō*.

**Dentō-hōshi**, でんとうほし, 傳燈法師, *n.* [Budd.] A Buddhist saint.

**Dentō-kwanisha**, でんとうくわいしや, 電燈會社, *n.* An electric light company.

**Dentsuku**, でんつく, 穀精草, *n.* [Bot.] *I. locaulon sczangidare*.

**Den-u**, でんう, 殿宇, *n.* [Chin.] ① A Buddhist or Shintō temple. ② A mansion.

**Denwa**, でんわ, 電話, *n.* Speaking by means of a telephone. *Denwa de kyōjū wo tsutaeru*, 電話ヲ登用ヲ傳ヘル, to telephone an urgent business.

**Denwa-ki**, でんわき, 電話機, *n.* A telephone.

**Denwa-jo**, でんわじやう, 電話所, *n.* A telephone call office.

**Denwa-kōkwan-jo**, でんわかうくわんじやう, 電話交換所, *n.* A telephone exchange office.

**Denya**, でんや, 田野, *n.* [Chin.] A field, either cultivated or uncultivated.

**Denyen**, でんえん, 田園, *n.* [Chin.] Fields and gardens. Plantation; a cultivated estate.

**Densū**, でんう, 傳郵, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Deneki*.

**Derareru**, であれる, 出, *v.l.* To be able or free to go or come out.

**Derō**, であ, 扶搖, *n.* [Bot.] *Populus suaveolens*.

**Derō**, であ, 出, *v.i.* The imperative form of *Deru*.

**Derōjō**, であじやう, 老風草, *n.* [Bot.] The prickly poppy.

**Deroyanagi**, であやなぎ, *n.* [Bot.] Cotton wood, *Populus suaveolens*.

**Deru**, であ, 出, *v.i.* ① To go out; to issue forth; to proceed from. ② To be published; to become known. ③ To appear; to become conspicuous; to rise. *Chūye ga deru*, 智慧が出ル, to become intelligent, as a child; *to think of alternatives*; *Ia ga deru*, 齒が出ル, the teeth appear, said of a

child; *Hana ga deru*, 鼻汁が出ル, to have a running at the nose; *Mito ga deru*, 人が出ル, people come forth; *Hōkō ni deru*, 奉公に出ル, to go to serve; *Iro ga deru*, 色が出ル, colours come out; to be dyed well; *Kao ni deru*, 顔に出ル, to appear on the face; *Me ga deru*, 芽が出ル, buds make their appearance; *Mizu ga deru*; 水が出ル, water overflows, as the banks of a river; *Seken ni deru*, 世間に出ル, to go forth into the world; to become widely known; *Shim-bun ni deru*, 新聞に出ル, to appear in the newspapers; *Umami ga deru*, 旨味が出ル, to become sweet; *Umi ga deru*, 磯が出ル, pus oozes out; *Uemano ga deru*, 失物が出ル, lost things reappear; *Tani ga deru*, 闇が出ル, rosin (or serection) exudes; *To ni deru*, 世に出ル, to become famous in the world; to go out of a prison; *Ima deru tokoro desu*, 今出ル所デス, .....is about to go out.

**Desakari**, であかり, 出盛, *n.* Persons or things being out in greatest numbers. *Mito no desakari*, 入ノ出盛, the time when the greatest number of people comes forth.

**Desaki**, であき, 出先, *n.* The place where one has gone to.

**Deshibaru**, であはる, *v.t.* [coll.] To obtrude; to enter when not invited; to be insolent; to begin to talk without hearing out others. Syn. DESUGIRU, SASHIBERT.

**Deshi**, であし, 弟子, *n.* A pupil; an apprentice; a disciple; a scholar; a novice. Syn. MONJIN, MONSEI, MONTEL.

**Deshi-hōnai**, であしほうない, 師門, *n.* Same as *Deshikyōdai*.

**Deshi-iri**, であしいり, 入門, *n.* Entrance to an establishment as a pupil, a novice, or an apprentice. [pupil of a teacher. *Deshiri wo suru*, 入門ヲスル, to become a Syn. NYŪGAKU, NYŪMON.

**Deshi-kyōdai**, であしきやうたい, 師兄弟, *n.* Fellow-pupils; apprentices in the same establishment; Syn. ALDESHI. [school-mates.]

**Deshima**, であしま, *n.* Same as below.

**Deshina**, であしな, *n.* The point of going out or making appearance; the time when any person or thing is about to come out.

**Deshio**, であしお, 出汐, *n.* The flood-tide.

**Desū**, であす, *a.* [cont. of *Deru*, to come out, and so, likely.] About to come out; likely to appear or to be produced. *Hashita ga desū da*, 端下が出サウダ, some fractions are likely to come out; *Iebi no desū na yabu*, 蛇ノデサウヤノ藪, a thicket where snakes are likely to appear; *Ki nome ga desū da*, 木ノ芽がデサウダ, the trees are going to bud.

**Desorou**, であらう, 出揃, *v.i.* To come out all; to leave none behind; to have none unopened. *Mito ga desorou*, 人が出揃フ, all persons have come out; *Inabo ga desorotta*, 稻穂が出揃ッテ, the ears of rice have all sprung forth.

**Desu**, であす, [less polite form of *De-gazarimasu*; synonymous with *De aru*.] *A desu*, アーデス, it is that way; *Ame ga furisō desu*, 雨が降りサウデス, it threatens to rain; *Dekishō desu*, 出来サウデス, it will be possible; it promises to be successful; *Dō desu ne*, どうデスネ, how is it? how do you do? *Kō desu*, コウデス, it is this way; *Sō desu*, サウデス, it is so; *Sore wa iriyō desu*, ソレハ入り用デス, that is useful.

**Desugi-mono**, であすぎもの, 出過ぎ, *n.* One who is too audacious; an intruder; an insolent fellow. Syn. DESHABARI-MONO.

**Desugiru**, であすぎる, 出過, *v.i.* To intrude; to be too audacious; to interfere too much; to be insolent.

**Detachi**, であち, 出立, *n.* Setting out; departure; starting on a journey; leaving a place. Syn. HOSOKU, SHUTATSU.

**Detagaru**, であがる, *v.t.* To desire, or to be apt to go or come out.

**Detarame**, であらめ, 社稷, *n.* [coll.] Same as *Denōdai*.

**Detatsu**, であたつ, *v.i.* To begin to be out; to start off; to depart; to set out. [shop boy.]

**Detchi**, であち, 丁稚, 小厮, *n.* An apprentice; a *Detchi-bōkō*, 丁稚奉公, apprenticeship; *Detchi-kōjō*, 丁稚小僧, [coll.] an apprentice boy.

**Detchi**, であち, 一, 重一, *n.* Presenting the marked one of the two dice used in a game of *sugoroku*.

**Detchiri**, であちり, *n.* [coll.] A projecting buttock. Syn. DEGETSU.

**Detchira**, であちら, 扱, *v.t.* [coll.] To knead (as flour with hands). [into dough. *Kona wo detchiru*, 粉ヲ扱ル, to work flour Syn. KONRU, NETASU.

**Dejō**, であじやう, *n.* ① A passage by which to go out; how to go out. ② The manner of speaking; conduct; terms of stipulation. *Saki no dejō shidai de kochira nimo dejō ga aru*, 先ノデヤウヂヤウノ此方ニモデヤウガアル, what they say will determine our reply.

**Dejōjō**, であじやうじやう, 出養生, *n.* Going out for recruiting health; visiting a distant place for the benefit of health. — *suru*, *v.t.* To go out for recruiting health.

**Deyu**, であゆ, 温泉, *n.* A hot-spring. Syn. IDEYU, ONSEN. [time.]

**Dezome**, であぞめ, 出裁, *n.* Going out for the first *Shōbō gumi no dezome*, 消防組ノ出初, fire-



men's going about the streets in ordered ranks on the 4th day of the new year.

**Do**, 度, *n.* ① A degree or the 360th part of the circumference of a circle. ② A division or interval marked on a mathematical or other instrument. ③ Extent; measure; degree. ④ Repetition. ⑤ A period of time. ⑥ Quantity eaten or drunk at a time.

*Do-do no koto*, 度々ノ事, things repeated many a time; *Do wo hakaru*, 度ヲ量ル, to measure; to adapt to requirements; *Do wo sugosu*, 度ヲ過ス, to take more than sufficient; to go to excess; to be intemperate; *Do wo kasaturu*, 度ヲ重ヌル, to repeat; *Do wo moru*, 度ヲ盛ル, to graduate; *Do wo ushinau*, 度ヲ失フ, to be out of rule or measure; to be irregular; *Inshoku no do wo sessuru*, 飲食ノ度ヲ節スル, to observe temperance in eating and drinking; *Maito*, 毎度, every time; very frequently; *Sando ni ichi-do*, 三度ニ一度, once in three times; Syn. TABI, HODO, KAGIRI. [Occasionally.]

**Do**, 笥, *n.* A bamboo basket used for catching fish, especially eels.

*Do wo fuseru*, 笥ヲ伏セシムル, to place a fish-basket in a river. [slave.]

**Do**, 奴, *n.* A servant; a menial; a domestic; a *Do to naru*, 奴トナル, to be enslaved; to become a servant.

Syn. SHIMONE, YAKKO.

**Do**, ぞ, *adv.* *tenoha*. Though; if.

*Tuedo kotaezu*, 問フ答ヘズ, though asked, does not answer.

**Dō**, 胴, *n.* ① The trunk of the body; the main part of a system. ② That part of an armour which is over the trunk.

*Dō no ma*, 胴ノ間, middle part of a ship between the fore and mizzen masts; *Tako no dō*, 大筒ノ胴, the hollowed cylinder of a drum.

**Dō**, 銅, *n.* [Min.] Copper.

Syn. AKAGANK.

**Dō**, 筒, *n.* A cylinder for holding dice, used in the game of *sugoroku*.

**Dō**, 堂, *n.* Same as *Dō* (堂).

**Dō**, ぞ, *adv.* How; what; why; please.

*Dō da*, フダ, [coll.] how are you? how or why is it? *Dō darō*, フダラフ, how will it be? *Di demo ii*, フダモイイ, it does not matter how it is; *Dō demo nai*, フダモナイ, it has no affect; it is nothing, or of no consequence; *Dō de shikata ga nai*, フダデシカタガナイ, there is no help; *Dō iu wake da*, フダイワケダ, for what reason? why? *Dō iu hito ka*, フダイフヒトカ, what kind of man is he? *Dō iu mono da ka*, フダイフモノダカ, what is it, or what is it for? *Dō tute mo yoi*, フダイフテモヨイ, I don't mind what he says

of it; *Dō nika*, フダニカ, in some way; somehow; *Dō mo mazui*, フダモマズイ, not well done; not nice or sweet (*dōmo* merely emphasizes); *Dō-mo shūchi wa itasaren*, フダモ承知ハ致サレン, cannot assent to anyhow; *Dō nari tomo itashimashō*, フダナリトモ致シマシヤウ, we shall see to it in some way; *Dō naruka wakaran*, フダナルカ分ラン, what follows (how it will eventuate) I cannot tell; *Dō nimo naru*, フダニモナル, can be turned any way; *Dō naru mono ka*, フダナルモノカ, what will follow? what will be the consequence? *Dō shiyō ne*, フダシヨウネ, what shall (we) do? *Dō shite iru ka*, フダシテイルカ, how is he (or are you) going along? *Dō shita koto ka ne*, フダシタコトカネ, what is the matter? *Dō shitaru yokarō*, フダシタラヨカラウ, what shall we do? what shall be our present policy? *Dō suru no darō*, フダスルノダラウ, what is (he) about? how is he to proceed? *Dō tomo naru*, フダトモナル, Same as *Dō nimo naru*; *Dō tomo suru ga yoi*, フダトモスルガヨイ, do it any way you choose; *Dō yara kō yaru yukimashō*, フダヤラコウヤラユキマシヨウ, it will be effected in some way or other.

**Dō**, 同, *n.* and *a.* [Chin.] Sameness; identity; similarity; close resemblance; similar; analogous; same.

*Dō-banchi*, 同番地, the same number; *Dō-chō*, 同町, the same ward or street; *Dō-hai*, 同契, fellows; mates; companions; *Dō-jitsu*, 同日, the same day; *Dō-kaku*, 同格, (a) the same rank; similar qualifications; (b) [Gram.] the same case; *Dō-koku*, 同國, the same country or province; *Dō-miyō*, 同名, the same name; one's name sake; *Dō-nen*, 同年, the same year; *Dō-nin*, 同人, the same person; *Dō-sei*, 同性, one who has the same family name; *Dō-seki*, 同席, sitting in the same room; *Dō-tō*, 同等, the same rank or class; equal; *Dō-yō*, 同様, the same manner; similar; analogous.

Syn. ONAJI, ONAJIKI, ONNAJI.

**Dō**, 道, *n.* ① A road, path, or passage. ② Doctrine; philosophy; tenet; religion; truth. ③ A group of provinces.

*Dōro*, 道路, a road; a highway; *Butsu dō*, 佛道, the Buddhist religion; Buddhism; *Hokkai-dō*, 北海道, the Hokkaidō; *Ju-dō*, 儒道, the philosophy or instructions of Confucius.

Syn. MICHU, OSHIS.

**Dō**, 堂, *n.* ① A temple or shrine. ② A hall. ③ A church; a chapel. [a chapel.]

*Honōdō*, 本堂, the main building of a temple;

**Dō**, 努, *n.* [Chin.] ① An ancient bow used for throwing stones; a kind of catapult. ② Strenuous.

Syn. ISHURUMI, ŌYUMI. [ous exertion.]

**Do**, 土, *n.* and *a.* ① Earth; ground. ② Native; aborigine; local. ③ Rustic.

**Dō**, 童, *n.* [Chin.] A child or youth. Mostly used in composition.

Syn. KODOMO, WARABE. [horse.]

**Dōba**, 跛馬, *n.* [Chin.] A slow or worthless *Kirin no oyureba dōba ni otoru* 麒麟モ若フレマ跛馬ニ劣ル, [lit.] even a unicorn, when old, becomes inferior to a pad (often used figuratively). [assembly.]

**Dōba**, 賭場, *n.* A place or house where gamblers **Dōbachi**, とうばち, 銅鉢, *n.* A copper bowl.

**Dōbachi**, とうばち, 土蜂, *n.* [Entom.] Bumble-bee.

**Dōban**, とうばん, 堂番, *n.* Same as *Dōmori*.

**Dōban**, とうばん, 同伴, *n.* Accompanying. — **Dōban**, とうばん, 伴, *v.i.* To accompany.

*Go dōban itashimashō*, 御同伴致シマシヨウ, I shall accompany you; *Go dōban wo negaimasu*, 御同伴ヲ願ヒマシム, please take me with you.

**Dōban**, とうばん, 銅盤, *n.* [Chin.] A copper basin.

Syn. KANADARAI.

**Dōban**, とうばん, 銅版, *n.* A copper plate.

**Dōban-shi**, とうばんシ, 銅版師, *n.* A copper plate sculptor or engraver.

**Dōban-ye**, とうばんエ, 銅版畫, *n.* Copper-plate engravings, or pictures.

**Dōban-zuri**, とうばんズリ, 銅版摺, *n.* Printing from copper-plates.

**Dobushi**, とうぶし, 土橋, *n.* A bridge built of earth.

**Dobusō**, とうぶそう, 土馬騮, *n.* [Bot.] A moss.

**Dobato**, とうばと, 鳩, *n.* [Ornith.] Dove.

**Dobattsuke**, とうばつつけ, 土塚, *n.* Fastening the **Dobarattsuke**, とうばりつつけ, four limbs of an offender or a criminal to the ground with nails, and afterwards killing him by shooting an arrow.

**Dobel**, とうべい, 土壁, *n.* A wall built of earth.

**Dobi**, とうび, 薔薇, *n.* [Bot.] *Rufus rosifolius*.

**Dobi**, とうび, 茶薔, *n.* [Bot.] The white rose.

**Dobin**, とうびん, 土瓶, *n.* An earthen tea-pot.

*Dobin no tsuru*, 土瓶ノ鉄, the arched handle of a tea-pot. [a tea-pot.]

**Dobin-shiki**, とうびんしき, 土瓶敷, *n.* A stand for **Dōbō**, とうぼう, 童坊, *n.* A fool in the employ of a noble; a buffoon; an inferior page.

**Dōbō**, とうぼう, 同胞, *n.* Brothers; brethren; **Dōhō**, とうほう, 同僚, *n.* Companions; compatriots; countrymen.

*Dōbō kyōdai*, 同胞兄弟, brethren; brothers; *Tenka no dōbō ni utō*, 天下ノ同胞ニ訴フ, to appeal to all the brethren of the world.

Syn. HARAKARA. [imperialist.]

**Dōboku**, とうぼく, 阿木, *n.* [Bot.] *Paulownia*

**Doboku**, とうぼく, 僕, *n.* A servant, menial, domestic, or slave.

Syn. GENAN, NUBOKU, SHIMONE, YAKKO.

**Dōboku**, とうぼく, 僮僕, *n.* A servant boy.

**Doboku**, とうぼく, 土木, *n.* An engineering work; building.

*Doboku wo okosuru*, 土木ヲ起ス, to commence an engineering work; to begin to build.

Syn. FUSHIN, SAKUJI.

**Doboku-kwa**, とうぼくクワ, 土木課, *n.* The Section of Engineering.

**Doboku-kyoku**, とうぼくキョク, 土木局, *n.* The Bureau of Engineering.

**Doboku-kantoku-sho**, とうぼくかんたくしよ, 土木監督署, *n.* The Office in Charge of Engineering Works.

**Doboku-shi**, とうぼくシ, 土木師, *n.* A civil engineer.

**Dobu**, とうぶ, 溝, *n.* A ditch, drain, sewer or trench.

*Dobu wo sarau*, 溝ヲ浚フ, to clean out a ditch.

**Dobudobu**, とうぶとうぶ, *adv.* [coll.] An adv. used when speaking of a belly full of liquid, as after drinking a great quantity of water.

**Dobugai**, とうぶがい, 蛸, *n.* [Conch.] Fresh water mussel. [Dōgi.]

**Dōbuku**, とうぶく, 洋服, *n.* Same as *Hanten* and **Dōbuku**, とうぶく, 道服, *n.* A dress worn by philosophers and other learned men; an overcoat formerly worn by nobles.

**Dobukaryō**, とうぶくりやう, 土茯苓, *n.* [Bot.] China-root.

**Doburo**, とうぶろ, 土風呂, *n.* An earthenware bath-tub.

**Doburoku**, とうぶろく, 濁落, *n.* [coll.] Same as *Moranizake*.

**Dōburui**, とうぶるい, 顫慄, *n.* Shivering; shaking; quaking; trembling.

*Samusa ga tsuyokute dōburui ga suru*, 寒ガ過クテ顫慄ガスル, to shiver with intense cold.

**Dobusarai**, とうぶさらひ, 浚泥者, *n.* One who cleans out a ditch.

**Dobusarai**, とうぶさらひ, 浚泥器, *n.* A machine used in cleaning out a ditch or river.

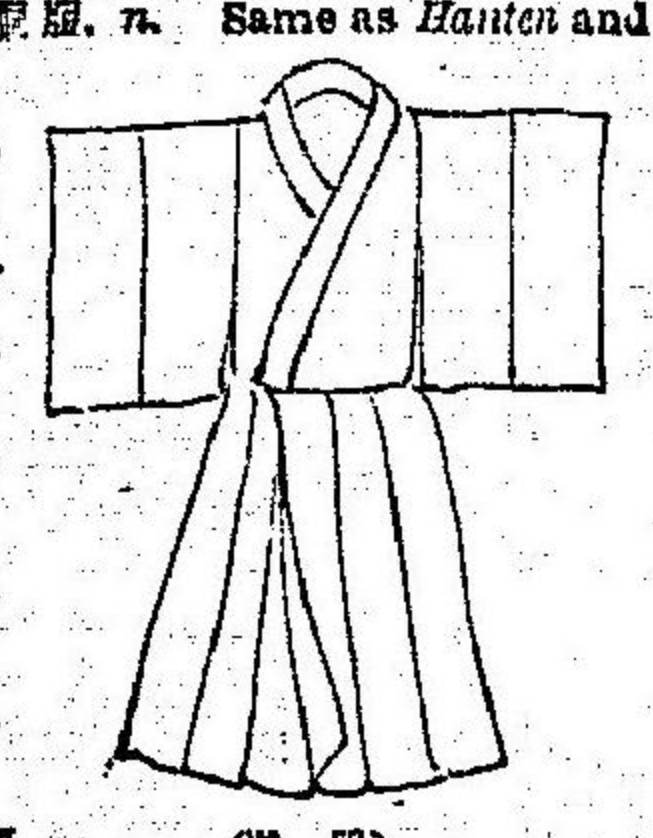
**Dobutsu**, とうぶつ, 孛物, *n.* Anything slow, worthless, stupid, or useless.

**Dōbutsu**, とうぶつ, 動物, *n.* An animal.

Syn. IKIMONO.

**Dobutsu**, とうぶつ, 土佛, *n.* A clay Buddha; a Buddhist idol made of clay.

Syn. TSUCHIBOTOKE.





**Dōbutsu-yen**, どうぶつえん, 動物園, *n.* A zoölogical garden; menagerie.

**Dōbutsu-gaku**, どうぶつがく, 動物学, *n.* Zoölogy; natural history. [*n.* A zoölogist.]

**Dōbutsu-gakusha**, どうぶつがくしや, 動物学者, *n.* A zoölogist.

**Dōbutsu-honegumi**, どうぶつはねぐみ, 骸骨, *n.* A specimen of the bony framework of an animal.

**Dōbyakushō**, どうびやくしやう, 土百姓, *n.* [*coll.*] A needy farmer; an indigent peasant.

**Dōbyō**, どうびやう, 同病, *n.* The same disease, sickness, or weakness.  
Dōbyō ni awaremu, 同病相憐れ, to pity one who has the same disease.

**Dōbyōshi**, どうびやうし, 銅拍子, *n.* Cymbals used in religious rites.

**Dochaku**, どちやく, 土着, *n.* Living on one's own estate or land. —*suru*, *v.t.* To live on one's own land; to settle.

**Dochaku-no-hei**, どちやくのへい, 土着ノ兵, *n.* A soldier who lives on his own estate, subject to being called out to duty by his lord.

**Dochaku suru**, どうちやくする, 撞着, *v.t.* To conflict with; to be contradictory.

**Dōchi**, どうち, 童稚, *n.* Children under ten years of age; infants.  
Syn. KODOMO, OSANAGO, WARABE.

**Dochi**, どち, *pron.* Where; what direction or

**Dochi**, どち, *place*; which way.  
Ehō wa dochī, 何方ノ道, which way is the way.  
Syn. IZUKU, IZURE. [*coll.*]

**Dochi**, どち, *n.* [*coll.*] Same as *Dōshi*.

**Onna dochī**, 女共, Same as *Onna dōshi*; *Okoto dochī*, 男共, Same as *Okoto dōshi*; *Omō dochī*, 思フ共, lovers; friends; *Omowanu dochī*, 思ハヌ共, in different parties; *Wakaki dochī*, 若キ共, the young only.  
Syn. DŌSHI, NAKAMA, TSURE.

**Dochikagami**, どちかがみ, 水鏡, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Hydrocharis asiatica*. [*n.* way; who; which.]

**Dochira**, どちら, 何方, *pron.* What direction; which

*Dochira ga makeru ka*, 何方が負ケルカ, who will lose? which will be defeated? *Dochira ga yoi ka*, 何方が好イカ, which is better? *Dochira demo yoi*, 何方デモ好イ, any one will do; *Dochira ni oku ka*, 何方ニ置ケカ, where do (you) put it? *Dochira ni suru ka*, 何方ニスルカ, which will (you) take? *Dochira nimo inai*, 何方ニモ居ナイ, he is no where to be found; *Dochira e yuktu ka*, 何方へ行ケカ, where do (you) go? [*n.*]

Syn. DORO, DORE, IZURE, IZUKU, IZUKA.

**Dōchi suru**, どうちする, 洞知, *v.t.* To penetrate (mentally); to understand in full; to perceive well.  
Fordained Budd. priest.

**Dochiō**, どうちやう, 度陣, *n.* A diploma given to an

**Dōchū**, どうちゆう, 道中, *n.* ① Travelling; journey. ② The land or water by which one travels.  
Naga dōchū, 長道中, a long journey.  
—*suru*, *v.t.* To travel.

**Dōchūki**, どうちゆうき, 道中記, *n.* A guide-book; a book for travellers in which are recorded the routes, celebrated places, hotels, inns, etc.; a road-book.

**Dōchū-nikki**, どうちゆうにっき, 道中日記, *n.* The daily notes taken by a traveller.

**Dōchū-shi**, どうちゆうし, 道中者, *n.* ① A traveller ② Porters or coolies on the highway. ③ A guide.

**Dōchūsugoroku**, どうちゆうすごろく, 道中雙六, *n.* A game played with a die in which one wins by reaching the capital first, going by a certain route. [*n.* work, or framework]

**Dodai**, どたい, 土臺, *n.* A foundation, ground  
Dodai shita, 土臺下, under the groundwork; *Dodai wo sueru*, 土臺ヲ掘ル, to lay a foundation. [*n.* aquaticus.]

**Dodaiwō**, どたいわう, 土大將, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Rumex*

**Dōdan**, どうたん, 同断, *n.* The same thing; ditto.  
Gongo dōdan, 言同断, [*coll.*] the same as words; [*n.*] very bad or insolent; *Migi dōdan*, 右同断, the same as above or before; *Zen dōdan*, 前同断, the same as before.

**Dōdō**, どうどう, 咆, *adv.* and *a.* Roaring (especially said of the rushing sound of wind or water).  
Mizu ga dōdō to nagaru, 水ガドウドウド流ル, water rushes on roaring.

**Dōdō**, どうどう, 同道, *n.* Same as *Dōhan*.

**Dōdō**, どうどう, 堂堂, *a.* Splendid; grand; eminent; majestic; illustrious; imposing; solemn; important; well regulated.  
Dōdō no jin, 堂堂ノ陣, a grand military display; a regular battle-array; *Dōdō taru shinshi*, 堂堂ナル紳士, an illustrious gentleman.

**Dōdo**, どうど, 度々, *adv.* and *a.* Often; frequently; repeatedly; frequent; not uncommon.  
Dodo hanasu, 度々話ス, to speak often; to refer to frequently; *Dodo mairimashita*, 度々参リマシタ, went many times; *Dodo no koto*, 度々ノ事, frequent occurrences.  
Syn. KOTOGOTO, TABITABI, TSUDOTSUDO.

**Dodotsu**, どうどつ, 都都々々, *n.* A species of popular song. [*n.* less; clownish]

**Dodon**, どうどん, 蠢鈍, *a.* Stupid; foolish; worth  
Dodon na yatsu, 蠢鈍ナ奴, a stupid fellow.

**Dōeki**, どうえき, 道驛, *n.* A post-station. [*n.*]

**Dōfū**, どうふう, 土風, *n.* The local customs or man  
Dōfū ga yoi, 土風が好ヒ, the customs and manners (of the place) are good; *Dōfū ni narasu*, 土風ニ馴ス, to make familiar with the local customs and manner; to acclimatize.

**Dofu**, どうふ, 豆腐, *n.* [*Chin.*] The treasury.

**Dofun**, どうふん, 豆腐, *n.* See *Fundo*. [*n.* a baby.]

**Dōgai**, どうがい, 童孩, *n.* [*Chin.*] An infant; a child;

**Dōgaku**, どうがく, 道学, *n.* Ethics; moral philosophy. [*n.* ethics.]

Dōgaku sensei, 道学先生, a professor of

**Dōgaku**, どうがく, 同塾, *n.* ① A school-mate. ② Learning in the same school, or under the same tutor.  
Dōgaku no tomo, 同塾ノ友, school-mates.

**Dōgama-zumi**, どうがまづみ, 土炭, *n.* A kind of charcoal which is very light and easily kindled.  
Syn. RAKUDA-ZUMI.

**Dōgame**, どうがめ, 窓, *n.* [*Zool.*] A snapping turtle.

**Dōgame-hana**, どうがめはな, 蛙, *n.* [*Bot.*] *The frogbit, Hydrocharis asiatica*.

**Dōgame-zuru**, どうがめずる, 蟬, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Metaplexis Stauntoni*.

**Dōgane**, どうがね, 銅金, *n.* A metal band put around a package or other things.

**Dōgame-bumbaru**, どうがねぶらぶら, *n.* [*Entom.*] A beetle, *Euchlora cuprea*.

**Dōgarashi**, どうがらし, 天麻, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Gastrodia*

**Dōgeza**, どうげざ, 土下座, *n.* Sitting down on the ground and bowing.

**Dōgi**, どうぎ, 胴着, *n.* An under-garment; a shirt.

**Dōgi**, どうぎ, 動議, *n.* A motion; a suggestion.  
Dōgi wo okosu, 動議ヲ起ス, to make a motion (parliamentary); *Kinkyū dōgi*, 緊急動議, an urgency motion.

**Dōgi**, どうぎ, 土宜, *n.* The staple products of a place or locality. [*n.* distrust.]

**Dōgi**, どうぎ, 疑疑, *n.* Doubt; suspicion; anxiety;

**Dōgi**, どうぎ, 道義, *n.* Ethical or moral principles.

**Dōgi-gaku**, どうぎがく, 道学, *n.* Same as *Dōgaku*. [*n.* side.]

**Dōgiri**, どうぎり, 胴切, *n.* Cutting the body at the

Syn. TSUTSUGIRI.

**Dōgō**, どうご, 土豪, *n.* A rich farmer; a local grandee; a landed proprietor. [*n.* lage.]

**Dōgō**, どうご, 同郷, *n.* The same county or vil-

**Dōgō**, どうご, 道郷, *n.* A surname, as of a scholar or stationer. [*n.* mloga.]

**Dōgansō**, どうがんそう, 鈍根草, *n.* [*Bot.*] The zengī

**Dōgoshitsu**, どうごしつ, 土牛膝, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Achyranthes bidentata*.

**Dōgu**, どうぐ, 土偶, *n.* A clay image or

**Dōgujin**, どうぐじん, 土偶人, *n.* idol.

**Dōgu**, どうぐ, 道具, *n.* Tools; instruments; utensils; furniture. [*n.* for furniture.]

**Dōgu-date**, どうぐたて, 道具立, *n.* Stage scenery;

**Dōgu-mochi**, どうぐもち, 道具持, *n.* ① Same as *Yarimochi*. ② One who carries a paper en-sign (*matō*) at a fire.

**Dōgu-shi**, どうぐし, 道具師, *n.* ① One who de-

corates a stage; one charged with the getting up scenes on a stage. ② The manufacturer of tools, furniture, etc.

**Dōgusuri**, どうぐすり, 火薬, *n.* Gunpowder.  
Syn. KWAYAKU, TAMAKUSURI.

**Dōgusuri-ire**, どうぐすりいれ, 火薬瓶, *n.* A gunpowder flask. [*n.* furniture, tools, etc.]

**Dōguya**, どうぐや, 道具屋, *n.* One who deals in

**Dōgwai**, どうぐわい, 度外, *n.* Putting aside as useless, worthless, or too valuable; out of question.

**Dōgyō**, どうぎやう, 同行, *n.* Those who go together, as a group of pilgrims.

**Dōha**, どうは, 同派, *n.* The same school, sect, party, or denomination.

**Dōhachi**, どうはち, 銅鉢, *n.* A Buddhist sacred vessel.

**Dōhai**, どうはい, 同輩, *n.* Persons of the same rank, class, or caste; equals.

**Dōhan**, どうはん, 銅飯, *n.* Same as *Dōhan*.

**Dōhan**, どうはん, 同伴, *n.* Same as *Dōhan*.

**Dōhan**, どうはん, 同變, *n.* No change, used only of sick persons.

**Dōhan**, どうはん, 同断, *n.* Same as above.  
Yahari dōhan de komarimasu, 矢張同断ヲ困リマス, it aggrives me much that he shows no

**Dohi**, どうひ, 奴隷, *n.* Servants. [*n.* change.]

**Dohitsu**, どうひつ, 道尾草, *n.* [*Bot.*] Horse-tail.

**Dōhō**, どうほう, 同胞, *n.* Same as *Dōbō*.

**Dohō suru**, どうほうする, 土崩, *v.t.* ① To crumble down; to fall to pieces. ② To be dispersed.

**Dōhyō**, どうひやう, 銅標, *n.* A copper monument.

**Dohyō**, どうひやう, 土俵, *n.* Bags filled with earth or sand.

**Dohyōba**, どうひやうば, 土俵場, *n.* An arena where wrestlers contest; usually contracted into *dohyō*.

**Dohyōiri**, どうひやういり, 土俵入り, *n.* The appearing of a number of wrestlers, on the arena, wearing the badges of their rank. [*n.* agreeing with.]

**Dōi**, どうい, 同意, *n.* Concurrence; consent; assent;  
Dōi wo hyōsu, 同意ヲ表ス, to concur; to consent; to second.  
—*suru*, *v.t.* To agree with, etc.

**Dōi**, どうい, 同位, *n.* ① [*Math.*] The same digit. ② The same rank; equal standing.

**Dōi**, どうい, 同意, *n.* Same as *Dōi*.

**Dōi**, どうい, 土居, *n.* Same as *Dote*.

**Dōikaku**, どういかく, 同位角, *n.* [*Math.*] Corresponding angles.

**Dōin**, どういん, 銅印, *n.* A copper seal.



銅鉢



**Dōin**, どういん, 導引, *n.* A shaman who has the sense of sight. [by rubbing.]  
*Dōin nomi ryōji*, 導引揉擦治, curing diseases  
 Syn. AMMA. [of clay.]  
**Doinketsu**, どういんけつ, 土殿学, *n.* [Min.] Ochre.  
**Dōitsū**, どういつ, 同一, *n.* Sameness; the same; coincidence; perfect equality.  
*Dōitsu na koto*, 同一事, the same thing, affair, or matter; *Dōitsu ni omō*, 同一ニ思フ, to consider the same; to look upon as equal.  
**Dōitsū**, どういつ, 何奴, *n.* [coll.] Which fellow or rascal; who.  
 Syn. DAREYATSU, NANIYATSU.  
**Dōitankō**, どういつはふ, 同一法, *n.* [Math.] Rule of identity.  
**Dōiu**, どういふ, 何云, *v.t.* What; for what reason, object, or purpose.  
*Dōiu koto daka shiranai*, 何云事ダカ知ラナイ, what is the matter I do not know; *Dōiāmono da*, 何云モノダ, why; what is it? *Dōiātemo wakaranai*, 何云テモワカラナイ, (he) cannot understand however I explain.  
**Doji**, どうぢ, 痴鈍, *a.* [coll.] Stupid; nonsensical; dull; sluggish; foolish; silly; slow; wanting common sense; not intelligent.  
*Doji na koto wa shita*, ドヂナコトヲシタ, how silly have I acted! what nonsense! *Doji na yatsu*, 痴鈍ヲ奴, a foolish fellow.  
**Dōji**, どうぢ, 同時, *n.* and *adv.* The same time; at the same time; just then.  
**Dōji**, どうぢ, 童子, *n.* A child; a boy; a youth.  
 Syn. KOBOMO, WARABE.  
**Dōji**, どうぢ, 同事, *n.* The same thing; just that affair or matter.  
**Dōji**, どうぢ, 道次, *adv.* and *n.* ① In passing through. ② Path; track; way; road.  
**Dōjigen**, どうぢげん, 同次元, *n.* [Math.] Homogeneous dimension.  
**Dōjigōshi**, どうぢがうし, 簀子格子, *n.* The stripes in the form of double latticework wrought in [cloth].  
**Dōjime**, どうぢめ, 副縮, *n.* A belt.  
**Dōjime-kanamono**, どうぢめかなもの, 腰帯金物, *n.* A buckle.  
**Dōjin**, どうじん, 土人, *n.* A native; an aborigine.  
**Dōjin**, どうじん, 導人, *n.* ① A guide; one who leads. ② A chief or leader. [kindness.]  
**Dōjin**, どうじん, 同仁, *n.* Impartial favour or *Isshi dōjin*, 一視同仁, rendering no partial favour; behaving as kindly to one as to another.  
**Dōjiru**, どうじる, 動, *v.t.* To be afraid, or frightened; to shrink from; to feel the influence of, to be moved or excited.  
**Dōjishiki**, どうじしき, 同次式, *n.* [Math.] Homogeneous expression.

**Dojō**, どうじょう, 道場, *n.* [Ichth.] *Misgurnus anguillicaudatus*.  
**Dōjō**, どうじょう, 道場, *n.* ① A place for fencing exercises. ② A reading-room connected with a Buddhist temple or monastery.  
**Dojō**, どうじょう, 土壌, *n.* The soil; arable land.  
**Dōjōnin**, どうじょうにん, 堂上人, *n.* [obs.] Persons of high rank admitted to the Imperial presence; the *kuge*.  
**Dojōzan**, どうじょうざん, 土常山, *n.* [Bot.] *Oryza Japonica*.  
**Dōju**, どうじゅう, 童, *n.* An infant; a young child.  
 Syn. OSANAGO, WAKAMONO.  
**Dōka**, どうか, 堂下, *n.* A form of address to a superior.  
**Dōka**, どうか, *adv.* How; please; through your favour or kindness; somehow.  
*Dōka itashitai monoda*, ドウカ致シタイモノダ, may it be done somehow; *Dōka kōka deki sōda*, ドウカコウカ出来ソダ, I think I can perform it in some way; *Dōka nari sōda*, ドウカナリソダ, there is some prospect of success; *Dōka nasare mashitaka*, ドウカナサレマシタカ, does something weigh upon you? does something trouble you? *Dōka negai masu*, ドウカ願ヒマス, please do so; I request your aid; *Dōka osamari sōda*, ドウカおサマリソダ, it seems likely to be arranged in some way; *Dōka sukūte yaritai*, ドウカ救フテヤリタイ, I should like to help, if possible.  
**Dōka**, どうか, 同價, *n.* The same value or price; an equivalent.  
**Dokadōka**, どうかどか, 動下動下, *adv.* [coll.] Many in succession; suddenly; one after another.  
*Dokadōka to kuru*, 動下動下ト来ル, to come suddenly; to enter in rapid succession.  
**Dōkai suru**, どうかいする, 洞開, *v.t.* To open; to make passable; to unclose.  
**Dōkan**, どうかん, 同感, *n.* The same sentiment; concurrence; consent; assent.  
*Dōkan wa itaku*, 同感ヲ抱ク, to have the same sentiment; to sympathize or agree with.  
**Dōke**, どうけ, 道化, *n.* [coll.] ① A buffoon, jester, or fool. ② Buffoonery.  
**Dōkegata**, どうけがた, 道化形, *n.* An actor who plays the parts of a buffoon.  
**Dōkei**, どうけい, 釣琴, *n.* A musical instrument.  
**Dōke-mono**, どうけのもの, 道化者, *n.* ① Same as *Dōke*. ② One who is fond of cracking jokes.  
**Dōken**, どうけん, 同見, *n.* The same views or opinion.  
**Dōken**, どうけん, 同權, *n.* Equal rights; equality.  
*Danjo dōken*, 男女同權, the equality of men and women.  
**Dōkeru**, どうける, *v.t.* To jest; to crack a joke;

to contort the features with a view to excite the laughter of the bystanders.  
 Syn. FUZAKERU, HYOKERU.  
**Dokeru**, どうける, 退除, *v.t.* [coll.] To remove; to dismiss, expel, or take away.  
*Jama mono wo dokeru*, 邪魔物ヲ除ル, to remove obstacles or hindrances (both men and things).  
 Syn. NOKERU.  
**Dōkeye**, どうけえ, 滑稽畫, *n.* A comic picture.  
**Dōkeshibai**, どうけしばい, 滑稽演劇, *n.* [coll.] A comedy; a vulgar dramatic representation of the characters and incidents of life, merely for exciting laughter.  
**Dōketsu**, どうけつ, 同穴, *n.* Being buried in the same grave.  
*Kuisō dōketsu*, 借老同穴, [fig.] the relation or affections of man and wife; [lit.] to become aged together, and to be buried in the same hole or grave after death. [grotto].  
**Dōketsu**, どうけつ, 洞穴, *n.* A cave, cavern, or  
**Dōki**, どうき, 動悸, *n.* The palpitation of the heart.  
*Dōki ga hageshi*, 動氣ガ烈シイ, the heart palpitates violently. [vessel].  
**Dōki**, どうき, 土器, *n.* An earthenware; an earthen  
**Dōki**, どうき, 怒氣, *n.* Anger; resentment.  
*Dōki wo fukumu*, 怒氣ヲ会ム, to be angry.  
**Dōki**, どうき, 同氣, *n.* A similar turn of mind; resembling one another in disposition.  
*Dōki ai mo'omu*, 同氣相求ム, persons similarly constituted are likely to associate.  
**Dōkidōki**, どうきどき, 悸々, *adv.* Throbbing violently; pitapat; palpitating.  
*Jane ga dokidoki suru*, 胸ガ悸々スル, the heart throbs violently.  
 Syn. MUNASAWAGI.  
**Dōkin**, どうきん, 同勤, *n.* Serving under the same chief, or in the same office.  
 Syn. DORYŪ, DŌYAKU.  
**Dōkin suru**, どうきんする, 同寝, *v.t.* To sleep in the same bed; to cohabit.  
 Syn. HITOTSUNE, TOMONE.  
**Dōkkari to**, どうかりと, *adv.* [coll.] ① Much at one time. ② Heavily; suddenly and violently.  
*Dōkkari to mōkaru*, ドウカリト儲カス, to gain much at one time; *Dōkkari to suwaru*, ドウカリト坐ル, to sit down heavily.  
**Dōkkeshi**, どうけし, 消毒, *n.* An antidote.  
**Dōkkō**, どうこう, 獨行, *v.t.* To go along alone; to travel alone.  
**Dōkkō-dokkōe**, どうこうどっこうえ, *n.* [coll.] A lottery wheel used by street vendors of candy and sweetmeats.  
**Dōkko!**, どうっこい, *interj.* Ah! Oh!  
*Dōkko! abunai*, ドウコイ危イ, Ah! dangerous!  
**Dokkyakubō**, どうきやくぼう, 毒脚糖, *n.* [Entom.] *Ichneumon* sp.

**Dokkyō**, どうきょう, 獨居, *n.* Living alone; the life of a hermit. — *suru*, *v.t.* To live alone.  
**Dokkyō**, どうきょう, 讀經, *n.* Reading or reciting Buddhist sacred books.  
 Syn. KANKIN. [inequality].  
**Dokkwansu**, どうくわんす, 獨括, *n.* [Bot.] *Angelica*  
 Syn. SHISHUDO, UDO.  
**Dōkō**, どうこう, 銅坑, *n.* A copper mine.  
**Dōko**, どうこ, 銅壺, *n.* A copper boiler attached to a cooking furnace.  
**Doko**, どうこ, 何處, *adv.* Where; in some place; somewhere.  
*Doko demo yoi*, 何處デモヨイ, I do not mind where; it does not matter where; *Doko ga warui*, 何處ガ悪イ, where is the defect or fault? *Dokoka deka mita yōda*, 何處カデカ見た様ダ, methinks I saw somewhere; *Doko kara kita*, 何處カラ来タ, whence (did you or has it) come? *Doko mademo*, 何處マデモ, wherever you go; to the last; *Doko no dedaka wakaranai*, 何處ノ出ダカワカラナイ, (I) do not know where is he (or it) from; *Doko no hito*, 何處ノ人, where is (he) from? *Doko nika aru*, 何處ニカアル, (It) is somewhere; *Doko nimo nai*, 何處ニモナイ, not found anywhere; *Doko tomo nashi ni ayumu*, 何處トモナシニ歩ム, to loiter or walk about, not caring [where].  
 Syn. DOCHIRA, IZUKO.  
**Dōkō**, どうこう, 同行, *n.* Going or visiting together; accompanying or taking together. — *suru*, *v.t.* To go together.  
**Dōkō**, どうこう, 瞳孔, *n.* [Med.] The pupil; the apple of the eye.  
 Syn. HITOMI. [by peasants].  
**Dōkō**, どうこう, 土寇, *n.* An agrarian riot; a revolt  
**Dōkō**, どうこう, 同庚, *a.* [Chiz.] Of the same age.  
**Dōkō**, どうこう, 土工, *n.* The construction of an earthwork.  
*Dōkō wo okosu*, 土工ヲ起ス, to commence an  
**Dōkō-dana**, どうこうだな, 湯毒櫃, *n.* A shelf for tea-things in an apartment specially built for tea-making.  
**Dōkōjin**, どうこうじん, 土公神, *n.* The god of the soil or ground.  
**Dōkoku suru**, どうこくする, 慟哭, *v.t.* To lament a death excessively; to mourn bitterly.  
**Doku**, どうく, 退, *v.t.* [coll.] To go away; to leave; to move one's self. [or unmarried].  
**Doku**, どうく, 獨, *n.* [Chin.] Being alone, friendless  
**Doku**, どうく, 毒, *n.* ① A poison or venom. ② Injury; harm; detriment; disadvantage.  
*Doku na mono*, 毒ナモノ, a poisonous thing; *Doku ni ataru*, 毒ニ當ル, to be poisoned; *Doku nimo naran*, 毒ニモナラン, not even poisonous, indifferent; *Doku ni naru*, 毒ニナル, to prove poisonous; *Doku wo kesu*, 毒ヲ消ス, to



neutralize a poison; *Doku wo kuraeba sava ma demo*, 毒ヲ食ヘバ血マデモ, [lit.] if you take a poison, take the vessel containing it along with the venom; [fig.] once in the line of a vice or folly, never shrink from pushing to the very last point; *Doku wo nomasu*, 毒ヲ飲マス, to cause to be poisoned; to poison. [vity.]

**Dokunaku**, とくなく, 毒無, *n.* Evil; vice; depraved. **Doku-nitari**, とくあたりに, 毒中, *n.* Being poisoned. **Dokutaba**, とくば, 毒葉, *n.* A poison fang.

**Dokubokuryō**, とくはくりょう, 獨木橋, *n.* Same as *Dokuryō*.

**Dokuchū**, とくちゅう, 毒蟲, *n.* A poisonous insect.

**Dokudami**, とくだみ, *n.* [Bot.] *Houttuynia cordata*.

**Dokudan**, とくだん, 獨斷, *n.* Deciding by one's self; selfish decision. —*suru*, *v.t.* To decide selfishly.

**Dokudate**, とくたて, 毒斷, *n.* Abstaining from food calculated or presumed to be injurious to one's health.

**Dokudoku**, とくどく, 濁々, *adv.* Gurgling; flowing out with a purling bubbling sound; not in jets.

*Chi ga dokudoku to shitataru*, 血が濁々ト溢ル, *n.* blood runs out gurgling.

**Dokudokushi**, とくどくし, 毒々敷, *a* ① Poisonous looking; venomous. ② Injurious; hurtful. ③ Scornful; sarcastic. *Syn.* KEDOSHI, SHITSUKOSHI.

**Doku-eno-ki**, とくえのき, 獨子桐, *n.* [Bot.] *Aleurites cordata*.

**Dokufu**, とくふ, 獨夫, *n.* Same as *Dokushim-mono*.

**Dokufu**, とくふ, 毒婦, *n.* A bad woman; a woman prone to vice or depravity. *Syn.* AKUFU, KANFU.

**Dokugai suru**, とくがいする, 毒害, *v.t.* Same as *Dokusatsu suru*.

**Dokugaku**, とくがく, 獨學, *n.* Learning without the help of a master; self-education.

**Dokugan**, とくがん, 獨眼, *a.* Blind of one eye. *Syn.* MEKKACHI.

**Dokugen**, とくげん, 獨言, *n.* Speaking or muttering to one's self, as in a dream or reverie. *Syn.* HITORIGOTO. [alone.]

**Dokugin**, とくぎん, 獨吟, *n.* Humming; singing. **Dokugyo**, とくぎょ, 毒魚, *n.* A poisonous fish.

**Dokui**, とくい, 獨子桐, *n.* [Bot.] Same as *Doku-eno-ki*.

**Doku-imi**, とくいみ, 毒忌, *n.* Same as *Dokudate*.

**Doku-imo**, とくいも, 野芋, *n.* [Bot.] *Zantedeschia aethiopica*. [ous snake.]

**Dokuju**, とくじゅ, 毒蛇, *n.* A poisonous or venomous snake. **Dokujo**, とくじょ, 毒婦, *n.* [Entom.] Spider. *Syn.* KUMO.

**Dokuju**, とくじゅ, 讀經, *n.* Reading; recitation. Principally used of Buddhist bibles. [dote.]

**Dokukeshi**, とくけし, 解毒消毒藥, *n.* An anti-poisonous breath.

**Dokuki**, とくき, 毒氣, *n.* ① Poisonous breath. ② Sarcasm; scorn; irony. ③ Vice; depravity.

**Dokukyō**, とくきょう, 讀經, *n.* Reading sacred books.

**Dokumi**, とくみ, 毒試, *n.* Testing by eating or drinking whether anything is poisonous.

**Dokumakuri**, とくまくり, 蕁, *n.* [Bot.] *Houttuynia cordata*.

**Dokunagashi-gusa**, とくながしぐさ, 毒魚草, *n.* [Bot.] *Madia japonica*.

**Dokuni**, とくに, 特, *adv.* Specially; particularly; for a particular object or purpose. *Syn.* BETSUDAN NI, KOTO NI, KOTOSARA NI.

**Doku-no-ki**, とくのき, 木本獨吻, *n.* [Bot.] *Coriaria japonica*.

**Dokuraku**, とくらく, 獨樂, *n.* ① Having a good time alone by one's self. ② A top. *Syn.* KOMA. [gomē.]

**Dokuria-i**, とくりやい, 獨力衣, *n.* Same as *Furi-dokuritsu*.

**Dokuritsu**, とくりつ, 獨立, *n.* Independence. *Syn.* 獨立.

**Dokuritsu ni naru**, 獨立ニナル, to become independent; to cast off troublesome interference. *Syn.* HITORIDACHI. [ference.]

**Dokuritsu-koku**, とくりつこく, 獨立國, *n.* An independent state, power, or country.

**Dokuritsu-no-gōi**, とくりつのがい, 獨立ノ合意, *n.* [Law.] Free contract.

**Dokuro**, とくろ, 獨頭, *n.* A skull. *Syn.* SHANIKŌBE.

**Dokuryō**, とくりょう, 獨梁, *n.* A log bridge. **Dokuryoku**, とくりよく, 獨力, *n.* Despotism; deciding independently of others. *Syn.* IRTE.

**Dokuryū-no-ki**, とくりゅうのき, 獨子桐, *n.* [Bot.] *Aleurites cordata*. [or ability; disposition.]

**Dokusai**, とくさい, 獨裁, *n.* One's unaided power.

**Dokusai-kunshu-koku**, とくさいくんしゅこく, 獨裁君主國, *n.* A country governed by a despot; a despotic monarchy.

**Dokusai-seiji**, とくさいせいじ, 獨裁政治, *n.* A despotic government.

**Dokusatsu**, とくさつ, 毒殺, *n.* Killing by the use of a poison. —*suru*, *v.t.* to kill by poisoning; to poison.

**Dokusen suru**, とくせんする, 獨占, *v.t.* To appropriate everything to one's self.



**Dokushaku**, とくしやく, 獨酌, *n.* Drinking sake alone, or without a waiter. [japonica.]

**Dokushiba**, とくしば, 独木, *n.* [Bot.] *Andromeda*.

**Dokushim-mono**, とくしんもの, 獨身者, *n.* A bachelor; a person who leads a single life; a widower.

**Dokushin**, とくしん, 獨身, *n.* ① A bachelor; a widower. ② Celibacy; single or unmarried life. *Syn.* HITORIMI. [life.]

**Dokusho**, とくしょ, 讀書, *n.* Reading; study. **Tokusho**, とくしょ, 讀書, *n.* Reading; study.

*Dokusho wo suru*, 讀書ヲスル, to read; to study.

**Dokushu**, とくしゅ, 毒酒, *n.* Poisoned sake.

**Dokusumira**, とくすみら, 石蒜, *n.* [Bot.] *Lycoris radiata*. [physician.]

**Dokutaru**, ドクトル, *n.* [Eng.] A doctor; a physician.

**Dokutsu**, とくつ, 獨坐, *n.* Same as *Dōketsu* (獨穴).

**Dokuya**, とくや, 毒矢, *n.* A poisoned arrow.

**Dokuyaku**, とくやく, 毒藥, *n.* A poison; a poisonous chemical or drug.

**Dokuyōke**, とくよけ, 毒除, *n.* Same as *Dokukeshi*.

**Dokuyō-shōgun**, とくようしょうぐん, 獨用將軍, *n.* [Bot.] *Triosectum sinuatum*. *Syn.* TSEKANSŌ.

**Dokuzo suru**, とくぞする, 獨坐, *v.t.* To sit alone.

**Dōkwa**, とくわ, 銅貨, *n.* A copper coin.

**Dōkwan**, とくわん, 銅鑪, *n.* A copper boiler or kettle.

**Dōkansō**, とくわんそう, 銅鑪, *n.* A copper boiler or kettle. *Syn.* 銅鑪.

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**Dokushiba**, とくしば, 独木, *n.* [Bot.] *Andromeda*.

**Dokushim-mono**, とくしんもの, 獨身者, *n.* A bachelor; a person who leads a single life; a widower.

**Dokushin**, とくしん, 獨身, *n.* ① A bachelor; a widower. ② Celibacy; single or unmarried life. *Syn.* HITORIMI. [life.]

**Dokusho**, とくしょ, 讀書, *n.* Reading; study. **Tokusho**, とくしょ, 讀書, *n.* Reading; study.

*Dokusho wo suru*, 讀書ヲスル, to read; to study.

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**Dokushaku**, とくしやく, 獨酌, *n.* Drinking sake alone, or without a waiter. [japonica.]

**Dokushiba**, とくしば, 独木, *n.* [Bot.] *Andromeda*.

**Dokushim-mono**, とくしんもの, 獨身者, *n.* A bachelor; a person who leads a single life; a widower.

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**Dokusho**, とくしょ, 讀書, *n.* Reading; study. **Tokusho**, とくしょ, 讀書, *n.* Reading; study.

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**Dokushu**, とくしゅ, 毒酒, *n.* Poisoned sake.

**Dokusumira**, とくすみら, 石蒜, *n.* [Bot.] *Lycoris radiata*. [physician.]

**Dokutaru**, ドクトル, *n.* [Eng.] A doctor; a physician.

**Dokutsu**, とくつ, 獨坐, *n.* Same as *Dōketsu* (獨穴).

**Dokuya**, とくや, 毒矢, *n.* A poisoned arrow.

**Dokuyaku**, とくやく, 毒藥, *n.* A poison; a poisonous chemical or drug.

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**Dokuyō-shōgun**, とくようしょうぐん, 獨用將軍, *n.* [Bot.] *Triosectum sinuatum*. *Syn.* TSEKANSŌ.

**Dokuzo suru**, とくぞする, 獨坐, *v.t.* To sit alone.

**Dōkwa**, とくわ, 銅貨, *n.* A copper coin.

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**Dokusumira**,



a well, or any liquid); *Mire domo mizu*, 見れ  
ドモ見へズ, looking at, but not seeing; *Ute  
domo kudakezu*, 壺ヲドモ碎ケズ, not broken  
though struck or beaten.

**Dōmo**, どうも, *adv.* and *conj.* An intensive having  
no special significance; an expletive used for  
imparting emphasis.

*Dōmo ikenci*, ドモイケナイ, impossible after  
all; *Dōmo kimagi da*, ドモ奇妙ダ, how strange!  
truly mysterious; *Dōmo mienu*, ドモ見へ  
ズ, not found out, do what I may; *Dōmo rachi-  
akanu*, ドモ持明カス, cannot settle, do what  
they can interminable; *Dōmo samui*, ドモ寒  
イ, how cold it is! *Dōmo yoi*, ドモヨイ, re-  
markably well; admirably done.

**Domo**, どうも, *n.* Same as *Domori*.

**Dōmō**, どうもう, 童衆, *n.* Children; young per-  
sons; schoolboys.

**Domokukō**, どうくかう, 土木香, *n.* [*Bot.*] Ele-  
campane, *Inula Helentium*.

**Domori**, どうり, 吃, *n.* One who stammers or  
stutters; a stammerer.

Syn. MAMANAKI.

**Dōmori**, どうもり, 堂守, *n.* The keeper of a  
temple or shrine.

**Domoru**, どうる, 吃, *v.i.* To stammer; to stutter;  
to utter with hesitation.

*Ano hito no hanashi wa domoru*, 彼人ノ話ハ  
吃ル, he stammers or stutters while speaking.

**Dompai suru**, どうべいする, 吞併, *v.t.* [*Chin.*]  
Same as *Heidon suru*.

**Dōmyaku**, どうみやく, 動脈, *n.* An artery.

**Dōmyaku-hasami**, どうみやくはさみ, 動脈鉗, *n.*  
Arterial forceps.

**Dōmyō**, どうめう, 同苗, *n.* ① The same family  
name. ② A near relation having the same  
family name.

Syn. DŌSEI.

**Dōmyō**, どうめう, 同名, *n.* The same name.

*Dōmyō ijū*, 同名異人, a different person of the  
same name; a name-sake.

**Dōmyōji**, どうめうじ, 道明寺, *n.* Rice steamed  
and afterward dried; it is eaten parched and  
sweetened with sugar.

**Don**, どん, 鈍, *a.* Dull; slow; stupid; foolish;  
simple; sluggish. Chiefly used in compounds.

**Don**, どん, 殿, *n.* [*coll.*] Same as *Dōryū*. [kettle.

**Donabe**, どんべ, 土鍋, *n.* An earthen pot or

**Dōnan**, どうなん, 童男, *n.* Boys; men 5-15 years  
of age.

**Donaru**, どうなる, 喧嘩, *v.i.* To vociferate; to  
speak loudly or angrily; to roar; to bellow; to  
cry or shout out.

*Donaru tomo kamawanu*, 喧嘩ルトモ憚ハズ, I do  
not mind how he roars.

**Donata**, どんた, 何方, *pron.* Who; all; any one.

*Donata demo irasshai*, 何方デモイラシヤイ,  
all may come; any one is welcome; *Donata  
nimo wakarimasu*, 何方ニモ解リマス, any one  
can understand; *Donata no toko e oidenasai  
masu ka*, 何方ノトコへ御出ナサイマスカ, whom are  
you going to visit?

**Donchan**, どんちゃん, *n.* ① Vulgar music; wild  
frolic; noisy merry-making; the clatter of drums  
and *samisen*. ② Utter confusion; great noise  
or tumult.

Syn. AWATERU KOTO, SAWAGI.

**Donchō-shibai**, どんちやうしばい, 観劇芝居, *n.* A  
cheap theatre.

**Dondon**, どんどん, 突々, 聞々, *adv.* ① Rapidly; in  
fast succession. ② Making a great noise; clam-  
orously. ③ Confusedly; indiscriminately;  
without order. ④ Frequently.

*Hito ga dondon atsumaru*, 人が突々集ル, people  
assemble in great numbers; *Mizu ga dondon na-  
gareru*, 水が突々流レル, water flows rapidly;  
*Taiko wo dondon uchidasu*, 大鼓ヲ突々打出ス,  
to beat a drum noisily; to beat *rubadubi rub-  
adub!*

**Dondori**, どんどり, 雷鼓, *n.* A percussion cup.

**Dondoro**, どんどろ, 女巻, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Clematis apti-  
folia*. [snapping turtle.

**Dongame**, どんがめ, 團圓, *n.* [*coll.* *Zool.*] The

**Dongame-no-te**, どんがめのて, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Cardi-  
andra alternifolia*.

**Donguri**, どんぐり, 圓葉, 橡實, *n.* [*Bot.*] Acorn.

**Dongwan**, どんくわん, 鈍頑, *a.* Stupid and stub-  
born.

**Do-ninjin**, どんんじん, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Panax repens*.

**Donjiki**, どんじき, 鈍色, *n.* A dull colour.

Syn. NUHIRO.

**Donjiri**, どんじり, *n.* [*coll.*] The last; the very

**Donkaku**, どんかく, 鈍角, *n.* [*Geom.*] An obtuse  
angle.

**Donkaku-sankakukel**, どんかくさんかくけい, 鈍  
角三角形, *n.* [*Math.*] Obtuse angled triangle.

**Donna**, どんな, [*coll. cont. of Do no yōna.*] What;  
what kind, material, or appearance.

*Donna mono demo irimasen*, ドンナ物デモ入  
リマセン, I want nothing whatever; *Donna ni  
tsurai ka shirenai*, ドンナニ辛苦カ知レナイ, one  
cannot imagine how distressing it is; *Donna  
ni yoi koto daka*, ドンナニ善イ事ダカ, what a  
nice thing; how happy!

**Dono**, どの, 殿, *n.* ① A title of dignity or respect;  
esquire; his Excellency or Honour. ② A palace.  
In this sense used only in composition.

**Donō**, どんお, 土袋, *n.* An earth-bag.

**Dono**, どの, 何, *pron.* [*coll.*] What; which; how.  
*Dono hito*, 何人, what or which person; *Dono*

*kuni*, 何國, what or which country; *Dono  
kurai*, ドノ位, how much? *Sono atai wa dono-  
kurai desu ka*, 其價ハ何位デスカ, how much  
does it cost? what do you charge or ask for it?  
Syn. IKANARU, IZURE NO.

**Donomichi**, どのみち, 何道, *adv.* What way; be  
it what it may.

*Donomichi hanashite mimashō*, 何道話シテミ  
マシヨウ, I shall tell him and see, however I  
manage it; *Donomichi kata ga tsukisō da*, 何道  
カタガ替サウダ, it is likely to be settled in some  
Syn. IZURENISEYO. [way.

**Donsai**, どんさい, 鈍才, *n.* Stupidity; foolishness;  
dullness.

**Donsoku**, どんそく, 鈍色, *n.* Same as *Donjiki*.  
**Donsoku suru**, どんしよくする, 吞食, *v.t.* To  
swallow up; to engross [*fig.*]

**Donsu**, ドンス, 襷子, *n.* A kind of silk damask,  
used chiefly for making ladies' belts.

**Dontaku**, ドンタク, *n.* [*corrupt. of Germ. Soun-  
tag.*] A Sunday; a holiday. [weather.

**Donten**, どんてん, 曇天, *n.* Cloudy or foggy

**Dontō**, どんたう, 鈍刀, *n.* A dull knife or sword.  
Syn. NAMAKURA, NIBUKIKATANA.

**Dōn-yō**, どうよう, 童女, *n.* A girl.

*Dōnan dōnyō*, 童男童女, boys and girls.  
Syn. MENOWARAWA.

**Donyoku**, どんよく, 貪欲, *n.* Avarice; covetous-  
ness; an inordinate desire of gain.  
*Donyoku na oyaji*, 貪欲ナ爺, a Shylock; an  
old miser.

**Donzai suru**, どんさいする, 吞食, *v.t.* ① To swal-  
low up. ② To take or annex (as a country).

**Donzugasai**, どんざがへし, 水葺, *n.* [*Bot.*]  
Greater duckweed.

**Donzumari**, どんづまり, 最後, *n.* [*coll.*] The end  
or extremity.

Syn. HATE, OWARI.

**Dōon**, どうおん, 同音, *n.* ① The same sound; one  
voice. ② Concurrence.  
*Iku dōon*, 異口同音, [*lit.*] different-mouths-  
same-voice; [*fig.*] to cry out the same thing at  
once; to concur.

**Doppo**, どんぼ, 獨歩, *n.* ① Going or walking alone.  
② Independence. ③ Pre-eminence; superiority.

*Tenka doppo no shi*, 天下獨歩ノ士, the first  
or best gentleman under the heavens; one ex-  
celled by none in the world.

**Dora**, だら, 銅鑼, *n.* A kind of gong used in Bud-  
dhist worship or funeral.

**Dora**, だら, a. and n. [*coll. cont. of Dōraku.*]  
Abandoned; vicious; profligate; refractory;  
addicted to gallantry; profligacy; debauchery.  
etc. [son.

*Dora musuko*, ドラ子息, a profligate or unruly

**Dōraku**, どうらく, 蕩樂, *n.* [*coll.*] ① Profligacy;  
dissipation; vice. ② Curiosity; eccentricity.  
*Dōraku musuko*, 蕩樂子息, a profligate son,  
*Dōraku wo suru*, 蕩樂ナスル, to be addicted to  
debauchery; to be dissolute or profligate.  
Syn. HŌRATSU, MONOZUKI.

**Dōraku-bōzu**, たらちばうそ, 蕩樂坊主, *n.* ①  
A vulgar form of *Dōraku mono*. ② A priest who  
is more diligent in other things than his duty.

**Dōrakuma**, ドラクマ, *n.* [*Eng.*] A drachm.

**Dōraku-mono**, たらちもの, 蕩樂者, *n.* A disso-  
lute or profligate person. ② One who is fond of  
going out of the course taken by an ordinary  
person; one who devotes a part of his time to  
things out of his profession or employment for  
the sake of diversion or pleasure.

**Doramu**, ドラム, *n.* [*Eng.*] A dram.

**Dōran**, だらん, 銃匣, 弱乱, *n.* ① A leather wallet.  
② Cartridge box. Now rarely used.

**Doraneke**, だらねこ, *n.* A bad cat.

**Doranji**, だらんじ, 土 団 兒, *n.* [*Bot.*] Ground nut.

**Dōre**, どうれ, *n.* A response used exclusively in  
answering to the call or knock of a visitor.

**Dore**, どれ, *pron.* Which; any one.

*Dore demo ii*, ドレデモイ, whichever or any  
one will do; *Dore ga yoi*, ドレガヨイ, which is  
good; which do (you) prefer? *Dore kara ha-  
jimeyō*, ドレカラ始メヨウ, which shall we com-  
mence with; where shall we start? *Dore demo  
kamawanu*, ドレデモカマラン, I do not care which.

**Dore**, どれ, *n.* An expletive equivalent to *well, why,  
or now*.

*Dore haiken*, ドレ拜見, well let me look at it;  
*Dore kaerimashō*, ドレ歸リマシヨウ, well, I  
shall return; now I shall go home.

Syn. IZA, YAWORE.

**Dorei**, どれい, 奴隷, *n.* A slave.

**Dōrei**, どうれい, 同例, *n.* The same instance; the  
same.

**Dōri**, だうり, 道理, *n.* Reason; cause; principle;  
motive; ground; account; right; justice; truth;  
doctrine; dogma; law.

*Dōri ga warui*, 道理ガ悪ルイ, no reason, not  
justifiable; unreasonable; *Dōri ni hazurete iru*,  
道理ニ外レタイル, is unreasonable; out of the  
sphere of truth or reason; *Dōri ni kanau*, 道理  
ニ合フ, is reasonable; agrees with the dictates  
of reason; *Dōri ni somaku*, 道理ニ背ク, to act  
contrary to reason or truth; *Dōri wo shiranu*, 道  
理ヲ知ラン, does not know reason; does not  
understand the principles of propriety.

Syn. SUJIMICHI, YUE, WAKE.

**Dōri**, どうり, 同里, *n.* Same as *Dōkyō* (同郷).

**Dōro**, どうろ, 爛泥, *n.* A kind of silk-gauze.

**Doro**, だら, 泥, *n.* Mud; wet clay.



*Dora mahure ni naru*, 泥塗レニナル, to be smeared or covered with mud; *Oya no kao ni dora wo naru*, 親ノ顔ニ泥ヲ塗ル, [coll.] to do a thing which disgraces one's father.

**Dōro**, どうろ, 道路, *n.* A road, pathway, street, way, lane, or highway.  
Syn. MICHI.

**Dorobō**, どろぼう, 盗人, *n.* A robber, thief, brigand, or freebooter.  
*Dorobō wo tsukamaete nawa wo nau*, 盗人ヲ捕ヘテ繩ヲ索フ, [lit.] to make a cord after catching a thief; [fig.] to be behind time.  
Syn. NUSUBITO. [Fulegaster sp.]

**Dorobōyama**, どろぼうやま, *n.* [Entom.] *Cor-Dorobō*, どうろぼう, 白蠟, *n.* [Bot.] Poplar, Aspen.

**Dorobunoki**, どろぶのき, *n.* [Bot.] Cotton wood, *Populus suaveolens*.  
Syn. DEROTANAGI.

**Dorodoro**, どろどろ, 股々, 轟々, *n.* [coll.] The rumbling sound of thunder or cannon. Often used as adjective or adverb.

**Dorogame**, どろがめ, 泥龜, *n.* [Zool.] The snapping turtle.

**Dorobakkwatsukō**, どろばくくわつかう, 排草香, *n.* [Bot.] *Lophanthus rugosus*.

**Dorokone**, どろこね, 泥粉, *n.* Mixing or working clay, mortar, or cement. [of *Dōsojin*.]

**Dōrokujiu**, どうろくじゅう, 道陸神, *n.* A corruption

**Dōromizu**, どうろみづ, 泥水, *n.* Muddy water.

**Dōro-kwa**, どうろくわ, 道路課, *n.* The Section of Roads.

**Doronoki**, どろのき, *n.* [Bot.] Same as *Derotanagi*.

**Dorota**, どろた, 泥田, *n.* A paddy field which is clayey or marshy.

**Dorotō**, どうろとう, 土壁藤, *n.* [Bot.] Betel-pepper.

**Doroyake**, どうろやけ, 泥除, *n.* A splash board.

**Doru**, ドル, 弗, *n.* [Am.] A dollar.

**Dorabako**, どろばこ, 弗箱, *n.* ① A safe; a money-box. ② [coll.] One who supports another.

**Dōru**, どうる, 同類, *n.* ① The same kind, class, genus, or order. ② Companions; accomplices; confederates.

**Doryō**, どうりょう, 度量, *n.* ① Capacity; measure; quantity. ② One's capacity or magnanimity.  
*Jūryōku doryō*, 重力度量, gravitation meas-

**Doryō**, どうりょう, 土熊, *n.* [Zool.] A mole. [ure. Syn. MUGURAMOCCHI.]

**Dōryō**, どうりょう, 同僚, *n.* A colleague; one who serves in the same office.

**Dōryōku-gaku**, どうりょうくがく, 動力學, *n.* [Physic.] Kinetics.  
*Kyūtai dōryōku gaku*, 流体動力學, hydro-kine-

**Dōryōku suru**, どうりょうくする, 努力, *v.t.* To try one's best; to use every effort in one's power; to strive; to try hard; to exert.

**Dōryū**, どうりゅう, 同流, *n.* The school or style (as in philosophy, fencing, archery, chirography, painting, etc.).

**Dōsu**, ドウサ, 漆水, *n.* A mixture of alum and glue, used for glazing paper, silk, and other things.  
*Dōsa wo hiku*, 漆水ヲ引ク, to glaze paper.

**Dōsu**, どうさ, 動作, *n.* Demeanour; behavior; conduct.  
Syn. TACHIFURUMAI. [duet.]

**Dosadosa**, どさどさ, 動陸動陸, *adv.* [coll.] Same as *Doyatoya*.

**Dōsaku**, どうさく, 同作, *n.* ① A work by the same author (or maker). ② Doing a literary work together.

**Dōsakusa**, どさくさ, 混雑, *n.* a. and *adv.* [coll.] Confusion; disorder; tumult; being disordered so as to produce loss or error; thrown into disorder; confusedly.  
*Dōsakusa magire ni mono wo nusumireta*, 混雑紛レニ物ヲ盗マレタ, I had many things stolen in the confusion.  
Syn. MAZEKOZE, TORIKOMI. [sonal effect.]

**Dōsan**, どうさん, 動産, *n.* [Law.] Movables; per-

**Dosan**, どさん, 土産, *n.* The industrial or agricultural products of a country, district, village, etc. [Law.] Pledge.

**Dōsanshikken**, どうさんしっけん, 動産質借, *n.*

**Dōsanshitsu**, どうさんしつ, 動産質, *n.* [Law.] Pawn or the pledging of movables.

**Dōsanshitsu-kelnyaku**, どうさんしつけいやく, 動産質契約, *n.* [Law.] A contract of pawn.

**Dōsarabasara**, ドウサラバサラ, 辟答, *n.* See *Heisarabasara*.

**Dosari to**, どうさりど, *adv.* Precipitately; suddenly.

**Dōsatsu**, どうさつ, 洞察, *n.* Appreciation; clear discernment; identification; full recognition.  
—*suru*, *v.t.* To recognize perfectly; to appreciate; to penetrate; to discern.  
Syn. MINUKU, MITOSU.

**Dōse**, どうせ, *adv.* By all means; at all; after all.  
*Dōse katarenu*, ドウセカタレヌ, I can not win by any means; the day will be theirs after all.  
Syn. DŌDE, TSUMARI.

**Dōsei**, どうせい, 同性, *n.* The same family name; a near relation; a blood-relation.  
*Dōsei wo melorazu*, 同性ヲ取ラス, no intermarriage between blood relations. [turn.]

**Dōsei**, どうせい, 土星, *n.* [Astron.] The planet Saturn.

**Dōsei**, どうせい, 動靜, *n.* ① [Physic.] Motion and rest. ② Demeanour; conduct. ③ The state of health. ④ Condition; state; circumstances; whether peaceable or not.  
*To no dōsei wo ukagū*, 世ノ動靜ヲ窺フ, to see how the world goes on; to look out for any unusual movement in society.

**Dosei**, どうせい, 怒聲, *n.* An angry voice or tone; voice uttered in resentment.

**Dōsei**, どうせい, 銅青, *n.* Verdigris; rust or  
Syn. ROKUSHŪ. [diacetate of copper.]

**Dōsei**, どうせい, 同勢, *n.* [coll.] ① Attendants; followers; retinue; a train of persons; a suite. ② A company; companions; accomplices; friends; assistants.  
Syn. TOMOMAWARI, TSUWAMONO.

**Dōseki**, どうせき, 阿蘭, *n.* ① Sitting in the same room. ② Being in the same official rank.

**Dōsen**, どうせん, 銅線, *n.* A copper wire.

**Dōsen**, どうせん, 銅錢, *n.* A copper coin; subsidiary money or coin. [scraps.]

**Dōsetsu**, どうせつ, 銅屑, *n.* Copper filings or

**Dōshin**, どうしん, 道者, *n.* A pilgrim; an evangelist; a religionist; a believer or devotee.

**Dōshin**, どうしん, 同車, *n.* The same carriage, coach, car, wagon, or *jinrikisha*. —*suru*, *v.t.* To ride in the same carriage, etc.

**Doshin**, どうしん, 土砂, *n.* ① Earth and sand. ② [Budd.] A certain powder which has been consecrated by a Buddhist priest, and is supposed to have the power of softening the rigid joints of a dead body when sprinkled over them.  
Syn. TSUCHISUNA.

**Doshakaji**, どうしゃかぢ, 土砂加持, *n.* Religious rites performed over a certain powder. See above.

**Dōshaku-ukiyōsei**, どうしゃくうきやうせい, 漏砂加蓋香精, *n.* [Med.] *Solutio ammoniac spiri-tuosa anisata*.

**Dōshaku suru**, どうしゃくする, 同酌, *v.t.* To drink sake together with others. [monia.]

**Dōshasei**, どうしゃせい, 漏砂精, *n.* [Med.] Am-

**Dōshi**, どうし, 動詞, *n.* [Gram.] A verb.

**Dōshi**, どうし, 通, *adv.* Continually; without ceasing or intermission; steadily; constantly.  
*Ne dōshi*, 寝通, to be continually in bed or sleeping; *Nomi dōshi*, 飲通, to be drinking all the time; *Yo dōshi*, 夜通, through the whole night; *Yomi dōshi*, 讀通, to read steadily.

**Dōshi**, どうし, 同士, *n.* and *adv.* Associates; companions; friends; the members of a party, society, or family; in company; together; among ourselves, themselves, or yourselves.  
*Omō dōshi*, 思フ同士, lovers; *Omō dōshi de hanami suru*, 女同士ヲ花見スル, to go to look at flowers admitting no man into the company (by women only); *Tomodachi dōshi de sake wo nomu*, 友達同士ヲ酒ヲ飲ム, to drink in company with friends; *Tonari dōshi no koto yue ni*, 隣同士ノ故ニ, since we are neighbours.  
Syn. DOCHI, NAKAMA.

**Dōshi**, どうし, 瞳子, *n.* The pupil of the eye.

**Dōshi**, どうし, 道士, *n.* A moralist; a writer on ethics; one who comments upon the duties of life; one who holds it his chief object of life to correct vice and inculcate moral duties. ② A conjurer, sorcerer, or magi.

**Dōshi**, どうし, 導師, *n.* The priest who leads in the performance of religious rites.

**Dōshi**, どうし, 同志, *n.* ① The same mind, motive, idea, opinion, purpose, or principle. ② One who has the same mind, motive, etc.; an associate looking for the attainment of a common object.

**Doshi-ikusa**, どうしいくさ, 同士鬪, *n.* Fighting among ourselves or themselves; a civil or internal war.

**Dōshin**, どうしん, 同心, *n.* ① The lowest officials under the Tokugawa government. ② The same mind; common interest or motive; unanimity; agreement in opinion or determination; concurrence; accord; thinking alike.  
*Dōshin kyōryoku*, 同心協力, to be harmonious and assist each other; *Ichimi dōshin*, 一心同力, those who have a common object to pursue

**Dōshin**, どうしん, 土神, *n.* The tutelary or guardian god of a locality.

**Dōshinkaku**, どうしんかく, 同心角, *n.* [Math.] Concentric angle. [centric circles.]

**Dōshinyen**, どうしんえん, 同心圓, *n.* [Math.] Con-

**Dōshitsu**, どうしつ, 同質, *n.* and *a.* The same material or quality; made of the same material; similar in qualities and properties; identical; analogous; similar.

**Dōshitsu**, どうしつ, 土質, *n.* The quality of a soil.

**Dōshitsu-ikei**, どうしついけい, 同質異形, *n.* Allotropy; allotropic forms.

**Dōshitsu suru**, どうしつする, 洞悉, *v.t.* To see, know, or understand perfectly; to penetrate; to discern clearly.

**Dōshitsu suru**, どうしつする, 怒叱, *v.t.* To blame, scold, censure, or reprimand in anger, resentment, or indignation.

**Dōshi-uchi**, どうしうち, 同士打, *n.* [coll.] Same as *Doshi-ikusa*.

**Dōshō**, どうしやう, 銅章, *n.* A copper mark, badge, insignia, seal, stamp, or medal.

**Dōshō**, どうしやう, 土商, *n.* A resident merchant or tradesman, as opposed to *kōshō*.

**Dōsho**, どうしやう, 同所, *n.* That place; the same place or locality. [Imperial Palace.]

**Dōshō**, どうしやう, 堂上, *n.* The interior of the

**Dōshō**, どうしやう, 同姓, *n.* Same as *Dōsei*.

**Dōshō**, どうしやう, 洞簫, *n.* [Chin.] A wind instrument.

**Dōshō**, どうしやう, 土匠, *n.* ① A plasterer. ② A mason.



**Dōsho**, どうしよ, 道書, *n.* Books consulted by a conjurer in the practice of his occult arts.

**Dōshoku**, どうしよく, 同職, *n.* The same profession, avocation, or employment.

**Doshoku**, どうしよく, 怒色, *n.* [*Chin.*] An angry sign, colour, face, or appearance.  
*Doshoku wo arawasu*, 怒色ヲ顯ス, to show anger, resentment, or ire on one's face; *Mamen ni doshoku wo fukumu*, 横面ニ怒色ヲ含ム, (his) face was flushed with intense anger.

**Dōshūkujin**, どうしよくじん, 銅色人, *n.* A copper-coloured man; an American Indian.

**Dōshōten**, どうせうてん, 同焦熱, *a.* [*Math.*] Con-focal. [*priesthood.*]

**Dōshū**, どうしゆう, 僧徒, *n.* Buddhist priests; the  
**Dōshū**, どうしゆう, 巡禮, *n.* Pilgrims.

**Dōshugyo**, どうしゆぎよ, 團扇魚, *n.* [*Ichth.*] Bo-Syn. KATSUO.  
**Dōshū**, どうしゆう, 同宗, *n.* The same religion; the same denomination or sect.

**Dōshuku**, どうしゆく, 同宿, *n.* Lodging at the same inn or hotel. — *suru*, *v.t.* To lodge  
Syn. ATYADO. [*etc.*]

**Dōsō**, どうそう, 同窓, *n.* The alumni of an educational institution; a school-mate; a fellow-student.

**Dosō**, どうそう, 土葬, *n.* Inhumation; interment; burying the dead in the earth.  
*Dosō ni suru*, 土葬ニスル, to bury in the ground; to inter.

**Dōsō**, どうそう, 同宗, *n.* and *a.* ① Same as *Dōshū*.  
② Descended from the same ancestor; of the same family.

**Dōso**, どうそう, 同祖, *n.* Same as above ②.

**Dōsojin**, どうそうじん, 道祖神, *n.* The god of roads.  
Syn. SAINOKAMI.

**Dosoku**, どうそく, 土足, *n.* Having clogs or sandals on; muddy feet.  
*Dosoku nite agaru*, 土足ニテ上ル, to enter a house without taking clogs or sandals off.

**Dossari**, どうさり, *a.* [*coll.*] Abundant; much; plenty; thick; many; copious; voluminous; numerous.  
*Dossari kome ga tsunde aru*, ドッサリ米が積テアル, there is a great heap of rice bags; *Koko ni ishi ga dossari aru*, 此ニ石がドッサリアル, the stones are thick here.  
Syn. TAKUSAN.

**Dossariri**, どうさりり, *a.* [*coll.*] Same as above.

**Dossariri to**, どうさりり, *adv.* The adverbial form of above.

**Dossari to**, どうさり, *adv.* of above.

**Dossu**, どうす, *n.* [*coll.*] Leprosy.  
Syn. RAINYŪ.

**Dosū**, どうす, 度數, *n.* ① How many times. ② Degrees (as of heat, longitude, an angle, etc.).

**Dosukui**, どうすかい, 暗赤, *a.* [*coll.*] Dark red; dirty scarlet; too red.

**Dosugoye**, どうすごえ, 濁泥, *n.* Same as *Damtooye*.

**Dosuguroi**, どうすぐろい, 暗黒, *a.* [*coll.*] Dark brown; too black.

**Do suru**, どうする, 度, *v.t.* [*Budd.*] To save; to deliver; to redeem from sin.  
Syn. SAIDO SURU, SUKŪ.

**Dōtai**, どうたい, 童体, *n.* The state of being virginal or undefiled. [*tion.*]

**Dōtai**, どうたい, 動体, *n.* [*Physics.*] A body in motion.

**Dote**, どうて, 土手, 堤, *n.* A bank, dyke, or embankment.  
*Demizu nite dote wo kuzusu*, 出水ニテ堤ヲ崩ス, the flood opened the dyke or bank; *Dote wo kuzuku*, 堤ヲ築ク, to make or build an embankment.  
Syn. TRUTSUMI. [*ment.*]

**Dōtei**, どうてい, 道程, *n.* The distance from one place to another.  
Syn. MICHINORI.

**Dōtei**, どうてい, 銅提, *n.* [*Chin.*] Same as *Chōshi*.

**Dōteiran**, どうていらん, 銅提院, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Veronica incana*.

**Dotera**, どうてら, 襦袢, *n.* [*coll.*] A wadded outer garment worn in one's private rooms, or while sleeping.

**Dōtō**, どうとう, 同等, *n.* and *a.* Equality; the same rank; equal; of the same rank, class, or grade.  
Syn. HITOSHIKI.

**Dotō**, どうとう, 怒涛, *n.* Raging billows; the boiling sea.  
*Kyōran dotō*, 狂瀾怒涛, [*lit.*] frantic waves and raging billows; [*fig.*] the madly boiling sea.  
Syn. HAYANAMI, ŌNAMI.

**Dōto**, どうと, 道途, *n.* Same as *Dōro*.

**Dōtō**, どうとう, 同黨, *n.* The same party.

**Dōto**, どうと, *adv.* Precipitately; headlong.  
*Dōto ochiru*, ドウト落ル, to fall precipitately.

**Dotōki**, どうとうき, 土管露, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Aralla cordata*.

**Dōtoku**, どうとく, 道徳, *n.* Morality; moral character; righteousness; strict observance of one's duties.  
*Dōtoku kengo no sō*, 道徳堅固ノ僧, a priest of strict moral character (or principles).

**Dōtoku-gaku**, どうとくがく, 道徳學, *n.* The moral science or philosophy; ethics.

**Dotto**, どうと, 嘔吐, *adv.* Bursting into a sudden cry; suddenly; at once.  
*Dotto homeru*, 嘔ト讃ル, to applaud; to praise by acclamation; *Dotto sakebu*, 嘔ト叫ブ, to cry out at once; *Dotto warau*, 嘔ト笑フ, to burst into sudden laughter.

**Dōn**, どうん, 堂宇, *n.* [*Chin.*] A temple.

**Dōwa**, どうわ, 道話, *n.* A sermon; preaching, a moral or religious discourse or lecture.

**Dōwa wo kiku**, 道話ヲ聴ク, to listen to a sermon.  
Syn. SHINGAKU BANASHI. [*sermon.*]

**Dōwasure**, どうわすれ, 懈怠, 懈怠, *n.* [*coll.*] Forgetfulness; being unable to recollect.

**Doyadoya**, どうや, *adv.* Suddenly; confusedly; at the same time. Used of many persons entering; assembling, or coming together at the same time.  
*Doyadoya to irikomu*, ドヤドヤト入込ム, to enter suddenly; to come together in utter confusion.

**Doyaki**, どうやき, 土器, *n.* Earthenware; pottery.

**Dōyaku**, どうやく, 筒薬, *n.* Gunpowder.  
Syn. DŌGASURU.

**Dōyaku**, どうやく, 同役, *n.* Same as *Dōryō*.

**Doyasu**, どうやす, *v.t.* [*coll.*] Same as *Butsu*.

**Dōyō**, どうよう, 童謡, *n.* [*Chin.*] A children's song.

**Dōyō**, どうよう, 動搖, *n.* ① Moving; being tossed about. ② Shaking; trembling. ③ Excitement; riotous movement; agitation. — *suru*, *v.t.* To move; tremble, or shake; to be tossed about; to be excited or perturbed.  
Syn. SŌDŌ, SŌJŌ.

**Dōyō**, どうよう, 同様, *n.* and *a.* Sameness; similarity; identity; analogy; similar; identical; Syn. ONAJIKISAMA, ONAJIKIKOTO. [*alike.*]

**Dōyō**, どうよう, 童容, *n.* Behaviour; conduct; demeanour; manners.

**Dōyō**, どうよう, 土用, *n.* ① A period of 18 days in each of the four seasons. ② Popularly, the period of the greatest heat in summer.

**Dōyō**, どうよう, 土曜, *n.* One of the *shichijū* of Chinese astronomers; the planet Saturn.

**Dōyō-baki**, どうようばき, 土用掃, *n.* See *Susuharai*.

**Dōyōbi**, どうようび, 土曜日, *n.* Saturday.

**Dōyō-boshi**, どうようぼし, 土用乾, 羅漢, *n.* Same as *Mushiboshi*. [*of Bamboo.*]

**Dōyōdake**, どうようたけ, 鳳尾竹, *n.* [*Bot.*] A kind of bamboo.

**Dōyoku**, どうよく, 獨欲, *n.* Avarice; selfishness; greediness; inordinate desire.  
*Sorya amari dōyoku na*, ソリヤアマリ獨欲ナ, that is too selfish of you.  
Syn. HĪDŌ, TONYOKU, YOKUBARI.

**Dōyomoku**, どうよめく, 嘖嘖, *v.t.* [*coll.*] To sound loudly; to reverberate; to rumble.  
Syn. HIBIKU, NARIWATARU.

**Dōyōnu**, どうよぬ, 嘖, *v.t.* Same as above.

**Dōyō-nami**, どうよなみ, 土用浪, *n.* High waves which are seen on calm days during the summer *dōyō*.

**Dōyō-no-iri**, どうようのいり, 土用入, *n.* The day upon which the *dōyō* season commences.

**Dōyōnaburō**, どうようなぼう, 土用三郎, *n.* The third day in the *dōyō* period of summer, one of the four unlucky days of the year.

**Dōyū suru**, どういうする, 同遊, *v.t.* ① To have a

good time, or to make merry together with others. ② To go or visit in company with another.

**Dozaemon**, どうざえもん, *n.* [*coll.*] A drowned person, so named after one *Kurafune* (or *Narusegawa*) *Dozaemon*, a wrestler of Tokyo, who was so exceedingly corpulent as to remind one of the swollen corpse of a drowned man.  
Syn. DRKISHINIX. [*for punishment.*]

**Dōzai**, どうざい, 同罪, *n.* The same crime, offense.

**Dōzan**, どうざん, 銅山, *n.* A copper mine.

**Dōzei**, どうぜい, 同勢, *n.* A retinue or suite; followers; persons who go together; companions; accomplices.

**Dozen**, どうぜん, 土管露, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Aralla cordata*.

**Dōzen**, どうぜん, 同前, *a.* and *adv.* Same; alike; as above or before; ditto.  
Syn. DŌDAN.

**Dōzen**, どうぜん, 同然, *adv.* and *a.* Similar; identical; analogous; in the same or similar manner.

**Dozō**, どうそう, 土蔵, *n.* A go-down; a warehouse; a store-house; a fire-proof building.  
Syn. TSUCHIGURA.

**Dōzō**, どうそう, 銅像, *n.* A copper statue; an idol made of copper. [*you please.*]

**Dōzo**, どうぞ, *adv.* [*coll.*] Please; I pray you; if  
*Dōzo kite kudasai*, ドゾ来テクダサイ, please come; I entreat you to come; *Dōzo ohanashi nasai*, ドゾお話しナサイ, please speak or tell; (I) request (you) to deliver a lecture or speech; *Dōzo ome ni kakaritai*, ドゾ御目ニ懸リタイ, (I) wish to see (him); please take (me) into (his) presence; *Dōzo onegai desu ga*, ドゾお願いデスガ, let me beg you to.....; *Dōzo tanomitai*, ドゾ頼ミタイ, let me ask.....; pray be so good.  
Syn. DŌKA, NANITŌZO.

**Dōroku**, どうろく, 道俗, *n.* Priests and laymen; clergy and laity.

**Dōzoku**, どうぞく, 同族, *n.* ① The same caste, class, rank, or order. ② The same family or pedigree.

**Dozoku**, どうぞく, 土俗, *n.* The customs and manners of the natives or aborigines; do. of a locality.

**Dōzuki**, どうづき, 礎石, *n.* The foundation on which to raise a structure; the groundwork.  
Syn. JIGATAME, JIGYŌ.

**Dōzuru**, どうずる, 動, *v.t.* To be moved, agitated, influenced, astonished, or outwitted; not to be calm or composed; to give up the presence of mind.  
*Sarari dōzuru koto nashi*, 更ニ動ズルコトナシ, is not at all influenced by; is calm and composed.  
Syn. MUNASAWAGI SURU.



**Dōzuru**, 定むる, 同. v.t. To agree to or with; to assent to; to consent to; to approve.  
*Sono kurodate ni d zuru*, 其金 = 同ズル, to consent to the design; to approve the proposal.

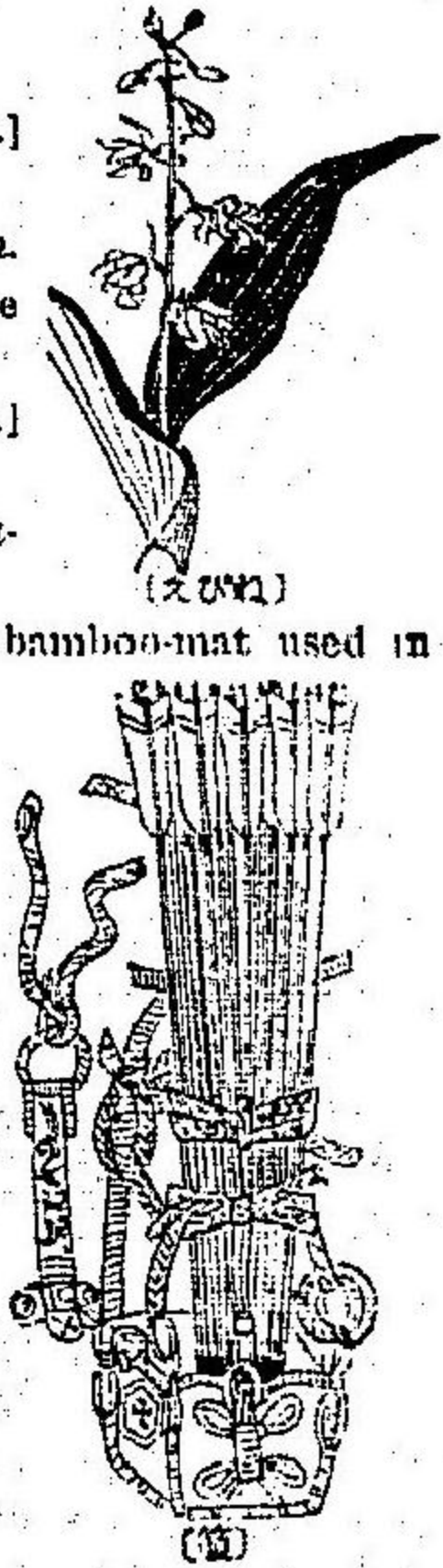


E.

**E**, え, 柄, n. A handle.  
*Ono no e*, 斧ノ柄, the handle of an axe.  
**E**, え, 江, n. ① A river. ② An arm of the sea; a bay. ③ A sound or fiord.  
*Hori-e*, 堀江, a canal; *Iri-e*, 入江, a bay.  
**E**, え, 櫻, n. [Bot.] *Celtis sinensis*.  
**E**, え, 花, n. [Bot.] *Pertilla octinoides*.  
 Syn. EGOMA.  
**E**, え, 重, n. ① A fold; doubling of any flexible substance. ② Times repeated. ③ Taking much care. ④ Intricacy; complexity; convolution.  
*Futa-e*, 二重, double;  
*Iku-e nimo*, 幾重 = 七, manifold; how many folds; [*flu.*] please: *Nana-e ya-e*, 七重八重, sevenfold and eight-fold; convoluted. [ly.]  
**E**, え, adv. [coll.] Possibly; ably; well; successful-  
*Etori macrasen*, え取会ラセン, I can possibly take (it for you); I am able to bring.  
**E**, え, 兄, n. An elder brother.  
**E**, え, An expletive used in expressing a question, doubt, or suspicion.  
*Sōka e*, ソウカエ, is it so?  
**E**, え, 得, v.t. Same as *Eru*.  
**E**, え, 會, n. A religious meeting; an assembly.  
**E**, え, 絵, n. A picture, drawing, figure.  
*E wo kaku*, 絵ヲ描ク, to draw a picture.  
 Syn. EZU, GWA. [fishes; bait]  
**E**, え, 餌, n. Food for animals, birds, insects, or  
**Eararagi**, えあらしぎ, n. [Bot.] Sweet Basil.  
**Eawase**, えあはせ, 繪合, 闘雲, n. A kind of game in which two opposite parties try their skill in drawing pictures.  
**Eba**, えび, 餅, n. Same E (餅).  
**Ehari**, えびり, 時毒, n. Anything infectious, epidemic, or destructive; pestilence; plague; pest; a prevailing disease.  
 Syn. EYAMI, TORI-NO KE.  
**Ehari**, えびり, n. [coll.] Same as *Ihari*.  
**Ebaru**, えばる, v.t. [coll.] Same as *Ibaru*.



**Ebi**, えび, 蟹, n. [Zool.] A shrimp; prawn; lobster.  
**Ebi**, えび, 籠, n. A padlock.  
**Ebi**, えび, 餅, n. [Bot.] *Vitis thunbergii*.  
**Ebiashi**, えびあし, 蟹脚, n. A club-foot; a short and deformed foot; bandy legs.  
 Syn. MAGARIASHI.  
**Ebigarachō**, えびがらてふ, n. [Entom.] *Pratoparce orientalis*.  
 [phoenicolastus.  
**Ebigara-ichigo**, えびがらいちご, n. [Bot.] *Rubus*  
**Ebi-goshi**, えびごし, 腰折, n. The back bent with  
 Syn. MAGARIGOSHI. [age  
**Ebiro**, えびいろ, 海老色, n. The colour of an *ebi*; grape-colour (reddish brown).  
**Ebiyako**, えびやこ, 米蟹, n. [Zool.] Shrimp.  
**Ebiyō**, えびやう, 海老蟹, 魚輪, n. A kind of padlock like a shrimp in shape.  
**Ebikazura**, えびかづら, 蟹籠, n. [Bot.] A wild grape, *Vitis thunbergii*.  
 Syn. KUROUDŌ.  
**Ebimo**, えびも, 馬藻, n. [Bot.] *Potamogeton crispus*.  
**Ebimushi**, えびむし, 水蠅, n. [Entom.] A larva of the dragon-fly.  
**Ebine**, えびね, 借老, n. [Bot.] Burnet.  
**Ebine**, えびね, n. [Bot.] *Catanthe discolor*.  
**Ehira**, えびら, 蓆, n. A bamboo-mat used in silk-culture.  
**Ehira**, えびら, 籠, n. A quiver.  
**Ehira-fuji**, えびらふじ, n. [Bot.] *Vicia venosa*.  
**Ehira-hagi**, えびらばぎ, 草蓆, n. [Bot.] *Melilotus squarretens*.  
**Ehira-shida**, えびらした, n. [Bot.] *Polypodium Krameri*.  
**Ehiru**, えびる, v.t. [coll.] Same as *Ihiru*.  
**Ehisu**, えびす, 夷, n. A barbarian or savage; uncivilized people; outlaws.  
**Ehisu**, えびす, 恵比須, n. The god of wealth; the guardian god of trade and industry.  
**Ehisu-gami**, えびすがみ, 夷紙, n. A leaf of a book which the binder has failed to fold in.  
**Ehisu-gokoro**, えびすごころ, n. The heart, idea, mind, or thought, of a savage or barbarian; cruelty. [Tora.  
**Ehisu-gusa**, えびすぐさ, 決明, n. [Bot.] *Cassia*  
**Ehisaokō**, えびさかう, 夷壽, n. A fête in honour of the god of wealth celebrated on the 20th of the 10th month (o.s.).



**Ebisukuni**, えびすくに, 倭, n. A barbarous count.  
**Ebisuguni**, えびすぐに, 1 try or state.  
**Ebisu-matsuri**, えびすまつり, 夷祭, n. A fête observed by merchants on the 20th day of the 10th mo. (o.s.). [Frina.  
**Ebisume**, えびすめ, n. [Bot.] *Laminaria saccha-*  
**Ebisumeku**, えびすめく, v.t. To be like a savage or barbarian.  
**Ebisu-uta**, えびすうた, 夷曲, n. A country-song.  
 Syn. HINABURI, HINAUTA.  
**Ebisu-zen**, えびすぜん, 夷膳, n. [coll.] Sitting on the wrong side of a dining table.  
**Ebiwareru**, えびわれる, v.t. [coll.] To burst open;  
**Ebiwareru**, えびわれる, 1 to crack; to open in chinks. (Chiefly used of ripe fruits.  
**Ebizome**, えびずめ, 菊菊染, n. Dyeing in light  
**Ebo**, えぼ, 疔, n. Same as *Ibo*. [purple.  
**Ebojirumaki**, えぼじり巻, n. See under *Mage*.  
**Eboshi**, えぼし, 烏帽子, n. A kind of cap formerly worn by nobles, and at present used by *kamuroshi*, *nō actors*, and *manza*.  
*Kazari-eboshi*, 風折烏帽子, an e used on ordinary days (Fig. 1); *Komusubi-eboshi*, 小結烏帽子, an e worn by an inferior *samurai* (Fig. 2); *Manzai-eboshi*, 萬歳烏帽子, an e worn by a *manzai* (Fig. 3); *Momi-eboshi*, 揉烏帽子, same as *Yanagisabi* (Fig. 4); *Natō-eboshi*, 納豆烏帽子, the popular name for *samurai eboshi*; *Ori-eboshi*, 折烏帽子, a name applied to any e which has its top folded (Fig. 5); *Samurai-eboshi*, 烏帽子 (烏帽子) (Fig. 6); *Tate-eboshi, 立烏帽子, an e used on ceremonial occasions (Fig. 7); *Yanagisabi*, 柳簪, an e used by persons having no official rank (Fig. 8); *Eboshi shitatare*, 烏帽子直垂, putting on an e and a *shitatare*; a court-dress.  
**Eboshi-bana**, えぼしはな, 附子, n. [Bot.] Aconite.  
**Eboshi-giku**, えぼしぎく, 烏帽子袴, n.  
**Eboshi-chirimen**, えぼしちりめん, 烏帽子袴, n.*



A kind of crape extensively manufactured at  
 Syn. GIFU-CHIRIMEN. [Gifu, Mino.  
**Eboshi-gusu**, えぼしぐさ, 百獸根, n. [Bot.] *Lotus corniculatus*. [capus sp.  
**Eboshimushi**, えぼしむし, n. [Entom.] *Bytho-*  
 Syn. HATOMUSHI.  
**Eboshiori**, えぼしをり, 烏帽子折, 紗帽匠, n. One who makes *eboshi*. [father.  
**Eboshi-oya**, えぼしおや, 烏帽子親, n. A god-  
**Ebukuro**, えぶくろ, 餌籠, n. The crop of fowls; the stomach. [implement.  
**Ehuri**, えぶり, 籠, n. The name of an agricultural  
**Ehuriko**, えぶりこ, 落葉松茸, n. [Bot.] *Poly-*  
**Ehuritake**, えぶりたけ, 1 *porus officinalis*.  
**Echigo-chijimi**, えちごちぢみ, 越後綿, n. A kind of hempen cloth woven in the province of Echigo.  
**Echigo-jishi**, えちごぢし, 越後獅子, n. ① A kind of dancing performed before a shrine in Kanbara-gori, Echigo. ② Same as *Kakubejishi* (角兵衛獅子).  
 Syn. KAKUBEJISHI. [mone japonica.  
**Echizen-giku**, えちぜんぎく, 秋牡丹, n. [Bot.] *Ane-*  
**Eda**, えだ, 枝, n. ① The branch, shoot, bough, or limb of a plant. ② Any subdivision of a body or system; a ramification. ③ Any individual of a family descending in a collateral line.  
**Eda**, えだ, 肢, n. An articulated extremity of an animal system; a limb. [herb branches.  
**Edaburi**, えだぶり, n. The way in which a tree or  
**Edagaki**, えだがき, 枝枯, n. Same as *Kushiyaki*.  
**Edagawa**, えだがは, 枝川, 支流, n. A branch river or stream; a tributary.  
**Edaha**, えだは, 枝葉, n. ① Branches and leaves. ② Digression. ③ A subdivision of a religious sect or political party.  
*Hanashi ga edaha ni naru*, 話ハ枝葉ニナル, the story or narrative digresses.  
**Edamame**, えだまめ, 枝豆, n. ① [lit.] Branch bean. ② [coll.] Beans boiled in pods on the stalks.  
**Edamichi**, えだみち, 岐路, n. ① A branch road. ② Digression; deviation. [shears.  
**Edatori**, えだとり, 除枝器, n. A pair of pruning  
**Edatoru**, えだとり, n. One branch being inferior to another or the main stem; frequently used when speaking of a branch of a family.  
**Edaru**, えだる, 樽樽, n. A barrel or cask with two  
 Syn. TENODARU. [horn-like spouts.  
**Edasaki**, えださき, 葉頭, n. The tip of a branch.  
**Edashima**, えだしま, n. A peninsula. [latives.  
**Eda-shirai**, えだしらゐ, 支現船, n. Remote re-  
**Edawakare**, えだわかれ, 枝分, n. Same as *Eda* (枝), but chiefly used of those of a family.  
**Edazushi**, えだずし, 枝煮, n. Same as *Edaburi*.  
**Edo**, えど, 穢土, n. [Budd.] [lit.] The filthy earth; this sinful world.



**Edobarai**, えどばらひ, 江戸棒, *n.* An order to leave Edo, a mode of punishing political agitators under the Tokugawa gov't.

**Edobushi**, えどぶし, 江戸橋, *n.* Same as *Han-dayū bushi*.

**Edoe**, えどゑ, 江戸絵, *n.* Beautifully coloured paintings or pictures for which Edo (now Tōkyō) used to be famous.  
Syn. AZUMA-NISHIKI-E.

**Edokko**, えどっこ, 江戸子, *n.* [coll.] One born in Edo (Tōkyō) who considers boldness and fortitude his greatest virtues.  
*Edokko hada*, 江戸子ハダ, [coll.] the temper, character, or disposition of one born in Edo.

**Edokoro**, えどころ, 絵所, *n.* An ancient bureau of drawing and painting. [purple colour.]

**Edomurasaki**, えどむらさき, 江戸紫, *n.* A deep blue.

**Edona**, えどな, *n.* [Bot.] *Sinapis ceruua*.

**Edori**, えどり, 屠兒, *n.* A butcher (formerly held to be the lowest class of people).  
Syn. ITO.

**Eduru**, えどる, 彫, *v.t.* To paint; to apply colours.

**Edo**, えど, *interj.* An exclam. of doubt, wonder, or surprise.

**Edu**, えど, *n.* A box or basket immersed in a pond connected with the sea, for keeping fish alive.  
Syn. IKESU.

**Edu**, えど, 衛尉, *n.* A central office for the military men of guard at the gates to the Imperial Palace.

**Efude**, えふで, 墨筆, *n.* A drawing pencil.

**Efukōkō**, えふくかう, 鰐甲香, *n.* The operculum of a shell-fish.  
Syn. NISHINOPETA.

**Efuri**, えふり, *n.* A farm implement for leveling and smoothing soil.

**Ega**, えが, 葉巻, *n.* A prickly pericarp or bur.  
*Kuri no ega*, 栗巻, a chestnut bur; *Ega-guri atama*, エガグリアタマ, [coll.] the hair cropped short; roundhead.

**Egachi**, えがち, *n.* Pedantry; ostentation.  
Syn. KOKOROGAO, MONOSHIRIGAO.

**Egahara**, えがはら, *n.* A painful disorder in the bowels; children's colic or belly-ache.

**Egaku**, えがく, 描, *v.t.* To draw, picture, or delineate.  
*Hana wo egaku*, 花ヲ描ク, to draw a flower.

**Egao**, えがは, 笑顔, *n.* Merry or smiling face or countenance.  
*Egao wo suru*, 笑顔ヲスル, to smile; to look  
Syn. WARAI-GAO. [gay and joyous.]

**Egatashi-i-ki**, えがたしゝゝ, えがたし, 難得, *a.* Difficult, hard, or impossible to get, have, obtain, or gain.  
*Mata to egataki jisetsu*, 復ト得難キ時節, an opportunity never to be had again; *Yū ni egatal shinamono*, 容易ニ得難キ品物, an article or thing which is hard to get.

**Egihu**, えぎぬ, 絹糸, *n.* A kind of silk used for drawing.

**Ego**, えご, 江泥, *n.* A dock or broad deep trench on the sea-side for building and repairing ships in.  
[razz japonica.]

**Ego**, えご, 荷葉揚, *n.* [Bot.] Japanese stork, *Sty-ego*.

**Egogo**, えごご, *adv.* Waddlingly; toddling along (as a fat person).

**Egoi**, えごい, 酸, *a.* Acrid in taste, rancid.  
*Kono imo wa egoi*, 此芋ハ酸ヒ, this taro is acrid in taste.

**Egomu**, えごむ, 花, *n.* [Bot.] *Perilla octoides*.

**Egomata**, えごまた, *n.* [coll.] Same as *Eblashi*.

**Ego-no-ki**, えごのき, 齊藤果, *n.* [Bot.] Same as *Ego*.

**Egu**, えぐ, 女萎, *n.* [Bot.] *Clematis capifolia*.

**Eguimo**, えぐいも, 藪芋, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of taro.

**Eguri-warushi-i-ki**, えぐりわるしゝゝ, *a.* [Tor-tuous; roundabout; winding; zigzag.] [Cross; perverse; obstinate in the wrong; stubborn.]

**Eguru**, えぐる, 剝, *v.t.* To scoop; to lade; to excavate; to gouge; to force out; to dig.  
*Ana wo eguru*, 孔ヲ剝ル, to excavate a hole; *Me wo eguru*, 目ヲ剝ル, to gouge or force out an eye.  
Syn. KURIKU.

**Egusa**, えぐさ, *n.* Acridity; acrimony.

**Egushi**, えぐし, 萩, *a.* Same as *Ego*.

**Egusuri**, えぐすり, 齧齧膏, *n.* Enamel.

**Eguwa**, えぐわ, 柄藪, *n.* A kind of hoe.

**Ehira**, えひら, *n.* Same as *Mayudama*.

**Ehō**, えほう, 吉方, 恵方, *n.* The lucky or blissful direction. The points of the compass and years are named by a round of 12 names *ue, ushi, tori, u, tatsu, mi, uma, hitsuji, saru, tori, inn, and i.* and that direction called by the same name as the year, is the *ehō*, towards which it is supposed to be blissful to face in worshipping. In 1892 (*tatsu*), the *ehō* is E. S. E. which is *tatsu*; in 1893, *mi*; etc.

**Ehon**, えほん, 繪本, *n.* A picture book; or a book that has pictures in it.

**Ei**, えい, 絛, *n.* [Chin.] The strings of a cap or hat.

**Ei**, えい, 永, *n.* [Chin.] Permanence; eternity. Only used in composition.

**Ei**, えい, 誦, *n.* [Chin.] Reading; recitation; singing. Used only of poems or songs.  
*Gin-ci ni fukeru*, 吟味ニ耽ル, to be addicted to reading and reciting (poems).  
—*suru*, *v.t.* To read; to recite; to sing.  
*Shi wo ei suru*, 詩ヲ誦ズル, to sing a song; to recite a poem loudly. [perity.]

**Ei**, えい, 榮, *n.* [Chin.] [Honour; glory.] [Pros-  
*Isshin no ei*, 一身ノ榮, personal honour, glory, or prosperity; *Mi ni amaru ei wo ōmuru*, 身ニ榮ル榮ヲ蒙ル, to receive an honour greater than one is worthy of.  
Syn. HOMARE, SAKAE.

**Ei**, えい, 曳, *interj.* Eh!

**Ei**, えい, 影, *n.* Shadow; shade. Mostly used in composition.  
Syn. KAGE.

**Ei**, えい, 英, *n. and a.* [The corolla of a flower.] [Excellent; clever; intelligent.] [English.]  
Syn. HANABUSA, SUGURETARU.

**Ei**, えい, 塋, *n.* [Chin.] A tombstone.

**Ei**, えい, 銳, *a. and n.* [Sharp; pointed; acute.] [The stronger soldiers in a regiment.]  
Syn. SURUDOKI.

**Ei**, えい, 聖, *a.* Majestic; sagacious; divine; noble; wise. Used only of the Emperor or the Imperial family.

**Ei**, えい, 醜, *n.* Intoxication; drunkenness.  
*Ei ni norite*, 醜ニ乗リテ, carried away by drunkenness; *Ei ni magirete*, 醜ニ廻レテ, con-founded by intoxication.  
Syn. YOI.

**Eiben**, えいべん, 英辯, *n.* Eloquence.

**Eihin**, えいびん, 穎敏, *a.* [Chin.] Clever; sagacious; sharp; intelligent; gifted; of parts.

**Eihō**, えいほう, 衛芳, *n.* [Bot.] Dogwood; pigwood; skeweswood; prickwood.

**Eihu**, えいぶ, 英武, *a.* Wise and courageous. Said of military men of high rank.  
*Eihu no kimi*, 英武ノ君, a wise and courageous Emperor. [composition.]

**Eibun**, えいぶん, 英文, *n.* An English sentence or

**Eihon**, えいほん, 英聞, *n.* The hearing of an Emperor.  
*Eihon ni tassuru*, 英聞ニ達スル, to inform or report to the Emperor. [wisdom.]

**Eichi**, えいち, 叡智, *n.* The Imperial or divine *Sōmei eichi*, 聰明叡智, wise and intelligent (said only of an Emperor).

**Eichiku suru**, えいちくする, 營築, *v.t.* To build; to erect; to construct.

**Eichō**, えいちよう, 榮寵, *n.* [Chin.] A gracious favour bestowed on an inferior.  
Syn. ATSUKIMEGUMI.

**Eichō**, えいちよう, 叡臨, *n.* Same as *Eihon* (英聞).

**Eidan**, えいたん, 英斷, *n.* A wise and decisive judgment; resolution.  
*Kimi no eidan ni makasu*, 君ノ英斷ニ任ス, to leave to your wise decision.

**Eiden**, えいでん, 影燈, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Miedō*.

**Eidō**, えいたう, 影堂, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Ihaidō*, and *Miedō*.

**Eiei**, えいえい, 曳々, *interj.* An interjection uttered by coolies when drawing a heavily laden wagon.

**Eiei**, えいえい, 永永, *a. and adv.* Everlasting; constant; forever; always; perpetually.

**Eiei**, えいえい, 營々, *a. and adv.* Strenuously; with earnest efforts; zealously; strivingly; struggling; ardent.  
Syn. SEKUSEKU.

**Eifusa**, えいふさ, 酔臥, *v.t.* To become drunk and lie down.

**Eifutsu**, えいふつ, 英佛, *n.* England and France.

**Eigakkō**, えいがっこう, 英學校, *n.* An English school; an educational institution for giving instruction in English.

**Eigaku**, えいがく, 英學, *n.* The study of English; the English language.  
*Eigaku shōsei*, 英學學生, an English student.

**Eigakusha**, えいがくしゃ, 英學者, *n.* An English scholar; one versed in the English literature.

**Eigen**, えいげん, 鰐鰓, *n.* [Zool.] A newt, *Triton pyrrhogaster*.  
Syn. IMORI.

**Eigoe**, えいごゑ, 曳聲, *n.* The noise *Eiei* (曳々).

**Eigwa**, えいぐわ, 榮華, *n.* Prosperity; opulence; riches.  
*Eigwa ni kurasu*, 榮華ニ慕ス, to do well; to be well off; to live in opulence.  
Syn. OGORI.

**Eikura**, えいくら, 酔狂, *v.t.* To be crazed with drink; to get mad by intoxications; to be raving drunk. [deed.]

**Eigyō**, えいげう, 英業, *n.* A great or an illustrious business; employment; calling.  
Syn. NARUWAI, SUGUWAI.

**Eigyō-nin**, えいげうにん, 營業人, *n.* One who is engaged in an occupation for getting profit.

**Eigyō-zai**, えいげうざい, 營業税, *n.* A tax on occupations; fees.

**Eihin**, えいへい, 衛兵, *n.* The guards.

**Eihin suru**, えいへいする, 營屏, *v.t.* [Chin.] To screen; to shelter from; to conceal; to darken; to cloud. [tomb; a grave.]

**Eihki**, えいけい, 營城, *n.* [Chin.] A sepulchre; a tomb.  
Syn. HAKA, TSUKA.

**Eihu**, えいぶ, 英武, *n.* [Bot.] Wild grape, or black grape, *Vitis Thunbergii*.  
Syn. EBKAZURA, KURONODŌ.

**Eihō suru**, えいほうする, 溢盈, *v.t.* [Chin.] To overflow; to go or run over the brim.  
Syn. MICHIAFURERU. [a suckling.]

**Eiji**, えいじ, 嬰兒, *n.* [Chin.] An infant; a baby; a child.  
Syn. AKAGO, MIDORIGO.

**Eijin**, えいじん, 英人, *n.* An Englishman.

**Eijū**, えいじう, 吟, *v.t.* To sing; to hum; to compose.  
*Uta wo eijū*, 歌ヲ吟ズル, to sing or compose a song.  
Syn. UTAU, GIN ZURU. [pose a song.]

**Eijūru**, えいじうる, 映, *v.t.* To reflect, as in water upon; to shine on.

**Eijitsu**, えいじつ, 永日, *n.* A long day.  
*Nao eijitsu wo goshi soro*, 猶永日ヲ期シ候, the rest is deferred to a longer day (epistolary).



Syn. Eiyō, NAGAKIHI. [disgrace.]  
**Eijoku**, えいよく, 榮辱, *n.* [Chin.] Honour and  
*Kiyō eijoku*, 毀譽榮辱, censure and praise,  
honour and disgrace.  
**Eiyō suru**, えいせうする, 榮耀, *v.t.* [Chin.] To  
glorify; to shine; to coil round; to wind  
Syn. MATSUWARU, MEGURU. [about.]  
**Eijū**, えいちゆう, 永住, *n.* Living at a place for a  
long time; long residence. —*suru*, *v.t.* To  
live long at one place.  
Syn. NAGAKUSUMAU. [Military Store.]  
**Eiju-bunko**, えいぢゆうぶんこ, 衛戍武庫, *n.* The guard  
guards hospital.  
**Eiju-byōin**, えいぢゆうびょういん, 衛戍病院, *n.* The  
guards hospital.  
**Eiju-kangoku**, えいぢゆうかんこく, 衛戍監獄, *n.* The  
guards prison.  
**Eika**, えいか, 歌歌, *n.* A song; a lyric poem.  
Syn. YOMITTA.  
**Eikaku**, えいかく, 銳角, *n.* [Math.] An acute angle.  
**Eikaku-sanjūkyū-kaku**, えいかくさんじゅうきゅうかく, 銳角  
三角形, *n.* [Math.] Oxygen; acute angled  
triangle.  
**Eikan**, えいかん, 敬感, *n.* [Chin.] An Emperor's  
admiration or approval.  
**Eiken**, えいけん, 榮顯, *n.* [Chin.] Prosperity and  
celebrity. [a hero.]  
**Eiketsumi**, えいけつみ, 英傑, *n.* [Chin.] A great man;  
*Tenka no eketsumi*, 天下ノ英傑, a world-famous  
hero.  
**Eiketsumi**, えいけつみ, 永訣, *n.* [Chin.] Parting never  
to meet again; death.  
Syn. NAGAKIWAKARE. [sepulchre.]  
**Eiketsumi**, えいけつみ, 聖穴, *n.* [Chin.] A grave; a  
Syn. HAKAANA, TSUKA.  
**Eiki**, えいき, 銳氣, *n.* An animated spirit; ardour;  
courage; spirit.  
*Eiki botsubotsu*, 銳氣勃々, a spirit impulsive-  
ly animated; *Teki no eiki wo kujiku*, 敵ノ銳氣ヲ  
挫ク, to break the spirit of or to discourage the  
enemy.  
**Eiko**, えいこ, 榮枯, *n.* [Chin.] Flourishing and  
decaying; prosperity and failure; rise and fall.  
*Eiko seisai*, 榮枯盛衰, success and failure;  
rise and decline; ups and downs.  
**Eikwō**, えいこう, 榮光, *n.* Honour; prosperity  
fame; celebrity; splendour; chivalrous pride.  
Syn. EIYO, SAKAE.  
**Eikyō**, えいきょう, 盈虚, *n.* [Chin.] Waxing and wan-  
ing; rise and fall; ebb and flow; success and  
failure.  
*Tsuki no eikyō*, 月ノ盈虚, the waxing and wan-  
ing of the moon as seen by a spectator on earth.  
**Eikyō**, えいきょう, 影響, *n.* [Chin.] Influence; ef-  
fect; [lit.] shadow and sound; an echo.  
*Eikyō wo oyobosu*, 影響ヲ及ボス, to influence;  
to feel the effect of; *Eikyō yori sumiyaka*, 影響  
ヨリ速カ, quicker than an echo.

**Eikyoku**, えいきよく, 野曲, *n.* [Chin.] Vulgar songs  
or tunes.  
**Eikyō**, えいきょう, 永久, *n. a. and adv.* ① Eternity;  
perpetuity; permanence. ② Everlasting; per-  
petual; forever; eternal; permanent.  
Syn. EIEI, NAGAKU.  
**Eikyō suru**, えいきょうする, 榮耀, *v.t.* To coil or  
entwine around; to stick to; to be a parasite.  
Syn. MATSUWARU, MATOITSURU.  
**Eimai**, えいまい, 英邁, *a.* [Chin.] Clever; wise;  
gifted; of parts; talented; sagacious.  
**Eiman**, えいまん, 盈滿, *n.* [Chin.] The waxing of  
the moon and the rise of the tide; success;  
prosperity; the height of glory. —*suru*, *v.t.*  
To be perfectly successful; to wax; to be pros-  
perous.  
Syn. MITSURU.  
**Emei**, えいめい, 英名, *n.* Fame; an illustrious  
name; glory.  
*Emei wo kaigwai ni kagayakasu*, 英名ヲ海外ニ  
耀カス, to become famous abroad; to become  
known to the whole world.  
Syn. HOMARE, YOKINA.  
**Emen**, えいめん, 永年, *n.* Eternal or long ages.  
**Emu**, えいむ, 榮顯, *n.* [Conch.] *Turbo cornutus*.  
Syn. SAZAI.  
**Emakusen**, えいらくせん, 永樂錢, *n.* A coin im-  
ported from China, bearing the stamp of the  
Yung-lo (*Eiraku*) era, and worth about one *rin*.  
**Eiraku-yaki**, えいらくやき, 永樂燒, *n.* A kind of  
porcelain made by Zengoro Hozen, a former  
potter of Kyōto. [sewing.]  
**Eiran**, えいらん, 嚴察, *n.* An Emperor's personal  
*Eiran ni kyōsu*, 嚴察ニ供ス, to submit to the  
Syn. GYORAN. [Emperor's examination.]  
**Eiri**, えいり, 銳利, *a.* Sharp; pointed; true as steel;  
shrewd; penetrating; critical; to the point;  
Syn. SURUDOKI. [astute.]  
**Eiri**, えいり, 贏利, *n.* [Chin.] Profit; making money;  
acquiring wealth.  
Syn. KANEMŌKE. [illustrated.]  
**Eiri**, えいり, 輸入, *n. and a.* Containing pictures;  
**Eirin-shujū**, えいりんしゅじゅう, 營林主事, *n.* The  
Superintendent of Forests.  
**Eirin-shujūhe**, えいりんしゅじゅうけ, 營林主事課, *n.*  
The Assistant Superintendent of Forests.  
**Eiri-shimbun**, えいりしんぶん, 輸入新聞, *n.* An  
illustrated news-paper.  
**Eirō**, えいろう, 永牢, *n.* Imprisonment for life.  
**Eiryō**, えいりょう, 叢慮, *n.* The Emperor's mind,  
anxiety, consideration, opinion, or thought.  
*Eiryō wo wazurawasu*, 叢慮ヲ煩ハス, to make  
the Emperor anxious.  
**Eisai**, えいさい, 英才, *n.* [Chin.] Cleverness; intel-  
ligence; smartness. Mostly used of young  
children.  
**Eisai**, えいさい, 英才, *n.* [Chin.] Same as above.

**Eisai**, えいさい, 叢慮, *n.* The decision of the Em-  
peror.  
*Eisai wo aogu*, 叢慮ヲ仰グ, to request or call  
upon the Emperor to decide.  
Syn. CHOKUSHI.  
**Eisan**, えいさん, 叢探, *n.* The Emperor's opinion,  
thought, or estimation.  
**Eisan**, えいさん, 營産, *n.* [Chin.] Carrying on busi-  
ness for getting food; livelihood; taking care of  
Syn. NARIWAI, SHŌBAI. [an estate.]  
**Eisan**, えいさん, 叢探, *n.* [Chin.] Sleet.  
Syn. MIZORE.  
**Eisei**, えいせい, 英聖, *a.* [Chin.] Wise and glorious.  
*Eisei bamba naru tenmō heika*, 英聖文武ナル天  
皇陛下, His Majesty the Emperor who is wise  
and glorious in matters civil as well as military.  
**Eisei**, えいせい, 永世, *n. and adv.* Eternity; all  
generations; eternally, forever.  
*Eisei kuchizu*, 永世不朽, not to decay, go to  
ruin, or be obliterated forever.  
Syn. YORO, NAGAKIYO.  
**Eisei**, えいせい, 衛星, *n.* [Astron.] A satellite.  
Syn. BAISEI.  
**Eisei**, えいせい, 衛生, *n.* Observing the conditions  
most favourable to health.  
*Eisei no michi*, 衛生ノ道, hygienic rules; the  
sanitary conditions.  
**Eisei-gaku**, えいせいがく, 衛生學, *n.* Hygiene.  
**Eisei-kyoku**, えいせいきよく, 衛生局, *n.* The  
Bureau of Health.  
**Eisei-kyūin**, えいせいきゅういん, 衛生課, *n.* The Section  
of Health.  
**Eisei-kyūin**, えいせいきゅういん, 衛生會館, *n.* A  
meeting held for discussing on sanitary matters.  
**Eisei-shikenjo**, えいせいしけんじょう, 衛生試験所, *n.*  
The Sanitary Laboratory.  
**Eisen**, えいせん, 永銀, *n.* The contracted form of  
*Eirakusen*. [sen=1 yen.]  
*Eisen ikkwanmon*, 永銀壹貫文, 1,000 mon=100  
**Eisen**, えいせん, 雲母, *n.* [Chin.] A screening fan.  
**Eisha**, えいしや, 影寫, *n.* Copying the contour  
lines only.  
Syn. KAGEZUSHI.  
**Eishan-ken**, えいしやくけん, 永借權, *n.* [Law.]  
An emphyteusis.  
**Eishi**, えいし, 叢詩, *n.* Same as *Eiryō*.  
**Eishi**, えいし, 詠史, *n.* Composing poetry of his-  
torical subjects. [cordata.]  
**Eishō**, えいしょう, 嬰子桐, *n.* [Bot.] *Alcornoques*  
**Eishō**, えいしょう, 英書, *n.* An English work or book.  
**Eishō**, えいしょう, 障障, *n.* [Chin.] A screen or par-  
Syn. ŌI, SASAWARI. [titian.]  
**Eishun**, えいしゆん, 英聲, *a. and n.* [Chin.] ① Dis-  
tinction; fame; eminence. ② Excellent; dis-  
tinguished; clever.  
**Eisō**, えいそう, 詩草, *n.* A manuscript of poems.

**Eisō**, えいそう, 影相, *n.* [Chin.] A photographic  
picture.  
**Eisoku**, えいそく, 盈昫, *n.* [Chin.] Waxing and  
waning, as of the moon.  
Syn. MICHIKAKE. [muru.]  
**Eisō suru**, えいそうする, 榮耀, *v.t.* Same as *Eiyō*.  
**Eitai**, えいたい, 永代, *n.* Same as *Bandai* (舊代).  
**Eitai-shaku-kelyaku**, えいたいしやくけいやく, 永代  
借契約, *n.* [Law.] A contract for emphyteusis.  
**Eitaku**, えいたく, 永宅, *n.* Same as *Haka*; [lit.] the  
eternal residence.  
Syn. FUMBO.  
**Eitaoreru**, えいたおれる, 酔倒, *v.t.* To fall down  
from intoxication.  
**Eiten**, えいてん, 榮轉, *n.* Promotion in rank.  
*Go-eiten de o medetō gozatmasu*, I congratulate  
you on your promotion.  
**Eiten suru**, えいてんする, 榮轉, *v.t.* [Chin.] To die  
leaving none after, as a body of men.  
Syn. SUINITAEERU.  
**Eitetsu**, えいてつ, 英哲, *n. and a.* ① A wise man;  
a profound scholar or philosopher; a sage. ②  
Wise and learned.  
Syn. KASHIKOSHI, SATOKI.  
**Eitō**, えいとう, 影燈, *n.* A magic lantern.  
Syn. GENTŌ.  
**Eiwa**, えいわ, 英和, *a.* English-Japanese.  
**Eiwa-jū**, えいわじゅう, 英和字彙, *n.* An English-  
Japanese dictionary or lexicon. [above.]  
**Eiwa-jiten**, えいわじてん, 英和字典, *n.* Same as  
*Eiwa-taiyaku-jisho*, えいわたいやくじしよ, 英和對  
照字彙, *n.* Same as above.  
**Eiya**, えいや, 叢, *interj.* An exclamation uttered by  
a number of persons engaged in drawing or  
lifting something heavy.  
**Eiyatto**, えいあつと, *adv.* [coll.] In a difficult man-  
ner; by all means; with difficulty; hardly;  
barely. [with difficulty.]  
*Eiyatto motte kita*, エイヤット持テ来タ, brought  
Syn. KARŌJITE.  
**Eiyen**, えいえん, 永遠, *a. and n.* Eternal; eterni-  
ty; everlasting; to the distant future.  
*Eiyen no saku wo tatsu*, 永遠ノ峯ヲ立ツ, to  
plan with a long-sighted view.  
**Eiyō**, えいよう, 榮耀, *n.* Luxury; pomp; splen-  
dour; magnificence; glory.  
*Eiyō eiwa wo kiwamu*, 榮耀榮華ヲ極ム, to  
be extremely luxurious; to go the whole length  
Syn. EIKWA, OGORI. [of luxury.]  
**Eiyō**, えいよう, 永陽, *n.* Some time during the  
Syn. HARUNAGA. [spring.]  
**Eiyo**, えいよ, 餘賸, *n.* [Chin.] Surplus; anything  
left; the remainder.  
Syn. AMARI, NORORI.  
**Eiyo**, えいよ, 榮譽, *n.* Glory; honour; fame; re-  
nown; celebrity.



**Eiyo-hikinke**, えいよひきんけ, 榮譽引受, *n.* Acceptance for the sake of honour.

**Eiyo-shiharai**, えいよまはらひ, 榮譽支拂, *n.* Payment for honour. [ry post.]

**Eiyo-shoku**, えいよしよく, 榮譽職, *n.* An honorary post.

**Eiyō**, えいよう, 英雄, *n.* A great or illustrious man. *Eiyū yūkoku*, 英雄國, great men; heroes; *Syn.* MASURAO. [worthy personages.]

**Eiyū**, えいゆう, 優勝, *n.* [Chin.] Winning and being won; victory and defeat. *Eiyū wo kessuru*, 優勝ヲ決スル, to fight a decisive battle; to have the final match. *Syn.* KACHIMAKE. [victation.]

**Eizame**, えいざめ, 醒覺, *n.* Recovering from intoxication.

**Eizan-goke**, えいざんごけ, 叢山苔, *n.* [Bot.] *Trichomanes radicans*.

**Eizankō**, えいざんこう, 映山紅, *n.* [Bot.] *Rhododendron indicum*, var. *obtusum*.

**Eizan-sumire**, えいざんすみれ, 胡蔓草, *n.* [Bot.] *Viola pinnata*. [auratum.]

**Eizan-yuri**, えいざんゆり, 天香百合, *n.* [Bot.] *Lilium*

**Eizen**, えいぜん, 營繕, *n.* Building and repairing. *Eizen ni torikakaru*, 營繕ニ取掛ル, to commence to build or to repair. *Syn.* SHUFUKU, TSUKUROI.

**Eizen-gakari**, えいぜんがかり, 營繕係, *n.* An official architect. [of Architecture.]

**Eizen-yaku**, えいぜんやく, 營繕役, *n.* Official architect.

**Eizen-kwa**, えいぜんくわ, 營繕課, *n.* The Board of Architecture.

**Eizoku**, えいぞく, 永続, *n.* Continuing or lasting for a long time. —*suru*, *v.t.* To last long; to stand permanently.

**Eizuru**, えいぞる, 味, *v.t.* Same as *Eijiru*.

**Eizuru**, えいぞる, 味, *v.t.* Same as *Eijiru*.

**Eiji**, えいじ, 衛士, *n.* [obs.] An Imperial guard.

**Eijikaru**, えいぢかる, *v.t.* [coll.] To shrink from fear or cold, to be terror-stricken; to be astonished and at one's wit's end.

**Eikaki**, えいかけ, 畫工, *n.* A painter or drawer of pictures; an artist.

**Eki**, えき, 易, *n.* ① The Chinese classic on probabilities or changes; *Y-king*. ② Divination. *Eki no omoite*, 易ノ面, what appears in the book on divination; *Eki wo mitu*, 易ヲ見ル, to divine. *Syn.* URANAI. [divine.]

**Eki**, えき, 驛, *n.* A post-station; a post-town; a coach stage. *Syn.* SHUKU. [coach stage.]

**Eki**, えき, 疫, *n.* A contagious disease; a pestilence.

**Eki**, えき, 役, *n.* ① A service; an employment. ② A battle, campaign, or war. —*suru*, *v.t.* To employ; to purchase one's services. *Syn.* IKUSA. [use.]

**Eki**, えき, 益, *n.* Profit; advantage; gain; benefit; *Eki wo uru*, 益ヲ得ル, to get a profit; *Nan no eki mo nai*, 何ノ益モナイ, of no use or advantage. *Syn.* KAI, MUKU, TOKU. [vantage.]

**Eki**, えき, 液, *n.* A fluid; a liquid or juice. *Syn.* SHIRU, TSUYU.

**Ekiaba**, えきあば, 驛馬, *n.* [Chin.] A post-horse. *Syn.* SHUKU-UMA, TEMMA.

**Ekiabyō**, えきあびょう, 疫癘, *n.* A pestilence or plague; an epidemic disease. *Syn.* YAKUBYŌ.

**Ekimosō**, えきもそう, 益母草, *n.* [Bot.] *Leonurus japonicus*.

**Ekiomosō**, えきもそう, 益母草, *n.* [Bot.] *Leonurus japonicus*. *Syn.* MEHAJIKI.

**Ekiō**, えきお, 驛長, *n.* ① The head official of a railway station. ② The chief town-officer. *Syn.* SHUKU-NO-OSA.

**Ekiō**, えきお, 驛夫, *n.* A coolie employed at a railway station.

**Ekiō**, えきお, 鷓鴣, *n.* [Ornith.] Pelican, *Pelecanus* sp. *Syn.* GARANCHŌ.

**Ekiōjin**, えきおじん, 疫神, *n.* The god of plagues; an evil spirit. *Syn.* EKIBYŌGAMI, YAKUBYŌGAMI.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛家, *n.* Same as *Hatagoya*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 腋下, *n.* [Chin.] The armpit. *Ekiōka ase shinshin*, 腋下汗津々, the armpit perspiring copiously. *Syn.* WAKI NO SHITA.

**Ekiōki**, えきおき, 旅籠, *n.* Same as *Wakiga*.

**Ekiōki**, えきおき, 疫癘, *n.* Same as *Ekiabyō*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 液化, *n.* [Physics.] Liquefaction.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛籠, *n.* Same as *Hatagoya*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 無益, *n.* Useless; of no benefit or advantage. *Ekiōka koto wo suruna*, 益ナキ事ヲスルヲ, do not engage in useless business. *Syn.* MUYAKU, MUEKI.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 蒸氣, *n.* Being sultry or moist and oppressively warm (said of the weather).

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛鈴, *n.* A bell which a courtier keeps ringing while running on official errands.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 疫癘, *n.* Same as *Ekiabyō*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛路, *n.* [Chin.] A post-road. *Syn.* UMAYAJI.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛のすゑ, 驛路, *n.* Same as *Ekiōka*. [驛鈴]

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 易骨, *n.* [Chin.] Death; giving up the ghost. *Syn.* BOKKO, SHIKYO. [up the ghost.]

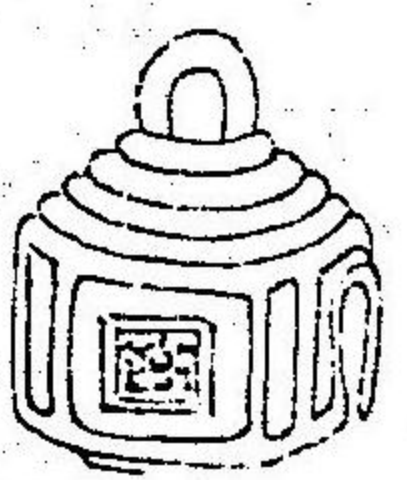
**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 易骨, *n.* A diviner; a fortune-teller. *Syn.* URANAIISHA. [teller.]

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 役車, *n.* Same as *Niguruma*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛舎, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Hatagoya*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 液汁, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Eki* (液).

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 旅籠, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Wakiga*.



**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 役車, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Me-shūdo*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 役車, *n.* Same as *Kozukai*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 液體, *n.* [Physics.] Liquid.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛程, *n.* [Chin.] The number of miles between the different post-stations on a highroad.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛亭, *n.* [Chin.] An inn or a resting-place on the roadside.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛遞, *n.* Carrying letters; post. *Syn.* UMATSUGI.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 驛遞局, *n.* The Central Post-office.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 波雨, *n.* Same as *Shigureame*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 波雲, *n.* [Chin.] A cloud threatening to let fall showers of rain. *Syn.* SHIGUREGUMO. [代代.]

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 奕葉, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Daidai*.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 益友, *n.* [Chin.] A useful friend.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 謁見, *n.* [Chin.] Audience; interview. Used of the Emperor and nobles. *Ekiōka wo tamau*, 謁見ヲ賜フ, to be received in audience by the Emperor. —*suru*, *v.t.* To have an interview with persons of high rank; to pay respects to. *Syn.* OMEME, MAMİYURU.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 謁見所, *n.* The audience hall; an apartment set apart for reception.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 悦喜, *n.* Joy; gladness; joyfulness.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 越橘, *n.* [Bot.] Cowberry. *Syn.* KEMOMO.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 依怙, *n.* Partiality; an undue bias of mind; favouring one party more than another. *Ekiōka sata*, 依怙ノ沙汰, a partial treatment; a biased conduct. *Syn.* HINKI, KATAYORI, HEMPA.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 回向, *n.* [Budd.] Saying mass for the dead. —*suru*, *v.t.* To pray for blessings upon the dead.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 依怙偏負, *n.* Favouring one more than another; partiality.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 依怙自, *n.* [coll.] Cross; morose; peevish; perverse; bigoted; too earnest; obstinate. *Ekiōka ni naru*, 依怙自ニナル, to become too earnest, cross, or obstinate. *Syn.* KATAJJI. [with a handle.]

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 柄香爐, *n.* A censer provided with a handle.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 同向料, *n.* Money paid to Buddhist priests for saying prayers for the dead. *Syn.* OGAMISHIRO.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 顴, *n.* A dimple in the cheek.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 繪馬, *n.* The pictures (especially of horses) hung up in a shrine as votive offerings.

**Ekiōka**, えきおか, 繪馬堂, *n.* A building in a shrine where pictures (especially of horses) are hung up as votive offerings.

**Emakimono**, えまきもの, 繪卷物, *n.* Pictures in scrolls. *Syn.* Emu. [rolls.]

**Emau**, えまう, 笑, *v.t.* To smile. *Syn.* Emu. [to smile.]

**Emba**, えんぱ, 遠馬, *n.* Riding to a far distance; a long drive. [long drive.] *Emba wo moyosu*, 遠馬ヲ催ス, to prepare for a long drive. *Syn.* AKITSUMUSHI, TOMBO. [Entom.] A dragon-fly.

**Emba**, えんぱ, 煙草, *n.* Soot. *Syn.* YUKU.

**Embaku**, えんぱく, 燕麥, *n.* [Bot.] Oats. *Syn.* CHABIKIGUSA, KARASUMUGI.

**Emban**, えんぱん, 鉛版, *n.* [Print.] A stereotype plate. *Emban ni toru*, 鉛版ニ取ル, to stereotype.

**Emban**, えんぱん, 煙草, *n.* Same as *Tabakodon*.

**Embi**, えんぴ, 薔尾, *n.* [Bot.] *Fleur-de-lis*, Flower-de-luce. [sp.]

**Embi-hiwa**, えんぴわ, 燕尾, *n.* [Bot.] *Thajopsis*

**Embi-fuku**, えんぴふく, 燕尾服, *n.* A dress coat; a swallow-tailed coat, or a swallow-tail.

**Embi-hiba**, えんぴひば, 燕尾社松, *n.* [Bot.] A species of juniper. [Chinense.]

**Embi-kō**, えんぴこう, 燕尾香, *n.* [Bot.] *Eupatorium*

**Embi-sen**, えんぴせん, 燕尾箭, *n.* A forked arrow-head. *Syn.* KARIMATA. [head.]

**Embi-sennō**, えんぴせんのう, *n.* [Bot.] *Lychnis villosa*.

**Embō**, えんぱう, 遠望, *n.* [Chin.] The extent of a tract of land. *Syn.* HIROSA.

**Embō**, えんぱう, 遠望, *n.* A distant view; a far off scenery; looking afar at.

**Embō**, えんぱう, 遠望, *n.* Looking to with regret; feeling resentment. [えんぴせんのう]

**Embu**, えんぷ, 閻浮, *n.* [Budd.] The abbreviated form of *Embuda*.

**Embu**, えんぷ, 演武, *n.* [Chin.] Practice in military exercises.

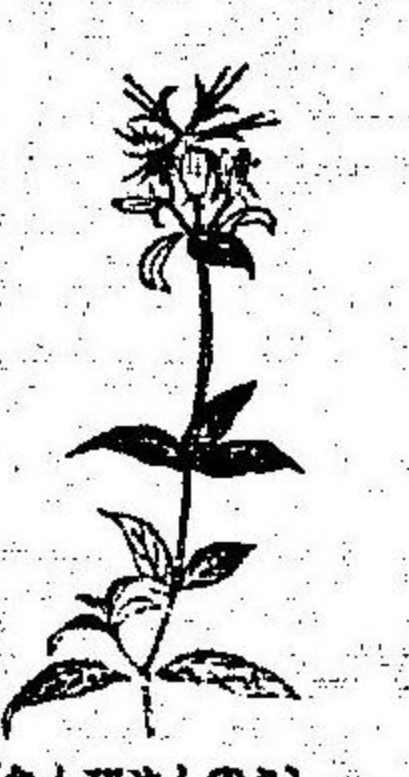
**Embu**, えんぷ, 閻浮, *n.* [Chin.] Ceasing to have war, shutting the door of Janus's temple.

**Embuda**, えんぷだ, 閻浮地, *n.* [Budd.] Land south of the Sumisen; this world; the earth.

**Embujo**, えんぷじょう, 演武場, *n.* A military hall; a hall or ground where fencing and other warlike exercises are practised. *Syn.* SHIADA.

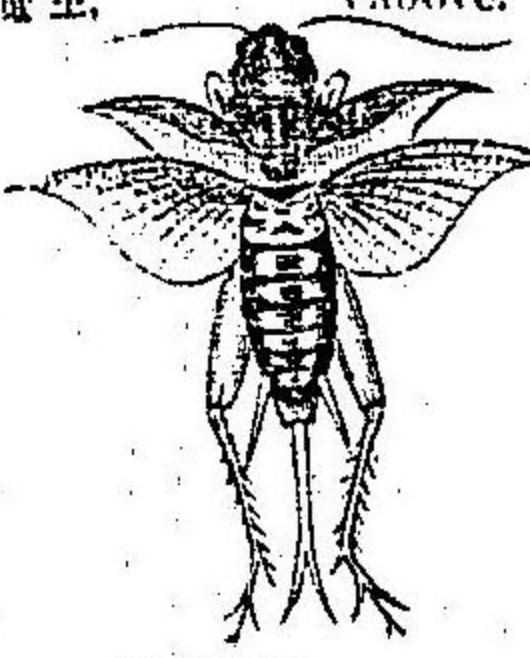
**Embu**, えんぷん, 衍文, *n.* A redundant style of composition.

**Emi**, えみ, 笑, *n.* A smile; laughter. *Emi wo sukumu*, 笑ヲ喜ム, to be smiling; *Emi no naka nimo yaiba wo sukumu*, 笑ノ中ニモ刃





チ合ム, [Prov.] "there is dagger in men's  
Syn. WARAI. [smiles.]  
**Emiguri**, えみぐり, 栗葉, *n.* A chestnut bur which  
Syn. WAREGURI. [has burst open.  
**Emigusa**, えみぐさ, 藟精, *n.* [Bot.] Solomon's seal.  
Syn. AMADOKORO.  
**Emisu**, えみす, 蝦夷, *n.* A barbarian; a savage;  
**Ebisu**, えびす, 兎, *n.* An outlaw.  
**Emiwareru**, えみわれる, 罅裂, *v.i.* To burst open;  
to crack; to be cleft; to open.  
**Emma**, えんま, 閻魔, *n.* The king of Hades who  
judges and punishes the departed souls.  
**Emma-daiwō**, えんまたいわう, 閻魔大王, *n.* See  
**Emma-wō**, えんまわう, 閻魔王, *n.* See  
above.  
**Emma-kōrogī**, えんま  
こうろぎ, 油胡蝶, *n.*  
[Entom.] *Gryllus* sp.  
**Emma-no-chō**, えんま  
のちょう, 閻魔堂, *n.*  
The court of Emma  
daiwō  
**Emma-mushi**, えんまむし,  
虫, *n.* [Entom.] A  
beetle, *Necrophorus*  
*orientalis*. [油胡蝶]  
**Emmei**, えんめい, 延命, *n.* Longevity; long life.  
*Sokusai emmei*, 息災延命, happy and prolonged  
life.  
**Emmei-shu**, えんめいしゅ, 延命酒, *n.* A medicinal  
liquor the habitual taking of which is said to  
prolong one's life.  
**Emmeisō**, えんめいそう, 延命草, *n.* [Bot.] *Plectran-  
thus glaucocalyx*. [a general  
**Emmon**, えんもん, 驛門, *n.* The headquarters of  
*Emmon ni kudaru*, 驛門に降る, to surrender  
one's self before the headquarters of the enemy.  
**Emmusubi**, えんむすび, 縁結, *n.* A love-knot.  
*Emmusubi wo suru*, 縁結ヲスル, to make a  
love-knot with an oath.  
**Emotwazu**, えもいはず, 不可言, *a.* Impossible to  
describe; unspeakable; inexpressible.  
*Jitsu ni emotwazaru arisama deshita*, 實に得  
て言ハサル有様ナシタ, the state of affairs was  
such that it is impossible to describe.  
**Emon**, えもん, 衣紋, *n.* Clothes; dress; garments.  
*Emon wo tsukuru*, 衣紋ヲツクル, to adjust  
one's dress.  
**Emon-kake**, えもんかけ, 衣紋架, *n.* A frame to  
hang clothes on; a clothes horse; a rack.  
Syn. IKO.  
**Emono**, えもの, 獲物, *n.* Prize; game.  
*Ikuo no emono*, 罾ノ獲物, prizes taken in  
war; *Kari no emono*, 狩ノ獲物, game taken in  
hunting.  
**Emono**, えもの, *n.* [coll.] A weapon.  
*Emono emono wo ototte*, エモノエモノヲオットテ,



[coll.] with every weapon each could lay hold  
of (as a tool).  
**Emori**, えもり, 雨脚, *n.* The rain drops running  
along the handle of an umbrella.  
**Emori**, えもり, 屠兒, *n.* ① A butcher; a leather-  
dresser. ② A pariah.  
Syn. KAWAHAGI, YETA. [See *Imori*.  
**Emori**, えもり, 雜種, *n.* [coll. corrupt. of *Imori*.]  
**Empel**, えんべい, 援兵, *n.* A reinforcement.  
Syn. KASEI, SUKEZEL.  
**Empen**, えんべん, 縁邊, *n.* Relations, connections.  
Syn. SHINRUI, SHINSEKI.  
**Empitsu**, えんぴつ, 鉛筆, *n.* A lead-pencil.  
**Empitsu-gwa**, えんぴつぐわ, 鉛筆器, *n.* Pictorial  
sketches taken with a lead-pencil.  
**Empō**, えんぽう, 遠方, *n.* A distant place; a far  
distance.  
*Tomo empō yori kitaru*, 朋遠方ヨリ來ル, a  
friend has come from a distant place.  
**Empō**, えんぽ, 園圃, *n.* [Chin.] A field, a farm.  
Syn. HATAKE.  
**Empō**, えんぽう, 疾風, *n.* A hot wind.  
Syn. ATSUKIKAZE, NEPPŪ. [of lead].  
**Empun**, えんぷん, 鉛粉, *n.* White lead (carbonate  
**Empun suru**, えんぷんする, 怨憤, *v.i.* To rankle in  
hatred. [bloom; to blow.  
**Emu**, えんめい, 笑, *v.i.* ① To smile; to laugh. ② To  
*haikwa sudeni emu*, 梅花已ニ咲ム, the plum-  
trees are already in bloom. [crack.  
**Emu**, えんめい, *v.i.* To open; to be burst open; to  
**Emushiro**, えむしろ, 藁席, *n.* A straw matting  
with various figures printed on; a variegated  
**En**, えん, 燕, *n.* [Ornith.] A swallow. [mat.  
Syn. TSUBAME.  
**En**, えん, 燕, *n.* [Ornith.] A kite.  
Syn. TOBI, TOMBI.  
**En**, えん, 衍, *n.* and *a.* ① A mistake; an error; a  
blunder. ② Surplus; redundancy.  
Syn. AYAMARI, YOKEI.  
**En**, えん, 炎, *n.* [Chin.] A flame. ② [Med.] In-  
flammation; an inflammatory disease.  
Syn. HONOO, KINSHŪ.  
**En**, えん, 鉛, *n.* Lead.  
Syn. NAMARI.  
**En**, えん, 艶, *n.* Charm; fascination; beauty. Al-  
ways used in composition.  
**En**, えん, 鹽, *n.* [Chem.] A salt; the result of an  
alkali and an acid combining. [quiet.  
**En**, えん, 宴, *n.* Feast; an entertainment; a ban-  
*Hana no en*, 花ノ宴, a feast prepared for see-  
Syn. SAKAMORI. [ing flowers.  
**En**, えん, 縁, *n.* ① Connection, relation; cognate-  
ness, affinity; underlying cause. ② Blood-rela-  
tion; consanguinity; proceeding from the same  
stock. ③ The relation of man and wife; marri-  
age. ④ [Budd.] Fate.

