

Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 26.

VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1897.

No. 62.

What is Nicer for a Present Than a Good Ring?



We have several hundred different kinds from \$1.00 upwards. Those who come early can pick from the best stock ever shown in British Columbia.

Or a Watch

that will keep time and always be useful. We have them, and guarantee Satisfaction. There is only a few more weeks now to make up your mind what is wanted for Xmas. Come and see our assortment of goods and it may help to decide.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.
The Jewellers, 47 Government Street.

We Cannot Prescribe

One particular dress pattern for everybody—but do you know, we have the best stock of Winter Dress Materials to be found in the city? We are now showing many money-makers for the public.

Black and Colored Mohairs, Silk and Wool Reppes, Ladies' Cloths, Colors and Black's Multicolor Worsteds, etc., etc.

In fact anything in the Dress Goods line may be bought to great advantage this week.

Four Cases Just Received of Wool Underwear.

The Westside.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.

AND IT RAINED

IN VANCOUVER.

"A little moist this morning." "Yes, thank you." I am after some of Dixi's snags.

DRIP! DRIP!

Pabst Malt Extract and Vin Mariani for the Wet. Salmon Bellies and Black Codfish for Breakfast. New Fruit for Plum Pudding. Ontario Port Wine, 40c. California Port Wine, 50c. Oporto Port Wine, \$1.00.

Morgan Oysters, in Tin and Shell.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

DON'T FAIL TO SECURE COPIES OF THE COMING

XMAS PAPERS and MAGAZINES....

—By leaving your order early with—

T. N. Hibben & Co.

ADVANCE SHEETS OF THE COLORED PICTURE ARE NOW ON EXHIBITION IN OUR WINDOW.

High Class Ladies' and Gentlemen

Tailoring

AT

Geo. R. Jackson's,
No. 57 GOVERNMENT STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ON FRIDAY, November 19th, at 8 o'clock, Mr. Vernon will give a Light concert in the assembly room of the South Park school in aid of the Library fund. Admission 10 cents; children 10 cents.

TO LET—Stores, offices and dwellings. Call at 40 Government street. nov17-1f

IF YOU WANT to secure good seats at the Exhibition to be given this evening in the school room of the Centennial Methodist church you will require to come early. The exhibition will be novel and first class. It is one of the latest productions of science. Admission 25 cents; children 10 cents.

APPLES! APPLES! APPLES!—First-class cooking and eating apples at the Vancouver Island Produce Soc., Ltd., City Market.

FIRST-CLASS fresh and creamery butter, new laid eggs daily; island grown potatoes, only 75 cents per sack; cabbages, beets and carrots. Vancouver Island Produce Soc., Ltd., City Market. Free delivery.

A NICE LOT OF CHICKENS for the table at the Vancouver Island Produce Soc., Ltd., City Market.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS DANCE will be held in K. of P. Hall Thursday, November 18th. Tickets, admitting lady and gentleman, 50 cents; extra lady, 25c.

EIGHTY FIVE CENTS BUYS A DOLLAR of Mellor's Carriage Paint, ready mixed. Requires no varnishing. Paint your buggy while it's cheap. Mellor, 76-78 Fort street.

ONE OR TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, very convenient and pleasant, suitable for gentlemen. Terms moderate. 8 Church way, corner Douglas street. nov18-1f

MELLOR'S MIXED PAINTS—Absolutely pure and full Imperial measure guaranteed, \$1.30 per gallon. Mellor's Floor Paints same price. J. W. Mellor, 76-78 Fort street.

\$5.00—No. 1 double screened household coal, per ton of 2,000 pounds, delivered to any part of the city. Hall, Gosnell & Co., 100 Government street. Telephone call No. 32.

GOLF GOLF—Just received, a large supply of Silvertown Golf Balls and Fergan Clubs at J. Barnsley & Co., 119 Government street.

PURE WHITE LEAD 85 per 100 lbs. No. 1 Elephant at \$5.50 per 100 lbs. Dry colors in oil, varnishes and brushes at lowest prices. J. W. Mellor, 76-78 Fort street.

VICTORIA WOOD AND COAL YARD, cor. Government and Discovery. All kinds of fuel for sale at lowest current rates. Your order solicited. Delivery free. Also steam wood sawing done. Telephone No. 149. A. C. How. nov18-3m

GOLF BALLS AND BOXING GLOVES. A new stock just received by Henry Short & Sons, Gunmakers, 72 Douglas St.

LINSEED OIL 95c per gallon in 4 gal. tins, guaranteed strictly pure oil. White glass, seal and clean selling cheap at Mellor's, 76-78 Fort street.

SECOND HAND GUNS bought and sold. Ammunition always on hand at Shady Hardware, 57 Johnson street. e615

C. P. N. Co., Ltd.

Str. WILLAPA
(FOOT, Master).
Will leave Turner, Beaton & Co's wharf for NAAS AND WAY PORTS
On Sunday, Nov. 21, at 8 p.m., and from Vancouver at 12 noon on the 22nd instant.

For freight or passage apply at office of Company, 92 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The Company reserves the right to change this time table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.

Modern Roller Flour Mill for Sale.

The Victoria Roller Flour Mill of this city, in complete running order, having capacity of over 200 barrels per diem, machinery and plant in first-class condition. Large brick warehouse separate from mill. Large storage accommodation and extensive sheds erected thereon, with deep water at low tide, affording unusual facilities for reception and shipment of grain and flour, so saving all expense of cartage and wharfage.

Price and terms favorable to a satisfactory buyer.

For particulars apply to
JOHN DILLON,
Victoria Roller Flour Mill.

AUCTION FURNITURE.

THURSDAY, NOV 18, AT 11 A.M.

I am instructed by Mrs. Moffatt to sell at her residence, corner of Michigan and Oswego streets, five contents of a 9-roomed house, consisting of Mahogany Sofa, Easy Chair, Ex. Table, Glass and Plate Ware, Cutlery, Linen, Dinner Set, Ornaments, Brackets, Decanters, Lamps, Silver Crystal, Filter, Fancy Coal Scuttle, Lace Curtains, Poles, Carpets, Oilcloths, Parlor Suite (6 pieces), Tea Table and Stand, Large Mantel Mirror, two fine Oil Paintings, Panel Lithographs, Whistler, Music Stand, Brass and Copper, and Rug, and several Photographs. Wire Hall Flower Stand, two Rustic ditto, four Furnished Bedrooms, consisting of one Walnut M. T. Bedroom Suite, one Mahogany and Iron, Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Sheets, Towels, Chairs, Tables, Toilet Sets, Mirrors, etc. Mahogany Range, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, Jars, Meat Safes, Garden Tools, etc.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION DRY GOODS.

AT SALEM ROOMS, DOUGLAS ST.
To-Morrow, Nov. 18, at 2 o'clock.

Including Lyons Silks, Flannel, Lace, Blankets, Boots and Shoes, Ladies' Clothing, etc. Also quantity of Household Furniture.

W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

High Life Cigarettes

Are in Quality and Price Without Exception the Very Best Made.

AT **H. L. SALMON'S.**

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AMICABLY SETTLED

The Threatened Rupture Between Germany and Hayti Fortunately Averted.

Understood the Former Will Make a Naval Demonstration in Haytian Waters.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 16.—The threatened rupture between Germany and Hayti has so far been amicably settled, thank to the mediation of the United States minister, Mr. F. W. Powell, though it is still understood that Germany intends to make a naval demonstration in Haytian waters.

The German version of the trouble has already been published. Following is the Haytian side of the dispute: The dispute arose out of the imprisonment of Herr Emil Leuders, the son of a German who married a Haytian woman. Up to a short time ago Leuders was a Haytian citizen, but it is said, having been concerned in various little affairs, among which are mentioned duels, he seemingly deemed it wise to change his nationality and registered his name at the German consulate.

For an assault upon a cab driver, said to have been improved, Leuders was sentenced to one month's imprisonment. He appealed from this decision to the correctional court and the sentence was altered, he being sentenced to one year's seclusion and a fine of 500 francs.

A further appeal was pending when the German minister intervened without invitation, and it is claimed, forced his way into the private apartments of Celestias Simon Sam, the president of the Haytian Republic, and in a rude and peremptory manner demanded the release of Leuders, with an apology to the German government, an indemnity of \$1,000 a day for the time he had been in prison, the immediate trial of the police who arrested him and the dismissal of the judges who sentenced him.

Naturally the president resented the insult which had been offered and finally but politely referred the minister, Count Schwerin, who is charge of affairs, whose duty it was to enter into such matters. The German minister demanded that Simon Sam should comply with his demands, and meeting with a refusal, sailed to Berlin for instructions. A reply having been received, he hailed down his flag and announced that three German warships were on their way here. This news became public property, and roused the Haytians to a fever heat of excitement and indignation, and even the American and British residents felt that it was an attempt to "milk a cow already dry," and the Haytians, despite their feebleness, were bound to resist it. Many of them offered their assistance to the government as volunteers in the event of trouble.

Feeling the current of public opinion and the certainty of support in any defensive action which he might take, the president called in as many troops as could be reached at short notice, the barracks were filled, ammunition was served out and every preparation made for a fierce struggle.

Acting entirely upon his volition, Mr. Powell, the United States minister, addressed letters to the Haytian minister of foreign affairs, requesting that Mr. Leuders be released. The Haytian minister then, as an act of courtesy to the United States, released Mr. Leuders, but at the same time officially expelled him from the country. He left at once for Berlin, where he laid his case before the German government.

MAKING A MAN FROM HARDWARE.

Ingenious Combination of the Different Things on a Store Shelf. There was once a hardware man who was determined to set up an image of a human being in his store window, says Hardware. He looked about his stock, and, finding all the needed material went to work, and his efforts were crowned with unquestioned success.

TROLLEY CARS USED TO CHURN. Way an Ingenious Kaness Milkman Makes His Butter.

A unique utilization of railway car vibrations is reported from a packing house centre in Kansas, says the Philadelphia Press. The roadbed of the local trolley line is not of the best and it occurred to the milkman, who had been pretty well battered about by the lively oscillation of the car on which he was riding, that there was enough power going to waste to work a set of mechanical churns. He tried the experiment and found that it worked to a charm.

PRESIDENT DIAZ'S SON MARRIED. City of Mexico, Nov. 16.—Captain Porfirio Diaz, only son of President Diaz, was married today in the archbishop's private chapel to Sonorita Raigosa, daughter of one of the principal families in this city. A number of distinguished people were present at the ceremonies and the couple received numerous costly gifts.

WHY THIS HASTE?

Big Gun Works Running Night and Day at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Nov. 16.—For more than two months people living in Tioga and Nicetown have commented upon the fact that the Midvale Steel Works have not had a shut down even for Sunday, and the jarring noise of the big machinery has penetrated at midnight or the early hours of the morning as during the day. Sickness has been the only plea that would permit any of the employes to enjoy a day's rest and three relays of men have been alternately kept at a high tension.

All this excitement, it leaked out today, is due to a hurried order from the government for the increase of armament. The order placed with the Midvale Steel Works is for fifty 10-inch disappearing guns and ten 12-inch mortars. The government inspection of the work is in the hands of Capt. T. A. Lyle of the United States army. He is out of the city and the manager of the Midvale Company declined to talk regarding the big contract made with the government.

An open gate of the main building at the Midvale disclosed to view three unfinished castings of the 10-inch pattern. To one side of the furnace, upon temporary wooden mountings, were two weapons apparently ready for transportation. While this work of constructing guns has been pushed so assiduously at the Midvale Works equal activity has been waged at the big works of the Southwark Foundry and Machine Company, where the war department has a contract for ten 12-inch mortar carriages. The Southwark Company has completed several of the carriages and delivered them to the government. There is enough work on the unfinished contracts at both plants to keep the entire force of men at each place busy for several months, it is said there will be no shut-down in either place for the holiday vacation.

A ROUGH VOYAGE.

The Steamship Gasconne's Terrible Time at Sea.

New York, Nov. 16.—The French liner La Gasconne on her recent trip brought ample evidence of the storm that prevailed upon the ocean last week. A less staunch ship might have had a sadder tale to relate. The storm began with all its fury, Commander Baudelon said, on the vessel's out trip. From November 7th until Sandy Hook lightship was sighted there was a succession of west and southwestern gales with tremendous seas. Not a minute during the trip was a passenger safe on deck, and few were who ventured beyond the securely barred iron doors. The waves boarded the big steamship almost continuously. All the openings were barred up as far as possible and port holes could not be opened for a moment.

