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Foreign Agricultural Service Washington D.C.



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COFFEE
FCOF 1-64
March 1964

SLIGHT DECREASE IN 1963-64

WORLD COFFEE CROP

The Foreign Agricultural Service's fourth estimate of the 1963-64 world coffee crop places total production at 65.9 million bags -- about 1 million less than in 1962-63, a decrease of 1.7 percent. The same estimate of exportable coffee production for 1963-64 -- 52 million bags -- is 2.2 percent less than the 53.1 million bags estimated for 1962-63.

The 1963-64 exportable crop exceeds estimated world import requirements by several million bags. U.S. imports of green coffee in calendar year 1963 totaled 23.8 million bags, 644,000 below the record 1962 level. Inventories of green coffee in the United States on December 31, 1963, at 4,787,000 bags, were the highest year-end level since 1945.

Production

North America: The 1963-64 coffee outturn in North America is estimated at 9.9 million bags with 7.2 million exportable - down slightly from comparable 1962-63 figures.

Costa Rica's 1963-64 production is estimated to be about 8 percent lower than in 1962-63, primarily because of volcanic ash fall from Mt. Irazu which damaged many of the coffee trees and their shade cover in the Central Plateau. Heavy infestation of red spider and leaf miner, reported in the Provinces of Alajuela, San Jose, and Heredia, has also cut production.

This circular contains more detailed information than the summary of similar title published in the World Agricultural Production and Trade Statistical Report of March 1964.

GREEN COFFEE: World total production for the marketing year 1963-64 with comparisons 1/

Continent and country	Average 1955/56- 1959/60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	4th estimate 1963-64
	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>
North America:					
Costa Rica	734	1,165	1,140	1,050	970
Cuba	713	700	800	650	475
Dominican Republic	549	500	600	570	600
El Salvador	1,436	1,450	1,900	1,650	1,725
Guatemala	1,357	1,500	1,700	1,900	1,750
Haiti	600	425	725	650	650
Honduras	321	275	365	410	375
Mexico	1,716	2,100	2,350	2,200	2,400
Nicaragua	376	465	440	485	450
Panama	<u>3/</u> 27	65	85	75	90
Other <u>4/</u>	471	385	468	481	414
Total North America	8,300	9,050	10,573	10,121	9,899
South America:					
Brazil	28,000	29,000	35,000	27,000	26,000
Colombia	7,360	7,700	7,800	7,500	7,300
Ecuador	521	750	850	700	750
Peru	324	525	710	770	750
Venezuela	835	825	750	850	950
Other <u>5/</u>	63	90	101	124	128
Total South America	37,403	38,890	45,211	36,944	35,878
Africa:					
Angola	1,443	2,750	2,800	3,100	2,800
Burundi <u>6/</u>	---	---	---	300	150
Cameroon <u>7/</u>	405	675	835	875	1,000
Central African Republic	<u>3/</u> 41	125	145	135	185
Congo (Leopoldville)	1,195	900	900	1,100	1,100
Ethiopia	1,100	1,280	1,430	1,490	1,525
Guinea	<u>8/</u> 114	200	235	215	225
Ivory Coast	2,130	3,200	1,650	3,350	3,600
Kenya	415	560	525	635	650
Malagasy Republic	902	930	800	900	900
Ruanda-Urundi <u>9/</u>	<u>10/</u> 120	400	460	---	---
Rwanda <u>6/</u>	---	---	---	200	125
Tanganyika	375	495	400	470	480
Togo	122	150	172	177	127
Uganda	1,508	1,907	1,945	2,700	2,750
Other <u>11/</u>	332	446	316	402	412
Total Africa	10,202	14,018	12,613	16,049	16,029
Asia and Oceania:					
India	712	1,100	765	930	1,000
Indonesia	1,343	1,800	1,800	2,000	2,100
Philippines	199	535	680	600	600
Yemen	88	90	90	70	80
Other <u>12/</u>	179	285	295	305	326
Total Asia and Oceania	2,521	3,810	3,630	3,905	4,106
World total production	58,426	65,768	72,027	67,019	65,912