**Fushi no en**, 父子ノ縁, the relation of father  
and son or daughter; **Fūfu no en**, 夫婦ノ縁,  
the relation of man and wife; **At-en ki-en**, 相縁  
奇縁, a union of singularly well-matched dis-  
positions; **En ōi**, 縁違イ, being unmarried  
till quite old; **En no usuki hito**, 縁ノ薄キ人, a  
person who is not married while young; **Mu-en  
no hito**, 無縁ノ人, one who has no relation;  
one whose fate promises no salvation; **En wo  
kiru**, 縁ヲ切ル, to sever a connection; to di-  
vorce; **En wo musubu**, 縁ヲ結ブ, to marry; **Go-  
en ga araba mata o me ni kakarimashō**, 御縁ガ  
アラバ復御日ニ掛リマシヨウ, fate may give us  
the pleasure of seeing again.  
**En**, えん, 縁, *n.* Veranda; balcony.  
*En no saki*, 縁ノ端, the outermost part of the  
veranda; **En no shita**, 縁ノ下, under the veran-  
da; the ground under the first floor.  
**En**, えん, 園, *n.* A garden; a park.  
Syn. NIWA, SONO.  
**Ena**, えん, 臍, *n.* The placenta.  
*Ena wo osamu*, 臍ヲ割ム, to bury the placenta.  
**Enaga**, えなが, 鶯雀, *n.* [Ornith.] Japan long-  
tailed tit; *Acridula trivirgata*.  
**En-ai**, えんあい, 陰鬱, *a.* [Chin.] Gloomy; obscure;  
dusky; somewhat dark.  
**En-ai**, えんあい, 煙霞, *n.* Same as *Kasumi*.  
**Enaoke**, えなをけ, 醜陋, *n.* A vessel in which the  
placenta is put before being buried in the earth.  
**Enararu**, えならぬ, 艶, *a.* Charming; pleasant;  
cheerful; fascinating.  
Syn. KOKOROYOKI, TAENARU.  
**Enarazu**, えならず, 不可得, *a.* and *adv.* Impossi-  
ble to say or to describe; uncommon; extra-  
ordinary; inexpressible.  
Syn. EMOIWAREZU.  
**Enchi**, えんち, 園池, *n.* A garden and a pond; land-  
scape; scenery. [Lead poisoning.  
**Enchidoku**, えんちゅうとく, 縁中毒, *n.* [Med.]  
**Endai**, えんたい, 演題, *n.* The subject or topic  
upon which one is to speak or deliver a lecture.  
**Endai**, えんたい, 縁臺, *n.* A bench for sitting on  
while enjoying the cool air of the evening.  
Syn. SUZUMIDAI.  
**Endai**, えんたい, 遠大, *a.* Not easy or temporary,  
far-reaching; grand; great. [object.  
*Endai no kokorozashi*, 遠大ノ志, a grand  
**Endan**, えんたん, 縁談, *n.* Consultation as to mar-  
riage; courtship.  
*Endan wo mōshikomū*, 縁談ヲ申込ム, to ask a  
girl's parents or relations whether she may not  
be given in marriage; to court; to woo in love.  
**Endei**, えんてい, 鉛泥, *n.* A white varnish.  
**Enden**, えんでん, 園田, *n.* A cultivated; field; a  
Syn. TA, TAMO. [farm.  
**Endō**, えんどう, 豌豆, *n.* [Bot.] Pea

**Endoku**, えんとく, 縁毒, *n.* Same as *Enchidoku*.  
**Endō-mame**, えんどうまめ, 豌豆, *n.* Same as  
*Endō*.  
**Endōshi**, えんどうし, 縁違, *a.* Late in being  
married. [rus Davidi.  
**Endōsō**, えんどうそう, 延世決明, *n.* [Bot.] *Lathy-  
Endōsō*, えんどうそう, 豌豆莢, *n.* [Med.] A kind of  
eruption.  
**En-en**, えんえん, 艶々, *adv.* and *a.* Glittering; bril-  
liant; bright; gorgeous.  
Syn. KIRAKIRA. [gloomy; dusky.  
**En-en**, えんえん, 艶々, *a.* and *adv.* Darkish;  
Syn. HONOKURAKI, USUGURAKI.  
**En-en**, えんえん, 焔々, *a.* Blazing; flaming.  
**En-en**, えんえん, 炎々, *n.* [Chin.] Flames.  
*En-en ten ni minagiru*, 炎焔天ニ照ル, the  
flames brightened the skies.  
**En-en**, えんえん, 娟々, *a.* Fine; beautiful; charm-  
ing; fascinating. [Japanese gall.  
**Enfuboku**, えんぷく, 墮腐木, *n.* [Bot.] The  
Syn. FUSHI, NURUBE.  
**Enfuku**, えんぷく, 墮服, *n.* [Chin.] Same as  
**Empuku**, えんぷく, 墮襦, *n.*  
**Enfun**, えんぷん, 墮粉, *n.* Lead cosmetic.  
**Engan**, えんがん, 沿岸, *n.* The coast-line; the  
coast.  
*Engan wo sokuryō suru*, 沿岸ヲ測量スル, to  
survey the coast-line.  
Syn. KISHIZOI.  
**Engawa**, えんがわ, 縁側, *n.* Veranda. See *En* (縁).  
Syn. ENSAKI.  
**Engel**, えんげい, 園藝, *n.* Horticulture.  
**Engelka**, えんげいか, 園藝家, *n.* Horticulturist.  
**Engeki**, えんげき, 演劇, *n.* A theatrical perform-  
Syn. SHIBAI. [ance; a play.  
**Engeki**, えんげき, 怨隙, *n.* Resentment; enmity;  
antipathy.  
**Engekiba**, えんげきば, 演劇場, *n.* A theatre;  
**Engekijō**, えんげきじょう, 演劇家, *n.* an opera-house.  
**Engendō**, えんげんたう, 縁玄道, *n.* [Chin.] Gam-  
bling.  
**Engi**, えんぎ, *n.* [coll.] A paper or clay model of  
the male organ of generation.  
**Engi**, えんぎ, 縁起, *n.* ① Tradition or history as to  
how a Buddhist or *Shintō* temple was erected.  
② [coll.] An omen; a previous sign; luck; por-  
tent; a good indication.  
*Engi ga yoi*, 縁起ガ好イ, indicating something  
good; lucky; *Engi ga warui*, 縁起ガ悪イ, omin-  
ous; unlucky; *Engi wo tatsu*, 縁起ヲ祝フ, to  
welcome a good sign; *Engi de mo nai oyoshiyo*,  
縁起デモナイ好イヨシヨ, [coll.] stop for it pro-  
mises no luck.  
Syn. KIZASHI, SHIRUSHI, ZEMPYŌ.  
**Engi**, えんぎ, 演義, *n.* See *Chūshaku*.



**Engi**, えんぎ, 延喜, *n.* An omen.  
**Engo**, えんご, 燕語, *n.* [Chin.] 1 [lit.] The twittering of a swallow. 2 [fig.] Talking rapidly and indistinctly; chattering; talking too much.  
**Engoku**, えんごく, 遠國, *n.* A distant country; far-off provinces. [ambiguous]  
**Engosaku**, えんさく, 延嗣, *n.* [Bot.] *Lorydatis*  
**Engumi**, えんぐみ, 縁組, *n.* Marriage.  
*Engumi wo suru*, 縁組ナスル, to marry; to contract a marriage.  
 Syn. KEKKON, KON-IN.  
**Engumi-shūsho**, えんぐみしようま, 縁組証書, *n.* Contract of marriage.  
**Engumu**, えんぐむ, 縁組, *v.t.* and *i.* To marry; to make a marriage contract.  
**Engun**, えんぐん, 援軍, *n.* Same as *Enpei*.  
**Engwa suru**, えんぐわする, 寝臥, *v.t.* To lie prostrate; to stretch one's self upon the ground or floor.  
 Syn. FUSE, NEKOROBU.  
**En-i**, えんい, 延衣, *n.* [Bot.] The name of a moss growing on the wall.  
**En-i**, えんい, 延衣, *n.* Same as *Fodaregake*.  
**En-i**, えんい, 延衣, *n.* The excessive heat of the sun. [誤り]  
**Enichi**, えんいち, 會日, *n.* A fête day. See *Ennichi*  
**En-in**, えんいん, 延引, *n.* Delay; procrastination;  
**Ennin**, えんいん, putting off; being tardy or slow; tarrying. —*suru*, *v.t.* and *i.* To delay; to put off; to be late in coming; to procrastinate; to be slow or tardy.  
**Enshi**, えんし, 縁, *n.* Same as *En*.  
**Enshida**, えんした, 金雀花, *n.* [Bot.] Scotch broom.  
**Entsu suru**, えんいつする, 衍送, *v.t.* Same as *Afuru*.  
**Enja**, えんじや, 縁者, *n.* Relatives.  
**Enjaku**, えんじやく, 燕雀, (金雀花) *n.* [Ornith.] The wag-tail.  
**Enjaku**, えんじやく, 燕雀, *n.* Small birds in general. *Enjaku nanzo kōkō no kokorozashi wo shiranu ya*, 燕雀何ぞ燕雀之志ヲ知ランヤ, [Chin.] can sparrows and swallows know what geese and swans mean?  
**Enji**, えんじ, 衍字, *n.* [Chin.] A redundant, superfluous, or pleonastic word; an expletive.  
**Enji**, えんじ, 胭脂, *n.* 1 Rouge. 2 Same as *Enshi*, えんし, *Shōenji*. 3 A paint made by mixing a purple and a red paints together.  
 Syn. BENI.  
**Enjiru**, えんじる, 怨, *v.t.* and *i.* To feel spite, enmity, or dissatisfaction; to be offended at; to complain.



**Enji**, えんじ, 遠近, *n.* Far and near.  
**Enji**, えんじ, 宛爾, *adv.* Just like; as if; as it were.  
**Enjin**, えんじん, 閹人, *n.* [Chin.] A eunuch.  
**Enjitsu**, えんじつ, 炎日, *n.* [Chin.] A hot day.  
**Enjō**, えんじょう, 炎上, *n.* Burning; fire; conflagration. Used only of the Imperial residence.  
*Kyōjō enjō*, 宮城炎上, burning of the Imperial Palace.  
 —*suru*, *v.t.* To burn; to be destroyed by fire; to be consumed.  
**Enjo**, えんじょう, 援助, *n.* Assistance (especially in war); rendering help. —*suru*, *v.t.* To assist (as in fighting); to help.  
 Syn. SUKEDACHI, TETSUDAI.  
**Enju**, えんじゆ, 櫻, *n.* [Bot.] *Sophora japonica*.  
**Enju**, えんじゆ, 櫻, *n.* Same as *Niyari*.  
**Enju**, えんじゆ, 延壽, *n.* Long life; longevity.  
**Enjutake**, えんじゆたけ, 櫻蕈, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of mushroom.  
**Enka**, えんか, 煙霞, *n.* 1 [lit.] Smoke and haze. 2 [fig.] Pictures and paintings.  
*Enka no koshitsu*, 煙霞ノ癖疾, [Chin.] an excessive love of paintings.  
**Enka**, えんか, 猿家, *n.* Same as *Enja*. [line]  
**Enkai**, えんかい, 沿海, *a.* Along the coast or coast-Syn. UMIZOI. [as of an institution]  
**Enkaku**, えんかく, 沿革, *n.* The historical changes  
**Enkaku**, えんかく, 遠隔, *a.* Remote from each other, distant.  
*Enkaku no chi*, 遠隔ノ地, a distant place.  
**Enkakushi**, えんかくし, 沿革史, *n.* The history, as of an institution.  
**Enkan**, えんかん, 炎旱, *n.* Being hot and dry, as the weather. [kudasu]  
**Enka suru**, えんかする, 塞下, *v.t.* Same as *Nomi*  
**Enkei**, えんけい, 遠景, *n.* A distant scenery.  
**Enken**, えんけん, 瞻軒, *n.* Same as *Nokiba*.  
**Enken**, えんけん, 遠見, *n.* A distant view; anything seen from a distance.  
**Enki**, えんき, 延期, *n.* Postponing till another day; putting off. —*suru*, *v.t.* To postpone to another day; to put off.  
 Syn. HINOBE.  
**Enki**, えんき, 炎氣, *n.* Warmth; being hot and moist. Said of the weather.  
 Syn. HOTOBORI.  
**Enki**, えんき, 鹽基, *n.* [Chem.] A base; an alkali.  
**Enkin**, えんきん, 捐金, *n.* Same as *Gikenkin*.  
**Enkin**, えんきん, 遠近, *n.* Far and near.  
**Enki-no-kōben**, えんきのかうべん, 延期之抗辯, *n.* [Law.] Arguments for a delay.  
**Enkiri**, えんきり, 縁切, *n.* Severing a relation; a dissolution of some tie or bond; divorcement.  
**Enkisei-shōsan-suishin**, えんきせいしょうさんすいざん, 鹽基性硝酸水銀, *n.* [Chem.] Basic nitrate of silver.  
**Enko**, えんご, 緣故, *n.* Same as *Chinami*.

**Enkō**, えんこう, 猿猴, *n.* [Zool.] A long armed monkey.  
**Enkō**, えんこう, 龍, *n.* [Zool.] A dragon. [key]  
**Enkō-kobushi**, えんこうこぶし, *n.* [Zool.] A species of crab, *Myra fuzaz*.  
**Enkon**, えんこん, 怨根, *n.* Antipathy; enmity; revenge. URAMI, NIKUSHIMI. [gold]  
**Enkōsō**, えんこうそう, 蘆葦草, *n.* [Bot.] Marsh marl.  
**Enkotsu**, えんこつ, 奄忽, *adv.* Same as *Tachimachi*.  
**Enkwa**, えんくわ, 鉛華, *n.* [Min.] Native carbonate of lead.  
**Enkwa**, えんくわ, 煙花, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Hanabi*.  
**Enkwa-ammonia**, えんくわあもんいあ, 鹽化安模尼亞, *n.* [Chem.] Chloride of ammonium; sal ammoniac; salmink.  
**Enkwa**, えんくわい, 宴會, *n.* A social or friendly meeting at a saloon or restaurant; a feast or banquet.  
*Bōnen enkwa*, 忘年宴會, a friendly entertainment at the close of the year; *Shinuen enkwa*, 新年宴會, do. at the beginning of the year; *Enkwa no seki*, 宴會ノ席, the place where a friendly meeting is held. [Enjin]  
**Enkwan**, えんくわん, 閹官, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Enkwan-chiku*, えんくわんちく, 煙管竹, *n.* Bamboo used in making tobacco pipes.  
**Enkwō**, えんくわう, 榮華, *n.* [Min.] A lead ore.  
**Enkyō**, えんきょう, 乾陽, *a.* [Chin.] Same as *Yasa-shiki*. [of the sun]  
**Enetsu**, えんえつ, 炎熱, *n.* The excessive heat  
 Syn. ATSUSA, SHOKI.  
**En ni**, えんに, 艶, *adv.* Same as *Hadeyaka ni*.  
**Ennichi**, えんいち, 縁日, 香期, *n.* A fête day; a festival; a holiday.  
*Ennichi shōnin*, 縁日商人, the street-tradesmen whose business it is to sell things on the fête days of various gods or goddesses; *Ennichi mōde*, 縁日詣, going to worship a god on his  
**Ennin**, えんいん, 延引, *n.* See *En-in*. [fête day]  
**Ennō**, えんなん, 煙草, *n.* A tobacco pouch.  
**En-ō**, えんおう, 鶯鶯, *n.* [Ornith.] A mandarin duck.  
**En-ō-giku**, えんおうぎく, 鶯鶯菊, *n.* [Bot.] Aconite.  
**Enogo**, えんご, 癢, *n.* [Med.] A painful swelling of lymphatic glands at the groin or arm-pit.  
 Syn. INUGO. [below]  
**Enogo**, えんご, 繪具, *n.* [coll. form of *Enogu*.] See *Enogu*, えんご, 繪具, *n.* Paints used in drawing; pigments.  
**Enogu-ita**, えんごいた, 繪具板, *n.* A palette.  
**Enogu-zara**, えんござら, 繪具皿, *n.* Dishes in which paints are mixed.  
**Enoki**, えんぎ, 朴樹, *n.* [Bot.] *Celtis sinensis*. [na]  
**Enokigusa**, えんぎくさ, *n.* [Bot.] *Acalypha gromi*  
**Enokoro**, えんごころ, 狗兒, *n.* A young dog;  
**Inukoro**, いぬごころ, 狗兒, *n.* a puppy or whelp. [kin]  
**Enokoro**, えんごころ, 藥草, *n.* [Bot.] An ament; cat-

**Enokoro-gusa**, えんごころぐさ, 狗兒草, *n.* [Bot.] Foxtail grass.  
**Enō-no-fusuma**, えんおうのふすま, 寢床, *n.* A bed for a married couple.  
**Enori**, えんり, 榮利, *n.* Same as *Eiri*.  
**Enōtō**, えんおうとう, 紫葳藤, *n.* [Bot.] Honeysuckle, woodbine.  
**Eno-uwō**, えんおうを, 海師魚, *n.* [Ichth.] Trygon sp.  
**Enra**, えんら, 遠來, *n.* Same as *Emma*.  
**Enrai**, えんらい, 遠來, *n.* and *a.* Coming from a distant place.  
*Enrai no kyaku*, 遠來ノ客, a visitor who has come from a far-off place.  
**Enrei**, えんらい, 醜麗, *a.* Beautiful; handsome; bright; charming.  
 Syn. URUWASHIKI.  
**Enrei**, えんらい, 延齡, *n.* Prolonging one's life.  
**Enreisō**, えんらいそう, 延齡草, *n.* [Bot.] Birth-  
**Enresō**, えんらいそう, 延齡草, *n.* root.  
**Enri**, えんり, 厭離, *n.* [Budd.] Separating one's self from worldly concerns, being disgusted with them.  
**Enrin**, えんりん, 園林, *n.* A plantation; a forest; a grove.  
 Syn. UEKOKI.  
**Enro**, えんろ, 遠路, *n.* A long road; a long journey.  
 Syn. TŌMACHI, CHŪTEI.  
**Enryū**, えんりゅう, 泮羅豆, *n.* [Bot.] *Dolichos Lablab*.  
 Syn. AJIMAME.  
**Enrō**, えんろう, 煙霧, *n.* Same as *Kemawidashi*.  
**Enryō**, えんりょう, 鹽鹵汁, *n.* Same as *Niyari*.  
**Enrui**, えんるい, 縁類, *n.* Same as *Enja*.  
**Enryū**, えんりゅう, 遠慮, *n.* Remote relations.  
**Enryo**, えんりょう, 遠慮, *n.* 1 Thinking of and providing for future contingencies. 2 Reserve; restraint; backwardness. 3 Confining one's self in his house either as a punishment or for mourning.  
**Enryū**, えんりゅう, 延留, *n.* [Chin.] Staying; remaining in one place; sojourning. —*suru*, *v.t.* To stay, remain, etc.  
**Ensan**, えんさん, 鹽酸, *n.* [Chem.] Hydrochloric or muriatic acid.  
**Ensangoke**, えんさんごけ, 烏菑, *n.* [Bot.] *Trichomanes radicans*.  
**Ensatsu suru**, えんさつする, 絞殺, *v.t.* [Chin.] To strangle; to choke to death. [forcement]  
**Ensei**, えんせい, 援勢, *n.* Auxiliary troops; reen-  
**Ensei**, えんせい, 遠征, *n.* An expedition; invading a foreign country. —*suru*, *v.t.* To go on expedition; to make war against a distant nation.





**Enseigun**, えんせいぐん, 遠征軍, *n.* A warlike expedition.

**Enseki**, えんせき, 宴席, *n.* The place where a friendly meeting is held; a banquet hall.

**Enshu**, えんしゆ, 演射, *n.* An exercise in the use of the bow and arrows; archery practice.

**Enshi**, えんし, 贗品, *n.* Same as *Oshiroi*.

**Enshi**, えんし, 演史, *n.* A professional story-teller.

**Enshi**, えんし, 鎗子, *n.* A shot or bullet.

**Enshi**, えんし, 艶姿, *n.* [*Chin.*] A personal appearance which is exceedingly charming or fascinating.

Syn. YANASUGATA, MIYABIYAKA.

**Enshi**, えんし, 艶紫, *n.* A bright purple colour.

**Enshichu**, えんしちゆう, 胭脂蟲, *n.* [*Entom.*] Cochineal insect, *Coccus cacti*.

**Enshiku**, えんしき, 延経, *n.* Same as *Shinshiku*.

**Enshikwa**, えんしきわ, 燕子花, *n.* [*Bot.*] A kind of sweet-flag, *Iris laevigata*.

Syn. KAKITSUBATA.

**Enshiryoku**, えんしりよく, 遠心力, *n.* [*Physics.*] Centrifugal force. (離心力)

**Enshisu**, えんしす, 燕脂菜, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Basella rubra*. [*Shi suru.*]

**Enshi suru**, えんしする, 淹死, *v.t.* Same as *Dekishu*.

**Ensho**, えんしよ, 炎暑, *n.* Same as *Ennetsu*.

**Ensho**, えんしよ, 艶書, *n.* A love-letter; a billet-doux.

Syn. CHIYABUMI, IROBUMI, KESOBUMI.

**Ensho**, えんしよ, 鹽障, *n.* Same as *Shōyu*.

**Ensho**, えんしよ, 莖障, *n.* An upright screen.

**Ensho**, えんしよ, 煙硝, *n.* Gunpowder.

**Ensho**, えんしよ, 遠所, *n.* A distant place.

**Enshō-gura**, えんしよぐら, 煙硝車, *n.* A powder magazine.

**Enshu**, えんしゆ, 演習, *n.* Exercise; practice. — *suru*, *v.t.* To exercise or practise.

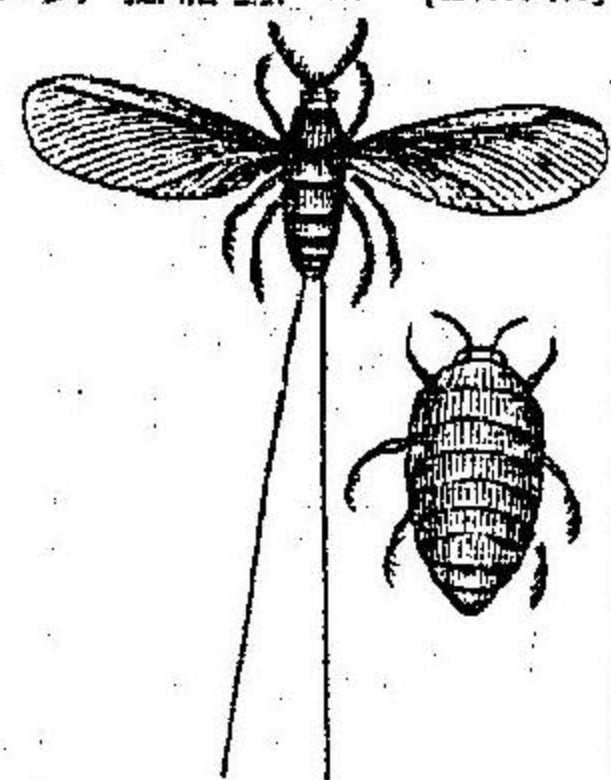
**Enshu**, えんしゆ, 怨讐, *n.* A deep rooted antipathy; an antagonist; an enemy; an adversary.

**Enshū-kempaku**, えんしゅうけんぱく, 雲州巻物, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Selaginella caulescens*.

**Enshūryū**, えんしゅうりゅう, 遠州流, *n.* ① A style of tea making originated by a nobleman, Kobori Tōtō-mi no Kami (遠江守). ② Also a peculiar style in the art of keeping flowers in vase.

**Enshū suru**, えんしゅうする, 浴盆, *v.t.* To act after; to follow; to succeed.

**Enshū suru**, えんしゅうする, 掩襲, *v.t.* To attack; to make an assault.



Syn. OSO, SEMERU.

**Enso**, えんそ, 鹽酢, *n.* ① A mixture of vinegar and common salt or one of *sake* and soy. ② *Miso*.

**Enso**, えんそ, 鹽素, *n.* [*Chem.*] Chlorine.

**Enso**, えんそ, 鼠, *n.* [*Zool.*] A mole.

**Enso**, えんそ, 燕窩, *n.* A swallow's nest.

**Enso**, えんそ, 煙草, *n.* Same as *Kemuridashi*.

**Enso**, えんそ, 煙草, *n.* Tobacco.

Syn. TABAKO. [*Kobon.*]

**Ensohon**, えんそほん, 煙草盆, *n.* Same as *Tabakuhon*.

**Ensoku**, えんそく, 遠足, *n.* Taking walk to a distant place for pleasure or health; an athletic expedition. — *suru*, *v.t.* To take walk to a distant place.

**Ensoku suru**, えんそくする, 満足, *v.t.* To be satisfied, contented, or gratified.

**Ensoku suru**, えんそくする, 休息, *v.t.* To rest; to stop. Syn. YASUMU. [*stop.*]

**Ensoku suru**, えんそくする, 煙草, *v.t.* [*Chin.*] To dam up; to stop; to prevent or hinder the progress of. Syn. SEKIFUSAGU. [*gress of.*]

**Ensosha**, えんそしや, 艶装者, *n.* Same as *Datesha*.

**Entai**, えんたい, 延滞, *n.* Being long in going, stopping on the way. — *suru*, *v.t.* To stop on the way; to be long in coming or going.

Syn. TODOKORU.

**Entaku**, えんたく, 香鈴, *n.* A little bell.

**Entan**, えんたん, 鉛丹, *n.* Red lead.

**Entan**, えんたん, 俵端, *n.* Same as *Nokiba*.

**Entan**, えんたん, 鹽罐, *n.* Same as *Nigari*.

**Entei**, えんてい, 堰堤, *n.* A dike; an embankment.

**Entei**, えんてい, 蟾蜍, *n.* [*Zool.*] A Gecko.

Syn. YAMORI.

**Entei**, えんてい, 園丁, *n.* [*Chin.*] A gardener.

**Entei suru**, えんていする, 延滞, *v.t.* Same as *Entai suru*.

**Enteki**, えんてき, 懲教, *n.* Same as *Onteki*.

**Enten**, えんてん, 炎天, *n.* Hot weather.

**Enten suru**, えんてんする, 寝轉, *v.t.* To fall down.

**Entō**, えんたう, 鉛糖, *n.* Sugar of lead. [and roll.]

**Entō**, えんたう, 送島, *n.* Banishing a criminal to a far off island; exile.

Syn. SHIMANAGASHI.

**Entō**, えんたう, 煙筒, } *n.* Same as *Kemuridashi*.

**Entotsu**, えんどうつ, 煙突, } *n.* Same as *Kemuridashi*.

**Entsu**, えんどう, 煙通, } *n.* Same as *Kemuridashi*.

**Enu**, えん, 不得, *v.t.* or *t.* The negative form of *kyōken*.

*Shiri enu*, 知不得, can or may not be known.

**En-u**, えんう, 煙雨, *n.* Same as *Kirisame*.

**En-u**, えんう, 煙宇, *n.* Same as *Noki*.

**Enwō**, えんわう, 冤枉, *n.* Same as *Enzai*.

**Enwōkyū**, えんわうきゅう, 閻王宮, *n.* Hades; the residence of *Enmadatō*; the abode of the deceased.

**Enya**, えんや, 能夜, *a.* Same as *Utsukushi*. Especially used of women.

**Enyō**, えんやう, 割羊, *n.* [*Zool.*] A castrated ram.

**Enyō**, えんやう, 衍餘, *n.* [*Chin.*] Same as *Amari*.

**Enyū**, えんいゆう, 理由, *n.* Reason; cause; origin; affinity; connection. [*YUKARI.*]

Syn. ENKO, WAKE, WAKEGARA, YUISHO.

**Enyū**, えんいゆう, 苑園, *n.* A park; a garden.

**Enyū-kwai**, えんいゆうかい, 園遊會, *n.* Feasting in a garden; a pleasure party; a picnic.

**Enyū**, えんいゆう, 蟻蝨, *n.* [*Entom.*] *Scutigera*.

Syn. GEJI. [*crime.*]

**Enza**, えんざ, 縁坐, *n.* Being involved in another's crime.

**Enzai**, えんざい, 冤罪, *n.* A crime of which one is innocent; a false charge.

*Enzai wo sosogu*, 冤罪ヲ雪グ, to clear away false infamy. [*fly worm.*]

**Enzamushi**, えんざむし, 馬蟻, *n.* [*Entom.*] A Gall-fly.

**Enzan**, えんざん, 鉛山, *n.* A lead mine.

Syn. NAMARIYAMA.

**Enzan**, えんざん, 遠山, *n.* Distant mountains.

**Enzan suru**, えんざんする, 遠置, *v.t.* To exile to a distant place.

**Enzen**, えんぜん, 宛然, *adv.* Just as, as it were.

Syn. SANAGARA.

**Enzetsu**, えんせつ, 演説, *n.* A speech; a lecture; an oration. — *suru*, *v.t.* To deliver a lecture or speech; to speak. [*ture meeting.*]

**Enzetsu-kwai**, えんせつかい, 演説會, *n.* A lecture meeting.

**Enzetsu-sha**, えんせつしや, 演説者, *n.* A lecturer.

**Enzetsu-shi**, えんせつし, 演説士, *n.* A speaker; an orator.

**Enzoku**, えんぞく, 遠族, *n.* Distant relatives.

**Enzokoru**, えんぞくける, 縁付, *v.t.* ① To give one in marriage. ② [*coll.*] To find demand for one's merchandise; to sell; to dispose of.

Syn. TOSUGASHIMU, YOMEIRASU.

**Enzuki**, えんづき, 縁付, *n.* ① Marriage. ② [*coll.*] Disposing of; selling; getting a buyer.

Syn. KATAZUKI, YOMEIRU.

**Enzuku**, えんづく, 縁付, *v.t.* ① To marry. ② [*coll.*] To be sold or disposed of.

Syn. KATAZUKU, TOSUGU, YOMEIRU.

**Enzuru**, えんづる, 演, *v.t.* To practise; to exercise. *Du wo enzuru*, 武ヲ演ズル, to practise in military arts; *Shibai wo enzuru*, 芝居ヲ演ズル, to play theatrical parts; to perform; to act.

Syn. NOBERU, OKONAU, KŌGYŌ SURU.

**Enzuru**, えんづる, 怨, *v.t.* See *Enjiru*.

**Eppaku suru**, えっぱくする, 悦服, *v.t.* To be subservient or obedient with pleasure.

**Era**, えら, 鰓, *n.* [*Ichth.*] The gills of a fish.

**Erabareru**, えらばれる, 被選, *v.t.* The passive or potential form of *Erabu*.

**Erabi**, えらび, 擇, *n.* Choice; option; volition; assortment; selection; election.

**Erabu**, えらぶ, 擇, *v.t.* ① To choose; to select; to assort. ② To elect; to vote.

*Daijishi wo erabu*, 代議士ヲ選ブ, to elect a member of parliament.

Syn. ERAMU, ERU.

**Erabu-unagi**, えらぶうなぎ, 蛇鱈, *n.* [*Zool.*] A kind of sea-serpent, *Platurus fasciatus*.

**Erahidoshi**, えらひどし, 極, *a.* [*coll.*] Exceeding; extreme; tremendous; wonderful; immense. [*wonderfully.*]

**Eraku**, えらく, 大, *adv.* [*coll.*] Very; exceedingly; to assort. *Are wa eraku komatta monoda*, 彼ハエラク困ッ者ヲ, he is an exceedingly troublesome fellow; *Eraku ōkoku natta*, エラク大キクナッタ, has become very large or great. [*barer.*]

**Eramareru**, えらまれる, 被選, *v.t.* Same as *Eraberu*.

**Erami**, えらみ, 擇, *n.* Same as *Erabi*.

**Eramidasu**, えらみだす, 選出, *v.t.* To select; to assort; to pick or point out; to appoint; to elect.

Syn. YORIDASU.

**Eramitoru**, えらみとる, 選取, *v.t.* To take anything one is pleased with.

Syn. YORIDORU.

**Eramu**, えらむ, 選, *v.t.* Same as *Erabu*.

*Zen wo erande aku wo sutsu*, 善ヲ選シテ惡ヲ棄ツ, to prefer the good to the bad.

**Eran**, えらん, 鳳梨, *n.* [*Bot.*] Pine apple.

**Eran**, えらん, *n.* [*Bot.*] Screw-pine.

**Erareru**, えられる, 得, *v.t.* The passive or potential form of *Eru*.

**Erashi**, えらし, 偉, *a.* [*coll.*] Great; able; wise; clever; remarkable; eminent; extraordinary; illustrious; famous; noted.

*Erat hataraki wo shita*, 偉イ徳ヲシタ, has done a great deed; *Erat hito ni natta*, 偉イ人ニナッタ, has become a great or illustrious man.

Syn. SUBARASHI, TAISŌNA.

**Ereki**, えれき, 電壓, *n.* [*Physics.*] Electricity.

*In-ereki*, 陰電壓, negative electricity; *Netsu ereki*, 熱電壓, thermo electricity; *Ryūdō-ereki*, 流動電壓, dynamical electricity; *Sei-ereki*, 靜電壓, statical electricity; *Yū-ereki*, 陽電壓, positive electricity. [*trophorus.*]

**Ereki-hon**, えれきほん, 越歴盆, *n.* [*Physics.*] Electrolytic cell.

**Ereki-bunkai**, えれきぶんかい, 越歴分解, *n.* [*Physics.*] Electrolysis.

**Ereki-bunkai-butsu**, えれきぶんかいぶつ, 越歴分解物, *n.* [*Physics.*] Electrolyte.

**Ereki-dame**, えれきだめ, 越歴池, *n.* [*Physics.*] Accumulator; secondary battery.

**Ereki-dōryoku**, えれきどうりよく, 越歴動力, *n.* [*Physics.*] Electro-motive force.

**Ereki-gaku**, えれきがく, 越歴學, *n.* [*Physics.*] Electricity. [*trometer.*]

**Ereki-kei**, えれきけい, 越歴計, *n.* [*Physics.*] Elec-



*Shōgenereki-kei*, 象限越歴計 *quadrant electrotrometer*.  
**Ereki-kikui**, えれききかい, 越歴器械, *n.* An *ereki-kwōgaku*, えれきくわがく, 越歴化学, *n.* [Physics.] Electro chemistry.  
**Ereki-kwōgaku**, えれきくわがく, 越歴光学, *n.* [Physics.] Electro-optics.  
**Ereki-ryoku**, えれきりよく, 越歴力, *n.* [Physics.] Electric force.  
**Ereki-ryokukel**, えれきりよくけい, 越歴力計, *n.* [Physics.] Electro-dynamometer.  
**Erekiteru**, エレキテル, *n.* [Dutch.] Electricity.  
**Eri**, えり, 襟, 袷, *n.* The part of a garment round the neck; a collar.  
 Syn. UNAJI.  
**Eriashi**, えりあし, 袷足, *n.* The loose hair on the back of the neck. [pointed out].  
**Eribito**, えりびと, 摺人, *n.* Persons selected or Syn. YORIBITO.  
**Eridasu**, えりたす, 摺出, *v.t.* Same as *Eramidasu*.  
**Eridori**, えりどり, 摺取, *n.* Taking or picking out one or more at one's pleasure.  
*Eridori hyakumon*, 摺取百文, [coll.] take any one of these for 100 mon (1 sen).  
**Erige**, えりげ, 領毛, *n.* Same as *Eriashi*.  
**Eridasu**, えりいたす, 摺出, *v.t.* Same as *Eramidasu*.  
**Erikanke**, えりかけ, 袷, *n.* A piece of cloth used as the collar of a Japanese garment.  
**Erikazari**, えりかざり, 領飾, *n.* A neck-tie.  
**Erikurai**, えりくらひ, 摺嫌, *n.* Likes and dislikes. *Erikurai wo suru wa yokunai*, 摺嫌ナラハ好クナイ, it is bad to have likes and dislikes.  
**Erikubi**, えりくび, 袷頸, *n.* The nape of the neck.  
**Erikuri**, えりくり, *a.* Winding or tortuous (said of roads).  
**Erikuzu**, えりくづ, 摺解, *n.* A refuse, or something left after picking out the best.  
**Erimaki**, えりまき, 摺巻, 護領, *n.* A comforter worn around the neck; a tippet, muffler, cravat.  
**Erimoto**, えりもと, 袷元, *n.* The lower extremities of a collar (as of Japanese garments).  
**Erimuki**, えりむき, 摺扱, *n.* Anything picked out or selected from among a great many individuals; a select or superfine article.  
 Syn. YORINEKI.  
**Erimuku**, えりむく, 摺扱, *v.t.* To pick out or select; to elect.  
 Syn. ERABINUKU, YORINEKU.  
**Erioshiroi**, えりおしろい, 袷白粉, *n.* A cosmetic for powdering the neck of women.  
**Erisaki**, えりさき, 袷先, *n.* The part of a Japanese garment where the collar overlaps in the front.

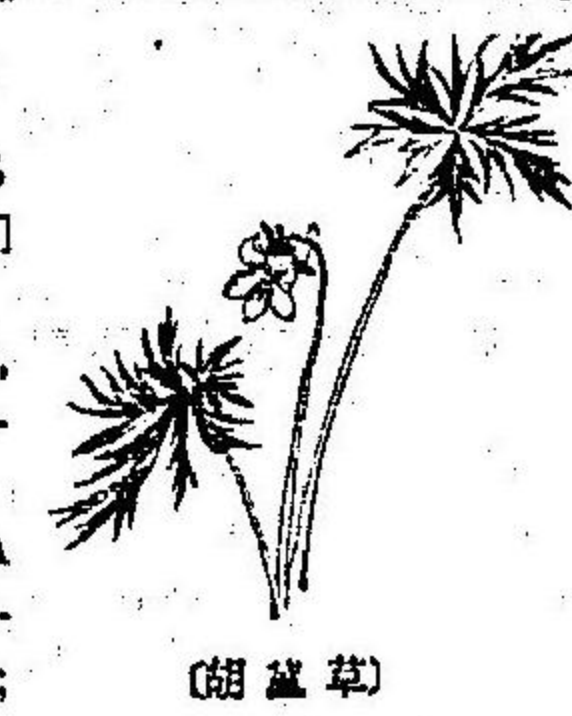
**Eriwakeru**, えりわける, 摺分, *v.t.* To pick out and separate; to assort.  
 Syn. YORIWAKERU.  
**Eriwaku**, えりわく, 摺分, *v.t.* Same as above.  
**Erosoku**, えらそく, 繪額, *n.* A painted candle, such as used in Buddhist temples.  
**Eru**, える, 摺, *v.t.* To pick out, choose, or select.  
 Syn. ERABU, YORU.  
**Eru**, える, 彫, *v.t.* To carve; to engrave.  
 Syn. CHIRIBAMU, HORU, KIZAMU.  
**Eru**, える, 得, *v.t.* Same as *Uru*.  
**Eru**, エル, *n.* [Eng.] Ell.  
**Esa**, えさ, 餌, *n.* Bait (as for catching fish).  
 Syn. EBA.  
**Esaranu**, えさらぬ, *a.* [lit.] Can not get rid of; indispensable; unavoidable.  
**Esaseru**, えさせる, 令得, *v.t.* [caus. of *Eru*.] To cause to get; to let have or receive; to bestow; to give.  
**Esashi**, えさし, 餌差, *n.* One who catches small birds with a bamboo pole armed with bird-lime.  
**Esashizao**, えさしざお, 餌差竿, *n.* A pole armed with bird-lime for catching birds.  
 Syn. MOCHIZAO.  
**Esc**, えせ, *a.* ① Low, mean; infamous; vile. ② False; untrue; hypothetical.  
*Ese gakushū*, エセ學者, one who puts on the air of a learned man; a pedant; *Ese goto*, エセ言, falsehood; *Ese mono*, エセ者, a mean or vile fellow; *Ese hōshi*, エセ法師, a hypocritical priest; a mean or vile churchman; *Ese satōai*, エセ幸, fortune obtained by some unjust means; *Ese warai*, エセ笑, an affected laugh.  
 Syn. IYASHIKI, NITEHINARU.  
**Eshajōri**, えしやじやうり, 會者定離, *n.* [Budd.] Those who meet must part again.  
**Eshaku**, えしやく, 會釋, *n.* Salutation; a courteous excuse.  
*Eshaku wo suru*, 會釋ナスル, to salute, to make a formal apology; *Enryo eshaku*, 遠慮會釋, reserve and apology; formality.  
 Syn. AISATSU, JIGI.  
**Eshi**, えし, 畫師, *n.* An artist; a painter.  
 Syn. EKAJI.  
**Eshiki**, えしき, 會式, *n.* A religious assembly; meeting of Buddhist priests.  
**Esoragoto**, えそらごと, 繪空事, *n.* [coll.] [lit.] A false portraiture; a falsehood. [row-hawk].  
**Essai**, えっさい, 假設, 雀鷹, *n.* [Ornith.] Chinese sparrow.  
**Essha**, えっしや, 僮者, *n.* [Chin.] A servant who introduces a visitor to his master.  
**Esso**, えっそ, 越訴, *n.* A petition or complaint made directly to the governor or the Shōgunate (not

according to established rules). — *suru*, *v.t.* To make a petition directly to the Shōgunate.  
**Essan**, えっさん, 謁, *v.t.* To see, meet, or have an audience with a superior.  
 Syn. NAMUYURU.  
**Essu**, えっす, 魚鱗, *n.* Same as *Essa*.  
**Esugata**, えすかた, 畫肖像, *n.* A likeness of a person drawn or painted; a portrait.  
**Esukyō**, えすけう, 耶穌教, *n.* The doctrines of Jesus Christ; Christianity.  
**Eta**, えた, 穢多, *n.* [cont. of *Etori* (穢取)] A class of people who has continued to occupy the lowest social position until the late Revolution; their chief occupations having been those of leather dressers, cobblers, or buriers of dead animals.  
 Syn. KAWABO.  
**Eta**, えた, 得, *v.t.* [pret. tense of *Eru*.] Have got, bought, or purchased.  
*Kono hon wo eta*, 此本ヲ得タ, (I) have got or purchased this book.  
**Ete**, えて, *v.t.* [pp. of *Eru*.] Having got, obtained, or purchased.  
**Ete**, えて, 得手, *n.* [coll.] That in which one is most versed; a speciality; dexterity.  
*Hito nawa ete fute ga aru*, 人ニハ得手不得手ガアル, every person may have some things in which he is an expert and others in which he is the reverse; man cannot be wise at all things; *Ete ni ho wo age*, 得手ニ候テ候ガ, [coll. Prov.] setting sails to one's dexterity.  
 Syn. TOKU.  
**Ete**, えて, *adv.* Pretty often; likely; possibly.  
*Sore wa ete aru kotada*, ソレハエテアル事ダ, that may be often the case; such a thing is possible to happen; *Ete wasureru mono desu*, エテ忘レル物デス, it is a thing liable to be forgotten.  
 Syn. YAYAMOSUREBA.  
**Etekatte**, えてかって, *n.* One's own convenience; self-will.  
*Etekatte na koto wo iu*, エテカッテナ事ヲ言フ, to talk of things most convenient to one's self, to speak in a selfish manner.  
**Eteru**, えてる, 得手, *v.t.* To be skilled or versed in; to be expert or experienced in.  
 Syn. JUKUREN SURU.  
**Eto**, えと, 干支, *n.* The ten calendar terms derived from the names of five elements (wood, fire, earth, metal, water) and used in naming years, days, etc., namely, *kinoo*, tree (甲), *kinoto*, herb (乙), *hinoo*, fire (丙), *hinoto*, charcoal fire (丁), *tsuchinoe*, earth (戊), *tsuchinoto*, earthen ware (己), *kanoe*, coin (庚), *kanoto*, hard ware (辛), *mizunoe*, sea water (壬), and *mizunoto*, stream (癸).

**Eto**, えと, 穢土, *n.* [Budd.] [lit.] The filthy earth; this sinful world.  
**Etoō**, えとおう, 惠投, *n.* Favouring with anything; making a present of; giving; bestowing. Only used in an expression like below.  
*Go-eto ni azukaru*, 御惠投ニ預ル, presented from your honour; to be kindly given by you.  
**Etodokoro**, えとどころ, 蒟蒻, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of yam, *Dioscorea*.  
**Etoki**, えとき, 繪説, *n.* Explaining by means of figures; illustration; explanation.  
**Etoku**, えとく, 會得, *n.* Understanding; comprehension; perception. — *suru*, *v.t.* To understand or comprehend.  
 Syn. GATTEN, NOMIKOMU.  
**Etsu**, えつ, 悦, *n.* Joy; gladness; exultation, ecstasy, rapture.  
**Etsubo**, えつぼ, 笑室, *n.* Laughter; smile; amusement. Only used in an expression like below.  
*Etsubo ni iru*, 笑室ニ入ル, to laugh; to be amused.  
**Etsubo**, えつぼ, 餌籠, *n.* A pot used for feeding caged birds from. [to peruse].  
**Etsudoku suru**, えつどくする, 閱讀, *v.t.* To read; **Etsuraku**, えつらく, 悦楽, *n.* Merriment; gaiety; felicity; bliss; hilarity.  
**Etsuran**, えつらん, 閱讀, *n.* Careful reading or inspection; perusal. — *suru*, *v.t.* To read over; to peruse.  
**Ettō**, えつたう, 越桃, *n.* [Bot.] Cape Jessamine.  
**Euma**, えうま, 撥馬, *n.* Same as *Ema*.  
**Ewō**, えうを, 鱈魚, *n.* [Ichth.] *Coilia nasus*.  
**Eyami**, えやみ, 疫, *n.* Plague; pestilence.  
**Eyami-gusa**, えやみぐさ, 鹽麩, *n.* [Bot.] Gentian.  
**Eyami-gusa**, えやみぐさ, 蒼木, *n.* [Bot.] *Atrypis ovata*. [Eklbyō-gani].  
**Eyami-no-kami**, えやみのかみ, 疫神, *n.* Same as *Eyami-gusa*.  
**Eyō**, えよう, 榮耀, *n.* Luxury; lasciviousness; sensuality; magnificence, splendour.  
*Eyō eigwa wo kiwamu*, 榮耀榮華ヲ極ム, to indulge freely in sensualities; to be at the height of pomp and luxury.  
 Syn. EIGWA, OGOBI.  
**Eyō**, えやう, 畫樣, *n.* The form of anything represented in figures; pattern.  
**Ezaru**, えざる, 不得, *a.* [neg. adj. termination of a verb.] Unable to do.  
*Yanu wo ezaru yōmaki*, 止ヲ得ザル用向, an unavoidable business; *Shirizuki ezaru ba-ai*, 退キ得ザル場合, a case where one cannot withdraw himself.  
**Ezō**, えさう, 繪像, *n.* A portrait; likeness; image.  
**Ezogiku**, えぞぎく, 葦蕨, *n.* [Bot.] China-aster.  
**Ezomatsu**, えぞまつ, *n.* [Bot.] *Picea ajanensis*.



**Ezonegi**, えぞねぎ, n. [Bot.] Chives.  
**Ezonishiki**, えぞにしき, 絹製錦, n. A splendid silk cloth brought to Etorofu and other places in Ezo and there exchanged with furs and skins.  
**Ezorachō**, えぞらちょう, n. [Ornith.] Hazel grouse.  
**Ezōshi**, えぞし, 繪草紙, n. Illustrated books (esp. novels).  
 Syn. EHON.  
**Ezoshirochō**, えぞしろてし, n. [Entom.] *Aporia arategi*.  
**Ezsumiro**, えぞすみろ, 胡蘆草, n. [Bot.] *Viloria pinnata*.  
**Ezu**, えづ, 繪圖, n. ① A plan; drawing; picture. ② Map; chart; atlas.  
**Ezuhiki**, えづひき, 繪圖引, n. A drawer of charts.  
**Ezoyamadori**, えぞやまどり, n. [Ornith.] Same as *Ezorachō*.  
**Ezu**, えぞ, 不得, v.t. [neg. of *Eru*.] Can not get or obtain.



(胡蘆草)

*Yamu wo ezu*, 不得止, cannot avoid; unavoidably; pressed forwardly by necessity.  
**Ezuku**, えづく, 吐噎, v.t. ① To feel nausea; to be sick at the stomach. ② To gag, or make an effort to vomit.  
 Syn. MUKAZUKU.  
**Ezuku**, えぞく, 飼付, v.t. To become accustomed to feeding (as a caged bird).  
**Ezushi**, えぞし, えづし, 眼, a. Irritating or painful (said of the eye only).

F.

**Fu**, ふ, 符, n. The contracted form of *Fushit*.  
**Fu**, ふ, 生, n. A piece of ground overgrown with shrubs or herbs. Used only in composition; in compounds it often sounds *u* or *ou*.  
*Asa-fu*, 淺生, a plot overgrown with shrubs; a copsewood; *Shi-fu*, or *Shibafu*, 芝生, a lawn; an open space between woods.  
**Fu**, ふ, 斑, n. A spot, dot, speck, or mark; a place of a different colour from the ground.  
*Fu-iri no ha*, 斑入ノ葉, a spotted leaf; *Fu*

*ya aru*, 斑ガアル, is spotted, mottled, dappled, or dotted; *Shira-fu no ha*, 白斑ノ羽, feathers variegated with white spots; *Tora no fu*, 虎ノ斑, the spots on a tiger's fur.  
 Syn. BUCHI, MADARA.

**Fu**, ふ, 蕎麦, 餅, n. A well-known food made of wheat ground whole.

**Fu**, ふ, 府, n. ① An urban prefecture. ② A government office; a station. ③ A storehouse.

*Chinju-fu*, 鎮守府, a naval station; *Kono-ye fu*, 近衛府, the Imperial guards' office; *Tōkyō-fu*, 東京府, Tōkyō *Fu*, an administrative district including Tōkyō and the neighbouring *gun*.  
 Syn. TSUKASA, YAKUSHO.

**Fu**, ふ, 譜, n. ① A family record, chronicle, book, or register. ② [Mus.] A character to mark a sound; a note or tune; a music-book.

*Gaku-fu*, 楽譜, a musical note; *Fu wo mite utau*, 譜ヲ見テ歌フ, to sing from a music book; *Fu wo shiraburu*, 譜ヲ辨ブル, to tune.

**Fu**, ふ, 賦, n. ① Levying or collecting taxes or impositions. ② A style of composition; a rhymed prose.

*Sekiteki no fu*, 赤壁賦, a famous writing of Sotōba, one of the literary celebrities of China.

**Fu**, ふ, 歩, n. [Chess.] A pawn; a foot soldier.

*Fu wo utsu*, 歩ヲ打ツ, to place a pawn; *Fu wo tsuku*, 歩ヲツク, to move a pawn.  
 Syn. HYŪ.

**Fu**, ふ, 傳, n. [Chin.] An instructor, assistant, or adviser, especially to a prince Imperial.

Syn. KASHIZUKI.

**Fu**, ふ, 腑, n. The viscera.

*Gozō roppu*, 五臓六腑, the abdominal viscera or organs; *Funuke mono*, 廢拔者, [coll.] a simpleton, dunce, or stock.

Syn. HARAWATA, ZŌFU.

**Fu**, ふ, 婦, n. ① A woman. ② A wife.

*Bi-fu*, 美婦, a beautiful woman; *Btshū no fu*, 某氏ノ婦, the wife of a certain gentleman.  
 Syn. ONNA, SAL.

**Fu**, ふ, 符, n. ① A token; a sign, or seal in two pieces. ② A charm; a paper having some characters written upon it supposed to have some supernatural power.

*Fu wo awasu*, 符ヲ合ス, to see whether the two halves of a sign or seal agree with each other; to agree; to prove; to verify.

Syn. FUDA, SUIRUSUI.

**Fu**, ふ, 不, adv. Not. Much used as a prefix (= *in*, *un*, or *dis* in English).

*Fubenri*, 不便利, inconvenient; *Fu-ryūken*, 不了簡, ill-judged; bad; of evil intention; *Fu-tsūpō*, 不都合, not propitious; unjust; *Fu tsuridai*, 不釣合, not well proportioned.

**Fu**, ふ, 父, n. [Chin.] ① A father. ② An old man.  
 Syn. CHICHI, CHICHIYOYA, TETSGO, TETROYA.

**Fu**, ふ, 夫, n. ① A husband. ② A man. ③ A workman; a labourer.

Syn. OTTO, TRISHU, OTOKO, NINSOKU.

**Fu**, ふ, 布, n. [Chin.] ① A cloth. ② Arranging, stretching, promulgating (in this sense used only in composition).

Syn. NUNO, ORIMONO.

**Fu**, ふ, 埠, n. A port; a pier, mole, wharf, or jetty.  
 Syn. HAROBA.

**Fū**, ふ, 風, n. ① Wind. ② An air or appearance.

③ Customs and manners. ④ The physical or moral characteristics of a person. ⑤ A song; a tendency or disposition; an inclination.

*Kunshi no fū*, 君子ノ風, the air of a gentleman in its fullest sense; *Tochi no fū*, 土地ノ風, the customs and manners of a locality; *Chichi no fū ni nitari*, 父ノ風ニ背タリ, to resemble one's father; *Koku-fū wo tattobu*, 國風ヲ背テ, to honour the national manners; *Selū-fū wo maneru*, 西洋風ヲ模ル, to imitate the manners of the West.

Syn. KAZE, FŪZOKU, NARIFURI, NARAWASHI, ONOMUKI, SUGATA.

**Fū**, ふ, 封, n. ① A seal on a letter; fastening up; closing. ② A letter. ③ Blockading.

*Fū wo kiru*, 封ヲ切ル, to open a sealed letter; *Fū wo suru*, 封ヲスル, to seal a letter; *Ippū wo tatemasturu*, 一封ヲ奉ル, to write a letter to a superior.

Syn. FŪJI, NOHITSUKE.

**Fū**, ふ, 楓, n. [Bot.] *Liquidambar Maximowiczii*.

Syn. KAIDE, MOMIJI.

**Fuambai**, ふらんばい, 不墮梅, a. ① Not nice in taste or flavour. ② Indisposed; ill; sick.

Syn. MAZUI, AJINAI. [Unpromising.]

**Fuannai**, ふらんない, 不案内, a. Ignorant; not knowing; unacquainted with; not familiar with; being a stranger in a country, province, town, or village. [hospitable.]

**Fuashirai**, ふあしらい, 不合禮, 薄待, n. [coll.] Not

**Fubako**, ふばこ, 文箱, 狀箱, n. A letter-box.

Syn. FUMIBAKO, JŌBAKO. [basami.]

**Fubasami**, ふばさみ, 文袂, n. Same as *Fumi-fubatsu*.

**Fubatsu**, ふばつ, 不抜, a. [Chin.] Indomitable; not daunted; courageous; not influenced; immovable; staunch; firm in principle.

*Kakko fubatsu*, 確乎不拔, firm and unmovable.

**Fuben**, ふべん, 不便, a. and n. Inconvenient; incommodious; not suitable or propitious; inconvenience; trouble; difficulty of communication. [eloquence.]

**Fuben**, ふべん, 不辨, a. and n. Uneloquent; want

**Fubenri**, ふべんり, 不便利, a. and n. Inconvenient; Syn. FŪTSUGŌ. [want of convenience.]

**Fubin**, ふびん, 不敏, a. and n. [Chin.] Not clever, sharp, gifted, sagacious, or intelligent; want of sagacity, genius, or cleverness. Used only of one's self. [I am not at all gifted.]

*Ware fubin to tedomo*, 我不敏ト謙庄, though sharp, gifted, sagacious, or intelligent; want of sagacity, genius, or cleverness. Used only of one's self. [I am not at all gifted.]

**Fubin**, ふびん, 不便, a. Piteous; piteous; deserving compassion; poor; miserable; wretched.

*Fubin na koto wo shita*, 不便ヲ事ヲシタ, miserable; it is a pity; *Fubin na mono*, 不便ノ者, a poor or wretched person; *Fubin ni omō*, 不便ニ思フ, to feel compassion; to sympathize with.

Syn. AWAKE, BINZEN, FŪTSUGŌ, KINODOKU.

**Fubinguru**, ふびんぐる, v.t. To pity; to sympathize with one's misery or sorrow.

**Fubito**, ふびと, 史, n. The keeper of a record; a clerk; a chronicler or historian; a secretary.

**Fubo**, ふぼ, 父母, n. Father and mother; parents.

**Fuboku**, ふぶく, 腐木, n. A decayed tree; rotten wood.

**Fubon**, ふぼん, 不犯, n. [Budd.] Keeping the Buddhist commandments; leading a pure life.

*Isshū fubon*, 一生不犯, being pure and pious for one's life.

**Fubuki**, ふぶき, 風雪, 乱吹, n. ① A snow-storm. ② Turning gray, white, or hoary, as the hair.

**Fubuku**, ふぶく, 亂吹, v.t. To whirl about violently. Said only of snow. [a thing.]

**Fū ubhutsu**, ふぶんぶつ, 不分物, n. An undivided

**Fūhan**, ふらん, 風聞, n. A rumour, report, or Syn. IYŪHAN, UWASA. [current story.]

**Fubun-zaisan**, ふぶんざいさん, 不分財産, n. [Law.] An undivided property. [no meat.]

**Fucha**, ふちや, 普茶, n. A hodge-podge containing

**Fuchaku suru**, ふちやくする, 附着, v.t. and t. To adhere; to cling to; to attach; to connect.

Syn. KETSSEKU, TSUKU.

**Fuchi**, ふち, 縁, n. ① A border, rim, or margin; a corner; an edge. ② A side or bank of a river

*Fuchi wo tsukuru*, 縁ヲ付ル, to make a border; to hem; *Kawa no fuchi*, 河ノ縁, the banks of a river; the riverside; *Tenjō no fuchi*, 天井ノ縁, the borders or margins of a ceiling.

Syn. HEBI, MEGURI.

**Fuchi**, ふち, 淵, n. The deep parts or pools in a body of water, especially a river.

*Fuchi-kawa e mi wo nageru*, 淵河ニ身ヲ投ル, to throw one's self into a pool.

**Fuchi**, ふち, 扶持, n. Rations in rice paid to feudal retainers; a stipend or salary.

*Fuchi nin*, 扶持人, the receiver of a ration; a retainer; *Ichinin fuchi*, 一人扶持, a monthly ration of 1 to and 5 *shō*; *Fuchi ni hanareru*, 扶持ニ離レル, to be dismissed; to part with a feudal lord; [No.] to lose one's position, official or otherwise.



Fuchi, うち, 不治, a. Incurable; mortal; fatal; deadly.

Fuchi no shō, 不治ノ症, a fatal disease.

Fuchi, うち, 風致, n. [Chin.] Taste; elegance.

Issō no fuchi ari, 一層ノ風致アリ, is more elegant or tasteful.

Syn. FUGA, GACHI. [Fuannai.]

Fuchinannai, うちぢんない, 不知案内, a. Same as Fuchige.

Fuchige, うちぢ, 遊毛, n. Same as Herige.

Fuchiji, うちぢ, 府知事, n. The governor of a fu (府); an urban prefect.

Fuchikin, うちきん, 鍔金, n. A metal ring around

Syn. FUCHIGANE, HERIGANE. [rations.]

Fuchimai, うちまい, 扶持米, n. Rice served out as

Fuchin, うちん, 浮沈, n. [Chin.] Floating and sinking; the turns or vicissitudes in one's career; being prosperous, lucky, or successful and otherwise.

Isshō no fuchin ni kakowaru (chidai), 一生ノ浮沈ニ係ヘル一大事, a matter of great consequence to one's rising or falling in his social

Syn. UKISHIZUMI. [estate.]

Fuchin, うちん, 風帆, n. Same as Bunchin.

Fuchō, うちやう, 府廳, n. The office of an urban prefect, or Fuchiji.

Fuchō, うちやう, 符條, 符丁, 號馬, n. ① Any sign, mark, or token. ② Any sign or character used by

merchants to indicate the prices; a price-mark.

Fuchō wo tsukeru, 符條ヲ附ル, to affix a price-mark; Fuchō nite netan no kakehiki suru, 符條ニテ値段ノカケヒキスル, to make a business transaction by means of signs.

Fuchō, うちやう, 不調, n. Failing to settle a question, legal or otherwise.

Fuchō, うちやう, 無羽鳥, n. [Ornith.] The bird of

Fuchō, うちやう, 風濶, n.

[Chin.]

Fashion; tendency;

current.

Yono

fuchō wo

ou, 世ノ風潮ヲ追フ, to follow the fashions of the

age. [ful, upright, or honest.]

Fuchū, うちゆう, 不忠, n. Not being loyal, faithful; Fuchū fugi, 不忠不義, neither loyal nor faithful; Fuchū no shin, 不忠ノ臣, a disloyal subject.

Fuchūi, うちゆうい, 不注意, n. Careless; negligence; heedlessness; want of attention.

Syn. OKOTARI, YUDAN.

Fuda, ぶた, 札, 簡, 券, n. ① A card, ticket, or label; a placard; an affiche. ② A charm.

Fuda tsuki, 札付, [coll.] having a label on; having price-marks on; having a fixed price;

Fuda wo haru, 札ヲ貼ル, to affix a card or label;

Fuda wo tateru, 札ヲ立テル, to post a placard;

Fuda wo tsukeru, 札ヲ付ル, to affix a card; O fuda wo itadaku, お札ヲ戴ク, to receive a charm.

Fudagami, ぶたがみ, 札紙, 糊紙, n. Card board; pasteboard.

Fudai, ぶたい, 譜代, n. and a. Two or more generations in succession; hereditary.

Fudai no kerai, 譜代ノ家來, a hereditary vassal or retainer of the Tokugawa-Shōgun.

Fudaitai-butsum, ぶたいたいぶつ, 不代替物, n. [Law.] A thing which can not be exchanged.

Fudan, ぶたん, 不斷, a. and adv. Usual; common; every-day; constant; continual; usually, etc.

Fudan no tōri, 不斷ノ通り, as usual; Fudan-zukai, 不斷遣ヒ, for every day use or consumption.

Syn. TAEZU, TSUNENI. [tion.]

Fudangi, ぶたんぎ, 不斷着, 便服, 褌服, n. Clothes worn on ordinary days; everyday garments.

Fuda-no-tsuji, ぶたのつじ, 札辻, n. A street or by-corner of a street where placards are posted for public view.

Fudansō, ぶたんそう, 蕨菜, n. [Bot.] Beet.

Fudanzakura, ぶたんざくら, 不斷櫻, n. [Bot.] A cherry that blooms in the 10th month.

Fudaraku, フダラク, 補陀落, n. [Budd.] ① An island. ② Another name for Kwan-on.

Fudanshi, ぶたさし, 札差, n. A person specially licensed to exchange rice into money for feudal retainers.

Fudasashi-min, ぶたさしん, 札差人, n. Same as Fudanzakura.

Fudazukai, ぶたづかい, n. One who carries a letter for hire; a letter-carrier.

Syn. TEGAMIZUKAI.

Fude, ぶで, 筆, n. ① A brush; a hair pencil; a pen; a pencil. ② One's handwriting or chirograph

[writing.]

Fude no ato wo nokosu, 筆ノ跡ヲ遺ス, to leave one's handwriting; Fude wo furu, 筆ヲ揮フ, to write; to draw with a brush; Fude wo ireru, 筆ヲ入ル, to correct or revise a manuscript; Fude wo kokoromu, 筆ヲ試ム, to write for the first time in the new year; Fude wo kuū, 筆ヲ加フ, to add a few words or pages to another's writing; Fude wo kudasu, 筆ヲ下ス, to write; Fude wo somu, 筆ヲ供ム, to write; to draw; Fude wo toru, 筆ヲ取ル, same as above; Fude wo yū, 筆ヲ結フ, to bind (i.e. to make) writing brushes; Nantōshi no fude nare, 何葉ノ筆ナリ, this is Mr. —'s hand

Syn. HIRSU. [writing.]

Fude-arai, ぶであらい, 筆洗, n. A vessel in which

brushes are washed after writing or painting

Syn. HISSEN. [with them.]

Fudegetō, ぶでけいどう, n. [Bot.] Silvery-spiked cock's comb, Celosia argentea.

Fudegusa, ぶでぐさ, 蕨草, n. [Bot.] Horse-tail.

Fudejiku, ぶでぢく, 筆軸, n. The handle or holder of a pen or hair-pencil.

Fudekake, ぶでかけ, 筆架, 筆架, n. A pen-rest or

Fudekashi, ぶでかし, 不出來, a. [coll.] Not well done; unsuccessful; failing; inferior; bad in workmanship; mistaken.

Fudeki, ぶでき, 不出來, a. [coll.] Bad in workmanship; not producing much (said of crops).

Kotoshi no ine wa fudeki de atta, 今年ノ稻ハ不出來デアツタ, we have had bad crops of rice this year. [A penknife.]

Fudekiri-kogatana, ぶできりこがたな, 此筆刀, n.

Fudemame, ぶでまめ, 筆墨, 好書, n. One who writes well or rapidly.

Fudenose, ぶでのせ, 筆架, n. Same as Fudekake.

Fude-no-umi, ぶでのうみ, 筆海, n. An inkstone.

Fudesaya, ぶでさや, 筆箱, n. The sheath of a brush.

Fudeshi, ぶでせ, 筆師, n. One who makes pens or prepares a draft.

Fudetate, ぶでたて, 筆立, 筆筒, n. A bamboo, metal, or porcelain cylinder without a cover, for keeping pens or brushes in.

Fudotori, ぶでとり, 執筆, n. One who writes or prepares a draft.

Fudeya, ぶでや, 筆屋, n. A pen-store; a pen maker.

Fudeyui, ぶでゆい, 筆結, 筆匠, n. Same as Fude-shi. [a brush.]

Fudezuka, ぶでづか, 筆柄, 筆管, n. The handle of

Fudezuka, ぶでづか, 筆塚, 埋筆塚, n. A monumental stone built over a place when old writing brushes have been buried.

Fudezukai, ぶでづかい, 筆遣, 運筆, 筆意, n. The manner in which a brush is used in writing or painting.

Fudezukai ga arai, 筆遣ガ荒イ, .... writes carelessly; Fudezukai ga warui, 運筆ガ悪イ, not expert in writing.

Fudo, ぶど, 土團兒, n. [Bot.] Apios Fortuna.

Fudō, ぶどう, 不動, n. A Buddhist idol considered to have the power of keeping down all the evil spirits.

Fūdo, ふうど, 風土, n. The natural features or characteristics of a place or country.

Fūdoku, ふうどく, 風毒, n. [Med.] Rheumatism.

Fūdōmyōwō, ふうどうみょうわう, 不動明王, n.

Fudōson, ふうどうそん, 不動尊, n. Same as Fūdō.

Fudono, ぶどの, 文庫, n. A library. [property.]

Fudōsan, ふうどうさん, 不動産, n. [Law.] Immovable

Fudoshi, ぶどし, 禰, n. Same as Fudoshi.

Fudō suru, ぶどうする, 浮動, v.i. To fluctuate; to rise and fall; to go up and down.

Fue, ぶえ, 笛, n. [Mus.]

え, 笛, n. A [笛]

flute; a musical pipe; a whistle.

Fue wo fuku, 笛ヲ吹ク, to play a flute; to blow a whistle; to perform on the flute.

Fue, ぶえ, 喉, n. The windpipe; the throat.

Fue wo kiru, 笛ヲ切ル, to cut the throat; Tori no fue, 鳥ノ笛, the windpipe of a bird.

Syn. NOBONUE.

Fue, ぶえ, 氣, 氣球, n. An airbladder.

Fuefuki, ぶえふき, 笛吹, 笛手, n. One who plays a

flute; a

flutist.

Fuefuki-dai, ぶえふきだい, ぶえふきだい, n. [Ichth.]

Lethrinus haematopterus.

[ぶえふきだい]

Fueki, ぶえき, 不易, n. Immutability; unchangeable; unalterable; constant.

Bandai fueki, 萬代不易, immutable for a myriad of generations.

Syn. KAWARANU. [profitable; useless.]

Fueki, ぶえき, 不益, n. [coll.] Vain; of no use; un-

Syn. MUDA, MUTAKU.

Fuen, ぶえん, 不縁, n. [coll.] Divorce; dissolution of the matrimonial bond; disunion of any close tie.

Fuen ni natte sato e kaeru, 不縁ニナツテ里ヘ歸ル, to get divorced and return to the parental home (said of a married woman).

Fuen suru, ぶえんする, 布衍, 敷衍, v.t. To amplify or develop; to enlarge upon, mostly used of an argument or a hypothesis.

Bonshi wo fuen suru, 論旨ヲ布衍スル, to extend or develop one's theory or position.

Syn. HIKINORASU, NOBEHIROGARU.

Fuetsu, ぶえつ, 殖, v.i. To increase; to multiply; to become more numerous.

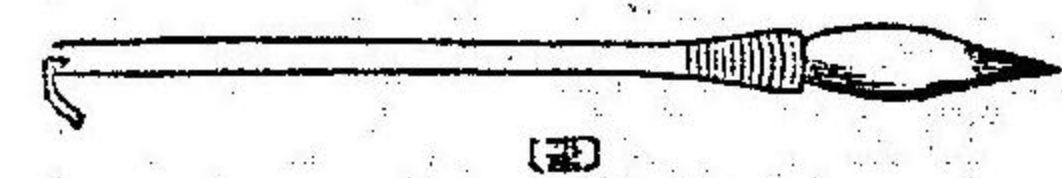
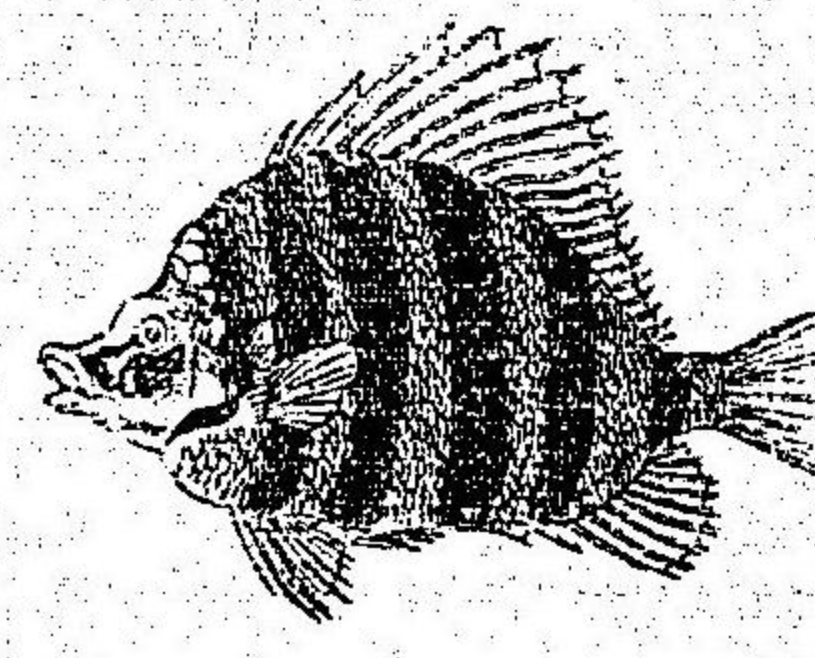
Hana ga fueta, 花ガ殖ヘタ, the flowers have increased; Hito ga fueta, 人ガ殖ル, to become more populous.

Syn. OKUNARU.

Fuetsu, ぶえつ, 斧鉞, n. A battle-axe.

Syn. MASAKARI, ONO.

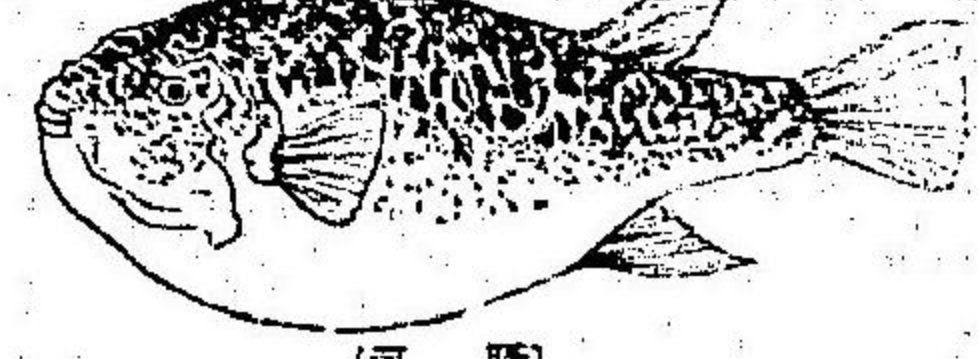
Fūfu, ふうふ, 夫婦, n. A married couple; husband and wife; man and wife.





**Fūfu** *hidori de kurasu*, 矢筒裏取りヲ謀ス, to jump the broom-stick.  
 Syn. IMOSE, MYŌTO, TSURRAI.  
**Fufuku**, ふぶく, 不服, *n.* Discontentment, disapproval; dissatisfaction; complaint; grievance; non-compliance.  
*Fufuku wo tonō*, 不服ヲ唱フ, to express one's disapproval; to complain. [humbly].  
**Fufuku suru**, ふぶくする, 俯伏, *v.t.* To bow very low.  
 Syn. FUSU, HIRAFUSU.  
**Fufumyō**, ふふみょう, 不明, *n.* Not clear, evident, or distinct.  
**Fūga**, ようが, 風雅, *n.* and *a.* Elegance; refinement; foud of the fine arts; refined; tasteful; genteel; polished. [is fond of the fine arts].  
*Fūga na hito*, 風雅ナ人, an amateur; one who is fond of the fine arts.  
 Syn. MIYABI.  
**Fuginashi**, ふがし, 不才, *a.* [coll.] Having no tact or talent; foolish; incapable.  
 Syn. IKUJINAKI.  
**Fugaku**, ふかく, 不學, *n.* Ignorant; unlearned; having no useful knowledge.  
**Fūgan**, えうがん, 風眼, 風眼眼, *n.* [Med.] Catarrhal or purulent ophthalmia.  
**Fūgen**, ふげん, 普賢, *n.* ① Being universally wise and benevolent. ② A Buddhist idol or image usually drawn riding a white elephant.  
**Fūgen**, ふげん, 浮言, *n.* A rumour or report.  
**Fūgen**, ふげん, 富源, *n.* The fountain of wealth; a resource; means of raising money.  
**Fūgetsu**, えうげつ, 風月, *n.* ① [lit.] Wind and moon. ② [fig.] Nature; landscape; scenery; poetical taste.  
*Fūgetsu no sai art*, 風月ノオアヲ, .... has natural talent for poetry; *Fūgetsu wo aisu*, 風月ヲ愛ス, to be fond of looking at the beauties of nature.  
**Fūgi**, ふぎ, 不義, *n.* and *a.* Adultery; impropriety; immoral; unjust; unchaste; morally impure; libidinous; lewd.  
*Fūgi naru mono*, 不義ナル者, an unchaste woman; an unjust person; *Fūgi wo suru*, 不義ヲスル, to commit adultery; to act improperly.  
 Syn. MISOKAGOTO, MITTSŪ, FUSEI.  
**Fūgi**, えうぎ, 風儀, *n.* Habits; customs; manners; demeanour; behavior.  
 Syn. FŪZOKU, NARAWASHI.  
**Fūgiri**, ふぎり, 不義理, *n.* Violation of what is right or due; wrong; injustice; ingratitude.  
*Fūgiri wo shite wa warui*, 不義理ヲシテハ悪イ, it is wrong to be unjust or ungrateful.  
**Fūgō**, ふがう, 符号, *n.* A mark, sign, token, or symbol.  
**Fūgō**, ふがう, 負號, *n.* [Math.] Negative sign.

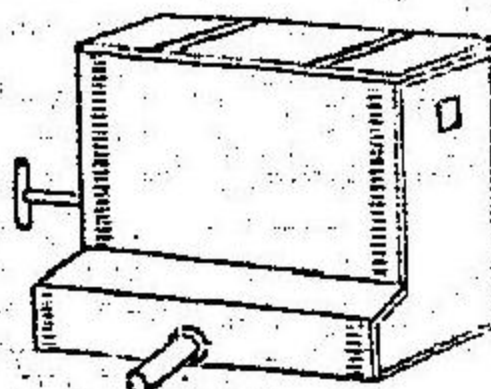
**Fūgō**, ふがう, 富號, *n.* Same as *Fūgen*.  
**Fūgo**, ふご, 盆, *n.* A basket.  
**Fūgu**, ふぐ, 不慮, *a.* and *n.* Unlooked for; unexpected; unthought of; sudden; accident; contingency; disaster.  
*Fūgu ni sonaeru*, 不慮ニ備ヘル, to provide against accidents; *Fūgu no wazawai*, 不慮ノ災, an unexpected calamity or disaster.  
**Fūgu**, ふぐ, 不具, *n.* and *a.* Infirmity; decrepitude; infirm; decrepit; maimed; deformed.  
*Fūgu naruhito*, 不具ナル人, an infirm person; a cripple.  
 Syn. KATAWA.  
**Fūgu**, ふぐ, 河豚, *n.* [Ichth.] Poisonous fish, belonging to the genus *Tetraodon*; its flesh, though often highly poisonous, is proverbially palatable.



(河豚)

*Fūgu wa kuttashi inochi wa oshishi*, 河豚ハ食タシ命ハ惜シ, [Prov.] sweet is the fugu, but life is sweeter.  
**Fūgurī**, ふぐり, 陰莖, 松尾, *n.* ① The testicles. ② A cone of the pine.  
 Syn. INNŌ, KINTAMA, MATSUKASA.  
**Fūguruma**, ふぐるま, 女車, *n.* A book-case provided with wheels. [ka].  
**Fūgyōgi**, ふぎやうぎ, *n.* [coll.] Same as *Bushitsu*.  
**Fūgyōjō**, ふぎやうじょう, 不行狀, *n.* [coll.] Misconduct; profligacy; culpable gallantry; debauchery. Often used as adjective.  
 Syn. FUMIMOCCHI. [as above].  
**Fūgyōseki**, ふぎやうせき, 不行跡, *n.* [coll.] Same as *Fūgyōbaku*.  
**Fūgyōbaku**, ふぎやうばく, 富牛糞, *n.* [Bot.] *Dianthus japonicus*.  
 Syn. FUJINADESHIKO. [thus japonicus].  
**Fūha**, ふは, 風波, *n.* [lit.] Wind and billows; [fig.] a storm met with at sea; enraged waves; a quarrel or difference among the members of a family.  
*Fūha no nan ni au*, 風波ノ難ニ遇フ, to encounter a storm, said of a ship; *Fūha wo okosu*, 風波ヲ起ス, to destroy peace; to quarrel; to Syn. ARASOI, NAMIKAZE. [differ].  
**Fūhai**, ふはい, 腐敗, *n.* Putrefaction; corruption; rottenness. [things].  
*Fūhai-butsumo*, 腐敗物, putrefied or rotten things.  
**Fūhai**, ふはい, 腐敗, *v.t.* To putrefy; to rot; to corrupt; to go astray from the path of justice.  
**Fūhaku**, ふはく, 風伯, *n.* An imaginary being supposed to control the wind.  
**Fūhaku**, ふはく, 浮薄, *n.* Unfeeling, unkind.  
**Fūhaku**, ふはく, 布帛, *n.* [Chin.] Any kind of cloth.

**Fūhansen**, ふはんせん, 風帆船, *n.* A sailing ship.  
 Syn. HOMASEN. [or boat].  
**Fūhan suru**, ふはんする, 負販, *v.t.* To carry about any thing for sale on one's shoulders; to hawk.  
**Fūhai**, ふはい, 不平, *n.* Displeasure; discontentment; dissatisfaction; grumbling; complaint; murmuring; being irritated or vexed.  
*Fūhai wo narasu*, 不平ヲ唱ス, to utter sullen discontent; to grumble; to complain; to express one's displeasure.  
**Fūhai**, ふはい, 不費, *n.* Same as *Fueki* (不爲).  
**Fūhaiji**, ふはいじ, 不返事, *n.* Making no answer or reply; giving no favourable answer.  
**Fūhai suru**, ふはいする, 浮遊, *v.t.* [Chin.] To float; to glide or swim on a liquid.  
 Syn. UKABURU.  
**Fūhi**, ふひ, 腐蝕, *n.* [Bot.] *Premna japonica*.  
**Fūhinkō**, ふひんこう, 不品行, *n.* Irregularities in manners or behaviour; profligacy; gallantry; Syn. ASHIRIMOCCHI. [debauchery].  
**Fūhō**, ふほう, 不法, *a.* Same as *Furachi*.  
**Fūhō**, ふほう, 風砲, *n.* An air-gun.  
**Fūhōjō**, ふほうじょう, 扶芳藻, *n.* [Bot.] *Euonymus japonicus*.  
**Fūhyō**, ふひょう, 浮標, *n.* A buoy. [radicans].  
**Fūhyō**, ふひょう, 風評, *n.* Rumour; report; a talk in everybody's mouth.  
*Yo no fūhyō ni mayō*, 世ノ風評ニ迷フ, to be at a loss what to make out of a rumour.  
 Syn. TORISATA, UWASA.  
**Fūi**, ふい, 布衣, 匹夫, *n.* ① A cotton or hempen garment. ② A commoner; common people in general.  
**Fūi**, ふい, 不意, *a.* and *adv.* Sudden; unexpected; unlooked-for; while off guard; accidentally.  
*Fūi ni deau*, 不意ニ出會フ, to meet with or encounter suddenly; *Fūi no sainan*, 不意ノ災難, an unlooked-for calamity or disaster; *Fūi wo kuratte nigeta*, 不意ヲ食テ逃ケタ, .... seized with surprise, he fled away; *Fūi wo uteu*, 不意ヲ打ツ, to surprise, as an enemy; to attack while the enemy is off his guard.  
 Syn. DASHINCKE, FUTO, ONOYORANU.  
**Fūi**, ふい, 扇衣, *n.* [Chin.] A paper screen with axes drawn without the handles, made to stand at the back of the Imperial throne.  
**Fūichōsuru**, ふいちょうする, 風塵, *v.t.* To publish; to make known; to cry out; to announce; to inform; to proclaim.  
 Syn. HIROMERU, SHIRASERU.  
**Fūful-kyō**, ふふいきょう, 同回数, *n.* Moham-medanism.  
**Fūgo**, ふご, 風, *n.*  
**Fūgō**, ふがう, 風, *n.*



(風)

**Fūgo-matsuri**, ふごまつり, 鑄祭, *n.* A festival celebrated by blacksmiths on the 8th day of the 11th month (o.s.). [fish].  
**Fūgo-uwo**, ふごうを, 風櫃魚, *n.* [Ichth.] Bellows fish.  
**Fūji**, ふじ, 不爲, *n.* Non-commission.  
**Fūki-todoki**, ふきとどき, *n.* A corrupted form of *Fuyukitodoki*. [v.t.] To seal, and stamp.  
**Fūin**, ふいん, 封印, *n.* A seal or stamp. — *suru*, *Tegami wo fūin suru*, 手紙ヲ封印スル, to seal a letter.  
 Syn. FŪZURU. [a letter].  
**Fūin**, ふいん, 不運, *n.* Same as *Fubon*.  
**Fūin**, ふいん, 不音, *a.* Same as *Busata*.  
**Fūno-hito**, ふいのひと, 布衣ノ人, *n.* A commoner; the common people.  
 Syn. TADA-NO-HITO.  
**Fūri**, ふいり, 斑入, *n.* Spotted; marked with discoloured places. [pine].  
*Fūri no moto*, 斑入ノ万年青, a spotted ground pine.  
**Fūjū**, ふじゅう, 風邪, *n.* [Med.] Cold; nasal catarrh.  
 Syn. KAZEMIKI. [tarrh].  
**Fūji**, ふじ, 藤, *n.* [Bot.] *Wistaria chinensis*.  
**Fūji**, ふじ, 不時, *a.* Out of time or season; casual; incidental; sudden; unlooked-for; importunate; fortuitous.  
*Fūji no henji*, 不時ノ變事, an unexpected event; an incident; *Fūji no moniri*, 不時ノ物入, unlooked-for expenses; *Fūji no sainan*, 不時ノ災難, Same as *fūi no sainan*.  
 Syn. RINJI, TOKINARANG.  
**Fūji**, ふじ, 不次, *a.* Out of fixed order; irregular; especial; not according to rank.  
*Fūji no onten*, 不次ノ恩典, a special favour; *Fūji no tōyō*, 不次ノ登用, being promoted over the heads of others.  
**Fūji-azami**, ふじあざみ, *n.* [Bot.] *Cnicus purpuratus*. [guine].  
**Fūjibai**, ふじばい, 馬唐, *n.* [Bot.] *Panicum sanguinalis*.  
**Fūjibakama**, ふじばかま, 馬唐草, *n.* [Bot.] *Eupatorium chinense*.  
**Fūjibitai**, ふじびたい, 富士額, *n.* [coll.] The hair-edge on the forehead, curved as to appear like an inverted fan (considered a point of beauty in ladies).  
**Fūjibotan**, ふじぼたん, 荷苞牡丹, *n.* [Bot.] *Decentra spectabilis*. [國草].  
**Fūji-bukuro**, ふじぶくろ, 封筒, *n.* An envelope.  
 Syn. JŌBUKURO. [for a letter].  
**Fūjidan**, ふじだん, 藤棚, 藤架, *n.* A wistaria trellis.



(國草)



**Fujigoromo**, ふじごころも, 葛衣, 蓑衣, *n.* A mourning garment. [colour.]

**Fuji-iro**, ふじいろ, 紫藤色, *n.* A light purper. Syn. USUMURASAKI. [dium Oldhami.]

**Fujikansō**, ふじかんそう, 山梨豆, [Bot.] *Desmo-*

**Fujikasura**, ふじかすら, 藤, *n.* [Bot.] *Wistaria*.

**Fujiki**, ふじき, *n.* [Bot.] *Sophora platycarpa*.

**Fujikurasōri**, ふじくらすり, 藁草履, *n.* Straw slippers. [chos Lablab.]

**Fujimame**, ふじまめ, 蚕豆, 胡豆, *n.* [Bot.] *Dott-*

**Fujimatsu**, ふじまつ, 落葉松, *n.* [Bot.] *Larch-*

**Fujime**, ふじめ, 封蝋, *n.* The part of a letter-envelope where it is sealed.

**Fujimi**, ふじみ, 不仁身, *n.* Insensibility to pain; not suffering from any wound; invulnerability.

**Fujimodoki**, ふじもどき, 花, *n.* [Bot.] *Daphne Genkwa*. [lysis.]

**Fujin**, ふじん, 不仁, *n.* [Med.] Insensibility; para-

**Fujin**, ふじん, 夫人, *n.* The wife of a person occupying a high social position. Syn. OKUGATA.

**Fūjin**, ふうじん, 風塵, *n.* [Budd.] The worldly or secular affairs; the bustle of the world. *Fūjin wo itō*, 風塵ヲ厭フ, to hate worldly concerns; to be misanthropic.

**Fujin**, ふじん, 不仁, *a.* [Chin.] Unkind; pitiless; cruel; inhuman; beastly. Often used as noun.

**Fujin**, ふじん, 婦人, *n.* A woman or wife. Syn. NYŪBO, WOMINA, WONNA.

**Fūjin**, ふうじん, 風神, *n.* The god of winds.

**Fujina**, ふじな, 蒲公英, *n.* [Bot.] *Dandelion*. Syn. TAMPOPO, TSUZUMIGUSA.

**Fujinadeshiko**, ふじなでしこ, 富牛菜, *n.* [Bot.] *Dianthus japonicus*. [ple colour.]

**Fujinosumi**, ふじのすみ, 藤屋, *n.* A grayish pur-

**Fuji-no-hana**, ふじのはな, 海藤花, *n.* [Zool.] Eggs of octopods.

**Fuji-nori**, ふじのり, 封蝋, *n.* The paste or mucilage used for sealing letters and other purposes. [cloth.]

**Fujinuno**, ふじぬの, 藤布, *n.* A kind of coarse. Syn. ARANUNO.

**Fūjirō**, ふうじらう, 封紙, *n.* Same as *Fūrō*.

**Fujisawa-giku**, ふじさわぎく, 狗舌草, *n.* [Bot.] *Senecio campestris*.

**Fujitoribana**, ふじとりばな, 釣藤菊, *n.* [Bot.] *Uncaria rhynchophylla*.

**Fujitsu**, ふじつ, 不實, *n.* and *a.* Wanting sincerity or kindness; insincere; unfaithful; inhuman; unkind; hypocritical; untrue. Syn. FUNJŪ, MAKOTO-NO-NAI.

**Fujitsu**, ふじつ, 不日, *n.* In a few days. *Fujitsu ni dekimashō*, 不日ニ出来マシヨウ, will be made (or, ready) in a few days. Syn. HINARAZU, TŌKARAZU.

**Fujitsubo**, ふじつぼ, 藤室, *n.* [obs.] The name of a hall in the Imperial palace. Syn. HIKYŌSHA.

**Fujitsubo**, ふじつぼ, *n.* [Zool.] Barnacle.

**Fuji-utsugi**, ふじうつぎ, 醉魚草, *n.* [Bot.] *Budleya japonica*.

**Fujiyō**, ふじよう, 不自由, *n.* Uncomfortable; not free; disagreeable; inconvenient; lacking the means of access or communication. *Fujiyō gachi desu*, 不自由勝手ス, wanting several means of comfort; inconvenient in many respects. Syn. JIYŪNARANU, MAMANARANU.

**Fujo**, ふじょ, 扶助, *n.* Help; aid; assistance; succour; support. *Hito no fujo wo ūku*, 人ノ扶助ヲ受ク, to receive the aid of others; to be supported by others. —*suru*, *v.t.* To help, aid, etc. Syn. MITSUGU, TASUKERU.

**Fujō**, ふじょう, 不定, *a.* Uncertain, especially used of life and death. *Rōshō fujō*, 老少不定, it is quite uncertain whether one dies young or old.

**Fujō**, ふじょう, 不淨, *n.* and *a.* ① Uncleanliness; foulness; the state of being defiled; pollution; impurity. ② Impure; defiled; unclean. ③ Menstruation. *Fujō na mono*, 不淨ナ者, a defiled person; an infidel; a menstruating woman; *Fujō wo harau*, 不淨ヲ拂フ, to make clean; to purify one's self. Syn. KEGARE, KIYOKARAZU. For a house.

**Fujō**, ふじょう, 富饒, *n.* [Chin.] Fertile; rich; productive. More commonly read *Fu-nyō*.

**Fujo**, ふじょ, 巫女, *n.* A sorceress. Syn. ICHIKO. [tive mood.]

**Fujōhō**, ふじょうほう, 不定法, *n.* [Gram.] The infinitive.

**Fuju**, ふじゆ, 符呪, *n.* A charm or spell for keeping. Syn. MAJINAI. [evil spirits away.]

**Fuju**, ふじゆ, 腐儒, *n.* [Chin.] A pedant; a bigoted Confucianist.

**Fūju**, ふうじゆ, 楓樹, *n.* [Bot.] *Liquidambar*.

**Fujūbutsu**, ふじゅうぶつ, 附従物, *n.* Accessories.

**Fujuku**, ふじゆく, 不熟, *a.* Unskilful; inexpert; unripe; unsettled, disturbed; not peaceful. *Dampai fujuku*, 談判不熟, the conference is not concluded; *Fujuku no kutamono*, 不熟ノ果物, an unripe fruit; *Kanai fujuku*, 家内不熟, to have differences among the members of a family.

**Fujun**, ふじゆん, 不順, *n.* ① Irregular, said of the weather. ② Disobedient; unfilial; undutiful. *Oya ni fujen naru ko*, 親ニ不順ナル子, disobedient or unfilial children.

**Fujūri**, ふじゅうり, 不受理, *n.* [Law.] Not acceptable; not accepted.

**Fuka**, ふか, 沙魚, *n.* [Zool.] A shark.

**Fuka**, ふか, 不可, *a.* [Chin.] Not to be allowed, permitted, or tolerated; bad; wrong; condemnable; impossible. *Sono koto wa fuka nari*, 其事ヘ不可ナリ, that is wrong or impossible.

**Fuka**, ふか, 府下, *n.* Being under the jurisdiction of an urban prefecture or *fu*.

**Fūka**, ふうか, 富家, *n.* A rich family or person.

**Fukabun-butsu**, ふかぶんぶつ, 不可分物, *n.* An indivisible thing.

**Fukabun**, ふかぶん, 不可分, *n.* Inalienable.

**Fukada**, ふかだ, 深田, *n.* A deep muddy rice-field.

**Fukado**, ふかど, 深手, 重傷, *n.* A deep, or severe wound. [in the snow.]

**Fukagutsu**, ふかぐつ, 深履, *n.* Straw boots for use.

**Fūkai suru**, ふうかいする, 罰戒, *v.t.* To censure indirectly; to allude softly to one's misconduct.

**Fukakel**, ふかけい, 附加刑, *n.* [Law.] An additional punishment.

**Fuka-kōryoku**, ふかこうりやく, 不可抗力, *n.* [Law.] Irresistible force.

**Fukaku**, ふかく, 深, *adv.* Deeply; well; intensely; very; at a distance. *Amari fukaku wa majiwarimasen*, 餘リ深クハ交ヘリマセン, does not associate very closely with; has no very intimate intercourse; *Yama fukaku sunde iru*, 山深ク住テ居ル, to live far back in distant mountains. —*suru*, *v.t.* To make deeper or more intimate.

**Fukaku**, ふかく, 不覺, *n.* [coll.] Defeat; loss; culpable negligence. *Fukaku no namida*, 不覺ノ涙, tears shed after a defeat; regretful tears; *Fukaku wo toru*, 不覺ヲ取ル, to be defeated; to lose the day.

**Fukami**, ふかみ, 深, *n.* A deep place; the depth; anything in which one is liable to be implicated or involved. *Fukami ni hamaru*, 深ニハマル, to be implicated; to lose one's self in the deep.

**Fukamigusa**, ふかみぐさ, 深見草, *n.* [Bot.] The Mavtan tree, tree peony. [colour.]

**Fukamidori**, ふかみどり, 深緑, *n.* A dark green.

**Fukamurasaki**, ふかむらさき, 深紫, *n.* A deep purple colour. Syn. KOMURASAKI.

**Fukamuru**, ふかむる, 深, *v.t.* To deepen; to make deeper or darker; to dredge or entrench.

**Fūkan**, ふうかん, 諷諷, *n.* Reproving a superior by means of indirect allusions. —*suru*, *v.t.* To censure one's superior, indirectly.

**Fukannin**, ふかんにん, 不達忍, *n.* [coll.] Impatience; not controlling or restraining one's self.

**Fuka-no-hire**, ふかのひれ, 鰐鰓, 金鯊, *n.* Shark's fins (highly relished by the Chinese).

**Fukareru**, ふかれる, 被吹, *v.t.* The passive form of *Fuku*.

*Kaze ni fukareru*, 風ニ吹レル, to be blown by the wind.

**Fukasa**, ふかさ, 深, *n.* The depth. *Fukasa wo hakaru*, 深ヲ測ル, to measure the depth of anything; to sound. [Fuka.]

**Fukaseru**, ふかせる, *v.t.* The causative form of *Fue wo fukaseru*, 笛ヲ吹セシム, to make one perform on the flute; *Fane wo fukaseru*, 家模ヲ葺カセシム, to have the roof thatched or tiled.

**Fukashi**, ふかし, 深, *a.* Deep; intimate; familiar; profound. *Ana fukashi*, 穴深シ, the hole or cave is deep; *Fukai naka*, 深イ中, intimate relation; *Fukai ada*, 深キ仇, a hated enemy; *Kangae fukashi*, 考深シ, a profound thought; *Majiwarai fukashi*, 交深シ, a close friendship; *Oku fukashi*, 奥深シ, very deep or profound; *Tani fukashi*, 谷深シ, the ravine is deep; *Umi fukashi*, 海深シ, the sea is deep; *Yama fukashi*, 山深シ, the mountains extend afar; *Yoku fukashi*, 欲深シ, desires are inordinate; avaricious; voracious; ambitious. Syn. ASAKARANU, KARISOMENARANU, OMO-SHI. [shigi.]

**Fukashigi**, ふかしぎ, 不可思議, *a.* Same as *Fukashigi-ron*, ふかしぎろん, 不可思議論, *n.* Agnosticism; an absurd theory.

**Fukashigi-ronsha**, ふかしぎろんしゃ, 不可思議論者, *n.* An agnostic.

**Fukasu**, ふかす, 深, *v.i.* To be engaged in anything till late at night. *Yo wo fukasu*, 夜ヲ深ス, to sit up late at night.

**Fukasu**, ふかす, 蒸, *v.t.* To steam; to prepare food by steaming. [toes.] *Imo wo fukasu*, 芋ヲ蒸ス, to steam potatoes. MUSU.

**Fuka suru**, ふかする, 負荷, *v.t.* To take on one's self, as a burden or responsibility; to bear; to carry. [charge in addition to.]

**Fuka suru**, ふかする, 附加, *v.t.* To add to; to

**Fukazame**, ふかざめ, 鰐, *n.* [Zool.] A kind of shark.

**Fukazume**, ふかづめ, 深爪, *n.* [coll.] Cutting the finger-nails almost down to the flesh.

**Fuke**, ふけ, 深田, *n.* Same as *Fukada*.

**Fuke**, ふけ, 豐脂, 兩鬚, *n.* Dandruff; scurf forming among the hair on the head. Syn. IROKO, UROKO.

**Fuke**, ふけ, *n.* ① The mildew. ② [coll.] Winning by being defeated (a technicality among card-players).

**Fukeda**, ふかた, 深田, *n.* Same as *Fukada*.

**Fukei**, ふけい, 不敬, *n.* An insult to a member of the Imperial family; more loosely any impoliteness or disrespect. Syn. BUREI, SHIKKEI, SHITSUREI.







*Ōsei fūkkō*, 王政復古, the Restoration; the returning of the exercise of sovereignty into the Emperor's hand.

**Fukkō**, フッコウ, 腹稿, *n.* [*Chin.*] The mental analysis of a composition about to be written.

**Fukkuri**, フックリ, 豊肥, *a.* [*coll.*] Fat; corpulent; fleshy; plump.

**Fukkwan**, フックワン, 復官, *n.* Restoration to a governmental office; a second installment.

**Fukkyō**, フックョウ, 拂曉, *n.* The dawn, or sunrise.

**Fukō**, フコウ, 不幸, *n.* ① Misfortune; disaster; unhappiness; calamity; unlucky accident. ② Death.

*Fukō chū no kō*, 不幸中ノ幸, anything calculated to lessen the evil consequences of a disaster.

**Fūkō**, フコウ, 風儀, *n.* Same as *Kazami*.

**Fukō**, フコウ, 負項, *n.* [*Math.*] Negative term.

**Fukoku**, フコク, 富國, *n.* ① A rich country. ② Enriching a country.

*Fukoku kyōhei*, 富國強兵, enriching and strengthening a country.

**Fukoku**, フコク, 布告, *n.* A government notice; decree, proclamation, or ordinance.—*suru*, *v.t.* To publish; to decree; to proclaim.

**Fukoku suru**, フコクする, 誣告, *v.t.* To accuse falsely; to inform wrongfully.

**Fukosso**, フコソウ, 腐骨症, *n.* [*Med.*] Caries of bones. [*metatarsal bones.*]

**Fukotsu**, フコツ, 跗骨, *n.* [*Med.*] The tarsal or

**Fūkotsu**, フコツ, 風骨, *n.* Same as *Hitogara*.

**Fuku**, フク, 鑄, *v.t.* [*coll.*] To cast; to mint; to forge.

*Zeni wo fuku*, 錢ヲ鑄ク, to coin; to convert metal into coins.

**Fuku**, フク, 福, *n.* Same as *Saiwai*.

**Fuku**, フク, 副, *n.* A prefix meaning *assistant, adjutant, vice, and auxiliary.*

*Fuku shōgun*, 副將軍, an adjutant general.

**Fuku**, フク, 服, *n.* ① Same as *Kimono*. ② [*coll.*] Foreign clothes or dress.

Syn. *IRUKU, KIMONO, KOROMO...*

**Fuku**, フク, 幅, *n.* ① A hanging picture. ② A numeral used in counting hanging pictures.

Syn. *JIKU, KAKEJI, KAKEMONO.*

**Fuku**, フク, 腹, *n.* Same as *Hara*.

**Fuku**, フク, 吹, *v.t.* and *i.* ① To breathe. ② To blow. ③ To issue forth; to vent; to pour out violently. ④ To sprout; to bud.

*Garasu wo fuku*, 硝子ヲ吹ク, to blow glass.

*Hara wo fuku*, 法螺ヲ吹ク, [*lit.*] to blow a conch; [*fig.*] to boast; to exaggerate; *Fki wo fuku*, 息ヲ吹ク, to breathe; *Ke wo fukite kizu wo motomu*, 毛ヲ吹テ傷ヲ求ム, to exert one's self to own's own disadvantage; *Mizu wo fuku*

水ヲ噴ク, to send forth water violently; *Yama yori hi wo fuku*, 山ヨリ火ヲ噴ク, the mountain sends out flames.

**Fuku**, フク, 葺, *v.t.* To roof; to thatch.

*Kawara de yane wo fuku*, 瓦ヲ葺キテ葺ク, to roof with tiles.

**Fuku**, フク, 拭, *v.t.* To wipe; to clean by rubbing.

Syn. *NOGOU, NUGŪ, SURIKESU.*

**Fukuba**, フクバ, 副馬, *n.* A horse in reserve.

Syn. *NORIKAEUMA, SOKUMA.*

**Fukube**, フクベ, 瓠, *n.* [*Bot.*] A calabash, gourd.

Syn. *HYŌTAN.*

**Fukubera**, フクベラ, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Anemone flaccida*.

**Fukubiki**, フクビキ, 福引, *n.* A lottery; the distribution of prizes by drawing lots, a favourite game among children. [berry.]

**Fukubonshi**, フクボンシ, 復盆子, *n.* [*Bot.*] Straw-

**Fukubotsu suru**, フクボツスル, 覆没, *v.t.* To slink; to founder. Said of ships or boats.

**Fukubukushi**, フクブクシ, 福引, *a.* [*coll.*] Happy or wealthy looking.

**Fukubunsū**, フクブンズ, 復分數, *n.* [*Math.*] Compound fraction.

**Fukudake**, フクダケ, *n.* Same as *Fukuge*.

**Fukudama**, フクダマ, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Ophiopogon japonicus*.

**Fukudami**, フクダミ, 福多味, 鱈鱈, *n.* The flesh and guts of a *tokobushi* chopped and salted.

**Fukudamu**, フクダム, 潰散, *v.t.* and *i.* To disarrange; to dishevel; to hang loose; to be disordered.

**Fukuden**, フクデン, 福田, *n.* [*Budd.*] Piety, obedience, and charity.

**Fukuden-kwai**, フクデンクワイ, 福田會, *n.* A Buddhist society for charitable purposes.

**Fukudo**, フクド, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Artemisia japonica*, var. *desertorum*.

**Fukudoku suru**, フクドクする, 復讀, *v.t.* To read by way of review; to recite; to study.

**Fukueki**, フクエキ, 服役, *n.* To serve.

**Fukuga suru**, フクガする, 伏臥, *v.t.* To be with the face downward.

**Fukugichō**, フクギチョウ, 副議長, *n.* Vice-president. [sign.]

**Fukugō**, フクゴウ, 復讐, *n.* [*Math.*] Ambiguous

**Fukugun**, フクグン, 副軍, *n.* An army in reserve.

**Fukugyukwa**, フクグクワ, *n.* [*Bot.*] Berberry.

Syn. *HEBINOBORAZU.*

**Fukuhai**, フクハイ, 腹背, *n.* The belly and the back; the front and the rear.

**Fukuhai**, フクハイ, 伏兵, *n.* An ambush.

Syn. *FUSEZKI.*

**Fukubi**, フクビ, 復比, *n.* [*Math.*] Compound ratio.

**Fukuhon**, フクホン, 副本, *n.* A copy.

**Fukui**, フクイ, 復意, *n.* [*Math.*] Ambiguity.

**Fukuku**, フクク, 馥郁, *a.* Smelling sweetly; fragrant in a high degree. [of Cicada.]

**Fukuku**, フクク, 蝸蟬, *n.* [*Entom.*] The pupa

**Fuku-in**, フクイン, 幅員, *n.* Breadth.

Syn. *HABA, HIROSA.*

**Fuku-in**, フクイン, 福音, *n.* The Christian gospel.

**Fuku-in**, フクイン, 伏陰, *n.* Low temperature in summer.

**Fukuja**, フクジャ, 蝮蛇, *n.* [*Zool.*] A viper.

**Fukuji**, フクジ, 服事, *n.* Being obedient or submissive to a superior. —*suru*, *v.t.* To serve; to subservise; to pay homage.

Syn. *TSUKAERU, TSUKOMATSURU.*

**Fukujin**, フクジン, 福神, *n.* The seven gods of happiness, namely; *Ebisu, Daikoku, Bishamon, Benzaiten, Hotei, Jurōjin, and Fukuroku-*

Syn. *FUKU NO KAMI.* [jin.]

**Fukujū**, フクジュ, 服従, *n.* Being subjected or subdued; obedience. —*suru*, *v.t.* To obey; to pay homage. [*Adonis amurensis.*]

**Fukujūsō**, フクジュソウ, 福壽草, 刺金蓮花, *n.* [*Bot.*]

**Fukuju suru**, フクジュする, 復讐, *v.t.* Same as *Fukudoku suru*. [tion.]

**Fukuken**, フクケン, 復讐, *n.* [*Law.*] Rehabilita-

**Fukuki**, フクキ, 腐屍, *n.* Same as *Imibaku*.

**Fukuki-ken**, フクキケン, 復讐權, *n.* [*Law.*] The right of restoration.

**Fukuki suru**, フクキする, 復讐, *v.t.* To return; to be restored, rehabilitated, or reinstated.

**Fukukō**, フクコウ, 復興, *n.* Revival; recovery; renewal. [Herpes.]

**Fukukōshin**, フクコウシン, 匍行疹, *n.* [*Med.*]

**Fukukwambu**, フククワンブ, 副官部, *n.* The office of *aide de camp*.

**Fukukwatsu**, フククワツ, 復活, *n.* Resurrection; coming to life again. —*suru*, *v.t.* To come to life again.

Syn. *IKIKARRI, YOMIGAERU.* [neum.]

**Fukumaku**, フクマク, 腹膜, *n.* [*Anat.*] Perito-

**Fukumakuen**, フクマクエン, *n.* [*Med.*] Inflammation of the peritoneum.

**Fukunaseru**, フクナセル, 含, *v.t.* The causative form of *Fukumu*.

**Fukumei suru**, フクメイする, 復命, *v.t.* To report to a superior on returning from a place where

Syn. *HANMEI SURU.* [one was sent.]

**Fukumen**, フクメン, 覆面, *n.* Covering the face; a veil; a mask.

*Fukumen wo kaburu*, 覆面ヲ被ル, to veil or mask; to be disguised.

**Fukumei-zukin**, フクメイズキン, 覆面頭巾, *n.* A kind of hood consisting of a piece of cloth with which the head and the face are covered.

**Fukumeru**, フクメル, 覆合, *v.t.* Same as *Fukumeru*.

**Fukumetsu suru**, フクメツスル, 覆滅, *v.t.* To be ruined, vanquished, or destroyed.

**Fukumu**, フクム, 伏, *v.t.* To be shut closed, or unopened.

**Fukumu**, フクム, 含, 握, *v.t.* ① To contain; to hold. ② To absorb. ③ To bear in mind; to understand. ④ To have anything in the mouth.

*Ikari wo fukumu*, 怒ヲ含ム, to be angry; *Me wo fukumu*, 芽ヲ含ム, to bud; *On fukumi kudasaruru beku soro*, 御合可被下候, please understand it to be so and so; *Urami wo fukumu*, 恨ヲ含ム, to entertain rancour; to be rancorous; hate; *Warai wo fukumu*, 笑ヲ含ム, to smile softly; to

Syn. *FUFUMU, TAMOTSU.* [laugh secretly.]

**Fukun**, フクン, 府君, *n.* [*Chin.*] ① The governor of a province. ② Your father.

**Fuku-nin**, フクニン, 復任, *n.* Re-appointment.

**Fukurahagi**, フクラハギ, 福藪, *n.* The calf of the

Syn. *KOMURA.* [leg.]

**Fukuraka**, フクラカ, 豊肥, *a.* Corpulent; fat; swollen; bloated; big.

Syn. *FUKKURI, FUKURERU.*

**Fukurami**, フクラミ, 膨脹, *n.* The state or condition of being swollen or expanded.

**Fukuramu**, フクラム, 膨脹, *v.t.* and *i.* To expand; to distend; to grow corpulent; to be inflated or blown up.

**Fukurani**, フクラニ, 脹死, *n.* A sea-eur boiled so as to make it soft and turgid.

**Fukurappage**, フクラパージュ, *n.* [*coll.*] Same as *Fukurahagi*. [rotunda.]

**Fukura-shiba**, フクラシバ, 冬青, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Ilex*

**Fukurasu**, フクラサ, 脹, *v.t.* To make anything inflated, distended, or expanded.

*Itō wo fukurasu*, 頰ヲ脹ス, to distend the cheeks; to be displeased; to be angry.

**Fukurazume**, フクラズメ, 福らすめ, *n.* Figure of a sparrow with its wings spread.

**Fukureru**, フクレル, 膨脹, *v.t.* ① To expand; to distend; to swell; to become inflated. ② To be displeased. [tenance.]

*Fukura tsura*, フクラツラ, [*coll.*] an angry countenance.

Syn. *BŌCHŌ SURU, HARERU.*

**Fukurei suru**, フクレイする, 復禮, *v.t.* To return another's compliment or salutation.

**Fukurin**, フクリン, 覆輪, *n.* An ornamented rim or border.

*Kin fukurin*, 金覆輪, a gold border.

**Fukuro**, フクロ, 袋, 囊, *n.* ① A bag, pouch, sac, or wallet; anything protuberant and swagging. ② A mother. ③ [*coll.*] Being behind others in doing anything.

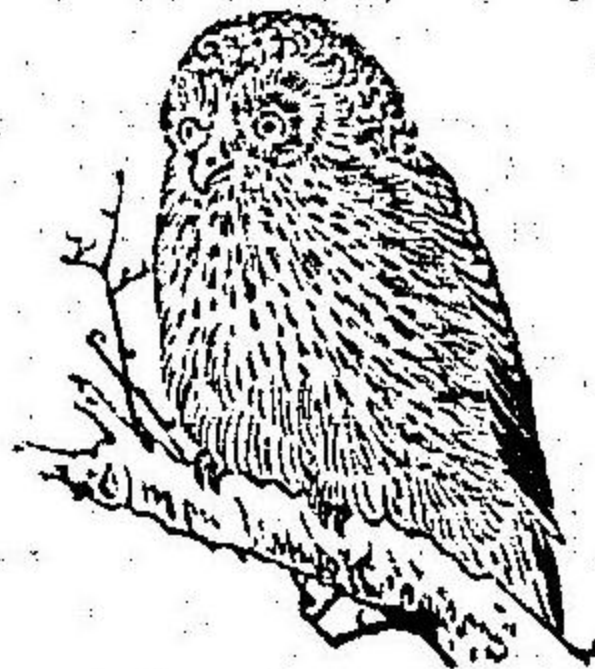
*Fukuro e ireru*, 袋へ入ル, to put into a bag, sac, or pouch; *O-fukuro*, オフクロ, an old woman or mother; *Te-fukuro*, 手袋, gloves.



Fukuro, ふくろ, 梟, n. [Ornith.] An owl, Syr. Fukuro, ふくろ, 梟, n. [Ornith.] An owl, Syr. Fukuro, ふくろ, 梟, n. [Ornith.] An owl, Syr.

Syn. NIKKODORI.

Fukurobu, ふくろぶ, v.t. To be ripped or torn open; to give way, said of a seam. The form more commonly used is Hokerobu.



(梟)

Fukurodana, ふくろたな, 袋櫃, n. A box-like closet provided with sliding screens built in one corner of a parlour or sitting-room, a few feet above the floor.

Fukurodo, ふくろど, 袋戸, n. Same as above.

Fukurogo, ふくろご, 袋子, n. A child delivered wrapped up in the membranes.

Fukurogumo, ふくろぐも, n. [Entom.] Atypus sp.

Fukuro-gusa, ふくろぐさ, 袋草, n. [Bot.] Sedum-alboreseum.

Fukuronachi, ふくろなち, 袋町, 死巷, n. A street or pathway the one end of which has no passage out.

Fukuromono, ふくろもの, 袋物, n. The general name for tobacco pouches, pocket-books, purses, etc.

Fukuronori, ふくろのり, n. [Bot.] Algae.

Fukuro-tatuki, ふくろたたき, 袋叩, 暴漢, n. Beating, flogging, drubbing or pommelling until one is completely overcome. [Fukurodana.

Fukurotodana, ふくろとたな, 袋戸櫃, n. Same as Fukuro.

Fukuryōji, ふくろやじ, 副領事, n. Vice consul.

Fukusa, ふくさ, 袱紗, n. A square silk cloth used for wrapping or covering.

Fukusai, ふくさい, 覆蓋, n. The heaven and earth; the universe.

Fukusei, ふくせい, 復生, n. Same as Sosei.

Fukuseki suru, ふくせきする, 復籍, v.t. To have one's name put down a second time on the census register of a certain place.

Fukushi, ふくし, 副詞, n. [Gram.] An adverb.

Fukushi, ふくし, 副使, n. A vice-ambassador.

Fukushi, ふくし, 副使, n. Same as Sairai.

Fukushiki, ふくしき, 復式, n. [Math.] Compound expression.

Fukushin, ふくしん, 腹心, n. and a. Devoted; faithful; obedient; private; confidential; a favourite; a friend.

Fukushin no shin, 腹心ノ臣, a faithful or favourite subject.

Fukushō, ふくしょう, 副將, n. An adjutant-general; one second in command of a military force.

Fukusho, ふくしょう, 副署, n. A counter signature.

Fukushōgun, ふくしょうぐん, 副將軍, n. See under Fuku (副).

Fukushoku, ふくしやく, 復讐, n. Abandoning the priesthood, used only of a nobleman who once joined the clerical fraternity.

Syn. GENZOKU. [nin (復任)] Fukushoku, ふくしやく, 復讐, n. Same as Fuku.

Fukushū, ふくしゅう, 復讐, n. Revenge; vengeance; retaliation. —suru, v.t. To revenge; to retaliate; to return evil.

Syn. ADAUCHI, KATAKUCHI. Fukushō, ふくしょう, 結集, n. Coming together in great numbers; assembling; crowding. Takes verb-forms. [Complex fraction.

Fukusobunshū, ふくsobunshū, 複素分數, n. [Math.] Fukusobunshū, ふくsobunshū, 複素變數, n. [Math.] Complex variable. [Complex quantity.

Fukuso-ryō, ふくそりょう, 複素量, n. [Math.] Fukuso-shiki, ふくそしき, 複素式, n. [Math.] Complex expression.

Fukusōshi, ふくそうし, 副總長, n. Vice president; Assistant director.

Fukuso suru, ふくそする, 復讐, v.t. To ascend the throne again. [number.

Fukusu, ふくす, 復讐, n. [Gram.] The plural Fukusu, ふくす, 伏, v.t. and t. ① To yield; to own or confess. ② To lie concealed; to lurk. ③ To place in ambush.

Iryoku ni fukusu, 威力ニ伏ス, to yield to power and influence; Netsu ni fukusu, 熱ニ伏ス, the fever is latent Ni ni fukusu, 罪ニ伏ス, to submit to one's power of reasoning; Tsami ni fukusu, 罪ニ伏ス, to confess one's guilt; to acknowledge a crime.

Syn. HISOMU, KAKURU. Fukusu, ふくす, 服, v.t. and t. ① To take; to be administered. ② To obey; to be subjugated.

Banmin mina fukusu, 萬民皆ニ服ス, all the people pay homage with pleasure; the people have perfectly recognized the virtue and superiority of a monarch; Kusuri wo fukusu, 藥ヲ服ス, to take medicine; Teki wo fukusu, 敵ヲ服ス, to subjugate the enemy.

Fukusu, ふくす, 復, v.t. and t. ① To return; to recover; to restore; to become as it was. ② To repeat; to recite.

Moto ni fukusu, 故ニ復ス, to make anything as it was formerly; Shomotsu wo fukusu, 書物ヲ復ス, to recite

Syn. KAERU, MOBORU. [復ス, to recite

Fukusuke, ふくすけ, 福助, n. [from Fuku (good-luck and Suke) a terminations for many names of men.] A person, real or imaginary, of short stature and large head; a dwarf.

Fukutetsu, ふくてつ, 福鉄, n. [Chin.] The rut in which a wagon has upset.

Fukutetsu wo fumu, 福鉄ヲ踏ム, [lit.] to tread on the rut where a wagon had upset; to pursue a course which has led others to ruin.

Fukutsu, ふくつ, 腹肚, n. [Chin.] The abdomen. Fukutoku suru, ふくとくする, 伏匿, v.t. [Chin.] To save (usually a criminal) by concealing him; to shelter, or harbour.

Hanjin no fukutoku suru, 犯人ヲ伏匿スル, Syn. KAKUMAU. [to shelter a criminal.

Fukutsū, ふくつう, 腹痛, n. [Chin.] Pain in the abdomen, collc. Fukuwakashi, ふくわかし, 福沸, n. The food made by cooking the Agamimochi with rice gruel, in the first month (said to confer luck on those who take it).

Fukuwake, ふくわけ, 福分, n. [lit.] Dividing luck; distributing to others things received from a person.

Fukuyaku, ふくやく, 服藥, n. [Chin.] Taking medicine. —suru, v.t. To take medicine.

Fukuyō, ふくよう, 服瘡, n. [Chin.] Keeping in one's mind (as another's instruction); clasping to one's heart. —suru, v.t. To keep in one's

Fukuyoshi, ふくよし, 福吉, n. A leper. [mind. Fukuyōsuru, ふくようする, 服用, v.t. [Chin.] To take (esp. medicine). Fone's guilt.

Fukuzai, ふくざい, 服罪, n. [Chin.] Acknowledging Kare tsui ni fukuzai seri, 彼終ニ服罪セリ, he at last acknowledged his guilt.

Fukuzō, ふくそう, 腹藏, n. Reservation. Fukuzōnaku, ふくそうなく, 無腹藏, adv. Without reservation. [下サイ, speak without reserve.

Fukwa, ふくわ, 浮華, n. [Chin.] Idle show; vanity. Fukwa wo hisou, 浮華ヲ競フ, to strive to appear rich, to compete for ostentatious display.

Fukwa, ふくわ, 風化, n. ① [Chin.] Change of manners (esp. to better state); amelioration; enlightenment. ② Deliquescing; oxidation. —suru, v.t. To change (as manners); to ameliorate; to deliquesce (as a chemical).

Fukwai, ふくわい, 府會, n. The assembly of a Fu or city.

Fukwai wo katan suru, 府會ヲ解散スル, to dissolve the assembly of a Fu.

Fukwai, ふくわい, 附合, n. [Chin.] Forcing or wresting the meaning of words, a forced analogy.

Kenkyō fukwai no sōten, 牽強附合ノ說, a forced and conceited analogy.

—suru, v.t. To force or wrest the meaning Syn. KOKITSUKE. [of words.

Fukwai, ふくわい, 不快, n. [Chin.] ① Displeasure; ill humour; spleen. ② Illness

Fukwai ni omou, 不快ニ思フ, to feel displeased; Kwajitsu wa gofukwai no yoshi, 過日ハ御不快ノ日, [epist.] that you were unwell the other

Syn. BIKI, FUKIGEN. [day. Fukwaku, ふくわく, 浮獲, n. [Chin.] A prisoner

Syn. TORIKO. [of war; a captive. Fukwan, ふくわん, 不換, n. [Chin.] Inconvertible.

Fukwan shiket, 不換紙幣, inconvertible paper money. [landscape.

Fukyō, ふくよう, 風光, n. [Chin.] Scenery. Fukyō, ふくよう, 富強, n. [Chin.] Rich and powerful (as a country). [power of a nation.

Kuit no fukyō, 富強, the wealth and infestivity. ② Despleasure; ill humour; spleen. Hakarazu gofukyō wo kōmuru, 圖ラズ御不興ヲ蒙ル, to unexpectedly incur the displeasure (as of one's lord). [sing up and down.

Fukyō suru, ふくようする, 俯仰, n. [Chin.] Look-Tenchi ni fukyō shite hajizu, 天地ニ俯仰シテ耻ス, [lit.] to look up to heaven and look down on the earth without any sense of guilt; [sp.] to be with a clear conscience.

Fukyū, ふくゆう, 不朽, n. [Chin.] Undecaying; indestructible; immortal. Bansei fukyū, 萬世不朽, undestructible for all generations; everlasting.

Fukyū suru, ふくゆうする, 普及, v.t. [Chin.] To be diffused throughout; to pervade.

Fumaeru, ふまへる, v.t. To tread on; to step on. Suro wo fumaeru, 襪ヲ踏ム, to tread on the shirt of one's coat garment.

Fumaki, ふまき, 文巻, n. A letter-envelope. Fuman, ふまん, 不満, n. Discontent; dissatisfaction. [hed.

Fuman ni omou, 不満ニ思フ, to feel dissatisfaction. Fumanzoku, ふまんぞく, 不満足, n. Same as above.

Fumaseru, ふませる, 令踏, v.t. [Caus. of Fumu.] To cause to tread or step on.

Fumbaru, ふんばる, 路張, v.t. To spread out the legs; to strut; to straddle.

Fumbetsu, ふんべつ, 分別, n. ① Discrimination; discernment; judgment. ② A plan; an expedient.

Fumbetsu ga tsuku, 分別力付ク, to find an expedient; to form a plan; Fumbetsu zakari no otoko, 分別盛ノ男, a man in the full age of discretion; Mujumbetsu na koto wo shita, 無分別ヲナシテ, (I) have done a thoughtless deed.

—suru, v.t. To judge, discriminate, or discern; to find an expedient.



**Fumbo**, ふんぼ, 墳墓, *n.* Same as *Haka*.  
**Fumbo-no-chi**, ふんぼのち, 墳墓地, *n.* One's birthplace.  
**Fumel**, ふめい, 不明, *a.* Not clear or evident; indistinct; oblivious; obscure; vague; dim.  
**Fumi**, ようみ, 風味, *n.* Flavour; taste.  
 Syn. *AJI, AJIWAJ*.  
**Fumi**, ふみ, 文, *n.* ① A letter, especially a love-letter. ② A book.  
 Syn. *TAMAZUSA, TEGAMI*.  
**Fumiarasu**, ふみあらす, 踏荒, *v.t.* To destroy or spoil by treading or walking over.  
**Fumibako**, ふみばこ, 文箱, *n.* ① Same as *Fubako*. ② A book-case.  
**Fumibasami**, ふみばさみ, 文俵, *n.* Same as *Fubasami*.  
**Fumidan**, ふみたん, 踏壇, *n.* A stepping block; a stool; a step ladder.  
 Syn. *FUMITSUGI*.  
**Fumie**, ふみえ, 踏絵, *n.* The metal image of Christ which the foreigners as well as natives in Nagasaki were required by the authorities to trample upon, under the old regime, in order to prove that they were not Christians.  
**Fumigai**, ふみがひ, *n.* [*Conch.*] *Pectuncles* sp.  
**Fumigi**, ふみぎ, *n.* A treadle.  
**Fumihadakaru**, ふみはたかる, 踏躰, *v.t.* To straddle; to part the legs wide, as on a horse.  
**Fumihajime**, ふみはじめ, 履書始, *n.* The first reading; the reading exercises on the new year's day.  
 Syn. *YOMIZOME*.  
**Fumihazusu**, ふみはずす, 踏外, *v.t.* To lose one's footing; to trip or stumble.  
**Fumi-ishi**, ふみいし, 踏石, *n.* A stepping-stone; a step-stone.  
**Fumi-ita**, ふみいた, 糞, *n.* The floor of a stable.  
**Fumikaburu**, ふみかぶる, *v.t.* To step into and get soiled.  
**Fumikatameru**, ふみかためる, 踏固, *v.t.* To consolidate by treading on.  
**Fumikiri**, ふみきり, 踏切, *n.* The place where a common road crosses a railway.  
**Fumikiru**, ふみきる, *v.t.* ① To cut or sever by treading or walking on. ② To cross a railway.  
**Fumikomu**, ふみこむ, 踏込, *v.t.* To step into; to enter violently; to assault; to rush into.  
**Fumikudaku**, ふみくだく, 踏砕, *v.t.* To break or make into small pieces by treading on.  
**Fumimayou**, ふみまよ, 踏迷, *v.t.* To lose one's way; to go astray.  
**Fumimochi**, ふみもち, 不身持, *n.* [*coll.*] Misconduct; misbehaviour; debauchery; profligacy; idle or immoral habits.  
 Syn. *FUGYŪJŪ, FUMIKŌ*.  
**Fuminosu**, ふみなほす, 踏直, *v.t.* To correct a mistaken step; to go over again.

**Fuminarasu**, ふみならす, 踏均, *v.t.* To level or smooth by treading on.  
**Fuminijiru**, ふみねじる, *v.t.* To crush with the foot; to overpower completely; to trample on.  
 Syn. *JŪRIN SURU*.  
**Fuminuku**, ふみぬく, 踏抜, *v.t.* To pierce or to let go by treading on.  
**Fumisashi**, ふみさし, *n.* A frame or rack for holding letters and other papers.  
**Fumishiku**, ふみしく, 踏躰, *v.t.* Same as below.  
**Fumishimu**, ふみしむ, 踏締, *v.t.* To consolidate or to make more compact by treading with the foot.  
**Fumitodomaru**, ふみとどまる, 踏留, *v.t.* To stop or halt; to make a stand; to step and encounter an enemy or any other resistance.  
*Fumitodomete teki wo fusegu*, 踏留テ敵ヲ防グ, to halt and make a stand against the enemy.  
 Syn. *FUMIKOTAERU*.  
**Fumitsubusu**, ふみつぶす, 踏潰, *v.t.* To crush with the foot; to overcome, overpower, or overthrow.  
**Fumitsugi**, ふみつぎ, 踏躰, *n.* A stepping block.  
**Fumitsukeru**, ふみつける, 踏附, *v.t.* To tread on; to trample upon; to oppress; to put to naught.  
**Fumi-usu**, ふみうす, 踏悉, 地碓, *n.* A mill or mortar worked by treading.  
**Fumiwaru**, ふみわる, 踏壊, *v.t.* To break or split by treading on. [*book-seller.*]  
**Fumiya**, ふみや, 文屋, 書舖, *n.* A book-store; a  
**Fumizuka**, ふみづか, *n.* A tombstone erected in honour of a worthy pedagogue.  
**Fumizuki**, ふみづき, 文月, *n.* The 7th month (o.s.).  
**Fumizukue**, ふみづくゑ, 書案, *n.* A writing table; a desk.  
**Fumman**, ふんまん, 忿懣, *n.* Anger; resentment; ire; indignation; being offended.  
*Fumman ni tazuu*, 忿懣ニ堪ヘズ, cannot but be angry or offended. [*raka ni.*]  
**Fumnyō ni**, ふんみやうに, 分明, *adv.* Same as *Aki-*  
**Fumō**, ふもう, 不毛, *a.* Waste; uncultivated; wild; sterile; unproductive.  
**Fūmon**, ふうもん, 風門, *n.* [*Med.*] A sore resulting from the application of the moxa.  
**Fumō-no-chi**, ふもうのち, 不毛地, *n.* A wild, virgin, or uncultivated land. [*'ain.*]  
**Fumoto**, ふもと, 麓, *n.* The foot of a hill or mountain.  
**Fumpatsu**, ふんぱつ, 奮發, *n.* Putting forth one's mental or bodily energies; zeal; earnestness; seriousness; enthusiasm. —*suru*, *v.t.* to put forth one's energies; to try the utmost; to become earnest, serious, energetic, or enthusiastic.  
 Syn. *FUNGEKI*.  
**Fumpō**, ふんぽう, 芬芳, *n.* Fragrance; sweet odour or scent. [*book.*]  
**Fumpun**, ふんぷん, 粉本, *n.* An artist's sketch.  
**Fumpun**, ふんぷん, 紛紛, *a. and adv.* Confusedly;

disordered; unsettled; scattered here and there; adrift.  
*Giron fumpun*, 議論紛紛, the opinions suggested are various; arguments excited and unsettled; *Hsetsu fumpun*, 飛雪紛紛, snow-flakes afloat (in the air).  
**Fumpun**, ふんぷん, 芬芳, *a.* Strong; diffusive; intense. Used only of scents and odours.  
*Kōki fumpun*, 香氣芬芳, intensely fragrant; wan with sweet fragrance.  
**Funu**, ふな, 踏躰, *v.t.* ① To tread on; to step. ② To follow. ③ To wade. ④ To fulfill.  
*Asase wo funu*, 淺瀬ヲ踏ム, to wade a ford; *In wo funu*, 韻ヲ踏ム, to rhyme; to put into rhyme; *No wo funu*, 直ヲ踏ム, to propose or determine a price; *Yaku wo funu*, 約ヲ踏ム, to fulfill a promise; to be true to a contract.  
**Fumuki**, ふむき, 不向, *a.* Not fashionable; not in demand.  
*Fumuki no shina*, 不向ノ品, articles out of fashion; things not in demand.  
**Fun**, ふん, 分, *n.* ① A minute. ② The tenth part of a *momme* or *sun*.  
**Fun**, ふん, 粉, *n.* Powder; anything in the form of a powder.  
*Baku fun*, 麥粉, wheaten flour; *Kin fun*, 金粉, gold dust; powdered gold.  
 Syn. *KO, KONA*.  
**Fun**, ふん, 糞, *n.* Excrement; dung; faeces.  
 Syn. *KUSO*.  
**Funa**, ふな, 鰯, [*Ichth.*] *Carassius auratus*.  
  
 Same as *Fune*. Only used in composition.  
**Funa-akindo**, ふなあきんど, 船商, *n.* A merchant who traffics in a boat; one who carries on the coasting trade.  
**Funa-aratame**, ふなあらため, 査船, *n.* The inspection of a ship or boat.  
**Funa-ashi**, ふなあし, 船脚, 吃水, *n.* ① Ballast. ② The progress or velocity of a vessel. [*ision.*]  
**Funa-asobi**, ふなあそび, 船遊, *a.* A boat-excursion.  
**Funa-ba**, ふなば, 船場, 埠頭, *n.* ① A port; a place where ships or boats touch. ② A wharf; a pier.  
 Syn. *FUNATSUGI*.  
**Funabarasō**, ふなばらそう, 白菰, [*Bot.*] *Vincetoxicum atratum*.  
**Funabari**, ふなばり, 舟梁, *n.* A ship-beam.  
**Funabashi**, ふなばし, 船橋, 浮橋, *n.* A pontoon bridge; a string of boats across a river.  
**Funabashigo**, ふなばしご, 船梯子, *n.* A ladder for use on board a ship.

**Funabata**, ふなばた, 船端, 舷, *n.* The gunwale of a ship.  
**Funaberi**, ふなべり, 舟子, 舟子, *n.* A sailor; a seaman.  
**Funabito**, ふなびと, 舟人, 舟子, *n.* A sailor; a seaman.  
 Syn. *SENDŌ*.  
**Funa-bōki**, ふなぼうき, 百葉藻, [*Bot.*] *Artemisia capillaris*. [*of a vessel.*]  
**Funabuchi**, ふなぶち, 船邊, *n.* The sides or edges of a vessel.  
**Funachin**, ふなちん, 船賃, *n.* Passage fare; freight by a ship or boat.  
**Funadachi**, ふなたち, 船出, *n.* Sailing away; the departure of a ship or boat.  
**Funadaku**, ふなたく, 船大工, 船匠, *n.* A shipwright; a boat-builder.  
**Funadama**, ふなだま, 船祭, 船神, *n.* The god of ships in whose honour sea-faring people observe a festival.  
**Funadana**, ふなだな, 船棚, 船架, *n.* A shelf, bunk or closet in a ship or boat.  
**Funadayori**, ふなたより, 船便, *n.* Sailing of a boat or ship from one port to another; shipping opportunity. [*chi.*]  
**Funade**, ふなで, 船出, 開洋, *n.* Same as *Funada-*  
**Funadoiya**, ふなどいや, 船問屋, *n.* A shipping agent.  
**Funadonya**, ふなどんや, 船問屋, *n.* merchant.  
**Funadomari**, ふなどまり, 船泊, *n.* Stopping of a ship in a port, for one or more days, in the course of a voyage.  
**Funadome**, ふなどめ, 船塞, 鎖港, *n.* A blockade; forbidding ships to enter a certain harbour.  
**Funado-no-kami**, ふなどのかみ, 送船神, *n.* Same as *Dōsojin*. [*ing; casting anchor.*]  
**Funagakari**, ふながかり, 船繫, 繫泊, *n.* Anchor.  
**Funagassen**, ふながせん, 船合戦, *n.* A naval battle.  
**Funageta**, ふなげた, 舟梁, *n.* Same as *Funabari*.  
**Funagi**, ふなぎ, 船木, *n.* Timber for ship-building.  
**Funagiau**, ふなぎあう, *v.t.* To run a boat-race; to hold a regatta.  
**Funago**, ふなご, *n.* A sailor.  
**Funagoke**, ふなごけ, 船底苔, *n.* The moss growing on the submerged parts of a ship or boat.  
**Funagoya**, ふなごや, 船小屋, *n.* A boat-house.  
**Funagu**, ふなぐ, 船具, *n.* The rigging or furniture of a ship or boat.  
**Funagura**, ふなぐら, 船庫, *n.* ① A boat-house. ② A dock for keeping ships or boats in.  
**Funahiki**, ふなひき, *n.* One who tows a boat.  
**Funakari**, ふなかり, 船碇, 碇十字, *n.* An anchor.  
**Funakusa**, ふなくさ, 船草, *n.* Same as *Funagassen*.  
**Funaire**, ふないれ, 船廠, *n.* A dock where ships and boats are kept; a boat-house.  
**Funaji**, ふなぢ, 船路, 航路, *n.* ① The distance to a certain place by water. ② The route taken by a ship or boat.



**Funajirushi**, ふなじるし, 船標, *n.* An ensign or a flag of a ship or boat.

**Funaka**, ふなか, *a.* Unfriendly; on bad terms.

**Funakake**, ふなかけ, *n.* A boat race; a regatta.

**Funakata**, ふなかた, 船方, *n.* Same as *Sendō*.

**Funakazari**, ふなわざり, 船飾, *n.* Decorating a ship.

**Funako**, ふなこ, 舟子, *n.* Same as *Funago*.

**Funakobore**, ふなこぼれ, 船漕, *n.* One who has survived a shipwreck. [kake]

**Funakurabe**, ふなくらべ, 船渡, *n.* Same as *Funamichi*.

**Funamichi**, ふなみち, 舟路, *n.* The route or course of a ship or boat.

**Funamochi**, ふなもち, 船持, *n.* A ship-owner.

**Funamoyai**, ふなもやひ, 船, 船, *n.* Preparing a vessel for sailing.

**Funamoyoi**, ふなもよひ, 船, 船, *n.* Preparing a vessel for sailing.

**Funamushi**, ふなむし, 草鞋蟲, *n.* [Zool.] *Ligia* sp. [house, *Oniscus*]

**Funamushi**, ふなむし, 船蛆, *n.* [Zool.] Sea wood borer.

**Funami**, ふなみ, 舟荷, *n.* A cargo.

**Funamor**, ふなもり, 船乗, *n.* Same as *Funago*.

**Funamushi**, ふなむし, 船主, *n.* Same as *Funamochi*.

**Funaroshi**, ふなろし, 船頭, *n.* The launching of a ship.

**Funagon**, ふなご, 船長, *n.* The captain of a ship. Syn. *SENCHO*.

**Funatashō**, ふなたいしやう, 船大將, 水師提督, *n.* An admiral. [a squadron]

**Funate**, ふなて, 船手, 船隊, 水軍, *n.* A naval force; where ships or boats touch; a harbour; a port. Syn. *FUNABA, FUNAGAKARI, MINATO*.

**Funauta**, ふなうた, 船歌, 船歌, *n.* A sailor's song.

**Funawata**, ふなわた, *n.* Oakum. Syn. *MAIHADA*.

**Funawatashi**, ふなわたし, 船渡渡頭, *n.* A ferry.

**Funayado**, ふなやど, 船宿, 船宿, *n.* ① A person who keeps boats for hire. ② An inn for sailors.

**Funayakata**, ふなやかた, 船屋形, 船屋, *n.* The pavilion or covering on a pleasure boat or yacht.

**Funayamai**, ふなやまひ, 船酔, 船酔, *n.* Sea-sickness.

**Funayoi**, ふなよひ, 船, 船, *n.* Calling a ferry.

**Funayoshi**, ふなよし, 船, 船, *n.* Fitting.

**Funyosae**, ふなよそひ, 船出, 船出, *n.* Outing for a voyage or battle.

**Funayūrei**, ふないうらい, 船幽霊, *n.* The ghosts or spectres of those who died at sea.

**Funayusan**, ふなよさん, 船遊山, 舟遊, *n.* Same as *Funasobi*.

**Funazo**, ふなぞ, 旗, 旗, *n.* A pole used for pulling a junk.

**Funazoko**, ふなぞこ, 舟底, *n.* ① The bottom of a ship. ② A kind of hood. *Funazoko no makura*, 舟底ノ枕, a wooden

pillow the bottom of which is gradually elevated towards the longer ends in the manner of a boat.

**Funazumi**, ふなづみ, 船積, *n.* Putting in cargo; loading a vessel.

**Funazumi-shōsho**, ふなづみしょうしょう, 船積証書, *n.* A bill of lading. [drangea]

**Fundankwa**, ふんたんくわ, 船園花, *n.* [Bot.] *Lycopodium*.

**Fundan ni**, ふんたんに, 多, *adv.* [corrupt. of *Fudan ni*, constantly.] Abundantly; in a great quantity; much; immensely. Syn. *TAKUSAN NI, TANTO*. [white lotus]

**Fundarika**, ふんたりけ, 舟船利花, *n.* [Bot.] The *Fundula*.

**Fundō**, ふんどう, 舟船法馬, *n.* A weight.

**Fundo**, ふんど, 舟船土, *n.* Night soil.

**Fundo**, ふんど, 憤怒, *n.* Indignation; resentment; anger; ire. — *suru*, *v.t.* To be angry or indignant; to be out of temper; to resent; to be offended. Syn. *HIRADACHI, IKARI, IKIDORI*.

**Fundoshi**, ふんどうし, 舟船土, *n.* A waist-cloth. Syn. *SHITAOBI*.

**Fune**, ふね, 舟, 船, 船, *n.* A general name for steamers and sailing vessels.

**Fune**, ふね, 舟, 船, *n.* A vat, cistern, or tub. *Mizu-bune*, 水櫃, a large cistern used for holding water. [humiliation]

**Funei**, ふねい, 不佞, *pron.* [Chin.] I (used in letters). Syn. *SESSHA, YATSUGARE*.

**Funesao**, ふねさお, 船掃, *n.* Same as *Funasao*.

**Fungeki**, ふんげき, 憤激, *n.* Violent anger or indignation; a burst of passion. — *suru*, *v.t.* To be excited, to be indignant. Syn. *IKIDORI*.

**Fungiru**, ふんぎる, 暗明, 決行, *v.i.* and *t.* [corrupt. of *Funkiru*] [coll.] To act decidedly; to overstep.

**Fungomi**, ふんごみ, 踏破, *n.* ① Stepping into; connecting one's self with an affair. ② A kind of loose trousers worn by peasants.

**Funiai**, ふない, 不似合, *a.* Unbecoming; not well fitting. [what rests with one]

**Funin**, ふんいん, 責任, *n.* Responsibility; liability.

**Funin**, ふんいん, 赴任, *n.* Going to one's post of duty. — *suru*, *v.t.* To go to one's place of appointment.

**Fun-iki**, ふんいき, 雰囲気, *n.* The atmosphere.

**Funinjō**, ふんじょう, 不人情, *a.* and *n.* Unkindness; want of sympathy; unfeeling; cruel; inhuman; cold. Syn. *FUJITSU, HAKUSO, NARAKENAI*.

**Funki**, ふんき, 不人気, *a.* Not favoured by the public; unpopular; out of fashion.

**Funinō**, ふんいぬ, 不人相, *a.* Of bad physiognomy.

**Funjitsu**, ふんじつ, 紛失, *n.* Losing anything.

**Funshitsu**, ふんじつ, 紛失, *n.* Losing anything by misplacing. — *suru*, *v.t.* To lose or to be lost. Syn. *NAKUNASU, USHRU, USHINAU*.

**Funjōjisa**, ふんじょうじさ, 船積見察, *n.* [Bot.] *Hellipteris grandiflora*. [mitting suicide]

**Funkel**, ふんけい, 船積, *n.* Losing one's self; committing suicide. *Funkel no majiwari*, 船積ノ交, [Chin.] the most intimate friendship; a friendship for which one is but too glad to lose one's life.

**Funki**, ふんき, 憤怒, *n.* Same as *Fumpatsu*.

**Funki**, ふんき, 貧血, *n.* [Zool.] A kind of tortoise.

**Funkotsu**, ふんこつ, 粉骨, *n.* [lit.] Reducing one's bones into powder; [fig.] trying all in one's power. *Funkotsu satshin*, 粉骨砕身, the more emphatic form of *funkotsu*; [lit.] pulverizing the bones and smashing the body.

**Funkwa**, ふんくわ, 噴火, *n.* The eruption of fire. — *suru*, *v.t.* To emit fire.

**Funkwazan**, ふんくわざん, 噴火山, *n.* A volcano.

**Funnu**, ふんぬ, 憤怒, *n.* Same as *Fundo*.

**Funnu**, ふんぬ, 紛争, *n.* Complication; disturbance; confusion; difficulty; difference of opinion.

**Funori**, ふのり, 封糊, *n.* Sealing-wax; a gum used for sealing letters; a wafer.

**Funori**, ふのり, 布海苔, 海苔, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of sea-weed, *Gloocopsis intricata*.

**Funori-kazura**, ふのりかづら, 南五味子, *n.* [Bot.] *Kazura japonica*.

**Funran suru**, ふんらんする, 紛乱, *v.t.* To be disturbed or confused; to be in disorder.

**Funrin**, ふんりん, 分厘, *n.* The slightest quantity; an atom; a grain; a straw; a button.

**Funrin**, ふんりん, 貧賤, *n.* The pleasure of your company or attendance. Used only in letters. — *suru*, *v.t.* To attend or come.

**Funryū**, ふんりゅう, 粉瘤, *n.* [Med.] A wen; a wart, an encysted tumour which is elastic to the touch.

**Funsen suru**, ふんせんする, 奮戦, *v.t.* To fight with energy. [Thunderbolt]

**Funsetsukwa**, ふんせつくわ, *n.* [Bot.] *Spiraea*.

**Funshi suru**, ふんしする, 憤死, *v.t.* To die in a fit of indignation.

**Funshitsu**, ふんじつ, 紛失, *n.* Same as *Funjitsu*.

**Funsui**, ふんずい, 噴水, *n.* Same as *Fukiage*.

**Funsuiki**, ふんずいき, 噴水器, *n.* An apparatus for throwing up jets of water. [block head]

**Funuke**, ふんけ, *n.* [coll.] A fool; a simpleton; a dunce.

**Fun-on**, ふんおん, 船音, *n.* Same as *Funnun*.

**Fu-nō**, ふのう, 豊饒, *a.* Rich; fertile; productive.

**Fu-nyōhō**, ふのうほう, 不道法, *a.* Contrary to rule, law, or discipline; unlawful; not true to one's duty; immoral; vile; depraved.

**Fu-nyoi**, ふのうい, 不如意, *a.* ① Not equal to one's ambition or desire; not to one's mind. ② Not well off; not well to do; indigent. *Kattemoto fu-nyoi*, 勝手元不如意, not well to do; wanting the means of subsistence. Syn. *FUJIYU*.