The climax came on Thursday morning. The vessel was pitching and laboring badly. Suddenly there was a shock and the next moment there was a deluge of water into the dining room, which flooded the floor and the alarmed passengers scurried up the companion ways. The vessel had been struck by a huge mass of water, which buried her whole forward section under water, stopping her progress for the time. The waves came over the starboard side. According to the chief officer, there was at least 6,000 tons of water in the miniature tidal wave. It struck the deck house, which is built of iron nearly two inches thick. The long front iron plates were smashed by the iron railings torn off the bridge, forward deck fittings unfastened, the hull broken, big stretches of canvas carried away, and one of the massive iron ventilators ripped from the deck and swept into the sea. Through the hole thus opened the immense quantity of water rushed, finding its way into the dining room. It fell upon the heads of a dozen men and women who chanced to be there.

About 25 per cent. of the La Gasconne's passengers were sick from the start to finish of the trip, and on Tuesday only eighteen out of the 112 passengers sat down to dinner. Other steamships which reached here reported hard fighting with the waves. Among these were the Hamburg liner California. There were immigrants in the steerage, and the officers had a lively time trying to get them to ally their fears and navigate the vessel. They had to be locked down below decks to keep them out of danger and mischief.

The young mother's delight and joy in her beautiful baby is always accompanied by more or less care and solicitude, and a certain degree of drain on her physical resources. She needs all the strengthening and sustaining help which is possible to be obtained, in order not to fall a victim to the organic weaknesses incident to maternity. It imparts health, strength directly to the delicate organs and nerve centers involved in motherhood. It renders the coming of baby safe and almost free from pain. It transmits constitutional health and hardiness to the child, promotes the secretion of abundant nourishment, and fortifies the mother with permanent vital energy. All diseases of the female organism are completely cured by this remarkable "Prescription." No other medicine was ever devised for this purpose by an educated, established physician of thirty years' experience and an expert in this particular branch of medical practice. The marvelous effects of this medicine are more fully described in one chapter of Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," a book which every woman ought to read. A paper-bound copy will be sent absolutely free on receipt of a one-cent stamp to pay the mere cost of postage and mailing. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. A handsome cloth-bound copy for 50 stamps.

W. E. Malcolm, of Knobel, Clay County, Arkansas, writes: "Since I last wrote you we have had a baby girl born to us. My wife took your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and also your 'Vegetable Prescription' all during the expectant period and until confinement, and she had no trouble to mention. A doctor, however, who never knew our child will be one year of age the 15th inst, and she has not been sick a day. Has not had much of the colic, flatulence and we have not had to be up with her as often as twice at night since her birth."

A HOPELESS TASK

General Blanco Finds It Impossible to Put Proposed Cuban Reforms Into Effect.

The Rebel Army Reduced by Starvation from 100,000 to a Little Over 40,000.

New York, Nov. 16.—A dispatch to the World from Havana says: General Blanco has entered upon an almost hopeless task. The present Cuban situation is such that it seems impossible to effect the reforms and snuff that the greatest army in the history of the colonial wars has failed to accomplish. Spain's present policy is announced to be one of combined conciliation and force. It appears to be, "a suicidal policy."

The peculiar and not generally understood conditions of the Cuban struggle now make any conciliatory move a direct play into the hands of the insurgents. This is particularly true of the proclamation of November 10th, which commands civil and military authorities to aid in protecting the sugar properties in grinding cane. To adequately protect the sugar estates likely to operate General Blanco will have to practically close the operations against the insurgents. He has not enough men to do both things. Most of the plantations were worked last year for short periods. All paid their own guards, and most of them paid the Cubans as well. Those planters who did not pay tribute were forced to double or treble their guards.

Only about 20 per cent. of the sugar plantations of Cuba that operated two years ago have machinery modern enough or cane in good enough condition to warrant grinding at the present price of sugar. General Blanco will have to furnish, estimated moderately, at least 12,000 men, or 275 guards to each of forty-four plantations. These soldiers must come from forces now operating against the insurgents. It is not likely that General Blanco has forgotten the lesson of the invasion and will take the regular troops from guard duty in towns to allow volunteer guerrillas opportunity of entredeering to the enemy. The large number of Cubans forced by hunger into volunteer uniforms makes such surrendering more probable now than before. More than half of the rural population has disappeared, having been murdered by Weyler and his supporters. The same men are much more directly accountable for the inhuman manner in which their splendidly brave soldiers have been undered and uncared for.

As nearly as can be conservatively computed from official figures little more than half are left alive, and what of the 150,000 peasant lads Spain sent to Cuba. The figures are: Died in hospitals, 32,000; killed and died on the field, 12,000; sent back to Spain as "invalids," 25,000; now in hospitals, 12,000; total, 81,000. Of this enormous number, it is improbable that more than 5,000 are death or disability from Cuban bullets, even during the real fighting of the invasion and the six months thereafter. General Maceo estimated that more than 3,000 Spanish soldiers had fallen in battle. That was in August, 1896. Since that little fighting has been done. If General Blanco follows up his proclamation and grants sugar making this year he will not have more than 27,000 men available for service against the insurgents. Of the 90,000 troops at his command 30,000 are guarding towns. About the same number are looking after railroads and the traches. These cannot very well be drawn upon or the well organized rebels of Eastern Cuba can swoop down in a second invasion and the railways will again be torn up. The best informed Cubans admit that disease and starvation have reduced the rebel army of able-bodied men from 100,000 to 40,000. The real figure probably is nearer 30,000. Still there are more than General Blanco will have to send against them, and they are vastly better armed and have fifty times more experience than when they baffled the successive efforts of Weyler to crush them, with twice that number of men, taking little by little with the odds in their favor they will continue to run away.

Insurgent bands may combine, and the experiment of weakening his force to aid his conciliatory movements may be disastrous to General Blanco's announced policy of combined snuff and sternness. But even if the insurgents should continue their tactics of running away Spain's chances of raising the yellow and red over Cuba grow less with each soldier taken from the force operating against the enemy.

A BLIZZARD RAGING.

Nebraska and Idaho in the Grasp of the Storm King.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 16.—Heavy snow storms have been falling over the western part of the state for the last 24 hours, and the storm has assumed the proportions of a blizzard. Some snow has fallen in the eastern part of the state and at Omaha. The storm attained its greatest violence in the northwestern part of Nebraska, extending into Wyoming and South Dakota. The snow is blowing in heavy, driving zero over Nebraska, and indications are good for a storm of considerable duration all over this section of the west.

You may eat cheap food and not be seriously hurt by it; but you cannot take cheap medicines without positive injury. If you use any substitute for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, be sure you do so at the peril of your health, perhaps of your life. Insist on having Ayer's, and no other.

Whatever may be the cause of premature gray hair, it can be restored to the same color as in youth by Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

Not one in twenty sees free from liver trouble caused by some little insect of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Not one in twenty sees free from liver trouble caused by some little insect of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Windsor Salt. Purest and Best for Table and Dairy. No adulterations. Never cakes.

Much in Little

Especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever combined so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine.

Hood's Pills. Hood's Pills are especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever combined so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine.

NORTH YALE'S CANDIDATE.

F. J. Deane Asked to Run in the Opposition Interest.

Is the battle near us? Is there an election pending? If there is the oppositionists in Kamloops are not going to be caught napping, for they have already selected a candidate. Word has been received by the Mail that Mr. F. J. Deane, editor of the Inland Sentinel, Nicola and Kamloops, has been asked by the electors of Salmon Arm, Shuswap, Grand Prairie, Nicola and Kamloops to run for the north riding of Yale in the opposition interest. Mr. Deane has, it is understood, already signified his willingness to accept the nomination.

Mr. Deane is a young man of much energy and ability, and in picking him the oppositionists of North Yale have no doubt considered all the chances and believe they can win. Mr. Deane has a strong organization behind him and many friends, and these, with his well-known energy, should be sufficient to give him the victory. It is a great honor for one of Mr. Deane's age to contest a constituency represented by a cabinet minister, and it will be indeed a victory if he can put him out of the nest. The Mail hopes he will—Kootenay Mail.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Fire at Brandon—More Klondikers Coming West.

Winnipeg, Nov. 16.—Jackson & Co.'s music store at Brandon was badly damaged by fire early this morning. The loss is \$2,000, and is fully covered by insurance in the Atlas and Commercial companies. Adams & Resser are the owners of the property. It is estimated that the amount of wheat delivered by farmers since September 1 to date has been 17,000,000 bushels.

A small railway bridge over a branch of the Bow river near Calgary gave way last night, precipitating two freight cars into the stream. The fireman was injured slightly. Another party of gold seekers for the Klondike left here this afternoon. The Vulcan Iron Works plant of this city has been purchased by John McKeachie for a large cash consideration. S. Hughes, M. P., of Lindsay, is here en route to Australia.

FOOTBALL PROHIBITED.

Philadelphia, Nov. 16.—President Fetterolf of Girard College has issued an edict against football, and henceforth students must keep off the gridiron.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 16.—The general assembly of the Knights of Labor this morning selected Chicago as the place for the first Tuesday in November, 1898, as the time for holding the next meeting. The assembly will not complete its business before Saturday.

SCHOONER LOST.

St. John, N.B., Nov. 16.—Word has been received from Chatham that the schooner Janet A., from Tignish, was lost Wednesday morning of last week off Fox Island. She was loaded with oats and produce. Three men and two women were aboard. Three bodies have been recovered.

PERUVIAN ARMY AND NAVY.

New York, Nov. 16.—A dispatch to the Herald from Valparaiso says: The executive has submitted to congress a bill fixing the military and naval forces for the year 1898. The army is to have, at the most, 9,000 for the infantry, artillery and cavalry. For the navy the bill provides that there shall be 15 warships, 20 torpedo boats, eight coast guards, two transports and eight pontoons. The total number of men is fixed at 4,743, including 406 officers of all ranks.

CONDEMNNS JINGOISM.

Albany, N.Y., Nov. 16.—Bishop Doan, in his annual address to the clergy of the diocese at Albany to-day, in speaking of the relations of America to England in the Lambeth conference, was intense in his condemnation of what he called "Jingoism." Speaking on the subject of international arbitration, he said that the spirit of hostility so openly expressed on this side of the water was present, though latent in England, and we should be careful how we arouse this feeling to active hostility.

VICTORIA'S MINIATURE PALACE.

Queen Victoria has received from the Parases of Bombay a casket representing, in gold and silver embossed work, an old Persian palace. On the panels are seen in relief Persian figures in ancient costume, with their hands, the old-fashioned war clubs, which is about 20 inches long. The miniature palace is crowned with three figures symbolic of Parsee worship. They are pure gold. A Parsee king is praying before a fire altar, and in the centre is seen an angel. Kneeling elephants form the four feet of the casket, tracing a allusion to the period when, driven from Persia by the worshippers of Islam, the Parsees found a resting place in India.

Not one in twenty sees free from liver trouble caused by some little insect of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

EDDY'S TOILET PAPERS. Made on Hygienic Principles. Sold on Economic Rules. For Hotel, Office and Family Use. J. MITCHELL, Agent, Victoria and Vancouver.

A BY-LAW.

To Further Amend the Buildings By-Law and the Street By-Law to Amend the Buildings By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1892, and for the Removal of Verandahs.

Whereas it is deemed expedient to further amend the Buildings By-law and the Street By-law and to amend the Buildings By-law Amendment By-law, 1892, and to compel the removal of all existing verandahs erected on or projecting over any sidewalk, and to prohibit and prevent the erection of any such verandahs.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enact as follows: 1. Section 30 of the Buildings By-law is hereby amended by striking out the word "verandah" in the 5th line thereof, by striking out the word "verandah" in the 12th line thereof and by striking out the word "verandah" in the 19th line thereof.

Drink the Best. UNION LAGER BEER. Private Trade Specially Catered For. Depot, Victoria Cold Storage Co., Ltd. TELEPHONE NO. 44. P.O. BOX 315, VICTORIA. GEO. B. HARRISON, VICTORIA AGENT.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION FOR 1898.

The following persons are entitled to vote, viz:

FOR MAYOR:

Any person qualified to vote for Aldermen is entitled to vote for Mayor.

FOR ALDERMEN:

The following persons are entitled to vote in any ward in which they may be registered as ratepayers, that is to say:

(a) Any male or female, being a British subject, of the full age of twenty-one years and

(b) Who is the assessed owner of lands or of improvements or the assessed occupier of land situate within the municipality; or

(c) Who is a resident of and carries on business and is the holder of a trades license in the municipality, the annual fee for which is not less than \$5 and who has paid on or before the 1st day of November, 1897, the full license fee therefor; or

(d) Who is a householder within the municipality. A "householder" is defined as a person who holds and occupies a messuage, dwelling or tenement, or any part of a messuage, dwelling or tenement within a municipality, paying therefor a rental or rent value of not less than sixty dollars per annum.