1/ The coffee marketing season begins during the second half of the calendar year, starting in some countries like Brazil as early as July 1 and in other countries about October 1. 2/ 132.276 pounds each. 3/ 2-year average. 4/ Includes Guadeloupe, Hawaii, Jamaica, Martinique, Puerto Rico, and Trinidad and Tobago. 5/ Includes Bolivia, British Guiana, Paraguay, and Surinam. 6/ Prior to 1962-63 shown as Ruanda-Urundi. 7/ Beginning with 1961-62 includes West Cameroon. Prior to 1961-62 this area was identified as Southern Cameroon and its production was included with Nigeria. 8/ 3-year average. 9/ Prior to 1959-60, Ruanda-Urundi shown in Congo (Leopoldville). Beginning 1962-63 shown as Burundi and Rwanda. 10/ 1 year only. 11/ Includes Cape Verde, Comores Islands, Dahomey, Gabon, Ghana, Liberia, Nigeria, Republic of Congo, Sao Tome and Principe, Sierra Leone, and Spanish Guinea. 12/ Includes Malaya, New Caledonia, New Hebrides, North Borneo, Papua and New Guinea, Portuguese Timor and Vietnam.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source materials, reports of Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

GREEN COFFEE: World exportable production for the marketing year 1963-64 with comparisons 1/

Continent and country	Average	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	4th estimate
	1955/56- 1959/60				1963-64
	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>	1,000 bags <u>2/</u>
North America:					
Costa Rica	658	1,050	1,025	930	850
Cuba	207	100	200	50	---
Dominican Republic	421	375	450	420	450
El Salvador	1,327	1,350	1,800	1,530	1,600
Guatemala	1,158	1,300	1,500	1,700	1,540
Haiti	435	275	525	435	435
Honduras	262	225	290	335	300
Mexico	1,369	1,450	1,500	1,250	1,450
Nicaragua	334	443	395	440	405
Panama	<u>3/</u> 10	20	40	20	35
Other <u>4/</u>	208	137	183	237	173
Total North America	6,389	6,725	7,908	7,347	7,238
South America:					
Brazil	23,360	22,000	28,000	20,000	19,000
Colombia	6,550	7,000	6,800	6,500	6,300
Ecuador	422	500	650	500	530
Peru	251	415	600	640	610
Venezuela	472	425	310	370	435
Other <u>5/</u>	44	40	50	73	77
Total South America	31,099	30,380	36,410	28,083	26,952
Africa:					
Angola	1,427	2,700	2,750	3,050	2,750
Burundi <u>6/</u>	---	---	---	295	145
Cameroun <u>7/</u>	396	660	820	855	980
Central African Republic	<u>3/</u> 37	120	140	130	180
Congo (Leopoldville)	1,164	850	850	1,050	1,050
Ethiopia	850	960	1,100	1,150	1,175
Guinea	<u>8/</u> 105	190	220	200	210
Ivory Coast	2,063	3,150	1,600	3,300	3,550
Kenya	399	545	505	615	630
Malagasy Republic	812	840	700	800	800
Ruanda-Urundi <u>9/</u>	<u>10/</u> 118	390	390	---	---
Rwanda <u>6/</u>	---	---	---	195	120
Tanganyika	369	485	390	455	465
Togo	121	148	170	175	125
Uganda	1,454	1,895	1,933	2,685	2,735
Other <u>11/</u>	308	406	284	369	379
Total Africa	9,623	13,339	11,852	15,324	15,294
Asia and Oceania:					
India	223	550	315	370	420
Indonesia	1,120	1,600	1,600	1,750	1,800
Philippines	---	---	---	---	---
Yemen	74	80	80	60	70
Other <u>12/</u>	63	140	150	175	181
Total Asia and Oceania	1,480	2,370	2,145	2,355	2,471
World exportable production	48,591	52,814	58,315	53,109	51,955