**Funzen**, ふんぜん, 憤然, *a.* and *adv.* In a fit of passion; enraged, spirited; animated; energetic.

**Funzori-kacru**, ふんざりかへる, *v.t.* [coll.] To fall backward or on one's back.

**Funzori**, ふんざり, 踏反, *v.t.* To bend one's self backward.

**Furachi**, ふらち, 不埒, *n.* and *a.* Vice; misconduct; immorality; impoliteness; vicious; immoral; bad; wicked; impolite; unprincipled; corrupt; debauched; profligate. *Furachi mono*, 不埒者, a bad fellow. Syn. *FUTODOKI*.

**Furafura**, ふらふら, *a.* Weak; sick; not perfectly restored to health; dizzy; as if about to faint.

**Fūrai**, ふらい, 風来, *a.* Coming on the wings of the wind; unexpected; sudden; not invited; wandering. *Fūrai-jin*, 風来人, a vagabond; an outlaw; a ubiquitous person; a wanderer. [tum]

**Fūran**, ふらん, 風蘭, *n.* [Bot.] *Angraecum falcatum*.

**Furancru**, フランクル, 小綿, *n.* [Eng.] Flannel.

**Furanke**, フランケ, *n.* [Eng.] A blanket.

**Furanke**, フランケ, 法, *n.* [Fr.] A franc.

**Furansu-giku**, ふらんすぎく, *n.* [Bot.] Whiteweed or Ox-eye daisy.

**Furan suru**, ふらんする, 腐爛, *v.t.* To be rotten, corrupt, or purulent.

**Furari to**, ふらりと, 偶然, *adv.* Accidentally; unexpectedly; by chance; ramblingly; desultorily. Syn. *FUTO, FUTOSHITE, YUKARINAKU*.

**Furasuko**, フラスコ, 硝子壺, *n.* [Dutch.] A flask.

**Furasu**, ふらす, 令降, *n.* The causative form of *Furu* (降). *Ame wo furasu*, 雨ヲ降ス, makes it rain. Syn. *KUDASU*.

**Furatsuku**, ふらつく, 漂搖, *v.t.* To totter; to be dizzy or shaky; to be unable to stand still.

**Fure**, ふれ, 糺, *n.* A public notice; an official information; a government proclamation. *Fure wo mawasu*, 糺ヲ廻ハス, to issue a government proclamation.

**Furechirasu**, ふれちらす, 糺散, *v.t.* To make public; to circulate, as news. Mostly used in a bad sense.

**Furegaki**, ふれがき, 糺書, *n.* Same as *Fura*.

**Furei**, ふれい, 糺令, *n.* Same as *Fura*.

**Furei**, ふれい, 不例, *a.* ① Not usual; not in accordance with a precept. ② Sick; ill; unwell; indisposed. Syn. *TSUNENARAU*. [disposed]



**Fureisō**, ふうれいさう, 白花草, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Gynandropsis viscidula*.

**Furejō**, ふれまやう, 觸状, *n.* Same as *Fure*.

**Furemawaru**, ふれまはる, 觸廻, *v.t.* To go about making anything known. [High.]

**Furen**, ふれん, 不廉, *a.* [*Chin.*] Dear; not cheap; *Furen no atai*, 不廉ノ價, a high price.

**Furen**, ふれん, 賦金, *n.* [*Chin.*] Taxation.

**Furenzoku-kansū**, ふれんぞくかんすう, 不連續函數, *n.* [*Math.*] Discontinuous function.

**Fureru**, ふれる, 觸, 接觸, *v.t.* ① To touch; to hit or strike against. ② To break or infringe. ③ To promulgate; to make known. *Hō ni fureru*, 法ニ觸レル, to act against rules; to break the law; *Ki ni fureru*, 氣ニ觸レル, to offend; *Kono shina ni te wo fureru bekarazu*, 此品ニ手ヲ觸レル可クズ, no one is permitted to touch this article. *Syn.* ATARU, SAWARU, HIROGERU.

**Fureru**, ふれる, 狂, *v.t.* To go astray; not to go on in a straight path; to deviate; to be bent; to be turned or canted. *Ki ga fureru*, 氣ガ狂ル, to get mad or crazy; to have one's head turned. *Syn.* KURU, MAGARU.

**Furicansuru**, ふれさする, 令觸. The causative form of *Fureru* (觸).

**Furi**, ふり, 風, *n.* ① Air; manner; behaviour; appearance. ② Pretension. *Kikomu furi suru*, 聞ヘヌ風スル, to put on the air of not hearing; *Mite minu furi suru*, 見テ見ヌ風スル, to pretend not to see. *Syn.* SUGATA, NARIPURI YOSU.

**Furi**, ふり, *n.* A pendulum. *fetc.*

**Furi**, ふり, 振, *n.* The numeral for swords, spears, *Tachi hito-furi*, 太刀一振, a sword; *Yari hito-furi*, 槍一振, a spear.

**Furi**, ふり, 不利, *a.* Not profitable; losing.

**Furi**, ふり, 不理, *a.* Unreasonable; illogical; absurd.

**Furial**, ふりあひ, 振合, *n.* Usage; customary way; fashion; precedent; example; what is commonly practised. *Furial ga shirenu*, 振合ガ知レヌ, not to know the common usage.

**Furidashi**, ふりだし, 振出, *n.* An infusion.

**Furidashi**, ふりだし, 振出, *n.* ① Remittance (as of money). ② A box or bottle for candy, from which the latter can be taken out by shaking.

**Furidashi-nin**, ふりだまにん, 振出人, *n.* A remitter.

**Furidashi-tegata**, ふりだしてがた, 振出手形, *n.* An exchange bill; a check.

**Furidasu**, ふりたす, 振出, *v.t.* ① To prepare an infusion. ② To remit. ③ To shake out. *Kane wo furidasu*, 金ヲ振出す, to remit money.

**Furidasu**, ふりたす, 降出, *v.t.* To begin to rain or to snow.

**Furigana**, ふりがな, 振假名, 傍註, *n.* The kana at the side of a Chinese character to denote what the latter represents.

**Furihanasu**, ふりはなす, 振散, *v.t.* To shake off.

**Furihanatsu**, ふりはなつ, 振散, *v.t.* To shake off. *Furihanatte nigesaru*, 振散ヲ逃去ル, to shake off and run away. [shaking.]

**Furiharau**, ふりはらふ, 振拂, *v.t.* To scatter by

**Furikaeru**, ふりかへる, 振回, 回視, *v.t.* To look back.

**Furikaeru**, ふりかへる, 振替, *v.t.* and *t.* To change; to turn; to displace. *Tegata wo furikaeru*, 手形ヲ振替ル, to change bills or checks. [sprinkle.]

**Furikakeru**, ふりかける, 振掛, 粉, *v.t.* To be

**Furikiru**, ふりきる, 振切, *v.t.* To cut by shaking; to sever or separate by force.

**Furikomu**, ふりこむ, 振込, *v.t.* To pay a certain sum of money for a bill of exchange.

**Furikomu**, ふりこむ, 降込, *v.t.* To rain into. *Ame ga furikomu*, 雨ガ降込ム, the rain enters, as into a room.

**Furimawasu**, ふりまはす, 振廻, *v.t.* To brandish about; to flourish; to shake and turn round (as a stick). [a stick.] *Bō wo furimawasu*, 棒ヲ振廻ス, to brandish towards; to be directed.

**Furin**, ふりりん, 風鈴, *n.* A small bell hung up where it is likely to be rung by the wind.

**Furinsō**, ふりりんさう, *n.* [*Bot.*] Canterbury bell.

**Furlokosu**, ふりたこす, *v.t.* To shake and awake; to rouse up.

**Furisakemiru**, ふりさける, 振見, *v.t.* To look after, as over a wide expanse of water.

**Furishikiru**, ふりまきる, 降頻, *v.t.* To rain or snow continually.

**Furishiku**, ふりまくる, 降頻, *v.t.* Same as above.

**Furisō na**, ふりさうな, 降相, *a.* Likely or threatening to rain or snow. *Furisō na tenki*, フリサフナ天気, the sky threatening to rain or snow.

**Furisode**, ふりそで, 振袖, *n.* A long-sleeved garment worn by young ladies; the sleeves of such a garment.

**Furitsuru**, ふりする, 振棄, *v.t.* To shake off; to abandon.

**Furiteru**, ふりたてる, *v.t.* ① To shake furiously. ② To raise, as one's voice.

**Furitsukeru**, ふりつける, 振付, *v.t.* and *t.* To dislike; to go away from, as a person.

**Furitsuzuku**, ふりつづく, 降續, *v.t.* To continue to rain or snow.

**Furitsuzumi**, ふりつづみ, 時鐘, *n.* A tambour made to ring by shaking.

**Furiuri**, ふりうり, 振賣, 行賣, *n.* Same as *Botefuri*.

**Furiwake-gami**, ふりわけがみ, 振分髪, *n.* The hair parted and hung down.

**Furisora**, ふりそら, 降空, *n.* The sky threatening to rain or snow. (時鐘)

**Furo**, ふろ, 風呂, 風呂, *n.* ① A bath-tub. ② A public bath. ③ A cooking-stove; an oven. ④ A box in which lacquered things are dried.

**Furō**, ふらう, 父老, *n.* The elders or unguates of a

**Furō**, ふらう, 封蠟, *n.* Sealing wax. [place.]

**Furō**, ふらう, 不老, *a.* Never growing old. *Furō fushi no kusuri*, 不老不死ノ藥, a fancied elixir for prolonging life to eternity.

**Furō**, ふらう, 浮浪, *a.* Wandering; roving; having no settled abode. *Furō no to*, 浮浪ノ徒, a vagabond; a vagrant; an outlaw; an outcast; a rōnin.

**Furoba**, ふろば, 風呂場浴室, *n.* A bath room.

**Furofuki**, ふろふき, 風呂敷, *n.* Boiled radishes eaten with sweetened *miso*.

**Furoku**, ふろく, 附録, *n.* ① An appendix or supplement to a book. ② An extra to a newspaper. ③ A collicil.

**Furo-oke**, ふろをけ, 浴槽, *n.* A bath-tub.

**Furoshiki**, ふろまき, 風呂敷, 包紙, *n.* A square or rectangular piece of cloth for wrapping.

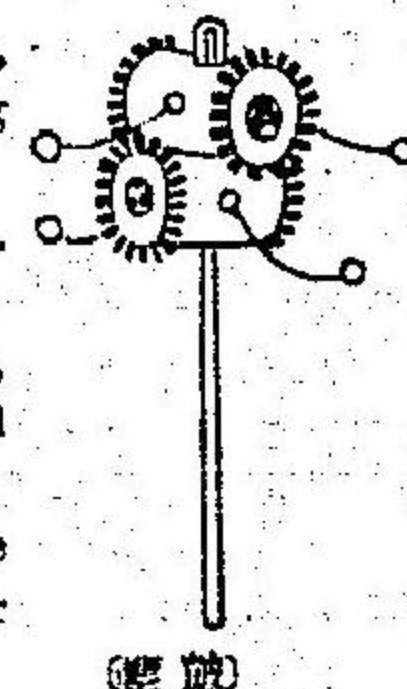
**Furoya**, ふろや, 風呂屋, *n.* A public bath. *Syn.* SENTŌ, YŪYA.

**Furu**, ふる, 降, *v.t.* To fall; to come down; to rain. *Ame ga furu*, 雨ガ降ル, it rains; *Fuki ga furu*, 雪ガ降ル, it snows.

**Furu**, ふる, 振, *v.t.* ① To brandish; to flourish; to wave. ② To sprinkle; to scatter. ③ To distribute. ④ To carry (as a *Mikoshi*). ⑤ To remit (as money). *Hata wo furu*, 旗ヲ振ル, to wave a flag; *Kana wo furu*, 假名ヲ振ル, to attach kana; *Kawase wo furu*, 爲替ヲ振ル, to pay for a bill of exchange; *Shiohana wo furu*, 鹽花ヲ振ル, to scatter common salt; *Wari furu*, 割振ル, to deal out; to distribute.

**Furū**, ふるふ, 振復, *v.t.* ① To use (as a pen). ② To use by shaking; to brandish. ③ To exercise influence or power over others. *Katana wo furū*, 刀ヲ振フ, to flourish a sword; *Kopomo wo furū*, 衣ヲ振フ, to shake a garment; *I wo furū*, 威ヲ振フ, to exercise influence.

**Furu**, ふる, 經, *v.t.* and *t.* To pass; to go along; to lapse.



*Toshi wo furu*, 年ヲ經ル, to pass a number of years; to superannuate. *Syn.* HERU, SUGIRU.

**Furu**, ふる, 古, 故, 舊, *a.* Old; aged; ancient; former. *Furu danuki*, 古狸, an old badger; an old occupant or incumbent (in derision).

**Furu**, ふる, 震, *v.t.* To shake, to shudder; to

**Furū**, ふるふ, 震, *v.t.* To shake, to shudder; to tremble. *Chi ga furū*, 地ガ震フ, the earth shakes or quakes; *Mi wo furū*, 身ヲ震フ, to shudder to; to tremble. *Syn.* ONONOKU, WANANAKU.

**Furū**, ふるふ, 篩, *v.t.* To sift.

**Furubi**, ふるび, 古色, *n.* The tint of age. *Furubi ga tsuku*, 古色が附ク, to assume the tint of age. [after parturition.]

**Furuchi**, ふるち, 古血, 瘀血, *n.* The hemorrhage

**Furudōgu**, ふるたうぐ, 古道具, 骨董, *n.* Old or second-hand furniture.

**Furugi**, ふるぎ, 古着, 故衣, *n.* Second-hand clothes; the Mammoth Street clothing.

**Furugire**, ふるぎれ, 古切, *n.* Old rags.

**Furuhon**, ふるほん, 古本, 故册子, *n.* Old or second-hand books.

**Furui**, ふるひ, 籠, 羅斗, *n.* A sleeve.

**Furui**, ふるひ, 震, 震慄, 冷戰, *n.* Shuddering; trembling, as with fear or cold; a shivering.

**Furuitsuku**, ふるひつく, 震付, *v.t.* To begin to shiver, said in a case of intermittent fever.

**Furuiwakeru**, ふるひわける, 篩分, *v.t.* To separate or classify by sifting.

**Furukane**, ふるかね, 故器, *n.* Old metal.

**Furuki**, ふるき, 招風, *n.* [*Zoöl.*] *Mustela sibirina*. *Syn.* TOPPI.

**Furukoto**, ふること, 故事, *n.* An old thing; reference to antiquities.

**Furukusashi-I-ki**, ふるくさし, 古臭, 陳腐, *a.* Obsolete; old fashioned; out of fashion.

**Furumai**, ふるまひ, 振舞, 行爲, 舉動, *n.* Conduct; action; deportment; behaviour. *Tachi furumai*, 起居動作, conduct and behaviour. *Syn.* OKONAI, SHIWAZA. [vior.]

**Furumai**, ふるまひ, 振舞, 宴會, *n.* A feast; a dinner party; a banquet; an entertainment. *Furumai wo suru*, 宴會ヲスル, to feast; to entertain. *Syn.* CHISŌ, KYŌŌ, MOTENASHI.

**Furuman**, ふるまふ, 振舞行爲, *v.t.* To behave; to

*Syn.* NASU, OKONAU. [conduct.]

**Furumekashi-I-ki**, ふるめかし, *a.* Same as *Furukusashi*.

**Furumono**, ふるもの, 故物, *n.* Old things.

**Fururu**, ふるる, 觸, *v.t.* and *t.* Same as *Furu*. *Tsuri ni fururu*, 惹ニ觸ル, to excite the anger of another; *Jikō ni fururu*, 時機



二層<sup>ニ</sup>、to be affected by the weather; *Koto ni fururu*, 事<sup>ニ</sup>二層<sup>ニ</sup>、to be involved or concerned in an affair; *Te ni fururu*, 手<sup>ニ</sup>二層<sup>ニ</sup>、to touch the hand. [TSUKU, YORU.]  
 Syn. ATARU, KANZURU, SAWARU, SOMU.  
**Fururu**, ふる<sup>ル</sup>, 互<sup>ニ</sup> *v.t.* To go astray; to turn; to lapse in delirium.  
*Ki ga fururu*, 氣<sup>ガ</sup>狂<sup>ル</sup>、to become crazy or delirious; *Jishaku ga higashi ni fururu*, 磁石<sup>ガ</sup>東<sup>ニ</sup>狂<sup>ル</sup>、the compass turns eastward.  
**Fururu**, ふる<sup>ル</sup>, 届<sup>ル</sup> *v.t.* To notify; to promulgate; to order.  
*Ret wo kokuchū ni fururu*, 令<sup>ヲ</sup>國中<sup>ニ</sup>二層<sup>ル</sup>、to publish or promulgate an order throughout the country.  
**Furusa**, ふる<sup>サ</sup>, 古<sup>ク</sup> *n.* The degree of oldness; antiquity; being of ancient origin or date.  
**Furusato**, ふる<sup>サト</sup>, 古里<sup>ノ</sup>, 故郷<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* One's birthplace; old home.  
 Syn. KOKYŌ, KYŌRI.  
**Furushi**, -i, -ki, ふる<sup>シ</sup>, 舊<sup>ク</sup> *adv. and a.* Long since; from ancient times; old; ancient; antique.  
**Furusu**, ふる<sup>ス</sup>, *v.t.* To make old; to damage; to make useless by long use.  
*Ki furusu*, 木<sup>ヲ</sup>腐<sup>ス</sup>, to make useless by wearing for a long time.; *Kiki furusu*, 聞<sup>ル</sup> 腐<sup>ス</sup>, to render familiar to the ear. [One's home.]  
**Furusu**, ふる<sup>ス</sup>, 古巢<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* An old nest or haunt;  
**Furute**, ふる<sup>テ</sup>, 古手<sup>ノ</sup>, 故衣<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* ① Same as *Furugi*.  
 ② Anything superannuated.  
**Furutekat**, ふる<sup>テ</sup> か<sup>チ</sup>, 古手買<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A merchant who goes about to buy cast-off garments.  
**Furutoshi**, ふる<sup>トシ</sup>, 舊年<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* The old year; last year.  
 Syn. KOZO, KYONEN.  
**Furuwasu**, ふる<sup>ワ</sup> す, 腐爛<sup>ノ</sup> *v.t.* The causative form of *Furu*. [stone.]  
**Furusuka**, ふる<sup>ヅ</sup> か, 古墳<sup>ノ</sup>, 古塚<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* An old tomb.  
**Furyo**, ふり<sup>ヨ</sup>, 不慮<sup>ノ</sup> *a.* Unexpected; unlooked for; sudden; accidental.  
*Furyo no sainan*, 不慮<sup>ノ</sup> 災難<sup>ノ</sup>, an unlooked for calamity; a catastrophe; an accident.  
 Syn. FUJ.  
**Furyo**, ふり<sup>ヨ</sup>, 俘虜<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A prisoner of war.  
 Syn. TORIKO.  
**Furyō**, ふり<sup>ヨ</sup>, 不具<sup>ノ</sup>, 不具<sup>ノ</sup> *a.* Not good; bad; unwell; wicked; ill; evil; unpromising.  
*Furyō no to*, 不具<sup>ノ</sup> 徒<sup>ノ</sup>, bad fellow; burglars.  
**Furyōken**, ふり<sup>ヨ</sup> げん, 不具<sup>ノ</sup> 徒<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* ① Bad judgment; false or erroneous opinion; mistaken view. ② [col.] Immorality; misconduct.  
*Furyōken wo dasu*, 不具<sup>ノ</sup> 徒<sup>ノ</sup> 出<sup>ス</sup>, to think of what is wicked or mistaken; to begin to act immorally.  
**Fūryū**, ふり<sup>ユ</sup>, 風流<sup>ノ</sup> *a.* Of elegant taste; tasteful; fanciful; fashionable; given to imagination; refined; polished; whimsical; eccentric.

*Fūryū na hito*, 風流<sup>ノ</sup> 人<sup>ノ</sup>, a man of refined taste; an amateur; a dilettante; *Fūryū saishi*, 風流<sup>ノ</sup> 才子<sup>ノ</sup>, a man of fashion.  
 Syn. GACHI, MIYABITAKA.  
**Fusa**, ふさ, 穂<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* ① A tassel, cluster; or bunch. ② The corolla of a flower.  
**Fusafusa**, ふさ<sup>ふ</sup> さ, *a.* Rank; luxuriantly in clusters; bushy and spreading.  
*Kami fusafusa to taresagareru*, 髪<sup>ヲ</sup> フサフサト垂<sup>レ</sup> サガレ<sup>リ</sup>, the hair hung down thick and spreading. [of *Fusagu*.]  
**Fusagareru**, ふさが<sup>レ</sup> る, *v.t.* The passive form of *fusagu*.  
*Michi wo fusagareta*, 道<sup>ヲ</sup> 塞<sup>ガ</sup> レ<sup>タ</sup>, the road was stopped up or blocked; to have communication, cut off.  
**Fusagari**, ふさが<sup>リ</sup>, 塞<sup>ル</sup> *n.* The state or condition of being shut out, obstructed, or prevented; having no resource left; being gloomy or cheerless.  
 Syn. SASAWARI.  
**Fusagaru**, ふさが<sup>ル</sup>, *v.t.* ① To be closed, shut, stopped up, blocked, or obstructed. ② To be occupied or filled up. ③ To feel oppressed; to be depressed.  
*Ana ga fusagaru*, 穴<sup>ガ</sup> 塞<sup>ル</sup>, the hole is closed or filled; *Ie ga fusagaru*, 家<sup>ガ</sup> 塞<sup>ル</sup>, the house is occupied; *Ki ga fusagaru*, 氣<sup>ガ</sup> 塞<sup>ル</sup>, the spirits are depressed; to be low-spirited; *Mune ga fusagaru*, 胸<sup>ガ</sup> 塞<sup>ル</sup>, to be choked; to have anything weighing heavily upon one's mind; *Te ga fusagaru*, 手<sup>ガ</sup> 塞<sup>ル</sup>, to be engaged or occupied.  
 Syn. TSUMARU.  
**Fusagi**, ふさ<sup>ぎ</sup>, 塞<sup>ル</sup> *n.* Being low-spirited or gloomy.  
 Syn. FUSAGARI.  
**Fusagu**, ふさ<sup>ぐ</sup>, *v.t. and i.* ① To shut, close, stop up, block, or obstruct; to plug or dam up, to stem. ② To feel gloomy.  
*Seme wo fusagu*, 責<sup>ヲ</sup> 塞<sup>グ</sup>, to do a thing only to escape censure.  
 Syn. TOZASU.  
**Fusai**, ふさ<sup>い</sup>, 夫妻<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Husband and wife; a couple.  
 Syn. FUFU.  
**Fusai**, ふさ<sup>い</sup>, 不才<sup>ノ</sup> *n. and a.* Not wise or gifted; [stupid.]  
**Fusai**, ふさ<sup>い</sup>, 負債<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A debt.  
*Fusai ga kasamu*, 負債<sup>ガ</sup> 増<sup>ス</sup>, the debt increases.  
 Syn. KARI, OINE, SHAKUZAI.  
**Fūsai**, ふう<sup>さい</sup>, 風采<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Personal appearance; carriage; demeanor.  
 Syn. HITOGARA, MIKAKE, YŌSU.  
**Fūsai**, ふう<sup>さい</sup>, 風災<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Damages caused by a hurricane or tempest.  
**Fusaku**, ふさ<sup>く</sup>, 不作<sup>ノ</sup>, 不登<sup>ノ</sup> *n. and a.* Yielding no good crops; unproductive.  
**Fusakui-no-gumi**, ふさ<sup>く</sup> の <sup>ぎ</sup> む, 不作<sup>ノ</sup> 爲<sup>ノ</sup> 之<sup>ノ</sup> 義務<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* [Law.] The obligation of omission.  
**Fusamo**, ふさ<sup>も</sup>, *n.* [Bot.] *Myriophyllum verticillatum*.

**Fusan**, ふさん, 不参<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Not going, coming; visiting, or repairing. — *suru*, *v.t.* To absent oneself.  
**Fusantodoke**, ふさん<sup>ト</sup> ど<sup>け</sup>, 不参<sup>ノ</sup> 届<sup>ケ</sup> *n.* A notice of absence or non-attendance.  
**Fusari to**, ふさ<sup>り</sup> と, *adv. and a.* Rank; luxuriantly; thickly.  
**Fusaseru**, ふさ<sup>セ</sup> る, *v.t.* ① 令<sup>レ</sup> 参<sup>ル</sup>, *v.t.* The causative form of *Fusu*.  
**Fusawashi**, -i, -ki, ふさ<sup>は</sup> し, 相感<sup>ノ</sup> *a.* Becoming; fitting; suitable; appropriate.  
**Fusawashikaranu**, ふさ<sup>は</sup> し<sup>カ</sup> ら<sup>ぬ</sup>, *a.* The negative form of above.  
**Fusayaka**, ふさ<sup>や</sup> か, *a.* Same as *Fusarito*.  
**Fusayōji**, ふさ<sup>や</sup> う<sup>じ</sup>, 總持<sup>ノ</sup> 杖<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A wooden tooth brush.  
**Fusayomogi**, ふさ<sup>よ</sup> も<sup>ぎ</sup>, 菴蓎<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* [Bot.] *Artemisia Keskemia*.  
**Fusazakura**, ふさ<sup>ざ</sup> く<sup>ら</sup>, *n.* [Bot.] *Euptelea polyandra*. [priests.]  
**Fuse**, ふせ, 布施<sup>ノ</sup>, 籠<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A present or fee given to a priest.  
**Fusedoi**, ふせ<sup>ど</sup> い, 伏魔<sup>ノ</sup> 暗塚<sup>ノ</sup>, 陰塚<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* An underground; a pipe buried underground, as for conveying water; a hidden drain.  
**Fusegane**, ふせ<sup>が</sup> ね, 伏金<sup>ノ</sup>, 錠<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A hasp or clasp for fastening a door.  
**Fusegi**, ふせ<sup>ぎ</sup>, 防禦<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Defence.  
 Syn. FUSEGU KOTO, KOBAMU KOTO.  
**Fusegi-mamoru**, ふせ<sup>ぎ</sup> まも<sup>る</sup>, 防衛<sup>ノ</sup> 防守<sup>ノ</sup> *v.t.* To defend; to guard against; to repel danger or harm; to protect; to guard from injury.  
**Fusegi-tatakau**, ふせ<sup>ぎ</sup> たた<sup>か</sup> う, 防備<sup>ノ</sup> *v.t.* To fight by way of defence; to encounter an enemy.  
 Syn. HŌSEN SURU. [on the defensive.]  
**Fusego**, ふせ<sup>ご</sup>, 伏籠<sup>ノ</sup>, 蒸籠<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A large bamboo basket on which clothes are spread and dried.  
 Syn. ABURIKO.  
**Fusegu**, ふせ<sup>ぐ</sup>, 防<sup>ル</sup> 禦<sup>ル</sup> *v.t.* To defend; to guard against; to ward off; to repel; to protect from injury; to prevent from spreading or increasing.  
*Hi wo fusegu*, 火<sup>ヲ</sup> 禦<sup>グ</sup>, to check the blazing flames; *Teki wo fusegu*, 敵<sup>ヲ</sup> 防<sup>グ</sup>, to ward off an enemy.  
 Syn. KOBAMU.  
**Fusei**, ふせ<sup>い</sup>, 不精<sup>ノ</sup>, *n. and a.* Not diligent; indolent; negligence; not being faithful to one's duty.  
 Syn. BUSHŌ, OKOTARI, RANDA.  
**Fusel**, ふせ<sup>い</sup>, 浮世<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* [Chin.] This world; mortal life.  
*Fusel yume no gotoshi*, 浮世<sup>ノ</sup> 如<sup>シ</sup> 夢<sup>ノ</sup>, life is but a dream.  
 Syn. UKIYO.  
**Fusel**, ふせ<sup>い</sup>, 不正<sup>ノ</sup>, *a. and n.* Unjust; improper; wicked; bad; wickedness.  
**Fushi**, ふせ<sup>い</sup>, 賦性<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Same as *Umaretsuki*.  
**Fūsei**, ふう<sup>せい</sup>, 風聲<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Same as *Fūsetsu*.  
**Fusei**, ふせ<sup>い</sup>, 不齊<sup>ノ</sup>, *a.* Irregular; perturbed; inconsistent; not coinciding.

**Fusel**, ふせ<sup>い</sup>, 修正<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* [Chin.] Correction or revision (only of writings).  
*Fusel wo kō*, 修正<sup>ヲ</sup> 乞<sup>フ</sup>, to request to revise or correct.  
**Fuseishutsu**, ふせ<sup>い</sup> しゅ<sup>つ</sup>, 不世<sup>ノ</sup> 出<sup>ノ</sup> *a.* Unparalleled; unequalled; excelled or exqually by none; extraordinary; extremely rare.  
*Fuseishutsu no sai art*, 不世<sup>ノ</sup> 出<sup>ノ</sup> オ<sup>ア</sup> リ, is unparalleled in genius; is a miracle of wisdom; is a prodigy.  
**Fuseki**, ふせ<sup>き</sup>, 附籍<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Having one's name registered in another's family for temporary reasons.  
**Fuseki**, ふせ<sup>き</sup>, 浮石<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Same as *Karuishi*.  
**Fusen**, ふせん, 附箋<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A small piece of paper with notes, pasted to a document.  
 Syn. HIRIGAMI, TSUREGAMI.  
**Fusen**, ふせん, 不宣<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A term customarily used at the end of a friendly letter meaning that the writer has been unable to say all he wishes to; I remain.  
**Fūsen**, ふう<sup>せん</sup>, 風船<sup>ノ</sup>, 輕氣球<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Balloon.  
**Fūsen-kazari**, ふう<sup>せん</sup> か<sup>ざ</sup> り, *n.* [Bot.] Balloon vine, Heart-seed.  
**Fusenul**, ふせ<sup>ん</sup> る, 伏籠<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Hemming.  
**Fuseru**, ふせ<sup>る</sup>, 伏<sup>ル</sup> *v.t.* ① To bend down. ② To cover with; to place underground. ③ To ambush.  
*Te wo fuseru*, 手<sup>ヲ</sup> 伏<sup>ル</sup>, to lay an underground pipe, as for conveying water.  
**Fuseru**, ふせ<sup>る</sup>, 臥<sup>ル</sup> *v.t.* To lie down; to go to bed; to be confined; to keep one's room.  
 Syn. NERU, YASUMU.  
**Fūsetsu**, ふせ<sup>つ</sup>, 符節<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* The two halves of a seal. See *Fu* (符). [false report.]  
**Fūsetsu**, ふせ<sup>つ</sup>, 浮説<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A unfounded rumour; current talk.  
 Syn. NIKASHIGOTO.  
**Fūsetsu**, ふせ<sup>つ</sup>, 風説<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A rumour; a report; *Yo no fūsetsu ni mayō*, 世<sup>ノ</sup> 風説<sup>ニ</sup> 迷<sup>フ</sup>, to be deceived by a rumour.  
 Syn. FURUN, HYŌBAN, UWASA.  
**Fūsetsu**, ふせ<sup>つ</sup>, 布設<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* The construction of a road. — *suru*. To construct; to build.  
*Tetsudō wo fūsetsu suru*, 鐵道<sup>ヲ</sup> 布<sup>シ</sup> 設<sup>ス</sup>, to construct a railroad.  
**Fuseya**, ふせ<sup>や</sup>, 伏屋<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A lowly built cottage; a hut.  
*Shizu ga fuseya*, 隠<sup>レ</sup> 伏<sup>屋</sup>, a lowly or humble cottage.  
**Fusezei**, ふせ<sup>ぜ</sup> い, 伏勢<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* An ambushade.  
 Syn. FUKUJEL.  
**Fūsha**, ふう<sup>しゃ</sup>, 風車<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A wind-mill.  
**Fushi**, ふし, 父子<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* Father and child.  
**Fushi**, ふし, 五倍子<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* [Bot.] Gall-nut.  
 Syn. GOBAISHI.  
**Fushi**, ふし, 節<sup>ノ</sup> *n.* A joint; a knot; a knob.  
*Fushi ga itamu*, 節<sup>ガ</sup> 痛<sup>ム</sup>, to feel pain at the



joint; *Ki no fushi*, 木ノ節, a knot in the stem of a tree, *Take no fushi*, 竹ノ節, the joints of a bamboo.

**Fushi**, ふし, 節, *n.* [Music.] A note or tone; an air. *Fushi wo awasu*, 節ヲ合ス, to attune; to play the same airs; *Fushi wo tsukeru*, 節ヲ附ル, to mark the musical points; to modulate the voice.

**Fushi**, ふし, 夫子, *n.* A learned teacher; an erudite person. Used in addressing a learned man or one's teacher, but esp. as an hon. title of Confucius. [appearance; the countenance. *Syn.* KATACHI, NARIFURI, SUGATA.

**Fushiana**, ふしあな, 節穴, 木眼, *n.* A knot hole in wood.

**Fushiawase**, ふしあわせ, 不仕合, 不幸, *a.* and *n.* Unfortunate, unlucky, misfortune; calamity.

**Fushibone**, ふしほね, 節骨, 白骨, *n.* The bones of a joint. [identata.

**Fushidaku**, ふしだか, 半藤, *n.* [Bot.] *Achyranthes*

**Fushidara**, ふしだら, 不爲体, *n.* Misdemeanour; misconduct; being debauched; doing things in a slovenly manner or by halves; carelessness; negligence. *Syn.* FUSHIMATSU. [negligence.

**Fushidatsu**, ふしだつ, *v.t.* To be knotty; to be uneven or rough; to be harsh.

**Fushido**, ふしど, 臥所, *n.* A bed-chamber. *Syn.* NEDOKORO, NEYA.

**Fushigaki**, ふしがき, *n.* A hedge of shrubs.

**Fushigi**, ふしが, 不思議, 奇怪, *n.* and *a.* A mystery; a wonder; a miracle; mysterious; miraculous; wonderful; marvellous; surprising; supernatural.

*Fushigi na koto domo*, 不思議ナ事トモ, things miraculous, marvellous, or supernatural; *Fushigi ni omô*, 不思議ニ思フ, to wonder at; to be at a loss what to make out. *Syn.* AYASHII, KIMYÔ. [mum.

**Fushiguro**, ふしぐろ, *n.* [Bot.] *Melandryum fr.*

**Fushi-ito**, ふしいと, 節絲, *n.* Coarse silk full of knots. [woven with above.

**Fushito-ori**, ふしいとおり, 節絲織, *n.* Silk stuff

**Fushiko**, ふしこ, *n.* [Entom.] *Holothuria* sp.

**Fushikobu**, ふしこぶ, 木窟, 木罅, *n.* A knot in the stem of a tree.

**Fushikuredatsu**, ふしくれだつ, 節博立, *v.t.* To be full of knots; to be irregular (said of a board).

**Fushimachi-no-tsuki**, ふしまちのつき, 臥待月, *n.* The moon of the 19th day of the 2nd month (o.s.).

**Fushimarebu**, ふしまるぶ, 伏轉, *v.t.* To fall and roll over.

**Fushimatsu**, ふしまつ, 不始末, *n.* Irregularity; mismanagement; being uneconomical; misde-meanour. *Kare ga fushimatsu wo imashimu*, 彼が不始末ヲ戒ム, to censure one's mismanagement; to

speaking against a man's expensive habits with a view to correct him.

**Fushime**, ふしめ, 節目, *n.* A knot as seen in wood.

**Fushime**, ふしめ, 伏目, 俯視, *n.* A gloomy, down-cast, sober, or grave look.

**Fushin**, ふしん, 風疹, *n.* Same as *Kazaboroshi*.

**Fushin**, ふしん, 不臣, *n.* and *a.* Insubordination; being less polite or faithful than usage or law requires, disloyal.

**Fushin**, ふしん, 不審, *n.* and *a.* Unaccountable; suspicious; dubious; doubtful; suspicious. Hard to understand; anything difficult to be seen by the mind's eye. *Fushin na yatsu*, 不審ナ奴, a suspicious fellow. *Syn.* ICKKASHI, URON NA. [low.

**Fushin**, ふしん, 普請, *n.* Building; construction. Repairing. —*suru*, *v.t.* To build, construct. *Syn.* KENCHIKU, TATERU.

**Fushingami**, ふしんがみ, 不審紙, *n.* A piece of red paper with which one marks difficult constructions or phrases that he meets with while reading. *Syn.* TSUKKAGAMI.

**Fushinjin**, ふしんじん, 不信心, *n.* and *a.* Impiousness; irreligious; impious; profane.

**Fushi-no-ki**, ふしのき, 狸腐木, *n.* [Bot.] *Rhus semi-alata*, var. *Osbeckii*.

**Fushi-no-ko**, ふしのこ, *n.* Same as *Fushi*.

**Fushi-no-ma**, ふしのま, *n.* A little while. *Syn.* ZANJI, SHIBARAKU.

**Fushigamu**, ふしがむ, 伏拜, *v.t.* To kneel or bow down and worship.

**Fushiori**, ふしおり, 節織, *n.* Same as *Fushito-ori*.

**Fushishiba**, ふししば, 苜蓿, *n.* Brushwood; small stems and branches to be used as fuel.

**Fushishizumu**, ふししずむ, 伏沈, *v.t.* [lit.] To lie down and sink; [fig.] to have one's face upon the ground; to faint; to be in a fit of grief.

**Fushi suru**, ふしする, 諷刺, *v.t.* To reproach or censure indirectly; to satirize slyly. *Syn.* ATEKOSURI, MIMIKOSURI. [tism.

**Fushitsu**, ふしつ, 風濕, 風疾, *n.* [Med.] Rheuma-

**Fushitsuke**, ふしつけ, *n.* A mode of capital punishment which consisted in burning with brushwood. [brushwood.

**Fushizuke**, ふしづけ, *n.* A fishing trap made of

**Fushizuke**, ふしづけ, 節附, 調曲, *n.* Adfixing the musical notes or marks. Putting or setting poetry to music. Driving nails through the principal joints by way of punishment.

**Fushô**, ふしやう, 不承, *a.* Not well or fine; unpleasant.

**Fusho**, ふしよ, 封書, *n.* A sealed letter.

**Fushô**, ふしやう, 不肖, *pron.* and *a.* Foolish; unworthy; ignorant; inexperienced; not gifted.

*Mi fushô nagara*, 身不肖ナガラ, though I am but an ignorant person; inexperienced as I am.

**Fushô**, ふしやう, 不祥, *n.* Ominous; portentous; unlucky, inauspicious. *Syn.* ENGIWARUKI, FUKITSU.

**Fushô**, ふしやう, 負傷, *a.* Being wounded or injured. *Syn.* KEGA, TEOL.

**Fushô**, ふしやう, 不承, *v.t.* To comply with reluctantly, not to be satisfied with, not taking the circumstances into consideration.

**Fushôkushô**, ふしやうふしやう, 不承不承, Reluctantly; contrary to one's mind or wishes. *Syn.* IYAIYANAGARA.

**Fushôchi**, ふしやうち, 不承知, *n.* Not consenting to. See *Shûchi*. *Fushôchi wo iu*, 不承知ヲ云フ, to declare disapproval; not to consent to; not to agree with.

**Fushôhibutsu**, ふしやうひぶつ, 不消費物, *n.* Non-consumable.

**Fushoku**, ふしよく, 不食, *n.* Anorexy, want or loss of appetite.

**Fushoku**, ふしよく, 風色, *n.* Same as *Fûkei*.

**Fushoku-korajon**, ふしよくころちん, 腐蝕絡羅質, *n.* [Med.] *Collodium corrosivum*.

**Fushoku suru**, ふしよくする, 腐蝕, *v.t.* To corrode. [ker.

**Fushozon**, ふしよぞん, 不所存, *n.* Same as *Furyô*.

**Fushû**, ふしゅう, 俣因, *n.* Same as *Furyô*.

**Fushû**, ふしゅう, 風習, *n.* Habit, custom; manner; inclination, usage. *Syn.* NARAI, NARAWASHI, SHIKUSE.

**Fushubi**, ふしうひ, 不首尾, *n.* Same as *Bushubi*.

**Fuso**, ふそ, 賦租, *n.* Taxes.

**Fusô**, ふそう, 風草, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Unari*.

**Fusôkoku**, ふそうこく, 扶桑國, *n.* The name of a country in old Chinese books supposed to mean either Nippon or Central America.

**Fusoku**, ふそく, 不測, *a.* Unlooked for; unexpected; sudden; accidental.

**Fusoku**, ふそく, 不足, *n.* Want; being insufficient or inadequate, indigence. Discontent; dissatisfaction. *Fusoku wo iu*, 不足ヲ云フ, to complain; not being satisfied with; *Nani fusoku naku*, 何不足ナク, without wanting anything, well to do; well off. [hibiscus.

**Fusôkwa**, ふそうくわ, 扶桑花, *n.* [Bot.] *China*

**Fuson**, ふそん, 風損, *n.* Damages caused by a tempest.

**Fuson**, ふそん, 不遜, *a.* Not humble; proud, haughty; elated. [dahuricum.

**Fusona**, ふそな, 漢防己, *n.* [Bot.] *Menispermum*

**Fusô-ô**, ふそうお, 不相應, *a.* Inappropriate; unbecoming; unsuitable; inconsistent with; incongruous; disproportionate; beyond.

*Mibun fusô ni ogoru*, 身分不相應ニ著ル, to be luxurious beyond one's social position. *Syn.* FUTSURIAI.

**Fusoroi**, ふそろひ, 不揃, *a.* Not equal or uniform; incomplete; not matching well.

**Fusu**, ふす, 伏, *v.t.* To lie concealed. To lie down; to go to bed. To bow humbly. *Syn.* INU, UTSURUSU, HISOMU.

**Fusu**, ふす, 賦, *v.t.* To compose, as a poem. To distribute; to divide. *Syn.* KUBARU, TSURURU, WARITSURU.

**Fusube**, ふすべ, 沙碁, *n.* [Zool. loca.] A sand flea.

**Fusube**, ふすべ, 黒點, *n.* A black spot.

**Fusubegin**, ふすべぎん, 燻銀, *n.* Fumigated or smoked silver.

**Fusube-iro**, ふすべいろ, 煙色, *n.* A smoky colour.

**Fusuberu**, ふすべる, 煙, *v.t.* and *i.* To smoke; to fumigate. To be gloomy or angry; to fume. *Syn.* IBIRU.

**Fusuboru**, ふすぼる, 煙, *v.t.* To be smoky; to be fumigated. To fume; to be in a rage; to be gloomy or jealous. *Syn.* IBURU, KEBURU, KUSUBURU, KUTURU.

**Fusuji**, ふすじ, 不筋, *a.* Not in accordance with justice, usage, reason, or propriety. *Syn.* MICHINARASU.

**Fusuma**, ふすま, 窓, *n.* Bran.

**Fusuma**, ふすま, 襦袢門, 窓, *n.* Sliding screens covered with wall paper. A bed-quilt; a night-gown. *Syn.* KARAKAMI.

**Fusuma-shôji**, ふすましろじ, 襦袢子, *n.* A *shôji* the lower half of which is made like a *fusuma*.

**Fusuma-utsugi**, ふすまうつぎ, *n.* [Bot.] *Philadelphus coronarius*.

**Fu suru**, ふする, 附, *v.t.* To attach; to follow; to depend on. To entrust with. *Sono ato ni fu suru*, 其後ニ附スル, to place after that; to make to follow it; to append; to affix.

**Fu suru**, ふする, 付, *v.t.* To submit (as a Bill to the Diet); to hand over (as an offender to a tribunal).

**Fû suru**, ふする, *v.t.* Same as *Honomekasu*.

**Fusû suru**, ふすうする, 趕趨, *v.t.* To go in haste; to hasten toward.

**Futa**, ふた, 蓋, *n.* A lid; a cover. *Futa wo akeru*, 蓋ヲ開ケル, to open the cover; to take off the cover; to take off the lid; *Hako no futa*, 匣ノ蓋, the cover of a box.

**Futa**, ふた, 癬癩, *n.* A scab. *Syn.* KASABUTA.

**Futa**, ふた, 二, 兩, 雙, *a.* Two (only in compound). *Futa tabi*, 二度, two times; twice; *Futa tose amari*, 二歳アマリ, upwards of two years.

**Futa-ai**, ふたあひ, 二葉, *n.* Violet colour.

**Futaba**, ふたば, 二葉, *n.* Cotyledons. *Sendan wa futaba yori kôbashi* (or *kambashi*),



脚檀ハ二葉ヨリ繁シ, sandal wood is fragrant even in the germ (i.e. genius shows itself in youth).

**Futaba-nol**, ふたばのふ, 雙葉細辛, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Asarum caulescens*. [*laudia affusa*]

**Futaba-mugura**, ふたばむぐら, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Olden-Futaba-ran*, ふたばらん, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Listera cordata*.

**Futae**, ふたへ, 二重, *n.* and *a.* Two layers, duplication, double, twofold.

**Futaegoshi**, ふたへごし, 勞懸, *n.* Being bent in the loins (as with age).

**Futae-hitomi**, ふたへひとみ, 重瞳, *n.* Double pupils (of the eye). [Double eyelids.]

**Futae-mabuchi**, ふたへまぶち, 二重眼, 會波, *n.*

**Futagaru**, ふたがる, 寄, *v.t.* Same as *Fusagaru*.

**Futago**, ふたご, 二子, 孿生, 孿子, *n.* Twins.  
*Futago wo nasu*, 孿子を生ス, to beget twins.

**Futagokoro**, ふたごころ, 欺心, *n.* Double dealing, duplicity, insincerity; double faced, faithless treacherous, falsehearted, disloyal.  
*Futagokoro aru hito*, 欺心アル人, a falsehearted person; a man of double dealing: *Futagokoro wo idaku*, 欺心ヲ情ク, to be double faced.  
Syn. ADASHIGOKORO, KOROGOKORO.

**Futagu**, ふたぐ, 寄, *v.t.* Same as *Fusagu*.

**Fūtai**, ふうたい, 風帯, *n.* A pair of ornamental ribbons or cloths hung on the upper part of a *kakemono*.

**Fūtai**, ふうたい, 査袋, 風袋, *n.* The tare of goods.  
*Fūtai wo miru*, 風袋ヲミル, to ascertain the tare of the goods.

**Fūtai**, ふうたい, 附帯, *n.* Being joined or added to, incidental, accompanying; attendant.  
—*suru*, *v.t.* To be joined; to accompany.  
Syn. TOMONAU, TSURIMI.

**Fūtai-seitū**, ふたいせいとう, 附帯請求, *n.* [*Law.*] An attendant claim.

**Futafoko**, ふたふこ, 二從弟, *n.* Second cousin.

**Futakawame**, ふたかばめ, 二度眼, *n.* Eyes having double eyelids. [See *Futako-ori*.]

**Futako**, ふたこ, 二子, *n.* [*cont. form of Futako-ori*.]

**Futako-ginu**, ふたこぎぬ, 二子絹, *n.* Silk threads of two strands.

**Futako-ito**, ふたこいと, 二股糸, *n.* Threads of two

**Futako-ori**, ふたこおり, 二子織, *n.* Cotton stuff woven with threads of two strands.

**Futamata**, ふたまた, 二股, *n.* A crotched; forked.  
*Futamata daikon*, 二股大根, a forked radish.

**Futamata-dake**, ふたまたたけ, 扶竹, *n.* [*Bot.*] A crotched bamboo.

**Futame**, ふため, 不爲, *n.* and *a.* Not advantageous or beneficial; not conducive to one's interest, inutlle, unprofitable, unproductive, impolitic.  
*Kare wa onni no futame ni narimasen*, 彼ハ御身ノ不爲ニナリマセン, [*coll.*] this will not be prejudicial to your interest.

**Futameku**, ふためく, 狼胆, *v.t.* To pant with alarm; to be excited, agitated, or flurried.  
*Amate futameku*, アハテフタメク, to be flurried.

**Futameji**, ふためじ, 非, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Allium odorum*.

**Futamono**, ふたもの, 蓋物, *n.* Any porcelain vessel with a lid or cover.

**Futanari**, ふたなり, 二形, 人尙, 半月, *n.* A herma-  
Syn. HANUWARI. [phrodite.]

**Futan**, ふたん, 負擔, *n.* Burden; responsibility obligation; charge. —*suru*, *v.t.* To bear; to be held responsible for

**Futano**, ふたの, 腰布, *n.* A cloth worn by women around the loins.

**Futaoiki**, ふたおき, 蓋置, *n.* A stand for putting the lid of a tea kettle on.

**Futaoya**, ふたおや, 兩親, 雙親, *n.* Both parents:  
Syn. RYOSHIN. [father and mother.]

**Futari**, ふたり, 二人, *n.* Two persons.  
*Futari narande yuku*, 二人並テ行ク, to go together side by side, to go abreast.

**Futari-shizuka**, ふたりしずか, 二たりまづか, 及己, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Chloranthus serratus*.

**Futatabi**, ふたたび, 再, 兩度, *n.* Two times; twice  
*Futatabi shiken suru*, 再び試験スル, to re-examine; *Futatabi miru*, 再び見ル, to see twice.  
Syn. NIHO, RYŌBU [to look at again.]

**Futatsu**, ふたつ, 二箇, *n.* Two.  
*Kore wa futatsu ni wakero*, コレヲ二箇ニ分ケル, [*coll.*] divide this into two; *To ni futatsu to naki takara*, 世ニ二箇トナキ寶, a treasure having no equal in the world, a peerless treasure.

**Futatsu**, ふたつ, 布達, *n.* Proclamation or notification. —*suru*, *v.t.* and *i.* To issue a proclamation.  
Syn. FUROKU. [tion; to notify.]

**Futatsu-kashira-no-hebi**, ふたつかしらへのび, 兩頭蛇, *n.* [*Zool.*] A double-headed snake.

**Futatsunashi**, ふたつなし, 無二, 無雙, *n.* Without an equal, unrivalled, peerless.

**Futegiwa**, ふてぎわ, 不手際, *n.* and *a.* Inexpertness; indexterity; clumsiness, unskillful, slovenly in make; awkward in doing anything.  
Syn. BIRAIKU, HETA.

**Futei**, ふてい, 不逞, *v.* Not submitting to authority, unsubmitive, insubordinate; refractory; rebellious; contumacious.  
*Futei no to*, 不逞ノ徒, insubordinate people; rebellious individuals.

**Fūtei**, ふうてい, 風体, *n.* Manners, deportment;  
Syn. NARIFURI, SUGATA. [appearance:]

**Futetsai**, ふていさい, 不体裁, *n.* and *a.* Being unmannerly, unseemly, indecent.

**Futeki**, ふてき, 不敵, *a.* ① Bold, fearless; daring, rude, audacious. ② Matchless, unrivalled.  
*Daitan futeki no kusemono*, 大膽不敵ノ曲者, a bold and audacious fellow.

**Futekitō**, ふてきたう, 不適當, *n.* and *a.* Behud-

handedness; not punctual or diligent in doing anything.

**Futemawari**, ふてまわり, 不手廻, *n.* and *a.* Unfit, unsuitable, unbecoming  
Syn. FUYUKITODOKI.

**Futen**, ふてん, 普天, *n.* Everywhere under heaven.  
*Futen no shita sato no hin*, 普天之下率土之濱, every part of the world, the whole earth.

**Fūten**, ふうてん, 風癪, *n.* Mental derangement; insanity; lunacy.  
*Fūten sha*, 風癪者, an insane person.  
Syn. KICHIGAI, MONGURUI.

**Fūten-byōin**, ふうてんびやういん, 風癪病院, *n.* A lunatic asylum; a hospital for the insane.

**Futeru**, ふてる, *v.t.* To be sulky or moody; to be offended; to grudge.  
Syn. HARATATSU, OKORE.

**Futo**, ふと, *adv.* ① Without difficulty; easily. ② Immediately; soon; directly.

**Futo**, ふと, 不圖, 偶然, *adv.* By chance; suddenly; accidentally; untimely; unexpectedly.  
*Futo shita koto kara*, 不圖シタコトカラ, from a casual circumstance; by chance.  
Syn. FEITO, HAKARAZU.

**Futō**, ふたう, 不當, *n.* and *a.* That which is improper or unjust; unreasonable; unsuitable; unbecoming.  
*Futō wo mōshi-iatsu*, 不當ヲ申立ツ, to make an unreasonable claim.

**Futō**, ふたう, 埠頭, *n.* [*Chin.*] Same as *Itōba*.

**Fūto**, ふうと, 英尺, *n.* [*Eng.*] A foot (linear measure).

**Fūto**, ふうと, 封筒, *n.* [*Chin.*] A letter envelope.

**Futō**, ふたう, 不齊, *a.* Unequal; dissimilar.

**Futo**, ふと, 浮圖, 浮屠, ① Buddha, Shaka. ② A Buddhist priest. ③ A Buddhist temple, a pagoda.

**Futobara**, ふとばら, 太胆, *n.* Audacious; bold;

**Futoppara**, ふとっぱら, 不潔, *n.* unscrupulous.  
*Futoppara na yatsu*, 太胆ナ奴, an unscrupulous fellow.

**Futodoki**, ふとどき, 不逞, *a.* Disobedient to authority; insubordinate; rude; audacious; reprehensible.  
*Futodoki semban*, 不逞千高, exceedingly rude.  
Syn. FURACHI.

**Futōhen-sankakuket**, ふたうへんさんかくけい, 不齊邊三角形, *n.* [*Math.*] Scalene triangle.

**Futoi**, ふとゐ, 寔, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Scirpus*.

**Futoigozu**, ふとゐささ, 寔草, *n.* A kind of rush matting. [*Futo-kazura*.]

**Futō-kazura**, ふたうかづら, 土垂藤, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Piper*

**Futokoro**, ふところ, 懐, *n.* The folds of the dress that cover the breast; bosom; pocket.  
Syn. KWAICHŪ.

**Futokorode**, ふところで, 懐手, 袖手, *n.* Pocketing one's hands; warming hands in the bosom.

*Futokorode nite kendutsu suru*, 懐手ニテ見物スル, to look at a thing with one's hands in one's pockets.  
[large; big; thick.]

**Futoku**, ふとく, 太, *adv.* and *a.* Very; exceedingly;

**Futoku**, ふとく, 婦徳, *n.* Female virtue.

**Futoku**, ふとく, 不徳, *n.* and *a.* Not being virtuous, want of principle, demerit, unworthiness; virtueless, immoral, heartless, unrighteous.

**Futokui**, ふとくい, 不得意, *a.* Not versed in, incompetent, inexperienced, unskillful.

**Futokushin**, ふとくしん, 不信心, *a.* Without consent; uncomplying; refusing; not thoroughly understanding.  
Syn. FUSHŌCHŪ.

**Futomae**, ふとまへ, 太前, *n.* The mighty presence (of the deity).

**Futōmei**, ふとうめい, 不透明, *n.* [*Physics.*] Opacity.

**Futomomo**, ふともも, 太股, *n.* The thigh.

**Futomomo**, ふともも, 蒲桃, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Eugenia jambos*.

**Futomono**, ふとももの, 太物, *n.* Cotton goods.

**Futomono-dana**, ふともものたな, 太物店, *n.* Cotton goods store.

**Futomono-ya**, ふともものや, 太物屋, *n.* One who deals in cotton goods; cotton goods store.

**Futomugi**, ふともぎ, 太麥, *n.* [*Bot.*] Barley.

**Futon**, ふとん, 布團, *n.* A quilted bed cover; a mattress; a cushion.  
*Shiki buton*, 敷布團, a mattress; *Za buton*, 坐布團, a rug or cushion for sitting on.

**Futonno**, ふとんの, 太布, *n.* Cotton stuff.

**Futocori**, ふとこり, 太織, *n.* A thick, coarse silk cloth.

**Futoori-tsumugi**, ふとおりつむぎ, 太織綿, *n.* A coarse kind of pongee.

**Futoraseru**, ふとらせる, *v.t.* [*caus. of Futoru.*] To fatten; to let grow large. [*Futo-ori*.]

**Futori**, ふどり, *n.* [*cont. form of Futo-ori.*] See *Futoru*.

**Futoru**, ふとる, 肥, *v.t.* To grow large or fat; to become fleshy.  
*Nippon no sumō wa mita futotte iru*, 日本ノ相撲ハ岩ヲ肥テ非ル, Japanese wrestlers are all plump.  
Syn. KOERU.

**Futosa**, ふとさ, 太, *n.* The largeness; the size.

**Futoshi**, ふとし, 浮屠氏, *n.* A Buddhist.

**Futoshi**, ふとし, 太, *a.* ① Large, big; fat, fleshy, plump. ② Bold, daring, fearless, audacious, stout-hearted; indomitable.  
*Futoi tsuyē*, 太イ杖, a big stick; *Futoi yatsu da*, 太イ奴ダ, an audacious fellow.

**Futōsul**, ふとうする, 不齊錐, *n.* [*Math.*] Scalene cone. [*folia*.]

**Futotsura**, ふとつら, 百部, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Stemone sessili-*

**Futsu**, ふつ, 蕩, *v.t.* [*obs.*] To throw away or forsake.

**Futsuru**, ふつる, 蕩, *v.t.* To forsake.

**Futsū**, ふつう, 普通, *n.* and *a.* Common, ordinary, usual; general, universal.



**Futsū meishi**, 普通名詞, [Gram.] common noun.  
**Futsū**, フツウ, 不通, *a.* No communication; no intercourse; uncurrent (as money); impassable (as roads); not generally received or acknowledged.  
**Futsū**, フツウ, 風通, *n.* A kind of thick cloth or ribbon woven with raised figures of gold and silver.  
**Futsu**, フツ, 佛, *n.* and *a.* France; French.  
**Futsufutsu**, フツフツ, *a.* Not constant; interruptedly; intermittently.  
**Futsugaku**, フツガク, 佛學, *n.* French literature.  
**Futsugakusha**, フツガクシャ, 佛學者, *n.* One versed in French literature; French scholars.  
**Futsugo**, フツゴ, 佛語, *n.* French language.  
**Futsugō**, フツゴウ, 不都合, *a.* Inconvenient; inconvenient; unfavourable; unbecoming; reprehensible.  
**Futsujin**, フツジン, 佛人, *n.* Frenchman.  
**Futsuka**, フツカ, 二日, *n.* The second day of the month; two days.  
**Futsuka-ai**, フツカアイ, 二日酔い, *n.* Illness resulting from intoxication.  
**Futsuka-yoi**, フツカヨイ, 不都合, *n.* and *a.* No intercourse, inhospitality; not intimate; unsociable.  
**Futsukai**, フツカイ, 不適合, *n.* and *a.* Not matching; disproportion; not balancing; incongruous.  
**Futsurōki**, フツロウキ, 佛羅機, *n.* [By some said to be *corrupt.* of *France*, by others to be derived from the name of a European.] A cannon.  
**Futsutsuka ni**, フツツカニ, 不束, *adv.* Rudely; ignorantly; in a rustic or impolite manner.  
**Futsūyō**, フツウヨウ, 不通用, *a.* Not current; not generally accepted.  
**Futsuzuka**, フツヅカ, 不束, *a.* Rude; rustic, clownish; ignorant; of ill breeding; ungainly; stupid.  
**Futsuzuka mono**, フツヅカモノ, 不束者, a stupid fellow (used)  
**Futtei**, フツテイ, 掃底, *a.* Scanty; scarce.  
**Futō**, フツドウ, 沸騰, *n.* Boiling up; effervescence; evaporation. — *suru*, *v.t.* To boil up; to effervesce.  
**Giron futō su**, 蒸騰沸騰ス, the discussion becomes heated or animated.  
**Futōsan**, フツドウサン, 沸騰散, *n.* Effervescing powder (a mixture of sodium carbonate and acid tartaric).  
**Futōzai**, フツドウザイ, 沸騰水, *n.* Effervescing  
**Futōten**, フツドウテン, 沸騰然, *n.* [Physics.] Boiling point.  
**Futtsuri**, フツツリ, 断然, *adv.* Entirely; completely;

**Futtsuri to omoikiru**, フツツリト思切ル, to give up anything entirely; to cease entirely to think about.  
**Futtsu to**, フツツト, *adv.* Completely; wholly; absolutely; positively.  
**Futtsu to irae no sezu**, フツツトイラエヘモセズ, (he) made no reply; **Futtsu to omoi yorazu**, フツツト思ヒ寄ラズ, to be wholly unexpected.  
**Futtsu**, フツツ, 断然, *adv.* Completely; wholly; absolutely; positively.  
**Fu-n**, フウ, 風, *n.* Wind and rain; tempest;  
**Fuun**, フウウン, 不運, *n.* Ill luck; misfortunes; unfortunate; unlucky.  
**Fuun**, フウウン, 浮雲, *n.* [Chin.] A floating cloud, used only figuratively in such an expression as the following:—  
**Fūki ware ni oite fuun no gotoshi**, 富貴於我如浮雲, wealth and rank are, to me, like a shifting  
**Fū-n-shin**, フウンシン, 風雨針, *n.* Barometer.  
**Fuwa**, フワ, 不和, *n.* Being on bad terms; discord; quarrel; rupture of friendship; inimical; at daggers drawn.  
**Fuwafuwa**, フワフワ, *adv.* and *a.* [coll.] Lightly, buoyantly; soft, spongy, buoyant.  
**Fuwake**, フワケ, 腐身, *n.* Dissection of a dead  
**Fuwake-dōgu**, フワケドウ, 腐身道具, *n.* Dissecting instruments.  
**Fuwari**, フワリ, *n.* The boundary lines of a map.  
**Fuwari to**, フワリト, *adv.* In a light and spongy manner; buoyantly.  
**Fuwatsuku**, フワツク, *v.t.* ① To be light and airy; to be soft and compressible. ② To flutter in the wind; to wave.  
**Fuyajō**, フヤウジョウ, 不夜城, *n.* [It.] Nightless (or constantly illuminated) castle; [Rō.] prostitute quarters.  
**Fuyakeru**, フヤケル, 漲大, *v.t.* [coll.] To swell up  
**Fuyakuru**, フヤクル, (as by imbibing moisture).  
**Fuyaku**, フヤク, 腐蝕, *n.* Escherotic medicine.  
**Fuyasu**, フヤス, 殖, *v.t.* [caus. form of *Fuyeru*.] To cause to increase or augment; to add to.  
**Fuyo**, フユウ, 附與, *n.* Bestowing, conferring, granting, giving, or presenting. — *suru*, *v.t.* To bestow, confer, etc.  
**Fuyō**, フユウ, 不豫, *n.* ① Out of humour; being unpleasant or cheerless. ② Illness (only of the Emperor).  
**Fuyō**, フユウ, 不用, *a.* Not wanted; of no use; useless; unnecessary.  
**Fuyō no shina**, フユウノ品, a useless article.  
**Fuyō**, フユウ, 断然, *adv.* Entirely; completely;

**Fuyōi**, フユウイ, 不用意, *n.* and *a.* Not being well provided for; neglecting preparation; unprepared.  
**Fuyōjin**, フユウジン, 不用心, *a.* Carelessness, neglectfulness; unmindful, improvident.  
**Fuyōjō**, フユウジョウ, 不養生, *n.* and *a.* Not caring for one's health; unhygienic; injurious to health (rare).  
**Isha no fuyōjō**, 醫者ノ不養生, [coll. Prov.] the doctor's carelessness about his health. [Tosa].  
**Fuyōran**, フユウラン, *n.* [Bot.] *Marsdenia tomentosa*.  
**Fuyo suru**, フユウスル, 賦與, *v.t.* To bestow; to grant.  
**Fūyū**, フウユウ, 富有, *n.* and *a.* Opulence; wealthy; **Fūyū no hito**, 富有ノ人, an opulent person.  
**Fuyu**, フユ, 冬, *n.* Winter.  
**Fuyu-noi**, フユノイ, 冬衣, *n.* [Bot.] *Malva pulcherrima*.  
**Fuyugare**, フユガレ, 冬枯, *n.* ① Withering of the leaves in winter. ② The cold and dreary state of winter.  
**Fuyuge**, フユゲ, 冬毛, *n.* Soft winter hair or down  
**Fuyugomori**, フユゴモリ, 冬籠, *n.* Winter confinement; hibernation.  
**Fuyugi**, フユギ, 冬着, 冬衣, *n.* Winter wear; winter garments.  
**Fuyu-ichigo**, フユイチゴ, 冬いちご, 寒莓, *n.* [Bot.] *Rubus*  
**Fuyuki**, フユキ, 冬木, *n.* Winter tree, or a tree that sheds its leaves in winter.  
**Fuyukidodoki**, フユキドドキ, 不行届, *a.* Not doing anything thoroughly, doing imperfectly or remissly; incomplete, inadequate.  
**Fuyunono**, フユノ冬物, *n.* Winter clothes.  
**Fuyumono uridashi tsukamatsuri soro**, 冬物賣出仕候, we commence to sell winter goods (a notice often found at a mercer's store at the beginning of winter).  
**Fuyumeku**, フユメク, *v.t.* To be wintry or have the appearance of winter.  
**Fuyunegi**, フユネギ, 冬葱, *n.* [Bot.] *Allium esculentum*.  
**Fuyu-no-hanawarabi**, フユノ花なわらび, 陸地菜, *n.* [Bot.] *Botrychium ternatum*.  
**Fuyuru**, フユル, 殖, *v.t.* To increase, augment, or multiply.  
**Fuzai**, フザイ, 不在, *n.* and *a.* Being absent; not present.  
**Fuzakeru**, フザケル, *v.t.* To swell up (as starch when boiled).  
**Fuzakeru**, フザケル, 押戯, *v.t.* To sport; to romp.  
**Fuzel**, フゼル, 賦税, *n.* Taxes; charges.  
**Fuzel**, フゼル, 風情, *n.* ① Manner; appearance; air; aspect. ② Taste, form, fashion. ③ Such a one as, such it is.  
**Fuzel aru nagame**, 風情アル眺メ, a picturesque sight; **Nan no fuzel mo naku**, 何ノ風情モナク, without doing anything to please you (often used in a letter in expressing thanks for

another's late call); **Watakushi fuzel**, 私風情, such a one as I.  
**Fuzoku**, フゾク, 附屬, *n.* and *a.* Belonging to; being in possession of; tributary. — *suru*, *v.t.* To be attached to, to belong to.  
**Fūzoku**, フウゾク, 風俗, *n.* Customs; manners; usage.  
**Fūzoku wo aratamu**, 風俗ヲ改ム, to ameliorate  
**Fūzoku**, フウゾク, 風俗, *n.* Customs; manners; usage.  
**Fūzoku**, フウゾク, 風俗, *n.* Customs; manners; usage.  
**Fuzuki**, フヅキ, 文月, *n.* A poetic name for the 7th month (o. s.).  
**Fuzukue**, フヅクエ, 文机, *n.* A writing table.  
**Fūzuru**, フウズル, 封, *v.t.* ① To seal (as a letter). ② To shut up or blockade (as a harbour). ③ To stop or cure a malady (by a supernatural power).  
**Mushi wo fuzuru**, 蟲ヲ封ズル, to cure worms (i.e. "malady in the bowels"); **Tegami wo fuzuru**, 手紙ヲ封ズル, to seal a letter.  
**Fuzutome**, フヅトメ, 不勤, *n.* and *a.* Neglecting one's duty; negligent, indolent.

G.

**Ga**, ガ, 賀, *n.* ① Act of congratulating or felicitating. ② A fête in honour of a person who has attained an advanced age (the periods for such a fête being at his 42nd, 61st, 77th, and 88th year of age).  
**Shtunen no ga**, 新年ノ賀, congratulations on the new year; **Ga wo iwau**, 賀ヲ祝フ, to make an entertainment for one who has reached an advanced age.  
**—suru**, *v.t.* To congratulate or felicitate.  
**Ga**, ガ, 鷓, *n.* [Ornith.] A tame goose.  
**Ga**, ガ, 駕, *n.* ① A carriage or *norimono* (now used to signify an honorable person coming or going on such a vehicle). ② Act of taking a carriage.  
**Ga wo mukau**, 駕ヲ迎フ, to welcome a man of  
**—suru**, *v.t.* To ride (as on a carriage).  
**Kuruma ni ga suru**, 車ニ駕スル, to take a  
**Ga**, ガ, 雅, *a.* Refined; graceful; classical; polish-  
**Ga**, ガ, 蛾, *n.* [Entom.] A moth.  
**Ga**, ガ, 我, *n.* ① Ego; self; egotism. ② Selfishness;



*Ga wo haru*, 我ヲ折ル, to be self-willed; *Ga wo oru*, 我ヲ折ル, to break one's pride; to cease to be obstinate. **Ga**, 我, pron. I; wa. [be obstinate. *Ht-ga no aida*, 彼我ノ間, between them (him) and us (me); mutual relation. [nouns. **Ga**, 我, Nominative ending of nouns and pro- *Kimi ga yuku*, 君が行ク, you go; *Hito ga kuru*, 人が来ル, a person comes or is coming; *Miru ga tanoshiki*, 見ルが楽キ, pleasant is it to look at. **Ga**, 我, 之, [tentohu.] Possessive ending of nouns and pronouns. *Kimi ga yo*, 君が代, the Emperor's reign; *Iva ga mono*, 我が物, my property; *Sado ga shima*, 佐渡が島, the island of Sado. **Ga**, 我, [tentohu.] An adverbial ending of verbs, meaning: in spite of, although. *Fukushi ga awazu*, 行キシガ逢ハズ, though I went, I did not meet; *Ame wa furishi ga idokitareri*, 雨が降リシガ出来レリ, he came in spite of rain. **Ga**, 我, 衙, n. A government office. [of rain. Syn. MANDOKORO, YAKUSHO. **Gaba to**, がばと, 岸壁, adv. [coll.] Suddenly; quickly; hastily. *Gaba to hane okiru*, 岸壁ト跳起ル, to spring up **Gabi**, がび, 眉眉, n. Beautiful eyebrows (especially of ladies). **Gachi**, がち, 勝, An adverbial or adjective ending of verbs or nouns, imparting to them the meaning of frequency, predominance, or prevalence. *Ame furi gachi na jikō*, 雨降勝ナ時候, rainy season; *Byōki gachi*, 病氣勝, prone to sickness. **Gachi**, がち, 雅致, n. [Chin.] Being elegant or artistic; a graceful appearance; good taste. *Kono e ni wa gachi ga aru*, 此繪ニハ雅致ガアル, this picture is artistic in style. Syn. FUGA. [EQUANA. **Gachi**, がち, n. [Ichth.] The boar fish, a species of **Gachō**, がちょう, 鶺鴒, n. [Ornith.] A tame goose. **Gachō-ani**, がちょうあんい, 鶺鴒菜, n. [Bot.] Chick- **Gaenzuru**, がへんぞる, 肯, v.t. To allow; to agree or consent to; to be willing to. *Kare kore wo gaenzuri*, 彼之ヲ肯ゼリ, he has consented to it. Syn. UKEGAU. **Gaga-butā**, ががまた, 金銀藤, n. [Bot.] *Limnanthemum indicum*. [Stauntoni. **Gaga-imo**, ががいも, 羅望, n. [Bot.] *Metaplexis* **Gagaku**, ががく, 雅楽, n. Same as *Gaku* (樂). **Gagari**, ががり, 大鋸, n. A large coarse-toothed saw. **Gagen**, がげん, 雅言, n. [Chin.] Refined diction; elegant words; classical language. Syn. MIYABI-KOTOBA, YAMATO-KOTOBA. **Gagyō suru**, がぎょうする, 彙取, v.t. and i. [lit.] To

drive a carriage or ride a horse; [fig.] To rule; to reign; to govern. **Gahyō**, がへう, 餓殍, n. People dead from starvation. *Ya ni gahyō aru*, 野ニ餓殍アリ, there are persons starved among the people. Syn. UJINI. **Gai**, がい, 害, n. Injury; harm; hurt; evil; damage. —*suru*, v.t. To injure, hurt, or damage. *Hito wo gai suru*, 人ヲ害スル, to injure another; to kill a person. Syn. ITAMERU, SOKONAU. **Gai**, がい, 該, a. That; said. *Gai jiken*, 該事件, that case; the said affair. Syn. ANO, KANO, SONO. **Gai**, がい, 咳, n. [Med.] Cough; disease of the throat. Syn. SEKI. **Gai**, がい, 我意, 剛直, n. Self-will; obstinacy; waywardness; egotism. *Gai ni makasu*, 我意ニ任ス, to trust to one's own will; to follow one's own way; *Gai wo haru*, 我意ヲ折ル, to obstinately stick to one's own opinion; to be self-willed. Syn. WAGAMAMA. **Gai**, がい, 核, n. The seeds of stone fruits. Syn. SANE, TAKE. **Gaijun**, がいじん, 涯分, n. Same as *Bunzai*. **Gaijun**, がいじん, 概聞, n. [Chin.] Hearing the main substance of a matter; general information about a particular affair. **Gaidō**, がいどう, 孩童, n. [Chin.] An infant; a baby; a child. Syn. MIDORIKO, OSANAGO. **Gaijin**, がいじん, 孩兒, n. [Chin.] Same as above. **Gaijin**, がいじん, 凱陣, 凱旋, n. Returning from war in triumph; a victorious campaign. Syn. GAISEN. **Gaika**, がいか, 凱歌, n. A song of victory. *Gaika wo shinu*, 凱歌ヲ奏ス, to sing a song of victory; to triumph. **Gaika**, がいか, 咳痰, n. [Med.] Bronchitis. **Gaiken**, がいけん, 概見, n. A general view or survey; a rough inspection. [a general view. *Gaiken ni yoreba*, 概見ニ依レバ, according to **Galki**, がいき, 咳痰, n. Cough. [of the dead. **Gaikotsu**, がいこつ, 骸骨, n. Skeleton; the bones *Gaikotsu wo kō*, 骸骨ヲ乞フ, [Chin.] [lit.] to beg for one's own skeleton; [fig.] to resign official service (on account of age). Syn. KABANE. **Galku**, がいく, 行儀, n. A street. **Gaijūwansu suru**, がいくわんする, 概括, v.t. To sum up; to summarize; to generalize; to present briefly. **Gaijūyaku**, がいじゅうやく, 概要, n. and adv. [Chin.] The essential points; general outline. [For the most part; in general; in the main; generally.

Syn. ARAMASHI, ŌYOSO, TAIGAI. **Gaisai**, がいさい, 涯際, n. [Chin.] Limit; boundary. Syn. HATESHI, KAGIRI. **Gaisai**, がいさい, 眩眊, n. [Chin.] Glaring at; an angry or fierce look. Syn. NIRAMITSUKE. **Gaisan**, がいさん, 概算, n. Approximate calculation; rough estimate. [triumph. **Gaisen suru**, がいせんする, 凱旋, v.t. To return in **Gaishi**, がいし, 骠子, 呆子, n. [Chin.] A fool; a sim- pleton; a blockhead; the hare-brained. Syn. AHŌ, BAKA. [mon. **Gaishi**, がいし, 孟棒, n. [Bot.] A kind of persim- **Gaishi**, がいし, 弑殺, n. [murder. **Gaishin**, がいしん, 害心, n. Intention to kill or **Gaisō**, がいそう, 劾奏, n. [Chin.] Accusation of a high official to the Emperor; impeachment. —*suru*, v.t. To report faults or bad motives of a high official to the Emperor. **Gaisō**, がいそう, 咳嗽, n. [Chin.] Clearing the throat; coughing. —*suru*, v.t. To cough. Syn. SEKI, SHIWABUKI, SERIRARAI. **Gaitan suru**, がいたんする, 慨嘆, v.t. and i. [Chin.] To lament; to complain of; to sigh; to deplore. **Gaitō**, がいたう, 核桃, n. [Bot.] A large kind of wal- nut. **Gaisen**, がいせん, 慨然, adv. and a. [Chin.] Excited to resentment; indignantly; lamenting; deplor- **Gaisen**, がいせん, 駭然, adv. In a surprised or startled manner; amazed; astonished, awe- **Gaisen**, がいせん, 榮然, adv. Same as above. **Gaji**, がじ, 雅語, n. [Chin.] Elegant or refined diction; classic language. Syn. MIYABI-KOTOBA. **Gajin**, がじん, 雅人, n. [Chin.] A genteel person; a literary man; a person fond of refined arts or ac- **Gakai**, ががい, 瓦解, n. [Chin.] Ruin, destruction; **Gake**, がけ, 崖, 絕壁, 懸崖, n. A precipice; steep **Gake**, がけ, [coll. affix.] While; when; at the some time that. *Tōrigake ni*, 通りガケニ, while passing, as I passed; *Kaeri gake ni yoru*, 歸リガケニ寄ル, to visit on one's way home. **Gake**, がけ, 掛, [coll. affix.] A particle affixed to numerals in speaking of the percentage or rate of discount. *Kono hon no oroshi-nedan wa shichigake desu*, 此書籍ノ卸シ値段ハ七掛チス, the wholesale price of this book is seventy percent of the fixed price. **Gakemichi**, がけみち, 岩路, 岩徑, n. A rocky pass.

**Gaki**, がき, 餓鬼, 餓口, n. ① A hungry spirit or devil. ② A spirit of the dead fallen to the *gaki-dō*. ③ [Tokyo coll.] A contemptuous term for a boy. **Gakidō**, がきたう, 餓鬼堂, n. One of the places of torment in the Buddhist hell, where the dead spirits are punished with hunger. **Gakkari**, がっかり, adv. [coll.] Tired, fatigued, ex- hausted; startled; petrified, shocked; dejected; crestfallen. *Tō-michi wo aruita sei ka gakkari shita*, 遠路ヲ歩イタ故カガツカリシタ, have been exhausted by walking a long distance. **Gakki**, がっき, 樂器, n. Musical instrument. Syn. NARIMONO. **Gakki**, がっき, 學期, n. Academic terms. **Gakki-gura**, がっきぐら, 樂器庫, n. A storehouse for musical instruments. [a seminary. **Gakkō**, がっこう, 學校, n. A school; an academy; **Gakku**, がくく, 學區, n. Divisions of the country for purposes of educational administration. **Gakkuri**, がくくり, adv. [coll.] Breaking or falling down suddenly; unexpectedly; of a sudden. *Gakkuri ōjō suru*, ガククリ往生スル, [coll.] to die suddenly. Syn. NIWAKA NI. **Gakkwa**, がくわ, 學科, n. Subjects or course of study; the different branches of learning; curri- culum. [the mouth. **Gakōsō**, がこうそう, 發口瘡, n. [Med.] Aphtha of Syn. SHITASHITOKI. **Gaku**, がく, 額, n. Tablets with painted figures, inscriptions, etc., and hung in temples or ordi- nary houses, either as votive offerings or for ornament. **Gaku**, がく, 學, n. Learning; literature; science; Syn. GAKUMON. [study. **Gaku**, がく, 樂, n. Music (especially that consist- ing of drums, flutes, etc.). Syn. ONGAKU. **Gakuban**, がくばん, 額判, n. Same as *Gakugin*. **Gakuboku**, がくぼく, 學務, n. A poor student who pays his fees and board by performing menial labour for the school or for his teacher. **Gakubuchi**, がくぶち, 額縁, 畫架, n. The borders or frame of a *gaku* (額). **Gakubuton**, がくぶとん, 額布團, n. A pair of small quilts or cushions put below the lower border of a *gaku* to support it. **Gaku-dō**, がくだう, 學堂, n. Same as *Gakumonjo*. **Gakudō**, がくだう, 額堂, n. A small building in a temple, where votive offerings of pictures or writings are hung; a picture gallery. **Gakufū**, がくふう, 學風, n. Style or manner of a particular school of philosophers. [notes. **Gakufu**, がくふ, 樂譜, n. A musical book; musical **Gakugel**, がくげい, 學藝, n. Science and arts.



**Gakugaku**, がくがく, 詩々, *adv. and a.* [*Chin.*] In a fearless or undaunted manner (said when remonstrating with one's superior, or against the public).

**Gakugin**, がくぎん, 銀紙, *n.* An old tablet-shaped silver coin of a *bu* in value.

**Gakugyō**, がくぎょう, 學業, *n.* Study; learning; scholarly accomplishments.

**Gakuhā**, がくは, 學派, *n.* A school or denomination in philosophy. [a flower.]

**Gakuhen**, がくへん, 萼片, *n.* [*Bot.*] The sepals of

**Gakujutsu**, がくじゆつ, 學術, *n.* Science and arts.

**Gakumen**, がくめん, 藝面, *n.* Same as *Gaku* (藝).

**Gakumon**, がくもん, 學問, *n.* Learning; study; science; literature. —*suru*, *v.t.* To devote one's self to learning; to study.  
*Gakumon ga jūdatsu shita*, 學問が上達シタ, [*coll.*] has made progress in learning.

**Gakumonjo**, がくもんじよ, 學問所, *n.* A building set apart for study; a school-house.

**Gakumin**, がくじん, 樂人, 伶人, *n.* Musicians.

**Gakun**, がくん, 樂音, *n.* [*Physics.*] Musical sound.

**Gakurei**, がくれい, 學齡, *n.* The age at which children are to be sent to school.

**Gakureki**, がくれき, 學曆, *n.* An academic calendar or record.

**Gakurin**, がくりん, 學林, *n.* Same as below.

**Gakuryō**, がくりょう, 學寮, *n.* A literary institution; a seminary; a school (mostly applied to those supported by Buddhists).

**Gakuryoku**, がくりよく, 學力, *n.* Literary ability; one's scientific attainments. [genius.]

**Gakusai**, がくさい, 學才, *n.* Literary capacity or

**Gakusei**, がくせい, 學生, *n.* A student; a scholar.

**Gakusei**, がくせい, 學制, *n.* System of education.  
*Gakusei wo aratamu*, 學制ヲ改ム, to remodel the system of education.

**Gakusei**, がくせい, 樂生, *n.* Musical cadet.

**Gakusha**, がくしゃ, 學者, *n.* A learner; a scholar; an erudite person.

**Gakushaburu**, がくしゃぶる, 雅學者, *v.t.* To assume the air of a learned man.

**Gakushi**, がくし, 學士, *n.* ① A scholar; a learned man; a professor. ② Bachelor of arts or science.

**Gakushi**, がくし, 樂師, *n.* Musician.

**Gakushichō**, がくしちやう, 樂師長, *n.* Chief Musical Instructor (in the Army or Navy).

**Gakushiki**, がくしき, 學識, *n.* Learning.

**Gakusei**, がくせい, 學生, *n.* A student; a scholar. Syn. SHOSEI.

**Gakushu**, がくしゆ, 樂手, *n.* A Musical party.

**Gakushūin**, がくしゅういん, 學習院, *n.* The Noble's College.

**Gakutai**, がくたい, 樂隊, *n.* A band of music.

**Gakutō**, がくとう, 學頭, *n.* ① President of a col-

lege or university in former times. ② The principal of a private academy; a tutor; the head student. [virens.]

**Gaku-utsugi**, がくうつぎ, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Hydrangea*

**Gakuya**, がくや, 樂屋, 戲房, *n.* Green room.

**Gakuyū**, がくいう, 學友, *n.* A schoolmate; a literary friend.

**Gakuzen**, がくぜん, 愕然, *adv. and a.* In an alarmed manner; shocked; aghast; awe-struck.

**Gakwan-seki**, がくわんせき, 錳管石, *n.* [*Min.*] Aragonite-sinter.

**Gakwanō**, がくわんお, 鵝觀草, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Brachypodium japonicum*.

**Gama**, がま, 蟾蜍, *n.* [*Zool.*] A toad.

**Gama**, がま, 蒲, 香蒲, *n.* [*Bot.*] The bulrush or cat's-tail, *Typha japonica*.

**Gamagiku**, がまぎく, 光菫, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Melampyrum*.

**Gamaguchi**, がまぐち, 蝦蟇口, *n.* A pocket bag; a wallet.

**Gama-habaki**, がまはばき, 藪履巾, *n.* Leggings made of rushes. [of rushes.]

**Gama-mushiro**, がまむしろ, 蒲席, *n.* A mat made

**Gaman**, がまん, 我慢, 剛毅, 耐忍, *n.* Patience; perseverance; endurance; forbearance; fortitude; stoicism.  
*Gaman no nai hito*, 我慢ノナイ人, a man wanting in fortitude; *Mō sukoshi gaman wo nasai*, 今スコシ我慢ヲナイ, be patient a little longer; *Yase gaman*, ナモ我慢, [*coll.*] pretending to bear more than one is capable of.  
—*suru*, *v.t.* To be patient; to endure, persevere, or forbear.  
*Gaman suru ga yoroshii*, 我慢スルが宜シイ, would do well to forbear.  
Syn. KATAJI, KORAERU.

**Gamashi-i-ki**, がましひ, 小間敷, An affix meaning like to; appearing to be; in the manner of  
*Mendō gamashii*, 面倒小間敷, troublesome.

**Gamazumi**, がまづみ, 箕蓋, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Viburnum dilatatum*.

**Gambako**, がまばこ, 棺, *n.* [*obs.*] A coffin.

**Gambokugyo**, がまぼくぎよ, 金鰻魚, *n.* [*Zool.*] A cuttle-fish. Syn. IKA.

**Gambutsu**, がまぶつ, 贗物, *n.* Counterfeit; an imitation; forgeries. Syn. NISEMONO.

**Gambyō**, がんびやう, 眼病, *n.* Disease of the eye, ophthalmia.

**Gami-gami**, がみがみ, *adv.* In a snarling or growling manner.  
*Gami-gami to yamashikiu*, ガミガミトハチ間敷云フ, [*coll.*] to talk or scold in a noisy, grumbling manner.

**Gammōdoki**, がんもどき, 塵髪, *n.* See *Hodoki*.

**Gammoku**, がんもく, 眼目, *n.* ① [*lit.*] The eye. ② [*fig.*] The most important point.

**Gammoku no tokoro**, 眼目ノ處, the most essential or critical point.  
Syn. KANAME. [office.]

**Gamon**, がもん, 衙門, *n.* [*Chin.*] A government

**Gampachi**, がんぱち, *n.* [*Ichth.*] A kind of fish of the *Seriola* genus.

**Gampi**, がんぴ, 苜蓿莖, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Lycchnis coronata*.

**Gampi**, がんぴ, 麻皮, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Wikstramia Gampi*.

**Gampi**, がんぴ, 麻皮, *n.* *Cont.* form of below.

**Gampishi**, がんぴし, 麻皮紙, *n.* A thin kind of Japanese paper. [writing.]

**Gampon**, がんぽん, 贗本, *n.* A counterfeit book or

**Gamushi**, がんし, *n.* [*Entom.*] *Hydrophilus cognatus*.

**Gan**, がん, 雁, *n.* [*Ornith.*] The wild goose.

**Gan**, がん, 眼, *n.* The eye.  
Syn. MANAKO, MR.

**Gan**, がん, 庵, *n.* A small shrine in which Buddhist idols are placed. [the eye.]  
Syn. ZUSHI.

**Gan**, がん, 贗, *n.* Counterfeit; imitation (always used in compounds).  
*Gan-hitsu*, (*gan-pitsu*) 贗筆, a counterfeit autograph; *Gan-satsu*, 贗札, counterfeit paper  
Syn. NISE.

**Gana**, がな, *interj.* Exclamation of doubt or wish.  
*Miru yoshi mo gana*, 見ル由モガナ, would that I had some means of seeing it.  
Syn. OSHIKOMI.

**Ganaru**, がなる, *v.t.* [*coll.*] To cry aloud; to growl; to vociferate. Now rarely used.  
Syn. DONARU.

**Ganchi**, がんち, 偏盲, *n.* Being blind of one eye.  
Syn. KATAME, MEKKACHI.

**Ganchiku suru**, がんちくする, 含蓄, *v.t.* To imply, involve, comprise, or include.

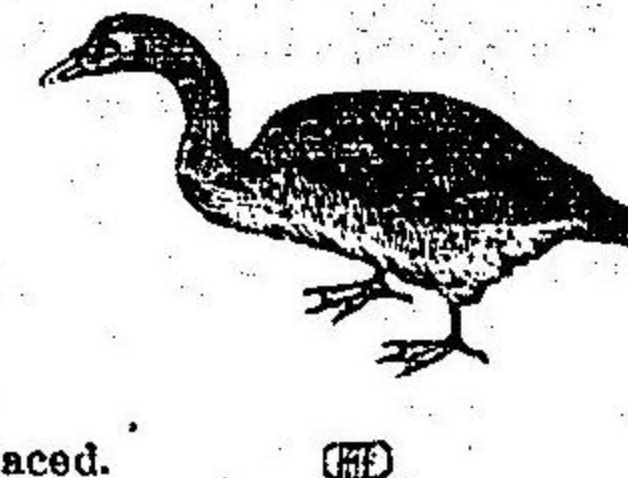
**Ganchū**, がんちゆう, 眼中, *n. and adv.* In the eye; within the limit of one's vision.  
*Ganchū hito nashi*, 眼中人ナシ, [*lit.*] to have no man within one's eye; [*fig.*] showing no fear or respect for others; *Ganchū suzushi*, 眼中スズシ, to have clear, kindling eyes.

**Gandō**, がんどう, 強盜, *n.* A robber; a highwayman; a house breaker.  
Syn. OSHIKOMI. [lantern.]

**Gandō-chōchin**, がんどうちやうちん, *n.* A dark-

**Gangasa**, がんがさ, 鴈蹠, *n.* Eruption on the legs; literally "wild geese eruption" (so called from its appearing in autumn and disappearing in spring like a flock of wild geese).  
Syn. GANSO.

**Gangi**, がんぎ, 艦木, *n.* ① A gangboard. ② A



large coarse-toothed saw. ③ Zig-zag. ④ A hooked weapon for catching a thief with.  
Syn. GANSHI.

**Gangi-yasuri**, がんぎやすり, *n.* ① A kind of file, used for abrading or smoothing hard wood. ② Anything quite contradictory.

**Gane**, がね, *n.* An adverbial ending of verbs, meaning like, just as, so as, as if.  
*Fuki to miru gane*, 吹ト見ルガネ, so as to appear like snow.

**Ganjō**, がんじょう, 嚴乘, *n. and a.* ① A strong horse, [*coll.*] ② Strong; solid; secure; firm.  
*Ganjō na toride*, 嚴乘ヲ登ル, a strong fortress.  
Syn. JŪBU.

**Ganka**, がんか, 眼下, *n.* Beneath the eye.  
*Hito wo ganka ni mitekutasu*, 人ヲ眼下ニ見下ス, to look down upon or despise another.

**Gankai**, がんかい, 眼界, *n.* The circle or extent of  
Syn. MIRUKAGIRI. [one's vision.]

**Gankei**, がんけい, 葛桂, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Osmanthus fragrans*.  
Syn. MORUSEI. [grans.]

**Ganken**, がんけん, 眼瞼, *n.* The eye-lids.  
Syn. MABUTA.

**Ganki**, がんき, 眼氣, *n.* Same as *Ganbyō*.

**Gankin**, がんきん, 贗金, *n.* Counterfeit gold coin; imitation gold; forged money.  
Syn. NISEGANE. [the eye.]

**Gankō**, がんこう, 眼孔, *n.* The orbit or socket of

**Gankwō**, がんくわう, 眼光, *n.* Glittering of the eye.  
*Gankwō hito wo iru*, 眼光人ヲ射ル, to pierce a man with one's glance.

**Gankōran**, がんかうらん, 岩高麗, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Empetrum nigrum*.

**Gankubi**, がんくび, 雁首, *n.* The bowl of a tobacco pipe (so called from its resemblance to the neck of a wild goose). [reticatum.]

**Gankubisō**, がんくびさう, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Caryesium dilatatum*.

**Gankutsu**, がんくつ, 鴈窟, 石洞, *n.* A cave in a  
Syn. IWAYA. [rock.]

**Gankwa**, がんくわ, 眼科, *n.* Aphthamology.

**Gankwai**, がんくわい, 眼科醫, *n.* Aphthamologist.

**Gankyō**, がんきやう, 眼鏡, *n.* Same as *Megane*.

**Gankyū**, がんきゆう, 眼球, *n.* The eye-ball.

**Ganrakō**, がんらいこう, 雁來紅, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Amaranth*.

**Ganriki**, がんりき, 眼力, *n.* Power of sight; strength of one's vision.  
*Ano hito no ganriki wa osoroshii*, 彼人ノ眼力ハ怖ロシイ, his power of sight is wonderful.

**Gansaku**, がんさく, 贗作, *n.* Counterfeiting; imitation. —*suru*, *v.t.* To counterfeit, etc.  
Syn. NISERU. [currency.]

**Gansatsu**, がんさつ, 贗札, *n.* Counterfeit paper

**Gansei**, がんせい, 眼睛, *n.* The eye-ball.  
Syn. MANAKO, MEDAMA. [cho.]

**Ganselsō**, がんせいさう, *n.* [*Bot.*] The rose of Jeri-



**Ganshi**, がんせい, 眼眵, *n.* A gummy discharge from the eye. Syn. MEYANI. [the eye.]

**Ganshisai**, がんせさい, 眼子菜, *n.* [Bot.] The pondweed, *Potamogeton polygonifolius*. Syn. HIRUMUSHIRO.

**Ganshoku**, がんせよく, 顔色, *n.* The colour or complexion of the face; countenance. Syn. KAOIRO, KAMBASE.

**Gansō**, がんそう, 顔腫, *n.* [Med.] Same as *Gangasa*.

**Gansōgarei**, がんそうがれい, *n.* [Ichth.] *Rhombus cinnamomeus*.

**Gansōzai**, がんそうざい, 含嗽劑, *n.* [Med.] A medicinal wash for the mouth; a gargle. Syn. UGAIJUSUI.

**Ganseki**, がんせき, 岩石, *n.* Rocks. Syn. IWAŌ.

**Ganta**, がんた, 片眼, *n.* Same as *Ganchi*.

**Ganzeki-dōfu**, がんせきとうふ, 岩石豆腐, *n.* *Tōfu* roasted, wrapped in *kombu*, and cooked for food.

**Ganzeu**, がんぜん, 眼前, *n. adv. and a.* Before one's eyes; in one's presence; now; immediately; instantly; present. *Ganzeu ni wakaru*, 眼前に分る, can be instantly discerned. Syn. MENOMAE, MOKUZEN.

**Ganzō**, がんそう, 賈造, *n.* Same as *Gansaku*. *Shitei wo ganzō suru*, 紙幣を賈造スル, to counterfeit paper currency.

**Ganzōgarei**, がんそうがれい, *n.* [Ichth.] Same as *Gansōgarei*. [goose.]

**Ganzume**, がんづめ, 鷹爪, *n.* The claws of a wild

**Garu**, がる, 我折, *v.t. [coll.]* To yield assent to another's argument; to be crestfallen; to be dejected.

**Gappel**, がっぺい, 合併, *n.* Combining together; union; junction; combination; amalgamation. —*suru*, *v.t.* To unite; to combine; to amalgamate. Syn. ISSHO NI NARU. [gamate.]

**Gappeki**, がっぺき, 合壁, *n.* A near neighbour, houses separated from each other only by a wall; neighbours. Syn. RINKA, TONARI.

**Gappi**, がっぴ, 月日, *n.* Month and day;

**Gwappl**, がわっぴ, 日付, *n.* date. *Gappi wo kin'yūsuru*, 月日ヲ記入スル, to put down the date (as in a register).

**Gappōn-gwaisha**, がっぽんがわいしゃ, 合本會社, *n.* Joint stock company.

**Gōhon-gwaisha**, がうほんがわいしゃ, 合本會社, *n.* Joint stock company.

*Gappōn-gwaisha wo okosu*, 合本會社ヲ興ス, to establish a joint stock company.

**Gara**, がら, 柄, *n.* ① Kind; sort; quality; rank (mostly in compounds). ② [coll.] Look; appearance. *Gara ga ni tita*, 柄ヲ見入ル, the appear-

ance (of the stripes) suits me well; or I like that kind of stripes; *Mi gara no yoi hito*, 身柄ノヨイ人, a person of high social rank.

**Gara-gara**, がらがら, 唼々, *adv.* ① A noise like that of gravel shaken in a box; rattling sound. ② A rattle (a toy). *Gara-gara oto ga suru*, ガラガラ音ガスル, it makes a rattling sound.

**Garahani**, ガラハニ, *n.* [Eng.] Galvanism.

**Garakuta**, がらくた, *n.* Things old and worn out (as furniture). *Garakuta dōgu*, ガラクタ道具, old and valueless articles of household furniture.

**Garameki-no-hi**, がらめきのひ, 柄目木火, *n.* Natural gas.

**Garamu**, ガラム, *n.* [Eng.] Same as *Guramu*.

**Garan**, ガラン, 伽藍, *n.* [Sansk.] Buddhist temple.

**Garanchō**, がらんちやう, 鷓鴣, *n.* [Ornith.] The Pelican.

**Garandō**, がらんどう, *a. [coll.]* Hollow, empty.

**Garankō**, がらんかう, 伽藍香, *n.* [Bot.] *Agallo-* Syn. KYARA. [chuan.]

**Garashi**, がらし, 野葡萄, *n.* [Bot.] Wild grapes.

**Garasu**, ガラス, 硝子, 玻璃, *n.* [Eng.] Glass. Syn. BIIBORO, GIYAMAN. [bottle.]

**Garasu-bin**, がらすびん, 硝子壺, *n.* A glass

**Garasu-ita**, がらすいた, 玻璃板, *n.* A glass plate.

**Garasu-kiri**, がらすきり, 玻璃鋸刀, *n.* A glass cutter. [to other nouns.]

**Gari**, がり, 許, *n.* House, residence (mostly affixed

**Garu**, がる, [Sansk.] A particle affixed to verbs, imparting to the latter the meaning of desire or feeling. *Aware garu*, アハレガル, to feel pity; to sympathize; *Iya garu*, イヤガル, [coll.] to feel reluctance; to dislike; *Sabishi garu*, 淋シガル, to be lonely; *Fukita garu*, 行キタガル, to be desirous of going.

**Garuhani**, ガルハニ, *n.* [Eng.] Same as *Garahani*.

**Garuhani-dōgu**, がらはにたうぐ, 湯電器, *n.* Galvanic battery.

**Garuhani-mekki**, がらはにめっき, *n.* Electroplating.

**Garuron**, ガルロン, 器, *n.* [Eng.] Gallon.

**Garyū**, がりゅう, 我流, *n.* One's own style or manner (of fencing, writing, tea-making, etc.), self-taught method. *Garyū na kenjutsu-tsukai*, 我流ヲ御備, a self-taught fencer; *Garyū wo kaku*, 我流ヲ書ク, to write after one's own style.

**Gasu-gasu**, がさがさ, *adv.* Uttering a sound like that of paper rubbed or grasped.

**Gasatsu**, がさつ, 粗糲, *a. [coll.]* Rough or coarse in manner; rude; restless; careless; flighty. *Gasatsu mono*, 粗糲者, a rude fellow. Syn. SOKORSU.

**Gasei ni**, がせいに, 我精, *adv. [coll.]* Intently; industriously; diligently; laboriously; indefatigably. *Gasei ni shigoto suru*, 我精ニ仕事スル, to work diligently.

**Gaseiran**, がせいらん, 假正廳, *n.* [Bot.] *Adonis*.

**Gasen**, がせん, 牙錢, *n.* Commission, percentage. Syn. KŌSEN.

**Gashi**, がし, 餓死, *n.* Starvation. —*suru*, *v.t.* Syn. UBINU. [to starve.]

**Gashin**, がしん, 我心, *n.* Egotism. [taccida]

**Gashōsō**, がしやうそう, 鴛草, *n.* [Bot.] *Anemone*

**Gashū**, がしゅう, 我執, *n.* Bigotry; stubbornness; obstinacy; pertinacity; stubbornness; conceit. Syn. GWANKO, KATAJI. [tumacy.]

**Gassai**, がっさい, 合朝, *adv.* All; wholly; entirely; Syn. ISSAI, NOKORAZU. [altogether.]

**Gassai-bukuro**, がっさいぶくろ, 合朝袋, *n.* A travelling bag made of cloth (for putting in various things needed in a journey).

**Gassan suru**, がっさんする, 合算, *v.t.* To count up; to find a total.

**Gasshiki**, がっしき, 合式, *n.* Same as *Gassai*.

**Gasshō**, がっしょう, 合掌, *n.* Hands joined together (as in prayer). —*suru*, *v.t.* To clasp or join the hands together.

**Gasshō-dachi**, がっしょうだち, 合掌立, *n. and a.* Standing in the manner of the two hands joined together (as two poles resting on each other).

**Gasshū**, がっしゅう, 合衆, *n. and a.* Union, confederation; combined, united, confederated.

**Gasshū-kyōchi**, がっしゅうきやうち, 合衆共治, *n.* Federal government, confederacy.

**Gassō**, がっそう, 合奏, *n.* Playing in consort (as musicians). —*suru*, *v.t. and i.* To play in concert. [gether.]

**Gassō suru**, がっそうする, 合衆, *v.t.* To inter to mix together; to add up.

**Gassuru**, がっする, 合, *v.t.* To combine, unite, or mix together; to add up.

**Gasu**, ガス, 瓦斯, *n.* [Eng.] Gas.

**Gasukikwan**, がすきくわん, 瓦斯機關, *n.* [Physics.] Gas engine.

**Gasuyoku**, がすきよく, 瓦斯局, *n.* Gasworks.

**Ga suru**, がする, 賀, *v.t.* To congratulate; to sell.

**Gasutō**, がすと, 瓦斯燈, *n.* Gaslight. [citate.]

**Gata-gata**, がたがた, *adv. and a.* The sound of rattling or slamming. *To ga gatagata iru*, 戸ガガタガタイフ, the door rattles (as by the wind).

**Gatashishi**, がたしし, *adv. [coll.]* The sound of **Gatapishi**, がたぴし, walking hastily with shoes or wooden clogs on; a pattering noise. *Gatapishi oto ga shite nerarenu*, ガタピシ音ガシテ寐ラレズ, can not sleep on account of pattering noises.

**Gatari to**, がたりと, *adv.* The sound of anything suddenly falling down; with a bang.

**Gate**, がて, *adv.* An adverbial ending of verbs, meaning hard, difficult, or unable. *Ayumi gate ikō*, アユミガテイカフ, to rest being unable to walk.

**Gaten**, がてん, 合點, *n.* ① Understanding, perceiving. ② Assent; consent; agreement; concordance. *Gaten ga yukanao*, 合點ガ行カナイ, I fail to understand; *Sore wa gaten shimashita*, 其レハ合點シマシタ, I consent to that. —*suru*, *v.t. and i.* To understand; to perceive; to allow, consent, or agree. Syn. KIKIRIBERU, NATOKU SURU, NOMIKOMU, SHŪCHI SURU.

**Gatera**, がてら, *conj. adv.* While; at the same time that. *Hanami gatera ni hito wo tō*, 花見ガテラニ人ヲ訪フ, to go out flower-viewing, and at the same time visit another. Syn. KATAGATA, NAGARA.

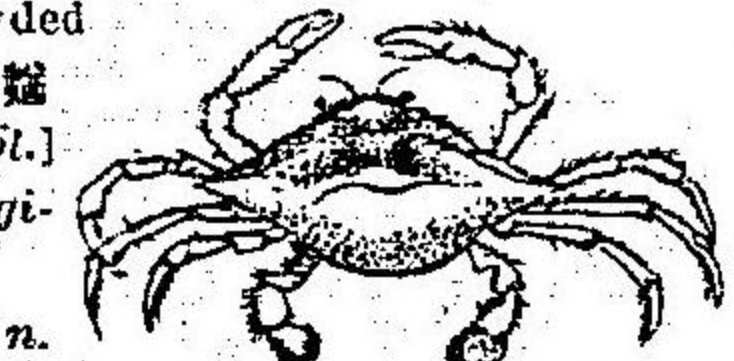
**Gatsu-gatsu**, がっかつ, *adv. [coll.]* Voraciously; ravenously; eagerly. *Gatsu-gatsu meshi wo kō*, ガツガツ飯ヲ食フ, to eat ravenously; *Gatsu-gatsu shite iru*, ガツガツツシテ居ル, to be hungry and voracious. —*suru*, *v.t.* To be eager to eat; to be voracious or ravenous.

**Gatsumaru**, がつまる, *n.* [Bot.] *Ficus retusa*.

**Gattai**, がったい, 合體, *n.* Agreeing together; likeminded; alliance; combination. —*suru*, *v.t.* To unite or agree together.

**Gatten**, がってん, 合點, *n.* Same as *Gaten*.

**Gaya-gaya to**, がやがやと, *adv.* In a noisy and confused manner (said of many people crowding together). *Gaya-gaya shite iru*, ガヤガヤシテ居ル, to be noisy and crowded

**Gazami**, がさみ, 蟹, *n.* [Zool.] *Portunus pelagicus*. 

**Gaze**, がせ, 海陸, *n.* [Zool.] Sea-urchin. Syn. UNI. (蟹)

**Gazen**, がぜん, 俄然, *adv.* Suddenly; unexpectedly; incidentally; of a sudden. Syn. NIWAKA NI.

**Gazoku**, がぞく, 雅俗, *n.* Refined or vulgar; elegant or homely. *Gazoku konkō*, 雅俗混交, mixture of the classical and vulgar dictions or styles of writing.

**Ge**, 下, *n. adv. and a.* Inferiority; inferiors; the last (as of volumes); below, beneath, under, down; low, mean, base.



*Jōge no shabetsu nashi*, 上下ノ差別ナシ, making no distinction between the high and the low; *Ge no kwan*, 下ノ巻, the last volume.

**Ge**, げ, 偈, *n.* Buddhist verses or eulogy.  
*Ge wo tonau*, 偈ヲ唱フ, to recite Buddhist verses.

**Ge**, げ, 牙, *n.* ① A tusk or the canine teeth. ② Cont. of *zōge*, ivory.

**Ge**, げ, 氣, [adj.] Impure *ke* (氣), meaning look or appearance, and always suffixed to verbs or other words.  
*Kokoro ari-ge na mono ihuri*, 心アリゲナ物云フ, a thoughtful way of speaking: *Mono omotoge*, 物思ヒゲ, appearing to be anxious, thoughtful, or pensive; *Oshi-ge naku hito ni hoakasu*, 借テテク人ニ施ス, to give alms to another without any appearance of reluctance; *Ureshi ge ni warau*, 嬉シゲニ笑フ, to smile joyfully.

**Geba**, げば, 下馬, *n.* Alighting from a horse.

**Gebiru**, げびる, 鄙, *v.i.* To be low, mean, base, or vulgar.  
[way of speaking: *Gebira mono ni*, ゲビラ物イハ, a low or vulgar  
Syn. *IVASHIKI* [low.]

**Gebisuke**, げびすけ, *n.* [coll.] A low or mean fellow.

**Gebu**, げぶ, 賤部, *n.* Low officials in ancient times, whose duty it was to torture criminals in order to make them confess.

**Gebu**, げぶ, 下部, *n.* Inferior servants in a nobleman's household.  
Syn. *SHIMONE*.

**Gechaku suru**, げちやくする, 下着, *v.i.* To arrive from the capital.

**Gedai**, げたい, 外題, *n.* ① The title (of a book). ② The name (of a play).  
*Shibai no gedai*, 芝居ノ外題, the name of a play.  
Syn. *HYŌDAI* [play.]

**Gedan**, げたん 下段, *n.* The lowest step or grade (said mostly of the way of holding a sword).  
*Gedan ni kamocru*, 下段ニカマヘル, to take a posture (in fencing or actual fight), with the sword held low.

**Gedatsu**, げたつ, 解脱, *n.* [Budd.] Deliverance from evil; salvation.

**Geden**, げでん, 外典, *n.* The name applied by the Buddhists to books of other sects or religion.

**Gedō**, げたう, 外道, *n.* [Budd.] False or heretical doctrines, heterodoxy.

**Gedoku**, げどく, 解毒, *n.* Counteracting the effects of poison, an antidote.  
Syn. *DOKUKESHI*.

**Gedokuzai**, げどくざい, 解毒劑, *n.* [Med.] An antidote to poison.

**Gege**, げげ, 下下, *n.* Inferior classes of people; the lowest grade.  
Syn. *SHIMONJŌ*, *SHITAJITA*.

**Gegen**, げげん, 下弦, *n.* Waning moon.

**Gegyo**, げぎよ, 懸魚, *n.* [Arch.] Kingpost.

**Gegyo**, げぎよ, 下御, *v.i.* To alight; to dismount (said of the Emperor only).

**Gehai**, げはい, 下流, 卑賤, *n.* Inferiors, low classes.

**Gehin**, げひん, 下品, *n.* Inferior quality or grade; vulgar; ugly.

**Geki**, げき, 藝, *n.* Polite accomplishments; the arts.  
*Geki wa mi wo tasuku*, 藝ハ身ヲ助ク, [Prov.] [lit.] accomplishments benefit those who possess them. [nature.]

**Gekibun**, げきぶん, 藝文, *n.* [Chin.] Arts and literature.

**Gekigai**, げきがい, *n.* [coll.] Same as *Okubi*.

**Gekki**, げきぎ, 藝妓, *n.* Same as *Geisha*.

**Gekin**, げきん, 鯨飲, *n.* Drinking like a whale; taking a great quantity of intoxicating drinks.

**Gekjutsu**, げきじゆつ, 藝術, *n.* The arts; accomplishments.

**Gekko**, げっこ, 藝子, *n.* [Kyōto and Ōsaka dialect.] A dancing or singing girl. Same as *Geisha*.

**Gekin**, げきん, 藝人, *n.* A general name for actors, story-tellers, puppet men etc.; one versed in a certain art of amusement or performance. [as *Gekko*.]

**Geisha**, げいしや, 藝者, *n.* [Tōkyō dialect.] Same.

**Gekinō**, げきのう, 藝能, *n.* Polite accomplishments.

**Gekshunkwa**, げきしゆんくわ, 迎春花, *n.* [Bot.] *Jasminum Sieboldiana*.

**Geji**, げじ, 下知, *n.* Command; order.  
*Geji wo suru*, 下知ヲスル, to give orders; to command.  
Syn. *ITSUKE*, *MEIREI* [command.]

**Geji**, げじ, 抽莖, *n.* [Entom.] *Scolopendra morsitans*.

**Gejigeji-shida**, げじげじしだ, *n.* [Bot.] *Aspidium decursum-pinnatum*. [instruction.]

**Gejiō**, げじお, 下知狀, *n.* A written order or instruction.

**Gejū**, げじゆ, 下賤, *n.* and *a.* Cheapness; a moderate price; low-priced.  
Syn. *YASUNE*.

**Gejo**, げじよ, 下女, 婢, *n.* Inferior maid-servants.  
Syn. *HASHITAME*, *MIZUSHIME*.

**Gejō**, げじよ, 下乗, *n.* Alighting from a horse or *norimono* (especially at a certain point in the approaches to a palace or shrine).

**Gejun**, げじゆん, 下旬, *n.* The last decade of the month. [[Budd.] This world.]

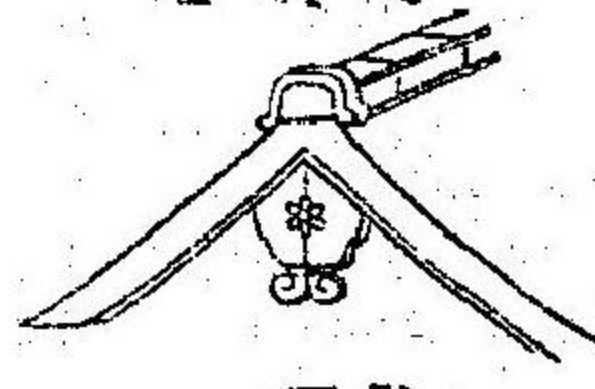
**Gekai**, げかい, 下界, *n.* ① The lower world. ②

**Gekan**, げかん, 下癆, *n.* Same as *Gejun*.

**Gekan**, げかん, 下疳, *n.* [Med.] Disease of the genital organ.

**Gekansō**, げかんそう, 下疳癰, *n.* [Med.] Disease of the penis.

**Geketsu**, げけつ, 下血, *n.* [Med.] A bloody flux.



—*suru*, *v.t.* To discharge blood from the bowels.

**Geki**, げき, 外記, *n.* Secretary of the ancient *Daijōkwan* (Council or State), which sees.

**Geki**, げき, 劇, *a.* Violent or powerful.  
Syn. *HAGESHIKI*.

**Gekibun**, げきぶん, 藝文, *n.* A manifesto.  
*Gekibun wo mawasu*, 藝文ヲ廻ス, to circulate a manifesto. [for space.]

**Gekichi**, げきち, 隙地, *n.* [Chin.] A vacant ground.

**Gekido**, げきど, 激怒, *n.* [Chin.] Indignation; exasperation; wrath.

**Gekidō suru**, げきどうする, 激動, *v.i.* To be excited, roused, or agitated.

**Gekihatsu suru**, げきはつする, 激發, *v.i.* To rise (as in insurrection).

**Gekihen**, げきへん, 劇變, *n.* A violent change.

**Gekijō**, げきじやう, 劇場, *n.* A theatre; a play house.  
Syn. *SHIBAI* [house.]

**Gekiku**, げきく, 隙駒, *n.* [Chin.] A fast running horse; the sun. [duties.]

**Gekimu**, げきむ, 劇務, *n.* Urgent or assiduous duties.

**Gekiran**, げきらん, 逆亂, *n.* Rebellion; revolt; insurrection.  
Syn. *MUHO*. [harsh.]

**Gekiretsu**, げきれつ, 激烈, *a.* Violent; severe.

**Gekirin**, げきりん, 逆鱗, *n.* The anger of the Emperor; Imperial wrath.  
*Gekirin ni fururu nakaru*, 逆鱗ニ觸ル勿レ, never incur the wrath of the Emperor.

**Gekirō**, げきらう, 逆浪, *n.* Adverse or opposing waves; a head-sea.  
Syn. *SAKANAMI* [waves; a head-sea.]

**Gekiro**, げきろ, 逆掃, *n.* Same as *Sakaro*.

**Gekiron**, げきろん, 激論, *n.* An angry or heated discussion; altercation; wrangle; philippic.  
—*suru*, *v.i.* To dispute angrily; to altercation.

**Gekiryō**, げきりやう, 逆旅, *n.* [Chin.] An inn; a hotel.  
*Gekiryō no kaku*, 逆旅ノ客, the guest of a hotel; a traveller.  
Syn. *HATAGOYA*, *YADOYA*.

**Gekiryū**, げきりゅう, 激流, *n.* A violent stream; a torrent.  
Syn. *HAYASE* [torrent.]

**Gekisatsu suru**, げきさつする, 擊殺, *v.t.* To strike and kill; to kill by shooting.

**Gekisen suru**, げきせんする, 激戦, *v.i.* To engage in a hot fighting; to fight severely.

**Gekishu**, げきしゆ, 越舟, *n.* An Imperial yacht.

**Gekishō**, げきしやう, 劇毒, *n.* A dangerous disease.

**Gekisuru**, げきする, 激, *v.i.* To be excited, roused, enraged. [raged.]  
*Ōi ni geki suru*, 大ニ激スル, to be greatly enraged.

**Gekitaku**, げきたく, 擊斃, *n.* [Chin.] Striking together two blocks of wood (as by a watchman). ④ A watch man.  
*Hōkwan gekitaku*, 池關擊斃, [Chin.] [lit.] a gate

keeper or a night watch; [fig.] a man of the lowest occupation.

**Gekito**, げきど, 逆徒, *n.* Rebels; insurgents.

**Gekiyaku**, げきやく, 劇薬, *n.* A powerful or dangerous medicine. [barbarians.]

**Gekizetsu**, げきせつ, 賦舌, *n.* [Chin.] Language of the moonlight.  
*Gekka ni hana wo shō su*, 月下ニ花ヲ賞ス, to view and admire flowers in a moonlight night.

**Gekkakō**, げきかかう, 月下香, *n.* [Bot.] Tuberosc.

**Gekkauwō**, げきかう, 月下翁, *n.* God of love.  
Syn. *MUSUBI NO KAMI*.

**Gekkei**, げっけい, 月桂, *n.* The cypress in the moon; the laurel, or the emblem of literary honour.  
*Gekkei no kammuri*, 月桂ノ冠, a crown of bays; a crown of glory.

**Gekkei**, げっけい, 月卿, *n.* Court nobles.

**Gekkei**, げっけい, 月經, 經水, *n.* The menses.

**Gekken**, げっけん, 擊劍, *n.* Fencing.  
*Gekken no shi-ai wo suru*, 擊劍ノ試合ヲスル, to play fencing matches.

**Gekketsu**, げっけつ, 月血, *n.* Same as *Gekkei* (月經).

**Gekketsujaku**, げっけつやく, 鴨脚雀, *n.* [Ornith.] The cross-bill.

**Gekkiwa**, げっきわ, 月季花, *n.* [Bot.] A species of rose, *Rosa indica*.

**Gekkin**, げっきん, 月琴, *n.* A kind of stringed instrument of music. [ya *erzotica*.]

**Gekkiwa**, げっきわ, 月桂, 十里香, *n.* [Bot.] *Murrā*.

**Gekkō**, げっくわう, 月光, *n.* Moonlight.

**Gekkyū**, げっきゅう, 月給, *n.* Monthly wages; salary per month.

**Gekkyūden**, げっきゅうでん, 月宮殿, *n.* A fabulous palace supposed to exist in the moon.

**Geko**, げこ, 下戸, *n.* A temperate person; one who does not drink sake.  
*Geko no tateta kura mo nashi*, 下戸ノ建タズモナシ, [coll. Prov.] [lit.] no storeroom was ever built by a teetotaler.

**Gekō suru**, げこうする, 下向, *v.i.* To go down; to come down from the capital or a temple.

**Gekoku**, げこく, 下國, *n.* ① Going home from the capital. ② A barren province.

**Gekū**, げくう, 外宮, *n.* The outer shrine at Ise dedicated to Toyoke-no-Kami.

**Gekwa**, げくわ, 外科, *n.* Surgery.

**Gekwa-dōgu**, げくわどうぐ, 外科道具, *n.* Surgical instruments.

**Gekwa-i**, げくわい, 外科醫, *n.* A surgeon.

**Gekwa-isha**, げくわいしや, 外科醫者, *n.* A surgeon.

**Gekwan**, げくわん, 下洗, *n.* Same as *Gejun*.

**Gekwan**, げくわん, 下官, *n.* Inferior office.

**Gekwan**, げくわん, 下官, *pron.* I (used by officials only).



**Gemba**, げんば, 現場, *n.* and *adv.* The actual spot; the place in question; on the spot.

**Gemba**, げんば, 芝草, *n.* ① Officials belonging to the *Gemba-ryō*, which see. ② The name of a large pail or tank used for carrying water in conflagrations.

**Gemba-ryō**, げんばりょう, 玄蕃寮, *n.* The name of an ancient bureau for foreign affairs.

**Gembatsu**, げんばつ, 嚴罰, *n.* A severe punishment.

**Gemba**, げんば, 玄武, *n.* [*Chin.*] The north (used by ancient astrologers or physiographers).

**Gembuku**, げんぶく, 元服, *n.* ① Originally the ceremony of changing the personal name and wearing, for the first time in life, the hat and clothes of an adult, when a young man reaches the age of 15; later, this ceremony consisted only in shaving the forelock and changing the personal name. ② The ceremony of shaving the eyebrows and blacking the teeth when a woman marries. — *suru*, *v.t.* To perform the above ceremony.

**Gembun**, げんぶん, 原文, *n.* Original text.

**Gembun**, げんぶん, 言文, *n.* Speech and writing; oral and written languages.  
*Gembun tchi*, 言文一致, unification of spoken and written languages.

**Gembutsu**, げんぶつ, 現物, *n.* The very thing; things in question; actual substance; any thing visible. [outside.] ② The face.

**Gemen**, げめん, 外面, *n.* ① The exterior surface.

**Gemin**, げみん, 下民, *n.* Low people.

**Gemmal**, げんまい, 芝米, *n.* Uncleaned rice, *i. e.* rice not yet pounded and whitened.  
*Syn.* KIROGOME.

**Gemmal**, げんまい, 現米, *n.* ① Pension or salary in rice. ② The actual quantity of rice on hand.

**Gemmel**, げんめい, 嚴令, *n.* Strict order; grave command. [severe; rigid.]

**Gemmitsu**, げんみつ, 嚴密, *n.* and *a.* Strictness.

**Gemmon**, げんもん, 韓文, *n.* Korean characters closely resembling Japanese *kana*.

**Gempi**, げんび, 元妃, *n.* [*Chin.*] The Empress; a queen. [tendant.]

**Gempi**, げんび, 原被, *n.* [*Law.*] Plaintiff and defendant.

**Gempō**, げんぽう, 減法, *n.* [*Math.*] Subtraction.

**Gempon**, げんぽん, 原本, *n.* Original copy.

**Gempu**, げんぷ, 錢父, *n.* Your father; [*Ill.*] a grave.

**Gen**, げん, 減, *n.* [*Math.*] Subtracting. [father.  
*Syn.* GEMPŌ, BIKIZAN.

**Gen**, げん, 驗, *n.* Beneficial effects; efficacy; virtue. *Imaku no gen ga mienu*, 醫藥ノ驗ヲ見エス, the medicine does not show any beneficial effect.  
*Syn.* KIRIME, KONDŌ, SHIRTSHI.

**Gen**, げん, 源, *n.* Source, origin, cause; a fountain.  
*Syn.* MINAMOTO. [head.]

**Gen**, げん, 嚴, *n.* and *a.* [*Chin.*] Grave; severe; rigid. Used mostly in compounds.

**Gen**, げん, 原, *n.* Field; moor; wilderness. Always in compounds.  
*Syn.* HARA, NOHARA.

**Gen**, げん, 冠, *n.* [*Zool.*] A large kind of turtle.

**Gen**, げん, 弦, *n.* [*Math.*] Chord.

**Gen**, げん, 言, [*Gram.*] A particle affixed to verbs and adjectives, imparting to them the following meaning; I hear that, is said to be, appearing to be, etc.  
*Asu kuru gen*, 明日來ルベシ, is (or are) said to be coming to-morrow; *Kashiko gen hito*, 賢シキ人, a person appearing to be wise. [tion.]

**Gen-an**, げんあん, 原案, *n.* The original proposition. *Gen-an wo hakisu*, 原案ヲ破棄ス, to reject the original propositions; *Gen-an wo sansetsu*, 原案ヲ賛成ス, to support the original bill.

**Genan**, げんあん, 下男, *n.* Inferior man-servant.  
*Syn.* SHIMODE.

**Genchama-ekisu**, ゲンチアナエキス, 龍膽越橘根, *n.* [*Med.*] Extract of gentian, *Extractum gentiana*.

**Gencho**, げんちよ, 原著, *n.* Original work or authorship (as distinguished from translation).

**Gengaku**, げんがく, 減額, *n.* Diminishing the amount; reduction. [*Gen.*]

**Genge**, げんげ, 紫雲英, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Astragalus sibiricus*.

**Gengetsu**, げんげつ, 望月, *n.* Crescent moon.

**Gengin**, げんぎん, 現銀, *n.* Ready money; paying on delivery of goods; cash payment.

**Gengo**, げんご, 言語, *n.* Words; language.

**Gengyo**, げんぎょ, 言語不通, unintelligibility of language; *Gengo meiseki*, 言語明哲, his speech is distinct.  
*Syn.* KOTOBA. [guage.]

**Gengo**, げんご, 原語, *n.* Original words or language.

**Gengorō**, げんごろう, 龍燈, *n.* [*Entom.*] A beetle of the genus *Cybilster*.

**Gengwai**, げんぐわい, 限外, *adv.* and *n.* Out of bound; beyond limit; exception.

**Gengwai**, げんぐわい, 言外, *n.* and *adv.* Beside the actual or direct meaning of a word; under the words; between the lines.

**Gengyo**, げんぎょ, 言語. See *Gengo*.

**Geni**, げんい, 實, *adv.* Really; truly; indeed.

**Geni mo**, げんいも, 死, *n.* [death.]  
*Syn.* JITSU XI.

**Gen-in**, げんいん, 原因, *n.* Cause; reason; origin.

**Genin**, げんいん, 下人, *n.* A person of low grade; inferior servants of a nobleman.

**Genja**, げんげや, 難者, *n.* Same as *Shugenja*.

**Genjaku**, げんげやく, 芝菫, *n.* [*Ornith.*] *Emberiza variabilis*.

**Genji**, げんぎ, 言辭, *n.* Words; speech; language.

**Genjime**, げんぎめ, 源氏豆, *n.* Sugar beans.

**Genjō**, げんじょう, 現狀, *n.* The real or actual condition.

**Genjōraku**, げんじょうらく, 遠城楽, *n.* The name of an operatic performance. [division.]

**Genjo**, げんじよ, 減除, *n.* [*Math.*] Subtraction and

**Genjū**, げんぢゆう, 嚴重, *a.* Strict, severe, rigid, rigorous; strong, secure, well fortified.  
*Syn.* JŌBU, KENGO, KIBISHIKI.

**Genjū**, げんぢゆう, 現住, *n.* The present residence; actual residence.

**Genjutsu**, げんぢゆうつ, 幻術, *n.* Magical arts; a secret art of making one's self invisible.  
*Syn.* YŌJUTSU.

**Genjutsusha**, げんぢゆうつしや, 幻術者, *n.* One versed in the above arts; a witch or wizard.

**Genka**, げんか, 絃歌, *n.* Music and song.  
*Genka no koto*, 絃歌ノ聲, the sound of music and voice of singing.

**Genka**, げんか, 原價, *n.* Original cost.  
*Syn.* MOTONE.

**Genka**, げんか, 減價, *n.* Reduction of price.

**Genka**, げんか, 嚴戒, *n.* Keeping vigilant watch.

**Genkaku**, げんかく, 嚴格, *n.* and *a.* Sternness; solemnity; grave, formal; serious.

**Genkan**, げんかん, 阪倉, *n.* Same as *Gekkin*. (named after its Chinese originator).

**Genkan**, げんかん, 嚴寒, *n.* Severe cold.

**Genkei**, げんけい, 減刑, *n.* [*Law.*] Commutation of the degree of punishment.

**Genkei**, げんけい, 現形, *n.* The present form; the existing state or shape.

**Genkei**, げんけい, 嚴刑, *n.* A severe punishment.  
*Genkei ni shosu*, 嚴刑ニ處ス, to sentence to a severe punishment. [vigour.]

**Genki**, げんき, 元氣, *n.* Natural strength; energy; *Genki ni natta*, 元氣ニナツタ, to be of high spirits; *Genki no yot hito*, 元氣ノ好イ人, a vivacious person; *Genki wo kwafuku suru*, 元氣ヲ回復スル, to restore mental (or bodily) vigour.  
*Syn.* IKIOI, SEI. [payment.]

**Genkin**, げんきん, 現金, *n.* Ready money; ready *Genkin kakene nashi*, 現金無掛直, ready payment and but one price; *Genkin wo harau*, 現金ヲ拂フ, to pay in cash.

**Genkin**, げんきん, 嚴禁, *n.* Forbidding under a severe penalty; a strict prohibition.

**Genkō**, げんこう, 言行, *n.* Words and action.  
*Genkō tchi*, 言行一致, words and actions agreeing with each other; conformity of practice and precept.

**Genkō**, げんこう, 原稿, *n.* Original copy or manuscript.

**Genko**, げんこ, 拳闘, *n.* The fist. [script.]

**Genkō**, げんこう, 元后, *n.* The monarch; the sovereign. Rarely used.

**Genkō**, げんこう, 元功, *n.* The highest merit or service.

**Genkō**, げんこう, 現行, *n.* and *a.* In operation; existing.

**Genkōhan**, げんこうばん, 現行犯, *n.* [*Law.*] Flagrant delict.

**Genkoku**, げんこく, 嚴酷, *n.* and *a.* Severity, strictness; stringent; severe; harsh.

**Genkoku**, げんこく, 原告, *n.* [*Law.*] Cont. form of below.

**Genkoku-nin**, げんこくにん, 原告人, *n.* [*Law.*] A plaintiff; the accuser.

**Genkon**, げんこん, 現今, *adv.* Now; at present.  
*Syn.* IMA, MANOATARI. [les.]

**Genkotsu**, げんこつ, 拳骨, *n.* The fist; the knuck. *Genkotsu wo furimawasu*, 拳骨ヲ振舞ス, to flourish the fist (so as to strike another).

**Genkun**, げんくん, 元勳, *n.* Persons who have done meritorious service to the state.

**Genkwa**, げんくわ, 嚴科, *n.* A severe punishment. [kwa.]

**Genkwa**, げんくわ, 芫花, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Daphne Genkwa*.

**Genkwa**, げんくわ, 玄關, *n.* [coll.] Same as below.

**Genkwan**, げんくわん, 玄關, *n.* The porch at the front entrance of a house.

**Genkyō**, げんきょう, 現況, *n.* The present condition; existing state. [*ra japonica.*]

**Genkyūō**, げんきゅうおう, 元及藤, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Kadsu-gonnen*.

**Gennen**, げんねん, 元年, *n.* The first year of an era (*nenjō*); the year of the coronation of the Emperor.

**Gen ni**, げんに, 現, *adv.* Evidently; obviously; manifestly; before one's eyes; really; plainly; actually; truly.  
*Gen ni mimashita*, 現ニ見マシタ, has (or have) actually witnessed it. [ly; sternly.]

**Gen ni**, げんに, 嚴, *adv.* Strictly; severely; rigid.  
*Syn.* GENJŪ NI, KIBISHIKI.

**Gennin**, げんねん, 現任, *n.* Present office; actual occupant of an official post. [mer.]

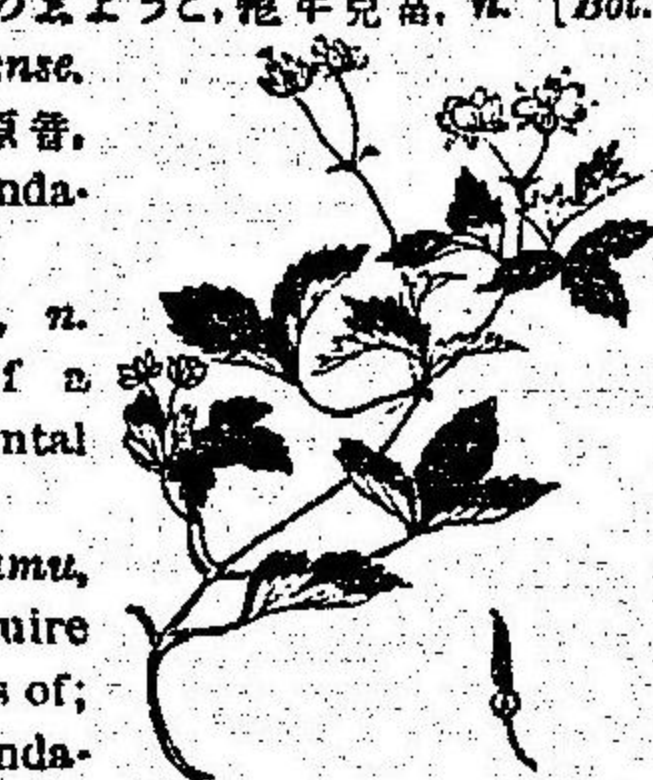
**Gennō**, げんのう, 芝翁, 攻石権, *n.* A large ham.

**Gennoshōko**, げんのもうこ, 龍牛兒苗, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Geranium nepalense*.

**Gen-on**, げんおん, 原音, *n.* [*Physic.*] Fundamental tone.

**Genri**, げんり, 原理, *n.* Principles (as of science); fundamental truth.  
*Genri wo kiwamu*, 原理ヲ究ム, to inquire into the principles of; to search after fundamental truth. (龍牛兒苗)

**Genrō**, げんろう, 言路, *n.* The medium or channel through which advice may be given to the government or superiors.





**Genro dōka**, 言路洞開, the say, or means of communicating one's opinions to the authorities is open; *Genro wa fusagu*, 言路ヲ塞グ, to close all channels through which private views may be offered to the government.

**Genrō**, げんろう, 元老, *n.* Distinguished men who have grown old in the service of the state.  
*Kokka no genrō*, 國家ノ元老, the oldest and most experienced of ministers, prime minister.

**Genrōin**, げんろういん, 元老院, *n.* The senate. Abolished a few years since.

**Genrōin-gikwan**, げんろういんぎくわん, 元老院議員, *n.* A senator.

**Genron**, げんろん, 言論, *n.* Speech; discussion; expression of sentiments.  
*Genron no jiyū*, 言論ノ自由, freedom of speech.

**Gensai**, げんさい, 街巷, 幻妻, *n.* [coll.] A concubine (a low term).

**Gensai suru**, げんさいする, 減殺, *v.t.* To lessen, diminish, or reduce.

**Gensan**, げんさん, 原蚕, *n.* [Entom.] A silkworm.

**Gensai**, げんさい, 嚴正, *a.* Solemn; grave; majestic; dignified; stern.

**Gensai**, げんさい, 死毒, *n.* [Entom.] Spanish flies, *Cantharides*.

**Gensai-korōjōn**, げんさいころぢよん, 元青格羅寶翁, *n.* [Med.] *Colloidium cantharidote*.

**Gensai**, げんさい, 原籍, *n.* One's place of permanent registration.

**Gensai suru**, げんさいする, 嚴責, *v.t.* To blame, censure, or reproach severely.

**Genshi**, げんし, 元始, 原始, *n.* The beginning; *Syn.* HAJIME. [Origin; source.]

**Genshi**, げんし, 原子, *n.* [Chem.] An ultimate particle of matter; an atom.

**Genshin**, げんしん, 現身, *n.* This present body.

**Genshisai**, げんしさい, 元始祭, *n.* One of the great national holidays, observed on the third of January (*n.s.*).

**Genshitsu**, げんしつ, 原質, *n.* Elementary substance; material; element.

**Genshō**, げんせう, 減少, *n.* Decrease; diminution; lessening. —*suru*, *v.t.* and *f.* To diminish; *Syn.* GENKYAKU, HERU. [to lessen.]

**Genshō**, げんせう, 現象, *n.* Phenomena.

**Gensho**, げんせう, 原書, *n.* Original book or writing (in distinction to translations).

**Gensho**, げんせう, 嚴暑, *n.* Severe, of summer; Bengal heat; dog-days.

**Genshu**, げんしゆ, 元首, *n.* The Emperor.

**Genshūsai**, げんせうさい, 元脩菜, *n.* [Bot.] The field bean.

**Genshuku**, げんせうく, 靜肅, *a.* Grave; sedate; staid; composed; collected; serene; tranquil.

**Genshutsu suru**, げんせうしつする, 現出, *v.t.* To be revealed; to appear.

**Genso**, げんそ, 原素, *n.* [Chem.] Element. ① The active principle; the essence.

**Gensoku**, げんそく, 原則, *n.* Natural or fundamental laws; elementary principles (as of a science).

**Gensoon**, げんそん, 玄孫, *n.* A great-great-grand-  
*Syn.* YASHAGO. [child.]

**Gensoon**, げんそん, 現存, *n.* Actual existence.

**Gensoon suru**, げんそんする, 減損, *v.t.* and *f.* To diminish; to decrease; to lessen.

**Gensoji**, げんそじ, 元帥, *n.* The generalissimo; commander-in-chief.

**Gensoji**, げんそじ, 減水, *n.* Lessening or decrease of water (as in a well or stream).

**Gental**, げんたい, 原體, *n.* [Min.] Primary form.

**Gentō**, げんたう, 現當, *n.* [cont. of Gensei 現世 and Tōrai 未來.] The present and future worlds.  
*Gentō nisei*, 現當二世, the two states of existence, the present and the future.

**Gentō**, げんたう, 嚴冬, *n.* Rigorous winter.

**Gentō**, げんたう, 減等, *n.* [Law.] Diminution of the degree of punishment.

**Gentō**, げんたう, 幻燈, *n.* Magic lantern.  
*Syn.* KAGRYE, UTSUSHIYE.

**Gentō-kwan**, げんたうくわん, 幻燈會, *n.* Exhibition of various pictures by a magic lantern.

**Gen-an**, げんあん, 眩暈, *n.* Dizziness; giddiness; vertigo. —*suru*, *v.t.* To be dizzy, etc.  
*Syn.* KURUMERI, MEMAI.

**Gen-undō**, げんうんどう, 弦運動, *n.* [Physics.] Harmonic motion.

**Gen-ya**, げんや, 原野, *n.* Uncultivated land; a wilderness; a field; a moor.

**Gen-yu**, げんゆ, 原由, *n.* Cause; origin; beginning; *Syn.* GEN-IN, MOTO. [reason.]

**Genzai**, げんざい, 現在, *n.* and *adv.* ① The present time. ② [Gram.] The present tense. ③ Before one's eyes; in one's presence; evidently; manifestly.

**Genzan**, げんざん, 見参, *n.* Meeting or seeing a superior; having an audience with one's lord.  
*Genzan ni iru*, 見参ニ入ル, to present one's self before his lord.

**Genze**, げんぜ, 現世, *n.* The present world.

**Gensai**, げんさい, 現世, *n.* The present world.  
*Syn.* IMA NO YO. [of taxes.]

**Gensai**, げんさい, 減稅, *n.* Reduction of the rate

**Genzen**, げんぜん, 現然, *adv.* and *a.* Plainly; obviously; manifest; real

**Genzen**, げんぜん, 恣然, *adv.* and *a.* With a flood of tears; in a melting mood.

**Genzen**, げんぜん, 愴然, *adv.* and *a.* Gravely; solemnly; strictly; with an air of importance.

**Genzoku**, げんそく, 還俗, *n.* Returning to secular life (as priests). —*suru*, *v.t.* To abandon the priesthood; to return to the laity.

**Genzu**, げんず, 原圖, *n.* The original drawing, map, or chart.

**Genzuru**, げんずる, 現, *v.t.* To be revealed; to appear; to be visible; to be manifest.  
*Syn.* ARAWARERU, MIERU.

**Genzuru**, げんずる, 減, *v.t.* and *f.* To lessen, decrease, or diminish.  
*Syn.* HARUKU, HERASU, HERU.

**Geppaku**, げつぱく, 月迫, *n.* [coll.] Approaching the end of the month.

**Geppo**, げつぽう, 月俸, *n.* Monthly wages or salary.

**Geppu**, げつぷ, 月賦, *n.* Monthly payment or instalment.

**Geppu**, げつぷ, 噎氣, *n.* [coll.] Belching.  
*Syn.* OKUBI.

**Geppō**, げつぽう, 月表, *n.* A monthly report in a tabular form.

**Geraku**, げらく, 下落, *n.* Falling in price. —*suru*, *v.t.* To fall (as a market price).

**Gerain**, げらいん, *n.* [Eng.] Grain.

**Gerū**, げりう, 下痢, *n.* Diarrhoea.  
*Syn.* HARAKUDARI.

**Gerō**, げらう, 下郎, *n.* An inferior servant (formerly applied to the lowest servant in the household of a samurai); a low or vulgar fellow.

**Gerō**, げらう, 下牢, *n.* Being put into jail; a dungeon or jail.

**Geryaku**, げりやく, 下界, *n.* These characters stand as a sign that there is an omission.

**Gesaku**, げさく, 戯作, *n.* Making or writing for amusement; a book of fiction; novels. —*suru*, *v.t.* and *f.* To write for amusement.

**Gesakusha**, げさくしゃ, 戯作者, *n.* A novelist.

**Gesan**, げさん, 下山, *n.* Descending a hill, or mountain. —*suru*, *v.t.* To come down from a hill.

**Gesen**, げせん, 下賤, *a.* Low; vulgar; mean; base.  
*Syn.* IYASHIKI.

**Geseru**, げせる, 解, *v.t.* [poten. of Gesu.] Can be understood, or is intelligible.  
*Syn.* WAKARU. [humiliation.]

**Gesetsu**, げせつ, 下拙, *pron.* I or me (used in *Geshakubara*, げさくくばら, 下僮, *n.* A child born of a concubine.

**Geshi**, げし, 夏至, *n.* The summer solstice.

**Geshi**, げし, 下司, *n.* Inferior government officials.  
[ing to sleep.]

**Geshi**, げし, *n.* [polite coll.] Going to bed; retiring.

**Geshinaru**, げしなる, *v.t.* [coll.] [cont. of *Gyoshin ni*, and *naru*.] To go to bed; to retire to rest (said of superiors).  
*Ototsan wa mō geshi natta*, 阿翁ハマウケシナツタ, [coll.] father is already gone to bed.

**Geshinin**, げしにん, 解死人, *n.* An actual, or veritable murderer. [corn.]

**Geshisen**, げしせん, 夏至線, *n.* Tropic of Capri-

**Gesho**, げしよ, 下書, 書案, *n.* An original writing  
*Syn.* SHITAGAKI. [to be copied.]

**Geshō**, げせう, 下性, *n.* Wetting the bed.  
*Geshō no aru ko*, 下性ノアル兒, a child that has habit of wetting its bed.

**Geshoku**, げしやく, 下職, *n.* Low or mean occupation; an ignoble calling.

**Gesoku**, げそく, 下足, *n.* Taking off wooden clogs at the entrance of theatres, etc.

**Gesokuban**, げそくばん, 下足番, *n.* One who takes charge of clogs and shoes.

**Gessaku**, げさく, 月朔, *n.* The first day of the month.  
*Syn.* TSUITACHI. [month.]

**Gessha**, げっせや, 月謝, *n.* Monthly fee.  
*Mu-gessha de oshieru*, 無月謝ヲ教ヘル, to teach without receiving any recompense. [moon.]

**Geshoku**, げしやく, 月蝕, *n.* Eclipse of the moon.

**Geshoku**, げしやく, 月色, *a.* The light or colour of the moon.  
*Syn.* TUKIKAGE, TSUKI NO IRO.

**Geshuku**, げせゆく, 下宿, *n.* ① Lodging; boarding. ② A boarding house.  
*Geshuku wo suru*, 下宿ヲスル, to lodge or board. [er.]

**Geshunin**, げしゆにん, 下手人, *n.* A real murderer.

**Gesu**, げす, 下賤, 下等, *n.* [coll.] A low fellow; a sloven; a vulgar person.

**Gesubaru**, げすばる, 下可張, *v.t.* To be low, mean, or vulgar.

**Gesui**, げすい, 下水, *n.* ① A drain; a ditch; drainage. ② The water of a drain or ditch; sewage.

**Gesui**, げすい, 下水, *n.* The menses.

**Gesuita**, げすいた, 下水板, *n.* Wooden boards

**Gesui-ita**, げすいいた, 下水板, *n.* used as covers for a drain.

**Go suru**, げする, 解, *v.t.* ① To understand or perceive; to explain; to comment on. ② To dissipate; to disperse; to purge; to counteract the effect of poison.  
*Doku wo gesuru*, 毒ヲ解スル, to counteract poison; *Geshi kanru*, 解シ難ク, unable or impossible to understand; *Imi wo gesuru*, 意味ヲ解スル, to understand the meaning.

**Geta**, げた, 下駄, *n.* Wooden clogs.  
*Geta wo haku*, 下駄ヲ穿ク, to wear clogs.

**Getō**, げたう, 下等, *n.* Lower class; inferior kind or quality. [pound.]

**Getsu**, げつ, 月, *n.* Moon or month (only in compound).  
*Ichi getsu*, 一月, one month; the first month or January; *Jitsugetsu seishin*, 日月星辰, the sun, moon, and stars; *Nika getsu*, 二箇月, two months; *Getsu getsu*, 月月, month after month; monthly.

**Gotsugaku**, げつがく, 月額, *n.* Monthly amount (as of money).

**Getsumatsu**, げつまつ, 月末, *n.* The end of the month.  
*Syn.* TSUKIZUE. [month.]



**Getsurō**, げつらう, 月老, *n.* The old man in the moon, or the god of marriage.

**Getsuya**, げつや, 月夜, *n.* A moonlight night.  
Syn. TSUKIYO. [ing.]

**Getsuyō**, げつよう, 月曜, *n.* Cont. of the follow-  
**Getsuyōbi**, げつようび, 月曜日, *n.* Monday.

**Gettan**, げったん, 月旦, *n.* The beginning of the month.  
*Gettan-hyō*, 月旦評, [Chin.] monthly summary of current events.

**Geya**, げや, 下屋, *n.* A house or shed connected with the main building.

**Geza**, げざ, 下座, *a.* Taking the lowest seat; sitting down on the ground for worship.

**Gesai**, げさい, 下劑, *n.* A purgative medicine.

**Gesai**, げさい, 下財, 露夫, *n.* [Min.] A miner.

**Gezan**, げざん, 見参, *n.* Presenting one's self before a lord or superior; paying respect to a superior.

**Gi**, ぎ, 義, *n.* ① One of the five cardinal virtues, propriety or justice; faith; righteousness. See *Gōjō* (五常). ② Meaning (as of words); sense; signification. ③ Matter; business; affair; account. ④ Ties of friendship. ⑤ A suffix to nominative pronouns or nouns for no other purpose than to emphasize.  
*Gi no kataki hito*, 義ノ固キ人, a faithful person; *Kono ji no gi*, 此字ノ義, the meaning of this word or character; *Kono gi wa itaga tori-hakarai mashō*, 此義ハ如何取引ヲヒマシヨウ, how shall I manage this affair? *Gi wo musubu*, 義ヲ結ブ, to contract friendship with.

**Gi**, ぎ, 儀, *n.* A rite or ceremony.  
*Kon-in no gi*, 婚儀ノ儀, nuptial rites.

**Gi**, ぎ, 儀, *n.* Same as *Gi* (義, ⑤).

*Migi no gi ni tsuki*, 右ノ儀ニ付, as to the stated matter; on that account; *Sayō no gi*, 左様ノ儀, that sort of an affair; *Sessha gi*, 拙者儀, I (used in a letter, note, or some official writings); *Sono gi naraba*, 其儀ナラバ, if that is the case; *Sono gi ni oyobazu*, 其儀ニ及マズ, you need not do so.  
Syn. KOTO, KOTOGARA, WAKE.

**Gi**, ぎ, 議, *n.* Discussion; argument; reasoning; idea; opinion; consultation.  
*Sono gi ni shitagau*, 其議ニ從フ, he yielded to the argument; he adopted that opinion.

**Gi**, ぎ, [suffix.] A masculine suffix to mythological proper names (as in *Izanagi*), the fem. being *mi*.

**Gi**, ぎ, 妓, *n.* A singing girl; a harlot; a prostitute.  
*Gi wo maneku*, 妓ヲ招ク, to call a singing girl.

**Gian**, ぎあん, 議案, *n.* A proposition to be discussed at a public assembly; a bill; a project.

**Gibo**, ぎぼ, 紫萼, *n.* [Bot.] *Hostea coerulea*.

**Giboku**, ぎぼく, 義僕, *n.* A faithful man-servant.

**Giboshi**, ぎぼし, 紫萼, *n.* Same as *Gibo*.

**Gibōshu**, ぎぼしゆ, 寶寶珠, *n.* Ornamental tops  
**Giboshu**, ぎぼしゆ, } on the railings of bridges or temple corridors. [substance.]

**Gibun**, ぎぶん, 儀文, *n.* Form, or show without  
**Gibutsu**, ぎぶつ, 儀物, *n.* A counterfeit article.  
Syn. GAMBUTSU, NISEMONO.