Householders must have paid all municipal rates, taxes and license fees (exclusive of water rate or water rent) on or before the 1st day of December, 1897, to entitle them to make the declaration as mentioned below, and in order to be included in the voters' list must on or before the 1st day of December, 1897, enter their names with the Assessor or Clerk of the municipality as a voter, and make and personally deliver to the Assessor or Clerk at the same time a statutory declaration as set out in section 2, subsection (2) of the "Municipal Elections Amendment Act, 1897."

Forms of said declaration may be obtained at the office of Mr. W. W. Northcott, Assessor, City Hall.

No Chinese, Japanese, or Indians are entitled to vote.

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, G. M. C.

Victoria, 9th October, 1897.

Charles Hayward, (Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer. Government Street, Victoria.

Notice. Native is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at the next sitting, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell wine and liquor to hotels at the Hotel Victoria, situate on Government street, being Nos. 128-130, to J. C. Ross of said city.

W. W. McDONALD, Victoria, B. C., 8th November, 1897.

CONFERENCE ENDED

An Official Statement of the Results of Meeting of the Seal Experts at Washington.

New York Herald Thinks That Canada Is Determined Not To Be Trifled With.

Washington, Nov. 16.—The results of the sealing conference just concluded are announced in an official statement made public by General Foster, who gives the following as an epitome of the unanimous agreement: That the pelagic seal herd has declined in numbers from 1894 to 1897; that the number was formerly three to five times that which now exists; that the death rate among pups is great, not more than one-half to one-third surviving to the age of three years; that the number of breeding females in 1896 and 1897 was between 100,000 and 120,000; that the decrease from 1894 to 1897 was notable though its extent could not be definitely determined; that the killing of males as now practised does no harm to the herd; that the pelagic sealing involves indiscriminate killing of the entire stock which contains a marked excess of females; that the killing of males on land is the cause of this; that among the females killed are not only those both nursing and pregnant but also many who are immature or who have already lost their pups; that the fur seal being polygamous, a large number of males may be killed with impunity; that females cannot be killed in similar number without checking the increase of the herd or bringing about an actual decline; that a small number of females less than the annual increment of breeders might be taken without producing actual decrease; that excessive pelagic sealing has led to a reduction in the herd; that pelagic sealing has of late fallen off in greater ratio than the herd has, thus producing a tendency toward equilibrium in numbers; that in estimating the future condition of the herd there must be taken into consideration the number of surviving pups caused by the pelagic catches of 1894-95; that the herd is not in danger of actual extermination so long as the hunts on land are protected and the protection some is maintained; that both land and sea killing now yields an inconsiderable profit either to the lessee or to the pelagic sealers themselves; that the delegates signing the agreement are as follows: Charles Sumner Hamilton, David Starr Jordan, Darcy Wentworth Thompson, Jas. Melville Macoun, New York, Nov. 16.—Discussing editorially, the conference regarding seals now being held at Washington, the Herald says: "The small comedy now playing at Washington might be amusing if it did not turn on rather a serious subject. Seal fishing has made a good deal of trouble for us in the past. We had arbitration about it in Paris and the arbitration went against us. We cannot expect to win every time we arbitrate, but we have never since ceased our efforts to upset the regulations framed in pursuance of the Paris award. Now a conference is going on at Washington about sealing, in which Canada and the United States are represented by experts. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, is there looking on. Our state department has thrust over the Behring sea business to Mr. Foster, and Mr. Foster hopes to make a bargain with Sir Wilfrid.

"There is no objection to that, provided the Canadian has authority and is willing; but there can be no use telling the American public an agreement on pelagic sealing would be reached if Canada did not object. Of course she objects. If she gives up what is to her a profitable industry, to which the Paris arbitration clearly affirmed her right, she will only do so on terms and for fair compensation. She will not yield to threats, and the American public will not be misled by mis-statements."

NEWFOUNDLAND POLITICS.

The Retiring Premier Finds an Obstacle To His Little Plans.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 16.—The ministry headed by Sir William Whitehead formally resigned office this evening. Before resigning Sir William wished to fill all the vacancies in the civil service with his defeated supporters and their followers, but Sir Herbert Murray, the governor, refused to sanction any permanent appointments and consented to authorize only acting appointees. The cabinet of Sir James Wintert was assumed office at noon to-morrow, and following the precedent created by the controversy between Lord Aberdeen, the Governor-General of Canada, and Sir Charles Tupper, while premier last year, will last upon the cancellation of all these appointments immediately. The new premier will probably immediately on attaining power claim a representation for the colony of Newfoundland at the reciprocity conference between the United States and Canada, now sitting at Washington. His justification for this step is the fact that the late James G. Blaine, when secretary of state, signed a reciprocity convention with Newfoundland, dated in 1890. The British government disallowed this treaty because Canada was not mentioned in its preferential arrangements. Now Newfoundland will claim that Canada is not entitled to negotiate for reciprocity unless Newfoundland is included in the benefits of the scheme. Medical men say rheumatism is the forerunner of heart disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures rheumatism by its action on the blood.

ONE HONEST MAN.

Dear Sir—Please inform your readers that I have written to confidentially, I will mail, in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine home, home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and made able to enjoy life. I was suffering from nervous debility, neuralgia, rheumatism, and other ailments. I was unable to walk and was confined to my bed for many months. I was treated by the best medical men, but all failed. I was then cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have since been able to enjoy life and am now a healthy man. I have written to confidentially, I will mail, in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine home, home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and made able to enjoy life. I was suffering from nervous debility, neuralgia, rheumatism, and other ailments. I was unable to walk and was confined to my bed for many months. I was treated by the best medical men, but all failed. I was then cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have since been able to enjoy life and am now a healthy man.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Mr. D. M. Fraser, of Almonte, Loses His Life While Deer Hunting.

Almonte, Ont., Nov. 8.—This town has been thrown into a sad gloom by the sudden death of one of its most prominent and enterprising business men, D. M. Fraser, barrister-at-law, and proprietor of a large knitting mill. Mr. Fraser, with a party from Almonte, was hunting at Burns Lake, in the township of Griffith, Renfrew county, on Saturday, and had shot a deer when the animal disappeared. Mr. Fraser got upon a log to endeavor to see farther, holding his gun on the log with his hand. The gun slipped off, and the hammer striking against the log discharged, the ball passing through Mr. Fraser's arm near the elbow, shattering the bone. After the accident Mr. Fraser walked nearly half a mile, where Mr. Loggie, who was one of the party, was met. Mr. Loggie took him in a boat to a house across the lake, where medical aid was sent for. Nothing more serious than perhaps the loss of an arm was thought of, but when the doctor, upon arrival, opened the bandages to examine the wound, Mr. Fraser fainted and died in a few minutes from heart failure. He was 37 years of age and leaves a widow and four small children. He was a prominent Liberal, and contested North Lanark against Joseph Jamieson in the Dominion elections in 1891.

OTTAWA LETTER

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—The premier had a busy week before he left for Washington, making appointments of Lieut.-Governors, senators and judges. The appointment of Senator McInnes, British Columbia, to the Lieut.-Governorship of that province, and of William Tompkins, of the Times, Victoria, to the vacant senatorship, as announced by telegraph in this correspondence last week, has been officially given out. The departure of Sir Oliver Mowat to Toronto has been fixed for the 17th inst., and on the following day he will be sworn in Lieut.-Governor of this province. Hon. David Mills will at once take hold of the justice department. He has disposed of these matters Sir Wilfrid Laurier turned his attention to the province of Quebec and endeavor to arrange what is a very much more difficult affair requiring a good deal of diplomacy and tact. In December next the term of Lieut.-Governor Chapleau, of Quebec, expires. He will then have been five years in office. Sir Adolphe Chapleau has always been recognized as the strongest opponent of the Liberals in Quebec. Sir John Macdonald was so timid about Chapleau when he was in provincial politics in Quebec, that he took him into the cabinet at Ottawa but always refused to give him an important portfolio. He was made secretary of state, and resigned two or three times because he would not get a better position. Sir John held out, and with the assistance of Sir Adolphe Caron and Sir Hector Langevin managed to keep the secretary of state in control as head of the mail department. Shortly after Sir John's death Chapleau accepted the Lieut.-Governorship of Quebec. The relations between himself and his colleagues in Ottawa were not of the very best kind before he left here. His feelings were not improved towards him when he saw Hon. A. R. Angers taken in to the Thompson administration as minister of agriculture, the department which he had been refused. Matters reached a climax when later on Sir Charles Tupper made Mr. Angers leader of the Conservatives in the province of Quebec. During one of the numerous crises which took place in the Dominion cabinet shortly prior to this time Sir William Meredith, who was then chief justice of the province of Ontario, expressed his willingness to enter the Conservative government here, providing that Chapleau would join the aggregation from the province of Quebec. Chapleau refused, and therefore Meredith would not consent to come here. Later on when the school question was at its height Chapleau was asked for his opinion on that burning question by the Conservatives; but he refused to give any. Although pressed to do so, he would not consent to join in the crusade against Manitoba. He is said to have entertained privately views in favor of Sir Wilfrid Laurier with respect to this troublesome question. When the Dominion campaign was going on he was also said to be in favor of the Liberals, and his opinion was freely expressed, and the opinion was freely expressed, and then that for his action in this regard he would have a second term. The Lieut.-Governorship. Liberals generally were of the opinion then that Chapleau was deserving of consideration at the hands of the Liberals. However, his services now seem to have been forgotten by the great mass of the Liberal party and the old blows which he administered towards them are recalled, and recalled against him as very good reasons why his claim for a second term should be rejected. As a matter of fact the whole of the party in the province of Quebec are protesting against his having a second term, and it is very certain that Sir Wilfrid Laurier will have to agree to the views of his supporters in that province. This being the case the premier is said to be now looking for a position to give Chapleau and at the same time for a gentleman to succeed him as Lieut.-Governor. It is now stated that Hon. Francis Laugel will be appointed to the Lieut.-Governorship and that Chapleau will be sent to Paris next year as representative of the Dominion government at the exhibition there. This is an arrangement which, if carried out, will meet with general satisfaction. P. A. Choquette, M.P., Montmagny, a young man who has been in parliament for ten years, was at one time spoken of for a position in the cabinet, but Sir Herbert being appointed left him out in the cold. It is now understood that Mr. Choquette will be given a judgeship. He will be appointed shortly to the court of Queen's bench in the province of Quebec. The premier will have very little difficulty in again carrying his seat. SLAUGHTOWN. A man's wife should always be the same, especially if her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Pills, she cannot be, for they make her feel like a different person, so they all say, and their husbands say so too!

AROUND THE WORLD

The Trans-Siberian Railway Is Now Completed From Vladivostok to St. Petersburg.

How Russia Could Mass Her Troops on the Coast—The Rich Mines of Siberia.

When Jules Verne wrote of the wonderful journey of Phineas Fogg around the world in 80 days it was thought to be a marvellously quick trip to circle the globe in that time, but fully a month has been shipped off that, and the globe-trotter can now easily get around this terrestrial sphere in 30 days, if not less. According to Mous, J. D. Garetski, a Russian government engineer, and Mous, P. Chaudler, a French engineer in the service of Messrs. Papot & Co. of Paris, who arrived from the Orient on the R. M. S. Empress of China yesterday, this journey can now be made by any one, for the much-talked-of trans-Siberian railway is completed. A traveler can now journey from Vladivostok, on the Pacific coast, to St. Petersburg, in from ten to twelve days. This vast line traverses a thickly populated country, over rugged, mountainous, and over wide, barren steppes, and along a route full of engineering difficulties for 9,987 miles. With the great railway an accomplished fact, it is easy to see that the military strength of Russia on the Pacific coast will be greatly strengthened, for though now there are over 20,000 soldiers at Vladivostok, if trouble should arise 200,000 could be rushed to the coast within a week. Vladivostok is itself in an exceptionally strong position, for there are no less than 99 fortresses there, and a fleet of from seven to nine Russian warships are ever in the harbor. The trans-continental line, after leaving Vladivostok, runs northward to Nakhodsk, where the governor-general of Western Siberia resides. This is a city of 100,000, and a strong military point. From Nakhodsk it runs westerly to Blagoveshchensk and Nerchensk, two very important centres of population. From here a break occurs for about a thousand miles, and instead of proceeding by rail the traveler takes passage on one of the river steamers running up the Amoor river to where the railway again begins. This and a break at Lake Balkan, where connection is also made by steamers, are the only breaks in the line, and before long these will no longer exist, as work has already been begun on a continuation of the line along the banks of the Amoor and around Lake Balkan. From this lake to the Siberian boundary at Afa-Samara about ten large cities, with a population averaging about 50,000 people, are met. All are strong military posts and many soldiers are stationed at each. Work has just been commenced on a line from Vladivostok through northern Manchuria to Blagoveshchensk, paralleling the other line, and by which the journey will be shortened about 1,500 miles. This line is being built by virtue of a concession between Russia and China. Mr. Garetski says the country through which the road passes is fabulously rich in minerals—far richer than Cariboo, California or Klondike, and there is more of it and more variety. There is gold, both quartz and placer, silver, coal and other minerals. Many companies are at work there, but the majority goes to the Russian government, who work the ground themselves. The companies are all forced to pay a royalty on the mineral taken out by them. These mines, Mr. Garetski says, employ thousands and thousands of men, and the mine operators are able to send their minerals to Russia by the work will be greatly increased. The new road, he says, is liberally patronized and will undoubtedly be a paying institution. Mr. Garetski has recently visited the island of Saghalien, in the Okhotsk sea, where the evil-doers of Russia are sent to languish in durand vlt. There are 90,000 prisoners there, and all are placed at work in the coal and lead mines. The average number of prisoners sent to Saghalien yearly is 200, so it will be seen that the convict colony is in no danger of becoming depopulated. Mr. Garetski is now on his way to St. Petersburg to lay several engineering matters before his government, while Mous, Chaudler is going to Paris to confer with his employers, M. P. Papot & Co., who have secured a contract to build a portion of the Manchurian railway.