1/ The coffee marketing season begins during the second half of the calendar year starting in some countries like Brazil as early as July 1 and in other countries about October 1. Exportable production represents total production minus consumption, except for Brazil prior to 1959-60 which was based on "registrations" of current crop minus port consumption and coastwise shipments. 2/ 132.276 pounds each. 3/ 2-year average. 4/ Includes Guadeloupe, Hawaii, Jamaica, Puerto Rico, and Trinidad and Tobago. 5/ Includes Bolivia, British Guiana, Paraguay and Surinam. 6/ Prior to 1962-63 shown as Ruanda-Urundi. 7/ Beginning with 1961-62 includes West Cameroon. Prior to 1961-62 this area was identified as Southern Cameroon and its production was included with Nigeria. 8/ 3-year average. 9/ Prior to 1959-60, Ruanda-Urundi shown in Congo (Leopoldville). Beginning 1962-63 shown as Burundi and Rwanda. 10/ 1 year only. 11/ Includes Cape Verde, Comores Islands, Dahomey, Gabon, Ghana, Liberia, Nigeria, Republic of Congo, Sao Tome and Principe, Sierra Leone, and Spanish Guinea. 12/ Includes New Caledonia, New Hebrides, North Borneo, Papua and New Guinea, Portuguese Timor and Vietnam.

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It now appears that El Salvador's 1963-64 crop will exceed the 1962-63 outturn by about 5 percent, in spite of some losses from rains in November 1963. The Dominican Republic's 1963-64 crop is also up, but no significant change is indicated for Haiti. In Cuba, the full brunt of Hurricane Flora struck Oriente Province, the country's main coffee producing area, sharply reducing the 1963-64 crop.

Heavy rains during the fall of 1963 and serious infestation of leaf miner is reducing Guatemala's 1963-64 crop by nearly 8 percent from 1962-63. Adverse weather is also reducing the Honduran 1963-64 crop below earlier expectations.

The 1963-64 crop in Mexico has been revised downward from earlier estimates to 2.4 million bags, largely because of hurricane damage in the State of Chiapas. Some crop loss has also taken place in the adjacent State of Guerrero. Total production, however, will still be substantially above the 1962-63 harvest. Consumption of coffee in Mexico is now estimated at about the same level as in 1962-63, or 950,000 bags.

Nicaragua's 1963-64 crop is down from the previous year. Internal consumption of soluble coffee is reportedly at about 75,000 pounds per year and increasing rapidly.

Panama's 1963-64 production is significantly above 1962-63 as new acreage is coming into production. This year's production in Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago also exceeds their 1962-63 crop.

South America: South America's total coffee production is now estimated at 35.9 million bags with 27 million exportable. This compares with 1962-63 production of 36.9 million bags total and 28.1 million exportable. This drop of around 1 million bags in South America's total and exportable productions reflects the decline in Brazilian production, which was reduced by a 1962 frost in Parana.

Brazil's 1963-64 crop is still estimated at 26 million bags, 1 million below 1962-63. Most of it is of good quality. Looking ahead to the 1964-65 crop, which will be harvested in May, there is no question but that this crop will be sharply reduced, although the first official USDA estimate of both Brazilian and world production will not be made until June of this year. The drought in Sao Paulo and elsewhere extended into 1964, causing severe damage to the 1964-65 crop. Also, another and more severe frost in Parana in 1963 is reducing the 1964-65 crop in this producing area.

A decline in Colombia's production in 1963-64 is still expected but reports are that the general condition of the coffee trees have improved in recent months. Many of the trees in the Caldas, Antioquia, and Tolima areas have been suffering from unusually dry weather.

Ecuador's 1963-64 crop is moderately above that of 1962-63 because of improved cultural practices and some new plantings coming into production. Manabi Province, however, continues to suffer from drought. This area has traditionally accounted for over 70 percent of Ecuador's production.