**Gichi**, ぎち, *n.* [Ichth.] *Equula nuchalis*.

**Gichigichi**, ぎちぎち, *n.* The sound of creaking (as of a door).

**Gichō**, ぎちやう, 議長, *n.* The president of an assembly; the chairman of a meeting.

**Gidai**, ぎたい, 議題, *n.* Subject for discussion.

**Gidan**, ぎだん, 疑團, *n.* Doubt; scepticism; dubitation. [entertain doubt.]  
*Gidan wo itaku*, 疑團ヲ抱ク, to harbour or  
**Gidayū**, ぎたいう, 義太夫, *n.* A musical drama; one who performs it.

**Gidayū-bushi**, ぎたいうぶし, 義太夫節, *n.* A tone or accent peculiar to the musical drama.

**Gifu**, ぎふ, 義父, *n.* Adopted father; foster father.

**Gifu**, ぎふ, 義婦, *n.* A chaste woman; a faithful wife.

**Gifu**, ぎふ, 妓婦, *n.* A harlot. [wife.]

**Giga**, ぎが, 疑言, *n.* Doubt; dubitation; scepticism; disbelief.

**Gigan**, ぎがん, 僞眼, *n.* Artificial eyes.

**Gigei**, ぎげい, 技藝, *n.* Polite art; accomplishment.

**Gigen**, ぎげん, 僞言, *n.* Falsehood.

**Gigi**, ぎぎ, 巍巍, *adv.* and *a.* Towering up in a grand, pompous, or magnificent manner.  
*Gigi dōdō*, 巍巍堂堂, grand and imposing.

**Gigi**, ぎぎ, 疑義, *n.* Doubt about another's statement or proposition.

**Gigi**, ぎぎ, 黃鰐魚, *n.* [Ichth.] *Bagrus aurantiacus*.

**Gigun**, ぎぐん, 義軍, *n.* Loyal or patriotic army; a band of volunteers.

**Gihan**, ぎげん, 儀範, *n.* Established rules; an example; a model; a precedent.

**Gihan**, ぎげん, 僞版, *n.* A false print; deceptive publication. [armies.]

**Gihet**, ぎへい, 義兵, *n.* Loyal soldiers; patriotic  
*Gihet wo agu*, 義兵ヲ集メ, to raise an army for loyal or patriotic purposes.

**Gihitsu**, ぎひつ, 僞案, *n.* A forged writing.  
Syn. NISEFUDE. [Diet.]

**Giin**, ぎゐん, 議院, *n.* A House of the Imperial  
**Giin**, ぎゐん, 議員, *n.* A member of an assembly; member of the Imperial Diet.  
*Chokusen giin*, 勅選議員, a member of the House of Peers nominated by the Emperor; *Chōkwaigiin*, 町會議員, member of a town assembly; *Chōjagiin*, 長者議員, member of the House of Peers elected from among and by those paying the largest amount of direct national taxes in each locality; *Fukwaigiin*, 府會議員, member of a city Assembly; *Kenkwaigiin*, 縣會議員, member of a prefectural assembly; *Kōkwaigiin*, 國會議員, a member of the Diet; *Shikwaigiin*, 市會議員, ditto of a municipal council; *Sonkwaigiin*, 村會議員, ditto of a village council.

**Gin**, ぎん, 僞印, *n.* A false seal; forgery.

**Giji**, ぎじ, 議事, *n.* Discussion; debate  
*Giji ni kakaru*, 議事ニ掛ル, to commence debate; *Giji wo hiraku*, 議事ヲ開ク, to open debates.

**Gijidō**, ぎじだう, 議事堂, *n.* An assembly hall; the hall where Houses of the Diet meet.

**Gijin**, ぎじん, 義人, *n.* A righteous or faithful person.

**Gijō**, ぎじやう, 議場, *n.* Same as *Gijidō*.

**Gijo**, ぎじよ, 妓女, *n.* Same as *Gi* (妓).

**Gijōhei**, ぎじやうへい, 儀杖兵, *n.* Military escort; guard of honour. [an orb.]

**Gijutsu**, ぎじゆつ, 技術, *n.* The arts; a handicraft; Syn. WAZA. [technical official.]

**Gijutsukan**, ぎじゆつくわん, 技術官, *n.* A technical official.

**Gijutsu-kwaigi**, ぎじゆつくわいぎ, 技術會議, *n.* A conference of specialists.

**Gikai**, ぎかい, 義解, *n.* Explanation of meaning; definition; commentary.  
Syn. SHAKUJI.

**Gikan**, ぎかん, 技監, *n.* An Engineer in Chief.

**Gikei**, ぎげい, 義兄, *n.* Brother-in-law; brethren.

**Gikei**, ぎげい, 僞計, *n.* Trick; artifice; stratagem; manoeuvre. [ticket.]

**Giken**, ぎげん, 僞券, *n.* A forged note, bill, or  
**Giken**, ぎげん, 義捐, *n.* Giving any thing in charity; contribution.

**Gikenkin**, ぎげんきん, 義捐金, *n.* Money given in charity; subscription money for a charitable purpose.

**Giketsu**, ぎけつ, 議決, *n.* Resolution; decision. —*suru*, *v.t.* To decide; to resolve.

**Giki**, ぎき, 義旗, *n.* A flag hoisted by a party of patriots; a loyal cause.  
*Giki wo aguru*, 義旗ヲ舉ル, to wave a flag of loyalty; to take up arms for the cause of patriotism or loyalty.

**Giki**, ぎき, 義氣, *n.* A faithful heart; a loyal or chivalrous mind; a patriotic feeling; heroism.

**Gikkuri to**, ぎくくりに, *adv.* [coll.] In a startled or alarming manner; suddenly; abruptly.

**Gikwai**, ぎくわい, 議會, *n.* A public or national assembly; the Imperial Diet.  
*Gikwai wo kaisan suru*, 議會ヲ解散スル, to dissolve the Imperial Diet.

**Gikwan**, ぎくわん, 議官, *n.* A senator.

**Gikyo**, ぎきよ, 義舉, *n.* A chivalrous or heroic deed; a philanthropic work.

**Gikyō**, ぎきよ, 義勇, *n.* Chivalrous action; gallantry; hence, a hero.

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**Gikyō**, ぎきよ, 義勇, *n.* Chivalrous action; gallantry; hence, a hero.

**Gikyōdai**, ぎきよだい, 義兄弟, *n.* Brothers-in-law;  
**Gikyoku**, ぎきよく, 義曲, *n.* A drama. [brethren.]

**Gikyū**, ぎきゆう, 儀級, *n.* [Chin.] Same as *Nisekubi*.

**Gima**, ぎま, *n.* [Ichth.] *Triacanthus brevirostris*.

**Gimbaisō**, ぎんばいさう, *n.* [Bot.] *Detranthe birta*.

**Gimef**, ぎめい, 僞名, *n.* A false name.

**Gim-mame**, ぎんまめ, *n.* [Bot.] *Amphicarpaea Edgeworthii*.

**Gimme**, ぎんめ, 銀目, *n.* Denomination of money, formerly applied to weighing silver. See *Gin* (銀).

**Gimmi**, ぎんみ, 吟味, *n.* Examination; trial; inspection. —*suru*, *v.t.* To try, examine, or  
Syn. SHIRABERU, TADASU. [inspect.]

**Gimmitada**, ぎんみつた, 銀密陀, *n.* Sugar of lead. [examiner; an inspector.]

**Gimmiyaku**, ぎんみやく, 吟味役, *n.* A judge; an  
**Gimmōru**, ぎんもうる, *n.* Silver cloth or ribbon. See *Mōru*. [loyed silver.]

**Gimmuku**, ぎんむく, 銀無垢, *n.* Pure and unal-  
**Ginon**, ぎんおん, 疑問, *n.* A question; interrogation; inquiry; queries.

**Ginpai**, ぎんぱい, 銀盃, *n.* A silver wine cup (generally used with reference to a cup given by way of reward).

**Ginpaku**, ぎんぱく, 銀箔, *n.* Silver foil.

**Gimpan**, ぎんぱん, 銀板, *n.* A silver plate.

**Gimpo**, ぎんぽ, *n.* [Ichth.] *Gunellus nebulosus*.

**Gimpu**, ぎんぷ, 銀粉, *n.* Powdered silver.

**Gimu**, ぎむ, 義務, *n.* Duty; obligation.

**Gin**, ぎん, 銀, *n.* ① Silver. ② Silver coins. ③ Denomination of old silver coins. ④ [cont. of *Ginshō*.] The name of a chessman in the game of *shōgi* having powers similar to those of the Queen.  
*Gin gomai*, 銀五枚, five silver pieces; *Gin san-momme go fun*, 銀三枚五分, 3 *momme* and 5 *fun* in silver; *Gin wo tsuku*, 銀ヲツク, to move the *gin* forward in the game of *shōgi*.

**Ginansō**, ぎんあんさう, *n.* [Bot.] The Day Lily.

**Gindama**, ぎんたま, 銀玉, *n.* Same as *Mamegin*.

**Gindashi-abura**, ぎんたしまら, 光出油, *n.* A soft kind of pomatum.

**Gindei**, ぎんてい, 銀泥, *n.* A kind of silver paint.

**Gindō-ke**, ぎんどうけ, 銀銅鑛, *n.* Silver ore.

**Ginen**, ぎねん, 疑念, *n.* Doubt; suspicion; disbelief.  
*Ginen wo harasu*, 疑念ヲ晴ス, to clear away doubt. [of large shears.]

**Ginen-hasami**, ぎねんはさみ, 疑念鋏, *n.* A pair  
**Gin-enkō**, ぎんえんこう, 銀鉛鑛, *n.* An ore containing silver and lead.

**Ginfugu**, ぎんふぐ, *n.* [Ichth.] *Tetrodon lineatus*.

**Ginga**, ぎんが, 銀河, *n.* The milky-way.  
Syn. AMASOGAWA.

**Gingasō**, ぎんがさう, *n.* [Bot.] *Hydrangea involucrata*.

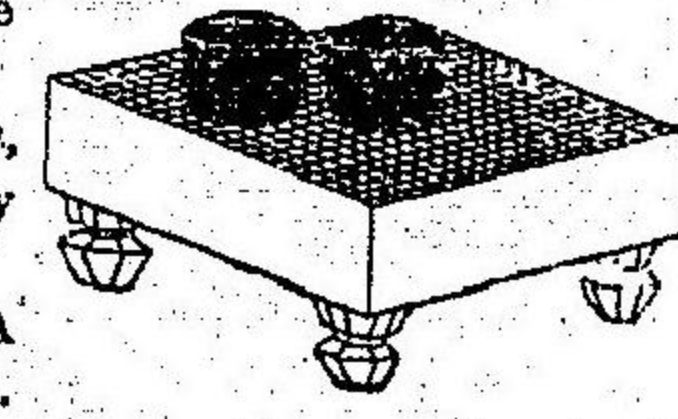


**Ginba**, ぎんば, 銀葉, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of egg-plant.  
**Ginkō**, ぎんこう, 銀行, *n.* A bank.  
**Ginkō-kyoku**, ぎんこうきょく, 銀行局, *n.* The Bureau of Banking. [qua.]  
**Ginkōrai**, ぎんこうらい, *n.* [Bot.] *Muticaria ambigua*.  
**Ginkōshichi**, ぎんこうしち, 銀行紙幣, *n.* A bank-note.  
**Ginkō suru**, ぎんこうする, 吟行, *v.t.* To sing or hum as one strolls about.  
*Truki mo sumi nagara ginkō suru*, 月夜 誦子ガ ラ吟行スル, to stroll in the moonlight singing songs.  
**Ginkwa**, ぎんくわ, 銀貨, *n.* Silver coin.  
**Ginkwan**, ぎんくわん, 銀環, *n.* Silver ring.  
**Ginkwō**, ぎんくわう, 銀塊, *n.* Silver ore.  
**Ginagashi**, ぎんがし, 銀箔, *n.* Copper or brass amalgamated or coated with quick-silver.  
*Ginagashi no kiseru*, 銀箔ノ煙管, a tobacco pipe made of some metal amalgamated with mercury.  
**Ginman**, ぎんまん, 銀香, *n.* [Bot.] *Ginkgo biloba*.  
**Ginmaku**, ぎんまく, 銀肉, *n.* The gums.  
**Ginō**, ぎんお, 技能, *n.* Same as *Getō*.  
**Ginran**, ぎんらん, 銀扇, *n.* Silver brocade.  
**Ginran**, ぎんらん, *n.* [Bot.] *Cephalanthera erecta*.  
**Ginreisō**, ぎんらいそう, *n.* [Bot.] *Lysimachia acroedonta*.  
**Ginrō suru**, ぎんらうする, 吟弄, *v.t.* To sing; to hum.  
**Ginryōsō**, ぎんりょうそう, 水晶蘭, *n.* [Bot.] *Monotropa uniflora*.  
**Ginsekai**, ぎんせかい, 銀世界, *n.* [lit.] Silvery world; [fig.] a large piece of ground covered with snow or studded with white blooming trees.  
**Ginsen**, ぎんせん, 銀錢, *n.* Silver coins made in the form of iron or copper pieces.  
**Ginsenkuwa**, ぎんせんくわ, 野西瓜苗, *n.* [Bot.] *M-biscas Trionum*.  
**Ginshi**, ぎんし, 銀絲, *n.* Silver-thread.  
**Ginshō**, ぎんしょう, 銀將, *n.* The name of a chess-man used in the game of *shōgi*. See *Gin*.  
**Ginshu**, ぎんしゅ, 銀主, *n.* One who advances money for another; a capitalist.  
**Ginsu**, ぎんす, 銀子, *n.* Silver money.  
**Ginsunago**, ぎんすなご, 銀砂子, *n.* Silver dust.  
**Gin-yamma**, ぎんやま, 銀鈴, *n.* [Entom.] *Aeschna maculatissima*.  
**Gin-oi**, ぎんおい, 吟味, *n.* Singing or composing songs.  
**Gin-yō**, ぎんよう, 銀葉, *n.* Silver leaf.  
**Ginza**, ぎんざ, 銀座, *n.* A mint where silver coins are made.  
**Gin-zaku**, ぎんざく, 銀工, *n.* Anything made of silver.

**Ginzame**, ぎんざめ, 銀葉, *n.* [Ichth.] *Chimaera monstrosa*. [Pine Grosbeak.]  
**Ginzamashiko**, ぎんざんまじこ, *n.* [Ornith.] Syn. MATSUMASHIKO.  
**Ginzan**, ぎんざん, 银山, *n.* A silver mine.  
**Ginzuru**, ぎんぞる, 吟, *v.t.* To sing songs. Syn. EIZURU, UTAU.  
**Gion-dōfu**, ぎをんどうぶ, 祇園豆腐, *n.* A particularly good kind of *dōfu* manufactured at Gion in Kyoto.  
**Gionshōsha**, ぎをんしょうしゃ, 祇園精舎, *n.* [Budd.] The name of an ancient temple in India where Shaka preached his gospel.  
**Giratsuku**, ぎらつく, *v.t.* To glitter; to sparkle.  
**Giretsu**, ぎれつ, 義烈, *n.* and *a.* Gallantry; heroism; chastity; chivalrous; heroic; faithful.  
**Giri**, ぎり, 義理, *n.* ① Propriety, rectitude; moral cause. ② Meaning; sense; signification.  
*Giri aru naka*, 義理アル中, connected by ties of friendship or marriage; *Giri ga chigau*, 義理が違フ, is contrary to justice or propriety; *Giri ga warui*, 義理が悪い, is unjust, improper, or wrong; *Giri ninjō*, 義理人情, justice and humanity; *Giri tsuzuru*, 義理通ゼズ, the meaning unintelligible; *Giri wo suru*, 義理ナスル, to give anything for the sake of friendship or propriety; *Giri wo tatsuru*, 義理ヲ立ツル, to behave kindly toward another; *Kare wa giri wo shiranu*, 彼ハ義理ヲ知ラス, he is ignorant of what is just or proper. Syn. KOKORO, MICHISUJI, WAKE.  
**Giridate**, ぎりたて, 義理立, *n.* Doing anything for the sake of kindness or justice; being strict in discharging social duties.  
**Girigiri**, ぎりぎり, 施毛, *n.* The crown of the head. Syn. TSUMUGI.  
**Girigiri**, ぎりぎり, 無上, *a.* At the lowest price.  
*Girigiri ketchaku no tokoro wa ikura*, ぎりぎり結着ノ底ハいくら, what is the lowest possible price (of the goods)?  
**Girō**, ぎろう, 妓楼, *n.* Prostitute house. Syn. JOROYA.  
**Giro**, ぎろ, 岐路, *n.* A forked road. Syn. EDAMICHI. [ing manner.]  
**Girogiro**, ぎろぎろ, *adv.* In a glittering or sparkling manner.  
**Giron**, ぎろん, 議論, *n.* Argument; reasoning; discussion; debate. Syn. BENRON. [ing or sparkling.]  
**Giratsuku**, ぎらつく, *v.t.* To glitter; to be shining.  
**Giryō**, ぎりょう, 技倆, *n.* Ability or skill. Syn. WAZAMAE, UDEMARE.  
**Gisaku**, ぎさく, 儀作, *n.* Same as *Gansaku*.  
**Gisel**, ぎせい, 犠牲, *n.* A sacrifice.  
*Mi wo gisei ni kyōsu*, 身ヲ犠牲ニ供ス, to sacrifice one's self (as for the sake of some noble object).

**Gisel**, ぎせい, 假聖, *n.* A pretended saint; a false prophet; an impostor.  
**Gisel**, ぎせい, 擬製, *n.* Making after the mode of another; imitation; facsimile.  
**Giseikwan**, ぎせいくわん, 隱政官, *n.* A counsellor of state (long since abolished).  
**Giseikiban**, ぎせいきばん, 擬石盤, *n.* An imitation slate (for writing on).  
**Gishaku**, ぎさく, *n.* [corrupt. of *Hishaku*.] A mariner's compass.  
**Gishi**, ぎし, *n.* A faithful or loyal samurai; a chivalrous person; a patriot; a martyr.  
**Gishi**, ぎし, 義姉, *n.* Sister-in-law.  
**Gishi**, ぎし, 技師, *n.* An engineer; a scientific expert; the title of *gishi* is applied to officials charged with technical affairs.  
**Gishi**, ぎし, 義齒, *n.* An artificial tooth.  
**Gishi**, ぎし, 義死, *n.* Martyrdom. [nicus.]  
**Gishi-gishi**, ぎさぎし, 羊蹄, *n.* [Bot.] *Rumex japonicus*.  
**Gishiki**, ぎしき, 儀式, *n.* Forms of ceremony; rite; etiquette. Syn. HOSHUKI, SAHŌ. [tiensim.]  
**Gishin**, ぎしん, 疑心, *n.* Suspicion, disbelief; scepticism.  
*Gishin wo idaku*, 疑心ヲ懷ク, to harbour or entertain doubt. Syn. UTAGAI. [ary Gishi.]  
**Gishi-shiho**, ぎししほ, 技師試験, *n.* A probation-gishu, ぎしよ, 偽書, *n.* A forged letter; forgery.  
**Gishō**, ぎしょう, 偽証, *n.* ① False accusation; perjury. ② A forged bond.  
**Gishō suru**, ぎしょうする, 偽稱, *v.t.* To use a false name; to pretend to be. [of *kannin rank*.]  
**Gishu**, ぎしゅ, 技手, *n.* Inferior technical officials.  
**Gishu-minarai**, ぎしゅのみならい, 技手見習, *n.* Probationary *Gishu*, which see.  
**Gishū suru**, ぎしゅうする, 蟻聚, *v.t.* To gather together like ants (in great numbers).  
**Gisō**, ぎそう, 儀奏, *n.* Officials at the Emperor's Court in former times, who superintended the officials of the Household. They received their salaries from the Tokugawa government; there were five of them.  
**Gisshiri**, ぎしり, *adv.* Snuggly; closely; tightly.  
*Hako egishshiri to tsune-komu*, 箱へぎしりト詰込ム, to closely pack anything into a box.  
**Gisu**, ぎす, 蝮蛇, *n.* [Entom.] *Locusta japonica*.  
**Gisudamashi**, ぎすたまし, *n.* [Entom.] *Angustifolia* sp.  
**Gisugisu**, ぎすぎす, *adv.* In a proud or importunate manner; haughtily; arrogantly; on stilts. —*suru*, *v.t.* To act arrogantly.  
**Gi suru**, ぎする, 議, *v.t.* To argue, discuss, confer, or deliberate; to compare views.  
*Gunji wo gi suru*, 軍事ヲ議スル, to discuss military or naval affairs; *Pōan wo gisuru*, 豫算ヲ議スル, to debate upon the Budget.

**Gi suru**, ぎする, 擬, *v.t.* To copy after; to imitate. Syn. MANERU, NAZORAU. [spirit.]  
**Gitan**, ぎたん, 義胆, *n.* Chivalrous mind; heroic.  
**Gitchō**, ぎちやう, 匠杖, *n.* A mallet shaped toy.  
**Gitekwan**, ぎていくわん, 議定官, *n.* A sort of committee in the Board of Decorations.  
**Gitei suru**, ぎていする, 議定, *v.t.* To discuss and settle; to consider and decide. [ceremony.]  
**Giten**, ぎてん, 儀典, *n.* A regulation; rules of.  
**Gito**, ぎと, 岐途, *n.* Same as *Giro*. [hesitation.]  
**Giwaku**, ぎわく, 疑惑, *n.* Suspicion; scepticism.  
**Giyaman**, ぎやまん, *n.* [corrupt. of Dutch *diamond*.] Diamond; now corrupted to mean glass.  
**Giyaman-seki**, ぎやまんせき, 金剛石, *n.* Diamond.  
**Giyel**, ぎやい, 儀衛, *n.* Same as *Gijō*. [glass.]  
**Giyū**, ぎゆう, 義勇, *n.* Chivalrous courage; heroism.  
**Giyūhei**, ぎゆうへい, 義勇兵, *n.* Volunteers.  
**Gizagiza**, ぎざぎざ, *a.* Zigzag. [manner.]  
**Gizen**, ぎぜん, 毅然, *adv.* In a grand or imposing manner.  
*Gizen to shite ōkaku wo arawasu*, 毅然トシテ頭角ヲ見ス, to cut a prominent or conspicuous figure.  
**Gizensha**, ぎぜんしゃ, 偽善者, *n.* A false saint; a pretended philanthropist; a hypocrite.  
**Gizetsu suru**, ぎせつする, 義絶, *v.t.* To break off or disown friendship. Syn. ZEKKŌ SURU. [forge.]  
**Gizō suru**, ぎさうする, 偽造, *v.t.* To counterfeit; to *Shōsho wo gize? suru*, 証書ヲ偽造スル, to counterfeit bonds. Syn. GANZŌ SURU. [terfeit bonds.]  
**Go**, ゴ, 油, *n.* ① Bean oil. ② Beans softened by steeping, grinding, and then filtering through coarse cloth (a mordant in calico printing).  
**Go**, ゴ, 碁, *n.* A game resembling that of checkers, but much more complicated.  
*Go wo kakomu*, 碁ヲ圍ム, to play checkers.  
**Go**, ゴ, 語, *n.* A word; language.  
*Ichigo mo twazu*, 一語モ云ハズ, does not say a word. Syn. HANASHI, KOTOBA, MONOII. [moment.]  
**Go**, ゴ, 期, *n.* A fixed point; occasion; stage; time; *Kono go ni oyobi*, 此期ニ及ビ, at this critical moment; *Sono go ni itatte yaku wo henzari*, 其期ニ至ツテ約ヲ毀セリ, when the moment arrived, he broke his promise; *Tsukuru go*, 盡ケル期, the time by which anything is exhausted. —*suru*, *v.t.* To fix (as time); to promise.  
*Gofitsu wo gosu*, 後日ヲ期ス, to fix another day; to wait for another opportunity. Syn. TORI, ORI.  
**Go**, ゴ, 後, *adv.* Behind; after; afterwards.





*Sono go wa awazu*, 其後ハ逢ハズ, since then, I have not met (or seen) him; *Sono zen-go*, 其前後, before and after that.  
 Syn. ATO, NOCHI.  
**Go**, ゴ, 御. [prefix.] An honorific prefix.  
*Go-han*, 御飯, [polite coll.] boiled rice; meal; *Go-mon zen wo tūri mashita*, 御門前ヲ通りマシタ, [coll.] I passed before your gate; *Taiso gonesshin da ne*, 大層御熱心ダネ, [coll.] you are very enthusiastic; *Go-ran ni ireru*, 御覽ニ入レル, to show anything (to a superior); *Nani ka go-yō desu ka*, 何か御用デスカ, have you any business with me; is there anything I can do for you; *Oji-go*, 叔父御, [polite.] his or your uncle; *Oyago*, 親御, [polite.] his or your father.  
**Go**, ゴ, 五, a. Five.  
*Go no hi ni debaru*, 五ノ日ニ出張ル, to attend office on the 5th, 15th, 25th days of each month.  
 Syn. ITSU, ITSUTSU.  
**Go**, ゴ, 午, n. Noon. [noon.  
*Go-go*, 午後, afternoon; *Go-zen*, 午前, forenoon.  
**Go**, ゴ, 業, n. ① Business; occupation; trade. ② One's actions in this or a previous life.  
*Akugō*, 惡業, evil deeds; *Higō no shi*, 非業ノ死, a guiltless death (as of one murdered or beheaded without any crime).  
**Go**, がう, 署, n. ① Same as *Gōhatsu*. ② A writing brush or pen. ③ A measure of weight equal to 2 of a *rin* (兩).  
 Syn. FUDŌ, KE.  
**Go**, がう, 郷, n. ① One of a subdivision of a *gun* (郡) in ancient times. ② The country or a place away from a city.  
*Kin-gō kin-zai*, 近郷近在, the neighbouring country or environs (of a city).  
 Syn. INAKA, ZAISHO.  
**Go**, がう, 號, n. ① Name; designations. ② [Chin.] A literary name; *noms de plume*. ③ Number (ordinal). ④ A prefix to the name of a ship.  
*Gō wo tsukeru*, 號ヲ付ル, to give or fix a literary name; *Shichijū-go gō*, 七十五號, No. 75.  
 Syn. NA, TONAR, SHIRUSHI. [ous.  
**Go**, がう, 剛, a. Strong; robust; valiant; courage-  
*Gō no mono*, 剛ノ者, a strong or valiant person.  
**Go**, がう, 合, n. A measure, for grain, liquids, etc., equal to 2 of a *shō* (升). ② A piece of land equal to 2 of a *tsubo* (坪). ③ Numeral for boxes, jars, etc.  
*Gon-gō no sake*, 五合ノ酒, five *gō* of sake; *Hako ichi gō*, 箱一合, a box.  
**Go**, ゴ, 劫, n. [Budd.] A very long duration of time; infinity; eternity.  
**Gōaku**, がうあく, 強悪, n. and a. ① Wickedness, viciousness, knavery, villainy; brutality. ② vicious, wicked, heinous, demoniacal.  
**Gōanishi**, ゴあんし, 五箇子, n. [Bot.] Gallnut.

**Goban**, ゴばん, 碁盤, 碁局, n. A checker-board.  
**Gobanjima**, ゴばんじま, 碁盤織, 棋花, n. Checkered cloth; plaid.  
**Goban-no-me**, ゴばんのめ, 棋盤格, n. The squares on a checkerboard. [a word.  
**Gobi**, ゴび, 語尾, n. The termination or ending of *Dōshi no gobi*, 動詞ノ語尾, the termination of a verb; *Gobi no henkwa*, 語尾ノ變化, the changes of the ending of a word. [Lappa.  
**Gobō**, ゴぼ, 牛蒡, n. [Bot.] Burdock, *Arctium*.  
**Gobō**, ゴぼ, 御坊, n. Reverend (used in addressing a priest). [burdock.  
**Gobōshi**, ゴぼし, 牛蒡子, n. [Bot.] The seeds of *Gōboku suru*, がうよくする, 降伏, v.t. To surrender, yield, or submit (to an enemy).  
**Gobun**, ゴぶん, 誤聞, n. Hearing wrong; an error in hearing.  
**Gobuzuke**, ゴぶづけ, 五分漬, n. Dried radish chopped into pieces of about 5 *bu* (or half an inch) in length and cooked with soy and sugar.  
**Gōbyō**, ゴびょう, 疾病, n. Illness supposed to be a punishment for one's evil doings in this or a previous life.  
**Gobyō**, ゴびょう, 誤謬, n. A mistake; an error.  
 Syn. AYAMACHI, MACHIGAI.  
**Gochiku**, ゴちく, 五畜, n. Five domestic animals, viz., horses, cattle, sheep, swine, and domestic fowls.  
**Gochi-nyorai**, ゴちによらい, 五智如来, n. [Budd.] Five *nyorai* or Buddhist deities, viz., Dainichi (大日), Ajiku (阿闍), Hōshō (寶生), Mida (彌陀), and Shaka (釋迦). [treat.  
**Gochisō**, ゴちそう, n. [coll.] An entertainment; a *Gochō*, ゴちやう, 伍長, n. [Mil.] Corporal.  
**Gōcho**, がうちよ, 豪猪, n. [Zool.] A porcupine.  
**Gōchoku**, がうちよく, 剛直, a. Just; righteous; upright.  
*Gōchoku no otoko*, 剛直ノ男, a righteous man.  
**Godai**, ゴだい, 五代, n. Five generations; five dynasties of China which succeeded that of TŌ.  
**Godairiki**, ゴたいりき, n. A kind of boat. [船].  
**Godaijū**, ゴたいじう, 五大洲, n. The five great continents, namely, Asia, Europe, Africa, North America, and south America.  
**Godaiyō**, ゴたいやう, 五大洋, n. The five great oceans, viz., the Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Arctic, and Antarctic.  
**Godan**, ゴたん, 後段, n. ① The last act in a play. ② Dessert.  
**Gōdan**, がうたん, 強談, n. Compulsory demand; persuasion by intimidation.  
*Gōdan ni oyobu*, 強談ニ及ブ, to demand importunately.  
 — *suru*, v.t. To ask importunately.  
**Godatsu**, ゴたつ, 誤脱, n. Omission by mistake; missing.

**Gōdatsu**, がうたつ, 強奪, n. Encroachment; violent intrusion or seizure; plunder. — *suru*, v.t. To seize unjustly upon anything which belongs to another; to plunder.  
**Godō**, ゴたう, 悟道, n. Understanding truth (especially of Buddhism).  
**Gōdō**, がうたう, 合同, n. [Math.] Congruence.  
**Godokoro**, ゴどころ, 碁所, n. Master of the game of *go* in the service of the Shōgunate (the post was hereditary in a particular family).  
**Gōfū**, ゴふう, 隆符, 隆符, n. A polite term for *Mamorī*, which see.  
 Syn. MAMORĪ.  
**Gōfu**, がうふ, 豪富, n. A rich person; a wealthy family; the opulent; a millionaire.  
**Gōfuku**, がうふく, 剛愎, n. and a. Intrepidity, obstinacy; headstrong, self-willed.  
**Gofuku**, ゴふく, 呉服, n. Dry goods.  
**Gofuku-dana**, ゴふくだな, 呉服店, n. A dry goods store; mercer.  
**Gofuku-shaku**, ゴふくしゃく, 呉服尺, n. ① A *Gofuku-zashi*, ゴふくざし, 吳服巻, ) measure of length equal to about 1.25 Eng. feet (now disused). ② A measure 2½ ft. long used by mercers; a yard-stick.  
**Gofun**, ゴぶん, 胡粉, n. ① Native carbonate of lead. ② Chalk or carbonate of lime prepared by burning shells.  
**Gogaku**, ゴがく, 五嶽, n. The five principal peaks in Japan, namely: Takachiho, Kongō, Nyoī, Hiei, and Atago.  
**Gogaku**, ゴがく, 語學, n. The science of language; linguistics; philology. [philologist.  
**Gogakusha**, ゴがくしゃ, 語學者, n. A linguist.  
**Goge**, ゴげ, 碁箱, n. A case or box for checkerstones (*goishi*). [of a word.  
**Gogen**, ゴげん, 語原, n. The origin or derivation.  
**Gogen**, ゴげん, 御言, n. Your words (used respectfully by ladies).  
**Gōgi**, がうぎ, 強氣, a. [coll.] Great; extraordinary. — *ni*, adv. Vastly; enormously; remarkably; exorbitantly.  
*Gōgi na hataraki wo shita*, 強氣ヲ働ラシタ, [coll.] has (or have) done a great achievement; *Gōgi na yatsu da*, 強氣ヲ奴ダ, [coll.] an extraordinary or remarkable fellow; *Gōgi ni mōke ga atta*, [coll.] 強氣ニ利益ガアツタ, there has been a great gain.  
**Gogo**, ゴご, 午後, n. Afternoon. [a great gain.  
 Syn. HIRUSUGI.  
**Gōgo**, がうご, 合期, n. Being in time; answering the purpose. — *suru*, v.t. To be in time, etc.  
**Gōgō**, がうごご, 五々, adv. and a. The sound of snoring or roaring; uproarious.  
**Gogon**, ゴごん, 五言, n. ① Five words. ② A Chinese verse consisting of five words or characters.

*Gogon zekku*, 五言絶句, a Chinese poem consisting of four verses each containing five words or characters.  
**Gogosoku**, ゴごそく, 五具足, n. Five things needed before a Buddhist idol, viz., a flower-vase, a candle-stick, an incense pot, and a pair of lamps.  
**Gogwatsu**, ゴごわつ, 五月, n. May; the fifth month (o. s.).  
**Gogwatsu-giku**, ゴごわつぎく, 五月菊, n. [Bot.] Early chrysanthemum.  
**Gogwatsu-senage**, ゴごわつさなげ, 桑尾, n. [Bot.] Kidney bean, Bean.  
**Gogyaku**, ゴぎやく, 五逆, n. Cont. form of below.  
**Gogyakunai**, ゴぎやくない, 五逆罪, n. [Budd.] Great crimes committed against superiors: murdering one's father, murdering one's mother, wounding Buddha's person, killing his immediate disciple, and murdering a Buddhist priest.  
**Gogyō**, ゴぎやう, 五行, n. The five elements of nature in Chinese philosophy: wood, fire, earth, metal, and water.  
**Gōgyō**, がうぎやう, 合業, n. Combination of labour; partnership; association in trade.  
**Gohan**, ゴはん, 御飯, n. [polite. coll.] Boiled rice; meal.  
 Syn. GOZEN.  
**Gōhara**, ゴうばら, 糞腹, n. [coll.] The state of being enraged; heart burning; the gorge rising; the vials of wrath; feeling resentment.  
**Gōhatsu**, がうはつ, 髣髴, n. [Chin.] The hair; [fig.] the least possible quantity.  
**Gohatto**, ゴはつと, 御法度, n. Imperial prohibition; laws of the country; statutes. Now disused.  
**Gohet**, ゴへい, 御幣, n. [coll.] Paper cut in a peculiar shape, fastened upon a stick, and placed in a Shintō shrine before the *kami* as a sign of offering (supposed by the vulgar, to represent the spirit of the deity).  
**Gohet-katsugi**, ゴへいかつぎ, 御幣持, n. [lit.] One who shoulders a *gohet*; [fig.] a superstitious fellow.  
**Gohen**, ゴへん, 御通, pron. You (used to equals in former times).  
 Syn. SOKOMOTO. [former times).  
**Gohenkei**, ゴへんけい, 五邊形, n. [Math.] Pentagon. [ponents.  
**Gōhi-no-ri**, がうひのり, 合比之理, n. [Math.] Comparison.  
**Gōhitsu**, がうひつ, 寄筆, n. A writing brush; a pen. [operations.  
**Gohō**, ゴほう, 五法, n. [Math.] Five fundamental.  
**Gōhō**, ゴほう, 業報, n. Condign punishment; a retribution of evil deeds committed in this or previous life.  
**Gōhō**, がうほう, 號砲, n. A signal cannon.  
*Gōhō wo hanatsu*, 號砲ヲ發ツ, to discharge a signal gun. [son of that rank.  
**Goi**, ゴい, 五位, n. Fifth rank of honour, or a per-



**Gōi.** がい, 合意, *n.* Agreeing together, union; concord; contract; agreement. — *suru*, *v.t.* To agree together; to unite, etc.

**Gōin.** ごいん, 五音, *n.* [*Chin.*] The five principal notes of Chinese music, named, respectively, *Kyū* (宮), *Shū* (商), *Kaku* (角), *Chi* (徵), and *U* (羽).

**Gōin.** がういん, 強飲, *n.* Drinking (ardent spirits) to excess. — *suru*, *v.t.* To drink to excess.

**Gōin.** がういん, 強姦, *n.* Rape; violation of women. — *suru*, *v.t.* To commit rape upon; to ravish. Syn. *GŌKAN SURU*.

**Gōsangī.** ごさぎ, 水鷺, *n.* [*Ornith.*] Night heron, *Nycticorax nycticorax*.

**Gōshi.** ごし, 碁石, *n.* Small circular stones or ground pieces of shells used in the game of *go*.

**Goji.** ごじ, 誤字, *n.* A wrong letter or character; a misspelled word.

**Goji.** ごじ, 午時, *n.* Noon. (水鷺)

**Gojin.** ごじん, 後陣, *n.* The rear ranks of an army; rear camp. [*Army.*]

**Gojin.** ごじん, 伍陣, *n.* The ranks or files of an army.

**Gojin.** ごじん, 吾人, *n.* We (used in writing only). Syn. *WARERA*, *WAREWARE*.

**Gojin.** ごじん, 誤認, *n.* Misconception; an erroneous belief. — *suru*, *v.t.* To misconceive; to misunderstand; to be in error.

**Gōjō.** ごじょう, 夜落金縷, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Pentapetes phoenicea*.

**Goji suru.** ごじする, 護持, *v.t.* To preserve, defend, guard, or protect. [*Buddhism.*]  
*Butsudō wo goji suru*, 佛道ヲ護持ス, to defend (or future) day.

**Gojitsu.** ごじつ, 後日, *n.* A subsequent day; another (or future) day.

**Gōjū.** ごじゅう, 五常, *n.* [*Chin.*] The five cardinal virtues: *jin* (仁), humanity, *gi* (義), righteousness, *rei* (禮), politeness, *chi* (智), wisdom, and *shin* (信), faith.

**Gōjū.** ごじゅう, 御座, *n.* The command of a superior (especially of one's lord).  
*Gōjū niwa sōrō ga*, 御座ニハ候ガ, although it is the command of your honour. Syn. *OKOTORA*, *ŌSE*.

**Gōjū.** ごじゅう, 五條, *n.* The scarf made with five breadths of cloth (worn by Buddhist priests).

**Gōjū.** ごじゅう, 強情, *n.* and *a.* Obstinacy, stubbornness; headstrong; stiff; obdurate.  
*Gōjū wo haru*, 強情ヲハル, to be stubborn; to persist. [*Exclamation.*]

**Gōjūmoku.** ごじゅうもく, 御條目, *n.* Imperial pro-



**Gōjōppari.** ごじょうぱり, がつまやうぱり, *n.* [*coll.*] A stiff-necked or obstinate fellow.

**Gōjū.** ごじゅう, 後住, *n.* Successor to the priorship of a Buddhist temple.

**Gōjū.** ごじゅう, 五十, *a.* Fifty.  
*Ningen wazuka gojū nen*, 人間僅五十年, [*coll.*] human life is but fifty years.

**Gōjūdai.** ごじゅうたい, 御入内, *n.* Entering the Imperial palace (said of the Empress first entering the palace on her marriage with the Emperor).

**Gōjūkara.** ごじゅうから, *n.* [*Ornith.*] Nuthatch. Syn. *KIMAWARI*.

**Gōjū-no-tō.** ごじゅうのとう, 五重塔, *n.* A Buddhist tower or pagoda of five stories.

**Gōjū-on.** ごじゅうおん, 五十音, *n.* The fifty different sounds of Japanese *kana*.

**Gōjū-on-zu.** ごじゅうおんず, 五十音圖, *n.* A table of the above arranged in five columns according to the five vowel sounds, *a, i, e, o, u*.

**Gōka.** ごうか, 豪家, *n.* A wealthy family, an opulent person. Syn. *MONOMOCHI*. [*lent person.*]

**Goku.** ごく, 五加, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Acanthopanax aculeatum* or *divaricatum*. Syn. *UKOGI*.

**Gokai.** ごかい, 五戒, *n.* The five Buddhist commandments against murder, theft, adultery, lying, and intemperance.

**Gokai.** ごかい, 沙灘, *n.* [*Zool.*] *Nereis* sp.

**Gokai.** ごかい, 誤解, *n.* Misunderstanding; an erroneous interpretation. — *suru*, *v.t.* To misconstrue; to misunderstand; to mistake. Syn. *OMOICHIGAI*.

**Gōkainō.** ごうかいを, 熬海鼠, *n.* [*Zool.*] Dried *bêche-de-mer*.

**Gōkaku.** ごうかく, 豪客, *n.* Same as *Gōkyō* (豪傑).

**Gōkaku.** ごかく, 牛角, 五角, *a.* and *n.* ① Even; equally matched; well-balanced; undecided (as a battle). ② A drawn game.  
*Gōkaku no shōbu*, 牛角ノ勝負, a drawn game; *Gōkaku no ikotō*, 五角ノ勢, the state of being well-balanced in power (said of two hostile parties). [*tagonal.*]

**Gōkaku.** ごかく, 五角, *a.* [*Math.*] Five-angled; pentagonal.

**Gōkaku.** ごかく, 語格, *n.* Grammatical rules.

**Gōkakukel.** ごかくけい, 五角形, *n.* [*Math.*] Pentagon.

**Gōkan.** ごかん, 伍寒, *n.* Severe cold. [*tagon.*]

**Gōkan.** ごかん, 五疳, *n.* The name of a children's disease.

**Gōkan.** ごうかん, 強姦, *n.* Same as *Gōin* (強姦). Takes the usual verb-forms.

**Gōkanjō-bugyō.** ごかんぢょうぶぎやう, 御勘定奉行, *n.* A polite form of *Kanjōbugyō*.

**Gōkayō-wōren.** ごかえふわうじん, 五加皮黃連, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Coptis quinquefolia*.

**Goke.** ごけ, 後家, *n.* A widow. Syn. *YAMOME*.

**Gōke.** ごうけ, 豪家, *n.* An influential family; an opulent person.

**Gōka.** ごうか, 御家, *n.* A polite word for *misogi*.

**Gokai.** ごかい, 五刑, [*Chin.*] Five ways of punishing criminals in ancient times, which consisted in thrashing (with a bundle of twigs), whipping (with a stick), hard labour, exile, and execution.

**Gokai.** ごうかい, 合罰, *n.* The whole number, the sum; amount; total; aggregate. — *suru*, *v.t.* To count up; to totalize; to sum up.

**Gokenshō.** ごけんしょう, 御監勝, *a.* [*Epist.*] In good health; healthy; sound.  
*Iyo-ryo gokenshō no yoshi*, 御監勝之由, that you are more healthy than ever.

**Gōketsu.** ごうけつ, 豪傑, *n.* [*Chin.*] A man remarkable for his ability or genius; a hero; a master mind; a luminary.

**Gōki.** ごうき, 強氣, *n.* and *a.* Courage, bravery; intrepid, stouthearted. [*ly used.*]

**Gōki.** ごき, 御器, 合器, *n.* Same as *Wan* (碗). Rare.

**Gōki.** ごうき, 剛毅, *n.* and *a.* [*Chin.*] Being firm *Kōki*, 剛毅, and upright; righteous and intrepid.

**Gōki.** ごき, 語氣, *n.* Way of speaking; the force of words; emphasis.  
*Gōki surudoshi*, 語氣鋭シ, to have a harsh way of speaking; he uses sharp words.

**Gokin.** ごきん, 五金, *n.* The five metals, viz. gold, silver, copper, iron, and tin.

**Gōkin.** ごうきん, 合金, *n.* [*Physics.*] Alloy.

**Gōkin.** ごうきん, 合窓, *n.* [*Chin.*] Sleeping on the same bed. — *suru*, *v.t.* To sleep on the same bed.

**Gōkinai.** ごきない, 五畿内, *n.* The five provinces adjoining the ancient capital (Kyōto), namely, Yamashiro, Yamato, Kawachi, Izumi, and Settsu.

**Gōki-zuru.** ごきする, 合子草, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Actinostema japonicum*.

**Gōkō.** ごこう, 御幸, *n.* Same as *Miyuki*.

**Gōkō.** ごこう, 五港, *n.* The five trading ports: Yokohama, Kōbe, Nagasaki, Niigata, and Hakodate.

**Gōkō.** ごこう, 後項, *n.* [*Math.*] Consequent.

**Gōkō.** ごこう, 五更, *n.* [*Chin.*] ① The five parts into which the night is divided, including the time from 8 p. m. to 4 a. m. ② Also the fifth division which extends from 4 to 6 a. m.  
*Gōkō no ten*, 五更ノ天, the break of the day.

**Gōkō.** ごこう, 五香, *n.* The five ingredients of incenses viz. alooe wood, clove, sandalwood, camphor, and turmeric.

**Gōkō.** ごこう, 蜈蚣, *n.* [*Entom.*] A centipede.

**Gōkō.** ごこう, 後光, *n.* A golden halo or glory on the back of a Buddhist idol.

**Gōkoku.** ごこく, 後刻, *n.* In a while; in a few minutes; by and by.

**Gōkoku sanjō (tasu deku soro)**, 後刻参上可致候, [*Epist.*] by and by I shall call upon you. Syn. *NOCHIGATA*, *NOCHIMODO*.

**Gōkoku.** ごこく, 五穀, *n.* The five cereals, viz. rice, barley (and wheat), millet, sorghum, and beans (which, though not a cereal, seems to have been so considered in China).

**Gōkoku.** ごこく, 護國, *n.* Protecting the Empire from evils or foreign invasions.

**Gōkokushi.** ごこくし, 五國史, *n.* The five noted historical writings in Japan: *Zoku Nihongi* (續日本紀), *Nihon Kōki* (日本後紀), *Zoku Nihon Kōki* (續日本後紀), *Buntoku Jitsuroku* (文徳實録), and *Sandai Jitsuroku* (三代實録).

**Gōkoku suru.** ごうこくする, 號哭, *v.t.* To groan; to bemoan; to wail.

**Gōkon.** ごこん, 五根, *n.* [*Budd.*] The five senses.

**Gōkon.** ごこん, 五根, *n.* Same as *Gōgen* (語源).

**Goku.** ごく, 極, *adv.* A superlative degree; extremely, exceedingly; vary. Used as a prefix to many words.  
*Goku hidō hito*, 極ヒドイ人, [*coll.*] a very cruel person; *Goku umai*, 極甘イ, [*coll.*] very sweet. Syn. *HANAHADA*, *ICHIBAN*, *ITTO*. [*sweet.*]

**Goku.** ごく, 獄, *n.* ① A prison; a jail; a dungeon. ② Criminal cases; litigation.  
*Goku ni kudasu*, 獄ニ下ス, to put in a jail; *Goku wo danzuru*, 獄ヲ斷ズル, to try a criminal

**Goku.** ごく, 穀, *n.* Cereals; grain. [*case.*]  
*Goku dachi wo suru*, 穀斷ヲスル, to abstain from cereal food.

**Gokū.** ごくう, 御供, *n.* Things offered to deities.

**Goku-aku.** ごくあく, 極悪, *a.* Most wicked, vicious, or malicious; malpractice; the sink of iniquity; the lowest dregs of vice.

**Gokudachi.** ごくたち, 穀斷, *n.* Abstinence from eating grain.

**Gokudō.** ごくどう, *n.* and *a.* [*coll.*] Prodigality, unthriftiness; profligacy; dissolute, dissipated, debauched.  
*Gokudō musuko*, ゴクダウ息子, a [*Provinc.*] profligate son; *Gokudō me*, ゴクダウメ, [*coll.*] [*Provinc.*] you, debauched fellow. Syn. *HŌRATSU*.

**Gokugetsu.** ごくげつ, 極月, *n.* The last month of the year; December. Syn. *SHIWASU*.

**Gokubi.** ごくひ, 極秘, *a.* and *n.* Kept very secret; complete secrecy.

**Gokubin.** ごくひん, 極貧, *n.* and *a.* Being extremely indigent, privation, destitution; poor, penniless. [*fine quality.*]

**Gokuhin.** ごくひん, 極品, *n.* An article of superlative quality.

**Gokui.** ごくい, 極意, *n.* The most profound principles of a science or art; the mysteries or secrets of any subject of study.



*Kenjutsu no gokui wo kiwamu*, 劍術ノ極意ヲ極ム, to attain or to be versed in the deepest principles of the art of fencing.  
Syn. Ōgi, OKUNOTE.

**Gokujō**, ごくじょう, 極上, *a.* The very best; of the finest quality; first-rate; peerless; superfine.  
*Gokujō no shina*, 極上ノ品, a first-rate article.

**Gokukan**, ごくかん, 極寒, *n.* Severe cold; the coldest season.

**Gokukwan**, ごくくわん, 極官, *n.* The highest of official post.

**Gokumon**, ごくもん, 獄門, *n.* ① The gate of a jail. ② A mode of punishing a criminal by exposing his head, after execution, near the gate of a prison house.

**Gokumondai**, ごくもんだい, 獄門臺, *n.* A scaffold used for exposing the head of a criminal in the above punishment.

**Gokunetsu**, ごくねつ, 極熱, *n.* The severest or most intense heat.

**Gokuraku**, ごくらく, 極楽, *n.* [lit.] The highest happiness; celestial bliss; the paradise of the Buddhists.

**Gokuraku-sekai**, ごくらくせかい, 極楽世界, *n.*

**Gokuraku-jōdo**, ごくらくじょうど, 極楽浄土, *n.* The abode of the blessed; the garden of Hesperides; paradise; Eden.

**Gokuri**, ごくり, 獄吏, *n.* A jailer.

**Gokusei**, ごくせい, 極製, *n.* and *a.* Anything prepared with the utmost care; of superfine quality.

**Gokusha**, ごくしゃ, 獄舎, *n.* [Chin.] A prison house; a jail.

**Gokūsho**, ごくうしよ, 御供所, 神所, *n.* A building attached to a shrine or temple where offerings are prepared.

**Gokusho**, ごくしよ, 極暑, *n.* The severest summer; the hottest season.

**Gokusoku**, ごくそく, 獄則, *n.* Regulations in a prison house.  
*Gokusoku wo mamoru*, 獄則ヲ守ル, to observe the rules of a jail.

**Gokusofu**, ごくそふ, 獄卒, *n.* ① A devil in the Buddhist hell, whose duty it is to torture the spirit of the dead. ② A jailer.

**Gokutei**, ごくてい, 獄丁, *n.* A jailer.

**Gokutsubushi**, ごくつぶし, 贅漢, *n.* [coll.] A mere consumer of food; good-for-nothing fellow; a drone.

**Gokuya**, ごくや, 獄舎, *n.* Same as *Gokusha*.

**Gokusai**, ごくさい, 極罪, *n.* The most horrible crime; capital offence.

**Gokusaihiki**, ごくさいひき, 極彩色, 濃彩, *n.* The style or kind of painting in which various beautiful colours are applied on minutely drawn figures

**Gokusui**, ごくすい, *n.* Same as *Gokujō* (極上).

**Gokwan**, ごくわん, 五官, *n.* The five senses.

**Gōkwanboku**, ごくわんぼく, 合歡木, *n.* [Bot.] *Allizia Julibrissin*.

**Gōkyō**, ごきょう, 五經, *n.* [Chin.] The five Chinese classics: *Ekikyō* (易經), *Shōkyō* (書經), *Shikyō* (詩經), *Shunjiū* (春秋), and *Reiki* (禮記).

**Gōkyō**, ごうきょう, 剛強, *n.* and *a.* Strong and energetic; bold-spirited; firm; indomitable.

**Gōkyō**, ごうきょう, 豪傑, *n.* [Chin.] Gallant; chivalrous; heroic.  
*Gōkyō no kaku*, 豪傑ノ姿, a gallant person.

**Gōkyō**, ごきょう, 五教, *n.* [Chin.] The five cardinal precepts viz., *Shin* (親, love) between parent and child, *Gi* (義, righteousness) between master and servant, *Betsu* (別, distinction) between husband and wife, *Jo* (序, order) between the old and the young, and *Shin* (信, faith) between friends.

**Gōkyū suru**, ごうきゅうする, 號泣, *v.i.* [Chin.] To cry aloud; to groan; to roar.

**Goma**, ごま, 胡麻, *n.* ① [Bot.] *Sesamum Orientale*.  
*Goma wo suru*, 胡麻ヲ搗ル, [coll.] [lit.] to grind the seeds of the above plant in a mortar; [fig.] to cater to the whims or prejudices of another with the object of pleasing; to take one's fancy.

**Goma**, ごま, 護摩, *n.* [Budd.] A Buddhist ceremony of burning fire before an idol and saying prayers at the same time (supposed to destroy or blot out all sins and evils).  
*Goma wo taku*, 護摩ヲ焼ク, to perform the above rite.

**Gōma**, ごうま, 降魔, *n.* [Chin.] Conquering evil influences; subjugating devils.  
*Gōma no riken*, 降魔ノ利劍, a sharp sword for subjugating demons (usually held by the image of the Buddhist deity *Fuūmyōō*).

**Gomadarakō**, ごまたらこ, *n.* [Entom.] *Eurypus japonica*.

**Gomadara-kamikiri**, ごまたらかみきり, *n.* [Entom.] *Mesosa longipennis*.

**Gomadō**, ごまたう, 護摩堂, *n.* A temple where the Buddhist rite of *goma* is performed.

**Gōmai**, ごうまい, 豪邁, *n.* [Chin.] Brave; valorous; gallant; undaunted; large minded.

**Gomakashi**, ごまかし, 詐, *n.* Covering up one's fault or defect by a device; hocus-pocus; charlatany; borrowed plumes.  
Syn. MAGIRAKASHI.

**Gomakasu**, ごまかす, 詐, *v.i.* [coll.] To hoodwink another; to hocus; to delude; to gild the pill, to play one a trick.  
Syn. MAGIRAKASHI.

**Gomaki**, ごまき, *n.* [Bot.] *Viburnum Sieboldi*.

**Gomakusa**, ごまくさ, *n.* [Bot.] *Centranthera nipponica*.

**Gomame**, ごまめ, 鰯, *n.* Dried young sardines (eaten especially on the new year's day).

**Gomamiso**, ごまみそ, 胡麻味噌, *n.* *Goma* parched, mixed with *miso*, and ground in a mortar for food.

**Gōman**, ごうまん, 傲慢, *n.* and *a.* Arrogance, haughtiness, assumption; proud, puffed up, highflown.  
*Gōman fuson*, 傲慢不遜, proud and arrogant (especially toward one's superiors).

**Gomana**, ごまな, *n.* [Bot.] *Aster Glehnii*.

**Goma-no-abura**, ごまのあぶら, 胡麻油, *n.* Gingly oil.

**Goma-no-hagusa**, ごまのばぐさ, 玄參, *n.* [Bot.] *Scrophularia Oldhami*.

**Goma-no-hai**, ごまのはい, *n.* A thief disguised as a traveller for deluding his victims.

**Gomashio**, ごまじよ, 胡麻鹽, *n.* *Goma* mixed with table-salt, and used for flavouring.  
*Gomashio atama*, 胡麻鹽頭, the head almost entirely gray.

**Gomasuri**, ごますり, *n.* [coll.] One who caters to the whims or prejudices of another; a sycophant; a tale-bearer; a toad-eater.

**Gomatsu**, ごまつ, 膏木, *n.* [Chin.] The end of the hair; the hair's breadth; the smallest possible quantity.

**Gomei**, ごめい, 五明, *n.* The name of a fan said to have been made by the famous Emperor Gushun of China.

**Gomen**, ごめん, 御免, *n.* Your gracious permission, pardon, or excuse; permission or exemption (as by the Government); acquittal.  
*Gomen wo kōmuru*, 御免ヲ蒙ル, to receive permission from a superior; *Mappira gomen kudasaki mase*, 眞手御免クダサキマセ, [coll.] I earnestly beg your pardon; *Oyaku gomen*, 御役御免, being excused from a public service.  
Syn. KWANKYO, YURUSHI.

**Gomengawa**, ごめんがわ, 御免草, *n.* [comp. of *Gomen* and *kawa*.] A leather stuff with white figures on reddish yellow ground (in distinction from *nishikigawa* which the common people were not permitted to use).

**Gomengeta**, ごめんげた, 御免下駄, *n.* Wooden clogs with straw matting on the upper surface (so called because court officers were permitted to wear them in rainy weather).

**Gome ni**, ごめに, 込, *adv.* Together with; including or involving.  
*Ki ga negome ni taoru*, 木ノ根込ニ倒ル, the trees fell down roots and all; *Hana gome ni*, 花ノ込ニ, together with the flowers. rhedron.

**Gomentai**, ごめんたい, 五面體, *n.* [Math.] Pentagonal.

**Gomi**, ごみ, 五味, *n.* The five kinds of tastes or

flavours: acidity, bitterness, sourness, sweetness, and saline taste.

**Gomi**, ごみ, 塵, *n.* Dirt; dust; rubbish.  
*Gomi wo harau*, 塵ヲ拂フ, to brush off dirt.

**Gomimushi**, ごみむし, *n.* Several species of beetle belonging to the family Carabidae.

**Gomin**, ごみん, 午飯, *n.* Same as *Hirune*.

**Gomishi**, ごみし, 五味子, *n.* [Bot.] *Kadsura japonica*.

**Gomitame**, ごみため, 芥餅, *n.* A box or hole for throwing rubbish into; a dirt heap.  
Syn. CHIRIZUKA, HAKIDAME.

**Gomitori**, ごみどり, 芥取, 塵斗, *n.* A dust pan.  
Syn. CHIRITORI.

**Gomiyu**, ごみや, *n.* A scavenger.

**Gomoku**, ごもく, 墨芥, *n.* Litter; rubbish; dirt.

**Gomoku-narabe**, ごもくならべ, 五目並, *n.* A game in which that party wins who first succeeds in arranging five checkers in a row.

**Gomoku-meshi**, ごもくめし, 五目飯, *n.* Rice cooked with various kinds of vegetables.

**Gomoku-sushi**, ごもくすし, 五目鮓, *n.* Boiled

**Gomoku-zushi**, ごもくずし, rice mixed cooked fish, eggs, vegetables, or other food articles, and flavoured with vinegar.

**Gomotsu**, ごもつ, 御物, *n.* Imperial treasures.

**Gōmon**, ごうもん, 拷問, *n.* Torturing criminals to extort confessions; examination by tortures. — *suru*, *v.t.* To examine by tortures.

**Gomu**, ごむ, 膠, *n.* [Eng.] Gum; india-rubber.  
*Gomu wo niku*, 膠ヲ引ク, to gum or varnish (as cloth).

**Gomu-gutsu**, ごむぐつ, 膠履, *n.* Rubber shoes.

**Gomu-hiki-nuno**, ごむひきぬの, 膠襪引布, *n.*

**Gomu-hiki-nuno**, ごむひきぬの, [coll.] I earnestly beg your pardon; *Oyaku gomen*, 御役御免, being excused from a public service.  
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**Gomu-hiki-nuno**, ごむひきぬの, [coll.] I earnestly beg your pardon; *Oyaku gomen*, 御役御免, being excused from a public service.  
Syn. KWANKYO, YURUSHI.

**Gomengawa**, ごめんがわ, 御免草, *n.* [comp. of *Gomen* and *kawa*.] A leather stuff with white figures on reddish yellow ground (in distinction from *nishikigawa* which the common people were not permitted to use).

**Gomengeta**, ごめんげた, 御免下駄, *n.* Wooden clogs with straw matting on the upper surface (so called because court officers were permitted to wear them in rainy weather).

**Gome ni**, ごめに, 込, *adv.* Together with; including or involving.  
*Ki ga negome ni taoru*, 木ノ根込ニ倒ル, the trees fell down roots and all; *Hana gome ni*, 花ノ込ニ, together with the flowers. rhedron.

**Gomentai**, ごめんたい, 五面體, *n.* [Math.] Pentagonal.

**Gomi**, ごみ, 五味, *n.* The five kinds of tastes or

flavours: acidity, bitterness, sourness, sweetness, and saline taste.

**Gomi**, ごみ, 塵, *n.* Dirt; dust; rubbish.  
*Gomi wo harau*, 塵ヲ拂フ, to brush off dirt.

**Gomimushi**, ごみむし, *n.* Several species of beetle belonging to the family Carabidae.

**Gomin**, ごみん, 午飯, *n.* Same as *Hirune*.

**Gomishi**, ごみし, 五味子, *n.* [Bot.] *Kadsura japonica*.

**Gomitame**, ごみため, 芥餅, *n.* A box or hole for throwing rubbish into; a dirt heap.  
Syn. CHIRIZUKA, HAKIDAME.

**Gomitori**, ごみどり, 芥取, 塵斗, *n.* A dust pan.  
Syn. CHIRITORI.

**Gomiyu**, ごみや, *n.* A scavenger.

**Gomoku**, ごもく, 墨芥, *n.* Litter; rubbish; dirt.

**Gomoku-narabe**, ごもくならべ, 五目並, *n.* A game in which that party wins who first succeeds in arranging five checkers in a row.

**Gomoku-meshi**, ごもくめし, 五目飯, *n.* Rice cooked with various kinds of vegetables.

**Gomoku-sushi**, ごもくすし, 五目鮓, *n.* Boiled

**Gomoku-zushi**, ごもくずし, rice mixed cooked fish, eggs, vegetables, or other food articles, and flavoured with vinegar.

**Gomotsu**, ごもつ, 御物, *n.* Imperial treasures.

**Gōmon**, ごうもん, 拷問, *n.* Torturing criminals to extort confessions; examination by tortures. — *suru*, *v.t.* To examine by tortures.

**Gomu**, ごむ, 膠, *n.* [Eng.] Gum; india-rubber.  
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**Gomi**, ごみ, 五味, *n.* The five kinds of tastes or



*Gongo ni zessu*, 言超二絶ス, to be beyond the power of speech; to beggar description; beyond expression; inexpressible.

**Gongo-dōdan**, ごんごたうたん, 言語道断, *a.* Not knowing what to make of; inexpressible; unutterable. Mostly used in a bad sense.

**Gongyō**, ごんぎやう, 勤行, *n.* [Budd.] Religious austerities; penance.

**Gonichi**, ごんにち, 後日, *n.* A subsequent day; another or future day.

**Goningumi**, ごんごみ, 五人組, *n.* A company of five persons or families, which constituted the lowest basis of communal government in former times.

**Gonjō**, ごんじやう, 言上, *n.* Reporting to a superior, relating or telling to one's lord.  
*Gonjō ni oyobu*, 言上ニ及ブ, to report or tell (as to one's superior).  
Syn. JOSHIN, MOSHIAGE.

**Gonka ni**, ごんかに, 言下, *adv.* As soon as spoken; immediately; quickly; at once.  
*Gonka ni toki-fusu*, 言下ニ説キ伏ス, he at once forced him to yield assent.

**Gonkiri**, ごんきり, 五寸切, 干鰯, *n.* Young hama dried, chopped, and cured with vinegar.

**Gonku**, ごんく, 言句, *n.* Words; speech; language.

**Gonō**, ごんやう, 御願, *n.* Indisposition of Imperial personages.

**Gōnō**, ごんのう, 豪農, *n.* A rich farmer.

**Gō-no-mono**, ごんのもの, 剛者, *n.* A bold, courageous, or strong person.  
*Nihon ichi no gō-no-mono*, 日本一ノ剛者, the strongest man in all Japan.

**Gonin suru**, ごんにする, 誤認, *v.t.* To mistake a thing to be something else; to misconceive; to get a false impression.

**Gonsai**, ごんさい, 嬖妾, *n.* [coll.] A concubine.  
Syn. MEKAKE, TEKAKE.

**Gonzai**, ごんざい, 野葛藤, *n.* [Bot.] *Euscaphis Ataphyleoides*.

**Go-on**, ごおん, 吳音, *n.* A peculiar way of pronouncing Chinese characters said to have been introduced from South China.

**Gō-on**, ごおん, 合音, *n.* Combination tone.

**Goraku**, ごらく, 娛樂, *n.* Pleasure; enjoyment; amusement. —*suru*, *v.t.* To amuse one's self; to enjoy.

**Goran**, ごらん, 御覽, *n.* [polite. coll.] Seeing or looking at (used to or of superiors).  
*Goran asabate*, 御覽遊バセ, [coll.] please to look (used to a superior); *Goran ni ireru*, 御覽ニ入レル, to show to a superior. —*suru*, *v.t.* To see (said only of superiors).

**Gōrei**, ごうれい, 號令, *n.* A command; an order.  
*Gōrei wo kakuru*, 號令ヲカケル, to give an order (as a military officer).

—*suru*, *v.t.* To command; to give an order.

**Gorechū**, ごれんちゆう, 御殿中, *n.* An honorific title originally applied to the wife of the court nobles of the better class, but latterly also to that of the Shōgun or of his minister.

**Goretsu**, ごれつ, 後列, *n.* The rear ranks (as of **Kōretsu**, ごれつ, an army).

**Gōri**, ごり, 奇麗, *n.* The smallest quantity; hair's breadth.  
*Gōri no chigai senri wo ayamaru*, 奇麗ノ流千厘ヲ誤ル, [Prov.] the smallest difference is often the cause of the greatest error.

**Gōri**, ごり, 石伏魚, [Ichth.] *Cottus reinii*.

**Gōriki**, ごりき, 剛力, *n.* [coll.]  
① A strong- (石伏魚)  
man. ② A title given to the servant of a *shugenja*.

**Gōrin**, ごりん, 五輪, *n.* [Chin.] The five human relations; of father and son, of master and servant, of husband and wife, of brothers, and of friends.

**Gōrin**, ごりん, 五輪, *n.* ① [Budd.] Cont. form of *Gōrinō*. ② [Hindu literature.] The five elements or bodies; earth, water, fire, wind, and space.

**Gōrin-hana**, ごりんはな, *n.* [Bot.] *Adoxa moschatellina*.

**Gōrin-no-tō**, ごりんのたう, 五輪塔, *n.* [Budd.] A monument composed of five sculptured layers of stone, one on the top of another.

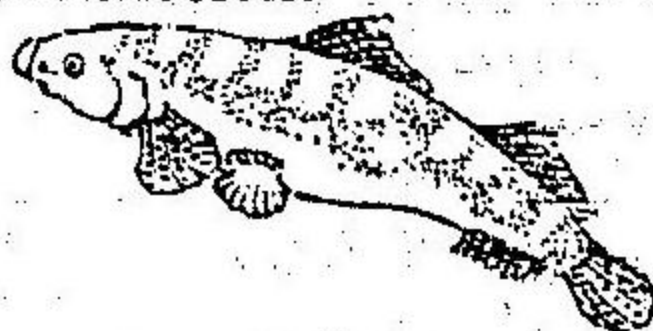
**Goro**, ごろ, 吳羅, 吳呂, *n.* Camlet.  
*Chirimen goro*, 奢羅吳羅, mousseline de laine.

**Goro**, ごろ, 語路, *n.* ① The style or way of combining syllables in a line of poetry, for the sake of euphony or measure. ② A kind of comic verse; doggerel.  
Syn. SHIRABE.

**Goro**, ごろ, 頃, *n.* Time; period of time, about the **Koro**, ごろ, time. Used mostly in compounds.  
*Higoro no negai kanaeri*, 日頃ノ願ヒナヘリ, I have attained my cherished desire; *Rai getsu goro kaeru darō*, 来月頃歸ルベテラフ, [coll.] will return about the next month; *Sanzji goro shuppan seri*, 三時頃出帆セリ, set sail at about 3 o'clock; *Toshi goro kare wo omot kuraseri*, 年頃彼ヲ思ヒ慕セリ, have been longing to see him for many years past.

**Gorofukuren**, ごろフクレン, 吳羅羅連, *n.* [Dutch *graf and grein*.] Camlet.

**Gorogoro**, ごろごろ, 轟々, *adv.* The sound of rumbling (as of a wagon), or rolling (as of a thunder); the purring of a cat.  
*Kaminari ga gorogoro naru*, 雷ガゴロゴロル, the thunder rolls.



**Gorohachi-jawan**, ごろはちやわん, 五郎八茶碗, *n.* An inferior kind of rice-cup.

**Gorōhira**, ごらうひら, *n.* [Bot.] *Thuja japonica*.

**Gorōjiru**, ごらうじる, *v.t.* [polite. coll.] To see, look at, or consider.

**Gorōjū**, ごらうじゆう, 御老中, *n.* The ministers of state in the Tokugawa Government.

**Gorōmaru**, ごらうまる, 五郎丸, *n.* A stuff woven in the province of Etchū, and used for making *hakama*.

**Gorota**, ごろた, *n.* Cont. form of below.

**Gorotakihi**, ごろたいひ, 磊石, *n.* Cobble stones; a pebble.

**Gorotsuki**, ごろつき, *n.* [coll.] An idle rogue; a vagabond; a bully.

**Gorotsuku**, ごろつく, *v.t.* [coll.] ① To wander about; to lead an idler's life. ② To make a rumbling noise; to roll (as a thunder).

**Gōryaku suru**, ごりやくする, 劫奪, *v.t.* To take by force; to pillage; to plunder.

**Gōryō**, ごりやう, 御領, *n.* Territory or land under the direct administration of the Shōgunate.

**Goryō**, ごりやう, 御料, *n.* Anything for the use of the Emperor; the Imperial domains.

**Goryōchi**, ごりやち, 御料地, *n.* Land belonging to the Emperor; Imperial domain.

**Goryō-kyoku**, ごりやきよく, 御料局, *n.* The Bureau of Imperial Domains.

**Goryōnin**, ごりやうにん, 御料人, *n.* [Osaka coll.] An honorific title for another's wife.

**Goryō-no-bashū**, ごりやうのばしやう, 御料馬車, *n.* An Imperial carriage.

**Goryō-no-matsu**, ごりやうのみまつ, 五輪松, *n.* [Bot.] *Pinus pentaphylla*.

**Gōryū**, ごりやう, 合流, *n.* The confluence (as of two streams).

**Gosa**, ごさ, 誤差, *n.* [Physics.] Error.  
*Fueki no gosa*, 不易ノ誤差, constant error; *平均ノ誤差*, mean error; *Shūki no gosa*, 週期ノ誤差, periodic error.

**Goshi**, ごさい, 後妻, *n.* Second wife.

**Gosan**, ごさん, 五山, *n.* The five Buddhist temples in Kyōto: Tearūji (天龍寺), Shōkokuji (相國寺), Keoninji (建仁寺), Tōfukuji (東福寺), and Manjūji (萬壽寺). [estimation.]

**Gosan**, ごさん, 誤算, *n.* Miscalculation, erroneous

**Gosatsu suru**, ごさつする, 誤殺, *v.t.* To kill a person by mistake.

**Gose**, ごせ, 後世, *n.* [Budd.] The future world, future existence.  
*Gose anraku*, 後世安樂, being happy in the future life.  
Syn. NOCHI NO YO.

**Gōsei**, ごせい, 強勢, *adv.* [coll.] Extremely; extraordinarily; greatly.

**Gōshin**, ごしん, 御新進, *n.* [coll.] A respectful title for another's wife; your wife; mistress.

**Gōsei**, ごせい, 強勢, *n.* ① Force in speaking; emphasis. ② Same as *Gōki* (強氣).

**Gōsei-kembikyō**, ごせいけんびきやう, 合成顯微鏡, *n.* [Physics.] Compound microscope.

**Gōsei no**, ごせいの, 合成, *a.* [Math.] Compound.

**Gōseisō**, ごせいさう, 護生草, *n.* [Bot.] Shepherd's purse.

**Gosekke**, ごせつけ, 五攝家, *n.* The five noble families of Kyōto the members of which were formerly entitled to the official post of prime minister, or *Sesshō Kwambaku*, viz., Konoye (近衛), Kujō (九條), Niijō (二條), Ichijō (一條), and Tokatsukasa (藤原).

**Gōsekku**, ごせきく, 五節句, *n.* The five national festivals. See *Sekku* (節句).

**Gosen**, ごせん, 善仙, *n.* A person skilled in the game of *go* (碁). [for each other.]

**Gosen**, ごせん, 互選, *n.* Mutual election or voting (*Gosen tōhyō*), 互選投票, voting for each other (as to membership in a public assembly).  
—*suru*, *v.t.* To vote for each other.

**Gosenhira**, ごせんひら, 五泉平, *n.* A stuff for *hakama* woven at Gosemachi in the province of Echigo.

**Goshu**, ごしやう, 謄寫, *n.* [Chin.] A mistake in copying a document or drawing. —*suru*, *v.t.* To copy wrong.

**Gōsha**, ごしやう, 郷社, *n.* A shrine subject to the jurisdiction of a town.

**Gōsha**, ごしやう, 豪華, *n.* [Chin.] Profligacy; extravagance; profusion; lavishness; luxury.

**Goshaku**, ごしやく, 語釋, *n.* Explaining the meaning of words or writing; commentation.

**Gōshi**, ごうし, 郷士, *n.* A kind of samurai who lived away from the castle town of their liege lord, and cultivated land.

**Goshi**, ごし, 後詞, *n.* [Gram.] A post-position.

**Goshi**, ごし, [port-postl.] Through; beyond; over.  
*Kaki goshi ni miru*, 垣ゴシニ見ル, to see over a fence.

**Goshi**, ごし, 互市, *n.* Barter; commerce; trade.

**Goshijō**, ごしやうじやう, 互市場, *n.* A mart of trade; market; emporium.

**Goshiki**, ごしき, 五色, *n.* and *a.* ① The five colours: red, yellow, green, black, and white. ② Of various colours; party-coloured, variegated.

**Goshimpitsu**, ごしんみつ, 御簾筆, *n.* An autograph of the Emperor.

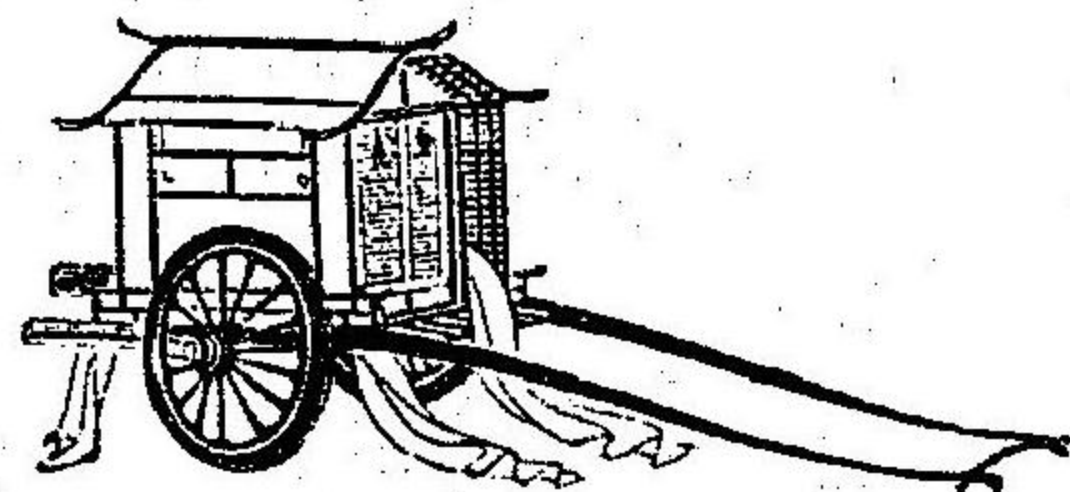
**Goshin**, ごしん, 護身, *n.* and *a.* Defending one's person.  
*Goshin bō*, 護身棒, a pole or stick for defending one's self.

**Goshinkan**, ごしんかん, 御宸翰, *n.* An autographic letter of the Emperor.

**Goshinza**, ごしんざ, 御新進, *n.* [coll.] A respectful title for another's wife; your wife; mistress.



**Gōshi-sampō**, ごしさんぽ, 合算算法, *n.* [*Math.*] Fellowship. [*bidentata*]  
**Gōshitsu**, ごしつ, 午膳, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Achyranthus*  
**Gōsho**, ごしよ, 御所, *n.* ① The Imperial palace. ② An honorable epithet formerly applied to noblemen ranking above *hirakuge*.  
**Goshō**, ごしやう, 後生, *n.* [*Budd.*] Future life; happiness in the next world.  
**Gōshō**, ごしやう, 豪商, *a.* A rich merchant.  
**Gōshō**, ごしやう, 信号, *n.* Signal bell.  
**Gōshō**, ごしやう, 五障, *n.* [*Budd.*] The five obstacles against women's getting to Nirvana.  
**Goshogaki**, ごしよがき, 五所格, *n.* [*Bot.*] A kind of persimmon.  
**Goshoguruma**, ごしよぐるま, 御所車, *n.* A covered coach drawn by cattle, formerly used by the Emperor or other members of the Imperial Family.



(御所車)

**Goshochigo**, ごしよいちご, 大藜, *n.* [*Bot.*] A kind of straw-berry.  
**Gōshoku**, ごしよく, 強食, *n.* Eating to excess; gluttony; gormandism.  
**Goshu**, ごしよ, 御酒, *n.* [*polite coll.*] Sake.  
**Gōshu**, ごしよ, 強酒, *n.* Excessive drinking of ardent spirits; hard drinker.  
**Goshuden**, ごしよでん, 御朱殿, *n.* The residence of the Shōgun's daughter, married to a *daimyō* higher than the third grade.  
**Goshuin**, ごしよいん, 御朱印, *n.* The vermilion seal of the shōgun; a document or deed stamped with do.  
**Goshusen**, ごしよせん, 五銖錢, *n.* An old Chinese copper coin. [*carpa*]  
**Goshuyu**, ごしよゆ, 吳茱萸, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Evodia rutaecarpa*.  
**Gosō**, ごさう, 吾曹, *pron.* We (used only in written language).  
**Goso**, ごそ, 鼯鼠, *n.* [*Zoöl.*] A flying squirrel. Syn. *MESABARI*.  
**Gosō**, ごさう, 護送, *n.* An escort; a guard. — *suru*, *v.t.* To escort.  
**Gōso**, ごさう, 強訴, 強訴, *n.* An urgent complaint or petition to the Government made by a mob. — *suru*, *v.t.* To petition in an audacious manner (as a mob).  
**Gogogoso**, ごごごそ, *adv.* [*coll.*] The sound of

slowly rummaging through a mass of something light; noisily; annoyingly.  
**Gōson**, ごうそん, 郷村, *n.* The country; villages.  
**Gosu**, ごす, 額蓋, 吳須, *n.* ① Chinese porcelains with blue designs under the glaze. ② Cobalt.  
**Gosui**, ごすい, 午睡, *n.* Sleeping in the day time; Syn. *HIRUNE*. [*slesta*]  
**Gō suru**, ごうする, 呼, *v.t. and t.* To call or name. Syn. *NAZURU*, *YORU*.  
**Go suru**, ごする, 期, *v.t.* ① To appoint or fix (a time). ② To promise; to wait for.  
*Ejitsu wo gosu*, 来日ヲ期ス, to wait for long days; *Hi wo go-shite yaku su*, 日ヲ期シテ約ス, to fix the time in a contract; *Itsu wo ka gosu beki*, 何時ナカ期スベキ, what time is there for us to promise.  
**Gosutsuchi**, ごすつち, 黒磁石, *n.* Cobalt.  
**Gotabako**, ごたばこ, 骨董箱, *n.* A box for containing miscellaneous articles or utensils.  
**Gotachi**, ごたち, 後達, *n.* [*obs.*] Females, woman.  
**Gotagota**, ごたごた, 雜駁, *n. and adv.* ① Confusion; disorder; disturbance; quarrel. ② In an irregular manner, disorderly, jumbled together. *Gotagota ga okotta*, ゴタゴタが起つた, [*coll.*] a quarrel has arisen; *Gotagota irikomu*, 雜駁入り込ム, [*coll.*] to enter without order (as a large number of people). [*a rear guard*].  
**Gotai**, ごたい, 後隊, *n.* The rear ranks of an army;  
**Gotai**, ごたい, 五体, *n.* The five parts of the body *i. e.* the head and the four limbs.  
**Gōtai**, ごうたい, 剛体, *n.* Rigid body.  
**Gotairō**, ごたいらう, 御大老, *n.* The Regent of the Tokugawa Shōgunate.  
**Gotaku**, ごたく, 御話, *n.* [*coll.*] Foolish saying; silly word; nonsense. [*sense*].  
*Gotaku wo tsuku*, 御話ヲツク, to speak non-  
**Gotamaze**, ごたまぜ, 混淆, *n. and a.* Mixing together; a mixture; a jumble; a hodge-podge; mixed; jumbled together; medley.  
**Gōtan**, ごうたん, 豪胆, *n. and a.* Undaunted spirit, courage; bold, fearless, courageous.  
**Gotatsuku**, ごたつく, *v.t.* To be involved; implicated; to be disordered; to become troublesome; to cause confusion. Syn. *GOTAGOTA SURU*.  
**Gotō**, ごとう, 後手, *n.* ① Being behindhand. ② The rear troop.  
*Gotō wo hiku*, 後手ヲ引ク, to be behindhand.  
**Gotō**, ごとう, *n.* [*cont. of Gotōshu.*] [*coll.*] Your husband (used to inferiors).  
**Gōteki**, ごうてき, 強敵, *n. and adv.* ① A strong opponent; an indomitable enemy. ② [*Tōkyō coll.*] Extraordinarily, exceedingly, very.  
**Goten**, ごてん, 御殿, *n.* A palace; residence of a nobleman.  
**Gōten**, ごうてん, 號, *n.* A mark; a sign.

**Gōten**, ごふてん, 合點, *n.* [*Math.*] Vanishing point.  
**Gōtenjō**, ごふてんやう, 合天井, *n.* A ceiling with small squares like those of a checkerboard.  
**Gōtō**, ごとう, 梧桐, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Sterculia platantifolia*.  
**Gōtō**, ごうとう, 笈頭, *n.* [*Chin.*] Top notes on the pages of a book, in the way of English foot-notes.  
**Gōtō**, ごうとう, 強盜, *n.* A robber; a highwayman; Syn. *DOROBŌ*, *OSHIKOMI*. [*a bandit*].  
**Gotōdori**, ごとうぼり, 後藤彫, *n.* A style of carving of the metallic ornaments of a sword (so called from its originator, Gotō, in the service of the Ashikaga Shōgunate).  
**Gotogoto**, ごどごど, *adv.* [*coll.*] The sound of water boiling in a kettle.  
**Gotoku**, ごどく, 五徳, 鐵脚子, *n.* An iron tripod for supporting a kettle over the fire.  
**Gotoku-shi-ki**, ごどしき, 如, *v.t. and adv.* To be or like similar to; to resemble; as though; apparently.  
*Fudo no on sukaki koto sōkat no gotoshi*, 父母ノ恩深キヲ深シノ如シ, the deepness of parents' kindness is like the blue ocean; *Migi no gotoshi*, 右ノ如シ, as stated above; *Naki ga gotoshi*, 無シノ如シ, as though there were nothing; *Kunshi wa seitoku atte yōbō gunaru ga gotoshi*, 君子ハ盛徳アツテ容貌慈ナルガ如シ, a true gentleman is he that, possessing great virtues, yet has the appearance of a simple person; *Nanika fuhō no shūmon aru ga gotoku tu mono aru*, 何カ不法ノ聲聞アルガ如ク云者アリ, some speak as though there were an illegal inquiry. Syn. *TŌRI*, *YŌ*.  
**Gotō-kajira**, ごとうくぢら, 五島鯨, *n.* [*Z.öl.*] *Gl. bioccephalus Sieboldii*.  
**Goto ni**, ごどに, 毎, *adv.* Every; each time that. *Haru goto ni*, 春毎ニ, every spring; *Hi goto ni kitaru*, 日毎ニ来ル, to come daily; *Hi to goto ni* *in*, 人毎ニ言フ, to speak to each person; every one says that; *Ken goto ni junkwai suru*, 縣毎ニ巡廻スル, to go round each prefecture; *Saku goto ni miru*, 咲ク毎ニ見ル, to see every time it blossoms.  
**Gotōshaku**, ごとうさく, 五等爵, *n.* The five orders of nobility, viz., *kō* (公) Prince, *kō* (侯) Marquis, *haku* (伯) Count, *shi* (子) Viscount, and *dan* (男) Baron.  
**Gotō-zurume**, ごとうずるめ, 五島鰯, *n.* Dried cuttle fish produced at Gotō in the province of Iizen.  
**Gotsugotō**, ごつごつ, 兀々, *adv.* The sound of the striking together of hard things.  
**Gotta**, ごった, *a.* Jumbled together; mixed up. *Gotta ni natta*, ゴッタニナッタ, [*coll.*] have (or has) become jumbled together.  
**Gottani**, ごったに, 骨董羹, *n.* [*coll.*] Medley soup.

**Gottori**, ごつとり, *adv.* [*coll.*] Suddenly; unexpectedly. [*died*].  
*Gottori shinda*, ゴツトリ死ンダ, has suddenly  
**Go-uchi**, ごうち, 碁打, 碁家, *n.* One skilled in the game of *go*; a professional player of *go*.  
**Gowagowa**, ごわごわ, *adv.* [*coll.*] ① A sound like that of two pieces of leather chafing together.  
**Gowō**, ごわう, 午黃, *n.* Bezoar.  
**Gowō**, ごわう, 午玉, *n.* ① Same as above. ② A charm or a piece of paper with the characters 午玉寶命 printed upon it, and given to the believers, at various shrines, (supposed to keep off diseases or other evils).  
**Goya**, ごや, 後夜, *n.* The hours from 12 to 3 o'clock in the night.  
**Gōyaku**, ごやく, 合藥, *n.* Gunpowder. Syn. *ENSŪ*.  
**Goyei**, ごえい, 護衛, *n.* The act of guarding or escorting; escort; guard. — *suru*, *v.t.* To escort or guard.  
**Goyei-hel**, ごえいへい, 護衛兵, *n.* Escort; guard.  
**Goyō**, ごよう, 御用, *n.* Government service; your use or service.  
**Goyō**, ごよう, 誤用, *n.* Misuse; erroneous application. — *suru*, *v.t.* To misuse, etc.  
**Goyoku**, ごよく, 五欲, *n.* The different desires excited by the five senses.  
**Gōyoku**, ごうよく, 強欲, 貪婪, *n.* Strong lust, greediness, rapaciousness; inextinguishable carnal desire. [*pentaphylla*].  
**Gōyō-matsu**, ごえよまつ, 五葉松, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Pinus*  
**Gōyōmeshi**, ごえよめし, 御用召, *n.* Being summoned by the Emperor or from the Government.  
**Gōyō suru**, ごえよする, 互用, *v.t.* To use interchangeably or in common.  
**Gōyū**, ごういう, 剛勇, *n. and a.* [*Chin.*] Courage and bravery; valiantness; daring; courageous, boldspirited, heroic.  
**Gōyū suru**, ごういうする, 妄遊, *v.t.* [*Chin.*] To amuse one's self unrestrained; to wander about wantonly.  
**Goza**, ごさ, 御座, *n.* ① A respectful term for seat. ② A raised seat or matting for the use of an eminent person.  
**Goza**, ごさ, 雑蓆, *n.* Common matting; a mat.  
**Gozabune**, ごさぶね, 御座船, *n.* An Imperial yacht. [*御士*].  
**Gōzamurai**, ごうざむらい, 郷侍, *n.* Same as *Gōsai*  
**Gozannare**, ござんなれ, *n.* [*cont. of Koso, aru and nare.*] An exclamatory term meaning: lo! there comes.  
*Suwa tekū koso gozannare*, スハ敵コソゴザンナレ, look! there indeed comes the enemy.  
**Goza-no-ma**, ごさのま, 御座之間, *n.* [*obs.*] The room where the feudal lord usually sat.  
**Gozaru**, ごさる, 御座, *v.t.* [*polite coll.*] To be.



*Ikaga de gozaru*, 如何ぞ御座ル, how are you? *Sayō de gozaru*, 左様ぞ御座ル, it is so; *Kare ni waryō shin ga gozaru*, 彼ニハ両親ガゴザル, both his parents are alive (literally, there are both parents to him).

**Gozē**, ゴゼ, 御前, *n.* A word used as a respectful suffix to the titles of women, as *himegoze*, honorable young lady; *amagoze*, the venerable nun, etc.

**Gozē**, ゴゼ, 盲女, *n.* A blind woman who goes about begging, by singing songs or playing on the guitar.

**Gozen**, ゴゼン, 御前, *n.* ① Your honour (used in addressing nobles). ② A respectful suffix to the names of ladies, as Tomoegozen, Shizukagozen, etc.

**Gozen**, ゴゼン, 御膳, *n.* [coll.] A polite term for meal or boiled rice.

*Asa-gozen*, 朝御膳, breakfast; *Hiru-gozen*, 昼御膳, *Syn.* GOHAN, MESHU. [膳, tiffin.]

**Gozen**, ゴゼン, 午前, *n.* Forenoon.

*Gozen hachiji*, 午前八時,

**Gōzen**, がうぜん, 轟然, *adv. and a.* [Chin.] Noisily; noisy, clamorous, uproarious.

**Gōzen**, がうぜん, 傲然, *adv. and a.* [Chin.] Proudly, vaingloriously; conceited, puffed up, high-frown.

**Gozō**, ゴゾウ, 五臓, *n.* The five viscera: heart, lungs, stomach, liver, and kidney.

**Gōzoku**, がうぞく, 豪族, *n.* [Chin.] A distinguished or powerful family; an aristocratic lineage.

**Gozu**, ゴゾ, 牛頭, *n.* [Budd.] The ox-headed jailer in the Buddhist hell.

**Gozume**, ゴズメ, 後備, 後備, *n.* A body of troops reserved for an exigency; reserve.

**Gozumetsu**, ゴズメツ, 牛頭馬頭, *n.* The two jailers in the Buddhist hells, one with the head of ox and the other of a horse.

**Gozutenwā**, ゴズテンワ, 牛頭天王, *n.* The name of a Buddhist deity.

**Gu**, ゴ, 具, *n.* A complete set or suit of tools, utensils, implements, or furnitures.

*Mono no gu*, 物ノ具, military arms and armour; *Eno gu*, 筆ノ具, paints used in drawing; *Yoroi tchi gu*, 鎧ノ具, a suit of armour.

*Syn.* Dōgu, Kigu, Utsuwa.

**Gu**, ゴ, 愚, *n. and a.* ① A fool, a simpleton; a dunce; an ignoramus. ② Silly; foolish; stupid, very often prefixed to the names of things belonging to one's self out of modesty.

*Gu hitsu*, 愚筆, an unskillful handwriting; my writing (in modesty); *Guon wo mōshi ageru*, 愚存ヲ申上ル, to state my humble opinion.

**Gu**, ゴ, 愚, *n.* I (in humiliation).

*Gu anzuru ni*, 愚案ズルニ, according to my

humble consideration; *Gu omoeraku*, 愚慮ヘラク, I thought.

**Gu**, ゴ, 偶, *n. and a.* Even numbers; even.

**Gū**, ゴ, 遇, *n.* Treatment; entertaining; reception. —*suru*, *v.t.* To deal with; to treat.

**Gū**, ゴ, 五, *a.* Five (a term used by gamblers).

**Gual**, ゴアヒ, 工合, *n.* ① The working of the different parts of a machine or an apparatus; state; condition. ② The condition of one's health; disease.

*Gual ga warui*, 工合ガ悪ヒ, does not work well; to be in bad health; *Gual wo naosu*, 工合ヲ直ス, to re-adjust (as an apparatus).

*Syn.* AMBAI, CHŪSHI.

**Guan**, ゴあん, 愚案, *n.* A foolish view (in humiliation); my opinion.

**Gubijūsō**, ゴびじゆうそう, 虞美人草, *n.* [Bot.] The field poppy, *Papaver Rhoeas*.

**Gubi suru**, ゴびスル, 具備, *v.t.* To be completed; to be well furnished; to be completely equipped.

*Syn.* SONAWARU, SOROU.

**Gubō**, ゴぼ, 弘法, *n.* [Budd.] Propagating religious doctrines.

**Gubu**, ゴぶ, 供奉, *n.* Attending the Emperor in his going out, or attending a *mikoshi* when carried about on festive occasions.

*Gyōkō no gubu*, 行幸ノ供奉, attending the Emperor in his travels.

**Gubunin**, ゴぶにん, 供奉人, *n.* ① One who attends the *mikoshi* when carried about in procession. ② Imperial retinue.

**Gubutsu**, ゴぶツ, 愚物, *n.* A stupid fellow; a dunce; an ignoramus.

*Syn.* AHŌ, BAKAMONO, OROKAMONO.

**Guchi**, ゴチ, 愚痴, *n.* Nonsense; silliness; foolishness; stupidity; an absurd notion.

*Guchi wo iu*, 愚痴ヲ云フ, to talk nonsense; to

*Syn.* OROKA. [speak unwisely.]

**Guchoku**, ゴちよく, 愚直, *n. and a.* Foolish but artless; simple and honest.

**Guchū**, ゴちう, 愚案, *n.* [Chin.] A foolish idea (in humiliation); my humble views.

*Guchū wo nobu*, 愚案ヲ述ブ, to state one's own views (a humiliating expression).

**Gudari**, ゴダリ, 軍荼利, *n.* [Budd.] The name of a Buddhist deity with eight arms.

**Guden**, ゴでん, *a.* [coll.] Dead drunk. [truth.]

**Gudō**, ゴだう, 求道, *n.* Seeking after religious

**Gudogudo**, ゴどごど, *a.* [coll.] Complaining, murmuring, or grumbling. [stupidity.]

**Gudon**, ゴどん, 愚鈍, *a. and n.* Foolish and dull;

**Gudon-sha**, ゴどんシャ, 愚鈍者, *n.* An ignorant and stupid person; a dull-witted fellow.

**Gudotsuku**, ゴどつく, *v.t.* [coll.] To grumble or murmur.

**Gufū**, ゴふう, 颶風, *n.* A violent wind; a tempest; a storm; a hurricane.

**Gufu**, ゴふ, 愚父, *n.* A foolish father (in humiliation); my father. [ignorant people.]

**Gufu**, ゴふ, 愚夫, *n.* [Chin.] A foolish fellow; ignorant.

**Gūgen**, ゴうげん, 寓言, *n.* A satirical remark; a feigned speech; an apologue.

*Syn.* TAROK.

**Gugo**, ゴご, 供御, *n.* Food of the Emperor.

*Syn.* OMONO.

**Gūgō suru**, ゴうごスル, 偶合, *v.t.* To meet with by chance; to see a person unexpectedly.

**Gūi**, ゴうい, 寓意, *n.* Implied idea; insinuation.

**Gubi**, ゴいび, 胡蝶子, *n.* [Bot.] *Elaeagnus pungens*.

**Gūshi**, ゴうし, 官司, *n.* The chief official in a

**Gūji**, ゴうじ, 蛸神社, *n.* [Chin.] A puppet; a doll.

*Syn.* DEKU, NINGYŌ.

**Gūjin**, ゴうじん, 愚人, *n.* A foolish person; a dunce; a simpleton; an ignoramus.

*Syn.* AHŌ, BAKAMONO.

**Gūjō**, ゴうじょう, 具狀, *n.* Making a full report of the circumstances. —*suru*, *v.t.* To make a circumstantial report. [a lodging.]

**Gūkyō**, ゴうきょう, 寓居, *n.* A temporary dwelling; a lodging.

*Syn.* KARIZUMAI.

**Gumai**, ゴまい, 愚昧, *a. and n.* Foolish and ignorant, unlettered; an ignoramus.

**Gumbai**, ゴんばい, 軍配, *n.* ① Cont. form of *Gumbai-uchiwa*. ② Giving directions or orders.

*Gumbai wo furu*, 軍配ヲ振フ, to flourish the *gumbai* and give orders.

**Gumbai-uchiwa**, ゴんばいうちわ, 軍配團扇, *n.* A flat gourd shaped fan used by military officers in giving orders in former times.

**Gumbai-uchiwa**, ゴんばいうちわ, *n.* [Chin.] *Chaetodon modestus*.

**Gumbai-uchiwa**, ゴんばいうちわ, 蓬蓬菜, *n.* [Bot.] *Thlaspi arvense*.

**Gumbaisō**, ゴんばいそう, 甘藍, *n.* [Bot.] *Brassica oleracea*.

**Gumbyō**, ゴんびやう, 軍兵, *n.* Soldiers; an army.

*Syn.* GUNSOOTSU.

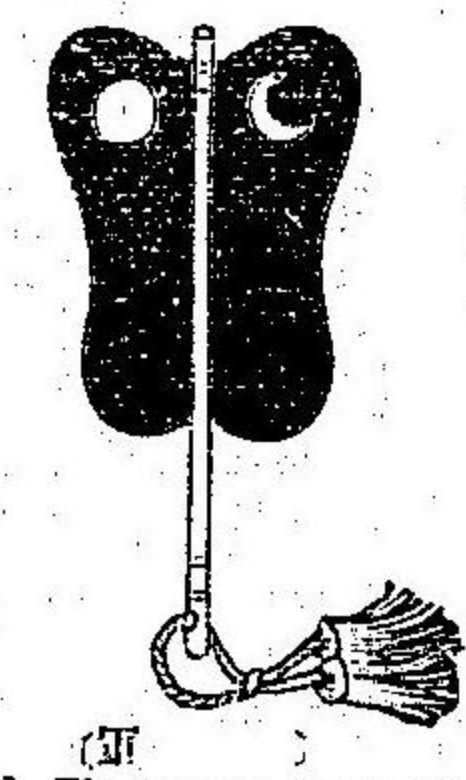
**Gumi**, ゴみ, 胡蝶子, *n.* [Bot.] *Elaeagnus pungens*.

**Gumin**, ゴみん, 愚民, *n.* Foolish or ignorant people.

**Gummin**, ゴみん, 群民, *n.* Multitude of people.

**Gummon**, ゴもん, 軍門, *n.* A camp-gate.

*Gummon ni kudaru*, 軍門ニ降ル, to surrender one's self before the camp-gate of the enemy.



**Gummu**, ゴんむ, 軍務, *n.* Military affairs.

**Gummukwan**, ゴんむくわん, 軍務官, *n.* The Department of War, which existed at the beginning of the Meiji era.

**Gumō**, ゴんお, 愚案, *n. and a.* Same as *Gumai*.

**Gumpi**, ゴんぴ, 軍費, *n.* Military or war expenses.

**Gumpi**, ゴんび, 郡費, *n.* Expenses defrayed by the people of a *gun*; county expenses.

**Gumpō**, ゴんぽう, 群蜂, *n.* Swarming bees.

**Gumpō**, ゴんぽう, 軍法, *n.* Military tactics; martial law. [Court Marshal.]

**Gumpōkwagi**, ゴんぽうくわいぎ, 軍法會議, *n.* A

**Gumpuku**, ゴんぷく, 軍服, *n.* Military uniform.

**Gun**, ゴん, 郡, *n.* Subdivision of a province; a county; a rural division.

*Syn.* KŌRI.

**Gun**, ゴん, 群, *n. and a.* A flock, herd, crowd, or swarm; flocking, crowding, or numerous.

**Gun**, ゴん, 軍, *n. and a.* War, an army; military, martial.

*Syn.* IKUSA, TATAKAI, TSUWAMONO.

**Gun-n**, ゴんん, 群鳥, *n.* A flock of crows.

**Gunchō**, ゴんちやう, 郡長, *n.* The chief official of a county or *gun*.

**Gunchū**, ゴんちゆう, 軍中, *n.* During war; while in encampment; in the battle.

**Gundai**, ゴんだい, 郡代, *n.* The chief magistrate of a county or *gun* in the time of the Shōgunate.

**Gundan**, ゴんだん, 軍團, *n.* A company of militia in the feudal times; an army.

**Gundan**, ゴんだん, 軍談, *n.* War-stories.

**Gundanshi**, ゴんだんシ, 軍談師, *n.* One who gets his living by telling war-stories; a public storyteller.

**Gundari-yasha**, ゴンダリヤシャ, 軍荼利夜叉, [Budd.] The name of a Buddhist deity with eight arms.

**Gun-el**, ゴんえい, 軍營, *n.* Same as *Jin-el*.

**Gun-eki**, ゴんえき, 軍役, *n.* [Chin.] Military service.

**Gungaku**, ゴんがく, 軍學, *n.* Military science; the art of war.

*Gungaku ni tassuru*, 軍學ニ達スル, to be versed in military science.

**Gungakubu**, ゴんがくぶ, 軍樂部, *n.* The Military Band Bureau.

**Gungakuchō**, ゴんがくちやう, 軍樂長, *n.* The Superintendent of the Military Band.

**Gungaku-jichō**, ゴんがくぢやう, 軍樂次長, *n.* The Assistant Superintendent of the Military Band.

**Gungaku-kihontai**, ゴんがくきはんたい, 軍樂基本隊, *n.* The Central Military Band.

**Gungakushi**, ゴんがくし, 軍學師, *n.* One versed in the art of war.

**Gungū**, ゴんぐ, 軍謀, *n.* War counsel.



*Gunki ni azukaru*, 軍議ニ預ル, to take part in a war counsel. [In gambling].

**Gu-ni**, ぐに, 五二, *n.* Five and two (a term used in gambling).

**Gun-i**, ぐんい, 軍醫, *n.* A Military or Naval physician.

**Gun-i-gakkō**, ぐんいがっこう, 軍醫學校, *n.* The Military or Naval Medical College.

**Gun-i-sōkan**, ぐんいさうかん, 軍醫總監, *n.* The Military or Naval Physician in Chief.

**Gunji**, ぐんじ, 郡司, *n.* [obs.] The title of an ancient county official of whom there were four orders, *kami*, *suke*, *ji*, and *satwan*.

**Gunjin**, ぐんじん, 軍將, *n.* God of war.

**Gunjin**, ぐんじん, 軍陣, *n.* A military camp.

**Gunjin**, ぐんじん, 軍人, *n.* Military officers; a soldier. [ment; a blue paint].

**Gunjō**, ぐんじょう, 群青, *n.* A kind of mineral pigment.

**Gunkan**, ぐんかん, 軍艦, *n.* A secretary to the head of the *Chirijifu*, which see. [vessels].

**Gunkan**, ぐんかん, 軍艦, *n.* A man of war; war vessel.

**Gunken**, ぐんけん, 郡縣, *n.* ① Prefecture and county. ② Cont. form of below.

**Gunken-no-sei**, ぐんけんのかい, 郡縣之制, *n.* A term designating a monarchical form of government in distinction to a feudal system.

**Gunki**, ぐんぎ, 軍記, *n.* History or record of war.

**Gunki**, ぐんぎ, 軍器, *n.* [Chin.] Military secret or movement.

**Gunki**, ぐんぎ, 軍器, *n.* Weapons of war.

**Gunki suru**, ぐんぎする, 群起, *n.* To rise in insurrections in various parts of the country at the same moment. [plots].

**Gunkō**, ぐんこう, 軍功, *n.* Military services; exploits.

**Gunku**, ぐんく, 郡區, *n.* Rural and urban divisions.

**Gunkyo suru**, ぐんきよする, 群居, *v.i.* To live together. [jima].

**Gunnai**, ぐんない, 郡内, *n.* Cont. form of *Gunnai*.

**Gunnai-fūro**, ぐんないふうろ, 絹管, *n.* [Bot.] *Geranium cristatum*.

**Gunnai-jūma**, ぐんないじゅうま, 郡内絹, *n.* A striped silk cloth woven at Gunnai in the province of Kai.

**Gunnai-ori**, ぐんないおり, 郡内織, *n.* A silk stuff woven at Gunnai. [gamblers].

**Gu-nome**, ぐのめ, 五日, *n.* Five (a term used by *Gunrei*).

**Gunrei**, ぐんらい, 軍禮, *n.* Military etiquette.

**Gunrei**, ぐんらい, 軍令, *n.* An order or command given to an army.

**Gunri**, ぐんり, 郡吏, *n.* Civil officials belonging to a *gun*; county officials.

**Gunri**, ぐんり, 軍吏, *n.* A military paymaster.

**Gunri-gakusha**, ぐんりがくしゃ, 軍吏學舎, *n.* A school for military paymasters.

**Gunritsu**, ぐんりつ, 軍律, *n.* Martial law; military discipline. [military discipline].

*Gunritsu wo mamoru*, 軍律ヲ守ル, to observe

**Gunritsu**, ぐんりつ, 群立, *n.* [Chin.] Towering up in great numbers (as mountains).

**Gunryaku**, ぐんりやく, 軍略, *n.* Military tactics, stratagems.

**Gunryo**, ぐんりょう, 軍旅, *n.* [Chin.] An army.

**Gunryoku**, ぐんりよく, 軍力, *n.* Military power.

**Gunsel**, ぐんせい, 軍政, *n.* [Chin.] Military administration.

**Gunsel**, ぐんせい, 軍制, *n.* Military organization.

**Gunsen**, ぐんせん, 軍扇, *n.* A fan, the frames of which are of iron (used by higher military officials in ancient times).

**Gunsen**, ぐんせん, 軍人, *n.* A man of war.

**Gunshi**, ぐんし, 軍師, *n.* One versed in military tactics.

**Gunshin**, ぐんしん, 群臣, *n.* The whole body of the officials of the crown.

**Gunsho**, ぐんしょう, 軍書, *n.* A history or chronicle of war; a treatise on military tactics.

**Gunsho-yomi**, ぐんしょうよみ, 軍書読, *n.* A teller of war-stories.

**Gunsō**, ぐんそう, 軍曹, *n.* A sergeant.

**Gunsō**, ぐんそう, 軍裝, *n.* A military dress or equipment.

**Gunsōn**, ぐんそうん, 郡村, *n.* Counties and villages.

**Gunsotsu**, ぐんそつ, 軍卒, *n.* Common soldiers.

**Gunsui**, ぐんすい, 軍帥, *n.* A general-in-chief.

**Gunta**, ぐんた, 蕁苔, *n.* [Bot.] *Filix Thunbergii*.

**Guntō**, ぐんどう, 群盜, *n.* A band of robbers.

**Gunya-gunya**, ぐんやぐんや, 軟弱, *a. and adv.* [coll.] Wanting firmness; yielding to the touch, flabby, limber; pliantly, softly.

**Gun-yaku**, ぐんやく, 軍役, *n.* Military service.

**Gun-yakusho**, ぐんやくしょ, 郡役所, *n.* A county office. [nya].

**Gunyari**, ぐんやり, *a. and n.* Same as *Gunya-gunya*.

**Gun-yō**, ぐんやう, 群羊, *n.* A flock of sheep; flocking sheep. [army, needed in war].

**Gun-yō**, ぐんやう, 軍用, 軍用, *a.* For use in the army.

**Gun-yō-hin**, ぐんやうひん, 軍用品, 軍器, *n.* Articles for use in the army. [penses].

**Gun-yō-kin**, ぐんやうきん, 軍用金, *n.* War expenses. *Gun-yō-kin wo kwa suru*, 軍用金ヲ課スル, to levy a tax to defray war expenses.

**Gun-yū**, ぐんゆう, 群遊, *n.* [Chin.] Numerous warriors. *Gun-yū shihō ni kakkyo su*, 群遊四方ニ割據ス, numerous warriors established themselves in various parts of the kingdom.

**Gunzan**, ぐんざん, 群山, *n.* A chain of mountains.

**Gunzei**, ぐんせい, 軍勢, *n.* An army; forces. *Gunzei wo kuridasu*, 軍勢ヲ繰出ス, to send out forces.

**Gunzoku**, ぐんぞく, 軍團, *n.* Military classes.

**Gunzoku**, ぐんぞく, 群賊, *n.* Numerous robbers.

*Gunzoku wo tairagu*, 群賊ヲ平シ, to subjugate numerous banditti; 平.

**Guragura**, ぐらぐら, 揺動, 動搖, *adv.* [coll.] In a tottering, rocking, shaking, or unsettled manner; threatening to fall down; unstably, slipperily. — *suru*, *v.i.* To totter or shake; to be unstable. *Tsukue ga guragura suru*, 机ガグラグラスル, the table is rocking or unstable.

**Gurakasu**, ぐらかす, *v.t.* [coll.] To cheat, defraud, or swindle by a petty artifice; to shirk work.

**Guramu**, グラム, *n.* [French.] Gramme.

**Gurashi-mono**, ぐらしもの, *n.* [coll.] Goods in buying which one has been cheated.

**Gurasu**, ぐらす, *v.t.* To cheat, defraud, or swindle.

**Guratsuku**, ぐらつく, 動搖, *v.t.* To threaten to fall down by rocking, shaking, or wavering; to reel; to be unstable or unsettled.

**Gurōn**, グレオン, *n.* [Eng.] Grain (of weight).

**Gureru**, ぐるる, 顛狂, *v.t.* [coll.] To have a twist; to be deranged; to be out of tune. *Ki ga gureru*, 氣ガ狂ル, to be out of one's mind. *Syn.* CHIGAU. [mind; to run mad].

**Guri**, ぐり, 風輪, *n.* Mottled or wavy marks on lacquered wares made by applying lacquers of different colours. [the skin].

**Guriguri**, ぐりぐり, 風輪, *n.* A hard lump under the skin.

**Guriki-kyō**, ぐりいきょう, 希臘教, *n.* The Greek church. [men in humiliation].

**Gurō**, ぐらう, 愚老, *n.* A silly old man (used by old men).

**Guron**, ぐるん, 愚論, *n.* Foolish argument, or humble opinion; one's own views (in humiliation).

**Gurossen**, グロッセン, *n.* [German.] Groschen, or the name of a small silver coin of Prussia.

**Gurosu**, グロス, 貳, *n.* [Eng.] A gross or 12 dozen.

**Gurō suru**, ぐらうする, 愚弄, *v.t.* To deride, jeer, mock, or ridicule; to make a fool of.

**Guru**, ぐる, *n.* [coll.] Conspiring for a criminal or improper purpose; participating in an offense; accomplice. *Guru ni natte hito wo damasu*, グルニナッテ人ヲ騙ス, to conspire together to cheat a person.

**Guru-guru**, ぐるぐる, *adv.* [coll.] Round and round; circularly; in a circle. *Guru-guru mawaru*, グルグル廻ル, to turn round and round.

**Gururi**, ぐるり, 周圍, *n. and adv.* ① Circumference; a precinct; a boundary. ② About; around. *Je no gururi wo mamoru*, 家ノ周圍ヲ守ル, to watch around the house; *Machi no gururi*, 市ノ周圍, the environs of the town; *Yama no gururi*, 山ノ周圍, about the hill. *Syn.* MAWARI, MEGURI. [about].

**Gururi to**, ぐるりと, 圍繞, *adv.* Around; in a circle;

*Gururi to torimaku*, グルリト取巻ク, to completely surround; to encompass.

**Gusai**, ぐさい, 愚昧, *n.* My ignorant wife (in humiliation). [force].

**Gusa to**, ぐさど, *adv.* The sound of stabbing with *Gusa to sasu*, グサト刺ス, to stab with force.

**Gusatsu**, ぐさつ, 愚札, *n.* My humble letter (in humiliation). [bly of one's self].

**Gusetsu**, ぐせつ, 愚拙, *pron.* I (in speaking humbly).

**Gusetsu**, ぐせつ, 愚説, *n.* A foolish opinion (mostly in speaking humbly of one's own view or idea). [ignorant person].

**Gusha**, ぐしゃ, 愚者, *n.* A fool; a simpleton; an ignorant person. *Gusha nimo itoku ari*, 愚者ニモ一得アリ, even a fool may have a merit.

**Gushi**, ぐし, 髮, *n.* The hair of the head. *O-gushi ga midaremashi ta*, お髪ガ乱レマシタ, [coll.] your hair has become dishevelled. *Syn.* KAMI. [superior].

**Gushu suru**, ぐしゅする, 具申, *v.t.* To report to a superior.

**Gusho**, ぐしょ, 愚書, *n.* My letter or writing (in humiliation). [feral].

**Gushō**, ぐしやう, 愚將, *n.* Ignorant or foolish general.

**Gusō**, ぐそ, 愚僧, *n.* An ignorant priest (used by a priest in self-depreciation).

**Gusoku**, ぐそく, 愚息, *n.* Foolish son (used in speaking humbly of one's own son).

**Gusoku**, ぐそく, 鼠李, *n.* [Bot.] *Rhamnus japonica*.

**Gusoku**, ぐそく, 具足, *n.* ① A complete set of armour. ② Armour; a coat of mail.

**Gusoku-bitsu**, ぐそくびつ, 具足櫃, *n.* A box for armour.

**Gusoku-mochi**, ぐそくもち, 具足餅, *n.* Same as *Kagaminochi*.

**Gusokuni**, ぐそくに, 具足菜, *n.* Lobster chopped into transverse pieces and cooked with sugar and soy. [mour-maker].

**Gusoku-shi**, ぐそくし, 具足師, 甲匠, 困人, *n.* An armorer.

**Gusoku suru**, ぐそくする, 具足, *v.t. and i.* To complete or perfect; to be completely furnished; to have every thing needed. *Syn.* SONAWARU.

**Gusokuya**, ぐそくや, 具足屋, *n.* An armorer.

**Gūsū**, ぐすう, 偶數, *n.* Even number.

**Gusuku**, グスク, *n.* [Ryūkyū dialect.] [probably the corrupt. of *goshuku* (御宿).] A castle.

**Gu suru**, ぐする, 具, *v.t.* To be completely furnished; to be well equipped. *Syn.* SONAWARU, SOROU.

**Gu suru**, ぐする, 低, *v.t.* To load or take along with (as servants). [vant along with]. *Tomo wo gusuru*, 供ヲ低スル, to take a servant. *Syn.* MESHITSURU, TOMONAU, TSURERU.

**Gū suru**, ぐする, 遇, *v.t.* To deal with (another); to treat or entertain (as a guest).



*Kyaku wo gū suru ni rei wo motte su*, 客ヲ遇スルニ禮ヲ以テス, in entertaining a guest to observe courtesy.  
 Syn. ASHIRAU, MOTENASU.  
**Gū suru**, ぐらす, 寓, v.t. To live (in a temporary residence); to lodge; to sojourn.  
*Kano chi ni gū suru*, 彼地ニ寓スル, (he) sojourns in that place.  
 Syn. TOMARU, YADORU.  
**Gū suru**, ぐらす, 寓, v.t. To imply (as a moral truth); to satirize.  
**Guta-guta**, ぐたぐた, adv. [coll.] Unfixed, unsettled, not decided; loitering idly.  
*Guta-guta shite iru*, シラシラシテ居ル, is unsettled, or he is idle and loitering about.  
**Gutatsuku**, ぐたつく, v.i. [coll.] To be limber; flexible; pliant. [ther.]  
**Gutei**, ぐてい, 愚弟, n. My humble younger brother.  
**Gutto**, ぐと, adv. ① At once; in a flash; in an instant. ② Very much more; in a superior degree.  
*Gutto nomikomu*, グット飲ミ込ム, [coll.] to swallow (anything) at once; *Gutto ukehiku*, グット承テ引ク, [coll.] to comply with at once; *Gutto yoki shina*, グット好キ品, a much better article.  
**Guzel**, ぐせい, 弘誓, n. [Budd.] The promise of Buddha to save all mankind.  
*Guzel no fune*, 弘誓ノ舟, [Budd.] the boat of salvation. [ly; fortuitously.]  
**Gūzen**, ぐぜん, 偶然, adv. By chance; accidentally.  
*Gūzen ni omoitsuku*, 偶然ニ思ヒ付ク, to think of by chance; *Gūzen no gosa*, 偶然ノ誤差, [Physics.] accidental error; *Koto ga gūzen ni okotta*, 事が偶然ニ起ッタ, a thing has happened accidentally.  
**Gūzō**, ぐさう, 偶像, n. An image or idol.  
**Gūzōkyō**, ぐさうけう, 偶像教, n. Idolatry.  
**Guzu-guzu**, ぐづぐづ, 婆娑, adv. The voice of one complaining or grumbling; slowly, lazily; idly.  
*Guzu-guzu shite iru*, 婆娑シテ居ル, to lie idle; to be loitering.  
**Guzuru**, ぐずる, 嗾, 威, v.t. [coll.] To demand impudently; to tease (as child for candy).  
 Syn. NEDARU.  
**Guzū suru**, ぐずらす, 弘通, v.t. and i. To propagate (as a religion); to spread far and wide.  
 Syn. HIROMERU, HIOMARU.  
**Guzu-tsuku**, ぐづつく, v.t. [coll.] ① To grumble; to murmur; to complain. ② To be tardy; to be slow in doing any work.  
**Gwa**, ぐわ, 畫, n. A picture; drawing.  
*Gwa wo narau*, 畫ヲ習フ, to learn drawing; *Gwa wo egaku*, 畫ヲ畫ク, to draw a picture.  
 Syn. E.  
**Gwabei**, ぐわべい, 畫餅, n. [Chin.] [lit.] A picture of

rice bread; only used figuratively in an expression like the following.  
*Gwabei ni zoku su*, 畫餅ニ屬ス, to be disappointing; will lead to no practical result.  
**Gwabichō**, ぐわびちう, 畫扇, n. [Ornth.] Emu.  
 Syn. HōJIRO. [Orntz] *Orntz* *ciopsis*.  
**Gwabō**, ぐわぼう, 臥房, n. [Chin.] A bedroom; a sleeping chamber.  
**Gwabyō**, ぐわびやう, 臥病, n. Lying on a sickbed.  
**Gwa-en**, ぐわえん, n. Servants belonging to the guards stationed at the castle gates of Yedo in former times.  
**Gwafu**, ぐわふ, 畫譜, n. A picture book.  
**Gwafuku**, ぐわふく, 畫幅, n. A picture or drawing made to be hung in the above for ornament.  
**Gwagakkō**, ぐわがくかう, 畫學校, n. A drawing school. [drawing.]  
**Gwagaku**, ぐわがく, 畫學, n. Art of painting.  
**Gwagoji**, ぐわごじ, n. The name of a monster or demon used in frightening children.  
 Syn. GAGOJI, GAGOZE.  
**Gwagu**, ぐわぐ, 臥具, n. Articles used in sleeping, as pillow and bedclothes; mattress.  
**Gwahitsu**, ぐわひつ, 畫筆, n. A drawing pencil; a painter's brush.  
**Gwahō**, ぐわほう, 畫船, n. [Chin.] A pleasure-boat.  
**Gwai**, ぐわい, 外, n. a. and adv. Exterior, outside, foreign; out of, beyond, besides.  
 Syn. HOKA, SOTO.  
**Gwai**, ぐわい, 莨菪, n. [Bot.] *Polypodium lineare*.  
 Syn. NOKISHINOBU.  
**Gwai**, ぐわい, 莨菪, n. [Bot.] A kind of moss growing on tiles.  
**Gwaihō**, ぐわいほう, 外觀, n. An outward look; appearance.  
*Gwaihō wo yosobu*, 外觀ヲ整フ, to adorn the outside; to put a good face upon.  
**Gwaibun**, ぐわいぶん, 外聞, n. Reputation; publicity; notoriety; fame; honour.  
*Gwaibun ga warui*, 外聞ガ悪イ, to be prejudicial to one's reputation; *Gwaibun ni kakawaru*, 外聞ニカハル, to affect one's fair name; *Gwaibun wo habakaru*, 外聞ヲ慄ル, to be afraid to let others know it; *Gwaibun wo ushinou*, 外聞ヲ失フ, to lose reputation.  
**Gwaibutsu**, ぐわいぶつ, 外物, n. [Chin.] External things; a foreign matter.  
**Gwai-en**, ぐわいえん, 外援, n. Assistance from strangers; foreign aid. —*suru*, v.t. To render assistance to a foreign country.  
**Gwaifu**, ぐわいふ, 外婦, n. A mistress kept in private; a concubine.  
**Gwaihō**, ぐわいほう, 外邦, n. [Chin.] Foreign countries.  
**Gwai-i**, ぐわいい, 外夷, n. [Chin.] Foreign bar-

barians, a general designation for foreigners before the Restoration.  
 Syn. Emsu. [gown.]  
**Gwai-i**, ぐわいい, 外衣, n. Outer garment; a  
**Gwaiji**, ぐわいじ, 外郎, n. [Chin.] Foreign affairs.  
**Gwaijin**, ぐわいじん, 外人, n. Foreigners; a stranger.  
**Gwaikaku**, ぐわいかく, 外廊, n. An external inclosure (of a castle). [angle.]  
**Gwaikaku**, ぐわいかく, 外角, n. [Math.] Exterior  
**Gwaikei**, ぐわいけい, 外形, n. External form.  
**Gwaiken**, ぐわいけん, 外件, n. Another business.  
**Gwaiken**, ぐわいけん, 外見, n. External look; outside appearance; look; show.  
*Gwaiken wo kazaru*, 外見ヲ飾ル, to adorn the outside. [course; diplomacy.]  
**Gwaikei**, ぐわいけい, 外交, n. [Chin.] Foreign inter-  
**Gwaikei**, ぐわいけい, 外見, n. [Math.] Extreme term; extreme. [foreign invasion.]  
**Gwaikei**, ぐわいけい, 外寇, n. Foreign enemies; a  
**Gwaikei**, ぐわいけい, 外交家, n. One skilled in diplomacy, a diplomatist.  
**Gwaikoku**, ぐわいこく, 外国, n. Foreign countries.  
**Gwaikoku-go**, ぐわいこくご, 外國語, n. Foreign languages. [omatic officials.]  
**Gwaikōkwan**, ぐわいこうくわん, 外交官, n. Dip-  
**Gwaikoku-jin**, ぐわいこくじん, 外國人, n. A foreigner. [eign ship.]  
**Gwaikoku-sen**, ぐわいこくせん, 外國艦, n. For-  
**Gwaikoku-kōshi**, ぐわいこくこうし, 外國公使, n. Foreign Representative.  
**Gwaikwa**, ぐわいくわ, 外瓦, n. Same as *Gekwa*.  
**Gwaikwan**, ぐわいくわん, 外觀, n. Outward show; appearance.  
 Syn. ME, UWATSURA. [troubles.]  
**Gwaikwan**, ぐわいくわん, 外患, n. Foreign  
**Gwaikyo suru**, ぐわいきよする, 外居, v.t. To live away from one's house. [father-in-law.]  
**Gwaikyū**, ぐわいきう, 外舅, n. Wife's father;  
**Gwai-men**, ぐわいめん, 外面, n. External surface; the exterior; the outside.  
**Gwaimu**, ぐわいむ, 外務, n. Foreign affairs.  
**Gwaimu-daijin**, ぐわいむたいじん, 外務大臣, n. The Minister of State for Foreign Affairs.  
**Gwaimu-jikwan**, ぐわいむじくわん, 外務次官, n. The Vice Minister of State for Foreign Affairs.  
**Gwaimu-shō**, ぐわいむしょう, 外務省, n. The Department of State for Foreign Affairs.  
**Gwai-rai**, ぐわいらい, 外來, n. Coming from abroad; strange; foreign.  
**Gwaishan**, ぐわいざん, 外來者, n. A person who came from abroad; a stranger.  
**Gwaisai**, ぐわいざい, 外眚, n. [Chin.] The external canthus of the eye.  
 Syn. MAJIRI, MANAJIRI.

**Gwaisai**, ぐわいざい, 外債, n. A foreign debt.  
**Gwaisel**, ぐわいざい, 外征, n. [Chin.] A hostile expedition against a foreign nation.  
**Gwai-sei**, ぐわいざい, 外甥, n. A sister's child.  
**Gwaiseki**, ぐわいざい, 外戚, n. [Chin.] Maternal relations.  
**Gwaisetsu suru**, ぐわいざいする, 外接, v.t. [Math.] To be circumscribed about.  
**Gwaisetsu suru**, ぐわいざいする, 外切, v.t. [Math.] To touch externally.  
**Gwaisetsu-yen**, ぐわいざいぜん, 外接圓, n. [Math.] Circumscribed circle.  
**Gwaishin**, ぐわいざん, 外心, n. [Math.] Circumcentre; outer centre (of similitude).  
**Gwaishin**, ぐわいざん, 外臣, n. Foreign subject, i.e. a foreigner, who, in addressing the Emperor, calls himself his subject out of respect.  
**Gwaishin-kaku**, ぐわいざんかく, 外心角, n. [Math.] Eccentric angle. [in private.]  
**Gwai-shō**, ぐわいせう, 外妾, n. A concubine kept  
**Gwaishō**, ぐわいせう, 外障, n. An external hind-  
 Syn. SAWARI. [rance.]  
**Gwaishutsu suru**, ぐわいざいしゅつする, 外出, v.t. To go out (from one's house).  
**Gwai-sobo**, ぐわいそぼ, 外祖母, n. Maternal grandmother. [father.]  
**Gwai-sofu**, ぐわいそふ, 外祖父, n. Maternal grand-  
**Gwai-son**, ぐわいそん, 外孫, n. A child of one's daughter married to another family.  
**Gwaitsō**, ぐわいたう, 外套, n. Overcoat.  
**Gwaiya**, ぐわいや, 外野, n. Suburban fields.  
**Gwai-yō**, ぐわいよう, 外用, n. External use (said of medicines).  
**Gwai-yoku**, ぐわいよく, 外欲, n. Passion or desire caused by external objects.  
**Gwai-yū**, ぐわいいう, 外憂, n. ① Fifty days mourning for the death of one's mother. ② Same as *Gwaikan* (外患).  
**Gwaizoku**, ぐわいそく, 外族, n. Same as *Gwaiseki*.  
**Gwaijū**, ぐわいじう, 畫軸, n. Same as *Gwafuku* (畫幅).  
**Gwaijō**, ぐわいじょう, 臥床, n. A bedstead.  
**Gwashō**, ぐわしやう, 臥床, n. A bedstead.  
**Gwaijō**, ぐわいじょう, 畫帖, n. A picture book (i.e. autographic works of one or several artists folded in the form of a book).  
**Gwaka**, ぐわか, 畫家, n. A painter; an artist.  
**Gwakai**, ぐわかい, 瓦解, n. Falling to pieces; destruction; ruin.  
*Hōto gwakai*, 邦土瓦解, a nation falling into utter ruin; *Tohō gwakai*, 土崩瓦解, crumbling [lit.] like earth and breaking like tiles [fig.] utter destruction.  
 —*suru*, v.t. To be destroyed or ruined (as a country).



**Gwakaku**, ぐわかく, 畫閣, *n.* [*Chin.*] A building beautiful like a picture; a magnificent palace.

**Gwaki**, ぐわき, 瓦器, *n.* Earthen ware.

**Gwakō**, ぐわこう, 畫工, *n.* An artist; a painter.

**Gwakō**, ぐわこう, 畫稿, *n.* An artist's sketch-book.

**Gwakō**, ぐわこう, 瓦工, *n.* A tile-maker; a tiler. Syn. KAWARASHI, KAWARAYA.

**Gwakwan**, ぐわくわん, 畫卷, *n.* A picture made in the form of a scroll. Syn. EMAKIMONO. [toy.]

**Gwambutsu**, ぐわんぶつ, 玩物, *n.* A plaything; a toy.

**Gwammi**, ぐわんみ, 玩味, *n.* [*Chin.*] Tasting or relishing; digesting or examining the meaning (as of a sentence). —*suru*, *v.t.* ① To taste. ② To digest; to examine critically. *Jukudoku gwammi suru*, 熟讀玩味スル, to read (a book) carefully and digest (its contents).

**Gwammin**, ぐわんみん, 頑民, *n.* Obstinate or bigoted people.

**Gwammō**, ぐわんぼう, 願望, *n.* Wish; desire; hope; request; petition. —*suru*, *v.t.* To desire; to long for; to beg; to entreat. [tion.]

**Gwammon**, ぐわんもん, 頑文, *n.* A written petition.

**Gwampu**, ぐわんぷ, 頑夫, *n.* [*Chin.*] Bigoted people; prejudiced person; an obstinate fellow.

**Gwan**, ぐわん, 願, *n.* ① Desire; request; wish. ② Prayer; supplication; vow. *Gwan wo hodoku*, 願ヲホドク, [*coll.*] to cancel a vow; to revoke a prayer; *Gwan wo kakeru*, 願ヲ懸ル, [*coll.*] to make a vow or prayer; *Gwan wo tatsu*, 願ヲ立ツ, to offer up a prayer. Syn. NEGAI.

**Gwan**, ぐわん, 丸, *n.* A pill (used as an atlix to names of medicines in the form of small balls). *Ikkaku gwan*, 一角丸, [*lit.*] unicorn pills, the name of pills prepared from the horn of the unicorn. [pills.] —*suru*, *v.t.* To make round; to make into. Syn. MAROMERU.

**Gwandō**, ぐわんどう, 頑童, *n.* [*Chin.*] An obstinate or ignorant boy; a boy used by sodomites.

**Gwanhodoki**, ぐわんぼどき, 願瀬, 賽願, *n.* Finishing a prayer continued for a certain number of days or weeks.

**Gwangu**, ぐわんぐ, 頑愚, *a.* Stupid; ignorant; obstinate; prejudiced; bigoted; perverse.

**Gwan-i**, ぐわんい, 願意, *n.* The meaning or purport of a petition or prayer.

**Gwanjitsu**, ぐわんじつ, 元旦, *n.* The first day of the year; New Year's day.

**Gwankin**, ぐわんきん, 元金, *n.* Principal (as distinguished from interest). Syn. MOTOKIN.

**Gwanko**, ぐわんこ, 頑固, *a.* Obstinate, stubborn; Syn. KATAKUNA. [prejudiced.]

**Gwannen**, ぐわんねん, 元年, *n.* The first year in which a *nengō* begins; the year of the coronation of the Emperor.

**Gwamin**, ぐわんにん, 願人, *n.* An applicant; a petitioner.

**Gwanrai**, ぐわんらい, 元來, *adv.* Originally; naturally; anciently; from the first. Syn. HONRAI, MOTORYU, ZENTAI.

**Gwanri**, ぐわんり, 元利, 本利, *n.* Principal and interest.

**Gwanriki**, ぐわんりき, 願力, *n.* Efficacy of prayer; influence of one's earnest desire; force of will.

**Gwanrō suru**, ぐわんろうする, 玩弄, *v.t.* To amuse one's self with; to toy or trifle with.

**Gwanrō-butsu**, ぐわんろうぶつ, 玩弄物, *n.* A plaything; a toy.

**Gwansho**, ぐわんしょう, 願書, *n.* A written petition.

**Gwanshu**, ぐわんしゅ, 願主, *n.* A petitioner; an applicant; one who offers up a prayer or supplication. [force.]

**Gwansei**, ぐわんせい, 頑性, *n.* [*Physics.*] Coercive force.

**Gwanso**, ぐわんそ, 元祖, *n.* A progenitor; an originator; a founder; an inventor; a forefather.

**Gwantan**, ぐわんたん, 元旦, *n.* Same as *Gwanjitsu*.

**Gwan-yaku**, ぐわんやく, 丸藥, *n.* A pill.

**Gwanze-nashi**, ぐわんぜんなし, 頑是無, *a.* ① Without understanding, ignorant. ② Innocent, sinless, or unblemished (as a child).

**Gwaoku**, ぐわおく, 瓦屋, *n.* A tiled house.

**Gwappai**, ぐわっぱい, 月牌, *n.* [*Chin.*] A kind of ancestral tablet.

**Gwappi**, ぐわっぴ, 月日, *n.* Month and day; date. *Gwappi wo shirusu*, 月日ヲ記ス, to put down the date; to date.

**Gwara-gwara**, ぐわらぐわら, *adv.* The sound of rattling (as of tiles falling down from the roof). *Gwara-gwara to ochiru*, シワラシワラト落ル, to fall with a rattling sound.

**Gwarari to**, ぐわらりど, *adv.* ① Wide open; exposed; spaciously; freely; frankly. ② The sound of opening wide a screen or door with force. *To wo gwarari to akeru*, 戸ヲシワラリト開ケル, to open a door in a noisy manner.

**Gwareki**, ぐわれき, 瓦礫, *n.* Tiles and pebbles.

**Gwaretsu suru**, ぐわれつする, 瓦裂, *v.t.* To be thrown into disorder, to be in a state of commotion (said of states only). [upper story.]

**Gwarō**, ぐわらう, 畫樓, *n.* [*Chin.*] A picturesque building.

**Gwasenshi**, ぐわせんし, 畫仙紙, *n.* [*Chin.*] A kind of Chinese drawing paper.

**Gwashi**, ぐわし, 畫師, *n.* Same as *Gwakō*.

**Gwasshoku**, ぐわっしやく, 月蝕, *n.* Eclipse of the moon.

**Gwassoku**, ぐわっそく, 月蝕, *n.* moon, lunar eclipse.

**Gwassui**, ぐわっすい, 月水, *n.* The monthly courses, menses, catamenia.

**Gwata-gwata**, ぐわたくわたく, *adv.* The sound of anything shaking or trembling; rattling. Syn. FURURU.

**Gwatō**, ぐわとう, 瓦甕, *n.* A shallow earthen dish used for lighting purposes.

**Gwatsu**, ぐわつ, 月, *n.* Moon; month. *San gwatsu*, 三月, March, or the third month (o. s.); *Shō gwatsu*, 正月, January, or the first month (o. s.). Syn. GETSU. [month (o. s.)]

**Gwattai-soku**, ぐわたいそく, 月蝕, *n.* Partial eclipse of the moon.

**Gwasō**, ぐわさう, 畫像, *n.* A portrait.

**Gyaku**, ぎやく, 逆, *n.* and *a.* ① Being upside down; opposite, contrary, topsy-turvy. ② Rebellious, traitorous, refractory; riotousness, mutinousness, disobedience, treason, rebellion. Syn. SAKASAMA, SOMUKU.

**Gyaku**, ぎやく, 瘧, *n.* [*Med.*] Intermittent fever. Syn. OKORI, WARAHAYAMI.

**Gyaku**, ぎやく, 壓, *a.* and *n.* Oppressive, tyrannical cruel; tyranny, brutality. —*suru*, *v.t.* To oppress or tyrannize.

**Gyakuen**, ぎやくえん, 逆縁, *n.* Being connected with an enemy's relative in marriage; an uncongenial union.

**Gyakufū**, ぎやくふう, 逆風, *n.* - An adverse wind. Syn. MURAIKAZE. [sion.]

**Gyakohen**, ぎやくへん, 逆變, *n.* [*Physics.*] Inverse ratio.

**Gyakuhai**, ぎやくはい, 逆比, *n.* [*Math.*] Inverse ratio.

**Gyakuhirei**, ぎやくひれい, 逆比例, *n.* [*Math.*] Inverse or reciprocal proportion.

**Gyaku-i**, ぎやくい, 逆意, *n.* Rebellious mind; treachery; treason; perfidy. *Gyaku-i wo hasamu*, 逆意ヲ夾ム, to harbour traitorous designs.

**Gyaku-i**, ぎやくい, 暴威, *n.* Tyranny; cruelty. *Gyaku-i wo hoshi-mama ni su*, 暴威ヲ恣ニス, to practise tyranny in an arbitrary manner.

**Gyakujō**, ぎやくじょう, 逆上, *n.* Rushing of the blood to the head; dizziness; vertigo. —*suru*, *v.t.* To be crazy or dizzy. Syn. NOBOSERU.

**Gyaku-kō suru**, ぎやくこうする, 逆行, *v.i.* [*Chin.*] ① To go or move in a direction contrary to that which is proper. ② To behave in a perverse manner; debauchery. [Sakaga.]

**Gyaku-san**, ぎやくさん, 逆産, 倒産, *n.* Same as *Gyaku-satsu suru*.

**Gyaku-satsu suru**, ぎやくさつする, 屠殺, *v.t.* To murder in a cruel manner.

**Gyaku-sei**, ぎやくせい, 壓政, *n.* An oppressive government; tyrannical administration; tyranny. *Gyakusei wo okonau*, 壓政ヲ行フ, to govern in an oppressive manner; to tyrannize over the people.

**Gyakushu-kyokusen**, ぎやくしゅきょくせん, 逆斜曲線, *n.* [*Math.*] Anticlinical curve.

**Gyaku-shin**, ぎやくしん, 逆心, *n.* Same as *Gyaku-i* (逆意). *Gyaku-shin wo itaku*, 逆心ヲ懷ク, to entertain traitorous sentiments or designs.

**Gyaku-shin**, ぎやくしん, 逆臣, *n.* A traitorous vassal; a disloyal subject.

**Gyakushū**, ぎやくしゅう, 逆休, *n.* The act of an old man or parent burying his dead child or saying mass for the latter.

**Gyakutai suru**, ぎやくたいする, 虐待, *v.t.* To ill-treat or oppress.

**Gyaku-to**, ぎやくと, 逆徒, *n.* A rebel; an insurgent, a traitor.

**Gyaku-u**, ぎやくう, 逆雨, *n.* Adverse rain, or rain accompanying adverse wind. [insurgents.]

**Gyakuzoku**, ぎやくぞく, 逆賊, *n.* Rebels; traitors; *Gyakuzoku wo chūsu*, 逆賊ヲ誅ス, to punish a traitor with death.

**Gyo**, ぎょ, 魚, *n.* and *a.* Fish (mostly in compound). Syn. SAKANA.

**Gyo**, ぎょ, 御, *n.* [*Chin.*] Horsemanship. *Gyo wo manabu*, 御ヲ學ブ, to practise horsemanship. —*suru*, ぎょする, 御, *v.t.* ① To drive as horses; to ride on. ② To rule, govern, or sway; to hold the reins; to preside over. *Tenka wo gyo suru*, 天下ヲ御スル, to govern the country; *Uma wo gyo suru*, 馬ヲ御スル, to ride on a horse; to drive.

**Gyo**, ぎょ, 御, *n.* An epithet for the Emperor; Imperial. Syn. GO, ŌN, ŌN.

**Gyō**, ぎょう, 業, *n.* Business; calling; trade; occupation. Syn. TSUTOME, WAZA. [tion.]

**Gyō**, ぎょう, 行, *n.* ① Religious austerities or services. ② *Cont.* form of *Gyūsha* (行書), which see. ③ Numeral for rows, a row. ④ Elements (of nature). *Gyō wo suru*, 行ヲスル, [*coll.*] to practise religious austerities (such as fasting, contemplation, etc.); *Gyō yori sō ga kakiyūni*, 行ヨリ草ハ書キヨクナリ, the cursive style is more easily written than the *gyō*; *Mizu wa go gyō no itsu nari*, 水ハ五行ノ一ナリ, water is one of the five elements; *Mizu no gyō*, 前ノ行, the front line; *Sangyū ni kakru*, 三行ニ書ク, to write in three lines.

**Gyōbel**, ぎょうべい, 御來, *n.* [*Bot.*] Poppy.

**Gyōhoku**, ぎょうほく, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Crataeva religiosa*.

**Gyōhō suru**, ぎょうほうする, 凝眸, *v.t.* To fix the eye upon; to glare at.

**Gyōbu**, ぎょうぶ, 刑部, *n.* The title of an ancient official belonging to the *Gyōmu-shō*.

**Gyōbu-shō**, ぎょうぶしょう, 刑部省, *n.* The department of justice in former times.

**Gyōchi**, ぎょうち, 陸地, *n.* [*Chin.*] A gravelly soil. Syn. ISHII.

**Gyoden**, ぎょうでん, *n.* A number of small fish



strung on a stick, covered with *miso*, and roasted.

**Gyōdō**, ぎやうたう, 行道, *n.* The motion of a heavenly body in its orbit; orbit.

**Gyo-ei**, ぎやうい, 御誦, *n.* Poems composed by the Emperor.

**Gyo-en**, ぎやうえん, 魚鹽, *n.* [Chin.] [lit.] Fish and salt; fishery and salt manufacture.  
*Gyo-en no ri*, 魚鹽ノ利, profit derived from (or advantage of) fishery and salt manufacture.

**Gyofu**, ぎやうふ, 漁夫, *n.* A fisherman.  
Syn. RYŌSHI, SUNADORI. [ments.]

**Gyofuku**, ぎやうふく, 御服, *n.* The Imperial garment.

**Gyōgi**, ぎやうぎ, 行儀, *n.* Conduct; behavior; deportment; order.  
*Gyōgi ga warui*, 行儀が悪い, to be ill-mannered, rude; *Gyōgi wo narau*, 行儀ヲ習フ, to learn good manners; *Gyōgi yoku suwaru*, 行儀好ク坐ル, to sit in an orderly manner.  
Syn. GYŪBŌ, OKONAI, SAHŌ. [tylon.]

**Gyōgi-shiba**, ぎやうぎしば, *n.* [Bot.] *Cynodon Dactyloides*.

**Gyōgiyaki**, ぎやうぎやき, 行基焼, *n.* An unglazed, gray coloured pottery originated by a Buddhist priest named *Gyōgi*.

**Gyogu**, ぎやうこ, 漁具, *n.* [Chin.] Fishing implements, such as nets, fishing hooks, etc.

**Gyogyō**, ぎやうぎょう, 漁業, *n.* Fishery.

**Gyōgōshi**, ぎやうぎょうし, 御膳長, *n.* [Ornith.] The veed-warbler, *Acrocephalus*.

**Gyōgōshi, -i-ki**, ぎやうぎょうし, 御膳長, *n.* Noisy, clamorous, vociferous, uproarious; high-sounding; deep-mouthed; boasting; vaunting, magniloquent.  
*Gyōgōshiki mono no tōji*, ぎやうぎょうしモノノ音様, vaunting way of speaking.

**Gyōhai**, ぎやうはい, 御杯, *n.* [Chin.] A wine cup used by the Emperor.  
*Gyōhai wo tamawaru*, 御杯ヲ賜ヘル, to bestow a wine cup (said of the Emperor).

**Gyōhyō**, ぎやうへう, 魚鱗, *n.* [Ichth.] Isinglass.

**Gyō-i**, ぎやうい, 御意, *n.* [honori.] The will of the Emperor. ② Your will (to superiors).  
*Gyō-i no manimanu*, 御意ノマニマニ, as your honour pleases.

**Gyō-i**, ぎやうい, 御衣, *n.* Imperial clothes.

**Gyōjin**, ぎやうじん, 行者, *n.* One who goes about performing religious austerities; a pilgrim; an anchorite.  
[Allium victorialis.]

**Gyōjin-nimbu**, ぎやうじんニム, 御意, *n.* [Bot.] (as of a guild).

**Gyōji**, ぎやうじ, 行司, *n.* One who manages affairs (as of a guild).

**Gyōji**, ぎやうじ, 行司, *n.* An umpire or judge (as of wrestlers).

**Gyōjō**, ぎやうじょう, 行状, *n.* Conduct; behavior; deportment.  
Syn. FURUMAI, GYŌSEKI, OKONAI.

**Gyōjōsho**, ぎやうじょうじょう, 行状書, *n.* A biography; a memoir.

**Gyōjū-saga**, ぎやうじゅうさが, 行住坐臥, *n.* Going, staying, sitting, and lying down; both action and inaction.

**Gyokan**, ぎよくあん, 御感, *n.* [Chin.] Imperial admiration.  
*Gyokan naname narazu*, 御感不斜, His Majesty admired not a little; the Emperor's admiration was boundless. [tulating.]

**Gyokei**, ぎよくけい, 御慶, *n.* [Epist.] Act of congratulating another.  
*Gyokei wo nōshitagaru*, 御慶ヲ申上ル, to have the honour of congratulating another.

**Gyōkei**, ぎよくけい, 行啓, *n.* The going out of the Empress, or Heir-apparent. [peror.]

**Gyōken**, ぎよくけん, 御剣, *n.* The sword of the Emperor.

**Gyōketsu**, ぎよくけつ, 凝結, *n.* Congelation; condensation, conjuation. —*suru*, *v.t.* To congeal or coagulate.  
Syn. HYŌKETSU, KATAMARU.

**Gyōketsuki**, ぎよくけつき, 凝結器, *n.* [Physics.] Condenser.

**Gyōki**, ぎよくき, 衰季, *n.* Degenerated age; a nation in a state of demoralization.  
Syn. MASSE, SUK NO YO.

**Gyōki**, ぎよくき, 御忌, *n.* Name given to the anniversary of the death of a famous Buddhist priest named *Enkōdaishi*.

**Gyōkō**, ぎよくこう, 玉工, *n.* [Chin.] One who cuts and polishes stones; lapidary.  
Syn. TAMASURI. [Emperor.]

**Gyōkō**, ぎよくこう, 行幸, *n.* The going out of the Emperor.

**Gyōkō**, ぎよくこう, 凝固, *n.* [Physics.] Solidification.

**Gyōkō**, ぎよくこう, 御降, *n.* [Chin.] A good fortune; unexpected luck; a windfall. —*suru*, *v.t.* To venture upon.  
Syn. KŌBONZAIWAI, MAGUREZAIWAI.

**Gyōko**, ぎよくこ, 魚虎, *n.* [Zool.] Grampus.

**Gyōkochō**, ぎよくこちょう, 魚虎鳥, *n.* [Ornith.] A kingfisher. [tufa.]

**Gyōkoseki**, ぎよくこせき, 凝固石, *n.* [Min.] Lime.

**Gyōkoten**, ぎよくこてん, 凝固點, *n.* [Physics.] Solidifying point.

**Gyōkotsu**, ぎよくこつ, 魚骨, *n.* Fish bones.

**Gyoku**, ぎよく, *n.* Precious stones; a gem; a jewel; chalcidony.

**Gyoku**, ぎよく, 玉, *n.* The price of a prostitute.  
*Gyoku wo harau*, ぎよくヲ拂フ, to pay for a prostitute.  
Syn. AGEDAL. [harlot.]

**Gyokugan**, ぎよくがん, 玉顔, *n.* The Imperial face; a beautiful countenance.

**Gyokuhon**, ぎよくほん, 玉函, *n.* [lit.] Diamond book; [fig.] the name of a famous Chinese-Japanese dictionary.

**Gyoku-in**, ぎよくいん, 玉印, *n.* A stamp made of crystal or other precious stones.

**Gyokuhōkwa**, ぎよくほうくわ, 玉露花, *n.* [Bot.] *Habenaria sagittifera*.

**Gyokujū**, ぎよくじゅう, 玉璽, *n.* The Prier Seal.

**Gyokujin**, ぎよくじん, 玉人, *n.* [Chin.] A lapidary.

**Gyokukei**, ぎよくけい, 玉聲, *n.* A sonorous stone used in Chinese music.

**Gyokukwan**, ぎよくくわん, 玉冠, *n.* [Chin.] The Imperial Crown made of gold and ornamented with strings of precious gems.

**Gyokukwan**, ぎよくくわん, 玉蓮, *n.* [Bot.] The lotus-flower.

**Gyokuran**, ぎよくらん, 玉蘭, *n.* [Bot.] The yulane, *Magnolia conspicua*.

**Gyokuren**, ぎよくれん, 玉環, *n.* [Chin.] An Imperial palanquin.

**Gyokurō**, ぎよくろう, 玉楼, *n.* A magnificent upper storey or building.

**Gyokuseki**, ぎよくせき, 玉石, *n.* ① Precious stone, jewel; gem. ② Gem and stone, the good and vile. [jumbled together.]  
*Gyokuseki konkō*, 玉石混濁, the good and bad.