COAL AND IRON IN IRELAND.

Good beds of iron ore were 50 years ago worked on the shores of Lough Aloo, county Leitrim, Ireland, and a smelting furnace is being erected to develop them. It is proposed to utilize peat as fuel, and peat-lying and pressing plant has been laid down. The iron formerly produced from these mines was of a high quality, and the enterprise will furnish welcome employment to a large number of needy peasantry. There is limestone in abundance for smelting, and it is estimated that 30,000,000 tons of black bituminous coal lie within the counties of Leitrim, Mayo, Sligo and Roscommon. It's real meant the young woman exclaimed. What's the matter? her mother inquired. Before I married Herbert I made him promise to spend every evening at home with me, and now he says he's sorry he can't take me to the theatre without breaking his word.—YIP-HITS.

THE BUBONIC PLAGUE.

Bombay, Nov. 16.—The bubonic plague shows no abatement in the Poonah district. Within the last forty-eight hours there have been 134 new cases and 94 deaths.

SUGAR BOUNTIES.

London, Nov. 16.—The St. James' Gazette says that negotiations are on foot between Austria, France and Germany in regard to the opportunities of holding an international conference to secure a general agreement for the diminution or abolition of sugar bounties.

WRECK OF A STEAMER.

Queenstown, Nov. 16.—Particulars have just been received of the wreck of the British steamer Rutherglen, Captain English, from New York, on October 26th, for Plymouth, which foundered when 830 miles west of the Fastnet. Her crew was picked up by the Norwegian bark Hervas and reached Harwich, twenty-one miles from Skibbereen, on Saturday.

PROF. VON RIEHL IS DEAD.

Munich, Nov. 16.—Prof. W. H. Von Riehl, public historian, is dead, aged 75 years. Prof. Von Riehl was the founder of the Gazette of Nassau, which was established in 1848. In 1853 King Maximilian appointed him professor of the University of Munich. He was elected a member of the Academy of Sciences of Munich in 1862. Von Riehl was the author of a number of important works.

JAPAN AND RUSSIA.

London, Nov. 16.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says serious tension exists between Japan and Russia owing to the latter's effort to control the Korean customs and that some of the leading Japanese ministers are urging the adoption of serious measures, even to the extent of war. It is asserted, though, that Manchuia is not disconting this step and hopes instead that Great Britain, the United States and Japan make joint representations to Russia on the subject of Korea.

IMMENSE INDIAN TEMPLE.

The largest heathen temple in the world is at Serinaganpattin the city of Vishnu, in India. This immense temple comprises a square, each side being a mile in length, and inside of which are six other squares. The walls are 25 feet high and five feet thick, and the grand hall, in which the pilgrim assemble, is supported by 1,000 pillars, each cut from a single stone. There is a very large and magnificent Buddhist temple at Rangoon standing on a huge mound of two terraces, the upper one being 106 feet above the ground outside, and in extent 900,000 feet. The underground temple of Kandi is another temple, all excavated out of the solid rock—so are the temples of Elephanta.

JAPAN WANTS LUMBER.

A Visitor Advises Merchants To Trade With The Islanders. Mr. C. Bretschneider, of Bretschneider & Buller, silk merchants, of Yokohama, Kirin and Kobe, Japan, arrived on the R. M. S. Empress of China yesterday on his way to New York to transact some business for the firm. He will on his return spend some time in this province to endeavor to make arrangements for the shipment of lumber to Japan. He says wood is getting very dear in the land of the Mikado. It is becoming scarce on account of the many fires which have devastated the country. A number of ships have taken over cargoes, and those have always found a ready sale. The mills of British Columbia, Mr. Bretschneider says, would do well to look into this market, for they could dispose of as much Douglas fir as they could send over there, and at a good price. Conditions in Japan, Mr. Bretschneider says, are rapidly changing. Since the war everything has gradually increased in price, especially food stuffs, which are much dearer than they were a few years ago. British Columbians should look to trade with Japan, he said, for besides lumber the merchants of the province could send them many things which would find a ready sale. Dried or smoked salmon would find buyers readily, as well as many other articles produced here. The Japanese are also heavy buyers of flour, but so far most of their supply has been from the mills of Oregon and the Pacific States.

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"THE VERY LATEST" THE CANADIAN Gold Fields of the North-West Territory And the Head Waters of the Yukon Telling how to get there when to go, what to take and where to outfit. The latest information on the subject is contained in "The Province" Map of the Klondyke SIZE 28x42. Compiled and prepared from the following authorities: "Ogilvie's Reports and Maps," "Dawson's Reports and Surveys," "Department of the Interior (of the U.S.) Map of Alaska," "Postmaster-General's (of the U.S.) Official Postal Map of Routes," "United States Geodetic Coast Survey. Price 50c. Mounted on Cloth in neat Waterproof Cover \$1.00. ALL NEWS AGENTS, OR FROM The Province Publishing Co., Ltd. VICTORIA and VANCOUVER.

THE KLONDYKE GOLD FIELDS ARE IN CANADA. Goods purchased elsewhere than in Canada are subject to Customs Duty on entering the Yukon. Strong force of Customs Officers and Mounted Police stationed at the Passes. Customs Certificates on purchases in Canada will prevent any delay from Canadian or United States officials.

VICTORIA, British Columbia, Is the best place to fit out and sail from. All Steamboats going North start from or call at Victoria. G. A. KIRK, President B. C. Board of Trade.

MORTGAGE SALE. Tenders will be received by the undersigned until the 20th day of November next for the purchase of that parcel of land described as Lot Eight of Sub. Lot Two of the Fernwood Estate, according to a certain subdivision of Sub. Lots Two and Three, Fernwood Estate, and part of One, Fernwood Estate, being part of sections 74, 75 and 76 in the City of Victoria, according to a plan filed in the Land Registry Office at Victoria as No. 271. Mortgage registered in charge book vol. 12, folio 257, as No. 15,103 B. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. MARTIN & LANOLEY, 45 Government street, Victoria, B.C. Solicitors for the Mortgage. Dated October 25th, 1897. oct25-1m

Windsor Fire Relief Fund. Notice is hereby given that subscriptions lists have been opened at the City Hall, Government Buildings, Supreme Court, Banks of B.C., B.N.A. and Montreal, the Customs House, the Province Office, the Public Schools, Times and Colonist offices, in aid of the sufferers from the recent fire in Windsor, Nova Scotia, whereby it is estimated 3,000 people have been rendered homeless, many of whom are entirely destitute. It is to be hoped a liberal response will be made to this appeal. CHAS. B. REDFERN, Mayor.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co. NOTICE. To Prospectors, Miners and Holders of Mineral Claims on unoccupied land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant, FOR ONE YEAR ONLY from the date of this notice, the Railway Company will sell their rights to minerals (except coal and iron) and the surface rights of mineral claims at the price of \$5.00 per acre. Such sales will be subject to all other reservations contained in conveyances from the Company prior to this date. One half of the purchase money to be paid ten days after recording the claim with the Government, and a duplicate of the record to be filed in the Company's Land Office, Victoria, as payment of the first instalment. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments, at the expiration of six and twelve months, without interest. Present holders of Mineral Claims who have not previously made other arrangements with the Company for acquiring Surface and Mineral Rights, are hereby notified to do so, make the first payment on their Claims, as otherwise they will be deemed and treated as trespassers. LEONARD H. BULLY, Land Commissioner. Victoria, B.C., June 1st, 1897.

"Municipal Clauses Act, 1896" Pursuant to the above act, notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at the next sitting of the said Board as a Licensing Court for the transfer of the retail license of the premises situate at the southeast corner of Government and Humboldt streets, in the said city, known as the Bay View Hotel, of which premises I am the owner and present license holder, to Richard Henry Berryman, of Victoria, aforesaid, saloon keeper. Dated the 1st day of November, 1897. J. H. SHELLEY.

JNO. MESTON Carriage Maker BLACKSMITH ETC. 2000 1/2 ST. JAMES ST. VICTORIA, B.C.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT. MR. THOS. DOLPHIN, TARA, ONT., says: "I had itching piles for about eight or twelve years, and tried everything I could hear or read of, and found that nothing did me any good. Mr. Hildner, of Chase's Ointment, gave me a sample box of Chase's Ointment, and from the first application I found relief, and after two or three applications I cured me so that I have not been afflicted since, and that is over a year ago."

CURES PILES. 50 CENTS A BOX. 27 1/2 WATSON, 27 1/2 WATSON, & CO., Toronto, Ont. For sale by Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

The Daily Times.

Published every day except Sunday, by the Times Printing & Publishing Co. W. TEMPLEMAN, MANAGER. Office: 20 Broad Street. Telephone: No. 45. SUBSCRIPTION PRICE: One month by mail or carrier, \$1.00. One week by mail or carrier, 20c. Twice-a-week Times, per annum, \$1.50.

THE GRAND JURY SYSTEM.

It is difficult to defend the system of grand juries. Apparently nobody wants it, and few persons can be found to defend it. A grand jury has no power, executive, judicial, or administrative. They are neither useful nor ornamental. In our system of jurisprudence it is a survival of an ancient custom more than a survival of the fittest.

A VICTORIA-KLONDIKE COMPANY.

From a resident of Victoria who has given much thought to the matter we have been favored with a few particulars regarding a scheme which he thinks should merit the attention of all Victoria men who intend to try their fortunes on the Klondike next spring. The plan proposed is nothing less than a Mutual Aid Association to hold good from Victoria to the Klondike and then be dissolved if thought expedient.

In rotation from the company's strength to watch camp and act as escort for the goods. An advance party would select and prepare the nightly bivouac and the cooks could have ready for the main body when they arrived at the end of the day's march a substantial and properly prepared meal.

A distinct flavor of the E. A. Poe school clings to the pleasant little yarn just out of the backwoods of Quebec province. Meech, a Black River milkman, had for a boarder Mr. Last, who was also his creditor for a considerable sum.

Dr. R. M. Wenley, professor of moral philosophy in the University of Michigan, and recently professor of the same in Glasgow University, writing in the "New World" on "The movement of religious thought in Scotland, 1843-96," concludes his paper with the remarkable statement from so remarkably clear and unimpassioned a thinker that—"In the persons of her leading theologians, Scotland does not now stand where she did fifty years ago, but she still witnesses for the supernatural nature of Christianity, a result of the growing perception that Darwin and Wallace (Oxford) and modern thought generally, have no more swept away man's spiritual nature and life than Copernicus or Lyell was once supposed to have done."

HE FACED DEATH.

How Garibaldi Looked Into the Muzzles of the Guns. On the 7th Garibaldi announced his intention of entering Naples. He left his army behind him and advanced with a few staff officers to capture the city in the teeth of the Neapolitan garrison.

The London, Ont., Free Press severely criticizes the premier for going to Washington. The Free Press says: "We hope that no such midsummer madness as seeking a ten per cent. drop all round on our tariff will affect Sir Wilfrid Laurier's brain. But we have had so many surprises from our new premier that a few more would not astonish the Dominion."

"The Scroggie party," says a Winnipeg report, "bound from Montreal to the Klondike, have already spent \$20,000, and they have not reached their destination." Either a mighty big crowd, the Scroggie party, or there is too much peach pie, oyster soup and champagne in the diet. If they had come to Victoria, like sensible people, half that sum would have outfitted them and taken them up to Dawson.

thing about the case is that the health officials bitterly condemn the action of Archbishop Bruched and his colleagues of the school board for refusing to enforce vaccination in the schools under their charge. Dr. Labege, medical health officer, declares that a large percentage of the children in the schools are not vaccinated and has announced his determination to enforce the vaccination laws. It is expected there will be a repetition of the exciting anti-vaccination scenes of 1885.