Peru's production is down slightly in 1963-64 because of unfavorable weather. Domestic consumption of coffee in Peru is reported to be increasing rapidly. Latest reports from Venezuela continue to point to a sizable increase in the 1963-64 crop over that of the preceding year.

Africa: The 1963-64 African production is expected to total 16 million bags with an exportable output of 15.3 million. Both figures closely approximate comparable 1962-63 estimates.

Production in Angola in 1963-64 is still expected to be down about 10 percent from 1962-63, as growing conditions have been unfavorable.

The Cameroon's production in 1963-64 is up moderately with output of young, high-yielding trees increasing. In spite of labor problems and rains at harvest time, the Central African Republic's output is reported to be substantially larger than in 1962-63. No significant change is foreseen in the Congo's (Leopoldville) production in 1963-64 from the preceding harvest, but production in both Burundi and Rwanda is estimated at only about half their 1962-63 outturn.

Ethiopian production continues to increase. This country has the potential to substantially increase coffee production because of the increasing accessibility to and harvesting of large tracts of wild coffee. An increase in domestic consumption is also indicated.

Continuation of excellent growing conditions in the Ivory Coast point to a record crop in 1963-64 -- well above the 1962-63 outturn. This year's production in the Malagasy Republic is estimated at about the same level as in 1962-63.

Relatively small increases are expected in the 1963-64 productions of Kenya, Uganda, and Tanganyika. In Uganda, production is well above 1962-63 as weather has remained favorable.

Asia and Oceania: Total production in Asia and Oceania in 1963-64 is estimated at 4.1 million bags, an increase of 5 percent from 1962-63. Exportable production is estimated at 2.5 million bags as compared with 2.4 million the year before.

The 1963-64 production in India and Indonesia, Asia's two largest producers, will be larger. Philippine production in 1963-64, however, is now expected to be no larger than in 1962-63. The cutting down of old trees, and the shifting by some coffee planters to other commodities reportedly offset some increase in yield per acre.

Others: Exportable production estimates for some of the smaller producing countries for 1963-64 (with comparable 1962-63 data in parentheses), in bags of 132.276 pounds are as follows: Jamaica 16,000 (10,000); Puerto Rico 45,000 (100,000); Trinidad and Tobago 68,000 (53,000); Bolivia 20,000 (26,000); Paraguay 45,000 (35,000); Surinam 8,000 (8,000); Dahomey 33,000 (33,000); Gabon 17,000 (16,000); Ghana 48,000 (43,000); Liberia 48,000 (48,000); Nigeria 33,000 (33,000); Congo (Brazzaville) 13,000 (11,000); Sao Tome and Principe 6,000 (6,000); Sierra Leone 68,000 (66,000); Spanish Guinea 110,000 (110,000); New Caledonia 30,000 (30,000); Papua and New Guinea 75,000 (70,000); Portuguese Timor 30,000 (30,000).

World Trade and Developments

World imports of coffee in calendar year 1963 reached a new high of about 48 million bags, approximately 1 million more than in 1962. U.S. imports were down somewhat in 1963 but imports by most other major importers were up. European Common Market imports were 5 percent higher in 1963 than in 1962.

Gross imports of green coffee into the United States in 1963 totaled 23,836,077 bags valued at \$955 million dollars, as compared with 24,480,182 bags valued at \$988 million dollars in 1962. Of the total U.S. 1963 volume, Brazil accounted for 39 percent, Colombia 17 percent, Africa 21 percent, and Mexico and Central American countries most of the balance. Re-exports of green coffee from the United States totaled 480,000 bags in 1963 and 521,000 bags in 1962.

Arrivals of green coffee in the United States during January and February 1964 were estimated at about 4 million bags, 15 percent larger than imports for the first 2 months of 1963.