**Gyokusenka**, ぎよくせんか, 玉簪花, *n.* [Bot.] The sweet flag; or iris.

**Gyokushin**, ぎよくしん, 玉簪, *n.* [Bot.] *Funkia*.  
Syn. CHŪSENGINOSHII. [ovata.]

**Gyokushō**, ぎよくしょう, 玉璽, *n.* Precious sentence; your letter (an honoric expression).

**Gyokushoku**, ぎよくしゆく, 玉食, *n.* [lit.] Precious food; delicacies; dainties. [tea bulbifera.]

**Gyokushukusō**, ぎよくしゆくそう, *n.* [Bot.] *Laportea*.

**Gyokutai**, ぎよくたい, 玉体, *n.* The body or person of the Emperor. [Spiraea.]

**Gyokutai-kwa**, ぎよくたいくわ, 玉體花, *n.* [Bot.]

**Gyokuto**, ぎよくと, 玉兔, *n.* [lit.] The precious hare; [fig.] the moon (from the superstition that a hare lives in it).

**Gyokutō**, ぎよくたう, 玉環, *n.* [Conch.] A kind of shell fish, *Pinna japonica*.

**Gyokuzen**, ぎよくぜん, 玉座, *n.* The Imperial Throne.  
Syn. OMASHI.

**Gyokuzui**, ぎよくずい, 玉髓, *n.* [Min.] Chalcidony.

**Gyokuzukwa**, ぎよくづくわ, 玉露花, *n.* [Bot.] The passion-flower.

**Gyokwa**, ぎよくわ, 漁火, *n.* A fishing fire, or fire lighted by fishermen for attracting fish.

**Gyōkwa**, ぎよくわ, 莢花, *n.* [Bot.] *Wickstrœmia Ganpi*.

**Gyōnen**, ぎよくねん, 行年, *n.* One's age at his death.  
[80th year of age.]  
*Gyōnen hachijūssai*, 行年八十歳, (died) in the  
Syn. NENREI, TOSHIBAI, YOWAI.

**Gyōniku**, ぎよくにく, 魚肉, *n.* Flesh of fish.

**Gyōretsu**, ぎよくれつ, 行列, *n.* Procession, parade. —*suru*, *v.t.* To go in procession; to parade.

**Gyōrin**, ぎよくりん, 魚鱗, *n.* The scales of a fish; a way of arranging troops in battle.

**Gyōru**, ぎよくる, 魚類, *n.* Animals of the fish class; fishes.

**Gyōryō**, ぎよくりょう, 御詔, *n.* Same as *Misasagi*.

**Gyōryō**, ぎよくりょう, 漁業, *n.* Fishing; fishery.

**Gyōryū**, ぎよくりゅう, 櫻柳, *n.* [Bot.] *Tamaya-juni-perina*. [ings; works.]

**Gyōsan**, ぎよくさん, 行作, *n.* Actions; conduct; do-

**Gyōsan**, ぎよくさん, 迎山, 倣大, *n.* and *adv.* [coll.] Very many; great many; very much; abundant. —*suru*, *v.t.* To go in procession; to parade. [ly; immuently.]

**Gyōsei**, ぎよくせい, 御製, *n.* Literary productions of the Emperor.  
*Gyōsei no uta*, 御製ノ歌, a poem composed by the Emperor, the Emperor's poem.

**Gyōsei**, ぎよくせい, 形勢, *n.* Same as *Kisei*.

**Gyōsei**, ぎよくせい, 行星, *n.* A planet.

**Gyōsei**, ぎよくせい, 行政, *n.* The executive; administration.

**Gyōseibu**, ぎよくせいぶ, 行政部, *n.* The executive.

**Gyōseiken**, ぎよくせいけん, 行政権, *n.* The powers or functions of the executive.

**Gyōsei-saibansho**, ぎよくせいさいばんしょ, 行政裁判所, *n.* A Court of Administrative Litigation. [conduct; deed.]

**Gyōseki**, ぎよくせき, 行跡, *n.* Actions, doings; Syn. GYŪGI.

**Gyōshi**, ぎよくし, 取者, *n.* A coachman; a driver; a charioteer.

**Gyōshi**, ぎよくし, 魚子, *n.* [Ichth.] Fish-roe.

**Gyōshin**, ぎよくしん, 御寝, *n.* Sleep or going to bed (said of the Emperor only).

**Gyōshinaru**, ぎよくしんなる, 御寝成, *v.t.* To sleep (only used of superiors).  
Syn. GESHINARE, OYORU.

**Gyōshi suru**, ぎよくしする, 凝視, *v.t.* To fix the eyes on; to stare at.

**Gyōshitsu**, ぎよくしつ, 魚虱, *n.* [Zool.] A fish-louse.

**Gyōsho**, ぎよくしょう, 行書, *n.* A style of writing Chinese characters intermediate between the square and the cursive forms.

**Gyōshū**, ぎよくしゅう, 漁舟, *n.* [Chin.] A fishing boat.

**Gyōshū**, ぎよくしゅう, 凝集, *n.* [Physics.] Cohesion.  
*Gyōshū no arisama*, 凝集ノ有様, state of aggregation. [aggregate] —*suru*, *v.t.* or *t.* To collect into a mass; to contract or condense (as liquids).

**Gyōshū suru**, ぎよくしゅうする, 凝收, *v.t.* To congeal or clot. [80th year of age.]

**Gyōsō**, ぎよくそう, 凝霜, *n.* Glazed frost.

**Gyōsō**, ぎよくそう, 行装, *n.* Dressing one's self for a journey; traveling apparel.

**Gyō suru**, ぎよくする, 御, *v.t.* To go, do or use (said only of the Emperor).



Shin ni gyo suru, 寝二御スル, to go to bed (only of the Emperor).

Gyotai, ぎよたい, 魚袋, n. An ornamental bag anciently worn by the higher ranks of nobles.

Gyotai suru, ぎよたいする, 逗留, v. i. ① To be obstructed or impeded. ② To be kept back, delayed, retarded, or clogged.

Gyotai, ぎよたい, 業, n. Business; calling; occupation.

Gyoten suru, ぎよてんする, 逆天, v. i. To turn up the eyes; to stand agog; to be struck with wonder.

Syn. BIKKURI SURU, ODOROKU, TAMAGERU.

Gyotō, ぎよとう, 魚燈, n. Cont. form of below.

Gyotōyu, ぎよとうゆ, 魚燈油, n. Fish oil used for illuminating purposes.

Gyotto, ぎよっと, 愕, adv. [coll.] Taken by surprise; awestruck; with gaping mouth; all agog.

Gyo-u, ぎよ, 御宇, n. The reign of the Emperor. Syn. MIYO, YO.

Gyōyō, ぎよぎょう, 香葉, n. An ornament attached to a Chinese saddle; patterns resembling do.

Gyoyū, ぎよゆう, 御遊, n. The Emperor's pleasure excursion or amusement.

Gyoyu, ぎよゆう, 魚油, n. Fish oil.

Gyoyu-chime-dōgu, ぎよゆうちめどうぐ, 魚油搾器, n. A press for extracting fish oil. [water.]

Gyōzui, ぎよづい, 行水, n. Bathing in hot or cold

Gyōzui-daru, ぎよづいでらう, 行水籠, n. A bath

Gyū, ぎゆう, 牛, n. [Zool.] An ox; a cow. [tub.]

Gyū, ぎゆう, 牛, n. ① One of the 28 constellations in Capricorn. ② Beef.

Gyūba, ぎゆうば, 牛馬, n. Cattle and horse.

Gyūbisai, ぎゆうびさい, 牛尾菜, n. [Bot.] Smitax herbacea. [phalus insidator.]

Gyūbiyo, ぎゆうびよ, 牛尾魚, n. [Ichth.] Platyc-

Gyūbō, ぎゆうぼ, 牛虱, n. [Entom.] Gaddy.

Gyūhen, ぎゆうへん, 牛蒡, n. [Bot.] Aconitum lycoct-

Syn. REJINSŌ. [num.]

Gyūhi, ぎゆうひ, 牛皮, n. Oxhide. [ame.]

Gyūhi, ぎゆうひ, 求肥, 牛皮, n. Cont. form of Gyūhi-

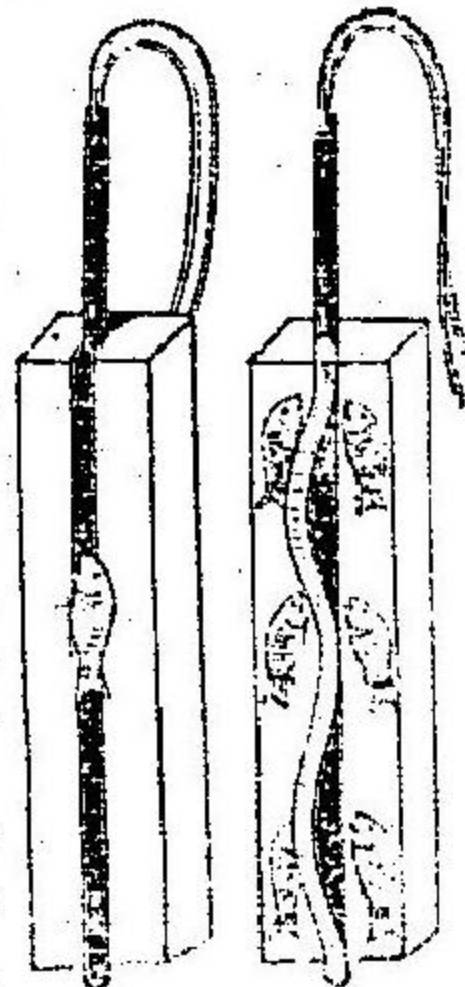
Gyūhi-ame, ぎゆうひあめ, 牛蒡餅, n. A kind of confectionery made by boiling together glutinous rice, starch, sugar, etc. [caudatum.]

Gyūhisō, ぎゆうひそう, 牛皮筋, n. [Bot.] Cynanchum

Gyūhōtsu, ぎゆうこうつ, 牛骨, n. Bones of an ox.

Gyūniku, ぎゆうにく, 牛肉, n. Beef.

Gyūnyū, ぎゆうnyū, 牛乳, n. Cow's milk.



(魚袋)

Gyūrō, ぎゆうらう, 牛羂, n. [Zool.] A brindled ox.

Gyūsha, ぎゆうしゃ, 牛車, n. A carriage or wagon drawn by cows or oxen.

Gyūshiko, ぎゆうしこ, 牛屎袋, n. [Bot.] Puff ball.

Gyūshitsu, ぎゆうしつ, 牛虱, n. [Entom.] A tick.

Gyūshitsusō, ぎゆうしつそう, 牛虱草, n. [Bot.] Achy-

Gyūshoshi, ぎゆうしよし, 牛蹄子, n. [Bot.] Callitriche japonica.

Gyūtan, ぎゆうたん, 牛膽, n. An ox's gall.

Gyūto, ぎゆうとう, 牛痘, n. Vaccine disease.

Gyūto, ぎゆうとう, 牛痘, n. Vaccine disease. Gyūto wo ueru, 牛痘ヲ種ル, to vaccinate.

Gyūto, ぎゆうとう, 突, adv. [coll.] The manner of suddenly coming to a stand still.

H.

Ha, は, 葉, n. A leaf.

Ki no ha, 木ノ葉, leaves of trees.

Ha, は, 歯, n. ① A tooth. ② The teeth (as of a saw). ③ The cogs, and also, the rim of a wheel.

④ A pair of supports or blocks inserted on the sole of a geta (wooden clogs).

Ha ga kawaru, 歯ガ變ル, [lit.] the teeth change, i. e. cutting the permanent teeth; Ha ga uku, 歯ガ浮ク, the teeth are set on edge; Ha wo kuisshitaru, 歯ヲ食イシタル, to gnash the teeth; Ha wo mitaku, 歯ヲ磨ク, to clean the teeth; Ha wo nuku, 歯ヲ抜ク, to extract a tooth; Ha wo someru, 歯ヲ染ル, to dye the teeth; Kuruma no ha, 車ノ歯, the cogs of a wheel; the rim of do.; Kushi no ha, 櫛ノ歯, the teeth of a comb; Nokogiri no ha, 鋸ノ歯, the teeth of a saw. [ete.]

Ha, は, 刀, n. The cutting edge of a sword, knife, Katana no ha, 刀ノ刃, the cutting edge or blade of a sword.

Ha, は, 羽, n. ① Feathers; wings. ② Power; influence; authority. ③ Numeral for counting birds.

Ha wo kikasu, 羽ヲ利カス, to exercise authority; to lead by the nose; Ha wo nobasu, 羽ヲ伸ス, to extend one's influence over; to lord it over; Kano ni wa, 鴨ニ羽, two wild ducks; Tori no ha-oto, 鳥ノ羽音, the sound of the flapping of a bird's wings.

Syn. HANE, KEN-I, TSURASA.

Ha, は, 端, n. Extremity; edge; end.

Noki no ha, 軒端, the eaves of a house; Yama no ha, 山ノ端, the extremity or edge of a mountain.

Ha, は, 端, n. The odd number, or a number

which is over and above a round number; balance (as of money).

Kazu no ha, 數ノ端, the odd number; Zeni no wa-ha, 錢ノ上端, balance cash.

Syn. HANPA, HASHITA.

Ha, は, 派, n. Sect; branch; denomination; school; Syn. EDA, WAKANE. [party; faction.]

Ha, は, 嗚呼, n. An exclamation of laughter; also an expression of satisfaction or understanding in response to what another has said.

Ha sū desu ka, ハサリテスカ, [coll.] indeed, is Ha, は, 把, n. A bundle. [that so?]

Maki ni wa, 薪ニ把, two bundles of fire wood; Wata go-wa, 藁五把, five bundles of straw.

Ha, は, 鋸, n. A hand rake with iron teeth. Syn. MAGUWA.

Ha-nari, はあり, 羽織, n. [Entom.] A winged ant.

Haba, はば, 幅, n. ① The breadth. ② Power; influence; authority.

Haba wo kikasu, 幅ヲ利ス, to make a figure; to sway; Haba wo sasu, 幅ヲ差ス, to measure the breadth; Haba wo suru, 幅ヲスル, to have the upper hand; to rule the roost; Mi babahan, 三幅半, three and a half breadths of cloth.

Habakarawashi-i-ki, はばからわし, a. ① Ashamed; abashed; backward. ② Exciting fear or reverence; dreadful; awful; reverential.

Habakari, はばかり, 怖, n. Fear; dread; apprehension; feeling backward or ashamed.

Syn. OSORE.

Habakari, はばかり, n. [polite coll.] The water-closet; the privy. [privy.]

Habakari ni yuku, ハバカリニ行ク, to go to the

Habakari-ngaru, はばかりながら, 乍, adv. Though I fear that; although it may be rude for me; begging your pardon.

Habakaru, はばかる, v. i. To spread; to extend; Syn. HIROGARU. [to disseminate.]

Habakaru, はばかる, 懼, v. i. To feel backward; to be afraid of; to fear; to be diffident.

Syn. ENRYO SURU.

Habaki, はばき, 錠, n. A thin metallic ring for securing the guard to the sword-blade.

Habaki, はばき, 履巾, 行經, 履衣, n. Leggings. Syn. KYAHAN.

Habakigasa, はばきがさ, 經緯, n. [Med.] An eruption on the legs.

Habamu, はばま, 阻, 難, v. i. To object to; to oppose; to resist; to prevent; to thwart.

Syn. KOBAMU.

Habanori, はばのり, n. [Bot.] Phyllitis debilis.

Habari, はばり, 刃針, 披針, n. A lancet. Syn. HIRABARI, RANSETTA.

Haburu, はばる, v. i. To spread over; to extend. Syn. HIROGARU.

Habataki, はばたき, 羽撃, n. Flapping (as of birds). —suru, v. i. To flap.

Habatashi-i-ki, はばたし, a. [coll.] Too much for the mouth; too large.

Haberu, はべる, 侍, v. i. To attend or wait upon. ② To be; to have (used only in classical language).

Syn. HAMBERU, SORŌ.

Habi, はび, 扉目, n. [cont. of Han no hi.] The odd days of the month, as the 1st, 3rd, 5th, etc.

Habikoru, はびこる, 蔓延, v. i. ① To spread, extend, or run wild (as plants); to increase or multiply. ② To perk one's self up; to ride the high horse; to be arrogant; to become more and more powerful.

Kusa-ki ga habikoru, 草木ガ蔓延ス, the plants spread all about.

Syn. HIROGARU, SHIGERU.

Habikoru, はびこる, 横行, v. i. To strut about; to commit depredations unmolested.

Tōzoku habikoru, 盜賊ハビコル, robbers commit their depredations unmolested.

Syn. FURERU. [undate.]

Habikoru, はびこる, 溢, v. i. To overflow; to in-

Habōki, はばうき, 羽筆, n. A feather brush. Syn. HANBŌKI.

Haboro, はばろ, 陸八樹, n. [Bot.] Elaeocarpus pectinifolia.

Habotan, はばたん, 甘藍, n. [Bot.] Cabbage.

Habu, はぶ, 倭蝮蛇, n. [Zool.] Trimorsurus riu-

Habu, はぶ, n. [Min.] A kind of black mica.

Habukaru, はばかる, 見除, 被省, v. i. Caus. or potent. form of below.

Habuku, はばく, 省, 略, v. i. ① To lessen, diminish, or decrease; to reduce, deduct, or subtract. ② To omit, abridge, or abbreviate. ③ To leave out; to dismiss.

Moji wo habuku, 文字ヲ省ク, to omit a character; to abbreviate words; Nakama wo habuku, 仲間ヲ省ク, to exclude from company; Ninzu wo habuku, 人数ヲ省ク, to reduce the number of persons; Tsure wo habuku, 費ヲ省ク, to curtail expenses.

Syn. GENSHŌ SURU, GENZURU, HERASU.

Haburi, はばり, 羽振, n. ① The flapping of wings. ② The form or features of wings. ③ The position of a person as regards his influence in society.

Haburi, はばり, 葉形, n. The form or appearance of a leaf.

Kono ki no haburi ga yoi, 此ノ木ノ葉形ガ好イ, the foliage of this tree is good.

Haburu, はばる, v. i. ① To flap the wings. [rare.] ② To overflow, as a river.



**Habushi**, はぶし, 齒筋, *n.* The tooth with respect to their form or appearance.

**Habushi**, はぶし, 羽筋, *n.* The quill of a feather. Syn. HAGUKI. [ther.]

**Habusō**, はぶそう, 荳江南, *n.* [Bot.] *Cassia occidentalis*. [silk.]

**Habutae**, はぶたへ, 羽二重, *n.* A kind of glossy

**Habutae-kannaku**, はぶたへかなきん, 羽二重金巾, *n.* Glossy shirtings.

**Habutakobura**, ハブテコブラ, 蛇木, *n.* [cont. of two Hindoo words meaning snake and tree.] A medicinal plant used as an antidote for snake-

**Hachi**, はち, 鉢, *n.* [Entom.] A bee. [bite.]

**Hachi**, はち, 八, *a.* Eight.

**Ni-hachi**, 二八, [lit.] two by eight, [fig.] a young lady of sixteen years of age; a blooming damsel. Syn. YA, YATSU.

**Hachi**, はち, 鉢, *n.* A pot, bowl, or basin.

*Ki bachi*, 木鉢, a wooden bowl; *Matsu hito-hachi*, 松一鉢, a pot with a young pine; *Ueki bachi*, 榎木鉢, a flower-pot

**Hachi**, はち, 鉢, 蓋, *n.* The skull.

*Atama no hachi*, 天蓋ノ鉢, the skull.

**Hachiwase**, はちあはせ, 鉢合, *n.* Bumping heads. [heads.]

*Hachiwase wo suru*, 鉢合ヲスル, to bump

**Hachibai**, はちばい, 八倍, *a.* Eight-fold; eight times as much.

**Hachiban**, はちばん, 八蠻, *n.* Eight barbarous nations; all the barbarians of the world. [ton.]

**Hachichō**, はちてふ, 鉢虎, *n.* [Entom.] *Aegeria hec-*

**Hachidai**, はちたい, 鉢臺, 盆架, *n.* A stand for a flower-pot; a bowl stand.

**Hachi-daijigoku**, はちたいまをく, 八大地獄, *n.* [Budd.] The eight Buddhist hells, viz., *Tōkotsutsu* (等活), *Kokujō* (黑繩), *Shūjō* (衆合), *Kyūkyūan* (叫喚), *Shūnetsu* (焦熱), *Daishōnetsu* (大焦熱), and *Muken* (無期).

**Hachidaijūhachū**, はちたいまふ, 八大地獄, *n.* The eight famous poetical collections of Japan, viz., *Kokin* (古今), *Kōsen* (後撰), *Shūi* (拾遺), *Goshūi* (後拾遺), *Shūka* (蜀花), *Kin'yō* (金葉), *Senzai* (千載), and *Shūinkokin* (新古今).

**Hachidō**, はちたう, 八道, *n.* The eight sections of of Japan, namely, *Tōkai* (東海), *Tōsan* (東山), *Hokuriku* (北陸), *Hokkai* (北海), *San-in* (山陰), *San-yō* (山陽), *Nankai* (南海), and *Saikai* (西海).

*Goki hachidō*, 五畿八道, all the provinces of Japan; whole Japan.

**Hachifuku**, はちふく, 鉢敷, *v.t.* [coll.] To regard with aversion; to turn away from.

**Hachigane**, はちがね, *n.* Frontlet of a helmet.

**Hachigusa**, はちぐさ, 鉢, *n.* [Bot.] The shepherd's purse. [8th month (o.s.).]

**Hachigwatsu**, はちぐわつ, 八月, *n.* August or the

**Hachigyaku**, はちぎやく, 八逆, *n.* Eight great crimes, such as treason, conspiracy, disrespect toward the Emperor, disobedience to parents, etc.

**Hachihaidōfu**, はちはいどうふ, 八盃豆腐, *n.* *Tōfu* chopped into small pieces and boiled in a soup composed of four cups full of water, two of soy, and two of sake.

**Hachibiraki**, はちひらき, 鉢藪, *n.* A beggar.

**Hachi-i**, はちい, 八位, *n.* A person of the eighth rank of honour.

**Hachi-in**, はちいん, 八音, *n.* [Mus.] Eight sounds of music, produced respectively by metal, stone, string, bamboo, gourd, earth, leather, and

**Hachiji**, はちじ, 八時, *n.* Eight o'clock. [wood.]

**Hachijū**, はちじゅう, 八陣, *n.* Eight modes of disposing troops in the field, originated by a Chinese general named Komei.

**Hachijō**, はちじょう, 八丈, *n.* A fine silk stuff woven and dyed in the island of Hachijō (Izu) where it is called *tango-ori*.

**Hachijō-gai**, はちじょうがひ, 貝子, *n.* [Conch.] *Cypraea* sp. [as Hachijō.]

**Hachijō-ginai**, はちじょうぎぬい, 八丈絹, *n.* Same

**Hachijō-jima**, はちじょうじま, 八丈島, *n.* Striped silk stuff woven in the Hachijō island near Izu.

**Hachijōketma**, はちじょうけつまい, *n.* [Bot.] Cherry-laurel, *Prunus macrophylla*.

**Hachijōtsugumi**, はちじょうつぐみ, *n.* [Ornith.] *Tupia naumanni*.

**Hachijōsō**, はちじょうそう, 細草, *n.* [Bot.] *Angelica klusiana*. [kind of pongee.]

**Hachijō-tsumugi**, はちじょうつむぎ, 八丈絹, *n.* A

**Hachijū**, はちじゅう, 八十, *n.* Eighty.

Syn. YASO, YASOJI.

**Hachijū-hachi-ya**, はちじゅうはちや, 八十八夜, *n.* The eighty-eighth night from the first spring day (o.s.) or from the second of February (n.s.) on which frost is over and the farm work is about to be commenced.

**Hachiku**, はちく, 淡竹, *n.* [Bot.] A black bamboo, *Phyllostachys nigra*.

**Hachiku**, はちく, 破竹, *n.* [lit.] Splitting a bamboo; only used figuratively in an expression as below.

*Hachiku no ikoi*, 破竹ノ勢, a force which opposes anything coming in its way, as easily as splitting a bamboo. [zard.]

**Hachikuma**, はちくま, *n.* [Ornith.] Honey-Buz-

**Hachimae**, はちまへ, 鉢前, *n.* The spot near a necessary where a basin is usually placed for washing the hands.

**Hachimaki**, はちまき, 鉢巻, 鉢巻, 鉢巻, *n.* A handkerchief tied around the head; a turban.

**Hachiman**, はちまん, 八幡, *n.* A canonical title

of the Emperor Ōjin. He is worshipped as the god of war.

**Hachimanzan**, はちまんざん, 八幡座, *n.* The crown

**Hachimien**, はちめん, 八面, *n.* and *a.* Eight faces or sides; octahedron. [Disphenoid.]

**Hachimensetsu**, はちめんせつ, 八面餅, *n.* [Min.]

**Hachimitsu**, はちみつ, 鉢蜜, *n.* Honey.

**Hachimoji**, はちもじ, 八字, *n.* The Chinese character 八 (*hachi*, eight); having the form of do.

*Hachimoji wo fumu*, 八字ヲ踏ム, to walk with the toes turned inwards (as done by courtesans when walking in a procession); to be parrot-toed; *Hachiji no hige*, 八字ノ鬚, the mustaches in the shape of the character 八 (*hachi*).

**Hachi-nin-gei**, はちにんがい, 八人藝, *n.* Acting the parts of eight dramatic personae; ventriloquism.

**Hachi-no-ki**, はちのき, 鉢木, *n.* A plant grown in a pot; a potted plant.

**Hachi-no-ko**, はちのこ, 鉢子, *n.* A garment worn around the loins.

**Hachi-no-su**, はちのす, 鉢巣, *n.* A bee-hive.

**Hachirihan**, はちりはん, 紫豆, *n.* [Bot.] *Mucuna capitata*.

**Hachiryō-no-yoroi**, はちりやうのよろい, 八筋之甲, *n.* Eight famous armours worn by warriors of the Minamoto family. [mucifera.]

**Hachisu**, はちす, 蓮, *n.* [Bot.] The lotus, *Nelumbo* Syn. HASU. [ens.]

**Hachisu**, はちす, 木槿, *n.* [Bot.] *Hibiscus syria-*

**Hachisubana**, はちすばな, 蓮花, *n.* The flower of the lotus, or more properly that of *Nelumbium speciosum*.

**Hachisugi**, はちすぎ, 蓮樹, *n.* [Bot.] Lotus tree.

**Hachitadaki**, はちただし, 鉢叩, *n.* Popular name for a branch of the *Tendai* denomination of Buddhists, so called from the circumstance that the priests of this branch strike metallic bowls while chanting their prayers. See also *Kōya-nembutsu*.

**Hachitsuke-no-ita**, はちつけのいた, 鉢付板, *n.* A metal plate attached to the crown of a helmet.

**Hachi-ue**, はちうえ, 鉢櫃, *n.* A plant growing in a pot. [ing in a pot.]

*Hachi-ue no ume*, 鉢櫃ノ梅, a plum tree growing

**Hachiyō**, はちえふ, 八葉, *n.* The name of a family badge or coat of arms consisting of eight lotus leaves. [in dishes.]

**Hachizakana**, はちざかな, 鉢肴, *n.* Fish served

**Hada**, はた, 皮, 肌, 膚, *n.* ① The naked surface or body of a tree. ② The skin. ③ The naked body. ④ The shoulder.

*Hada ni surenu*, 膚ニ觸レズ, not to touch the naked body; not to have carnal intercourse;

*Hada wo kegasu*, 膚ヲ穢ス, to pollute the body;

*Hada wo nugu*, 肌ヲ脱グ, [lit.] to bare one's shoulder; [fig.] to earnestly engage in; *Ki no hada*, 樹ノ皮, the body of a tree (bark removed). Syn. HADAKI, KAWA.

**Hada-ai**, はたあひ, *n.* ① The texture of the skin. ② [coll.] Character of mind; temper; disposition.

**Hadabakama**, はたばかま, 膚袴, *n.* A kind of waist cloth in the form of short pantaloons.

**Hadae**, はたへ, 肌, 膚, *n.* The naked body, the shoulder; the skin.

**Hadagi**, はたぎ, 肌著, 襦衣, *n.* An underdress worn

Syn. JUBAN. [next the skin.]

**Hadai**, はたい, 齒代, *n.* The hire of carriages, wagons, *jinrikisha*, etc. [carriage.]

*Kuruma no hadai*, 車ノ齒代, the hire of a

**Hadajuban**, はたあひばん, 肌着半, *n.* A shirt.

**Hadaku**, はたか, 裸, *n.* and *a.* Nakedness; nudity; bare, naked, nude, stripped, exposed.

*Hadaku ni muku*, 裸ニ剥ク, to peel off the skin bare; *Hadaku ni naru*, 裸ニナル, to become naked; to undress one's self; *Hadaku ni suru*, 裸ニスル, to make bare; to strip another of his

Syn. AKAHADAKA. [clothes; to undress.]

**Hadaku-hōzuki**, はたかほづき, 露珠, *n.* [Bot.] *Solanum annatum*.

**Hadaku-mairi**, はたかまゐり, 裸参, *n.* Going to a temple to worship in a naked state (an asceticism often practised in cold winter nights).

**Hadaku-mugi**, はたかむぎ, 裸麥, *n.* [Bot.] Rye, *Secale cereal*.

**Hadakamushi**, はたかむし, 裸蟲, *n.* ① [Entom.] A caterpillar. ② [coll.] A naked person (in derision).

**Hadakarū**, はたかる, 開, *v.t.* [coll.] To be wide open; to stand with one's legs wide apart.

*Uto no mae ni tachi hadakaru*, 人ノ前ニ立ち開ル, to stand before another with one's legs wide apart.

**Hadaka-uma**, はたかうま, *n.* A bare backed horse; a horse having no saddle on.

**Hadaka-yama**, はたかやま, 裸山, *n.* A bald mountain; a naked or treeless hill.

**Hadakeru**, はたける, *v.t.* [coll.] To open, stretch,

**Hadakuru**, はたくる, *v.t.* or uncover.

*Futokoro wo hadakeru*, 懐ヲハダケル, to bare the breast; *Ōde wo hadakeru*, 大手ヲハダケル, to stretch the arms.

Syn. HIRAKU, NOBASU.

**Hadaku**, はたかく, 刷, *v.t.* To scrape off; to sweep or brush. [dirt.]

*Chiri wo hadaku*, 塵ヲ刷ク, to sweep away the

**Hadami**, はたみ, 肌身, *n.* The naked body.

*Hadami hanasazu*, 肌身離サズ, constantly carrying about one's person (said of a *mamori*, a finger-ring, etc.); *Hadami ni tsukeru*, 肌身ニ付



**Habushi**, はやし, 齒筋, *n.* The teeth with respect to their form or appearance.

**Habushi**, はやし, 羽節, *n.* The quill of a feather. Syn. HAGURI. [ther.]

**Habusō**, はぶさう, 堂江南, *n.* [Bot.] *Cassia occidentalis*. [silk.]

**Habutae**, はぶたへ, 羽二重, *n.* A kind of glossy

**Habutae-kanakin**, はぶたへかなきん, 羽二重金巾, *n.* Glossy shirtings.

**Habutokobura**, ハブテコブラ, 蛇木, *n.* [cont. of two Hindoo words meaning *snake* and *tree*.] A medicinal plant used as an antidote for snake-

**Hachi**, はち, 鉢, *n.* [Entom.] A bee. [bite.]

**Hachi**, はち, 八, *a.* Eight.

**Ni-hachi**, ニハ, [lit.] two by eight, [fig.] a young lady of sixteen years of age; a blooming damsel. Syn. YA, YATSU.

**Hachi**, はち, 鉢, *n.* A pot, bowl, or basin.

**Ki bachi**, 木鉢, a wooden bowl; **Matsu hito-hachi**, 松一鉢, a pot with a young pine; **Uchi bachi**, 瓶水鉢, a flower-pot

**Hachi**, はち, 瓶, 蓋, *n.* The skull.

**Atama no hachi**, 天冠ノ蓋, the skull.

**Hachiwase**, はちあはせ, 鉢合, *n.* Bumping heads. [heads.]

**Hachiwase wo suru**, 鉢合ヲスル, to bump

**Hachibai**, はちばい, 八倍, *a.* Eight-fold; eight times as much.

**Hachiban**, はちばん, 八段, *n.* Eight barbarous nations; all the barbarians of the world. [tor.]

**Hachichō**, はちてふ, 蜂虎, *n.* [Entom.] *Agrius hec-*

**Hachidai**, はちたい, 鉢臺, 盆架, *n.* A stand for a flower-pot; a bowl stand.

**Hachi-daijigoku**, はちたいご, 八大地獄, *n.* [Budd.] The eight Buddhist hells, viz., *Tōkotsu* (等活), *Kokujiō* (黑繩), *Shūjō* (衆合), *Kyōkuan* (叫喚), *Shūnetsu* (焦熱), *Daishūnetsu* (大焦熱), and *Muken* (無間).

**Hachidaijūhū**, はちたいじゅう, 八次集, *n.* The eight famous poetical collections of Japan, viz., *Kokin* (古今), *Kōsen* (後撰), *Shūi* (拾遺), *Goshūi* (後拾遺), *Shikwa* (詞花), *Kin-yō* (金葉), *Senzai* (千載), and *Shūnikon* (新古今).

**Hachidō**, はちたう, 八道, *n.* The eight sections of Japan, namely, *Tōkai* (東海), *Tōsan* (東山), *Hokuriku* (北陸), *Hokkai* (北海道), *San-in* (山陰), *San-yō* (山陽), *Nankai* (南海), and *Saikai* (西海).

**Goki hachidō**, 五畿八道, all the provinces of Japan; whole Japan.

**Hachifuku**, はちよく, 背歌, *v.f.* [coll.] To regard with aversion; to turn away from.

**Hachigane**, はちがね, *n.* Frontlet of a helmet.

**Hachigusa**, はちぐさ, 蓑, *n.* [Bot.] The shepherd's purse. [8th month (o.s.).]

**Hachigwatsu**, はちぐわつ, 八月, *n.* August or the

**Hachigyaku**, はちぎやく, 八逆, *n.* Eight great crimes, such as treason, conspiracy, disrespect toward the Emperor, disobedience to parents, etc.

**Hachihaidōfu**, はちはいどうふ, 八盃豆腐, *n.* *Tōfu* chopped into small pieces and boiled in a soup composed of four cups full of water, two of soy, and two of *sake*.

**Hachibiraki**, はちひらき, 鉢破, *n.* A beggar.

**Hachi-i**, はちい, 八位, *n.* A person of the eighth rank of honour.

**Hachi-in**, はちいん, 八音, *n.* [Mus.] Eight sounds of music, produced respectively by metal, stone, string, bamboo, gourd, earth, leather, and

**Hachiji**, はちじ, 八時, *n.* Eight o'clock. [wood.]

**Hachijin**, はちじん, 八陣, *n.* Eight modes of disposing troops in the field, originated by a Chinese general named *Komei*.

**Hachijō**, はちじょう, 八丈, *n.* A fine silk stuff woven and dyed in the island of *Hachijō* (Izu) where it is called *tango-ori*.

**Hachijō-gai**, はちじょうがひ, 貝子, *n.* [Conch.] *Cypraea* sp. [as *Hachijō*.]

**Hachijō-ginu**, はちじょうぎぬ, 八丈絹, *n.* Same

**Hachijō-jima**, はちじょうじま, 八丈島, *n.* Striped silk stuff woven in the *Hachijō* island near Izu.

**Hachijōkuma**, はちじょうくま, *n.* [Bot.] Cherry-laurel, *Prunus macrophylla*.

**Hachijōsugumi**, はちじょうつぐみ, *n.* [Ornith.] *Turdus naumanni*.

**Hachijōsō**, はちじょうそう, 鉢草, *n.* [Bot.] *Angelica klusiana*. [kind of pougeo.]

**Hachijō-tsumugi**, はちじょうつむぎ, 八丈絹, *n.* A

**Hachijū**, はちじゅう, 八十, *n.* Eighty. Syn. YASO, YASOJI.

**Hachijū-hachi-ya**, はちじゅうはちや, 八十八夜, *n.* The eighty-eighth night from the first spring day (o.s.) or from the second of February (n. s.) on which frost is over and the farm work is about to be commenced.

**Hachiku**, はちく, 篔簹竹, *n.* [Bot.] A black bamboo, *Phyllostachys nigra*.

**Hachiku**, はちく, 破竹, *n.* [lit.] Splitting a bamboo; only used figuratively in an expression as below.

**Hachiku no itoi**, 破竹ノ勢, a force which opposes anything coming in its way, as easily as splitting a bamboo. [zard.]

**Hachikuma**, はちくま, *n.* [Ornith.] Honey-Buz-

**Hachimae**, はちまへ, 鉢前, *n.* The spot near a necessary where a basin is usually placed for washing the hands.

**Hachimaki**, はちまき, 鉢巻, 抹額, *n.* A handkerchief tied around the head; a turban.

**Hachiman**, はちまん, 八幡, *n.* A canonical title

of the Emperor Ōjin. He is worshipped as the god of war. [of a helmet.]

**Hachiman-za**, はちまんざ, 八幡座, *n.* The crown

**Hachimen**, はちめん, 八面, *n.* and *a.* Eight faces or sides; octahedron. [Disphenoid.]

**Hachimensetsu**, はちめんせつ, 八面朝, *n.* [Min.]

**Hachimitsu**, はちみつ, 蜂蜜, *n.* Honey.

**Hachimoji**, はちもじ, 八字, *n.* The Chinese character 八 (*hachi*, eight); having the form of do.

**Hachimoji wo sumu**, 八字ヲ踏ム, to walk with the toes turned inwards (as done by courtesans when walking in a procession); to be parrot-toed; **Hachiji no hige**, 八字ノ鬚, the mustaches in the shape of the character 八 (*hachi*).

**Hachi-nin-gel**, はちにんげい, 八人藝, *n.* Acting the parts of eight dramatic personæ; ventriloquism.

**Hachi-no-ki**, はちのき, 鉢木, *n.* A plant grown in a pot; a potted plant.

**Hachi-no-ko**, はちのこ, 貫子, *n.* A garment worn around the loins.

**Hachi-no-su**, はちのす, 蜂巣, *n.* A bee-hive.

**Hachirihan**, はちりはん, 黎豆, *n.* [Bot.] *Mucuna capitata*.

**Hachiryō-no-yoroi**, はちりやうのよろい, 八領ノ甲, *n.* Eight famous armours worn by warriors of the Minamoto family. [ancifera.]

**Hachisu**, はちす, 蓮, *n.* [Bot.] The lotus, *Nelumbo* Syn. IASU. [cus.]

**Hachisu**, はちす, 木蓮, *n.* [Bot.] *Illicium spica-*

**Hachisubana**, はちすばな, 蓮花, *n.* The flower of the lotus, or more properly that of *Nelumbium speciosum*.

**Hachisugi**, はちすぎ, 蓮樹, *n.* [Bot.] Lotus tree.

**Hachitadaki**, はちただし, 鉢叩, *n.* Popular name for a branch of the *Tendai* denomination of Buddhists, so called from the circumstance that the priests of this branch strike metallic bowls while chanting their prayers. See also *Kūya-nembutsu*.

**Hachisuke-no-ita**, はちすけのいた, 頭付板, *n.* A metal plate attached to the crown of a helmet.

**Hachi-ue**, はちうえ, 鉢植, *n.* A plant growing in a pot. [ing in a pot.]

**Hachi-ueno-ume**, 鉢植ノ梅, a plum tree growing

**Hachiyō**, はちえう, 八葉, *n.* The name of a family badge or coat of arms consisting of eight lotus leaves. [in dishes.]

**Hachizakana**, はちざかな, 鉢肴, *n.* Fish served

**Hada**, はた, 皮, 肌膚, *n.* ① The naked surface or body of a tree. ② The skin. ③ The naked body. ④ The shoulder.

**Hada ni furenu**, 膚ニ觸レズ, not to touch the naked body; not to have carnal intercourse; **Hada wo kegasu**, 膚ヲ穢ス, to pollute the body;

**Hada wo nugu**, 肌ヲ脱ス, [lit.] to bare one's shoulder; [fig.] to earnestly engage in; **Ki no hada**, 樹ノ皮, the body of a tree (bark removed). Syn. HADAE, KAWA.

**Hada-ni**, はたに, *n.* ① The texture of the skin. ② [coll.] Character of mind; temper; disposition.

**Hadabakama**, はたばかま, 膚袴, *n.* A kind of waist cloth in the form of short pantaloons.

**Hadae**, はたへ, 肌膚, *n.* The naked body, the shoulder; the skin.

**Hadagi**, はたぎ, 肌膚, 襦衣, *n.* An underdress worn next the skin. Syn. JUBAN. [next the skin.]

**Hada!**, はたい, 齒代, *n.* The hire of carriages, wagons, jinrikisha, etc. [carriage.]

**Kuruma no hadai**, 車ノ齒代, the hire of a

**Hadajuban**, はたせゆばん, 肌圍半, *n.* A shirt.

**Hadaka**, はたか, 裸, *n.* and *a.* Nakedness; nudity; bare, naked, nude, stripped, exposed.

**Hadaka ni suku**, 裸ニ剥ク, to peel off the skin bare; **Hadaka ni naru**, 裸ニナル, to become naked; to undress one's self; **Hadaka ni suru**, 裸ニスル, to make bare; to strip another of his

Syn. AKAHADAKA. [clothes; to undress.]

**Hadaka-hōzuki**, はたかほづき, 露珠, *n.* [Bot.] *Solanum anomalum*.

**Hadaka-mairi**, はたかまゐり, 裸参, *n.* Going to a temple to worship in a naked state (an asceticism often practised in cold winter nights).

**Hadaka-mugi**, はたかむぎ, 裸麥, *n.* [Bot.] Rye, *Secale cereal*.

**Hadakamushi**, はたかむし, 裸蟲, *n.* ① [Entom.] A caterpillar. ② [coll.] A naked person (in derision).

**Hadakaru**, はたかる, 開, *v.i.* [coll.] To be wide open; to stand with one's legs wide apart.

**Hito no mae ni tachi hadakaru**, 人ノ前ニ立テ開ル, to stand before another with one's legs wide apart.

**Hadaka-uma**, はたかうま, *n.* A bare backed horse; a horse having no saddle on.

**Hadaka-yama**, はたかやま, 裸山, *n.* A bald mountain; a naked or treeless hill.

**Hadakeru**, はたける, *v.t.* [coll.] To open, stretch,

**Hadakuru**, はたくる, *v.t.* [coll.] To uncover.

**Futokoro wo hadakeru**, 懐ヲハダケル, to bare the breast; **Ōde wo hadakeru**, 大手ヲハダケル, to stretch the arms. Syn. HIRAKU, NOBASU.

**Hadaku**, はたく, 刷, *v.t.* To scrape off; to sweep or brush. [dirt.]

**Chiri wo hadaku**, 塵ヲ刷ク, to sweep away the

**Hadami**, はたみ, 肌身, *n.* The naked body.

**Hadami hanasazu**, 肌身離サズ, constantly carrying about one's person (said of a *mamori*, a finger-ring, etc.); **Hadami ni tsukeru**, 肌身ニ付



る, to keep attached to the skin or one's person (as a purse, or some precious memento).

**Hadan**, はたん, 破談, *n.* Breaking a promise; failing to agree with each other.  
*Engumi wo hadan ni suru*, 婚約ヲ破談ニスル, to break off a marriage contract.  
 —*suru*, *v.t.* To break a promise; to violate a contract.  
 Syn. SOMUKU, YABURU.

**Hadankiyō**, はたんきやう, 巴旦杏, *n.* [Bot.] An almond. [dash].

**Hadanuobi**, はたのおひ, 膚脱, *n.* Same as *Fundanuki*.

**Hadanugi**, はたぬぎ, 膚脱肉肌, *n.* Becoming naked to the waist; to bare the shoulders.  
*Hadanugi ni natte hataraku*, 膚脱ニナツテ働ク, to work bare-shouldered.

**Hadanugu**, はたぬぐ, 膚脱肉肌, *v.t.* To be bare; to become naked to the waist.

**Hadaobi**, はたおひ, 膚脱, *n.* Same as *Fundoshi*.

**Hadare ni**, はたれに, *adv.* In a scattered manner.

**Hadara ni**, はたらに, *v.* ner; not close together.  
 Syn. MABARA.

**Hadase**, はたせ, 膚背, *n.* Bare-back (of horses).

**Hadashi**, はたし, 跣, *n.* Barefoot.  
*Somo hanashibari wa jitsu ni otana mo hadashi da*, ソノ話風ハ實ニ大人モハダシダ, [coll.] his manner of speaking will make even a full grown person escape barefooted (i.e. his eloquence will beat a grown up person).

**Hadatsuke**, はたつけ, 膚付, *n.* The pad beneath the saddle.  
 Syn. SHITAKURA.

**Hadatsuke**, はたつけ, 膚付, *n.* A garment worn next the skin; a shirt.  
 Syn. HADAGI, JUBAN.

**Hadatsuki**, はたつき, *n.* Appearance or texture of the skin.

**Hadazamushi**, はたざむし, 膚寒, *a.* Feeling cold in the skin (as late autumnal breeze).

**Hade**, はで, 華美, *a.* Gay; showy; gaudy; fine; ostentatious.  
*Hade na kimono*, 華美ナ着物, gay clothing;  
*Hade ni suru*, 華美ニスル, to make showy; to dress one's self gaily.  
 Syn. DATE, HANAYAKA.

**Hadesha**, はでさ, *n.* A person fond of dress; a dandy; a fop; coxcomb.  
 Syn. DATSUSA, SHARENMO.

**Hade-sugata**, はですがた, 麗容, *n.* A beautiful appearance; a showy figure.

**Hadeyaka**, はでやか, 華美, *a.* Same as *Hade*.

**Hadō**, はたう, 覇道, *n.* [Chin.] A feudal system of government.

**Hadō**, はたう, 波動, *n.* Wave-motion.

**Hadome**, はどめ, 齒止, *n.* A device to stop the rotation of a wheel. [undulation].

**Hadōten**, はたうてん, 波動點, *n.* [Math.] Point of

**Hae**, はえ, 鱈魚, *n.* [Ichth.] The minnow or dace, *Leuciscus*.

**Hae**, はえ, 盛装, *n.* A good appearance; showiness; parade; pompousness; splendor; brilliancy.

**Hae**, はへ, 蠅, *n.* [Entom.] A fly. [Ley].

**Hae**, はえ, 南風, *n.* Southerly wind.

**Haebarashi**, はえばらし, 眩々, *a.* Pleasing to look at; brilliant; showy; splendid.

**Haebarai**, はへばらひ, 蠅拂, *n.* A stick with a tuft of hair at the end, and used for driving flies away.

**Haechō**, はへちやう, 蠅帳, *n.* A safo for protecting food from flies.

**Haejiwa**, はえぎは, 生際髮際, *n.* The edge or border of the hairy portion of the head.  
 Syn. KEGIWA.

**Hae-nashi**, はえなし, 無榮無恥, *a.* Not delightful to look at; not showy; indecent; not producing good results.  
*Hae-nai teyima*, 榮ナイ手際, a workmanship not worthy to look at; *Hae-naki shiyōda*, 榮ナキ仕事, a fruitless task.

**Hae-no-ko**, はへのこ, 蛆, *n.* [Entom.] A maggot.

**Hae-nu**, はへぬ, *v.t.* To have a good look; to be showy, gay, or decent. [to grow].

**Hae-nu**, はへぬ, *v.t.* To spring up; to shoot up;  
*Kabi ga hae-nu*, 黴が生ズ, it has become mouldy;  
*Ke ga hae-nu*, 毛が生ズ, the hair grows; *Kusa ga hae-nu*, 草が生ズ, the grass sprouts.  
 Syn. MEFASU, OIRU.

**Hae-nu**, はへぬ, *v.t.* To heap; to pile up; to arrange in piles.  
 Syn. TSURU.

**Hae-sagaru**, はえさがる, 生下, 生垂, *v.t.* To grow hanging downwards.  
*Tsuta ga hae-sagaru*, 蔓が生垂ル, the ivy grows hanging downwards.

**Hae-fu**, はへふ, 覇府, *n.* [Chin.] The government of a Shōgun; the Shōgunate.

**Hae-fu**, はへふ, 破風, *n.* The gable of a house.

**Hae-furi**, はへふり, 扇, *n.* An official of a Shintō shrine.

**Hae-furu**, はへふる, *v.t.* To move the wings; to flap.

**Hae-gae**, はへがへ, 羽替, *n.* Shedding the feathers, or moulting (said of birds).

**Hae-gae**, はへがへ, 葉替, *n.* Changing or shedding leaves (as plants). [a bird].

**Hae-gai**, はへがい, 羽交, *n.* The wing or feathers (of)  
*Hae-gai wo ubasu*, 羽交ヲ展ス, [lit.] to stretch the wings, to become powerful; to sway.  
 Syn. HANE, Tsurasa.

**Hae-gaki**, はへがき, 葉書, *n.* A postal card.

**Hae-gakure**, はへがくれ, 葉隠, *n.* Hidden among the leaves.

**Hae-gama**, はへがま, 釜蓋, *n.* A flanged kettle.

**Hae-gami**, はへがみ, 齒噛, *n.* Gnashing the teeth.

*Hagami wo suru*, 齒噛ナスル, to gnash the teeth. [diffident; to blush].

**Hagamu**, はがむ, *v.t.* [coll.] To be ashamed; to be

**Hagane**, はがね, 鋼, *n.* Steel.

**Haganeba**, はがねば, 鋼刃, *n.* The steel edge of cutlery. [Steel wedge].

**Hagane-no-kusabi**, はがねのくさび, 鋼鋸, *n.*

**Hagareru**, はがれる, 被剥, *v.t.* [pass. and potent. form of *Hagu*.] To be stripped of; can be taken off.  
*Koromo wo hagareru*, 衣ヲ剥レル, to be divested of one's garment.

**Hagasu**, はがす, 剥, *v.t.* [caus. form of *Hagu*.] To cause to strip off, or undress.  
 Syn. HEGASU, HEGU.

**Hagasumi**, はがすみ, 齒垢, *n.* The tartar which collects on the teeth.  
 Syn. HAKUSO.

**Hagata**, はがた, 齒形, *n.* Teeth shape; zigzag form.

**Hagatame**, はがため, 齒固, *n.* [lit.] Hardening the teeth; securing longevity; also a ceremony of eating *mochi* on the third day of the first month (n.s.).

**Hagayushi**, はがゆし, 齒痒, *a.* [lit.] Itching of the teeth; feeling impatient on beholding anything done in an unsatisfactory manner; itching.  
 Syn. MODOKASHI. [to interfere].

**Hage**, はげ, 禿, *n.* Baldness.  
*Atama no hage*, 頭ノ禿, the baldness of the head; *Urahi no hage*, 漆ノ禿, the peeling off of lacquer.

**Hagentama**, はげたま, 禿頭, *n.* A bald head.

**Hageitō**, はげいとう, 雁來紅, *n.* [Bot.] *Amarantus mangostanus*. [Heintz].

**Hagekita**, はげきてん, 巴頓天, *n.* [Bot.] *Polygala*

**Hagemasu**, はげます, 勵, *v.t.* [caus. of *Hagemu*.] To cause to strive at, incite, stimulate, or urge on; to encourage; to animate.  
*Gakusei wo hagemasu*, 學生ヲ勵ス, to encourage students; *Heitai wo hagemasu*, 兵隊ヲ勵ス, to animate soldiers; *Ki wo hagemasu*, 氣ヲ勵ス, to rouse the spirit; *Koe wo hagemasu*, 聲ヲ勵ス, to speak with a loud voice.

**Hagemu**, はげむ, 勵, *n.* Exerting one's self; assiduity; diligence; zeal.  
*Hagemu ga tsuku*, 勵ヲ付ク, to be stimulated.

**Hagemu-ni**, はげむに, 勵争, *n.* Striving together for anything; vying with each other; competition.

**Hagemu-tsu**, はげむつ, 勵争, *v.t.* To vie with each other; to contend for, to compete.

**Hagemu**, はげむ, *v.t.* To strive at; to be diligent, assiduous, ardent, or zealous.  
*Gakumon wo hagemu*, 學門ヲ勵ム, to study with zeal.

Syn. FUMATSUSURU, SEIBASU, TSUTOMERU

**Hageru**, はげる, 剥, *v.t.* [pass. and potent. of *Haga*.] To be stripped; to peel off; to fade (as colours).

**Hageru**, はげる, 秀, *v.t.* To become bald.  
*Atama ga hayeta*, 頭が秀メ, the head has become bald.

**Hageshi**, はげし, 烈, *a.* Violent; furious; fierce; vehement; outrageous; boisterous; severe; extreme. [lent].  
*Kaze ga hageshi*, 風が烈シイ, the wind is violent.  
 Syn. ARAKI, KINSHIKI, TSUYOKI.

**Hageshiku**, はげしく, 烈, *adv.* Adverbial form of above.

**Hageyama**, はげやま, 秃山, *n.* A bald mountain; a hill scanty of vegetation.

**Hagi**, はぎ, 胡枝子, *n.* [Bot.] *Lespedeza bicolor*.

**Hagi**, はぎ, 脛, *n.* The shin.  
 Syn. MUKOZUNE, SUNE.

**Hagi**, はぎ, 接, *n.* Sewing a piece of cloth to another; a patch.  
 Syn. TSUGI.

**Hagideri**, はぎえり, 補綴, *n.* A patched collar (as of Japanese clothes).

**Hagikko**, はぎっこ, *n.* [coll.] Patched clothes; Patch-work.

**Hagimashiko**, はぎまじこ, 太陰盛, *n.* [Ornth.] Japanese snow finch.

**Hagi-no-mochi**, はぎのもち, 萩餅, *n.* *Mochi* in the form of dumpling and covered with an (餅).  
 Syn. ROTANUCHI, OHAGI.

**Hagi-no-to**, はぎのと, 萩戸, *n.* The name of a hall in the Imperial palace at Kyōto (so called because it was enclosed with a hedge of *Hagi*).

**Hagiri**, はぎり, 齒切, *n.* Gritting or gnashing teeth.

**Hagishiri**, はぎしり, 齒軋, *n.* Gritting the teeth.  
*Hagishiri wo suru*, 齒軋ナスル, to grit the teeth.

**Hagitorn**, はぎとる, 剥取, *v.t.* To strip off (as clothes); to divest of; to deprive of.

**Haginyōn**, はぎにやん, 薄伽梵, *n.* A title of Buddha.

**Hago**, はご, 藪藁, *n.* Pieces of twigs or bamboo covered with bird-lime, and used for catching birds.

**Hago**, はご, 羽子, *n.* A shuttle-cock.  
*Hago wo tsuku*, 羽子ヲツク, to strike a shuttle-cock.  
 Syn. TSURUBANE. [cock].

**Hagota**, はごた, 羽子板, *n.* A battle-door.

**Hagoku**, はごく, 破獄, *n.* Breaking out of a jail.  
 —*suru*, *v.t.* To break a prison.

**Hagokumu**, はごくむ, 育, *v.t.* ① To rear; to bring up. ② To nourish; to support.  
 Syn. SODATERU, YASHISAU.

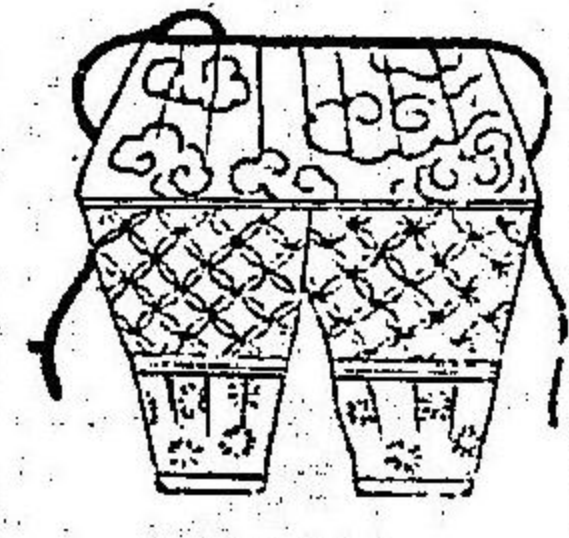
**Hagoromo**, はごろも, 羽衣, *n.* Feather garments worn by *tennō* (angels).



**Hagoromo-kemi**, はごもせみ, 綠玉蠟, *n.* [*Entom.*] Cicada sp. [leaves of trees.]  
**Hagoshi ni**, はごしに, 菜懸, *adv.* Through the  
**Hagotae**, はごたへ, 齒感, *n.* Feeling hard to the teeth.  
*Hagotae ga shinau*, 齒感がシナイ, is not hard  
**Hagu**, はぐ, 剥, *v.t.* ① To skin; peel off; to flay. ② To strip off (as the clothes); to divest; to un-clothe. ③ To deprive of (rank); to dispossess.  
*Ifuku wo hagu*, 衣服ヲ剥ク, to strip off the clothes; to un-clothe; *Kawa wo hagu*, 皮ヲ剥ク, to skin; *Kwan-i wo hagu*, 官位ヲ剥ク, to deprive of rank and office.  
 Syn. HAGASU, MUKU, NUGASERU, UBAU.  
**Hagu**, はぐ, 接, *v.t.* To patch; to join together (as boards); to veneer.  
*Ita wo hagu*, 板ヲ接ク, to join boards together; *Nano wo hagu*, 布ヲ接ク, to patch a cloth.  
 Syn. TSUGU.  
**Hagu**, はぐ, 羽, *v.t.* To feather an arrow.  
**Haguchigoe**, はぐちごへ, *n.* [*Agric.*] A compost made of night soil, straw, and loam.  
**Haguki**, はぐき, 蠟, *n.* The gums.  
**Haguki**, はぐき, 毛管, *n.* A quill.  
**Haguma**, はぐま, 白熊, *n.* [*Zool.*] A white bear.  
**Haguma**, はぐま, 鬼管郵, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Macrostichium robustum*.  
**Hagun-sai**, はぐんせい, 破軍星, *n.* The constellation of the Great Bear.  
**Hagurakasu**, はぐらかす, 令逸, *v.t.* To cause to be separated; to make fly from the track.  
**Hagureru**, はぐれる, 逸, *v.i.* To be separated from; to run to one side; to lose the way.  
*Tsure ni hagureru*, 伴侶ニ逸ル, to be separated from a companion (as among a crowd).  
 Syn. SORERU.  
**Haguro**, はぐろ, 黒墨, 墨漿, *n.* The black dye used by married women and formerly by *kuge* for staining their teeth. The custom is going out.  
**Hagurume**, はぐろめ, 黒齒, *n.* Dyeing the teeth  
 Syn. KANE. [black.]  
**Haguru**, はぐる, 剥, *v.t.* Same as *Hageru*.  
*Iro ga haguru*, 色が剥ル, the colour fades; *Urushi ga haguru*, 漆が剥ル, the lacquer peels off.  
**Haguru**, はぐる, 覆, *v.t.* [col.] To turn over (as a covering); to uncover.  
*Futon wo haguru*, 蒲團ヲ覆ル, to turn up the bed cover (as to rouse a sleeping person).  
**Haguruma**, はぐるま, 齒車, *n.* A toothed wheel.  
**Hagusa**, はぐさ, 葎, *n.* [*Bot.*] Weeds; Tares.  
**Haguso**, はぐそ, *n.* The gum which collects on the  
 Syn. HAGASUMI. [teeth.]  
**Haha**, はは, 母, *n.* Mother.  
 Syn. HABAAYA, ONNAOTA.

**Hahago**, ははご, 母御, *n.* [*polite.*] Your or his mother; also used by children respectfully.  
**Hahakata**, ははかた, 母方, *n.* Mother's side (said of relatives); maternal.  
**Hahakata-no-baba**, ははかたのばば, 母方祖母, *n.* A grandmother on the mother's side.  
**Hahakata-no-oba**, ははかたのをば, 母方叔伯母, *n.* An aunt on the mother's side.  
**Hahakata-no-aji**, ははかたのをぢ, 母方叔伯父, *n.* An uncle on the mother's side.  
**Hahaki**, ははき, 帚, *n.* A broom. Same as *hōki*.  
**Hahakigi**, ははきぎ, 地膚, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Kochia scoparia*.  
**Hahakogusa**, ははこぐさ, 辰鶴草, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Gnaphalium multiceps*. [a letter].  
**Hahameji**, ははめじ, *n.* Mother (used by ladies in  
**Hahasa**, ははさ, 栲, *n.* [*Bot.*] An oak, *Quercus dentata*.  
**Hahatoji**, ははとぢ, 母刀白, *n.* One's mother; mistress of the house.  
**Hahan**, ははん, 榑本, 笨本, *n.* An imperfect set of books; an odd volume.  
**Hai**, はい, 肺, *n.* Lungs.  
**Hai**, はい, 拜, *n.* Worship; bowing reverently.  
*Hai wo okonau*, 拜ヲ行フ, to worship at; to bow down.  
 Syn. OGAMU.  
**Hai**, はい, 盃, 杯, *n.* A wine cup; a glass.  
*Hai wo agete kotobuki wo nasu*, 盃ヲ舉テ毒ヲナス, to lift up a wine cup and drink another's health; *Hai wo toru*, 盃ヲ把ル, to hold the wine cup; *Ippai no mizu*, 一杯ノ水, a glass of water; *Sake sanbai*, 酒三杯, three cups of sake.  
 Syn. SAKAZUKI.  
**Hai**, はい, 唯, *adv.* Yes; aye.  
*Hai to henji wo suru*, はいト返辭ヲスル, to answer "yes."  
**Hai**, はい, 灰, *n.* Ashes.  
**Hai**, はい, 蠅, *n.* [*Entom.*] A fly, house-fly.  
**Hae**, はへ, 葎, *n.* [*Bot.*] A kind of millet, *Panicum frumentaceum*. [wards.]  
**Haiagaru**, はいあがる, 遶上, *v.t.* To creep up.  
**Haihan**, はいはん, 杯盤, *n.* Cups and plates.  
**Haihi**, はいひ, 拜見, *n.* Seeing or meeting with (used respectfully in a letter).  
*Isai wa haihi no ue*, 容禮ハ拜見ノ上, the details are deferred until I see you.  
**Haihisshaku**, はいひしやく, 灰柄杓, *n.* An ash scoop.  
**Haihoku**, はいほく, 敗北, *n.* ① Defeat; loss of a battle; overthrow. ② [col.] Repulse suffered; failure. — *suru*, *v.t.* To be routed or defeated; to disperse; to be beaten; to fall.  
 Syn. HAISEKI SURU, MAKERU.

**Haiho suru**, はいほうする, 敗亡, *v.t.* To be overthrown; to be destroyed (as by enemies).  
**Haihuki**, はいひき, 灰吹, *n.* Cont. of below.  
**Haihakigin**, はいひきぎん, 灰吹銀, *n.* Silver ingots.  
**Haihun**, はいふん, 配分, *n.* Distribution; apportioning; share. — *suru*, *v.t.* To distribute; to divide; to share.  
 Syn. HAIFU SURU, WARITSUKERU.  
**Haihutsu**, はいふつ, 廢物, *n.* A useless thing; refuse; waste.  
*Haihutsu riyō*, 廢物利用, making a profitable use of anything thrown away as useless.  
 Syn. SUTAREMONO.  
**Haihyō**, はいひょう, 肺病, *n.* [*Med.*] Consumption; Phthisis.  
 Syn. RŌSUŌ.  
**Haiichaku**, はいいちやく, 廢嫡, *n.* Stripping an heir apparent of his right of inheritance. — *suru*, *v.t.* To strip a person of his right as an heir-apparent.  
**Haiichi**, はいち, 配置, *n.* Putting things in regular order; arrangement; disposition. — *suru*, *v.t.* To place in a row; to set in order; to arrange.  
**Haiichi suru**, はいちする, 背馳, *v.t.* [*Chin.*] To be opposed; to be contrary to.  
**Haiichō**, はいちょう, 廢朝, *n.* Suspending all government or public business (as on the death of a member of the Imperial family).  
**Haiichō**, はいちやう, 蟻蝨, *n.* A safe to protect food from flies. [lungs.]  
**Haiichō**, はいちやう, 肺脹, *n.* [*Med.*] Emphysema of  
**Haiichō**, はいちやう, 拜禮, *n.* Hearing with respect. — *suru*, *v.t.* To hear (respectfully).  
**Haidai**, はいたい, 廢帝, *n.* Dethronement; de-  
**Haidai**, はいたい, 廢帝, *n.* Dethronement; de-  
**Haidate**, はいたて, 腰甲, *n.* Armour for the thighs.  
**Haiden**, はいでん, 拜殿, *n.* A hall for worship in front of a shrine.  
**Haideru**, はいでる, 遶出, *v.t.* To creep out.  
**Haidoku**, はいどく, 蠅毒, *n.* A fly poison. [腰甲]  
**Haidoku**, はいどく, 拜讀, *n.* [*Epist.*] Reading or perusing (respectfully).  
*Go-shōmen haidoku tsukamatsuri soro*, 御書面拜讀仕候, I have respectfully read your letter.  
**Haidokusan**, はいどくさん, 敗毒菜, *n.* [*Bot.*] The ox tongue grass, the Dock.  
 Syn. USHI NO SHITA.  
**Hai-ebu**, はいえん, 肺炎, *n.* [*Med.*] Pneumonia.



**Hai-etsu**, はいえつ, 拜謁, *n.* Presenting one's self before a superior; audience with the Emperor. — *suru*, *v.t.* To present one's self before His Majesty; to see (a superior).  
**Hai-etsu**, はいえつ, 拜謁, *n.* [*Epist.*] Inspecting with respect; reading reverently.  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 敗風, *n.* [*Chin.*] Corrupt manners; degraded morals.  
**Haijūki**, はいじゅうき, 灰吹, 煙臺, *n.* A spittoon usually made of a section of bamboo.  
**Haiju**, はいじゅう, 肺腫, *n.* The innermost part of one's mind.  
**Haijuku suru**, はいじゅくする, 拜伏, *v.t.* [lit.] To bow down and worship; to make a respectful obeisance.  
**Haijūru**, はいじゅうる, 灰筋, *n.* An ash-sieve.  
**Haiju**, はいじゅう, 拜禮, *n.* Respectfully offering congratulations. — *suru*, *v.t.* To congratulate (respectfully).  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 沛天, *n.* [*Chin.*] Fine, beautiful, or splendid (especially said of horses).  
*Haijū no uma*, 沛天之馬, a fine horse.  
**Haijūku**, はいじゅうく, 廢學, *n.* Ceasing to learn; abandoning one's study. — *suru*, *v.t.* To abandon study.  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 拜禮, *n.* [*polite.*] Seeing; meeting; having an audience with. — *suru*, *v.t.* To see or meet.  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 灰毛, *n.* Gray coloured (as a horse).  
**Haijūki suru**, はいじゅうきする, 排擊, *v.t.* [*Chin.*] ① To attack (as an enemy); to assault. ② To assail with an unfriendly speech or writing; to censure.  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 蠅, *n.* Eggs of a fly; fly-blow.  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 背後, *n.* The back side (as of a building).  
**Haijū suru**, はいじゅうする, 配合, *v.t.* To match, pair, or couple together. [spouse.]  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 配偶, *n.* A match; a couple; a  
*Haijū wo erabu*, 配偶ヲ擇ブ, to select a spouse. — *suru*, *v.t.* To unite (as in marriage); to match. [losing a battle.]  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 敗軍, *n.* Defeat; overthrow; Syn. MAKEIRYŌ.  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 配軍, *n.* Disposition of an army; assignment of places to troops in the field. — *suru*, *v.t.* To dispose troops, in proper places.  
**Haijū**, はいじゅう, 廢業, *n.* Closing one's business; retiring from trade or occupation. — *suru*, *v.t.* To close one's business; to give up one's occupation. [effected in 1871.]  
**Haihan**, はいはん, 廢藩, *n.* The abolition of clans  
*Haihan chiken*, 廢藩置縣, abolition of clans and establishment of prefectures, i.e. abolition



of feudal system and revival of the pure Monarchical Government.

**Haihan suru**, はいはんする, 背叛, v.t. To oppose; to disobey; to be contrary to; to revolt against. Syn. SOMUKU, URAGAERU.

**Haiharai**, はいはらい, 掃蕩, n. An instrument or device for driving flies away; a fly-driver.

**Haihei**, はいへい, 敗兵, n. Defeated soldiers, a routed army.

**Haihei**, はいへい, 配兵, n. [Chin.] Disposition of soldiers or troops. —suru, v.i. To distribute soldiers or troops. [cap.]

**Haihiragi**, はいひらぎ, 黄芩, n. [Bot.] The scull.

**Haihi suru**, はいひする, 拜読, v.t. [Epist.] To open or read with respect (as a letter).  
Kikan haihi tsukamatsuri soro, 貴翰拜読仕候, I have read your letter with respect; I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter.

**Haihitsu**, はいひつ, 敗筆, n. A worn off writing brush.

**Hai-iri**, はいいり, n. Creeping into; entering.

**Haiiro**, はいいろ, 灰色, n. and a. Ash-colour; gray.

**Haiiro-chūhi**, はいいろうちうひ, n. [Ornith.] Hon. Harrier.

**Hai-iru**, はいいる, 遁入, v.t. To creep into.

**Hai suru**, はいする, 背逆, v.t. To act contrary; to turn away from; to disobey; to transgress, infringe, or violate.

**Haiji**, はいじ, 廢寺, n. An old and dilapidated church; an uninhabited monastery.

**Haijin**, はいじん, 廢人, n. A disabled person; the maimed or crippled.

**Haijin**, はいじん, 俳人, n. A professional composer of *haikai*, which see.

**Haiju suru**, はいじゆする, 拜受, v.t. To receive with respect (honourific).

**Haiju suru**, はいじゆする, 拜讀, v.t. [Epist.] To read (another's letter) with respect.

**Haika**, はいか, 麾下, n. Being under the jurisdiction of another; subjects; followers.  
Haika ni zokusu, 配下ニ屬ス, to belong to the jurisdiction of; *Waga haika no hei*, 我が麾下ノ兵, troops under my command.  
Syn. TESHITA.

**Haikai**, はいかい, 俳諧, n. A kind of comic verses consisting of seventeen syllables.  
Syn. JOKKU.

**Haikan**, はいかん, 肺肝, n. Lungs and liver; the innermost part of the mind; the bottom of the heart.  
Haikan ni meisu, 肺肝ニ覺ス, to impress upon the mind; *Haikan wo kudaku*, 肺肝ヲ挫ク, to take to heart; to labour under afflictions; *Haikan wo minaku*, 肺肝ヲ見ヌク, to see through the mind of another.

**Haikai**, はいかい, 拜啓, n. [Epist.] Writing to with respect; I have the honour of writing you (a word very often used at the beginning of a letter). [of perspective.]

**Haikajiku**, はいかいじく, 風景軸, n. [Math.] Axis

**Haikeshin**, はいけいしん, 配景心, n. [Math.] Centre of perspective.

**Haiken**, はいけん, 拜見, n. Seeing, looking at, reading, or perusing (respectfully). —suru, v.t. To see, look at, etc.

**Haiken**, はいけん, 佩劍, n. A sword that is worn; girding on a sword.

**Haiki**, はいき, 廢棄, n. [Law.] Renunciation.  
Jōyaku haiki, 條約廢棄, renunciation of treaties. [give up.]  
—suru, v.t. To renounce, reject, abandon; to damage or injure; to be ruined or dilapidated.  
Syn. ASENT, YABURIKOBOTSE.

**Haikō**, はいこう, 悖行, n. [Chin.] Perverse conduct; an evil deed; misdemeanor.

**Haikomu**, はいこむ, 遁込, v.t. To creep into.

**Haikwai suru**, はいくわいする, 徘徊, v.t. To wander about; to stroll, ramble, or roam.

**Haikwan**, はいくわん, 雜言, n. Novels.  
Haikwan yōjū, 雜言野乘, novels and romances.

**Haikyōshin**, はいきよしん, 背教者, n. One who has forsaken his faith; an apostate; a black sheep; a deserter. [around.]

**Haimatou**, はいまつ, 蔓絡, v.t. To creep or twine

**Haimatowaru**, はいまつはる, 蔓絡, v.t. and i. To creep and twine around; to be entangled.  
Syn. KARAMAIU.

**Haimatsu**, はいまつ, 道松, n. A variety of pine tree with short stems and far spreading branches; a creeping pine. [appointment.]

**Haimel**, はいめい, 拜命, n. Receiving an official  
Haimel wo jisuru, 拜命ヲ辭スル, to decline an official appointment. [post.]  
—suru, v.t. To be appointed to an official

**Haimel**, はいめい, 背盟, n. Breaking a covenant; breaking an oath. —suru, v.t. To break a covenant; to be false to one's promise.

**Haimen**, はいめん, 背面, n. The back, rear; facing backwards.  
Haimen no bijin, 背面ノ美人, a beauty when seen from behind only.  
Syn. USHIROMUKI, USHIROGATA.

**Haimen**, はいめん, 拜面, n. [Epist.] Seeing or meeting. Used respectfully only with reference to the person addressed.  
Syn. HAIGAN.

**Haimetsu**, はいめつ, 廢滅, n. [Chin.] Falling into decay; ruin; destruction; dying out. —suru, v.t. To fall into decay; to be ruined, etc.

**Haimushi**, はいむし, 蟻, n. Creeping animals, such as lice, etc.

**Hainyō**, はいみょう, 俳名, n. *Nom de plume* assumed by writers of *haikai*.

**Hainarashi**, はいならし, 灰平, 灰匙, n. A small shovel used for levelling or adjusting ashes in a brazier.

**Hainō**, はいなほ, 佩囊, n. A wallet; a purse.  
Syn. DORAN. [charberry.]

**Hainoborazu**, はいのぼらさ, 伏牛花, n. [Bot.] The

**Hainoboru**, はいのぼる, 遁登, v.t. To creep up, or ascend by creeping. [larva.]

**Hainoki**, はいのき, 山藥, n. [Bot.] *Symplocos myr-*

**Hai-no-ko**, はいのこ, 蟬, n. [Entom.] A maggot.

**Hainō suru**, はいなほする, 拜納, v.t. [Epist.] To respectfully acknowledge the receipt of; to receive with thanks.

**Hai-no-zō**, はいのぞう, 肺臓, n. The lungs.

**Haioshi**, はいおし, 灰押, 香鉢, n. A small shovel for levelling ashes in an incense pot, *hidachi*, etc., by pressing with.

**Haiotoshi**, はいおとし, 灰承, n. An ash-receiver as of a portable furnace.

**Hairan**, はいらん, 拜覽, n. Same as *Haiken*.

**Hairaseru**, はいらせる, v.t. [can. of Hairu.] To cause to creep into; to let enter; to admit.

**Haire**, はいれ, 齒入, n. A mender of *geta*; a cobbler.

**Hairei**, はいらい, 拜禮, n. Worshipping. —suru, v.t. and i. To worship.  
Syn. RAHAI SURU.

**Hairei suru**, はいらいする, 悖戾, v.t. [Chin.] To be opposed to; to disobey; to be contrary.

**Hairetsu suru**, はいれつする, 排列, v.t. To set in a row; to arrange in order.

**Hairitsu**, はいりつ, 排律, n. A Chinese poem consisting of more than six lines, of which there are several antithetical couplets.

**Hairo**, はいらう, 肺癆, n. [Med.] Consumption; phthisis. [to enter.]

**Hairo**, はいる, 遁入, v.t. To creep into; to go in; *Ana ni hairu*, 穴ニ遁入ル, to go into a hole.  
Syn. IRI.

**Hairo**, はいる, 配流, n. Banishment. —suru, v.t. To banish; to exile.  
Syn. SHIMANAGASHI.

**Hairyō**, はいりょう, 配慮, n. Troubling one's mind; anxiety; concern; trouble; solicitude.  
Syn. KOKOROZUKAI.

**Hairyō suru**, はいりょうする, 拜領, v.t. To respectfully receive anything (as from a superior or lord).  
Syn. CHŌNAI SURU.

**Hairyū**, はいりゅう, 廢立, n. [Chin.] Dethroning and enthroning (monarchs); abolition and erection; the making and unmaking of sovereigns.

**Haisatsu**, はいさつ, 厄札, n. A *namori* or charm

issued from a temple to the believers; act of distributing do.

**Haisei**, はいせい, 彗星, n. [Astron.] A comet.  
Syn. HŌKINGSHI.

**Haiseki suru**, はいせきする, 排斥, v.t. [Chin.] To thrust aside; to drive out, expel, or turn out (as an enemy); to slight or disregard.

**Haiseki suru**, はいせきする, 敗績, v.t. [Chin.] To be defeated or routed. [wine cups.]

**Haisen**, はいせん, 杯洗, n. A basin for washing

**Haisetsu**, はいせつ, 排瀉, n. Vomiting and purging; expelling (as a gas). —suru, v.t. To vomit and purge.

**Haisetsubutsu**, はいせつぶつ, 排瀉物, n. The discharges (as in cholera).

**Haisha**, はいしゃ, 齒醫者, 牙醫, n. A dentist.

**Haisha**, はいしゃ, 拜謝, n. [Epist.] Respectfully giving thanks. —suru, v.t. To offer respectful thanks.

**Haishaku**, はいしゃく, 拜借, n. [polite.] Act of borrowing. —suru, v.t. To borrow.  
Syn. KARIRU, SHAKUYŌ SURU.

**Haishi**, はいし, 神史, n. A novel, fiction, romance.  
Syn. KUSAZŌSHI, SHŌSEKTSU.

**Haishi**, はいし, 廢止, n. Ceasing from an action; abolition; abrogation.  
Syn. YAMERU.

**Haishida**, はいしだ, 苗茶, n. [Bot.] The scull-cap.

**Haishi suru**, はいしする, 配祀, v.t. To sanctify in a common shrine (as two or more persons killed in a battle). [maimed.]

**Haishitsu**, はいしつ, 廢疾, n. Being crippled or

**Haisho**, はいしよ, 廢所, n. A place of banishment.  
Syn. TEKISHO.

**Haishō suru**, はいしやうする, 拜承, v.t. To hear with respect.

**Haishutsu suru**, はいしゆつする, 發出, v.t. [Chin.] To come forth in great numbers (said of persons of some virtues, or talents).  
Jinsai haishutsu su, 人才輩出ス, to abound with men of genius (said of a particular epoch).

**Haiso**, はいそ, 敗訴, n. Losing a law suit. —suru, v.t. To fall in a law suit.  
Syn. MAKEKUI.

**Haisoshin**, はいそしん, 敗訴者, n. A person who has lost his law suit.

**Haisō suru**, はいさうする, 敗走, v.t. To fly away in defeat; to take to flight.  
Syn. HAIBOKU SURU.

**Hai suru**, はいする, 拜, v.t. ① To worship; to bow down. ② To appoint (as a general).  
Syn. OGAMU.

**Hai suru**, はいする, 廢, v.t. To cease; to do away with; to abolish, annul, or abrogate; to abandon.



*Gakumon wo hai suru*, 學問ヲ廢スル, to abandon one's study; *Kican wo hai suru*, 官ヲ廢スル, to abolish an office.  
 Syn. SUTERU, YAMERU.  
**Hai suru**, はいする, 敗, v.t. To be defeated or routed; to lose the day.  
 Syn. MAKERU, YABURU.  
**Hai suru**, はいする, 配, v.t. and t. [Chin.] ① To match, equal, or compare to. ② To join together (as in marriage); to mate. ③ To banish.  
*Sono toku tenchi ni hatsu*, 其徳天地ニ配ス, his virtue compares well with that of heaven or earth.  
 Syn. KURABERU, MEAWASU.  
**Hai-sū suru**, はいそうする, 拜趨, v.t. [Chin.] To go to; to call upon; to visit; to wait upon. Used respectfully in epistolary writings.  
 Syn. SANJŌ SURU.  
**Haitai**, はいたい, 佩帯, n. The wearing (of swords or medals).  
**Haitai suru**, はいたいする, 佩帯, v.t. [Chin.] To begin to exist; to spring up; to originate.  
 Syn. MUGOMORU, NEZASU.  
**Haitai suru**, はいたいする, 敗頽, v.t. [Chin.] To crumble down; to fall into pieces; to be ruined.  
**Haitaka**, はいたか, 鷲, n. [Ornith.] A hen of the common sparrow-hawk, *Accipiter ninus*.  
 Syn. KONORI.  
**Haitaku**, はいたく, 敗宅, n. [Chin.] A ruined or dilapidated house; my humble cot (in self deprecation).  
 Syn. ABARAYA, HEITAKU.  
**Haitaki**, はいたき, 蟻捕, n. An instrument for killing flies by striking with greenaves.  
**Haitate**, はいたて, 腰楯, n. A shield for the thigh;  
**Haitatsu-nin**, はいたつにん, 配達人, n. A distributor (of letters, newspapers, etc.); a postman.  
**Haitatsu suru**, はいたつする, 配達, v.t. To distribute; to deliver.  
*Nimotsu wo Haitatsu suru*, 荷物ヲ配達スル, to deliver goods (said of a transportation company or its coolies).  
**Haittei**, はいてい, 拜呈, n. A term placed at the beginning of a letter, meaning I have the honour of addressing you.  
*Isho Haittei tsukamatsuri soro*, 一書拜呈仕候, I have the honour to address you.  
 Syn. HAIKEI, KEIJŌ.  
**Haiten**, はいてん, 難典, n. A disused rite or ceremony; a rescinded edict or regulation.  
**Haito**, はいと, 平人, n. [cont. of *Haya* (bold-spirited) and *hito* (man).] Originally the bold and daring race of men in Satsuma and Ōsumi. In ancient times Imperial guards were recruited from among them, and hence their name afterwards came to be applied to a body of Imperial guards in the Department of War.

**Haitō**, はいとう, 佩刀, n. Wearing swords, or a sword worn.  
**Haitō**, はいとう, 廢刀, n. [Chin.] The abolition of the custom of wearing swords.  
**Haitō**, はいとう, 配當, n. Apportionment; dividend of profit. —*suru*, v.t. To apportion, allot, assign, or share; to distribute.  
 Syn. HAIBUN SURU, WARIDASU, WARITSUKERU.  
**Haitōgaku**, はいとうがく, 配當額, n. Total amount of profit in a company apportioned to each shareholder.  
**Haitōkin**, はいとうきん, 配當金, n. Dividend of profit; any sum of money distributed among a set of men.  
**Haitokushitsu**, はいとくしつ, 瘧疾, n. An incurable and dangerous disease.  
**Haitōrei**, はいとうらい, 廢刀令, n. Imperial proclamation, abolishing the custom of wearing swords.  
**Haitori**, はいとり, 蠅取, n. Fly-poison; a fly-catcher.  
**Haitori-gumo**, はいとりぐも, 蜘蛛, n. [Entom.] Fly catching spider.  
**Haiwataru**, はいわたる, 這渡, 蔓延, v.t. ① To cross by creeping over; to crawl along. ② To spread over.  
**Haiyaku**, はいやく, 背約, n. [Chin.] Breach of contract; breaking a promise. —*suru*, v.t. To break a promise.  
**Haiyō**, はいよう, 肺癆, n. [Med.] Pulmonary abscess.  
**Haiyō**, はいよう, 佩用, n. The wearing of decorations. —*suru*, v.t. To wear (as medals).  
**Haiyō**, はいよう, 胎孕, n. [Chin.] Conceiving a child; pregnancy. —*suru*, v.t. To become pregnant; to conceive.  
**Haiyō suru**, はいようする, 拜席, v.t. To lay to the heart; to pay attention to; to keep in mind. Used with reference to advice received from a superior.  
**Haiyū**, はいゆう, 俳優, n. An actor.  
 Syn. YAKUsha.  
**Haiyai**, はいさい, 配藥, n. Dispensing medicines; a medical formula; a prescription. —*suru*, v.t. To dispense medicines.  
**Haizen**, はいぜん, 沛然, adv. and a. [Chin.] Liberally, abundantly, heavily; great, magnanimous, generous.  
*Haizen to shite ame wo furasu*, 沛然トシテ雨ヲ降ス, to send down an abundance of rain.  
**Haizen**, はいぜん, 陪膳, n. One who waits at the table of a nobleman.  
**Haizen**, はいぜん, 配膳, n. Placing dining tables (zen) before guests.  
**Haizenjin**, はいぜんじん, 配膳人, n. One who dis-

tributes dining tables at an entertainment; a waiter at table.  
**Haisetsu**, はいせつ, 廢絶, n. [Chin.] Abolition; annulment; coming into disuse; extinction. —*suru*, v.t. and t. ① To abolish; abrogate; to do away with. ② To come into disuse; to fall into ruins; to become extinct.  
**Haisui**, はいずい, 掃黒, n. Lampblack.  
**Haja**, はいや, 破邪, n. [Chin.] Overthrowing or refuting heretical doctrines. [Chant.]  
**Hajaya**, はいやや, 茶葉店, n. Tea-store; tea-merchant.  
**Haji**, はい, 端, n. [coll.] Extremity; end; border.  
**Haji**, はい, 耻, n. Shame; dishonour; disgrace; ignominy; reproach.  
*Chichi no haji wo susugu*, 父ノ耻ヲ雪グ, to wipe away the disgrace of one's father; *Haji wo haji tomo omowanu*, 耻ヲ耻トモ思ハス, not to know what shame is; not to be at all abashed; *Haji wo kaku*, 耻ヲカク, to be put to shame; to be disgraced; *Haji wo shiranu yatsu*, 耻ヲ知ラズ奴, a fellow who 'is insensible to shame; a shameless or brazen-faced rogue.  
 Syn. CHIKOKU.  
**Hajigamashi**, はいがまし, 羞, a. Shameful; inglorious; disgraceful; disreputable; infamous.  
**Hajiru**, はいる, 耻入, v.t. To feel disgrace; to be put to shame; to be abashed. Usually in a stronger sense than *hajiru*.  
**Hajijiroumu**, はいじろうむ, v.t. To be conscious of shame; to be abashful, shy, or diffident.  
**Hajikami**, はいかみ, 生姜, n. [Bot.] Ginger.  
 Syn. SHŌGA.  
**Hajikaru**, はいかる, v.t. To be expanded; to be caused to snap or jerk.  
**Hajikaseru**, はいかせる, v.t. [caus. of *Hajiku*.] To cause to snap or jerk.  
**Hajikeru**, はいける, 綻裂, v.t. [coll.] To split open; to burst; to break or burst by inside pressure.  
*Mame ga hajikeru*, 豆ガハシケル, [coll.] the peas snap.  
 Syn. HAZERU, EMWARERU.  
**Hajiki**, はいき, 弾, n. ① Spring (as of an instrument). ② A jerk; a snap. ③ A kind of game played with the fingers.  
*Mizu hajiki*, 水弾, a squirt; a syringe; *Hajiki teppō*, 弾置砲, a toy made of bamboo for throwing stones to a distance; *Tsuma hajiki wo suru*, 指弾ヲスル, to fillip; to snap the fingers.  
**Hajiki**, はいき, 鑄型, n. A mould.  
 Syn. IGATA.  
**Hajikigane**, はいきがね, 鑄金, n. The hammer or cock of a gunlock; a spring. [Bow.]  
**Hajikiyumi**, はいきゆみ, 彈弓, n. A springing.  
**Hajiku**, はいく, 弾, v.t. ① To jerk, yerk, or snap.

② To repel. ③ To push with a quick motion (as the balls of an abacus); to twang (as a string).  
*Abura ga mizu wo hajiku*, 油が水ヲ弾ク, the oil repels water; *Ito wo hajiku*, 糸ヲ弾ク, to twang a string; *Soroban-dama wo hajiku*, 算盤珠ヲ弾ク, to move the balls of an abacus; *Fubi nite hajiku*, 指ニテ弾ク, to snap with the fingers; to fillip.  
**Hajimari**, はいまり, 始, 初, n. Beginning; commencement; cause; origin.  
*Nansen no hajimari*, 人間ノ始, the first appearance of man; the origin of human beings; *Shibai no hajimari*, 芝居ノ始, the origin of theatres; commencement of a play.  
 Syn. HOTTAN, OKORI.  
**Hajimaru**, はいまる, 始, v.t. To originate; to begin; to commence; to take rise.  
*Ame ga furi hajimeta*, 雨が降り始メタ, [coll.] the rain has begun to fall; *Uta hajimaru*, 歌ニ始マレ, to commence to sing; *Kenka ga hajimata*, 喧嘩が始マツタ, [coll.] the quarrel has begun.  
**Hajime**, はいめ, 始, 初, n. ① Cause; origin; rise. ② Beginning; commencement.  
*Hajime owaru wo kiki tadasu*, 始終ヲ聞取ス, to inquire into the origin and result of a matter; *Jibutsu no hajime*, 事物ノ始, origin of things; *Toshi no hajime*, 年ノ始, the beginning of the year; *Yomi hajime*, 讀ニ始メ, reading for the first time; commencing to read.  
 Syn. HAJIMARI, OKORI, SHOTE, SAISHO.  
**Hajime-owari**, はいめをわり, 始終, n. Beginning and end; cause and effect; the whole history of an affair.  
**Hajimeru**, はいめる, 始, v.t. To begin; to commence; to start (as a trade); to set about; to enter upon.  
*Danpan wo hajimeru*, 談判ヲ始メル, to enter upon a negotiation; *Kore kara hajimeyo*, 此カラ始メヨウ, [coll.] I shall begin from this one; let us commence from this moment; *Tatakai wo hajimeru*, 戦ヲ始メル, to commence fighting.  
**Hajimesaseru**, はいめさせる, v.t. Caus. form of above.  
**Hajimete**, はいめて, 始, adv. For the first time; at first.  
*Hajimete ome ni kakari masu*, 始テ御目ニ掛リマス, [coll.] I have seen you for the first time (i.e. I am happy to meet you).  
 Syn. ARATA NI, HATSU NI, SHINKI NI.  
**Hajimu**, はいむ, 始, v.t. Same as *Hajimeru*.  
*Jigyū wo hajimu*, 事業ヲ始ム, to begin a work to set about an enterprise.  
 Syn. SHUDASU.  
**Hajinoki**, はいのき, 黄蘗, n. [Bot.] The name of a tree, whose wood is used as a yellow dyestuff.  
**Hajio**, はいお, n. Same as *Hakusa*.



**Hajiranu**, はぢらふ, 羞恥, v.t. To feel ashamed; to be put out of countenance.  
Syn. HAZUKASHIGARU.

**Hajiro**, はぢろ, 羽白, a. White-winged.

**Hajiro**, はぢろ, 端城, n. An outpost.

**Hajirokatsutori**, はぢろかたつとり, n. [Ornith.]  
Syn. HAJIRONO. [Eared Grebe.]

**Hajiru**, はぢる, 耻, v.t. To feel ashamed for; to be ashamed at; to be put out of countenance.  
*Mi no okonai wo hajiru*, 身ノ行ヲ耻ル, to feel ashamed for one's own conduct; *Sengaku ni hajiru*, 淺學ニ耻ル, to be ashamed at the shallowness of one's learning; *Toshi nimo hajiru*, 年ニモ耻ヌ, he is not ashamed for his age.  
Syn. CHIJOKU NI OMOU.

**Hajishi**, はぢし, 耻, n. The shame.

**Hajishimeru**, はぢしめる, 令羞辱, v.t. To make another feel ashamed; to reprove; to blame; to disgrace or insult.  
*Hito wo hajishimeru*, 人ヲ辱メル, to make another feel ashamed; to put a person to the blush.  
Syn. HAJI WO KAKASERU, HAZUKASHIMERU.

**Hajishimaru**, はぢしまる, 羞恥, v.t. Same as above.

**Hajiranu**, はぢらふ, 耻, v.t. To be ashamed; to be blushed; to blush at.  
Syn. HAZUKASHIGARU. [grasp.]

**Haji suru**, はぢする, 把持, v.t. To take hold of; to grasp.

**Hajun**, はぢゆん, 妖術, n. [Budd.] Evil spirits; fiends; a demon.  
*Tenma hajun*, 天魔妖術, demons and fiends; all evil spirits.

**Haka**, はか, 墓, n. A tomb; a sepulchre; a grave.  
*Haka wo abaku*, 墓ヲ發ク, to break open a grave.  
Syn. TSUKA. [grave.]

**Haka**, はか, 割, n. Division of the field into several patches in sowing or harvesting, for securing the efficiency of labour.

**Haka**, はか, 果, n. [corrupt. of above.] The state of being expedient; expeditiousness; efficiency.  
*Haka ga yuku*, 果ガ行ク, [coll.] to be rapid (said of any work or job); *Hitori dewa nani goto mo haka ga yukamu*, 一人デハ何事モ果ガ行ヌ, [coll.] nothing can be done expeditiously by working alone. [tery.]

**Hakaba**, はかば, 墓場, n. A grave yard; a cemetery.  
Syn. HAKAWARA.

**Hakabakashi**, はかばかし, a. Rapid, prompt; efficacious; expeditious; expedient.

**Hakabakashiku**, はかばかしク, adv. Adverbial form of above.  
*Byōnin mo hakabakashiku arimasen*, 病人モハカバカシクアリマセン, [coll.] the patient does not recover quickly.  
Syn. HAKIMARI TO, KIWAKIWAISHIKU.

**Hakachi**, はかち, 葬地, n. A burial ground; a graveyard.  
Syn. HAKABA, BOSHO. [graveyard.]

**Hakadoraseru**, はかどらせる, v.t. [caus. of *Hakadoru*.] To cause to be rapid, prompt, active, or expeditious.

**Hakadori**, はかどり, 果取, 進歩, n. The degree of progress of any work or undertaking; degree of efficiency or expeditiousness. [progress.]  
*Hakadori ga osoi*, 進歩ガ遅イ, to be slow in progress.

**Hakadoru**, はかどる, 果取, v.t. To be quick; to progress well; to be done fast.  
*Drampan ga hakadoru*, 談判ガ果取ル, the negotiations make rapid progress; *Fushin ga hakadoru*, 普請ガ果取ル, the building is being done quickly; *Teishū ga hakadoru*, 編纂ガ果取ル, the work of compilation is in full progress; *Jiyūka kaisei ga haka taranu*, 條約改正ガ果取ラヌ, the revision of the treaties makes little progress.  
Syn. HAKAYUKU. [gress.]

**Hakai**, はかい, 破戒, n. [Budd.] Breaking the laws of Buddha.  
*Hakai no sō*, 破戒ノ僧, a priest who transgresses the commandments of Buddha; *Hakai no tsuini*, 破戒ノ罪, the crime of violating Buddhist laws. [a monument.]

**Hakajirushi**, はかじろし, 墓標, n. A tombstone.

**Hakaku**, はかく, 破格, n. [thin.] Being contrary to established forms or rules.

**Hakama**, はかま, 袴, n. Loose trousers with many folds in the front, divided skirts.  
*Hakama wo haku*, 袴ヲハク, to wear *hakama*; *Naga hakama*, 長袴, long *hakama* (formerly worn by *samurai* on ceremonial occasions); *Umaori hakama*, 馬乗袴, *hakama* for riding on a horse.

**Hakama**, はかま, 苞, n. The sheath around the stem of wheat.

**Hakamagi**, はかまぎ, 袴着, n. The ceremony of wearing *hakama*, for the first time, at the age of five years.

**Hakamagoshi**, はかまごし, 袴腰, n. The upper part of the back of *hakama* stuffed with a thin board in the form of a truncated cone. A dike or embankment constructed in the form of do. [for worship.]

**Hakamari**, はかまり, 墓参, n. Visiting a tomb.

**Hakamaji**, はかまじ, 袴地, n. Cloth for making *hakama* with.



**Hakama-kazura**, はかまかづら, 鬼見草, n. [Bot.] *Banhinia japonica*.

**Hakama-no-hida**, はかまのひだ, 袴裾, n. The folds of *hakama*.

**Hakama-ro-machi**, はかまのまち, 袴腰, n. The gore of *hakama*.

**Hakamichi**, はかみち, 墓道, n. A path in a grave yard.

**Hakamori**, はかまり, 墓守, n. The keeper of a cemetery; a sexton.

**Hakamaku**, はかまく, 幕垂, adv. In a feeling manner; evanescently; imperceptibly; in a vanishing manner.  
*Hakamaku kiyuru*, 幕垂消ル, to vanish or die quickly.  
Syn. MOROKU.

**Hakamashi**, はかまし, 曇, 昏, 昏, n. [Flecting; transient; evanescent; imperceptible.] Insignificant; trivial; unfortunate; hopeless.  
*Hakamaki (nochi)*, 昏キ命, the transient life.  
Syn. CHOITO, KARISOME, MOROKI, WAZUKA, YOWAI.

**Hakarai**, はからひ, 計, n. Directing affairs; managing; administering; arrangement; transaction; discretion.  
*Hakarai ga marui*, 計ガ悪イ, his (or her) management is bad; *Kimi no hakarai de kotozumi ni natta*, 君ノ計ヲ事酒ニナツタ, the matter has been settled peacefully by your good management.

**Hakaraseru**, はからせる, v.t. [caus. form of *Hakaru*.] To cause to consult; to let another weigh or measure.

**Hakaranu**, はからふ, 計, 商榷, v.t. ① To manage, administer, direct, or transact. ② To think about; to consider; to reflect upon. ③ To consult; to confer with.  
*Shūjin ni hakaranu*, 衆人ニ計フ, to consult with all the persons concerned; *Hodoyoku koto wo hakaranu*, 程好事ヲ計ラフ, to properly manage an affair.  
Syn. ATSUKAU, TORIHAKARAU.

**Hakarawaseru**, はからわせる, v.t. Caus. form of above.

**Hakarazu**, はからず, 不圖, adv. Suddenly; unexpectedly; of a sudden.  
*Hakarazu omot tsuki*, 不圖思ヒ付ク, to suddenly cross the mind; to think of suddenly; *Hakarazu shippai shita*, 不圖失敗シタ, [coll.] has (or have) failed unexpectedly; *Hakarazu taisū ni rieti ga atta*, 不圖大層ニ利益ガアツタ, [coll.] there have been unexpectedly large profits; *Hakarazu yūjin ni au*, 不圖友人ニ遇フ, to meet with a friend unexpectedly.  
Syn. FUI NI, FUTO.

**Hakari**, はかり, 秤, 秤, n. A weighing beam; a balance; scales; steelyard.  
*Hakari ni kakaru*, 秤ニ懸ル, to weigh with a balance.

**Hakari**, はかり, 計, n. ① Act of calculating or weighing. ② Consultation; management; transacting.

**Hakari-beri**, はかりべり, 量減, 斗耗, n. Diminution of total amount by being measured in too liberal a manner.

**Hakarigoto**, はかりごと, 謀, n. A plan; scheme; stratagem; devise; artifice.  
*Hakarigoto wo megurazu*, 謀ヲメテラス, to devise a plan; *Waga hakarigoto ni ochiru*, 我が謀ニ懸ル, he has (or they have) fallen a prey to my stratagem.  
Syn. BOKU, MOKURONI, TAKUMI.

**Hakarigusa**, はかりぐさ, 紫堇, n. [Bot.] *Aconitum lycocotum*. [sagittifolia.]

**Hakariguwai**, はかりぐわい, n. [Bot.] *Sagittaria*.

**Hakarikiru**, はかりきる, 量減, v.t. To level off the top of anything measured; to strike.

**Hakarikomu**, はかりこむ, v.t. To measure anything and add it to something else; to measure out more than is due. [a steelyard.]

**Hakarime**, はかりめ, 秤目, 量目, n. The marks on a steelyard.

**Hakarimushi**, はかりむし, 尺蠖, n. [Entom.] Same as *Shakutori-mushi*.

**Hakarimosu**, はかりむす, 量直, 復測, v.t. To weigh again to correct the error; to remeasure.

**Hakari-no-omori**, はかりのおもり, 秤錘, n. The weight of a steelyard.  
Syn. FUNDŌ. [scales.]

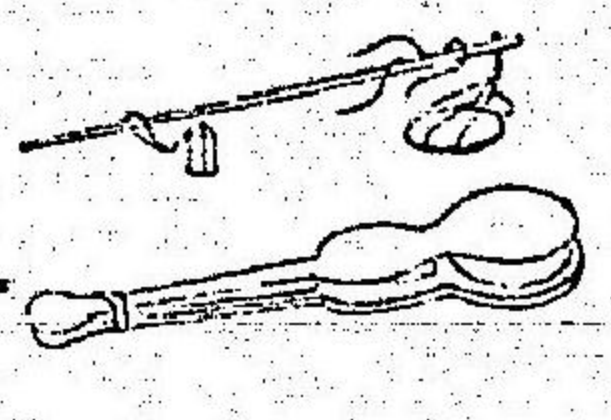
**Hakariryū**, はかりりゅう, 秤屋, n. Seller or maker of scales.

**Hakarizu**, はかりず, 秤屋, n. An authorized seller of scales in the time of the Shōgunate government. [a steelyard.]

**Hakarizara**, はかりざら, 秤皿, 盤, n. The pan of a steelyard.

**Hakarizawa**, はかりざわ, 秤竿, n. The beam of a steelyard.

**Hakaru**, はかる, 計, 測, 量, 度, v.t. ① To estimate, calculate, count, or reckon. ② To weigh or measure. ③ To consider, to think about, to reflect upon. ④ To consult; to confer with. ⑤ To deceive; to impose upon; to entrap; to ensnare. ⑥ To survey. ⑦ To plot; to conspire against; to contrive.  
*Bei-koku wo hakaru*, 米穀ヲ量ル, to measure grains; *Gen-ya wo hakaru*, 原野ヲ測ル, to survey a field; *Hito ni hakaru*, 人ニ計ル, to consult with another; *Hito wo hakaru*, 人ヲハカル, to





entrap another; *Nagasa wo hakaru*, 長ヲ度ル, to measure the length; *Teki wo hakaru*, 敵ヲ討ル, to plot against the enemy; *Umi no shinsen wo hakaru*, 海ノ深淺ヲ測ル, to measure the depth of the sea; to sound the ocean.  
 Syn. DAMASU, HARABAU, SÖDAN SURU, SO-KURYÖ SURU, TAKUMI, TSMORU.  
**Hakase**, はかせ, 佩刀, *n.* A sword.  
**Hakase**, はかせ, 博士, *n.* An honorable title for a learned man; a doctor.  
**Hakaseru**, はかせる, 令佩, 令穿, 令流, 令掃, *v.t.* [caus. of *Haku*.] ① To cause or help another to wear (as a sword pantaloons, etc.) ② To cause to flow out; to drain (as water). ③ To make another sweep (with a broom). ④ To let another vomit or spit out. ⑤ To dispose of (goods), to sell off. *Kutsu wo hakaseru*, 靴ヲハカセル, to put on another's boots for him; *Nimotsu wo hakaseru*, 荷物ヲハカセル, to clear out goods; *Mizu wo hakaseru*, 水ヲハカセル, to let out the water; *Gomi wo hakaseru*, 糞ヲ掃カセル, to let another sweep away the dirt.  
**Hakasu**, はかす, 齒穿, 齒穿, *n.* Same as *Hakasu*.  
**Hakata-jima**, はかたじま, 博多織, *n.* Striped silk or cotton cloth, woven at Hakata in the province of Chikuzen.  
**Hakata-ori**, はかたおり, 博多織, *n.* A general name for various kinds of stuffs woven at Hakata.  
**Hakatayuri**, はかたゆり, 天香, *n.* [Bot.] A lily having long flowers, *Lilium longiflorum*.  
**Hakawara**, はかにら, 墓原, *n.* A burial ground; a graveyard.  
 Syn. BOSHÖ, HAKABA. [the leaves].  
**Hakaze**, はかせ, 蕩風, *n.* Wind whistling through *Take no hakaze*, 竹ノ蕩風, wind whizzing through the bamboo leaves.  
**Hakaze**, はかせ, 羽風, *n.* Wind produced by the flapping of wings.  
*Tsuru no hakaze*, 鶴ノ羽風, the wind produced by the flapping of the crane.  
**Hake**, はけ, 刷毛, *n.* ① A brush made of bristles of animals; a paste brush. ② The queue formerly worn by the Japanese.  
*Hake wo chirasu*, ハケヲ散ス, to spread out the end of the queue; *Hake*, 鬚刷毛, an artist's brush. [goods].  
**Hake**, はけ, 流通, *n.* The selling off; demand for *Kono shina wa hake ga warui*, 此品ハ流通ガ悪イ, this kind of articles does not sell well, or there is little demand for goods of this class.  
**Hake**, はけ, 消流, *n.* Flowing out of water; drainage.  
*Mizu no hake ga warui*, 水ノ消流ガ悪イ, the drainage is bad; the water does off not drain.  
 Syn. MIZUHAKE. [well].

**Hakkekata**, はけかた, 捌方, *n.* Demand for goods; sale or market for do.  
*Hakkekata ga yoi*, 捌方ガ好イ, is in good demand. [market].  
**Hakkekuchi**, はけくち, 管口, *n.* Demand; sale; *Hakkekuchi wo sagasu*, 管口ヲサガス, to seek a market (for goods); *Kono shina wa hakkekuchi ga yoi*, 此品ハ管口ガ多イ, there is a wide market for this article.  
 Syn. UREKUCHI. [brush].  
**Hakeme**, はけめ, 刷毛目, 刷痕, *n.* Marks left by a  
**Haken suru**, はけんする, 派遣, *v.t.* [Chin.] To send out (as a messenger); to dispatch (as officials).  
*Kwanri wo haken suru*, 官吏ヲ派遣スル, to dispatch officials.  
 Syn. OKURI, TSUWAWASE.  
**Hakeru**, はける, 得吐, *v.t.* [caus. of *Haku*.] Can spit; or vomit.  
**Hakeru**, はける, 消流, 流出, *v.t.* [caus. of *Haku*.] To sell (as goods); can be cleared or disposed of.  
**Hakeru**, はける, 穿, *v.t.* [caus. of *Haku*.] Can be worn or put on.  
*Monohiki wa hosi ga hakeru*, 股引ハ細イガ穿ル, the pantaloons are narrow but may be worn.  
**Hakeru**, はける, 掃, *v.t.* Can be swept or brushed.  
**Hakeru**, はける, 流通, *v.t.* To be sold off; to be in demand.  
*Katagai etaisi cha ga hakeru*, 海外ハ大層茶ガハケル, tea is in great demand in foreign countries.  
**Haki**, はき, 吐, 嘔, *n.* Vomiting; spitting out.  
*Haki ga tomaranu*, 吐ガ止マラス, the vomiting does not stop.  
**Hakidame**, はきため, 掃置, *n.* A place where rubbish is thrown; a dirt heap.  
 Syn. CHIRIZUKA, GOMITAME.  
**Hakidashi-mono**, はきたしもの, 排泄物, *n.* Vomit; the discharges. [vomit].  
**Hakidasu**, はきたす, 吐出, *v.t.* To spit out; to  
**Hakidasu**, はきたす, 掃出, *v.t.* To sweep out.  
**Hakihaki**, はきはき, 活潑, *adv.* Actively, smartly, briskly; active in doing anything.  
*Hakihaki to hataraku*, ハキハキト働ク, to be active in working; *Hakihaki to shita hito*, 活潑トシタ人, a smart person.  
 Syn. HACHIYAKI, SADAHA NI. [brush off].  
**Hakiharau**, はきはらす, *v.t.* To sweep away; to  
**Haki-kakeru**, はきかける, 掃掛, *v.t.* ① To sweep upon; to spit upon. ② To commence to sweep; to begin to vomit.  
*Chiri wo hakikakeru*, 塵ヲハキカケル, to sweep dirt upon; *Kabe ni tsuba wo hakikakeru*, 壁ニ唾ヲ吐キカケル, to spit upon the wall; *Nawa wo hakikakeru*, 繩ヲ掃カケル, to begin to sweep the yard.

**Hakiki**, はきき, 羽利, *n.* and *a.* [It.] Powerful of the wings; having authority; powerful; influential.  
 Syn. IKROI ARU. [into].  
**Hakikomu**, はきこむ, *v.t.* To spit into; to sweep  
**Hakimono**, はきもの, 履物, *n.* That which is worn on the feet; shoes; clogs.  
**Haki suru**, はきする, 破毀, *v.t.* To annul; to abrogate; to destroy; to break. [decidedly].  
**Hakito**, はきと, *adv.* Plainly; distinctly; clearly; *Hakito kikoeta*, ハキト聞ヘタ, [coll.] has been or was heard distinctly; *Hakito miyuru*, ハキト見ユル, to be seen clearly.  
 Syn. AKIRAKA NI, HAKKIRI TO, SADAHA NI.  
**Hakiyoseru**, はきよせる, 掃寄, *v.t.* To collect by sweeping (as dirt).  
**Hakizoe**, はきぞえ, 帶副, *n.* A short sword worn together with the longer one.  
**Hakizome**, はきぞめ, 掃初, *n.* The ceremony of sweeping rooms, for the first time, on the second day of the first month.  
**Hakka**, はっか, 薄荷, *n.* [Bot.] Pepper mint, *Mentha arvensis*.  
**Hakkaku**, はっかく, 發露, *n.* Revealing, disclosing; becoming known; discovery; exposure; detection. Always in a bad sense. —*suru*, *v.t.* To be discovered; to be detected.  
 Syn. ROKEN SURU.  
**Hakkaku**, はっかく, 八角, *a. and n.* [Math.] Octahedral; octahedron. [plataniifolia].  
**Hakkakufu**, はっかくふ, 八角福, *n.* [Bot.] *Marlea*  
**Hakkakusui**, はっかくすい, 八角水, *n.* [Min.] Ditetragonal pyramid.  
**Hakkau**, はっかん, 發刊, *n.* [Chin.] Printing, publication; issue. —*suru*, *v.t.* To publish (as news).  
**Hakkan**, はっかん, 發汗, *n.* Perspiration. —*suru*, *v.t.* To sweat; to perspire.  
**Hakkan-ai**, はっかんあい, 發汗劑, *n.* A diaphoretic medicine. [wine].  
**Hakkashu**, はっかまじ, 薄荷酒, *n.* Pepper-mint  
**Hakkasu**, はっかす, 薄荷水, *n.* Pepper-mint water (a summer drink). [crystal].  
**Hakkayen**, はっかえん, 薄荷圓, *n.* Pepper-mint  
**Hakkayu**, はっかゆ, 薄荷油, *n.* Oil of pepper-mint.  
**Hakkatsu**, はっかつ, 筭帳, *n.* [Bot.] *Smilax China*.  
**Hakke**, はっけ, 八卦, *n.* The eight diagrams used by fortune-tellers.  
**Hakkei**, はっけい, 伯兄, *n.* [Chin.] Elder brother.  
**Hakkei**, はっけい, 八景, *n.* The eight famous views in a particular region, such as *Ömi hakkei*, *Kanazawa hakkei*, in imitation of the eight celebrated views in China.  
**Hakken**, はっけん, 發見, *n.* First finding out; discovery. —*suru*, *v.t.* To find or discover.  
**Hakkenshu**, はっけんしゅ, 發見者, *n.* A discoverer.

**Hakken suru**, はっけんする, 發遣, *v.t.* [Chin.] To send out (as a messenger). [minosity].  
**Hakki**, はっき, 發光, *n.* [Chin.] Emitting light; lu-  
**Hakkin**, はっきん, 白金, *n.* [Min.] Platinum.  
**Hakkin-irijumu**, はっきんいりじゆむ, *n.* [Min.] Platinidinum. [ly; distinctly].  
**Hakkiri**, はっきり, 分明, *adv. and a.* Plainly; clearly; *Hakkiri mienu*, 分明見ヘヌ, not plainly seen; *Hakkiri to shita kotae*, 分明トシタ答, a distinct answer; *Hakkiri wakaranu*, 分明ワカラス, can not be clearly understood.  
 Syn. BUMMYÖ NI, MEIYAKU NI.  
**Hakki suru**, はっきする, 發起, *v.t. and t.* [Chin.] ① To be roused up; to be excited. ② To originate; to inaugurate; to start; to project.  
**Hakkö**, はっかう, 白蒿, *n.* [Bot.] *Artemisia Schmidtiana*.  
**Hakkö**, はっかう, 醱酵, *n.* Fermentation. —*suru*, *v.t.* To ferment.  
**Hakkö**, はっかう, 發行, *n.* Issuing; publication. *Hakkö teishi*, 發行停止, suspending publication (as of a newspaper) for a time. —*suru*, *v.t.* To put into circulation; to issue; to publish.  
*Shinsei wo hakkö suru*, 紙幣ヲ發行スル, to issue paper-money; *Shinbun wo hakkö suru*, 新聞ヲ發行スル, to publish a newspaper.  
 Syn. IDASE, SHUPPAN SURU.  
**Hakköboku**, はっかうぼく, 白朮木, *n.* [Bot.] *Rhus semiolata*. [preparation].  
**Hakkökö**, はっかうかう, 白朮衆, *n.* A mercurial  
**Hakkö suru**, はっかうする, 發航, *v.t.* To set sail; to sail out from a port; to commence a voyage.  
**Hakkö suru**, はっかうする, 發向, *v.t.* To set out for any place; to start; to begin a journey.  
**Hakkotsu**, はっこつ, 白骨, *n.* [Chin.] White bones; bones bleached by the rain (by being left long in the field).  
**Hakku**, はっく, 白駒, *n.* [Chin.] The white colt (a poetic name for the sun).  
**Hakku**, はっく, 八苦, *n.* Eight kinds of afflictions or disasters, viz., parturition, old age, disease, parting, encountering enemies, disappointed hope, and five skandhas or concatenations.  
**Hakkudokusui**, はっくどくすい, 八功德水, *n.*  
**Hachikudokusui**, はちくどくすい, [Budd.] The water of eight different virtues, viz., clearness (清淨), coolness (清冷), sweetness (甘美), fragrance (香), softness (柔軟), bringing peace (安和), satisfying hunger and thirst (除飢渴), and curing diseases (除疾病). [Hidontum Maris].  
**Hakkutsusui**, はっくつすい, 白朮水, *n.* [Bot.] *Chelidonium majus*.  
**Hakkutsu suru**, はっくつする, 發掘, *v.t.* [Chin.] To lay open; to dig open.  
**Hakkwa**, はっくわ, 發火, *n.* ① Kindling; catch



ing fire. ② Tinder. —suru, v.t. To kindle, to catch fire.

**Hakkwai**, はくわい, 袈裟, n. First meeting (as of an association). [Hakka villosa.]

**Hakkwakō**, はくわかう, 白花香, n. [Bot.] *Patylo-*

**Hakkwanshū**, はくわんさう, 白蓮花, n. [Bot.] *Vitis serjaniifolia*.

**Hakkwansui**, はくわさい, 白蓮菜, n. [Bot.] *Gynandropsis villosa*.

**Hakkwō**, はくわう, 八荒, n. [Chin.] Eight directions or points of the compass.

**Hakkyō**, はっきやう, 癡狂, n. Becoming insane; getting mad. —suru, v.t. To suddenly become insane. [person; a lunatic.]

**Hakkyō-jū**, はっきやうじゆん, 癡狂人, n. An insane person. Syn. KICHIGAI. [Hakkyō (八荒).]

**Hakkyoku**, はっきよく, 八極, n. [Chin.] Same as **Hakkyōsan**.

**Hakkyōsan**, はっきやうさん, 白蠶繭, n. [Entom.] A silk worm dead by a disease called muscardine.

**Hakkyō suru**, はっきやうする, 夏衣を脱ぐ, v.t. To go out of the capital.

**Hakkyū**, はっきゅう, 薄給, n. A low amount of salary; a small pension. [trunk.]

**Hako**, はこ, 箱, 匣, 篋, n. A box, chest, case, or *Hako-iri musume*, 箱入娘, [lit.] a daughter kept in a box; [fig.] a young girl confined in a house under the vigilant care of her parents: *Hako ni tsunobomu*, 箱二筋込ム, to pack in a box; *Hako no futu*, 箱ノ被, the cover of a box; *Hako wo sasu*, 箱ヲ差ス, to join or make a box.

**Hakobanu**, はこばぬ, 遅延, v.t. [neg. of *Hakobu*.] Not effected promptly.

**Hakobaseru**, はこばせる, 令運, v.t. [caus. form of *Hakobu*.] ① To cause to carry; to let convey or transport. ② To cause an affair to make progress. *Nimotsu wo hakobaseru*, 荷物ヲ運バセル, to let another convey luggage.

**Hakobashigo**, はこばしご, 箱梯子, n. A stair-case.

**Hakohō**, はこほう, 繁穂, n. [Bot.] Chickweed, *Stellaria media*.

**Hakobera**, はこべら, n. [Bot.] Celery.

**Hakobi**, はこび, 運, n. ① Transportation; conveyance; carriage. ② Movement; progress; walking. *Ashi no hakobi ga warui*, 足ノ歩リ遅イ, the manner of moving the feet is awkward or slow *Hakobi ga tsukamu*, 運ガツカス, does not progress; *Hakobi wo tsukeru*, 運ヲ付ル, to settle a matter; to arrange.

**Hakohite**, はこびて, 運夫, n. One who conveys goods; a porter; a carrier.

**Hakobu**, はこぶ, 運, v.t. and i. ① Convey, transport, or carry. ② To move (as one's feet); to walk. ③ To make progress; to advance; to be settled or arranged.

*Ashi wo hakobu*, 足ヲ運ブ, to walk; to take the trouble of going to; *Kuruma de zaimoku wo hakobu*, 車ヲ材木ヲ運ブ, to transport timbers on a dray; *Shigoto ga hakobu*, 仕事ガ進ブ, the work progresses. [TSUBU.]

Syn. HARADORU, OKURU, UNSO SURU, U-

**Hakofugu**, はこぶく, n. [Ichth.] *Trachinotus* *caeruleus*.

Syn. KARU-TOFUGU, KAWA-GOROGU.

**Hakobibachi**, はこびばち, 箱火鉢, n. A brazier in the form of a box.

**Hakojōchin**, はこぢやうぢん, 箱提燈, n. A large paper lantern with circular boxes at both ends which can be fitted into each other when the lantern is not in use.

**Hakomune**, はこむね, n. The ridge of a roof.

**Hakone-gusa**, はこねぐさ, 石山生, n. [Bot.] *Adiantum monochoitum*.

**Hakone-no-sanshō-uwu**, はこねのさんせうう, 高山源無魚, n. [Entom.] A kind of salamander, *Onychodactylus japonicus*.

**Hakone-utsugi**, はこねうつぎ, 箱提灯, n. [Bot.] *Dryopteris grandiflora*.

**Hakonesō**, はこねそう, 石長生, n. [Bot.] Same as **Hakosō**. [Hakone-gusa.]

**Hakoromo**, はころも, 地氈, n. [Bot.] *Achillea sibirica*.

**Hakoseko**, はこせこ, n. A paper veil. [Ufolla.]

**Hakoshi**, はこし, 破紙, n. [Bot.] *Psoralea cory-*

**Hako suru**, はこする, v.t. To go to stool (rare).

**Hakoya**, はこや, 寂姑岩, n. The name of a fabulous mountain inhabited by hermits; elysian mountain.

**Hakoya**, はこや, n. ① A maker or seller of boxes. ② The attendant on a dancing girl or *getsha*.

**Hakoyanagi**, はこやなぎ, 白楊, n. [Bot.] Poplar, *Populus tremula*. [boxes.]

**Hakozukushi**, はこざいくし, 箱匠, n. Maker of boxes.

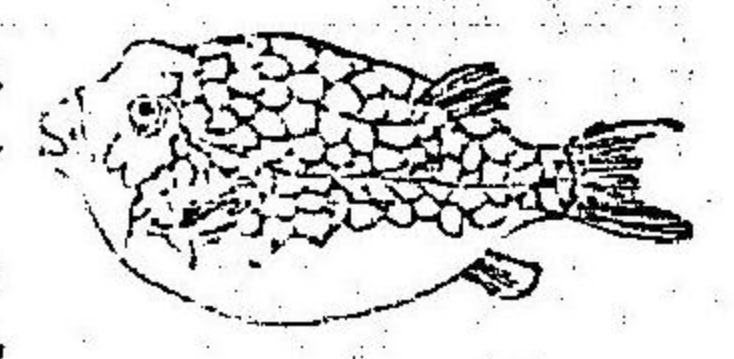
**Haku**, はく, 白, a. White. Used mostly in composition. *Haku-men shasei*, 白面養生, white (pale) faced student (in contempt). Syn. SHIRO, SHIROKIKOTO.

**Haku**, はく, 数, n. A count.

**Haku**, はく, 箔, 銀, n. Foil or leaf; gilding. *Kim-paku*, 金箔, gold leaf; gilding; *Gin-paku*, 銀箔, silver foil; *Haku wo tsukeru*, 箔ヲ付ル, to cover with gold or silver leaf; to gild.

**Haku**, はく, 帛, n. [Chin.] White silk.

**Haku**, はく, 吐, v.t. ① To vomit; to spit out. ② To speak out; to express (as one's thought). *Chi wo haku*, 血ヲ吐ク, to vomit or spit blood;



(はこぶく)

*Talgen wo haku*, 大言ヲ吐ク, to talk big; to brag; *Tsubaki wo haku*, 唾ヲ吐ク, to spit.

**Haku**, はく, 穿, 着, v.t. To put on (as shoes); to wear (as pantaloons). *Hakama wo haku*, 袴ヲ着ク, to wear divided skirts; *Kutsu wo haku*, 靴ヲ穿ク, to wear shoes.

**Haku**, はく, 佩, 帶, v.t. To wear (as a sword). *Tachi wo haku*, 太刀ヲ佩ク, to gird on a sword. Syn. SASU, WAKI-BARAMU. [sword.]

**Haku**, はく, 掃, v.t. To sweep; to brush. *Akuta wo haku*, 芥ヲ掃ク, to sweep away the dirt; *Misa wo haku*, 庭ヲ掃ク, to sweep the yard (with a broom). Syn. HARAU, SŌJI SURU.

**Haku-a**, はくあ, 白堊, n. [Chin.] Chalk.

**Haku-ai**, はくあい, 博愛, n. [Chin.] Enlarged benevolence; humanity.

**Hakuba**, はくば, 白馬, n. White horse. *Hakuba no sechie*, 白馬御會, an ancient court ceremony of delivering twenty-one white horses to the Imperial cavalry on the 7th of the first month (a.s.); more properly, *awo-uma no sechie*.

**Hakubera**, はくべら, 發揚菜, n. [Bot.] Chickweed.

**Hakubi**, はくび, 白晝, n. [Bot.] *Vincetoxicum atratum*. [ing; twilight.]

**Hakubo**, はくぼ, 薄暮, n. The dusk of the evening. Syn. TAMOGARE, YŪGURE.

**Hakubo**, はくぼ, 伯母, n. Aunt. Syn. OBA.

**Hakubō**, はくほう, 白旗, n. White banner; a baton.

**Hakuboku**, はくぼく, 白墨, n. Chalk, crayon. Syn. SHIRAZUMI.

**Hakubukon**, はくぶこん, 百部根, n. [Bot.] *Asparagus*. [wine.]

**Hakubudōshu**, はくぶどうしゆ, 白葡萄酒, n. White wine.

**Hakubun**, はくぶん, 博聞, n. [Chin.] Being very learned; erudition. [strong in memory.] *Hakubun gōki*, 博聞強記, very erudite and

**Hakubun**, はくぶん, 白文, n. Chinese writings with no side marks for Japanese readers.

**Hakubun-in**, はくぶんいん, 白文印, n. A seal, the characters of which appear white on the impression. [al history.]

**Hakubutsugaku**, はくぶつがく, 博物學, n. Natural history.

**Hakubutsugakusha**, はくぶつがくしや, 博物學者, n. A naturalist. [Museum.]

**Hakubutsukwan**, はくぶつくわん, 博物館, n. Museum.

**Hakubutsukwan-nōchō**, はくぶつくわんさうちやう, 博物館長, n. The Director General of the Museum.

**Hakuchi**, はくち, 白痴, n. [Chin.] An idiot; a feeble minded person; a fool. Syn. KARABAKA.

**Hakuchiritsu**, はくちりつ, 白地頭, n. [Bot.] Arrow-head, *Sagittaria sagittata*. [grass.]

**Hakuchisō**, はくちさう, 白地草, n. [Bot.] Lawn

**Hakuchō**, はくちやう, 白旗, 白丁, n. White clothes worn by inferior servants of a *Kuge*; hence men wearing such clothes.

**Hakuchō**, はくちやう, 鶴, n. [Ornith.] Bewick's swan.

**Hakuchō**, はくちやう, 六月, n. [Bot.] *Serissa foetida*. (白蕚)

**Hakuchō**, はくちやう, 白蠟, n. [Bot.] *Quercus glandulifera*.

**Hakuchōge**, はくちやうげ, 白頭花, n. [Bot.] *Serissa foetida*. [dung.]

**Hakuchōkō**, はくちやうかう, 白丁香, n. Sparrow's

**Hakuchū**, はくちゆう, 白晝, n. Noon; broad daylight. Syn. HIRU. [light.]

**Hakuchū**, はくちゆう, 伯仲, n. [Chin.] ① Elder and younger brothers. ② Being nearly alike: proximity. —suru, v.t. To be nearly equal; to be without superiority. Syn. OTTSUKATSU.

**Hakudaku**, はくたく, 白濁, n. [Med.] Gonorrhoea. Syn. RIMBYŪ.

**Hakudatsu**, はくたつ, 剝奪, 褫奪, n. The act of depriving, dispossessing, or divesting of some office or dignity; deprivation. —suru, v.t. To deprive of; to bereave; to divest of. *Kwan-i wo hakudatsu suru*, 官位ヲ剝奪スル, to strip a person of his office and rank.

**Hakudō**, はくどう, 白銅, n. Nickel.

**Hakusenbō**, はくせんぼう, 白粉, n. [Min.] Cerussite.

**Hakusu**, はくす, 伯父, n. An uncle. Syn. OJI.

**Hakusu**, はくす, 白布, n. White cloth.

**Hakusun**, はくすん, 白粉, n. White powder.

**Hakuga**, はくが, 博雅, a. [Chin.] Very learned; well informed; erudite; enlightened. *Hakuga no kushū*, 博雅ノ君子, an erudite gentleman; an enlightened person.

**Hakugai suru**, はくがいする, 迫害, v.t. To persecute, vex, or harass.

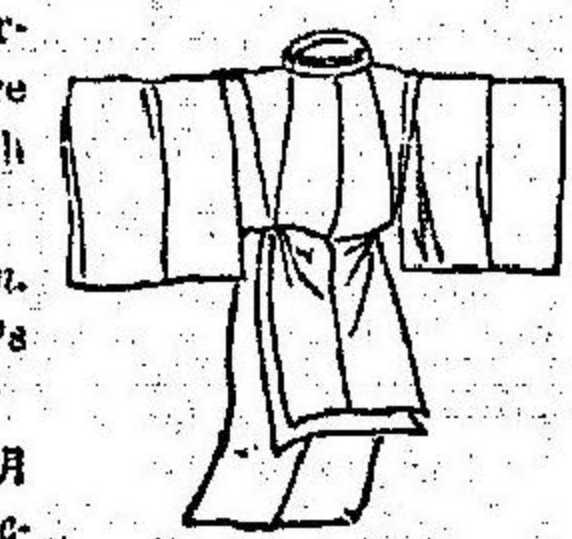
**Hakugaku**, はくがく, 博學, n. [Chin.] Being well informed or well-read, possessing profound knowledge; erudition. Syn. HAKURAN, HAKUSHIKI, MONOSHIRI.

**Hakugan**, はくがん, 白鵞, n. [Ornith.] Snow goose.

**Hakugan**, はくがん, 白眼, n. A fierce or angry look; glaring at.

**Hakugeki**, はくげき, 駁撃, n. Opposing; contradicting; controverting. —suru, v.t. To oppose, etc.

**Hakugi**, はくぎ, 蒔絵, n. A trifling present or recompense (used in humiliation).



(白蕚)



**Hakugin**, はくぎん, 白銀, *n.* Silver.  
*Hakugin go-mai*, 白銀五枚, five pieces of silver.  
 Syn. GIN, SHIROGANE. [gem.]

**Hakugyoku**, はくぎよく, 瑠玉, *n.* An unpolished gem.  
**Hakugyo**, はくぎよ, 白及, *n.* [Bot.] *Bletia hyacinthina*. [billows.]

**Hakuba**, はくば, 白波, *n.* White waves; foaming hair.  
*Hakubatsu no rōjin*, 白髮ノ老人, a gray haired old man; a hoary age.

**Hakubi**, はくび, 薄蕮, *a.* [Chin.] Trifling; slight; humble. [of ice.]

**Hakubyō**, はくびょう, 薄氷, *n.* [Chin.] Thin layer.  
*Hakubyō wo sumu ga gatashi*, 薄氷ヲ踏ハカシ, like walking on a thin layer of ice (so dangerous).

**Hakui**, はくい, 白衣, *n.* White clothes. [ous.]

**Hakushi**, はくし, 白石, 銅鑛, *n.* Copper ore.  
**Hakujū**, はくじゅう, 白蛇, *n.* [Zool.] A white serpent.  
**Hakujūku**, はくじゅうく, 薄弱, *a.* Weak, feeble, or imbecile (mentally or physically). Small; insufficient; or insignificant (said of capital or funds).

**Hakujū**, はくじ, 白字, *n.* White characters impressed by a seal. See *Haku-in* (白印).

**Hakujin**, はくじん, *n.* A naked sword.  
*Hakujin wo furū*, 白刃ヲ振フ, to brandish a sword.  
 Syn. NUKIMI, SHIRAH. [sword.]

**Hakujitsu**, はくじつ, 白日, *n.* Daylight; daytime; broad daylight.  
 Syn. HAKUCHŪ, HIRUNAKA, NICHŪ.

**Hakujō**, はくじょう, 白状, *n.* Confessing a crime.  
*—suru*, *v.t.* and *i.* To confess.  
*Kyū-aku wo hakujō suru*, 舊惡ヲ白状スル, to confess one's past crimes.

**Hakujō**, はくじょう, 薄情, *n.* and *a.* Cold; indifferent; unfeeling; callous; unkind.  
*Hakujō mono*, 薄情者, an unkind fellow.  
 Syn. NASAKENAKI. [orata.]

**Hakujutsu**, はくじつ, 白朮, *n.* [Bot.] *Atractylis*

**Hakujō**, はくじょう, 薄行, *n.* An unkind action; vicious course of life; disfavour.

**Hakukyū**, はくきゅう, 薄給, *n.* A small salary; an insignificant pension or allowance.

**Hakuma**, はくま, 白麻, *n.* [Bot.] *Abutilon avicennae*.  
 Syn. ICHIRI. [cenna.]

**Hakumai**, はくまい, 白米, *n.* Cleanned rice.

**Hakumaku**, はくまく, 白膜, *n.* [Med.] White membrane, or the sclerotic coat of the eye.

**Hakumel**, はくめい, 薄命, *n.* and *a.* Unhappiness; misery; wretchedness; adversity. Unfortunate; helpless; comfortless; unblest; ill.  
 Syn. FUSHIWAKE. [futed.]

**Hakumen**, はくめん, 白面, *n.* and *a.* [Lit.] White face; young; inexperienced; green.

*Hakumen no shōshi*, 白面ノ養生, an inexperienced pupil; a green lad.

**Hakumō**, はくもう, 白毛, *n.* White hair or wool.

**Hakumokuren**, はくもくれん, 玉蘭, *n.* [Bot.] *Magnolia conspiciua*.

**Hakumyaku-kon**, はくみやくこん, 百眼根, *n.* [Bot.] *Lotus corniculatus*.  
 Syn. KOGANEHANA, MIYAKOGUSA.

**Hakunashō**, はくないしやう, 白盲, *n.* [Med.] The cataract, amaurosis.

**Hakurai**, はくらい, 舶来, *a.* Brought from foreign countries; imported.  
*Hakurai no jūki kikō*, 舶来ノ蒸気機関, an imported steam engine.

**Hakurai**, はくらい, 白癩, *n.* White leprosy.

**Hakuraku**, はくらく, 伯樂, *n.* [Chin.] One versed in judging the qualities of a horse; a veterinarian.  
 Syn. BA-I.

**Hakurakukwai**, はくらくくわい, 博覧, *n.* [Bot.] *Bucconia cordata*.  
 Syn. CHAMBOGIKI.

**Hakuran**, はくらん, 博覽, *n.* and *a.* [Chin.] Being deeply read; well informed; very learned; erudite.  
*Hakuran kyōki*, 博覽強記, learned and retentive of memory.  
 Syn. HAKUGAKU, HAKUSHIKI.

**Hakuran-kwai**, はくらんくわい, 博覽會, *n.* An exposition; an exhibition; a show; a fair.

**Hakuri**, はくり, 白痢, *n.* [Med.] Mucous diarrhoea.

**Hakuro**, はくろ, 白露, *n.* White dew.

**Hakurō**, はくろう, 白銀, *n.* Solder; pewter.

**Hakuroku**, はくろく, 博陸, *n.* [Chin.] A Chinese name for Kwambaku or prime minister.

**Hakuroku**, はくろく, 薄給, *n.* A small salary; a trifling pension.

**Hakuru**, はくる, 消流, *v.t.* To be sold off; to be disposed or cleared of (as goods). More common form is *Hakeru*.  
*Mizu ga hakuru*, 水ガハクル, the water is cleared or drained; *Zakkwa ga gwāikoku e hakuru*, 雑貨ノ外國ヘハクル, fancy goods sell well in foreign countries.

**Hakusa**, はくさ, 大瘡, *n.* [Bot.] *Clematis paniculata*. [sore.]

**Hakusa**, はくさ, 牙痛, *n.* A gum-boll or canker.

**Hakusan**, はくさん, 薄才, *n.* [Chin.] Incapacity; inability; poverty of intellect; shallow-brained; dull. Used in self-deprecation.

**Hakusanboku**, はくさんぼく, 醫英博, *n.* [Bot.] *Fiburum japonicum*.

**Hakushi**, はくし, 白粉, *a.* White or fair (as complexion).

**Hakusetsu**, はくせき, 白粉, *n.* White people; a Caucasian; a European.

**Hakusekkō**, はくせつかう, 白粉糖, *n.* A kind of confectionery.

**Hakusen**, はくせん, 白扇, *n.* A white folding fan.

**Hakusen**, はくせん, 白鮮, *n.* [Bot.] *Traxinella alba*. [Grammatite.]

**Hakusenshi**, はくせんせき, 白磁石, *n.* [Min.]

**Hakusetsu**, はくせつ, 白粉, *n.* [Chin.] White snow.

**Hakushaku**, はくせやく, 伯爵, *n.* Count; an earl.

**Hakushaku-fujū**, はくせやくふじゅう, 伯爵夫人, *n.* Countess.

**Hakushi**, はくし, 白紙, *n.* White paper.

**Hakushi**, はくし, 博士, *n.* An academic title.

**Hakuso**, はくせ, equal to Eng. doctorate, conferred by the Minister of Education; one who has taken such title.

**Hakushi**, はくし, 白芷, *n.* [Bot.] *Angelica anomala*, a fleur-de-lis.

**Hakushiki**, はくせき, 博識, *n.* and *a.* [Chin.] A person possessing extensive knowledge; an erudite man. Well-informed; very learned; erudite. [sive knowledge.]  
*Hakushiki no shi*, 博識ノ士, a man of extensive knowledge.

**Hakushin**, はくしん, 柏楸, *n.* [Bot.] Juniper.

**Hakushinju**, はくしんじゅう, 白辛樹, *n.* [Bot.] *Pe-raristya rhodifolia*.  
 Syn. ASAGARA.

**Hakusho**, はくしやう, 薄暑, *n.* Moderate heat (as at the beginning of summer). [colour.]

**Hakushoku**, はくしよく, 白色, *n.* White or pale

**Hakushu**, はくしゅ, 拍手, *n.* Clapping of hands.  
*Hakushu kassai*, 拍手喝采, clapping of hands and shouts of applause.

**Hakushū**, はくしゅう, 白手, *a.* Empty-handed; bare-armed; unaided. [Lepeteza.]

**Hakushū**, はくしゅう, 白茶, *n.* [Bot.] A variety of tea.

**Hakushuku**, はくしゆく, 伯叔, *n.* Uncle.

**Hakuso**, はくそ, 齒齋, *n.* The tartar collecting on the teeth.

**Haku suru**, はくする, 以, *v.t.* To oppose; to contradict; to controvert; to refute (as another's argument).  
*Kare ga setsu wo haku suru*, 彼ガ説ヲ駁スル, to contradict his argument.

**Hakutai**, はくたい, 白舌, *n.* The white fur on the tongue. [whites, leucorrhœa.]

**Hakutai**, はくたい, 白濁, *n.* [Med.] Fluor albus, *syn.* SHIRACHI.

**Hakutaige**, はくたいげ, 白帶下, *n.* Same as above.

**Hakutaku**, はくたく, 白澤, *n.* [Chin.] A fabulous animal possessing the power of speech, and supposed to appear only in the reign of a good monarch. [Marenite.]

**Hakutekkwō**, はくてくわう, 白鐵罐, *n.* [Min.]

**Hakutetsu**, はくてつ, 白鐵, *n.* Tin plates

**Hakutō**, はくとう, 白藤, *n.* A white flowered wistaria.

**Hakutoku**, はくとう, 落徳, *n.* Deficiency of virtue; unworthiness; weakness (moral); frailty.

**Hakutō**, はくとう, 白刀豆, *n.* [Bot.] *Canadaria ensiformis*.

**Hakutōwō**, はくとうをう, 白頭翁, *n.* Gray hairs, a gray-headed man. [Bot.] *Anemone cernua*. [tea.]

**Haku-u**, はくう, 白芋, *n.* [Bot.] *Leucocasia gigantea*.

**Haku-u**, はくう, 白羽, *n.* White feathers.

**Haku-u**, はくう, 白雨, *n.* Shower.

**Hakusamboku**, はくさんぼく, 玉鈴花, *n.* [Bot.] *Styrax obassia*. [covite.]

**Haku-un mo**, はくうんも, 白雲母, *n.* [Min.] Muscovite.

**Haku-un**, はくうん, 薄雲, *n.* Thin clouds.

**Haku-unseki**, はくうんせき, 白雲石, *n.* [Min.] Bitterspar; dolomite.

**Hakuya**, はくや, 砵匠, *n.* A gold beater.

**Hakuyaku**, はくやく, 白藥, *n.* [Bot.] Dog-tooth violet.

**Hakuyamagi**, はくやまぎ, 白楊, *n.* [Bot.] Poplar.

**Hakuyōkwa**, はくようくわ, 白薔花, *n.* [Bot.] Crape myrtle.

**Hakuzatsu**, はくざつ, 攪雜, *a.* Mixed up; confused; jumbled together; motley.

**Hakuzel suru**, はくせいする, 搏鼠, *v.t.* [Chin.] To seize or spring upon (as an animal of prey); to fight together. [nikoense.]

**Hakuzen**, はくぜん, 白前, *n.* [Bot.] *Vincozocum*.  
 Syn. KANOMEZURU, YOIKAZURA.

**Hakuzensō**, はくぜんさう, 白前草, *n.* [Bot.] *Vincozocum*.  
 Syn. KAGAMIGUSA. [ceticum.]

**Hakuzukō**, はくせきかう, 白磁香, *n.* [Bot.] *Daphniphyllum*.  
 Syn. KUSIANA. [decurreus.]

**Hakuzuisō**, はくせきさう, 百種草, *n.* [Bot.] *Thesium*

**Hakuzuna**, はくそな, 鎔砂, *n.* Gold or silver powder (used for gilding).

**Hakwai**, はくわい, 破潰, *n.* Breaking down; ruination; destruction; demolition. —*suru*, *v.t.* and *i.* To break down, to crumble down, to ruin; to destroy.

**Hakwai suru**, はくわいする, 破潰, *v.t.* To be demolished, ruined, or destroyed.

**Hakyaaku suru**, はくやくする, 破却, *v.t.* To break; to destroy; to damage. [elasticity.]

**Hakyūjūku**, はくきゅうく, 波及軸, *n.* [Min.] Axis of

**Hakyū suru**, はくきよする, 波及, *v.t.* To spread or extend. To affect or influence.  
 Syn. HOTOBASHIRU.

**Hama**, はま, 濱, *n.* The sea coast; beach; shore. Tokyo coll. Port of Yokohama.

**Hama-akaza**, はまあかさ, 水海葵, *n.* [Bot.] *Atriplex tatarica*.

**Hama-aoi**, はまあひ, 防風, *n.* [Bot.] *Siler divaricatum*. [fastidium.]

**Hama-bashō**, はまばせう, 文殊蘭, *n.* [Bot.] *Crinum*

**Hamabe**, はまべ, 濱邊, *n.* The sea coast.



**Hama-bishi**, はまびし, 茨菰. n. [Bot.] *Triolus terrestris*.

**Hama-bō**, はまぼ, 黄糖. n. [Bot.] *Miscus Hamado*. [Utterats.]

**Hama-bōfū**, はまぼふう, n. [Bot.] *Pterodroma*

**Hama-chidori**, はまぢどり, n. [Ornith.] Plover.

**Hama-chidori**, はまぢどり, 鴉, n. [Bot.] *Caryopteris divaricata*.

**Hama-chirimen**, はまぢりめん, 濱巻綿. n. A kind of crape worn in the rural division of Sakata (Ōmi) and chiefly exported from Nagahama in the same rural division.

**Hama-dokusa**, はまどくさ, 國節草. n. [Bot.] *Equisetum ramossissimum*.

**Hama-endō**, はまえんどう, 附節豆. n. [Bot.] *Lathyrus maritimus*.

**Hama-gō**, はまご, 萆薢. n. [Bot.] *Vitis trifolia*.

**Hama-guri**, はまぐり, 交趾. n. [Conch.] *Cytherea meretricis*.

**Hama-hirugao**, はまひるがわ, n. [Bot.] *Convolvulus soldanella*.

**Hama-hisaki**, はまひさき, 梓. n. [Bot.] *Catalpa Koenigii*.

**Hama-hitogusa**, はまひとぐさ, 大戟. n. [Bot.] *Euphorbia*. [Yoffl.]

**Hama-kugu**, はまぐ, 藜蘆. n. [Bot.] *Carex Pies*

**Hama-kunagi**, はまぐさ, 海菜. n. [Bot.] *Prenia japonica*.

**Hama-matsu**, はままつ, 黒珊瑚. n. [Zool.] Black-coral. *Antipathes*.

**Hama-matsu**, はままつ, 蘇鉄. n. [Bot.] *Suaeda glauca*.

**Hama-mokko**, はまもっこ, 指甲花. n. [Bot.] A kind of Indian-hawthorn, *Raphitoclepis japonica*.

**Hama-mugi**, はまむぎ, 藜草. n. [Bot.] *Carex macrophylla*.

**Hama-na-itō**, はまないつ, 濱名納豆. n. A kind of food prepared of the black variety of beans (so called from Hamana, now Hamamatsu, in Iōtōmi, where it was first made).

**Hama-nashi**, はまなし, n. [Bot.] A cranberry.

**Hama-nasu**, はまなす, 薔薇花. n. [Bot.] *Rosa rugosa*.

**Hama-nigama**, はまにがな, 濱菜. n. [Bot.] *Izerts repens*.

**Hama-ninjo**, はまにんぢ, 蛇麻. n. [Bot.] *Selinum japonicum*.

**Hama-nire**, はまにれ, 莖花. n. [Bot.] *Fickstroemia*.

**Hama-omoto**, はまおもと, 濱木綿. n. [Bot.] *Crinum asiaticum*. [another.]

**Hamar**, はま, n. The fitting of one thing into

**Hamarikomu**, はまりこむ, 陥込. v.t. [coll.] ① To fall into; to be plunged or immersed in. ② To devote one's self to; to be addicted or given up to.

**Asobi ni hamarikomu**, 遊 = 陥込, to be entirely given up to pleasure.

**Hamaru**, はまる, 陥. v.t. Same as above, but used in a less strong sense.

**Katari ni hamaru**, 罾 = ハマル, to fall a prey to a machination; to be entrapped; **Kawa ni hamaru**, 河 = ハマル, to be plunged into a river; **To gashiki ni hamaru**, 戸が敷居 = ハマル, the door is fitted into the groove.

Syn. FUKERT, ONORETU, OOHIRU.

**Hama-savage**, はまざわ, 曹賢. n. [Bot.] *Caesalpinia sepiaria*.

**Hamaseru**, はませる, 令食. v.t. [caus. of Hamu.] To cause to eat; to let (an animal) bite.

**Hamashikibi**, はましかび, 濱松. n. [Bot.] *Vitex trifolia*. [Protundus.]

**Hama-suge**, はますげ, 香附子. n. [Bot.] *Cyperus*

**Hama-takana**, はまたかな, 天名精. n. [Bot.] *Carpesium abrotanoides*.

**Hamate**, はまて, 濱手. n. The sea beach.

**Hama-udo**, はまうど, 濱菜. n. [Bot.] *Angelica dahurica*.

**Hama-ukegi**, はまうけぎ, 白花菜. n. [Bot.] *Gynandropsis pentaphylla*.

**Hama-utsubo**, はまうつぶ, 刺藪. n. [Bot.] *Orobanche amorphilla*.

**Hama-yomogi**, はまよもぎ, 白蒿. n. [Bot.] *Artemisia Stellariana*. [Castaticum.]

**Hama-yū**, はまゆう, 文珠露. n. [Bot.] *Crinum*

**Hamayumi**, はまゆみ, 破滅弓. n. A bow supposed to possess the efficacy to drive evil spirits away; also a small bow used as a toy by children, especially on the new year's day.

**Hama-zer**, はませり, 蛇麻. n. [Bot.] *Celtium japonicum*.

**Hambai**, はんばい, 販賣. n. Selling; sale; retail trade. —**suru**, v.t. To sell; to offer for sale; to deal in; to retail.

Syn. URISABAKU.

**Hambaiten**, はんばいてん, 販賣店. n. A shop where anything is sold; a store.

**Hambakama**, はんばかま, 半袴. n. Ordinary hakama (used in distinction from *nagabakama*, which see).

**Hambatsu**, はんぱつ, 藩閥. n. The leading clans, or the political ascendancy of some particular clans.

**Hambatsu seiji**, 藩閥政治, a clan system of government; clan government.

**Hamberu**, はんべる, 侍. v.t. ① To attend or wait upon. ② To be or to have. See also *Haderu*.

**Hambetsu**, はんべつ, 判別. n. Judgment; discrimination; discretion; distinction. —**suru**, v.t. To judge; to discriminate; to distinguish; to decide.

Syn. HANDAN SURU, KUBETSU SURU.