Illuminating gas for inflating bicycle tires is the latest from Paris. The dealers are now selling a tube and stopcock which can be fitted to any gas jet, and the tire is thus filled instantly as hard as a board and tight as a drum. The gas is said to give much greater buoyancy and resiliency than air, and is consequently much faster for track riding. We expect some ingenious American will patent a device to utilize the gas in the tires for illuminating the head light, and then we shall know the twentieth century is just round the corner.

The governor of the State of Georgia, in his message to the state legislature the other day vigorously attacked the practice of lynching. To exterminate the crime, he said, it must be made shameful and odious, and he presses the legislature to pass stringent laws laying severe penalties on lynchings. He takes place under heavy indemnity to the relatives of the mob's victims. If the Georgia press takes the matter up and reads the people some wholesome lessons it will do a splendid service. Georgia's governor thus sounded the true note.

WOMEN AS ENTERTAINERS.

After Dinner and Luncheon They Recite and Whistle. With the short dinner has come the necessity of some form of entertainment to succeed the meal. Unless it is to be followed by the theatre or a dance the hostess must provide some special amusement for her guests. Old fashioned dinner gives remember the days when brilliant conversation, quick wit and ready repartee filled the hour after the gentlemen rejoined the ladies, but all that is passed.

In New York vaudeville performers and flashlight photographs were in vogue for a while, but their popularity was short lived. No one cared to see herself diverted in makeshift pictures, and the objections to artists of the vaudeville stage were many and apparent. Now it is the "reduced woman" who has advanced into position, and who is in great and ever-increasing requisition.

A young woman who in her palmy days went whistling through her father's house, and heard occasional warnings about "whistling girls and crowing hens," now that she has a widowed mother to support, practices her art professionally, and receives \$25 for a tune or two whistled in lady's drawing room after dinner.

THE ENGAGEMENT RING.

The legal status of an engagement ring has been decided by Justice Lemon of Brooklyn. He held that "an engagement ring is not a gift, and that, in case the engagement is broken, the ring does not belong to the woman, but to the man." In the case in question there was a peculiar complication, says the Hartford Times, because it was proved that before the engagement was broken the man took the ring, apparently in a joke, and kept it over night, returning it the next day, but with paste substituted for the diamond in the ring. The girl discovered the substitution, and soon after the engagement was broken. Then she sued, charging the man with larceny of the diamond. The judge ruled substantially in accordance with the view of the defendant's lawyer, which was that when a young man becomes betrothed to a girl and delivered to her an engagement ring, it is not a gift of absolute property, but the portion of a contract, a sort of consideration, and that if the young woman broke the contract she must return the consideration. The young woman in such a case must put herself in statu quo, so to speak, because the law assumed that in breach of contract of any kind the party wishing to escape the law must return the consideration, so as to put both parties in the same position, or as near as possible, as they were prior to the agreement.

EFFECTS OF PROSPERITY.

"You must give your wife a teaspoonful of this medicine every half hour," said the country doctor to Jake Hayswood. "The way wheat is sellin' I guess I can afford to give her a teaspoonful every ten minutes," replied the generous farmer.—New York World. "What yeast does your wife use to make her bread rise?" asked one young married man of another. "Why, I don't think she uses any kind of yeast," was the reply. "I think she uses an alarm clock."—Yonkers Statesman.



MAGNETS THAT LIFT TONS.

A Chicago correspondent of the Philadelphia Times describes magnets used in the plate mill of the Illinois Steel Company to lift immense masses of iron, hot or cold. They pick up four or five tons of steel plates as easily as you would take a penny from the table, and place them in the desired spot just as easily as you would take a penny from the table, and place them in the desired spot just as easily as you would place that penny in your pocket.

The magnets in use at the plate mills are of the double-pole type. The first one was designed for loading 4x4-inch billets from a pile in the stock yards up on cars for shipment. It was found, however, upon putting this magnet into use, that it did not operate, on account of the billets being so thoroughly entangled in the pile. The magnets were then attached to a crane in the plate mill and used for handling plates. The double-pole magnets in use by the steel company are supplied with safety fuses of iron wire, and for this only require four amperes with a 240-volt current.

One of the greatest difficulties that confronted the steel company when it first began to operate these magnets was the task of handling the plates one at a time. Of course it was not desirable to pick up half a dozen plates with the magnet and throw them down in a heap somewhere. The system of handling plates required that one plate at a time be taken care of. There was no principle of present to go by in bringing about the desired result, and so it was left to a keen-witted electrician to solve the problem.

It came to him one day just what ought to be done to bring the magnet up to the one-plate standard. So, after the magnet had been lowered on to the pile of plates, and several plates taken up by the operator pulled the switch out, thereby breaking the current for an instant. He found that by this operation one or two plates could be dropped off at each breaking of the current, the plates went to the magnet retaining sufficient magnetism to hold them to the steel of the magnet itself until the current was again switched on. This operation was repeated until only one plate remained attached to the magnet, and it was then an easy matter to deposit it in the desired location.

The concentric pole magnet, as one of these in use is termed, was especially designed for handling the hot plates and ingots of steel. In fact there has been no difficulty whatever in handling a 6,000 or 8,000 pound ingot at a low red heat. This latter feature seems one of the most wonderful to those who visit the mill and see this marvelous accomplishment of magnets. We have all been told that magnets attracted cold steel, but it is certainly a novelty to see one of these magnets lifting the red-hot metal just as easily as it would that bar which, if you placed your tongue on it on a frosty morning, would stick closer than a brother thereto.

As a labor-saving apparatus the huge magnets are beyond compare. They work swiftly and silently, and save an immense amount of time. In fact, the limit of their speed of action has never yet been discovered, because it has never been considered wise to test them to their fullest capacity, the ordinary everyday rate of speed being considered sufficient to fulfill all requirements. Previous to the introduction of the magnet, the work which it accomplished required a far greater expenditure of time, both of men and machinery, and on no occasion was the work done so efficiently.

Members of Far West Lodge, No. 1, and Victoria Lodge, No. 17, will hold a joint session on Thursday, Nov. 18th, at 7:30 p.m., when Grand Chancellor J. E. Evans will make his official visit. All Knights are requested to be present as business of importance will be brought before the meeting. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to be present.

Having purchased the business of Marvin & Tilton, Hardware Merchants, we beg to intimate that the business will be carried on as usual by us as from 12th Instant. Mr. R. G. Tilton will collect and pay all accounts of the late firm up till said date. We solicit a continuance of the support of the old customers of the firm, and assure them no effort will be wanting on our part to merit their favor. Arrangements have been made for a large addition of new stock.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

Improved Real Estate, ordinary plan or interest and principal, payable monthly. Swinerton & Oddy, 106 GOVERNMENT STREET.

THE A.O.U.W. HALL.

12th Street, Victoria.

FILLED NIGHTLY WITH THE BEST PEOPLE OF THE CITY.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 17.

The most popular of society dramas.

EAST LYNNE.

"Hundreds turned away before 8 o'clock" "A great satisfaction."—Vancouver World.

Special features every evening. Change of bill nightly, and at Wednesday and Saturday matinees. Admission 15c. Reserved Seats, 30c. and 50c. May be secured at Lombard's Music Store, Fort St., one week in advance.

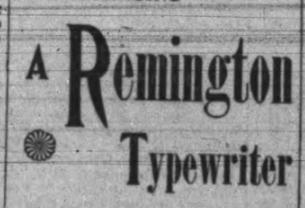
WEDNESDAY MATINEE, 2:30. DIVORCE.

MATINEE PRICES, 10c & 25c.

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A Remington Typewriter

you get a perfect and reliable machine, made by a company of thirty years' standing, and what they don't know about Typewriters is not worth knowing.



M. W. Waitt & Co. LOCAL DEALERS.

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GLASSES ADJUSTED, 37 EYES TESTED FREE. FORT ST.

W. JONES, Auctioneer.

Salerooms 133 Government St. Open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Auction sales held at salerooms every Wednesday and Saturday at 2 o'clock.

Auction sales arranged for and conducted at your residence on the shortest notice. Best prices obtained.

Furniture bought for cash. Agent for steam tug Letts.

W. JONES, Auctioneer.

NOTICE Knights of Pythias.

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TO LET

6 roomed cottage, Oak Bay, 25.

6 roomed house, cor. Fernwood and Johnson street, 210.

6 roomed house, Johnson street, 28.

10 roomed house, Gorge road, 2 acres land, 250.

8 roomed house, Esquimalt road, 2 acres land, 225.

5 roomed house, 1/2 acre land, Oak Bay 1 Avenue, 114.

6 roomed house, cor. Boyd and Sylvia, 219.

6 roomed house, Randall St., 28.

6 roomed house, 125 Chestnut St., 110.

5 roomed house, Jessie St., 28.

5 roomed house, Dallas Road.

7 roomed house, Oak Bay Ave., 40.

7 roomed house, Caledonia Ave., 120.

BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO., 28 BROAD STREET

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WANTED.

WANTED—GHI for general housework. Apply to Henry street, Hook Bay, n15-11.

WANTED—Solicitors of good address—either sex—to sell California roses, rare, hardy ornamentals, etc. Towns and cities only. Will pay salary weekly. Be quick. State age. The Howland Nursery Company, Los Angeles, Cal. n12-11

HOUSE WANTED—Will purchase a house and lot if price and terms are satisfactory. House must have not less than ten rooms, with all modern conveniences and be well situated. Address, with particulars, "Business," Times office.

WANTED—At 88 Johnson street, ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off clothing, boots and shoes. Booth. n11-11

WAITERS' Short Black Coats, all sizes, Gilmore & McAndrews. oct12-11

FOR SALE.

MASKS! MASKS!—Largest and most complete stock in the city. Wm. WILBY, 91 Douglas street. n12-11

FOR SALE OR LEASE—The Mount Newton Hotel, with 90 acres of land, in South Saanich; also a farm of 65 acres, with handsome cottage and outbuildings. Apply A. Williams, 104 Yates street. n11-11

FOR SALE—Two good pianos. Apply W. Jones, Auctioneer. n11-11

A GREAT OFFER—The Columbia Cyclopedia, bound in extra olive cloth, 11 vols., of 500 pages each, can be secured for \$1 per volume, payable in monthly installments, by applying to the editor of the Times. The publishers, Funk & Wagnall Co., ask for orders in advance of publication, hence the advance price—\$1 which the work is offered.

FOR SALE—The fixtures, furniture and stock of the Hall Saloon, Post street. Immediate possession given. Apply to A. W. Barnett, on the premises, or to Wm. Harrison, 67 and 69 Johnson street. aug12-11

TO LET.

TO LET—The premises in Terrace avenue at present occupied by G. F. E. Telegraph office. Apply 40 Government St.

TO LET OR LEASE—All those premises fronting on Alfred, Chambers and Putnam streets, Spring Hill, lately occupied by Mr. Samuel King as bakery, etc., containing house, garden, stables and a large brick bakery. Well adapted for a home and business. Apply to John E. Lovell, 180 View street. n12-11

TO LET—The Commercial Hotel, Douglas street, from 1st June. Apply B. Porter & Sons, Douglas street.

TO LET—House on Bellot street, 111; also, corner Government and Bay streets, 110; 7 roomed house, Cedar Hill road, 25; store in Duane Block, Douglas street, 225; 4 roomed house on Green street, 41; 5 roomed brick cottage, Gorge Road, 112; 7 roomed house, No. 19 Kane street, 112; cottage on Michigan street, 37; brick house, corner Goddard Bay Road and Oak Bay Avenue, 110. A. W. More & Co., 88 Government street.

AMUSEMENTS.

DON'T FAIL TO VISIT the school room of the Centennial Methodist Church, next day of this week. A great exhibition will be given of the Benoni Kinetoscope, the Speaking Photograph. Price of tickets, 25 cents adults, children 10 cents. Three exhibitions, 20 cents. n12-11

LECTURE ON NEW METALLURGY, Skagway and Dyea, by Dr. Joseph Whittier at Waitt's Hall, Wednesday evening, 17th November. Tickets, 25 cents. n12-11

GRAND MASQUERADE BALL, Methoan Hall, Thursday evening, November 18th, 1897. Tickets, admitting lady and gentleman, \$1.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOULE-SCHREIBER Household Coal, 25 per ton of 2,000 lbs. weight guaranteed, delivered to any part of the city. Kingham & Co. Office, corner Fort and Broad streets. Telephone call 233. This coal is mined by the New Vancouver Coal Co., Ltd., Nanaimo, B. C. n12-11

COAL OR WOOD—Leave orders with Mann, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite Driland. n12-11

BEAUTIFUL Blooming Chrysanthemums at J. T. Higgins', Cadboro Bay road. Fort street cars to door. n12-11

F. J. RAAB, SPIRITUALIST, clairvoyant and trance medium, brings messages from the spirit world by writing, 31 View street. n12-11

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS, Bell-Hungers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 120.