Inventories of green coffee in the United States on December 31, 1963, at 4,787,000 bags, were the highest reported since 1945. Stocks were 21 percent above end-of-year 1962 inventories of 3,964,000 bags, and 70 percent larger than the comparable 1961 figure. Preliminary data indicate that stocks of green coffee in all hands on February 29, 1964, were 3,905,000 bags -- about 600,000 bags more than stocks held at the end of February 1963.

U.S. coffee roastings in 1963, including roastings for soluble use, reached a new high of 22,815,000 bags, up 138,000 from total roastings for 1962. Roastings for soluble use dropped in 1963 to 3,934,000 bags, down 4 percent from 1962. Until 1963, roastings for solubles had increased every year since 1954.

Brazil's exports during calendar year 1963 were reported at 19.5 million bags -- about 40 percent of total world shipments -- and nearly 20 percent greater than its exports in 1962. Of total 1963 exports, 8.7 million bags, or 45 percent went to the United States. In 1962, 50 percent of Brazil's total exports of 16.4 million bags went to the United States. Shipments to most western and eastern European countries in 1963 were up sharply from 1962, although exports to the Soviet Union -- 217,000 bags -- were down 40 percent

from the preceding year. Exports to Japan of 131,000 bags last year were nearly 4 times larger than in 1962.

Colombia's 1963 exports of 6.1 million bags represent a sizable decline from 1962 exports of 6.6 million bags. Preliminary 1963 export data available for other countries, with comparable 1962 exports in parentheses, in 1,000 bags, are as follows: Mexico 1,109 (1,519); El Salvador 1,575 (1,743); Haiti 390 (514); Ecuador 500 (551); Peru 668 (624); and Angola 2,397 (2,615).

Coffee prices continued to increase during the first 2 months of 1964, but tended to level off in March. New York spot prices for green coffee on March 31 were 49 cents per pound for Santos 4s, 48.50 cents for Colombians, 48.50 cents for Central standard Salvadors, and 41.25 for Angolan Ambriz AAs. These prices were about 1 to 2 cents below March 1 quotations.

Retail prices for roasted coffee in 1-pound cans, as compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, averaged 69.5 cents in 1963 as compared with 70.8 cents in 1962. In March of 1964, comparable retail prices for roasted coffee were in the mid-80's (cents).

Due to the concern in consuming countries regarding the rise in coffee prices, the Council of the International Coffee Agreement met in special session to review the market situation. On February 12, 1964, it increased world producers' export quotas for 1963-64 by 3.15 percent, raising the quota for the current coffee year ending September 30, 1964, to 47,172,044 bags. In addition, seven producing countries were granted waivers totaling 948,000 bags. Thus, the overall quota for 1963-64 is presently 48,120,044 bags. This, of course, does not include shipments to "new markets" or shipments by nonmember exporting countries.

GREEN COFFEE: Value of exports by specified producing countries,
calendar years 1956-1962 1/

Countries	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962 <u>2/</u>
	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.
	U.S.	U.S.	U.S.	U.S.	U.S.	U.S.	U.S.
	dol.	dol.	dol.	dol.	dol.	dol.	dol.
Costa Rica	34	41	51	40	44	43	48
Dominican Republic	33	25	24	18	23	14	20
El Salvador	87	110	84	71	77	70	74
Guatemala	92	82	78	76	79	69	74
Haiti	30	21	29	15	17	13	21
Honduras	14	12	11	12	12	9	11
Mexico	105	109	79	69	72	73	71
Nicaragua	23	29	24	14	19	17	15
Brazil	1,030	846	688	733	713	710	643
Colombia	475	390	355	363	334	308	343
Ecuador	29	30	26	18	22	14	21
Peru	9	13	15	16	19	21	24
Venezuela	33	37	40	26	23	22	19
Angola	56	51	54	48	44	48	65
Ethiopia	32	50	34	30	38	43	44
Ivory Coast	86	80	90	65	76	82	77
Uganda	45	62	60	53	48	39	56
Kenya	43	36	33	34	29	29	30
Tanganyika	25	20	22	17	21	19	18
India	11	16	15	13	14	20	16
Indonesia	26	15	7	6	14	14	12
Total specified countries	2,318	2,075	1,819	1,737	1,738	1,677	1,702

1/ Coffee exports of specified countries represent around 90 percent of total world exports.