**Hambi**, はんび, 半日, 奇日. n. Odd day, such as the first, third, or fifth day of the month.

**Hambirake**, はんびらけ, 半開. n. Being half civilized; semi-barbarousness.

**Hambiraki**, はんびらき, 半開. n. Being half open; the middle stage of flower blossoms.

**Hambitsu**, はんびつ, 半籠. n. A small chest.

**Hambō**, はんぼう, 繁忙. a. Busy; hard at work; occupied.

*Go hambō no tokoro ofama wo itashimashita*, 御繁忙ノ處御座リ致シマシス, [coll.] I have disturbed you during your busy hours.

**Hambun**, はんぶん, 半分. n. and a. One-half; half.

*Hambun ni kiru*, 半分ニ切ル, to cut into

Syn. FUTATSUWAKE, NAKABA. [halves.]

**Hame**, はめ, 羽目, 板壁. n. Weather-board; clapboard.

*Hame ni kakaru*, 羽目ニカスル, [fig.] to be influenced by mirth or jolity.

**Hamede**, はめで, n. [coll.] Cheating, deception; deceit; imposition; hoax. [footing.]

**Hameita**, はめいた, 槌板. n. Clapboard; wains.

**Hamekoma**, はめこま, 嵌込. v.t. [coll.] To fit or put into; to insert.

**Hame-naosu**, はめなほす, 嵌込. v.t. To fit again into (as a screen); to reinsert.

**Hameru**, はめる, v.t. To put into (as a screen, door, etc.); to insert; to fit into; to plunge or immerse.

**Hametsu**, はめつ, 破滅. n. The state of being destroyed; destruction; ruin; overthrow. —**suru**, v.t. and l. To be ruined; to destroy.

**Hami**, はみ, 蝮蛇. n. [Zool.] A poisonous snake. Syn. MAMUSHI. [viper.]

**Hami**, はみ, 勒. n. ① Part of the bit which enters into the horse's mouth. ② A halter.

**Hami**, はみ, 食餌. n. [Provinc.] Food of animals; bait.

**Hamidasu**, はみたす, 食出. v.t. [coll.] To project; to be forced out (as by the pressure from within).

**Hamidezu**, はみでる, 食出. v.t. Same as above.

**Hamigaki**, はみがき, 齒粉. n. Tooth-powder.

**Hamiikeru**, はみかへる, v.t. [coll.] To return into former condition (as a disease); to recur.

**Hamioke**, はみおけ, 秣槽. n. A manger; a horse-trough.

**Hamurai**, はんらい, 飯米. n. Rice to be used as food.

**Hammal**, はんまい, 半枚. n. Half a sheet (as of paper).

**Hammel**, はんめい, 反命. n. Bringing back an answer; reporting the result of one's particular mission to one's master. —**suru**, v.t. To bring back an answer, etc.

Syn. FUKUMEI SURU.

**Hammen**, はんめん, 半面. n. Half the face.

*Hammen no gozō*, 半面ノ畫像, a profile image (as of Buddha). [r.]

**Hammichi**, はんみち, 半道. n. Half way; half a

**Hammōn**, はんもん, 斑次. n. Stripes, specks.

**Hammōn**, はんもん, 煩悶. n. Trouble; anxiety; restlessness; worry; agony; writhing or contorting the body in pain. —**suru**, v.t. To be worried; to be in an agony; to writhe in pain.

**Hammo suru**, はんもする, 繁茂. v.t. To grow luxuriantly or exuberantly.

**Hammoto**, はんもと, 版元. n. One having the copyright (of books, pictures, etc.); publisher.

**Hammū**, はんむ, 煩務. n. Troublesome duty or occupation.

**Hammū**, はんむ, 業務. n. Being busily engaged; pressing engagements; pressure of business.

**Hammūō**, はんめう, 斑猫. n. [Zool.] Blister-fly, Spanish fly.

**Hamo**, はも, 海鰻. n. [Ichth.] Conger hamo, *Ophichthys wootophus*.

**Hamoji**, はもぢ, a. Feeling shame; bashful; blushing. Now only used in a lady's letter.

**Hamono**, はもの, 端物. n. Things (雜語) deficient in number or measure; incomplete set (as of books.)

**Hamono**, はもの, 刃物. n. Edged tools; cutting instruments; cutlery. Syn. KIREMONO.

**Hamono-shi**, はものし, 刃物師. n. A cutler.

**Hamon suru**, はもんする, 破門. v.t. To expel from a school; to dismiss (as a scholar); to excommunicate.

**Hamor**, はもり, n. One who takes care of plants or trees; a gardener.

**Hamoto**, はもと, 齒根. n. The gums.

**Hampa**, はんぱ, 半端. n. A part, fragment, or fraction; an incomplete number. Syn. HASHITA.

**Hampaku**, はんぱく, 鬚白. n. and a. A mixture of white and black hairs; grizzled; gray-haired. Syn. SHIRAGAMAJIRI.

**Hampakusō**, はんぱくそう, 鬚白草. n. [Bot.] *Potentilla chinensis*.

**Hampatsu**, はんぱつ, 斑髮. n. Gray hair.

**Hampel**, はんべい, 藩屏. n. Wall or fence; bulwark.

*Oshitsu no hampel*, 王室ノ藩屏, the bulwark of the Imperial Family.

**Hampel**, はんべい, 半平. n. Food prepared by grinding and steaming the flesh of fish (named after a cook who originated it).





**Hampen**, はんべん, *n.* Corruption of above.  
**Hampu**, はんび, 半臂, *n.* A short under coat with no sleeves, formerly worn by nobles.  
 Syn. HAPPI.  
**Hampo**, はんぽ, 反哺, *n.* Feeding in return (said of a young crow which is popularly believed to repay the kindness and care of its parent by feeding her from its own mouth).  
*Karasu ni hampo no kō art*, 烏有反哺之孝, a crow performs its filial duty by feeding its mother in return for her feeding it.  
**Hampon**, はんぽん, 版本, *n.* A printed book.  
**Hampon**, はんぽん, 翻本, *n.* A second edition; a republished book; a reprint.  
 Syn. HONKOKUBON.  
**Hampū**, はんぷう, 瘰癧, *n.* [Med.] Macule on the skin.  
 Syn. NAMAZUHADA.  
**Hampu**, はんぷ, 頒布, *n.* Distributing or issuing, as government notifications. —*suru*, *v.t.* To distribute; to issue; to promulgate.  
*Hirei wo hampu suru*, 法令ヲ頒布スル, to issue or promulgate laws or regulations.  
**Hampuku**, はんぷく, 半腹, *n.* Half-way up an ascent.  
*Yama no hampuku*, 山ノ半腹, half-way up the mountain.  
**Hampuku**, はんぷく, 叛服, *n.* Revolt and submission; betraying or obeying; inconsistency.  
**Hampuku suru**, はんぷくする, 反復, *v.t.* To do over and over again; to reiterate; to repeat.  
**Hamu**, はん, 蝨, *n.* [Ichth.] A kind of sea-eel.  
**Hamu**, はん, 食, *v.t.* ① To eat, or swallow. ② To live upon; to consume.  
*Koto wo hamu*, 言ヲ食ム, [lit.] to eat one's words; [fig.] to break a promise; to go from one's word; *Roku wo hamu*, 禄ヲ食ム, to live upon one's salary.  
 Syn. KŪ, KURAU.  
**Hamu**, はん, 食, 挿, 嵌, *v.t.* ① To let eat. ② [obs.] To feed. ③ To fit anything into; to insert; to plunge into; to immerse. ④ To take a person in. *Keiryaku ni hamu*, 計畧ニ嵌ム, to entrap in a scheme, to cheat; to entrap; *Taga wo hamu*, 籠ヲ嵌ム, to bind with a hoop; *To wo hamu*, 戸ヲ嵌ム, to put a door into the groove; *Yabura wo hamu*, 指輪ヲ嵌ム, to put a ring on the finger.  
**Hanukau**, はんかう, 尙向, 抗敵, *v.t.* To oppose; to resist, to gain say.  
 Syn. SAKARAU, TEKITAU.  
**Hanusha**, はんしゃ, 端武者, *n.* Common soldiers; a private in the army.  
**Hanushi**, はんし, 羽虱, *n.* [Zool.] The louse infesting the feathers of a hen or cock.  
**Han**, はん, 判, *n.* A stamp; a seal.

*Han wo osu*, 判ヲ押ス, to stamp or seal; *Han wo toru*, 判ヲ取ル, to require another's stamp on a paper; *Kaki han*, 書キ判, a written seal, i.e. a character which one writes under his name in lieu of regular seal.  
 —*suru*, *v.t.* To stamp or seal.  
 Syn. IMBAN, INGYŌ.  
**Han**, はん, 版, *n.* A block for printing; an engraved block or plate.  
*Han ni okosu*, 版ニ起ス, to cut in blocks (for publication); *Han wo suru*, 版ヲ摺ル, to print.  
 Syn. HANGI.  
**Han**, はん, 飯, *n.* Rice cooked for food; meal.  
*Asa han*, 朝飯, breakfast; *Han wo kissu*, 飯ヲ喫ス, to eat boiled rice; to take a meal.  
 Syn. I, MESHI.  
**Han**, はん, 半, *n.* Half.  
*Han nen*, 半年, half a year; *Han shi han shō*, 半死半生, [lit.] half dead and half alive; [fig.] life hanging by a thread.  
 Syn. HANBUN, NAKABA.  
**Han**, はん, 藩, *n.* [lit.] Wall or enclosure; [fig.] a feudal lord occupying a territory and serving as the bulwark of the monarch and his family; a *daimyō*; a feudal clan.  
**Han**, はん, 反, *n.* ① Going back; returning. ② Direct opposition or antagonism; contradiction. ③ Rebellion, revolt; treason. —*suru*, *v.t.* To go against; to contradict; to rebel, etc.  
**Han**, はん, 叛, *n.* Rebellion, revolt, treason, plot, conspiracy.  
*Han wo hakaru*, 叛ヲ謀ル, to plot a revolt.  
 —*suru*, *v.t.* To plot, betray, or rebel against.  
 Syn. SOMUKU.  
**Hana**, はな, 初端, *n.* ① Outset; commencement; beginning. ② Extremity (as of floor).  
 Syn. HAJIME, MASSAKI.  
**Hana**, はな, 花, 華, *n.* ① Flower; blossoms; the cherry flowers. ② The fairest or choicest part of anything; fame; glory. ③ A game played with cards.  
*Hana no kambaze*, 花ノ顔, beautiful face; fair countenance; *Hana no miyako*, 花ノ都, city of flowers, the capital; *Hana no utena*, 花ノ萼, the calyx of a flower; *Hana wo ikeru*, 花ヲ活ル, to put flowers in a vase so as to keep them alive (see also *Ikebana*); *Hana wo kazasu*, 花ヲ莖ス, to stick or adorn with flowers (as the hair, a hat, coat, etc.); *Hana wo toru*, 花ヲ手折ル, to pluck a flower; *Isshū no hana*, 一生ノ華, the flower (i.e. the most glorious deed or occurrence) of one's life; *Te-ike no hana*, 手生ノ花, [lit.] a flower stuck into a vase with one's own hand; [fig.] a beauty made to obey one's will.  
**Hana**, はな, 懸頭, *n.* A present of money or any

other thing made to a play actor, wrestler, singing girl, etc.  
**Hana**, はな, 鼻, *n.* The nose.  
*Hana ga aku*, 鼻ヲ明ク, [coll.] to be astonished greatly; to be put out of countenance; *Hana ni kakaru*, 鼻ニカノル, to speak through the nose; *Hana ni kakeru*, 鼻ニ掛ケル, [lit.] to put on the nose; to vaunt one's self; *Hana takashi*, 鼻高シ, [lit.] to have a high nose; to be proud, consequential; *Hana wo akasu*, 鼻ヲアカス, to astonish another (as by an extraordinary action); to make another disappointed; to put to the blush; *Hana wo hishigu*, 鼻ヲ挫ク, to humble another; to put out of countenance; *Hana wo oru*, 鼻ヲ折ル, same as above; *Hana wo takōsu*, 鼻ヲ高クシ, to be boastful; *Hana wo tsuku*, 鼻ヲツク, to strike the nose against; to be discomfited; *Hana wo tsunamu*, 鼻ヲ摘ム, to pick the nose.  
**Hana**, はな, 涙, *n.* Mucous of the nose; snot.  
*Hana wo kamu*, 涙ヲカム, to blow the nose; *Hana wo susuru*, 涙ヲスノル, to sniff; *Hana wo tarasu*, 涙ヲ垂ス, to run at the nose.  
 Syn. HANAMIZU, HANASHIRU.  
**Hana-abu**, はなあぶ, 黄蜂, *n.* [Entom.] A species of wasp. [rosea.]  
**Hana-aoi**, はなあひ, 蜀葵, *n.* [Bot.] *Althaea*  
**Hana-arashi**, はなあらし, *n.* Forcing the air through the nose, or snorting (said only of animals, such as horses, cows, etc.).  
**Hana-awase**, はなあわせ, 花合, 闘花牌, *n.* A game played with cards; card.  
 Syn. MEKURUFUDA.  
**Hana-ayame**, はなあやめ, 溪荪, *n.* [Bot.] *Iris sibirica*. [flower.]  
**Hana-bakama**, はなばかま, *n.* The calyx of a  
**Hana-banashi**, はなばなし, 花花, *n.* Splendid; glorious; illustrious; brilliant. Mostly applied to human actions. [battle.]  
*Hana-banashi tatakai*, 花花シイ闘, a glorious  
 Syn. APPARENA, KIREI, MIGOTO, RIPPA.  
**Hanabana to**, はなばなと, 花, *n.* Brilliantly; splendidly; gloriously; full-blown.  
 Syn. HANAYAKA NI. [scissors.]  
**Hanabasami**, はなばさみ, 花鋏, *n.* Flower  
**Hanabashira**, はなばしら, 鼻柱, 鼻梁, *n.* The septum or partition which separates the nose.  
 Syn. HANASUJI. [trills.]  
**Hanabatake**, はなばたけ, 花園, *n.* Flower garden.  
 Syn. HANAZONO.  
**Hanabi**, はなび, 花火, 烟花, *n.* Fire-works.  
*Hanabi wo uchigeru*, 烟花ヲ打揚ル, to set off fire-works. [a flower.]  
**Hanabira**, はなびら, 花片, 花瓣, *n.* The petals of  
**Hanabishi**, はなびし, 花菱, *n.* A badge or coat of arms in the form of a diamond-shaped flower consisting of four petals.

**Hanabiyaka**, はなびやか, *a.* Flowery; gay; beautiful; splendid; brilliant; dazzling.  
**Hanabusa**, はなぶさ, 花房, 萼, *n.* ① The calyx of a flower. ② A peduncle, blossom.  
 Syn. UTENA.  
**Hanachi-dori**, はなちどり, 放鳥, *n.* ① Water fowls kept in a park or garden with their wings clipped. ② Letting a bird loose, as often done by devout persons.  
**Hana-chōji**, はなちやうじ, 白濁, *n.* [Bot.] *Daphne sinensis*.  
**Hanada**, はなだ, 縹, *n.* [cont. of *Hanadairo*.] A deep blue colour.  
 Syn. HANAIRO.  
**Hanada-gusa**, はなだぐさ, 鴨跖草, *n.* [Bot.] *Commelina communis*. [da.]  
**Hanada-iro**, はなだいろ, 縹色, *n.* Same as *Hana-*  
**Hanadatsu**, はなだつ, *v.i.* To flower, bloom, or blossom; to open (as flowers).  
 Syn. HIRAKU, SAKU.  
**Hanafuki**, はなふき, *n.* A handkerchief.  
**Hanafusagari**, はなふさがり, 鼻塞, *n.* Stoppage of the nostrils.  
**Hanagaeiri**, はながへり, 花返, *n.* Fading or changing in colour of cloth dyed deep blue.  
**Hanagai**, はながい, 鼻繩, *n.* The nose ring for oxen.  
**Hanagaki**, はながき, *n.* A flowery hedge.  
**Hanagame**, はながめ, 花瓶, *n.* A flower vase.  
 Syn. HANAIKE, KWABIN.  
**Hanagami**, はながみ, 鼻紙, *n.* Paper for wiping or blowing the nose.  
 Syn. FUTOKOROGAMI.  
**Hanagami-bukuro**, はながみぶくろ, 鼻紙袋, 夾袋, A small wallet in which *hanagami*, and very frequently, money, writings, visiting cards, etc. are put.  
 Syn. KAMIURE.  
**Hanagamo**, はながも, *n.* [Ornith.] Common sheld-  
 Syn. TSEKUSHIGAMO. [rake.]  
**Hanagasa**, はながさ, 花簪, *n.* [Bot.] A beautiful parasol; *Verhena phillogiflora*.  
**Hanagasa**, はながさ, 花笠, *n.* A hat stuck with flowers, often worn by dancers.  
**Hanagata**, はながた, 花形, *n.* ① Shape of a flower, flowery patterns. ② [obs.] Pock-marks. ③ A nickname for a metallic mirror. ④ The young and most gaily dressed actors or characters in a play. [ket.]  
**Hanagatami**, はながたみ, 花鏡, *n.* A flower bas-  
**Hanagatsumi**, はながつみ, 蒲黄, *n.* [Bot.] Same as *Hana-ayame*. [Bot.] Same as *Hana-ayame*.  
**Hanagatsuo**, はながつそ, 花鏡, *n.* *Katsudobushi* made into shavings and sprinkled over food (so called from their resemblance to the petals of flowers).



Hanagawa. はながは, 雜草, n. The nose-strap or that part of a bridle which crosses over the nose.

Hanago. はなご, 鼻毛, n. Hair in the nostrils. Hanage ga nagai, 鼻毛が長い, [lit.] to have long hairs in the nostrils; apt to be taken in or deceived, especially by women; Hanage wo nuku, 鼻毛を抜く, to pluck out do; [fig.] to wheedle, cajole; Hanage wo yomu, 鼻毛をよむ, [coll.] to count the hair in the nostrils; to be fool.

Hanagi. はなぎ, 鼻木, n. A nose ring for oxen.

Hana-goke. はなごけ, 石蕊, n. [Bot.] Cladonia.

Hanagokoro. はなごころ, 花心, n. Amorous propensity; lascivious feeling.

Hanagoc. はなごゑ, 鼻聲, n. A nasal sound; a snuffling voice. [straw matting.]

Hanagoza. はなごさ, 花障, 佳文障, n. A figured Syn. HANAMUSHIRO.

Hanagumori. はなぐもり, 花曇, 曇花天, n. The cloudy weather in spring, supposed to be favourable to the blooming of flowers.

Hanaguruma. はなぐるま, 花車, n. An ornamental carriage laden with flowers.

Hanagusuri. はなぐすり, n. [coll.] Cake given to children to quiet them; hence a bribe.

Hanaguwashi.-ki. はなぐわし, 花見, n. Beautifully blooming; also a pillow word for the cherry.

Hanahabotan. はなはぼたん, 花畑菜, n. A flowering cabbage.

Hanahada. はなはだ, 甚, 太, 乳, a. and adv. Very; very much; extremely, exceedingly; unusually, most.

Hanahada komaru, 甚々困ル, I am very much troubled; Hanahada warui, 甚々悪い, very bad; exceedingly wrong; Hanahada zannen, 甚々残念, mostly regretful.

Syn. IMIJKU, ITAKU, ITATTE.

Hanahadashi.-i, -ki, はなはだし, 甚敷, a. Great; est; most; utmost; extreme; excessive.

Gu mo mata hanahadashi, 愚も亦甚シ, it is the height of folly; Hanahadashi atsusa, 甚シイ熱, extreme or unbearable heat; Katsū ga hanahadashi, 苦痛が甚シイ, the pain is excessive.

Syn. HIDOKU, IMIJKU, ITAKU. [sive.]

Hanahiri-gusa. はなひりぐさ, 石胡荽, n. [Bot.] Hydrocotyle rotundifolia.

Hanahiri-no-ki. はなひりのき, 木犀, n. [Bot.] Leucodoe Grayana.

Hanahiru. はなひる, 嚏, v.t. To sneeze. Syn. KUSAME SURU. [snosed.]

Hanahishige. はなひしげ, 鼻低下, n. Being flat.

Hanahiyo. はなひよ, 五色草, n. [Bot.] A species of amaranth.

Han-ai. はんあい, 汎愛, n. [Chin.] Universal love; philanthropy.

Hana-ikada. はないかた, 花筏, n. A raft ornamented with flowering branches of trees; hence used, poetically, to express blossoms floating on a stream or pond. A kind of confectionery. A kind of cosmetic.

Hana-ikada. はないかた, 青芙蓉, n. [Bot.] Helioingia japonica.

Hanaike. はないけ, 花瓶, n. A flower vase. Syn. HANAGAME, HANATATE, KWAHIN.

Hanaike-dai. はないけだい, 花瓶臺, n. A stand for a flower vase. [the nose.]

Hanaiki. はないき, 鼻息, 鼻, n. Breathing through.

Hanairo. はないろ, 花色, n. A deep blue colour.

Hanaji. はなぢ, 鼻血, 鼻血, n. Bleeding at the nose. [nose.]

Hanaji ga aeru, 鼻血が出る, to bleed at the nose.

Hanajo. はなよ, 花鹽, n. Baked table salt made in the form of flowers.

Hanajirou. はなぢろう, 羞愧, v.t. To be put out of countenance; to abash; to look foolish.

Hanakago. はなご, 花籠, n. A flower basket.

Hanakamu. はなをかむ, 擧, v.t. To blow the nose.

Hanakanzashi. はなかんざし, 花簪, n. An ornamental hair pin with artificial flowers on or near the top.

Hanakaze. はなかせ, 鼻風, n. A cold in the head; coryza; catarrh.

Hanakazura. はなかつら, 花鬘, n. A garland of flowers worn by dancers on festive occasions.

Hanakiru. はなきる, 鼻削, v.t. To cut off the nose a way of punishing criminals in Chinese law.

Hanako. はなこ, 花粉, n. The pollen of flowers.

Hanakōji. はなかうぢ, 帽子, n. [Bot.] The loose jacket (an orange-tree).

Hanakōjō. はなこんごう, 花紺青, n. Small or oxide of cobalt. [stuff.]

Hanakudashi. はなくたし, 花膏, n. A kind of dye.

Hanakuso. はなくそ, 鼻屎, 鼻屎, n. Hard mucous of the nose.

Hanakuta. はなくた, 鼻窟, n. [coll.] A person who speaks through the nose on account of disease.

Hanameku. はなめく, v.t. To bloom, flourish, prosper, or go on well; to bear a charmed life. Syn. TOKIMERU.

Hanami. はなみ, 葉並, n. Arrangement of leaves on the stem of a plant; phyllotaxis.

Hanamimi. はなみ, 齒並, n. The arrangement of the teeth in the jaw. Hanami ga warui, 齒並が悪い, to have bad arrangement of the teeth; the teeth are irregular. Syn. HAHESHI. [regular.]

Hanamis. はなみ, 観花, n. Flower-viewing; looking at flowers; pleasure excursion for seeing blossoms.

Hanami ni yuku, 花見に行くと, to go a flower viewing; to go on an excursion to see blossoms.

Hanamichi. はなみち, 花道, n. [lit.] A flowery path; a long, raised passage leading to the stage in Japanese theatres.

Hanamine. はなみね, 鼻梁, n. The septum of the nose (only of horses). Syn. HANARASHIRA.

Hanamizo. はなみぞ, 鼻溝, n. The raphe or furrow in the upper lip under the nose. [nose.]

Hanamizu. はなみづ, 鼻淵, n. The mucous of the nose.

Hanamori. はなもり, 花守, n. The keeper of a flower garden.

Hanamoto. はなもと, 鼻元, n. Near the nose. Hanamoto shiran, 鼻元思案, [coll.] a shallow or superficial idea or opinion.

Hanamotoyui. はなもとゆい, 花元意, n. Coloured motayui.

Hanamuguri. はなむぐり, n. [Entom.] Glycyphana aryposticta.

Hanamuke. はなむけ, 贈禮, n. A present made to a person setting out on a journey. Syn. SEMBETSU.

Hanamuko. はなむこ, 花婿, n. A bridegroom.

Hanamushiro. はなむしろ, 花鬘, n. Figured or painted straw matting.

Hanamyōga. はなみょうが, 山雲, n. [Bot.] Japanese alpinia, Alpinia japonica.

Hananawa. はななわ, 鼻繩, n. A cord put in the nose of oxen to lead them with.

Hana-nikuzoku. はなにくぞく, 花鬘花, n. Nutmeg flower.

Hana-no-chimata. はなのちまた, 花街, n. [lit.] Flowery streets; [fig.] prostitute quarters.

Hana-no-en. はなのえん, 花宴, n. Making a feast in a flower garden.

Hana-no-kuki. はなのくき, 花徑, n. [Bot.] The stem of a flower, peduncle; pedicel. Syn. HANAUCHI, HETA.

Hana-no-shibe. はなのしべ, 蕊, n. [Bot.] The pistils and stamens of a flower.

Hana-no-shōji. はなのしょうぢ, 鼻孔隔, n. The septum separating the nostrils.

Hana-no-tsubomi. はなのつぼみ, 花蕾, n. Flower buds.

Hana-no-tsuyu. はなのつゆ, 花露, n. Dew collecting on flowers. The fragrant oil distilled from flowers; the extract of flowers. A kind of cosmetic.

Hana-no-yūbae. はなのゆうばえ, 花夕菜, n. The fine appearance of flowers in the evening.

Hanao. はなを, 鼻緒, n. The thong or strap usually made of leather or cloth stuffed with hemp, and attached to the sandals or clogs for fastening them to the feet.

Hanao ga kireta, 鼻緒がキレタ, the strap (of

the clog) has broken; Hanao wo sugeru, 鼻緒をスグル, to fix the thong in the clog.

Hanaoredai. はなをたたい, n. [Ichth.] Chrysochrysis tumifrons.

Hanaozure. はなをすれ, 鼻緒擦, 鼻緒擦, n. A sore caused by the rubbing of the sandal thong.

Hanaochi. はなおち, 花落, n. Young fruits of cucumbers, egg plants, etc., harvested a short time after the petals have fallen.

Hanare-hanare ni. はなればなれに, 離離, adv. Separately; apart from each other; scattered.

Hanare-goma. はなれごま, 放駒, n. A stray colt.

Hanare-jima. はなれしま, 孤島, n. An island far distant from the main land; a solitary island.

Hanureru. はなれる, 離, 放, v.t. and t. To part from; to be separated or removed; to leave. To be apart or remote from. To be disjoined or sundered. To get loose, or to break away (as a horse). To be dismissed (from an office).

Fuchi ni hanareru, 扶持を離レル, to be stripped of rations; to be deprived of one's salary; Ko ga oya ni hanareru, 子供親を離レル, the child is left by its parents; Kuni wo hanareru, 國を離レル, to leave one's country; Uma ga hanareru, 馬が離レル, the horse breaks away; Taku ni hanareru, 役を離レル, to be dismissed from one's official position; Yo wo hanareru, 世を離レル, to be removed or separated from the world. Syn. HEDATERU, WAKABERU.

Hanare-uma. はなれうま, 放馬, 逸馬, n. A loose horse; a stray horse.

Hanare-ushi. はなれうし, 風牛, n. A pairing ox.

Hanare-waza. はなれわざ, 離技, 離技, n. An extraordinary piece of skill; a wonderful feat or accomplishment.

Hanareya. はなれや, 離家, 孤家, n. A house having no neighbours; a solitary cottage. Syn. HITOTSUYA.

Hanarezashiki. はなれざしき, 離座敷, 子亭, n. A chamber separated from the main building for study or other purposes.

Hanarokushō. はなろくしょう, 花緑青, n. Small, or oxide of cobalt. [feru.]

Hanaruru. はなふる, 離, v.t. and t. Same as Hanahadashi.

Hanasaki. はなさき, 鼻先, n. Near the nose; under the nose.

Hanasaseru. はなさせる, 爲話, v.t. [caus. of Hanasasu.] To cause to speak; to permit to tell.

Himitsu wo hanasaseru, 秘密を話サセル, to let another tell a secret. [pellucida.]

Hanasaseri. はなさせり, n. [Entom.] Pamphila

Hanashi. はなし, 話, 談, n. A saying, speech, or talk; a story; a tale.

Hanashi beta, 話シ下手, unskillful to talk; awkward in speech; Himi yori na hanashi, 耳



り子話, a story one is desirous to hear; *Otoshi banashi*, 落し話, a story in which a pun or play in words is intended.  
 Syn. MONOGATARI.  
**Hanashiai**, はなまひ, 話合, *n.* Talking together; consultation; conference.  
 Syn. SODANZUKU.  
**Hanashiau**, はなまひ, 話合, *v.t.* To talk together; to consult with; to confer; to converse.  
 Syn. KATARAU.  
**Hanashibe**, はなまへ, 花器, *n.* The pistils and stamens of a flower.  
**Hanashidori**, はなまひ, 放鳥, *n.* Caged birds which are sold to devout persons who release them from their confinement as an act of piety.  
**Hanashigai**, はなまひ, 放牧, *n.* Pasturing animals in the moor; feeding animals in the open air.  
**Hanashigame**, はなまひ, 放龜, *n.* A tortoise for letting loose for some pious purpose. See *Hanashidori*.  
**Hanashiguchi**, はなまひ, 話口, *n.* Way of talking.  
**Hanashiku**, はなまひ, 話家, 話師, *n.* A storyteller; one who gets money by narrating stories.  
 Syn. KOSHAKUSHI.  
**Hana-shikamu**, はなまひ, 鼻臭, *v.t.* To wrinkle the nose; to show disgust. More commonly the phrase *hana wo shikamu* is used.  
**Hanashiru**, はなまひ, 鼻液, *n.* Thin mucus from the nose.  
**Hanashizuki**, はなまひ, 話好, *n. and a.* A person who is fond of stories; addicted to telling or hearing stories.  
*Ano hito wa tokaku hanashizuki da*, 彼人へ兎角話好きだ, he is always ready for a gossip.  
**Hanashizume-no-matsuri**, はなまひ, 花祭, *n.* A ceremony formerly performed at Court during the 3rd month (o. s.), for keeping off diseases for the year.  
**Hanashōbu**, はなまひ, 玉簪花, *n.* [Bot.] *Iris*  
**Hanasu**, はなまひ, 放, *v.t.* ① To separate; to disjoin, disconnect. ② To let go, set free, or liberate. ③ To fire or discharge (as a gun).  
*Te wo hanasu*, 手を放す, to let go the hand; *Taihō wo hanasu*, 大砲ヲ發ス, to discharge a cannon; *Ushi wo hanasu*, 牛ヲ放ス, to set a cow loose; *Zainin wo hanasu*, 罪人ヲ放ス, to set a criminal free.  
**Hanasu**, はなまひ, 話, *v.t. and i.* To tell, speak, or relate; to talk.  
*Mitsuji wo hanasu*, 密事ヲ話ス, to tell a secret; *Mukashi wo hanasu*, 昔ヲ話ス, to speak of old times; *Kōrai no koto wo hanasu*, 後來ノ事ヲ話ス, to talk about the future.  
 Syn. IŪ, KATARU, TSUGU.

**Hanasuge**, はなまひ, 知母, *n.* [Bot.] *Ancaryrhena asphodeloides*. [the nose].  
**Hanasuji**, はなまひ, 鼻筋, 鼻線, *n.* The contour of the nose.  
*Hanasuji ga ōru*, 鼻筋がトホル, to have a good contour of the nose.  
**Hanasusuki**, はなまひ, 花苺, *n.* [Bot.] A species of *Miscanthus*. [Hanasuwō].  
**Hanasuwō**, はなまひ, 紫刺, *n.* [Bot.] Same as *Hanatabako*, はなまひ, 鼻煙, *n.* Snuff.  
 Syn. KAGITABAKO.  
**Hanatachihana**, はなまひ, 百兩金, *n.* [Bot.] *Ardisia crispa*.  
**Hanatade**, はなまひ, 馬豆, *n.* [Bot.] *Polygonum posumbu*.  
**Hanataka**, はなまひ, 鼻高, 隆鼻, *n. and a.* ① High nosed. ② [fig.] Being conceited or proud.  
**Hanatare**, はなまひ, 鼻垂, *n.* A person having a snotty nose.  
**Hanatareru**, はなまひ, 被放, *v.t.* [pass. or potent. of *Hanatsu*.] To be banished; can set free, or liberate.  
**Hanatashimaru**, はなまひ, 被放, *v.t.* [caus. of *Hanatsu*.] To make one let go or liberate; to cause to banish. [dragon fly].  
**Hanatombo**, はなまひ, 蚊, *n.* [Entom.] A species of *Hanatsu, はなまひ, 鼻放, *v.t.* ① To separate or part; to sever. ② To let go, set free, or liberate. ③ To banish (as a criminal); to exile. ④ To send forth; to emit (as light). ⑤ To let fly (as an arrow); to fire (as a gun); to shoot.  
*Chūjū wo hanatsu*, 鳥銃ヲ發ツ, to fire a fowling piece; *Ihi wo hanatsu*, 火ヲ發ツ, to set fire; *Hikari wo hanatsu*, 光ヲ發ツ, to emit light; *Koe wo hanatte yobu*, 聲ヲ放テ呼ブ, to call another with a loud voice; *Uma wo hanatsu*, 馬ヲ放ツ, to let a horse fly or escape; *Ya wo hanatsu*, 矢ヲ放ツ, to shoot an arrow.  
**Hanatsuki**, はなまひ, 鼻衝, *n.* Striking the nose against, or running against each other.  
**Hanatsukurī**, はなまひ, 花作, *n.* A flower gardener; a manufacturer of artificial flowers.  
**Hanatsumi**, はなまひ, 摘, *n.* Plucking or gathering flowers (as for pleasure).  
**Hanaurushi**, はなまひ, 花漆, *n.* Prepared lacquer or Japan lacquer purified by filtering through thin paper.  
**Hanauta**, はなまひ, 鼻歌, *n.* Singing in a low tone of voice; humming a tune.  
**Hanawa**, はなまひ, 鼻輪, *n.* A nose ring.  
**Hanawa**, はなまひ, 塚, *n.* A small hill; a mound.  
**Hanawarabi**, はなまひ, 陸地蕨, *n.* [Bot.] *Botrychium ternatum*.  
**Hanaya**, はなまひ, 花師, *n.* One who sells flowers; a florist. [showy].  
**Hanayangu**, はなまひ, 華, *v.t.* To be gorgeous or*

**Hanayaka**, はなまひ, 華美, *a.* Beautiful; magnificent; handsome; gay; showy; gorgeous.  
 Syn. HADE, KIREI, RITTA.  
**Hanayaka ni**, はなまひ, 華美, *adv.* Beautifully; gayly; gorgeously; in a showy manner; resplendently. [yari].  
**Hanayari**, はなまひ, 最初節, *n.* Same as *Ichiban-Hanayashiki*, はなまひ, 花屋敷, 百花園, *n.* A flower garden.  
**Hanayasuri**, はなまひ, 瓶蘭小草, *n.* [Bot.] *Ophioglossum vulgatum*.  
**Hanayome**, はなまひ, 花嫁, 花婿, *n.* A bride.  
**Hanazakari**, はなまひ, 花盛, 満開, *n.* ① Full-bloom. ② The flower or prime of life; balcyon days.  
**Hanazakuro**, はなまひ, 石薔薇, *n.* [Bot.] A pomegranate bearing no fruit.  
**Hanzaru**, はなまひ, 鼻器, *n.* [Zool.] The long-nosed monkey.  
**Hanzato**, はなまひ, 芳郊, *n.* A place where flowers abound; a flowery region.  
**Hanzome**, はなまひ, 花染, *n.* Dyeing with the juice or decoction of flowers, or cloth so dyed.  
*Hanzome no utsuroi yasuki hitogokoro*, 花染ノウツロヒヒキキ人, the human mind is as changeable as the colour produced by the juice of flowers.  
**Hanzono**, はなまひ, 花園, *n.* A flower garden.  
 Syn. HANABATAKE.  
**Hanzumi**, はなまひ, 鼻刺, 牛鼻, *n.* A cord passed through the nose of oxen.  
**Hanzono**, はなまひ, 鼻角, *n.* The horn growing from the snout of a rhinoceros. [sis].  
**Hanzō**, はなまひ, 鼻刺, *n.* [Bot.] *Cercis chinensis*.  
**Hanzura**, はなまひ, 鼻刺, *n.* ① The tip of the nose. ② [obs.] A nose-ring.  
**Hanchi**, はなまひ, 判知, *n.* Knowing by conjectures; judging; guessing. Takes the usual verb-forms.  
**Hanchiji**, はなまひ, 藩知事, *n.* The governor of a *han* or of the former estate of a *daimyō* (a title given to the *daimyō* a short time after the Restoration).  
**Hanchiku**, はなまひ, 斑竹, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of striped bamboo.  
**Hanchin**, はなまひ, 藩領, *n.* The Imperial territory; a clan; a *daimyō's* estate.  
**Handa**, はなまひ, 轎, *n.* A sedan-chair made of bamboo.  
**Handa**, はなまひ, 盤陀, *n.* Pewter. [ket work].  
**Handai**, はなまひ, 飯臺, *n.* A dining table.  
**Handai**, はなまひ, 盆蓋, *n.* A shallow tub used by fishmongers.  
**Handakun**, はなまひ, 半濁音, *n.* Semi-impure sounds, or the sounds that can be expressed by the five syllables, *ya, yū, yu, ye, yo*.  
**Handan**, はなまひ, 判断, *n.* Decision; judgment;

settling; interpretation; divination. —*suru*, *v.t.* To judge and decide upon; to interpret; to divine.  
*Kikkō wo handan suru*, 吉凶ヲ判断スル, to divine whether anything will turn out lucky or unlucky; *Yume wo handan suru*, 夢ヲ判断スル, to interpret a dream.  
 Syn. HANJIRU, KANGAERU, TOKU.  
**Handen-dōtai**, はなまひ, 半導体, *n.* [Physics.] Semi-conductor.  
**Handō**, はなまひ, 飯桶, *n.* A tub for keeping boiled rice in. [rice in].  
 Syn. HITSU, MESHIOKK.  
**Handō**, はなまひ, 反動, *n.* Reaction. —*suru*, *v.t.* To react.  
 Syn. YURIKAESU.  
**Handōsha**, はなまひ, 反動車, *n.* [Physics.] Reaction wheel.  
**Hane**, はなまひ, 羽根, 翼, 翅, *n.* ① A feather; wings. ② The paddles of a paddle wheel. ③ A shuttlecock.  
*Hane wo hirōgeru*, 羽根ヲヒロゲル, to spread the wings; *Hane wo naraburu*, 羽根ヲ並ブル, to arrange the wings in a row; *Hane wo tsuku*, 羽子ヲ突ク, to strike the shuttlecock; *Hane wo utsu*, 翼ヲ擲ツ, to flap the wings; *Mizuguruma no hane*, 水車ノ羽根, the paddles of a water wheel.  
 Syn. HA, TSUBASA. [wheel].  
**Hane**, はなまひ, 終, *n.* [coll.] The ending of a play or other performances.  
*Yose ga hane ni natta*, 寄世が終ニナッタ, the performances at the *yose* has ended (see *Yose*).  
**Hane**, はなまひ, 斜, *n.* The oblique, upward stroke made in writing Chinese characters.  
**Hane**, はなまひ, 簧, *n.* The spring attached to instruments or machines.  
**Hane**, はなまひ, 泥, *n.* Particles of mud spattered about (as when walking on a muddy road).  
*Hane ga agaru*, 泥がアガル, the mud spatters.  
**Hane-agaru**, はなまひ, 泥がアガル, *v.t.* To spring or bound up; to leap up. [bridge].  
**Hanebashi**, はなまひ, 撥橋, 吊橋, *n.* A draw-bridge.  
**Hanedashi**, はなまひ, 出, *n.* [coll.] The act of throwing or jerking out (as from a number of things).  
*Hanedashi-mono*, ハナダシモノ, things thrown out as useless.  
**Hanegaki**, はなまひ, 翹管, *n.* A quill.  
**Han-ei**, はなまひ, 繁榮, *n.* Prosperity; flourishing; a run of luck; palmy days; blooming. —*suru*, *v.t.* To prosper; to flourish; to thrive; to go on well.  
**Hanegusa**, はなまひ, 石蒜, *n.* [Bot.] *Lycoris radiata*.  
**Hane-kaeru**, はなまひ, 跳反, *v.t.* To spring back; to bounce back; to rebound.  
**Hane-kakeru**, はなまひ, 跳掛, *v.t.* To splash or spatter.



**Hanc-kakushi**, はなかくし, *n.* [*Entom.*] *Staphylinus paganus*. [*ru.*]  
**Hancokasu**, はなかさ, *v.t.* Same as *Hanc-kake*.  
*Doromizu wo hancokasu*, 泥水ヲ撒カス, to spatter muddy water. [*ra.*]  
**Hancokazura**, はなかつら, *n.* Same as *Hanokazu*.  
**Hancemawaru**, はなまわる, *v.t.* To leap or sprig around; to bounce about. [*yoda.*]  
**Hancemushi**, はなむし, 水蚤, *n.* [*Zool.*] *Amphipoda*.  
**Hanc-nezumi**, はなねぞみ, 跳鼠, *n.* [*Zool.*] Mongolian Jerboa, *Dipus annulus*.  
**Hanceni**, はなね, 投件, *n.* ① Goods thrown out as useless from among a great many. ② Throwing cargo overboard as at a shipwreck.  
**Hanc-nokeru**, はなねける, 撥除, 除去, *v.t.* To throw out; to jerk out.  
**Hanc-okiru**, はなねきる, 跳起, *v.t.* To spring up (as from a prostrate position).  
**Hanc-eri**, はなえり, 半熟, *n.* ① [*lit.*] A half collar. ② An ornamental piece of cloth sewn over that part of a lady's under garment (*juban*) which is exposed around the neck.  
**Hanceru**, はなれる, *v.t.* To prance (as a horse).  
*Uma ga hanceru*, 馬ガ舞ル, the horse prances.  
**Hanceru**, はなれる, *v.t.* To flounce, flounder, or bounce. [*flounces.*]  
*Uro ga hanceru*, 魚ガ躍ル, the fish leaps or jumps. [*mud.*]  
**Hanceru**, はなれる, *v.t.* To splash or spatter (as water).  
**Hanceru**, はなれる, *v.t.* To cut off (as the head); to behead; to decapitate.  
*Kubi wo hanceru*, 首ヲ断ル, to behead.  
**Hanceru**, はなれる, *v.t.* To end; to be over.  
*Shibai ga haneta*, 芝居ガヘテズ, the play is over.  
**Hancasaseru**, はなさせる, 令跳, 令躍, 令亂, 令舞, *v.t.* Caus. form of *Hanceru*.  
**Hanc-tsuchi**, はなつち, 埴, *n.* Clay.  
Syn. HANI.  
**Hancsukeru**, はなつける, 撥付, *v.t.* [*coll.*] To repel; to refuse; to turn a deaf ear to; not to comply with.  
Syn. UKETSUKENI.  
**Hancsuki**, はなつき, 羽根突, *n.* Striking the shuttlecock (a kind of young girls' sport).  
**Hancsurube**, はなつるべ, 撥釣瓶, 掃帚, *n.* A well bucket swung on the end of a pole or sweep.  
**Hancyōji**, はなやうぢ, 羽根揚枝, *n.* A feather tooth-brush. [*tached to wheels.*]  
**Hancyoke**, はなよけ, 泥水板, *n.* A splasher at the wheel.  
Syn. DOROYOKI.  
**Hanczaku**, はなざく, 羽細工, *n.* Anything made of feathers. [*tion.*]  
**Hanczukuroi**, はなづくろひ, 羽袴, 羽蓑, *n.* Dressing the feathers (said of birds); the posture of a bird about to fly.

**Hanczumi**, はなぞみ, 跳炭, 燒炭, *n.* Charcoal which snaps in burning.  
Syn. HANSHIZUMI.  
**Hangake**, はながけ, *n.* [*Tōkyō.*] An ornamental piece of cloth attached to woman's *mage*.  
**Hangaku**, はながく, 半額, *n.* Half the sum; one half of a total amount.  
Syn. HANDAKA.  
**Hangawaki**, はながはき, 半乾, *n. and a.* Being half dried; still moist.  
**Hange**, はなげ, 半夏, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Saururus Laureri*.  
**Hangeki**, はなげき, 弊倒, *n.* Busy; hard at work; having one's hands full.  
**Hangen**, はなげん, 半減, *n. and a.* Diminishing by one half; deducting the half.  
**Hangeshō**, はなげさやう, 半夏生, *n.* The eleventh day after the summer solstice, regarded as the last limit for seed sowing.  
**Hangeshō-gusa**, はなげさやうぐさ, 三白草, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Saururus Laureri*. [*hermaphrodite.*]  
**Hangetsu**, はなげつ, 半月, *n.* ① Half month. ② A crescent shape; semicircular.  
**Hangetsukel**, はなげつげい, 半月形, *n. and a.* Crescent shape; semicircular.  
**Hangi**, はなげ, 版木, 印板, *n.* A printing block; or a block used for engraving on.  
Syn. KATAGI, EBHITA. [*cutter.*]  
**Hangishi**, はなげし, 版木師, 刷版工, *n.* A block-cutter.  
**Hangiya**, はなげや, 版木屋, *n.* Same as above.  
**Hango**, はなご, 反語, *n.* A word or phrase intended to mean the exact opposite of its literal sense; irony.  
Syn. URAGOTO.  
**Hangoikō**, はなごいこう, 反魂香, *n.* [*lit.*] Life restoring perfume; the name of a fabulous incense, the burning of which is said to have caused the figure of a dead person to appear in the fume. [*palmatus.*]  
**Hangonsō**, はなごんそう, 反魂草, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Senecio*.  
**Hangutsu**, はなぐつ, 半靴, *n.* Shallow shoes.  
**Hangwan**, はなぐわん, 判官, *n.* ① Anciently a military or civil high official ranking next to the Vice Ministers of State. ② A judge.  
Syn. HŌGWAN.  
**Hangwanda**, はなぐわんだい, 判官代, *n.* [*obs.*] The title of an ancient high official belonging to a retired Emperor.  
**Hangyaku**, はなぐやく, 逆叛, *n.* Rebellion; insurrection; treason; treachery. —*suru*, *v.t.* To rebel; to conspire; to plot treason.  
**Hangyaku-nin**, はなぐやくにん, 叛逆人, *n.* A rebel; an insurgent.  
**Hangyō**, はなぐやう, 判形, *n.* The impression made by a seal; a seal mark. [*tion.*]  
**Hanhan**, はなはん, 半半, *n.* [*coll.*] One-half; bisection.  
**Hanhenren**, はなへんじん, 半邊蓮, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Lo*.  
**Hampuren**, はなべんじん, *β*elia raticans.

**Hanhi**, はんひ, 反比, *n.* [*Math.*] Reciprocal ratio.  
**Hanpi**, はんぴ, 反比例, *n.* [*Math.*] Inverse ratio.  
**Hanpiroi**, はんぴらい, 反比例, *n.* [*Math.*] Inverse proportion; inverse rule of three.  
**Han**, はん, 埴, *n.* Clay. [*three.*]  
**Han-i**, はんい, 範圍, *n.* Field or province (as of a science); the sphere; scope; limits.  
*Kono siken wa gyūsei-ken no han-i gwaī da*, 此ノ事件ハ行政權ノ範圍外ダ, this affair lies beyond the sphere of the powers of the executive.  
Syn. KAGIRI, KAKOI, KUIKI.  
**Hanibo**, はんいぼ, 埴甕, *n.* An unglazed bottle or vase.  
**Hanifu**, はんいふ, 埴土, *n. and a.* ① A clayey earth. ② Humble or lowly (used as an adjective for a cottage or house). More common form is *han-yū*.  
**Hanikamu**, はんいかむ, 羞避, *v.t.* To be shy, timid, or fearful (as a child in the presence of strangers). [*dite.*]  
**Haniku**, はんいく, 齒肉, *n.* The gums. [*dite.*]  
**Han-in-yō**, はんいんやう, 半陰陽, *n.* Hermaphrodite.  
Syn. PUTANARI.  
**Haniwa**, はんいわ, 埴輪, *n.* Clay images which were placed around the Imperial sepulchres in ancient times.  
**Haniwari**, はんいわり, 半月, *n.* Same as *Han-in-yō*.  
**Hanja**, はんぢや, 判者, *n.* A critic; a judge.  
**Hanji**, はんぢ, 判事, *n.* Half an hour.  
**Hanji**, はんぢ, 判事, *n.* ① [*Law.*] A judge. ② The title of ancient officials belonging to the *Gyōbu-shō*, and of which there were three orders.  
**Hanjie**, はんぢゑ, 判碁, *n.* A picture, usually comical, the meaning of which is to be solved by a conjecture; a puzzle; a rebus.  
**Hanjimono**, はんぢもの, 判物, *n.* Anything represented by emblems (usually pictures or natural objects), the meaning of which is to be guessed or conjectured; a riddle; a puzzle; a rebus.  
**Hanjiru**, はんぢる, 判, *v.t.* To judge; to solve; to interpret.  
*Jume wo hanjiru*, 夢ヲ判ル, to interpret a dream.  
Syn. HANBAN SURU. [*dream.*]  
**Hanjishū**, はんぢしゅう, 判事試補, *n.* [*Law.*] Probationary Judge.  
**Hanjō**, はんぢやう, 班條, *n.* Stripes as of clothes or of furs.  
**Hanjō**, はんぢやう, 煩冗, *a. and n.* Troublesome; annoying; vexatious; perplexity; embarrassment.  
**Hanjō**, はんぢやう, 半畳, *n.* Half a mat, or the area of a building equal to  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a *tsubo* (坪).  
**Hanjō**, はんぢやう, 繁昌, *n.* Prosperity, flourishing; thriving state; run of luck; continued suc-

cess; increasing in wealth and trade. —*suru*, *v.t.* To prosper; to thrive; etc.  
*Mise ga hanjō suru*, 店ガ繁昌スル, the shop prospers.  
Syn. NIGIWA, SAKAN. [*prosper.*]  
**Hanjū**, はんぢゅう, 判務, *n.* Appointment to an office by the head of a public department.  
**Hanjuku**, はんぢゆく, 半熟, *a.* Half-cooked; half ripened; partly done. [*eggs.*]  
*Tamago no hanjuku*, 玉子ノ半熟, half-boiled.  
**Hanka**, はんか, 煩苛, *a.* [*Chin.*] Strict and vexatious; annoying and oppressive.  
*Sairei hanka*, 政令煩苛, to enact many stringent laws and regulations.  
**Hanka**, はんか, 半價, *n.* Half-price.  
*Hanka de kau*, 半價ヲ買フ, to buy at half-price.  
**Hanka**, はんか, 半可, *a.* Moderately good; tolerably well; mediocre.  
**Hankagami**, はんかがみ, 判鑑, *n.* The standard impression of one's legal seal to which his stamps on future documents are to be referred for attestation. [*In bloom.*]  
**Hankai**, はんかい, 半開, *a.* Half-civilized; half Syn. HAMBIRAKE, HAMBIRAKI.  
**Hankan**, はんかん, 反間, *n.* Causing treason amongst the enemy; treachery; perfidy.  
*Hankan no hakarigoto*, 反間ノ謀, a stratagem for exciting treason (among the enemy); *Hankan wo hanatsu*, 反間ヲ放ツ, to excite treason among the enemy.  
**Hankatsu**, はんかつ, 半可通, *n. and a.* [*coll.*] One only slightly acquainted with any art; half-learned.  
Syn. NAMAGIKI, NAMAMONOJIRI.  
**Hankeshi**, はんけし, 手紙, *n.* [*cont. of Eng.*] Handkerchief.  
**Hankel**, はんけい, 半徑, *n.* [*Math.*] Radius.  
*Kwaitei hankel*, 迴轉半徑, radius of gyration.  
**Hanken**, はんけん, 範憲, *n.* Laws; regulations; constitution.  
**Hanken**, はんけん, 版權, *n.* Copyright.  
*Hanken shoyū-sha*, 版權所有者, one who has a copyright.  
**Hanken**, はんけん, 犯權, *n.* [*Law.*] Infringement of rights.  
**Hanketsu**, はんけつ, 判決, *n.* [*Law.*] Judicial decision; judgment. —*suru*, *v.t.* To give a decision.  
**Hanketsu-roku**, はんけつろく, 判決録, *n.* A judicial report. [*judgment.*]  
**Hanketsu-shō**, はんけつしょう, 判決書, *n.* Written  
**Hanki**, はんき, 半期, *n.* Half year; half of a fixed period or term. [*half year.*]  
**Hanki**, はんき, 半季, *n.* Half of a fixed period;  
**Hankin**, はんきん, 半金, *n.* Half of a certain sum of money; half the price.



**Hankin**, はんきん, 繁勤, *n.* Being busily engaged in one's duty; assiduous duties.

**Hankire**, はんきれ, 半切, *n.* ① Half of a piece of anything; half a slice (as of meat). ② Small pieces of cloth.

**Hankiri**, はんきり, 半切, *n.* Same as below.

**Hankirigami**, はんきりかみ, 半切紙, *n.* A kind of letter paper usually rolled up.

**Hanko**, はんこ, 反顧, *n.* The act of looking back on things past; retrospection. —*suru*, *v.t.* To look back, to retrospect.

**Hankō**, はんこう, 版行, *n.* ① Publication (as of books). ② [coll.] A block used in printing. —*suru*, *v.t.* To publish; to print. [shaved.]

**Hankō**, はんかう, 半髪, *n.* Having the head half shaved.

**Hankoku**, はんこく, 翻刻, *n.* Republication; reprint; to republish. —*suru*, *v.t.* To reprint; to republish. [found.]

**Hankou**, はんこう, 瘰癧, *n.* The scar left by a scab.

**Hankou**, はんこう, 盤根, *n.* [Chin.] Tortuous or entangled roots, complexity. *Hankou sakusetsu*, 盤根錯節, extreme complication.

**Hankōya**, はんこうや, 版行屋, *n.* A printer; a block cutter. [workman.]

**Hanku**, はんく, 半工, *n.* Half a day's job (as of a worker).

**Hankū**, はんくう, 半空, *n.* Midway between the heaven and earth; mid air; the lower sky.

**Hankwa**, はんくわ, 繁華, *n.* and *a.* Flourishing state, prosperity, thriving, bustling, busy, gay, prosperous. [place.] *Hankwa no basho*, 繁華ノ場所, a flourishing place.

**Hankwansō**, はんくわいさう, 大異風草, *n.* [Bot.] *Senecio japonicus*.

**Hankyū**, はんきゅう, 半弓, *n.* A small bow (of about half the length of the ordinary bow).

**Hankyū**, はんきゅう, 半球, *n.* The hemisphere; a hemispheric figure.

**Hankyūkei**, はんきゅうけい, 半球形, *n.* Hemispherical form. [boots.]

**Hannagagutsu**, はんながぐつ, 半長靴, *n.* Half a pair of boots.

**Hannen**, はんねん, 半年, *n.* Half a year.

**Hannenkwa**, はんねんくわ, 半年花, *n.* [Bot.] *Lagerstræmia indica*.

**Hannichi**, はんいち, 半日, *n.* Half a day.

**Hannin**, はんねん, 判人, *n.* An indorser; a bondman. Syn. SHŪNIN, UKENIN. [man; a surety.]

**Hannin**, はんねん, 半人, *n.* Half man, i.e. half a day's labour. [a day's work.] *Hannin mae no hataraki*, 半人前ノ働き, half a day's work.

**Hannin**, はんねん, 判任, *n.* A class of officials who are appointed by the heads of public departments.

**Hanninkwan**, はんねんくわん, 判任官, *n.* An official of *Hannin* rank.

**Hannoki**, はんのき, 赤楊, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of tree; black alder, *Alnus maritima*.

**Hannya**, はんや, 般若, *n.* [Budd.] ① Wisdom. ② Popularly, the name of a female demon having a frightful countenance.

**Hannyakyō**, はんやきょう, 般若經, *n.* The title of a canonical book of the Buddhists.

**Hannya-no-men**, はんやのめん, 般若之面, *n.* A mask representing the face of a *hannya* or a female demon.

**Hannyatō**, はんやたう, 般若湯, *n.* [Budd.] [lit.] Wisdom hot water; a priest's cant term for wine.

**Han-ō**, はんお, 反逆, *n.* ① Betrayal. ② Reaction (as of chemicals). —*suru*, *v.t.* To betray; to exhibit reaction.

**Hanoni**, はんのひ, *n.* [Entom.] *Haltica viridicyanea*.

**Han-oshi-ha**, はんおしいた, 版押板, *n.* A printing board. [flow; to inundate.]

**Hanran suru**, はんらんする, 汎濫, *v.t.* To overflow.

**Hanrei**, はんれい, 凡例, *n.* Preface of a book; general rules or introduction.

**Hanreishi**, はんれいし, 蕃荔枝, *n.* [Bot.] The pineapple. [tion.]

**Hanretsu**, はんれつ, 班列, *n.* Rank; order; position.

**Hanri**, はんり, 半里, *n.* Half a *ri* (里). Syn. HANMICHU.

**Hanri**, はんり, 藩籬, *n.* A wall; fence; enclosure.

**Hanrin**, はんりん, 半輪, *n.* ① Semicircle. ② Half moon or crescent.

**Hanrō**, はんろう, 煩勞, *n.* Pains or troubles taken in behalf of another.

**Hanrō**, はんろう, 繁勞, *n.* Multiplicity of work; hard labour. [mand.]

**Hanro**, はんろ, 販路, *n.* Market for goods; depository. *Hanro wo hirageru*, 販路ヲ廣ゲル, to extend the market (as for the goods). Syn. HAKERUCHI, URIMICHU.

**Hanron**, はんろん, 汎論, *n.* [Chin.] A universal opinion; general views. [rubra.]

**Hanrosō**, はんろさう, 盤草, *n.* [Bot.] *Dasella*. Syn. TSURUMYRANAKI.

**Hanyō**, はんりょう, 半兩, *n.* Half a *ryō*. See *Ryō* (兩).

**Hanyū**, はんりゅう, 鱗龍, *n.* A dragon coiling on a mountain.

**Hanyū**, はんりゅう, 伴宿, *n.* [Chin.] A companion; associate; comrade.

**Hansai**, はんさい, 燔香, *n.* [Chin.] Burnt offerings.

**Hansan**, はんさん, 半産, *n.* An abortion; miscarriage.

**Hansankaku-kwansū**, はんさんかくわんすう, 反三角函数, *n.* [Math.] Inverse trigonometrical function.

**Hansel**, はんせい, 繁盛, *a.* Same as *Hanjō*.

**Hansel**, はんせい, 反省, *n.* Self-examination; careful consideration; introspection. —*suru*, *v.t.* To examine one's self.

**Hansel**, はんせい, 反正, *n.* Restoring order (as of a country); bringing back to a proper condition.

**Hanseki**, はんせき, 蕃籍, *n.* The census of a clan or daimiate.

**Hansen**, はんせん, 半船, *n.* Half a *sen*. See *Sen*.

**Hansen**, はんせん, 帆船, *n.* A sailing vessel.

**Hansetsu**, はんせつ, 汎説, *n.* A general or brief statement of views.

**Hansetsu**, はんせつ, 半折, *n.* Half a sheet of Chinese paper cut lengthwise, and used for writing a poem, maxims, or other specimens of chirography.

**Hanshu**, はんしゅ, 反照, *n.* Shooting or springing back; reflection (as of light). —*suru*, *v.t.* To shoot back; to reflect.

**Hansha-bōenkyō**, はんしやほうえんきょう, 反射望遠鏡, *n.* [Physics.] Reflecting telescope.

**Hanshugaku**, はんしゅがく, 反射學, *n.* [Physics.] Catoptrics.

**Hanshūki**, はんしゅき, 反射器, *n.* Reflecting mirror; a reflector.

**Hanshamen**, はんしやめん, 反射面, *n.* Plane of reflection.

**Hanshakyō**, はんしやきょう, 反射鏡, *n.* A reflecting mirror.

**Hanshōro**, はんしやう, 反射爐, *n.* A large furnace used for melting metals.

**Hanshi**, はんし, 半紙, *n.* Ordinary folded paper.

**Hanshi-hanshō**, はんしはんしやう, 半死半生, *a.* [lit.] Half dead and half alive; almost dead.

**Hanshu**, はんしゅ, 反臣, *n.* A rebellious servant; a rebel. Syn. MCHONNIN. [a rebel.]

**Hanshin**, はんしん, 反心, *n.* Rebellious thought; intending revolt. —*suru*, *v.t.* To purpose rebellion.

**Hanshin**, はんしん, 半身, *n.* Half the body.

**Hanshin-fuzui**, はんしんふそい, 半身不遂, *n.* Being insensible at the right or left of the body (as in hemiplegia).

**Hanshin-hangai**, はんしんはんがい, 半信半疑, *n.* [lit.] Half believing and half doubting; floating in a sea of doubts; with grains of allowance.

**Hanshita**, はんした, 版下, *n.* The copy used in cutting blocks.

**Hanshita-kaki**, はんしたかき, 版下書, *n.* A person who makes it his occupation to write the copy by which blocks are cut.

**Hanshō**, はんしやう, 半鐘, *n.* A bell smaller than those used in Budd. temples; a fire-bell.

**Hanshō**, はんしやう, 半生, *n.* Being half alive or almost dead.

**Hanshō**, はんしやう, 反照, *n.* Shining back; reflection. —*suru*, *v.t.* To shine back, etc.

**Hanshoku suru**, はんしやよくする, 蕃殖, *v.t.* To increase or multiply (as property, animals, etc.). Syn. FUERU.

**Hanshu**, はんしゅ, 藩主, *n.* The chief of a *han* or clan; a feudal lord; a *daimyō*.

**Hanshu**, はんしゅ, 播種, *n.* Sowing seeds. —*suru*, *v.t.* To sow.

**Hansoku**, はんそく, 犯則, *n.* Breaking or violating law; not observing regulations.

**Hansoku**, はんそく, 反側, *n.* Turning over to one side (as in bed). —*suru*, *v.t.* To turn over.

**Hansuri**, はんすり, 版摺, *n.* A printer; a pressman.

**Han suru**, はんする, 反, *v.t.* ① To turn traitor; to rebel. ② To be opposed to; to be contradictory.

**Hanta**, はんた, 繁多, *n.* and *a.* Multiplicity of business; busily engaged; actively employed. *Hanta ni torimagire*, 繁多ニ取巻レ, distracted with pressure of business. Syn. ISOGASHI, SEWASHI, TAMŌ, TAYŌ.

**Hantai**, はんたい, 反對, *n.* and *a.* Opposition; contrast; contradiction; dissension; resistance; opposed; contrary; contrasting. —*suru*, *v.t.* and *f.* To be opposite; to act contrary to; to dissent. Syn. URAHARA, URAKE. [discent.]

**Hantai-hōckifū**, はんたいほうくきふう, 反對貿易風, *n.* Anti-trade-wind.

**Hantaiō**, はんたいどう, 反對黨, *n.* Opposite political party; the opposition. [glove.]

**Hantebukuro**, はんてぶくろ, 半手袋, *n.* A short glove.

**Hantei**, はんてい, 蕃邸, *n.* A *daimyō's* residence in the capital.

**Hantei**, はんてい, 判定, *n.* Judgment; decision; discrimination. —*suru*, *v.t.* To decide or judge.

**Hanten**, はんてん, 半纏, *n.* A short coat worn by inferior classes in winter.

**Hanten-no-ri**, はんてんのり, 反轉之理, *n.* [Math.] Invertendo. [done.]

**Hanto**, はんたう, 半途, *n.* Halfway; midway; half done. *Hanto ni shite hatsu*, 半途ニシテ廢ス, to stop or give up any work when half done.

**Hantō**, はんたう, 半島, *n.* A peninsula.

**Hanto**, はんたう, 版圖, *n.* Dominion, domain, or territory. [dominions.] *Hanto wo hirageru*, 半圖ヲ廣ゲル, to extend territory.

**Hantōmel**, はんたうめい, 版透明, *n.* [Physics.] Translucent.

**Hantorichō**, はんどりちやう, 判取帳, *n.* A book in which the stamp of the customer is received whenever goods are delivered to the latter.



**Hanui**, はぬい, 端縫, *n.* Sewing the borders of a [cloth].  
 Syn. HANSHUJI.  
**Hanuki**, はぬき, 歯脱, *n.* A person who has lost his teeth. [bird].  
**Hanukedori**, はぬけどり, 羽脱鳥, *n.* A moulted bird.  
**Hanuki**, はぬき, 歯脱, *n.* A person who makes it his profession to extract teeth; a tooth-forceps.  
**Hanuru**, はぬる, 洗, *n.* Same as *Haneru*.  
*Mizu ga hanuru*, 水が洗, to splash (as water);  
*Sumi ga hanuru*, 炭が洗, the charcoal snaps.  
**Hanuru**, はぬる, 洗, 投, *v.t.* ① To splash or spatter. ② To cut off (the head); to behead. ③ To throw or jerk out. ④ [coll.] To levy blackmail.  
*Chinsen no ichi-wari wo hanuru*, 賃金一割ヲ投ル, to levy a black-mail of one percent on the hire (said of a coolie); *Kubi wo hanuru*, 首ヲ切ル, to cut off the head; *Kuzu wo hanuru*, 屑ヲ投ル, to throw out worthless ones; *Tsumini wo hanuru*, 荷荷ヲ抛ル, to throw out goods as from a ship in distress.  
**Hanwake**, はんわい, 半配, *n.* Division into halves.  
*Hanwake ni suru*, 半配ニスル, to divide into halves.  
**Han-ya**, はんや, 半夜, *n.* Midnight.  
**Han-yen**, はんえん, 反圓, *n.* [Math.] Circle of inversion.  
**Han-yen**, はんえん, 半圓, *n.* [Math.] Semicircle.  
 ② Half a yen or dollar.  
**Han-yō**, はんよう, 繁忙, *n.* and *a.* Being actively engaged; busy; full of business.  
 Syn. HANTA, TAYŌ.  
**Hanza**, はんざ, 半座, *n.* Half a seat. Only used in such an expression as below.  
*Gokuraku de hanza wo wakete matsu*, 極楽ヲ半座ヲ分ケテ待ツ, to wait in paradise leaving part of one's seat unoccupied for some beloved one coming or dying after.  
**Hanza**, はんざ, 反座, *n.* Being punished for a crime of which one has falsely accused another.  
**Hanzai**, はんざい, 犯罪, *n.* [Law.] Committing a crime; offence.  
**Hanzai-no-chi**, はんざいのち, 犯罪之地, *n.* The place where a crime has been committed.  
**Hanzai-sha**, はんざいしゃ, 犯罪者, *n.* [Law.] An offender.  
**Hanzaijin**, はんざいじん, 犯罪人, *n.* a transgressor; a criminal.  
**Hanzashi**, はんざし, 筈刺, *n.* A short sword, a dagger.  
**Hanzatsu**, はんざつ, 糺, *n.* and *a.* ① Confusion; complexity; disorder. ② Confused; complex; bustling. —*suru*, *v.t.* To be confused together; to be complex.  
**Hanzen**, はんぜん, 判然, *adv.* Distinctly; clearly; plainly; decidedly.

*Hanzen to etoku su*, 判然ト會得ス, to understand clearly; to perceive distinctly.  
**Hanzō**, はんざう, 半桶, *n.* A small wooden tub or basin used for toilet purposes.  
 Syn. MIMIDARAI.  
**Hanzoku**, はんそく, 反賊, *n.* A rebel; a traitor; an insurgent.  
**Hanzuru**, はんぞる, 判, *v.t.* To judge; to solve; to interpret.  
**Haori**, はおり, 羽織, *n.* A coat. [interpret.  
*Haori wo kiru*, 羽織ヲ着ル, to put on a coat;  
*Haori wo nuqu*, 羽織ヲ脱グ, to take off do.  
**Haoribimo**, はおりひも, 羽織紐, *n.* The ribbon or thong for fastening a coat in front.  
**Haoru**, はおる, *v.t.* To wear or put on (as a coat).  
**Ha-oshirō**, はおしろい, 輕粉, *n.* An oxide of mercury, used as cosmetic powder.  
**Haoto**, はおと, 羽音, 扇聲, *n.* The sound of wings; flapping (of birds).  
**Happa**, はっぱ, 八八, *n.* Eight times eight; sixty-four.  
**Happi**, はっぴ, 半袷法被, *n.* A kind of coat worn by inferior servants of nobles or by labourers; a livery coat.  
**Happō**, はっぽう, 八方, *n.* Eight directions; eight sides; every side; all about; all directions.  
*Happō yori oshiyosu*, 八方ヨリ寄押ス, to approach or attack from all sides (as enemies);  
*Happō ni sanran su*, 八方ニ散乱ス, to be scattered all about; to disperse in all directions.  
**Happō**, はっぽう, 發砲, *n.* Firing a gun. —  
*suru*, *v.t.* To fire a gun. [of spider.  
**Happōgumo**, はっぽうぐも, *n.* [Entom.] A species of spider.  
**Happu**, はっふ, 髮膚, *n.* Hair and skin. [sp.  
*Shintai happu*, 身体髮膚, the whole body.  
**Happun**, はっふん, 八分, *n.* Eight *fun*. See *Fun*.  
**Happuri**, はっぷり, 半頭冠, *n.* Armour for the forehead; a frontlet.  
**Happu suru**, はっぷする, 發布, *v.t.* To issue, publish, or promulgate.  
**Happyaku**, はっぴやく, 八百, *n.* Eight hundred.  
**Happyō**, はっぺう, 發表, *n.* Making known to the public; becoming manifest; revealing; disclosure; discovery. —*suru*, *v.t.* To disclose; to reveal; to publish.  
**Happyōzan**, はっぺうざん, 發表散, *n.* [Med.] A diaphoretic medicine.  
**Hara**, はら, 原, *n.* An uncultivated field; a prairie; a moor; a wild plain.  
*Takama no hara*, 高天ノ原, the kingdom of heaven; celestial space; the heaven; on high.  
**Hara**, はら, 腹, *n.* ① The belly; the abdomen. ② A mother. ③ Mind; heart, conscience; will. ④ The midway up (a mountain).  
*Hara de warau*, 腹ヲ笑フ, [lit. to smile in the belly; to laugh in the sleeve; *Hara ga au*, 腹

が合フ, to be of the same mind; *Hara ga haru*, 腹が脹ル, to have the belly distended; to have one's appetite satisfied; *Hara ga heru*, 腹が減ル, to be hungry; *Hara ga itamu*, 腹が痛ム, to feel pain in the belly; to have belly-ache; *Hara ga kudaru*, 腹が下ル, to have diarrhoea; the bowels are loose; *Hara ga naru*, 腹が鳴ル, to have a rumbling in the belly; *Hara ga tatsu*, 腹が立つ, to be angry; *Hara ga warui*, 腹が悪い, to be bad-hearted; *Hara ni iru*, 腹ニ入ル, to feel satisfaction; *Hara ni omō*, 腹ニ思フ, to think in one's mind; to have it in one's mind; *Hara ni osamu*, 腹ニ藏ム, to store up in one's mind; to be reserved; *Hara no futoi yatsu*, 腹ノ太イ奴, a magnanimous or audacious fellow; *Hara no nai hito*, 腹ノ無イ人, a poor-spirited or pusillanimous person; a milk-livered fellow; *Hara wo kakate warau*, 腹ヲ抱ヘテ笑フ, to hold both one's sides; *Hara wo kiru*, 腹ヲ切ル, to commit suicide by cutting the belly; *Hara wo mesaruru*, 腹ヲ召サル, [polite] to commit suicide or *hara-kiri*; *Hara wo saguru*, 腹ヲ探ル, to search another's heart; *Hara wo suete kotō*, 腹ヲ搦テ答フ, to make an answer in a positive manner; *Hara wo tachiwaru*, 腹ヲ刺チワル, to cut the belly open; *Hara wo yoru*, 腹ヲヨル, to shake one's sides (in laughing); *Mokake bara*, 妾腹, born of a concubine; *Miya hara*, 宮腹, born of an Imperial Princess; *Maki bara*, 脇腹, the side of the belly a strange wound (i.e. not that of the true wife); *Yama no hara*, 山ノ腹, the midway up a mountain.  
**Hara-ate**, はらあて, 腹當, *n.* A cloth worn over the chest and abdomen; a shield for the abdomen.  
 Syn. HARAGAKE.  
**Haraawase**, はらあわせ, 腹合, *n.* A woman's belt made by sewing together two pieces of cloth of different kinds.  
**Haraban**, はらばら, 腹運, 備前, *v.t.* To lie flat on the belly; to creep.  
**Harachigai**, はらちがひ, 腹違, 異腹, *n.* Being born of a different mother (said of a brother or sister).  
**Haradachi**, はらだち, 腹立, 怒, *n.* Anger; wrath; indignation.  
 Syn. RIPPUKU.  
**Haradashi**, はらだし, 腹立, *a.* Filled with anger.  
**Haradatsu**, はらだつ, *v.t.* To be angry.  
 Syn. IKARU, IKIDŌRU, RIPPUKU SURU.  
**Harae**, はらへ, 禊, *n.* *Shintō* prayers.  
**Harai**, はらひ, 掃, *v.t.* To sweep into.  
**Harae-gushi**, はらへぐし, 腹串, *n.* A small stick  
**Harai-gushi**, はらひぐし, 掃串, with cut paper fastened at the end, and used as an offering in *Shintō* shrines.

**Harafukore**, はらふくれ, 腹腐, *n.* Same as *Chūman*.  
**Haragake**, はらがけ, 腹掛, *n.* A cloth for covering the chest and abdomen, used mostly by children.  
 Syn. HARAAETE.  
**Haragawari**, はらがわり, 異腹, *n.* Being born of a different mother but of the same father.  
*Haragawari no shimai*, 異腹ノ姉妹, half-sisters.  
**Haragitanshi**, はらぎたなし, 腹慥, *a.* Bad-hearted; mean-minded; mean; base; selfish.  
**Haragomori**, はらごもり, 腹籠, *n.* Being in uterogestation; pregnancy.  
*Haragomori no ko*, 腹籠ノ兒, a fetus.  
**Haraguro**, はらぐろ, 腹黒, *n.* A black-hearted person; a vicious fellow; a knave.  
 Syn. IJIWARU.  
**Haraguroshi**, はらぐろし, 腹黒, *a.* Black-hearted; knavish; false; perfidious; debased.  
**Harahara to**, はらばらト, *adv.* ① The sound of the leaves blown by the wind; rustling. ② The sound of any liquid falling in scattered drops (said of rain, tears, etc.). ③ Anxiously; uneasily.  
*Ame ga harahara to furikuru*, 雨がハラハラト降り来ル, the rain comes down in scattered drops; *Harahara omō*, ハラハラ思フ, to think anxiously about; *Ki no ha ga harahara to ochiru*, 木葉がハラハラト落ル, the leaves of trees are blown by the wind making a rustling sound; *Nanida wo harahara to otosu*, 涙がハラハラト落ス, to drop tears.  
**Harai**, はらひ, 掃, *n.* ① Clearing or settling an account; payment. ② Clearing off (as goods); disposing; selling.  
*Niki no harai*, ニキノ掃, the semi-annual payments of money (i.e. at the ends of the 6th and the 12th months of the year).  
**Harai**, はらひ, 禊, 禊除, *n.* *Shintō* prayers for keeping away evils.  
**Harai-bako**, はらひばこ, 腹箱, *n.* Small boxes containing pieces of paper used for *harai-gushi*, and distributed from a shrine among its believers, who consider it a charm for guarding off evils.  
**Haraihusoku**, はらひほそく, 掃不足, *n.* Part of an account remaining unpaid; arrears.  
**Haraidasu**, はらひだす, *v.t.* ① To pay out. ② To sweep out; to expel.  
**Haraiiru**, はらひきる, 掃引, 還清, *v.t.* To clear an account; to pay so as to have nothing left unpaid.  
**Haraikomu**, はらひこむ, 掃込, *v.t.* To pay in (as a sum of money to a bank). ② To sweep into.  
**Haraimodosu**, はらひもどす, 掃戻, *v.t.* To pay back.



*Chokin wa haraimodusu*, 貯金を拂戻す, to pay back deposit (as from a savings-bank).

**Harai-mono**, はらいもの, 拂物, *n.* Articles to be disposed of.

**Harai-no-ba**, はらいのは, 修禊場, *n.* The place where prayers are offered to the *Kami*; a sacrificial ground.

**Harai-no-tono**, はらいのどの, 模範, *n.* A house where *Shintō* prayers are offered.

**Harai-ise**, はらいせ, *n.* Dispelling one's resentment; venting anger.

**Harai-itami**, はらいいたみ, 腹痛, *n.* Colic; belly-ache. *Syn.* FUKUTSU.

**Harai-tegata**, はらひてがた, 拂手形, *n.* A promissory note; a bill given for the payment of a debtor account.

**Harai-watasu**, はらひわたす, 拂渡, *v.t.* To pay.

**Harai-zumi**, はらひぞみ, 掃蕩, *n.* Finishing the payment (as of money); clearing or settling an account. [*Natuyra palm.*]

**Haraju**, はらまゆ, 婆羅樹, *n.* [*Bot.*] The tala tree.

**Harakara**, はらから, 同胞, 同胞, *n.* Persons born of the same mother; a brother; a sister.

**Harakiri**, はらきり, 腹切, *n.* Cutting one's belly to commit suicide. *Syn.* KAPPUKU, SEPPUKU, TOFUKU.

**Harakonashi**, はらこなし, 消食, *n.* Digesting food as by walking or other kinds of exercise.

**Harakudari**, はらくたり, 腹下, 下痢, *n.* Diarrhoea. *Syn.* GERI.

**Haramaki**, はらまき, 腹巻, *n.* A belly band or armour for the abdomen.

**Haramaseru**, はらませる, 令孕, *v.t.* [*caus. of Haramu.*] To impregnate.

**Harami**, はらみ, 孕, *n.* The state of being with young; conception; pregnancy.

**Haramigo**, はらみご, 胎兒, 懷胎, *n.* A fetus.

**Harami-onna**, はらみをんな, 孕婦, 妊婦, *n.* A pregnant woman.

**Haramitsu**, はらみつ, 波羅蜜, *n.* [*Budd.*] The act of entering Nirvana.

**Haramu**, はらむ, 孕, 妊婦, *v.t.* To conceive; to be pregnant; to be with a child. *Ko wa haramu*, 兒ヲ孕ム, to be with a child; to conceive; to become pregnant. *Syn.* KWAININ SURU, KWAITAI SURU, MIMOGORU, NINSHIN SURU.

**Haramushi**, はらむし, 蛔蟲, *n.* [*Zool.*] Human round worm, *Ascaris*.

**Harau**, はらん, 波瀾, *n.* ① Waves; surge; billow. ② Disturbance; disorder; tumult. *Syn.* ARASOI, MOME, NAMI, ONAMI.

**Harau**, はらん, 一葉, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Desne*.

**Haru-no-uchi**, はらのうち, 腹中, *n.* [*lit.*] In the belly; [*fig.*] heart; mind.

*Syn.* KOKORO NO UCHI, MUNE NO UCHI.

**Harabiki**, はらびき, 腹帯, *n.* A saddle girth (of a horse); a belly-band used by a pregnant woman. *Syn.* HARAMAKI, HARUBI, IWATAOBI.

**Hararagamu**, はららがす, 散, *v.t.* To put to flight, scatter, or disperse.

**Hararagu**, はららぐ, 散, *v.t.* To take to flight; to disperse; to be scattered about.

**Hararago**, はららご, 鱈, *n.* [*Ichth.*] Fish-roe (of salmon); milt.

**Haraseru**, はらせる, 令張, 令貼, *v.t.* [*caus. of Haru.*] To cause to paste or paper. *Chōchin wo haraseru*, 灯笼ヲ張セル, to order to make a paper lantern; *Shōji wo haraseru*, 障子ヲ貼セル, to cause or order another to paper a screen.

**Harasu**, はらす, 晴, 露, *v.t.* To clear away; to drive away; to dispel. *Kaze kumo wo fukiharasu*, 風雲ヲ吹き散ス, the wind drives away the clouds; *Mayoi wo harasu*, 迷ヲ晴ス, to dispel doubts; *Omoi wo harasu*, 思ヲ晴ス, to dispel cares; *Urami wo harasu*, 恨ヲ晴ス, to dispel or gratify the feeling of resentment by avenging mischief done.

**Harasuji**, はらすじ, 腹筋, *n.* The nerves or ligaments of the abdomen. *Harasuji wo yoru*, 腹筋ヲ揉ル, to split one's sides; to convulse with laughter.

**Harasumi**, はらすみ, 爆発, *n.* Cracking or snapping charcoal.

**Haratachipposhi**, -i, -ki, はらたちっばし, *a.* [*coll.*] Irritable; irascible; peevish.

**Haratakaki**, はらたかき, 腹高, *a.* With a big belly; pregnant.

**Haratashi**, -i, -ki, はらたし, 腹立敷, *a.* Ex-citing anger.

**Haradashi**, -i, -ki, はらたし, 腹立敷, *a.* Ex-citing anger; irritating; provoking. [*datsu.*]

**Haratatsu**, はらたつ, 腹立, *v.t.* Same as *Haratatsu*.

**Haratsuzumi**, はらつづみ, 腹撞, *n.* Drumming upon the belly, expressive of contentment. *Haratsuzumi wo utsu*, 腹撞ヲ打ツ, to drum upon the belly; to be entirely contented.

**Harau**, はらふ, 後, *v.t.* and *i.* To say *Shinto* prayers; to deliver or purify from the evil influence of spirits or demons by chanting prayers; to exorcise. [*evil spirits.*] *Akuma wo harau*, 悪魔ヲ後フ, to exorcise.

**Harau**, はらふ, 拂, *v.t.* ① To clear away; to drive off; to sweep; to brush; to dust. ② To pay; to sell off. *Atari wo harau*, 邊ヲ拂フ, to clear away all about one's self; *Chiri wo harau*, 塵ヲ拂フ, to clear away dirt; *Fuyō no shita wo harau*, 不用ノ品ヲ拂フ, to dispose of or sell unneeded articles; *Kanjō wo harau*, 勘定ヲ拂フ, to settle an ac-

count; *Kin wo harau*, 金ヲ拂フ, to pay money; *Mitsudan ni hito wo harau*, 密談ニ人ヲ拂フ, to dismiss all attendants when holding a secret conference.

**Harawareru**, はらわれる, *v.t.* [*pass. or potent. of Harau.*] To be paid; can clear away, sweep, or brush.

**Harawaseru**, はらわせる, *v.t.* [*caus. of Harau.*] To let another pay; to cause or order to clear away, sweep, or brush. [*tines.*]

**Harawata**, はらわた, 腸, *n.* The bowels; intestines; to be unusually exasperated; *Harawata wo tatsu*, 腸ヲ絞ル, [*lit.*] to rend the intestines; to feel extreme sorrow or grief.

**Haraya**, はらや, 水銀粉, *n.* A preparation of mercury used as a medicine or a cosmetic. *Syn.* KEPPEN, ISKOSHIOI.

**Hare**, はれ, 晴, *n.* ① Being cleared away or dispelled; a fair weather. ② Becoming public; a public occasion. *Hare no kimono*, 晴ノ着物, holiday clothes; *Hare no seki*, 晴ノ席, public place; formal occasion. *Syn.* ŌYAKE.

**Hare**, はれ, 腫, *n.* A swelling. [*down.*] *Hare ga hiku*, 腫ガヒク, the swelling goes.

**Harehare**, はれはれ, 晴晴, *a.* and *adv.* ① Clear, bright, or unclouded (as weather). ② Free from cares; easy in mind. *Ki ga harehare suru*, 氣ガ晴晴スル, to be freed from anxiety; to be cheerful.

**Harebareshi**, -i, -ki, はれはれし, 晴晴, 快開, *a.* Bright and clear (as weather); splendid; cheerful. *Syn.* APPARE, HANABANASHI. [*ful; gay.*]

**Haregamashi**, -i, -ki, はれがまし, 晴間敷, *a.* Open; public; splendid; formal.

**Haregi**, はれぎ, 晴服, *n.* Clothes to be worn on special occasions; holiday clothes.

**Hareginu**, はれぎぬ, 晴服, *n.* Same as above.

**Harema**, はれま, *n.* Clear spaces or intervals between the clouds or rain. *Harema no tsuki*, 晴間ノ月, the moon appearing from the clear spaces in the sky or between intervals of rain.

**Haremono**, はれもの, 腫物, *n.* A swelling; a boil. *Syn.* DEKIMONO, SHUMOTSU.

**Hare na**, はれな, 晴, *a.* Bright; fine; splendid; gay; formal. See also *Haregamashi*.

**Hareuchi**, はれんち, 破廉恥, *n.* Shamelessness; infamy; ignominy; indignity; dishonour; disgrace. *Syn.* HAJISHIRAZU. [*grace.*]

**Hareru**, はれる, 晴, *v.t.* To be cleared away; to be dispelled; to clear off. *Ame ga hareru*, 雨ガ霽レル, the rain has cleared up; *Giwaku ga hareru*, 疑惑ガ晴レル, doubt

is dispelled; *Omoi ga hareru*, 思ガ晴レル, the mind has been freed from anxiety.

**Hareru**, はれる, 腫, *v.t.* To be swollen; to swell up. [*en.*] *Te ga hareta*, 手ガ腫レタ, the hand has swollen. *Syn.* FUKUREBU. [*the Lord.*]

**Hareruya**, ハレルヤ. [*Eng.*] Hallelujah; praise ye.

**Harete**, はれて, 公然, *adv.* Publicly; openly; without any concealment; not in secret. *Harete hito ni au*, ハレテ人ニ会フ, to meet a person openly. *Syn.* ŌYAKE NI.

**Haretsu**, はれつ, 破裂, *n.* Bursting; explosion; rupture. — *suru*, *v.t.* To burst; to explode. *Dangan ga haretsu suru*, 弾丸ガ破裂スル, the bomb explodes. [*shell.*]

**Haretsudama**, はれつたま, 破裂丸, *n.* A bomb.

**Hareyaka na**, はれやかな, 晴, *a.* Clear; bright; cloudless; airy. *Hareyaka na tenki*, 晴ノ天気, a bright weather.

**Hareyamaui**, はれやまひ, 水腫, *n.* Water swelling; dropsy.

**Hari**, はり, 針, 刺, *n.* A needle; a pin. *Hari nite nan*, 針ニテ縫フ, to sew with a needle; *Hari hodo no koto wo hō hodo ni iu*, 針大下ノ事ヲ極大下ニ云フ, [*lit.*] to speak of a pin as if it were a pole; [*fig.*] to make a mountain of a mole-hill; to magnify or exaggerate.

**Hari**, はり, 針, 鍼, *n.* The art of inserting needles for remedial purposes; acupuncture. *Hari wo utsu*, 針ヲ打ツ, to insert the needle in acupuncture.

**Hari**, はり, 刺, 刺, *n.* A prickle; a spine; a thorn. *Syn.* TOGE.

**Hari**, はり, 刺, 刺, *n.* The sting (of an insect).

**Hari**, はり, 釣, 釣, *n.* Same as *Tsuribari*.

**Hari**, はり, 氣, 抗氣, *n.* [*coll.*] Spirit; courage; striving. [*be emulous; spirited.*] *Hari ga aru*, 氣ガアル, to have courage, or to strive. *Syn.* HARIAI, IKIHARI, IKIJI.

**Hari**, はり, 梁, *n.* Heavy beams in a roof. *Syn.* UTSEBARI.

**Hari**, はり, 玻璃, *n.* Glass; crystal. *Hari no kagami*, 玻璃ノ鏡, a looking glass. *Syn.* BIIDORO, GARASU.

**Hari**, はり, 張, *n.* Numeral for counting paper-lanterns, bows, tents, mosquito nets, etc. *Maku taya ono-ono hito hari*, 幕蚊帳各一張, a tent and a mosquito net, one of each.

**Haringeru**, はりあがる, *v.t.* To spread aloft; to raise (as the voice). [*the voice.*] *Koe wo haringeru*, 聲ヲハリアゲル, to lift up.

**Harial**, はりあひ, 抗争, 競争, *n.* ① Striving together; contending with; competition; emulation; rivalry. ② Courage; spirit; vigour. As a



noun, more frequently used in the latter sense.  
 ③ Motive for competition.  
*Harai ga nuketa*, 都合が抜けた, to be discouraged.  
 Syn. SERIAL. [encouraged.]  
**Harai-nin**, はりあいにん, *n.* A competitor; a rival; a match. [stellata.]  
**Harai-ankō**, はりあんこう, *n.* [Ichth.] *Haliotis*  
**Harai-asagno**, はりあさはら, 大茶兒, *n.* [Bot.] *Sporocarpium maculata*.  
**Hariau**, はりあふ, 争合, *v.t.* To contend with; to strive together; to compete with; to rival.  
*Mito to hariau*, 人ト争合フ, to compete with another.  
**Haribako**, はりばこ, 針箱, *n.* A lady's work box.  
**Hariban**, はりばん, *n.* A sentinel; watchman; sentry. [punctuation.]  
**Haribiki**, はりびき, 緊痛, *n.* Acupuncture, acc.  
**Haribunko**, はりぶんこ, 張文庫, *n.* A paper box.  
**Haridamashi**, はりだまし, *n.* Bold spirited; stout-hearted; resolute; determined not to give away.  
**Haridashi**, はりだし, 張出, 貼出, *n.* Jutting out; bulging out; stretching out; protrusion; a placard; a poster.  
**Haridase**, はりだせ, 張出, 貼出, *v.t.* ① To stretch out; to jut out; to protrude. ② To placard or post.  
**Harie**, はりえい, 鯛魚, *n.* [Ichth.] A species of ray.  
**Harie-shida**, はりえしだ, 刺座瓜, *n.* [Bot.] The prickly broom.  
**Harifuda**, はりふた, 張札, 浮帖, *n.* A handbill pasted up; a placard; a poster.  
**Harifugu**, はりふぐ, *n.* [Ichth.] *Dionotus tigrinus*.  
**Harigami**, はりがみ, 張紙, 浮帖, *n.* A note pasted to a writing; a placard; a poster.  
 Syn. SAGEFUDA.  
**Harigane**, はりがね, 針金, *n.* Wire.  
**Harigane-hiki**, はりがねひき, 針線者, *n.* One who manufactures wires.  
**Harigane-mushi**, はりがねむし, 石蠶, *n.* [Entom.] Hair-worm.  
**Harigane-kazura**, はりがねかづら, 針金草, *n.* [Bot.] *Chrysomela luteipennis*.  
**Harigiri**, はりぎり, 刺殺, *n.* [Bot.] *Acanthopanax ricinifolia*. [Lauyodorji.]  
**Harigochi**, はりごち, *n.* [Ichth.] *Lepidosteus*  
**Harigoshi**, はりごし, 張網, *n.* A kind of palanquin covered over with a sort of straw matting.  
**Haribari**, はりばり, *n.* *Ninobashi* or dried radish pickled in a mixture of soy, vinegar, and sugar.  
**Haribiji**, はりびじ, 張臂, *n.* Stretching the arms, or the arms stretched.  
**Harishi**, はりし, 鍼師, *n.* One who practices acupuncture; a needle-doctor.  
**Harisiro**, はりしろ, 針入, *n.* A needle case.  
**Harisita**, はりした, 張板, *n.* The board used for

stretching and drying clothes on after they are washed.  
**Harikata**, はりかた, 陰相, *n.* An artificial model of the male or female organ of generation. [gtri.]  
**Harikiri**, はりきり, 刺殺, *n.* [Bot.] Same as *Harikata*.  
**Harikiru**, はりきる, 張切, *v.t.* To stretch anything to a full length. [papier-maché.]  
**Hariko**, はりこ, 張籠, *n.* Anything made of paper; **Harikomu**, はりこむ, 張込, 張替, *v.t. and t.* To exert one's self; to be magnanimous; to be liberal in expenditure. [ing for the price.]  
*Harikonde kau*, 張込デ買フ, to buy not car.  
 Syn. IKIGOMU.  
**Harikyō**, はりきょう, 玻璃鏡, *n.* A glass mirror.  
**Harima**, はりま, 梁間, *n.* The number of ken or the space traversed by a beam of a roof.  
**Harimakura**, はりまくら, 紙枕, *n.* Paper pillow.  
**Harime**, はりめ, 貼目, *n.* The line or seam formed by pasting over with paper, cloth, etc.  
**Harime**, はりめ, 針女, *n.* A seamstress.  
**Harimegumi**, はりめぐみ, 針目女, *n.* A patched garment. [road.]  
**Harimichi**, はりみち, 張道, *n.* A newly opened  
**Harimichi**, はりみち, 針道, *n.* The way or art of sewing; needle-work. [needle-work.]  
*Harimichi wo narau*, 針道ヲ習フ, to learn  
**Harimono**, はりもの, 張物, *n.* The act or occupation of fulling cloth; fulled cloth.  
**Harimonoya**, はりものや, 張物屋, *n.* A fuller of cloths.  
**Harinezumi**, はりねずみ, 餅, *n.* [Zool.] A hedgehog.  
**Harino-ki**, はりのき, 赤楊桐, *n.* [Bot.] Black alder, *Alnus maritima*.  
**Harinauki**, はりぬき, 張板, 膠沙, *n.* Articles made of paper pasted together; papier-maché.  
 Syn. HARIKO.  
**Harinuki-niogyo**, はりぬきにんぎょう, 紙箱, *n.* Papier-maché dolls. [Same as *Harinuki*.]  
**Harinuki-zaku**, はりぬきざく, 張板細工, *n.*  
**Harinuku**, はりぬく, 張抜, *v.t.* To make anything by pasting paper together.  
**Hariryōji**, はりりょうじ, 麻療治, *n.* Acupuncture; acupuncture.  
**Harisakeru**, はりさける, 張裂, *v.t.* To tear by stretching or expanding; to burst open.  
**Harisashi**, はりさし, 針刺, *n.* A box with a cushion for sticking sewing needles; a needle-case. [don notemmaculatus.]  
**Harisenbon**, はりせんぼん, 魚皮, *n.* [Ichth.] *Dio-*  
**Harishigoto**, はりしごと, 針仕事, 裁縫, *n.* Needle-work; sewing.  
**Harisui-shi**, はりすいし, 針石, *n.* A magnet.  
**Harisuji**, はりすじ, 針通, *n.* The seam.  
**Haritsuke**, はりつけ, 磔, *n.* Punishing criminals by crucifixion and spearing.

**Haritsuke-bashira**, はりつけばしら, 磔柱, 十字架, *n.* A post on which criminals were formerly crucified; a cross.  
**Haritsuke-gami**, はりつけがみ, 張紙, *n.* A paper pasted over anything.  
**Haritsukuru**, はりつくる, 貼附, *v.t.* To paste over with paper; to paper. [needle seller.]  
**Harinya**, はりや, 針匠, *n.* A maker of needles; a  
**Hariyaburu**, はりやぶる, 張破, *v.t.* To rend or tear by stretching.  
**Hariyuki**, はりゆき, *n.* See *Harima*. [bow.]  
**Hariyumi**, はりゆみ, 張弓, *n.* A bent or drawn  
**Haru**, はる, 春, *n.* The spring; one of the four seasons. Much used in compositions.  
*Harugi*, 春着, spring wear; *Haru-same*, 春雨, spring-rain; *Haru wo omō*, 春ヲ憶フ, to be wanton or lustful; *Yayoi no haru*, 彌生ノ春, a poetic name for the third month (a.s.).  
**Haru**, はる, 張, 延, *v.t. and t.* ① To stretch, open, or extend; to increase. ② To be swollen or distended. ③ To bud. ④ To be covered (as a pond with ice). ⑤ To be overburdened (with work).  
*Atai ga haru*, 價ハハル, to augment in price; to be higher in price than one is willing to pay for; *Chibusa ga haru*, 乳房ハ張ル, the breasts are distended (with milk); *Haru ga haru*, 腹ハ張ル, to have a swollen belly; to be sated with food; *Hiji wo haru*, 臂ヲ張ル, to stretch the elbows; to swagger; *Kiri ga haru*, 氷ハ張ル, to be covered over with ice; to be frozen over; *Shigoto ga haru*, 仕事ハ張ル, to be overburdened with work.  
**Haru**, はる, 張, *v.t.* ① To stretch, spread, or extend; to bend (as a bow). ② To display or exhibit; to show. ③ To argue or persist in argument. ④ To strive; to make a good show.  
*Maku wo haru*, 幕ヲ張ル, to stretch or hang up a curtain; *Mise wo haru*, 店ヲ張ル, to keep a shop; to exhibit articles for sale; *Moto ga haru*, 元ガ張ル, to require a greater capital than one can conveniently afford to invest; *Nawa wo haru*, 縄ヲ張ル, to stretch a rope; *Nuno wo haru*, 布ヲ張ル, to stretch a cloth; *Hji wo haru*, 意地ヲ張ル, to be obstinate; to persist in; *Ki wo haru*, 氣ヲ張ル, to exert one's mind; to strive; *Ron wo haru*, 論ヲ張ル, to persist in one's argument; *Seken wo haru*, 世間ヲ張ル, to strive to make a good show in the world; *Ami wo haru*, 網ヲ張ル, to stretch a net; *Yumi wo haru*, 弓ヲ張ル, to bend a bow; *Fumizuru wo haru*, 踏み張ル, to string a bow.  
**Haru**, はる, 張, 貼, *v.t.* ① To spread over; to paste over; to nail over; to board. ② To full (as cloth). *Fuda wo haru*, 札ヲ貼ル, to label; *Hame wo haru*, 羽目ヲ貼ル, to weather-board; *Karakasa*

*wo haru*, 傘ヲ貼ル, to make an umbrella; *Nano wo haru*, 布ヲ貼ル, to full cloth; *Shōji wo haru*, 障子ヲ貼ル, to paper a screen; *Taiko wo haru*, 太鼓ヲ貼ル, to make a drum; *Tenjō wo haru*, 天井ヲ貼ル, to board a ceiling.  
**Haru**, はる, *v.t.* To bud.  
 Syn. KIZASU, MEGUMU.  
**Haru**, はる, 此, 拵, *v.t.* [coll.] To beat, strike, or slap; to give a blow. [(of another)]  
*Atama wo haru*, 天窓ヲ拵ル, to slap the head  
**Haru**, はる, 張, *v.t.* To reclaim land. [tance.]  
**Harubaru**, はるばる, 遙遠, *adv.* From a far distance.  
**Harubaru**, はるばる, 遙遠, *n.* To come from afar.  
**Harube**, はるべ, 春方, *n.* Spring time. [afar.]  
*Ima wo harube to sakuya kono hana*, 今ヲ春方ト咲ケ此花, the flowers are blossoming, conscious of the advent of the spring time.  
**Harubi**, はるび, 鞍, 鞍帯, *n.* A saddle-girth.  
**Harubi**, はるび, 春日, *n.* A spring day.  
**Harufukuro**, はるふくろ, 春袋, *n.* A bag or purse sewn at the beginning of the year, considered to be lucky from the pronunciation of the word being identical with *haru* (to distend).  
**Harugeki**, はるげき, 遙遠, *a.* Far; distant; remote.  
**Harugeki**, はるげき, 遥遠, *n.* [clothes.]  
**Harugi**, はるぎ, 春着, 春服, *n.* A spring wear (of  
**Harugo**, はるご, 春蠶, *n.* A silk worm that breeds once a year; do. produced in spring.  
**Harugoto**, はるご, 春期, *n.* About the spring.  
**Harugoma**, はるごま, 春駒, *n.* ① A horse grazing in the pasture in early spring. ② A toy consisting of a horse's head stuck at one end of a stick.  
**Haruka**, はるか, 遙, *a. and adv.* Distant; remote; far off; very much.  
**Haruka ni**, はるかニ, 遙, *adv.* Same as above.  
*Haruka ni hetataru*, 遙ニ隔タル, to be far distant; widely separated; *Haruka ni kikoeru*, 遙ニ聞ユ, to be heard from afar; *Haruka ni masaru*, 遙ニ勝ル, to be far superior; *Haruka ni miyuru*, 遙ニ見ユル, to be seen dimly from a distance; *Haruka ni omō*, 遙ニ思フ, to think of a thing vaguely, or as at a distance; *Haruka ni otoru*, 遙ニ劣ル, to be far inferior; *Haruka ni yoshi*, 遙ニ善シ, to be far better; *Toki haruka ni sugite*, 時遙ニ過テ, after the lapse of a considerable length of time.  
**Harukase**, はるかぜ, 春風, *n.* Spring wind.  
**Harukeshi**, はるかぜ, 遙, *a.* Far; distant; remote; widely separated.  
**Harumeku**, はるめく, 發春色, *v.t.* To be spring-like. [cruciformis.]  
**Harumugi**, はるむぎ, 薔草, *n.* [Bot.] *Beckmannia*  
**Haru-no-miya**, はるのみや, 春宮, *n.* The Heir Apparent to the Throne, or the Palace of do.  
 Syn. Tōgū.



**Haruru**, はるる, 晴, 霽, v.t. To clear up; to be dispelled.  
*Kumo ga haruru*, 雲が晴る, the clouds disappear; *Omoi ga haruru*, 思が霽る, cares have been dispelled; *Sora ga haruru*, 空が晴る, the weather has cleared up; *Uragai ga haruru*, 疑が霽る, doubts are dispelled.

**Haruru**, はるる, 腫, v.t. To be swollen.

**Harusaki**, はるさき, n. Spring time.

**Harusame**, はるさめ, 春雨, n. Spring rain.

**Harushigawa**, はるさかは, 波斯革, n. A kind of coloured leather formerly brought from Persia by Dutch merchants.

**Haru-tora-no-o**, はるとらのを, 紫雲, n. [Bot.] *Polygonum tenuiculae*.

**Haru-yuri**, はるゆり, 貝母, n. [Bot.] *Fritillaria verticillata*. [of cicada.]

**Haruzemi**, はるせみ, 蛭蛄, n. [Entom.] A species

**Hasai suru**, はさいする, 破産, v.t. and i. To break in pieces; to crush.

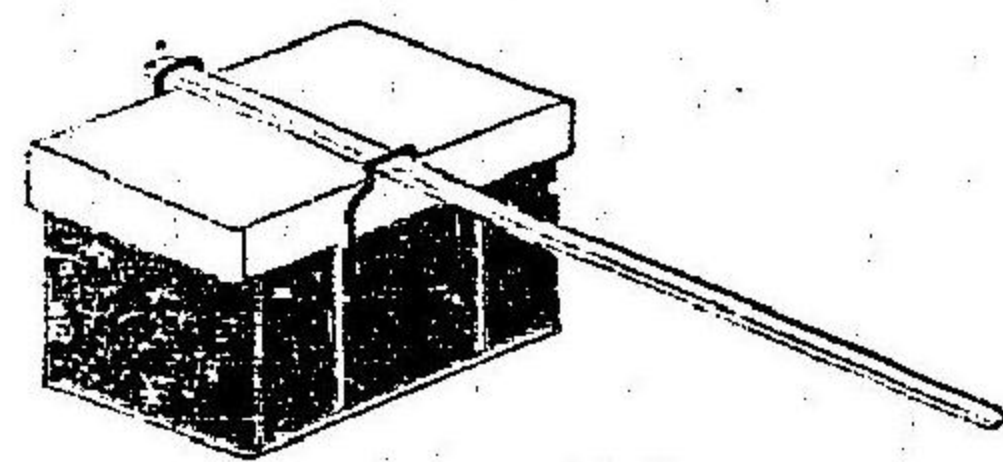
**Hasama**, はさま, 道間, 狭間, n. A space between

**Hasama**, はさま, two things; a valley; a vale. More commonly *Hasama*.  
 Syn. AIDA, AWAI.

**Hasamaru**, はさまる, 挟, v.t. To get between two other things.  
*Okubani mono ga hasamatta yōni*, 奥歯 = 物が狭マツタ様ニ, to feel as if something has got between one's moral teeth; not to be plain with; to be reserved.

**Hasami**, はさみ, 鋏, 剪刀, n. Scissors.

**Hasamibako**, はさみばこ, 挟箱, n. A lacquered box fixed to one end of a pole, and carried on the shoulder by a coolie, used by persons of rank in former times on their going out; the nunips.



〔挟箱〕

**Hasamibako**, はさみばこ, 挟箱, n. A box or case for scissors. [dens pilosa.]

**Hasami-gusa**, はさみぐさ, 鬼針草, n. [Bot.] *Bi-*

**Hasami-iru**, はさみいる, 挿入, v.t. To insert or put in with fingers or forceps; to interleaf; to interline; to insert. [scissors.]

**Hasami-iru**, はさみきる, 挟切, v.t. To cut with

**Hasaminushi**, はさみむし, 蟬蟻, n. [Entom.] *Eurwig, Foxt w' a sp.*

**Hasami-shōgi**, はさみしやうぎ, 挟將棋, n. A game of checkers in which either party strives to capture the opponent's chessmen by entrapping them between any two of his own.

**Hasami-uchi**, はさみうち, 挟撃, n. An attack from both sides at the same time.  
*Teki wo hasami-uchi ni suru*, 敵ヲ挟撃ニスル, to attack an enemy on both sides at the same moment.

**Hasamu**, はさむ, 夾, 挟, 剪, v.t. ① To hold or pick (anything) by placing it between two other things. ② To cut with scissors.  
*Eda wo hasamu*, 枝ヲ剪ム, to cut branches of a tree (with scissors); *Hashi nite hasamu*, 箸ニテ夾ム, to hold with chop-sticks; *Kami wo hasamu*, 髪ヲ剪ム, to cut the hair; *Waki ni tsue wo hasamu*, 脇ニ杖ヲ挟ム, to hold a stick under the arm. [insert.]

**Hasamu**, はさむ, 挿, v.t. To place between; to insert a flower (as in a vase).  
*Hana wo sashi-hasamu*, 花ヲ差シ挿ム, to insert a flower (as in a vase).

**Hasan**, はさん, 破算, n. Removing all the counters of a soroban (abacus) to calculate anew.

**Hasan**, はさん, 破産, n. Bankruptcy; insolvency.

**—suru**, v.t. To become bankrupt; to be defunct.  
 Syn. BUNSAN SURU. [clared insolvent.]

**Hasanbō**, はさんぼう, 破産法, n. [Law.] Law of bankruptcy. [bankruptcy case.]

**Hasanjiken**, はさんぢけん, 破産事件, n. [Law.] A

**Hasankettōsho**, はさんけつていしょ, 破産決定書, n. [Law.] Settlement of bankruptcy.

**Hasan-no-gen-yū**, はさんのげんいう, 破産之原因, n. [Law.] Cause of bankruptcy.

**Hasan-no-kōryōku**, はさんのこうりよく, 破産之効力, n. [Law.] Effect of bankruptcy.

**Hasan-saibansho**, はさんさいばんしょ, 破産裁判所, n. [Law.] A bankruptcy court.

**Hasan-sen'oku**, はさんせんおく, 破産宣告, n. [Law.] Declaration of bankruptcy. [rupt.]

**Hasan-shū**, はさんしゅう, 破産者, n. [Law.] A bankrupt.

**Hasa-atsumaru**, はさあつまる, 馳返, v.t. To assemble together by riding; to run up on horse back to a rendezvous.  
 Syn. KAKETSUTOU, KAKERYOU.

**Hasachigau**, はさちがふ, 馳違, v.t. To ride past each other. [(as of a horse).]

**Haschiki**, はさちき, 馳引, n. Going or stopping

**Hasai**, はさい, 覇政, n. The administration of the country by the Shōgun or leading *daimyō* as distinguished from the *Ōsei* (王政), the personal rule of the Emperor. [to gallop back.]

**Hasekneru**, はせかへる, 馳返, v.t. To ride back;

**Hasekuresu**, はせかへす, 馳返, v.t. and i. [caus. of Hasekuru.] ① To cause to ride back. ② Same as Hasekuru.

**Hasekitoru**, はせきたる, 馳来, v.t. To come by riding; to come in haste.  
 Syn. KAKERYOU.

**Hasekurabe**, はせくらべ, 馳競, n. A contest of speed (as in running, driving, etc.).

**Hasemairu**, はせまる, 馳参, v.t. [polite.] To come by running or driving.

**Hasemawaru**, はせまはる, 馳廻, v.t. To run or drive around. [above.]

**Hasemeguru**, はせめぐる, 馳廻, v.t. Same as Haseueno.

**Haseueno**, はせもの, 挟物, n. Anything inserted between, or standing in the way; an impediment or obstacle.

**Hasenakuu**, はせわかふ, 馳向, v.t. To urge the horse in the direction of; to gallop toward.

**Hagen**, はせん, 波線, n. A wave line.

**Hasen**, はせん, 破船, n. A shipwreck. —*suru*, v.t. To be shipwrecked. [drive.]

**Haseru**, はせる, 馳, v.t. To walk fast; to ride or drive around.  
*Uma wo haseru*, 馬ヲ馳ル, to ride fast on horseback; to urge a horse.

**Hasesuku**, はせつく, 馳付, v.t. To overtake by running, riding or galloping.

**Haseyoru**, はせよる, 馳寄, v.t. To gather by riding; to come up in haste (as an army).  
 Syn. KAKERYOU.

**Hashigasu**, はせがす, v.t. [caus. of Hashagu.] To cause to dry up. [dity.]

**Hashagi**, はせやぎ, 燥, n. Drying; dryness; arid.

**Hashagu**, はせやく, 乾燥, v.t. To dry up or to become parched (as the ground).  
 Syn. HIRU, KAWAKU.

**Hashi**, はし, 橋, 架, n. A bridge.  
*Hashi wo kakuru*, 橋ヲ架ル, to build a bridge across; *Hashi wo wataru*, 橋ヲ渡ル, to cross a bridge; *Hashi wo watasu*, 橋ヲ渡ス, to throw a bridge across; *Kake hashi*, 懸橋, a suspension bridge; *Sori hashi*, 反橋, an arched bridge.

**Hashi**, はし, 箸, n. Chop-sticks.  
*Hashi de hasamu*, 箸ヲ挟ム, to hold with chop-sticks; *Hashi no ageoshi ni kogoto 100 ū*, 箸ノ塚ノ御シニ小言ヲ云フ, [coll.] [lit.] to grumble even while handling chop-sticks; to murmur constantly; *Hashi wo toru*, 箸ヲ取ル, to take the chop-sticks (preparatory to eating).

**Hashi**, はし, 喙, n. The bill or beak of a bird.  
 Syn. KUCHIBASHI.

**Hashi**, はし, 端, n. ① The beginning, cause, or origin of anything; starting point. ② The extremity; end; termination. ③ The margins or borders (of a matting); edge; brink. ④ Part of a house near the entrance. ⑤ A small piece; a fragment.  
*Arashi no hashi*, 嵐ノ端, the cause of a dispute; *Fumi no hashi*, 文ノ端, the end or latter

part of a letter or any other writing; *Kami no hashi*, 紙ノ端, a piece of paper; the margin of a paper.  
 Syn. FUCHI, HAJI, HERI. [paper.]

**Hashibako**, はしばこ, 箸箱, n. A box for chop-sticks.

**Hashibami**, はしばみ, 鳩尾, n. A dove-tail joint.

**Hashibami**, はしばみ, 榛, n. [Bot.] *Hazel, Corylus heterophylla*. [Fibert.]

**Hashibami-no-mi**, はしばみのみ, 榛實, n. [Bot.]

**Hashibashi**, はしはし, 四邊, n. Four sides; extreme parts or borders of a country.

**Hashihiro-gamo**, はしひろがも, n. [Ornith.] Shoveller.  
 Syn. MEGURIGAMO.

**Hashihose-garasu**, はしほせがらす, 慈鳥, n. [Ornith.] Carrion crow, *Corvus corone*.  
 Syn. SATOGARASU.

**Hashibune**, はしぶね, 船舟, n. A small boat.  
 Syn. TEMMA.

**Hashibuto-garasu**, はしぶとがらす, 嚙太鳥, n. [Ornith.] Oriental raven, *Corvus macrorhynchos*.  
 Syn. YAMAGARASU. [Japanensis.]

**Hashidate**, はしだて, 樹橋, n. A ladder.

**Hashigakari**, はしがかり, 橋懸, n. A bridge-like corridor with railings, through which actors enter the stage.

**Hashigaki**, はしがき, 端寄序, n. ① A preface. ② A post-script.  
 Syn. JORIN, KAESUGAKI, NAONAOGAKI.

**Hashigeta**, はしげた, 橋桁, n. The cross beams of a bridge.

**Hashigo**, はしご, 梯子, n. A ladder; stairs.  
*Hashigo wo noboru*, 梯子ヲ登ル, to climb a ladder.  
 Syn. DAMBASHIGO, KIDAHASHI.

**Hashigodan**, はしごだん, 梯子段, n. A staircase.

**Hashigogata**, はしごがた, 橋形, n. [Math.] Trapezium.

**Hashigo-no-ko**, はしごのこ, 橋段, n. The rounds or steps of a ladder.

**Hashigo-nori**, はしごのり, 梯子乗, n. A display of agility on ladders by firemen in the first month of the year.

**Hashigui**, はしぐい, 橋枕, 橋脚, n. Wooden piles supporting a bridge. [a bridge.]

**Hashiita**, はしいた, 橋板, n. The floor or planks of

**Hashijika**, はしじか, 端近, n. Near the entrance of a house; the lowest seat.  
 Syn. AGARIHANA.

**Hashika**, はしか, 穂, n. The beard of wheat.

**Hashika**, はしか, 麻疹, n. [Med.] The measles.  
*Hashika ni kakaru*, 麻疹ニカスル, to have [the measles].  
 Syn. MASHIN.

**Hashikake**, はしかかけ, 橋掛, n. [coll.] One who acts as a go-between; a mediator.



**Hashikan**, はしかん, 野海菜, *n.* [Bot.] *Bredia hirsuta*.

**Hashiko-bune**, はしけぶね, 船, 脚船, *n.* A cargo-boat; a small boat.

**Hashikeru**, はしける, 船, *v.t.* To take out goods from a ship by boat loads.

**Hashikoshi**, -し, はしこし, 敏, *a.* Quick witted; sagacious; sharp; smart; shrewd; cunning; *Syn.* KASHIKOSHI, SUBAYASHI. [active.]

**Hashikwa**, はしかわ, 葛花, *n.* [Bot.] *Caragana*. *Syn.* MURESUZUME. [chamlaqu.]

**Hashimori**, はしもり, 橋吏, *n.* A bridge keeper; a guard stationed to defend a bridge.

**Hashimoto**, はしもと, 橋本, *n.* The foot of a bridge.

**Hashinaku**, はしなく, 無端, *adv.* Rashly; suddenly; unexpectedly; all of a sudden. *Hashinaku yukiau*, 無端行過, to meet with unexpectedly on a road. *Syn.* HAKARAZI, YUKURINAKU.

**Hashinui**, はしぬい, 端縫, *n.* Sewing the ends or borders of a piece of cloth. [teeth.]

**Hashio**, はしお, *n.* The tartar collecting about the

**Hashira**, はしら, 柱, *n.* ① A pillar; a column; a post. ② Numeral for gods. *Hashira wo tatsu*, 柱ヲ立ツ, to erect a pillar; to set up a post; *Mon no hashira*, 門ノ柱, the pillar of a gate; *Mi-hashira no kami*, 三柱ノ神, the three deities. [valve shell.]

**Hashira**, はしら, 筋, *n.* The ligaments of a bladder. *Syn.* KAI-NO-HASHIRA.

**Hashira-dai**, はしらだい, 柱臺, *n.* The base of a pillar. [of a mast.]

**Hashira-dama**, はしらだま, 礎, *n.* Cross-pieces

**Hashiradate**, はしらだて, 柱礎, *n.* A ceremony performed on setting up pillars or completing the framework of a building.

**Hashiradokei**, はしらだけい, 柱時計, *n.* A clock, [lit.] a timepiece for hanging from a pillar. *Syn.* KAKEDOKU.

**Hashirakakushi**, はしらかくし, 柱懸, 柱懸, *n.* An ornamental board with pictures or inscriptions, hung against the pillars of a room to screen them.

**Hashirakasu**, はしらかす, 令走, *v.t.* [coll.] To let run; to cause to sail.

**Hashiramiso**, はしらみそ, 柱紋, *n.* The furrows of a pillar.

**Hashiranuki**, はしらぬき, 柱頭, *n.* The upper part of a pillar.

**Hashirasu**, はしらす, 令走, *v.t.* [caus. of Hashiru.] To cause to run, to dispatch (as a messenger). *Mito wo hashirasu*, 入ヲ走ス, to let a person run; *Tsukai wo hashirasu*, 使ヲ走ラス, to dispatch a messenger. *Syn.* HASHIRASERU.

**Hashiri**, はしり, 走, *n.* ① Act of running. ② A sliding motion (as of a door). ③ A sink in a kitchen, for carrying off filthy water. ④ First goods, or goods brought to the market for the first time in the year. *To no hashiri guwat ga yoi*, 戸ノ走り工合が好イ, the motion of the door is very good, or the door slides very easily.

**Hashiriguru**, はしりぐる, 走, *v.t.* To run up

**Hashiribi**, はしりび, 走火, *n.* Sparks. [to.] *Syn.* TOBIHI.

**Hashiridokoro**, はしりどころ, 藪野, *n.* [Bot.] *Scopolia japonica*.

**Hashirigaki**, はしりがき, 走書, 快書, *n.* Act of writing fast; a running hand. [der.] *Syn.* HAYAGAKI.

**Hashirigumo**, はしりぐも, *n.* [Entom.] Kind of spider

**Hashirihodashi**, はしりはたえ, *n.* Shackles on horses. [fountain.]

**Hashiri-ji**, はしりじ, 石泉, *n.* An artesian well; a

**Hashiri-deru**, はしりでる, 走出, *v.t.* To run out.

**Hashiri-iru**, はしりいる, 走入, *v.t.* To run in; to rush into.

**Hashiri-ji**, はしりじ, 血痔, *n.* Bleeding piles.

**Hashirikaeru**, はしりかへる, 走返, *v.t.* To run back.

**Hashirikoeru**, はしりこへる, *v.t.* To jump over (as a fence) in running; to run over.

**Hashirikurabe**, はしりくらべ, 走競, 競走, *n.* A trial of speed; a race. *Syn.* KAKEKURABE.

**Hashirikusa**, はしりくさ, 丹遊標, *n.* Erisipelas.

**Hashirimawaru**, はしりまわる, 走廻, *v.t.* and *i.* To run around.

**Hashirimukau**, はしりむかう, 走向, *v.t.* To run towards; to go towards by galloping or running.

**Hashirishu**, はしりしゆ, 徒歩衆, *n.* A class of inferior officials in the service of the Shōgunate, who followed the Shōgun on foot when he went [out.] *Syn.* KACHISHU.

**Hashiri-uma**, はしりうま, 走馬, *n.* ① A swift horse. ② Horse race.

**Hashiryoru**, はしりよる, 走勢, *v.t.* To approach or get near by running.

**Hashirizukai**, はしりづかい, 走使, *n.* A servant dispatched on pressing messages; a servant boy.

**Hashirizumi**, はしりずみ, 走炭, *n.* Cracking or snapping charcoal. *Syn.* HANEZUMI, HARAZUMI.

**Hashiru**, はしる, 走, *v.t.* ① To go or ride fast; to run. ② To flee; to escape; to take to flight. ③ To flow; to sail fast. ④ To splash; to dash; to gush out. ⑤ To move or act freely. *Basha ga hashiru*, 馬車が走ル, the carriage

goes fast; *Chi ga hashiru*, 血が走ル, the blood gushes out; the blood splashes; *Fude ga hashiru*, 筆が走ル, the pen moves freely; *Mi ga hashiru*, 火が走ル, the fire snaps; *Katana ga hashiru*, 刀が走ル, the sword drops out of the sheath; *Kisha ga hashiru*, 汽車が走ル, the train runs; *Kuchi ga hashiru*, 口が走ル, to be very fluent in speech; to slip or err in speech; *Mizu ga hashiru*, 水が走ル, the water flows swiftly; *Sai ga hashiru*, 才が走ル, to be sharp-witted; to be smart.

**Hashita**, はした, 端下, 半, *n.* ① A fraction; a fragment. ② A sum of money less than a dollar. *Hashita ga aru*, 端下が出ル, there is a little over; *Hashita ni aru*, 端下ニナル, to become insufficient; *Zen no hashita*, 銭ノ端下, a fractional sum of money, or cash less than a dollar. *Syn.* HANPA, NAKAZORA.

**Hashita**, はした, 下俵, 娘女, *n.* A female

**Hashitame**, はしため, 下俵, 娘女, *n.* A female servant. *Syn.* GEJO, MIZUSHIME.

**Hashitaka**, はしたか, 雌, *n.* [Ornith.] Female of

**Hashitaka**, はしたか, 雌, *n.* [Ornith.] Female of

**Hashitamono**, はしたもの, *n.* ① A cloth wanting in measure to make up a *tan* or piece; an imperfect set of anything. ② An inferior servant.

**Hashitanashi**, -し, はしたなし, *a.* Low, mean, or base. Used chiefly in speaking of one's

**Hashitomi**, はしたみ, *n.* The lower leaf of a door, having two leaves, the upper one of which only can be opened or closed.

**Hashiwatashi**, はしわたし, 橋渡, *n.* Serving as a mediator; a go-between. [gaok.] *Syn.* TOKIMOCHI.

**Hashizukuri**, はしづくり, 橋作, *n.* Same as Hashitame.

**Hashizume**, はしづめ, 橋高, *n.* The place where a bridge touches the land; proximity to a bridge.

**Hashizutsu**, はしづつ, 箸高, *n.* A case for chopsticks.

**Hashōfū**, はしやうふう, 破傷風, *n.* [Med.] Lock-jaw; tetanus.

**Hashori**, はしより, 端折, *n.* [cont. of Hashi and ori.] Tucking up the skirts by girding them under the belt.

**Hashoru**, はしよる, 端折, *v.t.* To tuck up; to shorten; to reduce in length; to abbreviate. *Ku wo hashoru*, 句ヲ端折ル, to abbreviate a phrase; *Shiri wo hashoru*, 褌ヲ端折ル, to tuck up the skirt of the long coat by sticking it under the belt at the back; *Suso wo hashoru*, 裾ヲ端折ル, to tuck up the skirt. *Syn.* HABUKU, MIKAKU SERU.

**Hashu**, はしゆ, 播種, *n.* [Chin.] Sowing seeds. — *suru*, *v.t.* To sow.

**Hashuki**, はしゆき, 播種器, *n.* A seed-sower. *Syn.* TANEMAKI.

**Hashutan**, はしゆつ, 派出, *n.* Going out on some official duty; sending out officials (usually to different places at the same time). — *suru*, *v.t.* To send out (as officials).

**Hashutsujo**, はしゆつじよ, 派出所, *n.* A branch office; a station (especially of policemen).

**Hasoku suru**, はそくする, 把捉, *v.t.* To grasp; to hold.

**Hason**, はそん, 破損, *n.* Damage; injury (to a building, furniture, apparatus, etc.). *Hason wo shuzen su*, 破損ヲ修繕ス, to repair damages. — *suru*, *v.t.* and *i.* To damage or injure; to be damaged or spoiled. *Syn.* ITAMU, YABURU.

**Hassai**, はっさい, 八歳, *n.* Eight years of age.

**Hassai**, はっさい, 發才, *n.* and *a.* Development of intellect; intelligent; sagacious. *Hassai mono*, 發才モノ, a sagacious person. — *suru*, *v.t.* To become developed in intellect.

**Hassaku**, はっさく, 八朔, *n.* The first day of the eighth month (o. s.), when small earthen vessels filled with the young grains of rice were offered by farmers as presents to their landlords and friends; later the people came to exchange presents of various other kinds.

**Hassaku suru**, はっさくする, 發作, *v.t.* To rise up; to be suddenly and violently attacked by a disease.

**Hassan**, はっさん, 八算, *n.* [Math.] The multiplication or division in arithmetic, in which multiplier or divisor consists of a single figure. *Hassan ken-ichi*, 八算見一, arithmetical division and multiplication.

**Hassan**, はっさん, 發散, *n.* and *a.* [Physics.] Divergence; divergent. *Hassan sokusen*, 發散束線, divergent pencil.

**Hassai**, はっさい, 發聲, *n.* Uttering the voice, utterance; shout; pronunciation.

**Hassai suru**, はっさいする, 發生, *v.t.* To grow; to germinate; to increase.

**Hassai suru**, はっさいする, 發誓, *v.t.* [Chin.] To make an oath; to swear.

**Hassen**, はっせん, 八千, *n.* Eight thousand.

**Hassen**, はっせん, 八事, *n.* A calendar period of twelve days, supposed to be unlucky for marriage matters.

**Hassen**, はっせん, 發船, *n.* The sailing out of a vessel from a port. — *suru*, *v.t.* To leave port; to start on a voyage.

**Hassha**, はっしゃ, 發車, *n.* The departure of a railway train or a stage coach. — *suru*, *v.t.* To start on a train.



Hasshi to, はっしと, adv. The sound made by striking any hard substances together.

Hasshi to kirisukeru, ハッシト切付ケル, to give a quick blow with a sword.

Hasshin, はっしん, 痘疹, n. [Med.] Eruption.

Hasshin-chibusu, はっしんちぶす, 痘疹瘡扶私, n. [Med.] Eruptive typhus.

Hasshinso, はっしんそう, 痘疹瘡, n. [Med.] An eruption on the skin.

Hasshin suru, はっしんする, 痘疹, v.t. To despatch a message.

Hasshō, はっしやう, 八省, n. The eight departments of state in the ancient Imperial government, viz., Chūmushō (中務省), Shikibu (式部省), Jūbushō (治部省), Minbu (民部省), Hyōbushō (兵部省), Gyōbushō (刑部省), Ōkurashō (大藏省), and Kunaiishō (宮内省), for each of which see under its respective head.

Hasshōin, はっしやういん, 八省院, n. A chamber in the ancient Imperial Court where the Emperor attended to public affairs.

Hasshōjin, はっしやうじん, 八將神, n. The eight deities, or the points of the compass in the directions of which these deities were supposed by ancient astrologers to exist.

Hasshōmame, はっしやうまめ, 藜豆, n. [Bot.] Mucuna capitata.

Hasshū, はっしゅう, 八宗, n. The eight denominations of Buddhism originally introduced from China, viz.: Gusha (俱舍), Jijitsu (成實), Ritsu (律), Hossō (法相), Sanron (三論), Tendai (天台), Keion (倶利伽藍), and Shingon (真言). The Tendai and the Shingon were most generally adopted, and from these two sects afterwards sprung various new sects such as the Jūshū (淨土宗), Ikkō (一向宗), Nichirenshū (日蓮宗), etc.

Hasshū, はっしゅう, 八州, n. The eight provinces east of Hakone, namely, Musashi (武蔵), Sagami (相模), Awa (安房), Kazusa (上總), Shimoosa (下總), Hitachi (常陸), Kōtsuke (上野), and Shimotsuke (下野).

Hasshutsu suru, はっしゅつする, 發出, v.t. To issue from; to emanate; to flow out.

Hassoku suru, はっそくする, 發足, v.t. To depart.

Hossaku suru, はっそくする, 發, v.t. To depart from; to leave.

Hasu, はっす, 發, v.t. and i. ① To send out; ② to issue; to emit; to burst forth; to utter. ③ To flash out; to manifest; to develop. ④ To raise or utter (as a voice). ⑤ To depart from; to leave.

Dasei wo hassu, 怒聲ヲ發ス, to raise an angry shout; Gunzei wo hassuru, 軍勢ヲ發ス, to send forth an army; Jū wo hassu, 銃ヲ發ス, to fire a gun; Koe wo hassu, 聲ヲ發ス, to utter a

voice; Kōkei wo hassuru, 香氣ヲ發ス, to emit an odour; to give out fragrance; Jiyaku wo hassu, 額ヲ發ス, to leave the capital; Netsu wo hassu, 熱ヲ發ス, to have fever.

Syn. HIRAKU, OKORU, OKOSU.

Hasun, はっすん, 八寸, n. ① [Lit.] Eight sun (or inches). ② A two legged dining table eight sun in height. [Nelumbium speciosum.]

Hasu, はっす, 蓮, n. [Bot.] The lotus, more properly

Syn. HACHISU, RENGE.

Hasu, はっす, 鰯, n. [Ichth.] The bonito.

Hasu, はっす, 斜, a. Obliquely; diagonally.

Hasu ni sogu, 斜ニ殺ス, to cut or pare off obliquely; Hasu ni yuku, 斜ニ行ク, to go in an oblique direction.

Syn. NAZOE, SUIJIKAE.

Hasū, はっす, 端數, n. The number or amount remaining over; odds; balance.

Hasugiri, はっすぎり, 斜割, n. An oblique cut.

Hasuha, はっすは, 煙囪, n. [coll.] ① A noisy person (especially women). ② Waitresses at an inn.

Hasuhasu, はっすはす, 小端, n. Fragments; fraction; odd and even.

Syn. HANTA.

Hasui, はっすい, 産水, n. Water discharged from the womb before parturition. [Epitatus.]

Hasuichigo, はっすいちご, 睡獅子, n. [Bot.] Rubus

Hasuike, はっすいけ, 蓮池, n. A pond where the hasu is grown. [Fagantia.]

Hasu-imo, はっすいも, 白芋, n. [Bot.] Leucocastia

Hasuji, はっすじ, 通痔, n. [Med.] Fistula in anus.

Syn. ANAJI.

Hasukake, はっすかけ, a. Same as Hasu.

Hasukazura, はっすかざら, 防已, n. [Bot.] Coccoloba.

Hasumeshi, はっすめし, 進飯, 荷葉飯, n. Rice wrapped in hasu leaves and steamed; also rice boiled with the young leaves of hasu chopped fine.

Hasu ni, はっすに, adv. Obliquely; diagonally; in a slanting position. [Hasu.]

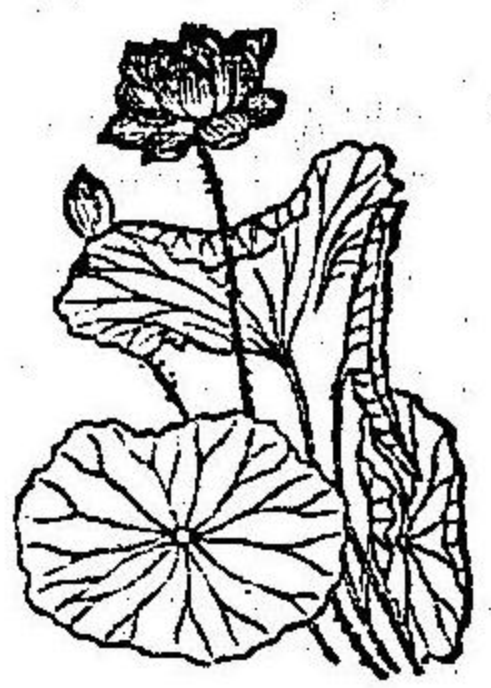
Hasu-no-ha, はっすのは, 蓮葉, n. The leaves of the

Hasu-no-ha-kazura, はっすのはかざら, 千金藤, n. [Bot.] Stephania hernandifolia.

Hasu-no-hana, はっすのはな, 蓮花, n. The flower of the Nelumbium speciosum.

Hasu-no-i, はっすのい, 蓮飯, n. Kocameshi wrapped in a hasu leaf and offered to the spirit of the dead in the bon festival. [Got hasu.]

Hasu-no-no, はっすのね, 蓮根, n. [Bot.] Rhizoma Sjn. RENKON.



Hasuru, はっする, 馳, v.t. To drive on; to hasten; to gallop. [gallop.]

Uma wo hasuru, 馬ヲ馳スル, to make horse

Hasuru, はっする, 走, 奔, v.t. To run fast.

Hata, はた, 畠, 畑, n. An upland field.

Syn. HATAKE.

Hata, はた, 旗, 幟, 幡, n. ① A flag, ensign, or standard; a banner. ② A kite (Kyūshū dialect).

Hata wo ageru, 旗ヲ揚ル, to hoist a flag; Hata wo orosu, 旗ヲ翻ス, to wave a banner; Hata wo orosu, 旗ヲ翻ス, to unfurl a flag.

Hata, はた, 機, n. A loom.

Hata wo oru, 機ヲ織ル, to weave.

Hata, はた, 端, 傍, n. and adv. The side; vicinity; near by.

Hata yori miru, 傍ヨリ見ル, to look at from the side; to be a looker on; Hata ni tatsu, 傍ニ立ツ, to stand near by; Jō no hata, 井戸ノ傍, near, or the side of, a well.

Syn. HASHI, HETI, HETA, HOTORI, SORA.

Hata, はた, 將, conj. Moreover; again; besides; or; otherwise.

Syn. YAHARI.

Hata, はた, 鰭, n. The fin of a fish.

Hata no samono, 鰭ノ狭物, small fishes.

Syn. HIRE.

Hata, はた, 鯉, n. [Ichth.] Fish belonging to the genus Serranus.

Hata-nishi, はたにし, 旗幅, n. The lower end of a flag.

Hataburi, はたぶり, 幅, n. The breadth (as of

Syn. HABA. [clothes].

Hatabaru, はたばる, v.t. To be wide or extended (as clothes).

Hatabako, はたばこ, 旗標, n. A spear with a small flag attached; a banner.

Hatachi, はたち, 二十歳, a. Twenty years old.

Hatae, はたえ, 畫稿, n. The rough sketch of a picture.

Hatae, はたへ, 二十重, a. Twenty fold.

Hatagashira, はたがしら, 旗頭, 頭首, n. The most powerful or influential among daimyō; the leading power.

Kyūshū no hatagashira, 九州ノ旗頭, the leading power in Kyūshū.

Hatago, はたご, 旅籠, n. ① Originally, a box for feeding a horse on a journey; hence corrupted to mean baggage or a trunk (rare). ② A hotel, an inn. ③ The fare charged for lodging.

Hatago wa nanibodo, 旅籠ハ何程, how much is the fare? Hatago wo harau, 旅籠ヲ拂フ, to pay the fare for lodging.

Syn. TOMARI, YADORI.

Hatagosen, はたごせん, 旅籠料, n. The fare charged for lodging.

Hatagoryō, はたごりやう, 旅籠料, n. Same as above.

Hatagoshōbai, はたごしょうばい, 旅籠商賣, n. The occupation of an inn-keeper. [A tavern.]

Hatagoya, はたごや, 旅籠屋, n. An inn; a hotel; Syn. RYOSHUKU, RYOEN, YADOYA.

Hatadana, はたばた, 雲魚, n. [Ichth.] Trichodon stelleri? [feet.]

Hatabiro, はたひろ, 機尋, n. Seven fathoms=23

Hatairo, はたいろ, 旗色, n. [lit.] The colour or condition of a flag; the appearance or state of an army in a battle with reference to its chance of victory.

Hatajine, はたね, 機織, n. The threads left loose at the end of woven stuffs.

Hatajiro, はたじろ, n. [Ichth.] Serranus moara.

Hatajirushi, はたじろし, 旗標, 旗章, n. A flag; an ensign.

Hatakaru, はたかる, v.t. To be wide open; to stand with the legs wide apart.

Hatakazari, はたかざり, 袴飾, n. An ornament attached to a flag.

Hatake, はたけ, 畠, 圃, n. A field; a garden.

Hana batake, 花畠, a flower garden; Yasai batake, 野菜畠, a vegetable garden.

Hatake, はたけ, 癩, n. A kind of skin disease.

Hatake-ine, はたけいね, 畑稻, n. Upland rice.

Hatakegusa, はたけぐさ, 芥癩, n. A kind of skin disease. [Physalis angulata.]

Hatake-hōzuki, はたけほづき, 苦蕒, n. [Bot.]

Hatake-mono, はたけもの, 畑田作物, n. Crops raised in the upland fields or vegetable gardens.

Hatake-mushiro, はたけむしろ, 半邊蓮, n. [Bot.] Lobelia radicans.

Hatakenna, はたけな, 菘, n. [Bot.] Brassica sp.

Hatake-nezumi, はたけねづみ, n. [Zool.] Mus spectosus.

Hatakeru, はたける, v.t. To stretch apart (as the legs); to open wide (as the mouth).

Hatake-susage, はたけささげ, 萩草, n. [Bot.] Vigna sinensis.

Hatake-tsukuri, はたけつくり, 圃人, 作男, n. An agricultural labourer; a farmer.

Hatake-zeri, はたけぜり, 旱草, n. [Bot.] Cryptantha japonica.

Hatuki, はたき, 拂塵, n. A paper duster.

Syn. CHIRIHARAI, SAHAI.

Hataku, はたく, 搥, v.t. [coll.] ① To beat or strike; to dust. ② To exhaust (as one's property); to use up.

Chiri wo hataku, 塵ヲ搥ク, to beat out the dust; to dust; Mugi wo hataku, 麥ヲ搥ク, to thresh wheat; Shinshū wo hataku, 身上ヲ搥ク, [coll.] to exhaust one's property.

Syn. TATAKU, UTSU. [loom.]

Hatakusabi, はたかすび, 機織, n. A wedge in a



**Hatamota**, はたまた, 將又, *conj.* Besides; moreover; again; in addition to this.  
Syn. KATSUMATA.

**Hatambo**, はたんぼ, *n.* [*Ichth.*] *Pempheris molucca*.

**Hatamoku**, はためく, 鳴動, *v.t.* To make a loud noise; to roar; to thunder. [thunder roars. *Kaminari ga hatamoku*, 雷が鳴動す, the  
Syn. NARIBIKU, TODOROKU.

**Hatamochi**, はたもち, 旗手, *n.* A standard-bearer; an ensign. [Woven stuff.]

**Hatamono**, はたもの, 機, *n.* [rare.] A loom. [2]

**Hatamoto**, はたもと, 旗手, *n.* The immediate vassals or the household troops of the Shōgun; a feudatory.  
*Hatamoto hachiman ga*, 旗手八万騎, the Shōgun's household troops eighty thousand strong.

**Hatanakyō**, はたなきょう, 巴且香, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Prunus amygdalus*.

**Hatanodaikon**, はたのたいこん, 水經菘, *n.* [*Bot.*] The watery radish.

**Hata-no-hi**, はたのひ, 機織, *n.* A weaver's shuttle.

**Hatatori**, はたとり, 機織, *n.* Weaving; a weaver.

**Hataori**, はたお, *n.* [*Entom.*] Same as *Hataori-mushi*.

**Hataori-gumo**, はたおぐも, *n.* [*Entom.*] A species of Arachnida.

**Hataori-kikai**, はたおきかい, 機織機, *n.* A weaving machine.

**Hataorime**, はたおりめ, 機織, *n.* A female weaver.

**Hataori-mushi**, はたおむし, *n.* [*Entom.*] A grasshopper, *Truxalis* sp.

**Hataori-mushi**, はたおむし, 莎蟲, *n.* [*Entom.*] A grasshopper, *Truxalis* sp.

**Hatarakasu**, はたらかす, 令働, *v.t.* [*caus.* of *Hataraki*.] To cause to act; to let work or labour.

**Hataraki**, はたらし, 働, *n.* [1] Action; movement; work; achievement; doing; operation; function; deed. [2] Activity of intellect; originality; sagacity; resource. [3] A labourer; workman. [4] [*Gram.*] Conjugation.  
*Bakkun no hataraki*, 抜群ノ働, an extraordinary achievement; an unusual exploit; *Hataraki ga nai*, 働がない, to be deficient in sagacity; *Hataraki no aru hito*, 働ノアル人, a man of resource; *Kikai no hataraki*, 機織ノ働, the work or power of a machine, the motion of a machine.

**Hataraki-hachi**, はたらしはち, 働蜂, *n.* [*Entom.*] A worker-bee.

**Hatarakikake**, はたらしかけ, 働掛, *n.* Beginning to labour; commencement of work.

**Hatarakikotoba**, はたらしことば, 働詞, *n.* [*Gram.*] Syn. DŌSHI, YŌGEN. [A verb.]

**Hataraku**, はたらく, 働, *v.t.* and *i.* To act; to do; to perform; to labour; to exert one's self.

**Hataru**, はたさる, 償, 徴, *v.t.* To demand; to demand the payment of a debt; *Kane wo hataru*, 金を徴す, to demand the payment of money.  
Syn. SAIBOKU SURU, SEMERU.

**Hatasaku**, はたさく, 畑作, *n.* Products of upland farms.

**Hatasashi**, はたさし, 旗差, 旗手, *n.* A standard bearer; a colour-sergeant; an ensign.

**Hatashi**, はたし, 旗証, *n.* A maker of flags of ensigns.

**Hatashiai**, はたしあひ, 果合, 決闘, *n.* A duel.

**Hatashinu**, はたさるふ, 果合, *v.t.* To kill each other (as in a duel).

**Hatashijō**, はたしじょう, 果狀, *n.* A letter conveying a summons to fight a duel; a challenge.  
*Hatashijō wo okuru*, 果狀ヲ送ル, to send a letter of challenge (for fighting a duel).

**Hatashita**, はたまた, 旗手, 旗下, *n.* Same as *Hatamoto*.  
*Hatashita ni tsuku*, 旗下ニツク, to become a retainer of the Shōgun; to become a subject of.

**Hatashite**, はたまで, 果, *adv.* Just; precisely; really; as I thought; as might have been expected.  
*Hatashite itsuwari de atta*, 果シテ偽デアツタ, it was a lie just as I thought; *Hatashite sono ōri naraba*, 果シテ其通りナラズ, if it be really so.

**Hatatsu**, はたす, 果, *v.t.* [1] To complete; to succeed; to fulfill, realize, or achieve; to go through. [2] To kill; to murder; to put an end to; to do away with.  
*Uchi hatasu*, 打チテス, to kill or assassinate, *Waga mokuteki wo hatasu*, 我ノ目的ヲ果ス, to accomplish one's object; *Yakusoku wo hatasu*, 約束ヲ果ス, to perform a promise.  
Syn. OWARI, SUMASE, TOGERU.

**Hatatagami**, はたたがみ, 霹靂, *n.* Violent thunder  
Syn. KANBACHI. [or lightning]

**Hatataki**, はたたき, 踏込, *n.* Clapping the wings.

**Hatato**, はたと, 驚, *adv.* [1] Uttering a sound like that produced by a sudden concussion. [2] Also an exclam. of surprise: really! entirely! there! lol  
*Hatato te wo utsu*, 驚ト手ヲ拍ツ, clapping the hands as in a sudden emotion; *Hatato towaku suru*, 驚ト當惑スル, to be completely at a loss what to do; *Hatato wasurete*, 驚ト忘レテ, I have clean forgotten it; *Hatato yuki sumaru*, 驚ト行キツマル, to come to a sudden pause in speech; to be entirely at a loss what to say next.  
Syn. HASSHIRO, TONTO.

**Hatatose**, はたとせ, 二十年, *n.* Twenty years; two decades.

**Hatatumori**, はたつもり, 陰塔, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Eurya japonica*; *Clethra barblueris*!

**Hataya**, はたや, 機屋, *n.* A weaving room; a seller or manufacturer of looms.

**Hatazao**, はたざお, 旗竿, *n.* A flag-pole.

**Hatazao**, はたざお, 南芥菜, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Arabis perfoliata*.

**Hatchin**, はちん, 八珍, *n.* [*Chin.*] Eight kinds of delicacies; the liver of a dragon (龍肝), the spinal marrow of a phoenix (鳳髓), the palm of a bear (熊掌), etc. [*Libellula* sp.]

**Hatchō-tombo**, はちょうとんぼ, *n.* [*Entom.*]

**Hate**, はて, 極底, *interj.* An exclam. of perplexity, wonder, or surprise; dear me! woe is me!  
*Hate komatta monoda*, ハテ困タモノダ, dear me! what a dilemma; how it perplexes me.

**Hate**, はて, 果, 際, *n.* [1] The end, extremity, termination. [2] The result; conclusion; consequence; issue.  
*Michi no hate*, 道ノ果, the end of a road; *Hate ga nai*, 限限がない, there is no limit; it is boundless; to have no ending; *Hate wa kyōki sa*, 果ヘ乞食サ, the consequence will be a life of begging.  
Syn. OWARI, SHIMAI. [begging.]

**Hatchate owa**, はてはては, 果果, *adv.* Finally; in the end; as the consequence. [Tsumari.]  
Syn. HATE NO HATE, SUR NO SUR, TODO NO

**Hateru**, はてる, 果, *v.t.* [1] To end; to terminate; to be concluded. [2] To die. [3] Affixed to verbs, it intensifies their meaning.  
*Shibai ga hataeta*, 滑稽ガハテタ, the play is over; *Hitode ni kakatte hatemashita*, 人手ニカケテ果テマシタ, he died by the hand of another; *Komari hateru*, 困リ果テル, to be exceedingly troubled; to be in an utter perplexity.  
Syn. OWARI, SHIMAU. [conclusion.]

**Hateshi**, はてし, 果, *n.* Limit; end; termination; no ending; *Hateshi ga tsukanu*, 果ガツカズ, to be interminable; to have no conclusion.  
Syn. KAGIRI, SAIGEN.

**Hato**, はと, 鳩, *n.* [*Ornith.*] A dove; pigeon.

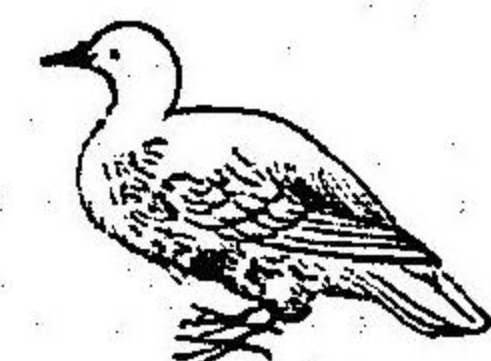
**Hatō**, はたう, 波濤, *n.* [*Chin.*] Waves; billows; surges.

**Hatoba**, はとば, 埠頭, *n.* A wharf; a pier.

**Hatofuki**, はとふき, *n.* Imitating the voice of a pigeon with the palms of the hands (often made by hunters to attract deer, stags, etc.).

**Hatomugi**, はとむぎ, 蕎麥, *n.* [*Bot.*] Pearl barley, Job's tears, *Coix lacryma*.

**Hatomune**, はとむね, 鳩胸, *n.* Chicken-breast.



**Hatomushi**, はとむし, *n.* [*Entom.*] *Bythocapus* sp.  
Syn. EBOSHIMUSHI.

**Hato-no-kuruma**, はとのくるま, 鳩車, *n.* A toy consisting of two wheels having a wooden pigeon or pigeons perched on its axle.

**Hatsu**, はつ, 幾, *n.* A numeral for counting the discharge of guns. [early]

**Hatsu**, はつ, 初, *n.* and *a.* The first; beginning  
*Uguisu no hatsu-ne*, 鶯ノ初音, the first note of the nightingale.

**Hatsu**, はつ, 果, *v.t.* Same as *Hateru*.

**Hatsuan**, はつあん, 發賣, *n.* A proposition; a proposal.  
Syn. DŌGI. [proposal]

**Hatsubai**, はつばい, 發賣, *n.* The selling; sale.  
*Hatsubai wo kinzuru*, 發賣ヲ禁ズル, to prohibit the sale of.  
—suru, *v.t.* To sell.  
Syn. URIDASHI, URIHIROME.