USE ADVENT FLOUR—A pure, fine whole wheat flour. Mrs. B. Hunt, Bookland Avenue, sole agent. Orders taken at Speed Bros' grocery. oct12-11

MRS. DR. C. C. CHAMBERS, the celebrated Clairvoyant and Medium, Clarence Hotel, Room 5. sep7

VETERINARY.

R. F. TOLMER, VETERINARY SURGEON—Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. Office at Irsay's Livery 109 Johnson street. Telephone 122. Residence telephone 417; calls promptly attended to day or night, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. Orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocery, Cochrane & Mann, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residences, 20 Vancouver street. Telephone, 120.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE PRICE

OF CLOCK AND WATCHES HAVING BEEN ADVANCED 25 PER CENT, NO ADVANCE WILL BE MADE BY US ON FORMER PRICES UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

S. A. STODDART,

DIRECT IMPORTERS, 68 YATES ST.

P. J. DAVIES,

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER, COMMISSION MERCHANT

81 Johnson St., Victoria.

SELLING DIANA'S PLAYGROUND.

Chance for a Millionaire to Buy Some Historical Curiosities.

Diana's playground is to be put up at auction and knocked down to the highest bidder with the same commercial vulgarity that characterizes the sale of a second-hand kitchen stove.

This sounds like fiction, but it is merciless, cold truth. Filippo, Prince of Orsini, head of that ancient family, one of the hereditary Grand Charges of the Vatican and an assistant at the papal throne, is a bankrupt, and his creditors have forced him to agree to the public sale of his principal property, the Neul estate, located some sixteen miles from Rome.

There are many things which make this property the most interesting and historically valuable estate in the world over, and if any American millionaire is anxious to possess himself of a veritable mine of antiquities the present opportunity is one that does not occur once in a score of lifetimes.

Here is a chance for an Astor or a Vanderbilt to become the proprietor of the woods which in ancient times were given up to the worship of Diana. Here is also the fountain of Egeria and the crevice in the rock where Numa is said to have consulted that lovely nymph. Right here, too, are the ruins of a magnificent villa which James started to build with the intention of inhabiting it when in need of repose and quiet. Vitellius also spent his leisure hours here, as did also many of the ancients.

But it was Tibertus, the second Emperor of Rome, one of the greatest all-around scoundrels in history, and a superlative voluptuary, who gives the Neul estate its greatest interest. In the Neul Lake are sunk two famous pleasure treasuries of the Emperor, each of them as equipped with a bathhouse, and from the negro luxuries made it is believed that they hold riches that would pay off the debts of the Prince of Orange.

But how to get at these riches has been a puzzle to antiquarians for 400 years. The pleasure craft lie in one hundred feet of water, and are partly submerged in the bottom of the lake. They have been there for nearly nine hundred years.

Two years ago the Prince Orsini's funds were all gone, but the work of exploring begun by him was continued by the Italian government, with scarcely any better results, except that the divers have been able to give a very clear idea of the character of the construction of one of the pleasure craft. These descriptions have enabled the famous draughtsman, Falnero Arcanti, to construct a picture of the floating mammoth as it probably looked in the time of Tibertus.

Very little has been recovered from either of the sunken palaces. Several mooring rings were brought up two years ago, and later two life-sized figures of a lion and a wolf, both exquisitely modelled in bronze, and from their appearance it seems that the mooring rings had been set in the months of these images.

For numberless years, archaeologists and scientists have been deeply interested in these vessels, as from the luxury-loving character of Tibertus it is believed that they were filled with thousands of treasures which, if recovered, will show the manner of living of the powerful ancients more clearly than anything yet discovered, not excepting the wonders unearthed in Pompeii.

There is some doubt about the exact year that Tibertus Claudius Nero Caesar took up his residence at Neul. He was born in 42 B. C., and was adopted by the Emperor Augustus in 4 B. C. He ascended the throne in A. D. and reigned fifteen years later to make his home on the island of Capri, near Naples, where for eight years he gave full swing to his ferocious appetite, dying in 57 A. D. at the age of 54, after living a life that ought to have killed him at thirty.

Not he was a giant in physical strength. One of his amusements was to crack the skull of a boy or young man by merely snapping his fingers on the victim's cranium. If this is true, he has more strength in one finger than the average athlete has in his whole arm and hand.

It was probably in the first years of his reign when he departed from the ordinary vice to plunge into the most violent excesses that he conceived the scheme of building the floating palaces on Lake Neul, where, with Pompeius Plancus, Lucius Pilo and other extreme voluptuaries, he could devote into the vilest state of iniquity without interference. It was while inhabiting these lake palaces that human blood became an essential concomitant of his pleasures.

CHURCH BUILT BY CONVICTS.

One of the Sights of Great Britain's Penal Settlement.

In the stony fastness of Portland's rugged isle, or rather promontory, in whose penal settlement the notorious James Balfour is at present expiating his misdeeds, there is a sight which tourists often overlook, says the London Mail.

The beautiful garrison church of St. Peter's is a convict work throughout, with the exception only of the colored mosaic in the rosette, which were inserted by an Italian artist. The church is, of course, of Portland stone, the same material of which St. Paul's cathedral, the Law Courts, the monument, Westminster bridge and the banqueting room at Whitehall have been built.

St. Peter's is situated just outside the prison domain, and is for the use of the line regiment stationed at Verne citadel, the highest point in the island. The interest attaching to such a building is heightened by the circumstances that the verger of the church at Portland prison can tell you whose work is represented in particular parts. The border round the porch and the mosaic pavement of the sanctuary are the delicate handiwork of Constantine Kent, the last of the line regiment stationed at Verne citadel, the highest point in the island.

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QUEER HAPPENINGS.

Sam Dodge, a ranchman, living south-west of Caney, Kan., went to Vinita, I. T., on business, and shortly after he had done so, his 5-year-old child, wandering away from home in an attempt to follow him, Mrs. Dodge discovered her absence about two hours after Sam's departure. She made a thorough search of the premises, and failing to find the child, notified the neighbors of her disappearance. They turned out in force and scoured the prairie all that day and all that night and all the next day, searching for the little wanderer. Late Saturday evening an Indian came upon her fast asleep, just south of Post Oak creek, in an old road known as the "whiskey trail."

Across her body stood a Newfoundland dog, which had always been her companion about the ranch. The dog was torn and bleeding, and near his feet lay the bodies of two wolves. Although her cheeks were stained with tears and covered with dust, Bessie will show the manner of living of the powerful ancients more clearly than anything yet discovered, not excepting the wonders unearthed in Pompeii.

ARE MEN NEATER THAN WOMEN?

Are women neater than men was a question recently asked by a cynical old bachelor who is a stern critic as to all that regards a woman's get up. This was the reply: "Women are endowed with strange capacities and while extremely fastidious in many ways, are very neglectful in others. Even the sweetest society girl is not as particular as to the freshness of her collar and cuffs as the plain, everyday man of business; to change his lines at least once a day is a sort of religion with most men. With women it is different; they will inspect their collars and cuffs after a hard day's work and decide that they will do, not recognizing the fact that if any doubt exists on the matter they should be consigned to the laundry without demur.

"Again, a man is much more concerned as to the state of his shoes than a woman; even the poor clerk on a meagre salary spends his nickel a day for a shine, without grudging, and if it is imperative that the nickel be saved, he gets up earlier in the morning and wields the blacking brush himself. The woman will gown herself in Worth's or Pagnola's latest creation and forget to look at her shoes; she is willing to condone the loss of one or two buttons and the consequent baggy appearance of her extraneous; like the peacock, she trusts to the gorgonness of her plumage and hopes that her skirts will cover all defects."—From Godley's.

Was Out of Sorts.

"I was all out of sorts with loss of appetite and loss of sleep. I could not rest myself without stopping to rest. My kidneys were affected. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I now have a better appetite and am able to sleep soundly." Mrs. Margaret Bird, 382 Bethune street, Peterboro, Ontario.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy, yet efficient.



Do you see this package? keep it in your mind and when you ask for "Athlete" See that this is what you get.

Corporation of the City of Victoria

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDING 30th SEPTEMBER, 1897.

PUBLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SEC. 62, THE MUNICIPAL CLAUSES ACT 1896.

Table with columns for RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE, listing various items like City debt, Municipal council, Civic salaries, etc., with corresponding amounts.

Certified Correct, J.A. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

Advertisement for THE TWICE-A-WEEK TIMES, Always brim full of Bright and Spicy News. Only \$1.50 per year in advance.

THE CLOVE TREE.

The clove tree is a native of the Molucca Islands and belongs to the far-spread family of myrtles. It is a tall, very hardy, some evergreen, with ovate-oblong leaves and purple flowers, arranged in corymbs on short-jointed stalks. The flowers are produced in great profusion, and when they appear, which is at the beginning of the rainy season, they are in the form of elongated, greenish buds. These unexpanded buds are the cloves of commerce, which derive their name from the Spanish word clavo, "a nail," so-called from the real, or fancied, resemblance of the bud to a nail.

Sometimes the clove fruit appears in commerce in a dried state, under the name of "mother cloves." It has an odor and flavor similar to cloves, but is much weaker. The flower buds are beaten from the tree, and are dried by the smoke of wood fire, and afterward by the sun. If the buds remain on the tree, the calyx gradually swells, the embryo seeds enlarge, and the pungent properties of the cloves are, in a great degree, dissipated.

Cloves consist of two parts, a round head, which is, in fact, the flower rolled up, inclosing a number of small filaments, and the four points that surround the flower and form the flower cup of the spruce seed vessel. When they are soaked for a short time in hot water the flowers soften and readily swell, so that all the parts may be seen.

The entire clove tree is highly aromatic, and the foot stalks of the leaves have nearly the same pungent quality as the calyx of the flower.—Philadelphia Times.

Advertisement for OCEANIC Steamship Company, FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

Advertisement for Victoria & Sidney R'y, Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Advertisement for Pacific Coast Steamship Co., The Company's elegant steamers CITY OF PUEBLO, WALLA WALLA and UMATILLA, carrying H. B. M. mails, leave VICTORIA, B. C., for San Francisco, at 9 p.m., Nov. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Dec. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Jan. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 31, Feb. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 31, Mar. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 31, Apr. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 31, May 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 31, Jun. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 30, Jul. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 31, Aug. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 31, Sep. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 30, Oct. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 31, Nov. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 30, Dec. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 31, 1897.

Advertisement for Str. City of Kingston, FROM TACOMA, DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS).

Advertisement for Spokane Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard Red Mountain Railways, The only all rail route without change of cars between Spokane, Roseland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Roseland.

Advertisement for Eastern + Canadian and U.S. Points, CANADIAN PACIFIC RY., SOO PACIFIC RAILWAY, THERE IS ONLY ONE DIRECT ROUTE TO Eastern + Canadian and U.S. Points.

Advertisement for Atlantic Steamship Agency, THROUGH TICKETS TO AND FROM All European Points AT LOWEST RATES.

Advertisement for NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY, FULLY AIRCRAFT CARS, ELEGANT DINING CARS, UPHOLSTERED TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

Advertisement for THE QUICKEST ALL-RAIL ROUTE TO ROSSLAND, KOOTENAI and KETTLE RIVER MINING DISTRICTS.

Advertisement for THE DIRECT RAIL ROUTE TO KOOTENAY MINING COUNTRY.

Advertisement for THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE, (C. P. R. & C. O. R.), Three (3) First-Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria, as follows:

Advertisement for Going to Chicago or Anywhere East?, If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul to Duluth reads via

Advertisement for THE LIBRARY CAR ROUTE, ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST, GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Advertisement for Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y Co., Commencing Monday, November 1st, 1897, the S.S. "CITY OF NANAIMO" W. D. OWEN, Master.

Advertisement for Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y Co., Will sail as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may order.

Advertisement for THE LIBRARY CAR ROUTE, MEALS IN DINING CAR A LA CARTE, America's Scenic Line.

Advertisement for Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED), Time Table No. 20, Taking Effect December 24th, 1896.

Advertisement for Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y Co., TIME TABLE NO. 20, To take effect at 7:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 4th, 1897.

Advertisement for Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y Co., Commencing Monday, November 1st, 1897, the S.S. "CITY OF NANAIMO" W. D. OWEN, Master.