2/ Preliminary.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Compiled from official statistics of foreign governments, reports of Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, trade reports, and other related source materials.

GREEN COFFEE: United States imports 1959-1963

Continent and country	1959	1960	1961	1962 1/	1963 2/
	Bags 3/	Bags 3/	Bags 3/	Bags 3/	Bags 3/
North America:					
Costa Rica	246,696	271,275	369,203	384,573	287,036
Cuba	34,263	227	411	---	---
Dominican Republic	307,562	403,308	262,708	417,735	367,505
El Salvador	620,651	445,551	582,724	842,728	762,544
Guatemala	988,470	798,092	949,476	966,535	1,079,240
Haiti	85,067	63,878	75,531	154,105	122,271
Honduras	146,379	332,043	144,399	159,645	218,377
Mexico	1,085,980	1,097,418	1,253,946	1,342,043	810,686
Nicaragua	153,917	170,251	224,944	190,494	224,283
Panama	19,119	15,922	5,942	763	27,502
Other	42,357	30,332	46,899	19,725	37,646
Total North America	3,730,461	3,628,297	3,916,183	4,478,346	3,937,090
South America:					
Brazil	10,563,514	9,260,842	8,576,091	9,091,956	9,265,131
Colombia	4,901,789	4,254,415	4,078,426	4,330,463	3,939,739
Ecuador	241,803	316,889	202,222	369,209	293,615
Peru	232,474	346,908	382,482	474,370	490,738
Venezuela	401,629	344,642	343,976	271,510	312,686
Other	28,187	75,055	43,109	34,795	35,256
Total South America	16,369,396	14,598,751	13,626,306	14,572,303	14,337,165
Africa:					
Angola	741,765	802,329	1,024,401	1,483,337	1,121,705
British East Africa	729,799	934,051	1,246,232	1,387,960	1,497,122
Cameroon	8,416	35,560	70,994	123,633	120,640
Congo (Leopoldville)	813,326	644,566	592,532	497,322	447,742
Ethiopia	267,273	581,739	679,191	660,583	815,398
Ivory Coast	337,082	657,207	735,857	606,849	705,636
Malagasy Republic	33,234	83,021	113,957	164,719	207,079
Other	99,403	85,925	115,924	170,370	145,495
Total Africa	3,030,298	3,824,398	4,579,088	5,094,773	5,060,817
Asia and Oceania:					
India	6,006	7,861	47,357	11,779	23,893
Indonesia	13,216	19,113	138,002	301,436	453,939
Other	23,128	22,516	23,344	20,710	21,934
Total Asia and Oceania ...	42,350	49,490	208,703	333,925	499,766
Other countries	---	---	2,237	835	1,239
Grand total	23,172,505	22,100,936	22,332,517	24,480,182	23,836,077

1/ Revised.

2/ Preliminary.

3/ 132.276 pounds each.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Compiled from official records of the Bureau of the Census.

GREEN COFFEE: U.S. gross imports for consumption by months, 1959-63

Calendar year	1959	1960	1961	1962 ^{1/}	1963 ^{2/}
	Bags ^{3/}	Bags ^{3/}	Bags ^{3/}	Bags ^{3/}	Bags ^{3/}
January	1,587,840	1,231,918	1,951,110	2,294,540	1,241,088
February	2,278,610	2,148,092	1,715,463	2,310,778	2,238,665
March	2,252,406	2,021,836	2,234,714	1,828,026	2,157,406
April	1,781,449	1,643,136	1,771,045	1,859,220	2,245,754
May	1,840,258	1,815,797	1,719,310	2,006,712	1,797,858
June	1,505,026	1,899,318	2,044,567	1,550,237	1,332,142
January - June	11,245,589	10,760,097	11,436,209	11,849,513	11,012,913
July	1,255,221	1,625,133	1,633,002	1,678,724	1,956,858
August	2,162,982	2,031,009	1,775,779	2,003,959	1,887,944
September	3,044,343	1,962,691	1,864,476	2,074,355	2,167,905
October	1,472,339	2,066,741	1,934,063	2,074,786	2,486,099
November	1,623,384	1,827,269	1,604,276	2,256,432	2,181,114
December	2,368,647	1,827,996	2,084,712	2,542,413	2,143,244
July - December	11,926,916	11,340,839	10,896,308	12,630,669	12,823,164
January - December	23,172,505	22,100,936	22,332,517	24,480,182	23,836,077