**Hatsubō**, はつぼう, 發泡, *n.* A blistering plaster.

**Happō**, はつぱう, 發泡, *n.* A blistering plaster.  
*Hatsubō wo haru*, 發泡ヲハル, to apply a blister.

**Hatsuda**, はつた, 發兌, *n.* Publishing a book; publication; issue. —suru, *v.t.* To publish.

**Hatsudake**, はつたけ, 發蕈, *n.* [*Bot.*] A kind of mushroom.

**Hatsudō suru**, はつどうする, 發動, *v.t.* To move.

**Hatsugakubai**, はつかくばい, 八等梅, *n.* [*Bot.*] A variety of plum-tree, having eight fruits in one  
Syn. YATSUNCSA NO UME. [cluster.]

**Hatsugatsuo**, はつがつかう, *n.* *Katsuo* appearing in the market for the first time in the season.

**Hatsugen**, はつげん, 發言, *n.* Speaking; uttering.

**Hatsugon**, はつごん, 發音, *n.* Opening word, or speech. —suru, *v.t.* To speak; to utter.

**Hatsugi**, はつぎ, 發議, *n.* A motion made in a deliberative assembly; proposal. —suru, *v.t.* To make a motion; to move; to propose.

**Hatsugi-sha**, はつぎしゃ, 發議者, *n.* The proposer of a measure, or opener of a debate. [male]

**Hatsugo**, はつご, 初子, *n.* The firstlings of ant

**Hatsugin**, はつぐん, 發軍, *n.* Sending out troops —suru, *v.t.* To march out an army; to dispatch troops.

**Hatsuhana**, はつはな, 初花, *n.* The first blossom of a young tree; flowers blooming for the first time in the season.

**Hatsuhana-zome**, はつはなぞめ, 初花染, *n.* Dying with the first crop of the safflower.

**Hatsuharu**, はつはる, 初春, *n.* The beginning of spring. [fly; a little]

**Hatsuhatsu ni**, はつはつに, *adv.* Rarely; scarce  
Syn. ISASAKA, MARE.

**Hatsuhatsu**, はつはつ, 發聲, *adv.* With a flouncing motion.  
Syn. PICHIPICHU. [flouncing motion.]



**Hatsu-hinode**, はつひので, 初日出, *n.* The sun-rise on the first morning of the year.

**Hatsuhochin**, はつはちもん, 八峰餅, *n.* [Bot.] A species of camellia.

**Hatsui**, はつひ, 原念, *n.* The original conception or idea; plan; design; device; instance; suggestion. Syn. OMOIDACHI. [tion.]

**Hatsuku**, はついく, 發育, *n.* Growth; development. —*suru*, *v.t.* To grow, develop, or mature. Syn. SEICHŪ SURU. [mature.]

**Hatsuin**, はついでん, 發音, *n.* Pronunciation; articulation.

**Hatsuron**, はつをん, 發音, *n.* Pronunciation; articulation. *Hatsuin ga warui*, 發音が悪い, to have a bad pronunciation.

**Hatsujin**, はつじん, 發進, *n.* Setting out on a journey (said of high officials).

**Hatsuka**, はつか, 二十日, *n.* The twentieth day of the month; twenty days.

**Hatsukagusa**, はつかぐさ, 二十日草, *n.* [Bot.] Peony, the mountain.

**Hatsuka-nezumai**, はつかねぞみ, 鼯鼠, *n.* [Zool.] A mouse. *Mus speciosus*. [on.]

**Hatsuki**, はつき, *n.* A pole used for drying clothes.

**Hatsuko**, はつこ, 初子, *n.* The firstling of an animal.

**Hatsugo**, はつご, 末, *n.*

**Hatsuko**, はつこ, *n.* Remote posterity; descendants. Syn. SHISON, SEE. [ants.]

**Hatsukurai**, はつくり, 理羽, *n.* Dressing the feathers (said of birds).

**Hatsumei**, はつめい, 發明, *n.* and *a.* ① Invention. ② Intelligent; clever; ingenious. *Hatsumei no hito*, 發明者, an intelligent person; *Shin hatsumei*, 新發明, a new invention. —*suru*, *v.t.* To invent. *Kikai wo hatsumei suru*, 機械ヲ發明スル, to invent a machine. Syn. HAJIMERU, OMOITSUTSU, REIRI, EIKŌ.

**Hatsumei-rashi**, はつめいらし, 發明致, *a.* Having an intellectual look; appearing to be wise; clever-looking. [clever-looking child.] *Hatsumei-rashiki kodomo*, 發明致キ小兒, a child.

**Hatsumono**, はつもの, 初物, *n.* Anything eaten for the first time in the year; the first fruit.

**Hatsumoteyui**, はつもとゆい, 初元結, *n.* The cord used for tying up the cue at the time of *gembu-ku*, which see. [a tree.]

**Hatsunari**, はつなり, 初生菓, *n.* The first fruits of the year. See *Nenhi*.

**Hatsune**, はつね, 初子, *n.* The first rat day of the year. See *Nenhi*.

**Hatsune**, はつね, 初音, *n.* The note of a bird singing for the first time in the year. *Tsuisu no hatsune wo kiku*, 鶯ノ初音を聞く, to hear the first notes of a nightingale.

**Hatsunetsu**, はつねつ, 發熱, *n.* Being sick with fever. —*suru*, *v.t.* To have a fever.

**Hatsuo**, はつは, 初穂, *n.* The first ears of any grain; hence the first fruits offered to a god or the Emperor; also the first cup of boiled rice, tea, etc. *Hatsuo wo ageru*, 初穂ヲ上ル, to offer the first fruits. [ulation.]

**Hatsuron**, はつをん, 發音, *n.* Pronunciation; articulation. *Hatsuron wo tadasu*, 發音ヲ正ス, to correct pronunciation.

**Hatsuran**, はつらん, 撥亂, *n.* [Chin.] Pacifying tumult; putting down rebellion; quelling insurrection. *Hatsuran hansei*, 撥亂反正, putting down rebellion and restoring the peace of the country.

**Hatsuren**, はつれん, 發程, *n.* Setting out on a journey (only of the Emperor).

**Hatsuro suru**, はつろする, 發露, *v.t.* and *t.* To be disclosed; to be revealed; to discover; to lay open; to make public. [rt.] Syn. ARAWARERU, ARAWASU, ROKEN SURU.

**Hatsuru**, はつる, 斬削, *v.t.* To cut with an axe; to hew; to chip off. *Ki wo hatsuru*, 木ヲ削ル, to hew timber. Syn. HEZURU.

**Hatsuru**, はつる, 果, *v.t.* ① To end, terminate, or close. ② To die; to expire (as a term). *Naru ga hatsuru*, 春が果ル, spring is over; *Toshi ga hatsuru*, 年が果ル, the year has come to an end; *Nenhi ga hatsuru*, 年が果ル, the term has expired; *Iuki hatsuru*, 行キ果ル, to come to one's destiny; to arrive at; *Ijiko ga hatsuru*, 人が果ル, a person is dead. Syn. HATERU, KIWAMARU, OWARU.

**Hatsushimo**, はつしも, 初霜, 早霜, *n.* The first frost of the year.

**Hatsusora**, はつそら, 初空, *n.* The sky at the beginning of the year.

**Hatsutake**, はつたけ, 初茸, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of edible mushroom.

**Hatsutori**, はつとり, 初啼, *n.* The crowing of a cock on the first morning of the year.

**Hatsu-u**, はつう, 初卯, *n.* The first hare's day of the year.

**Hatsu-uma**, はつうま, 初午, *n.* The first horse-day in the 2nd month (o. s.) when prayers are offered to the god *Inari* for a good crop or protection against conflagrations.

**Hatsu-uma-matsuri**, はつうままつり, 初午祭, *n.* The festival of *hatsu-uma*.

**Hatsuyama**, はつやま, 初山, *n.* Ascending a sacred mountain for the first time in the year or in one's life.

**Hatsuyari**, はつやり, 最初鋒, *n.* The first attack or the first fight with a spear in a battle. Syn. ICHIBANYARI.

**Hatsuyuki**, はつゆき, 初雪, *n.* The first snow in winter. [s.]

**Hatsuyume**, はつゆめ, 初夢, *n.* Originally a dream on the first night of the year; later corrupted to mean that on the second night when people sleep with a picture of *takarabune* (a treasure ship) placed under the pillow.

**Hatsu-yuri**, はつゆり, 東前寒, 山慈姑, *n.* [Bot.] *Cyphorhynchus denscanis*.

**Hattai**, はつたい, 糶麥, *n.* Barley roasted and ground into fine powder. It is eaten mixed with sugar; also its decoction is used as a beverage much like coffee.

**Hattai-ishi**, はつたいいし, 硯石, *n.* A kind of iron ore containing much clay and sand. Syn. KANATSCHOISHI, KOMOCHISHI, ISHINADANGO.

**Hattan**, はつたん, 八端, *n.* ① A kind of striped silk stuff of yellow or brownish colour. ② Eight *tan* or pieces of cloth.

**Hattangake**, はつたんがけ, 八端掛, *n.* A piece of cloth measuring about eight *tan* or pieces of cloth. [tan.]

**Hattan-ori**, はつたんおり, 八端織, *n.* Same as *Hattari*.

**Hattari**, はつたり, *n.* A plan or artifice for making a suspected person confess the truth. Syn. KAMA.

**Hattatsu**, はつたつ, 發達, *n.* Development; growth; progress; improvement; becoming skillful in any art. *Gakumon ga hattatsu shita*, 學門が發達シタ, he has made much progress in his study; *Nandemo hattatsu shinai to hito ni naren*, 何デモ發達シナイト人ニナレン, no body will ever become a man, unless he improves in his art or business. Syn. JŌDATSU SURU, JŌZU NI NARU.

**Hattatsu**, はつたつ, 八達, *n.* Leading to all directions; possessing every facility in matters of communication and transportation. *Shishi hattatsu*, 四通八達, leading to, or can be approached from, every directions (as a street).

**Hatto**, はつと, 發途, *n.* Going on a journey; departure. Syn. TABIDACHI. [parture.]

**Hatto**, はつと, *adv.* [coll.] The sound of clapping the hands as in a sudden emotion; the state of being suddenly surprised. *Hatto odoroku*, ハット驚ク, to be startled; to be taken aback.

**Hatto**, はつと, *interj.* An exclam. of surprise: O dear; there; really. *Hatto mattari*, ハット待ツマリ, there! wait.

**Hatto**, はつと, 法度, *n.* Law; ordinance; statute; a prohibition. *Hatto ni somuku*, 法度ニ背ク, to transgress a law; *Hatto wo yaburu*, 法度ヲヤブル, to break a

law; *Sore wa gohattō da*, ソレハ御法度ダ, that is under prohibition, or contrary to law. Syn. OKITE, SADAME.

**Hattogaki**, はつとがき, 法度書, *n.* A code of laws; a law book.

**Hattusuke**, はつつけ, *n.* Same as *Hattusuke*.

**Hauchiwa**, はうちわ, 羽團扇, *n.* A feather-fan.

**Hauhan**, はうはん, *adv.* In a slow and laborious manner; creepingly; with a strenuous effort.

**Hauta**, はうた, 端唄, 唄唄, *n.* A kind of popular song.

**Hautsu**, はうつ, 羽墮, *v.t.* To flap the wings.

**Hawa**, はわ, *n.* Mother (now only used in dramatic compositions). *Hawa sama*, はわ様, my mother.

**Hawaiboshi**, はわいぼし, 室宿, *n.* One of the 28 constellations of ancient astronomers.

**Hawake**, はわけ, 葉分, *n.* Pushing apart or blowing through the leaves (as winds). *Hawake no kaze*, 葉分ノ風, the wind rustling through the leaves.

**Hawasu**, はわす, 令這, *v.t.* [caus. of *Hau*.] To cause to creep; to let crawl. [child creep.] *Kodomo wo hawasu*, 小兒ヲ這ハス, to make a child crawl.

**Hawō**, はわう, 覇王, *n.* The most influential among a number of kings; the most mighty sovereign.

**Hawōju**, はわうきょ, 霸王樹, *n.* [Bot.] Cactus.

**Haya**, はや, 早矢, *n.* The first arrow shot at a certain time.

**Haya**, はや, 鰐魚, *n.* [Ichth.] *Leuciscus macropus*.

**Haya**, はや, 早, *adv.* Already. *Haya dekita*, 早出来タ, already done; *Haya sunda*, 早スンダ, it is already finished; *Iti mo haya kure keri*, 日モ早暮レタリ, the sun has already set.

**Haya**, はや, [prefix.] An adjective prefix to nouns, meaning fast, quick, swift, or early.

**Hayashi**, はやし, 早足, 健歩, *n.* Swift-footed.

**Hayabashi**, はやばし, 疾走, *n.* Quick running.

**Hayabaya to**, はやばやと, *adv.* Early; quickly; soon. [press post.]

**Haya-bikyaku**, はやびやく, 早飛脚, *n.* An express. *Haya-bikyaku wo tateru*, 早飛脚ヲ立ル, to dispatch an express post.

**Hayabito**, はやびと, 早人, *n.* Same as *Hatto*.

**Hayabune**, はやぶね, 早舟, 飛艇, *n.* A fast boat; a clipper.

**Hayabusu**, はやぶす, 隼, *n.* [Ornith.] Peregrine falcon, *Falco peregrinus*.

**Hayabusa-otoshi**, はやぶさおとし, 疾風, *n.* Pouncing down upon an enemy.

**Hayachi**, はやち, 疾風, *n.* [comp. of *Haya*, fast and *chi*, an old word for wind.] A hurricane; tempest.



**Hayadafko**, はやたいこ, 急鐘, *n.* Drums beaten in quick succession.

**Hayadayori**, はやたより, 早便, *n.* Quick tidings; a prompt way of communication.

**Hayafume**, はやふめ, 早煙, *n.* Same as *Hayabune*.

**Hayagaki**, はやがき, 早書, *n.* Fast writing.  
*Hayagaki ni kakitomu*, 早書ニ書留ム, to write or put down fast.

**Hayagane**, はやがね, 早鐘, 警鐘, *n.* A bell rung in quick succession; a fire-bell; an alarm bell.  
*Hayagane wo uchi narasu*, 早鐘ヲ打鳴ス, to ring an alarm bell.

**Hayagawari**, はやがわり, 早變, *n.* ① A quick change. ② Changing the dress quickly to assume another character in a play.

**Hayago**, はやご, 早貝, 火藥包, *n.* A cartridge.  
Syn. PATORON.

**Hayagoto**, はやごと, 早言, 口舌, *n.* Same as *Hayakuchi*.

**Hayahinawa**, はやひなわ, 急火引, *n.* A rope

**Hayahitogusa**, はやひとぐさ, 鼓子花, *n.* [Bot.] *Convolvulus hederacea*.  
Syn. IHURGAO.

**Hayaito**, はやいと, 早絲, 筋車線, *n.* The cord or band of a wheel. [torrent.]

**Hayakawa**, はやかば, 早河, *n.* A rapid stream;

**Hayakeshi-ki**, はやけし, *a.* Bright; clear; cloudless.

**Hayaku**, はやく, 早速, *adv.* Early; quickly; soon; fast.  
*Hayaku dekirusu*, 早ク出来ルカ, can it be quickly done? *Hayaku kaeru*, 早ク歸ル, to return quickly; *Hayaku koto wo suru*, 早ク事ヲスル, to do a thing promptly.  
Syn. ISOGITE, JIKI, SASSOKU, SUGU NI, SUMIYAKA NI.

**Hayakusa**, はやくさ, 丹毒, *n.* A kind of skin

**Hayaku suru**, はやくする, 破約, *v.i.* To break an agreement. [foot-hill.]

**Hayama**, はやま, 小山, *n.* A little mountain; a

**Hayamaru**, はやまる, 早急, *v.i.* To be rash, hasty, or precipitate in doing anything.  
Syn. ASERU, HAYARU.

**Hayame**, はやめ, 催産, *n.* Hastening parturition.  
*Hayame no mamori*, 催産ノ守, a charm for hastening parturition.

**Hayame-gusuri**, はやめぐすり, 早産催生藥, *n.* A medicine for quickening parturition.

**Hayameru**, はやめる, 令早, *v.t.* To quicken; to hasten; to accelerate; to urge on.  
*Ashi wo hayamete yukisaru*, 足ヲ早メテ行去ル, to go away with hasty steps; *Fune wo hayamete hashiru*, 船ヲ早メテ駛ル, to sail with an increased velocity. [a near road.]

**Hayamichi**, はやみち, 早道, 捷徑, *n.* A short way;

*Hayamichi ni oshieru*, 早道ニ教ヘル, to teach in a short way.  
Syn. CHIKAMICHI.

**Hayamuru**, はやむる, 早, *v.t.* To accelerate; to hasten; to urge or spur on.  
*Uma wo hayamuru*, 馬ヲ早ル, to spur on a horse. [horse.]

**Hayanami**, はやなみ, 急波, *n.* Raging waves; torrents.

**Hayanawa**, はやなわ, 早繩, *n.* A cord for binding criminals with.  
Syn. TOMINAWA.

**Hayao**, はやお, 早繩, *n.* ① A rope used in sculling a boat. ② The band of a wheel.  
Syn. HAYAITO, RONAWA.

**Hayaoi**, はやおい, 早退, 飛便, *n.* An express messenger; an express.  
Syn. HAYA.

**Hayaoke**, はやおけ, 早桶, *n.* A large ready made tub used as a coffin.

**Hayaoke**, はやおけ, 早起, 早起, *n.* Early rising.  
*Hayaoke wa sammon no toku art*, 早起ハ三寅ノ得アリ, [Lit.] there is three mon of gain in early rising.

**Hayaraka**, はやらか, *a.* Early; swift; fast; rapid.  
Syn. SUMIYAKA.

**Hayaraseru**, はやらせる, 令流行, *v.t.* [caus. of *Hayaru*.] To cause to prevail.

**Hayari**, はやり, 流行, *n.* The prevailing mode or style; fashion.  
*Hayari ga sutareru*, 流行ガスズレル, to be out of fashion; *Hayari no kimono wo kuru*, 流行ノ着物を着ル, to dress to the fashion; *Hayari no shingata*, 流行ノ新形, the latest fashion.  
Syn. RYUJO.

**Hayarika ni**, はやりか, *adv.* Rashly; thoughtlessly; in an impetuous manner.  
Syn. ASERITE, SEIKYU NI.

**Hayarigami**, はやりがみ, 流行神, *n.* A popular god attracting a great number of worshippers on account of some wonderful power displayed by him.

**Hayarime**, はやりめ, 天行眼, 疫眼, *n.* Epidemic ophthalmia. [songa.]

**Hayari-uta**, はやりうた, 流行唄, 時勢, *n.* Popular

**Hayariwo**, はやりを, 早産, 勇敢, *n.* An impetuous person; a heroic man; a daring lad.  
*Hayariwo no wakazamurai*, 早産ノ若侍, an impetuous young samurai.

**Hayariyama**, はやりやま, 流行病, 時疫, *n.* A prevalent disease; an epidemic.

**Hayaru**, はやる, 流行, *v.t.* To be prevailing, to be in fashion; to be popular; to be in favour with the public; to be in vogue.  
*Ano mise wa hayaru mise da*, 彼店ハ流行ル店

だ, that shop is in general favour; *Hoto ga hayaru*, 天然痘ガ流行ル, the small pox is prevalent; *Yofuku ga hayaru*, 洋服ガ流行ル, European style of dress is in fashion.

**Hayaru**, はやる, 早急, *v.t.* To be impetuous, rash, or hasty.  
*Kokoro ga hayaru*, 心が早ル, to be rash; to have an impetuous temper.  
Syn. ASERU, SEKU. [locity.]

**Hayasa**, はやさ, 早, *n.* Quickness; swiftness; velocity.

**Hayasame**, はやさめ, 急雨, *n.* Sudden showers of rain. [rapids.]

**Hayase**, はやせ, 急流, *n.* A swift current; torrents;  
*Hayase wo wataru*, 急流ヲ渡ル, to cross a swift current of water.

**Hayashi**, はやし, 林, *n.* ① A forest; wood. ② A collection of anything.  
*Kotoba no hayashi*, 詞ノ林, [Lit.] a forest of words; a lexicon; a dictionary. [orchestra.]

**Hayashi**, はやし, 樂子, *n.* A band of music; an

**Hayashi kata**, 樂子方, a band of musicians.

**Hayashi-ki**, はやし, 早, 疾, 敏, *a.* Quick; fast; swift; early; soon.  
*Kieru ni hayai*, 歸ルニ早イ, too early to return; *Ki no hayaki hito*, 早ク敏キ人, a quick-tempered person; *Mimi ga hayashi*, 耳ガ敏シ, quick to hear. [SHI.]

Syn. SATOSHI, SUMIYAKA, SURUDOSHI, TO.

**Hayashitateru**, はやしなてる, 樂立, *v.t.* ① To make music in order to keep time with dancing. ② To rouse up; to applaud; to speak highly of; to stand up for.  
Syn. ODATERU.

**Hayasu**, はやす, 速, *v.t.* and *v.* ① To play on a musical instrument; to beat time; to applaud; to extol; to laud. ② To tease; to play tricks on; to baiter.  
*Hito wo hayasu*, 人ヲ速ス, to baiter another; to applaud another by way of jest.

**Hayasu**, はやす, 稱揚, *v.t.* To applaud, praise, or extol. Used mostly as an affix.  
*Iti-hayasu*, 言ヒハヤス, to give notoriety to; to speak highly of; *Note hayasu*, 名ヲハヤス, to give currency to; to extol to the skies.

**Hayasu**, はやす, 令生, *v.t.* [caus. of *Haeru*.] To make to grow long.  
*Hige wo hayasu*, 髭ヲ生ス, to let grow the mustaches; *Kusa wo hayasu*, 草ヲ生ス, to allow weeds to grow.

**Hayasu**, はやす, 別, *v.t.* To chop or slice (especially articles of food).  
*Daikon wo hayasu*, 大根ヲ割ス, to slice a radish; *Na wo hayasu*, 菜ヲ割ス, to chop greens or the leaves of radish, turnips, etc.  
Syn. KIZAMU.

**Hayatateba**, はやたてば, *n.* [Entom.] *Vanessa C. album*.

**Hayate**, はやて, 疾風, *n.* A gale; a tempest.  
Syn. ARASHI.

**Hayato**, はやと, 早人, *n.* Same as *Haito*.

**Hayatsukegi**, はやつけぎ, 早附木, *n.* A friction  
Syn. SURITSURUGI. [match.]

**Hayuchi**, はやうち, 早打, *n.* A swift messenger; an express.

**Hayuchi-kata**, はやうちかた, 急摩肩, *n.* [Med.] The swelling or hardening of the skin over the shoulders, supposed to be caused by angina pectoris.

**Hayuma**, はやうま, 早馬, *n.* A swift horse, or one used by *hayuchi*.

**Hayuso**, はやうそ, *n.* A quick falsehood or a falsehood told without premeditation; a white lie.

**Hayuwakari**, はやわか, *n.* Quick perception; being easily understood.

**Haywaza**, はやわざ, 早技, *n.* Sleight of hand; tricks; legerdemain; dexterity.  
*Haywaza wo suru*, 早技ヲスル, to perform tricks of hand.

**Hayazu**, はやそ, 早醋, *n.* A kind of vinegar made with millet or glutinous rice, and used as a  
Syn. KONZU. [medicine.]

**Hayo**, はやう, 早, *adv.* Early; quickly; soon; fast.  
*Hayo*, 御早ウ, [coll.][Lit.] you are early; good morning.

**Hayumaji**, はやまじ, 原路, *n.* A post-road; high way; public road.  
Syn. EKIRO, UYAYAJI.

**Hayuru**, はゆる, 生, *v.t.* To grow (as plants); to spring up; to shoot up; to sprout.  
*Uta ga hayuru*, 齒ガ生ル, to cut teeth; *Kinoko ga hayuru*, 菌ガ生ル, the mushroom has grown; *Takenoko ga hayuru*, 筍ガ生ル, the bamboo sprouts have come out; *Uri ga haeta*, 瓜ガ生ヌ, the melon has sprouted.

**Hayuru**, はゆる, 映, *v.t.* To shine; to look bright; to make a fine appearance; to be showy.

**Hayushi-ki**, はやし, 映, [offiz.] Rich in a particular quality; full of; dazzling. Only used as an adjective termination.  
*Mahayushi*, or *mabayushi*, 目ヲ映シ, overpowering the eye with light; dazzling; *Shiohayushi*, 鹽ハユシ, full of salty taste; briny. ②

**Hazakura**, はざくら, 櫻, *n.* A cherry tree with fine, fresh leaves, after the falling of the flowers.

**Hazama**, はざま, 狭間, *n.* ① A gorge; a vale; a dale. ② Embrasures; port-holes.  
*Shiro no hazama*, 城ノ狭間, embrasures in a castle.

**Hazama**, はざま, 狭路, *n.* See *Hasama*.



Hazamaseto, はざませと, 開道戸, n. A strait; a channel.

Haze, はせ, 鱈魚, n. [Ichth.] Fish of the genus *Gobius*.

Haze, はせ, 荷, n. Rice soaked in water and bursted by roasting; parched rice.



Haze-bana, はせはな, 芙蓉花, n. [Bot.] *Spiraea thumbergii*.

Hazekusa, はせくさ, 通草, n. [Bot.] *Mazus rugoscedanea*.

Haze-no-ki, はせのき, 葛藤, n. [Bot.] *Rhus succedanea*.

Hazeru, はせる, 爆裂, v.t. To burst open (as parched corn); to pop.

Mame ga hazeru, 豆がハゼル, the peas pop (as when roasting).

Haze-urushi, はせうるし, 白膠木, n. [Bot.] *Rhus* Syn. NURUDE.

Hazori, はざり, 端反, n. Having the rim turned upward (as a hat).

Hazori no jingasa, 端反ノ笠, a kind of helmet with its rim recurved.

Hazu, はぞ, 柄, n. The notch in the arrow in which the bowstring fits, also the notch in the bow for the string; hence corrupted to mean: fitness; common course of event; necessity or obligation.

A suru hazu wa nai, アースル等ハナイ, there is no necessity of doing thus; he should not act in that way; Dekiru hazu ga nai, 出来ヌ等ガナイ, [coll.] there is no reason why it could not be done; Ya hazu, 矢筈, the notch in an arrow; Yaku hazu da, 行ク筈ダ, he should go; I intend

Syn. DORI, SUI.

Hazubazu, はぞばず, 小端, n. A small portion; a fragment; an atom.

Hazukai, はづかい, 振羽, n. Flapping the wings.

Hazukashi, はづかし, 耻, n. Feeling shame; ashamed; abashed; mortified.

Hazukashiki mi no arisama, 羞シキ身ノ有様, a shameful state of life; Hazukashiku omi, 耻カシク思フ, to feel ashamed.

Syn. MEMBOKUNASHI.

Hazukashigaru, はづかまがる, 羞恥, v.t. and i. To be ashamed of; to be bashful, diffident, shy, or sheepish.

Hazukashime, はづかしめ, 辱, n. Disgrace; dishonour; insult; shame.

Hazukashime wo ukeru, 辱ヲ受ル, to be insulted.

Hazukashimeru, はづかしめる, 辱, v.t. To disgrace, insult, or cause shame.

Manza wo hazukashimeru, 満座ヲ辱メル, to disgrace all those present.

Hazukashian, はづかまき, n. Shamefulness; disgrace; dishonour.

Hazuki, はづき, 葉月, n. A poetic name for the month of October.

Hazukuroi, はづくろひ, n. Repairing or dressing the feathers (said of birds).

Hazumi, はづみ, 反跳, n. Springing back; bound; rebound; recoil.

Koronda hazumi ni ashi wo kujitta, 轉ンダ脚ニ足ヲ挫ヌ, in falling over, I sprained my foot; Maw no hazumi ga warui, 速ノ跳ガ悪イ, the ball does not bounce well.

Hazumi-guruma, はづみぐるま, n. [Physics.] Fly-wheel.

Hazumu, はづむ, v.t. To rebound, spring, bounce, Hane ga hazumu, 羽子がハズム, the shuttlecock bounces well; Iki ga hazumu, 息がハズム, to catch the breath.

Hazuna, はづな, 絆繩, n. A rope passed through the nose of an ox; a halter.

Hazure, はずれ, 端, n. The extremity; the end of a street; a suburb of a town.

Machi hazure ni sumu, 町端ニ住ム, to live in the outskirts of a town.

Syn. HASHI, OWARI, TSUMARI.

Hazureru, はずれる, v.t. To be out of place; to be unfixed, dislocated, or disjoined.

Dori ni hazureru, 道理ニ外レル, to be contrary to what is right; Karakami ga hazureru, 糊紙ガ外レル, the paper-wall has slipped out of the groove; Mato ni hazureru, 的ニ外レル, to miss the mark; Sekumotsu ga hazureta, 作物ガ外レタ, the crop has failed; Senkyo ni hazureta, 選挙ニ外レタ, has failed in the election; Yama ni hazureru, 山ニ外レル, not to succeed in a speculation.

Hazuru, はずる, 外, v.t. Same as above. More commonly used in written language.

Hazuru, はずる, 耻, 羞, 愧, v.t. Same as Hajiru.

Hazuenshi, はぞえし, 巻割, n. A small knife for cutting notches on an arrow.

Syn. HANZASHI.

Hazusu, はづす, 外, 離, 弛, v.t. To put anything out of place; to remove; to unfasten; to unfix.

Jikoku wo hazusu, 時刻ヲ外ス, to miss the hour; Otte wo hazushite nogaru, 追手ヲ離シテ逃ル, to slip out of the way of the pursuers; Sono ba wo hazusu, 其場ヲ躲ス, to avoid that seat; Yumizuru wo hazusu, 弦ヲハズス, to unstring a bow; Tomo wo hazusu, 友ヲ外ス, to avoid a friend; To-shiji wo hazusu, 障子ヲ外ス, to take doors and screens out of

their grooves; Yakusoku wo hazusu, 約束ヲ外ス, to depart from a promise; to break an agreement; Za wo hazusu, 座ヲ躲ス, to slip out of the place of meeting; to leave one's seat.

Hazuyu, はぜゆ, 巴豆油, n. Croton oil.

He, he, 船, n. The prow of a ship; the bow of a boat.

He, he, 風, n. Breaking wind; fart.

He wo hiru, 尻ヲヒル, to break wind.

He, he, 重, n. A fold; layer; thickness. The more common form of the word is e, which see.

He, he, 通, n. The act of going through or passing from one place to another; passing or spending time. Mostly a prefix to nouns.

Heigaru, heigaru, 昇上, v.t. To pass from a lower to a higher rank; to be promoted; to advance.

Syn. NARIAGARU, NARIZU.

Heharitsuku, heharitsuku, 粘着, v.t. To stick; to adhere.

Syn. KOBIRITSUKU, NEBARITSUKU.

Hebi, hebi, 蛇, n. [Zool.] A snake, serpent.

Syn. KUCHINAWA, JA.

Hebiguchi, hebiguchi, 蛇口, n. A loop or noose.

Hebi-ichigo, hebi-ichigo, 蛇巻, n. [Bot.] *Duchesnea indica*.

Hebi-nohoraku, hebi no horaku, 大黃連, n. [Bot.] A species of *Rubia*; *Damnanthus indicus*; *Berberis vulgaris*;

Hebi-no-danharabi, hebi no danharabi, 蛇杖, n. [Bot.] *Arisema serratum*.

Hebitsukai, hebitsukai, 蛇通, n. A serpent.

Hebo, hebo, a and n. [vul. coll.] Unskillful; bungling; stumbling; left-handed; unqualified; incompetent; inexpert; raw; green.

Hebo, hebo, a and n. [vul. coll.] A bungler; a marplot; a bad hand at; a fresh water sailor.

Hebo daijen, hebo daijen, an inexperienced lawyer; Hebo daitku, hebo daitku, a bungling carpenter; Hebo gakusha, hebo gakusha, a raw scholar; Hebo na yats, hebo na yats, a land lubber; a bungler; novice; an awkward squad; Aitsu wa hebo da, 彼奴ハヘボダ, he is a green horn.

Syn. HETA.

Hechamokure, hechamokure, ちやもくれ, n. [vul. coll.] An ill-favoured fellow; a wretch; a marplot.

Hechim, hechim, 蛇瓜, n. [Bot.] Snake gourd, *Luffa Petala*.

Hedaheda, hedaheda, へたへた, adj. Separated from one another; apart from each other; distant; not friendly.

Hedaheda ni naru, he da he da ni naru, to become estranged; to look cool towards each other.

Hedai, hedai, へたい, n. [Ichth.] *Chrysophrys arles*.

Hedatari, hedatari, へたたり, 距離, n. Being separated

from each other; the space between two places; distance.

Hedataru, hedataru, へたたる, v.t. To be separated; to be apart, or distant.

Hedate, hedate, へたて, 隔, n. A partition; a septum.

Hedate, hedate, へたて, 隔, n. A partition; a septum.

Hedateru, hedateru, へたてる, v.t. To separate or part from; to interpose or place between.

Kokoro no hedate, kokoro no hedate, 心ノ隔, restraint in the mind; reserve; Wake hedate wo suru, 分ケ隔ヲスル, to make a distinction; to be partial.

Hedateru, hedateru, へたてる, v.t. To separate or part from; to interpose or place between.

Kawa wo hedatatesumu, 河ヲ隔テ住ム, to live separated by a river; Ijira no naka wo hedateru, 友人ノ中ヲ隔テ住ム, to alienate affections between friends.

Syn. HETSU NI SURU, HANASU, TÖZAKERU.

Hedatsuru, hedatsuru, へたつる, v.t. Same as Hedateru.

Hedo, hedo, へど, 吐反, n. Eructation of food; vomiting.

Hedo wo haku, hedo wo haku, へドヲハク, [coll.] to eject food from the stomach.

Hedomodo, hedomodo, へどもど, n. The state of being bewildered or perplexed; not knowing what to do.

Syn. MAGOMAGO.

Hegasu, hegasu, へがす, 剥, v.t. [caus. of Hegu.] To cause to tear or peel off.

Kami wo hegasu, 紙ヲ剥ス, to tear off pasted paper; Yaneita wo hegasu, 家根板ヲ剥ス, to take off the shingles of a roof.

Hegeru, hegeru, へがる, v.t. [pass. and potent. of Hegu.] To be peeled or stripped off; can be torn off.

Hegi, hegi, へぎ, n. A strip of wood split off. Usually in compounds.

Hegi-bon, hegi-bon, へぎ盆, n. A tray made of a strip of wood or bamboo.

Hegi-ita, hegi-ita, へぎ板, 折板, n. Shingles.

Hego, hego, へご, 杉蕨, n. [Bot.] Tree-fern, *Cyrtia spinulosa*.

Hegu, hegu, へぐ, 剥, v.t. To strip or peel off; to split; to unbarb (a tree).

Syn. HAGU, MUKU, MUKURU.

Hei, hei, へい, interj. An exclamation used in answering; Yes.

Hei, hei, へい, n. A wall; a fence.

Hei wo suru, hei wo suru, 屏ヲスル, to enclose with a fence; Neri hei, 練屏, a wall made of brick and mortar.

Hei, hei, へい, a. Even; level; common; ordinary; usual; mediocre simple.

Hei, hei, へい, n. A coin; money. Same as Heihaku or Gohéi.



**Hei**, へい, 兵, *n.* and *a.* ① Soldier; army; troops.  
 ② Military or warlike. Mostly in compounds.  
*Hei no samdō*, 兵ノ三道, three kinds of military manoeuvres, viz., *sethei* (正兵), *kidai* (寄兵), and *fukuhai* (伏兵), (see under respective heads); *Hei wo agu*, 兵ヲ集メ, to raise an army; *Hei wo neru*, 兵ヲ練ル, to drill troops.  
 Syn. TSUWAMONO. [corrupt customs.]

**Hei**, へい, 弊, *n.* Evils; bad manners or practices; *Hei wo tamuru*, 弊ヲ矯ル, to reform vicious habits; to remedy evils.  
 Syn. ASHIKI NARAWASHI.

**Hei**, へい, 丙, *n.* One of the ten calendar terms (*jukkān*). See *Eto*.

**Heian**, へいあん, 平安, *n.* Peace; tranquillity; freedom from evils.  
 Syn. BUJI, HEION.

**Heianjō**, へいあんじょう, 平安城, *n.* The castle of peace; the city where the Emperor resides.

**Heiba**, へいば, 兵馬, *n.* [lit.] Troops and horses; [fig.] war.  
*Heiba no ten wo nigiru*, 兵馬ノ權ヲ握ル, to hold the military authority, i.e. to grasp the supreme power; *Heiba no koto*, 兵馬ノ事, matters relating to war; military affairs.

**Heibi**, へいび, 兵備, *n.* Military preparations; defences. [military preparations.]  
*Heibi wo tatonau*, 兵備ヲ整フ, to complete  
 Syn. GUMBI.

**Heibun**, へいぶん, 平凡, *a.* Common; ordinary; commonplace; mediocre.  
 Syn. NAMIAMI NO.

**Heibun**, へいぶん, 平分, *n.* Equal division. — *suru*, *v.t.* To divide in equal parts.

**Heibun**, へいぶん, 訪問, *n.* A ceremonious visit paid by one nation to another; paying respects. — *suru*, *v.t.* To make a formal call; to pay respects to.

**Heichi**, へいち, 平地, *n.* Level land; flat ground.  
*Tama wo heichi ni suru*, 山ヲ平地ニスル, to level down a hill.

**Heichin suru**, へいちんする, 平鎮, *v.t.* To tranquillize, pacify, or quell.

**Heichi suru**, へいちする, 並馳, *v.t.* To gallop together; to drive side by side.

**Heichō**, へいちょう, 閉鎖, *n.* Closing a *katchō*, which see.

**Heida**, へいた, *n.* A bamboo with or strip.

**Heidan**, へいだん, 餅餅, *n.* [Chin.] Fruit-cake.

**Heidon suru**, へいどんする, 併呑, *v.t.* To swallow up or bring under one's subjection; to devour; to subjugate; to conquer; to encroach upon.  
*Tenka wo heidon suru*, 天下ヲ併呑スル, to conquer the world. [reck.]

**Heiei**, へいえい, 兵衛, *n.* A military camp; bar-

**Hei-eki**, へいえき, 兵衛, *n.* Military service.

**Heifū**, へいふう, 弊風, *n.* Corrupt manners; bad practices; evil custom. [customs.]  
*Heifū wo aratamu*, 弊風ヲ改ム, to reform bad practices.

**Heifū**, へいふう, 屏風, *n.* Same as *Byōbu*.

**Heifuku**, へいふく, 平服, *n.* Common or every day clothes; civilian's costume.

**Heifuku**, へいふく, 平伏, *n.* Prostrating one's self (from courtesy or reverence); obeisance. — *suru*, *v.t.* To prostrate one's self; to bow low.

**Heifuku suru**, へいふくする, 平復, *v.t.* To recover from illness.

**Heigai**, へいがい, 弊害, *n.* Evil practice; bad habits; corrupt manners; nuisances.

**Heigaku**, へいがく, 兵學, *n.* Military science. [school.]  
 Syn. GUNGAU.

**Heigakuryō**, へいがくれう, 兵學寮, *n.* Military school.

**Heigel suru**, へいけいする, 睥睨, *v.t.* [Chin.] To stare or glare at.

**Heigen**, へいげん, 平原, *n.* A plain; moor; prairie.  
 Syn. HIRANO, NOHARA.

**Heigwa suru**, へいぐわする, 平臥, *v.t.* To lie down; to be on a sick bed. [an offering.]

**Heihaku**, へいはく, 帛, *n.* White cloth used as offering of white cloth.  
*Heihaku wo sawagu*, 帛ヲ捧グ, to make an offering of white cloth.

**Heihō**, へいほう, 平方, *n.* [Math.] Square.  
*Heihō ni hiraku*, 平方ニ開ク, to find the square root of; *Sanzun heihō*, 三寸平方, three inches square.

**Heihō**, へいほう, 兵法, *n.* Military tactics; strategy.  
 Syn. HYŌHŌ.

**Heihō**, へいほう, 兵鋒, *n.* The point of a spear. Only used in such an expression as below.  
*Teki no heihō wo kujiku*, 敵ノ兵鋒ヲ挫ク, to give a check to the enemy. [root.]

**Heihōkon**, へいほうこん, 平方根, *n.* [Math.] Square root.

**Hei-i**, へいゝ, 平易, *a.* Easy; simple; not difficult.  
 Syn. TAYASURI, YASASHIKI. [to do.]

**Hei-i**, へいゝ, 弊衣, *n.* Ragged or tattered clothes.

**Hei-i**, へいゝ, 兵威, *n.* Military dignity or strength; the influence of an army.  
*Hei-i wo furū*, 兵威ヲ振フ, to display military strength.

**Hei-i**, へいゝ, 平覓, *a.* Level, smooth, simple, or easy. — *suru*, *v.t.* ① To make even, level, or smooth. ② To quell, pacify, or tranquillize, to subdue or conquer.

**Hei-in**, へいゐん, 兵員, *n.* The number of soldiers; a soldier; strength of an army.

**Heiji**, へいぢ, 平治, *n.* Governing in peace; tranquillization; pacification; quelling (as a riot).  
*Heiji no yo*, 平治ノ世, peaceful times. — *suru*, *v.t.* To pacify (as a rebellion); to tranquillize; to restore order.

*Tenka wo heiji suru*, 天下ヲ平治スル, to restore order in the country; to tranquillize the world.

**Heiji**, へいぢ, 平常, *n.* and *adv.* Ordinary times; peaceful ages; in times of peace; usually.  
 Syn. TSUNE NO TOKI.

**Heiji**, へいぢ, 瓶子, *n.* A wine bottle; a vase.

**Heishi**, へいし, 軍事, *n.* Military affairs; warlike matters.  
*Heiji ni ch'ittaru hito*, 軍事ニ長シタル人, a man versed in matters of war.

**Heijikwa**, へいぢくわ, 兵衛門, *n.* Section of military affairs in a prefectural government.

**Heijimon**, へいぢもん, 屏中門, *n.* An entrance lying between the gate and the main building; inner gate.

**Heijū**, へいぢう, 兵刃, *n.* A sword.  
 Syn. YAIBA. [days; every day.]

**Heijitsu**, へいぢつ, 平日, *n.* Ordinary or usual.  
*Heijitsu no fuku*, 平日ノ服, every day clothes; *Heijitsu no ōji*, 平日ノ通リ, as usual; in the every day manner; *Heijitsu no wa chigau*, 平日ノ通リ, different from ordinary days; not as usual.  
 Syn. FUDAN, TSUNE NO HI, TSUNEZUNE.

**Heijō**, へいぢょう, 平常, *a.* and *adv.* Usual, common; habitually, ordinarily, customarily.

**Heijō**, へいぢょう, 兵仗, *n.* [Chin.] Weapons of war; arms.

**Heijō**, へいぢょう, 不定, *n.* Same as *Heitai*.

**Heijō**, へいぢょう, 閉場, *n.* Closing an exposition or any other place of entertainment. — *suru*, *v.t.* To close an exposition, etc.

**Heijō-shiki**, へいぢょうしき, 閉場式, *n.* Closing ceremony. [military tactics.]

**Heijutsu**, へいぢつ, 兵術, *n.* The art of war; the art of war.

**Heika**, へいか, 陛下, *n.* The title used in addressing or speaking of the Emperor or Empress; His or Her Majesty.  
*Kōgō heika*, 皇太后陛下, Her Majesty the Empress; *Tennō heika*, 天皇陛下, His Majesty the Emperor.

**Heika**, へいか, 兵家, *n.* One versed in the art of war; a tactician; a soldier.

**Heika**, へいか, 弊家, *n.* [Chin.] My humble family (a humiliating term). [ment; armour.]

**Heikaku**, へいかく, 兵革, *n.* [Chin.] Military equipment.

**Heikaku**, へいかく, 直角, *n.* [Math.] Right angle.

**Heikan**, へいかん, 兵艦, *n.* A war ship; man-of-war.  
 Syn. GUNKAN, IKUSABINE. [war.]

**Heike**, へいけ, 平家, *n.* ① The name of a family (*Taira*) much renowned in Japanese history. ② Contracted form of *Heike Monogatari* (a family history of the *Taira*).

**Heikeganji**, へいけがんぢ, 奥面壁, *n.* [Zōdi.] *Dortippe* sp.

**Heiken**, へいけん, 平權, *n.* Equalization; balancing; equity.

**Heiken**, へいけん, 兵權, *n.* Military power.  
*Heiken wo nigiru*, 兵權ヲ握ル, to grasp or hold the military power.

**Heiken**, へいけん, 平絹, *n.* A kind of silk stuff dyed bluish red.

**Heiki**, へいき, 兵器, *n.* Military weapons; arms; an instrument of war.  
 Syn. BUKI, IKUSADŌGU.

**Heiki**, へいき, 平氣, *a.* and *n.* ① Calm, tranquil, unexcited, undisturbed, impassionate, placid. ② Equanimity; composure; indifference.  
*Heiki de iru*, 平氣ヲ居ル, to be indifferent; to take in good part; *Heiki na hito*, 平氣ナル人, an inexcitable person; *Kyōshin heiki*, 虚心平氣, unbiassed and unexcited.

**Heikin**, へいきん, 平均, *n.* The average or mean. — *suru*, *v.t.* To reduce to an average; to level.  
 Syn. BYŌDŌ, NARAST.

**Heikin-no-gosa**, へいきんのごさ, 平均之誤差, *n.* [Math.] Mean error.

**Heikin-no-kiijitsu**, へいきんのきじつ, 平均之期日, *n.* [Math.] Equation of payment.

**Heikin-rishinkaku**, へいきんりしんかく, 平均値之角, *n.* [Math.] Mean anomaly.

**Heikin-taijūjitsu**, へいきんたいじうじつ, 平均太陽日, *n.* [Astron.] Mean solar day.

**Heiko**, へいこ, 兵庫, *n.* Same as *Buko*.

**Heikō**, へいこう, 平行, *n.* [Math.] Parallel.

**Heikō-chokusen**, へいこうちよくせん, 平行直線, *n.* [Math.] Parallel straight lines. [ruled.]

**Heikōki**, へいこうき, 平行機, *n.* [Math.] Parallel motion.

**Heikoku**, へいこく, 弊國, *n.* My humble state (used depreciatorily of one's own country).

**Heikō-rokumentai**, へいこうろくめんたい, 平行六面体, *n.* [Math.] Parallelepiped.

**Heikōsen**, へいこうせん, 平行線, *n.* [Math.] Parallel lines.

**Heikōshihen-kei**, へいこうしへんけい, 平行四邊形, *n.* [Math.] Parallelogram.

**Heikōsuisha**, へいこうすいしや, 平衝水車, *n.* [Physics.] A turbine water-mill.

**Heikō suru**, へいこうする, 閉口, *v.t.* [lit.] To shut the mouth; to be silenced or defeated in argument; to be dumb-founded.

**Heikō suru**, へいこうする, 平行, *v.t.* To move together; to go side by side; to proceed abreast; to be parallel.

**Heikwa**, へいくわ, 兵火, *n.* Conflagration caused by warlike operations.  
 Syn. HEISEN. [apple tree.]

**Heikwa**, へいくわ, 蘋果, *n.* [Bot.] An apple tree



**Heikwa suru**, へいけわする, 平和, *v.t.* To regulate or harmonize; to equalize.

**Heikyo suru**, へいきよする, 閉居, *v.t.* To be confined to one's house; to live in retirement.

**Heikyo suru**, へいきよする, 屏居, *v.t.* To live in retirement; to lead a secluded life. [tain.]

**Heiman**, へいまん, 屏境, *n.* [Chin.] A kind of curtain.

**Heimei**, へいめい, 平明, *n.* [Chin.] Early morning; day-break; the dawn.  
Syn. YOAKE.

**Heimen**, へいめん, 平面, *n.* [Math.] Plane.

**Heimen-kaku**, へいめんかく, 平面角, *n.* [Math.] Plane angle.

**Heimen-kei**, へいめんけい, 平面形, *n.* [Math.] Plane figure.

**Heimen-zu**, へいめんず, 平面図, *n.* Plane figure.

**Heimen-kikagaku**, へいめんきかがく, 平面幾何学, *n.* [Math.] Plane geometry.

**Heimin**, へいみん, 平民, *n.* The common people; the populace; the plebian, civilians.

**Heimon**, へいもん, 閉門, *n.* Imprisonment in one's own house (formerly a mode of punishing a samurai).  
*Heimon wo mōshi tsukeru*, 閉門ヲ申付ル, to sentence to imprisonment in one's own house.  
—*suru*, *v.t.* To close a gate; to be imprisoned in one's own house. [uration.]

**Heimotsu**, へいもつ, 蔀物, *n.* Presents of congratulation.

**Heimyaku**, へいみやく, 平脈, *n.* The usual or healthy state of the pulse.

**Heimin**, へいみん, 平人, *n.* Common people; ordinary person; the populace.  
Syn. HIRABITO, NAMI NO HITO.

**Heisoku**, へいそく, 弊俗, *n.* My humble cot (in humiliation).

**Heion**, へいぜん, 至恩, *n.* Peace; tranquillity; being free from disturbances. [war.]

**Heiran**, へいらん, 兵乱, *n.* Disturbances caused by Heizei, へいらい, 聘禮, *n.* [Chin.] Presents made on marriage or other occasions of ceremony.

**Heiretsu suru**, へいれつする, 並列, *v.t.* To be arranged in a row; to stand or be drawn up in ranks (as soldiers). [a plain.]

**Heiriku**, へいりく, 平陸, *n.* [Chin.] A level land;

**Heiritsu suru**, へいりつする, 並立, *v.t.* To stand side by side; to be equal in power; to stand on the same level.

**Heiryaku**, へいりやく, 兵要, *n.* Military strategy; art of war; generalship.

**Heiryoku**, へいりよく, 兵力, *n.* Power of arms; military power.

**Heisan**, へいさん, 平産, *n.* Natural or ordinary partition.  
[as *Hesaru-basara*.]

**Hesaru-basara**, へいさるばさら, 雑答, *n.* Same as **Heisoku**.

**Heisei**, へいせい, 兵勢, *n.* The state of an army; military power or strength.

**Heisei**, へいせい, 兵制, *n.* Military system; military organization.

**Heisei**, へいせい, 弊政, *n.* Corrupt government; bad administration.

**Heiseki**, へいせき, 兵籍, *n.* Military register.  
*Heiseki ni iru*, 兵籍ニ入ル, to be entered in a military register. [by war.]

**Heisen**, へいせん, 兵燹, *n.* Conflagration caused  
*Heisen ni kakaru*, 兵燹ニ罹ル, to be burnt by a fire caused by war.

**Heisen**, へいせん, 兵艦, *n.* Same as **Heikan**.

**Heisen**, へいせん, 並線, *n.* Parallel lines or stripes.

**Heisha**, へいしゃ, 兵車, *n.* War-chariots (in many cases signifying troops under one's command).

**Heishi**, へいし, 兵士, *n.* A soldier; military men.  
Syn. GUMPTO, IKESABITO, TSUWAMONO.

**Heishin**, へいしん, 嬖臣, *n.* [Chin.] A favourite courtier.

**Heishin**, へいしん, 平心, *n.* Calm or peaceful mind; undisturbed heart.

**Heishin suru**, へいしんする, 平身, *v.t.* To prostrate one's self (as in apology).  
*Heishin teido*, 平身延頭, prostrating one's self and bowing the head to the ground.

**Heishin suru**, へいしんする, 併進, *v.t.* To proceed together; to go side by side.

**Heishishō**, へいしせう, 蔀子小菘, *n.* [Bot.] *Ophioylissum vulgatum*.  
Syn. HANAYASURI.

**Heishi suru**, へいしする, 斃死, *v.t.* [Chin.] To perish or die (said of horses or cattle). [ence.]

**Heisho**, へいしよ, 兵書, *n.* Books on military science.

**Heishū**, へいしゆ, 弊習, *n.* Evil habits; bad customs; corrupt practices.

**Heishutsu**, へいしつ, 平出, *n.* Making a new line whenever a word relating to the Emperor or some other high personage occurs in writing.

**Heiso**, へいそ, 平素, *n.* [Chin.] Same as **Heizei**.

**Heisoku**, へいそく, 弊索, *n.* Same as **Gohēi**.  
*Heisoku wo tateru*, 弊索ヲ立ル, to send an offering to a shrine (said of the Emperor).  
Syn. GOHEI, MITEKURA, NUSA.

**Heisoku suru**, へいそくする, 閉塞, *v.t.* and *t.* To stop or shut up; to obstruct; to check; to be stopped up or shut.

**Heisotsu**, へいそつ, 兵卒, *n.* Common soldier.

**Heisui**, へいすい, 平水, *n.* Normal quantity of water in a stream; ordinary level.

**Hei suru**, へいする, 聘, *v.t.* To invite or engage.  
*Shi wo hei suru*, 師ヲ聘スル, to engage a teacher.

**Heitai**, へいたい, 兵隊, *n.* ① Company of soldiers; troops. ② A common soldier.

**Heitakakuki**, へいたかくけい, 閉多角形, *n.* [Math.] Closed polygon.

**Heitan**, へいたん, 平坦, *a.* Level, even, plain; smooth.  
*Heitan no michi*, 平坦ノ道, an even road.

**Heitan**, へいたん, 平旦, *n.* To-morrow morn; the following morning. [of war.]

**Heitan**, へいたん, 兵端, *n.* The cause or beginning  
*Heitan wo hiraku*, 兵端ヲ開ク, to commence hostilities. [humil.]

**Heitel**, へいてい, 弊邸, *n.* My humble house

**Heitel suru**, へいていする, 平定, *v.t.* and *i.* ① To restore order; to tranquilize; to pacify. ② To become peaceful; to be quelled (as a mob).  
*Ikki sude ni heitel su*, 一擧ニ平定ス, the insurrection has been already put down.

**Heiten**, へいてん, 閉店, *n.* Shutting a shop; closing one's business. —*suru* *v.t.* To close a shop.

**Heitsukubaru**, へいつくばる, 平蹲, *v.t.* To prostrate one's self; to bow low on the ground.

**Heiwa**, へいわ, 平和, *n.* Peace; tranquillity; freedom from disturbance.  
Syn. ODAYAKA.

**Heiwa**, へいわ, 平話, *n.* Common colloquial; popular language. [common people.]  
*Zokudan heiwa*, 俗談平話, the talk of the people.  
Syn. ZOKUDAN, ZOKUGO. [plain.]

**Heiya**, へいや, 平野, *n.* A level field; a moor; a

**Helyū**, へいりゆう, 弊邑, *n.* My humble province or territory (a humiliating term formerly used by a *daimyō* in speaking of his own fief).

**Heiyū**, へいゆう, 平癒, *n.* Restoration to health. —*suru*, *v.t.* To recover from illness.  
Syn. HOMBUKU, ZENKWAJ.

**Heiza suru**, へいざする, 平坐, *v.t.* To sit down, as on a mat.

**Heizei**, へいせい, 平生, *n.* and *ade*. Usual time; usually; customarily; habitually; every day.  
Syn. FUDAN NO TOKI, NAMI NO TOKI, TSU-

**Heki**, へき, 壁, *n.* Wall. [NE.]

**Heki**, へき, 癖, *n.* Propensity; habit; eccentricity.  
*Heki no aru hito*, 癖ノアル人, an eccentric person.  
Syn. HENKUTSU, KUSE. [person.]

**Heki**, へき, 僻, *a.* Mean; obscure; remote; retired. Always in compounds.  
*Hekichi ni asobi*, 僻地ニ遊ブ, to visit a remote country; *Hekichi ni toshi wo okuru*, 僻地ニ年ヲ送ル, to spend years in an obscure locality.  
Syn. KATAINAKA.

**Heki-eki suru**, へきえきする, 僻易, *v.t.* To give way (as in battle); to shrink back; to be fearful or shudder at.

**Hekigū**, へきぐう, 僻隅, *n.* An obscure corner (as of a city).  
Syn. KATAZUMI, SUMI. [of a city.]

**Hekigyoku**, へきぎよく, 碧玉, *n.* [Min.] Jasper.

**Hekigyoku**, へきぎよく, 璧玉, *n.* A precious stone. [ocasa.]

**Hekikai**, へきかい, 碧海, *n.* Azure sea; blue

**Hekiken**, へきけん, 僻見, *n.* Prejudiced or bigoted views; narrow-mindedness; pettiness.

**Hekikū**, へきくう, 碧空, *n.* [Chin.] The blue sky; the azure heavens.

**Hekikyū**, へききゆう, 僻郷, *n.* [Chin.] A remote locality; a secluded place; an obscure village.

**Hekikyo**, へききよ, 僻居, *n.* Living in a retired spot; an obscure and secluded dwelling. —*suru*, *v.t.* To live in a secluded place; to lead a retired life.

**Hekikyō**, へききよう, 僻境, *n.* Places remote from the metropolis; an obscure locality.

**Hekiraganu**, へきらがす, *v.t.* [coll.] To show any

**Hekirakasu**, へきらかす, 見物, *n.* thing in order to excite desire; to tantalize.

**Hekireki**, へきれき, 霹靂, *n.* A sudden flash of lightning accompanied with thunder; a thunder-clap.  
*Hekireki issai*, 霹靂一閃, a sudden flash of lightning accompanied with thunder.  
Syn. IKAZUCHI, KAMITOKU.

**Hekiron**, へきろん, 僻論, *n.* A prejudiced opinion; an unreasonable argument; bigoted or prejudiced views. [person; a bigot.]

**Hekironka**, へきろんか, 僻論家, *n.* A dogmatic

**Hekisel**, へきせい, 壁星, *n.* The constellation of two stars, one in Pegasus, and the other in Andromeda. [heterodoxy.]

**Hekisel**, へきせい, 癖性, *n.* Eccentricity, bigotry;

**Hekiselsō**, へきせいさう, 壁生草, *n.* [Bot.] A plant growing on walls, *Sedum*.  
Syn. ITSUMADEGUSA.

**Hekisetsu**, へきせつ, 僻説, *n.* One sided opinions; bigoted views; heterodoxy.

**Hekisho**, へきしよ, 壁書, *n.* [lit.] Writing on a wall; a father's written instruction for his children.

**Hekisho**, へきしよ, 避暑, *n.* Corruption of **Hisho**.

**Hekishoku**, へきしよく, 碧色, *n.* Green colour.

**Hekison**, へきそん, 僻村, *n.* An obscure village.

**Hekisu**, へきす, 僻, *v.t.* To have a bias in favour of; to be unusually fond of; to be partial to.  
*Sono konomu tokoro ni hekiisu*, 其好ム所ニ僻ス, to be partial to what one is naturally fond of; to be wedded to one's own opinion.  
Syn. HIGAMU, KATAYORU. [seas.]

**Hekisui**, へきすい, 碧水, *n.* Azure water; blue

**Hekitan**, へきたん, 碧潭, *n.* A blue tarn.

**Hekiyū**, へきいゆう, 僻邑, *n.* A retired village; an obscure locality.  
Syn. KATAINAKA.



**Heko** へこ, 蓑, *n.* A waist cloth (especially of maies). [limber; flexible.]  
**Mekohoko** へこへこ, *adv.* and *a.* [coll.] Pliant;  
**Mekoki-mushi** へこむし, *n.* [Entom.] A kind of stinking insect.  
**Hekomasu** へこます, *v.t.* [caus. of *Hekomu*.] To pit or indent; to let give in; to discourage. *Oshite hekomasu*, 従シテ屈マズ, to indent by pushing upon.  
**Hekomu** へこみ, *v.t.* [coll.] ① A loss in measure; loss; waste. ② Indentation or wearing into. *Chi ni taisō hekomi ga aru*, 地ニ大層踏ガアル, there are many indentations on the surface of the ground; *Hekomi ga deta*, 耗入ガ出ヌ, there has been much loss in weight; it has fallen short.  
 Syn. HEKI, MERI. [in measure.]  
**Hekomu** へこむ, *v.t.* [coll.] ① To be indented, pitted, or hollowed; to be depressed. ② To collapse; to give way; to be disheartened.  
 Syn. IKOMERU, KUBOMU.  
**Hekokubi** へこむち, *n.* A belt, or loin cloth, worn by men, made simply of a piece of cotton or silk which is not sewn in the usual manner.  
**Hekuso-kuzura** へくそくづら, *n.* [Bot.] *Paederia tomentosa*.  
**Hemben suru** へんべんする, *v.t.* To pay back; to return; to retaliate.  
 Syn. KAESU.  
**Hembō** へんぼう, *n.* Defending the frontier.  
**Hembun** へんぶん, *n.* [Math.] Variation.  
**Hembunhō** へんぶんほう, *n.* [Math.] Calculus of variation.  
**Hembutsu** へんぶつ, *n.* An eccentric or bigoted person; an obstinate or crotchety fellow.  
**Hemeguru** へめぐる, *v.t.* To travel about; to go from one place to another. *Gwaikoku wo hemeguru*, 外藩ヲ歴遊ス, to travel about in foreign countries.  
**Hempa** へんぱ, *n.* Partiality, unfairness; party spirit; injustice.  
 Syn. EKOHIKI, KATAYORI.  
**Hempai** へんぱい, *n.* Returning the wine cup. —*suru*, *v.t.* To return the wine cup.  
**Hempaku** へんぱく, *n.* [Bot.] Juniper.  
**Hempēki suru** へんべきする, *v.t.* To be bigoted or narrow-minded; to have a bias in favour of; to be wedded to one's opinion.  
 Syn. HIGAMU, KATAZUMU.  
**Hempen** へんべん, *adv.* and *a.* One by one; fluttering down (as the falling leaves or snow).  
**Hempen to** へんべんと, *adv.* In a fluttering manner; waving.

**Hempi** へんぴ, *n.* and *a.* A remote region; retired, obscure, or rustic. *Hempi na tokoro*, 僻事ナ處, a retired place.  
 Syn. HENDO, KATAINAKA.  
**Hempō** へんぼう, *n.* ① Answer; reply. ② Retribution; recompense; reward. ③ Revenge; vengeance. —*suru*, *v.t.* To answer, reward, or revenge.  
**Hempon to** へんぽんと, *adv.* In a waving or fluttering manner. *Kokki hempon to hirugaeru*, 國旗飄揚ト翻ル, the national flag is fluttering in the wind. —*suru*, *v.t.* To flutter or fly; to wave.  
**Hempuku** へんぷく, *n.* [Zool.] A bat.  
 Syn. KŌMORI.  
**Hen** へん, *n.* ① Part, region, locality; whereabouts. ② [Math.] Side. *Ano hen*, 彼ノ邊, that locality, or thereabout; *Dano hen*, 下ノ邊, what part of the place? or whereabouts? *Sono hen*, 其邊, that side or in that neighbourhood.  
 Syn. ATARI, HITORI.  
**Hen** へん, *n.* A section, volume, or book; a set of books under one cover. Affixed to some words it may be pronounced *ben* or *per*. *San hen*, 三篇, third book, or third volume; *Sho hen*, 初篇, the first set of books; *Kō hen*, 後篇, the second or last set of books.  
**Hen** へん, *n.* An unusual accident; an extraordinary affair; a strange event; a wonder. May also be used as an adjective prefix. *Hen ga atta*, 變ガアツタ, there has been a strange affair; *Hen-na hito*, 變ナ人, a peculiar person; *Hen-na koto wo iu*, 變ナコトヲ云フ, to speak in a singular way; *Hen ni au*, 變ニ遇フ, to meet an unusual accident.  
**Hen** へん, *n.* Numeral for times; number of times. Sometimes in compounds. *Hen wo kasanu*, 遍ヲ重ヌ, to do (a thing) a number of times; *Namben*, 何返, how many times?  
**Hen** へん, *n.* The left side radical of a Chinese character, such as *gom-ben* (音), *ki-hen* (木), *tsuchi-hen* (土), etc.  
**Hena** へな, *n.* Contracted form of *Henatsuchi*.  
**Hen-ai suru** へんあいする, *v.t.* To favour a person more than others; to love with partiality.  
**Henatsuchi** へなつち, *n.* A kind of clay (usually of a grayish colour).  
**Henchiku** へんちく, *n.* [Bot.] Knot-grass.  
 Syn. NIWATASAGI.  
**Henchitsu** へんちつ, *n.* Books.  
**Henchitsu suru** へんちつする, *v.t.* [Chin.] To degrade from office or rank.

**Hendai** へんたい, *n.* The title of a book.  
**Hendo** へんどう, *n.* A remote region; a secluded or retired place.  
 Syn. HEMPI, KATAINAKA.  
**Hendō** へんたう, *n.* ① Going from one temple to another; making a pilgrimage. ② A pilgrim.  
 Syn. JUNREI, MEGURI. [pilgrim.]  
**Hendō** へんたう, *n.* Change or alteration (especially of political movements); vicissitudes. *Naikaku no hendō*, 内閣ノ變動, change of Ministry. —*suru*, *v.t.* To change or alter.  
**Henge** へんげ, *n.* Change or retraction (as of an agreement).  
**Hengaku** へんがく, *n.* Same as *Gaku* (讀).  
**Henge** へんげ, *n.* Contracted form of *Hengenmono*. *Furuneko no henge*, 古猫ノ變化, an old cat transformed into a human form. —*suru*, *v.t.* To transform one's self; to metamorphose. Syn. BAKERU. [metamorphose.]  
**Henge-mono** へんげもの, *n.* A transformed being; an apparition; a phantom; a sprite.  
**Hengen** へんげん, *n.* A few words; one sided version; an *ex parte* statement. *Hengen wo motte sudame gatashi*, 片言ヲ以テ定メ難シ, difficult to decide on the basis of a one-sided version. [tion.]  
**Hengo** へんご, *n.* [Math.] Sign of variation.  
**Hen-i** へんい, *n.* A change; a wonder; an unusual incident; phenomenon.  
**Hen-i** へんい, *n.* Displacement. *Kari no hen-i*, 假ノ變位, virtual displacement.  
**Hen-i** へんい, *n.* Narrow views; one-sided ideas; prejudice.  
**Henji** へんじ, *n.* An extraordinary incident; an unusual event; a calamity.  
**Henji** へんじ, *n.* Answer or reply. —*suru*, *v.t.* To reply.  
**Henjin** へんじん, *n.* An eccentric person.  
**Henjō** へんじょう, *n.* Returning or sending back (to a superior). —*suru*, *v.t.* To return.  
 Syn. KAESU. [or pay back.]  
**Henka** へんか, *n.* Verses composed in reply to those of others. Syn. KAESHUTA. [universe.]  
**Hentakai** へんかい, *n.* The whole world, the universe. Syn. UCHŪ.  
**Henkaku** へんかく, *n.* [Math.] Variable angle. [rule.]  
**Henkaku** へんかく, *n.* A modified form or  
**Henkaku** へんかく, *n.* Reformation; revolution. —*suru*, *v.t.* To reform.  
**Henkan** へんかん, *n.* Answer or reply

(of a letter). —*suru*, *v.t.* To reply; to give an answer.  
**Henkel** へんけい, *n.* Transformation; metamorphosis. —*suru*, *v.t.* To be transformed.  
**Henken** へんけん, *n.* Confined views; narrow or one-sided ideas; foregone conclusion; prepossession; *idée fixe*.  
 Syn. JASHŪ. [scale.]  
**Henkithō** へんきじょう, *n.* [Math.] Varying  
**Henkikaku** へんきかく, *n.* [Math.] Angle of deflection.  
**Henko** へんこ, *n.* Changes; vicissitudes; revolutions.  
**Henko** へんこ, *a.* Prejudiced; partial; one-sided; narrow-minded; bigoted; self-opinioned; pig-headed.  
 Syn. HENKUTSU.  
**Henkō suru** へんこうする, *v.t.* To change. Syn. ARATAMURU. [alter, or vary.]  
**Henkō suru** へんこうする, *v.t.* To be prejudiced or dogmatic; to have a bias; to look only at one side of the shield.  
**Henkutsu** へんくつ, *n.* and *a.* Bigotry; heterodoxy; dogmatic, formal, overcautious; stiff or tenacious in manner. *Henkutsu na hito*, 偏狭ナ人, a bigoted person; *Henkutsu wo iu*, 偏狭ヲ云フ, to speak in an obstinate manner.  
**Henkwa** へんくわ, *n.* Change; alteration; variation; transformation; vicissitude. ② [Gram.] Conjugation or inflection. *Dōshi no henkwa*, 動詞ノ變化, the inflection of verbs. —*suru*, *v.t.* and *i.* To change alter, etc.; to conjugate. Syn. KAWARU. [conjugate.]  
**Henkwan suru** へんくわんする, *v.t.* and *i.* To alter, change, or vary. Syn. KAERU, KAWARU.  
**Henkyaku suru** へんきやくする, *v.t.* To give, send, or pay back; to return. *Kono shōjaku wo gohenkyaku itashimasu*, 此書籍ヲ御返却致シマス, I send you back or return this book. Syn. HEMBEN SURU, KAESU, MODOSU.  
**Henkyō** へんきょう, *n.* ① Remote or secluded part of a country. ② The most distant portion of the frontier. *Henkyō wo hōgyō su*, 邊境ヲ防禦ス, to defend the frontiers.  
**Henkyoku-ten** へんきよくてん, *n.* [Math.] Point of inflexion.  
**Henkyoku-yen** へんきよくえん, *n.* [Math.] Circle of inflexion.  
**Henkyoku-sessen** へんきよくせせん, *n.* [Math.] Inflectional tangent.



**Henkyū**, へんきゅう, 扁球, *n.* [Math.] Oblate spheroid.

**Hennu**, へんねん, 編年, *n.* Chronicles; annals.

**Hennental**, へんねんたい, 編年体, *n.* Chronicles; a style of writing histories in which facts are arranged in chronological order.

**Hennō**, へんなら, 片礬, *n.* Refined camphor.

**Hennō-chinkki**, へんならちんき, 片礬丁機, *n.* Tincture of camphor.

**Hennō suru**, へんをさする, 返納, *v.t.* To return or give back (a polite expression).  
Syn. HENJŌ SURU, KAESU.

**Hennyū suru**, へんによする, 編入, *v.t.* To allot, assign, or appoint; to enter (as in a register).

**Henoko**, へこの, 陰核, 陰莖, *n.* ① Originally testicles [obs.] ② [vul. coll.] The penis.  
Syn. CHUMPO, INRYŌ, MARA, NANKON.

**Henran**, へんらん, 變亂, *n.* Civil disorders; revolution; insurrection; wars.  
*Henran wokuwaedatsu*, 變亂ヲ企ツ, to plan a revolt.

**Henrei suru**, へんれいする, 返禮, *v.t.* ① To return a compliment, or make a present in return. ② To make return for; to reciprocate (as favours).

**Henreki suru**, へんれきする, 廻遊, *v.t.* To travel about (either for pleasure or study).  
Syn. HEMEGURE, YŪREKI SURU.

**Henrūda**, へんるうだ, 芸香, *n.* [Bot.] The common rue, *Ruta graveolens*.  
Syn. UKYŌ.

**Hensai suru**, へんさいする, 返済, *v.t.* To pay back all; to settle or clear an account.

**Hensan**, へんさん, 編纂, *n.* Editing; compilation. —*suru*, *v.t.* To edit or compile.

**Hensai**, へんせい, 編成, *n.* Making up; formation; construction; compilation. —*suru*, *v.t.* To form (as troops); to compile (as books).

**Hensen**, へんせん, 變遷, *n.* Alteration; changes; vicissitudes.  
*Yo no hensen ni tsurete*, 世ノ變遷ニツレテ, following the vicissitudes of life.  
Syn. UTSURIKAWARI.

**Hensha**, へんしゃ, 編者, *n.* A compiler; an editor; an author.

**Henshi**, へんし, 片時, *n.* A short duration of time; a moment.  
*Ichinichi henshi mo wasurezu*, 一日片時も忘レズ, not to forget even for a moment.

**Henshi**, へんし, 變死, *n.* A strange or unnatural death. —*suru*, *v.t.* To die an unnatural death.  
Syn. WŌSHI.

**Henshin**, へんしん, 變心, *n.* Change of mind; altering one's views or purpose. Takes the usual verb forms.  
Syn. KOKOROGAWARI.

**Henshin**, へんしん, 爾身, *n.* The whole body.

**Henshi-nin**, へんしにん, 變死人, *n.* One who has died an unnatural death.

**Henshin suru**, へんしんする, 返進, *v.t.* To return or send back (to a superior).  
Syn. HENJŌ SURU.

**Henshitsu**, へんしつ, 變失, *n.* A sudden loss of anything. [petty.]

**Henshō**, へんせう, 縮小, *a.* Small; insignificant; *n.* *Henshō no kuni*, 縮小ノ國, a petty kingdom; an insignificant country.

**Hensho**, へんしょう, 返書, 回信, *n.* A written answer or reply.

**Henshoku**, へんしよく, 變色, *n.* Changing colour; discoloration. —*suru*, *v.t.* To change colour; to be decolorized.

**Henshū**, へんしゅう, 扁舟, *n.* A small junk; a single boat.  
*Henshū ni sawasashite*, 扁舟ニ乗シテ, rowing i.e. on board, a little vessel.

**Henshū**, へんしゅう, 偏執, *n.* Bigotry; heterodoxy; obstinacy, a prepossession; prejudgment; narrowmindedness.  
Syn. HENKO, HENKUTSU, KATAJI.

**Henshū**, へんしゅう, 編輯, *n.* Act of editing; compilation. —*suru*, *v.t.* To compile or edit.

**Henshūkwa**, へんしゅうくわ, 編輯課, *n.* The Section of Compilation.

**Henshū-nin**, へんしゅうにん, 編輯人, *n.* An editor

**Henshū-sha**, へんしゅうしゃ, 編輯者, *n.* (as of books or newspapers); a compiler.

**Hensoku**, へんそく, 變則, *n.* ① A method of learning a foreign language which consists in translating the meaning without regard to the correct pronunciation of the words, and without paying much attention to the rules of syntax. ② A special manner of administering affairs, which though not conforming to the established rules or regulations, is sometimes adopted for the sake of expediency.

**Hensū**, へんすう, 邊陲, *n.* A remote or obscure part of a country; a retired or secluded region.

**Hensui**, へんすい, 變衰, *n.* Dissipation.

**Hentetsu**, へんてつ, *n.* [coll.] Merit, virtue, ability, power, or strength; taste. Always used in conjunction with a negative suffix.  
*Nan no hentetsu mo nai kusuri da*, 何ノヘンテツモナイ藥ダ, [coll.] it is a tasteless medicine, or a medicine without any virtue.

**Hentō**, へんたう, 返答, *n.* Answer or reply.  
*Hentō ga nai*, 返答が無い, no answer. —*suru*, *v.t.* To answer.  
Syn. AISATSU SURU, KOTAERU.

**Hentō**, へんたう, 扁桃, *n.* [Bot.] Almond, *Amygdalus communis*.

**Hentō**, へんたう, 豌豆, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of bean, *Lentil*. [tonsil gland.]

**Hentōsen**, へんたうせん, 扁豆鏡, *n.* [Anat.] The *Hentōtsū*, へんたうつう, 扁豆鏡, *n.* [Med.] *Meyrin*.

**Hentōyū**, へんたうゆう, 扁豆油, *n.* Lentil oil.

**Hentsuki**, へんつき, 偏突, *n.* A kind of literary pastime in which part of a certain Chinese character in a verse or phrase being given, that character is to be completed so as to fit it to the general sense.

**Hen-un**, へんうん, 片雲, *n.* A layer of cloud.

**Hen-yaku**, へんやく, 編譯, *n.* Compilation and translation. Takes the usual verb forms.

**Hen-yaku**, へんやく, 變約, *n.* Breaking a promise; changing or not keeping one's pledged words; breach of contract. —*suru*, *v.t.* To break a promise; to retract an agreement.

**Henryō**, へんえう, 邊要, *n.* The important points on the frontier. [for retired village.]

**Hen-yū**, へんいゆう, 邊邑, *n.* A remote, obscure, **Henzō**, へんざう, 變造, *n.* ① Alteration or change in making anything. ② Counterfeiting; fraud. Takes the usual verb forms.  
*Konohi wo henzō suru*, 貨幣ヲ變造スル, to alter coins.

**Henzu**, へんず, 稷豆, *n.* [Bot.] Same as *Hentō*.

**Henzuru**, へんずる, 變, *v.t.* and *i.* To change, alter, or transform; to metamorphose.  
*Ganshoku wo henjite ikaru*, 顔色ヲ變シテ怒ル, to be flushed with anger; *Kokorozashi wo henzuru*, 志ヲ變ズル, to change one's mind; to alter one's intention; *Setau wo henzuru*, 器ヲ變ズル, to change one's opinion; *Tenki ga henzuru*, 天氣が變ズル, the weather alters.  
Syn. ARATAMU, KAU, KAWARU.

**Heo**, へお, 鵞, *n.* A cord attached to the foot of a falcon.

**Heppirimushi**, へっぴりむし, 氣蟻, *n.* [Entom.] [coll.] A kind of stinking insect.

**Hera**, へら, 筥, *n.* A spatula; a trowel.

**Heraueri**, へらがへり, *n.* A sprain of the ankle or foot. [the ankle.]  
*Heraueri wo suru*, ヘラガヘリヲスル, to sprain

**Herasagi**, へらさぎ, 渡鴉, *n.* [Ornith.] Spoonbill, *Platalea*.

**Herashigi**, へらしぎ, *n.* [Ornith.] Spoonbilled sandpiper.

**Herasu**, へらす, 減, *v.t.* [caus. of *Heru*.] To diminish, decrease, or lessen; to reduce in number; to abate.  
*Itsu wo herasu*, 費用ヲ減ス, to lessen the expenses; *Kuchi wo herasu*, 口ヲ減ス, to reduce the number of inmates of a family; *Ninzu wo herasu*, 人数ヲ減ス, to reduce the number of persons.

Syn. GENZURU, HARUKU, SEKUNAKU SURU

**Herazu**, へらさ, 不減, *v.t.* ① Negative form of *Heru*. ② As an adjective, it means not decreasing; audacious; inordinate.  
*Herazu-guchi wo kiku*, ヘラズ口ナキク, [coll.] talk insolently.

**Heri**, へり, 縁, *n.* Edge; border; rim; binding.  
*Heri wo tsukeru*, 縁ヲ付ケル, to make a border; *Boshi no heri*, 帽子ノ縁, the brim of a hat; *Tatami no heri*, 畳ノ縁, the border of a matting

**Heri**, へり, 減, *n.* ① Diminution; decrease. ② Loss, waste. ③ Discount.  
*Ninotsu ni heri ga tatsu*, 荷物ニ減リタツ there is a loss in the goods (as from transportation, handling, etc.).  
Syn. HEKOMI.

**Heritori**, へりとり, 縁取, *n.* Making a border, of a garment, mat, etc.  
Syn. FUCHITSUKU.

**Herikudaru**, へりくだる, 謙, *v.t.* and *i.* To humble one's self; to humiliate.  
*Itto ni herikudaru mono wo iu*, 人ニ謙ヲ特テ云フ, to speak to another in a humble manner  
Syn. HIGE SURU, KENSON SURU, SHITA NI DERU. [steadily; cowardly.]

**Herohero**, へろへろ, *a.* Limping; staggering; un-  
*Herohero zamurai*, へろへろ侍, a weak or cowardly soldier.

**Heru**, へる, 蘇, *v.t.* To arrange lengthwise in a loom (as the warp).

**Heru**, へる, 減耗, *v.t.* To be reduced in number or size; to diminish; to decrease; to wear out.  
*Ita ga heru*, 腹がへる, to be hungry; *Hikazu ga heru*, 人数が減ル, the number of persons decreases; *Ki ga heru*, 氣が減ル, to feel sorrow for the loss of anything prized.  
Syn. MERU, SEKUNAKU NARU, TOROSHIMU NARU.

**Heru**, へる, 通過, *v.t.* To pass; to go or live through; to spend time; to pass by or move along.  
*Amerika wo hite Yōroppa ye yuku*, 亞米利加ヲ經テ歐羅巴ヘ行ク, to go to Europe via America; *Nen gatsu wo heru*, 年月ヲ經ル, to spend months and years.  
Syn. FURU, KOSU, SUGIRU.

**Hesaru**, へさへる, *v.t.* [coll.] To press down; to compress or repress; to oppress or subjugate.

**Hesaki**, へさき, 船先, *n.* The bow or prow of a ship or boat.  
Syn. MIYOSHI.

**Hesara-basara**, へさらばさら, *n.* [Sansk.] A solid concretion or calculus found in the stomach of some animals; bezoar.

**Heshiau**, へさあふ, 壓合, *v.t.* [coll.] To push each other aside (as among a crowd).



**Heshiguchi**, へまぐち, 匿口, *n.* Shutting one's mouth; keeping silence.

**Heshikomu**, へまこむ, *v.t.* [coll.] To press or squeeze into.

**Heshitai**, へまみ, 匿面, *n.* A mask representing a concave in *man rice*. [ing down.]

**Heshioru**, へまをる, 摺折, *v.t.* To break by press.

**Heshitsukuru**, へまつくる, 匿着, *v.t.* [coll.] To press down; to compress; to repress.

**Heso**, へそ, 巻子, *n.* A ball of thread.

**Heso**, へそ, 臍, *n.* The navel.

*Heso de warau*, 臍ヲ笑フ, [lit.] to laugh in the navel; [fig.] to laugh in the sleeve; to make an *Syn.* HOZO. [April fool of.]

**Hesokurigane**, へそくりがね, 私房銀, *n.* A small amount of money accumulated by a wife in private; private earnings of women; pin money. *Syn.* TAKUWARGANE.

**Heso-no-o**, へそのお, 臍緒, *n.* The navel string.

**Heso-no-shita**, へそのおした, 臍下, 丹田, *n.* A slang word for the vulva.

**Hesu**, へす, 壓, *v.t.* To press or force down; to repress or subdue.

*Kuchi wo hesu*, ロヲ隠ス, to force to be silent; *Oshi hesu*, 押シ隠ス, to press down; to push *Syn.* OSHITSUKERU, OSU. [aside.]

**Heta**, へた, 萼, *n.* The calyx which remains attached to the fruit (as in persimmons). *Syn.* HOZO. [ty.]

**Heta**, へた, 邊, 端, *n.* Edge; border; side; extremity. *Syn.* HASHI, HATA, HETI.

**Heta**, へた, 下手, 拙工, *a. and n.* Inexpert; incompetent; left-handed; bungling; awkward; unskilful; clumsy.

*Heta na daiku*, 下手ナ大工, a bungling carpenter; *Heta no yokozuki*, 下手ノヨコヅキ, to be excessively fond of anything (as a game) in which one is unskilful; *Heta wo suru*, 下手ヲスル, to make sad work of; to do things in the *Syn.* TSUTANAKI [wrong way.]

**Hetajbaru**, へたばる, 低身, *v.t.* To bend down to the ground; to bow low.

**Hetabeta**, へたへた, *adv.* Pliantly; flexibly.

*Kavada ga hetabeta ni natta*, 竹ノへたへたニナッタ, [coll.] the body has become limber.

**Hetsukubaru**, へつくばる, *v.t.* [coll.] To bow to another in a mean manner; to play the sycophant.

**Hetsurai**, へつらひ, 諂, *n.* Flattery; wheedling; adulation; cajolery; sycophancy; blandishment.

*Hito ni hetsurai wo suru*, 人ニ媚ラスル, to curry favour with another. *Syn.* KORI, TSUISHŌ.

**Hetsurau**, へつらふ, 諂, *v.t.* To flatter, cajole, wheedle, or fawn upon; to curry favour with.

*Mae no hito ni hetsurau*, 目上ノ人ニ媚フ, to pay court to a superior. *Syn.* KOBIRU, TSUISHŌ SURU.

**Hetsui**, へつひ, 竈, *n.* A kitchen furnace.

**Hetsui**, へつひ, 竈, *n.* A kitchen furnace. *Syn.* KAMADO.

**Heya**, へや, 部屋, 曲房, *n.* A room, chamber, or apartment.

*Aki beya*, 空部屋, an unoccupied room; *Nebe-ya*, 寢部屋, a bed chamber.

**Heyakumi**, へやぢみ, 房住, *n.* An heir who has not yet inherited the property, but lives with his father.

**Hezuru**, へづる, 削, *v.t.* To clip off a part; to **Hetsuru**, へつる, 抜, *v.t.* To take, by stealth, a part of anything belonging to another's care. To diminish or reduce.

*Hito no mono wo hetsuru*, 人ノ物ヲへつる, to take a portion of anything belonging to another; *Roku wo hezuru*, 禄ヲへつる, to lessen the amount of salary. *Syn.* HAGU, KEZURU, SOGU.

**Hi**, ひ, 日, *n.* The sun; sunlight.

*Hi de kawakasu*, 日ヲ乾ス, to dry anything in the sun; *Hi ga noboru*, 日ガ昇ル, the sun rises; *Hi ga ataru*, 日ガ當ル, the sun shines on; *Hi ni sarasu*, 日ニ晒ス, to expose to sun light; *Hi ga teru*, 日ガ照ル, the sun shines; *Hi no de wo ogamu*, 日ノ出ヲ拜ム, to worship the rising sun; or to look at the rising of the sun; *Hi no hikari*, 日ノ光リ, the sunlight; the light of the sun; *Hi no tate ni kaeru*, 日ノ入ニ歸ル, to return in the sunset; *Hi no me mo mizu*, 日ノ目も見ズ, not seeing even the light of the sun; *Hi no toru michi*, 日ノ通ル道, the orbit of the sun; the equinoctial. *Syn.* NICHIRIN, TAIYŌ, TENTŌ.

**Hi**, ひ, 日, *n.* Day; day time.

*Hi ga nagaku natta*, 日ガ永クナッタ, the day has become long; *Hi ni hi ni manabu*, 日ニ日ニ學ブ, to study day by day; *Hi wo heru*, 日ヲ経ル, to pass or spend days; *Hi wo kasanete chakusu*, 日ヲ重クテ着ス, to arrive after a number of days; *Hi wo kiru*, (sadameru, or kisu), 日ヲ切ル, (定メル, 期ス), to fix the day; *Hi wo kurasu*, (kururu), 日ヲ暮ス, (送ル), to spend the days; *Hi wo nobasu*, 日ヲ延ス, to put off or postpone a date; *Nochi no hi*, 後ノ日, future days; *To ni ayishi hi*, 世ニアリシ日, when he was alive; during his life time. *Syn.* HIRU, NICHU.

**Hi**, ひ, 火, *n.* Fire. Light (as of a lamp). Live coals. Conflagration. [Metaph.] Anger, jealousy, love, or any other strong passion. *Abrayami ni hi ga tsuku yo ni*, 油燈ニ火付ケ

ケツニ, as quick to catch fire as oiled paper; very irascible; *Hi no moto*, 火ノ元, place where fire is used, such as brazier, lamp, furnace, etc.; the origin of a conflagration; *Hi no te ga mitaru*, 火ノ手が見ヘヌ, the flames of the conflagration are not visible; *Hi no yijin*, 火之用心, caution against a fire; *Hi wo ikuru*, 火ヲ起スル, to preserve fire (by covering it with ashes); *Hi wo okosu*, 火ヲ起ス, to kindle fire; *Hi wo kesu*, 火ヲ消ス, to put out a fire; to extinguish light; *Hi wo moyasu*, 火ヲ燻ス, to kindle or make fire; *Hi wo taku*, 火ヲ燬ク, same as above; *Hi wo tobosu*, 火ヲトボス, to light (as a lamp); *Hi wo tsukeru*, 火ヲ付ル, to set fire; to light (as a lamp); *Hi wo utsu*, 火ヲ打ツ, to strike fire (with a flint); *Mune no hi*, 胸ノ火, [lit.] the fire burning in the heart; a strong passion. *Syn.* KWA.

**Hi**, ひ, 梭, *n.* A weaver's shuttle. *Hata no hi*, 機ノ梭, the shuttle of a loom.

**Hi**, ひ, 樋, *n.* A waterpipe; a spout; a faucet. *Hi wo fuseru*, 樋ヲ伏セル, to lay a waterpipe (under ground). *Syn.* TOI. [of a sword.]

**Hi**, ひ, 直線, *n.* A longitudinal groove on the blade

**Hi**, ひ, 區, 區, *n. and a.* A partition. Chief or principal. Always used in compounds, as *hi-jiji* (great-grandfather), *hiko* etc.

**Hi**, ひ, 桐, *n.* [Bot.] *Chamaecyparis obtusa*. *Syn.* HINOKI.

**Hi**, ひ, 目障, *n.* A disease of the eye which causes partial loss of sight, such as *soko-hi*, *uwa-hi*,

**Hi**, ひ, 氷, 氷, *n.* Ice. [which see.] *Himuro*, 氷室, an ice house. *Syn.* KŌRI.

**Hi**, ひ, 脾, *n.* The spleen. *Syn.* YOKOSHI.

**Hi**, ひ, 非, *n.* Wrong; injustice; unreasonable-ness; evil. Fault; defect; demerit. Not so; a prefix used in the sense of *not* or *opposed* to, in much the same manner as the Eng. non, anti, un, etc.

*Hi ni ochiru*, 非ニ落ル, to fall into wrong; *Hi wo utsu*, 非ヲ打ツ, to attack or point out the defects of another; to criticise; *Hi wo hi ni mageru*, 理ヲ非ニ曲ケル, to make right wrong (either in arguments or sophistry); *Hijiyaku ha*, 非條約派, anti-treaty party, or a political faction opposed to concluding foreign treaties. *Syn.* ASHI, AYAMARI, KIZU.

**Hi**, ひ, 緋, *n.* Vermillion colour; scarlet tint.

**Hi**, ひ, 肥, *n.* Same as *Kisaki*.

**Hi**, ひ, 碑, *n.* A monument; a stone tablet. *Hibun*, 碑文, inscriptions on a monument; *Hi wo tateru*, 碑ヲ立ル, to erect a monument.

*Syn.* ISHIBUMI.

**Hi**, ひ, 婢, *n.* A female servant; a maid. *Syn.* GEJO, KOSHIMOTO, MIZUSHIME.

**Hi**, ひ, 砒, *n.* [Min.] Arsenic.

**Hi**, ひ, 比, *n.* Comparison; ratio. Kind; sort; an equal or peer. *Sono yū karera no hi ni arazu*, 其勇彼等ノ比ニアラズ, his courage is not comparable with theirs. *Syn.* TAGUI, ICI, KURABERU.

**Hibaburi**, ひばぶり, 火焚, *n.* Burning at the stake, a mode of punishing criminals in ancient times. *Hibaburi ni suru*, 火焚ニスル, to burn at the stake.

**Higaranu**, ひがらぬ, *v.t.* [Caus. of *Higarau*.] To cause to dry up; to desiccate. *Syn.* HOSU, KAWAKASU.

**Higarau**, ひがらる, 干上, *v.t.* To dry up; to be parched; to become arid. *Syn.* KAWAKU.

**Hiai**, ひあい, 日間, *n.* An interval of several days; a number of days. *Hiai ga tatta*, 日間ガマッテ, several days have elapsed; *Mō hiai ga nai*, モウ日間ガナイ, there are not many days left.

**Hiai**, ひあい, 悲哀, *n.* [Chin.] Grief; sorrow; lamentation.

**Hi-anchimōn**, ひあんちもん, 秘安買秘尼, *n.* [Min.] Alchemite.

**Hi-any ūdōkwō**, ひあんいうどうかう, 秘安買銅鐵, *n.* [Min.] Arsenical antimony.

**Hishi**, ひし, 日脚, *n.* The feet or velocity of the sun; the rays of the sun. *Hishi ga hayai*, 日脚ガ速イ, the sun travels fast; *Mada hishi ga takai*, マダ日脚ガ高イ, the sun is still high up in the sky; not yet declining.

**Hiwai**, ひわい, 隙間, *n.* Narrow spaces between houses.

**Hi-aynushi**, ひあやし, *interj.* "Be careful about fire!" a call of a night-watch in the Imperial palace. [food.]

**Hiba**, ひば, 乾葉, *n.* Dried radish leaves used for

**Hiba**, ひば, 杜松, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of evergreen, *Juniperus rigida*. [horse.]

**Hiba**, ひば, 疲馬, *n.* A worn out or exhausted horse. *Hiba ni muchutsu*, 疲馬ニ鞭ツ, to whip an exhausted horse.

**Hibaba**, ひばば, 曾祖母, *n.* Great-grand mother.

**Hibachi**, ひばち, 火鉢, *n.* A pan or box filled with ashes in which coals are kindled for warming the hands or apartments, or for boiling water used in making tea. *Hibachi no otoshi*, 火鉢ノ銅函, the copper box or lining of a *hibachi*. [tens.]

**Hibakari**, ひばかり, *n.* [Zool.] *Trepidonotus mar-*



**Hibako**, ひばこ, 火箱, *n.* A box fitted in the bottom of a furnace or brazier.

**Hibako**, ひばこ, 箱, *n.* A commode.

**Hiban**, ひばん, 非番, *n.* Being off duty; not on duty.

**Hibana**, ひばな, 火花, *n.* Sparks of fire.  
*Hibana wa chirashite tatakau*, 火花チ散シテ  
散フ, *lit.*, to fight so hard as to cause the sparks to emit sparks.

**Hibarai**, ひばり, 雲雀, *n.* [Ornith.] A sky-lark, *Alauda japonica*.

**Hibarige**, ひばりげ, 雲雀毛, *n.* Hair having a mixture of yellow and white (said of the colour of a horse). [stint.]

**Hibarishigi**, ひばりしぎ, *n.* [Ornith.] Middendorff's

**Hibasanai**, ひばさみ, 火銃, *n.* The cock of a gun.

**Hibashi**, ひばし, 火箸, *n.* A pair of iron rods for taking up embers; tongs.

**Hibashira**, ひばしら, 火柱, *n.* A pillar of fire, *i.e.* a column of reddish vapour often seen standing in the sky.

**Hibi**, ひび, 皺, *n.* Chaps or cracks produced on the skin by cold.  
*Te ni hibi ga kiteta*, 手ニ皺ガ切レタ, the hands are chapped. [crackle.]

**Hibi**, ひび, 罅, 裂, *n.* A crack (as on porcelain); *Chawan ni hibi ga iru*, 茶碗ニ罅ガ入ル, the tea cup is cracked.  
Syn. **HIBIKI**, **HIBIRE**, **HIBITSU**.

**Hibi**, ひび, *n.* Branches of trees stuck in the shallow sea for letting *anori* grow upon.

**Hibi**, ひび, *n.* Sore on the lip.  
Syn. **KUCHIBIBI**.

**Hibi-hibi**, ひびひび, 日日, *adv.* Day after day; every day; daily.  
*Hibi-hibi arata ni suru*, 日日新ニスル, to renovate (or do afresh) day by day; *Hibi-hibi manabu*, 日日學ブ, to study daily.  
Syn. **MAINICHI**, **NICHINICHI**.

**Hibikaseru**, ひびかせる, 響, *v.t.* [caus. of *Hibiku*.] To sound or ring.  
*Na wo yo ni hibikaseru*, 名ヲ世ニ響カセル, to make the world resound with one's name.

**Hibiki**, ひびき, 響, *n.* Sound; report (as of a gun); noise; concussion; echo.  
*Hibiki ga yoi*, 響ガ好イ, to sound well; *Taihō no hibiki*, 大砲ノ響, the report of a cannon.

**Hibiki-ishi**, ひびきいし, 響石, *n.* A kind of *Ōmuseki*, which see.

**Hibikiwataru**, ひびきわたる, 響渡, *v.t.* To resound on every side; to reverberate.

**Hibiku**, ひびく, 響, *v.t.* To sound, resound, echo, or reverberate. ② To cause to feel the influence of; to extend.  
*Tegū no oto ga mimi ni hibiku*, 聴聞ノ音が耳

ニ響ク, the report of the gun resounds in the ears, *Yama ni hibiku*, 山ニ響ク, to reverberate among the mountains; *Inaka no fuwaki ga tokori yemo hibiku*, 田舎ノ不景氣ガ都會ヘモ響ク, the dullness of trade in the country is felt even in the capital.

**Hibi ni**, ひびニ, 日日, *adv.* Every day; daily.  
*Hibi ni narau*, 日日ニ習フ, to study every day.  
Syn. **NICHINICHI NI**.

**Hibiragu**, ひびらぐ, *v.t.* ① To shake, tremble, or quiver; to shrink at. ② To feel a prickling pain; to smart.  
Syn. **FURATSUKU**, **FURFERU**. [pain.]

**Hibire**, ひびり, *n.* Crack, or crackle (as on porcelain).

**Hibiru**, ひびり, 裂, *n.* Same as **HIBI**.

**Hibiso**, ひびそ, *n.* An inferior kind of raw silk made from outside fibers of cocoons.

**Hibitsu**, ひびつ, 火籠, *n.* A kind of *hibachi*, brazier.

**Hibiyaki**, ひびやき, 磁器, *n.* A kind of porcelain baked so as to have a *crâquelé* appearance.  
*Hibiyaki no sara*, 磁器ノ皿, a plate of *crâquelé* ware.  
Syn. **RAKYAKI**.

**Hibo**, ひぼ, 紐, *n.* Cord; braid; thong.

**Himo**, ひも, 紐, *n.* Cord; braid; thong.  
*Naori no himo*, 羽織ノ紐, cords or braids attached to a *naori* for fastening it.

**Hibō**, ひぼう, 非望, *n.* Reprobation; odium; vituperation; reviling; contumely; abuse; calumny. — *suru*, *v.t.* To speak ill of; to slander; to backbite; to calumniate.  
Syn. **SOSHIRU**. [soul.]

**Hibō**, ひぼう, 非望, *n.* Inordinate ambition; treason.  
*Hibō wo tōaku*, 非望ヲ達ク, to have an inordinate ambition; *Hibō wo kusadatsu*, 非望ヲ金ツ, to plot or conspire. [wants.]

**Hiboku**, ひぼく, 雌雄, *n.* Female and male ser-

**Hibon**, ひぼん, 非凡, *a.* Extraordinary; remarkable; uncommon; unusual.  
*Hibon no hataraki*, 非凡ノ働キ, an uncommon deed; *Hibon no shi*, 非凡ノ士, an extraordinary or remarkable gentleman.

**Hiboshi**, ひぼし, 干乾, 絶食, *n.* ① Drying in the sun. ② Starving to death. ③ Fish dried.  
*Sakana wo hiboshi ni suru*, 魚ヲ干乾ニスル, to dry fish in the sun; *Toriko wo hiboshi ni suru*, 餓ヲ絶食ニスル, to starve the captives.

**Hibotoki**, ひぼとき, 経綱, *n.* The ceremony of taking off the ribbons attached to the garments of a child, when it has attained the seventh year of age.

**Hibu**, ひぶ, 日歩, *n.* Interest by the day.  
*Hibu no kane wo karu*, 日歩ノ金ヲ借ル, to borrow money at a certain rate of interest per day.

**Hibu**, ひぶ, 日賦, *n.* Daily payments or instalments.  
*Hibu de shakusen wakaesu*, 日賦デ借額ヲ返ス, to pay back a debt by daily instalments.

**Hibukure**, ひぶくれ, 火腫, *n.* The blister caused by a burn.

**Hibun**, ひぶん, 非分, *n.* and *a.* Unbecoming one's station in life; inconsistent; undeserved; improper; disproportionate; unjust; unreasonable.  
*Hibun no shochō*, 非分ノ處置, unjust way of managing affairs; *Hibun wo okonau*, 非分ヲ行フ, to behave in an improper manner.  
Syn. **FUTŌ**, **NAMIHAZURU**.

**Hibun**, ひぶん, 碑文, *n.* Inscriptions, as on monuments or tombstones.  
Syn. **ISHIMORI**. [for condemnation.]

**Hibun**, ひぶん, 此文, *n.* [Chin.] A written sentence

**Hibune**, ひぶね, 火船, *n.* A steamboat.  
Syn. **JŌRISSEN**. [the ague.]

**Hiburui**, ひぶるひ, 日震, *n.* Daily shake or fit of

**Hibuse**, ひぶせ, 火防, *n.* Preventing conflagration (as by supernatural power); protection against fire.  
*Hibuse no ofuda*, 火防ノ御札, a charm for protection against fire (usually found pasted over the entrance of a house); *Hibuse no gokitō wo suru*, 火防ノ御祈禱ヲスル, to offer prayers in order to be relieved from conflagrations.

**Hibuta**, ひぶた, 火蓋, *n.* The cap covering the pan of a matchlock.  
*Hibuta wo kuru*, 火蓋ヲ切ル, to raise the cap of the lock (preparatory to firing).

**Hibyōin**, ひびやういん, 避病院, *n.* A hospital where persons afflicted with infectious diseases, such as cholera, typhus, etc., are treated; a pesthouse.

**Hichi-no-ki**, ひちのき, *n.* [Bot.] *Myrsine nerifolia*. [for flagellate.]

**Hichiriki**, ひちりき, 竈篋, *n.* A small musical pipe

**Hichisha**, ひちしや, 被治者, *n.* The governed, in opposition to *shuchisha* (governing).

**Hichō**, ひてう, 飛鳥, *n.* A flying bird.

**Hichō**, ひてう, 比重, *n.* [Physics.] Specific gravity.

**Hida**, ひだ, 襷, *n.* Plaits; folds. [ty.]  
*Hida wo toru*, 襷ヲ取ル, to plait.  
Syn. **HIDAME**.

**Hidachi**, ひたち, 肥立, *n.* ① The daily improvement of a sick person; daily convalescence. ② The daily growth of an infant.  
*Hidachi ga yoi*, 肥立ガ好イ, to get better or improve in health day by day; *Kodomo no hidachi*, 小兒ノ肥立, the gradual growth in size of an infant; *Sango no hidachi ga warui*, 産後ノ肥立ガ悪イ, not steadily improving in health after parturition.

**Hidai**, ひたい, 肥太, *a.* and *n.* ① Corpulent, fat, plump. ② Hypertrophy.

**Hidai**, ひたい, 干鰯, *n.* *Tai* (the *serranus marginatus*) salted and dried in the sun, much used as presents on ceremonious occasions.

**Hidama**, ひたま, 火玉, *n.* A ball of fire; will-o'-the-wisp; jack-o'-lantern; *ignis fatuus*.

**Hidara**, ひたら, 干鰯, *n.* Codfish salted and dried.

**Hidari**, ひたひ, 左, *a.* ① The left. ② [coll.] Drinking or fond of wine.

**Hidarigamae**, ひたひがまへ, 左構, *n.* A left position, or left guard (as in fencing).

**Hidarigana**, ひたひがな, 左假名, *n.* Small signs or numerical figures at the left hand side of Chinese characters to show the order in which the latter are to be read in literal translation.

**Hidarigiki**, ひたひぎき, 左利, *n.* and *a.*

**Hidarigicho**, ひたひぎちよ, 左利, *n.* Left-handed.

**Hidarimae**, ひたひまへ, 左襟, *n.* ① Folding the right breast of the coat over the left; buttoning on the left (wrong) side. ② [coll.] The reverse of fortune; going down in the world.

**Hidarimaki**, ひたひまき, 左捲, *n.* Turning toward the left in winding; curving or turned leftwards (as the tail of a dog).

**Hidarimoji**, ひたひもじ, 左文字, *n.* Writing characters from right to left; characters so written.

**Hidarinawa**, ひたひなわ, 左繩, *n.* A rope made by twisting to the left.

**Hidari-uchitwa**, ひたひうちたわ, *n.* Holding the fan in the left hand.  
*Hidari-uchitwa de kurasu*, 左團扇ヲ持テ, to lead an easy life.

**Hidarugaru**, ひたるがる, *v.t.* To feel hunger; to have a keen appetite.

**Hidaruku**, ひたるく, 飢, *adv.* and *a.* Feeling hunger; hungrily; voraciously.  
*Hidaruku natte ayumen*, 飢クテチツテ歩メシ, [coll.] I am so hungry I can't walk.

**Hidarusa**, ひたるさ, 飢, *n.* The state or degree of being hungry; hunger.

**Hidarushi**, ひたるとし, ひたるさ, 飢, *a.* Hungry; feeling uneasiness from want of food.  
Syn. **HIMUJI**, **HIDAYUI**.

**Hidashi**, ひたし, 晒, *n.* Cleaning grains with a *mi*; winnowing.

**Hidasu**, ひたす, 晒出, *v.t.* To winnow, or clean by throwing up the grains in a shallow basket or *mi*.  
Syn. **ABURIDASU**.

**Hidatsu**, ひたつ, 肥立, *v.t.* To daily get better (as a patient); to grow up day by day (as a young child).  
*Kodomo ga ōoi hidatsu*, 小兒ガ肥立ニ速ク, the child gradually grows in size. [shl.]

**Hidayushi**, ひたゆし, *a.* Same as **Hidaru-**



**Hiden**, ひでん, 秘傳, *n.* A secret art which has been handed down in a family; a secret formula. Syn. OKUO.

**Hiden-in**, ひでん入, 悲田院, *n.* An asylum; a charity-hospital; a poor house.

**Hideri**, ひでり, 旱, *n.* A long continuance of clear weather; drought. Syn. KAMPATSU.

**Hideri-ame**, ひでりあめ, 天泣, *n.* Rain falling from a clear sky.

**Hideri-gumo**, ひでりぐも, 天雲, *n.* Clouds not condensing into rain; heat clouds.

**Hide-iso**, ひでりそう, *n.* [Bot.] *Portulaca*. Syn. MATSUBOTAN.

**Hideru**, ひでる, 秀, *v.t.* Cont. form of *Hideru*.

**Hidō**, ひたう, 非道, *n.* and *a.* ① Injustice; cruelty; outrageousness. ② Unjust; barbarous; tyrannical; dishonest; inhuman. *Hidō ni suru*, 非道ニスル, to treat with cruelty; to tyrannize; *Muri hidō no hito*, 無理非道ノ人, an unjust and cruel person.

**Hidōgu**, ひたうぐ, 火道具, *n.* Tools used in striking fire (i.e. flint, steel, and tinder).

**Hidokel**, ひどけい, 日時計, *n.* A sun-dial.

**Hidoko**, ひどこ, 火所, *n.* A fire place. [gite.]

**Hidokusha**, ひどくしゃ, 駄馬, *n.* [Min.] Lollin-kite.

**Hidokuwō**, ひどくわう, 碓氷, *n.* [Min.] Domey-day.

**Hidori**, ひどり, 日取, *n.* Selecting or fixing on a *Hidori no suru*, 日取ヲスル, to fix on a day; *Tobitachi no hidori*, 旅立ノ日取, fixing the day on which one intends to set out on his journey.

**Hidorigamo**, ひどりがも, *n.* [Ornith.] Widgeon.

**Hidori**, ひどり, 火取, *v.t.* To dry by heating in a pan; to parch; to roast. Syn. ABURU, HŌJIRU.

**Hidosa**, ひどさ, *n.* The quality or degree of being cruel; severity; atrocity.

**Hidoshi**, ひどし, ひどし, *n.* ① Cruel; barbarous; outrageous. ② Severe; violent; intense; excessive. *Hidō me ni awaseru*, 酷イメニ合セル, to treat with cruelty; *Era hidoshi*, エラヒドシ, most violent; excessive; *Te hidoku atsukau*, 手酷ク接フ, to treat with violence or severity. Syn. MUGOI, NABARNASHI.

**Hidō suru**, ひどする, 悲慟, *v.t.* To grieve, lament, or mourn. [only.]

**Hidoto**, ひどと, *n.* [coll.] Dried fish (used by women)

**Hie**, ひえ, 稗, *n.* [Bot.] *Panicum frumentaceum*.

**Hientari**, ひえたり, 冷病, *n.* Cold.

**Hichū**, ひへちう, *n.* [Entom.] *Alydas* sp.

**Hie-eki**, ひえき, 利益, *n.* Advantage; benefit; merit; utility. — *suru*, *v.t.* To benefit; to be advantageous for.

Syn. RIKKI.

**Hienmaki**, ひえまき, 稗藜, *n.* Wild millet planted in a pot in imitation of a rice-field, and used as a plaything by children.

**Hien**, ひえん, 飛塵, *n.* [Chin.] The eaves.

**Hieru**, ひえる, 冷, *v.t.* To grow cold; to cool. Syn. SAMERU.

**Hietu suru**, ひえつする, 披開, *v.t.* To open and read (as a letter).

**Hiesake**, ひえさけ, 稗酒, *n.* A kind of sake brewed from *hie* (a species of millet).

**Hifu**, ひふ, 被服, *n.* A short coat worn by doctors, priests, and ladies; and also by gentlemen who have retired from public life or business.

**Hifu**, ひふ, 被布, *n.* [Chin.] Night clothes. Syn. FUSUMA, YOGI.

**Hifū**, ひふう, 非蒜, *n.* [Bot.] A turnip.

**Hifu**, ひふ, 皮膚, *n.* The skin. Syn. HADA, HADAE, KAWA.

**Hifubyō**, ひふびやう, 皮膚病, *n.* Skin diseases.

**Hifuki**, ひふき, 火吹, *n.* A vessel for receiving ashes from tobacco pipes.

**Hifukidake**, ひふきたけ, 火吹竹, *n.* A piece of bamboo used for blowing the fire; a blow pipe.

**Hifukidaruma**, ひふきたるま, 火吹達磨, *n.* A small copper image of Daruma made hollow in the interior, which when partially filled with water and placed in a *hitachi*, blows the fire by a jet of steam forced out of its mouth.

**Hifuku**, ひふく, 被服, *n.* A garment, clothing.

**Hifukuryō**, ひふくれう, 被服料, *n.* [Mil.] Money given to officers for their uniform.

**Hifun**, ひぶん, 霏雪, *a.* Falling in thick scattered drops or masses (said of rain or snow).

**Hifun**, ひぶん, 悲憤, *n.* Sorrow and anger; extreme indignation.

**Hifu-no-kasari-himo**, ひふのかざりひも, 被服帯, *n.* Ornamental ribbons attached to a *hifu*.

**Higa**, ひが, 彼我, *pron.* He and I; them and us; self and others; that and this. *Higa no betsu naku*, 彼我ノ別ナク, making no distinction between self and others.

**Higa**, ひが, 解, [pres.] Mistaken; wrong; false; incorrect; prejudiced; biased.

**Higaeri**, ひがへり, 日歸, *n.* Going and returning on the same day. *Higaeri ga dekiru*, 日歸ガ出来ル, to go and return on the same day.

**Higahigashi**, ひがひがし, ひがひがし, *a.* ① Mean; base; perverse; perfidious. ② Envious; jealous; green-eyed.

**Higaijū**, ひがいじう, 被害者, *n.* The injured; sufferers. [tributions.]

**Higake**, ひがけ, 日掛, *n.* Daily payments or contributions. *Matsuri no nyūki wo higake ni suru*, 祭ノ入費ヲ日掛ニスル, to contribute the expenses of a festival by daily payments.

**Higake**, ひがけ, 火掛, *n.* A kind of confectionery made by covering beans, peas, etc. with sugar, and drying over the fire.

**Higakot**, ひがこ, 火隠, *n.* A screen to protect from the heat of a fire place.

**Higakoto**, ひがこと, 僻事, *n.* A mistake or error (esp. in argument); fallacy; absurdity. Syn. AYAMARI.

**Higaku**, ひがく, 費, *n.* Amount of expenses. Syn. IRIME.

**Higambana**, ひがんばな, 石蒜, *n.* [Bot.] *Lycoris radiata*. [take in seeing.]

**Higame**, ひがめ, 鶯目, *n.* An error of sight; a mistake. *Taishō to mi-tatematsuru wa higameka*, 大將ト見奉ルハ鶯目カ, is it an error of my sight that I see in your honour a general?

**Higami**, ひがみ, 僻, *n.* Being suspicious or cross-minded; envy. *Higami ga aru*, 僻ガアル, to be envious.

**Higami**, ひがみ, 日髭, *n.* Dressing the hair every day.

**Higamini**, ひがみみ, 僻耳, *n.* Hearing wrong.

**Higamono**, ひがもの, 僻者, *n.* A wicked fellow; knave; villain; rascal. Syn. KEJIKEMONO.

**Higamu**, ひがむ, 僻, *v.t.* To be envious, perverse, or perfidious; to be prejudiced; to be cross-minded. [minded.] *Kokoro ga higamu*, 心ガ僻ム, he is cross-minded. Syn. KATAYORI, MAGARI, NEJIKERE.

**Higan**, ひが, 彼岸, *n.* [Budd.] ① [lit.] The opposite shore; nirvana or paradise. ② A period of 7 days in the spring and autumnal equinoxes appropriated for the worship of Buddha.

**Higan**, ひが, 赤馬, *n.* [Ornith.] Ruddy Sheldrake.

**Higana-ichinichi**, ひがないちにち, 日一日, *adv.* All the day long; the whole day. Syn. HIRAKOSU, SHŪJITSU

**Higanakin**, ひがなきん, 排金巾, *n.* Turkey-red

**Higanekin**, ひがねきん, 1 cloth.

**Higanashi**, ひがなし, ひがなし, *a.* Poor; indigent; needy; penniless; destitute; straightened; poverty-stricken. *Higanai kurashi*, ひがナイ暮らし, life of poverty.

**Higanoko**, ひがのこ, 緋童子, *n.* A kind of silk with white figures on red ground.

**Higan-sakura**, ひがんざくら, 彼岸櫻, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of early cherry-tree, *Prunus Aquellana*.

**Higara**, ひがら, 日柄, *n.* The kind of day whether lucky or unlucky, as indicated in old styled calendars. *Higara ga warui kara yoshita*, 日柄ガ悪イカ

ラヨシタ, I have stopped it for the day is not lucky; *Kyō wa yoi higara da*, 今日ハ好イ日柄ダ, this is a lucky day.

**Higara**, ひがら, 日次, *n.* Number of days; duration of time. *Higara ga nai*, 日次ガ無イ, we have not many days left; *Mada higara ga tatanu*, まだ日次ガ立タヌ, it is not yet long since; is only recent.

**Higara**, ひがら, *n.* [Ornith.] Coie Tit.

**Higarane**, ひがらめ, 角眼, *n.* Having eyes with axes not coincident; squint-eyed.

**Higarashi**, ひがらし, ひがらし, *a.* [coll.] Spoiled or musty from being kept too long, not fresh.

**Higasa**, ひがさ, 格笠, *n.* A kind of hat.

**Higasan**, ひがさ, 日傘, 廣傘, *n.* A kind of umbrella made of bamboo handles with rays pasted over with thick paper, not oiled as in a *karakasa*; a sun shade or parasol.

**Higasama**, ひがさま, *adv.* and *a.* In an ill or perverse manner; misrepresenting designedly (another's words or conduct); perverted; un-

**Higashi**, ひがし, 東, *n.* The east. [toward.] *Higashi muki no ie*, 東向ノ家, a house facing the east; *Higashi no kata*, 東ノ方, eastern side; easterly direction; *Taiyō wa higashi yori noboru*, 太陽ハ東ヨリ昇ル, the sun rises in the east.

**Higashikaze**, ひがしかぜ, 東風, *n.* An easterly wind. Syn. KOCHI. [wind.]

**Hige**, ひげ, 髭, *n.* The beard. *Hige no chiru wo harau*, 髭ノ毛ヲ掃フ, [coll.] [lit.] to dust another's beard; to play the sycophant; to wheedle; *Hige wo hayasu*, 髭ヲハヤス, to let the beard grow; *Hige wo naderu*, 髭ヲ撫テル, to stroke the beard; *Hige-hige*, 髭, the whiskers; *Shita-hige*, 鬚, the beard on the chin; *Ura-hige*, 髭, the mustaches.

**Hige**, ひげ, 卑下, *n.* Behaving in a humble manner; humiliation; depreciating one's self. *Hige shite ō*, 卑下シテ云, to speak in a humble manner; to speak depreciatingly. — *suru*, *v.t.* and *i.* To humble one's self; to act humbly. [one's self.] *Mi wo hige suru*, 身ヲ卑下スル, to depreciate. Syn. KENSON, HEIKUDARU.

**Higekago**, ひげかご, *n.* A coarse kind of basket.

**Higeki**, ひげき, 飛脚, *n.* A manifesto despatched or sent around in post haste.

**Higemuku**, ひげむく, *n.* One having a thick growth of beard; bearded fellow (used in contempt). [low.] *Higemuku oyaji*, ひげムク爺, bearded old fellow.

**Higen**, ひげん, 俗語, *n.* A vulgar proverb; a common or popular saying. [Cera sp.]

**Higengubachi**, ひげんがばち, *n.* [Entom.] *Bu-*

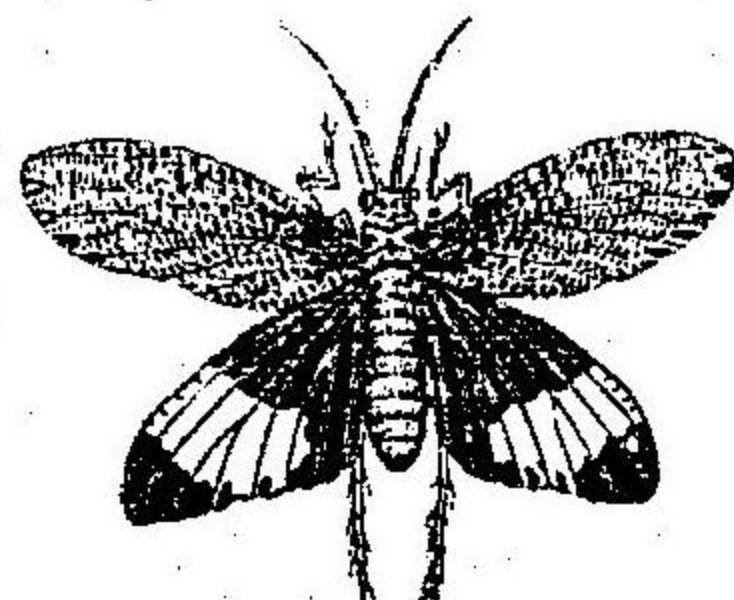


Hi-gentōhan, ひげんかうげん, 非現行犯, n. [Law.] Non delict.

Higesu, ひげす, 卑下, 謙, v.t. and t. To deprecate or humiliate one's self (as in speaking); to behave in a humble manner.

Higetombo, ひげとんぼ, n. [Entom.] Ascalaphus sp.

Higi, ひぎ, 氷木, n. The cross pieces of timber forming the sides of a truss at the gable ends of a roof and projecting upwards, as in old styled houses, shrines, etc.



(ひげとんぼ)

Higi, ひぎ, 非義, n. and a. Injustice, wrong; unjust, improper.

Higi no furumai, 非義ノ振舞, improper conduct. Higi, ひぎ, 比擬, n. Act of comparing or likening one thing with another. —suru, v.t. To compare or liken.

Syn. HIKIKURABURU, NAZORAEU.

Higi, ひぎ, 非儀, n. Trifling present (used in condescension).

Higiri, ひぎり, 藪桐, n. [Bot.] Clerodendron squamatum. Higiri, ひぎり, 日切, n. Fixing the day; limiting the period of time.

Higiri wo suru, 日切ヲスル, to fix the day. Syn. NICHIGEN.

Higishō, ひぎまやう, 火起罰, n. Ordeal by fire, which consisted in making an accused person grasp a red hot iron bar; his guilt or innocence being decided by whether the hand was or was not burnt.

Higi suru, ひぎする, 誹謗, v.t. To criticize with an ill will; to vilify. Syn. HIHŌ SURU, SOSHIRU.

Higo, ひご, 篋, n. Long, slender strips of bamboo for making baskets or frames of paper lanterns. Higo, ひご, 非業, n. and a. [Budd.] Having done nothing wrong in the previous state of existence; innocent; guiltless.

Higo no saigo, 非業ノ最後, dying through false charges; a violent death.

Higo, ひご, 卑語, 鄙語, n. Terms or language used in humiliation. Vulgarism; a common saying.

Syn. ITASHIKIKOTORA, SATOHIKOTORA. Higo, ひご, 金鯉, n. [Ichth.] Golden carp.

Higoro, ひごろ, 日頃, 日來, adv. and a. Of late; for

a long time; long since; for a long time past; usual; common.

Higoro no hammō jūu seri, 日頃ノ本望成就セリ, have accomplished what I have been long wishing to do; Yūki higoro ni hyaku bai shite, 勇氣日頃ニ百倍シテ, with a hundred times his usual courage.

Higotae, ひごたへ, 火燭, n. The property of enduring or resisting the influence of fire; being fire-proof.

Higotae ga suru, 火燭ガスル, to be fire-proof; Higotae ga warau, 火燭ガ悪イ, to be easily consumed by fire; inflammable. [day; daily.

Higoto, ひごと, 毎日, adv. Every day; day after day. Higoto ni kiku, 毎日ニ聞ク, to hear daily of; Higoto ni miru, 毎日ニ見ル, to see day after day. Syn. NICHINICHI. [day.

Higozuki, ひごづき, 肥後芋蕨, 白芋蕨, n. Dried stems of taro, for which the province of Higo is most famous.

Higuchi, ひぐち, 火口, n. The touch-hole of a gun. Syn. KWANON.

Higuma, ひぐま, 鶯, n. [Ornith.] Red-breasted Rail.

Higuma, ひぐま, 熊, n. [Zool.] The brown bear.

Higurashi, ひぐらし, 日暮, 終日, adv. The whole day.

Higurashi, ひぐらし, 芋蕨, n. [Entom.] Cicada sp.

Higure, ひぐれ, 日暮, n. Sun-set; evening; eve; dusk. Syn. BAN, YŪ. [dusk.

Higuruma, ひぐるま, 向日葵, n. [Bot.] Helianthus annuus.

Higwan, ひぐわん, 飛丸, n. A stray ball.

Higwashi, ひぐわし, 乾菓子, n. A kind of confectionery made mostly of rice or wheaten flour and sugar.

Higwashi no tane, 乾菓子ノ種, materials for making higwashi (said esp. of rice coarsely ground and parched).

Higyō, ひぎやう, 飛行, n. Flying away.

Hihada, ひはだ, 檜皮, n. Bark of hinoki much used for thatching the roofs of temples or palaces.

Hihadabuki, ひはたぶき, 檜皮葺, n. A roof thatched with above.

Hihagi, ひはぎ, 引割, n. A highwayman; a robber.

Hihaku, ひはく, 飛白, 飛鳥, n. An old style of writing Chinese characters.

Hihaku, ひはく, 非薄, a. Thin; small; trifling; insignificant. Rough, coarse, or homely (said of workmanship).

Hihan, ひはん, 批判, n. Criticism; fault-finding; censure; passing a verdict upon; speaking ill of; vituperation. —suru, v.t. To criticize to find fault with, etc.

Hihan suru tokoro nashi, 批判スル處ナシ, it leaves no room for criticism; it has no portion to find fault with; Shibun wo hihan suru, 詩文ヲ批判スル, to criticize poems and prose writings. Syn. HIHŌ SURU, HI WO UTSU.

Hihara, ひはら, 肚側, n. The side of the abdomen. Syn. YOKOBARA.

Hihatsu, ひはつ, 被髪, n. Hair allowed to grow and hang loose. —suru, v.t. To wear the hair long. [ghit.

Hihatsu, ひはつ, 葎草, n. [Bot.] Chamaecrista. Hihel suru, ひへりする, 葎草, v.t. To be reduced in circumstances; to be ruined or impoverished; Syn. OTOROKERU. [to decline.

Hihi, ひひ, 霏霏, a. [Chin.] Falling heavily (said of rain or snow). Fout exception.

Hihi, ひひ, 比比, a. All; every one of them; with- Hihi mind shikari, 比比者然リ, the same is the case with every one of them.

Hihi, ひひ, 狒狒, n. [Zool.] A baboon.

Hihina, ひひな, 雛, n. Same as Hina.

Hihito-hi, ひひとひ, 日一日, n. One entire day; the whole day. Syn. HINEMOSU. [formula.

Hihō, ひほう, 秘方, n. A secret art; a private Hihō, ひほう, 飛報, n. Dispatch; express message.

Hihō, ひほう, 補填, n. Making up a deficiency or loss; repairing; recuperation. —suru, v.t. To make good; to mend; to repair; to recruit. Syn. OGINAU, TASUKUROU.

Hihokembutsu, ひほけんぶつ, 被保險物, n. [Law.] Insured goods.

Hihokengaku, ひほけんがく, 被保険額, n. [Law.] Amount insured.

Hihokensha, ひほけんしゃ, 被保險者, n. [Law.] The insured.

Hihon, ひほん, 秘本, n. A book kept secret from the public knowledge.

Hihō suru, ひほうする, 誹謗, v.t. To speak ill of; Hihō suru, ひほうする, to vilify; to calumniate; to censure; to libel; to abuse; to slander. Syn. SOSHIRU, WARUKUUI.

Hihyō suru, ひひやうする, 批評, v.t. To criticize; to pass literary or artistic judgment upon. [coll.] To speak ill of; to calumniate; to censure.

Hii, ひい, 脾胃, n. [Anat.] The spleen and the stomach; [coll.] the stomach.

Hii wo sokonau, 脾胃ヲ損ナフ, to hurt the stomach; Hii wo yaburu, 脾胃ヲ破ル, to break or injure the stomach (as by eating too much).

Hihaba, ひいはば, 高祖母, n. Great-grandmother.

Hideru, ひいでる, 秀, v.t. [Lit.] To produce the

ears of corn; to fructify. To excel, surpass, transcend; to overtop.

Gaku ni hideru, 學ニ秀デル, to excel in learning; Shūjū ni hideru, 衆人ニ秀テル, to overtop all others. Syn. NUKINZURU, SUGURERU.

Hidetaru, ひいでたる, 秀, a. Perfect; excelling; transcendent; distinguished; eminent; illustrious.

Hifutto, ひふとつ, 鳴响, adv. Sound produced by an arrow shot; with a whizzing noise.

Hifutto kite hanatsu, 鳴响ト切テ放ツ, to shoot or let fly an arrow.

Hihon, ひいほん, 被服, n. [Chin.] A kind of short coat worn by priests, hermits, and at modern times, by retired ladies and gentlemen.

Hihōji, ひいぢぢ, 高祖父, n. Great-grandfather.

Hiki, ひき, 夤縁, n. Favour; favoritism; partiality; siding with; patronage.

Gohiki ni azukarimashita, 御最負ニ預リマシタ, I have been much honoured by your patronage; Hiki ni suru, 夤縁ニスル, to favour, to patronize; Hiki no hikkidashi, 夤縁ノ引割シ, to injure or ruin another by showing injudicious favour; Hiki no yakusha, 夤縁ノ役者, an actor to whom one shows special favour; Hiki wo suru, 夤縁ヲスル, to favour one person more than another; to be partial to.

Hihango, ひいご, 曾孫, n. Great-grandson.

Hin, ひいん, 庇蔭, n. Kindness; favour; grace; help or aid. [by or receive help from.

Hin wo kōmuru, 庇蔭ヲ蒙ル, to be favoured. Syn. KABAI, MEGUMI, OKAGE. [folium.

Hiragi, ひいらぎ, 栴檀, n. [Bot.] Osmanthus aquifolius.

Hire, ひいれ, 火入, n. A fire pan, as attached to a Japanese tobacco tray.

Hiro, ひいろ, 緋色, n. Scarlet colour.

Hiru, ひいろ, 蠶葉, n. [Entom.] The moth of a silk worm.

Hito, ひいと, 英尺, n. [Eng.] Feet. [worm.

Hizuru, ひいぞる, 秀, v.t. Same as Hideru.

Hijaku, ひいやく, 疲弱, n. Lacking power or strength; exhausted; weak; enfeebled (said of countries or persons).

Hiji, ひぢ, 肘, 肱, n. The arm, elbow. Hiji wo haru, 肘ヲ張ル, [Lit.] to stretch out the elbow; [fig.] to be obstinate; Hiji wo tsuku, 肘ヲツク, to rest the hand upon the elbow.

Hiji, ひぢ, 非時, n. [Budd.] [Lit.] Untimely; a name given to supper by priests, for it is considered by the latter to be improper to take food in the afternoon. Syn. DORO.

Hiji, ひぢ, 秘事, n. A secret; secrecy. Hiji wo abaku, 秘事ヲ暴ク, to reveal or discover a secret.



**HIJI**, ひじ, 卑賤, *n.* ① Servile and flattering language. ② A humiliating term; words used in speaking depreciatory of one's self.

**HIJIDAMAKI**, ひじたまき, 刺, *n.* An ornament worn on the arm in ancient times.  
Syn. KUSHIRO, HIJIMAKI, TAMAKI.

**HIJIGANE**, ひしがね, 肘金, *n.* The hook which falls into the socket of a fastening (as of doors).

**HIJIGI**, ひしぎ, 肘木, *n.* ① A cross piece near the upper end of pillars of temples or palaces, brace. ② The handle of a millstone.

**HIJIKI**, ひしき, 曾祖父, *n.* Great-grandfather.

**HIJIKAKE**, ひしかけ, 肘掛, *n.* An elbow rest

**HIJIKAKE-ISU**, ひしかけいす, 枕掛椅, *n.* An arm-chair.

**HIJIKAKE-MADO**, ひしかけまど, 肘掛窓, *n.* A low window, only about one and a half feet from the floor. [shower of rain.]

**HIJIKASA-AME**, ひしかさあめ, 肘笠雨, *n.* A sudden shower.

**HIJIKI**, ひしき, 羊歯菜, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Cystophyllum fistiforme*. [flow of the arm.]

**HIJIMAKURA**, ひしまくら, 敷枕, *n.* Making a pillow.

**HIJIN**, ひしん, 鄙人, *n.* A country person or rustic (often used in humiliation).

**HIJINI**, ひしに, 餓死, *n.* Starving to death.  
Syn. UZJINI.

**HIJIRI**, ひしり, 聖, *n.* A wise man; a sage; a saint.  
Syn. SEJIN.

**HIJIRIMON**, ひしりもん, 緋緋羅, *n.* Scarlet or crimson crape.

**HIJITSUBO**, ひしつぼ, 肘屋, *n.* A hook and staple hinge, or a socket into which falls the hook of a fastening. [fashion.]

**HIJITSUKI**, ひしつき, 肘突, *n.* An arm-rest; elbow

**HIJŪ**, ひしゅう, 非常, *a.* and *n.* ① Unusual; uncommon; extraordinary; unnatural. ② A calamity; a catastrophe; contingencies.  
HIJŪ ni somu, 非常ニ備フ, to provide for emergencies; HIJŪ no dekigoto, 非常ノ出来事, an extraordinary event; HIJŪ wo tmashimu, 非常ヲ戒ム, to guard against untimely events.

**HIJŪ**, ひしゅう, 非情, *a.* Devoid of feeling; inanimate; inhuman.

**HIJOGANE**, ひしよがね, 鉄爪, *n.* A kind of buckle.

**HIJŪGI**, ひしゅうぎ, graduated post for indicating the height of water in a pond or aqueduct.

**HIJŪ-jŭtoku**, ひしゅうごうきょうこく, 非常上告, *n.* [*Law.*] Extraordinary appeal.

**HIJŪKŪWŌSEN**, ひしゅうくわうせん, 非常光線, *n.* [*Physics.*] Extraordinary ray.

**HIJŪSEN**, ひしゅうせん, 非常線, *n.* An extraordinary cord; i.e. making special distribution of policemen either to affect an arrest or as a measure of precaution.

**HIJŪ**, ひしゅう, 比重, *n.* [*Physics.*] Specific gravity.

**HIJUN**, ひしゆん, 批准, *n.* Ratification. —suru, *v.t.* To ratify.

**HIJUN SURU**, ひしゆんする, 批准, *v.t.* To compare; to act in accordance with; to follow a precedent.  
Syn. NAZORABRU.

**HIJUTSU**, ひしゆつ, 秘術, *n.* A secret art (as in fencing or fighting).  
HIJUTSU wo tsukuru, 秘術ヲ習フ, to use every secret art one possesses. [yacht.]

**HIKA**, ひか, 飛船, *n.* An express boat; a fast  
Syn. HAYAFUNE. [for lamentation.]

**HIKA**, ひか, 悲歌, *n.* A song expressing one's grief

**HIKAE**, ひかへ, 控, *n.* Note; entry; memorandum; a voucher; a duplicate.  
Chimen ni hika wo shite oku, 帳面ニ控ヲシテ置く, to enter in a book; Hika wo shinai to wasureru, 控ヲ忘ナト忘レル, one will forget if one takes no note of it.

**HIKAEHASHIRA**, ひかへはしら, 支柱, *n.* A prop.  
Syn. TSUKKABŪ.

**HIKAECHŪ**, ひかへちゅう, 控帳, *n.* A memorandum book; a note-book.  
Syn. OBOECHŪ.

**HIKAEKAKI**, ひかへがき, 控書, *n.* A memorandum; voucher; minute; a duplicate.

**HIKAEKE**, ひかへめ, 控目, *n.* Self-restraint; moderation; forbearance; temperance.  
HIKAEKE ni hanasu, 控目ニ節ス, to be moderate in talking; HIKAEKE ni inshoku suru, 控目ニ飲食スル, to drink or eat in moderation; to be temperate; HIKAEKE ni koto wo suru, 控目ニ事ヲスル, to exercise moderation in doing anything; Nanigoto mo hikaeme ni shite iru, 何事モ控目ニシテ居ル, he is (or I am) temperate in all things.  
Syn. UCHIWA, YENRYO.

**HIKAERU**, ひかへる, 控和, *v.t.* and *i.* ① To restrain one's self; to refrain. ② To put down (as on a book); to take note of. ③ To pull or draw back; to stop; to check. ④ To lie in wait for; to wait. ⑤ To have anything (as a building) in front of.  
Chōdo ni hikaeru, 塹溝ニ控ヘル, to enter in a note-book; Hori wo hikaeru, 堀ヲ控ヘル, to have a ditch in front of; Sake wo hikaete nomu, 酒ヲ控ヘテ飲ム, to be moderate in drinking; Shōku wo hikaeru, 食ヲ控ヘル, to be abstemious in food; Sode wo hikaete isamu, 袖ヲ控ヘテ誦ム, to pull the sleeve (of another going) and remonstrate with (him); Telson ni tsukiyama wa hikaeru, 庭前ニ築山ヲ控ヘル, to have an artificial hill in the garden; Tsugi no ma ni hikaeru, 次ノ間ニ候ヘル, to wait in the next room (as an attendant); Uma wo hikaeru, 馬ヲ控ヘル, to rein back a horse.

**HIKAERU**, ひかへる, 控和, *v.t.* To be confined in one's own house as a disciplinary punishment.  
Syn. KOMORI-ORU.

**HIKAESASERU**, ひかへさせる, 控送, *v.t.* The caus. form of HIKAEERU (控和 控送).

**HIKAGAMI**, ひかがみ, 屈, *n.* The hollow behind the knee joint; popliteal space. [above.]

**HIKAGAMI**, ひかがみ, *n.* The more coll. form of HIKAGE.

**HIKAGE**, ひかげ, 日影, *n.* Sunshine; sunlight.  
Syn. HIASHI, HINATA.

**HIKAGE**, ひかげ, 日陰, *n.* ① A place not exposed to sunlight; shade. ② A secluded retreat; obscurity.

**HIKAGECHŪ**, ひかげちゅう, *n.* [*Entom.*] *Lethe sicella*.

**HIKAGE-MONO**, ひかげもの, *n.* One who lives in privacy on account of some offence which he has committed.

**HIKAGE-NO-KAZURA**, ひかげのかづら, 石松, *n.* [*Bot.*] *Lycopodium clavatum*.

**HIKAHKA**, ひかひか, 閃々, *a.* and *adv.* Sparkling; twinkling; gleaming; brilliantly, glitteringly.  
Syn. PIKAPIKA. [poker.]

**HIKAKI**, ひかき, 火掻, 火斗, *n.* A fire shovel; a  
Syn. JŪNO, OKIKAKI.

**HIKAKU**, ひかく, 比較, *n.* Act of comparing together; comparison. —suru, *v.t.* To compare.  
Syn. KURABERU, TAKURABERU.

**HIKAKUHYŌ**, ひかくへう, 比較表, *n.* A comparative table. [making comparisons.]

**HIKAKUKI**, ひかくき, 比較器, *n.* An instrument for

**HIKAKUSHI**, ひかくし, *n.* A sunshade; a screen.  
Syn. HIYOKE.

**HIKAN**, ひかん, 辟菴, *n.* [*Med.*] Marasmus.

**HIKARABURU**, ひからぶる, 乾涸, *v.t.* To dry up or shrivel by the sun.

**HIKARABIRU**, ひからびる, *v.t.* The more coll. form of above.

**HIKARAKASU**, ひからかす, 令光, *v.t.* Caus. form

**HIKARASERU**, ひからせる, 令光, *v.t.* Caus. form of HIKARU.

**HIKARERU**, ひかれる, 被引, *v.t.* [*pass.* or *potent.* of HIKU] ① To be drawn, led, taken, subtracted, etc.; to be treated with partiality; to be favoured. ② To be arrested, seized, or apprehended for a crime. [taken to a police station.]  
Tansho ni hikareru, 屯警ニ引レル, to be

**HIKARI**, ひかり, 光, *n.* ① Light; radiance; rays. ② Brilliance, lustre, gloss, glitter. ③ Glory; influence; power.  
Hikari wo toru, 光ヲ取ル, to take or admit light; Kane no hikari, 金ノ光, power of money; Kuni no hikari, 國ノ光, the glory or influence of a country; Migaku to hikari ga deru, 磨クト光ヲ出ル, it shows lustre when polished; Oyano hikari, 親ノ光, the influence of parents.  
Syn. HAE, IKUOI, IKŪ.

**HIKARIMONO**, ひかりもの, 光物, *n.* A kind of comet.

**HIKARU**, ひかる, 光, *v.t.* ① To shine, sparkle, glitter, glisten, flash, or gleam. ② To be bright or glossy; to have lustre.  
Atari ga hikaru, アタリガ光ル, to glisten on all sides; Hi ga hikaru, 日ガ光ル, the sun shines; Inazuma ga hikaru, 雷ガ光ル, the lightning flashes; Me ga hikaru, 眼ガ光ル, the eyes  
Syn. KAGAYAKU, TERU. [sparkle.]

**HIKASARERU**, ひかされる, 被引, *v.t.* [*pass.* of HIKASU.] To be attracted, enticed, or led astray; to be influenced.  
Oya wa ko ni hikasareru, 親ハ子ニ引サレル, parents are misled by their love of children.

**HIKASERU**, ひかせる, *v.t.* Caus. form of HIKARU.

**HIKATA**, ひかた, 干灘, *n.* A dry sandy beach.

**HIKATA**, ひかた, *n.* A south-west wind.

**HIKATA**, ひかた, 火方, 消防, *n.* Fireman; fire brigade. [harder.]

**HIKATAMARU**, ひかたまる, 干涸, *v.t.* To dry up and

**HIKAYURU**, ひかゆる, 控, *v.t.* and *i.* Same as HIKAEERU.

**HIKE**, ひけ, 引, *n.* ① Withdrawing; leaving office. ② Going to bed. ③ Defect. ④ Reduction of prices; discount.  
Hike ga tatsu, 引ガ立ツ, to be reduced in prices; [coll.] Oyakusho no hike wa nanji desuka, 御役所ノ引ハ何時デスカ, [coll.] at what o'clock do you leave your office? Hike wo toru, 引ヲ取ル, to be defeated.

**HIKEI**, ひけい, 秘計, *n.* A secret plan or device.

**HIKEMONO**, ひけもの, 被後, *n.* Any article forfeited and sold by a pawnbroker.

**HIKEN**, ひけん, 鄙見, *n.* My humble opinion.

**HIKEN SURU**, ひけんする, 被見, *v.t.* To open and read (as a letter).  
Kikan hiken itashisoro, 書翰被見致候, [*Epist.*] I have read your honorable letter.

**HIKERAKASHITE**, ひけらかして, 誇示者, *n.* One who shows anything to another in order to excite the latter's envy.

**HIKERAKASU**, ひけらかす, 誇示, *v.t.* To display or show (anything) to another with the object of exciting his envy.

**HIKERU**, ひける, 引, *v.t.* [*pass.* or *potent.* of HIKU.] ① To withdraw; to leave (as from office). ② Can be lowered or cheapened (as price). ③ To be fearful or timid at the thought of losing anything one values.  
Ki ga hikeru yō da, 氣ガ引カレ様ダ, [coll.] I feel as if I should lose; Kokoro ga hikeru, 心ガ引カレ, to be fearful; [coll.] Nanthodo hikeru ka, 何程引カレカ, how much can you discount (the price); Yakusho ga hikeru, 役所ガ引カレ, the office hour has closed; also the office is to be removed to another place.



**Hikeshi**, ひけし, 火消, *n.* A fireman.  
Syn. SHOBOPU. [brigade.]

**Hikeshi-gumi**, ひけしぐみ, 火消組, *n.* A fire

**Hikeshitsubo**, ひけまつぼ, 火消壺, *n.* A pot used for extinguishing live coals in.

**Hikesugiru**, ひけすぐる, 引退, *v.t.* To be retired or withdrawn.

**Hiketsu**, ひけつ, 秘結, *n.* [Med.] Constipation; slow movement of bowels.

**Hiketsu**, ひけつ, 秘訣, *n.* A secret or anything kept from general knowledge; mystery.

**Hiketsu**, ひけつ, 否決, *n.* Rejecting a motion (as at an assembly); not passing a bill. —*suru*, *v.t.* To reject (as a parliamentary bill or motion).  
*Gen-an wo hiketsu suru*, 原案ヲ否決スル, to reject a bill; *Shusei-an wo hiketsu suru*, 修正案ヲ否決スル, to reject proposed amendments.

**Hiki**, ひき, 引, 接引, *n.* ① Act of pulling, drawing, attracting, or leaving off. ② Withdrawing (as military forces).

**Hiki**, ひき, 引, *n.* Same as *Hiki*.

**Hiki**, ひき, 引, *n.* [Physics.] Gravitation.  
*Uchi no hiki*, 宇宙ノ引キ, universal gravitation.

**Hiki**, ひき, 蛙, *n.* [Entom.] Bull frog. [tion.]

**Hiki**, ひき, 匹, 疋, *n.* ① A numeral for animals. ② A denomination of money equivalent to ¼ of a *sen*. ③ A measure of cloth equal to 2 *tan* which is about 64.62 feet in length.  
*Chirimen ni hiki*, 絨緞ニ疋, two pieces of crepe; *Inu ni hiki*, 犬ニ匹, two dogs; *Ushi ku hiki*, 牛幾匹, how many cattle.

**Hikigaru**, ひきあがる, 引上, *v.t.* ① To draw or pull up. ② To withdraw (as troops). ③ To raise (as prices).  
*Naihei wo hikigaru*, 敗兵ヲ引上ル, to withdraw a defeated army; *Nedan wo hikigaru*, 値段ヲ引上ル, to raise the price.

**Hikiai**, ひきあひ, 引合, *n.* ① A business conference or arrangement. ② Being involved in another's difficulty; a witness; reference.  
*Hikiai wo suru*, 引合ヲスル, to confer about prices of goods; *Hito wo hikiai ni dasu*, 人ヲ引合ニ出ス, to put forward a person as witness or reference.

**Hikiai-chō**, ひきあひちょう, *n.* A pass-book.

**Hikiai-in**, ひきあひいん, 引合人, *n.* One involved or compromised in an affair.

**Hikitate**, ひきあけ, 引明, 黎明, *n.* Day-break; the dawn of the day.  
Syn. REIMEI, YOAKE.

**Hikitaku**, ひきあける, 引明, *v.t. and i.* ① To draw or pull open. ② To dawn (as the day).

**Hikiami**, ひきあみ, 引綱, *n.* A seine.  
Syn. JIAMI.

**Hikitate**, ひきあて, 引當, 抵當, *n.* Something given, deposited, or pledged, to secure the payment of debt; security; surety; pledge.  
*Jimon wo hikitate ni shite kane wo kariru*, 地面ヲ引當ニシテ金ヲ借ル, to borrow money on the security of land; *Kisai-shūsha wo hikitate ni irenu*, 公債証券ヲ引當ニ入レル, to mortgage public loan bonds.  
Syn. KATA, TEME.

**Hikitate**, ひきあて, 引當, *v.t.* To give as security; to mortgage.

**Hikiau**, ひきあふ, 引合, *v.t. and i.* ① To pull against each other; to draw in opposite directions. ② To bargain, to make a contract of sale. ③ To be profitable (as a bargain). ④ To consult together.  
*Kono shina wa uribayō temo hikiau*, 此品ハ賣拂フテモ引合フ, it will be profitable to sell off this article; *Te wo hikitate yaku*, 手ヲ引合テ行ク, to go hand in hand.

**Hikawaseru**, ひきあはせる, 引合, *v.t.* ① To draw together; to compare. ② To introduce (as strangers); to cause to be acquainted.  
*Hito ni hikawaseru*, 人ニ引合セテ, to introduce to another; *Jitsui to hikawaseru*, 實印ト引合セテ, to compare with one's genuine seal; *Kyūki ni hikawaseru*, 舊記ニ引合セテ, to compare with old records or chronicles.

**Hikicha**, ひきぢや, 碾茶, *n.* Ground or powdered tea.  
Syn. MATCHA. [tea.]

**Hikichigaru**, ひきぢがる, 引離, *v.t.* ① To dislocate (as the joints). ② To come after one who has just left.  
*Hikichigae ni irikitaru*, 引離ニ入来ル, to come in after a person has just retired; *Ude wo hikichigaru*, 腕ヲ引離ヘル, to dislocate the bones of the arm.

**Hikichijimeru**, ひきぢぢめる, 引離, *v.t.* To contract; to shorten.  
Syn. CHIJIMERU, MIJIKAKU SURU.

**Hikidashi**, ひきだし, 引出, 抽匣, *n.* A drawer.

**Hikidasu**, ひきだす, 引出, *v.t.* To draw out.  
*Ginkō yori kane wo hikidasu*, 銀行ヨリ金ヲ引出ス, to draw money out of a bank.

**Hikidemono**, ひきでもの, 引出物, *n.* A present made to an equal or inferior at the close of an entertainment to express the good will of the host.

**Hikido**, ひきど, 引戸, *n.* A sliding door.  
Syn. YARIDO.

**Hikifuda**, ひきふた, 引札, 摺紙, *n.* Hand-bills distributed by a merchant, on opening a new shop or at the beginning of the year; a circular.  
*Hikifuda wo kubaru*, 引札ヲ配ル, to distribute hand-bills.