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Advertisement for CASTORIA For Infants and Children, Have no equal as a prompt and positive cure for a sick headache, biliousness, constipation, colic in the side and all liver troubles. Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Advertisement for Windsor Salt, Ask your grocer for Windsor Salt For Table and Dairy, Purist and Best.

What the Provincial Press is Saying.

(Nelson Miner.)

The news of the appointments of Messrs. Templeman and McInnes to their respective high positions only recalled us last week...

Hitherto our particular corner of the province has been terra incognita at Ottawa, though it is only fair to add that during the last year of Mr. Mara's representation he did what he could to bring it into notice...

When next the time comes for serving out honors Kootenay may fairly ask to come in for her share...

(Kaslo Kootenay.)

Feather pullers like the Mail and Empire and the Victoria Colonist, who delight in picturing Sir Wilfrid Laurier as the willing tool and suppliant dupe of the United States government...

Sir Wilfrid's present mission to Washington is one of great importance to Canada. The first question to be taken up, the Behring sea controversy...

The importance of the premier's journey lies in the probability of amicable trade relations and a freer intercourse—the coming and the going of the two people—resulting. Mr. Laurier believes the time is opportune for introducing the plan of the great statesman...

(Rossland Miner.)

Hewitt Bostock, the representative of Kootenay in the house of commons, is not an orator, but he is a politician...

(Kootenay Mail.)

Klondike! Klondike! It is in every month; it is in all the papers; it is everywhere with painful persistence. How much of this notoriety is transportation company advertising, how much boom and how much honest fact it is very hard to tell...

We in Kootenay must not be sacrificed to this wild-eyed, hurry-to-be-rich excitement. We must keep our own resources before the public and develop our own country. We have many Klondikes in our hills and gravel close at hand...

Provincial News.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The first snow of the season fell early Sunday morning and gave the Royal City folks the first taste of winter. There was a sharp frost on Sunday night.

REVELSTOKE.

The leader of the provincial Opposition party, Charles E. Semlin, returned last Sunday from a prolonged trip through South Kootenay. He went the whole round of the country and says he was well received everywhere.

(Slocan Pioneer.)

The Canadian Pacific and the Columbian & Western have shaken hands at Rossland. Through trains now run daily each way from Rossland to Nelson in five hours.

(Slocan City News.)

Perhaps not since the days of '40 has there been such a whirlwind of excitement sweep over the continent as that of the past summer, caused by the strikes on the tributaries of the Yukon river.

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HOW ONE BOY GOT A JOB.

He Applied Before the Boss Knew the Situation Was Vacant.

In London not long ago, a small boy dashed breathless into a merchant's office and demanded: "Is the gov'nor in?" "Yes, what do you want?" "Must see him myself. Most pertickler."

(Slocan Pioneer.)

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(Kootenay Mail.)

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SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA. A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE TONIC AND STOMACH AND LIVER CURE. The Wonderful HEALTH BUILDER & NERVE FOOD. This Remedy cures Indigestion and Dyspepsia, as well as all Nervous Diseases, by acting on the Nerve Centres at the base of the brain.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE IS A WONDERFUL CURE FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA. Loss of Appetite, Weight and Tenderness in the Stomach, Sour Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Wind upon the Stomach, Nausea and Sick Stomach, Sick-Headache, Hiccough, Water Brash, Heartburn, Vertigo and Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Frightful Dreams, etc.

The South American Nervine. Is probably the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of all Chronic Stomach troubles, because it acts through the nerve centres. It gives marked relief in ONE DAY, and very soon effects a permanent cure. The first bottle will convince anyone that a cure is certain.

In Bed Six Years. HARTFORD CITY, Blackfoot Co., Indiana, June 8, '95. GENTLEMEN: I received a letter from you May 27, stating that you had heard of my wonderful recovery from a spell of sickness of six years duration, through the use of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE, and asking for my testimonial.

NOTICE. Is hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a transfer into Nicholas City of the road line between now held in respect to Truck and Hotel, corner of Bridge and Water streets, in the City of Victoria, and also the re-licensing of the temporary license of said license under Act, Chapter 21, S. 2, R.S. 1897.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE. Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing the annoying complaint, which they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Use if they only cure.

HEADACHE. Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing the annoying complaint, which they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Use if they only cure.

ACHE. In the base of so many lives that there is where it marks our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action cleanse all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Tutti-Frutti. GOLD MEDALS and highest awards at the Expositions have always been awarded to ADAMS' Tutti-Frutti. See that the trade mark name "Tutti-Frutti" is on each package. All others are imitations.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that we have deposited with the Minister of Public Works, Ottawa, and the Registrar General of Titles, Victoria, B. C. plans and descriptions of site of works proposed to be constructed by the Victoria Chemical Company, Limited, of Victoria, situate in Victoria harbor, immediately fronting the said Company's works; and further, that we have, on behalf of the said Company, applied to the Governor in Council for approval thereof. Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 29th day of October, 1907. MARTIN & LANGLEY, 43 Government Street, Victoria, B.C. Solicitors for the Applicants. oct27-1m

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, we intend to apply for a transfer of the license held by the late Charles Pagton, for the sale of wines and liquors on the premises known as the Hall Saloon, Fort Street, to W. Harrison and A. W. Barnett, executors of the late William Cowling. GEORGE E. FISHER, JAMES D. ROBINSON, Executors of the late C. Pagton.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next session, for a transfer of the license issued to Henry Noble at the premises known as the Commercial Hotel, situate on Douglas Street, in the City of Victoria, to myself. ROBERT FORTER, nov-5-07

ESTABLISHED 1864. Victoria Loan Office. MONEY TO LOAN. On any approved security. Business strictly confidential. Private entrance, Oriental Alley. F. LANDRUM, Proprietor. P. O. Box 88.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE FALL ASSIZES

Antonio Reda Found Guilty of Unlawfully Wounding Polona.

Trial of Cummings Charged With Attempted Murder Proceeding To-Day.

The Reda case was not finished last night, the Chief Justice adjourning the trial about ten o'clock in the evening after Mr. Reda's address to the jury. This morning Mr. Smith addressed the jury and his Lordship delivered his charge. The jury, after an absence of a little over half an hour, came in with a verdict of guilty of unlawful wounding. Sentence was deferred until the end of the assizes.

Regina v. Cummings.
The trial of Thomas Cummings, charged with shooting with intent to murder, was then commenced. Mr. Justice McColl taking the case. Mr. Smith appeared for the crown and H. D. Holmcken, Q. C., for the accused. Hallett Bailey was the first witness, his evidence being practically the same as that given in the police court. He knew the accused and had known him for a year and Mrs. Cummings for a longer period. Cummings was married to Miss Neary about November, 1896, and shortly afterwards he went on a sealing cruise. During the time Cummings was away he became aware of the fact that gossip connected his name with that of Mrs. Cummings. On October 7th of this year he heard Cummings was back and on the 9th he called at the store and asked to have a talk with him; it was about noon, and customers kept coming in, so about one o'clock they went to the restaurant for lunch, and there the accused charged him with having improper relations with Mrs. Cummings and he denied the whole thing, as it was untrue. The whole trend of the conversation, which was led by Cummings, was to get at the relations existing between him and Mrs. Cummings. They were there about an hour, and after a pause he got up to go, when the accused jumped up and said "You're a deal man" and at the same time pointing a revolver at his chest and snapping it, but it did not go off. He ran off without his hat and the accused fired a couple of shots at him, one bullet taking effect in the leg and the other in the shoulder.

On cross-examination by Mr. Holmcken witness said that the second day after Miss Neary's marriage to Cummings she came to the store about 3.30 or 7 o'clock in the evening, saying she wanted to meet him. They met that night about 8 o'clock on Quadra street near the old cemetery. They talked for about half an hour and came down to the corner of Funt and Government streets, where they separated and Mrs. Cummings went home. He did not see her again until near the end of November, when he met her one evening on Government street, she had washed her hair, and they walked down to Leaning street and talked about fifteen minutes, when they parted. The Cummings were then living at the Clarence, but afterwards they went to Henry street. He next saw Mrs. Cummings one evening in December, the night after Mr. Cummings sailed on the sealing schooner. He stayed about an hour. After that he met her some few times, probably about twice in December, once at the Henry street house and the other time somewhere else, he did not know where. After the 1st of January, 1897, he met Mrs. Cummings occasionally at Beacon Hill and at the house and once on the Craigflower road—not more than eight or nine times altogether. When Cummings came to the store he may have asked for his wife's address. Some one had come to him and said Cummings was back and was very hot because his wife had gone away. He knew Mrs. Cummings was in San Francisco, but did not know her exact address and did not tell Cummings she was there. He had heard from Mrs. Cummings, some one else wrote a letter to him for her. He did not remember when it was, but thought it was about July. At the restaurant he denied Cummings all knowledge of the whereabouts of Mrs. Cummings. In the police court he said he could not remember certain parts of the conversation which he now recollects, and in explanation to Mr. Holmcken to-day he said in the police court he (Mr. Holmcken) had him rattled, and besides he was drunk and not very well at the time. He denied saying to Cummings that he intended to wreck his life by fair means or foul. At the restaurant he denied having had meetings with Mrs. Cummings.

"Plimpton says he is very jealous of his reputation."
"Well, he has reason to be. I wouldn't trust it for a moment if I had it."
Chicago News.

"What makes you think that Miss Venerable is in the sack and yellow?"
"Because she positively refuses to have any more birthday parties."—Detroit Free Press.

A JUDGE RESIGNS

Hon. Mr. Justice McCreight's Resignation Is on the Way to the Capital.

Benchers Urge Upon the Minister the Immediate Appointment of a Successor.

The resignation of Hon. Mr. Justice McCreight, of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, has been forwarded to the minister of justice and should reach Ottawa to-day. The announcement was made by Chief Justice Devie in the Full Court this morning as an explanation of why the court would have to be further adjourned, Justice McCreight having decided not to take any further cases, Justice Walkem being ill at Kamloops, and Justice Drake having been ordered by his physician to take a month's rest.

Justice McCreight's resignation and the illness of the two other judges, coming at the same time, will considerably delay the business of the court. With a view of effecting the best possible arrangement, the Benchers of the Law Society met this afternoon and decided to telegraph the minister of justice pointing out to him the necessity for the immediate appointment of a successor to Justice McCreight.

Hon. John Foster McCreight has been a judge of the supreme court for eighteen years, having been appointed by the Macdonald government in 1879 at the same time as the late Hon. Mr. Robertson. The two gentlemen, Messrs. McCreight and Robertson, had previously been colleagues in the legislature, and, in fact, were members of the same government. Mr. McCreight came to Victoria in the early sixties, and immediately commenced to practice as a barrister. He soon came into prominence and at the first general elections after confederation was elected a member for the legislative assembly for Victoria city and was called upon by Lieut-Governor D'Arche, now Sir Joseph Trutch, to form a government. He accepted the responsibility and selected the late Alexander Roche Robertson for his provincial secretary and George A. Walkem, now Hon. Justice Walkem, chief commissioner of lands and works, he himself taking the portfolio of attorney-general. Mr. McCreight did not long retain office. In December, 1872, during the absence of several of his supporters an adverse vote was passed in the house on some trivial matter in connection with the construction of a bridge, and he immediately tendered his resignation having become disgusted with politics. A coalition government with the late Hon. Amor De Cosmon as premier succeeded him. Mr. McCreight retained his seat in the legislature until the general election of 1875, when he dropped out of politics entirely. The retiring judge is now well on in years and for some time has been anxious to lay aside the cares of office.

KING KEEPS A LIVELY STABLE.
Man in Norway Who Claims He Should Occupy the Throne.

Amidst the king of Norway's recent celebration of his jubilee a correspondent of Modern Society writes:
"Few people are aware, except those who know the country well, that there is another king Oscar. His name is Ivar Tofte, and he keeps what is called a 'station' in the Godbrandsdal, a valley beyond the Ronsdal, on the way to Christiania, where many very old Norwegian families live. A station, I should explain, is a house where horses and carriages can be hired. Where there are no railway routes in Norway there are these 'land-skjeds,' some fast and some slow. Here a certain number of horses and carriages, stock-jozres, or trilles, must be kept for the use of travellers."
"Old Ivar Tofte traces his descent straight down from Harold Harfager—Harold the Fair Haired—and says he is really king of Norway. This Harold's date is so remote that it is 'wring in mystery,' but the chronologers give it as from 892 (?) to 933. In his own district Ivar Tofte is considered the king and disputes have been brought to him to settle just as if he were king, disputes which would not be taken to the real sovereign. It is asserted that on one occasion King Oscar and Ivar Tofte met, and Tofte, patting Oscar on the back, exclaimed: 'Ah, old fellow, if everyone had their rights, I should be where you are, and you would be somewhere else.'"
"Tofte is not without evidence of his royal lineage. He possesses a glorious service of gold plate, besides other relics of bygone splendor, and rumor has it, keeps the best store of aqua vitae in all Norway. Aqua vitae is the national spirit and it is only here and there, in recognized shops, that it is for sale. You can not buy either it or whisky at most of the hotels, for the sale of spirits is very rigorously legislated for in two kingdoms. And as for public houses, so called, there are none. Ivar Tofte is a very good natured old man, and by no means averse to discussing his royal lineage with chance customers, nor does he by any means conceal the fact of his being the rightful king of Norway. He has been in the minds of people a great deal during the recent jubilee celebrations."