Fiscal year	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63	1963-64
July - December	11,926,916	11,340,839	10,896,308	12,630,669	12,823,164
January - June	10,760,097	11,436,209	11,849,513	11,012,913	---
July - June	22,687,013	22,777,048	22,745,821	23,643,582	---

^{1/} Revised.

^{2/} Preliminary.

^{3/} 132.276 pounds each.

United States Bureau of Census.

GREEN COFFEE: U.S. estimated import requirements, annual 1960-63

Calendar year: Semi-annual	1960	1961	1962 ^{1/}	1963 ^{2/}
	Mil. bags	Mil. bags	Mil. bags	Mil. bags
January-June:				
Total consumption	10.9	11.2	11.3	11.3
Net stock change	- .4	- .1	+ .2	- .5
Net imports	<u>10.5</u>	<u>11.1</u>	<u>11.5</u>	<u>10.8</u>
July-December:				
Total consumption	11.0	11.1	11.3	11.3
Net stock change	+ .3	- .3	+1.0	+1.3
Net imports	<u>11.3</u>	<u>10.8</u>	<u>12.3</u>	<u>12.6</u>
Calendar year:				
Total consumption	21.9	22.3	22.6	22.6
Net stock change	- .1	- .4	+1.2	+ .8
Net imports	<u>21.8</u>	<u>21.9</u>	<u>23.8</u>	<u>23.4</u>

Fiscal year summary	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
Total consumption	21.7	22.2	22.4	22.6
Net stock change	+ .4	+ .2	- .1	+ .5
Net imports	<u>22.1</u>	<u>22.4</u>	<u>22.3</u>	<u>23.1</u>

^{1/} Revised.

^{3/} 132.276 pounds each.

^{2/} Preliminary.

NOTE: Total consumption: Civilian and military disappearance, plus manufactured coffee for consumption.
 Net stock change: All coffees, green or roasted, except imports not yet entered for consumption.
 Net imports: Total receipts from territories and imports into continental United States minus exports and re-exports.

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GREEN COFFEE: U.S. gross import requirements by country of origin

Area of origin	Average 1951-55	1960	1961	1962 ^{1/}	1963 ^{2/}
	Mil. Per- bags cent	Mil. Per- bags cent	Mil. Per- bags cent	Mil. Per- bags cent	Mil. Per- bags cent
	<u>3/</u>	<u>3/</u>	<u>3/</u>	<u>3/</u>	<u>3/</u>
Brazil	8.82 45	9.26 42	8.57 39	9.09 37	9.27 39
Africa and Asia	1.55 8	3.87 18	4.79 21	5.43 22	5.56 23
Mild coffees:					
Colombia	4.83 25	4.26 19	4.08 18	4.33 18	3.94 17
Other South America70 3	1.08 5	.97 4	1.15 5	1.13 5
Mexico and Central America	3.29 17	3.16 14	3.58 16	3.91 16	3.45 14
Caribbean47 2	.47 2	.34 2	.57 2	.49 2
Total milds	9.29 47	8.97 40	8.97 40	9.96 41	9.01 38
Total world	19.66 100	22.10 100	22.33 100	24.48 100	23.84 100

^{1/} Revised.

^{2/} Preliminary.

^{3/} 132.276 pounds each.