**Hikifune**, ひきふね, 引舟, *n.* A tow-boat, a tug.

**Hikigaeru**, ひきかへる, 引替, *n.* [Zool.] Bull-frog, toad, *Bufo vulgaris*.  
Syn. OKAMAGAERU. [a gun.]

**Hikigane**, ひきかね, 引金, 鐵軌, *n.* The trigger of

**Hikigoto**, ひきごと, 引言, *n.* A comparison or reference intended to make one's argument clear; an illustration.  
*Hikigoto wo shite towakasu*, 引言ヲシテ説明ス, to explain by means of comparisons or illustrations.

**Hikigusuri**, ひきぐすり, 引藥, *n.* A medicine applied externally by a brush; medicinal lotion.

**Hikihada**, ひきはだ, 褌皮, *n.* A leather scabbard or sword case.

**Hikihada**, ひきはだ, 皺女, *n.* Wrinkles.

**Hikiharu**, ひきはる, 蔓延, *v.t.* To spread or extend (as plants).

**Hikiharu**, ひきはる, 引剥, *v.t.* To pull and strip of a covering or clothes.

**Hikihanasu**, ひきはなす, 引放, *v.t.* To pull off or apart; to separate by pulling.

**Hikiharu**, ひきはる, 引張, *v.t.* To pull and stretch; to stretch; to make taut. Its *coll.* form is *Hip-*  
Syn. HIKISOBI, TAMERU. [yaru.]

**Hikihassamu**, ひきはさむ, 引挟, *v.t.* To place between two things; to grasp up in a forcible manner. *Coll.* *Hippasamu*.

**Hikihatakeru**, ひきはたける, 引開, *v.t.* To pull open; to stretch apart. *Coll.* *Hipatakeru*.

**Hikihataku**, ひきはたく, 引叩, *v.t.* To beat, as in dusting a mat. *Coll.* *Hittataku*.

**Hikihazusu**, ひきはさす, 引外, *v.t.* To pull out of place (as screens from the grooves); to unfasten; to dislocate. *Coll.* *Hippazusu*.

**Hikire**, ひきいれ, 引入, *n.* ① Act of pulling in, or leading in. ② Persuading to enter (an association or company); inducing, enticement.

**Hikireru**, ひきいれる, 引入, *v.t.* ① To pull in; to lead in. ② To entice or seduce; to enter; to tempt.  
*Hikire gōshi*, 引入合子, a door of lattice work, which can be opened by pulling it into a box fitted in one side.

**Hikiro**, ひきいろ, 引色, *n.* Appearance of retiring or giving away (as of a hostile army).  
Syn. MAKEIRO.

**Hikiru**, ひきる, 引率, 師, 將, *v.t.* ① To lead, conduct, or command. ② To bring with.  
*Hai wo hikite teki wo osou*, 兵ヲ率テ敵ヲ襲フ, to lead troops in an attack upon a hostile army.

**Hikikaburu**, ひきかぶる, 引被, *v.t.* To draw anything over one's head. *Coll.* *Hikkaburu*.

**Hikikae**, ひきかへ, 引替, 交換, *n.* Exchange.

*Kawase-tegata to hikikae ni kane wo watasu*, 爲替手形ト引換ニ金ヲ渡ス, to deliver money in exchange for a bill.

**Hikikaeru**, ひきかへる, 引替, *v.t.* To be contrary; to be opposed to. *Coll.* *Hikkaeru*.  
*Sore ni hikikaete*, 其レニヒキカヘテ, on the contrary.

**Hikikaeshi**, ひきかへし, 引退, 復, *n.* ① Act of drawing or pulling back; turning back. ② A scene which rapidly succeeds another in a play. *Coll.* *Hikkaeshi*.

**Hikkaesu**, ひきかへす, 引退, *v.t. and i.* ① To pull or draw back. ② To go back or retrace. ③ To turn over. *Coll.* *Hikkaesu*.  
Syn. KAESU, KURIKAESU, MODOSU.

**Hikkaesu**, ひきかへす, 挽回, *v.t.* To restore or recover the former state. *Coll.* *Hikkaesu*.  
Syn. MORIKAESU.

**Hikkaku**, ひきかく, 引掻, *v.t.* To scratch or scrape. *Coll.* *Hikkaku*.

**Hikkaze**, ひきかせ, 引風, *n.* A cold or catarrh.

**Hikkatsugu**, ひきかつぐ, 引越, *v.t.* To throw over the head (as bed clothes). *Coll.* *Hikkatsugu*.

**Hikkomi**, ひきこみ, 引込, *n.* ① Act of pulling or drawing in. ② Enticement, seduction, or persuasion to enter; inducement. ③ Living confined to one's house. *Coll.* *Hikkomi*.

**Hikkomoru**, ひきこもる, 引籠, *v.t.* To be shut up or confined to one's house. *Coll.* *Hikkomoru*.

**Hikkomu**, ひきこむ, 引込, *v.t.* To withdraw into; to disappear. *Coll.* *Hikkomu*.

**Hikkoshi**, ひきこし, 引越, 轉居, *n.* Removing one's dwelling; change of residence. *Coll.* *Hikkoshi*.  
Syn. WATAMASHI, YAUTSURI. [koshi.]

**Hikkosu**, ひきこす, 引越, *v.t. and i.* To remove from one house to another; to change dwelling. *Coll.* *Hikkosu*.  
Syn. ITEN SURU, TENTAKU SURU.

**Hikkodaku**, ひきくだく, 引砕, *v.t.* To break or grind to powder.

**Hikkukuru**, ひきくくる, 引括, *v.t.* To bind (as an offender); to tie up. *Coll.* *Hikkukuru*.

**Hikkumu**, ひきくむ, 引組, *v.t.* To be clasped together (as in wrestling). *Coll.* *Hikkumu*.  
Syn. KUMIAU.

**Hikkuraberu**, ひきくらべる, 引比, 比較, *v.t.* To compare; to liken. *Coll.* *Hikkuraberu*.

**Hikkurumu**, ひきくむ, 引括, 包括, *v.t.* ① To collect or bring together. ② To generalize; to summarize; to sum up. *Coll.* *Hikkurumu*.  
Syn. MATOMU. [in the roof.]

**Hikimado**, ひきまど, 引窓, *n.* A sliding window

**Hikimaku**, ひきまく, 引幕, *n.* A curtain hung before the stage of a theatre.



**Hikimateru**, ひきまとめる, 引纏, 引全, v.t. To gather or bring together; to bring one's family to live in a distant place.

**Hikimawashi**, ひきまわし, 引廻, n. ① Leading a criminal through the principal streets of a city before execution. ② A rain coat usually made of cotton. ③ Cont. form of below.

**Hikimawashi-nokogiri**, ひきまわしのこぎり, 引廻鋸, n. A scroll saw.

**Hikimawasu**, ひきまわす, 引廻, v.t. ① To pull round; to turn by pulling. ② To lead about (as criminal) before execution. ③ To employ or order about.

**Hikimayu**, ひきまゆ, 引眉, n. Painted eyebrows.

**Hikime**, ひきめ, 引目, n. ① An arrow with a perforated head. ② A kind of conjuration performed by shooting an arrow to destroy evil influences of spirits.

**Hikimiru**, ひきみる, 引見, v.t. ① To lead in and see (as a guest). ② To try, test, or tempt (as another's mind). [for lead back.]

**Hikimodosu**, ひきもどす, 引戻, v.t. To pull, draw, Syn. HIRIKAESU. [off.]

**Hikimogu**, ひきもぐ, v.t. To twist, pull, or wrench.

**Hikimono**, ひきもの, 引物, n. A service of food articles (mostly ornamental) at the close of a feast or entertainment; a dessert.

**Hikimono**, ひきもの, 弾物, n. Stringed musical instruments.

**Hikimono**, ひきもの, 挽物, n. Wooden or metallic articles made by turning in a lathe.

**Hikimono-sbi**, ひきものし, 旋匠, n. One who makes tools, utensils, or furniture by turning in a lathe.

**Hikimukeru**, ひきむける, 引向, v.t. To pull in front of; to turn anything toward one's self.

**Hikimushiru**, ひきむしる, 引摺, v.t. To pluck off.

**Hikimusubi**, ひきむすび, 活結, n. A bow-knot.

**Hikimusubu**, ひきむすぶ, 活結, v.t. To draw and tie in a knot. [worn by the Emperor.]

**Hikinaoshi**, ひきなおし, 引直衣, n. A garment.

**Hikinarasu**, ひきならす, 振鳴, v.t. To play on a stringed instrument of music; to twang.

**Hikinarasu**, ひきならす, 平海, v.t. To make even; to level; to smooth.

**Hikinobasu**, ひきのばす, 引延, v.t. ① To pull and stretch; to extend. ② To put off or postpone.

**Hikinoberu**, ひきのべる, 引延, v.t. To extend or lengthen by pulling; to stretch; to pull out.

**Hiki-no-hitai**, ひきのひたい, 細辛, n. [Bot.] *Asarum*.

**Hikinokeru**, ひきのける, 引退, v.t. ① To pull out of the way; to pull to one side. ② To take out or select from amongst a number of things; to subtract.

**Hikinokori**, ひきのこり, 引残, n. What remains after deducting a part; the balance of an account; the remainder.

**Hikinuku**, ひきぬく, 引抜, v.t. ① To pull up by the root; to eradicate; to extract. ② To pick out or select.

**Hi-kinzoku**, ひきんぞく, 非金屬, n. [Chem.] Non-metallic elements.

**Hikioi**, ひきおい, 引負, 抵負, n. Any debt, obligation, or liability incurred in trade by acting as an agent for another; defalcation.

*Hikioi ga tatsu*, 引負が立つ, to incur a debt by acting as an agent.

**Hikiokeoshi**, ひきおこし, 延命草, n. [Bot.] *Ficustranthus glaucocalym*.

**Hikiokeosu**, ひきおこす, 引起, v.t. ① To pull and make stand; to raise up. ② To cause, create, or bring about.

**Hikiorosu**, ひきおろす, 引卸, v.t. ① To pull or drag down; to help down.

**Hikitotsu**, ひきおとす, 引落, v.t. To pull down so as to make fall. ② To remove confectionery from the table at the close of a feast or entertainment.

**Hikiri-gine**, ひきりぎね, 捻棒, n. A dry stick of *hinoki*, formerly used for making fire by friction.

**Hikiri-usu**, ひきりうす, 燧石, n. A small block of *hinoki* wood, having a hole in the centre, into which the *hikiri-gine* is fitted in making fire.

**Hikiryō**, ひきりょう, 引兩, n. A badge or coat of arms (of the Ashikaga family) consisting of a circle with two parallel stripes inscribed horizontally. [tear.]

**Hikisabaku**, ひきさばく, 引撒, v.t. To pull and

**Hikisagaru**, ひきさがる, 引下, v.t. ① To fall (as in prices). ② To be depreciated or abused.

**Hikisageru**, ひきさげる, 引提, v.t. To carry anything hanging from the hand; to take along with. Coll. *Hissageru*.

**Hikisageru**, ひきさげる, 引下, v.t. ① To lower (as prices). ② To pull down; to humble; to abase.

*Nelan wo hikisageru*, 直段を下り下る, to lower the price.

**Hikisaku**, ひきさく, 引裂, v.t. To pull and tear; [to tear off.]

Syn. TSENZAKU.

**Hikishibaru**, ひきさばる, 引縛, v.t. To bind or tie (as a criminal). [a bow.]

**Hikishiboru**, ひきさぼる, 引抜, v.t. To draw (as

**Hikishio**, ひきさほ, 引汐, 退潮, n. Ebb tide.

**Hikishirau**, ひきさらす, 荏苒, v.t. To delay or procrastinate; to be slow to recover; to be lin-

Syn. HIMADORU, TEMADORU. [gering.]

**Hikishirizoku**, ひきしまりぞく, 引退, v.t. To withdraw, retreat, or retire.

**Hikisoeru**, ひきそへる, 引添, v.t. To draw near; to bring close; to hold close to.

**Hikisumasu**, ひきすます, 引撥, v.t. To play skillfully on a stringed instrument of music.

**Hikisuru**, ひきする, 誹毀, v.t. ① To speak ill of; to libel or calumniate. ② To run down, decry, vilify, or censure.

Syn. NONOSHIRE, SOSHIRE.

**Hikita**, ひきた, 引板, n. [cont. of *Hikita*.] A small wooden board with pieces of bamboo fastened by strings, and making a rattling sound when pulled by a rope attached to it; a kind of scare-

Syn. NAKURO. [crow.]

**Hikitagete**, ひきたがへて, 引違, v.t. On the other hand; on the contrary.

Syn. KAETTE.

**Hikitaosu**, ひきたおす, 引倒, v.t. To pull down; to make fall by pulling. [eboshi, which see.]

**Hikitate-eboshi**, ひきたてえぼし, n. A kind of

**Hikitateru**, ひきたてる, 引立, v.t. ① To pull up; to pull and make erect. ② To favour or promote. ③ To excite (as one's spirit); to encourage.

Syn. SEWASURU, TASUKURU. [lage.]

**Hikitatsu**, ひきたつ, 引立, v.t. To be excited, or roused; to be encouraged; to improve.

*Kelke ga hikitatsu*, 景氣が引立つ, trade revives; *Ki ga hikitatsu*, 氣が引立つ, to be roused in spirit; to become spirited. [lateru.]

**Hikitatsuru**, ひきたつる, 引立, v.t. Same as *Hikitatsu*; to encourage one's self.

Syn. HAGEMASU, OKOSU, TATSURU.

**Hikitawameru**, ひきたわめる, 引渡, v.t. To pull and bend down (as the branches of a tree).

**Hikitazuna**, ひきたづな, 引手綱, n. A rein for leading a horse.

**Hikite**, ひきて, 引手, 鎖首, n. A knob (as of drawers); a catch in a screen to open or shut with.

**Hikite**, ひきて, 彈手, n. One who plays on a stringed instrument of music.

**Hikitomeru**, ひきとめる, 引留, v.t. To stay by force; to detain; to withhold.

**Hikitomeru**, ひきとめる, 引留, v.t. Same as above.

**Hikitomuru**, ひきとむる, 引留, v.t. Same as above.

*O-hikitome ni shite nan no go-aisō mo gozari masen de shita*, お引留申シテ何ノ御愛相モ御座リマセシテシタ, coll. although I have detained you, I am sorry that I have had nothing to please you (polite form of expression in bidding farewell to a guest).

**Hikitori-nin**, ひきとりびと, n. ① One who receives the goods purchased. ② A person who receives the remains of one executed or one released from imprisonment. [merchant.]

**Hikitori-yado**, ひきとりやど, n. A commission

**Hikitoru**, ひきとる, 引取, v.t. ① To withdraw; to retire to one's home. ② To die. ③ To take back or receive (as goods); to bring back to one's house (as a sick servant to his guardian's). ④ To receive (as a criminal on his release or the corpse of one executed).

*Hikitori-te sawa wo suru*, 引取テ世話ヲスル, to bring back to one's house and take care of; *Ki wo hikitoru*, 息ヲ引取ル, to take in breath, i.e. to expire.

**Hikitsuke**, ひきつけ, 引付, n. ① Act of drawing close or bringing near. ② Following an example; managing affairs after a precedent. ③ Secretaries belonging to the *Hijyōshū* or senate in the Kamakura govern't. ④ Having a fit or swoon, fainting (esp. of children).

*Hikitsuke no sata*, 引付ノ沙汰, a decision made after a precedent.

**Hikitsukurau**, ひきつくらふ, 引結, v.t. To pull and adjust (as one's clothes); to mend.

**Hikitsukeru**, ひきつける, 引着, v.t. To draw near one's self; to bring close to.

**Hikitsukeru**, ひきつける, 引付, v.t. To have a

**Hikitsukuru**, ひきつくる, 引付, v.t. To be excited; to swoon; to faint.

*Mushi de kodomo ga hikitsukeru*, 蟲ヲ小兒ガ引付ル, the child has a fit on account of some bowel ailment.

**Hikitsumeru**, ひきつめる, 引締, v.t. To draw and tighten; to pull to the utmost extent.

*Yumi wo hikitsumeru*, 弓ヲ引締ル, to draw a bow to its full extent.

**Hikitsureru**, ひきつれる, 引連, v.t. To take along with; to take in company; to be attended by.

*Dōzai wo hikitsurete kitaru*, 同勢ヲ引連テ来ル, to take a company along with.

Syn. MESHITSURERU.

**Hikitsuru**, ひきつる, 拘束, v.t. To be cramped, or contracted (as in cramp).

**Hikitsuzuku**, ひきつづく, 引續, v.t. To succeed in a series; to continue; to follow one after another.

*Hikitsuzuite shuypan suru*, 引續イテ出版スル, to publish in succession.

**Hikukeru**, ひきうける, 引受, v.t. ① To hold one's self responsible for; to take upon one's self. ② To engage in; to undertake. ③ To take or receive.

*Hikukete shigoto wo suru*, 引受テ仕事ヲスル, to do work taking all the responsibility upon one's self; *Shindai wo hikukeru*, 身代ヲ引受ル, to receive or inherit a property. [receiver.]

**Hikukete**, ひきうけて, 受託者, n. A consignee; a

**Hiki-uma**, ひきうま, 引馬, n. Horses drawn in a procession, merely for show.



**Hiki-usu**, ひきうす, 碓石, *n.* A mill stone.  
Syn. ISHUSU.

**Hikiwake**, ひきわけ, 引分, *n.* Separating the two parties when the victory is not decided after a long fight (as in wrestling); a drawn fight.

**Hikiwakeru**, ひきわける, 引分, *v.t.* To pull apart; to separate or part (as two men fighting).

**Hikiwari**, ひきわり, 挽割, 麥屑, *n.* Coarsely ground barley; cracked wheat.

**Hikiwari-meshi**, ひきわりめし, 挽割飯, *n.* Cracked barley cooked for food.

**Hikiwaru**, ひきわる, 挽割, *v.t.* To crack by grinding between mill stones.

**Hikiwata**, ひきわた, 引綿, *n.* Covering cotton with floss silk as in padding a garment, or the silk so used.

**Hikiwatashi**, ひきわたし, 引渡, *n.* Passing or handing over; delivery (as of goods); transfer (as of property).  
*Hikiwatashi ga sunda*, 引渡が済ま, delivery (as of goods) has been finished.

**Hikiwatasu**, ひきわたす, 引渡, *v.t.* To deliver up; to pass or hand over; to transfer.  
*Zainin wo hikiwatasu*, 罪人ヲ引渡ス, to deliver up a criminal; *Zuisan wo hikiwatasu*, 財産ヲ引渡ス, to transfer property.

**Hikiyaburu**, ひきやぶる, 引破, *v.t.* To pull and tear; to break by tearing; to rend.  
*Ifuku wo hikiyaburu*, 衣服ヲ引破ル, to tear off a garment.  
Syn. HIKISAKU. [a garment.]

**Hikiyaku**, ひきやく, *a.* Low; not tall.

**Hikiyaru**, ひきやる, *v.t.* To draw to one side; to drag away. [legit chinensis.]

**Hikiyomogi**, ひきよもぎ, 漏瀝, *n.* [Bot.] Siphonous.

**Hikiyoseru**, ひきよせる, 引寄, *v.t.* To pull or draw toward one's self; to lead near to.

**Hikiyuru**, ひきゆる, 導, *v.t.* To lead, conduct, or command; to march at the head of.  
*Tatsumi wo hikiite seme-kitaru*, 大軍ヲ率テ攻メル, to attack with a large army.

**Hikizan**, ひきざん, 引算, 減算, *n.* [Math.] Subtraction.  
Syn. GENZAN.

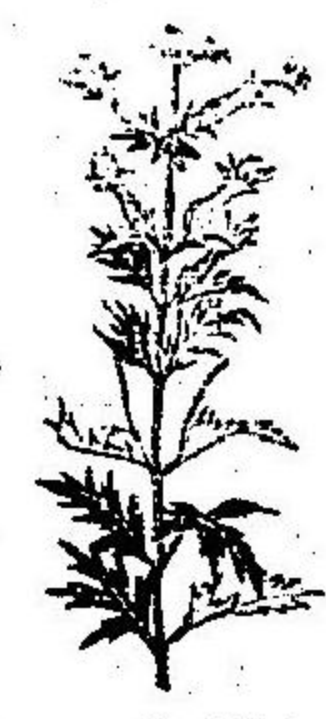
**Hikizumi**, ひきずみ, *n.* A black mark, made in sealing a letter.  
*Hikizumi wo suru*, ヒキズミヲスル, to seal a letter by a black mark. [dog.]

**Hikizuna**, ひきづな, 縄, *n.* A rope for leading a

**Hikizuri**, ひきずり, *n.* A woman negligent of her dress or household duties; a slattern.

**Hikizuru**, ひきずる, *n.* A kind of wooden clogs.

**Hikizuri-komu**, ひきずりこむ, 引摺込, *v.t.* ① To draw or drag into. ② To entice, seduce, or in-



snare. ③ To take by a cunning method things belonging to another; to steal.

**Hikizuri-mochi**, ひきずりもち, 引摺餅, *n.* A party of men who go round the city, carrying with them all the requisite implements and utensils for making *mochi* (rice cake) to do their work by the job, at the end of the year.

**Hikizuru**, ひきずる, 引摺, *v.t.* To drag along the ground; to pull along (as something heavy).  
*Hikizuru yōna nagai sode*, 引摺ル襦袢長イ袖, sleeves so long as to be almost dragged along the ground in walking.

**Hikizuso**, ひきずそ, *n.* The practice among ladies of high quality of wearing clothes long so as to drag the skirt along in walking.

**Hikka**, ひっか, 筆架, *n.* [Chin.] A stand for a pen.  
Syn. FIDEKAKE. [writing pen; a pen rack.]

**Hikkagami**, ひっかがみ, 膝, *n.* The hollow behind the knee; popliteal space.

**Hikkakeru**, ひっかかへる, 引抱, *v.t.* To take or carry under the arm; to embrace in the arm.  
*Kudomo wo hikkakaete nigete*, 子供ヲ引抱ヘテ逃ゲタ, she (or he) escaped, carrying the child under her (or his) arm.

**Hikkakaru**, ひっかかると, 引掛, *v.t.* To be caught, hooked, or entangled in anything.

**Hikkakeru**, ひっかかると, 引掛, *v.t.* ① To hook, hitch, or fasten on anything. ② [coll.] To defer payment intentionally.

**Hikkageru**, ひっかかると, 取束, *v.t.* [coll.] To bind (as a bundle). [Katsugu.]

**Hikkatsugu**, ひっかつぐ, 引替, *v.t.* [coll.] Same as **Hikkai**.

**Hikkai**, ひっかい, 筆記, *n.* A note or memorandum; a note-book.  
*Bōshū hikki*, 傍聴筆記, attending and taking notes (as of parliamentary proceedings), or the notes so taken.  
—*suru*, *v.t.* To take notes of.

**Hikkō**, ひっかう, 筆耕, *n.* One who lives by copying; a copyist. [above.]

**Hikkōkaki**, ひっかうかき, 筆耕者, *n.* Same as **Hikkōmu**.

**Hikkōmu**, ひっこうむ, *v.t.* ① [coll.] To draw back, or disappear; to be sunk in. ② To be confined to one's house.  
*Ji ga hikkōnda*, 地ガヒッコンダ, the ground has sunk in; *Tama ni hikkōmu*, 山ニヒッコム, to retire to (or live confined in) a mountain.

**Hikkoshi**, ひっこし, 移轉, *n.* Removal of residence to another place.  
Syn. TENTAKU, WATAMASHI, YAUTSURI.

**Hikkosu**, ひっこす, 引越, *v.t.* To remove one's residence. [as a criminal.]

**Hikkukuru**, ひっくくる, 引越, *v.t.* [coll.] To bind

**Hikkurikaeru**, ひっくかへる, 顛倒, *v.t.* To tumble down; to be upset or overturned; to turn  
Syn. KUTSUGAERU, URAGAERU. [about,

**Hikkurikaesu**, ひっくかへす, 顛倒, *v.t.* To upset or overturn; to turn over.  
*Iton wo ichi mai ichi mai hikkurikaeshite mitu*, ホチ一枚一枚ヒッカリカヘシテ見ル, to read a book turning over its pages one after another; *Sumitsubo wo hikkurikaeshite hon wo yogoshita*, 墨壺ヲ顛倒シテホチヲ活シタ, have (or has) soiled the book by upsetting the inkstand.  
Syn. KUTSUGAERU, URAGAERU.

**Hikkwaku**, ひっくわく, 筆畫, *n.* The strokes made in writing Chinese characters.

**Hikkwan**, ひっくわん, 筆管, *n.* The stick or holder of a pencil.  
Syn. FUDE NO JIKU, FUDETSUKA.

**Hikkyō**, ひっきょう, 畢竟, *adv.* After all; in the end; finally; merely; only.  
*Kare ga nanjū ni natia mo hikkyō ogori no tame da*, 彼ガ難儀ニナッタモ必ズ畢竟ノ爲メ, after all, it is his luxury that has brought misery upon him.  
Syn. TSUNINWA, TSUMARI.

**Hiko**, ひこ, 彦, An honorable affix to the names of men, in ancient times.

**Hiko**, ひこ, 曾孫, *n.* Great-grandson.  
Syn. HIMAGO, HIMAGO.

**Hiko**, ひこ, 悪行, *n.* Bad conduct; misdemeanor; profligacy.

**Hiko**, ひこ, 比較, *n.* Act of comparing; comparison; relative estimate. The more proper form is **Hikaku**. —*suru*, *v.t.* To compare, etc.

**Hikobae**, ひこばへ, 強, *n.* The sprouts which shoot up from the stump of a tree; offshoots.

**Hikobanokwō**, ひこばるとくわう, 破コズルト録, *n.* [Min.] Smaltite.

**Hikoboshi**, ひこぼし, 彦星, *n.* The name of a star near the milky way and worshipped on the 7th of the 7th mo. (o.s.); the herd boy.  
Syn. INUKAIROSHI, KENGYŪ.

**Hikoku**, ひこく, 被告, *n.* [Law.] The defendant or accused.

**Hikoku-nin**, ひこくにん, 被告人, *n.* Same as above.

**Hikōso-nin**, ひこそうじん, 被控訴人, *n.* [Law.] The respondent in an appeal.

**Hiku**, ひく, 引, 抽, 牽, 挽, 曳, 牽, 減, 減, *v.t.* ① To withdraw from, retire, or retreat. ② To pull; to draw; to move towards one's self. ③ To quote; to cite. ④ To take out; to extract. ⑤ To lead (as a horse). ⑥ To draw (as a cart); to haul; to tow. ⑦ To drag along the ground; to stretch or extend. ⑧ To draw (as a map). ⑨ To play on a musical instrument. ⑩ To deduct; to reduce; to diminish. ⑪ To coat over; to var-

ish. ⑫ To favour; to side with; to promote. The word *hiku*, prefixed to other words, serves to intensify the meaning.  
*Ami wo hitte sakana wo agu*, 網ヲ引テ魚ヲ上ク, to draw a net and catch fish; *Ato wo hiku*, 後ヲ引ク, to run in the family or blood; to be hereditary (said of diseases); *Ban wo hiku*, 番ヲ退ク, to leave off a watch; *Bō wo hiku*, 條ヲ引ク, to cancel a written character; to underline; *Chimda wo hiku*, 駝ヲ引ク, to walk lamely; to limp; *Fue ni au yū ni samisen wo hiku*, 笛ニ合フヤウニ三味線ヲ弾ク, to play a *samisen* so as to harmonize with the flute; *Fune wo hiku*, 舟ヲ引ク, to tow a boat; *Haha wa kadomo no te wo hikite yuku*, 母ハ小兒ノ手ヲ引キテ行ク, the mother walks holding the hand of her child; *Haiyū wa sugi wo hiku*, 肺病ハ筋ヲ緩クシテ, the phthisis runs in the blood; *Harenono ni kusuri wo hiku*, 腫物ニ藥ヲ塗ク, to apply a medicinal lotion to an ulcer; *Hito no ki wo hiku*, 人ノ氣ヲ引ク, to draw out another's opinion; to tempt; *Ito wo hiku*, 絲ヲ引ク, to pull a string; *Ji wo hiku*, 字ヲ引ク, to find out a word in a dictionary; *Kami ni shibu wo hiku*, 紙ニ塗ヲ塗ク, to varnish a paper with *shibu*; *Kaze wo hiku*, 風ヲ引ク, to catch a cold; *Kimi ni yumi wo hiku*, 君ニ弓ヲ引ク, [lit.] to draw a bow against one's lord; to rebel against one's master; *Koe wo hiku*, 聲ヲ引ク, to utter a long sound; *Kokoro wo hitte miru*, 心ヲ引テ見ル, to try another's mind; to tempt; *Korei wo hiku*, 右例ヲ引ク, to cite an old precedent; *Koto wo hiku*, 琴ヲ弾ク, to play on a harp; *Kushi wo hiku*, 櫛ヲ引ク, to make combs by sawing; *Kwanme wo hiku*, 貫目ヲ引ク, to try the ability of another; *Kwashi wo hiku*, 菓子ヲ引ク, to pass round a dessert (as in a feast or entertainment); *Kyūryū wo sanwari hiku*, 給料ヲ三割引ク, to cut down wages by thirty per cent; *Maku wo hiku*, 幕ヲ引ク, to draw a curtain; *Mise wo hiku*, 店ヲ退ク, to retire from a shop (for the day); to put away things exhibited for sale; *Mujin no kuji wo hiku*, 無盡ノ圖ヲ引ク, to draw a lot in *mujin*, which see; *Nawa wo hiku*, 繩ヲ引ク, to stretch or lay a rope; *Nedan wo hitte uru*, 直段ヲ減テ賣ル, to sell by reducing or lowering the price; *Niguruma wo hiku*, 荷車ヲ挽ク, to draw a cart; *Niuma wo hiku*, 荷馬ヲ牽ク, to lead a packhorse; *Nuno ni rō wo hiku*, 布ニ蠟ヲ引ク, to wax a cloth; *Iton awazu shite mi wo hiku*, 論合ズシテ身ヲ退ク, to retire (as from office) on account of a disagreement of opinions; *Sakana wo hiku*, 肴ヲ引ク, to pass round food (at a feast or entertainment); *Sakazuki wo hiku*, 盞ヲ引ク, to drain a wine cup; *Shichi yori san wo hiku* to shi



**nikoru**, 七ヨリ三ヲ引クト四餘ル, three subtracted from seven leaves four; *Sen wo hiku*, 線ヲ引ク, to draw a line; *Shio ga hiku*, 汐が退ク, the tide is falling; *Shusen wo hiku*, 朱線ヲ重ク, to draw a red line; to underline with red ink; *Sode wo hiku*, 袖ヲ曳ク, [lit.] to pull another's sleeve; [fig.] to make a sign so as not to be perceived by a third person; *Tahyū-nite yakusho wo hiku*, 多病ニテ役所ヲ退ク, to retire from one's office on account of frequent illness; *Tachi no ha wo hiku*, 太刀ノ刃ヲ引ク, to wear off the cutting edge of a sword; *Tatōe wo hitte tokikasasu*, 導ヲ引テ説明ス, to explain by citing an illustration; to exemplify; *Teki jin-ei wo hiki-harau*, 敵陣營ヲ退キ掃テ, the enemies have evacuated their camp; *Tsutome no mi wo hiku*, 務ノ身ヲ退ク, [coll.] to retire from a harlot's life; *Uru wo hiku*, 臼ヲ挽ク, to grind a mill; *Wata wo hiku*, 綿ヲ抽ク, to manufacture floss silk; *Ezu wo hiku*, 緯線ヲ重ク, to draw a map or chart; *Zashiki wo hiku*, 座敷ヲ退ク, to withdraw from the hall or drawing room.

**Hikudori**, ひくどり, 火倉鳥, n. [Ornith.] The cossowary, *Casuarus impicus*.

**Hikuku**, ひくく, 低, 卑, adv. Low; lowly; humble; mean. — *suru*, v.t. To lower or make low; to humble or humiliate.

**Hikumeku**, ひくめく, v.t. To jerk or start as in sleep. Syn. **BIKUTSUKU**. [sleep.]

**Hikurashi**, ひくらし, n. and adv. Spending the day; the whole day.

**Hikure**, ひくれ, 晩, n. Sunset; evening; eve.

**Hikurōdo**, ひくらうど, 非職人, n. A class of court officials subordinate to chamberlains.

**Hikururu**, ひくるる, 日暮, v.t. To set or go down (said of the sun); to grow dark.

**Hikusan**, ひくさん, 低, n. The state or degree of being low; lowness; lowliness; humility.

**Hikushi**, ひくし, 低, 卑, a. ① Low; not high; short (as in stature). ② Humble, mean, dishonorable.

*Atama no hikui hito*, 頭ノ低イ人, [lit.] one who carries his head low; a person humble in manners; *Hikuki ie*, 低キ家, a low house; *Hikuki kowane*, 低キ聲, a low tone of voice; *Hikuki yori takaki ni noboru*, 卑ヨリ高キニ昇ル, to ascend from the lower to the higher. *Mi ga hikushi*, 身が卑シ, to be humble in life or social station; *Take ga hikushi*, 丈が低シ, to be short in stature.

**Hikute**, ひくて, 引手, n. ① One who leads another by the hand; a guide. ② A seducer; an enticer.

**Hikutsu**, ひくつ, 卑屈, a. Servile; mean; slavish; obsequious.

*Hikutsu na okonai*, 卑屈ナ行ヒ, obsequious

conduct; a slavish act; *Hikutsu na yatsu*, 卑屈ナ奴, a mean or servile fellow.

Syn. **HIKETSU**, **YASHI**.

**Hikuzu**, ひくず, 雑屑, n. Refuse; rubbish.

**Hikwa**, ひくわ, 砒華, n. [Min.] Arsenic bloom.

**Hikwan**, ひくわん, 卑官, n. Subordinate or inferior officials.

**Hikyaku**, ひきやく, 飛脚, n. A postman; a courier.

**Hikyakusen**, ひきやくせん, 飛脚船, n. A mail-boat.

**Hikyakuya**, ひきやくや, 飛脚屋, n. A post office (in former times).

**Hikyō**, ひきょう, 卑怯, a. Coward; sneaking; shy; timid; craven-hearted; dastard; unwarlike.

*Hikyō na furumai*, 卑怯ナ振舞, cowardly conduct. Syn. **OKIBYŌ**. [duet.]

**Hikyoku**, ひきよく, 秘曲, n. A secret art (only of music).

**Hikyō**, ひきょう, 兇, n. [Chin.] [lit.] Ferocious beasts; [fig.] formidable troops, powerful army.

*Hikyō no shi*, 兇ノ士, fierce warriors.

**Hikyū suru**, ひきゅうする, 悲泣, v.t. To weep bitterly; to mourn; to lament.

**Hima**, ひま, 隙, 暇, n. ① A space between two things; interval. ② Time; unoccupied hours; leisure. ③ A good time to do anything; opportunity; occasion. ④ Dismissal; removal from office or duty. ⑤ Breach of friendship; cause of quarrel; discord.

*Shūji no hima yori kaimiru*, 障子ノ隙ヨリカヒミル, to peep through a space between the screens; *Himasa hima ga nai*, 話ス隙が無イ, to have no time of talking; *Hima ga toreyu*, 間が取レル, to take time; *Hima na jibun ni*, 暇ナ時分ニ, in leisure hours; *Hima no hito*, 閑ノ人, a man of leisure; *Hima wo dasu*, 暇ヲ出ス, to dismiss (as a servant); *Hima wo fusagu*, 隙ヲ塞グ, to occupy or take up time; *Hima wo kate kuru*, 隙ヲ欠テ来ル, to lose time by coming; *Hima wo kureru*, 暇ヲ呉レル, to dismiss (as a servant); to give leave; *Hima wo moyote kaeru*, 暇ヲ貰フテ歸ル, to return on leave or by resigning service; *Hima wo nusunde sho wo miru*, 間ヲ偷テ書ヲ見ル, to steal time and read books; *Hima wo oshimu*, 隙ヲ惜ム, to grudge time; *Hima wo toru*, 暇ヲ取ル, to ask for dismissal; *Hima wo ukagau*, 隙ヲ伺フ, to watch for an opportunity; *Kare towa hima ari*, 彼トハ隙アリ, I have cause of quarrel with him; *Shiraberu ni wa hima ga iru*, 調べルニハ間ガイル, it takes much time to examine it.

Syn. **AIDA**, **ITOMA**, **SUKI**, **SUKIMA**, **TESUKI**.

**Hima**, ひま, 麻風, n. [Bot.] The Castor-oil plant, *Ricinus communis*.

Syn. **KARAE**, **TŌGOMA**.

**Himachi**, ひまち, 日待, n. Worshipping the rising sun three times in the month.

**Himadoru**, ひまどる, 隙取, v.t. To take much time; to be slow, tardy, or dilatory.

*Sōdan ni himadoru*, 相談ニ隙取ル, to take time in consultation.

Syn. **HIMAJIRU**, **TEMADORU**.

**Himago**, ひまご, 曾孫, n. Great-grandchildren.

Syn. **Hiko**.

**Himairu**, ひまいる, 隙入, v.t. To be slow or tardy; to be delayed. [spending time.]

**Himaku**, ひまく, 忙, v. Requiring much time; *Himaku no shigoto wo hikukeda*, ヒマクビノ仕事ヲ引受ケ, have undertaken in a work which takes up much time.

**Himan**, ひまん, 肥満, a. Plump; fat; corpulent.

*Himan na hito*, 肥満ナ人, a corpulent person. — *suru*, v.t. To be corpulent; to fatten.

**Himashi**, ひまし, 單咲子, n. [Bot.] Castor-bean.

**Himashi**, ひまし, 日増, a. Kept too long; not fresh; stale.

*Kono sakana wa himashi ni natta*, 此魚ハ日増ニナツタ, this fish is not fresh.

**Himashi ni**, ひましニ, 日増, adv. Day by day; daily increasing.

*Himashi ni dawawa wo moyō su*, 日増ニ暖ヲ催ス, it is getting warmer daily; *Himashi ni seichō suru*, 日増ニ成長スル, to grow up day by day. [Castor-oil.]

**Himashi-no-abura**, ひましのあぶら, 蔴子油, n.

**Himawari**, ひまわり, 火廻, n. Going a round of watch for fire.

*Himawari no yakutin*, 火廻ノ役人, an officer who goes round in the night watch against fire.

**Himawari**, ひまわり, 向日葵, n. [Bot.] Sun-flower.

**Himawari-no-abura**, ひまわりのあぶら, 向日葵油, n. Oil expressed from the seeds of sunflower.

**Himazeni**, ひまぜに, adv. Every other day.

Syn. **ICHINICHI ORI NI**, **KAKUITSU NI**.

**Himba**, ひんば, 牝馬, n. [Zool.] A mare.

**Himbo**, ひんぼ, 牝牡, n. A female and a male (as of horses, cattle, fowls, etc.).

**Hime**, ひめ, 白飯, n. Soft boiled rice.

**Hime**, ひめ, 姫, n. ① An honorary title for ladies. ② Daughter of noblemen. ③ A prefix meaning small or miniature, as in *hime-matsu*, *himeyuri*, etc.

**Hime-akutateba**, ひめあかたてば, n. [Entom.] *Vanessa cardui*.

**Hime-azami**, ひめあざみ, 苦菜, n. [Bot.] *Cnicus latifolius*.

**Hime-bachi**, ひめばち, n. [Entom.] Ichneumon.

**Hime-bashō**, ひめばせ, 紅蕉, n. [Bot.] *Musa cocinea*.

**Hime-gaki**, ひめがき, 女牆, n. A low wall around a fort; a parapet; a battlement.

**Hime-gama**, ひめがま, 水蘚, n. [Bot.] *Typha angustifolia*.

**Hime-gami**, ひめがみ, 姫神, n. Goddess.

**Hime-gimi**, ひめがみ, 姫君, n. ① An honorary title for the daughter of noblemen. ② A princess.

**Hime-gōna**, ひめごな, n. [Conch.] *Cerithium*.

**Himegoto**, ひめごと, 秘事, n. A secret; secrecy.

Syn. **HISI**, **MITSUJI**.

**Hime-goze**, ひめごせ, 姫御前, n. Same as *Hime-gimi*. [crake.]

**Hime-guina**, ひめぐいな, n. [Ornith.] Pallas.

**Hime-gurumi**, ひめぐりみ, 環食胡蝶, n. [Bot.] *Juglans corolliformis*. [sibirica.]

**Hime-hagi**, ひめはぎ, 遠志, n. [Bot.] *Polygona*.

**Hime-hammyō**, ひめはんめう, n. [Entom.] *Cicindela amurensis*.

**Hime-hana-seseri**, ひめはなせせり, n. [Entom.] *Cyclotides ornatus*.

**Hime-hiba**, ひめひば, 荊州巻柏, n. [Bot.] *Selaaginella caulescens*.

**Hime-hidoshi**, ひめひせし, n. [Entom.] *Vanessa urtica*. [ra hyas.]

**Hime-hōjaku**, ひめほうやく, n. [Entom.] *Lophyrus*.

**Himeji**, ひめい, 非命, a. Not conforming to the usual course of nature; unnatural; untimely; accidental.

*Himeji no shi wo togu*, 非命ノ死ヲ遠ク, to die an unnatural death.

**Himeji**, ひめい, 碑銘, n. An inscription on a tomb or monument.

Syn. **HIBUN**.

**Hime-ichimeji**, ひめいちもぢ, n. [Entom.] *Araecina burejana*.

**Hime-igai**, ひめいがい, n. [Conch.] *Modiola* sp.

**Hime-ianome**, ひめいあのみ, n. [Entom.] *Pythima baldus*.

**Himeji**, ひめい, n. [Ichth.] *Mullus Bensaai*.

**Himeji-gawa**, ひめがは, 姫路革, n. Leather manufactured at Himeji, in the province of Harima, and used for covering over boxes, trunks, etc.

**Hime-kabura**, ひめかぶら, n. [Bot.] A grooved arrow-head. [trikuchua.]

**Himekiseseri**, ひめきせせり, n. [Entom.] *Hesperia*.

**Hime-kobushi**, ひめこぶし, 藍華辛夷, n. [Bot.] *Magnolia stellata*.

**Hime-komatsu**, ひめこまつ, 姫小松, n. [Bot.] *Pinus parviflora*.

**Hime-kuzu**, ひめくづ, n. [Bot.] *Alypsia villosa*.

**Hime-kwanzō**, ひめくわんざう, 金草, n. [Bot.] *Hemerocallis Dumortieri*.

**Hime-matsu**, ひめまつ, n. [Bot.] A species of pine, of a slender, delicate leaf.



**Himemiko**, ひめみこ, 姫御子, *n.* A Princess of the Blood; a Princess Imperial.  
Syn. NAISHINNO, OJO.

**Himemiya**, ひめみや, 姫宮, *n.* Same as above.

**Himemosu**, ひめもす, 終日, *adv.* [obs.] The whole day, all the day long.  
Syn. HINEMOSU, SHUJITSU.

**Himemuro**, ひめむろ, *n.* [Bot.] *Juniperus* sp.

**Himen**, ひめん, 庇面, *n.* [Min.] Dome.

**Himeneri**, ひめのり, 米糲, *n.* A paste made of rice flour; rice starch.

**Himen sasu**, ひめんさす, 罷免, *v.t.* To turn out from an office; to dismiss.

**Himeoku**, ひめおく, *v.t.* To keep (anything) secret; to hide or conceal.  
*Missha wo himeoku*, 密書ヲ秘匿ス, to conceal a confidential letter.

**Himeru**, ひめる, 秘, *v.t.* To keep private; to hide; to conceal.  
*Koto wo himeru*, 事ヲ秘メル, to keep a matter secret.  
Syn. HIRURI, KARURI.

**Hime-sakazuki**, ひめさかづき, 長春花, *n.* [Bot.] Marigold.  
[*Tagetes* sp.]

**Hime-shaga**, ひめまやが, 紫石菖, *n.* [Bot.] *Iris sanguinolenta*.

**Hime-shiba**, ひめしば, 馬薮, *n.* [Bot.] *Panicum sanguinalis*.

**Hime-shion**, ひめまをん, 女菟, *n.* [Bot.] *Aster fastigiatus*.  
[*Frosticra* sp.]

**Hime-suge**, ひめすげ, 庭蓀, *n.* [Bot.] *Carex side-*

**Hime-tara-no-o**, ひめとらのを, 水蓼草, *n.* [Bot.] *Veronica spicata*.  
[*Japonicum* sp.]

**Hime-tsubaki**, ひめつばき, *n.* [Bot.] *Ligustrum*

**Hime-uri**, ひめうり, 合子草, *n.* [Bot.] *Actinostem-  
ma racemosum*.

**Hime-yamegi**, ひめよるぎ, 野艾蒿, *n.* [Bot.] *Artemisia vulgaris*.

**Hime-yoshi**, ひめよし, 蕨, *n.* [Bot.] *Phragmites*

**Hime-yuri**, ひめゆり, 山丹, *n.* [Bot.] *Lilium con-*

**Hime-zuta**, ひめづた, *n.* [Bot.] A kind of vine,  
[*Prex* sp.]

**Himijika**, ひみじか, 日短, *n.* The shortness of the day time.

**Himitsu**, ひみつ, 秘密, *n.* Anything studiously concealed or kept from general knowledge; a secret; a mystery.  
*Himitsu wo arawasu*, 秘  
密ヲ露ハス, to reveal a  
secret; *Nanigoto mo himitsu ni okonau*, 何事モ  
秘密ニ行フ, to do every thing in secrecy.



(山丹)

**Himitsu-kwai**, ひみつくわい, 秘密會, *n.* A secret meeting.

**Himizu**, ひみぞ, 隠所, *n.* [Zool.] *Sorex dinezumi*.  
Syn. JINZUMI. [breweries]

**Himizu-oke**, ひみぞをけ, 火水桶, *n.* Vat used in

**Himmin**, ひんみん, 貧民, *n.* Poor people; paupers; the poor or indigent. [aid the poor.  
*Himmin wo kyūjo suru*, 貧民ヲ救助スル, to

**Himmoku**, ひんもく, 品目, *n.* A list of articles.

**Himo**, ひも, 紐, *n.* A cord; thong; ribbon; braid.  
*Haori no himo*, 羽織ノ紐, a pair of cords for fastening *haori*; *Himo wo musubu*, 紐ヲ結ブ, to tie a ribbon; *Himo ga toke nai*, 紐が解ケナイ, the thong can not be untied.

**Himochi**, ひもち, 火持, *n.* Lasting in the fire; not easily consumed or extinguished.  
*Himochi no warutsunai da*, 火持ノ薪イ燃ズ, [coll.] this charcoal burns too quickly; *Himochi no suru yū ni ikeru*, 火持ノスル燵ニ埋ケル, to bury live charcoal in the ashes so as to keep it alight.

**Himōde**, ひもうで, 日詣, *n.* Daily visits to a temple for worship.  
*Fūfu zure nite himōde suru*, 夫婦連ニテ日詣スル, a man and wife together make daily visits to the temple.  
Syn. HIMAIRI, NISSAN.

**Himogatana**, ひもがたな, 紐小刀, *n.* A dagger stuck in the ribbon fastening the under garment, so as to conceal it from others' sight; a filetto; a dirk.  
[hungry]

**Himogiri-i-ki-shi**, ひもぎりゝきし, ひもぎりゝき, *n.* Feeling hunger;  
*Kodomo ga himogiri gatte naku*, 小兒ガヒモシガ  
ツテ泣ク, the child is crying for hunger; *Himogiri toki ni nazui mono nashi*, 饑時ニ不味モノナシ, [Prov.] in hunger nothing is unpleasant to the taste. [TARU.  
Syn. HARABERITARU, HIBARUSHI, UYE-

**Himogisa**, ひもがさ, *n.* The state or degree of being hungry, hunger.

**Himokawa**, ひもかは, 紐草, *n.* Leather band or  
Syn. HIBOKAWA. [ribbon]

**Himokawa-undo**, ひもかはうんどん, 紐草舞臺  
*n.* *Undō* made in the form of *himokawa* or small flat ribbons.

**Himoketō**, ひもけいとう, 老婦鏡, *n.* [Bot.] *Ama-*

**Himomushi**, ひもむし, *n.* [Zool.] A newt-like worm.

**Himon**, ひもん, 秘文, *n.* A secret sentence or incantation used by conjurers; a charm.  
*Himon wo tonate ame wo furasu*, 秘文ヲ唱ヘテ雨ヲ降ス, to bring down rain fall by chanting incantations.

**Himono**, ひもの, 干物, 海苔, *n.* Dried fish.

**Himono**, ひもの, 箱物, *n.* Round boxes or other articles made of thin strips of the *hinoki*.

**Himono-shi**, ひものし, 箱物師, *n.* A maker of above. [Steboldi.]

**Himo-ran**, ひもらん, 仙人簾, *n.* [Bot.] *Lycopodium*

**Himorogi**, ひもろぎ, 神籠, *n.* A hedge around a *Shintō* shrine, made by sticking or planting the *sakaki* trees in a row; later corrupted to mean the shrine itself.

**Himorogi**, ひもろぎ, 膳, *n.* Rice, *mochi*, or other offerings made to a god.

**Himosasu**, ひもさす, *v.t.* To tie (as with a thong); to cord.

**Himoto**, ひもと, 火元, *n.* The origin of a fire.

**Himotoki**, ひもどき, 紐解, *n.* The ceremony of taking off ribbons attached to the garments of a young girl when the latter has attained the seventh year of her age.

**Himotoku**, ひもどく, 紐, *v.t.* To unfasten or take off the cover (of a book); hence, to read.  
*Koten wo himotoku*, 古典ヲ綴ク, to read classics.

**Himotomi**, ひもどみ, 火元見, 察火馬, *n.* One whose duty it is to examine or inquire into the origin of a fire and report it to the police station.

**Himotoshi**, ひもどし, 紐通, 穿通, *n.* The hole in any utensil for passing a cord through.

**Himotsuke**, ひもつき, 紐付, *n.* The part of a garment or utensil where a cord is attached.

**Himpan**, ひんぱん, 頻繁, *n.* Busy; bustling; pressing; urgent; occurring in rapid succession.

**Himpan**, ひんぱん, 頻頻, *adv.* and *n.* In rapid succession; one after another; urgently; incessantly; constant; continuous.  
*Himpan ni shite taeru*, 頻頻トシテ絶ヘズ, to follow in rapid succession.

**Himpu**, ひんぷ, 貧富, *n.* The poor and the wealthy; rich or indigent.  
*Himpu ni kakawarazu*, 貧富ニ拘ハラズ, no matter whether rich or poor.

**Himpyō**, ひんぴやう, 品評, *n.* A critical examination of any article. —*suru*, *v.t.* To enquire into the quality or grade of; to criticise.

**Himpyō-kwai**, ひんぴやうくわい, 品評會, *n.* An exposition or show of industrial or artistic products held for the purpose of determining their respective merits or demerits.

**Himuro**, ひむろ, 氷室, *n.* An ice-house.

**Himushi**, ひむし, *n.* [Entom.] The fire-fly.

**Hin**, ひん, 品, *n.* ① An article; material. ② Kind; sort. ③ Character, quality, demeanour.  
*Jō-hin*, 上品, fine quality; refined; *Ge-hin* 下品, inferior quality; vulgar; *Hin ga ochita*,

品が落ちタ, the quality has deteriorated, or degenerated; *Hin ga tsuku*, 品が付ク, to improve in quality or appearance; *Hin no yoi shōnen*, 品ノ好イ少年, a fine-looking youth; *Hin no warui hito*, 品ノ悪イ人, a bad-looking or ill favoured person.  
Syn. GARA, KURAI, MIE, SHINA, TACHI.

**Hin**, ひん, 貧, *n.* and *adv.* The poor, needy, or indigent; poverty, indigence.  
*Hin no nasumi*, 貧ノ窟, a theft instigated by poverty; *Hin ni sematte musume wo uru*, 貧ニ迫テ娘ヲ賣ル, to sell one's daughter on account of extreme poverty; *Hin sureba don suru*, 貧スレバ鈍スル, [coll. Prov.] poverty makes a man stupid.

**Hin**, ひん, 嬪, *n.* The title of female court officials in ancient times.

**Hina**, ひな, 雛, *n.* and *adv.* ① A young bird; chickens. ② Small images purposely made for the occasion, and set out in every household on the 3rd day of the 3rd mo. (o.s.), a festival popularly called *hina-no-sekku*.

**Hina**, ひな, 郷, *n.* and *adv.* The country; rural, rustic.  
Syn. HEMPE.

**Hina-asobi**, ひなあそび, 雛遊, *n.* Anciently a diversion of young ladies which consisted in cutting dolls out of paper and playing with them; later these dolls, together with various small furnitures and utensils, have come to be made by professional artisans.

**Hinabiru**, ひなびる, 鄙, *v.t.* To be rustic or countrified; to be awkward or clownish.  
Syn. INAKAMEKI, GEBIRU.

**Hinabito**, ひなびと, 鄙人, *n.* The country folk; village people; a rustic.

**Hinaburi**, ひなぶり, 夷振, *n.* Country or rustic fashion; vulgar manners.

**Hinaburu**, ひなぶる, 察風, *v.t.* To be rustic in manners; to be clownish.

**Hina-byōbu**, ひなびやうぶ, 雛屏風, *n.* A small ornamental *byōbu* (paper screen) used in the *hina-asobi*.

**Hinacru**, ひなへる, 乾萎, *v.t.* To dry and shrivel; [to wither.  
Syn. SHINABERTU.]

**Hinaga**, ひなが, 日永, *n.* The season of long days as in summer.

**Hinagata**, ひながた, 雛形, *n.* [from *hina* (small) and *kata* (form).] A model; design; plan; a form of writing.  
*Fune no hinagata*, 船ノ雛形, a plan of a ship; *Gwanāno no hinagata*, 願書ノ雛形, the draft of a written petition.  
Syn. MOKEL.

**Hina-geshi**, ひなげし, 模美人草, *n.* [Bot.] Corn poppy, *Papaver Rhoeas*.



**Hinaka**, ひなか, 日中, 白昼, *n.* Broad daylight; the day time; noon.  
Syn. HAKUCHU, NICHU.  
**Hinamatsuri**, ひなまつり, 雛祭, *n.* See *Hina-asobai*.  
**Hinami**, ひなみ, 日並, *n.* and *adv.* Every day; day by day; daily.  
*Hinami ni kane ga mukaiu*, 日並ニ金ガ蔵カス, we make money day by day.  
Syn. MAINICHI, NICHINICHI.  
**Hinamiyako**, ひなみやこ, 雛都, *n.* The country and the city.  
**Hinan**, ひなん, 非難, *n.* Disapprobation; blame; censure; dispraise; upbraiding; contumely; vituperation. —*suru*, *v.t.* To blame, censure, etc.  
*Hito no okonai wo hinan suru*, 人ノ行ヲ非難スル, to censure the conduct of another; *Kare no bun wo hinan suru*, 彼ノ文ヲ非難スル, I criticise his writing.  
Syn. HINAN SURU, SOSHIRU.  
**Hina-ninzyo**, ひなにんぎやう, 雛人形, *n.* Same as ② under *Hina*.  
**Hinankou**, ひなんこう, 避難港, *n.* A port or haven where vessels find their refuge from dangers of war or storms.  
**Hina-no-usu**, ひなのうす, 山笠会, *n.* [Bot.] *Sempulvaria alata*. [Month].  
**Hinashi**, ひなし, 祝月崎, *n.* The last day of the month.  
**Hinashi**, ひなし, 日遣, *n.* Daily instalments, or money borrowed on condition to pay it back with interests by daily instalments.  
*Hinashi wo kasu*, 日遣ヲ貸ス, to lend money to be repaid by daily instalments.  
**Hinashikashi**, ひなしかし, 日遣貸, *n.* The act of lending, or the person who lends; money to be repaid by daily instalments.  
**Hinata**, ひなた, 日向, *n.* Sunny place; sunshine.  
*Hinata kusai*, 日向クサイ, stinking from long exposure to the sun (often used vulgarly as a contemptuous epithet to country girls).  
**Hinata-boko**, ひなたぼこ, 日向曝, *n.* Basking.  
**Hinata-bokori**, ひなたぼこり, 日向曝, *n.* —*suru*, *v.t.* To bask in the sun.  
**Hinatsuboshi**, ひなつぼし, 辰星, *n.* [Astr.] The planet Mars.  
Syn. KWASEI.  
**Hina-uta**, ひなうた, 夷曲, *n.* A country song; vulgar airs.  
**Hinawa**, ひなわ, 火繩, *n.* A rope-match for a match-lock. [Flock].  
**Hinawazutsu**, ひなわづつ, 火繩筒, *n.* A match.  
**Hinazuru**, ひなづる, 雛籠, *n.* [Ornith.] Young crane.  
**Hinchi**, ひんち, 貧地, *n.* ① My poor temple (used depreciatively by priors of the Buddhist tem-

ple). ② A poor or barren soil; a sterile country.  
**Hindō**, ひんたう, 貧道, *pron.* I (used by Buddhist priests in self-depreciation).  
**Hine**, ひね, 陳, *a.* Old; not fresh; stale.  
**Hinebineshi**, ひねびねし, びねびねし, *a.* Old; not fresh or new; stale; obsolete; out of fashion.  
Syn. FURUKI.  
**Hinegome**, ひねごめ, 陳米, *n.* Old or stale rice.  
**Hinekobiru**, ひねこびる, *v.t.* To be young but look old; to be prematurely old; to be precocious; exceeding what is to be expected of one's age.  
*Kono ko wa hinekobite iru*, 此ノ童ハヒネコビテ申ス, this child is precocious.  
**Hinekuri-mawasu**, ひねくりまわす, 把玩, *v.t.* [coll.] To play with, or turn about in the hands; to twist in the fingers.  
**Hinekuru**, ひねくる, 把玩, *v.t.* ① Same as above. ② To speak like old or learned person; to use high-flown words.  
**Hine-matsu**, ひねまつ, 古松, *n.* [Bot.] An old distorted pine tree.  
**Hinemosu**, ひねもす, 終日, 終日, *adv.* All the day long; the whole day.  
**Hinen**, ひねん, 比年, *adv.* Year after year; several years in succession.  
**Hineri**, ひねり, 拵, *n.* ① Act of twisting, or rolling in the fingers. ② A present of money wrapped up in a piece of paper.  
Syn. NEJI, YOJIMAWASHI.  
**Hineribumi**, ひねりぶみ, 摺文, 摺文, *n.* ① A note rolled up, and twisted or folded instead of sealing. ② Drawing lots in the form of folded pieces on which a number or character is written.  
**Hineridome**, ひねりどめ, 拵止, *n.* A kind of buckle fastened by twisting with the fingers.  
**Hineri-goma**, ひねりごま, 捻鬮架, *n.* A top turned by twisting with the fingers.  
**Hineri-idsu**, ひねりいたす, 拵出, *v.t.* To call to mind, devise, plan, or invent; to express one's thoughts (as in composition).  
**Hineru**, ひねる, 拵, 捻, 拵, *v.t.* ① To twist or roll in the fingers; to turn or screw. ② To twist the body or turn around. ③ To speak precociously.  
*Koyori wo hineru*, 紙ヲ捻ル, to twist paper; *Kayada wo hineru*, 体ヲ捻ル, to turn the body around; *Kyō wo hineru*, 口上ヲヒ子ル, to speak like a learned person; to use high flown words.  
Syn. NEJIRU, YOJIRU.  
**Hinezumi**, ひねずみ, 火鼠, *n.* ① A kind of cloth woven with the long furs of a "fire rat" supposed, by the Chinese, to live in a southern

region. ② A kind of fire-proof cloth woven with asbestos.  
**Hingashi**, ひんがし, 東, *a.* East.  
**Hin-i**, ひんゐ, 品位, *n.* Quality (as of goods); Syn. KURAI, SHINA. [rank].  
**Hinichi**, ひんち, 比日, *n.* [coll.] Day.  
**Hiniku**, ひにく, 皮肉, *n.* ① Skin and flesh. ② Persons closely related by blood. ③ [coll.] Malice. *Hiniku no arasoi*, 皮肉ノ争, a strife or quarrel between near relatives; *Hiniku wo iu*, 皮肉ヲ云フ, [coll.] [lit.] to speak of the skin and flesh; [fig.] to say malicious things.  
**Hinin**, ひんゐん, 非人, *n.* [lit.] Not a human being or inhuman; hence a criminal. Later the word has been corrupted to mean beggars.  
**Hinjimo**, ひんじも, 品莖, *n.* [Bot.] *Lemna trisulca*.  
**Hinjin**, ひんじん, 貧人, *n.* A poor man; indigent persons; paupers.  
**Hinka**, ひんか, 貧家, *n.* A poor family.  
**Hinkaku**, ひんかく, 品格, *n.* The grade, character, or quality of a person or article.  
*Hinkaku ga yoi*, 品格ガ好イ, to have a fine look; to be superior in quality or character.  
Syn. HIN, MIE, SHINAGARA.  
**Hinkaku**, ひんかく, 賓客, *n.* A guest (as at a feast).  
Syn. KYAKUJIN, MARUDO.  
**Hinkaku**, ひんかく, 資格, *n.* [Gram.] Objective case.  
**Hinkei**, ひんけい, 牝鷄, *n.* A female fowl; hen.  
**Hinketsu**, ひんけつ, 貧血, *n.* [Med.] Anemia.  
**Hinkō**, ひんかう, 品行, *n.* Conduct; behaviour; character; deportment.  
*Hinkōdōsei no hito*, 品行方正ノ人, a person of correct behaviour or good conduct.  
Syn. GYŪJŌ, OKONAI.  
**Hinkoku**, ひんこく, 貧國, *n.* A poor state; an impoverished country.  
**Hinkon**, ひんこん, 貧困, *n.* and *a.* Embarrassed or straightened circumstances; privation; poverty; indigence; poverty stricken.  
**Hinku**, ひんく, 貧苦, *n.* and *a.* Poverty and distress; needy and embarrassed.  
*Hinku ni ochitru*, 貧苦ニ陥ル, to be reduced to poverty; to go to rack and ruin.  
**Hinkyū**, ひんきう, 貧究, *n.* and *a.* Same as above.  
**Hinnen**, ひんねん, 頻年, *adv.* Year after year; several years in succession.  
**Hinnyo**, ひんねよ, 貧女, *n.* A poor woman.  
**Hinobe**, ひのべ, 日延, *n.* Putting off till another day; postponement; extension of time.  
*Hinobe wo neau*, 日延ヲ願フ, to ask for an extension of time; *Shiharai no hinobe wo suru*, 仕舞ノ日延ヲスル, to put off or postpone payments.

**Hi-no-de**, ひのて, 日出, 朝日, *n.* Sunrise.  
**Hinoc**, ひのえ, 丙, *n.* One of the ten calendar terms *Jukkan*, which see.  
**Hi-no-hakama**, ひのはかま, 緋袴, *n.* A long *hakama* of bright scarlet colour (anciently worn by female attendants at court, or by the wives of noblemen).  
**Hi-no-iro**, ひのいろ, 火印, *n.* A hidden art for withstanding the effect of fire on one's body; a sort of hocuspocus.  
**Hi-no-iri**, ひのいり, 日入, *n.* Sunset, sundown.  
**Hi-no-kami**, ひのかみ, 日神, *n.* The sun goddess.  
**Hi-no-kasa**, ひのかさ, 日笠, *n.* The solar halo.  
**Hinoki**, ひのき, 扁柏, *n.* [Bot.] *Chamaecyparis obtusa*.  
**Hinoko**, ひのこ, 火粉, 火屋, *n.* Sparks of fire.  
*Hinoko ga tobichiru*, 火粉ガ飛ビ散ル, the sparks of fire fly about.  
**Hi-no-koromo**, ひのころも, 緋衣, *n.* Scarlet robes such as are worn by Buddhist priests.  
**Hinokuchi**, ひのくち, 樋口, *n.* A gate for closing an aqueduct; a flood gate.  
Syn. SUMON.  
**Hi-no-kuruma**, ひのくるま, 火車, *n.* ① The car of fire in which the souls of the wicked are supposed to be taken to, or tormented in, the Buddhist hell. ② [coll.] The state of being extremely poor; poverty; privation.  
**Hinomaru**, ひのまる, 日丸, *n.* A round red sign representing the sun.  
**Hinomaru-no-hata**, ひのまるのはた, 日丸旗, *n.* The national flag of Japan which has the *hinomaru* in the centre of a white ground.  
**Hinome**, ひのめ, 日目, *n.* The sun light; the sun.  
*Hinome mo mizu ni kurasu*, 日目モ見ズニ暮ス, to live without even seeing the light of the sun; to live in utter confinement.  
**Hinomi**, ひのみ, 火見, *n.* A fire lookout.  
**Hinomi-yagura**, ひのみやぐら, 火之見塔, 望火樓, *n.* A fire tower or lookout.  
**Hinomono**, ひのもの, 火物, 火食, *n.* Cooked food.  
**Hinomonedachi**, ひのものたち, 火物断, *n.* Abstaining from all sorts of cooked food for a certain period of time in performing a vow.  
**Hinomoto**, ひのもと, 日本, *n.* Nippon or Japan.  
**Hinomoto**, ひのもと, 火之元, *n.* A fire place or places where a fire is likely to break out.  
*Hinomoto-yūjin*, 火之元用心, keeping watch against fire; *Hinomoto ga abunai*, 火ノ元ガ危ナシ, fire places are dangerous.  
**Hino-omashi**, ひのえまし, 番御座, *n.* An apartment in the Imperial palace where the Emperor used to sit in the daytime.  
**Hinoshi**, ひのし, 熨斗, *n.* A smoothing iron.



*Hinashi wa kakeru*, 熨斗ヲカケル, to iron (as clothes).  
 Syn. NOSHI. [clothes].

**Hinoshita**, ひのまた, 日下, *n.* Under the sun; the whole world; the earth.

*Hinoshita kasan*, 日下開山, universal champion (in any kind of athletic game).

**Hinosozoku**, ひのさうぞく, 逆装束, *n.* [lit.] Day costume; an ancient court dress worn by nobles.

**Hinotama**, ひのたま, *n.* [lit.] Ball of fire; *Ignis-fataus*; will-o'-the-wisp. [tion].

**Hinote**, ひのて, 火焔, *n.* The flames of a conflagration.  
*Hinote ga awaru*, 火焔が揚ル, the flames of the conflagration are rising up; *Hinote ga tsuyoi*, 火焔が強イ, the flames (of the conflagration) are raging.

**Hinoto**, ひのと, 丁, *n.* One of the ten calendar terms or *Jukkan*, which see.

**Hinoyoroi**, ひのよろひ, *n.* Same as *Hinosozoku*.

**Hi-no-zō**, ひのぞう, 脾臓, *n.* The spleen.

**Hinru**, ひんる, 貧乏, *n.* Same as *Hinkyū*.

**Hinru**, ひんるゑ, 品類, *n.* Kind of articles; class.  
*Hinru wo wakatsu*, 品類ヲ分ツ, to divide into classes, to classify.

**Hinsei**, ひんせい, 貧生, *n.* A poor student; an indigent person (in self depreciation).

**Hinseki suru**, ひんせきする, 逐斥, *v.t.* ① To expel, to reject; to turn out from society. ② To slight, neglect, or disregard.  
 Syn. OYARU, SHIRIZOKERU.

**Hinshin**, ひんしん, 貧賤, *n.* and *a.* Poor and humble; one who is indigent and mean.

**Hinshu**, ひんしゅ, 貧者, *n.* A poor person; the needy.

**Hinshu**, ひんしゅ, 賓主, *n.* Guest and host.  
*Hinshu aitaishite jiji wo danzu*, 賓主相對シテ時事ヲ談ス, the visitor and the host sat together and talked about current topics.

**Hinshō**, ひんしょう, 貧相, *a.* Poor in appearance.  
*Hinshō na hito*, 貧相ナ人, a person poor in appearance.

**Hinuyaku**, ひんやく, 懦弱, *a.* Wanting in physical strength; feeble; weak; effeminate.  
 Syn. JŪJAKU.

**Hio**, ひよ, 氷魚, *n.* Frozen fish.

**Hio**, ひょう, 桃櫻, *n.* [Bot.] Red blossomed cherry.

**Hioha**, ひょうは, 曾祖母, *n.* Grand aunt or grandfather's sister.  
 Syn. HIBABA, HIBABA.

**Hiodoshi**, ひよし, 緋緋朱緋, *n.* Having plates bound together with red threads (said of armour).

**Hiodoshi**, ひよし, *n.* [Entom.] A species of butterfly.

**Hiodoshichō**, ひよしちょう, of butterfly, *Panessa zanthomelas*.

**Hiohi**, ひおひ, 扇, *n.* A court fan made of the hinoki wood.

**Hiohi**, ひおひ, 射干, *n.* [Bot.] *Paranthus chinensis*.

**Hiohi**, ひおひ, 日覆, *n.* A sun screen or awning.  
 Syn. HIYOKE. (扇)

**Hiohori**, ひおひり, 日覆, *n.* A quotidian ague.

**Hiomushi**, ひおむし, *n.* [Entom.] May-fly, *Ephemera*.

**Hippaku**, ひっぱく, 羸弱, *n.* Straightened circumstances; want; destitution; scarcity. — *suru*, *v.t.* To be destitute.  
 Syn. KYŪHAKU, SASHISEMARU.

**Hippari**, ひっぱり, 引張, *n.* [coll.] Act of pulling or stretching.

**Hippari**, ひっぱり, 密賣女, *n.* A street-walker; a woman of the town.

**Hipparu**, ひっぱる, *v.t.* See *Hikiharu*.

**Hippasamu**, ひっぱさむ, 引抜, *v.t.* [coll.] To hold between two things; to take up with chop sticks.

**Hippataku**, ひっぱたく, 引張, *v.t.* [coll.] To strike; to beat; to dust.

**Hippazusu**, ひっぱずす, 引外, *v.t.* [coll.] To pull or take out of place; to remove from the grooves (as screen or doors).

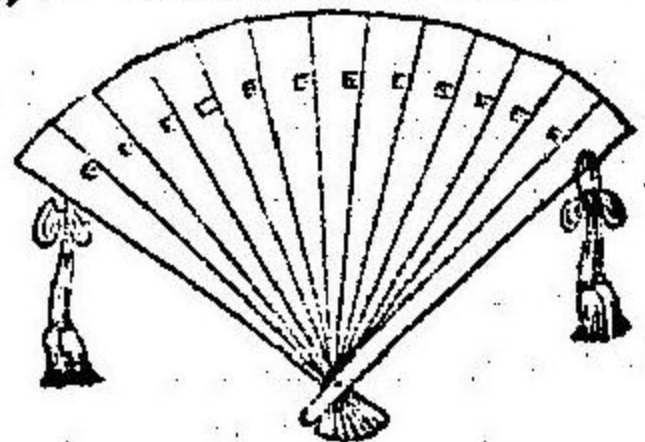
**Hippō**, ひっぱう, 筆法, *n.* The rules of penmanship; mode or style of writing characters.  
*Kimi no hippō wa yoi*, 君ノ筆法ハ好イ, [coll.] your style of handwriting is excellent; *Hippō wo manabu*, 筆法ヲ學ブ, to study the rules of penmanship.

**Hippu**, ひっぷ, 匹夫, *n.* A man of humble social position; common people.  
*Hippu no yū*, 匹夫ノ勇, brute courage, in distinction from true courage or *yū*.

**Hippu**, ひっぷ, 匹婦, *n.* Feminine of *hippu* (匹夫), a common woman.

**Hira**, ひら, 平, [prefix] ① Common; ordinary; plain. ② Level, even, flat. ③ The palm of the hand. ④ A flat and shallow wooden cup or bowl. ⑤ The leaf of a book.  
*Hiya ichimen ni hana*, 平一面ニ花, the entire surface is strewn with blossoms; *Te no hira*, 手ノ平 the palm of the hand.  
 Syn. TAIRA.

**Hira**, ひら, 片, 枚葉, *n.* A piece of any thing flat; a sheet (as of paper); a leaf; a flower.  
*Hana no hito hira*, 花ノ一葉, a single flower; *Kami hito hira han kaki owareri*, 紙一葉半香



キ終レリ, has (or have) finished writing a sheet and a half of paper.

**Hira**, ひら, *n.* A lacquered bowl with a cover.  
 Syn. HIRAWAN.

**Hira-aji**, ひらあじ, *n.* [Ichth.] *Caranx equula*.

**Hiraba**, ひらば, 平場, *n.* A level place; flat ground; plain.  
*Hiraba no tatakai*, 平場ノ戦, fighting on a level piece of land; a pitched battle.  
 Syn. HEICHI, HIRACHI.

**Hirabakama**, ひらばかま, 平袴, *n.* A kind of hakama, the fore and back part of which are sewn together at the sides only up to a short distance from the skirt.

**Hirabari**, ひらばり, 平針, *n.* A lancet.

**Hirabito**, ひらびと, 平人, *n.* Common people; an ordinary person.  
 Syn. HEIMIN, TADA NO HITO.

**Hirachi**, ひらち, 平地, *n.* Level ground; flat piece of land.

**Hirade-uchi**, ひらでうち, 掌打, *n.* Striking with the palm of the hand.

**Hiragama**, ひらがま, 平釜, *n.* A kind of flat pot used for cooking.

**Hiraganan**, ひらがな, 平假名, *n.* The cursive Japanese characters invented by Kūkai to represent the 47 syllabic sounds *iroha*.

**Hiragawara**, ひらがわら, 平瓦, *n.* A flat tile.  
 Syn. MEGAWARA.

**Hiragi**, ひらぎ, 萩, *n.* [Bot.] *Osmanthus Aquifolium*.

**Hiragi-hashira**, ひらぎはしら, 萩柱, *n.* Large posts with ornamental tops used at the ends of the railings of a bridge.

**Hiragi-mokusei**, ひらぎもくせい, *n.* [Bot.] *Olea fragrans* var. *aquifolium*.

**Hiraginanten**, ひらぎなんてん, 射天竹, [Bot.] *Berberis japonica* var.

**Hiragiso**, ひらぎそう, *n.* [Bot.] *Afuga japonica*. (ひらぎそう)

**Hiragumo**, ひらぐも, 平雲, *n.* [Entom.] Kind of spider.

**Hirahira to**, ひらひらと, 片片, 閃閃, *adv.* In a wavy or undulating manner.  
*Hana ga hirahira to chiru*, 花ヲ片片ト散ル, the flowers fall down in slow and wavy manner; *Hata ga hirahira to kaze ni nabiku*, 旗ヲ閃閃ト風ニ靡ク, the flag is waving in the wind.  
 Syn. PIRAPIRA.

**Hiraichū**, ひらいちん, 避雷針, *n.* A lightning rod.

**Hiraichū**, ひらいちん, 避雷柱, *n.* Same as above.



**Hiraichū**, ひらいちん, 避雷針, *n.* Same as *Hiraichū*. [gana.]

**Hirakana**, ひらかな, 平假名, *n.* Same as *Hiraganan*.

**Hirake**, ひらけ, 開, *n.* ① The state of being open. ② Civilization, enlightenment.  
*Kuni no hirake ga hayai*, 國ノ開ガ速イ, the civilization of the country is rapid.

**Hirakeru**, ひらける, 開, *v.t.* To be open; to be civilized, to emerge from barbarism.  
*Kuni wa masu-masu hirakeru*, 國ハ益々開ケル, the country becomes more and more civilized.

**Hirakeru**, ひらける, 得開, *v.t.* The pass. and potent. form of the verb *Hiraku*.

**Hiraki**, ひらき, 開, *n.* ① A door (esp. that which opens on hinges). ② The blooming of flowers. ③ The opening or commencement of anything. ④ [coll.] Close or end (as of a feast or entertainment).  
*Hiraki wo tazuru*, 開ヲ閉ル, to shut the door; *Hiraki wo akete omote wo miru*, 開ヲ開テ表ヲ見ル, to open a door and look out; *Hana no hiraki ga osoi*, 花ノ開ガ遅イ, the blooming of the flowers is late; *Hiraki ni suru*, 開ニスル, to close an entertainment.

**Hirakida**, ひらきた, 墜田, *n.* A newly broken up rice field. [by hinges.]

**Hirakido**, ひらきど, 開戸, *n.* A door that opens.

**Hirakimichi**, ひらきみち, 墜道, *n.* A road newly opened, or cut through a wilderness.

**Hiraku**, ひらく, 開, 開, *v.t.* ① To open (as a door by itself); to be unlocked. ② To open or bloom (as flowers). ③ To be cleared off, or dispelled (as cares). ④ To leave off, or disperse (as from a place of meeting or entertainment). ⑤ To overflow (as a pond). ⑥ To rise in price (a technical term used by merchants).  
*To no hiraita tokoro yori kaze ga fukiru*, 戸ノ開タ所ヨリ風ガ吹入ル, the wind blows in through the open door; *Hana ga hiraku*, 花ガ開ク, the flower opens; *Mume ga hiraku*, 胸ガ開ク, the heart is freed of anxieties; *Ki ga hiraku*, 氣ガ開ク, the mind is cleared of cares; to become cheerful; *Seki wo hiraku*, 席ヲ開ク, to terminate an entertainment; *Nagashike nite kawa ga hiraku*, 長崎ニテ河ガ開ク, the river has overflowed on account of continued rains; *Nedari ga hiraku*, 直段ガ開ク, the price rises.  
 Syn. AKU.

**Hiraku**, ひらく, 開, 開, *v.t.* ① To open; to commence; to establish or set up; to call into existence. ② To clear and lay out (as land). ③ To unpeel, or uncover (as a letter). ④ To clear or dispel (as doubts).  
*Arata ni shūshi wo hiraku*, 新ニ宗旨ヲ開ク, to establish a new religion; *Denji wo hiraku*, 田地



ヲ開ク, to clear and lay out a farm; *Mado wo hiraitte nagamu*, 窓ヲ開テ眺ム, to open a window and look at; *Michi wo hiraku*, 路ヲ開ク, to open a road; *Mise wo hiraitte shūbai suru*, 見世ヲ開テ商賣スル, to set up a shop and engage in trade; *Tegami wo hiraitte yomu*, 手紙ヲ披テ讀ム, to unseal a letter and read; *Uragai wo hiraku*, 疑ヲ開ク, to dispel doubts; *Yama wo hiraku*, 山ヲ開ク, to found a Buddhist temple; to break up a hill (for cultivation).

**Hirakuechi**, ひらくち, *n.* [Zool.] Viper.  
Syn. MAMUSHI.

**Hirakuge**, ひらくげ, 平公卿, *n.* The ordinary *kuge*, i.e. those lower in rank than *seigwa*.

**Hiramaimai**, ひらまひまひ, *n.* [Conch.] Helix sp.

**Hiramame**, ひらまめ, 菘豆, *n.* [Bot.] Leguminosae.

**Hirame**, ひらめ, 比目魚, *n.* [Ichth.] A flat fish, *Hippoglossus olivaceus*.

**Hiramekasu**, ひらめかす, 閃, *v.t.* ① To flash; to glisten. ② To brandish, or flourish, (as a sword); to wave (as flags).  
*Uta wo hiramekasu*, 旗ヲ閃カス, to wave a flag; *Katana wo hiramekasu*, 刀ヲ閃カス, to brandish a sword.

**Hirameku**, ひらめく, 閃, *v.t.* ① To wave or undulate (as flags). ② To glitter or glisten.  
*Dentō gaku ni hirameku*, 電燈街等ニ閃ク, the electric lights gleam over the streets; *Inazuma hirameku*, 電光閃ク, the lightning flashes.

**Hirameru**, ひらめる, 扁, 晒, *v.t.* To flatten, or make level.

**Hirami**, ひらみ, *n.* The state or degree of being flat.  
*Hirami wo tsukeru*, ヒラミヲ付ル, to flatten; to

**Hiramotoyui**, ひらもとゆひ, 平元拵, *n.* A long piece of white paper folded in the shape of a ribbon and used by women as a *motoyui*.

**Hiramu**, ひらむ, 平, *v.t.* To be flattened; to prostrate.  
Syn. HIRAFUSU. [strate one's self.]

**Hiranaabe**, ひらなべ, 平鍋, *n.* A flat and shallow pan used for cooking.

**Hira ni**, ひらに, 平, *adv.* Earnestly; humbly; urgently; pressingly.  
*Hira ni gonyūsha*, 平ニ御容赦, I earnestly beg your pardon; *Hira ni kongwan suru*, 平ニ懇願スル, to petition urgently; *Hira ni shomō suru*, 平ニ所望スル, to ask importunately.

**Hirano**, ひらの, 平野, *n.* A level field; a plain.

**Hirano-ninjin**, ひらのにんじん, 防莖, *n.* [Bot.] *Foucedanum japonicum*.

**Hiran suru**, ひらんする, 披覽, *v.t.* To open and read (as a letter).

**Hirao**, ひらを, 平簾, *n.* An ornamental piece of cloth hanging down from the waist of a nobleman's robe worn in former times.

**Hiraoshi ni**, ひらおしに, 平押, *adv.* Violently, forcibly, pressingly.  
*Hiraoshi ni oshisusumu*, 平押ニ押シ進ム, to advance headstrongly.

**Hirari to**, ひらりと, 翻, *adv.* With a quick motion (as in jumping); nimbly; by a sudden start; like a flash.  
*Uta wo hirari to tobikosu*, 歌ヲ翻ト飛越ス, to jump over a fence with a quick motion; *Hirari to mi wo kawasu*, 翻ト身ヲカハス, to turn one's self quickly to one side; to dodge by a sudden start.

**Hirasha**, ひらさや, 紅紫, *n.* Woolen cloth of scarlet or crimson colour.

**Hiratabune**, ひらたぶね, 平田舟, 船, *n.* A flat bottomed boat without keel; a flat.

**Hiratake**, ひらたけ, *n.* [Bot.] Fungus [sp.]

**Hirata-gumo**, ひらたぐも, *n.* [Entom.] Arachnida

**Hiratashi**, ひらたし, 平, 平馬, *a.* ① Flat, level. ② Plain; unadorned; simple.  
*Hirataki chimen*, 平タキ地面, a level piece of ground; *Hiratai kao*, 平タイ顔, a flat face.

**Hirataku**, ひらたく, 平, *adv.* Flat; plainly; simply.  
*Hirataku hanasu*, 平タカス, to speak plainly.

**Hirate**, ひらて, 平手, *n.* The hand spread out.  
*Hirate de uchitaosu*, 平手ヲ打倒ス, to strike down with the palm of the hand.

**Hiratawa**, ひらたわ, *n.* The state or degree of being flat or level, flatness.

**Hiratashi**, ひらたし, 平, *a.* [coll.] Same as *Hiratashi*.

**Hirauchi-no-himo**, ひらうちのみも, 平打紐, *n.* Flat braid.

**Hiraya**, ひらや, 平屋, *n.* A one-storied house.

**Hirayabugui**, ひらやなぐひ, 平胡弓, *n.* A quiver in which arrows can be stuck in a flat fan shaped row.

**Hirayane**, ひらやね, 平屋根, *n.* A flat roof.

**Hirazamurai**, ひらざむらい, 平侍, *n.* Common samurai, or a samurai having no official rank.

**Hirazaya**, ひらさや, 平箱, *n.* A short sword with a flattened scabbard, worn on making a journey in former times. [duty.]

**Hirazume**, ひらづめ, 平詰, *n.* Being always on

**Hirazutsumi**, ひらづつみ, 平包, 包帯, *n.* Same as *Fukusa*.

**Hiro**, ひろ, 鰭, *n.* ① The fins of a fish. ② [coll.] The measure around the body, girth.  
*Hiro ga aru*, ヒレガアル, to be big in the girth; *Se-hiro*, 脊鰭, dorsal fin.

**Hirofuru**, ひろふる, *v.t.* To wave the wide sleeves (as a woman in her act of beckoning).

**Hirofusu**, ひろふす, 平伏, *v.t.* To bow down low; to prostrate one's self (as before a superior).

*Kimi no mae ni hirafusu*, 君ノ前ニ平伏ス, to bow down before one's lord.  
Syn. HEIRUKU SURU.

**Hirei**, ひれい, 非禮, *n. and a.* Discourtesy, impoliteness; impropriety; contrary to etiquette; rude, informal, or indecent.  
*Kami wa hirei wo ukezu*, 頭ハ非禮ヲ受ズ, god will not accept improprieties.  
Syn. BUREI, SHITSUREI.

**Hirei**, ひれい, 比例, *n.* [Math.] Proportion.  
*Gōritsu hirei*, 合率比例, multiple proportion; *Seihirei*, 正比例, common or direct proportion; *Tempirei*, 轉比例, inverse or reciprocal proportion.

**Hireichūkō**, ひれいちゅうかう, 比例中項, *n.* [Math.] Mean proportional. [portionals.]

**Hireiryō**, ひれいりょう, 比例量, *n.* [Math.] Proportionals.

**Hirenishi**, ひれにし, *n.* [Conch.] *Murex falcatus*.

**Hirenjaku**, ひれんじやく, 被練雀, 十二紅, *n.* [Ornith.] Japanese waxing, *Ampelis japonicus*.

**Hiretsu**, ひれつ, 卑劣, *n. and a.* ① Baseness; meanness. ② Low; vulgar; unfair; ungentlemanlike.  
*Hiretsu na otoko*, 卑劣男子, a mean person; a low-minded fellow; *Hiretsu no surumai*, 卑劣ノ振舞, base conduct; an unfair act.  
Syn. IYASHIKI.

**Hiri**, ひり, 露尾, *n. and a.* Vulgarity; lowliness; countrified, rustic, vulgar.

**Hiri**, ひり, 非理, *n. and a.* Being devoid of principle; without reason; unjust; unreasonable; unfair.

**Hirihiri**, ひりひり, *adv.* With a smarting pain; in a tingling or thrilling manner.  
*Kizu ga hirihiri itamu*, 疵ガヒリヒリ痛ム, the wound gives a thrilling pain; *Hirihiri karai*, ヒリヒリ辛イ, to be tinglingly pungent.

**Hiriki**, ひりき, 非力, *a.* Without power, strength, or influence; feeble; weak; infirm.

**Hirin**, ひりん, 比隣, *n.* Neighbourhood; neighbours.  
*Tenrai hiri no gotoshi*, 天涯比隣ノ如シ, [lit.] the ends of the heavens (or of the world) are like neighbours.

**Hirin**, ひりん, 鄙吝, *a.* Parsimonious; miserly; niggardly. [quantity.]

**Hiriryō**, ひりりょう, 非理量, *n.* [Math.] Irrational

**Hiritsukeru**, ひりつくる, 敷付, *v.t.* [coll.] To lay on eggs (as insects).

**Hiritsuku**, ひりつく, 痒癢, *v.t.* To feel a pungent local pain; to smart; to burn.

**Hiritsuku**, ひりつく, 搐搦, *v.t.* To become cramped (as muscles).

**Hiro**, ひろ, 程, *n.* A measure equal to the distance between the hands when the arms are stretched; a fathom (=about 5 feet Eng.).

*Mihiro han*, 三尋半, three and a half fathoms

**Hiroba**, ひろば, 廣場, *n.* A wide or spacious

**Hiroppu**, ひろっぱ, 廣場, *n.* A wide or spacious

**Hirohiro to**, ひろひろと, 廣廣, *adv.* In a spacious manner; wide; extensive; roomy.  
*Hirohiro to shita yashiki gamae*, 廣廣トシタ屋敷, a mansion occupying a wide area.

**Hirobuta**, ひろぶた, 廣蓋, *n.* A flat broad vessel made after the model of a clothes-chest cover; tray, waiter, salver.

**Hiroen**, ひろえん, 廣縁, *n.* A wide veranda.

**Hirogaru**, ひろがる, 廣, *v.t.* To spread or extend over; to be diffused or propagated.  
*Metsū yo ni hirogaru*, 名聲世ニ廣ガル, his reputation spreads over the world; *Kokki yo kita ni hirogaru*, 國境北ニ廣ガル, the boundary of the country extends to the north.

**Hirogeru**, ひろがる, 廣, *v.t.* To spread out, extend, or unfold; to widen; to enlarge.  
*Mise wo hirogeru*, 店ヲ廣ゲル, to widen or enlarge a shop; *Hon wo hirogete yomu*, 本ヲ開テ讀ム, to open a book and read.

**Hirogaru**, ひろがる, 弘, 廣, *v.t.* To diffuse or propagate; to make known; to publish.  
*Waga setsu wo hirogeru*, 我説ヲ廣ゲル, to propagate one's opinion; to publish one's views.

**Hiroi**, ひろひ, *n.* On foot, walking. Mostly with the hono. prefix *o* for polite expressions.  
*O-hiroi de okaeri ni narimashita*, おヒロヒデ御歸ニナリマシタ, his honour has come back on foot.

**Hiroi-ageru**, ひろひあがる, 拾上, *v.t.* To pick up; to deliver (as a foundling).

**Hiroi-atameru**, ひろひあつめる, 拾集, *v.t.* To pick up and put together.

**Hiroi-mono**, ひろひもの, 拾物, *n.* Anything picked up or found on the road.  
*Hiroi-mono wo suru*, 拾物ヲスル, to pick up anything dropped by another; *Hiroi-mono wo tamuru e todokeru*, 拾物ヲ屯所ヘ届ケル, to report to the police station anything found on the road.

**Hirotyōmi**, ひろひよみ, 拾読, *n.* Picking up the chief points in a writing (being unable or having no time, to read more minutely).

**Hirokōji**, ひろこうじ, 廣小路, 廣陌, *n.* Wide street; main road.

**Hiroku**, ひろく, 廣, *adv.* On a large scale; widely; extensively.  
*Gakumon ga Hiroku naru*, 學問ガ廣クナル, to extend one's learning; becoming more erudite; *Hiroku sho wo miru*, 廣ク書ヲ見ル, to read a great number of books; *Kuni wo Hiroku suru*, 國ヲ廣クスル, to extend the territory of the country.



**Hirona**, ひろな, 廣間, *n.* A large room in a nobleman's mansion; a hall; a parlour.

**Hironae**, ひろなへ, 廣前, *n.* Before or in the presence of the *Kami*.

**Hironaru**, ひろなる, 弘, *v.t.* To be propagated or diffused; to be published or made known.  
*Na katquat ni hironaru*, 名海外ニ弘マル, his name has become known abroad; *Yasokyo kokunai ni hironaru*, 耶蘇教國內ニ弘マル, Christianity is spreading throughout the country.

**Hirome**, ひろめ, 昆布, *n.* [Bot.] *Laminaria japonica*.

**Hirome**, ひろめ, 弘, *n.* Introduction; publishing; announcement; advertisement.  
*Baiyaku no hirome wo suru*, 賣藥ノ弘ヲスル, to advertise a nostrum; *Kon-in no hirome wo suru*, 婚姻ノ弘ヲスル, to make announcement of a marriage; to introduce a bride or bridegroom to the neighbours; *Na no hirome wo suru*, 名ノ弘ヲスル, to advertise one's name.

**Hiromeru**, ひろめる, 弘, *v.t.* To spread abroad, to publish; to promulgate; to propagate; to advertise.  
*Shushu wo hiromeru*, 宗旨ヲ弘メル, to propagate a religion.

**Hironi**, ひろみ, *n.* A spacious place.

**Hironiwa**, ひろには, 廣庭, *n.* A spacious yard.

**Hirono**, ひろの, 廣野, *n.* A wide field; an extensive plain; a prairie.  
*Hirono wo sekiryō suru*, 廣野ヲ測量スル, to survey a prairie; *Hirono wo kaikon suru*, 廣野ヲ開墾スル, to reclaim a prairie.

**Hirosa**, ひろさ, 延袤, 廣袤, *n.* Width; extent; area.  
*Kuni no hirosa wo hakaru*, 國ノ廣袤ヲ測ル, to survey the area of a country; to measure the dimensions of a state.

**Hiroshi**, -i, -ki, ひろし, 廣, 博, 闊, 弘, *a.* Wide; broad; extensive; spacious; roomy.  
*Gakumon ga hirai*, 學問ガ博イ, to have extensive knowledge; to be erudite; *Hiroki kokoro no hito*, 闊キ心ノ人, a magnanimous person; *Majiwari hiroshi*, 交リ廣シ, to have a wide circle of acquaintance; *Mune ga hirōi*, 胸ガ闊イ, to be highminded or generous.

**Hiroshiki**, ひろまき, 廣敷, *n.* Female apartments in a nobleman's mansion.

**Hirō suru**, ひろうする, 披露, *v.t.* To open and show (as a letter); hence corrupted to mean: to announce, publish, or make known; to advertise, introduce, usher, etc.  
*Gohirō wo negai masu*, 御披露ヲ願マス, [coll.] please tell it to others; I wish you to report to the lord; *Kaiten wo hirō suru*, 開店ヲ披露スル, to announce the opening of a new shop; *Shūgen wo hirō suru*, 祝言ヲ披露スル, to make announcement of a marriage.

Syn. FUICHO SURU, SHIRASERU.

**Hirō suru**, ひろうする, 疲勞, *v.t.* To be fatigued or exhausted by sickness; to emaciate.

**Hiron**, ひろん, 歩, *v.t.* To walk; to go on foot.

**Hiron**, ひろん, 拾, *v.t.* To pick up something that has been dropped; to find on the road.  
*Talkin wo hiron*, 大金ヲ拾フ, to pick up or find a large sum of money.

**Hirovareru**, ひろはれる, *v.t.* Pass. and potent. form of above.

**Hirōwaseru**, ひろはせる, *v.t.* Caus. form of *Hiron*.  
*Hiyoko ni e wo hirōwaseru*, 雛ニ餌ヲヒロハセル, to let chickens pick up its food.

**Hiru**, ひる, 水蛭, *n.* [Entom.] A leech.

**Hiru**, ひる, 蒜, *n.* [Bot.] Garlic.  
Syn. NINNIKU.

**Hiru**, ひる, 晝, *n.* ① Noon; daytime. ② [coll.] Dinner, or the meal eaten about the midday; noon meal.  
*Hiru-doki*, 晝時, noon; *Hiru ga suitta*, 晝過ぎタ, it is past noon; *Hiru wo tsukau*, 晝ヲツカウ, to take dinner; *Yoru hiru*, 夜晝, night and day.

**Hiru**, ひる, 放, *v.t.* [coll.] To eject (as from the anus).  
*He wo hirū*, 屁ヲ放ル, to break wind; *Kuso wo hirū*, 糞ヲ放ル, to discharge the feces.

**Hiru**, ひる, 干, 乾, 涸, *v.t.* ① To dry up; to be freed from moisture. ② To ebb (as tide). ③ To be exhausted; to end.  
*Hiron ga hirū*, 議論ガヒル, the discussion is ended; *Kuchi ga hirū*, 口ガ乾ル, [lit.] the mouth dries up; [fig.] is deprived of food; *Shio ga hirū*, 汐ガ干ル, the tide has ebbed.  
Syn. HESHAGU, KAWAKU, TSURIRU.

**Hiru**, ひる, 籠, *v.t.* To winnow or clean grains by repeatedly throwing it up and catching in a net or shallow basket.  
*Mi de kome wo hirū*, 米ヲ籠ヲテ篩ル, to winnow rice with a net.

**Hirudoki**, ひるどき, 正午, *n.* Noon; midday.

**Hirugaeu**, ひるがへる, 翻, *v.t.* ① To turn over; to be inside out. ② To wave (as a flag). ③ To change, turn, or betray.  
*Kokki kaze ni hirugaeu*, 國旗風ニ翻ル, the national flag is waving in the wind; *Zennin ni hirugaeu*, 善人ニ翻ル, to turn to be a good man.  
Syn. HIRARITOKAERU, URAGAERU.

**Hirugaesu**, ひるがへす, 翻, 變, *v.t.* To turn or change (as one's mind).  
*Kokorozashi wo hirugaesu*, 志ヲ翻ス, to change one's purpose or will (in good sense).  
Syn. URAGAESU. [deraces.]

**Hirugao**, ひるがは, 菘花, *n.* [Bot.] *Calystegia fed-*

**Hiruge**, ひるげ, 晝飯, *n.* Dinner; the noon meal.  
Syn. CHŪJIKI, HIRUMESHI.

**Hiru**, ひる, 比, 類, *n.* Anything to compare with, match, or equal.  
*To ni hirū nashi*, 世ニ比類ナシ, to have no equal in the world.  
Syn. TAGU.

**Hirui**, ひるい, 蕨, *n.* Same as *Hiruge*.

**Hirukishi**, ひるいし, 蛭石, *n.* [Min.] Vermiculite.

**Hirukaki**, ひるかき, 蛭釣, *n.* Catching leeches (for medicinal purposes), or a person employed in do.

**Hiruko**, ひるこ, 稚子, *n.* The first son of Izanagi-no-mikoto, popularly called Ebisu and worshipped as god of trade.

**Hiruma**, ひるま, 晝間, *n.* and *adv.* The day-time.

**Hirumae**, ひるまへ, 晝前, 午前, *adv.* Forenoon.

**Hirumaki**, ひるまき, 鉄巻, *n.* The iron ring around the end of a spear.

**Hirumeshi**, ひるめし, 晝飯, *n.* Dinner, the noon meal.  
*Hirumeshi wo sunasu*, 晝飯ヲスマス, to finish dinner.

**Hirumo**, ひるも, 眼子菜, *n.* [Bot.] *Patamogeton natans*.

**Hirumu**, ひるむ, 縮, 萎, 萎縮, *v.t.* To shrink back in fear; to flinch; to be discouraged.  
*Teki noikiat wo mite hirumu*, 敵ノ勢ヲ見テ萎縮ス, to flinch at the powerful appearance of the enemy. [Hirumo.]

**Hirumushiro**, ひるむしろ, *n.* [Bot.] Same as *Hirunaka*, ひるなか, 亭午, *adv.* Midday; noon.

**Hirune**, ひるね, 晝寝, 午睡, *n.* Sleeping in the day-time; siesta.  
*Nusubito no hirune*, 盗人ノ晝寝, [Irov. lit.] the sleep of a thief in the day-time.

**Hirusagari**, ひるさがり, 晝下, 晝, *adv.* Past noon.

**Hirusugi**, ひるすぎ, 晝過ぎ, 午後, *adv.* Past 12 o'clock, past noon; afternoon.

**Hiryō**, ひりょう, 肥料, *n.* Manure; fertilizer.  
*Juzō hiryō*, 人糞肥料, artificial fertilizer.  
Syn. KOE, KOYASHI.

**Hiryūnikkerudō**, ひりゅうにけるどう, 祇園巻結見ル餅, *n.* [Min.] Gersdorffite.

**Hiryūzu**, ひりゅうず, 飛龍頭, *n.* [Said to be derived from a Portuguese word.] Food prepared by kneading together equal parts of ordinary and glutinous rice flours and frying the mass.  
Syn. GAMMODOKI.

**Hisabisa**, ひさびさ, 久々, *adv.* For a long time past; long time since.  
*Hisabisa nite almashita*, 久々ニテ遇ヒマシタ, [coll.] met him after a long interval of time.

**Hisago**, ひさご, 提子, *n.* A vessel for holding or carrying sake.  
Syn. CHŌSHI.

**Hisageru**, ひさげる, 提, *v.t.* To hold (anything) hanging from the hand; to carry along with.

*Kaban wo hisayete yuku*, カバンヲ提テ行ク, to go carrying one's trunk along. Coll. *Hisageru*.

**Hisagi**, ひさぎ, 蕨, *n.* [Bot.] *Catalpa Kammpferi*.

**Hisago**, ひさご, 瓢, *n.* [Bot.] A calabash, gourd.  
Syn. FUKUBE, HYŌTAN.

**Hisagokazura**, ひさごかつら, 烏椀蕨, *n.* [Bot.] *Cissus japonica*.

**Hisago-uri**, ひさごうり, 玉瓜, *n.* [Bot.] *Tyicosanthes cucumeroides*.  
Syn. KARASU-URI. [To peddle.]

**Hisagu**, ひさぐ, 販, 賣, *v.t.* To sell; to hawk goods; to peddle.  
Syn. SABAKU, URU.

**Hisaguru**, ひさぐる, 提, *v.t.* To hold hanging from the hand; to carry along with one's self.  
Syn. HISSAGU.

**Hisai**, ひさい, 笨才, *n.* [Chin.] Dull intellect; imbecility; stupidity; incapacity. Used chiefly in speaking depreciatingly of one's self.

**Hisai**, ひさい, 賣菜, *n.* [Bot.] *Sedum kantschaticum*.

**Hisakaki**, ひさかき, 砂, *n.* [Bot.] *Eurya japonica*.

**Hisakata no**, ひさかたの, 久方, 久懸, *a.* An adjective probably composed from the three words *hi* (sun), *sasu* (shine), and *kata* (side), or the direction from which the sun shines; used as a pillow word for the heavens or heavenly objects. [Pola.]

**Hisakugata**, ひさくがた, 水調, *n.* A kind of cushion.

**Hisan**, ひさん, 砒酸, *n.* [Chem.] Arsenical acid.

**Hisa ni**, ひさに, *adv.* For a long time; after a lapse of time.

**Hisanagi**, ひさんぎ, 非參議, *n.* One who formerly held the office of *Sangi* or councillor of state; also persons of the third or fourth rank of honour who were eligible to the post of *Sangi*.

**Hisao**, ひさを, 綱杖, *n.* Ramrod.

**Hisashi**, ひさし, 庇, *n.* A small roof projecting over a floor or window; eaves.

**Hisashi**, -i, -ki, ひさし, 久, *a.* Long continued; ancient; old.  
*Hisashit wazurai de uchifusu*, 久シイ病ヲ打臥ス, to be prostrated by a long continued sickness.

**Hisashibari**, ひさしばり, 久振, *a.* Long time since; after the lapse of a long time.  
*Hisashibari nite ome ni kakarimashita*, 久振ニテ御目ニ掛リマシタ, it is a long time since I met you.

**Hisashiku**, ひさしく, ひさしく, } *久, adv.* For a long time.

**Hisashū**, ひさしゅう, }  
Syn. NAGAKU.

**Hisashisa**, ひさしさ, *n.* The length of time since.

**Hisatō**, ひさつ, 飛札, *n.* [Epist.] A letter sent by a quick despatch; [lit.] flying note.



*Hisatsu wo motte mōshiage soro*, 飛札ヲ以テ申上候, I inform you by express letter.

**Hisecki**, ひせき, 肥瘠, *a.* and *n.* Fat or lean, plump or emaciated; fertility and barrenness.

**Hisecki**, ひせき, 砒石, *n.* [Min.] Native arsenic.

**Hisen**, ひせん, 肥水, *n.* Irrigation water.

**Hisen**, ひせん, 飛船, *n.* A fast ship; an express boat. [social station].

**Hisen**, ひせん, 卑賤, *a.* Humble, low, or mean (in *Hisen*, ひせん, 非難, *a.* Condemning wars; advocating peace. Used mostly in composition.

*Hisensetsu wo shuchōsu*, 非難説ヲ主張ス, to advocate peace; to maintain anti-war views; *Sen to hisen to imada kessezu*, 戦ト非難ト未ダ決セズ, not decided between war and peace; *Hisensū*, 非難黨, anti-war party.

**Hisen-ken**, ひせんけん, 被選挙権, *n.* The right of being elected.

**Hisen-nin**, ひせんにん, 被選人, *n.* One having the right to be elected.

**Hisetsu**, ひせつ, 霽雪, *n.* [Chin.] Falling snow.

*Hisetsu fūmpūn*, 霽雪紛降, snow falling in dense masses.

**Hisha**, ひしゃ, 飛車, *n.* The name of a chessman in the game of *shōgi*; rook.

**Hishaku**, ひしゃく, 柄杓, *n.* A ladle; a dipper. Syn. SHAKU.

**Hishaku**, ひしゃく, 飛越, *n.* Going about shaking the *shakujō*, or the wandering of a Buddhist priest to perform religious devotions. —*suru*, *v.t.* To go about for religious devotion, or to make pilgrimage. Syn. ANGYA SURU, UNSUI.

**Hishi**, ひし, 彼此, *pron.* That and this; they and we. *Hishi mina shikari*, 彼此皆ナ然リ, the same with every one. Syn. ACHIKOCHI, KAREKORE.

**Hishi**, ひし, 叉標, *n.* A kind of harpoon for catching fish. [ed spear].

**Hishi**, ひし, 雙標, *n.* A trident or double head.

**Hishi**, ひし, 飛矢, *n.* A flying or stray arrow. Syn. NAGAREYA, SOREYA.

**Hishi**, ひし, 菱, *n.* [Bot.] The water caltrop, *Trapa bispinosa*; *Trapa incisa*.

**Hishibai**, ひしばい, 菱灰, *n.* The ashes obtained by burning the seeds of the above, for filling an incense pot.

**Hishigani**, ひしがに, *n.* [Zool.] *Parthenope* sp.

**Hishigata**, ひしがた, 菱形, *n.* [Math.] Rhombus.

**Hishigebana**, ひしがへばな, 鼻, *n.* A nose sunken naturally or by disease; a flat nose.

**Hishigeru**, ひしげる, *v.t.* To be flattened; to be crushed or mashed. [day].

**Hishigoto**, ひしごと, 日仕事, *n.* Work done by the **Hishigu**, ひしぐ, 挫, *v.t.* ① To break into pieces;

to bruise; to crush; to flatten. ② The sound of whipping, smashing, etc.

*Kiol wo hishigu*, 勢ヲ挫ク, to crush the power of; to humble.

Syn. KIJIKU. [severely].

**Hishihishi to**, ひしひしと, *adv.* Firmly; tightly; *Hishihishi to shibarau*, ヒシヒシト縛ル, to bind tightly (as a criminal); *Hishihishi to muchūtsu*, ヒシヒシト鞭ツ, to whip severely.

**Hishikakushi**, ひしかくし, 秘隠, *n.* [coll.] Hiding or concealing; keeping anything secret.

**Hishikakusu**, ひしかくす, 秘隠, *v.t.* To conceal or hide; to make a secret of.

**Hishiki**, ひしき, 火敷, *n.* A square piece of mica or other material for covering the fire in an iron pot. Syn. KOSHUKI. [cense pot].

**Hishiko**, ひしこ, 鰥, *n.* [Ichth.] *Engraulis* sp.

**Hishikul**, ひしくひ, 鵞, *n.* [Ornith.] Bean Goose, *Anser segetum serrirostris*.

**Hishimeku**, ひしめく, 轟, *v.t.* To make a loud noise, clamour, or uproar. Syn. SAWAGITATSU, SŌDŌ SURU.

**Hishimochi**, ひしもち, 菱餅, *n.* *Mochi* or rice-cake made in the form of a diamond, to be offered to the *hina* (雛).

**Hishimo**, ひしむ, 乾死, *v.t.* To starve to death. Syn. GASHI SURU, UJINU.

**Hishinui**, ひしぬい, 菱縫, *n.* A kind of embroidery (tessellated pattern). [vegetables].

**Hishio**, ひしお, 醬, *n.* A kind of pickle used for **Hishio**, ひしお, 干汐, *n.* The ebb tide.

**Hishi to**, ひしと, 緊, *adv.* Same as *Hishihishi*.

*Hishi to omoi-akiramu*, 緊ト思ヒアキラム, to dismiss entirely from the mind; *Kokoro ni hishi to kakete*, 心ニ緊トカケテ, to fix firmly in the mind; *Ude wo hishi to toraete hanasazu*, 腕ヲ緊ト捕ヘテ放サズ, to hold another's arm tightly and not let it go.

**Hishitsu**, ひしつ, 泉濕, *a.* Low and moist land. *Hishitsu no chi*, 泉濕ノ地, a low and wet land. [grass].

**Hishiwa**, ひしわ, *n.* [Bot.] Panicum, or panic.

**Hishizume-matsuri**, ひしづめまつり, 鎮火祭, *n.* A ceremony performed at the Imperial court in the latter part of summer and winter for warding off conflagrations.

**Hisho**, ひしよ, 秘書, *n.* ① Books kept secret, or whose treating of secret subjects. ② Private secretary. [mer].

**Hisho**, ひしよ, 避暑, *n.* Avoiding the heat of summer. *Hisho gatera onsen ni yukeri*, 避暑ガテラ温泉ニ行ケリ, he went to the hot spring, partly to avoid the heat of the summer; *Hisho ni yuku*, 避暑ニ行ク, to go on a trip to avoid the heat of summer.

—*suru*, *v.t.* To avoid the heat of summer. Syn. HESHISHO.

**Hishō**, ひしやう, 將將, *n.* A military or naval officer second in rank to a general or admiral.

**Hishō**, ひしやう, 非晶, *a.* [Min.] Amorphous.

**Hishoku**, ひしやく, 非職, *n.* A temporary retirement with no pay for the maximum period of three years, at the end of which the individual loses his official status if he is not recalled to his post. [colour].

**Hishoku**, ひしやく, 緋色, *n.* Scarlet or crimson.

**Hishokwan**, ひしやくわん, 秘書官, *n.* A private secretary to a Minister of State or the President of the Privy Council.

**Hishō suru**, ひしやうする, 飛翔, *v.t.* To fly or soar (said of birds). Syn. MAIKAKERU, TOBIKAKERU.

**Hishō suru**, ひしやうする, 比照, *v.t.* To compare; to contrast.

**Hishō suru**, ひしやうする, 悲傷, *v.t.* To grieve, lament, or mourn for.

**Hishu**, ひしゆ, 匕首, *n.* [Chin.] A dirk or dagger.

**Hiso**, ひそ, 砒素, *n.* [Chem.] Arsenic.

**Hiso**, ひさう, 彼蒼, *n.* [Chin.] The blue sky, the azure heavens.

**Hiso**, ひさう, 肥瘦, *n.* and *a.* Fat or thin (as persons); prosperity and decay (as of countries).

**Hiso**, ひさう, 皮相, *n.* and *a.* Outward look, mere appearance; shallow or superficial. *Hiso no ken*, 皮相ノ見, superficial view, shallow opinions.

**Hiso**, ひさう, 悲壯, *a.* Exciting melancholy; spirit-stirring; touching.

**Hisohiso**, ひそひそ, 秘密, *adv.* Secretly; privately; silently; softly. *Hisohiso hanasu*, 秘密話ス, to talk secretly. Syn. KOSORI TO, NAISHODE.

**Hisoka naru**, ひそかなる, 密, *a.* ① Secret, private. ② Quiet; retired; obscure. *Hisoka naru basho*, 密ナル場所, a retired place. Syn. SHIZUKA NARU. [place].

**Hisoka ni**, ひそかに, 密, 密, *adv.* Same as *Hisohiso*.

**Hisomaru**, ひそまる, 潜, *v.t.* ① To lie concealed; to retire. ② To be quiet or undisturbed; to be pacified. ③ To fall asleep.

**Hisomeku**, ひそめく, 密語, *v.t.* To speak secretly; to talk in a low voice; to whisper. Syn. SASAYAKU.

**Hisomeru**, ひそめる, 潜, *v.t.* ① To hide or conceal. ② To lower (as the voice). *Koe wo hisomete mitsudan suru*, 聲ヲ潜テ密談スル, to talk together in a low tone of voice; *Mi wo hisomeru*, 身ヲ潜メル, to conceal one's self.

**Hisomeru**, ひそめる, 潜, *v.t.* To contract or wrinkle the eye-brow. *Mayu wo hisomeru*, 眉ヲ潜メル, to contract the eye brows (as in anger, pain, or anxiety); to frown.

**Hisomigokoro**, ひそみごころ, *n.* Shyness; timidity; bashfulness; modesty.

**Hisomu**, ひそむ, 潜, *v.t.* To lie concealed; to lurk. *Uro fuchi ni hisomu*, 魚淵ニ潜ム, the fish lie hidden in the depth of the river or pond; *Ochiūdo nōka ni hisomu*, 落人農家ニ潜ム, the fugitive lurks in a farmer's house. Syn. KAKURURU, SHINOBURU.

**Hisomu**, ひそむ, 黙, 黙, *v.t.* To fall in (said of the mouths of old men).

**Hisōseki**, ひさうせき, 砒石, *n.* [Min.] Native arsenic.

**Hisō suru**, ひさうする, 飛走, *v.t.* To run fast; to hurry in walking.

**Hisoyaka ni**, ひそやかに, 悄悄, *adv.* Secretly, softly, stealthily. Syn. HISOKA NI, SHINOBIRYAKA NI.

**Hisenbaku**, ひせんぱく, *v.t.* [coll.] Same as *Hikisabaku*.

**Hissageru**, ひささげる, 引揚, *v.t.* [coll.] To carry anything hanging from the hand; to carry along with. *Katana wo hissagete idemukai*, 刀ヲ引揚テ出迎フ, to go out to meet, carrying one's sword in the hand. Syn. HISAGU.

**Hissan**, ひっさん, 算算, *n.* Calculation with figures, not with *soroban* (abacus). *Hissan ni taketaru hito*, 算算ニ長ケタル人, a person skilled in calculating with figures.

**Hissaraeru**, ひっさらへる, *v.t.* [coll.] To take all away; to make a clear sweep. *Zoku ga kane wo hissaratta* 賊ガ金ヲヒッサラツズ, the thief has carried away all the money.

**Hissai**, ひっせい, 筆生, *n.* A secretary, writer, or copyist employed in a public office; scribe. Syn. KAKIYAKU, SHAJISEI, SHOKI.

**Hissai**, ひっせい, 筆勢, *n.* Force, manner, or freedom, of handwriting. *Hissai ryū no gotōshi*, 筆勢如龍, his manner of writing is as free as the movement of a dragon. Syn. HITSURYOKU.

**Hissai**, ひっせい, 平生, *adv.* The whole life; as long as one's life endures. Syn. ISSHŌ, SHŪGAI.

**Hisseki**, ひっせき, 筆蹟, *n.* Handwriting; penmanship. Syn. FUDŌ NO ATO.

**Hissen**, ひっせん, 筆戰, *n.* [lit.] Fighting with pens; [fig.] controversies conducted in writings.



such as in papers, magazines, etc. Takes the usual verb forms.

**Hissen**, ひっせん, 筆洗, *n.* A small metallic or porcelain basin for washing writing brushes in. Syn. FUDEARAI.

**Hishin**, ひっしん, 筆者, *n.* A secretary or writer; a scribe; a copyist.

**Hisshi**, ひっし, 筆紙, *n.* Pen and paper; writing. *Hisshi ni tsukushi gatashi*, 筆紙に盡し難し, hard to express fully in writing; indescribable with a pen. [desperation.

**Hisshi**, ひっし, 必死, *n.* Must die, i.e. certain death; *Hisshi no hataraki*, 必死ノ覚悟, a desperate effort; *Hisshi no kakugo*, 必死ノ覚悟, making up one's mind, or being prepared, to die; *Hisshi no kurushimi*, 必死ノ苦ミ, a death struggle; *Hisshi wo kiwamu*, 必死ヲ極ム, to be prepared to die.

**Hishshō**, ひっしやう, 必勝, *n.* Certain victory. *Hishshō wo kisui*, 必勝ヲ期ス, to count on victory.

**Hishshu**, ひっしゆ, 必須, *a.* Necessary; indispensable; essential; requisite.

**Hishoku**, ひっそく, 籠禁, *n.* Imprisonment in one's own house (a way of punishing samurai in former times). —*suru*, *v.t.* To be confined to one's own house for some offence.

**Hissori**, ひっそり, 悄然, *adv.* Quiet, retired, secluded; silently, softly, still. *Hissori shita tokoro*, 悄然シタ所, a lonely place. Syn. KOSSORI, SHIZUKA.

**Hiso to**, ひっそと, *adv.* Same as above.

**Hisui**, ひすい, 鱈魚, *n.* [Ornith.] A king-fisher.

**Hi suru**, ひする, 秘, *v.t.* To keep secret; to hide or conceal.

**Hi suru**, ひする, 比, *v.t.* To compare or match. Syn. KURABERU, NAZORAU.

**Hita**, ひた, 引板, *n.* [comp. of *Hiki* and *Ita*.] Same as *Naruko*.

**Hita**, ひた, *n.* Same as *Hita* (引板).

**Hita**, ひた, 眞, *adv.* An adjective prefix meaning pure, unmixed, unstained, undefiled, earnest, etc. *Hita kurenai*, 眞クレナシ, pure red. Syn. HITASURA NARU, TADACHI NARU.

**Hitasuru ni**, ひたふるに, 徂, 一向, *adv.* Same as *Hitasuru ni*.

**Hitahita**, ひたひた, *adv.* Producing sound like that made when water splashes. *Hitahita uchinoru*, ヒタヒタ打乗ル, to ride splashing through the water.

**Hitai**, ひたい, 額, *n.* ① The forehead. ② A lady's head dress worn in ancient times. ③ The part of a *kammuri* or *eboshi* touching the forehead.

*Hitai ni shiwa ga yoru*, 額ニ皺ガヨル, to have wrinkles on the forehead.

**Hitaigami**, ひたいがみ, 額髪, *n.* The forelock. Syn. MAEGAMI, NUKAGAMI.

**Hitaigane**, ひたいがね, 額金, *n.* A thin metallic plate attached to that part of a *hachimaki* or turban which comes over the forehead.

**Hitajiro**, ひたいしろ, 額白, *n.* A white spot on the forehead of a horse.

**Hitai-zutsumi**, ひたいづつみ, 怕, *n.* A veil.

**Hitaki**, ひたき, 火燵, *n.* Anciently, fires burnt in or out of doors for the purpose of illumination, or bon-fires; later, a brazier.

**Hitakibō**, ひたきぼう, 撥火棒, *n.* Tongs.

**Hitaki-dokoro**, ひたきどころ, 火爐, *n.* A brazier; a furnace.

**Hitakiya**, ひたきや, 火燵屋, *n.* A small building or shed in the Palace where the night watch built fires to warm themselves.

**Hitakuru**, ひたくる, 遅, 日晏, *v.t.* To approach the evening; to be late; to grow late.

**Hitamichi ni**, ひたみちに, *adv.* Earnestly; with the whole heart; intently; wholly. Syn. HITOSUJI NI.

**Hitamono**, ひたもの, 頌, 一向, *adv.* Same as above.

**Hitan**, ひたん, 悲歎, *n.* Grief; sorrow; lamentation. *Hitan ni kururu*, 悲歎ニ草ル, to be absorbed in grief; *Hitan no namida*, 悲歎ノ涙, tears of sorrow. —*suru*, *v.t.* and *i.* To grieve; to mourn.

**Hitaru**, ひたる, 浸, *v.t.* To be immersed in water; to be steeped; to be soaked. *Mizu ni hitaru*, 水ニ浸ル, to be steeped in water. Syn. TSUKARU.

**Hitashi-mono**, ひたしもの, 浸物, 菜, *n.* Greens boiled and steeped in soy. Syn. YUDEMOMO.

**Hitashiro**, ひたしろ, 純白, *a.* Pure white (said of flags).

**Hitasu**, ひたす, 浸, 溜, *v.t.* To immerse, steep, soak, or macerate. *Shōyu ni hitasu*, 醬油ニ溜ス, to steep in soy. Syn. TSUKERU.

**Hitasu**, ひたす, 養, *v.t.* To bring up; to rear; to educate.

**Hitasuru**, ひたすら, 只管, *adv.* Earnestly; humbly; strenuously; intently; with the whole heart. *Hitasuru iken ico kwawu*, 只管異見ヲ加フ, to advise or caution earnestly; *Hitasuru ni omou*, 只管ニ思フ, to think of with zeal; to love with one's whole heart; *Hitasuru ni tanomu*, 只管ニ頼ム, to beg humbly or ask importunately. Syn. ICHIZU NI, MOPPARA, SHIKIRI NI.

**Hitare**, ひたれ, 直雲, *n.* Anciently, clothes worn by common people; later, a kind of robe worn by nobles only.

**Hita to**, ひたと, 直, *adv.* ① The sound of striking one hard thing against another. ② Tightly; closely. ③ Directly, without the intervention of another. *Hita to tsuku*, 直トツク, to stick or adhere closely; *Hita to utsu*, 直ト打ツ, to strike with a sharp sound; *Hita to yorisou*, 直ト寄傍フ, to draw close to. *Hita to gomori*, ひたよごもり, 常家居, *n.* Keeping one's self confined in the house; seldom going out; a home-body.

**Hiten suru**, ひてんする, 批難, *v.t.* To criticise and mark any literary work.

**Hito**, ひと, 人, *n.* ① A man; a human being; mankind; person. ② Another person; others. ③ Quality of mind; personal character. *Hito ni suru*, 人ニスル, to bring up to be a man; *Hito to naru*, 人トナル, to grow up a man; to reach manhood; *Hito wo hito tomo sezu*, 人ヲ人トモセズ, not to regard another as a man; to slight others; *Hito ni irai suru*, 人ニ依頼スル, to depend or rely upon others; *Hito no ko wo yashinau*, 人ノ子ヲ養フ, to bring up or educate another's child; *Hito no kuni wo ubau*, 人ノ國ヲ奪フ, to seize another country; *Hito no te ni kakaru*, 人ノ手ニカカル, to die in the hand of another; *Hito ni koyu*, 人ニ憑ユ, to surpass others; *Hito ga warui*, 人ガワルイ, his character is bad, he is evil-minded.

**Hito**, ひと, 一, *a.* ① One. ② Once, one time. *Hito ame*, 一雨, a down pour of rain; *Hito furi*, 一振, one sword, spear, or halberd; *Hito fusa*, 一莢, a flower, a cluster of flowers; a bunch (as of grapes); *Hito haba*, 一幅, one breadth (of clothes); *Hito hari no muku*, 一襲ノ蓆, one tent; a curtain; *Hito hi*, 一日, one day; *Hito kakae no takigi*, 一抱ノ薪, an armful of fire wood; *Hito kire no gyū-niku*, 一截ノ牛肉, a slice of meat; *Hito kudari*, 一行, a single line (as of characters); *Hito mare no hitsuji*, 一羣ノ羊, a flock of sheep; *Hito nigiri*, 一握, a handful; *Hito tabi*, 一度, one time, once.

**Hito**, ひたう, 桃桃, *n.* [Bot.] Red blossomed peach-tree.

**Hitoni**, ひとゝひ, 人合, *n.* Intercourse; associating or mingling with others; sociability. *Hitoni ga yoi*, 人合ガ好イ, he is very sociable.

**Hitotashi**, ひとあし, 人足, *n.* Footsteps. *Hitotashi shigeshi*, 人足盛シ, to be crowded; bustling.

**Hitobanare**, ひとばなれ, 人離, *n.* Avoiding the society of others; seeking solitude.

**Hitobanai**, ひとばらひ, 人排, *n.* Clearing a room of persons (as for secret conference).

**Hitobashira**, ひとばしら, 人柱, *n.* [lit.] Man-pillar; an ancient custom of burying a person alive on laying the foundation of a bridge, supposed to be efficacious against the evil influence of the god of river.

**Hitobito**, ひとびと, 人人, *n.* [plur. of *Hito*.] Men; persons; people; everybody.

**Hitoboshi-goro**, ひとぼしころ, 點火頃, 黄昏, *n.* The time of lighting lamps; the evening dark.

**Hitodakari**, ひとたかり, 人簇, *n.* Crowding of people. *Hitodakari ga suru*, 人簇ガスル, to be crowded with people.

**Hitodama**, ひとたま, 人魂, *n.* A phosphorescent light rising from a grave yard, ignorantly supposed to be the spirit of the dead.

**Hitodanomi**, ひとたのみ, 人頼, *n.* Depending or relying upon others; confiding in others. *Hitodanomi dewa rachi ga akan*, 人頼デハ皆ガアカシ, [coll.] if you (or I) rely upon others, it will never be done promptly. Syn. HITOMAKASE.

**Hitodane**, ひとたね, 人種, *n.* Number of men, population; race of men. *Hitodane ga tsukuru*, 人種ガ盡キル, the human race becomes extinct.

**Hitode**, ひとで, 海盤車, *n.* [Zool.] A species of starfish.

**Hitode**, ひとで, 人手, *n.* ① The hand of another. ② The assistance or help of another person. *Hitode ni kakaru*, 人手ニ掛ル, to die by the hand of another; *Hitode wo karu*, 人手ヲ借ル, [coll.] to borrow another's hand, or to be assisted by another in doing a work.

**Hitodōri**, ひとどおり, 人通, *n.* The passing of persons through a road. *Hitodōri ga ōi*, 人通ガ多イ, a large number of people pass to and fro; is much crowded; *Hitodōri no sukunai machi*, 人通ノ少イ市街, a street not much traversed by people. Syn. ŌRAI, YUKIKI.

**Hitoe**, ひとへ, 一重, *n.* and *a.* ① A single layer; single; not double. ② Cont. of *Hitoeginu*. ③ A flower with a single row of petals. Syn. HITOHIRA.

**Hitoeginu**, ひとへぎぬ, 單衣, *n.* A garment not lined, or of one thickness.

**Hitoemono**, ひとへもの, 單物, 單衣, *n.* Colloquial form of above.

**Hitoe ni**, ひとへに, 偏, *adv.* ① Entirely, wholly, exclusively. ② Earnestly, humbly. *Hitoe ni tanomu*, 偏ニ頼ム, to beseech earnestly. Syn. HITASURA, HITOSUJI NI. Lly.



Hitofude, ひとふで, 一筆, n. [lit.] A stroke of the pen; a few lines (as in a note or letter). Formerly much used in beginning letters; the custom is still followed by ladies.

Hitofude shimeshi mairase soro, 一筆示参ラセ候, I write you a few lines.

Hitogaki, ひとがき, 人垣, n. Clay images set around the Imperial sepulchre as guards (in ancient times); [lit.] man hedge.

Hitogamashi, ひとがまし, 人柄, n. Becoming a man; manly; genteel; refined.

Hitogara, ひとがら, 人柄, n. Quality of man; personal character or appearance.

Hitogara ga warui, 人柄が悪い, a vulgar-looking person; he is ill-natured; [lit.] hitogara desu, 好い人柄です, [coll.] he is fine-looking; he is goodtempered.

Hitogata, ひとがた, 人形, 節, n. 1. An image of a man; statue. 2. Same as Katashira. 3. A person substituted for the dead in celebrating the latter's anniversary.

Hitogusashi, ひとがさし, 人柄, n. Unbecoming a man; inhuman; base; despicable.

Hitogiki, ひとぎき, 人聞, n. The hearing of others.

Hitogiki no warui koto wo iu, 人聞ノ悪い事ヲ云フ, to speak anything which one is ashamed to have heard by others; Hitogiki wo habakuru, 人聞ヲ怖ル, to fear that others should hear.

Hitogire, ひとぎれ, 人断, n. The stoppage or cessation of the passing of people.

Hitogokochi, ひとごこち, 人心地, n. Feelings; sensations.

Hitogokochi mo sezu, 人心地モセズ, to loose sense; to become faint; was insensible.

Hitogokoro, ひとごころ, 人心, n. 1. Human mind; the heart of the people. 2. The feelings, sensations.

Kawari yasui hitogokoro, 變り易い人心, the fickleness of the human heart; Hitogokoro ga tsuku, 人心がツク, to become sensible (as after a swoon).

Hitogomi, ひとごみ, 人込, 雑音, n. Crowd of people; a crowded place. [a murderer.]

Hitogoroshi, ひとごろし, 人殺, 兇犯, n. Murderer.

Hitogoto, ひとごと, 人事, n. Things relating to others (usually in a bad sense).

Hitogoto, ひとごと, 人言, n. 1. Talking about others. 2. Others' words; rumour; report.

Hitogoto wa shinji gatashi, 人言ハ信ジ難シ, popular rumour can not be trusted; Hitogoto wo iu lekavazu, 人言ヲ云フベカラズ, don't talk about others.

Hitogoto ni, ひとごとニ, 每人, adv. Each person; every one; every body.

Hitogoto ni tou, 每人ニ問フ, to question each person; every body asks. [body.]

Hitohada, ひとはた, 人膚, n. Temperature of the

Hitohana, ひとはな, 一花, n. 1. A single blossom, one flower. 2. Flourishing but for a time.

Hitohadanararu, ひとはたならぬ, 不仁, a. Paralyzed; paralyzed; insensible.

Hitojichi, ひとぢち, 人質, n. A hostage.

Hitojichi wo okuru, 人質ヲ送ル, to give a hostage; Hitojichi to naru, 人質トナル, to become a hostage.

Hitojini, ひとぢニ, 人死, n. The death of some one, or some body killed.

Hitojini ga dekita, 人死ガ出来タ, there was a person killed; Hitojini ga sukunai, 人死ガ少ナイ, there are very few deaths. [man.]

Hitokage, ひとかげ, 人影, n. The shadow of a

Hitokage ga chi ni utsuru, 人影ガ地ニ映ル, the shadow of a man is seen on the ground; Hitokage mo mienu, 人影モ見ヘヌ, not even the shadow of a person is seen.

Hitokai, ひとかい, 人質, 傍聴者, n. [coll.] A kidnapper. Syn. KADOWAKASHI. [rapper.]

Hitokata-narazu, ひとかたならぬ, 不一方, a. and adv. Unusually; uncommonly; greatly; in a high degree; immensely.

Hitokata-narazu gokōi wo kōmuri mashita, 不一方御厚意ヲ蒙リマシタ, [coll.] I am very greatly indebted to you for your kindness. Syn. SAMAZAMA. [ple, population.]

Hitokazu, ひとかず, 人数, n. The number of people. Syn. NINTŌ, NINZU.

Hitokire, ひとぎれ, 人片, n. [coll.] [lit.] A piece of a man; a single person.

Hitokire mo mienu, 人片モ見ヘヌ, not even a single person is seen.

Hitokiri, ひとぎり, 人切, 劊手, n. An executioner. Syn. KENKIRI.

Hitokirwa, ひとぎれ, 一際, adv. In a higher degree; preëminently; conspicuously; particularly.

Hitokirwa jōzu da, 一際上手ダ, he (or she) is more skillful; Hitokirwa medatsu, 一際目立ツ, to be conspicuous; Hitokirwa sugurete miyuru, 一際勝テ見ユル, to appear to be superior; to look preëminent among.

Hitokuchi, ひとくち, 一口, n. A mouthful.

Hitokuchi-mono de hō wo yaku, 一口物ヲ頬ヲ焼ク, [coll. Prov.] [lit.] to scorch the cheek by eating something at a single mouthful; a little indulgence is often the cause of a great calamity; to burn oneself by greed.

Hitokuchi ni, ひとくちニ, adv. 1. With one motion of the mouth; with one bite. 2. In a word; in a perfunctory manner; speaking in a rash way.

Hitokuchi ni hyōsu, 一口ニ評ス, to criticize in a summary manner; Hitokuchi ni kuitsukusu, 一口ニ食ヒ盡ス, to eat up in a mouthful.

Hitoma, ひとま, 人罷, n. The absence of the occupant (as of a house); no body being near.

Hitoma wo ukagau, 人罷ヲ窺フ, to look out whether any body is near.

Hitomae, ひとまへ, 人前, 衆前, n. The presence of others; public gaze.

Hitomae ga warui, 人前が悪い, indecent; Hitomae wo tsukurau, 人前ヲツクラフ, to make a show. [tating others.]

Hitomane, ひとまね, 人真似, n. Mimicking; Imitation. Hitomane komane, 人真似コマ子, [coll.] aping; Hitomane wo suru, 人真似ナスル, to mimic others.

Hitomaru, ひとまる, 人円, n. A square space between the outer and inner gates of a castle, used for numbering troops. [for the present.]

Hitomazu, ひとまづ, 一先, adv. Now; for a time; Hitomazu chūshi to shimasu, 一先中止トシマス, [coll.] I will stop for a short time; Hitomazu yude mimashō, 一先行テ見マシヨウ, [coll.] let us go just for a time. [hitogusa.]

Hitokusa, ひとくさ, 人草, 養生, n. Same as Aotome. ひとめ, 人目, n. The eyes of others; public sight; the world.

Hitome ni kakaru, 人目ニ懼ル, to be seen by others; Hitome wo habakaru, 人目ヲ怖カル, to fear that people should see; Hitome wo hazuru, 人目ヲ耻ル, to be ashamed to be seen by others; Hitome wo karuru, 人目ヲ蒙ル, to be concerned about the feeling of others; Hitome wo shinobu, 人目ヲ忍ブ, to avoid the notice of others; Hitome wo tsutsumu, 人目ヲツツム, to conceal from the public sight.

Hitome, ひとめ, 一目, n. A glance of the eye; a quick look; a swift survey.

Hitome miru, 一目見ル, to get a glimpse of; to cast a glance; Hitome ni wakaru, 一目ニ解カル, to perceive at a glance; to be plain at once.

Hitomekashi, ひとめかし, 人真似, a. Looking manly; becoming a man; genteel.

Hitomekazu, ひとめかず, v.t. To appear like a man; to look manly; to be genteel in appearance.

Hitomeku, ひとめく, v.t. Same as above. [ance.]

Hitomi, ひとみ, 瞳, 瞳, n. The pupil of the eye. Syn. KURUMI.

Hitomi-gokū, ひとみごころ, 人身御供, n. 1. Human sacrifice offered to a god. 2. [coll.] Serving another for no good to one's self, or at the expense of one's own fame.

Hitomishiri, ひとみぢり, 人見知, 羞慚, n. Being fearful at the sight of a stranger (said of babies). Syn. OMOYERAI.

Hitomoshi, ひともし, n. Same as Hitofude.

Hitomoshi, ひともし, 葱, n. [Bot.] An onion. Syn. NEGI. [sp.]

Hitomoto-susuki, ひともとすすき, n. [Bot.] Eulalia

Hitomukashi, ひとむかし, 一昔, n. Olden time; a decade of years.

Hitomuki ni, ひとむきニ, 一向, adv. With one turn; earnestly; devotedly; with the greatest care or zeal.

Hitomuki ni hataraku, 一向ニ働ク, to work diligently; to make a strenuous effort. Syn. HITASURA, HITOSUJI NI.

Hitonadare, ひとなだれ, 人蔭, n. A crowd of people falling together to one side.

Hitonaka, ひとなか, 人中, 衆中, n. Among a crowd of people; before the public.

Hitonami, ひとなみ, 人並, n. The generality of mankind; the common run of men.

Hitonami ni shigoto ga dekiru, 人並ニ仕事ガ出来ル, can work like other men; Hitonami yori masaru, 人並ヨリ勝ル, to excel the generality of people.

Hitonami ni, ひとなみに, adv. Like other people; like the common run of men.

Hitonareru, ひとなれる, 人馴, v.t. To become familiar with others.

Hitonikushi, ひとにくし, 人惡, a. Offensive in the sight of others; disagreeable; hateful; ugly. [Ascaris lumbricoides.]

Hitonoharamushi, ひとのほらむし, 蠅, n. [Z. ill.]

Hiton suru, ひとんする, 逃避, v.t. and i. [Chin.] To escape from; to keep away from; to avoid. Syn. NIGEKAKURE, NIGENOGARE.

Hitome suru, ひとめする, 人隠, v.t. To feel abashed (in the presence of strangers); to be timid or shy. [blow.]

Hitomori ni, ひともりに, adv. With a single

Hitomori ni sashikoranu, 一息ニ差殺ス, To kill at a single thrust of a sword.

Hitooto, ひとねど, 人音, n. The noise of a man walking or moving; footsteps.

Hitorashi, ひとらし, 一人, a. Looking like a man; manly or womanly. [conduct.]

Hitorashi okonai, ヒトラシイ行ヒ, manly

Hitori, ひとり, 一人, n. One person.

Hitori, ひとり, 獨, adv. By one's self; singly; alone; only.

Hitori de kangau, 獨テ考フ, to be thinking of alone; Hitori de kurasu, 獨テ暮ス, to live alone; to lead a single life; Hitori de manabu, 獨テ學ブ, to study by one's self; Hitori de yuku, 獨テ行ク, to go alone.

Hitori, ひとり, 蓋, n. A kind of an incense pot, consisting of a wooden box lined with metal, and a cover of copper mesh work.

Hitori-amma, ひとりあんま, 蓋按摩, n. Sham-



pooling with one's own hand. ② An instrument with which one shampoos oneself.

**Hitori-bitori**, ひとりひとり, 一人一人, *adv.* One person after another; one by one; severally.  
*Hitori-bitori ni naru*, 一人一人ニナル, to become separated; *Hitori-bitori shiraberu*, 一人一人調べる, to examine one man after another; *Hitori-bitori ni yobidasu*, 一人一人呼び出す, to call out one by one.

**Hitoridachi**, ひとりたち, 獨立, 孤立, *n. and a.* ① Standing alone (said of a child just learning to walk). ② Being free of others, independent, solitary.  
*Hitoridachi ni natte kasegu*, 獨立ニナツテ稼ぐ, to labour independently; to work alone.  
 Syn. KORITSU, DOKURITSU. [crystal.]

**Hitoridama**, ひとりたま, 火珠, *n.* A kind of **Hitorigo**, ひとりご, 獨兒, *n.* Only child.

**Hitorigoto**, ひとりごと, 獨語, *n.* Talking to one's self; soliloquy.  
*Hitorigoto wo iu*, 獨語ヲ云フ, to soliloquize; to talk to one's self.

**Hitoriguruma**, ひとりぐるま, *n.* A velocipede.  
 Syn. JIZAISHA.

**Hitorimui**, ひとりみ, 獨身, 單丁, *n.* Being alone; single life; bachelorship.

**Hitorimono**, ひとりもの, 獨身者, *n.* ① One having no relations or kindred. ② A bachelor; a widow or widower.

**Hitorimushi**, ひとりむし, 火取蟲, *n.* Insects which collect around a light in summer nights; moth.

**Hitorishizuka**, ひとりしづか, 獨草, *n.* [Bot.] *Chloranthus japonicus*.

**Hitorizumai**, ひとりぞまい, 獨居, *n.* Living alone.

**Hitorizumi**, ひとりづみ, 獨居, *n.* Living alone.

**Hitosakari**, ひとさかり, 一盛, *adv.* ① Flourishing for a time. ② For a little while.  
 Syn. HITOSHIKIRI. [tie.]

**Hitosashi-gusa**, ひとさしぐさ, 草履, *n.* [Bot.] Net.

**Hitosashi-yubi**, ひとさしゆび, 人差指, 食指, *n.* The index-finger.

**Hitoshi**, 一, *adv.* Equal; similar; same; alike; equivalent.  
 Syn. DÖZEN, OKAJI.

**Hitoshikiri**, ひとせきり, 一瞬, *adv. and n.* ① At one time; for a moment. ② One violent effort or paroxysm.  
*Hitoshikiri wa muezakashiwatta*, 一瞬ハムズカシカッタ, 'coll. for a moment, he (or I) was in difficulty; *Hitoshikiri wa hanjū shitta*, 一瞬ハ繁昌シタ, at one time it flourished.  
 Syn. HITOSAKARI. [like manner.]

**Hitoshiku**, ひとせき, *adv.* Equally, similarly, in the same way; in a similar manner; equally.

Syn. DÖYŌ NI.

**Hitoshio**, ひとせしよ, 一入, 一層, *adv.* Much more; still more; in a greater degree.  
*Hitoshio hone wo oru*, 一入骨ヲ折ル, to work harder still; *Hitoshio nen wo treru*, 一入念ヲ入レル, to do more carefully.  
 Syn. HITOKIWA, ICHIDAN.

**Hitoshio**, ひとせしよ, 一鹽, *n.* Fish or vegetables salted but slightly.

**Hitosuji ni**, ひとすぢニ, 一筋, *adv.* Earnestly; zealously; with soul and mind.  
*Hitosuji ni omou*, 一筋ニ思フ, to be absorbed in; to love with all one's heart. [once.]

**Hitotabi**, ひとたび, 一度, 一回, *adv.* One time.

**Hitote**, ひとて, 一手, *n.* Only by one person; to the exclusion of all others.  
*Hitote ni kaikonu*, 一手ニ買ヒ込ム, to buy all by one's self; *Hitote ni anatomu*, 一手ニマトム, to gather all to one place; *Hitote ni ukemotsu*, 一手ニ受け持ツ, to take all the responsibilities upon one's self; *Hitote ni urihitomu*, 一手ニ賣弘ム, to sell only by one person; to monopolize.

**Hitotonari**, ひととなり, 爲人, *n.* The character, disposition, or nature of a person.  
*Sono hitotonari ga wo omowu*, 其人トナリ高ヲ重ズ, he is a man who sets high value upon faith.  
 Syn. MOCHUMAE, SEISHITSU, UMARETSUKI.

**Hitotōri**, ひとどほり, 一通, 一應, *adv.* In a general way; in the main.  
*Hitotōri uketamawari mashita*, 一應承リマシタ, I have heard the main points of the subject; *Hitotōri wa yomi kaki ga dekiru*, 一通ハ讀キが出ル, he can read in a fair way.  
 Syn. HITOTARI, HITOWATARI.

**Hitotōri no**, ひとどほりの, 一通, *a.* Common; usual; ordinary; commonplace.  
*Hitotōri no ningen*, 一通ノ人間, an ordinary person.  
 Syn. TSUNENAMI, YONOTSUNE. [person.]

**Hitotsu**, ひとつ, 一, *n. and a.* ① One, single. ② Same, able, similar.  
*Hitotsu ni miyuru*, 一ツニ見ユル, looks to be one, appears the same; *Hitotsu ni naru*, 一ツニナル, to be united into one; to agree with or conspire; *Nani hitotsu mo dekinai*, 何一ツモ出来ナイ, can do nothing.

**Hitotsu-ana**, ひとつあな, 一穴, *n.* One or the same hole.  
*Hitotsu-ana nomujina*, 一穴ノ筋, [lit.] *mujina* (which see) living in the same hole; [fig.] accomplices in the same plot.

**Hitotsu-nashi**, ひとつなし, 獨脚兒, *n.* [Zool.] A kind of elf.

**Hitotsuba**, ひとつば, 石琴, *n.* [Bot.] *Polypodium lingua*.

**Hitotsubanashi**, ひとつばなし, *n.* A common talk, oft told story.

**Hitotsubashi**, ひとつばし, 一橋, 獨木橋, *n.* A bridge constructed of a single plank or a trunk of tree.  
 Syn. MARUKINASHI.

**Hitotsubi**, ひとつび, 一片火, *n.* Lighting fire on a single piece of wood (supposed to be a bad omen).

**Hitotsubo**, ひとつぼ, *n.* A hinge consisting of a staple and hook.

**Hitotsubute**, ひとつぶて, 人蔭, *n.* Throwing men as if they were little pebbles.

**Hitotsugaki**, ひとつがき, 一番, *n.* Statements divided into articles, each having the sign (一) *hitotsu* at the beginning.

**Hitotsumatsu**, ひとつまつ, 一松, *n.* A single or solitary pine.

**Hitotsuya**, ひとつや, 一家, 孤舍, *n.* A solitary house; a lone dwelling.

**Hitonke**, ひとけ, 人蔭, *n.* The quality of being esteemed or favoured by the people at large; popularity.

**Hitowarae**, ひとわらへ, 人笑, *n.* Being laughed at by others; ridicule; object of ridicule; a laughing stock.

**Hitowaroshi**, 一, *adv.* Bad to be seen or heard by others; indecent; cross minded; mischievous.

**Hitowatari**, ひとわたり, 一應, 一回, *adv.* One time; once; for a time.  
 Syn. HITOTARI, ICHIDO.

**Hitoya**, ひとや, 獄, 囚獄, *n.* A jail; a prison house.  
 Syn. GOKUYA, RŌYA.

**Hitoya**, ひとや, 人家, *n.* A human habitation.

**Hitoyado**, ひとやど, 人蔭, *n.* An intelligence office or agency for hiring servants.

**Hitoyadori**, ひとやどり, 遊樂, *n.* An inn; a hotel.

**Hitoya-mori**, ひとやもり, 獄守, *n.* One who keeps watch of a prison; a jailer. [other.]

**Hitoyari**, ひとやり, *n.* Done or occasioned by another.  
*Hitoyari naranu*, 人ヤリナラヌ, not occasioned by another; oneself being the cause of.

**Hitoya-zukasa**, ひとやづかさ, 囚獄司, *n.* An office which formerly had the charge of prison affairs.

**Hitoyogiri**, ひとよぎり, 一節切, 洞簫, *n.* A kind of musical pipe or flute (so called from its being made with one internode of bamboo).

**Hitoyose**, ひとよせ, 人蔭, *n.* Cont. form of below.

**Hitoyose-seki**, ひとよせせき, 人蔭席, *n.* A hall where story telling, singing, dancing or other such public entertainments are given.  
 Syn. YOSE, YOSE SEKI.

**Hitoyozake**, ひとよざけ, 一夜酒, *n.* [lit.] *Sake* brewed in one night; same as *Amazake*.

**Hitoyozuma**, ひとよづま, 一夜妻, *n.* [lit.] One night wife, i.e. harlot.

**Hitozuki**, ひとつき, 人好, *n.* Sociability, amiability, affability.  
*Hitozuki no yoi salkun*, 人好ノヨイ妻君, an affable wife.

**Hitozute**, ひとづて, 人傳, *n.* Doing, hearing, or communicating through the medium of another person; a go-between.  
*Hitozute ni kiku*, 人傳ニ聞ク, to hear through another.  
 Syn. KOTOZUTE. [another.]

**Hitsu**, ひつ, 篋, *n.* ① A large wooden box with a cover; a chest; a trunk. ② A kind of tub for keeping boiled rice in.  
  
*Kara-hitsu*, 唐篋, a four legged chest to be borne by two men on a pole; *M-shi-bitsu*, 飯篋, a rice tub.

**Hitsu**, ひつ, 筆, *n.* A writing brush or pen. Used mostly in compounds.

**Hitsu**, ひつ, 弼, *n.* ① Help; assistance; giving counsel to a monarch. ② The second official in ancient judicial department (*Danjōtai*).

**Hitsu**, ひつ, 畢, *n.* Being completed, finished, final. Only in compound.  
*Hitsu sei*, or *hisset*, 畢生, all one's life.

**Hitsuboku**, ひつぼく, 筆料, *n.* Pen and ink.  
*Hitsuboku-ryō*, 筆料, stationery allowance given to subordinate officials.

**Hitsudan**, ひつたん, 筆談, *n.* Conversation by writing, or by means of letters. — *suru*, *v.t.* To converse by writing.

**Hitsudō**, ひつたう, 筆道, *n.* The art of handwriting; penmanship.  
 Syn. FUDE NO MICHU. [the Thone.]

**Hitsugl**, ひつぎ, 日嗣, *n.* The Imperial succession;

**Hitsugi**, ひつぎ, 棺, *n.* A coffin.  
 Syn. KWAN.

**Hitsugi-guruma**, ひつぎぐるま, 輓車, *n.* A hearse.

**Hitsugi-kaki**, ひつぎかき, 担夫, *n.* A bearer of a coffin; a pole bearer.

**Hitsugi-no-kimi**, ひつぎのみみ, 皇孫, *n.* The Heir-apparent to the Imperial Throne.

**Hitsugi-no-miko**, ひつぎのみこ, 東宮, 日嗣皇子, *n.* Same as above.

**Hitsugū**, ひつぐう, 四隅, *n.* A concert; match.  
 Syn. TSUREAL.

**Hitsui**, ひつゐ, 筆意, *n.* Style of writing, penmanship.  
 Syn. FUDEZUKAI. [ship.]