COFFIN BUILT LIKE A BOAT.
British Admiral Has One Made With Portholes and Life-Lines.

A curiosity in the way of coffins is at present on view in an establishment in Liverpool, where it was constructed according to the design and order of, so it is said, an admiral of the British fleet, says the Philadelphia Press. The admiral's last resting place is in the form of a raily painted, trim-built wherry. It is of strong build and is in all respects constructed on the lines of an ordinary double ended life boat, without, perhaps, quite as much sheer as is usually found in such craft. This boat coffin is carved built and seven feet long and will be painted, like an old man-of-war, with black and white portholes. Life lines will be fixed round her, and when completed she will present a very tidy, seaworthy appearance. Two oars are to be supplied and rubber and tiller will be duly fitted. The wood used is pine, West Africa mahogany, oak an elm. This is supposed to be the first clipper-built coffin ever constructed.

A COWARDLY CROWN PRINCE.

In the old days a prince was not exempt from exposing himself in the fighting line. It is true he disguised half a dozen other men in armor like his own, so that he had a seventh of a chance of escaping recognition. But there was that one chance out of seven that he would be the one set upon by the enemy and that he would lose his kingdom by an arrow or a blow from a battleaxe. They led their subjects in those days; they did not at the first sign of a rebuff desert them on a special train.

That unfortunately was what the crown prince Constantine did at Larissa. It was only right that, both as the heir apparent and as commander-in-chief, he should have taken care to preserve his life. But he was too careful; or, to be quite fair to him, it may have been that he was ill advised by the young men on his staff. Still his staff was his own choosing. His chief of staff was a young man known as a leader of cotillions in Athens, and who, so I was repeatedly informed, has refused to fight nine duels in a country where that relic of barbarism is still recognized as an affair touching a man's honor. It was this youth who turned the Greek ladies out of a carriage to make room for a prince, and who helped to fill it with his highest linen and dressing cases. It is pleasant to remember that one of the democratic porters at the railway station was so indignant at this that he knocked the side-camp full length on the platform. One of the Greek papers, in describing the flight of the Crown Prince, said in an editorial: "We are happy to state that on the arrival of the train it was found that not one pocket handkerchief belonging to the prince was lost—and so the honor of Greece is saved." Another paper said: "Loues the peasant won the race from Marathon; Constantine the prince won the race from Larissa."—Harper's Magazine.

Judge—Does your client promise to tell the truth and the whole truth?
Harrister—Not until after she has told her age, your Honor.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Our I's and... Other Eyes.

Our I's are just as strong as they were fifty years ago, when we have cause to use them. But we have less and less cause to praise ourselves, since others do the praising, and we are more than willing for you to see us through other eyes. This is how we look to S. F. Boyce, wholesale and retail druggist, Duluth, Minn., who after a quarter of a century of observation writes:

"I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla for more than 25 years, both at wholesale and retail, and have never heard anything but words of praise from my customers; not a single complaint has ever reached me. I believe Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier, that has been introduced to the general public. This is from a man who has sold thousands of dozens of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is strong testimony. But it only echoes popular sentiment the world over, which has, 'Nothing but words of praise for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.'"

Any doubt about it? Send for "Curebook." It kills doubts and cures doubts. Address J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

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ILLEGIBLE HANDWRITING IN LETTERS.

The pleasure of reading a letter depends upon the ease with which one follows the thought, and the necessity for any efforts mars the enjoyment and the sense of personal communication. This being so, the handwriting is of prime importance. Nothing can be more exasperating than an indistinct, illegible letter, along whose highways one must toil and struggle, never quite sure of being on the right track or having arrived at the proper destination. There is absolutely no excuse for inflicting such discomfort on one's friends, and it is far better to take refuge in the characterless productions of the typewriter than to put friends to such a strain.

The story has been told that Vanderbilt once dismissed an officer for gross misconduct and dishonesty, but the only legible part of the document being the signature, the man used it for years as a free pass on the railroads. Another case I have personally known: A letter containing quite full business details was supposed to be a man in a small community in Western New York. He

managed to decipher the body of the letter with some approach to assurance, but much under-scored postscript defined his interpretation, assisted by the united wisdom of all his neighbors. The conundrum was finally submitted to a young lady visiting at the place and reputed to be skilled in tongues, who immediately translated it: "P. S.—Be sure you keep this matter a profound secret." The writer had only received his just deserts by having his secret put at the mercy of a whole neighborhood.—The Chauquanan.

EARLY SLEEPING CARS.
Some Corrections and Additions to Pullman Biographies.

The best article written in reference to the late G. M. Pullman was in the New York Times. But a well written article needs a little correction. In the year 1859 the writer put two of his patent car heaters (underneath) on two sleeping cars on the Illinois Central railroad, built by Mr. Elmendorph. These cars were very fine, the lower berths made precisely as they are now, but the upper berths slided up and down on beautiful silver plated tubes or posts. Mr. Pullman called to see these cars three times while I was putting up my car heaters. About the same time a Mr. Field, of Albany, N. Y., joined Mr. Pullman and ordered a sleeping car from the Washington shops at Springfield, Mass. This car has 16 wheels. The lower berths were constructed like a sofa. The passengers sat facing each other. The seat of the sofa pulled out and the back fell down. The top berth was hinged. This car used curtains. My heater was applied to this car. I ran with this car with Albert Pullman on the Chicago & Alton railroad to Bloomington. The writer of this article informed G. M. Pullman if he wanted to see a handsome car he had better take a trip to Milwaukee and look over a car built on the Milwaukee and La Crosse railroad, now the St. Paul, built by Mr. Kirtledge and Mr. Longstreet. Mr. Pullman and his friend did go. He expressed great admiration for this beautiful car. The writer of this introduced Mr. Pullman to Mr. Longstreet. There is no question whatever but Mr. Longstreet in every respect was the greatest car builder ever known. Mr. Pullman admitted this and became his superintendent. The car built in Milwaukee in 1860 in many respects was equal to any modern built car. It was 10 feet high, with O G. roof, and contained a beautiful stateroom with every luxury. The inside cornice was a beautifully carved grapevine, with mermaids at all corners. It was furnished with elegant inclined chairs, costing over \$300 each; a wash room, refrigerator for wines, and was heated with my patent car heater. My patent ventilating duster kept the car perfectly free from dust, with cast iron ornamental bay windows. The manager of the railroad invited over 16 other managers of other railroads to take a ride from Milwaukee to La Crosse in this car. The writer went with them. The expressions of admiration for this car were very remarkable. The managers all said it would ruin railroads to attempt to build such cars.

The New York Tribune's account of Mr. Pullman's early work is not correct. Mr. Pullman built two new cars (I worked on them in 1860, on the very spot where the Union depot in Chicago now stands. In the year 1862 Mr. Pullman and Mr. Field put on their Springfield sleeping car, which was a great success. The firm of Cross, Dana & Westlake put the cooking apparatus in the cars that were built in 1865. The cars up to 1868 were lighted with candles. The writer first introduced the burning of oil in 1869.—William Westlake in the Brooklyn Eagle.

PASSENGER.
Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Justice McCreight, E. V. Bodwell, Capt. T. Gunn, J. McVeigh, J. Pontore, C. Wilson, Capt. Thompson, B. F. Davison, J. Brown, L. G. McPhillips, O. A. Jones, W. Angus, R. Hamilton, Dr. Caruthers, H. W. Skellock, Mrs. Elizabeth Hodgway, J. Mack Smith, J. Gilmore, B. Harris, Mrs. H. McIntyre, W. Dowse, G. Jones, W. Ross, J. G. Cox, J. Burns, H. Roseman, A. Phillips, W. Smith, J. Dillon, Mrs. E. Lindley, V. M. Dufco, W. M. Botsford and wife, J. Wallace, J. Colver, L. Mills, B. Booker, J. Phillips, J. Grant, J. Parsons, L. D. Stover, J. Elliott, C. H. Smith, H. B. Fenner, W. E. Brown, J. D. Graham, J. Gray, M. E. Rogers, Mrs. Rogers, J. D. Hall and wife, Mrs. Herlings.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—J. Green, J. Macgregor, E. W. Talbot, G. M. Norton, W. N. Nodine, W. Ross and wife, J. J. Shallerross, P. Cantorino, Mrs. Norton, O. Lajo, A. Humbolt, J. D. Macanlay, W. H. Jones, M. Mellor, F. M. Bradford, Mrs. Miller, G. W. Armstrong, E. W. Noland, J. W. Bosworth, J. Douglas, Capt. Gatten, J. C. Phillips.

CONSIGNEES.
Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Albion Iron Works, E. Wall & Co., Langley & B. Bros., E. J. Saunders, F. M. Battersby, N. Spicer, Turner B. & Co., Ames Holdrege, Walter Bros., Hibben & Co., McCleary Mfg. Co., E. Spillman, Ramsay Bros., G. Munro, L. W. Rayner, J. Crawford, T. F. Geiger, Prior & Co., H. B. Co., S. Speed, Fell & Co., Roy W. H. B. Ellison, W. Dodds, Mrs. H. Marboston, G. S. & B. Colant, Martin & R. T. Earle, A. Vernon, Dr. F. Hall, W. H. Walker, Thorne, T. Bradford, J. H. Todd & Son, Don Ex. Co., B. H. Johnson, Bank of B. N. A., G. C. Shaw & Co., J. Johnson, Lawrenson & Co., Lewis & L., E. A. Morris, Simons, Canby Co., J. Savary, J. Piercy, H. Short, Vict. Lumber & Mfg. Co., Hong Lee, Gim Post, Yuen, Johns Bros., V. E. Stewart, G. Everett.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—Valo & Brooks, National L. M. Co., Wark & Co., Thurston & Son, Fell & Co., Brockman, Kester & Co., Fox & Co., Hickman & T. Hdw. Co., E. B. Marvin & Co., B. C. Fur Co., H. W. Waitt & Co., H. B. Lott, B. G. Markle, Co., Young, Co., Wilson Bros., Weeks & Roberts, Wilson & Co., Valo & Brooks, Turner B. & Co.



MORRIS' Daily Premiums
Every purchase of 25 cents' worth of goods entitles the purchaser to one ticket.
Box Cigars (50) Given Away Every Day.
MORRIS' (THE LEADING TOBACCONIST) GOVERNMENT STREET.

Oh! I Don't Know!
"There Are Others."
But they are not selling Books Stationery and Fancy Goods as cheap as Jamieson.

Outfitting for Klondyke
WILSON BROS.
Have the best goods obtainable for money, and are ready to sell them at a reasonable profit. We have had a large experience in this business, and it will pay you to call on us.
Nos. 8 and 10 Yates St., Victoria.

Syrian Store
97 DOUGLAS STREET.
1000 dozen Silk Handkerchiefs...
We save ladies the trouble of a Dressmaker—all kinds of Ready-made Garments on hand.
Gents' Furnishings, Underwear, etc.
Christmas Novelties Arriving Daily.

A SHOE TALK...
We would call your attention to our stock of MEN'S WINTER SHOES. They are the best we ever got into the store. A choice line of cosy House Slippers will attract the attention of lady customers.
A. B. Erskine,
Cor. Government and Johnson Streets

A PURELY ENGLISH PRODUCT.
Chalk Found in Large Quantities on the Banks of the Thames.
COAL.
MINED BY WHITE LABOR.
NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO., LTD.
NANAIMO, B.C.
VICTORIA AGENTS: KINGHAM & CO. Office on Port and Broad Sts.
Double Screened Southfield Coal, \$5.50 per ton.
Double Screened New Wellington, \$5.00 per ton.
Of 2,000 pounds, delivered to any part of the city, weight guaranteed.
Coal Wharf Foot of Johnson Street

The Electric Wood Yard
WOOD AND COAL
Wood in all lengths as required, promptly delivered.
Raymond & Painter.
Address: Essex Street, Victoria, B.C., or 25 Commercial St., Vt., Can.

SALMON SELLS
Wills' Navy Cut 1/4s. 30c.
Wills' Traveller 1/4s. 30c.
SALMON BLOCK
COR. YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS